

Women in the labor force: a databook



In 2017, 57.0 percent of all women participated in the labor force. This was slightly above the 56.8 percent who participated in 2016, but still 3 percentage points below the peak of 60.0 percent in 1999. By comparison, the labor force participation rate for men was 69.1 percent in 2017, essentially unchanged from the previous year and 17.5 percentage points below its peak of 86.6 percent in 1948.

The rapid rise in women's labor force participation was a major development in the labor market during the second half of the 20th century. Overall, women's labor force participation increased dramatically from the 1960s through the 1980s, before slowing in the 1990s. After reaching a peak in 1999, labor force participation among women began a gradual decline. This decline accelerated following the Great Recession of 2007–09 until the participation rate hit a recent low in 2015 at 56.7 percent.

Women's involvement in the labor market changed in several notable ways since the 1940s as other socioeconomic factors were also shifting. First, women became much more likely to pursue higher levels of education: the proportion of women ages 25 to 64 in the labor force who held a college degree nearly quadrupled from 1970 to 2017, whereas the proportion of men with a college degree about doubled over that time. Women also have become more likely to work full time and year round. In addition, women's earnings as a proportion of men's earnings have grown over time: women working full time earned 62 percent of what men earned in 1979 and 82 percent in 2017.

This report presents historical and recent labor force and earnings data for women and men from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a national monthly survey of approximately 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Unless otherwise noted, data are annual averages from the CPS. (For a detailed description of the source of the data and an explanation of concepts and definitions used, see the [technical notes](#) at the end of this report.)

Selected demographic characteristics

Women's labor force participation edged up to 57.0 percent in 2017 from 56.8 percent in 2016. Men's labor force participation, which always has been much higher than that for women, was 69.1 percent in 2017, essentially unchanged from the previous year. (See [table 2](#).)

In 2017, the unemployment rate for women was 4.3 percent, down 0.5 percentage point from a year earlier. The rate for men was 4.4 percent in 2017, also down 0.5 percentage point from a year earlier. Women's jobless rates varied by race and ethnicity. Asian women had the lowest rate (3.4 percent), followed by White (3.8 percent), Hispanic or Latino (5.7 percent), and Black or African American (6.9 percent) women; men's jobless rates exhibit this same pattern. (See [tables 2](#) and [3](#).)

Labor force participation varies by marital status and differs between women and men. Never married women had the highest participation rate of all women at 64.3 percent in 2017. Divorced women (61.5 percent) and separated women (61.7 percent) were more likely to participate in the labor force than married women (58.2 percent). By contrast, married men were more likely to participate in the labor force (72.9 percent) than never married men (67.4 percent), divorced men (65.2 percent), and separated men (70.7 percent). Among both women and men, those who were widowed were the least likely to participate in the labor force. (See [table 4](#).)

The labor force participation rate of all women with children under 18 years of age was 71.3 percent in March 2017, up from 70.8 percent in 2016. Among mothers, the labor force participation rate for those with children 6 to 17 years old, at 76.0 percent in March 2017, was higher than for those with younger children. The rate for those with children under 6 years old was 65.1 percent, and the rate for women with children under 3 years old was 63.1 percent. (See [tables 5](#) and [7](#); data were collected in the 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS.)

Unmarried mothers are more likely to participate in the labor force than married mothers. In March 2017, 76.1 percent of unmarried mothers were in the labor force,

compared with 69.3 percent of married mothers. (See [table 6](#); data were collected in the 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS.)

Educational attainment

The educational attainment of women ages 25 to 64 in the labor force has risen substantially over the past 45 years. In 2017, 43 percent of women ages 25 to 64 held a bachelor's degree and higher, compared with 11 percent in 1970. In 2017, 6 percent of women in the labor force had less than a high school diploma—that is, did not graduate from high school or earn a GED—down from 34 percent in 1970. (See [tables 9A](#) and [9B](#).)

Occupation and industry

In 2017, women accounted for 52 percent of all workers employed in management, professional, and related occupations, somewhat more than their share of total employment (47 percent). The share of women in specific occupations within this large category varied. For example, 19 percent of software developers, 28 percent of chief executives, and 40 percent of physicians and surgeons were women, whereas 90 percent of registered nurses, 79 percent of elementary and middle school teachers, and 60 percent of accountants and auditors were women. (See [table 11](#).)

Asian and White women were more likely to work in higher paying management, professional, and related occupations (50 percent and 45 percent, respectively) in 2017 than were Black (36 percent) and Hispanic women (28 percent). Meanwhile, Hispanic (32 percent) and Black women (27 percent) were more likely than Asian and White women (21 percent and 20 percent, respectively) to work in lower paying service occupations. (See [table 12](#).)

In 2017, women accounted for more than half of all workers within several industry sectors: financial activities (53 percent), education and health services (75 percent), leisure and hospitality (51 percent), and other services (52 percent). (Other services includes repair and maintenance industries; personal and laundry services; membership associations and organizations; and private households.) However, women were substantially underrepresented (relative to their share of total employment) in agriculture (25 percent), mining (13 percent), construction (9 percent), manufacturing (30 percent), and transportation and utilities (24 percent). (See [table 14](#).)

Earnings

In 2017, women who worked full time in wage and salary jobs had median usual weekly earnings of \$770, which represented 82 percent of men's median weekly earnings (\$941). Among women, earnings were higher for Asians (\$903) and Whites (\$795) than for Blacks (\$657) and Hispanics (\$603). Women's-to-men's earnings ratios were higher for Blacks (93 percent) and Hispanics (87 percent) than for Whites (82 percent) and Asians (75 percent). (See [table 16](#); note that the comparisons of earnings in this report are on a broad level and do not control for many factors that may be important in explaining earnings differences.)

Women's earnings vary by educational attainment. In 2017, female full-time wage and salary workers age 25 and older with less than a high school diploma had median usual weekly earnings of \$447. Women who had only a high school diploma had earnings of \$610, those with an associate's degree had earnings of \$727, and those with a bachelor's degree and higher had earnings of \$1,131. (See [table 17](#).)

Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers were the highest in 2017 for female chief executives (\$1,920), pharmacists (\$1,834), and nurse practitioners (\$1,832). Earnings for men were highest for chief executives (\$2,415); physicians and surgeons (\$2,277); pharmacists (\$2,228); and architectural and engineering managers (\$2,020). (See [table 18](#).)

In 2017, 3 percent of women paid at an hourly rate had earnings at or below the prevailing federal minimum wage (\$7.25 per hour). Among women 25 years and older who were paid at an hourly rate, 2 percent had earnings at or below the minimum wage, compared with 7 percent of women ages 16 to 24. (See [table 20](#).)

Hours of work

In 2017, 24 percent of employed women usually worked part time—that is, less than 35 hours per week. The percentage of employed women working part time has not changed much over the past five decades. In comparison, 12 percent of employed men usually worked part time in 2017. This rate for men had trended up during the Great Recession before beginning a gradual decline in 2012. (See [table 21](#).)

Of all women who worked at some point during calendar year 2016, 62 percent worked full time and year round, compared with 41 percent in 1970. The proportion of men who worked full time and year round also rose over the period, from 66 percent in 1970 to 75 percent in 2016. (See [table 23](#); data were collected in the 1971 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements to the CPS and reflect earnings and work experience in the previous calendar year.)

Married-couple families

Among married-couple families, 54 percent had earnings from both the wife and the husband in 2016, compared with 44 percent in 1967. Couples in which only the husband worked represented 18 percent of married-couple families in 2016, versus 36 percent in 1967. (See [table 24B](#); data were collected in the 1968 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements to the CPS and reflect earnings and work experience in the previous calendar year.)

The working poor

Among people who were in the labor force for at least 27 weeks in 2016, more women (4.1 million) than men (3.4 million) lived below the official poverty level. The working-poor rate (the ratio of the working poor to all individuals who were in the labor force for at least 27 weeks) was 5.8 percent for women and 4.2 percent for men. Black and Hispanic women were about two times more likely to be among the working poor than White or Asian women. The working-poor rates for Black and Hispanic women were 10.5 percent and 9.6 percent, respectively, compared with 4.9 percent for White women and 4.0 percent for Asian women. (See [table 26](#); data are from the 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS and reflect earnings and work experience in the previous calendar year.)

Worker displacement

From January 2015 through December 2017, 3.0 million workers age 20 and older were displaced from jobs they had held for at least 3 years; women accounted for 44 percent of those displaced. Labor market outcomes were similar for displaced women and men. Displaced women were about as likely as men to have found a new job in January 2018: the reemployment rate was 65 percent for women and 67 percent for men. Displaced women and men were about equally likely to be unemployed in January 2018, at 14 percent and 15 percent, respectively. About 21 percent of displaced women and 18 percent of displaced men had left the labor force in January 2018. (See [table 27](#); data are from the January 2018 Displaced Worker, Employee Tenure, and Occupational Mobility Supplement to the CPS.)

Employee tenure

In January 2018, median employee tenure (the point at which half of all workers had more tenure and half had less tenure) for women was unchanged from January

2016, at 4.0 years. Tenure for men held at 4.3 years. (See [table 28](#); data are from the January 2018 Displaced Worker, Employee Tenure, and Occupational Mobility Supplement to the CPS.)

School enrollment

Of the 2.9 million youth ages 16 to 24 who graduated from high school between January and October 2017, about 67 percent (1.9 million) were enrolled in college in October of that year. For 2017 high school graduates, the college enrollment rate was 72 percent for young women and 61 percent for young men. (See [table 29](#); data are from the October 2017 School Enrollment Supplement to the CPS.)

Among high school students, young women were more likely to be in the labor force (24.8 percent) in October 2017 than young men (20.9 percent). Labor force participation rates followed the same pattern among college students: college women had a labor force participation rate of 51.5 percent, and college men had a participation rate of 47.1 percent. (See [table 30](#); data are from the October 2017 School Enrollment Supplement to the CPS.)

Among youth ages 16 to 24 who were not enrolled in school in October 2017, the unemployment rate for those without a high school diploma was 15.1 percent for both young women and young men. In contrast, the jobless rates for young women and men with at least a bachelor's degree were 5.3 percent and 8.8 percent, respectively.

Multiple jobholders and the self-employed

In 2017, 7.5 million workers had more than one job. About half (3.8 million) of these workers were women. The multiple jobholding rate for women, at 5.3 percent, was higher than that for men, at 4.6 percent. (See [table 31](#).)

In 2017, 5.0 percent of working women in nonagricultural industries were self-employed, compared with 6.5 percent of their male counterparts. Among the self-employed, 41 percent were women in 2017, compared with 27 percent in 1976. (See [table 32](#).)

Foreign-born women

Foreign-born women were less likely than native-born women to be in the labor force in 2017 (54.5 percent, compared with 57.5 percent). By contrast, foreign-born men were more likely to be in the labor force (78.1 percent) than were native-born men (67.3 percent). Among women, the unemployment rate for foreign-born women, at 4.8 percent, was higher than that for native-born women, at 4.2 percent. At 3.6 percent, the unemployment rate for foreign-born men was lower than that of native-born men (4.6 percent). (See [table 33](#).)

Women and union membership

In 2017, 10.0 percent of female wage and salary workers were members of unions, compared with 11.4 percent of their male counterparts. For both men and women, the union membership rate in 2017 was lower than in 1983 (the first year that union membership data were regularly collected in the CPS), but the rate for men fell by much more than did the rate for women. In 1983, union membership rates were 24.7 percent for men and 14.6 percent for women. (See [table 34](#).)

Women veterans

There were 1.2 million female veterans of the U.S. Armed Forces in the labor force in 2017. Women accounted for about 12 percent of the 10.1 million veterans in the labor force. The unemployment rate for female veterans, at 4.1 percent in 2017, was similar to that of male veterans, at 3.6 percent. (See [table 35](#).)

Women with disabilities

Of the 16.2 million women with disabilities in 2017, 2.8 million, or 17.4 percent, participated in the labor force. About half of all women with disabilities were age 65 and older; labor force participation among this age group was 5.4 percent, compared with 30.0 percent for those ages 16 to 64. Among men, 24.2 percent of those with disabilities participated in the labor force in 2017. Just under half of all men with disabilities were age 65 and older. Among men in this age group, 10.7 percent were labor force participants, compared with 35.2 percent of men ages 16 to 64.

Among people with a disability, the unemployment rate for women was 9.5 percent and that for men was 9.0 percent, more than twice the rates of women and men without a disability (4.1 percent and 4.2 percent, respectively). (See [table 36](#).)

Statistical Tables

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by age and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Age	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
16 years and older	255,079	160,320	62.9	153,337	60.1	6,982	4.4	94,759
16 to 19 years	16,754	5,901	35.2	5,074	30.3	827	14.0	10,853
16 to 17 years	9,073	2,237	24.7	1,890	20.8	347	15.5	6,836
18 to 19 years	7,681	3,664	47.7	3,184	41.4	480	13.1	4,017
20 to 24 years	21,396	15,259	71.3	14,132	66.0	1,127	7.4	6,137
25 to 54 years	125,697	102,683	81.7	98,833	78.6	3,850	3.7	23,014
25 to 34 years	43,958	36,086	82.1	34,439	78.3	1,647	4.6	7,873

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Age	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
25 to 29 years	22,627	18,536	81.9	17,621	77.9	914	4.9	4,092
30 to 34 years	21,331	17,550	82.3	16,817	78.8	733	4.2	3,781
35 to 44 years	39,952	33,034	82.7	31,892	79.8	1,143	3.5	6,917
35 to 39 years	20,713	17,080	82.5	16,477	79.5	604	3.5	3,633
40 to 44 years	19,239	15,954	82.9	15,415	80.1	539	3.4	3,285
45 to 54 years	41,787	33,563	80.3	32,503	77.8	1,060	3.2	8,224
45 to 49 years	20,620	16,891	81.9	16,365	79.4	526	3.1	3,729
50 to 54 years	21,167	16,672	78.8	16,138	76.2	534	3.2	4,495
55 to 64 years	41,691	26,899	64.5	26,064	62.5	835	3.1	14,792
55 to 59 years	21,722	15,625	71.9	15,134	69.7	490	3.1	6,098
60 to 64 years	19,969	11,274	56.5	10,930	54.7	344	3.1	8,694
65 years and older	49,542	9,577	19.3	9,234	18.6	343	3.6	39,964
65 to 69 years	16,734	5,408	32.3	5,219	31.2	189	3.5	11,326
70 to 74 years	12,655	2,487	19.7	2,388	18.9	99	4.0	10,168
75 years and older	20,153	1,682	8.3	1,627	8.1	55	3.3	18,470
Women								
16 years and older	131,804	75,175	57.0	71,936	54.6	3,239	4.3	56,629
16 to 19 years	8,261	2,962	35.9	2,591	31.4	371	12.5	5,299
16 to 17 years	4,486	1,180	26.3	1,008	22.5	172	14.6	3,306
18 to 19 years	3,775	1,782	47.2	1,583	41.9	199	11.1	1,994
20 to 24 years	10,669	7,311	68.5	6,851	64.2	460	6.3	3,358
25 to 54 years	63,846	47,870	75.0	46,016	72.1	1,854	3.9	15,975
25 to 34 years	22,139	16,712	75.5	15,949	72.0	763	4.6	5,427
25 to 29 years	11,359	8,681	76.4	8,268	72.8	413	4.8	2,678
30 to 34 years	10,780	8,031	74.5	7,681	71.2	351	4.4	2,749
35 to 44 years	20,354	15,257	75.0	14,690	72.2	568	3.7	5,097
35 to 39 years	10,529	7,823	74.3	7,523	71.5	300	3.8	2,706
40 to 44 years	9,826	7,434	75.7	7,167	72.9	268	3.6	2,391
45 to 54 years	21,352	15,901	74.5	15,377	72.0	523	3.3	5,451
45 to 49 years	10,518	7,972	75.8	7,700	73.2	273	3.4	2,546
50 to 54 years	10,834	7,929	73.2	7,678	70.9	251	3.2	2,906
55 to 64 years	21,637	12,743	58.9	12,354	57.1	389	3.1	8,894
55 to 59 years	11,212	7,423	66.2	7,187	64.1	237	3.2	3,789
60 to 64 years	10,425	5,320	51.0	5,167	49.6	153	2.9	5,104
65 years and older	27,390	4,288	15.7	4,124	15.1	164	3.8	23,102
65 to 69 years	8,874	2,478	27.9	2,392	27.0	86	3.5	6,395
70 to 74 years	6,811	1,102	16.2	1,053	15.5	50	4.5	5,708

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Age	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
75 years and older	11,705	707	6.0	679	5.8	28	4.0	10,998
Men								
16 years and older	123,275	85,145	69.1	81,402	66.0	3,743	4.4	38,130
16 to 19 years	8,493	2,939	34.6	2,483	29.2	457	15.5	5,553
16 to 17 years	4,587	1,057	23.0	882	19.2	175	16.5	3,530
18 to 19 years	3,906	1,882	48.2	1,601	41.0	282	15.0	2,023
20 to 24 years	10,726	7,948	74.1	7,281	67.9	667	8.4	2,778
25 to 54 years	61,851	54,813	88.6	52,817	85.4	1,996	3.6	7,038
25 to 34 years	21,819	19,374	88.8	18,490	84.7	884	4.6	2,446
25 to 29 years	11,268	9,855	87.5	9,353	83.0	502	5.1	1,413
30 to 34 years	10,551	9,519	90.2	9,136	86.6	382	4.0	1,032
35 to 44 years	19,597	17,777	90.7	17,202	87.8	575	3.2	1,820
35 to 39 years	10,184	9,257	90.9	8,953	87.9	304	3.3	927
40 to 44 years	9,413	8,520	90.5	8,248	87.6	271	3.2	893
45 to 54 years	20,435	17,662	86.4	17,125	83.8	537	3.0	2,772
45 to 49 years	10,102	8,919	88.3	8,665	85.8	254	2.8	1,183
50 to 54 years	10,333	8,744	84.6	8,461	81.9	283	3.2	1,589
55 to 64 years	20,054	14,156	70.6	13,710	68.4	445	3.1	5,898
55 to 59 years	10,510	8,201	78.0	7,948	75.6	254	3.1	2,308
60 to 64 years	9,544	5,954	62.4	5,763	60.4	191	3.2	3,590
65 years and older	22,151	5,289	23.9	5,111	23.1	179	3.4	16,862
65 to 69 years	7,860	2,930	37.3	2,827	36.0	102	3.5	4,930
70 to 74 years	5,844	1,384	23.7	1,335	22.8	49	3.6	4,460
75 years and older	8,447	975	11.5	948	11.2	27	2.8	7,472

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and older, by gender, 1948–2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
1948	103,068	60,621	58.8	58,343	56.6	2,276	3.8	42,447
1949	103,994	61,286	58.9	57,651	55.4	3,637	5.9	42,708
1950	104,995	62,208	59.2	58,918	56.1	3,288	5.3	42,787
1951	104,621	62,017	59.2	59,961	57.3	2,055	3.3	42,604
1952	105,231	62,138	59.0	60,250	57.3	1,883	3.0	43,093
1953	107,056	63,015	58.9	61,179	57.1	1,834	2.9	44,041
1954	108,321	63,643	58.8	60,109	55.5	3,532	5.5	44,678
1955	109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	56.7	2,852	4.4	44,660

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
1956	110,954	66,552	60.0	63,799	57.5	2,750	4.1	44,402
1957	112,265	66,929	59.6	64,071	57.1	2,859	4.3	45,336
1958	113,727	67,639	59.5	63,036	55.4	4,602	6.8	46,088
1959	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	56.0	3,740	5.5	46,960
1960	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	56.1	3,852	5.5	47,617
1961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	55.4	4,714	6.7	48,312
1962	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	55.5	3,911	5.5	49,539
1963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	55.4	4,070	5.7	50,583
1964	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	55.7	3,786	5.2	51,394
1965	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	56.2	3,366	4.5	52,058
1966	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	56.9	2,875	3.8	52,288
1967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	57.3	2,975	3.8	52,527
1968	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	57.5	2,817	3.6	53,291
1969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	58.0	2,832	3.5	53,602
1970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	4,093	4.9	54,315
1971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	5,016	5.9	55,834
1972	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	4,882	5.6	57,091
1973	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	4,365	4.9	57,667
1974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8	5,156	5.6	58,171
1975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	7,929	8.5	59,378
1976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	7,406	7.7	59,991
1977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	6,991	7.1	60,025
1978	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	59.3	6,202	6.1	59,659
1979	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	59.9	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	7,637	7.1	60,806
1981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	59.0	8,273	7.6	61,460
1982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	10,678	9.7	62,067
1983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	10,717	9.6	62,665
1984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	8,539	7.5	62,839
1985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	8,312	7.2	62,744
1986	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	8,237	7.0	62,752
1987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	7,425	6.2	62,888
1988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	6,701	5.5	62,944
1989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	6,528	5.3	62,523
1990	189,164	125,840	66.5	118,793	62.8	7,047	5.6	63,324
1991	190,925	126,346	66.2	117,718	61.7	8,628	6.8	64,578
1992	192,805	128,105	66.4	118,492	61.5	9,613	7.5	64,700
1993	194,838	129,200	66.3	120,259	61.7	8,940	6.9	65,638
1994	196,814	131,056	66.6	123,060	62.5	7,996	6.1	65,758
1995	198,584	132,304	66.6	124,900	62.9	7,404	5.6	66,280
1996	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	7,236	5.4	66,647
1997	203,133	136,297	67.1	129,558	63.8	6,739	4.9	66,837
1998	205,220	137,673	67.1	131,463	64.1	6,210	4.5	67,547
1999	207,753	139,368	67.1	133,488	64.3	5,880	4.2	68,385
2000	212,577	142,583	67.1	136,891	64.4	5,692	4.0	69,994

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
2001	215,092	143,734	66.8	136,933	63.7	6,801	4.7	71,359
2002	217,570	144,863	66.6	136,485	62.7	8,378	5.8	72,707
2003	221,168	146,510	66.2	137,736	62.3	8,774	6.0	74,658
2004	223,357	147,401	66.0	139,252	62.3	8,149	5.5	75,956
2005	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762
2006	228,815	151,428	66.2	144,427	63.1	7,001	4.6	77,387
2007	231,867	153,124	66.0	146,047	63.0	7,078	4.6	78,743
2008	233,788	154,287	66.0	145,362	62.2	8,924	5.8	79,501
2009	235,801	154,142	65.4	139,877	59.3	14,265	9.3	81,659
2010	237,830	153,889	64.7	139,064	58.5	14,825	9.6	83,941
2011	239,618	153,617	64.1	139,869	58.4	13,747	8.9	86,001
2012	243,284	154,975	63.7	142,469	58.6	12,506	8.1	88,310
2013	245,679	155,389	63.2	143,929	58.6	11,460	7.4	90,290
2014	247,947	155,922	62.9	146,305	59.0	9,617	6.2	92,025
2015	250,801	157,130	62.7	148,834	59.3	8,296	5.3	93,671
2016	253,538	159,187	62.8	151,436	59.7	7,751	4.9	94,351
2017	255,079	160,320	62.9	153,337	60.1	6,982	4.4	94,759
Women								
1948	53,071	17,335	32.7	16,617	31.3	717	4.1	35,737
1949	53,670	17,788	33.1	16,723	31.2	1,065	6.0	35,883
1950	54,270	18,389	33.9	17,340	32.0	1,049	5.7	35,881
1951	54,895	19,016	34.6	18,181	33.1	834	4.4	35,879
1952	55,529	19,269	34.7	18,568	33.4	698	3.6	36,261
1953	56,305	19,382	34.4	18,749	33.3	632	3.3	36,924
1954	56,925	19,678	34.6	18,490	32.5	1,188	6.0	37,247
1955	57,574	20,548	35.7	19,551	34.0	998	4.9	37,026
1956	58,228	21,461	36.9	20,419	35.1	1,039	4.8	36,769
1957	58,951	21,732	36.9	20,714	35.1	1,018	4.7	37,218
1958	59,690	22,118	37.1	20,613	34.5	1,504	6.8	37,574
1959	60,534	22,483	37.1	21,164	35.0	1,320	5.9	38,053
1960	61,582	23,240	37.7	21,874	35.5	1,366	5.9	38,343
1961	62,484	23,806	38.1	22,090	35.4	1,717	7.2	38,679
1962	63,321	24,014	37.9	22,525	35.6	1,488	6.2	39,308
1963	64,494	24,704	38.3	23,105	35.8	1,598	6.5	39,791
1964	65,637	25,412	38.7	23,831	36.3	1,581	6.2	40,225
1965	66,731	26,200	39.3	24,748	37.1	1,452	5.5	40,531
1966	67,795	27,299	40.3	25,976	38.3	1,324	4.8	40,496
1967	68,968	28,360	41.1	26,893	39.0	1,468	5.2	40,608
1968	70,179	29,204	41.6	27,807	39.6	1,397	4.8	40,976
1969	71,436	30,513	42.7	29,084	40.7	1,429	4.7	40,924
1970	72,782	31,543	43.3	29,688	40.8	1,855	5.9	41,239
1971	74,274	32,202	43.4	29,976	40.4	2,227	6.9	42,072
1972	76,290	33,479	43.9	31,257	41.0	2,222	6.6	42,811
1973	77,804	34,804	44.7	32,715	42.0	2,089	6.0	43,000
1974	79,312	36,211	45.7	33,769	42.6	2,441	6.7	43,101

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
1975	80,860	37,475	46.3	33,989	42.0	3,486	9.3	43,385
1976	82,390	38,983	47.3	35,615	43.2	3,369	8.6	43,406
1977	83,840	40,613	48.4	37,289	44.5	3,324	8.2	43,227
1978	85,334	42,631	50.0	39,569	46.4	3,061	7.2	42,703
1979	86,843	44,235	50.9	41,217	47.5	3,018	6.8	42,608
1980	88,348	45,487	51.5	42,117	47.7	3,370	7.4	42,861
1981	89,618	46,696	52.1	43,000	48.0	3,696	7.9	42,922
1982	90,748	47,755	52.6	43,256	47.7	4,499	9.4	42,993
1983	91,684	48,503	52.9	44,047	48.0	4,457	9.2	43,181
1984	92,778	49,709	53.6	45,915	49.5	3,794	7.6	43,068
1985	93,736	51,050	54.5	47,259	50.4	3,791	7.4	42,686
1986	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	3,707	7.1	42,376
1987	95,853	53,658	56.0	50,334	52.5	3,324	6.2	42,195
1988	96,756	54,742	56.6	51,696	53.4	3,046	5.6	42,014
1989	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	3,003	5.4	41,601
1990	98,787	56,829	57.5	53,689	54.3	3,140	5.5	41,957
1991	99,646	57,178	57.4	53,496	53.7	3,683	6.4	42,468
1992	100,535	58,141	57.8	54,052	53.8	4,090	7.0	42,394
1993	101,506	58,795	57.9	54,910	54.1	3,885	6.6	42,711
1994	102,460	60,239	58.8	56,610	55.3	3,629	6.0	42,221
1995	103,406	60,944	58.9	57,523	55.6	3,421	5.6	42,462
1996	104,385	61,857	59.3	58,501	56.0	3,356	5.4	42,528
1997	105,418	63,036	59.8	59,873	56.8	3,162	5.0	42,382
1998	106,462	63,714	59.8	60,771	57.1	2,944	4.6	42,748
1999	108,031	64,855	60.0	62,042	57.4	2,814	4.3	43,175
2000	110,613	66,303	59.9	63,586	57.5	2,717	4.1	44,310
2001	111,811	66,848	59.8	63,737	57.0	3,111	4.7	44,962
2002	112,985	67,363	59.6	63,582	56.3	3,781	5.6	45,621
2003	114,733	68,272	59.5	64,404	56.1	3,868	5.7	46,461
2004	115,647	68,421	59.2	64,728	56.0	3,694	5.4	47,225
2005	116,931	69,288	59.3	65,757	56.2	3,531	5.1	47,643
2006	118,210	70,173	59.4	66,925	56.6	3,247	4.6	48,037
2007	119,694	70,988	59.3	67,792	56.6	3,196	4.5	48,707
2008	120,675	71,767	59.5	67,876	56.2	3,891	5.4	48,908
2009	121,665	72,019	59.2	66,208	54.4	5,811	8.1	49,646
2010	122,656	71,904	58.6	65,705	53.6	6,199	8.6	50,752
2011	123,300	71,642	58.1	65,579	53.2	6,063	8.5	51,658
2012	125,941	72,648	57.7	66,914	53.1	5,734	7.9	53,293
2013	127,124	72,722	57.2	67,577	53.2	5,146	7.1	54,401
2014	128,199	73,039	57.0	68,613	53.5	4,426	6.1	55,159
2015	129,700	73,510	56.7	69,703	53.7	3,807	5.2	56,190
2016	131,040	74,432	56.8	70,868	54.1	3,564	4.8	56,608
2017	131,804	75,175	57.0	71,936	54.6	3,239	4.3	56,629
Men								
1948	49,996	43,286	86.6	41,725	83.5	1,559	3.6	6,710

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
1949	50,321	43,498	86.4	40,925	81.3	2,572	5.9	6,825
1950	50,725	43,819	86.4	41,578	82.0	2,239	5.1	6,906
1951	49,727	43,001	86.5	41,780	84.0	1,221	2.8	6,725
1952	49,700	42,869	86.3	41,682	83.9	1,185	2.8	6,832
1953	50,750	43,633	86.0	42,430	83.6	1,202	2.8	7,117
1954	51,395	43,965	85.5	41,619	81.0	2,344	5.3	7,431
1955	52,109	44,475	85.4	42,621	81.8	1,854	4.2	7,634
1956	52,723	45,091	85.5	43,379	82.3	1,711	3.8	7,633
1957	53,315	45,197	84.8	43,357	81.3	1,841	4.1	8,118
1958	54,033	45,521	84.2	42,423	78.5	3,098	6.8	8,514
1959	54,793	45,886	83.7	43,466	79.3	2,420	5.2	8,907
1960	55,662	46,388	83.3	43,904	78.9	2,486	5.4	9,274
1961	56,286	46,653	82.9	43,656	77.6	2,997	6.4	9,633
1962	56,831	46,600	82.0	44,177	77.7	2,423	5.2	10,231
1963	57,921	47,129	81.4	44,657	77.1	2,472	5.2	10,792
1964	58,847	47,679	81.0	45,474	77.3	2,205	4.6	11,169
1965	59,782	48,255	80.7	46,340	77.5	1,914	4.0	11,527
1966	60,262	48,471	80.4	46,919	77.9	1,551	3.2	11,792
1967	60,905	48,987	80.4	47,479	78.0	1,508	3.1	11,919
1968	61,847	49,533	80.1	48,114	77.8	1,419	2.9	12,315
1969	62,898	50,221	79.8	48,818	77.6	1,403	2.8	12,677
1970	64,304	51,228	79.7	48,990	76.2	2,238	4.4	13,076
1971	65,942	52,180	79.1	49,390	74.9	2,789	5.3	13,762
1972	67,835	53,555	78.9	50,896	75.0	2,659	5.0	14,280
1973	69,292	54,624	78.8	52,349	75.5	2,275	4.2	14,667
1974	70,808	55,739	78.7	53,024	74.9	2,714	4.9	15,069
1975	72,291	56,299	77.9	51,857	71.7	4,442	7.9	15,992
1976	73,759	57,174	77.5	53,138	72.0	4,036	7.1	16,585
1977	75,193	58,396	77.7	54,728	72.8	3,667	6.3	16,797
1978	76,576	59,620	77.9	56,479	73.8	3,142	5.3	16,956
1979	78,020	60,726	77.8	57,607	73.8	3,120	5.1	17,293
1980	79,398	61,453	77.4	57,186	72.0	4,267	6.9	17,945
1981	80,511	61,974	77.0	57,397	71.3	4,577	7.4	18,537
1982	81,523	62,450	76.6	56,271	69.0	6,179	9.9	19,073
1983	82,531	63,047	76.4	56,787	68.8	6,260	9.9	19,484
1984	83,605	63,835	76.4	59,091	70.7	4,744	7.4	19,771
1985	84,469	64,411	76.3	59,891	70.9	4,521	7.0	20,058
1986	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	4,530	6.9	20,376
1987	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	4,101	6.2	20,692
1988	87,857	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	3,655	5.5	20,930
1989	88,762	67,840	76.4	64,315	72.5	3,525	5.2	20,923
1990	90,377	69,011	76.4	65,104	72.0	3,906	5.7	21,367
1991	91,278	69,168	75.8	64,223	70.4	4,946	7.2	22,110
1992	92,270	69,964	75.8	64,440	69.8	5,523	7.9	22,306
1993	93,332	70,404	75.4	65,349	70.0	5,055	7.2	22,927

