

Week ending November 13, 1968

AUG 27 1998

Most interest rates (pages 8 and 9) have increased since August. Yields on three-month Treasury bills, long-term Government bonds and highest grade Corporate bonds have recovered more than half of the declines of late spring and summer. The bill rate averaged 5.44 per cent during the first half of this week, compared with a low of 4.96 per cent in early August and a high of 5.82 per cent in May. Interest rates on long-term Government bonds averaged 5.32 per cent Tuesday and Wednesday, about halfway between a low of 4.99 per cent in early August and a high of 5.52 per cent in May. Yields on Corporate Aaa bonds reached a low of 5.95 per cent in early September, falling from 6.28 per cent in May, and subsequently have risen to 6.15 per cent. The rising interest rates reflect a strong demand for funds accompanying a continued rapid increase of total demand for goods and services.

Recent increases in interest rates may also reflect, in part, short-term effects of a slower growth of money (page 3) since mid-year. The money stock averaged \$191.9 billion during the week ending November 6, up about \$1.7 billion from the previous week. However, during the past three months the money stock has increased at a moderate 2.1 per cent annual rate, following a rapid 8 per cent rate from January to July. Recent growth of money is about in line with the 1957 to 1967 trend rate of 2.6 per cent.

Growth of other monetary aggregates has not slowed significantly since mid-year. The monetary base (page 2) has risen at a 5.4 per cent annual rate

during the past three months, the same as the 5.4 per cent rate from January to July, but faster than the 1957 to 1967 trend rate of 3.3 per cent. Growth of the money stock plus time deposits (page 4) and of bank credit has accelerated since July, reflecting the rapid rise of time deposits (page 7) during the period. The broad measure of money averaged \$390.8 billion during the four weeks ending November 6, up at a 10 per cent annual rate from three months ago.

The more rapid growth of money plus time deposits and bank credit reflects a rechanneling of financial flows through commercial banks following the mid-year declines of market interest rates relative to rates banks may pay on time deposits. Because the recent growth of bank credit has probably been offset by lower credit flows in other markets, it does not necessarily indicate an acceleration in the growth of total credit in the economy nor a rapid expansion of total liquid assets. The slower growth of the money stock, assuming the demand to hold money grew at about an unchanged rate, probably provides less expansive monetary influence. However, if time deposits do not continue to grow at the recent rapid rate, absorbing reserves which might otherwise support demand deposits, it is unlikely that the recent slower pace of money growth will continue, unless the growth in the monetary base also slows significantly.

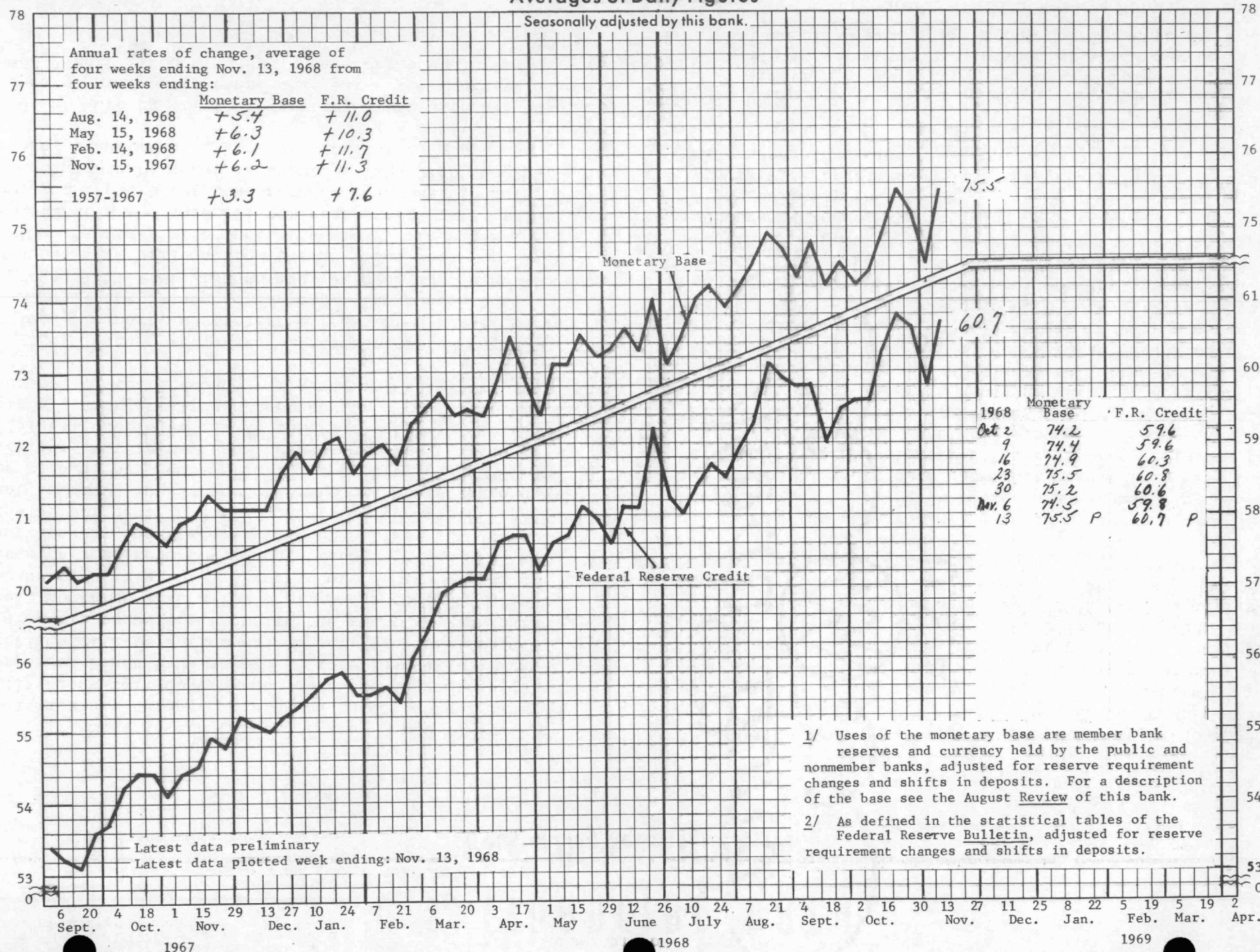
Rates of change reported in this release are intended to serve as summaries which may be useful in analyzing recent developments.

