# Gross National Product and Income in the Third Quarter 

TTHE gross national product increased by $\$ 31 / 2$ billion in the third quarter, reaching a new high of $\$ 555 \frac{1}{2}$ billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate. This represents an expansion of over $\$ 6$ billion in final purchases, partly offset by a reduction in the rate of inventory accumulation. After allowance for price increases, there was a further rise in the volume of final purchases, but with the inventory offset, there was little increase in the volume of total output over the quarter. Compared with the third quarter of 1961, gross national product was up $61 / 4$ percent, with real output up $4^{3 / 4}$ percent, and the remainder reflecting some rise in prices.

Inventories continued to rise, but the decline in the annual rate of accumulation for the quarter was $\$ 3$ billion.

The most recent increase in final purchases, $\$ 6 \frac{1}{4}$ billion, compares with $\$ 91 / 2$ billion for the second quarter and $\$ 5^{3 / 4}$ billion in the first quarter.

Net exports was the only major component of final purchases to decline. Personal consumption expenditures increased $\$ 3$ billion despite a temporary drop in auto purchases associated with the model changeover, followed in October by the highest volume of sales in history. Despite sharply expanded production in that month, there was a sizable decline in passenger car inventories.

Expenditures for fixed investment were up an additional $\$ 2$ billion with sharply higher construction activity accounting for most of the rise. Federal Government defense expenditures and State and local government outlays

Table 6.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (I-3, I-5)

for goods and services continued ts push upward on a programed expansion and together accounted for an increas of $\$ 2$ billion in the third quarter. Th, programed rise in government ex penditures is summarized in anothe: section which reviews the 1963 federa budget.

A minor rise in national income anc related measures paralleled the thire quarter GNP increase. Personal income was up $\$ 3$ billion for the perioc as a whole. Compared with a year ago personal income was up $\$ 23$ billion a an annual rate, or $5 \frac{1}{2}$ percent.
GNP REACHES NEW HIGH IN THIRD QUARTEF
Continued Rise in Final Purchases Offset Partly by Reduced Inventory Accumulation
Fixed Investment Has Risen Less Than Other Final Purchases in Recent Years
Billion 1954 \$ (ratio scale)


## Moderate Rise in Consumer Buying

Personal consumption expenditures advanced to $\$ 358$ billion. Though the $\$ 3$ billion increase was the smallest since activity began its current rise early in 1961, it brought total consumption $5 / 4$ percent ahead of a year ago. After allowance for price changes, the cumulative increase since the first quarter of last year amounts to about 7 percent. This compares with an 8 percent increase over the corresponding period of the 1958-59 expansion, (see chart.) and nearly 11 percent for 1954-55.

## Durable goods sales unchanged

Consumer purchases of durable goods were unchanged for the quarter, as increased buying of furniture and household equipment offset the lower purchases of new cars, which was attributable in large part to inadequate dealer inventories rather than to a lower level of consumer demand. With all pro-

Table 8.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (I-6, i-7)

