## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY 

ON THE

## STATE OF THE FINANCES

FOR

THE YEAR 1885.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

## VOLUME I: FINANCE:

WASHINGTON:
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## REPORT.

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., December 7, 1885.

SIR : I have the honor to submit the following report:
RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.
Fiscal year 1885.
The ordinary revenues of the Government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, were:
From customs.................................................... \$181, 471, 93934
From internal revenue........ ................................ 112, 498, 725 . 54
From sales of public lands..................................... 5, 705, 98644
From tax on national banks............. .................... $2,914,22225$
From profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays.. 6, 051, 28496
From customs fees, fines, penalties, \&c.................... 907, 46427
From fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands.. ....... 3, 714, 61358
From repayment of interest by Pacific Railway Com-
panies.......................................................... 1, 608, 07158.
From sinking-fund for Pacific Railway Companies..... 2, 476, 70778
From deposits by individuals for surveying public lands 594, 41434
From proceeds of sales of Government property........ 302, 88207
From Indian trust-funds ....................................... 76, 94208
From immigrant fund........................................... 177, 00250
From Soldiers' Home, permanent fund.................... 333, 73505
'From sale of condemned naval vessels..................... $55,54180^{\circ}$
From tax on tonnage............................................ 400,34246
From revenues of the District of Columbia............... 1, 929, 29811
From miscellaneous sources................................... 2, 471,532 23
Total ordinary receipts................................. 323, 690, 70638

The ordinary expenditures for the same period were:
For civil expenses. $\$ 23,826,94211$
For foreign intercourse ..... 5,439,609 11
For Indians. ..... 6, 552,494 63
For pensions ..... 56,102,267 49
For the military establishment, including rivers and harbors and arsenals ..... $42,670,57847$
For the naval establishment, including vessels, ma- chinery, and improvements at navy-yards ..... 16, 021, 07967
For miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue.. ..... 54, 728, 05621
For expenditures on account of the District of Colum- bia

$$
3,499,65095
$$

For interest on the public debt

$$
51,356,25647
$$For the sinking-fund45, 604, 03543

Total ordinary expenditures. ..... $305,830,97054$
Leaving a surplus of. ..... 17, 859, 73584
Which was applied to the redemption-
Of Oregon war debt. ..... $\$ 2,80000$
Of loan of July and August, 1861 ..... $53, \$ 0000$
Of five-twenties of 1862 . ..... 15,40000
Of five-twenties of 1864 ..... 75000
Of five-twenties of 1865 ..... 22, 80000
Of loan of 1863 ..... 36, 60000
Of ten-forties of 1864 ..... 79,500 00
Of consols of 1865 ..... 48, 35000
Of consols of 1867 ..... 74,10000
Of consols of 1868 . ..... 10, 35000
Of funded loan of 1881 ..... 35, 00000
Of loan of February, 1861 ..... 1,000 00
Of old demand, compound-interest, and other notes. ..... 8, 26000
And to the increase of cash in the Treasury ..... 17, 471,025 84
Total ..... $17,859,73584$

As compared with the fiscal year 1884, the receipts for 1885 have decreased $\$ 24,829,163.54$, as follows :

| Source. | Decrease. | Increase. | Net decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs | . $813,595,55042$ |  |  |
| Internal revenue | 9,087,346 97 |  |  |
| Sales of public lands: | 4,104,71857 |  |  |
| Tax on mational banks | 194,50788 |  |  |
| Sales of Government property | 243,752 67 |  |  |
| Marine-hospital tax...... | $-235,97750$ 310,40695 |  |  |
| Sale of condemned naval vessels. | 144, 45820 |  |  |
| Surveying public lands. | 69,697 44 | - |  |
| Steamboat fees......... | 71,870 85 |  |  |
| Registers' nnd receivers' fees.. | 58,258 31 |  |  |
| Fees on letters-patent...... | $\begin{aligned} & 92,32525 \\ & 60,64376 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Revenues of District of Columbia | 41,428 02 |  |  |
| Soldiers' Howe permanent fund... | 33,356 99 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous items........................................... | 129,834 72 |  |  |
| Propayment of interest by Pacific R ailuoads....................................... | …......... | , 236,708 37 |  |
| Sinking-fund for Pacific Railroads.......................... |  | 430,932 73 |  |
| Consular fees |  | 342,935 67 |  |
| Customs fees, fines, penalties, \&c............. |  | 109, 87350 |  |
| Reimbursement of sundry Indian appropriations ... |  | 114,384 27 |  |
| Sales of Indian lands.. | ..................... | 253,028 70 |  |
| Sales of District of Columbia bonds.. |  | 17, 43183 |  |
| Tax on senl-skins....................... |  | 65,525 25 |  |
| Shipping fees ...... | ......1. | 61,48412 |  |
|  | 28, 474, 13450 | 3,641,970 96 | 24,829;163 54 |

There was an increase in the expenditures of $\$ 16,100,690.78$, as follows:

| Object | Decrease. | Net increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| War Department... |  |  |
| Interior Department-Indians |  |  |
| Interior Department-Pension Civil and miscellancous. |  |  |
| Navy Department.......... | 81,271,521 77 |  |
| Interest on the public debt. | 3,192,122 01 |  |
|  | 4, 463,643 78 | 16,100,69078 |

Fiscal year. 1886.

## For the present fiscal year the revenue, actual and estimated, is as

 follows:| Source. | Quarter ended September 30, 1885. | Remaining three-fourths of the year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuai. | Estimated. |  |
| Customs. | \$59,203,853 12 | \$122,796,146 88 | \$ $\$ 775,000,00000$ |
| Internal reventre. | 28,600,281 06 | 87,399,718 94 | 116,000,000 00 |
| Sales of public lands | 1,173,574 87 | 3,826,425 13 | 5,000,000 00 |
| Tax on national banks ........................................ | 1, 354, 38672 | 1.,645,613 28 | $3,000,00000$ |
| Fepayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific latilway Companies. | 462, 26712 | 1,037,732 88 | 1,500,000 00 |
| Customs fees, fines, penalies, \&c. | 231,801 28 | 668,198 72 | 900,000 00 |
| Fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands................ | 796,731 12 | 2,203,268 88 | 3,000,000 00 |
| Proceeds of sale of Government property............... | 71, 689 37 | 228,31063 | 300,000 00 |
| Protits on coinage, assays, \&e............................... | 724, 35801 | 3,275,6:11 99 | 4,000,00000 |
| Deposits for surveying public lands. | 25,533 62 | 374,466 38 | 400, 00000 |
| Revenucs of the District of Columbia | - 272,03303 | 1,627,966 97 | 1,900,000 00 |
| Niscellaneous sources. | 846,679 07 | 3,153, 320 93 | 4,000,000 00 |
| Total receipts. | 86, 763,17939 | 228, 236,820 61 | 315,000,000 00 |

The expenditures for the same period, actual and estimated, are as follows:

| Objec | Quarter ended September $30,1885$. | Remaining three-fourths of the year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual. | Estimated. |  |
| Civil and miscellaneous expenses, including public buildings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue. | \$18, 606, 16633 | \$60, 893, 83367 | \$79,500,000 00 |
| Indians .................................................................. | 1,631,247 73 | 4, 368,752 27 | 6,000,000 00 |
| Pensions............................................................... | 20,986, 82058 | 33,013,179 42 | 54,000,000 09 |
| Military establishment, including fortifications, river and harbor improvements, and arsenals. | 9,718, 80623 | 27, 281, 19377 | 37,000,000 00 |
| Naval establishment, including vessels and machinery, and improvements at navy-yards.................. | 3,985,104 33 | 11, 014, 89567 | 15,000,000 00 |
| Expenditures on account of the District of Colum- <br> bia | 1,526,644 07 | 1,973, 35593 | 3,500,000 00 |
| For interest on the public debt. | 13, 439, 62341 | $36,560,37659$ | 50,000,000 00 |
| For the sinking-fund ............................. .............. | 189,400 00 | 45,560, 60000 | 45, 750,000 00 |
| Total ordinary expenditures .......................... | 70,083, 81268 | 220, 666, 18732 | 290, 750,000 00 |


| Total receipts, actual and estimated | \$315, 000, 00000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total expenditures, including sinking-fund. | 290, 750, 00000 |
| Estimated surplus. | 24, 250, 00000 |

Fiscal year 1887.
The revenues of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, are thas estimated upon the basis of existing laws-
From customs. $\$ 175,000,00000$
From internal revenue......................................... 116, 000, 00000
From sales of public lands...................................... 5, 000, 00000
From tax on national banks,............... .................. $3,000,00000$
From repayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific
Railroad Companies ............... .......................... 1, 500, 00000
From customs fees, fines, penalties, \&c..................... 900,00000
From fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands........... 3, 000, 00000
From proceeds of sale of Government property......... 300,00000
From profits on coinage, assays, \&c. ........................ $4,000,00000$
From deposits for surveying public lands................. 400,00000
From revenues of the District of Columbia............... $1,900,00000$
From miscellaneous sources.................................... $4,000,00000$
Total estimated ordinary receipts .................. $315,000,00000$
The estimates of expenditures for the same period, received from the several Executive Departments, are as follows:
Legislative......................................................... \$3, 275, 82892
Executive............................................................ 18, 491, 31170
Judicial ..... $\$ 408,300 \quad 00$
Foreign intercourse. ..... 1, 604,961 60
Military establishment. ..... $25,680,495.51$
Naváal establishment. ..... 30, 836, 35774
Indian affairs ..... $6,051,25984$
Pensions ..... $75,830,20000$
Public works-
Legislative ..... $\$ 6,00000$
Treasury Department. ..... 4, 823, 86917
War Department. ..... $16,572,63018$
Navy Department ..... $4,968,337 \cdot 41$
Interior Department ..... 411; 88000
Department of Justice. ..... 77,30000
26, 860, 01676
Postal service ..... 7, 443, 91425
Miscellaneous ..... 20, 356, 08203
District of Columbia ..... 3, 839, 86899Permanent annual appropriations-
Interest on the public debt ..... $48,500,00000$
Sinking-fund $46,659,00000$
Refunding-customs, internal rev- enue, lands, \&c. ..... $13,152,40000$
Collecting revenue from customs. ..... $5,500,00000$Miscellaneous$5,099,55500$
Total estimated expenditures, including sink- ing-fund ..... 339, 589, 55234
Or an estimated deficit of ..... $\$ 24,589,55234$
Excluding the sinking-fund, the estimated expenditures will be $\$ 292,930,552.34$, showing a surplus of $\$ 22,069,447.66$.

## SINKING-FUND.

The act of February 25, 1862, (R.S., 3688, 3689,) requires one per centum of the entire debt of the United States to be annually set apart as a sinking-fund and applied to the purchase or payment of the public debt, in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time direct, together with a sum equal to the interest on/all bonds so redeemed; and the act of April 17, 1876, (19 Stat., 33,) provides that fractional currency redeemed by the Treasury shall also form a part of the sinking-fund.

Under the above provisions of law, United States bonds and frae tional currency to the amount of $\$ 45,604,035.43$ were redeemed and applied to the fund during the past fiscal year.

The requirements of the fund for the present fiscal year, computed apon the same basis as in former years, will aggregate $\$ 49,000,000$. It is believed, however, that the intent of the law will be fully complied with if, in determining the amount to be applied to the fund, the aggregate of the various coin and currency certificates which are held in the Treasurer's cash, as well as the cash in the Treasury available for the reduction of the debt and the amount held as a reserve for the redemption of United States notes under the resumption act, shall be deducted from the outstanding principal of the debt, and the bonds issued to the several Pacific Railroads added thereto. The amount required to be applied under this method, including interest on bonds previously redeemed, is estimated at $\$ 45,750,000$.

## UNITED STATES BONDS.

On November 1, 1884, the outstanding bonds of the 3 per cent. loan of the act of July 12,1882 , amounted to $\$ 204,510,250$. Of this amount, $\$ 10,000,000$ had been called September 26, 1884, and ceased to bear interest November 1, 1884.

The following table shows the changes in the interest-bearing debt during the year ended October 31, 1885 :

| Title of loan. | Rate of interest. | Outstanding November 1, 188.1. | Issued during the year. | Redeemed daring the year. | Outstanding October 31, 1885. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lonn of July 12, 1.882 | 3 per cent..... | \$204, 519, 250 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} * \$ 1,101,600 \\ 9,227,150 \end{array}\right.$ | $\} \$ 194,190,500$ |
| Funded loan of 1.891 | $41 / 2$ per cent.. | 250, 000, 000 |  |  | 250,000,000 |
| Funded loan of 1907 | 4 per cent.... | 737, 691,650 | + 418,800 |  | 735,740,350 |
| Refunding certificates | 4 per cent.... | 264, 800 | .......... ... | \$41,000 | 203.800 |
| Navy-pension fund..................... | 3 per cent.... | 1.1, 000,000 |  |  | 14.000, 000 |
| Bonds issued to Pacific Railroads.. | 6 per cent..... | $\begin{array}{r} 1,206,475,600 \\ 64,623,562 \end{array}$ | 48,800 | 10, 369, 750 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,196,151.650 \\ 6 \cdot 6,62,512 \end{array}$ |
| Total. |  | 1,271, 099, 112 | 48,800 | 10,369,750 | 1, 260,778,162 |

*Ceased to bear interest during the year, but not yet presented for payment.
fof this issue, $\$ 7,800$ was on account of accrued interest on $\$ 41,000$ refunding certificates converted into 4 per cent. bonds.
$\ddagger$ Redeemed by conversion into 4 per cent. bonds.
The reduction in the annual interest charge by reason of the changes. during the year ended October 31, 1885, is as follows:
On bonds redeemed or interest crased............................ \$309, 86250 :
Deduct for interest on 4 per cent. bonds issued ................ 312.00
Net reduction
309, 55050

## CONVERSION OF REFUNDING OERTIFICATES.

Since November 1, 1884, refunding certificates issued in 1879, under the act of February 26, 1879, have been presented for conversion inta 4 per cent. bonds as follows:
Principal ..... $\$ 41,00000$
Accrued interest due ..... 9, 82600
Total ..... 50, 82600
For which settlement was made as follows:
Four per cent. bonds issued ..... $\$ 48,80000$
Interest paid in cash ..... 2,026 00
Total ..... 50,82600
The certificates still outstanding amount to. ..... $\$ 223,80000$The redemptions and cancellations of United States bonds and seven-thirty notes during the twelve months ended October 31, 1885, were asfollows:
Seven-thirty notes of July 17, 1861 ..... $\$ 50$
Seven-thirty notes, 1S64-1S65 ..... 2, 150
Loan of February 8, 1861 ..... 1,000
Oregon-war debt ..... 1,650
Five-twenties of Tebruary 25, 1862 ..... 23, 950
Five-twenties of 1865, (May and November) ..... 800
Five-twenties of June 30, 1864 ..... 800
Ten-forties of 1864 ..... 52,300
Consols of 1865 ..... 51, 850
Consols of 1867 ..... 55,700
Consols of 1868 ..... 7,100
Loan of July and August, 1S61, (6 per cent.) ..... 44,500
Loan of March 3, 1S63, (6 per cent.) ..... 33, 500 .
Funded loan of 1S81, (5 per cent.) ..... 27, 450
Loan of July and August, 1861, (continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.) ..... 85, 450
Loan of March 3, 1S63, (continued at 3s per cent.). ..... 17, 100
Funded loan of 1SS1, (continucd at $3 \pm$ per cent.). ..... 264, 150
Loan of July 12, 1882, (3 per cent.)* ..... 18, 465,900
Total ..... 19, 135, 450

[^0]
## THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

The indebtedness of the United States on March 4, 1885, including therein the bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies, was as folslows:

Interest-bearing debt...................... $\$ 1,260,772,61200$
Accrued interest to date...............: . 9,666,376 00
Matured debt not yet presented, and
accrued interest................... ..... 5,493,735 37
Debt bearing no interest............... 608,945,443 67

Total................................. 1, 884, 878,167 04
Cash in Treasury.......................... $379,166,35340$

Amount of debt less cash in Treasury .............. .... $\$ 1,505,711,81364$
The indebtedness of the Únited States on November 1,
1885, including therein the bonds issued on account of the Pacific Railroad Companies was as follows:
Xaterest-bearing debt.................... $\$ 1,260,778,16200$
Accrued interest to date.............. $9,595,94810$
Matured debt not yet presented and accrued interest 3,953,689 76
Debt bearing no interest............... .574,012,535 88
Total.
1,848,340,335 74
©Cash in Treasury…....................... 400,682,767 65

Amount of debt less cash in Treasury..................... 1,447,657,568 09
Reduction of debt during above period.......... $58,054,245 \quad 55$

The assets of the Treasury on the 4th of March, 1885, excluding fractional coin and other unavailable items, were as follows:

| Gold coin and bullion. | \$240,501,182 29 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less certificates outstanding | 114,143,140 00 |  |
|  |  | \$126,358,042 29 |
| Silver coin and bullion. | 157,914,956 10 |  |
| Kess certificates outstanding. | 111,694,881 00 |  |


| Legal-tender notes. | \$47,980,004 33 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less certificates outstanding........... | 29,400,000 00 |  |
|  | - | \$18,580,004 33 |
| Deposits in national banks. |  | 10,150,036 90 |
| National-bank notes |  | 9,355,462 53 |
|  | $\cdots$ | 210,663,621 16 |
| The liabilities of the Treasury upon the as follows: | same date were |  |
| Matured debt and interest. | \$5,493,735 37 |  |
| Interest due and unpaid............... | 3,136,940 63 |  |
| Accrued interest to date .............. | 6,529,435 37 |  |
| Disbursing officers' balances......... | 26,123,546 05 | * |
| Outstanding drafts and checks...... | 6,249,573 07 |  |
| National-bank redemption fund...... | 51,331,161 04 |  |
| Post-Office Department................ | 3,034,639 51 |  |
| Legal-tender reserve.................... | 100,000,000 00 |  |
|  |  | 201, 899,031.04 |
| Net balance in Treasury... |  | 8,764,590 11 |

The assets of the Treasury on the 1st of November, 1885, excluding: fractional coin and other unavailable items, were as follows:

Gold coin and bullion.. ................. $\$ 251,359,34929$
Less certificates outstanding........... 109, 020, 76000
$\$ 142,338,58929$
Silver coin and bullion!................. $167,657,87845$
Less certificates outstanding........... $93,146,77200$
74,511, 10645
Legal-tender notes........................ 45, 695, 34131
Less certificates outstanding........... 18, 145, 00000
27,550, 341 3
National-bank notes.................................................... 1,441,843 27
Deposits in national banks ..................................... 13, 595, 550 98
$259,437,43126$

# The liabilities of the Treasury upon the same date were as follows: <br> Interest due and unpaid. <br> ..... *\$2, 270,556 75 <br> Accrued interest to date. <br> ..... *7, 223, 77949 <br> Matured debt and interest. <br> ..... 3, 953,68976 <br> National-bank redemption fund. <br> ..... $48,055,65406$ <br> Disbursing officers' balances. <br> ..... $22,774,53408$ <br> Post Office Department. <br> $$
3,706,08152
$$ <br> $$
\text { Outstanding drafts and checks........ } 4,634,84321
$$ <br> Iegal-tender reserve <br> $100,000,00000$ 

# Net balance.in Treasury. 

$\$ 66,818,29238$
0
The balance in the Treasury has therefore been increased within the above period by the sum of $\$ 58,053,702.27$.

## CURRENOX REFORM-TAXATION REFORM.

A review of the several groups of laws which it is the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to administer, manifests, as inquiry into the business of the country does, the grave need of reform in the state of our currency and in the present scheme of our taxation. Both are legacies of war. They are unaccountable except by the light of the events which afforded their origin and their excuse. Their continuance for so long a time since, though discreditable, is perhaps explained by that degree of prosperity continuing despite them which is so far beyond the prosperity possible wherever large standing armies and costly war-fleets are an annual expense, and where more restricted freedom of activity and trade entails heavier burdens. To many our prosperity might well seem satisfactory, although in fact, ever since the war it has been intolerably abridged by an unwise financial policy. But the continuing depression universal in varying degrees over the world obliges us all now to consider and undertake some re forms which our surplus revenues make feasible.

These reforms invite and exact the best efforts of American statesmanship. Neither party has escaped the danger of defending, as good, evils which both parties were merely getting used to. Men of both parties, public men conversant with public affairs, and men absorbed in

[^1]earning their livelihood, have been liable to influence from the great force of example which all governments carry ; and so the belief has spread that the disorder of our currency is a kind of order, that the mixture of private jobs and past public needs in our tariff, is a system of protection to American labor.

## OURRENCT REFORM.

Currency reform is first in the order of importance and of time, and fitly precedes other reforms, even taxation reform, because it will facilitate all other reforms, and because it cannot safely be deferred. The coinage act of 1878 is overloading the mints with unissued, the subtreasuries with returned silver dollars, and will unavoidably convert the funds of the Treasury into those depreciated and depreciating coins.

The disorders of our currency chiefly arise from the operation of two enactments:

1. The act of February 28,1878 , which has been construed as a permanent appropriation for perpetual Treasury purchases of at least $\$ 24,000,000$ worth of silver per annum, although from causes mostly foreign that metal is now of mutable and falling value, which must be manufactured into coins of unlimited legal tender and issued to the people of the United States as equivalents of our monetary unit.
2. The act of May 31,1878 , which indefinitely postponed fulfilment of the solemn pledge (March 18, 1869) not only of "redemption" but also of "payment" of all the obligations of the United States not bearing interest, legalized as $\$ 346,000,000$ paper money of unlimited legal tender, and required the post-redemption issue and reissue of these promises to pay dollars, as equivalents of our monetary unit.

But these two evils, which are each a separate menace to the public tranquillity and injurious to the public morals and the public faith, do not double the difficulties of a reform of the currency. Their concurrence may even assist Congress to provide the people of the United States with a better currency than the best nọw possessed by any nation;-a currency in which every dollar note shall be the representative certificate of a coin dollar actually in the Treasury and payable on demand; a cürrency in which our monetary unit coined in gold ( $\$ 550,000,000$ ) and its equivalent coined in silver ( $\$ 215,000,000$ ) shall not be suffered to part company.
Such a reform of the whole currency of the United States (setting aside the national bank-notes, which are diminishing and well secured) can be undertaken and finished subject to the following conditions:

## THE CONDITIONS OF CURRENCY RFFORM.

1. Without shock or disturbance to the industries, the business enterprise, the domestic trade, or foreign commerce of the country.
2. Without degrading the United States monetary unit of value to a cheaper dollar, and awithout raising the United States monetary unit of value to a costlier dollar.
3. Without loss to any who now hold the promise of the United States to pay a dollar.
4. Without reduction of the present volume of the currency, or hindrance to its free increase hereafter when every dollar note shall be the certificate of a coin dollar in the Treasury payable on demand.
5. Without pause in the reduction of the public debt, but paying more than three-fifths of all that part of the debt now payable at the option of the United States prior to September, 1891.
6. Without increase of taxation.
7. Without the sale of any silver bought and coined since February, ; 1878.
8. Without the disuse of the $215,000,000$ coined silver dollars of unlimited legal tender, or any fall or discount in their present received value ; and without the disuse of the $550,000,000$ coined gold dollars of onlimited legal tender, or any rise or premium on their present received value.
9. Without prejudice to the adoption hereafter of an international bimetallic union, with free coinage of both metals for all comers, at a fixed ratio of weights, into coins of unlimited legal tender.
10. Without the coins of the two metals parting company from each other, whatever may be the temporary fall, if any, in the market price of silver bullion after stopping Treasury purchases.

I would most respectfully commend to the consideration of Congress the question whether such a reform of the currency ought not now to be endeavored; whether these are not among the prudent and just conditions of its reform ; and whether such a reform might not be promoted; with immediate advantage to all our industries and trade, by Repeal of the clause requiring Treasury purchases of silver bullion, and Repeal of the act making compulsory Treasury issues and reissues of the legal-tender notes.

## TREASURY PURCHASES AND COINAGE OF SILVER.

It is with deference suggested, that there are several points of agreement which may be reached, and differences of opinion removed or narrowed, by a preliminary understanding as to the use of terms.

We are all paper-money men if it but be understood that our paper money shall be a representative paper money, a certificate that actual coin is honestly borrowed and safely stored by the Treasury, dollar for dollar, and payable to its owner on demand. No one disputes the superior convenience of paper money. Its use in large multiples without increase of weight, its economy in saving the heavy and irreparable loss of the precious metals by abrasion, are indisputable advantages over other kinds of money.

Demonetization may signify legal disuse of either metal as coin. Gold is demonetized in India. But where is silver demonetized?. There are varying degrees of its use in different uations. Nowhere is it entirely disused. Nowhere is it then demonetized if demonetization means legal disuse. It is used in England for fractional coins of a limited legal tender. It is used in France, Germany, and the United States for fractional coins, and also for larger coins of an unlimited legal tender. It is used in India and Mexico for fractional coins, and for coins of an un: limited legal tender, and of these the coinage is free to all owners of silver. In speaking of the demonetization of silver, the degree of its disuse should be specified by those who would avoid being. understood to recommend free coinage to private silver owners, which nowhere now co-exists with the use of gold as a part of the currency.
Everybody is a two-metallist, and wishes the use of silver in fractional coins of at least a limited legal tender. Bimetallists desire a larger use of silver for coins of unlimited legal tender; but they also wish the use of gold in coins of unlimited legal tender. If, however, a gold coin and a silver coin must each be received for a dollar, and are both an unlimited legal tender in any number, some ratio in their weights must also be fixed by law. Yet no law can cross national boundaries as commerce does; so that any nation having a ratio not the same as the ratio of other nations traded with, is liable to be drained, in time, of one of its two metals. Thus bimetallism in any uation depends upon a fortunate balance of demands for the two metals from without, such as France enjoyed from 1785 to 1871; or else upon concurrence with a sufficient number of other nations in coining the unit of value in the two metals at one and the same ratio of weight. Bimetallism is essentially-an international affair ; but it does not exist: the fortunate balance in Europe was upset by Germany, and the international agreement, twice attempted, has failed. In but one way now can any uation retain in use coins of both metals which are both unlimited legal tender; namely, by stopping the coinage of the metal unacceptable to other nations. France has done so. The United States must likewise stop coiniug silver. Stop, wait, negotiate. And whether $2673 \mathrm{~F}-\mathrm{II}$
negotiations shall succeed or fail, there is still no ether way than to stop where we are, namely at the point where a risk begins to appear of difficulty in retaining silver in our home circulation in full equivalence with our gold unit of value which has an international circnlation.

## SILVER-GOLD.

Silver in fractional coins is the most convenient desirable metal for use in the payment of petty sums. These are the bulk of human transactions where money passes. It has no rival: Who does not deem it indispensable? Silver cannot profitably be discarded from large use by any civilized nation in the world, even where, as in Great Britain and the Scandinavian countries, it is used only for fractional coins, made, legal tender for small sums, and gold alone is cat into coins of unlimitec, legal tender. Silver alone is coined by some nations; is the mone tary metal of enormous Asian populations. We know little of China but computing what they fairly may as to the rest of the world, th: statisticians all agree that silver is 54 per cent. of the monetary metalis of mankind.

Gold, however, is indispensable also, though its high value makes i , impossible to be used anywhere as small change. Gold is fairly computed to be about 46 per cent. of the two monetary metals of mankind. Gold is the standard of value in the foreign commerce, not only of the United States, but also of every nation in Europe. Foreign exchange is calculated as between the different gold coins. Gold is the standard in the domestic trade of England and of Germany, and of all the countries which, like France, have been bimetallic, but which have now ceased from silver coinage in order to prevent the fall of the silver already coined as legal tender for all sums. Gold is, in fact and by law, the standard of value in the domestic trade of the United States, and has been since March, 1873 , under the act of Congress making 25.8 troy grains of standard gold our monetary "unit of value," which, as will be explained below, had theretofore beer safely and justly placed alike in coins of gold and coins of silver.

Gold is 66 per cent. of the metallic circulation of the United States at the present moment; although it may need, explaining that with free coinage for everybody's silver into full legal-tender silver dollars, the people of the United States asked for only $8,045,838$ in eighty years, but that Congress required the coinage of $215,000,000$ in about eight years.

Gold is the standard of value in nations from which we in the United States, took 87 per cent: last yeal of all our imports and to which we sent
more than 92 per cent. of all our exports. And with most of the countries having silver as a standard, or in nearly exclusive use, where wie do the sroall remainder of our foreign trade, settlements are effected by the gold standard through sterling bills on London.
Gold from the mines of all the world has doubled in quantity within thirty-five years; silver about doubling in the last one hundred years. Gold, like silver, is a principal product of mines in the United States, which have yielded of the two precious metals:

|  | Gold. | Silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the last 40 years | 72 per cent. | 28 per cent. |
| For the last 14 years | $50+$ per cent. | 50 - per cent. |
| Lately as 4 years ago | $50+$ per cent. | 50 - per cent. |
| Last year. | 39 - per cent. | $61+$ per eent. |

Who, then, would propose the disuse of gold, or ask the enactment or the continuance of laws likely to promote the expulsion of gold, or its use at a premium instead of as the standard of value, to whielh, by stopping the coinage of silver now, the legal-tender value of the $215,000,000$ silver dollars already coined may be held up and made to conform, until these troubles be overpast.

But our $215,000,000$ silver dollars are here, and cannot be expected sensibly to decrease, as our gold may. Nobody will export or melt them. The reasons are plain. They will not flow abroad, for the legaltender quality given them by act of Congress cannot proeure their réception elsewhere; not in Germany, just as her legal-tender laws, applied to her equally depreciated 400 or 500 million silver marks in thalers of unlimited legal tender, cannot promote their reception hereor in France: not in France, just as her legal-tender laws, applied to her 600 million five-franc pieces of unlinited legal tender, cannot promote their reception here or in Germany. Ceasing to coin more, our $215,000,000$ silver dollars will remain. Nobody will melt them, since the silver. melted is worth 20 or 25 per cent. less than the silver minted, while they remain a legal tender for all sums. Therefore, no silver to be used in the arts or industries, or for exportation, will be drawn from this stock. It is not to be expected that Congress will withdraw from these $215,000,000$ silver dollars their full tender quality; it is not to be expected that Congress will redeem and melt them and sell the metal. The fact, then, is that we cannot but be two-metallists.

## METALLISM-MONO AND BI.

But do not bimetallists and monometallists agree more than they differ, so far as the known facts of our situation oblige us to be con
cerned with them. Both demand mints, which are public fistitutions for the exclusive manufacture of bullion iuto coins, open, on the rule of first come first served, to all persons bringing any amount of the one received metal, or in the other case, both of the received metals, all such persons having the right to receive back their metal cut into coins of specified weight, fineness, size and inscription, consisting of the monetary unit itself, and its multiples, (and its fractions,) and being full tender by law in payment of all sums due and payable, the said monetary unit, if bimetallic, in coins of silver and in coins of gold having a uniform ratio of weight. The metal minted and the metal melted having thus an equal value in fact, men of both schools regard the monetary mass of either gold or silver, or in the other case, of both gold and silver, as consisting at any moment, actually, of the whole metallic coinage of the world, (gold, $\$ 3,300,000,000$; silver, $\$ 2,200,000,000$, ) plus potentially all extant stores of the one metal, or in the other case, of the two metals. This plus enlarges enormously the great sum to nearly the bulk of the product of all mines of the one, or the two metals, in all past time, computed at not far from the half of, in the other case, the whole of $\$ 16,540,000,000$. Not to be varied in amount by legislation, its immense superiority appears as a kind and amount of wealth suited to be the standard measure of all wealth; for it is a mass, of which the annual increment, (four years ago being $\$ 205,000,000$, divided about equally between silver and gold, and last year being from both metals, $\$ 220,000,000$, ) however large or variable, is a petty percentage, say $1 \frac{33}{106}$ per cent. This relation between the small annual increment and the huge accumulation of the precious metals by mankind in all time is a circumstance of the last importance, especially if all the economists are right in computing the total wealth of the world, stored, saved, and consuming, to be of less value at any moment than five times the world's gross income for the one previous year.

If the facts of our own monetary situation have been correctly ascertained and stated above, then itis now obvious, that gold and silver monometallism may, without prejudice to their high rank as monetary theories; be set aside at once as theories practically inapplicable, at the present moment, for the guidance of the United States. Silver monometallism, though current in India and Mexico, has few advocates among us, and, at any rate, is inadmissible. Gold monometallism has some able adrocates among us, but, at any rate, is inadmissible. We are in the presence of $550,000,000$ full tender dollars of gold, and $215,000,000$ full tender silver dollars, the latter number now practically irreducible.

As metallists of both schools condemn all efforts by laws to manufacture a legal-tender equivalent of any nation's monetary unit out of the paper record of a promise to pay that unit, it here suffices to allude to that episode in our history before showing what the procedure of the Congress of the United States has been in making our monetary unit reside in coin, formerly in two metals, latterly of one metal, and the relation of the bimetallic theory and practice thereto, and to our immediate problem, the silver-dollar coinage. Indeed, the disparity between the two ( $285: 100=100: 35$ ) in July, 1864, when Congress tried to compel their equality, is comment enough, from a financial point of view, upon the legal-tender laws of February 25, 1862, July 11, 1862, March 3, 1863, and the law of May 31, 1878; though I cannot myself believe the voters of the several States will ever decide that their Federal Government holds as sovereign a power to issue and reissue Treasury notes and make them a legal tender in payment of private debts, as it has to coin money and borrow it.

THE MONETARY UNIT OF THE UNITED STATES.
A complete history of the United States coinage laws would include many unimportant as well as important details. Reference is here made only to those parts which in every principal coinage law have prescribed either a single unit of value, or what weight of fine gold should be equal to what weight of fine silver in the monetary unit and its multiples, so that the least imperfect equivalence, the utmost attainable stability therein, might be had, and every exchange of product or service pass under a convenient and just standard and measure of value. A table given on page Xximi is an analysis of the history of the United States monetary unit, including every coinage act that has dealt with the unit from 1789 until now. Setting aside the exigencies and the errors of the war period when paper expelled coin, that history is a record of proud integrity, of uniform good faith.

Congress has established justice, and maintained it in à chief article and instrument of justice, the monetary unit. The good faith dictating every change is demonstrable. Marked by errors from the first act to the last, none of them is an error without excuse. Perhaps the worst error of all is in the act of 1834 changing the ratio, when Congress omitted to be guided by its ablest living adviser, the most eminent of my predecessors in this office, Albert Gallatin, the friend and peer of Jefferson and Madison, their counsellor in finance, the originator of the Ways and Means Committee, during three Presidential terms Secretary of the Treasury, and the originator of its present system and best traditions.

It will first be convenient to indicate what the table does not show. It makes no account of subsidiary coinage-that is, the coinage of silver for small change, disparaged and not full tender. Such facts and metric changes in them are irrelevant to the monetary'unit. It makes no account of alloys, but deals only with the weights of pure gold and pure silver. These alloys have changed, are decimal, of minor importance and irrelevant. It makes no account of the trade-dollar, the history of which here would be coufusing and irrelevant. It makes no account of the deductions from full legal tender proportional to loss of weight by abrasion or otherwise. It-makes no account of changes from gratuitous to compensated coinage which; though capable of great importance, not actually having been, may be neglected.

It does not show what things have had at any time the full legal-tender. quality conferred upon them, whilst not an embodiment of the monetary unit,-for example, silver dollars of the present coinage. It does not show what things have had at any time a full legal-tender quality conferred upon them by the Supreme Court but only a limited legal-tender quality conferred by Congress-for example, United States notes which were not made legal tender from private citizens to collectors for duties on imports, nor from the Treasurer of the United States to private persous for interest on the public debt. It does not show the six or more different certificates, notes, demand notes, etc., which, being received at the offices of the United States or elsewhere by law or custom, are a part of our currency, but not in immutable equivalence with the monetary unit.

| Periods between dates when coinage acts of the United States took effect． | Coinage of their gold into dollars， free to all． | Coin gold dollar andits multiples an unlimited or full legal tender． | 晋酸 想。 <br> 國要宣。 | Coinage of their silver into dol－ lars，free to all． | Coin silver dollar an unlimited or full legal tender， | Ratio of weight of monetary unit in pure gold to ditto in pure sil－ ver． | Ratio of same weights in Franceall the while，and in the 天ryeat coinages of Europe now． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { 2d of April, 1792, } \\ \text { 3Ist of July, 1834. } \end{array}\right\} \ldots . .$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．．． | Pure Gold，Pure Silver， Troy Grains．Troy Grains． $24.75=371.25$ | Free coinage．．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．． | 1：15 | 1：15．5 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { 31st of July, 1834, } \\ \text { 18th of Jan., 1837. } \end{array}\right\}$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender． | $2.8 .20=371.25$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．． | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1: 16.002 \\ 1: 16+\end{array}\right\}$ | 1：15．0 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { 18th of Jan., 1837, } \\ \text { 1o } \\ \text { 1st of April, 1853. } \end{array}\right\} \ldots$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．． | $23.22=371.25$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．． | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1: 15.988 \\ 1: 16-\end{array}\right\}$ | ． $1: 15.5$ |
|  | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender | $23.22=.371 .25$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender．．．．．．．．．． | $1: 16-$ | 1：15．5 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { 1st of April, 1873, } \\ \text { 20th of June, 1574. } \end{array}\right\} \cdots$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender． | 23.28 | Not free | Full tender．．． |  | $1: 15.5$ |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} 20 \text { th of June, } 1874, \\ \text { to } \\ 28 \text { th of Peb., } \\ 1578 . \end{array}\right\}$ | Free coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender | $23.22$ | Not free |  |  | 1 ：15．5 |
| $28 t h$ of Feb．，1378，$\}$ | Frec coinage．．．．．．． | Full tender． | 23.83 | Not free | Full＇tender． | ， | $1: 15.5$ |
|  |  | $8$ |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |

The history of the monetary unit shows that from 1792 to 1873 that unit was embodied by law in eitlier metal. The arrangement is such as is now called bimetallic. From 1873 till now, gold has been made by law the sole embodiment of our "wit of value." But what is most notable is not that historical fact. Most notable is the fact exbibited from 1792 to 1885 in a variety of historical circumstances,- -the seeking after perfect equivalence in contemporaneous and successive coin embodiments of the monetary unit.
Equivalence in the contemporaneous coin embodiments of our monetary unit was the purpose of the coinage laws of $1792,1834,1837$, and - 1853.

Equivalence in the successive coin embodiments of our monetary unit was the purpose of the coinage laws of $1834,{ }^{\prime} 1837,1853,1873$, and 1878.

During the time wheu the 371.25 troy grains of fine silver continued to be a coin embodiment of the monetary unit, there was no appreciable fluctuation in its value as compared with the mass of commodities, services and savings measured thereby. Slight variations in the gold coin, therefore, made solely for the purpose of retaining both metals in use, and for reaching a more perfect equivalence in order to retain both metals in use, are only confirmations added to proof in the uniformity (371.25) from 1792 to 1873 . During the time when 23.22 grains of pure gold have been either a concurrent or the single coin embodiment of our monetary unit, there has been no demonstrable fluctuation in its value as compared with the mass of commodities, services and savings measured thereby. Whatever may be speculated, it is not within the wit of man to name any monetary unit more stable.

## the coinage laws from 1792 to 1878.

1792.-Pure gold $24.75=371.25$ pure silver; ratio 1:15. Equivalence was the purpose avowed in the celebrated Mist Report of Hamilton, and intended in the adoption of his ratio and recommendation by the Second Congress. And if the original error shortly disclosed; or disclosed by later requirements of gold for England's resumption, can at all be traced to a defective appreciation of the effect produced by the legaltender impartment to coin, concurrent with commercial causes in the nature of demand, upon the rating of either metal, it is to be observed that the masterly paper of Familton has an excuse not shared by later documeuts in which that effect is sometines equally overlooked, and sometimes strained to cover all the crudities of a proposed "fiat money."
1834.-Pure gold $23.20=371.25$ pure silver ; ratio $1: 16+$. Equivalence contemporaneous, equivalence successive, was the practical object
of the change in the ratio of the two metals made in 1834. An error in the ratio had expelled gold coin from the country, as an error in our proceeding may do now. Senator Benton said "the extinction is complete." In order, therefore, to recover the expelled metal so as to embody in two metals again the monetary unit, it was necessary to change the ratio, and to change it by a change in the grains of the metal not then possessed, and thereafter to be attracted and coined, rather than of the grains in the metal then coined and in daily use. For one adequate reason, not to mention causes contributory, viz., the preponderant coinage of both metals by France whose mints were then open, like our own to all comers, at a fixed ratio, $(1: 15.5$, ) more favorable to the owners of gold than our own ratio, ( $1: 15$, ) the United States had lost their gold circulation both in domestic trade and foreign commerce. The profit in exporting gold was palpable.

The Congress of 1834 , therefore, sought to recall gold and to keep gold while also retaining silver. Nothing else but equivalence in the wwo forms of the monetary unit could retain both. . But their object was to retain both, and if the commerce of the world had had the same geographical limits as the laws of the United States, the statute of 1834 would have retained both; but bimetallism is nothing if not international, and the failure was disastrous. The ratio of 1834 sufficed to expel silver as the ratio of 1792 sufficed to expel gold. Orerlooking the advice, the experience, the expert knowledge of Gallatin, Congress in 1834 adopted a ratio as far from correct on the one side as the ratio of 1792 had been on the other side. For the ratio of 1:15 the United States substituted the ratio of 1:16. Again, as before, the preponderant coinages of France, (not to mention those of other nations of Europe,) whose mints were then open like our own to all comers at a fixed ratio ( $1: 15.5$ ) being now more favorable to the owners of silver than our new ratio, $1: 16.002$, the United States began to lose their silver circulation. The profit in exporting silver was palpable.

The act of 1834 has been described as contriving inequivalence in the monetary unit, and then cited as a precelent of financial integrity. The precedentismisunderstood. That Congresssought ajust equivalence and not an unjust disparity in the search for the lost metal, is proved by the fact that they lost the other metal in that search. The weight of fine metal in one coin embodiment of the monetary unit was not altered then or ever afterwards, as its tabular history shows, nor was the weight of the fine metal in the other reduced to obtain a profitable disparity. It was reduced to obtain a just equivalence, and reduced infelicitously so much as to fall on the other side. From 1:15 the Congress passed over the
unvalued but controlling ratio of $1: 15 . \overline{\text { n }}$ on to the ratio of $1: 16.002$. But there was no change in the actual value of either metal to a less real value at that time, nor until forty years after, when Germany, seeking to substitute her silver circulation for the gold part of the circulation of France, after 1873, constrained France, in 1876, to close her open mints to silver, and put an end to her bimetallism at the prevaient ratio of $1: 15.5$ which had, by the two errors of Congress, drained the United States first of one metal and then of the other. Gold then was not like silver now, bought and coined by the Treasury into dollars which foreign circumstances had made of inferior value to the same quantity of metal at an earlier date. Neither metal in fact varied measurably from a steady value, or from that equivalence in the commercial world and in the law of France upheld at the ratio of $1: 15.5$.
1837.-Pure gold $23.22=371.25$ pure silver; ratio $1: 16-$. The only change to be noted under the law of 1837 is the putting a trifle more gold into one form of the monetary unit in order to conform the alloy to a decimal system. It is of no importance.
1853.-Pure gold $23.22=371.25$ pure silver; ratio $1: 16-$. The weights of the fine metal in either form of the monetary unit and the ratio of their weights remain the same under the act of 1853. Equivalence contemporaneous, equivalence successive, are still sought, are still maintained. But the silver metal which could not he kept at home while the French mints were coining both metals at a ratio more attractive than ours to the owners of silver, by about 3 per cent., was needed imperatively, at least for fractional coins, and although the fact lies outside the scheme of the foregoing table, it is important and should be noted. The law was successful for that limited purpose and three years later the legal-tender quality which had been of necessity conferred upon foreign silver coins was withdrawn and ended. And now it should be observed that from 1853 to 1873, as from 1792, free coinage and full legal tender were given to both metals, whoever brought them seeking to obtain either form of the monetary unit. The law of 1853 which established a subsidiary coinage for small change did not withdraw the right from any owner of silver to have his metal cut into dollars of an walimited legal tender: Indeed, $5,538,948$ such dollars were coiled in those twenty years. But why no mores and why did so many of these stream abroad even before the day or paper came? The French mint and its ratio again explain.

And why. did not in pairs, the silver half dollars authorized by the act of 1853 , coined at a ratio of $14.88: 1$ operate even more effectually than from 1792 to 1834 the silver whoie dollar, coined at a ratio of $15: 1$

Had, to expel gold? If $15: 1$ did it while France was coining at $15.5: 1$, more effectual still might seem to have been $14.88: 1$, offering more than 3 per cent. profit. The first break in the custom of free coinage had occurred. Free coinage was not given, or such would have been the effect upon gold. The coinage of silver at $14.88: 1$ was confined to small purchases of silver bullion made by the treasurer of the mint, and no deposits for the fractional coins were thereafter'received. But the coining was free of the full tender silver dollar.
1873. -Fure gold 23.22. "That the gold coins of the United States shall be a one-dollar piece, which at the standard weight of twenty-five and eight-tenths grains, shall be the unit of value;" * * * (Sec. 14.) But such it had been for thirty-six years, though not till now alone in that office. Free coinage of a full tender silver dollar was all that was withdrawn by the act of 1873 , or changed, omitting the things mentioned above as exclủded here, being quite irrelevant to the silver question. The right withdrawn was a rightlong unused, and it wás a right long unused because it was a right unprofitable to any owner of silver in the United States. The unlimited legal-tender quality of any silver dollar still existing, unmelted, unexported, in the cabinets of collectors or the strong boxes of hoarders, whether the dollar of the law of 1792 or the dollar of the law of 1837 (which differed only in the proportion of alloy, not in the quantity of pure metal), was not withdrawn.

These two facts may profitably be compared with the bubbles blown about them since the time after the passage of the act of 1873 , when, by the ending of bimetallic minting in France, in Europe, in the world, (the last French mint certificates were issued in July, 1876,) and the fall of silver, the free coinage of full tender silver dollars of 371.25 grains at a legal equivalence with the 23.22 grains pure gold then made without protest, and now remaining without change the sole coin embodiment of our monetary "unit of value," had become, for the first moment since 1834-1873, a highly profitable transaction for the silver miners (less than 100,000) of the United States; but not for the people (more than $50,000,000$ ) of the United States.

The charge that Congress was furtively seduced into passing the act of 1873 is thus a manifest error. But in its relation to the passage of the act of 1878 , it is not superfuous to mention that the coinage aet of 1873 was read in the Senate more than once, in the House at least once, was printed by order of Congress thirteen times, was considered in the committees of both Houses during five different sessions, and the debates upon it occupy 144 columns of the "Congressional Globe." The act of 1873 made no change in the two metallism established in
the United States when the infelicity of the bimetallic ratio of 1834 in duced the subsidiary coinage of 1853 .
1874.-Pure gold 23.22. The Revision of the Statutes of the United States was adopted the 20th of June, 1874. Silver-mine owners were still far from getting sight of their approaching interests, if silver farther fell; but the revisers made section 3586 to read: "The silver coins of the Uni ted States shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding five dollars in any'one payment." If six silver dollars of the coinage of 1792-1837, or of 1837-1873, were in company with one another anywhere, and if the affirmance of a five dollar legal-tender limit, which was obviously intended to relate to fractional coins alone, operated a negation unexpressed upon the unlimited legaltender qualits, theretofore conferred, of silver coins not fractional which could not be kept in circulation, then the revisers of the statutes may be held to have made a change in the law without warrant, and also without importance.
1878.-Pure gold 23.22. The coinage act of 1878 left standing the monetary "unit of value" embodied and established by the act of 1873 in 23.22 troy grains of fine gold, ( 25.8 standard.) It is unjust to ascribe to the XLVth Congress, which passed that act, an alteration in our monetary unit. They still maintained its strict equivalence, even its identity, with one of the bimetallic forms of that unit established more than forty years before, the sole form of that unit as established five years before. Noting the extreme fall in the metal, which had also been its embodiment from 1792 to 1873 , they let the unit of value alone. More than that, Congress recognized in the second proviso of the act of 1878 the actual and the legal disparity between the coin which they required to flow from the mints, and the coined monetary unit in the Treasury which was represented by gold certificates. Congress gave a full legaltender quality to this silver coin, but not also the free coinage to all comers which the history of our monetary unit shows to have been its uniform concomitants from the first establishment of that unit to the, present hour. But Congress also explicitly recognized its inferiority to the gold certificates upon which they had never bestowed the legaltender quality. Moreover, Congress did not diminish the weight of the precious metal in the silver dollar. They required it to be coined of the same number of troy grains of pure silver (371.25) as had been put in every coin of that name and metal when, as from 1792 to 1873, it was one embodiment of our monetary unit with free coinage for all comers and full legal tender.

THE MONETARY UNIT INVARIABLE.
This analysis of our coinage laws and explanation of their history yield light for guidance now. Ordained "to establish justice," the Constitution itself is buttressed by this first century of constancy in the Congress to a continuous and just equivalence in the successive coin embodiments of the monetary unit for a standard and measure of value. The precedenti stands and will stand for centuries to come, the admiration, the pride, the rule of law and of duty for many generations of self-governing freemen. It is for us to pass on unimpaired this high tradition of financial integrity. But of justice as of liberty, eternal vigilance is the price.

Our $215,000,000$ silver dollars are by law full legal tender. Sharing that function with the monetary unit itself, the honor of the country, not less than its interests, is involved in the preservation of their equivalence with that unit wherever our citizens dwell and our laws run. Equivalence in foreign trade, for the reasons above indicated, is for the present quite impracticable. Equivalence in domestic trade is practicable. But that equivalence is now imperilled by the continuing coinage and increasing number of the silver dollars. This is much more than a deliberate judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is attested to him from the centres of trade in all parts of the country, as much from the South as the North, as much from the West as the East. Not alone our able statesmen and instructed economists and financiers advise the stopping of the silver coinage now, but wherever our fellow-citizens are concentrated in commercial cities and towns, the business classes engaged in the trade, the enterprises, and manufactures of those centres, and the still larger masses of workingmen employed by them, urge the stopping of the silver coinage now. It is these classes which are always. nirst to perceive such perils to industry and trade, and the consequences they entail. To their judgment in such a matter even the acts of Congress touching commerce and currency are finally appealed. For it is their interests first, and afterward the interests of the agricultural classes, which are endangered. Every business man from day to day must form his separate judgment of any medium of exchange which he may be obliged by law to take in his next bargain. Twenty years ago the gold dollar was not kept from a premium, to-morrow the silver dollar cannot be kept from a discount, in disregard of their appraisal.

ONE METALLISM OR TWO-METALLISM-OUR ONLY CHOICE.
The choive before Congress is not between silver monometallism and gold monometallism. Both are inadmissible. The choice before Congress is not between bimetallism and either gold or silver mono-
metallism. The latter are not admissible, and bimetallism is ouly possible with the co-operation of other nations, which is not now to be had. For, although France holds the same friendly attitude, and would be followed by some of her associates of the Latin Union, England now, as in 1878 and 1881, is unwilling to depart from her mintage of gold alone into coins of unlimited legal tender, and Germany now, as in 1881 regards the concurrence of England in an international bimetallic union as a sine qua non. Such being the facts established upon abundant testi mony, official and unofficial, gathered by the Department of State, it becomes plain that the choice of Congress is only in fact between stopping the coinage of silver dollars, or risking by further coinage the inequiva lence of those dollars with our monetary unit, risking the fall of the value of $215,000,000$ silver dollars from their legal domestic rating to their commercial international value which is 20 per cent. less, and involving such a disuse in our domestic trade of $550,000,000$ dollars of gold coin, as when gold was ejected by paper during the war.

The only choice before Congress, therefore, is the choice between one-metallism and two-metallism. The silver dollar cannot be kept in equivalence with the gold dollar if the coinage of silver continues. 'The gold dollar cannot be kept in full domestic circulation if the silver dollar is suffered to fall. Coining more necessitates its fall. Doubtless some may hope that more silver dollars can be coined, and yet their equivalence with the monetary unit not be lost. It is respectfully submitted that there is no compensation for that risk, and that a judgment so accordant of the great business classes who carry on the exchanges of the country must be accepted as a final estimate of that risk.

## a HEAVIER DOLLAR.

Nor should it be forgotten that every silver dollar coined hereafter at our present ratio would be, as the coining of every dollar since 1878 has been, a direct hindrance to the international bimetallic union then avowed as the object of our legislative policy. This objection is fatal also to the proposal to put more silver into the dollar than 371.25 grains of fine metal, ( 412.5 standard.) But that scheme is an admission of the stability of our present monetary unit, an express assertion of our duty to make every full-tender substitute for that unit its acceptable equivalent. Another decisive criticism upon the proposal is that it implies the necessity of further purchases and coinage of silver, which necessity does not exist; and proposes a remedy for the continuance of a danger which does not need to be prolonged. Stopping the coinage now is a perfect remedy ©or the evil which the business classes have measured, judged, and desire
'to see averted. They do not wish its recurrence in a varied form. Increasing the weight of silver in the dollar assumes the present dollars to be incapable of continued equivalence with the monetary unit, when, in fact, by stopping further coinage they can be held in our domestic ex. changes to that equivalence, and the chance retained that the several great powers which are also sustaining the full-tender use of depreciated silver, by local national law, may come to "pool their issues," and so restore silver to international currency. Such union now seems hopeless, while we continue to mitigate the difficulties of other nations by taking off the market half the product of our own mines, which is nearly half the product of the world. Is it not worth while to try the results of an altered situation after so many years of failure? Is it not worth while to see what can be done when the United States shall have put an end by stopping the coinage, to the charge that they are moved by selfish interests, and trying to market their silver; when the United States, by stopping coinage, shall have put themselves upon an equality with the other gold and silver using nations who have all stopped silver coinage; and when the United States shall thus be able to negotiate for open mints and free coinage to all comers, with the large offer to join in free coinage to all, in place of no coinage, rather than with the lesser offer of free coinage to all, in place of the coinage of Treasury purchases of $\$ 24,000,000$ worth of silver a year?

The coinage of a heavier dollar would obstruct the success of such an experiment. The coinage of silver not being free to all comers, but being exclusively a coinage of Treasury purchases of silver, there is no reason for making a heavier dollar, whether the purchases are to continue or to be stopped. Treasury purchases of silver are anomalous, unprecedented except in the case of subsidiary coin, and a hindrance to the restoration of a sound currency. If the silver dollar is full tender, but not of free coinage, its currency is confined within the country where the laws run which make it full tender. It cannot be forced across the Atlantic or Pacific, except as metal. Legal-tender laws do not cross national houndaries. The silver dollar of 371.25 grains within our boundaries can be kept equivalent to our monetary unit of value, if no more are coined; and the metal in it will not fluctuate more from the datum line of 23.22 grains fine gold than the metal in a 500 -grain silver dollar would, though it may fluctuate a little farther off. If the silver of our dollar is to be dealt with as a commodity, it cannot be kept in equivalence with the coin monetary unit, any more than it can be kept in equivalence with some other commodity than itself. The proposal to make a heavier dollar, like the proposal to make unlirnited legal-tender silver bullion certificates on a variable
commercial ratio of the metal with gold money, is a proposal to treat silver as a commodity. If the silver of our dollar is to be dealt with as a part of the monetary metal of the world to which the fall legal-tender power of leading governments is to be applied, 371.25 grains of fine silver can be made equivalent with 23.22 grains of fine gold as effectually as 500 grains of fine silver can.

## STOPPING THE COINAGE WILL NOT $\triangle$ FFECT PRICES.

An adequate sense of the magnitude of the actual coin-money stocks of the world, which join with the potential money existing in uncoined gold and silver, and with all their numberless equivalents, substitutes, and representatives, to measure prices, not to mention growing economies in the use of money, by cheques, bills of exchange, book-credits, clearing. houses, postal orders, telegraphic transfers, etc.; which operate in the same direction, enforces the lessons of experience as to the impotence of any nation's legislation to affect prices, if prices are tested by a stable monetary unit. Changing the measure changes nothing except the ownership of the property of the defrauded ones. It does not change the true level and course of prices as thus tested, Bat the lessons of experience cannot be completely learned in a moment. For the general range of prices of the hundred chief commodities of civilized man's use has been more than a third of a century in completing the last leisurely cycle of its rise and fall. The range of prices is lower to-day than since the discovery of gold in California. The redistribution of populations in the two hemispheres since then is vastly more ascribable to legislative contrivance than is the low level. of prices. Prices in the United States are the record of the fluctuations of commodities and currencies in the markets of the world. They are not merely domestic fluctuations. Odessa and India appear in the price of wheat at Chicago. Oupr legislation chiefly concerns fifty-five milliou people, but prices are the outcome of twelve or fifteen hundred million people's affairs. Yet we are occasionally told that the present general fall of prices has been caused and can be counterpoised by the variation of a few hundredths of 1 per cent. in the ratio of our own silver-coin stock to the mass of the monetary metals of the world,-by the transfer of more silver from mines in Nevada to vaults in New York.
Man's inventions and industries are hammering down the prices of all the products of man's labor. If one New England town by one week's labor can shoe all the feet in Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis for a year, when a year's work was too little one decade ago, how shall not the price of shoes go down? Er srywhere the effort is to obtain shelter, clothing, food, and the ornaments of these necessities of life at
a smaller expense of mental energy and bodily toil. The history of inventions is the record of permanent reductions of the cost of getting man's necessities. This reduced cost makes possible the enlargement of the comforts of all, a higher and higher standard of life for the poor. How shall the rednced cost not appear in dropping prices? But things on hand bought to sell fall while held. 'To the trading classes a fall of prices when comprised in too brief periods cannot but bring some measure of distress; when continued for too long periods, cannot but entail a general depression of trade. But when it is neither sudden nor: prolonged enough to throw large numbers out of employment, the great mass of working men and women find in lower prices almost unmixed good. Wages are always at once exchanged, with some deduction for saving, and if prices are lower the same wages buy more. Even where reduced prices necessitate reduced wages (and on the whole, even in Europe, the return to labor grows more and more) the wage-receiver gets the advantage of wages being slow to move, as he gets the disadvantage of their being the last to move when from a degradation of the unit of value, or its legal equivalent, prices measured by that unit going up, the same wages buy less. To keep the unit of value stable is the true limit of $\cdot$ legislative control over prices.

## a poorer dollar reduces the wages of labor.

A large ploportion of our workingmen of mature years have had an instructive experience that lowering the value of any so-called dollar, legal tender of payment for their wages, is a lowering that is compensated to everybody else before compensation reaches them. It is a lowering that lifts the prices of all commodities before it lifts the rate of their wages. A cheaper dollar for workingmen of the United States means a poorer dollar. The daily wages of our workingmen and workingwomen are by far the largest, by far the most important, aggregate of wealth to be affected by the degradation of the dollar, or of any legaltender equivalent of the dollar. All other aggregates of wealth, the accumulations of capitalists, which can only obtain profitable use by being turned over daily in the wages of workmen and the employment of the captains of their industry, all other aggregates of wealth which remain unemployed in the payment of wages of the day, the month, the year, are not to be compared in their sum to this gigantic sum. It is this gigantic sum, the wages of labor, which is assailed by every policy that would make the dollar of the fathers worth less than its worth in gold. The debt of the United States, large as it is, is a wart beside that mountain. If by defrauding our fellow-citizens who, directly, or indi-

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$$

rectly through the savings banks, hold those promises to pay a dollar on demand or in due season; if by letting the silver dollar fall below the gold dollar, we could take a third off the burden of the public debt, much less than ten dollars a head would thus be saved to the people of the United States. How long would ten dollars apiece pay our working men and women for the loss of a third off evcry dollar of their wages? How long before they could get their wages raised enough to buy as much as before?

## TAXATION REFORM.

In another communication which accompanies this, my first annual report, I have endeavored to present a full and complete exposition of the existing condition of the customs service, of the rules and regulations that I have established to secure a just, faithful, and impartial appraisement of imported merchandise, together with my reasons for making such rules and regulations, and of the legislative measures which are now needed for improving that portion of the revenues. The revision and changes of rates of duty made in 1883 , have already disclosed, in practical execution, defects which are commended to the early attention of Congress.

Besides the reforms which are desirable for the effective administration of any system of taxation levied through imported merchandise, and are indispensable for the administration of customs laws which, like our own, are a chaos rather than a system, I venture to hope that in. due season it will be the pleasure of Congress to consider some other reforms upon which, as is requisite, all parties may agree, and that are of a different scope. Like our currency laws, our tariff laws are a legacy of war. If its exigencies excuse their origin, their defects are unnecessary after twenty years of peace. They have been retained without sifting and discrimination, although enacted without legislative debate, criticism, or examination. A horizontal reduction of 10 per cent. was made in 1872 , but was repealed in 1875, and rejected in 1884. They require at our custom-houses the employment of a force sufficient to examine, appraise, and levy duties upon more than 4,182 different articles. Many rates of duty begun in war have been increased since, although the late Tariff Commission declared them "injurious to the interests supposed to be benefited," and said that a "reduction would be conducive to the general prosperity." "They have been retained, although the long era of falling prices, in the case of specific duties, has operated a large increase of rates. They have been retained at an average ad valorem rate for the last year of over 46 per cent., which is but
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. less than the highest rate of the war period, and is nearly 4 per cent. more than the rate before the latest revision. The highest endurable rates of duty, which were adopted in 1862-4 to off-set internal taxes upon almost every taxable article, have in most cases been retained now from fourteen to twenty years after every such internal tax has been removed. They have been retained while purely revenue duties upon articles not competing with anything produced in the thirty-eight States have been discarded. They have been retained upon articles used as materials for our own manufactures, (in 1884 adding $\$ 30,000,000$ to their cost,) which, if exported, compete in other countries against similar manufactures from untaxed materials. Some rates have been retained after ruining the industries they were meant to advantage. Other rates have been retained after effecting a bigher price for a domestic product at home than it was sold abroad for. The general high level of rates has been retained on the theory of countervailing lower wages abroad, when, in fact, the higher wages of American labor are at once the secret and the security of our capacity to distance all competition from "pauper labor," in any market. All changes have left unchanged, or changed for the worse, by new schemes of classification and otherwise, a complicated, cumbrous, intricate group of laws which are not capable of being administered with impartiality to all our merchants. As nothing in the ordinary course of business is imported unless the price here of the domestic, as well as of the imported, article is higher by the amount of the duty and the cost of sea-transit than the price abroad, the preference of the tax-payer for duties upon articles not produced in the United States is justified by the fact that such duties cost him no more than the Treasury of his country gets. As for duties affecting articles that are also produced in the United States, the first to be safely discarded are those, upon materials used by our own manufacturers, which now subject them to a hopeless competition at home and abroad, with the manufacturing nations, none of which taxes raw materials. It is not to be doubted that in any reform which shall finally receive the approval of the two Houses of Congress, they will maturely consider and favorably regard the interests which can only grad: ually and carefully be adjusted, without loss, to changes in the legislative conditions for their advancing prosperity. With this view, I have invited, in some two thousand circular letters to our manufactarers and merchants, their enlightened co-operation in the improvement of our fiscal policy, and the replies received will hereafter be submitted to the consideration of Congress.

## REVENUE FROM CUSTOMS.

The reyenue from customs covered into the Treasury by
warrant for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, was.. \$181, 471, 93934
That for the preceding year was ............................ 195, 067, 48976
Showing a reduction of ................................ 13, 595,550 42
The following table shows the value of imported merchandise entered for immediate consumption, including withdrawals from warehouses for consumption, and the duties collected thereon during the last fiscal year at the various ports:


The increase in the annual average ad valorem rate of duty on dutiable merchandise, from 41.702 per cent. in 1884 to 46.074 per cent. in 1885, has been caused mainly by the decline in the prices of goods subject to specific duties, upon which are imposed high rates of duty. Among others, the following are conspicuous examples of a marked decline in price without a corresponding falling off in the quantity imported:

Sugar, not above No. 13, Dutch standard, which declined in price fiom 3.46 cents per pound in 1884 to 2.5 cents per pound in 1885 ; molasses, which declined from. 16.4 cents per gallon to 13.38 cents ; clothing-wools, from 22.7 cents per pound to 19.7 cents; carpet-wools, from 12.43 cents per pound to 10.55 cents; glycerine, from 11.6 cents per pound to 6 cents, \&c.

The values of the imports for consumption of these five commodities during 1885 were as follows:


The values of these articles, computed at the prices of such imports during 1884, would have appeared as follows:

|  | Articles. | Quantities. | Values. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Dollars. |
| Glycerine. | .................. .....pounds... | 7,573,034 | 878,719 |
| Sugar, not above 13 | ..................pounds... | 2,548,210,538 | 88,168,085 |
| Molasses... | .............gallons.. | 31,231,244 | 5, 136,684 |
| Wool, clothing | ............pounds... | 11,475, 889 | 2,605,027 |
| Wool, carpet... | ......................pounds... | 56,339, 530 | 7,003,004 |
| Total. |  |  | 103,791,519 |

## INTERNAL REVENUE.

The collections made under the internal-revenue laws from the commodities subject to taxation were, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1884 and 1885, as reported by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, as follows:

| Objects of tnxation. | Fiscal year ended June 30- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. | 1885. |
| Distilled spirits.. | \$76, 905, 38526 | \$67,511, 20863 |
| Manufactured tobacco.. | 26,062,399 98 | 26,407,088 48 |
| Fermented liquors.. | 18,084, 954 11 | 18, 230,78203 |
| Bank circulation... | 2081 84 | 25,00000 |
| Penalties, \&c........................ | 289, 144 12 | 222,681 19 |
| Collections under repealed laws. | 247,714 52 | 24,360 74 |
| Total. | 121, $590,039.83$ | 112,421, 12107 |

[These figuxes differ from the amounts actually covered into the Treasury, as shown by the covering warrants, the receipts showing the amounts collected, but not deposited, during the fiscal year, the warrants showing amounts actually covered into the Treasury during the same time.]

From the preceding exhibit it appears that the decrease of revenue from spirits during the last fiscal year was $\$ 9,394,176.63$, and that on fermented liquors the increase was $\$ 145,827.92$. There was an increase in the revenue from manufactured tobacco of $\$ 344,688.50$. The decrease from all sources is $\$ 9,1.68,918.76$.

## PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The production of spirits during the last fiscal year is exhibited in the following table:

| Kinds of spirits. | Fiscal year ended June 30- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. | 1885. |
| Bourbon whiskey. | \$8,896,832 | \$12, 277, 750 |
| Rye whiskey... | 5,089, 958 | 5,328,043 |
| Alcohol. | 12, 385, 229 | 13,436,916 |
|  | 1,71, 158 | 2,081,165 |
| High wines | 6,745, 688 | 3,235, 889 |
| Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits. | 28,538,630 | 27, 104, 382 |
| Miscellaneous..................... | 11,426,470 | 10,811,757 |
| Total. | 75, 435, 739 | 74,915,363 |

It cost to collect the internal revenue for the fiscal year 1885, including the expenses of the Commissioner's office, $\$ 4,455,430.27$; about 3.9 per cent. of the amount collected. The cost for 1884 was $\$ 5,076,914.31$, being 4.2 per cent. of the amount collected.

Since I assumed office, the Department has, pursuant to request, taken the opinion of the Attorney-General as to the duty of the officers of Government in case the owners of distilled spirits bonded for export failed to remove them from the warehouse within the time named therefor in the bond. The Attorney-General gave an opinion, which made strict enforcement of the letter of the bond appear to be the only lawful course for the Department to follow; consequently instructions. were given to collectors of internal revenue, which resulted in payment of the tax or exportation of the spirits within the time fixed by the bonds.

The Department also, after due consideration, became convinced that it had no authority to allow more time between the bonding of spirits for exportation and the actual shipment of the same than was necessary for that purpose in the ordinary course of business. Therefore, the limit of thirty days was restored in the Regulations, that time being deemed ample for all purposes of exportation.

All the opinions, orders, and letters above referred to are printed in the report of the Commissioner.

In:my judgment, it is not necessary or well that the law should be as it is in regard to the time for the collection of the tax upon distilled spirits. Why drive this property from the country at large expense to both Government and citizen, with benefit to neither? I indorse the recommendation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as to an amendment of the law which shall postpone the collection of this tax, under certain conditions, until withdrawal for consumption.

I also concur in the recommendations of the Commissioner as to the abolition of the office of inspector of tobacco, whose fees are an unnecessary tax upon business; as to the exportation of tobacco-under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury; and as to the taxation of fractional parts of the gallon of distilled spirits.
The reasons given by the Commissioner for an increase in the number of internal-revenue agents are strong. I believe that such increase should be authorized.

## PUBLIO MONEYS.

The monetary transactions of the Government have been conducted through the offices of the Treasurer of the United States, nine assistant treasurers, and one hundred and forty-one national-bank depositaries.

The gross receipts of the Government, amounting during the fiscal year, as shown by warrants, to the sum of $\$ 568,887,009.38$, ( $\$ 245,196 ; 303$ of which were on account of loans, United States notes, and certificates and conversion of Tefunding certificates,) were deposited as follows:
In the Treasury and sub-treasuries
\$451,210,995-09
In national-bank depositaries
$117,676,01429$

Owing to the large movement of moneys caused by the exchange of standard silver dollars for silver certificates, the deposits of legal tenders in exchange for like certificates, and the redemption of fractional silver coin, the duties of the officers and employes of the different sub-treasuries have greatly increased, and I would, therefore, recommend that inquiry be made by Congress as to the present condition of these offices, and such method of relief be adopted as may be deemed proper.
The transactions with the national-bank depositaries have been made with great economy to the Treasury and to the entire satisfaction of its i,fficers.

## UNAVALLABLE FUNDS.

With a view to seuring needed legislation on the subject, the attention of Congress is called to the various items included in the Treasurer's cash balance, as shown on page 18 of his report for the fiscal year 1885, which have from time to time become unavailable by reason of the deposit of surplus revenue with the several States under act of June 23, 1836, and from the failure of public officers and depositaries to par over to the United-States moneys intrusted to them for safe-keeping ai diṣbursement.

All money in the Treasury, wherever it may be deposited or pla for disbursement or custody, is charged to the Treasurer of the $T$ States, and while it is obvious that this money may be lost witho on his part, by robbery, accident, defalcation of a subordinat misconduct of depositaries having it in charge, or otherwise responsible, and is charged with it the same as if the fund ${ }^{\prime}$ own vault instead of being deposited elsewhere. These it appear as a charge against the Treasurer only because of which the accountsare necessarily kept; but as no char without legislation, it is deemed proper to bring the tention of Congress for appropriate action.

A full history of all the facts involved in conne -ficits will be prepared and sulbmitted to Congreg session.

## DEPOSITS AT THE MINTS, COTNS AND COINAGE.

The value of the gold deposited at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1885 was $\$ 56,748,752.60$, including re-deposits of the value of $\$ 3,854,677.51$. The coining value of the silver deposited for bars and purchased for coinage was $\$ 38,082,222.87$, which included $\$ 1,292,447.95$ of re-deposits.

The coinage executed was as follows-of gold, $\$ 24,861,123.50$; of silver dollars, $\$ 28,528,552$; of subsidiary silver, $\$ 320,407.65$; and of minor coins, $\$ 527,556.80-\mathrm{a}$ total of $\$ 54,237,639.95$.

In addition to the coinage there were manufactured at the mints and assay offices gold bars of the value of $\$ 32,027,463.02$, and silver bars valued, at the coining rate of silver, at $\$ 9,549,313.37:-$ a total or $\$ 41,576,776.39$.

The amount of silver purchased for the coinage of the silver dollas during the year was $24,212,412: 90$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 23,747,460.25$.

The average price paid for silver during the year was $\$ 1.0897$ per ounce fine, equal to $\$ 0.98079$ per ounce standard. The average London price during the year was $\$ 1.09261$ per ounce fine, and the average New York price $\$ 1.09117$ per ounce fine.

The silver used in the coinage of subsidiary silver consisted of the balance on hand at the Mint at Philadelphia at the commencement of the fiscal year, and of silver transferred from the Assay Office at New Kork, together with uncurrent silver coins of the value of $\$ 239,548$, ansferred from the treasury for that purpose.
The seignorage on the coinage of silver dollars during the year $\therefore \$ 4,355,278.84$, and on subsidiary silver $\$ 10,197.61-\mathrm{a}$ total of 655,476.45.
earnings of the mints from all sources, including seignorage, was 218.16. Expenses from appropriations, including $\$ 156,942.22$ general appropriation of the act of February 28, 1878, were $\therefore 29$. Adding the cost of acid refineries $(\$ 210,654.44)$ at the
ts and at the Assay Office at New York, together with the bution of coin, $(\$ 79,806.69$, ) and technical losses, makes nses and losses of all kinds $\$ 1,585,256.77$.

The United States were estimated by the Director of the elded, during the calendar year 1884 , precious metals 000 , as follows-namely, gold $\$ 30,800,000$; silver at 48,800,000.
unt of gold and silver coin in the United States on 55, was $\$ 820,000,000, \$ 542,000,000$ of which con$\$ 278,000,000$ of silver coin.

In addition to the coin in the country there was in the mints and assay offices at the same date gold and silver bullion of the value of $\$ 71,501,682$. Thus the entire stock of coin and bullion available for coinage in the country at that date was about $\$ 892,000,000$.
The report of the Director of the Mint exhibits, in detail and in tabulated statements, the operations of the mints and assay offices. It also contains, along with other contributions on the subject of coius; coinage, \&c., valuable information received through the representatives of this Government abroad in regard to the production, consumption, and stock of gold and silver in the different countries of the world.

The Director also calls attention to the imperfect facilities afforded certain of the mints and the Assay Office at New York in the way of vaults for the safe custody of the large amounts of coin and bullion now stored at those institutions. It appears that the security of the public moneys at the mints depends more upon the integrity and efficiency of guards and patrols by night, and the presence of officers and employés by day, than upon the construction of the vaults with a view to their safety.
The Director has also instituted a system of accounts between the superintendents and the several departments of the mints, for the purpose of showing in a more business-like manner than previously the actual expenses of each department under properly-classified heads. The absolute and comparative cost of production at the several institutions will thus be exhibited for the first time since the organization of the Bureau of the Mint.

The cost of coinage at the mint at Carson being largely in excess of the cost at other coinage mints, and the expenses of distribution of coin likewise being excessive, it was in May last deemed advisable to discontinue all coinage at this mint and to reduce accordingly the force of officers and operatives. Since the first of June this institution has been conducted as an assay office. Its business as such having proved insignificant, orders were given in November for the discharge of the entire force except the superintendent and four watchmen, who are retained for the proper custody of the building and appurtenances. Thus a saving will be made of over $\$ 100,000$ per annum.

A large reduction of force has also been made since the first of July at the Mint at San Francisco, aggregating a saving of about $\$ 47,000$ a year in wages of workmen.

## bureau of engraving and printing.

Since March 1, 1885, the number of persons employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing has been reduced from 1,145 to 886 . In the same time its expenses have been reduced at the rate of more than
$\$ 120,000$ a year without in any degree impairing its productive capacity. This has been accomplished by revising and simplifying its methods of doing business, by extending the hours of labor to eight hours a day, as required by law, and by discharging inefficient and superfluous employés. The appropriation of $\$ 55,000$, made by the act of March 3, 1885, to supply an expected deficiency in the appropriation for that year, was not drawn upon, and $\$ 18,021,30$ of the original appropriation was neturned to the Treasury, inaking an aggregate saving of $\$ 73,021.30$ in the amount appropriated. The expenses of the Bureau during the current fiscal year have been still further reduced by the cessation of the printing of one and two dollar United States notes. Since July 1, 1885; the average monthly expenses have been about $\$ 18,600$ less than the appropriation.
Conforming to the wise policy pursued by Congress of late years in making appropriations for nearly all other branches of the public service in Washington, the Secretary submits specific estimates for all the expenses of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the fiscal year 1887, fixing the number and salaries of the persons who may be employed and the amount which may be expended for plate printing and for materials. By thus limiting the number of employes, any possibility of unduly increasing the force will be avoided, while the status of the bureau as a part of the regular organization of the Department will be definitely fixed. The amount estimated for is $\$ 124,498.70$ less than the quantity of work which it is proposed to produce would lave cost at the rates which prevailed in the last fiscal year. In the absence of any action by Congress on the subject, it has been assumed in making the estimate that the printing of one and two dollar notes will be resumed at the usual rates. Should it be decided to discontinue those denominations, the appropriation should be proportionately reduced.
It is the desire of the Secretary to improve the artistic quality of the work produced by this establishment. As one of the steps to this end, the use of the patent lettering has been discontinued. The plates heretofore made cannot be discarded at once without great expense, but it is the intention from time to time, as opportunity occurs, to replace them with new plates engraved from fresh and artistic designs.

## national baniss.

During the year ending November 1, 1885, one hundred and forty-five banks have been organized, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 16,938,000$. Circulating notes have been issued to these new associations amounting to $\$ 4,274,910$. These banks are located by geographical divisions, as follows: Eastern States, 4 banks, with capital of $\$ 400,000$; Middle

States, 20 , with capital of $\$ 2,895,000$; Southern States, 21 , with capital of $\$ 2,425,000$; Western States, 76 , with capital of $\$ 9,473 ; 000$; Pacific States, 8, with capital of $\$ 725,000$; Territories, 16 , with capital of $\$ 1,020,000$.
Since the establishment of the national-banking sỳstem, on February 25,1863 , there have been organized 3,406 national banks. Of these, 432 have gone, into voluntary liquidation for the purpose of winding up their affairs ; 79 have gone into voluntary liquidation for the purpose of reorganization; 64 are in liquidation by expiration of their charter, of which number 38 have been reorganized, and 104 have been placed in the hands of receivers for the purpose of closing up their affairs, leaving the total number in existence 2,727, on Novenaber 1, 1885 , which is the largest number that has been in operation at any one time.

The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks for eleven years, at nearly corresponding dates, from 1875 to 1885 , inclusive, as reported by the banks:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1875 . \end{aligned}$ | Oct.2, | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. 1, } \\ 1877 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct.1, } \\ 18: 8 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. 2, } \\ & \text { 1879. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1880 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1881 . \end{aligned}$ | Oct. 3, 1882. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct.2, } \\ 1883 . \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Sep. } 30 \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oet. } 1, \\ & 1885 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2,087 \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 2,089 | $\left.\begin{array}{c} 2,080 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}\right]$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 2,053 \\ \text { banks } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,043 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 2,090 \\ \text { banks } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,132 \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 2,269 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 2,001 \\ \text { banks } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,664 \\ \text { banks, } \end{gathered}$ | 2,714 <br> banks, |
| RESOURCES. | Millions. | ilitlions. | Millions. | Millious, | Williogs | Millions. | Hilligons. | Dillions. | Millions. | Dillions. | Millions. |
| Loans. | 984.7 | 931.3 | 891.9 | 834.0 | 878.5 | 1,041.0 | 1,173.8 | 1,243.2 | 1,309.2 | 1,245.3 | , 306.1 |
| Bonds for circulat'n. | 370.3 | 337.2 | 336.8 | 347.6 | 357.3 | 357.8 | 363.3 | 337.6 | 351.4 | 327.4 | 307.7 |
| Other U.S. bonds .... | 28.1 | 47.8 | 45.0 | 94.7 | 71.2 | 43.6 | 56.5 | 37.4 | 30.7 | 30.4 | 31.8 |
| Stocks, bonds, \&c..... | 33.5 | 34.4 | 34.5 | 36.9 | 39.7 | 48.9 | - 61.9 | 66.2 198.9 | 71.1 | 71.4 | 77.5 |
| Due from banks .... | 144.7 | 146.9 | 129.9 | 138.9 | 167.3 | 213.5 | 230.8 | 198.9 | 208.9 | 194.2 | 235.3 |
| Real estate | 42.4 | 43.1 | 45.2 | 46.7 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 47.3 | 46.5 | 48.3 | 49.9 | 51.3 |
| Specie................... | 8.1 | 21.4 | 22.7 | 30.7 | 42.2 | 109.3 | 114.3 | 102.9 | 107.8 | 128.6 | 171.9 |
| Legal-tender notes... | 76.5 | 84.2 | 66.9 | 64.4 | 69.2 | 56.6 | 53.2 | 63.2 | 70.7 | 77.0 | 69.7 |
| National banls notes | 18.5 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 16.9 | 10.7 | 18.2 | 17.7 | 20.7 | - 22.7 | 23.3 | 23.1 |
| C. H. exchanges ..... | 87.9 | 100.0 | 74.5 | 82.4 | 113.0 | 121.1 | 189.2 | 208.4 | 96.4 | 66.3 | 84.9 |
| U.S. cert. of deposit.. | 48.8 | 29.2 | 33.4 | 32.7 | 26.8 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 14.2 | 18.8 |
| Due from U.S. Treas. | 19.6 | 16.7 | 10.0 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 17.7 | 14.9 |
| Other resources....... | 19, 3. | 19.1 | 28.7 | 24.9 | 22.1 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 33.8 | 36.9 |
| Totals. | 1,882.2 | 1,827.2 | 1,741.1 | 1,767.3 | 1,868.8 | 2, 105.8 | 2, 358.4 | 12,309.8 | 2,372.7 | 2,279.5 | 2,432.9 |
| liabilities. |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock ........... | 504.8 | 499.8 | 479.5 | 466.2 | 454.1 | 457.6 | 463.8 | 483.1 | 509.7 | 524.3 | 527.5 |
| Surplus fund........... | 131.4 | 132.2 | 122.8 | 116.9 | 114.8 | 120.5 | 128.1 | 132.0 | 142.0 | 147.0 | 146.6 |
| Undivided profits. | 53.0 | 46.4 | 44.5 | 44.9 | 41. 5 | 46.1 | 56.4 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 63.2 | 59.4 |
| Circulation ....... | 319.1 | 292.2 | 291.9 | 301.9 | 313.8 | 317.3 | 320.2 | 315.0 | 1310.5 | 289.8 | 269.0 |
| Due to depositors | 679.4 | 666.2 | 630.4 | 668.4 | 736.9 | 857.9 | $1,083.1$ | 1, 134.9 | 1,063.6 | 993.0 | 1,120.1 |
| Due to banks... | 179.7 | 179.8 | 161.6 | 165.1 | 201.2 | 267.9 | 294.9 | 259.9 | 270.4 | 246.4 | 299.5 |
| Other liabilities. | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 10.8 |
| Totals. | 1,882.2 | 1,827.2 | $1,741.1$ | 1,767.3 | 1,868.8 | 2,105.8 | 2,358.4 | 2,390.8 | 2,372.7 | 2,270.5 | $2,432.9$ |

The corporate existence of 864 national banks expired during the year. ending November 1, 1885, of which 801 have been extended under the act of July 12, 1882. Forty-eight have perinitted their corporate existence to expire, and are in liquidation under section 7 of said act, ( 32 of which have been succeeded by other banks located in the same places,
and with nearly the same shareholders,) and 1.3 have been placed in voluntary liquidation by vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their stock, of which 7 were succeeded by other banks. The remaining 2 became insolvent, and were placed in the hands of receivers. The corporate existence of 14 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 4,450,000$, have expired and will expire during November and December of this year, and the corporate existence of 18 national banks, with. an aggregate capital of $\$ 3,135,000$, will expire during 1886 . Four uational banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 600,000$, have failed and been placed in the hands of receivers during the year.

Under the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, national banks with a capital of from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 150,000$ may be organized upon a minimum deposit of United States bonds equal to 25 per cent. of such capital. The mininum deposit of bonds required by law to be made by banks with a capital of upwards of $\$ 150,000$, is $\$ 50,000$. The following table shows the number of banks organized from July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1885, their capital stock, amount of bonds deposited in accordance with law, and the circulation issued thereon:

| Year. |  | \% |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 251 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { Per ct. }}{28} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| July 1,1883 ; to July $1,1884 . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 218 | 19, 444,000 | 4,016,000 | 4, ${ }^{676}$, 1600 | 14 | ${ }^{4,208,490}$ |
| July 1, 1884, to July 1, 1885........... | 142 | 15, 205,000 | 3,061, 250 | 3,332,800 | 8 | 2,999,520 |

According to law the least amount of bonds that the national banks in operation October 1, 1885, could deposit, was $\$ 80,970,423$. During the year the amount of bouds on deposit to secure circulation diminished $\$ 16,951,750$, the total November 1, 1885, being $\$ 308,364,550$. The amount of notes in circulation diminished $\$ 15,545,461$, the total November 1,1885 , being $\$ 315,847,163$, as shown by the books of the Comptroller of the Currency. From this amount should be deducted the lawful money on deposit with the Treasurer of the United States, $\$ 39,542,979$, leaving $\$ 276,545,461$ outstanding.

The report of the Comptroller of the Currency, in addition to the above facts, contains much useful and interesting information.

## IMMTGRATION.

The administration of the "Act to regulate immigration," approved August 3, 1882, has, in the main, been attended with satisfactory results during the last fiscal year.

The receipts of capitation-tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, were $\$ 176,094$, and the expenditures for the same period, $\$ 125,538.58$.

By the so-called "Shipping Act," of June 26, 1884, section 22, the collection of such tax was, in practical effect, discontinued as to immigrants coming by vessel from foreign contiguous territory. It is estimated, however, that the reduction in the amount of collections of im-migrant-tax occasioned thereby, did not, for the last fiscal year, exceed twenty thousand dollars. On the other hand, the receipts have been very considerably augmented since the Department, by decisions in May and June last, adopted-in accordance with an opinion of the Attorney-General-the rule of construction, that under the immigrant act of August 3, 1882, the tax is collectible, not only for bona-fide immigrants, but for all alien passengers, including tourists and other sojourners, and on each recurring arrival of any alien.
The commissioners of immigration who had previously been employed under contract, in pursuance of law, to care for the local affairs of immigration at the principal ports for which they were respectively designated, have continued in the exercise of their functions during the past year. At the following ports commissioners of immigration are now employed, namely: Portland, Me.; Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Key West, Galveston, and San Francisco.

It is to be regretted that the law, as construed, does not empower the Departiuent, at its own instance, to establish immigration commissions without being required to have the co-operation of other agencies not within its control. Under the present system, it is necessary to the creation of such a commission at any particular port, that the Governor of the State wherein such port is, shall first designate some suitable persons, or some local organization, leaving it with this Department to accept (by contract) or reject, the parties so designated. As a consequence, in one or two instances, the efforts of this Department to establish such commissions have been without avail.
It is recommended that the existing law be so amended that all commissions, or officers, to be charged with the care of immigrants at the several ports, be appointed directly by the Secretary of the Treasury, and that they be held immediately responsible to him for the proper performance of their duties; or, if this recommendation be not adopted, that, at least, the Secretary of the Treasury be empowered to designate customs officers to serve as commissioners of immigration at ports for which no designations have been made by the Governor of the State where they are respectively located, also at all the smaller ports where the arrivals of immigrants are not in such numbers as to warrant the establishment of commissions.

Considerable difficulty has been experienced in procuring the deportation of aliens of the classes prohibited by law from landing. It has been found to be a matter of convenience, if not of necessity, to all concerned, that the examination of immigrants, particularly at the principal ports where they frequently arrive in large numbers at one time, should be made at some convenient place on shore. At some of the ports, particularly at New York, the steamship companies bringing passengers, were disposed to resist the demand for the return of such of the immigrants brought here by them as were found on such examination to be of the classes of whom the law says that they' "shall not be permitted to land." Such resistance was on the ground that the immigrants had, in a literal sense, been permitted to land, and were consequently beyond the operation of the provision of law for the deportation of the proscribed classes. This difficulty was disposed of, however, by a ruling of the Department that the landing of immigrants at a place under the control of the commissioners, for the purpose of having an examination made to determine whether they were or were not prohibited from landing, was not to be considered such a permission to land as would relieve the steamship companies from the responsibility of deporting such as were found on such examination to be of the proscribed classes. In furtherance of the same end, bonds have been taken by the Commissioners of Emigration at New York, from the steamship companies represented at that port, conditioned for the return of such aliens as are found to be proscribed.

The question is presented for consideration, whether, under a rigid construction of the immigrant law, all alien lunatics and idiots should be prohibited from landing, irrespective of whether they are or are not liable to become a public charge. For instance, where an idiot child arrives here in charge of parents, both able and willing to care for it, it may be questioned whether it is in harmony with the general spirit and intent of our immigration laws that the parents may be permitted to land only on condition that they abandon their idiot child, who is all the more in need of parental care by reason of its infirmity.

It is recommended that further legislation be had, to the end that the intent of the law in this regard may be made clear and free from all ambiguity.

The draft of a bill will soon be 'presented to Congress amending the existing immigration act, in which will be embodied such provisions as, in the experience of the Department, seem to be required to make the supervision of immigration effective and of benefit to the country.

Statement of collections and disbursements on account of expenses of regulating immigration during ycar ending June 30, 1885 .


## REVENUE MARINE.

The vessels of the service now number thirty-nine, manned by 1,027 officers, cadets and men. The following is a statistical summary of its business for the past year:
Aggregate number of miles cruised by vessels ................ 312,569
Number of merchant vessels boarded and examined......... 24,481
Number of merchant vessels found violating law in some
particular, and seized or reported to proper authorities.. $\quad 1,425$

Number of vessels in distress assisted
Value of vessels and their cargoes imperilled by the sea to which assistance was rendered. $\$ 5,568,04300$
Number of persons on board vessels assisted.................... 2,542
Sixty persons were picked out of the water and saved from drowning.
In the performance of special work, the vessels upon the Atlantic and Gulf coasts and the Great Lakes have rendered important service in maintaining patrol against the infection of cholera and yellow-fever through incoming vessels, and in co-operating with national and State quarantine organizations.

In the work of inspecting life-saving stations, instructing their crews, and conveying supplies and outfits, the vessels have been cruised an aggregate of 15,573 miles.

The Alaskan work of the service for the past season has been particularly important, Captain Healy, with his command, the steamer
"Corwin," having operated with much activity in the waters of Alaska and the Arctic Ocean.' He covered in his cruising the Aleutian Islands, to afford protection to the seal-fisheries, assisted five of the Arctic whaling fleet in distress, and succored and brought away fifty-nine persons who were either shipwrecked or without means of transportation. He also prosecuted important works of survey on our extreme northern coast.

The steamer "Bear," which Congress authorized to be transferred to this Department for duty in the waters of Alaska, has been placed in a condition of efficiency and despatched to San Francisco, from which port she will be cruised next year to the northwestern waters.

Several vessels of the service have been overhauled in hulls and machinery and thoroughly repaired.

The revenue-marine steamers "McLane" and "McCulloch," stationed at southern ports, are in need of extensive repairs. The firstnamed, not originally designed for the service, was lightly built when new; she is now old, worn-out, and unworthy of repairs. Recommendation is made that the sum of $\$ 85,000$ be appropriated to replace this ressel with a new one. 'Recommendation is also made for a new steamvessel for duty in the harbor of New York, for which the sum of $\$ 50,000$ will be required.

## LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

The usual beneficent results have attended the operations of this Service during the year.

The number of stations in commission at the close of the year was 203. The number of disasters to documented vessels reported by the district officers to have occurred within their field of action is 256. The number of persons on board these vessels was 2,206; of whom 2,196 were saved and 10 lost. The value of the property involved is estimated at $\$ 4,604,455$; of which $\$ 3,352,760$ was saved and $\$ 1,251,695$ lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 56 . There were, besides, 115 disasters to smaller craft, such as sail-boats, row-boats, \&c., on which were 233 persons, 232 of whom were saved and 1 lost. The value of property involved in these minor disasters was $\$ 29,925$, of which $\$ 26,823$ was saved and $\$ 3,102$ lost. The following is the aggregate:
Total number of disasters
Total value of property involved.................................. $\$ 4,634,380$
Total value of property saved .................................... $\$ 3,379,583$
Total value of property lost .............................................. $1,254,797$
Total number of persons on board................................... 2,439
Total number of persons saved................................................. 2,428
Total number of persons lost ..... 11
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations.. ..... 568
Total number of days' succor afforded ..... 1, 686
Total number of vessels lost ..... 56

In addition to the persons saved from vessels, as above stated, 37 others were rescued, who would probably have perished without the aid of the life-saving crews. Some of these were taken from the water into which they had fallen from piers, wharves, \&c.', and the remainder from isolated cribs, and similar situations, where they were in imminent peril of being swept away by storm-tides and inundations.
In every instance of loss of life a thorough investigation was had, which in each case proved that the life-saving crews were blameless, and the fatality beyond human prevention. The loss of life above stated is smaller, with one exception, than that of any preceding year, notwithstanding the extended scope of the service. The number of persons lost in the year 1880 was but nine. The service then contained, however, but 179 stations, while twenty-four stations have since been added, in localities especially selected on account of their dangerous character.

The assistance rendered in saving vessels and cargoes has been uniusually large, 366 having been aided in getting afloat when stranded; repaired when damaged, piloted out of dangerous places, and otherwise. assisted by the life-saving crews. This number is larger than in any previous year except the last preceding.
There were besides 204 instances where vessels running into danger of stranding in the night were warned off by the signals of the patrols, most of them thus being probably saved from partial or total loss.
The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year was $\$ 828,474.43$.

Since the date of the last report a station has been established and put in operation at the mouth of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior ShipCanal, Michigan, and three others, one on Morris Island, South Carolina, one at Jupiter Inlet, and one on Santa Rosa Island, Florida, have been built and will soon be put in commission. On the latter coast three houses of refuge have also been built, and two others are in process of construction. There are, besides, under contract for construction a station at Frankfort, one at Pent Water, one at White River, one at Holland, one at South Haven, Michigan, and one at Sturgeon Bay Canal, Wisconsin. Two stations have also been rebuilt, one at Bay Head and the other at Atlantic City, both on the coast of New Jersey; and extensive repairs and improvements have been made to several stations on various parts of the coast. The wise requirement of section 2673 F-IV

10, chapter 117, Laws of 1882, "that the appointment of district superintendents, inspectors, and keepers, and crews of life-saving stations, shall be made solely.with reference to their fitness, and without reference to their political or party affiliation," tends to secure men best fitted for the exceptional duties of the service, and assures them of retention regardless of party conflicts.

## MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

The Supervising Surgeon-General reports that during the fiscal year ended June $30,1885,41,714$ patients received relief, 12,803 were treated in hospitals, and 28,911 at the dispensaries; 280,406 days' relief in hospitals were furnished.

The receipts from all sources were $\$ 396,852.59$, and the expenditures $\$ 401,543.03$. This does not include the expenses for "Alterations and repairs to hospital buildings, $\$ 20,000$," "Fuel, light, and water, $\$ 32,000$," "Furniture and repairs to furniture, $\$ 15,000$," which were paid for out of special appropriations.
An estimated deficiency was submitted to Congress for an appropriaation amounting to $\$ 140,000$. This estimate was based on the collections of tonnage-tax up to the time of submitting the estimate, but it appeared that in the latter half of the year the tonnage-dues largely increased, owing to the taking out of documents at the beginning of the season of narigation. The appropriation, therefore, has proved to be $\$ 98,000$ more than was necessary for the needs of the year. This balance remains unexpended, and will, under the operation of the statutes, be covered into the Treasury in due course. It is estimated that the deficiency in the tonnage-tax will this year amount to $\$ 42,000$, and that amount will be requested.
In addition to supplies furnished to the Marine-Hospital Service in general, the vessels of the Revenue-Marine Service and the various quarantine stations have also been supplied from the purveying division of the bureau, and reimbursement made from the appropriation for those services. Two examining boards were convened during the year for the examination of applicants for admission into the service, and five candidates who passed the examination successfully were appointed assistant surgeons, taking rank in the order of merit in each class.
This "merit system" has been followed since 1873, and has brought into the service professional qualifications of high order. The number of medical officers is still inadequate for the necessities of the service.

The country has been spared an epidemic, notwithstanding the gloomy outlook of the last year, and the quarantine service of the United States has been continued under the management of this bureau as for
the past three years. Additional interest is given to its operations by reason of the extensive epidemic of cholera in Spain and France, and more recently to the outbreak of a severe epidemic of small-pox in Canada.