Prepared by Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis
Released: November 15, 1968

MONETARY BASE ¹
FEDERAL RESERVE CREDIT ²
Averages of Daily Figures

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars

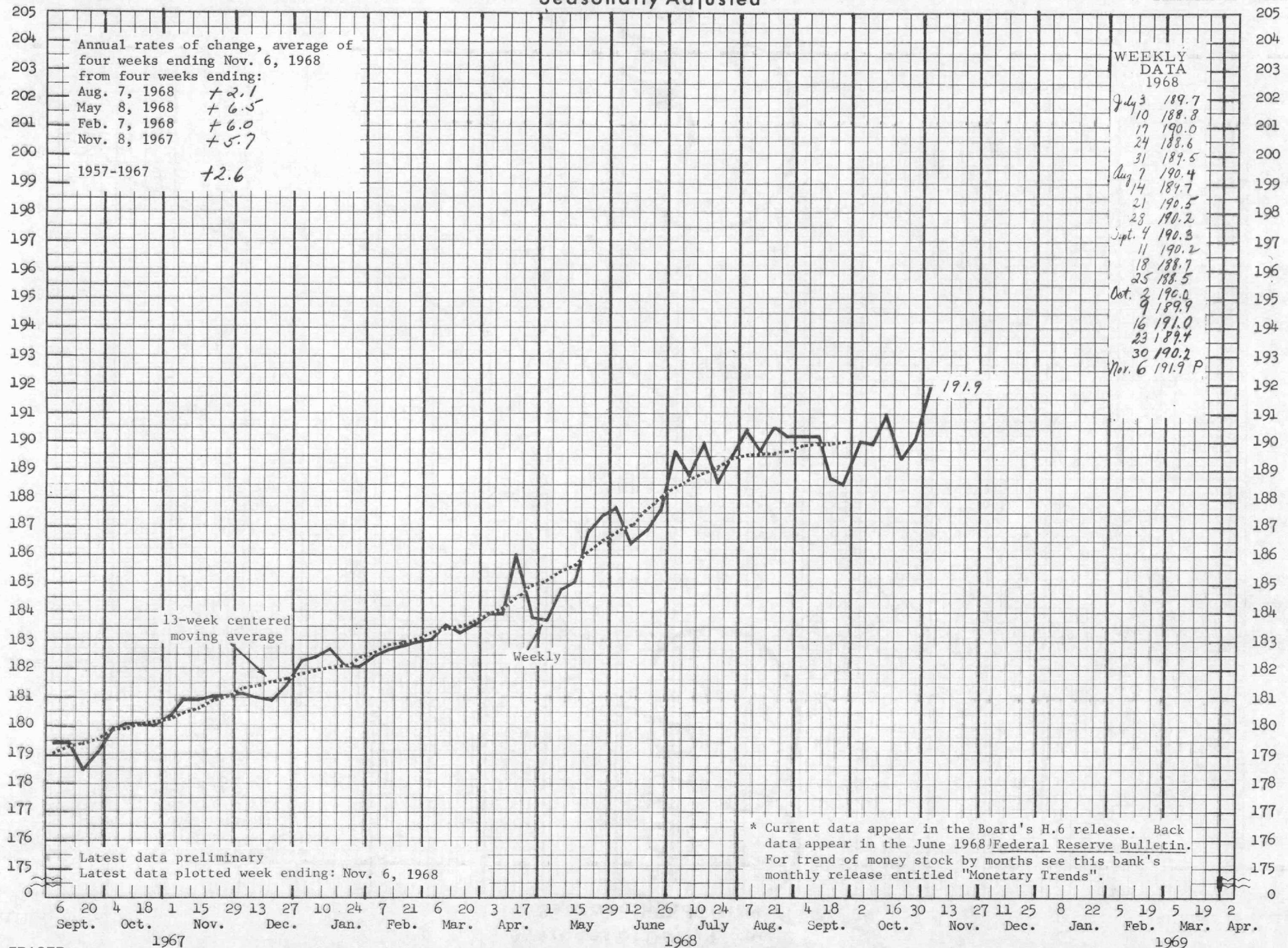


MONEY STOCK* Averages of Daily Figures Seasonally Adjusted

3

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars



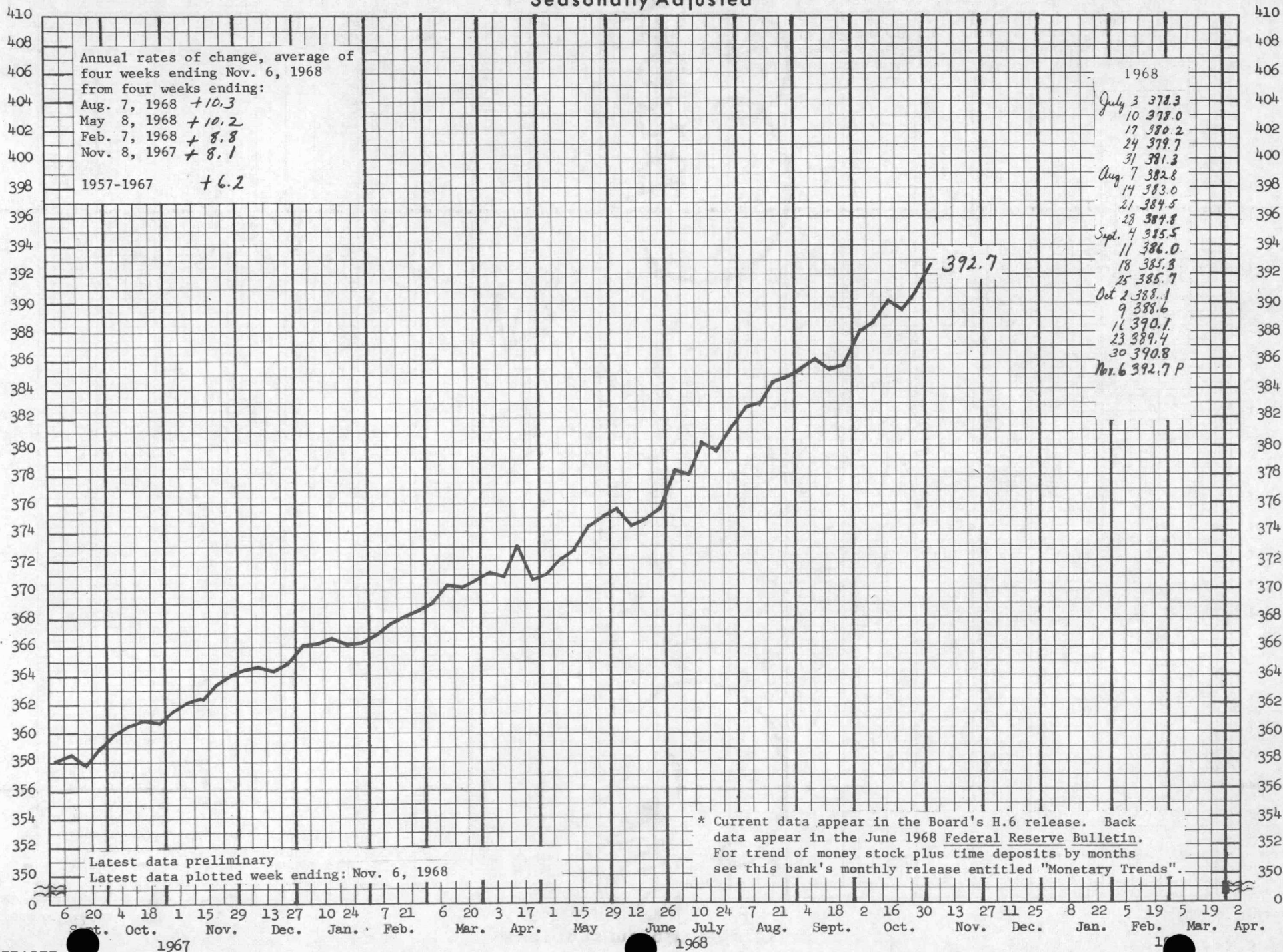
