

FEDERAL RESERVE

statistical release

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For immediate release October 17, 1978

INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS

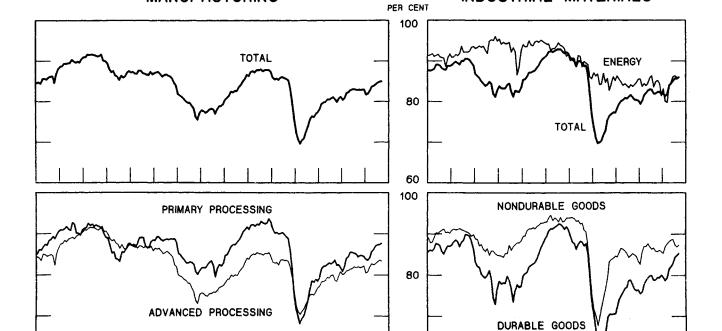
CAPACITY UTILIZATION: MANUFACTURING AND MATERIALS September 1978

Capacity utilization in manufacturing was about unchanged in September at 85.0 per cent. The utilization rate for advanced processing industries edged down .1 percentage point to 83.5 per cent, and the rate for primary processing industries rose .3 percentage point to 87.7 per cent. The rebound of paper production after the strike and continuing gains in production of metals largely accounted for the rise in primary processing utilization.

Industrial materials capacity utilization rose by an estimated .4 percentage point to 86.0 per cent. Capacity use increased by about one-half percentage point in both the durable and nondurable goods materials sectors. Energy materials capacity utilization was little unchanged.

The preliminary third quarter rate of manufacturing capacity utilization rose .9 percentage point to 84.9. In materials, the second to third quarter increase was 1.2 percentage points to 85.7.

MANUFACTURING



60

1969

1972

1975

1978

1978

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

1969

1972

1975

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OUTPUT, CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Output and Capacity are Percentages of 1967 Output; Capacity Utilization is a Per Cent of Capacity.

Seasonally Adjusted

Manufacturing

				MUNT	HLY LAF	ACTIV U	TILIZAT	I I GN					-		
SERIES	1 19731		1 1977			1	1978								
	- j - HICH İ	LUM	1 SEP.	OC I	NDY.	DEC_	dAN	Ft Ba	H&&a_	APH	MAY			<u>AlıG</u>	<u>``````````````````````````````````</u>
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	88.0	69.0	82.9	02.9	82.9	83.0	01.7	61.9	02.7	83.7	83.9	64.3	84.7	64.9	85.0
PRIMARY PROCESSING	93.6	68.1	84-4	84.7	84.7	84.5	8.6	83.6	84-1	65.7	86.4	67.1	87.3	67.4	67.7
ADVANCED PROCESSING	85.4	70.4	82.0	61.8	81.9	62.2	۰0.5	80.8	82.0	82.7	82.5	82.B	83.2	83.6	د.30
	1	CUTPUT				I CAPACITY					1 UTILIZATION				
	1 1977		1978		ı	1977		1975			1977		1978		
	i111	1Y				111_	X-	<u>l</u> _		_ mi	111_		L	11	
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	156.7	139.5	139.8	144.4	147.4	167-1	108.7	170.3	172.0	173.7	83.0	82.9	02.1	04.0	04.9
PRIMARY PROCESSING	147.3	148.4	140.2	154-1	157.6	173.5	175.1	176.8	178.5	180.2	84.9	84.0	63.0	66.3	67.5
ADVANCED PROCESSING	134-2	135.0	135-4	139.3	141.9	163.8	165.3	166.9	168.5	170-2	81.9	82.0	01.1	02.7	03.4

