FEDERAL RESERVE statistical release



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For Immediate release

CAPACITY UTILIZATION Manufacturing, Mining, Utilities, and Industrial Materials

November 16, 1983

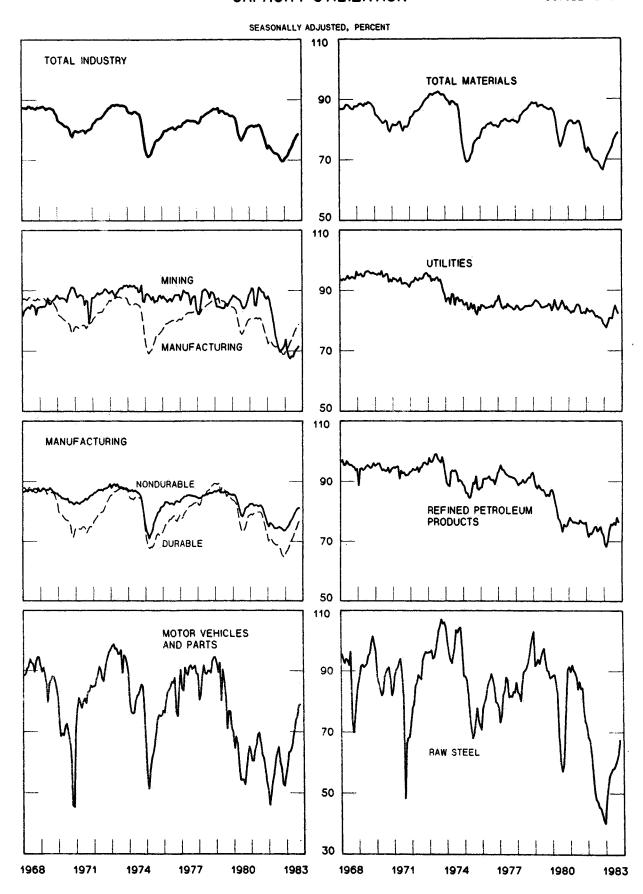
Capacity utilization in manufacturing, mining, and utilities rose to 78.6 percent in October from 78.1 percent in September -- a somewhat more moderate advance than those recorded during the previous seven months. The operating rate for total manufacturing increased 0.6 percentage point to 78.9 percent, largely as a result of gains in activity within durable manufacturing. The mining industry operated at 71.6 percent of capacity in October -- up 0.7 percentage point -- while the rate for utilities declined.

Within manufacturing, industries producing metals, machinery, and aerospace and miscellaneous transportation equipment showed the largest gains in operating rates. The iron and steel industry increased its capacity use by about 3 percentage points, and rates for the machinery industries were up almost 1-1/2 percentage points. Despite these advances, operating rates in the steel and nonelectrical machinery industries are still well below their long-term averages. Capacity utilization at auto assembly plants was cut back to about 77-1/2 percent in October, apparently reflecting temporary shortages of essential parts. Nonetheless, for the motor vehicles and parts industry as a whole the operating rate was up a little in October because of increases in the production of trucks and parts.

Producers of industrial materials utilized 78.9 percent of capacity in October, up from 78.4 percent in September. The operating rate for producers of durable materials rose 1.0 percentage point in October. The rate for producers of nondurable materials increased only slightly, and the rate for producers of energy materials decreased.