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
1994	94,355	70,817	75.1	66,450	70.4	4,367	6.2	23,538
1995	95,178	71,360	75.0	67,377	70.8	3,983	5.6	23,818
1996	96,206	72,087	74.9	68,207	70.9	3,880	5.4	24,119
1997	97,715	73,261	75.0	69,685	71.3	3,577	4.9	24,454
1998	98,758	73,959	74.9	70,693	71.6	3,266	4.4	24,799
1999	99,722	74,512	74.7	71,446	71.6	3,066	4.1	25,210
2000	101,964	76,280	74.8	73,305	71.9	2,975	3.9	25,684
2001	103,282	76,886	74.4	73,196	70.9	3,690	4.8	26,396
2002	104,585	77,500	74.1	72,903	69.7	4,597	5.9	27,085
2003	106,435	78,238	73.5	73,332	68.9	4,906	6.3	28,197
2004	107,710	78,980	73.3	74,524	69.2	4,456	5.6	28,730
2005	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119
2006	110,605	81,255	73.5	77,502	70.1	3,753	4.6	29,350
2007	112,173	82,136	73.2	78,254	69.8	3,882	4.7	30,036
2008	113,113	82,520	73.0	77,486	68.5	5,033	6.1	30,593
2009	114,136	82,123	72.0	73,670	64.5	8,453	10.3	32,013
2010	115,174	81,985	71.2	73,359	63.7	8,626	10.5	33,189
2011	116,317	81,975	70.5	74,290	63.9	7,684	9.4	34,343
2012	117,343	82,327	70.2	75,555	64.4	6,771	8.2	35,017
2013	118,555	82,667	69.7	76,353	64.4	6,314	7.6	35,889
2014	119,748	82,882	69.2	77,692	64.9	5,190	6.3	36,865
2015	121,101	83,620	69.1	79,131	65.3	4,490	5.4	37,481
2016	122,497	84,755	69.2	80,568	65.8	4,187	4.9	37,743
2017	123,275	85,145	69.1	81,402	66.0	3,743	4.4	38,130

Note: Revisions to population controls and other changes can affect the comparability of labor force levels over time. In recent years, for example, updated population controls have been introduced annually with the release of January data. Information about historical comparability is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] Table 3. Employment status, by race, age, gender, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Race, age, gender, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
White								
Total, 16 years and older	198,942	124,941	62.8	120,176	60.4	4,765	3.8	74,001
16 to 19 years	12,339	4,542	36.8	3,989	32.3	554	12.2	7,797
20 to 24 years	15,701	11,481	73.1	10,738	68.4	743	6.5	4,220
25 to 54 years	95,391	78,569	82.4	76,006	79.7	2,564	3.3	16,821
55 to 64 years	33,709	22,209	65.9	21,581	64.0	628	2.8	11,500
65 years and older	41,803	8,139	19.5	7,863	18.8	277	3.4	33,663
Women, 16 years and older	101,717	57,349	56.4	55,176	54.2	2,173	3.8	44,368
16 to 19 years	6,055	2,247	37.1	1,997	33.0	249	11.1	3,809
20 to 24 years	7,776	5,419	69.7	5,126	65.9	293	5.4	2,356
25 to 54 years	47,709	35,777	75.0	34,576	72.5	1,201	3.4	11,933
55 to 64 years	17,296	10,346	59.8	10,050	58.1	297	2.9	6,949
65 years and older	22,881	3,560	15.6	3,428	15.0	132	3.7	19,321

Note: Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Race, age, gender, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Men, 16 years and older	97,225	67,592	69.5	65,000	66.9	2,592	3.8	29,633
16 to 19 years	6,284	2,296	36.5	1,991	31.7	304	13.3	3,988
20 to 24 years	7,925	6,062	76.5	5,613	70.8	449	7.4	1,863
25 to 54 years	47,681	42,793	89.7	41,430	86.9	1,363	3.2	4,889
55 to 64 years	16,413	11,863	72.3	11,531	70.3	331	2.8	4,550
65 years and older	18,922	4,579	24.2	4,434	23.4	144	3.2	14,343
Black or African American								
Total, 16 years and older	32,247	20,088	62.3	18,587	57.6	1,501	7.5	12,159
16 to 19 years	2,511	754	30.0	573	22.8	181	24.0	1,758
20 to 24 years	3,239	2,241	69.2	1,984	61.3	258	11.5	997
25 to 54 years	16,953	13,530	79.8	12,639	74.6	891	6.6	3,423
55 to 64 years	4,934	2,741	55.6	2,606	52.8	135	4.9	2,193
65 years and older	4,610	822	17.8	786	17.0	36	4.4	3,789
Women, 16 years and older	17,535	10,580	60.3	9,845	56.1	735	6.9	6,955
16 to 19 years	1,263	409	32.4	331	26.2	77	18.9	854
20 to 24 years	1,667	1,151	69.0	1,038	62.2	113	9.8	516
25 to 54 years	9,159	7,143	78.0	6,682	73.0	461	6.5	2,016
55 to 64 years	2,700	1,437	53.2	1,375	50.9	62	4.3	1,263
65 years and older	2,747	441	16.1	421	15.3	21	4.7	2,305
Men, 16 years and older	14,712	9,508	64.6	8,742	59.4	766	8.1	5,204
16 to 19 years	1,249	345	27.6	241	19.3	104	30.0	903
20 to 24 years	1,571	1,091	69.4	946	60.2	144	13.2	481
25 to 54 years	7,795	6,388	81.9	5,958	76.4	430	6.7	1,407
55 to 64 years	2,234	1,304	58.4	1,231	55.1	73	5.6	930
65 years and older	1,864	380	20.4	365	19.6	15	4.0	1,483
Asian								
Total, 16 years and older	15,368	9,781	63.6	9,448	61.5	333	3.4	5,587
16 to 19 years	878	207	23.5	183	20.8	24	11.5	672
20 to 24 years	1,359	727	53.5	675	49.6	52	7.2	632
25 to 54 years	8,816	7,005	79.5	6,819	77.3	187	2.7	1,811
55 to 64 years	2,050	1,401	68.3	1,350	65.9	51	3.6	649
65 years and older	2,265	441	19.5	422	18.6	20	4.4	1,824
Women, 16 years and older	8,187	4,615	56.4	4,458	54.5	156	3.4	3,572
16 to 19 years	444	101	22.9	90	20.3	11	11.0	342
20 to 24 years	681	363	53.3	341	50.2	21	5.8	318
25 to 54 years	4,650	3,258	70.1	3,164	68.1	93	2.9	1,392
55 to 64 years	1,119	690	61.7	667	59.6	24	3.4	428
65 years and older	1,293	202	15.6	195	15.1	7	3.4	1,091
Men, 16 years and older	7,181	5,166	71.9	4,989	69.5	177	3.4	2,015
16 to 19 years	434	105	24.2	93	21.3	13	12.1	329
20 to 24 years	678	364	53.7	333	49.1	31	8.6	314
25 to 54 years	4,166	3,748	90.0	3,654	87.7	93	2.5	419
55 to 64 years	931	710	76.3	683	73.4	27	3.8	221
65 years and older	971	239	24.6	226	23.3	13	5.3	733
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								

Note: Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Race, age, gender, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total, 16 years and older	41,371	27,339	66.1	25,938	62.7	1,401	5.1	14,032
16 to 19 years	3,844	1,225	31.9	1,041	27.1	184	15.0	2,619
20 to 24 years	4,686	3,326	71.0	3,073	65.6	253	7.6	1,361
25 to 54 years	24,051	19,072	79.3	18,259	75.9	813	4.3	4,978
55 to 64 years	4,662	2,939	63.0	2,825	60.6	113	3.9	1,723
65 years and older	4,129	778	18.8	740	17.9	38	4.9	3,351
Women, 16 years and older	20,794	11,735	56.4	11,064	53.2	671	5.7	9,058
16 to 19 years	1,893	608	32.1	522	27.6	86	14.1	1,285
20 to 24 years	2,312	1,497	64.7	1,381	59.7	116	7.7	815
25 to 54 years	11,847	8,018	67.7	7,620	64.3	398	5.0	3,829
55 to 64 years	2,406	1,281	53.2	1,224	50.9	56	4.4	1,125
65 years and older	2,335	332	14.2	317	13.6	15	4.6	2,003
Men, 16 years and older	20,578	15,604	75.8	14,874	72.3	730	4.7	4,974
16 to 19 years	1,951	617	31.6	519	26.6	98	15.9	1,333
20 to 24 years	2,374	1,829	77.0	1,692	71.3	137	7.5	545
25 to 54 years	12,204	11,054	90.6	10,639	87.2	415	3.8	1,150
55 to 64 years	2,256	1,658	73.5	1,601	71.0	57	3.4	598
65 years and older	1,794	446	24.9	423	23.6	23	5.1	1,348

Note: Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] Table 4. Employment status, by marital status and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Marital status and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
16 years and older	255,079	160,320	62.9	153,337	60.1	6,982	4.4	94,759
Married, spouse present ⁽¹⁾	127,362	83,594	65.6	81,487	64.0	2,107	2.5	43,768
Other marital status ⁽²⁾	127,717	76,726	60.1	71,850	56.3	4,875	6.4	50,991
Never married	78,378	51,685	65.9	47,995	61.2	3,690	7.1	26,693
Widowed, divorced, or separated ⁽³⁾	49,339	25,041	50.8	23,856	48.4	1,185	4.7	24,298
Widowed	14,918	3,096	20.8	2,961	19.8	136	4.4	11,821
Divorced	25,555	16,113	63.1	15,394	60.2	718	4.5	9,443
Separated ⁽³⁾	8,866	5,832	65.8	5,501	62.0	331	5.7	3,035
Women								
16 years and older	131,804	75,175	57.0	71,936	54.6	3,239	4.3	56,629
Married, spouse present ⁽¹⁾	63,178	36,776	58.2	35,782	56.6	994	2.7	26,402
Other marital status ⁽²⁾	68,626	38,398	56.0	36,154	52.7	2,245	5.8	30,228
Never married	37,318	23,993	64.3	22,442	60.1	1,552	6.5	13,325
Widowed, divorced, or separated ⁽³⁾	31,308	14,405	46.0	13,712	43.8	693	4.8	16,902
Widowed	11,597	2,278	19.6	2,178	18.8	99	4.4	9,319
Divorced	14,863	9,138	61.5	8,738	58.8	400	4.4	5,725

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to people in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes people who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as people in same-sex marriages.

(3) Separated includes people who are married, spouse absent.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Marital status and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Separated ⁽¹⁾	4,848	2,989	61.7	2,796	57.7	193	6.5	1,858
Men								
16 years and older	123,275	85,145	69.1	81,402	66.0	3,743	4.4	38,130
Married, spouse present ⁽¹⁾	64,184	46,818	72.9	45,705	71.2	1,113	2.4	17,366
Other marital status ⁽²⁾	59,091	38,327	64.9	35,696	60.4	2,631	6.9	20,764
Never married	41,059	27,691	67.4	25,553	62.2	2,138	7.7	13,368
Widowed, divorced, or separated ⁽³⁾	18,032	10,636	59.0	10,144	56.3	492	4.6	7,396
Widowed	3,321	819	24.7	782	23.6	37	4.5	2,502
Divorced	10,692	6,974	65.2	6,656	62.3	318	4.6	3,718
Separated ⁽³⁾	4,019	2,843	70.7	2,705	67.3	138	4.8	1,176

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to people in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes people who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as people in same-sex marriages.

(3) Separated includes people who are married, spouse absent.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 5. Employment status, by gender, presence and age of children, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, March 2017 (Numbers in thousands)**

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
Women, 16 years and older	131,469	75,537	57.5	72,289	55.0	3,248	4.3	55,932
With children under 18 years old	34,871	24,863	71.3	23,748	68.1	1,114	4.5	10,008
With children 6 to 17, none younger	19,833	15,080	76.0	14,481	73.0	599	4.0	4,753
With children under 6 years old	15,038	9,783	65.1	9,268	61.6	515	5.3	5,255
With children under 3 years old	8,638	5,449	63.1	5,153	59.7	296	5.4	3,189
With no children under 18 years old	96,598	50,675	52.5	48,541	50.3	2,134	4.2	45,924
Men, 16 years and older	122,944	84,355	68.6	80,267	65.3	4,088	4.8	38,590
With children under 18 years old	27,026	25,077	92.8	24,254	89.7	822	3.3	1,949
With children 6 to 17, none younger	15,313	14,015	91.5	13,617	88.9	398	2.8	1,298
With children under 6 years old	11,713	11,062	94.4	10,638	90.8	424	3.8	651
With children under 3 years old	6,809	6,475	95.1	6,231	91.5	244	3.8	334
With no children under 18 years old	95,919	59,278	61.8	56,012	58.4	3,266	5.5	36,641
White								
Women, 16 years and older	101,554	57,764	56.9	55,605	54.8	2,159	3.7	43,789
With children under 18 years old	26,123	18,545	71.0	17,850	68.3	695	3.7	7,578
With children 6 to 17, none younger	14,898	11,315	75.9	10,938	73.4	377	3.3	3,583

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
With children under 6 years old	11,225	7,230	64.4	6,912	61.6	318	4.4	3,995
With children under 3 years old	6,507	4,084	62.8	3,888	59.7	196	4.8	2,423
With no children under 18 years old	75,431	39,220	52.0	37,755	50.1	1,465	3.7	36,211
Men, 16 years and older	97,043	67,119	69.2	64,251	66.2	2,868	4.3	29,924
With children under 18 years old	21,511	20,163	93.7	19,544	90.9	618	3.1	1,349
With children 6 to 17, none younger	12,172	11,284	92.7	10,977	90.2	306	2.7	888
With children under 6 years old	9,339	8,879	95.1	8,567	91.7	312	3.5	461
With children under 3 years old	5,493	5,240	95.4	5,057	92.1	183	3.5	253
With no children under 18 years old	75,532	46,957	62.2	44,707	59.2	2,250	4.8	28,575
Black or African American								
Women, 16 years and older	17,475	10,600	60.7	9,834	56.3	766	7.2	6,875
With children under 18 years old	4,931	3,816	77.4	3,500	71.0	316	8.3	1,114
With children 6 to 17, none younger	2,813	2,259	80.3	2,092	74.4	167	7.4	554
With children under 6 years old	2,117	1,557	73.5	1,408	66.5	149	9.6	561
With children under 3 years old	1,189	834	70.1	752	63.3	82	9.8	355
With no children under 18 years old	12,544	6,784	54.1	6,334	50.5	449	6.6	5,761
Men, 16 years and older	14,652	9,314	63.6	8,514	58.1	799	8.6	5,338
With children under 18 years old	2,494	2,148	86.1	2,035	81.6	113	5.3	346
With children 6 to 17, none younger	1,402	1,159	82.6	1,110	79.2	49	4.2	243
With children under 6 years old	1,092	989	90.6	925	84.7	65	6.6	103
With children under 3 years old	639	600	93.8	569	89.0	31	5.1	40
With no children under 18 years old	12,157	7,165	58.9	6,480	53.3	686	9.6	4,992
Asian								
Women, 16 years and older	8,146	4,605	56.5	4,440	54.5	165	3.6	3,542
With children under 18 years old	2,547	1,658	65.1	1,616	63.4	42	2.5	889
With children 6 to 17, none younger	1,514	1,080	71.4	1,051	69.4	30	2.7	433
With children under 6 years old	1,033	577	55.9	565	54.7	12	2.2	456
With children under 3 years old	545	296	54.3	296	54.3	0	0.1	249
With no children under 18 years old	5,600	2,947	52.6	2,824	50.4	123	4.2	2,653
Men, 16 years and older	7,253	5,208	71.8	5,015	69.1	193	3.7	2,045

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
With children under 18 years old	2,159	2,013	93.2	1,974	91.4	39	1.9	146
With children 6 to 17, none younger	1,280	1,185	92.6	1,156	90.3	29	2.4	95
With children under 6 years old	879	828	94.2	818	93.0	10	1.2	51
With children under 3 years old	453	426	94.2	420	92.8	6	1.4	26
With no children under 18 years old	5,094	3,194	62.7	3,040	59.7	154	4.8	1,899
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Women, 16 years and older	20,645	11,783	57.1	11,160	54.1	623	5.3	8,862
With children under 18 years old	7,643	4,742	62.0	4,478	58.6	263	5.6	2,902
With children 6 to 17, none younger	4,191	2,857	68.2	2,705	64.5	152	5.3	1,335
With children under 6 years old	3,452	1,885	54.6	1,773	51.4	112	5.9	1,567
With children under 3 years old	1,871	946	50.6	886	47.3	61	6.4	925
With no children under 18 years old	13,002	7,042	54.2	6,682	51.4	360	5.1	5,960
Men, 16 years and older	20,435	15,279	74.8	14,457	70.7	823	5.4	5,156
With children under 18 years old	5,671	5,290	93.3	5,068	89.4	222	4.2	381
With children 6 to 17, none younger	3,100	2,871	92.6	2,759	89.0	112	3.9	229
With children under 6 years old	2,571	2,419	94.1	2,309	89.8	110	4.6	152
With children under 3 years old	1,403	1,334	95.1	1,276	90.9	58	4.4	69
With no children under 18 years old	14,764	9,989	67.7	9,389	63.6	601	6.0	4,775

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

[-] Table 6. Employment status of women, by presence and age of children, marital status, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, March 2017 (Numbers in thousands)

Presence and age of youngest child	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total, all marital statuses								
Total women, 16 years and older	131,469	75,537	57.5	72,289	55.0	3,248	4.3	55,932
With children under 18 years old	34,871	24,863	71.3	23,748	68.1	1,114	4.5	10,008
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	19,833	15,080	76.0	14,481	73.0	599	4.0	4,753
With children under 6 years old	15,038	9,783	65.1	9,268	61.6	515	5.3	5,255

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to women in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes women who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as women in same-sex marriages.

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Presence and age of youngest child	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
With children under 3 years old	8,638	5,449	63.1	5,153	59.7	296	5.4	3,189
With no children under 18 years old	96,598	50,675	52.5	48,541	50.3	2,134	4.2	45,924
Total, married, spouse present⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	63,295	37,414	59.1	36,383	57.5	1,031	2.8	25,880
With children under 18 years old	24,443	16,931	69.3	16,406	67.1	525	3.1	7,512
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	13,733	10,199	74.3	9,883	72.0	316	3.1	3,534
With children under 6 years old	10,710	6,732	62.9	6,523	60.9	209	3.1	3,977
With children under 3 years old	6,275	3,882	61.9	3,762	60.0	120	3.1	2,393
With no children under 18 years old	38,852	20,483	52.7	19,978	51.4	505	2.5	18,369
Total, other marital statuses⁽²⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	68,174	38,123	55.9	35,906	52.7	2,217	5.8	30,051
With children under 18 years old	10,428	7,932	76.1	7,343	70.4	589	7.4	2,496
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	6,100	4,881	80.0	4,598	75.4	283	5.8	1,219
With children under 6 years old	4,328	3,051	70.5	2,744	63.4	306	10.0	1,277
With children under 3 years old	2,362	1,567	66.3	1,391	58.9	176	11.2	796
With no children under 18 years old	57,746	30,191	52.3	28,563	49.5	1,628	5.4	27,555
White, all marital statuses								
Total women, 16 years and older	101,554	57,764	56.9	55,605	54.8	2,159	3.7	43,789
With children under 18 years old	26,123	18,545	71.0	17,850	68.3	695	3.7	7,578
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	14,898	11,315	75.9	10,938	73.4	377	3.3	3,583
With children under 6 years old	11,225	7,230	64.4	6,912	61.6	318	4.4	3,995
With children under 3 years old	6,507	4,084	62.8	3,888	59.7	196	4.8	2,423
With no children under 18 years old	75,431	39,220	52.0	37,755	50.1	1,465	3.7	36,211
White, married, spouse present⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	52,260	30,611	58.6	29,837	57.1	774	2.5	21,649
With children under 18 years old	19,499	13,546	69.5	13,149	67.4	396	2.9	5,953
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	10,944	8,160	74.6	7,924	72.4	235	2.9	2,784
With children under 6 years old	8,555	5,386	63.0	5,225	61.1	161	3.0	3,169
With children under 3 years old	5,080	3,165	62.3	3,064	60.3	101	3.2	1,915
With no children under 18 years old	32,761	17,065	52.1	16,688	50.9	377	2.2	15,696
White, other marital statuses⁽²⁾								

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to women in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes women who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as women in same-sex marriages.

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Presence and age of youngest child	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total women, 16 years and older	49,294	27,154	55.1	25,768	52.3	1,386	5.1	22,140
With children under 18 years old	6,624	4,999	75.5	4,701	71.0	298	6.0	1,625
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	3,955	3,155	79.8	3,014	76.2	142	4.5	799
With children under 6 years old	2,669	1,843	69.1	1,687	63.2	157	8.5	826
With children under 3 years old	1,427	919	64.4	823	57.7	95	10.4	508
With no children under 18 years old	42,670	22,155	51.9	21,068	49.4	1,087	4.9	20,515
Black or African American, all marital statuses								
Total women, 16 years and older	17,475	10,600	60.7	9,834	56.3	766	7.2	6,875
With children under 18 years old	4,931	3,816	77.4	3,500	71.0	316	8.3	1,114
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	2,813	2,259	80.3	2,092	74.4	167	7.4	554
With children under 6 years old	2,117	1,557	73.5	1,408	66.5	149	9.6	561
With children under 3 years old	1,189	834	70.1	752	63.3	82	9.8	355
With no children under 18 years old	12,544	6,784	54.1	6,334	50.5	449	6.6	5,761
Black or African American, married, spouse present⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	4,710	3,037	64.5	2,898	61.5	139	4.6	1,672
With children under 18 years old	1,891	1,440	76.2	1,372	72.6	68	4.7	451
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	1,080	858	79.4	816	75.6	41	4.8	223
With children under 6 years old	811	583	71.9	556	68.6	27	4.6	228
With children under 3 years old	480	331	69.0	318	66.3	13	4.0	149
With no children under 18 years old	2,819	1,597	56.7	1,526	54.1	71	4.5	1,222
Black or African American, other marital statuses⁽²⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	12,765	7,562	59.2	6,936	54.3	626	8.3	5,202
With children under 18 years old	3,040	2,376	78.2	2,127	70.0	248	10.5	664
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	1,733	1,402	80.9	1,276	73.6	126	9.0	331
With children under 6 years old	1,307	974	74.5	852	65.2	123	12.6	333
With children under 3 years old	709	502	70.9	434	61.2	68	13.6	206
With no children under 18 years old	9,725	5,186	53.3	4,808	49.4	378	7.3	4,539
Asian, all marital statuses								
Total women, 16 years and older	8,146	4,605	56.5	4,440	54.5	165	3.6	3,542
With children under 18 years old	2,547	1,658	65.1	1,616	63.4	42	2.5	889

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to women in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes women who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as women in same-sex marriages.

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Presence and age of youngest child	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	1,514	1,080	71.4	1,051	69.4	30	2.7	433
With children under 6 years old	1,033	577	55.9	565	54.7	12	2.2	456
With children under 3 years old	545	296	54.3	296	54.3	0	0.1	249
With no children under 18 years old	5,600	2,947	52.6	2,824	50.4	123	4.2	2,653
Asian, married, spouse present⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	4,755	2,810	59.1	2,731	57.4	78	2.8	1,946
With children under 18 years old	2,297	1,462	63.6	1,425	62.0	37	2.5	835
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	1,342	943	70.3	918	68.4	25	2.6	399
With children under 6 years old	956	519	54.3	507	53.1	12	2.3	436
With children under 3 years old	496	261	52.6	261	52.6	-	-	235
With no children under 18 years old	2,458	1,347	54.8	1,306	53.1	41	3.1	1,110
Asian, other marital statuses⁽²⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	3,391	1,795	52.9	1,708	50.4	87	4.8	1,596
With children under 18 years old	249	196	78.4	190	76.4	5	2.6	54
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	172	138	79.9	133	77.0	5	3.6	35
With children under 6 years old	77	58	75.2	58	74.9	0	-	19
With children under 3 years old	50	36	71.8	35	71.3	0	-	14
With no children under 18 years old	3,142	1,600	50.9	1,518	48.3	81	5.1	1,542
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, all marital statuses								
Total women, 16 years and older	20,645	11,783	57.1	11,160	54.1	623	5.3	8,862
With children under 18 years old	7,643	4,742	62.0	4,478	58.6	263	5.6	2,902
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	4,191	2,857	68.2	2,705	64.5	152	5.3	1,335
With children under 6 years old	3,452	1,885	54.6	1,773	51.4	112	5.9	1,567
With children under 3 years old	1,871	946	50.6	886	47.3	61	6.4	925
With no children under 18 years old	13,002	7,042	54.2	6,682	51.4	360	5.1	5,960
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, married, spouse present⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	9,397	5,144	54.7	4,933	52.5	211	4.1	4,253
With children under 18 years old	5,142	2,892	56.3	2,760	53.7	133	4.6	2,249
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	2,807	1,755	62.5	1,677	59.7	78	4.5	1,052

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to women in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes women who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as women in same-sex marriages.

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Presence and age of youngest child	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
With children under 6 years old	2,335	1,137	48.7	1,083	46.4	54	4.8	1,197
With children under 3 years old	1,279	586	45.8	556	43.4	30	5.2	694
With no children under 18 years old	4,255	2,252	52.9	2,174	51.1	78	3.5	2,003
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, other marital statuses⁽¹⁾								
Total women, 16 years and older	11,248	6,639	59.0	6,227	55.4	412	6.2	4,609
With children under 18 years old	2,502	1,849	73.9	1,719	68.7	130	7.1	652
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger	1,385	1,102	79.6	1,028	74.3	73	6.6	283
With children under 6 years old	1,117	748	66.9	690	61.8	57	7.7	370
With children under 3 years old	591	360	60.9	330	55.8	30	8.4	231
With no children under 18 years old	8,747	4,790	54.8	4,508	51.5	281	5.9	3,957

Footnotes:

(1) Refers to women in opposite-sex married couples only.

(2) Includes women who are never married; widowed; divorced; separated; and married, spouse absent; as well as women in same-sex marriages.

