

FEDERAL RESERVE

statistical release

G.3

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CAPACITY UTILIZATION: MANUFACTURING AND MATERIALS
December 1977

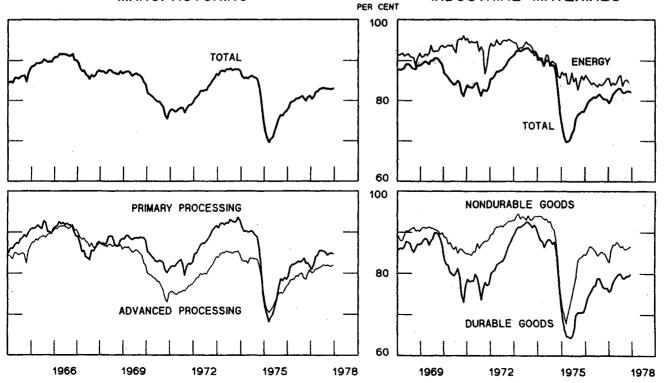
Capacity utilization in manufacturing increased by a small margin in December to an estimated 83 per cent. Advanced processing industries operated at slightly higher rates in December, while primary processing industries experienced slight declines in their use of capacity.

Utilization of materials capacity fell by an estimated .3 percentage point in December to 82.1 per cent, largely because of the impact of the coal strike. Utilization rates were generally higher for materials not directly effected by the strike.

Capacity utilization rates for both manufacturing and materials production at the end of 1977 were nearly 2 percentage points above rates a year earlier. The increases in these rates occurred during the first half of the year. Capacity utilization in manufacturing has remained virtually unchanged since mid-year, while utilization of materials capacity has edged down.



INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS



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OUTPUT, CAPACITY AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Output and Capacity are Percentages of 1967 Output; Capacity Utilization is a Per Cent of Capacity.

Manufacturing

				MUNT	HLÝ CAP	ACITY U	TILIZAT	ION							
SERIES	1973 High	1975 LUN	1976 GEC.		FEB.	MAR.	APR	MAY_	JUNE		AUGa	SEP	CCT	NOY.	DEC.
MANUFACTURING, TUTAL	28.01	69.6	1 61.2	60.4	56.9	62.1	82.3	62.6	63.0	83.1	62.9	62.9	82.8	82.8	83.0
PRIMARY PROCESSING	93.0	00.1	61.8	٥0.9	64.0	64.6	84.4	85.5	85. 5	85.3	85.1	84.4	84.8	84.9	84.7
ADVANCED PROCESSING	b5.4	70.4	80.0	50. 1	۵0.3	01.G	61.1	81.4	61.6	84.6	81.6	82.0	81.7	81.7	82.0
	1976	1977	TPUT			1976	CAP 1977	ACITY			1976	UT 11.12 1977	AT ION		•
		. I	11	. 111	171	I V	1			IVI.	IV	1	11		17
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	ī				<u> </u>	162.6	164.0	165.6		ī		b1.2	82.7	83.0	82.8
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL PRIMARY PROCESSING	131.2	133.1	130.9	136.7	139.7				167-1	168.7	60.6				

