NEWS



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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: AUGUST 1971

Total employment and unemployment rose in August, as the labor force increased sharply, after allowance for the usual seasonal changes, the U. S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. The unemployment rate rose from 5.8 percent in July to 6.1 percent in August.*

The 260,000 gain in total employment (seasonally adjusted) brought the number at work to an alltime high. The August rise occurred almost entirely among adult women. The increase in unemployment, on the other hand, occurred largely among adult men and teenage boys. A curtailment in production in the steel industry was the principal factor in the rise in adult male unemployment.

Nonagricultural payroll employment remained essentially unchanged in August, with gains in several service-producing industries being offset by small declines in manufacturing and construction.

Unemployment

There were 5.1 million unemployed persons in August. After allowance for the usual July-to-August change, unemployment showed an over-the-month increase of 230,000. This raised the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate from 5.8 to 6.1 percent. Increased joblessness occurred among both full-and part-time workers.

The jobless rate for all adult men, who accounted for about half of the rise in the number of unemployed, edged up from 4.3 to 4.5 percent between July and August, returning to the peak levels reached in late 1970 and in the spring of 1971. The principal factor in the increase was the drop in steel production. The jobless rate for married men, at 3.2 percent, remained essentially unchanged over the month.

^{*}The reference week for the August data discussed in this release was the week of August 8-14, prior to the President's economic policy announcement of August 15.

The unemployment rate for adult women, at 5.8 percent, showed little change from the previous month; it has hovered around this level since last fall. The rate for teenagers, at 17.0 percent in August, also was not significantly changed from the July level.

The over-the-month increase in unemployment occurred entirely among white workers. Their rate advanced from 5.3 percent in July to 5.6 percent in August. The rate for Negroes (9.8 percent) showed little change from the previous month.

Table A. Highlights of the employment situation, August 1971 and selected periods (Seasonally adjusted)

				 		
Selected categories	Aug. 1971	July 1971	2nd qtr. 1971	1st qtr. 1971	4th qtr. 1970	3rd qtr. 1970
		(M:	llions o	f persons	3)	
Civilian labor force	84.3	83.8	83.7	83.6	83.5	82.8
Total employment	79.2	78.9	78.7	78.6	78.6	78.5
Unemployment	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.3
		,,,,				
Unemployment rates:		(Pe	ercent of	labor fo	orce)	
All workers	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.2
Adult men	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.8
Adult women	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.5	4.9
Teenagers	17.0	16.2	16.8	17.4	17.5	15.5
White	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.4	4.8
Negro and other races	9.8	10.1	9.9	9.5	9.2	8.5
Married men	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.8
Full-time workers	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.7
State insured	- 4.2	3.9	4.2	3.8	4.4	3.8
			•••	3.0		3.0
Nonfarm payrol1		(Mi	illions o	f persons	3)	
employment	70.6	70.6	70.7	70.4	70.1	70.5
Goods-producing	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.5	22.6	23.2
Service-producing	48.2	48.2	48.1	47.9	47.6	47.3
				.,,,,		
Average weekly hours:			(Hours o	f work)		
Total private nonfarm	37.0	36.9	37.0	36.9	36.9	37.0
Manufacturing	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.5	39.7
Manufacturing overtime	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9
			• •			

NOTE: Payroll employment and hours figures for latest two months are preliminary.

SOURCES: Tables A-1, A-3, B-1, B-2.

A rise in the blue-collar unemployment rate, from 7.1 percent in July to 7.6 percent in August, appears to stem largely from developments in the steel industry. An increase from 3.9 to 4.2 percent in the jobless rate for workers covered by State unemployment insurance programs was also attributable largely to the same factor.

The bulk of the August rise in joblessness stemmed from job loss (rather than from the entry or re-entry of jobseekers into the labor force). The increase resulted in a rise in the number of workers unemployed less than 5 weeks but had little effect on the average duration of unemployment. At 11.5 weeks, seasonally adjusted, the average duration of unemployment was unchanged from July; it has remained above 11.0 weeks since May. Labor Force and Total Employment

The Nation^t s civilian labor force increased by 500,000 in August and attained an alltime high of 84.3 million (seasonally adjusted). About two-thirds of the August increase was among adult women.

Total employment posted a seasonally adjusted gain of about 260,000, also reaching an alltime high. The over-the-month increase was largely among part-time workers.

Over the year ending in August, the civilian labor force has expanded by 1.6 million, while employment has risen 700,000. More than one-third of the civilian labor force gain has been accounted for by men in the 20-to-24 age group, many of whom entered the job market upon separation from the Armed Forces.

Vietnam Era Veterans

About 3.9 million Vietnam Era veterans 20 to 29 years old were in the civilian labor force in August 1971, an increase of 560,000 over the year (data not seasonally adjusted; see table A-7). Since last August, the number of employed veterans has increased by about 440,000, to 3.5 million. A total of 320,000 veterans were unemployed this August, about the same number as in July but nearly 120,000 more than a year ago.

The unemployment rate for 20-29 year old veterans was 8.4 percent in August, about the same as a month earlier but significantly higher than the rate for last August (6.2 percent). The jobless rate for nonveterans 20 to 29 years, at 7.0 percent in August, was below that of veterans and has risen less than the rate for veterans over the year.

Industry Payroll Employment

Nonagricultural payroll employment was unchanged between July and August, at 70.6 million, seasonally adjusted. Small employment gains in trade and State and local government were offset by declines in manufacturing and contract construction. Since May, payroll employment has declined 220,000, erasing the gains made earlier in the year.