Capacity Utilization: Summary Percent of capacity, seasonally adjusted

1978 1982 1967 1973 1975 1983 LOW -80 TON -82 BIGH Series AVER. HIGH JULY AUG SEP OCT 71.1 **27.3** 69.6 82.4. 76.3 77.2 78.1 88_4 78.. 6 **Total industry** 69.0 87.5 81.8. 77.3 87.9 68.8 76-4 78.3 78.9 Manufacturing 64.8 80.5-Durable 87.9 67.6 89.4 73.6 74.5 76.0 76.9 89.1 71.0 87.2 73.8 83.9. 79.9 80.7 81_2 81.3 Nondurable Minina 91.8 86.0 90-4 69-6 86.5. 69.5 70.3 70-9 71.6 79.0 88.6. 83.5 85_0 82.0 8-63 83_4 82.4 Utilities 94.9 83.3. 76.5 69.3 68.9 77.4 92.6 66.6 78.4 78.9 Industrial Materials



MANUFACTURING, MINING AND UTILITIES

Table 1

Capacity Utilization
Monthly, seasonally adjusted, percent of capacity

Monthly, seasonally adjusted, percent of	of capacity														
Series	1973 BIGH	1975 LCW	1978 (-80 HIGH	1982 LOW	1967 -82 AVER-	YEAR AGC 1	1983 FRE J	MAK 1	APR	MAX 1	JUNET	JULXI	AUG! 1	SEP I	OCT
	 		RIGH.		AVEN	MUNIA	LEE 4		AKK I	BAX 1	JUBEL		-VARE I	JEF 1	
Total Industry	68.4	71-1	87.3	69.6	82.4	70-1	71.0	71_8	73.1	73.9	74.8	76.3	77. 2	78- 1	78.6
Manufacturing	87.9	69.0	87.5	68.8	81.8	69.4	70-6	71.6	72.9	73.8	74.9	76.4	77.3	78.3	78.9
Primary processing	93.7	68 2	91.4	66.2	84.0	67.6	70.8	72.1	73.4	74.6	75.7	27-1	78.0	79.2	79-6
Advanced processing	85.5					70.3	70.8	71.5	72.5	73.4	74.4	76.0	76-8	77.8	78.3
Durable manufacturing	87.9	67.6	89-4	64.8	 80-5		67-1	68.3	69.7	70-7	71-8	73.6	74.5	76.0	76.9
Stone, clay and glass products	88.0		90.4				66.0	67.8	69.1	69.5	70.6	72.6	73.7	75. 2	10.3
Iron and steel, subtotal	103.3			38.8			53.6	55.7	57.0	57.8	58.0	59.7	62.5	65.0	
Nonferrous metals, subtotal	99.0	60.8	98.2	62.1	83.8	65.6	68.7	71-8	73.6	75.7	75.4	74.1	73.2	774	78.3
Fabricated metal products Nonelectrical machinery		65.7			79.6	61.1	62.4	64.3	65.0	65.0	66.6	68.9	70.6	71.8	72.3
Electrical machinery		71.8	,				60.1	61.0	62.9	64_0	65.4	67.3	68.5	68-9	70-2
Motor vehicles and parts	88.7 98.7	62.3 51.3	90.6	74.7 46.1	80-0 78-6	75.0 52.9	7 6.0 63.5	77.9 63.7	79_3 65_0	80°-4 67-7	81.2 70.8	83-6 74-1	83.8 75.3	85.9 78.8	87.3 79.1
Autos	NA NA	I NA I	91.6	35.8		47.2	63.9	59.5	61.2	64.0	70-5	77.3	786	80.5	77-6
Aerospace and misc. trans. eqp.	76.0	68.0					67.8	68.1	68.2	68.0	67.9	68.0	68.3	68.8	69-6
instruments	89.6	73.7		73.1			72.0	72.2	72.6	72.9	72.8	74.2	75.1	75-9	75.9
Nondurable manufacturing	89.1	710	87.2	73.8	83.9	74.4	75-1	75.8	76-9	77.7	78.7	79.9	80_7	81.2	81.3
Foods		77.2					77.6	76.9	77.5	78.3	79.2	80.0	79.4	4100	0.25
Textile mill products		61.3				76.8		80.7	83.6	85.4	86.8	89.9	90.4	90.5	
Paper and products	96.7	69.1	95.1	84.2	89.6	88.5	88.5	88.8	89.1	91.6	92-3	93.4	95.1	95.2	94.8
Chemicals and products Petroleum products	86.2					64.6		67.4	68.2	68.8	69.8	70.8	71.2	71.6	
Rubber and plastics products	99.1			71.5			68.2	70.2	73.9	76.0	75-6	76.5	75.8	78-2	76-6
nubber and plastics products	97.4	62-1	91.5	74.0	88.3	76.6	78-6	80.9	84.1	85.5	87.2	87.8	90.3	91.5	
Mining	91_8	86.0	90-4	69.6	86.5	70-3	69-9	68.1	67.5	68.2	68.1	69.5	70.3	70.9	71.6
Utilities	94.9	82.0	1 1 86.8] 79.0	1 1 88.6	81.0	77.7	79.4	80.9	80.9	80.8	83.5	85.0	83.4	82.4
Electric utilities	97.6	82.1			89.8	79-4	76.5	78.5	80-1	80-0	79.4	82.9	84.6	82.6	£1.3

