

Week ending May 29, 1968

AUG 27 1998

MONEY STOCK (Page 5)

The nation's money stock, which consists of private demand deposits plus currency in the hands of the public, averaged \$185.2 billion in the four weeks ending May 22, up at a 6 per cent annual rate since early February. This was faster than 93 per cent of all three-month periods since 1948, and represents a marked acceleration from the previous six months. From last August to February, money rose at a 3.8 per cent rate, whereas earlier last year money went up at an unusually rapid 9 per cent rate. In comparison, the money stock rose at an average rate of 2.6 per cent during the 1957-1967 period.

TIME DEPOSITS (Page 7)

Unlike money, the growth of time deposits in recent months has decelerated. In the four weeks ending May 22 time deposits in commercial banks averaged \$187.1 billion which represents a 5.6 per cent annual rate of increase since early February, lower than the 9 per cent rise in the previous six months. By comparison time deposits increased at an 18 per cent rate earlier in 1967 and at a 12 per cent trend rate between 1957 and 1967.

A deceleration of time deposit growth is typical of periods of high and rising interest rates. Maximum yields on time deposits are limited by Regulation Q, and therefore as yields on other financial assets rise above

TIME DEPOSITS (Continued)

the legal ceilings time deposits become increasingly less competitive. A similar situation developed in the late summer and fall of 1966. In these periods savings are directed away from banks and other financial intermediaries, where consumers, purchasers of real estate, and small business typically borrow, to the central money markets, where large businesses and Governments obtain the bulk of the funds.

BANK CREDIT (Page 4)

Total bank credit of large commercial banks has grown at a 4.7 per cent annual rate since early February. Over the last year bank credit increased at about the 8 per cent trend rate of the 1960-1967 period.

Business loans (Page 9) have become increasingly a more important component of this growth. Since February business loans have risen at a 12.8 per cent rate, whereas since last May these loans increased 8.4 per cent. The trend rate of business loans was 9.6 per cent over the 1960-1967 period. The growth of bank investments has slowed as business loans accelerated.

Rates of change reported in this release are intended to serve as summaries which may be useful in analyzing recent developments.

Prepared by Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Released: May 31, 1968

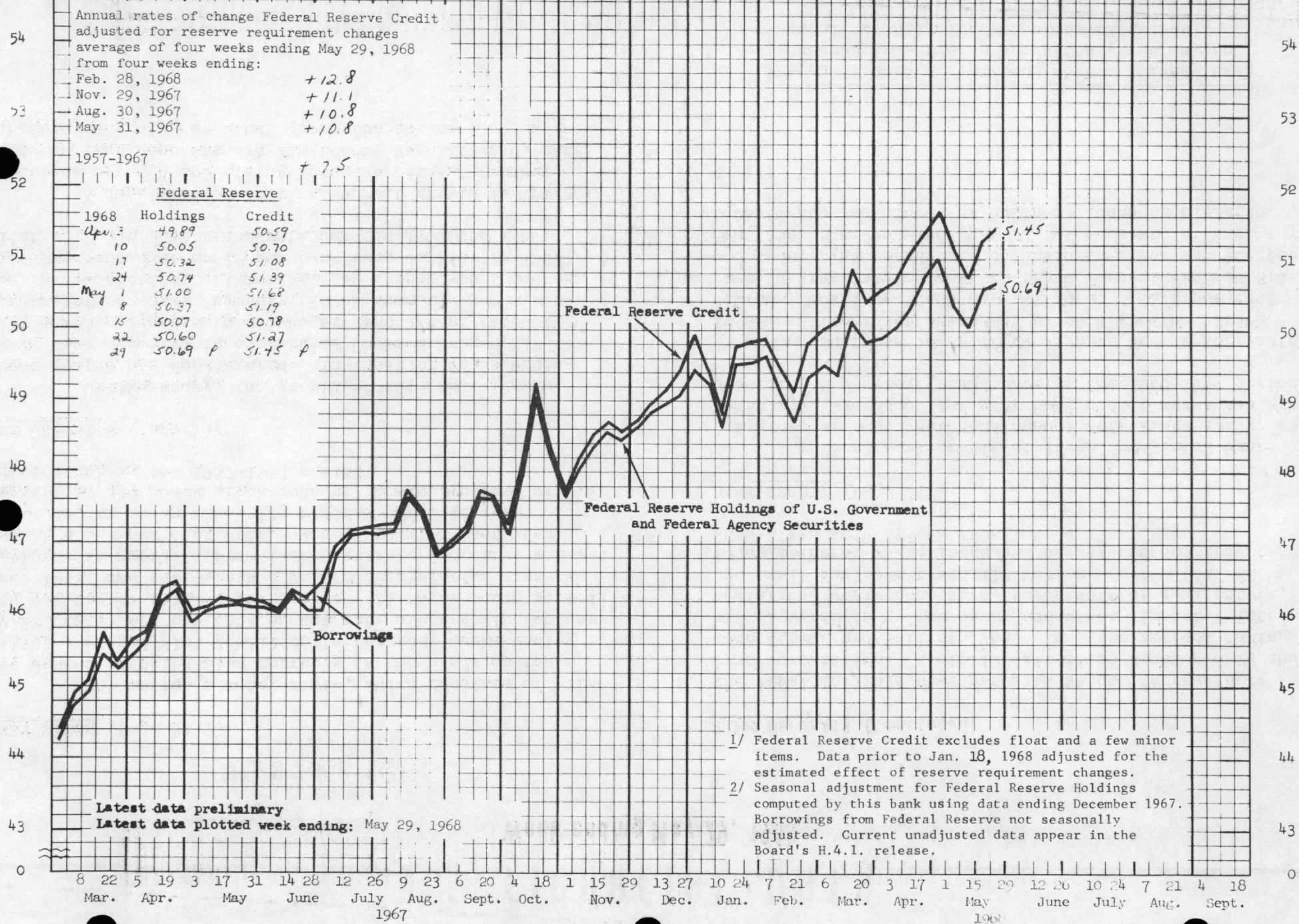
FEDERAL RESERVE CREDIT ¹ Averages of Daily Figures