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

[-] Table 7. Employment status of women, by presence and age of children, March 1975–March 2017 (Numbers in thousands)

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
With children under age 18					
1975	14,616	47.4	13,069	1,548	11.0
1976	15,073	48.8	13,725	1,346	8.9
1977	15,669	50.8	14,276	1,393	8.9
1978	16,385	53.0	15,142	1,242	7.6
1979	16,883	54.5	15,624	1,259	7.7
1980	17,790	56.6	16,526	1,264	7.1
1981	18,422	58.1	16,952	1,471	8.0
1982	18,744	58.5	16,854	1,890	10.1
1983	18,924	58.9	16,792	2,131	11.3
1984	19,555	60.5	17,782	1,773	9.1
1985	20,041	62.1	18,306	1,735	8.7
1986	20,620	62.8	18,922	1,698	8.2
1987	21,422	64.7	19,798	1,624	7.6
1988	21,545	65.1	20,141	1,404	6.5
1989	21,936	65.7	20,647	1,289	5.9
1990	22,196	66.7	20,865	1,331	6.0
1991	22,327	66.6	20,774	1,552	7.0
1992	22,756	67.2	21,052	1,704	7.5
1993	23,063	66.9	21,521	1,541	6.7
1994	24,191	68.4	22,467	1,724	7.1
1995	24,695	69.7	23,195	1,500	6.1

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
1996	24,720	70.2	23,386	1,334	5.4
1997	25,604	72.1	24,082	1,522	5.9
1998	25,647	72.3	24,209	1,438	5.6
1999	25,472	72.1	24,307	1,165	4.6
2000	25,795	72.9	24,693	1,102	4.3
2001	26,269	72.7	25,030	1,239	4.7
2002	26,140	72.2	24,612	1,529	5.8
2003	26,202	71.7	24,598	1,603	6.1
2004	25,913	70.7	24,413	1,501	5.8
2005	25,941	70.5	24,564	1,377	5.3
2006	26,009	70.6	24,728	1,281	4.9
2007	26,834	71.3	25,646	1,188	4.4
2008	25,930	71.2	24,637	1,294	5.0
2009	26,122	71.6	24,079	2,043	7.8
2010	25,783	71.3	23,510	2,273	8.8
2011	25,376	70.9	23,109	2,266	8.9
2012	25,384	70.9	23,366	2,018	7.9
2013	25,112	70.3	23,121	1,991	7.9
2014	25,209	70.8	23,542	1,667	6.6
2015	25,107	69.9	23,841	1,265	5.0
2016	25,070	70.8	23,877	1,193	4.8
2017	24,863	71.3	23,748	1,114	4.5
With children ages 6 to 17, none younger					
1975	8,917	54.9	8,218	700	7.9
1976	9,388	56.2	8,769	621	6.6
1977	10,040	58.3	9,389	650	6.5
1978	10,401	60.0	9,845	556	5.3
1979	10,646	61.6	10,030	615	5.8
1980	11,252	64.3	10,640	612	5.4
1981	11,490	65.5	10,725	765	6.7
1982	11,377	65.8	10,440	936	8.2
1983	11,340	66.3	10,303	1,037	9.1
1984	11,538	68.1	10,739	799	6.9
1985	11,826	69.9	10,984	842	7.1
1986	12,075	70.4	11,320	756	6.3
1987	12,438	72.0	11,661	778	6.3
1988	12,683	73.3	12,042	641	5.1
1989	12,800	74.2	12,168	632	4.9
1990	12,799	74.7	12,133	666	5.2
1991	12,691	74.4	12,017	674	5.3
1992	13,183	75.9	12,391	793	6.0
1993	13,441	75.4	12,757	684	5.1
1994	13,863	76.0	13,074	789	5.7
1995	14,300	76.4	13,608	691	4.8
1996	14,427	77.2	13,794	633	4.4
1997	14,993	78.1	14,282	711	4.7
1998	15,028	78.4	14,370	658	4.4

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
1999	15,150	78.5	14,633	516	3.4
2000	15,479	79.0	14,931	549	3.5
2001	15,839	79.4	15,220	619	3.9
2002	15,948	78.6	15,171	777	4.9
2003	15,993	78.7	15,166	828	5.2
2004	15,782	77.5	15,006	776	4.9
2005	15,594	76.9	14,930	663	4.3
2006	15,579	76.9	14,949	630	4.0
2007	15,940	77.7	15,341	599	3.8
2008	15,479	77.5	14,842	636	4.1
2009	15,625	78.2	14,562	1,063	6.8
2010	15,247	77.2	14,058	1,189	7.8
2011	14,973	76.5	13,842	1,131	7.6
2012	14,922	76.0	13,908	1,014	6.8
2013	14,941	74.8	13,909	1,032	6.9
2014	15,227	75.8	14,389	838	5.5
2015	15,059	74.6	14,437	622	4.1
2016	15,135	75.0	14,519	616	4.1
2017	15,080	76.0	14,481	599	4.0
With children under age 6					
1975	5,699	39.0	4,851	848	14.9
1976	5,684	40.1	4,957	727	12.8
1977	5,629	41.2	4,887	742	13.2
1978	5,983	44.0	5,297	687	11.5
1979	6,238	45.7	5,594	644	10.3
1980	6,538	46.8	5,886	652	10.0
1981	6,933	48.9	6,227	706	10.2
1982	7,367	49.9	6,414	953	12.9
1983	7,583	50.5	6,489	1,094	14.4
1984	8,017	52.1	7,043	974	12.1
1985	8,215	53.5	7,322	893	10.9
1986	8,545	54.4	7,602	943	11.0
1987	8,983	56.7	8,137	846	9.4
1988	8,862	56.1	8,099	763	8.6
1989	9,136	56.7	8,478	657	7.2
1990	9,397	58.2	8,732	664	7.1
1991	9,636	58.4	8,758	878	9.1
1992	9,573	58.0	8,662	911	9.5
1993	9,621	57.9	8,764	857	8.9
1994	10,328	60.3	9,394	935	9.0
1995	10,395	62.3	9,587	809	7.8
1996	10,293	62.3	9,592	701	6.8
1997	10,610	65.0	9,800	810	7.6
1998	10,619	65.2	9,839	780	7.3
1999	10,322	64.4	9,674	648	6.3
2000	10,316	65.3	9,763	553	5.4
2001	10,430	64.4	9,810	620	5.9

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
2002	10,193	64.1	9,441	752	7.4
2003	10,209	62.9	9,433	776	7.6
2004	10,131	62.2	9,407	724	7.1
2005	10,347	62.6	9,634	714	6.9
2006	10,430	63.0	9,779	651	6.2
2007	10,894	63.5	10,305	589	5.4
2008	10,452	63.6	9,794	657	6.3
2009	10,497	63.6	9,517	980	9.3
2010	10,536	64.2	9,452	1,085	10.3
2011	10,403	64.2	9,268	1,135	10.9
2012	10,462	64.7	9,458	1,004	9.6
2013	10,171	64.7	9,212	958	9.4
2014	9,982	64.3	9,153	829	8.3
2015	10,048	63.9	9,405	643	6.4
2016	9,934	65.3	9,358	576	5.8
2017	9,783	65.1	9,268	515	5.3
With children under age 3					
1975	2,824	34.3	2,326	500	17.7
1976	2,702	34.1	2,285	418	15.5
1977	2,795	35.4	2,371	424	15.2
1978	3,179	39.4	2,768	411	12.9
1979	3,380	41.1	2,979	401	11.9
1980	3,565	41.9	3,167	398	11.2
1981	3,826	44.3	3,380	446	11.7
1982	4,133	45.6	3,542	591	14.3
1983	4,233	46.0	3,551	682	16.1
1984	4,401	47.6	3,839	562	12.8
1985	4,601	49.5	4,089	513	11.1
1986	4,786	50.8	4,227	559	11.7
1987	5,064	52.9	4,570	494	9.8
1988	4,947	52.4	4,477	470	9.5
1989	5,053	52.4	4,671	381	7.5
1990	5,216	53.6	4,823	393	7.5
1991	5,417	54.5	4,868	550	10.1
1992	5,329	54.5	4,776	553	10.4
1993	5,349	53.9	4,857	492	9.2
1994	5,724	57.1	5,165	559	9.8
1995	5,650	58.7	5,172	478	8.5
1996	5,619	59.0	5,222	397	7.1
1997	5,839	61.8	5,366	473	8.1
1998	5,882	62.2	5,454	428	7.3
1999	5,645	60.7	5,285	359	6.4
2000	5,670	61.0	5,350	320	5.6
2001	5,743	60.7	5,350	393	6.8
2002	5,600	60.5	5,160	440	7.9
2003	5,568	58.7	5,112	456	8.2
2004	5,401	57.3	4,983	417	7.7

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
2005	5,704	58.9	5,299	405	7.1
2006	5,842	59.9	5,458	384	6.6
2007	6,006	60.1	5,679	327	5.5
2008	5,754	59.6	5,380	374	6.5
2009	5,960	61.1	5,401	559	9.4
2010	5,878	61.1	5,240	638	10.9
2011	5,639	60.9	5,006	633	11.2
2012	5,529	60.7	4,960	569	10.3
2013	5,448	62.1	4,937	511	9.4
2014	5,358	61.8	4,870	487	9.1
2015	5,494	61.4	5,119	375	6.8
2016	5,486	63.1	5,165	322	5.9
2017	5,449	63.1	5,153	296	5.4
With no children under age 18					
1975	22,365	45.1	20,381	1,984	8.9
1976	23,327	45.7	21,389	1,938	8.3
1977	24,385	46.4	22,348	2,037	8.4
1978	25,362	47.0	23,631	1,731	6.8
1979	26,962	48.6	25,285	1,677	6.2
1980	27,144	48.1	25,375	1,769	6.5
1981	27,992	48.7	25,934	2,059	7.4
1982	28,351	48.6	26,041	2,311	8.2
1983	28,856	48.7	26,373	2,483	8.6
1984	29,684	49.3	27,652	2,032	6.8
1985	30,850	50.4	28,814	2,036	6.6
1986	31,112	50.5	29,107	2,005	6.4
1987	31,538	50.5	29,688	1,850	5.9
1988	32,490	51.2	30,911	1,580	4.9
1989	33,255	51.9	31,761	1,495	4.5
1990	33,942	52.3	32,391	1,551	4.6
1991	34,047	52.0	32,167	1,880	5.5
1992	34,487	52.3	32,481	2,006	5.8
1993	34,495	52.1	32,476	2,020	5.9
1994	35,455	53.1	33,345	2,110	6.0
1995	35,843	52.9	34,054	1,789	5.0
1996	36,509	53.0	34,698	1,811	5.0
1997	37,295	53.6	35,572	1,723	4.6
1998	38,253	54.1	36,680	1,573	4.1
1999	39,314	54.3	37,587	1,727	4.4
2000	40,142	54.8	38,408	1,733	4.3
2001	40,996	54.4	39,363	1,633	4.0
2002	41,278	54.0	39,038	2,241	5.4
2003	42,039	54.1	39,667	2,372	5.6
2004	42,289	53.8	40,000	2,289	5.4
2005	42,677	53.5	40,570	2,107	4.9
2006	43,392	53.6	41,440	1,952	4.5
2007	44,039	53.9	42,279	1,760	4.0

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Year	Civilian labor force		Employed	Unemployed	
	Total	Percentage of population		Total	Percentage of labor force
2008	45,585	54.3	43,417	2,168	4.8
2009	45,649	53.8	42,343	3,306	7.2
2010	46,098	53.5	42,256	3,842	8.3
2011	46,198	53.0	42,569	3,629	7.9
2012	47,222	52.6	43,494	3,728	7.9
2013	47,607	52.3	44,294	3,313	7.0
2014	48,076	52.1	44,980	3,096	6.4
2015	48,273	51.7	45,794	2,479	5.1
2016	49,663	52.1	47,180	2,484	5.0
2017	50,675	52.5	48,541	2,134	4.2

Note: Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, step-children, or adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 1975–2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

[-] Table 8. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, 25 to 64 years of age, by educational attainment and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Educational attainment and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
Total, 25 to 64 years	167,388	129,582	77.4	124,898	74.6	4,685	3.6	37,806
Less than a high school diploma	15,833	9,632	60.8	8,994	56.8	638	6.6	6,201
High school graduates, no college	46,214	33,464	72.4	31,888	69.0	1,576	4.7	12,749
Some college or associate's degree	45,258	35,266	77.9	33,952	75.0	1,314	3.7	9,992
Bachelor's degree and higher	60,084	51,220	85.2	50,064	83.3	1,156	2.3	8,864
Bachelor's degree	38,555	32,371	84.0	31,579	81.9	791	2.4	6,184
Advanced degree	21,529	18,849	87.6	18,484	85.9	365	1.9	2,680
Master's degree	16,041	13,894	86.6	13,598	84.8	296	2.1	2,148
Professional degree	2,393	2,120	88.6	2,089	87.3	32	1.5	273
Doctoral degree	3,095	2,835	91.6	2,798	90.4	38	1.3	259
Women								
Total, 25 to 64 years	85,483	60,614	70.9	58,370	68.3	2,244	3.7	24,869
Less than a high school diploma	7,519	3,506	46.6	3,244	43.1	262	7.5	4,013
High school graduates, no college	21,571	13,732	63.7	13,043	60.5	690	5.0	7,839
Some college or associate's degree	24,168	17,518	72.5	16,838	69.7	680	3.9	6,650
Bachelor's degree and higher	32,224	25,857	80.2	25,244	78.3	612	2.4	6,368
Bachelor's degree	20,555	16,075	78.2	15,655	76.2	419	2.6	4,480
Advanced degree	11,669	9,782	83.8	9,589	82.2	193	2.0	1,887
Master's degree	9,094	7,538	82.9	7,383	81.2	155	2.1	1,556
Professional degree	1,156	977	84.5	961	83.1	16	1.6	179
Doctoral degree	1,419	1,267	89.3	1,245	87.7	22	1.7	152
Men								
Total, 25 to 64 years	81,905	68,968	84.2	66,528	81.2	2,441	3.5	12,936

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Educational attainment and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Less than a high school diploma	8,313	6,126	73.7	5,750	69.2	376	6.1	2,188
High school graduates, no college	24,643	19,732	80.1	18,845	76.5	887	4.5	4,911
Some college or associate's degree	21,090	17,748	84.2	17,113	81.1	634	3.6	3,342
Bachelor's degree and higher	27,859	25,363	91.0	24,819	89.1	544	2.1	2,496
Bachelor's degree	18,000	16,296	90.5	15,924	88.5	372	2.3	1,704
Advanced degree	9,859	9,067	92.0	8,895	90.2	172	1.9	792
Master's degree	6,947	6,356	91.5	6,215	89.5	140	2.2	591
Professional degree	1,237	1,143	92.4	1,127	91.2	16	1.4	93
Doctoral degree	1,675	1,568	93.6	1,552	92.7	16	1.0	107

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 9A. Percent distribution of the civilian labor force, 25 to 64 years of age, by educational attainment and gender, 1970–1991**

Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Percent distribution				
		Total	High school		College	
			Less than 4 years	4 years, no college	1 to 3 years	4 years or more
Total						
1970	61,765	100.0	36.1	38.1	11.8	14.1
1971	62,344	100.0	34.5	38.4	12.3	14.8
1972	63,704	100.0	33.3	38.8	12.4	15.5
1973	64,775	100.0	30.9	39.7	13.0	16.4
1974	66,527	100.0	29.3	39.5	13.7	17.5
1975	67,774	100.0	27.5	39.7	14.4	18.3
1976	69,243	100.0	25.8	39.6	15.2	19.4
1977	71,324	100.0	24.9	39.2	15.7	20.2
1978	73,504	100.0	23.7	39.2	16.5	20.6
1979	75,781	100.0	21.8	39.5	17.3	21.3
1980	78,010	100.0	20.6	39.8	17.6	22.0
1981	80,273	100.0	19.7	40.6	17.7	22.0
1982	81,516	100.0	18.8	40.8	17.3	23.1
1983	83,615	100.0	17.8	39.9	18.1	24.2
1984	86,001	100.0	16.7	40.2	18.4	24.7
1985	88,424	100.0	15.9	40.2	19.0	24.9
1986	90,500	100.0	15.5	40.2	19.5	24.8
1987	92,966	100.0	14.9	40.2	19.7	25.3
1988	94,870	100.0	14.7	39.9	19.7	25.7
1989	97,318	100.0	14.0	39.6	20.0	26.4
1990	99,175	100.0	13.4	39.5	20.7	26.4
1991	100,480	100.0	13.0	39.4	21.1	26.5
Women						
1970	22,462	100.0	33.5	44.3	10.9	11.2
1971	22,804	100.0	32.2	44.2	11.9	11.8
1972	23,606	100.0	30.7	45.1	11.8	12.4
1973	24,158	100.0	28.4	45.9	12.4	13.3

Note: Data from 1970–1991 are from the March Current Population Survey. The educational attainment categories for these years were based on the number of years of school completed. Data beginning in 1992 are annual averages (shown in table 9B), and the educational attainment categories are based on the highest diploma or degree received.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Percent distribution					
		Total	High school		College		
			Less than 4 years	4 years, no college	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
1974	25,203	100.0	26.7	45.3	13.4	14.6	
1975	26,146	100.0	26.5	45.5	13.9	14.1	
1976	27,166	100.0	24.0	45.1	14.7	16.2	
1977	28,369	100.0	22.8	45.1	15.2	16.9	
1978	29,738	100.0	22.0	44.9	16.1	17.0	
1979	31,151	100.0	20.1	45.0	17.1	17.8	
1980	32,593	100.0	18.4	45.4	17.4	18.7	
1981	33,910	100.0	17.4	46.1	17.9	18.6	
1982	34,870	100.0	16.6	45.6	18.3	19.5	
1983	35,712	100.0	15.6	44.8	18.8	20.9	
1984	37,234	100.0	14.5	44.9	18.9	21.7	
1985	38,779	100.0	13.7	44.4	19.9	22.0	
1986	39,767	100.0	13.2	44.3	20.3	22.2	
1987	41,105	100.0	12.5	44.0	20.7	22.8	
1988	42,254	100.0	12.4	43.3	21.2	23.1	
1989	43,650	100.0	11.9	42.9	20.9	24.3	
1990	44,699	100.0	11.3	42.4	21.9	24.5	
1991	45,315	100.0	10.9	41.6	22.2	25.2	
Men							
1970	39,303	100.0	37.5	34.5	12.2	15.7	
1971	39,539	100.0	35.9	35.1	12.5	16.5	
1972	40,098	100.0	34.8	35.1	12.8	17.3	
1973	40,617	100.0	32.4	36.0	13.4	18.2	
1974	41,344	100.0	30.8	36.0	13.9	19.3	
1975	41,628	100.0	28.9	36.1	14.8	20.2	
1976	42,077	100.0	27.0	36.0	15.5	21.5	
1977	42,954	100.0	26.3	35.3	16.1	22.3	
1978	43,766	100.0	24.8	35.3	16.9	23.0	
1979	44,630	100.0	23.0	35.7	17.5	23.8	
1980	45,417	100.0	22.2	35.7	17.7	24.3	
1981	46,363	100.0	21.5	36.5	17.4	24.6	
1982	47,144	100.0	20.3	36.8	17.5	25.5	
1983	47,903	100.0	19.4	36.3	17.7	26.6	
1984	48,767	100.0	18.4	36.7	18.0	26.9	
1985	49,647	100.0	17.7	36.9	18.3	27.1	
1986	50,733	100.0	17.2	37.0	18.9	26.9	
1987	51,860	100.0	16.8	37.1	18.9	27.2	
1988	52,616	100.0	16.5	37.3	18.5	27.8	
1989	53,668	100.0	15.7	36.9	19.2	28.2	
1990	54,476	100.0	15.1	37.2	19.7	28.0	
1991	55,165	100.0	14.7	37.5	20.2	27.6	

Note: Data from 1970–1991 are from the March Current Population Survey. The educational attainment categories for these years were based on the number of years of school completed. Data beginning in 1992 are annual averages (shown in table 9B), and the educational attainment categories are based on the highest diploma or degree received.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 9B. Percent distribution of the civilian labor force, 25 to 64 years of age, by educational attainment and gender, 1992–2017**

Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Percent distribution				
		Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ⁽¹⁾	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ⁽²⁾

Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Percent distribution				
		Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ⁽¹⁾	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ⁽²⁾
Total						
1992	103,018	100.0	12.1	35.7	25.6	26.6
1993	104,237	100.0	11.3	35.1	26.6	27.0
1994	105,610	100.0	10.8	33.9	27.7	27.6
1995	107,032	100.0	10.4	33.2	28.1	28.3
1996	108,932	100.0	10.6	32.9	27.8	28.7
1997	110,945	100.0	10.6	32.9	27.5	29.0
1998	111,932	100.0	10.5	32.4	27.4	29.8
1999	113,095	100.0	10.0	31.8	27.6	30.5
2000	115,750	100.0	10.1	31.4	27.8	30.7
2001	116,893	100.0	10.1	30.9	28.0	31.0
2002	118,028	100.0	10.0	30.7	27.7	31.6
2003	119,621	100.0	9.9	30.3	27.6	32.1
2004	120,135	100.0	9.7	30.1	27.7	32.4
2005	121,752	100.0	9.8	29.9	27.8	32.5
2006	123,550	100.0	9.7	29.6	27.7	33.0
2007	125,104	100.0	9.3	29.2	27.7	33.8
2008	126,011	100.0	9.0	28.8	28.0	34.2
2009	126,247	100.0	9.0	28.6	28.0	34.4
2010	126,237	100.0	8.9	28.6	27.9	34.6
2011	125,508	100.0	8.7	28.0	28.0	35.3
2012	125,963	100.0	8.4	27.4	28.2	36.0
2013	125,892	100.0	8.2	27.1	28.0	36.7
2014	126,269	100.0	8.0	26.7	27.9	37.3
2015	127,106	100.0	8.1	25.9	27.7	38.2
2016	128,713	100.0	7.8	25.9	27.6	38.7
2017	129,582	100.0	7.4	25.8	27.2	39.5
Women						
1992	46,589	100.0	10.3	37.4	27.3	25.0
1993	47,245	100.0	9.3	36.6	28.4	25.7
1994	48,405	100.0	9.0	35.0	29.8	26.2
1995	49,247	100.0	8.8	34.1	30.2	26.9
1996	50,240	100.0	8.8	33.6	29.9	27.8
1997	51,261	100.0	8.7	33.5	29.4	28.4
1998	51,678	100.0	8.8	32.7	29.4	29.2
1999	52,525	100.0	8.5	32.1	29.5	29.9
2000	53,749	100.0	8.5	31.6	29.8	30.1
2001	54,229	100.0	8.4	31.0	30.2	30.4
2002	54,710	100.0	8.1	30.6	29.9	31.3
2003	55,596	100.0	7.9	30.0	29.9	32.2
2004	55,616	100.0	7.7	29.4	30.2	32.6
2005	56,322	100.0	7.7	28.7	30.2	33.3
2006	57,201	100.0	7.6	28.3	30.2	33.9
2007	57,791	100.0	7.1	27.9	30.1	34.9

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ Includes people with a high school diploma or equivalent.⁽²⁾ Includes people with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Note: Data from 1970–1991 (table 9A) are from the March Current Population Survey. The educational attainment categories for these years were based on the number of years of school completed. Data beginning in 1992 are annual averages, and the educational attainment categories are based on the highest diploma or degree received.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Percent distribution				
		Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ⁽¹⁾	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ⁽²⁾
2008	58,465	100.0	6.9	27.2	30.4	35.6
2009	58,787	100.0	7.0	26.7	30.3	36.0
2010	58,808	100.0	6.8	26.4	30.3	36.4
2011	58,520	100.0	6.7	25.8	30.4	37.1
2012	59,031	100.0	6.5	25.0	30.4	38.1
2013	58,812	100.0	6.3	24.6	30.1	39.0
2014	58,983	100.0	6.1	24.1	29.8	40.0
2015	59,252	100.0	6.1	23.2	29.6	41.1
2016	60,049	100.0	6.0	22.9	29.6	41.6
2017	60,614	100.0	5.8	22.7	28.9	42.7
Men						
1992	56,428	100.0	13.7	34.2	24.3	27.8
1993	56,992	100.0	12.9	33.9	25.1	28.1
1994	57,205	100.0	12.4	33.0	25.9	28.8
1995	57,784	100.0	11.8	32.4	26.3	29.4
1996	58,692	100.0	12.2	32.3	26.1	29.4
1997	59,684	100.0	12.2	32.4	25.9	29.6
1998	60,255	100.0	12.0	32.1	25.6	30.3
1999	60,570	100.0	11.4	31.6	26.0	31.0
2000	62,001	100.0	11.5	31.2	26.1	31.2
2001	62,664	100.0	11.5	30.9	26.2	31.4
2002	63,318	100.0	11.6	30.8	25.8	31.8
2003	64,025	100.0	11.7	30.6	25.6	32.1
2004	64,519	100.0	11.5	30.7	25.6	32.3
2005	65,430	100.0	11.5	30.9	25.7	31.9
2006	66,350	100.0	11.5	30.6	25.5	32.3
2007	67,313	100.0	11.2	30.4	25.6	32.9
2008	67,546	100.0	10.9	30.2	25.9	33.0
2009	67,460	100.0	10.8	30.3	25.9	33.0
2010	67,429	100.0	10.6	30.6	25.8	33.0
2011	66,989	100.0	10.4	30.0	26.0	33.7
2012	66,932	100.0	10.0	29.6	26.2	34.1
2013	67,081	100.0	9.8	29.2	26.2	34.7
2014	67,287	100.0	9.8	29.1	26.2	35.0
2015	67,853	100.0	9.9	28.4	26.0	35.7
2016	68,664	100.0	9.3	28.6	25.9	36.2
2017	68,968	100.0	8.9	28.6	25.7	36.8

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ Includes people with a high school diploma or equivalent.

⁽²⁾ Includes people with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Note: Data from 1970–1991 (table 9A) are from the March Current Population Survey. The educational attainment categories for these years were based on the number of years of school completed. Data beginning in 1992 are annual averages, and the educational attainment categories are based on the highest diploma or degree received.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Table 10. Employed people, by occupation and gender, 2016 and 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Occupation and gender	Year			
	2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total				

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation and gender	Year			
	2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total, 16 years and older	151,436	100.0	153,337	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	59,438	39.2	60,901	39.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	24,941	16.5	25,379	16.6
Professional and related occupations	34,498	22.8	35,522	23.2
Service occupations	26,811	17.7	26,751	17.4
Sales and office occupations	33,539	22.1	33,566	21.9
Sales and related occupations	15,848	10.5	15,815	10.3
Office and administrative support occupations	17,691	11.7	17,751	11.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	13,904	9.2	14,193	9.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,096	0.7	1,184	0.8
Construction and extraction occupations	7,929	5.2	8,031	5.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,879	3.2	4,977	3.2
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,743	11.7	17,927	11.7
Production occupations	8,459	5.6	8,482	5.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	9,284	6.1	9,445	6.2
Women				
Total, 16 years and older	70,868	100.0	71,936	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	30,593	43.2	31,413	43.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	10,922	15.4	11,171	15.5
Professional and related occupations	19,671	27.8	20,241	28.1
Service occupations	15,186	21.4	15,130	21.0
Sales and office occupations	20,516	28.9	20,593	28.6
Sales and related occupations	7,761	11.0	7,770	10.8
Office and administrative support occupations	12,755	18.0	12,823	17.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	657	0.9	720	1.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	244	0.3	278	0.4
Construction and extraction occupations	236	0.3	243	0.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	177	0.2	200	0.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,916	5.5	4,080	5.7
Production occupations	2,385	3.4	2,450	3.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,531	2.2	1,630	2.3
Men				
Total, 16 years and older	80,568	100.0	81,402	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	28,846	35.8	29,488	36.2
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14,019	17.4	14,207	17.5
Professional and related occupations	14,827	18.4	15,281	18.8
Service occupations	11,625	14.4	11,621	14.3
Sales and office occupations	13,023	16.2	12,973	15.9
Sales and related occupations	8,088	10.0	8,045	9.9
Office and administrative support occupations	4,936	6.1	4,929	6.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	13,247	16.4	13,473	16.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	852	1.1	907	1.1
Construction and extraction occupations	7,693	9.5	7,788	9.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,703	5.8	4,778	5.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13,826	17.2	13,846	17.0
Production occupations	6,073	7.5	6,031	7.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	7,753	9.6	7,815	9.6

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 11. Employed people, by detailed occupation and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Total, 16 years and older	153,337	46.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	60,901	51.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	25,379	44.0
Management occupations	17,804	39.8
Chief executives	1,639	28.0
General and operations managers	1,005	34.1
Legislators	18	-
Advertising and promotions managers	61	52.7
Marketing and sales managers	1,078	45.3
Public relations and fundraising managers	73	63.5
Administrative services managers	151	40.1
Computer and information systems managers	630	28.6
Financial managers	1,167	55.7
Compensation and benefits managers	16	-
Human resources managers	327	70.8
Training and development managers	63	59.8
Industrial production managers	280	25.7
Purchasing managers	205	52.3
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	291	19.2
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	1,018	25.2
Construction managers	1,081	7.4
Education administrators	918	64.2
Architectural and engineering managers	129	8.7
Food service managers	1,210	46.3
Funeral service managers	15	-
Gaming managers	19	-
Lodging managers	156	48.8
Medical and health services managers	671	69.8
Natural sciences managers	16	-
Postmasters and mail superintendents	27	-
Property, real estate, and community association managers	743	48.6
Social and community service managers	390	70.2
Emergency management directors	11	-
Managers, all other	4,398	35.8
Business and financial operations occupations	7,574	54.0
Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes	50	44.4
Buyers and purchasing agents, farm products	11	-
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products	194	55.8
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products	270	44.1
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	350	61.7
Compliance officers	260	57.6
Cost estimators	118	12.9
Human resources workers	736	72.1
Compensation, benefits, and job analysis specialists	59	72.3
Training and development specialists	133	47.1
Logisticians	112	34.8
Management analysts	937	42.3

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Meeting, convention, and event planners	137	85.1
Fundraisers	84	77.3
Market research analysts and marketing specialists	344	60.8
Business operations specialists, all other	273	52.5
Accountants and auditors	1,804	60.3
Appraisers and assessors of real estate	97	37.4
Budget analysts	53	46.8
Credit analysts	29	-
Financial analysts	309	36.5
Personal financial advisors	525	32.0
Insurance underwriters	104	63.8
Financial examiners	15	-
Credit counselors and loan officers	353	56.5
Tax examiners and collectors, and revenue agents	65	58.4
Tax preparers	107	63.1
Financial specialists, all other	45	-
Professional and related occupations	35,522	57.0
Computer and mathematical occupations	4,804	25.5
Computer and information research scientists	24	-
Computer systems analysts	554	38.9
Information security analysts	105	20.2
Computer programmers	473	21.2
Software developers, applications and systems software	1,536	18.7
Web developers	204	32.3
Computer support specialists	532	27.1
Database administrators	96	40.6
Network and computer systems administrators	210	23.5
Computer network architects	106	4.2
Computer occupations, all other	693	22.6
Actuaries	29	-
Mathematicians	3	-
Operations research analysts	147	51.5
Statisticians	87	48.8
Miscellaneous mathematical science occupations	3	-
Architecture and engineering occupations	3,224	16.2
Architects, except naval	253	28.6
Surveyors, cartographers, and photogrammetrists	43	-
Aerospace engineers	148	8.9
Agricultural engineers	2	-
Biomedical engineers	17	-
Chemical engineers	77	16.9
Civil engineers	461	14.4
Computer hardware engineers	80	17.2
Electrical and electronics engineers	284	12.3
Environmental engineers	38	-
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	221	22.6
Marine engineers and naval architects	12	-
Materials engineers	32	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Mechanical engineers	344	9.2
Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers	11	-
Nuclear engineers	8	-
Petroleum engineers	24	-
Engineers, all other	582	14.1
Drafters	137	20.8
Engineering technicians, except drafters	375	20.0
Surveying and mapping technicians	73	4.6
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1,431	47.4
Agricultural and food scientists	32	-
Biological scientists	98	54.4
Conservation scientists and foresters	29	-
Medical scientists	161	52.1
Life scientists, all other	3	-
Astronomers and physicists	18	-
Atmospheric and space scientists	7	-
Chemists and materials scientists	105	38.3
Environmental scientists and geoscientists	84	35.8
Physical scientists, all other	301	47.3
Economists	28	-
Survey researchers	3	-
Psychologists	187	68.9
Sociologists	2	-
Urban and regional planners	32	-
Miscellaneous social scientists and related workers	41	-
Agricultural and food science technicians	32	-
Biological technicians	23	-
Chemical technicians	57	27.4
Geological and petroleum technicians	13	-
Nuclear technicians	7	-
Social science research assistants	4	-
Miscellaneous life, physical, and social science technicians	164	47.7
Community and social service occupations	2,635	66.1
Counselors	853	72.3
Social workers	802	82.5
Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists	99	63.5
Social and human service assistants	232	75.3
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists, including health educators and community health workers	76	74.8
Clergy	406	17.0
Directors, religious activities and education	81	54.1
Religious workers, all other	85	65.3
Legal occupations	1,827	52.8
Lawyers	1,137	37.4
Judicial law clerks	14	-
Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers	66	28.1
Paralegals and legal assistants	424	86.3
Miscellaneous legal support workers	186	80.2
Education, training, and library occupations	9,215	73.0

