

FEDERAL RESERVE

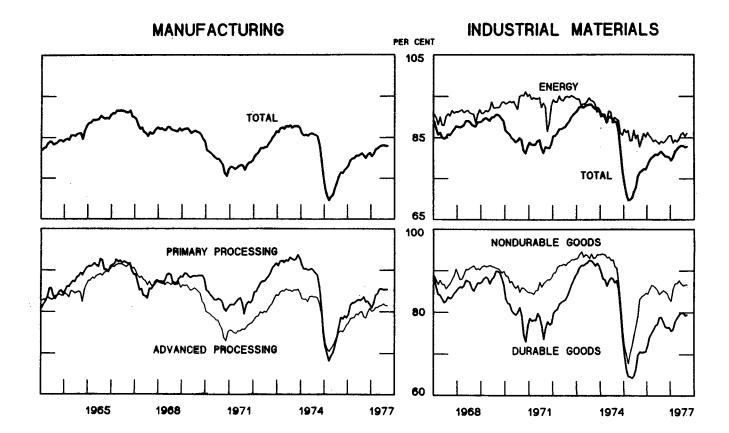
statistical release

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CAPACITY UTILIZATION: MANUFACTURING AND MATERIALS
September 1977

Capacity utilization in manufacturing was unchanged in September at 82.9 per cent. Since May factories have operated within two-tenths of a percentage point of this rate, as both estimated output and capacity have grown at a similar pace. Utilization rates in both the advanced and primary processing sectors were also unchanged -- at 81.5 and 85.4 per cent, respectively. For the third quarter, the manufacturing utilization rate was 83.0 per cent, up from 82.7 per cent in the second quarter and 80.8 per cent in the third quarter of 1976.

The materials capacity utilization rate rose fractionally to 82.8 per cent. Increases in durable materials and energy materials were largely due to the end of the copper and coal strikes and increased Alaskan crude oil production. For the third quarter, the materials utilization rate was 82.8 per cent, up from 82.6 in the second quarter and 81.2 in the third quarter of 1976.



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OUTPUT, CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Output and Capacity are Percentages of 1967 Output; Capacity Utilization is a Per Cent of Capacity.

Manufacturing

				MONT	HLY CA	ACITY U		ION							
SERIES	1973 HIGH!		1976 SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1977 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR	_ MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEP.
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	68.0	69.6	80.5	79.9	80.8	81.2	80 -4	80.9	82.1	82.3	82.8	83.0	83.1	82.9	82.9
PRIMARY PROCESSING	93.6	68.1	83.6	82.4	82.5	81.8	80.9	82.0	84.0	84.4	85.5	85.5	85.3	85.4	85.4
ADVANCED PROCESSING	85.4	70.4	78.7	78.5	79.8	80.8	80.1	80.3	81.0	81.1	81.4	81.6	81.9	81.5	81.5
	OUTPUT				!			CAPACITY			UTILIZATION				
	1976	19	1977			1976	IV	1977 	11_		1976 	17	1977		
MANUFACTURING. TOTAL	130.8	131.2	133.1	136.9	138.7	161.9	162.8	164.0	165.6	167.1	80.8	80.6	81.2	82.7	83.0
PRIMARY PROCESSING	139.3	138.8	140.1	146.3	148.1	167.6	168.8	170.2	171.8	173.5	63.1	82.2	82.3	85.1	65.4
ADVANCED PROCESSING	126.3	127.2	129.3	132.0	133.7	158.9	159.6	160.7	162.2	163.8	79.5	79.7	80.5	81.4	81.7

