## EIEWS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR office of Information. washingion, d.c.

THE EM PLOYMENT SITUATION: JUNE 1970
Unemployment rose less than it usually does in June, but employment also showed less than its usual May-June gain, the U. S. Department of Labor's Burean of Labor Statistics reported today. The overall unemployment rate dropped from 5. 0 percent in May to 407 percent in Junc, registering its first decline in 6 months. The reduction in unemployment occurred almost entirely among adult wornen, whose jobless rate dropped from 5. 1 to 4.5 percent in June, after rising sharply in May. Jobless rates for adult men, married men, and teenagers were virtually unchanged over the month.

Nonfarm payroll employment declined by 215,000 in June, after seasonal adjustment, the third straight monthly reduction. About half of the drop occurred in curable goods manufacturing, where employment has fallen by nearly 700,000 since last September. The manufacturing workweek was unchanged in Junc at its lowest level since the late summer of 1961. Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons totaled 4.7 million in Junc. Unemployment usually increases sharply at this time of year, but the rise this June was 200,000 smaller than usual.

The jobless rate for adult women, at 4.5 percent in June, returned to its April level following a substantial increase in May. The June decline took place among women seeking full-time work; their rate fell from 5.5 to 4.6 percent.

Unemployment rates for adult men (3. 5 percent) and married men (2. 5 percent) were unchanged over the month at their highest levels since early l965. However, June marked the first time in 8 months that the adult male rate had not risen. The teenage jobless rate, after scasonal adjustment, remained virtually unchanged at 14.6 percent.

All of the over-the-month decline in unemployment took place among white workers. The white jobless rate, which had been rising steadily since December, fell from 4.6 to 4.2 percent in June. For Negroos, the jobless rate rose from 8.0 to 8.7 percent, returning to its April level after a dip in May. The June increase in the Negro rate was almost exclusively among teenagers. For the seconc quarter of 1970 , unemployment rates averaged 8. 4 percent for Negroes and 404 percent for whites. As a result, the ratio of Negro-to-white jooless rates remained slightly below the 2 -to-l ratio that had prevailed for many years prior to the third quarter of 1969.

The jobless rate for unemployed persons who had lost their last job was unchanged over the month at 2.3 percent, after rising for 7 months in a row. The June decline in unemployment took place among persons reentering the labor force.

The number of persons unemployed less than 5 weeks fell by 250, 000 over the month (seasonally adjusted). This was countered by increases in the number unemployed 5 to 14 weeks $(90,000)$ and 15 weeks and over ( 75,000 ). As a result, the average (mean) duration of unemployment rose from 9.0 to 9. 5 wecks, on a seasonally adjusted basis. Since April, the average duration has increased by more than one full week to its highest level in over 3 years, although still below the levels of most of the early and mid-1960's.

The unemployment rate for workers covered by State uncmployment insurance programs edged up from 3.6 to 3.7 percent in June.

In the second quarter of 1970 , unemployment averaged 4.0 million, up 570, 000 from the first quarter and 1.1 million from the fourth quarter of 1969. The jobless rate averaged 4. 8 percent, up from 4. 1 and 3.6 percent in the previous 2 quarters. The rate averaged 3.4 percent for adult men in the 2nc quarter 1970, 4. 7 percent for adult women, and 14.9 percent for teenagers--all were at their highest points since early 1965. Civilian Labor Force and Total Employment

The civilian labor force increased by 2.3 million in June to 84,1 million. However, this rise was less than usual for the month, as the early summer influx of youth into the fob market was smaller than in the past few years. After seasonal adjustment, the civilian labor force was down by 430,000 , with the decline occurring mostly among teenagers.

In the second quarter, the labor force averaged 82.5 million (seasonally adjusted), up only 100,000 from the first quarter following a 900,000 advance in the previous quarter. The increase in the second quarter was entirely among adult men, offsetting declines among adult women and teenagers; in the previous 2 years, labor force increases had been largely among adult women and teenagers.

Total employment rose slightly less than seasonally expected in June to 79.4 million. After seasonal adjustment, total employment inched down by 225,000 as a decline in teenage employment was largely off set by a rise in employment of adult women.

In the second quarter of 1970, employment averaged 78.5 million, seasonally adjusted, down 460,000 from the previous quarter. This marks the first quarterly decline in total employment since early 1961. Young Workers

The number of 16-21 year-old youths in the civilian labor force rose by 2.5 million in June, reflecting the surge of young people seeking work at the end of the school year. The increase, however, was substantially less than the May- Tune expansions of the previous 2 years, reflecting, in part, an earlier-than-usual entry of many youths into the labor market in May as well as somewhat reduced labor force participation rates for young people this year. At 12.8 million in June, the labor force of $16-21$ yearolds was still up slightly from a year ago. However, since the number of employed young people, at 10.6 million, was down nearly 300,000 from June 1969, the unemployment rate for the se youths rose from 14.3 percent in June 1969 to 17.7 percent in June 1970 (not seasonally adjusted).

