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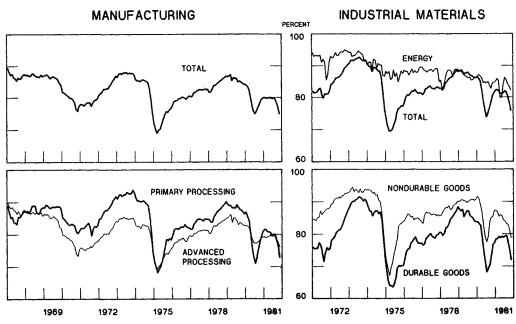
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CAPACITY UTILIZATION: MANUFACTURING AND MATERIALS
November 1981

Capacity utilization in manufacturing fell 2.0 percentage points in November to 74.9 percent, following declines of 1.5 percentage points in October, and 1.2 percentage points in September. The manufacturing operating rate in November was the same as its low in July 1980. The operating rate for producers of industrial materials fell 2.2 percentage points in November, following a 2.0 percentage point drop in October and a decline of 1.7 percentage points in September. At 75.8 percent, the materials rate in November was 2.0 percentage points above its July 1980 low.

Within manufacturing, substantial declines in utilization rates again were widespread. The rate for the primary processing industries fell 2.8 percentage points to 72.8 percent, and the rate for the advanced processing industries decreased 1.5 percentage points to 76.0 percent. The operating rate for producers of motor vehicles and parts dropped sharply, to about 50 percent of capacity. Largely as a result of sizable declines in auto and truck production, operating rates for the rubber and plastics and primary metals industries also fell sharply.

The utilization rate for producers of durable goods materials dropped 3.1 percentage points in November to 71.9 percent, reflecting substantial declines in the production of aluminum, raw steel, and parts for consumer durable goods and for business equipment. Capacity utilization by producers of nondurable goods materials fell 2.0 percentage points to 78.7 percent, as operating rates declined for producers of textile, paper, and chemical materials and containers. The operating rate for energy materials production decreased from 82.6 percent in October to 82.1 percent in November.



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OUTPUT, CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Output and Capacity are Percentages of 1967 Output; Capacity Utilization is a Per Cent of Capacity.

Seasonally Adjusted

Manufacturing

				MONT	HLY CAP	ACITY U	TILIZAT	ION								
SERIES	1 19731 1 HIGHI		1 1980 1 NOV.	DEC. I	1981 JAN.	PEB.	MAR.	APR.	NAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	88.0	69.0	79.3	79.8	80.0	79.8	79.8	79.8	80.0	79.6	79.8	79.6	78.4	76.9	74.9	
PRIMARY PROCESSING	93.8	68.2	79.5	80.9	81.5	81.5	80.8	80.7	80.6	79.5	80.1	79.9	78.1	75.6	72.8	
ADVANCED PROCESSING	85.5	69.4	79.0	79.2	79.2	79.0	79.2	79.4	79.8	79.7	79.8	79.4	78.5	77.5	76.0	
	OUTPUT					CAPACITY					UTILIZATION					
	1 1980 1 III	IV	1981 <u>I</u>	II		1980 III	IV	1981 <u>I</u>	11	1111	1980 III	IV	1981 I	II	III	
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	141.5	148.6	151.3	152.4	152.5	186.4	187.9	189.4	190,9	192.4	75.9	79.1	7 9 . 9	79.8	79.3	
PRIMARY PROCESSING	139.7	152.7	157.5	156.5	155.7	191.2	192.5	193.8	195.0	196.3	73.1	79.3	81.3	80.3	79.4	
ADVANCED PROCESSING	142.3	146.2	148.1	150.2	150.8	183.8	185.5	187.1	188.7	190.4	77.4	78.8	79.1	79.6	79.2	

