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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATIOA: MARCH 1976
The Nation's employment situation showed further inprovement in March, as employment rose and unemployment continued downward, it was reported today by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U. S. Department of Labor.

The overall rate of unemployment in March was 7.5 percent. Although only slightly below the 7.6 percentage of the previous month, it was down substantially from the May 1975 recession peak of 8.9 percent. All worker groups have shared to some degree in this recovery.

Total employment--as measured by the monthly survey of household:--increased by 375,000 in March to an alltime high of 86.7 million. Since the March 1975 recession low, the employed total has risen by 2.6 million, 400,000 more than the drop in employment during the recession. Adult women accounted for more than half of this over-the-year gain, while adult men remained 600,000 short of their January 1974 employment peak. Many men have left the labor force in recent months, accentuating the long established downtrend in male labor force participation.

Nonagricultural payroll employment--as measured by the monthly survey of establish-ments--rose by nearly 200,000 in March. The payroll total has risen continuously since last June's low but remained sone 300,000 jobs short of the September 1974 pre-recession peak.

Unemp loyment
The number of unemployed persons totaled 7.0 million (seasonally adjusted) in March, little changed from the February level of 7.1 million. However, joblessness has been falling steadily since October 1975; by March, 30 percent of the recessionary increase had been recovered. Although little different from February's 7.6 percent, the March rate of 7.5 percent was down from 8.6 percent in October and the postwar high of 8.9
$\because: \because$
. :n. - ployment situation among most component labor force groups was little . i:: March. For example, unemployment rates were about unchanged for adult men . ...t, full- and part-time workers, married men, and teenagers. However, there was . . Intion in joblessness among blacks, as their rate fell 1.2 percentage points to $\because \therefore$ percent; most of this improvement occurred among adult women. The rate for black

Toble A. Highlights of the employment situation (sessonally adjusted data)

| Selected categories | Quarterly averages |  |  |  |  | Monthly data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1975 |  |  |  | 1976 | 1976 |  |  |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | I | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
|  | (Thousands of persons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilan tabor force | 91,789 | 92,531 | 93, 134 | 93,153 | 93,553 | 93,484 | 93,455 | 93,719 |
| Totai employment | 84, 313 | 84,443 | 85,138 | 85, 241 | 86,402 | 86,194 | 86, 319 | 86,692 |
| Adult men | 47,345 | 47,286 | 47,551 | 47,540 | 47,998 | 47, 716 | 47,997 | 48,081 |
| Adalt women | 29,912 | 30, 129 | 30,537 | 30,665 | 31,234 | 31, 140 | 31,165 | 31,398 |
| Teenagers | 7,056 | 7,029 | 7,050 | 7,036 | 7,169 | 7,138 | 7,157 | 7,213 |
| Unemployment | 7,476 | 8,087 | 7,997 | 7,912 | 7,151 | 7,290 | 7,136 | 7,027 |
|  | (Percent of labor force) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unempleyment rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All workers | 8.1 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Adult men. | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Adult women | 8.0 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Teenagers | 19.8 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 19.1 |
| White | 7.5 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Black and other | 13.4 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 14.0 | -13.1 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 12.5 |
| Household heads | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Married men | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Full tume workers | 7.7 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 |
|  | (Weeks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average curdtion of unemployment . | 11.3 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 16.2 | 15.8 |
|  | (Thousands of persons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nontarm payrull employment | 76,863 | 76,438 | 77,004 | 77,642 | 78,337p | 78,179 | 78,320p | 78,511p |
| Goods-producing industries | 22,794 | 22,300 | 22,414 | 22,690 | 22,917p | 22,914 | 22,885p | 22,952p |
| Service producing industries | 54,069 | 54,138 | 54,590 | 54,952 | 55,420p | 55,265 | 55,435p | 55,559p |
|  | (Hours of work) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weckly hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private nonfarm | 36.1 | 35.9 | 36.1 | 36.3 | 36.4 p | 36.5 | 36.5p | 36.2p |
| Manufacturing. | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.4 p | 40.5 | 40.4 p | 40.2 p |
| Manutacturing overtime | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 p | 3.0 | 3.1 p | 3.2 p |
|  | (1967=100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hourly Earnings Index, private nonfarm: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In current dollars . . . . | 167.7 | 170.7 | 174.3 | 177.8 | 180.4 p | 179.6 | 180.6p | 181.2p |
| In constant doltars. . . . | 106.7 | 107.0 | 107.1. | 107.5 | N.A. | 107.5 | 107.9 p | N.A. |

$f=$ pretimunary.
workers was down nearly 2 points trom the September peak of 14.4 percent. At 6.8 percent, the rate for whites was unchanged over the wonth but well below the May high of 8.3 percent. (See table $\lambda$-2.)

Unemployment rates for most ocupational and industry groups were similarly little changed from February levels. However, there was a decline among manufacturing workers, continuing the steady downtrend which has been in evidence since June.

Monthly data on male and female household heads by the presence of relatives have been included for the first time in table A-2 of this release. Male household heads living with relatives average comparatively low unemployment rates, while those who live alone or with nonrelatives expertence higher joblessness. Female heads living with relatives--generally raising children on their own--have very high unemployment rates, often due to a lack of training and experience. In March, the unemployment rate for female family heads declined from 10.4 to 9.4 percent. The rate for male family heads, at 4.0 percent, was unchanged over the month but down substantially from the recession peak of 5.5 percent.

After being about equal to the rate for nonveterans in recent months, the Vietnamera veterans' jobless rate ( $\% .0$ percent) was once again lower in March. All of the veteran age components have shown improvement in recent months. (See table A-2.)

The average (mean) duration of unemployment fell for the second straight month to 15.8 weeks in March, more than a week lower than the recession peak spanning the NovemberJanuary period. Contributing to the decline over the month was a drop in the number of persons unemployed 15 weeks or more. The drop that was particularly pronounced in the group jobless for 6 months or longer. (See table A-4.) Total Enployment and Labor Force

Total employment increased for the fifth straight month, rising by 375,000 to a new high of 86.7 million, seasonally adjusted. The March gain occurred largely among adult women. Employment has increased by 2.6 million since the recession low in Maxch a year ago. Adult women have comprised more than half of the over-the-year gain.

The civilian labor force rose by 260,000 in March to 93.7 million persons, after holding steady in February. Over the past year, the labor force has expanded by 1.8
million, a pace in excess of the growth rate at the helght of lhe recession br* o bernist somewhat less than in the previous $f$ ? vears.

The lahor force partictpation for adult worm has increased by nearly a full percentage point over the past yar, a continuation of thefr secular uptrend. Anong men, on the other hand, there was a drop of similar magnitude, accelerating, at least temporarily, their long-term downward trend. Primarily as a result of these countervailing movements, overall labor force participation has held about steady. (See table A-1.)