Industrial Materials

				MONT	HLY CAP	ACITY L		100							
SERIES	1973		1976 SEP.	CCT.	NC.V.	DEC	1977	FEB.	MAR.	APR	MAY.	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEP.
MATERIALS, TOTAL	93.1	69.7	81.0	80.4	80.3	80.2	79.4	80.2	81.6	82.1	82.7	83.0	83.0	82.6	82.8
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	92.5	64.3	77.8	76.6	76.4	76.5	75.6	76.0	77.8	78.7	79.4	79.9	80.0	79.3	79.5
BASIC METAL MATERIALS	97.7	66.1	79.0	77.7	73.1	72.5	73.7	72.9	78.4	79.3	81.2	80.2	77.6	75.9	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	94.6	67.8	85.3	85.0	84.6	83.5	82.7	85.7	87.0	87.0	87.7	87.0	86.5	86.7	86.7
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	94.5	65.5	84.3	84.1	83.2	82.4	81.5	83.8	85.9	86.0	86.7	86.1	85.3	85.5	85.4
TEXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	94.4 100.5 93.8	58.0 71.8 64.7	81.8 89.2 83.8	80.2 89.5 63.7	78.2 88.6 83.3	80.6 86.1 81.8	85.9	77.7 89.6 84.0	79.9 89.7 86.6	78.8 88.3 87.5	78.8 90.7 87.9	76.7 89.2 87.8	77.5 89.0 86.7	78.6 89.8 86.4	
ENERGY MATERIALS	94.6	82.7	83.7	84.1	84.7	85.5	85.5	83.7	84.4	P3.9	84.5	85.8	86.3	85.3	86.1
		OU	TPUT				CAP	ACITY		1		UTILI	MOLTAS		
	1976	<u>īv</u>	1977 1			1976		1977			1976 	17	1977 		
MATERIALS, TOTAL	132.5	131.9	133.1	137.7	138.9	163.1	164.3	165.5	166.6	167.8	81.2	80.3	80.4	82.6	82.8
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	130.8	128.4	129.2	135.1	136.6	166.7	167.8	169.0	170.3	171.6	76.4	76.5	76.5	79.4	79.6
BASIC METAL MATERIALS	117.4	107.4	108.6	115.4	·į	143.7	144.4	144.8	145.1	į	81.7	74.4	75.0	80.2	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	146.3	146.9	149.5	154.6	154.9	172.5	174.1	175.6	177.2	178.8	84.8	84.4	85.1	87.2	86.7
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	150.8	151.4	153.9	159.9	159.8	180.1	182.0	163.6	185.4	187.1	83.7	83.2	83.6	86.3	85.4
TEXTILE MATERIALS PAPER MATERIALS CHEMICAL MATERIALS	115.1 130.8 174.4		111.3 131.7 181.6	134.3		139.8 146.7 211.2		148.9	141.9 150.1 218.7		82.4 89.2 82.6	79.7 86.1 83.0	78.7 68.4 64.0	78.1 89.5 87.7	
ENERGY MATERIALS	119.6	122.0	122.0	122.6	124.7	142.7	143.9	144.3	144.7	145.2	83.8	84.8	84.5	84.8	85.9

NOTE: ESTIMATES OF ACTUAL OUTPUT AND CAPACITY OUTPUT ARE BOTH EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGES OF 1967 ACTUAL OUTPUT. ESTIMATES OF CAPACITY UTILIZATION IN PER CENT ARE CALCULATED AS RATIOS OF (1) THE INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION TO (2) THE CORRESPONDING INDEXES OF CAPACITY. INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS ARE THOSE CRUDE AND SEMIFINISHED PRODUCTS THAT ARE BOTH PRODUCED AND USED AS INPUTS BY INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS; THE INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS INCLUDE MOST OF THE COMPONENTS OF THE PRIMARY PROCESSING GROUPING OF MANUFACTURING AS MELL AS THE INPUTS SUPPLIED TO THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BY MINES AND UTILITIES—SUCH AS IRON ORE, CRUDE OIL, AND INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICITY. THE 1973 HIGHS (AND ALSO 1975 LOWS) IN CAPACITY UTILIZATION, SHOWN IN THE TABLES ABOVE, ARE SPECIFIC TO EACH SERIES AND MAY OCCUR IN DIFFERENT MONTHS.

BUSINESSES USUALLY OPERATE AT CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES THAT ARE WELL BELOW 100 PER CENT; NUNE OF THE BROAD AGGREGATE SERIES HAS EVER INDICATED A 100 PER CENT USE OF CAPACITY. CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES AVERAGED ABOUT 83 PER CENT FOR MANUFACTURING FROM 1955 THROUGH 1975, AND ABOUT 86 PER CENT FOR INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS FOR 1967 THROUGH 1975. IN MANUFACTURING AS A WHOLE, UTILIZATION RATES AS HIGH AS 90 PER CENT HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED ONLY IN WARTIME. THE PEAK RATES OF UTILIZATION IN 1973 WERE ASSOCIATED WITH SIGNIFICANT UPWARD PRESSURES ON PRICES.

THE CAPACITY UTILIZATION ESTIMATES ARE DESCRIBED, AND HISTORICAL DATA ARE PROVIDED. IN THE NOVEMBER 1976 ISSUE OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE <u>BULLETIN</u>: THE PRODUCTION FIGURES ARE DESCRIBED IN THE JUNE 1976 ISSUE OF THE <u>BULLETIN</u>; CURRENT ESTIMATES ARE PUBLISHED IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE STATISTICAL RELEASE, <u>INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION</u>, G.12.3.