

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: JUNE 1974

Both employment and unemployment were essentially unchanged in June, it was announced today by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U. S. Department of Labor. The Nation's unemployment rate was 5.2 percent, a level that has held fairly consistently since the beginning of the year.

At 86.2 million, total employment (as measured by the monthly sample survey of households) edged up from May to June and over the last 2 months has risen by 400, 000. This increase followed a 6-month period of virtually no change.

Nonagricultural payroll employment (as measured by the monthly survey of business establishments) was about unchanged in June. In recent months, however, total payroll jobs have rebounded from the depressed levels encountered during last winter's period of energy-related shortages.

Unemployment

Unemployment usually rises sharply between May and June due to the influx of a large number of young persons into the labor market following the close of the school year. The increase this June was about in line with those of recent years, and, after taking this into account through seasonal adjustment, the number of persons unemployed was virtually unchanged at 4.8 million. The overall jobless rate continued at the 5. 2-percent plateau, a position it has occupied with little exception since January following a rise from last October's low of 4.6 percent.

The overall stability in the unemployment situation in June was reflected in the rates for nearly all of the major labor force groups. Jobless rates for household heads (3.1 percent), adult men (3.5 percent), adult women (5.1 percent), and teenagers (15. 6 percent) were the same or nearly the same as in May. The rate for married men, however, which had declined from 2.5 percent in April to 2.2 percent in May, rose to 2. 6 percent in June. Unemployment rates for white and Negro workers, at 4.8 and 8.8 percent respectively, were not statistically different from their May levels. Jobless rates for both full- and part-time workers also were

essentially unchanged from May. The rate for workers covered by State unemployment insurance programs, at 3.4 percent in June, has been virtually the same since February. (See table A-2.)

The unemployment rate for Vietnam-era veterans 20 to 34 years old, at 5.2 percent, was about the same in June as in the previous 5 months and a year ago. The more recently discharged veterans (those 20 to 24 years old) continued to experience greater job market difficulties than their nonveteran counterparts; their jobless rate, Table A. Highlights of the employment situation (seasonally adjusted data)

II 88.5 84.1 47.7 29.2 7.2 4.3 4.9 3.3 4.8	1973 III 89.0 84.8 48.1 29.5 7.2 4.2 4.7	IV 89.9 85.7 48.5 29.7 7.5 4.2	I (Millions 90.5 85.8 48.5 29.7 7.6 4.7	974 II of persons) 90.6 86.0 48.4 30.1 7.4 4.7 f labor force	April 1974 90.3 85.8 48.3 30.1 7.4 4.5	May 1974 90.7 86.0 48.5 30.1 7.4 4.7	June 1974					
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14.7	14.3	14.3	15.3	15.1	13.8	15.8	15.6					
4.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.8					
9.0	9.0	· 8.6	9.4	9.0	8.7	9.5	8.8					
2.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1					
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p= preliminary. N.A.= not available.

Digitized for FRASER http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis SOURCE: Tables A-1, A-3, A-4, B-1, B-2, and B-4.

at 10.1 percent, remained substantially higher than that of young nonveterans (7.5 percent). On the other hand, unemployment rates for older veterans--4.4 percent for those aged 25 to 29 and 2.6 percent for those 30 to 34--continued to approximate those for nonveterans of the same ages.

Unemployment data by industry and occupation showed few changes in June with the exception of increases in the unemployment rates for blue-collar and factory workers--both of which returned approximately to the same levels which have prevailed since February--while there was a decline in the rate for service workers.

Although the overall unemployment situation was virtually unchanged, there was an increase in the number of persons who lost or left their last jobs. These increases were largely offset by a decrease in the number of unemployed reentrants to the labor force. (See table A-5.)

Civilian Labor Force and Employment

The civilian labor force rose by 240, 000 in June to 90. 9 million (seasonally adjusted), following an even larger increase from April to May. These gains were in sharp contrast to the labor force stagnation over the January-April period. Since January, the number of adult women in the labor force has increased by 800, 000, but this increase has been partially offset by declines of about 130, 000 and 300, 000, respectively, among adult men and teenagers. Since June 1973, the civilian labor force has risen by 2.1 million. (See table A-1.)

Total employment, at 86.2 million (seasonally adjusted), was up by 400,000 from April. In keeping with the pattern since the beginning of the year, the 2-month expansion was dominated by adult women, although there was a small increase for adult men as well. Teenage employment, by contrast, was about unchanged between April and June at a level that was about a quarter of a million lower than in January.

The essentially unchanged picture in total employment from May to June masked several underlying movements among the major occupational categories. White-collar and service worker employment rose, but these gains were largely offset by declines among blue-collar and farm workers. (See table A-3.) The blue-collar worker reduction represented a return to the April level following a large gain in May.

Industry Payroll Employment

Nonfarm payroll employment rose about in line with seasonal expectations in June and, after adjustment for seasonality, was essentially unchanged at 77.1 million.

Since November 1973, when a 2-year period of strong growth in payroll employment Digitized for FRASER

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was brought to a temporary halt, payroll jobs have expanded by 430, 000.

Employment in both the goods-producing and service-producing sectors did not change appreciably in June. In the goods sector, seasonally adjusted employment in contract construction declined by 50, 000, partly because of increased strike activity, and manufacturing employment was little changed. Job gains in the service-producing sector were largely confined to the service industry and State and local governments. Federal government employment was off by 45,000 (largely due to end of fiscal-year retirements), erasing the gains posted during the first half of 1974. Hours of Work

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls also rose in accordance with normal May-to-June movements and, after seasonal adjustment, remained unchanged at 36.8 hours. However, total manufacturing hours and overtime hours each declined by 0.2 hour, to 40.1 and 3.3 hours, respectively. Since last June, average weekly hours for production or nonsupervisory workers have decreased 0.3 hour; in manufacturing, the over-the-year declines were even greater--a decrease of 0.5 hour in both the average workweek and overtime hours.

Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose 0.7 percent in June, seasonally adjusted. Since June 1973, hourly earnings have risen by 7.8 percent. Average weekly earnings also increased by 0.7 percent in June and were up 6.9 percent over the past year.

Both before and after adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings rose by 3 cents in June to \$4.17. (See table B-3.) Since June 1973, hourly earnings have increased by 30 cents. Weekly earnings averaged \$154.71 in June, an increase of \$3.19 from May and \$9.97 from June a year ago.

The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index--earnings adjusted for overtime in manufacturing, seasonality, and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries--was 157.7 (1967=100) in June, 1.1 percent higher than in May. The Index was 8.1 percent above June a year ago. All industry divisions recorded gains over the past 12 months, ranging from 6.1 percent in transportation and public utilities to 10.5 percent in mining. During the 12-month period ended in May, the Hourly Earnings Index in dollars of constant purchasing power declined 2.6 percent.

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Quarterly Labor Force Developments

Slow employment growth in the first half of 1974 was accompanied by unusually small labor force increases, a circumstance which helped to stabilize the unemployment rate. Details of these developments plus analyses of data on persons not in the labor force and on minority groups follow.

Trends in Employment, Labor Force, and Unemployment

Total employment, which had grown very rapidly from mid-1971 until late 1973, showed only small increases in the first 2 quarters of 1974. At 86.0 million (seasonally adjusted), the employment level for the second quarter was equivalent to 58.0 percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, about the same percentage as in the previous quarter. This ratio of employment to the population had been rising steadily from the second quarter of 1971 through the end of 1973. (See table A-7.)