## Discouraged Workers

Discouraged workers are persons who want work but are not looking for jobs because they believe they cannot find any. Because they do not meet the labor market test-that is, they are not engaged in active job search-othey are classified as not in the labor force rather than as unemployed. Their numbers normally increase or decrease in line with movements in the unemployment rate. These data are published on a quarterly basis.

The number of discouraged workers, which had nearly doubled between the third quarters of 1974 and 1975 to a high of nearly 1.2 million (seasonally adjusted), receded to 940,000 by the first quarter. Just as those discouraged for job market factors had

Table B. Discouraged workers, seasonally adjusted quarterly averages
(In thousands)

| Characteristic | 1974 |  | 1975 |  |  |  | 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | III | IV | I | - I | III | IV | I |
| Total................ | 625 | 839 | 1,059 | 1,116 | 1,160 | 997 | 937 |
| Job market factors ${ }^{1}$ | 422 | 592 | 839 | 817 | 947 | 849 | 630 |
| Personal factors ${ }^{2}$. | 203 | 247 | 220 | 299 | 213 | 148 | 307 |

1 Job market factors include "could not find job" and "thinks no job available."
2 Personal factors include "employees think too young or old," "lacks education or training," and "other personal handicap."
accounted for the bulk of the recessionary increase, they also have acconnted for most of the subsequent decline. Thus, the number of the discouraged citing job market factors decreased from 950,000 at the third quarter 1975 peak to 630,000 in the most recent quarter. (See table B.)

Industry Payroll Employment
Total nonagricultural payroll employment advanced by 190,000 in March co 78.5 million, seasonally adjusted. The payroll job count has risen continuously since the June low but was 320,000 below the record high of September 1974. As in February, over-the-month gains occurred in two-thirds of the 172 industries comprising the diffusion index of nonagricultural payroll employment. (See tabies $B-1$ and $B-6$. .)

The largest over-the-month increase occurred in manufacturing, where 75,000 were added to payrolls. Nearly all of this gain took place in the durable goods sector, with pick-ups in transportation equipment $(25,000)$ and electrical equipment $(20,000)$ accounting for much of the growth. There was little overall movement in nondurables, as an increase in apparel was offset by a decrease in food processing. Since last July's low, factory employment has risen by three-quarters of a million.

Employment in contract construction was about unchanged in March, after declining by 70,000 in the previous month. At 3.3 million, construction employment has shown no improvement during the recovery period, remalning 770,000 below the February 1974 prerecession high.

Among the service-producing industries, substantial gains took place in retail trade $(50,000)$ and State and local government ( 45,000 ). Employnent in services continued to advance, although at a slower pace than in recent months, as 25,000 were added to payrolls over the month. The only industry division in the sector to show an over-themonth reduction was transportation and public utilities.

## Hours

The average workweek for all production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls dropped by 0.3 hour in March to 36.2 hours (seasonally adjusted). The manufacturing workweek fell for the second straight month to 40.2 hours in March. The factory workweek was nevertheless 1.4 hours above the recession low of February 1975.

Factory overtime, on the other hand, edgea up for the second month in a row to 3.2 hours
in March. (See table B-2.)
Because the increase in employment was insufficient to counterbalance the reduction in hours, the index of aggregate hours of private nonagricultural production workers dropped 0.5 percent to $110.1(1967=100)$, the first setback in 9 months. The aggregate factory hours index, after a pause in February, moved up 0.1 percent to 93.8 , resuming the ascent begun last May. (See table B-5.)

## Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on total private nonagricultural payrolls rose 0.2 percent in March, seasonally adjusted, and were up 6.7 percent over the year. Because of the reduction in weekly hours, average weekly earnings fell 0.6 percent over the month but were still 7.6 percent higher than a year ago.

Before adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings were $\$ 4.74$, the same as in February. Since March 1975, they have increased by 30 cents. Average weekly earnings were $\$ 170.17$, 94 cents below the February level but $\$ 12.11$ above last March. (See table B-3.)

## The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index--earnings adjusted for overtime in manufacturing, seasonality, and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries--was 181.2 (1967=100) in March, 0.3 percent higher than in February. The index was 7.2 percent above March a year ago. During the 12 -month period ended in February, the Hourly Earnings Index in dollars of constant purchasing power rose 1.2 percent. (See table B-4.)

This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major surveys. Data on labor force, total employment, and unemployment are derived from the sample survey of households conducted and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Statistics on payroll employment, hours, and earnings are collected by State agencies from payroll records of employers and are tabulated by the Bueau of Labor Statistics. Unless otherwise indicated, data for both series relate to the week of the specified noonth containing the 12 th day. A description of the two surveys appears in the BLS publication Employment and Larnings.

