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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: MARCH 1988
Nonagricultural payroll employment continued to rise in March, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. The overall jobless rate was 5.5 percent, and the civilian worker rate was 5.6 percent; each has decilned four-tenths of a percentage point in the last 5 months and nearly a point over the past year.

Payroll employment, as measured by the monthly survey of business establishments, rose by 260,000 in March, seasonally adjusted, about in Ine with the average gains over the past year. On the other hand, total civilian employment, as estimated through the survey of households, showed a drop of 300,000 , returning to the January level.

Unemployment (Household Survey Data)
The number of unemployed persons, at 6.8 million in March, seasonally adjusted, and the civilian worker unemplayment rate, at 5.6 percent, were little changed from February. Both measures, however, have been drifting down in recent months. Compared with a year ago, the level of unemployment has fallen by a milifon, and the civilian worker unemployment rate has declined nearly a full percentage point. More than two-thirds of the over-the-year improvement in total unemployment was attributable to a drop. in the number of unemployed persons who had lost their last jobs. (See tables $A-2$ and $A-8$.

The unemployment rate for adult women fell four-tenths of a percentage point to 4.8 percent in March, the only significant decline among the major demographic groups. Jobless rates for adult men ( 4.9 percent), whites ( 4.7 percent), blacks ( 12.8 percent), and Hispanics ( 8.2 percent) showed ifttle of no change, while the rate for teenagers ( 16.5 percent) rose. (See table A-3.)

## Civilian Employment and the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

Total civilian employment showed a decilne of 300,000 in March, returning to the January level of 114.1 million, seasonally adjusted. The March movement followed gains averaging 300,000 per month from September to February. The percentage of the total civilian population that was working-the en ployment-population ratio-silipped to 62.0 percent, slightly below recent record highs. (See table A-2.)

After seasonal adjustment, the civilian labor force declined by 450,000 in March to 120.9 million. Accordingly, the labor force participation rate fell 0.3 percentage point to 65.7 percent. The March labor force was 1.6 million higher than a year earlier. (See table A-2.)

Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted

| Category | Quarterly averages |  | Monthly data |  |  | Feb.Mar. change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1988 | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  | IV | I | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |  |
| HOUSEHOLD DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labor force 1/.......... <br> Total employment 1/.. | Thousands of persons |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 122,316 \\ & 115,235 \end{aligned}$ | 122,882 | 122,924 | 123,084 | 122,639 | -445 |
|  |  | 115,954 | 115,878 | 116,145 | 115,839 | -306 |
|  | 120,568 | 121,142 | 121,175 | 121,348 | 120,903 | -445 |
| Civilian employment.. | 113,486 | 114,214 | 114,129 | 114,409 | 114,103 | -306 |
| Unemployment......... | 7,082 | 6,928 | 7,046 | 6,938 | 6,801 | -137 |
| Not in labor force..... Discouraged workers.. | 62,899 | 62,825 | 62,647 | N.A. |  | N. 58. |
|  | 910 | 1,027 | N.A. |  | N.A. |  |
| Discouraged workers.. | Percent of labor force |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All workers 1/....... | 5.8 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | -. 1 |
| Adult men........... | 5.05.2 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 0-.4 |
| Adult women........ |  | 5.016.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 |  |
| Teenagers........... | 16.6 |  | 16.0 | 15.4 | 16.5 | 1.1 |
| White.............. | 5.012.2 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | -.1.2 |
| Black............... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 12.5 \\ 7.9 \end{array}$ | 12.27.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.6 \\ 8.3 \end{array}$ | 12.88.2 |  |
| Hispanic origin.... | 8.5 |  |  |  |  | -. 1 |
| ESTABLISHEENT DATA Thousands of jobs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm employment..... Goods-producing...... Service-producing.... | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 103,293 \\ 25,164 \\ 78,129 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} P 104,259 \\ \mathrm{p} 25,324 \\ \mathrm{p} 78,935 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103,827 \\ 25,205 \\ 78,622 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { p104,344 } \\ \text { p25,342 } \\ \text { p79,002 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{p} 104,606 \\ \mathrm{p} 25,426 \\ \mathrm{p} 79,180 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { p262 } \\ \text { p } 84 \\ \text { p178 } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weekly hours: <br> Total private........ <br> Manufacturing......... <br> Overtime. | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 34.8 | p34.7 | 34.8 | p34.8 | p34.6 | $p-0.2$$p-1$ |
|  | 41.2 | p41.0p3.8 | 41.2 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { p41.0 } \\ \text { p3.7 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { p40.9 } \\ \text { p3.7 } \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 3.9 |  | 3.9 |  |  | po |
| 1/ Includes the res p=preliminary. | nt Arm | Forces |  |  | =not aval | 1lable. |

## Discouraged Workers (Household Survey Data)

The number of discouraged workers--persons who want to work but do not look for jobs because they believe that they cannot find any--rose slightly, by about 115,000 , to 1.0 million in the first quarter of 1988. Over the previous 4 quarters, the number of discouraged workers had declined by a total of 230,000. Men accounted for most of the first quarter rise. (See table A-14.)

Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey Data)
Total nonagricultural payroll employment rose by 260,000 in March to a seasonally adjusted level of 104.6 mlllion . The largest over-the-month gains occurred in the services and construction industries. Manufacturing employment was unchanged. (See table B-1.)

The services industry, with widespread employment gains totaling 85,000, again led the over-the-month growth in the service-producing sector. Wholesale trade, which has grown steadily since July, added 15,000 jobs in March, almost entirely in its durable goods component. Retail trade, which had added a quarter of a million jobs on a seasonally adjusted basis during the first 2 months of this year, showed no further employment growth in March. In finance, insurance, and real estate, a rise in real estate payrolls $(10,000)$ was partially offset by the second straight monthly decline in finance (5,000).

In the goods-producing sector, construction posted a second strong over-the-month gain ( 80,000 ). Since September, employment in that industry has risen by 270,000 . Manufacturing employment, which has slowed in recent months following strong growth in the second half of 1987, was unchanged in March. Job gains in machinery and printing and publishing were offset by small declines in other manufacturing industries.

## Weekly Hours (Establishment Survey Data)

The average workweek for all production or nonsupervisory workers an private nonagricultural payrolls decreased 0.2 hour in March to 34.6 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek edged down 0.1 hour to 40.9. This is the same level as a year earlier but slightly below the historically high levels of last fall. Factory overtime was unchanged in March at 3.7 hours. (See table B-2.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls declined by 0.4 percent to 122.9 (1977-100), seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing index, at 95.3, was little changed from February. (See table B-5.)

## Hourly end Weekly Earnings (Establishment Survey Data)

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonegricultural payrolls rose by 0.7 percent in March, seasonally adjusted, while average weekly earnings were virtually unchanged. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings edged up 2 cents to $\$ 9.20$, while average weekly earnings decreased 23 cents, reflecting a small decline in the workweek. (See table B-3.)

The Hourly Earnings Index (Establishment Survey Data)
The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 177.1 (1977=100) in March, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.4 percent from February. For the 12 months ended in March, the increase was 2.9 percent. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased l.1 percent during the 12month period ending in February. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements-fluctuations in manufacturing overtime and interindustry employment shifts. (See table B4.)

The Employment Situation for April 1988 will be released on Friday, May 6, at 8:30 A.M. (EDT).

## Explanatory Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics Survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides the information on the labor force, total employment, and unemployment that appears in the A tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 59.500 households that is conducted by the Bureau of the Census with most of the findings analyzed and published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides the information on the employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonagricultural payrolls that appears in the $B$ tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. This information is collected from payroll records by BLS in cooperation with Stare agencies. The sample includes over 290.000 establishments employing over 38 million people.
For both surveys, the data for a given month are actually collected for and relate to a particular week. In the household survey, unless otherwise indicated, it is the calendar week that contains the 12 th day of the month, which is called the survey week. In the establishment survey, the refermee week is the pay period including the 12 th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.
The data in this release are affected by a number of technical factors, including definitions, survey differences, seasonal adjustments, and the inevitable variance in results between a survey of a sample and a census of the entire population. Each of these factors is explained below.

## Coverage, deifinitions, and dilferences between surveys

The sample households in the household survey are selected so as to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older. Each person in a household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Those who hold more than one job are classified according to the job at which they worked the most hours.

People are ciassified as employed if they did any work at all as paid civilians; worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm; or worked 15 hours or more in an enterprise operated by a member of their family, whether they were paid or not. People are also counted as employed if they were on unpaid leave because of illness, bad weather, disputes between labor and management, or personal reasons. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also in. cluded in the employed total.

People are classified as unemployed, regardless of their eligibility for unemployment benefits or public assistance, if they meet all of the fellowing criteria: They had no employment during the surve: week; they were available for work at
that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks. Persons laid off from their former jobs and awaiting recall and those expecting to report to a job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed.

The labor force equals the sum of the number employed and the number unemployed. The unemployment rate is the percentage of unemployed people in the labor force (civilian plus the resident Armed Forces). Table A-5 presents a special grouping of seven measures of unemployment based on varying definitions of unemployment and the labor force. The definitions are provided in the table. The most restrictive definition yields U-I and the most comprehensive yields U-7. The overall unemployment rate is U-Sa, while U-5b represents the same measure with a civilian labor force base.

