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October 10, 1960.

CAPITAL MARKET DEVELOPMENTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

(Including Monthly Review of Financial Developments in the United Kingdom)

Part I - United States

Four large corporate security issues with proceeds totaling \$170 million were sold last week and a five-year Federal Land Bank bond issue-\$42 million of which represented new capital-was sold. All bids on the only large State and local government bond offering definitely scheduled for sale were rejected. This week one State and local government bond issue for \$70 million is on the calendar and a \$20 million corporate issue is tentatively scheduled for public offering.

Long-term bond yields - Yields on all major types of long-term bonds increased last week. The increase was fairly sharp in yields on long-term U. S. Government bonds.

Short- and intermediate-term interest rates - Yields on Treasury bills and three- to five-year Treasury obligations increased last week. Private short- and intermediate-term interest rates were unchanged.

Mortgage recordings - Nonfarm mortgage recordings, which declined contraseasonally in July, were 18 per cent below the record monthly level of a year earlier. This was the sharpest year-over-year decline registered in any month of 1960.

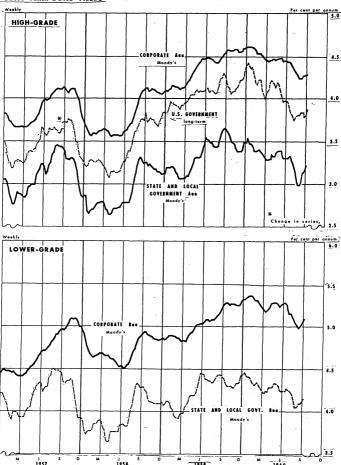
Common stock prices - Common stock prices, as measured by Standard and Poor's index of 500 stocks, increased slightly last week, closing on Friday at 54.03. Trading volume was light, averaging 2.4 million shares a day.

More detailed information concerning recent capital market developments is presented in the attached exhibits.

Developments in the Canadian capital markets are presented in Part II at the end of this report.

Capital Markets Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.





1959

1957

1958

Exhibit B - Tables for Exhibit A Long-term Bond Yields High-grade

	Corporate	Corporate U. S. Govt.		Spread between U. S. Covt. and		
Date Aaa 1/	long-term 2/	local govt.	Corporate Aaa	State and local Ass		
		(Per cent)	en e			
1954 - Low 1957 - High 1958 - Low 1959 - High Low 1960 - High Low	2.85 (1,/23) 1,.14 (9/27) 3.55 (5/2) 1,.61 (12/31) 1,.09 (1/9) 1,.61 (1/29) 1,.23 (9/9)	2. \(\begin{align*} 2. \(\beta\) 5.76 (10/18) 3.07 (\(\beta\)/25) 4.37 (12/31) 3.83 (1/2) 4.\(\beta\) 2 (1/8) 3.75 (8/5)	1.90 (9/2) 3.45 (8/29) 2.64 (5/1) 3.65 (9/24) 3.06 (3/26) 3.53 (1/7) 2.99 (9/1)	.30 .60 .22 .50 .16 .59	.30 .47 .34 .92 .53 .92	
Sept. 9 Sept. 16 Sept. 23 Sept. 30 Oct. 7 p/	4.23 4.26 4.26 4.27 4.28	3.84 3.84 3.79 3.81 3.88	3.03 3.13 3.13 3.18 3.21	.39 .42 .47 .46 .40	.81 .71 .66 .63	

Lower-grade

		7 04-4		between
Date	Corporate Baa 1/	State and local govt. Baa 3/	Asa an Corporate	State and local govt.
		(Per cent)		
1954 - Low 1957 - High 1958 - Low 1959 - High Low 1960 - High	3. hh (12/31) 5.10 (11/29) 4.51 (7/11) 5.32 (12/31) 4.83 (4/17) 5.36 (2/12) 4.98 (9/9)	2.93 (8/5) 4.51 (8/29) 3.64 (5/1) 4.46 (7/2) 3.92 (3/26) 4.46 (1/7) 4.05 (9/1)	.52 1.27 .77 .77 .56 .84	.96 1.21 .93 .98 .79 1.08
Sept. 9 Sept. 16 Sept. 23 Sept. 30 Oct. 7 p/	4.98 4.99 5.02 5.05 5.09	4.07 4.09 4.09 4.13 4.15	.75 .73 .76 .78 .81	1.04 .96 .96 .95 .94

Preliminary.

Meskly average of daily figures. Average term of bonds included is 25-26 years. Heskly average of daily figures. The series includes bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

^{4/} Neural average of only lighters, the server that are included; average term is 20 years. 3/ Thursday figures. Only general obligation bonds are included; average term is 20 years. Note, will give and less are for individual series and say be on different dates for different series.

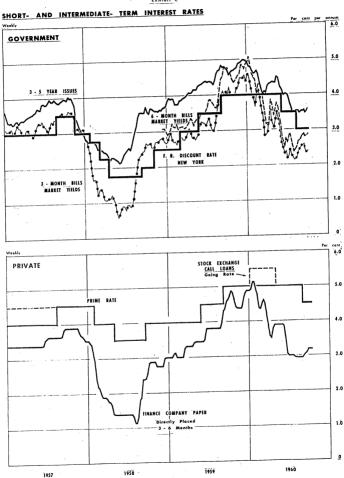


Exhibit D - Tables for Exhibit C

Short- and Intermediate-term Interest Rates

Government

*************	Discount		Yields		Spread between	
Date	rate 1/		6-month bills 2/	3-5 year issues 2/	3-month bills a	
		DIIIS 2/		1 Issues 2/	JO-MO. DILLS 3-	yr. issues
	l		(per cent)			
1954 - Low 1957 - High 1958 - Low 1959 - High Low 1960 - High Low	1.75 4.00 2.50 4.00	.61 (6/11) 3.64 (10/18) .58 (5/29) 4.57 (12/24) 2.63 (2/20) 4.59 (1/8) 2.13 (8/5)	3.02 (12/26) 4.91 (12/31) 2.92 (1/2) 5.07 (1/8) 2.39 (8/5)	1.66 (4/30) 4.04 (10/18) 2.14 (6/6) 5.00 (12/24) 3.70 (1/2) 4.97 (1/8) 3.47 (9/23)	.26 .79 .19 .58	.66 .86 .04 1.42 .40 1.81
Sept. 9 Sept. 16 Sept. 23 Sept. 30 Oct. 7 p/	3.00 2 3.00 2 3.00 2	2.56 2.58 2.43 2.35 2.40	2.83 2.87 2.80 2.82 2.88	3.51 3.53 3.47 3.50 3.60	.27 .29 .37 .47 .48	.95 .95 1.04 1.15 1.20