A sharp slowdown in labor force growth materialized soon after employment gains began to taper off. In fact, the normal growth of the population was not translated into any expansion of the labor force from the first to the second quarter. Consequently, the labor force participation rate, which had been rising steadily and had reached the highest point in 2 decades in the first quarter, declined slightly to 61.1 percent in the second quarter.

Among the major age-sex groups, participation rates decreased sharply for adult men and teenagers. In contrast, the rate for adult women continued to rise in line with its historical trend, reaching a new high of 45.2 percent. The decline in the labor force participation rate for adult men, although relatively sharp from the first to the second quarter, represented a resumption of the secular downtrend which had been interrupted during 1973. The decline for teenagers, on the other hand, was an apparent pause in a very strong upward movement evident since early 1971.

Given the standstill in both the employment and labor force levels, the number of jobless persons in the second quarter of 1974 remained at the 4.7-million level reached in the previous quarter. The overall jobless rate, at 5.1 percent, was also essentially unchanged from the first quarter, as were the rates for most of the major age-sex groups.

Persons Not in the Labor Force

With the labor force participation rate edging down, the number of nonparticipants in the labor force increased markedly from the first to the second quarter of 1974. However, the data on the status and job attitudes of these persons do not provide any explanation for the diminished growth of the labor force during this period. As shown in table A-8, while there was some increase in the total number of persons expressing some desire to have a job, the number of discouraged workers--those who want work but are not looking for a job specifically because they think they cannot find one--has been virtually the same for the past 3 quarters, averaging about 680,000. It should be noted, however, that while over the long run the number of such workers has moved in tandem with the underlying trend of the unemployment rate, the two series have often diverged over shorter spans.

Negro-White Differences

The Negro labor force declined by 130.000 or 1.3 percent in the second quarter, while the white labor force increased by 260,000 or 0.3 percent. Reflecting these contrasting developments, the civilian labor force participation rate of Negroes declined markedly, from 60.9 to 59.7 percent, whereas that for whites was little changed at 61.3 percent.

There was also a small decline in the number of Negroes employed from the first to the second quarter, while employment of whites increased slightly. However, there was little change in the unemployment levels and rates for both groups. As a result, the ratio of their jobless rates held at close to 2 to 1.

The proportion of nonparticipants in the labor force expressing some desire to be working "now" (although not currently seeking jobs) has also averaged at least twice as large for Negroes as for whites; these ratios were 15 and 7 percent, respectively, in the second quarter of 1974. Within this category, about 140,000 Negroes and 500,000 whites were not looking for jobs specifically because of discouragement over job prospects.

Persons of Spanish Origin

The Spanish-origin civilian labor force averaged 4.0 million (not seasonally adjusted) in the second quarter of 1974, accounting for a little over 4 percent of the Nation's labor force. The labor force participation rate for this group was 61.7 percent, considerably greater than the rate for blacks and exceeding slightly that of whites. (See table B.) An average of 3.6 million persons of Spanish origin were employed during the quarter, 57.0 percent of their civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over.

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Table B. Employment status of the civilian population of Spanish origin and color, by sex and age, second quarter 1974 averages not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status	Total	White	Negro ¹	Spanish origin ²
TOTAL				
Civilian noninstitutional population	148,272	131,109	15,121	6,404
Civilian labor force	90,656	80,385	9,012	3,954
Percent of population	61.1	61.3	59.6	61.7
Employment	86,048	76,713	8,136	3,649
Agriculture	3,645	3,344	270	269
Nonagricultural industries	82,403	73,369	7,866	3,380
Unemployment	4,608	3,672	875	305
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.6	9.7	7.7
Not in labor force	57,616	50,724	6,109	2,450

¹Data relate to Negro workers only, who account for 89 percent of the Negro and other races population.

²Data on persons of Spanish origin are tabulated separately, without regard to race/color, which means that they are also included in the data for white and Negro workers. According to the 1970 Census, approximately 98 percent of their population is white.

Approximately 300, 000 workers of Spanish origin were unemployed during the quarter. The unemployment rate of 7.7 percent for this group was substantially above the 4.6-percent rate for white workers but below the 9.7 percent rate for blacks. The ratio of the Spanish-origin jobless rate to the white rate was 1.7 to 1, which means that, relative to the size of their respective labor forces, there were 17 jobless workers of Spanigh origin for every 10 unemployed whites.

This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major surveys. Data on labor force, total employment, and unemployment are derived from the sample survey of households conducted and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Statistics on payroll employment, hours, and earnings are collected by State agencies from payroll records of employers and are tabulated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Unless otherwise indicated, data for both series relate to the week of the specified month containing the 12th day. A description of the two surveys appears in the BLS publication *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population

(Numbers in thousands)

	Not	seasonally adj	isted	L	<u>_</u>	Seasonall	y adjusted		
Employment status	June 1973	Мау 1974	June 1974	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May 1974	June 1974
TOTAL									
Fotal noninstitutional population ¹	148,147	150,507	150,710	148,147	149,857	150,066	150,283	150,507	150,710
Total labor force	927,729	92,158	94,758	91,133	92,814	92,747	92,556	92,909	93,130
Vivilian noninstitutional population	145,831	148,277	148,499	145,831	147,599	147,816	148,040	148,277	148,49
Civilian labor force		89,929	92,546	88,818	90,556	90,496	90,313	90,679	90,91
Agriculture	85,567 4,053	85,785	87,167	84,518	85,803	85,863	85,775	85,971	86,16
Nonagricultural industries		3,604	3,895 83,272	3,430	3,852	3,699	3,511	3,457	3,29
Unemployed	4,847	4,144	5,380	4,300	81,951 4,753	82,164	82,264	82,514	82,87 4,75
Unemployment rate	5.4	4.6	5.8	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.
Not in labor force	55,417	58,349	55,953	57,013	57,043	57,320	57,727	57,598	57,58
Males, 20 years and over		}							
otal noninstitutional population ¹	62,787	63,804	63,886	62,787	63,536	63,622	63,712	63,804	63,88
Total labor force	51,833	51,931	52,491	51,350	52,139	51,912	51,880	_52,031	52,03
Vivilian noninstitutional population ¹		62,000	62,097	60,897	61,709	61,801	-61,897	62,000	62,09
Civilian labor force	49,943 48,392	50,127	50,702	49,460	50,312	50,091	50,065	50,227	50,24
Agriculture	2,694	48,539	48,994 2,609	47,859	48,529 2,708	48,379	48,272	48,508	48,48
Nonagricultural industries		45,968	46,385	45,361	45,821	45,733	45,779	46,014	46,06
Unemployed	1,551	1,588	1,707	1,601	1,783	1,712	1,793	1,719	1,76
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.
Not in labor force	10,954	11,873	11,395	11,437	11,397	11,710	11,832	11,773	11,85
Females, 20 years and over					}				
ivilian noninstitutional population ¹	69,190	70,247	70,346	69,190	69,937	70,035	70,139	70,247	70,34
Civilian labor force	30,374	31,622	31,429	30,850	31,329	31,498	31,612	31,651	31,94
Employed	28,871	30,149	29,809	29,338	29,722	29,916	30,057	30,051	30,31
Agriculture		575	621	545	641	613	539	507	46
Unemployed		29,574	29,188	28,793	29,081	29,303	29,518	29,544	29,84
Unemployment rate	4.9	1,474	1,620	4.9	1,607	1,582	1,555	1,600 5.1	1,63
Not in labor force		38,625	38,917	38,340	38,608	38,537	38,527	38,596	38,40
Both sexes, 16-19 years	}		1		1				
ivilian noninstitutional population ²		16,030	16,056	15,744	15,952	15,981	16,004	16,030	16,05
Civilian labor force	10,097	8,180	10,416	8,508	8,915	8,907	8,636	8,801	8,73
Employed	8,303	7,098	8,364	7,321	7,552	7,568	7,446	7,412	7,36
Agriculture	638	459	665	387	503	440	479	456	40
Nonagricultural industries	7,665	6,639	7,698	6,934	7,049	7,128	6,967	6,956	6,96
Unemployed	17.8	1,082	2,053	1,187	1,363	1,339	1,190	1,389	1,36
Not in labor force	5,648	7,850	5,640	7,236	15.3 7,037	15.0 7,074	13.8 7,368	15.8	15. 7,32
WHITE	•								
ivilian noninstitutional population	129,177	131,114	131,293	129,177	130,555	130,739	130,922	131,114	131,29
Civilian labor force		79,797	81,943	78,846	80,122	80,163	80,100	80,488	80,56
Employed	76,408	76,488	77,700	75,440	76,354	76,498	76,464	76,694	76,73
Unemployed	3,755	3,309	4,243	3,406	3,768	3,665	3,636	3,794	3,82
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.1	5.2 49,350	4.3 50,331	4.7	4.6 50,576	4.5	4.7 50,626c	4. 50,72
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						50,510	50,012	50,0202	
ivilian noninstitutional population ¹	16,654	17,164	17,206	16,654	17,044	17,077	17,118	17,164	17,20
Civilian labor force	10,251	10,132	10,604	9,942	10,340	10,289	10,168	10,292	10,28
Employed	9,159	9,297	9,467	9,070	9,390	9,323	9,285	9,315	9,37
Unemployed	1,092	834	1,137	872	950	966	883	977	91
Unemployment rate		8.2	10.7	8.8	9.2	9.4	8.7	9.5	8.
Not in labor force	6,403	7,032	6,602	6,712	6,704	6,788	6,950	6,872	6,92

