# **FEDERAL RESERVE statistical release**



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For release at 9:15 a.m. (EDT) August 16, 1989

# CAPACITY UTILIZATION Manufacturing, Mining, Utilities, and Industrial Materials

Capacity utilization in manufacturing, mining, and utilities held steady at 83.6 percent in July. The operating rate for manufacturing edged down 0.1 percentage point to 83.9 percent, but was offset by increases in mining and utilities. The decline in utilization for manufacturing in July reflected a slightly lower operating rate for advanced processing, which was partially offset by an upturn in primary processing. Even so, utilization in primary processing remains substantially below its level at the beginning of the year while the rate for advanced processing has been little changed.

The slight easing in the operating rate for manufacturing in July resulted from another sizable drop in auto assemblies. Utilization at automobile plants has fallen from nearly 80 percent last December to just 61.8 percent in July. Operating rates for most other advanced processing industries either held steady or rose in July. Aerospace and miscellaneous transportation equipment, supported by strong increases in civilian aircraft production, reached 89.0 percent in July, more than 3 percentage points higher than at the end of last year. Within primary processing, the largest operating rate increases came at producers of primary metals and petroleum products. Despite the July increase, utilization in primary metals has trended down with considerable month—to—month variability since the start of the year. Most of the downward trend for primary metals this year has resulted from easing at steel makers; operating rates at nonferrous metals producers have shown little change, on balance.

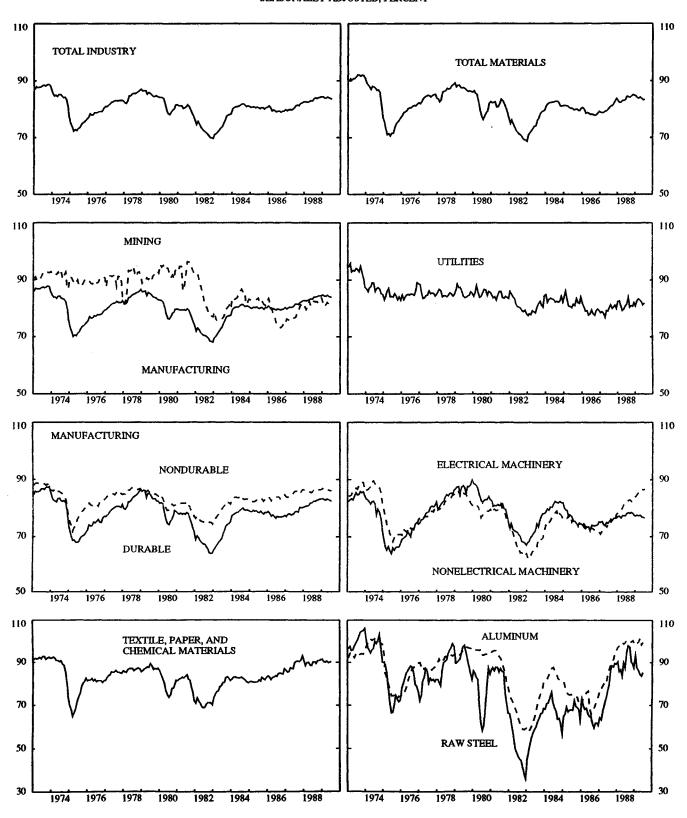
Utilization at producers of industrial materials increased 0.2 percentage point in July to 83.4 percent. The gains were widespread, with an especially strong rise at producers of metal materials.

### **Capacity Utilization: Summary**

Percent of capacity, seasonally adjusted

Series	1973   High	1975   Low	1978   	1982 Low	1967   88 Ave.	1989	Mov	1	11
					AVO.	Apr	<u>May</u>	Jun	<u>Jul</u>
Total industry	88.6	72.1	86.9	69.5	81.6	84.2	83.9	83.6	83.6
Manufacturing Durable manufacturing Nondurable manufacturing	87.7 87.4 88.8	69.9 67.9 71.8	86.5 86.3 87.0	68.0 63.7 74.2	80.7 78.8 83.6	84.5 83.0 86.5	84.2 82.8 86.2	84.0 82.6 86.1	83.9 82.3 86.2
Mining Utilities	92.8 95.6	87.8 82.9	95.2 88.5	76.9 78.0	86.5 86.7	82.0 82.9	81.4 82.3	80.6 81.2	80.9 81.8
Materials	92.0	70.5	89.1	68.5	82.3	84.2	83.7	83.2	83.4

