## NEWS <br> Y U. S. DEPRRTMENT OF Labor buefin of utore sumsilis

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Joblessness continued to increase ih May, with the Nation's unemployment rate rising to 9.2 percent, while total employment expanded for the second straight month, it was reported today by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U. S. Department of Labor. The unemployment rate, which had been 8.9 percent in April, has climbed steadily since last August and was double the October 1973 pre-recession low.

Total employment ( 2 s measured by the monthly survey of households) rose by 320,000 in May, with nearly all of the increase in the agricultural sector. With unemployment also rising, the labor force increased by 680,000 , following strong advances in both March and April. Over the last 3 months, the labor, force has risen by 1.4 million, accounting for two-thirds of the growth since May a year ago.

Total nonagricultural payroll employment (as measured by the monthly survey of establishments), at 76.4 million in May, has risen very slightly in the last 2 months. This represented a clear departure from the record of large monthly declines that totaled 2.5 million between last October and March.

## Unemployment

Unemployment rose by 360,000 in May to 8.5 million, seasonally adjusted, about the same as the average increase in the previous 2 months. Since August 1974, when the strong upsurge in unemployment began, the jobless count has risen by 3.6 million. Job loss accounted for a large portion of the May unemployment rise; however, both new entrants and reentrants to the labor force registered sizeable increases in joblessness as well. Since last August, the number of job losers has risen by 2.9 million, accounting for four-fifths of the total increase in joblessness. (See tables A-1 and A-5.)

Almost all of the May jobless rise occurred among men 25 years and over and female teenagers, as most of the other age-sex groups showed little or no change. For example, the jobless rate among adult women was unchanged for the second straight month, at 8.6 percent. The adult male increase was also reflected in rising unemployment among all household heads and married men, whose jobless rates climbed to 6.3 percent and

Teble A. Highlights of the employment situation (semsonally adjusted deta)

| Selected catogories | Ouartorly merages |  |  |  |  | Monthly deta |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1974 |  |  |  | 1975 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{array}$ |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I |  |  |  |
|  | (Millions of persons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 90.5 | 90.6 | 91.4 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 92.3 | 92.9 |
| Total employment | 85.8 | 86.0 | 86.4 | 85.7 | 84.1 | 83.8 | 84.1 | 84.4 |
| Adult men | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.3 | 47.3 | 47.0 | 47.1 | 47.3 |
| Adult women | 29.8 | 30.1 | 30.5 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Teenagers | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.1 |
| Unemployment. | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.5 |
|  | (Percent of labor force) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All workers | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.2 |
| Adult men. | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.3 |
| Adult women. | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Teenagers | 15.2 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 17.5 | 20.5 | 20.6 | 20.4 | 21.8 |
| White | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.5 |
| Negro and other races | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.7 |
| Household heads. | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.3 |
| Married men | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| Full-time workers | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.6 c | 8.8 |
| State insured. | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
|  | (Weoks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average duration of unemployment | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 12.9 | 13.4 |
|  | (Millions of persoms) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm payroll employment | 78.0 | 78.3 | 78.7 | 78.3 | 76.8 | 76.4 | 76.4 p | 76.4 p |
| Goods-producing industries | 24.9 | 24.9 | 24.8 | 24.1 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 22.3 p | 22.2p |
| Service-producing industries | 53.1 | 53.5 | 53.9 | 54.2 | 54.0 | 54.0 | 54.1p | 54.2p |
|  | (Hours of work) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weekly hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private nonfarm. | 36.7 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 36.4 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 36.1 p | 36.0p |
| Manufacturing. | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 39.0 p | 39.0p |
| Manufacturing overtime | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 p | 2.3p |
|  | (1967=100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hourly Earnings Index, private nonfarm: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In current dollars ......... | 152.7 | 156.2 | 160.3 | 164.0 | 167.3 | 168.8 | 168.8 P | 169.8p |
| In constant dollars. | 107.8 | 107.4r | 107.0r | 106.4r | 106.4 | 107.0 | 106.3p | N.A. |

5.8 percent, respectively. Among the racial groups, the jobless rate for white workers rose to 8.5 percent in May, while the rate for black workers (Negro and other races) held about steady ai 14.7 percent. (See tables A-2 and A-6.)

Increases in unemployment were concentrated in construction, finance and service, and government. The rise in joblessness was particularly sharp in the construction industry; at an alltime recorded high of 21.8 percent, the unemployment rate in this industry was more than double the rate of a year earlier. (See table A-2.)

The unemployment rate of workers covered by State unemployment insurance programs reached 7.0 percent in May but remained below post-World War II record levels. The number of workers claiming regular State unemployment insurance benefits, at 4.7 million, represented 55 percent of the jobless total, compared with 45 percent a year ago.

The number of long-term unemployed--those jobless for 15 weeks or longer--rose by 240,000 to a level of more than 2.6 million in May; those who were seeking work for 6 months or more exceeded the 1 million mark for the first time since 1958. The average (mean) duration of unemployment continued to move upward, reaching 13.4 weeks in May, the highest level in over 10 years. Since last November, the average duration of unemployment has increased by 3.6 weeks, and the number jobless for 15 weeks or more has risen by 1.5 million. (See table A-4.)

## Total Employment and Civilian Labor Force

Total employment increased for the second month in a row, rising by 320,000 to 84.4 million, seasonally adjusted. (See table A-1.) Since March, employment has expanded by 550,000 , after registering 6 consecutive monthly declines that totaled 2.6 million. Adult males accounted for more than two-thirds of the April-May job gain.

After showing little movement from last October to February, the civilian labor force rose for the third consecutive month, increasing by 680,000 to 92.9 million in May. All of this increase came among adult males and teenagers. (See table A-1.)

The civilian labor force participation rate-the proportion of the civilian population either working or looking for work-surged to a high of $\mathbf{6 1 . 6}$ percent in May, up from 61.2 percent in the previous month. Labor force participation rates were higher for both adult men ( 80.8 percent) and teenagers ( 55.7 percent), whereas the rate for
adult women ( 45.9 percent) was about unchanged.