2

Billions of Dollars

Seasonally adjusted by this bank. ²

Billions of Dollars

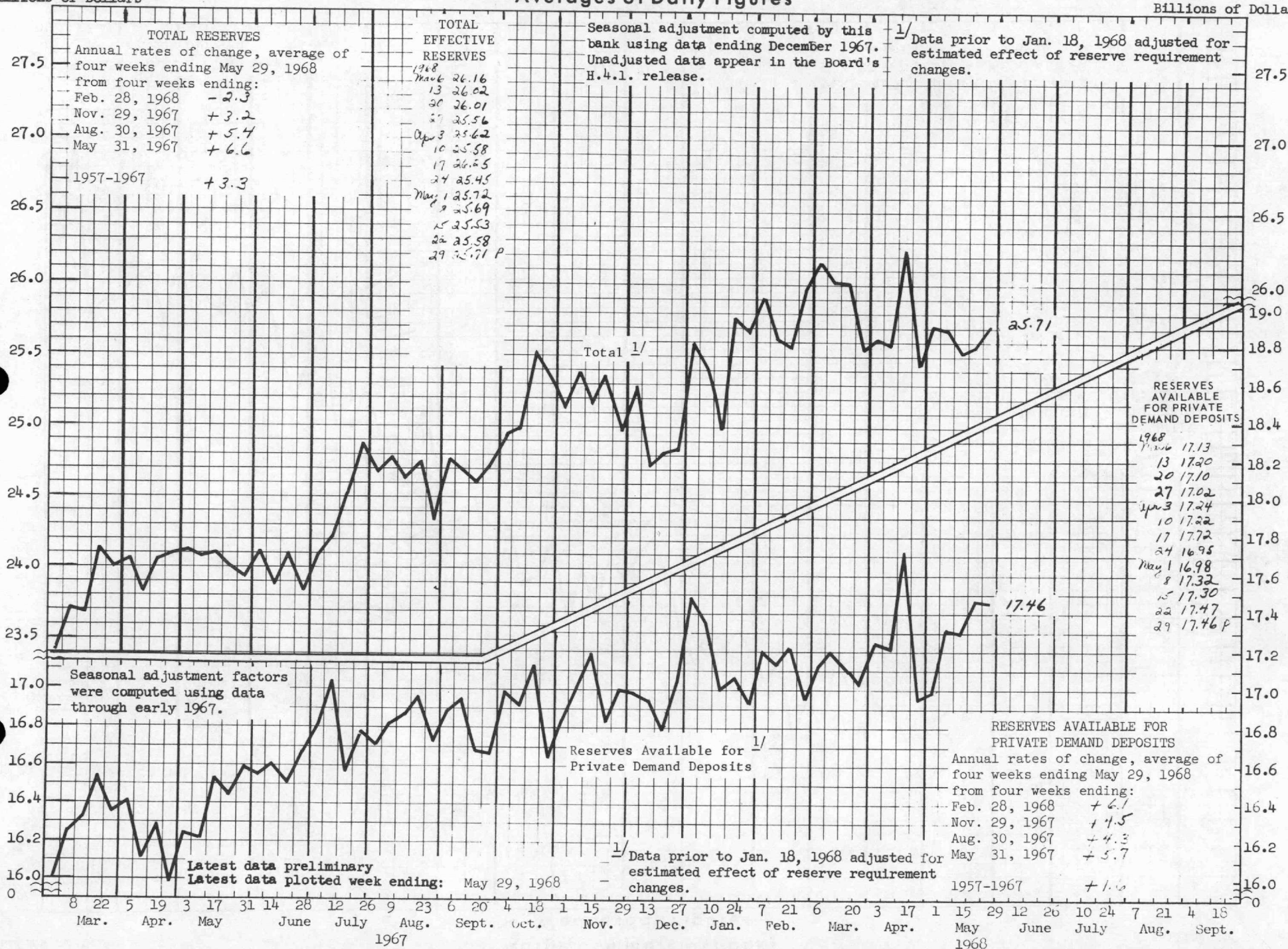


RESERVES All Member Banks in the Nation Averages of Daily Figures

3

Billions of Dollars

