

United States Department of Labor



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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: OCTOBER 1978

Employment rose in October and unemployment edged down slightly, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U. S. Department of Labor reported today. The Nation's overall unemployment rate was 5.8 percent, compared with 6.0 percent in September and 5.9 percent in August.

Total employment—as measured by the monthly survey of households—advanced by 325,000 to 95.2 million. Over the past year, total employment has grown by 3.6 million.

Nonfarm payroll employment—as measured by the monthly survey of establishments—rose by 430,000 in October to 86.6 million. Nonfarm jobs have expanded by 3.4 million since October 1977. Unemployment

The rate of unemployment was 5.8 percent in October, and the number of unemployed persons was 5.9 million. These levels are close to the ones that have prevailed throughout most of 1978.

The unemployment rates for adult men (4.0 percent) and teenagers (16.3 percent) were about unchanged from September. However, the jobless rate for adult women, at 5.6 percent, was down from September. Little change occurred in most other worker categories. Joblessness did decline among full-time workers whose rate moved from 5.5 to 5.3 percent in October. (See table A-2.)

A decrease in the number of unemployed who had reentered the labor force following a period of absence more than offset an increase in the number of job losers. In terms of duration of joblessness, about half of the unemployed had been looking for work for 6 weeks or less, as has been the case for the past 4 months; in October 1977, the median duration of unemployment had been about 7 weeks. (See tables A-5 and A-4.)

Total Employment and the Labor Force

The number of employed persons increased by 325,000 in October to 95.2 million, with adult men accounting for about half of the increase. The proportion of the population that is employed was 58.8 percent, just shy of June's all-time high and substantially above the year-ago level. (See table A-1.)

The civilian labor force was 101.1 million in October, up 2.9 million from a year earlier (after adjustment; see box on table A-1). Adult women accounted for about 60 percent of the 12-month labor force increase. The overall civilian labor force participation rate was 63.3 percent in October, unchanged from September and about a full percentage point above October 1977. Industry Payroll Employment

Following little growth between June and September, nonagricultural payroll employment rose sharply—by 430,000—in October to 86.6 million, as nearly all of the major industry groups posted gains. Employment increased in 68 percent of the 172 industries that comprise the BIS diffusion index of private nonagricultural payroll employment. About 40,000 of the October increase resulted from a return of striking workers to their jobs. Nonfarm jobs have increased by 3.4 million over the past year. (See tables B-1 and B-6.)

Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted

		Qı	parterly aver	ages			Monthly det	•
Selected categories	1	977		1978			1978	
	III	IV	I	II	111	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
HOUSEHOLD DATA		,	,	Thousands	of persons	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Civillan labor force	97,559	98,622	99,205	100,206	100,679	100,549	100,870	101,062
Total employment	90,823	92,069	93,050	94,244	94,625	94,581	94,868	95,192
Unemployment	6,736	6,554	6,155	5,962	6,054	5,968	6,002	5,870
Not in labor force	59,205	58,777	58,799	58,399	58,556	58,677	58,577	58,645
Discouraged workers	1,067	969	903	842	891	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		 		Percent of	labor force	<u> </u>		
Unemployment rates:								
All workers	6.9	6.6	6.2	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.8
Adult men	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0
Adult women	7.0	6.8	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.6
Teenagers	17.6	16.7	16.9	15.9	16.2	15.6	16.6	16.3
White	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.1
Black and other	13.6	13.3	12.3	12.0	11.8	11.7	11.2	11.4
Full-time workers	6.5	6.2	5.7	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.3
ESTABLISHMENT DATA				Thousand	s of jobs			
	82,677	83,489	84,262	85,677	86.116p	86,149	86,167p	86,597p
Nonfarm payroll employment	24,417	24,583	24,766	25,376	25,473p		25,455p	
Goods-producing industries			•	i0,302	60,643p		60,712;	
Service-producing industries	58,260	58,900	59,495	(10,302	00,045p	00,000	00,712,	
		,		Hours o	f work			
Average weekly hours:								
Total private nonfarm	35.9	36.0	35.7	36.0	35.8p		35.8p	35.8p
Manufacturing	40.3	40.5	40.2	40.6	40.4p		40.4p	40.5p
Manufacturing overtime	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5p	3.4	3.6p	3 .6p

p-preliminary.

N.A.-not evelleble.

Over-the-month employment gains were widespread in goods-producing as well as in service-producing industries. The largest increase among the major industry groups was in manufacturing (140,000), with virtually all of the gain occurring among durable goods industries. Within durable goods, most of the strength was in the major metals and metal-using industries, particularly transportation equipment and machinery. Total factory employment had been standy since the early part of this year. Similarly, an over-the-month employment increase in the construction industry (60,000) followed several months of relatively small movements.

In the service-producing sector, large employment gains occurred in trade (100,000), services (55,000), and transportation and public utilities (50,000). There was also continued growth in finance, insurance, and real estate, while State and local government employment remained weak. Hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls was 35.8 hours in October, unchanged from both August and September. The manufacturing workweek edged up 0.1 hour to 40.5 hours, while factory overtime, at 3.6 hours, was unchanged from the September level. (See table B-2.)

Because of the substantial over-the-month employment growth, the index of aggregate hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose to 121.4 (1967=100) in October, 0.5 percent above the September level. The index, which had shown little growth between June and September, was 3.8 percent higher than the year-earlier level. (See table B-5.) Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls increased 0.9 percent in October and 8.6 percent from a year ago (seasonally adjusted). Average weekly earnings also increased 0.9 percent over the month; weekly earnings have risen by 7.7 percent since October 1977 (seasonally adjusted).

Before adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings rose 5 cents to \$5.86, 47 cents above the level of last October; average weekly earnings were \$210.37, \$1.79 above their September level and \$15.79 higher than a year earlier. (See table B-3.)

The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index—earnings adjusted for overtime in manufacturing, seasonality, and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries—was 217.7 (1967=100) in October, 0.8 percent higher than in September. The index was 8.1 percent above October a year ago. During the 12-month period ended in September, the Hourly Earnings Index in dollars of constant purchasing power rose 0.1 percent. (See table B-4.) The data in table B-4 have been revised to conform to the industry definitions of the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual and to reflect employment benchmark levels (comprehensive counts of payroll employment) for March 1977. In addition, all seasonally adjusted data have been revised, based on experience through May 1978. Historical series of revised seasonally adjusted data, together with the new seasonal factors for use in current adjustment, are available from the ELS upon request.

Explanatory Note

This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major surveys. Data on labor force, total employment, and unemployment (A tables) are derived from the Current Population Survey—a sample survey of households which is conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Beginning in September 1975, the sample was enlarged by 9,000 households in order to provide greater reliability for smaller States and thus permit the publication of annual statistics for all 50 States and the District of Columbia. These supplementary households were added to the 47,000 national household sample in January 1978; thus the sample now consists of about 56,000 households selected to represent the U.S. civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over.

Statistics on nonagricultural payroll employment, hours, and earnings (B tables) are collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies, from payroll records of a sample of approximately 165,000 establishments. Unless otherwise indicated, data for both statistical series relate to the week containing the 12th day of the specified month.