Table A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population

| Employment status | Not seasonally edjusted |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1970 } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1.976$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Mar} . \\ 1975 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1975$ | Jan. $1976$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb, } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ |
| total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total noninstitutional pupulation ${ }^{\prime}$ | 152,646 | 155,106 | 155,325 | 152,646 | 154,476 | 154,700 | 154,915 | 155,106 | 155,325 |
| Total labor force . | 93,593 | 94,944 | 95,260 | 94,078 | 95,272 | 95,286 | 95,624 | 95,601 | 95,866 |
| Participation rate. | 61.3 | 61.2 | 61.3 | 61.6 | 61.7 | 61.6 | 61.7 | 61.6 | 61.7 |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 150,447 | 152,960 | 153,178 | 150,447 | 152,320 | 152,543 | 152,775 | 152,960 | 153,178 |
| Civilian labor force | 91,395 | 92,798 | 93,112 | 91,880 | 93,117 | 93,129 | 93,484 | 93,455 | 93,719 |
| Participation rate | 60.7 | 60.7 | 60.8 | 61.1 | 61.1 | 61.1 | 61.2 | 61.1 | 61.2 |
| Employed | 83,036 | 84,764 | 85,588 | 84,110 | 85,178 | 85,394 | 86,194 | 86,319 | 86,692 |
| Agriculture | 2,988 | 2,902 | 2,897 | 3,268 | 3,301 | 3,236 | 3,343 | 3,170 | 3,179 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 80,048 | 81,963 | 82,691 | 80,842 | 81,877 | 82,158 | 82,851 | 83,149 | 83,513 |
| Unemploved | 8,359 | 8,033 | 7,525 | 7,770 | 7,939 | 7,735 | 7,290 | 7,136 | 7,027 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.1 | 3.7 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Not in labor force | 59,053 | 60,163 | 60,065 | 58,567 | 59,203 | 59,414 | 59,291 | 59,505 | 59,459 |
| Males, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total noninstitutional population ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 6, 4, 730 | 65,821 | 65,920 | 64,730 | 65,542 | 65,643 | 65,739 | 65,821 | 65,920 |
| Total labor force .... | 52,31.1 | 52,539 | 52,635 | 52,200 | 52,888 | 52,651 | 52,576 | 52,603 | 52,623 |
| Participation rate | 80.8 | 79.8 | 79.8 | 80.6 | 80.7 | 80.2 | 80.0 | 79.9 | 79.8 |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 62,997 | 64,133 | 64,230 | 62,997 | 63,830 | 63,929 | 64,055 | 64,133 | 64,230 |
| Civilian labor force | 50,579 | 50,850 | 50,945 | 50,467 | 51,176 | 50,937 | 50,892 | 50,914 | 50,934 |
| Participation rate | 80.3 | 79.3 | 79.3 | 80.1 | 80.2 | 79.7 | 79.5 | 79.4 | 79.3 |
| Employed | 46,612 | 47,182 | 47,525 | 47,158 | 47,521 | 47,586 | 47,916 | 47,997 | 48,081 |
| Agriculture | 2,310 | 2,174 | 2,202 | 2,413 | 2,386 | 2,316 | 2,351 | 2,305 | 2,301 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 44,302 | 45,007 | 45,322 | 44,745 | 45,135 | 45,270 | 45,565 | 45,692 | 45,780 |
| Unemployed | 3,966 | 3,689 | 3,421 | 3,309 | 3,655 | 3,351 | 2,976 | 2,917 | 2,853 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Not in labor force | 12,419 | 13,283 | 13,285 | 12,530 | 12,654 | 12,992 | 13,163 | 13,219 | 13,296 |
| Females, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilan noninstitutional population ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 71,266 | 72,452 | 72,561 | 71,266 | 72,139 | 72,251 | 72,354 | 72,452 | 72,561 |
| Civitian labor force | 32,789 | 33,912 | 33,997 | 32,659 | 33,256 | 33,415 | 33,683 | 33,687 | 33,865 |
| Participation rate | 46.0 | 46.8 | 46.9 | 45.8 | 46.1 | 46.2 | 46.6 | 46.5 | 46.7 |
| Employed | 30,073 | 31,201 | 31,514 | 29,959 | 30,619 | 30,755 | 31,140 | 31,165 | 31,398 |
| Agriculture | 374 | 333 | 372 | 445 | 491 | 483 | 545 | 420 | 442 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 29,699 | 30,858 | 31,142 | 29,514 | 30,128 | 30,272 | 30,595 | 30,745 | 30,956 |
| Unemployed | 2,716 | 2,711 | 2,482 | 2,700 | 2,637 | 2,660 | 2,543 | 2,522 | 2,467 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Not in tabor force | 38,477 | 38,540 | 38,564 | 38,607 | 38,883 | 38,836 | 38,671 | 38,765 | 38,696 |
| Both sexes, 16.19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 16,184 | 16,376 | 16,387 | 16,184 | 16,352 | 16,363 | 16,366 | 16,376 | 16,387 |
| Civilian labor force | 8,027 | 8,035 | 8,170 | 8,754 | 8,685 | 8,777 | 8,909 | 8,854 | 8,920 |
| Participation rate | 49.6 | 49.1 | 49.9 | 54.1 | 53.1 | 53.6 | 54.4 | 54.1 | 54.4 |
| Employed .. | 6,351 | 6,381 | 6,549 | 6,993 | 7,038 | 7,053 | 7,138 | 7,157 | 7,213 |
| Agriculture | 304 | 294 | 323 | 410 | 424 | 437 | 447 | 445 | 436 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6,047 | 6,087 | 6,226 | 6,583 | 6,614 | 6,616 | 6,691 | 6,712 | 6,777 |
| Unemployed | 1,677 | 1,654 | 1,621 | 1,761 | 1,647 | 1,724 | 1,771 | 1,697 | 1,707 |
| Unemployment rate | 20.9 | 20.6 | 19.8 | 20.1 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 19.1 |
| Not in labor force | 8,157 | 8,340 | 8,216 | 7,430 | 7,667 | 7,586 | 7,457 | 7,522 | 7,467 |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 132,879 | 134,813 | 134,987 | 132,879 | 134,303 | 134,480 | 134,668 | 134,813 | 134,987 |
| Civilian labor force | 81,108 | 82,1.78 | 82,426 | 81,551 | 82,517 | 82,474 | 82,738 | 82,715 | 82,961 |
| Participation rate | 61.0 | 61.0 | 61.1 | 61.4 | 61.4 | 61.3 | 61.4 | 61.4 | 61.5 |
| Employed | 74,243 | 75,689 | 76,300 | 75,216 | 76,059 | 76,223 | 76,839 | 77,101 | 77,282 |
| Unemployed | 6,865 | 6,488 | 6,126 | 6,335 | 6,458 | 6,251 | 5,899 | 5,614 | 5,679 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Not in labor force | 51,771 | 52,635 | 52,561 | 51,328 | 51,786 | 52,006 | 51,930 | 52,098 | 52,026 |
| black and other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 17,568 | 18,147 | 18,191 | 17,568 | 18,018 | 18,063 | 18,107 | 18,147 | 18,191 |
| Civilian labor force | 10,286 | 10,620 | 10,687 | 10,330 | 10,684 | 10,653 | 10,731 | 10,795 | 10,748 |
| Participation rate | 58.6 | 58.5 | 58.7 | 58.8 | 59.3 | 59.0 | 59.3 | 59.5 | 59.1 |
| Employed | 8,792 | 9,075 | 9,288 | 8,903 | 9,197 | 9,188 | 9,314 | 9,315 | 9,407 |
| Unemployed | 1,494 | 1,545 | 1,399 | 1,427 | 1,487 | 1,465 | 1,417 | 1,480 | 1,341 |
| Unemployment rate | 14.5 | 14.5 | 13.1 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 12.5 |
| Not in labor force | 7,281 | 7,527 | 7,504 | 7,238 | 7,334 | 7,410 | 7,376 | 7,352 | 7,443 |