Aid has been furnished to the State of Michigan, upon the request of the governor, by the appointment of sanitary inspectors, to prevent as far as possible the introduction of small-pox into that State. The aid ceased September 18, when the State appropriation became available. Similar service is now maintained on the border in aid of the States of Maine, Vermont, and New York, in accordance with applications made by the governors of those States.

Yellow-fever appeared on the west coast of Mexico with the same malignancy as last year, and greatly devastated the towns and villages in the country adjacent to Guaymas and Hermosillo. An inspector has been appointed to board the trains coming into Arizona at the border.

The recommendations of the Surgeon-General in regard to the establishment of a hospital at the port of New York, the construction of suitable warehouses and quarantine buildings, and for the enactment of a statute in regard to the appointment of medical officers, are concurred in, and the zeal and efficiency of the officers of the service are commended.
$\cdots$ The annual report of the Supervising Surgeon-General, giving the operations of the service in detail, is herewith transmitted.

## STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE.

The personnel of the Steamboat-Inspection Service on the 30th of June, 1885, was composed of one hundred and forty-eight officers, clerks, and messengers, as follows: One Supervising Inspector-General, ten supervising inspectors, thirty-six local inspectors of hulls, thirty-seven local inspectors of boilers, eight assistant inspectors of hulls, eleven assistant inspectors of boilers, one assistant inspector for the examination of life-preservers, sixteen special inspectors of foreign steam-vessels, four clerks to Supervising Inspector-General, twenty clerks to local boards, two clerks to special inspectors of foreign steam-vessels, one clerk and messenger attached to the office of the supervising inspector at New York, one messenger, office Supervising Inspector-General.

The offices of Supervising Inspector-General, supervising and local inspectors of steam-vessels, are organized under the act of Congress, approved February 28, 1871, now Title 52, Revised Statutes.

The'special inspectors of foreign steam-vessels are organized under the act of Congress amending section 4400, Title 52, Revised Statutes, approved August 7, 1882.

Statistics of this service for the last fiscal year.

|  | Divisions. | Steamers inspected. | Tonnage. | Officers licensed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pacific coast. |  | 404 | 114, 430.72 | 1,777 |
| Atlantic coast. |  | 2,531 | 450,667.45 | 10,220 |
| Western rivers. |  | 944 | 183,657.64 | 5,544 |
| Northern lakes |  | 1,365 | - 292,837.66 | 5,509 |
| Gulf coast. |  | 394 | 56,772. 18 | 2,185 |
| Total. |  | 5,638 | 1,098; 365.65 | 25, 235 |

Increase in number of vessels inspected. ..... 185
Increase in tonnage. ..... $25,014.15$
Increase in number of officers licensed ..... 387
Receipts.
From inspection of steam-vessels. ..... \$98, 85135
From sales of licenses. ..... 12,61750
Total. ..... 111, 46885
Expenses.
Salaries of inspectors and clerks. ..... $\$ 207,30000$
Travelling and miscellaneous expenses ..... 42,15322
Marshal and witness fees ..... 68495
Refund, excess of inspection-fees collected ..... 15290
Total. ..... 250,29107
Excess of expenditures over receipts ..... $\$ 138,82222$
Unexpended balance in the Treasury standing to the creditof the Steamboat-Inspection Service June 30, 1885.$\$ 433,44448$- Accidents rcsulting in loss of life, and number of lives lost during the fiscal year.

Number of lives lost in 1884 ..... 271
Decrease in 1885 ..... 138

Inspection of foreign steam passenger-vessels, under the act of Congress
approved August 7, 1882.
At New York, (including one inspection on the lakes)................. 117
At Boston, (including ten inspections at Portland, Me.)............... 25
At Philadelphia, (including forty-seven inspections on the lakes)... 54
At Baltimore .......................................................................... 13
At New Orleans.......................................................................... 13
At San Francisco..................................................................... . 5
Total................................................................................. 227
Increase in number of vessels inspected....................................... . 5
The expenses for this service have been as follows:
For salaries \$34, 61302
For contingent expenses 2,028 61

Total expenses
.36,641 63
Since the close of the fiscal year, reductions have been made in the force of inspectors of foreign steam-vessels, by which the expenses of that service will be reduced $\$ 17,000$ per annum, or 50 per cent. of the whole salary expense of that service, without in any manner affecting its general efficiency.

The loss of life on steam-vessels for the fiscal year is believed to be the minimum loss yet recorded, and is but one to each forty-three steamvessels inspected, as against one to each three steamers inspected in 1851, the year previous to the enactment of the steamboat law of 1852.

The number of passengers carried during the last fiscal year approximated $600,000,000$, as against about 300,000 in 1852.

The present steamboat laws are believed to be all that is required to protect the travelling public from the dangers of steam navigation.

The attention of Congress is, however, called to the advisability of modifying the provisions of section 4405, Title 52, Revised•Statutes, which require the Board of Supervising Inspectors to meet annually in the city of Washington, D. C., for the purpose of making rules and regulations for the inspection service.

The result of such compulsory annual meeting is a constant change of the rules, which changes are often hastily considered and frequently impracticable; causing the Department much additional correspondence in explanation thereof, besides keeping the steamboat interests of the country in a constant state of uncertainty as to the rules and regulations which are to govern them. All the objects of the steamboat laws could be fully accomplished by leaving the time and place of meeting of the board to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is therefore recommended that section 4405, Revised Statutes, be amended by striking therefrom the following words where they occur, beginning in the second line and ending in the fourth line thereof, namely : "Once in each year, at the city of Washington, District of Columbia, on the third Wednesday in Jannary, and," also striking out the word "other," after the word "such," in the fourth line, so that the section shall read, when amended, as follows: "The supervising inspectors and the Supervising Inspector-General shall assemble as a board, at such times as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, for joint consultation," \&c.

## THE LIGHT-HOUSE SERVICE.

The Light-House Board reports the changes in aids to navigation shown in the following table:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 30 ; \\ & 1885 . \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { crease. }}{\text { In- }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light-houses, light-ships, and atake-lights, including those on the | 1,848 | 945 | 97 |
| New lights of all kinds, established during the year............................................................................ | 1, 20 | 99 | 77 |
| Lights discontinued during the year... | 2 | 2 |  |
| Steam and hot-air fog-signals........... | 67 | 71 | 4 |
| Whistling buoys in position.... | 34 | 34 |  |
| Bell buoys in position.......... | 29 | , 33 | 4 |
| Lighted buoys in position | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Other buoys in position.... | 3,471 | 3,710 | 239 |

The Light-House Board exhibited models, samples, and drawings of the aids to navigation used in the United States, at the Cincinnati Industrial Exhibition and at the New Orleans Cotton Exposition. From the former it received a gold medal and diploma.

Owing to the insufficiency of the appropriation, the important work of building the light-station at Northwest Seal Rock, Cal., has been delayed.

The substitution of mineral for lard oil in light-stations throughout the United States, necessitates special provision for its safe storage, and an appropriation for this purpose is recommended.

Attention is called to the inconvenience to which the Light-House Board is subjected, on account of the restricted room it has for offices, and to its need of a special building for its museum, its laboratory, its archives, and its offices.

The board has succeeded in clothing the light-keepers, the officers and crews of the light-ships, and of the light-house tenders, a personnel somewhat over 1,600 in number, in a neat, appropriate, and economical uniform.

Attention is called to the board's statement of the need of additional legislation to enable it to divide two of the light-house districts, that the aids to navigation within them may receive increased supervision.

It appears that several new steam-tenders are needed, to take the - place of those worn-out in the service. They are necessary to the careful inspection of lights and buoys, and to the prompt supply of such things as are needed to keep up their efficiency. The high standard of the Light-House Service is owing largely to the wo $k$ which has worn out the old vessels; and makes it necessary for the board to ask for new tenders.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.
The work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey has been carried on within the boundaries or off the coasts of thirty-two States, two Territories, and in the District of Columbia. Increased efforts have been made to insure the éarly and economical publication of the results of field-work in the form of maps and charts.
Twenty-seven new charts were published, sixteen of which were photolithographs. Distribution was made of 28,905 copies of charts. Of this number 10,740 were for the use of the Executive Departments, and 1,423 for members of Congress. Tide-tables, predicting the tides for 1886, for the ports on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, have been published. A new subdivision of the Atlantic Local Coast Pilot is ready for issue, and a new edition of the Pacific Coast Pilot is in active preparation. Of the annual reports, upwards of 2,400 copies were distributed.
In the course of the hydrographic operations, some important developments were made of dangers to navigation in leading highways of commerce, notably in Vineyard and Long Island sounds and in East river, New York. Mariners were warned of thesedangers by notices, promptly published and freely distributed. Work in important localities has made progress commensurate with the means afforded by Congress. Resurveys, demanded by natural and artificial changes, and called for by commercial bodies, have had special attention. Those of Long Island sound and Delaware bay are advancing towards completion. A resurvey of New York bay and harbor has been begun.
The transcontinental geodetic work, intended to unite the survey of the Atlantic coast with that of the Pacific, and the trigonometrical surveys in the interior States, carried on under authority of the act of March 3, 1871, are gradually forming an exact skeleton or framework, by means of which accurate base-lines are afforded for detailed State surveys, by which the construction of accurate State maps is rendered possible, and by which the lines of the public-land surveys can be checked in position and direction.

## PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

During the last year, work has been in progress upon forty-nine buildings, under the direction of the Supervising Architect.

Congress at its last session authorized the erection of, and made appropriation for, thirty-one new buildings, in various parts of the country, making, practically, eighty new buildings, ranging in cost of construction from $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 1,500,000$, upon which preparatory or active work of construction has been prosecuted. The total expenditures during the year upon new buildings, including sites, aggregate $\$ 2,438,709.94$; for repairs and preservation of public buildings, $\$ 175,004.39$; for heating apparatus and repairs to same, elevators, vaults, safes, locks, storage of silver dollars, \&cc., $\$ 199,860.74$.

After a careful consideration of the present method of authorizing the construction of public buildings by this Department and of making appropriations therefor, I am convinced that a much more satisfactory systern can be devised. The recommendations contained in the report of the Supervising Architect are worthy of careful consideration by Congress. The importance of prompt and careful legislation upon the subject is manifest, in view of the large number of new public buildings now authorized.

## HALL OF RECORDS.

Attention is earnestly called to the necessity for the construction of a fire-proof building suitable for the storage of the files and records of the several Departments, the accumulation of which is so great and the accommodations therefor so limited that they are now largely stored in unsafe and almost inaccessible places. These papers and records, many of them of great importance and value, often being the only evidence to protect the Government against claims, are constantly liable to mutilation and lioss.
The act approved August 7, 1882, directed the Supervising Architect of this Department to report to Congress, through the Secretary of the Treasury, first, a suitable plat of ground for such a building; and second, the probable cost, with plans and specifications. In compliance with this act, plans and specifications were prepared by the Supervising Architect, and transmitted to Congress with his report by my predecessor, January 17, 1883.
In reviewing the reports of my predecessors in office, I find that the attention of Congress has been repeatedly called to the necessity for the construction of such a building of sufficient capacity to meet the wants of the several Departments. In my judgment, Congress should make provision for its erection at the earliest possible date.

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The net expenditures on account of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1885 were $\$ 3,499,650.95$. The revenues deposited in the Treasury on this account for the same period, were $\$ 1,929,298.11$.

- Since December 1, 1884, there has been retired through the operation of the sinking-fund $\$ 20,750$ of the bonded indebtedness of the District, reducing the amount annually required for interest $\$ 770.87$.
Since the duties of the commissioners of thesinking-fund of the District of Columbia were devolved on the Treasurer of the United States by the act of Congress of June 11, 1878, (20 Stats., 106,) there has been retired $\$ 1,660,800$ of the funded debt, causing a reduction in the annual interest charge of $\$ 97,057.09$.

The amount realized from the sale of the bonds, in which the 10 per cent. retained from contractors in the District of Columbia was invested, as required by the act of June 11, 1878, has exceeded the sum necessary to pay the amounts originally withheld, owing to the advance in the securities in which the investments were made. Under the act of February 25,1885 , the surplus has been covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, to the credit of the United States and District of Columbia in equal parts.

Detailed information in regard to the affairs of the District of Columbia will be found in the reports to be submitted by the District Commissioners, and by the Treasurer of the United States as ex-officio commissioner of the sinking-fund of the District.

## STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

The necessity for a general statute of limitation upon the presentation of demands against the United States, becomes every year more apparent.
The policy of all enlightened nations protects the individual against demands set up under cover of obscurity created by lapse of time. But the Government has even more need of such protection. Usually the individual has such personal knowledge of his business as will warn him against unjust claims, and guide him to the evidence which may protect him.
The vast business of the Government is carried on entirely through agents, and many causes tend to produce frequent changes among them. Even when an ex-officer can be reached, his memory is likely to be imperfect in respect to some long past transaction which was only one among a great number within his supervision, and many ex-officers, in view
of the multitude of inquiries addressed them, have been compelled to decline the unremunerated task of researches in their retained papers. The Government is a debtor always to be found, and ever ready to pay its debts; and long delay ought to raise a presumption, as readily in its favor as in favor of an individual, against the justice of a demand.

The several reports of the heads of offices and bureans are herewith transmitted.

DANIEL MANNING,
Secretary of the Treasury.
The Honorable
The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

## tables accompanying the report on the finances.

## 

LIX

TAREE A.-STATEMENT of OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT' of the UNITED STATES on the 1st of January of each year from 1791 to 1843, inclùive, and on the 1 st of July of each year from 1843 to 1885, inclusive.

| Year. | Amount. | Year. | Amount. * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 1, 1791. | \$75, 463, 47652 | Jan. 1, 1839. | \$10,434, 22114 |
| 1792. | 77, 227, 92466 | 1840 | 3, 573, 34382 |
| 1793. | 80, 352, 63404 | 1841 | 5, 250, 87554 |
| 1794. | 78, 427. 40477 | 1842 | 13, $\mathbf{5 9 4}$, 48073 |
| 1795. | 80, 747, 58739 | 1843 | 20, 601, 22628 |
| 1796. | 83, 762, 17207 | July 1, 1843. | 32, 742, 922 (0 |
| 1797. | 82, 064, 47933 | 1844. | 23, 461,65251 |
| 1798. | 79, 228, $529 \cdot 12$ | 1845. | 15. 925,303 el |
| 1799. | 78, 408, 66977 | 1846 | 15, 550, 20297 |
| 1800 | 82, 976, 29435 | 1847 | 38,826, 53477 |
| 1801. | 83, 038, 05080 | 1848 | 47, 044, 86: 23 |
| 1802. | 80, 71.2, 63225 | 1849. | 63, 061, 858869 |
| 1803. | 77, 054, 686. 30 | 1850 | 63, 452, 77355 |
| 1804 | 86, 427, 12088 | 1851 | $68,304,79602$ |
| 1805 | 82, 312, 15050 | 1852 | 66, 199, 34171 |
| 1806 | 75, 723, 27066 | 1853. | 59, 803, 11770 |
| 1807. | 69, 218, 39864 | 1854. | 42, 242, 22242 |
| 1808. | 65, 196, 31797 | 1855 | 35, 586, 95656 |
| 1809 | 57, 023, 19209 | 1836 | 31, 972, 53790 |
| 1810 | 53, 173, 217.52 | 1857. | 28, 699, 83185 |
| 1811. | 48, 005, 587776 | 1858. | 44, 911, 88103 |
| 1812. | 45, 209, 737.90 | 1859 | 58, 496, 837788 |
| 1813 | 55, 962, 82757 | 1860 | 64, 842, 2877,88 |
| 1814. | 81, 487, 81624 | 1861. | 90, 580, 87372 |
| 1815. | 99, 833, 66015 | 1862. | 524, 176, 41213 |
| 1816. | 127, 334, 93374 | 1863. | 1, 119, 772, 138.63 |
| 1817 | 123,491, 96516 | 1864. | 1, 815, 784, 37057 |
| 1818. | 103,466,633 83 | 1865 | 2, 680, 647, 86974 |
| 1819. | $95,529,64828$ | 1860. | 2,773, 236, 17369 |
| 1820. | 91, 015,56615 | 1867. | 2, 678, 126, 10387 |
| 1821. | 89, 987, 42766 | 1868. | 2, $611,687,85119$ |
| 1822. | 93, 546, 67698 | 1869 | 2, 588, 452, 21394 |
| 1823. | 90, 875, 87728 | 1870 | 2,480, 672, 42781 |
| 1824 | 90, 269, 77777 | 1871. | 2, 353, 211, 33232. |
| 1825 | 83, 788, 43271 | 1872. | 2, 253, 251, 328 78 |
| 1826. | 81,054, 05999 | 1873 | *2, 234, 482, 99320 |
| 1827. | 73, 987, 35720 | 1874. | *2, 251, 690, 46843 |
| 1828. | 67, 475, 04387 | 1875 | *2, 232, 284, 53195 |
| 1829. | 58, 421, 41367 | 1876. | *2, 180, 395, 067 15 |
| 1830 | 48,565, 40650 | 1877. | -2, 205, 301, 39210 |
| 1831. | 39, 123, 19168 | 1878. | *2, 256, 205, 892 53 |
| 1832. | 24, 322, 23518 | 1879 | *2, 349, 567, 48204 |
| 1833 | 7, 001,69883 | 1880. | *2, 120, 415, 37063 |
| 1834 | 4, 760,082 08 | 1881. | *2, 069, 013, 569 58 |
| 1835 | 37,733 05 | 1882 | *1, 018, 312,994 03 |
| 1836 | 37,513 05 | 1883 | *1, 884, 171, 72807 |
| 1837. | 336,957 83 | 1884. | *1, 830, 528, 92357 |
| 1838. | 3, 308, 12407 | 1885 | +1, 876, 424, 27514 |

*In the amount here stated as the outstanding principal of the public debt are included the certificates of deposit outstanding on the 30th of June, issued under act of June 8, 1872, for which a like amount in United States notes was on special depositin the Treasury for their redemption, and added to the cash balance in the Treasury. These certificates, as a matter of accounts, are treated as a part of the public debt, bat beince offset by notes held on deposit for their redemption, should properly be deducted from the principal of the public debt in making comparison with former years.
$\dagger$ Exelusive of gold, silver, and currency certificates amounting to $\$ 52,164,110$ held in the Treasurer's cash and inclading $\$ 64,623,512$ bonds issued to the several Pacitic railroads.

TABLE B.-STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES, JUne 30, 1885.


TABLE B.—STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the POBLIC DEBT, ge.-Continued.


## SEVEN.THIRTIES OF 1861.

Act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259)

## FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1862.

Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statntes, 345 ) ; March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13), and January 28, 1865 (13 Statuties, 425).

## , LEGAL:TENDER NOTES

The act of Fobruary 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345), anthorized the issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ United States notes, notbearing interest, payable to bearer at the Treasury of the United States, and of such clenominations, not less than five dollars, as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, $\$ 50,000,000$ to be applied to the redemption of demand
notes anthorized by the act of July 17, 1861: these notes to be alegal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except.duties on imports and interest on the public debt, and to be exchangeable for six per cent. United States bonds. The act of July 11, 1862 ( 12 Statutes, 532), authorized an additional issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ of such denominations as the Secretary of the Treasary might deem expertient, but no such note should be for a fractiona part of a dollar, and not more than $\$ 35,000,000$ of a lower denomination than five dollars; these notes to be a legal tender as before authorized. The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), authorized an additional issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ of such denominations, not less than one dollar, as the Secretary of the Treasury might prescribe; which notes were made a legal tender as beforo anthorized. The same act limited the time in which Treasury notes might be exchanged for Uniter States bonds to July 1,1863 . The anoount of notes author ized by this act were to be in lien of $\$ 100,000,000$ anthorized by the resolution of January 17, 1863 (12 Statutes, 82:).

> TEMPORARY LOAN.

Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutea, 346), March 17, 1862 (12 Stattes 370) July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), and June 30, 1864 (13 Stat utes, 218).

## CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTRDNESS.

Acts of March 1, 1862 (12 Statutes. 352), May 17, 1862 (12 Statute8, 370), and March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).

## FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

Acts of July 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 592), March 3, 1863 (12 Statates, 711), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 220).


TABLE B:-STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRLNCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, fc.-Continued.

toe Nary to invest in registered securities of the United States so much of the Navy pension fund in the Treasury January 1 and July in each year as would not be required for the payment of naval the interest on this fund at 3 per centum per annum in law ful moner and confined its nse to the payment of naval pensions exclusively.

$$
\text { - FIVE.TWENTLES OF } 1865 .
$$

Acts of March .3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Stat. ntes, 31).

$$
\text { CONSOLS OF } 1865
$$

Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).

$$
\text { CONSOLS OF } 1867
$$

Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statntes, 31).

$$
\text { CONSOLS OF } 1868
$$

Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).
THREE-PER-CENT. CERTIFICATES.

Acts of March 2, 1867 (14 Statutes, 558), and July 25, 1868 (15 Statutes, 183).

- FIVE-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1881.

The act of January 14,1875 ( 18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplas revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), to the extent necessary for the redemption of fractional currency in silver coins of the denominations of ten, twentyfive, and fifty cents of standard value.
The act of March 3,1875 ( 18 Statutes, 466 ), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds of the character and description set out in the act of:July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), to James IS. Eads or his legal representatives in papmont at par of the warrants of the Secretary of War for the construction of jetities and auxiliary works to Mississippi River and the Gulf of-Mexice unless Congrese shall Misve prepiouly provided for the parment of the same by the neces have previously provided for the payment of the same. by the neces sary appropriation of money.
j


TABHE R.—STATENIENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, \& B .-Continued.

valne, at the pleasure of the United States Govennment, after thirty sears; Whese bouts to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or ander State, , municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. Tbis act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than parin coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redenption of outstanding $5-20$ 's, or to be exchanged for said 5.20 s par for par'. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made n numped notice of intention to redeem. See Refunding Certificates, page 36 .

## FOUR.AND.ONE-HALF.PER.CEN'S. LOAN OF 1891. (RESUMP.

 TION.)The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), anthorizes the Secretary of the 'reasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury uot otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, United States described in the act of July 141870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and atter Jainuary 1879 in, coin at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York the outstanding United States legal-tender notes when pre sented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.

> FOUR.PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1907. (RESUMPTION.)

The act of January 14, 1875 ( 18 Statutes, 296), anthorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, the United States described in the act of July 14.1870 (16 Statates, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1.1879 , in coin, at the oflice of ine assistant treasurer of the Tnited States in New York, the outstanding United States legal.tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.
The act of June 8, 1872 (17 Statutes, 336), authorizes the deposit of United States notes without interest by banking associationsin sums not less than $\$ 10,000$, and the issre of certificates therefor in denominations of not less than $\$ 5,000$; which certificates shall be pajable on demand in United States notes at the place where the deposits were made. It prorides that the notes so deposited in the Treasury shall not be counted as a part of the lecal reserve, but that the certificates issued therefor may be held and counted by the national banks as part of their legal reserce, and may be accepted in the - gettlementof clearing. house balances, at the place where the deposits therefor were made, and that the United states notes for which such certificates were issued or other United States notes of like fimount, shall be held as special deposits in the Treasury, and used only for the redemption of such certificates.


TABEE B.-STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, \&-Continued.

| ' . | Length of loan. | When redeemable. | Rates of interest. | Price at which sold. | Amonnt anthorized. | Amount issued. | Amonnt outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - SILYER CERTIFICATES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The act of February 28,1878 ( 20 Statutes, 26, sec. 3), provides that any | Indefinite... | On demand... | None ....... | Pàr..... | No limit ...... |  | \$139, 901, 616 60 |
| holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than ten dollars and receive therefor certificates of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations |  | 。 |  |  |  |  | , |
| of the United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| REFUNDING CERTIFICATES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The act of February 26, 1879 (20 Statutes, 321) authorizes the Secre- | Indeflnito... | Convertiblein- | 4 per cent... | Par..... | No limit . | \$40, 012, 75000 | 240, 60000 |
| tary of the Treasury to issue, in exchange for lawful money of the |  | to 4 per cent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States, certificates of deposit, of the denomination of ten dollars, bearing interest at the rate of four per centom per annum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and convertible at any time, with accrued interest, into the four per to be applied only to the payment of the bonds bearing interest at a rate not less than five per centum, in the mode prescribed loy said act. |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| FUNDED LOAN OF 1881, CONTINUED AT THREE AND ONEHalf PER CENT. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| These bonds were issued in exchange for five per cent. bonds of the | Indefinite... | At pleasare of | 34 per cent. . | Par. |  |  | 302, 70000 |
| funded loan of 1881, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasary and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government. |  | the Government. |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOAN OF JULY 12, 1882. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| These honds were issued in exchange for the five and six per cent. bonds which had been previously continued at three and one-half | Indefinite... | At pleasure of the Govern- | 3 per cent... | Par. |  |  | 195, 436, 80000 |
| per cent., by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the ireas. ury and the holders, aud were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government. |  | ment. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | . |  | *1,863,964,873 14 |

[^2]TABLE C. $-A N A L Y S I S$ of the PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES, from July 1, 1856 , to July 1, 1885.

| Year. | 3 per cents. | 32 per cents. | 4 per cents. | 41 per cents. | 5 per cents. | 6 per cents. | $73-10$ per cents. | Total interestbearing debt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1856. |  |  |  |  | \$3, 632, 00000 | \$28, 130, 76177 |  | \$31, 762, 76177 |
| 1857 |  |  |  |  | 3, 489, 00000 | 24, 971, 95893 |  | 28, 460, 95893 |
| 1858 |  |  |  |  | 23, 538, 000 CO | 21, 162, 83811 |  | 44,700, 83811 |
| 1859 |  |  |  |  | $37,127,80000^{7}$ | 21, 162, 93811 |  | $58,290,73811{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 1860 |  |  |  |  | 43, 476, 30000 | 21, 164, 53811 |  | 64, 640, 83811. |
| 1261 |  |  |  |  | 33, 022, 20000 | 57, 358, 67395 |  | 90, 380, 87395 |
| 1862. |  |  | \$57, 926, 11657 |  | 30, 483, 00000 | 154, 313, 22501 | \$122, 582, 48534 | $365,304,82692$ |
| 1863. |  |  | 105, 629, 38530 |  | 80, 483, 00000 | 431, 444, 81383 | - 139, 974, 435 34 | 707;531, 63447 |
| 1864 |  |  | 77, 547, 69607 |  | $300,213,48000$ | 842, 882, 65209 | 139, 286, 93534 | 1,359,930, 76350 |
| 1885. |  |  | $90,490,93074$ |  | 245, 709,42063 | 1,213,495, 16940 | 671, 610,397 02 | 2,221,311,918 29 |
| 1865-A ugust 31 |  |  | 618, 12798 |  | 269,175, 72765 | 1, 281, 736, 43933 | $830,000,00000$ | 2, 381, 530,29496 |
| 1886. |  |  | \21, 341,87962 |  | 201, 982, 66501 | 1, 195, 546, 04102 | $813,460,62195$ | 2, 332, 331, 20760 |
| 1867 |  |  | 17, 737, 02568 |  | 198, 533, 43501 | 1,543, 452, 080-02 | 488, 344, 84695 | 2, 248, 067, 38766 |
| 1868 | \$64, 000, 00000 |  | 801,361 23 |  | 221, 586, 18501 | 1, 878, 303, 98450 | 37, 397, 19695. | t2, 202, 088, 72769 |
| 1869. | $66,125,00000$ | ................ |  |  | 221, 588, 30000 | 1, 874, 347, 22239. |  | 2, 162, 060, 52239 |
| 1870 | 59, 550, 00000 |  |  |  | 221, 588, 30000 | 1, 765, 317, 42239 |  | 2, 046, 455, 72239 |
| 1871. | 45, 885, 00000 |  | 678,000 00 |  | 274, 236, 45000 | 1, $1,613,897,30000$ |  | 1, 934, 696, 75000 |
| 1872. | 24, 665, 00000 |  | 678,000 00 |  | 414, 567, 30000 | 1, $374,883,80000$ |  | 1, 814, 794, 10000 |
| 1873 | 14,000, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | 414,567, 30000 | 1, 281, 238, 65000 |  | 1, 710, 483, 95000 |
| 1874 | 14,000, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | $510,628,05000$ | 1, 213, 624, 70000 |  | 1, 738, 930,75000 |
| 1875 | 14, 000, 00000 | .................. | 678,000 00 |  | 607, 132, 75000. | 1, 100, 865, 55000 |  | 1, 722, 676, 30000 |
| 1876 | 14,000, 00000 | ................... |  |  | 711, 685, 80000 | 984, 999, 65000 |  | 1, 710, 685, 45000 |
| 1877 | 14,000, 00000 |  |  | \$140, 000, 00000 | 703, 266, 65000 | 854, 621, 85000 |  | 1, 711, 888, 50000 |
| 1878 | 14,000, 00000 |  | 98, 850, 00000 | 240, 000, 00000 | 703, 266, 650 C0 | 738, 619, 00000 |  | 1, 794, 735, 65000 |
| 1879 | 14,000, 00000 |  | 741, 522, 00000 | 250, 000, 00000 | 508, 440, 35000 | 283, 681, 35000 |  | 1, 797, 643, 70000 |
| 1880 | $14,000,00000$ |  | 739, 347, 80000 | 250, 000, 00000 | 484, 864, 90000 | 235, 780, 400 00 |  | 1, 723, 993, 10000 |
| 1881 | 14, 000, 00000 |  | 739, 347, 80000 | 250, 000, 00000 | 439, 841, 35000 | 196, 378, 60000 |  | 1, 639, 567, 75000 |
| 1882 | 14,000.000 00 | \$460, 461, 05000 | 739, 349, 35000 | $250,000,00090$ |  |  |  | 1, 463, 810, 40000 |
| 1883 | 318, 204, 35000 | 32, 082, 60000 | 737, 942, 20000 | 250, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 1,338, 229, 15000 |
| 1884. | 238, 612, 15000 |  | 737, 951, 70000 | 250, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 1,220,563, 85000 |
| 1885. | 208, 190, 50000 | ................ | 737, 960, 45000 | 250, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 1, 196, 150, 95000 |

TABEE C. - ANALYSIS of the PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the ONITED STATES, $y$ o.-Continued.

 railway bonds.

No're 2.-Tbe figures for July 1, 1879, were made up assuming pending funding operations to have been completed.


 for the year.
 monnt heiein stated for each jear.

TAEEE B.-STATEMENT of the ISSUE and REDEMPTION of LOANS and TREASURY NOTES (by warrants) for the fiscal year ended June $30,188 \overline{0}$.

|  | Tesues. | Redemptions. | Excess of issues. | Excess of redemptions. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of February, 1861, act of February 8,1801 |  | \$1,000 00 |  | $\$ 1,00000$ |
| Oregon war debt, act of March 2, 1861 |  | 2,800 00 |  | 2,800 00 |
| Loan of Jnly and August, 1861, acts of July 17 and Augnst 5, $1861 \ldots .$. |  | 106, 05000 |  | 106, 05000 |
| Old demand notes, acts July 17 and August 5, 1861, and February 12, 1862. |  | 49000 |  | 48000 |
| Five-twenties of 1862, act of Febraary 25, 1862. |  | ' 19,400 00 |  | 19,400 00 |
| Legal-tender notes, acts of February ' 25 and July 11, 1862, January 7 and |  |  |  |  |
| March 3, 1863...................... | \$84, 493, 15300 | 84, 493, 15300 |  |  |
| Gold, certificates, acts of March 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882 | $63,000,00000$ | 21, 069,520 00 | \$41, 930, 480.00 |  |
| One-year notes of 1863, act of March 3, 1863 |  | 1,380 00 |  | 1,380 00 |
| Two-pear notes of 1863 , act of March $3,1863 .$ |  | 35000 |  | 35000 |
| Compound interest notes, acts of March 3, 1863, and Juae 30, 1864. |  | 4,930 00 |  | 4;930 00 |
| Loan of 1863, acts of March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864. |  | 54,600 00 |  | 54, 60000 |
| Ten-forties of 1864, act of March 3, 1864 |  | 79,600 00 |  | 79,600 00 |
| Five-twenties of Jone, 1864, act of June 30, 1864 |  | 85000 |  | 85000 |
| Seven-thirties of $; 864$ and 1865, acts of <br> Jane 30, 1864, and March 3, $1865 \ldots$ |  | 1,600 00 |  | 1,600 00. |
| Five-twenties. of 1865, act of March 3, 1865 |  | 22, 80000 |  | 22,800 '00 |
| Consols of 1865, act of March 3, 1865.. |  | 48,350 00 |  | 48,350 00 |
| Conspols of 1867, act of March 3, $1865 .$. |  | 74, 10000 |  | 74, 10000 |
| Consols of 1868, act of March 3, 1865.. |  | 10,350 00 |  | 10,350 00 |
| Funded loan of 1881, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, and January 14, 1875 | 。 | 266, 60000 |  | 266, 60000 |
| Certificates of deposit, ant of June 8, 1872 | 56, 565, 00000 | $39,165,00000$ | 17, 400, 00000 |  |
| Silver certificates, act of February $28,1878$ | 41, 080, 00000 | 20,990,045 00 | 20,089,955 00 |  |
| Refunding certificates, act of Febraary 26, 1879 |  | 49,400 00 |  | 49,400 00. |
| Loan of 1882, act of July 12, 1882. |  | 45, 282, 20000 |  | 45,282, 20000 |
| Fractional currency, acts of July 17, 1862, March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864. | - | 15,885 43 | \% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 15, 885, 43 |
| Funded loan of 1907, acts July 14, 1870, January 20, 1871, and Janaary 14, 1875 | 58, 15000 |  | 58, 15000 |  |
| Total | 245, 196, 30300 | 211, 760, 35343 | 79, 478, 58500 | 46, 042,635 43 |
| Excess of issues |  |  |  | 79, 478,585 00 |
| Excess of redemptions................ |  |  |  | 46, 042, 635.43 |
| Net excess of issues charged in re. ceipts and expenditures. |  |  |  | $33,435,94957$ |

TABLE E.-STATEMENT showing the PORCHASE of BONDS on account of the SINKING-FUND during each fiscal year from its instituition in Miay, 1869, to and including June 30, 1885.


JUNE $30,1872$.
Firetwenties of 1862
Five-twenties of March, 1864
Five-twenties of June, 1864.
Five-twenties of 1865
Consols, 1805
Consols, 1867
Consols, 1868
Total
UNE 30̀, 1873.
Five-twenties of 1862.

## - 1864

Five-twenties of March, 1864
Five-twenties of June, 1864
Fire-twenties of June,
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1868
Total.
Fire-twenties of 1862 JUNE 30, 1874
Five-twenties of Jnne
Five-twenties of 1865.
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1867
Total.

## JUNE 30, 1875.

Five-twenties of 1862 JUNE 30, 1876.
Fire-twenties of 1862
Five-twenties of Jane,

Five-twenties of 1865

## Total.

JUNE 30, 1877.
Five-twenties of 1862
Five-twenties of June
Five-twenties of June,
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1867
Total.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


TABCE E.-STATEMENT showing the PORCHASE of BONDS on account of the SINTING-FUND, fc.-Continued.



TABLE F.-STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30, 1885.
, Dr. THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINEING.FUND.


Tuly 1, 1872
Jone 30, 1873
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the pablic debt on June 30, 1872, \$2, 253,251,328.78.
To inters on ramption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$
To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 28,151.900$
To interest on redemption of $18 \%$
To interest on redemptien of $\$ 28,678,000$ amonnt of principal of public debt purchased during fiecal Jea principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year To balance to new account $\qquad$

July 1, 1873
June 30, 1874
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the pablic debt on To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $\$ 12086,450$........... To Interest of 1874 on this account debt purchased during niscal year 1874 on-this account. To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$.
To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$
To interest on redemption of 1871, $\$ 29936,250$
To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$ To interest on redemption of $1874, \$ 12,936,450$ To interest on redemption of $\$ 25,170,400$, amonnt of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1875 on this account
$22,532,513$
521,460
$1,689,114$
00
1, $1,689,11400$
$1,796,17500$ 1, 796, 17500
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { July } & 1,1872 \\ \text { June } 30,1873\end{array}$ June 30, 1873

By balance from last year
By amonnt of principal
ar $\cdot$ purchased, $\$ 28,678,000$, esti By amount of principal parchased, $\$ 28,678,000$, esti-
mated in gold...........................................................
$2,823,89146$
28,457, 56283 392,38545

31, 673, 83974

1,451,58895
12, 872, 85074 16, 222,58628
$\qquad$
$30,852,44793$

By accraed interest on account of redemption in 1875 By balance

TABLE F.-STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND, \&c.-Continued. Dr. THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.

July 1, 1875
June 30, 1876
To. 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30.1875 52 23228453195
 To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151 \cdot 900$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$. To interest on redemption of $1874, \$ 12,936,450$
To interest c:n redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400 \ldots \ldots \ldots$.......
To interest on redemption of $\$ 32,183,488.09$, amount of principal of public debt "paid" auring fiscal year 1876 ou this account

To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on
July. 1, 1876
June 30, 1877 To interest on rcdemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,09$ To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$ To.interest on redemption of 1876, $\$ 32,183,488.09$
To interest on redemption of $\$ 24,498,919.05$, amovint of
principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal Jear principal of public debl par. during niscal jea

To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1877, \$2, 205, 301,392. 10
To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$. To interest on redemption of $1811, \$ 29,936,250$. To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$. To interest on redemption of $1874, \$ 12,936,450$ To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$ To interest on redemption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09$ To interest on redemption of $1877, \$ 24,498,910.05$
To interest on redemption of $\$ 17,012,634.57$, amount of 'principal of publie debt "paid" duriog'fiscal year 1878 ou this account


21, 803, 950 67〔521, 46000 1,689, 11400 1, 796, 17500 $1,720,68000$ $1,720,68000$
776,08700 1,510, 22400 $1,510,2420$
$1,931,00928$

| 24,02625 |
| ---: |
| $33,729,85330$ |


|  | 22, 053, 01392 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 521, 46000 |
|  | 1, 689, 11400 |
|  | 1,796,17500 |
|  | 1, 957, 10700 |
|  | 1, 720,680 00 |
|  | 776, 08700 |
|  | 1, 210,22400 |
|  | 1,931,009 28 |
|  | 1, 489, 93460 |
|  | 4, 19700 |
|  | 35, 429, 00180 |

June 30, 1876

June 30, 1877

By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold. By accrned interest on account of redemption in 1877. By amount of fractional currency. redeemed. By amount of legal tenders redeemed By balance
By amonnt of principal redeemed, estimated in gold. By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1876. By amount of legal tenders redeemed By amonnt of certificates of indebtedness redeeme................ By balance.

$\$ 18,444,05000$ 257, 51791 7, 062, 14209 5,999, 29600 678, 00000 1, 143, 76982

July 1,1878 To 1 per cent. on tbe principal of the public debt on
June 30, 1879

## $$
\mathbf{T}
$$

 To interest or redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots$. To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8 ; 601,000$. To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To intercst on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$. To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,4500$. To interest on rellemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$ To interest on rempon of 1875 , $\$ 5,170,400$ To interest on redemption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09$ To interest on redemption of 1877, $\$ 24,498,910.05$ To interest on redemption of 187, $\$ 24,498,91.05$ To interest on redemption of $\$ 723,662.99$, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year princip thi pabie lebt paid. during nscal year 1879 on this accountTo 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1879, \$2, 349,567,482.04
To balance from tiscal year $1874 \ldots . . . . .$. . $\$ 16,305,42196$ To balance from fiscal year $1875 \ldots . . .{ }^{2} .9,996,03962$ To balance from nscal year 1876... To balance from fiscal year 1877................ $94.3,14682$ To balance from fic... 9. 225, 14663 To balance from fiscal year 1878. $18,415,55731$
$36,231,63287$
To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of 1872, $\$ 32,618,45$ To inter on reap ion 1874,12686 To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$ To interest on redemption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09$ To interest ou redemption of $1877, \$ 24,498,910.05$ To interest on redemption of $1878, \$ 17,012,634.57$ To interest on redemption of 1879, $\$ 723,662.99$. To interest on redemption of $\$ 73.904,617.41$, amount of principal of publio debt "paid" during fiscal year 1880 on this account .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \\
& 10 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \\
& 10 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$ on this account ...............................................

July. 1,1879

## June 30, 1880



18, 50060 $\begin{array}{r}30877 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 705,16299
231,63297 36, 251, 63287

By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold...
By accrued inferest on account of redemption in $1879 .$.
By amonnt of fractional currency redeemed.......... By amount of fractional currency redeemed.
June 30, 1879 By balance $\qquad$


36, 955, 6046
By amount of principal redeemed in 1880
$73,659,90000$ By accrued interest on account of redemption in 1880 .. By amount of premium paid
 By balance.

2, 795,32042


TARLE F.-STATEMENT, showing the CONDITION of the SIFKING-FUND, fc.-Continded.

| July 1,1880 | To balance from last year. | . $\$ 49,817,12878$ | June 30, 1881 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debtion |  |  |
| June 30, 1881 | June 30, 1880, $\$ 2,120,415,370.63 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | $21,204,15371$ 521,46000 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1870, $\$ 28,151,900$ | 1, 689, 11400 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1871, \$29,936,250 | 1,796, 17500 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1872, \$32,618,450 | 1,957, 10700 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1873, \$28,678,000 | 1,720,680 00 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1874, \$12,936,450. | -776,08700 |  |
| . | To interest on redemption of 1875, \$25,170,400 | 1,510, 22400 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1876, \$32,183,488.09 | 1,931, 00928 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1877, \$24,498,910.05 | 1,469, 93460 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1878, \$17,012,634.57 | 1, 020, 75807 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1879, \$723,662.99... | 43,41978 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of 1880, \$73,904, 617.41 ....... | 4, 161, 76204 |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of $\$ 74,480,351.05$, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1881 on this account. | 2,935,731 65 |  |
|  |  | 92, 554, 74491 |  |
| July 1,1881 | To balance from last year Tol per cent. on the principal of the pablic debt on June 30, 1881, \$2,069,013,569.58 | 16, 305, 87347 <br> 20,690, 13570 | June 30, 1882 |
|  |  |  |  |
| June 30, 1882 |  |  |  |
| . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | To interest on redemptions prior to 1882 To interest on redemption of $\$ 60,137.855 .55$, amonnt of principal of public deltt "paid" during fiscal year 1882 on this account $\qquad$ | 1,576,33723 |  |
| $\because$ |  | 61, 211, 20423 |  |
| July 1, 1832 | To balance from last jear To 1 per cent. on the principal of the pablic debt on June 30, 1882, \$1, 918,312,994.03 | 461,30915 | June 30, 1883 |
|  |  | 19, 183,12984 |  |
| June 30, 1883 | To interest on redemptions-prior to 1883 ................. | $24,778,51716$ |  |
|  | To interest on redemption of $\$ 44,897,256.96$, amont of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1883 on this accoant | 1,427, 37890 |  |
|  |  | 45; 850,335 15 |  |




TABLEG.-STATEMENT of THIRTY-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS (interest payable January and July) ISSUED to the several PACIFIC RAILWA Y COMPANIES under the acts of July 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 49之), and July 2, 1864 (13 Statutes, 359).


On July 1, 1877 Central Pacific
Oansas Pacifio
Central Branch Union Pacifo
Werter Pacific
Sionx City and Pacifio.

## On Janusry 1, 1878

Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Central Branch Union Pacific
Western Pacinc Cion

## On July 1, 1878

Central Pacific.
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific
Central Branch Uniou Pacific
Western Pacific
Sionx City and Paciflc

On January 1, 1879:
Central lacific
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific...............................................................................................................................................
Central Branch Union Pacific:
Westerd Pacific
Sions City and Pacific

On July 1, 1879
Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacitic.
Central Branoh Union Pacific.
Western Pacific
Sioux City and Pacific

| 25,885, 12000 | 13, 357, 35847 | 776,553 60 | 14, 133, 91207 | 2, 065,324 01 | 12, 068, 58806 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 3, 671, 16309 | 189,090 00 | 3, 860, 25309 | 1,53i, 680 06 | 2, 328, 57303 |
| 27, 226, 51200 | 14, 335, 61073 | 817, 095.36 | 15, 152, 70609 | 4, 787, 04167 | 10, 365, 66442 |
| 1, 600,000 00 | 925, 80826 | -48,000 00 | 973, 80826 | 58,498 35 | 915,30991 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 899, 730.54 | 59,11680 | 958, 84734 | 9,367 00 | 949, 48034 |
| 1, 628,320.00 | 829, 252. 69 | 48,849 60 | 878,102 29 | 62,57800. | 815,523 49 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 34, 018, 92378 | 1, 938, 70536 | 35, 957, 62914 | $8,514,48989$ | 27, 443, 18925 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 14, 133, 91207 | 776, 55360 | 14,910, 465 '67 | 2, 198,960 71 | 12,711, 504.96 |
| 6,303, 00000 | 3, 860, 253 09 | 189, 09000 | 4, 049, 34309 | 1,532,450 07 | 2,516, 99302 |
| 27,236, 51200 | 15, 152, 706.09 | 817, 09536 | 15, 969, 80145 | 5, 134, 10384 | 10, 835, 69761 |
| . 1, 600, 00000 | 973, 80826 | 48, 00000 | 1, 021, 80826 | 62,998 35 | 958, 80891 |
| 1, 970, 56000 | 958, 84734 | 59, 11680 | 1, 017, 96414 | 9,367 00 | 1, 008,597 14 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 878,102 29 | 48,849 60 | 926, 95189 | 68, 40965 | 858,542 24 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 35, 957, 62914 | 1, 938, 705. 36 | 37, 896, 33450 | 9, 006, 18962 | 28, 890, 14488 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 14, 910, 46567 | 776,553 60 | 15, 687, 01927 | 2,343,659 54 | 13, 343,359 73 |
| $6,303,00000$ | $\stackrel{4}{4}, 049,34309$ | 189, 09000 | 4, 238, 43309 | 1,532,530 42 | 2,705,902 67 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 15, 969, 80145 | 817, 09536 | 16, 786, 89681 | 5,852,870 95 | 10,934, 02586 |
| 1,600,000 00 | 1, 021, 80826 | 48,000 00 | 1, 069, 80826 | -67,498 35 | 1,002, 30991 |
| 1,970;560 00 | 1, 017, 96414 | 59, 11680 | 1, 088, 08094 | 9,367 00 | 1, 067, 71394 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 926,951 89 | 48,849 60 | 975, 80149 | 75,51793 | 900, 2E3 50 |
| 64, 623,512 00 | 37, 896, 33450 | 1, 938,705 36 | 39, 835, 03986 | 9, 881, 44425 | 29, 953, 59361 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 15, 687, 01927 | 776,553 60 | 16,463, 57287 | - 2, 516, 74286 | 13, 946, 83001 |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 4,238, 43309 | 189, 08000 | 4, 427, 52309 | - 1, 744,683 89 | 2,682, 82920 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 16,786, 89681 | 817,095 36 | 17, 603, 99217 | $6,145,21486$ | 11,458,777 31 |
| 1,600,000 00 | 1, 069,808 26 | 48,000 00 | 1, 117,808 26 | 71, 445 54 | 1, 046, 362 72 |
| , 1, 970, 56000 | 1, 077,080 94 | 59, 11680 | 1, 136, 19774 | 9,367 00 | 1, 126,830 74 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 975, 80149 | 48,849 60 | 1,024,651 09 | 83, 64856 | 941, 00253 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 39, 835, 03986 | 1,938, 70536 | 41, 773, 74522 | 10,571, 10271 | 31, 202, 642 51 |
| $25,885,12000$ | 16, 463, 57287 | 776,553 60 | 17,240, 12647 | 2,771,419 23 | 14,468,707 24 |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 4, 427, 52309 | 189, 09000 | 4, 616, 61309 | 2,384, 91055 | 2,291, 70254 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 17, 603, 98217 | 817, 09536 | 18,421, 08753 | 7, 325, 46649 | 11, 095, 62104 |
| 1, 600, 00000 | 1, 117, 80826 | 48,00000 | - 1, 165, 80826 | 73,14273 | 1, 092, 665 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 1, 136, 19774 | 59, 11680 | 1, 105, 31454 | 9,367 00 | 1, 185, 94754 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 1, 024,651 09 | 48,849 60 | 1,073, 00069 | 91, 74739 | 981, 75330 |
| 64, 623,512 00 | 41,773, 74522 | 1,938,705 36 | 43,712,450 58 | 12,596, 05339 | 31, 116, 397.19 |

TABLE.G.-STATEMENT of THIRTF-TEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, fo.-Continued.


On July 1. 1881
Central Pacific ...
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific
Central Branch Union Pacifio

Sioux City and Pacific.

On January 1, 1882 :
Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Union I'acific

Western Pacific ........
Sioux City and Pacific

On July 1, 1882 :
Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Contral Branch
Central Branch Onion Pacific
Sioux City and Pa

On January 1, 1883 :
Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific
Central Branch Union Pacific
Western Pacific
Sioux City and Pacific

On July 1, 1883
Central Pacitic
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific.
Union
Western Pacific
Sioux City and Pacific

| 25, 885, 12000 | 19, 569, 78727 | 776, 55360 | 20,346, 34087 | 3,496,942 83 | 16,849, 39804 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6, 303, $000 \cdot 00$ | 5, 183, 88309 | 189, 09000 | 5, 372, 97309 | 2,565,443 44 | 2, 807, 52965 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 20, 872, 37361 | 817, 09536 | 21, 689, 46897 | 8, 135,878 56 | 13, 553, 59041 |
| 1, 600, 00000 | 1, 309, 80820 | 48, 00000 | 1, 357, 80826 | 93,515 38 | 1, 264, 29288 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 1,372, 66494 | 59, 11680 | 1, 431,781 74 | 9,366700 | 1,422, 41474 |
| 1,628,320 00 | 1, 220,049 49 | 48,849 60 | 1,268, 899\% 09 | 124,979 14 | 1,143, 91995 |
| 64, 623, 512 00. | 49, 528, 56666 | 1, 938, 70536 | . 51, 467, 27202 | 14, 426, 12635 | 37, 041, 14567 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 20, 346, 34087 | 776,553 60 | 21, 122, 89447 | $3,600,92051$ | 17,52t, 97396 |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 5,372, 97309 | 189, 090 00 | $5,562,06309$ | 2,625,289 51 | 2,936, 77358 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 21, 689, 46897 | 817, 09536 | 22.506,564 33 | 8, 227, 29470 | 14,279, 26963 |
| 1, 600, 00000 | 1, 357, 80826 | 48,000 00 | 1, 405, 808.26 | 109,032 06 | 1, 296,776 20 |
| 1,970, 56000 | 1, 431, 78174 | 59, 11680 | 1,490, 89854 | 9,36700 | 1, 481, 53154 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 1, 268, 809.09 | 48,849 60 | 1, 317, 74869 | 135,982 56 | 1,181,766 13 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 51, 467, 27202 | 1,938, 70536 | 53, 405, 97738 | 14, 7078 88634 | 38,698, 09104 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 21, 122, 89447 | 776,553 60 | 21, 899, 44807 | 3, 812,41195 | 18, 087, 0.36. 12 |
| 6,303, 00000 | 5, 562, 06309 | 189, 09000 | - $-751,15309$ | 2, 725,458 33 | 3, 025, 69476 |
| 27,236, 51200 | 22, 506, 56433 | 817, 09536 | 23, 323, 65969 | 8,453,537 60 | 14, 870, 122.09 |
| 1,600, 00000 | 1, 405,808 26 | 48;000 00 | 1, 453, 80826 | 124, 63985 | 1, 329, 16841 |
| 1,970, 56000 | 1, 490, 89854 | 59, 11680 | 1, 550, 01534 | 9,367 00 | 1, 540, 64834 |
| 1, 628, 320.00 | 1, 317, 74869 | 48, 84960 | 1,366, 59829 | 95, 27857 | 1, 271, 31972 |
| 64, 623, 512.00 | 53, 405,977 38 | 1,938,705 36 | 55, 344, 682 ${ }^{\circ} 74$ | 15, 220,693 30 | 40, 123,989 44 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 21, 899, 44807 | 776, 55360 | 22, 676, 00167 | 4, 217, 20390 | 18,458,797 68 |
| 6,303,000 00 | 5, 751, 15309 | 189, 09000 | $5,940,24309$ | 2, 818, 32972 | 3, 121, 91337 |
| 27, 236,512 00 | 23, 323, 65969 | 817, 095.36 | 24, 140,755 05 | 8, 815, 98885 | 15, 324, 76620 |
| 1,600, 00000 | 1,453,808 26 | 48, 00000 | 1,501, 80826 | 142, 630 64 | 1, 359, 17762 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 1, 550, 01534 | 59, 11680 | 1, 609, 13214 | 9,36700 | 1,599, 765 14 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 1, 366, 59829 | 48,849 60 | 1,415,447 89 | 120, 34039 | 1, 295, 10750 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 55, 344,682 74 | 1, 938, 70536 | 57, 283, 38810 | 16, 123, 860.59 | 41, 159, 52751 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 22, 676, 00167 | 776,553 60 | 23,452,555 27 | 4, 592, 15825 | 18,860, 39702 |
| 6,303, 00000 | 5,940, 24309 | 189, 09000 | 6, 129, 33309 | 2; 969,04959 | 3, 160, 28350 |
| 27, 236,512 00 | 24, 140,755 05 | 817, 09536 | 24, 957, 85041 | 8, 933, 29287 | 16,024, 55754 |
| 1,600,000 00 | 1,501, $808 \times 6$ | 48,00000 | 1,549, 80826 | 152, 15710 | 1, 397, 65110 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 1, 609, 13214 | 59, 11680 | 1, 668, 24894 | -9,367 00 | 1, 658,881 94 |
| 1, 628, 32000 | 1, 415, 44789 | 48,849 60 | 1, 464, 29749 | 121, 35539 | 1, 342, 942.10 |
| 64,623 51200 | 57, 283, 38810 | 1, 938, 70536 | 59, 222,093 46 | 16, 777, 38020 | 42, 444, 71326 |

TABLE G.-STATEMENT of THIRTY-YEAR 6 PER CTENT. BONDS, \&゚c.-Contin!ed.




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# MEMORANDUM upon the ESTIMATE of GOLD COIN and BULLION in the UNIIED STATES: Table H). 

## [Prepared in the office of the Treasurer of the United States by M. L. Muhleman.]

It will be observed that the estimates of the stock of gold in the United States differ from those made by the Mint Bureau. The reasons for presenting the revised estimates are appended.
In the report of the Mint Bureau for 1873 (Finance Report 1873, p.481) the amount of gold in the country is placed at $\$ 135,000,000$. That this estimate includes the bullion in the Treasury appears from the fact that the amount of coin and coin items reported by the Treasurer are used in prëparing the estimate. The mints and assay-offices held on July 1, 1873, about $\$ 15,500,000$ in gold bullion, of, which $\$ 10,000,000$ was of light coin for recoinage.

It is believed that the estimate of 1873 is approsimately correct.
In the Mint report for 1879 (linajce Report, p. 198) the estimate is continued from 1873 to 1879 , and the basis so furnished has been used in all subsequent estimates, notwithstanding the fact that the bullion is there disregarded and coin only considered. The following table shows the Mint Bureau estimates from 1873 to 1885:
[Amounts are stated in millions and tenths.]

| - Fiscal jears. | $\begin{array}{r} \dot{0} 0 \\ \text { 葸 } \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1873. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 135.0 |
| 1874 | 50.4 | (*) | 34.8 | (*) | (*) | . | 27.2 |  | 162.2 |
| 1875 | 33.5 | +2. 8 | 30.7 | 12.1 | 64.7 |  |  | 21.9 | 140.3 |
| 1876 | 38.1 | $\dagger 2.5$ | 35. 6 . | 6.8 | 29.2 |  | 13.2 |  | 153.5 |
| 1877 | 44.1 | +2.5 | 41.7 | 24.1 | 25.4 |  | 40.4 |  | 193.9 |
| 1878 | 52.8 | $\dagger 1.6$ | 51.2 | 11.3 | 8.9 |  | 53.6 |  | 247.4 |
| 1879 | 41.0 | \$1.7 | 39.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 |  | 39.1 |  | 286.5 |
| 1880 | 56.1 | 0.2 | 55.9 | 18.2 | 1.7 |  | 72.4 |  | 358.0 |
| 1881 | 78.7 | 0.4 | 78.3 | 7.6 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 80.9 |  | 439.8 |
| 1882 | 89.4 | 0.6 | 88.8 | 4.8 | 29.8 | 2.7 | 61.1 |  | 500.9 |
| 1883 | 35.9 | 0.4 | 35.5 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 36.3 |  | 537.2 |
| 1884 | 27.9 | 0.3 | 27.6 | 3.8 | 12. 2 | 4.8 | 14.4 |  | 551.6 |
| 1885 | 24.8 | 0.3 | 24.5 | 3.3 | 2.3 | $\pm 35.0$ |  | 9.5 | 542.2 |

[^3]
## LXXXVIII REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The revised estimates include bullion. The manner in which the resulte are reached is shown in the following table:
(Amounts are stated in millions and tenthe.)


Assuming that the estimate of the stock of gold in 1873, made by the Director of the
Mint at that time, is approximately correct, the amount then held was about.
$\$ 135,000,000$

The production since has been about
$\$ 442,900,000$
There was returned from the arts............................... $14,400,000$
And the imports were about.

Making the acquisition
$\$ 825,900,000$
The exports were about
272,500, 000
And the estimated consumption in the arts
188, 400, 000
$460,900,000$

Leaving the net acquisition about
$365,000,000$
And increasing the stock to Jnly 1, 1885, to
500, 000, 000
The estimate of the amount consumed in the arts is based to a great extent on the returns received by the Mint Bureau from manafactarers using gold in their establishments. The return most nearly complete was that for the year 1883, when the establishments reporting stated that they used 14 d millions, of gold (Finance Report, 1884, p. 251). It is reasonable to suppose that the amount was consider. ably larger, many of the firms having failed to reply to the request of the Mint Burean, and manywere probably not reached at all. It is believed that the estimates are not excessive.
The estimate of the bullion product is practioally that of the Mint Burean.

- The following analysis of the revised estimates shows the details; the coin and bullion being separated; comparison may be made with the Mínt Bureau's estimates. Foreign coin is treated as bullion.
(Amounts are stated in millions and tenths.)

* Excess of imports.

The difference between these estimates and those of the Mint Bureau to the close of 1879 amoants to 75 millions, made up of the difference in the statement of coin recoined, the consumption of coin in the arts, and of the loss in bullion. The latter aggregated 26.8 millions, a result which clearly domon. strates that the statistics at hand are imperfect. There was held in the mints and assay-offices at the end of the fiscal year 1879 about 5.3 millions in gold bullion and at the end of the year 1873 there was about the same amount; so that there could have been no such loss in the period. The loss in ballion increases in subsequent years, as will be seen by reference to the following tables:
(Amounts are stated in millions and tenths.)


* Excess of exports.

The figures thus obtained indicate that there has been a net loss of bullion amounting to 11.7 millions during the poriod from 1874 to 1885 . The Treasury held at the beginning of the period about $5 \frac{1}{1}$ millions, and it may be estimated that there was half a million in the hands of dealers, making the stock about 6 millions. At the end of the period the Treasury held 66.8 millions, so that there was actually a gain of nearly 61 millions in hullion, instend of a loss, as the statistics indicate.

This can only be accounted for in one or more of the following ways:

1. More ballion was acquired than the statistics show.
2. Less bullion was used.
3. Coin was convorted into bullion.
4. Coin was exported and reported as bullion.
5. Bullion was imported and reported as coin.

The statistics relating to coin show a gain of 377 millions, making the amount in the country at the close of 1885 about 512 millions. The Treasmy held at that date 170.5 millions, and the national banks abont 102.5 millions; of the 1,200 Stato banks in the United States, 1,015 reported that they held cbeut 30 millions, making a total "in sight" of about 312 millions, and leaving ing tho hauds of atber banks and tho peoplo about 200 millions. Itis beliered that 10 millions will anoro than cover tho gold held by the banks not roporting, which wonld learo 190 millions in gencral circulation ant io private boards.
This amount, it is beliered, is much too large; if, however, the discrepancy of 785 millions in tho bullion statemont can bo accounted for in some way by reducing tho coin, the auount remaining would bo reasonable, viz., 111.5 millions in general circulation and in privato hoards; making tho argregate of coin and bullion 500 millions.
That thero are material discrepancies between tho statistics of the exports and imports and the actual movement of gold, is proven by the fact that during the periods from 1879 to 1884 tho deposits of foreipucoin and bullion in the miats and assay oflices execeded the net'inports by over 14.5 millious (sec Production of Precious Metals, 1884, p. 470). Tho greater part of this excess was in bullion; eo that it cannot be explained by assuming that it consisted of foreigu coin brought by immigrants.

It has also been ascertained as a fact that many of tho trausactions in gold are, for business reasons, carried on secretly, and are beuco not reported to the customs oficors.

It is unquestionable, thereforo, that much gold passes in and out of the country without being recorded.
The amount of coin brought by immigrants, althongh by no means inconsiderablo, is counterbalaneed by the amount taken ont not only by indiriduala but also in tho treasuro ebests, of ressels. The amonnts that pass in and out of tho country orer the Canadian and Mexican frontiers without appear. ing in the customs retarns, must be quite latro. Such gold has maty gont in any of these ways is to a great extent Enited States coin, redneing tho coin stock; while that whioh comes in, being chiefly foreigu coin and bullion, iucreases tho bullion stock.

Tho conclusion reached that the ste.k of goll in the cointry is about 500 millions, of which about 67. 'millions is bulion, appears fitir and rasonable, and abore the actual amount rather than below;'nntil more complete statistics can be furnished, the estimate cannot be made much nore aceurato.

The estimates for the years precching 1573 aro made in the fome manner as those su'sequent to that date, but aro not, owiug to lack of complete statistics during tho war poriod, as accurato as the later estimates, though made on tho same basis.

## NOTE on the ESTIMATE of SUBSIDIARY SILTER COIN in the UNITED STATES. (Table H).

This estimate is based chiefly upon the ostimate mado by tho Treasarer, reported in his anuual. report for 1885 (p. 30). The coinago, the production in the earlice years, the imports aud exporte, and the probable loss, are there giveu due weight. It sbould be borne in mind that the coinage prior to 1853, having been undervalued, was hearily exported, and probably very little remained in the, country in 1800. The exports for a number of years aro incomplote, aud it is believed that much inore of this coin left the country, especially during the war period, than tho export statistics show. It is well known that much of it went to Canada and returned, without being reported. The estimate is con sidered preliminary only, and if possible the examiuation of the subject will be continued with a view to the preparation of a roore accurate estimate. The amounts for the years from 1878 to 1885 aro the same, it being estimated that the loss per annum was abut counterbalanced by the coinage.

## NOTE to FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The amounts ropresented as outstanding are taken from the Treasurer's books. The pablic-debt statements reduce the amounts each year since 1880 by $\$ 8,375,934$, that being the amount estimated as lost or destroyed, under the act of June 21, 1879.

## NOTE to NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.

The national-bank notes represented as outstanding are not all a liability of the banks, the Treasury holding funds for the redemption of those of "failed, liguidating, and reducing" banks, and the five per cent. fand for the current redemption of national-bank notes under the act of June 20, 1874. The average amount held at the'close of each year since 1875 has been about $\$ 36,700,000$. The amount held on June 30, 1885, was $\$ 51,400,000$.


## EXPLANATION OF DIAGRAM.

The diagram shows the amount in millions and tens of millions-a million being indicated by each space between the lines.

The reason for its non-extension beyond the year 1878 is that a new element was introduced into the circulating medium of the country in this year, just as in 1862 the introduction of the legal-tender notes brought about an entire change in the monetary system of the United States.
The first item upou the diagram designates the amount of the national-bank notes in actual circulation, excluding therefrom the notes held by national banks and those which had become a charge upon the Treasury, owing to the deposit of legal-tenders made in order to retire these notes from circulation.

The second item shows the, amount of gold coin and bullion in the United States Treasury, held as a reserve for the redemption of the legal-tender notes and for the redemption of the gold certificates. These amounts being.deducted, the balance will show the free gold and bullion contained in the Treasury.

The third item shows the amount of legal-tenders held in the Treasury, and, with the fourth item, which must be first deducted, shows the amount of these notes applicable to the redemption of national-bank notes.

The fifth item shows the amount of gold certificates actually in circulation, and which had become a cbarge upon the gold coin and bullionin the Treasury.

The sixth item shows the amount to the credit of the national-bank redemption fund. This fund represents the amount of unredeemed national-bank notes, which, so long as they remain outstanding, inure to the benefit of the Treasury.

The seventh item includes the subsidiary coin, silver bullion, and staudard silver dollars in the Treasury, the issue of the standard dollar having resulted in the retirement into the Treasury of the subsidiary silver, which would otherwise have remained in circulation.

The eighth item shows the amount of silver certificates actually outstanding, which had become a charge upon the standard silver dollars held in the Treasury.

There should also have been shown upon the diagram the amount of silver and gold coin actually in circulation, but as both these items, except in the case of the standard silver dollar, would have been of widely differing estimates, it was deemed best that the table should sliow merely the funds indicated by the lines upon the diagram, and their present status.

## XCI



TABLEE I．－Statement of the STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS，SILVER B OL－ IION，and SUBSIDIARY SILVER COLN in the Treasury at the end of each month from December 31，1877，to January 30，18s6．＊

|  | Standard silver dollars． | Silver bullion． | Subsidiary sil－ ver coin． | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1877－Derember 31 |  | \＄1，736， 98489 | \＄5，532，283 95 | \＄7，269， 26884 |
| 1878－J Juncy 31 |  | 2，8：7，3188 07 | 5． 626,54122 | 8，453， 90029 |
| February 28 |  | 2，95．5， 57705 | 6，201，437 76 | 9，217，015 41 |
| Mareb 30 | \＄810， 561 | 3．5\％4，480 ：3 | 7，139． $0: 3784$ | 11，484， 67887 |
| Apris 30 | 3，169， $6 \times 1$ | 7，35\％， 71068 | 7，029，306 77 | 17， 549,69845 |
| ，May 31 | $5,950,451$ | 5，8911， 20495 | 8，10：3， 22804 | 19，94t， $88: 307$ |
| June 29 | 7，718， 357 | 7，311， $970 \times 84$ | 6． 8011,50597 | 21，42：！，333 81 |
| July 31 | 9， 050,236 | 7，605，7＇0 19 | 7，079， 66736 | 24，295，66：3 55 |
| Altinst 31 | 11， 292,849 | 8，982，239 07 | 6，478．64：22 | 26，7，38，7：0 29 |
| Septennter 30 | 12，16： 205 | 9． $6.34,0.3448$ | 6，14：3， 90302 | 27，933．14： 50 |
| －Oetobrer 31. | 13，397， 571 | 8．35：， 42422 | $6,323,13231$ | $28,07 \%$ ，740 52 |
| November 30 | 14，S－13， 219 | ］0，159，4！L $4 \mathrm{l}^{\prime}$ | 6，605），8：34 43 | 31，012． 54484 |
| Decender 31. | 16，704， 829 | 9，439， 46125 | 6，031，804 52 | $32,176,09477$ |
| 1879－Jamiaty 31 | 17，874， 467 | 10，347， 88950 | 6，143， 44913 | 34，365， 59563 |
| Febratary 28 | 19，545， 267 | 9，837， 40262 | 6，278，490 66 | 35，621， 16028 |
| Mareh 31 | 21，5．58，894 | 8，188，210 74 | 6，42－2， 18.006 | 36，675， 33980 |
| Apris 30. | 23，604，503 | $6,910,04643$ | 6，621，940 39 | 37， 26554988 |
| Min 3.1 | 26，181，1045 |  | 6，813，589 32 | 38,$6607 ; 2 \times 987$ |
| Jino 30 | 28，147， 351 | 5，49： 365 5 91 | 8，90：3，401．365 | 42，113：318 27 |
| July 31 | 29．1－1，811 | $5,1 以 2038$ | 12，761， 76597 | 46，99， 79079 |
| Aughest 31 | 30，67N， 464 | 4，904，13］ 89 | 15， $2330,7 \pm 448$ | $50,810,80037$ |
| September 30 | 31，509，8．70 | $4,5.7$ ， 50431. | 16． 814.30804 | $52.931,6 \times 325$ |
| Octolser 31 | 32，3 $\because 2,031$ | 3，537，22， 31 | 17，755，9：6 76 | 53，615， 84507 |
| Novenber 30 | 32，839， 207 | 4，3さ3， 09769 | 18，432，47813 | 55，594， 88.283 |
| December 31 | 33，168， 064 | 4，492，421 19 | 18，881，625 15 | 56，542， 11434 |
| 1880－January 31 | 34，961 611 | 4，888，075 97 | 20，204， 80983 | 60，054，456 80 |
| February 28 | 36，972． 093 | $4,535,30625$ | $21,179,31232$ | 62，674i， 71157 |
| March 31 | 38，780， 343 | 4，086， 83958 | 21，989， 81448 | 64，8．10， 99606 |
| April 30 | 40，411，673 | $5,047,33104$ | 22，767，672 95 | 68，186，676 99 |
| May 31 | 42，778， 190 | 4，833，587 99 | 23，577， 09299 | 71，208， 86998 |
| Juve 30 | 44，495， 315 | 5，124， 53642 | 24，380， 48180 | 73，900， 33322 |
| July 31 | 46，102． 791 | 6，081， 64791 | 24，975， 71352 | 77．250，152 43 |
| August 31 | 47，495，063 | 6， 3801,25846 | $25,15: 97189$ | 79，028， 20835 |
| September 30 | 47，6．54， j 75 | 5，555，75，9 74 | 24，790，925 40 | 78，11以，360 14 |
| October 31 | 47，0\＄4，459 | 6，043，367 37 | 24．629， 48989 | 77，757， 31620 |
| Novémber 30 | 47，397， 453 | 6， $255,389 \mathrm{E1}$ | 24，653，5：\％ 37 | $72,300,37318$ |
| December 31. | $48,190,518$ | 6，183， 22405 | 24，769， 05732 | 79，142， 79937 |
| 1881 January 31 | 50，235， 102 | 6，704， 19736 | 25，490，914 88 | ，82．430， 21424 |
| February 28 | 59，939， 460 | 5，356， 30800 | 25，813．038 08 | 84，108，8：6 08 |
| March 31. | 55，176，158 | 4，017， 770118 | 26， 283,89196 | $85,477,82004$ |
| April 30 | 58，044， 826 | 3，863， $58 \pm 74$ | 26，493， 01256 | 88， 402,02130 |
| May 31 | 60，518， 273 | 3，457． 19285 | 26，841，950 74 | 90，817，422 59 |
| Jone 30 | 62， 444,722 | 3，309，949 10 | 27， 247,69693 | 93，102，36‘ 03 |
| －July 31 | O4，246， 309 | 2，96： 27752 | 27， 295,48603 | 94， 5144.06615 |
| A uquast 31 | $65,948,344$ | 2，732，862 69 | 27， 012,40663 | 95，72＋，013 32 |
| －Sepiteniber 30 | 66，09：， 667 | 2，63：， 18467 | 26，313，113 63 | 95，037， 96530 |
| October 31 | 66，570， 378 | 3，424， 57515 | 2．，984， 68776 | 95，985，640 91 |
| Norember 30 | 68， 017,452 | 3，0\％8， 70963 | 25．918， 25200 | 97，024，413 63 |
| Decoumber 31. | 69，580，937 | 3，607，829 26 | $25,963,64148$ | －99，161， 40834 |
| 1882－January 31 | 72，421，584 | 3，2．8，926 18 | 26，567， 87337 | 102，248， 38355 |
| －Fabamary | －75，1：38，957 | －2， 806.14312 | 26．Eivy， 90626 | 104，815， 00638 |
| Mareh 31 | 78，17x，583 | －4，440，63197 | 27，187， 68067 | 109，806， 92564 |
| －A pril 30 | 81，505，056 | 3，239，033 43 | $27,439,17393$ | 112，273， 27336 |
| －Masil | 84，606，043 | 3，793， 66411 | 27，755， 92333 | 116，155， 63044 |
| June 30 | 87，153， 816 | 3，230， 00836 | 28，048， 63058 | 118，4；33， 35494 |
| July 31 | 88，840． 809 | 2，816， 26983 | 28，153， 95616 | 119，811， 12499 |
| Allgust 31 | 91，166， 249 | 2，730， 71627 | 27，990， 38775 | 121，837， 35302 |
| September 30 | 92，928， 649 | －3，343，565 26 | 27，426，139 93 | 123，998，3\％4 19 |
| October 31 | 92，414， 977 | 4，012， 50327 | $26,749,43245$ | 123，176， 91272 |
| Norember 30 | 92，9＋0，582 | 3，769，21977 | 26，544， 54443 | 123，2．74， 34620 |
| Deccinber 31. | 94，G16， 842 | 4，468， 19310 | 26，521， 69220 | 125，006， 72730 |
| 1883－January 31 | 97，530， 969 | 3，701， 95812 | 27，135， 24474 | 128，428， 17188 |
| Februmey 28 | 100． 2611,444 | 3，974， 11404 | 27，507， 27578 | 131，742， 83382 |
| Matel 31 | 103，482， 305 | $3,943,167: 30$ | 27，865， 99379 | 135，291， 76609 |
| April 30 | 106，366， 348 | 3，478，750 15 | $28,068,62888$ | 137，913， 72703 |
| －May 31 | 108，898， 977 | 4，157， 21776 | 28，303， 19620 | 141，359， 39096 |
| June 30 | 111，014， 019 | 4，482，216 29 | 28，486， 00105 | 144，882， 23634 |

＊Seo diagram．
$87,269,20884$
$8,453,91929$
$0,217,01541$
11， 484,0188
19， $174+, 88: 9407$
21， $324,1,33381$
24，295，（66：3 55 26，7，13．7：30
27， 933.143
50 28，07\％，745 52 32，1760， 00477

34，365， 79563 3．621，ri60 28 36，675． 33980 38, 6ifit， 240987 42． $1: 33: 31827$ 46.99 .795079
$50,819,8010: 37$ 53．931， $\mathbf{0} \div 325$ 53．615．） 84507 55，594， 78283

60，054， 45680 62，6i74， 71157 $64,8.10,99606$ 71，208．869 98 73， 900,33322 79，028， 20335 78，112，360 14 $77,757,31620$
$72,306,37318$ 79，142， 79937

82．430， 21424 84，
 90，817，422 59 93，102，30マ 03 94，544． 06615 $95,72+, 133$
95.
957,
965
32 95，985， 64092 97，0：4，41363

102，248， 38355 $104,815,00638$ 109，806， 92564 116，155， 63044 118，433， 35494 119，811， 12499 12！，998， 3 34 19 123，176， 91272 123，2．54， 34620

128，428， 17188 131，742， 83382 137， 913,72703

144，882， 23634

TAREE E.-Statment of the STANDARD NILVER DOLLARS, SILVER BULLLON, and SUDSIDIAliY SILFLR COIN, \&.e.-Continued.

| $\cdots$ | Standard silver dollars. | Silver bullion. | Subsidiary sil. ver coin. | 'Sotal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883-July 31 | \$113, 057, 052 | \$4, 486, 638 23 | \$28, 058, 14167 | \$145, 601, 83190 |
| Aucust 31 | .114, 320. 197 | 4. 69, 5950,45 | 27, 819,71.L 70 | 146. 834,46815 |
| Soptember 29 | 114, 587, 372 | 5. 11i7, 91129 | 26750,16113 | 146, 445, 444.42 |
| October 31 | 116, 0:30, 4.50 | 4,936,304 86 | 26.712.4-4 15 | 147, 685, 20901 |
| Norember 30 | 117, 768,966 | 4, 624,2793+ | 26,969. 61440 | 149, 362, 859 T4 |
| December 31: | 119,449,385 | 4,534,372 93 | 27, 224, 120 33 | 151, 207, 88426 |
| 1884-January 31 | 123, 474, 748 | 4.674, 43292 | 28,014, 414 70 | 156, 163.595 68 |
| Febrinary 20 | 126, 829,390 | 4, 919,913 85 | 28,490,906 91 | 160, 93: 21876 |
| March 31 | 129, 0106,104 | $5,043,42461$. | 28, 866i, 556 33 | 162, 916,48194 |
| April 30 | 130,314, 065 | 5, 150, 84247 | 29, 15R, 48047 | 161, 623,38844 |
| May ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 132. 620,763 | 4. $6: 3,15803$ | 29, 377, 20641 | 160, 627, 11744 |
| June 30 | 135, 560, 016 | 4, 055,498 27 | 20, 600, 72005 | 169, 217, 18432 |
| July 31 | 137, 692, 119 | 4, 10:3, 609 95 | 29,797,485 76 | 122. 093, 2147 t |
| Augusti 30 | 1.40, 615, 722 | 4, 723, 420 00 | 29, 659, 00338 | 174, 90, 14538 |
| Sepitomber 30 | 149,058, 767 | 4,9:34,40480 | 29, 4i4, 11,089 | 176, 407, 35275 |
| Octoher 31 | 142, 420, 7:5 | $-4,646,49080$ | 29, 346, 75724 | 176,919,979 13 |
| November 29 | 144, 745, 075 | 4,778,848 90 | 29. 143, 283 -48 | 178, 667, 20738 |
| December 31. | 146, 502, 865 | 4,716,055 33 | 20, 194, 35\% 5. | 180, 413,275 85 |
| 1885-Jannary 31 | 150, 632, 154 | 4, 613,589 23 | 29, 901, 104 34 | 185, 146, 84077 |
| February 28 | 153, 20101007 | 3, 901, 1:99 93 | 30, 244, 83612 | - 187, 716,973 05 |
| Mareb 31 | 156, 69 \%, 482 | 3, 887, 493 52 | 30, 032,53620 | 191, 218,30L 72 |
| April 30 | 159, 441, 0:3 | $4,44,18686$ | $30,044,04881$ | 194, 427, 269967 |
| M:y $\mathrm{M}^{\text {-9 }}$ | 162, 244, 85: | $4,1198,143<6$ | 31, $69.4,36480$ | 198, 037, 363 66 |
| June 30 | 165, 413,112 | 4,1038,885 52 | 31, 236, 8:19 49 | 200, 1585, 69701. |
| July 31 | 166, 499,948 | 3, 944, $8: 3732$ | 2.7, 353, 120 23 | 105, $7140,80 \% 55$ |
| August 30 | 166, 854, 215 | $3,766,19613$ | $24,724,28743$ | 195, 344,69865 |
| September 30 | 165, 483, 721. | 3,916, 13: 84 | 23,641, 893 79 | 193, 041, 7:7763 |
| October 31 | 163, 817,342 | 3, 844,531545 | $2 \cdot, 965,53.370$ | 190, 623, 41415 |
| Norember 30 | 165, 568,0L8 | 3, 583, 95642 | 27, 920,309 44 | 197, 072, 28386 |

T'ABRE K_—STATEMENT showing the ANNOAL APPROPRIATIONS mad́e by CONGRESS for EACH FISCAL FEAR from 1878 to 1886 , inclusive.


Not including $\$ 6,150,061.98$ appropriated for the naval service for six months
ending June 30,1885 . || Includes $\$ 6,150,0018.98$ for six months ending June 30,1885 .

# TMBEE L.-STATEMENT of the NET RECEIPTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. 

## customs.



## REVENUES OF DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.



[^4]
# TABLE TK.—STATEMENT of the NET DISBDRSEMENTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885. 

## CIVLL.



Total civil
FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.

| Diplomatic salaries | 444, 85490 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Consular salarios | 542,74488 |
| Contingent exper ses of foreign missions | 04, 08671 |
| Coutingedecips of cousulates | 173. 12194 |
| Prisons for 4 merican convicts | 11, 03202 |
| Commission to Central and South America | 31, 47966 |
| Sublication of cousular and commercial reports | 20, ¢00 00 |
| American and Fiencl Claims Conmission | 595, 45882 |
| International Fishery Exhibition of 1883 at London | 0, 99431 |
| Expenses Court of Alabama Claims | 3, 425, 38977 |
| Miscellancous | 90,546 10 |

Total foreign intercourse
5, 439, 60911

## MISCELLANEOUS.

| Mint establishment | 1, 095, 34647 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Life-Saring Servico | 859, 19317 |
| Revente-Cutter Servico. | 857, 71345 |
| SEngrariur aud printing. | 542, 14771 |
| Coast and Geodetic Surves | 557, 01842 |
| Light house catablishment | 2, 284, 86897 |
| Maine hospital establishment | 424, 63819 |
| Customibouses, courthousns, post-offices, | 2, 480, 57802 |
| -Repairs and presorvation of public buildings | 145, 12064 |
| Pay of assistiut custedians and janitors for public build | 374, 14802 |
| Fur l, lights, and wator fur public buillings | 555, 74454 |
| Furniture aud heatine apparatus fur poblic buiddings | 372, 69469 |
| Vanlts, safcs, and locks, aud plans for public buildings. | 49,775 80 |
| Refunds, reliofs, \&ic., under customs laws | 18,539 74 |
| Storage of silver | 3, 26892 |
| Collectiud revenno from custows | 6, 490, 16910 |
| Detection and prevention of frauds on customs reven | 73, 37300 |
| Refunting excess of deposits, | 4,703,737 39 |
| Debentures and drambacks under customs laws | 8,560,455 43 |
| Compensation in lien of moieties. | 31,9+7 54 |
| Expenses of regulating immigration | 125,53858 |
| Inspection of neat catilo | 26, 70880 |
| Saluries and expeuscas shippine serrice | 47, 07813 |
| Expenses seal tisheries in Ataska | 38, 10261 |
| Assebsing amd collecting interual rerenuo | 3, 853, 23236 |
| Interual revente stamps, paper, and dies | 375, 09024 |
| Redemption of interuatrevenne stamps | 152, 17504 |
| Imuishing violatinus of internal-exentue laws | 44, 33502 |
| Refinals, reliets, \&c., mador internal revenuo | 90, 61780 |
| Allowance or dramback under internal-reve | 28,775 47 |
| Rebate of tax on tobacco | 6,397 18 |
| Payment ol judgments, Court of Glaims | 475;272 89 |
| Prercutiug the spreal of epidemic discases | 50,82830 |
| Purchase ot process for refiniag bulliou | 30, 00000 |
| Expenses of national curency | 109, 44984 |
| Distinctiro paper fur Uinted States socurities | 34,991. 67 |
| Supuressing counterfeitiag and other crimes | 64,06000 |
| Payments to various States | 97, 91924 |
| Payment of jutigment in case of Kilbourn v8. Thompson | 20,293 85 |
| Propagation, \&c. of food fishes | 278, 38339 |
| Expeuses undor Smithsonian Institition | 112,780 51 |
| Contingent expenses, intependent Treasury | 71,636 26 |
| Siuking fund, Pacific raitronds ............. | $3,785,80463$ |
| Mail tansportation, Pacife railroads | 1, 969,16099 |
| World's Industrial Exposition, New Orloans, L | 1, 307,945 75 |
| Industrial Expositiou, Cincimmati, Ohio | 1, 0,90950 |
| Industrial Exposition, Lonisville, Ky | 10,000 00 |
| Expenses of the District of Colum | 2, 426,752 50 |
| Charitable insitntions, District of Columbia | 138,872 49 |
| Wasbington Aqueluct | 20, 00000 |
| Fater fami, District of Columbia | 139,870 01 |
| Interest and sinking fund, District of Colum | 1, 216, 29186 |
| Befunding tuxes, District of Columbia | 2, 000000 |

# TASBEENT-STATEMENT of the NET DISBURSEMENTS (by warrantr) during the fiscal yrar ended June 30, 1885-Continued. 

## MISCELLANEOUS-Continued.



Total miscellaneous

Total Interior Department
62,654, $762{ }^{1}$ ?
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.
Pay Department.
12, 293, 69499
Pay Department, bonotr, aud miscellaneons 298, 47483
Commissary Department
1, 890,84477
Quarterwaster's Dipartment
9, 898,34882
Mentical Departnent.
434, 83270
Orduance Departmeat
1, $86 \mathrm{G}, 78550$
Military Acidems 205,712 07
Impoving ivers aut barbors
10, 511,20160
Fortificalious 182, $0: 541$
Construction of military nosts, roads, so 146, 07341
National cemeteries, roads, \&c 2511,033 00
Mississipni River Commission 59, 00000
Clains, reinubursements, reliefs, \&c
Expenses of recruitiog 1, 207,55053
Contingencies of tho Army 74: 27571
Siguar serrice .............. 18,704 15

Expenses of 719, 50091
Publication of the Uficill Records of the Waz of the Rebelion 7, 94610

Miscellaneons Survers
31,000 00
Support National Lomo for Disabled Voluntoer Soliliers
14,77985
Support of Soldiera' 1 omo. 589, 18400
Support of Military Prison, Fort Loarenworth, Kans
521, 96270
Army and Niivy Hospital, Llot Springs, Ark .........
85, 52251
Miscellaneous items............ ................
72,
201, 459 or

TABLE M.-STATEMENT of the NET DISBURSEMENTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885-Continued.

## NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

| ara | \$615, 71978 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pay and contingencies of the Navy | 7,316,926 58 |
| Marine Corps | 812,735 55 |
| Naval Academy | 177, 08382 |
| Narigation | 110, 57108 |
| Ordname | 577, 69368 |
| Equipment and Recruiting | 756, 49652 |
| Yarde and Docks | 644, 00974 |
| Medicine and Surgery | 57, 30201 |
| Provisions and Clothing | 1,019,939 70 |
| Construction and Repair | 1, 264, 52489 |
| Steam Engineering | 1, 090,401 00 |
| Increase of the Navy | 1, 205, 82026 |
| Extra pay to officers and men who | 122, 63981 |
| Mileaso, Navy (Graham decision) | 208, 857766 |
| Miscellaneóns | 40,177 59 |

Total naval establishment ................................................................ \$16,021,07967

Total net ordinary expenditures .......................................................... 260, 226,935 11

Total .................................................................................................. 782,008, 05902
*Including \$28, 101,644,91 deposited with the States ander act June 23, 1886.
 rants) for the quarter ended September 30, 1885.