Private

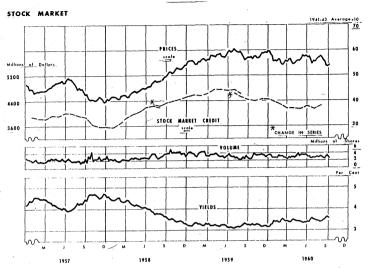
Date	Stock Exchange call loan 1/	Prime rate 1/	Finance company paper 3/	Spread between 3-month Treasury bill yield and finance company paper rates
		(per cent)	
1954 - Low	3.00	3.00	1.25 (12/31)	0 (12/18)
1957 - High	4.50	4.50	3.88 (11/15)	.59 (7/19)
1958 - Low	3.50	3.50	1.13 (8/8)	35 (8/29)
1959 - High	5.00	5.00	4.88 (12/31)	.86 (10/9)
Low	4.00	4.00	3.00 (3/6)	.13 (12/4)
1960 - High	5.50	5.00	5.13 (1/22)	1.02 (3/25)
Low	4.50	4.50	2.94 (8/26)	.22 (1/15)
Sept. 9	4.50	4.50	3.06	.50
Sept. 16	4.50	4.50	3.11	.53
Sept. 23	4.50	4.50	3.19	.76
Sept. 30	4.50	4.50	3.19	.84
Oct. 7 p/	4.50	4.50	3.19	.79

^{1/} Weekly rate shown is that in effect at end of period. Discount rate is for Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Stock exchange call loan rate is going rate on call loans secured by oustoners' stock exchange collateral at New York City banks. Prime rate is that charged by large banks on short-term loans to business borrowers of the highest credit standing.

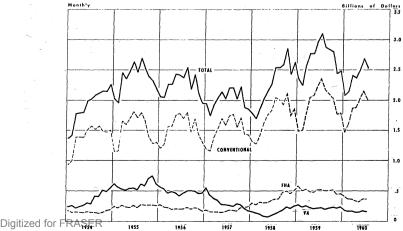
^{2/} Market yield; weekly averages computed from daily closing bid prices. Series of 3-5 year issues consists of caleaded notes and boads.

3/ Average of daily rates published by fiminou companies for directly placed paper for varying maturities in the

⁹⁰⁻¹⁷⁹ day range.
Note. -- light and low are for installable series and may be on different dates for different series. For spreads,
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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Stock Market

	T	Common	Trading	Stock	market cust	omer credit
Date	Stock price	stock	volume 3/		Customers	Bank
Date	index 1/	yields 2/		Total	debit bal-	loans to
		(per cent)	of shares)		ances 4/	"others" 5/
				(Mil	lions of do	llars)
1957-59 - High	60.51 (7/31/59)	3.07	4.3	4,764	3,401	1,373
Low	39.78 (12/27/57		1.4	3.554	2,482	1.060
1960 - High	59.50 (1/8)	3.18	3.9	4,365	3,198	1,167
Low	53.52 (9/30)	3.62	2.4	4,132	3,004	1,111
August	56.51	3.43	2.8	4,243	3,109	1,134
September	54.81	3.51	2.9	n.a.	n.a.	1,145
Sept. 23	53.90	3.58	3.0	n.a.	n.a.	1,147
Sept. 30	53.52	3.62	3.4	n.a.	n.a.	1,145
Oct. 7 p/	54.03	3.58	2.4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	1					·

n.a. -- Not available. p/ Praliminary.

5/ Wednesday figures for weekly resporting member banks. Excludes loans for purchasing or carrying U.S. Government securities. Frior to July 1, 1959, such loans are excluded only at banks in New York and Chicago Weekly resporting banks account for about 70 per cent of loans to others. For further detail see <u>Bulletin</u>.

Nonfarm Mortgage Recordings and Loans 1/

	Tot	al		Unadjuste	id .
Date	Seasonally adjusted 2/	Unadjusted	FHA	· VA	Conv
		(Millions o	f dollars		
1959 - July	2,787	3,100	524	227	2,349
Aug.	2,769	2,871	504	202	2,165
Sept.	2,650	2, 834	510	221	2,103
Oct.	2,639	2,799	523	238	2,039
Nov.	2,589	2بُلْبُارُ 2	448	220	1,775
Dec.	2,485	2,487	451	211	1,794
1960 - Jan.	2,487	2.079	417	195	1,467
Feb.	2,430	2,149	368	170	1,612
Mar.	2,441	2,406	361	173	1,872
Apr.	2,400	2,366	336	153	1,878
May	2,446	2,500	322 -	155	2,023
June	2,427	2,690	365	175	2,150
July	n.a.	2,528	362	160	2,006

n.a .-- Not available.

^{1/} Standard and Poor's remposite index of 500 common stocks, weekly closing prices, 1941-43-10. Monthly data are averages of daily figures rather than of Fridays' only. Highs and lows are for Fridays' data only.

^{2/} Standard and Poor's composite stock yield based on Wednesday data converted to weekly closing prices by Federal Reserve. Yields shown are for dates on which price index reached its high or low.

^{3/} Averages of daily trading volume on the New York Stock Exchange.
4/ End of worth figures for member firms of the New York Stock Exchange which carry margin accounts; excludes balances secured by U. S. Government obligations.