#### SEASONALLY ADJUSTED, PERCENT



#### **MANUFACTURING, MINING AND UTILITIES**

Table 1

# **Capacity Utilization**

Monthly, seasonally adjusted, percent of capacity 1973 | 1975 | 1978 1988 1982 1967 High -80 -88 Jul 1988 1989 Series Low Low Dec May Feb Mar Apr Jun Jul High Nov Ave Jan 84.3 83.9 83.8 84.2 83.9 83.6 83.6 Total industry 88.6 72.1 86.9 69.5 81.6 83.7 84.1 84.3 87.7 69.9 80.7 84.7 84.5 84.2 84.0 83.9 Manufacturing 86.5 68.0 84.0 84.4 84.4 84.3 84.1 88.1 Primary processing 68.3 89.1 65.0 82.0 87.9 88.4 87.0 86.4 86.8 86 1 85.9 86.3 Advanced processing 86.0 71.1 85.1 69.5 80.2 82.2 82.6 82.8 83.1 83.0 83.0 83.5 83.4 83.1 82.8 67.9 83.0 83.1 83.0 82.8 82.3 Durable manufacturing 87.4 86.3 63.7 78.8 82.3 83.2 82.9 82.6 82.6 Stone, clay & glass prod. 84.5 89.3 67.1 86.6 62.9 78.5 82.1 83.5 83.6 83.6 83.6 82.9 81.5 81.9 Primary metals 87.1 101.9 67.0 97.1 45.8 79.9 89.5 90.4 87.6 90.6 88.4 85.6 83.8 84.0 85.3 66,6 100.3 79.0 86.5 85.1 Iron and steel 105.8 37.6 89.7 90.2 91.6 87.9 84.1 80.8 80.8 62.1 90.7 87.5 89.7 Nonferrous metals 91.1 60.8 89.3 89.1 89.3 89.0 87.8 88.3 Fabricated metal products 85.0 64.7 87.4 61.3 78.0 83.8 84.8 84.9 84.3 84.1 83.4 82.8 83.6 83.3 83.3 68.2 63.7 Nonelectrical machinery 89.0 86.0 62.9 78.2 82.4 82.8 83.7 83.9 84.7 85.5 86.0 86.6 86.4 86.6 Electrical machinery 85.7 89.9 66.9 78.1 78.2 78.0 77.3 77.3 77.5 77.3 77.4 76.8 76.7 76.5 84.2 75.2 Motor vehicles and parts 97.1 52.7 93.3 47.0 78.2 81.5 85.5 87.2 86.6 85.4 83.2 82.5 80.2 76.2 Autos 71.4 86.7 73.1 87.4 93.3 36.6 76.7 79.8 75.7 72.9 72.2 69.6 61.8 Aerosp. & misc. transp. eq. 77.0 696 70.7 78 1 85 6 85.6 86.2 86.9 87 1 85.7 86.2 87.9 89.0 82.7 89.2 74.9 88.9 77.8 82.5 83.6 83.4 83.9 Instruments 82.9 83.4 81.7 83.2 83.1 83.5 84.0 Other durables 87.7 69.0 81.0 81.6 81.4 81.7 82.4 79.8 80.7 80.9 80.9 80.4 69.1 79.4 Nondurable manufacturing 8.88 71.8 87.0 83.6 86.4 86.4 86.3 86.3 86,3 86.5 86.2 86.1 86.2 86.8 85.8 85.1 82.1 85.2 80.6 81.2 90.7 80.6 8.08 Foods 76.5 81.0 80.8 80.1 80.7 Textile mill products 92.1 58.9 88.3 70.6 90.2 88.9 89.1 89.9 90.1 92.0 92.8 93.4 88.8 Paper and products 95 6 67.7 92.7 80.2 95.9 93.7 94.1 95.1 93.5 93.2 92.2 91.6 90.2 69.2 83.7 89.2 87.5 87.5 Chemicals and products 88 6 82.9 67.6 79.3 88.1 89.1 89.3 88.7 88.7 88.3 87.5 84.9 87.6 85.2 85.9 88.9 Petroleum products 99.6 91.7 68.8 86.9 87.5 86.5 86.7 86.1 87.6 Rubber & plastics prod. Other nondurables 97.5 59.5 89.4 85.0 88.3 85 8 86.4 87.2 86.0 85.2 85 4 71.2 86 2 72.3 78.9 85.8 85.7 87.1 86.4 92.4 86.0 85.1 86.5 87.1 87.8 86.4 86.6 86.6 Mining 92.8 87.8 95.2 76.9 86.5 82.5 83.3 83.6 82.2 80.6 81.2 82.0 81.4 80.6 80.9 95.6 Utilities 81.5 80.8 78.0 80.9 82.9 Electric utilities 98.7 83.0 87.6 78.2 87.9 86.4 84.0 84.7 83.4 86.0 86.9 86.8 85.8 84.4 85.4