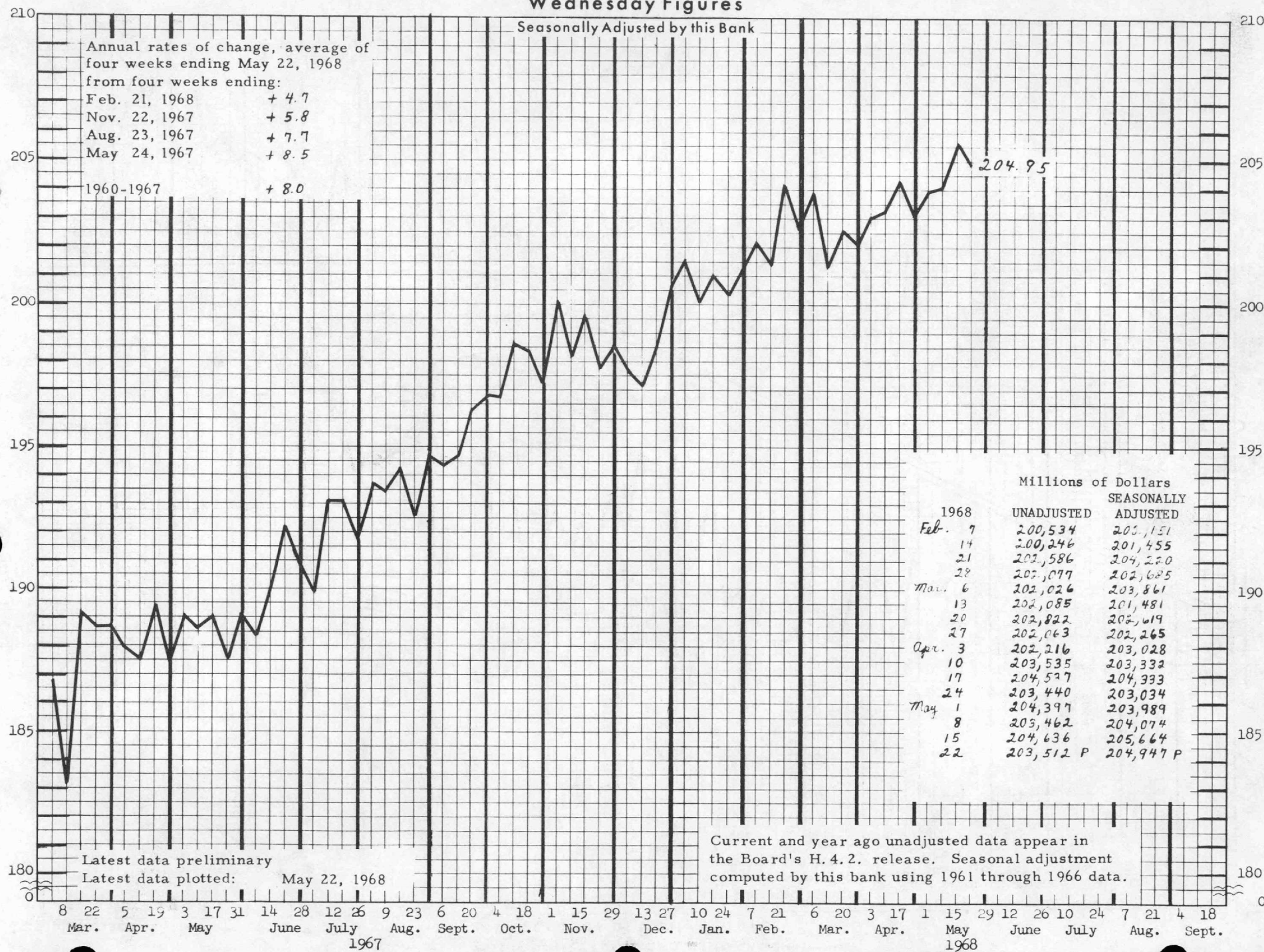
Billions of Dollars



Billions of Dollars

TOTAL BANK CREDIT Large Commercial Banks Wednesday Figures

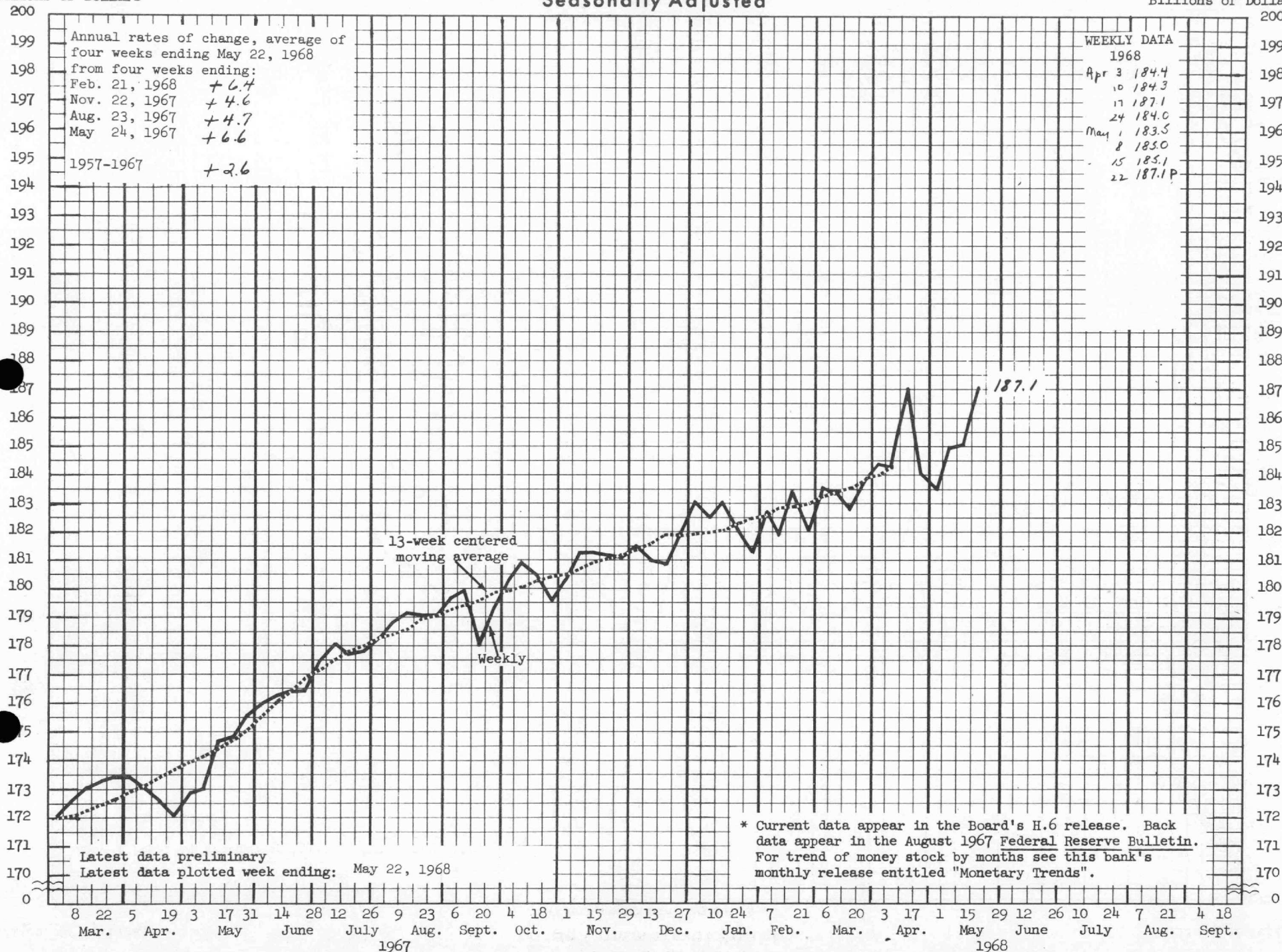
Billions of Dollars



MONEY STOCK* Averages of Daily Figures Seasonally Adjusted