[^0]Table A-2. Major unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

| Solected catagorws | Number of unemployed pertons (In thou mands) |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mar.$1975$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1975 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Jan.$1976$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1976 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } \\ -1976 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 19: 6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. 16 yoars and over | 7,770 | 7,027 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Males. 20 years and over | 3,3n9 | 2,853 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Females, 20 years and over | 2,700 | 2,407 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 years | 1,761. | 1,707 | 20.1 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 19.1 |
| White, totel | 6,335 | 5,679 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Males, 20 years and over | 2,735 | 2,327 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.1 |
| Females, 20 years and over | 2,201 | 1,985 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| Both sexes, 16.19 years | 1,399 | 1,367 | 17.8 | 17.1 | 17.8 | 18.3 | 17.1 | 17.2 |
| Black and other, total | 1,427 | 1,341 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 12.5 |
| Males, 20 yoars and over | $\pm 80$ | 533 | 11.3 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 10.3 |
| Femates, 20 years and over | 481 | 465 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 12.2 | 10.1 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 years | 365 | 343 | 40.2 | 34.3 | 35.2 | 34.6 | 35.2 | 35.9 |
| Household heads, total | 2,989 | 2,667 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Males | 2,354 | 2,038 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| With relatives | 1,983 | 1,522 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Without relatives | 371 | 416 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 8.8 |
| Females | 610 | 630 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.3 |
| With relatives. | 381 | 391 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 9.4 |
| Without relatives | 229 | 239 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.4 |
| Married men, spouse present | 1,981 | 1,525 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Full-time workers | 6,317 | 5,637 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 |
| Part-time workers | 1,438 | 1,382 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.3 |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 1,978 | 2,294 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| Labor force time lost ${ }^{2}$ | .- | -- | 9.3 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.2 |
| OCCUPATION ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-coller workers | 2,036 | 2,096 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Professional and technical | 384 | 479 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Managers and administrators, except farm | 259 | 281 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Sales workers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 343 | 283 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Clerical workens | 1,050 | 1,053 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.3 |
| Blue collar workers | 3,758 | 2,874 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.1 |
| Cratt and kindred workers | 992 | 798 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Operatives | 1,990 | 1,433 | 13.6 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.8 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 776 | 643 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 14.9 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 12.9 |
| Service workers | 1,038 | 1,103 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 8.6 |
| Farm workers | 119 | 144 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 5.0 |
| MDDUSTRY ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ${ }^{4}$ | 6,061 | 5,170 |  | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.7 |
| Construction . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 781 | 693 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 16.6 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 16.0 |
| Manufacturing | 2,323 | 1,534 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.3 |
| Durable goods. | 1,352 | 936 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 971 | 598 | 11.2 | 10.0 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.1 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 268 | 217 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Wholesale and retail trace | 1,451 | 1,401 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 8.7 |
| Finance and service industries | 1,208 | 1,194 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.1 |
| Government workers. | 572 | 702 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers | 1.50 | 176 | 11.1 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 11.8 |
| veteran status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males, Vietnam-era veterans ${ }^{\text {s }}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 34 years ...... | 523 | 439 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.0 |
| 20 to 24 years | 185 | 146 | 17.6 | 23.1 | 22.0 | 18.9 | 17.9 | 15.6 |
| 25 to 29 years | 256 | 213 | 7.7 | 9.0 | 9.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.6 |
| 30 to 34 years | 82 | 80 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| Males, nonveterans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 34 years .. | 1,444 | 1,236 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| 20 to 24 yeers | 906 | 784 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 11.8 |
| 25 to 29 years | 339 | 276 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.0 |
| 30 to 34 years | 199 | 176 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 4.9 |

1 Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.
Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.
Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, whereas that by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.
Includes mining, not shown separately.
s Vietnam-era veterans are those who served between August 5, 1964, and April 30, 1975.

Table A.3. Selected employment indicators

| IIf thousandsl |
| :---: |

1 Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

Table A-4. Duration of unemployment

| Weeks of unemploymemt | Not somsonally adjusted |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1976 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1975 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1976 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1976 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Less than 5 weeks | 2,830 | 2,332 | 3,165 | 2,641 | 2,648 | 2,706 | 2,686 | 2,609 |
| 5 to 14 woeks | 2,975 | 2,231 | 2,540 | 2,469 | 2,244 | 2,091 | 1,856 | 1,905 |
| 15 weeks and over | 2,553 | 2,961 | 1,978 | 3,004 | 3,080 | 2,785 | 2,515 | 2,294 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 1,679 | 1,349 | 1,240 | 1,286 | 1,413 | 1,155 | 957 | 903 |
| 27 weeks and over | 855 | 1,612 | 738 | 1,718 | 1,667 | 1,630 | 1,558 | 1,391 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks | 13.0 | 18.0 | 11.4 | 16.9 | 17.0 | 16.9 | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 wooks | 33.9 | 31.0 | 41.2 | 32.5 | 33.2 | 35.7 | 38.1 | 38.3 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 35.6 | 29.7 | 33.1 | 30.4 | 28.1 | 27.6 | 26.3 | 28.0 |
| 15 weeks and over. | 30.5 | 39.4 | 25.7 | 37.0 | 38.6 | 36.7 | 35.6 | 33.7 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 20.3 | 17.9 | 16.1 | 15.8 | 17.7 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 13.3 \% |
| 27 weeks and over | 10.2 | 21.4 | 9.6 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 21.5 | 22.1 | 20.4 |

Table A-5. Reasons for unemployment


Tabie A-8. Unemploymant by sex and age

| Sox and age | Not seasonelly adjusted |  |  | Seasonsily adjusted unempioyment ritet |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thsusance of persons |  | Percent looking for full-time work | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1976 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Feb.$1976$ | Mar.$1976$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1976 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar: } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 18 years and over | 3,359 | 7,525 | 81.2 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| 16 to 19 years. | 1,677 | 1,621 | 53.1 | 20.1 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 19.1 |
| 16 to 17 yeers | 750 | 682 | 26.0 | 21.5 | 20.1 | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.4 | 20.0 |
| 18 to 19 years | 927 | 939 | 72.7 | 19.1 | 18.1 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 17.5 | 18.6 |
| 20 to 24 years ... | 1,952 | 1,734 | 88.4 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 13.5 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 12.1 |
| 25 yaars and over | 4,730 | 4,170 | 89.2 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 |
| 25 to 54 yoans | 3,978 | 3,393 | 90.7 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.2 |
| 55 ẏaris and over. | 752 | 776 | 82.7 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Malen, 18 years and over .. | 4,890 | 4,317 | 84.8 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
| 16 to 19 years | 923 | 896 | 51.8 | 20.1 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 20.1 | 19.3 | 19.3 |
| 16 :0 17 years | 411 | 393 | 23.2 | 20.8 | 19.6 | 19.3 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 20.8 |
| 18 to 19 years | 512 | 503 | 74.2 | 19.5 | 18.2 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 17.8 | 18.4 |
| 30 to 24 years. | 1,178 | 1,004 | 89.2 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 11.9 | 12.0 |
| 25 yaars and oyar | 2,788 | 2,417 | 95.2 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| 25 to 64 years | 2,320 | 1,918 | 97.6 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| 55 years and ojer | 468 | 500 | 85.8 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| Fimales, 16 years and ovor | 3,469 | 3,208 | 76.3 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 7.3 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.5 |
| 16 to 19 years ....... | 753 | 726 | 54.5 | 20.2 | 19.1 | 20.3 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 18.9 |
| 16 to 17 years | 339 | 290 | 29.7 | 22.5 | 20.7 | 22.2 | 20.8 | 21.7 | 19.1 |
| 18 to 19 years | 414 | 436 | 71.1 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 19.1 | 18.4 | 17.2 | 18.8 |
| 20 to 24 years | 774 | 730 | 87.1 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 12.2 |
| 25 ysars and ever | 1,942 | 1,753 | 80.8 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| 25 to 54 years | 1,658 | 1,477 | 81.5 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| 35 years and over | 285 | 276 | 76.8 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.5 |