Unlike the household survey, the establishment survey only counts wage and salary employees whose names appear on the payroll records of nonagricultural firms. As a result, there are many differences between the two surveys, among which are the following:

- The household survey, although based on a smatler sample, refects a larger segment of the population; the establishment suney excludes agriculture, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, priwate household workers, and members of the resident Armed Forses:
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed; the establishment survey does not:
- The household survey is limited to those 16 years of age and older; the establishment survey is not limited by age;
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because each in. dividual is counted only once; in the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job or otherwise appearing on more than one payroll would the counied separately for each appearance.

Other differences between the two surveys are described in "Comparing Employment Estimates from Household and Payroll Surveys," which may be obtained from the BLS upon request.

## Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. For example, the labor force increases by a large number each June, when schools close and many young people enter the job market. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large; over the course of a year, for example, seasonality may account for as much as 95 percent of the month-to-month changes in unemployment.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjusimems make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in economic activity or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. To return to the school's-out example, the large number of people entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place since May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. However, because the effect of students finishing school in previous years is known, the statistics for the current year can be adjusted to allow for a comparable change. Insofar as the seasonal adjustment is made correctly, the adjusted figure provides a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in economic activity.

Measures of labor force, employment, and unemployment conrain components such as age and sex. Statistics for all employees, production workers, average weekty hours, and average hourly earnings include components based on the employer's industry. All these statistics can be seasonally adjusted either by adjusting the total or by adjusting each of the components and combining them. The second procedure usually yields more accurate information and is therefore followed by bl.s. For example, the seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment. components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force.

The numerical factors used to make the seasonal adjustments are recalculated regularly. For the household survey, the factors are calculated for the January-June period and again for the July-December period. The January revision is applied to data that have been published over the pretious 5 years. For the establishment surves, updated factors for seasonal adjustment are calculated only once a year, along with the introduction of new benchmarks which are discussed at the end of the next section.

## Sampling variability

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to sampling error, that is, the estimate of the number of people employed and the other estimates drawn from these surveys probably differ from the figures that would be obtained from a complete census, even if the same questionnaires and procedures were used. In the household survey, the amount of the differences can be expressed in terms of standard errors. The numerical value of a standard error depends upon the size of the sample, the results of the survey, and other factors. However, the numerical value is always such that the chances are approximately 68 out of 100 that an estimate based on the sample will differ by no more than the standard error
from the results of a complete census. The chances are approximately 90 out of 100 that an estimate based on the sample will differ by no more than 1.6 times the standard error from the results of a complete census. At approximately the 90 -percent level of confiderice-the confidence limits used by bis in its analyses-the error for the monthly change in total employment is on the order of plus or minus 328,000: for total unemployment it is 220,000; and, for the overall unemployment rate, it is 0.19 percentage point. These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes but. rather, that the chances are approximately 90 out of 100 that the "true" level or rate would not be expected to differ from the estimates by more than these amounts.

Sampling errors for monthly surveys are reduced when the data are cumulated for several months, such as quarterly or annually. Also, as a general rule, the smaller the estimate, the larger the sampling error. Therefore, relatively speaking, the estimate of the size of the labor force is subject to less error than is the estimate of the number unemployed. And, among the unemployed, the sampling error for the jobless rate of adult men, for example, is much smaller than is the error for the jobless rate of teenagers. Specifically, the error on monihly change in the jobless rate for men is .26 percentage point; for teenagers. it is 1.25 percentage points.
In the establishment survey, estimates for the 2 most current months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. When all the returns in the sample have been received, the estimates are revised. In other words, data for the month of September are published in preliminary form in October and November and in final form in December. To remove errors that build up over time, a comprehensive count of the employed is conducted each year. The results of this sursey are used to establish new benchmarks-comprechensive counts of employment-against which month-to-month changes can be measured. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries and allow for the formation of neu establishments.

## Additional statistics and other information

In order to provide a broad vien of the Nation's employment situation, BLS regularly publishes a wide variety of data in this news release. More comprehensive statistics are contained in Employment and Earnings. published each month by日LS. It is available for $\$ 8.50$ per issue or $\$ 22.00$ per year from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washingion, D.C., 20204. A chech or money order made out to the Superintendent of Documents must accompany all orders.

Employment and Earnings also provides approximations of the standard errors for the household survey data published in this release. For unemployment and other labor force categories, the standard eriors appear in tables B through J of its "Explanatory Notes." Measures of the reliability of the data drawn from the establishment survey and the actual amounts of revision due to benchmark adjustments are provided in tables M, O, P, and Q of that publication.

Table A-1. Employment status of the population, including Armed Forees in the United States, by eex
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and sex | Not meneonally tojusted |  |  | Satsonally adjusted' |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. 1987 | Feb. 1988 | Mar. 1988 | Mar. 1987 | Nov. 1987 | Dec. <br> 1987 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1988 | Mar. <br> 1988 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population ${ }^{2}$ | 183,915 | 185,705 | 185,847 | 183,915 | 185,225 | 185,370 | 185,571 | 185,705 | 185,847 |
| Labor force ${ }^{2}$ | 120,089 | 121,678 | 121,693 | 120,982 | 122,349 | 122,472 | 122,924 | 123,084 | 122,639 |
| Participation rate ${ }^{2}$......................................................... | 65.3 | 65.5 | 65.5 | 65.8 | 66.1 | 66.1 | 66.2 | 66.3 | 66.0 |
| Total employedz ................................................................. | 111,965 | 114,196 | 114,603 | 113,191 | 115,259 | 115,494 | 115,678 | 116,145 | 115.839 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{4}$.............................. | 60.9 | 61.5 | 61.7 | 61.5 | 62.2 | 62.3 | 62.4 | 62.5 | 62.3 |
| Resident Armed Forces ................................................... | 1,736 | 1.736 | 1,736 | 1.736 | 1.755 | 1.750 | 1,749 | 1,736 | 1,736 |
| Civilian employed. | 110,229 | 112,460 | 112,867 | 111,455 | 113,504 | 113,744 | 114,129 | 114.409 | 114,103 |
| Agriculture | 2,932 | 2,760 | 2,902 | 3,237 | 3,172 | 3,215 | 3,293 | 3,228 | 3,204 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 107,297 | 109,700 | 109,964 | 108,218 | 110,332 | 110.529 | 110.836 | 111.182 | 110,899 |
| Unemployed | 8,124 | 7.482 | 7.090 | 7.791 | 7,090 | 6,978 | 7,046 | 6,938 | 6,801 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{5}$........................................................ | 6.8 63.826 | 6.1 64.026 | 5.8 64.154 | 62.4 | 5.8 62.876 | 5.7 62.898 | 5.7 62.647 | 5.6 62.629 | 5.5 63.208 |
| Not in labor force ................................................................ | 63,826 | 64,026 | 64,154 | 62,933 | 62,876 | 62,898 | 62,647 | 62,629 | 63.208 |
| Men, 16 yowrs and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population ${ }^{2}$ | 88.186 | 89,099 | 89,168 | 88,106 | 88,849 | 88,924 | 69.033 | 89.099 | 89.168 |
| Labor force? | 66,984 | 67.484 | 67,521 | 67,590 | 68,019 | 68,030 | 68,243 | 68,343 | 68,148 |
| Participation rate' | 76.0 | 75.7 | 75.7 | 76.6 | 76.6 | 76.5 | 76.6 | 76.7 | 76.4 |
| Total emptoyed² ......... | 62,291 | 63,252 | 63,385 | 63,263 | 64,174 | 64,245 | 64,396 | 64,636 | 64.332 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{4}$ | 70.6 | 71.0 | 71.1 | 71.7 | 72.2 | 72.2 | 72.3 | 72.5 | 72.1 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 1.575 | 1.577 | 1.573 | 1,575 | 1.593 | 1,589 | 1,588 | 1.577 | 1.573 |
| Civilian employed ............................................................ | 60,716 | 61,675 | 61.812 | 61,688 | 62,581 | 62,656 | -62.808 | 63.059 | 62,759 |
| Unemployed | 4,693 | 4,232 | 4,136 | 4,327 | 3,845 | 3,785 | 3,847 | 3,707 | 3,816 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{6}$...................... | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.6 |
| Women, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 95,729 | 96,606 | 96,679 | 95,729 | 96,376 | 86,446 | 96.538 | 96,606 | 96.679 |
| Lebor force ${ }^{2}$................ | 53,106 | 54,195 | 54,173 | 53,392 | 54,330 | 54,442 | 54,681 | 54,740 | 54,491 |
| Participation rate' | 55.5 | 56.1 | 56.0 | 55.8 | 56.4 | 56.4 | 56.6 | 56.7 | 56.4 |
| Total ermployedt .......................... | 49,674 | 50,944 | 51,218 | 49,928 | 51,085 | 51,249 | 51.482 | 51,509 | 51,507 |
| Employment-population ratio4 ......................................... | 51.9 | 52.7 | 53.0 | 52.2 | 53.0 | 53.1 | 53.3 | 53.3 | 53.3 |
| Resident Amed Forces.. | 161 | 159 | 163 | 161 | 162 | 161 | 161 | 159 | 163 |
| Civilian emptoyed ............................................................ | 49,513 | 50,785 | 51,055 | 49,767 | 50,923 | 51,088 | 51,321 | 51,350 | 51,344 |
| Unemployed .................................................................. | 3.432 | 3,250 | 2.955 | 3,464 | 3,245 | 3,193 | 3,200 | 3,234 | 2,985 |
| Unemployment rete ${ }^{\text {a }}$..................................................... | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.5 |

1 The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for enasonal veriation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonaly adjusted cotumns.
I Inchudes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United Stetes.