Comparability of household and payroll employment statistics

Employment data from the household and payroll surveys differ in several basic respects. The household survey provides information on the labor force activity of the entire civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years of age and over, without duplication. Each person is classified as either employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. The household survey counts employed persons in both agriculture and nonagricultural industries and, in addition to wage and salary workers (including private household workers), counts the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons "with a job but not at work" and not paid for the period absent.

The payroll survey relates only to paid wage and salary employees (regardless of age) on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments. Persons who worked at more than one job during the survey week or otherwise appear on more than one payroll are counted more than once in the establishment survey. Such persons are counted only once in the household survey and are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployment

To be classified in the household survey as unemployed an individual must: (1) Have been without a

job during the survey week; (2) have made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks; and (3) be presently available for work. In addition, persons on layoff and those waiting to begin a new job (within 30 days), neither of whom must meet the jobseeking requirements, are also classified as unemployed. The unemployed total includes all persons who satisfactorily meet the above criteria, regardless of their eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits or any kind of public assistance. The unemployment rate represents the unemployed as a proportion of the civilian labor force (the employed and unemployed combined).

The Bureau regularly publishes a wide variety of labor market measures. See, for example, the demographic, occupational, and industry detail in tables A-2 and A-3 of this release and the comprehensive data package in <u>Employment and Earnings</u> each month. A special grouping of seven unemployment measures is set forth in table A-7. Identified by the symbols U-1 through U-7, these measures represent a range of possible definitions of unemployment and of the labor force—from the most restrictive (U-1) to the most comprehensive (U-7). The official rate of unemployment appears as U-5.

Seasonal adjustment

Nearly all economic phenomena are affected to some degree by seasonal variations. These are recurring, predictable events which are repeated more or less regularly each year—changes in weather, opening and closing of schools, major holidays, industry production schedules, etc. The cumulative effects of these events are often large. For example, on average over the year, they explain about 95 percent of the monthto-month variance in the unemployment figures. Since seasonal variations tend to be large relative to the underlying cyclical trends, it is necessary to use seasonally-adjusted data to interpret short-term economic developments. At the beginning of each year, seasonal adjustment factors for unemployment and other labor force series are calculated for use during the entire year, taking into account the prior year's experience, and revised seasonally-adjusted data are introduced in the release containing January data.

All seasonally-adjusted civilian labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. The official unemployment rate for all civilian workers is derived by dividing the estimate for total unem-

ployment (the sum of four seasonally-adjusted age-sex components) by the civilian labor force (the sum of 12 seasonally-adjusted age-sex components).

For establishment data, the seasonally-adjusted series for all employees, production workers, average weekly hours, and average hourly earnings are adjusted by aggregating the seasonally-adjusted data from the respective component series. These data are also revised annually, often in conjunction with benchmark (comprehensive counts of employment) adjustments. (The most recent revision of seasonally-adjusted data was based on data through May 1978.)

Sampling variability

Both the household and establishment survey statistics are subject to sampling error, which should be taken into account in evaluating the levels of a series as well as changes over time. Because the household survey is based upon a probability sample, the results may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaires and procedures. The standard error is the measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the survey differs from a figure that would be obtained through a complete census by less than the standard error. Tables A through H in the "Explanatory Notes" of Employment and Earnings provide approximations of the standard errors for unemployment and other labor force categories. To obtain a 90-percent level of confidence, the confidence interval generally used by BLS, the errors should be multiplied by 1.6. The following examples provide an indication of the magnitude of sampling error: For a monthly change in total employment, the standard error is on the order of plus or minus 182,000. Similarly, the standard error on a change in total unemployment is approximately 115,000. The standard error on a change in the national unemployment rate is 0.12 percentage point.

Although the relatively large size of the monthly establishment survey assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it also may differ from the figures obtained if a complete census using the same schedules and procedures were possible. However, since the estimating procedures utilize the previous month's level as the base in computing the current month's level of employment (link-relative technique), sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the employment estimates adjusted to new benchmarks are (comprehensive counts of employment), usually on an annual basis. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments. Employment estimates are currently projected from March 1977 levels.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The RMSE is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates. If the bias is small, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the RMSE. For total nonagricultural employment, the RMSE is on the order of plus or minus 81,000. Measures of reliability (approximations of the RMSE) for establishment-survey data and actual amounts of revision due to benchmark adjustments are provided in tables J through O in the "Explanatory Notes" of Employment and Earnings.

NOTE: Household survey data for periods prior to January 1978 shown in tables A-1 through A-7 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures. As a result, the overall civilian labor force and employment totals in January were raised by roughly a quarter of a million; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions at the Current Population Survey in January 1978," Employment and Earnings, February 1978 Vol. 25 No. 2