J/ Total recordings data are estimates based on reports from about 450 areas and include mortgogs of 250,000 or less secured by nonfare real estate, primarily residential properties. PHA-insured leans represent gross amount of insurance written, and VA-guaranteed leans the gross amount of leans closed, on 1-4 family houses. Conventional data are derived as a residual, although total recordings and VA and PHA leans are not strictly comparable in concept or timing.

^{2/} Three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted by Federal Reserve.

Digitized for FRA Saures: Federal Home Loan Sank Seard, Federal Housing Administration and Veterans Administration.

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Exhibit G

Long-term Corporate and State and Local Government Security Offerings and Placements

(In millions of dollars)

	1		New o	apital				
		Corporate			ate and loc			
	1960	1959	1958	1960	1959	1958		
January February March	577 715 860	821 738 646	728 857 1,553 <u>3</u> /	738 623 5 7 5	639 858 616	812 953 511		
April May June	766 567 1,034	894 785 887	1,140 597 887	731 550 1,030	932 593 1,006	798 895 551		
July August September	p/747 <u>e</u> /925 <u>e</u> /700	535 740 703	1,107 540 1,114	p/555 e/600 e/675	567 516 465	806 403 651		
October November December	e/1,000	879 864 900	862 518 920	<u>e</u> /550	.597 51.9 455	456 474 435		
1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	2,151 2,367 e/2,372	2,204 2,567 1,979 2,642	3,139 2,623 2,760 2,300	1,936 2,311 e/1,830	2,143 2,531 1,548 1,571	2,276 2,244 1,860 1,365		
lst half Three quarters Year	4,519 e/6,890	4,771 6,750 9,392	5,762 8,522 10,823	4,247 ∌/6,077	4,674 6,222 7,793	4,520 6,380 7,746		
180	Excluding	finance co	mpanies 4/					
1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	1,722 2,150 e/1,922	1,999 2,412 1,716 2,503	2,899 2,586 2,731 2,213					
Year		8,630	10,429					

p/ Preliminary. Estimated.

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e/ Estimated. p/ Preliminary. 1/ Securities and Exchange Commission estimates of net proceeds. 2/ Investment Bankers Association of America estimates of principal amounts.

Includes \$718.3 million AT&T convertible debenture issue. Total new capital issues excluding offerings of sales and consumer finance companies.

Other Security Offerings 1/

(In millions of dollars)

		T		Long -	tem.		
		Foreig	n governmen		Fed	eral agency	3/
		1960	1959	1958	1960	1959	1958
January February March		2 175 70	81 60 2	196 53 	182 150 150	199 175	1,163 251
April May June		34 72 40	58 50 42	139 198 120	148 354 		523
July August September			85 1 35	9 5 17	p/200	98 150	164
October November December			33 30 70	58 123 74		86	220
Year	:		547	992		707	2,321
				Short	-term		
		State and	local gove			deral agenc	y 3/
January February March		268 345 365	190 428 295	233 460 273	479 475 511	359 500 489	371 208 144
April May June		365 3 51 29 7	563 411 245	357 354 261	509 632 435	486 675 289	209 161 329
July August September		280 <u>p</u> /370	246 467 399	289 423 369	312 468	727 365 665	437 206 330
October November December			235 343 358	231 415 243		733 471 288	454 114 137
Year.			4,179	3,910		6,01,7	3,096

p/ Preliminary.

^{1/} Inta presented in this exhibit differ from those in Exhibit E in that refunding is now, as well as new capital issues, are included. Long-term securities are defined as those maturing in more than one year.

2/ Includes securities offered in the United States by foreign governments and their subdivisions and by international organizations. Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission.

^{3/} Issues not guaranteed by the U. S. Government. Source: long-term, Securities and Exchange Commission; short-term, Federal Reserve.

^{4/} Principally tax and bond anticipation notes, warrants or certificates and Public Sousing Authority notes. In some instances PHA notes included may have a somewhat longer term than one year. Source: Bond Buyer,

Exhibit I

Proceeds of Large Issues Offered

(Millions of dollars)

Month	Corporate	State and local government	Other 2/
1959 - September	199	214	175
October	400	294	20
November	421	163	
December	230	217	70
1960 - January	279	388	100
February	262	283	320
March	384	225	191
April	309	370	71
May	139	234	28
June	442	561	30
July	303	191	
August	581	298	75
September	266	367	75 25

Large Individual Issues Offered October 1 through 7

Issuer	Type 3/	Amount (millions of dollars)	Maturity	Coupon rate or net inter- est cost	Offering yield	Rating
CORPORATE San Diego Gas & Elec. Co. Youngstown Sheet & Tube Household Finance Corp. Columbia Gas System STATE AND LOCAL COVERNMENT	lst mtg. b lst mtg.S. Deb.	F.bds.60.0	1990 1990 1981 1985	4-5/8 4-1/2 4-7/8 5-1/8	4.63 4.60 4.88 5.05	Aa Aa A
None OTHER						
Federal Land Banks	Bds.	142.0	1965	4	4.03	

Footnotes

- 1/ Includes corporate and other security offerings of \$15 million and over; State and local government security offerings of \$10 million and over.
- 2/ Includes foreign government and International Bank for Reconstruction and Development issues and non-guaranteed issues by Federal agencies.
- 3/ In the case of State and local government securities, G. O. denotes general obligations; Rev.-Ut., revenue obligations secured only by income from public utilities; Rev.-Q.Ut., revenue bonds secured only by revenue from quasi-utilities; Rev.-S.T., revenue bonds secured by revenue from specific taxes only; Rev.-Rent., revenue bonds secured solely by lease payments.