Manufacturing employment was down 30,000 in August, seasonally adjusted, the third straight monthly reduction. The drop brought factory employment to its lowest level in nearly 6 years. The over-the-month decline resulted from a 45,000 drop in primary metals, as employment in the other manufacturing industries was little changed over the month. The decline in the primary metals industry stemmed from the curtailment in steel production; since May, employment in this industry has fallen by 90,000.

In contract construction, employment edged down in August for the fourth consecutive month (by 15,000, seasonally adjusted). Employment in this industry was 100,000 below last August and 260,000 below the alltime high reached in December 1969. In mining, a small job gain resulted from the net return to payrolls of workers who had been on strike in the copper industry.

Employment increases in trade (35,000, seasonally adjusted) and State and local government (25,000) were partially offset by declines in other service-producing industries. The largest drop among these industries occurred in transportation and public utilities (25,000), due largely to new strike activity in the industry.

Hours of Work

The average workweek for all rank-and-file workers on private non-agricultural payrolls edged up by 0.1 hour in August to 37.0 hours, seasonally adjusted. Average hours of work have been either 36.9 or 37.0 hours for 11 straight months.

The small rise in the nonfarm workweek resulted mainly from a large increase in average hours worked in transportation and public utilities (1.5 hours, seasonally adjusted). This reflected a return to normal work schedules in the telephone industry, where striking employees had worked only part of the reference week in July.

In manufacturing, the average workweek was 39.9 hours (seasonally adjusted), down 0.1 hour from July but within the narrow range of 39.8-40.0 hours that has prevailed since January. The August change mainly reflected a sharp drop in primary metals (0.8 hour). In most other manufacturing industries, the average workweek moved up over the month. Since January, average weekly hours have risen in 15 of the 21 manufacturing industries.

Factory overtime hours dropped 0.1 hour to 2.8 hours, seasonally adjusted, in August. Overtime hours have moved between 2.8 and 3.0 hours since January.

Earnings

Average hourly earnings of rank-and-file workers on private nonagricultural payrolls were \$3.44 in August, up 2 cents from July. Compared with a year ago, average hourly earnings were up 19 cents or 5.8 percent.

Average weekly earnings increased by \$1.43 over the month to \$129.00, as a result of increases in both the workweek and hourly earnings. Compared with August 1970, average weekly earnings were up by \$6.80, or 5.6 percent. During the latest 12-month period for which Consumer Price Index are available--July 1970 to July 1971--the index rose 4.4 percent.

This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major surveys. Data on labor force, total employment, and unemployment are derived from the sample survey of households conducted and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Statistics on payroll employment, hours, and earnings are collected by State agencies from payroll records of employers and are tabulated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the two surveys appears in the BLS publication Employment and Earnings.

Beginning with this release, the regular annual adjustment of the payroll employment, hours, and earnings data to new benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) and the adjustment of the data based on new seasonal factors are being introduced. The September 1971 issue of Employment and Earnings contains a discussion of the effects of the revision and also provides revised historical data and new seasonal adjustment factors.

Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population by sex and age

(In thousands)