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Postsecondary teachers	1,423	47.0
Preschool and kindergarten teachers	712	97.7
Elementary and middle school teachers	3,268	79.3
Secondary school teachers	1,039	58.5
Special education teachers	422	85.6
Other teachers and instructors	907	65.4
Archivists, curators, and museum technicians	59	61.4
Librarians	194	79.5
Library technicians	40	-
Teacher assistants	989	88.5
Other education, training, and library workers	161	67.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	3,246	46.9
Artists and related workers	236	51.9
Designers	908	52.8
Actors	40	-
Producers and directors	180	29.8
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	345	36.4
Dancers and choreographers	21	-
Musicians, singers, and related workers	188	37.7
Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other	67	48.1
Announcers	50	23.1
News analysts, reporters and correspondents	84	55.3
Public relations specialists	118	60.9
Editors	174	54.1
Technical writers	76	60.2
Writers and authors	226	60.9
Miscellaneous media and communication workers	112	64.2
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators	119	14.4
Photographers	214	46.0
Television, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors	82	12.2
Media and communication equipment workers, all other	5	-
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	9,141	75.0
Chiropractors	51	21.1
Dentists	159	35.8
Dietitians and nutritionists	114	94.1
Optometrists	51	50.2
Pharmacists	342	57.5
Physicians and surgeons	1,079	40.0
Physician assistants	116	70.9
Podiatrists	12	-
Audiologists	15	-
Occupational therapists	122	87.6
Physical therapists	258	68.2
Radiation therapists	10	-
Recreational therapists	7	-
Respiratory therapists	100	72.4
Speech-language pathologists	141	98.0
Exercise physiologists	5	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Therapists, all other	221	83.3
Veterinarians	89	62.5
Registered nurses	3,159	89.9
Nurse anesthetists	35	-
Nurse midwives	7	-
Nurse practitioners	175	92.2
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners, all other	39	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	376	69.3
Dental hygienists	168	94.9
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	319	70.8
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	223	30.6
Health practitioner support technologists and technicians	632	79.4
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	630	89.5
Medical records and health information technicians	167	91.7
Opticians, dispensing	48	-
Miscellaneous health technologists and technicians	160	66.0
Other healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	110	46.5
Service occupations	26,751	56.6
Healthcare support occupations	3,506	87.1
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,936	88.6
Occupational therapy assistants and aides	27	-
Physical therapist assistants and aides	83	67.2
Massage therapists	172	82.7
Dental assistants	299	95.9
Medical assistants	539	91.6
Medical transcriptionists	36	-
Pharmacy aides	39	-
Veterinary assistants and laboratory animal caretakers	61	84.2
Phlebotomists	112	83.8
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations, including medical equipment preparers	200	70.5
Protective service occupations	3,113	22.3
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	52	29.9
First-line supervisors of police and detectives	95	12.5
First-line supervisors of fire fighting and prevention workers	44	-
First-line supervisors of protective service workers, all other	72	22.0
Firefighters	283	3.5
Fire inspectors	27	-
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers	408	28.5
Detectives and criminal investigators	136	23.2
Fish and game wardens	4	-
Parking enforcement workers	6	-
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	704	13.6
Transit and railroad police	7	-
Animal control workers	15	-
Private detectives and investigators	94	48.8
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	920	24.3
Crossing guards	63	52.2
Transportation security screeners	46	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Lifeguards and other recreational, and all other protective service workers	136	49.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8,305	53.8
Chefs and head cooks	465	19.7
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	519	54.8
Cooks	2,079	39.3
Food preparation workers	1,068	58.9
Bartenders	417	57.3
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	372	60.0
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	225	62.1
Waiters and waitresses	2,016	69.9
Food servers, nonrestaurant	207	69.9
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	334	45.9
Dishwashers	274	19.5
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	324	85.9
Food preparation and serving related workers, all other	4	-
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5,888	40.7
First-line supervisors of housekeeping and janitorial workers	326	41.1
First-line supervisors of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	255	8.0
Janitors and building cleaners	2,307	35.2
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,527	88.0
Pest control workers	108	6.5
Grounds maintenance workers	1,365	5.9
Personal care and service occupations	5,939	76.1
First-line supervisors of gaming workers	208	44.3
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	232	66.2
Animal trainers	49	-
Nonfarm animal caretakers	263	78.4
Gaming services workers	90	46.7
Motion picture projectionists	1	-
Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers	37	-
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers	224	42.9
Embalmers and funeral attendants	17	-
Morticians, undertakers, and funeral directors	42	-
Barbers	135	15.6
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	806	92.6
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	397	81.8
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	89	31.1
Tour and travel guides	68	46.4
Childcare workers	1,225	93.7
Personal care aides	1,365	83.7
Recreation and fitness workers	480	62.3
Residential advisors	44	-
Personal care and service workers, all other	167	60.1
Sales and office occupations	33,566	61.3
Sales and related occupations	15,815	49.1
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	3,272	43.4
First-line supervisors of non-retail sales workers	1,220	30.0
Cashiers	3,253	72.7

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Counter and rental clerks	109	48.9
Parts salespersons	130	7.2
Retail salespersons	3,235	48.2
Advertising sales agents	241	50.4
Insurance sales agents	624	51.8
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	262	34.0
Travel agents	89	82.7
Sales representatives, services, all other	525	27.1
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,264	28.0
Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	61	78.4
Real estate brokers and sales agents	997	57.1
Sales engineers	35	-
Telemarketers	58	69.4
Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	166	58.4
Sales and related workers, all other	276	50.3
Office and administrative support occupations	17,751	72.2
First-line supervisors of office and administrative support workers	1,425	70.1
Switchboard operators, including answering service	23	-
Telephone operators	47	-
Communications equipment operators, all other	9	-
Bill and account collectors	139	71.3
Billing and posting clerks	473	85.9
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,089	88.7
Gaming cage workers	14	-
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	129	89.5
Procurement clerks	30	-
Tellers	306	85.2
Financial clerks, all other	82	60.8
Brokerage clerks	7	-
Correspondence clerks	7	-
Court, municipal, and license clerks	90	75.2
Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	55	63.8
Customer service representatives	2,494	65.1
Eligibility interviewers, government programs	62	76.7
File clerks	182	81.4
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	125	60.9
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	142	85.0
Library assistants, clerical	96	80.1
Loan interviewers and clerks	120	80.4
New accounts clerks	32	-
Order clerks	107	54.9
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	45	-
Receptionists and information clerks	1,267	91.0
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	127	58.0
Information and record clerks, all other	110	78.1
Cargo and freight agents	16	-
Couriers and messengers	239	19.4
Dispatchers	292	57.4

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Meter readers, utilities	18	-
Postal service clerks	111	55.3
Postal service mail carriers	306	40.8
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	50	56.7
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	270	53.9
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	623	31.3
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,525	37.9
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping	52	46.8
Secretaries and administrative assistants	2,769	95.0
Computer operators	73	60.2
Data entry keyers	267	79.6
Word processors and typists	94	89.8
Desktop publishers	2	-
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	237	84.3
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	61	36.8
Office clerks, general	1,271	83.1
Office machine operators, except computer	33	-
Proofreaders and copy markers	10	-
Statistical assistants	21	-
Office and administrative support workers, all other	576	75.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	14,193	5.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,184	23.4
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers	62	8.7
Agricultural inspectors	18	-
Animal breeders	2	-
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	110	67.1
Miscellaneous agricultural workers	854	21.5
Fishers and related fishing workers	44	-
Hunters and trappers	1	-
Forest and conservation workers	27	-
Logging workers	66	2.0
Construction and extraction occupations	8,031	3.0
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	639	3.0
Boilermakers	15	-
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	166	.7
Carpenters	1,351	2.2
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	183	2.4
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	54	1.0
Construction laborers	1,946	3.3
Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators	15	-
Pile-driver operators	2	-
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	358	1.5
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	156	2.7
Electricians	857	2.5
Glaziers	44	-
Insulation workers	58	3.1
Painters, construction and maintenance	540	6.6
Paperhangers	4	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	600	2.2
Plasterers and stucco masons	27	-
Reinforcing iron and rebar workers	12	-
Roofers	220	.6
Sheet metal workers	137	2.6
Structural iron and steel workers	43	-
Solar photovoltaic installers	11	-
Helpers, construction trades	69	9.4
Construction and building inspectors	89	10.2
Elevator installers and repairers	40	-
Fence erectors	34	-
Hazardous materials removal workers	30	-
Highway maintenance workers	101	2.7
Rail-track laying and maintenance equipment operators	17	-
Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners	10	-
Miscellaneous construction and related workers	24	-
Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit operators, oil, gas, and mining	30	-
Earth drillers, except oil and gas	23	-
Explosives workers, ordnance handling experts, and blasters	10	-
Mining machine operators	51	1.1
Roof bolters, mining	2	-
Roustabouts, oil and gas	4	-
Helpers--extraction workers	4	-
Other extraction workers	54	2.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,977	4.0
First-line supervisors of mechanics, installers, and repairers	253	8.4
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	212	11.3
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	134	8.1
Avionics technicians	9	-
Electric motor, power tool, and related repairers	28	-
Electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment	1	-
Electrical and electronics repairers, industrial and utility	12	-
Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles	11	-
Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers	50	2.8
Security and fire alarm systems installers	77	2.6
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	150	5.2
Automotive body and related repairers	140	1.1
Automotive glass installers and repairers	22	-
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	902	2.4
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	401	1.8
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics	201	2.6
Small engine mechanics	44	-
Miscellaneous vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	83	1.8
Control and valve installers and repairers	26	-
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	448	2.0
Home appliance repairers	41	-
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	424	3.9
Maintenance and repair workers, general	528	4.5

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Maintenance workers, machinery	27	-
Millwrights	40	-
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	129	.6
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	189	2.7
Precision instrument and equipment repairers	63	14.6
Wind turbine service technicians	5	-
Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers	34	-
Commercial divers	0	-
Locksmiths and safe repairers	35	-
Manufactured building and mobile home installers	4	-
Riggers	14	-
Signal and track switch repairers	9	-
Helpers--installation, maintenance, and repair workers	18	-
Other installation, maintenance, and repair workers	215	5.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,927	22.8
Production occupations	8,482	28.9
First-line supervisors of production and operating workers	768	19.1
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	1	-
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	128	42.1
Engine and other machine assemblers	13	-
Structural metal fabricators and fitters	30	-
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	1,033	37.7
Bakers	215	60.1
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	269	24.3
Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and tenders	12	-
Food batchmakers	89	58.1
Food cooking machine operators and tenders	15	-
Food processing workers, all other	175	32.5
Computer control programmers and operators	99	9.8
Extruding and drawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	19	-
Forging machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	8	-
Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	8	-
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	80	11.0
Drilling and boring machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	4	-
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	38	-
Lathe and turning machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	14	-
Milling and planing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	5	-
Machinists	366	5.0
Metal furnace operators, tenders, pourers, and casters	19	-
Model makers and patternmakers, metal and plastic	5	-
Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	45	-
Multiple machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	5	-
Tool and die makers	62	3.2
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	600	4.5
Heat treating equipment setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	3	-
Layout workers, metal and plastic	12	-
Plating and coating machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	17	-
Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners	6	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Metal workers and plastic workers, all other	388	20.5
Prepress technicians and workers	24	-
Printing press operators	173	17.7
Print binding and finishing workers	11	-
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	151	68.0
Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials	30	-
Sewing machine operators	197	73.2
Shoe and leather workers and repairers	5	-
Shoe machine operators and tenders	5	-
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	77	75.9
Textile bleaching and dyeing machine operators and tenders	1	-
Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders	8	-
Textile knitting and weaving machine setters, operators, and tenders	19	-
Textile winding, twisting, and drawing out machine setters, operators, and tenders	16	-
Extruding and forming machine setters, operators, and tenders, synthetic and glass fibers	0	-
Fabric and apparel patternmakers	3	-
Upholsterers	31	-
Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, all other	18	-
Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters	49	-
Furniture finishers	15	-
Model makers and patternmakers, wood	1	-
Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood	27	-
Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing	19	-
Woodworkers, all other	28	-
Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers	38	-
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	76	3.3
Water and wastewater treatment plant and system operators	107	3.8
Miscellaneous plant and system operators	42	-
Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders	55	5.7
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	72	14.0
Cutting workers	62	25.3
Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders	21	-
Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders	10	-
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	793	37.9
Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers	43	-
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	70	63.1
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	292	52.8
Painting workers	157	12.6
Photographic process workers and processing machine operators	31	-
Semiconductor processors	3	-
Adhesive bonding machine operators and tenders	6	-
Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders	11	-
Cooling and freezing equipment operators and tenders	3	-
Etchers and engravers	11	-
Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic	35	-
Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders	29	-
Tire builders	10	-
Helpers--production workers	50	37.1

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Production workers, all other	995	29.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	9,445	17.3
Supervisors of transportation and material moving workers	205	19.5
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	120	6.2
Air traffic controllers and airfield operations specialists	17	-
Flight attendants	98	72.9
Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians	11	-
Bus drivers	578	47.8
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	3,506	6.2
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	674	18.9
Motor vehicle operators, all other	76	17.5
Locomotive engineers and operators	42	-
Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators	4	-
Railroad conductors and yardmasters	50	5.2
Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers	15	-
Sailors and marine oilers	19	-
Ship and boat captains and operators	35	-
Ship engineers	2	-
Bridge and lock tenders	5	-
Parking lot attendants	95	16.7
Automotive and watercraft service attendants	94	8.8
Transportation inspectors	41	-
Transportation attendants, except flight attendants	35	-
Other transportation workers	24	-
Conveyor operators and tenders	1	-
Crane and tower operators	53	4.1
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	30	-
Hoist and winch operators	7	-
Industrial truck and tractor operators	611	8.2
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	331	14.0
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,930	19.9
Machine feeders and offbearers	31	-
Packers and packagers, hand	539	52.7
Pumping station operators	21	-
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	94	11.7
Mine shuttle car operators	0	-
Tank car, truck, and ship loaders	6	-
Material moving workers, all other	40	-

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 50,000).
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 12. Employed women, by occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2017 annual averages (Percent distribution)**

Occupation	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Total, 16 years and older (thousands)	55,176	9,845	4,458	11,064
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	45.1	35.6	49.7	27.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	16.3	11.4	16.3	10.5
Professional and related occupations	28.8	24.1	33.5	17.1

Note: Women whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Service occupations	19.7	27.0	21.1	31.9
Sales and office occupations	29.0	29.0	21.5	29.1
Sales and related occupations	10.9	10.5	9.6	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	18.2	18.5	11.9	17.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	1.1	0.6	0.7	2.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	0.5	0.1	0.2	1.4
Construction and extraction occupations	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5.1	7.9	6.9	9.2
Production occupations	3.1	4.2	5.2	5.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	2.0	3.7	1.7	3.3

Note: Women whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 13. Employed people, by industry and gender, 2016 and 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Industry and gender	Year			
	2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total				
Total, 16 years and older	151,436	100.0	153,337	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2,460	1.6	2,454	1.6
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	792	0.5	748	0.5
Construction	10,328	6.8	10,692	7.0
Manufacturing	15,408	10.2	15,408	10.0
Durable goods manufacturing	9,704	6.4	9,698	6.3
Nondurable goods manufacturing	5,704	3.8	5,710	3.7
Wholesale and retail trade	20,218	13.4	20,314	13.2
Wholesale trade	3,641	2.4	3,594	2.3
Retail trade	16,577	10.9	16,720	10.9
Transportation and utilities	8,012	5.3	8,159	5.3
Transportation and warehousing	6,693	4.4	6,810	4.4
Utilities	1,319	0.9	1,349	0.9
Information	2,855	1.9	2,903	1.9
Financial activities	10,404	6.9	10,482	6.8
Finance and insurance	7,241	4.8	7,288	4.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	3,163	2.1	3,194	2.1
Professional and business services	18,325	12.1	18,835	12.3
Professional and technical services	11,228	7.4	11,764	7.7
Management, administrative, and waste services	7,097	4.7	7,072	4.6
Education and health services	34,263	22.6	34,483	22.5
Educational services	13,674	9.0	13,763	9.0
Health care and social assistance	20,589	13.6	20,720	13.5
Hospitals	6,990	4.6	7,042	4.6
Health services, except hospitals	10,220	6.7	10,359	6.8
Social assistance	3,379	2.2	3,319	2.2
Leisure and hospitality	14,193	9.4	14,291	9.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3,241	2.1	3,399	2.2
Accommodation and food services	10,952	7.2	10,891	7.1
Other services	7,320	4.8	7,485	4.9

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry and gender	Year			
	2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Other services, except private households	6,596	4.4	6,828	4.5
Private households	724	0.5	657	0.4
Public administration	6,857	4.5	7,083	4.6
Women				
Total, 16 years and older	70,868	100.0	71,936	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	621	0.9	611	0.8
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	106	0.1	94	0.1
Construction	939	1.3	971	1.3
Manufacturing	4,460	6.3	4,551	6.3
Durable goods manufacturing	2,418	3.4	2,463	3.4
Nondurable goods manufacturing	2,042	2.9	2,088	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	9,005	12.7	9,137	12.7
Wholesale trade	1,074	1.5	1,073	1.5
Retail trade	7,932	11.2	8,064	11.2
Transportation and utilities	1,883	2.7	1,955	2.7
Transportation and warehousing	1,593	2.2	1,681	2.3
Utilities	290	0.4	274	0.4
Information	1,160	1.6	1,132	1.6
Financial activities	5,437	7.7	5,542	7.7
Finance and insurance	3,993	5.6	4,049	5.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,444	2.0	1,494	2.1
Professional and business services	7,581	10.7	7,954	11.1
Professional and technical services	4,743	6.7	5,007	7.0
Management, administrative, and waste services	2,839	4.0	2,946	4.1
Education and health services	25,572	36.1	25,679	35.7
Educational services	9,360	13.2	9,408	13.1
Health care and social assistance	16,212	22.9	16,271	22.6
Hospitals	5,359	7.6	5,355	7.4
Health services, except hospitals	8,011	11.3	8,135	11.3
Social assistance	2,842	4.0	2,780	3.9
Leisure and hospitality	7,189	10.1	7,294	10.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,465	2.1	1,566	2.2
Accommodation and food services	5,724	8.1	5,728	8.0
Other services	3,820	5.4	3,868	5.4
Other services, except private households	3,157	4.5	3,265	4.5
Private households	664	0.9	602	0.8
Public administration	3,095	4.4	3,148	4.4
Men				
Total, 16 years and older	80,568	100.0	81,402	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,839	2.3	1,843	2.3
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	686	0.9	654	0.8
Construction	9,389	11.7	9,722	11.9
Manufacturing	10,948	13.6	10,857	13.3
Durable goods manufacturing	7,286	9.0	7,235	8.9
Nondurable goods manufacturing	3,662	4.5	3,622	4.4
Wholesale and retail trade	11,213	13.9	11,176	13.7
Wholesale trade	2,567	3.2	2,521	3.1

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry and gender	Year			
	2016		2017	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Retail trade	8,645	10.7	8,656	10.6
Transportation and utilities	6,129	7.6	6,204	7.6
Transportation and warehousing	5,100	6.3	5,129	6.3
Utilities	1,029	1.3	1,075	1.3
Information	1,695	2.1	1,771	2.2
Financial activities	4,967	6.2	4,940	6.1
Finance and insurance	3,248	4.0	3,239	4.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,719	2.1	1,700	2.1
Professional and business services	10,743	13.3	10,882	13.4
Professional and technical services	6,485	8.0	6,756	8.3
Management, administrative, and waste services	4,258	5.3	4,125	5.1
Education and health services	8,691	10.8	8,804	10.8
Educational services	4,315	5.4	4,355	5.3
Health care and social assistance	4,377	5.4	4,449	5.5
Hospitals	1,630	2.0	1,687	2.1
Health services, except hospitals	2,209	2.7	2,223	2.7
Social assistance	537	0.7	539	0.7
Leisure and hospitality	7,005	8.7	6,996	8.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,776	2.2	1,833	2.3
Accommodation and food services	5,229	6.5	5,163	6.3
Other services	3,500	4.3	3,617	4.4
Other services, except private households	3,440	4.3	3,562	4.4
Private households	60	0.1	55	0.1
Public administration	3,762	4.7	3,935	4.8

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 14. Employed people, by detailed industry and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Total, 16 years and older	153,337	46.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2,454	24.9
Crop production	1,202	25.3
Animal production and aquaculture	848	25.4
Forestry, except logging	61	22.7
Logging	103	2.9
Fishing, hunting, and trapping	59	14.4
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	181	36.7
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	748	12.5
Oil and gas extraction	87	12.8
Coal mining	49	-
Metal ore mining	35	-
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	95	10.7
Not specified type of mining	4	-
Support activities for mining	478	14.4
Construction	10,692	9.1
Manufacturing	15,408	29.5
Durable goods manufacturing	9,698	25.4

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.
Note: Dash indicates data not available.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Nonmetallic mineral products manufacturing	447	22.5
Pottery, ceramics, and plumbing fixture manufacturing	23	-
Clay building material and refractories manufacturing	29	-
Glass and glass product manufacturing	149	26.5
Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing	153	12.5
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	94	29.0
Primary metals and fabricated metal products manufacturing	1,593	17.6
Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing	255	12.8
Aluminum production and processing	61	26.5
Nonferrous metal, except aluminum, production and processing	42	-
Foundries	85	16.2
Metal forgings and stampings	56	20.2
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	53	34.7
Structural metals, and boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	315	15.0
Machine shops; turned product; screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	297	14.3
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	71	21.9
Ordnance	59	20.6
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products manufacturing	276	21.8
Not specified metal industries	21	-
Machinery manufacturing	1,216	21.8
Agricultural implement manufacturing	104	20.0
Construction, and mining and oil and gas field machinery manufacturing	138	13.8
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	69	38.0
Metalworking machinery manufacturing	158	13.2
Engine, turbine, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	52	24.7
Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c.	682	23.9
Not specified machinery manufacturing	12	-
Computers and electronic products manufacturing	1,118	30.4
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	157	28.3
Communications, and audio and video equipment manufacturing	111	30.9
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing	210	30.9
Electronic component and product manufacturing, n.e.c.	639	30.6
Electrical equipment and appliances manufacturing	431	30.4
Household appliance manufacturing	90	39.0
Electrical lighting and electrical equipment manufacturing, and other electrical component manufacturing, n.e.c.	341	28.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing	2,442	24.0
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment manufacturing	1,385	26.7
Aircraft and parts manufacturing	753	21.6
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	52	19.5
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	32	-
Ship and boat building	172	16.8
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	50	-
Wood products manufacturing	425	16.2
Sawmills and wood preservation	137	12.9
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood products	27	-
Prefabricated wood buildings and mobile homes	47	-
Miscellaneous wood products	214	18.8

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Furniture and related product manufacturing	467	24.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,559	37.2
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	596	40.5
Sporting and athletic goods, and doll, toy and game manufacturing	115	39.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c.	532	34.6
Not specified manufacturing industries	316	34.6
Nondurable goods manufacturing	5,710	36.6
Food manufacturing	1,819	41.9
Animal food, grain, and oilseed milling	157	28.3
Sugar and confectionery products	79	49.5
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	152	39.0
Dairy product manufacturing	160	20.9
Animal slaughtering and processing	468	41.2
Retail bakeries	291	69.6
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing, except retail bakeries	210	40.9
Seafood and other miscellaneous foods, n.e.c.	206	35.0
Not specified food industries	95	34.8
Beverage and tobacco products manufacturing	316	22.8
Beverage manufacturing	298	22.0
Tobacco manufacturing	19	-
Textiles, apparel, and leather manufacturing	640	56.1
Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	17	-
Fabric mills, except knitting mills	115	36.9
Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills	11	-
Carpet and rug mills	98	36.8
Textile product mills, except carpet and rug	78	62.6
Knitting fabric mills, and apparel knitting mills	23	-
Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	239	69.0
Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	7	-
Footwear manufacturing	36	-
Leather tanning and finishing and other allied products manufacturing	17	-
Paper manufacturing and printing	901	29.8
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	228	21.4
Paperboard container manufacturing	95	30.0
Miscellaneous paper and pulp products	88	31.7
Printing and related support activities	490	33.4
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	183	16.9
Petroleum refining	172	17.6
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products	11	-
Chemicals manufacturing	1,323	34.6
Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing	171	23.4
Agricultural chemical manufacturing	36	-
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	518	42.2
Paint, coating, and adhesive manufacturing	58	20.3
Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetics manufacturing	133	51.4
Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals	407	26.5
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	529	25.8

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Plastics product manufacturing	393	26.0
Tire manufacturing	68	16.1
Rubber product, except tire, manufacturing	68	34.7
Wholesale and retail trade	20,314	45.0
Wholesale trade	3,594	29.9
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies merchant wholesalers	180	23.7
Furniture and home furnishing merchant wholesalers	52	39.6
Lumber and other construction materials merchant wholesalers	152	18.8
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	323	36.2
Metals and minerals, except petroleum merchant wholesalers	42	-
Household appliances and electrical and electronic goods merchant wholesalers	174	26.5
Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	130	18.6
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	339	24.7
Recyclable material merchant wholesalers	112	17.5
Miscellaneous durable goods merchant wholesalers	89	36.0
Paper and paper products merchant wholesalers	51	45.1
Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied products merchant wholesalers	239	46.8
Apparel, piece goods, and notions merchant wholesalers	91	55.9
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	878	26.7
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	68	19.5
Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	116	22.1
Alcoholic beverages merchant wholesalers	146	19.3
Farm supplies merchant wholesalers	54	31.8
Miscellaneous nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	193	41.2
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	87	43.9
Not specified wholesale trade	80	35.8
Retail trade	16,720	48.2
Automobile dealers	1,447	21.8
Other motor vehicle dealers	135	21.2
Automotive parts, accessories, and tire stores	497	17.3
Furniture and home furnishings stores	551	44.4
Household appliance stores	69	32.7
Electronics stores	540	27.9
Building material and supplies dealers	1,089	32.3
Hardware stores	190	34.6
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	241	30.0
Grocery stores	2,771	48.5
Specialty food stores	250	50.9
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	140	40.8
Pharmacies and drug stores	959	64.6
Health and personal care, except drug, stores	429	68.6
Gasoline stations	488	51.4
Clothing stores	988	73.2
Shoe stores	156	54.7
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	201	66.7
Sporting goods, and hobby and toy stores	450	41.5
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	41	-

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Musical instrument and supplies stores	43	-
Book stores and news dealers	103	61.8
Department stores and discount stores	2,069	59.3
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	578	57.8
Retail florists	92	73.8
Office supplies and stationery stores	131	34.0
Used merchandise stores	250	64.5
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	129	69.5
Miscellaneous retail stores	512	55.8
Electronic shopping	351	47.7
Electronic auctions	15	-
Mail-order houses	73	47.2
Vending machine operators	42	-
Fuel dealers	76	25.6
Other direct selling establishments	189	65.2
Not specified retail trade	435	52.9
Transportation and utilities	8,159	24.0
Transportation and warehousing	6,810	24.7
Air transportation	595	40.0
Rail transportation	242	11.6
Water transportation	80	22.2
Truck transportation	1,965	12.5
Bus service and urban transit	535	37.1
Taxi and limousine service	564	17.9
Pipeline transportation	52	11.0
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	35	-
Services incidental to transportation	786	26.5
Postal Service	612	43.0
Couriers and messengers	748	22.7
Warehousing and storage	597	31.6
Utilities	1,349	20.3
Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	706	20.5
Natural gas distribution	116	19.2
Electric and gas, and other combinations	139	26.0
Water, steam, air-conditioning, and irrigation systems	266	18.2
Sewage treatment facilities	98	9.8
Not specified utilities	23	-
Information	2,903	39.0
Newspaper publishers	182	47.9
Periodical, book, and directory publishers	211	61.3
Software publishers	105	26.9
Motion pictures and video industries	473	32.9
Sound recording industries	38	-
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming	549	36.6
Internet publishing and broadcasting and web search portals	118	38.7
Wired telecommunications carriers	505	27.4
Other telecommunications services	380	31.3

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Data processing, hosting, and related services	91	42.0
Libraries and archives	221	76.5
Other information services	30	-
Financial activities	10,482	52.9
Finance and insurance	7,288	55.6
Banking and related activities	2,002	58.5
Savings institutions, including credit unions	269	70.7
Nondepository credit and related activities	957	51.0
Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments	1,227	37.7
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,833	61.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	3,194	46.8
Real estate	2,795	49.1
Rental and leasing services	400	30.6
Automotive equipment rental and leasing	178	35.1
Video tape and disk rental	11	-
Other consumer goods rental	100	30.5
Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing	111	20.2
Professional and business services	18,835	42.2
Professional and technical services	11,764	42.6
Legal services	1,621	56.6
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	1,153	60.1
Architectural, engineering, and related services	1,779	24.4
Specialized design services	366	58.7
Computer systems design and related services	3,057	27.4
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	1,706	42.5
Scientific research and development services	644	49.6
Advertising, public relations, and related services	559	49.2
Veterinary services	380	82.2
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	497	55.5
Management, administrative, and waste services	7,072	41.7
Management of companies and enterprises	185	45.8
Employment services	995	56.8
Business support services	695	63.4
Travel arrangements and reservation services	323	63.5
Investigation and security services	821	27.7
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,783	57.3
Landscaping services	1,404	9.9
Other administrative and other support services	331	50.3
Waste management and remediation services	535	17.8
Education and health services	34,483	74.5
Educational services	13,763	68.4
Elementary and secondary schools	9,049	74.9
Colleges, universities, and professional schools, including junior colleges	3,843	53.7
Business, technical, and trade schools and training	98	54.8
Other schools and instruction, and educational support services	774	66.7
Health care and social assistance	20,720	78.5
Hospitals	7,042	76.0

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Health services, except hospitals	10,359	78.5
Offices of physicians	1,602	76.0
Offices of dentists	879	83.6
Offices of chiropractors	134	64.1
Offices of optometrists	150	76.7
Offices of other health practitioners	300	78.4
Outpatient care centers	1,722	75.1
Home health care services	1,465	88.3
Other health care services	1,576	70.3
Nursing care facilities (skilled nursing facilities)	1,658	84.1
Residential care facilities, except skilled nursing facilities	871	75.5
Social assistance	3,319	83.8
Individual and family services	1,549	76.7
Community food and housing, and emergency services	113	67.3
Vocational rehabilitation services	106	55.8
Child day care services	1,551	94.0
Leisure and hospitality	14,291	51.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3,399	46.1
Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	917	41.6
Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	362	50.1
Bowling centers	38	-
Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	2,082	47.2
Accommodation and food services	10,891	52.6
Accommodation	1,482	57.7
Traveler accommodation	1,380	58.0
Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses	102	53.9
Food services and drinking places	9,409	51.8
Restaurants and other food services	9,150	51.8
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	259	50.6
Other services	7,485	51.7
Other services, except private households	6,828	47.8
Repair and maintenance	2,139	11.9
Automotive repair and maintenance	1,244	9.6
Car washes	198	11.5
Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	148	19.4
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	322	7.5
Personal and household goods repair and maintenance	223	26.6
Footwear and leather goods repair	4	-
Personal and laundry services	2,644	71.3
Barber shops	148	19.3
Beauty salons	1,026	90.5
Nail salons and other personal care services	581	73.9
Drycleaning and laundry services	271	53.6
Funeral homes, and cemeteries and crematories	148	39.8
Other personal services	471	63.0
Membership associations and organizations	2,045	55.0
Religious organizations	1,048	46.6

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grantmaking and giving services	763	66.0
Labor unions	75	41.0
Business, professional, political, and similar organizations	159	63.5
Private households	657	91.6
Public administration	7,083	44.4
Executive offices and legislative bodies	1,202	51.0
Public finance activities	320	61.4
Other general government and support	107	38.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities	2,761	34.0
Administration of human resource programs	985	71.9
Administration of environmental quality and housing programs	263	40.8
Administration of economic programs and space research	540	43.7
National security and international affairs	904	34.0

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.
Note: Dash indicates data not available.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 15. Employed women, by industry, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2017 annual averages (Percent distribution)**

Industry	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Total, 16 years and older (thousands)	55,176	9,845	4,458	11,064
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture and related	1.0	0.1	0.3	1.4
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction	1.6	0.5	0.6	1.5
Manufacturing	6.3	5.3	9.3	7.6
Durable goods manufacturing	3.4	2.9	5.4	3.4
Nondurable goods manufacturing	2.9	2.4	3.9	4.2
Wholesale and retail trade	12.9	11.7	11.7	14.2
Wholesale trade	1.6	0.8	1.9	1.8
Retail trade	11.3	10.9	9.8	12.4
Transportation and utilities	2.5	4.5	1.9	3.0
Transportation and warehousing	2.1	4.2	1.7	2.7
Utilities	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3
Information	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.1
Financial activities	7.9	6.7	8.0	6.4
Finance and insurance	5.7	5.2	6.4	4.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.8
Professional and business services	11.4	8.8	12.7	11.4
Professional and technical services	7.4	3.5	10.5	4.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.0	5.3	2.2	7.3
Education and health services	35.5	39.9	31.5	29.9
Educational services	14.0	10.7	9.1	10.0
Health care and social assistance	21.5	29.3	22.4	19.9
Hospitals	7.2	8.6	9.0	5.0
Health services, except hospitals	10.7	15.2	10.3	10.3
Social assistance	3.6	5.5	3.1	4.6
Leisure and hospitality	9.9	9.7	10.4	14.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.3	1.4	1.9	1.8

Note: Women whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Accommodation and food services	7.6	8.3	8.5	12.4
Other services	5.4	4.2	8.2	5.9
Other services, except private households	4.5	3.6	7.7	3.8
Private households	0.9	0.6	0.5	2.1
Public administration	3.9	6.8	3.4	3.3

Note: Women whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers, in current dollars, by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and gender, 1979–2017 annual averages**

Year and gender	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Total					
1979	\$241	\$248	\$199	-	\$194
1980	262	269	212	-	209
1981	284	291	235	-	223
1982	302	310	245	-	240
1983	313	320	261	-	250
1984	326	336	269	-	259
1985	344	356	277	-	270
1986	359	371	291	-	277
1987	374	384	301	-	285
1988	385	395	314	-	290
1989	399	409	319	-	298
1990	412	424	329	-	304
1991	426	442	348	-	312
1992	440	458	357	-	321
1993	459	475	369	-	331
1994	467	484	371	-	324
1995	479	494	383	-	329
1996	490	506	387	-	339
1997	503	519	400	-	351
1998	523	545	426	-	370
1999	549	573	445	-	385
2000	576	590	474	\$615	399
2001	596	610	491	639	417
2002	608	623	498	658	424
2003	620	636	514	693	440
2004	638	657	525	708	456
2005	651	672	520	753	471
2006	671	690	554	784	486
2007	695	716	569	830	503
2008	722	742	589	861	529
2009	739	757	601	880	541
2010	747	765	611	855	535
2011	756	775	615	866	549

Note: The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the historical comparability section of the household data technical documentation provided at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp. Beginning in 2003, estimates for the groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) include people who selected that race group only; people who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, people who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Data for 2000 to 2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. Starting in 2003, Asians constituted a separate category. For more information, see the historical comparability documentation. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Dashes indicate that data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000.

Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
2012	768	792	621	920	568
2013	776	802	629	942	578
2014	791	816	639	953	594
2015	809	835	641	993	604
2016	832	862	678	1,021	624
2017	860	890	682	1,043	655
Women					
1979	\$182	\$184	\$169	-	\$157
1980	201	203	185	-	172
1981	219	221	206	-	190
1982	239	242	217	-	203
1983	252	254	232	-	215
1984	265	268	241	-	223
1985	277	281	252	-	230
1986	291	294	264	-	241
1987	303	307	276	-	251
1988	315	318	288	-	260
1989	328	334	301	-	269
1990	346	353	308	-	278
1991	366	373	323	-	292
1992	380	387	335	-	302
1993	393	401	348	-	313
1994	399	408	346	-	305
1995	406	415	355	-	305
1996	418	428	362	-	316
1997	431	444	375	-	318
1998	456	468	400	-	337
1999	473	483	409	-	348
2000	493	502	429	\$547	366
2001	512	522	454	563	388
2002	529	547	473	566	397
2003	552	567	491	598	410
2004	573	584	505	613	419
2005	585	596	499	665	429
2006	600	609	519	699	440
2007	614	626	533	731	473
2008	638	654	554	753	501
2009	657	669	582	779	509
2010	669	684	592	773	508
2011	684	703	595	751	518
2012	691	710	599	770	521
2013	706	722	606	819	541
2014	719	734	611	841	548
2015	726	743	615	877	566

Note: The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the historical comparability section of the household data technical documentation provided at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp. Beginning in 2003, estimates for the groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) include people who selected that race group only; people who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, people who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Data for 2000 to 2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. Starting in 2003, Asians constituted a separate category. For more information, see the historical comparability documentation. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Dashes indicate that data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000.

Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
2016	749	766	641	902	586
2017	770	795	657	903	603
Men					
1979	\$292	\$298	\$227	-	\$219
1980	313	320	244	-	234
1981	340	350	268	-	251
1982	364	375	278	-	269
1983	379	387	294	-	274
1984	392	401	303	-	287
1985	407	418	305	-	296
1986	419	433	319	-	299
1987	434	450	327	-	306
1988	449	465	348	-	308
1989	468	482	348	-	315
1990	481	494	361	-	318
1991	493	506	375	-	323
1992	501	514	380	-	339
1993	510	524	392	-	346
1994	522	547	400	-	343
1995	538	566	411	-	350
1996	557	580	412	-	356
1997	579	595	432	-	371
1998	598	615	468	-	390
1999	618	638	488	-	406
2000	641	662	510	\$685	417
2001	670	689	529	732	440
2002	679	702	524	756	451
2003	695	715	555	772	464
2004	713	732	569	802	480
2005	722	743	559	825	489
2006	743	761	591	882	505
2007	766	788	600	936	520
2008	798	825	620	966	559
2009	819	845	621	952	569
2010	824	850	633	936	560
2011	832	856	653	970	571
2012	854	879	665	1,055	592
2013	860	884	664	1,059	594
2014	871	897	680	1,080	616
2015	895	920	680	1,129	631
2016	915	942	718	1,151	663
2017	941	971	710	1,207	690
Women's earnings as a percentage of men's					
1979	62.3	61.7	74.4	-	71.7

Note: The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the historical comparability section of the household data technical documentation provided at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp. Beginning in 2003, estimates for the groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) include people who selected that race group only; people who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, people who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Data for 2000 to 2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. Starting in 2003, Asians constituted a separate category. For more information, see the historical comparability documentation. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Dashes indicate that data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000.

Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
1980	64.2	63.4	75.8	-	73.5
1981	64.4	63.1	76.9	-	75.7
1982	65.7	64.5	78.1	-	75.5
1983	66.5	65.6	78.9	-	78.5
1984	67.6	66.8	79.5	-	77.7
1985	68.1	67.2	82.6	-	77.7
1986	69.5	67.9	82.8	-	80.6
1987	69.8	68.2	84.4	-	82.0
1988	70.2	68.4	82.8	-	84.4
1989	70.1	69.3	86.5	-	85.4
1990	71.9	71.5	85.3	-	87.4
1991	74.2	73.7	86.1	-	90.4
1992	75.8	75.3	88.2	-	89.1
1993	77.1	76.5	88.8	-	90.5
1994	76.4	74.6	86.5	-	88.9
1995	75.5	73.3	86.4	-	87.1
1996	75.0	73.8	87.9	-	88.8
1997	74.4	74.6	86.8	-	85.7
1998	76.3	76.1	85.5	-	86.4
1999	76.5	75.7	83.8	-	85.7
2000	76.9	75.8	84.1	79.9	87.8
2001	76.4	75.8	85.8	76.9	88.2
2002	77.9	77.9	90.3	74.9	88.0
2003	79.4	79.3	88.5	77.5	88.4
2004	80.4	79.8	88.8	76.4	87.3
2005	81.0	80.2	89.3	80.6	87.7
2006	80.8	80.0	87.8	79.3	87.1
2007	80.2	79.4	88.8	78.1	91.0
2008	79.9	79.3	89.4	78.0	89.6
2009	80.2	79.2	93.7	81.8	89.5
2010	81.2	80.5	93.5	82.6	90.7
2011	82.2	82.1	91.1	77.4	90.7
2012	80.9	80.8	90.1	73.0	88.0
2013	82.1	81.7	91.3	77.3	91.1
2014	82.5	81.8	89.9	77.9	89.0
2015	81.1	80.8	90.4	77.7	89.7
2016	81.9	81.3	89.3	78.4	88.4
2017	81.8	81.9	92.5	74.8	87.4

Note: The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the historical comparability section of the household data technical documentation provided at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#comp. Beginning in 2003, estimates for the groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) include people who selected that race group only; people who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, people who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Data for 2000 to 2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. Starting in 2003, Asians constituted a separate category. For more information, see the historical comparability documentation. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Dashes indicate that data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000.

Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Table 17. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers, 25 years and older, by educational attainment and gender, 2017 annual averages

Educational attainment and gender	Total employed (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings
Total		
<p>Note: Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.</p>		

Educational attainment and gender	Total employed (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings
Total	102,991	\$907
Less than high school diploma	7,038	520
High school graduate or more	95,953	944
High school graduate, no college	26,011	712
Some college or associate's degree	27,387	798
Some college, no degree	16,008	774
Associate's degree	11,379	836
Occupational program	4,737	829
Academic program	6,642	840
Bachelor's degree and higher	42,555	1,279
Bachelor's degree	26,456	1,173
Master's degree	11,946	1,401
Professional degree	1,738	1,836
Doctoral degree	2,415	1,743
Women		
Total	45,801	\$810
Less than high school diploma	2,257	447
High school graduate or more	43,545	838
High school graduate, no college	10,031	610
Some college or associate's degree	12,846	700
Some college, no degree	7,176	680
Associate's degree	5,670	727
Occupational program	2,123	707
Academic program	3,546	743
Bachelor's degree and higher	20,668	1,131
Bachelor's degree	12,548	1,013
Master's degree	6,260	1,241
Professional degree	831	1,573
Doctoral degree	1,028	1,543
Men		
Total	57,190	\$996
Less than high school diploma	4,781	584
High school graduate or more	52,409	1,048
High school graduate, no college	15,980	797
Some college or associate's degree	14,541	917
Some college, no degree	8,832	886
Associate's degree	5,709	978
Occupational program	2,613	976
Academic program	3,096	979
Bachelor's degree and higher	21,887	1,481
Bachelor's degree	13,908	1,378
Master's degree	5,685	1,633
Professional degree	908	2,012
Doctoral degree	1,387	1,886

Note: Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers, by detailed occupation and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
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Occupation	Total		Women		Men		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Total, full-time wage and salary workers	113,272	\$860	50,291	\$770	62,980	\$941	81.8						
Management, professional, and related occupations	47,207	1,224	24,393	1,052	22,815	1,442	73.0						
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	19,414	1,327	8,999	1,134	10,415	1,526	74.3						
Management occupations	13,169	1,392	5,600	1,173	7,568	1,573	74.6						
Chief executives	1,136	2,296	313	1,920	823	2,415	79.5						
General and operations managers	920	1,328	321	1,134	598	1,488	76.2						
Legislators	14	-	9	-	5	-	-						
Advertising and promotions managers	53	1,330	29	-	24	-	-						
Marketing and sales managers	994	1,509	428	1,288	566	1,747	73.7						
Public relations and fundraising managers	71	1,318	47	-	24	-	-						
Administrative services managers	147	1,233	57	1,013	89	1,629	62.2						
Computer and information systems managers	594	1,843	165	1,629	428	1,897	85.9						
Financial managers	1,111	1,412	611	1,222	500	1,719	71.1						
Compensation and benefits managers	16	-	11	-	5	-	-						
Human resources managers	304	1,448	211	1,280	92	1,748	73.2						
Training and development managers	58	1,396	35	-	23	-	-						
Industrial production managers	265	1,486	63	1,312	202	1,526	86.0						
Purchasing managers	194	1,271	104	1,138	90	1,420	80.1						
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	274	1,039	49	-	225	1,061	-						
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	121	1,001	21	-	100	963	-						
Construction managers	582	1,428	56	1,243	526	1,439	86.4						
Education administrators	801	1,367	497	1,243	304	1,561	79.6						
Architectural and engineering managers	128	1,999	10	-	119	2,020	-						
Food service managers	816	753	394	674	421	894	75.4						
Funeral service managers	9	-	5	-	4	-	-						
Gaming managers	23	-	6	-	17	-	-						
Lodging managers	116	882	62	844	54	982	85.9						
Medical and health services managers	610	1,319	433	1,177	177	1,490	79.0						
Natural sciences managers	17	-	7	-	10	-	-						
Postmasters and mail superintendents	23	-	10	-	13	-	-						
Property, real estate, and community association managers	421	957	241	873	181	1,163	75.1						
Social and community service managers	337	1,136	236	1,052	101	1,281	82.1						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Emergency management directors	10	7	4	-						
Managers, all other	3,004	1,163	1,841	76.8						
Business and financial operations occupations	6,245	3,398	2,847	75.9						
Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes	23	15	8	-						
Buyers and purchasing agents, farm products	10	4	6	-						
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products	154	87	67	100.7						
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products	240	96	143	94.8						
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	346	218	128	83.5						
Compliance officers	240	134	106	86.3						
Cost estimators	113	13	100	-						
Human resources workers	664	482	182	83.7						
Compensation, benefits, and job analysis specialists	60	39	21	-						
Training and development specialists	114	55	59	74.7						
Logisticians	101	33	67	-						
Management analysts	606	255	351	79.6						
Meeting, convention, and event planners	102	89	14	-						
Fundraisers	72	55	17	-						
Market research analysts and marketing specialists	258	149	110	78.2						
Business operations specialists, all other	250	132	118	74.4						
Accountants and auditors	1,512	890	622	76.7						
Appraisers and assessors of real estate	55	20	35	-						
Budget analysts	54	26	29	-						
Credit analysts	27	15	13	-						
Financial analysts	264	108	156	86.1						
Personal financial advisors	398	131	267	58.9						
Insurance underwriters	92	57	35	-						
Financial examiners	15	7	8	-						
Credit counselors and loan officers	320	193	127	71.9						
Tax examiners and collectors, and revenue agents	62	33	28	-						
Tax preparers	56	39	18	-						
Financial specialists, all other	36	24	11	-						
Professional and related occupations	27,794	15,394	12,400	72.9						
Computer and mathematical occupations	4,350	1,110	3,240	79.6						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Computer and information research scientists	23	9	13	-						
Computer systems analysts	522 1,409	211 1,270	311 1,495	84.9						
Information security analysts	94 1,725	20	74 1,773	-						
Computer programmers	423 1,483	89 1,363	333 1,539	88.6						
Software developers, applications and systems software	1,439 1,792	265 1,543	1,174 1,863	82.8						
Web developers	144 1,235	46	98 1,342	-						
Computer support specialists	443 1,068	124 919	319 1,134	81.0						
Database administrators	93 1,381	37	56 1,745	-						
Network and computer systems administrators	193 1,395	38	155 1,396	-						
Computer network architects	100 1,636	3	97 1,659	-						
Computer occupations, all other	627 1,194	142 1,059	484 1,250	84.7						
Actuaries	23	7	16	-						
Mathematicians	2	0	2	-						
Operations research analysts	146 1,396	74 1,205	71 1,570	76.8						
Statisticians	77 1,433	41	36	-						
Miscellaneous mathematical science occupations	2	1	1	-						
Architecture and engineering occupations	2,936 1,478	442 1,307	2,494 1,518	86.1						
Architects, except naval	196 1,453	46	150 1,650	-						
Surveyors, cartographers, and photogrammetrists	30	5	25	-						
Aerospace engineers	137 1,892	9	128 1,891	-						
Agricultural engineers	3	0	3	-						
Biomedical engineers	16	4	11	-						
Chemical engineers	78 1,626	12	66 1,631	-						
Civil engineers	393 1,494	61 1,343	332 1,524	88.1						
Computer hardware engineers	73 1,771	13	60 1,793	-						
Electrical and electronics engineers	276 1,803	30	245 1,772	-						
Environmental engineers	32	11	21	-						
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	213 1,496	46	168 1,520	-						
Marine engineers and naval architects	7	0	7	-						
Materials engineers	32	5	28	-						
Mechanical engineers	337 1,534	26	311 1,533	-						
Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers	12	1	10	-						
Nuclear engineers	7	0	7	-						
Petroleum engineers	23	6	17	-						
Engineers, all other	546 1,561	73 1,436	473 1,571	91.4						
Drafters	122 1,126	21	100 1,149	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Engineering technicians, except drafters	339 1,053	70 884	269 1,102	80.2						
Surveying and mapping technicians	63 1,109	2 -	61 1,114	-						
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1,238 1,286	564 1,183	674 1,361	86.9						
Agricultural and food scientists	25 -	10 -	14 -	-						
Biological scientists	82 1,140	41 -	41 -	-						
Conservation scientists and foresters	26 -	11 -	15 -	-						
Medical scientists	162 1,378	80 1,270	82 1,383	91.8						
Life scientists, all other	4 -	3 -	1 -	-						
Astronomers and physicists	16 -	1 -	15 -	-						
Atmospheric and space scientists	6 -	2 -	4 -	-						
Chemists and materials scientists	98 1,425	41 -	56 1,451	-						
Environmental scientists and geoscientists	80 1,639	30 -	51 1,746	-						
Physical scientists, all other	270 1,529	122 1,409	147 1,565	90.0						
Economists	29 -	12 -	18 -	-						
Survey researchers	2 -	1 -	1 -	-						
Psychologists	106 1,454	71 1,437	35 -	-						
Sociologists	2 -	0 -	2 -	-						
Urban and regional planners	34 -	16 -	18 -	-						
Miscellaneous social scientists and related workers	27 -	9 -	18 -	-						
Agricultural and food science technicians	30 -	10 -	20 -	-						
Biological technicians	23 -	15 -	8 -	-						
Chemical technicians	62 1,013	16 -	45 -	-						
Geological and petroleum technicians	13 -	4 -	9 -	-						
Nuclear technicians	6 -	2 -	4 -	-						
Social science research assistants	4 -	4 -	0 -	-						
Miscellaneous life, physical, and social science technicians	132 826	63 766	70 970	79.0						
Community and social service occupations	2,165 900	1,418 857	747 976	87.8						
Counselors	650 897	472 894	178 901	99.2						
Social workers	714 906	591 900	122 935	96.3						
Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists	90 881	55 858	36 -	-						
Social and human service assistants	189 739	141 701	48 -	-						
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists, including health educators and community health workers	68 829	51 791	17 -	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Clergy	342 1,058	46	- 297 1,073	-						
Directors, religious activities and education	61 844	25	- 36	-						
Religious workers, all other	50 831	37	- 13	-						
Legal occupations	1,379 1,443	811 1,192	568 1,896	62.9						
Lawyers	781 1,901	337 1,753	444 2,105	83.3						
Judicial law clerks	13	- 6	- 7	-						
Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers	59 1,742	17	- 42	-						
Paralegals and legal assistants	370 945	321 934	49	-						
Miscellaneous legal support workers	156 957	130 904	26	-						
Education, training, and library occupations	6,978 1,002	5,039 935	1,939 1,202	77.8						
Postsecondary teachers	985 1,312	434 1,208	551 1,414	85.4						
Preschool and kindergarten teachers	530 657	518 654	12	-						
Elementary and middle school teachers	2,838 1,023	2,224 987	614 1,139	86.7						
Secondary school teachers	917 1,139	524 1,091	392 1,226	89.0						
Special education teachers	386 1,024	332 1,017	54 1,051	96.8						
Other teachers and instructors	419 897	265 820	155 1,128	72.7						
Archivists, curators, and museum technicians	42	- 24	- 18	-						
Librarians	135 1,009	104 972	31	-						
Library technicians	16	- 14	- 2	-						
Teacher assistants	590 550	523 537	67 642	83.6						
Other education, training, and library workers	120 1,049	77 956	44	-						
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1,778 1,066	765 943	1,013 1,161	81.2						
Artists and related workers	70 1,209	27	- 43	-						
Designers	600 1,012	273 857	327 1,172	73.1						
Actors	17	- 6	- 11	-						
Producers and directors	131 1,489	43	- 89 1,708	-						
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	149 898	45	- 104 1,031	-						
Dancers and choreographers	9	- 5	- 4	-						
Musicians, singers, and related workers	41	- 12	- 29	-						
Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other	24	- 13	- 10	-						
Announcers	24	- 7	- 18	-						
News analysts, reporters and correspondents	72 945	42	- 30	-						
Public relations specialists	92 1,339	57 1,203	35	-						
Editors	124 1,084	68 992	56 1,123	88.3						
Technical writers	67 1,222	37	- 30	-						
Writers and authors	106 1,137	57 1,045	50 1,171	89.2						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Miscellaneous media and communication workers	53 809	28 -	25 -	-						
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators	81 1,150	10 -	71 1,160	-						
Photographers	66 931	25 -	40 -	-						
Television, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors	46 -	8 -	38 -	-						
Media and communication equipment workers, all other	5 -	2 -	3 -	-						
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	6,970 1,124	5,246 1,068	1,724 1,341	79.6						
Chiropractors	11 -	2 -	9 -	-						
Dentists	41 -	25 -	16 -	-						
Dietitians and nutritionists	88 991	80 996	8 -	-						
Optometrists	19 -	13 -	6 -	-						
Pharmacists	254 1,923	147 1,834	107 2,228	82.3						
Physicians and surgeons	815 1,918	352 1,759	463 2,277	77.3						
Physician assistants	97 1,747	66 1,640	31 -	-						
Podiatrists	7 -	4 -	3 -	-						
Audiologists	13 -	12 -	1 -	-						
Occupational therapists	74 1,301	62 1,273	12 -	-						
Physical therapists	182 1,317	118 1,297	64 1,341	96.7						
Radiation therapists	11 -	8 -	3 -	-						
Recreational therapists	5 -	3 -	1 -	-						
Respiratory therapists	83 961	56 904	27 -	-						
Speech-language pathologists	106 1,213	102 1,214	4 -	-						
Exercise physiologists	5 -	3 -	1 -	-						
Therapists, all other	142 983	114 947	29 -	-						
Veterinarians	60 1,840	40 -	20 -	-						
Registered nurses	2,536 1,150	2,253 1,143	283 1,260	90.7						
Nurse anesthetists	30 -	17 -	13 -	-						
Nurse midwives	5 -	5 -	0 -	-						
Nurse practitioners	141 1,841	129 1,832	12 -	-						
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners, all other	15 -	12 -	3 -	-						
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	297 890	203 845	94 1,061	79.6						
Dental hygienists	78 1,033	73 1,028	5 -	-						
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	271 1,162	186 1,041	85 1,404	74.1						
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	203 984	58 733	145 1,119	65.5						
Health practitioner support technologists and technicians	469 710	371 678	98 858	79.0						
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	501 815	438 814	62 817	99.6						
Medical records and health information technicians	151 763	140 761	11 -	-						
Opticians, dispensing	43 -	30 -	13 -	-						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Miscellaneous health technologists and technicians	143 811	95 746	48 -	-						
Other healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	77 1,183	28 -	49 -	-						
Service occupations	16,044 544	8,059 501	7,985 608	82.4						
Healthcare support occupations	2,500 542	2,180 533	320 597	89.3						
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,387 500	1,223 493	164 583	84.6						
Occupational therapy assistants and aides	13 -	11 -	1 -	-						
Physical therapist assistants and aides	47 -	33 -	15 -	-						
Massage therapists	51 632	36 -	15 -	-						
Dental assistants	215 608	203 602	12 -	-						
Medical assistants	457 594	418 597	39 -	-						
Medical transcriptionists	21 -	18 -	3 -	-						
Pharmacy aides	25 -	14 -	11 -	-						
Veterinary assistants and laboratory animal caretakers	37 -	33 -	4 -	-						
Phlebotomists	97 635	82 639	16 -	-						
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations, including medical equipment preparers	150 587	110 603	40 -	-						
Protective service occupations	2,739 852	535 690	2,204 894	77.2						
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	50 899	12 -	38 -	-						
First-line supervisors of police and detectives	94 1,348	13 -	81 1,347	-						
First-line supervisors of fire fighting and prevention workers	43 -	2 -	42 -	-						
First-line supervisors of protective service workers, all other	69 953	11 -	58 938	-						
Firefighters	272 1,123	8 -	264 1,136	-						
Fire inspectors	22 -	0 -	22 -	-						
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers	390 771	106 669	284 825	81.1						
Detectives and criminal investigators	142 1,256	32 -	110 1,291	-						
Fish and game wardens	5 -	0 -	5 -	-						
Parking enforcement workers	4 -	2 -	2 -	-						
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	688 1,015	94 985	595 1,024	96.2						
Transit and railroad police	6 -	2 -	4 -	-						
Animal control workers	12 -	4 -	8 -	-						
Private detectives and investigators	86 963	44 -	42 -	-						
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	740 596	170 548	570 616	89.0						
Crossing guards	23 -	6 -	17 -	-						
Transportation security screeners	43 -	11 -	32 -	-						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Lifeguards and other recreational, and all other protective service workers	49 -	19 -	30 -	-						
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4,465 484	2,106 459	2,359 502	91.4						
Chefs and head cooks	382 634	72 514	310 655	78.5						
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	427 537	227 500	200 613	81.6						
Cooks	1,365 466	506 436	859 481	90.6						
Food preparation workers	510 425	269 410	242 449	91.3						
Bartenders	210 554	112 515	98 600	85.8						
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	175 407	100 401	75 415	96.6						
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	65 460	36 -	29 -	-						
Waiters and waitresses	911 493	592 475	319 533	89.1						
Food servers, nonrestaurant	88 473	59 468	28 -	-						
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	134 458	55 481	79 444	108.3						
Dishwashers	131 401	19 -	111 408	-						
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	67 401	58 400	9 -	-						
Food preparation and serving related workers, all other	1 -	1 -	1 -	-						
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,641 522	1,268 463	2,373 573	80.8						
First-line supervisors of housekeeping and janitorial workers	190 661	77 515	113 749	68.8						
First-line supervisors of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	111 723	9 -	102 760	-						
Janitors and building cleaners	1,595 539	459 481	1,136 574	83.8						
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	815 450	687 439	128 508	86.4						
Pest control workers	94 616	5 -	89 617	-						
Grounds maintenance workers	837 525	31 -	805 526	-						
Personal care and service occupations	2,699 520	1,971 503	728 612	82.2						
First-line supervisors of gaming workers	126 797	53 763	73 837	91.2						
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	76 619	45 -	31 -	-						
Animal trainers	23 -	7 -	16 -	-						
Nonfarm animal caretakers	99 506	78 504	21 -	-						
Gaming services workers	66 692	28 -	37 -	-						
Motion picture projectionists	0 -	0 -	0 -	-						
Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers	8 -	2 -	6 -	-						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers	74 517	36 -	39 -	-						
Embalmers and funeral attendants	15 -	7 -	8 -	-						
Morticians, undertakers, and funeral directors	22 -	3 -	19 -	-						
Barbers	54 590	8 -	47 -	-						
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	324 528	302 521	22 -	-						
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	235 567	187 538	48 -	-						
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	70 547	14 -	56 543	-						
Tour and travel guides	21 -	6 -	14 -	-						
Childcare workers	448 482	413 474	35 -	-						
Personal care aides	735 486	608 479	127 520	92.1						
Recreation and fitness workers	200 616	118 565	82 726	77.8						
Residential advisors	27 -	17 -	10 -	-						
Personal care and service workers, all other	76 570	40 -	37 -	-						
Sales and office occupations	23,686 718	14,205 672	9,481 834	80.6						
Sales and related occupations	9,953 763	4,355 609	5,598 934	65.2						
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	2,388 764	1,013 639	1,376 891	71.7						
First-line supervisors of non-retail sales workers	815 1,062	274 965	541 1,151	83.8						
Cashiers	1,360 438	982 422	378 493	85.6						
Counter and rental clerks	78 607	31 -	48 -	-						
Parts salespersons	115 786	7 -	108 800	-						
Retail salespersons	1,896 615	736 523	1,160 704	74.3						
Advertising sales agents	193 887	106 882	87 895	98.5						
Insurance sales agents	440 897	242 795	198 1,058	75.1						
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	231 1,332	77 911	154 1,416	64.3						
Travel agents	57 665	47 -	10 -	-						
Sales representatives, services, all other	458 1,147	120 902	339 1,332	67.7						
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,105 1,157	308 956	796 1,222	78.2						
Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	16 -	12 -	4 -	-						
Real estate brokers and sales agents	488 953	269 818	219 1,159	70.6						
Sales engineers	39 -	3 -	36 -	-						
Telemarketers	37 -	27 -	11 -	-						
Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	41 -	15 -	27 -	-						
Sales and related workers, all other	195 971	89 799	107 1,147	69.7						
Office and administrative support occupations	13,733 701	9,850 691	3,884 735	94.0						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
First-line supervisors of office and administrative support workers	1,261 867	854 819	408 987	83.0						
Switchboard operators, including answering service	16 -	12 -	3 -	-						
Telephone operators	35 -	27 -	9 -	-						
Communications equipment operators, all other	5 -	2 -	4 -	-						
Bill and account collectors	130 674	92 655	38 -	-						
Billing and posting clerks	405 696	347 691	58 718	96.2						
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	718 719	625 716	92 743	96.4						
Gaming cage workers	11 -	11 -	0 -	-						
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	103 765	89 767	13 -	-						
Procurement clerks	29 -	15 -	14 -	-						
Tellers	209 572	184 562	25 -	-						
Financial clerks, all other	74 902	48 -	26 -	-						
Brokerage clerks	5 -	3 -	2 -	-						
Correspondence clerks	6 -	5 -	0 -	-						
Court, municipal, and license clerks	79 738	62 718	17 -	-						
Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	50 807	31 -	20 -	-						
Customer service representatives	1,881 654	1,234 637	646 712	89.5						
Eligibility interviewers, government programs	66 849	50 779	16 -	-						
File clerks	135 704	109 706	26 -	-						
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	84 486	49 -	35 -	-						
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	106 671	89 683	16 -	-						
Library assistants, clerical	45 -	37 -	8 -	-						
Loan interviewers and clerks	114 742	95 725	19 -	-						
New accounts clerks	36 -	28 -	8 -	-						
Order clerks	80 629	42 -	38 -	-						
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	45 -	37 -	8 -	-						
Receptionists and information clerks	892 602	826 599	66 652	91.9						
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	99 739	56 691	43 -	-						
Information and record clerks, all other	92 691	74 683	19 -	-						
Cargo and freight agents	14 -	4 -	10 -	-						
Couriers and messengers	155 725	24 -	131 751	-						
Dispatchers	255 710	145 691	110 753	91.8						
Meter readers, utilities	14 -	2 -	12 -	-						
Postal service clerks	104 940	56 925	48 -	-						
Postal service mail carriers	266 944	108 856	158 965	88.7						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	49	23	26	-						
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	238 911	120 798	118 1,043	76.5						
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	544 611	165 596	379 616	96.8						
Stock clerks and order fillers	982 559	339 538	643 571	94.2						
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping	43	21	22	-						
Secretaries and administrative assistants	2,165 739	2,046 735	119 852	86.3						
Computer operators	63 809	35	27	-						
Data entry keyers	224 650	176 640	48	-						
Word processors and typists	80 683	72 667	8	-						
Desktop publishers	1	1	0	-						
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	223 714	189 711	34	-						
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	46	16	30	-						
Office clerks, general	935 682	793 670	142 780	85.9						
Office machine operators, except computer	27	17	10	-						
Proofreaders and copy markers	6	4	2	-						
Statistical assistants	17	10	7	-						
Office and administrative support workers, all other	473 758	352 756	122 768	98.4						
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11,509 801	515 579	10,994 809	71.6						
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	962 539	206 471	756 585	80.5						
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers	51 711	4	47	-						
Agricultural inspectors	14	4	10	-						
Animal breeders	3	0	3	-						
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	99 500	67 487	32	-						
Miscellaneous agricultural workers	701 517	127 453	574 553	81.9						
Fishers and related fishing workers	21	0	21	-						
Hunters and trappers	2	1	0	-						
Forest and conservation workers	25	2	23	-						
Logging workers	47	1	46	-						
Construction and extraction occupations	6,147 796	160 802	5,987 796	100.8						
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	520 1,158	14	506 1,166	-						
Boilermakers	15	0	15	-						
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	121 787	0	121 787	-						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Carpenters	870 789	19	- 851 789	-						
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	115 631	1	- 114 628	-						
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	47 -	2	- 45 -	-						
Construction laborers	1,443 670	43	- 1,400 667	-						
Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators	12 -	0	- 12 -	-						
Pile-driver operators	2 -	0	- 2 -	-						
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	324 868	6	- 318 868	-						
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	114 634	1	- 112 628	-						
Electricians	726 979	15	- 711 974	-						
Glaziers	39 -	0	- 39 -	-						
Insulation workers	52 768	3	- 49 -	-						
Painters, construction and maintenance	347 683	20	- 328 689	-						
Paperhangers	1 -	0	- 1 -	-						
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	497 866	8	- 489 865	-						
Plasterers and stucco masons	24 -	0	- 24 -	-						
Reinforcing iron and rebar workers	13 -	0	- 13 -	-						
Roofers	174 621	0	- 174 621	-						
Sheet metal workers	136 865	3	- 132 866	-						
Structural iron and steel workers	43 -	2	- 41 -	-						
Solar photovoltaic installers	7 -	0	- 7 -	-						
Helpers, construction trades	57 621	4	- 53 627	-						
Construction and building inspectors	63 974	4	- 60 1,068	-						
Elevator installers and repairers	38 -	0	- 38 -	-						
Fence erectors	26 -	1	- 25 -	-						
Hazardous materials removal workers	27 -	6	- 20 -	-						
Highway maintenance workers	91 761	4	- 88 770	-						
Rail-track laying and maintenance equipment operators	10 -	0	- 10 -	-						
Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners	6 -	0	- 6 -	-						
Miscellaneous construction and related workers	15 -	1	- 14 -	-						
Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit operators, oil, gas, and mining	27 -	0	- 27 -	-						
Earth drillers, except oil and gas	17 -	0	- 17 -	-						
Explosives workers, ordnance handling experts, and blasters	12 -	0	- 12 -	-						
Mining machine operators	49 -	0	- 49 -	-						
Roof bolters, mining	2 -	0	- 2 -	-						