Forthcoming Large Long-term Public Security Offerings for New Capital (Other than U. S. Treasury) $\underline{1}/$

Expected Proceeds from Forthcoming Large Issues

Date of		month follo ate shown	wing	Subsequent to date shown			
computation	Corporate	State and local govt.	Other <u>2</u> /	Corporate	State and local govt.	Other 2	
1959 - Sept. 30 Oct. 30 Nov. 30	374 385 226	270 115 295	 70	694 509 271	470 336 485	70	
Dec. 31 1960 - Jan. 29 Feb. 29 Mar. 31	210 207 301 299	445 210 255 250	30 45 35	280 252 372 344	545 310 385 280	30 45 35	
Apr. 29 May 31 June 30	202 483 237	243 277 180	30 30	357 553 455	258 502 380	60 30	
July 29 Aug. 31 Sept. 30	596 216 576	275 283 212	77	1,006 731 836	324 283 336	127	

Forthcoming Large Offerings, as of October 7

Issuer	Туре	Amount (millions of dollars)	Approximate date of offering
CORPORATE			
			
Associated Dry Goods Corp.	S.F. deb.	20.0	Oct. 12
General Acceptance Corp.	Sen. deb.	20.0	Oct. 17
Louisville Gas & Elec. Co.	1st mtg. bdg.	16.0	Oct. 19
Pacific Lighting Gas Supply Co.	S.F. deb.	25.0	Oct. 20
Florida Power Co.	1st mtg. Kds.	25.0	Oct. 21
American Telephone and Telegraph Co.	Deb.	250.0	Oct. 25
John Deere Credit Corp.	Deb.	50.0	Oct. 27
United Gas Corp.	Bds. & deb.	60.0	Nov. 1
Idaho Power Co.	1st mtg. bds.	15.0	Nov. 15
Wisconsin Elec. Power Co.	1st mtg. bds.	30.0	Nov. 16
Trustors' Corp.	Partic, certif.	40.0	Indefinite
Commerce Oil Refining Corp.	Deb., bds. & cor		Indefinite
Liberian Iron Ore, Ltd.	Bds. & stk.	30.0	Indefinite
Natural Gas Pipeline of America	1st mtg. bds.	25.0	Indefinite
Natural Gas Pipeline of America	Pfd. stk.	15.0	Indefinite

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Forthcoming Large Offerings, as of October 7 (Cont'd)

Issuer	Туре	Amount (millions of dollars)	Approximate date of offering
STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT	And a second		
DINID AND HOUSE COVIEWANT			4 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
State of Massachusetts	G.O.	69.5	Oct. 10
Dade County, Florida	G.O.	46.0	Oct. 18
Los Angeles County Flood Control		** **	
Dist., California	G.O.	10.0	Oct. 18
*Chicago, Illinois, School District	G.O.	15.0	Oct. 18
Pa. State Public School Bldg. Auth.	RevRent.	21.3	Oct. 19
*Cook County, Illinois	G.O.	25.0	Nov. 1
Los Angeles Harbor Dist., Calif.	Rev.	12.0	Nov. 15
New York State Housing Fin. Agency	Rev.	100.0	November
Los Angeles Dept. of Wtr. and Pwr.,			
California	RevUt.	12.0	Indefinite
Orleans Parish, La., School Dist.	G.O.	10.0	Indefinite
Kentucky Turnpike Auth.	Rev.	55.0	Indefinite
OTHER			
high Authority of the European Coal			
and Steel Community	Bds. and notes		Oct. 17
Tennessee Valley Auth.	Bds.	50.0	Nov. 15
~			

^{*--}Included in table for first time.

Includes corporate and other issues of \$15 million and over; State and local government issues of \$10 million and over.

government issues of \$10 million and over.

2/ Includes foreign government and International Bank for Reconstruction and
Development issues and non-guaranteed issues by Federal agencies.

Note.—Deletions for reasons other than sale of issue: None.

Yields on New and Outstanding Electric Power Bonds, Rated Aa and A 1/

	Aa_rated	offering yields	A-rated o	ffering yields
		Amount above		Amount above
Date	Actual		Actual	1
	(per cent)	(basis points)	(per cent)	(basis points)
	1			
1952-1959 - High	5.30 (12/8)	/59) 87	5.65 (9/18)	/59) 123
Low	2.93 (3/31/	/5¼) - 3	3.00 (3/17)	
-				
1959 - July	*4.93	31	5.07	17
Aug.	4.83	23		/-
Sept. Oct.	5.132/	26	*5.65	60
Nov.	*5.08	36 42	5.33	43
Dec.	*5.30	63	£ 1.£	51
1960 - Jan. 7	*5.50	. 05	5.45 5.30 <u>2</u> /	28
Feb. 25	5.08	ելե	_0.00_	20
26	5.10	46		·
Mar. 15	4.900/	32		
16	4.73	17		
18			5.00	11
. 29			4.93	7
Apr. 6	4.85	33		
8	1		4.98	21.
14 21	4.94	39	٠	7 0
21 27	4.95	20	5. 30 .	50
May 10	4.88	39 32		
12	4.00	٠)د	5.10	26
25	İ	1	5.20	33
			4.95	11
June 17 28	4.82	25	4.95	11
29	4.84	27		
July 8	4.04	-'	4.93	11
13	I	ì	4.88	8
Sept. 15	1		4.80	2μ
23	4.65	c/27	4.00	
28	4.552/	<u>c</u> /17		
_ Oct. 5	4.63 2/	24		
- 0000	1 4.37 3			

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*--Single observation, not an average.

2/ Provides for a 5-year period during which issue may not be called for refunding at a lower coupon rate. Monthly averages so marked include one or more issues with such a provision. Other issues have no such provision.

^{1/} Covers only 30-year first mortgage bonds, as reported in Moody's Bond Survey. Except where indicated, the actual yield figure and the amount above seasoned yields are averages of offerings during the indicated period and of the differences between these new offering yields and yields on seasoned issues of similar quality for the same day. Average maturity for the seasoned issues varies from 26 to 28 years.

Part II - Canada

Money and Capital Markets during September

During September, Canadian bill and bond yields declined to 1960 lows. In fact, bill yields were at the lowest point since 1958. During this period, the Canadian bills were substantially below yields on United States bills; even with the premium on the forward Canadian dollar, there was a slight incentive in favor of the United States bill compared with the Canadian bill.