Industrial Materials

				MONT	HLY CAP	ACITY U	TILIZAT	ION	····					·		
SERIES	1973; HIGH		1 1980 1 NOV.	DEC. 1	1981 JAN:	FEB.	MAR.	APR-	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AU 3.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	
MATERIALS, TOTAL	92.6	69.4	80.5	81.4	82.1	82.3	82.1	81.1	81.2	81.3	81.9	81.7	80.0	78.0	75.8	
DURABLE GOCDS MATERIALS	91.5	63.6	76.6	77-1	78.4	78.5	79.2	78.8	79.2	78.9	79.3	79.5	77.3	75.0	71.9	
METAL MATERIALS	98.3	68.6	81.4	80.3	81.9	83.2	83.9	79.9	80.3	78.7	795	83.0	79.0	74.5		
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	94.5	67.2	85.3	87.2	87.3	86.8	85.4	85.9	856	84.3	83.9	83.0	82.9	80.7	78.7	
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	95.1	65.3	84.9	87.1	86.7	86.3	85.0	85.5	85.4	83.5	83.2	82.3	82.1	79.9	77.9	
1EXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	92.61 99.41 95.51	72.4	82.4 94.3 83.3	80.2 95.0 86.8	94.5	82.2 94.5 85.3	81.5 95.3 83.4	81.9 94.9 84.1	81.7 93.9 84.3	80.5 93.0 82.0	82.0 92.9 81.2	82.3 93.6 79.7	81.3 95.7 79.3	79.5 92.1 77.2		
ENERGY MATERIALS	94.6	84,8	84.4	84.61	84.9	85.8	85.2	79.9	79.8	83.7	86.2	85.6	83.1	82.6	82.1	
Ī	OUTPUT 1 1980 1981				(CAPACITY 1980 1981						UTILIZATION 1980 1981					
.]	III	IV	1981	11			<u>IV</u>		11			IV_	130 I			
MATERIALS, 101AL	139.2	149.4	154.2	153.4	154.3	185.1	186.4	187.6	188.9	190.1	75.2	80.1	82.2	81.2	81.2	
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	131.4	144.3	150.9	152.3	152.7	189.5	190.6	191.8	192.9	194.0	69., 3	75.7	78.7	79.0	78.7	
METAL MATERIALS	87.3	109.4	117.5	112.8	114.2	141.2	141.3	141.5	141.7	141.9	61.8	77.4	83.0	79.6	80.5	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	163.2	176.3	179.2	178.4	175.8	203.4	205.3	207.3	209.2	211.2	80.2	85.9	86.5	85.3	83.3	
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	167.0	183.7	186.7	185.9	182.8	212.6	214.9	217.1	219.4	221.7	78.5	85.5	86.0	84.8	82.5	
TEXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	113.2 143.6 200.0		151.4	114.5 151.0 231.6	152.2	157.2	139.71 158.51 270.51	159.7	140.6 160.7 277.5	141.01 161.91 281.01	91.3	81.41 94.51 84.31		81.4 93.9 83.5	81.8 94.1 80.1	
ENERGY MATERIALS	1 128.4	128.2	130.9	125.1	131.6	152.3	152.8	153.5	154.2	155.0	84.4	83.91	85.3	81.1	85.0	

NOTE: ESTIMATES OF ACTUAL OUTPUT AND CAPACITY OUTPUT ARE BOTH EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGES OF 1967 ACTUAL OUTPUT. ESTIMATES OF CAPACITY UTILIZATION IN PERCENT ARE CALCULATED AS RATIOS OF (1) THE PEDERAL RESERVE'S SEASONALLY ADJUSTED INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION TO (2) THE CORRESPONDING INDEXES OF CAPACITY. INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS ARE ITEMS BOTH PRODUCED AND USED AS INPUTS BY MANUFACTURING PLANTS, MINES AND UTILITIES; INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS COVER MANY OF THE ITEMS REPRESENTED IN THE PRIMARY PROCESSING GROUPING OF MANUFACTURING AS WELL AS SOME OF THE OUTPUT OF MINES AND UTILITIES -- SUCH AS IRON ORE, CRUDE OIL, AND ELECTRICITY SOLD TO INDUSTRY.

THE 1973 HIGHS AND 1975 LOWS IN CAPACITY UTILIZATION, SHOWN IN THE TABLES ABOVE, ARE SPECIFIC TO EACH SERIES AND MAY OCCUR IN DIFFERENT HONTHS. INDUSTRIAL PLANTS USUALLY OPERATE AT CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES THAT ARE WELL BELOW 100 PERCENT; NONE OF THE BROAD AGGREGATE SERIES HAS EVER INDICATED A 100 PERCENT USE OF CAPACITY. CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES AVERAGED ABOUT 83 PERCENT FOR MANUFACTURING FROM 1955 THROUGH 1979, AND ABOUT 85 PERCENT FOR INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS FOR 1967 THROUGH 1979... IN MANUFACTURING AS A WHOLE, UTILIZATION RATES AS HIGH AS 90 PERCENT HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED ONLY IN WARTIME. THE PEAK RATES OF UTILIZATION IN 1973 WERE ASSOCIATED WITH SIGNIFICANT UPWARD PRESSURE ON PRICES.

THE METHODOLOGY AND THE SERIES ARE DESCRIBED IN <u>FEDERAL RESERVE MEASURES OF CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION</u>. BEVISED DATA ARE FOUND IN "CAPACITY UTILIZATION: HAWUFACTURING AND MATERIALS, JANUARY 1967--DECEMBER 1978." BOTH PUBLICATIONS MAY BE OBTAINED FROM PUBLICATIONS SERVICES, BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20551