Mrs. Rece

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

G. 20

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SALES FINANCE COMPANIES

DECEMBER 1948

Retail financing.—The volume of retail automobile financing for sales finance companies expanded further in December and outstanding balances on this class of paper continued to rise. A slight decline in the financing of other consumers goods was accompanied by a further reduction in the outstanding balances.

Retail automotive financing was 4 per cent higher than in the preceding month. The largest gain registered for any class of paper, as is indicated by the table below, is the 9 per cent increase in new passenger car financing. Used passenger car activity showed no change from the November level.

Retail financing of other consumers goods was only fractionally below the November volume. Paper acquired from sales of residential repair and modernization continued to decrease while paper based on sales of furniture, radios and musical instruments showed a sharp increase. The latter type of paper accounts for only a small proportion of business of the reporting group.

Retail Financing by Sales Finance Companies

	Percentage change, November 1948 to December 1948				
Class of retail instalment paper	Number	Volume of paper	Outstanding balances,		
	of cars	acquired during month	end of month		
Automotive: Total retail	+ 3	<u>+ 11</u>	<u>+ 3</u>		
Passenger cars: New	+ 8	+ 9	•••		
Used	0	0	•••		
Commercial cars: New	- 2	- 2	•••		
Used	0	+ 2	•••		
	I				
Other consumers' goods: Total		-1	<u>- 3</u>		
Furniture, radios, musical instruments		+57	•••		
Refrigerators and other household appli		+13	•••		
Residential building repair and moderni Miscellaneous retail	zation	-19	•••		
WIRCALISHEORS LANGET		+ 6	•••		

Wholesale financing. —Both automotive and nonautomotive wholesale paper showed substantial gains in volume in December and outstanding balances on these two types of financing were up sharply.

Ratio of paper acquired to balances outstanding.—The turnover rate of total retail and wholesale paper as indicated by the ratio of paper purchased during the month to balances outstanding at the end of the month increased 1 percentage point to 31.

NOTE.—December data, based on returns from 133 sales finance companies, are compiled in the same manner as those shown in earlier reports. Aggregates represent only the totals for the reporting companies and, since the reporting sample is not identical from month to month, they are not comparable with totals of preceding months.

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Table 1.--Automotive and Diversified Financing by Sales Finance Companies
Indexes of Outstanding Balances: December 31, 1939 = 100 a/

End of month and year	Total all sales financing	Retail automotive	Wholesale automotive	Wholesale other than automotive	Retail other consumers' goods	Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment
1939	100	100	100	100	100	100
1940	136	132	169	1710	129	131
1941	152	149	175	250	1718	147
1942	53	37	112	40	76	61
1943	20	13	40	8	30	27
1944	18	15	24	11	26	26
1945	22	18	27	38	39	23
1946	59	42	90	224	105	59
1947	119	88	163	394	226	89
1948-January February March April May June July August September October	123 127 134 139 141 147 151 155 157 163 167	92 96 105 113 119 123 130 136 142 145 148	167 171 175 159 143 165 164 165 154 191	1426 1445 1458 5517 1495 1462 1448 396 362 389 118	229 230 232 240 250 251 250 249 247 243 238	92 94 98 111 118 121 120 119 119

a/ Indexes as of December 31 for the years of 1939, 1940, and 1941 are based on figures reported by sales finance companies on a supplementary report form which accompanied the regular monthly report form for January 1942. Succeeding indexes are derived by calculating the percentage changes of the outstanding balances reported by sales finance companies for each month from those reported by the same companies for the preceding month, and by linking these percentages to the indexes for the preceding month.

Table 2.--Relative Importance of Loans Made by Sales Finance Companies During December 1948 and Outstanding Balances at End of Month

	Paper acq during		Outstanding balances, end of month	
Class of paper	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total
Total, all classes of paper a/	\$684,617,759	100	\$2,185,696,126	100
Total loans	31,598,047	7 2 5 93	168,879,140 81,810,329 87,068,811 2,016,816,986	8 14 14 92

a/ Included in this classification are only those firms which, in addition to their sales financing operations, reported loan activities.

SALES FINANCE COMPANIES

Table 3.--Automotive and Diversified Financing by Sales Finance Companies
Paper Acquired During December 1948 and Balances Outstanding at End of Month

	Volume of pay during Dece		Outstanding	Ratio paper scquired to outstanding balances b
Class of paper	By all companies reporting	By companies reporting outstanding balances a/	balances December 31, 1948 a	
Total retail automotive	\$169,697,334	\$167,968,950	\$1,203,276,145	14
Total wholesale automotive	429,915,665	427,497,371	393,204,189	109
Total wholesale - other than automotive	15,212,374	15,191,612	34,637,406	44
Total retail - other consumers' goods	22,287,124	22,179,113	353,117,954	6
Industrial, commercial, and farm equipment	9,745,480	9,733,963	82,961,563	12
Total sales financing	\$646,857,977	\$642,571,009	\$2,067,197,257	31

a/ Data are based on figures from sales finance companies able to report both their paper acquired and their outstanding balances.

Table 4.--Number of Cars Financed and Volume of Paper Acquired by Sales Finance Companies During December 1948

	Numbe r	of cars	Paper acquired		
Class of paper	Number Percentage of total		Dollar volume	Percentage of total	
Total retail automotive	138,471	100	\$146,515,408 <u>a</u> /	100	
New passenger cars	48,318	35	68,607,186	47	
New commercial cars	10,091	35 7	15,538,102	10	
Used passenger cars	73,303	53	56,854,101	39	
Used commercial cars	6,759	5	5,516,019	4	
Total wholesale automotive	246,703	100	\$394,814,004 <u>a</u> /	100	
New cars (passenger and commercial)	224.567	91	371,220,112	94	
Used cars (passenger and commercial).	22,136	9	23,593,892	6	

a/ Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail and wholesale automotive financing. These amounts are less than those reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

Table 5 .-- Volume of Diversified Sales Financing During December 1948

\$ 1,178,399 5,125,525 7,571,468 7,824,704 \$21,700,096 \(\frac{\text{\tiny{\text{\ti}\text{\texi\tin\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\texi\text{\text{\texi\tin\text{\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\tex{	2 11 16 17 46 33 21
46,657,950	100
_	9,745,480

Data are based on reports from sales finance companies providing a breakdown of their retail financing of other consumers' goods. This amount is less than that reported in table 3 due to the exclusion of some data for which breakdowns were not available.

b/ Ratios obtained by dividing paper acquired (column 2) by outstanding balances (column 3).