During the first week in October, however, the decline in Canadian bill yields was sharply reversed. The yield on the 3-month bill rose by 60 basis points to the highest level since the end of August. Bond yields also rose for all maturities.

Money market. During September the 3-month Treasury bill rate declined sharply to the lowest levels of the year and on September 22 reached 1.68 per cent, the lowest since August 1958; 346 basis points below the high of January 7, 1960. The average yield for September was 1.95 per cent compared with 2.46 per cent in August. (See Chart)

The 6-month Treasury bill fell to new lows through September and reached 1.99 per cent on September 21. During the last week of August and the first half of September, when the bill rate was declining, the Bank made no changes in its bill holdings. It did, however, sell \$43 million of Treasury bills during the last two weeks of September which helped heavy purchases by the chartered banks. The banks purchased \$90 million during the month and the public sold \$41 million.

During September, there was a substantial spread favoring the United States bill over the Canadian bill, reaching 0.8 per cent on September 22. A slight net incentive to hold the United States bill on a covered basis continued through September in spite of a close to 0.5 per cent premium on the 3-month froward Canadian dollar.

A comparison of the yields on short-term commercial paper in some of the major acceptance houses in Canada and the United States indicates the same trend through September as noted in the Treasury bill market. While Canadian rates were generally above United States rates through August, the Canadian rates fell below U.S. rates in September. Similarly while the net incentive moved against the Canadian paper, the premium on the forward Canadian dollar held the incentive on a covered basis well below 0.5 per cent (see Table).

	Canada	United States	Spread
Aug. 25	2.75	2.25-2.50	+ 0.38
Sept. 1	 2.50	2.50-2.75	- 0.25
22	2.0-2.5	3.00	- 0.75
29	2.0-2.5	2.75	- 0.50

Day-to-day loans in Canada also declined steadily through September and the average closing rate fell from 2.58 per cent at end of August to 1.15 per cent at end of September.

Bond market. Bond yields also fell to new lows in September for all maturities. While yields on short- and intermediate-term maturities continued to decline through September, the longer maturities remained at about the low levels reached early in the month. The spread between selected comparable Canadian and United States securities (Thursday yields for bills and Wednesday yields for bonds) were as follows:

	Sept. 29	Aug. 25
91-day bill	- 0.66	- 0.24
182-day bill	-0.78	- 0.35
8-year bond	+ 0.52	+ 0.69
20-year bond	+ 0.91	+ 1.00
35-year bond	+ 1.01	+ 1.15

The decline in bond yields through September was general and affected corporate and local Government issues as well. The McLeod, Young, Weir Bond Yield averages for 40 bond yields showed a 7 basis point decline through September from 5.42 per cent on September 1 to 5.35 per cent on October 1. The declines ranged from 4 basis points in Provincials to 9 basis points in industrials as noted in the following table:

	Sept. 1 (per	oct. 1
10 Provincials	5.32	5.28
10 Municipals	5.67	5.61
10 Public utilities	5.37	5.29
10 Industrials	5.33	5.24
40 Bond yield average	5.42	5.35

Source: McLeod, Young, Weir Bond Yield Average

While new long-term bond issues expanded about \$334 million in September, there were no new sales during the month to residents of the United States. Total new issues during the month amounted to \$814 million, of which \$4,60 million were short term. Some of the most important new longer-term issues of the month were:

Manitoba Hydro Nova Scotia CNR Newfoundland \$25 million to yield 5.45% \$10 million to yield 5.04 to 5.23% \$250 million to yield 4.68 to 5.17% \$5 million to yield 5.71%

(For details see Capital Market Developments dated September 5 through October 3.)

In mid-September the Government announced the terms of the new Series 15 Canada Savings Bonds. The bonds will be dated November 1 and will mature in 10 years with a graduated interest rate which will yield 4.71 per cent if held to maturity. This compares with an all-time peak of 4.98 per cent for the 1959 issue.

Interest rates. Three of the larger Canadian insurance companies and one other large mortgage lender announced a reduction in mortgage rates in September, to 7 per cent from the 7-1/1 to 7-1/2 per cent level of the last two years. The Industrial Development Bank also reduced lending rates to 6-1/2 per cent from 7 per cent. The prime bank lending rate and the prime rates on call loans, however, continue at the 5-3/4 per cent level of the last year and private bankers have indicated no intention of lowering rates at this time since they are able to lend all available funds at the current rate (see general bank loans).

General bank loans and money supply. Bank loans seasonally adjusted expanded \$25 million in September, for the seventh straight month of expansion. While adjusted bank loans reached a peak of \$5,006 million in August 1959, they gell a total of \$235 million in the next six-month period. The increase to date beginning March of this year, was \$200 million, bringing the total outstanding to \$4,971 million, \$39 million below last year's peak.

The money supply expanded by \$81 million during the July-September quarter in spite of a \$319 million decline in Government of Canada deposits at the chartered banks. The rise in the March-September period reflects in part the heavy seasonal needs of the summer months.

Total Currency Outside Banks and Bank Deposits
(millions of Canadian dollars)

	Currency	Deposits	Total	Change
Dec. 31, 1959	1,789	11,360	13,148	
March 31, 1960	1,715	11,297	13,012	- 136
June 30, 1960	1,767	11,481	13,248	+ 236
Sept. 30, 1960	1,767	11,561	13,329	+ 81

Foreign exchange. The Canadian dollar rose slightly above 103
(U.S. cents) on September 1 and remained so until the middle of the month.
Partly in response to the low level of Canadian bill yields, the Canadian
dallar declined gradually after September 20, and closed at 102.20 on
October 6 (see Table). The premium on the forward Canadian dollar also rose
through the month from 019 per cent per annum on September 1 to 0.43 per cent
on September 29 and 0.49 per cent on October 6 (see Table).
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Official holdings of foreign exchange, reflecting increased dollar holdings, rose for the third consecutive month in August, after declining sharply in May when the Canadian dollar declined. Private short-term holdings rose in May, June, and July, reflecting higher interest rates in Canada during that period.