Table 2

# Output, Capacity, and Capacity Utilization

Quarterly, seasonally adjusted <u>Utilization</u> Outpu Capacity 1989 1988 1989 1988 1989 1988 Series QIII QIV QII QIII QII QIII QI\ QII QIV QII QI Q QII Q Q 136.0 138.4 139.9 140.7 165.2 166.3 167.5 168.7 83.8 83.9 Total industry 141.6 164.2 82.8 84.1 84.0 Manufacturing 141.5 144.0 145.8 147.0 148.0 170.2 171.5 172.8 174.3 175.7 83.2 84.0 84.2 84.4 84.4 127.7 86.8 87.3 86,2 Primary processing 123 9 125.9 127 R 127 142.7 143 9 145.2 146.5 147.8 87.9 Advanced processing 152.3 154.9 156.7 158.6 160.5 186.7 188.1 189.5 191.0 192.6 81.5 82.4 82.7 83.0 83.3 141.0 143.3 146 0 173.0 Durable manufacturing 145 2 146.8 1740 175 0 82 9 829 82.8 176 1 81.5 82.4 Stone, clay & glass prod. Primary metals 122.1 122.5 125.8 123.6 124.4 148.9 149.4 150.0 148.4 150.5 82.2 85.7 82.2 83.2 83.9 82.1 87.3 92.3 89.7 85.0 90.9 88.1 102.0 102.3 102.6 103.1 103.7 90.0 88.2 80.2 113.7 80.5 75.8 89.3 89.5 89.6 Iron and steel 89.8 Nonferrous metals 109.1 114.5 113.2 113.7 125.8 126.4 127.1 127.7 128,4 86.8 89.9 90.1 88.6 88.6 124.1 124.3 180.8 144 6 145 7 84.5 82.9 Fabricated metal products 1197 122.1 124 1 146 9 148.0 149.1 82.7 83.9 83.9 83.2 175.7 Nonelectrical machinery 174.0 185.9 209.3 210.6 211.9 82.6 169.6 81.0 84.7 77.3 213.5 215.4 86.3 182.0 231.5 Electrical machinery 179.1 181.8 181.4 181.5 232.5 233.5 234.5 235.6 78.2 78.0 77.0 77.4 123.4 122.9 143.3 Motor vehicles and parts 142.8 143.8 144.4 145.0 82.5 82.0 85.8 85.1 110.6 109.9 108.2 116.9 108.9 149.9 150.1 150.2 150.2 150.0 73.3 72.1 73.6 72.6 177.5 178.6 Aerosp. & misc. transp. eq. 151.5 152.0 152.3 153.7 157.2 175.3 176.4 179.9 86.4 86.2 85.8 86.0 87.4 151.6 157.0 159.8 161.4 138.5 191.8 171.2 Instruments 164 0 188.3 190.1 193.9 196.2 80.5 82.6 83.3 83.2 83.6 169.9 137.6 139.9 Other durables 140.5 168.6 138.1 172.5 173.8 81.9 81.0 81.7 80.3 80.9 Nondurable manufacturing 142.3 145.0 146.7 148.4 149.7 166.3 168.0 169.8 171.6 85.6 86.3 86.4 173.5 86.5 86.3 143.3 176.8 181.0 Foods 140.9 145.2 146.1 178.2 179.6 182.4 80.4 80.8 80.7 80.7 79.7 **Fextile mill products** 115.4 116.6 117.4 119.8 123.6 128.9 130.4 131.8 132.7 133.2 89.5 89.4 89.1 90.2 149.1 151.4 151.4 152.4 149.7 157.7 159.2 162.3 163.9 94.5 Paper and products 160.7 95.1 94.2 93.9 91.4 Chemicals and products 149.5 154.5 157.4 158.9 158.9 173.2 174.9 176.7 178.8 181.1 86.3 88.5 89.1 88.9 87.7 Petroleum products 95.9 94.9 96.4 97.1 97.5 111.4 111.6 111.9 112.1 112.3 86.1 85.0 86.2 86.6 86.8 Rubber & plastics prod. Other nondurables 173.4 175.3 177.3 175.8 179.5 196.8 199.7 202.6 205.5 208.5 88.1 87.8 87.5 85.5 86.1 144.5 147.2 148.3 152.3 155.2 168.6 170.9 173.3 175.7 178.1 85.7 86.1 85.6 86.7 87.2 Mining 103.4 103.9 104.2 101.8 101.4 127.0 126.3 125.7 125.1 124.7 81.5 82.3 82.9 81,3 81.3 Utilities 111.9 114.3 116.0 116.1 140.4 140.7 141.0 141.4 79.9 81.9 81.3 82.3 82.1 129.8 135.2 134.4 135.5 155.4 156.1 156.7 83.5 85.7 Electric utilities 132.4 157.4 158.2 86.6 85.4 84.5