For white 16-2l year-olds, the unemployment rate was 15 . 3 percent in June, significantly higher than the 12.4 percent rate a year ago. Almost all of this rise was accounted for by increased unemployment among males. Joblessness among black youths, meanwhile, also rose substantially during this period, climbing from 28. 1 percent in June 1969 to 34.0 percent in June 1970.

## Industry Payroll Employment

The number of persons on nonagricultural payrolls increased by nearly 650,000 in June to 71.4 million. The advance was smaller than the usual May-June pickup, however, and, after seasonal adjustment, payroll employ-
ment was down by 215,000 . The decline would have been larger except for the net return to work of about 60,000 strikers.

More than half of the seasonally adjusted payroll employment reduction occurred in manufacturing. Factory employment fell by 120,000 in June, seasonally adjusted, with nearly the entire drop taking place in durable goods, mainly in fabricated metals, machinery, electrical equipment, and transportation equipment. Among the nondurable goods industries, scattered small declines were nearly offset by a 25,000 increase in rubber products, duc almost entirely to the return to work of strikers. (Workers on strike are not counted as employed in the payroll employment series, whereas they are classified as "employed--with a joi) but not at work" in the houschold series.)

In contract construction, employment fell by 35,000 over the month (seasonally adjusted) but would have shown a much larger reduction except for the return of striking workers. In mining, a small job cutbach marked the continuation of declines that have totaled 15,000 since March.

Government employment fell by 45,000 ietween May and June. as a decline of 80,000 in the Federal sector--due almost entirely to the cutting from payrolls of temporary 1970 Census workers--was partially countered by a pick-up in State and local governments. Declines totaling 30, 000 were registered in trade, services, and finance, insurance, and real estate. The only employment increase in Junc took place in transportation and public utilitics--20,000, seasonally adjusted.

In the second quarter of 1970, payroll employment averaged 70.9 million (seasonally adjusted), down 225,000 from the record first quarter level. 'This was the first quarterly decline since the first quarter of 1961. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 23.6 million, was down by 440,000 from the first quarter and was 700,000 below the peak reached in the third quarter of 1969. In the service-producing industries, employment was 47.3 million in the second quarter, up by only 215,000 from the first quarter, the smallest rise since early 1963.

Hours of Work
Average hours of work for rank-and-file workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose by 0.4 hour in June, about in line with seasonal expectations. After seasonal ad,ustment, the workweek inched up to
37. 2 hours but remained a half hour below summer 1969 levels,

In manufacturing, the seasonally adjusted workweek was unchanged over the month at 39.8 hours, remaining at its lowest level since September 1961. Although the workweek in the durable goods sector was unchanged at 40. 4 hours, 7 of the 11 industries showed declines over the month, but these were offset by a large pickup in transportation equipment. Average hours inched down in nonciurable goods, mostly due to declines in food processing, paper, and chemicals.

Factory overtime, seasonally adjusted, edged up to 3.0 hours, returning to the April level. Overtime in the second quarter of 1970 was at its lowest point since mid-1964。

## Earnings

Average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers on private payrolls edged up 1 cent in June to $\$ 3.21$. Over the year, hourly earnings were up by 17 cents, or 5.6 percent, the smallest over-the-year increase in 2-1/2 years.

Because of the large increase in the actual workweek, average weekly carnings rose $\$ 1.65$ to $\$ 120.05$ in June, an all-time high. Compared with June 1969, weekly earnings increased by $\$ 4$ 。 83 , or 4.2 percent. Earnings rose in all major industries, with the largest rise occurring in construction.

Over the year ending in May 1970, average weekly earnings rose by 4. 3 percent; after adjustment for consumer price changes, however, earnings were down by 1.8 percent.

> This release presents and analyzes statistics from two major survegs. Data on labor torce, total employment, and unemployment are dewived from the sample surveys of households conducted and tabulated by the Bureau of the Censtis for the Bureall of Labor Statistics. Statistics on industry employment, hours, and earnings are collected by State agencies frompay roll records of employers and are tabuiated by the Bureauof Labor Statistics. A description of the luo surveysappears in the BL.S publication Employment and Earnings.

Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population by sex and age

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment starus, age, and sex | June <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Totol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toral labor force | 87,230 | 84,968 | 85,880 | 85,304 | 85,783 | 86,143 | 86,087 | 85,590 |
| Civilian labor force | 84,050 | 81,741 | 82,356 | 82,125 | 82,555 | 82,872 | 82,769 | 82,249 |
| Employed. | 79,382 | 78,357 | 78,956 | 78,225 | 78,449 | 78,924 | 79,112 | 78,822 |
| Agricultare | 4,208 | 3,725 | 4,367 | 3,554 | 3,613 | 3,586 | 3,550 | 3,499 |
| Nomagricultural industries | 75,174 | 74,632 | 74,589 | 74,671 | 74,836 | 75,338 | 75,562 | 75,323 |
| On part time for ecoaomic reasons | 2,571 | 1,951 | 2,221 | 2,105 | 2,249 | 2,360 1,400 | 1,936 1,093 | 1,821 1,044 |
| Usually work full time . . . . . . | 1,321 | 1,116 | 1,143 | 1,126 | 1,253 | 1,400 | 1,093 | 1,044 |
| Usually work part time | 1,250 | 835 | 1,078 | 979 | 996 | 960 | 843 | 777 |
| Unemployed. . . . . . . . . | 4,669 | 3,384 | 3,400 | 3,900 | 4,106 | 3,948 | 3,657 | 3,427 |
| Men, 20 yours and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 47,602 | 47,067 | 46,709 | 47,154 | 47,226 | 47,199 | 47,060 | 46,836 |
| Employed. | 46,018 | 45,664 | 45,804 | 45,521 | 45,593 | 45,667 | 45,709 | 45,534 |
| Agriculture | 2,801 | 2,696 | 2,879 | 2,603 | 2,625 | 2,602 | 2,537 43,172 | 2,479 |
| Nosagricultural industries | 43,218 | 42,968 | 42,925 | 42,918 | 42,968 | 43,065 | $43,172$ | 43,055 |
| Unemployed. . . . . . . . . | 1,584 | 1,403 | 905 | 1,633 | 1,633 | 1,532 | 1,351 | 1,302 |
| Womea, 20 years ond over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilien labor farce | 27,826 | 28,033 | 27,152 | 28,026 | 27,885 | 28,274 | -28,295 | $28,066$ |
| Employed ... . . | 26,524 | 26,828 | 26,094 | 26,772 | 26,476 | 27,022 | 27,016 | 26,925 |
| Agriculture. | - 770 | . 634 | -820 | 573 | 567 | , 571 | $\begin{array}{r}583 \\ 26,433\end{array}$ | ${ }^{26} 630$ |
| Nonagriculcural industries | 25,754 | 26,194 | 25,275 | 26,199 | 25,909 | 26,451 | 26,433 | 26,295 |
| Unemployed. . . . . . . . . | 1,302 | 1,205 | 1,058 | 1,254 | 1,409 | 1,252 | 1,279 | 1,141 |
| Beth sexes, 16-19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 8,622 | 6,641. | 8,495 | 6,945 | 7,444 | 7,399 | 7,414 | $7,347$ |
| Employed . | 6,840 | 5,865 | 7,058 | 5,932 | 6,380 | 6,235 | 6,387 | 6,363 |
| Agriculture | 637 | 396 | . 668 | 378 | 421 | 413 | 430 5 | 390 5973 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6,203 | 5,469 | 6,390 | 5,554 | 5,959 | 5,822 | 5,957 | 5,973 |
| Unemployed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,783 | 776 | 1,437 | 1,013 | 1,064 | 1,164 | 1,027 | 984 |

Table A-2: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age

| (Numbers in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full- and part-time employment status, sex, and age | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | June$1969$ | Seisonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. $1970$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |
| Full time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tocial, 16 yenry and over: Civilien labor force. | 73,555 | 72,365 | 70,653 | 71,116 | 70,810 | 70,557 | 70,407 | 69,533 |
| Civilies labor force . . | 69,610 | 69,533 | 67,585 | 67,742 | 67,720 | 67,707 | 67,781 | 67,408 |
| Unemployed. | 3,945 | 2,831 | 3,068 | 3,374 | 3,090 | 2,850 | 2,626 | 2,125 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.7 |  |
| Men, 20 years and overs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilimin labor force. . | 45,567 | 44,760 | 44,966 | 45,061 | 44,898 | 44,715 | 44,536 | 44,158 |
| Employed | 44,085 | 43,924 | 43,476 | 43,554 | 43,487 | 43,460 | 43,348 | 43,318 |
| Unemployed | 1,483 | 836 | 1,490 | 1,507 | 1,411 | 1,255 | 1,188 | 840 |
| Unemployment atce | 3.3 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| Vomen, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian lebor foree. . . | 22,083 | 21,656 | 22,050 | 21,937 | 22,054 | 21,982 | 21,965 |  |
| Employed. | 21,004 | 20,770 | 21,046 | 20,736 | 21,042 | 20,982 | 21,087 | $20,812$ |
| Unemployed. | 1,079 | 886 4.1 | 1,004 4.6 | 1,201 5.5 | 1,012 4.6 | 1,000 4.5 | 878 4.0 | 824 3.8 |
| Part time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toral, 16 yeare and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. . . | 10,496 | 9,991 | 11,455 | 11,425 | 11,949 | 11,958 | 11,634 | $10,905$ |
| Employed | 9,772 | 9,422 | 10,685 | 10,689 | 11,064 | 11,109 | 10,828 | 10,302 |
| Unemployed. . . . . | 724 | 568 | 770 | 736 | 885 | 849 | 806 | $603$ |
| Unemployment sate | 6.9 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 6.9 | $5.5$ |