## RECEIPTS.



TABLE D. -STATEMENTof RECEIPTS of UNITED STATES, fron March.4, 1789,

|  | Balance in the Treasury at commence. mentof year. | Customs. | Internal revenue. | Direct tax. | Public lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791: |  | \$4, 399, 47309 |  |  |  | \$10,478 10 |
| 1792 | \$973, 90575 | 3,443, 07085 | \$208, 94281 |  |  | 9,918 65 |
| 1793 | 78:3, 44451 | 4, 255.306 50 | 337, 70570 |  |  | 21, 41088 |
| 1794 | 753, 60169 | 4, 801. 06528 | 274, 08962 |  |  | 53,27797 |
| 1705 | 1, 151, 0:4 17 | 5,588, 46126 | 337, 75536 |  |  | 28, 31797 |
| 1796 | 516. 44261 | 6, 567. 08794 | 475, 28060 |  | \$4,830 13 | 1, 760,41598 |
| 1797 | 888, 99542 | 7,549, G49 65 | 575,49145 |  | 83,54060 | $399,13929$. |
| 1798 | 1, 021, 89904 | 7, 100,061 93 | 644, 35795 |  | 11, 00311 | 58, 1928 8 |
| 1799 | 617, 45143 | $6,610.44931$ | 779, 18644 |  |  | 86, 18756 |
| 1800 | 2,161, 86777 | 9,080, 9:3 73 | 809,306 55 | \$734. 23397 | 44375 | 159, 71210 |
| 1801 | 2, 623,311. 99 | 10,750, 77893 | 1,048, 03343 | 534, 34338 | 167, 72606 | - 345,64915 |
| 1802 | 3, 29.5, 39100 | 12,438, 23574 | 6221, 89889 | 206, 56544 | 188. 60802 | 1,500,505 86 |
| 1803 | 5, 020, 69764 | 10,479.41761 | 215. 17069 | 71, 8:920 | 105.675 69 | 131, 94544 |
| 1804 | 4,825, 81110 | 11, 098, 56533 | 50,941 29 | 50, 19844 | 487, 5:6 79 | 139,075 53 |
| 1805 | 4,037, 00526 | 12, 036, 487. 04 | 23, 74715 | 21,882 91 | 540, 193 80 | 40,38230 |
| 1806 | 3,990, 38899 | 14, 667, 69817 | 20,101 45 | 55, 763 80 | 765, 24573 | 51, 121 86 |
| 1807 | '4, 538, 123 ¢0 | 15, 845, 5\%1 61 | 13, 05140 | 34, 75:2 50 | 466, 16327 | 38,550 42 |
| 1808 | 9, 943, 85007 | 16, 363, 550 . 58 | 8,190,23 | 10, 15921 | 647, 98906 | 21, 82285 |
| 1800 | 9,941, 80996 | 7, 2.7, 506 62 | 4,054 29 | 7,517 31 | 442, 25283 | 62,16257 |
| 1810 | 3,848, 05678 | 8, 583, 300 31 | 7,43063 | 12,448 68 | 696, 54888 | 84,476 84 |
| 1811. | 2,67, 2-6 57 | 13, 313, 22273 | 2, 29595 | 7,666 66 | 1,040, 23753 | 59,21122 |
| 1812 | 3,502,305 80 | 8,958, 77753 | 4,903 06 | 85922 | 710, 427.78 | 126, 16517 |
| 1813 | 3 と62, 21741 | 13, 2.4 , 623 25 | 4,755 04 | 3,805 52 | 835, 6:5 14 | 271, 57100 |
| 1814 | 5,106, 543.00 | 5, 908, $7: 208$ | 1, 662, 08482 | 2, 219,497 36 | 1,13.5, 97109 | 164, 39981 |
| 1815 | 1, 727,84863 | 7, $\because 82,042 \geq 2$ | 4, 678,059 07 | 2, 162, 67341 | 1, 287, 959 28 | 285, 28284 |
| $18^{\circ} \mathrm{G}$ | 13, 106, 59288 | 36,306, 87488 | 5, 124.718 31 | 4, 25:3, 635 09 | 1,717, 08503 | 273, 7235 |
| 1817 | 22, 033, 519 19 | 26, 283, 84819 | $2,678,10077$ | $1,824,18704$ | 1, 098 ; 22606 | 119,761.08 |
| 1818 | 14, 989, 46548 | 17, 176,385 00 | 955.27020 | 264,333 30 | 2, 606,564 77 | 57, 61771 |
| 1819 | 1, 478, 5?6 74 | $20,28: 1,60870$ | 229, 50363 | 83, 6:5078 | 3, $274,4 \geq 278$ | 57.09842 |
| $\cdot 1820$ | $2,079,99238$ | 15,005, 61215 | 106, 26053 | 31, 58682 | ], $6.55,87161$ | 61,3:844 |
| 1821 | 1,108,461 21 | 13,004, 44715 | 60, 02763 | 29,349 05 | 1, 212,906 46 | 152, 58043 |
| 1822 | 1, 68', 59224 | 17,559, 761 94 | 67, 66571 | 20,961 56 | 1,803,581 54 | $45 \pm, 93719$ |
| 1823 | 4. 2:17, 4:7 53 | 19, 083, 43344 | 34, 24217 | 10,337 71 | 916, 52310 | 141, 1.9 84 |
| 1824 | 9,463, 92281 | 17, 278,82571 | 34, 66337 | 6,20196 | 984,418 15 | 127,605 60 |
| , 1825 | 1,946,507 13 | 20, 0. 8, 713 45 | 25.7.1 35 | 2,330 85 | 1,216,090 56 | 130,45181 |
| 18:6 | 5, 201, 05043 | 23,341,331 77 | 21,589 93 | 6. 63876 | 1, 393. 78509 | 94, 58866 |
| 1827 | 6, 358.68018 | 19, 712, 28339 | 10,885 68 | 2,63600 | 1,405,845 26 | 1, 315,7328 |
| $18: 8$ | $6,668,28610$ | 23, 205, $5: 364$ | 17, 45154 | 2,218 81 | 1, 018,30875 | 65,12649 |
| $18: 9$ | 5, 97:, 4:5 81 | 2\%,681,905 91 | 14,502 74 | 11.335 05 | 1, 517, 17513 | 112, 64855 |
| 1830 | 5,755, 70479 | 21, 98\% 39139 | 12, 160 62 | 16,980 59 | 2, 3:9, 35014 | 73,227 77 |
| 1831 | 6, 014, 53075 | 24, $2 \cdot 24,44177$ | 6,933 51 | 10,506 01 | 3,210, 81548 | 584, 12405 |
| 1832 | 4, 502, 01445 | $28,465,23724$ | 11,630 65 | 6,791 13 | 2, 62, 3, 38103 | 270,410 61 |
| 1833 | 2, 011,75755 | 29, 032, 50891 | 2,75900 | 30412 | 3. 967, 682 55 | 470.096 67 |
| 1834 | 11,702, 905 31 | 16,219,957 15 | 4,19009 | 1980 | 4,8:7. 60069 | 480, 812 32 |
| 1835 | 8, 892, 858 42 | 19, 391, 31059 | 10,459 48 | 4, 26333 | 14.757, 60075 | 759, 97213 |
| 1880 | 26, 750, 80306 | 23,400, 94053 | 37000 | 72879 | 24, 877, 17986 | 2, 245, 90223 |
| 1837 | 46, 708, 40600 | 11.109, 29039 | 5,493 84 | 1,687. 70 | $6,776,93652$ | 7,001,444 59 |
| 1838 | 37, 327, 25269 | 16, 158, 80036 | 2,46727 |  | 3,730, 04566 | 6, 410, 34845 |
| 1839 | 36,891, 19694 | 23, 137, 0:4 81 | 2,533 32 | 75522 | 7,361, 576 40 | 979, 03986 |
| 1840 | 33.137, 50368 | 13, 499, 30217 | 1,682 25 |  | 3, 411, 81893 | 2, 567, 11228 |
| 1841 | 29, 063, 168 46 | 14, 487, 21674 | 3,261 36 |  | 1, 36\%, 0.1742 | 1, 004, 05475 |
| 1842 | 28,685, 11108 | 18, 187, 90876 | 49500 |  | 1, 335, 79752 | 451, 995 97 |
| 1843** | 30, $5 \times 3,95944$ | 7, 64.6, 84391 | 10325 |  | 898, 35818 | 285, 895. 92 |
| 1844 | 39, 186, $28: 74$ | 26, 183, 57094 | 1,7i734 |  | 2, 059.9:9 80 | 1, 075, 41070 |
| 1845 | 36,742, 8:9 62 | 27, 528. 11270 | 3,517 12 |  | 2, 077, 02230 | 361, 45368 |
| 1846 | $36,194,92481$ | 26,71:, 66i 87 | 2,89726 |  | 2, 694, 45248 | 289,950 13 |
| 1847 | 38, 261, 95965 | 23, 747, 864 1;6 | 37500 |  | 2, 498,355 20 | 200, 80830 |
| 1848 | 33.079, 27643 | 31, 757, 07096 | 37500 |  | 3, 3 8 . 64256 | 612, 61069 |
| 1849 | 29, 416, 01245 | 28, 346, 73882 |  |  | 1, 688, 95955 | 685, 37013 |
| 1850 | 32, 827, 089 69 | 39, 618, 68642 |  |  | 1, 850, 89425 | 2, 064.308 21 |
| 1851 | 3 ; 871, 75331 | 49,017,567 92 |  |  | 2,352, 305 30 | 1, 185, 16611 |
| 1852 | 40, 158, 35325 | 47, 339, 32662 |  |  | 2,043, 23958 | 464, 24940 |
| 1853 | 43,338. 86002 | 58, 931, 80552 |  |  | 1, 667, 084 99 | , 988,081 17 |
| 1854 | 50, 261, 90109 | $64,2: 4,19027$ |  |  | 8, 470, 79839 | 1, 105, 35274 |
| 1855 | 48,591, 073 41. | 53, 025, 79421 |  |  | 11, 497, 04907 | 827, 78140 |
| 1850 | 47, 777, 672 13 | 64, 022, 86350 |  |  | 8, 917, 64493 | 1, 116, 19081 |
| 1857 | $49,108,22980$ | 63, 875, 905 05 |  |  | $3,829,48664$ | 1,259, 92088 , |
| 18:8 | 46, 80\%, 8i5 . 00 | 41, 789, 620 96 |  |  | $3,513,71587$ | 1,352, 62913 |
| 1859 | $33,113,43422$ | 40, 565, 8: 3188 |  |  | 1,756, 68730 | 1,454,596 24 |
| 1860 | 33, 193, 24860 | 53, 187, 51187 |  |  | 1,778,557 71 | 1, 088, 5\%0 25 |
| 1891 | 3:,979, 5\%0 78 | 39, 582,12564 |  |  | 870,658 54 | 1, 023, 51531 |
| 1862 | 30, 90:3, 857 8:3 | 49.051, 30762 |  | 1, 795, 33173 | 152, 20377 | , 915, 327,97 |
| 1863 | 46, 965, 30487 | 60, 039, 642 40, | 37,640, 787 93 | $1,485,10361{ }^{-}$ | 167, 61717 | 3, 741, 79438 |
| 1804 | 36, 548, 04613 | 102, 316, 15299 | 109, 741, 13410 | -475, 64896 | 588, 33329 | 30, 291, 70186 |
| 1865 | 134, 43', 73844 | 84, 928,260 60 | 209, 464, 21525 | 1,200,573:03 | 996, 55331 | 25, 441, 55600 |

[^5]to June 30, 1885, by calendar years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended June 30) from that time.

| 产 | Dividends. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Netordinars } \\ \text { receipis. } \end{gathered}$ | Interest. | Premiums. |  | Gross receipts. | Tnavail- able |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 |  |  |  |  | \$361,391 34. | ${ }^{\$ 4,771,34253}$ |  |
| ${ }^{1798}$ | \$88, 0.08000000 | 3, 4699,96031 <br> $4,6: 2,93$ <br> 14 |  |  | 5, 16, 49845 | 8,742,438 76 |  |
| 1104 | 303.47200 | 5,431, 904 87\% |  |  | 4, 00t, H50 78 |  |  |
| 179 | 100, 00100 | ( $\mathrm{C}, 114,58459$ | \$4, 80000 |  | 3, 396, 420400 | 9, 515, 758 59 |  |
|  | 160, 010 | , 3,375159 |  |  | 320000000 | 8,740,339 ${ }^{6} 9$ |  |
|  | 83.96000 | $8,688,780$ |  |  | 20, 00000000 | 8, 8198.780 .990 |  |
|  | 71, 710 |  | 78,675 00 |  | 5, 00000000 |  |  |
| 1800 | 71.04080 | 10, 848,749 10 |  |  | 1,565, 522924 | 12, 413, 97834 |  |
| 1802 | ${ }_{38}^{88} 80000$ |  | 10, 115 00 |  |  | 12, $14.45,459.95$ |  |
|  | 39, 90000 |  |  |  |  | 14, 993, 7 |  |
| ${ }_{18}^{18}$ |  | 11, 1 Evi, 30738 |  |  |  | 11, 896, 30738 |  |
| 18 |  | 13, $13.61,69320$ |  |  |  | 13,5c0. 693 20 |  |
|  |  | 15, 55:0, 931 |  |  |  | 15,559,931 |  |
|  |  | 16, 3P8,'41 |  |  |  | 16, 398, 0 |  |
|  |  | 17, 060, 66 |  |  |  | 17, 060, 66019 |  |
| 1809 |  | 7,73, 47312 |  |  |  | 7, 733.43312 |  |
| 1810 |  |  |  |  | 2,750, 00000 |  |  |
| 18 <br> 18 |  |  |  |  | 12, 837,90000 | 22, 69 |  |
| 18 |  | 14,340.449 95 | 300 |  | 26, 184, 135 00 | 40, 52+1.844 93 |  |
| 1814 |  | 11.181,625 16 |  |  | 23,777, 82600 | 34, 579, 5936 95 |  |
|  |  | 15,696,916 | 11, 514.74 | 32, 10706 | 35, 220,67140 | 50, 961, 237360 |  |
| ${ }_{1817}^{18}$ | 209, 4:6 |  | 267, 81914 |  | 466, 72345 | 37, 873,5922 |  |
| 1818 | 525, 101000 | 21, 585, 171 04 | 4126 |  | 8,35 0 | 21, 593, 936 66 |  |
| 18 | 675,100 | $24,61313,37$ |  |  | 2,29100 | 24, 605, 665.33 |  |
|  | 1,000, 000 | 17, 840, |  |  | 3, 000,8 8, | 20. 581,4 |  |
|  | 100,000 | 14, 73,37 |  |  | 5,000,324 00 | 19, 573, 0.3 \% |  |
| ${ }_{18}^{1822}$ |  | 20, $34.40,4.669$ |  |  |  | 20, 23410,46026 |  |
| 24 | 3300,00000 | 19,381, 212 |  |  | 5,000,00000 | 24,381, 212 791 |  |
|  | 367, 510 |  |  |  | 5,000,000 00 | 26, 240,80802 |  |
|  | 420,000 | 22, 966, 26396 |  |  |  | 22, 966, 36396 |  |
| 1828 | 455,000 00 | 24, 763, 62923 |  |  |  | 24, 763, 69923 |  |
|  | 490, 000 | 24, 837,627 |  |  |  | 24, 827, $6: 7788$ |  |
|  | 4910,000 | ${ }^{24.844,186}$ |  |  |  | 24, $24,1,1631$ |  |
| 1832 | 490,000 00 | 28, $867,4: 0060$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 474, 985 | 33, 948,426 25 |  |  |  | 73, 9488,426 25 |  |
| 18 | 234, 349 | 21,791,935 51 |  |  |  | 21, 1771,33555 |  |
| . 18 | 506, $4 \times 088$ | 50, 806,79608 |  |  |  | ${ }^{30} 50.806,79608$ |  |
| 1837 |  | 24, 954, 153304 |  |  | 2, 992.989 15 | 27.947, 142 l 19 | 63; 28835 |
| 1838 |  | 26, 302 56174 |  |  | 12,716, 82086 | 39, 319,3838 |  |
| 1839 |  | 31, 182,74961 |  |  |  | 35, 340,02582 | -458,782938 |
| 1840 |  | [ $\begin{aligned} & 19,48060,160 \\ & 162\end{aligned}$ |  |  | - $13,679.37738$ | 30, 519,47475 | 25 |
| 42 |  | 19, 976,19725 |  |  | 14, 1808,73564 | 34, 784.9328 .89 | 11,18800 |
| 1843 |  | 8, 231,001 26 |  | 71, 701983 | 12,470, 70836 | 20, 78.141045 |  |
| ${ }_{18}^{18}$ |  |  |  |  | 1,87, 18135 | 29, 970,10580 | 28, 25190 |
| ${ }_{1} 846$ |  | 20, 699, 96774 |  |  |  | 29, 699, 96774 |  |
| 1847 |  | 20,467. 40316 |  |  | ${ }^{28,872,399} 45$ | 55, 368, 1685 | :0,000 00 |
| 1848 |  | 35, 698, 97921 |  | 377,0800 | 21, 2566740000 | 56, 992, 479 21, |  |
| ${ }_{1850}^{1845}$ |  | ${ }_{43,592}{ }^{\text {a }} 88888$ |  | 10,500 00 | 4,045, 95000 | 47, 619,38888 |  |
| 185 |  | 52, 555,039 33 |  | 4, 26492 | 203, 400000 | 52, 762, $7042{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 1852 |  | ${ }^{49,846,815} 60$ |  |  | 46,300 00 | 49, 893, 1156 |  |
| ${ }_{1854}^{838}$ |  | 73, 600,34140 |  |  |  |  | 103,301 37 |
| ${ }_{1} 885$ |  | 65, 350, 57468 |  |  |  | 65, 351, 374 68 |  |
| 1858 |  | 74, 056, 69924 |  |  | 20000 | 74,056, 89924 |  |
|  |  | 68,965, 312 27 |  |  | 3,900 00 | 68, 969, 21257 |  |
| ${ }_{1}{ }_{89}^{588}$ |  | - $46,655,36596$ |  |  | 23,717,300 00 | 70, 372, 66, 96 |  |
| ${ }_{1860}^{889}$ |  | 56,054,59983 |  | 10,008 | 20,776,800 00 | -76, 841,4078 | 15,408 |
|  |  | 4i, 476, 299949 |  | 33, 63090 | 41, 861, 70974 | 83,371, 64013 |  |
| ${ }_{1863}^{1862}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000 8 |
| 18 |  | 243, 412,971 20 |  |  | 128, 733,04536 |  |  |
| 1865 |  | 322, 031,15819 |  | 11, 683,446891 | 1, 472, 224, 74085 [1, | 1, 805, 939, 345 03] | 6, 00511 |
|  | ano 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TARLE C.-STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the ONITED.

| $$ | Balanco in the Treasury at commencement of year. | Customs. | Internal revenue. | Direct tax. | Public lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 | \$33, 833, 65780 | \$170, 046, 65158 | \$309, 226, 81342 | \$1, 974, 75412 | \$665, 03103 | \$29, 036, 31423 |
| 1867 | 160, 817, 00973 | 176, 417, 81088 | 266, 027, 53743 | 4, 200, 23370 | 1,163,575 76 | 15, 037, 52215 |
| 1868 | 198, 076, 53709 | 164, 464, 50856 | 191, 087, 58941 | 1,788, 1458.5 | 1,348, $715 \cdot 41$ | 17, 745,403 59 |
| 1860 | 158, 936, 08287 | 180, 048, 42663 | 1:8,356, 46086 | 765, 68561 | 4, 020,34434 | 13, 997, 33885 |
| 1870 | 188, 781, 98576 | 194,538,374 44 | 184, 899, 75649 | 2:9, 10388 | 3, 350.48176 | 12, 942, 11830 |
| 1871 | 177, 604, 11651 | 206, 270,4418 05 | 143, 0418,15363 | 580,355 37 | 2, 388,646 68 | 22, 003, 51121 |
| 1872 | 138,019, 122, 15 | 216, 370,286 77 | 130, 642, 17772 |  | 2,575, 71419 | 13, 106, 05123. |
| 1873 | 134, 666, ,001 85 | 188, 089, 52270 | 113, 729, 31414 | 315, 25451 | 2, 882, 31238 | 17, 161, 27005 |
| 1874 | 159, 293, 67341 | 163, 103, 833669 | 102, 409, 78490 |  | 1, 852, 42893 | 32, 575, 01333 |
| 1875 | 178, 833, 33954 | 157, 167, 72235 | 110, 007, 49358 |  | 1,413,640 17 | 15; 431191531 |
| 1876 | 172, 804. 06132 | 148, 071,98461 | 116, 700,732 03 | 93,798 60 | 1, 129,463 95 | 24, 770, $602 \cdot 31$ |
| 1877 | 149, 900, 37721 | 130, 956, 49307 | 118, 630, 40783 |  | 976,25368 | 30, 437, 48742 |
| 1878 |  | 130, 170, 63020 | 110, 581, 62474 |  | 1, 079, 74337 | 15, $614,7 \times 809$ |
| 16:9 | 286, 591, 45388 | 137, 950,04770 | 1119, 561, 61058 |  | 94.78166 | 20, 585. 697749 |
| 1880 | 386, 832, 58865 | 186, 528,06460 | 124, 009, 37392 | 3085 | 1,016, 30660 | $21,978,52501$ |
| 1881 | 231, 940, 06444 | 198, 159, 67602 | 135, 264, 38551 | 1,51689 | 2, 201, 80317 | 25, 154, 85098 |
| 1882 | 280, 607, 66837 | 220, 410,730 25 | 146, 497, 59354.5 | 160,14169 | 4, 753, 14037 | 31, 703, 64\% 72 |
| 188:3 | 275, 150, 90353 | 214, 706. 49693 | 144, 720, 36888 | 108, 15660 | 7, 955, 86442 | 30, 796, 695 02 |
| 1884 | 374, 189, 08198 | 195, 067, 489976 | 121, 580, 07251 | 70,720 75 | 9, 810,705 01 | 21, 984, 88189 |
| 1885 | 424, 941, 40307 | 181, 471, 93934 | 112, 498, 72554 |  | 5,705, 98644 | 24, 014, 05506 |
|  |  | 5, 448, 779, 75870 | 3,332, 660, 12876 | 27, 989, 29251 | 235, 991, 87882 | 547, 082, 48549 |

* Amoants heretofore credited to the Treasurer as

STATES from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1885, \&fc.-Continued.

|  | Dividends. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net ordinary } \\ & \text { receipts. } \end{aligned}$ | Interest. | Premiams. | Receipts from loans and Treasury notes. | Gross receipts. | Unavail- able. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 |  | 8519, 949, 56438 |  | \$38, 083, 055 68 | \$712, 851, 55305 | 1, 278, 884, 17311 | \$172,094 29 |
| 1867 |  | 462, 846, 679 92 |  | 27, 787, 33035 | 640, 426, 91029 | 1,131, 060, 02056 | 721,827 93 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 675, 91819 |
| 1868 |  | 376, 434, 45382 |  | 29, 203, 62950 | 625, 111, 43320 | 1, 030, 749, 51652 |  |
| 1869 |  | 3in7, 188, 25609 |  | 13, 755, 49112 | 238, 678, 08106 | 609, 621, 82827 | *2,070 73 |
| 1870 |  | 395, 959, 83387 |  | 15, 295, 043376 | 285, 474, 49600 | 696, 729, 97363 |  |
| 1871 |  | 374, 431, 10494 |  | 8,892, 83995 | 208, 708, 52347 | 652, 092, 46836 | *3,386 18 |
| 1872 |  | 364, 694, 22991 |  | 9,412, 63765 | 305, 047, 05400 | 679, 153, 92156 | *18,22835 |
| 1873 |  | 322, 177, 67378 |  | 11, 500, 53089 | 214, 381,01700 | 548, 669, 22167 | *3,04780 |
| 1874 |  | 299, 941, 09084 |  | 5, 037, 66522 | 439,272, 53546 | 744, 251, 29152 | 12,691 40 |
| 1875 |  | 284, 020,771 41 |  | 3,979, 27969 | 387, 971, 556001 | 675, 971, 60710 |  |
| 1876 |  | 290, 066, 58470 |  | 4, 029, 28058 | 397, 455, 80800 | 691, 551, 67328 |  |
| 1877 |  | 281, 000, 64200 |  | 405, 77658 | 348, 871, 74900 | 630, 278, 16758 |  |
| 1878 |  | 257, 446, 77840 |  | 317, 10230 | 401, 581, 20100 | 662, 345, 07970 |  |
| 1879 |  | 272, 322, 13683 |  | 1,505, 04763 | 792, 807, 64300 | 1, $066,634,82746$ |  |
| 1880 |  | 333, 526, 50098 |  | 11000 | 211, 814, 103 (0) | 545, 340, 71398 |  |
| 1881 |  | 360. 782, 29257 |  |  | 113, 750, 53400 | 474, 532, 82657 |  |
| 1882 |  | 403, 5!5, 25028 |  |  | 120, 945, 72400 | 524, 470, 97428 |  |
| 1883 |  | 398, 287, 58195 |  |  | 555, 942, 56400 | 954, 230, 14595 |  |
| 884 |  | 348, 519, 86992 |  |  | 206; 877, 88600 | 555, 397, 75592 |  |
| 1885 |  | 323, 690, 70638 |  |  | 245, 196, 30300 | 568, 887, 00938 | 47, 09765 |
|  | \$9,720,136 29 | 9,602,223,680 57 | 485, 22445 | 204, 259, 22083 | 11,840,006,718 84 | 442, 230, 39941 | 2, 614, 76888 |

anavailable, and since recovered and charged to his account.

TABLE P.-STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES of ONITED STATES from Mar.4,


* For the half year from Jan

1789, to June 30, 1885, by cal. years to 1843 and by fiscal'years (ended June 30) from that time.

| Year. | Net ordidary expenditures. | Premiuras. | Interest. | Public debt. | Gross expenditures. | Balance iu Treasury at the end of the sear. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 | \$.1, 919, 58952 |  | \$1, 177, 86303 | \$699,984 23 | \$3,797,436 78, | \$973. 90575 |
| 1792 | 5,896, 25847 |  | 2,373,611 28 | 693,050 25 | 8, 962, 9:0 00 | 783, 41451 |
| 1793 | 1,749,070 73 |  | 2,097, 85917 | 2, 633, 04807 | 6, 479,977 97 | 753, 661 |
| 1794 | 3, 545, 29900 |  | 2,752,523 04 | 2,743,771 13 | 9, 041,593171 | 1,151,924 17 |
| . 1795 | 4, 362, 54172 |  | 2, 947, 05906 | 2, 841, 63937 | 10,151,240 15 | 516,442 61 |
| 1796 | 2, 551, 00315 |  | 3,239,34768 | 2, 577, 12600 | 8,307, $77684^{\prime}$ | 888, 99542 |
| 1797 | 2, 836, 11052 |  | 3,172, 51673 | 2, 617, $250 \cdot 12$ | 8, 635, 877 :37 | 1,021, 89904 |
| 1798 | 4, 651, 71042 |  | 2, 955, 87590 | 976, 03209 | 8, 583, 61841. | 617,45143 |
| 1799 | 6, 480, 16672 |  | 2, 815, 65141 | 1,706,578 84i | 11,002, 39697 ; | 2, 161, 86777 |
| 1800 | 7, 411, 36997 |  | 3,402, 60104 | 1,138,56311. | 11, 952, 53412 | $2,6 \div 3,311.99$ |
| 1801 | $4,981,66990$ |  | $4,411,83006$ | 2, 879, 57698 | 12, 273, 3789.94 | 3, 295, 39100 |
| 1802 | 3, 737, 07991 |  | 4, 239, 17216 | 5, 294, 23524 | 13, 270, 48731 | 5, (20, 697 64 |
| 1803 | 4, 002, 824 24 |  | 3, 949, 462 30\% | 3,306, 69707 | 11, 258, 98367 | 4, 825, 81160 |
| 1804 | 4, 452, 858.91 |  | 4, 185, 048.74 | 3, 977, 20607 , | 12, 615,11372 | 4, 037,00526 |
| 1805 | $6,357,23462$ |  | 2, 657, 114 ${ }^{2} 2$ | 4, 583, 960 63 | 13, 598, 30947 | 3, 999,38899 |
| 1806 | 6, 080, 20936 |  | 3, 368, 96826 | 5, 572, 018.64 | 15, 021,19620 | 4, 538, 123880 |
| 1807 | 4, 984, 57289 |  | 3, 369, 57848 | 2, 938, 141.62$]$ | 11, 292, 29299 | 9, 64: 85000 |
| 1808 | 6, 504, 33885 |  | 2, 557, 07423 | 7, 701, 28896 | 16, 762, 70204 | 9,941,809 96 |
| 1809 | 7, 414, 67214 |  | ${ }^{2}, 2686,07490$ | 3,586,479 26 | 13, 867, 296630 | 3, 848, 05678 |
| 1810 | 5, 311, 08228 |  | ${ }^{2} 3,163,67109$ | 4, 835, 241 '12 | 13,309, 99449 | 2,672, 27657 |
| 1811 | 5, 592, 60486 |  | 2, 585, 43557 | 5, 414, 56443. | 13, 592: 60486 | 3, 502, 30580 |
| 1812 | 17, 839,49870 |  | 2,451, 27257 | 1,998, 349 ع8 | 22, 279, 121. 15 | 3,862, 21741 |
| 1813 | 28, 082, 30692 |  | 3,599,455.22 | 7, 508, 66822 | 39, 190, 52036 | 5, 196, 54: 011 |
| 1814 | 30, 127, 68638 |  | 4, 593, 23904 | 3, 307, 304 90 | 38, 028,23032 | 1,727, 848663 |
| 1815 | 26, 953, 571. 00 |  | 5, 990; 09024 | 6, 638, 83211. | 39, 582, 49335 | 13,106, 59288 |
| 1816 | 23, 373, 43258 |  | 7, 822, 923 34 | 17,048, 139 50, | 48, 244, 49551 | 22, 033, 51919 |
| 1817 | 15, 454, 60992 |  | 4, 536, 28255 | 20, 886, 75357 | 40, 877, 64604 | 14, $980,46 \%$ - 48 |
| 1818 | 13, 808, 673-78 |  | 6,209, 95403 | 15, 086, 24759 | 35, 304, 87540 | 1, 478, $5 \div 674$ |
| 1819 | 16, 300, 27344 |  | 5, 211, 73056 | 2, 492, 19573 | 24, 004, 19973 | 2, 079, 99238 |
| 1820 | 13, 134, 53057 |  | 5; 151, 00432 | 3, 477, 489 96 | 21., 763, 02485 | 1, 198,461 21 |
| 1821 | 10, 723, 47907 |  | 5, 126, 07379 | 3,241, 01983 | 19, 090, 57269 | 1, 681, 59224 |
| 1822 | 9, 8:77, $643 \mathrm{5l}$ |  | 5, 172, 78879 | 2, 676,16033 | 17, 676, 59263 | 4, 937,42755 |
| 18:3 | 9,784, 15459 |  | 4, 922, 47540 | 607, 54101 | 15, 314, 17100 | 0, 443, 92281 |
| 1824 | 15, 330, 14471 |  | 4, 943, 557.93 | 11, 624,835 83 | 31, 898, 53847 | I. 946, 59713 |
| 1825 | 11, 490, 45994 |  | 4,366, 75740 | 7,728, 58738 | 23, 58j, $80+72$ | 5, 201, 65043 |
| 1826 | 13, 06231627 |  | 3, 975, 542 951 | 7, 065, 53924 | 24, 103, 39846 | 6, 358, 68618 |
| 1827 | 12, 683, 09565 |  | 3,486, 07151 | 6,517,596 88 | 22, 656, 76404 | $6,068,2=610$ |
| 1828 | 13, 296, 04145 |  | 3, 098,800 60- | 9, 064, 63747 | 35, 409, 47952 | 5, 972, 43581. |
| 1829 | 12, 641, 21040 |  | 2,542, 84323 | 9, 800, 30477 | 25, 044, 35840 | 5, 755,704 |
| 1830 | 13, 229, 53333 |  | 1, 912, 57493 | 9, 443, 17329 . | 24, 585, 28155 | 6, 014, 53975 |
| 1831 | 13, 864, 06790 |  | 1, 373, 74874 | 14, 800, 629 48 | 30, 038,44612 | 4, 502, 91445 |
| 1832 | 16,516,388 77, |  | 772, 56150 | 17, 067, 74779 | 34, 356, 698800 | 2, 013,77755 |
| 1833 | 22,713, 75511 |  | 303,796 87 | 1,239,746 51 | 24, 257, 29849 | 11, 702, 90531 |
| 1834 | 18,425, 41725 |  | 202, 15298 | 5, 974, 41221 | 24, G01, 98244 | $8,892,85842$ |
| 1835 | 17, 514, 95028 |  | 57, 86308 | 32820 | 17, 573, 14156 | 26,749, 80396 |
| 1836 | 30, 808, 164, 04 |  |  |  | 30, 868, 16404 | $40,708,43600$ |
| 1837 | 37, 243, 21424 |  |  | 21,822 91 | 37, 265, 03715 | 37, 327, 25269 |
| 1838 | 33. 849, 71808 |  | 14, 99648 | 5, 590, 72379 | 39, 455, 43835 | 36, 891, 196 |
| 1839 | 26, 496, 94873 |  | 399, 83389 | 10, 718, 15353 | 37, 614, 93615 | 33, 157, 103 |
| 1840 | 24, 139, 92011 |  | 174, 59808 | $3,912,01562$ | 28, 226,533 81 | 29, 963, 16346 |
| 1841 | 26, 196, 84029 . |  | 254, 97755 | 5,315,712 19. | 31, 797, 53003 | 28.685, 111 |
| 1842 | 24, 361, 33659 |  | 773, 54985 | 7,801,990 09 | 32, 936,876 53 | 30, 521, |
| 1843* | 11, 256, 5086 |  | 523,583 91- | 338, 012 64 | 12, 118, 10515 | 39, 186, 28474 |
| 1844 | 20,650. 10801 |  | 1, 833, 452 13 | 11, 158, 45071 | 33, 642, 01085 | 36; 742, 82962 |
| 1845 | 21, 895, 26061 | \$18, 23143 | 1, 040,458 18 | 7,536; 34949 | $30,490,40871$ | $36,194,27481$ |
| 1846 | 26, 418, 45959 |  | 812, 72327 | 371,10004 | 27, 632, 28290 | 38, 201, 959 65 |
| 1847 | 53, 801, 56937 |  | 1, 119, 21472 | 5, 600, 06765 | $60,580,85174$ | 33, 079, 2764 |
| 1848 | 45, 227, 45477 |  | 2. 390,76588 | 13, 030, 922 54 | $60,655,14310$ | 29, 416, 61245 |
| 1849 | 39, 933, 54261 | 82, 86581 | 3,565,535 78 | 12, 804, 47854 | 56, 386, 42274 | 32, 827, 08269 |
| 1850 | - 37, 165, 03009 |  | 3,782, 39303 | 3, 656, 33514 | 44, 604, 71826 | 35, 871, 75331 |
| 1851 | 44, 054, 71766 | 69, 71319 | 3, 696,76075 | 654,912 71 | 48, 476, 10431 | $40,158,35325$ |
| 1852 | 40, 389, 95456 | 170, 06342 | 4, 000, 29780 | 2. 152, 29305 | 46, 712, G08 83.3 | 43, 338,860 02 |
| 1853 | 44, 078, 15635 | -420,49864 | $3,665,83274$ | 6, 412, 574401 | 54, 577, 06178 | 50, 261, 901, 09 |
| 1854 | 51, 967, 598842 | 2, 877, $81869{ }^{\circ}$ | 3, 070.026699 | 17, 556, 89695 | 75, 473, 17075 | 48, 591,07341 |
| 1855 | 56, 316, 1977 | 872, 04739 | 2,314, 664993 | 6, 662, 06586 | 66, 164,775961 | 47,777,672 18 |
| 1856 | $66.772,52764$ | $\begin{aligned} & 385,372 \\ & 309 \\ & 309 \\ & 572 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 1,953, \\ 1,503,265 & 33 \end{array}$ | $3,614,618$ <br> 3,276 <br> 3,606 <br> 15 | $72,726,34157$ | 49, 108, 22980 |
| 1857 1858 | $66,041,143$ 70 70 | 303,572 <br> 574,443 <br> 18 | 1, $1,603,2650587$ |  | 81, $274,582,18674$ | 35, 113, 33422 |
| 1859 | $66,355,95007$ |  | 2, 637, 64970 | 14, 685, 04315 | 83, 678, 64292 | 33, 193, 24860 |
| 1860 | 60, 056, 7547.1 |  | 3, 144; 12094 | 13, 854, 25000 | 77, 055, 125 65 | 32, 979, 53078 |
| 1861 | $62,616,05578$ |  | 4, 034,15730 | 18,737, 10000 | 85, 387, 31308 | 30, 963, 85783 |
| 1862 | 456, 379, 89681 |  | 13, 190, 34484 | -06, 097, 32209 | 565, 667, 563 74 | 46, 965, 30487 |
| 1863 | 694, 004, 57556 |  | 24,729, 70062 | 181, 081, 63507 | 899, 815, 91125 | 36, 523, 046 |
| 18 | 811, 283, 676 |  | 53, 685, 42169 | 430, 572, 01403 | 1,205, 541, 114 | 34, 433,738 |

nary 1 to June 30,1843 .



* Outstanding

Note.-This statement is made from warrants paid by the Treasurer up to June 30, 1866. The out mice in the Treasury June 30, 1885, as shown by this statement, includes the amonnt deposited with and 1884, as shown by the reports for those years.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.
cIX
STATES from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1885, foc-Continued.

| Year. | Net ordinary ex. peuditures. | Premiums. | Interest. | Public debt. | Gross expenditures. | Balance in Treasury at the end of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1865{ }^{\circ}$ | \$1, 217, 704, 19928 | \$1, 717,900 11 | \$77, 395, 09030 | \$609, 616, 14168 | 11, 906, 433, 33137 | \$33, 933, 65789 |
| 1860 | 385, 954, 73143 | 58,476 51 | 133, 067, 624 91 | 620, 263, 24910 | 1, 139, 344, 08195 | 165, 301, 65476 |
| - | $\begin{array}{r} 5,152,771,55043 \\ * 4,481,566 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$ | 7,611,003 56 | $\begin{array}{r}502,689,51927 \\ .298848 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 374, 677, 10312 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,037,749,17638 \\ * 4,484.555 \\ \hline 03 \end{array}$ | *4, 484, 555 03 |
|  | 5, 157, 253, 116 | 7, 611, 00356 | 502, 692, 40775 | $2,374,677.20343$ | 8, 04,2, 233, 731-41, | 160, 817, 09973 |
|  | 202, 947, 73287 | 10, 813, 34938 | 143, 781, 591.91 , | 735, 5336, 980111 | 1, 093, 079, 655. 27 | $198,076,53709$ |
| 1868 | 2:329, 915,088 11 | 7, 001, 151.04 | 140, 4:4, 045 7 ${ }_{\text {l }}$ | 692, 549, 68588 | 1, 069.889,974 74 | 158,9 936, 08287 |
| 1869 | 190, 496, 35495 | 1, 674, 68005 | 130, 694, 24280 | 261,912, 71831 | 584, 7 77, 996111 | $1183,751,9 \times 578$ |
| 1870 | 164, 4:1, 507 15 | 15,996, 555060 | 1:99, 255, 49800 | 393, 254, 28213 | 702, 907, 84288 | 177.604, 11051 |
| 1871 | 157, 583, 82758 | 9, 016, 79474 | , 125, 576, 565 93 | 399, 503, 67065 | - 691, 680, 85890 | 138, 019, 12215 |
| 1872 | $\cdot 153,201,83619$ | 6, 958, 26676 | 117, 357, 839 72 | 405, 007, 3075 | 682, 525, 27021 | 134, 666, 00185 |
| 1873 | 180,488,636 90 | 5,105, 91999 | 104, 750, 68844 | 233, 609,35258 | 524, 041, 597 91. | 1159, 293, 67341 |
| 1874 | 194, 118, 985 | 1,395, 073 55 | 107, 119, $815{ }^{\prime} 21$ | 422,065, 060 23 | 724, 698,933 99 | 178, 833, 339 '51 |
| 1875 | 171, 529,848 27 |  | 103, 093, 544 - 57 | 407, 377, 49248 | $682,000,885$ 32 | 172, 804, 06132 |
| d270 | 164, 857, 81836 |  | -100, 243, 27123 | 449, 345, 27280 | 714, 446,357 39 | '149, 900. 37721 |
| 1877 | 144, 209; 96328 |  | 97, 124, 51158 | 323, 305. 42405 | 565, 299, 89x 91 | 214, 887, 645 88 |
| 1878 | 134,463, 45215 |  | 102, 500, 87465 | 353, 676, 944,90 | 590, 641, 27170 | 286, 591, 45388 |
| 1879 | 161, 619, 934. 53 |  | 105, 327, 94900 | $699,445,80916$ | 966, 393, 69: 69 | 386.832, 58865 |
| 1880 | 169, 090,062 25 | 2, 795, 32042 | 95, 757, 57511 | 432, 530, 28041 | 700, 233, 23819 | 231, 940, 06444 |
| 1881 | 177, 142, 89763 | 1, 061,24878 | 82, 508, 74118 | 165, 152, 33505 | 425, 865, 222644 | 280, 607, 66837 |
| $1882^{\circ}$ | 186, 904, 23278 |  | 71, 077, 200 79 | 271, 646, 39955 | 529, 627, 73912 | 275, 450, 90353 |
| 188 | 206, 248, 00620 |  | 59, 160, 131 25 | 590, 0833,82996 | 855, 491, 96750 | 374, 189, 08198 |
| 1884 | 189, 547, 86585 |  | 54, 578, 37848 | 260, 520, 69050 | 504, 646, 934 83 | 424, 941, 40307 |
| 1885 | 208, 840, 67864 |  | 51, 386, $256 \cdot 47$ | 211, 760, 35343 | 471, 987, 28854 | 521, 794, 02626 |
|  | 8, 544, 881, 86145 | 69, 429, 36387 | 2, 424, 391, 13578 | 10, 083, 770, 99315 | 21, 122, 473, 35425 |  |

stauding warrants are then added, and the statement is by warrants issued from that date. The bal. the Siates, $\$ 28,101,644.91$. This amount was inadvertently onitted from the balances for 1882,1883 ,

#  ant Treas 

## BALTIMORE.


RECEIPTB.


## DISBUREEMENT8.

| On account of Treasury drafts | 4, 015; 58329 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 367,344 41 |  |
| On acconot of dislursing accounts | -3,147, 89494 |  |
| On acconnt of interest | 567, 53022 |  |
| On accoriat.of traisfors | 7,761,509 41 | . |
| On account of certificates of doposit, act June 8, 1872 | 7, 885, 00000 |  |
| On account of fractional curroncy (silvot and minor coins) redeomed.. | 1, 528,47516 | 273,337 |
| - ! |  |  |
| Balance June 30, 1885. |  | 13,734, 08003 |

## BOSTON.

Balanco June 30, 1884
$\$ 25,259,349^{\circ} 70$

## RECEPTS.

| On acconnt of customs | \$21, 260, 70514 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 6, 025, 000 00 |
| On account of Post-Office Department | 1,698,758 27 |
| On account of transfers. | 12, 800, 15008 |
| On account of patent fees | 7, 24080 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 38,571,700 32 |
| On account of semi-anumal duty | 423, 61195 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 13,945 08 |
| On account of redemptions . | 1,710, 21720 |
| On account of miscellaneons | 4, 267, 37538 |

## DIBBURSEMRENTE.



# TABRE 4.-RECEIPTS and DISBORSEMENTS, \&\%.-Continued. <br> <br> CHICAGO. 

 <br> <br> CHICAGO.}

Balance Jupe 30, 1884.
$\$ 19,613,50125$

## BECEIPT(G.

| On account of customs | \$4, 706,56474 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of intornal revenue | 1, 056, 68242 |  |
| On account of sales of public lands | 30, 59337 |  |
| On accuunt of gold certificates | 480, 00000 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 800,00000 |  |
| On account of Postsofice Department | 4, 176, 21867 |  |
| On account of transfers: |  |  |
| 'Treasurer's | 25, 437,781 93. |  |
| Standard dollar's | 648,900 00 |  |
| On account of patent fees | 6,99700 | , |
| On account of disbursing officers | 11, 086,362 58 |  |
| On acconnt of semi annual duty | 50,373 48 |  |
| On account of the Secretary of the T | 7,788 80 |  |
| On account of reparments | 749, 69590 |  |
| On account of redemptions, silrer exchange | 1, 298, 17400 |  |
| On account of miscellaneous. | 47, 62937 |  |
| - |  | 50,58:, 76222 |
|  |  | 70, 197, 26347 |
| DISBURESEMENTS. |  |  |
| On áccount of Treasury drafts | 17, 801,941 72 |  |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 4, 059, 62270 |  |
| On account of disbursing olticers | 11, 669, 555616 |  |
| Ou account of Secretary of the Treasury | 9,499 76 |  |
| On account of interest | 682, 11954 |  |
| Ou account of gold cerrificates | $6,709,60000$ |  |
| On account of silver exchange | 1,276, 23400 |  |
| On account of transfers | 6, 804, 41371 |  |
| On account of Uuited States notes mutilated | 3,785, 00000 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8;1872 | 610, 00000 |  |
| On account of fritetional currency redeemed | 40478 |  |
| On account of miscellaneous | 2,181 57 |  |
|  |  | 54, 010, 47394 |
| Balance June 30, 1885 |  | 16, 186, 78953 |

## CINCINNATL

Balance June 30, 1884
$\$ 5,543,22413$

## RECE1PTS.



## diśbursements.

| On account of Troasury drafts | 2, 446,093 19 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of Post-Ofice draifts | 1,713, 289 .36 |
| Oni account of disbursing officers | 2, 061,88561 |
| On aceount of interest. | 578, 11480 |
| On account of gold certificates | $233,000 \mathrm{co}$ |
| On account of silver certificates | 1,246, 00000 |
| On account of transfers | 5, 390, 84707 |
| On account of United States note | 2, 650, 00000 |
| On account of certificates of depo | 1,555,000 00 |
| On account of fractionat currencs | 1,721,24100 |

## CẊII

#  

## NEW ORLEANS.

| Balanco June 30, 1884 |  | \$15, 602, 71362 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RECRIPTS. |  |  |
| On account of customs. | \$1, 734, 03101 |  |
| On account of interual rovenue | 588,31439 |  |
| On account of sales public lands | 106, 10074. |  |
| On account of Post-Ottice Department | 846, 13250 |  |
| On account of translers: |  |  |
| - Treasurer's | 21, 615, 55703 |  |
| Scaudard dollars | 3, 768, 50000 |  |
| On account of patent fees | 36600 |  |
| On account of disbursing oflicers. | 3,467, $458 \mathrm{7t}$ |  |
| On acconnt of assay offico: Ordinary expenses | 9100 |  |
| On acconnt of semi-annual duty | 34, 83.3213 |  |
| On account of the Sccrotary of the Treasury | 7, 73574 |  |
| On account of reparmeuts... | 179, 60735 |  |
| On acconnt of miscellancous | 119, 70007 | 32, 468, 49369 |
|  |  | 48, 071, 20731 |
| disbursempnts. | - |  |
| On account of Treasnry drafts.. | -4, 289,631 44 |  |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 862,457 24. |  |
| On acconnt of disbursiug oflicers | 3,470, 93388 |  |
| On acconut of interest. | 255, 05131. |  |
| On account of gold certificates | 2,230, 72000 |  |
| On account of transpers | -18, 622, 98169 |  |
| On acconnt of United Statcs notes mutilated. | 2, 284, 95065 |  |
| On account of fractional curroncy (silver and minor coins) $\mathbf{r}$ | 43070 | 32,027, 05691 |
| Balance June 30, 1885. |  | 16, 044, 15040 |

## NEW YORI.

Balance Juno 30, 1884 .................................................................................. $\$ 129,679,71341$

## RECEIPTA.




PHILADELPHIA.
Balance June 30, 1884..................................................................................... $28,874,93846$,

| On account of customs. | \$12, 532, 52731 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of interrial revenue | 1,37590 | , |
| On account of certificates, act Juac 8, 1872 | 14,780, 00000 |  |
| On account of Postrofice Department | 1,991,473 77 |  |
| On account ot transfers. | 10, 250, 18043 | , $\because$ |
| On account of patent fees | 3, 07820 |  |
| On acconat of disbursing ofticers | 17, 267, 50791 |  |
| On account of semi-amual duty | 140,372 80 |  |
| On account of miscellancous. | 2, 483, 18 16 |  |
|  |  |  |
| dislutischents. |  | 88, 324, 0:36 94 |
| On accoutht of Treasury diafts. | 9, 295,01524 |  |
| On account of Post-Oftice dratts | 2, 251, 65780 |  |
| On acconnt of distursing otlicers | 17, 181, 04493 | - |
| On account of interest. | 2, 891, 36237 |  |
| On account of tuasfiers | 18, 052, 05800 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act J une 8, 1872 | 10, 380,000 00 | 051,639 |
| Balance June 30, 1885 |  | 28, 272, 99794 |

## SATNT LOUIS.

Balance June 30, 1884................................................................................ \$19, 253,007 83
meceipts.


## DISLUURSEMENTS.

On account of Treasury drafts
12, 289, $0430{ }^{\circ}$
On account of Pust-Office dralits
1, 659, 38503
On account of disbursing otticers $10,808,40754$
On account of assay office:
86,540 18
Ordinary expenses
6,20L 46
On account of interest
On account of gold certilicates
On account ot. silver certificates
421, 4538.3
4, 160000
262, 00000
On account of transfers
1, 720, 02006
Ou account of United Stites mutilated
, 220,02005
On account of certificates of deposit, act Juae 8,1872
120, 00000
8, 49620

TABCE R.-RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, fo.-Continued:
san frajecisco.


[^6]TABLE R R.-STATEMENT of UNITED STATES BONDS and other OBLIGATIONS RECEIVED and ISSUED by the OFYICE of the SECRETARY' of the TREASORY, from Noveniber 1, 1884, to October 31, 1885.


TABLE S．－DESCRIPTION of DISTINCTIVE PAPER－SILK－THREADED FIBER－MANUFACTURED，SHIPPED，and DELIVERED； for the fiscal year ended June $30,1885$.

|  |  | description of paper． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | －National corrency． |  |  | Certificates． |  | United States check． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | － |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\dot{B}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{i n} \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\stackrel{1}{2}}$ | 寅 | － | 5 0 0 0 | ＋ | 寀 |  |
| Registered by antomatic register to end of fiscal year 1885 （a） | $37,348,606$ $4,598,606$ | 12，295，754 | 8，113，626 | 584，628 | 4，435， 012 | 1，152， 775 | 1，434， 941 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 397,167 \\ & 32_{217} \end{aligned}$ | 28,930 2930 |  |  |
| Destroyed at mill imperfect to end of fiscal year 1885 （b）． | 4，598，606 | 1，795，754 | 813，626 | 84，628 | 465，012 | 119，775 | 111，941 | $114,918$ | $50,136$ | $\frac{38,217}{500} 0$ | 2，930 | 1，196 | $8,191,739$ |
| Shipped from mill perfect to end of fiscal jear 1885 （c） | 32，750，000 | 10，500，000 | 7，300，000 | 500，000 | 3，970，000 | 1，033，000 | 1，323，000 | 342，000 | 394，530 | 363，950 | $\underline{26,000}$ | 17，000 | 58，519，480 |
| Balance on hand at the mill June 30， 1885 ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Registered by automatic register during fiscal year 1885 | 5，219，163 | 1，204， 077 | 2，214， 003 |  | 531，738 |  | 320，688 | 54，748 |  | 55，101 |  |  | 9，600，418 |
| Total to be accounted for by the U．S．saperin－ tendent | 5，219， 163 | 1，204， 077 | 2，214，903 |  | 531，738 |  | －320，688 | 54， 748 |  | 55， 101 |  |  | 9，600， 418 |
| Destroyed at the mill（rejected）during the sear． | 619，163 | 1，204， 077 | 214，903 |  | 31， 738 |  | 20， 688 | 4，748 |  | 5，101 |  |  | 1，100， 418 |
| Shipped from mill during the year ．．．．．．． | 4，600，000 | T1，000，000 | 2，000，000 |  | 500， 000 |  | 300,000 | 50， 000 |  | 50，000 |  |  | 8，500， 000 |
| Balauces in Secretary＇s office June 30， 1884 | 4，860， 891 | 1， 219,473 | 3，208， 588 | 83， 092 | 506， 645 | 467， 940 | 147， 843 | 58， 146 | 92，495 | 93， 882 | 8，440 |  | 10，747，445 |
| ＇Total to be accounted for by the Secretary＇s office Less sheets destroyed blank or used for sundries（d）．． | 9，460， 891 2,800 | 2，219，473 | 5，208， 5888 | $\begin{array}{r} 83,092 \\ 437 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1，006， 645 | 467， 940 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 447，} 843 \\ 2,324 \\ \hline 4\end{array}$ | 108，146 | 92,495 <br> 17 | $\begin{array}{r} 143,892 \\ \mathbf{1}, 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 8，440 |  | －19， 247,445 |
| Rewainder ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 9，458， 091 | 2，219，473 | 5，207， 952 | 82，655 | 1，006， 645 | 467，940 | 445，519 | 108，146 | 92， 178 | $\begin{array}{r} 142,786 \\ 79 \end{array}$ | 8,440 |  | 19，239， 825 |
| Balances in Secretary＇s office June 30， 1885 | 4，150，191 | 1，590，423 | 3，109， 177 | 75， 535 | 587，695 | 465， 840 | 90，852 | 11，895 |  | $79,004$ | －880 |  | 10，161，509 |
| Delivered to Bureau Engraving and Printing during the year | 5，307， 900 | 629， 050 | 2，098，775 | 7，120 | 418， 950 | 2，100 | 354， 667 | 96， 251 | 92， 161 | 63，782 | 7，560 |  | 9，078， 316 |
| Balances in Bureau Engraring and Printing Jnne 30， $1884 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 539， 205 | 563，781 ${ }^{\frac{1}{8}}$ | 405， $016 \frac{1}{2}$ | －6， 804 | 47，740 | 56， 470 | 5， 245 | 851 | 4．779 | 43 |  |  | 1，650，335 ${ }^{\frac{1}{6}}$ |
| Total to be accounted for by Bureau Engrav－ ing and Printing | 5，847， 105 | 1，192，831 | 2，503，791 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 33， 934 | 466＇ | 58，570 | 359， 912 | 97， 10 | 96， 91 | 64， 225 | 7，560 |  | 10，728，651发 |
| Delivered by Printing Burcau as perfect impressions during the year |  |  |  |  |  | 6，000 | 268，100 | 64， 825 | 77， 150 | 50， 218 | 7，200 |  | 8，102，0683 |
| Remainder ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 987，105 | 489， $285 \frac{5}{3}$ | 784， $762 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1，924 | 152，690 | 52，570 | 91，812 | 32，277 | 19，790 | 14，007 | ， |  | 2，626， 582 年 |
| Delivered by Printing Bureau as inperfect impres－ sions during the year | 232， 766 |  | 133，5083 | 1，924 | ．12，567 | 573 | 10，889 | 3，937 | 3，635 | 7，094． | 360 |  | 485，805 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| Balances in Burean Engraving aud Printing by Sec－ retary＇s books June 30， 1884 | 754，339 | 410，733 ${ }^{\frac{1}{3}}$ | 651， 254 |  | 140， 123 | 51， 997 | 80， 923 | 28，340 | 16， 155 | 6， 913 |  |  | 2，140， 7773 |

[^7] that expired in June，1885．The new contract omits the distributed silk－iber feature．In reference（d）．the 2，800 sheets of United States note papor were used for currency Digitized

PABLE T-STATEMENT of DISTINCTIVE PAPER-SILK-THREADED FIBER-isвued from the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURF to the BUREAU of ENGRAVING and PRINTING, and DELIVERLES and BALANCES of the 8ame, for NATIONAL-BANK CURRENCF, SERIES 1882, for fiscal year 1885.


## Digitized for FRASER

http://f̣raser.stlouisfed.orgi
Federal Réserve Bank of St. Louis ‘

TABSHETHOSTATEMENT of DISTINCTIFE PAPER-SILK-THREADED FIBER-issued from the OFIUCE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY to the RUREAU of ENGRAVING and PRINTING, and DELIVERIES and BALANCES of the same, for NATIONALBANK CURRENCY, SERIES 1875, for fiscal year 1885.

| Transactions. | Combinations: | Number of sheets. | Denomination. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 5's. | 10's. | 20's. | 50's. | 100's. | 500's. | 1,000's. |  |
| Balances in Bureau Englaving and Printing June 30, 1884. <br> Blanic l'aper,-Delivered to Barean Engraving and Printing from the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury for printing circulating notes during the fiscal year 1885 | See Finance Report 1884. | 563, $781{ }^{\text {e }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 5,786,920 \\ 6,480,000 \end{gathered}$ | \$7, 592, 970 | \$4,959, 700 | \$2, 507, 850 | $\$ 3,816,100$ | \$762, 000 | \$166, 000 | $\$ 25,591,540$ <br> 6.480000 |
|  | 5,5050 | 324, 000 <br> 25, 000 |  | $\because 1,000,000$$7,770,000$ |  | ….......... |  | - | ............ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}10, & 10, & 10, & 10 \\ 10, & 10, & 10, & 20\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 5180,000 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,480,000 \\ 1,000,000 \\ 12,950,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | 10, $20,10,20$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10, 10, 20, 50  <br> 10, 20, 50, 100 $\ldots$ |  |  | 40,000 | -40,000 | 100, 000 |  |  |  | 180,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll} 10, & 50, & 50, & 100 \\ 20, & 20, & 20, & 20 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,000 5,000 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 160,000 \\ & 300,000 \end{aligned}$ | 250, 000 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 160,000 \\ & 550,000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 20, 20, 20, 20 <br> 20, 20, 20, 50 <br> 20, 20, 50, 100 <br> 50,    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{cccc}20, & 20, & 50, & 100 \\ 50, & 50, & 50, & 100 \\ & 50, & 100\end{array}$ | 11,050 |  |  |  | 1,105,000 | $2,210,000$ |  |  | 3,315,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{rr}100, & 100 \\ 50, & 50\end{array}$ | 1,000 |  |  |  | 200,000 |  |  |  | 200,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 500 \\ 500,1000 \end{array}$ |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,192, 831 | 12, 266, 920 | 16, 402, 970 | 10,639,700 | 4, 162, 850 | 6, 026, 100 | 762, 000 | 166, 000 | 50, 496, 540 |
| Prafect Notes.-Delivered by Burean of En-gravin:- and Pribtidg to the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, for issue during thic fiscal year 1885. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 405,680 \\ .23,363 \end{array}$ | 8, 11.3,600 | $\begin{array}{r} 934,520 \\ 7,667,790 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | ...........: | ........... | $\begin{array}{r} 8,113,600 \\ 934,520 \\ 12,769,650 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}10, & 10, & 10, & 10 \\ 10 & 10, & 10 & 20\end{array}$ | 255, 593 |  |  | 5, 111,860 | -.......... | - |  | ............. |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{rrrr}10, & 10, & 20, & 20 \\ 10, & 10 \\ 10 & 20, & 50 \\ 10, & 50\end{array}$ | 555 |  | 11, 100 | …1100 | -...-27, 750 |  |  |  | . 49,950 |
|  | 10, 20, 50,100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 20, $20,20,20$ | 2,265 |  |  | 181, 200 |  |  |  |  | 181; 200 |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}20, & 20, & 20, & 50 \\ 20,\end{array}$ | 4,702 |  |  | 282, 120 | 235, 100 |  |  |  | 517, 220 |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}20, & 20, & 50, & 100 \\ 50, & 50, & 100\end{array}$ | 100 |  |  |  | 15,000 | 26,000 |  |  | 49,400 200 |
|  | 50, 100 | 10,2875 |  |  |  | 1,028,750 | 2, 057, 500 |  |  | 3, 086, 250 |
| . . * . | 100,100 50, 50 | $65{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  | 130, 000 | 35, 000 |  |  | 35,000 |
| . . | 500, 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |
| Total delivered (perfect) |  | 703, 5463 | 8,113,600 | 8, $613 ; 410$ | 5, 596,680 | 1,449, 600 | -2, 128, 500 | 5,000 |  | 25, 906, 790 |



TABLE 'V.-STATEMENT of INTERNAL-REFENUE STAMP PAPER-WATER MARKED-AKANOFACTURED, SHICPED, DELIVERED, and BALANCES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.


| 1-oz. tobacco stamps | 801 | 200, 0001 |  |  | 513, 580 | 24 | 7 | , | 40,900 | 324, 000 | , | , | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-02. tobacco stamps | 882, 419 | 1,700, 000 |  |  | 2, 582, 419 | 2, 044, 700 | 2,435 | 535, 284 | 152, 200 | 2, 044, 700 | 2, 196,900 | 1,973,500 | 24, 200 | 199, 20 |
| 3-oz. tobacco stamps | 172. 461 | 200,000 |  |  | 372,461 | 133,570 | 267 | 238, 624 | 13, 900 | 133, 570 | 147, 470 | 135,900 | 2, 300 | 6, 170 |
| 4-oz. tobacco stamps | 844, 429 | 2,730,000 |  | 36,000 | 3, 538,429 | 2,689, 500 | 5, 015 | 843,914 | 160, 100 | 2,689,500 | 2, 849,600 | 2, 497,000 | 48, 400 | 304, 20 |
| 8-oz. tobaceo stamps | 408, 781 | 1,000,000 |  |  | 1, 408, 781 | 1, 220, 000 | 736 | 188, 045 | -67, 100 | 1, 220, 000 | 1,287, 100 | 1, 111,000 | 29, 300 | 146, 800 |
| 16-0z. tobaceo stamps | 1,265 | 350, 000 |  |  | 351, 265 | 258, 900 | 1,195 | 91, 170 | 1, 300 | 258, 900 | 260, 200 | 230, 000 | 4, 200 | 26, 000 |
| $\frac{1}{6}-0 z$. snuff stamps |  |  | 10,650 |  | 10,650 | 10,650 |  |  | 3, 400 | 10, 650 | 14, 050 | 13,000 | 350 | 70 |
| 1-oz. snuff stamps | 18,726 | 140, 000 |  | 10,650 | 148, 076 | 102,500 | 94 | 45,482 | 6,700 | 102, 500 | 109, 200 | 97, 000 | 3, 600 | , 60 |
| 2 oz. snuff stamps | 4,184 | 80, 000 | 10,000 |  | 94, 184 | 62, 550 | 18 | 31,616 | 7, 150 | 62, 550 | 69,700 | 61, 000 | 1, 000 | , 70 |
| 3-oz. snuff stamps | 4, 470 |  |  |  | 4,470. |  |  | 4,470 | - 30 |  | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 30 |  |
| 402. snuff stamps | 4,788 | 60,000 | 1,000 | 6,300 | 59; 488. | 41,800 | 24 | 17,664 | 5, 820 | 41,800 | 47, 620 | 41,000 | 485 | , 13 |
| 8.oz. snuff stamps |  |  | 6,300 |  | 6,300 | 6,300 |  |  | 1, 186 | 6,300 | 7,486 | 7,000 | 97 | ${ }^{38}$ |
| 6-0z. snuff stamps | 26, 415 | 245, 000 | 25,000 |  | 296, 415. | 243, 600 | 122 | 52, 693 | 18,400 | 243. 600 | 262, 000 | 226, 000 | 4,700 | 1, 30 |
| 16-oz. snuff stamps | 9,171 | 50,000 |  |  | 59, 171 | 39,600 | 79 | 19, 492 | 4,792 | 39,600 | 44, 392 | 38, 000 | 598 | 5,79 |
| Speoial tax 1884 stamps | 39, 397 |  |  | 17,867 | 21,530 | 21, 530 |  |  | 3, 071 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 21, 530 | 24, $601 \frac{1}{2}$ | 23, 125 | 1,476 ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Special tax 1885 stamps. Surplus paper, size 121 | 247, 255 | 481, 000 | 17,867 | 247, 255 | 498,867 | 461, 380 | 73 | 37, 414 |  | 461, 380 | 461, 380 | 439, 650 | 10,419 | 11,3 |
| - Aggregates | 7, 143, 353 | 22, 269, 000 | 882, 772 | 882, 772 | 29, 412,353 | 20,885, 845 | 23, 959 | $8,503,049$ | 1, 483, 721 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 20, 885, 345 | 22, 369, 0662 | 19, 501, 375 | 7, 347 ${ }^{\frac{1}{4} \text { \| }}$ | 2, 410; |

Note.-The paper on which the above stamps were printed was manufactured by the Fairchild Paper Company, whose contract expired June 30 , 1885.

 June 30, 1885.


TA毁焉．X．－STATEMENT of DISTINCTIFE PAPER－SILK－THREADED FTPER－issued from the office of the SECTETABY of the TREASORY to the BUREAD of ENGRAVING：and PRIVIING，and DELIVERIES of the same，for the printing of（sundry money－value）OALTED STATES SLCOULTTES，for the fiscal year ended June $30,1885$.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING．


TRABIU W.-STATEMENT of REDEEMED UNITED STATES SECORITIES RECELVED by the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY, for FINAL COUNT, EXAMINATION, and DESTRUCTION, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

|  | * Tite |  |  |  |  | Deno | minations. |  |  |  | $\therefore$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1}{8}$ | Title of security. | 1's. | 2 's. | 5's. | 10's. | 20's. | 50's. | 100's. | 500's. | 1,000's. | 5,000's. | 10,000's. | Totals. |
|  | United States notes, new issue .. | \$5;50750 | \$8,542 | \$114,742 50 | \$237, 395 | \$259, 770 | \$32, 050 | \$44, 300 | \$18, 000 | \$22,000 |  |  | \$742,30700 |
|  | United States notes, series $1869 .$. | 36,85200 25.702 .50 | 50,641 32,423 | 888,087 50 | 3, 448, 300 | 3,399, 690 | 492,175 1 1821 | 1, 297, 400 | 18,500 869 80 | 1,261,000 |  |  | $10,889,64550$ |
|  | United States notes, series 18ited |  | 34,423 246,765 | $2,490,630$ | 2, 391, 380 | 2, 616,700 | $1,821,275$ $1,60,850$ | 1, 787,600 | 829,500 970,500 |  |  |  | $2,708,90050$ $10,895,14400$ |
|  | United States notes, series 1878.. | 245, 81650 | 260, 875 | 3,016,127 50 | 3, 662, 320 | 5, 092, 010 | 1, 541, 450 | 2, 911,600 | 869, 000 | 997,000 | \$30, 000 | \$20,000 | 18, 646, 39900 |
|  | United States notes, series 1880.. | 11,450,669 50 | 9, 859, 580 | 12,345,523 50 | 4, 888, 035 | 1, 319, 950 | 1, 402, 200 | ${ }^{303}$ 300 | 3,500 | 38, 000 | \$0,00. | +2,00 | 40, 610, 75700 |
|  | United States demand notes ..... |  |  | 16000 | 190 310 | 140 940 |  |  |  |  |  |  | , 49000 |
|  | One-year notes of 1863 ........... |  |  |  | 310 | 940 | 300 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,85000 |
|  | Two-year notes of $1863 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |  | 800 100 00 |
|  | Compound.-interest notes of 1863 |  |  |  | 90 |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  | 19000 |
|  | Compound-interest notes of 1864. |  |  |  | 1,1800 | 2,200 | 1,850 | 900 | 500 |  |  |  | 6,63000 |
|  | Silver certificates, series 1878.... |  |  |  | -264, 960 | 7 360,100 | 398, 7.50 | 346, 700 | 102, 000 | 395,000 |  |  | 1, 867, 51000 |
|  | Silvar certilicates, series $1880 \ldots$ Gold certificates, New York, |  |  |  | 9,518,625 | 7, 653, 460 | 440, 850 | 514, 100 | 365, 500 | 630, 000 |  |  | 19, 122, 53500 |
|  | series $1882 \ldots$........-..... |  |  |  |  | 1,267, 560 | 1, 328, 450 | 1,279,600 | 1, 026, 500 | 1,297, 000 | 3,910, 000 | 10, 170, 000 | 20, 279, 11000 |
|  | Gold certificatcs, Washington, series 1882 |  |  |  |  | 133, 140 | 38,750 | 88, 100 | 144, 000 | 129, $000^{\circ}$ |  | 10,000 | 542, 99000 |
|  | Refundins cervificates. |  |  |  | 61, 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61,300 00 |
|  | U.S. bonds and coupons.......... |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  | 1,500 | 6,000 |  |  | 7,600 00 |
|  | National-currcacy notes of failed and liquidating banks | 7,563 | 6,506 | 2,151,360 00 | 2, 820, 940 | .1,611,860 | 484, 750 | 494, 600 | 7,500 | 2,000 |  |  | 7,587, 07900 |
|  | National currency redeemed and retired. | 48,635 | 41, 154 | 27,578,623 00 | 30, 828, 873 | 19, 922, 757 | 5, 907, 700 | 8, 718, 050 | 342,000 | 66,000 |  |  | 93, 453, 79200 |
|  | Totals | 11,951,474 00 | 10, 506, 477 | 48,585,253 00 | 58,124, 098 | $43,640,277$ | 13,150, 800 | 17, 787, 250 | 4, 696,500 | 4, 843, 000 | 3, 940, 000 | 10, 200, 000 |  |
| Redeemed internal-revenue stamps. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,924, $00360 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| Redeemed United States fractional ourrency. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Denominations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 c . | 5 c . | 10 c. | 15 c. | 25 c. | 50 c. |  |
| United States fractional currency, first issue... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$33 84 |  |  | \$77 63. | \$182 50 | 35512 |
| United States fractional currency, second issue United States fractional currency, third issue. |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$13 58 | 4612 1512 | $\begin{array}{r}7245 \\ 187 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}92 \\ \hline 367 \\ 36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21075 620 | - $\begin{array}{r}422 \\ 1,29 \\ 49\end{array}$ |
| United States fractional currency, fourth issueUnited States fractional currency, fourth issue, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 72740 | \$285 41 | 1,324 93 | 24400 | 2, 58174 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,242 75 | 1, 24275. |
| United States fractional currency, fourth issue, third United States fractional currency, fifth issue ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,745 80 |  | 4,295 99 | 1, 36625 | 1,366 <br> 8,713 |
| - Totals................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1358 | 9508 | 793 | 28541 | 6,159 01 | 6.53850 |  |
| Aggregate of redeemed United States securities received for destraction. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,365, 01803 2i |

## -APPENDIX T0 THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES.



## K EPORT

$\mathrm{OF}^{\mathrm{F}}$

## THESUPERVISING SPECIALAGENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Offlce of the Secretary,
Washington, D. C., November 17, 1885.

## STR: I have the honor: to submit the following report of the results

 accomplished by the special agents of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885 :Money paid into the Treasury-
On account of seizures.................................................................... $\$ 10,23162$
Fines and penalties........................................................................ 14, 47615
Suits.......................................................................................... 33, 09610
Duties.................................................... ................................. 772, 20235
Miscellaneous............................................................................... 31200
Total.............................................................................. \$830 31822
Number of suits brought................................................................. 29
Amount involved......................................................................... \$176, 89818
Number of seizures......................................................................... . 144
Appraised value of seizures............................................................ $\$ 87,15899$
Duties on seizures.......................................................................... \$23, 48481
Reduction in expenses recommended.................................................. \$77, 97318
Number of reports received............................................ ................. 4, 144
Of these reports, 129 relate to smuggling, 339 to undervaluations, 69 to misconduct of customs officers, 158 to seizures, 97 to inspection of customs districts, 23 to arrests made, 26 to suits, and 3,303 to miscellaneous subjects.
The expenses of the special agents were as follows:

| Salaries. | \$73, 30800 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Expenses | 14, 15842 |
| Total. | \$87, 46642 |

There have been employed during the fiscal year a number of special inspectors and persons paid from the appropriation for the prevention and detection of frauds upon the customs revenue, whose salaries and expenses amounted, in the aggregate, to the sums following:

With reference to the amount of duties reported as paid into the Treasury, it must be stated that, althongh it includes sums paid in on account of advances made by appraising officers, yet it is the resnlt flowing from information furnished these officers from time to time by special agents in regard to the classes of goods upon which the advances were made.

These goods include silks, woollen and worsted goods, gloves, silk and cotton velve's, wool, earthen and glass ware, embroideries, linens,
proprietary articles, straw-braids, fancy articles, isinglass, varnish, cutlery, pipes and pipe materials, chamois leather, and other articles.

The annual examinations of the several customs collection districts show that the business in the main has been conducted in accordance with the laws and regulations, and that all moneys received have been properly accounted for.

Under special instructions issued from the Department, agents in making these examinations have recommended larger reductions in the number and compensation of employés than were made during the previous fiscal year, the difference in favor of the present year being $\$ 63,794.19$.

Important results have followed the work of special agents who were specially instructed to investigate irregularities in the customs service at the port of New York. Special reports were made by these officers on ùndervaluations, fraudulent damage allowances, improper drawbacks, and other irregular practices at that port, and theirs reports and recommendations caused a modification of the regulations governing the payment of drawbacks on exported bags, and the correction of irregularities of administration relating to drawbacks generally, the abolition of the practice of recalling invoices for the purpose of changing the values as originally reported by the appraiser, a change in the method of arriving at the dutiable value of cotton embroideries, and stopped the practice of making allowance for damage without proper examination of the merchandise, thus preventing the payment of improper and excessive damage claims, and made a radical change in the method of conducting reappraisements.

Special attention has been given to invoices of silks consigned by foreign manufacturers to their agents at New York, and invoices of this class of goods liave been, as a yule, advanced to the values reported by the silk experts employed at Lyons, France, and Zurich and Horgen, Switzertand.

The consular reports now show a steady decrease in the percentage of undervaluations of this class of goods. This is due, it is believed, to the combined efforts of the consuls under whom the experts are ennployed and the appraising officers charged with the duty of passing the invoices.

The consul at Zurich reports that for the year ending September 30, 1883, the declared value of silles shipped from his consulate amounted in round figures to $\$ 2,700,000$, and that the value of silks shipped during the year ending September 30, 1885, amounted to $\$ 1,800,000$, a decrease of $\$ 900,000$. While there are other causes which have operated to effect this decrease, he is of the opinion that the falling off is to be attributed largely to the success attending the suppression of undervaluations. As has been repeatedly stated, foreign manufacturers have resorted to undervaluation to maintain their American trade at the expense of the customs revenue.

It is believed that undervaluations of other classes of consigned goods, subject to ạd valorem duties, have been to a considerable extent arrested.

The investigations and reports of the special agents on this subject, and the wide publicity given thereto, have no doubt secured excellent results in the interest of the customs revenue. They have stimulated the appiaising officers to a more careful examination of the goods under their charge; they have gradually compelled the importers to enter their goods at prices more nearly in accordance with the actual dutiable
value contemplated by the law, and have made evasions of the revenue more difficult for those who are averse to paying honest duties, or who do not hesitate to resort to any device to gain an advantage ovier competitors in trade. Such efforts on the part of the customs officials, which it is their bounden duty to make, have, however, but partial and temporary effect, and do not cure the evil. It is radical, and is inseparable from the system of ad valorem duties. While there is no doubt that the customs laws might be enforced more equally and vigorously if the barriers to the successful prosecution of fraud erected by the act of 1874 were removed, yet there seems to be no certain cure for undervaluations except the adoption of specific duties.

From the foregoing, , it will be seen that the special agents have been usefully and profitably employed during the year.

Attention is respectfully invited to the accompanying table, which shows the business transacted in the several customs collection districts, including receipts and expenses.

I also invite attention to the table showing the number of packages, with the invoice value and estimated duties thereon, forwarded without appraisement, from and to the ports specified in the act of June 10, 1880, and acts amendatory thereof.

Very respectfully;

L. G. MARTIN,<br>Supervising Special Agent.

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

A.-STATEMENT showing BUSINESS TRANSACTED in each of the SEPERAL CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS for the year ended June 30, 1885.

| Districts. | Vessels entered. |  | Vessels cleared. |  |  | 岂00000000000 | Duties and tonnage-tax. | Aggregate receipts. | - Value of exports. |  | Expenses. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign. | Coastwise. | Foreign. | Coastwise. |  |  |  |  | Fureign. | Domestic. |  |  |  |
|  | 13 |  | 16 |  | 90 |  | \$1,237 89 | \$3; 00331 |  | \$24,468 | \$14,870 65 | 10 | Dolls. <br> 4.75 |
| Albemarle, (Edenton,) N. C... | 13 | 309 | 16 | 341 | 90 | 74 | \$1., 2789 | \$3, 90497 |  | ,2,468 | 3,018 70 | 3 | 3.33 |
| Alexandria, Va................. ..... | 18 | 162 | 21 | 142 | 43 | 132 | 22535 | 1,313 34 |  | 1̣8, 940 | 2, 29454 | 5 | 1.97 |
| Annapolis, Md....................... |  |  |  |  |  | 104 |  | 87576 |  |  | 2, 20408 | 4 | 2.51. |
| Apalachicola, Fla......... | 63 | 28 | 66 | 34 | 25 | 63 | 2,337 48 | 3,958 17 |  | 266, 240 | 2, 98992 | 3 | . 75 |
| Aroostook, (Houlton, Me |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{605}$ |  | 15,010 10 | 17,583 23 |  |  | 9,01812 30091130 | 8 | $\bigcirc .51$ |
| Baltimore, Md.. | 660 | 1,581 | 732. | 1., 748 | 7,187 | 1,719 | 2,023,74700 | 2, 081,76651 | \$11, 270 | 45, 041,634 | 300,911 20,397 0 | 211 | . 14 |
| Bangor, Me........ | 22 |  | 57 28 |  | 1, 277 | 256 <br> 475 | 50,80876 22267 | 54,97850 2,76489 |  | 176,828 | $\begin{array}{r}20,397 \\ 7,416 \\ \hline 50\end{array}$ | 11.9 | 2.68 |
| Barnstable, Mass | 27 506 | 10 | 13 | 14 61 | 204 495 | 475 297 | 60, 228187 | 2,76489 63,511 | ................ | 1,320 | 7,41635 <br> 8,291 <br> 8 | 1.9 8 | 2.68 .13 |
| Bath, Me....... | 506 | 89 18 | 13 | 61 17 | 495 3 | 297 96 | 60,28183 4672 | $\begin{array}{r}63,511 \\ \text { 1., } 433 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ |  | 1, 320 | 8,29168 3,44700 | 8 | .13 2.40 |
| Beaufort, N. C | 1. | 18 |  | 17. | 11 | 96 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 4672 \\ 8,94473 \end{array}$ | 1, 43385 |  |  | 3,44700 6,07459 | 4 | 2.40 .61 |
| Beanfort, S. C | 60 | 88 | 92 84 | 55 | 111 | 211. | $\begin{aligned} & 8,94473 \\ & 1,40372 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,90095 \\ & 3,18596 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}795,315 \\ \hline 11,415\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,07459 \\ \hline 4,44314\end{array}$ | 7 | $\begin{array}{r} .61 \\ \hline . .89 \end{array}$ |
| Belfast, Me... | ${ }^{73}$ |  | 84 2,332 |  | 41, 103 | 311 1.963 | 1,40372 $19,610,59728$ | 3,18596 $19,730,90812$ |  | 61, $\begin{array}{r}11,415 \\ \hline 6,964\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,44314 \\ 699,342 \\ \hline 99\end{array}$ | 68 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.39 \\ .085 \end{array}$ |
| Boston, Mass .................. | 2, 462 | 728 46 | 2,332 24 | 898 70 | 41, 217 1,508 | 1,963 3 | $19,610,59728$ 19,96006 | $\begin{array}{r}19,730,90812 \\ 22,438 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 620,902 138,804 | $61,376,964$ 673,523 | 699,342 42,42850 | 606 31 | $\begin{aligned} & .085 \\ & 1.89 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1.4 | 46 | 24 | 70 | 1,508 | 3 422 | 19,960 06 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,43870 \\ 1,91662 \end{array}$ | 138, 804 | 673,523 | 42, 42850 | 31 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.89 \\ .15 \end{array}$ |
| Bridgeton, N. J.......... Bristol and Warren, |  |  |  |  |  | 422 49 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,91662 \\ 20949 \end{array}$ |  |  | 1,569 60 | 3 | 7.49 |
| Brunswick, Ga | 206 | 300 | 288 | 224 | 9 | 74 | 4,856 09 | 7, 600 44 | 1,570,519 |  | 8,60003 | 9 | 1. 1.3 |
| Buffalo Creek, N. Y | 860 | 2,892 | 571 | 2,910 | 11,401 | 254 | 874, 79298 | 899,817 41 |  | - 407,342 | 52,060 91. | 40 | . 057 |
| Burlington, (Trenton,) N. J |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |  | 45217 |  |  | 20364 | 2 | . 45 |
| Cape Vincent, N . Y : | 1,272 | 51.4 | 1, 305 | 432 | 1,654 | 78 | 37, 13064 | 40,28498 | 10, 271 | 201, 328 | 13,998 47 | 14 | . 34 |
| Castine, Ne......... | 6 | 5 | 12 | 1 | 35 | 281. | 18651 | 1,021 40 |  |  | 4,987 84 | 6. | 4.88 |
| Champlain, (Plattsburge) N. Y .. | 949 | 81. | 1,017 | 813 | 5,985 | 273 | 237, 88270 | 245, 25667 |  | 1,11.9,963 | 24, 1.9213 | 26 | . 098 |
| Charleston, S. E...................... | 231 | 391 | 217 | 210 | 198 | 205 | 37,589 01 | 47, 94894 |  | 18, 882, 666 | 24, 167,91 | 19 | . 50 |
| Cherrystone, (Eastville, l Va..... |  |  |  |  |  | 594 |  | 1,554 S6 |  |  | 3, 03040 | 4 | 1. 94 |
| Chicago, IlI........................... | 124 | 10, 313 | 243 | 10,303 | 1.1,796 | 580 | 4, 134,037 37 | 4, 163,785 17 | 2,51.2 | 2,080,721 | 154, 72367 | 103 | . 037. |
| Corpus Christi, Tex | 4 | 54 | 4 | 52 | 1,050 | 28 | 30,84422 | 35, 62370 | 268, 864 | 946,000 | 25, 11.965 | 19 | . 70 |
| Cuyahoga, (Cleveland, Ohio... | 354 | 3,28t | 431 | 3,266 | S38 | 230 | 241, 57439 | 251, 35507. | 5,536 | 443, 1.63 | 21,729 53 | 19 | . 086 |
| Delaware. (Wimington, Del .. | 4 | 25 | 11. | 8 | 22 | 210 | 18, 13866 | 21, 18795 | 14,459 | 276,590 | S, 60368 | 1.1 | . 40 |
| Denver, Colo... |  |  |  |  | 89 |  | 35, 562 6 7 | 35,61127 |  |  | 3,883 62 | 3 | . 10 |
| Detroit, Mich | 2,618 | 2,731 | 2,556 | 2,811 | 12,922 | 21.1 | 28S, 43957 | 318,564 99 | 1,500, 642 | 6, 161, 434 | 67, 02689 | 66 | 21 |
| Duluth, Minn. | 251 | 642 | 260 | 642 | 167 | 29 | 3,239 49 | 4,726 91. |  | ], 623, 778 | 5,710 19 | 4 | 1. 20 |
| Dunkirk, $\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{Y}$ | 1 | 21. | ]. | 21 |  |  | ¢ 01 | 60764 | ............. |  | 3,247 20 | 3 | 5.34 |
| Eastern, (Crisfield, Md |  |  |  |  |  | 946 |  | 5,789 66 | ............. |  | 4, 11681. | 2 | 5.71. |
| Edgartown, Mass. | 47 |  |  |  | ....... | 33 | 19119 | 67828 |  |  | 3,502 40 | 5 | 5.16 |
| Erie, loal................................ | 16 | 307 | 22 | 302 | 32 | 44 | 4,003 10 | 5,902 26 |  | 3,413 | 4,926 32 | 4 | 83 |

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Fairfield, (Bridgeport, Conn...
Fall River, Mass....................
Frenchman's Bay,(Ellsworth, Me.
Galveston, Tex.......................
Genesee, (Rochester, N. Y.... Georgetown, (Roches Georgetorn, S. C............................... Gloucester, Mass.
Great Egr Harbor, N. J...
Huron (Port Huron) Mich
Indianapolis, Ind.................
Kemmebunk Mre
Key West, Fla..
Little Egg Harbor, $\mathbf{N}$.
Machias, Me.
Marblehead, Mass...
Miami, (Toledo, Ohio
Michigan, (Grand Haven, Mich
Middletown, Conn.
Milwaukee, Wis...
Minnesota, (St. Vincent,)Minn
Mobile, Ala.
Montana, (Fort Benton, ) Mont.
Nantucket, Mass
Natchez, Miss
Newark N. J
Newark, N. J..........
New Bedford, Mass
Newburyport, Mass
New Haven, Conn,
New London,
New Yorlk, (New York, ) N. Y
New York, (New York, $\mathbf{N} . \mathbf{Y}$
New York, (Albany, New York, (Patchogue, N. Y New York, (Patchogue, N. Y. N. Y.................................... Niagara, (Suspension Bridge, Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va. New Orleans, (New Orleans,)
New Orleans, (Atlanta, Ga,..............................................
New Orleans, (Burlington, Iowa)...
New Orleans, (Cairo, Ill. $). . . .$.
New Orleans, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)
New Orteans,(Cincinnati, Ohio)
New Orleans, (Dubuque, Iowa)




|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vesse } \\ & \text { ter } \end{aligned}$ | ls ened. | Vessels | eared. |  | نهِ |  |  | Value of | f exports. |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & 0 \\ & \ddot{O} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | Foreign. | Coastwise. | Foreign. | Coastwise. | 䔍 |  |  |  | Foreign. | Domestic. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & S^{6} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| New Orleans, (Evansville, Ind.) |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | \$4, 24186 |  |  |  |  |  | Dolls. |  |
| New Orleans, (Galena, ILi.)..... |  |  |  |  | 2 | 84 30 | \$4, 41.86 | \%6,534 99 |  |  | $\$ 1,3776$ 921 | 2 | . 92 |  |
| New Orleans, (Kansas City, Mo.) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 44728 28 ! |  |  |  | 3,845 70 |  |  |  |
| Mo.).................................. |  |  |  |  | 113 | 13 | - 44,728 28 ! | 45, 17505 |  |  | 3,845 <br> 1,415 <br> 15 | 2 | . 085 | ${ }_{0}^{8}$ |
| New Orleans, (La Crosse, Wis.). New Orleans, Louisville, Ky... |  |  |  |  | 611 | 51 | 105,845 07 | $\begin{array}{r}1,10608 \\ 109,545 \\ \hline 158\end{array}$ |  | ......... | 1,41598 12,005 28 | 1 8 | 1.28 .10 | - |
| New Orleans, (Memphis, Tenn.) |  |  |  |  | 37 | 94. | 7,210 92 | 11,548 12 |  |  | 2,809 59 | 3 | . 24 | $\bigcirc$ |
| New Orleans. (Nashville, Tenn.) |  |  |  |  | 11 | 35 | 3,210 05 ; | 1,084 06 |  |  | -582 78 | 1 | . 14 | - |
| New Orleans, (Omala, Nebr.).. |  |  |  |  | 34 | 23 | 9,135 23 ! | 9,545 59 |  |  | 1,461 35 | 2 | . 15 | $\geq$ |
| New Orleans, (Paducah, Ky.)... |  |  |  |  | 2 | 34 | 25825 | 87635 |  |  | , 43818 | 1 | . 50 |  |
| New Orleans, (Pittsburgh, Pa.). |  |  |  |  | 444 | 199 | 248,972 87 | 255, 89976 |  |  | 18,329 95 | 10 | . 071 | $\bigcirc$ |
| New Orleans, (St. Louis, Mo.)... |  |  |  |  | 2,674 | 298 | 1,049, 12618 | 1, 062,360 07 |  |  | 40,299 68 | 30 | . 037 | 2 |
| Nerv Orleans, (St. Joseph, Mo.).. |  |  |  |  | 31 |  | 15,211 37 | 15, 32349 |  |  | 2,923 54 | 2 | 19 |  |
| New Orleans, (Wheeling, W. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 园 |
| Oregon, (Astoria, Oreg......................................... | 46 | 208 | 56 | 188 | 4 19 | 225 88 | 76375 52,38038 | 5,66724 54,49261 |  | \$1, 997, 313 | 1,53432 11,02845 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | .27 .20 |  |
| Oswegatchie, (Ogdensburg,) |  | 208 |  |  |  | 8 | 52, 300 | 54,492 61 |  | \$1,99,313 |  |  |  |  |
| N. Y........... | - 681 | 562 | ${ }^{670}$ | 578 | 4,083 | 38 | 236, 48885 | 243,34175 |  | 2,731,689 | 27, 27383 | 24 | 11 | 3 |
| Oswego, N. Y............. | 1,846 | 390 | 1,763 | 472 | 2,127 | 89 | 674, 22452 | 686, 29685 | \$12,441 | 1, 333,955 | 29, 85493 | 25 | . 043 | 2 |
| Pamilico, (New Berne, N. C.... | 5 | 308 | 4 |  |  | 143 | - 1,732 10 | 2, 83180 | 2,800 | 6,064 | 5,424 47 | 10 | 1. 91 | - |
| Paso del Norte, Texas... | 692 | 12 | 718 | 121 | 1,512 1,089 | . 726 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 42,701 } 14 \\ \hline 33,81666\end{array}$ | 46,439 39,570 39 |  | 468,275 | 31,23600 20,665 | 18 | .67 .52 | z |
| Passamaquoddy, Me............', | 692 | 12 | 718 | 121 | 1,089 | 726 | 33,816 66 | 39,500 07 | 58,099 | 468,275 | 20,665 69 | 18 | . 52 | (2) |
| Miss.................................... | 83 | 44 | 110 | 65 | 9 | 158 | 1,854 63 | 4, 68210 |  | 443,513 | 8,012 83 | 7 | 1.71 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Pensacola, Fla........................ | - 330 | 117 | 346 | 134 | 85 | 194 | 18,258 10 | 22, 83579 | 58 | 1,967, 275 | 17,404 68 | 19 | . 76 |  |
| Perth Amboy, N.J................. | 33 | 298 | 50 | 53 | 34 | 442 | 52, 651.87 | 57, 80065 | ................ | 191,064 | 19,667 42 | 9 | . 34 |  |
| Petersburg, Va | - 1 | 319 | 5 | 156 | - 1 | -9 | 1225 | 30068 | ................. | - 107,749 | 3,44709 | 5 | 9.55 |  |
| Philadelphial, Pa.................... | 1,230 | 761 | 1,020 | 1,275 | 20,589 | 1,010 | 12, 415, 04436 | 12,491, 51335 | 81,654 | 38,788, 952 | 428,336 90 | 283 | . 034 |  |
| Plymouth, Mass.................... | 4 | 1 | ${ }^{4}$ |  | 62 | 20 | 23,686 37 | 23, 79687 |  |  | 2, 44288 | 4 | . 10 |  |
| Portland and Falmouth, Me.... | 255 | 449 | 412 | 299 | 3,745 | 543 | 634, 05241 | 651,78673 | 5,129, 665 | 3, 855,085 | 82,190 20 | 54 | . 12 |  |
| Portsmouth, N.H................... | 37 | 1 | 39 | 6 | . 83 | 97 | 1,013 58 | 1, 80054 | 5 | 33 | 8,227 43 | 8 | 4. 56 |  |
| Providence, R. J..................... | 67 | 628 | 45 | 117 | 722 | 160 | 197, 58930 | 201, 97787 |  | 569 | 28,480 24 | 19 | . 14 |  |
| Puget Sound, Wash ................ | 965 | 99 | 989 | 77 | 299 | 136 | 27,820 07 | 47, 980 23 | 1,230,851 | 1,877,155 | 29,463 31 | 20 | . 61 |  |
| Richmond, Va........................ | 30 | 1,235 | 96 | 688 | 27 | 98 | 4,670 36 | 6,503 76 |  | 2, 845, 172 | 8, 29485 | 10 | 1.27 |  |
| Saco, Me .............................. | 1. |  | 3 |  | 1 | 24 | 264 | 15320 | 1,267 |  | 70458 | 2 | 4.59 |  |
| Sag Harbor, N. $\mathbf{Y}$. |  |  |  |  |  | 232 |  | 74454 |  |  | 1,322 48 | 3 | 1. 77 |  |
| Salem, Mass...... | 109. | 10 | 107 | 12 | 132 | - 68 | 16,809 56 | 17,950 33 |  |  | 6,979 $51-$ | 8 | . 38 |  |
| Saluria, (Indianola, Tex |  | 62 |  | 4 | 558 | 35 | 36, 86515 | 37, 73064 | 31, 298 | 343,936 | 19,176 96 | 14 | . 50 |  |
| San Diego, Cal........................ | 31 | 74 | 25 | 2 | 154 | 24 | 5;44604 | 5,809 99 | 765 | - 65,654 | 6,787 86 | 4 | 1.16 |  |
| FRASER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tlouisfed.org/ |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  | , |  |  | - |  |


| Sandusky, Ohio | 366 | 1,380 | 325 | 1, 206 | ${ }^{582}$ | 99 | 7, $\begin{array}{r}7,06910\end{array}$ |  |  | 27,810 | 52,384881 | $23{ }^{9}$ | . 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| San Francisco, C | 818 | 217 | 880 | 388 | 23,926 | 950 | 6, 641,794 09 | $6,743,80087$ | 2, 111, 673 | 37,080,583 | 422, 80881 | 234 | . 062 |
| Savamah, Ga, | 292 | 381 | 275 | 362 | 186 | 131 | 46,382 68 | 53, 041 24 |  | 20, 856, 022 | 21,47852 | 19 | . 40 |
| St. Augustine, F | 2 | 29 | 4 | 1 |  | 6 | 7447 | 89017 |  | 2, 810 | 2,189 65 | 6 | 2.45 |
| St. John's, (Jacksonville, Fla | 20 | 327 | 36 | 296 | 27 | 108 | 51418 | 3,203 21 | 1,040 | 44, 161 | 5,063 88 | 5 | 1. 55 |
| St. Mark's, (Cedar lieys, Fila... | 5 | 20 | 2 | 18 | 1 | 62 | 3809 | 50265 |  | 918 | 4,627 17 | 5 | 9.20 |
| St. Mary's, Gia........................ | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 7905 |  | 9,100 | 1,830 97 | 3 | 23.16 |
| Southern Oregon, (Coos Bay,) Oreg |  | 1 | 1 | 3 |  | 25 | 2825 | 43882 |  |  | 3,205 80 | 3 | 7.30 |
| Stonington, Comu................... | 4 | 333 | 2 | 332 | 6 | 127 | 66705 | 1, 51511 |  | 5,013 | 1,684 39 | 4 | 1.11 |
| Superior; (Marcuette, Mich.... | 721 |  | 664 |  | 446 | 110 | 5,182 74 | 8,700 29 |  | 39,610 | 10,764 41 | 14 | 1.23 |
| Tappahammock, Va............. |  | 200 | 1 | 22 |  | 289 |  | 98872 |  | 12,300 | 1, 22100 | 2 | 1. 23 |
| Teuhe, (brashear, La. | 17 | 481 | 5 | . 490 | 26 | 124 | 8651 | 1, 700 I. 8 |  | 2,572 | 6,036 08 | 6 | 3.55 |
| Vicksburg, Miss ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.,31.7 70 |  |  | 69555 | 3 | . 52 |
| Vermont, (Burlington, ${ }^{\text {V }}$ | 686 |  | 679 | 5 | 19,791 | 31 | 727, 56818 | 760,061 05 |  | 1. 484, 891 | 73,012 67 | 64 | . 096 |
| Waldoboro', Me ............ | 363 | 14 | 391 | 19 | 387 | 511 | - 89842 | 4, 80425 |  | 1,829 | 7,618 16 | 7 | 1. 58 |
| Wiscasset, Me.. | 1 | 5 | 4 | 13 | 60 | 136 | 2862 | 72859 |  | 1,152 | 3,578 06 | 4 | 4.91. |
| Wilmington, Cal. | 35 | 146 | 13 | 1.67 | 54 | 15 | 45, 79958 | 47,20799 |  | 96, 428 | 11,651 20 | 11 | . 24 |
| Wilmington, N. ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 1.56 | 1116 | 230 | 63 | - 81 | 89 | 24,338 58 | 28, 05356 | 21 | 4, 425, 291 | 13,507 48 | 13 | . 48 |
| Willanette, (Portland, Oreg... | 66 | 175 | 1.13 | 1.24 |  | 124 | 181,357 01 | 189,481 42 | 5,619 | 4, 142,152 | 33,727 15 | 22 | 17 |
| Yaquina, Oreg.......... |  | 42 |  | 39 | 13 | 7 | 83,769 16 | 83, 81446 |  |  | 1,265 30 | 1 | 015 |
| York, Me......................... | 50 |  |  |  |  | 14. |  | . 2818 |  |  | 1,260 46 | 1 | 9.24 |
| Yorktown,(NewportNews;) Va. | 50 | 251 | 169 | 135 | 7 | 259 | 10,678 23 | 15,67884 |  | 3,065, 685 | 1.3, 82689 | 13 | . 88 |
| Tota | 30, 917 | 65, 748 | 30,70 | 64, 946 | 515, 643 | 30,248 | 181, 249, 15730 | 183, 116, 80860 | 24, 369, 728 | 724,611, 234 | 6,688, 87445 | 4, 527 |  |
| Amount of expenses reported by collectors, as above. <br> Miscellaneous expenses not included in the above.. <br> Total expenses of collecting revenue for year ended June $30,1885$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \#6, 688, 874 45 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 229,346 74 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,918, 221 19 |  |  |

AGGREGATE RECEIPTS and EXPENSES OF COLLECTION for the fiscal years 1877, 1878, 1879, 1830, 1881, 188:, 1883, 1884, and 1885.


[^8] each collector were closed and balances settled at the end of the fiscal year, the two statements would agree.
B. - MERCHANDISE TRANSPORTED WITHOOT. APPRAISEMENT during the fisical year ended June 30, 185\%, under. Act Jume 10, 18:0.

| Port of destination. | Packages. | Invoice value. | Estimated duty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atlanta, Ga. | 2 | \$400 00 | \$320 00 |
| Boston, Mass | 40, 81.0 | 1,722,51.8 00 | 802,15775 |
| Baltiviore, Md | 7,549 | 340,98400 | 265, 63812 |
| Buffalo, N. Y | 23, 838 | 462, 61.200 | 241, 34224 |
| Bath, Me. | 64 | 6,245 00 | 3,269 56 |
| Cincinnati, Obrio | 29, 1.07 | 1, 81.6,049 00 | 878,081 53 |
| Cleveland Ohio | 9,613 | 442, 059.00 | 236, 35581 |
| Chicago, 111 | 484, 838 | 9,042,985 00 | 3, 854, 73237 |
| Denver, Colo | 680 | 47, 89700 | 32,722 94 |
| Detroit, Mich | 9,316 | 319,688 00 | 143, 81741 |
| Georgetown, D. | 521 | 88,78100 | 22, 84948 |
| Galveston, Tex | 1,926 | 44, 84400 , | 20, 20041 |
| Hartford, Conn | 2,977 | 197,933 00 | 66, 621.39 |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 15, 343 | 142, 04500 | 62,756 81 |
| Kansas City, Mo. | 2,170 | - 82,110 00 | 38,569 1.5 |
| Louisville, Ky. | 5, 339 | 189,308 00 | 113,468 16 |
| Mobile, Ala. | 123 | 5,833 00 | 2,416 55 |
| Mentphis, Tenn. | 384 | 13, 57100 | 6,584 93 |
| Milwaukee, Wis | 21, 160 | 338, 29700 | 156, 052.26 |
| Middletown, Conn |  | 16300 | 7335 |
| New Haven, Comn. | 253 | 21, 23400 | 12. 17810 |
| New Orleans, La | 3,635 | 141,618 00 | 84, 36297 |
| New York, N. Y | 57,639 | 993,439 00 | 170, 15105 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa | 67, 923 | 277,306 00 | 153, 40774 |
| Portland, Me | 1,450 | 7,131 00 | $\stackrel{2}{7}, 32781$ |
| Portland, Oreg. | 90 | 10,671 00 | 7,675 15 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 90, 875 | 2,970,531. 00 | 1, 528,350 38 |
| Providence, R. I | 5,361 | 381., 25300 | 174,761 29 |
| Port Huron, Mich | 39,744 | 364, 33500 | 3,945 20 |
| Richmond, Va. |  | 2; 85300 | 1,232 10 |
| Rochester, N. Y | 3,313 | 325, 40200 | 175,04433 |
| Savannah, Ga. | 1,378 | 18,412 00 | 13,540 49 |
| Sam Francisco, Cal. | 47,700 | 2, 791, 26800 | 1,581, 27227 |
| St. Jouis, Mo. | 138, 370 | 2, 022,027 00 | S08, 85118 |
| St. Paul, Minn | 7,604 | 184,349 00 | 65,990 47 |
| St. Joseph, Mo | 760 | 22,99600 | 11,41730 |
| Toledo, Ohio. | 23.1 | 19,604 00 | 7,986 24 |
| Whanington, Del. | 192 | 1, 872.00 | 58505 |
| Total | 1,122,528 | 25, 860, 89300 | 11,751, 10934 |

The merchandise above referred to was forwarded from the following-named ports of first arrival:

| Port of importation. | Packages. | Invoice value. | Estimated duty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| oston Mass | 13,649 | \$331,046 00 |  |
| Baltimore Md. | 13,64, | \$331, 04600 | 1.38, 70444 |
| Baltimore, Md | 11,581 | 416, 44800 | 184, 37058 |
| Chicago, Tll. | 3,337 | 23,945 00 | 5,57178 |
| Detroit, Mich. | 3, 632 | 37,80400 | 10,165 87 |
| New York, N. Y. | 387, 368 | 16, 842,608 00 | 8, 906, 93829 |
| New.Orleans, La. | 89, 91.8 | 1,523, 48500 | 722,096 66 |
| Philadelphia, Pa. | 156,337 | 2,771,01100 | 1, 211,636 05 |
| Port E[uron, Mich | 1.9,566 | 1,34, 60900 | 58, 17271 |
| Portland, Me....... | 205, 683 | 753, 40800 | 264; 57200 |
| San Francisco, Cal. | 231, 257 | 3, 026,529 00 | 248,380 96 |
| Total. | - $1.122,528$ | 25, 860,89300 | $\cdot 11,751,10934$ |

The following comparative statement shows the quantity, value, and estimated duties thereon of unappaised merchandise transported from ports of first arrival to ports of destination during the year specified:

|  | Year. | Packages. | Invoice valuc. | Estimated duty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.879 |  | -49,811 | 88, 74.5,663 00 | \$4, 284, 88054 |
| 1880 |  | 329, 886 | 13, 125, 75800 | 6, 169,710 85 |
| 1881 |  | - 353,901 | 14, 519, 47400 | $6,604,44726$ |
| 1.882 |  | 530, 183 | 21,440,540 00 | 10, 186,940 14 |
| 1.1883 |  | 1., 120,619 | 26, 283, 922 00 | 12, 225,630 46 |
| 1884 |  | 1, 493,262 | 27, 896,56700 | 12, 323, 87982 |
| 1885 |  | 1, 122,528 | $25,860,89300$ | 11,751, 10934 |

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.
$\qquad$

## REPORT

# THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE. 

Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., November 1, 1885.

SIR: In compliance with your letter of August 4, 1880, I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Commissiouer of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, with certain additional information concerning the work of the Bureau during the months of July, August, and September of the current fiscal year.

In the appendix to the bound volume of this report will be found carefully prepared tables, as follows:

Table A, sbowing the receipts from each specific source of revenue, and, the amounts refunded in each collection district, State, and Territory of the Uuited States, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

Table B, showing the number and value of internal-revenue stamps ordered from the office of the Commissioner; the receipts from the sale of stamps, and the number and value of stamps for special taxes, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, snuff, distilled spirits, and fermented liquors, issued monthly to collectors during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

Table C, showing the percentages of receipts from the several general sources of revenue in each State and Territory of the United States to the aggregate receipts from the same sources, by fiscal years, from Tuly 1, 1864, to June 30, 1885.

Table $D$, showing the aggregate receipts from all sources in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, by fiscal years; from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1885.

Table E, showing the receipts in the United States from each specific source of revenue now taxable, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1885.

Table F , showing the ratio of receipts in the Uuited States from specific sources of revenue to the aggregate receipts from all sources, by fiscal years, from July 1,1863 , to June $30,1885$.

Table $G$, showing the returns of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the several acts of legislation, and by fiscal years, from Sepitember 1, 1862, to June $30,1885$.

Table H, showing the receipts from special taxes in the several States and Territories for the special-tax year ended April 30, 1885.

Table I. Abstract of reports of district attorneys concerning suits and prosecutions under the internal-revenuelaws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

Table K. Abstract of seizures of property for violation of internalrevenue.laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

## COLLECTIONS FOR PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

It is estimated that the sum of $\$ 115,000,000$ will be collected during the current fiscal year from the various sources of internal revenue.

It was estimated that the receipts for the fiscal jear ended June 30, 1885 , would reach the same figures, but it is found they fall $\$ 2,578,878.93$ short of that sum.

This deficit resulted from the extension of time granted under the opinion of the Attorney-General, as announced December 24, 1884, by which owners of distilled spirits in bond, upon which the tax was due or would have shortly accrued, were allowed seven months in which to export the sanie.

It appears that there are now about $7,000,000$ gallons distilled spirits abroad, which, to find a market, will bave to be reimported. This, with more than $10,000,000$ gallons that bad, on June 30 last, been in bond for three years, or longer under the seven months' extension, affords ample margin for assuming that the receipts for the current fiscal year will aggregate at least $\$ 115,000,000$.

COMPARATIVE RECEIP'SS FOR THE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS.
The totalreceipts from all sources of internal-reveume taxation for thie fiscal year ended June 30,1885 , were $\$ 112,421,121.07$, as compared with $\$ 121,590,039.83$ for the year $1884, \$ 144,553,344.86$ for the year 1883 , and $\$ 146,523,273.72$ for the year 1882 .