MONEY STOCK PLUS TIME DEPOSITS*

Averages of Daily Figures

Seasonally Adjusted

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars

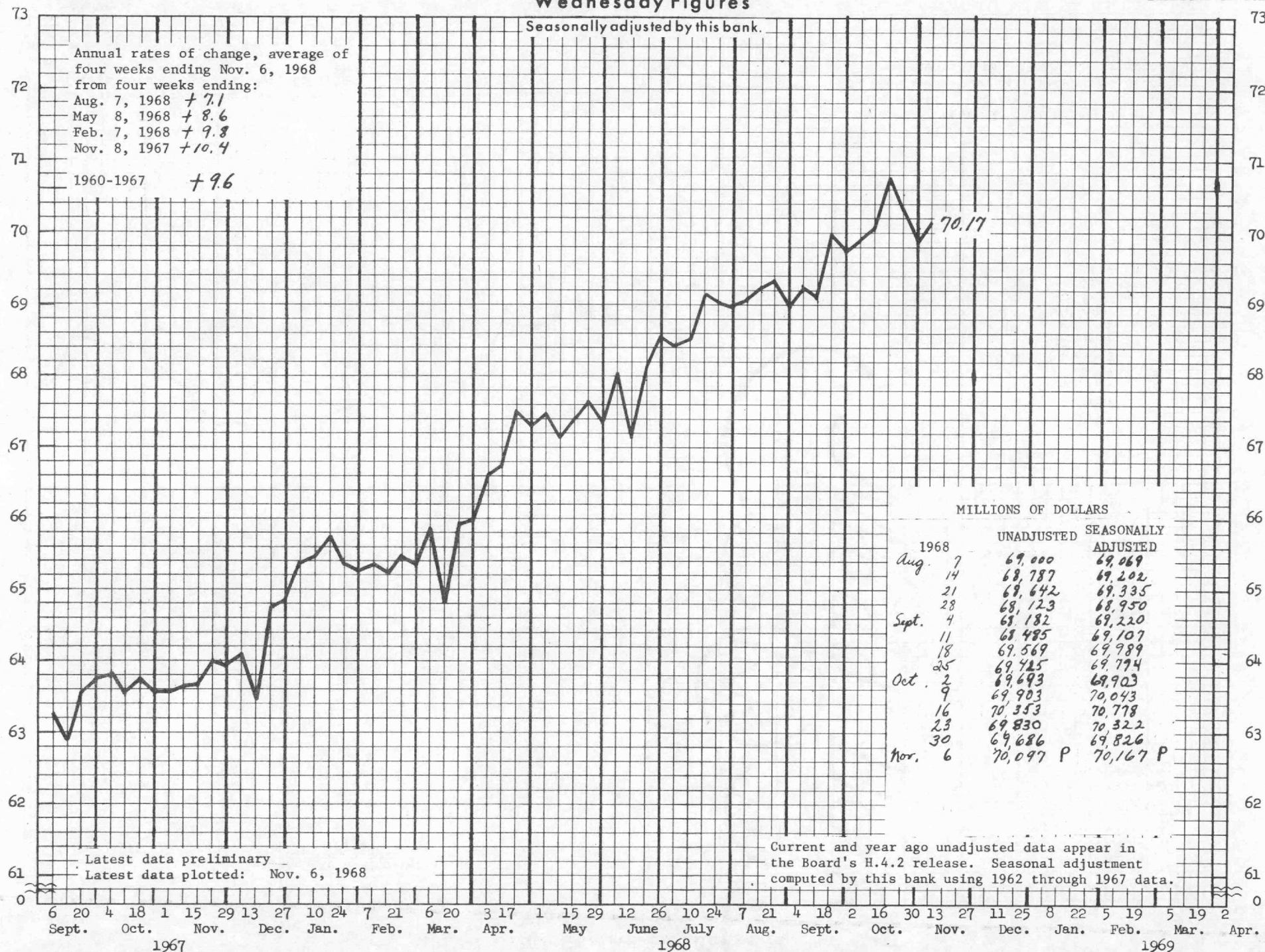


BUSINESS LOANS Large Commercial Banks

Wednesday Figures

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars



CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ¹ Large Commercial Banks Wednesday Figures

