## MAJOR NONDEPOSIT FUNDS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS

### Monthly average figures, billions of dollars

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>SEP</th>
<th>OCT</th>
<th>NOV</th>
<th>DEC</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>246.3</td>
<td>253.9</td>
<td>255.4</td>
<td>255.7</td>
<td>255.9</td>
<td>264.8</td>
<td>267.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>242.9</td>
<td>249.1</td>
<td>254.3</td>
<td>249.2</td>
<td>252.5</td>
<td>267.9</td>
<td>273.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Seasonally adjusted

1. Total nondeposit funds
   - 1989: 246.3
   - 1990: 242.9

2. Net balances due to related foreign offices
   - 1989: 11.1
   - 1990: 11.7

3. Borrowings from other than commercial banks in U.S.
   - a. By domestically chartered banks
     - 1989: 189.1
   - b. By foreign-related banks
     - 1989: 46.1

### Not seasonally adjusted

4. Total nondeposit funds
   - 1989: 242.9
   - 1990: 242.9

5. Net balances due to related foreign offices
   - a. Of domestically chartered banks
     - 1989: -14.3
   - b. Of foreign-related banks
     - 1989: 26.0

6. Borrowings from other than commercial banks in the U.S.
   - a. By domestically chartered banks
     - (1) Federal funds and security RP borrowings
       - 1989: 186.1
     - (2) Other
       - 1989: 3.0
   - b. By foreign-related banks
     - 1989: 45.1

### Memoranda

1. Gross large time deposits
   - 1989: 460.0
   - 1990: 461.5

2. U.S. Treasury demand balances at commercial banks
   - 1989: 22.8
   - 1990: 24.9

---

1. Commercial banks are those in the 50 states and the District of Columbia with national or state charters plus agencies and branches of foreign banks, New York investment companies majority owned by foreign banks, and Edge Act corporations owned by domestically chartered and foreign banks.

2. Includes federal funds, RPs, and other borrowing from nonbanks and net balances due to related foreign offices.

3. Reflects net positions of U.S. chartered banks, Edge Act corporations, and U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks with related foreign offices plus net positions with own IBFs.

4. Consists of borrowings through instruments, such as a promissory notes or due bills, for the purpose of funding the banking business. These include borrowings from Federal Reserve Banks and from foreign banks, overnight and term federal funds, loan RPs, and sales of participations in pooled loans.

5. Based on daily average data reported weekly by approximately 120 large banks and quarterly or annual data reported by other banks.

6. Figures are partly daily averages and partly averages of Wednesday data.

7. Time deposits in denominations of $100,000 or more. Estimated averages of daily data.