The following statements will exhibit in detail the amount of internal revenue collected during the past year, and also for the first three months of the current fiscal year, the sources from which the revenue is derived, the States and districts in which the collections were nade during the past year, the cost of collections, \&c.:

## INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS DURING LAS' TWO FISCAE YEARS.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS from the SEVERALOBJFCTS of INTERNAL TAXATION in the UNITED STATES during the fiscal years aded June 30, 1884 and 1885.

| Objects of taxaion. | Receipts during fiscal years ended June 30- |  | Increase. | - Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. | 1885. |  |  |
| SPIPITS. |  |  | i |  |
| Spirits distilled from apples, grapes, or peaches | \$1, 023, 35085 | \$1, 321, 89758 | \$298, 54673 |  |
| Spirits distilled from grain and other ma. terials $\qquad$ | 70,631, 86048 | 60, 920, 32439 |  | \$9, 711, 53609 |
| Rectitiors (special tax) | 183,87292 | 167,930 23 |  | 15,942 69 |
| Retail liquor dealers (special tax) | 4, 597, 13933 | 4, 641, 788599 | 44,644 66 |  |
| Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax) | 448,840 51 | 415,503 49 |  | 33,337 02 |
| Manufacturers of stills (special tax) .... | - 1,24163 | 1, 194.20 |  | 4747 |
| Stills or worms mannfactared (special tax) | 2,920 00 | 2,665 45 |  | 25455 |
| Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export. | 16,159 50 | 39, 90930 | 23,749 80 |  |
| Total | 76, 905, 38526 | 67, 511, 20863 |  | $9,304,1766^{\circ}$ |
| Tobacco. |  |  |  |  |
| Cigars and cheroots | 10, 368, 80527 | 10, 077, 28750 |  | 291,517 77 |
| Cigarettes | 454, 40901 | 529,535 88 | 75, 12687 |  |
| Snuff .... | 448,21158 | 508, 94352 | 460,731 94 |  |
| Tobacco, chewing and smoking | 13, 488, 04741 | 13, 953,410 31. | 465, 36290 |  |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax) ..... | - 48,59582 | 53, 35\% 87 | 4,757 05 |  |
| Dealcrs in manufactured tobacco (special tax) | 1,136,786 20 | 1,159,897 78 | 23, 11158 |  |
| Manufacturers of tobacco (special tax) | 5,117 49 | 5,320 25 | 20276 |  |
| Manufacturers of cigars (special tax). | 97, 96219 | 105, 13981 | 7,177 62 |  |
| Peddlers of tobacco (special tax) ........ | 14,465 01 | 14, 20056 |  | 26445 |
| Iotal | 26, 062, 39998 | 26, 407, 08848 | 344, 68850 |  |
| FERMENTED LIQUORS. |  |  |  | 。 |
| Ale, beer, lager-beer, and porter | 17, 573,722 88 | 17, 747, 00611 | 173, 28323 |  |
| Brewers (special tax) | 187, 98882 | 183,561 67 |  | 4;427 15 |
| Dealers in malt liquors (special tax) | 323, 24241 | 300, 2.1425 |  | 23,028 16 |
| Total | 18, 084, 95411 | 18,230,782 03 | 145,827 92 |  |
| BANKS AND BANKERS, NOT NATIONAL. |  |  |  | . |
| Bank citculation otler than national, and banks, bankers. and other parties liable ou amount of notes of any person, State bank, or Suate banking association, or of any torm, city, or municipal corporation, paid out by them.. | 44184 | 25, 00000 | 24,558 16 |  |
| Total | 44184 | 25,000 00 | 24, 55816 | - |
| Collections not otherwise provided for. | 247, 71452 | - 24, 36074 |  | 223, 35378 |
| Penalties | 289,144 12 | 222, 68119 |  | 66,462 93 |
| - Total | 536, 85864 | 247, 04193 |  | 289,816 71 |
| Aggregate receipts | 121,590,039 83 | 112, 421, 121 07 | ............ | 9, 168, 91876 |

WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPIION DURING LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.
The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, on which tax was paid during the same periods, are as follows:

|  | Fiscal years ended June 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. | 1885. |  |  |
| Nuraber of gallons of spirits distilled from spples, peaches, or grapes | 1, 137, 056 | 1; 468,775 | 331, 719 |  |
| Nubber of gallons of spirits distilled from grain, molasses, and other materials | 78.479, 845 | 67,689, 250 |  | 10,790,595 |
| Number of cigars .......................... | 3,455, 619, 017 | 3, 358, 972, 633 |  | 96, 646, 384 |
| Namber of cigarettes. | 908, 090, 723 | 1, 058, 749,238 | 150, 658, 515 |  |
| Number of pounds of snaff | 5, 602, 645 | 6, 361, 794 | 759, 149 |  |
| Number of poonds of tobacco............. | 168,593, 419 | 174, 415,619 | 5, 822, 200 |  |
| Number of barrels of fermented liquors.. | 18, 998, 619 | 19, 185, 953 | 187. 334 | . |
| * * * | * | * | * | * |

Note.-Many detailed tabular statements are omitter for want of space, but they may be found is the bound volumes of the Commissioner's report.

## RECEIPTS By STATES AND TERRITORIES DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR.

STATEMENT SHOWING the AGGREGATE COLLECTIONS of INTERNAL REV-
ENOE, by STATES and TERRITORIES, during the fiscal year ended June $30,1885$.

| States and Territories. | Aggregate collections. | States and Territcries. | Aggregate col lections. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$73, 31534 | Nerada (e). | \$55,938 66 |
| Arkansas | 87, 29248 | New Hanpshire. | 383, 47883 |
| California | 2, 613. 16013 | New Sersey. | 3, 661,358 75 |
| Colorado (a) | 195, 19489 | Now Mexico (f) | 66,969 85 |
| Connecticut | 412,626 19 | New York. | 13,823, 64460 |
| Delamare (b) | 244, 18444 | North Carolina | 1, 6866.82895 |
| Florida | 218, 83709 | Ohio | 12, 565, 51662 |
| Georgia | - 316,441 40 | Oregon (g) | 119,723 07 |
| Illinois | 23, 075, 86461 | Pennsylvania | 7, 371, 20962 |
| Indiana | 4, 031, 86600 | Rhode Island | 127,587 62 |
| Iowa | 2, 222, 05915 | South Caroina | 94, 51823 |
| Kansas | 170, 20202 | Tennessee | 1,057, 18943 |
| Kentucks | 14, 842, 47544 | Texas | 181, 829 R1 |
| Louisiana | 538, 81489 | Vermont | 29,889 83 |
| Maine | 53.95016 | Virginia | 3, 052,.639 72 |
| Maryland. | 2, 774,384 20 | West Virginia | 543, 18875 |
| Massachusetts | 2, 287, 45396 | Wisconsin. | 3, 033, 01778 |
| Michigan. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,528,155 \quad 16 \\ & 492.70497 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Minnessta | $\begin{gathered} 492,70497 \\ 47,951 \end{gathered}$ | Total by States and Teritories. <br> Cash recioipls from sale of ad. | 112, 419, 49058 |
| Missouri.. | 6,276, 16585 | hesive strumps .................. | 1,630 49 |
| Montana (c) <br> Nebraska (d) | $\begin{array}{r} 90,56520 \\ 1,971,29612 \end{array}$ | Aggregate receipts | 112, 421, 12107 |

(a) Including the Territory of W yoming.
(b) Including the State of Delaware, two counties of Virginia, and nine counties of Maryland.
(c) Including the Territory of Idaho.
(d) Including tbe Territory of Dakota.
(e) Inclading the Territory of Utab.
(f) Including the Territory of A rizona.
(g) Including the Territory of Washington.

## RECEIPTS FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

The following table shows the receipts from the several objects of taxation for the first quarter of the fiscal years ending June 30,1885 and 1886; a comparison of the receipts for the two periods is also giten:


2673 F-2 2

## COST OF COLLEOTION.

The cost of collection for the past fiscal year, distributed among the different items of appropriation, was approximately as follows :

| For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy lectors, clerks, \&c |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| For salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors of distilleries, gangers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses | 1,963,527 41 |
| For stamps, paper, and | 392, 63460 |
| For expenses of detecting and punishing violations of internal-revenue laws | 34,387 29 |
| For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of Commissioner of Internal Reventie | 284,591,65 |
| Total. |  |

As compared with the total cost of collection for the year 1884 of $\$ 5,076,914.31$. The total expenses of the service (including the expenses of this office) will be found in final adjustment to be about 3.9 per cent. of the amount collected.

## GENERAL CONDITION OF THE SERVICE.

I am pleased to report that the general condition of the service appears to be good, and that the collectors and their subordinates show commendable zeal in the performance of their duties.

## MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

The act of Congress approved August 7, 1882, making provision for sundry civil expeuses for the year ending June 30,1883 , required the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expendituresin the Bureau of Internal Revenue for which appropriation was made in that act. In accordance with the aforesaid requirement, I submit the following detailed statement of miscellaneous expenses incurred:
Express charges on public money .................................................. $\$ 3,59603$
Telegraphing on public business..................................................... 59055
Locks for distilleries .................................................................. 1,36116
Hydrometers for use in gauging spirits .......................................... 5, 71196
Gauging rods ................................................................................. 1300
Internal Reveuue Record for internal-revenue officers ....................... 2, 2, 401 57
Stationery for internal-revenue officers.............................................. 13, 43623
Compensation of United States attorneys in iuternal-revenue cases, allowed
under sections 827 and 838 , Revised Statutes ................................... 27500
Federal reporter ..................................................................... 10.00
Traveling expenses of clerks, \&c., under special orders of the Department: . 18996
Expenses of seizures and sales by collectors.................................. 58240
Rent of offices leased by the Secretary of the Treasury for internal-revenue
officers, second district of New York ........................................... $5,000 \quad 00$
Total.......................................................................... 34,16786
The miscellaneous expenses of the Bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, aggregated $\$ 47,282.89$.

## REVENUE AGENTS' DIVISION.

The following statement shows the salaries and expenses of revenne agents, expenditures from the appropriation for the discovery of violations of internal-revenue laws, illicit stills seized, persons arrested for illicit distilling, casualties to officers and employés in the internal revente service, and statement of ordnance and orduance stores issued to collectors; also, a brief statement of work performed by reveuue agents.
Twenty revenue agents have been enployed during the last fiscal year-one as chief of division in this office, thirteen in charge of territorial divisions, three in the examiuation of the offices and accounts of collectors, and three in assisting agents in cbarge of divisions, and on special'duty.

```
EXPENSES OF REVIENUE AGINNTS.
```

There has been expended from the appropriation for salaries and expenses of revenue agents during the year as follows:

| Aggregate salary of agents | \$50, 74400 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Aggregate amount for traveling expenses | 26, 06437 |
| Stationery furnished agents. | 16007 |
| Transportation over Pacific Railroads | 62775 |
| 'lotal | 77,596 19 |

## work of revinue agents.

Six hundred and twenty-four violations of interual-revenue law have been reported by revenue agents daring the year, 234 persous have been arrested on their iuformation, property to the value of $\$ 171,052.82$ has been reported by them for seizure, and $\$ 52,869.78$ for assessments for unpaid taxes and penalties. Two hundred and seven examinations of the accounts of collectors hare been made, and the condition of the offices reported upon by agents, and transfer of sixty-six collectors' offices under new bond, consolidation of districts, and new appointments have been made under their supervision.

ILLICI' S STILLS SEIZED.
The following statement shows the number of illicit stills seized, persons arrested, and casualties to officers and employés during the last fiscal year:

| Districts. | Stills seized. |  | Number of persons arrested. | Casualties. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Destroyed. | Removed. |  | Officers or employ és killed. | Officers or employes wounded. |
| Alabama | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Fonrth California | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 37 | 50 | 612 | 0 | 0 |
| Third Iowa | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Fourth Iowa | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Second Kentucky | - 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fifth Kentuoky. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sixth Kentucky. | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |
| Eighth Kentucky . . . | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |


| Districts. | Stills seized. |  | Number of persons arrested. | Casualties. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| Destroyed. | Removed. |  | Officers or employés killed. | Officers or employes wounded. |
| Louisiana | 1 | 0 | 0 | - 0 | 0 |
| Third Mrssachusetts. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Tenth Massachusetts . | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First New York ........ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Third New York. | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Fourth North Carolina. | 26, | 2 | 1. | 0 | 0 |
| Fifth North Carolina.. | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Sixth North Carolina. | 51 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Twenty-third Peunsylvan | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina...... | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Second Tennessee. | 10 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Fifth Tennessee. | 12 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 0 |
| Fourth Texas. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Fourth Virginia | 9 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Sixth Virginia .. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Third Wisconsin. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 175 | 74 | 669 | 1 | 0 |

STILLS SEIZED and CASUALTIES to OFFICERS and EMPLOYES for the last seven years.

|  | 1878. | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | $1883 .$ | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stills seized.. | 1,024 | 1,319 | 969 | 756 | 464 | 397 | 245 |
| Otticers and employes killed | - 8 | 1, 7 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Officers and employes wounded. | 17 | 19 | - 7 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| , |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |
|  | ORDNANCE STORIES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

There are in the bands of collectors for the enforcement of the laws and the protection of public property the following.described ordnance stores, for which they are responsible:

| Nume. | District. | Spring. field rifies. | Springfield carbines. | Cartridge boxes. | Waistbelts and plates. | Arm chests. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S. C. Thompson . . . . . . . . | Florida |  | 4 | 6 | 6 |  |
| H. C. Minor - ........... | Louisiana |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 1 |
| Thomas C. Crenshaw, jr | Goorgia. . |  | 63 | 27 | 27 | 3 |
| E. W. Booker............ | Alabama.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clement Dowd | Sixth North Carolina. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 2 |
| John T. Hillsman | Fifth Tennessee | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |
| George M. Helms | Fourth Virginia |  | 22 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| T. S. Bronston ..... | Eighth Kentucky........ |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| W. H. Yarborongh | Fourth North Carolina . |  | 8 |  | 11 | 1 |
| D. F. Bradley .... | South Carolina .......... |  | 12 |  |  |  |
| Nathan Gregir ... | Second Tennessiee |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| John 'T'. McGraw. | West, Virgivia... |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 11 | 158 | 56 | 65 | 8 |

## EXPENDITURES FOR THE DISCOVERY AND PUNISFMENT OF VIOLATIONS OF LAW.

In accordance with the provisions of the act making the appropriation, the following detailed statement of expenditures for detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating internalrevenue laws, is submitted:

AMOUNTS EẊPENDED through COLLECTORS of INTERNAL REVENOE, during the fiscal year 1885.

| Names. | District. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barker, P. D | Alabama. | \$2 65 |
| Brayton, E. M | South Carolina | 6200 |
| Burdette. J. W | Fourth Iowa | 1840 |
| Cooper, H. M | Arkansas | 35370 |
| Cox. Attilla | Fifth Kentucky | 2800 |
| Crenshaw.jr., T. C | Georgia | 29870 |
| Duval, I. H' | West Virginia | 2150 |
| Farley, J. İ. | Eighteenth Ohio. | 1125. |
| Harvey, J. D. | First Illinois.. | 3500 |
| Hughes, A. M | Fifth Tennessee | 1.4400 |
| Jackson, S. M | Twerity-third Penosyl | 6315 |
| Johuson, W. H | Georgia | 44700 |
| Landram, W.J | Eightb Kentucky. | 18800 |
| Mct ${ }^{\text {crmick, }}$ S P | West Virginia... | 6400 |
| Melton, James M | Second Tennessee | 24200 |
| Raulston, ${ }_{\text {d, }} \mathrm{B}$ | Fourth Virginia. | 2800 |
| Tinker, E. R | Tenth Massachusetts. | 9035 |
| Young, I. J. | Fourth North Carolina | 25845 |
| Total |  | 2, 35615 |

AMOUNT EXPENDED through REVENUE AGENTS.

| Nannes. | Amount. | Names. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brooks, A. H | \$7,819 88 | Neustadtl, F. S | \$15 30 |
| Clark, A. H | 1,788 90 | Phelps, John. S | 23490 |
| Clemen, Gnstar | 41221 | Plummer, Stanley | 61932 |
| Chapman, W. H | 1,607 26 | Powers, Thonas.. | 3490 |
| Donelson, E. V | 1,934 09 | Thrasher, L. ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1, 21450 |
| Grimeson, 1.J. | 15408 | Voyles, D. W | 1,892 41 |
| Hale, J. H | 2,925 18 | Webster, E. D | 1,882 96 |
| Kcllogg. Horace | ${ }_{6}^{270} 75$ | Wilson, George $\mathbf{W}$ | 5,462 79 |
| Mofland, John - | $\begin{array}{r}630 \\ 1,008 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Total | 29, 90802 |
|  |  |  |  |

## RECAPITULA'TION.

| A mount expended loy collectors | \$2, 35615 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount expended by revenue age | 29, 90802 |
| A mount expended for rewards under circular | 1,881 53 |
| Amount expended for rewards under circular March 10, 1875 | 5600 |
| A mount expended for miscellaneous purposes | 19159 |
|  | 34,387 29 |

$\triangle M O U N T S E X P E N D E D$ from APPROPRIATIONS NOT BEFORE REPORTED.

| Name, \&c. | District. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tewi Buckner collector 1884. |  |  |
| Lewis Buckner, collector | Fifth Kentucky ....... | \$20 00 |
| James Armstrong, collector | Twenty-firt New York | 1350 |
| W. H. Johnson, collector. | Georgia . . . . . . . . . . | 8400 |
| Reward claims under circular 99 |  | 7700 |
| Total |  | 19450 |
| T J Grimeson reveune agent |  |  |
| Reward claims under circular 99 |  | 88 50 000 |
| Total |  | 33250 |

The accounts for expenditures under this appropriation are rendered monthly, with an itemized statèment, and in all cases supported by proper sub-rouchers, duly sworn to. These accounts pass through all the accounting offices in the Treasury Department and are filed in the Register's Office.

## INCREASE OF NUMEER OF REVENUE AGENTS.

The act of Congress making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ended June 30,1885 , reduced the number of agents from thirty-five to twenty, and no greater number can now be lawfully employed.

No officers connected with the internal-revenne service are more useful than experienced, intelligent, and efficient agents. They necessarily become the assistants of the Commissinuer. Upon them he is obliged to rely for information as to the efficiency and fidelity of the local offlcers and the general condition of the service in every collection district. Their duties are maltitudinous and important; the operations of this brauch of the service cover every portion of the country, and experience has demonstrated that to discover and prevent frauds, to secure the faithful collection of the revenue and an equitable aud proper enforcement of the laws, the whole territory must be frequently and carefulls canvassed and policed by agents. Nearly all of the more important violations of law are discovered and reported by the agents.
The present number, in my opinion, is insufficient for the work required of them. At least four are absolutely necessary for the examination of collectors' accounts, three are constantly required for investigatious and examinations which cannot be made by local ofticers and for other special duties., This leaves but thirteen available for the discovery and prevention of frand and for general work all over the country.

## OFFERS IN COMPROMISE.

The following statement shows the number of offers received and accepted in compromise cases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, with amount of tax, assessed penalty, and specific penalty accepted, as provided under section 3229, Revised Statntes:


STATEMENT of CASES COMPROMISED under section 3229 Revised Statutes, for the quarter ending September 30, 1885.
[The number received and settled, and amounts received.]

| First quarter. | Compromise cases. |  | 'Iax. | Assessable penalty. | Specific penalty. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Received, | A ccepted. |  |  |  |  |
| July | 22 | 26 | \$52 20 |  | \$59780 | \$650 00 |
| Augnst | 32 | 31 | 10,251 48 | \$126 67 | 7,813 99 | 18, 10214 |
| September | 31 | 7 | 250 |  | 1,455 00 | 1,45750 |
| Total | 85 | 64 | 10,306 18 | 12667 | 8, 86679 | 20,299 64 |

## ABSTRACT OF SEIZURES.

Seizures of property for violation of interual-revenue laws daring the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, were as follows:

|  | Articles. | Quantity. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Distilled spirits. | . gallons.. | 39, 206 | \$15, 28800 |
| Tobacco | ... pounds.. | 10,646 | 1,380 20 |
| Cigars | .namber.. | 621, 940 | 6,188 50 |
| Miscellaneous pr |  |  | 181,967 71 |
| Total |  |  | 204, 80441 |

ABSTRACT of SEIZURES of PROPERTY for VIOLATIONS of INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS for the quarter ending September 30, 1885.

| States and Territories. | Distilled spirits. |  | Cigars. |  | Tobacco. |  | Miscellaneous property. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Number. | Value. | Pounds. | Valng. | Value. |
| Alabana | 114 | \$15200 |  |  | 72 | \$37 00 | \$423 00 |
| Artansas |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2500 |
| California | 4, 003 | 6,917 00 | 14, 325 | $\$ 33000$ |  |  | 2,83700 |
| Georgia . <br> Ilinois. |  | 2300 | 7, 000 | 9100 |  |  | 1,530 00 |
| Kentucky |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58600 |
| Maino.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1700 |
| Maryland | *1, 000 | 1,300 00 |  |  |  |  | 2200 |
| Michigan | 100 6 | 10000 |  |  | 8 | 251 | 100.00 |
| Mississippi |  | 400 |  |  |  |  | 6500 40000 |
| New Jersey | 20 | 1800 | 209 | 200 |  |  |  |
| New Mexico |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |
| New York | 161 | 1600 | 2,450 | 2500 |  |  | 2,01500 |
| North Carolina | 89 | 10600 |  |  |  |  | 1, 19500 |
| Ohio.. | 4,326 | 5, 00000 | 550 | 600 |  |  | 6100 |
| Oregon ....... | 120 | 9000 |  |  |  |  | 41600 |
| Tennessee... |  |  | 0,300 | 12500 | 271 | 5511 | 16, 642500 |
| Virginia. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15000 |
| West Virginia | 155 | 14705 |  |  |  |  | 4500 |
| Wisconsin |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20200 |
| Total.. | 10,107 | 13, 87205 | 33, 834 | 57900 | 351 | 9462 | 27,157 00 |

[^9]The following is an abstract of reports of district attorneys for the fiscal year 1884-85 of internal-revenue suits pending, commenced, and disposed of:

| , | Number ot criminal actions. | Number of civilactions in personam. | Number of actions in rem. | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Suits pending July 1, 1884. | 2,490 | 354 | 60 | 2, 804 |
| Suits commenced during fiscal year 1885. | 4,488 | 252 | 28 | 4,768 |
| Total | 6,978 | 606 | 88 | 7,672 |
| Suits decided in faror of United States: <br> Judgments and costs paid. | 445 | 46 | 17 | 508 |
| Judgments and costs not paid | 2,185 | 72 |  | 2,257 |
| Total | 2,630 | 118 | 17 | 2,765 |
| Suits settled by compromise. | 188 | 25 | 22 | 235 |
| Suits decided against the United States | 703 | 55 | 4 | 762 |
| Suits dismissed, abandonod, consolidated, \&o. | 1,373 | 79 | 8 | 1,460 |
| Total suits disposed of | 4,894 | 277 | 51 | 5,222 |
| Suits pencling July 1, 1885 | 2,084 | 329 | 37 | 2,450 |
| Suits wherein sentence is suspen | 729 |  |  | 729 |
| . | Fines, \&c. | Principal. | Costs. | 'Total. |
| Amount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in criminal actions | \$126, 38892 |  | \$126, 38759 | \$252,776 51 |
| A mount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in civil aetions in personam! |  | \$185, 51504 | 6,265 31 | 191, 78035 |
| A mount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in actions in rem |  | 11,855 09 | 2,339 40 | 14, 19449 |
| Amount paid to collectors in criminal aetions ....... | 25,345 48 |  | 30, 45352 | 55, 79900 |
| Amount paid to collectors in civil actions in personam |  | 130, 96990 | 3,586 60 | 134, 55650 |
| A mount paid to collectors in actions in rem ........ |  | 14,458 33 | 1,675 04 | 16, 13337 |

## ESTIMA'IED EXPENSES FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

I estimate the expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, as follows :
For salaries and expenses of collectors ..... $\$ 1,800,000$For salaries and expenses of twenty revenue agents, for surveyors, for feesand expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for miscella-neous expenses2,100,000
For dies, paper, and stamps ..... 410, 000
For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of vio-lating the internal-revenne laws, including payment for informationand detection.50,000
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of the Commis- sioner of [nternal Revenue ..... 259, 190
Total

$$
4,619,190
$$

## SCALE OF SALARIES OF COLLECTORS.

The recommendations made for the salaries of collectors for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, are based upon an estimate of-their probable collections according to the following scale, with the qualification
that if the actual collections should vary from the amounts estimated the salaries will be readjusted at the end of the fiscal year.

| For collection of- | Salary. | For collection of- | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25,000 or less | \$2,000 | \$375,001 to \$425,000. | \$3,375 |
| 25,001 to \$37,500 | 2,125 | 425,001 to 475,000. | 3,500 |
| 37,501 to 50,000 | 2,250 | 475,001 to $550,000$. | 3,625 |
| 50,001 to 75,000 | 2,375 | 550,001 to 625,000 | 3,750 |
| 75,001 to 100,000 | 2,500 | 625,001 to 700,000 | 3,875 |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 2, 625 | 700,001 to 775,000. | 4,000 |
| 125,001 to 175,000 | 2,750 | 775,001 to 850,000. | 4,125 |
| 175,001 to 225,000 | 2,875 | 850,001 to 925,000 | 4,250 |
| 225,001 to 275,000 | 3,000 | 925,001 to $1,000,000$ | 4,375 |
| 275,001 to 325,000 | 3,125 | 1,000,001 and npward. | 4,500 |
| 325,001 to 375,000 | 3,250 |  |  |

## EXAMINATION OF COLLECTORS' OFFICES.

On account of the limited force of revenue agents, and the number of trausfers of collectors' offices required to be made during the last fiscal year, the examinations of collectors' offices were not made as frequently as the good of the service demanded.

From reports made by revenue agents in charge of this part of the work, however, it appears that the collectors' offices throughout the country are generally in good condition.

## OFFICIAL FORCE.

The force connected with this bureau during the fiscal year which ended Juue 30, 1885, in the various districts throughout the United States, as reorganized under the Executive order of June 25, 1883, as modified, was 85 collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows;


There were also employed during the year 963 deputy collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. |  | Number. | Salary. |  | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | \$2,000 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 145 |  | \$1, 200 | 13 |  | \$500 |
| 11 | 1,900 | 137 |  | 1,100 | 1 |  | 450 |
| 34 | 1, 800 | 3 |  | 1, 050 | 2 |  | 425 |
| 1 | 1,750 | 1 |  | 1,025 | 6 |  | 402 |
| 10 | 1,700 | 133 |  | 1,000 | 2 |  | 360 |
| 31 | 1,600 | 6 |  | 950 | 25 |  | 300 |
| 2 | 1,550 | 59 |  | 900 | 3 |  | 250 |
| 55 | 1,500 | 4 |  | 850 | 1 |  | 240 |
| 8 | 1,450 | 24 |  | 800 | 12 |  | 200 |
| 127 | 1, 400 | 1 |  | 750 | 7 |  | 150 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 1,350 | 15 |  | 700 | 3 |  | 120 |
| 35 | 1,300 | 1 |  | 660 | 2 |  | 100 |
| 4 | 1,250 | 14 |  | 600 | 1 |  | , 60 |

Also 189 clerks, who received per annum salaries as follows :

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \$1, 800 | 32 | \$1,200 | $2 \ldots$ | \$720 |
| 2 | 1,600 | 9 | 1,150 | 8 | 700 |
| 3 9 | 1,500 1,400 | ${ }_{30} 10$ | 1,100 1,000 | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | 650 600 |
| 1 | 1, 350 | 33 | '900 |  | 500 |
| 4 | 1,300 | 16 | 800 |  | 300 |
| 1. | 1,250 |  | 750 |  |  |

Also 24 porters, messengers, or janitors, as follows:


The force now counected with this Burean in the various districts throughout the United States is 85 collectors, who receive per annum salaries as follows:


There are also now employed 932 deputy collectors, who receive per annum salaries, as follows:

| Number. | Salary. |  | Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21. | \$2,000 | 127 |  | \$1,100 | 1 | $\$ 450$ |
| 11 | 1,900 | 2 |  | 1, 050 | 1 | 425 |
| 33 | 1,800 | 1 |  | 1, 025 | 7 | 400 |
| 1 | 1,750 | 131 |  | 1,000 | 2 | 360 |
| 10. | 1,700 | 6 |  | 950 | $29 \ldots$ | 300 |
| 32 | 1, 600 | 53 |  | 900 | 3 | 250 |
| 2 | 1,550 | 4 |  | 850 | 1 | 240 |
| 54 | 1,500 | 23 |  | 800 | 11 | 200 |
| 8 | 1,450 | 16 |  | 700 | 5 | 150 |
| 129 | 1, 400 | 1 |  | 660 | 3 | 120 |
| 1 | 1,350 | 14 |  | 600 | 2 | 100 |
| 32. | 1,300 | 8 |  | 500 480 | 2 | 75 |
| 138. | 1,250 | 2 |  | 480 |  | 60 |

Also, 180 clerks, who receive per annum salaries, as follows :


Also, 28 porters, messengers or janitors, as follows:


STOREKEEPERS, GAUGERS, ETC.
There are also employed 620 gaugers who receive fees not to exceed $\$ 5$ per diem; 572 storekeepers and gaugers and 445 storekeepers whose - pay does not exceed $\$ 4$ per diem; 37 tobacco inspectors who receive fees to be paid by the manufacturers, and 3 distillery surveyors. All the foregoing officers are paid only when actually employed.

Reductions in the number of this class of officers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, were made as follows:
Gaugers ..... 180
Storekeepers and gaugers ..... 532
Storekeepers ..... 214
Total reduction ..... 926

The appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30,1886 , contained the provision that storekeepers or storekeepers and gaugers, assigued to distilleries whose registered capacity is 20 bushels or less, shall receive $\$ 2$ per day for their services.

The pay of those assigned to larger distilleries bas been fixed according to the following scale:

Compensation for storekeepers and gaugers and storekeepers assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 20 bushels and not exceeding 40 busbels, $\$ 3$ per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveged daily capacits exceeding 40 bushels and not exceeding 60 bushels, $\$ 3.50$ per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 60 bushels, $\$ 4$ per day.

## CONDITION OF THE OFFICE,

Although there has been is considerable reduction in the number of persous employed in this Bureau, twenty eight clerlss having been recently dropped from the rolls, the work of the office which is steadily increasing, is in good shape and progressing in a satisfactory mannerv

The officers, clerks, and employés connected with the Burean have generally performed the duties imposed upon them faithfilly and efficiently.

## REPOR'T OF WORK PERFORMED.

The work performed by the different divisions of the office durin the fiscal year ended June 30,1885 , is shown by the following statement:
Offers in compromise briefed ..... 408
Opinions prepared ..... 396
Offers in compromise acted upon ..... 412
Reward claims acted upon ..... 46
Reports of suits and prosecntions ..... 4,768
Claims for surplus proceeds of lands sold for direct taxes examined and disposed of ..... 147
Amount paid in settlement of direct-tax claims ..... $\$ 20,693.89$
Clains for return of purchase money examined and acted upon. ..... 18
Claims for refund of interest illegally collected under the direct-tax laws examined and disposed of ..... 289
Amount of interest refunded$\$ 4,619.26$
Claims for abatement of taxes disposed of ..... 4, 688
Orders for abatement of taxes issued ..... 749
Amount of abatement claims allowed (uncollectible) ..... $\$ 103,946.88^{\prime}$
Amount of abatement claims allowed (erroueous assessment) ..... $\$ 4,619,834.50$
Amount of abatement claims rejected (uncollectible) ..... $\$ 28,748.69$
Amount of abatement claims rejected (assessment claimed to be er- roneols) ..... \$1,275,94591
Claims for refunding of taxes disposed of ..... 438
Amount of refunding claims allowed ..... - ${ }^{4} 83,30684$
Amount of refunding claims rejected ..... \$204, 81.108
Number of rebate claims disposed of99 。
Amonnt of rebate claims disposed of ..... $\$ 5,37646$
DIVISION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.
Returns and reports relating to distilled spirits examined and dis- posed of ..... 237, 555
Returns and reports relating to fermented liquors, examiued and dis- posed of ..... 27, 349
Computations of capacities of distilleries made, and data for assess- ment furnisbed ..... 16, 206
Locks examicied and issmed ..... 1,571
Hydrometer sets, stems, cups and thermometers, tested and issued ..... 1, 714
Ganging-rods examined and issued ..... 26
Wantage-rods examined and issned ..... 32
DIVISION OF TOBACCO.
Reports relating to tobacco examined and disposed of ..... 1, 079
Reports relating to cigars examined and disposed of ..... 22, 313
Abatement and refunding claims audited ..... 60
DIVISION OF STAMPS.
Sheets of stamps received from Burean of Engraving and Printing and connted ..... 25, 693, 600
Collectors' orders and requisitions filled ..... 3,450
Packages of stamps mailed ..... 29, 671
Brewers' permits issued ..... 112, 800
Books of stamps returned by collectors received and counted ..... $45,197$.
Stamps and coupous retarned by collectors received aud counted 47,474,745$\cdot 12,781,547$
Stosexamined
Stosexamined
Books of stannss and coupons referred to Fifth Auditor ..... 28,617
Claims for redemption of stamps received and examined ..... 2,028
Claims for redemption of stamps allowed and referred to Fifth Audi-, - tor ..... 1,808
Claims for redemption of stamps rejected ..... 1,527
Namber of notifications of rejection and packages of stamps returned. ..... 1,527
Clains on Forms 66 and 66A examined aud allowed ..... 1,759
Tax-paid and special-tax stamps examined and checked on claims 66 and 66A ..... 231, 252
Stamps for which allowance has been made, counted ..... 4,857; 680
Packages of check stamps canceled and returned ..... 144
Stamps canceled and returned ..... 286, 889
Reports examined and disposed of. ..... 29, 112
Statements of accounts made ..... 248
Names of persons copied as appearing liable to assessment ..... 30,297
Nanes of persons copied and reported for assessment. ..... 16,944
Packages received by express recorded and distributed ..... 322
Packages received by registered mail recorded and distributed ..... 4,971
Value of stamps received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing ..... \$127,387,771 98Value of stamps issued to collectors$\$ 123,388,85624$

| Value of stamps destroyed | \$1,832,574 98 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Value of stamps forwarded to Fifth Anditor as vouchers in collectors' | \$11, 910,488 65 |
| Value of claims for redemption of stamps allowed | \$116,631 89 |
| Value of claims on. Forus 66 and 66 A allowed | \$7, 865,556 58 |
| Value of check stamps canceled and returned | \$5,737 78 |
| Value of check stamps destroyed | \$87,560 82 |
| Value of check stamps rejected and | \$11,997 01 |
| DIVISION OF ASSESSMENTS. | 0 |
| Reports relating to assessments examined and disposed of | 14,358 |
| Reports relating to bonded acconnts examined and disposedio | 306,875 |
| Reports and rouchers relating to exportations examined and disposed of | 349, 872 |
| Clains for drawback disposed of | 706 |
| DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS. |  |
| Weekly reports examined and disposed of (154) | 3,398 |
| Monthly reports examined and disposed of | 17,953 |
| Quarterly reports examined and disposed of | 371 |
| Miscellaneous accounts examined and disposed of | 353 |
| Final accomnts of collectors referred for settlement | 428 |
| Certificates of deposit for internal-revenue collections recorded | 29,606 |
| Amounting to ................................. \$112,360,527 93 |  |
| Certificates of deposit to credit of Secretary........................... | 478 |
| Amounting to................................. $\quad \$ 75,03684$ |  |
| Drafts mailed to collectors for gaugers' fees and expenses. | 7,951 |
| Amounting to................................... . . . $\$ 754,886.95$ |  |
| Drafts mailed to collectors for transfer of special deposits. | 500 |
| Anounting to ................................. $\$ 80,50330$ |  |
| Drafts mailed to collectors for compromise offers returned | 85 |
| Amonnting to. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (.............................. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. $\$ 8,40570$ |  |
| Drafts mailed to collectors for expenses of office | 1,030 |
| Collectors' monthly reports of taxes, \&c., consolidated into yearly statements. | 869 |
| Consolidated statements of monthly reports of taxes, \&c., recorded |  |

## dIVISION OF REVENUE AGENTS.

Reports of revenue agents disposed of ..... 1, 359
Reports of collectors relative to illicit spirits disposed of ..... 84
Accounts of revenue agents examined ..... 501
Miscellaneous expense accounts examined ..... 156
Transcripts of books of leat-tobacco dealers examined and abstracted ..... 3,787
Quarterly returns of ordnance and orduance stores in hands of collec- ..... 70
Reports of examiuing officers on condition of collectors' offices ex- amined and recorded ..... 203
Reports of collectors of seizures of illicit stills, Form 162, examined and recorded ..... 944
Reports of revenue agents of seizures, \&c., Form 170, examined and recorded ..... 150
OIVISION OF APPOINTMENTS, RECORDS, AND PILES.
Commissious of collectors recorded, collectors notified, and blank bonds prcpared ..... 72
Bonds of collectors and disbursing agents recorded ..... 124
Commissions of gaugers, storekeepers and gaugers, storekeepers and tobacco inspectors recorded, and appointees notified ..... 197
Bouds of subordinate officers examined and recorded ..... 2.25
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' offices exam- ined and acted upon ..... 111
Letters for entire Burean received and registered ..... 40, 688
Letters briefed and filed
45, 204
Pages of priss copy letters ..... 19, 063
Pages letter and cap paper copied, compared, and registered ..... 11, 565
Orders for press copies for reference
3, 998
Envelopes and labels addressed for circulars aud blanks
48
48
Pages blank books raled and headings written ..... 175
Letters paged in registers from record books. ..... 116, 6198,382
Applications for appointment briefed and indorsed ..... 1, 414
Blank forms prepared and issued ..... 6,801,946
Blank books issned ..... 11, 650

## SALARIES.

I have the houor to recommend that Congress appropriate, for the fiscal year ending June 30,1887 , the sum of $\$ 259,190$ as salaries for the following officers, clerks, and employés in this Bureau:
One Commissioner, at ..... $\$ 5,000$
One Deputy Commissioner, at ..... 3,200
Two heads of division, at ..... 2,500
Five heads of division, at ..... 2,250
One superintendent of stamp vault, at ..... 2,000
One stenographer, at ..... 1,300
Twenty-four clerks, at ..... 1,800
Twenty-five clerks, at ..... 1,600
Thirty-four clerks, at ..... 1, 400
Twenty-four clerks, at ..... 1,200
Fourteen clerks, at. ..... 1,000
Forty clerks, at ..... 900
Twe messengers, at ..... 840
Fourteen assistant messengors, at ..... 720
Thirteen laborers, at ..... 660An aggregate of 201 persons.

I also recommend the appropriation of the sum of $\$ 5,000$ as salaries for two stamp ageuts at $\$ 1,600$, and two counters at $\$ 900$, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp, manufacturers, as provided by the act of August 5, 1882 .

## STAMP DIVISION.

## number and value of stamps issubd.

STATEMENT of the NUMBER, KIND, and VALUE of INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS issued to COLLECTORS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.


## redemption of check stamps.

At the date of the last aunual report there were about 1,200 packages of stamps, either adhesive or imprinted upon checks and drafts, which had been forwarded to this office for redemption, and which were undisposed of. These have since all been disposed of, with the exception of about 100 packages. Stamps of this kind are still being received for redemption, and are now being disposed of as current work.

During the present fiscal year, after due advertisement for proposals, a contract was entered into with Alexander Balfour, of Philadelphia, Pa., for the manufacture of about 450,000 pounds of paper for printing internal-revenue stamps; the rate to be paid nader the contract is $7 \frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound.

The work of manufacturing the paper commenced about the 20th day of July, 1885, and is still in progress.

## PRODUCTION OF STAMPS.

During the last fiscal year all internal-revenue stamps have been produced by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, except stamps on foil wrappers for tobacco, which have been printed by Jobn J. Crooke, of New York, a contract having been, made with him for the imprinting of such stamps without charge to the Government, he receiving remuneration from manufacturers, and reimbursing to the Government the salaries of one stamp agent and one counter, amoanting to $\$ 2,500$ per annum.

## TOBACCO.

The report of the tobacco industry for the last fiscal year shows gratifying results. Not ouly has there been a small increase in the amount of taxes collected, but there has been a marked increase of manufactured products, and an unusually large increase of the quantity of these products exported to foreign conntries.

The number of persons and firms engaged in handling leaf-tobacco and in manufacturing and distribtating it is largely in excess of any previous year.

The following exhibit will show the receipts for the last fiscal year from each particular source as compared with the receipts from the same sources during the previous fiscal year, and the aggregate amount of these receipts.

In the tables annexed will be found statements; showing the manner in which the manufacturing is distributed through the different States, the number of persons and firms engaged in each of the two branches of manufacturing, the quantities of different kinds of material used, and the amount of products manufactured. These tables are compiled from the reports received from collectors of the transactions of manufacturers in their several districts for the calendar year ended December 31,1884 , a period of time differing from the fiscal year, which will account for any apparent discrepancies.

The aggregate amount of taxes collected from tobacco during the last fiscal year was $\$ 26,407,088.48$. This amount includes internal-revenue taxes imposed on imported tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes. The collections from the same sources made during the fiscal year ended June 30,1884 , were $\$ 26,062,399.98$, showing an increase of $\$ 344,688.50$.

RECELPTS FROM TOBACCO AND SNUFE.


Increase in collections
526,09484
Of this increase $\$ 465,362.90$ was on chewing and smoking tobacco; and $\$ 60,731.94$ on suuff.

## receripts from cigars and cigaretiles.

| Cigars taxed at $\$ 6$ per thonsand | $\$ 73920$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cigars taxed at $\$ 3$ per thousand | 10,076,54830 |
| Cigarettes taxed at $\$ 3$ per thousand | 11415 |
| Cigarettes taxed at $\$ 1.75$ per thousand | 9259 |
| Cigarettes taxed at 50 cents per thousand | 529,329 14 |
| Total for jear ended June 30, 1885 | 10,606, $82: 338$ |
| Total for jear euded June 30, 1884 | 10,823,214 28 |
| Decrease in collections from cigars and cigarettes | 216,390 90 |
| This decrease was all on cigars, being $\$ 29$ there was an increase of $\$ 75,126.87$. | cigarettes |
| OTHER COLELECTIONS. |  |
| Manufacturers of cigars and cigarettes, special tax, at | \$105, 139 81 |
| Increase, special taxes, manufacturers of cigars, \&c | 7,17762 |
| Manufacturers of tobacco and snnff, special tax, \$6 | 5,320 25 |
| Increase of special taxes over year ended June 30, 1.884 | 20276 |
| Dealers in manufactured tobacco, special tax, at $\$ 5$ | 19193 |
| Dealers in maunfactured tobacco, special tax, at $\$ 2.40$ | 1,159,705 85 |
| Total for year ended June 30, 1885 | 1, 159, 897.78 |
| Total for year ended June 30, 1884 | 1, 136,786 20 |
| Increase | 23,11158 |
| Peddlers of tobacco, special taxes | 14,200 56 |
| Decrease, peddlers of tobacco | 26445 |
| Leaf dealers, special taxes, year ended June 30, L885 | $53,352.87$ |
| Leaf dealers, year ended June 30, 1884 | 48,595 82 |
| Increase special taxes, leat dealers, year 1885 | 4,757 05 |

## PRODUCTION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, CIGARS, CIGARETIES, ETC.

The production of tobacco, suutf, cigars, and cigarettes for the fiscal year ended Juue 30, 1885, computed from the several quantities removed for consumption on payment of tax, together with the quantity removed in boñd for export, is as folluws:

## TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

Tobacco taxed at 16 cents per pound................................................... 174 2, 01000
Tobacco taxed at 8 cents per pound............................................ 174, 413, 60900
Snuff taxed at 8 cents per pound...................................................... 6, 361, 79400
Total quantity removed for consumption........................... 180, 777, 41300
Tobacco and snuff removed for exportation...................................... 12, 054, 01500
Total production year onded June 30, 1885 . . . . . . . . . ....................... 192, 8:31, 428

Increase of production, pounds, 7,997,761. Of this increase, 1,416,412 pounds were exported, and $6,581,349$ pounds were put on the market for cousumption.


| Cigars, removed in boud for export | Number. $1,557,550$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cigarettes, removed in bond for export | 104, 811, 420 |
| Total production, fiscal year 1885 | 4, 524,090, 841 |
| Total production, fiscal year 1884 | 4, 451, 643, 225 |
| Increase | 72,447, 616 |

SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS.
Manufacturérs of tobacco, including snuff ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 887
Manufacturers of cigats and cigarettes............................................................ 17,523
Peddlers of tobacco . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,605
Dealers in leaf tobacco ........... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 . 034
Dealers in manufactured tobacco........................................................... 483,249
Total number of special-tax payers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 508, 298
Special-tax payers; fiscal year ended June 30, 1884 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 496,853
Increase during last fiscal year ...................................................... 11, 445

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of CIGAR MANUFACTURERS ACCOUNTS REPORTED, the NUMBER of CIGARS and CIGARE'TTES REPORTED MANUFACTURED during the calendar yoar 1884, and the QUANTITY of TOBACCO USED THEREIN.

| State and Territory. | Accounts. | Tobacco used. | Cigars manufactured. | Cigarettes manufactured. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Pounds. | Number. | Number. |
| Alabama | 24 | 35, 376 | 1,580, 400 |  |
| Arkansas | 25 | 41, 724 | 1,967, 270 |  |
| Califoruia | 324 | 3,810, 215 | 163, 722, 196 | 3, 565, 700 |
| Colorado. | 68 | 89, 168 | 3, 903, 747 |  |
| Connecticut. | 312 | 732, 699 | 31, 379, 219 |  |
| Delaware. | 43 | 85, 872 | 3, 820, 242 |  |
| Georgia. | 50 | 76, 098 | 3, 142, 594 |  |
| Florida | 158 | 1,383, 685 | 60, 580, 952 | 622, 49 |
| Illinois | 1, 250 | 3,796, 902 | 163, 677, 768 | 557, 400 |
| Indiana. | 468 | 1;041,597 | 43, 587, 109 |  |
| Lowa | 294 | 987, 505 | 43, 484, 516 |  |
| Kansas | 159 | 326, 495 | 13, 657, 100 |  |
| Keutucky | 250 | 777, 013 | 32,815, 285 | . |
| Louisiara | 1.63 | 1, 149, 621 | 40, 888, 565 | 9,492,310 |
| Maine. | 65 | 97, 527 | 3, 971, 206 |  |
| Maryland | 605 | 2, 518, 197 | 93, 778, 499 | 130,720, 860 |
| Massachusetts | 500 | 2, 087, 474 | 88, 256, 321 | 1,757,850 |
| Michigan | 601 | 2, 156, 865 | $89,574,860$ |  |
| Minnosota | 158 | 631, 732 | 27, 865, 695 |  |
| Mississippi |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri.. | 604 | 1, 340, 593 | 60, 284, 822 |  |
| Montana' | 6 | 7,518 | 311, 350 |  |
| Nebraska | 124 | 222, 334 | 9, 290, 135 |  |
| Nevada.. | 5 | 5,895 | 322, 450 |  |
| New Hampshire | 38 | 82, 733 | 4, 275, 944 |  |
| New Jersey | 847 | 1,500, 413, | 64, 670,554 | 22, 248 |
| New York. | 4, 521 | 27, 242, 986 | 1, 134, 770, 606 | 661, 352, 200 |
| North Carolina | 28 | 274; 120 | 1, $1,646,115$ | 112, 202, 450 |
| Ohio. | 1,562 | 5, 730, 047 | 254, 970, 642 |  |
| Oregon | 18 | 26, 762. | 1, 200, 785 |  |
| Pennsylvania | 4,422 | 16, 681, 199 | 715, 638, 530 |  |
| Rhode Island.. | 69 | 208, 453 | 9,511, 039 |  |
| South Carolina | 20 | 26, 418 | 1, 231, 135 |  |
| 'Tennessee | 35 | 62, 165 | 3, 139, 925 |  |
| Texas | 66 | 126,907 | 5, 486, 188 |  |
| Vermont | 22 | 83, 079. | 3, 352, 988 |  |
| Virginia | 186 | 998, 675 | 57, 595, 761 |  |
| West Virginia | 107 | 901, 570 | 47, 664, 180 |  |
| Wisconsin. | 475 | 2, 005, 789 | 85, 965, 395 |  |

STATEMENT of the NUMRER of TOBACCO FACTORIES in EACH STATE, the AGGREGATE QUANTITY of LEAF TOBACCO and OTHER MATERIAL USED, and the AGGREGATE QUANTITIES of the DIFFERENT KINDS of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED during the calendar year ended December 31, 1884, together with a STATEMENT of the QUANTITY of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO ON HAND at the COMMENCEMENT and at the CLOSE of the year, the QUANTITY to be ACCOUNTED for; the QUANTITF REMOVED in BOND FOR EXPORT, the TOTAL SALES REPORTED, and the AMOUNT of TAXES PAID.

| States and Territories. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { factories. } \end{aligned}$ | Leaf-tobacco and other materials used in manufacturing tobacco and snuff. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Leaf used. | Scraps used. | Stems osed. | Licorice used. | Sugar used. | Other materials userl. | Tobacco in process. | Total materials used. |
| Arkansas | 8 | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. 5, 841 | Pounds. $\text { 122, } 264$ |
| California | 8 | 30,318 | 14,341 |  | 6. 40 | - 770 | 82 | 20, 406 | 65, 957 |
| Delaware. | 2 | 1,769,516 |  | 83, 054 | 68 | 200 |  | 232,484 | 2, 085, 322 |
| Georgia | 8 | -73,846 |  | 83, 05 | 3, 092 | 1,825 | 1,446 | 2,489 | 82, 698 |
| Illinois | 28 | 6, 785, 339 | 299, 912 | 522,579 | 353, 400 | 929, 068 | 387, 489 | . 390,553 | 9, 668, 340. |
| Indiana | 8 | 72, 948 | 11, 030 |  | 2, 616 | 6, 283 | 1,235 |  | 94, 112 |
| Inwa | 2 | 298,329 | -6, 273 | 105, 037 | 2,720 | 6, 484 | 12,299 | 20,735 | 451, 877 |
| Kansas | 1 | 27,926 | 6,509 |  | 91 | 200 | 2,516 | 3,732 | 40, 974 |
| Kentucky | 77 | 11, 269, 023 | 34, 808 | 23,764 | 2, 056, 558 | 1,823, 980 | 751, 828 | 201, 374 | 16, 161, 335 |
| Louisiana. | 42 | 2, 337, 957 | 6, 875 |  | 37,608 | 5,659 | 135 |  | 2, 368, 234 |
| Margland. | 14 | 4,845,311 | 678, 713 | 997, 395 | - 86,275 | 123, 406 | 94, 031 | 626,591 | - 7,451,722 |
| Massachusetts | 8 | 461, 582 | 40,772 | 8,517 | - 56, 054 | 60,788 | - 15,252 | 94, 694 | 737,659 |
| Michigan | 8 | 5, 377, 194 | 181, 829 | 446,530 | 466, 316 | 639,696 | - 466, 840 | 441, 654 | 8, 020, 059 |
| Minnesota | 2 | 3,510 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 3, 515 |
| Missouri | 67 | 22, 633,675 | 952, 210 | 717, 358 | 3,731, 363 | 2, 584,411 | ],040,957 | 581, 597 | 32, 241, 571 |
| New Jersey | 13 | 19, 535, 154 | 847, 129 | 571, 097 | 2,526, 831 | 2,641, 196 | 1,350, 458 | 2, 544, 675 | 30, 016, 540 |
| New York | 96 | 13, 950,425 | 2, 384, 284 | 164, 269 | 1, 168, 232 | 1, 055, 552 | -798,885 | 1,-087, 943 | 20, 609, 590 |
| Nortb Carolina | 205 | 13, 294, 676 | 174, 115 | 395, 860 | -460, 819 | 194, 467 | 288, 309 | 1, 020, 790 | 15, 829, 036 |
| Ohio... | 42 | 8, 598, 393 | 65, 898 | 314, 135 | 1,851, 695 | 1, 695, 159 | 373, 487 | 355, 309 | 13, 254, 076 |
| Pennsylvania | 37 | 3, 249,310 | 134,957 | 41, 385 | 28, 216 | 6,701 | 28,679 | 245, 707 | 3,734, 935 |
| Texas.. | 3 | 7,395 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,395 |
| Tennessee | 44 | 1, 024, 725 | 15, 181 | 1,992 | 38, 244 | 33, 948 | 2,736 | 16, 969 | 1,133, 795 |
| Virginia. | 189 | 42, 754, 806 | 361, 299 | 50,821 | 2, 517, 493 | 2, 266, 906 | 1,615; 796 | 707, 126 | 50, 274, 247 |
| West V.irginia | 9 | 52, 039 | 445, 421 |  | . 747 |  |  | 100 | 518,307 |
| Wisconsiu | 5 | 4, 306, 819 | 42,332 | 745, 136 | 69, 151 | 277, 812 | 104, 126 | 118, 886 | $5,664,062$ |
| Totals | 926 | 162, 862, 263 | 6,725,916 | 5, 188, 909 | 15, 444, 098 | 14, 360, 160 | 7,336, 621 | 8,719,655 | 220,637, 622 |


| States and |  | Tobacco and snuff produced. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tobacco } \\ \text { on hand } \\ \text { January } \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | Total tobacco to be account ed for. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Onsold } \\ \text { January } \\ 1885 . \end{gathered}$ | Exported. | Sold. | Stamps required. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Plug made. | Fine-cut made. | Smoking made. | Snuff made. | Total made. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | unds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | ounds. | Pounds. | Pouinds. | Value. |
| Arkansns |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90,280 \\ & 765 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2,333 43,342 |  | 92,846 44,107 | 30,327 237,658 | 123, ${ }^{1283}$ |  |  | 66,446 1107,323 | \$5, 29973 |
| Delawar | 2 | 2,300 |  | 97 | 1, 795, 159 | 1, 797, 556 | 49,526 | 1,847, 082 | 53,084 |  | 1,793,998 | 143, 51981 |
| Georgia | 8 | 56, 227 |  |  | 3, 027 | .59, 254 | 56, 943 | 116, 197 | 40,712 | 2 | 75, 483 | 3, 03868 |
| Illinois | 28 | 1,613,838 | 2, 099, 819 | 4, 679, 866 | 81, 238 | 8, 474, 761 | 550, 038 | 9, 024, 799 | 296, 492 | 8, 042 | 8, 718, 665 | 728, 46054 |
| Indiana | 8 | 23, 302 |  | 44,385 | 8,656 | 74, 343 | 12,415 | 86,758 | 24, 419 |  | 62,339 | 4,986 88 |
| Iowa | 2 | 24,000 | 394, 073 | 426 |  | 418, 499 | 13,095 | 431,594 | 14, 656 |  | 416, 938 | 33, 35504 |
| Kansas |  | 15, 644 |  | 8, 64: |  | 24, 285 | 29, $238{ }^{\circ}$ | 53, 523 | 15, 247 |  | 38,276. | 3, 06208 |
| Kentucky | 77 | 10, 771, 085 | 1, 233,427 | 944, 441 | 14,594 | 12, 953, 547. | 923, 179 | 13, 876,726 | 628, 828 | 31, 306 | 13, 216,592 | 1, 051,50302 |
| Louisiana | 42 |  | 1, 507, 049 | 149, 733 | 93,080 | 1, 749, 862 | 209,178 | 1, 958, 940 | 247, 280 | ${ }^{91}, 782$ | 1, 619, 818 | 129, 77175 |
| Maryland | 14 |  | 170, 997 | 5,591, 5037 | 424, 632 | 6, 187, 5186 | 346, 089 | 6, 5383,355 | 352, 155 | 54, 058 | 6, 127, 142 | 490, 234332 |
| Massacha |  | 416,982 521,087 |  | 50,095 $4,686,176$ | 45,917 | 513,184 $7,474,916$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,313 \\ 398 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 517,497 \\ 7,475,314 \end{array}$ | 134 241 | 27,039 5,398 | 4, 490,324 7 | $\begin{array}{r} 39,22600 \\ 597.593 \end{array}$ |
| Michigan |  | 521, 087 | 2, 266, 753 | $4,686,176$ 3,542 |  | 7,474, 916 3,542 | $\begin{array}{r} 398 \\ 1,150 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,475,314 \\ 4,692 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 241 \\ & 809 \end{aligned}$ | 5,398 | 7, 469, 3,885 | 597,59337 31072 |
| Missouri | 67 | 20, 987, 844 | 426, 038 | 4, 082, 546 | 89, 617 | 25, 586, 045 | 2, 350, 404 | 27, 936, 449 | 2, 037, 447 | 3, 209 | 25, 895, 793 | 2, 068, 2 fi3 18 |
| New Jerse | 13 | 14, 227, 697 | 2, 598, 947 | 3, 321, 422 | 2, 359, 218 | 22, 507, 283 | 72,874 | 22, 580, 157 | 58, 526 | 156, 020 | 22, 365, 611 | 1,789, 57944 |
| New Yoik | 96 | 4, 881, 365 | 3, 626, 767 | 7, 054, 837 | 133, 447 | 15, 694, 416 | 190, 284 | 15, 884, 700 | 190, 314 | 629,968 | 15, 064, 388 | 1, 205, 50136 |
| North | 205 | 6, 921, 489 | 1, 1,472 | 4, 340, 032 | 50, 504 | 11, 313,497 | 4, 655, 624 | 15, 969, 121 | 3,624, 309 | 150, 869 | 12, 195, 943 | 976, 41851 |
| Obio | 42 | 7, 557, 1838 | 1, 259,573 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,877 <br> 2 |  | 809, 20496 |
| Pennsjlva | 37 3 | 2, 183 | 36,715 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,200,201 \\ 7,194 \end{array}$ | 832, 372 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,071,471 \\ 7,194 \end{array}$ | 109, 277 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,180,748 \\ 7,194 \end{array}$ | 100, 125 | 2,748 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,077,875 \\ & 7,134 \end{aligned}$ | $245,67519$ |
| Tennessce | 44 | 680, 443 | 1,846 | 52, 088 | 112, 919 | 847, 296 | 484, 145 | 1,331, 441 | 410,003 |  | 920, 823 | 73,948 37 |
| Virginia | 89 | 35, 630, 657 |  | 783, 283 | 73, 028 | 36, 486, 968 | 0, 420, 897 | 45, 907, 865 | 8, 209, 177 | 7, 604, 637 | 30,094, 051 | 2, 409, 24332 |
| West Virginia |  | 9.566 |  | -474, 841 |  | $-484,401$ | $\begin{gathered} -58,744 \\ 33,347 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 543 ; 145 \\ -997 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | -011, $1.59^{\circ}$ | 410,89282 |
| Wisconsid | 5 | 4,003 | 956, 211 | 4, 250, 239 | 3,325 | 5, 213, 778 | $33,347$ | 5,247, 125 | 21,773 | 20 | 5, 225, 144 | 417, 80674 |
| Totals | 926 | 104, 439, 604 | 16, 579, 883 | $45,172,737$ | 6, 127, 230 | 172, 319, 454 | 20, 450, 484 | 192, 769, 938 | 17, 374, 666 | 8, 793, 425 | 166, 601, 847 | 13, 357, 15741 |

## DIRECT TAX.

Claims for surplus proceeds of the sale of lands under the direct-tax laws, for payment of which the sum of $\$ 190,000$, or so much thereof as might be necessary, was appropriated by the act of March 3, 1883.
Number of claims on hand July 1, 1884 ..... 118
Number of claims received during the year. ..... 25
Number of clainas reopened during the year ..... 13
Total ..... 156
Number of claims examined and disposed of during the year ..... 147
Number of elaims pending Jùly 1,1885 .....  9
Amount paid during the year ending June 30, 1885 ..... $\$ 20,69389$
Amount previously paid ..... 23, 33021
Total paid to July 1, 1885 ..... 44, 02410
Clatms for purchase-money.
Number of clains for payment to purchasers at direct-tax sales on account of eviction (act of May 9, 1872, as ameuded) on hand July 1 , is84 ..... 13
Number received during the year ..... 6
Total ..... 19
Number of claims examined and disposed of ..... 18

- Number of claims pending Julv 1, 1885 ..... 1
INTEREST CLAIMS.
Number of clains under section 4, act of February 25, 1867, for refund of iuterest alleged to have been illegally collected by the direct-tax commis- sioners, examined and disposed of ..... 289
Pendiar Jaly 1, 1885 ..... None
Amonnt of interest refunded ..... $\$ 4,61926$
CORRESPONDENCE.
Total number of letters received ..... 483
Total number of letters written ..... 760


## RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING DIRECT TAX.

By the act of August 5, 1861 (12 Stat., 292), Congress imposed a direct tax of $\$ 20,000,000$ upon the whole United States, which was apportioned among the different States and Territories according to population.

Another act was passed June 7, 1862, for the collection of the tax in the insurgent States.

The loyal States assumed their quota. In the insurrectionary States commissioners were appointed to make collections.

The commissioners were engaged in making assessments and collections in the eleven insurrectionary States when Congress anthorized a suspension of further collections in the States referred to until January 1, 1868, and by act of July 23,1868 , the suspension was further continued until January 1, 1869, since which date collections have not been resumed.

The act of March 26, 1867, section 3, provides "that the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to discontinue the employment of any officer or person employed under the acts for the collection of direct tases in insurrectionary districts within the United States whenever, iu his judgment, their service is no longer needed, and he is hereby authorized to devolve upon any officer or officers of internal revenue in said districts any portion of the duties imposed by said acts, who shall perform such duties without additional compensation."
The services of the direct-tax commissioners land their employes were thereupon discontinued.
The amount of direct tax which is still uncollected is as follows:

| Stato. | Amount due, Commissioner's statement. | Amount due, Secretary's statement. | State. | Amount due, Com. missioner's stateunent. | Amount du $\epsilon$, Secretary's stateraent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | \$529, 31333 | \$520, 82187 | North Carolina | \$198, 74206 | \$190,000 22 |
| Arkansas | 107,686 72 | 77, 80382 | South Carolina | 152, 78135 | Overpaid. |
| Colorado | 21, 38844 | 21,388 44 | Tennessee | 287, 96343 | 281, 77594 |
| Dakota. | 8,24133 | 3,24133 | Texas | 174, 26516 | 225,098 61 |
| Florida | 72,756 96 | -33,992 86 | Utah | 26,982 00 | 26,982 00 |
| Georgia | 501.93986 | 512,959 58 | Virginia. | 286, 49937 | 213, 50130 |
| Louisiana | 71, 38583 | 117, 37155 | Washington T | 3,487 17 | 3,487 17 |
| Mississippi | 343, 50012 | 338, 34210 | Wisconsin | 51, 14556 | 51,145 56 |

A bill was introduced in the last Congress, the object of which was to remit the direct taxes not collected or paid, and to refund to the States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, the amount which had been paid.
There is a discrepaucy between the books of the First Comptroller and those of the Register of the Treasury as to the amount of direct taxes which has been collected and as to the amount still due.

I recommend that an examination be made to ascertain the exact amount still due, and that proper action be taken to obtain a settlement of the accounts of the direct-tax commissioners: which are still unsettled.

## SCHOOL FARMS.

There are eighteen "school farms" in South Carolina still owned by the United States, and rented from year to year by the collector of inter̀nal revenue.
These school farms are lands which were bid in by the tax commissioners for the United States, and set apart for school purposes, and were not thought to be subject to either redemptiou or sale under the act of June 8, 1872.
Each school farm contains 160 acres, with the exception of three, which contain respectively 40,130 , and 800 acres.
The following is a statement of rents collected from school farms during the past four years:

| year ending | \$263 99 |
| :---: | :---: |
| For the year ending December 31, 1882 | 24578 |
| For the year ending December 31, 1883 | 22175 |
| For the year ending December 31, 1884 | 52745 |

These rentals are invested in United States bonds and added to the school fund, the interest of which is used for the support of public
schools in the parishes of Saint Helena and Saint Luke, South Carolina, under the provisions of an act of Congress approved, March 3, 1873.

* The amount of the fund which has accumulated is invested as follows:

The income from the fund is expended by a board of three commissioners, called the "South Carolina free-school fund commissioners."

| In 1889 the amount expended was. | \$2,200 |
| :---: | :---: |
| In 1883 the amount expended was | 2,100 |
| In 1884 the amount expended was. | 2,228 |

## ABATEMENT, REBATE, AND REFUNDING CLAIMS.

## ABATEMEN'I CLAIMS.

On the first of July, 1884, there were pending 278 claims for abatement of taxes assessed, amounting to $\$ 87,075.29$, and during the year 5,577 , amounting to $\$ 7,182,077.59$, twere presented. Of these, 4,035 claims, amounting to $\$ 4,723,781.38$, have been allowed by this office, and 1,639 claims, amounting to $\$ 1,304,694.60$, have been rejected or returned for amendment.

This left 181 claims for abatement still pending on the 30 th of June, 1885, amounting to $\$ 93,776.20$. Since that date and up to the 1 st of October, 939 other claims have been filed, amounting to $\$ 157,942.26 ; 670$ have been allowed, mmounting to $\$ 127,641.40$; and 215 rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $\$ 72,579.59$; and on the 1 st day of October, 1885, 161 claims for abatement were pending, amounting to $\$ 51,497: 43$.

About $\$ 3,800,000$ of the taxes abated consisted of taxes on bonded spirits reported for assessment at the maturity of the bonds and afterwards exported, or in some cases withdrawn tax-paid prior to the actual assessment.

## REBATE CLATMS.

On the 1st of July, 1884, there were pending 15 claims for rebate, amounting to $\$ 1,207.55$. Daring the fiscal year there were presented 94 more, amounting to $\$ 4,586.42$.

Of these, 75 , amounting to $\$ 4,011.53$, have been allowed, and 32 , amounting to $\$ 1,657.99$, have been rejected or returned for amoudment, leaving pending and undisposed of 2 claims, amounting to $\$ 124.45$.

A few claims have been received since June 30,1885 , but in most cases these, with those hereafter to be received, will be disallowed, because not presented within the time required by the statute.

## REFUNDING CLAIMS.

On the 1 st of July, 1884 , there were pending 479 claims for the refunding of taxes collected, amounting to $\$ 588,775.25$, and during the year 439 other claims, amounting to $\$ 260,167.11$, were presented.

Of these, 252 claims, amounting to $\$ 83,306.84$, have been allowed by this office, and 483 claims, amounting to $\$ 534,949.28$, have been rejected' or returned for amendment.
This left 183 claims for refunding still pending on the 30 th of June last, amounting to $\$ 230,689.24$. Since that date, and up to the 1 st of

October, 102 other claims have been'filed, amounting to $\$ 2 \dot{2}, 154.14 ; 50$ have been allowed, amounting to $\$ 6,778.78$, and 44 rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $\$ 7,332.90$, and on the 1 st of October, 1885, 191 claims for refunding were pending, amounting to $\$ 242,731.70$.

STATEMENT of SALES of REAL PROPERTY ACQUIRED under the INTERNALREVENUE LAWS, of which the PURCHASERS RECEIVED QUIT-CLACM DEEDS from the UNITED STATES during the fiscal year 1884-'85.

| Date of sale. | When | quired. | From whom ac. quired. | Realty sold and'where situated. | Amount sold for. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 19, 1884 | Mar. | 31,1871 | J. Kirchhoff \& Co.. | The premises known in 1871, as the distillery of J. Kirchhoff \& Co., No. 80 Pearson street, Cbicago, Ill. | \$500 00 |
| Aug. 16, 1884 | Арг. | 16, 1881 | Samuel Orr | 170 acres, more or less, in the fitth civil district of Marshall Connty, State of Tennessee. | 40000 |
| Sept. 27, 1884 | Nov. | 3,1882 | John Neal.......... | 200 acres in the fifth civil district of Putnam County, Tennessee. | 4000 |
| Nóv. 8, 1884 | Nov. | 3,1882 | James Maynard.... | 25 acres in the thirteenth civil distriot of Putnam County, Tennesseo. | 2500 |
| Dec. 13, 1884 | Feb. | 8,1872 | Black \& Williams . . | 300 acres in the so called Still-House tract, in Montgomery County, Tennessee. | 5000 |
| Dec. 16, 1884 | Jan. | 1, 1884 | Josep | Land lot No. 96 in the sixteenth district of De Kalb County, Georgia. | 14930 |
| Jan. 3,1885 | Dec. | 5,1882 | J. P. Sweaney ...... | One-half undivided interest in land lots 287, 288, 17, 18, 19, 20, and $21=$ 1,045 acres, in Wilkinson County Georgia. | 30000 |
| Apr. 25, 1885 | Apr. | 0, 1878 | Smith \& Co. | One tract of 60 acres land in Moore County, Tennessee. | 5000 |
| Apr 30, 1885 | Apr. | 22,1871 | Bowlby heirs | Lot No. 25, in the city of Carbondale, 'Jackson County, Illinois. | 7500 |
| Jaze 6, 1885 | May | 31, 1878 | C. H. Jones | Eight town lots in Woodville, Tyler County, in the State of Texas. | 5000 |
| Total .. |  |  |  |  | 1,639 30 |

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS who paid SPECIAL TAXES in the SEVERAL STATES and TERRITORIES during the special-tax year ended April 30, 1885.

| States and Territories. |  |  | Wholesaleliquor dealers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 恶 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1 | 1,363 | 41 |  | 21 |  |  |  | 6,761 |  |  | 1 | 19 | 9 | 8,216 |
| Arkansas |  | 1, 707 | 26 |  | 18 | 1 | 3 |  | 6,342 | 10 | 2 |  | 8 | 12 | 7,129 |
| California | 97 | 10,545 | 255 | 2 | 314 | 35 | 1 |  | 13,594 | 8 | 25 | 221 | 227 | 43 | 25,367 |
| Colorado( $a$ ) | 7 | 2,288 | 79 |  | 55 | 9 |  |  | 4,687 |  | 3 | 29 | 62 | 31. | 7,200 |
| Connecticut. | 15 | 2,934 | 51 |  | 301 | 85 | 20 |  | 6,465 |  | 11 | 21 | 160 | $81^{.}$ | 10,145 |
| Delaware (b) | 2 | 652 | 8 |  | 31 |  |  |  | 3,460 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 14 | 6 | 4,185 |
| Florida .... |  | 349 | 6 |  | 152 | 16 |  |  | - 2,849 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 17 | 3,393 |
| Georgia | 17 | 1,387 | 55 |  | 36 |  |  |  | 5,84] | 6 | 5 |  | 34 | 22 | 7,403 |
| Illinois. | 91 | 9, 504 | 217 | 7 | 1,025 | 43 | 6 |  | 30, 252 | 21 | 70 | 116 | 915 | 148 | 42,415 |
| Indiana | 15 | 5,915 | 78 |  | 405 | 71 | 15 |  | 17, 260 | 7 | 20 | 42 | 169 | 90 | 24, 087 |
| lowa. . | 7 | 3,549 | 52 |  | 258 | 4 | 1 |  | 15, 248 | 3 | 14 | 100 | 229 | 60 | 19,525 |
| Kansas. | 3 | 2,086 | 21 |  | 112 |  |  | 1 | 10,541 | 2 | 7 | 11 | 65 | 36 | 12, 884 |
| Kentucky | 66 | 4,208 | 247 | 1 | 227 | 1,146 | 452 |  | 10,385 | 89 | 13 | 29 | 124 | 29 | 17, 016 |
| Louisiana | 28 | 5, 423 | 165 | 1 | 126 | 1, 30 | . ........ |  | 7, 495 | 39 | 30 | 10 | 23 | 22 | 13, 392 |
| Maine.. |  | 1, 014 | 7 |  | 59 |  |  |  | 6, 020 |  | 41 |  | 80 | 8 | 7, 229 |
| Maryland | 86 | 5,506 | 168 |  | 680 | 109 | 35 |  | 11, 351 | 11 | 15 | 53 | 172 | 45 | 18, 231 |
| Massachusetts. | 54 | 7,525 | 205 | 1 | 446 | 54 | 3 |  | 16,529 | 11 | 110 | 34 | 418 | 169 | 25, 559 |
| Micbigan | 10 | 6, 098 | 53 |  | 512 | 16 | 1 |  | 16, 765 | 11 | 59 | 112 | 184 | 119 | 23, 940 |
| Minnesota. | 18 | 4,474 | 52 |  | 161 | 4 |  |  | 10,098 | 2 | 7 | 131 | 107 | 68 | 15, 122 |
| Mississippi | 1 | , 929 | 23 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 5,358 |  |  |  | 153 | 9 | 6,474 |
| Missouri . | 66 | 6, 787 | 193 | 1 | 586 | 98 | 25 |  | 19, 054 | 63 | 21 | 54 | 189 | 129 | 27, 266 |
| Montana(c). | 3 | 2, 253 | 89 |  | 7 |  |  |  | 3,392 |  | 4 | 55 | 62 | 37 | 5, 902 |
| Nebraska (d) | 2 | 2, 320 | 44 |  | 103 | 1 |  |  | 9,000 |  | 7 | 30 | 73 | 67 | 11, 647 |
| Nevada(e) . | 3 | 2, 401 | - 12 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 901 |  |  | 12 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 | 1, 342 |
| New Hampshire | 2 | 1, 169 | - 7 |  | 30 |  |  |  | 2,672 |  | 22 | 5 | 158 | 39 | 4,104 |
| New Jorsey.... | 17 | 6, 838 | 55 |  | 683 | 12 |  |  | 15,047 | 9 | 70 | 60. | 350 | 111 | 23, 252 |
| New Mexico (f) | 4 | 1, 920 | 48 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2, 573 |  |  | 24 | 22 | 37 | 4,629 |
| New York | 253 | 29,673 | 797 | 3 | 3, 884 | 453 |  |  | 58, 110 | 101 | 359 | 288 | 2,493 | 439 | 96, 853 |
| North Carolina | 5 | . 2,082 | 27 |  | 29 | 244 | 71 |  | 9,015 | 196 | 57 | 1 | 33 | 14 | 11, 774 |
| Obio | 91 | 14,581 | 330 | 2 | 1,353 | 321 | 98. |  | 32,. 732 | 36 | 156 | 150 | 339 | 177 | 50, 366 |
| Oregon (g) | 4 | 1,935 | 45 |  | 1, 16 | 13 | 1 |  | 4,459 |  | 2 | 81 | 102 | 19 | 6,677 |
| Peñsylvania | 249 | 18,792 | 431 | ${ }_{2}$ | 3,808 | 356 | 79 |  | 50, 207 | , 31 | 313 | 336 | 741 | 335 | 75, 680 |
| Rhode Island | 7 | 1,285 | 40 |  | 59 | 1 |  |  | 3,193 | $\therefore \therefore$. | 24 | 3 | 61 | 18 | 4,691 |
| South Carolina |  | ${ }^{1} 931$. | 16 |  | 13 |  |  |  | 6,333 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 8 | 7,318 |


| Tennessee | 13 | 1,602 | 49 |  | 26 | 211 | 57 |  | 7,613 | 39 | 17 | 5 | 22 | 16 | 9,670 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texas. | 15 | 3,159 | 71 |  | 62 | 3 |  |  | 13,393 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 542 | 143 | 17, 402 |
| Vermont |  | 426 | 2 |  | 24 |  |  |  | 2,218 |  | 11 |  | 59 | 7 | 2,747 |
| Virginia | 17 | 2,783 | 44 |  | 152 | 467 | ${ }^{60}$ |  | 7,808 | 187 | 2 | 2 | 31 | 14 | 11,567 |
| West Virginia | 7 | ${ }^{2} 943$ | 15 |  | 127 | 14 | 21 |  | 4,815 | 10 |  | 7 | 20 | 6 | 5,985 |
| Wisconsin | 31 | 5,982 | 75 |  | 433 | 53 | 11 |  | 12,803 | 5 | 42 | 190 | 193 | 60 | 19,878 |
| Total. | 1,307 | 182, 318 | 4, 199 | 20 | 16, 337 | 3,870 | 960 | 1 | 472, 589 | 903 | 1,548 | 2, 230 | 8,676 | 2,705 | 697, 662 |
| Total for special-tax year, 1884 | 1,406 | 180, 068 | 4,291 | 25 | 15, 349 | 3,378 | 1,050 | 4 | 449,872 | 701 | 1,415 | 2,240 | 8,220 | 2,705 | 670, 724 |

(a) Including the Territory of Wyoming.
b) Including the State of Delaware, two consties of Virginia, and nine counties of Maryland.
(d) Iucluding the Territory of Dakota
(e) Iucludiar the Territory of Otab
(f) Including the Territory of A rizona
(g) Including the Territory of Washington.
 those of Montana for the same period.

## DISTILLED SPIRITS．

## DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED．

The following statement shows the number of distilleries registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885 ：

| States and Territories． | Grain． |  | Molasses． |  | Fruil． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { すu } \\ & \text { 䔍 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 宝 } \\ & \stackrel{\text { sen }}{5} \\ & \stackrel{0}{8} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Alabama．．． | 4 | 4 |  |  | 105 | 105 | 109 | 109 |
| Arkansas | 23 | 17 |  |  | 25 | 25 | 48 | 42 |
| California | 3 | 2 |  |  | 258 | 247 | 261 | 249 |
| Connecticat | 1 | 1. |  |  | 59 | 57 | 60 | 58 |
| Delaware | 1 | 1 |  |  | 69 | 68 | 70 | 69 |
| Georgia． | 63 | 51 |  |  | 321 | 291 | 384 | 342 |
| －Illinois ． | 24 | 23 |  |  | 19 | 18 | 43 | 41 |
| Indiana | 16 | 9 |  |  | 32 | 32 | 48 | 41 |
| Iowa．．． | 1 | 1 |  |  | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| Kansas | 1 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| ${ }^{\text {K K }}$ Kentucky． | 314 | 192 | 1 | 1 | 365 | 360 | 680 | 553 |
| Lonisiana． |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Maryland．．． | 21 | 19 |  |  | 8 | 8 | 29 | 27 |
| Massachusetts | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 12 | 12 | 21 | － 21 |
| Missouri．． | 28 | 21 |  |  | 50 | 50 | 78 | 71 |
| Mississippi |  |  |  |  | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Nebraska．．．． | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| New Hampshire |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | － 2 | 3 | 3 |
| New Jersey ．．． | 1 | 1 |  |  | 102 | － 102 | 103 | 103 |
| New Mexico． |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| New York． | 4 | 4 |  |  | 74 | 74 | 78 | 78 |
| North Carolina | 376 | 329 |  |  | 1，214 | 1，214 | 1，590 | 1，543 |
| Oregon ． | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1， 5 | 1， 5 | 1， 6 | 1，6 |
| Ohio．． | 37 | 27 |  |  | 34 | 34 | 71 | 61 |
| Pennsylvania． | 98 | 86 |  |  | 35 | 35 | 133 | 121 |
| South Carolina． | 20 | 16 |  |  | 45 | 45 | 65 | 61 |
| Tonnessee | 90 | 55 |  |  | 238 | 238 | 328 | 293 |
| Texas ．．． | 5 | 3 |  |  | 19 | 19 | 24 | 22 |
| Vermont． |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Virginia | 47 | 39 |  |  | 1，071 | 1， 071 | 1， 118 | 1， 110 |
| West Virginia | 6 | 6 |  |  | 101 | ${ }^{1} 101$ | 1，107 | 107 |
| Wisconsin．．．． | 6 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 5 |
| ，Total | 1，195 | 918 | 9 | 9 | 4，295 | 4，245 | 5，499 | 5，172 |

## FRUIT DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of FRUIT DISTILLERIES REGISTERED and OPERATED during the FISCAL YEAR ended June 30, 1885, by COLLECTION DISTRICTS.


STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and CAPACITY of GRAIN and MOLASSES DISTILLERIESin OPERATIONat the BEGINNING of EACH MONTH during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, and the FIRST THREE MONTHS of the present fiscal year.

| Months. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of distill- } \\ & \text { eries. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Capacity of grain distilleries. |  | Capacity of molas. ses distilleries. |  | Total'spiritproducing capacity per day: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grain. | Molasses. | Grain. | Spirits. | Molasses. | Spirits. |  |
|  | ! 388 |  | Bushels. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| Jaly | 382 | 8 | 38, 499 | 150, 617 | 9,341 | 7,943 | .158, 560 |
| August | 297 | 8 | 34, 500 | 135, 624 | 10,028 | 8,526 | 144, 150 |
| September | 294 | 8 | 47, 855 | 189, 308 | 8,814 | 7,424 | 196, 732 |
| October | 284 | 3 | 42,975 | 170, 026 | 7, 551 | 6,419 | 176,445 |
| November | 312 | 8 | 51, 797 | 205, 052 | 7,782 | 6,614 | 211, 666 |
| December | 395 | 9 | 60, 753 | 240, 026 | 8, 123 | 6,905 | 247, 831 |
| January. | 454 | 9 | 63, 173 | 248, 025 | 10,189 | 8, 663 | 256, 688 |
| February | 478 | 8 | 62, 744 | 245, 774 | 9,827 | 8, 358 | 254, 132 |
| March | 515 | 8 | 77, 549 | 299, 829 | 10,268 | 8,727 | 308, 556 |
| April | 568 | 6 | 85,128 | 329, 301 | 8,946 | 7,604 | 336,905 |
| May. | 555 | 7 | 90, 063 | 345, 913 | 8, 776 | 7, 460 | 353, 373 |
| June | 479 | 8 | 69, 244 | 267, 065 | 5,967 | 5, 072 | 272, 137 |
| Jaly | 327 | 9 | 40,759 | 159, 124 | 6,234 | 5,300 | 164, 494 |
| August ... | 262 | 7 | 26, 390 | 103, 348 | 5,650 | 4,799 | 108, 147 |
| September | 212 | 8 | 42,594 | 174, 295 | 7,122 | 6,054 | 180,349 |

GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATIGN SEPTEMBER 1, $1880,1881,1882,1883,1884$, and 1885.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and CAPACITY of GRAIN and MOLASSES DISTILLERTES in OPERATION on the 1st day of September in each of the years 1880 to 1885, inclusive.


The whole number of grain distilleries registered during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1.885, was 1,195, of which number only 918 were operated.

The numbers registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, were 1.291 and 1,078 , respectively, sbowing a decrease during the last fiscal year of ' 96 in the number registered and of 160 in the number operated.

The decrease in the number registered and in the number operated occurs in the class of distilleries having the smaller capacities for the production of spirits.

In the larger distilleries the decrease in the number registered is very slight while the increase in the number operated is considerable.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, 1,052 distilleries of the smaller clasis, varying in daily grain capacity from not over 5 bushels to not over 60 bushels per diem, were registered, and of this number 905 , or 86 per cent., were operated. Of the larger distilleries, whose daily capacities vary from above 60 bushels to 500 bushels, and from 500 bushels to several thousand bushels per diem, 239 were registered, and 173, or 72 per cent., were operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885,958 of the smaller distilleries were registered, and 731 , or 76 per cent., were operated. Of the larger distilleries 237 were registered, and 187, or 79 per cent., were operated.

The decrease (94) in the number of small distilleries registered was exceeded by the decrease in the number operated, there having been 174 less of this class operated than in the year previous.

There was an increase (14) in the number of large distilleries operated, although a small decrease (2) occurred in the number registered.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of MATERIALS USED and SPIRITS PRODUCED during the last EIGHT (fiscal) FEARS.


The quantity of grain used in the production of spirits during the fiscal year ended June $30,1885(17,865,203$ bushels), is a decrease of $1,062,779$ bushels from the amount used in the preceding fiscal year ( $18,927,982$ bushels), and is $3,586,167$ bushels less than the average ( $21,451,370$ bushels) for the last eight years.

The number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the year $(72,834,198)$, shows a decrease of 890,383 gallons from the product ( $73,724,58 \mathrm{j}$ gallons) of the year ended June 30,1884 , and is $8,492,988$ gallons less than the average product $(81,327,186)$ for the last eight years.

The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain is 4.076 gallons, showing a marked advance. The yield for the two preceding years was 3.895 for 1884 and 3.874 for 1883.

The quantity of molasses used for the production of rum during the fiscal year is $2,719,416$ gallons, an increase of 459,880 over the quantity used in the year previous $(2,259,536$ gallous) and an increase of 208,003 gallons upon the average quantity ( $2,511,413$ gallons) used during the last eight years.

The quantity of rum distilled from molasses during the fiscal year is $2,081,165$ gallous, an increase of 370,007 gallons upon the product of the previous fiscal year, and an excess of 118,290 gallons above the average product ( $1,962,875$ gallons) of the last eight years.

TAXATION OF FRACIIONAL PARTS OF A GALLON OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

I desire to invite your special attention to what appears to be a press. ing need for legislation taxing all fractions of a gallon of distilled spirits.

Under the present law any fractional part of a gallon amounting to one-half gallon or over, in a cask or package, is taxed as a gallon, but any fractional part of a gallou less than one-half gallon in any cask or package is exempt from tax. This provision was undoubtedly made upon the assmmption that in filling large numbers of packages the fractional parts of a gallon would be indifferently above or below a half gallon, as might happen, and that the fractions taxed as full gallons would balance the fractions exempt from tax.

But in practice this assumption has not proved to be correct.
It is quite practicable for the distiller so to fill bis packages as to have a large fraction less than one-half gallon in uearly every instance:

The tax-payer does not omit to avail himself of this opportunity, and consequently taxable fractions, equal to or exceeding a lialf-gallon, occur in packages when filled at the distillery cisterns, only infrequently and by accident, while the untaxed fraction is of constant occurrence.

When spirits remain in the distillery warehouse for a considerable time the natural changes in their volume and proof will render the size of the fraction, upon regauge at the time of withdrawal; a matter of chance entirely, as assumed by the statute.

But much the larger portion of the spirits manufactured remains in warehouse for a brief period only, and very large quantities are, immediately after entry, removed to rectifying houses, where the untaxed fractions are made fully available by the distiller or owner.

It is probable that at least five hundred thousand packages contained a large, untaxed fraction upon remoral from warehouse, during the last fiscal year, over and above the packages whose fractions, taxed and untaxed, fairly offset each other.

The direct result of this practice, as it has prevailed in former years, is the loss of a very appreciable amount of revenue. But during the last year a disposition has been manifested to profit by this method of avoiding taxation to a greatly increased extent.

The plan has been adopted at several large distilleries of substituting packages of ten gallòis capacity and upwards in place of the spirit barrel of ordinary size, for the sole purpose, apparently, of obtaining the benefit of the untaxed fraction as frequently as possible.

This threatens to be a matter of very serious consequence, as the profit derivable from the fractions, especially if trebled or quadrupled, is sufficient to induce or to compel competitors to resort to the same device, and a large part of the distillers of finished spirits and of high wines already declare that they shall be forced to adopt it.

The tax lost thereby is but one of the evils resulting from this practice. The multiplication of packages increases the labor and expense of gauging and inspection, and of the reports and accounts of the packages and their contents. But the evil most to be deprecated is an unwholesome rivalry of this sort, which is found to stimulate invention and to lead continually to efforts to obtain other advantages, and those of a less legitimate character, in advance of competitors in business, or in place of the benefits from fractions in cases where the latter are not available.

I am of the opinion that the practice should be checked without delay, and that the best remedy will be found in taxing all fractional parts of
a gallon of distilled spirits; and for this purpose I réspectfully recommend that legislation be had which, in lieu of the present method of taxing and exempting fractions, shall authorize the assessment and collection monthly, in like manner as other taxes are assessed and collected, of the tax upon the whole number of proof gallons, or of wine gallons when below proof, which the fractions of gallons removed from each distillery warehouse may aggregate.

DISTILLATION OF FRUIT-BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR FRUIT BRANDY.
The production of brandy from apples, peaches, and grapes, exclusively, is carried on under much simpler rules and restrictions than govern the distillation of all other articles. Distillers of those fruits are exempted from many of the provisions of law relating to the manufacture of "spirits, under authority conferred upon the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, by section 3255 of the U. S. Revised Statutes.

The limitation, however, of this authority to the exemption of distillers of apples, peaches, and grapes, exclusively, operates to prevent the distillation of many other fruits whose use for the production of brandy would not justify the employment of distilleries arranged under and conforming to the general provisions of law concerning distillation.

During every fruit season applications are made to distill various fruits under the regulations concerning apples, peaches, and grapes. These applicatious must, of course, be refused. This works a hardshipand compels a waste of fruit which might otherwise have afforded a profit to the owner, and to the revenue.

I think it would be expedient to extend the provisions of the statute to all fruits.

Distillers of brandy from grapes are afforded, by the act of March 3, 1877, the advantage of three years' storage of their product in special bonded warehouses, which are authorized to be established for that purpose, but not to exceed ten in number in any one collection district.

This law enables the grape brandy producers to fully ripen their spirits, and to secure an advantageous market for them. It also furnishes greater security for the payment of the tax upon this class of spirits, which must be bonded or tax-paid at the time of making the monthly return of their product. The extension of the same privilege to distillers of apples and peaches and of other fruits whose distillation may be authorized under the regulations governing the distillation of the fruits above named might be reasonably expected to inure to the benefit of the revenue as well as of the distillers, as the necessity for disposing of the spirits before they have reached a profitable stage in order to meet the tax accruing is believed to discourage distillation to some extent.

The compensation of the officers assigned to such warehouses would be the chief additional expense incurred, but if authority were given for the assignment of officers of the class known as storekeepers and gaugers to such warehouses the expense would be reduced to a minimuin. The warehouses for grape brandy have been established only in California, and four warehouses bave been found sufficient for each of the two large districts in that State.

I am of the opinion that it would be advisable to make the provisions of the act of March 3, 1877, applicable to all distillers of fruit brand 5 .

WOOD-ALCOHOL.-ITS USE IN COMPETITION WITH ETHYL ALCOHOL.
I think it proper to refer to an alleged competition which tax-paid ethyl alcohol suffers from untaxed wood-alcohol or wood-naphtba.
lt has been represented to me that manufacturers employing taxpaid grain alcohol in their business find other manufacturers successfully using wood-naphtha for like purposes with results detrimental to the business of those using alcohol.

It is further stated that the process of deodorizing wood-alcohol has been so far perfected as to render it possible to employ it in many of the arts and trades in place of ethyl alcohol without detection, and possibly with equal advantage.

This information has been so recently received that it has not been practicable to fully verify the statements made. But I have thought it best to invite attention to the matter at this time in view of the important consequences which might follow if these representatious should prove to be well founded.

If wood-alcohol can be deodorized to a considerable degree, if not entirely, its employment in the various manafactures from which it has beretofore been excluded may affect to some extent the production of grain alcohol, from which, in its various grades, so large a proportion of the revenue from distilled spirits is derived.

The methylation, also, of grain alcohol by the addition thereto of a small proportion of wood-naphtha, in order to permit the use of the alcohol in industrial pursuits without payment of tax thereou, as hats been proposed, would hardly aftord the degree of safety against the use of the alcohol as a beverage which has been attributed to it.

## DIMINISHED PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits ( $74,915,363$ gallons) produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year euded June 30, 1885, is less than the production ( $75,435,739$ gallons) of the year 1884 by 520,376 gallons.

This decrease is distributed among the different kiuds known to the trade as follows:
Decrease in production of -


Increase in production of-

| Bourbou whisky | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gallons. } \\ 3,380,918 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rye whisky. | 238,085 |
| Alcohol | 1, 051,687 |
| Rum | 370, 007 |


| Total increase | 5,040,697 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net decrease | 520,376 |

## DEOREASED TAX-PAID WITHDRAWALS OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits, $67,649,3 \pm 1$ gallons, withdrawn tax-paid from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, is less than the quantity ( $78,342,474$ gallons) withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, by 10,693,153 gallons, the decrease being distributed among the different kiuds known to the trade as follows:

Decrease in withdrawals of-

|  | Gallons. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bourbon whisky | 4, 288, 223 |
| Rye whisky | 1,168,356 |
| Alcohol. | 24,105 |
| Rum | 103,740 |
| High wines | 3,094,282 |
| Pnre, neutral, or cologne spirits | 958,385 |
| Miscellaneous............. | 1,068,458 |
|  | 10,705,549 |
| Less increase in withdrawals of gin | 12,396 |
| Total decrease. | 10,693, 153 |

If the quantity ( 816,617 gallons, as stated by the chief of the Bureau of Statistics) of domestic spirits exported and reimported during the year upon payment of a customs duty equal to the internal-revenue tax be added, the quantity virtually withdrawn from distillery warehouses for consumption upon payment of the tax during the gear ended June 30,1885 , is found to be $68,465,93 x$ gallons, or $9,876,536$ gallons less thau the quantity so withdrawn for consumption during the fiscal year euded June 30, 1884.

This great falling off in the principal source of internal revenue is largely due to the operation of the internal-reventie laws, especially of those laws arbitrarily limiting the time within which spirits must be withdrawn from distillery warehouses without reference to the demands of trade.

This period was fixed by the internal revenue act of July 20, 1868, at one ydar from the date of the entry of the spirits for deposit in the warehouse. Under this restriction the distillers naturally limited their production to their estimate of the year's demand, and as this estimate for so short a period was probably based largely upon actual orders in advance, no serious trouble arose through overproduction up to the date (March 28, 1878) when the time was extended to three years. Nor was any notable trouble occasioned in this way through this extension, the 5 per cent. per annum interest clause of the joint resolution of Congress granting the extension having evidently operated to retard such a tendency.

The situation seems, however, to have greatly changed upon the passage of the internal-revenue act of May 28, 1880 , which repealed the interest clause of the joint resolution of March 28, 1878, and also greatly stimulated the accumulation of spirits in distillery warehouses by authorizing the abatement of the tax on the spirits lost by leakage, evaporation, and other matural causes in such warehouses. The effect was immediate. Within one year the quantity of spirits in these warehouses was doubled and increased until at the close of the fiscal year 1882 the maximum quantity of $89,962,645$ gallons was reached. At the close of the fiscal year 1883 the quantity was reduced to $80,499,993$ gallous, aud at the close of the year 1884 to $63,502,551$ gallons.
The great reluction in the year 1884 was necessary in consequence
of the maturing of the three years bonds of 1881, covering the remnant of the product ( $117,728,150$ gallons) of that year, the largest product known in the history of interual-revenue taxation.
This reduction was largely secured through the withdrawal of spirits from warehouse upon payment of the tax, which spirits were not needed for actual consumption, but remained ou storage in the hands of wholesale liquor dealers after the tax was paid. It was also partially secured by the exportation of spirits to such points as' Bermuda, Bremen, and Hamburg, where they were stored in warehouses expressly provided for them, and where, I am informed, the greater part of those which have not been returued to the United States now remain.
The quantity exported to these three points during the years 1854 and 1885, exclusive of alcohol and cologue spirits (for which there is an actual foreign demaad), is $8,270,203$ gallons, of which 816,617 gallons are known to have been reimported as above stated. Estimating the quantity returned during 1884 at 453,586 gallons, leares $7,000,000$ gallons on storage at those points liable to be reimported for consumptiou in the United States in competition with the other spirits of that class now remaining in distillery warehouses.
Besides the $7,000,000$ gallons of domestic spirits on which the internalrevenue tax bas never been paid which remained in store in foreign warebonses at the close of the year ended June 30, 1885, there then remained in distillery warebouses $10,229,473$ gallons of spirits, which had so remained for a period exceeding the three years from the date of the entry for deposit.