Total labor force	Aug. 1971	July 1971	June 1971	May	Apr.
Total labor force			17/1	1971	1971
St. 678 86,011 84,115 86,011 84,115 86,011 84,115 86,018 80,681 79,894 80,681 80,681 79,894 80,681 79,894 80,681 79,894 80,681 80,681 80,681 79,894 80,681 70,894	ı				
Employed 80,618 80,681 79,894 Agriculture 3,764 3,971 3,782 Nonagricultural industries 76,853 76,710 76,112 On part time for economic reasons 3,014 3,033 2,697 Usually work full time 1,262 1,094 1,390 Unemployed 5,061 5,330 4,220 Mon, 20 yours and over 20 48,454 48,393 47,652 Employed 46,465 46,410 46,030 46,410 46,030 Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 2,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 1,622 Women, 20 yours and over 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 <td>87,087</td> <td>86,626</td> <td>85,948</td> <td>87,028</td> <td>86,665</td>	87,087	86,626	85,948	87,028	86,665
Agriculture 3,764 3,971 3,782 Nonagricultural industries 76,853 76,710 76,112 On part time for economic reasons 3,014 1,262 1,094 1,390 Usually work full time 1,262 1,939 1,307 Unemployed 5,061 5,330 4,220 Mon, 20 years and ever Civilian labor force 48,454 48,393 47,652 Employed 46,465 46,410 46,030 Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 Women, 20 years and ever Civilian labor force 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 505 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 25,750 25,563 25,648 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 9,070 9,766 8,772	84,312	83,829	83,132	84,178	83,783
Nonagricultural industries	79,197	78,941	78,443	78,961	78,698
On part time for economic reasons 3,014 3,033 2,697 Usually work full time 1,262 1,094 1,390 Usually work part time 1,752 1,939 1,307 Unemployed 5,061 5,330 4,220 Mon, 20 years and ever ivilian labor force 48,454 48,393 47,652 Employed 46,465 46,410 46,030 Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 Women, 20 years and ever ivilian labor force 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 9,070 9,766 8,772	3,415	3,367	3,294	3,458	3,558
Usually work full time	75,782	75,574	75,149	75,503	75,140
Usually work part time 1,752 1,939 1,307 Unemployed 5,061 5,330 4,220 Mon, 20 years and ever iivilian labor force 48,454 48,393 47,652 Employed 46,465 46,410 46,030 Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 Women, 20 years and ever iivilian labor force 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16-19 years iivilian labor force 9,070 9,766 8,772	2,469	2,450	2,176	2,504	2,494
Unemployed	1,173	1,134	990	1,219	1,309
Men, 20 years and ever 48,454 48,393 47,652	1,296	1,316	1,186	1,285	1,18
ivilian labor force. 48,454 48,393 47,652 Employed . 46,465 46,410 46,030 Agriculture . 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed . 1,989 1,983 1,622 Wessen, 20 years and over ivilian labor force 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed . 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed . 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16–19 years ivilian labor force . 9,070 9,766 8,772	5,115	4,888	4,689	5,217	5,085
Employed 46,465 46,410 46,030 Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 Women, 20 years and over 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16-19 years iivilian labor force 9,070 9,766 8,772					
Agriculture 2,556 2,633 2,614 Nonagricultural industries 43,909 43,777 43,416 Unemployed 1,989 1,983 1,622 Women, 20 years and over 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16-19 years 9,070 9,766 8,772	48,074	47,956	47,789	47,893	47,703
Nonsgricultural industries	45,903	45,888	45,765	45,737	45,62
Unemployed	2,472	2,458	2,426	2,460	2,476
Women, 20 years and ever 28,154 27,852 27,690 Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16–19 years ivilian labor force 9,070 9,766 8,772	43,431	43,430	43,339	43,277	43,149
ivilian labor force	2,171	2,068	2,024	2,156	2,078
Employed 26,355 26,232 26,229 Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16–19 years 9,070 9,766 8,772			1		
Agriculture 605 669 581 Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16-19 years 9,070 9,766 8,772	28,859	28,525	28,386	28,586	28,489
Nonagricultural industries 25,750 25,563 25,648 Unemployed 1,800 1,620 1,461 Both sexes, 16–19 years 9,070 9,766 8,772	27,172	26,897	26,818	26,857	26,791
Unemployed	543	516	510	į 539	583
Both sexes, 16–19 years :ivilian labor force	26,629	26,381	26,308	26,318	26,208
ivilian labor force	1,687	1,628	1,568	1,729	1,698
7,0,0					1
	7,379	7,348	6,957	7,699	7,591
	6,122	6,156	5,860	6,367	6,28
Agriculture	400	393	358	459	499
Nonagricultural industries 7,194 7,370 7,048	5,722	5,763	5,502	5,908	5,783
Unemployed	1,257	1,192	1,097	1,332	1,309

Table A-2: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time					Seasona	lly adjusted		
employment status, sex, and age	Aug. 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug. 1971	July 1971	June 1971	May 1971	Apr. 1971	Aug. 1970
Full time								
Total, 16 years and over:								
Civilian labor force	75,817	74,610	72,233	72,006	71,309	72,338	71,810	71,084
Employed	71,715	71,169	68,243	68,161	67,564	68,156	67,896	67,754
Unemployed	4,102	3,441	3,990	3,845	3,745	4,182	3,914	3,330
Unemployment mite	5.4	4.6	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.5	4.7
Men, 20 years and over:	1	1					ľ	
Civilian labor force	46.416	45,702	45.697	45,738	45,479	45.619	45,326	44,958
Employed	44.542	44,206	43,669	43.819	43.598	43,652	43,434	43,339
Unemployed	1.874	1,496	2,028	1,919	1,881	1,967	1,892	1,619
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.3	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.2	3.6
Fomen, 20 years and over:			ļ	1	1	1	1	1
Civilian labor force	22.782	22,469	22,620	22,315	22,278	22,493	22,448	22,328
Employed	21,360	21,266	21.339	21.049	21,023	21.039	21,130	21,245
Unemployed	1.422	1,202	1.281	1,266	1,255	1,454	1,318	1.083
Unemployment rate	6.2	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.6	6.5	5.9	4.9
Oncephoyment lete	6.2	1 7.7	3.7	7	7.0	1 "	7.7	"''
Part time		ļ		1		1		1
Total, 16 years and over:]	}	1]]	1	ļ	1
Civilian labor force	9.861	9,504	12,222	11,960	12,012	11,731	11.853	11,793
Employed	8,902	8,725	11.089	10,924	11,095	10,650	10,739	10,866
Unemployed		779		1,036	917	1.081	1,114	927
Unemployment rate	959 9.7	8.2	1,133	8.7	7.6	9.2	9.4	7.9

NOTE: Persons on part-time schedules for economic reasons are included in the full-time employed category; unemployed persons are allocated by whether seeking full- or part-time work.

Table A-3: Major unemployment indicators

(Persons 16 years and over)