HOUSEHOLD DATA

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population [Numbers in thousands] Not sessonally adjusted Sessonally adjusted Sept. Oct. Oct. June July Oct. Oct. Aug. Sept. 1977 1978 1978 1977 1978 1978 1978 1978 TOTAL Total noninstitutional population¹ 159.334 161.829 161,570 161.829 159,334 160.928 161.148 161.348 161.570 2.123 2.122 2.134 2.098 2.122 2,123 2.134 2.116 2.122 157,201 159,447 159,707 157.2b1 158,830 159,032 159,226 159,447 159,707 Civilian labor force Participation rate 98.451 100,838 101,555 98.071 100,573 100,618 100.549 100.870 101.062 62.6 63.2 63.6 62.4 63.3 63.3 63.1 63.3 63.3 EmployedEmployment-population ratio²..... 92,230 95,041 96,095 91,383 94,819 94,581 94,868 95,192 94.425 58.8 57.4 58.9 58.6 58.7 59.4 58.6 3,408 3,549 3,553 3,243 3,387 3,360 3,411 3,380 3,473 88,822 91,492 92,541 88,140 91,346 91,038 91,221 91,457 91.812 Unemployed 6,221 5,797 5,460 6,688 5,754 6,193 5,968 6,002 5,870 Unemployment rate 6.8 6.0 6.3 Not in labor force 58,750 58,609 58,152 59,130 58,257 58,414 58,677 58,577 58,645 Men. 20 years and over 67,852 68,937 69,081 67,852 68,623 68,729 68,827 68,937 169,081 66,161 67,236 67,382 66,161 66,947 67,039 67,127 67,236 67,382 Civilian labor force 52,910 53,584 53,788 52,739 53.522 53,391 53,306 53,387 53,559 Participation rate 80.0 79.7 79.8 79.7 79.9 79.6 79.4 79.4 79.5 Employed Employment-population ratio²..... 50,610 51,709 51.889 50.118 51,433 51.213 51,135 51,229 51.396 73.9 74.3 75.0 74.3 2,427 2,512 2,326 2,437 2,420 2,358 2,422 2,360 2,462 48,182 49,197 49,428 47,792 48.996 48,793 48,777 48,807 49.036 Unemployed 2,089 2,621 5.0 2,178 2,171 2,158 2,163 2,300 1,875 1,899 Unemployment rate 3.5 4.0 4.0 4.3 3.5 3.9 4.1 Not in labor force 13,251 13,652 13,593 13,422 13,425 13,648 13,821 13,849 13,823 Women, 20 years and over 75,998 75.998 75.873 74,660 75.527 75,643 75,537 75.873 74.660 75.753 74,561 75.764 75,889 74,561 75,422 75,645 75.764 75,889 36,549 38,138 38,503 35,984 37,439 37,542 37,461 37,953 37,880 Participation rate 49.0 50.3 50.7 48.3 49.6 49.7 49.5 50.1 49.9 Employment-population ratio² 34.109 35, 728 36, 372 33,537 35, 137 35,110 35,192 35,688 35.743 45.7 47.1 47.9 44.9 46.5 46.4 46.5 47.0 47.0 525 588 617 632 690 623 587 579 592 33,493 35,096 55.682 33.012 34.514 34,523 34.613 35.096 35, 159 Unemployed 2,265 2,137 2,440 2,410 2,131 2,447 2,302 2,432 2,269 Unemployment rate 6.8 6.0 6.3 6.1 Not in labor force 38,012 37,387 38,577 37,983 37,995 38,184 37,811 38.009 Both sexes, 16-19 years 16,822 16,760 16,750 16,822 16,779 16,776 16,768 16,760 16,750 16,480 16,436 16,480 16,446 16,436 16,461 16,455 16,455 16,446 9,612 58.4 9,685 3,530 57.9 8.992 9.115 9,264 9,348 9.782 9.623 58.5 54.6 55.4 56.7 56.4 59.4 Employed Employment-population ratio² 7,604 7,834 7,728 8,249 8,102 **ತ,25**4 7,951 8,053 7,511 45.6 46.8 45.9 49.2 48.3 49.2 47.4 48.1 164 405 402 392 413 380 423 397 432 7.199 7.432 7.836 7,722 7,831 7.554 7,621 7.147 7.336 1,579 Unemployed 1.480 1,512 1,431 1,620 1,363 1,583 1,528 1,570 16.3 Unemployment rate 16.5 16.6 15.4 17.3 14.2 15.6 16.6 16.3 Not in labor force 7,132 7.488 7.331 7,172 6.849 6.770 6,673 6,916 6.813 WHITE 139,962 141,693 141,873 139,962 141,194 141,366 141,520 141,693 141.873 140,170 138,218 139,503 139,990 138,218 139,990 139,660 139,817 140,170 Civilian labor force 87.081 88,803 89.475 86,812 88,623 88.521 88.672 88.813 89.119 Participation rate 63.8 62.8 63.5 63.4 63.0 63.4 63.4 63.4 63.6 Employment-population ratio²..... 82,307 84,325 85.297 81,614 84,270 83,862 84,042 84,141 84,568 58.8 59.5 60.1 58.3 59.7 59.3 59.4 59.4 59.6 Unemployed 4,774 4.478 4,178 5.198 4,353 4.659 4,630 4,672 4,551 5.5 5.0 4.7 6.0 4.9 5.3 5.2 5.3 5.1 51,137 51,187 50,696 51,406 51,145 50.880 51,139 51,177 51.051 BLACK AND OTHER 19.876 19.955 19, 372 19.372 19.734 19,782 19.828 19.876 19.955 19,536 18,983 18,983 19,457 19,327 19,371 19,409 19,457 19.536 Civilian labor force 11,370 12,035 12,080 11,398 11,980 11,997 11,975 12,058 12,078 Participation rate 59.9 61.8 60.0 62.0 61.9 61.7 61.9 62.0 61.8 Employment-population ratio²..... 9,923 10.716 10.798 9,842 10,553 10,496 10,578 10,708 10,705 51.2 53.9 54.1 50.8 53.5 53.1 53.3 53.9 53.6 Unemployed 1.447 1.283 1,501 12.5 1,397 1,350 11.2 1.318 1,556 1.427 1.373 12.7 11:0 10.6 13.7 11.9 11.4 Not in labor force

7.422

7.613

7,456

7,585

7,347

7,374

7,434

7,399

7,458

¹ The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variations; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the total noninstitutional population (including Armed Forces).

HOUSEHOLD DATA HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-2. Major unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Selected categories	unemplo	mber of oyed persons housands)			Unemplo	yment rates		. — -
	0ct. 1977	0ct. 1978	0ct. 1977	June 1978	July 1978	Aug - 1978	Sept. 1978	Oct. 1978
CHARACTERISTICS								
otal, 16 years and over	6 600	5 970						
Men, 20 years and over	6,688 2,621	5,870	6.8 . 5.0	5.7 3.9	6.2	5.9	6.0	5.8
Women, 20 years and over	2,447	2,163	6.8	. 6.1	4.1 6.5	4.1 6.1	4.0 6.0	4.0
Both sexes, 16-19 years	1,620	1,570	17.3	14.2	16.3	15.6	16.6	5.6 16.3
White, total								
Men, 20 years and over	5,198	4,551	6.0	4.9	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.1
Women, 20 years and over	2,058	1,725	4.4	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6
Both sexes, 16-19 years	1,894	1,609	6.1 14.9	5.3 11.6	5.6 13.4	5.3	5.3	4.9
-	1,240	','''	****	11.0	13.4	13.6	14.3	14-1
Black and other, total	1,556	1,373	13.7	11.9	12.5	11.7	11.2	11.4
Men, 20 years and over	624	488	11.3	7-8	8.4	9.0	8.3	8.4
Women, 20 years and over	555	530	11.4	11.3	11.6	10.4	9.9	10.1
Both sexes, 16-19 years	377	355	38.0	37.1	37.0	32.4	34.6	34.3
Married men, spouse present	1,448	1,063	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7
Married women, spouse present	1,423	1,246	6.3	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.3
Women who head families	424	368	9.3	8.8	10.1	8.2	7.9	7.6
Full-time workers	5.387	4,582	6.4	5.2	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3
Part-time workers	1,412	1,371	9.6	8.8	8.8	8.6	8.8	9.1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over 1	1.848	1,370	1.9	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4
Labor force time lost 2			7.4	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.3
OCCUPATION ³								
White-collar workers	1,989] , ,,,,]	, ,					
Professional and technical	434	1,632 425	4.1 3.0	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.3
Managers and administrators, except farm	265	178	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9
Sales workers	300	261	5.0	1.8 4.4	2.2 4.4	1.8 4.2	2.2 4.4	1.8
Clerical workers	990	768	5.7	5.0	5.4	5.0	4.7	4 · 2 4 · 2
Blue-collar workers	2,640	2,363	8.0	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.9
Craft and kindred workers	674	655	5.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	4.7	5.0
Operatives, except transport	1,125	931	9.8	7.9	8.5	9.0	8.5	7.7
Transport equipment operatives	225	183	6.1	4.6	6.1	5.9	5.2	4.9
Nonfarm laborers	616	594	11.8	9.9	10.6	9.5	10.7	11.3
Service workers	1,093	987	8.1	7.2	7.5	7.1	7.4	7.1
Farm workers	126	139	4.4	3.0	3.8	3.3	4.0	4.7
INDUSTRY ³								
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers 4	4,912	4,249	6.9	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.7
Construction	543	563	12.1	9.3	9.5	9.1	10.7	11.5
Manufacturing	1,476	1,186	6.8	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.3
Durable goods	776	635	6.1	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.0	4.8
Nondurable goods	700	551	7.8	6.7	6.4	5.9	6.3	6.0
Transportation and public utilities	247	190	4 • 8	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.6
Finance and service industries	1,432	1,256	7.9	6.3	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.8
Government workers	1,189	1,018	5.7	4-7	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	660 160	635 154	4.1 10.3	4.0 8.0	10.1	.3.6 8.3	3.8	4.0
VETERAN STATUS		1.54	10.5	0.0	10.1	0.3	8.6	9.8
•						-		
Male Vietnam-era veterans: 5								
20 to 34 years	466	309	7.1	4.3	5.1	6.3	4.9	5.1
25 to 29 years	141	58	15.3	9.4	11.4	13.9	10.5	9.8
30 to 34 years	185 140	145	6.6	5.3	6.4	7.3	7.3	6.9
•	140	106	5.0	2.6	2.9	4.1	2.4	3.1
Male nonveterans:				ł		1	†	
20 to 34 years	1,169	991	7.3	5.5	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.9
20 to 24 years	647	591	9.3	7.9	8.4	8.1	8.2	8.1
25 to 29 years	327	265	6.4	3.8	4.4	4.8	4.2	4.5
30 to 34 years	195	135	4.9	3.7	3.3	2.7	3.6	3.6

Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

3 Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, whereas that

by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.

