contrast to the usual sharp seasonal rise. With the coming of spring, sales rose more than seasonally and the higher levels continued into the second quarter. Stocks declined slightly but somewhat less than expected in this period of the year. In spite of the second quarter improvement, automobile sales and production were substantially below a year ago.

## Support from Government

The bulk of the second quarter increase in GNP came in private expenditures, but the role of the Federal Government in stimulating business activity was important. In addition to the $\$ 2$ billion annual rate increase in direct purchases of goods and services, the Federal Government instituted several programs swelling the flow of income in the economy, notably the feed grain and the temporary unemployment insurance programs. Measures affecting the supply of money and credit designed to stimulate economic activity will be noted later.

## Consumption expenditures up

Personal consumption expenditures, which had turned down in the opening quarter of the year with the decline in auto and other durable goods purchases, moved up in the second quarter. The $\$ 51 / 2$ billion increase to an annual rate of $\$ 336$ billion was concentrated in expenditures for automobiles and services. (See chart.) Sales of durable goods other than autos-mainly furniture and appliances-showed only modest increases which were not enough to bring them back to the highs of late 1959.

Small changes were the rule for all the major categories of nondurable goods. Spending for food and beverages, which was up only slightly in current dollars, went up more in real terms as retail food prices-principally of meat and dairy products-declined from their first quarter average.

## Swing in inventories

The inventory swing from the first to the second quarter featured changes in stocks of automobile producers and

Table 1.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1-3, 1-5)


## FEDERAL GOVERNMENT <br> Expenditures Exceed Receipts in First Half Of 1961

Billion $\$$
105

$\begin{array}{llllll}1957 & 1958 & 1959 & 1960 & 1961 & 1962\end{array}$
Quarrerly Totals, Seasonally Adiusted, at Annual Rates
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-7
distributors; these accounted for the bulk of the inventory liquidation in the first quarter and for about one-fourth of the buildup in the second. The second quarter increase in nonautomotive stocks centered in trade. Manufacturers' stocks outside of the automotive industry were reduced somewhat as a continued liquidation in the stocks of durable goods' producers was only partly offset by accumulation in nondurable goods lines.

## Business fixed investment stable

The second quarter increase in fixed investment expenditures by business was minor in total, and individual industry changes were likewise small. The latest OBE-SEC survey of capital spending plans indicates a modest pickup in the second half of the year. Largely because of the presence of excess capacity, businessmen are usually reluctant to expand fixed capital outlays in the early stages of recovery. Thus, business fixed investment continued to decline in the initial phase of the 1958 upturn and was stable during 1954 after total production had started to rise.

T
THE STATISTICS here are a oontinuation of the datat published in the 1959 edition of Bussmsess Srarmeroces, biennial Statisticial Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 2.25$ ) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1955 through 1958 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1955. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1959 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1958 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Surver beginning with the July 1959 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS




[^0]

