United States merchandise exports in the second quarter increased, but only to an extent roughly commensurate with the concomitant rise in government grants under the European Recovery Program. Since such grants are included in the Government purchases component of gross national product, equivalent amounts of exports are excluded from the international balance as measured by net foreign investment. The change in nongovernment financed exports in the June quarter was negligible.

Merchandise imports, after recovering from the mid-1949 low in response to expanding domestic industrial activity and other factors, levelled off in the second quarter at a dollar volume not far below that prevailing prior to the 1949 downturn. Changes in receipts and payments on service transactions were largely seasonal in character, and in combination had little net effect upon the foreign balance.

## Government purchases maintained

The share of the Nation's output bought by the Federal and State and local governments held steady in the June quarter at an annual rate of $\$ 411 / 2$ billion. This figure was moderately below the corresponding total a year earlier, but remained larger than in any postwar quarter prior to 1949.

Declines in Government purchases of goods and services since the middle of last year have been concentrated in a few major Federal programs-notably foreign aid (including civilian relief in occupied areas), military and stockpiling activities, and farm price support. Trends in these programs during the second quarter were mixed, but resulted, on balance, in an arrest of the previous downdrift.

A slight further drop in military expenditures of the Defense Department was offset only to a minor extent by a small pickup in outlays for strategic and critical materials. The outlook for these programs subsequent to the second quarter, however, has of course been altered radically upward by the United States response to the Korean hostilities. Both procurement and military payrolls, as well as a wide varicty of supporting outlays, will mount rapidly as the announced expansion of our military strength gets under way.

Farm price support expenditures also moved downward in the second quarter, as the continuing recovery of agricultural prices diminished dependence upon government support. Difficulties of seasonal adjustment impair the precision of quarterly data on this component of Federal purchases, but the gencral deelining trend is clear.

Offsetting the diminution of military and price-support disbursements in the April-June period was an upswing in expenditures for foreign aid, mainly under the European Recovery Program. This rise was temporary, reflecting chicfly the make-up of earlier lags behind original schedules for fiscal 1950, and the rate of ERP payments is expected to subside in coming months. Expenditures from the Mutual Defense Assistance appropriation, on the other hand, first appeared in more than nominal volume in the second quarter, and will be a growing factor as the year progresses. This rise will be very sharply reinforced, of course, if the President's recommendation of an additional $\$ 4$ billion for this purpose is adopted.

The steady advance of State and local government purchases, which has persisted throughout the entire postwar period, began to taper off somewhat last year. This tapering off appeared to be confirmed in the second quarter, when State and local outlays for goods and services showed no further increase.

## THE FLOW OF INCOME Basic personal income flow higher

Personal income in the second quarter-other than the special insurance dividend payments to veterans-was at an annual rate of $\$ 213$ billion, $\$ 5$ billion above the March quarter.

Table 4.-National Income and Product, Fourth Quarter 1949 and First two Quarters $1950^{\circ}$