Industrial Materials

			. But	HENT	HLY CAF	ACITY U	TILIZAT	1CN							
SERIES	1973! L_H16H1		1976 DEC.		ftb_	MAR	_APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEP.	001	NOV.	DEC.
	1 01601		1 <u>. PEC-1</u>		FEB.s_	060.e_					AUV.	356.	ULIA	NUYA.	UELa
MATERIALS, TOTAL	93.1	69.7	1 80.21	79.4	80.2	61.6	62.1	82.7	63.0	82.9	82.0	82.0	82.3	82.4	82.1
DURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	92.5	64.3	76-5	75.6	76.0	77.6	70.7	79.4	79.9	80.0	78.4	78.9	79.4	79.5	79.9
BASIC METAL MATERIALS	47.7	66.1	72.5	73.7	72.9	78.4	79.3	61.2	80.2	77.6	74.8	73.4	75.7	74.6	
NONDURABLE GOOGS MATERIALS	94.6	67.0	 83.5	62.7	65.7	67.0	67.0	67.7	87.0	56.4	86.7	85.9	86.0	86.3	86.6
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	94.5	65.5	 8ë-4	81.5	83.8	85.4	860	86.7	86.1	85.1	85.3	84.7	84.9	84.7	84.9
TEXTILE MATERIALS	94.4	58.0	80.6	78.7	77.7	79.9	78.8	78.8	76.7	77.4	78.7	BO.3	63.3	83.0	
PAPER MATERIALS	100.5	71.8	66.1		69.6	89.7	68.3	90.7	89.2	89.0	89.7	89.1	88.3	87.3	
CHEMICAL MATERIALS	53.8 	64.7	61.6 	81.3	84.0	86.6	67.5	87.9	67.8	86.4	85.9	64.8	84.4	84.5	
ENERGY MATERIALS	94.6	82.7	85.5	85.5	83.7	84-4	83.9	64.5	85.8	86.3	83.6	84.9	85.2	84.6	
	GUTPUT					CAPACITY					I UTILIZATION				
!	1976	1977				1976 1977				!	1976	1977			
+	14	,			<u></u>		<u>_</u>	11_			IV				1¥
MATERIALS, TCTAL	131.7	133.1	137.7	138.1	139.0	164.3	165.5	166.6	167.8	168.9	80.3	80.4	82.6	82.3	82.3
DURABLE GUODS MATERIALS	126.4	129.2	135.1	136.0	137.5	167.8	169.0	170.3	171.6	172.6	76.5	76.5	79-4	79.2	79.6
BASIC METAL MATERIALS.	107.4	108.6	116.4	109.4		144.4	144.6	145.1	145.3	ļ	74.4	75.0	80.2	75.3	
NONDURABLE GOODS MATERIALS	146.9	149.5	154.6	154.4	155.7	174.1	175.6	177.2	178.8	180.4	64.4	65.1	87.2	86.3	86.3
TEX., PAPER, & CHEM. MAT.	151.4	153.9	159.9	159.2	160.3	182.0	183.6	185.4	187.1	188.9	83.2	83.8	86.3	85.1	84.8
TEXTILE MATERIALS	112.1	111.3	110.9	112.3	į.	140.6	141.4	141.9	142.5	-	79.7	78.7	78.1	78.8	
PAPER MATERIALS	130.2	131.7	134.3	135.1	i	147.9	146.9		151.3	i	88.1	88.4	89.5	89.3	
CHEMICAL MATERIALS	177.3	181.6	191.6	169.5	ĺ	213.7	216.2	218.7	221.2	İ	83.0	84.0	87.7	85.7	
ENERGY MATERIALS	122.0	122.0	122.6	123.4	į	143.9	144.3	144.7	145.2	į	84.6	84.5	84.8	85.0	

NOTE: ESTIMATES OF ACTUAL OUTPUT AND CAPACITY OUTPUT ARE BOTH EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGES OF 1967 ACTUAL OUTPUT. ESTIMATES OF CAPACITY UTILIZATION IN PER CENT ARE CALCULATED AS RATIOS OF (1) THE INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION TO (2) THE CORRESPONDING INDEXES OF CAPACITY. INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS ARE THUSE CRUDE AND SEMIFINISHED PRODUCTS THAT ARE BOTH PRODUCED AND USED AS INPUTS BY INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS; THE INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS INCLUDE MOST OF THE COMPONENTS OF THE PRIMARY PROCESSING GROUPING OF MANUFACTURING AS MELL AS THE IMPUTS SUPPLIED TO THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BY MINES AND UTILITIES—SUCH AS IRON ORE, CRUDE GIL, AND INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICITY. THE 1973 HIGHS (AND ALSO 1975 LOWS) IN CAPACITY UTILIZATION, SHOWN IN THE TABLES ABOVE, ARE SPECIFIC TO EACH SERIES AND MAY OCCUR IN CIFFERENT MONTHS.

BUSINESSES USUALLY OPERATE AT CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES THAT ARE WELL BELON 100 PER CENT; NONE OF THE BROAD AGGREGATE SERIES HAS EVER INDICATED A 100 PER CENT USE OF CAPACITY. CAPACITY UTILIZATION RATES AVERAGED ABOUT 83 PER CENT FOR MANUFACTURING FROM 1955 THROUGH 1975, AND ABOUT 86 PER CENT FOR INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS FOR 1967 THROUGH 1975. IN MANUFACTURING AS A WHIGLE, UTILIZATION RATES AS HIGH AS 90 PER CENT HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED ONLY IN WARTIME. THE PEAK RATES OF UTILIZATION IN 1973 WERE ASSCCIATED WITH SIGNIFICANT UPWARD PRESSURES ON PRICES.

THE CAPACITY UTILIZATION ESTIMATES ARE DESCRIBED, AND HISTORICAL DATA ARE PROVIDED, IN THE NOVEMBER 1976 ISSUE OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN. THE PRODUCTION FIGURES ARE DESCRIBED IN THE JUNE 1976 ISSUE OF THE BULLETIN; CURRENT ESTIMATES ARE PUBLISHED IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE STATISTICAL RELEASE, INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, G.12.3.

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