Billions of Dollars

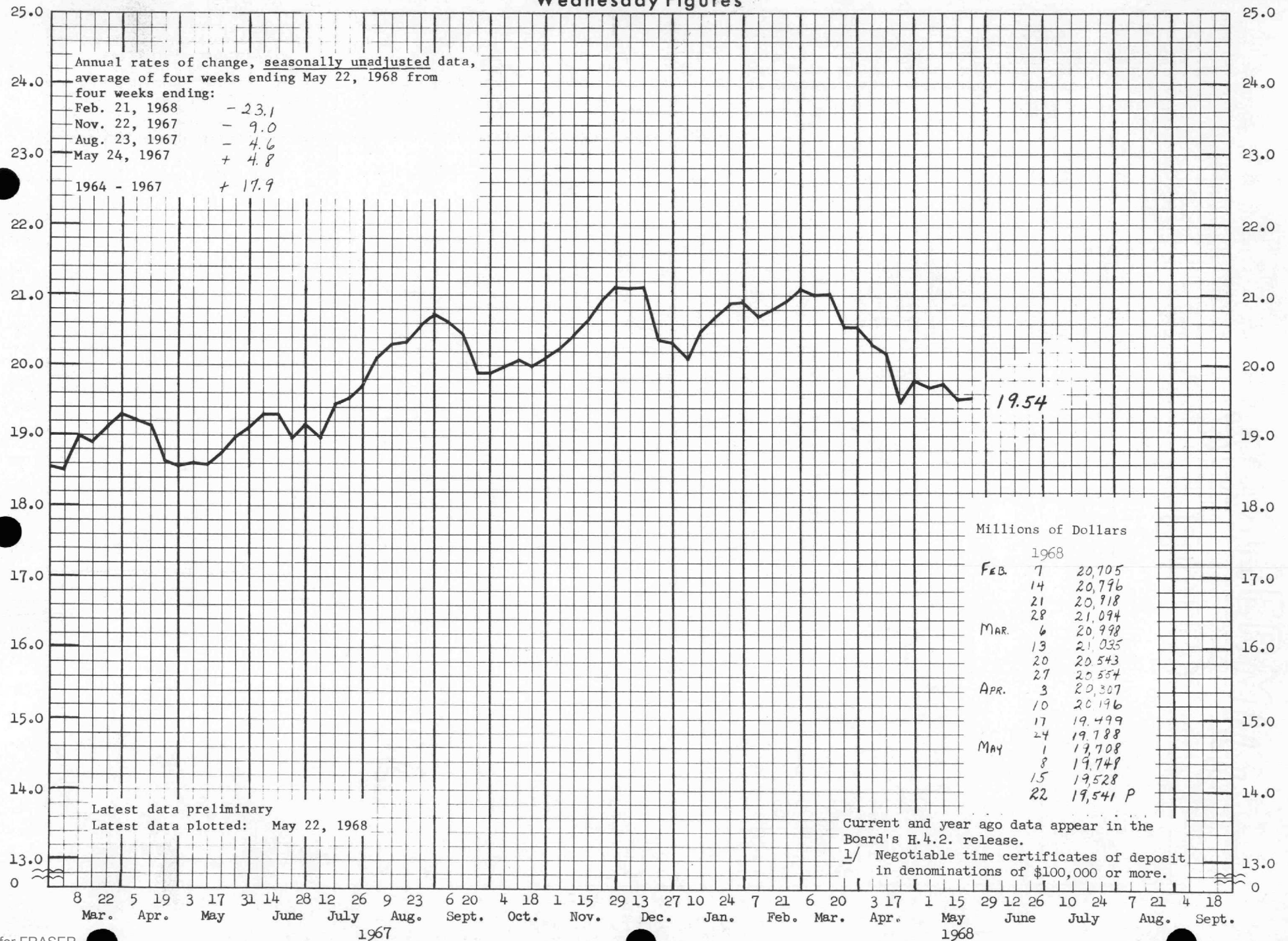
Billions of Dollars



Billions of Dollars

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ¹ Large Commercial Banks Wednesday Figures