¹ Seasonal variations are not present in the population figures; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Data relate to the noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Total noninstitutional population and total labor force include persons in the Armed Forces.

c = corrected

Table A-2. Major unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

	Num unemploy:	ber of.		·	Unemplo	yment rates		
Selected categories		usands)						•
	June 1973	June 1974	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	Apri1 1974	May 1974	June 1974
otal, 16 years and over	4,300	4,754	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.2
Males, 20 years and over	1,601	1,762	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.5
Females, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16-19 years	1,512 1,187	1,630 1,362	4.9 14.0	5.1 15.3	5.0 15.0	4.9	5.1 15.8	5.1 15.6
White, total	- 101			1				4.8
Males, 20 years and over	3,406 1,308	3,827	4.3	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.7	3.2
Females, 20 years and over	1,182	1,328	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8
Both sexes, 16-19 years	916	1,077	12.1	13.3	12.8	11.9	14.0	13.9
Negro and other races, total	872	910	8.8	9.2	9.4	8.7	9.5	8.8
Males, 20 years and over	289	335	5.7	6.6	6.8	6.5	6.3	6.5
Females, 20 years and over	312	288	7.9	7.9	7.0	6.8	8.0	6.9
Both sexes, 16-19 years	271	287	29.0	29.2	33.8	30.3	33.5	30.3
Household heads	1,486	1,632	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1
Married men, spouse present	897	1,044	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.6
Full-time workers	3,249	3,606	4.3	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7
Part-time workers	1,120	1,194	8.9	8.4	8.1	7.3	8.8	8.9
Unemployed 15 weeks and over ¹	789	939	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.0
State insured ²	1,627r	2,157	2.8r	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4
Labor force time lost ³			5.2	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6
OCCUPATION ⁴								
White-collar workers	1,203	1,367	2.9	3.2	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.1
Professional and technical	253	246	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.9
Managers and administrators, except farm	125	167	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.8
Sales workers	199	258	3.5	4.2	3.8	3.3	4.2	4.6
Clerical workers	626	696	4.2	4.5	4.0	3.9	4.6	4.4
Blue-collar workers	1,676	1,969	5.3	6.1	6.1	6.4	5.7c	6.2
Craft and kindred workers	429	499	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.7	4.2
Operatives	844	1,013	5.7	6.8	7.2	7.1	6.3	6.8
Nonfarm laborers	403	457	8.6	9.3	9.0	10.4	8.8	9.6
Service workers	608 86	702	5.1	6.1 2.1	6.1 2.8	5.8	6.7	5.8
	00							
_				1				
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ⁸	3,037 384	3,536	4.7	5.4	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.4
Construction	937	1,131	4.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.7	5.2
Manufacturing	470	623	3.7	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.8
Nondurable goods	467	508	5.3	5.7	5.5	5.1	5.0	5.7
Transportation and public utilities	160	152	3.5	3.1	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.2
Wholesale and retail trade	821	998	5.2	6.0	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.1
Finance and service industries	722	778	4.1	4.9	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3
Government workers	379 93	415	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.4	2.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	73	100	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.2		
VETERAN STATUS								
Males, Vietnam-era veterans ⁶ :			= -					
20 to 34 years	291	304	5.4	5.0	5.1	5.1 9.2	4.8	5.2
20 to 24 years	158 109	145	3.8	10.0	4.3	4.5	10.3	10.1
25 to 29 years	24	34	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.0
Males, nonveterans:	•	1.						-
20 to 34 years	613	726	4.8	5.4	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.4
20 to 24 years	370	446	6.7	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.9	7.
25 to 29 years	167	177	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.9	4.8	4.1

¹ Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.

² Insured unemployment under State programs; unemployment rate calculated as a percent of average covered employment.

Insured unemployment under State programs, unemployment rate calculated as a percent of average overred employment.
Man-hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force man-hours.
Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, whereas that by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.
Includes mining, not shown separately.
Vietnam-era veterans are those who served after August 4, 1964.

c = corrected

r = revised

Table A-3. Selected employment indicators

[In thousands]

	Not sessors	ally adjusted			Seasonal	ly adjusted		
Selected categories	June 1973	June 1974	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May 1974	June 1974
Total employed, 16 years and over Males Females Household heads Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present	85,567 53,150 32,417 49,934 39,082 18,730	87,167 53,789 33,378 51,097 39,128 19,249	84,518 51,848 32,670 49,820 38,872 19,144	85,803 52,716 33,087 50,825 39,268 19,224	85,863 52,556 33,307 50,706 39,025 19,349	85,775 52,370 33,405 50,738 38,975 19,497	85,971 52,628 33,343 50,817 39,064 19,505	86,165 52,499 33,666 50,995 38,933 19,682
OCCUPATION				Į –	1			ł
White-collar workers Professional and technical Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical workers Blue-collar workers Craft and kindred workers Operatives Nonfarm laborers Service workers Farm workers	39,692 11,242 8,448 5,538 14,465 30,963 11,819 14,293 4,850 11,344 3,568	41,571 11,983 9,080 5,396 15,112 30,738 11,699 14,176 4,861 11,425 3,433	40,205 11,716 8,536 5,515 14,438 29,876 11,492 14,091 4,293 11,388 3,018	41,375 12,350 9,031 5,408 14,586 29,760 11,337 13,990 4,433 11,177 3,380	41,743 12,260 8,938 5,462 15,083 29,773 11,603 13,711 4,459 11,136 3,204	41,601 12,274 9,009 5,443 14,875 29,722 11,534 13,973 4,215 11,212 3,128	41,615 12,248 9,145 5,440 14,782 30,192 11,623 14,137 4,432 11,129 3,028	42,111 12,482 9,172 5,375 15,082 29,664 11,380 13,982 4,302 11,466 2,899
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture: Wage and salary workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers Nonagricultural industries: Wage and salary workers Private households Government Other Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers PERSONS AT WORK ¹	1,520 1,910 623 75,339 1,537 13,175 60,627 5,517 658	1,528 1,832 535 76,953 1,418 13,721 61,814 5,811 507	1,229 1,774 450 74,969 1,527 13,605 59,837 5,516 637	1,469 1,919 429 76,031 1,505 13,844 60,682 5,458 461	1,440 1,828 408 76,231 1,403 14,028 60,800 5,362 520	1,299 1,767 456 76,054 1,434 14,036 60,584 5,636 498	1,320 1,740 398 76,132 1,424 14,065 60,643 5,703 495	1,235 1,701 387 76,618 1,408 14,175 61,035 5,811 491
Nonagricultural industries Full-time schedules Part time for economic reasons Usually work full time	75,486 63,920 2,967 1,195 1,772 8,599	76,997 64,928 2,959 1,314 1,645 9,110	76,248 63,692 2,473 1,099 1,374 10,083	77,164 63,911 2,754 1,381 1,373 10,499	76,993 63,984 2,540 1,249 1,291 10,469	75,696 63,378 2,390 1,078 1,312 9,928	77,679 64,537 2,746 1,260 1,486 10,396	77,833 64,669 2,484 1,209 1,275 10,680