Industrial Materials

				MUNT	HLY CAP	ACITY L	TILIZAT	1CN							
SERIES	1973 H1GHL		1977 SEP.	UL].	NOV.	DEC.	1978	frba	BAR	APR.	MAY	_JUNE_	JULY	AUG.	SEL
MATERIALS, TOTAL	93.1	69.7	02.0	82.4	82.3	61.4	81.9	81.3	81.9	84-0	84.5	85.1	85.7	85.6	86.0
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	92.5	64.3	78.9	79.5	79.4	80.1	79.6	78.7	79.4	81.0	62.1	⊎2 •8	84.4	84.5	65. 3
BASIC METAL MATERIALS	97.7	66.1	73.4	75.6	74.2	75.7	75.7	76.1	75.7	80.0	60.4	60.6	83.1	84.1	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	94.6	67.8	85.9	8>.8	86.1	85.0	85.3	86.9	87.7	88.2	88.6	66.7	67.4	86.9	67.5
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	94.5	65.5	84.7	64.9	84.3	84.0	64.5	85.3	86.5	86.5	86.9	87.0	86.3	85.1	65.6
TEXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	94.4 100.5 93.8	71.8	80.3 89.1 84.8	82.9 88.3 84.6	82.4 86.7 84.4	82.0 85.2 64.3	68.1	80.7 89.0 85.7	80.1 89.5 67.4	81.0 90.2 87.2	81.0 90.5 87.7	81.7 90.2 87.8	81.1 66.9 67.7	80.5 82.7 87.1	
ENERGY MATERIALS	94-6	82.7	84.9	85.2	84.4	81.4	83.1	80.0	79.7	64.0	84.7	86.1	86.3	85.9	86.0
	OUTPUT			!			CAPACITY			<u> </u>	UTILIZATION				
	1977 	IV_	1978 			1977 	IY_	1978	11		1977 		1978		111
MATERIALS, TOTAL	138.1	138.9	139.2	145.1	148.3	167.8	168.9	170.4	171.7	173.0	82.3	82.2	81.7	84.5	85.7
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	136.0	137.7	137.9	144.0	149.5	171.6	172.8	174.0	175.2	176.3	79.2	79.7	79.3	82.2	84.8
BASIC METAL MATERIALS	109.4	109.4	110.5	117.5	į	145.3	145.5	145.8	146.1	•	75.3	75.2	75.8	80.4	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	154.4	155.0	158.0	103.2	162.6	178.8	180.4	162.3	164.4	166.5	86.3	65.9	66. 7	06.5	87.2
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	159.2	159.5	163.1	167.7	167.4	187.1	188.9	190.8	193.1	195.4	65.1	84.5	85.5	8.00	05.7
TEXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	135.1	132.3	115.3 136.5 194.9	139.7	1	142.5 151.3 221.2		143.5 153.0 226.6	144.1 154.8 230.1	1	78.6 89.3 85.7	82.41 86.71 84.51	80.3 88.9 86.0	81.2 90.3 87.5	
ENERGY MATERIALS	123.4	121.9	119.1	125.5	127.8	145.2	145.7	147.2	147.8	148.41	85.0	83.71	80.9	84.9	86.1

NOTE: ESTIMATES OF ACTUAL DUTPUT AND CAPACITY OUTPUT ARE BOTH EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGES OF 1967 ACTUAL OUTPUT. ESTIMATES OF CAPACITY UTILIZATION IN PERCENT ARE CALCULATED AS RATIOS OF (1) THE FEDERAL RESERVE'S SEASOMALLY ADJUSTED INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION TO (2) THE CURRESPONDING INDEXES OF CAPACITY. INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS ARE ITEMS BOTH PRODUCED AND USED AS IN-PUTS BY MANUFACTURING PLANTS, MIMES AND UTILITIES; INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS COVER MANY OF THE ITEMS REPRESENTED IN THE PRIMARY PROCESSING GROUPING OF MANUFACTURING AS WELL AS SOME OF THE OUTPUT OF MIMES AND UTILITIES -- SUCH AS IRON URE, CRUDE OIL, AND ELECTRICITY SOLD TO IMDUSTRY.

THE 1973 HIGHS AND 1975 LONS IN CAPACITY UTILIZATION, SHOWN IN THE TABLES ABOVE, ARE SPECIFIC TO EACH SERIES AND MAY UCCUR IN DIFFERENT MONTHS. INDUSTRIAL PLANTS USUALLY OPERATE AT CAPACITY UTILIZATION NATES THAT ARE WELL BELOW 100 PERCENT; NUME OF THE BROAD AGGREGATE SERIES MAS EVER INDICATED A 100 PERCENT USE OF CAPACITY. LAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES AVERAGED ABOUT 83 PERCENT FOR MANUFACTURING FROM 1955 THROUGH 1977, AND ABOUT 85 PERCENT FOR INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS FOR 1967 THROUGH 1977. IN MANUFACTURING AS A WHOLE, UTILIZATION RATES AS HIGH AS 90 PERCENT HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED ONLY IN WARTIME. THE PEAK RATES OF UTILIZATION IN 1973 WERE ASSOCIATED WITH SIGNIFICANT UPWARD PRESSURE ON PRICES.

THE CAPACITY UTILIZATION ESTIMATES ARE DESCRIBED, AND HISTORICAL DATA ARE PROVIDED. IN <u>FEDERAL RESERVE MEASURES DE CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION</u>. THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE OBTAINED FROM PUBLICATION SERVICES, BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20551. THE PRICE IS \$1.75 PER COPY; FOR TEN OR MORE, \$1.50 EACH.

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