Includes mining, not shown separately.

⁵ Vietnam-era veterans are those who served between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-3. Selected employment indicators

Selected categories	Not season	ally adjusted			Seasonally	adjusted		
Selected conspones	Oct. 1977	0ct. 1978	0ct. 1977	June 1978	July 1978	Aug. 1978	Sept • 1978	0ct- 1978
CHARACTERISTICS								
Fotal employed, 16 years and over	92,230	96,095	91,383	94.819	94,425	94.581	94.868	95,192
Men	54,685	56,045	54,341	55,869	55,534	55, 529	55,504	55,701
Women	37,545	40,049	37,042	38,950	38,891	39,052	39,364	39,491
Married men, spouse present	38,808	39,135	38,425	38,711	38,642	38,467	38,726	38,748
Married women, spouse present	21,730	22,774	21,119	21,718	21,766	21,667	22,175	22,132
OCCUPATION							ļ	
Thite-collar workers	46,332	48,038	46,083	47,209	47,192	47,236	47,455	47,776
Professional and technical	14,251	14,548	14,042	14,365	14,239	14,255	14,105	14,333
Managers and administrators, execpt farm	9,981	10,018	9,911	10,107	10,182	10,174	10,056	9,948
Sales workers	5.727	5,971	5,718	5,931	6,017	5,872	5,872	5,959
Cleriçal workers	16.373	17,501	16,412	16,806	16.754	16,935	17,422	17,536
llue-collar workers	30,536	32,165	30,247	31,683	31,225	31,482	31,738	31,863
Craft and kindred workers	11,969	12,615	11,860	12,467	12,229	12,559	12,640	12,502
Operatives, except transport	10,459	11,265	10,320	11.006	10,841	10,702	10,823	11,120
Transport equipment operatives	3,499	3,626	3,457	3,512	3,452	3,404	3,577	3,583
Nonfarm laborers	4,609	4,658	4,610	4,698	4,703	4.817	4.698	4,658
ervice workers	12,485	12,934	12,473	12,993	12,838	12,884	12,799	12,920
arm workers	2,878	2,959	2,755	2,895	2,802	2,809	2,874	2,833
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	1,465	1,503	1,387	1,482	1,364	1,423	1,442	1,423
Self-employed workers	1,609	1,699	1,577	1.669	1,652	1,617	1,655	1,666
Unpaid family workers	334	353	305	336	348	317	298	323
lonagricultural industries:		1				1		1
Wage and salary workers	82,309	85,855	81.727	84.513	84.016	84,406	84.842	85,253
Government	15,556	15,515	15,463	15,224	15,129	15,282	15,413	15,422
Private industries	66,753	70,340	66,264	69,289	68,887	69,124	69,429	69,831
Private households	1,397	1,335	1,358	1,368	1,394	1,369	1,370	1,297
Other industries	65,356	69,005	64,906	67,921	67,493	67,755	68,059	68,534
Self-employed workers	6,069	6,258	6,080	6,198	6,206	6,221	6,200	6,271
Unpaid family workers · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	444	427	460	468	496	440	471	442
PERSONS AT WORK 1								
Nonagricultural industries	84,744	88,479	82,788	86,051	86,205	86,469	86,310	86,441
Full-time schedules	69.134c	72,545	67,827	70,861	71,095	71,338	70,939	71,192
Part time for economic reasons	2,970	2,917	3.263	3,458	3,330	3,294	3,231	3,207
Usually work full time	1.148	1,087	1,237	1,433	1,385	1,391	1,311	1,171
. Usually work part time	1,822	1,830	2,026	2,025	1,945	1,903	1,920	2,036
Part time for noneconomic reasons	12,640	13,017	11,698	11,732	11,780	11,837	12,140	12,042

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

C=corrected.

Table A-4. Duration of unemployment

Numbers in thousands?

	Not season	ally adjusted			Seasonal	ly adjusted		
Weeks of unemployment	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	June	July	Aug •	Sept.	Oct.
	1977	1978	1977	1978	1978	1978	1978	1971
DURATION	·	1						
Less than 5 weeks	2,737	2,644	2,804	2,727	3,025	2,822	2, 786	2,709
5 to 14 weeks	1,936	1,669	2,117	1,916	1,854	1,988	1,928	1,82
15 weeks and over	1,547	1,147	1,848	1,231	1,292	1,215	1,293	1,37
15 to 26 weeks	729	612	920	651	665	631	687	76
27 weeks and over	818	535	928	580	627	584	606	60
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	13.3	11.4	13.8	12.0	11.8	11.2	11.6	11.
Median duration, in weeks	6.2	5.3	7.1	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Less than 5 weeks	44.0	48.4	41.4	46.4	49.0	46.8	46-4	45.
5 to 14 weeks	31.1	30.6	31.3	32.6	30.0	33.0	32.1	30.
15 weeks and over	24.9	21.0	27.3	21.0	20.9	20.2	21.5	23.
for FRA15 to 26 weeks	11.7	11.2	13.6	11.1	10.8	10.5	11.4	12.
27 weeks and overser.stlouisfed_org/	13.2	9.8	13.7	9.9	10.2	9.7	10.1	10.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

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Table A-5. Reasons for unemployment

[Numbers in thousands] Not sessonally adjusted Seasonelly adjusted Reasons Oct. Oct. July Oct. Sept. Oct. June Aug. 1978 1977 1978 1977 1978 1978 1978 1978 NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED 2,553 2,109 2.521 3.035 2,340 2,552 2,397 2,538 714 1,838 606 On layoff 604 460 840 770 719 640 2,195 1,917 1,649 1,734 1,783 1,678 1,898 Other job losers Left last job 799 952 868 876 849 869 841 852 1,710 1,733 Reentered labor force 1,940 1,741 1,906 1,760 1,883 1,927 Seeking first job 807 743 857 810 088 893 805 793 PERCENT DISTRIBUTION Total unemployed 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Job losers 40.5 38.6 40.6 40.1 45.5 41.3 42.4 43.5 On layoff 12.6 10.5 11.5 12.8 12.0 11.0 9.7 8.4 Other job losers 30.2 30.8 32.9 30.1 29.7 29.6 28.1 32.5 Job leavers 15.3 15.9 13.1 14.1 14.0 14.2 13.7 14.7 Reentrants 31.2 31.9 28.6 30.6 30.4 28.8 32.2 29.3 New entrants 12.8 13.5 13.0 13.6 14.1 14.2 14.8 13.6 UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE **CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE** Job losers 2.5 2.1 3.1 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.5 Job leavers 1.0 Reentrants 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.9 1.7 1.7 2.0 1.9 New entrants 8