[^0]Table A-2. Employment status of the clvilian poputation by sex and age
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | Not teasonally adjusted |  |  | Seasonally adusted' |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1888 | Mar. $1988$ | Mar. $1987$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1988 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ |
| total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 182,179 | 183,969 | 184,111 | 182,179 | 183,470 | 183,620 | 183,822 | 183,969 | 184,119 |
| Covilian labor force ............. | 118,353 | 119,942 | 118,957 | 119,246 | 120.594 | 120.722 | 121,175 | 121.348 | 120,903 |
| Participation rate | 65.0 | 65.2 | 65.2 | 65.5 | 65.7 | 65.7 | 65.9 | 66.0 | 65.7 |
| Employed ............................... | 110,229 | 112,460 | 112,867 | 111,455 | 113,504 | 113.744 | 114,129 | 114,409 | 114.103 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$... | 60.5 | 61.1 | 61.3 | 61.2 | 61.9 | 61.9 | 62.1 | 62.2 | 62.0 |
| Unemployed | 8.124 | 7,482 | 7.090 | 7.791 | 7,090 | 6,978 | 7.046 | 6,938 | 6,801 |
| Unemployment rate .................... | 6.9 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ... | 79,303 | 80,203 | 80.260 | 79,303 | 79,885 | 80,002 | 80,120 | 80,203 | 80,260 |
| Civilian labor torce .................... | 61,693 | 62,205 | 62,238 | 61,933 | 62,299 | 62,248 | 62.440 | 62.696 | 62.497 |
| Participation rate ... | 77.8 | 77.6 | 77.5 | 78.1 | 78.0 | 77.8 | 77.9 | 78.2 | 77.9 |
| Employed ............... | 57.752 | 58.626 | 58.807 | 58,380 | 59,164 | 59,185 | 59,287 | 59,625 | 59,407 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$. | 72.8 | 73.1 | 73.3 | 73.6 | 74.1 | 74.0 | 74.0 | 74.3 | 74.0 |
| Agriculture ........................... | 2.201 | 2.027 | 2.109 | 2.361 | 2,297 | 2,298 | 2,323 | 2,280 | 2,253 |
| Nonagricultural industries ................................................. | 55.551 | 56,599 | 56,697 | 56,019 | 56,867 | 56.887 | 56,964 | 57,344 | 57,154 |
| Unemployed -........................ | 3,941 | 3,578 | 3,432 | 3.553 | 3,135 | 3,063 | 3,154 | 3.071 | 3,089 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................ | 6.4 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population.. | 88,321 | 89,178 | 89,261 | 88,321 | 88.923 | .89,010 | 89,110 | 89,178 | 89,261 |
| Civilian labor force ........ | 49,374 | 50.407 | 50.476 | 49,414 | 50,254 | 50,361 | 50,558 | 50,640 | 50,542 |
| Participation rate .................................................... | 55.9 | 56.5 | 56.5 | 55.9 | 56.5 | 56.6 | 56.7 | 56.8 | 56.6 |
| Employed -............................... | 46,531 | 47,714 | 48.051 | 46,582 | 47,634 | 47,750 | 47,977 | 48,005 | 48,132 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$. | 52.7 | 53.5 | 53.8 | 52.7 | 53.6 | 53.6 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 53.9 |
| Agriculture .............................. | 530 | 552 | 575 | 602 | 636 | 643 | 646 | 654 | 656 |
| Nonagricultural industries ............................................... | 46,001 | 47.162 | 47.476 | 45,980 | 46,998 | 47.107 | 47,331 | 47.351 | 47,476 |
| Unemployed .......................... | 2.843 | 2.693 | 2,425 | 2.832 | 2,620 | 2.611 | 2.581 | 2,635 | 2,411 |
| Unemployment rate ................... | 5.8 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
| Both mexes, 16 to 19 yoars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population... | 14.555 | 14,588 | 14,591 | 14.555 | 14,663 | 14,609 | 14,592 | 14,588 | 14,591 |
| Civilian labor force ......................... | 7,297 | 7,331 | 7.243 | 7.899 | 8,041 | 8,113 | 8,177 | 8,011 | 7,865 |
| Participation rate .............................................................. | 50.1 | 50.2 | 49.6 | 54.3 | 54.8 | 55.5 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 53.9 |
| Employed ............................ | 5.946 | 6.120 | 6,009 | 6.493 | 6,706 | 6.809 | 6,865 | 6,778 | 6,564 |
| Employment-population ratio' ........................................... | 40.9 | 42.0 | 41.2 | 44.6 | 45.7 | 46.6 | 47.0 | 46.5 | 45.0 |
| Agriculture ............................................................................ | 202 | 181 | 218 | 274 | 239 | 274 | 323 | 293 | 295 |
| Nonagricuttural industries .................................................... | 5.745 | 5,839 | 5.791 | 6.219 | 6,467 | 6,535 | 6.542 | 6.486 | 6,269 |
| Unemployed .......................... | 1,341 | 1,211 | 1,234 | 1,406 | 1,335 | 1,304 | 1,312 | 1,232 | 1,301 |
| Unemployment rale .............................................................. | 18.4 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 16.6 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.4 | 16.5 | therelore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusied and seasonally population.

Table A-3. Employment status of the civllian population by race, sax, age, and Mispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-3. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, age, and Mispanic origin-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanle origin | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1987 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1988 | Mar. 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ...........................................\| | 12,732 | 13,153 | 13,192 | 12.732 | 13,043 | 13.082 | 13,115 | 13.153 | 13.192 |
| Civilian labor force .............................................................. | 8,326 | 8,905 | 8,726 | 8,395 | 8,763 | 8,772 | 8.879 | 9,017 | 8.803 |
| Participation rate ............................................................. | 65.4 | 67.7 | 66.1 | 65.9 | 67.2 | 67.1 | 67.7 | 68.6 | 66.7 |
| Empłoyed ........................................................................ | 7,547 | 8,086 | 7,990 | 7.632 | 7.978 | 8,058 | 8,238 | B,268 | 8,079 |
|  | 59.3 | 61.5 | 60.6 | 59.9 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 62.8 | 62.9 | 61.2 |
| Unemployed .................................................................... | 780 | 820 | 736 | 763 | 785 | 714 | 642 | 749 | 724 |
| Unemployment rate ....................................................... | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 8.3 | B. 2 |

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columins.
${ }^{2}$ Civilian employment as percent of the civilian noninstitutional
population.
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and biack population groups.

Table A-4. Selected employment indieators
(In thousands)

| Category | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ |
| Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed, 16 years and over ...................................... | 110.229 | 112,460 | 112.867 | 111,455 | 113.504 | 113,744 | 114.129 | 114,409 | 114,103 |
| Married men, spouse present | 39,739 | 39,868 | 40.157 | 40,054 | 40.645 | 40,711 | 40,404 | 40,475 | 40,481 |
| Married women, spouse present ........................................... | 27,937 | 28,477 | 28.776 | 27.966 | 28.175 | 28,249 | 28,441 | 28,707 | 28.805 |
| Women who maintain families .............................................. | 5,963 | 6,157 | 6,178 | 5,946 | 6,237 | 6,227 | 6,168 | 6,157 | 6,160 |
| MANOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultura: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,494 | 1,407 | 1,467 | 1,689 | 1.595 | 1,599 | 1,666 | 1,677 | 1,648 |
| Sell-employed workers ...................................................... | 1,303 | 1,274 | 1,309 | 1,416 | 1,407 | 1.450 | 1,454 | 1,414 | 1,423 |
| Unpaid family workers ....................................................... | 135 | 79 | 126 | 152 | 155 | 156 | 138 | 114 | 142 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ..................................................... | 99,092 | 101.341 | 101,514 | 99,863 | 101.943 | 101,997 | 102,507 | 102,683 | 102.278 |
| Govemment ... | 16,883 | 17,270 | 17,195 | 16,594 | 17,118 | 17,064 | 17,197 | 16,948 | 16.908 |
| Private industries ............................................................ | 82.209 | 84,071 | 84,319 | 83,269 | 84,825 | 84,933 | 85,310 | 85,735 | 85,371 |
| Private households | 1.134 | 1.087 | 1.086 | 1,227 | 1,286 | 1,200 | 1,147 | 1,170 | 1,175 |
| Other industnes ............................................................ | 81,075 | 82,984 | 83,233 | 82,042 | 83,539 | 83,733 | 84,163 | 84,565 | 84,196 |
| Seff-employed workers ..................................................... | 7.921 | 8,146 | 8,190 | 8,082 | 8,222 | 8,280 | 8,150 | 8,312 | 8,366 |
| Unpaid tamily workers ........................................................ | 284 | 213 | 261 | 270 | 235 | 248 | 237 | 228 | 248 |
| PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part time for economic reasons ......................................... | 5,232 | 5.377 | 5,129 | 5.459 | 5,534 | 5,262 | 5,367 | 5.566 | 5,343 |
| -Slack work ....................................................................... | 2,440 | 2,661 | 2,520 | 2.438 | 2,408 | 2,284 | 2,396 | 2.478 | 2.520 |
| Couid only find part-time work ........................................... | 2,504 | 2,390 | 2,347 | 2,707 | 2,696 | 2,638 | 2,640 | 2,598 | 2,535 |
| Voluntary part time ................................................................ | 15,145 | 15,446 | 15,567 | 14,201 | 14,523 | 14,711 | 14,571 | 14,572 | 14,603 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part time for өconomic reasons .......................................... | 4,999 | 5,117 | 4,932 | 5,180 | 5.241 | 5,004 | 5.145 | 5.254 | 5,106 |
| Slack work .................................................................... | 2.280 | 2,504 | 2,371 | 2,234 | 2,209 | 2,111 | 2,260 | 2,327 | 2,325 |
| Could only find part-time work .......................................... | 2.434 | 2,292 | 2,307 | 2.612 | 2,597 | 2.552 | 2.566 | 2.457 | 2.475 |
| Voluntary part time ............................................................ | 14,68 | 15,055 | 15.131 | 13.717 | 14.064 | 14.222 | 14,096 | 14.123 | 14,141 |

' Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacabon, illiness, or industrial dispute.