Table 2 Output, Capacity, and Capacity Utilization
Quarterly, seasonally adjusted

		00	TPUT		1		CAR	ACITY		1		UTILIZ				
Series	1982 III	IV	1983	11	III	1982 III	. IV	1943 T	11	1111	1982 111	14	1983	11	111	
	 					111									714	
Total Industry	138.2	135.3	138.5	144.5	151.7	192.8	193.7	1946	195.5	196.4	71.7	69-8	71.2	73.9	77.2	
Manufacturing	137.7	134.5	138-4	145.2	152.7	193.9	194.8	195.7	196-6	197.5	71.0	69.0	70.7	73.8	773	
Primary processing	132.4	129.3	137.0	145.2	152.5	193.0	193.7	194.3	194-8	195.31	68.6	66-81	70.5	74.6	78.1	
Advanced processing	140.5	137.3	139.7	145.1	152.7	194.3	195.4	196.5	197.6	198.61	72.3	70.21	71.1	73.5	76.9	
Durable manufacturing	124.8		124.2	131.1		183.3		184.7	185.4	186.1	68.1	65_1	67.2	70.7	74.7	
Stone, clay and glass products	128.7	126.91		139.7		198. 1		199.6	200.4	201-11	65.0	63.81	66 C	69.7	73.8	
Iron and steel, subtotal	57.3	49.41		69.2		121.3		120-1	.120. 1	120-14	47.2	41.04	52-8	57-6	62-4	
Nonferrous metals, subtotal	101_1		102.3	111.2		148. A		148_4	148.4	148.41	68.1	63.61	68.9	74.9	74-9	
Fabricated metal products	114.0		110.6	116.4		175.5		176.9	177.6	178.31	64-9	60.91	62.5	65.5	70.4	
Nonelectrical machinery	146_4		137.6	146.2		223.9		226.7	228.1	229.61	65-4	62-01	60.7	64.1	68.2	
Electrical machinery	169.0		170.7	179.9		219.6		222-4	224.1	225.71	77.0	74-91	76.8	80.3	84.5	
Motor vehicles and parts	119.1		120-0	130.7		194.9		193.7	192.7	191.7	61.1	53.81	62-0	67.8	76.0	
Autos	100.7		101.4	109.5		169.1		167-8	167.8	167-84	59-6	48-61	60-4	65-2	78-8	
Aerospace and misc. trans. eqp.	98.1		97.9	98.1		141_0		143.1	144-2	145.21	69-6	69.51	68.4	68.0	68.4	
instruments	164.2	156.1	154.0	155.7	161.5	210.9	212-0	213.0	214.1	215.11	77.9	73.7	72.3	72.8	75.1	
Nondurable manufacturing	156.4	155.7	159.0	165.5	172.3	209.3	210.5	211.7	212.8	213.9	74.8	74-01	75.1	77.8	80.6	
Foods	150.2	152.1	153.1	155.7		194.4	195.8	197.2	198.7	1	77.3	77.71	77.6	78.3		
Textile mill products	125.4	123.7	129-5	139.3	147.3	164-0	163.8	163.6	16.3. 4	163.21	76.5	75.51	79_1	85.3	90.3	
Paper and products	151.3	153.51	156.9	160.5	167.3	174.6	175.3	175.9	176.4	176-91	86.6	87.61	89-2	91.0	94-6	
Chemicals and products	195.4	194.31	201.9	211-4	220.3	298-4	301.3	304-1	306-8	309-41	65.5	64.51	66.4	68 9	71.2	
Petroleum products	122-9	120.8	113.3	122.5	124.6	165.4	164.6	163.8	163.0	162.11	74.3	73-41	69.2	75.2	76.8	
Rubber and plastics products	260.0	252.1	264.1	288.3	303.4	333.7	335.0	336.0	336.8	337.71	77.9	75.3	78_6	85.6	89.9	
Mining	117.2	117-0	116.7	112.3	116.2	164.8	1651	165.2	165.3	165-4	71.1	70.9	70-6	67.9	70.3	
Utilities Electric utilities	167.9 189.1	166-21 187-4	163.6 185.2	169.6 192.5		206.5		208.5	209.8 241.1	211.11 243.01	81.3 80.0	80-11 78-81	78.5 77.4	80.8 79.8	84.0 83.4	

INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS

Table 3

Capacity Utilization

Monthly, seasonally adjusted, percent of capacity

Series	1973 HIGH	1975 LOW	1978	1982 .	1967 I	YEAR I	1983								
			HIGH	1 ,	AVER.			MAR J	APR	HAY 1	JUNE	JULYI	AUG	SEP	OC I
Industrial Materials	92-6	69.3	88. 9	66_6	83.3	67-9	70. 1	71.5	72.5	73.5	74.4	76.5	77.4	78-4	78.9
Durable goods materials	91.4	63.5	88.4	59.8	79.7	60.9	64_2	66-0	67.7	68.9	70.0	72.1	73.5	75.1	76.1
Metal materials	97-8	68.0	95.4	46.2	82.2	49-3	56.1	58.8	59.9	61.0	61.2	62.3	64_0	66.2	67.9
Raw steel Aluminum	107_1 96_8		102.9				52. 1 58. J	55.7 59.8	56.9 60.5	58.0 63.0	58.2 64.5	59.4 68.0	61.0 71.2	63.3. 73.4	
Nondurable goods materials	94.4	67.4	91.7	70.7	86.5	73.1	75.3	76.8	77.2	787	79.6	80.7	80.9	82 3	82.5
Textile, paper, and chemical materials	95-1	65.4	92.3	68-6	86.5	70.9	74 1	75.8	76_4	78.1	79.2	80.4	80.3	81.3	e1.7
Paper materials Chemical materials	99.4 95.5		97.9 91.3					90.3 71.9	91-0 72-6	92.9 74.0	93.1 75.3	96.7 75.9	96.7 75.3	97.4 76.5	
Energy materials	94.5	84.4	88.9	78.5	88.5	80.0	79.2	79.2	78.9	78.5	78.8	82.6	82.9	81.6	81.3