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Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Roustabouts, oil and gas	4	0	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Helpers--extraction workers	5	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other extraction workers	54 900	2	52 907	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,400 878	149 736	4,251 883	83.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
First-line supervisors of mechanics, installers, and repairers	244 1,092	19	225 1,089	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	173 819	17	156 833	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	121 1,010	8	113 1,069	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avionics technicians	7	0	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric motor, power tool, and related repairers	30	0	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical and electronics installers and repairers, transportation equipment	1	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical and electronics repairers, industrial and utility	14	0	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles	11	0	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers	38	0	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and fire alarm systems installers	71 945	3	68 943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	153 1,169	6	146 1,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive body and related repairers	124 821	1	122 832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive glass installers and repairers	21	0	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	752 761	15	737 764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	367 887	4	362 887	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics	177 993	4	173 1,005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Small engine mechanics	26	0	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	64 613	0	64 613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Control and valve installers and repairers	25	0	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	376 830	7	369 832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home appliance repairers	26	0	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	395 923	16	379 932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance and repair workers, general	511 828	20	490 834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Maintenance workers, machinery	25	0	25	-						
Millwrights	40	1	39	-						
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	132 1,191	0	132 1,191	-						
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	187 879	5	181 876	-						
Precision instrument and equipment repairers	44	10	34	-						
Wind turbine service technicians	6	0	6	-						
Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers	24	1	23	-						
Commercial divers	0	0	0	-						
Locksmiths and safe repairers	20	2	18	-						
Manufactured building and mobile home installers	3	0	3	-						
Riggers	13	0	13	-						
Signal and track switch repairers	11	0	11	-						
Helpers--installation, maintenance, and repair workers	15	2	14	-						
Other installation, maintenance, and repair workers	156 774	6	150 772	-						
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	14,825 692	3,119 545	11,705 736	74.0						
Production occupations	7,589 701	2,044 564	5,545 769	73.3						
First-line supervisors of production and operating workers	722 966	133 716	588 1,007	71.1						
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	1	1	0	-						
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	123 624	50 587	73 682	86.1						
Engine and other machine assemblers	14	2	11	-						
Structural metal fabricators and fitters	25	1	24	-						
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	957 630	362 559	595 700	79.9						
Bakers	135 472	68 464	67 488	95.1						
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	259 587	63 487	196 621	78.4						
Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and tenders	7	3	4	-						
Food batchmakers	70 575	38	32	-						
Food cooking machine operators and tenders	8	5	3	-						
Food processing workers, all other	171 676	52 545	119 701	77.7						
Computer control programmers and operators	100 868	12	88 912	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Extruding and drawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	18	1	17	-						
Forging machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	9	1	8	-						
Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	9	2	6	-						
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	84	9	74	865						
Drilling and boring machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	7	0	7	-						
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	40	4	35	-						
Lathe and turning machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	14	1	13	-						
Milling and planing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	5	2	3	-						
Machinists	343	16	326	831						
Metal furnace operators, tenders, pourers, and casters	23	3	20	-						
Model makers and patternmakers, metal and plastic	3	3	1	-						
Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	43	5	38	-						
Multiple machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	5	1	4	-						
Tool and die makers	59	3	56	1,021						
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	541	24	517	812						
Heat treating equipment setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	2	1	1	-						
Layout workers, metal and plastic	11	0	11	-						
Plating and coating machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	16	2	14	-						
Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners	7	0	7	-						
Metal workers and plastic workers, all other	381	78	303	654	84.5					
Prepress technicians and workers	13	4	8	-						
Printing press operators	151	26	126	758						
Print binding and finishing workers	8	4	4	-						
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	106	79	27	443						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials	19	9	10	-						
Sewing machine operators	157 519	108 521	49	-						
Shoe and leather workers and repairers	1	1	0	-						
Shoe machine operators and tenders	3	1	2	-						
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	31	21	10	-						
Textile bleaching and dyeing machine operators and tenders	0	0	0	-						
Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders	6	4	2	-						
Textile knitting and weaving machine setters, operators, and tenders	17	9	8	-						
Textile winding, twisting, and drawing out machine setters, operators, and tenders	12	8	4	-						
Extruding and forming machine setters, operators, and tenders, synthetic and glass fibers	0	0	0	-						
Fabric and apparel patternmakers	1	1	0	-						
Upholsterers	22	4	18	-						
Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, all other	19	9	10	-						
Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters	38	2	36	-						
Furniture finishers	8	1	7	-						
Model makers and patternmakers, wood	1	0	1	-						
Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood	26	0	26	-						
Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing	16	4	12	-						
Woodworkers, all other	19	4	15	-						
Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers	47	2	45	-						
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	76 1,088	4	72 1,142	-						
Water and wastewater treatment plant and system operators	107 907	5	102 910	-						
Miscellaneous plant and system operators	41	6	34	-						
Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders	58 877	3	55 879	-						
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	70 771	8	62 795	-						
Cutting workers	51 521	12	40	-						
Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders	13	3	10	-						
Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders	5	0	5	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total	Women	Men	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	717 765	275 637	443 853	74.7						
Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers	24 -	5 -	20 -	-						
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	57 598	40 -	16 -	-						
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	275 553	147 516	128 598	86.3						
Painting workers	131 693	14 -	117 705	-						
Photographic process workers and processing machine operators	23 -	7 -	16 -	-						
Semiconductor processors	2 -	2 -	0 -	-						
Adhesive bonding machine operators and tenders	4 -	0 -	4 -	-						
Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders	10 -	2 -	8 -	-						
Cooling and freezing equipment operators and tenders	2 -	1 -	1 -	-						
Etchers and engravers	5 -	2 -	3 -	-						
Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic	25 -	4 -	21 -	-						
Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders	28 -	5 -	23 -	-						
Tire builders	10 -	0 -	10 -	-						
Helpers--production workers	30 -	11 -	19 -	-						
Production workers, all other	890 663	238 570	653 716	79.6						
Transportation and material moving occupations	7,236 681	1,075 514	6,160 710	72.4						
Supervisors of transportation and material moving workers	192 881	31 -	160 919	-						
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	112 1,736	7 -	105 1,750	-						
Air traffic controllers and airfield operations specialists	16 -	5 -	11 -	-						
Flight attendants	71 860	51 873	20 -	-						
Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians	8 -	1 -	7 -	-						
Bus drivers	356 605	148 517	209 671	77.0						
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	2,828 797	139 589	2,689 807	73.0						
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	362 604	54 453	308 623	72.7						
Motor vehicle operators, all other	33 -	5 -	28 -	-						
Locomotive engineers and operators	43 -	7 -	36 -	-						
Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators	5 -	0 -	5 -	-						
Railroad conductors and yardmasters	42 -	2 -	39 -	-						
Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers	9 -	2 -	7 -	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Occupation	Total		Women		Men		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Sailors and marine oilers	19	-	0	-	19	-	-						
Ship and boat captains and operators	29	-	0	-	29	-	-						
Ship engineers	3	-	0	-	3	-	-						
Bridge and lock tenders	5	-	2	-	3	-	-						
Parking lot attendants	65	560	16	-	49	-	-						
Automotive and watercraft service attendants	80	514	7	-	73	535	-						
Transportation inspectors	41	-	8	-	33	-	-						
Transportation attendants, except flight attendants	21	-	10	-	11	-	-						
Other transportation workers	20	-	1	-	19	-	-						
Conveyor operators and tenders	1	-	0	-	1	-	-						
Crane and tower operators	52	902	1	-	51	898	-						
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	29	-	1	-	28	-	-						
Hoist and winch operators	6	-	0	-	6	-	-						
Industrial truck and tractor operators	584	624	46	-	538	632	-						
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	237	530	40	-	197	531	-						
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,450	578	254	500	1,196	595	84.0						
Machine feeders and offbearers	29	-	15	-	14	-	-						
Packers and packagers, hand	368	480	210	462	158	500	92.4						
Pumping station operators	19	-	0	-	19	-	-						
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	56	522	7	-	49	-	-						
Mine shuttle car operators	0	-	0	-	0	-	-						
Tank car, truck, and ship loaders	6	-	0	-	6	-	-						
Material moving workers, all other	41	-	6	-	34	-	-						

Note: Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] Table 19. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers, by industry and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Industry	Total		Women		Men		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Total, 16 years and older	113,272	\$860	50,291	\$770	62,980	\$941	81.8						
Agriculture and related industries	1,235	611	247	515	988	640	80.5						
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	720	1,256	88	1,124	632	1,272	88.4						
Construction	7,619	843	639	873	6,980	841	103.8						
Manufacturing	14,059	885	3,931	729	10,128	954	76.4						
Durable goods manufacturing	8,905	912	2,150	758	6,755	973	77.9						

Note: Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Industry	Total		Women		Men		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers	Median weekly earnings
Nondurable goods manufacturing	5,154	836	1,781	701	3,373	917	76.4						
Wholesale and retail trade	13,988	705	5,519	613	8,469	778	78.8						
Wholesale trade	3,079	902	874	790	2,205	956	82.6						
Retail trade	10,909	657	4,645	591	6,264	731	80.8						
Transportation and utilities	6,708	904	1,497	733	5,211	957	76.6						
Transportation and warehousing	5,391	842	1,238	700	4,153	898	78.0						
Utilities	1,318	1,211	259	953	1,058	1,290	73.9						
Information	2,304	1,147	839	950	1,465	1,302	73.0						
Financial activities	8,437	1,008	4,540	886	3,898	1,236	71.7						
Finance and insurance	6,410	1,075	3,628	910	2,782	1,450	62.8						
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,027	842	911	803	1,116	883	90.9						
Professional and business services	13,362	1,037	5,408	883	7,954	1,186	74.5						
Professional and technical services	8,659	1,347	3,592	1,063	5,067	1,536	69.2						
Management, administrative, and waste services	4,703	632	1,816	618	2,887	646	95.7						
Education and health services	26,052	889	19,183	832	6,869	1,080	77.0						
Educational services	10,516	976	7,100	928	3,415	1,108	83.8						
Health care and social assistance	15,537	816	12,083	767	3,454	1,047	73.3						
Leisure and hospitality	7,791	552	3,575	510	4,216	596	85.6						
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,721	715	675	639	1,046	768	83.2						
Accommodation and food services	6,071	513	2,900	490	3,170	548	89.4						
Other services	4,370	704	1,948	613	2,421	782	78.4						
Other services, except private households	4,077	722	1,682	644	2,395	781	82.5						
Private households	292	497	266	490	26	-	-						
Public administration	6,625	1,041	2,877	924	3,748	1,160	79.7						

Note: Data exclude all self-employed people, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Women's earnings as a percentage of men's are not shown where employment for either women or men is less than 50,000. Median earnings are not shown where employment is less than 50,000. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[–] Table 20. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below prevailing federal minimum wage, by selected characteristics, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Workers paid hourly rates				
	Total	Total at or below prevailing federal minimum wage			
		Total	Percentage of hourly paid workers	At prevailing federal minimum wage	Below prevailing federal minimum wage
Age and gender					
Total, 16 years and older	80,439	1,824	2.3	542	1,282
16 to 24 years	15,974	891	5.6	321	569

Footnotes:

(1) Estimates for the race groups—White, Black or African American, and Asian—do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

(2) The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders. Full time is 35 hours or more per week; part time is less than 35 hours.

Note: Data exclude all self-employed persons whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Characteristic	Workers paid hourly rates				
	Total	Total at or below prevailing federal minimum wage			
		Total	Percentage of hourly paid workers	At prevailing federal minimum wage	Below prevailing federal minimum wage
25 years and older	64,465	933	1.4	221	712
Women, 16 years and older	40,658	1,146	2.8	316	829
16 to 24 years	7,965	562	7.1	190	371
25 years and older	32,693	584	1.8	126	458
Men, 16 years and older	39,781	678	1.7	226	452
16 to 24 years	8,009	329	4.1	131	198
25 years and older	31,772	349	1.1	95	254
Race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity⁽¹⁾					
White	61,258	1,375	2.2	359	1,016
Women	30,398	885	2.9	205	680
Men	30,861	490	1.6	154	336
Black or African American	11,829	301	2.5	146	155
Women	6,445	166	2.6	88	79
Men	5,385	135	2.5	58	76
Asian	4,001	70	1.7	14	56
Women	2,160	47	2.2	10	37
Men	1,841	23	1.3	4	19
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16,604	301	1.8	101	200
Women	7,473	176	2.4	53	123
Men	9,131	124	1.4	48	77
Full- and part-time status⁽²⁾					
Full-time workers	60,205	640	1.1	130	510
Women	27,397	375	1.4	71	303
Men	32,808	265	0.8	59	207
Part-time workers	20,139	1,181	5.9	412	769
Women	13,219	769	5.8	245	524
Men	6,921	412	5.9	167	245

Footnotes:
⁽¹⁾ Estimates for the race groups—White, Black or African American, and Asian—do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.
⁽²⁾ The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders. Full time is 35 hours or more per week; part time is less than 35 hours.
Note: Data exclude all self-employed persons whether or not their businesses are incorporated.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Table 21. Employed people, by full- and part-time status and gender, 1968-2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Year and gender	Total employed	Usually full time	Usually part time	Percentage usually full time	Percentage usually part time
Total					
1968	75,920	65,277	10,644	86.0	14.0
1969	77,902	66,596	11,306	85.5	14.5
1970	78,678	66,753	11,925	84.8	15.2
1971	79,367	66,973	12,393	84.4	15.6
1972	82,153	69,214	12,939	84.3	15.7
1973	85,064	71,803	13,262	84.4	15.6
1974	86,794	73,093	13,701	84.2	15.8
1975	85,846	71,586	14,260	83.4	16.6
1976	88,752	73,964	14,788	83.3	16.7

Note: Full time is 35 or more hours per week; part time is 1 to 34 hours per week. Data for 1994 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total employed	Usually full time	Usually part time	Percentage usually full time	Percentage usually part time
1977	92,017	76,625	15,391	83.3	16.7
1978	96,048	80,193	15,855	83.5	16.5
1979	98,824	82,654	16,171	83.6	16.4
1980	99,303	82,562	16,740	83.1	16.9
1981	100,397	83,243	17,154	82.9	17.1
1982	99,526	81,421	18,106	81.8	18.2
1983	100,834	82,322	18,511	81.6	18.4
1984	105,005	86,544	18,462	82.4	17.6
1985	107,150	88,534	18,615	82.6	17.4
1986	109,597	90,529	19,069	82.6	17.4
1987	112,440	92,957	19,483	82.7	17.3
1988	114,968	95,214	19,754	82.8	17.2
1989	117,342	97,369	19,973	83.0	17.0
1990	118,793	98,666	20,128	83.1	16.9
1991	117,718	97,190	20,528	82.6	17.4
1992	118,492	97,664	20,828	82.4	17.6
1993	120,259	99,114	21,145	82.4	17.6
1994	123,060	99,772	23,288	81.1	18.9
1995	124,900	101,679	23,220	81.4	18.6
1996	126,708	103,537	23,170	81.7	18.3
1997	129,558	106,334	23,224	82.1	17.9
1998	131,463	108,202	23,261	82.3	17.7
1999	133,488	110,302	23,186	82.6	17.4
2000	136,891	113,846	23,044	83.2	16.8
2001	136,933	113,573	23,361	82.9	17.1
2002	136,485	112,700	23,785	82.6	17.4
2003	137,736	113,324	24,412	82.3	17.7
2004	139,252	114,518	24,734	82.2	17.8
2005	141,730	117,016	24,714	82.6	17.4
2006	144,427	119,688	24,739	82.9	17.1
2007	146,047	121,091	24,956	82.9	17.1
2008	145,362	120,030	25,332	82.6	17.4
2009	139,877	112,634	27,244	80.5	19.5
2010	139,064	111,714	27,350	80.3	19.7
2011	139,869	112,556	27,313	80.5	19.5
2012	142,469	114,809	27,661	80.6	19.4
2013	143,929	116,314	27,615	80.8	19.2
2014	146,305	118,718	27,587	81.1	18.9
2015	148,834	121,492	27,341	81.6	18.4
2016	151,436	123,761	27,675	81.7	18.3
2017	153,337	125,967	27,370	82.2	17.8
Women					
1968	27,807	20,893	6,914	75.1	24.9
1969	29,084	21,781	7,303	74.9	25.1
1970	29,688	21,929	7,758	73.9	26.1
1971	29,976	21,950	8,026	73.2	26.8
1972	31,257	22,842	8,416	73.1	26.9
1973	32,715	23,960	8,756	73.2	26.8

Note: Full time is 35 or more hours per week; part time is 1 to 34 hours per week. Data for 1994 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total employed	Usually full time	Usually part time	Percentage usually full time	Percentage usually part time
1974	33,769	24,714	9,055	73.2	26.8
1975	33,989	24,598	9,391	72.4	27.6
1976	35,615	25,814	9,799	72.5	27.5
1977	37,289	27,076	10,213	72.6	27.4
1978	39,569	28,912	10,658	73.1	26.9
1979	41,217	30,227	10,990	73.3	26.7
1980	42,117	30,845	11,270	73.2	26.8
1981	43,000	31,337	11,664	72.9	27.1
1982	43,256	31,086	12,170	71.9	28.1
1983	44,047	31,679	12,367	71.9	28.1
1984	45,915	33,473	12,441	72.9	27.1
1985	47,259	34,672	12,587	73.4	26.6
1986	48,706	35,845	12,862	73.6	26.4
1987	50,334	37,210	13,124	73.9	26.1
1988	51,696	38,398	13,298	74.3	25.7
1989	53,027	39,484	13,544	74.5	25.5
1990	53,689	40,165	13,524	74.8	25.2
1991	53,496	39,783	13,713	74.4	25.6
1992	54,052	40,301	13,751	74.6	25.4
1993	54,910	40,991	13,919	74.7	25.3
1994	56,610	40,940	15,670	72.3	27.7
1995	57,523	41,743	15,779	72.6	27.4
1996	58,501	42,776	15,725	73.1	26.9
1997	59,873	44,076	15,797	73.6	26.4
1998	60,771	45,014	15,757	74.1	25.9
1999	62,042	46,372	15,670	74.7	25.3
2000	63,586	47,916	15,670	75.4	24.6
2001	63,737	47,950	15,788	75.2	24.8
2002	63,582	47,494	16,088	74.7	25.3
2003	64,404	47,946	16,459	74.4	25.6
2004	64,728	48,073	16,654	74.3	25.7
2005	65,757	49,158	16,598	74.8	25.2
2006	66,925	50,380	16,545	75.3	24.7
2007	67,792	51,056	16,736	75.3	24.7
2008	67,876	51,178	16,698	75.4	24.6
2009	66,208	48,683	17,525	73.5	26.5
2010	65,705	48,214	17,491	73.4	26.6
2011	65,579	48,224	17,355	73.5	26.5
2012	66,914	49,331	17,583	73.7	26.3
2013	67,577	49,979	17,598	74.0	26.0
2014	68,613	50,889	17,724	74.2	25.8
2015	69,703	52,142	17,561	74.8	25.2
2016	70,868	53,194	17,674	75.1	24.9
2017	71,936	54,396	17,539	75.6	24.4
Men					
1968	48,114	44,384	3,730	92.2	7.8
1969	48,818	44,815	4,003	91.8	8.2
1970	48,990	44,825	4,166	91.5	8.5

Note: Full time is 35 or more hours per week; part time is 1 to 34 hours per week. Data for 1994 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year and gender	Total employed	Usually full time	Usually part time	Percentage usually full time	Percentage usually part time
1971	49,390	45,023	4,367	91.2	8.8
1972	50,896	46,373	4,523	91.1	8.9
1973	52,349	47,843	4,507	91.4	8.6
1974	53,024	48,378	4,646	91.2	8.8
1975	51,857	46,988	4,870	90.6	9.4
1976	53,138	48,150	4,988	90.6	9.4
1977	54,728	49,551	5,178	90.5	9.5
1978	56,479	51,281	5,198	90.8	9.2
1979	57,607	52,427	5,180	91.0	9.0
1980	57,186	51,717	5,471	90.4	9.6
1981	57,397	51,906	5,492	90.4	9.6
1982	56,271	50,334	5,937	89.4	10.6
1983	56,787	50,643	6,145	89.2	10.8
1984	59,091	53,070	6,020	89.8	10.2
1985	59,891	53,862	6,028	89.9	10.1
1986	60,892	54,685	6,207	89.8	10.2
1987	62,107	55,746	6,360	89.8	10.2
1988	63,273	56,816	6,457	89.8	10.2
1989	64,315	57,885	6,430	90.0	10.0
1990	65,104	58,501	6,604	89.9	10.1
1991	64,223	57,407	6,815	89.4	10.6
1992	64,440	57,363	7,077	89.0	11.0
1993	65,349	58,123	7,226	88.9	11.1
1994	66,450	58,832	7,617	88.5	11.5
1995	67,377	59,936	7,441	89.0	11.0
1996	68,207	60,762	7,445	89.1	10.9
1997	69,685	62,258	7,427	89.3	10.7
1998	70,693	63,189	7,504	89.4	10.6
1999	71,446	63,930	7,516	89.5	10.5
2000	73,305	65,930	7,375	89.9	10.1
2001	73,196	65,623	7,573	89.7	10.3
2002	72,903	65,205	7,697	89.4	10.6
2003	73,332	65,379	7,953	89.2	10.8
2004	74,524	66,444	8,080	89.2	10.8
2005	75,973	67,858	8,115	89.3	10.7
2006	77,502	69,307	8,194	89.4	10.6
2007	78,254	70,035	8,220	89.5	10.5
2008	77,486	68,853	8,634	88.9	11.1
2009	73,670	63,951	9,719	86.8	13.2
2010	73,359	63,501	9,858	86.6	13.4
2011	74,290	64,333	9,957	86.6	13.4
2012	75,555	65,477	10,078	86.7	13.3
2013	76,353	66,335	10,017	86.9	13.1
2014	77,692	67,829	9,863	87.3	12.7
2015	79,131	69,351	9,780	87.6	12.4
2016	80,568	70,567	10,002	87.6	12.4
2017	81,402	71,571	9,831	87.9	12.1

Note: Full time is 35 or more hours per week; part time is 1 to 34 hours per week. Data for 1994 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 22. Average weekly hours at work in all industries and in nonagricultural industries, by gender, 1976–2017 annual averages**

Year	All industries			Nonagricultural industries		
	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men
1976	38.7	34.1	41.7	38.4	34.1	41.4
1977	38.8	34.2	41.9	38.5	34.2	41.6
1978	39.0	34.5	42.1	38.7	34.4	41.8
1979	38.9	34.5	42.0	38.6	34.4	41.7
1980	38.5	34.5	41.5	38.3	34.4	41.2
1981	38.1	34.1	41.1	37.9	34.1	40.7
1982	38.0	34.1	40.9	37.7	34.0	40.6
1983	38.3	34.5	41.2	38.1	34.4	41.0
1984	38.8	34.9	41.8	38.6	34.9	41.5
1985	39.0	35.2	42.0	38.9	35.2	41.8
1986	39.1	35.4	42.1	38.9	35.3	41.9
1987	39.0	35.3	42.0	38.8	35.3	41.8
1988	39.4	35.7	42.4	39.3	35.7	42.2
1989	39.6	35.8	42.6	39.4	35.8	42.4
1990	39.4	35.8	42.3	39.3	35.8	42.1
1991	39.2	35.8	42.0	39.1	35.8	41.9
1992	38.9	35.6	41.7	38.8	35.6	41.6
1993	39.4	36.0	42.2	39.3	36.0	42.1
1994	39.2	35.5	42.2	39.1	35.6	42.1
1995	39.3	35.6	42.3	39.2	35.7	42.2
1996	39.3	35.7	42.3	39.2	35.7	42.2
1997	39.5	36.0	42.4	39.4	36.0	42.3
1998	39.3	35.8	42.2	39.2	35.9	42.2
1999	39.6	36.2	42.4	39.5	36.2	42.4
2000	39.7	36.4	42.5	39.6	36.4	42.4
2001	39.2	36.1	41.9	39.2	36.1	41.8
2002	39.2	36.0	41.8	39.1	36.1	41.7
2003	39.0	35.9	41.7	39.0	35.9	41.6
2004	39.0	35.9	41.7	39.0	35.9	41.6
2005	39.2	36.1	41.8	39.1	36.1	41.7
2006	39.2	36.2	41.8	39.2	36.2	41.7
2007	39.2	36.1	41.7	39.1	36.1	41.6
2008	38.9	36.1	41.3	38.8	36.1	41.2
2009	37.9	35.3	40.2	37.8	35.3	40.1
2010	38.2	35.5	40.5	38.1	35.6	40.4
2011	38.3	35.6	40.6	38.2	35.6	40.6
2012	38.5	35.8	40.8	38.4	35.8	40.7
2013	38.6	36.0	40.9	38.5	36.0	40.8
2014	38.6	35.9	41.0	38.6	35.9	40.9
2015	38.6	35.9	40.9	38.5	35.9	40.8
2016	38.7	36.2	41.0	38.7	36.2	40.9
2017	38.7	36.2	40.9	38.6	36.2	40.8

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 23. Work experience of the population, by gender and full- and part-time status, selected years, 1970–2016 (Percent distribution)**

Year and gender	Population (in thousands)	Worked during the year		Percent distribution by work experience		
		Total (in	Percentage of	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time

	thousands)		population								
						Total	50 to 52 weeks	1 to 49 weeks	Total	50 to 52 weeks	1 to 49 weeks
Total											
1970	138,953	93,850	67.5	100.0	79.4	55.6	23.8	20.6	6.7	13.9	
1975	153,180	102,603	67.0	100.0	78.9	54.3	24.6	21.2	7.5	13.7	
1980	169,452	115,752	68.3	100.0	78.5	56.1	22.4	21.4	7.7	13.7	
1985	179,944	123,466	68.6	100.0	78.2	58.7	19.5	21.9	8.3	13.6	
1990	189,238	132,562	70.1	100.0	78.8	60.4	18.4	21.3	8.7	12.6	
1995	199,925	138,971	69.5	100.0	78.6	62.9	15.7	21.3	9.1	12.2	
2000	214,292	150,787	70.4	100.0	80.4	66.7	13.8	19.5	9.3	10.2	
2005	227,975	154,322	67.7	100.0	80.3	67.5	12.8	19.7	10.0	9.7	
2006	231,033	156,658	67.8	100.0	80.9	68.4	12.5	19.1	9.7	9.4	
2007	232,995	157,653	67.7	100.0	80.9	68.4	12.5	19.1	9.8	9.3	
2008	235,086	157,472	67.0	100.0	79.5	65.6	13.9	20.5	10.5	10.0	
2009	237,158	153,929	64.9	100.0	78.3	64.0	14.3	21.7	11.3	10.4	
2010	238,999	152,320	63.7	100.0	78.2	64.7	13.5	21.8	11.2	10.6	
2011	242,602	153,479	63.3	100.0	78.6	65.8	12.8	21.4	11.2	10.2	
2012	244,993	156,194	63.8	100.0	78.4	65.5	12.9	21.6	11.2	10.4	
2013	247,258	156,987	63.5	100.0	79.0	66.9	12.1	21.0	10.9	10.1	
2014	250,080	159,056	63.6	100.0	79.6	67.9	11.7	20.4	10.8	9.6	
2015	252,766	162,329	64.2	100.0	79.6	68.0	11.6	20.4	10.6	9.8	
2016	254,413	163,638	64.3	100.0	79.8	68.8	11.0	20.2	10.7	9.6	
Women											
1970	73,657	38,809	52.7	100.0	67.9	40.7	27.2	32.2	10.1	22.1	
1975	80,834	43,511	53.8	100.0	67.1	41.4	25.7	32.8	11.7	21.1	
1980	89,259	51,492	57.7	100.0	67.7	44.7	23.0	32.3	11.9	20.4	
1985	94,490	56,165	59.4	100.0	68.1	48.9	19.2	31.8	12.3	19.5	
1990	98,970	61,494	62.1	100.0	69.8	51.5	18.3	30.2	12.8	17.4	
1995	104,058	65,304	62.8	100.0	70.2	54.3	15.9	29.7	13.3	16.4	
2000	111,440	71,341	64.0	100.0	72.9	58.4	14.5	27.1	13.4	13.7	
2005	117,814	72,309	61.4	100.0	72.7	59.9	12.8	27.3	14.1	13.2	
2006	119,300	73,527	61.6	100.0	73.0	60.7	12.3	27.0	14.1	12.9	
2007	120,300	74,115	61.6	100.0	73.6	61.5	12.1	26.4	14.2	12.2	
2008	121,328	74,363	61.3	100.0	72.2	59.3	12.9	27.8	15.0	12.9	
2009	122,339	72,855	59.6	100.0	71.5	59.3	12.2	28.5	15.8	12.7	
2010	123,012	71,980	58.5	100.0	71.5	59.4	12.1	28.5	15.6	12.9	
2011	125,619	72,976	58.1	100.0	71.7	59.8	11.9	28.3	15.7	12.6	
2012	126,791	74,051	58.4	100.0	71.5	59.4	12.1	28.5	15.2	13.3	
2013	127,863	74,397	58.2	100.0	71.8	60.5	11.3	28.2	15.2	13.0	
2014	129,342	75,416	58.3	100.0	72.7	61.2	11.5	27.3	14.7	12.6	
2015	130,656	76,811	58.8	100.0	73.0	61.4	11.6	27.0	14.6	12.6	
2016	131,469	77,574	59.0	100.0	73.1	62.2	10.9	26.9	14.6	12.3	
Men											
1970	65,296	55,041	84.3	100.0	87.6	66.1	21.5	12.4	4.4	8.0	
1975	72,346	59,091	81.7	100.0	87.5	63.8	23.7	12.5	4.4	8.1	
1980	80,193	64,260	80.1	100.0	87.2	65.2	22.0	12.8	4.4	8.4	
1985	85,454	67,301	78.8	100.0	86.5	66.8	19.7	13.5	4.8	8.7	
1990	90,269	71,068	78.7	100.0	86.4	68.0	18.4	13.5	5.1	8.4	

Note: These data reflect work experience for the entire year.