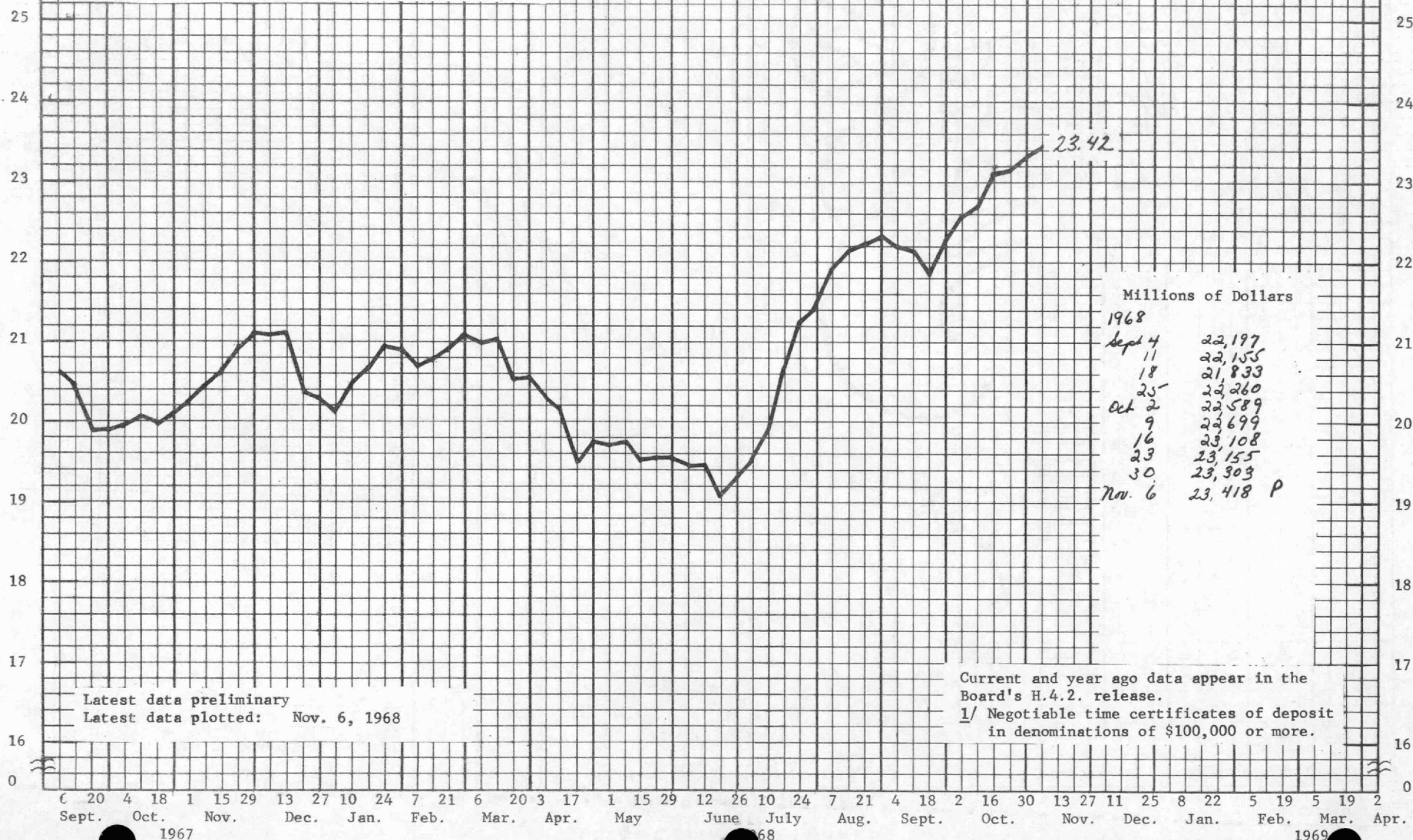
6

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars

Annual rates of change, seasonally unadjusted data,
average of four weeks ending Nov. 6, 1968 from
four weeks ending:
Aug. 7, 1968 +36.0
May 8, 1968 +36.2
Feb. 7, 1968 +15.6
Nov. 8, 1967 +15.1