## Industry Payroll Employment

Total nonagricultural payroll employment has moved up slightly in the last 2 months to 76.4 million, seasonally adjusted. The proportion of industries posting employment gains from April to May, at 54 percent, continued its ascent from the recession low of 17 percent in February. May was the first month since last August in which more than half of the 172 industries in the diffusion index registered employment gains. (See tables B-1 and B-6.)

After posting substantial job cutbacks over the September-March period, the employment declines in manufacturing have abated, as the job total held about steady at 18.1 million in May. Small gains in the nondurable goods sector, principally in textiles and apparel, were countered by declines in several of the durable goods industries, particularly machinery. Since May a year ago, employment in manufacturing has been reduced by more than 2 million jobs, two-thirds of which occurred in the durable goods industries.

Employment in contract construction continued to fall in May, but the $\mathbf{3 5 , 0 0 0}$ decline was accounted for by an increase in strike activity. Construction jobs have decreased by 630,000 over the past year.

An employment increase of 110,000 in the service-producing sector was the largest over-the-month gain for these industries since October; it was paced by increases in retail trade $(35,000)$ and State and local government $(55,000)$. Although service-producing employment has increased by 760,000 since last May, the bulk of the increase occurred during 1974; moreover, job gains in the State and local government sector accounted for almost all of this growth.

## Hours of Work

The average workweek for all production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls was 36.0 hours in May, seasonally adjusted. (See table B-2.) Average weekly hours have held steady at this low level for the last 4 months after declining 0.7 hour between September and February.

The manufacturing workweek, at 39.0 hours, was unchanged from the previous month, following an increase from the recession low of 38.8 hours in February and March.

Factory overtime, however, remained at 2.3 hours for the fifth straight month. Since their April 1973 peaks, the factory workweek and overtime hours are down by 1.9 and 1.8 hours, respectively.

The aggregage man-hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers, at 106.1 $(1967=100)$, rose by 0.4 percent in May. This reversed the rapid downward movement which began in October 1974. Over the past year, total man-hours have declined 6.6 percent. (See table B-5.) Factory man-hours, at 86.3 (1967=100), were unchanged in May after a 0.5-percent rise in April, the only increase over the last 12 months. Since May of last year, the manufacturing worker hours index has fallen 15.6 percent.

## Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose 0.4 percent in May and 7.2 percent from a year ago (seasonally adjusted). Average weekly earnings edged up 0.2 percent over the month. Since May 1974 , weekly earnings have advanced by 5.1 percent.

Before adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings rose 3 cents in May to $\$ 4.47$ and were up 30 cents from a year ago. Average weekly earnings were $\$ 160.47$ in May, an increase of $\$ 1.52$ from April and $\$ 7.85$ from May of last year. (See table B-3.) The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index--earnings adjusted for overtime in manufacturing, seasonality, and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries-was $169.8(1967=100)$ in May, 0.6 percent higher than in April. The index was 8.8 percent above May a year ago. During the 12 month period ended in April, the Hourly Earnings Index in dollars of constant purchasing power declined 0.8 percent. (See table B-4.)

> This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major surveys. Data un labor force. total employment, and unemployment are derived from the sample survey of households conducted and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Statistics on payroll employment, hours, and earnings are collected by State agencies from payroll records of employers and are tabulated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Unless otherwise indicated, data for both series relate to the week of the specified month containing the 12 th day. A description of the two surveys appears in the BLS publication Employment and Earnings.

Tatle A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population


1 Seasonal variations are not present in the population figures; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.
NOTE: Data relate to the noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Total noninstitutional population and total labor force include persons in the Armed Forces.

Table A-2. Major unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

| Salectod entogories | Number of unemployed perrons (In thousmand) |  | Unomployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1975 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | 4,691 | 8,538 | 5.2 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.2 |
| Meles, 20 years and over | 1,708 | 3,734 | 3.4 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.3 |
| Fomales, 20 years and over | 1,612 | 2,837 | 5.1 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 years | 1,371 | 1,967 | 15.6 | 20.8 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 20.4 | 21.8 |
| White, total | 3,754 | 7,041 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.5 |
| Males, 20 yoers and over | 1,397 | 3,125 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.8 |
| Fomales, 20 yours and over | 1,295 | 2,346 | 4.7 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.2 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 yeers | 1,062 | 1,570 | 13.6 | 18.4 | 17.5 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 19.5 |
| Nogro and other races, total | 961 | 1,541 | 9.3 | 13.4 | 13.5 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.7 |
| Males, 20 years and over. | 314 | 621 | 6.1 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 12.0 |
| Females, 20 yours and over | 335 | 527 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 12.2 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 years | 312 | 393 | 33.2 | 41.1 | 36.7 | 41.6 | 40.2 | 39.9 |
| Household heads. | 1,563 | 3,346 | 3.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.3 |
| Married men, spouse present | 891 | 2,349 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| Full-time workers | 3,591 | 7,024 | 4.6 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.6 c | 8.8 |
| Part-time workers | 1,117 | 1,482 | 8.5 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 11.1 |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over ${ }^{1}$ | 877 | 2,643 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| State insured ${ }^{2}$. | 2,097 | 4,675 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| Lebor force time lost ${ }^{3}$ | , | , | 5.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.9 |
| OCCUPATION4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-collar workers . . . . . . | 1,365 | 2,428 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.4 |
| Professional and technical | 273 | 482 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Managers and administrators, except farm | 172 | 324 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Sales workers. | 233 | 347 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Clerical workers | 687 | 1,275 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 7.8 |
| Blue-collar workers ......... | 1,845 | 4,160 | 5.8 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| Craft and kindred workers | 450 | 1,112 | 3.8 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 9.3 |
| Operatives ..... | 964 | 2,148 | 6.4 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 14.9 | 14.4 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 431 | 2,900 | 8.9 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 16.2 | 17.2 | 17.7 |
| Service workers | 799 | 1,090 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8.7 |
| Farm workers | 85 | 116 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| INDUSTRY ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ${ }^{3}$ | 3,423 | 6,765 | 5.2 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.1 |
| Conatruction | 431 | 961 | 9.6 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 18.1 | 19.3 | 21.8 |
| Manufacturing - | 1,026 | 2,608 | 4.7 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 12.2 | 12.3 |
| Durable goods . . . | 569 | 1,611 | 4.4 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 12.8 | 12.7 |
| Nondurable goocs ... | 457 | 1,997 | 5.2 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.6 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 150 | 325 | 3.0 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ... | 1,014 | 1,501 | 6.3 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.9 |
| Finance and service induatries | 778 | 1,352 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 7.2 |
| Government workers. | 495 | -740 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.9 |
| Agricultural woge and salary workers | 104 | 139 | 7.2 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 12.0 | 12.6 | 9.4 |
| VETERAN Status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meles, Vietram-era veterans ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 34 years .. | 278 | 572 | 4.8 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.9 | 9.3 |
| 20 to 24 yours | 128 | 222 | 10.2 | 19.7 | 17.3 | 17.5 | 22.8 | 21.1 |
| 25 to 29 yoars | 117 | 253 | 3.6 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 6.9 |
| 30 to 34 years | 33 | 117 | 2.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| Males, norwoterans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 34 years... | 739 | 1,530 | 5.4 | 8.6 | 9.5 |  | 10.4 |  |
| 20 to 24 years | 469 | 958 | 7.7 | 11.6 | 12.6 | 14.7 | 14.5 | 14.7 |
| 25 to 29 yeers | 178 | 355 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 8.5 |
| 30 to 34 years | 92 | 217 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 5.9 |

1 Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.
2 Insured unemployment under State programs; unemployment rate celculated as a percent of average covered employment.
3 Man-hours lost by the unemployed and persons on pert time for ceonomic ressons as a percent of potentially avaliable labor force man-hours.
s Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, wheress thet by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.
s Includes mining, not shown seperately.
4 Vietnam-era veterans are those who served after August 4, 1894.
c=corrected

Table A-3. Selected employment indicators
[In thousands]

| Seloctod catagories | Not seasonaily odjusted |  | Soasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total employed, 16 years and over | 85,785 | 84,146 | 86,062 | 84,562 | 84,027 | 83,849 | 84,086 | 84,402 |
| Males. | 52,519 | 50,954 | 52,740 | 51,329 | 51,112 | 50,781 | 50,873 | 51,172 |
| Females | 33,267 | 33,192 | 33,322 | 33,233 | 32,915 | 33,068 | 33,213 | 33,230 |
| Household heads | 50,919 | 49,974 | 50,862 | 49,933 | 49,672 | 49,613 | 49,796 | 49,924 |
| Married men, spouse present . | 39,064 | 37,853 | 39,069 | 37,954 | 37,761 | 37,689 | 37,813 | 37,853 |
| Married women, spouse present. | 19,564 | 19,356 | 19,529 | 19,330 | 19,173 | 19,271 | 19,376 | 19,317 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-collar workers | 41,462 | 41,882 | 41,694 | 42,073 | 41,602 | 41,944 | 42,098 | 42,127 |
| Professional and technical | 12,297 | 12,767 | 12,304 | 12,439 | 12,492 | 12,699 | 12,616 | 12,780 |
| Managers and administrators, except farm | 9,136 | 8,882 | 9,117 | 8,929 | 8,648 | 8,757 | 8,725 | 8,864 |
| Soles workers .. | 5,364 | 5,455 | 5,420 | 5,379 | 5,455 | 5,403 | 5,526 | 5,510 |
| Clerical workers | 14,664 | 14,778 | 14,853 | 15,326 | 15,007 | 15,085 | 15,231 | 14,973 |
| Blue-collar workers . . . . . . | 29,933 | 27,642 | 30,074 | 28,134 | 27,859 | 27,420 | 27,724 | 27,772 |
| Craft and kindred workers | 11,530 | 10,849 | 11,545 | 10,920 | 10,923 | 10,674 | 10,857 | 10,860 |
| Operatives ..... | 13,953 | 12,593 | 14,102 | 13,059 | 12,799 | 12,598 | 12,855 | 12,733 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 4,450 | 4,200 | 4,427 | 4,155 | 4,137 | 4,148 | 4,012 | 4,179 |
| Service workers | 11,235 | 11,462 | 11,164 | 11,661 | 11,653 | 11,560 | 11,385 | 11,383 |
| Farm workers | 3,155 | 3,160 | 3,055 | 2,954 | 2,872 | 2,814 | 2,803 | 3,062 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricuiture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers. | 1,360 | 1,300 | 1,338 | 1,310 | 1,196 | 1,194 | 1,156 | 1,344 |
| Self-employed workers... | 1,778 | 1,781 | 1,058 | 1,680 | 1,765 | 1,716 | 1,735 | 1,762 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 466 | 540 | 399 | 376 | 345 | 347 | 358 | 463 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 75,839 | 74,271 | 76,353 | 74,942 | 74,811 | 74,584 | 74,759 | 74,768 |
| Private households . | 1,433 | 1,419 | 1,425 | 1,326 | 1,301 | 1,342 | 1,315 | 1,411 |
| Government. | 14,163 | 14,556 | 14,049 | 14,351 | 14,404 | 14,387 | 14,512 | 14,440 |
| Other | 60,243 | 58,296 | 60,879 | 59,265 | 59,106 | 58,855 | 58,932 | 58,917 |
| Self-employod workers. | 5,823 | 5,714 | 5,675 | 5,561 | 5,375 | 5,519 | 5,648 | 5,569 |
| Unpaid family workers | 519 | 540 | 483 | 549 | 498 | 474 | 469 | 508 |
| PERSONS AT WORK ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural industries . | 78,736 | 76,993 | 77,640 | 76,592 | 75,914 | 75,679 | 76,371 | 76,098 |
| Full-time schedules. | 64,795 | 62,227 | 64,443 | 62,295 | 61,822 | 61,456 | 61,943 | 61,917 |
| Part time for economic reasons | 2,412 | 3,411 | 2,740 | 3,837 | 3,747 | 3,916 | 3,884 | 3,877 |
| Usually work full time | 1,147 | 1,619 | 1,249 | 2,037 | 2,047 | 1,887 | 1,883 | 1,764 |
| Usually work part time | 1,265 | 1,792 | 1,491 | 1,800 | 1,700 | 2,029 | 2,001 | 2,113 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons | 11,529 | 11,355 | 10,457 | 10,460 | 10,345 | 10,307 | 10,544 | 10,304 |

1 Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

Table A-4. Duration of unemployment

| [Numbers in thousands] |
| :--- |
| Weeks of unemployment |

Table A-5. Reasons for unemployment

| Reason | Not seasonally adiusted |  | Seasonally adjustod |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { Apr }} \dot{1} \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{array}$ |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lost last job. | 1,726 | 4,391 | 1,911 | 3,831 | 4,017 | 4,369 | 4,657 | 4,863 |
| Left last job | 566 | 705 | 698 | 760 | 730 | 798 | 806 | 869 |
| Reentered labor force | 1,313 | 1,795 | 1,546 | 1,924 | 1,686 | 1,854 | 1,916 | 2,114 |
| Seeking first job | 538 | 733 | 623 | 858 | 846 | 773 | 765 | 848 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers | 41.7 | 57.6 | 40.0 | 52.0 | 55.2 | 56.1 | 57.2 | 55.9 |
| Job leavers | 13.7 | 9.2 | 14.6 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.9 | 10.0 |
| Reentrants | 31.7 | 23.5 | 32.4 | 26.1 | 23.2 | 23.8 | 23.5 | 24.3 |
| New entrants | 13.0 | 9.6 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 9.8 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers. | 1.9 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 |
| Job leavers. | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 |
| Reentrants. | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| New entrants | . 6 | . 8 | . 7 | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 |

Table A-6. Unemplryment by sex and age

| Sex and age | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  | Searonally adjusted unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousancs of persons |  | Percentlooking forfull-timework | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{J}_{\text {an }} . \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | Feb.$1975$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | 4,144 |  |  |  |  | 8.2 |  | 8.9 | 9.2 |
| 16 to 19 years... | 1,082 | 1,553 | 67.4 | 15.6 | 20.8 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 20.4 | 21.8 |
| 16 to 17 years | 510 | 645 | 47.6 | 17.9 | 22.6 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 21.5 | 22.8 |
| 18 to 19 years | 572 | 908 | 81.6 | 14.1 | 19.6 | 18.2 | 19.5 | 19.7 | 21.2 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,043 | 1,883 | 90.2 | 8.5 | 12.4 | 13.3 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| 25 vears and over | 2,019 | 4,187 | 90.9 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| 25 to 54 years | 1,661 | 3,522 | 93.1 | 3.3 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.9 |
| 55 years and over | 359 | 663 | 79.3 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| Males, 16 years and over | 2,147 | 4,291 | 89.7 | 4.4 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
| 16 to 19 years..... | 559 | 818 | 69.9 | 14.7 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 20.2 | 21.7 | 21.2 |
| 16 to 17 years | 281 | 354 | 52.0 | 17.9 | 22.3 | 22.0 | 20.8 | 22.8 | 22.7 |
| 18 to 19 years | 278 | 465 | 83.4 | 12.2 | 18.2 | 17.9 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 19.9 |
| 20 to 24 years. . | 552 | 1,089 | 92.7 | 8.2 | 12.6 | 13.3 | 14.8 | 15.8 | 15.6 |
| 25 years and over | 1,037 | 2,385 | 95.0 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| 25 to 54 years | 839 | 1,982 | 98.1 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 |
| 55 years and over | 197 | 402 | 79.9 | 2.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| Females, 16 years and over | 1,996 | 3,331 | 81.1 | 6.4 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 10.2 |
| 16 to 19 years ....... | - 523 | 3,735 | 64.6 | 16.8 | 22.1 | 19.9 | 21.0 | 18.7 | 22.4 |
| 16 to 17 vears | 229 | 292 | 42.1 | 17.9 | 23.0 | 21.1 | 24.2 | 19.8 | 22.9 |
| 18 to 19 years | 294 | 444 | 79.5 | 16.4 | 21.1 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 17.8 | 22.6 |
| 20 to 24 years | 492 | 794 | 86.6 | 9.0 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.3 | 13.9 |
| 25 years and over | 982 | 1,802 | 85.3 | 4.2 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| 25 to 54 years | 821 | 1,540 | 86.5 | 4.4 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.0 |
| 55 years and over. | 160 | 461 | 44.5 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.1 |