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

Table A-4. Duration of unemployment

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not seasons	lly adjusted			Seasonali	y adjusted		
Weeks of unemployment	June 1973	June 1974	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May 1974	June 1974
]		-	,
Less than 5 weeks	3,053	3,226	2,244	2,427	2,464	2,269	2,520	2,370
5 to 14 weeks	1,019	1,231	1,210	1,426	1,388	1,467	1,358	1,462
15 weeks and over,	775	922	789	830	815	857	877	939
15 to 26 weeks	439	543	463	505	503	528	525	571
27 weeks and over	336	379	326	325	312	329_	352	368
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	8.6	8.7	9.7	9.6	9.4	9.8	9.5	9.8
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	63.0	60.0	52.9	51.8	52.8	49.4	53.0	49.7
5 to 14 weeks	21.0	22.9	28.5	30.5	29.7	31.9	28.6	30.6
15 weeks and over	16.0	17.1	18.6	17.7	17.5	18.7	18.4	19.7
15 to 26 weeks	9.1	10.1	10.9	10.8	10.8	11.5	11.0	12.0
27 weeks and over	6.9	7.1	7.7	6.9	6.7	7.2	7.4	7.7

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HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-5. Reasons for unemployment

[Numbers in thousands]

_	Not season	ally adjusted			Seasonat	y adjusted		
Resson	June	June	June	Feb.	March	April	May	June
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1974	1974	1974	1974
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Lost last job.	1,514	1,762	1,716	2,052	2,022	2,007	1,888	1,998
Left last job	650	717	670	750	739	720	676	738
Reentered labor force	1,540	1,777	1,218	1,240	1,186	1,263	1,599	1,406
Seeking first job	1,143	1,124	636	630	632	549	643	625
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	31.2	32.8	40.8	43.9	44.2	44.2	39.3	41.9
Job leavers	13.4	13.3	15.7	16.1	16.1	15.9	14.1	15.5
Reentrants	31.8	33.0	28.7	26.5 '	25.9	27.8	33.3	29.5
New entrants	23.6	20.9	14.8	13.5	13.8	12.1	13.4	13.1
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE								
Job losers .	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2
Job leavers .	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8
Reentrants .	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.5
New entrants .	1.3	1.2	.7	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7

Table A-6. Unemployment by sex and age

	Not	seasonally adju	isted		Seas	onally adjusted	unemploymen	t rates	
	Thousand	of persons	Percent looking for						
Sex and age			full-time work						
	June 1973	June 1974	June 1974	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May 1974	June 1974
otal, 16 years and over	4.847	5,380	81.6	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.2
16 to 19 years	1.793	2,053	73.4	14.0	15.3	15.0	13.8	15.8	15.6
16 to 17 years	1,045	1,126	62.5	17.5	17.9	18.4	15.7	18.1	18.4
18 to 19 years	749	926	86.6	10.7	12.9	12.7	12.5	14.3	12.9
20 to 24 years	1,134	1,250	89.0	7.8	8.6	8.1	8.1	8.6	8.3
25 years and over	1,920	2,077	85.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3
25 to 54 years	1,576	1,714	87.9	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.5
55 years and over	344	363	73.8	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7
Males, 16 years and over	2,443	2,756	85.1	4.1	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.6
16 to 19 years	892	1,049	75.7	13.6	14.6	14.4	14.0	14.6	15.0
16 to 17 years	538	607	66.7	17.2	18.0	17.6	16.3	18.0	18.9
18 to 19 years	354	441	88.0	10.0	11.6	12.1	12.4	12.2	12.1
20 to 24 years	592	653	89.3	7.5	8.3	7.9	7.8	8.3	8.1
25 years and over	959	1,054	91.9	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.7
25 to 54 years	743	855	95.4	2.5	2.7	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.1
55 years and over	215	199	76.9	2.7	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.
Females, 16 years and over	2,404	2,623	78.0	6.0	6.4	6.2	5.9	6.4	6.
16 to 19 years	901	1,004	70.9	14.3	16.2	15.8	13.5	17.2	15.
16 to 17 years	507	519	57.6	17.9	17.8	19.3	14.9	18.3	17.
18 to 19 years	394	485	85.4	11.4	14.4	13.4	12.6	16.7	13.
20 to 24 years	542	597	88.6	8.1	9.0	8.4	8.4	9.0	8.
25 years and over	961	1,023	78.7	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.
25 to 54 years	832	859	80.3	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.0
55 years and over	129	164	70.1	. 2.4	2.9	3.4	3.0	3.2	3.

Table A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, seasonally adjusted quarterly averages