Table 4

Output, Capacity, and Capacity Utilization

Series		OU	TPUT		1		CAF	ACLIY		1		UTILI	ZATION		
	1982				ì	1982		1983	1983		1982		1983		
	111	IV.	1	- 11	III	111	IY	I	11	1111	111	IV	1	11	111
Industrial Materials	.132-6	128-71	134.8	141.7	149.7	191.0	191.7	192.3	192.9	193.41 1	69.4	67.1	70_1	73.5	77.4
.Durable goods materials	124.7	117.1	125.2	134_7	144_1	194_4	194-81	195.2	195.6	196-0	64.2	60.2	64., 2	68.9	73.6
Metai materiais	73.0	66-5	78.6	84.9	89.6	140_6	140.3	140-2	139.9	139_8	51.9	47.4	5 6. 1	69.7	64-2
Raw steel Aluminum	55-2 104-9	49.9 97.5		68.7 105.1		120.0 167.5	119.7; 167.6;	119_4 167_7	119. 1 167. 7	118-8 167-7		41.7 58.1	51.9 59.0	57. 7 62. 7	61.2 70.9
Nondurable goods materials	155. 1	157.0	163.7	171.7	178.6	215.6	216-9	217-8	218-8	219.6	71.9	72.4	75.2	78.5	81.3
Textile, paper and chemical materials	158.4	160.8	169.3	179.6	186.9	226.8	228.3	229.4	∠30.7	231.6	69.8	70.5	73.0	779	80.7
Paper materials Chemical materials	145.9 188.5	147.6 191.9	149.9 204.7	153.4 219.4		163.6 290.6		165.3 294.8	166. 1 296. 6	166.9 298.3		89.71 65.5		92.3 740	9 6.9 75.9
Energy materials	123-8	121-5	122.2	121.5	127.5	152.8	153.3	153.9	154.3	154.7	81_0	79-2	79.5	78. 7	82.4

Definition. This release contains estimates of output, capacity, and capacity utilization for the nation's factories, mines, and electric and gas utilities. Estimates of actual output and capacity to output are expressed as percentages of 1987 actual output. Estimates of capacity utilization are calculated as ratios, in percent, of the Federal Reserve's seasonally adjusted indexes of industrial production to the indexes of capacity. The capacity indexes are based on a variety of data, including capacity data in physical units, surveys of capacity growth and utilization rates, and estimates of capital stock growth. Instead of a formal definition of capacity the concept of practical capacity is applied, which is the greatest level of output that a plant can maintain within the framework of a realistic work pattern, taking account of normal downtime, and assuming sufficient availability of inputs to operate machinery and equipment in place. When the capacity indexes for individual industries are aggregated—for example to total manufacturing—no explicit account is taken of possible general equilibrium constraints such as emerging industry bottlenecks.

Groupings. Estimates of capacity and industrial production for manufacturing industries are aggregated to primary processing and advanced processing industries, to durable and non-durable manufacturing industries, and to total manufacturing. The mining, manufacturing, and utilities estimates aggregate to the total index. Industrial materials are items produced and used as inputs by manufacturing plants, mines, and utilities. Industrial materials include many of the items included in the primary processing grouping of manufacturing, as well as some of the output of the advanced processing industries, mines, and utilities—such as iron ore, crude oil, semiconductors, and electricity sold to industry.

Perspective. The historical highs and lows in capacity utilization shown in the tables above are specific to each series and did not all occur in the same month. Industrial plants usually operate at capacity utilization rates that are well below 100 percent: none of the broad aggregates has ever reached 100 percent. For mining, manufacturing, and utilities as a whole, and for total manufacturing, utilization rates as high as 90 percent have been exceeded only in war-time.

Revisions. The first estimates for a month are published about the 17th of the following month. These estimates may revise in each of the next three months as new data become available. After the fourth month no further revisions are undertaken until an annual or benchmark revision. The median of the revisions in the total manufacturing utilization rate between the first and fourth estimate is 0.3 of a percentage point; that is, in about half of the cases, the absolute value of the revision from the first to the fourth estimate is less than 0.3 of a percentage point.

Sources. The methodology used to estimate the series is discussed in New Federal Reserve Measures of Capacity and Capacity Utilization, Federal Reserve Bulletin, July 1983. Revised data from 1967–82 are included in the statistical supplement to the July 1983 capacity utilization release, which may be obtained from Publications Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

Rounding. The rounding algorithms applied to the capacity, output, and utilization rate series are independent. Aggregates are derived from unrounded detailed components.

Release schedule for 1983. Approximately 11 a.m. on August 17, September 16, October 17, November 16 and December 16.