Change in Official Holdings1/

	Total	Gold	f which U.S. dollars	Change in short- term U.S. dollar holdingsprivate and official2/	Change in private short-term holdings3
May June July Aug•	-101.5 + 33.6 + 56.7 + 16.0	-23.3 -12.2 - 3.3 - 2.1	-78.2 +45.8 +50.0 +18.1	+ 37 +108 +154	+115.2 + 62.2 +104.0

1/ Sounce: Bank of Canada, Statistical Summary.

2/ Source: Federal Reserve Bulletin.

3/ Difference between total private and official short-term holdings and total official holdings.

Stock exchange. Through September industrial stock prices declined sharply, and on October 4 were about 1.6 per cent over the low of this year on the Toronto exchange and about 3.3 per cent over the low of the year on the Montreal exchange. During September the decline in industrials on the Canadian market was between 4.3 per cent and 5.3 per cent compared with a fall of 8.7 per cent in the Standard & Poor industrial average.

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	Toronto	Montreal	New York Standard & Poor
1960 - High	532.56	271.1	60.51
Low	472.38	250.3	55.98
Sept. 1	505.56	271.1	60.51
- 9	503.38	272.0	59 • 37
15	498.06	269.6	58.37
23	484.07	264.2	56.93
29	480.13	259.9	55.69
October 4	479.75	258.5	56.07

Consumer credit. Consumer credit reached a peak of \$3.5 billion in the second quarter of 1960 after declining slightly in the first quarter of the year. Total consumer credit has grown over 3 times the immediate postwar level of \$1,049 million as noted in the table below. During this period personal cash loans have grown to major importance, equal to almost 50 per cent of total consumer credit as compared with about 37 per cent in 1950 (see Table).

Selected Canadian Money Market and Related Data

	3-mc	. Treas.	bills	(Canadian dollar		
	Canada a	v.s.b/	Spread over U.S.	Spot c/	3-mo. forward	discount (-) premium(+)d/	hold Can. bille
1959 - High Low	6.16 3.25	4.49	2.96	105.51		<u></u>	
1960 - High Low	5.14 1.68	4.63	0.30 0.90 -0.82	102.58 105.27 101.31		0.99 -0.72	0.94 -0.57
Sept. 1 8 15 22 29	2.01 2.09 2.07 1.68 1.70	2.58 2.55 2.53 2.50 2.33	-0.57 -0.46 -0.46 -0.82 -0.66	103.03 103.06 103.08 102.63 102.28	103.08 103.13 103.19 102.75 102.39	0.19 0.24 0.42 0.49 0.43	-0.38 -0.22 -0.04 -0.33 -0.23
Oct. 6	2.20	2.47	-0.27	102.20	102.33	0.49	0.22

a/ Average yield at weekly tender on Thursday.

b/ Composite market yield for the U.S. Treasury bill on Thursday close of business. c/ In U.S. cents.

d/ Spread between spot rate and 3-month forward Canadian dollar on Thursday closing, expressed as per cent per annum.

e/ Spread over U.S. Treasury bill (column 3), plus 3-month forward discount or premium (column 6).

Selected Government of Canada Security Yields

	•		Interm			Long-ter	m bonds	
	6-mo. Tre	as. bills	bonds ((20 3	rear)	(35 3	
	Canada a/	Spread over U.S.b/	Canada C	Spread over U.S.d/	Canada e/	Spread over U.S.I/	Canada	Spread over U.S.h/
1959 - High Low	6.24 5.11		5.37 4.50		5.30 4.44		5.05 4.73	
1960 - High Low	5.33 1.99	0.85 -0.86	5.55 4.09	1.11	5.42 4.63	1.22 0.85	5.28 4.68	1.61 0.95
Sept. 1 7 11 21	2.24 2.32 2.36 1.99	-0.63 -0.50 -0.48 -0.86	4.15 4.09 4.17 4.14	0.54 0.44 0.60 0.67	4.65 4.63 4.68 4.66	0.88 0.85 0.88 0.92	4.75 4.68 4.69 4.70	1.03 0.95 0.97 1.03
28 Oct. 6	2.05 2.52	-0.78 -0.35	4.09 4.23	0.52 0.57	4.66	0.91	4.70	1.01

Average yield at weekly tender on Thursday.

- b/ Spread between Canadian auction rate and composite market yield of U.S. bill on close of business Thursday.
 - c/ Government of Canada 2-3/4 per cent of June 1967-68.
 - d/ Spread over U.S. Government 2-1/2 per cent of 1963-68.
 - e/ Government of Canada 3-1/4 per cent of October 1979.
 - f/Spread over U.S. Government 3-1/4 per cent of 1978-83. g/Government of Canada 3-3/4 per cent of September 1996 March 1998.

h/ Spread over U.S. Government of 1995.

Canada: Changes in Distribution of Holdings of Canadian Government Direct and Guaranteed Securities (millions of Canadian dollars, par value)

Bank of Canada Chartered banks General public Treas. Sevings Government Tress. Treas. bills Bonds Total billa bonds billa Bonds Bonds + 11 Aug. 4 57 - 12 - 34 5556542755 0 35 11 12 5 15 2 1 8 ī + 11 9 17 18 36 21 10 19 23 241118 25 i 2 Ĺ 14 31 9 18 11 9 19 0 10 Sept. ō ō ī 13 11₂1 Ó ō 0 3 37 12 16 Ô 52 41 3 16 0 28 2 27 i - 5 +165 Oct.

Source: Bank of Canada, Weekly Financial Statistics.