Characteristic		1972	·	L	19	973		1974		
	11	111	IV	I	11	111	IV	I	11	
TOTAL]						
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	143,006	143,674	144,281	144,943	145,606	146,266	146,931	147,604	148,272	
Civilian labor force	86,295	86,858	87,149	87,625	88,451	88,968	89,896	90,532	90,637	
As percent of population	60.3	60.5	60.4	60.5	60.7	60.8	61.2	61.3	61.1	
Employment	81,393	82,040	82,555	83,210	84,107	84,755	85,656	85,826	85,970	
As percent of population	56.9	57.1	57-2	57.4	57.8	57.9	58.3	58.1	58.0	
Unemployment	4,902	4,818	4,594	4,415	4,344	4,213	4,240	4,706	4,667	
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	5.2	5.1	
Not in labor force	56,711	56,816	57,132	57,318	57,155	57,298	57,035	57,072	57,635	
Males, 20 years and over		-								
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	59,662	59,953	60,213	60,518	60,797	61,078	61,380	61,713	61,998	
Civilian labor force	48,700	48,959	49,091	49,210	49,371	49,594	49,977	50,258	50,179	
As percent of population	81.6	81.7	81.5	81.3	81.2	81.2	81.4	81.4	80.9	
Employment	46,704	47,076	47,315	47,535	47,727	48,072	48,472	48,523	48,421	
As percent of population	78.3	78.5	78.6	78.5	78.5	78.7	79.0	78.6	78.1	
Unemployment	1,996	1,883	1,776	1,675	1,644	1,522	1,505	1,735	1,758	
Unemployment rate	4.1	3,8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.5	3.5	
Not in labor force	10,962	10,994	11,122	11,308	11,426	11,484	11,403	11,455	11,819	
Females, 20 years and over					-					
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	67,932	68,232	68,529	68,815	69,095	69.392	69,738	69,937	70,244	
Civilian labor force	29,637	29,882	29,882	30,133	30.629	30,984	31,132	31,320	31,736	
As percent of population	43.6	43.8	43.6	43.8	44.3	44.7	44.6	44.8	45.2	
Employment	27,987	28,237	28.329	28.614	29,173	29,494	29.654	29,719	30,141	
As percent of population	41.2	41.4	41.3	41.6	42.2	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.9	
Unemployment	1,650	1,645	1,553	1,519	1,456	1,490	1,478	1,601	1,595	
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.0	
Not in labor force	38,295	38,350	38,647	38,682	38,466	38,408	38,606	38,617	38,508	
Both sexes, 16-19 years										
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,412	15,489	15,539	15,609	15,715	15,796	15,857	15,954	16,030	
Civilian labor force	7,958	8,017	8,176	8,282	8,451	8,390	8,787	8,954	8,722	
As percent of population	51.6	51.8	52.6	53.1	53.8	53.1	55.4	56.1	54.4	
Employment	6,702	6,727	6,911	7,061	7,207	7,189	7,530	7,584	7,409	
As percent of population	43.5	43.4	44.5	45.2	45.9	45.5	47.5	47.5	46.2	
Unemployment	1,256	1,290	1,265	1,221	1,244	1,201	1,257	1,370	1,314	
Unemployment rate	15.8	16.1	15.5	14.7	14.7	14.3	14.3	15.3	15.1	
Not in labor force	7,454	7,472	7,363	7,327	7,264	7,406	7,070	7,000	7,308	
WHITE										
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	127,091	127,650	128,159	128,621	128,986	129,538	130,064	130,562	131,109	
Civilian labor force	76,759	77,276	77,459	77,792	78,510	78,856	79,648	80,125	80,384	
As percent of population	60.4	60.5	60.4	60.5	60.9	60.9	61.2	61.4	61.3	
Employment	72,772	73,399	73,810	74,270	75,062	75,559	76,287	76,393	76,632	
As percent of population	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.7	58.2	58.3	58.7	58.5	58.4	
Unemployment	3,987	3,877	3,649	3,522	3,448	3,297	3,361	3,731	3,752	
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	4,7	
Not in labor force	50,332	50,374	50,700	50,829	50,476	50,682	50,416	50,437	50,725	
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								-		
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,915	16,025	16,122	16,321	16,620	16,728	16,866	17,042	17,163	
Civilian labor force	9,545	9,587	9,690	9,820	9,946	10,105	10,232	10,376	10,248	
As percent of population	60.0	59.8	60.1	60.2	59.8	60.4	60.7	60.9	59.7	
Employment	8,624	8,646	8,733	8,940	9,047	9,191	9,348	9,409	9,323	
As percent of population	54.2	54.0	54.2	54.8	54.4	54.9	55.4	55.2	. 54.3	
Unemployment	921	941	957	880	899	914	884	967	923	
Unemployment rate	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.6	9.3	.9.0	
Not in labor force	6,370	6,438	6,432	6,501	6,674	6,623	6,634	6,666	6,915	

¹ Because seasonality, by definition, does not exist in population figures, these figures are not seasonally adjusted.

Table A-8. Persons not in labor force, by whether they want jobs, current activity, and reasons for not seeking work, seasonally adjusted quarterly averages

		1972			19	73		19	74
Characteristic	11	111	IV	I	11	111	īv	ĭ	11
TOTAL									
Fotal not in labor force	56,711	56,817	57,132	57,317	57,155	57,298	57,034	57,073	57,635
Do not want job now	52,132	69 479	52 7/1	62 102	60.100	ca			
Do not want job now Current activity: Going to school	6,166	52,473 6,454	52,761 6,269	53,183 6,333	52,183 5,760	52,733 6,221	53,170 6,047	53,253 5,911	53,254 5,673
lii, disabled	4,225	4,307	4,483	4,258	4,520	4,807	4,698	4,722	4,722
Keeping house	32,388	32,416	32,406	32,601	31,862	31,837	32,322	32,381	31,965
Retired	6,679	6,733	6,792	7,050	7,282	7,221	7,100	7,164	7,417
Other	2,674	2,563	2,8]1	2,941	2,759	2,647	3,003	3,075	3,475
Want a job now	4,361	4,301	4,664	4,355	4,752	4,314	4,335	4,334	4,488
Reason not looking: School attendance	1,102	1,118	1,254	1,284	1,266	1,111	1,131	1,175	1,178
III health, disability	604	637	723	540	640	609	692	652	575
Home responsibilities	1,054	1,114	1,111	976	1,109	1,117	956	1,024	1,100
Think cannot get job	806 540	716	729	630	787	633	687	682	676
Personal factors	266	216	504 225	444	587 200	447 186	493 194	457	474
Other reasons	795	716	847	925	950	844	869	225 801	203 959
MALÉS									
otal not in labor force	14,216c	14,211c	14,286c	14,455c	14,589c	14,670c	14,421c	14,434c	14,967
Do not want job now	12,794	12,878	12,954	13,151	12,990	13,285	13,211	13,445	13,521
Want a job now	1,328	1,286	1,395	1,381	1,499	1,330	1,388	1,227	1,350
Reason not looking: School attendance	577	595	630	698	649	609	608	599	591
Ill health, disability	274	266	286	234	333	279	261	248	258
Think cannot get job	253 224	198 227	242 237	216 233	261 256	200. 242	234 285	166 214	263 238
FEMALES							105		250
otal not in labor force	42,495c	42,605c	42,846c	42,862c	42,566c	42,629c	42,613c	42,640c	42,668
Do not want job now	39,338	39,595	39,807	40,032	39,193	39,448	39,959	39,808	39,731
Want a job now	2,987	3,034	3,279	2,977	3,204	3.013	2,970	3,111	3,100
Reason not looking: School attendance	525	523	624	586	617	502	523	576	587
fill health, disability	330	371	437	306	307	330	431	404	317
Home responsibilities	1,016	1,092	1,090	959	1,073	1,100	934	999	1,062
Think cannot get job	553	518	487	414	526	433	453	516	413
Other reasons	563	530	641	712	681	648	629	616	721
WHITE									
otal not in labor force	50,332 c	50,374c	50,700c	50,829c	50,476c	50,682 c	50,416c	50,437c	50,725
Do not went job now	46,903	47,001	47,250	47,367	46,696	47,512	47,196	47,077	47,219
Want a job now	3,379	3,382	3,592	3,484	3,675	3,209	3,328	3,431	3,462
Reason not looking: School attendance	885	910	961	976	981	825	879	925	900
III health, disability	406	455	543	414	501	421	454	487	412
Home responsibilities	815	817	841	797	896	836	739	818	873
Think cannot get job	586	562	542	488	496	469	551	529	50 5
Other reasons	687	638	705	809	801	658	705	672	772
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES									
otal not in labor force	6,370c	6,438c	6,432c	6,501c	6,674c	6,623c	6,634c	6,666c	6,915
Do not want job now	5,337	5,475	5,356	5,656	5,568	5,515	5,642	5,843	5,854
Want a job now	969	956	1,134	852	1,056	1,096	1,033	875	1,025
Reason not looking: School attendance	228	211 183	294 193	272	317	267 190	257 246	217	297
lil health, disability Home responsibilities	189 257	289	281	175	237	272	246	162 196	156
Think cannot get job	170	167	199	152	234	174	144	190	142

⁴ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of home responsibilities.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals due to independent seasonal adjustment.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

[In thousands]