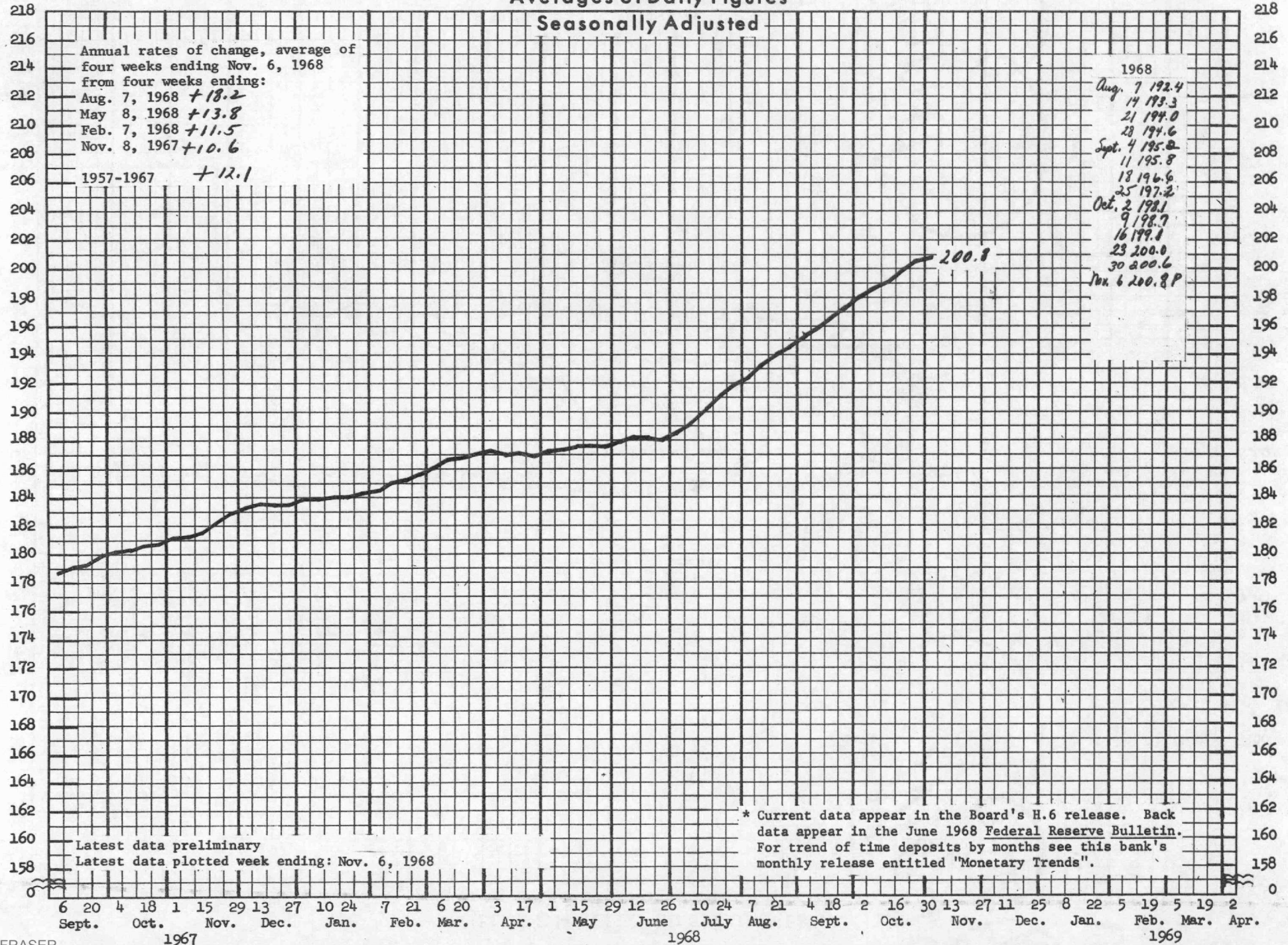
1964-1967 +17.9



TIME DEPOSITS*
All Commercial Banks
Averages of Daily Figures

Billions of Dollars

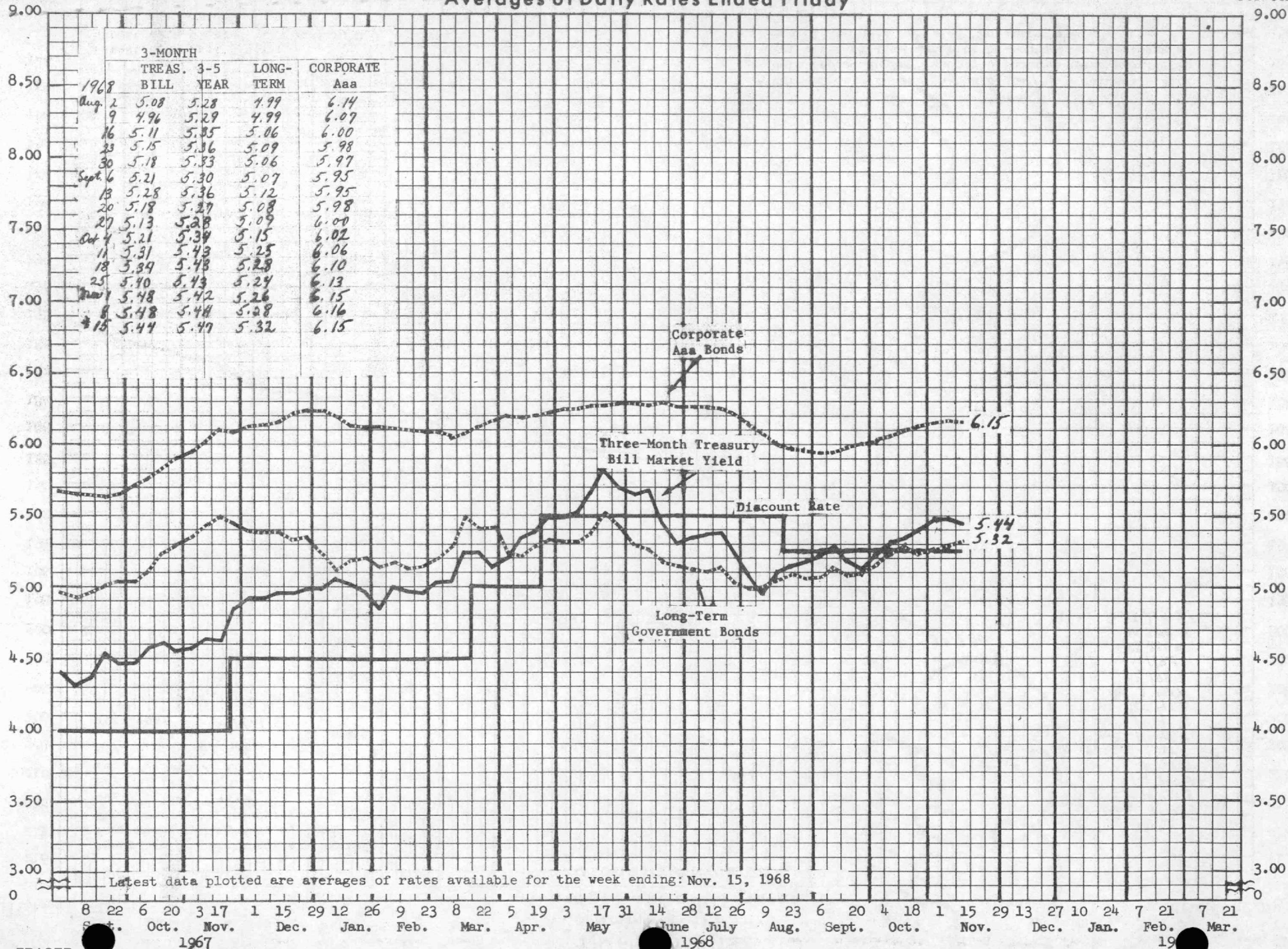
Billions of Dollars



