

FEDERAL RESERVE statistical release



H.9 (511)

For Immediate Release

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF BANKING AND CREDIT MEASURES

November 6, 1981

Averages of daily figures

	Levels				Percent change ¹		
	Week ended		4 weeks ended		Average of 4 weeks ended November 4, 1981 from 4 weeks averages		
	Nov. 4p	Oct. 28p	Nov. 4p	Oct. 7p	13 weeks previous	26 weeks previous	52 weeks previous
	Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted annual rates		
Reserve aggregates¹							
Total reserves ²	40,872	41,000	40,867	41,054			
Nonborrowed reserves	39,635	39,813	39,670	39,707			
Nonborrowed reserves plus extended credit ³	40,087	40,277	40,115	40,060			
Required reserves	40,574	40,741	40,628	40,782			
Monetary base ⁴	164,765	164,930	164,732	164,490			
Reserve aggregates (adjusted)⁵							
Total reserves	40,442	40,581	40,415	40,621	8.1	3.9	5.7 (4.2)
Nonborrowed reserves	39,205	39,394	39,218	39,274	12.0	6.7	6.4 (4.9)
Nonborrowed reserves plus extended credit	39,657	39,858	39,663	39,627	16.6	9.0	7.7 (6.1)
Required reserves	40,144	40,322	40,176	40,349	8.0	3.6	5.7 (4.2)
Monetary base	164,252	164,433	164,201	163,991	3.3	3.9	5.2 (4.8)
	Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted				Average of 4 weeks ended October 28, 1981 from 4 weeks averages		
	Oct. 28p	Oct. 21p	Oct. 28p	Sept. 30p	13 weeks previous	26 weeks previous	52 weeks previous
	Seasonally adjusted annual rates						
Monetary aggregates							
M1-A (Currency plus demand deposits)	358.9	362.1	361.2	359.6	-0.1	-2.7	-7.4
M1-B (M1-A plus other checkable deposits)	431.1	434.4	433.4	431.6	3.1	-0.1	4.1
	Not seasonally adjusted						
Other reserve measures and interest rates							
Discount Window Borrowing (\$ mil.)	1237	1187	1197	1347			
Includes: seasonal borrowings of extended credit of	452	464	446	353			
Federal funds rate	14.79	14.87	14.98	15.47			
3-month Treasury bill rate	12.70	13.29	13.22	14.33			
90 day dealer placed commercial paper ⁶	14.21	14.74	14.57	15.66			
3-month CD rate (secondary market)	14.67	15.30	15.09	16.35			
3-month Eurodollar rate	15.49	16.35	15.99	17.39			
U.S. Government bond rate ⁷	14.74	15.41	15.02	15.07			

- Includes required reserves of member banks and Edge Act corporations and, beginning November 13, 1980, other depository institutions. Under the transitional phase-in program of the Monetary Control Act of 1980, the net changes in required reserves of depository institutions have been as follows: effective November 13, 1980, a reduction of \$2.8 billion; February 12, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; March 12, 1981, an increase of \$75 million; May 14, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; August 13, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; and September 3, 1981, a reduction of \$1.3 billion.
 - Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks (which exclude required clearing balances) plus vault cash at institutions with required reserve balances plus vault cash equal to required reserves at other institutions.
 - Extended credit consists of borrowing at the discount window under the terms and conditions established for the extended credit program to help depository institutions deal with sustained liquidity pressures. Because there is not the same need to repay such borrowing promptly as there is with traditional short-term adjustment credit, the money market impact of extended credit is similar to that of nonborrowed reserves.
 - Includes reserve balances and required clearing balances at Federal Reserve Banks in the current week plus vault cash held two weeks earlier used to satisfy reserve requirements at all depository institutions plus currency outside the U.S. Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, the vaults of depository institutions, and surplus vault cash at depository institutions.
 - Reserve aggregates series have been adjusted to remove discontinuities associated with the implementation of the Monetary Control Act, the inclusion of Edge Act Corporation reserves, and other changes in Regulation D.
 - On October 28, 1981 bank-related commercial paper outstanding was \$31,023 million.
 - Yield at 20-year constant maturity. Source: U.S. Treasury.
 - Growth of reserve measures reflect increases in required reserves, mostly in November 1980, associated with the reduction of weekend avoidance activities of a few large banks. The reduction of these activities led to essentially a one-time increase--currently estimated at \$550 to \$600 million--in the average level of required reserves that need to be held for a given level of deposits entering the money supply. This increase in required reserves raised reserve aggregates for technical reasons unrelated to monetary policy. Growth rates shown in parentheses reflect adjustment for this technical factor. No significant influence on money supply data has been identified as a result of this technical change.
- NOTE: All percentage changes are at seasonally adjusted annual rates, not compounded.
p--Indicates preliminary data. Special caution should be taken in interpreting week-to-week changes in money supply data, which are often highly volatile and subject to revision in subsequent weeks and months.