BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

November 9, 1961.

# CAPITAL MARKET DEVELOPMENTS ABROAD

#### I. Canada

DIVISION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

H. 13

No. 33

II. Nine Charts on Financial Markets Abroad

## I. Canada: Money and Capital Markets During October

Canada's official foreign exchange holdings rose \$187 million during October as a result of official intervention to hold down the exchange rate. Purchases of U.S. dollars by the Exchange Fund materially increased the liquidity of the banking system. As a result, the banks increased their loans by \$121 million without reducing the current high level of bank liquidity.

This liquidity has given new momentum to the general downward trend in Canadian interest rates which began with the change in monetary policy in June. During October, interest rates declined further, especially in longer maturities. Money market rates declined fractionally, with the 3-month Treasury bill down 10 basis points. Bonds with maturities of 5 years and over were down as much as 33 basis points. These declines took place despite switches from longs to shorts by the Bank of Canada. Non-Government securities also showed a decline in yield of about 6 basis points for maturities of about 15 years.

In a recent speech, the <sup>F</sup>inance Minister commented on the success of the new accord between the Bank of Canada and the <sup>G</sup>overnment in the harmoneous mixture of fiscal and monetary policies. He pointed to the reduced spread between Canadian and U.S. security yields as a sign of the success which the government's program has yielded. Between early June and November the yield advantage for Canadian securities over comparable U.S. securities have narrowed by the following amounts:

3-month Treasury bill	50 basis points
8-year bond	50 basis points
20-year bond	20 basis points
35-year bond	12 basis points

Money market. Short-term interest rates eased only slightly in October. The average auction yield on the 3-month bill declined from 2.57 per cent on October 5 to 2.17 per cent on November 1, while the 6-month bill declined from 2.84 per cent to 2.69 per cent. (See Table and Chart 1.) On November 1, Treasury bill yields were still close to the lows reached in mid-June, as noted in the following table:

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#### DECONTROLLED AFTER SIX MONTHS

	3-month Treas. bill °	6-month Treas. bill
June 1	3.14	3.30
15	2.60 2.26	2.75 2.55
Aug. 31 Oct. 5	2.20	2.84
Nov. $2$	2.47	2.69

Day-to-day money rates declined through the month but rose 27 basis points during the last week when day-to-day loans went up \$37 million. Purchases of foreign exchange by the Exchange Fund swelled chartered bank liquidity and the banks expanded their Treasury bill holdings by \$109 million. The Bank of Canada sold \$105 million of bills.

The yield spread favoring the Canadian over the U.S. 3-month Treasury bill remained about constant through the month at about 20 basis points. The incentive to hold the Canadian bill on a covered basis reached 33 basis points in mid-October. (See Table.)

Bond market. Bond yields eased further during October in both the Government and non-Government sector. According to McLeod, Young, Weir, Ltd., the 40 bond yield average for non-Government bonds fell 6 basis points to 5.41 per cent, as noted in the following table:

	June 1	Sept. 1	<u>Oct. 2</u>	Nov. 1
10 Provincials	5.62	5.38	5.45	5.36
10 Municipals	5.82	5.60	5.63	5.56
10 Public Utilities -	5.48	5.39	5.37	5.37
10 Industrials	5.60	5.43	5.42	5.35
40 Bond Yield Average	5.63	5.45	5.47	5.41

Government bond yields declined as much as 33 basis points for 5-year maturities, and up to 15 basis points for longer terms. The following table compares some Canadian Government bond yields for maturities from 5 to 35 years:

Maturity	Jun	<u>el</u> June	15 Oct. 1	Nov. 1
Sept. 1965	4.	78 4.63	4.29	3.96
Sept. 1972	5.	08 4.98	4.87	4.75
Jan. 1975-78	5.	19 5.14	5.01	4.86
Sept. 1983	5.	20 5.10	5.02	4.91
Sept. 1996-98	5.0	09 5 <b>.0</b> 8	5 <b>,0</b> 0	4.96

As a result of these declines, the spread between the yield on comparable Ganagian and U.S. bonds narrowed considerably The following table compares changes in yield spreads:

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	June 7	Oct. 4	Nov. 1		
8-year bond	0.81	0.45	0.30		
20-year bond	1.27	0.91	0.78		
35-year bond	1.34	1.23	1.21		

By November 1, Canadian bond yields were well below those of early June, before the Government budget was presented and yield spreads narrowed significantly. The 40-bond yield average declined 22 basis points, while Government bond yields were down as much as 15 to 80 basis points. With rising yields in the U.S. during the June-September period, the wide spreads in favor of Canada on intermediate-term bonds were reduced 30 to 50 basis points.