Table A-5. Range of unemployment measures based on varying definitions of unamployment and the labor force, seasonally adjusted (Percent)

| Measure | Quarterly averages |  |  |  |  | Monthly data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  | 1988 |  |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | Iv | 1 | Jan. | Feb | Mar. |
| U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer as a percent of the civilian labor force $\qquad$ | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| U-2 Job losers as a percent of the civilian labor force ................................................................... | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| U-3 Unemptoyed persons 25 years and over as a percent of the civilian labor force $\qquad$ | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| U-4 Unemployed fuli-time jobseekers as a percent of the full-time civilian labor force $\qquad$ | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| U-5a Total unemployed as a percent of the labor force, Including the restdent Armed Forces $\qquad$ | 6.5 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| U-5b Total unemployed as a percent of the clvillan labor force ...................................... | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| U. 6 Total tull-time jobseakers plus $1 / 2$ part-time jobseekers plus 1/2 total on part time for economic reasons as a percent of the civilian labor force less $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ of the part-time labor force $\qquad$ | 9.0 | 8.5 |  |  |  |  | 8.0 |  |
| U. 7 Total full-time jobseekers plus $1 / 2$ part-time jobseekers plus $1 / 2$ total on part time for economic reasons plus discouraged workers as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers less $1 / 2$ of the part-time labor force $\qquad$ |  |  | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 8.0 | N.A. | 7.9 |

N.A. $=$ not available.

Table A-6. Selected unemployment indictors, seasonally adjusted

| Category | Number of unemployed persons (in thousands) |  |  | Unemployment rates' |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1988 | Mar. 1888 | Mar. <br> 1987 | Nov. <br> 1987 | Dec. $1987$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1988 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ |
| Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over .................................................. | 7.791 | 6,938 | 6,801 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Men, 16 yeers and over ................................................. | 4,327 | 3,707 | 3,816 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Men, 20 years and over .................................................. | 3.553 | 3.071 | 3.089 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Women, 16 years and over ... | 3,464 | 3,231 | 2,985 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| Wormen, 20 years and over ............................................. | 2.832 | 2,635 | 2,411 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years ............................................... | 1,406 | 1,232 | 1,301 | 17.8 | 16.6 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.4 | 16.5 |
| Married men, spouse prosent. | 1.713 | 1,428 | 1.422 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Married wormen, spouse present ....................................... | 1,308 | 1,226 | 1,185 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Wornen who maintein familias .......................................... | 636 | 557 | 497 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 7.5 |
| Full-time workert ....................................................... | 6,248 | 5,549 | 5,498 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Part-time workers ................ | 1,571 | 1,379 | 1,330 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.7 |
| Labor force time lost ............................................ |  |  | - | 7.4 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.5 |
| industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salay workers ................. | 5,806 | 5.175 | 5.061 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Goods-producing industries ............................................ | 2,308 | 1.992 | 1,880 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 8.4 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Mining ....................................................................... | 82 | 66 | 63 | 9.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| Construction ................. | 762 | 700 | 663 | 12.4 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 12.2 | 11.0 | 10.7 |
| Manuracturing ............................................................ | 1.464 | 1,226 | 1.153 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.2 |
| Durable goods ...................... | 848 | 763 | 683 | 6.6 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.2 |
| Nondurable goods ................................................... | 616 | 463 | 471 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Service-producing industries ......................................... | 3.498 | 3.182 | 3.181 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| Transportation and public utitities .................................. | 281 | 236 | 272 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.2 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ......................................... | 1,678 | 1.476 | 1.564 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.8 |
| Firance and service industries ...................................... | 1,599 | 1,470 | 1,345 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| Government workers ...................................................... | 593 | 483 | 485 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| FRgricultural wage and salary workers ................................. | 205 | 191 | 203 | 10.8 | 11.1 | 10.9 | 11.5 | 10.2 | 11.0 |

hOUSEHOLD DATA
HOUSEHOLD DATA
Table A-7. Duration of tinemployment
(Numbers in thousands)

| Weeks of unemployment | Not sensonally adjutted |  |  | Samenally adjustod |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1988 | Mar. <br> 1986 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1987 | Dec. 1887 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | Fob. 1888 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 weeks .............................................................. | 3.068 | 2,973 | 2,759 | 3,352 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3,218 | 3,229 | 3,089 | 3.084 | 3,005 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 2,672 | 2.602 | 2,332 | 2,411 | 2.029 | 1,968 | 2,263 | 2.145 | 2,101 |
| 15 weeks and over ................................................................ | 2,384 | 1.907 | 1.899 | 2.055 | 1,834 | 1,791 | 1,733 | 1,740 | 1.722 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ................................................................. | 1,196 | 977 | 1.108 | 944 | 899 | 892 | 839 | 841 | 887 |
| 27 weeks and over ........................................................... | 1,188 | 930 | 891 | 1.111 | 835 | 899 | 894 | 899 | 835 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks ....................................... | 15.6 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 13.7 |
| Median duration, in weeks ...................................................... | 8.2 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed ................................................................. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ............................................................. | 37.6 | 39.7 | 38.9 | 42.9 | 45.4 | 46.2 | 43.6 | 44.3 | 44.0 |
| 5 to 14 weeks .................................................................... | 32.9 | 34.8 | 32.9 | 30.8 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 31.9 | 30.8 | 30.8 |
| 15 weeks and over ............................................................. | 29.3 | 25.5 | 28.2 | 26.3 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 24.5 | 25.0 | 25.2 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ............................................................... | 14.7 | 13.1 | 15.6 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 13.0 |
| 27 weeks and over .......................................................... | 14.6 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 12.2 |

Table A-8. Reason for unemployment
(Numbers in thousands)

| Reasons | Not masconally adjusted |  |  | Seasonally adjuated |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1987 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mer. 1988 | Mar. $1987$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1988 | Feb. 1988 | Mar. <br> 1988 |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers .............................................................................. | 4,227 | 3,739 | 3,506 | 3,791 | 3,307 | 3.200 | 3.209 | 3,207 | 3,139 |
| On layoff .............................................................................. | 1,206 | 1,181 | 4.083 | 1,003 | 878 | 856 | 888 | 884 | 899 |
| Other job losers ................................................................... | 3,021 | 2.558 | 2,423 | 2,788 | 2,429 | 2,344 | 2.320 | 2.323 | 2,240 |
| Job leavers ............................................................................ | 934 | 988 | 1,012 | 996 | 926 | 946 | 1,082 | 061 | 1.075 |
| Reentrants ............................................................................. | 2.107 | 1.974 | 1.784 | 2.078 | 1.974 | 1,945 | 1,917 | 1,851 | 1,756 |
| New entrants ......................................................................... | 857 | 782 | 789 | 952 | 855 | 909 | 885 | 864 | 887 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed .................................................................... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers ............................................................................ | 52.0 | 50.0 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 46.8 | 45.7 | 45.2 | 45.9 | 45.8 |
| On loyoff ........................................................................... | 14.8 | 15.8 | 15.3 | 12.8 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 13.1 |
| Other job losers ................................................................. | 37.2 | 34.2 | 34.2 | 35.7 | 34.4 | 33.5 | 32.7 | 33.3 | 32.7 |
| Job leavers ......................................................................... | 11.5 | 13.2 | 14.3 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 15.3 | 13.8 | 15.7 |
| Reentrants .......................................................................... | 25.8 | 26.4 | 25.2 | 26.6 | 28.0 | 27.8 | 27.0 | 27.9 | 25.6 |
| Now entrants ...................................................................... | 10.5 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.9 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILAN LABOR FOACE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers .............................................................................. | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Job leavers ........................................................................... | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Peentrants ........................................................................... | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| New entrants ................................................................ | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 |