Note. Data for output are percentages of 1977 output as shown in the Federal Reserve's seasonally adjusted indexes of industrial production. Capacity is also

expressed as a percentage of 1977 actual output. Capacity utilization percentages are calculated as ratios of production to capacity.

#### **INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS**

Table 3

# **Capacity Utilization**

Monthly, seasonally adjusted, percent of capacity

Series	1973   High	1975 Low	1978   80	1982 Low	1967 -88	1988 Jul	1988		1989						
Series	nigii	LOW	High	LOW	Ave.	Jui	Nov	Dec	Jan	_Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul
Materials	92.0	70.5	89.1	68.5	82.3	84.4	85.1	84.9	84.6	84.0	83.7	84.2	83.7	83.2	83.4
Durable goods materials Metal materials	91.8 99.2	64.4 67.1	89.8 93.6	60.9 45.7	79.1 77.9	81.7 84.9	82.7 86.9	82.1 84.6	82.1 86.1	81.5 83.8	80.9 81.5	81.3 83.6	80.8 79.5	80.5 80.7	80.7 82.2
Raw steel Aluminum	106.0 95.7	66.4 73.0	98.9 97.4	36.1 58.8	80.7 87.8	95.1 100.8	89.3 100.5	87.6 99.4	93.3 100.2	87.6 99.2	86.3 99.7	84.4 101.5	83.7 98.4	85.4 99.6	
Nondurable goods materials Textile, paper, & chem. mat.	91.1 92.8	66.7 64.8	88.1 89.4	70.7 68.8	83.6 84.1	88.9 90.4	89.4 90.9	89.8 91.3	90.1 91.5	89.0 90.3	88.8 90.2	89.2 90.7	88.9 89.9	88.8 90.2	89.1 90.5
Pulp & paper, & chem. mat. Pulp & paper materials Chemical materials	98.4 92.5	70.6 64.4	97.3 87.9	79.9 63.5	92.0 81.3	100.0 88.8	96.7 90.5	98.4 90.7	98.1 90.7	95.8 89.8	95.3 89.7	94.5 90.1	93.2 88.9	92.3 89.1	90.5
Energy materials	94.6	86.9	94.0	82.3	88.9	86.2	86.2	86.5	84.9	84.9	85.4	86.0	85.2	83.7	83.9

