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FEDERAL RESERVE statistical release

H.9 (511)

For Release at 4:15 p.m. Eastern Time

June 3, 1983

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF RESERVES AND INTEREST RATES

Averages of daily figures	Levels				Percent change		
	Week ended		4 weeks ended		Average of 4 weeks ended June 1, 1983P from 4 weeks averages		
	June 1P	May 25P	June 1P	May 4P	13 weeks previous	26 weeks previous	52 weeks previous
	Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted annual rates			
Reserve aggregates (adjusted) ¹ Total reserves ² Nonborrowed reserves Nonborrowed reserves plus extended credit ³ Required reserves Monetary base ⁴	41,606 40,473 41,003 41,106 184,081	41,337 40,386 40,897 40,877 183,019	41,236 40,270 40,787 40,779 182,953	41,353 40,517 40,951 40,892 181,511	8.2 4.7 7.0 8.1 10.8	4.0 2.5 4.1 3.7 9.9	6.5 6.8 7.7 6.3 8.7
	Week ended		4 weeks ended				
	June 1	May 25	June 1	Hay 4			
	Not seasonally adjusted						
Other reserve measures and interest rates Discount window borrowing (\$ mil.) Includes: seasonal borrowings of extended credit of Federal funds rate 3-month Treasury bill rate 90 day dealer placed commercial papers 3-month CD rate (secondary market) 3-month Eurodollar rate U.S. Government bond rates	1133 109 530 8.77 8.56 8.67 8.89 9.41	951 104 511 8.72 8.34 8.46 8.66 9.14	966 99 517 8.64 8.26 8.39 8.57 9.04	836 85 434 8-71 8-14 8-42 8-53 9-10			

[†] Reserve aggregates include required reserves of member banks and Edge Act Corporations and other depothe inclusion of Edge Act Corporation reserves, and other changes in Regulation D have been removed. Beginning with the week ended December 31, 1981, reserves aggregates have been reduced by shifts of reservable liabilities to international banking facilities (IBFs).

Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks (which exclude required clearing balances) plus vault cash

at institutions with required reserve balances plus vault cash equal to required reserves at other institutions.

Extended credit consists of borrowing at the discount window under the terms and conditions established for the extended credit program to help depository institutions deal with sustained liquidity pressures. Because there is not the same need to repay such borrowing promptly as there is with traditional short-term adjustment credit, the money market impact of extended credit is similar to that of nonborrowed

Includes reserve balances and required clearing balances at Federal Reserve Banks in the current week plus vault cash held two weeks earlier used to satisfy reserve requirements at all depository institu-tions plus currency outside the U.S. Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, the vaults of depository institutions, and surplus vault cash at depository institutions.

On May 25, 1983 bank-related commercial paper outstanding was \$ 34,897 million. Yield at 20-year constant maturity. Source: U.S. Treasury. e: All percentage changes are at seasonally adjusted annual rates, not compounded. Note: P--indicates preliminary data.