Table A-9. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

| Sex and age | Number of unemployed persons (In thousands) |  |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1988 | Mar. $1987$ | Nov. $1987$ | Dec. 1987 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1988 |
| Total, 16 years and over ........................................................ | 7,791 | 6,938 | 6,801 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| 16 to 24 years .................................................................... | 2,951 | 2.525 | 2.637 | 12.8 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 11.7 |
| 161019 years .................................................................. | 1,406 | 1,232 | 1,304 | 17.8 | 16.6 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.4 | 16.5 |
| 16 to 17 years. | 665 | 580 | 568 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 17.8 | 18.7 | 17.4 | 17.6 |
| 18 to 19 years. | 741 | 655 | 732 | 16.2 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 15.8 |
| 20 to 24 years .................................................................. | 1,545 | 1,293 | 1,336 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 9.1 |
| 25 years and over ................................................................ | 4.838 | 4,416 | 4.161 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| 25 to 54 years ................................................................ | 4,339 | 3,926 | 3,730 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| 55 years and over ............................................................. | 503 | 499 | 441 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| Men, 16 years and over ...................................................... | 4,327 | 3,707 | 3,816 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| 16 to 24 years .................................................................. | 1.586 | 1,333 | 1,423 | 13.2 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 12.1 |
| 16 to 19 years ................................................................. | 774 | 636 | 727 | 19.0 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 16.4 | 15.6 | 17.8 |
| 16 to 17 years .............................................................. | 347 | 285 | 313 | 20.3 | 20.4 | 19.3 | 19.4 | 16.9 | 18.5 |
| 18 to 19 years .............................................................. | 426 | 354 | 414 | 17.9 | 14.8 | 15.3 | 14.9 | 14.7 | 17.3 |
| 20 to 24 years ................................................................ | 812 | 697 | 696 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 9.1 |
| 25 years and over ............................................................. | 2,735 | 2,390 | 2,385 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| 25 to 54 years ................................................................. | 2.413 | 2,095 | 2.089 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| 55 years and over ........... | 318 | 305 | 299 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Women, 16 years and over .................................................. | 3.464 | 3,231 | 2.985 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| 16 to 24 years .............................................................. | 1,365 | 1,192 | 1,214 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 11.3 |
| 16 to 19 years ................................................................. | 632 | 596 | 574 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 14.8 | 15.6 | 15.1 | 15.2 |
| 16 to 17 years | 318 | 295 | 255 | 19.6 | 17.9 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 18.0 | 16.6 |
| 18 to 19 years .............................................................. | 315 | 301 | 318 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 14.2 |
| 20 to 24 years ................................................................. | 733 | 596 | 640 | 10.1 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 9.1 |
| 25 years and over | 2,103 | 2,026 | 1,776 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| 25 to 54 years ................................................................. | 1.926 | 1,831 | 1.641 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.4 |
| 55 years and over .......................................................... | 185 | 194 | 142 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.3 |

- Unemployment as a percent of the civilian tabor force.

Table A-10. Employment status of black and other workers
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status | Not eesconally adjuated |  |  | Sensonally adjusted' |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1988 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1888 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1987 | Nov. <br> 1987 | Dec. 1887 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1988 | Mar. <br> 1988 |
| Civikan noninstitutional population ............................................ | 25.618 | 26.196 | 26.243 | 25.618 | 26.021 | 26,068 | 26,146 | 26,196 | 26,243 |
| Civilien tabor torce ..................................................................... | 16,216 | 16.544 | 16,569 | 16,434 | 16,869 | 16,853 | 16.926 | 16.779 | 16,779 |
| Participation rate ....................................................... | 63.3 | 63.2 | 63.1 | 64.2 | 64.8 | 64.7 | 64.7 | 64.1 | 63.9 |
| Employed ..................................................................... | 14.197 | 14,641 | 14,664 | 14,392 | 15.017 | 15.008 | 15,076 | 14,884 | 14.853 |
|  | 55.4 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 56.2 | 57.7 | 57.6 | 57.7 | 56.8 | 56.6 |
| Unemployed ............................................................................ | 2.019 | 1,904 | 1,905 | 2.042 | 1,852 | 1,845 | 1,850 | 1,895 | 1.926 |
| Unemployment rate ...................................................... | 12.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 12.4 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.5 |
| Not in labor force .............................................................. | 9.402 | 9,652 | 9,674 | 9,184 | 9,152 | 9,215 | 9,220 | 9,417 | 9,464 |

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therafore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-11. Occupational status of the employed and unemployed, not seatonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Occupation | Civilian employed |  | Unemployed |  | Unemployment rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1988 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1988$ | Mar. 1987 | Mar. 1988 |
| Total, 16 years and over' .......................................................................................... | 110,229 | 112,867 | 8,124 | 7,090 | 6.9 | 5.9 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 27,674 | 28,926 | 638 | 473 | 2.3 | 1.6 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 13,002 | 13,860 | 349 | 284 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Professional specialty ............................................................................................... | 14,673 | 15,068 | 289 | 189 | 1.8 | 1.2 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ................................................................... | 34,594 | 35,449 | 1,730 | 1,524 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| Technicians and related support ................................................................................. | 3,254 | 3,498 | 97 | 83 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| Sales occupations. | 13.207 | 13,575 | 764 | 726 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| Administrative support, including clerical ................................................................. | 18.134 | 18,376 | 869 | 715 | 4.6 | 3.7 |
| Service occupations ..................................................................................................... | 14,882 | 14,893 | 1,290 | 1,118 | 8.0 | 7.0 |
| Private household ................................................................................................ | 939 | 855 | 44 | 38 | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| Protective service | 1,897 | 1,855 | 67 | 75 | 3.4 | 3.9 |
| Service, except private household and protective ............................. | 12,046 | 12,183 | 1,179 | 1.005 | 8.9 | 7.6 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ............................................................................ | 13,145 | 13,307 | 1,033 | 970 | 7.3 | 6.8 |
| Mechanics and repairers | 4.429 | 4.511 | 200 | 186 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Construction trades | 4,746 | 4.758 | 592 | 546 | 11.1 | 10.3 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair .............................................................. | 3,970 | 4,036 | 242 | 238 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers .............................................................................. | 16,785 | 17.278 | 2.178 | 1,888 | 11.5 | 9.8 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ......................................................... | 7.732 | 7,996 | 869 | 706 | 10.1 | 8.1 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ........................................................ | 4,534 | 4,673 | 459 | 440 | 9.2 | 8.6 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ................................................... | 4.519 | 4,610 | 851 | 742 | 15.9 | 13.9 |
| Construction laborers ............................................... | 610 | 681 | 255 | 227 | 29.5 | 25.0 |
| Other handiers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ........................................ | 3,909 | 3,929 | 596 | 515 | 13.2 | 11.6 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 3.149 | 3.012 | 339 | 283 | 9.7 | 8.6. |

' Persons with no previous work experience and those whose last job was in the Armed Forces are included in the unemployed toial.

Table A-12. Employment status of male Vietnam-ert veterans and nonveterans by age, not seasonally adjuated
(Numbers in thousands)

| Vetertan status and age | Civllian nonlontitutional population |  | Civilan labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Employed |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent of inbor fores |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1989 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mer. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1989 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mer. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1989 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ |
| VIETMAM-ERA VETEPANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 30 years and over | 7.810 | 7,085 | 7,208 | 7,271 |  |  | 6,002 | 6,896 | 406 | 375 | 5.6 | 5.2 |
| 30 to 44 years | 6,254 | 6.009 | 5,971 | 5.722 | 5.644 | 5,381 | 327 | 331 | 5.5 | 5.8 |
| 30 to 34 years | 887 | 788 | 921 | 723 | 836 | 643 | 85 | 80 | 0.2 | 11.1 |
| 35 to 39 years ................................................. | 2.744 | 2,292 | 2,632 | 2,179 | 2,486 | 2.043 | 146 | 136 | 5.5 | 6.2 |
| 40 to 44 years ............................................... | 2,523 | 2,951 | 2,418 | 2.820 | 2,322 | 2.705 | 96 | 115 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| 45 years and over ............................................... | 1,556 | 1,876 | 1,237 | 1,549 | 1,158 | 1,505 | 79 | 44 | 6.4 | 2.8 |
| NONVETERANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 30 to 44 years ............................................ | 18,159 | 20,129 | 18,104 | 18,892 | 17,082 | 17,088 | 1,022 | 904 | 5.6 | 4.8 |
| 30 to 34 yenrs .................................................... | 8.711 | 8,901 | 8,288 | 8.470 | 7,823 | 8,024 | 465 | 446 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| 351039 years .................................................. | 6,109 | 6,673 | 5,774 | 6,273 | 5.428 | 5,088 | 346 | 285 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
| 40 to 44 years .................................................... | 4,339 | 4,465 | 4,042 | 4,149 | 3,831 | 3,976 | 211 | 173 | 5.2 | 4.2 |
| NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. who have never served in the Armed Forces; publig | served <br> Nonveter <br> data | the Arm <br> are m <br> limited |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e } 30 \text { to } \\ & \text { bulk of } \end{aligned}$ | 4 years <br> Vietnam | age. the ra vete | group th popula | most ck | ly $\mathbf{C O}$ | ond |