Table A-6. Unemployment by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years to 24 years	unemploy	ber of ed persons usends)		Unemployment rates									
	0ct• 1977	0ct. 1978	Oct. 1977	June 1978	July 1978	Aug. 1978	Sept. 1978	0ct. 1978					
	•												
otal, 16 years and over	6,688	5.870	6.8	5.7	6.2	5.9	6.0	5.8					
16 to 19 years	1,620	1,570	17.3	14.2	16.3	15.6	16.6	16.3					
16 to 17 years	736	776	18.8	16.7	20.1	18.9	19.2	19.0					
18 to 19 years	879	789	16.2	12.9	13.6	13.3	14.3	14.2					
20 to 24 years	1,515	1,304	10.4	9.2	9.9	9.0	9.3	8.7					
25 years and over	3,641	3.068	4.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0					
25 to 54 years	3,037	2,621	5.1	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2					
55 years and over	615	456	4.2	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.1					
Men, 16 years and over	3,469	3,013	6.0	. 4.7	5.1	٠,							
16 to 19 years	848	850	16.7	12.6	15.4	5.0	5.1	5-1					
16 to 17 years	404	441	18.6	16.1	18.8	14.7	15.8	16.5					
18 to 19 years	435	400	15.1	11.3	13.0	17.7	19.1	20.2					
20 to 24 years	788	697	9.9	8.1	8.9	12.4 8.7	12.6	13.5					
25 years and over	1.929	1.545	4.3	3.1	3.3		8.6	8.6					
25 to 54 years	1,556			3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4					
55 years and over	369	1,276 266	4.3 4.1	3.0	3.4	3.5 2.9	3.4 3.0	3.5 2.9					
Women, 16 years and over	3,219	2,857	8.0	7.2	7.7	7.2	7.2	6.7					
16 to 19 years	772	720	18.0	16.0	17.4	16.7	17.4	16.1					
16 to 17 years	332	335	19.1	17.4	21.6	20.3	19.3	17.7					
18 to 19 years	444	389	17.4	14.8	14.4	14.4	16.1	15.0					
20 to 24 years	727	607	11.0	10.4	11.0	9.2	10.1	8.7					
25 years and over	1,712	1,523	5.8	5.2	5.6	5.3	5.0	4.9					
25 to 54 years	1,481	1,345	6.2	5.6	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.3					
55 years and over	246	190	4.5	3.1	2.9	3.3	3.9	3.4					

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Table A-7. Range of unemployment measures based on varying definitions of unemployment and the labor force, seasonally adjusted

[Percent]

			Juarterly averag	J 05			Monthly deta	1
Measures	1	1977		1978			1978	
	III	IV	I	II	111	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
								Į
U-1 — Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer as a percent of the		1				1	1	1
civilian labor force	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4
U-2—Job losers as a percent of the civilian labor force	3.2	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5
•	•••		1	1				
U-3Unemployed persons 25 years and over as a percent of the civilian			i		1	1		Ì
labor force 25 years and over	4.9	4.7	4.0	4,0	4.1	4.2	4-0	4.0
U-4—Unemployed full-time jobseekers as a percent of the full-time labor	,		İ]				1
force	6.5	6.2	5.7	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.3
	003	1 0.2	3.,	3.4	3,0	1 3.3	7.5	"
U-5—Total unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force					1		1	
(official measure)	6.9	6.6	6.2	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.8
U-6—Total full-time jobseekers plus ½ pert-time jobseekers plus ½ total		1	1		ł	1	1	ŀ
on part time for economic reasons as a percent of the civilian		1	ł		Ì	ł	1	
labor force less % of the part-time labor force	8.6	8.2	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.3
	0.0	""	/**	/ //	/	"	/ //3	,.,
U-7 —Total full-time jobseekers plus ½ part-time jobseekers plus ½ total				1	ļ	1		
on part time for economic reasons plus discouraged workers as a			İ		1]	!	
percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers less		1				1	1	l
½ of the part-time labor force	9.7	9.2	8.5	8.3	8.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

N.A.= not available.

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Table A-8. Employment status of the noninstitutional population for ten large States

	Not	seasonally adj	usted *			Seasonali	y adjusted		
State and employment status	0ct•	Sept.	Oct.	Oct.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	0ct.
	1977	1978	1978	1977	1978	1978	1978	1978	1978
California									
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	16,034	16,312	16,344	16,034	16,232	16,259	16,283	16,312	16,344
	10,225	10,632	10,639	10,227	10,544	10,561	10,586	10,667	10,642
	9,477	9,954	10,007	9,420	9,783	9,742	9,807	9,948	9,950
	748	678	633	807	761	819	779	719	692
	7.3	6.4	5.9	7.9	7.2	7.8	7.4	6.7	6.5
Florida Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	6,416 3,632 3,351 281 7.7	6,605 3,807 3,518 290 7.6	6,625 3,764 3,500 264 7.0	6,416 (2) (2) (2) (2)	6,552 (2) (2) (2) (2)	6,569 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	6,585 (2) (2) (2) (2)	6,605 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	6,625 (2) (2) (2) (2)
Illinois Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	8,180	8,236	8,245	8,180	8,219	8,224	8,230	8,236	8,245
	5,274	5,335	5,416	5,269	5,321	5,289	5,377	5,353	5,410
	4,960	5,063	5,127	4,942	5,044	4,975	5,052	5,060	5,109
	314	272	289	327	277	314	325	293	301
	6.0	5.1	5.3	6.2	5.2	5.9	6.0	5.5	5.6
Massachusetts		1				ł			
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	4,308	4,347	4,353	4,308	4,335	4,339	4,343	4,347	4,353
	2,795	2,814	2,805	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
	2,610	2,651	2,684	2,587	2,690	2,691	2,670	2,679	2,660
	185	162	121	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
	6.6	5.8	4.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Michigan							ľ		1
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	6,575	6,644	6,654	6,575	6,624	6,630	6,637	6,644	6,654
	4,174	4,182	4,182	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
	3,903	3,940	3,953	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
	271	242	229	341	276	289	348	280	299
	6.5	5.8	5.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
New Jersey								5 470	
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	5,429	5,478	5,485	5,429	5,464	5,468	5,473	5,478	5,485
	3,387	3,526	3,538	3,411	3,374	3,385	3,418	3,544	3,563
	3,085	3,275	3,318	3,083	3,128	3,127	3,177	3,282	3,317
	302	252	220	328	246	258	241	262	246
	8.9	7.1	6.2	9.6	7.3	7.6	7.1	7.4	6.9
New York			10.054		10.004			12 2/2	12.254
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	13,315	13,347	13,356	13,315	13,334	13,339	13,341	13,347	13,356
	7,744	7,850	7,938	7,794	7,784	7,792	7,857	7,888	7,988
	7,102	7,247	7,314	7,108	7,211	7,200	7,257	7,275	7,321
	643	603	624	686	573	592	600	613	667
	8.3	7.7	7.9	8.8	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.8	8.4
Ohio									
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate Pennsylvania	7,801	7,856	7,863	7,801	7,838	7,844	7,849	7,856	7,863
	4,883	5,031	5,086	4,880	4,875	4,930	4,891	5,038	5,084
	4,614	4,758	4,846	4,582	4,634	4,654	4,627	4,748	4,814
	269	273	241	298	241	276	264	290	270
	5.5	5.4	4.7	6.1	- 4.9	5.6	5.4	5.8	5.3
Civilian noninstitutional population (8,834	8,885	8,893	8,834	8,868	8,874	8,878	8,885	8,893
Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	5,200	5,273	5,342	5,180	5,221	5,284	5,248	5,305	5,321
	4,833	4,900	4,971	4,785	4,919	4,893	4,897	4,899	4,922
	367	373	371	395	302	391	351	406	399
	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.6	5.8	7.4	6.7	7.7	7.5
Texas									
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	9,064	9,251	9,272	9,064	9,198	9,215	9,233	9,251	9,272
	5,877	5,936	6,079	5,846	5,994	5,989	5,979	5,928	6,046
	5,573	5,651	5,819	5,525	5,719	5,690	5,684	5,648	5,772
	304	285	260	321	275	299	295	280	274
	5,2	4.8	4.3	5.5	4.6	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.5