It appears that under an opinion of the Attorney General of December 24, 1884, such spirits as are covered by transportation bonds or exportation bonds are allowed to remain in distillery warehouses during a time reasonably necessary in the process of exportation even after the expiration of the three years' limit fixed by the warehousing bond. This tine was limited by my predecessor, with the approval of the then Secretary of the Treasury, to seven months. Not beiug able to see the necessity for so long a time to accomplish the transportation of the spirits to the port of export, I hare, with the approval of the present Secretary, reduced the time to thirty days, and so limited the time within which such bonds may be filed as to collect the tax on or before

- the expiratiou of the time (three years) within which spirits may remain in distillery warehouses. The only time now obtainable in excess of the three years is that which occurs through the necessary delay in enforcing the payment of the tax.
Of three methods provided by law, that by assessment was adopted iu January, 1883, at the time the general uecessity for forcible measures became apparent. This method, adopted by Commissioner Raum, under the advice of Secretary Folger, preseuts some advantages over the other systems. It is much more expeditious than that involving a suit on the warehousing bond, and :although less prompt than the mode of collecting by distraint without assessment, it has the advautage over the latter plan in rendering property other than the spirits themselves liable to distraint for the tax. The plan of enforcing the payment of these taxes and the consequent withdrawal of the spirits from distillery warehouses by assessment has therefore not been changed.
The Attorney-General's opinion of July 2, 1883, to the effect that where the spirits are withdrawu from the distillery warehouse with the intention of being landed at a foreiga port and of subseqnently being returned to the United States they are not withdrawn for exportation, may have hal some effect to prevent the withdrawal of spirits where the
intention to export, as stated in the notice, was not the intention to export as defined by the Attorney-General. In view of this opinion, collectors of customs have been directed to inquire into the matter of iutention when the spirits are returned to the Uvited States, and in some instances have decided that the original intention included the purpose to reland in the United States, whereupon the tax has been collected as to such returned spirits on the quantity withdrawn from the distillery warehouse. Cases of this kind have, however, been very rare, and necessarily so in view of the clifficulty involved in deciding that a man's intentions are different from those he has in each case declared them to be.

In the light of past experience it is deemed safe to predicate that the bulk of the Bourbou. whisky and rye whisky shipped to Bermuda, Bremen, and Hamburg, Germany, will be eventually returned to the United States, but it will not be returned by the parties who give the transportation bond, or exportation bond, upon which the spirits are withdrawn from the distillery warehouse; and even if it were so returned by them it is difficult to say that such was their intention when they gave the notice and bond. No doubt the exporters would be glad to find a market for their prodncts abroad, and so be relieved of the expense of the return voyage. Under these circumstances, aud in view of the fact that the law accords the privilege of exportation free of tax to boldets of all kinds of spirits in distillery warehonses alike, I have not felt warranted in interfering with exportations to the ports named, or in discriminating against these kinds of spirits and in favor of alcohol, rum, or other kinds of spirits which, when once shipped abroad, are not often returned.

It is hardly to be supposed that a distiller would produce spirits if he knew beforehand that the spirits would not be purchased by any one able and willing to pay the tax thereon until they had lain in a bonded warehouse in Bremen, Germany, one or more years. It is evident that the distillers are unable to determine beforehand the quantity of spirits they will be able to dispose of within three years. Under this view of the matter it, would be better for the distiller, if there is to be any limitation of the bonded period, (and it would certainly simplify the administration of internal-revenue laws) to restore the time given in the warehousing bond from three years to one year, as provided in the act of July 20, 1868.

I am of the opinion, however, that a better plan would be to allow spirits to remain in distillery warehouses an indefinite time, sulbject to peremptory withdrawals in case of excessive losses, provided the Uuited States is reimbursed for the additional expense incideut to such storage. As in case of all other articles subject to internal revenue tax, the quantity actually consumed is the measure of the quantity upon which the tax is paid. Any law, therefore, which fixes the date of the payment of the tax at any time other thian the date of the actual demand for consumption is a disturbing element in the business of the producer, more or less severe as the business of the distiller varies more or, less from the artificial standard set up by the law.

## DISTILLED SPIRITS ALLOWED FOR LOSS BY LEAKAGE OR EYAPORATION IN WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits (4,424,314 gallons) reported in the preceding table as lost by lealsage or eraporation in warehouse is that portion of the actual leakage in warehouse from packages withdrawn during the
year which has been allowed in accordance with the provisions of section 17 of the act of Miay $28,1880$.

The following statement shows the quantity of spirits, as per original gauge, withdrawn from warehouse for all purposes during the stated period, and the amount and percentage of leakage allowed thereon under the provisions of the act named.

|  | Year. | Total quantity withdrawn. | Leakage allowed. | Percentage of witbdrawals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gallons. | Gallons. |  |
| 1880 |  | 78, 199, 283 | 75, 834 | . 096 |
| 1881 |  | 84, 335, 900 | 811, 46¢ | . 962 |
| 1882 |  | 80, 281, 611 | 1,231, 336 | 1. 533 |
| 1883 |  | 83, 291, 190 | 2, 291, 013 | 2.750 |
| 1884 |  | 92, 022, 593 | 3,858, 494 | 4.193 |
| 1885 |  | *90, 925, 782 | 4, 424, 314 | 4.866 |

*Includes $7,750,696$ gallons stamped for export but not actually withdrawn:
The maximum allowance fixed by the act above named, on acconnt of leakage in warehouse during the full bonded period of three years, is seven aud one-half gallons to each package of not less than forty wine gallons' capacity, or 18.75 per cent: of that capacity. On this basis the average bonded period for all classes of spirits withdrawn from warehouse during the year 1884 would represent less than nine months, and as to withdrawals during 1885 rather more than nine mouths of the full bonded period authorized by law.

A large percentage of such withdrawals, however, is made up of highproof spirits, such as alcobol and high wines, which are held in bond only for a limited period of time, and on which, in many cases, no leakage whatever is claimed. On the other hand, spirits, such as bourbon and rye whiskies, are, in a majority of cases, held in warehouse tor the full bonded period, and the large increase in the amount of leakage allowed during the years 1883,1884 , and 1885 over previous years is due to the proportionally large increased withdrawals of this latter class of spirits.

As the foregoing tables show not only the quantity of all kiuds of spirits withdrawn for all parposes and the quantity allowed for leakage, evaporation, \&c., but also the quantity of each kind so withdrawn and so allowed, they afford the means of determining the actual amount of tax paid ou each gallon of each kind of spirits produced. Compu= tations on this basis show that the tax paid ou withdrawal of each gallon produced was as follows: Bourbon whisky, nearly 81 cents per taxable gallon; rye whisky, nearly 80 cents per gallon; alcohol, 89.99 cents per gallon; rum, 89.23 cents per gallon; gin, 89.74 ceuts per gallon; high wines, 89.61 ceuts per gallon; pure, ueutral, or cologue spirits, 89.56 cents per gallon; miscellaneous, 88.34 cents per gallon.

Except as to bourbou and rye whiskies, the above computatious are made on the tax-paid withdrawals of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885. As to these kinds of spirits the computations were based on withdrawals made in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884. The computations as to bourbon and rye were not made for 1885, as the leakage allowances as to these spirits includes allowances on the bulk of the 7,750,696 gallons stamped for export but not actually withdrawn from warehouse. These leakages would make the rate of tax as to these two classes of spirits appear to be less thian 80 cents per gallon.

Of the 517,912 gallons shown by the preceding table to have been lost by casualties during the year $1885,333,825$ gallons were lost through one casualty by fire, which occurred at a warebouse in the twenty-second district of Pennsylvania, and the total quantity lost during the year is found to represent one gallon out of every two hundred and sixty-seven gallons held on deposit in distillery warehouses during the year.

SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSES FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES AND FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The quantity of alcohol withdrawn free of tax from distillery warehouses for the use of colleges and other institutions of learning in the preservation of specimens of natural bistory in their several museums, and for use in their chemical laboratories, and of spirits of various kinds for the use of the United States, amounted during the year to 27,330 gallons, or 6,493 gallons more than the quantity withdrawn during the previous year.

SPIRITS REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT.
The following statement shows the quantity and percentage of production of distilled spirits removed in bond for export during each fiscal year since the passage of the act of June 6, 1872:

| Year. | Taxable (proof) gallons exported. | Percentageof production. | Year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Taxable } \\ \text { (proof)gal- } \\ \text { lons } \\ \text { exported. } \end{gathered}$ | Percentage of pro duction. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1873 | 2, 358, 630 | $3.45+$ | 1880 | 16, 765, 666 | 18.55+ |
| 1874 | 4, 060, 160 | 5.90- | 1881 | 15, 921, 482 | 13.52+ |
| 1875 | 587, 413 | 0. $96+$ | 1882 | 8, 092, 725 | 7.64+ |
| 1876 | 1, 308, 900 | 2. $25+$ | 1883 | 5, 326, 427 | 7.19+ |
| 1877 | 2, 529, 528 | 4. $22+$ | 1884 | 9, 586, 738 | $12.70+$ |
| 1878 | 5,499, 252 | 9.80+ | 1885 | 10, 671, 118 | 14.24+ |
| 1879 | 14,837, 581 | $20.63+$ |  |  |  |

The increased withdrawals for exportation, as shown in the above table, for the years 1884 and 1885 consist mainly of bourbon and rye whiskies, the quantity of such spirits withdrawn for export being, for 1883, 988,842 gallons'; for 1884, 4,112,268 gallons; and for $1885,4,399,230$ gallons.

These withdrawals, as stated in a preceding paragraph relative to withdrawals of spirits on payment of the tax, were made upon entries for exportation to such ports as Bremen and Hamburg, Germany, and Hamilton, Bermuda, from which points the spirits have from time to time been returned to the United States and entered for consumption upon payment of a duty equal to the internal-revenue tax thereon.

The authority for accepting a duty equal to the internal-revenue tax is found in section 2500 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. A limitation fixed by the statute, however, is to the effect that the article, in $^{n}$ this case the spirits, shall be exported from the United States and reimported. The Secretary, therefore, early sought the opinion of the Attorney General in the matter. The opinion of the AttorneyGeneral and subsequent action of the Secretary and of this Uffice are as follows:
years from the date of their entry for deposit, under the act of May 28, 1880, and that the time during which payment of the taxis suspended upon $12,000,000$ gallous thereof expires within the present calendar year; that you are informed that the owners of a large quantity of such spirits propose to withdraw it under section 3330, Revised Statutes, and acts of June 9, 1874, and March 1, 1879, in order to ship it to Hamilton, Bermnda, with the purpose, after landing it there, of shipping it back to this country and entering it, either for warehousing or for cousumption, under sectiou 2500, Revised Statutes, claiming at the same time that under the warehouse laws such spirits may remain iu warehonse, withont payment of duties, for a period not exceeding three years from the date of their impurtation. (Sec. 2970, Rev. Stats.)

In pursuance of this plan, several thousand barrels of spirits are now at Newport News, Va., for the purpose of shipment.

Thereupon you ask:
First. Is such shipment of whisky, with such parpose and iutention, to Bermuda, and landing it there, an exportation within the intent of sectiou 3330, Revised Statutes, and the act of 1874 ( 18 Laws, 64 ), and does such shipmeut and landing there fulfill the conditions of the exportation bond and discharge the whisky from the internalrevenue tax thereon?

Second. Is such whisky, upon return to this country, eatiiled to be admitted under section 2500 , Revised Statutes, on payment of a dnty equal to the tax imposed thereon by the internal-revenue laws?
Third. Is it entitled upon return to this country to the rights and privileges of imported merchandise, under the warehouse laws, chapter 7, Title 34, Revised Statutes?
To the above statement you have, June 23d, added, as a variation, the following, which is also to be considered and made an additional subject of discussion:
",(1) The exporters propose to comply with all the requirements of, the law in respect to the exportation of their whisky, so that the transportation and export bonds shall be canceled and the whisky exported, legally discharged from the lien the Government has upon it for an internal-revenue tax.
"(2) Arrangements have been made for the storage of the whisky in Bermuda for a qeriod of twelve months, and louger, at the option of the owners, at advantageous sates of storage, in a climate which in a remarkable degree facilitates the ageing of whisky.
"(3) No arrangements have been made for the return of said spirits, and that the same or any part thereof will not be returned to this conntry except in response to the demand of trade, and that the exportations are being uade for the purpose of relieving an overloaded home market, with the intention, in due course of business, of making sale of all that can possibly be placed upon the British and Continental markets.
"(4) It is the intention of the exporters to preserve the identity of the spirits exported, so that if a market is fomd in the United States for any portion of it, it can be entered as domestic distilled spirits reimported, upon which a duty equal to the internal-re venne tax will be levied and collected."

Inasmuch as all the statutes which are cited by you describe the transaction in the course of which occur the details as to whicl the above questions arise by one or other form of the word "export," it is important to ascertain" what that word means.

Its dictionary signification is to carry out of a country. By the very force of language this denotes only such au act as, when completed, results in a carrying out-i. e., that no act can be so denoted if at its completion the thing carried has been returned within the country. It is no more true in common parlance than in law that a transportation of goods from San Francisco to New York is an exportation of them, even although between their departure and arrival they lie for some time in the ports of Callao and Rio Janeiro, and although the conversation abont them occurs whilst they so lie.

Furthermore, it is not because ${ }_{8}$ by statnte coastwise transportation can only take place in American bottoms that sucl goods have not at any period of the transit been exported. It would be equally true of goods in the course of transportation, under section 4347, R. S., in a British bottom from Ogdenslurg via Toronto to Chicago, even if spoken of whilst lying a.t Toronto.

It is, therefore, only when the executed act results in carrying the goods out of the country that it is an exportation.

It is hardly necessary to go further upon this matter aud say that in speaking of an act I include any transaction done in accordance with original intention, no matter how complex, or how much broken into bits. Unity of inteution unites all such details into one whole.
The Americau citizen who goes abroad for an indefinite period, intending to educate his ohildren in Germany, and, in the interval, or subsequently to locate himself for one advantage or auother in Italy and in other countries, intending, after all, to return to live in America, does not lose his citizenship at any moment of his absence. The whole affair was only one visit. And so if a cask of Madeira is carried to Cal-
o cutta for the benefit of the royage, such benefit to be enjoyed after its return, this is not an exportation; nor in the absence of a special context giving to such additional incident that effect, can it make auy difference if in the mean time it be temporarily landed at one foreign port, or at several.
In general, theu, ueither the lapse of long time, nor the jncidence of uumèrous details affects the unity of an act.
I find nothing in the context of the Statutes under consideration to disturb this usual signification of the word export. Although it may be noticed that the context in the preseut case goes to confirm the above conclusion as to the meaning of export, as one to which the legislature was actually advertent, foi the transaction by which domestic liquors are allowed to be shipped abroad, is one which such contextrecognizes as making them objects fit for importation, $i$. e., foreign goods.
There may be instances in the statutes where the word "export" is shown, directly or by the context, to have been used irregularly, as, for instance, in section 1955, where the "exportation" to Alaska from any port in the Uniced States is spoken of; but these are exceptional, their effect beiug of course limited to what is in the same connection expressly provided, and therefore without influence upon what ordinarily is the statutory use of the word.
In the case put by you in your first note, in which an intention exists to carry spirits now at Newport News, Va., to Hamilton, Bermuda, with the purpose, after landing it there, of slipping it back to this country, I am of opinion that there will be no exportation, or, consequently, importation, so far, at all events, as to entitle the owners to any privileges conneeted with exportation or inportation.

Whether they may subject themselves to another class of the provisions of the custom law is obviously a different matter, and will best be decided when a specific case arises.
(1) The landing specified in the bond referred to in gour first question is by its own words, and by those of the statute which requires it, a landing in the course of an exportation. No landing at Hamiliton, therefore, in the case put by you, is such landing. Neither landing nor any other detail, statntory or other, can obviate the necessity of that, intention, which is of the essence of exportation! ' $I$ therefore answer your first question in the negative.
(2) I must add, of course, that the case in view is not within section 2500 for the purposes of your second question.
(3) Equally, such spirits will not be entitled to the rights and privileges referred to in Question 3.
I now ask your attention to the effect of the variations of which you speak in your second note.

I premise that I understand these statements to affect cases in which nothing else appears as to the intention of the owners in shipping the goods out of the country; for if they accompany cases in which the intention is ascertained to be what you have already stated, I am of opinion that the main support of the theory of the owners fails them, there being no exportation; so, it the only intention in shipping them abroad is for a twelve-months' storage in Bermuda, that also is inconsistent with exportation.

As the legal notion of emigration is a going abroad with an intention of not returning, so that of exportation is a severance of goods from the mass of things belonging to this country with an intention of uniting them to the mass of things belonging to some foreign country or other.

All emigration as above defined is attended with a chance that the intention may afterwards (i. e., after actual removal) be changed. This chance does not affect the character of the act. Nor does the circunstances of an original speculation that such chance may occur, or even a resolution that upon a certain contemplated contingency the party about to emigrate will return, ex. $g r$. upon a change of govern: ment. or upon the loss of his health, \&c., affect the validity of an emigration otherwise boina fide. I suppose that the case may often be the same with exportations as above defined, viz, a contingent change in the state of the market, by which it may Le profitable to bring them back, the immediate bona fide prrpose as well as act, however, being to seek a foreign market. This wonld, nevertheless, be an exportation, and upon return, of course, an importation. Nor would sucb exportation be defeated by the incident of "preserving the identity" of the goods.
But if the only purpose were to obtain for a time the advantages which some foreign port gives for improving spirits, and meanwhile of escaping some home revenue regulation upon domestic spirits, and acquiring after return some home revenue privilege appropriate to foreign spirits, I submit that the statutory requisites for such effeet would be wanting. I say the statutory requisites, for I admit that if those requisites are duly complied with they must have their due statutory effect, and there would in such case be no ground for suggesting fraud.
I cannot say that the variations above amount to more than evidence of exportation or of the contrary. The mere carrying goods abroad is, of course, strong evidence
that they are being exported. Whether proof or not is another matter. I suppose o that you do not wish a mere discussion of the weight or direction of the testimony contained in the variations. If questions shall be made hereafter in the courts upon the matters under consideration neither party will take any advantage from what may be said npon them here.

And iu closing it may be well to express what no doubt is now understood, but may be forgotten, viz, that the Government will not be bound hereafter by any part of this discussion that may then be seen to be ill-founded. There is nothing in this opinion, or I suppose in any other part of the transaction, which the owners in question can rely upon as having the force of an estoppel or contract, in case the Government shall then be bettier advised as to its rights.

This opinion has no force whatever except as advice by one Department to another in a future contingency, as to which the latter Department very properly wishes to warn citizens whose interests therein are very large. With every disposition to treat the owners of these spirits with perfect candor, it must be recollected that definiteness under the circumstances is ullattainable, and that it is not in the power of officers of the Goverument to trammel the discretion with which in the interests of the public these transactions will otherwise have to be considered, or the freedom with which accordingly they must otherwise be treated when the proposed "6 exportation" and "importatiou" shall have happened.

The present statements and discassion will of course go to show a disposition to deal fairly upon the part of these owners, and for that they must always have credit; but no engagement or embarrassment will come of what is said upon the part of the Government.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. F. PHILLIPS,<br>Solicitor-General.

## The Secretary of the Treasury.

During my absence these questions were put to the Solicitor-General, and he has passed upon them and submitted the above opinion and answers. Having examined the sabject myself, I concur with him and approve of his opinion and answers to the questions propounded.

## BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, Attomey-General.

In pursuance of this opinion the following letters were written:
Treasury Department, Washinqton, D. C., July 21, 1883.
Messrs. Wood, Pollard \& Co., of Boston, have addressed a letter to this Departinent, dated the 17 th instant, in which they state that a firm in Boston exported, some months since, in bond, to Hamilton, Bermuda, a quantity of whisky of domestic manufacture, which was returned to your port in January last, where it now remains in' bonded warehonse. They hare agreed with the bolder to buy 25 barrels of this whisky, delivered in Boston, in bond, and they ask what conrse may lawfully be taken in the premises.

Guided by the opinion of the United States Attorney-General, this Department holds that articles the growth, product, or manufacture of the United States, when exported and reimported under section 2500 United States Revised Statutes, are not within the purview of our customs-warehousing system, and that they cannot lawfully be stored under the laws creating that system. This will apply to distilled spirits, the manufacture of the United States, once exported and reimported under the section above cited. Upon the lauding of such spitits collectors of customs will exact pavmeut of a duty equal to the tax imposed by the internal-revenoe laws. They will not permit them to be entered for storage in bonded warehouses; and on failure of other means to obtain the duty, tbey wili seize and hold thern for the same, and all legal expeuses of their action.

In the case now before the Department, and spoken of in the beginning of this letter, a warehouse bond has sometimes been taken in good faith, and under a mistaken but innoceut belief in the legality and regularity thereof. Becanse of that the spirits to which that boud applies may be dealt with as an exceptional case in accordance with the conditions of the bond.

Very respectfinlly,

To the Collector Port of New York.

## [5845.-Cancellation of interual-revenue export bonds.]

This Department is in receipt of your letter, dated the 28th of June last, transwit. ting an application by W. J. Osborne, assignee of Ives, Beecher• \& Co., for the cancellation of bond No. 760, given by him June 11, 1883, in the suin of \$4,700, to secure the production within six months of a foreign customs certificate to cover thirty barrels of whisky imported per bark Alfred from Bermuda.

It is alleged that the whisky on exportation from the United States was covered by internal-revenne export bond No. 4125, which bond has been canceled ou the inclosed evidence. Connected with the evidence produced was a certificate from a foreign revenue officer, showing the landing at Berminda of the' "goods apd merchandise" described in the landing certificate. No separate certificate, in compliance with the conditions of boud No. 760 , has been produced, as required by the regulatious cover. ing such cases. The foreign certificate presented was rejected, and the bond in question taken on the ground that the certificate did not state that the whisky therein mentioned was the whisky returned to the United States, and on the gronnd, further, that there was no identification of the imported whisky as that which was exported.

In reply to your request for instructions, I have to state that a certificate should be presented in the usual manner, in accordance with the conditions of the bond. The Department declines to authorize the acceptance, as a sufficient compliance with said conditions, of the certificute already produced. Inasmuch as the Attoruey-General has expressed the opinion that the shipment of distilled spirits abroad, with the purpose of bringing it back to the United States to evade the immediate payment of the tax thereon, is not a legal exportation, the Department, in cases which appear to come within the scope of that opinion, will insist upon a rigid compliance with its regulations, and waive none of its requirements as to the exportation or importation of distilled spirits.

As regards the question whether your action was in accordance with the general regulations in taking a bond for the production of a ccrtificate under the circumstances, you are informed that while articles 373 to 379 , inclusive, of the regulations of 1874, do not expressly refer to such cases, there seems to be no reason why a bond may not in a proper case be taken as well where the merchandise is subject to a duty equal to tbe tax imposed by the internal-revenue laws under section 2500 , Revised Statutes, as where it is free. The regulations cited may therefore be applied iu sucb cases.

Your inquiry whether upon an importation of this character the duty chargeable on foreigu spirits should not be exacted in the absence of a foreign customs.certificate showing that the whisky is the identical whisky exported, is, therefore, answered in the negative, provided it is a bona-fide reimportation of an American manufacture, that a bond be given as aforesaid, and that the other regulations upon the subject. shall be observed. (Collector of customs, New York, August 3, 1883.)
[1885. -Department No.46.-Division of customs.-Circular.-Reimportation of distilled'spirits.]

# Treasury Department, <br> Offlce of the Secretrary, Washington, D. C., April 14, 1885. 

## To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

In an opinion of the Attorney-General, printed in Decision 5829, of July 21, 1883, the question was discussed of the status for duty purposes of distilled spirits manufactured in the United States, shipped to foreign countries without payment of the internal-revenue tax, and subsequently returned to the United States, the circumstances under which the shipment, abroad was made indicating that it was the intention of the parties interested when making the shipment to return the spirits to the United States. The opinion of the Attorney-General was that a shipment and return under such circumstances did not constitute an exportation aud importation.
Lately considerable quantities of spirits have been shipped from the West to St. John, N. B., via Boston, and afterwards returned to Boston within short periods of time, aud upon such return duty was assessed under section 2500 , Revised Statutes, and ou the quantity returued by the customs gauger, without a correction of volume for temperature as required by the Internal Revenue Regulatious.
The Department decides that, on the facts stated, the shipmeut and return did not constitute an exportation aud reimportation under the opinion of the Attorney General, and that therefore the werchandise was not entitled to entry under section 2500 , Revised Statutes. Where a collector of customs shall receive such domestic merchandise from a foreign port and in the original distilier's packages, and the facts bring the case
within the rule stated, he will deliver the mercbandise to the collector of internal revenue for the district, who will dispose of the same under instructions to be issued by the Commissioner of Iuternal Revenue.

C. S. FAIRCHILD, Acting Secretary.

1885.-Department No. 52. -Iuternal Revenue.-Circular No. 286.-Domestic Distilled Spirits not reimported though returned from abroad.

## Treasury Department, <br> Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., April 28, 1885.

## To Collectors of Interual Revenue:

The attention of collectors of internal revenue in cbarge of exports and others is called to Department Circular No. 46, of the 14th instant (31 Iuternal Revenue Record, page 117), relative to the "reimportation of distilled spirits" snbject to tax under internal-revenne laws, which circular announces the decision that, on the facts stated therein, domestic spirits shipped ostensibly for export and returned as therein set forth are not exported, and that upon return they are not cutitiled to entry under section 2500 , Revised Statutes. Collectors of customs who receive such domestic spirits from a foreigu port in the original distiller's packages, when the facts bring the case within the rule stated, are reguired by the circular to deliver the merchandise to the collector of internal revenue for the district. Any collector of internal revenue to whom spirits are delivered by a collector of cnstoms, ander the provisions of the above described circular, will receive the same, and will require, on'behalf of the distiller or owner, payment of the tax on each package, on the quantity ascertained by the regauge thereof made npon withdrawal from the distillery warehouse. The collector will then deposit the money in the nearest desiguated depository to the credit of the collector in whose district the spirits were produced. He will then transmit the triplicate certificates of deposit to such collector, forwarding therewith a statement in which the name of the distiller, the number of each package, and the taxable contents of each, as determined by the marks thereon, are fully set forth. Upou receipt of the same, the collector in charge of the distillery warehouse will carefully compare the statements with bis records aud with the gauger's original report of the regange for exportation on file in his office, and, if the proper tax is found to have been paid, he will issue a tax-paid stamp for each package, as in case the spirits had been originally withdrawn upou payment of the tax, excluding, however, the amonnt covered by excessive leakage on which tax was paid to hin when the spirits were bouded for export.
He will thereupon transmit the stamps to the collector through whom he received the tax, who will detail a gauger to affix the stamps. When the stamps are affixed the ganger will write across the face of each the followiug words: "Affixed.under provisions of Circular No. 286."
In the great majority of cases likely to arise under this circular, the certificate of landing will have been received by the collector of interval revenue prior to the return of the spirits, thus obviatiag the necessity of any reference to the matter in the bonded distilled spirits account other than to report the spirits on Form 93 e as covered by stamps representing taxes not reported on Form 94 A.
If, however, the taxes are paid before the receipt of evidence of landing abroad, the collector will ask for special instractions in the matter.

In case the collector, to whon the spirits are delivered by the collector of customs, is in donbt as to the district in which the spirits were produced, he should report the name of the distiller and serial numbers of the packages to this office. Upon receipt of such report he will be frimished with the name and address of such collector.

1

## JOS. S. MILLER, Commis8ioner

1885-Internal revenue.-Circular No. 287.-Transfers of domestic distilled spirits from collectors of enstoms to collectors of internal rerenue.

Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., May 1, 1885.
When a collector of enstoms has received domestic spirits from a foreign port in the original distiller's packages which fall within the rule aunounced in Circular, Department No. 46, 18九5, Divisiou of Customs, he will serve upon the internal-rev-
enue collector for the district in which such spirits are found a notice iu duplicate as follows:
——Collector of Internal Revenue:

$$
\text { Custom House, Port of } \overline{-188-}\}
$$

SIR: You are hereby notified that the following-described spirits, produced by _-_ ——, a distiller in the -. district of -, which were; withdrawn from - distillery warebouse under an entry for exportation, and under a (transportation or exportation) bond dated - , 188-, and which were cleared from this port of -on the - day of --, 188-, but were not exported and consequently not reimported, will, in accordance with instructions contained in circular, Department No. 46, 1885, division of customs, be delivered to you upon your receipting therefor.
Number of packages and kiud of spirits.
Marks and serial numbers of packages.
Numbers of warehouse stamps.
Numbers of export stamps.
Name of claimant.
These spirits are in General Order Warehonse No. -, located at ———.
Collector of Customs.
Upon receipt of the appropriate tax-paid stamps as provided in Iuternal Revenue Circular No. 286, the internal revenue collector to whom the spirits have been delivered when directing a ganger to affix the stamps will also direct him to regange the spirits and to report to him in detail the actual contents of each package both in proof gallous and in wine gallons.

He will then deliver one of the duplicate notices marked "Original" to the collector of customs, with his receipt appended thereto in the following form:

Received of _, collector of the port of , , the above-described spirits delivered to me under the instructions contained in circular, Department No. 46, 1385, division of customs. The actual aggregate contents of the above packages were found by a regauge made under my direction to be —— wine gallons —— proof gallons, as will appear in detail from the annexed report of the gauger.

Collector of Internal Revenue.
$— —,-, 188-$
The collector of internal revenue will require the claimant to receipt to him apon the duplicate notice, for the spirits upon the delivery thereof with the tax-paid stamps affixed.

This receipt will be in the following form :
Received of __ collector of internal revenue for the -_ District. ———, the above described spirits which, according to the marks and brands thereon, contained, at the time of their withdrawal from the distillery warehouse, taxable gallons as follows:
Serial number of package.
Taxable gallons.

Approved.
H. C. ROGERS, Acting Commissioner.
D. MANNING, Secretary of the Treasury.

STATEMENT of the QUANTITY, in $4 G G R E G A T E$ TAXABLE GALLONS, of DLSTILLED SPIRITS of the DIFFERENTKINDS known to the TRADE, PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, and REMAINING in WAREHOUSE in the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.


[^10]
## EXPENSE TO THE UNINED STATES IN ENFORCING THE INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS AS TO DISŢILLED SPIRIIS FROM WHIGH NO REVENUE IS DERIVED.

The quantity of spirits held in charge of storekeepers or storekeepers and gangers on deposit in distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1885, was, as appears from the preceding tabular statement, $138,417,914$ gallous, and the quantity so held in special bonded warehouses was 702,121 gallous (see table on p. cxxXI of this report), making a total of $139,120,035$ gallons. The salaries paid during the year to storekeepers and to officers known as "storekeepers and gaugers" amounted to $\$ 1,103,786$, or very nearly eight-tenths of a cent on each gallon as above held in bond.

The quantity of spirits ganged during the year was as follows:
Gallons.
Deposited in distillery warehouses 74, 915, 363
Deposited in special bonded warehouses 312,197
Withdruw ifrom distillery warehouses 83, 175, 086
Fruit brandy tax-paid
1, 468,775
Spirits ganged for rectifiers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111, 536,384
Class 2, exports in warehonse.
8, 726, 231

## Total

280, 134, 036
The amount paid during the year to gangers as fees and travelingexpenses was $\$ 744,027$, or at the average rate of twenty-six hundredths of a cent per gallon on the quantity gauged as above stated.

The collectious for 1885 were $\$ 112,421,121$. The collections from distilled spirits held on deposit in distillery warehouses were $\$ 60,920,324$, which is a little over one-half of the total collections.

There is no means of separating expeuses of collectors, deputies, \&c., so as to show what part was incurred in the collection of tax on spirits, but it is probable that nearly one-half of such expenses was directly or indirectly connected therewith.
The total expenses of collectors, deputies, clerks, \&c., were, for $1885 \ldots$. . $\$ 1,785,289$
For revenue agents ............................................................................. 77, 445
For stamps and paper..................................................................... 3 . 392,634
For office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 284,591
For detecting frand ................................................................................ 34, 387
Total................................................................................... 2,574,346
One-balf of which is ........................................................................ 1, 287,173
Add amount paid for locks at distilleries . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,361
Add amonnt paid for hydrometers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 , 725
Total paid out . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ........................ 1, 294, 259
Dividing the total paid out as above (being all the expenses other than those incurred through the employment of storekeepers and of gaugers) by $138,417,914$, the number of gallous, as before stated; held on deposit in distillery warehouses, gives a quotient of 0.0093 , which shows that the expense incurred, other than that covered by payments to officers employed as storekeepers and as gaugers, was at the rate of ninetythree hundredths of a cent per gallon on the quatity beld in distillery warehouses.

The total expense per gallon is derived as follows:

Total ...................................................................................... 0.0199

The quantity of spirits withdrawn from distillery warehouses free of tax, including allowances, during the tiscal year ended June 30, 1885, was as follows:

Gallons.

For scientific parposes. 27, 330
For manufacturing warehonses:..............................................................403,003

15, 525, 765
Add quantity stamped for export and remaining in warehouse June 30,
1885..............................................................................

Total
24, 251, 996
At 2 cents per gallon
.02
Total expense
\$185, 039.92
It appears from the above compatation that during the year the expense to the United States in enforcing the internal-revenue laws as to spirits from which no revenue is derived was a little more than $\$ 485,000$. It should be noted, however, that since the close of the fiscal year, and prior to October 1, 1885, a portion amounting to $2,358,330$ gallons of the quantity above given as stamped for export, and remaining in warehouse June 30, 1885 (less 2,122 gallons withdrawn for the United States) has been withdrawn upon payment of the tax. On the other hand, it appears that the tax has been abated upou 401,160 gallons of the 517,912 gallons lost by casualty during the year ; also, that there were stamped for export since the close of the fiscal year $2,313,086$ gallons not withdrawn from warehouse.

## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE $30 ; 1885$.

The following table shows the quantity of distilled spirits, in tasable gallons, at 90 cents per gallon tax, placed in distilléry warehouses dur ing the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885 , the quantity withdrawn there from during the year, and the quantity remaining therein at the beginning and close of the jear :

| Distilled spirits. | Quantity. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actually remaining in warehouse July 1, 1884 | 63, 502, 551 |  |
| Not actually in warehouse, claimed to have been lost by casualty | , 249, 317 |  |
| Withdrawn for exportation, proofs of landing not received.................. | 10, 148, 599 |  |
| Witbdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, not yet received at warehouse | 85, 137 |  |
| Prodnced from Jnly 1, 1884, to June 30, 1885 |  | 74, 915, 363 |
| Total |  | 148, 900, 967 |
| Withdrawn tax-paid (including deficiencies on export bonds and casualties disallowed) | 66, 824, 469 |  |
| Stanped for export, but afterwards withdrawn tpon payment of tax ..........Exported, proots of landing received .................................... | 11. 7148,971 |  |
|  | 11, 714, 240 |  |
| Allowed for loss by casualty | 247, 965 |  |
| Withdrawn for scientific parposes and for the use of the United States ....... Allowed for loss by leakage or eraporation in warehouse. | 27, 330 |  |
|  | 4, 424, 947 |  |
| Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export, \&c Withdrawn for tiansfer to and received at manufacturing warehouse. | 94,573 |  |
|  | 318,323 |  |
| Withdrawn for exportation, proofs of landing not received ..................... Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, not received at warehouse. | 9, 001, 679 |  |
|  | 92,313 |  |
| Not actually in warehonse, claimed to have been lost by casualty.............. stamped for export, remaining in warehouse June 30,1885 All other spirits remaining in warehouse June 30, 1885$\qquad$ | 491, 241 |  |
|  | 7, 750,696 |  |
|  | 46, 974, 220 | 64,310,149 |
|  |  | 148, 900967. |
| RASERTal |  |  |

SPIRITS BONDED FOR EXPORTATION AND ALLOWED TO REMAIN IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES:

The last item but one in the preceding summary of operations att distillery warehouses indicates that there were $7,750,696$ gallons of spirits in distillery warehouses June 30,1885 , which had been "stamped for ex-port"-that is to say, to the packages containing which spirits export stamps had been affixed. This quantity represents the greater part of the spirits, mainly bourbon whisky, as to which bonds had been filed under the provisions of a circular (No.282) issued January, 1885. These bonds were conditioned for the delivery of the spirits for exportation to the collector of customs or on board ship within seven months, during which time the spirits were allowed to remain in the distillery warehouse. As the spirits had usually already remained in warehouse the entire three years limited by the warehousing bond, the practical result of the plan was to allow spirits to remain in warehouse at least three years and seven months.

The original application for permission to retain spirits in distillery warehouses after the giving of a transportation bond or exportation bond, and after the expiration of the three Fears specified in the warehousing bond, was unfavorably received. The matter, however, having been submitted to the Attorney-Geueral, and he having rendered an opinion in which he stated that the Treasury Department had the power to make a regulation by which distilled spirits could be permitted to remain in a distillery warehouse after the expiration of three years from the date of entry therein, and that the exportation bond or transportation bond frees the spirits for the time being from the operation of the distillery warehouse bond, Circular No. 282 was issued and continued to afford authority for receiving what were known as "seven months" bonds, until modified by a telegram of August 14 and by Circular No. 294 of August 15, 1885 . Copies of the Attorney-General's opinion, and of the circulars and leading letters relating to this matter, are subjoined:

> Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, December 2, 1804.

Sin: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt from you by reference, on the 28 th nltimo, of the petition of Mr. John B. Thompson, jr., distiller, of Harrodsburg, Mercer Conaty, Keutucky.

This petitioner states that as a part of his business he is an exporter of spirits to foreign countries, aud that in pursuit of this business he has met with some hardships, growing ont of the regulations of this Departwent governing the exportation of such groods.

He says that the regulations now require, where goods are entered for export, regauged, and stamped, they shall be immediately withdrawn from the distillery bouded warehouse and delivered to the distiller, who is presumed to immediately deliver them to the transportation company. He avers, however, that this immediate delivery cannot be made, and that consequently the goods are left ont in the distillery yard exposed to the weather, causing loss by leakage. He complains also of delay in the issuing of export stamps after the execution of the export bond, and of another delay at the port of export, where the goods are permitted to lie on the beach, subject to all changes of weather, muless they are stored in a warehonse at such port at the expense of the owner; wherefore he asks that all rules and regulations be so changed and modified as to permit goods which bave been entered for export, regauged, and stamped to remain or be restored in the warehouse of the distiller or some other intermediate warehouse for such time as the same wonld be compelled to stay upon the road, on the beach, and in warehouses at port of export avaiting transportation by some foreign-bound vessel abroad; and which time by practical administration of the law has been shown to be from four to eight months, and that all bonds be chauged and modified to meet such rules and regulations.

In reply to your request for a report on this matter, I have the bonor to submit a copy of the Department regulations, Series 7, No. 4, and supplements, goveruing the
exportation of domestic spirits in bond, and to give below the history of a package of spirits exported under such regulations.

I would first call attention to the law, quoted in articles 1, 2, and 3, pages 3, 4, and 5 , Series 7, No. 4, herewith, especially to the first paragraph on page 3, which reads as follows:
"Distilled spirits may be withdrawn from distillery bonded warehouses at the iustance of the owner of the spifits, for exportation in the original easks or packages, without the payment of tax, under such regulations and after making such entries and executing and filing with the collector of the district from which the removal is to be made, such bonds and bills of lading, and giving such other additional security as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Iuternal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury."

Under the law and existing regulations, when Mr. Thompson desires to remove a package of spirits from his warebouse for exportation, he must file with the internalrevenue collector of his district a notice of his intention to export the package, giving the serial number thereof; also whether he intends to export it on a through bond direct to the foreigu port or on a bond conditioned for delivery to the collector of customs for exportation under the law quoted on pages 4 and 5 of Regulations 7, No. 4. (See article 3, serics 7, No. 4.)

Upon the receipt of such notice the collector issues an order to a ganger to inspect the spirits at the warehouse, and to report. (Article 4.) The ganger executes the order and reports the original contents, the contents found by his regauge and the difference between the two. (Article 5.)

Mr. Thompson receives one of these reports, and if he is still of the opinion that he wishes to export, be indicates that fact by executing a paper called an "entry for withdrawal" (Article 6); at the same time he will pay the collector ten cents for the expense of providing and affixing the export stamp (Article 7), and also pay tax on any excessiveleakage as shown by the ganger's report (Article 8). He will also at that time execute a bond with sureties satisfactory to the collector (Article 9), using at his option the throngh bond prescribed in article 10 , or the trausportation prescribed in article 11. Upon the acceptance of the boud and payment of the deficiency tax, if any, and for affixing the stamp, the collector issues a permit to the storekeeper for the delivery of the package to Mr. Thompson (Article 14). Before the spirits are actually delivered, however, the law, which cannot be aunulled or changed by a regulation, requires the delivery of the bill of lading.

Recognizing, however, the difficulty of procuring bills of lading from a carrier before the carrier bas possession of the goods, the regalations have been framed so as to provide for the delivery of the bill of lading immediately on the receipt of the pack'age from the storekeeper (Art. 17).

In order to protect the package from seizure en route, before removal the gauger is required to affix the export stamp and cut or burn a brand on the package, showing that it is intended for export (Art. 15). The regulations do not interfere with Mr. Thompson iu his arrangements with the parties who agree to transport the goods for him except to forbid the incorporation into the bill of lading of any stipulation impairing the obligation of the owner and transportation company to forward aud deliver the spirits to the designated collector of customs at the port of entry (Art. 18). Thirty days is the time fuxed in the bond in which to transport the goods to the collector of customs, with fifteen days in addition to secure the collector's certificate of clearance (Art. 17). Experience has shown that this time is usually sufficient. If, however, it is not sufficient an extension of time has been granted upon a special application of the principal and sureties on the bond, and upon statements showing due diligence.

Upon the arrival of the spirits at the port of exportation it is the duty of the collector of customs to cause them to be inspected and gauged, and to see that the lading on board of the exporting vessel is under proper supervision, or if the vessel is not ready to receive them, he shall exercise surveillance over the spirits in order to prevent frand.

The order of the collector to the inspector and gauger, their reports, and the instruction to the collector intended to prevent frauduleut removal are specified in articles from 23 to 31 , inclusive.

It is the duty of the exporter to notify the collector of the port of the arrival of the spirits (Art. 20), and in case the vessel is not ready to receive them to store them in bonded warehouse (Art. 21).

It is noted that one of the matters complained of by Mr. Thompson is ihe expense involved in storing spirits in these warehouses. After the spirits liave been ganged by the customs' gauger, Mr. 'Thompsnn either in person or through his daly authorized agenti is required, in case the package was withdrawn on a transportation bond (Article 11), to file a paper with the collector of customs called an "Export Entry," also an export bond (Article 32). After the goods have been cleared, the collector of
customs will issue a certificate to that effect (Article 37), and upon receipt of evidence of landing or loss at sea, he will issue an appropriate cortificate. (Article 40.)
The regulations further provide for allowances on account of loss, like casualty in transportation, and finally for the cancellation of the bonds upon the presentation of tho proper proofs. (Article 43.)

Upon recurring to Mr. Thompson's petition, it will be seen that he complains of certain delays, all of which occur after the withdrawal of the spirits from his warehouse, and that his remedy is to allow the spirits to remain in the warehouse from four to eight months after they have been regauged and! stamped with the export stamp, or after withdrawal to have them immediately restored to his warehouse t., remain for that length of time.

I am unable to see how the retentiou of the spirits in the warehouse after they are stamped and branded for export is going to prevent the delays incident to transportation and exportation.
These delays are as likely to occur at one time as auother. However, this office does not construe the laws relative to withdrawals for export as compelling the distiller to withdraw his spirits at any time. Of course, if he has gone so far as to have then gauged, stamped and branded for export, it would be rather awkward to have them withdrawn for any other purpose.
The law, however, does not prohibit the storage in a distillery warehouse of any spirits produced by the distillers unless the tax has been paid on such spirits (sec. 3288, R.S.), and this office would take no action in the matter if Mr. Thompson left his spirits in warehouse after he had done everything that the law aud regulations prescribe concerning withdrawals for exportation, provided, of course, the spirits did not remain in warehouse longer than three years from the date of the warehonsing bond. In that case it would become the duty of the collector to enforce the payment, of the tax then overdue.
Mr. Thompsou has no lack of information as to the exact time when each and every package of his distilled spirits must be withdrawn on payment of the tax, unless sooner withdrawn for export or other legal purpose free of tax.

It would seem, therefore, that by the use of ordinary diligence he might so make his arrangements for withdrawal and transportation as to give him the benefit of the full three jears his spirits aro allowed to lie in warehouse under the law (sec. 3293, R. S.), without incurring any of the inconvenieuces of which he complains, that cannot be obviated by some special order from this office in any particnlar shipment. But according to my understanding of the law, which Congress has several times, and after full discussion, retinsed to change on this point, Mr. Thompson's spirits must we withdrawn in three years from date of the warehousing bond, whatever may be the inconvenience resulting from such withdrawal.

Very respectfully,
WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.
Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.
Subsequently the Secretary addressed the following letter to the petitioner in this case:

## Treasury Department, <br> Office of the Secretary, Washington, December 5, 1884 .

Sir: Your letter, without date, received on the 28th ultimo, having been referred to the Conmissioner of Internal Revenue, with a request for an expression of his views on the ruatter presented by you, has been returned with his letter of the 21 inst., a copy of which is herewith inclosed.

The main point of the letter is that the law does not permit distilled spirits, after having been withdrawn for exportation, to be stored in any intermediate warehonse ayaiting an opportunity for exportation, except as set forth in Article 21, of the Regulations, series 7 , No. 4, which requires the collector of customs to have packages of spirits placed in stores in case the vessel is not prepared to receive them on arrival at the port of export. To comply with your request would be by mere execuitive anthority to virtnally establish a system of transportation in bond and storage in bonded warehouses, other than distillers' warehouses, that was deliberately abolished by act of Congress of January 11, 1868 ( 15 Stats., 34), and which has not been restored liy any subsequent act.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. E. COON, Acting Secretary.
Mr. Johi B. Thompson, Harrodsburg, Ky.

For reasous stated therein, the following letter, asking for an opinion of the Attorney-General, was addressed by the Commissiouer.of Internal Revenue to the Secretary of the Treasury :

Treasury Department, Office óf Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., December 13, 1884.

SIR: In view of the very elaborate discussion of certain questions growing out of provisions of the internal-revenue law and the powers of the Commissioner, and possibly of yourself, under them, I have the hodor to submit as the basis of an inquiry to be addressed to the Attorney-General, should you deem such a course advisable, the following:

Section 3271 United States Revised Statutes, Internal Revenue Compilation, page 51, is as follows: "Every distiller shall provide, at his own expense, a warehouse, to be situated on and to constitute a part of his distillery premises, and to be used only for the sterage of distilled spirits of his own manufacture until the tax thereon shall have been paid; but no dwelling-house shall be used for such purpose, and no door, window, or other opening shall be made or permitted in the walls of such warehouse leading into the distillery or into any other room or building; and such warebouse, when approved by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, on report of the collector, is hereby declared to be a bonded warehouse of the United States, to be known as a distillery warehouse, and shall be under the direction and control of the collector of the district, and in cliarge of an interual-revenue storekeeper, assigned thereto by the Commissioner."

The closing paragraph of section 3267 United States Revised Statutes (Compilatiou page 50 ), is as follows:
'Gon the third day after the spirits are conveyed into such cistern they shall be drawn off into casks, under the supervision of such gauger, in the presence of the storekeeper, and be removed directly to the distillery warehouse; but on special application to the collector by the owner, agent, or superintendent of any distillery, the spirits may be drawn off from the said cisterns, under the supervision of the ganger, at any time previous to the third day."

Section 4 of the act of May 28, 1880 (Compilation, pages 220 and 221), contains the following:
"The said distiller or owner shall at the time of making said entry give his bond in duplicate, with one or more sureties, satisfactory to the collector of the district, conditioned that the principal named in said bond shall pay the tax on the spirits as apecified in the entry, or cause the same to be paid, before removal from said distillery warehouse, and within three years from the date of said entry; and the penal sum of such bond shall not be less than the amount of the tax on sneh distilled spirits." * * * "And in case the distiller or owner fails or refuses to give the bond hereinbefore required, or to renew the same, or neglects to immediately withdraw he spirits and pay the tax thereon, or if he neglects to withdraw any bonded spirits and pay the tax thereon before the expiration of the time limited in the bond, the collector shall proceed to collect the tax by distraint, issuing his warrant of distraint for the amount of tax found to be due, as ascertained by him from the report of the gauger if no bond was given, or from the terms of the bond if a bond was given. But this provision shall not exclude any other remedy or proceeding provided by law."
"'The tax on all distilled spirits hereafter en tered for deposit in distillery warehouses shali be due and payable before and at the time the same are withdrawn therefrom sud within three years from the date of the entry for deposit therein; and warehousing bonds hereafter takeu uuder the provisions of section 3293 of the Revised Statutes of Whe United States shall be conditiuned for the payment of the tax ou the spirits as specified iu the entry before removal from the distillery warehouse, and within three years from the date of said bonds."

Section 3330, United States Revised Statutes, compilation, pages 75 and 76, contains the following provisious:
"Distilled sprits may be withdrawn from distillery bonded warehouses, at the instance of the owner of the spirits, for exportation in the original casks, .* * without the payment of tax, under such regulations, and after making such entries and executing and filing with the collector of the district from which the removal is to be made such bonds and bills of lading, and giving such other additional security as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That bonds given under this section shall be canceled under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: And provided further, That the bonds required to be given for the exportation of distilled spirits shall be canceled upon the presentation of satisfactory proof and certificates that said distilled spirits have been landed at the port of destination named in the bill of lading or, upon satisfactory proof that after shipment the same were lost: at sea without fault or neglect of the owner or
shipper thereof. All distilled spirits inteuded for export, as aforesaid, before bcing removed from the distillery warehouse, shall be marked as the Commissioner of Interual Revenue may prescribe, and sball have afixed to each cask an engraved stamp indicative of such intention, to be provided and furnished by the several collectors as in the case of other stamps, and to be charged to them and accounted for in the same manner, aud for the expense attending the providing and affixing such stamps ten cents for each package so stamped shall be paid to the collector on making the entry for such transportation. When the owner of the spirits shall have made the proper entries, filed the bonds, aud otherwise complied with all the requirements of the law and regulations as herein provided, the collector shall issue to him a permit for the removal and transportation of said spirits to the collector of the port from which the same are to be exported, accurately describing the spirits to be shipped, the amount of tax thereon, the State and district from which the same is to be shipped, the name of the distiller by whom distilled, the port to which thesame are to be transported, the name of the collector of the port to whom the spirits are to be consigned, and the routes over which they are to be sent to the port of shipment."

By other provisions of law, in section last quoted and elsewhere in the statutes, the precise terms of which it is perhaps unnecessary to state, elaborate provision is made for the exportation of spirits. Pursuant to power conterred by statiute, regulations have been made concerning the manner of exporting spirits, a copy of which is inclosed.

It has been supposed by this office that the provisions of law hereinbefore quoted impose upon this Bureau the duty of collecting the tax of 90 cents per gallon upon whisky immediately after three years from the tiwe when it was placed in the distillery bonded warehouse, unless in the meantime it had been exporteä, or withdrawn for scientific purposes, \&c. The right to export withont the payment of tax has never been questioned.

I have been greatly pressed with the argument that authority exists to make regulations by which, upou the filing by the distiller or owner of a declaration of a purpose to export spirits and the giving of a boud, spirits might be permitted to remain in the distillery wavehouse for a longer period than laree years withonit the payment of the tax It has beeu urged with great vigor that inasmuch as a long delay ensues in many cases atter the spirits are withdrawn from the warehonse before facilities can be furnished at the seaboard for their actual cransportation abroad, and especially in view of the groat expense which the distiller or owner must incur by reason of this delay, it would be politic, just, and lawful to permit the spinits to remain in the distillery warehouse without expense to the distiller wihile this tine is consumed. If the power to make such a regulation exists, it is of the utmost importauce to a great interest that it should be exercised.
I respectfully submit the foregoing, with the cequest that; if you deem it advisable to do so, you will take the opinion of the Attorney-General as to whether the Corumissioner of Interual Revenue, with or without the approval of yourself, or whether the Secretary of the Treasury, with or without the concurrence of the Commissioner of Interuai Revenue, has the power, under the statute, to make a regulation by which distilled spirits could be permitted to remain in the distillery warehonse after the expiration of three years from the date of entry therein, upon the filing by the distiller or owner of the spirits of a declaration of his purpose to export the same in good faith, and the giving of a bond to do so within a given period.

A decision on this point will, of course, reader it necessary to consider whether the law does not in every event require the actual withdrawal of the spirits at the end of three years, either upon payment of the tax or for seientific purposes (sec. 3297, R. S., and 20 Stat., page 48), or for the use of the United States (sec. 3464, R. S.), or for trausfer to manufactaring warehouses (sec. 14, act May 28, 1880), or for exportation, and also whether such exportation must begin with the physical removal of the spinits from the distillery warehouses, not later than the expiration of the period of three Jears, or whether the exportation may be construed to begin when the declaration of intention to do so is filed, together with such a bond as may be prescribed by regulations.
Attention should also be directed to sections 3182, 3184, and 3288 of the United States Revised Statutes.

Very respectfully,
WALTER EVANS, Commissioner.
Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secrelary of the Treasury.

On the 15 th of December, 1884, the Secretary of the Treasury submitted certain questions to the Attorney-General, and on the 24th received from him an opinion. The uature of the questions, the opinion of the

Attorney-General, and the instructions issued by this office and approved by the Secretary, are embodied in Circular No. 282, issued Jauuary 3,1885 , as follows:
[1885.-Departrient No. 4.-Circular No. 282.-Assessment and Exportation of Spirits.]

## Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Office, <br> Washington, D. C., Januavy 3, 1885.

Under date of 24th ultimo the Attomey-General of the United States annonnced the following opinion:

## "The Secretary of the Treasury:

"SIR: Yours of the 15th asks the following question: ' Whether the Treasury Department has the power to make a regulation by which distilled spirits can be permitted to remain in a distillery warehouse after the expiration of three years from the date of entry therein upon filing by the distiller or owner of the spirits of a declaration of his purpose to export the same in good faith and the giving of a bond to do so within a given period.'
"Upon consideration, I submit that it bas such power.
"The exportation or' transportation bond frees the spirits, for the time being, from any obligation for a domestic tax, and of course fromi the operation of the distillery warehouse bond. The giving of such first-named bond is one of the acts by the owner which go to constitute the complex transaction of exportatiou. Until exportation is perfected, the spirits also remain subject to a tax-lien on behalf of the Gorernment. Therefore, whilst by the iuception of the transaction of exportation the spirits are transformed into a different subject matter from that upon which the distillery warehonse bond had operated, they nevertheless remain one upon which the United States have a specific contimgent charge in all respects perhaps, except that of contingency, the same as what it previously had. There is, therefore, no statutory reason why it may not, for a period reasonably required in the process of exportation, remain in the same custody as before, oven after three years. Manifestly, upon the face of it, a wide difference exists in this respect betwixt the couditions towards the Government of such spirits and that of tax-paid spirits. This difference is recognized in the provision of section 3288, Revised Statutes.
"I have spoken of statutory reasons, because it is this class ouly that affects the poner of the Secretary of the Treasury hereupon. The regulatory reasons, so to say, for this or that custody are for him to adjust. These latter reasons control the subject matter of which you speak.
"Very respectfully,
"S. F. PHILLIPS,
Solicitor-General.
"I conenr in the above opinion.
"BENJAMIN H. BREWSTER,
" Attorney-General."
" 24th December, 1884."
There being no doubt of the legal right of the owner to export spirits free of tax, and no objection being seeu to giving the time reasonably and fairly necessary therefor, in deference to the above opinion the following modification of the instructions of this office governing rassessments and the exportation of domestic spirits are issued:

Hereafter, collectors will list and report monthly, on Form 23, for assessment, all spirits which have remained in warehonse more than three years from the date of the warehousing bonds, except such as are covered by transportation or exportation bonds filed with and duly approved by them prior to the date of the preparation of the lists and of the conditions of which bonds there bas been no breach.

Collectors will also report spirits for assessment which have remained in discillery warehouse more than three years from the date of the warehousing bond, although covered by transportation or exportation bouds, in case the spirits are not withdrawn from the warehonse within the time named in the boud for delivery of the spirits at the port from which they are to be exported.

All applications of the principal and sureties for an extension of the time in any trausportation or exportation bond, conditioned for the delivery of the spirits to the collector of customs or for the delivery thereof on board ship, shonld be in writing, specifically setting forth the grounds therefor, and the collector of iuternal revenue will forward the application to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for action. The officer forwarding the application will indorse his opinion thereon as to the propriety of granting the same, and will certify as to whether the bond is good and sufficient, and as to whether any loss will probally occur by granting such extensiou. F ${ }^{\circ}$ Ader the present practice, collectors are required to report to this office such of
the listed spirits as are withdrawn between the time of listing and the actual assess-: ment. They will hereafter, at the time of reporting listed spirits as withdrawn, upon payment of tax before assessment, also report those novered by such bonds so approved by them since listing.
The Regulations, Series 7, No. 4, are hereby amended by striking out the words "thirty days" in the condition of the bonds prescribed in Articles 10 and 11 thereof, and collectors are directed to substitute therefor such time, not exceeding seven months, as in their opinion may be reasonably required in the process of the exportation of the particular spirits to be covered by the bond, including required bona fide and necessary delays in the warehouse caused by operations incidental to exportation subsequent to the filing of the bond, such as the affixing of stamps, arrangernents with transportation companies, procurement of bills of lading (which under the law, must be furnished before spirits cau be withdrawn from the warelouse); also, necessary delays which may occur in promptly securing ocean transportation to the port of destination.

Colloctors will be carefnl to see that the required declaration of intention to export is clear and explicit, and that this and adl the other proccedings are in good faith that the export stamps are paid for ; taxes on deficiencies paid; bonds with ample security furnished; and all steps taken which, under the law, are incidental to this transaction by the inception of which, in the language of the Attorney General, "the spirits are transformerl into a different subject-matter from that upon which the dis-tillery-warehouse bond had operated," and which, in bis opinion, "frees the spirits for the time being from any obligation for a domestic tax " "

WALTER EVANS,
Commissioner.
Approved, January 6, 1885.

H. MCCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury.

Under the authority vested in the Treasury Department to regulate the matter the following circular was next issued:
[1885.-Department No. 9.-Circular No. 283.-Exportation of spirits in bond.]

> Treasury Department, Office of Internal RevRnue, Washington, January $15,1885$.

On and after Jannary 25, 1885, collectors of internal revenve will decline to approve bonds given for the trausportation or exportation of distilled spirits filed with them after the 9th day of the month succeeding that ou which the tax on the spirits becomes due under the terms of the warehousing bond.

Export-stamps should be affixed without delay when the exportation or transportation boud is accepted by the collector.

The detailed statements of balances in warehouse, on inside pages of Form $94 a$, should hereafter be subdivided so as to show separately all such balances covered by such bonds.

> WALTER EVANS,
> Commissioner.

Approved.

## H. McCULLOCH, <br> Secretary of the Treasury.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Senate, the following letter was ad-- dressed to the Secretary of the Treasury :
[Relative to extension of time of the bonded period.]

> Treasury Department, Office of In'ternal Revinue, Washington, January $24,1885$.

SIR: In response to Senate resolution of January 21, 1885, calling for copies of all official letters and other correspondence in this Department "of date subsequent to the 30th of November, 1884, relating to the collection or postponement in any manner of the tax upon distilled spirits and not accompanying the communication to the Senate in respouse to its resolution of the 12 tb instant," referred by you to this office on the 23d instant, I have the honor to state that some monihs ago this office was arged with great persistency by John B. Thompson, jr., esq., a distiller of Harrods-
burg, Ky., to extend and eularge the time prescribed in the then existing Regula tions for the exportation of distilled spirits in bond.
The first written communication upon the snbject was from Mr . Thompson to you and myself jointly, said paper being without date, a copy of which is inclosed.
My reply to that letter was dated Dccember 2, 1884, and a copy thereof is herewith transmitted.,
Besides being a distiller Mr. Thompson is a lawyer of ability, aud his propositions of law applicable to the case were insisted upon with great zeal and not less ingenuity and force. His renewed efforts, notwithstanding my letter of December 2, were seconded by several members of Congress whose constituency were vitally interested in the subject, and finally I addressed you a letter under date of December 13, 1884, a copy of which is inclosed.
Atter you hall transmitted the last-mentioned communication to the honorable At-torney-General, and had proponuded to him such inquiry thereupon as seemed to you advisable, and after that officer had returned his answer thereto, Messrs. J. B. Beck, J. O. Broadhead, and Phil. B. Thompson, jr., presented a written communication, under date of the 3d instant, a copy of which is also inclosed.
While I could not yield to the views contained in the last-named paper, with your approval I did, under the anthority of section 3330, United States Revised Statutes, and in deference to the opinion of the honorable Attorney-General, make Regulation No. 282, a printed copy of which is also inclosed.

Subsequently an additional regulation, No. 283, was issued, a printed copy of which I inclose.
When the Senate resolution of the 13th instant upon the same subject was referred to this office, it was regretfully observed that its lauguage was, probably inadvertently, too narrow to cover any correspondence of this office upon the subject except Circular No. 282.
It may not be improper to remark that while this office had not entertained, nor theretofore acted upon a view of the law similar to that expressed by the AttorneyGeneral, still I did not donbt that it was proper to conform its actiou to the law as exponnded by the Head of the Department of Justice. The persons interested in the sulject are manifestly entitled to all the rights the law gives them, and the Honorable Attorney-General is the proper officer to state what the law is.
The only differeuce of opiuion was as to whether the spirits conld lawfully remain in warehouse after the expiration of three years. I thought not, except for the time necessary to enforce the collection of the tax by lawful means.
The Attorney-General advises that the spirits may lawfilly remain in distillery warehouses after the three years expire, for a time reasonably required in the process of exportation, provided the proper declaration of a bona fide purpose to export is made and a bond given that it will be done within that reasonable time, and they are, after those things are done, to be regarded as in process of actual exportation, although delays may come from the difficulty of getting advantageons transportation rates and other facilities. By this means the spirits may be retaiued in distillery warehouses free of expense, rather than subject the owner to certain expenses alleged to be incident to the mode formerly in vogue.

It will be seen that Regulation No. 282 does not extend the bonded period ou spirits not thus (at least constructively) in process of exportation. All it does is to remit. the question of reasouable time to the decision of the several collectors of internal revenue, such time in no event to exceed the maximum of seven months.

The erroneous idea that that regulation extended the bonded period became widespread in consequence of very indiscreet and inaccurate expressions in newspaper interviews and stat ments made by persons interested and otherwise.

I have felt it not improper on this occasion to put these observations upon record, and also to add that, inasmuch as the mode of collecting taxes past due is by the process or remedy known to the law as assessment, the fact that the regulations became operative on the 6ith day of January was of no mere cousequence, so far as the collection or paymeut of the taxes was concerned, than if they had gone into effect on any other day of the month prior to the 12th.
There is no other correspondence on the subject in this office.
Very respectfully.
WALTER EVANS,
Cominissioner.
Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury,

The regulations governing the exportation of spirits in bond were ameured so as to provide for the new class of exportations by supplemental regulations dated, respectively, January 29, 1885, and May 26, 1885.

John B. Thompson, esq., having raised certain questions as to the rights of such persons as had executed transportation bouds as authorized by Circular No. 282, the matter was submitted to the AttorneyGeneral July 25, 188 ã.

On the 5th of August, 1885, the Attorney-General rendered an opinion. The letters of the Commissioner and of the Secretary and the opinion of the Attorney-General are as follows:

Treasury Department,<br>Office of Internal Revenue. Washington, July $27,1885$.

Sir: Referring to the petition of John B. Tbompson, esq., transmitted to you on tbe 21st instant, in which he requests that the opinion of the Hon. Attorney-General be taken on certain questions of law therein presented, I desire to say that prior to the opinion of Attorney-General Brewster, ar copy of which, embodied in Circular 282, is berewith inclosed, it was held by this office that within three years from the date of entry for deposit therein, spirits stored in a distillery bonded warehonse must be actually and physically withdrawn therefrom either ou payment of the tax, or under sec: : 3297 , R. S., as amenderl by the act May 3, 1878 (20 Stat., p. 48), or sec. 3464, R. S., or secs. 14 and 15 of the act of May 28, 1880 ( 21 Stat., p. 148), or for export.

Last Octoler Mr. Thompson represented that it was difficnlt and sometimes impossible to procure transportation immediately on the expiration of the bouded periort, that even when trausportation to the port of coport could be procured, the immediate removal of the spirits from warehonse involved the paynent of storage at the port of export until the spirits could be pat on board ship, that the law allowerl the spirits to remain in the distillery warehouse, not only for three years, but for an indefinite time thereafter, provided they were intended for export. This Office declined to accept this view of the law for reasons assigned in a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, dated December 2, 1884, it printed copy of which is inclosed, and, at his request, the question involved was snbmitted to the Attornes-General by Secretary McCalloch.

The Attorney-General gave it as his opinion that the Treasury Department had power to make a regnlation by which distilled spirits can be permitted to remain in a distillery warehomse after the expiration of three years from the date of entry therein, upontiling by the distiller or owner of the spirits of a declaration of his purpose to export the sane in good faith, and the giving of a bond to do so within a given periol, and that there is no.statutory reason why distilled spirits may not, for a period reasonably required in the process of exportation, remain in the same enstody as before, even after three years; that the Secretary of the Treasury had the power to make such a regulation, but that " the regulatory reasons, so to say, for this or that custody, are for him to adjust."

Thereupon, "in deference" to the opinion of the Attorney-General, Circular No. 28.2, (copy inclosed), signed by Commissioner Evans, and approved by Secretary McCulloch, was issued.

One of the provisions of said circular is as follows:
"The regulations, Series 7, No. 4, are hereby amended by striking out the words 'thirty days' in the condition of the bonds prescribed in Articles 10 and 11 thereof, and collectors are directed to substitute therefor such time, not exceeding seven months, as in their opinion may be reasonably required in the process of the exportation of the particular spirits to be covered by the bond, including required bona fide and necessary delays in the warehouse cansed by operations incidental to exportation subsequent to the filing of the bond, such as the affixing of stamps, arrangemeuts with transportation companies, procurement of bills of lading (which nnder the law must be furvished before spirits can be withdrawn from the warehouse) ; also necessary delays which may occur in promptly securing ocean transportation to the port of destination."

The forms of the bonds referred to, pages 8,9 ; and 10 of Series 7; No. 4 (copy inclosed), were originally prescribed by Commissioner Douglass and approved by Secretary Boutwell, and have continued in use with the approval of all the Commissiouers of Internal Revenue and all the Secretaries of the Trasary ever since.

The time, "not exceeding seven months," to be substituted for the "thirty days," was left to the discretion of the collector, who has opportunity for special knowledge of the facts in each case, and was fixed under the regulatory anthority vested in the Secretary, as the maximun " period reasonably required in the process of transportation" for delivery at the port of entry.

I do not understand it to be claimed by Mr. Thompsen that seven months is not all the time reasonably required for the delivery of his spirits at the port of export, or
that it is his desire and bona fide intention to export them, unless compelled to do so, to avoid an immediate or early payment of the tax. In this, however, I maby bave misuoderstond him.

The questions involved are of great importance to the Government, and, as represented, to Mr. Thompson and to some other distillers. It has therefore seemed to me wise to take the opinion of the highest law officer of the Government upon them.. In presenting them to the Attorney. General, if you should decide to do so, I respectfully suggest that you also preseut this view of the case, viz, that even if the opinion of Attorney-General Brewster is correct, and even if, as contended by Mr. Thompson, but not conceded by this office, there arises no right of action on the export boud until a failure to land the spirits abroad within the time specified, there will, nevertheless, arise, on the neglect to withdraw the spirits within seven months, a right to seize upon and distrain them on an assessment made under section 3182, R. S., or, without assessment, under the provisions of section 4 of the act of May, 1880 ( 21 Statutes, 145-146), a right to enforce the lien which attached to the spirits the moment they were in existence (R.S., section 3251), by a bill in equity or other appropriate proceedings, and a right of action against the distiller (section 3213, R. S., The Dollar Savings Bank $v$. Uuited States, 19 Wall., 2:27), even though, as said by the Atrorney-General, the exportation bond frees the spinits from the operation of the distillery warehouse bond.

Respectfully,

JOS. S. MILLER, Comnissioner.

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department,<br>Washington, July 28, 1885.

Str: Under the provisions of section $3330, \mathrm{R}$. S., aud the act of June 9, 1874, amendatory thereof ( 18 Stat., 64), the holders of distilled spirits on which the tax bas not been paid are allowed to export them in bond, or to trausport them in bond to a port of export for exportation.

I would thank you for an expression of opinion on the following points:
(1) In the event that holders or owners of such spirits shall have failerl, within the seven montlis specified in the boud (given under the regulations of Internal Revenue Circular, No. 282, a copy of which is inclosed), to withdraw them in fact from the distillery warehouse, should the Government at once assess the taxes due upon them, and talse steps to collect the taxes with the penalty aud interest thereon?
(2) Are the spirits thus covered by exportation bond, in the event of the failure to withdraw them from warehouse, liable to distraint under the provisious of section 4 of the act of May 28,1800 ( 21 Stat., 145-146)?
(3) What are the rights of the Government as to legal proceedings on the bond, in the event of such failire to withdraw from warehouse, and should such proceedings be talseu by the Goverument; or should recourse be had to such legal steps as may be practicable to enforce collection of the taxes due on the spirits?
I inclose herewith a letter of the 27 th instant from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in reference to a petition of John B. Thompson, with a copy of the petition, and a copy of Internal Revenue Regulations, Series 7, No. 4, for a more full explanation of the matters upon which your opinion is solicited.
I would thank fou for the return of the inclosed documents, except the printed ones.

Very respectfully,
DANIEL MANNING,
Secretary.
The Hon. the Atrorney-Geniral.

Defartment of Justice,
Washington, ※ugust 5, 1885.
SIr : I make the following extract from your letter of the 28th ultimo:
"Under the provisions of section 3330, Revised Statutes, and the act of June 9, 1874 , amendatory thereof (18 Stat., 64), the holders of distilled spirits on which the tax lias not been paid, are allowed to export them in bond, or to transport them in bond, to a port of export for exportation;" and then you ask for an opinion on three questions.

Answer to first question:
In the event that holders or owners of such spirits sball have failed within the seven months specitied in the bond (given under the regulations of the Internal Reve-
nue Circular, No. 282), to withdraw them in fact from the distillery warehouse, a forfeiture of the bond follows and the spixits are not protected thereafter from an obligation for a domestic tax. The effect of the bond while in force, and before forfeiture, is to free the spirits from such obligation, but this effect ceases upon the forfeiture of the bond. Aay other constriction, it is respectfully sulumitted, would be an evasion of the statute. (Meredith $n$. United States, 13 Peters, 486. )

The Commissioner of Internal Revenne, with the assent of the Secretary of the Treasury, by Circular No. 282, above referred to, has already provided for the assessment of spirits, covered by trausportation or exportation bond, when they have not been withdrawn from the warehouse within the time named in the bond for the delivery at the port from which they are to be expurted, and I see no sufficient reason for disturbing this regulation.
Upon the application of the principal and sureties on such bond, and for good cause shown, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may, under existing regulations, extend the time named in the bond beyond seven months. If the bond should become forfeited, and the time should not be extended as above indicated, the presumption would arise that the intention to export had been abandoned, and the Government should assess the taxes due upon the spirits and take steps to collect the same with interest, as provided by Circular 282.
2 d . I am of opinion that the spirits covered by exportation bond, after the failure to withdraw them and after the forfeiture of the bond, are liable to distraint, under provisions of section 4 of the act of May 28, 1880 (21 Stat., 145-6).

3d. I answer that the coudition of the boud having been broken, by the failure to withdraw the spirits from the warehonse, the right of the Goverument to proceed upon the bond is unquestioned.

At the same time, of conrse, the tax can be collected by distraint, and as the latter mode is most expeditions it would be advisable to resort to it first. 16 Opins., 634-5.

It is to be said, as a general vule, in matters of this kind, that the construction of these statutes must be such as is most favorable to their enforcement. There is no liberal interpretation in favor of the individnal to be indulged in; but as statutes for the accomplishment of great public purposes they nuss be construed in a manner to reach those parposes, and to carry out the intention of the legislature in passing them. (Taylor $v$. U.S., 3 Howard, 210 ; Cliquot Champagne, 3 Wallace, 40b; U. S.v. Hodson, 10 Wallace, 406; Smythe $v$. Fiske, 23 Wallace, 280 .)

As a rule delluctible from these riecisions, the Government loses none of its remedies to collect its revenue or delbt unless there is an express repeal or abrogation of some existing remedy.

This is discussed in the opinion of ny predecessor already referred to. ( 16 Opinions, supra. See also U. S. v. Herron, 20 Wallace, 251 ; Dollar Savings Bank v. U. S., 19; Ib., 227; 13 Peters, sup.)
In, view of these authorities, I feel that there is no doubt as to the correctaess of the answers given above to your letter of the 2 dith ultimo.

Very respectfally,

A. H. Garland, Attorney-General.

To the Hon. the Secretary of the Treasury.
time for exporting bonded spirits not to be extended.

## Treasury Department, Office of Ingernal Revenue, Washington, August 10, 1885.

Sir: Your letter of 6th instant has been received.
You ask the following qnestions:
(1) What I would consider as good and sufficient causes that would, in my judgment, entitle the holders of spirits under export bonds to an extension of time.
(2) If such application be granted by me, how many months additional time would be allowed?
In reply you are informed:
(1) That uothing suggests itself to me as a good and sufficient canse for extending the time for the transportation of distilled spirits from the distillery warehouse to the port of export beyond that already given.
(2) That if any such canse shonld be pointed out in any particular case the extension would probably not be one of montbs, but merely of the additional time absolutely necessary for the actual and bona fide transportation.

It is believed that the time already given is ample for those who are acting in good faith, with a bona fide intention of exporting their spirits.

Respectfully,

## Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue,

Washington, August 12, 1885.
SIR: In reply to your letter of the 20th ultimo., you are informed that where spirits were bonded for export or for transportation after they had been assessed, and the assessment remains unabated at the expiration of the period allowed for delivery at the port of export, you will make immediate demand for the tax on Form 17, and, if the tax is not paid within ten days thereafter, you will issue the demand notice ou Form 21 for the tax, penalty, and iuterest, and proceed to collect them by distraint, if necessary, as in case of other assessed taxes.
If the assessment has been abated the spirits will again be reported for assessment. Respectfully,

JOS. S. MILLER, Commissioner.
Attilla Cox, Esq., Collector Fifth District, Louiszille, Ky.
REVOCATION OF THE REGULATION PERMITTING SPIRITS TO REMAIN IN A DISTILLERY WAREHOUSE SEVEN MONTHS AFTER THE EXPIRAtion of the thlee years from the date of entry therein.

On thie 14th of August, 1885 , the following telegram was addressed to each of the nineteen internal-rerenue collectors who had already approved bonds (under authority conferred by Uircular No. 28\%), in which the time limited for delivering the spirits to the collector of castoms or on board of the exporting vessels was seven months.

After 15th iustaat, collectors of inturnal revenne must not approve transportation or exportation bonds covering spirits the tax on which is overdue under the terms of the warehousing bond nor approve bonds wherein the time specified for delivering the spixits at the port of exportation exceeds thirty days.

JOS. S. MILLER, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.<br>C. S. FAIRCHILD, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

A regulation embodying the decision embraced in the above telegram was publisbed in the following circular.
1885.-No. 128.-Circular No. 294.-Assessment and Exportation of Spirits.

> Treasury Department, Ofrice of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., August $15, \mathbf{1 8 8 5}$.

Hereafter collectors of internal revenue will decline to approve spirits transportation or exportation bonds where the time named in the boud for the delivery of the spirits at the port from which they are to be exported exceeds thirty days; and so much of Circular No. 282, dated Jauuary 3, 1885, as amends Regulations, Series 7, No. 4, by striking out the words "thirty days," in the condition of the bouds prescribed in Articles 10 and 11 thereof, and authorizes the substitution therefor of a time exceeding thirty days, is hereby revoked.
So much also of Circular No. 283, dated January 15, 1885, as authorizes collectors to approve bonds given for the transportation or exportation of distilled spirits filed with them after the expiration of the three years' time limited by the warehousing bonds, is hereby revoked; and collectors are directed to decline to approve transportation or exportation bonds covering distilled spirits after the expiration of the three years named in the warebonsing boud.

JOS. S. MILLER, $\underset{\text { Conmissioner. }}{\text {. }}$
Approved.
C. S. FAIRCHILD,

Acting Secretary.

## STOCK ON HAND, PRODUCTION, AND MOVEMENT OF SPIRITS FOR FIVE YEARS.

The following table shows the stock on hand, production, and movement of spirits for the fiscal years 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, and 1885:

|  | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. | $1885 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| Quantity of spirits actually in warehonses beginning of fiscal year. | 31, 363, 869 | 64, 648, 111 | 89, 962, 645 | 80, 499, 993 | 63,502, 551 |
| Quantity of spirits produced during fiscal year | 117, 728, 150 | 105, 853, 161 | 74, 013, 308 | 75, 435, 739 | 74, 915, 363- |
| Total | 149, 092,019 | 170, 501, 272 | 163, 975, 953 | 155, 935, 732 | 138, 417, 914 |
| Quantity of spirits withdrawn, tax-paid, during fiscal year | 67, 372, 575 | 70, 730, 180 | 75, 441, 087 | 78, 342, 474 | 67, 649, 321 |
| Quantity of spicits withdrawn for exportation during fiscal year | 15, 921,482 | 8,092, 725 | 5, 326, 427 | 9, 586, 738 | 10,671, 118. |
| Quantity of spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes, for use of United States. for transfor to manafacturing warehouse, destroyed by fire, allowed for loss by leakage in warehonses, scc ... | 1,149,851 | 1,715,722 | 2,708,446 | 4, 503,969 | 5,372, 559 |
| Total | 84,443, 908 | 80, 538,627 | 83, 475, 960 | 92, 433,181 | 83,692,998 |
| Quantity of spirits remaining in ware. honses at end of fiscal year.............. | 64, 648, 111 | 89, 962, 645 | 80, 499, 993 | 63, 502, 551 | 54, 724, 916. |

SPIRITS REMAINING IN WAREHOUSES AT THE GLOSE OF THE YEAR.
The following table shows the quantity remaining in distillery warehouses at the close of each of the seventeen fiseal years during which spirits have been stored in such warehouses:

| Date. | Quantity. | Date. | Quantity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. |  | Gailons: |
| Remaining June 30, 1869. | 16, 685, 166 | Remaiuing June 30, 1878. | 14, 088, 773: |
| Remaining June 30, 1870 | 11, 671, 886 | Remaiving June 30, 1879. | 19,212, 470 |
| Remaining June 30, 1871 | 6, 744, 360 | Remaining June 30, 1880 | 31, 363,869 |
| Remaining June 30, 1872. | 10, 103, 392 | Remaining June 30, 1881. | 64, 648, 111 |
| Remaining June 30, 1873. | 14, 650, 148 | Remaining June 30, 1882. | 89, 962, 645- |
| Remaining June 30, 1874 | 15, 575, 224 | Remaining June 30, 1883 | 80, 499, 993 |
| Remajning June 30, 1875 | 13, 179, 596 | Remaining June 30, 1884 | 63, 502, 551 |
| Remaining June 30, 1876 | 12, 595, 850 | Remaining June 30, 1885. | 54, 724, 916. |
| Remaining June 30, 1877. | 13, 091, 773 |  |  |
| * * |  | * | * |

SPIRINS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES NOVEMBER 1, 1881, NOVEMBER 1, 1882, OGTOBER 1, 1883, OCTOBER 1, 1884, AND OCTOBER 1, 1885.

Following is a statement of the quantities of spirits remaining in distillery warehouses November 1, 1881, November 1, 1882, October 1, 1883, October 1, 1884, and October 1, 1885:

| States. | Gallons. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. | 1885. |
| Alabama | 5,942 | 1,240 | 3,134 | 2,400 | 1, 847 |
| Arkansas | 14,253 | 8, 133 | 20,326 | 40, 422 | 38, 076 |
| California | 222, 382 | 332, 918 | 260, 148 | 124, 184 | 42,957 |
| Colorado... | 2,388 |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 25, 956 | 15, 394 | 6,866 | 13, 543 | 20,412 |
| Delaware |  |  |  |  | 708 |
| Georgia. | 22, 676 | 12, 020 | 62,254 | 39, 220 | 41,958 |
| Idaho. | 5,508 $1,905,620$ | - 6,894 |  |  |  |
| Illinois | 1, 905,620 | 2, 194, 383 | 1, 174, 012 | 1,535, 527 | 1, 383, 131 |
| Indiana | $1,879,907$ 4,756 | $1,664,021$ $+\quad 24,475$ | $1,235,690$ 19,038 | - 9688,910 | 1, 239,890 |
| Kansas. | 28, 319 | 34, 067 | 19, 288 | 81, 802 | 48,798 12,676 |
| Kentuck | 44, 644, 660 | 59,600, 469 | 52, 219, 174 | 35, 351, 017 | 29,558, 919 |
| Maryland | 3, 723, 706 | 4, 021, 007 | 3, 349, 798 | 2, 647, 133 | 2, 944, 563 |
| Massachusetts | 446, 254 | 471, 317 | . 403,205 | 542, 832 | 537, 851 |
| Montana |  |  | 131 | 2,796 | 446 |
| Missouri | 206, 612 | 162, 457 | 195, 316 | 262, 349 | 208, 600 |
| Nebraska | 198, 284 | 195, 203 | 164, 322 | 130, 042 | 81, 913 |
| New Hampshire | 29, 712 | 31, 490 | 32,407 | 31, 282 | 34, 080 |
| New Jersey | 187, 654 | 191, 978 | 142, 126 | 187, 170 | 61,836 |
| New York. | 281, 025 | 345, 066 | 942, 470 | 302, 127 | 439,547 |
| North Carolina | 137, 183 | 88,409 | 154, 151 | 189, 362 | 88, 953 |
| Ohio. | 3, 247, 868 | 3, 088,969 | 2, 758, 831 | 2, 036, 127 | 2, 120, 167 |
| Oregon |  |  | 2,022 | 8,383 | 16,058 |
| Pennsylvania. | 7, 683; 851 | 9, 464, 256 | 8, 056, 339 | 6, 723, 169 | 6, 140, 093 |
| South Carolina | 5, 677 | 2, 588 | 12, 532 | 17, 262 | 10, 149 |
| Tennessee. | 1,438, 385 | 1,362, 493 | 1, 527, 574 | ${ }^{1,408,658}$ | 1, 133, 955 |
| Texas | 8, 493 | 6, 434 | 6, 340 | - 7,033 | 8,498 |
| Virginia.... | 179, 107 | 191,039 | 224, 130 | 248, 951 | 234,006 |
| West Virginia | 854, 913 | 981, 881 | 857, 485 | 667, 972 | 614, 158 |
| Wisconsin | 51, 095 | 129, 730 | 163, 852 | 167, 563 | 94, 113 |
| Total | 67, 442, 186 | 84, 628, 331 | 73, 405, 361 | 53, 749, 246 | 47, 158, 358 |

Of the $47,158,358$ gallons of spirits remaining in warehouse October $1,1885,6,546,009$ gallons were covered by transportation or exportation bouds given under the provisions of Circular No. 282, dated January 3, 1885 , extending the period in transportation to more than thirty days and not exceeding seven months. The total quantity stamped for export under this circular up to October 1, 1885, was 11,039,307 gallons, of which there were tax-paid $3,297,301$ gallons, and actually withdrawn for export $1,196,007$ gallons, all of that withdrawn for export except -36,564 gallons having been so withdrawn since June $30,1885$.
distilled spirits in the united states october $1,1885$.
The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what may be in customs bonded warebouses, on the 1st day of October, 1885, was $90,107,026$ gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows:

|  | Gallons. |
| :---: | :---: |
| In distillery and specrial bonded warehouses. | 47, 502, 534 |
| In hands of wholesale liquor dealers | 15, 256, 792 |
| In hands of retail liquor dealers. | 27, 347, 700 |
| Total. | 90; 107,026 |

Gallons.
In distillery and special bonded warehouses 15, 256, 792
In hands of wholesale liquor dealers $90 ; 107,026$
In making the above computation the average stock of each retail liquor dealer in the United States is estimated at 150 gallons.

## OPERATIONS AT SPECIAL BONDED WAREEOUSES FOR STORAGE OF GRAPE BRANDY.

The following statement shows the quantity of grape brandy placed in special bonded warehouses, withdrawn therefrom, and remaining therein at the beginuing and close of the fiscal year ended June 30; 1885, in taxable gallons:
Remaining in warehonse July 1, 1884 : Gallons. Gallons. Gallons:
First district of California. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 263,578
Fourth district of California.................................... 118,764
Removed for export and unaccounted for July 1, 1884:
First district of California.......................................................... 268
382,610
Produced and bonded during the ycar:
Prodnced and warehonsed in first district................. 122, 176
Produced in forrth and warchoused in first district...... 52, 387
——— 174,563
Produced and warehoused in fourth district........................... 137, 634
312,197
Transferred from warehouses in fourth district to warehonses in first dis-
trict ..................................................................................................
702, 121
Exported and accounted for during the year:
First district of California ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 870
Removed, tax-paid, during the year:
First district of California....................................... 204, 418
Fourth district of Califorvia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .... . 86,843
291,261
Loss by regauge act of May 28, 1880 :
First district of California.......................................... 11,616
Fourth district of Califoruia.
6,818
309, 695
Removed for exportation and remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1885 :
First district of Califorvia................................................... 3, 317
Remaining in warehouses June 30, 1885 :
First district of California. ....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 225, 502
Fourth district of California.................................... 155,423

Transferred from warehouses in fourth district to warehouses in first district. $\quad 7,314$
702,121
Of the 312,197 gallons grape brandy bonded during the fiscal year, 122,176 gallons were produced in the first district and 190,021 gallons were produced in the fourth district of California.

The total product bonded was 111,465 gallons more than in the previous year, the amount removed, tax-paid, was 48,901 gallons more, and the loss resulting from regauge under the act of May 28,1880 , was 2,588 gallons larger than in 1884.
Of the quantity in warehonse June 30, 1885, 225,502 gallons were in the following warehouses in the first district of California:

Gallons.
No. 1. Bode \& Searle, at San Francisco .................................................. 115, 945
No.2. Juan Bervard, at Los Angeles. 38, 627

No.4. James M. Tierman, at San Gabriel Station....................................... 61, 665
And 155,423 gallons were in the following warehouses in the fourth district of California:

No. 1. E.B. Carroll, at Sacramento......................................................... 56,426
No. 2. John F. Boyce, at Santa Rosa . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 17, 519
No. 3. A. B. Purfurst, at Santa Helena ....................................................... 57 . 825
Digitized foNfRAS壬Ohn Tivnen, at Sonoma ................................................................. 23, 653

## EXPORTATION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AND SNUFF IN BOND.

The subjoined table shows, as removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1884, and July 1, 1885, the quantity, in pounds, of manufactured tobacco and snuff which had been removed for exportation in bond, and concerning which the proof of exportation required by law had not been furnished prior to the dates named:

| 1. Removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1884 : |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tobacco, at 16 cents tax, removed under'exportation bonds | 11,026 |  |
| 'Tobacco, at 8 cents tax, removed under exportation bonds | 747,645年 |  |
| 2. Removed during the year ended June 30, 1885: |  |  |
| Tobacco at 8 cents tax under exportation bonds.........12,054,015 $\frac{1}{8}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 12,054, 015 ${ }^{\frac{1}{8}}$ |
|  |  | 12,812,6865 |
| 3. Exported and accounted for during the year: |  |  |
| Tobacco at 16 cents lax under exportation bouds | 8,546 |  |
| Tobacco at 8 cents tax under exportation bonds. | 11, 770, 764 ${ }_{\text {年 }}$ |  |
| Tobacco at 16 cents tax paid on deficiencies | 400 |  |
| Tobacco at 8 cents tax paid on deficiencies | 605 |  |
| 4. Remaining unaccounted for at the close of the fiscal year June 30, 1885: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Tobacco at 16 certs tax under exportation bonds......... | 2,080 |  |
| 'robacco at 8 cents tax under exportation bonds.. | 1,030,291 |  |
|  |  | 1,032,371 |
|  |  | 12, 812, 686\% |

## EXPORTATION OF CIGARS AND CIGARETIES IN BOND.

| Number- | Number of cigars, at $\$ 3$ per M. | Number of cigarettes, at 50 cents per M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Removed and unaccounted for, June 30, 1884. | 72, 050 | 7,817,500 |
| 2. Removed duing the year ended June 30, 3885 | 1, 557, 550 | $104,811,420$ |
| . | 1, 629, 600 | 112, 628, 920 |
| -3. Exporterl and accounted for during the year ended June 30, $1885 . . . .$. | 1, 516, 200 | 103, 333,420 |
| 4. Remaining unaccounted for at the close of the year ended June 30, 1885. | 113, 400 | 9, 295, 500 |
|  | 1, 629, 600 | 112, 628,920 |
|  |  |  |

## DATE OF BONDS REMAINING UNACCOUNTED FOR JUNE 30, 1885.

The years in which the bonds were given for the exportation of the tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes remaining unaccounted for by the evidence required by law for their cancellation, on June 30, 1885, are as foflows, riz:

|  | Year. | - | Tobacco in pounds. | Number of cigars. | Number of cigarettes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 |  |  | 2,080 |  |  |
| 1884 |  |  | 17, 706 |  |  |
| 1885 |  |  | 1, 012, 585 | 113,400 | 9295,500 |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |

## INSPECTORS OF TOBACCO.

All packages of tobacco, suuff, cigars, and cigarettes, withdrawn from factories free of tax for exportation are required, under regulations made pursuant to law, to be inspected and to have export stamps affixed by inspectors of tobacco appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, under the provisions of section 3151 R. S., each inspector to be paid by the manufacturer such fees as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may prescribe.

Upon inquiry, having ascertained that certain inspectors of tobacco were receiving annual emoluments exceeding $\$ 3,000$, and that the income of others was nearly as large, the services not being of such a grade as would seem to warrant the compensation, 1 have reduced the rates of fees from 10 cents to 7 cents per 100 pounds as to tobacco ; from 3 cents to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents as to cigarettes; and from 20 cents to 10 cents as to cigars. Although in the cases referred to the lower rates of fees will afford adequate compensation to the officer for his services, in a majority of cases, however, they are inadequate for such a purpose. It further appears that in many cases the exportations are so light as to malse it exceedingly difficult to find suitable persons to take the office and furmish the $\$ 5,000$ bond required by the law.

Inspectors of tobacco are the only officers now in the internal revenue service who are paid by the citizens for whom the duty prescribed is performed. When the office was created the payment of tobacco taxes by stamps had not been devised, and the duties of inspectors were accordingly much more extensive than now. In order to obtain officers to perform the daties of inspecting the tobacco and marking and stamping it for export, it has beeu found necessary to appoint deputy collectors to be also inspectors of tobacco. This proceeding is deemed not to be illegal, but it is thought advisable not to have one person hold two offices.

I would therefore recommend that the office of inspector of tobacco be abolished, and that his duties be devolved upon the collectors of the districts where inspections of tobacco, snuff, cigars, or cigarettes for exportation are necessary; and that the exportations be made under such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe.

STATEMENTT of DRAWBACK of INTLRNAL-REVENUE TAXES ALLOWED on EXPORTED MERCHANDISE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

|  | No. of claims. | Proprietary articles.* | Tobacco. | Cigars. | Fermented liquors. | Distilled spirits. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltimore | 3 |  | \$23 12 | \$45 00 |  |  | \$68 12 |
| Chicago. | 1 |  |  |  | \$33 30 |  | 3330 |
| Milwaukee | 84 |  |  |  | 3, 42687 |  | 3,426 87 |
| New Orleans | 4 |  | 3200 |  | 7023 |  | 10223 |
| New York | 320 | \$46 66 | 42.40 | 11250 | 4,710 20 | \$2, 08080 | 6, 99256 |
| Philadelphia. | 1 |  | 1624 |  |  |  | 1624 |
| San Francisco | 144 149 |  | 2, 40204 | 74425 | 1,331 <br> 6,620 | 1,624 50 | 6, 10219 |
| Sant Louls |  |  |  |  | 6, 20 71 |  | 6, 62071 |
| Total | 706 | 4666 | 2,515 80 | 90175 | 16,192 71 | 3,705 30 | 23,362 22 |
| Allowed 1884 | 1,090 | 16,460 34 | 6; 135811 | 5,673 96 | 14,996 30 | 8,832004 | 52, 09841 |

[^11]
## MISCELLANEOUS ASSESSMENTS.

The following table shows the assessments made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1884, and June 30, 1885, respectively, and the increase or decrease on each article or occupation:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{. -} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Assessed during fiscal year ended-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Fiscal year ended \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \& June 30, 1884. \& June 30, 1885. \& Increase over 1884. \& Decrease from 1884. \\
\hline Tax on deficiencies in production of distilled spirits \& \$69, 17830 \& \$43, 51142 \& \& \$25,666 94 \\
\hline Tax on excess of materials used in the production of distilled spirits \& 3,43841 \& 1,391 52 \& \& 2,04689 \\
\hline Tax on deposits and capital of banks, bankers, and savings institutions other than national banks \(\qquad\) \& 55061 \& 1,297 17 \& \$746 56 \& \\
\hline Tax on circulation of banks and others........... \& 22861 \& 1,297 \& \$ 46 \& 22861 \\
\hline Tax on distilled spirits frandulently removed or seized, also taxes overdue. \& 8, 906, 40175 \& 7, 216, 38722 \& \& 1,690,014 5 \\
\hline Taxes on fermentcd liquors removed from brem. ery unstamped. \& 2,170 89 \& 7,13318 \& 4,962 29 \& \\
\hline Tax on tobacco, snuff, and cigars removed from factory unstamped. \& 20,569 09 \& 11,287 53 \& \& 9,281 56 \\
\hline Tax on proprietary articles removed austamped. \& -252 62 \& 11, 5000 \& \& 202 62 \\
\hline Assessed penalties........ \& \(\begin{array}{r}70,315 \\ 1,524 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 60,88328
73230 \& \& 9, 4319182 \\
\hline Unassessed and unassessable ponalties, interest, taxes previously abated conscience money, and deficiencies in bonded accounts which have been collected; also fines, peualties, and forfeitures, and costs paid to collectors by order of court or by order of Seoretary, and unassessable taxes recovered; also amount of penalties and interest received for validating \& \(\begin{array}{cc}1,524 \& 17 \\ \\ \cdots \& \\ \& \\ \& \\ \& \\ 284,18817\end{array}\) \& +

29198802 \& , 74985 \& <br>
\hline Special taxes (licenses) ....... \& 69,371 46 \& 48, 11109 \& , \& 21,260 37 <br>
\hline Tax on income and dividends \& 8, 03451 \& 4,105 67 \& \& 3,928 84 <br>
\hline Total. \& 9, 436, 22385 \& 7, 686, 82840 \& \& 1, 749, 39545 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

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## ASSESSMENTS FOR 1885.

The following statement shows the amount of assessments in each of the several States and Territories of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885 :

| States and Territories. | Amount. | States and Territories. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$7,724 36 | Montana and Idaho. | \$1,423 00 |
| Arkansas | 5, 18481 | Nebraska and Dakota. | 21, 33801 |
| California | 24, 41826 | Nevada and Utah | 26048 |
| Colorado and Wyoming | 3,755 91 | New Hampshire. | 2,255 98 |
| Connecticut | 1, 94619 | New Jersey...... | 7, 24672 |
| Delaware | 54931 | New Mexico and Arizona | 2,134 72 |
| Florida | 53251 | New York | 65, 67983 |
| Georgia | 15,347 77 | North Carolina | 53, 79663 |
| Illinois | 99,432 83 | Ohio. | 204,471 25 |
| Indiana | 37, 71434 | Oregon, Washington, and Ala | 1,265 55 |
| Iowa | 7, 37927 | Pennsylvania | 567, 84698 |
| Kansas and Indian Territory | 1,918 82 | Rhode Jsland | 1,029 49 |
| Kentucky | 5, 960,594 01 | South Carolina | 8, 18334 |
| Lonisiana. | 10,871 05 | Tennessee | 85, 13703 |
| Maine ${ }^{\text {Maryland }}$ | 2,060 61 | Texas. | 8, $6666^{\prime} 73$ |
| Maryland.... | 290, 06456 | Vermont | 75211 |
| Massachusetis | 16,461 09 | Virginia | 32,959 06 |
| Michigan | 6, 09535 | West Virgin | 101, 52964 |
| Minnesota. | 3, 05440 | Wisconsin | 10,785 05 |
| Mississippi | 1, 12209 <br> 7,839 26 | Total | 7, 686, 82840 |

The decrease of the assessments made during the past fiscal yearifrom the amount assessed in 1884 consists mainly in the assessments orm distilled spirits on which the tax became due after they had remainedr over three years in warehouse. This decrease of $\$ 1,690,014.53$ is occissioned by two causes:
(1) The 1 roduction of distilled spirits three jears ago was less thate it was four years ago.
(2) Large quantities of spirits on which the tax had become due weper bonded for export under the provisions of Circular No. 282, and werer suffered to remain in warehouse without payment or assessment of tasm for a period not excceding seven months.