Billions of Dollars

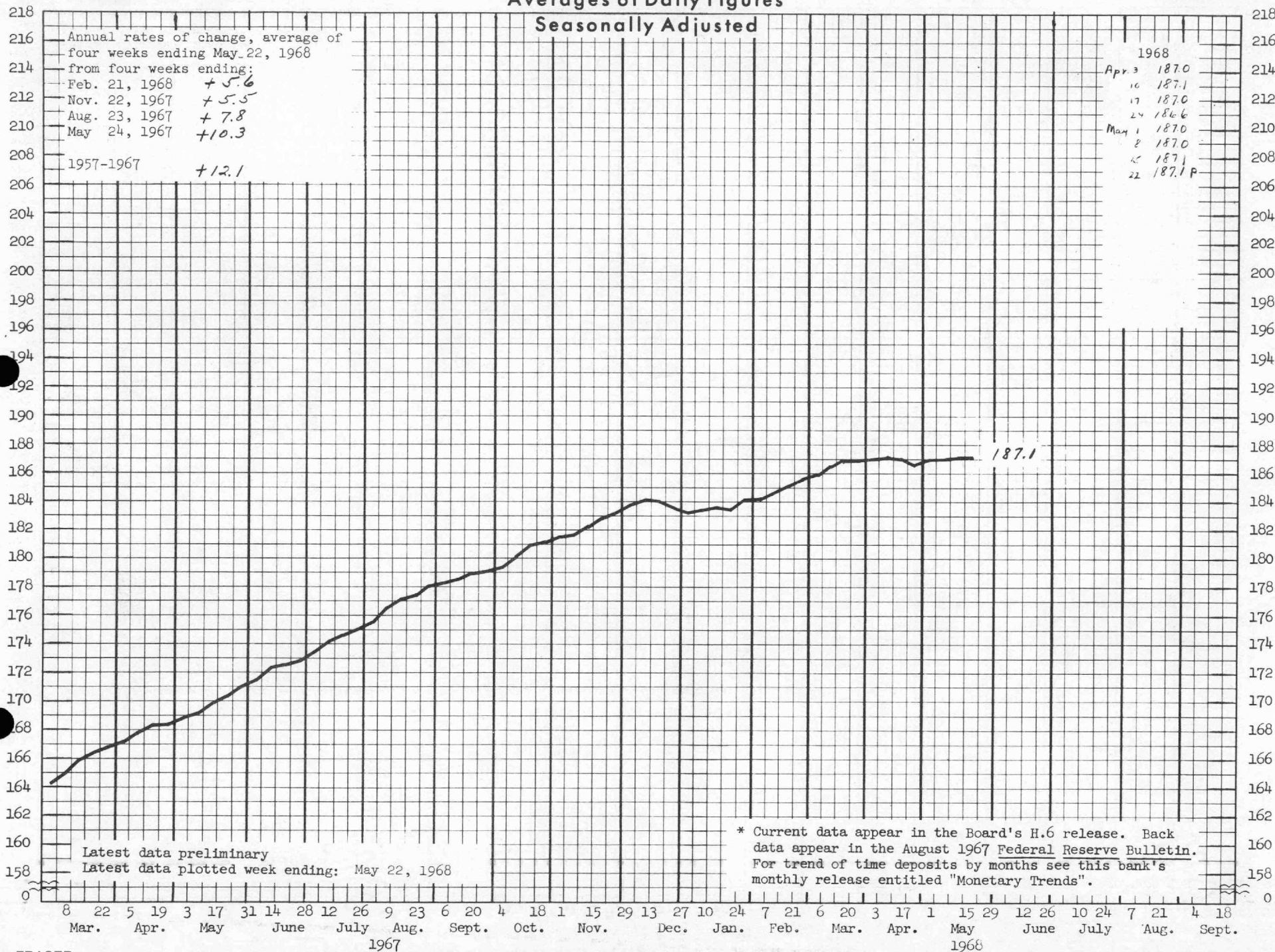


TIME DEPOSITS* All Commercial Banks Averages of Daily Figures

Billions of Dollars

Billions of Dollars

Seasonally Adjusted