MOTE: Persons ca partrime achedules for econowic reasons are included in the full-time employed emtegory; unemployed persons are allocated by whether seekiog full- or pact-ime work.

Table A-3: Maior unemployment indicators
(Persons 16 years and over)

${ }^{1}$ Unemployment rate calculated as a percent of civilian labor force.
${ }^{4}$ Unemployment by occupation includes all experienced unemployed persons, whereas
$\mathrm{I}_{\text {Insured }}$ unemployment under State programs-unemployment rate calculated as a petcent
3 of average covered employment.
that by industry covers only unemployed wage and salary workers.
${ }^{3}$ Man-nours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force man-hours.

Table A-4: Unemployed persons 16 years and over by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Less than 5 weeks | 2,920 | 2,349 | 1,961 | 2,219 | 2,295 | 1,995 | 1,973 | 1,578 |
| 5. to 14 weeks . . . | 1,091. | 680 | 1,303 | 1,214 | 1,075 | 1,154 | 1,016 | 812 |
| 15 weeks and over | , 658 | 370 | 685 | 612 | 569 | 545 | 465 | 385 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 425 | 242 | 450 | 352 | 372 | 363 | 306 | 255 |
| 27 weeks and over | 232 | 128 | 235 | 260 | 197 | 182 | 159 | 130 |
| Average (mesa) duration, in weeks . . . | 7.6 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 8.2 | -8.4 | 8.1 | 8.4 |

Table A-5: Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment


Table A-6: Unemployed persons by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  | Percent <br> looking for <br> full-time <br> work <br> June <br> 1970 | Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Peb. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total, 16 years and over | 4,669 | 3,400 | 84.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.4 |
| 16 to 19 years.... | 1,783 | 1,437 | 77.6 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.7 | 13.9 | 13.4 | 11.7 |
| 16 and 17 years | , 903 | 764 | 69.4 | 16.0 | 15.6 | 18.7 | 15.7 | 16.3 | -13.5 |
| 18 and 19 years | 880 | 673 | 85.9 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 12.4 | 11.7 | 10.1 |
| 20 to 24 years... | 971. | 672 | 88.1 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 5.4 |
| 25 years and over | 1,915 | 1,291 | 89.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 |
| 25 to 54 years . . <br> 55 years and over | 1,934 | 1,034 | 91.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.3 |
| 55 years and over | 382 | 256 | 80.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| Males, 16 years and over | 2,531 | 1,580 | 88.7 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 2.7 |
| 16 to 19 years . . . 16 and 17 years | 947 504 | 675 392 | 80.4 74.2 | 14.8 16.6 | 15.0 16.4 | 15.2 17.2 | 12.5 14.6 | 13.0 15.4 | 10.7 13.0 |
| 16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years | 504 444 | 392 283 | 74.2 87.2 | 16.6 13.2 | 16.4 14.6 | 17.2 13.9 | 14.6 10.8 | 15.4 11.0 | 13.0 8.5 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 515 | 325 | 90.3 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 4.8 |
| 25 years and over | 1,069 | 580 | 95.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 838 | 435 | 98.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.5 |
| 55 years and over | 230 | 145 | 84.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| Females, 16 years and over | 2,137 | 1,819 | 79.6 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 4.7 |
| 16 to 19 years. . . 16 and 17 years | 835 399 | 761 371 | 74.5 63.4 | 14.3 15.3 | 13.4 | 16.4 | 15.6 | 13.9 | 13.0 14.3 |
| 16 and 17 years | 399 436 | 371 | 63.4 84.6 | 15.3 13.4 | 14.6 | 20.6 | 17.0 | 17.3 | 14.3 |
| 18 18 and 19 years | 436 | 390 | 84.6 | 13.4 | 12.9 | 13.7 | 14.3 | 12.7 | 11.9 |
| 20 to 24 yeats . . 25 | 456 846 | 347 | 85.5 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 6.0 |
| 25 years and over 25 to 54 years. | 846 | 711 | 81.3 82.5 | 3.8 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.8 4.2 | 4.0 4.4 | 3.3 3.6 | 3.3 |
| 55 years and over. | 150 | 112 | 76.0 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.6 2.3 | 3.6 2.3 |