In explanation of the decrease in assessments of tax for deficiencies: in the production of distilled spirits and excess of materials used, it may be said that a large amount of such taxes was abated under the provisions of the act of March 1,1879 , as ameuded, before the assessment was made. The amount so abated was $\$ 35,412.27$ for defieiency tax and $\$ 4,598.43$ for tax on excess of materials used in the productiom of distilled spirits.

The decrease in the assessment for special taxes is probably caused by the reduction made by Congress on certain special taxes or licensesc.

The other decreases and the few increases of assessments are not more than will constantly occur from year to year. I have the honor to be, very respectfilly,

JOS. S. MILLER. Commissionew.
The Hon. Secretary of the Trfasury. 2673 F——6

## REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

## REPORT

OF'

## THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Treasury Department, Office of Comptrolier of the Currency, Washington, December 1, 1885.

I have the honor to submit for the consideration of Congress, in compliance with section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the twenty-third annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency. During the year ending November 1,1885 , one handred and forty-five banks have been organized, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 16,938,000$; circulating notes have been issued to these new associations amounting to $\$ 4,274,910$. The following table gives the number of banks organized in each State and Territory during the year ending November 1, 1885, with their aggregate capital and circulation :

| States and Territories. | No. of banke. | Capital. | Bonds deposited: | Circulation issued. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | 1 | \$100, 000 | \$25, 000 | \$22, 500 |
| New Hampshire | 1 | 50, 000 | 13,000 |  |
| Vermont...... | 1 | 100, 000 | 25, 000 | 22,500 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 150, 000 | 37,500 | 33, 740 |
| New York. | 10 | 1,685, 000 | 790, 000 | 711, 000 |
| New Jersey. | \% | 150,000 | 65, 000 | 58,500 |
| Pennsylvania | 6 | 800, 000 | 182, 500 | 164, 240 |
| Delaware | 1 | 210, 000 | 50, 000 | 45, 000 |
| Maryland | 1 | 50, 000 | 12,500 |  |
| Virginia. | 1 | 400, 000 | 50, 000 | 45, 000 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 125, 000 | 50,000 | 45, 000 |
| Georgia. | 2 | 250, 000 | 71,000 | 18, 900 |
| Florida | 2 | 150, 000 | 55, 000 | 49,500 |
| Mississippi | 1 | 50, 000 | 12, 500 | 11, 240 |
| Texas.. | 7 | 590, 000 | 128,000 | 115, 190 |
| Arkansas | 2 | 300, 000 | 80, 000 | 72, 000 |
| Kentucky | 3 | 550, 000 | 140, 000 | 126, 000 |
| Tennessce | 2 | 100,000 | 25, 000 | 22, 490 |
| Missouni | 3 | - 250,000 | 155, 000 | 139,500 |
| Ohio . 2 | 7 | - 1,550,000 | 546,000 | 491, 400 |
| Indiana | 10 | 1, 050, 600 | 675,000 | 607, 500 |
| Illinoie ${ }_{\text {Michim }}$ | 10 | $2,508,000$ $1,865,000$ | 312, 000 | 280, 780 |
| Michigan. | 11 | 1, 865, 000 | 365, 500 | 328, 880 |
| Wibconsin | 3 | 150,000 350,000 | 65,000 164,500 | 58, 490 |
| Minnesota | 1 | 75, 000 | 19,000 | 131,100 |
| Kansas | 17 | 965, 000 | 241, 300 | 217, 120 |
| Nebraela | 14 | 710, 000 | 180,000 | 148, 390 |
| Oregon. | 4 | 275, 000 | 69,000 | 11, 250 |
| Coiorado | 2 | 300, 000 | 62,500 | 56, 250 |
| Utah... | 1 | 200, 000 | 50,000 | 45, 000 |
| Montana | 2 | 160, 000 | 40,000 | 36, 000 |
| Wroming | 1 | 50, 000 | 12,500 | 11, 250 |
| Dakota | 11 | 560, 000 | 140,000 | 81, 420 |
| Washington | 1 | 50, 000 | 12,500 | 11, 250 |
| California. | 2 | 150, 000 | 37,500 | 33,750 |
| Total | 145 | 16, 938, 000 | 4, 959,300 | 4, 274, 910 |

These banks are located by geographical divisions, as follows: Eastern States 4 banks, with capital of $\$ 400,000$; Middle States, 20 , with capital of $\$ 2,895,000$; Southern States, 21 , with capital of $\$ 2,425,000$; Western States, 76 , with capital of $\$ 9,473,000$; Pacific States, 8 , with capital of $\$ 725,000$; Territories, 16 , with capital of $\$ 1,020,000$.
Since the establishment of the national banking system, on February 25,1863 , there have been organized 3,406 national banks. Of these 432 have gone into voluntary liquidation for the purpose of winding up their affairs; 79 have gone into voluntary liquidation for the purpose of reorganization; 64 are in liquidation by expiration of their charter, of which number 38 have been reorganized; and 104 have been placed in the hands of receivers for the purpose of closing up their affairs; learing the total number in existence 2,727 , on November 1,1885 , which is the largest number that has been in operation at any one time.
The corporate existence of 864 national banks expired during the year ending November 1,1885 , of which 801 have been extended under the act of July 12, 1882. Forty-eight have permitted their corporate existence to expire, and are in liquidation under section 7 of said act ( 32 of which have been succeeded by other banks located in the same places, and with nearly the same shareholders), and 13 have been placed in voluntary liquidation by vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their stock, of which 7 were succeeded by other banks. The remaining 2 became insolvent, and were placed in the hands of receivers. The corporate existence of 14 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 4,450,000$, will expire during November and December of this year; and the corporate existence of 18 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 3,135,000$, will expire during 1886. Four national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 600,000$, have failed and been placed in the hands of receivers during the year.
Under the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, national banks with a capital of from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 150,000$ may be organized upon a minimum deposit of United States bonds equal to 25 per cent. of such capital. The minimum deposit of bonds required by law to be made by banks with a capital of upwards of $\$ 150,000$ is $\$ 50,000$. The following table shows the number of banks organized from July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1885, their capital stock, amount of bonds deposited in accordance with law, and the circulation issued thereon:

| Year. | Number of banks. | Capital. | Minimum bonds required. | Bonds actually deposited. | Percentage of excess. | Circulation issued. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Per cent. |  |
| July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1883.. | 251 | \$26, 55\%, 300 | \$5, 555,500 | \$7,116, 400 | 28 | \$6, 404, 760 |
| July 1, 1883, to July 1, 1884. | 218 | 19,944, 000 | 4,016,000 | 4, 676, 100 | 14 | 4, 208, 490 |
| July 1, 1884, to July 1, 1885. | 1.42 | 15, 205, 000 | 3, 061, 250 | 3,332, 800 | 8 | 2,099,520 |

An examination of the foregoing table shows that 611 banks have been organized between the dates above given, with a capital of $\$ 61,701,300$; that they have deposited $\$ 15,125,300$ of bonds, upon which circulation to the amount of $\$ 13,612,770$ has been issued. The minimum deposit of bonds, as required by law for said banks is $\$ 12,232,750$, and it will be seen that while the actual deposit has in the aggregate exceeded the minimum, yet this excess has steadily decreased during the three years covered by the table. The excess above the required minimum of bouds deposited from July, 1882, to July, 1883, was 28 per cent. of the total deposit. From July, 1883, to July, 1884, this excess was 14 per cent. only of the total deposit, and from July, 1884, to July,

1885, the excess was still further diminished to 8 per cent. This shows conclusively that the banks organized between the periods named have not been induced to enter the system on account of the profit to be derived from the issue of circulating notes, but because it was believed by their managers that they would have a better credit and standing witho the public under the national bank act than as State or private banks. 5]

It is also to be noted that the reduction by the act of July 12, 1882 of the minimum amount of bonds to be deposited by national banks of $\$ 150,000$ capital and under to one-quarter of their capital stock has had a tendency to increase the organization of small banks throughout the country. While the number of banks organized from July 1, $1879_{8}$, to July 1, 1882, with a capital of $\$ 150,000$ and under was 232 , the number of banks of this class organized from July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1885, was 548 . These small banks have in mang instances been organized to take the place of private banking firms and small State banks, particularly in the West, Northwest, and Southwest. It is believed that this change is to the advantage of the public, as the majority of these banks were previously carrying on a banking business without being subject to an examination of their affairs, and without the security given by the publication of sworn statements of their condition, to which supervisiors and requirement they will be subject under the national bank act.

Under the present law, the minimum deposit of bonds required to be made by the 2,714 national banks in operation in the United States ore October 1, 1885, would be but $\$ 30,970,423$ in order to continue as national banking associations. A table bas been prepared aud will be fonnd in the Appendix, showing for the national banks in each State, Territory, and reserve cities, the minimum amount of bonds required by law, the bonds actually held, and the circulation issued thereon October 1, 1885. This table also shows the increased amount of circulation which the national banks might issue in the event of the passage of a law authorizing them to issue circulation equal to the par value oti their bonds on deposit.

It is believed that the natioual banking system will be continued even if the associations organized under it cannot issue circulation at a profit, inasmuch as the experience under it has shown it is for the best interests of the public, as well as of the banks, that this business should obe carried on under a general law having effect throughout all the different States. This statement is made without prejudice to banks organized ander the statutes of those States which contain provisions and restrictions similar to those of the national banking law. In many of the States, however, the banking laws are defective, and it is evident that the legislation upon the subject cannot be homogeneous, nor the working of the laws so harmonious and aseful under statutes passed by thirty-eight States as under one general law of Congress applicable to all banking institutions.

EXTENSION OF THE CORPORATE EXLSTENCE OF NATIONAL BANKS
The original natioual currency act of February 25, 1863, provided in section 11 that banks organized under its provisions should have succession for a period of not exceeding twenty years from the date of said act, as follows:

[^12]Under the provisions of this act 488 banks were organized, of which 88 had ceased to exist prior to Jannary 1,1882 , leaving 400 still in operation on that date. Of these, 314 were extended under the act of July 12, 1882, 72 were succeeded by other associations with the same or different names, 12 went out by voluntary liquidation or expiraton of corporate existence without successors, and 2 were placed in the hands of receivers. The corporate existence of 297 . of these banks expired on Tebruary 25,1883 , and 270 were then extended; while 103 expired previous to that date, of which 44 were extended.

The national bank act of June 3,1864 , superseding that of February 25,1863 , provides in section 8 that each national bank shall have succession for twenty years from the date of its organization, that is, from the date of its organization certificate. This section was embodied in section 5136, Revised Statutes, now in force, which is as follows:

Upon duly making and filing articles of association and an organization certificate, the association shall become as fiom the date of execution of its organization certificate a body corporate, and as such and in the name designated in the organization certificate, it shall have power: First, to adopt and inse a corporate seal; secoud, to have succession for a period of twenty years from its orgavization, unless it is sooner dissolved according to the provisions of its articles of association, or by the act of its sharebolders owning two-thirds of its stock, or unless $\mathrm{j}_{\mathrm{t}}$ franchise becomes forfeited by some violation of law.

Anticipating the fact that a large number of national banks would expire by limitation during the years 1882 and 1883, the Comptroller of the Currency, in his annual report for 1881, recommended that an act be passed providing that any national bank might, with the approval of the Comptroller, at any time within two years prior to the date of expiration of its corporate existence, extend its period of succession for dwenty fears by amending its articles of association.

In accordance with this recommendation, a bill was introduced soon after the assembling of the Forty-seventh Congress, and was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency, and by that committee reported to the House, and after considerable discussion, passed on May $-30,1882$, by a vote of 125 to 67.*

The bill was amended in the Senate in many particulars, and passed that body June 22,1882 , by a vote of 34 to $14 . \dagger$ It subsequently passed the House July 10,1882 , upon a report of conference committee, Jeas 110 , nays 79 , not voting $101, \ddagger$ and received the approval of theo President July 12, 1882.

Prior to the passage of this act the right of shareholders of national Banks whose corporate existence was about to expire, to organize under the national bank act new associations with the same names, in orader to retain as far as possible their business and the prestige of their names, which had become known turonghout the conntry, was in doubt, and inasmuch as there was then no statute permitting the extension of their corporate existeuce, the opinion of the Attorney General was requested on this point, and on the 23 d of February, 1882, an opinion was giren, in which he said:

[^13][^14]As there was some uncertainty in regard to the passage by Congress of the act for the extension of the corporate existence of national bauking associations, fitty banks gave notice of liquidation, and in most instances new associations were organized with the same titles and the same stockholders as those which had been placed in liquidation. A proviso attached to section 5 of the act of Jnly 12, 1882, requires that in the organization of any banking association, inteuded to replace any existing banking association and retaining the name thereof, the holders of stock in the expiring association shall be entitled to preference in the allotment of the shares of the new association in proportion to the uumber of shares held by them respectively in the expiring association.

Uuder the act of July 12, 1882, nearly all of the banks then in existence which were organized under the act of February 25,1863 , ext unded their corporate existence during the following months:
July, $188 \%$. .......... ........................................................................ 6


October, 1882 ......................................................................................... . . . . 5
Novenber, 1882 ....................................................................................... . . . . 4
December, 1882 . ....................................................................................... 7
January, 1883 ........................................................................................... . . . . . 4
February, 1883* ..................................................................................... 2
February 25, 1883 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 270
Total............................................................................................ 314

Tbe whole number of banks organized under the act of Juve 3, 1864, to the date of the act of July 12,1882 , was 2,2166 , of which 450 had been closed, leaving 1,816 in operation on that date. The following table gives the number of these banks, the original periods of succession of which will terminate during each jear from 1886 to 1899 inclusive, with their capital aud circulation:


On Norember 1, 1885, 885 banks organized under the act of June 3, 1864, had been extended, making, with the 314 extensions of banks organized under the act of February $25,1863,1,199$ associations the corporate existence of which has been extended under the act of July 12, 1882. In the Appendix will be found a table showing the distribution and capital of these banks by States. During the year ending November 1, 1885, the periods of succession of 864 banks organized under the act of June 3,1864 , terminated. Of these, 801 hare already extended their corporate existence, 5 were placed in voluntary liquidation

[^15]by the rote of stockholders owning two-thirds of their stock, 15 were. permitted by their stockbolders to close at the end of their periods of saccessiou, 4 were placed in the hands of receivers, and 39 were succeeded by other associations with different names but with the same shareholders, wholly or in part. From November 1 to Deceinber 31, 1885,14 banks will expire, all of which have applied in due form for extension.

Awong the banks extended during the year were 30 in the city ot New York, with au aggregate capital of $\$ 35,350,000$, as well as a large number in Boston, Pbiladelphia, and other principal cities, being some of the largest banking institutions in the United States. It is also interesting to note that many of the banks extending during the past year were originally organized under the various state laws, and the continuation of their existence under the national banking system indieates their belief that it is for their best interests to do business under the general banking laws of the Uuited States.
The number, capital, and circulation of the national banks whose periods of succession terminated between November 1, 1884, and November 1, 1885, are shown by the following table, which also indicates the namber whose corporate existence has been extended, and the number which have expired and have been succeeded by other national banks:

| Date. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { bor } \\ \text { banks } \\ \text { that } \\ \text { have } \\ \text { expired. } \end{gathered}$ | Capital. | Circulation. | Number banks that haveextended. | Capital. | Circulation. | Number banks succeeded by other banks. | Capital. | Circala. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November. | 48 | \$16, 695, 150 | \$9, 635, 450 | 46 | \$16, 195, 150 | \$9, 545, 450 | 1 | \$200,000 | \$45, 000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & \quad 1885 . \end{aligned}$ | 110. | 40, 415, 240 | 22, 269, 290 | 100 | 38, 515, 240 | 22, 099, 640 | 3 | 1,850,000 | 157, 500 |
| January | 109 | 27, 549, 500 | 16, 420, 015 | 94 | 25, 054, 500 | 14,467, 365 | 11 | $2,145,000$ | 1,637,650 |
| February | 68 | 11, 576, 000 | 7, 021,940 | 66 | 11, 226, 009 | 7, 815, 740 |  |  |  |
| March .- | 126 | 32, 336, 350 | 17, 411,510 | 116 | 30, 946, 350 | 16, 507, 010 | 6 | 855, 000 | 567,000 |
| April. | 85 | 24, 941,970, | 13,082, 085 | 79 | 21, 266, 970 | 12, 704, 085 | 3 | 275,000 | 153,000 |
| May | 122 | 28, 507, 330, | 18, 931, 595 | 116 | 27, 807, 340 | 18, 496, 845 | 3 | 300, 000 | 202,500 |
| June | 139 | 50, 094, 915 | 20, 418,910 | 131 | 47, 660, 915 | 19, 877, 560 | 3 | 300, 000 | 176,850 |
| July | 24 | $4,91.5,000$ | 2, 047,800 | 21 | 4,265, 000 | 1,522,800 | 3 | 650, 000 | 525,000 |
| August | 14 | 1,951,000 | 1, 129,500 | 10 | 1,510,000 | \$91,000 | 3 | 375,000 | 184,500 |
| September. | 12 | 1,775,000 | 913, 950 | 9 | 1, 125,000 | 711,450 | 3 | 650, 000 | 202, 500 |
| October . . | 7 | 005, 000 | 729,000 | 7 | 905, 000 | 729,000 |  |  |  |
| Total | 864 | 241, 662, 4551 | 130, 911, 045 | 801 | 226, 492, 465 | 125, 367, 945 | 39 | 7,600, 000 | 3,851, 500 |

It will be seen from the foregoing statements that a larger number of national banks expired by limitation during the sear ending November 1, 1885, than have or will expire during any other year between the passage of the act of July 12,1882, and the year 1900.
The additional labor èntailed upon this office by the extension of so large a number of banks in so short a period of time has been very considerable, it being necessary in all instances to carefully examine the original articles of each association as well as the amendments and the siguatures of assent of the shareholders thereto. On account of section 6, which provides that new circulating notes shall be issued to each extended association, duplicate accounts have necessarily been opened upon the books of this oftice with every extended bank, and in accordance with the third section of the act it has been necessary that a special examination should be made of each bank to determine its condition, as before granting a certificate of approval for extension to any association
the Comptroller mustbe satisfied that its capital is unimpaired and that it is otberwise in a sound condition.

It appears to be a matter of congratulation to the friends of the national banking system that the associations, the original periods of succession of which bare terminated, have up to this time as a rule decided to continue in business, notwithstanding the fact that very littie if any profit can he made upon circulation under the present provisions of the law and the prevailing high prices of Government securities.

The provisions of the act for the extension of the corporate existence of national banks in the main appear to be admirably suited for that purpose. Those of the first and second sections, which provide that the period of succession may be extended by simply amending the articles of association, by the consent in writing of shareholders owning not less than two-thirds of the capital stock, are simple and easily carried out by the banks.

Section 3, which provides for a special examination of the association in order to determine its condition, is also well adapted for the purpose.

That part of section 4 which provides that the extended bank shall continue to be in all respects the identical association it was before the extension of its period of succession prevents any break or disturbance in its business, euables the bank to retain its surplus fund, and is especially useful in the matter of any litigation for collection of assets, title to property, \&c.

It would, however, appear that some of the provisions of section 5 might be amended with advantage to the public. Said section is as follows:


#### Abstract

SEC. 5. That when any national banking association has amended its articles of association as provided in this act, and the Comptroller has granted his certificate of approval, anj sharebolder not assenting to such amendment may give notice in writing to the directors, within thirty days from the date of the certificate of approval, of his desire to withdraw from said association, in which case he shall he entitled to receive from said banking association the value of the shares so held by him; to be ascertained by an appraisal made by a committee of three persons, one to be selected by such shareholder, one by the directors, and the third by the first two ; and in case the value so fixed shail not be satisfactory to any such shareholder, he may appeal to the Comptroller of the Currency, who shall cause a reappraisal to be made, which shall be fival and binding; and if said reappraisal shall exceed the valne fixed by said committee, the bank shall pay the expenses of said reappraisal, and otherwise the appellant shall pay said expenses; and the value so ascertained and determined shall be deemed to be a debt due, and be forthwith paid, to said shareholder, from said bank; and the shares so surrendered and appraised shall, after due notice, be sold at public sale, within thirty days after the fipal appraisal provided in this section : Provided, That in the organization of any banking association intended to replace any existing banking association, and retaining the name thercof, the holders of stock in the expiring association shall be entitled to preference in the allotment of the shares of the new association in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in the expiring association.


Provision is thus made to ascertain the value of shares of noi-assenting shareholders, by an appraisal to be made by a committee of three persons, one to be selected by the non-assenting shareholder, one by the directors, and a third by the first two. But if the bank does not beed the notice of withdrawal and declines to appoint a person to serve on the committee of apraisal, there is no penalty for such neglect, and apparently the sbareholder's only remedy is by a suit in some court of competent jurisdictiou. I therefore conclude that some provision should be made for the enforcement of this section. Provision is also made, in case the value of the shares fixed by the committee of appraisal is not satisfactory to the shareholder, that he may appeal to the Comptroller of the Currency, who shall, cause a reappraisal to be made, which shall be final
and binding. No provisiom is, however, made for an appeal on the part of the bank, where the valuation fixed by the committee is not satisfactory to it. I have to recommend, therefore, that the section be amended to obviate this defect.
'Provision is further made that after the appraised valne has been paid to the shareholder, as provided by law, and the sbares surrendered, the same shall, after due notice, be sold at public sale within thirty days after the final appraisal. It appears that in many cases thirty days is not sufficient time for the bank to realize a fair price for shares which it is thus compelled under the law to purchase, and inasmuch as section 5201 of the Revised Statntes provides that stock purchased or acquired to prevent loss upon a delit previously coutracted in good faith may be sold at any time within six months from the date of its purchase, at public or private sale, it would seem that the law should grant at least as loug a period for the sale of the stock which an association is compelled to take from a retiring stockholder under the act of exteusion, and the Comptroller recommends an amendment to this effect.

Section 6, which relates to the circulation of extender associations, is as follows:
Sec. 6. That the circulating notes of any association so extending the period of its succession which shall have beeu issued to it prior to such extension shall be redeemed at the Treasury of the United States, as provided in section three of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred aud seventy-fonr, entitled "An act fixing the amount of United States notes, providing for redistribution of national-bank currency, and for other purposes," and such uotes when redeemed shall be forwarder to the Comptroller of the Currency, and lestroyed, as now provided by law; and at the end of three years from the date of the cxtension of the corporate existence of each bank the association so extendel shall deposit lawful money with the Treasurer of the grited States sufficient to redeem the remainder of the circulation which was outstanding at the date of its extensiou, as provided in sections fifly-two hundred and twenty-two, fifty-two hundred and twenty-fonr, and fifty-two hundred and twenty-five of the Revised Statutes; and any gain that may arise from the failure to present such circnlating notes for redemption shall inure to the benefit of the United States; and from time to time, as such notes are redeemed or lawful money deposited therefor as provided herein, new circulating notes shall be issued as provided by this act, bearing such devices, to be approved by the Secretary of the Trasury, as shall make them readily distinguishable from the cisculating notes beretofore issued : Provided, however, That each banking association which shall obtain the benetit of this act shall reimburse to the Treasury the cost of preparing the plate or plates for such new circulating notes as shall be issued to $i t$.

It is respectfully submitted that more than three years should be granted within which to deposit lawful money to retire the remainder of the circulation outstanding at the date of extension. If this period sbould be extended to six years the necessary deposit would then be comparatively small. In the natural course of redemption the outstanding circulation of old design of exteuded associations is constantly being decreased, as all such notes redeemed are retired without regard to their fitnéss for circulation, notes of a new design, as provided by law, being issued in their place.

Upon reference to a statement heretofore made of the extension of the corporate existence of national banks organized under the act of February 25, 1863 , it will be noticed that 270 banks, with a circulation of $\$ 47,997,430$, were extended on Febrnary 25, 1883, and therefore lawful money must be deposited under section 6 within thirty days from February 25, 1886, to retire such portion of this circulation as then remains outstanding. From the redemptions of this circulation made in regular course, it has for some time been erident to the Comptroller that the amount of the final deposit required by this law to be made in
lawful money during the thirty days succeeding February 25, 1886, would be very large, and that this deposit of lawful money within so short a period would perbaps occasion some temporary disturbance at money centers, particularly as some time would necessarily elapse before new circulation to replace that retired could be issued by the banks.

In this connection I desire to call attention to a portion of section 9 , which provides that in the aggregate not more than three million dollars of lawful money shall be deposited by national associations during any calendar month in order to withdraw their circulating notes, except when bonds owned by the association shall be called for redemption by the Secretary of the Treasury. It does not appear that lawful money deposits made under section 6 are exempted from the provisions of section 9 referred to, and iuasmuch as the deposits under section 6 may at times exceed $\$ 3,000,000$ in any one month, there is an apparent contlict in the act. I therefore recommend that the time of deposit be extended. I also recommend that section 9 be so amended that its provisions shall not apply to the deposit of lawful money by extended associations.

In anticipation of the difficulty which might arise after February 25, 1886, from the apparent conflict of law referred to, and from the large deposit of lawful money; which, if not made before, would; by the law, be required to be made within thirty days following that date, the Comptroller, early in the present year, began to advise uational banks which would be required by section 6 to make deposits of lawful money on or before March 25, 1886, in order to prevent, if possibte, any dis. turbance, to make such deposits in advance, in sums of $\$ 10,000$ or wultiples thereof, extending them over a period of some months. These banis were also advised to order in advance the preparation of notes of new design, that they might be in readiness to be issued to replace the circulation retired by the deposit of lawful money under section 6. Early in August a printed circular letter embodying this advice was sent to all the national banks interested. Many of the banks so addressed have responded, and it is believed that the action of this office has had an excellent effect, aud that the amount of lawful mones to be deposited within thirty days after February 25, 1886, will be much less than if this action had not been taken.

If the only object of section 6 is to enable the United States to gain the beuefit from lost or destroyed notes, this object might hare been accomplished by simple enactment to this effect, without the expeuse of the issuance of new notes and the deposit of lawful money.

The extension of the franchises of expiring associations for the sole parpose of liquidatiug their affairs until closed, as provided for iu section 7, appears to answer its purpose.
The remaining sections of the act are for' purposes other than the extension of the corporate existence of national banks, and it is not necessary in this connection to make any statement in regard to their provisions.

At this date but two reappraisals hare been made of the stock of non-assenting shareliolders, under section five, by the Comptroller of the Currency.

## CIRCULATION.

Notwithstanding the fact that 145 new bauks were organized during the past year, with a capital of $\$ 16,938,000$, depositing $\$ 4,959,300$ of bonds as security for circulating notes, the aggregate of honds on deposit for that purpose has diminished from $\$ 325,316,300$ to $\$ 308,364,550$.
The following table gives the rations limuls and amounts of bonds
deposited by the banks to secure their circulatiug notes on November 1, 1883, November 1, 1884, and November 1, 1885.

|  | 1883. | 1884. | 1885. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three-and-a-halfs | \$632, 000 |  |  |
| Threes | 201, 327, 750 | \$155, 604, 400 | \$138, 920, 650 |
| Four-and a halfs | 41,319,700 | 49, 537, 450 | 49,547, 250 |
| Pacifio sixes | 3,463,000 | 3. 469, 00u | 3, 505. 000 |
| Fours | 106, 164, 850 | 116, 705, 450 | 116, 391, 650 |
|  | 352, 907, 300 | 325, 316, 300 | 308, 364, 550 |

By reference to this table it will be seen that the aggregate reduction of bonds deposited for the year ending November 1, 1885, was $\$ 16,951,750$. The changes were as follows: An increase of $\$ 36,000$ in Pacific currency sixes and of $\$ 9,800$ in the amount of four-and-a-half per cents deposited, a reduction of $\$ 313,800$ in the amount of four per cents beld, and a reduction of $\$ 16,683,700$ in the amonnt of three per cents held, payable at the option of the Government. Of the three per cents $\$ 9,586,200$ had beeu called for payment, and interest had ceased on November 1, 1884.*

The following tables show the decrease of national-bank circulation during the years ending November 1, 1883, November 1, 1881, and November 1,1855 , and the amount of lawful money on deposit at each of the dates named:
National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 188\%, including notes of national gold bauks................... Less lawful mioney on deposit at same date, including deposits of gold banks
\$362, 727, 747

38,423,404

National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1883, including notes of national gold banks

352, 013, 787
Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks

35, 993, 461
$316,020,326$
National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1884, including notes of national gold banks

333,559, 813
Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks

41,710,163
291,849,650
Net decrease of circulation
24, 170,676
National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1884, including notes of national gold banks

333,559, 813
Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks

41, 710, 163
291, 849, 650
National-bank notes outstanding November 1,1885, including notes of national gold banks

315, 847, 168
Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of ational gold banks

39, 542, 979
276, 304, 189
Net decrease of circulation
$15,545,461$

[^16]It will be seen that the banks held on November 1, 1884, $\$ 155,604,400$, and on November $1,1885, \$ 138,920,650$, of three per cents under the act of July 12, 1882, payable at the pleasure of the Government. The Secretary of the Treasury, during the sear ending November 1, 1833, paid $\$ 105,634,150$, and during the year ending November $1,1884, \$ 105,970,450$ of the public debt. In the latter year three per cents only were called. No bonds were called for the sear ending November 1, 1885. Reasoning upon the theory that the public debt would, during the year ending November 1,1885 , contiuue to be reduced by the payment of three per cent. bonds, and that this reduction would occasion the reinvestment of trust and other funds invested in threes, and cause a greater demand for and consequent increase in the price of four per cent. bonds to a point at which it would be more profitable for the national banks to sell them, the Comptroller estimated in his last aunual report to Congress, that unless legislation should be secured enabling the banks to issue currency at a fair profit, circulation would be reduced at the rate of at least $\$ 40,000,000$ per annum. It is beliered that this estimate would have been substantially correct had the Government continued during 1885 to call and pay the three per cent. bonds as rapidly as during the two previous years.

The reduction of circulation of national banks during the year ending November 1, 1885, for reasons other than the call of bonds by which it was secured, was greater than anticipated. The causes which have led to this result are small protit remaining to national banks on circulation after paying the tax of 1 per cent. per annuin imposed by the Government; reduction in the rates of interest throughont the country, occasioned by the abundance of money in the financial centers; and, doubtless, uneasiness among certain of the bankers of the country as to the outcome of the increase of silver in the Treasury, such increase indicating that possibly the interest on the public debt, and even some portion of the principal, might be paid in standard silver dollars, and that Government bouds might thereby become depreciated in foreign markets, which would undoubtedly affect their price in this country. The credit and standing of this country is deservedly higb, and it is not believed that the people desire either the principal or interest on the bonded debt of this country to be paid in anything but gold coin or its equivalent. This matter was discussed at the time the bonds were issued, during the period of the refunding of the debt, aud the preparations for the resumption of specie payments, and the conviction is general that the faith and credit of this Government is pledged for the payment of its securities in gold coin or its equivalent.

The Comptroller in his last annual report made the following statement:

[^17]revenues of the Government are bereafter reduced to a point which, after providing sufficient means for carrying on public business, will necessitate a more gradual reduction of the priucipal of the debt.

The measures introduced in the Senate and House of Representatives during the last session of Congress to enable national banking associations to issue circulation to the par value of the bonds deposited, and for the funding of the high-rate bonds of the United States into bonds bearing a lower rate of interest, did not become laws, the law taxing circulation was not repealed, and no legislation whaterer in relation to the national banks or the refunding of the public debt was enacted.

Tuless some measures be taken whereby the banks may be euabled to issue circulation at a reasonable profit to themselves, the contraction of national-bank notes will continue. The profit on circulation may be increased by the removal of the tax and by increasing the amount of currency issued to the par value of the United States bonds deposited; and the Comptroller again respectfully recommends appropriate legislation for that purpose. Eren if this be done, the national bank-note circulation is still liable to reduction and final disappearance with the reduction and final payment of the debt of the United States.

Upon examining the various metbods of issuing bank notes, adopted in other countries, and which are described elsewhere in the report, it will be seen that a large proportion of the issue of notes under the laws of the different Governments are based upon the credit of the banks-that is to say, they are issued against the general assets of the various institutions, and are not, as a rule, secured by special deposits or securities held in trust, or by coin or bullion set apart specially for the protection of the note-holder.

Irresponsible and illegitimate issues of bank notes hạve been common to almost all civilized countries, and financial disturbances hare again and again resulted from such issues, notwithstanding the attempts which have been made by many different Governments to correct the abuse.

Bank notes, which circulate as money among the people, should either be well secured by special deposit of valuable assets in trust, or the, should be issued only by corporations whose assets and management are of such a character as to insure the payment of the notes, and those corporations should be compelled by law to carry a sufficient reserve in the coin of the country for their prompt redemption. Under these circumstances only are bauk notes entitled to the confidence of the public. It is, of course, not to be expected that corporations or private bankers will issue bank notes, if the law requires them to be based upon the security of any form of debt and at the same time requires that an amount of coin or bullion equal to the notes issued shall be held by the issuing association for their redemption. There would be absolute loss on such an issue. But as long as a bank note is payable on demand by the issuer thereof, and the public are assured that it rests upon a stable foundation of secarity, either deposited in trust or vested in the issuer in such a manner as to secure its ultimate paynent, and as long as said note is protected by a reserve in proportion to the ordinary demands for coin when needed for dealings with foreign countries or the natural wants of trade, the public will use it as money on account of its greater sonvenience.

It being conceded that bank notes based upon coin or bullion will not be issued iu sutficient quantities for the convenieuce of the public, banks shonld be permitted to issue notes upon other securities for the con-
venience of trade and commerce. The debt of a strong Government is, next to coin or bullion, the most arailable for this purpose, and in this country up to this time the debt has supplied a safe and satisfactory basis for bank notes, but in riew of the anticipated payment of the public debt it becomes a question of interest how far bauk notes can safely be issued without other security than the general assets and credit of the banks. If the liability of shareholders on account of notes issued is increased, and note-holders are preferred as against all other creditors, circulating, notes might perhaps be issued by joint stock banks, under an improved safety fund system to a certain percentage of their capital, unsecured by a deposit of bonds.
'My predecessor, Mr. Knox, in bis report for 1883 said:

[^18]He proposed that a safety fund should be accumulated, (1) from the gain arising from the accidental loss or destruction of the circulating notes of national banks; (2) from the tax upon circulation; and (3) from interest to be derived at a low rate upon the fund on deposit in the Treasury for the purpose of redeeming the notes of national banks retiring circulation, which now amounts to more thau thirty-nine million dollars.

The amount available for a safety fund from the first source is estimated now to be not less than six million dollars, and the amount derived from the tax of 1 per cent. per annum on circulation during the year 1884 was more than three millions. Even if this tax for safety fund purposes should be fixed at one-half per cent., in the course of three years a safety fund would be in band amounting to more than ten millions of dollars.

The results of the liquidation of 104 national banks which have failed, and the affairs of which have been liquidated or are in process of liquidation by receivers under the direction of this office, show in a very interesting manner to what extent it may be safe to permit banks under the national system to issue circulation unprotected by a deposit of United States bonds. Of these 104 banks, 70 have been finally closed, and for them the results are absolute. The remaining 34 are still in process of liquidation, but have progrèssed so far that the final result can be estimated with comparative accuracy.

The divideuds paid to the creditors of all these banks from the proceeds of their general assets amount to $\$ 28,379,080$. They had an aggregate capital of $\$ 21,858,900$, upon which under the law they could, on deposit of bouds, issue 90 per cent., or $\$ 19,673,010$ of circulation. If at the time of their failure the law had permitted an issue of circulation to the amount of 90 per cent. of capital, unsecured except by a first lien on general assets of the 104 banks mentioned, the note-holders of 58 wonld have experienced no loss. If the law had authorized an unsamured issue,
equal to 70 per cent. of capital, the notes of 71 of these banks would have been redeemed from the proceeds of their general assets. At 40 per cent., the notes of 90 would have been paid in full, and upon an unsecured issue of 25 per cent. of capital.* loss to note.holders would have occurred in the case of fire banks only, or about $\$ 62,000$ in all.

The experience with these 104 banks shows almost conclusively that if their issues to the amount of 65 per cent. of their capital had been secured by a deposit of bonds to an equal amount, the remaining 25 per cent. might have been issued withont other security than a first lien on the general assets, and if a safety fund had been in existence it would in the case cited have been drawn upon to the extent of $\$ 62,000$ only upon a circulation amounting to $\$ 5,464,700$. For a beginning, therefore, it might be safe to authorize banks to issue circulation amounting to 90 per cent. of their capital, 70 per cent. to be secured by an equal amount of United States bonds at par value, the remaining 20 per cent. being issued without other security than a first lien on such assets. But if the law should provide for the accumulation of a safety fund in the manner suggested, then as such safety fund increased, the percentage of circulation ansecared by bonds might be increased, as the diminution of the public debt might require and the safety fund warrant.

Such legislation would have the effect of maintaining bank-note circulation, and prevent its being superseded by Government issues, which an authority as bigh as Alexander Hamilton bas said "are of a nature so liable to abuse, and it may even be affirmed so certain of being abused, that the wisdom of the Government will be shown in never trusting itself with the use of so seducing and dangerous an experiment."

While the bank-note circulation of this country is steadily decreasing, there has been no reduction in the total circulating medium in the United States, the reduction in the national-bank currency outstanding having been more than met by the coinage of the standard silver dollar and the issuance of certificates thereon.

The number of silver dollars coined under the provisions of the act of February 28,1878 , amounted to $\$ 213,259,431$ on November 1, 1885, of which $\$ 163,817,342$ remained in the Treasmry of the United States, while $\$ 49,442,089$ were in circulation on that date.

Under section 3 of the act mentioned above, silver certificates have been issued, which are represented by standard silver dollars in the Treasury of the United States, to the amount of $\$ 125,053,286$. Of the silver certificates so issued $\$ 31,906,514$ remain in the Treasury of the United States, leaviug $\$ 93,146,772$ of these certificates in circulation on November 1, 1885. Through the operation of the act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal-tender character, the circulating medium issued by the Government of the United States has been increased in the sum of $\$ 213,259,431$, of which $\$ 49,442,089$ in standard silver dollars are in the hands of the people, and $\$ 70,670,570$ of like coins are in the Treasury of the United States, in addition to $\$ 93,146,772$ of said standard dollars which are represented by silver certificates in the hands of the people, and which can be converted into

[^19]standard dollars at the pleasure of the holder, and are receivable for customs, taxes, and all public debts.

Under section 12 of the act of July 12,1882 , said certificates, when held by any uational banking association, are to be counted as a part of its lawful reserve, and national banks are forbidden to be members of any clearing-house in which said certificates shall not be receivable in the settlement of clearing-house balances. These certificates are redeemable in silver dollars, but have no legal-tender quality between individuals or between banks, although national banks are compelled to accept them in settlement of clearing-house balances. It hardly seems just or equitable that national banks should be compelled to receive these certificates under these conditions, when banks organized under State laws, and privāte individuals, are not compelled to receive them when tendered.

The Comptroller in his last report to Congress stated that he believed the operation of the present law, which compels the coinage of two. million standard silver dollars per month, weighing only $412 \frac{3}{2}$ grains each, with unlimited legal-tender quality, would erentually bring financial disturbance upon the country, and he is still of the same opinion.

Referring to silver certificates, the following suggestions were also made in the Compiroller's last report:


#### Abstract

If it is for the best interests of the United States to issue a circulation based upov silver, the Comptroller believes that the circulation should be issued upon coin or bullion which contains a sufficient unmber of grains of silver to have an intrinsic value equal in the markets of the world to its nominal valne; and that under certain restrictions and regulations it would be far more correct in principle to issue silver certificates based upon a deposit of silver bullion, to be valued in the exact proportion of silver to gold, than to continue the issue of certificates under the present law.

These reflections are upon the theory, held by many, that it is for the best interests of this country to maintain a cinculation based upon silver. The Comptroller doubts the correctness of this theory, but it is submitted that the circulation now outstand ing hased on silver is a depreciated currency, by the issue of which the Goveroment has gained at the expense of the people who now hold the silver dollars and certificates, and that therefore it is incambent on the Government, if it continnes to issue circulation based upon silver, to do so under a plan which will not ouly provide a sound circulation for the future, but also prevent the holders of the present certif: cates and dollars from sustaining loss.


As the silver question is more unsettled than it was at the time the foregoing was written, not only in the United States but elsewhere, it seems doubtful if this Government should attempt to issue a circulation based upou silver, even at its bullion value, until the relative value of this metal is more definitely settled throughout the world. The discontinuance of the coinage of the silver dollar by our Government might perhaps have a tendency to dring about some agreement with other nations, and the fixing of a standard for a series of years; it is however evident that the coinage of the staudard silver collar under the present law is in excess of the requirements of the country, and should be discontinued. If we coutinue to add these dollars to our circulating medinm, and they continue to accumulate in the Treasury, the Government must of necessity pay some portion of its obligations in that coin; and if the Government should pay its interest and other obligations and redeem its bonds in standard dollars, the business of the country would immediately go to a silver basis. What effect this would have it is difficult to predict. It would appear, however, that gold would go to a premiun, which would compel its being held, to a certain extent, as an article of merchandise, and it would not circulate as money. This would probably occasion contraction in credits and financial disturbance. The effect upon the legal-tender notes, which by the terms of
section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, appear to be redeemable in gold, cannot well be foreseen, but it would be difficult for the Government with its present stock of gold to redeem the outstanding legal-tender notes, or such portion of them as might be presented, if gold was held at a premium. Inasmuch as the national-bank notes are redeemable in legal-tender notes, their position would be determined by the status of the latter.

The substitution of standard silver dollars and silver certificates based thereon, in place of bank notes, which is takiug place under the provisions of law now in force, evidently requires consideration and appropriate legislation.

## BANK-NOTE ISSUES OF OTHER GOUNTRIES.

Macleod, in his exhaustive work on the Theory and Practice of Banking, states that-
"The circulating medium of any country is-
(1) Coined money-gold, silver, and copper.
(2) Paper currency, viz, promissory notes and bills of exchange, with all their variety.
(3) Small debty of all sorts, such as credits in bankers' books, called deposits, book delts of traders, and private debts between individuals."

Bank notes come clearly within the second classification, and are merely promises on the part of the bank to pay on demand a sum of money. Unless otherwise provided for, this sum is payable in the coined money of the country where the note is issued. The metallic money in which the note is redeemable on demand is that issued by the government of the conntry or State, and authenticated as to weight and fineness by its mints.

- In the earlier days of banking, promissory notes of joint-stock banks, private bankers, and merchants were all on the same footing as inland bills of exchange, that is to say, they were all transferable by indorsement. Under the present system of issuing bank notes, payable on demand to bearer, they pass in ordinary business transactions from hand to hand as a circulating medium in the same manner as coined money.

The commercial transactions of the world have grown to be so enormous, and the use of bank notes therein so universal, that most Governments, recognizing the necessity of making the security for fulfillment of these promises as substantial as possible, have enacted laws whereby they are issued under certain restrictions and regulations, in order that the public, many of whom are unable to discriminate between the different issues of the banks, may not suffer loss by receiving what is supposed to be an equivalent of money. Either securities are required to be deposited in trust, as under the national bank system, or set aside and held in the bank, as in the case of the Bank of England, or the issues are regulated by the condition of the assets, the amount of capital paid in, and the amount of coin on hand. Very ofteu the law provides that the circulating notes shall be a first lien upon all the assets of the bank, and sometimes a direct guarantee of payment of bank notes is given under conditions by the Government.

Since the passage of the national currency act in 1863 , the entire vank-note circulation of the United States has been secured by a deposit of Government bonds with the Treasurer of the United States, and owing to the care with which this precaution has been exercised the general public scarcely realize that these notes are simply promises redeemable on demand, and not money.

As at some time in the future the redemption and payment of the public debt of the United States will probably make it necessary to issue bank notes upon the basis of some other security, it will be useful to examine the various methods of issuing and securiug bank notes under the laws of the principal commercial nations of the world, in order that the experience of other comntries nay be made available for the welfare of our own. A system which is successful in one country or nation may not be adapted to other countries, but from the experience of all, valuable deductious may be drawn.*

ENGLAND,
Bank-note circulation in England is regulated by the act of Parliament of 1844, which provides for the issuance by the Bank of England of $£ 14,000,000$ of bank notes through an issue department, to which was to be transferred $£ 14,000,000$ in Government securities, and also that the banks of issue, consisting of joint-stock and private banks other than the Bank of Eugland, in existence at the date of the act, should not thereafter be permitted to issue notes except to the amount they then had in circulation, issued by them and outstanding. [u other words, the actual circulation to which each of these banks was to be entitled under the act, was to be arrived at by taking the average amount of circulation in each case for twelve, weeks prior to April 27 of that year, and under this regulation the maximum issue by provincial banks-that is, banks in Eugland outside of Loudon, not including those of Scotland or Irelandwas then fixed at about eight and three-quarters million pounds. Under certain conditions these banks of issue which were in existence iu May, 1844, might cede their privilege of circulation to the Bauk of England for a fixed consideration of 1 per cent. per annum to August 1, 1856, and the privilege of issue of any of these banks was forfeited in case of failure to exercise it, of bankruptcy, or certain changes in the constitution of their partnerships. The Bank of England was authorized to issue its own notes for the full amount of the circulation of other banks compounded for, and by order of Crown in council, to two-thirds of the amount of lapsed circulation.

The total amount of issues lapsed or compounded for since 1844 by the country banks is about two and three quarters million pounds, leaviug the present anthorized circulation of such banks at about six million pounds, or $\$ 30,000,000$. It is estimated that the actual circulation of these English provincial bauks, that is of the banks other thau the Bank of England, laving privilege of issue, is but four per cent. of their entire liability to the public. By the issue of its own notes in place of the lapsed and surrendered circulation mentioned, the circulation of the the Bank of England, based on Government securities, has been increased

[^20]from $£ 14,000,000$ to over $£ 15,000,000$. The circulation of the jointstock and prisate banks of issue of England is bàsed entirely upon their general credit; that is to say,'it is not based upon securities or bullion specially deposited or held as in the case of the Bank of England, but upon the aggregate assets of the institutions. These banks nake weekly returns of their outstanding circulation to the Government, from which it appears that not more than one-half of the notes they are authorized to issue are in actual circulation. The total amount of notes of the Bank of England, issued on the security of the Government debt, is at this time $£ 15,750,000$ or about $\$ 78,750,000$. ${ }^{\circ}$ This bank, in addition, is permitted to issue notes equal in amount to the bullion or coin which is transferred to and held in the vaults of the issue department of said bauk. Of the coin and bullion held, 25 per cent. may consist of silver. It is to be noted, however, that very seldom is any circulation of the bank issued upon silver.

The Bank of England is compelled to receive from any person tendering it, bullion in exchange for notes at the rate of $£ 3,17 s$. and $9 d$. per ounce of gold 11-12 fine. Under these provisions the amount in bank notes issued varies from time to time by the receipt or withdrawal of gold. The only tax paid by the bank against its issue of circulation is for the privilege of issuing $£ 15,750,000$ against securities of the Government, and for this privilege and the exemption from stanp duty the bank pays to the Government an annual sum of about $£ 200,000$.*

Bank of England notes were, by the third sectiou of the act of Parliament of 1833 , made legal tender between all parties, except where the bank itself is one, so long, and so long ouly, as the bank pays them in gold coin on demand.

The act of 1844 declares that the notes of the Bank of England in circulation, including those held by the banking department, shall be deemed to be issued on the credit of such securities (coin and bullion) so appropriated and set apart to the said issue department.

Altbough the act of 1844 only permits the issue of Bank of England notes under the present situation of country bank issues to the amount of $£ 15,750,000$, except on a deposit of coin or bullion, during the crisis of 1857 and in 1866 this statatory provision was suspended and the

\footnotetext{

* The following table, talken from page 553 of appendix to report from the select committee of Parliament on the banks of issue, will give some idea of the profits to the Bank of England from its issue department:


## RECEIPTS.

 PAYMENTS.

| Composition, in lieu of stamps. | 60,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Her Majesty's exchequer | 138,578 |
| Country bankers (lapsed issues) | 18,860 |
| Bank-note paper. | 18,022 |
| Wages, pensions, rent, macbinery, and general charges | 147,300 |
| Balatuce of profit | 107;708 |
|  | 490, 468 |

The average profits on bullion for the ten years, 1865 to 1874 , were $£ 14,900$ per annum.
Bank of England, July 27, 1875.
hank was permitted further issue of notes in order to supply a circulating medium to avert financial trouble and distress, and it is believed by many that this course would' be pursued again if occasion demanded it.

From information communicated to the State Department by the minister of the United States to Great Britain, it appears that the amount of bank notes ontstanding in Englaud on December 31, 1884, was-


SCOTLAND AND IRELAND.
By the act of Parlianent of 1845, the privilege of issuing notes on the part of the existing banks in Scotland and Ireland on their own account was continued to the amount of their outstanding circulation. The privilege of additional issue is granted to these banks upon the basis of gold coin or bulliou to the nominal or par value of the notes issued, and in this respect they have the advantage of the English provincial banks. By the terms of the acts under which English, Scotch, and Irish banks were permitted to continue their issue of circulation, unsecured by a deposit of gold or bullion, the liabilities of the individual shareholders of said banks to the general public were unlimited so far as the bauknote circulation was concerued. It seems to be the opinion of all authorities who have examined the subject that Scotch and Irish banks have no securities especially held against their issues.

From information communicated to the State Department by the minister of the United Slates to Great Britain, it appears that the amonot of bank notes outstanding in Scotland and Ireland on December 31, 1884, was-


## CANADA.

The general banking act of Canada was passed in 1871, and hassince been amended in many particulars. Its effect has been to bring under one uniform system of restrictions and privileges all of the chartered banks in the Dominion, with the exception of a few banks, which, prior to the passage of the general banking act, had been working under special charters. Some of these banks were permitted to retain certain special privileges, which they held under their old charters.

Under the general banking law of Canada none but chartered banks are permitted to issue notes. The bank notes of a bank outstancling at any one time must never exceed its unimpaired paid up capital. Monthly returns of the condition of each bank are made to the Government, and if these reports show excessive issues, fiues are imposed as follows: $\$ 100$ for an excess of $\$ 20,000$ or less; $\$ 1,000$ for an excess between twenty and one hundred thousand dollars; $\$ 5,000$ for an excess between one hundred and two hundred thousand dollars; and for an excessive issue of over $\$ 200,000$ a fiue of $\$ 10,000$ is exacted. There is, therefore, some inducement to make small over-issue in stringent times, as the comparatively light peualty might be offset by the profit, while excessive and rash overissues are restrained by penalties firtually prohibitory. No
notes can be issued by the banks for less than $\$ 5$, nor for any denomina tion except $\$ 5$ or some multiple thereof.
In ease of insolvency, the notes are a first charge upon all the assets of the bank. There appears to be no special security whatever. The shareholders are, however, liable, first, for any amount not paid up on their subscribed stock, and, second, for a further amount equal to their subscribed stock. Suspension of payments in gold or Dominion notes for ninety days constitutes insolvency. The directors may, after payment of notes has been suspended six months, call on the stockholders: without regard to assets on hand.
No particular amount of cash reserve is required, this apparently being left to the judgment and discretion of the management; but of the cash reserve kept, one half, if practicable, and never less than 40 per cent., must be in Dominion notes.
The banks may have branches and offices, and notes may be issued and made payable at any of them, but each bank must receive its own notes at any of its different brauches or offices, although they need not redeem them in gold or Dominiou notes except at the place where the notes are payable. Banks are required to make not less than $\$ 60$ of any one payment in Dominion notes of denominations of one, two, and four dollars, if so requeste $d$.
The Dominion notes mentioned are notes of the Government. The first idea in regard to them appears to have beeu to have them supplant the use of bauk notes, as the first act in regard to Dominion notes was entitled "An act to enable bauks in any part of Cauada to use notes of the Dominion instead of issuing notes of their own." This act was passed in 1868, but was radically amended in 1870 . The act of 1870 authorized the issue of these notes on the security of debentures of the Dominion and specie held for the redemption of the notes by the re-ceiver-general. The portion of specie held was to be not less than 20 . per cent. The first amount authorized was $\$ 5,000,000$, but this might be increased by order in council under certain conditions to $\$ 9,000,000$, the security for redemptiou being the same. Debentures or stock were authorized to be issued and delivered to the receiver.general, to enable him to keep the required security for the notes issued. To keep the necessary proportion of specie, this ofticer was anthorized to dispose of debentures. If Dominion notes in excess of the amount authorized were at any time outstandiug, the receiver general was required to hold specie to the full extent of this excess in addition to the required security for the authorized issues.

The latest act (1880) permits an increase, when authorized by order of council, to a sum not exceeding $\$ 20,000,000$. This act fixes the security to be held, at 25 per cent. in specie and Dominion securities guaranteed by the Government in England (not less than 15 per cent., however, to be in specie), and 75 per cent. in Dominion debentures authorized by Parliament. The whole amount outstandiug on August 31, 1885 , was $\$ 17,469,380.83$. Of this, over $\$ 6,000,000$ were in denominations of less than $\$ 5$, and over $\$ 10,700,000$ in denominations of $\$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000$. The notes are issued in fractional parts of a dollar, and in denominations of $\$ 1, \$ 2, \$ 1, \$ 5, \$ 10, \$ 20, \$ 50, \$ 100, \$ 500$, aud \$1,000.

The banks of Canada held on August 31, 1885, $\$ 6,823,000$ in specie and $\$ 12,421,270$ in Dominion notes, while at the same date the receivergeneral held $\$ 3,989,767$ in specie as against $\$ 17,469,380$ Dominion notes outstanding.

Banking in Australasia is carried on under the Scotch system, and the only security for circulating uotes issued consists of the general assets of the banks. The Australasian bauks, however, hold in bullion and specie a larger reserve against their liabilities, incloding circulation, than is the case in Scotland or England.
In 1840 the council of New South Wales passed an act requiring from all banks of issue a quarterly statement. The other colonies, as they were established, adopted the sanse law. An article by Natbaniel Cork, in the thirty-serenth volume of the Journal of the London Statistical Society for March, 1874, gives valuable information regarding banking in Australasia and statistics compiled from the quarterly statements, from which it appears that the outstanding bank-note circulation in 1872-73 of the banks of issue in the colonies of New South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand, South Australia, and Tasmania was $£ 3,410,000$. 'The coin reserve held was over 25 per cent. on all liabilities.
A curious fact connected with the bank-note circulation of the colonies, especially that of Victoria and New South Wales, is the large proportion of $£ 1$ notes issued, being 57.2 per cent. of the whole issne in the former and 50.99 per cent. in the latter. It appears that the profits on this circulation are not large, as taxes are imposed on the note issues in circulation in all the colonies excepting South Australia and Western Australia. Edwin Brett, in his article on the history of banking in Australasia, read before the Bankers' Institute, Loudon, October 18, 1882, states the rate of taxation in Queensland to be 3 per cent. and in the other colonies to be 2 per cent. per aunum. He also calls attention to the fact that although Australasia is a land of gold, and two branches of the royal mint are actively engaged in converting the precious metals into coin, bank notes still constitute the chief circulating medinm in all the colonies.
It appears from the June, 1885, number of the Australasian Insurance and Banking Record, published at Melbourne, that banking in the Australasian colonies has been much extended since 1873, but that the increase in note circulation has been moderate compared with the general iucrease in the banking business.

A bill was introduced in the New Zealand Parliament, in 1885, providing that bank notes issued in that colony should be a first charge upon the assets, within the colony, of the issuing bank. From appearances, this bill is likel to become a law.

FRANCE.
Bank notes are issued ouly by the Bank of France; it having in 1848 absorbed all previously existing issues and become the sole issuing bank in France, with branches in the principal towns. The issue of notes of the Bank of France is controlled by the council or directory, who are compelled to report to the Government from time to time. The Government, however, does not appear to interfere with the bank issue, except to see that the legal powers conferred in its charter are not violated. At times, however, the Government has guaranteed or secured a temporary or excessive issue. The notes of the Bank of France are therefore based upon the security of the general assers of the bank, which are at times re-enforced by a loan on the part of the Government of its credit.

The Paris correspondent of the Loudon Economist of June 28, 1879, holds that there is no limitation of the circulation of the bank by its
statutes. During the times that specie payments have been suspended, and when the Government has permitted the issne of unconvertible notes or forced currency, a limit is always fixed to such issue.
From informatiou commonicated to the State Department by the minister of the United States to France, it appears that notes of the Bank of France are legal tender, and are redeemable at sight, either in gold or silver five-franc coins, at the option of the bank (silver coins of smaller denominations being legal tender only to the extent of 50 francs).

On October 1, 1885, as shown by the returns of the Bank of France, the notes in circulation amounted to $2,786,051,930$ francs, the bank holding at that time cash amonnting to $2,265,636,553$ francs, of which $1,162,987,434$ franes was gold and $1,102,649,419$ francs silver.

## GERMANY.

On the 30th of January, 1875, the existing bauking law was passed, and the Imperial or Reichsbank was established. By thisact itappears that the Reichsbank, so far as its issue of notes is concerned, takes, to some extent, in Germany, the place that the Bank of England occupied upon the passage of Peel's act of 1844 . Uuder the present bankiug act of the German Empire, seventeen of the banks in existence on the 30th of January, 1875, were permitted to continue their issue of notes to the aggregate amount of about $\$ 27,000,000$. In the apportioument of circulatiou between the Reichsbank, or Imperial Bank of Germany, and the other banks of issue, about $\$ 62,000,000$ was alloted to the Imperial Bank, and to this was added certain issues of fitteen other banks which had forfeited their right of issue by lapse of charter, voluntary renuuciation of the right of issue, or by decision of the Government. Under the presentact, banks other than the Reichsbank issuing notes in excess of the limit prescribed, except when protected by cash secutity, are compelled to pay an annual tax of five per cent. on such excess. The anount of notes free of duty; that is, not incurring this five per cent. tax, is quoted every week in the German papers. The Imperial Bank appears to have the right of unlimited issue under the control of the Imperial Debt Commissioners, and under the present act has practically the control of the issuance of bank notes throughout the Empire. The singular provision in regard to the annaal tax of five per cent. on circulation, issued in excess of securities deposited, is, no doubt, intended to permit additional issues in times of financial distress. How far this expedient will meet the end for which it is evidently intended, has never, it is believed, been practically tested. The Imperial Bank is compelled to hold an amount equal to at least one-third of all its issues in German coin, imperial legal-tender notes, gold bars or foreign coin; the remaining two-thirds of its issues must be represented by discounted bills having not more than three months to run.

## AUSTRIA.

The exclusive right of note issue of the Empire of Austria was conferred on the Austro Hungarian Bank, with a charter extending from the 1st of Julg, 1878, to the 31st of December, 1887. This bank was the ontgrowth of the forced currency of the Austrian Empire, Austria having contracted liabilities to the national bank, prior to 1878, in the amount of $\$ 40,000,000$.

The notes of the Austro-Hungarian Bapk are redeemable in the coin of the realm, at its two head offices in Vienna aud Budapest, and in case notes are not so redeemed within twenty-four hours after demand the
bank forfeits its charter. The bank is authorized to issue $\$ 100,000,000$ of notes without security being deposited in trust, but is compelled to maintain sufficient reserve to meet demands under the penalty above stated. The bank also has the privilege of issuing additional circulation upon the security of gold or silver bullion, and also appears to be permitted to issue notes against miscellaneous security. The exclusive privileges granted the bank seem to be compensated for byits relations to the Empire. It is compelled atall times to buy the mint pound of silver, coin or bullion, with 45 florins in bank notes, and forward this bullion for coinage. It must also furnish notes of such denominations as are desired by the public in exchange for other denominations of its issue. It is compelled to accept the Government issues of currency as money, these issues forming a debt of the country similar to our legal-tender notes. The bank, however, has the right to issue its own motes on the security of the Governmeut currency, the same as on coin or bullion. The circulation of Austria consists of a trifle less than one-half of notes of the Austro. Hungarian Bauk and the balance in uotes issued by the Gọvernment.

## BELGIUM.

The issue of bank notes is confined to the National Bank, which has a charter for thirty years from January 1, 1873. While the Government reserves the right to extend the privilege of issue to other banks, and while theoretically bank notes may be issued by any individual, firm, or company (except a corporation of limited liability), the notes of the Natioual Bank are legal tender to the Goverument, which controls its issues and business, and on account of this feature the bank really has the monopoly of issuing bank notes. The security to the note-holders rests principally upon the Gorernment supervision of the bank, the investment of a certain portion of its capital and reserve in Gorerument fuuds, and its being compelled under the act to hold coin or bullion to one-third of its total liabilities to the public (deposits and notes outstanding).

This reserve may, however, under the authority of the Government, be reduced to 25 per cent. of its liabilities. There appears to be no limit to the issue of circulation.

## NETHERLANDS

The Nederlandsche National Bank enjoys the monopoly of issuing bank notes in the Netherlands. This bank was founded in 1814. Its present charter dates from 1864 , for a period of twenty-five years. The bank issues two classes of notes, one class amonnting to about $\$ 4,000,000$, covered by the Government debt. This issue is called state notes. Bank notes of the National Bank proper are issued without any fixed maximum limit. The bank, however, is compelled to carry at least 40 per cent. of gold coin or bullion against the aggregate liabilities to the public for deposits on call and bank notes.

## DENMARK.

' The Bauk of Copenhagen has the exclusive privilege of issuing bank notes in Denmark. They may be issued apparently without limit, and rest upon the security of the general assets of the bank. Against the
first $\$ 8,000,000$ of notes issued, the bank must hold good and easily convertible assets to the amount of 50 per cent. of their issue. For any excess over the $\$ 8,000,000$ the bank must hold a metallic reserve consisting of legal tender, coin, goid bullion, and foreigu coin, and way hold silver bullion and silver foreign coin not exceeding one-third of the whole reserve. The metallic reserve is not permitted under the actin any case to fall below three eighths of the whole circulation. From information obtained through the Department of State, the bank notes outstanding in Denmark on December 31, 1884, amounted to $73,000,000$ crowns, or about $\$ 19,500,000$.

## NORWAY.

The Bank of Norway (Norgesbank), whose charter dates from 1816, has the exclinsive privilege of note issue in Norway. This charter may be annulled by act of the Storthing, confirmed by the King. Modifications of charter have taken place from time to time. The bank has the privilege of issuing unsecured notes in proportion to its capital. It is permitted to issue two-and-a-half times its original capital, and also issues twice the amount of an increase of capital made in 1818, and one-and-a-half times its increased capital of 1842 and 1863. It also issues 150 per cent. of notes against its surplus fund, and a further amount of notes equal to its gold on hand. The proportion of secured to unsecured notes is about fifteen to ten. The notes of the Bank of Norway are redeemable in gold and are a full legal tender. In consideration of the privilege of issue the Government participates in the profits, and the bank appears to be practically an institution of the State, and the shareholders have no voice in its management. The Goverment does not guarantee the issue, although it would no donbt protect it, on account of its relations to the bank. Theoretically the notes are secured by the reserve of coin and bullion, the capital, reserve fund, and assets of the bank. From information obtained througb the Department of State the bank notes outstanding on December 31, 1884, amounted to $38,983,500$ crowns, or over $\$ 10,000,000$.

## SWEDEN.

The Riksbank, or Bank of Sweden, was founded in 1656, and Mr. Palgrave, in his Journal of the Statistical Society, March, 1873, page 117, claims for Sweden the invention of the bank note, the Riksbanis being founded, as it will be seen, forty years prior to the Bank of England.

The Bank of Sweden has a circulation of about $\$ 10,000,000$, which is unsecured, except that the bank is compelled to keep a certain reserve as security to the note-holder. The matter of reserve appears to be well provided for, as its reserve of gold or silver coin or bullion must at no time be less thau about $\$ 4,100,000$, and such gold and silver as is deposited abroad or such cash as it has at call with foreign banks and companies is also beld against its circulation. This regulation has been at times suspended, in something the same manner as the Peel act of 1844 has been in England. For more than six months in 1869 the reserve was below the minimum required by law, and in 1873 the issue of notes exceeded the prescribed limits. There are other banks of issue in Sweden, known as Enskilda banks, whose organization appears to be in the nature of a private partnership, the liabilities, however, being somewhat limited. They issue circulation under certain
remulatious and restrictions, being compelled before issuing notes to deposit in a place of public safety 25 per cent. of their capital which has unlimited liability (the partners and shareholders in these banks being divided into unlimited and limited liability shareholders). No notes can be issued against the limited capital until 75 per cent. of such capital is deposited. In addition to the notes issued upon these deposits, bank notes may be issued on coin and notes in hand, gold and silver bullion, upon such balance as the Enskilda Bank may have with the Riksbank or Bank of Sweden, and also upon approved securities. This class of bank notes must notexceed 50 per.cent. of the entire capital. The regulations for issue of bank notes in Sweden appear to have been carefully considered. Upon a bank meeting with loss which impairs its capital 10 per cent. and reduces its reserve, the association is compelled to liquidate.

## RUSSIA.

Bank notes are issned in Russia exclusively by the Imperial Bank, which was chartered in 1860 with a capital of about $\$ 12,000,000$. By its charter it has the exclusive issue of bank notes in Russia for twenty-eight years. The Imperial Bank seems to have no limit to its issue of circulation. The increase of its circulation, however, is usually made in response to the requirements of the Government wheuever an exigency or a deficit in the annnal revenue occurs. The bank appears to furnish a paper circulating medium to the Government in addition to the amount previously issued, which, finding its way into the channels of trade, produces inflation. In 1873 the bank had ontstanding upwards of $\$ 600,000,000$ of bauk notes, against which it held as specie reserve only about $\$ 43,000,000$. On November 1,1879 , it is estimated the circulation was upwards of $\$ 900,000,000$. This circulating medium was then worth in gold about 60 per ceut. of its face or nominal value.

## SWI'TZERLAND.

Notes are issued in Switzerland bẏ banks of two clàsses-Cantonal and joint-stock banks. (See London Baukers' Magazine, December, 1878.) The issucs are unlimited. In 1879 the entire issue of thirty-five - banks was about $\$ 20,000,000$. Notes are received between banks, and business interchanged under an agrecinent, the interchange being carried on in something like the manner that business of a clearing house is conducted. In some states of Switzerland banking appears to be free from restriction in regard to the issue of bank notes, which ase subject to a tax of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum. Note-holders of the banks of Switzerland have no preference over other creditors. The present issue of bank notes, as appears from information furnished to the Department of State, was over $\$ 25,000,000$ on December 31, 1884.

## ITALY.

In order to eliminate from the circulating medium of the country the large amount of illegal and badly-secmred issues of bank notes which then existed, the law of April 30, 1874, was passed, after an elaborate examination into methods of other countries in dealing with the same subject. This act limited the emission of bank notes to six associated banks, which were requiced to issue $\$ 200,000,000$ of notes to the Government of Italy, the Government paying interest on the amount of notes
so loaned, and the banks being liable for their paynent ratably to their capital. This issue of notes was for the purpose of taking up certain Government loans, and each of the associated banks was permitted in addition, for its own use, to put out a certain amount of circulation which might be regulated by the Government to 40 per cent. of the capital of the bank. The associated circulation is practically the debt of the Government, as Government securities equal in amount thereto were issued to and held as security by the associated banks for the loan of this circulation to the Government. The notes issued by the banks in their individual capacity are redeemable in coin or in the association notes. Banks are compelled to report to the Government full particulars in regard to their issues.

## SPAIN.

Bank notes are issued in Spain ouly by the Bank of Spain, with the head officeat Madrid, which has between twenty-five and thirty branches. The bank is permitted to issue notes to three times its capital, which are issued entirely on its credit. The bank is required to keep a reserve of 33 percent. of its note issue in coin or ballion. The notes, theoretically, are pajable in gold on demand, but a considerable proportion of its issue appears to be simply promises to "pay to bearer," the words "on demaud" or "presentation" having been left ont, and no statement is made as to whether or not the note is payable in gold or silver. The bank does not readily redeem its notes. They have been at a discount in Madrid and the circulation is somewhat limited.

## PORTUGAL.

Bank notes are issued in Portugal by the Bank of Portugal, and circulate principally in Lisbon and Oporto. There are other banks of issue also in those cities, as well as in several of the smaller towns, whose circulation is not so generally current in business transactions. The Bank of Portugal has peculiar privileges, and contends that other banks have no right to issue circulation. The charter of this bank expired in 1876, and it exists only under a provisional renewal. Its notes are payable in gold on demand, with the exception of a small portion which are payable in silver and copper. These last circulate in Lisbou only, where copper is legal tender to one-third of all payments. The English sovereign is legal tender in Portugal. Note-holders of the Baink of Portugal are not better secured than the other creditors of the bank. The bank notes outstanding in Portugal on December 31, 1884, as reported to the Department of State, was $\$ 6,303,000$.

## JAPAN.

Bank notes are issued in Japau by banks organized under a national bank act similar in terms to that of the United States. The first regulations of this act were issued in 1872, and were revised and amended in September, 1876. There were, on June 30, 1882, 148 national banks in operation in Japan, with 110 branches. These banks had at that. date outstanding circulating notes to the amount of $34,358,868$ yen.* There is also one so-called specie bank at Yokohama. This bank has the privilege of issuing "silver notes" to the extent of a million and a

[^21]half yeu. It apparently had outstanding in 1882, notes to the amount of 294,520 yen. The notes issued by the national banks are secured by a deposit of Government bonds, and the banks are under the supervision of the Banking Bureau of the Imperial Finance Department of Japan. The operation of the national bank act appears to have been of service to the country, and the notes issued by the banks circulate freely througbout the Empire.

On the 27th of June, 1882, the Goverument of Japan establishedean institution to be known as the Bank of Japan, with a charter limited to 30 years, and a capital limit of $10,000,000$ yen, business to be confued to non-hazardous transactions, and the bank required to transact such Government financial business as it shall be directed to perform. The issue of bank notes is prohibited for a time. The organization of this bank is similar to that of the Belgium State Bauk. Its president is appointed directly by the Emperor, the Goverument subscribing for one-half of its capital. It is evident that the intention is that this bank shall at some time in the future issue circulation under the direction of the Government.

## AMOUNT OF INTEREST-BEARING FUNDED DEBT IN THE UNITED STATES AND THE AMOUN' HELD BY NATIONAL BANKS.

The public debt reached its maximum on August 31, 1865, at which time it amounted to $\$ 2,845,907,626$. More than twelve hundred and seventy-five millions of this debt were in temporary obligations of the Government, of which eight hundred and thirty millions bore interest at 7.30 per cent. per annum. The average rate of interest on seventeen hundred and twenty-five millions of the debt at that date was 6.62 per cent. This large amount of temporary obligations was funded within the three years which followed the close of the war, chiefly into six per cent. bonds. The six per cent. bonds were gradually reduced during the year 1869 and the seven years following, by payment and refunding into five per cents. The six per ceuts, together with the five per cents, were subsequeutly rapidly replaced by four and one-half and four per cent. bonds, which were authorized to be issued by the act of July 14, 1870. In the year 1881 all of the unredeemed five and six per cent. bonds, amounting to $\$ 579,560,050$, were continued payable at the pleasure of the Government, with interest at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., by agreement with the holders. The act of July 12, 1882, authorized the refunding of the three and one-halfs into three per centsp; and since its passage all of these bonds have been converted into three per cents. No call has been made. by the Secretary during the year ending November 1 for the payment of any portion of the threes, and the amount of each class of bonds making up the entire interest-bearing funded debt has but slightly changed during the past year. On June 30, 1885, the total registered bonds of the United States amounted to $\$ 1,071,460,262$, of which. sum $\$ 11,927,900$.only was held in foreign countries.

The report for 1879 and subsequent reports contain tables exhibiting the classification of the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States and of the bonds beld by the national banks for a series of years, and also tables showing the amonnt estimated to be held by savings banks, trust companies, etc.

The following table is again presented, and exhibits the amount of the outstanding bonds of the Government, which represent the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States and the classification of the same on the dates named:


Pacific sixes amounting to $\$ 64,623,512$, the Navy peusion fund, amounting to $\$ 14,000,000$ in 3 per cents, the interest upon which is applied to the payment of maval pensions exclusively, and $\$ 223,800$ of refunding certificates, are not included in the table.

## SECURI'Y FOR CIRCULATING NOTES.

The operations of the Treasury Department for a series of years hare largely reduced the amount of interest receivable by the national banks on the bouds owned by them and deposited in trust with the Treasurer of the United States to secure their circulation, owing to the payment of a portion of the public debt and the many changes made in the classes of United States bonds by refunding or extension of the different 1 issues of five and six per cent. bonds to bear interest at 4t, 4, 31, and 3 per cent. Eigliteen yeare ago the banks had on deposit, as security for circulation, $\$ 327,000,000$ in United States bonds, of which amount $\$ 241,000,000$ bore interest at 6 per cent. and $\$ 86,000,000$ at 5 per cent.; and on July 1,1882 , they held $\$ 227,000,000$ of three and one-half per cent. bonds. The five and six per cent. bonds disappeared in the year 1881 from the list of these securities with the exception of $\$ 3,500,000$ of Pacific sixes, and since that year the three and oue-half per cents have entirely disappeared. Un November 1, 1885, more than 45 per cent. of the amount pledged for circulation consisted of bonds bearing interest at 3 per cent. ouly, and the remainder, with the exception of $\$ 3,505,000$ of Pacifics, bear interest at the rate of four and four and one half per cent. The arerage rate of interest now paid by the United States on the bouds deposited as security for circulating notes is a little more than 3.6 per cent. upon their par value.

The amount and classes of United States bouds owned by the banks, including those pledged as security for circulation and for pubic de-
posits on the 1st day of July in each year since 1865, and upon November 1 of the present year, is exhibited in the following table:

| Date. | United States bonds held as security for circulation. |  |  |  |  | United States bonds held for other purposes at nearest date. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grand } \\ & \text { total. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6 per cent. bonds. | 5 per cent. bonds. | $4 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. bonds. | 4 per cent. bonds. | Total. |  |  |
| July 1,1865 | \$170, 382, 500 | \$65, 576, 600 |  |  | \$235, 959,100 | 155, 785, 750 | \$391, 744, 850 |
| July 1, 1866. | 241, 083, 500 | 86, 226, 850 |  |  | 327, 310, 350 | 121, 152, 950 | 448, 463, 300 |
| July 1, 1867. | 251, 430, 400 | 89, 177, 100 |  |  | 340, 607, 500 | 84, 002, 650 | 424, 610, 150 |
| Jaly 1, 1868. | 250, 726, 950 | 90, 768, 950 |  |  | 341, 495, 900 | $80,922,500$ | 422, 418, 400 |
| July 1, 1869 | 255, 190, 350 | 87, 661, 250 |  |  | 342, 851, 600 | 55, 102, 000 | 397, 953, 600 |
| July 1, 1870 | 247, 355, 350 | 94, 923, 200 |  |  | 342, 278, 550 | 43, 980, 600 | 386. 259, 150 |
| Jaly 1, 1871 | 220, 497, 750 | 139, 387, 800 |  |  | 359, 885, 550 | $39,450,800$ | 399, 336, 350 |
| July 1, 1872 | 173, 251, 450 | 207, 189, 250 |  |  | 380, 440, 700 | 31, 868,200 | 412, 308, 900 |
| July 1, 1873 | 160, 923, 500 | 229, 487, 050 |  |  | 390, 410, 550 | 25, 724, 400 | 416, 134, 130 |
| July 1, 1874 | 154, 370, 700 | 236, 800, 500 |  |  | 391, 171, 200 | 25, 347, 100 | 416, 518, 300 |
| Jaly 1, 1875 | 136, 955, 100 | 239, 359, 400 |  |  | 376, 314, 500 | 26, 900, 200 | 403, 214, 700 |
| July 1, 1876 | 109, 313, 450 | 232, 081, 300 |  |  | 341, 394, 750 | $45,170,300$ | 386, 565, 050 |
| July 1, 1877. | 87, 690,300 | 206, 651, 050 | \$44, 372, 250 |  | 338, 713, 600 | 47, 315, 050 | 386, $0 \leq 8,650$ |
| July 1, 1878 | $82,421,200$ | 199, 514, 550 | 48, 448, 650 | \$19, 162, 000 | 349, 546, 400 | $68,850,900$ | 418, 397, 300 |
| July 1, 1879 | 56, 042,800 | 144, 616, 300 | 35, 056, 550 | 118, 538, 950 | 354, 254, 600 | 76, 603,520 | 430, 858, 120 |
| July 1, 1880 | 58, 056, 150 | 139, 758, 650 | 37, 760, 950 | 126, 076, 300 | 361, 652, 050 | 42, 831, 300 | 404, 483,350 |
| Jaly 1,1881 | $\begin{gathered} 61,901,800 \\ \text { Continued } \\ \text { at } 3 \& \text { per } \\ \text { cent.: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 172, } 348,350 \\ \text { Continued } \\ \text { at } 3 \frac{1}{2} \text { per } \\ \text { cent: } \end{gathered}$ | 32, 600, 500 | 93, 637, 700 | $360,488,400$ | 63,849, 950 | 424, 338,350 |
| July 1, 1882 | $25,142,600$, | $\begin{array}{r} 202,487,650 \\ 7,402,800 \end{array}$ | $32,752,650$ | 97, 429, 800 | 357, 812, 700 | 43, 122, 550 | 400, 935, 250 |
| Jaly 1, 1883 | 385, 700 \{ | 3 per cents. 200. 877, 850 | $\{39,408,500$ | 104, 954, 650 | 353, 029, 500 | 34, 094, 150 | 387, 123, 650 |
| July $1,1884$. |  | 172, 412, 550 | 46, 546, 400 | 111, 690, 900 | $330,649,850$ | 31,203, 000 | 361, 852, 850 |
| July 1, 1885 | 3, 520, 000 | 142, 240, 850 | $48,483,050$ | 117, 901, 300 | 312, 145, 200 | 32, 195, 800 | 344, 341, 000 |
| Nov. 1, 1885 | 3, 505, 000 | 138, 920, 650 | 49,547, 250 | 116, 391, 650 | 308, 364, 550 | 31, 780, 100 | $340,144,650$ |

The following table shows the authorizing act for each class of bonds held by the Treasurer as security for the circulating notes of the national banks on the 1st day of November, 1885:

| Class of bonds. | Authorizing act. | Rate of interest. | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per cent. |  |
| Funded loan of 1891. | July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871. | 41 | \$49, 547, 250 |
| Funded loan of 1907. | ..... do .............. do | 4 | 116,391, 650 |
| Fanded loan of July 12, 1882 | July 12, 1882. | 3 | 138, 920, 650 |
| Pacific Railway bonds ..... | July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864 | 6 | 3,505, 000 |
| Total |  |  | 308,364, 550 |

The profits on national bank circulation based on 4 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds are very small, after paying the annual tax of 1 per cent. Attention is particularly called to carefully prepared tables by Mr. E. B. Elliott, Government Actuary, which appear in the Appendix, ${ }^{*}$ in relation to the average price of the 4 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. United States securities for the year ending September 30, 1885, and computations based thereon showing the annual profit on circulation during the same period.

[^22]2673 F——8

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS FOR ELEVEN YEARS.

The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks for eleven years, at nearly correspouding dates, from 1875 to 1885 , inclusive:

|  | $\left(\begin{array}{l} \text { Oct. } 1, \\ 1875 . \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 2, \\ & 1876 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1877 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 188 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. 2, } \\ & 1879 . \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Oct. } 1, \\ 1680 . \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1881 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Oct. } 3, \\ 1882 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 2, \\ & 1883 . \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Sep. } 30 \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1885 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2,087 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,089 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,080 \\ \text { bauks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2,053 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,048 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,090 \\ & \text { banks. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,132 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2,269 \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2,501 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,664 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,714 \\ \text { bank.s. } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | sfillions. | dillions. | Arilions. | dillions | Minltions. | Millions. | Mrillions. | arilion |  |  |  |
| Loans | 984, 7 | 931.3 | 891. 9 | 834.0 | 878.51, | 1, 041.01 | 1, 173.8 | 81, 243. 2 | 1, 309. | 1, 245.3 | 306. 1 |
| Bonds for circulat'n | 370.3 | 337.2 | 336.8 | 347. 6 | 357.3 | 357.8 | 363.3 | 357.6 | 351. 4 | 327.4 | 307.7 |
| Other U. S. bonds. | 28.1 | 47.8 | 45.0 | 94.7 | 71.2 | 43.6 | 56. 5 | 37.4 | 30.7 | 30.4 | 31.8 |
| Stocks, bonds, \&c | 33.5 | 34.4 | 34.5 | 36.9 | 39.7 | 48.9 | 61.9 | 66.2 | 71.1 | 71.4. | 77.5 |
| Dae from bank | 144.7 | 146.9 | 129.9 | 138.9 | 167.3 | 213.5 | 230.8 | 198.9 | 208.9 | 194. 2 | 235.3 |
| Real estate | 42.4 | 43.1 | 45.2 | 46.7 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 47.3 | 46.5 | 48.3 | 49.9 | 51.3 |
| Specie. | 8.1 | 21.4 | 22.7 | 30.7 | 42.2 | 109.3 | 114.3 | 102.9 | 107.8 | 128.6 | 174.9 |
| , Legal tender notes | 76. 5 | 84. 2 | 66.9 | 64.4 | 69.2 | 56.6 | 53.2 | 63.2 | 70.7 | 77.0 | 69.7 |
| Nat'l-bank notes | 18.5 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 16.9 | 16.7 | 18.2 | 17.7 | 20.7 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 23.1 |
| C. H. exchanges | 87.9 | 100.0 | 74.5 | 82.4 | 113.0 | 121.1 | 189.2 | 208.4 | 96.4 | 66.3 | 84.9 |
| U. S. cert. of deposit. | 48.8 | 29.2 | 33.4 | 32.7 | 26.8 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 14.2 | 18.8 |
| Due from U.S. Treas. | 19.6 | 16.7 | 16.0. | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 17.7 | 14.9 |
| Other resources | 19.1 | 19.1 | 28.7 | 24. 9 | 22.1 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 33. 8 | 36.9 |
| To | 1,882. 2 | L, 827.2 | 1,741. 1 | 1,767.3 | 1,868.8 | 2, 105.8 | 2, 358. 4 | 2,399. 8 | 2, 372.7 | 2,279.5 | 2,432.9 |
| liabilities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 504.8 | 499.8 | 479.5 | 466.2 | 454.1 | 457.6 | 463.8 | 483.1 | 509.7 | 524.3 | 527.5 |
| , Surplus fund | 134.4 | 132.2 | 122.8 | 116.9 | 114.8 | 120.5 | 128.1 | 132.0 | 142.0 | 147.0 | 146.6 |
| Undivided profits | 53.0 | 46.4 | 44.5 | 44.9 | 41.3 | 46.1 | 56.4 | - 61.2 | 61. 6 | 63.2 | 59.4 |
| Circulation. | 319.1 | 292.2 | 291.9 | 301.9 | 313.8 | 317.3 | 320.2 | 315.0 | 310.5 | 289.8 | 269.0 |
| Due to depositor | 679.4 | 666.2 | 630.4 | 668.4 | 736.9 | 887.91 | 1, 083.1 | 1, 134.9 | 1, 063. 6 | 993.0 | 1, 120.1 |
| Due to banks | 179.7 | 179.8 | 161.6 | 165.1 | 201.2 | 267.9 | 294.9 | 259.9 | 270.4 | 246.4 | 299.5 |
| Other liabilities | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 10.8 |
| Totals | 1, 882. 2 | 1, 827.2 | 1, 741.1 | 1,767.3 | 1, 868.8 | 2, 105.8 | 2, 358.4 | 2,399.8 | 2, 372. 7 | 2, 279.5 | 2,432.9 |

The different items of resources and liabilities in the preceding table indicate that the business of the national banks daring the past seven years has generally iucheased, having been larger during the past year than at any period since the organization of the national banking system. The items of United States bonds and circulation have decreased., It also appears from the table that the aggregate liabilities of the national banks to depositors aud correspondents, which were reduced during the previous year upwards of 94 millions, have increased during the present year more than 180 millions.

The table also shows that during the same period the national banks increased their cash resources by about 46 millions of specie, and decreased the same by about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ millions of legal tenders and United States certificates of deposit for same.

The following table is an abstract of the resonrces and liabilities of the national banks at the close of busiuess on the 1st day of October, 1885, the condition of the New York City, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other reserve city bauks being tabulated separately from the other banks of the country:

|  | New York City. | Boston, Philadel. phia, and Baltimore. | Other reserve. cities.* | Country banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 banks. | 105 banks. | 98 banks. | 2,467 banks. | 2,714 banks. |
| Resources. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and discounts | \$236, 823, 598 . | \$218, 424, 271 | \$151, 435, 438 | \$694, 471, 997 | \$1, 301, 155, 304 |
| Overdrafts | 66, 314 | 61, 902 | 322, 583 | 4, 537, 888 | 4, 988,687 |
| Bonds for circulati | 12,566. 500 | 40, 009, 950 | 24, 070, 700 | 231, 009, 900 | 307, 657, 050 |
| Bonds for deposit | 820,000 | 675, 000 | 4, 788.000 | 11, 174, 000 | 17, 457,000 |
| United States bonds on | 4. 265,800 | 419,500 | 2,510, 200 | 7, 133, 900 | 14, 329, 400 |
| Other stocks and bonds | 14, 242, 734 | 8, 097, 293 | 7, 013, 425 | 48, 141, 778 | 77, 495, 230 |
| Due from reserve ageuts |  | 23, 110,458 | 19, 292, 151 | 95, 975, 906 | 138, 378,515 |
| Due from other national | 18, 846, 711 | 17, 0.59,322 | 11, 586, 324 | 31, 475, 341 | 78, 967, 698 |
| Duo from other banks and bankers.. | 2, 759, 122 | 1. 617,537 | 4, 185, 992 | 9, 425, 641 | 17, 987, 892 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fixtures.. | 10, 177,499 | 6, 571, 017 | 4, 846, 052 | 29, 699, 233 | 51, 293, 801 |
| Current expenses | 787, 432 | 712, 308 | 866, 799 | 4, 486, 854 | 6, 853, 393 |
| Premiums | 986, 206 | 1, 185, 101 | 1, 233, 681 | 9, 106, 245 | 12, 511, 333 |
| Checks and other cash item | 2, 597,221 | 1, 428, 308 | 658, 135 | 9, 663, 915 | 14, 347, 579 |
| Clearing-house loan certificates | 1, 110, 000 |  |  |  | 1,110,009 |
| Exchanges for clearing.house | 55, 453, 777 | 19, 718, 195 | 8, 265, 049 | 1, 489, 710 | 84, 926, 731 |
| Bills of other national banks | 1, 597, 918 | 3, 028, 406 | 2, 954, 676 | 15, 481, 765 | 23, 062, 765 |
| Fractional currency | 35, 823 | 42, 799 | 60, 593 | 337, 840 | 477, 055 |
| Trade dollars | 194, 784 | 338, 744 | 33,717 | 1, 038, 519 | 1,605, 764 |
| Specie. | 91, 454, 168 | 22, 364, 281 | 19, 586, 788 | 41, 467, 335 | 174, 872, 572 |
| Legal-tender note | 16, 785, 620 | 9, 219, 212 | 14, 357, 351 | 29, 375, 936 | 69, 738, 119 |
| United States certificates of deposit. | 6, 920, 000 | 8, 805, 000 | 2, 575, 000 | 500, 000 | 18, 800, 000 |
| Five per cent. redemptiou f | 547, 100 | 1,799,737 | 1, 076, 774 | 10.173, 742 | 13, 597, 353 |
| Due from United States Treasurer | 210, 759 | 157, 090 | 108, 035 | 823, 877 | 1, 299, 761 |
| Total | 479, 249, 186 | 384, 845, 431. | 281, 827, 063 | 1, 286, 991, 322 | 2, 432, 913, 082 |
| liabilities. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 45, 350, 000 | 80, 938, 510 | 54, 951, 500 | 346, 284, 400 | 527, 524, 410 |
| Surplus fund | 22, 176, 008 | 23, 954, 854 | $13,415,513$ | 87, 078, 267 | 146, 624, 642 |
| Undivided profits | 10, 487, 171 | 5, 983, 167 | 4, 839, 819 | 38, 025, 362 | 59, 335, 519 |
| National-bank noter outstandiag | 9, 917, 442 | 34, 270, 975 | 20, 986, 640 | 203, 694, 540 | 268, 869,597 |
| State bank notes outstanding | 31, 195 | 20, 805 |  | 84, 901 | 136, 898 |
| Dividends unpaid | 232, 849 | 1, 208, 854 | 246, 253 | 1, 820, 370 | 3, 508, 326 |
| Individual deposits | 250, 494, 555 | 176, 043, 047 | 126, 049, 008 | 549, 785, 840 | 1, 102, 372, 450 |
| United States deposits | 420, 181 | 454, 734 | 3, 435, 999 | 7, 241, 708 | 11, 552, 623 |
| Deposits of United States disbursing officers | 47, 163 | 18,188 | 689, 647 | 1, 959,401 | 2, 714, 399 |
| Due to national bank | 105, 687, 963 | 47, 853, 728 | 33, 823, 084 | 26, 170, 130 | 213, 534, 905 |
| Due to other banks and bankers | 34, 199, 239 | 14, 095, 822 | 22, 206, 594 | 15, 613, 406 | 86,115,061 |
| Notes and bills rediscounted | 205, 420 |  | 460, 006 | 7,767,367 | 8, 432, 793 |
| Bills payable |  | 2,750 | 723, 000 | 1,465,630 | 2, 19]. 380 |
| Total. | 479, 249, 186 | 384, 845, 431 | 281, 827, 063 | 1, 286, 991, 322 | 2, 432, 913, 002 |

[^23]The following table exhibits, in the order of their capital, the twentyfive States (exclusive of reserve cities), having the largest amount of capital, together with the amount of circulation, loans and discounts, and individual deposits of each on October 1, 1885 :


## REDEMPTION.

Since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, section 3 of which requires the banks at all times to keep on deposit in the Treasury 5 per cent. of their circulation as a redemption fund, that fund, as a rule, has been maintained, and circulating notes of the banks have been promptly redeemed at the Treasury without expense to the Government.

From the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, to November 1 , 1885, there was received at the redemption agency of the Treasury $\$ 1,594,365,738$ of national bank currency for redemption. During the year the receipts amounted to $\$ 145,880,327$, of which amount $\$ 66,974,000$, or nearly 46 per cent., was received from the banks in the city of New York, and $\$ 29,762,000$, or upwards of 20 per cent., from the banks in the city of Bostou. The amount received from Philadelphia was $\$ 7,446,000$, from Chicago $\$ 3,943,000$, from Cincinnati $\$ 2,154,000$, from Saint Louis $\$ 1,668,000$, from Baltimore $\$ 3,797,000$, from Providence $\$ 2,470,000$, from New Orleans, $\$ 2,514,000$, and from Pittsburgh $\$ 576,000$.

The following table* exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received monthly for redemption by the Comptroller of the Currency during the year ending October 31, 1885, and the mmount received during the same period at the redemption agency of the Treasury, together with the total amount received since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874:

[^24]| Months. | Received by the Comptroller of the Currency. |  |  |  |  | Received at redemption agency. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From national banks for reissuc or surrender. | From redeinption agency for reissue. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Act of } \\ & \text { June } 20, \\ & 1874 . \end{aligned}$ | Notes of national banks in liquidation. | Total. |  |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noveruber . | \$65, 040 | \$5, 279,800 | \$2,002, 195 | \$660, 785 | \$8, 007, 820 | \$11, 471, 644 |
| December 1885. ${ }^{\text {a }}$......... | 77, 500 | 5,535, 800 | 1, 971, 575 | 644, 639 | 8, 229, 514 | 12, 240, 921 |
| January | 83, 040 | 6, 531, 000 | 2, 266, 140 | 798, 262 | 9, 678,442 | 17, 882, 887 |
| February | 11,750 | 7, 343, 600 | 2, 072, 533 | 784, 537 | 10, 212,420 | 10, 972, 096 |
| March | 45, 000 | 6, 413, 300 | 1, 724, 795 | 785, 580 | 8,968, 675 | 10, 195, 586 |
| April | 7,440 | 6, 221,400 | 1, 472, 480 | 819, 729 | 8, 521, 049 | 12, 549, 026 |
| May | 26, 900 | 6, 591, 100 | 1, 527, 420 | 998, 910 | 9, 144, 330 | 14, 189, 983 |
| Juve | 130, 250 | 8, 558, 600 | 256, 600 | 107, 870 | 9, 053, 320 | 16, 652, 302 |
| Jüly | 10 | 6, 482,500 | 1,660, 415 | 1, 259, 814 | 9, 402, 739 | 12, 181, 083 |
| August | 8, 090 | 4, 848,900 | 813,500 | 807, 184 | 6, 477,674 | 9, 893, 843 |
| Septembe | 60 | 4, 140,900 | 827; 510 | 799, 076 | 5,767,546 | 7, 588, 980 |
| October. | 22, 060 | 3, 675, 830 | 1,981, 120 | 482, 794 | 6, 161, 904 | 10; 111,976 |
| Total | 477, 140 | 71, 622, 830 | 18, 576, 283 | 8, 949, 180 | 99, 625, 433 | 145, 880, 327 |
| Received from Jane 20, 1874, to October 31, 1884 | 15, 042, 450 | 622, 042, 055 | 140, 342, 018 | 33, 354, 329 | 810,780, 852 | i, 448, 485, 411 |
| Grand total. | 15, 519, 590 | 693, 664, 885 | 158, 918, 301 | 42, 303, 509 | 910, 406, 285 | 1, 594, 365, 738 |

The amount of notes fit for circulation returned by the redemption agency to the banks of issue during the year was $\$ 46,402,730$, being an increase over last jear of $\$ 13,322,430$.

The total amount received by the Comptroller of the Currency for destruction, from the agency and from the banks direct, was $\$ 72,099,970$. Of this amount, $\$ 4,953,400$ were the issues of banks in the city of New York, $\$ 9,557,000$ of banks in Boston, $\$ 3,018,300$ of Philadelphia, $\$ 3,463,000$ of Providence, $\$ 1,512,600$ of Baltimore, $\$ 1,818,000$ of Pittsburgh, $\$ 1,033,700$ of Cincinnati, $\$ 591,500$ of Louisville, $\$ 415,000$ of Albany, $\$ 428,700$ of New Orleans, and of each of the other principal cities less than $\$ 300,000$.