BORROWINGS AND EXCESS RESERVES

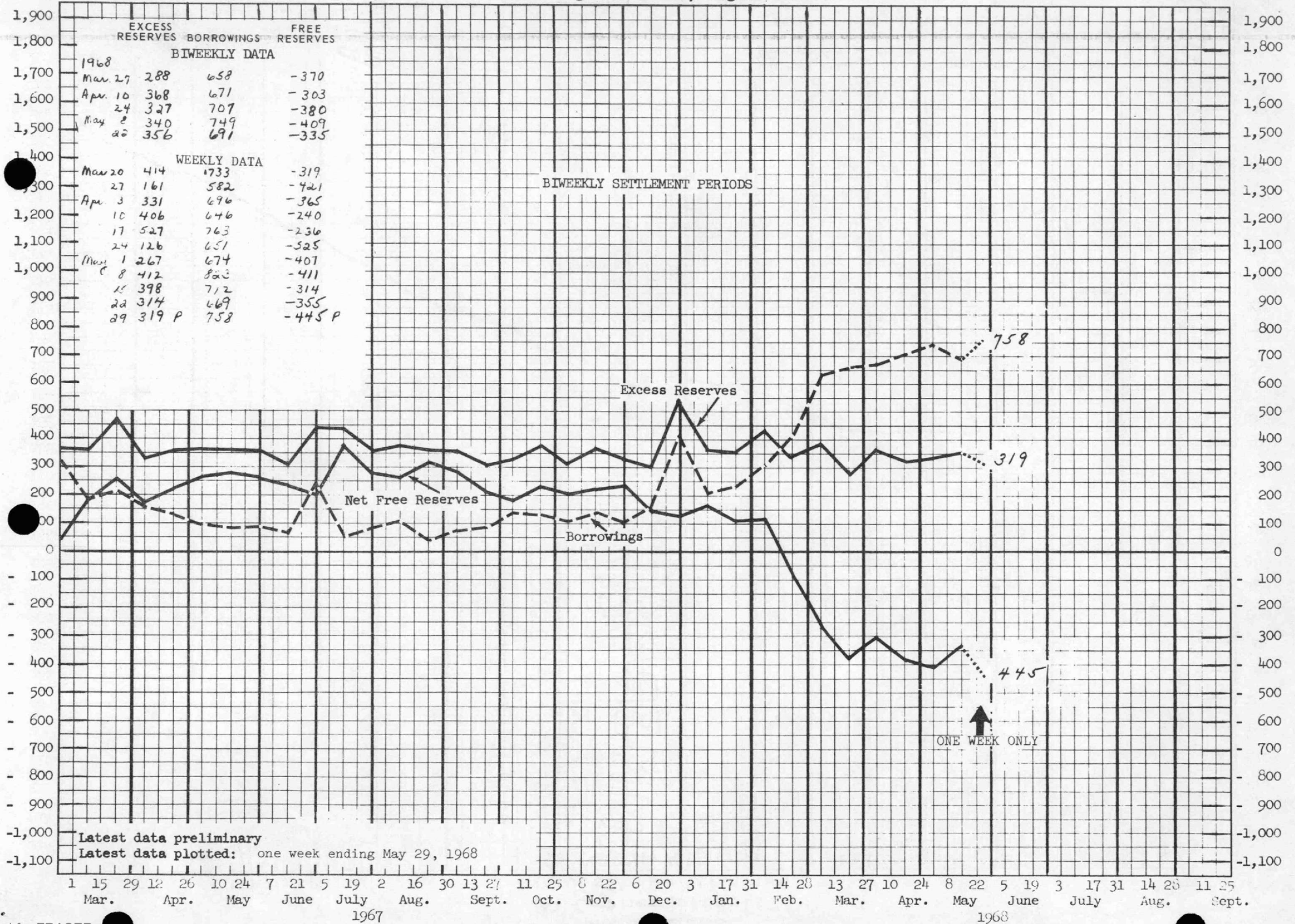
All Member Banks in the Nation

Averages of Daily Figures

8

Millions of Dollars

Millions of Dollars

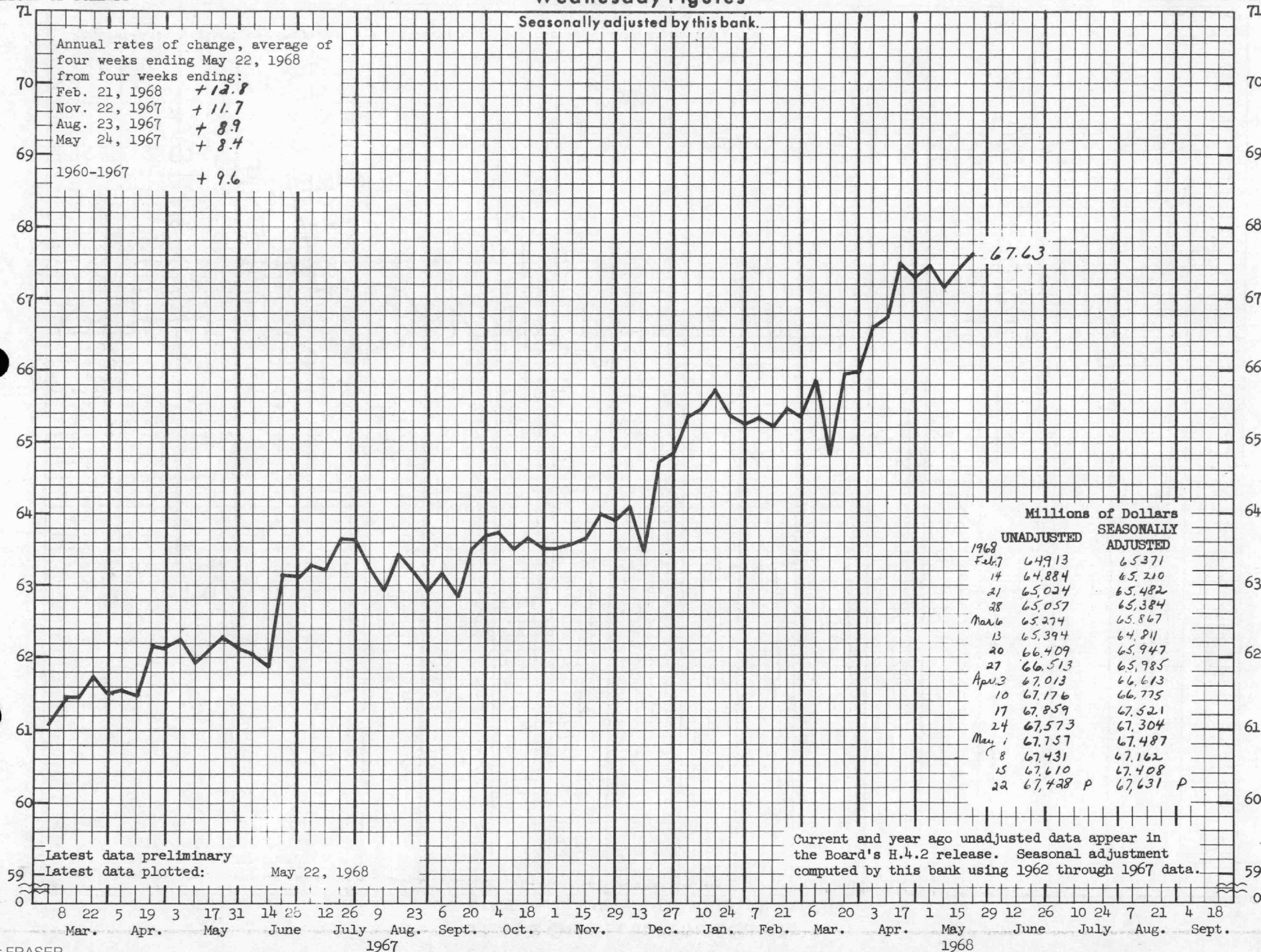


BUSINESS LOANS Large Commercial Banks Wednesday Figures

9

Billions of Dollars

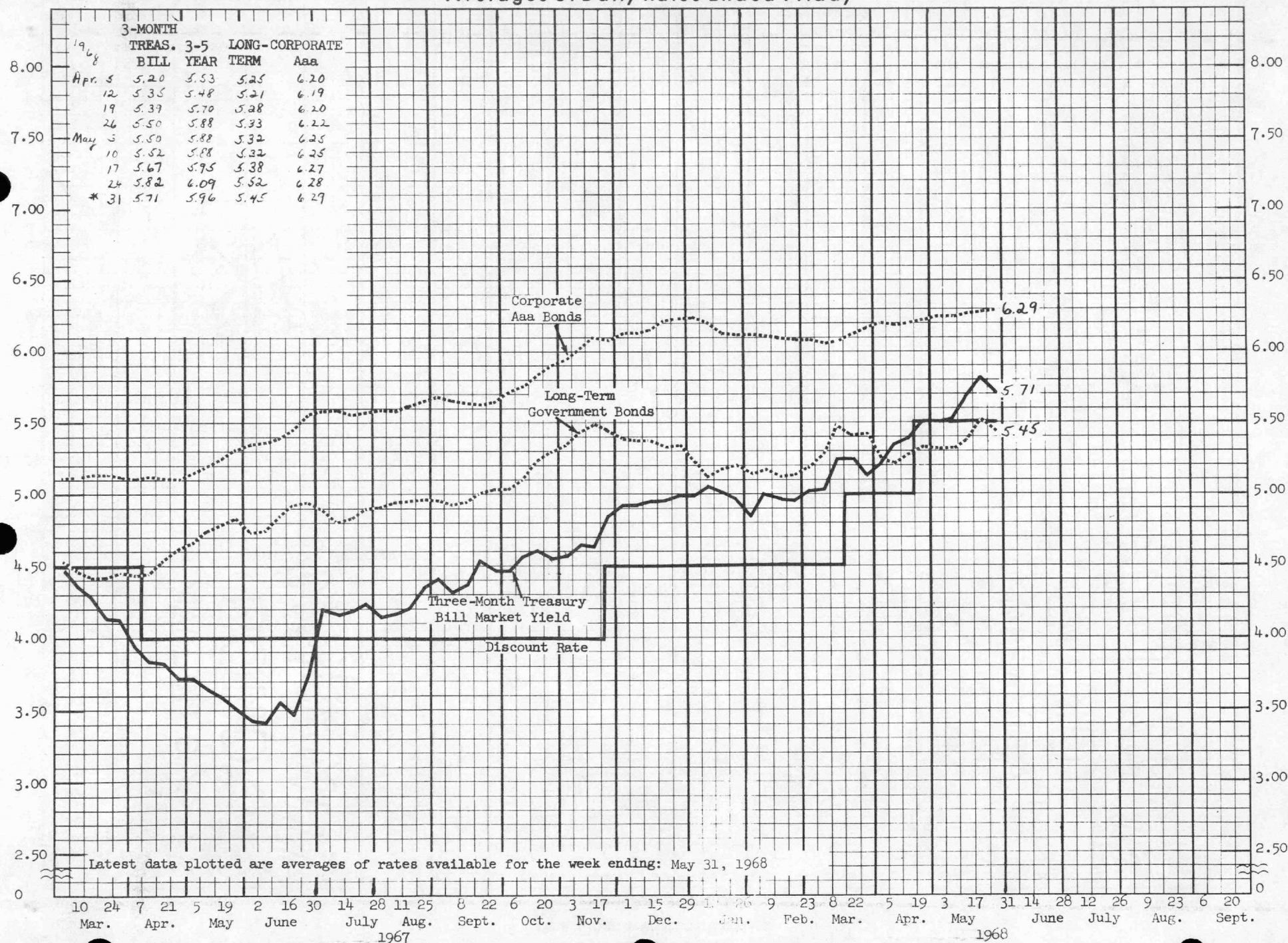
Billions of Dollars



Per Cent

YIELDS ON SELECTED SECURITIES Averages of Daily Rates Ended Friday

Per Cent



Per Cent

SELECTED SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES

Averages of Daily Rates Ended Friday

Per Cent