		Not seasona	ally adjusted				Seasonall	y adjusted		
Industry	June 1973	Apr. 1974	May 1974 ^p	June 1974 ^P	June 1973	Feb. 1974	Mar. 1974	Apr. 1974	May 1974P	June 1974 ^p
TOTAL	76, 308	76, 706	77, 248	77,904	75, 526	76, 813	76, 804	76,941	77, 155	77,107
GOODS-PRODUCING	24,481	23, 957	24, 148	24,535	24, 139	24, 317	24,231	24,239	Z4, 265	24, 194
MINING	64Z	653	664	679	629	656	655	659	664	665
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,837	3, 527	3,657	3, 792	3,654	3, 757	3,725	3,659	3, 661	3,611
MANUFACTURING	20,002 14,739	19, 777 14, 454	19,827 14,490	20,064 14,687	19, 856 14, 614	19, 904 14, 563	19,851 14,516	19,921 14,582	19, 940 14, 592	19,918 14,562
DURABLE GOODS	11,755 8,665	11,696 8,547	11,718 8,557	11,851 8,667	11,654 8,573	11,683 8,524	11,644 8,489	11,733 8,578	11, 744 8, 576	11,749 8,574
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures		190.3 640.3 518.1	188.1 643.7 517.2	189.3 657.9 525.0	192 628 527	191 647 523	193 648 522	193 654 523	189 648 523	189 638 524
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical	1,468.5 2,054.1	1,446.8 2,146.9	701.5 1,333.1 1,448.9 2,141.7	708.9 1,351.1 1,459.6 2,164.2	693 1,308 1,457 2,040	702 1,331 1,454 2,123	703 1,316 1,449 2,134	697 1,320 1,456 2,136	702 1,321 1,456 2,140	694 1,327 1,448 2,149
Electrical equipment			2,018.4 1,764.8 521.4 439.4	2,044.3 1,779.2 527.9 444.6	2,008 1,871 494 436	2,043 1,706 521 442	2,033 1,681 521 444	2,031 1,756 523 444	2,033 1,765 523 444	2,044 1,769 527 440
NONDURABLE GOODS	8,247 6,074	8, 081 5, 907	8,109 5,933	8,213 6,020	8, 202 6, 041	8, 221 6, 039	8,207 6,027	8,188 6,004	8, 196 6, 016	8,169 5,988
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	1,725.4 68.5 1,035.8	69.4	1,683.9 68.0 1,011.2	1,733.4 67.5 1,022.9	1,729 76 1,024	1,755 76 1,025	1,764 77 1,019	1,750 77 1,016	1,747 76 1,013	1,737 75 1,011
Apparel and other textile products . Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	727.2	724.6	1,296.7 723.1 1,105.0	1,292.4 733.7 1,110.8	1,351 719 1,100	1,309 729 1,109	1,294 730 1,105	1,296 728 1,105	1,297 731 1,108	1,280 725 1,111
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastics products, nec Lasther and leather products	1,038.1 189.8 691.6 305.5	1,045.9 188.6 680.3 292.3	1,050.9 191.6 684.1 294.1	1,064.2 195.1 694.0 298.9	1,030 186 687 300	1,045 192 690 291	1,048 190 686 294	1,046 191 684 295	1,053 191 686 294	1,056 191 690 293
SERVICE-PRODUCING	51,827	52, 749	53,100	53,369	51, 387	52,496	52, 573	52,702	52, 890	52,913
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,661	4, 635	4,661	4,714	4, 597	4,691	4,676	4,668	4,661	4,649
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	16,335	16,429	16, 546	16,672	16, 262	16,472	16,487	16,549	16,605	16, 597
WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE	4,096 12,239	4, 156 12, 273	4,180 12,366	4,238 12,434	4,072 12,190	4, 192 12, 280	4,190 12,297	4,202 12,347	4, 214 12, 391	4,213 12,384
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	4,089	4, 118	4,139	4,170	4,049	4, 124	4,127	4,130	4, 143	4,129
SERVICES	12,999	13, 274	13, 424	13, 573	12, 820	13, 215	13, 240	13,248	13, 331	13, 386
GOVERNMENT	13,743	14, 293	14,330	14,240	13,659	13, 994	14,043	14,107	14, 150	14, 152
FEDERAL STATE AND LOCAL	2,631 11,112	2,684 11,609	2,695 11,635	2,672 11,568	2,613 11,046	2,670 11,324	2,675 11,368	2,681 11,426	2, 698 11, 452	2,653 11,499

p=preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

		Not seasons	illy adjusted				Seasonalt	y adjusted		
Industry	June 1973	April 1974	May 1974 ^P	June 1974 ^p	June 1973	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May 1974 ^p	June 1974
TOTAL PRIVATE	37.4	36.3	36.6	37.1	37.1	37.0	36.8	36.6	36.8	36.8
MINING	42.9	42.5	43.1	43.0	42.5	43.4	42.9	42.5	43.2	42.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	38.1	36.0	37.0	38.1	37.4	37.7	37.1	36.2	37.0	37.4
MANUFACTURING	40.9	39.1	40.3	40.4	40.6	40.5	40.4	39.3	40.3	40.1
Overtime hours	3.9	2.7	3.4	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.6	2.9	3.5	3.3
DURABLE GOODS	41.7	39.6	40.9	41.1	41.4	41.1	40.9	39.8	40.9	40.8
Overtime hours	4. 2	2.7	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.6	3.7	2.9	3.6	3.3
Ordnance and accessories	42.1	41.6	43.0	43. Z	41.9	42.1	42.7	41.6	43.0	43.0
Lumber and wood products	41.5	40.1	40.4	40.5	40.9	40.6	40.3	40.1	40.1	39.9
Furniture and fixtures	40.4	38.3	39.0	39.7	40.1	39.7	39.5	38.8	. 39.3	39.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.6	41.1	41.6	41.8	42.2	41.9	41.7	41.2	41.5	41.4
Primary metal industries	42.3	41.5	41.9	42.1	41.9	41.4	41.5	41.2	41.7	41.7
Fabricated metal products	42.0	39.3	41.1	41.3	41.5	41.2	41.3	39.6	41.0	40.9
Machinery, except electrical	42.6	40.6	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.4	40.7	42.3	42.3
Electrical equipment	40.3	38.7	40.0	40.2	40.1	40.2	39.9	39.0	40.1	40.0
Transportation equipment	42.5	38.0	40.6	40.6	. 41.9	40.6	40.3	38.9	40.4	40.0
Instruments and related products	40.6	39.3	40.2	40.6	40.5	40.8	40.5	39.4	40.3	40.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.0	37.6	38.8	39.1	38.9	39.0	38.9	37.6	38.9	39.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	39.8	38.4	39.3	39.5	39.6	39.6	39.5	38.7	39.4	39.3
Overtime hours	3.4	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.8	3.2	3.
Food and kindred products	40.3	39.2	40.4	40.7	40.1	40.8	40.4	39.8	40.6	40.5
Tobacco manufactures	38.4	37.6	38.2	39.5	37.8	38.8	37.7	38.8	38.5	38.9
Textile mill products	41.2	38.9	40.1	40.5	40.8	40.7	40.4	39. Z	40.3	40.
Apparel and other textile products	36.1	34.4	35.5	35.0	36.0	35.6	35.5	34.5	35.6	34.9
Paper and allied products	42.8	41.5	42.1	42.3	42.7	42.5	42.6	41.7	42.3	42.
Printing and publishing	37.9	36.9	37.6	37.7	37.8	37.7	37.6	37.1	37.7	37.0
Chemicals and allied products	42.1	42.0	41.8	42.1	42.0	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.8	42.1
Petroleum and coal products	42.0	42.6	42.5	42, 2	41.7	42.6	42.8	42.5	42.3	41.
Rubber and plastics products, nec	40.9	39.1	40.4	40.7	40.7	40.9	40.8	39.3	40.4	40.
Leather and leather products	38.7	36.6	37.8	37.8	38.1	37.8	38.1	37.3	37.6	37.3
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC			1							
UTILITIËS	40.9	40.4	40.3	40.7	40.7	40.4	40.3	40.9	40.6	40.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	35.2	34.1	34.0	34.7	34.9	34.4	34.3	34.5	34.3	34.
WHOLESALE TRADE	39.6	38.7	38.9	39.3	39.5	38.9	38.9	.38.9	39.1	39.
RETAIL TRADE	33.8	32.7	32.5	33.3	33.5	33.0	32.9	33.1	32.9	33.
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND							Í			
REAL ESTATE	37.1	36.9	36.9	37.1	37.1	. 37.0	36.9	36.9	37.0	37.
SERVICES	34.4	33.9	. 33.8	34.3	34.4	34.1	34.0	34.0	34.1	34.