Table 8-1. Employeas on nonagricultural payroils, by indussry
[introusonds

| Industry | Not sessonaliv adjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mat. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F.6b } \\ & 1976 \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 190^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eb } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Mar} \mathrm{p} \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 75,738 | 77,691 | 77,273 | 77.791 | 76,468 | 77,574 | 77,796 | 78,179 | 78, 320 | 78,511 |
| GODOS PRCDUCING | 21,953 | 22,312 | $23_{4} 89$ | 22,483 | 22,422 | 22,657 | 22,743 | 22,914 | 22,885 | 22,952 |
| MBARAG | 713 | 756 | 754 | 761 | 729 | 756 | 769 | 764 | 765 | 772 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 3,107 | 3,061 | 3,301 | 3, 685 | 3,467 | 3,409 | 3,406 | 3,428 | 3,361 | 3,346 |
| mANUFACTURING | 13, 037 | 18, 195 | 13,542 | 18,637 | 18,226 | 18,482 | 18,568 | 18, 722 | 18,759 | 18,834 |
| Practuction workers | 12,757 | 13, 243 | 13,201 | 13,378 | 12,915 | 13,222 | 13,311 | 13,448 | 13,491 | 13,545 |
| OURABLE GOODS | 10,632 | 16, 317 | 19,7391 | 10,811 | 10,728 | 10.653 | 10,717 | 10,820 | 10,848 | 10,914 |
| Production workers | 7,484 | 7,007 | 7,629 | 7,695 | 7, 561 | 7. 539 | 7,003 | 7,698 | 7,728 | 7,777 |
| Ordnance and secessories | 175.6 | 162.8 | 161.3 | 161.2 | 177 | 161 | 163 | 162 | 162 | 162 |
| Lumber and wood products | 533.9 | 569.1 | 575.5 | 591.1 | 539 | 576 | 581 | 592 | 596 | 598 |
| Furriture and fixtures | 430.2 | 476.5 | 450.9 | 432.7 | 434 | 470 | 473 | 477 | 485 | 487 |
| Sione, clay, and glass products | 597.5 | 595.6 | 594.2 | 600.0 | 610 | 616 | 616 | 616 | 613 | 613 |
| Primsry mocal industries | 1,214.0 | 1,156.3 | 1,150.91 | 1,161.1 | 1,218 | 1,146 | 1,158 | 1,162 | 1,166 | 1,165 |
| fabricated metal products | 1, 320.3 | 1,347.1 | 1,351.1 | 1,359.7 | 1,336 | 1,339 | 1,344 | 1, 358 | 1, 369 | 1,376 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 2,132.6 | 2,041.0 | 2,048.5 | 2,052.9 | 2, 128 | 2,032 | 2, 030 | 2,039 | 2,042 | 2,049 |
| Electrical squ,pment. . . . . | 1,755.5 | 1,779.8 | 1,737.4 | 1,797. 4 | 1,773 | 1,764 | 1,773 | 1,785 | 1,795 | 1,816 |
| Transportation equipernent | 1,605.8 | 1, 193.0 | 1,679.4 | 1,704. 2 | 1,624 | 1,648 | 1,676 | 1,712 | 1,698 | 1,723 |
| Instruments and relateo prodicis | 486.8 | 495.4 | 497.9 | 499.9 | 490 | 492 | 494 | 498 | 501 | 503 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 388.7 | 399.9 | 405.4 | 411.1 | 399 | 409 | 409 | 419 | 421 | 422 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS. | 7,405 | 7,778 | 7, 803 | 7,826 | 7,498 |  | 7,851 | 7,902 | 7,911 | 7,920 |
| Proctuction workjrs ............ | 5,273 | 5,639 | 5,662 | 5,683 | 5, 354 | 5,683 | 5,708 | 5,750 | 5,763 | 5,768 |
| Food and kirdred proctuets | 1,592.9 | 1,637.2 | 1,633.0 | 1,617.5 | 1,659 | 1,688 | 1,688 | 1,700 | 1,710 | 1,685 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 72.3 | 79.1 | 75.0 | 68.9 | 77 | 81 | 79 | 79 | 77 | 73 |
| Textils mill products | 844.6 | 955.6 | 962.5 | 964.4 | 845 | 950 | 955 | 958 | 964 | 965 |
| Apparel and other textile producis. | 1, 181.2 | 1,284. 7 | 1, 303. ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 322.4 | 1,180 | 1,290 | 1,299 | 1, 314 | 1, 303 | 1,322 |
| Papser ànd atiod products. | . 630.6 | 659.6 | 661.8 | 661.2 | 636 | , 652 | , 653 | 1.665 | 1. 668 | 1,667 |
| Printing and publisting. . . | 1,086.5 | 1,008.6 | 1,065.2 | 1, 069.2 | 1,089 | 1,072 | 1, 074 | 1,069 | 1,066 | 1,071 |
| Chemicalis and atilied products | 1,005. 5 | 1,016.3: | 1,018.5 | 1,025.3 | 1,009 | 1,020 | 1,018 | 1,024 | 1,028 | 1,029 |
| Petroleum and coai products | 189.1 | 197.8: | 197. 1 | 107.3 | 194 | 202 | 201 | 203 | 203 | 204 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec. . | 559.0 | 608.0́ | 613.5 | ¢ 20.2 | 564 | 604 | 608 | 615 | 617 | 625 |
| Leather and leaiher products | 243.0 | 270.3 | 273.4 | 277.1 | 245 | 270 | 271 | 275 | 275 | 280 |
| SERVICEPRROOUCING | 53.325 | 54, 779 | 54,990 | 55, 308 | 54, 046 | 54,917 | 55, 053 | 55, 265 | 55, 435 | 55,559 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTLLITIES | 4,470 | 4,440 | 4, 446 | 4,469 | 4,506 | 4,496 | 4,477 | 4.494 | 4,518 | 4, 505 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.. | 16,530 | 17,026 | 16,902 | 17,000 | 16,851 | 17,010 | 17,080 | 17, 233 | 17,302 | 17,357 |
| Wholesale trade | 4, 136 | 4,139 | 4,1914 | 4,201 | 4,178 | 4,174 | 4,190 | 4,214 | 4,238 | 4,243 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 12,394 | 12:837 | 12, 711 | 12,799 | 12,673 | 12,836 | 12,890 | 13,019 | 13,064 | 13,114 |
| Finance, hisurange, AND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| REAL ESTATE.. | 4,178 | 4,223 | 4,230 | 4,247 | 4,207 | 4,248 | 4,264 | 4, 266 | 4,268 | 4,277 |
| services | 13,753 | 14,049 | 14,185 | 14,269 | 13,864 | 14, 188 | 14,229 | 14,307 | 14,357 | 14,384 |
| GOVERNMENT. | 14,894 | 15,041 | 15,233 | 15,323 | 14,618 | 14,975 | 15,003 | 14,965 | 14,990 | 15,036 |
| FEDERAL. | 2,724 | 2,724 | 2,726 | 2,732 | 2,733 | 2,761 | 2,755 | 2,746 | 2,740 | 2,740 |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 12,170 | 12,317 | 12,507 | 12,591 | 11,885 | 12,214 | 12,248 | 12,219 | 12, 250 | 12,296 |