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Item} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Unadjusted} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Seasonally adjusted at ammeal rates} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
1949 \\
\hline \text { IV }
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1950} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\frac{1949}{1 V}
$$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1950} <br>
\hline \& \& I \& II \& \& I \& II <br>
\hline NATIONAL INCOME BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{54.1} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{53.8} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{( ${ }^{\text {2 }}$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{214.2} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{217.2} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{${ }^{(2)}$} <br>
\hline National income. \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Compensation of employees \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{35.6
34.0
28.6
1.2
4.3
1.6} \& 35.0 \& 36.9 \& 140.2 \& 142.3 \& 147.6 <br>
\hline Wages and salaries. \& \& 33.2 \& 35.0 \& 133.6 \& 135.2 \& 141. 2 <br>
\hline Private
Military \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
27.9 \\
1.1 \\
4.2
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1.1
4.3} \& 112.7
4.6 \& 114.3
4.5 \& 119.2 <br>
\hline Movernment civilian \& \& \& \& 4.6
16.4 \& 4.5
16.4 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16.5
7.4} <br>
\hline Supplements to wages and saliries- \& \& 1.8 \& 1.9 \& 6.6 \& 7.1 \& <br>
\hline Proprietors' and rental income ${ }^{3}$ - \& 10.2 \& 10.4 \& 10.3 \& 40.7 \& 41.5 \& 41.3 <br>
\hline Business and professional.. \& 5.1 \& 5.4 \& 5.6 \& 20.6 \& 21.4 \& 22.3 <br>
\hline Farm \& 3.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.8} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{7.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7.3} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{7.2} <br>
\hline Rental income of persons. \& 1.8 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. \& 7.1 \& 7.2 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& 28.4 \& 28.4 \& (2) <br>
\hline Corporite profts before tax \& 6.9 \& 7.3 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& 27.6 \& 29.2 \& (2) <br>
\hline Corporate profits tax liability \& 2.7 \& 2.9 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& 10.6 \& 11.4 \& (2) <br>
\hline Corporate profits after tax \& 4.2 \& 4.5 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& 16.9 \& 17.8 \& (2) <br>
\hline Inventory valuation adjustment \& . 2 \& -. 2 \& -. 6 \& 8 \& $-.7$ \& $-2.3$ <br>
\hline Net interest. \& 1.2 \& 1.2 \& 1.3 \& 4.8 \& 5.0 \& 5.0 <br>
\hline Addendum: Compensation of general goveriment employees \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{19.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{19.8} <br>
\hline GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OR \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gross national product \& 67.2 \& 63.1 \& 65.7 \& 253.8 \& 262.5 \& 269.9 <br>
\hline Personal consumption expenditures \& 48.9 \& 43.2 \& 45.7 \& 180.6 \& 182.4 \& 184. 5 <br>
\hline Durable goods \& 7.2 \& 6.0 \& 6.5 \& 25.3 \& 26.9 \& 26.7 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{14.3} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{14.6} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{14.8} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{57.4} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{58.0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{58.8} <br>
\hline Services \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gross private domestic investment \& 7.7 \& 10.4 \& 10.0 \& 31.2 \& 40.5 \& 45.9 <br>
\hline New construction \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.8} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{5.6} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{18.7} \& 19.9 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{21.6} <br>
\hline Producers' durable equipment. \& \& \& \& \& 19.3 \& <br>
\hline Change in business inventories, total. \& -1.7 \& 1.4 \& -. 8 \& $-5.7$ \& 1.3 \& 3.4 <br>
\hline Nonfarm only \& \& 1.5 \& -. 7 \& $-4.7$ \& 2.1 \& 4.0 <br>
\hline Net forcign investment \& $$
-.1
$$ \& -. 5 \& $-.5$ \& $-.7$ \& -1.9 \& -2.0 <br>
\hline Government purchases of goods and services \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
10.8 \\
6.1 \\
4 . \\
4.7
\end{array}
$$} \& 10.1 \& 10.5 \& 42.8 \& 41.4 \& <br>
\hline Federal... \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.7
.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.7
.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
24.6 \\
24.6 \\
.3
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{22.8
.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{41.4
22.8
.8} <br>
\hline Less: Government sales \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline State and local .--...... \& \& 4.4 \& 4.9 \& 18.5 \& 18.9 \& 18.8 <br>
\hline DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL
INCOME \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Personal income \& 52.6 \& 53.4 \& 53.6 \& 205.4 \& 216.4 \& 214.7 <br>
\hline Less: Personal tax and nontax payments \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3.7 \\
& 3.1
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6.8 \\
& 6.0
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3.8 \\
& 3.2
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 18.7 \& 18.7 \& <br>
\hline Federal \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16.1
2.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16.1
2.6} \& 19.2 <br>
\hline State and loca \& ${ }^{3} .5$ \& . 8 \& . 6 \& \& \& 16.6
2.6 <br>
\hline Equals: Disposable personal income \& 49.0 \& 46.6 \& 49.7 \& 186.8 \& 197.7 \& 195.5 <br>
\hline  \& 48.9 \& 43.2 \& 45.7 \& 180.6 \& 182.4 \& 184.5 <br>
\hline Equals: Personal saving \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{. 1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{15.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11.0} <br>
\hline RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gross national product. \& 67.2 \& 63.1 \& 95.7 \& 253.8 \& 262.5 \& 269.9 <br>
\hline Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tar and nontax lia- \& 4.8 \& 4.9 \& 5.1 \& 19.3 \& 19.7 \& 20.4 <br>
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{5.5
.2
2.6} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
5.3 \\
.2 \\
-\mathbf{1} .0
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{5.6
(2)

2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.5
-1.7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{21.7
.7
3.4} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{22.7
${ }^{(2)}$.} <br>
\hline Business transfer payments \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Statistical discrepancy \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
.0 \\
54.1
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
.1 \\
53.8
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

{ }_{\left({ }^{2}\right)} 1

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
.0 \\
214.2
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
.2 \\
217.2
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& 5 <br>

\hline Equals: National income \& \& \& \& \& \& (2) <br>

\hline Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7.1 \\
& 1.3
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7.2 \\
& 1.8
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

{ }_{(2)}^{(2)}

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
28.4 \\
5.7
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
28.4 \\
6.7
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{(2)}{ }_{6}$ ¢, 9} <br>

\hline Contributions for social insurance... \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Excess of wage accruals over dishurse- \& . 0 \& . 0 \& . 0 \& . 0 \& . 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Plus: Government transfer payments..- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.0
1.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5.3
1.1
1.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.5
1.4
1.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11.8
4
4} \& 20.9 \& 14.2 <br>
\hline Net interest paid by govermment.- \& \& \& \& \& 4.7 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.7
8.1} <br>
\hline Dividends...- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.5
.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.9
.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.8
.2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}8.2 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$} \& 8.1 \& <br>

\hline Business transfer payments... \& \& \& \& \& . 7 \& $$
.7
$$ <br>

\hline Equals: Personal income \& 52.6 \& 53.4 \& 53.6 \& 293,4 \& 216.4 \& 214.7 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{1}$ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economies.

T
THE DATA here are a continuation of the statistics published in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$1.25) contains monthly data for the years 1945 to 1948, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1945. Series added or revised since publication of the 1949 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Monthly averages for 1949 are shown in the March 1950 issue of the Survey of Current Business. Data subsequent to June 1950 for selected series will be found in the Weekly Supplement to the Survey.

|  | 1949 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septem- | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS



PERSONAL INCOME. BY SOURCE $\dagger$

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |






PRevised. ${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; estimates for July-September 1050 are shown on p. 2 of the June 1950 Surver. see pp. 28-35 of the July 1950 Survey for the revised figures.
of Includes inventory valuation adjustment.
§Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