 $^{^{1}\,}$ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variations; therefore, identical

NOTE: A comprehensive reappraisal of the seasonal adjustment of the employmen and unemployment series for all 10 States is now underway. Revisions in certain series will be Digitized for FRASER in the near future.

numbers appear in the unadjusted and the seasonally adjusted columns.

* These are the official Bureau of Labor Statistics' estimates used in the administration $of Federal\ fund\ allocation\ programs.$

² Seasonally-adjusted data are not presented for this series, because the variations that are due to seasonal influences cannot be separated with sufficient precision from those which stem from the trend-cycle and irregular components of the original time series.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

(In thousands)			<u></u>		,					
		Not seasons	ally adjusted				Seasonally	adjusted		
industry	OCT. 1977	AUG. 1978	SEPT. 1978 P	OCT. 1578 ^p	OCT. 1977	JUNE 1978	JULY 1978	AUG. 1978	SEPT. 1978 P	OCT. 1978 P
TOTAL	83,891	86,134	86,691	87,327	83,199	85,996	86,033	86,149	86,167	86,597
GOODS-PRODUCING	24,968	25,997	26,114	26,152	24,507	25,473	25,501	25,463	25,455	25,660
MINING	837	902	898	501	833	879	882	887	851	897
CONSTRUCTION	4,139	4,633	4,572	4,605	3,905	4,278	4,317	4,298	4,285	4,344
MANUFACTURING	19,992 14,396	, ,	20,644 14,870	20,646 14,884	19,769 14,177	20,316	20,302 14,569	20,278	20,279	20,419 14,658
DURABLE GOODS	11,794 8,476		12,340 8,864	12,402 8,925	11,693 8,371	12,109 8,683	12,138 8,694	12,146	12,161	12,297 8,814
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	748-8 478-0	484.4	765.4 487.2	761.7 490.0	736 471	747 486	743 485	743 481	745 479	749 483
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,614.9	1,208.4	1,674.7	1,687.3	673 1,182 1,597	701 1,197 1,645	698 1,199 1,643	1,205 1,646	691 1,214 1,650	698 1,226 1,669
Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic equipment Transportation equipment		2,331.8 1,972.9 1,903.4		2,002.8	2,219 1,891 1,867	2,332 1,962 1,929	2,345 1,977 1,937	2,351 1,975 1,941	2,355 1,972 1,944	2,388 1,983 1,984
Instruments and related products	621.7 455.7	1	661.4 469.5	664.3 474.1	620 437	654 456	660 451	661 451	660 451	662 455
NONDURABLE GOODS Production workers	8:198 5:920	8,300 5,989	8,304 6,006	8,244 5,959	8,076 5,806	8,207 5,913	8,164 5,875	8,132 5,839	8,118 5,831	8,122 5,844
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufacturers	1,750.6 79.5 917.5	1.787.1 74.9 910.5	1,791.2 78.2 913.7	1,738.5 78.5 909.0	1,682 72 914	1,702 76 908	1,688 73 909	1,670	1,666	1,670 71
Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products	1,333.8 698.5	1,317.1 705.1	1,326.6 702.7	1.327.5	1,314 694	1+325 709	1,307 710	903 1,309 698	967 1,310 696	905 1,308 692
Printing and publishing			1,179.3 1,093.3 211.6		1.148 1.073 204	1,186 1,091 209	1,187 1,091 207	1,188 1,089 205	1,178	1,182 1,088 207
Rubber and misc, plastics products Leather and leather products	730.8 254.6	750-2 254-2	756.4 250.9	760.9 248.2	720 255	749 252	749 243	746 251	742 251	750 249
SERVICE-PRODUCING	58,923	60,137	60,577	61,175	58,692	60,523	60,532	60,686	60,712	60,937
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,749	4,870	4,908	4,936	4,721	4,881	4,827	4,846	4,855	4,907
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	18,799	19,519	19,627	19,707	18,733	19,412	19,469	19,523	15,535	19,638
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,769 14,030		4,947 14,680	4,981 14,726	4,745 13,988	4,905 14,507	4,901 14,568	4,905 14,618	4,932 14,607	4,956 14,682
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	4,503	4,754	4,726	4,732	4,508	4,670	4,690	4,707	4,721	4,737
SERVICES	15,541	16,235	16,175	16,229	15,510	15,963	15,989	16,074	16,143	16,197
GOVERNMENT	15,331	14,759	15,141	15,571	15,220	15,597	15,557	15,536	15,454	15,458
FEDERALSTATE AND LOCAL	2,714 12,617	2,793 11,966	2,744 12,397	2,732 12,839	2,728 12,492	2,772 12,825	2,765 12,792	2,765 12,771	2,752 12,702	2,746 12,712

p≈preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment data shown in tables B-1 through B-6 have been revised to conform to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification and adjusted to March 1977 benchmark levels; consequently, they are not comparable with previously published data. For a discussion of the effect of these revisions, see "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to Reflect New Benchmark Levels and 1972 SIC." Employment and Earnings, October 1978, Vol. 25, No. 10.

ale B-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers, on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