[^1]Table 3-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory worksrs' on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Infustry | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally adjurted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jani. } \\ 1976 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & F \in \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Mar}^{\prime} \\ 1976{ }^{2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1975 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb: } \\ & 1976 \text { ? } \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{Mar}_{1976}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE. | 35.6 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.2 |
| mining | 41.3 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 42.9: | 42.8 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 42.2 |
| COMTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 34.7 | 36.0 | 36.6 | N. A. | 34.9 | 36.8 | 37.3 | 37.7 | 38.0 | N. A. |
| manufacturing. | 38.7 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 38.9 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.2 |
| Overtime hours | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| durable goods | 39.4 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.6 |
| Overtime hours | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Ordnances and accessories. . | 41.5 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.9 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 37.8 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 38.0 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 39.7 |
| Furniture and fixtures . | 36.3 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 36.6 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 38.9 |
| Stons, clay, and glass products. | 39.5 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 39.6 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 40.8 |
| Primary metal industries | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.7 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 39.5 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 |
| Machinery, except electrizal. . . . . . . | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.0 |
| Electrical equipment ............. | 39.1 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.1 |
| Transportation equipment . | 38.9 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 39.1 | 40.8 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.1 |
| Instruments and related products. | 39.0 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.3 |
| Miscell3necus manufacturing | 37.7 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 37.7 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 38. 8 | 38.9 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 37.7 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 37.9 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.5 |
| Overtime hours . . | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Food and kindred products | 39.7 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.3 |
| Tobacco manufactures. . | 37.6 | 38.6 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 39.7 | 37.7 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.0 |
| Textile mill products.. | 36.8 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 36.9 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 40,6 |
| Appapel and other textile products .. | 33.8 | 35.8 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 33.8 | 36.1 | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.4 | 36.1 |
| Paper and altied products......... | 40.2 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 40.5 | 42.4 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.5 |
| Printing and publishing ..... | 36.9 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.0 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 37.6 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 40.4 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 40.4 | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.5 |
| Petroleum and coal products. . | 41.2 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 42.8 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec | 38.5 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 38.7 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.9 |
| Leather and leather products . . . . . . | 34.9 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 38.5 | 35.3 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 38.9 |
| TRANSFORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES $\qquad$ | 39.3 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 39.6 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE .... | 33.5 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 33.9 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 33.8 |
| Wholesale trade. | 38.4 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 38.6 |
|  | 32.0 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.4 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.4 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, ANO heal estate. ............ | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.3 | 36.6 | 36.7 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.4 |
| services | 33.6 | 33.5 | 33.5 | 33.4 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.6 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 33.6 |

[^2] sale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagriculturat payrolis.
$p=$ preliminary.

Table E-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Incustry | Avgraqe houirly earninge |  |  |  | Average weekily earninge |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ma } \\ & 1075 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Jan}_{+} \\ 19 \overbrace{0} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & F 00.0 \\ & 1976^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Mar}^{\circ} \\ & 1976^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } \\ & 1976^{p} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tar } p \\ & 19762 \end{aligned}$ |
| total phivate. | \$4. 14 | S4. 72 | S4. 74 | \$4.74 | \$158. 06 | \$169.92 | \$171.11 | \$170. 17 |
| Samsonally adjustad | 4.46 | 4.73 | 4.75 | 4.76 | 160.11 | 172.65 | 173.38 | 172,31 |
| mining | 5.75 | 6.27 | 6.31 | 6.28 | 237. 48 | 266.48 | 268.81 | 261.25 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 7.14 | 7. 50 | 7.49 | N. A. | 247.76 | 270.00 | 274.13 | N. A. |
| manufacturing | 4.72 | 5.02 | 5.04 | 5.07 | 182.66 | 200. 30 | 201.60 | 202.80 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 5. 02 | 5.38 | 5. 40 | 5.43 | 197.79 | 216.81 | 218.70 | 219.92 |
| Ordnarce and accessories | 3. 99 | 5. 49 | 5. 55 | 5. 58 | 211.24 | 226. 19 | 227.00 | 229.34 |
| Lumber and wood products | 4. 14 | 4.40 | 4. 47 | 4. 49 | 156. 49 | 177.06 | 178.35 | 177.36 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 3.69 | 3.86 | 3.37 | 3.89 | 133.95 | 149.38 | 149.77 | 150.15 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 4. 72 | 5.05 | 5. 07 | 5. 09 | 186.44 | 204.02 | 206. 35 | 207.16 |
| Primary metal industries | 6.01 | 6.51 | 6.56 | 6.62 | 240.40 | 262.35 | 265.68 | 269.43 |
| Fabricated matai products. | 4.90 | 5.29 | 5.30 | 5. 34 | 193. 55 | 213.72 | 214.65 | 216.80 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 5.24 | 5.61 | 5.64 | 5.65 | 214.84 | 230. 57 | 231.90: | 232.22 |
| Elscrrical equipment . | 4.43 | 4.77 | 4.78 | 4.82 | 175.17 | 190.80 | 190. 72 | 192.80 |
| Tinnspurtation equipment . . . . . | 5.34 | 6.35 | 6.39 | 6.45 | 227. 18 | 259. 72 | 266. 46 | 269.61 |
| Instruments and related products | 4.49 | 4.75 | 4.76 | 4.78 | 175.11 | 190.48 | 189.92 | 192.15 |
| Misceliangous manufacturing | 3.73 | 3.97 | 3.96 | 3.98 | 140.62 | 152.45 | 152.86 | 154.82 |
| NOMOURABLE GOODS | 4.27 | 4.53 | 4. 54 | 4.56 | 160.98 | 178. 48 | 178.42 | 179.21 |
| food and kindred products |  |  |  |  |  | 193.84 | 191.75 | 193.43 |
| Tcisacio manufactures | 4.69 | 4.84 | 4.89 | 5.03 | 176.34 | 186.82 | 186.31: | - 191. 14 |
| Textile mill products | 3.31 | 3.57 | 3. 36 | 3. 57 | 121.81 | 145.66 | 144.54 | -144.50 |
| Amparsi and other textile products | 3. 16 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3. 37 | 106.81 | 119.21 | 120.21 | 121.66 |
| Papar und allied products. | 4.78 | 5.25 | 5.25 | 5.27 | 192. 16 | 223. 13 | 221.55 | 222.39 |
| Printing and publishing | 5.23 | 5.53 | 5.55 | 5. 58 | 192.99 | 205. 72 | 206.46 | 209.25 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 5.19 | 5.66 | 5.68 | 5. 69 | 209.68 | 234.32 | 235.15 | 236. 14 |
| Fetroiet:m and coal products. | 6.27 | 6.96 | 7.03 | 7. 08 | 258.32 | 290.23 | 291.75 | 298.78 |
| Rubbar and plasties products, nac | 4.23 | 4.50 | 4.52 | 4.53 | 1062.86 | 182. 70 | 183.51 | 184. 37 |
| Leather and leather products. | 3. 21 | 3.37 | 3.39 | 3.35 | 112.03 | 128. 40 | 129.50 | 128.98 |
| transportation and puelic utilities | 5.72 | 6.23 | 6.25 | 6.26 | 224.80 | 244.84 | 246. 25 | 245.39 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 3. 68 | 3.89 | 3.89 | 3.89 | 123.28 | 129.93 | 129.93 | 129.93 |
| Wholesale trade. | 4.80 | 5.05 | 5. 06 | 5.07 | 184. 32 | 195.44 | 194.81 | 194. 09 |
| fetail trade | 3.27 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 104.64 | 110.69 | 110.69 | 110.69 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE | 4.09 | 4.26 | 4.32 | 4.31 | 149.29 | 155.49 | 158.11 | 15i\% ${ }^{4} 5$ |
| SERVICES | $\therefore 00$ | 4.26 | 4.29 | 4. 28 | 134. 40 | 142. 71 | 143.72 | 142.95 |