|  | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1961 |  | 1962 |  |  | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1961 |  | 1962 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | III | IV | I | 11 | III |  |  |  | III | IV | I | 11 | 111 |
|  |  |  |  | Seasomally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjustex at annual rates |  |  |  |  |
|  | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Billions of 1954 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross national product | 482. 7 | 503.4 | 518.7 | 522.3 | 538.6 | 545.0 | 552, 0 | 555, 3 | 428. 6 | 440.2 | 447.9 | 450.4 | 463.4 | 467.4 | 470.8 | 471.6 |
| Final sales. | 476.1 | 499.4 | 516.6 | 518.3 | 532.6 | 538.3 | 547.9 | 554.2 | 422.7 | 436.5 | 446.0 | 446.9 | 458.1 | 461.5 | 467.2 | 470. \% |
| Inventory change | 6.6 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 6.7 |  | 1.0 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 |  | . |
| Goods output | 250.6 | 258.2 | 259.4 | 261.8 | 271.0 | 274.9 | 276.7 | 275.7 | 228.8 | 234. 0 | 233.5 | 235.3 | 243.7 | 246. 4 | 247.1 | 245. 8 |
| Final sales | 244.0 | 254.1 | 257.2 | 257.8 | 265.0 | 268.2 | 272.6 | 274.7 | 222.9 | 230.3 | 231.5 | 231.8 | 238.4 | 240.5 | 243.4 | 245. 6 |
| Inventory change | 6.6 | 4.1 |  | 4.0 | 6.0 |  | 4.0 | 1.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5. 4 | 5.9 | 3.7 | . $\lambda$ |
| Jurable goods output | 95.0 | 97.2 | 94.0 | 97.7 | 102.3 | 103.4 | 104.5 | 104.9 | 82.9 | 85.0 | 82.1 | 85.0 | 89.4 | 89.9 | 90.3 | 90. $\times$ |
| Final sales.-.-.... | 91.5 | 95. 0 | 94.0 | 94.3 | 98.8 | 199.9 | 102.6 | 103.0 | 80.0 | 82.9 | 82.0 | 82.0 | 86.3 | 87.0 | 88.7 | 89.1 |
| Nondurable goods output Final sales | 3.5 |  |  | 3. 4 | 3.5 |  |  | 1.9 |  |  | . 1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | I. 6 | I. ${ }^{\text {i }}$ |
|  | 155.6 | 160.9 | 165.4 | 164.2 | 168.8 | 171.5 | 172.2 | 170.8 | 145.9 | 149.1 | 151.4 | 150.3 | 154. 4 | 156.5 | 156.8 | 155.0 |
|  | 152.5 | 159.2 | 163.3 | 103.5 | 166.3 | 168.4 | 170.0 | 171. 7 | 143.0 | 147.5 | 149.5 | 149.8 | 152.1 | 153.5 | 154.7 | 155.4 |
| Inventory change. --- | 3.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 |  |  |  |  | -. 9 |  | 1.6 |  | . 5 |  | 3.0 | 2.1 | - 4 |
| Services <br> Construction | 175.8 | 188.6 | 200.7 | 201, 3 | 206.6 | 211.1 | 213.5 | 215.9 | 151.4 | 158.3 | 165.2 | 165.4 | 168.7 | 171.8 | 172.7 | 173.7 |
|  | 56.3 | 56.7\| | 58.6 | 59.2 | 61.0 | 59.0 | 61.8 | 63, 6 | 48.3 | 47.8 | 49.3 | 49.7 | 51.0 | 49,2 | 51.0 | 52. 1 |

ducers opening their new model year in late September or early October, sales for the latter month exceeded all records, giving an impetus to total consumer buying. Purchases of other types of durable goods moved upward during the quarter following a rather weak perform-

Table 7.-Personal Income and its Use (II-2)
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1951 |  | 1962 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 111 | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |
| Personal income..................................... | 383.9 | 400.8 | 416.4 | 419.4 | 427.3 | 432.0 | 439.5 | 442.6 |
| Wage and salary dishursements. | 258.5 | 271.3 | 278.8 | 281.0 | 286.1 | 289.9 | 295.9 | 297.8 |
| Commodity-producing industries Manufacturing only | 107.2 | 110.4 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 114.3 | 115.0 | 118. 1 | 118.0 |
|  | 84.7 | 87.4 | 87.5 | 88.2 | 90.7 | 91.9 | 94.4 | 94.1 |
|  | ${ }^{68.2}$ | 71.8 | $\begin{array}{r}729 \\ 43 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 73.4 <br> 43 | 73.9 | 74.9 | 76.1 45 | 76.5 |
| Goverument | 37.7 45.3 | 40.7 48.4 | 43.4 51.8 | 43.8 52.2 | 44.3 53.6 | 45.9 59 | 45.9 45.8 | 46.9 56.4 |
| Other labor income | 10.4 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 12.4 |
| Proprietors' income. Business and professional Farm | 46.5 | 46.2 | 47.8 | 48.1 | 49.5 | 49.1 | 49.5 | 49.7 |
|  | 35.1 | 34.2 | 34.8 | 35.1 | ${ }^{36.0}$ | 36. 2 | 36.8 | 37.0 |
|  | 11.4 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 12.8 |
| Rental income of persons | 11,9 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 12.9 |
|  | 13.7 | 14.4 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 |
| Personal interest income........................... | 23.5 | 25.8 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 28.1 | 28.8 | 29.4 | 30.0 |
| Transfer payments. | 27.5 | 29.4 | 33.4 | 33.7 | 33.8 | 34.1 | 34.2 | 34.4 |
| Old-age and survivors insurance benefits State unemployment insurance henefits. Veterans' benefits. Other | 10.2 | 11.1 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 14. 5 |
|  | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 3. 9 | 3.7 | 3. 3 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
|  | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 |
|  | 10.3 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.5 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance... | 7.9 | 9.2 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.5 |
| Less; Personal tax and nontax payments. | 46.8 | 51.4 | 52.8 | 53.0 | 54.6 | 56.4 | 57.7 | 58.5 |
| FederalState and loca | 40.4 | 44.0 | 45.0 | 45.1 | 46.7 | 48.0 | 49.2 | 49.9 |
|  | 6.4 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.6 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income .................... | 337.1 | 349.4 | 363.6 | 366.3 | 372.6 | 375.6 | 381.8 | 384.1 |
| Less. Personal consumption expenditures | 313.5 | 328.5 | 338.1 | 340.1 | 346.1 | 350.2 | 354.9 | 358.2 |
| Equals: Personal saving | 23.6 | 20.9 | 25.6 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 25.4 | 26.9 | 26.0 |
| Addendum: Disposable personal income in constant (1954) dollars | 310.7 | 317.3 | 327.3 | 329.7 | 334.5 | 336.6 | 340.9 | 342.1 |