		Not seaso	nally adjusted				Seasonally	adjusted		
Industry	3CT.	AUG. 1978	SEPT. 1978 P	ECT. 1978 P	OCT. 1977	JUNE 1978	JULY 1978	AUG. 1978	SEPT. 1978 P	OCT. 1978
TOTAL PRIVATE	36.1	36.2	35.9	35.9	36.1	35.9	35.9	35.8	35.8	35.8
MINING	44.4	43.4	43.2	44-0	43.7	43.4	43.0	43.6	42.7	43.3
CONSTRUCTION	37.2	37.9	37.5	37.9	36.3	37.3	37.3	37-1	37.0	36.5
MANUFACTURING	40.6 3.7	40.4 3.6	40.8	40.6 3.8	40.5 3.5	40.5 3.6	40.5 3.6	40.3 3.4	40.4 3.6	40.5 3.6
Overtime hours	41.3	40.9 3.7	41.4 4.2	41.4 4.1	41.2 3.8	41.2	41.2 3.8	41.0 3.6	41.1 3.8	41.2
Lumber and wood products	40.4	39.9 39.5	40.1 39.4	40-1 39-4	40.1 39.5	40.0 39.5	39.8 39.3	35.3 39.0	39.7 38.8	39.8 38.8
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	41.5	42.1 41.8	42.1 42.2	42.5 42.2	41.0 41.5	41.9 41.8	41.7 41.8	41.6 42.0	41.8 41.8	42.0 42.4
Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic equipment	41.2 41.9 40.6	40.9 41.6 40.3	41.2 42.2 40.6	40.9 42.0 40.4	41.0 41.9 40.5	41.0 42.3 40.2	41.0 42.2 40.7	40.9 41.8 40.4	40.5 42.0 40.2	40.7 42.0 40.3
Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	43.0 40.9 39.2	40.9 40.8 38.9	42.6 41.3 39.2	42.7 41.0 39.2	42.9 40.8 38.9	42.0 40.8 38.8	42.1 40.7 38.8	41.8 41.0 39.0	42.4 41.1 39.0	42.6 40.9 38.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.4	39.3	39.4	39.3
Overtime hours	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Food and kindred products Tobacco menufacturers Textile mill products	39.8 38.9 40.6	40.2 37.5 40.6	40.3 38.4 40.6	39.9 39.0 40.2	39.7 38.1 40.6	39.6 39.6 40.3	39.8 38.6 40.2	39.5 37.7 40.4	39.5 37.8 40.3	39.8 38.2 40.2
Apperel and other textile products	36.0 43.0	36.0 42.9	35.9 43.1	35.7 42.9	35.6 42.8	35.8 42.9	35.8 42.9	35.6 42.7	35.7 42.7	35.3 42.7
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products		37.7 41.7 44.0	38.1 42.0 44.4	37.7 41.8 44.7	37.9 41.7 42.9	37.5 41.9 43.4	37.6 41.8 43.9	37.4 41.9 44.3	37.8 41.5 43.8	37.6 41.8 44.3
Rubber and misc, plastics products Leather and leather products	41.1 37.2	40.9 37.3	41.4 37.1	41.3 36.3	40.8 37.2	41.1 37.4	40.9 37.2	40.9 37.1	41.1 37.3	41.0 36.3
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC										
UTILITIES	39.8	40.3	40.2	40.1	39•8	40-1	39.6	39.9	40.1	40.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	33.2	33.5	32.8	32.6	33.4	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	39.0 31.4	39.0 31.8	38.9 30.9	38.9 30.7	38.9 31.7	38.8 31.0	38.7 31.1	38.8 30.9	38.9 30.9	38.8 30.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	36.5	36.6	36.4	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.6
SERVICES	33.1	33.2	32.7	32.7	33.2	32.8	32.8	32-7	32.8	32.8
			1	i	i	I			ļ	

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in construction; and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

		Average ho	urly earnings			Average we	ekly earnings	
Industry	0CT. 1977	AUG. 1978	SEPT - p	OCT. 1978 P	0CT. 1977	AUG. 1978	SEPT. 1978 P	CCT. 1978 P
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$5.39	\$5.71	\$5.81	\$5.86	\$194.58	\$206.70		\$210.37
Seasonally adjusted	5.36	5.73	5.77	5.82	193.50	205-13	206.57	208-36
MINING	7.14	7.79	7.94	7.92	317.02	338.09	343.01	348-48
CONSTRUCTION	8.29	8.72	8.87	8.89	308-39	330.49	332.63	336.53
MANUFACTURING	5.82	6.16	6.28	6.33	236.29	248.86	256.22	257.00
DURABLE GOODS	6.22	6.57	6.71	6.76	256.89	268.71	277.79	279.86
Lumber and wood products	5.26	5.68	5.74	5.73	212.50	226.63	230.17	229.77
Furniture and fixtures	4.44	4.72	4.76	4.79	178.04	186.44	187.54	188-73
Stone, clay, and glass products		6.40	6.46	6.49	246.51	269.44	271.97	275.83
Primary metal industries		8.31	8.44	8.49	315.95	347.36	356-17	358-28
Fabricated metal products	6.05	6.35	6.45	6.47	249.26	259-72	265.74	264.62
Machinery, except electrical		6.74	6.88	6.92	270.26	280.38	290.34	290-64
Electric and electronic equipment	5.52	5.87	5.94	5.97	224.11	236.56	241.16	241-19
Transportation equipment	7.54	7.78	8.05	8.21	324.22	318-20	342.93	350.57
Instruments and related products	5.38	5.73	5.77	5.77	220.04	233.78	238.30	236.57
Miscellaneous manufacturing	4.42	4.70	4.74	4.77	173.26	192.83	185.81	186.98
NONDURABLE GOODS	5.21	5.56	5.62	5.65	206.32	220.18	223.68	223.18
cood and kindred products	5.44	5.80	5.87	5.87	216.51	233.16	236.56	234.21
Tobacco manufacturers	5.48	6.30	6.10	6.11	213.17	236.25	234.24	238-29
Textile mill products	4.10	4.37	4-42	4.42	166-46	177.42	179.45	177.68
Apparel and other textile products	3.69	3.93	4.00	4.03	132.84	141.48	143.60	143.87
Paper and allied products	6.14	6.59	6.68	6.70	264.02	282.71	287-91	287.43
Printing and publishing	6.24	6.51	6-58	6.61	237.12	245.43	250.70	249.20
Chemicals and allied products	6-62	7.06	7.13	7.18	276.05	294.40		300-12
Petroleum and coal products	7.91	8.59	8.66	8.77	342.50	377.96		392.02
Rubber and misc. plastics products	5.22	5.54	5.58	5.64	214.54	226.59	231.01	232.93
Leather and leather products	3.66	3.87	3.92	3.97	136.15	144.35	145.43	144.11
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	7.22	7.63	7.69	7.72	287.36	307-49	309-14	309.57
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	4-37	.4-67	4.74	4.77	145.08	156.45	155.47	155.50
WHOLESALE TRADE	5.53	5.92	6.01	6.05	215.67	230.88	233.79	235.35
RETAIL TRADE	3.92	4.19	4.24	4.27	123.09	133-24		131.09
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	4.64	4.91	4.97	5.04	169.36	179.71	186.91	184-46
SERVICES	4.76	4.94	5.06	5.09	157.56	164.01	165.46	166.44

p=preliminary.

See footnote 1, table 8-2.
See footnote 2, table 8-2.