[^3]Table B-4. Hourly earnings index for production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, seasonally adjusted
(1987-100)

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1975 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb.P } \\ & 2976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar: } P \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | Percent change from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } 1975- \\ & \text { Mar. } 1976 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1976- <br> Mar. 1976 |
| TOTAL PRIVATE NONFARM: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 169.1 | 176.7 | 178.2 | 178.6 | 179.6 | 180.6 | 181.2 | 7.2 | 0.3 |
| Constant (9967) Jollars | 107.1 | -107.4 | 107.7 | 107.3 | 107.5 | 107.9 | N.A. | (2) | (3) |
| MINING | 178.5 | 188.9 | 189.4 | 190.2 | 192.2 | 194.4 | 194.7 | 9.1 | . 1 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 173.7 | 177.7 | 179.2 | 180.3 | 180.0 | 180.8 | N. A. | 5.6 | N. A. |
| Mandfacturing | 167.7 | 176.0 | 176.9 | 177.6 | 178.8 | 179.7 | 180.8 | 7.8 | . 6 |
| TRANSPORTATION ANO PUBLIC UTILITIES | 176.8 | 188.8 | 190.7 | 190.5 | 192.2 | 192.7 | 193.5 | 9.4 | . 4 |
| Wholesale and retall trade. | 164.8 | 171.9 | 172.9 | 172.4 | 174.0 | 173.9 | 174.4 | 5.8 | . 3 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 159.8 | 163.8 | 167.1 | 165.1 | 165.9 | 167.6 | 168.1 | 5.2 | . 3 |
| Services. | 172.8 | 179.4 | 182.2 | 182.6 | 184.6 | 185.2 | 184.8 | 6.9 | -. 2 |

1 See footnote 1 , table B-2.
${ }^{2}$ Percent change was 1.2 from February 1975 to February 1976, the latest month available.
${ }_{3}$ Percent change was 0.4 from Jamuary 1976 to February 1976, the latest month available.
N.A. $=$ not available.
$\mathrm{p}=$ preliminary.
NOTE: All series are in current dollars except where indicated. The index excludes effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage-rate developments: Fluctuations in over time premiums in manufacturing the only sector for which overtime data are available) and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payroils, by industry, seasonally adjusted
[1967 = 100 ]