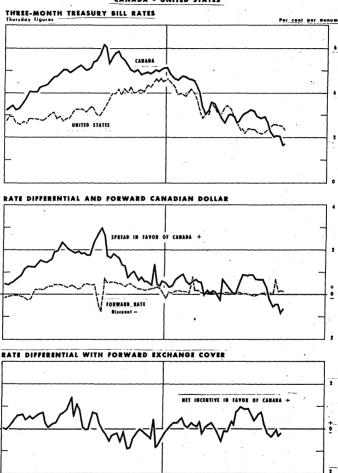
Consumer Credit (millions of Canadian dollars)

是不是是可能需要的模式的正式经过的相似。

1950 255 401 383 1,049 8.3 1958 406 1,277 1,318 3,001 13.3 1959 I 362 1,226 1,380 2,968 12.6 II 368 1,282 1,502 3,152 13.1 III 391 1,317 1,568 3,276 13.7 IV 4,31 1,368 1,588 3,387 14.1 1960 I 380 1,322 1,582 3,284 13.5 II 399 k,395 1,690 3,484 14.5	End of quarter	Charge accounts	Instal- ment credit	Personal cash loans	Total	Consumer credit as % of personal disposable in- come
	1958	406	1,277	1,318	3,001	13.3
	1959 - I	362	1,226	1,380	2,968	12.6
	II	368	1,282	1,502	3,152	13.1
	III	391	1,317	1,568	3,276	13.7
	IV	431	1,368	1,588	3,387	14.1
	1960 - I	380	1,322	1,582	3,284	13.5

Source: Bank of Montreal Business Review.

CANADA - UNITED STATES



· \$2.000 年前,19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 19.000 1

United Kingdom: Money and Capital Markets During September

An inflow of capital from abroad, largely in response to the level of short-term interest rates in Britain, continued to be an important factor in London financial markets in September. Britain's reserves rose by \$37 million in September, dispite continuing poor trade figures; if allowance is made for the \$56 million repayment to the I.M.F., the gross increase in reserves was \$93 million.

British Treasury bill yields declined slightly in early September but pressure by the Bank of England on the discount houses helped to check the decline. The yield on London Treasury bills exceeded the yield in New York by over 3 per cent. The incentive to hold the London bill (with exchange risk covered) fell to a recent low of 0.70 per cent on September 16 but was at 1.32 per cent on September 30.

In the gilt-edged market, yields in short- and intermediateterm maturities rose fractionally but those on longer term eased slightly. American interest in British gilt-edged bonds was reported in the press. Unexpectedly in late September the Bank of England offered a substantial 50-year bond, the longest-term issue now on the market with a maturity date at an effective yield of 5.80 per cent. For the first time since March 1958, total hire-purchase debt fell in August.

Stock price continued to rise to a peak in early September but had fallen by 3 per cent by the end of the month.

Spot sterling rose from \$2.8110 U.S. cents on September 2 to \$2.8157 U.S. cents on September 16 but had returned to \$2.8112 U.S. cents by the end of the month. During September, blocked securities sterling was at or fractionally above the spot rate. The discount on forward sterling widened in the first part of September but the spread narrowed thereafter.

Money market conditions. The yield on Treasury bills fell 8 basis points from 5.59 per cent to 5.51 per cent in early September and held steady about 5.50 per cent until the last week in the month when it increased to 5.57 (see Table). The decline in yield was halted after the Bank of England forced the discount market to borrow at the penal rate on September 10, the day following the fall in the Treasury bill yield. This intervention occurred on Saturday, the first such move since 1952, and served to demonstrate to the financial community the resistance of the Bank of England to a further decline in bill rates.

During this period, the yield on London Treasury bills exceeded the bill yield in New York by 3 per cent (see Chart). Because of the wider discount on forward sterling, however, the net incentive to hold the British bill declined from 1.2h per cent on August 19 to 0.70 per cent on September 15 (see Table). Thereafter, the net incentive rose substantially reaching 1.37 per cent on September 30 due to declines in the United States bill yields and to the reduced discount on 3-month forward sterling. Trends in bill rates in London and New York for 1960 are shown in a Chart at the Digitized for Fend ATE this report.

Gilt-edged market. Despite the continued capital inflow, the easing in bond yields in late August did not continue into September. On the contrary, bond yields rose slightly during the month; short and intermediate yields rose by about 2 basis points and the Consol yield by 11 basis points (see Table). During the last week in September, the yield on 3-1/2 per cent War Loan fell by 10 basis points and that of 2-1/2 per cent Consols by 5 basis points. Press reports stated that sizeable American buying contributed to the declines.

On September 30, the Bank of England announced an offering of £500 million of 5-1/2 per cent Treasury stock 2008-12 at £95 to give a gross redemption yield of 5.80 per cent -- wlightly below the market. This stock replaces the former long-term "tap" Treasury 5 per cent 1986-89 with a gross redemption yield of 6.05 per cent, supplies of which were finally exhausted last week. Income from the bond is tax-free for nonresidents of the U.K. The new stock replaces the Funding 3-1/2 per cent 1999-2004 bond as the longest redeemable gilt-edged security in the market. This 50-year offering seems to be designed for long-term insurance and pension fund investors. The new bonds will be held by the Issue Department of the Bank of England and fed into the gilt-edged market as demand conditions permit.

The Agricultural Mortgage Corporation made a public offering on September 16 of £6 million of newly created 6 per cent. debenture stock, with a life of 22-27 years. It was priced at 99 with a gross redemption yield of 6.08 per cent. The last offering of the Corporation, which makes loans on first mortgages on farms, was over two years ago for £5 million with a 5-1/2 per cent coupon priced at 98 and a life of 22-27 years. The Surrey 6 per cent 1978-80 was well received and went immediately to a premium of three-fourths per cent.

In the past week several large companies have announced plans for new debenture issues, including £11,4 million for Bowater Paper Corporation, £13 million for City and Central Investments, £12.3 million for British Oxygen Company, £7 million for English Electric and £5 million for Gold Fields Mining and Industrial Corporation.

During the first eight months of 1960, new capital issues on the London market (excluding Treasury operations) totaled £352 million compared with £324 million in 1959, according to estimates of the Midland Bank. The total new issues were broken down as follows (in millions of pounds):

Borrows	<u> 1959</u>	1960
United Kingdom Overseas	281 33	320 32
Total	324	352

While British borrowers increased their takings in 1960, issues on behalf of overseas countries were slightly below the 1959 level.