YIELDS ON SELECTED SECURITIES **Averages of Daily Rates Ended Friday**

Per Cent

Per Cent

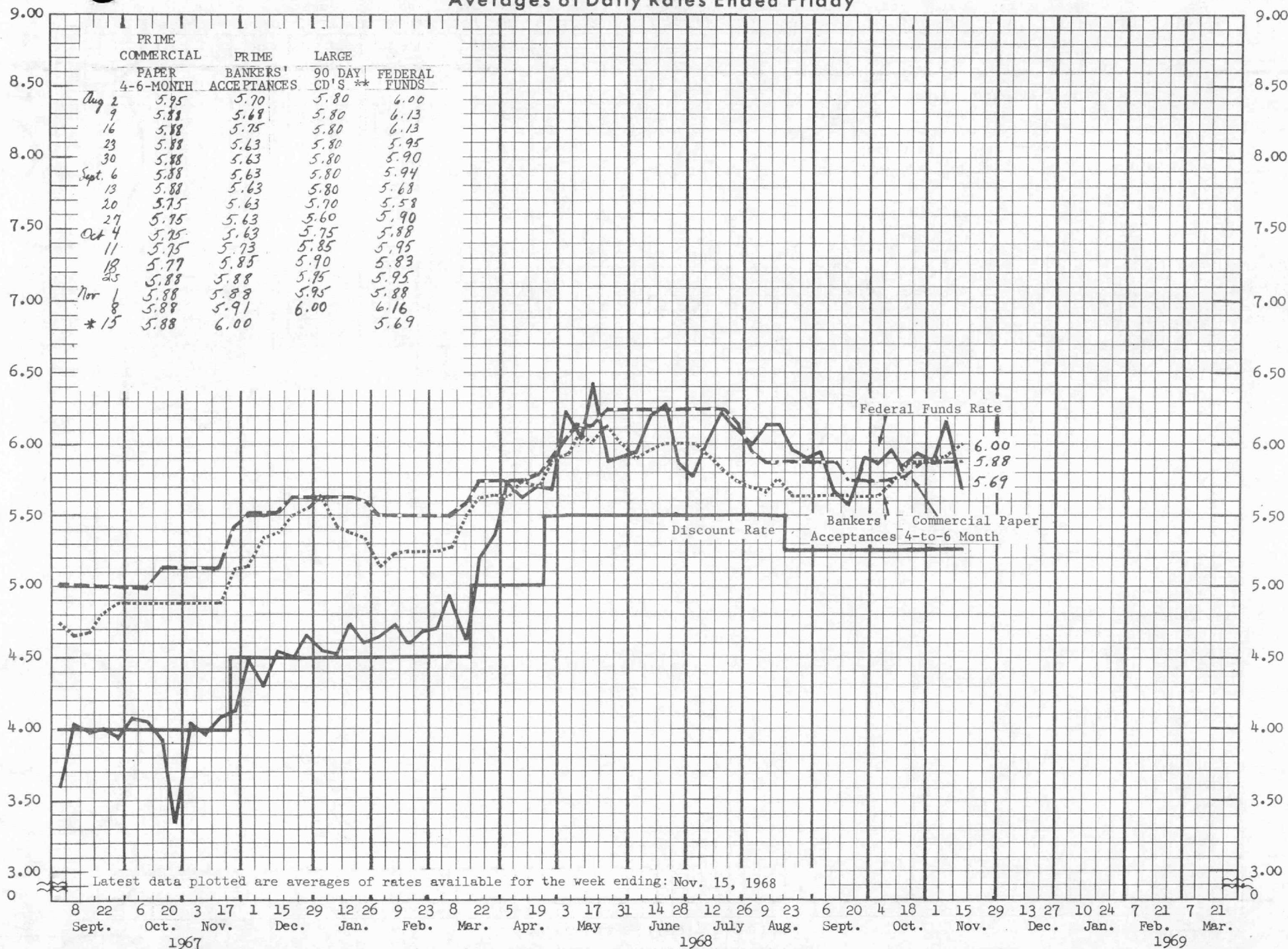


Per Cent

SELECTED SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES

Averages of Daily Rates Ended Friday

Per Cent



*AVERAGES OF RATES AVAILABLE

**SOURCE: SALOMON BROTHERS AND HUTZLER

SECONDARY MARKET RATE ON 90-DAY PRIME CD'S.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Prepared by Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

