BOARD OF GOVERNORS
OF THE
FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Mis Buyess

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SALES FINANCE COMPANIES

AUGUST 1950

Retail Financing.—For the first time in four months, sales finance companies reported a month-to-month decline in their purchases of instalment paper arising from retail sales of motor vehicles. In contrast to the increases of the preceding three months, the August volume of retail automotive paper acquired showed a 9 per cent decline. All components of the automotive segment were reported to have decreased, although purchases of used commercial car paper were only slightly less in August than in July, as is shown in the table below. Despite record sales of new passenger cars in August, sales finance companies reported a decrease in acquisitions of retail paper for new passenger cars during the month.

Outstanding balances of retail automotive paper continued to increase during August, but at a somewhat slower rate than during July.

Purchases of paper representing the sale of other consumer goods were slightly higher in August than in July. A very large increase, 82 per cent, was recorded for furniture, radios, and musical instruments. This large increase and the substantial increases in two other categories were counterbalanced to a great extent by the 13 per cent decline in the financing of refrigerators and other household appliances. The latter category constitutes the largest part of sales finance company operations in consumer goods other than automobiles.

As was the case with retail automotive paper, outstanding balances of other consumer goods paper showed a slight increase.

## Retail Financing by Sales Finance Companies

	1	Percentage change July	1950 to August 1950
Class of retail instalment paper	Number	Volume of paper	Outstanding balances,
	of cars	acquired during month	end of month
Automotive: Total retail	<u>- 9</u>	<u>- 9</u>	<u>+ 3</u>
Passenger cars: New	- 9	- 9	•••
Used	- 9	- 8	•••
Commercial cars: New	-20	-16	•••
Used	- 2	- 1	•••
Other consumer goods: Total		<u>+ 3</u>	+ 2
Furniture, radios, musical instruments Refrigerators and other household appli		+82 -13	•••
Residential building repair and moderni		+17	•••
Miscellaneous retail		+11	•••

Wholesale financing.—The amount of wholesale automotive paper acquired by reporting sales finance companies was somewhat greater in August than in July. Outstanding balances of such paper also showed a moderate increase.

Purchases of other wholesale paper rose in about the same degree as the volume of wholesale automotive paper. However, outstanding balances of other wholesale paper declined slightly during August.

Ratio of paper acquired to balances outstanding.—The turnover rate of receivables as measured by the ratio of paper acquired during the month to outstanding balances at the end of the month was maintained at the July level of 30 per cent.

NOTE.—August data, based on returns from 119 sales finance companies, are compiled in the same manner as those shown in earlier reports. Aggregates represent only the totals for the reporting companies and, since the reporting sample is not identical from month to month, they are not comparable with totals of preceding months.

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Table 1 Automotive and Div	ersified Financing b	y Sales Finance Companies
Indexes of Outstandin	g Balances: Decembe	r 31, 1939 = 100 a/

End of month and year	Total all sales financing	Retail automotive	Wholesale automotive	Wholesale other than automotive	Retail other consumers' goods	Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment
1939	100 136 152 53 20 18 22 59 119 174 228 214 225 232 233 228	100 132 149 37 13 15 18 42 88 151 249 219 228 237 245 249	100 169 175 112 40 24 27 90 163 252 216 242 279 294 267	100 140 250 40 8 11 38 224 394 454 332 417 400 371 361 332	100 129 148 76 30 26 39 105 226 232 187 202 199 195 190 187	100 131 147 61 27 26 23 59 89 116 107
1950 - January February March April May June July August	234 234 237 240 250 263 266 274	252 258 265 274 284 298 314 322	250 223 204 186 202 228 163 179	329 398 485 537 537 499 436 424	180 176 172 172 174 179 185 189	110 109 111 112 117 120 123 124

A Indexes as of December 31 for the years of 1939, 1940, and 1941 are based on figures reported by sales finance companies on a supplementary report form which accompanied the regular monthly report form for January 1942. Succeeding indexes are derived by calculating the percentage changes of the outstanding balances reported by sales finance companies for each month from those reported by the same companies for the preceding month, and by linking these percentages to the indexes for the preceding month.

Table 2.--Relative Importance of Loans Made by Sales Finance Companies
During August 1950 and Outstanding Balances at End of Month

	Paper acq during		Outstanding balances, end of month	
Class of paper	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total
Total, all classes of paper a/	\$934,960,036	100	\$3,084,745,789	100
Total loans  Small (personal) loans  Business loans	49,233,239 10,996,454 38,236,785	5 1 4	142,313,482 68,297,689 74,015,793	<u>5</u> 2 3
Total sales financing a/	885,726,797	95	2,942,432,307	95

a/ Included in this classification are only those firms which, in addition to their sales financing operations, reported loan activities.

Table 3.--Automotive and Diversified Financing by Sales Finance Companies
Paper Acquired During August 1950 and Balances Outstanding at End of Month

	Volume of pay during Au		Outstanding balances August 31, 1950 a/	Ratio paper sequired to outstanding balances b
Class of paper	By all companies reporting	By companies reporting outstanding balances a		
Total retail automotive	\$304,646,897	\$304,122,306	\$2,334,680,406	13
Total wholesale automotive	532,265,825	532,056,096	260,656,866	204
Total wholesale - other than automotive	20,435,973	20,391,355	31,936,580	64
Total retail - other consumers' goods	37,071,462	36,646,799	287,544,162	13
Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment	7,532,727	7,532,287	93,406,396	8
Total sales financing	\$901,952,884	\$900,748,843	\$3,008,224,410	30

a/ Data are based on figures from sales finance companies able to report both their paper acquired and their outstanding balances.

Table 4.--Number of Cars Financed and Volume of Paper Acquired by Sales Finance Companies During August 1950

	Number	of cars	Paper acquired		
Class of paper	Number	Percentage of total	Dollar volume	Percentage of total	
Total retail automotive	268,012	100	\$295,347,240 <del>2</del> /	100	
New passenger cars	102,810	38	156,550,518	53	
New commercial cars	15,919	6	21,734,596	7	
Used passenger cars	136,426	51 5	108,376,098	37	
Used commercial cars	12,857	5	8,686,028	3	
Total wholesale automotive	339,407	100	\$525,021,081 <del>2</del> /	100	
New cars (passenger and commercial)	321,272	95	505,336,494	96	
Used cars (passenger and commercial).	18,135	95	19,684,587	Ţ	

a/ Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail and wholesale automotive financing. These amounts are less than those reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

Table 5.--Volume of Diversified Sales Financing During August 1950

Class of paper	Dollar volume of paper acquired	Percentage of total
Retail - other consumers' goods:		
Furniture, radios, pianos, and other musical instruments	<b>\$</b> 4,637,793	7
Refrigerators and other household appliances	19,223,212	30
Residential building repairs and modernization	3,897,227	6
Miscellaneous retail	8,150,941	13
otal retail - other consumers' goods	\$35,909,173 2/	56
otal wholesale - other than automotive	20,435,973	32
ndustrial, commercial, and farm equipment	7,532,727	12
Total diversified financing	<b>\$</b> 63,877,873	100

Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail financing of other consumers' goods. This amount is less than that reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

b/ Ratios obtained by dividing paper acquired (column 2) by outstanding balances (column 3).