ance earlier in the year. Overall, durable goods buying has held remarkably steady-about $\$ 47$ billion-since the closing quarter of 1961 , following a $\$ 6$ billion rise earlier in that year.

## Food and clothing purchases higher

Third quarter increases in the normally sluggish expenditures for food and clothing were both significantly higher than usual. Slightly higher prices accounted for some of the increase in food expenditures, but retail clothing prices were off somewhat for the quarter. Expenditures for other types of nondurable goods were little changed for the quarter.

## Drop in Inventory Accumulation

Gross private domestic investment. at a $\$ 76 \frac{1}{2}$ billion annual rate, was off nearly $\$ 1$ billion for the quarter, but still $\$ \frac{1}{2}$ billion higher than in the first quarter when inventories were accumulating at a rate of nearly $\$ 7$ billion as compared with only $\$ 1$ billion in the third quarter.

## Fixed investment rise

The third quarter rise in business outlays for plant and equipment came to a little over $\$ 1$ billion as compared with the second quarter rise of $\$ 2$ billion. The slowdown was concentrated in equipment purchases as plant outlays. which had shown little net gain during
(continued on $p$. 28)

# Current 

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1961 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 2.00$ ) contains data by months, or quarters, for the years 1957 through 1960 (1951-60, for major quarterly series) and averages of monthly or quarterly data for all years back to 1939 ; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of earlier figures. Series added or significantly revised after the 1961 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right)$ and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1960 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1961 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation

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|  | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1959 |  | 1960 |  |  |  | 1961 |  |  |  | 1962 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSIN ESS STATISTICS | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1959 | 1960 |  |  |  | 1961 |  |  |  | 1962 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | HII | IV |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Quarterly Series-Continued


DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME $\dagger$
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates Personal income, total...
Tess: Personal tax and nontax payments .-.......................... Equals: Disposable personal income..........-.
 EXPENDITURES
Unadjusted quarterly totals or averages: All Industries.

Manufacturing Durable goods industries Nondurable goods Industries

## Mining

Transportation, other than rail
Public utilities.
Commerclal and other.
Seas adj. qtrly. totals at annual rates:

## Manufacturing <br> Durable goods industries

Nondurable goods industries
Mining

Public utilities -----
BUSINESS POPULATION
Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally ad-
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS!
Quarterly Data are Seasonally Adjusted
U.S. payments, recorded.

Imports:
Merchandise
Military expenditure
Remittances and pensions
Govt. grants and capital outflows
U.S. private capital

Direct investments.
Long-term portfolio.
U.S. receipts, recorded.

Exports:
Merchandise

Foreign capital other than liquid funds.--.-. do.-.
Excess of recorded receipts or payments (-)..-do....
Unrecorded transactions.
Total, net receipts $(+$ ) or payments ( - )....-do...

Total, excluding special transactions.
$r$ Revised. p Preliminary.
1 Estimates for July-Sept. 1962 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for Oct.-Dec. 1962 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business
Anticipated expenditures for the year 1962 are as follows (in bil. \$) : All industries, 37.16
manufacturing, total, 14.57; durable goods industries, 6.98; nondurable goods industries
7.58 ; mining, 1.10 ; railroads, .83; transportation, 2.06 ; public utilities, 5.43 ; commercial and
7.58; mining,