|  | 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | A pril | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: $\ddagger$ <br> Total personal income.. <br> bil. of dol | 404.4 | 404.7 | 405.2 | 405.5 | 406.4 | 406.0 | 404.0 | 403.6 | 403.1 | 1405.5 407.3 | 409.8 | 413.2 | 「 417.3 | ${ }^{1} 419.8$ |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total......do.... | 273.2 | 273.6 | 273.2 | 273.0 | 272.9 | 271.5 | 269.6 | 269.6 | 269.5 | 271.1 | 274.6 | 277.2 | r 280.7 | 282.5 |
| Commodity-producing industries, total-.-.do-..- | 111.7 | 111.3 | ${ }^{110.2}$ | ${ }^{110.0}$ | 109.5 | 108.3 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 105. 6 | 106.5 | 109.1 | 110.5 | ${ }^{-112.7}$ | 113.5 |
| Manufacturing only-----------------.- do-.-- | 88.6 | 88.0 | 86.9 | 86.7 | 86.3 | 85.4 | 84.0 | 83.8 | 83.5 | 84.1 | 86.1 | 87.6 | 88.9 | 89.4 |
| Distributive industries...-----.-...-.-.-....- do | 72.6 | 72.6 | 72.6 | 72.3 | 72.4 | 72.0 | 71.8 | 71.8 | 71.8 | 71.8 | 72.3 | 72.9 | - 73.5 | 73.8 |
|  | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.7 | ${ }^{41.6}$ | 41.7 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.5 | r 42.9 | 43.5 |
|  | 48.0 | 48.6 | 49.1 | 49.4 | ${ }^{49.6}$ | 49.7 | 49.8 | 50.0 | 50.4 | 50.7 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 51.6 | 51.7 |
|  | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.1 |
| Proprietors' income: Business and professional | 36.4 | 36. 3 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.6 |
| Farm-..-..... | 12.7 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 12.9 | 130 | 12.9 |
| Rental income of persons.--------.-------- do - | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
|  | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 14. 1 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | ${ }^{14.3}$ | 14.3 |
| Personal interest income----------------1.-- do---- | 26.2 28.7 | 26.3 28.8 28 | 26.4 | 14.6 29 29 | 26.6 | 26.7 30 | ${ }^{26.7}$ | 26.8 | 26.8 | $\begin{array}{r}26.8 \\ 133 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26.8 <br> 32 | 27.0 33 | 27.1 +33 | 1 27.2 |
|  | 28.7 9.3 | 28.8 9.3 | 29.3 9.3 | 29.8 9.4 | 30.2 9.3 | 30.7 9.3 | 31.0 9.2 | 31.1 9.6 | 31.1 9.4 | $\begin{array}{r}133.7 \\ 9.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32.5 9.6 | 33.0 9.7 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ r 9.8 \\ \hline 9.0 \\ \hline 9.8\end{array}$ | 135.4 9.8 |
|  | 387.6 | 388.3 | 388.7 | 389.0 | 389.8 | 389.1 | 887.2 | 386.8 | 386.2 | ${ }^{1} 390.4$ | 392.9 | 396.4 | r 400.2 | ${ }^{1404.7}$ |
| NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted quarterly totals: <br> All industries. <br> bll. of dol. | 9.28 |  |  | 98 |  |  | 9.53 |  |  | 7.57 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 8.72$ | ${ }^{3} 8.70$ |
| Manufacturing-.-.....----................- do. | 3. 76 |  |  | 3. 62 |  |  | 4.01 |  |  | 3.00 |  |  | 3.51 | 3.48 |
| Durahle goods industries. do. <br> Nondurable goods industries $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do | 1.88 |  |  | 1.80 1.81 |  |  | 1.95 2.06 |  |  | 1.41 |  |  | 1. 1.62 | 1.58 1.91 |
|  | 27 |  |  | . 25 |  |  | 24 |  |  | . 21 |  |  | 26 | . 26 |
|  | 29 |  |  | . 24 |  |  | 25 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 20 | . 16 |
| Transportation, other than rail------------ do- | - 65 |  |  | . 47 |  |  | 46 |  |  | 41 |  |  | 49 | . 45 |
|  | 1. ${ }^{1} 92$ |  |  | 1. 50 |  |  | 1. 58 |  |  | 1.09 |  |  | 1.45 | 1. 65 |
|  | 2.99 |  |  | 2.91 |  |  | 2.99 |  |  | 2.69 |  |  | 2.81 | 2. 68 |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industries. bil. of dol | 36.30 |  |  | 35.90 |  |  | 35.50 |  |  | 33.85 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 33.85$ | ${ }^{3} 34.60$ |
| Manufacturing ...-.-.-.-.-..............--- - do.. | 14. 70 |  |  | 14.65 |  |  | 14.40 |  |  | 13.75 |  |  | 13.65 | 14.05 |
| Durable goods industries.................-..-do. | 7.40 |  |  | 7.35 |  |  | 6.85 |  |  | 6.50 |  |  | 6. 30 | 6.40 |
| Nondurable goods industries-.-...------.- do. | 7.30 |  |  | 7.30 |  |  | 7.55 |  |  | 7.25 |  |  | 7.35 | 7.70 |
|  | 1.05 |  |  | 1. 00 |  |  | . 90 |  |  | . 95 |  |  | 1. 00 | 1.05 |
|  | 1. 10 |  |  | 1.00 |  |  | 1.09 |  |  | . 70 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. 15 5. 70 |  |  | 1.90 5.60 |  |  | 1. 80 |  |  | 1.75 |  |  | 1. 85 | 1.85 |
| Public utilities <br> Commercial and other $\qquad$ do |  |  |  | 11. 75 |  |  | 11.65 |  |  | 11.30 |  |  | 10.90 | 6. 10.80 |
| FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash receipts from farming, Including Government payments, total.---------.-.........-- -- mil. of dol. | 2,513 | 2,802 | 3,023 | 3,375 | 4,336 | 3,847 | 3, 268 | 3,123 | 2,272 | 2,278 | 2,171 | 2, 478 | 2,479 |  |
| Farm marketings and CCC loans, total......- do. | 2,489 | 2,738 | 2,992 | 3, 353 | 4.036 | 3.767 | 3,221 | 3,077 | 2, 250 | 2,259 | 2,137 | 2,236 | 2,447 |  |
|  | 952 | 1.316 | 1,397 | 1,715 | 2,181 | 2,073 | 1,624 | 1,448 | 788 | 607 | 618 | 615 | 915 |  |
| Livestock and products, total9 -.-....----- do - | 1,537 | $\begin{array}{r}1,422 \\ \hline 389 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | 1, 595 | 1,638 | 1.855 393 | 1,694 | 1,597 | 1,629 | 1,462 | 1,652 | 1,519 | 1,621 | 1,532 |  |
|  | 409 <br> 847 | 389 759 | 379 902 | 379 926 | 1893 1,100 | 379 964 | 403 | 409 | 377 819 | 424 | 417 | 488 | 427 |  |
| Meat animals | 8 | 250 | 282 | 298 | 1,339 | 964 338 | ${ }_{316}$ | ${ }_{247}^{938}$ | 238 288 | $\stackrel{924}{ }{ }^{279}$ | ${ }_{249}$ | ${ }_{256}^{897}$ | ${ }_{246}$ |  |
| Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities-..-.-................- $1947-49=100$ | 102 | 112 | 123 | 138 | 166 | 155 | 132 | 126 | 92 | 93 | 88 |  | 109 |  |
| Crops-1.-.-.-.-......................- do | 89 113 | 123 104 | 130 117 | 160 120 | 203 136 | 193 | 151 | 135 120 | 74 107 | 57 121 | 111 | 57 119 | 112 |  |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 118 | 132 | 143 | 156 | 191 | 176 | 146 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 144$ | 102 | 103 | 97 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 106$ | 120 |  |
|  | 96 134 | 143 124 | 148 140 | 174 142 | 236 156 | 142 | 168 130 | 163 131 | 81 118 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53 130 | $\stackrel{r}{r} 52$ | -90 14 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revised Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, total index (including utilities) $\dagger$ ¢ $957=100$ | 109 | 103 | 107 | 108 | 110 | 106 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 107 | 108 | r 111 | 106 |
| By industry: $\quad 1957=100 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 110 | 103 | 106 | 108 | 110 | 106 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | - 107 | 108 | $r 111$ | ${ }^{p} 106$ |
| Durable manufactures-...................-do- | 11116 | 99 109 109 | 98 117 | 1102 | 103 119 | 100 | $\begin{array}{r}96 \\ 106 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ 109 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 196 | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ 112 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 100 115 | 103 $r 115$ | +1106 +118 + | ${ }^{p} 101$ |
| Mining | 98 | 94 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 96 | 97 | 98 | r99 | ${ }^{8} 113$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By market grouping: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 112 | 107 | 111 | 112 | 114 | 110 | 106 | 106 | 108 | 107 | 110 | 110 | ${ }^{1} 113$ | ${ }^{p} 109$ |
| Consumer goods --....................--- do-.-- | 116 | 110 | 115 | 117 | 121 | 115 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 114 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1118$ | ${ }^{p} 113$ |
| Automotive and home goods............... do.... Apparel and staples. | 121 | 104 | 99 121 121 | 110 119 | 123 | 117 | 108 | 101 | 104 | 104 | 112 | 113 | r118 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 105$ |
|  | 115 104 | 112 | 121 | 119 102 | 120 | 114 100 | 108 | 112 101 | 114 | 113 101 | 114 | 114 102 | r 118 103 | ${ }^{p} 115$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 107 | 100 96 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 102 | 98 | 98 | 99 | 101 | 104 | -107 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 109$ |  |
|  | 111 | 96 104 | 97 110 | 110 | 99 112 | 95 110 | 106 | r90 | 90 109 | ${ }_{111}^{91}$ | 96 112 | r 1101 | ${ }_{r}^{105}$ | p 99 $p 108$ |

[^1] Revision' (available from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).


[^0]:    $r$ Revis
    R Revised. $\dagger$ Revised series. Estimates of national incom

[^1]:    
    
    
     tse note marked "t" on 0 "Revised beqinning 1958; revisions prion to
    See note marked "f"on page S-1. o Revised beginning 1958; revisions prior to May 1960 will be shown later. Of Includes data not shown separately
    