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in contract construction: and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrols. p=preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	June 1973	Apr. 1974	May 1974 P	June 1974 ^p	June 1973	Apr. 1974_	May 1974 ^p	June 1974 ^P
OTAL PRIVATE	\$3.87 3.87	\$4.07 4.08	\$4.14 4.14	\$4.17 4.17	\$144.74 143.58	\$147.74	\$151.52 152.35	\$154.71
Sessonany adjusted	2.01	4.08	4.14	2.11	143.30	147.35	126.33	155.40
MINING	4.67	5.09	5.12	5.16	200, 34	216.33	220.67	221.8
	6.35	6.78	6.81	6.84	241.94	244.08	251.97	260.6
MANUFACTURING	4.04	4.25	4.33	4.37	165.24	166.18	174.50	176.55
DURABLE GOODS	4,30	4.50	4.60	4.64	179.31	178.20	188.14	190.7
Ordnance and accessories	4.22	4.53	4.59	4.64	177.66	188.45	197.37	Z00.4
Lumber and wood products	3.61	3.76	3.81	3.87	149.82	150.78		156.74
Furniture and fixtures	3.25	3.42	3.48	3,50	131.30	130.99	135.72	138.9
Stone, clay, and class products	4.17	4.39	4.44	4.49	177.64	180.43	184.70	187.6
Primary metal industries	4.96	5.38	5.54	5.60	209.81	223.27	232.13	235.7
Fabricated metal products	4.24	4.40	4.52	4.54	178.08	172.92	185.77	187.5
Machinery, except electrical	4.50	4.73	4.84	4.87	191.70	192.04	204.73	206.4
Electrical equipment	3.83	3.99	4.06	4.10	154.35	154.41	162.40	164.8
Transportation equipment	5.05	5.25	5.36	5,40	214.63	199.50	217.62	219.2
Instruments and related products				4.16	155.90	159.56	164.82	168.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3.84 3.27	4.06 3.43	4.10 3.48	3.50	127.53	128.97		136.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	3.66	3.87	3.92	3.96	145.67	143.61	154.06	156.4
Food and kindred products	3.82	4.08	4.13	4.14	153,95	159.94	166.85	168.5
Tobacco manufactures	3.91	4.14	4.28	4.31	150.14	155.66	163.50	170.Z
Textile mill products	2,90	3.05	3.11	3.24	119.48	118.65		131.2
Apparel and other textile products	2.75	Z.89	2.95	2.96	99.28	99.42		103.6
Paper and allied products	4.16	4.37	4.41	4.47	178.05	181.36		189.0
Printing and publishing	4.68	4.85	4.92	4.92	177.37	178.97		185.4
Chemicals and allied products	4.46	4.70	4.72	4.80	187.77	197.40		202.0
Petroleum and coal products	5.24	5.55	5.49	5.48	220.08	236.43		231.2
Rubber and plastics products, nec	3.75	3.87	3.93	3.94	153.38	151.32		160.3
Leather and leather products	2.80	2.95	3.00	3.01	108.36	107.97		113.7
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4.99	5.26	5.27	5.29	204.09	212.50	212.38	215.3
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	3.19	3.38	3.44	3.47	112.29	115.26	116.96	120.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	4.10	4.37	4.41	4,45	162.36	169.12	171.55	174.8
RETAIL TRADE	Z. 86	3.01	3.07	3.10	96.67	98.43	99.78	103.2
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3.58	3.76	3.77	3.81	132.82	138.74	139.11	141.3
SERVICES	3.34	3.56	3.61	3.61	114.90	120.68	122.02	123.1

¹ See footnote 1, table 8-2.

p-preliminary,

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-4. Hourly Earnings Index for production or nonsupervisory workers in private nonfarm industries, seasonally adjusted

[1967=100]

Industry	June 1973	Jan. 1974	Feb. 1974	March 1974	April 1974	May P 1974	June P 1974	Percent change from	
									May, 1974- June, 1974
TOTAL PRIVATE NONFARM:									
Current dollars	146.0	151.7	152.5	153.5	154.5	156.1	157.7	8.1	1,1
Constant (1967) dollars	110.4	108.4	107.6	107.2	107.3	107.2	NA	<u>1</u> /	<u>2</u> /
MINING	146.2	154.2	154.8	156.1	158.0	159.9	161.5	10.5	1.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	155.4	160.5	162.5	163.6	164.6	164.7	167.3	7.6	1.6
MANUFACTURING	142.7	148.5	149.3	150.1	151.4	153.4	155.2	8.7	1.2
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	155.0	161.1	162.2	163.0	163.7	163.4	164.4	6.1	.6
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	142.9	148.8	149.1	150.4	151.0	153.2	154.9	8.3	1.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	139.5	145.2	145.2	145.5	146.9	147.3	150.0	7.5	1.8
SEBVICES	146.3	152.1	152.9	153.8	155.2	157.0	157.7	7.8	.4

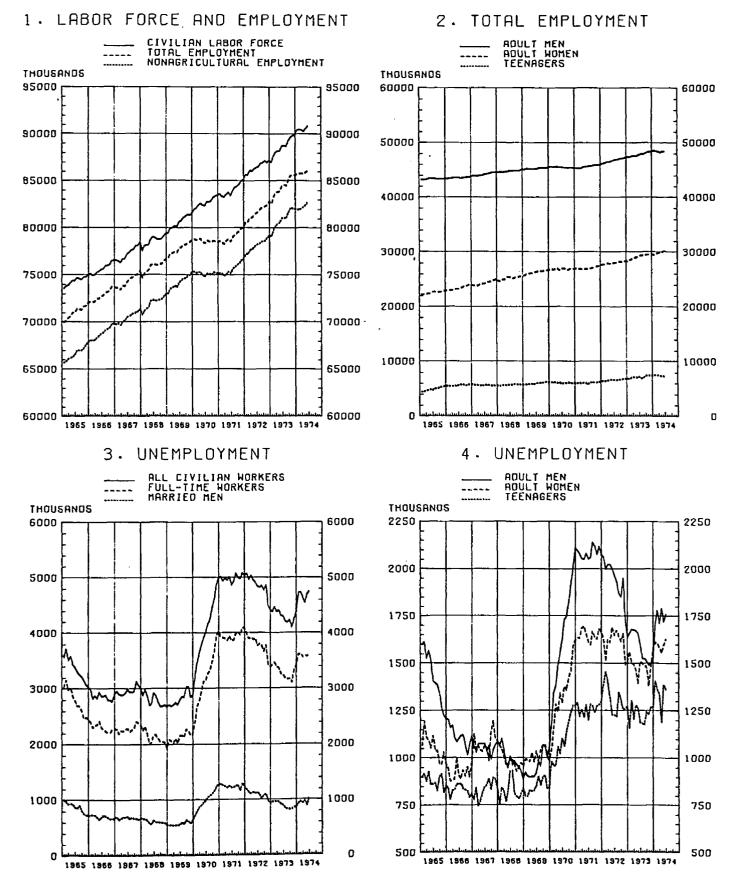
1 Percent change was -2.6 from May 1973 to May 1974, the latest month available.