Table A-13. Empioyment status of the civilian population for eleven large States
(Numbers in thousands)

| State and employment status | Not seasonally adjusted' |  |  | Seasonally adjusted ${ }^{\text {i }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1988 | Mar. 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ |
| Calliornla |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 20,399 | 20.824 | 20,860 | 20,399 | 20.714 | 20,751 | 20.787 | 20,824 | 20,860 |
| Civilian labor force ....................... | 13,597 | 13,975 | 13,858 | 13,619 | 13,912 | 13,950 | 13,981 | 14,032 | 13,976 |
| Employed | 12.739 | 13,164 | 13,218 | 12,799 | 13,172 | 13.221 | 13,267 | 13,279 | 13,272 |
| Unemptoyed ................................................ | 858 | 812 | 740 | 820 | 740 | 729 | 714 | 753 | 704 |
| Unemployment rate ........................................... | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.0 |
| Florlda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 9,354 | 9,588 | 9.609 | 9,354 | 9.527 | 9.548 | 9.568 | 9,588 | 9,609 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 5,810 | 5,959 | 6,045 | 5,834 | 5,958 | 5,990 | 5,993 | 6,013 | 6,066 |
| Employed | 5,498 | 5,661 | 5,758 | 5,511 | 5,647 | 5,681 | 5,698 | 5,695 | 5,771 |
| Unemployed | 312 | 298 | 287 | 323 | 311 | 309 | 295 | 318 | 295 |
| Unemployment rate ........................................... | 5.4 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| ilinols |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ............................ | 8.722 | 8.767 | 8.770 | 8.722 | 8,757 | 8,761 | 8.764 | 8.767 | 8,770 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 5.609 | 5,739 | 5,677 | 5,677 | 5,764 | 5,751 | 5,795 | 5.839 | 5,749 |
| Employed... | 5,155 | 5,270 | 5,237 | 5,243 | 5,364 | 5,325 | 5,407 | 5,401 | 5,330 |
| Unemployed ...................................................... | 454 | 469 | 440 | 434 | 400 | 426 | 388 | 438 | 419 |
| Unemployment rate ........................................... | 8.1 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Maseschusetts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 4.581 | 4,598 | 4.599 | 4.581 | 4,594 | 4,596 | 4.597 | 4.598 | 4.599 |
| Civilian Iabor torce ................................................ | 3,058 | 3,101 | 3,169 | 3.081 | 3,093 | 3.088 | 3.142 | 3,147 | 3,190 |
| Employed | 2.921 | 2,985 | 3,055 | 2,964 | 3,009 | 2,998 | 3,036 | 3,041 | 3.096 |
| Unemployed ...................................................... | 156 | 116 | 114 | 117 | 84 | 90 | 106 | 105 | 94 |
| Unemployment rate ........................................... | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| Michigan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 6,909 | 6,972 | 6.977 | 6.909 | 6,956 | 6.962 | 6,966 | 6.972 | 6.977 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 4,463 | 4,469 | 4,449 | 4,502 | 4,519 | 4,529 | 4,472 | 4,530 | 4,488 |
| Employed | 4,088 | 4,071 | 4.064 | 4.141 | 4,159 | 4,137 | 4,018 | 4,149 | 4,117 |
| Unemployed ...................................................... | 376 | 398 | 385 | 361 | 360 | 392 | 454 | 381 | 371 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................ | 8.4 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 10.2 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| Now dersey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstrutional population ........................... | 5,989 | 6.027 | 6,029 | 5.989 | 6,018 | 6,021 | 6,024 | 6.027 | 6.029 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 3,965 | 3,970 | 3,976 | 3,975 | 3,994 | 4,005 | 4,037 | 3.891 | 3,985 |
| Employed ........................................................... | 3.785 | 3,810 | 3,803 | 3,820 | 3,847 | 3,846 | 3,884 | 3.856 | 3,826 |
| Unemployed ....................................................... | 170 | 161 | 173 | 155 | 147 | 157 | 153 | 135 | 159 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................ | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.0 |
| Now York |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilitn noninstitutional population ........................... | 13,745 | 13,789 | 13,770 | 13,745 | 13,766 | 13,768 | 13,768 | 13,769 | 13,770 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 8.437 | 8,426 | 6,427 | 8,472 | 8,553 | 0,512 | 8,524 | 8,505 | 8,465 |
| Employed ......................................................... | 7,987 | 8,054 | 8,064 | 8.063 | 8.112 | 0.127 | 8.120 | 8,172 | 8,142 |
| Unemployed ....................................................... | 449 | 372 | 362 | 409 | 441 | 385 | 404 | 333 | 323 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................ | 5.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| North Carolina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clvitian noninstitutional population ............................ | 4.786 | 4.858 | 4.664 | 4,786 | 4,840 | 4,046 | 4,852 | 4,850 | 4,864 |
| Cvitian labor force ................................................ | 3,219 | 3,284 | 3,265 | 3.247 | 3,314 | 3.291 | 3,291 | 3,300 | 3,296 |
| Employed .......................................................... | 3,060 | 3,146 | 3,136 | 3,091 | 3,181 | 3,144 | 3,135 | 3,180 | 3,179 |
| Unemployed ....................................................... | 159 | 138 | 129 | 156 | 133 | 147 | 156 | 120 | 125 |
| Unemployment rate ........................................... | 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Onvo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cvilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 8,139 | 8,184 | 8,188 | 8.139 | 8.174 | 8,178 | 8,181 | 8,184 | 8,148 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 5,161 | 5,279 | 5,295 | 5,237 | 5.263 | 5,264 | 5,330 | 5,355 | 5,369 |
| Employed ............................... .......................... | 4,756 | 4.904 | 4.879 | 4.838 | 4.945 | 4.937 | 4,983 | 5.013 | 4.858 |
| Unemployed ............................ ......................... | 406 | 374 | 416 | 399 | 318 | 327 | 347 | 342 | 411 |
| Unemployment rate ................... ......................... | 7.9 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 7.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-13. Employment status of the civilian pepulation for eleven large States-Continued

| Stiot and employment status | Not seasonally adjusted' |  |  | Seaconally adjustod ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1988 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1987 | Dec. 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1988$ |
| Penneytuanta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................... | 9,277 | 9,312 | 9,314 | 9,277 | 9,305 | 9,307 | 8,309 | 0,312 | 0,314 |
| Civilian labor force ............................................... | 5,450 | 5,653 | 5,617 | 5,564 | 5,709 | 5,780 | 5,827 | 5,786 | 5,728 |
| Employed .......................................................... | 5,110 | 5,319 | 5,304 | 5,243 | 5,394 | 5,457 | 5,497 | 5.486 | 5.435 |
| Unemployed ....................................................... | 340 | 334 | 314 | 321 | 315 | 323 | 330 | 300 | 293 |
| Unemployment rate .......................................... | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| Toxas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian norinstitutional population,........................... | 12.006 | 12,053 | 12,056 | 12,006 | 12.044 | 12,048 | 12.050 | 12,053 | 12,056 |
| Civilian labor force ................................................ | 8,008 | 8,210 | 8,167 | 8.085 | 8,351 | 8,286 | 8,255 | 8,306 | 8,252 |
| Employed ......................................................... | 7,348 | 7.492 | 7.493 | 7,432 | 7,659 | 7,646 | 7.595 | 7.610 | 7.582 |
| Unemployed ..................................................... | 660 | 718 | 674 | 653 | 692 | 640 | 660 | 686 | 670 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................ | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 8.1 |

' These are the official Bureau of Labor Statistics' estimates used in the administration of Federal fund allocation programs.
${ }^{2}$ The population figures are not adjusted for saasonal variation; therefore,
identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and the seasonally adjusted columns.

Table A-14. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, quarterly averages
(In thousands)