Selected categories		is of persons aployed	i I	Seas	onally adjusted r	ates of unemploy	ment	
Selected Categories	Aug. 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug. 1971	July 1971	June 1971	May 1971	Apr. 1971	Aug. 1970
otal (all civilian workers)	5,061	4,220	6.1	5.8	5.6	6.2	6.1	5.1
Men, 20 years and over	1,989	1,622	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.4	3.7
Women, 20 years and over	1.800	1,461	5.8	5.7	5.5	6.0	6.0	4.8
Both sexes, 16-19 years	1,272	1,137	17.0	16.2	15.8	17.3	17.2	15.8
White	4,104	3,407	5.6	5.3	5.2	5.7	5.6	4.8
Negro and other races	956	814	9.8	10.1	9.4	10.5	10.0	8.4
larried men	1.162	1,006	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	2.8
ull-time workers	4,102	3,441	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.5	4.7
art-time workers	959	779	9.3	8.7	7.6	9.2	9.4	7.9
nemployed 15 weeks and over 1	1.074	598	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	6.
rate insured?	1.987	1,748	4.2	3.9	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.7
abor force time lost ³			6.5	6.3	5.6	6.8	6.4	5.5
Occupation ⁴		1			1	}		
hite-collar workers	1,487	1.141	3.5	3.6	3.1	3.7	3.8	2.8
Professional and technical	448	282	3.1	2.8	2.1	3.2	3.3	1.9
Managers, officials, and proprietors	130	118	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.3
Clerical workers	703	565	4.8	5.ŏ	4.6	4.8	5.2	3.9
Sales workers	206	177	4.5	4.7	3.9	5.5	4.5	4.0
lue-collar workers	1.990	1,863	7.6	7.1	7.0	7.5	7.4	6.9
Craftsmen and foremen	463	365	5.5	5.3	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.4
Operatives	1.113	1,121	8.3	8.0	8.1	8.8	8.6	7.8
Nonfarm laborers	414	377	10.5	9.1	11.2	11.5	10.2	10.1
ervice workers	755	564	6.6	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.3	5.5
arm wolkers	87	82	2.8	2.8	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.6
Industry ⁴			•]
onagricultural private wage and salary		1	ľ		ļ		1	
workers5	3,650	3,177	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.3	5.5
Construction	301	324	10.2	9.6	10.4	11.2	9.6	11.8
Manufacturing	1,394	1.237	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.9	7.0	5.8
Durable goods	853	760	6.8	6.5	6.9	7.2	7.5	5.7
Nondurable goods	541	478	7.0	6.7	6.0	6.4	6.3	5.9
Transportation and public utilities	138	142	3.1	3.0	3.3	4.4	4.0	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	884	715	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.9	6.5	5.5
Finance and service industries	907	734	5.4	5.4	4.7	5.1	5.3	4.4
overnment wage and salary workers	491	328	3.1	2.9	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.2
gricultural wage and salary workers	109	95	9.4	8.3	5.7	7.5	6.1	8.0
	107		, ,. .					1 7.0

 $^{^{1}}$ Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.

Table A-4: Unemployed persons 16 years and over by duration of unemployment

(In thousands)

			Seasonally adjusted									
Duration of unemployment	Aug. 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug. 1971	July 1971	June 1971	May 1971	Apr. 1971	Aug. 1970				
Less than 5 weeks	2,294	2,144	2,372	2,112	2,040	2,276	2,276	2,217				
5 to 14 weeks	1,693	1,478	1.535	1,532	1,574	1,519	1,560	1,340				
15 weeks and over	1,074	598	1,305	1,311	1,173	1,202	1,071	727				
15 to 26 weeks	527	349	752	747	609	622	641	475				
27 weeks and over	547	249	553	564	564	580	430	252				
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	11.2	8.6	11.5	11.6	12.7	11.5	10.9	8.8				

⁴Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, whereas that by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.

² Insured unemployment under State programs—unemployment rate calculated as a percent of average covered employment.

Sincludes mining, not shown separately.

 $^{^3}$ Man-hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force man-hours.

Table A-5: Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

			Seasonally adjusted									
Reason for unemployment	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	July	June	May	Apr.	Aug.				
	1971	1970	1971	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970				
Number of unemployed			10	<i>&\</i>	26	30	0/3	£ 1,974				
ost last job	2,199	1,773	2,449	2,258	2,339		2,281 >	€ 1,974				
eft last job	644	639	568 🐧	2,258 518 1,544 2	476	618.	606	563				
Reentered labor force	1,475	1,242	1,507	1,544 χ^0	1,338	1,527	1,460	1,269				
lever worked before	742	567	644	548	540	740	688	492				
Percent distribution												
otal unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Lost last job	43.5	42.0	47.4	46.4	49.8	44.5	45.3	45.9				
Left last job	12.7	15.1	11.0	10.6	10.1	11.9	12.0	13.1				
Reentered labor force	29.2	29.4	29.2	31.7	28.5	29.4	29.0	29.5				
Never worked before	14.7	13.4	12.5	11.3	11.5	14.2	13.7	11.4				
Unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force												
ost last job	2.6	2.1	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.4				
eft last job	.8	.8	.7	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7				
eentered labor force	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5				
lever worked before	.9	.7	.8	.7	.6	.9	.8	.6				