The following table exhibits the number and amounts of national-bank notes of each denomination which have been issued and redeemed since the organization of the system, and the number and amount outstandihg on November 1, 1885:

| Denominations. | Number. |  |  | Amount. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Issued. | Redeemed. | Outstanding. | Issued. | Redcemed. | Outstanding. |
| Ones. | 23, 167, 677 | 22,731, 963 | 435,714 | \$33, 167, 677 | \$22, 731, 963 | \$435, 714 |
| Twos | 7,747, 519 | 7,628 877 | 118, 642 | 15, 495, 038 | 15, 257,754 | 237, 284 |
| Fives | 93, 208, 400 | 76, 817, 066 | 16, 391,334 | 466, 042, 000 | 384, 085, 330 | 81, 956, 670 |
| Tens | 39, 804, 001 | 29, 382, 872 | 10, 421, 129 | 398, 040, 010 | 293, 828, 720 | 104, 211,290 |
| Twenties | 12, 318, 173 | 8, 563, 797 | 3, 754, 376 | 246, 363, 460 | 171, 275, 940. | 75, 087, 520 |
| Fifties | 1, 758, 533 | 1, 345, 762 | 412, 771 | 87,926, 650 | 67, 288, 100 | 20, 638,550 |
| One hundreds | 1, 287, 686 | 971, 922 | 315, 764 | 128, 768,600 | 97, 192, 200 | 31, 576, 400 |
| Five hundreds | 23, 924 | 22, 727 | . 1, 197 | 11,962,000 | 11, 363, 500 | 598,500 |
| One thousands | 7,369 | 7, 238 |  | 7, 369, 000 | 7, 238, 000 | 131, 000 |
| or destrojed...... |  |  |  |  | -21,890 | +21;890 |
|  | 179, 323, 282 | 147, 472, 224 | 31, 851, 058 | 1, 385, 134, 435 | 1,070,239,617 | 314, 894, 818 |

A table showing the number and denomination of national-bank notes issued and redeemed, and the number of each denomination outstanding on November 1, for the last thirteen years, will be fonnd in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received at this office and destroyed yearly since the establishment of the system :

| Prior to November 1, 1865. | \$175, 49000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| During the year ending- |  |
| Oct. 31, 1866 | 1,050,382 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1867 | 3, 401,423 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1868 | 4, 602, 82500 |
| Oct. 31, 1869 | 8, 603,729 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1870 | 14, 305, 68900 |
| Oct. 31, 1871 | 94, 344, 04700 |
| Oct. 31, 1872 | 30,211, 720 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1873 | 36, 433, 17100 |
| Oct. 31, 1874 | 49, 939, 74100 |
| Oct. 31, 1875 | 137, 697,696 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1876 | 98, 672, 71600 |
| Oct. 31, 1877 | 76, 918,963 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1878 | 57,381,249 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1879 | 41, 101, 83000 |
| Oct. 31, 1880 | 35, 5:39, 66000 |
| Oct. 31, 1881 | 54, 941, 13000 |
| Oct. 31, 1882 | 74, 917,61150 |
| Oct. 31, 1883 | 82, 913, 76600 |
| Oct. 31, 1884 | 93, 178,418 00 |
| Oct. 31, 1885 | 91, 048, 72300 |
| Additional amount of not banks | 52, 859,636 90 |
| Total | ,070,239, 61640 |

Notes of gold banks are not included in the above table.

## NATIUNAL-BANK FALLURES.

The total number of national banks placed in the hands of receivers to November 1, 1885, has been 104, of which 4 became insolvent and were placed in this category since November 1, 1884. A full list of these banks will be found in the appendix, with the amount of capital, claims proved, and dividends paid. The four which have failed during the past year are as follows:

| Name of bank. | Capital. | Receiver appointed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middletown National Bank of Middletown, N. Y | \$200, 000 | Nov. 29, 1884 |
| Farmers' Narional Bank of Bushnell, Ill. | 50, 000 | Dec. 17, 1884 |
| Schoharie County National Bank of Schoharie, N. Y | 50, 000 | Mar. 23, 1885 |
| Exchange National Bank of Norfolk, V | 300, 000 | Apr. 9, 1885 |

The affairs of seven banks have been finally closed, and a final dividend has been made to their creditors during the year. These banks, with the total dividencls paid by each, are as follows:


[^25]The affairs of a number of banks in the hands of receivers have been completely liquidated, with the exception of some matters involved in litigation now pending in the courts. Much of this litigation is pending in courts of last resort, and it may be some time before the cases can be heard and decided. This condition of things may delay the final settlement of the affairs of these associations. In such cases, however, the receivers are, as a rule, paid no salary, it being understood that on final settlement of the affairs of the banks they shall be paid only for actual services rendered. The names of the banks in this condition, with the dividends already paid to their creditors, are as follows:


*And interest.
$\dagger$ A.nd 50 per cent. of.interest.
The following dividends have been paid to the crecitors of insolvent banks during the past year, the total dividends paid up to November 1,1885 , being given in each case:

| Name of bank. | Dividends paid during the past year. | Total dividends paid to depositors. | Proportiona of interest. paid to depositors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa | Per cent. 8.37 | Per cent. 23.37 | Per cent. |
| New Orleans National Banking Association of New Orleans, La. |  | 62 |  |
| First National Bank of Anderson, Ind | 14.50 | 39.50 |  |
| City National Brank of Chicago, Inl | 512 | 77.512 |  |
| First National Bank of Georgetown, Co | 15.1483 | 37. 6483 |  |
| First National Bank of Allentown, Pa |  |  |  |
| First National Bank of Wapnesburg, Pa | 20 | 60 |  |
| First National Bank of Dallas, Tex | 1. 10 | 38. 10 |  |
| Second National Bank of Scranton, Pa | *50 | 160 | 50 |
| First National Banls of Newark, N. J | t5 | 100 | 100 |
| First National Bank of Brattlehoro, $V t$ | \$64.625 | 100 | 100 |
| First National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y | 5 | 38 |  |
| Pacific National Bank of Boston, Mass | 5 | 15 |  |
| First National Bank of Union Mills, Union City, Pa | 10 |  |  |
| Fermont National Bank of Saint Albans, | 30 | 42.50 |  |
| Fisst National Bank of Leadville, Colo. | 5 | 25 |  |
| First National Bank of Saint Albans, Vt | 12. 50. | 12. 50 | - |
| First National Bank of Monmouth, Ill | 20 | 90 |  |
| Marine National Bank of New York, N. Y | 15 | 40 |  |
| Hot Springs National Bank of Hot Springs, Ark | 40 | 70 |  |
| Richmond National Bank of Richmond, Ind | 36 | 36 |  |
| Logan National Bank of West Liberty, Ohio | 30 | 30 |  |
| Middletown National Bank of Middletown, N. Y | 40 | 40 |  |
| Farmers' National Bank of Bushnell, 11 | 40 | 40 |  |
| Schobarie Coonty National Bank of Schoharie, N. Y | 20 | 20 |  |
| Exchange National Bank of Norfolk. Va | 20 | 20 |  |
| First National Bank of Jamestown, Dak | 100 | 1.00 | 100 |

[^26]As has been seeu, there have been but four failures of national banks during the year ending November 1, 1885, as against eleven during the previous year. An inspection of the above list will show that each of the four banks failed this year has already paid a dividend to its credaitors, two of them 40 per cent. each, and two 20 per cent each.

If receivers, on taking charge of insolvent national banks, discover evidence which appears to indicate that insolvency has been caused by practices in violation of the criminal statutes of the United States, such evidence is at once, by direction of this office, referred through the proper channels to the Department of Justice for appropriate action against those who appear to have rendered themselves liable to the penalties of the law. Prosecutions of officers of many of the insolvent national banks have been instituted by the Department of Justice through the United States attorneys in the districts where the banks were located; and as a rule convictions have been secured where indictments have been found. A number of proceedings of this character are now pending.

Since the commencement of the national banking system 104 banks Thave been placed in the hands of receivers, 549 banks have voluntarily closed their business by a vote of stockholders owning two-thirds of the stock, under the provisions of sections 5220 and 5221 of the Revised Statutes, and the corporate existence of 26 expired by limitation. Of the banks iu the hands of receivers, 9 had been previously placed in liquidation by their stockholders, but failing to pay their depositors, receivers were afterwards appointed by the Comptroller to wind up their affairs. Of the 104 banks placed in the hands of receivers, 70 have been finally closed, leaving 34 in process of settlement, of wbich, as has been seen, 14 are virtually closed with the exception of pending litigation, leaving 20 receiverships only in active operation.

Since the commencement of the system there has absolutely been no Ioss to the note-holders of insolvent national banks, every note having been promptly redeemed on presentation at the United States Treasury. The loss to the depositors of these insolvent national banks during the twenty-two years elapsed since the passage of the act of February 25,1863 , as nearly as can be estimated, taking into consideration slividends which will probably hereafter be paid, has been about $\$ 9,860,000$. The average annual loss to depositors has been therefore about $\$ 448,000$ in the business of corporations having from year to year an average capital of about $\$ 450,000,000$, which corporations have been responsible for the safe keeping of deposits in their hauds averaging constantly over $\$ 800,000,000$. The annual average loss to depositors of all the national banks is therefore not in excess of one-twentieth of 1 per cent.

The total amount so far paid to creditors of insolvent national banks has been $\$ 25,651,390$ upon proved claims amounting to $\$ 43,159,252$. The amount paid during the year has been $\$ 2,151,868$.

Assessments amounting to $\$ 9,812,750$ have been made upon stockholders of the insolvent national bauks to enforce their individual liability under section 5151 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. From this source $\$ 3,982,627$ has been collected; $\$ 348,670$ of this amount during the past year.

Reference is again made to the tables in the Appendix, showing national banks which have been placed in the hands of receivers, the amount of their capital, of the claims proved, and the rates of dividends $\mathbb{p}$ aid, and also showiag the amount of circulation of such banks issued, redeemed, and outstauding.

As stated in his last report:
"It is the intention of the Comptroller to rigidly enforce the bank act and to call the attention of the Department of Justice to any criminal violations of the same, but experience has proved that it is dificult, not only under the bank act, but generally under criminal statates, to always obtain sufficient evidence to convict offenders. The Comptroller is of the opinion that, with a lew exceptions, the national bank act has adequate provisions for the prosecution and conviction of those who lay themselves liable to its penalties. As stated elséwhere, bank failures are not so much due to the inadequacy of the law as to the failure on the part of the officers and directors to maintain a proper supervision of the affairs of their associations."

TAXATION.
The only United States tax now paid by the national banks is the semi annual duty of one-half of 1 per cent. upon the average amount of their notes in circulation during the preceding six months. The prohibitory tax of 10 per cent. upon State bank circulatiou paid ont, as provided by section 3412 of the Revised Statutes, is also still in force. Section 5173 of the Revised Statutes provides that the expenses of the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency, including those of the plates and dies used for the printing of national-bank notes and of the printing of such notes, shall be paid out of the proceeds of the tax on circulation.
The act of Juue 20,1874 , provides for the redemption of nationalbank notes in the office of the Treasurer of the United States; that the cost of such redemptions shall be paid by the banks; and that the cost of the plates for printing, up to that time paid out of the proceeds of the tax on circulation, shall thereafter be paid from the proceeds of an assessment upon the banks. Section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882, for extending the corporate existence of uational banking associations, provides that the cost of eugraving plates for the issue of circulation of new design, required by the section, should also be paid by the banks. It was the evident intention of the euactors of the original banking law that all the expenses which were incurred by the Government in preparing circulation to be issued to national associations, as well as the expenses of carrying on the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency and enforcing the restrictions of the national banking laws, should be defrayed from the tax on circulation. As has been seen, this principle was changed by the act of Juve 20, 1874, which, without abolishing the tax on circulation, imposed on the banks the expense of the redemption of their notes and preparation of their plates, and this course was also followed in the act of July 12, 188 .
The Comptroller in bis last annual report suggested that, inasmuch as the coustant contraction of the volume of the national-bank currency was due in great measure to the fact that under present conditions banks can make but a nomiual profit from the issue of circulation, a ready and simple way to prevent a further diminution of the volume of na-tional-bank notes would be to abotish this tax, and also that if this tax were abolished the expenses of the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency could be paid by a pro rata assessment on the banks, as is now done in the case of the redemption of their notes by the Treasurer of the United States and in the case of the expenses of preparing plates for printing notes.

The total expense of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency from the date of its organization to June 30, 1885, has been $\$ 6,066,227.37$, and the expense for the year ending on that date $\$ 225,293.38$. From the tax on circulation for the year euding Jone 30, 1885, \$2,794,584.01 was realized by the United States Treasury.

The total taxes collected from the national banks to the end of the present fiscal year are shown in the following table:


* Six months to Juae 1, 1883.

The following table exhibits the taxes upon the circulation, deposits, and capital of banks, other than national, collected by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, from 1864 to November 1, 1882, the date upon which the tasation of capital and deposits ceased :

| Years. | - | On circalation. | On deposits. | On capital. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 |  | \$2, $056,99630{ }^{\prime}$ | \$780, 72352 |  | \$2, 837, 71982 |
| 1865. |  | 1, 993, 66184 | 2,043, 84108 | \$903, 36798 | 4,940, 87090 |
| 1866. |  | 990, 27811 | 2,099, 63583 | 374, 07411 | 3; 463, 98805 |
| 1867. |  | 214, 29875 | 1, 355, 39598 | 476, 86773 | 2,046. 56246 |
| 1868 |  | 28, 66988 | 1,438,512 77 | 399, 56290 | 1,866,745 55 |
| 1869 |  | 16,565 05 | 1,734,41763 | 445, 07149 | 2, 196, 05417 |
| 1870. |  | 15,419 94 | 2, 177, 57646 | 827, 08721 | 3,020, 08361 |
| 1871 |  | 22,781 92 | 2, 702, 19684 | 919, 26277 | 3, 644, 24153 |
| 1872. |  | 8,919 82 | 3,643, 25171 | 976, 05761 | 4, 628, 22914 |
| 1873. |  | 24,778 62 | 3, 009, 30279 | 736, 95005 | 3,771, 03146 |
| 1874. |  | 16,738 26 | 2, 453,544 26 | 916,878 15 | 3, 387, 16067 |
| 1875. |  | 22,746 27 | 2, 972, 26027 | 1,102;24158 | 4, 097, 24812 |
| 1876. |  | 17,947 67 | 2,999,530 75 | 989, 21961 | 4, 006, 69803 |
| 1877 |  | 5,430 16 | 2, 896, 63793 | 927, 66124 | 3, 829, 72933 |
| 1878. |  | 1,118 72 | 2, 593,687 29 | 897, 22584 | 3,492, 03185 |
| 1879. |  | 13, 90329 | 2, 354, 91174 | 830, 06856 | 3, 198,883 59 |
| 1880 |  | 28,773 37 | 2, 510,775 43 | 811, 43648 | 3, 350, 98528 |
| 1881 |  | 4,295 08 | 2,946,906 64 | 811, 00635 | 3, 762, 20807 |
| 1882 |  | 4,285 77 | 4, 096, 10245 | 1,153, 07025 | 5, 253, 45847 |
| 1882* |  |  | 1, 993, 02602 | 489, 03353 | 2, 482, 05955 |
| Aggregates |  | 5, 487, 60882 | 48, 802, 23739 | 14, 986, 14344 | 69, 275, 98965 |

*Six months to November 30, 1882.

## STATE TAXATION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The r-ports of the Comptroller of the Currency for the years 1877, 1880, 1851, and 1882 contain chapters on the subject of State taxation of national bank shares, in which the decisions of the courts construing the effect of the provisions of the national banking law permitting such taxation were considered.

In view of the recent decision of the United States Supreme Oourt in the case of Boyer $v$. Boyer, and the action of the New York banks in seeking the protection of the courts against the alleged discriminating taxation of their shares by the city of New York for the year 1885, it is deemed best to give in this report a brief résumé of the law authorizing State taxation of national-bank shares, and the most important decisions of the courts construing this law.

The original national currency act of February 25, 1863, contained no provision authorizing the States to tax national banks in any manner whatever. The number of banks organized under this act was, however, comparatively small, and the capital small compared with the capital invested in banks organized under State laws, over which the States had full power of taxation. Much of the opposition to the national system at the time of its inception was manifested by those who regarded it as bostile to the State systems, and as a step toward the removal of one objection, at least, to the State systems becoming merged in the national, Congress seems to have regarded it as necessary to grant to the States the autbority to tax national banks. At an early day the Supreme Court of the United States had held that the States had no power to impose taxes on corporations created by Congress, and the same court has since held that the States cannot impose any tax whaterer on national banks without the anthority of Congress. (Williams v. Assessors.)

The power to tax national-bank shares was granted, and the method of imposing such tax indicated by three provisos attached to section 41 of the act of June 3, 1864, by which the original act of February 25, 1863, was superseded. Under this law, shares of national-bank stock were made liable to assessment by State anthority at the place where the bank was located, but not at a greater rate than was assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of such State, and the tax imposed was not to be at a greater rate than was imposed upon the shares of banks organized under State law. Real estate belonging to a national bank was to be taxed as other real estate was taxed.

The guestion that appears to have first arisen as to the proper construction of the law permitting State taxation of national bank shares, was in regard to the exemption of United States bonds held by national banks, in arriving at the value of the shares liable to taxation. The Hon. Freeman Clarke, then Comptroller of the Currency, in his report to Congress for the year 1865 , took strong ground in favor of the exemption of United States bonds held by the national banks. He claimed that uuless such bonds beld by a national bank were deducted from its capital in order to arrive at the value of the shares liable to taxation, the States exercised indirectly the right of taxing United States bouds, although such bonds were exempted by law from direct state taxation, and that thus bonds beld by national banks were taxed while those held by individuals were exempted. He says, in regard to the ground taken by some, that a tax on the shares was nota tax upon the securities represented by those shares; "that the position assumed by those who favor this hypothesis will be found, upon critical examination, to be fallacious can searcely admit of a donbt."

The point came betore the United States Supreme Court for decision in Van Allen $v . d$ ssessors ( 3 Wall., 573 ), and it was decided by the majority of the court that a share of national bank stock was a distinct thing from the capital of the bank, which capital may be invested in

Wnited States bonds-that the shares are property in the hands of individuals, while the corporation is the legal owner of all the property of the bank, real and personal.

The interest of the shareholder entitles him to participate in the profits of the corporation while the latter is in existence, and also upon its dissolution to receive his proportionate share of such property as may remain after the payment of its debts. It is this entire interest that Congress has left subject to taxation by the States, and not such portion as might remain were the amount invested in United States bonds deducted from capital.

The court also held in this case that a New York statute, assessing shares of national banks for purposes of taxation at the same rate at which other moneyed capital was assessed, the tax not to exceed the par value of the shares, was void, because it was contrary to the provisions of the Federal law-that taxation of national bank shares was not to be at a greater rate than was imposed on State bank shares.

The Stato banks in New York were not taxed on their shares, but on capital, from which the deduction of the amount invested in United States securities was allowed, while this deduction could not be made to reduce the value of national bauk shares. The question then arose in a new form. Inasmuch as the law provides that shares of national banks shall be assessed at the same rate as other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens, and inasmuch as United States bonds and securicies are exempt in the fands of individual citizens; when the capital of national banks is invested in United States bonds, is not the State tax on their shares invalid? The United. States Supreme Court in People $v$. Commissioners (4 Wall., 244) decided that under such circumstances the State tax on national bank shares was valid. Under these two decisions it is apparent that no deduction can be made from the value of shares of national banks on account of the exemption from tax of some of the assets in which their capital may be invested. This principle will apply to United States notes and to United States or other securities which may by law be exempt from taxation.

The next important case bearing on this matter decided in the United States Supreme Court was that of Lionberger $v$. Rouse. This turned upon the construction of that portion of the Federal law providing that the tax on mational-bank shares should not be at a greater rate than was imposed on the shares of State banks. The point raised was that the State of Missouri taxed some State banks less than others. These lightly taxed banks, bolding an inconsiderable portion of the banking capital of the State, were organized under special charters, granted prior to the commencement of the national system, which the State had no power to change. There was no discrimiuation as between nationalbank shares and those of State bauks not so specially exempted. The court construed the clanse of theFederal law in question to mean only that the State, as a condition to the exercise of the power to tax the shares of national banks, shall, as far as it has the capacity, tax in like manner the shares of banks of its own creation.

The act of February 10, 1868, was passed to further define the place and manuer of taxation of national bank shares, amending section 41 of the act of June 3,1864 . It may perhaps be regarded as superseding that section to the extent of dropping out the proviso that shares of national banks shall be taxed at a rate no greater than is imposed on the shares of State banks. This appears to be the view taken by Congress in 1873, when approving the Revised Statutes, as in those statutes
this proviso is not included. Section 5219 , which now embodies the law on State taxation of national-bank shares, is as follows:


#### Abstract

Sec. 5219. Nothing herein shall prevent all the shares in any association from being included in the valuation of the personal property of the owner or holder of such shares, in assessing taxes imposed by anthority of the State within which the association i.s located; but the legislature of each State may determine and direct the manuer and place of taxing all the shares of national banking associations located within the State, subject only to the two restrictions, that the taxation shall not be at a greater rate thau is assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of iudividual citizens of such State, and that the shares of any bational banking association owned by non-residents of any State shall be taxed in the city or town where the bank is located, and not elsewhere. Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt. the real property of associatious from either State, county, or municipal taxes, to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed.


The validity of State taxation on national-bank shares, is under this section, to be determined solely by the inquiry whether it is at a greater rate than is assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens. There has, however, been great difficulty in so regulating the taxation of national-bank shares by the States as to conform strictly to the intent of this law. As a consequence, in many of the States, national-bank shares, in the assessment and collection of taxes, have, it is alleged, been in different ways subjected to severe and unjust discrimination, as compared with other moneyed capital. Some of the methods of discrimination are as follows:
(1) Differences are made in the valuation of national-bank. shares for purposes of assessing taxes, as compared with the valuation of othr moneyed capital for the same purpose.
(2) Theindividual holders of other moneyed capital have been allowed to make deductions on account of certain exemptions, such as debts owed by such individual holders, when holders of national-bank shares were not permitted to deduct their debts from the value of such shares.
(3) In the different States distinctions are made in the taxation of various kinds of noneyed capital, other than national-bank shares, in the hands of individual citizens, and the standard by which the taxation of national-bank shares is to be legally measured becomes thus confused.

Many forms of moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens are altogether exempted by law from taxation, while national-bank shares are taxed. The difficulty arises in deciding by which class of moneyed capital the tax on national-bank shares is to be guided: Whether there is to be no tax, as in case of exempted moneyed capital;'a less tax, as in case of the class of moneyed capital taxed at a less rate; or a greater tax, as in case of the class of moneyed capital taxed at a greater rate.

All of these forms of discrimination have been passed on in litigation which has come before the United States Supreme Court.

In Ohio the law provided certain State boards for equalizing the taxation on real estate, on railroad capital, and on capital invested in bank shares; but there was no State board for equalizing the taxation on personal property, other than bank shares, railroad stock, or other moneyed capital. The equalization as to all other personal property assessed ceased with the county boards of equalization, but the county boards throughout the State fixed the valuation of moneyed capital for purposes of taxation at six-tenths of its true value; while the State board fixed the taxable value of bank shares at their actnal cash value. The rates of taxation being the same, bank shares were discriminated against to the extent of four tenths of their value. In New York the law permitted the deduction of just debts of an individual from his
personal property, including his moneyed capital, excepting only his bank shares.

In Pelton $v$. Commercial National Bank of Cleveland (101 U. S., p. 143), and in Cummings $v$. Merchants' National Bank of Toledo (101 U. S., p. 153), the United States Supreme Court decided the question of discrimination arising under the laws of Ohio. In those cases it was held that a tax upon national-bank shares valued for taxation at a higher rate than other moneyed capital was invalid, and that upon payment of the amount justly assessable a court of equity would enjoin the collection of the residue, but that the bank must pay the portion of the taxes justly due.

In People $v$. Weaver ( 100 U. S., p. 539), a case arising under the New York law, the Supreme Court decided that the word rate in the provisiou of section 5219 United States Revised Statntes, that taxation shall not be at a greater rate than is assesssd upon other moneyed captal in the hands of individuals, applies to and includes as well the valuation of shares for taxation, as the rate of taxes to be imposed; and that the law of the State of New York, which permitted a party to deduct his.just debts from the value of all his personal property, except his national: bank shares, was void as to the taxation of such bank shares. The case of Evansville Bank $v$. Britton (104 U. S., p. 323 ), arising under the law of Indiana, taxing national-bank shares, supports the same doctrine. These cases disposed of the first two forms of discriminations already mentioned, and pointed out the proper remedy to be pursued by banks in avoiding the payment of taxes illegally assessed. Supervisors $v$. Stanley ( 104 U. S., p. 305) decides questions arising as to the recovery of excessivetaxes which have been paid by the shareholders of national banks.

Under the third class of discrimination-where doubt as to the proper taxation of national-bank shares arises from the fact that under State law a discrimination is male in taxing different classes of other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens-the important cases decided in United States Supreme Coart are Lionberger $v$. Rouse $\langle 9$ Wall.), already mentioned ; Hepburn v. School Dịrectors (23 Wall., 480), and the recently decided case of Boyer v. Boyer. In Lionberger $v$. Rouse a discrimination was made by the State in taxing shares of banks organized noder its own laws-one class of banks being taxed at a higher rate than another. At that time, as has been seen, the law in force measured the taxation of national-bank shares by the taxation of State-bank shares, and in this case the United States Supreme Court held a tax on national-bank shares to be valid which did not exceed the tax imposed upon the larger bulk of State-bank shares. In Hepburn $v$. School Directors ( 23 Wall., 480) it was held by the United States Supreme Court that the exemption by State law from taxation of a small portion of other monesed capital in the hands of individual citizens was not a reason for exempting uational-bank shares from taxation. In this case also it was held that shares of national banks might be taxed at an amount exceeding their par value, if their market value exceeded their par value.

In the case of Boyer $v$. Boyer, the Supreme Court decided that if the great bulk of moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens is exempted by State law from municipal taxation, that under the law of Congress national-bank shares must be exempted also. The court says that cases will arise in which it will be difficult to determine whether the exemption of the particular part of moneyed capital in individual hands is so serious or material as to infringe the rules of
substantial equality-that a proper construction of the act of Congress forces the conclusion that capital invested in national bank shares was intended to be placed upon the same footing of substantial equality in respect to taxation by State authority, with other moneyed capital iu the hands of individual citizens, however invested. The court proceeded to say:
Upou such facts, and iu view of the revenue laws of the State, it seems dificult to avoid the conclusion that, in respect of county taxation of natioual-bank shares, there has been and is such a discrimination iu favor of other moneyed capital against capital invested in such shares as is not cousistent with the legislation of Congress. The exemptions in favor of other moneyed capital appear to be of such a substantial character in amount as to take the present case out of the operation of the rule that it is not absolate equality tbat is coutemplated by the act of Congress; a rule which rests upon the gromd that exact uniformity or equality of taxation cannot in the natnre of things be expected or attained under any system. But as substantial equality is attaiuable, and is required by the supreme law of the land, in respect of State taxation of national-bank shares, when the inequality is so palpable, as to show that the discrimination against capital invested in such shares is serious, the courts have no discretion but to interfere.

Having in view this last decision, the banks of the city of New York, after due investigation of the subject by a committee* appointed for the purpose, have arrived at the couclusion that the valuation of their shares for purposes of taxation is illegal and void, for the reason that the greater portion of moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens in the city of New York is, under the laws of that State, exempt from municipal taxation.

Suits have been brought in equity, and the bill in each case asks for an injunction from collecting any taxes from the bank or from the individual shareholders until a final hearing of the cause.

The question is frequently asked this office, whether national-bank notes in the hands of iudividual citizens are liable to State taxation. Section 3707 of the Revised Statutes provides that all stocks, bonds, Treasury notes, and other obligations of the United States shall be exenipt from taxation by or under State or municipal or local authority. In section 5413, Revised Statutes, the words ${ }^{6}$ obligation of the United States" is held to include national-bank currency. The question of the taxability of national-bank currency arose in the case of the Board of Commissioners in Montgomery County v. Elston (32 Ind., 27), and it was decided by the Supreme Court of the State that national-bank currency is not exempt from taxation by the State. The court held that the provision of law making national currency an obligation of the United States, only intended to throw around national currency the same guards against counterfeiting that were by law provided for obligations of the United States, and not to generally define national currency as an obligation of the United States.

In the ciase of Horne $v$. Greene, in the Supreme Court of the State of Mississippi ( 52 Miss., 452), it was decided that the circulating notes of national banks are not subject to State taxes. The question, therefore, still appears to be an open one.

LOANS AND RATES OF INTEREST.
The following table gives the classification of the loans of the banks in the city of New York, in Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, in the

[^27]other reserve cities, and in the remaining banks of the country at corresponding dates in each of the last three years:

OCTOBER 2, 1883.

| Classification. | 48 banks. | 103 banks. | 97 banks. | 2,253 banks. | 2,501 banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On U. S. bouds on demand..... | \$2, 093, 526 | \$344, 337 | \$623, 679 | \$1,972, 232 | \$5, 033, 774 |
| Onother stocks, bonds, \&c., on demand | $94,321,605$ | 29, 638, 276 | 23, 099, 682 | 41, 518, 741 | 188, 578, 304 |
| On single-name paper without other security. | 19, 147, 049 | 24, 684, 110 | 17, 259, 584 | 87, 910,589 | 149, 001, 332 |
| All other loans................ | 129, 546, 152 | 146, 149, 205 | 110, 381, 881 | 574, 760, 143 | 960, 837, 381 |
| Totals | 245, 108, 332 | 200, 815, 928 | 151, 364, 826 | 706, 161, 705 | 1, 303, 450, 791 |

Serptember 30, 1884.

| Classification. | 44 banks. | 104 banks. | 99 banks. | 2,417 banks. | 2, 664 banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On. U. S. bonds on demand. | \$2,933, 785 | \$644, 017 | \$268, 396 | \$970, 691 | \$4, 816, 889 |
| On other stocles, bonds, \&0., on demand | 69, 805, 2.15 | 25, 763, 605 | 18, 573,905 | 34, 050,829 | 148, 193, 554 |
| On single-name paper without other security | 12,559, 441 | 22, 458, 370 | 16, 239,550 | 83, 816, 871 | 135, 074, 232 |
| All other loans................. | 120, 054, 836 | 150, 372, 086 | 107, 543, 129 | 574, 016, 071 | 951,986, 122 |
| Totals | 205, 353, 277 | 199, 238, 078 | 142, 624, 980 | 692, 854, 462 | 1, 240, 070, 797 |

OCTOBER 1, 1885.

| Classification. | 44 banks. | 105 banks. | 98 banks. | 2,467 baoks. | 2, 714 banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On U.S. bonds on demand. | \$3,286, 124 | \$190, 195 | \$585, 154 | \$504, 134 | \$4, 565, 607 |
| On other stocks, bonds, \&c., on demand | 80,687, 265 | 33, 157, 319 | 25, 421, 092 | 34, 036, 931 | 173, 302, 607 |
| On single-name paper without other socurity. | 25, 331, 820 | 34, 806, 254 | 18,480, 233 | 92, 873, 780 | 171, 492, 087 |
| All other loans .................. | 127, 518, 389 | 150, 270, 503 | 106, 948,959 | 567, 057, 152 | 951, 795, 003 |
| Totals | 236,823, 598 | 218,424, 271 | 151, 435,438 | 694,471, 997 | 1, 301, 155, 304 |

In the table below is given a full classification of the loans in New York City alone for the last five years:

| Loans and discount. | October 1, 1881. | October 3, 1882. | October 2, 1883. | September 30, 1884. | $\begin{gathered} \text { October 1; } \\ 1885 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 48 banks. | 50 banks. | 48 bauks. | 44 banks. | 44 banks. |
| On endorsed paper | \$112, 049, 004 | \$118, 699, 651 | \$121, 644, 201 | \$116, 010, 062 | $\stackrel{\circ}{\$ 114, ~ 013,775}$ |
| On single-riamed paper | 26, 935, 878 | 21, 203, 573 | 19, 147, 051 | 12, 559,443 | 25, 331, 820 |
| On U. S. bonds on demand | 2, 539, $9 \pm 8$ | 1,707, 687 | 2, 093, 527 | 2, 933, 785 | 3,286, 124 |
| Onother stocks, \&c., on demand. | 97, 249, 162 | 89, 532, 762 | 94, 321, 605 | 69, 805, 215 | 80, 687, 265 |
| On real-estate security ......... | 236,100 | 3044, 732 | 184, 683 | 163,397 | 215, 385 |
| All other loans ........ | 7,747, 587 | 7, 600, 487 | 7, 717, 265 | 3, 881, 375 | 13, 289,229 |
| Totals | 246,757, 659 | 239, 041, 892 | 245, 108, 332 | 205, 353, 277 | 236, 823, 598 |

In previous reports the attention of Congress has been called to the provisions of section 5200 of the Revised Statutes, which place restrictions upon loans, and to the difficulty of enforcing the same. In cities where large amounts of produce are received and stored it is claimed to
be ímpossible for the banks to transact this class of business so long as they are restricted to loans to an amount not exceeding in any case onetenth of their capital. While it is true that the limitation prescribed does not apply to loans upon produce in transit where the drafts are drawn on existing values, yet if the produce is stored instead of being shipped, loans in excess of the one-tenth limit cannot be made except in violation of law. In such a case the Comptroller has no means of enforcing the law except by bringing suit for forfeiture of charter, which might result in great embarrassment to business, as well as loss to innocent stockholders. It seems evident that the law should be so anended as to permit legitimate loans upon United States bonds, produce or warehouse receipts, and some other classes of collateral security.

RATES OF INTEREST IN NEW YORK CITY AND OF THE BANK OF england and the bank of frange.

The average rate of interest in New York City for each of the fiscal years from 1875 to 1885, as ascertained from data derived from the Journal of Commerce and the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, was as follows:
1875, call loans, 3.0 per cent. ; commercial paper, 5.8 per cent.
1876, call loans, 3.3 per cent. ; commercial paper, 5.3 per cent.
1877, call loans, 3.0 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.2 per cent.
1878, call loans, 4.4 per cent. ; commercial paper, 5.1 per cent.
1879, call loans; 4.4 per cent.; commercial paper, 4.4 per cent.
1880, call Joans, 4.9 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.3 per cent.
1881, call loans, 3.8 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.0 per cent.
1882 , call loans, 4.4 per cent. ; commercial paper, 5.4 per cent.
188:3, call loans, 5.7 per cent. ; commercial paper, 5.7 per cent.
1884, call loans, 2.4 per cent.; commercinl paper, 5.6 per cent.
1885, call loans, 2.3 per cent.; commercial paper, 5.5 per cent.*

The average rate of discount of the Bank of Englaud for the same years was as follows:

During the calendar year ending December 31, 1874, 3.69 per cent.
Dúring the calendar jear ending December 31, $1875,3.23$ per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1876, 2.61 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1877, 2.91 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1878, 3.78 per ceut.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1879, 2.50 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1880, 2.76 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1881, 3.49 per cent. $\dagger$
During the caleodar jear ending December 31, 1882, 4.10 per cent. $\dagger$
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1883, 3.57 per cent. $\ddagger$
During the calcudar year ending December 31, $1884,3.18$ per cent. $\delta$
From December 31, 1884, to September 30, 1885, 2 per cent. $\oint$
From December 31, 1884, the rate of discount of the Bank of England • was uniform at 2 per cent. The average rate of interest in New York City for the four mouths previous to November 1, 1885, was, according to the Financial Chronicle, ou call loans about 2 per cent. and on commercial paper about 4.3 per cent., and the rate of interest on October 31, 1885, was on call loans 2.5 per cent. and on commercial paper 4.75 per cent. The rate of discount in the Bank of France, which was lowered from 4 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on March 23, 1882, was lowered to 3 per cent. on February 23, 1883, and the general council of the bank reported on

[^28]January 29, 1885, as stated in the London Bankers' Magazine, that this rate of disconnt bad stood since the former date, and that they bad endeavored for the advantage of business to maintain the position of a fixed rate, and fortunately succeeded in doing so during the year 1884.

The number of trade bills admitted to discount in the bank of France during the year $1884^{*}$ was $5,144,635$, representing the sum 'of $\$ 907,870,300$. Of this number of bills there were 14,327 bills of $\$ 2.08$ and undur, 661,895 bills from $\$ 2.29$ to $\$ 10,905,293$ bills from $\$ 10.21$ to $\$ 20$, and $3,563,120$ bills above $\$ 20$; that is to say, nearly a third in bills under $\$ 20.21$. The umber of trade bills under $\$ 20$ steadily increases. In 1880 there were 1,014,412 of these small discounted bills, in $18811,160,945$, in $18821,224,326$, iu $18831,349,270$, and in 1884 they increased to $1,581,515$. The report by the governor of the Bank of France for the year 1884 states that the proportion of the discounts for retail trade in Paris has continually increased during the past year.

## DIVIDENDS AND EARNINGS.

The large number of mercantile failures which have occurred during 1884 and 1885 have not apparently injured or weakened the national banks, the aggregate surplus funds and undivided profits having been but slightly reduced. The aggregate surplus of 2,664 banks on September 30,1854 , amounted to $\$ 147,055,038$, and the undivided profits to $\$ 03,234,238$.

At the close of business October 1, 1885, the aggregate surplus fund of 2,714 banks amounted to $\$ 146,624,642$, and the undivided profits to $\$ 59,335,519$. showing a decrease in surplus of $\$ 430,396$, aud in uudivided profits of $\$ 3,598,719$.

The following table shows the losses of national banks from September 1,1880 , to September 1,1885 , and the ratio of losses to the aggregate capital employed:

| Semi-annual dividend periods. | Capital. | Losses. | Ratio. | Number of banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 1, 1880, to March J, 1881 | \$456, 844, 865 | \$5, 007, 297 | 1. 10 | 2, 087 |
| Marel 1, 1881, to Septeniler 1, 1881 | 458, 934, 485 | 5, 463. 713 | 1.19 | 2,100 |
| September 1, 188i, to March 1, 1882 | 460, 354, 485 | 3, 6566836 | 0.84 | 2, 137 |
| March 1, 1882, to Soptember 1, 1882 | 473, 947, 715 | 4, 412,575 | 0.93 | 2,197 |
| September 1, 188\%, 10 Marcb 1., 1883 | 483, 091, 342 | 4, 640,865 | 0.96 | 2, 267 |
| March 1: 1883, to Soptember 1, 1883 | 494, 640, 140 | 6, 146, 294 | 1.24 | <2, 350 |
| September 1, 3883 to March 1, 888 | 507, 960, 300 | 5, 593, 691 | 1. 10 | 2, 491 |
| March 1, 1884, to September 1, 1884 | $51 \times 605,725$ | 11,377, 293 | 2.19 | 2, 582 |
| Septembur 1, 1884, to March 1, 1885 | 522, 899, 715 | 9, 973, 161 | 1.91 | 2, 650 |
| March 1, 3885 , to Soptember 1, 188 | 524, 599, 602 | 8, 739, 420 | 1. 67 | 2,665 |

The following tables have been compiled in order that comparisous may be made between the annual dividends paid by the national banks of the United States and those paid by banks in foreign countries to their stockholders, and indicate that the average divideuds and earnings of

[^29]the national banks in the Uuited States are as a rule less than the dividends of joint-stock bauks of other countries:

FOREIGN BANK.S.

|  | Bank. | Paid up capital. |  |  | Bank. | Paid up capital. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank of England | \$70, 727, 580 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | London and partly provincial banks. | 75, 096, 763 | $14 \frac{1}{8}$ | 3 | Anglo-Contiuental | \$5, 603, 580 |  |
| 25 | Yorkshire and Nortio | 27, 325, 763 | 1118 |  | banks. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | Russiau banks ....... | 20, 988, 009 |  |
| 16 | Lancashire and Che. shire. | 30, 314, 936 | 12 k | 3 | Austro Hungarian <br> Austro-Hungarian | $\begin{aligned} & 35,370,000 \\ & 32,619,000 \end{aligned}$ | 78 |
| 14 | Mirllavd and Eastern.. | 18, 667, 260 | $13{ }^{180}$ |  | - banks. |  |  |
| 7 | Welsh and West of | 9, 384, 324 | 14 |  | Banque Nationale... | 9, 650, 000 | 138 |
|  | England. |  |  | 3 | Belgian banks.... | 10,562, 066 | ${ }^{11}$ |
|  | Bank of Scotland.... | 6, 075, 000 | 14. |  | Bangue de France | 35, 222, 500 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 0 | Scotch banks | 37, 917, 720 |  | 8 | French baulss. | 114, 352. 500 | $9{ }^{\text {d }}$ |
|  | Rank of Ireland. | 13, 458, 457 | 12 |  | Deutscbe Reichs bank | 28, 56u, 000 |  |
| 10 | Irish banks.. | 17, 933,400 | 10 | 6 | Germau banks ........ | $\begin{aligned} & 52,407,600 \\ & 38,600,000 \end{aligned}$ | 88 |
|  | Oolonial banks. |  |  |  | Ttalia. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 | Ttalian banks. | 15,440,000 |  |
| 24 | Australasian | 67, 173, 039 | $12{ }^{12}$ | 1 | Swiss banks | 8, 202, 800 | 68 |
| 19 | Lastern. | 36, 552, 472 | $8{ }^{\text {\% \% }}$ |  | Smperial Ottoman | 24,300, 000 | 6 |
| 2 | South african | 6, 561, 000 | 10 | 6 | Tarkish banks... | 18, 715; 512 | $6{ }^{3}$ |
| 1 | West Iudies | 2, 016,000 | 10 |  |  |  |  |

NATIONAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES.

| City of Bbston. | \$50, 950, 000 | 5.5 | Southern States | 35, 997, 850 | 8.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Now England States. | 115, 584, 370 | 7.1 | City of Cincinnati .... | 8, 600, 000 | 6.4 |
| City of New York | 46, 250, 000 | 8.8 | City of Clercland. | 5, 933, 050 |  |
| City ol Albany | 1,775, 000 | 9.5 | City of Chicaro | 11, 150,000 | 9.2 |
| City of Philadelphia.. | 18, 058, 000 | 9.1 | City of Detroit .... | 2,650,000- | 9.3 |
| City of Pittsburgl . | 10, 179, 600 | 7.4 | City of Milisankee. | 650, 000 | 11: 4 |
| City of Baltimore.... | 11, 713, 260 | 7.4 | City of Saint Louis | 3, 250;000 | 6. 3 |
| City of Washingtou.. | 1, 12.5, 000 | 6.88 | Westeru States...... | 95, 518, 140 | 8.8 |
| Midrle states | 83, 958, 888 | 7.7 | City of San Francisco | 1,500, 000 | 8 |
| City of New Orleins.. | 3.525, 000 | 7.9 | Pacific States and Ter- |  |  |
| City of Louisville..... | 3,551,500 | 6.8 | ritories ............... | 11,831,000 | 9.4 |

The information in regard to the foreign banks has been derived from the London Bankers' Magazine for October, 1885, and is to the latest obtainable date. The principal bank in each country is given separately, and the dividends paid by other banks in the same country are averaged. Similar statements of the national banks of the United States are by geographical divisions, the reserve cities in each being given separately, and the dividends paid by all other bauks in the same division are areraged.

Further particulars in relation to dividends paid by the national banks in the United States will be found in a table given in the Ap. pendix.

## transactions of the new york clearing-House.

The New York Clearing-House Association is composed of 43 national and 21 State banks and the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York. Through the courtesy of Mr. W. A. Camp, its. manager, a statement of the transactions during the year ending Octo-
ber 1,1885 , has been obtained, which shows that the total exchanges were more than $\$ 25,000,000,000$, while the balances paid in money were over $\$ 1,295,000,000$. The daily average balances paid were $\$ 4,247,069$, or alout 5.1 per cent. of the amount of the settlements.

The balances paid in money during the rear consisted of $\$ 120,436,000$ in clearing house certificates of the Bank of America; clearing house certificates for legal-teuder notes amounting to $\$ 40 \overline{5}, 900,000$; legaltenders amounting to $\$ 212,643,251$; and United States gold certificates. $\$ 556,376,000$. Since the dite of the issue of the new gold certificates (October 4, 1883), authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, the greater portion of the balances due from the Governmeut, have been paid in these certificates instead of coin, thus dispensing with the movement of large amounts in bags and upon drays from the Treasury to the custody of the banks. During the six mouths ending November 1, 1884, a portion of the balances due from the Treasury of the United States were paid in legal-tender notes, and during the past year the amount of gold certificates of the United States and of the Bank of America received in payment have decreased, while the balances paid in clearinghouse legal-tender certificates and legal-tender notes amount to nearly one-balf of the entire money balances paid.

The following table shows the yearly transactions of the New York Clearing-House for the thirts-two years since its organization in 1853, and the amounts and ratios of currency required for the payment of daily balances:

| Years. | No. of banks. | - Capital.* | Exchanges. | Balances paid in money. | Average daily exchanges. | Average daily balances paid is money. | Ratios. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Per ct. |
| 1854 | 50 | \$47, 044,900 | \$ 5 , 750, 455, 987 | \$297, 411, 494 | \$19, 104, 505 | \$988, 078 | 5.2 |
| 1855 | 48 | 48, 884, 180 | 5,362, 912, 098 | 289, 694, 137 | 17, 412, 052 | 940, 565 | 5.4 |
| 1856 | 50 | 52, 883,700 | 6,906, 213, 328 | 334, 714, 489 | 22, 278, 108 | 1,079,724 | 4.8 |
| 1857 | 50 | 64, 420, 200 | 8, 333, 226, 71.8 | 365., 313,902 | 26, 968, 371 | 1, 182, 246 | 4. 4 |
| 1858 | 46 | 67, 146, 018 | 4, 756, 664, 386 | 314, 238, 911 | 15, 393, 736 | 1, 016, 954 | 6.6 |
| 1859 | 47 | 67, 921, 71.4 | 5, 448, 005, 956 | 363, 984, 683 | 20, 867, 333 | 1,177,944 | 5. 6 |
| 1860 | 50 | 69, 907, 435 | 7, 231, 143, 057 | 380, 693, 438 | 23, 401, 757 | 1,232,018 | 5.3 |
| 1861 | 50 | $68,900,605$ | 5,915, 742, 758 | 353, 383, 944 | 19, 269,520 | 1, 151, 088 | 6. 0 |
| 1862 | 50 | 68, 375, 820 | 6, 87.1, 443, 591 | $415,530,331$ | 22, 237, 682 | 1, 344, 758 | 6. 0 |
| 1863 | 50 | 68, 972, 508 | 14, 867, 597, 849 | $677,626,483$ | 48, 428, 657 | 2,207, 252 | 4.6 |
| 1864 | 49 | $68,586,763$ | 24, 097, 196,656 | 885, 719, 205 | 77, 984, 455 | 2, 866, 405 | 3.7 |
| 1865 | 55 | 80, 363, 013 | 26, 032, 384, 342 | 1, 035, 765, 108 | 84, 796, 040 | 3, 373, 828 | 4.0 |
| 1866 | 58 | $82,370,200$ | 28, 717, 146, 914 | 1, 066, 135, 106 | 93, 541, 195 | 3,472, 753 | 3.7 |
| 1867 | 58 | 81, 770, 200 | $28,675,159,472$ | $1,144,963,451$ | 93, 101, 167 | 3, 717,414 | 4.0 |
| 1868 | 59 | 82, 27,0, 200 | 28, 484, 288, 637 | 1, 125, 455, 237 | 92, 182, 164 | 3, 642, 250 | 4.0 |
| 1860 | 59 | 82, 720, 200 | 37, 407, 028,987 | 1, 120,318, 308 | 121, 451, 393 | 3, 637, 397 | 3.0 |
| 1870 | 61 | 82, 626, 200 | 27, 804, 539, 406 | 1, 036, 484, 822. | 90, 274, 479 | 3365,210 | 3.7 |
| 1871 | 62 | 84, 420, 200 | 29, 300, 986, 682 | 1, 209, 721, 029 | 95, 133, 074 | 3, 927, 666 | 4.1 |
| 1872 | 61 | 84, 420, 200 | 33, 844, 369, 568 | -1, 4 $\because 8,582,707$ | 109, 884, 317 | 4, 636, 632 | 4.2 |
| 1873 | 59 | 83, 370,200 | 35, 461, 052, 826 | 1, 474, 508, 025 | -115, 885, 794 | 4, 818, 654 | 4.1 |
| 1874 | 59 | 81, 685, 200 | 22, 855. 927, 636 | 1. $286,753,176$ | 74, 692, 574 | 4, 205, 076 | 5.7 |
| 1875 | 59 | 80, 435, 200 | $25,061,237,902$ | $1,408,608,777$ | 81, 899, 470 | 4, 603, 297 | 5. 6 |
| 1876 | 59 | 81, 731, 200 | 21, 597, 274, 247 | 1, 295, 042, 029 | 70, 349, 428 | 4, 218, 378 | 5. 9 |
| 1877 | 58. | 71.085, 200 | 23, 289, $2+3$, 701 | 1,373, 996, 302 | 76, 558,176 | 4, 504, 906 | 5.9 |
| 1878 | 57 | 63,611, 500 | 22, 508, 438, 442 | 1, 307, 843, 857 | 73, 555,988 | 4, 274, 000 | 5. 8 |
| 1879 | 59 | $60,800,200$ | 25, 178, 771, 691 | 1, 400, 111, 063 | 82, 415,540 | 4, 560, 622 | 5. 6 |
| 1880 | 57 | $60,475,200$ | 37, 182, 128,621 | 1,516,538,631 | 121, 510, 224 | 4,956, 009 | 4. 1 |
| 1881 | 60 | 61, 162, 700 | 48, 565, 818, 212 | 1, 776, 018, 162 | 159, 232,191 | 5, 823, 010 | 3.5 |
| 1882 | 61 | 60, 962, 700 | 46, 552, 846, 161 | 1, 395, 000, 245 | 151, 637, 935 | 5, 195, 440 | 3. 4 |
| 1883 | 63 | 61, 162, 700 | 40, 293, 165, 258 | 1,568, 983, 196 | 132, 543, 307. | 5, 161, 129 | 8.9 |
| 1884 | 61 | 60,412, 700 | 34, 092, 037, 338 | 1, 524, 930, 994 | 111, 048, 982 | 4, 967, 202 | 4. 5 |
| 1885 | 64 | 58, 612, 700 | 25, 250, 791, 440 | 1, $295,355,252$ | 82, 789, 480 | 4. 247, 069 | 5.1 |
|  |  | †70,014, 239 | $\ddagger 744,695,238,867$ | $\ddagger 32,669,426,493$ | †75,850,909 | †3, 327, 968 | 4.4 |

[^30]The total amount of transactions for the thirty-two years given in the table is $\$ 744,695,238,867$, and the annual average is $\$ 23,271,726,214$.

The clearing-house transactions of the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York for the year ending October 1, 1885, were as follows:

| Exchanges received from clearing-hons | \$259,935,584 08 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Exchanges delivered to clearing-house. | 114, 051, 01605 |
| Balances paid to clearing-house | 146, 724,869 08 |
| Balances received from clearing-house | 840,301 05 |
| Showing that the amount paid by the ass ing-house was in excess of the amount | 145, 884, 56803 |

A table compiled from statements made by the New York clearing. house, giving the clearances and balances. weekly from September 4, 1880, to October 31, 1885, inclusive, will be found in the Appendix, and is valuable for purposes of comparison.

The following interesting table has been copied from the Commercial and Financial Chronicle of New York City, of November 7, 1885, which gives information concerning the exchanges at New York and other cities having clearing•houses for the week ending October 31, comparing them with those for the corresponding week in 1884, and showing the percentage of differences. The exchanges at the same places for the month ending October 31, 1885, are also given with the percentage of differences resulting from a comparison with the exchanges for the same month of the previous year:

| Cities. | Week, |  |  | October. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1885. | 1884. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | 1885. | 1884. | Per cent. |
| New York | \$695, 214, 387 | \$458, 532, 568 | +51.6 | \$3, 189, 746, 196 | \$2, 370, 856, 125 | +34.6 |
| Buston. | 70, 974, 841 | 58, 811, 468 | +30.9 | 342, 121, 551 | 288, 641,009 | +18.5 |
| Chicago | 48, 771, 241 | 44, 515, 792 | +9.6 | 234, 770, 623 | 204, 712, 276 | +14.7 |
| Philadelphia | 47, 353, 039 | 39, 828, 337 | +189 | 236, 905, 761 | 208, 220, 032 | +13.8 +18 |
| Saint Louis | 33, 662, 131 | 12, 918,575 | +5.8 | 66, 532, 755 | 63, 474, 959 | +4.8 |
| San Francisc | 11, 512, 515 | 13, 365, 680 | $-13.9$ | 51, 609, 056 | $54,162,816$ | -4.7 |
| New Orleans | 10,760,103 | 8,477, 673 | +26.9 | 40,349, 600 | 38,420, 300 | +5.0 |
| Baltimoro | 10, 337, 785 | 11, 577, 658 | $-10.7$ | 52, 164, 929 | 57, 616,449 | -9.5 |
| Cincinnati | 8, 212, 250 | 8, 062,250 | +1.9 | 41, 952, 425 | 38,736, 050 | +8.3 |
| Pittsburgh | 7, 407, 417 | 8, 461, 699 | $-12.5$ | 32, 765, 984 | 37, 489, 987 | $-12.6$ |
| Providence | 5, 579, 400 | 4, 498,700 | +24.0 | 22, 813,000 | 16, 674, 200 | +36.9 |
| Kansas Civy | 4, 771, 467 | 3, 602, 645 | +32.4 | 25, 085, 652 | 17, 406, 421 | +44.1 |
| Milwaukee | 4, 105, 872 | 3,702, 453 | +10.9 | 18, 691, 227 | 16, 330, 707 | +14.5 |
| Louisville | 3, 863, 906 | 3, 289, 468 | +17.5 | 19, 467, 445 | 16, 211, 381 | +20.1 |
| Detroit | 2, 949, 221 | 2,690, 522 | +9.6 | 1.4, 591, 498 | 13, 279, 277 | + 9.9 |
| Cleveland | 2, 142, 899 | 1, 881, 996 | +13.9 | 9, 858, 182 | 9, 397, 942 | + 4.9 |
| Memphis | 1, 582, 422 | 1,385, 609. | +14.2 | 6, 595,745 | 5, 500, 186 | +19.9 |
| Hartford | 1, 534, 252 | 1,173, 465 | +30.7 | 8,301, 504 | 6, 254, 003 | +32.7 |
| Columbas | 1, 386, 809 | 1, 192,532 | +16.3 | 6, 505, 282 | 6, 048, 265 | + 7.6 |
| Indianapolis | 1, 377, 473 | 1, 335, 327 | +3.2 | 6, 053.829 | 5, 888, 112 | + 2.8 |
| Portlaud | 1, 037, 815 | 1, 023,975 | +1.4 | 4,544, 266 | 4, 471, 868 | +1.6 |
| Peoria | 936, 421 | 776, 746 | +20.6 | 4, 454, 202 | 4, 079, 364 | + 9.2 |
| Worcester | 794, 964 | 808, 300 | $-1.6$ | 4, 459, 517 | 3,766,739 | +18.4 |
| Springfield | 713, 723 | 653, 389 | +9.2 | 3,409,539 | 3, 291, 396 | +3.6 |
| Saint Jusep | 635, 979 | 579, 131 | +9.8 | 3, 323,586 | 2,566, 163 | +29.5 |
| Lowell | 408, 836 | 456, 011 | $-10.3$ | 2, 351, 427 | 2, 360, 967 | -0.4 |
| Total | 964, 027, 168 | 693, 601, 969 | +39.0 | 4, 449, 431, 381 | 3, 495, 856, 994 | +27.3 |
| Ontside New York | 268, 812, 781 | 235, 069, 401 | +14.4 | 1, 259, 685, 185 | 1, 125, 000, 869 | +11.9 |

The following table exhibits the transactions of clearing-houses looated in twenty-nine cities for the year euding October 1, 1885, from
official returns received by the manager of the New York clearing. house:

|  | Clearing-houses. | Exchanges. | Balances. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. |  | \$25, 250, 791, 440 | \$1, 295, 355, 252 |
| Roston |  | 3, 365, 702, 730 | 442, 972, 332 |
| Philadielphia |  | 2, 244, 194, 406 | 215, 464, 089 |
| Chicago |  | 2, 248, 230.189 | 257, 588, 370 |
| Saint Louis |  | 745, 577, 323 | 122, 057, 237 |
| Baltimore |  | 590, 859, 346 | 76, 623, 877. |
| San Franciseo |  | 562, 640, 183 | 96, 150, 787 |
| Pittsburgh |  | 358, 517, 850 | 74, 460, 991 |
| New Orleaus |  | 387, 485, 900 | 46, 712, 200 |
| Cincimati. |  | 439, 034, 000 | No record. |
| Providence |  | 205, 575, 000 | No tecord. |
| Lonisville. |  | 208, 714,120 | 49, 794, 209 |
| Milwaukee |  | 179, 437, 9.53 | 31, 967, 463 |
| Detroit |  | 1344, 650, 006 | 23, 849, 499 |
| Cleveland |  | 101, 305, 282 | No record. |
| Indianapolis |  | $65,235,339$ | 10, 936, 134 |
| Rnosas City |  | 209, 335, 915 | 33, 309,955 |
| Hartford |  | 77,495, 526 | 23,484,960 |
| New Haven |  | 54, 803, 637 | 12, 542,686 |
| Columbus |  | 33,632, 517 | 10,905, 258 |
| Memphis |  | 67, 199, 260 | 16, 008, 332 |
| Peoria |  | 40, 554, 333 | 11, 370, 217 |
| Worcester |  | 37, 036, 992 | 11, 358, 684 |
| Springfield |  | 36, 754,686 | 10,396, 230 |
| Lowell |  | 22, 403, 614 | 8,578, 929 |
| Syracuse |  | 24, 372,022 | 5, 675, 260 |
| Portland. |  | 44, 786. 547 | 8,556, 421 |
| Ouraha ${ }_{\text {Saint Josep }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { New. } \\ 33,784,703 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New. } \\ & 9,510,485 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. |  | 37,770, 110, 819 | 2, 905, 629, 837 |

From the above table it will be seen that the exchanges in New York City amonnted to 66.8 per cent. of the whole sum, and the balances in that city were nearly 44.6 per ceut. of the total balances.

## GLEARING-HOUSE CERTIFICATIES.

Section 5192 Revised Statotes, provides that clearing-honse certificates representing specie or lawful money specially deposited for the purposes of auy clearing-house association, shall also be deemed to be lawful money in the possession of any association belonging to such clearing house holding and owning such certificates; and section 5193 provides that the Secretary of the Treasury may receive United States notes on deposit, without interest, from any national banking association, in sums not less than $\$ 10,000$, and issue certificates therefor in denominatious of not less than $\$ 5,000$, which certificates may be connted as part of the lawful money reserve, and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balauces at the places where the deposits therefor were made.
The legal-tender note certificates were first issued in the fiscal year 1873. On June 30, 1875, there were outstanding $\$ 59,045,000$ of these certificates, of which the national banks held $\$ 47,310,000$. On June 30, 1876, the amount outstanding was $\$ 33,140,000$, of which the banks held $\$ 27,955,000$. Ou June 30, 1879 , the amount had been reduced to $\$ 29$, 330,000 , aud the banks held on June 14 of the same jear $\$ 25,180,000$. The amount outstanding on September 30, 1885, was $\$ 23,18 \tilde{5}, 000$, and the uational bauks held on that day $\$ 18,800,000$. The issue of the gold certificates was authorized by the fifth section of the act of March 3, 1863, and they were used for cleariug house purposes soon after the passage of the national bank act.
The first issue was made on November 13, 186z. On Jupe 30, 1875,
there were outstanding $\$ 21,796,300$, of which the national banks in New York City held $\$ 12,642,180$. The issue of these certificates was discontimued on December 1,1878 , and the amount outstaucling had decreased on June 30, 1879, to $\$ 15,413,700$, and on October 1, 1880, to $\$ 7,480,100$. The amount outstauding on October 3,1882 , was $\$ 4,907,440$, of which the national banks held $\$ 4,594,300$. The issue of gold certificates having been discontinued by the Government, and the amount of gold coin having rapidly increased, the banks in New York tound it necessary to establish a depository of gold coin for the convenience of the clearing. house. This depository at the present time is the Bank of America, by which bank certificates of deposit were first issued on October 14, 1879. The amount of such certificates outstanding on January 1, 1880, was $\$ 25,610,000$, and on October 1, 1883, was $\$ 22,955,000$. The largest amount of coin on deposit was on January 21,1882 , viz, $\$ 45,330,000$, the capacity of the vault having been increased since 1880. Of this amonnt the national banks of New York City held on October 2, 1883, $\$ 20,345,000$; on September $30,1884, \$ 15,123,000$; and on October 1 , $1885, \$ 16,094,000$.

These banks on the same date held of gold Treasury certificates issued under the acts of March 3,1863 , and July $12,1882, \$ 62,249,740$. The act of February 28, 1878, authorized any holder of silver dollars of the weight of $412 \frac{1}{2}$ grains troy of standard silver to deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less thau $\$ 10$, and receive therefor certificates of not less than $\$ 10$ each, corresponding with the denomination of the United States notes. It required that the coin deposited or representiog the certifcates should be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand, and that said certificates should be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and also authorized their reissue.

The New York Clearing-House Association issued during July and Angust, 1885 , clearing-house certificates based upon fractional silver specially deposited for such purpose, and on October 1,1885 , the national bauks of New York City held $\$ 4,825,000$ of these certificates.*

It would appear that these certificates could be legally held if desired as a portion of the lawful money reserve of national banks, under section 5192 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which provides, as heretofore stated, that clearing-bouse certilicates representing specie or lawful money, specially deposited for the purpose in the clear-ing-house association, shall be deemed lawfil money. The fractional silrer coin represented by these certificates could also be converted into lawful money at any time, as they are redeemable in lawfin money of the United States on presentation at the Treasury.

Section 12 , act of July 12,1882 , provides that the Secretary of the Treasury is anthorized and directed to receive deposits of gold coin with the Treasurer or assistant treasurers of the United States in sums not less than $\$ 20$, and to issue certificates therefor in denomiuations of not less than $\$ 20$ each, corresponcling with the denominations of United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certiticates of deposit shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such certificates, as also silver certificates, when held by any national banking association, sball be counted as part of its lawful reserve; and no national banking association shall be a member of any clearing house

[^31]in which such certificates shall not be receivable in the settlement of clearing house balances.

The amount of silver certificates ou November 1.1885 , was $\$ 125,053$, 286. and the amount held by the Treasury was $\$ 31,906,514$, leaving the amount ontstanding $\$ 93,146,772$.

The amoun't of gold certificates on November 1, 1885, was $\$ 140,136,61,0$, and the amount beld br the Treasury was $\$ 31,115,850$, leaving the 'amount outstanding $\$ 109,020,760$.

On October 1, 1885, the national banks held $\$ 2,274,650$ of silver certificates; and $\$ 72,986,340$ of gold certificates, issued under the acts of March 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882.

In addition to the certificates heretofore mentioned, the national banks of New York City held on October $1,1885, \$ 1,945,000$ clearinghouse loan certificates, issued in pursuance of resolutions adopted May 14, 1884, to the Metropolitan National Bank, now in liquidation, and State banks in New York City beld $\$ 735,000$, the total outstanding on that date being $\$ 2,680,000$. On the 13 th of Octolyer $\$ 130,000$ of these certificates were paid by the Metropolitan National Bank, leaving the aggregate amount outstanding on that date $\$ 2,550,000$. These certificates are secured by a deposit in trust of certain securities and bills receivable with the loan committee of the New York Clearing-House Association, and bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per amnum. They are carried by the associated banks amoug their loans, and were more fully described in the report of this office for the vear 1884, pages 36 and 37 .

## RESERVE.

The following table exbibits the amount of net deposits and the reserve required thereon by the act of June 20, 1874, together with the amount and classification of reserve beld by the national banks in New York City, in the other reserve cities, and by the remaining banks, at the dates of their reports in October of each year from 1875 to 1883, on September 30, 1884, and ou October 1, 1885 :

NEW YORK CITY.


OTHJER RESERVE CITIES.

| Oct. 1, 1875.. | 188 | 223.9 | 56.0 | 74.5 | 33.3 | 1. 5 | 37.1 | 32.3 | 3.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 2, 1876.. | 189 | 217.0 | 54.2 | 76.1 | 35.1 | 4. 0 | 37.1 | 320 | 3. 0 |
| Oct. 1, 1877 | 188. | 204.1 | 51.0 | 67.3 | 33.0 | 5.6 | 34.3 | 24.4 | 3.0 |
| Oct. 1, 1878.. | 184 | 199.9 | 50.0 | 71.1 | 35.6 | 9.4 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 3.2 |
| Jct. 2, 1879.. | 181 | 288.8 | 57.2 | 83.5 | 36.5 | 11:3 | 33.0 | 35.7 | 3.5 |
| Oct. 1, 1880.. | 184 | 289.4 | 72.4 | 105.2 | 36.2 | 28.3 | 25.0 | 48.2 | 3. 7 |
| Oct. 1, 1881.. | 189 | 335.4 | 83.9 | 100.8 | 30.0 | - 34.6 | 21.9 | 40.6 | 3.7 |
| Oct. 3, 1882.. | 193 | 318.8 | 79.7 | 89.1 | 28.0 | 28.3 | 24.1 | 33.2 | 3.5 |
| Oct. 2, $1883 .$. | 200 | 323.9 | 81.0 | 100. 6 | 31.1 | 26.3 | 30.1 | 40.8 | 3.4 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | -203 | 307.9 | 77.0 | 99.0 | 32. 2 | 30.3 | 33.3 | 32.3 | 3. 1 |
| Oct. 1, 1885.. | 203 | 364.5 | 91.1 | 122.2 | 33.5 | 42.0 | 34.9 | 42.4 | 2.9 |

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

| Oct. 1, 1875 | ], 851 | 307.9 | 46.3 | 100.1 | 32.5 | 1.6 | 33.7 | 53.3 | 11.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1,853 | 291.7 | 43.8 | 99.9 | 34.3 | 2.7 | 31.0 | 55.4 | 10.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1877 | 1,845 | 290.1 | 43.6 | 95.4 | 32.9 | 4.2 | 31.6 | 48.9 | 10.7 |
| Oct. 1, 1878. | 1,822 | 289.1 | 43.4 | 106. 1 | 36.7 | 8.0 | 31.1 | 56.0 | 11.0 |
| Oct. 2, 1879. | 1,820 | 329.9 | 49.5 | 124.3 | 37.7 | 11.5 | 30.3 | 71.3 | 11.2 |
| Oct. 1, 1880 | 1, 859 | 410.5 | 61.6 | 14\%. 2 | 35.8 | 21.2 | 28.3 | 86.4 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 1, 1881 | 1,895 | 507.2 | 76.1 | 158. 3 | 31.2 | 27.5 | 27.1 | 92.4 | 11.4 |
| Oct. 3, 1882. | 2,026 | 545.8 | 81.9 | 150.4 | 27.5 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 80.1 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1883 | 2,253 | 577.9 | 86.7 | 157.5 | 27.2 | 31.2 | 30.8 | 84.1 | 11.3 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 2,417 | - 535.8 | 80.4 | 156.3 | 29.2 | 35.2 | 30.9 | 79.7 | 10.5 |
| Oct. 1, 1885... | 2,467 | 570.8 | 85.6 | 177.5 | 31.1 | 41.5 | 29.9 | 95.9 | 10.2 |
| SUMMARY. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | 2,087 | 734.1 | 152.2 | 235.1 | 32.0 | 8.1 | 125. 2 | 85.6 | 16.2 |
| Oct. 2, 1876. | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 089$ | 706.6 | 147.5 | 236.7 | 33.5 | 213 | 113.4 | 87.4 | 14. 6 |
| Oct. 1, 1877 | 2,080 | 669.1 | 138.3 | 210.8 | 31.5 | 22: 8 | 100.2 | 73.3 | 14.5 |
| Oct. 1, 1878. | 2,053 | 678.8 | 140.8 | 228.1 | 33.6 | 30.7 | 97.0 | 85.1 | 15.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1879 | 2,048 | 768.9 | 159.3 | 260.9 | 33.9 | 42.2 | 95.9 | 107.0 | 15.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1880. | 2.090 | 968.0 | 201. 0 | 323.0 | 33.4 | 108. 2 | 64.3 | 134.6 | 15.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1881. | 2,132 | 1, 1111.6 | 227.2 | 321.6 | 28.9 | 112.7 | 59.9 | 133.0 | 16.1 |
| Oct. 3, 1882 | 2, 269 | 1,118.6 | 225.1 | 303.9 | 27.2 | 102.8 | 72.0 | 113.3 | 15.8 |
| Oct. 2, 1883 | 2, 501 | 1, 168.7 | 234.4 | 328.9 | 28.1 | 107.8 | 80.6 | 124.9 | 15.6 |
| Sept. 30.1884 | 2,664 | 1,098.7 | 221.1 | 346.1 | 31.6 | 128.6 | 91.2 | 112.0 | 14.3 |
| Oct. 1, 1885. | 2,714 | 1,248.2 | 254.9 | 415.4 | 33.3 | 175.0 | 88.5 | 138.3 | 13.6 |

The following table, compiled from returns made to the clearing-house by the national banks in New York City, exhibits the movement of their reserve, weekly, during October, for the last nine years:

| Week ending- | Specie. | Legal-tend ers. | Total. | Ratio of reserve to- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Circula. tion and deposits. | Deposits. |
|  |  |  |  | Per cent. | Por cent. |
| October 7, 1876 | \$17, 682, 600 | \$45, 535, 600 | \$63, 218, 200 | '30. 5 | 32.4 |
| October 14, 1876 | 16, 238, 600 | $43,004,600$ | 59, 288, 200 | 28.8 | 31.1 |
| October 21, 1876 | .15,577, 500 | 41, 421, 700 | 56, 999,200 | 27.8 | 30.0 |
| October 28, 1876. | 14, 011, 600 | 41, 645, 600 | 55, 657, 200 | 28.0 | 30.3 |
| October 6, 1877. | 14, 665,600 | 36, 168, 300 | 50, 833, 900 | 27.0 | 29.5 |
| October 13, 1877 | 14, 726, 500 | 35, 178,900 | 49,905, 400 | 26.7 | 29.2 |
| October 20,1877 | 14, 087, 400 | 35, 101, 700 | 49,189, 100 | 26.5 | 29.0 |
| October 27, 1877 | 15, 209,000 | 34, 367, 800 | 49,576,800 | 26. 8 | 29.4 |
| October 5, 1878 | 14, 995, 800 | 38, 304, 900 | 53, 300, 700 | 25.7 | 28.4 |
| October 12, 1878. | 12. 184, 600 | 37, 685, 100 | 49, 869, 700 | 24.4 | 27.0 |
| October 19, 1878 | 13, 531, 400 | 36, 576, 000 | 50, 107, 400 | 24.7 | 27.3 |
| Oclober 26, 1878 | 17, 384, 200 | 35, 690, 500 | 53, 074, 700 | 45.8 | 28.5 |
| October 4, 1879 | 18, 979, 600 | 34, 368, 000 | 53, 347, 600 | 23.3 | 25. 8 |
| October 11, 1879 | 20, 901,800 | 32,820, 300 | 53, 722, 100 | 23.4 | 25.9 |
| Octoher 18, 1879 | 24, 686, 500 | 29, 305, 200 | 53, 991; 700 | 23. 5 | 26.1 |
| October 25, 1879 | 25, 636, 000 | 26,713, 900 | 52, 349,900 | 23.0 | 25.5 |
| October 2, 1880 | 59, 823,700 | 11, 129, 100 | 70, 952, 800 | 25.4 | 26.4 |
| October 9, 1880 | 62, 521, 300 | 10, 785, 000 | 73, 306, 300 | 25.4. | 27.7 |
| October 16, 1880 | 62, 760, 600 | 10, 939, 200 | 73, 699, 800 | 25.5 | 27.1 |
| October 23, 1880 | 60, 888, 200 | 10, 988, 200 | 71, 876, 400 | 24.8 | 26. 6 |
| October 30, 1880 | 61, 471, 600 | 10, 925, 000 | 72, 396,600 | 250 | 26.7 |
| October 1, 1881. | 54, 954,600 | 12, 150, 400 | 67, 105, 000 | 23.1 | 24. 8 |
| October 8,1881 | 53, 287, 900 | 12, 153, 800 | 65, 441, 700 | 23.1 | 24.9 |
| October 15, 1881. | 51, 008, 300 | 12,452,700 | 63, 461, 000 | 23.2 | 25.0 |
| October 22,1881 | 54, 016, 200 | 12, 496, 500 | 66,512,700 | 24.6 | 26. 6 |
| October '29, 1881. | 55, 961, 200 | 12,947, 900 | 68, 909, 100 | 25. 6 | 27.4 |
| October 7, 1882. | 47, 016,000 | 18, 384, 500 | 65, 400, 500 | 24.0 | 26.3 |
| October 14, 1882 | 48, 281, 000 | 18, 002, 700 | $66,283,700$ | 24.7 | 26. 6 |
| October 21, 1882 | 49, 518, 200 | 17, 023, 900 | 66, 542, 100 | 25.0 | 26.8 |
| October 28, 1882 | 48, 374, 200 | 17, 204, 700 | 65, 578,900 | 24.8 | 26.5 |
| October 6, 1883 | 51, 586, 700 | 20, 122, 500 | 71, 709, 200 | 25.5 | 27.0 |
| October 13, 1888 | 50, 894, 000 | 21, 145, 800 | 72, 039,800 | 25.4 | 26. 8 |
| October 20, 1883 | 47, 262,900 | 20, 719, 700 | 67, 982, 600 | 24.5 | 25. 9 |
| October 27, 1883 | 46, 372, 800 | 20, 617, 600 | 66,990,400 | 24.5 | 25.9 |
| October 4, 1884. | 67, 470, 600 | 25, 817, 300 | 93, 237, 900 | 34.5 | 36.3 |
| October 11, 1884 | $68,922,500$ | 27, 654, 100 | 96, 576, 600 | 35.2 | 36.9 |
| October 18,1884. | 67, 57G, 400 | 27, 875, 500 | 95, 454,900 | 34.8 | 36.5 |
| October 25, 1884 | 67, 638,000 | 27, 354, 200 | 94, 992, 200 | 34.6 | 36.3 |
| October 3, 1885. | 92, 351, 600 | 24, 516, 600 | 116, 868, 200 | - 36.0 | 37.1 |
| October 10, 1885 | 93, 642, 500 | 23, 002,000 | 116, 644, 500 | 35.8 | 37.0 |
| October 17, 1885 | 91, 945, 300 | 22, 221, 100 | 114, 166, 400 | 34.9 | 36. 0 |
| Octoher 24, 1885. | 87, 309, 100 | 21, 059, 800 | 108, 368,900 | 33.5 | 34.5 |
| October 30, 1885 | 84, 954, 600 | 21,874,900 | 106, 829, 500 | 33.0 | 34.1 |

UNITED STATES LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND NATIONAL-BANK CIRCUL.ATION.

The acts of Febuary 25, 1862, July 11, 1862, and March 3, 1863, each autborize the issue of 150 millions of dollars of legal-tender notes, making an aggregate of 450 millions of dollars.

On February 3, 1864, the anount of such notes outstanding was $\$ 449,479,222$, which was the highest amount outstanding at any one time. The act of June 30, 1864, provided that the total amount of United States notes issued, or to be issued, should not exceed 400 millions of dollars, and such additioual sum, not exceeding 50 millions, as might be temporarily required for the redemptiou of temporary loans.

By the act of Jnne 20, 1874, the maximum amount was fixed at 382 millions. Section 3, act of January 14, 1875, authorized an increase of the circulation of natioual banks in accordance with existing law, without respect to the limit previously existing, and required the Secretary of the Treasury to retire legal tender notes, to an amount equal to 80 per cent. of the national bauk notes thereafter issued, uutil the amount of such legal-tender notes ontstanding should be 300 millious aud no more. Under the operations of this act $\$ 35,318,984$ of legal-tender notes were retired, leaving the amount in circulation on May 31, 1878, the date of the repeal of the act, $\$ 346,681,016$, which is the amount outstanding.

In the following table are given the amounts and kiads of the outstanding currency of the United States, and of the national banks on January 1, of each year, from 1866 to 1885 , and on November 1, 1885 , to which is prefixed the amount on August 31,1865 , when the public debt reached its maximum.

| Date. | United States issues. |  |  | - Notes of national banks, includ ing goldnotes. | Aggregate. | Currencyprice of $\$ 100$ gold |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Legal-tender } \\ \text { notes. }}}{\text { Ler }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Old } \\ \text { demand } \\ \text { notes. } \end{gathered}$ | Fractional cnrrency. |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 31, 186 | \$432, 553, 912 | \$402,965 | \$26, 344, 742 | \$176, 213, 955 | \$635, 515, 574 |  |  |
| Jaw. 1, | 425, 839,3 | 392, 670 | 26, 000, | 236, 636,098 | 688, 867 |  |  |
| J 3 an. 1, 1868 | 356, 000, 000 | 259,127 | 31, 5977 | ${ }_{299}{ }^{296}$, 846, 2068 | 687, 602, 916 | 133 <br> 135 <br> 180 | 7504 |
| Jan 1, 1869 | 356,000,000 | 128, 098 | 34, 215,715 | 299, 747, 569 | 690, 091, 382 | 13500 | 740 |
| 1870 | 356.000, 000 | 113, 098 | 39, 762 | 299, 629. | 695, 505, | 120 |  |
| Jan. 1, 1881 | 356, 000, | 101, 086 | 39,9912 | 306, | 702.403, |  |  |
| Jan. ${ }_{\text {Jan 1, } 1,1873}$ | ${ }^{3557}$ 35, 557, | 92, 84, 84 |  | 344, 582, 812 | 726, 826, | 109 1120 | -91988 |
| Jan. 1, 18 ¢4 | 378, 401. 702 |  | 48. 544,792 | 350, 848, 236 | 777, 874, 367 | 11025 | ${ }^{70}$ |
| Jan. 1, 1875 | 382,000,00 | 72, 317 | 46, 390, 598 | 354, 128, 250 | 782, 591, 165 | 11250 | 888 |
| Jan. 1, 1876 | 371, 827, 220 | 69, 6 | 44, 147, 072 | 346, 479,756 | 762, 523, 690 | 11275 |  |
| Jan. 1,1857 | 366, 05, 084 | ${ }^{65,462}$ | 26,348, 206 | 321, 595, 600 | $714,064,358$ | 10700 | 93 46 |
| Jan. 1, 1878 | ${ }^{349,943,776}$ | ${ }^{63,5}$ | 17, 764, 109 | ${ }_{3}^{322,672,505}$ | 689, 443, 922 | 10287 | 972 |
| Jan. 1, 1879 | 346, 681,016 | ${ }^{62,} 035$ | 16, 148, 159 | 322, 791, 674 | 1886, 642, 884 | 10000 | 100 |
| Jan. 1, 1880 | 346, 681, 016 | 61,350 | 15.674, 304 | 342, 387, 336 | 704, 804, 006 | 10000 | 100 |
| Jan ${ }^{\text {an. }}$, 1, 1888 | - $3346,681,016$ |  | 15, 1523,464 |  | ${ }^{7} 724,620$, | 10000 <br> 100 <br> 100 | 100 |
| Jan. 1, 1883 | 346, 681,016 | 59, 295 | 15, 398, 008 | 361, 882, 791 | 724, 221,110 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jan. 1, 1884 | ${ }^{346,688 i, 016}$ | 58, 680 | 15, 365, 362 | 349, 349,352 | 712, 054, 410 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jan. ${ }^{\text {J, }}$ Nov, 1, 1885 | 346, 381,016 | 58, 240 | ${ }_{15}^{15,347,277}$ | $\underset{ }{329,158,623}$ | 691, 645.156 | 10000 | 10000 |
| v. 1, 1885 | 346, 681, 016 | 57, 825 | 15, 337, 096 | *315, 847, 168 | 677, 923, 105 | 10000 | 100 |

${ }^{-}$Includes $\$ 384,269$ notes of gold banks and $\$ 568,081$ mutilated currency in transit.
The act of June 20, 1874, provided that any national banking associatiou inight withdraw its circulating notes upon the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States, in sums of not less than $\$ 9 ; 000$. Under this act, and on account of liquidating and insolvent banks, and under the act of July 12, 1882, which provides for a deposit of lawful money to retire the old circulation of national banks whose corporate existence has been extended, $\$ 239,347,068$ of lawful money
has been deposited with the Treasurer. This includes $\$ 2,663,720$ for the redemption of the notes of national gold bauks, and $\$ 14,125,820$ for the redemption of national-bank notes under section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882. Since June 20, 1874, $\$ 203,617,764$ of bank notes have been redeemed, destroyed, and retired. This includes. $\$ 2,279,45 \mathrm{l}$ of the notes of national gold banks and $\$ 4,425,625$ of the notes of national banks whose corporate existence has been extended under the act of July $12,1882$.

The following table shows by-States the amount of additional circulation issued during the sear ending October 31, 1885, and the total amount of such circulation issued since June 20,1874 . It also shows the amount of circulation retired during the jear, and the total amount retired siuce June 20, 1874 :

| States and Territories. | Additional circulation issued. | Circalation retired. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Act June 20, 1874. | Liquidating banks. | Total. |
| Maine | \$304;750 | \$69, 100 | \$164,495 | \$233, 595 |
| New Hampshire | 150 | 36, 680 | 69, 170 | 105, 850 |
| Vermont | 158,220 | 218, 570 | 329, 846 | 548,416 |
| Massachusett | 926, 240 | 3, 928,665 | 1,765, 957 | 5, 694, 622 |
| Rhode Island | 57,360 | 763, 110 | 31,611 | 794, 721 |
| Connecticat | 149.000 | 386, 733 | 248, 656 | 635, 389 |
| New York | 1,687, 810 | 3, 457, 210 | 1,968, 677 | 5,425, 887 |
| New Jersey. | -398,760 | 718,650 | 196,442 | 015, 092 |
| Penosylrania. | 1, 107, 950 | 1,664,490 | 1, 074, 609 | 2, 739, 099 |
| Delaware | 49,500 | 4, 100 |  | 4, 100 |
| Maryland | 150,500 | 513, 750 | 6,740 | 520,490 |
| District of Columbia |  | 10,790 | 3, 628 | 14, 418 |
| Virginia | 45,000 | 220, 070 | 75, 853 | 295, 923. |
| West Virginia | 19,310 | 64. 830 | 5,034 | 69.864 |
| North Carolina | 45, 000 | 116, 500 | 22, 525 | 139, 025 |
| South Carolina |  | 30,745 |  | 36,745 |
| Georgia | 18,900 | 91, 720 | 7,449 | 99,169 |
| Florida. | 49,500 |  |  |  |
| Alabana. | 90, 000 | 71, 520 | 23,452 | 94, 979 |
| Mississippi | 33, 740 | 5,300 | 15 | 5,375 |
| Louisiana. | 225, 800 | 188, 470 | 4,345 | 192, 815 |
| Texas... | 191,880 | 200, 630 | 7, 580 | 208, 210 |
| Arkadsas | 117, 000 | 15, 110 | 9, 740 | 24, 850 |
| Kentucky | 126, 540 | 501, 060 | 92, 482 | 653, 542 |
| Tenuessee | 22,490 | 163.100 | 119, 093 | 282, 1.93 |
| Missouri. | 308, 240 | 333, 645 | 57,371 | 391, 016 |
| Ohio ... | 1,598,920 | 1, 662, 250 | 1, 107, 123 | 2, 769, 273 |
| Indiana | 874, 650 | 494, 450 | 771, 033 | 1, 265, 482 |
| Illinois | 649, 010 | 763, 670 | 414,714 | 1, 178,384 |
| Michigan | 374, 980 | 385, 890 | 379, 638 | 765, 528 |
| Wisconsin | 123, 270 | 175, 460 | 139, 994 | 315, 454 |
| Iowa.. | 177, 750 | 588, 680 | 176, 026 | 761,706 |
| Minnesota | 50, 850 | 189;410 | 129, 626 | 319, 036 |
| Kansas | 291, 840 | 90,010 | 21, 468 | 111,478 |
| Nebrask | 173, 320 | 59,580 | 42, 823 | 102, 403 |
| Nevada |  |  | +130 | , 130 |
| Oregon | 29, 250 | 4, 000 |  | 4,000 |
| Colorado. | 83, 190 | 69,990 | 43,631 | 113, 621 |
| Utah | 45, 000 | 56, 300 | 1,064 | 57, 364 |
| Idaho |  | 24.820 |  | 24, 820 |
| Montana | 36,000 | 65.760 | 3,280 | 69,040 |
| W. soming | 13, 250 | 9,250 |  | 9,250 |
| New Mexico |  | 22, 210 |  | 22, 210 |
| Dakota | 103, 470 | 58, 575 | 15, 242 | 73, 817 |
| Wrahington | 101, 250 | 40, 410 | 6, 410 | 46, 820 |
| Arizona - ar........ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,500 \\ 142,770 \end{array}$ | 11, 370 | 13,870 165,020 |
| California "currency | 135, 010 | 142,770 | 22, 250 | 165, 020 |
| Surrendered to this office and retired | 11,142, 650 | 18, 746, 593 | 9,570,591 | $\begin{array}{r} 28,317,184 \\ 375,630 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 18, 746, 593 | 9,570,591 | 28,692, $814^{\circ}$ |
| From Jnne 20, 1874, to October 31, 1884 | 170,074,049 | 140, 163, 218 | 32, 857, 909 | 173, 021, 127 |
| Grand total | 181, 216, 699 | 158,909, 811 | 42, 428, 500 | 215,592,250 |

The amount of additional circulation issued to national banks for the year ending November 1, 1885, was $\$ 11,142,650$, including $\$ 4,297,400$ issued to banks organized during the year.

During the year ending November 1, 1885, lawful money to the amount of $\$ 2(6,219,810$ was deposited with the Treasurer to retire circulation, of which amount $\$ 8,457,295$ was deposited by banks in liquidation, $\$ 7,772,-$ 165 by banks reducing circulation, under the act of June.20, 1874, and $\$ 9,990,350$ by baiks retiring old circulation, under the act of Jaly 12, 1882. The amount previonsly deposited under the acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882, was $\$ 171,368,662$; by banks in liquidation, $\$ 503,339,686$; making a total of $\$ 250,928,158$. Deducting from the total the amount of circulating notes redeemed and destroyed without reissue, $\$ 211,769,448$, there remained in the hands of the Treasurer on November 1, 1884, $\$ 39,158,710$ of lawful money for the redemption and retirement of bank circulation.

The portion of lawful money on deposit by insolvent bauks, by banks in voluntary liquidation, and by banks reducing or retiring their circulation on the first of each of the last five months was as follows:

|  | July 1. | August 1. | September 1. | October 1. | November 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insolvent banks. | \$745, 789 | \$698,584 | \$715, 203 | \$683, ${ }^{1} 43$ | \$584,960 |
| Liquidating banks | 13, 569, 286 | 13, 796, 666 | 13,774, 242 | 13, 565,143 | 12,778, 010 |
| Reducing under act of June 20, 1874 | 19, 784, 295 | $18,699,950$ | 18, 029, 110 | 17, 443, 820 | 16,095, 545 |
| Retiring under act of July 12, 1882. | 5, 003, 783 | 5, 889, 173 | 6,685, 023 | 8, 181, 837 | 9,700, 195 |
| Totals. | 39, 103, 153 | 39, 084, 373 | 39, 203, 578 | 39, 874, 143 | *39, 158, 710 |

*Does not include $\$ 384,269$ on deposit to retire notes of gold banks.

DENOMINATIONS OF PAPER CIROULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, THE IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY, THE BANK OF FRANCE, AND THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

In accordance with the law, no national-bank notes of a less denomination than five dollars have been issued since January 1, 1879, when the amount outstanding was $\$ 7,718,747$. Since that date the amount of ones and twos issued by the banks has been reduced $\$ 7,283,033$, leaving the amount outstanding on November 1, 1885, $\$ 435,714$, and during the same-period the legal-tender notes of these denominations have been increased $\$ 5,645,960$.: The total decrease of the amount of ones and twos outstanding in national-bank and legal tender notes is $\$ 1,637,073$.
The following table exbibits by denominations the amount of nationalbank and legal-tender notes outstanding on October 31, 1885, and the aggregate amounts of both kinds of notes at the same periods in 1883 and 1884 :

| Denominationṣ. | 1885. |  |  | 1884. | 1883 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | National. bank notes. | Legal.tender | Aggregate. | Aggregate. | Aggregate. |
| Ones | \$4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 5, 714 | \$22, 703, 459 | \$23, 139, 173 | \$27, 258, 839 | \$30, 785, 265 |
| 'Twos | 237. 284 | 23. 235, 136 | 23, 472, 420 | 27, 067, 206 | 27, 510,196 |
| Fives | 81, 956, 870 | 84, 068, 279 | 166, 024, 949 | 163, 363, 205 | 164, 517, 620 |
| Tens | 104, 211, 290 | 71, 003, 390 | 175, 214, 680 | 180, 491, 886 | 189, 275, 406 |
| Twenties | 75, 087, 520 | 56, 941, 267 | 137, 028, 787 | 135, 277, 089 | 142, 382, 469 |
| Fifties | 20, 638, 550 | 22, 896, 595 | 43, 535, 14.5 | 44, 617, 045 | 46, 278, 145 |
| One hundreds | 31, 576, 400 | 29, 645, 390 | 61, 221, 790 | 66, 170, 690 | 65, 991, 590 |
| Five hundreds | 59\%,500 | 15, 152, 000 | 15, 750, 500 | 16, 063, 500 | 15, 895, 500 |
| One thousands | 131, 000 | 21, 910, 500 | 22, 041, 500 | 19, 659, 500 | 15, 429, 500 |
| Five thousands |  | 95,000 | 95,000 | 105,000 | 255, 000 |
| Ten thousands |  | 30,000. | 30, 000 | 60,000 | 120, 000 |
| Add for unredeemed fragments of national-bank notes | . $+21,890$ |  | +21.890 | +20, 749 | +19,761 |
| Deduct for legal-teider notes destroyed in Chicago fire $\qquad$ |  | $-1,000,000$ | -1, 000, 000 | -1,000,000 | $-1,000,000$ |
| Total. | *314, 894, 818 | 34,6, 681, 016 | 661, 575, 834 | 679, 154, 709 | $697,460,452$ |

*Exclusive of $\$ 568,081$ due to banks for mutilated notes destroyed and to be replaced by nerv' notes and of $\$ 384,269$ notes of gold banks.

The amount of one and two dollar national bank notes outstauding is a little more than one fifth of 1 per cent. of the whole circulation of the bauks; the fives constitute 26 per cent., the tens 33 per cent., the twenties 23.8 per cent., and the fifties and larger notes about 17 per cent. of the entire circulation.

Of the entire amount of national-bank and legal-teuder notes outstanding, about 7 per cent. consists of one and two dollar notes; nearly 32.2 per cent. of oues, twos, and fives, 58.6 per ceut. is in notes of a less denomination than $\$ 20$, and about 78.6 per cent. is in notes of a lower deuomination than $\$ 50$. Of the entire issue, about 21.5 per cent. is in denominations of fifties, one huudreds, five hundreds, and one thousands.
There are outstauding nineteen legal-tender notes, of the denomination of $\$ 5,000$, and three notes of the denomination of $\$ 10,000$.
The following table* exhibits by denominations the circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on December 31, 1884, in thalers aud marks, which have been converted into our currency.

| , | Thalers. |  |  | Marks. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of notes. | Denominations. | Valne of each note in dollars. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount iu } \\ \text { dollars (thar } \\ \text { ler }=75 \\ \text { cents). } \end{gathered}$ | Number of notes. | Denomina tions. | Value of each note in dollars. | Amount in dollarw (mark $=25$ cents). |
| 76 | Thalers. | \$375 00 |  |  | Marks. | \$250 |  |
| 2,000 | 100 | 7500 | 150, 000 | 甚128, 771 | $\begin{array}{r}1,500 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 125 | \$61, $16.096,375$ |
| 1. 6438 | 50 | 3750 | 61, 631 | 5, 209, 448 | 100 | 25 | 130,236,200 |
| 8, 302 | 25 | 1875 | 155, 662 |  |  |  |  |
| 8, 6751 | 10 | 750 | 65, 086 |  |  |  |  |
| 20,697 |  |  | 460, 859 | $5,605,178 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | 213, 072, 450 |

The circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on January 1, 1885, was $\$ 213,534,250$, showing an iucrease of $\$ 5,751,656$ over that of

[^32]the preceding year, although there was on an average $\$ 1,085,000$ less in circulation than the average of the previous year. On January 1 , 1880 , the circulation was $\$ 198,201,144$, and duriug the past five years the increase has areraged about $\$ 10,000,000$.

The following table* gives the circulation of the Bank of France and its branches, with the number of notes and the denominations in francs and in clollars on January 1, 1885 :

| Number of notes. | Denominations (fraucs). | Value of each note in dollars. | Amount in francs. | Amount in dollars (francs $=20$ cents). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 |  | \$1, 000 | $25,000$ | \$5,000 |
| 1, J86, 638 | 1,000 | 200 | 1, 186, 638,000 | 237, 327,600 |
| 589, 781 | 500 | 100 | 294, 890500 | 58, 978, 100 |
| 2,619 | 200 | 40 | 523,800 | 104, 760 |
| 12,446,499 | 100 | 20 | 1, 244, 649, 900 | 248, 929, 880 |
| 4, 931, 340 | 50 | 10 | 246, 567,000 | 49,313,400 |
| 20,859 | 25 | 5 | 521,475 | 104, 295 |
| 150, 046 | 20 | 4 | 3, 000, 925 | 600, 185 |
| 167, 163 | 5 | 1 | 835, 815 | 167, 163 |
| 1,200 | Forms out of date. |  | 420, 175 | 84, 035 |
| 19, 496, 150 |  |  | 2, 978, 072, 590 | 595, 614, 518 |

The amonnt of circulation of the Bank of Frauce on January 1, 1884, was $3,161,504,536$ fraincs, or say $\$ 632,360,907$, showing a decrease of $183,731,946$ francs, or $\$ 36,746,389$, between that time and January 1 , 1885 , the date of the foregoing table; and since January 30, 1879, an increase of $687,101,760$ francs, or $\$ 137,420,352$.

It will be seen that the Imperial Bank of Germany has in circulation no notes of a less demomination than seven dollars and a balf ( 10 thalers), and issues none of less than $\$ 25$ ( 100 marks), and that the Bank of France issues less than a miltion of dollars in valne of notes of a less denomination than $\$ 10$. The Bank of England issues no notes of less than $£ 5$, or $\$ 25$, and the Irish and Scotch banks none of less than $£ 1$, or $\$ 5$.

## DISTRIBUTION OF COIN AND PAPER CURRENCY.

In previous reports tables have been given showing the amount of coin and corrency in the country and its distribution, the amount in the Treasury, in the banks, and among the people on January 1, 1879, the date of the resumption of specie payments, and on November 1 of each of the last four years preceding the date of this report. These tables are again presented, the amounts on November 1, 1881, being omitted, while those on November 1, 1885, are added. The amounts of gold and silver in the country available for circulation are based upon the estimates of the Director of the Mint for Jauuary 1, 1879. The amounts of gold for the succeeding dates have been obtained by adding the gold production of the country, less the amounts used in the arts, from estimates of the same officer, adding the excess of gold importations duriug the year, or deducting the excess of gold exportations for the same period, according to the reports of the Bureau of Statistics. The amounts of silver are obtained by adding for each year the amount of silver dollars and fractional silver coined, less amounts recoined. For the jear 1885 the silver bullion purchased by the Government for coinage and on baud on November 1 is included.

[^33]For the year euding November 1, 1885 , the production of gold by the mines of the United States is estimated to have been about $\$ 30 ; 800,000$ During the period from November 1, 1884, to October 1, 1885, the amount of foreign and domestic gold coin and bullion imported in excess of the amount exported has been $\$ 12,315,915$, making an iucrease in the stock of gold in the country of $\$ 43,115,915$. From this amount must be dedncted the amount estimated by the Director of the Mint to have been used in the arts diuring the same period, $\$ 12,000,000$, leaving $\$ 31,115,915$ as the increase in the stock of gold coin and bullion in the country.
The total excess of imports of gold over exports of the same from the date of resumption to October 1,1885 , has been $\$ 178,028,043$, and the total estimated gold product of the mines of the United States for the same period has been about $\$ 222,525,000$. The total amount of standard silver dollars coined during the year euding November 1, 1885, has been $\$ 28,528,602$; of subsidiary silver coiu, $\$ 195,977$; and there was of sabsidiary coin presented to the mint for recoinage $\$ 641,727$, thereby reducing the amount of such coin $\$ 445,750$. The total amount of standard silver dollars coined since the passage of the act of February 28,1878 , authorizing that coinage, up to November 1,1885 , has been $\$ 213,259,431$. The following table, based upon the estimates and fig. ures given abore, shows the amount of coin and currency in the country on January 1, 1879, and on November 1 of the years named:

| 4 | Jannary $1,1879$. | $\begin{gathered} \text { November } \\ 1,1882 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1,1883 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1,1884 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November } \\ 1,1885 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin and bullion | \$278, 310, 126 | \$547, 356, 262 | \$581, 970, 254 | \$585, 611, 872 | *\$586, 727, 787 |
| Silver coin | 106, 573,803 | 208, 744, 424 | 242, 701, 932 | $275,735,439$ | 367, 658, 827 |
| Legal-tender notes | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 |
| National-bank notes. | 323, 791, 674 | 362, 727, 747 | 352, 013,787 | 333, 559,813 | †315, 847, 168 |
| Totals | 1, 055, 356, 619 | 1, 465, 509, 449 | 1, 523, 360, 989 | 1, 541, 588, 140 | 1, 556, 914, 798 |

*In obtaining the amount of gold November 1, 1885, the estimated amount on November 1, 1884, has been reiluced by $\$ 30,000,000$, which amount the Director of the Mint has recently estimated was nsed in the arts between July 1, 1873, and June 30, 1880, and was not deducted in the original estimate for July 1, 1879.
$\dagger$ The sum it $\$ 39,542,979$ in lawful moner has been deposited by the national banks to retire cireulation of a like amount which has not jet been presented for redemption.