| Reason, sex, and race | Not saasonally adjusted |  | Seasonally adjutiod |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1888 | 1997 |  |  |  | 1988 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | Ill | IV | 1 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ................................................................ | 63,894 | 64,087 | 62,851 | 62,901 | 62,963 | 62,899 | 62,825 |
| Do not want a job now .............................................................. | 58,063 | 58,442 | 56,983 | 57,008 | 57,490 | 57,408 | 57,4146,325 |
| Current activity: Going to school ........................................... | 8,098 | 8,012 | 6,394 | 6.403 | 6,388 | 6,414 |  |
| III, disabled ..................................................... | 4,187 | 4,329 | 4,111 | 4,193 | 4,426 | 4,467 | 4,254 |
| Keeping house ................................................ | 26,168 | $\begin{aligned} & 25,277 \\ & 16,798 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,182 \\ & 15,872 \end{aligned}$ | 25,550 | 25,64616,317 | 25.51316.508 | $\begin{array}{r} 25,289 \\ 16,862 \end{array}$ |
| Retired ........................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 15,828 \\ 3,783 \end{array}$ |  |  | 16,250 |  |  |  |
| Other activity .................................................. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,798 \\ 4,027 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,872 \\ 4,424 \end{array}$ | 4.611 | 4,713 |  | $4,684$ |
| Want a job now ......................................................................... | 5,932 | 5,645 | 5,780 | 5.871 | 5,802 | 5.462 | 5.5101,310 |
| Reason nol looking: School attendance | 1.557804 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.518 \\ 800 \end{array}$ | 1,348 | 1.470 | 1,556 | 1,389 |  |
| III heatth, disability ........................................... |  |  | 848 | $\begin{array}{r} 914 \\ 1,325 \end{array}$ | 847 | 834 | 850 |
| Home responsibilities ...................................... | 804 1.225 | $\begin{array}{r} 800 \\ 1,176 \end{array}$ | 1,231 |  | 1,274 | 1.234 | 1.1821.027 |
|  | 1,217 | 1,099 | 1,135 | 1.048 | 892 | 810 |  |
| Job-market tactors' | 805 | 738 | 762 | 694 | 635 | 581 | 700 |
| Personal factors? $\qquad$ Other reasons' | $\begin{array}{r} 412 \\ 1.130 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 361 \\ 1,053 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 373 \\ 1,218 \end{array}$ | 354 | 357 | 329 | 327 |
|  |  |  |  | 1.114 | 1,132 | 1,094 | 1,141 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ................................................................ | 21,181 | 21,629 | 20,486 | 20,681 | 20,811 | 20,845 | 20.856 |
| Do not want a job now .............................................................. | 19,114 | 19,002 | 18,459 | 18,585 | 18,945 | 18,878 | 18,997 |
| Want a job now $\qquad$ <br> Reason not boking: School attendance $\qquad$ III health, disability $\qquad$ <br> Think cannot get a job $\qquad$ <br> Other reasons' $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,068 \\ \hline 767\end{array}$ | 2.026 | 1,994 | 2.062 | 2,064 | 1,818 | 1.971633 |
|  | 767 | 736 | 661 | 750 | 773 | 737 |  |
|  | 377 | 369 | 408 | 463 | 416 | 414 | 406 |
|  | 501 | 488 | 469 | 428 | 431 | 358 | 462 |
|  | 422 | 433 | 456 | 421 | 444 | 409 | 471 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ................................................................ | 42,813 | 42,458 | 42,365 | 42,220 | 42,152 | 42,055 | 41,970 |
| Do not want a job now ............................................................... | 38,949 | 38,840 | 38,524 | 38,423 | 38.545 | 38,530 | 38,417 |
| Want a job now $\qquad$ <br> Reason not looking: School attendance | $\begin{array}{r} 3,864 \\ 790 \end{array}$ | 3,618 | 3,786 | 3,809 | 3,738 | 3,545 | 3,539 |
|  |  | 762 | $\begin{aligned} & 687 \\ & 440 \end{aligned}$ | 720 | 784431 | 653 | 677444 |
| Reason not looking: School attendance ....................................... <br> III health, disability | 427 | 431 |  | 451 |  | 421 |  |
| Home responsibilities ...................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 1,225 \\ 716 \\ 707 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,176 \\ 611 \\ 620 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,231 \\ 666 \\ 762 \end{array}$ | 1,325 | 1,274 | 1.234 | 1.182 |
| Think cannot get a job .................................... |  |  |  | 619 | 561 | 552 | 566 |
| Other reasons ................................................. |  |  |  | 693 | 688 | 685 | 670 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ................................................................... | 54,566 | 54,470 | 53,658 | 53,627 | 53.771 | 53,679 | 53,455 |
| Do not want a job now ................................................................ | 50.290 | 50,394 | 49,437 | 49,284 | 40,536 | 40,564 | 49,536 |
| Went a job now ........................................................................ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,275 \\ & 1,058 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.077 \\ & 1.050 \end{aligned}$ | 4,198 | 4,344 | 4,252 | 4,045 | 4,020 |
|  |  |  | 951 | 1,093 | 1,082 | 888 | 945 |
| Ill healith, disability ......................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 1,058 \\ 579 \end{array}$ | 604 | 617 | 683 | 648 | 646 | 644 |
| Horne responsibilities ...................................... | 912 | 837 | 912 | 859 | 048 | 909 | 837 |
| Think cannot get a job ...................................... | $843$ | 756 | 771 | 714 | 843 | 620 | 697 |
| Other reasons' .............................................. | 883 | 830 | 946 | 886 | 951 | 884 | 897 |
| Total not in labor force ................................................................... | 7.571 | 7.613 | 7,367 | 7,457 | 7,326 | 7.294 | 7.406 |
| Do not want a job now .................................................................. | 6,116 | 6,249 | 5,962 | 6,169 | 6,098 | 6,083 | 6.094 |
| Went a job now ........................................................................ | T.454 | 1,365 | 1,402 | 1.294 | 1,237 | 1,210 | 1,320 |
| Reason not looking: School attendance ................................... | 414 | 423 | 346 | 315 | 333 | 341 | 351 |
| Ifl heath, disability ........................................... | 208 | 169 | 225 | 193 | 168 | 165 | 195 |
| Home responsibilities ....................................... | 289 | 306 | 291 | 313 | 275 | 304 | 310 |
| Think cannot get a job .................................... | 344 | 283 | 327 | 298 | 315 | 237 | 266 |
| Other reasons' ............................................... | 198 | 184 | 212 | 175 | 145 | 163 | 198 |

[^1][^2]Table 8-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by Industry


[^3]Table B.2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolis by industry

workers in consiruction: ano to norsuparvisory workera ind real astale and senvices. These oroups account for approximately four-fiths of the total employees on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Tatio EA. Average hourfy and weokly earnings of prodvetion or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural peyreint by induatry

| mevely | Ambrup houty cembrap |  |  |  | Averope metkly eorninge |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. <br> 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1989 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1988$ | mar. <br> 1988 | Mar. <br> 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1988 |
| Tenel mante . . . . . | 38.92 | \$9.10 | \$9.18 | \$9.20 | \$308.63 | \$315.79 | \$316.71 | \$316.48 |
| Smegonally adjusted | 8.91 | 9.15 | 9.13 | 9.19 | 310.07 | 358.42 | 317.72 | 317.97 |
| Hinmag | 12.51 | 12.69 | 12.62 | 12.58 | \$22.92 | 531.74 | 523.73 | 517.04 |
| Conetruetien. | 12.59 | 12.93 | 12.76 | 12.82 | 470.87 | 465.48 | 461.91 | 482.03 |
|  | 9.85 | 10.07 | 10.06 | 10.08 | 402.87 | 412.87 | 409.44 | . 412.27 |
| Derato eroun | 10.39 | 10.62 | 10.61 | 10.63 | 432.22 | 441.79 | 438.19 | 442.21 |
| Lember end wood products | 9.28 | 8.52 | 8.53 | 8.47 | 337.00 | 336.54 | 339.49 | 337.11 |
| Furniturs and lixturte | 7.58 | 7.82 | 7.76 | 7.80 | 301.68 | 304.98 | 301.09 | 302.64 |
| Stom, cley, end glats producta | 10.13 | 10.37 | 10.35. | 10.36 | 425.46 | 424.13 | 426.42 | 436.16 |
| ortmaty motal indusitriot | 11.82 | 12.10 | 12.08 | 12,12 | 505.90 | 526.35 | 523.06 | 527.22 |
| elat furnecte and basic siepl products | 13.66 | 13.92 | 13.98 | 13.98 | 511.92 | 609.70 | 617.92 | 615.56 |
| Fabricated matal products | 9.99 | 10.17 | 10.17 | 10.19 | 414.59 | 425.11 | 419.00 | 422.89 |
| Machinery, excupt eloctical | 10.72 | 10.92 | 10.88 | 10.91 | 452.38 | 467.38 | 462.40 | 464.77 |
| Electrical and electronte equipment | 9.84 | 10.03 | 10.04 | 10.09 | 402.46 | 414.24 | 408.63 | 414.70 |
| Traseportation equipment | 12.86 | 13.19 | 13.20 | 13.25 | 547.84 | 560.58 | 553.09 | 560.48 |
| Mosor retictes and equiprient | 13.49 | 13.90 | 13.92 | 14.03 | 582.77 | 593.53 | 588.82 | 601.89 |
| imetrumenta and related products | 9.67 | 9.97 | 9.98 | 9.93 | 401.31 | 417.74 | 412.17 | 412.10 |
| Miscellanuous manutaeturing | 7.66 | 7.97 | 7.90 | 7.92 | 301.04 | 310.03 | 306.52 | 308.09 |
| Nenturabie poods | 9.09 | 9.30 | 9.29 | 9.31 | 363.60 | 373.86 | 370.67 | 372.40 |
| Food and tindred products | 8.93 | 9.05 | 9.05 | 9.06 | 352.74 | 367.43 | 359.29 | 359.68 |
| Tobecco manutaetures | 13.80 | 13.70 | 13.89 | 14.15 | 525.78 | 537.04 | 531.99 | 522.14 |
| Texilie mill produett | 7.12 | 7.36 | 7.32 | 7.34 | 299.04 | 305.44 | 302.32 | 301.67 |
| Apparel and other texilie products | 5.93 | 6.04 | 6.02 | 6.04 | 219.41 | 221.67 | 220.93 | 223.48 |
| Paper and allied producta | \$1.27 | 11.52 | 11.49 | 11.49 | 483.48 | 502.27 | 494.07 | 496.37 |
| Printing and publishing. | 10.17 | 10.39 | 10.41 | 10.42 | 386.46 | 391.70 | 392.46 | 398.04 |
| Chamicate and allied produets | 12.24 | 12.56 | 12.54 | 12.52 | 515.30 | 536.31 | 531.70 | \$33.35 |
| Autroleum and coal producte | 14.50 | 14.83 | 14.94 | 15.03 | 636.55 | 651.04 | 639.43 | 652.30 |
| Rubbor and miacoltanebus plasties products | 8.80 | 8.97 | 0.97 | 8.98 | 365.20 | 374.95 | 371.36 | 374.47 |
| Leather and teather products. | 6.06 | 6.10 | 6.14 | 6.16 | 227.25 | 229.97 | 226.57 | 231.62 |
| Thmeportation and puthe utilime. | 11.90 | 12.11 | 12.17 | 12.16 | 462.91 | 471.08 | 472.20 | 469.38 |
| Whatecale trade | 9.53 | 9.79 | 9.80 | 9.82 | 361.19 | 372.02 | 372.40 | 371.20 |
| Repell trade | 6.08 | 6.25 | 6.24 | 6.25 | 175.71 | 177.50 | 177.84 | 179.75 |
| Finense, meurenco, and red eetate. | 0. 72 | 9.00 | 9.07 | 9.04 | 316.54 | 326.70 | 330.15 | 322.73 |
| Sentote. | 8.41 | 8.79 | 8.79 | 8.80 | 272.48 | 284.00 | 286.55 | 286.24 |

- Een footnote 1, table E-2.