Table A-6: Unemployed persons by age and sex

	Thousand	s of persons	Percent looking for		s	easonally ad	jusced unemp	loyment rates	
Age and sex	Aug. 1971	Aug. 1970	full-time work Aug. 1971	Aug. 1971	July 1971	June 1971	May 1971	Apr. 1971	Aug. 1970
Total, 16 years and over	5,061	4,220	81.1	6.1	5.8	5.6	6.2	6.1	5.1
16 to 19 years	1,272	1,137	63.4	17.0	16.2	15.8	17.3	17.2	15.8
16 and 17 years	605	520	46.6	19.7	18.3	18.1	19.0	18.3	17.3
18 and 19 years	667	616	78.6	15.0	14.9	13.9	16.7	15.8	14.5
20 to 24 years	1,171	915	87.1	10.1	9.7	9.9	11.1	10.4	8.4
25 years and over	2,618	2,169	86.9	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.0	4.0_	3.4
25 to 54 years	2.162	1,799	87.9	4.3	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.2	3.6
55 years and over	456	370	82.0	3.5	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.6	2.8
lales, 16 years and over	2,667	2,207	86.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.6	5.3	4.7
16 to 19 years	678	585	63.0	17.3	15.5	15.7	17.6	16.5	15.7
16 and 17 years	338	284	46.7	19.5	18.5	17.7	17.5	18.5	17.0
18 and 19 years	340	301	79.1	15.4	13.5	13.7	18.0	14.9	14.5
20 to 24 years	628	476	92.4	10.5	10.1	9.7	10.8	10.5	8.7
25 years and over	1,361	1,147	95.1	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.0
25 to 54 years	1,086	900	96.4	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.0
55 years and over	275	247	89.8	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.0
females, 16 years and over	2,394	2,013	75.2	7.0	6.9	6.5	7.2	7.3	5.9
16 to 19 years	594	552	63.8	16.7	. 17.1	15.9	16.9	18.2	15.8
16 and 17 years	267	237	46,4	19.9	18.1	18.7	20.8	17.9	17.6
18 and 19 years	327	315	78.0	14.6	16.5	14.1	15.2	16.9	14.6
20 to 24 years	543	439	81.0	9.5	9.1	10.1	11.5	10.3	8.1
25 years and over	1,257	1,022	78.1	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.8	5.0	4.2
25 to 54 years	1,076	899	79.4	5.5	5.5	5.0	5.1	5.5	4.6
55 years and over	182	123	69.2	3.8	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.4	2.6

Table A-7: Employment status of male Vietnam Era veterans and nonveterans 20 to 29 years old

(Numbers in thousands; data not seasonally adjusted)

	War	veteran	s 1	Nonveterans				
Employment status	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.		
	1971	1971	1970	1971	1971	1970		
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,142	4,089	3,523	9,458	9,428	8,933		
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate Not in labor force	3,855	3,815	3,295	8,569	8,576	8,158		
	93.1	93.3	93.5	90.6	91.0	91.3		
	3,533	3,502	3,090	7,971	7,962	7,667		
	322	313	205	598	614	491		
	8.4	8.2	6.2	7.0	7.2	6.0		
	287	274	228	889	852	775		

War veterans are defined by the dates of their service in the United States Armed Forces. War veterans 20 to 29 years old are all veterans of the Vietnam Era (service at any time after August 4, 1964), and they account for about 85 percent of the Vietnam Era veterans of all ages. About 550,000 post-Korean-peacetime veterans 20 to 29 years old are not included in this table.

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry,

(In thousands)

			I	(to coorsands				Seasonally	adjusted	
	A	Turler	T	A	Change	from			- • -	Change from
Industry	Aug. 1971 P	July 1971 p	June 1971	Aug. 1970	July 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug. 1971 P	July 1971 P	June 1971	July 1971
TOTAL	70, 583	70,479	71,355	70, 452	104	131	70,552	70, 566	70,657	-14
GOODS-PRODUCING	22,845	22,535	22,794	23,654	310	-809	22, 324	22, 357	22,482	-33
MINING	626	615	634	636	11	-10	610	599	619	11
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,502	3,480	3,414	3, 599	22	-97	3, 213	3, 228	3, 255	-15
MANUFACTURING	18,717 13,602	18,440 13,320	18,746 13,611	19,419 14,083	277 282	-702 -481	18,501 13,429	18,530 13,445	18,608 13,496	-29 -16
DURABLE GOODS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,542 7,578	10,485 7,518	10,694 7,713	11,095 7,961	57 60	-553 -383	10,522 7,578	10,55 <u>4</u> 7,600	10,598 7,627	-32 -22
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Scone, clsy, and glass products Primary metal industries Machinery, except electrical Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing	465.4 643.8 1,190.0 1,335.0 1,768.0	1,323.2	1,784.6 1,780.6	232.3 582.8 457.0 650.1 1,315.0 1,378.8 1,945.1 1,915.5 1,729.6 455.9 433.3	4.6 4.2 12.9 6.0 -50.1 11.8 -3.8 21.2 20.6 3.4 26.2	-38.4 18.2 8.4 -6.3 -125.0 -43.8 -177.1 -137.4 -24.1 -22.1 -6.2	195 582 462 627 1,182 1,334 1,775 1,773 1,746 431 415	190 580 462 624 1,227 1,339 1,770 1,771 1,751 431 409	193 574 458 629 1,259 1,333 1,769 1,783 1,759 430 411	5 2 0 3 -45 -5 5 2 -5 0 6
NONDURABLE GOODS	8,175 6,024	7, 955 5, 802	8,052 5,898	8,324 6,122	220 222	-149 -98	7,979 5,851	7,976 5,845	8,010 5,869	3 6
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastics products, nec Leather and leather products	1,898.6 74.1 963.3 1,353.1 687.4 1,085.9 1,014.4 192.8 589.5 315.9	1,794.5 61.0 948.6 1,296.3 678.6 1,082.7 1,017.8 193.6 579.7 301.9	67.9 968.2 1,372.3 690.2	1, 908. 1 91. 9 975. 6 1, 378. 2 708. 3 1, 104. 8 1, 059. 2 195. 0 579. 7 323. 1	104. 1 13. 1 14. 7 56. 8 8. 8 3. 2 -3. 4 8 9. 8	-9.5 -17.8 -12.3 -25.1 -20.9 -18.9 -44.8 -2.2 9.8 -7.2	1,763 66 957 1,338 680 1,085 1,003 188 587 312	1,760 68 959 1,340 677 1,084 1,008 188 587 305	1,751 77 956 1,357 682 1,088 1,016 189 583 311	3 -2 -2 -2 3 1 -5 0
SERVICE-PRODUCING	47,738	47,944	48,561	46,798	-206	940	48, 228	48, 209	48,175	19
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,511	4,535	4,549	4,582	-24	-71	4,453	4, 477	4,500	-24
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.	15,112	15,124	15, 192	14,838	-12	274	15, 183	15, 150	15, 135	33
WHOLESALE TRADE	3,887 11,225	3,877 11,247	3,860 11,332	3,858 10,980	10 -22	29 245	3,845 11,338	3,835 11,315	3,837 11,298	10 23
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3,864	3,866	3,837	3,742	-2	122	3,803	3,805	3,807	-2
SERVICES	11,943	12,022	12,050	11,679	-79	264	11,895	11,903	11,895	-8
GOVERNMENT	12,308 2,678	12, 397 2, 688	12,933 2,674	11,957 2,675	-89 -10	351 3	12,894 2,638	12,874 2,643	12,838 2,640	20 -5
STATE AND LOCAL	9,630	9,709	1 '	9, 282	-79	348	10, 256	10, 231		25