Table B-1: Employees on nonagrizultural payrolls, by industry,

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \text { p } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1970}^{\text {May }}$ | Apr.$1970$ | (la chouszads) | Change from |  | Seasomalify adjuted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1970}^{\text {May }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Change from May1970 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 71,445 | 70,805 | 70,758 | 71,116 | 640 | 329 | 70,666 | 70,881 | 71,163 | -215 |
| MINING | 627 | 619 | 616 | 629 | 8 | -2 | 612 | 619 | 622 | -7 |
| COMTRACT CONSTRUCTION. . . . . | 3,505 | 3,352 | 3,286 | 3,628 | 153 | -123 | 3,325 | 3,359 | 3,426 | -34 |
| MANUFACTURING . | 19,607 | 19,436 | 19,627 | 20,387 | 171 | -780 | 19,460 | 19,580 | 19,795 | -120 |
| Production warkers | 14,220 | 14,069 | 14,240 | $14,958$ | 151 | -738 | 14,10i | 14,188 | $14,389$ | $-87$ |
| durable godos ............... | 11,383 | 11,352 | 11,488 | 12,051 | 31 | -668 | 11,278 | 11,388 | 11,529 | -110 |
| Produclion uorkers . . . . . . . | 8,201 | 8,166 | 8,282 | 8,794 | 35 | -593 | 8,108 | 8,187 | 8,318 | -79 |
| Ordn ance and accessories. . . . . . | 250.8 | 254.0 | 260.1 | 325.2 | -3.2 | -74.4 | 251 | 256 | 261 | -5 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 594.3 | 579.3 | 574.5 | 634.7 | 15.0 | -40.4 | 573 | 582 | 585 | -9 |
| Furniture and fixtures . | 451.1 | 451.9 | 462.9 | 487.1 | -. 8 | -36.0 | 450 | 457 | 468 | -7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products . . | 648.7 | 636.7 | 639.8 | 670.8 | 12.0 | -22.1 | 635 | 637 | 644 | -2 |
| Primary metal industries . . . . . | 1,336.4 | 1,318.1 | 1,329.5 | 1,383.4 | 18.3 | -47.0 | 1,310 | 1,308 | 1,323 | 2 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1,397.1 | 1,387.5 | 1,402.5 | 1,456.9 | 9.6 | -59.8 | 1,385 | 1,396 | 1,411 | -11 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,998.1 | 2,004.9 | 2,040.4 | 2,048.1 | -6.8 | -50.0 | 1,982 | 2,003 | 2,032 | -21 |
| Electrical equipment . | 1,926.3 | 1,931.8 | 1,959.1 | 2,033.5 | -5.5 | -107.2 | 1,930 | 1,955 | 1,979 | -25 |
| Transportation equipment . . . . . | 1,888.7 | 1,899.5 | 1,928.9 | 2,086.8 | -10.8 | -198.1 | 1,876 | 1,900 | 1,925 | -24 |
| lastruments and related products - | 464.1 | 465.4 | 469.1 | 480.5 | -1.3 | -16.4 | 462 | 468 | 471 | -6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing . . . . | 427.3 | 422.6 | 421.3 | 444.0 | 4.7 | -16.7 | 424 | 426 | 430 | -2 |
| nondurable goods - | 8,224 | 8,084 | 8,139 | 8,336 | 140 | -112 | 8,182 | 8,192 | 8,266 | -10 |
| Production morkers | 6,019 | 5,903 | 5,958 | 6,164 | 116 | -145 | 5,993 | 6,001 | 6,071 | -8 |
| Food and kindred products . . . . . | 1,790.0 | 1,737.5 | 1,722.2 | 1,788.1 | 52.5 | 1.9 | 1,794 | 1,806 | 1,805 | -12 |
| Tobacco manufactures . . . . . . . | 70.7 | 70.6 | 71.4 | 72.0 | . 1 | -1.3 | 80 | 81 | 81 | -1 |
| Textile mill products. . . . . . . . | 974.4 | 968.2 | 974.6 | 1,012.5 | 6.2 | -38.1 | 962 | 972 | 979 | -10 |
| Apparel and ocher textile produces | 1,397.8 | 1,376.6 | 1,382.4 | 1,434,5 | 21.2 | -36.7 | 1,383 | 1,379 | 1,394 | 4 |
| Paper and allied products . . . . . | 718.2 | 707.7 | 714.2 | 720.8 | 10.5 | -2.6 | 709 | 714 | 721 | -5 |
| Printing and publishing . . . . . . | 1,102.8 | 1,102.0 | 1,109.9 | 1,092.3 | . 8 | 10.5 | 1,101 | 1,108 | 1,111 | -7 |
| Chemicals and allied producrs... | 1,058.4 | 1,057.4 | 1,063.8 | 1,072.9 | 1.0 | -14.5 | 1,050 | 1,060 | 1,063 | -10 |
| Petroleum and coal products .... | 197.0 | 191.6 | 190.4 | 192.9 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 193 | 192 | 193 | 1 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nee | 576.4 | 543.5 | 580.8 | 599.4 | 32.9 | -23.0 | 574 | 548 | 585 | 26 |
| Leather and leather products. . . . | 338.4 | 329.3 | 329.1 | 350.2 | 9.1 | -11.8 | 336 | 332 | 334 | 4 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 4,548 | 4,470 | 4,432 | 4,494 | 78 | 54 | 4,499 | 4,479 | 4,468 | 20 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. TRADE. | 15,035 | 14,886 | 14,818 | 14,713 | 149 | 322 | 14,968 | 14,976 | 14,991 | -8 |
| wholesale trade | 3,883 | 3,814 | 3,803 | 3,758 | 69 | 125 | 3,860 | 3,860 | 3,853 | 0 |
| retail trade | 11,152 | 11,072 | 11,015 | 10,955 | 80 | 197 | 11,108 | 11,116 | 11,138 | -8 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE | 3,692 | 3,672 | 3,658 | 3,584 | 20 | 108 | 3,663 | 3,679 | 3,673 | -16 |
| Services . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 11,756 | 11,646 | 11,564 | 11,353 | 110 | 403 | 11,571 | 11,577 | 11,564 | -6 |
| GOVERNMENT . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12,675 | 12,724 | 12,757 | 12,328 | -491 | 347 | 12,568 | 12,612 | 12,624 | -44 |
| Federal . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,750 | 2,765 | 2,838 | 2,832 | -15 | -82 | 2,702 | 2,781 | 2,852 | -79 |
| State and local. . . . . . . . . . . . | 9,925 | 9,959 | 9,919 | 9,496 | -34 | 429 | 9,866 | 9,831 | 9.772 | 35 |