Table 4

#### **Output, Capacity, and Capacity Utilization**

Quarterly, seasonally adjusted

						Capacit	γ	Utilization Utilization							
Series	1988			1989		1988			1989		1988			1989	
	QII	QIII	QIV	QI	QII	QIL	QIII	QIV	QI	QII	QII	QIII	QIV	QL	QII
Materials	124.0	126.5	128.0	127.6	127.7	149.3	150.1	150.8	151.7	152.6	83.0	84.3	84.9	84.1	83.7
Durable goods materials	134.1	137.1	139.2	138.6	138.5	166.8	167.9	169.0	170.1	171.3	80.4	81.6	82.4	81.5	80.8
Metal materials	88.1	92.7	94.8	92.3	89.9	109.1	109.5	109.8	110.2	110.6	80.8	84.8	86.3	83.8	81.3
Raw steel	77.1	85.9	79.5	79.8	76.2	88.7	88.9	89.2	89.6	90.2	86.9	96.8	89.1	89.0	84.5
Aluminum	94.8	97.2	97.8	98.5	99.1	95.5	96.7	97.9	98.7	99.2	99.2	100.5	99.9	99.7	99.8
Nondurable goods materials	130.4	132.8	135.4	136.3	137.2	148.3	149.8	151.2	152.7	154.2	87.9	88.6	89.5	89.3	89.0
Textile, paper, & chem. mat.	132.4	135.3	138.1	139.2	140.2	148.5	150.2	151.8	153.5	155.3	89.2	90.0	91.0	90.7	90.3
Pulp & paper materials	145.9	148.9	148.6	148.4	145.4	149.2	150.7	152.3	154.0	155.8	97.8	98.8	97.6	96.4	93.3
Chemical materials	135.7	139.4	144.1	145.4	146.3	155.4	157.4	159.3	161.4	163.7	87.3	88.6	90.5	90.1	89.4
Energy materials	100.6	102.5	102.0	100.7	100.5	119.4	119.0	118.7	118.4	118.3	84.2	86.0	86.0	85.0	84.9

#### **Explanatory Notes.**

Definition. This release contains estimates of output, capacity, and capacity utilization for the nation's factories, mines, and electric and gas utilities Output data are the Federal Reserve's seasonally adjusted indexes of industrial production, which express output as percentages of 1977 output. The capacity estimates are expressed as percentages of 1977 output as well. Capacity utilization percentages are calculated as ratios of production to capacity. The capacity indexes are based on a variety of data, including capacity data in physical units compiled by trade associations, private and government surveys of capacity growth and utilization rates, and estimates of capital stock growth. The concept of practical capacity is applied, which is defined as the greatest level of output that a plant can maintain within the framework of a realistic work pattern, taking account of normal downtime, and assuming sufficient availability of inputs to operate machinery and equipment in place. When the capacity indexes for individual industries are aggregated—for example to total manufacturing-no explicit account is taken of possible general equilibrium constraints such as emerging industry bottlenecks. Because of the large and heterogeneous database, changes in utilization rates may be more meaningful in the analysis of business conditions than any particular level of these rates

Groupings. Estimates of capacity and industrial production are aggregated to primary and advanced processing industries, to durable and nondurable manufacturing industries, and to total manufacturing. The mining, manufacturing, and utilities estimates aggregate to the total index. Primary processing includes textile mill products, paper and products, industrial chemicals, petroleum products, rubber and plastics products, lumber and products, primary metals, fabricated metal products, and stone, clay, and glass products. Advanced processing includes foods, tobacco products, apparel products, printing and publishing, chemical products such as drugs and toiletries, leather and products, furniture and fixtures,

government—owned—and—operated ordnance facilities. Industrial materials are items produced and used as inputs by manufacturing plants, mines, and utilities. Industrial materials include many of the items included in the primary processing grouping of manufacturing, as well as some of the output of the

advanced processing industries, mines, and utilities—such as iron ore, crude oil, semiconductors, and electricity sold to industry.

Perspective. The historical highs and lows in capacity utilization shown in the tables above are specific to each series and did not all occur in the same month. Industrial plants usually operate at capacity utilization rates that are well below 100 percent; none of the broad aggregates has ever reached 100 percent. For mining, manufacturing, and utilities as a whole, and for total manufacturing, utilization rates as high as 90 percent have been exceeded only in wartime.

Revisions. The first estimates for a month are published about the 16th of the following month. These estimates may revise in each of the next three months as new data become available. After the fourth month, no further revisions are undertaken until an annual or benchmark revision. The median of the revisions in the total manufacturing utilization rate between the first and fourth estimate is 0.3 percentage point; that is, in about half of the cases, the absolute value of the revision from the first to the fourth estimate is less than 0.3 of a percentage point.

Sources. The basic methodology used to estimate the series is discussed in Richard D. Raddock, "Revised Federal Reserve Rates of Capacity Utilization," Federal Reserve Bulletin Vol. 71 (October 1985), pp. 754-66. Historical utilization rates since 1967 (1948 in the case of manufacturing) are included in the statistical supplement to the October 1987 capacity utilization release. Copies may be obtained from Publications Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

Rounding. Utilization rates are calculated from unrounded capacity and production indexes. Aggregates are derived from unrounded detailed components.

Release schedule for 1989. At 9:15 a.m. on January 18, February 15, March 16, April 14, May 15, June 15, July 14, August 16, September 15, October 17, November 14, and December 15.