p = preliminary.

Table B-2: Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

				_	Change	from		Seasonally	adjusted	
Industry	Aug p 1971 P	July 1971 P	June 1971	Aug. 1970	July 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug. 1971 P	July 1971 P	June 1971	Change from July 1971
TOTAL PRIVATE	37.5	37. 3	37. 2	37.6	0.2	-0.1	37.0	36.9	37.0	0.1
MINING	42.4	42.6	42.6	42.6	2	2	42. I	42. 2	42.3	1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	38.4	38. 1	38.0	38.5	. 3	1	37.2	37.1	37.2	.1
MANUFACTURING	39. 9 2. 9	39.8 2.8	40. 2 3. 0	39.8 3.0	.1	-: 1 -: 1	39.9 2.8	40. 0 2. 9	40.0 2.9	1 1
DURABLE GOODS	40.3 2.8	40. 1 2. 7	40.8 3.0	40. 2 2. 9	. 2 . 1	-: 1 -: 1	40.3 2.8	40. 4 2. 8	40.6 2.9	1 0
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products . Miscellaneous manufacturing	42. 2 40. 8 41. 1 42. 3 39. 7 40. 5 39. 8 39. 6 40. 1 39. 3	41.3 40.2 39.7 42.0 40.6 40.3 40.3 39.5 39.5 39.6 38.6	41.8 40.9 40.1 42.3 41.3 40.9 40.7 40.1 41.5 39.8 38.8	40. 2 40. 0 39. 5 41. 5 40. 4 40. 7 40. 4 39. 7 40. 0 39. 8 38. 6	.9 .6 1.4 .3 9 .2 .2 .3 .1	2.0 .8 1.6 .8 7 2 .1 .1 4 .3	42.4 40.5 40.6 41.8 39.7 40.4 41.0 39.8 40.2 40.3 39.3	41.9 40.3 40.1 41.8 40.5 40.7 40.7 40.0 39.6 39.9 39.2	41.6 40.4 39.9 42.0 41.0 40.6 40.7 39.9 41.4 39.7 38.7	.5 .2 .5 0 8 3 .3 2 .6 .4
NONDURABLE GOODS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	39.5 3.0	39. 3 3. 0	39. 4 3. 1	39. 3 3. 1	. 2 0	. 2	39.3 2.9	39. 2 3. 0	39. 3 3. 1	. 1 1
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastics products, nec Leather and leather products	40.7 37.6 40.6 36.1 42.5 37.6 41.4 42.3 40.4 38.0	40.5 36.7 40.1 35.8 42.4 37.6 41.3 42.8 40.1	40.5 36.8 41.0 35.5 42.3 37.7 41.7 42.6 40.7 38.1	41.2 37.7 39.9 35.5 41.9 37.8 41.2 43.2 40.5 36.9	.2 .9 .5 .3 .1 0 .1 5	5 1 .7 .6 .6 2 .2 9 1	40.5 37.3 40.5 35.8 42.4 37.4 41.6 43.1 40.2 38.0	40.4 37.0 40.3 35.8 42.4 37.6 41.4 42.4 37.8	40.4 36.2 40.8 35.4 42.3 37.7 41.7 42.3 40.7 37.5	.1 .3 .2 0 0 2 .2 .7 1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	40.6	39. 3	40.7	40.6	1.3	0	40.4	38.9	40.6	1.5
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.	36. 1	36.1	35.4	36.2	0	1	35.2	35. 3	35.2	1
WHOLESALE TRADE	40. 0 34. 9	39. 9 34. 8	40.0 34.0	40. 1 35. 0	:1	1 1	39.8 33.8	39. 6 33. 8	39.9 33.7	. 2 0
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	37.2	37.1	37.0	36.9	.1	. 3	37. 2	37.1	37.0	.1
SERVICES	34.8	34.8	34. 2	35.0	0	-, 2	34.4	34.4	34.1	0

¹Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in contract construction: and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

p - preliminary.