## $\rho=$ proliminary.

Table B-4. Hourfy Earnings Indox for production or nomupervieory workere' on private monagrteultural payrolls by indeptry (1077-100)

| metuetry | Mre menemaliy anuored |  |  |  |  | Scounelly atumad |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Mar} ; \\ & \operatorname{t96} 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { feb. } \\ & 1988 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | Mrownt Mang: Mar: Mar: $1987-$ Mas: 1988 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar; } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F\&b. } \\ & 1988 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1988 \mathrm{P} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Proven } \\ & \text { hram: } \\ & \text { Fob. } \\ & 1988- \\ & \text { Mar: } \\ & 1980^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Telal prowis noplerm: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cometant (117\%) | 94.6 | 94.1 | 94.0 | N.A. | (2) | 94.4 | 93.8 | 93.6 | 93.7 | 93.6 | M.A. | (3) |
|  | 181.4 | 185.0 | 184.9 | 184.8 | 1.9 | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) |
|  | 153.0 | 156.9 | 155.2 | 156.0 | 2.0 | 153.8 | 156.6 | 154.4 | 157.1 | 155.8 | 156.8 | . 6 |
| menutacturia | 174.6 | 177.5 | 777.8 | 178.1 | 2.0 | 174.3 | 176.6 | 176.9 | 176.9 | 177.5 | 177.8 | . 2 |
| Trampertition | 174.4 | 177.2 | 178.4 | 178.3 | 2.2 | 174.6 | 177.1 | 177.4 | 176.9 | 177.7 | 178.4 | 4 |
|  | 175.8 | 180.3 | 180.5 | 189.0 | 3.0 | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) |
| Protel trude . . . . . . . | 159.4 | 163.1 | 163.3 | 163.8 | 2.7 | 159.0 | 162.3 | 162.7 | 163.1 | 162.8 | 163.3 | . 3 |
|  | 187.0 | 193.8 | 195.2 | 194.8 | 4.2 | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) |
|  | 179.3 | 187.3 | 187.3 | 189.5 | 4.6 | 179.0 | 185.2 | 185.1 | 195.4 | 196.0 | 187.3 | . 7 |

[^4]2 Chenge is - 1.1 percent from fobruary 1987 to February iges, the latest month evaliable.

 iryogulat componfits and conseguentiy cannot be separated with sufficient precifion.
H.A. bita not available.
p-preliminary.

Table B．5．Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers＇on private nonagricultural payrolis by industry

| Industry | Not seasonally acjusted |  |  |  | Stasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mat } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 198 b_{0} \end{aligned}$ | 4a． <br> 17360 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yari } \\ & 1987 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { isv: } \\ & 1997 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \varepsilon=0 \\ & 1 \neq 3^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9-5 \\ & 1545 \end{aligned}$ | 「も $3 \geq 2$ |  |
| Tetal | 116.9 | 113．0： | 119.5 | 129.3 | 119.6 | 122．3 | 129．3 | 122．4 | 123．3 | 1\％5 |
| Coods－producing | 75.9 | 97.3 | 95．8 | 99.0 | 98.9 | 10\％．4 | 101．6 | 102.6 | 131．5 | 4： |
| Mining | 79.8 | 23． 3 | 62． 7 | 82． 5 | 00.0 | 96.4 | 95．9 | 93.7 | 53．5 | 45． |
| Construction | 119.4 | 115.2 ． | 115.5 | 125.3 | 135．5 | 135.1 | 139.5 | 130．5 | 137.2 | 142． |
| Manulacturing | 92．2 | 94.4 | 93.9 | 94.7 | 92.9 | 05.4 | 95.2 | 95．5 | 35.4 | 95．3 |
| Durable goods． | 95.2 | 92．2， | 91.6 | 92.6 | 90.2 | 93.0 | 92.6 | 93.0 | 92．8 | 92. |
| Lumber and wood products | 99.7 | 97.2 | 98.0 | 97.9 | 102.5 | 104.7 | 103.7 | 102．5 | 103.5 | 1：1．7 |
| Furmiture and fixtures ．．．．．．．． | 107.8 | 112.1 ； | 1＋1．0 | 110.9 | 157．9 | 113.3 | 113.5 | 112.8 | 112．8 | 191.2 |
| Stone．clay．and glass producis | 93.7 | 30．7． | 81.2 | 94.3 | R7． 5 | 98．9 | 85.7 | 85.7 | 97.5 | 98． 1 |
| Primary metal industries | 62.6 | 65.8 | 65.9 | 57.5 | 61.9 | 67.3 | 67.1 | 55.6 | 55.5 | E． |
| Blast lurnaces and basic steel producis | 49.6 | 54．5 | 55.3 | 55.1 | 47.7 | 55.9 | 55.1 | 54.5 | 55.3 | 54．6 |
| Fabricated metal products | 88．6 | 91.4 | 95.4 | 91.5 | 38.9 | 92.2 | 31.7 | 92.2 | 91.4 | 31．： |
| Machinety except eleclfical | 55.8 | 91.5 | 91.2 | 92.7 | 84.7 | 90.1 | 90． 1 | 91.3 | 94.1 | 9：．7 |
| Electrical and electronic equipmeni | 99.9 | 103.7 | 101.9 | 103.1 | 99.9 | 192.0 | 102．7 | 103.1 | 1：2． | 103.2 |
| Transporiation equidment | 99.6 | 96.9 | 96.0 | 96.6 | 98.2 | 97.3 | 94.9 | 96.4 | 95．4 | 95．3 |
| Molor vehicles and equidment | 99.2 | 94.0 | 83.8 | 35．6 | 38．0 | 86.7 | 03.0 | 33.8 | 33．9 | 54．2 |
| Insituments and related products | 102．6 | 105.6 | 104.5 | 105.7 | 101.7 | 104．5 | 103.5 | 105．7 | 105.0 | 109．7 |
| Miscellaneous manulacturing | 00.1 | 79.3 | 80.9 | B1．4 | 61．1 | 92．5 | 82．0 | 92.6 | 93．9 | 52.1 |
| Nondurable goods | 95.2 | 97.8 | 97.3 | 97.7 | 96.5 | 39.0 | 99.2 | 99.5 | 99． 3 | 99．： |
| Food and kindred producis | 93.6 | 99.4 | 95.9 | 95.1 | 99.4 | 101.4 | 104.4 | 193.2 | 152．3 | 101．2 |
| Tobaceo manufactures | 73.5 | 81.9 | 75.1 | 67.6 | 77.7 | 75.4 | 78.5 | 78.9 | $7 \epsilon .7$ | 75． 1 |
| Textue mili products ．．．．．．．．． | 52.3 | 22.6 | 82.5 | 81．9 | 92.9 | 83.8 | 93.6 | 33.3 | 23．＊ | 52.8 |
| Apparel and otiner textile products | 85.6 | 35.0 | 95．9 | 86.7 | 95.3 | 97.5 | 8． 3 | 36.4 | 85．5 | 96．3 |
| Paper and allied oroducts | 99.1 | 100.8 | 99．8 | 100.3 | 99.7 | 101.0 | 100．5 | 101.5 | 121.2 | 109.2 |
| Printing and publishing ．． | 129.8 | 133.0 | 134．1 | 136.4 | 129.4 | 133.0 | 133.1 | 134.4 | ＋35．3 | 136．1 |
| Cherricsis and allied prosucts | 93.3 | 97．1 | 97.1 | 98.3 | 93.1 | 97.0 | 97.8 | 97.8 | 97.5 | 79．9 |
| Pettoleum and coar products ．．．．．．．．．． | 日 1.3 | 92.7 | 80.5 | 92． 5. | 93.3 | 83.9 | 85.9 | 85.9 | 84.3 | 8．4．5 |
| Rubber and misceltaneous plastics products Leather and leainer products | 113.8 56.6 | 120.0 50.1 | $119.1$ | 120.4 59.2 | 113.5 57.8 | 119.3 60.3 | 199.3 60.2 | $129.2$ | 19.4 | 119.7 |
| Leather and leatner products ．．．．．．．．．．． | 56.6 | 59.1 | 57.9 | 59.2 | 57．9 | 60.2 | 50.2 | $50.2$ | 54.7 | 59.3 |
| Strvice．producing ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 129．5 | 131．0 | 132．1 | 132．1 | 131.0 | 133.6 | 133.3 | 134.4 | 135．5 | 134.4 |
| Trameportation and public ulilities | 106．2 | 109.1 | 109.3 | $10 \% .4$ | 107.7 | 110.7 | 110.5 | 112．8 | 111.2 | 910．5 |
| Wholesale trade | 115.4 | 117.9 | 118．0 | 118.2 | 116．9 | 1：9．0 | 118.8 | 113.6 | 129．3 | 115．7 |
| Retail irade | 115.7 | 117.4 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 120.3 | ：21．5 | 122．1 | 122.0 | 123．6 | 122．9 |
| Finence，instrance，and real estata | 139.9 | 141.4 | 141.7 | 139.2 | 141.5 | 142.9 | 141．1 | 143．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 142.6 | 140.7 |
| Serviett ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 149．6 | 152.0 | 155.1 | 155.0 | 15C．2 | 154.5 | 154．5 | 155.7 | 15\％．9 | 15\％．6 |

＇See foolnote 1，table 8－2．
$p=$ preliminary．

Table B－6．Indexes of difiusion：Percent of industries in which employment＇increased



[^0]:    - Labor force as a percent of the norinstitutional population.

    4 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

    * Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident Armed Forces).

[^1]:    'Job-market lactors inctude "could not find job" and "thinks no job sviluble."
    "Personal factors inctude "employers tink too young or old," "lacks

[^2]:    education or training." and "other personal handicap."
    ${ }^{3}$ Incluces small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilitios."

[^3]:    D $=$ preliminary.

[^4]:    1 See footnote 1. table s-2.