Table B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Industry | Not seasonaliy adjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Apr}^{\circ} \mathrm{p} \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{May}_{1975} \mathrm{p} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1975}{ }^{\text {Apr }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mayp } \\ & 1975 \text { p } \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 78,545 | 75,755 | 76,161 | 76,654 | 78,357 | 77,227 | 76,708 | 76,368 | 76, 381 | 76,443 |
| GOODS-PRODUCING | 24,790 | 21,914 | 21,997 | 22,142 | 24,885 | 23,207 | 22,595 | 22,338 | 22,273 | 22,230 |
| mining | 669 | 691 | 696 | 706 | 668 | 700 | 702 | 706 | 702 | 705 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 4, 058 | 3,218 | 3,328 | 3,428 | 4, 066 | 3,789 | 3, 596 | 3,486 | 3, 470 | 3,435 |
| MANUFACTURING | 20,063 | 18,005 | 17,973 | 18,008 | 20,151 | 18, 718 | 18,297 | 18, 146 | 18, 101 | 18,090 |
| Production workers | 14,665 | 12,747 | 12,732 | 12,784 | 14,739 | 13,392 | 12,996 | 12,866 | 12,840 | 12,853 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 11,905 | 10,577 | 10,534 | 10,509 | 11,908 | 11,010 | 10,722 | 10,635 | 10,565 | 10,513 |
| Production workers | 8,685 | 7,450 | 7,419 | 7,418 | 8,682 | 7,838 | 7,567 | 7,499 | 7,438 | 7,414 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 176.5 | 181.4 | 179.9 | 179.7 | 179 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 183 |
| Lumber and wood products | 655.6 | 532.9 | 541.4 | 558.1 | 658 | 556 | 544 | 545 | 550 | 560 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 535.5 | 439.4 | 441.4 | 442.8 | 540 | 463 | 449 | 442 | 446 | 447 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 701. 4 | 596.6 | . 601.5 | 614.6 | 699 | 632 | 618 | 609 | 607 | 613 |
| Primary metal industries .... | 1,339.1 | 1,205.6 | 1, 187.6 | 1,174.8 | 1,326 | 1,277 | 1,235 | 1,206 | 1. 181 | 1,163 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,492.1 | 1,302.8 | 1,303.8 | 1,294. 2 | 1,495 | 1, 352 | 1,331 | 1,312 | 1, 310 | 1,297 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 2,185.9 | 2,112.8 | 2,077.8 | 2,027.9 | 2, 184 | 2,165 | 2,129 | 2,102 | 2,070 | 2,026 |
| Electrical equipment . . | 2,037.3 | 1,743.0 | 1,722.4 | 1,720.4 | 2, 050 | 1,835 | 1,771 | 1,754 | 1,735 | 1,731 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,801.4 | 1,577.4 | 1,596.2 | 1,614.3 | 1,791 | 1,626 | 1,556 | 1,587 | 1,593 | 1,605 |
| Instruments and related products | 527.1 | 496.3 | 491.7 | 484.6 | 529 | 514 | 505 | 498 | 494 | 487 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 453.1 | 388.8 | 390.5 | 397.7 | 457 | 408 | 402 | 398 | 397 | 401 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 8, 158 | 7,428 | 7,439 | 7,499 | 8.243 | 7,708 | 7,575 | 7,511 | 7,536 | 7, 577 |
| Production workers | 5,980 | 5,297 | 5,313 | 5,366 | 6.057 | 5,554 | 5,429 | 5,367 | 5,402 | 5,439 |
| Food and kindred products | 1,669.5 | 1,597.7 | 1,593.5 | 1,613.5 | 1,732 | 1,671 | 1,664 | 1,666 | 1,669 | 1,674 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 71.1 | 71.4 | 68.3 | 67.8 | 79 | 79 | 78 | 76 | 74 | 75 |
| Textile mill products | 1, 017.8 | 856.9 | 872.9 | 892.3 | 1, 019 | 881 | 860 | 857 | 875 | 893 |
| Apparel and other textile products. | 1,364.7 | 1,172.3 | 1,183.1 | 1, 196.0 | 1,362 | 1,204 | 1,178 | 1. 165 | 1,182 | 1,194 |
| Paper and allied products | 707.7 | 634.7 | 630.3 | 632.4 | 714 | 666 | 650 | 639 | 634 | 638 |
| Printing and publishing. . | 1,109.4 | 1,082.7 | 1,077.4 | 1,068. 2 | 1,113 | 1,098 | 1,089 | 1, 083 | 1,078 | 1, 071 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 1, 053.6 | 1,010.8 | 1,004.8 | 1, 003.8 | 1, 056 | 1,038 | 1,027 | 1, 014 | 1,007 | 1, 006 |
| Petroleum and coal products ..... | 195.8 | 185.2 | 186.3 | 187.5 | 196 | 190 | 187 | 190 | 189 | 187 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec. . | 678.1 | 567.3 | 572.8 | 578.2 | 682 | 619 | 586 | 570 | 576 | 581 |
| Leather and leather products | 290.4 | 249.4 | 249.9 | 258.9 | 290 | 262 | 256 | 251 | 252 | 258 |
| SERVICE-PRODUCING | 53,755 | 53,841 | 54, 164 | 54, 512 | 53,472 | 54,020 | 54, 113 | 54, 030 | 54, 108 | 54, 213 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC utilities | 4,701 | 4,476 | 4,479 | 4,499 | 4,701 | 4,607 | 4,561 | 4,512 | 4,511 | 4,499 |
| wholesale and retail trade . | 16,964 | 16,509 | 16,688 | 16,821 | 16,994 | 16,863 | 16,832 | 16,799 | 16,818 | 16,850 |
| Wholesale traje | 4,228 | 4,173 | 4,172 | 4,182 | 4, 258 | 4,242 | 4,222 | 4, 211 | 4, 214 | 4, 211 |
| retail trade .... | 12,736 | 12,336 | 12,516 | 12,639 | 12,736 | 12,621 | 12,610 | 12,588 | 12,604 | 12,639 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND real estate | 4,161 | 4,132 | 4, 147 | 4,160 | 4,161 | 4, 173 | 4,164 | 4, 157 | 4,164 | 4, 160 |
| SERVICES | 13,536 | 13, ó58 | 13,772 | 13,898 | 13,429 | 13,747 | 13,771 | 13, 754 | 13,758 | 13,788 |
| GOVERNMENT. | 14,393 | 15,066 | 15,078 | 15,134 | 14,187 | 14,630 | 14,785 | 14,808 | 14,857 | 14,916 |
| FEDERAL. | 2,722 | 2,724 | 2,732 | 2,743 | 2,711 | 2,733 | 2,733 | 2,732 | 2,729 | 2,732 |
| StATE AND LOCAL | 11,671 | 12,342 | 12,346 | 12,391 | 11,476 | 11,897 | 12, 052 | 12,076 | 12, 128 | 12,184 |

$p=$ preliminary.

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Industry | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. }{ }^{2} \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1975 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 p^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May }{ }^{2} \mathrm{p} \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| total private | 36.6 | 35, 7 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 36.7 | 36.2 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 36. 1 | 36.0 |
| mining | 43.3 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 42.3 | 43. 3 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 42. 3 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 36.7 | 34.7 | 36. 4 | 37.1 | 36.7 | 37.1 | 36.6 | 34.9 | 36.8 | 37.1 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 40.3 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 40.3 | 39.2 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 39.0 |
| Overtume hours | 3. 3 | 2. 2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3. 4 | 2. 3 | 2. 3 | 2.3 | 2. 3 | 2.3 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 41.0 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.5 | 40.9 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39. 4 |
| Overtime hours | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 2. 5 | 2. 4 | 2. 3 | 2. 4 | 2.2 |
| Ordnance and accessorles. | 42.2 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 42. 3 | 42.1 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| Lumber and wood products | 40.5 | 37.8 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 40.3 | 37.9 | 38.6 | 37.8 | 38.3 | 38.5 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 39.1 | 36.3 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 39.4 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 37. 3 | 37. 4 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 41.7 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 40.3 | 40.3 |
| Primary metal industries | 41.8 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 41.6 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 39.4. | 38.8 |
| Fabricated metal products | 41.2 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.5 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 42.3 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 42. 3 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.6 |
| Electrical equipment | 39.9 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39. 3 | 39.1 |
| Transportation equipment | 40.8 | 38.9 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 40. 3 | 39.4 |
| Instruments and related products. | 40.2 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 38.8 | 37.8 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.8 | 38.1 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 38.2 | 38.4 |
| NONOURABLE GOODS | 39.3 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 38.3 | 39.4 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 38.4 |
| Overtime hours | 3.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2. 2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2. 2 | 2. 3 |
| Food and kindred products | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39. 3 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 39.9 |  |
| Tobacco manufactures.. | 38. 5 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 36.6 | 38.8 | 37. 3 | 37.6 | 39.1 | 38.5 | 36.9 |
| Textile mill products ........... | 40.1 | 36.8 | 37.6 | 38.7 | 40.3 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 36.8 | 37.8 | 38.9 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 35. 5 | 33.8 | 34.2 | 34. 3 | 35.6 | 34.0 | 33.6 | 33.7 | 34. 3 | 34. 4 |
| Paper and allied products. | 42.1 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 41.1 |
| Printing and publishing | 37.7 | 36.9 | 36.6 | 36.7 | 37.7 | 37. 5 | 37.2 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.7 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 41.8 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 41.8 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.5 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 42.4 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 42.0 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec. | 40.3 | 38.5 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.6 |
| Leather and leather products. | 37.8 | 34.9 | 35. 9 | 36.9 | 37.6 | 35.7 | 35. 3 | 35.1 | 36.4 | 36.7 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 40.5 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.8 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 34.0 | 33. 5 | 33.4 | 33.6 | 34. 3 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 33.7 | 33.9 |
| wholesale trade. | 38.9 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 38.6 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 32.5 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 32.1 | 32.9 | 32.3 | 32.3 | 32.4 | 32.2 | 32.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 37.1 | 36.9 | 36.6 | 36.3 | 36. 4 |
| SERVICES | 33.7 | 33.8 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.0 | 34.2 | 34.1 | 34.0 | 33.9 | 34.0 |

[^0]Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1975 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr: }{ }^{2} \\ & 1975{ }^{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1975 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE. | \$4.17 | \$4.43 | \$4.44 | \$4.47 | \$152.62 | \$158. 15 | \$158.95 | \$160.47 |
| Seasonally adiusted | 4.17 | 4.44 | - 4.45 | 4.47 | 153.04 | 159.40 | 160.65 | 160.92 |
| MINING | 5.14 | 5. 74 | 5.73 | 5. 79 | 222.56 | 237.06 | 234.93 | 244. 92 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 6.60 | 7. 14 | 7. 10 | 7.15 | 242.22 | 247. 76 | 258.44 | 265.27 |
| manufacturing | 4.33 | 4.71 | 4.71 | 4. 73 | 174.50 | 182.28 | 182.75 | 184.47 |
| durable goods | 4.61 | 5.01 | 5.02 | 5.04 | 189.01 | 197.39 | 198.29 | 199.08 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 4.68 | 5.10 | 5.12 | 5.16 | 197. 50 | 211.65 | 210.43 | 212.08 |
| Lumber and wood products | 3.85 | 4.14 | 4.12 | 4. 19 | 155.93 | 156.49 | 157.80 | 162.15 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 3.47 | 3.68 | 3.70 | 3.71 | 135.68 | 133.58 | 136.53 | 137.64 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 4.48 | 4.71 | 4.76 | 4. 80 | 186.82 | 186. 05 | 190.88 | 194.40 |
| Primary metal industries | 5.55 | 6.01 | 6.01 | 6.04 | 231.99 | 240.40 | 238.00 | 235.56 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 4.53 | 4.90 | 4.93 | 4.96 | 186.64 | 194.04 | 195.23 | 196. 91 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 4.85 | 5.22 | 5.24 | 5.27 | 205.16 | 214.02 | 214.32 | 213.96 |
| Electrical equipment | 4.09 | 4.47 | 4.49 | 4.51 | 163.19 | 174.78 | 175.56 | 176.34 |
| Transportation equipment | 5.36 | 5.81 | 5.83 | 5.86 | 218.69 | 226.01 | 230.87 | 232.64 |
| Instruments and related products | 4.12 | 4.48 | 4.47 | 4.49 | 165.62 | 174.72 | 174.78 | 176.01 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 3.47 | 3.73 | 3.75 | 3.76 | 134.64 | 140.99 | 143.25 | 144.38 |
| nondurable goods | 3.91 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.28 | 153.66 | 160.98 | 161.41 | 163.92 |
| Food and kindred products | 4.12 | 4.46 | 4.48 | 4. 50 | 166.04 | 177.06 | 176.06 | 179.10 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 4.27 | 4.71 | 4. 79 | 4.77 | 164.40 | 177.57 | 179.63 | 174.58 |
| Textile mill products | 3.12 | 3.31 | 3.31 | 3.33 | 125.11 | 121.81 | 124.46 | 128.87 |
| Apparel and other textlie products | 2.96 | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 105.08 | 106. 81 | 108.07 | 107. 70 |
| Paper and allied products ...... | 4.40 | 4.77 | 4.79 | 4. 86 | 185.24 | 191.75 | 193.04 | 198.77 |
| Printing and publishing | 4.91 | 5.22 | 5.23 | 5. 30 | 185.11 | 192.62 | 191.42 | 194. 51 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 4. 74 | 5.17 | 5.19 | 5.27 | 198.13 | 208. 87 | 209.68 | 213.44 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 5.47 | 6.30 | 6.36 | 6.39 | 231.93 | 259.56 | 261.40 | 268.38 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec | 3.93 | 4.23 | 4.25 | 4.28 | 158.38 | 162.86 | 166.60 | 169.06 |
| Leather and leather products . . . | 3.01 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 113.78 | 112.03 | 115.24 | 118.45 |
| transportation and public utilities | 5.29 | 5.69 | 5.71 | 5.75 | 214.25 | 224.76 | 226.69 | 228.28 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 3.44 | 3.69 | 3.69 | 3.71 | 116.96 | 123.62 | 123.25 | 124.66 |
| wholesale trade | 4.42 | 4.79 | 4.79 | 4. 82 | 171.94 | 183. 94 | 183.46 | 185.57 |
| REtAIL trade | 3.08 | 3.27 | 3.28 | 3.30 | 100.10 | 104.31 | 104.63 | 105.93 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE | 3.75 | 4.09 | 4.07 | 4.08 | 137. 25 | 149.69 | 147.74 | 148. 10 |
| services | 3.72 | 3.97 | 3.97 | 3.98 | 125.36 | 134.19 | 133.79 | 134.13 |

[^1]Table B-4. Hourly eamings index for production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, seasonally adjusted
[1967=100]

| Industry | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr.p.p } \\ & 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \mathrm{p} \\ 1975 \end{gathered}$ | Porcent change from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 1974- } \\ & \text { May } 1975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } 1975- \\ & \text { May } 1975 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE NONFARM: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 156.1 | 165.1 | 166.0 | 167.2 | 168.8 | 168.8 | 169.8 | 8.8 | 0.6 |
| Constant (1967) dollars | 107.3 | 106.2r | 106.0 r | 106.3 | 107.0 | 106.3 | N.A. | (2) | (3) |
| mining | 160.5 | 172.5 | 174.9 | 177.9 | 178.6 | 178.2 | 180.4 | 12.3 | 1.2 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 160.4 | 170.1 | 170.2 | 168.9 | 173.6 | 173.0 | 174.0 | 8.4 | . 6 |
| MANUFACTURING | 153.5 | 163.5 | 164.6 | 165.9 | 157.6 | 168.0 | 169.0 | 10.1 | . 6 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. | 164.1 | 173.2 | 173.8 | 175.2 | 176.5 | 176.5 | 178.1 | 8.5 | . 9 |
| WhOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE. | 153.3 | 161.0 | 162.6 | 164.0 | 164.6 | 164.6 | 165.8 | 8.2 | . 7 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE . | 145.5 | 155.0 | 155.0 | 157.2 | 159.6 | 158.4 | 159.1 | 9.4 | . 4 |
| SERVICES. | 161.6 | 168.3 | 169.1 | 171.0 | 171.8 | 171.7 | 172.6 | 6.9 | . 6 |

( See footnote 1, table B-2.
2 Percent change was -0.8 from April 1974 to April 1975, the latest month available.
${ }_{3}$ Percent change was -0.6 from March 1975 to April 1975, the latest month available.
N.A. $=$ not available. $\quad r=$ revised.
$\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{preliminary}$.
NOTE: All series are in current dollars except where indicated. The incex excludes effects of two types of chenges that are unrelated to underlying wage-rate developments: Fluctuations in overtime premiums in manufacturing (the only sector for which overtime data are aveilable) and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted
[1987 = 100]

| Industry division and group | 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1975 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr.p | May P |
| TOTAL | 113.6 | 113.5 | 113.3 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.0 | 111.2 | 109.7 | 108.7 | 106.7 | 105.5 | 105.7 | 106.1 |
| GOODS-PRODUCING | 105. | 104.6 | 104.0 | 103.8 | 103.7 | 103.0 | 99.4 | 96.5 | 94.1 | 90.0 | 88. 0 | 88.9 | 89.0 |
| MINING | 110.1 | 110.3 | 110.2 | 109.9 | 112.3 | 114.0 | 95.8 | 100.9 | 113.3 | 113.5 | 112.1 | 110.0 | 113.0 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 119.7 | 117.8 | 115.3 | 115.6 | 115.2 | 116.5 | 114.4 | 113.1 | 111.9 | 103.4 | 94.9 | 99.5 | 99.7 |
| MANUFACTURING | 102.2 | 102.1 | 101.8 | 101.6 | 101.3 | 100.3 | 96.9 | 93.4 | 90.3 | 86.9 | 85.9 | 86.3 | 86.3 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 103.0 | 103.2 | 102.8 | 102.5 | 102.5 | 101.7 | 98.1 | 94.4 | 91.0 | 86.9 | 85.8 | 85.7 | 84.8 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 49.5 | 48.0 | 48, 2 | 47.7 | 49.1 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 49.5 | 49.3 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 48.2 |
| Lumber and wood products | 108.3 | 106.8 | 104.9 | 103.4 | 99.9 | 95.8 | 90.6 | 87.8 | 84. 1 | 83.0 | 81.9 | 83.5 | 86.3 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 115.6 | 115.6 | 114.0 | 112.3 | 111.0 | 107.4 | 100.6 | 96.1 | 89.2 | 86.3 | 85.4 | 88.0 | 88. 7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 112.0 | 110.8 | 110.8 | 110.6 | 108.8 | 107.7 | 105.2 | 101.7 | 98.1 | 93.9 | 91.0 | 92.4 | 93.2 |
| Primary metal industries | 101.2 | 102.2 | 101.6 | 102.6 | 104.6 | 105.0 | 102.3 | 97.7 | 94. 0 | 89.5 | 86.1 | 83.0 | 80.4 |
| Fabricated metal products | 107.4 | 108.0 | 108.3 | 108.1 | 107.8 | 105.8 | 101.9 | 98.4 | 93. 4 | 90.1 | 88. 9 | 88.6 | 87.0 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 107.1 | 108.1 | 106.9 | 109. 2 | 109.9 | 109.7 | 108.5 | 106.0 | 103. 3 | 99.3 | 96.6 | 95.1 | 92.8 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | 105.1 | 105.5 | 105.1 | 100.8 | 102.5 | 101.2 | 96.3 | 92.3 | 89.6 | 84.6 | 83.7 | 83.1 | 82.6 |
| Transportation equipment . . | 90.2 | 90. 0 | 90.8 | 91.1 | 90. 5 | 92.0 | 87.0 | 81.9 | 78.4 | 73.1 | 75.6 | 78.2 | 76.8 |
| Intruments and related products | 114.2 | 116.4 | 114.9 | 115.8 | 114.2 | 113.0 | 111.3 | 108. 9 | 106.8 | 102.1 | 100.0 | 99.5 | 97.8 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing, Ind. | 104.4 | 104.7 | 104.4 | 103.0 | 101.3 | 98.7 | 94.6 | 90.2 | 88.5 | 86.0 | 85.1 | 86.2 | 87.8 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 101.1 | 100.5 | 100.3 | 100.2 | 99.5 | 98.2 | 95. 0 | 92.0 | 89.3 | 86.8 | 86.1 | 87.1 | 88.5 |
| Food and kindred products | 98. 8 | 97.4 | 96.5 | 97.3 | 97. 9 | 97.4 | 95.6 | 94.7 | 93.0 | 92.4 | 93. 4 | 92.9 | 93.6 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 88.6 | 85.1 | 84.4 | 84.5 | 82. 5 | 83.1 | 81.4 | 83.4 | 86. 4 | 85. 8 | 86. 5 | 83.8 | 80.3 |
| Textile mill products | 103.4 | 103.1 | 101.9 | 100.4 | 98. 8 | 93. 7 | 89.5 | 83.9 | 78.7 | 76.9 | 78. 0 | 82.1 | 86.6 |
| Apparel and other textile praducts | 94.0 | 91.1 | 92. 9 | 91.7 | 91.3 | 90.3 | 85.9 | 81.3 | 78.8 | 76.1 | 75.3 | 78.0 | 78.8 |
| Paper and allied preducts | 103.9 | 103.6 | 103.3 | 102.5 | 101.8 | 99.3 | 96.8 | 94.4 | 92.0 | 88.0 | 85.8 | 85.4 | 87.2 |
| Printing and publishing | 99.4 | 99.7 | 99.4 | 100. 2 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 96. 9 | 96. 4 | 96.6 | 94. 5 | 92.9 | 92.1 | 90.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 103.9 | 104.8 | 105.3 | 106.0 | 105. 5 | 105.1 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 97.1 | 95.4 | 93.2 | 91.8 | 92.6 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 107.5 | 108.0 | 107.0 | 105.4 | 106.1 | 108.0 | 107.0 | 106.4 | 100.5 | 97.7 | 101.7 | 99.8 | 99.6 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec | 131.8 | 134.7 | 133.6 | 135.8 | 134.1 | 134.6 | 125.3 | 118.6 | 114.7 | 105.1 | 101.3 | 104.3 | 106.6 |
| Leather and leather products | 80.1 | 80.1 | 78.9 | 78.6 | 76.6 | 75.7 | 74.8 | 71.9 | 68.7 | 65.8 | 64.2 | 66.9 | 69.3 |
| SERVICE-PRODUCING | 119.6 | 119.7 | 119.8 | 120.0 | 120.2 | 119.9 | 119.4 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.2 | 117.7 | 117.3 | 117.9 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 109.8 | 108.7 | 109.7 | 109.3 | 108.4 | 108.9 | 107.5 | 107.1 | 105.9 | 103.9 | 102.6 | 103.1 | 101.9 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 116.7 | 116.5 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 116.8 | 116.3 | 115.4 | 114.2 | 113.8 | 113.4 | 113.3 | 112.8 | 113.8 |
| WHOLESALE TRA | 115.7 | 115.8 | 115.8 | 115.2 | 115.8 | 115.4 | 114.9 | 114.5 | 114.0 | 113.0 | 112.2 | 112.5 | 112.5 |
| RETAIL TRAD | 117.1 | 116.8 | 117.1 | 117.2 | 117.2 | 116.6 | 115.6 | 114.1 | 113.7 | 113.5 | 113.7 | 113.0 | 114.3 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE | 123.5 | 123.8 | 123.2 | 123.7 | 124.3 | 123.8 | 123.0 | 123.7 | 124.2 | 123.2 | 121.8 | 120.8 | 121.1 |
| SERVICES | 126.8 | 128.0 | 127.5 | 128.3 | 129.0 | 128.7 | 129.2 | 129.3 | 130.2 | 129.9 | 129.5 | 129.0 | 129.8 |

${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, tuble B-2.
peproliminery.

Table 8-6. Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on payrolls in $\mathbf{1 7 2}$ private nonagricultural industries ${ }^{\text { }}$


1 Each index represents the percent of industries in ahich employment increast:i over the indieated span.
$\rho-$ - meliminary.

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT
HOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

1. LABOR FORCE AND EMPLOYMENT

2. UNEMPLOYMENT


3. TOTAL EMPLOYMENT

4. UNEMPLOYMENT $\ldots \begin{gathered}\text { MEULT } \\ \text { ROULT } \\ \text { TEENAGERS } \\ \text { MENEN }\end{gathered}$


5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
----- PART-TIME MORKERS


UNEMPLOYMENT
HOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

ESTABLISHMENT OATA - SEASONALLY ROJUSTED

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20210

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, $\$ 300$

FIRST CLASS MAIL
POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

LAB 441


[^0]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in contract construction and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; whole sale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.
    $\mathrm{p}=$ prelıminary.

[^1]:    See footnote 1, table B-2.
    $p=$ prelıminary.