Table B-3: Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

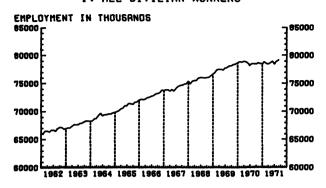
	Γ		Average ho	urly carning:			1		Average we	ckly carning	·	
Industry	Aug.	July	June	Aug.	Change	e from	Aug.	July	June	Aug.	~	e from
	Aug. 1971 p	1971 P	1971	1970	July 1971	Aug. 1970	Aug p	July 1971	1971	1970	July 1971	Aug. 1970
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$3.44	\$3.42	\$3.42	\$3.25	\$0.02	\$0.19	\$129.00	\$127.57	\$127, 22	\$122.20	\$1.43	\$6.80
MINING	4. 08	4.05	4.04	3.84	. 03	. 24	172.99	172.53	172.10	163.58	. 46	9.41
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	5. 75	5.69	5.63	5.32	. 06	. 43	220.80	216.79	213.94	204.82	4.01	15.98
MANUFACTURING	3. 57	3.57	3.57	3. 37	0	. 20	142.44	142.09	143.51	134. 13	. 35	8.31
DURABLE GOODS	3.80	3.78	3.80	3.58	. 02	. 22	153, 14	151.58	155.04	143.92	1.56	9. 22
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries Machinery, except electrical Electrical equipment Instruments and related products	3. 92 3. 19 2. 95 3. 73 4. 30 3. 73 4. 03 3. 53 4. 40 3. 55	3.89 3.17 2.91 3.71 4.18 3.73 4.00 3.51 4.38 3.55	3.85 3.17 2.90 3.67 4.21 3.75 3.99 3.49 4.43 3.52	3. 63 3. 05 2. 81 3. 43 3. 56 3. 77 3. 31 4. 10 3. 38	.03 .02 .04 .02 .12 0 .03 .02 .02	. 29 . 14 . 14 . 30 . 32 . 17 . 26 . 22 . 30 . 17	165. 42 130. 15 121. 25 157. 78 170. 71 151. 07 163. 22 140. 49 174. 24 142. 36	160.66 127.43 115.53 155.82 169.71 150.32 161.20 138.65 173.01 140.58	160. 93 129. 65 116. 29 155. 24 173. 87 153. 38 162. 39 139. 95 183. 85 140. 10	145. 93 122. 00 111. 00 142. 35 160. 79 144. 89 152. 31 131. 41 164. 00	4.76 2.72 5.72 1.96 1.00 .75 2.02 1.84 1.23	19. 49 8. 15 10. 25 15. 43 9. 92 6. 18 10. 91 9. 08 10. 24 7. 84
Miscellaneous manufacturing	2.94	2.94	2.95	2.82	0	. 12	115.54	113.48	114.46	108.85	2.06	6.69
NONDURABLE GOODS · · · · · · · · · ·	3. 27	3. 28	3.26	3.08	01	. 19	129.17	128.90	128.44	121.04	. 27	8.13
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures	3. 35 3. 17 2. 58 2. 49 3. 72 4. 20 3. 97 4. 62 3. 43 2. 57	3. 38 3. 30 2. 56 2. 47 3. 70 4. 20 3. 98 4. 60 3. 44 2. 58	3. 38 3. 30 2. 56 2. 47 3. 67 4. 20 3. 94 4. 58 3. 38 2. 58	3. 13 2. 78 2. 44 2. 40 3. 49 3. 95 3. 73 4. 27 3. 23 2. 48	03 13 . 02 . 02 . 02 0 01 . 02 01	. 22 . 39 . 14 . 09 . 23 . 25 . 24 . 35 . 20	136. 35 119. 19 104. 75 89. 89 158. 10 157. 92 164. 36 195. 43 138. 57 97. 66	136. 89 121. 11 102. 66 88. 43 156. 88 157. 92 164. 37 196. 88 137. 94 98. 81	136. 89 121. 44 104. 96 87. 69 155. 24 158. 34 164. 30 195. 11 137. 57 98. 30	128.96 104.81 97.36 85.20 146.23 149.31 153.68 184.46 130.82 91.51	54 -1.92 2.09 1.46 1.22 0 01 -1.45 .63	7. 39 14. 38 7. 39 4. 69 11. 87 8. 61 10. 68 10. 97 7. 75 6. 15
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4. 18	4. 16	4.10	3.90	. 02	. 28	169.71	163.49	166.87	158.34	6. 22	11.37
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.72	0	. 15	103.61	103.61	101.60	98.46	0	5. 15
WHOLESALE TRADE	3. 67 2. 58	3. 67 2. 58	3.66 2.58	3. 45 2. 45	0	. 22 . 13	146.80 90.04	146.43 89.78	146.40 87.72	138.35 85.75	. 37 . 26	8. 45 4. 29
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3. 31	3, 29	3. 28	3.08	. 02	. 23	123. 13	122. 06	121.36	113.65	1. 07	9.48
SERVICES	2. 99	2. 97	2.97	2.82	. 02	. 17	104.05	103.36	101.57	98.70	. 69	5.35

¹See motnote 1, table B-2.