Chartered bank expansion and money supply. The chartered banks continued to expand loans above seasonal requirements and there was no decline in their liquid asset ratio. General bank loans rose \$121 million, by 2.2 per cent, making the total seasonally-adjusted loan expansion 4.7 per cent since the end of June. Despite this expansion, bank liquid assets averaged 18.8 per cent of deposits in October, compared with a 15 per cent minimum requirement. The money supply rose 1/2 per cent in October and is up about 3 per cent over end June levels on a seasonally-adjusted basis.

Interest rates reduced on term notes. The Bank of Nova Scotia announced an interest rate reduction of 1/4 of 1 per cent on some term notes. The new rates are as follows:

> 2 to 3 year notes, 4-1/4 per cent 3 to 4 year notes, 4-1/2 per cent 4 to 5 year notes, 4-3/4 per cent

This is the first interest rate reduction announced by the bank since last July 5.

Government cash position. In August, the Federal Government ran a cash deficit (on budgetary and non-budgetary items) of \$97 million, compared with a \$76.8 deficit in August a year ago. For the April-August period, the first five months of the fiscal year, the cash deficit was \$216.2 million compared with \$78.3 million a year ago. In the last week of October, the Bank of Canada was also required to advance \$45 million to the Government to meet current cash needs. This advance probably reflects the need for increased Canadian resources for Exchange Fund operations.

Foreign exchange. As a result of official efforts to hold the Canadian dollar close to 97 U.S. cents, foreign exchange reserves rose \$187 million in October; they declined \$61 million between July and September. This increase reflected a growing demand for the Canadian dollar which produced pressure on the exchange rate. In late October, the Finance limiter stated that the general holiof that the "... Exchange Fund will be used to keep the discount from rising above 3 per cent" is a "... misinterpretation of the Government's intenform." The assurance that the

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In the belief that misinterpretation of his speech had contributed to the inflow, the Minister issued a public statement the following day that he would not support the rate should any large outflow of funds result. The rate then declined slightly to 96.7 U.S. cents and has since remained around that level.

The 3-month forward rate on the Canadian dollar moved to a slight premium in October for the first time since early June. This movement probably reflected expectations that the authorities would not continue to off-set the recent large increases in the demand for the Canadian dollar.

Foreign trade. The seasonally-adjusted trade surplus rose in July despite rising imports. While imports for August rose to a record level, early estimates indicate exports also expanded beyond seasonal expectations. For the first seven months the trade surplus was \$11,4.2 million compared with a \$11,7 million deficit during the same period last year. The following table shows seasonally-adjusted monthly average trade figures for periods incicated:

	Exports	Imports	balance
1960	451.1	458.0	- 6.9
1961 - I	463.6	463.8	- 0.2
II	472.2	444.6	+ 27.6
April	523.0	4.6.1	+106.9
May	406.4	455.1	- 48.7
June	 487.3	462.7	+ 24.6
July	528.1	476.2	+ 51.9
Aug.		513.7	

Stock exchange. The Canadian industrial stock index declined some in October for the second straight month. The DES index of industrials averaged 333.0 during the week ending October 19, about 1 per cent below the last week of September. During the same period, the Standard and Poor index of industrial stocks rose over 1.5 per cent. The following table compares Canadian and U.S. industrial price indicies:

		NY Standard & Poor
Average for week ending	DBS Industrials	Industrials
Sept. 29, 1960	243.6	55.69
June 15, 1961	329.7	69.55
Aug. 27	334.8	70.40
Aug. 31	344.1	71.86
Sept. 28	336.5	70.47
Oct. 5	332.7	70.71
12	333.8	71.51
19	333.0	71.60

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The total volume of all stock sold on the Canadian exchanges in October averaged \$15.4 million per week, compared with \$14.2 million in September and less than \$8 million in July-August.

#### II. Nine Charts on Financial Markets Abroad

Chart 1 - Interest Arbitrage U.S./Canada Chart 2 - Interest Arbitrage New York/London Chart 3 - Interest Arbitrage New York/Frankfurt Chart 4 - Interest Arbitrage Frankfurt/London Chart 5 - Short-term Bond Yields Chart 6 - Long-term Yields Chart 7 - Industrial Stock Indices Chart 8 - Major Currencies in Terms of Spot United States Dollar

Chart 9 - 3-month Forward Rate--London Quotations

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	5-20	. TTOLS,	bille	ü	anadian d	OILLET	Net incen- tive to
	Canada	<u>v.s.b/</u>	Spread over U.S.	Spot	3-mo. forward	discount (-) premium(+)d	hold Can. bill
1960 - High Low 1961 - High Low	5.14 1.68 3.34 2.26	4.53 2.10 2.54 2.17	1.62 -0.82 1,10 -0.09	105.27 100.33 101.72 96.75	د. به ه هرید هریم هرین	0,99 -0,91 0,26 -0,56	1.99 -0.57 0.89 - <b>0</b> .20
Sept. 28 Oct. 5 12 19 26 2	2.59 2.57 2.57 2.49 2.50 2.47	2.25 2.29 2.37 2.29 2.30 2.30 2.2?	0.34 0.26 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20	97.06 97.08 97.08 97.08 97.08 97.08 96.75	97.08 97.08 97.09 97.11 97.11 96.78	0.0 0.0 0.07 0.13 0.13 0.13	0.34 0.28 0.27 0.33 0.33 0.33

# Selected Canadian Money Market and Related Data

/ Average yield at weekly tender on Thursday.

b/ Composite market yield for the U.S. Treasury bill on Thursday close of business. c/ In U.S. cents.

d/ Spread between spot rate and 3-month forward Canadian dollar on Thursday closing, expressed as per cent per annum.

e/ Spread over U.S. Treasury bill (column 3), plus 3-month forward discount or premium (column 6).

#### Selected Government of Canada Security Yields

	6 ma . Marc		Interme		720 -	Long-ter		
	Canada	as. bills Spread over U.S.b/	bonds ( Canada	Spread over U.S.d/	Canada	Spread U.S.I	(35 J Canada <u>B</u> /	Spread over U.S.h/
1960 - High Low 1961 - High Low	5.33 1.99 3.63 2.35	1.3? -0.86 1.15 -0.11	5°55 14°09 14°22	· 1.11 9.21 1.16 0.25	5.42 4.63 5.19 4.80	1.36 0.85 1.40 0.78	5.28 4.68 5.23 4.92	1.61 0.95 1.59 1.14
Sept. 27 Oct. 4 11 18 25	2.89 2.84 2.83 2.72 2.72	0.21 0.24 0.14 0.04 0.04	4.41 4.39 4.40 4.37 4.36	0.47 0.45 0.41 0.41 0.42	4.95 4.96 4.96 4.90 4.86	0.91 0.91 0.88 0.84 0.81	5.00 5.00 5.00 4.98 4.96	1.24 1.23 1.21 1.22 1.24
Nov. 1	2.69	0.13	4.22	0,30	4.80	0.78	4.93	1.21

a/ Average yield at weekly tender on Thursday.

b/ Spread between Canadian auction rate and composite market yield of U.S.

bill on close of business Thursday.

c/ Government of Canada 2-3/4 per cent of June 1967-68.

d/ Spread over U.S. Government 2-1/2 per cent of 1963-68.

o/ Government of Canada 3-1/4 per cent of October 1979.

T/ Spread over U.S. Government 3-1/4 per cent of 1978-83.

/ Government of Canada 3-3/4 per cent of September 1996 - March 1998. g/ Government of Usnada 5-5/4 poir come h/ Spread over U.S. Government of 1995.

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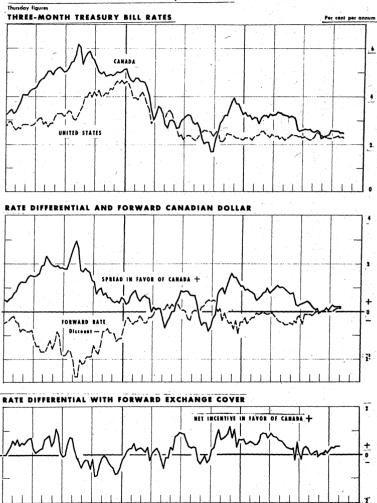
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	Bank of	Canada		Chartere	d banks		al publi	.C
	Treas. bills	Bonds	Government Total	Treas. bills	Bonds	Savings bonds	Treas. bills	Bonds
196 <b>1-Jan</b> .	-41	- 38	+15	+111	- 37	- 2	- 46	+23
Feb.	- 7	-68	-96	+ 67	+ 88	- 6	- 26	+39
Mar.	-47	+120	-25	- 36	+ 50	- 18	+ 30	+ 6
April	+ 9	+59	- 2	- 70	- 52	- 37	+ 64	-12
May	+17	-22	- 1	+ 63	+ 24	- 33	- 80	+1
June	-74	+43	+ 5	+ 33	+ 62	- 22	- 7	+37
July	+69	+21	+16	+ 16	+ 11	- 23	- 95	-37
Aug.	Ó	+21	+32	+107	+148	- 29	- 87	-35
Sept.	+16	+44	+ 9	- 58	+ 72	- 24	+ 40	+42
Oct.	-105	+14	-39	+109	+ 4	+ 4	- 3	-31

# Canada: Changes in Distribution of Holdings of Canadian Government Direct and Guaranteed Securities (millions of Ganadian dollars, par value)

Source: Bank of Canada, We Sel	•		ancial Stati	stics			·
(in mi	llions of	Canadian	dollars or	per cent)			
	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept.	Oct.
Money supply:2/		-					
Currency and deposits	13,876	13,866	13,861	14.011	14,368	14,368	14,39
Less: Govt. deposits	253	153	200	179	312	473	31
Equals: privately held	13,623	13,713	13,661	13,832	14,056	14,013	14,08
Change in period	- 29	+ 90	- 52	+ 171	+ 224	- 43	+ 7
General bank loans <sup>2</sup>	5,207	5,224	5,252	5,269	5,367	5,378	5,49
Change in period	- 2	+ 17	+ 28	+ 17	+ 98	+ 11	+ 12
Total Govt. securities:	17,780	17,695	17,763	17,739	17,885	18,061	18,01
Of which: Treas. bills	1,935	1,935	1,885	1,885	1,885	1,885	1,88
Bonds	12,308	12,258	12,404	12,402	12,577	12,776	12,72
Savings bonds	3,537	3,502	3,474	3,452	3,423	3,400	3,40
New security issues b/	926	891	725	1,086	660	1,024	61
Of which sold in U.S.	0	95	11	12	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	0	
Chartered bank liquidity:							
Cash reserve	1,017	1,018	1,027	1,025	1.039	1,062	1,07
Cash ratio	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.
Liquid assets	2,170	2,226	2,312	2,317	2,415	2,465	2,47
Liquid asset ratio	17.3	17.7	18.3	18.3	18.9		18.

Chart 1

# INTEREST ARBITRAGE, UNITED STATES / CANADA



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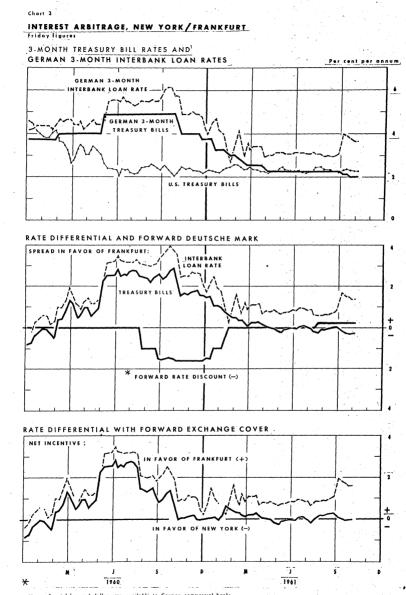
 $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}$ Friday figures annum 6 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATES LONDON 4 NEW YORK 2 RATE DIFFERENTIAL AND 3-MONTH FORWARD STERLING 2 SPREAD IN FAVOR OF LONDON 2 FORWARD RATE Discount 2 RATE DIFFERENTIAL WITH FAVOR OF LONDON FORWARD EXCHANGE COVER + IN FAVOR OF NEW YORK 5 M D T J s M 3 s D 55 1960 1961 1959

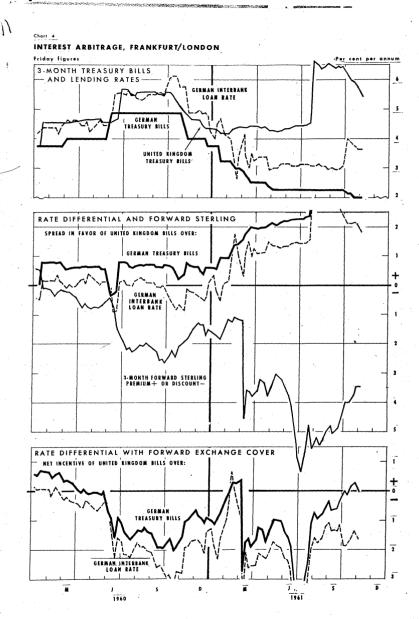
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# INTEREST ARBITRAGE, NEW YORK / LONDON

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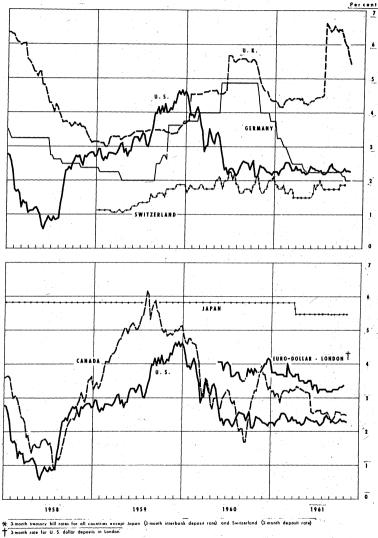
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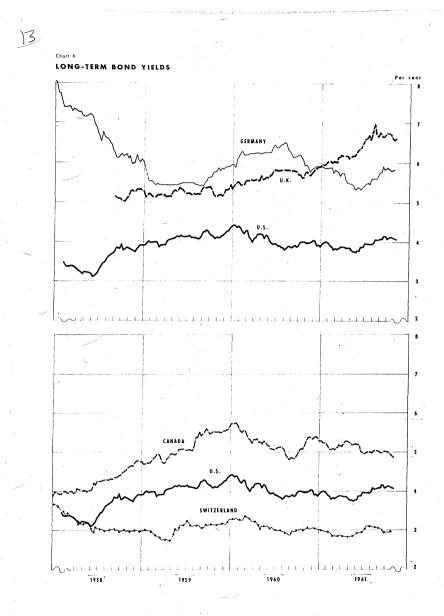
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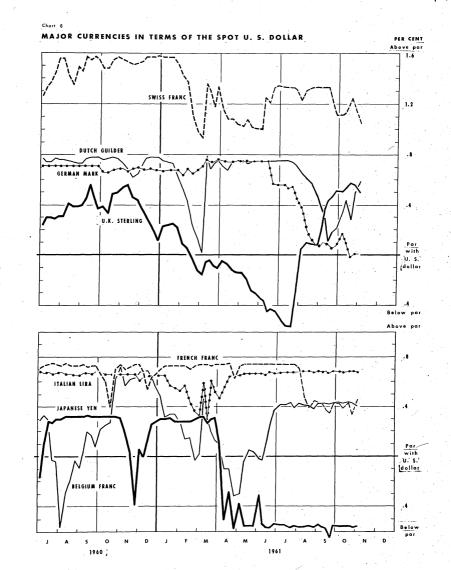
# Chart 5 SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES \*



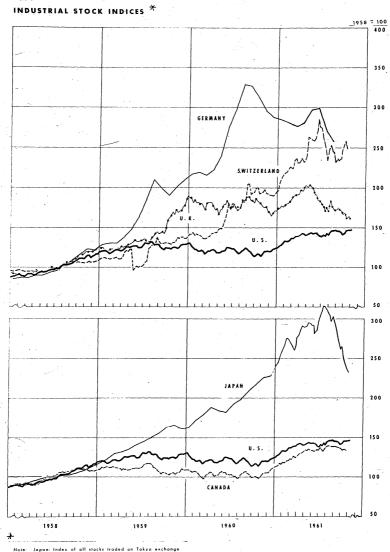
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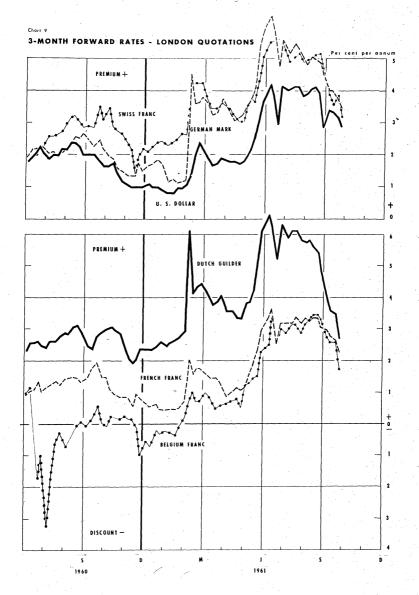




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# 15 Chart >



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