BORROWINGS AND EXCESS RESERVES

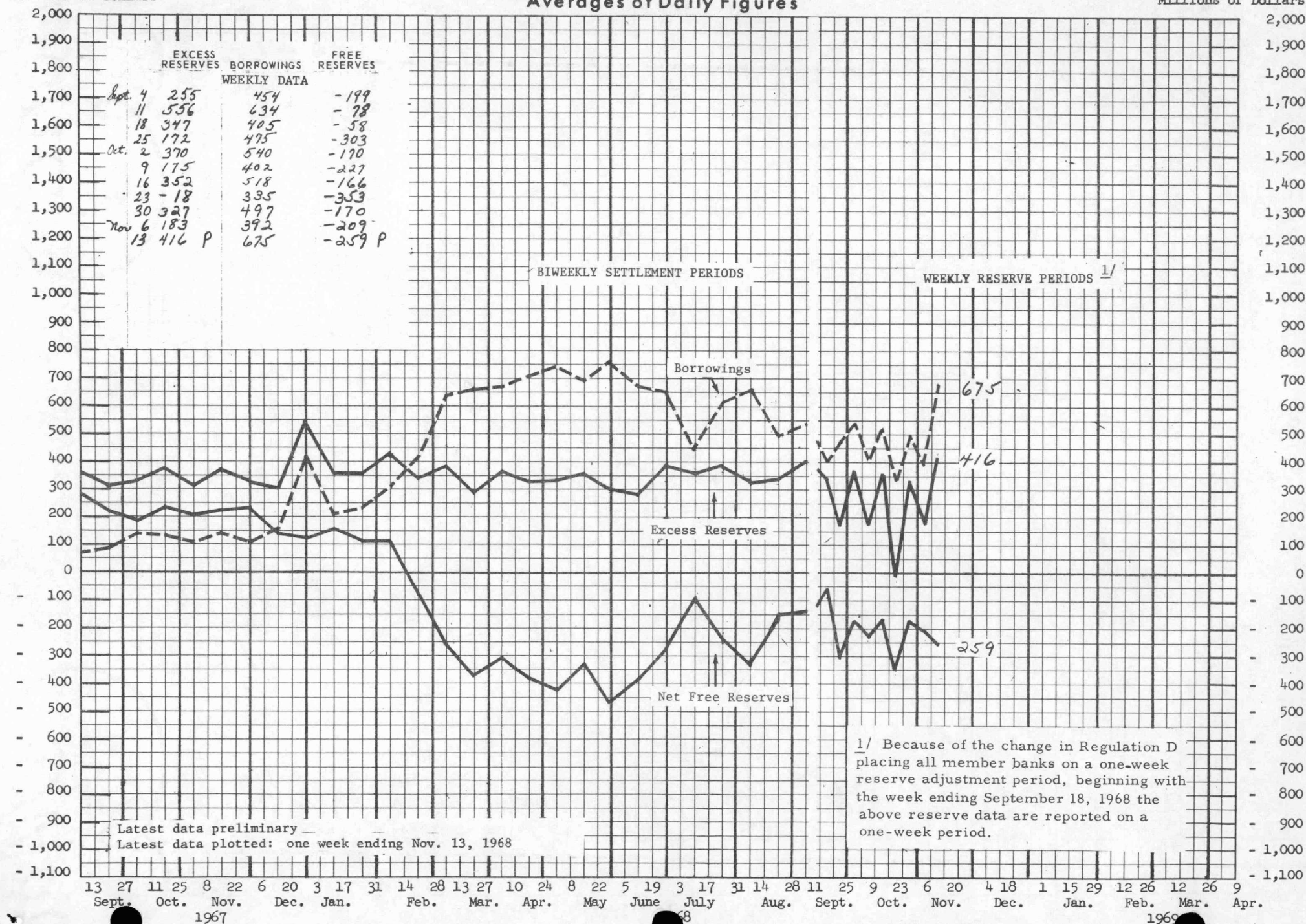
All Member Banks in the Nation

Averages of Daily Figures

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Millions of Dollars

Millions of Dollars



<u>Week ending</u>	<u>Total Effective Reserves</u>	<u>Reserves Available for private Demand Deposits</u>
1968	(Seasonally adjusted)	
Aug. 7	26.41	17.68
14	26.20	17.48
21	26.60	17.80
28	26.26	17.46
Sept. 4	26.25	17.54
11	26.51	17.79
18	26.08	17.39
25	25.57	17.21
Oct. 2	26.34	17.56
9	26.22	17.33
16	27.01	17.70
23	26.41	17.10
30	26.99	17.51
Nov. 6	26.24	17.58
13	27.07 P	17.61 P

Average of daily figures in billions of dollars.

P - preliminary