The 2013 data in this report, collected in the 2014 ASEC, are based on fewer sample responses than in recent years. Approximately three-eighths of the 2014 CPS ASEC sample was used to test redesigned questions on income and health insurance coverage; this portion of the sample was not used to generate the estimates in this table.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements, 1971–2017.

1995	95,867	73,667	76.8	100.0	86.2	70.6	15.6	13.9	5.5	8.4
2000	102,853	79,446	77.2	100.0	87.5	74.2	13.2	12.6	5.5	7.1
2005	110,161	82,013	74.4	100.0	87.0	74.2	12.8	13.0	6.3	6.7
2006	111,733	83,131	74.4	100.0	87.8	75.2	12.6	12.2	5.7	6.5
2007	112,695	83,538	74.1	100.0	87.4	74.6	12.8	12.6	5.9	6.7
2008	113,758	83,109	73.1	100.0	86.0	71.2	14.8	14.0	6.5	7.5
2009	114,820	81,073	70.6	100.0	84.4	68.3	16.1	15.6	7.3	8.3
2010	115,986	80,341	69.3	100.0	84.3	69.4	14.9	15.7	7.3	8.4
2011	116,984	80,503	68.8	100.0	84.8	71.2	13.6	15.2	7.2	8.0
2012	118,202	82,143	69.5	100.0	84.5	71.0	13.5	15.5	7.5	8.0
2013	119,395	82,590	69.2	100.0	85.5	72.7	12.8	14.5	7.1	7.4
2014	120,738	83,640	69.3	100.0	85.7	73.9	11.8	14.3	7.2	7.1
2015	122,110	85,518	70.0	100.0	85.6	73.9	11.7	14.4	7.0	7.4
2016	122,944	86,063	70.0	100.0	85.8	74.7	11.1	14.2	7.1	7.0

Note: These data reflect work experience for the entire year.

The 2013 data in this report, collected in the 2014 ASEC, are based on fewer sample responses than in recent years. Approximately three-eighths of the 2014 CPS ASEC sample was used to test redesigned questions on income and health insurance coverage; this portion of the sample was not used to generate the estimates in this table.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements, 1971–2017.

[-] Table 24A. Married-couple families, by number and relationship of earners, 1967–2016 (Numbers in thousands)

Year	Married-couple families										
	Total	No earners	One earner				Two or more earners				
			Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1967	43,292	2,943	16,490	15,429	716	345	23,859	18,888	4,639	-	-
1968	43,842	2,888	16,375	15,310	730	335	24,579	19,743	4,522	-	-
1969	44,436	3,022	16,268	15,133	797	339	25,145	20,327	4,517	-	-
1970	44,832	3,252	16,117	14,931	867	320	25,464	20,510	4,622	-	-
1971	45,939	3,471	16,847	15,502	1,004	340	25,621	20,641	4,651	-	-
1972	46,594	3,632	16,787	15,387	1,003	398	26,175	21,279	4,553	-	-
1973	47,185	4,027	16,080	14,547	1,110	423	27,078	22,152	4,535	-	-
1974	47,438	4,325	15,795	14,122	1,216	457	27,319	22,451	4,442	-	-
1975	47,878	4,943	16,217	14,343	1,394	481	26,717	22,338	3,861	-	-
1976	48,150	4,962	15,630	13,690	1,424	516	27,559	23,104	3,829	-	-
1977	48,131	5,177	15,119	13,153	1,456	512	27,835	23,474	3,812	-	-
1978	48,532	5,226	14,456	12,434	1,509	513	28,850	24,655	3,609	-	-
1979	49,132	5,559	13,912	11,934	1,499	480	29,660	25,595	3,476	-	-
1980	49,316	5,903	13,900	11,621	1,707	573	29,513	25,557	3,380	-	-
1981	49,669	6,213	13,832	11,524	1,680	628	29,624	25,729	3,212	-	-
1982	49,947	6,427	14,235	11,575	2,048	613	29,285	25,387	3,149	-	-
1983	50,134	6,549	13,692	11,100	1,944	647	29,893	26,119	2,996	-	-
1984	50,395	6,630	12,952	10,472	1,852	628	30,814	27,035	2,891	-	-
1985	50,978	6,693	12,961	10,406	1,897	658	31,324	27,787	2,764	-	-
1986	51,574	6,731	12,565	9,984	1,917	664	32,278	28,811	2,730	-	-
1987	51,847	6,741	12,435	9,787	1,946	702	32,671	29,369	2,576	-	-
1988	52,149	6,754	11,876	9,463	1,777	636	33,519	30,536	2,303	532	148
1989	52,385	6,812	11,748	9,212	1,840	695	33,825	30,879	2,373	435	138
1990	52,241	6,770	11,630	9,107	1,826	698	33,841	30,829	2,369	479	164
1991	52,549	7,091	11,523	8,873	1,993	657	33,935	31,049	2,161	527	197
1992	53,254	7,256	11,977	9,114	2,145	718	34,021	31,268	1,940	624	189
1993	53,248	7,282	11,842	8,745	2,411	687	34,123	31,302	2,051	614	156

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year. Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1968–2017.

Year	Married-couple families										
	Total	No earners	One earner				Two or more earners				
			Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1994	53,929	7,227	11,774	8,719	2,374	681	34,928	32,125	2,048	603	151
1995	53,621	7,278	11,739	8,821	2,253	664	34,604	32,061	1,878	539	127
1996	53,654	7,148	11,556	8,671	2,214	671	34,950	32,406	1,899	522	123
1997	54,362	7,289	11,728	8,792	2,302	634	35,345	32,764	1,853	569	158
1998	54,829	7,257	12,279	9,198	2,419	662	35,293	32,810	1,726	616	141
1999	55,352	7,163	12,328	9,093	2,595	640	35,861	33,360	1,815	519	167
2000	56,643	7,463	12,717	9,515	2,601	600	36,463	33,892	1,865	566	139
2001	56,798	7,666	12,907	9,621	2,698	588	36,224	33,696	1,898	501	129
2002	57,362	7,803	13,487	10,109	2,818	560	36,071	33,547	1,845	558	121
2003	57,767	8,043	14,051	10,469	3,026	557	35,673	33,220	1,789	548	117
2004	58,045	7,996	14,352	10,821	2,991	540	35,696	33,131	1,832	610	123
2005	58,225	8,017	14,292	10,603	3,096	593	35,915	33,380	1,818	597	121
2006	59,050	8,091	14,545	10,693	3,261	591	36,414	33,880	1,752	639	142
2007	58,490	7,914	14,264	10,392	3,265	608	36,312	33,718	1,847	597	149
2008	59,183	8,083	14,622	10,567	3,435	620	36,477	33,930	1,739	650	158
2009	58,516	8,466	15,035	10,565	3,849	621	35,015	32,327	1,789	739	160
2010	58,135	8,626	15,406	10,880	3,935	591	34,103	31,425	1,783	722	172
2011	59,071	9,152	15,972	11,301	4,015	656	33,947	31,212	1,833	739	163
2012	59,327	9,101	15,831	11,271	3,891	669	34,395	31,594	1,881	750	170
2013	59,795	9,556	15,825	11,368	3,788	669	34,414	31,685	1,849	711	169
2014	60,091	9,434	15,627	11,240	3,767	620	35,030	32,000	2,082	764	183
2015	60,338	9,379	15,640	11,178	3,733	729	35,320	32,333	2,028	756	203
2016	60,912	9,814	15,490	11,054	3,742	695	35,608	32,647	2,054	752	155

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year. Dash indicates data not available.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1968–2017.

[-] Table 24B. Married-couple families, by number and relationship of earners, 1967–2016 (Percent distribution)

Year	Married-couple families										
	Total	No earners	One earner				Two or more earners				
			Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1967	100.0	6.8	38.1	35.6	1.7	0.8	55.1	43.6	10.7	-	-
1968	100.0	6.6	37.4	34.9	1.7	0.8	56.1	45.0	10.3	-	-
1969	100.0	6.8	36.6	34.1	1.8	0.8	56.6	45.7	10.2	-	-
1970	100.0	7.3	35.9	33.3	1.9	0.7	56.8	45.7	10.3	-	-
1971	100.0	7.6	36.7	33.7	2.2	0.7	55.8	44.9	10.1	-	-
1972	100.0	7.8	36.0	33.0	2.2	0.9	56.2	45.7	9.8	-	-
1973	100.0	8.5	34.1	30.8	2.4	0.9	57.4	46.9	9.6	-	-
1974	100.0	9.1	33.3	29.8	2.6	1.0	57.6	47.3	9.4	-	-
1975	100.0	10.3	33.9	30.0	2.9	1.0	55.8	46.7	8.1	-	-
1976	100.0	10.3	32.5	28.4	3.0	1.1	57.2	48.0	8.0	-	-
1977	100.0	10.8	31.4	27.3	3.0	1.1	57.8	48.8	7.9	-	-
1978	100.0	10.8	29.8	25.6	3.1	1.1	59.4	50.8	7.4	-	-
1979	100.0	11.3	28.3	24.3	3.1	1.0	60.4	52.1	7.1	-	-
1980	100.0	12.0	28.2	23.6	3.5	1.2	59.8	51.8	6.9	-	-
1981	100.0	12.5	27.8	23.2	3.4	1.3	59.6	51.8	6.5	-	-
1982	100.0	12.9	28.5	23.2	4.1	1.2	58.6	50.8	6.3	-	-

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year. Dash indicates data not available.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1968–2017.

Year	Married-couple families										
	Total	No earners	One earner				Two or more earners				
			Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1983	100.0	13.1	27.3	22.1	3.9	1.3	59.6	52.1	6.0	-	-
1984	100.0	13.2	25.7	20.8	3.7	1.2	61.1	53.6	5.7	-	-
1985	100.0	13.1	25.4	20.4	3.7	1.3	61.4	54.5	5.4	-	-
1986	100.0	13.1	24.4	19.4	3.7	1.3	62.6	55.9	5.3	-	-
1987	100.0	13.0	24.0	18.9	3.8	1.4	63.0	56.6	5.0	-	-
1988	100.0	13.0	22.8	18.1	3.4	1.2	64.3	58.6	4.4	1.0	0.3
1989	100.0	13.0	22.4	17.6	3.5	1.3	64.6	58.9	4.5	0.8	0.3
1990	100.0	13.0	22.3	17.4	3.5	1.3	64.8	59.0	4.5	0.9	0.3
1991	100.0	13.5	21.9	16.9	3.8	1.3	64.6	59.1	4.1	1.0	0.4
1992	100.0	13.6	22.5	17.1	4.0	1.3	63.9	58.7	3.6	1.2	0.4
1993	100.0	13.7	22.2	16.4	4.5	1.3	64.1	58.8	3.9	1.2	0.3
1994	100.0	13.4	21.8	16.2	4.4	1.3	64.8	59.6	3.8	1.1	0.3
1995	100.0	13.6	21.9	16.5	4.2	1.2	64.5	59.8	3.5	1.0	0.2
1996	100.0	13.3	21.5	16.2	4.1	1.3	65.1	60.4	3.5	1.0	0.2
1997	100.0	13.4	21.6	16.2	4.2	1.2	65.0	60.3	3.4	1.0	0.3
1998	100.0	13.2	22.4	16.8	4.4	1.2	64.4	59.8	3.1	1.1	0.3
1999	100.0	12.9	22.3	16.4	4.7	1.2	64.8	60.3	3.3	0.9	0.3
2000	100.0	13.2	22.5	16.8	4.6	1.1	64.4	59.8	3.3	1.0	0.2
2001	100.0	13.5	22.7	16.9	4.8	1.0	63.8	59.3	3.3	0.9	0.2
2002	100.0	13.6	23.5	17.6	4.9	1.0	62.9	58.5	3.2	1.0	0.2
2003	100.0	13.9	24.3	18.1	5.2	1.0	61.8	57.5	3.1	0.9	0.2
2004	100.0	13.8	24.7	18.6	5.2	0.9	61.5	57.1	3.2	1.1	0.2
2005	100.0	13.8	24.5	18.2	5.3	1.0	61.7	57.3	3.1	1.0	0.2
2006	100.0	13.7	24.6	18.1	5.5	1.0	61.7	57.4	3.0	1.1	0.2
2007	100.0	13.5	24.4	17.8	5.6	1.0	62.1	57.6	3.2	1.0	0.3
2008	100.0	13.7	24.7	17.9	5.8	1.0	61.6	57.3	2.9	1.1	0.3
2009	100.0	14.5	25.7	18.1	6.6	1.1	59.8	55.2	3.1	1.3	0.3
2010	100.0	14.8	26.5	18.7	6.8	1.0	58.7	54.1	3.1	1.2	0.3
2011	100.0	15.5	27.0	19.1	6.8	1.1	57.5	52.8	3.1	1.3	0.3
2012	100.0	15.3	26.7	19.0	6.6	1.1	58.0	53.3	3.2	1.3	0.3
2013	100.0	16.0	26.5	19.0	6.3	1.1	57.6	53.0	3.1	1.2	0.3
2014	100.0	15.7	26.0	18.7	6.3	1.0	58.3	53.3	3.5	1.3	0.3
2015	100.0	15.5	25.9	18.5	6.2	1.2	58.5	53.6	3.4	1.3	0.3
2016	100.0	16.1	25.4	18.1	6.1	1.1	58.5	53.6	3.4	1.2	0.3

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year. Dash indicates data not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1968–2017.

[-] Table 25. Contribution of wives' earnings to family income, 1970–2016

Year	Contribution to family income (median percentage)
1970	26.6
1971	27.5
1972	26.7
1973	26.0
1974	25.4
1975	26.3
1976	26.4

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1971–2017.

Year	Contribution to family income (median percentage)
1977	26.1
1978	26.1
1979	26.0
1980	26.7
1981	27.3
1982	28.4
1983	28.8
1984	28.4
1985	28.3
1986	29.0
1987	29.5
1988	29.6
1989	29.9
1990	30.7
1991	31.3
1992	32.4
1993	32.2
1994	31.9
1995	31.9
1996	32.6
1997	32.7
1998	32.8
1999	32.8
2000	33.5
2001	34.4
2002	34.8
2003	35.2
2004	34.9
2005	35.1
2006	35.6
2007	36.0
2008	36.0
2009	37.1
2010	37.6
2011	37.0
2012	37.3
2013	37.3
2014	36.0
2015	37.1
2016	37.1

Note: Data refer to opposite-sex married-couple families only. Data reflect earnings and work experience for the entire year.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1971–2017.

Table 26. Working poor: Poverty status of people in the labor force for 27 weeks or more, by age, gender, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2016 (Numbers in thousands)

Age and gender	Total					Below poverty level					Rate ⁽¹⁾				
	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
Total, 16 years and older	153,364	120,202	18,864	9,418	25,673	7,572	5,222	1,649	330	2,192	4.9	4.3	8.7	3.5	8.5

Age and gender	Total					Below poverty level					Rate ⁽¹⁾				
	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
16 to 19 years	3,471	2,704	431	108	673	355	249	76	10	98	10.2	9.2	17.6	9.1	14.5
20 to 24 years	13,310	10,145	1,901	582	2,989	1,156	779	247	43	272	8.7	7.7	13.0	7.5	9.1
25 to 34 years	34,828	26,280	4,779	2,374	6,907	2,204	1,441	540	91	669	6.3	5.5	11.3	3.8	9.7
35 to 44 years	31,930	24,345	4,136	2,373	6,290	1,783	1,257	391	62	651	5.6	5.2	9.4	2.6	10.4
45 to 54 years	33,012	26,115	3,967	2,128	5,126	1,180	847	207	85	334	3.6	3.2	5.2	4.0	6.5
55 to 64 years	26,862	22,125	2,757	1,445	2,895	745	547	152	31	137	2.8	2.5	5.5	2.1	4.7
65 years and older	9,951	8,488	894	407	791	149	102	37	9	30	1.5	1.2	4.1	2.3	3.8
Women, 16 years and older	71,685	54,962	9,971	4,400	10,991	4,140	2,707	1,050	175	1,053	5.8	4.9	10.5	4.0	9.6
16 to 19 years	1,812	1,400	229	59	336	187	127	37	6	47	10.3	9.1	16.3	-	14.0
20 to 24 years	6,394	4,789	991	302	1,360	698	449	165	30	139	10.9	9.4	16.7	9.9	10.2
25 to 34 years	16,062	11,932	2,427	1,049	2,862	1,206	743	353	41	324	7.5	6.2	14.5	3.9	11.3
35 to 44 years	14,581	10,743	2,242	1,085	2,575	943	636	237	28	307	6.5	5.9	10.6	2.6	11.9
45 to 54 years	15,585	11,983	2,158	1,026	2,219	636	427	137	49	156	4.1	3.6	6.4	4.8	7.0
55 to 64 years	12,917	10,511	1,454	693	1,289	404	288	95	16	69	3.1	2.7	6.6	2.3	5.3
65 years and older	4,334	3,602	469	185	349	66	37	24	4	11	1.5	1.0	5.1	2.3	3.2
Men, 16 years and older	81,679	65,240	8,893	5,018	14,682	3,431	2,516	599	156	1,139	4.2	3.9	6.7	3.1	7.8
16 to 19 years	1,659	1,303	201	49	337	168	121	38	4	51	10.1	9.3	19.1	-	15.1
20 to 24 years	6,916	5,356	910	280	1,630	458	331	81	13	133	6.6	6.2	8.9	4.8	8.2
25 to 34 years	18,766	14,347	2,352	1,326	4,046	998	698	187	50	345	5.3	4.9	7.9	3.7	8.5
35 to 44 years	17,349	13,602	1,894	1,288	3,715	839	621	153	33	344	4.8	4.6	8.1	2.6	9.3
45 to 54 years	17,427	14,132	1,809	1,102	2,907	544	420	70	36	178	3.1	3.0	3.8	3.2	6.1
55 to 64 years	13,945	11,613	1,303	752	1,606	341	260	56	15	69	2.4	2.2	4.3	2.0	4.3
65 years and older	5,617	4,886	425	222	442	83	65	13	5	19	1.5	1.3	3.0	2.3	4.2

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ Number below the poverty level as a percentage of the total in the labor force for 27 or more weeks.

Note: These data reflect the earnings and work experience for the entire year. Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data where labor force base is less than 80,000.

Source: Current Population Survey, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

[-] **Table 27. Displaced workers⁽¹⁾, by age, gender, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and employment status, January 2018**

Age, gender, race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Total (in thousands)	Percentage distribution by employment status			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labor force
Total, 20 years and older	2,981	100.0	66.4	14.4	19.3
20 to 24 years	73	100.0	-	-	-
25 to 54 years	1,759	100.0	75.6	14.9	9.4
55 to 64 years	798	100.0	60.2	14.9	24.8
65 years and older	351	100.0	30.7	12.2	57.2
Women, 20 years and older	1,301	100.0	65.0	13.8	21.3
20 to 24 years	40	100.0	-	-	-
25 to 54 years	771	100.0	76.3	12.0	11.7
55 to 64 years	315	100.0	58.2	19.3	22.4
65 years and older	175	100.0	24.3	14.9	60.8
Men, 20 years and older	1,681	100.0	67.4	14.8	17.7
20 to 24 years	33	100.0	-	-	-
25 to 54 years	988	100.0	75.1	17.2	7.7
55 to 64 years	483	100.0	61.5	12.0	26.4
65 years and older	176	100.0	37.0	9.4	53.5
White					
Total, 20 years and older	2,435	100.0	65.3	14.3	20.4
Women	1,045	100.0	64.4	13.6	22.0
Men	1,390	100.0	66.0	14.7	19.3
Black or African American					
Total, 20 years and older	285	100.0	65.9	21.2	12.9
Women	146	100.0	63.7	20.7	15.6
Men	139	100.0	68.3	21.8	10.0
Asian					
Total, 20 years and older	157	100.0	69.9	7.5	22.5
Women	74	100.0	-	-	-
Men	83	100.0	78.2	5.8	16.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Total, 20 years and older	404	100.0	68.6	21.8	9.6
Women	167	100.0	63.7	27.1	9.2
Men	238	100.0	72.1	18.1	9.9

Footnotes:

(1) Workers who had 3 or more years of tenure on a job they had lost or left between January 2015 and December 2017 because of plant or company closings or relocations, insufficient work, or the abolishment of their positions or shifts.

Note: Estimates for the race groups shown (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, January 2018 Displaced Worker, Employee Tenure and Occupational Mobility Supplement.

[-] **Table 28. Employed wage and salary workers, by age, gender, and median years of tenure with current employer, selected years, 2004–2018**

Age and gender	January 2004	January 2006	January 2008	January 2010	January 2012	January 2014	January 2016	January 2018
Total, 16 years and older	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.2	4.2
16 to 17 years	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
18 to 19 years	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
20 to 24 years	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2
25 years and older	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.1	5.0
25 to 34 years	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.8
35 to 44 years	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.9
45 to 54 years	7.7	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.6

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, January 2004–2018 Displaced Worker, Employee Tenure and Occupational Mobility Supplement.

Age and gender	January 2004	January 2006	January 2008	January 2010	January 2012	January 2014	January 2016	January 2018
55 to 64 years	9.6	9.3	9.9	10.0	10.3	10.4	10.1	10.1
65 years and older	9.0	8.8	10.2	9.9	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.2
Women, 16 years and older	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	4.5	4.0	4.0
16 to 17 years	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7
18 to 19 years	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
20 to 24 years	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
25 years and older	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.9
25 to 34 years	2.8	2.8	2.6	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.7
35 to 44 years	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.7
45 to 54 years	6.4	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.5	7.1
55 to 64 years	9.2	9.2	9.8	9.7	10.0	10.2	10.0	10.1
65 years and older	9.6	9.5	9.9	10.1	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.1
Men, 16 years and older	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.3
16 to 17 years	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5
18 to 19 years	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8
20 to 24 years	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3
25 years and older	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.1
25 to 34 years	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.9
35 to 44 years	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.0	5.0
45 to 54 years	9.6	8.1	8.2	8.5	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.1
55 to 64 years	9.8	9.5	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.7	10.2	10.2
65 years and older	8.2	8.3	10.4	9.7	10.2	10.0	10.2	10.2

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, January 2004–2018 Displaced Worker, Employee Tenure and Occupational Mobility Supplement.

Table 29. Labor force status of 2017 high school graduates and 2016–2017 high school dropouts 16 to 24 years old, by school enrollment and gender, October 2017 (Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total, 2017 high school graduates⁽¹⁾	2,870	1,407	49.0	1,221	42.5	186	13.2	1,463
Women	1,525	695	45.6	617	40.5	78	11.2	830
Men	1,345	712	52.9	604	44.9	108	15.2	633
Enrolled in college	1,915	763	39.8	685	35.8	78	10.2	1,152
Percentage of total 2017 graduates	66.7	54.2	-	56.1	-	41.9	-	78.7
Women	1,093	424	38.8	382	35.0	42	9.9	669
Percentage of female 2017 graduates	71.7	61.0	-	61.9	-	53.8	-	80.6
Men	822	339	41.2	303	36.8	36	10.6	483
Percentage of male 2017 graduates	61.1	47.6	-	50.2	-	33.3	-	76.3
Not enrolled in college	955	644	67.4	536	56.1	108	16.8	311
Percentage of total 2017 graduates	33.3	45.8	-	43.9	-	58.1	-	21.3
Women	432	271	62.7	235	54.4	36	13.3	161
Percentage of female 2017 graduates	28.3	39.0	-	38.1	-	46.2	-	19.4

Footnotes:

(1) Data refer to persons who graduated from high school in January through October 2017.

(2) Data refer to persons who dropped out of school between October 2016 and October 2017.

Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000). Sums of individual items may not equal totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, October 2017 School Enrollment Supplement.

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Men	523	373	71.3	301	57.6	72	19.3	150
Percentage of male 2017 graduates	38.9	52.4	-	49.8	-	66.7	-	23.7
Total, 2016–2017 high school dropouts⁽¹⁾	530	222	41.8	180	33.9	42	18.9	308
Women	217	69	31.9	53	24.5	16	-	148
Men	313	152	48.7	127	40.4	26	17.0	161

Footnotes:
⁽¹⁾ Data refer to persons who graduated from high school in January through October 2017.
⁽²⁾ Data refer to persons who dropped out of school between October 2016 and October 2017.
Note: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000). Sums of individual items may not equal totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, October 2017 School Enrollment Supplement.

[-] Table 30. Labor force status of people 16 to 24 years old, by school enrollment, gender, and educational attainment, October 2017 (Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Enrolled in school	21,805	8,207	37.6	7,548	34.6	659	8.0	13,597
Women	11,219	4,545	40.5	4,230	37.7	315	6.9	6,674
Men	10,586	3,662	34.6	3,318	31.3	344	9.4	6,923
Enrolled in high school ⁽¹⁾	9,667	2,202	22.8	1,884	19.5	318	14.4	7,466
Women	4,605	1,141	24.8	1,010	21.9	132	11.5	3,463
Men	5,063	1,060	20.9	874	17.3	186	17.5	4,002
Enrolled in college	12,137	6,006	49.5	5,664	46.7	342	5.7	6,131
Women	6,614	3,404	51.5	3,221	48.7	183	5.4	3,211
Men	5,523	2,602	47.1	2,444	44.2	158	6.1	2,921
Not enrolled in school	16,274	12,943	79.5	11,749	72.2	1,194	9.2	3,331
Women	7,683	5,781	75.2	5,306	69.1	475	8.2	1,902
Less than a high school diploma	936	428	45.7	363	38.8	65	15.1	508
High school graduates, no college ⁽²⁾	3,197	2,246	70.2	2,010	62.9	236	10.5	951
Some college or associate's degree	2,014	1,689	83.9	1,591	79.0	98	5.8	325
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,536	1,418	92.3	1,342	87.4	76	5.3	118
Men	8,591	7,162	83.4	6,443	75.0	719	10.0	1,429
Less than a high school diploma	1,262	782	62.0	664	52.6	118	15.1	480
High school graduates, no college ⁽²⁾	4,150	3,461	83.4	3,099	74.7	362	10.5	689
Some college or associate's degree	1,951	1,766	90.5	1,628	83.5	138	7.8	185
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,228	1,153	93.9	1,052	85.6	101	8.8	75

Footnotes:
⁽¹⁾ Includes a small number of people enrolled in grades below high school.
⁽²⁾ Includes those who have earned a high school diploma or the equivalent.
Note: Sums of individual items may not equal totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, October 2017 School Enrollment Supplement.