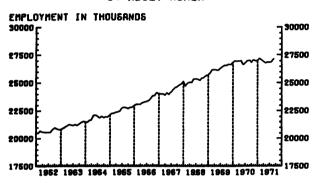
p preliminary

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-HOUSEHOLD SURVEY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

1. ALL CIVILIAN WORKERS



3. ADULT WOMEN



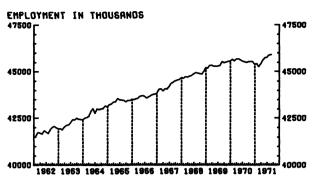
5. ALL CIVILIAN WORKERS



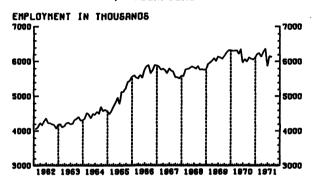
7. ADULT HOMEN



2. ADULT MEN



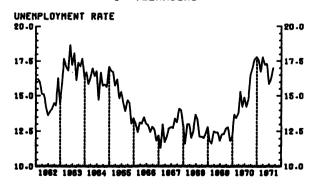
4. TEENAGERS



6. ADULT MEN

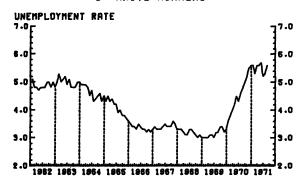


8. TEENAGERS



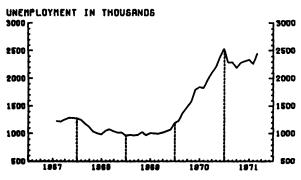
UNEMPLOYMENT-HOUSEHOLD SURVEY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

9. WHITE WORKERS

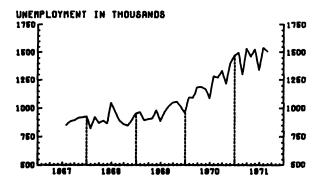




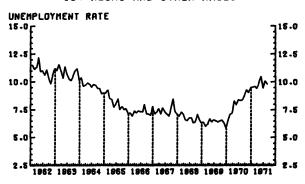
13. JOB LOSERS



15. REENTRANTS



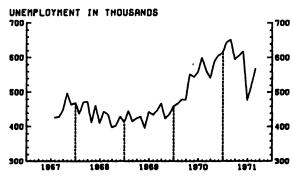
10. NEGRO AND OTHER RACES



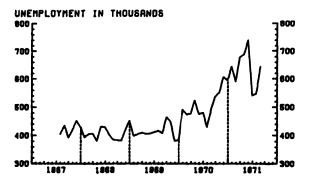
12. PART-TIME WORKERS



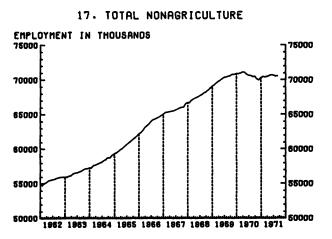
14. JOB LEAVERS



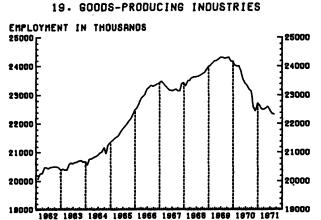
16. NEW ENTRANTS

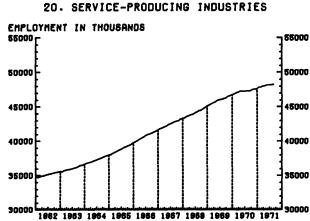


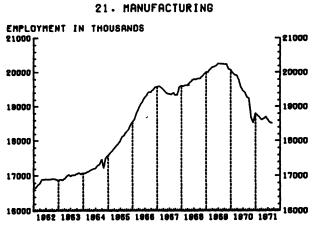
EMPLOYMENT AND HOURS—ESTABLISHMENT SURVEY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED







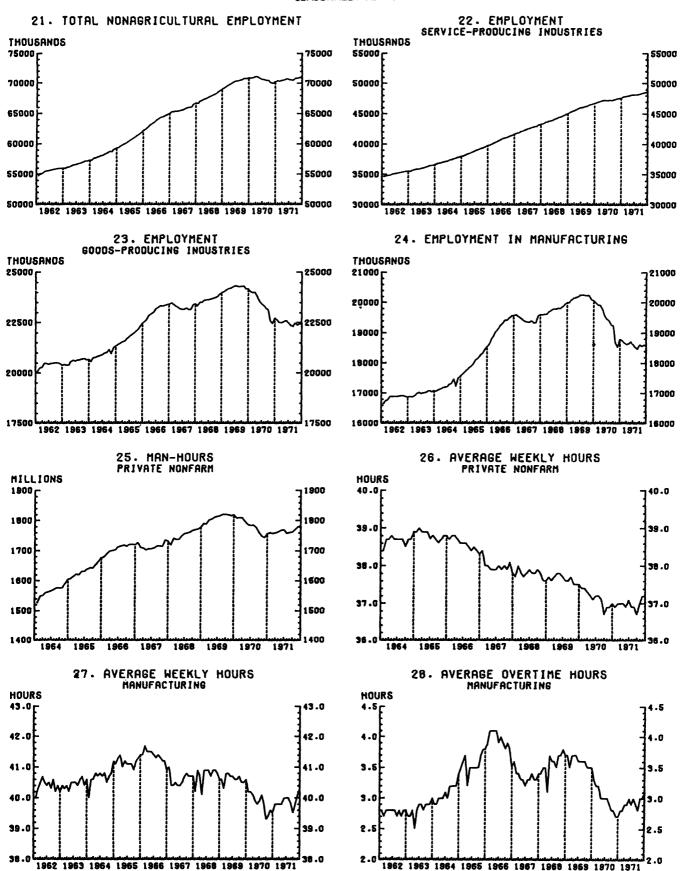






Note: Data for the two most recent months on charts 17-22 are preliminary.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT AND HOURS—ESTABLISHMENT SURVEY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED



NOTE: Charts 25 and 26 relate to production or nonsupervisory workers; charts 27 and 28 relate to production workers. Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary in charts 21-28.