Percent change was less than 0.05 from April 1974 to May 1974, the latest month available.

N.A. = not available. p=preliminary.

NOTE: All series are in current dollars except where indicated. The index excludes effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage-rate developments: Fluctuations in overtime premiums in manufacturing (the only sector for which overtime data are available) and the effects of changes in the proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries. The seasonal adjustment eliminates the effect of changes that normally occur at the same time and in about the same magnitude each year.

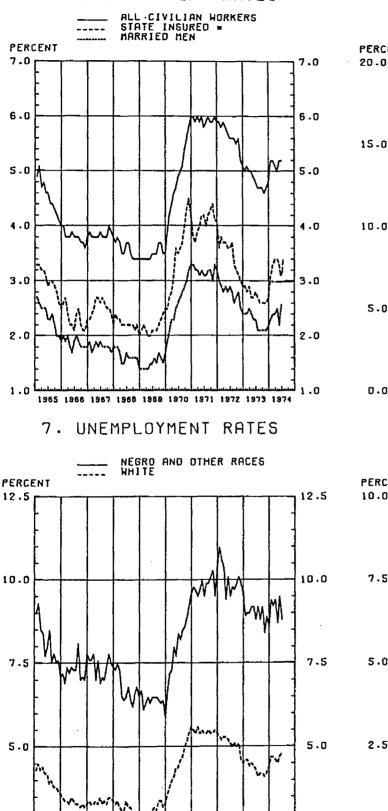
LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT HOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED



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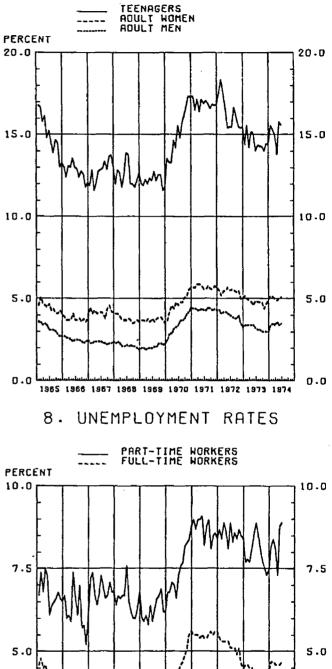
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES HOUSEHOLD DATA ~ SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



1955 1955 1967 1958 1968 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974

6. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



1965 1960 1967 1968 1969 1870 1971 1972 1973 1874

2.5

0.0

• State insured unemployment rate partains to the week including the 12th of the month and represents the insured unemployed under State programs as a percent of average covered employment. The figures are Ger ved from administrative records of unemployment insurance systems.

0.0

2.5

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2.5

UNEMPLOYMENT HOUSEHOLD DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

9. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



15.D

12.5

10.0

7.5

5.0

2.5

0.0

2500

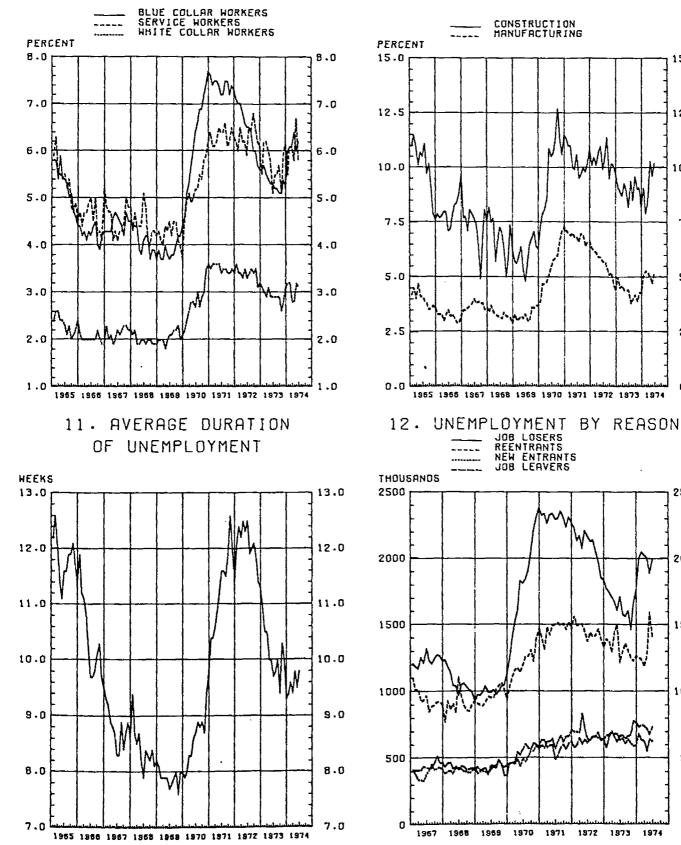
2000

1500

1000

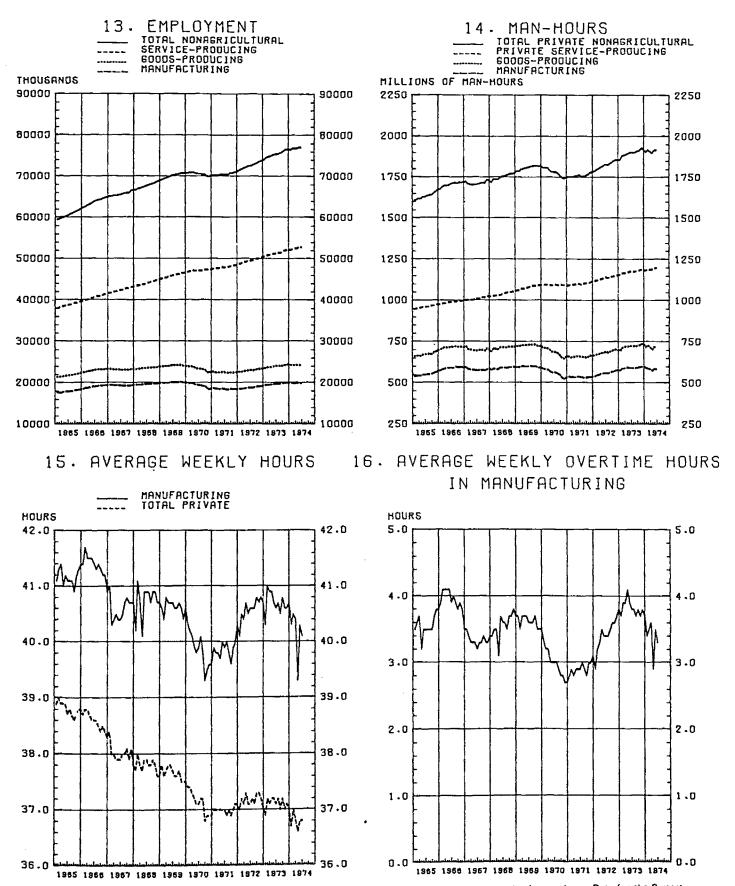
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NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT AND HOURS ESTABLISHMENT DATA - SEASONALLY ADJUSTED



Digitized for FRASER NOTE: Charts 14 and 15 relate to production or nonsupervisory workers; chart 16 relates to production workers. Data for the 2 most http://fraser.stlouisfed.ofgent months are preliminary in charts 13-16.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis