(For Immediate Release)

September 7, 1960

## CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY INDUSTRY

Commercial and industrial loans increased a net of \$69 million at all reporting member banks during the week ended August 31. The principal net increases were \$49 million in loans to public utilities, \$36 million to manufacturers of food, liquor, and tobacco products, and \$28 million to "other" types of business concerns.

The largest offsetting net decrease was \$27 million in loans to manufacturers of metals and metal products.

Changes in loans during the week and since mid-year are shown below; the third column shows the changes during the comparable period last year.

		Cumulative since mid-year						
	Week	June 29, 1960	July 1, 1959					
	ended/	to	to					
Business of Borrower	Aug. 31 <u>P</u> /	Aug. 31, 1960 <sup>p</sup> /	Sept. 2, 1959					
:		(In millions of dol	Lars)					
Manufacturing and mining:								
Food, liquor, and tobacco	+ 36	- 17	+ 74					
Textiles, apparel, and leather	+ 18	+114	+153					
Metals and metal products	- 27	-420	- 47					
Petroleum, coal, chemicals,								
and rubber	<b>-</b> 18	- 90	+ 45					
Other manufacturing and mining	- 8	+ 36	+103					
Tradewholesale and retail	+ 8	- 87	+ 36					
Commodity dealers	+ 17	+ 68	+137					
Public utilities and transportation	+ 49	<b>-11</b> 9	+ 78					
Construction	- 2	+ 32	+ 4					
All other types of business	+ 28	+ 47	<u>-142</u>					
Classified changes - net	+101	-436	+441					
Unclassified changes - net	<del>-</del> 32	-243	+ 69					
			2					
Net change in commercial and	. 60	<b>-</b> 679	,E30					
industrial loans	+ 69	-019	+510					

p/ Preliminary

## CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF A SAMPLE OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS BY INDUSTRY AND FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT, WEEK ENDED WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1960

Business of Borrower	All Dis- tricts P/	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve-	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City		San Fran- cisco P
	(In millions of dollars)												
Manufacturing and mining:			_								•	<u>.</u>	
Food, liquor, and tobacco	+ 35.6	+1.2									4		
Textiles, apparel, and leather	+⊹18.0	+2.2	+12.1	+1.8	6	+1.1	· - ·7	+2.1	8	+ .1	+1.0	<b>-</b> .3	Not
Metals and metal products (including	- 27.0	-2.5	<b>5</b> 0	-1.6	6 E	2	+1.2	76	1 17	-1.2	7 -	2	
machinery & transportation equipment) Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber	- 17.8	+1.0		+ .3					-1.7				6
Other manufacturing and mining	- 7.5	+ .7		4						6			
Anner menutecouring end mining	1.0	,	- 4.0	- • -	- 3.0	• • • • • •	1 . 2	- • <i>)</i>	0	0	T • 4		
Trade:						•							
Wholesale	(( 76)	-2.4	+11.4	1	3	+ .8	+ .6	-1.2	+ .8	-2.2	+1.4	$( \circ \circ )$	avail-
Retail	7.6	-2.5	+ .8	1 + .1	- 1.2	<b>-</b> .3	-1.1	+6.0	-1.0	2	+ .9	(-2.7)	
Commodity dealers	+ 17.3	-2.3	1	+1.5	+ •5	+4.3	-1.0	+1.9	+5.6	+5.8		+1.1	
Public utilities (including transportation)	+ 48.5	+ .8	+41.5		+ .4		+2.9	+2.8	+ .2	+ .2	1	4	able
Public delilicies (including cransportation)	1	7 .0	T41.7	T .2	T •4		72.9	+2.0	+ .2	+ .2	<b>-</b> • T	4	abie
Construction	- 1.7	-1.7	1		1	+ .2	4	+ .3	+ .7	-1.7	+1.1		
3							•						
All other types of business	+ 27.7	-2.0	+18.8	+3.1	6	-1.7	-1.3	+1.2	+ .7	+1.0	+2.5	+6.0	
					•	_					_		
Net change in classified loans 1/	+100.7	<b>-</b> 7.5	+88.5	+4.3	-11.2	+8.7	+1.9	+5.4	+4.7	+1.1	+5.2	4	
Unclassified changes - net	- 31.7	+3.5	+ 2.5	-1.3	<b>-</b> 5.8	<b>-</b> 7.7	-1.9	_1 }1	+ .3	_3 7	_ 2	+ .4	-17.0
OHICTORITIES CHANGES - Her	- 2.1.1	1 23.7	T 2.7	-1.0	- ).0	-1.1	-1.9	-7.4	+ •3	-3.1	2	т •+	-11.0
Net change in commercial and		1											
industrial loans	+ 69.0	-4.0	+91.0	+3.0	-17.0	+1.0		+4.0	+5.0	-2.0	+5.0		-17.0
			-		•				-				

p/ Preliminary; final totals will appear in the F. R. Bulletin and San Francisco District figures appear in a release of the Reserve Bank.

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

<sup>1/</sup> About 200 weekly reporting member banks are reporting changes in their larger loans as to industry; these banks hold about 95 per cent of total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and about 70 per cent of those of all commercial banks.