$p=$ preliminary.

Table B-2: Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June p } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{May}_{1970}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | Change from. |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | June $1969$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1970 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change from } \\ \text { May } \\ 1970 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE. | 37.4 | 37.0 | 36.9 | 37.9 | 0.4 | -0.5 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 0.1 |
| MINTNG | 42.5 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 42.3 | -. 2 | . 2 | 42.0 | 42.6 | 43.1 | -. 6 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 38.5 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 38.4 | . 4 | . 1 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.3 | -. 4 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 40.0 | 34.8 | 39.7 | 40.9 | . 2 | -. 9 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 0 |
| Overtime bours | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.7 | .1 | -. 7 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | . 1 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 41.5 | + 2 | -. 9 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 0 |
| Overtime bours | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.9 | .1 | -. 8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 0 |
| Ordnance and accessories. . . . . . | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.8 | . 1 | . 1 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 0 |
| Lumber and wood products . . . . . | 40. I | 40.2 | 39.8 | 40.6 | $-1$ | -. 5 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.8 | -. 2 |
| Furniture and fixtures . . . . . . . | 38. 8 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 40.8 | . 3 | -2.0 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 39.3 | -. 2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products . . | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 42.3 | . 2 | -. 6 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 0 |
| Primary meral industries . . . . . | 39.9 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 42.0 | -. 5 | -2.1 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 40.1 | -. 6 |
| Fabricated metal products. . . . . . | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 42.0 | . 3 | -1.0 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.9 | . 2 |
| Machinery, except electrical . . . . | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 42.6 | 0 | -1.5 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.4 | -. 1 |
| Electrical equipment . . . . . . . . . | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 40.7 | 0 | -. 9 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 40.0 | $-2$ |
| Transportation equipment . . . . . . | 41.7 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 41.6 | 1.2 | . 1 | 41.7 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 1.3 |
| Instruments and relared products . | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 41.0 | 0 | -. 9 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.5 | -. 2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing . . . . | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 39.2 | . 1 | . 5 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 39.0 | -. 1 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS . . . . . . . . . . | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 39.9 | . 2 | -. 7 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.4 | $\ldots 1$ |
| - Overtime bours . . | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.4 | . 1 | -. 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | $0$ |
| Food and kindred products . . . . . | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 40.9 | . 2 | -. 2 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.6 | -. 2 |
| Tobacco manufactures . . . . . . . . | 37.9 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 39.9 | 1. 1 | $-2.0$ | 37.3 | 37.1 | 38.3 | . 2 |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . . | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 41.4 | . 5 | -1.2 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 0.1 |
| Apparel .and other textile products | 35.3 | 35.1 | 35.4 | 36.3 | . 2 | $-1.0$ | 35.1 | 35.1 | 35.5 | 0 |
| Paper and allied products. : . . . | 41.6 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 43.1 | -. 3 | -1.5 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 42.1 | -. 4 |
| Princing and publishing . . . . . . . | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 38.4 | 0 | -. 8 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 37.9 | $\cdots 1$ |
| Chemicals and allied products. . . | 41.2 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.8 | -. 4 | -. 6 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.4 | -. 3 |
| Petroleum and coal products . . . . | 42.9 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.5 | . 2 | . 4 | 42.7 | 42. 4 | 41.9 | . 3 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec | 40.2 37.6 | 40.0 37.4 | 40.3 36.3 | 41.3 37.8 | . 2 | -1.1 | 40.2 37.2 | 40.1 37.6 | 40.7 37.4 | .1 -.4 |
| Leacher and leacher products.. . . . | 37.6 | 37.4 | 36.3 | 37.8 | . 2 | -. 2 | 37.2 | 37.6 | 37.4 | -. 4 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 40.7 | . 3 | -. 2 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 0 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 35.7 | 35.0 | 34.9 | 35.9 | .7 | -. 2 | 35.5 | 35.4 | 35.3 | . 1 |
| Wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . . RETAIL TRADE . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.3 34.2 | 39.9 33.4 | 39.9 33.3 | 40.1 34.6 | .4 .8 | .2 . .4 | 40.2 33.9 | 40.1 33.8 | 40.1 33.7 | . 1 |
| FIMANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE . . . . . . . . | 36.8 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 37.1 | . 1 | -. 3 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 0 |
| SERVICES . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 34.5 | 34. 2 | 34.3 | 34.8 | . 3 | -. 3 | 34.4 | 34.4 | 34.4 | 0 |