Table B-4. Hourly earnings index for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, seasonally adjusted

[1967=100]

								Percent chan	ge from
Industry	OCT. 1977	MAY 1978	JUNE 1978	JULY 1978	AUG. 1978	SEPT-P 1978	OCT. P 1978	OCT- 1977- OCT- 1978	SEPT-1978- OCT. 1978
TOTAL PRIVATE NONFARM:									
Current dollars	201.5	211.0	212.3	214.1	214.6	216.0	217.7	8.1	0.8
Constant (1967) dollars	109.2	109.0	108.7	109.0	108.7	108.7	N-A-	(2)	(3)
MINING	220.9	237.3	239.8	244.3	244.5	246.9	248-5	12.5	.7
CONSTRUCTION	196.3	206.0	207.6	207.9	209.2	209.6	210.8	7.4	•6
MANUFACTURING	204.0	213.5	214.7	216.7	217.5	218.9	220.7	8.2	-8
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	218.8	229-2	229.6	230.4	231-2	232.8	233.6	6.8	4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	193.5	204.0	205.2	207.6	208.3	209.6	211.0	9.1	•7
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	185.1	192.4	194.6	196.9	196.0	198.0	200.7	8-4	1-4
SERVICES	202.2	210-4	211.5	213.2	212.9	214-9	216.8	7.2	-9

NOTE: All series are in current dollars except where indicated. The index excludes effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage-rate developments: Fluctuations in overtime premiums in manufacturing (the only sector for which overtime data are available) and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers, on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

Industry division and group	ļ	1977		ļ	,		, ·	197	78 .				
manady controlled and group	DCT.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT
TOTAL PRIVATE	117.0	117 4	,,,,,,	,,,,			120 4		120 (120 (. 20 4	1-	
				ŀ					l			120-8	l
	l		!	j	l	1	1					105.5	1
MINING	l	1	l	1	l				1	l	l	1	!
CONSTRUCTION	107.6	108.7	108.6	100.3	104-2	111.5	118.8	117.1	122-8	124.2	122.8	122.2	123
MANUFACTURING	98.8	99.5	100.2	98.9	100.1	102.0	102-5	101.6	101-7	101.6	101.0	101.2	102
DURABLE GOODS												103.9	
												111.8	
												105-6	
Stone, clay, and glass products													
Primary metal industries	91.7			92.2			92.9		94-1			95.7	
Fabricated metal products		100-1		99.4								102.0	
												111.5	
Electric and electronic equipment	97.4		98.6	97.3			100-4	99.8				100.3	
Transportation equipment	94-5		95.7	94.9		97.2				96.2		97.6	
Instruments and related products	115.0 96.5		99.0	116.3 97.4		120.5 102.0	102.6	120.8 101.5				123.9	
NONDURABLE GOODS	96.8	97.6	97.9	96.5	97.4	99.2	99.9	98.9	98-7	98-1	97.2	97.3	97
Food and kindred products	92.5	94.3	94.6	94.5	94.7	96.2	196.4	94.6	94-0	93.6	91.4		
Tobacco manufacturers	76.3		78.7	77.9	79.4		80.2	81.5	84.1	78.6	71.5		
Textile mill products	92.9	93.7	93.0	92.6	92.5	93.7	93.4	92.6	91.8	91.5	91.2		
Apparel and other textile products	89.9	90.8	91.1	85.6	90.1	91.6	93.2	91.9	91.4	90.1	90.1		
Paper and allied products	98.8	98.6	99.6	98.7	99.1	101.6	102.4	101.9	101-9	101.9	99.2	99.2	91
Printing and publishing	97.0	96.9	96.7	96.7	96.9		99-1	98.2	98.6	99.1	98.3	_ :	
Chemicals and allied products				104.4				106.9	106.9			106.0	
Petroleum and coal products				119.9			122-1					122.7	
	139.6			141.0								145.1	
Leather and leather products	70.0	70.3		68.0		69.1		70-4	70-1			69.5	
SERVICE-PRODUCING	128.0	128-1	128.5	127.9	128-4	129.8	130.5	130.5	130.7	130.7	130.8	131.4	13
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC	•			1							1		ļ
	105.9	107.2	106.9	107.0	107.7	109.1	108.7	105.0	109-4	106.5	107.7	108.2	109
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL													
TRADE	į.	j l				ŀ						1 1	l
WHOLESALE TRADE	122.2	122.4	123-0	123.1	123.9	125-3	126-0	125-2	126-1	125.7	126-1	127-2	12
RETAIL TRADE	125.2	124.9	125.4	123.9	124.4	126.1	126.6	127.3	127.0	128.0	127.7	127.5	128
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND						1		·	1				
REAL ESTATE	133.2	133.6	133.9	134.3	135.1	135.4	137.5	136.2	137.9	139.0	139.2	139.7	140
RASERVICES	141.8	141.6	142.1	141.7	141.8	143.3	144-1	143-8	143.9	144.1	144.1	145-1	144

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.
2 PERCENT CHANGE WAS -1 FROM SEPTEMBER 1977 TO SEPTEMBER 1978, THE LATEST MONTH AVAILABLE.
3 PERCENT CHANGE WAS -0 FROM AUGUST 1978 TO SEPTEMBER 1978, THE LATEST MONTH AVAILABLE.

N.A. = not available. p=preliminary.

Table B-6. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment¹ increased

Year and month	Over 1-month span	Over 3-month span	Over 6-month span	Over 12-month span
1975				
anuary	18.0	13.1	11.9	15.7
ebruary	21.2	12.8	12.8	16.9
arch	26.5	20.1	18.6	18.3
pril	41.0	36.6	29.4	20.9
av	51.5	43.0	48.3	27.0
une	43.0	53.2	57.3	41.0
uly	56.1	61.6	67.2	54.1
ugust	73.3	73.5	69.2	64.5
eptember	67.4	77.3	75.9	74.1
	40.3	70.6		70.7
ctober	68.3 60.5	70.6 74.4	80.5 84.0	79.7 82.3
ecember	71.5	78.2	83.7	86.3
· [·	. =	1.5.5		
1976				
anuary	78.2	85.8	87.2	85.2
ebruary	72.4	84.9	85.8	84.0
arch	69.5	81.4	82.0	85.2
pril	70.1	72.4	75.6	78.8
ay	58.1	67.2	68.3	82.6
une	57.8	65.1	71.2	79.9
ulv	58.4	57.8	63.1	78.5
ugust	49.1	64.0	65.1	77.6
eptember	64.8	53.8	66.3	80.2
ctober	47.1	65.1	73.3	80.8
ovember	67.4	64.2	73.3	80.8 80.8
ecember	66.6	81.4	81.4	82.6
1977				
anuary	76.2	83.1	88.1	70.0
ebruary	76.2 66.0	86.3	88.1	78.8 80.5
arch	74•7.	81.1	85.2	80.2
		.		
pril	68.0	79.4	79.4	84.6
ay	64.8 71.2	76.2 68.0	75.9 72.1	84.0 83.1
uly	59.3	63.4	69.8	82.6
ugusteptember	51.7 60.8	58.7 62.5	74.1 72.1	83.7
ehremner	00.0	02.3	/2.1	82.6
ctober	60.5	73.8	77.9	81.1
ovember	73.8	75.3	82.0	81.1
ecember	72.1	79.7	83.1	80.8
1978				
anuary	69.8	80.2	85.5	80.5
ebruary	70.3	80.2	79.9	79.1
arch	70.1	75.9	77.9	77.3p
pril	62.8	67.4	68.9	77.6p
ay	56.4	63.7	67.7	I ''''
une	67.2	62.5	57.3p	
	54 0	57.0	62.5	
uly	54.9 51.7	57.0 50.0p	62.5p	1
eptember	54.1p	59.9p		
	•		,	ĺ
ctober	68.0p			
ecember		1	1	1

¹ Number of employees, seasonally adjusted, on payrolls of 172 private nonagricultural industries.

p = preliminary.