[-] Table 31. Multiple jobholders and multiple jobholding rates, by gender, 1994–2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Year	Total employed	Multiple jobholders	Multiple-jobholding rate ⁽¹⁾
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		Total	Women		Men	Total	Women	Men
			Number	Percentage of all multiple jobholders				
1994	123,060	7,260	3,336	46.0	3,924	5.9	5.9	5.9
1995	124,900	7,693	3,554	46.2	4,139	6.2	6.2	6.1
1996	126,708	7,832	3,640	46.5	4,192	6.2	6.2	6.1
1997	129,558	7,955	3,718	46.7	4,237	6.1	6.2	6.1
1998	131,463	7,926	3,748	47.3	4,178	6.0	6.2	5.9
1999	133,488	7,802	3,698	47.4	4,104	5.8	6.0	5.7
2000	136,891	7,604	3,608	47.4	3,996	5.6	5.7	5.5
2001	136,933	7,357	3,523	47.9	3,834	5.4	5.5	5.2
2002	136,485	7,291	3,557	48.8	3,734	5.3	5.6	5.1
2003	137,736	7,315	3,599	49.2	3,716	5.3	5.6	5.1
2004	139,252	7,473	3,638	48.7	3,835	5.4	5.6	5.1
2005	141,730	7,546	3,691	48.9	3,855	5.3	5.6	5.1
2006	144,427	7,576	3,753	49.5	3,822	5.2	5.6	4.9
2007	146,047	7,655	3,822	49.9	3,833	5.2	5.6	4.9
2008	145,362	7,620	3,783	49.6	3,837	5.2	5.6	5.0
2009	139,877	7,271	3,741	51.5	3,530	5.2	5.6	4.8
2010	139,064	6,878	3,552	51.6	3,326	4.9	5.4	4.5
2011	139,869	6,880	3,496	50.8	3,384	4.9	5.3	4.6
2012	142,469	6,943	3,495	50.3	3,448	4.9	5.2	4.6
2013	143,929	7,002	3,517	50.2	3,486	4.9	5.2	4.6
2014	146,305	7,146	3,636	50.9	3,511	4.9	5.3	4.5
2015	148,834	7,262	3,692	50.8	3,571	4.9	5.3	4.5
2016	151,436	7,531	3,887	51.6	3,645	5.0	5.5	4.5
2017	153,337	7,545	3,798	50.3	3,748	4.9	5.3	4.6

Footnotes:

(1) Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed people in specified group.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Table 32. Unincorporated self-employed people in nonagricultural industries, by gender, 1976–2017 annual averages (Numbers in thous

Year	Total			Women			Men			Self-employed women as percentage of total self-employed	Total employed		Self-employed		Total employed		Self-employed	
	85,421	5,783	6.8	35,027	1,549	4.4	50,394	4,233	8.4		Total employed	Self-employed	Self-employed as a percentage of total	Total employed	Self-employed	Self-employed as a percentage of total	Total employed	Self-employed
1976	85,421	5,783	6.8	35,027	1,549	4.4	50,394	4,233	8.4	26.8								
1977	88,734	6,114	6.9	36,677	1,692	4.6	52,057	4,423	8.5	27.7								
1978	92,661	6,429	6.9	38,900	1,814	4.7	53,761	4,614	8.6	28.2								
1979	95,477	6,791	7.1	40,556	1,982	4.9	54,921	4,810	8.8	29.2								
1980	95,938	7,000	7.3	41,461	2,097	5.1	54,477	4,904	9.0	30.0								
1981	97,030	7,097	7.3	42,333	2,192	5.2	54,697	4,905	9.0	30.9								
1982	96,125	7,262	7.6	42,591	2,309	5.4	53,534	4,954	9.3	31.8								
1983	97,450	7,575	7.8	43,367	2,439	5.6	54,083	5,136	9.5	32.2								
1984	101,685	7,785	7.7	45,262	2,566	5.7	56,423	5,219	9.2	33.0								
1985	103,971	7,811	7.5	46,615	2,603	5.6	57,356	5,207	9.1	33.3								
1986	106,434	7,881	7.4	48,054	2,610	5.4	58,381	5,271	9.0	33.1								
1987	109,232	8,201	7.5	49,668	2,778	5.6	59,564	5,423	9.1	33.9								
1988	111,800	8,519	7.6	51,020	2,955	5.8	60,780	5,564	9.2	34.7								
1989	114,142	8,605	7.5	52,341	3,043	5.8	61,802	5,562	9.0	35.4								
1990	115,570	8,719	7.5	53,011	3,122	5.9	62,559	5,597	8.9	35.8								
1991	114,449	8,851	7.7	52,815	3,150	6.0	61,634	5,700	9.2	35.6								

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Total	Women	Men	Self-employed women as percentage of total self-employed	Total employed	Self-employed	Self-employed as a percentage of total	Total employed	Self-employed	Self-employed as a percentage of total	Total employed	Self-employed
1992	115,245	8,575	7.4	53,380	2,963	5.6	61,866	5,613	9.1	34.5		
1993	117,144	8,959	7.6	54,273	3,065	5.6	62,871	5,894	9.4	34.2		
1994	119,651	9,003	7.5	55,755	3,443	6.2	63,896	5,560	8.7	38.2		
1995	121,460	8,902	7.3	56,642	3,440	6.1	64,818	5,461	8.4	38.6		
1996	123,264	8,971	7.3	57,630	3,506	6.1	65,634	5,465	8.3	39.1		
1997	126,159	9,056	7.2	59,026	3,550	6.0	67,133	5,506	8.2	39.2		
1998	128,085	8,962	7.0	59,945	3,482	5.8	68,140	5,480	8.0	38.9		
1999	130,207	8,790	6.8	61,193	3,424	5.6	69,014	5,366	7.8	39.0		
2000	134,427	9,205	6.8	62,983	3,631	5.8	71,444	5,573	7.8	39.4		
2001	134,635	9,121	6.8	63,147	3,594	5.7	71,488	5,527	7.7	39.4		
2002	134,174	8,923	6.7	62,995	3,499	5.6	71,179	5,425	7.6	39.2		
2003	135,461	9,344	6.9	63,824	3,609	5.7	71,636	5,736	8.0	38.6		
2004	137,020	9,467	6.9	64,182	3,607	5.6	72,838	5,860	8.0	38.1		
2005	139,532	9,509	6.8	65,213	3,565	5.5	74,319	5,944	8.0	37.5		
2006	142,221	9,685	6.8	66,382	3,681	5.5	75,838	6,004	7.9	38.0		
2007	143,952	9,557	6.6	67,302	3,637	5.4	76,650	5,920	7.7	38.1		
2008	143,194	9,219	6.4	67,358	3,483	5.2	75,836	5,736	7.6	37.8		
2009	137,775	8,995	6.5	65,712	3,468	5.3	72,062	5,527	7.7	38.6		
2010	136,858	8,860	6.5	65,164	3,388	5.2	71,694	5,472	7.6	38.2		
2011	137,615	8,603	6.3	65,023	3,341	5.1	72,592	5,262	7.2	38.8		
2012	140,283	8,749	6.2	66,353	3,483	5.2	73,930	5,266	7.1	39.8		
2013	141,799	8,619	6.1	67,058	3,508	5.2	74,742	5,111	6.8	40.7		
2014	144,068	8,602	6.0	68,061	3,444	5.1	76,007	5,158	6.8	40.0		
2015	146,411	8,665	5.9	69,106	3,396	4.9	77,305	5,269	6.8	39.2		
2016	148,976	8,751	5.9	70,247	3,385	4.8	78,729	5,366	6.8	38.7		
2017	150,883	8,736	5.8	71,324	3,544	5.0	79,559	5,191	6.5	40.6		

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 33. Employment status of the native-born and foreign-born civilian noninstitutional population, by age and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Native- or foreign-born status, age, and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Total								
Native born, 16 years and older ⁽¹⁾	213,579	132,946	62.2	127,083	59.5	5,863	4.4	80,633
16 to 24 years	34,603	19,275	55.7	17,479	50.5	1,796	9.3	15,328
25 to 34 years	36,138	30,187	83.5	28,782	79.6	1,405	4.7	5,951
35 to 44 years	30,763	25,735	83.7	24,849	80.8	886	3.4	5,027
45 to 54 years	33,306	26,737	80.3	25,911	77.8	827	3.1	6,568
55 to 64 years	35,544	22,690	63.8	22,024	62.0	666	2.9	12,854
65 years and older	43,225	8,321	19.3	8,038	18.6	283	3.4	34,904

Footnotes:

(1) The native born are people who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas, such as Puerto Rico or Guam, or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen.

(2) The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas, such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents who were not U.S. citizens. This group includes legally admitted immigrants, refugees, students, temporary workers, and undocumented immigrants. The survey data, however, do not separately identify the number of people in these categories.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Native- or foreign-born status, age, and gender	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force
		Total	Percentage of population	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percentage of population	Total	Percentage of labor force	
Foreign born, 16 years and older ⁽²⁾	41,500	27,373	66.0	26,254	63.3	1,119	4.1	14,127
16 to 24 years	3,547	1,886	53.2	1,727	48.7	159	8.4	1,661
25 to 34 years	7,820	5,898	75.4	5,656	72.3	242	4.1	1,922
35 to 44 years	9,189	7,299	79.4	7,043	76.6	256	3.5	1,890
45 to 54 years	8,481	6,826	80.5	6,592	77.7	234	3.4	1,655
55 to 64 years	6,146	4,209	68.5	4,040	65.7	169	4.0	1,938
65 years and older	6,317	1,256	19.9	1,196	18.9	60	4.8	5,061
Women								
Native born, 16 years and older ⁽¹⁾	110,439	63,536	57.5	60,852	55.1	2,684	4.2	46,902
16 to 24 years	17,223	9,472	55.0	8,712	50.6	760	8.0	7,751
25 to 34 years	18,292	14,402	78.7	13,761	75.2	641	4.5	3,890
35 to 44 years	15,674	12,196	77.8	11,760	75.0	436	3.6	3,478
45 to 54 years	16,991	12,847	75.6	12,450	73.3	397	3.1	4,144
55 to 64 years	18,478	10,887	58.9	10,578	57.3	309	2.8	7,591
65 years and older	23,781	3,733	15.7	3,592	15.1	141	3.8	20,049
Foreign born, 16 years and older ⁽²⁾	21,365	11,638	54.5	11,083	51.9	555	4.8	9,727
16 to 24 years	1,708	801	46.9	730	42.8	71	8.8	907
25 to 34 years	3,847	2,311	60.1	2,188	56.9	122	5.3	1,537
35 to 44 years	4,680	3,061	65.4	2,930	62.6	131	4.3	1,619
45 to 54 years	4,361	3,054	70.0	2,927	67.1	127	4.1	1,307
55 to 64 years	3,159	1,856	58.8	1,776	56.2	81	4.4	1,303
65 years and older	3,609	555	15.4	532	14.7	23	4.2	3,054
Men								
Native born, 16 years and older ⁽¹⁾	103,140	69,410	67.3	66,231	64.2	3,179	4.6	33,730
16 to 24 years	17,380	9,803	56.4	8,767	50.4	1,036	10.6	7,578
25 to 34 years	17,846	15,786	88.5	15,022	84.2	764	4.8	2,061
35 to 44 years	15,088	13,539	89.7	13,089	86.7	450	3.3	1,549
45 to 54 years	16,315	13,891	85.1	13,461	82.5	430	3.1	2,424
55 to 64 years	17,067	11,803	69.2	11,446	67.1	357	3.0	5,263
65 years and older	19,444	4,589	23.6	4,446	22.9	142	3.1	14,855
Foreign born, 16 years and older ⁽²⁾	20,135	15,735	78.1	15,171	75.3	564	3.6	4,400
16 to 24 years	1,839	1,085	59.0	997	54.2	88	8.1	754
25 to 34 years	3,973	3,588	90.3	3,468	87.3	120	3.3	385
35 to 44 years	4,509	4,238	94.0	4,113	91.2	125	2.9	271
45 to 54 years	4,120	3,772	91.5	3,665	89.0	107	2.8	348
55 to 64 years	2,987	2,352	78.8	2,264	75.8	88	3.7	635
65 years and older	2,708	701	25.9	664	24.5	36	5.2	2,007

Footnotes:

(1) The native born are people who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas, such as Puerto Rico or Guam, or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen.

(2) The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas, such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents who were not U.S. citizens. This group includes legally admitted immigrants, refugees, students, temporary workers, and undocumented immigrants. The survey data, however, do not separately identify the number of people in these categories.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] **Table 34. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers, by gender, 1983–2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)**

Year	Total employed	Members of unions ⁽¹⁾		Represented by unions ⁽²⁾	
		Total	Percentage of employed	Total	Percentage of employed
Total					
1983	88,290	17,717	20.1	20,532	23.3
1984	92,194	17,340	18.8	19,932	21.6
1985	94,521	16,996	18.0	19,358	20.5
1986	96,903	16,975	17.5	19,278	19.9
1987	99,303	16,913	17.0	19,051	19.2
1988	101,407	17,002	16.8	19,241	19.0
1989	103,480	16,960	16.4	19,198	18.6
1990	104,876	16,776	16.0	19,105	18.2
1991	103,723	16,612	16.0	18,790	18.1
1992	104,668	16,418	15.7	18,578	17.7
1993	106,101	16,627	15.7	18,682	17.6
1994	107,989	16,748	15.5	18,850	17.5
1995	110,038	16,360	14.9	18,346	16.7
1996	111,960	16,269	14.5	18,158	16.2
1997	114,533	16,110	14.1	17,923	15.6
1998	116,730	16,211	13.9	17,918	15.4
1999	118,963	16,477	13.9	18,182	15.3
2000	122,089	16,334	13.4	18,153	14.9
2001	122,229	16,305	13.3	18,026	14.7
2002	121,826	16,145	13.3	17,695	14.5
2003	122,358	15,776	12.9	17,448	14.3
2004	123,554	15,472	12.5	17,087	13.8
2005	125,889	15,685	12.5	17,223	13.7
2006	128,237	15,359	12.0	16,860	13.1
2007	129,767	15,670	12.1	17,243	13.3
2008	129,377	16,098	12.4	17,761	13.7
2009	124,490	15,327	12.3	16,904	13.6
2010	124,073	14,715	11.9	16,290	13.1
2011	125,187	14,764	11.8	16,290	13.0
2012	127,577	14,366	11.3	15,922	12.5
2013	129,110	14,528	11.3	16,028	12.4
2014	131,431	14,576	11.1	16,152	12.3
2015	133,743	14,795	11.1	16,441	12.3
2016	136,101	14,555	10.7	16,271	12.0
2017	137,890	14,817	10.7	16,444	11.9
Women					
1983	40,433	5,908	14.6	7,262	18.0
1984	42,172	5,829	13.8	7,100	16.8
1985	43,506	5,732	13.2	6,910	15.9
1986	44,961	5,802	12.9	6,961	15.5
1987	46,365	5,842	12.6	6,907	14.9

Footnotes:

(1) Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

(2) Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members of unions but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

Note: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Total employed	Members of unions ⁽¹⁾		Represented by unions ⁽²⁾	
		Total	Percentage of employed	Total	Percentage of employed
1988	47,495	5,982	12.6	7,109	15.0
1989	48,691	6,141	12.6	7,243	14.9
1990	49,323	6,179	12.5	7,330	14.9
1991	49,105	6,142	12.5	7,247	14.8
1992	49,842	6,274	12.6	7,411	14.9
1993	50,626	6,516	12.9	7,610	15.0
1994	51,419	6,642	12.9	7,740	15.1
1995	52,369	6,430	12.3	7,479	14.3
1996	53,488	6,410	12.0	7,397	13.8
1997	54,708	6,347	11.6	7,304	13.4
1998	55,757	6,362	11.4	7,280	13.1
1999	57,050	6,528	11.4	7,425	13.0
2000	58,427	6,671	11.4	7,662	13.1
2001	58,582	6,768	11.6	7,672	13.1
2002	58,555	6,820	11.6	7,629	13.0
2003	59,122	6,732	11.4	7,601	12.9
2004	59,408	6,593	11.1	7,450	12.5
2005	60,423	6,815	11.3	7,626	12.6
2006	61,426	6,702	10.9	7,501	12.2
2007	62,299	6,903	11.1	7,749	12.4
2008	62,532	7,160	11.4	8,036	12.9
2009	60,951	6,887	11.3	7,727	12.7
2010	60,542	6,722	11.1	7,528	12.4
2011	60,502	6,758	11.2	7,558	12.5
2012	61,679	6,470	10.5	7,311	11.9
2013	62,316	6,573	10.5	7,340	11.8
2014	63,383	6,638	10.5	7,434	11.7
2015	64,445	6,833	10.6	7,681	11.9
2016	65,512	6,667	10.2	7,567	11.6
2017	66,421	6,651	10.0	7,514	11.3
Men					
1983	47,856	11,809	24.7	13,270	27.7
1984	50,022	11,511	23.0	12,832	25.7
1985	51,015	11,264	22.1	12,448	24.4
1986	51,942	11,173	21.5	12,317	23.7
1987	52,938	11,071	20.9	12,144	22.9
1988	53,912	11,019	20.4	12,132	22.5
1989	54,789	10,820	19.7	11,955	21.8
1990	55,553	10,597	19.1	11,775	21.2
1991	54,618	10,470	19.2	11,542	21.1
1992	54,826	10,144	18.5	11,167	20.4
1993	55,475	10,112	18.2	11,072	20.0
1994	56,570	10,106	17.9	11,110	19.6
1995	57,669	9,929	17.2	10,868	18.8

Footnotes:

(1) Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

(2) Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members of unions but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

Note: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Year	Total employed	Members of unions ⁽¹⁾		Represented by unions ⁽²⁾	
		Total	Percentage of employed	Total	Percentage of employed
1996	58,473	9,859	16.9	10,761	18.4
1997	59,825	9,763	16.3	10,619	17.7
1998	60,973	9,850	16.2	10,638	17.4
1999	61,914	9,949	16.1	10,758	17.4
2000	63,662	9,664	15.2	10,491	16.5
2001	63,647	9,538	15.0	10,354	16.3
2002	63,272	9,325	14.7	10,066	15.9
2003	63,236	9,044	14.3	9,848	15.6
2004	64,145	8,878	13.8	9,638	15.0
2005	65,466	8,870	13.5	9,597	14.7
2006	66,811	8,657	13.0	9,360	14.0
2007	67,468	8,767	13.0	9,494	14.1
2008	66,846	8,938	13.4	9,724	14.5
2009	63,539	8,441	13.3	9,176	14.4
2010	63,531	7,994	12.6	8,761	13.8
2011	64,686	8,006	12.4	8,731	13.5
2012	65,898	7,895	12.0	8,611	13.1
2013	66,794	7,955	11.9	8,688	13.0
2014	68,048	7,939	11.7	8,717	12.8
2015	69,298	7,963	11.5	8,760	12.6
2016	70,589	7,888	11.2	8,704	12.3
2017	71,469	8,166	11.4	8,930	12.5

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

⁽²⁾ Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members of unions but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

Note: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] Table 35. Employment status of people, 18 years and older, by veteran status, period of service, and gender, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Veteran status, employment status, and period of service	Total	Women	Men	Women as a percentage of total
Total veterans				
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,387	2,000	18,387	9.8
Civilian labor force	10,125	1,191	8,934	11.8
Participation rate	49.7	59.6	48.6	-
Employed	9,755	1,142	8,613	11.7
Employment-population ratio	47.8	57.1	46.8	-
Unemployed	370	49	321	13.3
Unemployment rate	3.7	4.1	3.6	-
Not in labor force	10,262	808	9,454	7.9
Gulf War-era II veterans				
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,116	716	3,400	17.4
Civilian labor force	3,318	498	2,819	15.0
Participation rate	80.6	69.6	82.9	-
Employed	3,169	471	2,698	14.9

Note: Veterans are men and women who served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001–present), Gulf War era I (August 1990–August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964–April 1975), Korean War (July 1950–January 1955), World War II (December 1941–December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans are counted in only one period of service, their most recent wartime period. Veterans who served in both a wartime period and any other service period are classified in the wartime period.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Veteran status, employment status, and period of service	Total	Women	Men	Women as a percentage of total
Employment-population ratio	77.0	65.7	79.4	-
Unemployed	149	28	121	18.5
Unemployment rate	4.5	5.5	4.3	-
Not in labor force	798	218	580	27.3
Gulf War-era I veterans				
Civilian noninstitutional population	3,279	504	2,775	15.4
Civilian labor force	2,585	370	2,216	14.3
Participation rate	78.9	73.4	79.9	-
Employed	2,507	357	2,150	14.2
Employment-population ratio	76.4	70.9	77.5	-
Unemployed	79	13	66	16.1
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.4	3.0	-
Not in labor force	693	134	559	19.3
World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam-era veterans				
Civilian noninstitutional population	8,052	288	7,764	3.6
Civilian labor force	1,818	60	1,758	3.3
Participation rate	22.6	20.8	22.6	-
Employed	1,751	58	1,693	3.3
Employment-population ratio	21.7	20.2	21.8	-
Unemployed	67	2	66	2.5
Unemployment rate	3.7	2.8	3.7	-
Not in labor force	6,234	228	6,006	3.7
Veterans of other service periods				
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,941	492	4,449	10.0
Civilian labor force	2,404	264	2,140	11.0
Participation rate	48.7	53.6	48.1	-
Employed	2,329	256	2,073	11.0
Employment-population ratio	47.1	52.1	46.6	-
Unemployed	75	7	68	9.6
Unemployment rate	3.1	2.7	3.2	-
Not in labor force	2,537	228	2,309	9.0
Nonveterans				
Civilian noninstitutional population	225,619	125,318	100,301	55.5
Civilian labor force	147,957	72,803	75,154	49.2
Participation rate	65.6	58.1	74.9	-
Employed	141,692	69,785	71,907	49.3
Employment-population ratio	62.8	55.7	71.7	-
Unemployed	6,265	3,018	3,248	48.2
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	4.3	-
Not in labor force	77,662	52,515	25,147	67.6

Note: Veterans are men and women who served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001–present), Gulf War era I (August 1990–August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964–April 1975), Korean War (July 1950–January 1955), World War II (December 1941–December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans are counted in only one period of service, their most recent wartime period. Veterans who served in both a wartime period and any other service period are classified in the wartime period.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

[-] Table 36. Employment and disability status of people, by gender and age, 2017 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Disability status, employment status, and age	Total	Women	Men
<p>Note: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone, such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping, because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition.</p>			
<p>Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.</p>			

Disability status, employment status, and age	Total	Women	Men
Total people with a disability			
Civilian noninstitutional population	30,351	16,211	14,140
Civilian labor force	6,245	2,825	3,420
Participation rate	20.6	17.4	24.2
Employed	5,670	2,558	3,111
Employment-population ratio	18.7	15.8	22.0
Unemployed	576	267	309
Unemployment rate	9.2	9.5	9.0
Not in labor force	24,106	13,386	10,720
16 to 64 years			
Civilian noninstitutional population	15,697	7,935	7,762
Civilian labor force	5,117	2,381	2,736
Participation rate	32.6	30.0	35.2
Employed	4,603	2,141	2,462
Employment-population ratio	29.3	27.0	31.7
Unemployed	514	240	273
Unemployment rate	10.0	10.1	10.0
Not in labor force	10,580	5,554	5,026
65 years and older			
Civilian noninstitutional population	14,654	8,276	6,378
Civilian labor force	1,129	444	685
Participation rate	7.7	5.4	10.7
Employed	1,066	417	649
Employment-population ratio	7.3	5.0	10.2
Unemployed	62	27	35
Unemployment rate	5.5	6.0	5.2
Not in labor force	13,526	7,832	5,694
Total people without a disability			
Civilian noninstitutional population	224,728	115,592	109,135
Civilian labor force	154,074	72,349	81,725
Participation rate	68.6	62.6	74.9
Employed	147,668	69,377	78,290
Employment-population ratio	65.7	60.0	71.7
Unemployed	6,407	2,972	3,435
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	4.2
Not in labor force	70,653	43,243	27,410
16 to 64 years			
Civilian noninstitutional population	189,840	96,478	93,362
Civilian labor force	145,626	68,505	77,120
Participation rate	76.7	71.0	82.6
Employed	139,500	65,671	73,829
Employment-population ratio	73.5	68.1	79.1
Unemployed	6,126	2,834	3,291
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	4.3
Not in labor force	44,215	27,973	16,242
65 years and older			
Civilian noninstitutional population	34,887	19,114	15,773

Note: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone, such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping, because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Disability status, employment status, and age	Total	Women	Men
Civilian labor force	8,449	3,844	4,605
Participation rate	24.2	20.1	29.2
Employed	8,168	3,706	4,461
Employment-population ratio	23.4	19.4	28.3
Unemployed	281	138	143
Unemployment rate	3.3	3.6	3.1
Not in labor force	26,439	15,270	11,168

Note: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone, such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping, because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Technical Notes

The estimates in this report were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a national monthly sample survey of approximately 60,000 eligible households that provides a wide range of information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau, using a scientifically selected national sample with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

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Concepts and definitions

Children. Children are sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children living in the household who are under age 18. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, other related and unrelated children, and children not living in the household.

Civilian labor force. This group is made up of all people classified as employed or unemployed.

Civilian labor force participation rate. This rate is the civilian labor force as a percentage of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are people 16 years of age and older residing in any of the 50 states or the District of Columbia who are not confined to institutions, such as nursing homes and prisons, and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Disability. The CPS uses a set of six questions to identify people with disabilities. The questions are about physical, mental, or emotional conditions that cause serious difficulty with daily activities. People are classified as having a disability if there is a response of "yes" to any of these questions. For each of the questions, interviewers ask the respondent whether anyone in the household has the condition described, and if the respondent replies "yes," he or she is then asked to identify everyone in the household who has the condition. More information, including the wording of the six questions used to identify people with a disability, is available at www.bls.gov/cps/de-mographics.htm#disability.

Displaced workers. Displaced workers are wage and salary workers 20 years of age and older who lost or left jobs because their plant or company closed or moved, there was insufficient work for them to do, or their position or shift was abolished. Data are presented for long-tenured displaced workers—those who had worked for their employer for 3 or more years at the time of displacement. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses. Data are collected through a biennial supplement to the January CPS.

Employed people. Employed people are all those who, during the survey reference week, (a) did any work at all as paid employees; (b) worked in their own business, in a profession, or on their own farm; or (c) worked 15 or more hours as unpaid workers in a family member's business. People who were temporarily absent from their jobs or business because of illness, vacation, a labor dispute, or another reason also are counted as employed.

Employment-population ratio. This ratio is the number of employed as a percentage of the population.

Family. A family is a group of two or more people residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such individuals are considered members of one family. The count of families is for "primary" families only. A primary family consists of a householder and all other people related to and residing with the householder. Subfamilies are excluded from the count of families. A subfamily is a family that does not maintain their own household, such as a married couple living in the home of a friend and their family. In this example, the report would include only one family (the householder's or primary family), not two. Families include those with and without children under 18 years. Families are further categorized as follows:

- *Married-couple families* refer to opposite-sex married couples residing together and any of their family members residing in the household.
- *Families maintained by women or men* are made up of householders residing with one or more family members, but not an opposite-sex spouse. The household may or may not include a same-sex spouse or an unmarried domestic partner of either sex.

Foreign born. The foreign born are people residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas (such as Puerto Rico or Guam) to parents who were not U.S. citizens. The foreign-born population includes legally admitted immigrants, refugees, temporary residents such as students and temporary workers, and undocumented immigrants. The survey data, however, do not separately identify the number of people in these categories. The native born are people born in the United States or one of its outlying areas or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This refers to people who identified themselves in the enumeration process as being Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race; estimates for the race groups include Hispanics. Information on the 2003 changes in questions on race and Hispanic ethnicity in 2003 is available at <https://www.bls.gov/cps/rcps03.pdf>.

Hours at work. These are the actual hours worked (at all jobs) during the survey reference week, which is generally the week containing the 12th of the month. For example, people who normally work 40 hours a week but were off for 8 hours during the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even if they were paid for the holiday. (See related information on usual full- or part-time status.)

Householder. The householder is the family reference person. This is the person (or one of the people) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. Other household members are defined as family members based on their relationship to the householder.

Minimum wage. The estimates of the number of workers with earnings at or below the federal minimum wage pertain only to workers who are paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and other workers who are not paid by the hour are not included, even though some have earnings that, if converted to hourly rates, would be at or below the minimum wage. Consequently, the estimates presented in this report likely understate the actual number of workers with hourly earnings at or below the federal minimum wage. BLS does not routinely estimate the hourly earnings of workers not paid by the hour because of data quality concerns associated with such an estimation process.

The prevailing federal minimum wage is \$7.25, effective July 24, 2009. The presence of workers with hourly earnings below the minimum wage does not necessarily indicate violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), because there are a number of exemptions to the minimum-wage provisions of the law. In addition, some workers might have rounded their hourly earnings in response to survey questions. As a result, some might have reported hourly earnings below the minimum wage when, in fact, they earned the minimum wage or higher.

A number of states have established minimum wage rates that exceed the federal level. (Information on state minimum wage laws is available at www.dol.gov/whd/min-wage/america.htm.) Users should be cautious about comparing state estimates in this report because of differing statutory minimum wages. It also should be noted that the CPS sample is based on residence, that is, where workers live, which may or may not be located in the same state in which they work. In addition, the degree of sampling error may be quite large for some state estimates.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all people in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed.

Occupation and industry. Occupation refers to the type of job or work that a person does, and industry refers to the business activity of a person's employer or company. People with two or more jobs are classified as being in the occupation and industry in which they worked the greatest number of hours. The CPS uses the Census Occupational Classification, based on the 2010 Standard Occupation Classification (SOC), and the 2012 census industry classification, derived from the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Additional information about these classifications is available online at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsoccind.htm.

Poverty classification. Poverty statistics presented in this report are based on definitions developed by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and revised by federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1981. These definitions originally were based on the Department of Agriculture's Economy Food Plan and reflected the different consumption requirements of families, predicated on the basis of factors such as family size and the number of children under 18 years of age.

The actual poverty thresholds vary because of the makeup of the family. In 2016, the weighted average poverty threshold for a family of four was \$24,563; for a family of nine or more people, the threshold was \$49,721; and for one person (unrelated individual), it was \$12,228. Poverty thresholds are updated each year to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U). Thresholds do not vary geographically. (For more information, see "Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016," <https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2017/demo/P60-259.pdf>.)

Race. In accordance with the Office of Management and Budget standards, White, Black or African American, and Asian are terms used to describe a person's race. Beginning in 2003, people in these categories are those who selected that race group only. Those who identify multiple race groups are categorized as people of two or more races. More information on the 2003 changes to questions on race is available at www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf. Data for other race groups—American Indians and Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders—and for people of two or more races are included in totals but not separately identified in this report.

Self-employed workers. Self-employed workers are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, in a profession, in a trade, or on a farm. The unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category. Self-employed people whose businesses are incorporated are included with wage and salary workers, unless otherwise specified.

Tenure. Employee tenure is a measure of how long wage and salary workers had been with their current employer at the time of the survey. Tenure is presented in median years; the median is the point at which half of all workers had more tenure and half had less. Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses. The data are collected through a biennial supplement to the January CPS.

Unemployed. The unemployed are people who had no employment during the survey reference week, were available for work (except in the case of temporary illness), and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the survey reference week. People on temporary layoff do not need to look for work to be classified as unemployed.

Unemployment rate. This rate is the number of unemployed people as a percentage of the civilian labor force.

Union membership. Union membership refers to members of a labor union or of an employee association similar to a union. The data are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wage and salary workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses.

Usual full- or part-time status. To differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the survey reference week, BLS classifies people as either full- or part-time workers based on the number of hours they usually work per week, regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 or more hours per week (at all jobs combined). Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs).

Usual weekly earnings. Data on usual weekly earnings represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, and tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders). Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (for example, annual, monthly, or hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of "usual," interviewers are instructed to define the term as "more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months." Data refer to the sole or primary job of wage and salary workers (excluding all self-employed people, regardless of whether or not their businesses were incorporated) and are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample.

Earnings estimates are presented as median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers. The median is the point at which half of all workers had higher earnings and half had lower earnings.

Veterans. Veterans are men and women 18 years or older who previously served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and who were civilians at the time they were surveyed. People who are on active duty at the time of the survey are outside the scope of the survey and thus not in the estimates shown here. Nonveterans are men and women who never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veteran status is obtained from responses to the question, "Did you ever serve on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces?"

Wage and salary workers. These are workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in the private and the public sectors. This group also generally includes the incorporated self-employed, because, legally, they are paid employees of a corporation. (Data on union membership, earnings, tenure, and displacement of wage and salary workers exclude all self-employed workers, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses.)

Work experience. These data reflect work activity during the calendar year and are obtained from the Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the CPS. Estimates of people who worked are based on "yes" responses to the following questions in the ASEC: "Did you work at a job or business at any time during [the survey reference year]?" or "Did you do any temporary, part-time, or seasonal work even for a few days during [the survey reference year]?" Because the reference period is a full year, the number of people with some employment exceeds the level for any given month, which is based on a 1-week reference period, and the corresponding annual averages of monthly estimates.

Workers paid by the hour. These are wage and salary workers paid at an hourly rate on their main job. Historically, workers paid an hourly wage have made up approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers.

Working poor. The working poor are people who spent at least 27 weeks in the labor force (that is, working or looking for work) but whose incomes still fell below the official poverty level.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than an entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the true population values they represent. There are two reasons this occurs: sampling error and nonsampling error. Sampling error occurs because samples differ by chance. The sampling error variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the true population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

All other types of error are referred to as nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of data. More information on the reliability of data from the CPS and on estimating standard errors is available at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#reliability.

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