[^0]Table B-3: Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| Industry | Average hourly earmings |  |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnims |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June $1970^{\mathrm{P}}$ | $\underset{{ }_{1970}^{\text {May }}}{ } \mathrm{P}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | June 1969 | Change from |  | ${ }_{1970}^{\text {June }} \mathbf{P}$ | ${ }_{1970}^{\text {May }} \mathbf{P}$ | Apr. <br> 1970 | June 1969 | Cange from |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { June } \\ 1969 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE. | \$3. 21 | \$3.20 | \$3.18 | \$3.04 | \$0.01 | \$0.17 | \$120.05 | \$118.40 | \$117.34 | \$115.22 | \$1.65 | \$4.83 |
| MINANG | 3.83 | 3.79 | 3.79 | 3.56 | . 04 | . 27 | 162.78 | 161.83 | 163.35 | 150.59 | . 95 | 12.19 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. . . . | 5.12 | 5.10 | 5.09 | 4.70 | . 02 | . 42 | 197.12 | 194.31 | 192.91 | 180.48 | 2.81 | 16.64 |
| manuFacturing | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.32 | 3.18 | . 02 | . 18 | 134.40 | 132.93 | 131.80 | 130.06 | 1.47 | 4.34 |
| durable coops. | 3.58 | 3.55 | 3.52 | 3.37 | . 03 | . 21 | 145. 35 | 143.42 | 141.50 | 139.86 | 1.83 | 5.49 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 3.58 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.43 | -. 01 | . 15 | 146.42 | 146.47 | 146.06 | 139.94 | -. 05 | 6.48 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 2.98 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2: 72 | . 06 | . 26 | 119.50 | 117.38 | 114.62 | 110.43 | 2.12 | 9.07 |
| Furniture and firtures . | 2.75 | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.62 | . 01 | . 13 | 106.70 | 105.49 | 105.65 | 106.90 | 1.21 | $\rightarrow .20$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass products . | 3.39 | 3.37 | 3.35 | 3.18 | . 02 | . 21 | 141.36 | 139.86 | 139.03 | 134.51 | 1.50 | 6.85 |
| Primary meral industries . . . . . | 3.93 | 3.90 | 3.87 | 3. 77 | . 03 | . 16 | 156.81 | 157.56 | 156.35 | 158.34 | -. 75 | -1.53 |
| Fabricated metal products. . . . . | 3.54 | 3.52 | 3.50 | 3.33 | . 02 | . 21 | 145.14 | 143.26 | 142. 10 | 139.86 | 1.88 | 5. 28 |
| Machinery, except electrical ... | 3.77 | 3.76 | 3.75 | 3.57 | . 01 | . 20 | 154.95 | 154.54 | 155. 25 | 152.08 | . 41 | 2.87 |
| Electrical equipmear . . . | 3.32 | 3.28 | 3.24 | 3.08 | . 04 | . 24 | 132.14 | 130.54 | 128.30 | 125.36 | 1.60 | 6.78 |
| Transportation equipment . . . . | 4.13 | 4.06 | 4.00 | 3.86 | . 07 | . 27 | 172.22 | 164.43 | 156.80 | 160.58 | 7.79 | 11.64 |
| Instruments and related products | 3.31 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.14 | . 01 | . 17 | 132.73 | 132.33 | 132.59 | 128.74 | . 40 | 3.99 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing. . . | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.65 | . 01 | . 16 | 108.75 | 108.08 | 108.64 | 103.88 | . 67 | 4.87 |