| Industry division and groug | 1975 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1976 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | A pr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb? | Max ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| TOTAL | 105.9 | 106.0 | 106.3 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 107.4 | 107.9 | 108.4 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 110.3 | 110.6 | 110.1 |
| GOODS-PRODUCING | 88.4 | 89.2 | 89.4 | 88.9 | 89.3 | 91.2 | 92.4 | 92.7 | 92.9 | 94.3 | 95.5 | 95.3 | 94.4 |
| MINING | 115.9 | 113.7 | 119.4 | 118.4 | 118.8 | 118.6 | 119.9 | 125.0 | 124.7 | 125.7 | 125.2 | 124.4 | 123.5 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 94.5 | 99.0 | 99.3 | 94.9 | 96.2 | 98.3 | 98.6 | 97. 3 | 97.7 | 98.8 | 100.3 | 98.6 | N. A. |
| MANUFACTURING | 86.4 | 86.6 | 86.6 | 86.8 | 87.1 | 89.0 | 90.3 | 90.8 | 90.9 | 92.5 | 93.7 | 93.7 | 93.8 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 86.6 | 86.5 | 85.4 | 85.2 | 84.9 | 86.7 | 87.7 | 87.8 | 88.1 | 90.0 | 91.3 | 91.6 | 91.8 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 47.7 | 47.7 | 47.5 | 46.9 | +4.7 | 43.7 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 41.1 |
| Lumber and wood products | 81.6 | 82.5 | 84.4 | 85.8 | 86.7 | 88.8 | 90.1 | 92.1 | 90.8 | 93.4 | 97.0 | 96.4 | 95.3 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 83.9 | 85.8 | 87.7 | 87.2 | 88.7 | 92.6 | 97.4 | 97.9 | 99.2 | 101.0 | 101.5 | 103.6 | 102.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 91.2 | 92.6 | 92.6 | 92.4 | 93. 1 | 94.5 | 95.7 | 95. 7 | 96.2 | 97.1 | 97.6 | 97.0 | 95.2 |
| Primary metal industries . | 87.3 | 84.1 | 82.1 | 80.8 | 80.0 | 81.7 | 83.5 | 81.9 | 82.3 | 83.6 | 84.1 | 85,1 | 84.8 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 90.2 | 90.1 | 89.0 | 88.5 | 86.7 | 90.9 | 92.0 | 92.8 | 92.7 | 94.6 | 95.7 | 96.6 | 96.7 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 98.3 | 96.6 | 93.1 | 91.3 | 90.4 | 91.0 | 91.8 | 91.9 | 92.0 | 92.5 | 93.4 | 93.5 | 93.5 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | 84.3 | 83.3 | 81.9 | 81.8 | 81.6 | 84.3 | 84.9 | 85.8 | 85.5 | 87.5 | 89.0 | 89.3 | 90.3 |
| Transportation equipment | 77. |  | 80.2 | 81.4 | 82.0 | 82.9 | 82.2 | 81.5 | 83.1 | 87.3 | 89.0 | 89.0 | 90.7 |
| Instruments and related products | 98.3 | 98.2 | 97.1 | 97.0 | 98.1 | 97.2 | 99.4 | 100.8 | 101.7 | 103.4 | 105.0 | 104.9 | 105.8 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing, Ind. | 85.6 | 86.0 | 86.5 | 87.0 | 87.7 | 89.0 | 91.4 | 91.3 | 90.8 | 91.7 | 94.4 | 93.9 | $94.5$ |
| NONDURABLE GOODS <br> Food and kindred products | 86.0 | 86.7 | 88.2 | 89.1 | 90.2 | 92.4 | 94.1 | 95.1 | 95.0 | 96.2 | 97.1 | 96.9 |  |
| Food and kindred products Tobacco manu factures . . | 92.6 86.7 | 92.4 83.4 | 92.9 80.3 | 93.1 | 93.4 80.8 | 96.1 | 96.9 | 96.5 8.56 | 95.1 | 95.4 | 96.9 | 97.0 | 94.9 |
| Textile mill products | 77.2 | 80.8 | 85.7 | 87.0 | 8.8 .8 88.5 | 8.8 93.0 | 88.1 96.4 | 8.5 .6 98.1 | 93.4 98.0 | 87.4 99.1 | 90.6 99.7 | 88.3 | 82.2 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 76.5 | 78.5 | 79.8 | 82.4 | 84.6 | 85.3 | 96.4 87.8 | 98.0 | 98.1 | 99.1 | 99.7 93.1 | 99.1 | 98.6 92.4 |
| . Paper and allied products | 85. 3 | 84.5 | 85.7 | 86.4 | 87.6 | 89.6 | 91.3 | 92.0 | 92.6 | 94.7 | 95.2 | 95.9 | 95.5 |
| Printing and publishing | 93.9 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 91.2 | 90.9 | 92.4 | 91.9 | 91.8 | 92.4 | 93.5 | 93.4 | 92.4 | 92.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 92.4 | 91.4 | 92.7 | 92.6 | 93.0 | 94.5 | 96.1 | 97.4 | 97.6 | 98.1 | 98.5 | 99.0 | 99.0 |
| Petroleum and coai products . . | 104.0 | 101.4 | 104. 4 | 105.3 | 107.2 | 107.3 | 108.9 | 110.2 | 111.6 | 111.1 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 116.4 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec Leather and leather products. | 100.4 | 102. 1 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 106.9 | 110.6 | 113.0 | 114.7 | 113.5 | 116.2 | 118.8 | 119.3 | 121.0 |
| Leather and leather products | 63.0 | 65.8 | 66.8 | 69.6 | 71.4 | 72.1 | 74.9 | 77.2 | 77.2 | 78, 1 | 79.3 | 78.9 | 81.2 |
| SERVICEPRRODUCING | 118.1 | 117.6 | 118.0 | 117.8 | 118.0 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 119.3 | 119.8 | 119.7 | 120.6 | 121.1 | 120.9 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 102.1 | 102.3 | 100.3 | 100.6 | 100.3 | 100.5 | 101.1 | 101.2 | 101.5 | 101.7 | 101.5 | 102.4 | 101.9 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 113.9 | 113.4 | 113.9 | 113.7 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 5.2 |  |  |  |  |
| wholesale trade. | 111.6 | 111.5 | 111.4 | 110.3 | 110.8 | 111.0 | 111,3 | 112.0 | 111.5 | 112.3 | 113.4 | 113.6 |  |
| betail thade | 114.8 | 114.0 | 114.8 | 115.0 | 115.2 | 115.9 | 115.8 | 116.2 | 116. 6 | 116.6 | 118.1 | 118.5 |  |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE | 123.6 | 122.1 | 122.9 | 123.2 | 122.3 | 122.9 | 123.5 | 123.7 | 125. | 124. | 125. | 125. | 25. |
| SERVICES | 129.6 | 129.3 | 130.3 | 129.9 | 130.4 | 131.4 | 131.1 | 132.0 | 133.1 | 132.3 | 133.3 | 1.33 .8 | 133.7 |

1 See fontnote 1 , trable 8-2.
pmpreliminary.

Table B-6. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment ${ }^{1}$ increased


1 Number of employees, sedsonaliy adjusted, on payrolls of 172 private monagricultural industites.
$p$ = prelimınary .

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT hOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED



UNEMPLOYMENT RATES HOUSEHOLD DRTA - SEASONALLY
adJusted
5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

7. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

6. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

TEENAGERS -.... ROUL R HOMEN
........ ROULT HEN

8. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
-.... $\begin{gathered}\text { PaRt-TIME horkers } \\ \text { fulitilie horkers }\end{gathered}$


# UNEMPLOYMENT <br> HOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

9. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES


## 11. AVERRGE DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT


10. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

## ——ONSTRUCTION




## NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT AND HOURS establishment deta - seasonflly adjusted


15. AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

14. HOURS
—— TOTAL PRIVRTE NONAGRICULTURAL
PRIVATE SERVICE-PRODUCING
GOODS-PRODUCING
GANUFRCTURING
MILLIONS OF HOURE

16. AVERAGE WEEKLY OVERTiME HOURS IN MANUFACTURING


NOTE: Charts 14 and 15 relate to production or nonsupervisory workers; chart 16 relates to production workers. Data for the 2 most recent months aro preliminary in charts 13-16.


[^0]:    1 Seasonal variations are not present in the population figures; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

[^1]:    p=preliminary.

[^2]:    1 Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in contract construction: and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; whole-

[^3]:    - See footnote 2 , table 8-2.
    p=prelimistary.

