G.20 OF SUVERACE Y

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM



June 9, 1950

SALES FINANCE COMPANIES

APRIL 1950

Retail financing.—The volume of retail automotive financing, as reported by a sample of sales finance companies, declined during the month of April after sharp increases during the preceding month. Outstanding balances on this class of paper, however, continued to expand. Financing of other consumer goods in total was slightly higher in April than in March and the amount outstanding for these goods remained unchanged.

The 8 per cent drop in the total dollar amount of retail automobile paper purchased, as shown in the table below, reflected decreases in the financing of all types of vehicles. Reduced output of motor vehicles in April may account for some of the decline in automobile financing.

Retail financing of goods other than automobiles was up 2 per cent in April, with all classes of paper except for refrigerators and other household appliances showing declines from the March volume.

Retail Financing by Sales Finance Companies

	Percentage change, March 1950 to April 1950					
Class of retail instalment paper	Number	Volume of paper	Outstanding balances			
	of cars	acquired during month	end of month			
Automotive: Total retail	<u>-10</u>	<u>- 8</u>	<u>+ 3</u>			
Passenger cars: New	- 9	- 9	•••			
Used	-13	-11	•••			
Commercial cars: New	- 3 -13	- 3	•••			
Used	-13	-13	•••			
Other consumer goods: Total		+ 2	0			
Furniture, radios, musical instrumen Refrigerators and other household ap		-19 +13	•••			
Residential building repair and mode Miscellaneous retail	rnization	- 9 - 1	•••			
		-				

<u>Wholesale financing.</u>—Declines from the preceding month were reported in wholesale financing of both automobiles and other goods. Amounts outstanding, however, showed divergent trends for these two categories, with balances based on automobiles decreasing and those for other goods expanding in April.

Ratio of paper acquired to balances outstanding.—The turnover rate of receivables as measured by the ratio of paper purchased during the month to outstanding balances at the end of the month decreased 2 percentage points to 26 for April.

NOTE.—April data, based on returns from 124 sales finance companies, are compiled in the same manner as those shown in earlier reports. Aggregates represent only the totals for the reporting companies and, since the reporting sample is not identical from month to month, they are not comparable with totals of preceding months.

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Table 1 Automotive and Diversified	Financing by Sales Finance Companies
Indexes of Outstanding Balance	es: December 31, 1939 = 100 a/

End of month and year	Total all sales financing	Retail automotive	Wholesale automotive	Wholesale other than automotive	Retail other consumers' goods	Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment
1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949-April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December. 1950-January. February. March. April.	100 136 152 53 20 18 22 59 174 228 188 191 198 203 214 225 232 233 228 234 234 237 240	100 132 149 37 13 15 18 42 88 151 249 175 188 197 206 219 228 237 245 249 252 252 265 274	100 169 175 112 40 214 27 90 163 252 216 260 219 225 227 242 279 2914 267 216 250 223 204 186	100 1140 250 40 8 11 38 224 394 451 332 551 57 479 430 417 400 371 361 332 329 398 485 537	100 129 148 76 30 26 39 105 226 232 187 203 202 203 202 203 202 199 195 190 187 180 176 172 172	100 131 147 61 27 26 23 59 89 116 107 112 111 111 110 107 110 109 111 112

a/ Indexes as of December 31 for the years of 1939, 1940, and 1941 are based on figures reported by sales finance companies on a supplementary report form which accompanied the regular monthly report form for January 1942. Succeeding indexes are derived by calculating the percentage changes of the outstanding balances reported by sales finance companies for each month from those reported by the same companies for the preceding month, and by linking these percentages to the indexes for the preceding month.

Table 2.--Relative Importance of Loans Made by Sales Finance Companies
During April 1950 and Outstanding Balances at End of Month

Class of paper	Paper acq during		Outstanding balances, end of month	
	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total
Total, all classes of paper a/	\$774,865,563	100	\$2,956,202,648	100
Total loans Small (personal) loans Business loans	42,435,432 9,835,687 32,599,745	<u>5</u>	11,5,978,51,0 62,901,630 83,076,910	<u>5</u> 2 3
Total sales financing a/	732,430,131	95	2,810,224,108	95

a/ Included in this classification are only those firms which, in addition to their sales financing operations, reported loan activities.

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Table 3.--Automotive and Diversified Financing by Sales Finance Companies
Paper Acquired During April 1950 and Balances Outstanding at End of Month

	Volume of pay during Apr		Outstanding balances April 30, 1950 a/	Ratio paper	
Class of paper	By all companies reporting	By companies reporting outstanding balances &/		ecquired to outstanding balances b	
Total retail automotive Total wholesale automotive Total wholesale - other than automotive Total retail - other consumers' goods Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment Total sales financing	\$289,782,635 \$402,758,203 \$19,\$469,798 \$24,\$29,230 \$,598,302 \$745,438,168	\$287,452,875 401,596,965 19,443,440 24,615,127 8,533,992 \$741,642,399	\$2,186,154,650 290,892,378 40,483,959 260,341,511 83,790,724 \$2,861,663,222	13 138 48 9 10	

a/ Data are based on figures from sales finance companies able to report both their paper acquired and their outstanding balances.

Table 4.--Number of Cars Financed and Volume of Paper Acquired by Sales Finance Companies During April 1950

	Number	of cars	Paper acquired		
Class of paper	Number	Percentage of total	Dollar volume	Percentage of total	
Total retail automotive	با70 وبلبا2	100	\$252,761,212 <u>a</u> /	100	
New passenger cars	89,754	37 6	132,239,609	52	
New commercial cars	14,027	6	19,003,775	8	
Used passenger cars	130,225	53	94,402,797	37	
Used commercial cars	10,698	4	7,115,031	3	
Total wholesale automotive	247,425	100	\$377,747,612 ª/	100	
New cars (passenger and commercial)	228,883	03	359,889,600	95	
Used cars (passenger and commercial).	18,542	93	17,858,012	ź	

a/ Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail and wholesale automotive financing. These amounts are less than those reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

Table 5.--Volume of Diversified Sales Financing During April 1950

Class of paper	Dollar volume of paper acquired	Percentage of total
Retail - other consumers' goods:		
Furniture, radios, pianos, and other musical instruments	\$ 3,338,650	6
Refrigerators and other household appliances	12,894,927	25
Residential building repairs and modernization		14
Miscellaneous retail	5,993,088	<u> </u>
otal retail - other consumers' goods	\$24,203,192 ª/	46
otal wholesale - other than automotive	19,469,798	37
Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment		17
Total diversified financing	\$52,271,292	100

Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail financing of other consumers' goods. This amount is less than that reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

b/ Ratios obtained by dividing paper acquired (column 2) by outstanding balances (column 3).