Bank advances. The British Bankers Association quarterly analysis of bank advances shows that the rate of increase in loans is slowing down

and that there is a shift in emphasis from consumption to investment, particularly engineering. Loans rose in the three months to the end of August by £59 million to £3,516 million compared with a rise of £2ll million in the three months to the end of May.

Advances of the London clearing banks rose from mid-August to mid-September by £8 million. This slight rise follows the substantial decline of advances from mid-July to mid-August of £41 million. The liquidity ratio is 31.6 per cent compared with 33.2 per cent a year ago.

Installment credit. For the first time since March 1958, total hire-purchase debt fell in August by £l million from £971 million to £970 million. In March 1958, total debt outstanding amounted to only £151 million. The August decline reflects the impact of the reintroduction of hire-purchases controls in April. During the summer period, the rate of expansion in this credit had already been slowed by the restrictions.

Since May, debt owed to household goods shops, which represents about one-third of the total, has been falling steadily. Until August, however, this decline had been offset by increases in the debt owed directly to finance houses. There was a smaller increase in the debt owed to finance houses in August, due mainly to a fall off in hire-purchase sales of automobiles; as a result, the total debt declined as may be seen in the following figures (in millions of pounds):

Installment credit	1959					1960			
owed to:	May	June	July	Aug.	May	June	July	Aug.	
Household goods shops Finance houses	256 418	26կ 1444	273 469	279 <u>477</u>	341 623	336 630	332 639	328 642	
Total	67և	708	742	756	964	966	971	970	

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Hire-purchase sales of automobiles in September were down 7 per cent from August and down 11 per cent from September 1959.

Life insurance. Life assurance business transacted by the industrial life office in 1959 accounted for a record total of over £115 million net new saving, nearly 20 per cent higher than the 1958 figure.

	1959 (£m)	1958 (£m)	
Industrial	2,059	1.952	
Ordinary	1,582	1,451	
General	54	50	

Foreign exchange. Spot sterling continued to rise and reached 281.54 U.S. cents on September 15, its highest point since mid-May 1959, but fell to 281.12 U.S. cents later in the month (see Table).

By mid-September security sterling reached its high since April 1959 of 281.624 U.S. cents. The discount on 3-month forward sterling rose to 2.33 per cent in midmonth but later fell to 1.95 per cent (see Table).

The price of gold on the London bullion market reached its all time peak on September 28 of \$35.255 per troy ounce. Thereafter, the price eased and was at \$35.215 on October 3.

Stock market. During early September, stock prices continued their 6-week rise and reached a 1960 peak of 338.6 on September 9 (see Table). Thereafter, the index eased, perhaps partly in sympathy with the sharp drop in prices on Wall Street, and was at 325.6 on September 30, a decline of about 3 per cent.

British Commonwealth Section Division of International Finance Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

United Kingdom: Treasury Bill Yields and Exchange Rates

					Net		Exchange rate		
	3-mo. Treasury bill		Discount	incentive	Spot	Discount			
Date	U.K.a/	U.S.b/	Differ- ence	on 3-mo. sterlingC/	to hold U.K. billd/	sterling	on 3-mo, sterling		
1959 - High	3.6	4.7	-1.1		·				
Low	3.0	2.6	0.4						
1960 - High	5.68	4.59	3.63	(P).64	1.95	281.57	1.64		
Low	2.13	2.05	-0.84	2.33	23	279.83	(P).47		
August 19	5.59	2.40	3.19	1.95	1.24	281.13	1.37		
26	5.59	2.46	3.13	2.12	1.01	281.10	1.49		
Sept. 2	5.59	2.49	3.10	2.05	1.05	281.12	1.44		
9	5.51	2.59	2.92	2.20	0.72	281.36	1.55		
16	5.51	2.48	3.03	2.33	0.70	281.57	1.64		
23	5.49	2.40	3.09	2.12	0.10	281.30	1.49		
30	5.57	2.30	3.27	1.95	1.32	281.12	1.37		

a/ Average yield at Friday weekly tender.

b/ Closing market yield for Friday in New York.

c/ Spread between spot and forward rate in per cent per annum.
d/ Net of difference in bill yield less discount on 3-month sterling.

e/ Spot rate in New York market in U.S. cents.

f/ Spread between spot and forward rates in U.S. cents.

United Kingdom: Selected Capital Market Yields

	6-year	15-year	War	Consols	Share	Yield	Share
	bond ^a	bondb	loanc/	d/	yielde/	gap <u>f</u> /	prices <u>s</u> /
1960 - High	6.04	6.00	5.91	5.69	4.49	1.49	3 3 8.6
Low	4.93	5.33	5.53	5.03	3.74	0.76	297
August 19 26 Sept. 2 9 16 23 30	5.96 5.97 5.99 6.00 5.99 6.02 6.00	5.97 5.94 5.95 5.93 5.94 5.97 5.96	5.90 5.89 5.90 5.91 5.88 5.91 5.81	5.54 5.44 5.47 5.50	4.24 4.18 4.13 4.12 4.24 4.28 4.34	1.38 1.36 1.31 1.33 1.23 1.27 1.16	327.1 334.4 335.2 338.6 330.1 328.7 325.6

a/ 5-1/2 per cent Exchequer.

f/ Difference between yield on 2-1/2 per cent Gonsols and share yield. g/ Financial Times.

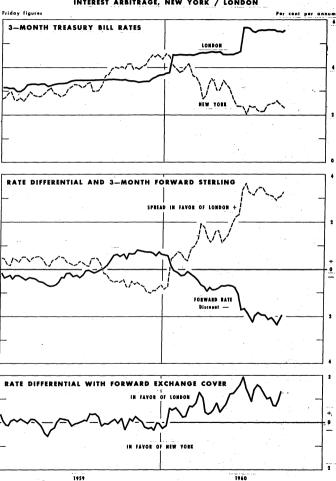
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b/ 3 per cent Savings Bond 1965-75.

c/ 3-1/2 per cent War Loan (undated).

d/ 2-1/2 per cent Consol (undated). e/ Financial <u>Times</u>.

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