| nomdurable goods . . . . . . . . . | 3.06 | 3.05 | 3.04 | 2.89 | . 01 | . 17 | 119.95 | 118.95 | 118.56 | 115.31 | 1.00 | 4.64 |
| Food and kiadred products | 3.15 | 3.16 | 3.12 | 2.95 | . .01 | . 20 | 128.21 | 127.98 | 124.49 | 120.66 | . 23 | 7.55 |
| Tobacco manufactures . . . . . . . | 3.04 | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2.80 | . 05 | . 24 | 115.22 | 110.03 | 110.56 | 111.72 | 5.19 | 3.50 |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . | 2.44 | 2.43 | 2.42 | 2.31 | . 01 | . 13 | 98.09 | 96.47 | 96.56 | 95.63 | 1.62 | 2.46 |
| Apparel and other textite products | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2. 30 | .01 | . 08 | 84.01 | 83.19 | 83.90 | 83. 49 | . 82 | . 52 |
| Paper and allied products. . . . . | 3.42 | 3.40 | 3.37 | 3.23 | . 02 | . 19 | 142.27 | 142.46 | 140.53 | 139.21 | -. 19 | 3.06 |
| Printing and publishing . . . . . | 3.90 | 3.88 | 3.85 | 3.68 | . 02 | . 22 | 146.64 | 145.89 | 145.15 | 141.31 | . 75 | 5.33 |
| Chemicals and allied products.. | 3.66 | 3.64 | 3.61 | 3.46 | . 02 | . 20 | 150.79 | 151.42 | 150.18 | 144.63 | -. 63 | 6.16 |
| Petroleum and coal products... | 4.26 | 4.25 | 4.26 | 3.99 | . 01 | . 27 | 182.75 | 181.48 | 179.77 | 169.58 | 1.27 | 13.17 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec | 3.10 | 3. 10 | 3.16 | 3.05 |  | . 05 | 124.62 | 124.00 | 127.35 | 125.97 | . 62 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-1.35 } \\ \hline 4.79\end{array}$ |
| Leather and leather products. . . | 2.49 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.35 | 0 | . 14 | 93.62 | 93.13 | 90.02 | 88.83 | . 49 | 4.79 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES . | 3.80 | 3.78 | 3.75 | 3.62 | . 02 . | . 18 | 153.90 | 151.96 | 149.25 | 147.33 | 1.94 | 6.57 |
| Wholesale and retall trade | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.55 | 0 | . 15 | 96.39 | 94.50 | 93.88 | 91.55 | 1.89 | 4.84 |
| wholesale trade ........... | 3.41 | 3.42 | 3.40 | 3.24 | -. 01 | .17 | 137.42 | 136.46 | 135.66 | 129.92 | . 96 | 7.50 |
| retail trade ... | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2.41 | 2.30 | 0 | . 13 | 83.11 | 81.16 | 80.25 | 79.58 | 1.95 | 3.53 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE . . . . . . . . | 3.03 | 3.04 | 3.03 | 2.93 | -. 01 | . 10 | 111.50 | 111.57 | 111.81 | 108.70 | -. 07 | 2.80 |
| SERVICES . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.79 | 2.61 | 0 | . 20 | 96.95 | 96.10 | 95.70 | 90.83 | . 85 | 6.12 |

[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing: to construction workers in contract construction: and to nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, irsurance, and real estate; and services. These groupr account for approximately four-fifth of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.
    $p=$ preliminary.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Sere iootnote 1, table B-2.
    $p=$ preliminary.