There has been no change in the aggregate of legal-tender notes, which still remains as fixed by the act of May 31, 1878. National bank notes have decreased $\$ 17,712,645$ cluring the year. The amounts of gold and silver have increased $\$ 31,115,015$ and $\$ 31,923,388$, respectively, and the total increase during the year in gold, silver, and currency was $\$ 45,326,658$. The reduction of former estimates of gold by $\$ 30,000,000$, as explained in foot-note, has appareutly reduced the aggregate increase of gold to $\$ 1,115,915$, and the aggregate increase of both gold and silver to $\$ 33,039,303$. The table below gives the portion of the gold, silver, and currency held by the United States Treasury and by the national and State bauks. The amounts in the United States Treasury are for the corresponding dates with those in the preceding table. The amounts in the national banks are for the correspouding dates nearest thereto on which returns were made to the Comptroller, viz: January 1, 1879, October 3, 18is2, October 2, 1883, September 30, 1884, aud October 1, 1885. The amounts in the State banks, trust companies, and savings banks

中have been compiled in this office from official reports up to the dates nearest to those given in the table.


If the aggregates of gold, silver, and currency for the several dates in the above table be deducted from the amounts of the same items at corresponding dates in the table which precedes it, the remainders will be approximately the amounts in the hands of the people at corresponding dates.


[^34]The gold in the Treasury, including bullion in the process of coinage, has increased during the year $\$ 7,667,799$, and in the banks has increased $\$ 44,471,713$. The paper currency in the Treasurs has increased $\$ 1,291,514$, and in the baniss has decreased $\$ 2,906,229$. The decrease of gold outside of the Treasury and the banks has been $\$ 26,350,629$, and in silver coin there has been an increase of $\$ 14,240,531$. The decrease of paper curreucy, exclusive of silver certificates, has been $\$ 22,334,589$. In the foregoing tables the silver certificates issued by the Treasury have not been included, but the standard silver dollars beld for their redemption, form a portion of the silver coin in the Treasury. The silver certificates
in the hands of the people and the banks at the following dates were as follows:


It will be seen that the amount of these certificates in circulation has decreased $\$ 7,594,790$ during the jear.

The gold certificates issued under section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, outstanding in the hands of the people and banks on November 1, 1882, November 1, 1883, November 1, 1884, and November 1, 1885, not including the amonnt in the Treasury, were $\$ 6,962,280, \$ 48,869,940$, $\$ 85,301,190$, and $\$ 106,465,420$, respectively.

SPECIE IN BANKS AND IN THE TREASURy OF J!HE UNITED STATES, AND ES'IMMATED AMOUNT IN THE COUN'IRY-SPECIE IN 'THE BANK of england and in the bank of france.

The following table exbibits the amount of specie held by the national banks at the dates of their reports for the last twelve years, the coin and coin certificates held by the New York City banks being stated separately:

| Dates. | Held by national banks in New York City. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Held by } \\ \text { other national } \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coin. | U. S. gnld certificates. | Clearing-house certificates. | 'Total. |  |  |
| Sept. 12, 1873. | \$1, 063, 21055 | \$13, 522, 600 |  | 14, 585, 81055 | 282,658 90 | \$19, 868, 469 |
| Dec. 26, 1873. | 1,376, 17050 | 18, 325, 760 |  | 19,701, 93050 | 7, 205, 10708 | 26, 907, 03758 |
| eb. 27, 1874. | 1,167, 82009 | 23, 512, 640 |  | 24, 688, 40009 | 8, 679,40349 | 33, 365, 86358 |
| May 1,1874 | 1,530, $28210{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 23, 454, 660 |  | 24, 984, 94210 | 7, 585, 02716 | 32, 569, 96926 |
| June 26, 1874.. | 1,842,525 00 | 13, 671, 660 |  | 15, 514, 18500 | 6, 812, 022 27 | 22, 326, 20727 |
| Oct. 2, 1874.. | 1,291, 78056 | 13, 114, 480 |  | 14, 406, 26656 | 6, 834, 67867 | 21, 240, 94523 |
| Dec. 31, 1874. | 1, 443, 21542 | 14, 410, 940 |  | 15, 854, 15542 | 6, 582, 60562 | 22, 436, 76104 |
| Mar. 1, 1875. | 1,084, 55554 | 10, 622, 100 |  | 11, 706, 71554 | 4,960, 39063 | 16, 667, 10617 |
| May 1, 1875 | 930, 10576 | 5, 753, 220 |  | 6,683, 32576 | 3, 937, 03588 | 10, 620, 361 |
| June 30, 1875.. | 1,023, 01586 | 12, 642, 180 |  | 13, 665, 19586 | 5, 294, 38644 | 18, 959, 58230 |
| Oct. 1, 1875.. | 753, 90490 | 4, 201, 720 |  | 4, 955, 62490 | 3, 091.74483 | $8,050,32973$ |
| Dec. 17, 1875 | 869, 43672 | 12, ¢32, 810 |  | 13,402, 24672 | 3, 668, 65918 | 17, 070.90590 |
| Mat. 10, 1876.. | 3, 261, 13130. | 19, 086, 920 |  | 22, 348, 05136 | 6,729, 29449 | 29, 077, 34585 |
| May 12, 1876.. | 832, 31370 | 15, 183, 760 |  | 16, 016.073 70 | 5, 698, 52066 | 21, 714, 59436 |
| Jnue 30, 1876.. | 1,214, 52292 | 16, 872, 780 |  | 18, 087, 30292 | 7, 131, 16700 | 25, 218, 46992 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1, 120, 81434 | 13, 446, 760 |  | 14,576,574 34 | 6, 785, 07969 | 21, 361, 654.03 |
| Dec. 22, 1876.. | 1,434, 70183 | 21, 602, 900 |  | 23, 037, 60183 | 9, 962, 04606 | 32, 999, 64789 |
| Jan. 20, 1877.. | 1,669, 28494 | 33, 629, 660 |  | 35, 295, 94494 | 14, 410, $322 \mathrm{6l}$ | 40, 709, 26755 |
| Apr. 14, 1877. . | 1, 430, 72559 | 13, 889, 180 |  | 15, 829, 90559 | 11, 240, 13219 | 27, 070, 03778 |
| Jung 22, 1877 | 1,423, 25817 | 10, 324, 320 |  | 11, 747, 57817 | $9,588,41789$ | 21, 335, 99606 |
| ct. 1,1877 | 1, 548,486 47 | 11, 409, 920 |  | 13, 948,40647 | 9,710, 41384 | $22,658,82031$ |
| Dec. 28,1877.. | 1, 955, 746; 20 | 19, 119, 080 |  | 21, 074, 82620 | 11, 832, 92450 | 32, 907, 750 |
| Mar. 15, $1878 .$. | 2, 428,797 44 | 35, 003, 220 |  | 37, 432, 01744 | 17, 290, 04058 | 54, 722, 05802 |
| May 1,1878 | 2, 688. 09206 | 25, 397, 640 |  | 28, 085, 73206 | 17, 988, 02400 | 46, 023,756 06 |
| June 29, 1878. | 1,905, 705 22 | 11, 954, 500 |  | 13, 800, 20522 | 15, 391, 26455 | 29, 251, 46977 |
| Oct. 1,1878.. | 1, 779, 79243 | 11, 514, 810 |  | 23, 294, 60243 | 17,394, 00416 | 30, 688, 60659 |
| Dec. 6, 1878 .. | 4, 009, 29901 | 12, 277, 180 |  | 16, 286, 47901 | 18, 068, 77135 | 34, 352, 25036 |
| Jan. 1,1879.. | 5, 4:1,552 49 | 12.739, 544 |  | 1.8, 161. 09249 | 23, 338, 66483 | 41, 499, 757 こ2 |
| Apr. 4, 1879.. | 5, 312,966 90 | 12, 220, 940 |  | 17, 533, 90690 | 23, 614, 650 51 | 41, 148,563 41 |
| June 14, 1879.. | 6,058,472 34 | 12, 291, 270 |  | 18, 349.742 34 | 23, 983, 54510 | 42, 333, 28744 |
| Oct. 2,1879.. | 7: 218,967 69 | 12, 130, 900 |  | 19, 349, 86769 | [22, 823, 8731 | 42, 173, 73123 |
| Dec. 12, 1879 | 20, 096, 24964 | 8, 366, 140 | \$21, 569, 00000 | 50, 431, 38964 | [28, 081, 05195 | 79, 013, 04159 |
| Feb. 21, 1880.. | 12, 252, 54144 | 7,464, 650 | 35, 85., 000000 | 55, 572, 19144 | 33, 869, 86031 | 89, 442, 05175 |
| Apr. 23, 1880 | 12, 595,720 49 | 6, 914, 250 | 25, 458, 00000 | 44, 967, 97049 | 41, 461, 76162 | 86, 428, 73221 |
| une 11, 18 | 16, 682, 22640 | 7, 810, 200 | 33,337 000 | 57, 829, 426 40 | \|41, 677 07886 | 99506,50526 |


| te | Held by national lanks in New York City. |  |  |  | Held by <br> othernational <br> banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coin. ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | U. S. gold cercificates. | Clearing house certificates. | Total. |  |  |
| Oct. 1,1880. | 28 | \$7, 480, 700 | \$36, 189, 00000 | \$59, 783, 55538 | , 95411 | 9 |
| Dec. 31, 1880 | 19, 773, 859 (11 | 6, 709, 900 | 28, 246, 00000 | 54, 720, 75901 | 52, 443, 14191 | 107,172, 910 92 |
| Mar. 11, 1881 | 15, 924, 683 90 | 4, 825, 300 | 30, 809, 00000 | $51,558,98390$ | 53, 597, 21136 | 105. 156, 195 26 |
| May 6, 1881. | 26, 242, 108 60 | 4, 62 ², 900 | 34, 176, 10000 | 65, 044, 00860 | 57,584, 5:53 48 | 122.638, 562 08. |
| $J$ ues 30, 1881. | 20, 822, 79087 | 4, 513,400 | 41, 858, 00000 | 67, 194, 19087 | 61, 444, 736 63 | 11:8, 638, 92750 |
| Oct. 1,1381. | 15,317, 168 04 | 4, 486, 600 | 31, 721, 00000 | 51, 524, 7688 | 62, 809, 96808 | 114, 334,736 12 |
| Dec. 31, 1851 | 16,352, 63049 | 4, 037,600 | $33,852,00000$ | 54, 242, 23049 | 59, 438,409 11 | 113, 680, 63960 |
| Mar. 11. 1882. | 17, 093, 44739 | 4, 075, 800 | 29, 907.00000 | 51, 076, 24739 | 58, 907, 863 65 | 109, 984, 11104 |
| May 19, 1882. | 15, 541, 95693 | 4, 034, 300 | 31, 783, 00000 | 51, 359, 25693 | 61, 056. 54980 | $112,415,806.73$ |
| July 1, 1882. | 14. 278,29077 | 4, 005, 100 | 32, 854, 00009 | 51, 137, 39077 | 60, 556, 87177 | 111, 694, 26254 |
| Oct. 3,1883 | 14, 391, 78374 | 3, 908,100 | 26, 224,00000 | 44, 593, 88374 | [58, 333, 894453 | $102,857,77827$ |
| Dec. 10, 1882. | 10, 811, 72669 | 17, 720, 100 | $22,020,00000$ | 50, 351, 826 69 | 55. 875, 332 71 | 106, 427, 15940 |
| Mar. 13, 1883.. | 10, 060, 5.5105 | 10, 813, 320 | 21, 818,00000 | 42,691,87] 05 | 155, 270, 49529 | 97, 962, 36034 |
| May 1, 1883 | 9, 891, 63615 | 16, 094, 210 | 21, 334. 00000 | 47, 319, 84615 | 56, 287, 420 17 | 103, 607, 206 32 |
| Juıe 22, 1883. | 8, 219, 74422 | 26, 477, 760 | $22^{2}, 139,00000$ | 56, 836, 50422 | 58, 517, 89040 | 115, 354, 394 62 |
| Oct. 2,1883. | 9,388, 77382 | 20, 541, 100 | 20, 345, 000 00 | 50, 274,17382 | 57, 543, 80971 | 107, 817, 95353 |
| Dec. 31,188 | 1.0, 793, 48117 | 20, 525, 270 | 21, 693, 0000 | 53, 011, 75417 | 61, 274,406 87 | 114, 276, 15804 |
| Mar. 7, 1884. | 12,948, 09234 | 21, 582, 060 | 25,912,000 00 | 60, 442, 15234 | 62, 637, 974 99 | 123,080, 127 33 |
| Apr. 24, 1884... | 8. 929,06427 | 20, 093, 380 | 20, 527, 00000 | 49, 549, 444 27 | 65, 195, 26282 | (114, 744, 70709 |
| June 20, 1884. | 7,466,690 82 | 20, 397, 590 | 15, 690000000 | 43, 534, 28682 | 166, 127, 39529 | 109, 661, 68. 11 |
| Sept. 30, 2884. | 7, 246, 17839 | 40, 765, 140 | 15, 052, 00000 | 63, 13, 31839 | -65, 4966,15634 | 128. 609; 47473 |
| Dec. 20,1884.. | 11,314, 08057 | 44, 193, 270 | 37, 331,00000 | 72, 838, 95057 | 66, 908, 128 96 | 139, 747, 07953. |
| Mar. 10, 1885. | 11, 842. 27648 | 61, 114, 080 | 17, 579, 00000 | 90, 495, 356 48 | 76, 620, 51719 | 1107, 115, 87367 |
| May 6, 1885 | 11, 479, 76387 | 67, 1446,060 | 17, 374, 00000 | 96, 500, 023 87 | 80, 933, 09543 | $1177,433,11930$ |
| July 1, 1885. | 14, 417,675 25 | $65 \overline{4}, 400,390$ | 16,709, 00000 | 96, 527, 06525 | 81, 085, 426 77 | \|177, 612, 49202 |
| Oct. 1, 1885. | 11, 290, 42774 | 62, 249, 740 | 17, 914, 00000 | 91, 454, 16774 | 83, 418, 40980 | 174, 872, 57754 |

The amonnt of silver coin and silver certificates held by the national banks on the dates given in the following table, were as follows:

|  | Date. | Silser coin. | Silver Treasury certiticates. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October 1, 1877. |  | \$3,700,703 |  |  |
| October 1, 1878. |  | 5, 392, 628 |  |  |
| October 2, 1879. |  | 4,986, 493 |  |  |
| October 1, 1880. |  | 5, 330, 357 | \$1, 165, 120 | \$6, 495, 477 |
| October 1, 1881. |  | -5,450,387 | 1, 662, 180 | 7, 112,567 |
| October 3, 1882. |  | 6. 466,215 | 1, 807, 600 | 8, 273, 815 |
| October $2,1883$. |  | 7, 594, 846 | 2, 653, 040 | 10,247, 926. |
| September 30.1 |  | 8, 092. 557 | 3, 331,510 | 11, 424, 067 |
| October 1, 1885. |  | $* 9,1 \geq 0,802$ | 2, 274,650 | 11, 395, 452 |

* This is composed of $\$ 6,322,832$ standard dollars and $\$ 2,797,969.66$ fractional silver.

The latest official reports of the State banks in New England, New York, New Jersey, Penusylvania, Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiaua, Tesas, Obio, Iudiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missonri, Colorado, and the Territory of Moutana show that these banks held specie amounting to $\$ 20,132,864$, of which the bauks in New York City held $\$ 12,819,217$.

The official returus from the State banks of California do not give separately the amonnt of coin held by them; but it is estimated that the total cash reported, amounting to $\$ 11,122,925$, consisted almost entirely of coin. The amount of coin held by State banks in the States before mentioned, iucluding California, was, therefore, $\$ 31,255,789$.

The Director of the Mint, in his report for 1882 , estimated the amonnt of coin in the country on June 30, 1882, at $\$ 700,455,545$, of which $\$ 500,862,185$ was gold and $\$ 199,573,360$ was silver.

His estimate for the fiscal year ending Juee 30, 1885, is as follows:

| United States coin. | Gold. | - Silver. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corrected circulation Jaly 1, 1884 | \$521, 632, 442 | \$250, 617, 357 | \$772, 249,799 |
| Year's coinage | 24, 861, 123 | 28, 848, 959 | 53, 7.10, 082 |
| Net imports | 1,006, 281 | 535, 449 | 1, 541, 730 |
| Totals | 547, 499, 846 | 280, 001, 765 | 8.7, 501, 611 |
| Less deposits for recoinage Used in the arts.......... | $\begin{array}{r} 325,210 \\ 5,000,000 \end{array}$ | 877,564 300,000 | $1,202,774$ $5,300,000$ |
| Total loss | 5,325,210 | 1, 177,564 | 6, 502, 774 |
| Circulation July 1, 1885 | $542,174,636$ | 278, 824, 201 | 820, 998, 837 |
| Net gain durisg the year | 20, 542, 194 | 28,206, 844 | 48, 749, 038 |

From July 1,1885 , to November 1,1885 , there bas been coined $\$ 8,753,147$ of gold and $\$ 9,377,159$ of silver, making the total stock of coin in the country at the latter date $\$ 339,129,143$, less such amounts as may have been deposited for recoinage during this period, of which $\$ 550,9 \pm 7,783$ was gold and $\$ 288,201,360$, was silver. The amount of bullion in mint and in the New York assay office on October 1, 1885, is stated to bave been $\$ 71,471,323$ of gold and $\$ 4,568,057$ of silver, making in all $\$ 76,039,380$, which, added to the amount of coin stated above, gives $\$ 915,168,523$, of which amount $\$ 622,399,106$ was gold and $\$ 292,769,417$ was silver.

The following table shows the amonnt of gold and silver, including the amount held to protect gold and silver certificates, and the percentage of each in the Treasury of the United States on September 30 of each year from 1876: to 1885, and on November 1, 1885:

| Period. | Silver. |  |  | Gold coin and bullion. | Total coin and bullion. | Per cent of- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard tollars. | Other coin and bultion. | T'otal silver. |  |  | Silver. | Gold. |
| Sept. 30, 1876.. |  | \$6, 029, 367 | \$6, 029, 307 | \$55.423, 059 | \$61, 452, 426 | 9.8 | 90.2 |
| Sept. 30, 1877. |  | 7, 425, 454 | 7, 425, 454 | 107, 039, 529 | 114, 464, 983 | 6.5 | 93.5 |
| Sept. 30, 1878.. | \$12, 155, 205 | 15, 777, 937 | 27, 983, 142 | 136, 036, 302 | 163, 969, 414 | 17.0 | 83.0 |
| Sept. 30, 1879.. | 31, 806, 774 | 21, 173, 023 | 52, 979, 797 | 169, 827, 57.1 | 222, 807, 368 | 23.8 | 76.2 |
| Sept. 30, 1880: | 47, 784, 744 | 30, 878, 286 | 78, 663,030 | 185, 641, 450 | 214, 304, 480 | 36.7 | 63.3 |
| Sept. 30, 1881.. | 66, 092, 667 | 28, 945, 297 | 96, 037, 964 | 174, 361, 343 | 269, 399, 307 | 35.3 | 64.7 |
| Sept. $30.1882 .$. | 92, 228 , 649 | 30,769, 705 | 122; 998, 354 | 152, 739, 106 | 275, 737, 460 | 44.6 | 55.4 |
| Sept. 30, 1883.. | 114, 587,372 | 31, 858, 072 | 146, 44.5, 444 | 206, 130, 543 | 352, 575, 987 | 41.5 | 58.5 |
| Sept. 30, 1484.. | 142, 058, 787 | 34, 408, 566 | 176.467.353 | 217, 904, 043 | 394, 371, 396 | 44.7 | 55.3 |
| Sept. 30, 1885.. | 165, 483, 721 | 27, 558, 016 | 193, 041, 737 | 251, 251, 114 | 444, 292, 851 | 43.5 | 56.5 |
| Nov. 1, 1;85.. | 163, 817, 342 | 26,806, 472 | 190, 6-3, 414 | 251, 359, 349 | 441,982, 763 | 43.4 | 56.6 |

The bullion in the Bank of Englaud for each year from 1870 to 1885 is shown in the following table, the pound sterling being estimated at five dollars:

| 1870. | \$103, 900000 | 1878. | \$119,200,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1871. | 117,950,000 | 1879 * | 150, 942, 980 |
| 1872. | 112,900,000 | $1880+$ | 141, 637, 000 |
| 1873. | 113, 500, 000 | 1881 | 115, 221,870 |
| 1874. | 111, 450,000 | $1882 \dagger$ | 108,689,912 |
| 1875. | 119,600, 000 | 1883 † | 121,779,545 |
| 1876. | 143, 500, 000 | 1884 | 99, 161, 045 |
| 1877. | 126, 850, 000 | $1885 . \mid$ | 107, 830,670 |

Below is a similar table, giving the amount of gold and silver, and the percentage of each, in the Bank of France, on December 31 of each year§. from 1870 to 1882, on November 1, 1883, on October 30, 1884, and on October 16, 1885 :


## nUMBER, CAPITAL, aND DEPOSITS OF STATE AND SAVINGS BANKS and private banirers.

Section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States requires the Comptroller to present annually to Congress a statement of the condition of the banks and savings banks organized under State laws. Returns of capital and deposits have hitherto been made by these institutions, and by private bankers, semi-anually to this Department for purposes of taxation. From these returus the following table bas been compiled, exhibiting in concise form, by geographical divisions, the total average capital and deposits of ali the State and savings bauks and private bankers of the country for the six months ending Novem. ber 30, 1882, beiug the last semi-amual period for which State and

[^35]savings banks and private bankers were required to make returns for taxation purposes.

| Gengraphical divis. ions. | State banks and trust companies. |  |  | Private bankers. |  |  | Savings banks with capital. |  |  | Savings banke with. out eapital. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capital. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depos- } \\ \text { its. } \end{gathered}$ | No. | Capital. | Depos. its. | No. | Capital. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depos- } \\ & \text { its. } \end{aligned}$ | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depos- } \\ & \text { its. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mili's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. |
| New England States.. | 40 | 8.30 | 31.64 | 94 | 6.22 | 6.57 | 2 | 0.10 | 0.89 | 420 | 436. 25 |
| Middle States | 210 | 40.60 | 244.02 | 967 | 62.42 | 112.69 | 8 | 0.63 | 5.34 | 171 | 486.98 |
| Southern States | 248 | 25.34 | 45.94 | 289 | 6.33 | 20.68 | 7 | 0.56 | 1.50 | 2 | 1.80 |
| Western States and Territories........ . | 563 | 48.90 | 168.40 | 2, 062 | 30.31 | 149.02 | 25 | 2. 73 | 35.74 | 32 | 35. 23 |
| United States | 1,061 | 123. 14 | 490.00 | 3,412 | 105. 28 | 288.96 | 42 | 4.02 | 43.47 | 625 | 960.26 |

The capital of the 2,308 national banks in operation on December 30, 1882, being the date of their report nearest to that of the table given above, as will be seen by a table in the Appendix, was $\$ 484,883,492$, not including surplus. which fund at that date amounted to wore than $\$ 135,000,000$, while the average capital of all the State banks, private bankers, and sarings banks for the six months euding November 30,1882 , was bot $\$ 232,435,330$. The latter amount is less than twofifths of the combined capital and surplus of the national banks at practically the same time. The table below exbibits the capital and net deposits of the national banks on December 30, 1882, together with the aggregate average capital and deposits of all classes of banks other. than uational for the six months ending November 30, 1882 :

| Geographical divisions. | State banks, savings banks, private bank. ers, \&c. |  |  | National banks. |  |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. |
|  |  | Millions. | Millions. |  | Millions. | Millions. |  | Millions. | Millions. |
| New England States | 556 | 14. 62 | 475.35 | 560 | 166. 23 | 193. 15 | 1,116 | 180.85 | -668.50 |
| Middle States ...... | 1,356 | 103. 66 | 849.03 | 691 | 173. 19 | 556.55 | 2, 047 | 276.85 | 1, 405.58 |
| Southern States | 546 | 32.23 | 69.90 | 214 | 34.80 | 68.84 | 760 | 67.08 | 138. 74 |
| Western States and Territories ....... | 2.682 | 81.93 | 388.42 | 843 | 110.66 | 301.28 | 3,525 | 192.59 | 689. 70 |
| United States. | 5,140 | 232.44 | 1,782.70 | 2,308 | . 484.88 | 1, 119.82 | 7,448 | 717. 32 | 2,902. 52 |

The total number of banks and bankers in the country at the date named was 7,448 , with a total banking capital of $\$ 717,318,822$, and total deposits of $\$ 2,902,522,24$.

In the Appendix will be fom similar tables for various periods from 1875 to 1882 . Ou a subsequent page in this report, noder the head of "State banks, savings banks, and trust companies," will be found tables showing the resources and liabilities of these corporations for the present year, and in the Appendix similar results for previous years.

A table arranged by States and principal cities, giving the number, capital, aud deposits, and the tax thereon, of all banking institutions other than uational, and of the private bankers of the country, for the six months ending November 30, 1882, and for previous years, will also be found in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits, for corresponding dates nearest to May 31, in each of the last seven years, and to November 30, 1882, the aggre-
gate amounts of the capital and deposits of each of the classes of banks given in the foregoing table:

| Years. | National banks. |  |  | State banks, private bankers, \&c. |  |  | Savings banks with capital. |  |  | Savings banks with. out capital. |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capi- <br> tal. | Deposits. | No. | Capi. tal. | Depos its. | No. | Capital. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depos- } \\ \text { its. } \end{gathered}$ | No. | Deposits. | No. | Capi: tal. | Deposits. |
|  |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |
| 1876:. | 2,091 | 500.4 | 713.5 | 3, 803 | 214.0 | 480.0 | 26 | 5.0 | 37.2 | 691 | 844.6 | 6,611 | 719.4 | 2, 075.3 |
| 1877.. | 2,078 | 481.0 | $7 \mathrm{Cix}$. | 3,709 | 218.6 | 470.5 | 26 | 4. 9 | 38.2 | 676 | 843.2 | 6, 579 | 704. 5 | 2,120. 1 |
| 1878... | 2,056 | 470.4 | 677.2 | 3,799 | 202.2 | 413.3 | 23 | 3.2 | 26. 2 | 668 | 803.3 | 6, 450 | 675.8 | 1,920.0 |
| 1879.. | 2,048 | 475.3 | 713.4 | 3, 639 | 197.0 | 397.0 | 29 | 4. 2 | 36.1 | 644 | 747. 1 | 6, 360 | 656.5 | 1,893. 5 |
| 1880. | 2,076 | 455.9 | 900.8 | 3, 798 | 190. 1 | 501.5 | 29 | 4.0 | 34.6 | 629 | 783. 0 | (i, 532 | 650.0 | 2, 219.9 |
| 1881.. | 2,115 | 460.2 | 1,039.9 | 4,016 | 206.5 | 627.5 | 36 | 4. 2 | 37.6 | 629 | 862.3 | 6, 796 | 67. 9 | 2, 667.3 |
| 1882... | 2,239 | 477.2 | 1, 131.7 | 4, 403 | 231.0 | 747.6 | 38 | 3.9 | 41.3 | 622 | 929.8 | 7,302 | 712.1 | 2,850.4 |
| 1882*.. | 2,308 | 484.9 | 1,119.8 | 4,473 | 228.4 | 779.0 | 42 | 4.0 | 43.5 | 625 | 960.2 | 7, 448 | 717.3 | 2, 902.5 |

[^36]It will noticed that the first two tables of this chapter are for the six months ending November 30 , while all similar tables in previous reports hare been for the six mouths ending May 31. The law repealing the tax on capital and deposits of State banks and private bankers went iato effect on November 30, 1882, in accordance with the opinion of the Attorney General, and for this reason the Comptroller has given the returns to that date, which was the last data to be obtained from this source.

## AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS HELD BY BANKS ORGANIZED UNDER STATE LAWS.

Through the courtesy of State officers the Comptroller has obtained official reports made to them under State laws by State banks in tweutysix States, by trust companies in five States, and by savings banks in fifteen States, at different dates during the jears 1884 and 1885, and from these returus the following table has been compiled:
Held by 975 State banks in twenty-six States.
$\$ 2,994,806$
Held by 40 trust companies in five States............................................................ 25,376,400
Held by 646 savings banks in fifteen States.
191,980, 698

> Total
> $220,351,904$

The interest bearing funded debt of the United States on November 1 , including $\$ 64,623,512$ Pacific sixes, and excluding $\$ 14,000,000$ Nary pension fund, was $\$ 1,260,775,162$. The total amount of bonds held by the national banks, $\$ 308,364,550$, and by the State savings banks and trust companies, $\$ 20,351,904$, is abont 42 per cent. of the interest-bearing debt. The amount of United States bonds held by State banks, trust companies, and savings banks, is given by gengraphical divisions for the years 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, and 1885, as follows :

| Geographical divisions. | 1881. | $\checkmark 1882$. | - 1883. | 1884. | 1885. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eastern States | \$40, 468, 340 | \$42, 667, 248 | \$37, 399, 819 | \$30, 806, 938 | \$30, 121, 432 |
| Middle States | 176, 373, 889 | 197, 135, 239 | 182.847, 588 | 188, 640, 523 | 186, 642, 288 |
| Southern States | 1, 073, 460 | 268, 350 | 646, 500 | -96,750 | 136, 971 |
| Western States | 5,735, 518 | 3,369.414 | 3, 105, 024 | 2, 390, 780 | 3,451, 213 |
| Proific States. | 14, 874, 33\% | 20, 020, 175 | 17, 743, 978 | (*) | (*) |
| Total. | 238, 525, 539 | 263,460, 426 | 241,742,909 | 221, 934, 991 | 220, 351, 904 |

[^37]In previous reports the Comptroller has given the amount of United States bonds held ly banks organized under State laws and by private bankers as returned to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for purposes of taxation. A table was compiled, for purposes of comparison, from these returns for the six months endiag November 30, 1882, and mas be found in the report of this office for the year 1884, page 32.

S'IATE BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, AND SAVINGS BANKS.
The act of Congress of February 19, 1873, section 333 of the United States Revised Statutes, requires the Comptroller to obtain from authentie sources, and report to Congress, statements exbibiting under appropriate beads the resources and liabilities of such banks and savings bauks as are organized uuder the laws of the several States and Territories. In compliance with this act he bas presented annually in the appendices to his reports the resources and liabilities of these corporations, so far as it has been possible to obtain them. Through the courtesy of State officers, returns of State banks, savinge banks, and trust and loan companies have, during the past year, bepu received from twenty-five States. Many of the States and Territories, including West Virginia, North Caroliva, Alabama, Arkansas, Teunessee, Illinois, Oregon, and Dakota, do not require periodical returns of the condition of the different classes of banks organized under their laws.
From these returns the following abstract has been compiled, show. ing the resources and liabilities of State bauks and trust companies for the last five years, the number reporting in 1881 being 683; in 1882, 704; in 1883, 788 ; in 1884, 852; and in 1885, 1,015 :


The foregoing table was propared from all the New England States except Maine, from four Middle States, not including Delaware, and from all the Western States, excepting Illinois and Nebraska. The only Southern States from which reports have been received were Virginia,

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, Kentucky, and Missouri. The-only Pacific States were California and Colorado. There are no State banks in Maine, but 1 in New Hampshire, 7 in Vermont, and none in Massachusetts. There are, bowever, 6 trust and loan companies in the latter State, 1 in khode Islaud, and 6 in Connecticut.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

The following table exbibits the aggregate resources and liabilities of the 629 savings banks in 1881 and 1882,630 in 1883,636 in 1884 , and 646 in 1885 :

|  | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. | 1885. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 629 banks. | 629 banks. | 630 banks. | 636 banks. | 646 banks. |
| HESOURCES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans on real estate. | \$307, 096, 158 | \$307, 089, 227 | \$328, 197, 858 | \$358, 636, 040 | \$389, 953, 928 |
| Loans on persoual and collateral security | 95,817,641 | 128, 483, 698 | ]55, 874, 522 | 141, 457, 111 | 133, 716, 902 |
| United States bonds.............. | 210, 845, 514 | 237, 786, 442 | $219,017,313$ | 196, 226, 202 | 191, 980, 698 |
| State, municipal, and other bonds and stocks. | 159,819, 942 | 206, 291, 274 | 190, 629, 915 | 222, 218, 006 | 228, 993, 250 |
| Railroad bouds and stocks | 27, 069, 048 | 32, 994, 578 | 41, 695, 70.1 | 50, 994, 579 | 59,585, 489 |
| Bank stock | 33, 249,243 | 35, 305, 717 | 36, 587, 817 | 37, 929, 754 | 38. 460, 603 |
| Real estate | 41, 987, 674 | 39, 882, 429 | 37, 224, 601 | 34,467, 276 | 32, 174, 810 |
| Other assets | 37, 408,163 | 11, 047, 346 | 53, 235, 771 | 69, 166, 584 | $68,445,304$ |
| Expenses. | 135, 572 | 132, 204 | 144, 223 | 156,944 | -106.636 |
| Due from bank | 40, 603, 641 | 38, 977, 135 | $43,184,629$ | 52,358, 971 | 46, 125, 014 |
| Cash | 13, 758, 106 | 14, 932, 015 | 12, 998, 594 | 14, 079, 452 | 13, 423, 064 |
| Totals | 967, 790, 662 | 1, 052,982, 065 | 1, 118, 790, 944 | 1, 177, 740, 919 | 1,203, 025, 698 |
| Deposics | 891, 961, 142 | 966, 797, 081. | 1, 024, 856, 787 | 1, 073, 294, 955 | 1,095, 172, 147 |
| Surplus fund | $60,280,905$ | $69,454,512$ | $72,784,155$ | 82, 395, 717 | 88, 647, 315 |
| Uudivjded protits | 10, 325, 800 | 11, 136, 219 | 15,738,223 | 16, 904, 753 | 13, 106, 359 |
| Ouber liabilities | 5,213, 815 | $5,594,253$ | 5, 411, 779 | 5, 145, 494 | 6, u99, 877 |
| Totuls. | 967, 790, 662 | 1, 052, 982, 065 | 1, 118, 790, 944 | 1, 177, 740, 919 | 1, 203, 025, 698 |

The foregoing table includes the returus from six New England States; from four Middle States, not including Delaware; from the States of Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, California, and the Disrict of Columbia

The aggregate of loaus in the New England States is $\$ 297,220,022$ and of deposits $\$ 492,373,407$. In the Middle States the aggregate of loans is $\$ 172,779,215$ and of deposits $\$ 525,151,161$. Some of the largest savings banks in the city of Philadelphia organized under old charters are not required to make reports to any State officer. Returns directly received from four of these banks, having deposits amounting to $\$ 35,362,660$, are included in the returns from the State of Peunsylvania. The savings-banks deposits, given in the foregoing table for 1885̆, based upon reports made to the State authorities, are $\$ 1,095,172,147$, and the deposits of the State banks and trust companies are \$532,725.289. These returus do not include bauk deposits. The deposits of the national banks on October 1, 1885, exclusive of those due to banks, were $\$ 1,102,354,658$.

No just comparison of the deposits of national banks with those of savings banks, State banks and trust companies can be made, owing to the fact that the reports of many of the latter classes of banks were made to the State authorities at various dates in 1884 and 1885.

The total population of New Eugland, according to the census of 1880, was $4,010,529$, and the number of open deposit accounts of the savings banks in the year 1885 is $1,460,185$, which is equal to about 36.4 accounts to each one hundred of the entire population. The average amount of each account is $\$ 337.21$, or an average of $\$ 122.77$ per capita. The deposits of the savings banks in the State of New York were $\$ 437,107,501$, and the population was $5,05^{2}, 871$, showing an average of about $\$ 86$ per capita.

Tables showing the aggregate resources and liabilities of State banks, trust companies; and savings banks in each State from which returns have been received from the State authorities appear in the Appendix. A table is also there given showing by States the number of savings hanks, depositors, and the average amount due to each in 1884 and 1885. Since November 30, 1882, the Comptroller bas been entirtly dependent for this information upon returns from the officers of the different States, and where the law requires such returns to be made, they are as a rule promptly and courteously formarded to this office at his request.

## PRIVATE BANIEERS.

The first official information relating to the private bankers of the country published by this office was contained iu a table in the Comptroller's report for 1580 , and the last in formation obtained in reference to them was for the semi-annual period ending November 30, 1882. A table will be found in the Appendix giving information for this and previous years.
APPENDIX.*

Tables will be found in the Appendix exhibiting the reserve of the national banks, as shown by their reports, from October 1, 1878, to October 1, 1885 ; the reserve by States and principal cities for October 1, 1885, and' in the States and 'Territories, in New York City, and in other reserve cities, separately, at three dates in each year from 1881 to 1885 .

Special attention is called to the synopsis of judicial decisions contained in the Appendix, to the numerous and carefully prepared tables iu both Report and Appendix, and to the index of subjects and list of tables to be found on page 247. At the end of the full volume, of nearly 1,200 pages, is an alphabetical list of the cities and villages in which the natioual banks are situated.

The Comptroller, in concluding this report, desires to gratefully acknowledge the industry and efficiency of the officers and clerks associated with him in the discharge of official duties, many of whom, in addition to attending to their regular duties, hare been compelled, owing to the growth of the national banking system and the extension of the corporate existence of national associations, to perform a large amount of extra work, without regard to office hours.

> HENRY W. CANNON, Oomptroller of the Ourrency.

## To the Honorable

The Speaker of the House of Repiresentatives.

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

## REPORT

of

## THE DIRECTOR 0F THE MINT.


#### Abstract

Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. O., OctoZer 9, 1885. Hou. Daniel Manning,

Secretary of the Treasury: SIR: Although entering upon my duties as Director of the Mint at the beginning of the present fiscal year, I am able with the efficient aid of the experienced officers of this Burean, to present to you as required by Section 345 of the Revised Statutes, a report of the operations of all the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal vear ending June 30, 1885. This I now have the bonor to do.


DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF BULLION AT MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.
The value of the goid deposited at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year ended June 30,1885 , amounted to $\$ 52,894,075.09$, of which $\$ 31,584,436.64$ consisted of domestic bullion ; $\$ 325,210.97$ of U. S. coin ; $\$ 1, \$ 69,363.26$ of jewelers' bars, old plate, \&c., $\$ 11,221,846.45$ of foreign bullion, and $\$ 7,893,217.77$ of foreign coin.

In addition to the above amount the value of the gold in the fine and unparted bars prepared at the mints and assay offices and re-deposited during the year amounted to $\$ 3,854,677.51$. Thus the total value of the gold deposited during the year was $\$ 56,748,752.60$. The total amount deposited during the previous fiscal year, exclusive of re-deposits, was $\$ 46,326,678.66$. Thus, the deposits of gold, less re-deposits, exceeded by $\$ 6,567,396.43$ the same for the fiscal year 1884.

The value of the silrer deposited for bars and purchased for coinage, computed at its coining rate in standard silver dollars, was $\$ 36,789,774.92$, of which $\$ 32,250,044.94$ was of domestic production; $\$ 877,564.58$ consisted of U. S. coin remelted; $\$ 435,692.19$ of jewelers bars, old plate, \&c.; $\$ 2,104,396.35$ of foreign bullion, and $\$ 1,122,076.86$ of foreign coin. In addition to this amount, the coining value of the fine and unparted bars manufactured at the mints and assay offices and re.deposited during the year amounted to $\$ 1,292,447.95$. Hence the
total value of the silver received at the mints and assay offices during the year was $\$ 38,082,222.87$.
The total value of silver, less re-deposits, purchased and deposited during the previous year was $\$ 36,520,290.36$. This was about the same as for the fiscal year just closed, the difference being only $\$ 269,484.56$. The total coining value of the gold and silver deposited and purchased at the mints, exclusive of redeposits was $\$ 89,683,850.01$, and, including re deposits, $\$ 94,830,975.47$ against $\$ 87,955,153.92$ in the previous year.
The decline in the production of gold on the Pacific Coast, is shown by the contiuued falling off in the deposits at the Mint at San Francisco. The following table exhibiting the deposits of gold bullion at that mint for a series of years together with their yearly diminution, shows the decrease in production to have been in the last four years $\$ 5,072,438.07$.


## IMPORIS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN AND BULLION.

The value of the gold and silver coin and bullion imported into, and exported from, the United States is obtained by the Collectors of Customs from manifests, or bills of lading, and reported to the Bureau of Statistics under proper classificatiou showing the actual movement of coin and builion. The actual external commerce in coin and bullion is thus shown so far as a matter of entry in the custom houses.
The total manifested imports of gold bullion to the United States at all the ports was $\$ 8,849,237$, all of which, with the exception of about $\$ 1,000,000$, was imported at the port of New York. The deposits and purchases of gold bullion classified as foreign at the mints and assay offices was $\$ 11,221,846.45$. It thus appears that over $\$ 2,000,000$ worth of gold bul lion has reached this country which was not reported at the custom-houses.

The imports of silver bullion amounted to $\$ 4,530,384$. The amount reported as deposited at the mints was $\$ 2,104,396.35$. The imports of gold coin amounted to $\$ 17,842,459$, of which $\$ 3,352,090$ consisted of our own coin, and $\$ 14,490,369$ of foreign coin. The imports of silver coin were $\$ 12,020,243$, of which $\$ 673,926$ were our own coin.
*The exports of gold bullion amounted to ouly $\$ 395,750$, of which $\$ 307,772$ was U. S. bars. Of silver bullion the very large sum of $\$ 20$,422,924 was exported, all of which, except about $\$ 1,500,000$, consisted of bullion other than bars bearing the United States stamp. Of the
product of silver of this country about $\$ 19,000,000$ worth found itway abroad by export. Of foreign silver bullion there was exported $\$ 58,407$.

The exports of American gold coin amounted to $\$ 2,345,809$, and of foreign gold coin to $\$ 5,736,333$, a total of $\$ 8,082,142$. The exports of American silver coin amounted to $\$ 1,211,627$ ( $\$ 1,073,150$ of which consisted of trade dollars) ; and $\$ 12,060,612$ of foreign silver coin. Nearly $\$ 10,000,000$ of the foreign silver coin exported was from the port of San Francisco.

Silver is believed to pass the Mexican frontier withoutbeing entered at the custom houses, as well as gold from the Dominion of Canada, including British Columbia, to an extent from both sources which may be believed to go far toward explaining the excess of deposits of foreign coin and bullion at the mints and assay offices over the aggregate amount returned by the custom houses. This conjecture is borne out by the fact that the Dominion of Canada is without mints and assay, offices or otber facilities, so far as I am aware, for the conversion of bullion into coin. Inquiries have, however, been set on foot, which, it is hoped, will lead to some accurate information on this subject. Reports are now forwarded monthly to this Bureau from the collectors of customs at the southeru ports, showing the imports of bullion and coin from Mexico and South American countries.

## COINAGE A'I THE MIN'SS.

The coinage of gold executed at the mints of the United States during the year was $\$ 24,861,123.50$; of silver, $\$ 28,848,959.6 .5$, and of minor coins, $\$ 527,5006.80$ : a total of $\$ 54,237,639.95$.

Notwithstanding the increase in the amount of gold deposited at the mints and assay offices during the year, the coinage was some $\$ 3,000$,000 less than in the previous year. This was occasioned by a continned falling off in the deposits at the Miutat San Francisco, amounting for the year to over $\$ 2,500,000$, and by the fact that the Mint at Philadelphia, at which the coinage of gold received at the eastern institutious is executed, was engaged principally ou silver and minor coins.

The number of pieces and standard value of the coinage executed were as follows:

| Description. | Pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | 1,748, 158 | \$24, 861, 12350 |
| Silver. | .31, 699,096 | 28, 848, 95965 |
| Minor Coins | $24,610,760$ | 527, 55680 |
| Total... | 58, 058, 014 | 54, 237, 63995 |

Of the gold coinage, $\$ 20,048,500$ were in Double Eagles; $\$ 2,246,890$ in Eagles; $\$ 2,545,900$ in Half-Eagles ; $\$ 5,670$ in $\$ 3$ gold pieces; $\$ 6,982.50$ in Quarter-Eagles, and 7,181 in dollars.

Of the silver coinage, $\$ 28,528,552$ consisted of staudard silver dollars, $\$ 2,557.50$ of half doliars, $\$ 2,178.75$ of quarter dollars, and $\$ 315,671.40$ of dimes. The subsidiary silver coinage, with the exception of some $\$ 8,000$, was executed at the Mint at Philadelphia. Of the minor coinage were struck $7,033,820$ of five-cent nickel pieces, 4,820 of three-cent nickel pieces, and $17,572,120$ of bronze cents. Silver half-dimes as well as silyer three-cent pieces, the coinage of which was not provided for by the coinage act of 1873 , have not since been coined.

## MANUFACTURE OF GOLD AND SILVER BARS.

In addition to the coinage executed, gold bars of the value of $\$ 32,027,463.02$ and silver bars of the value of $\$ 9,549,313.37$, a total of $\$ 41,576,776.39$ were manufactured at the mints and assay offices.

The production of bars exceeded by $\$ 10,000,000$, the value of those produced in the previous year, the increase in gold being principally at New York in fine and sterling bars for export, aud in silver at San Francisco.

## EXCHANGE OF GOLD BARS FOR GOLD COIN.

In the Appendix will be found a statement showing by months the value of the gold bars exchanged for gold coin at the Mint at Philadelphia and at the Assay Office at New York. The total value of bars exchanged was $\$ 2,065,021.78$.

This is a very large decline from the previous year, when bars of the value of $\$ 25,800,799.86$ were exchanged, mostly at the Assay Office at New York. The reason of thedecline was the falling off in the demand for gold bars for export.

REFINING (by acids).
The total number of ounces of bullion sent to the acid-refineries of the mints and of the Assay Office at New York duriug the year was $10,332,127$, from which the precious metals were separated and refined, yielding a net value of gold, $\$ 25,738,657$, and of silver $\$ 11,311,392$-or a total of $\$ 37,050,049$, against $\$ 38,685,075$ in the preceding year.

| Mint or Assay Office. | Gross ounces. | Gold. Standard omnces. | Value. | Silrer. Standard ounces. | Value. | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pbiladelphia. | 288, 747 | 153,390 | \$2,853,766 | 453, 919 | \$528, 196 | \$3, 381, 962 |
| San Francisco | 3, 311, 227 | 430,590 | 8,010,976 | 3, 298, 523 | 3,838, 279 | 11,849, 255 |
| Carson | 885, 224 | 67, 189 | 1,250, 027 | 869, 702 | 1, 012,016 | 2, 262, 043 |
| New Orlcans | 2,354 | 576 | 10,716 | 1,583 | 1,842 | 12,558 |
| New Yorlk | 5, 844, 575 | 731, 708 | 13, 613, 172 | 5, 097, 006 | $5,931,059$ | 19,544, 231 |
| - Total | 10,332, 127 | 2, 383, 453 | 25, 738,657 | 9,720,733 | 11,311,392 | 37, 050, 049 |

COINAGE AND MEDAL DIES MANUFACTURED.
The coinage dies used in all of the coinage mints as well as the dies for all medals and pattern pieces struck at the mint are prepared in the


The total number of coinage dies manafactured during the year was" 920, and of medal dies, including reproductions, 20.

The number of medals struck at the Mint at Philadelphia during the year was 2,807 , of which 175 were of gold, 845 of silver and 1,787 of bronze.

During the same period 2,777 medals were sold of the value of $\$ 8,065.56$, and 3,057 proof-sets of the value of $\$ 3,801.72$. No patternpieces were struck for sale during the year.

No coinage has been executed for foreign goveruments.
The expenses of the Engraving Department of the Mint at Pbiladelphia for the fiscal year were as follows:

Down to the beginuing of the present fiscal year the cost of engrav. ing and of dies for the several mints has been paid out of the appropriations of the Mint at Philadelphia.
I have deemed it ad'visable to charge the cost of dies furnished by this mint to the other coiuage mints siuce the beginning of the present fiscal year (1885-6) to the institutions ordering them, this cost being properly an item of expenditure chargeable to the coining departments of the other institutions, which are withont engraving departments of their own.

## SILVER PURCHASES.

On the 1st of July, 1834, the amount of silver bullion on hand at the mints available for the coinage of silver dollars was $4,077,186.16$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 4,093,604.29$. There were delivered during the year upon purchases $24,212,412.90$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 23,747,460.25$, at the several mints, as shown in the following table:

| Mints. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philarlelphia. | 12, 698, 533. 42 | \$12, 463, 77350 |
| San Francisco | 1, 877,521. 39 | 1,838,282 17 |
| Carson City | 921, 252.84 | 896, 23263 |
| New Orleans | $8,715,105.25$ | 8, 549, 171 95 |
| Total. | 24, 212, 412.90 | - 23, 747, 460 25 |

The silver parted from gold deposits and received in payment of charges and bar-fractions at the coinage mints during the year is included in the amount purchased for the dollar coinage.
The silver parted from gold deposits at the Assay 0ffice at New York during the year and purchased under Section 3520 R. S. was 122,693.30 standard ounces at a cost of $\$ 122, \Sigma 55.7$. This is not included in the statement of purchases for the coinage of the standard dollar.

In addition, there was received in payment of charges for silver deposits at that office during the year $74,726.85$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 74,726.85$ : making a total of $197,420.15$ ounces, costing $\$ 197,082.57$. This is not included in the statement of purchases for the coinage of the standard dollar.

The average price paid for silver purchased during the year was $\$ 1.08977$ + per onnce fine, equal to $\$ 0.98079$ + per ounce standard. The rate of issue of silver dollars being $\$ 1.16 \frac{4}{11}$ per ounce standard, the seignorage to the Government was over 18 per cent.

The average London price during the year for silver .925 fine (British standard) was 49.843 pence, equivalent at the par of exchange to $\$ 1.09261$ + per fine ounce, or $\$ 0.993403$ per ounce .900 tine. The average price at New York during the year was $\$ 1.09117$ per onnce fine.

There were consumed during the year in the coinage of $28,5 \div 6,715$ staulard dollars $24,515,145.70$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 94,171,436.16$; and there were wasted by the operative officers in their operations and sold in sweeps $40,572.12$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 40,009.44$.

It will be seen that the amonnt of silver purchased and delivered at the mints during the year fell short by $\$ 252,539.75$ of two million dollars' worth per month. The shortage arose from the fact that of bullion contracted for in Jnue, $498,325.69$ fine ounces, or $5053,695.43$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 534,597.05$, were not delivered until July. Had the entire amount contracted for in June been delivered within that month, the average monthly purchases and deliveries would have been $2,063,842.36$ standard ounces, at a cost of $\$ 2,023,504.77$.

## SUBSIDLARY SILVER COINAGE.

There was a balance of silver bullion available tor the coinage of subsidiary silver on hand July 1, 1884, at the Mint at Philadelphia, of $40,048.33$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 44,493.23$.

There were transferred to the Mint at Philadelphia, in silver bullion, from the Assay Office at New York during the jear 63,562. 83 standard ounces, costing $\$ 73,964.02$; and from the Treasury of the United States, uncurrent silver coins containing 183,905.83 standard ounces, of a value of $\$ 228,682.60$ in subsidiary silver.

There were transferred from the Treasury to the Mint at San Francisco daring the jear uncurrent silver coins containing 8,733.47 ounces, the coining vâlue of which in subsidiary silver was $\$ 10,865.91$.

Thus the total amount of bullion available for this purpose during the year was $296,250.46$ ounces at a value of $\$ 358,005.76$. Of this amount there were consumed in coinage $259,106.31$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 312,047.08$ : leaving a balance on hand of $37,144.15$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 45,958.68$.

In the uncurrent silver coins transferred were 1,850 silver dollars, which were recoined into 1,837 pieces of like denomination.

The bullion transferred from the Assay Office at New York was a part of that which had accumnlated some years ago from silver parted from gold, and received in payment of charges at the rate of $\$ 1.16 \frac{4}{11}$ per standard ounce. At this rate it was transferred.

## SEIGNORAGE ON SILVER COINAGE.

Arising from seigmorage on silver coinage, there were in the coinage mints at the close of the fiscal year moneys amonnting to $\$ 1,177,444.70$, kuown as the Silver Profit Fund, which had not been deposited in the Treasury.

The seignorage on the coinage of silver dollars during the fiscal year was $\$ 4,355,278.84$, and on subsidiary silver coined at Phladelphia $\$ 10,197.61$-a total for the year of $\$ 4,365,476.45$. Of this amount, the sum of $\$ 67,554.71$ was paid for expenses incurred in the distribution of the coin, ( $\$ 63,064.25$ being paid the express companies, and $\$ 4,354.56$ for bags, bagging, \&ic., and $\$ 135.90$ for telegraphing).

The sum of $\$ 20,579.38$ from the same fund was used to reimburse the loss arisiug from the silver wastage of the operative departments, and the loss on the sale of silver in sweeps during the year, corresponding to the deficiency between their assay value and the amount realized from their sale.

The sum of $\$ 5,329,120.99$ was covered into the Treasury of the United States, leaving a balance at the coinage mints on June 30, 1885, of \$725,366.07.

The distribution of this balance at the close of the fiscal year among the coinage mints was as follows:

| Fhiladelphia | \$ 230,82317 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sau Francisco | 25,587 22 |
| Carsou City. | 31,045 56 |
| New Orleans | . 437,91012 |
| Total | 725,366 07 |

The above statement as approved by this Bureau was verified by actual count by representatires from the Department. Of the above balauce, the portion at Pliladelphia and at New Orleans has since been covered into the Treasury. The amount at Carson and San Francisco has been retained in order to meet the expense of distributing the stock of silver dollars now stored at those mints.

As shown by preceding reports of the Director of the Mint as well as by the accounts of the coinage mints on file in the Office of the Register of the Treasury, the seiguorage on silver on hand at the coinage mints on 1st July, 1878-the beginning of the fiscal year following the passage of the "Act authorizing the coinage of the standard silver dollar," amounted to $\$ 424,725.47$. The seignorage since that date up to June 30 , 1885 , on the coinage of silver has amounted to $\$ 25,338,389.97$. Adding
the sum of $\$ 9,237.54$, refunded by Adams Express Company for overcharges, and $\$ 4,560.30$, surplus bullion and adjustment of silver values carried to the credit of the "Silver Profit Fund," makes a total of silver profits to be accounted for of $\$ 25,776,913.28$.

Of this amount $\$ 183,778.23$ has been paid, as provided by law, for expenses connected with the distribution of these coins exclusively, and $\$ 170,950.15$ used to reimburse wastages and losses on the sale of sweeps incurred in connection with the coinage of the silver dollar. The net profits for the seven years, including the balance in the mints on 1st July, 1878, thus aggregate $\$ 25,122,184.90$.

Of this anomut $\$ 24,396,818.83$ was covered into the Treasury of the United States prior to the close of the last fiscal year, and the balance, $\$ 725,366.107$, was in the coinage mints at the latter date. Of this latter amount $\$ 668,733.29$, being the balance, as stated above, at the mints at Philadelphia and at New Orleans, has since been deposited in the Treasury.

## DISTRIBUTION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

The accompanying statement exhibits in detail the distribution under Section 3527 R. S., of the silver dollars on hand at the mints on the first of July, 1884, and those coined dariug the fiscal year.

It will be seen that during the 12 months euded June 30, 1885, there were transferred to the Treasury and paid out at the mints $20,373,625$ silver dollars.

AMOUNT OF SILVER DOLLARS REPORTED BY TEEE COINAGE MINTS ON HAND JUNE 30, 1884, COINED DURING THE YEAR, AND ON HAND AT THE CLOSE OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

| Period. | Philadel. phia. | San Fran. cisco. | Catson. | New . Orieans. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On hand June 30, 1884 | \$7, 453, 512 | \$32, 645,500 | \$2,721, 284 | \$11, 280, 638 | \$54, 100, 934 |
| Coinage fiscal year 1885 | *14, 717, 552 | 2,900,000 | 776,000 | 10, 135,000 | *28, 528, 552 |
| 'Total | 22, 171, 064 | $35,545,500$ | 3,497, 284 | 21, 415,638 | 82, 629,486 |
| In mints June 30, 1885 | 10,834, 087 | 32, 029,467 | 3,170,308 | 16, 221, 999 | 62, 255, 861 |
| 'Iransferred and distributed'. | 11, 336, 977 | 3, 516, 033 | 326, 976 | ( $5,193,639$ | 20,373, 625 |

* Includes 1837 recoined.


## GIRCULATION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

From the accompanying statement it appears that the number of silver dollars in circulation increased from $\$ 39,794,913$ July 1, 1884, to $\$ 45,275,710$ October 1,1885 , while the amount in the Treasury increased during the same period from $\$ 135,560,916$ to $\$ 165,483,721$.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE COINAGE, MOVEMEN'T, AND CIRCULATION OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AT THE END OF EACH SIX MONTHS, FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JULY 1, 1885, AND FOR THE THREE MONTES ENDING OCTOBER $1,1885$.

| $\therefore$ Period. | Total coinage. | In the Treasury. |  |  | In circula. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Held for payment of certificates outstanding. | Held in excess of certificates outstanding. | Total. |  |
| July 1, 1884 | \$175, 355, 829 | \$96, 427, 011 | \$39, 153, 905 | \$135, 560, 916 | \$39, 794, 913 |
| Janaary 1, 1885. | 189, 561, 994 | 114, 865, 911 | 31, 636, 954 | 146, 502, 865. | 43, 059, 129 |
| July 1, 1885... | *203, 884, 381 | 101, 530, 946 | 63, 882, 166 | 165, 413, 112 | 38, 471, 269 |
| October 1, 1885 | *210, 759, 431 | 93, 656, 716 | 71, 827, 005 | 165, 483, 721 | 45, 275, 710 |

+ Includes 1837 recoined.


## APPROPRIATIONS, EARNINGS, AND EXPENDITURES.

The amount specially appropriated for the support of the mints and assay offices of the United States for the service of the year 1885 was $\$ 1,194,610.00$, of which $\$ 1,104,659.07$ was expended. In addition, there was expended from the general appropriation for the coinage of the standard silver dollar* $\$ 157,860.22$, as follows, namely : At the mints, $\$ 156,942.22$, and at the Department for daily quotations by telegraph of the price of silver at London, the sum of $\$ 918$.

The total expenditure for the entire mint service was $\$ 1,262,519.29$.
The following table exhibits the appropriations and amount expended at each institution.

| APPROPRIATIONS, 1885. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institution. | Salaries. | Wages. | Contingent. | Coinage of the standard silver dollar,act of February 28, 1878 (indefinite). | Total. |
| coinage mivts. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia | \$41, 551) 00 | \$293, 00000 | \$100,000 00 |  | \$434, 55000 |
| San Francisco. | 41,900 00 | 242,000 00 | 70,000 00 | ............ | 353, 90000 |
| Carson | 29,550 00 | 54, 00000 | 25,00000 |  | 108,550 00 |
| New Orleans | 31,950 00 | 74,000 00 | 35,00000 |  | 140,950 00 |
| assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Denver.. | 10,950 00 | 14,000 00 | 6,000 00 |  | 30,950 00 |
| New York | 39, 25000 | 25,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  | 74, 25000 |
| Helena | 7,950 00 | 12,500 00 | 9,500 00 |  | 29,950 00 |
| Boise. | 3, 00000 |  | 5, 46000 | ............ | 8,460 00 |
| Charlotte. | 2,750 00 |  | 2, 00000 |  | 4,75000 |
| Saint Louis | 3,500 00 |  | 4,800 00 |  | 8,30000 |
| Total | 212, 35000 | 714, 50000 | 267, 76000 |  | 1,194,610 00 |



The annoal statement showing the earnings from all sources, and the expenditures and losses during the year, will be found in the appendix. The total amount earned was $\$ 5 ; 147,318.16$. Of the earnings, $\$ 1,355$,278.84 consisted of seignorage on silver dollars; $\$ 10,197.61$ on subsidiary silver and $\$ 452,35 \mathrm{~L} .40$ on minor coins.

The total of expenses and losses of all kinds was $\$ 1,585,256.77$.
The appropriations for the current fiscal year amount to $\$ 1,169,350$, distributed among the various institutions as follows:


* Including labor.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES OF REFINERIES OF THE COINATE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK.

The cbarges collected from depositors for parting, refining and toughening bullion at the coinage mints and the Assay Office at New York during the fiscal year amounted to $\$ 236,505.59$.

The amount expended in these operations from the above charges, as provided by law, amounted to $\$ 211,915.82$, being a net surplus for the year of refinery earnings over expenditures of $\$ 24,589.77$.

The following statement exhibits the amount collected and expended at each of the several institutions for this purpose:


The surplus in the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year, 1885, of charges collected for these operations over expenditures during the period of uine years from 1st July, 1876, to June 30th, 1885, was $\$ 170,817.55$. The actual excess, however, of the charges collected during this period over expeuditures was onJune $30,1885, \$ 207,074.60$ the difference between this sum and the amount to the credit of the appropriation having only subsequently been covered into the Treasury.

COS'I OF COINAGE AT TJFE MINTS.
In the Appendix will be found tables showing the coinage executed at each of the mints during the fiscal.years 1884 and 1885 , with the total cost for labor and materials, giving the average cost per piece. In arriving at the cost per piece of the coinage of the Mint at Philadelphia, there have been deducted from the number of pieces coined $40,571,962$ bronze cents struck in $188 \pm$ at an estimated cost of $\$ 20,000$, and $17,571,670$ struck in 1885 at a cost of some $\$ 15,000$ (which is about the estimate of the Snperintendent of the Mint at Philadelphia) for the reason that the plancbets for this coinage are purchased. The cost of coinage therefore is principally the cose of striking.

From these tables, it appears that the cost of coining each piece above the denomination of one cent at the Mint at Philadelphia was, for the year 1884, 1.30 cents, arid for $1885,1.89$ cents. At the Mint at San Francisco the cost for 1884 was 4.37 cents and for $1885,5.80$ cents; at the Mint at New Urleans, for 1884, 1.55 cents, and for $1885,1.49$ cents; and at the Mint at Carson, for 1884, 7.28 cents, and for $1885,9.13$ cents.

It is proper to state, however, that the coinage executed at the Mint at Philadelphia included over $15,000,000$ five and three-cent nickel pieces' in 1884, and over $7,000,000$ in 1885 , the cost of coining which is consid. erably less than that of executing gold and silver pieces.

REVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

MINT AT PHILADERPEIA.
The deposits and purchases of gold and silver at the Mint at Philadelphia amounted during the year to $\$ 18,101,424.04$, being an increase of $\$ 1,300,000$ over the previous year.
The coinage executed consisted of $42 ; 864,328$ pieces of the face value of $\$ 18,509,280.25$. The number of pieces fell off cousiderably from the previous year owing to the reduced demand for minor coins. The gold coinage was nearly the same and the silver dollar coinage about $1,500,000$ more.
The Coiner of the Mint at Philadelphia was changed February 1st, by resignation of Mr. O. C. Bosbyshell, and by the promotion of Mr. William S. Steel, Assistaut Coiner, to succeed him.
The amount of gold operated upon by the Coiner from 1st July, 1884, to 31st January, 1885, was 8,880.322 ounces of gold, with a wastage of .002 of a standard ounce.
The silver operated upon during the same period was $16,330,992.87$ ounces, with a wastage of $2,148.83$.
From February 1st to June 30th the amount of bullion operated on by the Coiner was $442,244.200$ staudard ounces of gold, with a wastage of 2.729 ounces; and $11,761,553.85$ standard ounces of silver bullion, with a wastage of 940.43 ounces.
The Melter and Refiner had received during the year 646,626.931 standard ounces of gold bullion, with a wastage of 7.885 ounces; and $28,936,069.91$ standard ounces of silver bullion, with an apparent wastage of $3,541.93$ ounces. It appears, however, that ou January 3, 1885, silver bars numbered 7087, 7093, and 7113, containing 1,980.12 ounces of silver, not baving becn melted, were missed by the Melter and Refiner, and the loss communicated by letter, on the next working day, to the Superintendent. The wastage thus far actually allowed him was ouly $1,561.81$ ounces. The value of these bars can finally be charged as "wastage" only in the event of a legal decision relieving the mint officers of personal accountability in the matter. The value of these bars will meauwhile be carried as bullion on hand in a suspense account.

On February 11th, 1885, the Superintendent of the Assay Office at New York reported to the Mint at Philadelphia that an Omaba silver bar sold by a New York firm to the mint had been offered for sale in that city under suspicious circumstances. An examination was instituted at the mint, which showed that the bar had been stolen. The bar was subsequently restored to the mint through the action of the U.S. District

Attorney at Philadelphia, and the alleged receiver of the stolen bullion placed under arrèst.

On the 1st of July, 1885, A. Loudon Snowdeu, Esq., Superintendent, was succeeded, by appointment of the President, by Hon. Daniel M. Fox.
The plan of bookkeeping in the general department of this mint, apart from its coin aud bullion accounts, has for many years failed to fully exhibit the details of the general business of the mint, dependence having been placed upon recourse to original vouchers by way of record, instead of maintaining properly classified book-accounts.

Vouchers for machinery, material, supplies and labor have been on record simply by footings, even when covering disbursements of a widely miscellaneous character. Accounts with the operative departments have not been kept by the general department, nor on the part of operative officers with specific divisions of work.

## MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The deposits and purchases of gold and silver at the Mint at San Francisco during the year amounted to $\$ 25,399,707.10$ : about $\$ 5,000,000$ less than the previous year. The coinage executed consisted of $4,224,497$ pieces, of the face value of $\$ 23,766,299.70$.

Fine silver bars were manufactured, of the coining value of $\$ 2,436$, 397.38. The number of melts of gold ingots at this institution amounted to 677 , of which only one was condemned, and of silver 2,619 , of which none was condembed. The number of ounces of gold melted for ingots was $2,082,646.410$, and of silver $4,393,686.80$. The silver melted for fine bars amounted to $2,093,779.00$ standard ounces ; and the bullion which passed through the acid refinery amounted to, gold, 430,590.969 standard ounces, and silver $3,298,523.87$.

The Melter and Refiner operated on 2,082,611.335 standard ounces of gold bullion, and returned a surplus of $1 ; 500.667$ ounces of the value of $\$ 27,919.39$. The same officer operated on $6,605,722.44$ standard ounces of silver bullion, and returned a surplus of $5,212.05$ ounces of the cost value of $\$ 5,071.17$, a total surplus of $\$ 32,990.56$. The Coiner operated during the year on $2,083,492.890$ ounces of gold bullion, with a wastage of 70.337 ounces, and on $4,703,610.55$ ounces of silver, with a wastage of 192 ounces. The amount of coin produced from ingots operated on during the year was 54.43 per cent. in gold and 53.32 per cent. in silver.

The Computer of Bullion of this Bureau who superintended the annual settlement and count of the Mint at Sau Francisco was requested to examine the sources from which the Melter and Refiner of that mint obtained the large excess of bullion returned by him in settlement. His report on the subject is as follows:

July 31, 1885.
Dr. James P. Kimball,
Director of the Mint:
SIR : I have made a careful investigation as to the sources from which the Melter and Retiner of the Mint at Sau Francisco obtained the surplus bullion returned by him in
settlement at the close of the fiscal year, 1885, and have the houor to report on the sulject as follows:

This surplus arose in part from very careful and economical workiug of the precious metals, and in part from allowances and deductions made for his benefit on base deposits. The books of the Melter and Refiner's Department show that h made during the year 677 melts of gold and 2,619 melts of silver, a total of 3,296 melts, of which only one was condemned.

The work books of the gold ingot room, in which a record is kept of the loss or gain in each day's work in ingot-making, show a gain for the year of 110.70 ounces gold, resulting from perfect melts and from making the ingots a trifle below staudard, but within the limit of variance, relying upon the pickling of ingots in a weak solntion of sulphuric acid, and the subsequeut operation of annealing in the Coiner's Department to bring the coins up to standard. This gain of 110.70 ounces of gold does not fully represent the gain from this source, for the reason that a portion of the apparent wastage in making these melts was afterwards recovered in sweeps.

Considerable gold was also obtained by the Melter and Refiner from small quanti ties of gold contained in silver deposits vot sufficient to pay the partiug charge and consequently not allowed the depositor nor charged to the Melter and Refiner. The exact amount gained from this source could not be readily ascertained, for the reason that the Assayer does not report less than 1 M of gold contained.

A portion of this surplus also arose from deductions in weight allowed the Melter aud Refiner on base deposits, amounting for the year to 196 ounces gold, and 3,983 onnces silver. In the San Francisco Mint deductions from the weight are made on silver deposits and purchases for the benefit of the Melter and Refiner as follows:

Per cent.

| On deposits containing from 50 to 299 M base On deposits containing from 300 to 399 M base On deposits containing over 400 M base |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Deduclions are also made for his benefit on base gold deposits, not according to any regnlar schedule but from a personal inspection by the Melter and Refiner of the deposit, after the Assayer bas reported the base metal contained.

Doubtless the Melter and Refiner received some benefit from the system of reporting assays to only the half thousandth, but to what extent it would have been impossible to state except from a personal inspection of the transcripts of the Assay Department covering all of the deposits of the year.

Very respectifully,

E. O. LEECH,<br>Computer.

On the 1st of August of 1885, Col. E. F. Burton, Superintendent, was suspended by the President and Judge Israel Lawtou appointed to succeed him. About the same date, O. D. Munson, Assayer, was succeeded by J. W. Twiggs.
The Mint at San Fraucisco aftords a commendable example in its system of accounts. This iudeed is the only mint, so far as I am aware, that up to the beginning of the present fiscal year has rendered periodically to the Bureau a detailed statement of general business or that has afforded evidenice of a classification of this business through open accounts with the several operative departments. From the semianuual exhibits forwarded to the Bureau by this mint in tabular form, I am enabled to give, what in the case of the other mints and assay offices is equally desirable, namely, a classified statement of expendi-
tures for the fiscal year, showing in full, the division of its general business, as follows:

TABULATED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES FOR SUPPLIES AT THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

| dricles. | Cost. | - Articles. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acids | \$38,101 25 | Lumber. | \$644 05 |
| Charcoal | 1,516 51 | Metal work and castings. | 38572 |
| Cbemicals. | 1,870 56 | Mittens and sleeves. | 1,20102 |
| Coal. | 5,667 37 | Oil and Belting. | 75651 |
| Coko | 1,693 27 | Priatiog | 19050 |
| Copper | 4935 | Repairs | -2,456 97 |
| Crucibles | 1,786 94 | Salt | 36015 |
| Dry goods | 1,281 21 | Sundries .......................... | 3,915 80 |
| Gas. | 1,642 13 | Wood | 3,20275 |
| Gloves | 1, 02164 | Zinc | 6,383 43 |
| Hardware. | 56866 | Total for General Departiuent .... | 27, $408 \mathrm{J4}$ |
| Irou and steul. | 11257 | Total for M. and R.'s department. | 48, 83967 |
| Ice | 62695 | Discount for eash | 6257 |
| Labor | 81250 |  |  |



MINT AT CARSON.
The valne of the gold and silver deposited and purchased at the Mint at Carson during the year amounted to $\$ 2,664,803.72$, about the same as in the previous year. The coinage executed consisted of 834,189 pieces, of the face valne of $1,827,060$, all gold with the exception of 776,000 silver dollars. Unparted bars were manufacured containing gold of the value of $\$ 326,154.98$, and silver of the value of $\$ 19,033.42$; also fine silver bars of the value of $\$ \$ 1,774.56$. The value of the total output of bars was $\$ 4: 26,962.96$.

The Melter and Refiner operated on 142,208.480 standard ounces of gold
bullion, and returned a surplas of 36.998 ounces, and on $1,919,424.69$ ounces of silver bullion with a wastage of 62.53 ounces.

Under special instructions from the Department, no coinage was executed at the Mint at Carson after 1st April.

The gold bullion operated on by the Coiner up to April 1st amounted to $117,440.70$ standard ounces, with a wastage of 9.610 ounces. The silver ballion amointed to $1,536,760.40$ ounces, with a wastage of 290.41 ounces.

Mr. James Crawford, the Superintendent of the Mint at Carson, who had filled the office since September 9th, 1874, died on the morning of March 8th, 1885. Mr. Crawford had proved an efficient and worthy officer, and was much beloved by the officers and employés of the mint.

Mr. William Garrard, having bcen appointed Superintendent, entered the office on April 1st. Levi Dague, the Coiner, was, at the same time, suspended by the. President, and Joseph R. Ryan appointed in his place. Mr. Ryan was suspended in August owing to the suspension of coinage at this mint.

## Mint at new ordeans.

The value of the deposits and purchases of bullion at the Mint at New Orleans during the year was $\$ 10,243,397.18$.

The coinage executed consisted exclusively of silver dollars, of which $10,135,000$ were coined : an excess of $1,230,000$ over the number of the previous year.

The Melter aud Refiner operated on $11,609.352$ ounces of gold bullion, with a wastage of 9.516 standard ounces; and on $18,683,325.79$ ounces of silser bullion, with a wastage of $6,050.95$ ounces. The Coiner operated on $17,425,292$ standard ounces of silver bullion, with a wastage of 2,767.32 ounces.

The Superintendent and Operative Officers of the Mint at New Orleans were changed by Presidential appointments shortly after the close of the fiscal year 1885. Gabriel Montégut was appointed Superintendeut, vice Dr. A. W. Smyth, suspended; and Allen Thomas, Coiner, vice F. K. Jones, suspended. F. F. Clanssen, the Melter \& Refiner, was appointed Assayer, vice William C. Wilson, suspended; and Leonard Magruder, the Assistant Melter \& Refiner, was appointed Melter \& Refiner, vice F. F. Claussen appointed Assayer.

## ASSAY OFIICE AT NEW YORK.

The deposits of gold and silver bullion at the New York Assay Office during the year amounted to $\$ 35,248,421.34$, an increase of $\$ 9,000,000$ over the aggregate of the previous year.

Gold bars of the value of $\$ 28,236,936.29$ were manufactured, and silver bars of the value of $\$ 6,858,356.73$ : a total of $\$ 35,095,293.02$. In the manufacture of these bars, the Melter \& Refiner operated on $1,532,472.459$ standard ounces of gold, and returned an actual surplus of $1,319.729$
standard onnces. The same Officer operated on $5,973,490.61$ standard ounces of silver, and returned a surplus of 590.45 ounces.

## MINT AT DENVER AND OTFER ASSAY OFFICES.

The deposits of gold and silver at the Mint at Denver, which is equipped only as an assay office, and at the other smaller assay offices during the year, amounted to $\$ 3,173,222.07$, nearly $\$ 700,000$ in excess of the deposits of the previous year. The bars manufactured at these institutions consisted of unparted bars, most of which were sent to the mints for separation and coinage, and contained gold and silver of the value of $\$ 3,173,438.60$. The charges collected for assaying and stamping amounted to $\$ 3,992.03$. On bullion shipped to the mint, inclading the gain on charges collected for the mint, there was a net profit for the year of $\$ 4,376.42$.

## SUMMARY.

The value equivalent to the gold and silver wastage in the operative departments of the coinage mints and of the Assay Office at New York during the year was $\$ 15,624.57$. The loss arising from the sale of sweeps amonuted to $\$ 18,423.68$. Hence an aggregate loss of $\$ 34,048.25$. The surplus bullion recovered during the year from the Deposit Melting Rooms of the various institutions from palpable grains and sweepings amounted to $\$ 7,533.02$. An excess of gold and silver bullion over and above the amount with which they were charged was returned by the Melter-and Refiners of the mints at Carson and San Francisco and the Assay Office at New York, amounting in all to $\$ 58,822.43$. Thus the total value of the surplus bullion recorered during the gear was $\$ 66,355.45$; After reimbursing all wastages and loss on sales of sweeps, there was an actual surplus in the operatious on gold and silver of $\$ 32,307.20$.

In the Appendix will be found a table showing the value of the precious metals wasted in the technical processes of the operative departments, and value corresponding to the loss arising from the sale of sweeps. The mode of reimbursing such losses will appear from the same exhibit. Hereafter these losses will, as far as practicable, be reimbursed.from surplusage of bullion, as provided in the following Bureau circular of September 24,1885 , approved by you.

The following regulations governing the reinbursement of wastage and loss on sale of sweeps will take the place of the provisions on pages 15 and 16 of the printed Instructions and Regulations of 1881, from the 1st of July, 1885:

The grains and sweepings recovered from the deposit melting-room, and any surplas bullion returned by the operative officers in settlement, will be credited to "Profit aud Loss Account," against any loss arising from sale of sweeps and bona fide wastages incurred during the year in the operations on bulliou.
If a surplus remains after payiug these losses, it will be deposited in the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year. If the value of the surplus bullion is not sutficient to meet these losses, the deficiency will be made good as follows:

1. Melter and Refiner's gold wastage and the loss on sale of gold in Melter and Refiner's sweeps, from the appropriations for "Parting and Refining Bullion" and for
"Contingent Expenses," in proportion to the number of ounces refined as compared with the number of ounces melted for ingots.
2. Melter and Refiner's silver wastage aud loss on silver iu Melver and Refiner's sweeps, from the appropriation for "Parting and Refining Bullion" and from the "Silver Profit Fund," in proportion to the number of ounces refined as compared with the number of ounces melted for ingots.
3. Coiner's gold wastage and loss on sale of yold in Coiner's sweeps, from the appropriation for "Contingent Expenses."
4. Coincr's silver wastage and loss on silver in Coiner's sweeps, from the "Silver Profit Fund."

In order to prevent a deficiency in the bullion fund, the losses will be reimbursed in the accounts of the same quarter in which they are incurred.

## EXAMINATION OF MIN'S AND ASSAY OFFICES.

Before my eutry on duty as Director of the Mint, representatives of this Bureau had been directed to proceed to the coinage mints and to the Assay Office at New York for the purpose of superintending the amnolal settlements between the operative officers and the superintenrents. They were also required to weigh and connt the coin and bullion in those institutions, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the same agraed with the amounts called for by the books of the Department.

The reports of these representatives, on file in this Burean, show that the bullion and coin on hand at the coinage mints and at the Assay Office at New York on 30th June, 1885, agreed with the amounts of record, with one exception, namely, the Mint at Philadelphia. From this mint were missing silver bars coutaining 1,980. 22 ounces of silver, valued at $\$ 1,936.62$, the snpposed theft of which in the winter of 1884 - 85 , is now under investigation. Though promptly reported to the general department by the operative officer to whose custody such bars are technically committed, neither the theft of these bars, nor the specific deficit equivalent to their value, was duly reported to this Bureau until so reported by the present Superintendent. The specific deficit created by the loss of these bars is at present borne on the books in a ${ }^{6}$ Suspense account; there seeming no justification for charging it as wastage, as, from the circumstance that it was not dnly reported, seems to have been proposed.

During the fiscal year, this Bureau was led to believe that Mr. Norman H. Camp, the Assayer in charge of the Assay Office at Bôisé Cits, Idaho, had not on hand the cash with which he was cbarged. A representative of the Burean was dispatched to that institution and his cash counted. From the investigation it appeared that there was a deficiency amounting to $\$ 12,523.60$. Mr. Camp was removed from office and proceedings against him were begun by the United States District Attorney. Mr. Spruille Braden was appointed by the President to succeed him.

Charges of mismanagement of the Assay Office at Helena having been preferred against R. B. Harrison, Assayer in charge, during the year, a representative of this Bureau was sent to investigate them. The charges were not sustained. The cash in Mr. Harrison's possession
was counted and found to agree with the amount called for by the books of the Department.

## ANNUAL TRIAL OF COINS.

The followiug-named commissioners were appointed by the President, under the provisions of Section 3547 of the Revised Statutes, to conduct the annual trial of the coins periodically reserved for this purpose at the coinage mints, viz: Hon. Jonathau Ohace, House of Representatives; Hon. Elward S. Lacey, House of Representatives; George Davidson, Esq., Coast and Geodetic Survey ; Prof. N. S. Shaler, Harvard University; Dr. Rossiter W: Raymond, New York City ; Dr. W. P. Lawver, Assayer at the Burean of the Mint; Joel J. Baily, Esq., Philadelphia; Prof. E. T. Fristoe, Columbian University, Waskington, D. C.; John W. Twiggs, Esq., Assayer, Sau Francisco; George B. Hanna, Esq., Assistant United States Assayer, Cbarlotte, N. (i.; Prof. H. Carrington Bolton, Trinity College, Hartford, Conu.; Prof. Albert B. Prescott, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor; Prof. Thomas Egleston, Columpia College, New York. The same section also provided that the judge of the United States district court for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, Hon William Butler; the Comptroller of the Currency, Hon. H. W. Cannon; and the Assayer of the Assay Office at New York, Herbert G. Torrey, Esq., should be ex officio members of the Commission.

The Commission met at Philadelphia on the 11th of February. Tests were made of the weight and fineness of the coins reserved from delireries by the Coiner's department to the general or Superintendent's department in each month of the year. The Commission's Committee on Counting reported as follows:

The packages were opened and the contents examined and compared with the record of the schedules which were tramsmitied to the Director of the Mint. The coins contained in theseveral packages were connted by ourselves or in our presence, and found to agree in umber and amount with the record of the schedrles, after correcting several unimportant clerical ercors. For the use of the Weighing and Assaying Conumittees, respectively, such of the reserved coins of both gold and silver as were desired by said committees were taken from the same parcels, and said selections were so made as to include coins from at least two deliveries of different dates in each wonth of the year 1884, in all cases where there were two or more deliveries in any month.

The coins chosen by the Weighing and Assaying Committees, respectively, were taken in every case iudiscriminately from the broked packages of reserved coins. All of the reserved coins not delivered to either the Weighing or Assaying Commitees were returned to the superintendent of the Philadelphia mint, and the coins celivered to the Weighing Committee bave been recounted and veritied and delivered to the same officer; and the bullion resulting from the assays and melting made by the Assay Committee has also been examined and delivered to the superintendent by that committee.

The Committee on Weighing reported:
'All the coins weighed are within the limits of exactness required by law, except in one case, where a silver dollar from the Carson City mint, of delivery April 29, was found to be one one-hundredth ( $\frac{1}{10 \sigma}$ ) of one grain below the legal limit of tolerance for weight.

## The Committee on Assaying reported that:

In accordance with the law and regulations goveruing this Commission, we have taken samples from the golil and silver coius reserved for assay at the mints of the United States, to wit: Philadelphia, San Francisco, Carson City, and New Orleans, the samples representing deliverios in the year 1884 from the coiners to the superintendents, aud have assayed the same in mass, and also the individual coins, that the greatest excess in the assay value of the gold coinage above the standard at the dif-
ferent mints (while the limit of tolerance is one-thousaudth) is, at-
Philadelphia, 3 of .001.
San Francisco, 1 of .001 .
New Orleans, no coin.
Carson, 1 of .001 .
The greatest deficiency below the standard (the limit of tolerance being onethousandth) is, at,

Philadelphia, 5 of .001 .
.San Francisco, . 5 of .001.
Now Orleans, no coin.
Carson, 2 of .001 .
For silver, the maximum assays above the standard (the limit of colerance being three one-thonsandths) is, at-

Philadelphia, 1.1 of 001.
San Francisco, 1.6 of .001 .
New Orleans, 9 of .001 .
Carson, . 00\%.
The greatest deficiancy below the standard (the tolerance being three one-thou sandths) is, at-

Philadelphia, 1.1 of .001 .
San Francisco, 1.1 of .001 .
New Orleans, 1.4 of . 001.
Carson, 1.1 of . 001.
The Assay Committee has alsn tested the inquartation silver, the copper, and the read nsed in assaying gold bullion, and found them free from gold. The weights emploged were also tested and found to be correct.

The acid used for the humid assay of silver was carefully tested, and forind to contain neither silver nor chlorine in perceptible quantity. The committee therefore deems the assays exhibited in the foregoing schedules to have been trustworthy.

Whereupon the Commissiou reported:
That the Assay Commission, laving examined and tested the reserved coins of the several mints for the year 1884, and it appearing that the coins are within the tolerance prescribed by law, with the single exceptiou of a silver dollar-piece from the Carson mint, the weight of which is one and fifty-one one-hundredths ( $1{ }^{\frac{6}{0} 00}$ ) grains below the standard weight, the trial is considered and reported assatisfactory, except as to the said coin.

That, in compliance with section 3547, Revised Statutes, the following certificate be prepared and signed ly the Commission for transmission to the President, to wit: To the President :

The Board of Assay Commission, as appointed to test and examine the weight and fineness of the coins of the United States issued during the year 1884, reserved for the annual assay pursuant to law, certify that at the weighing of such coins, wade by them at the Philadelphia Mint on the 11th and 12th days of February, 1885, one of such silver coins, to wit-a silver dollar from the Carson Mint, delivered by the coiner to the superintendent of that Mint on April 29, 1884-was found to weigh but 410.99 grains, being one and fifty-one one-hundredths ( $1 \frac{51}{100}$ ) grains below the standard, and a greater deviation from the regular standard than allowed by law; therefore, in pur.
suance of section 3547 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, we respectfully report the same.

| William Butler. | W. P. Lawver. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Henry W. Cannon. | Joel J. Batly. |
| H. G. Torrey. | E. T. Fristoe. |
| Jonatean Chace. | John W. Twiggs. |
| George Davidson. | Gborge B. Hanna. |
| E. S. Lacey. | H. Carrington Bolton. |
| N. S. Shaler. | albert B. Prescott. |
| R. W. Raymond. | Thos. Egleston. |

Present:
Horatio C. Burchard,
Director of the Mint.
The following important qualification of the regular report of the Assay Commission, addressed to the President, was omitted in the printed report of this Commission:

Philadelpila, February 13, 1885.

## To the President :

The undersigned members of the Board of Assay Commissioners of the coinage of 1884, and experts in weighing, while signing the record and report of the Commissioners, esteem it their duty to accompany their act in so signing be the statementto the President that the excess of tolerance as respects the silver dollar coined atCarson April 29 is so insiguificant (only one-hundredth of a grain) as to be entirely immaterial in fact or in law, as to require no action whatever on his part; that the excess of deviation is so small that the means of weighing necessarily used by the coiner at Carson City would not detect it.

| H. Carrington Bolton. | E. T. Fristor. |
| :--- | :--- |
| albert B. Prescott. | W. P. Lawver. |
| George Davidson. | N. S. Shaler. |
| H. G. Torrey. | R. W. Raymond. |
| Thos. Egleston. | John W. Twiggs. |

The proceedings of the Assay Commission show that the average fineness of 449 gold coins from the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Carson melted in mass, was 899.97 and 50 . single pieces, 899.94.

The assays made monthly in the Assay Laboratory of this Bureau gave an average for 112 pieces of 899.91 .

The Commission ascertained that the average fineness of silver dollars of all mints melted in mass, was 900.11 , and of 71 single pieces taken from each monthly coinage at each mint, 900.17.

The monthly tests made at the Assay Laboratory of silver dollars gave an average fineness of 900.31 , showing that the coins were close to the standard fixed by law.

## ESTIMATE OF THE VALUE OF FOREIGN COLN.

The values of the moneys of accomnt of foreign. countries were estimated by the Director of the Mint and proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury, on 1st January, 1885.

In estimating values of the silver coins of countries of the single silver standard, they were computed at the market price of the silver bullion contained in such coin. In arriving at the market value of sil. ver bullion, the daily price of silver for the last three months of the calendar year was averaged, giving the rate at $\$ 1.099465$ per fine ounce。

The price for the corresponding period of the calendar year 1883, used in estimating the value of silver coin January 1, 1884; was $\$ 1.11413$; showing a reduction of about $1 . \frac{1}{2}$ cents. This occasioned a change in the estimated value of the following coins:

| Coins. | Value January 1,1884. | Value <br> Jauuary <br> 1,1885. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Florin of Anstria. | 39.8 | 38.3 |
| Boliviano of Bolivia | 80.6 | 79.5 |
| Peso of Ecuador | 80.6 | 79.5 |
| Rupee of India | 38.3 | 37.8 |
| Yen of Japan | 86.9 | 85.8 |
| Dollar of Mexico | 87.5 | 86.4 |
| Sol of Peru | 80.6 | 89.5 |
| Rouble of Russia. | 64.5 | 63.6 |
| Mahbub of Tripoli. | 72. 7 | 71.7 |
| Peso of U.S. of Columbia | 80.6 | 79.5 |

## PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

The estimated amount of gold and silver produced from the mines of the United States during the calendar year 1884 was stated in the special report of the Director of the Mint* to have been : gold, $\$ 30,800,000$; silver, $\$ 48,800,000$, a total of $\$ 79,600,000$.
The silver in this estimate was reckoned at its coining rate in silver dollars. In the same report the production was distributed among the States and Territories producing bullion, as follows:

| State or Territory. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska. | \$200, 000 | ............ | \$200,000 |
| Arizona | 930,000 | \$4, 500, 000 | $5,430,000$ |
| California | 13, 600, 000 | 3, 000, 000 | 16, 600, 000 |
| Colorado | 4, 250,000 | 16,000,000 | 20, 250, 000 |
| Dakota. | 3,300,000 | 150,000 | 3,450,000 |
| Georgia | 137, 000 |  | 137,000 |
| Idaho | 1, 250,000 | 2,720,000 | 3,970,000 |
| Montana | 2, 170,000 | 7,000,000 | 9, 170, 000 |
| Nevada | 3,500,000 | 5,600,000 | 9, 100,000 |
| New Mexico | 300, 000 | 3,000,000 | 3,300,000 |
| North Carolina. | 157,000 | 3,500 | 160,500 |
| Oregon.. | 660,000 | 20,000 | 680, 000 |
| South Carolina. | 57, 000 | 500 | 57,500 |
| Utah | 120,000 | 6, 800, 000 | 6, 920, 000 |
| Virginia. | 2,000 |  | 2,000 |
| W ashington | 85,000 | 1,000 | 89,000 |
| W yoming | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |
| Alabama, Tennessee, \&c. | 76,000 | 5,000 | 81,000 |
| Total | 30,800,000 | 48,800,000 | 79,600,000 |

[^39]
## COIN CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

In estimating the amount of gold coin in circulation in the United States, I have been obliged from lack of opportunity since entering on my duties as Director, to accept, with a slight change, the figures published in the annual report of the Director for 1884, as the circulation on 1st July of that year. The results there published were obtained by taking the estimate of Dr. Henry R. Linderman, former Director of the Mint, of the amount in the country on July 1st, 1873, and adding the net coinage together with the net import of U. S. gold coin each year; and deducting the net export of U . S. gold coin, together with the amount used in the arts since the fiscal year 1880 .

The estimate of Dr. Henry R. Linderman was made at a time most favorable for ascertaining the amouint of gold and silver coin in the country. On 1st July, 1873, gold was at a premium of $15 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Nearly all of the coin in the country, with the exception of the Pacific Coast, was either in the Treasury or in the banks, and not in active circulation,

Of Dr. Lindermau's estimate of the gold coin in the country at that date, namely $\$ 135,000,000$, over $\$ 98,000,000$ was shown by the official reports of the Treasurer of the United States and the Comptroller of the Currency to have been in the Treasury and National Banks. $\$ 20$,000,000 was the amount in circulation in the states and territories of the Pacific coast as deduced from a very careful estimate at the time by Mr. Louis A. Garnett, whose estimate was from twenty to twentyfive millions, with an allowance of only some $\$ 10,000,000$ in banks other. than National, and in the hands of the people of the entire country ex. cept the Pacific coast states.

The estimate of Dr: Linderman may the eefore be considered near a correct one, and if varying materially from the truth, to have been below rather than above the actual amount of coin in the country.

It appears that from July 1st, 1873, up to June 30, 1880, no deduction was made for the amount consumed in the arts and manufactures, for the reason, as stated by the Director in his report of 1881, that it was believed that the amount thus consumed would be offset by United States coin bronght by immigrants on their persons, over and above the sum taken out in like manner by travelers.

It seems to me, however, open to doubt whether any considerable amount of United States gold coin is, as a rule, brought hither by iurmigrants. Mr. H. J. Jackson, Secretary of the Commission of Immigration of the State of New York, stated that in 1878, 79,801 immigrants brought and exchanged at Castle Garden $\$ 520,000$ in foreign coin.* It is believed, indeed, that most of the gold coin brought to

[^40]these shores by immigrants on their persons is foreign coin, which is exchanged for United States money on arrival. . Hence the conclusion that the amount of United States gold coin used in the arts cannot be offset by the amount brought by immigrants on their persons.

Without attempting a revision of the estimate of circulation given by the Director for 1st July, 1884, I have thought it proper to deduct from the amount of gold coin stated by him to have been in the country on that date $(\$ 551,632,442)$ the sum of $\$ 30,000,000$ as a moderate estimate of the amount of gold coin so consumed in the seven years between 1873 and 1881. The reports to the Director of the Mint of persons and firms engaged in the manufacture and repair of articles of ornamentation and use show an actual consumption of gold coin for the year 1883 of over $\$ 4,875,000$. As the consumption is likely to have increased from year to year during this period the gross estimate as above can hardly be far from the actual consumption.

No deduction for consumption in the arts is made from the silver coin in circulation during this period. Manufacturers use bars of silver rather than coin of an enhanced value. But little United States silver coin, therefore, is withdrawn more or less permanently from circulation. Deducting $\$ 30,000,000$, therefore, from the estimate of the Director leaves as a revised estimate of the amount of gold coin in circulation on 1st July, 1884, about $\$ 520,000,000$.

With the brief time which I have been able to give to the considera: 'tion of this important question, it seems that the more correct method of arriving at the coin in the country would be to take as a basis an ascertained amount or a conventional estimate at a given date, and to add each year the increase by coinage (less re-coinage) together with the actual gain by import of our coin, and to deduct the actual loss by export of our own coin plus the estimated amount used in the arts and manufactures.
Instead of taking the aggregate returns of the mints and assay offices, the production of the mines of the country, as estimated from time to time by different official and other authorities, has sometimes been taken as the leading element in the account of stock of gold coin. The other elements are the net imports or exports of bullion and coin by difference, as the case may be, and the total estimated consumption of bullion and coin in the arts.

In support of the former method it may be considered, first, that the coinage of the country is an element of certainty. Second, that the statistics of the importation and exportation of bullion and coin are well classified at the custom houses. The imports of bullion are deived from the entries made by importers in pursuance of Section 9745 , Revised Statutes, and Article 335 of the Customs Regulations for 1884. The exports are derived from manifests filed with the Collector of Cus-
toms by shippers, as provided by Section 337, Revised Statutes, and Article 1242 of the Customs Regulations of 1884 . Thus there seems no reason to doubt the accuracy of the customs figures, as far as they go.

The most careful estimate that from time to time can be made in this country toward au approximation of its gold production from deposits of gold ores in the form of metalliferous lodes; from placers and alluvions as native metal and alloss; and from its association in miscellaneous ores and base bullion, must be more or less hypothetical and to a large degree purely conjectural. Hence obvious objections to the employment of estimates of this nature as elements for aggregates, to which is to be added or from which is to be deducted, as the case may be, the net import or export of coin and bullion, especially as the returns of imports of foreign bullion seldom correspond from year to year with the deposits at the mints and assay offices.

Thus, fer instauce, the total imports of gold bullion to the United States as reported by the custom houses during the year 1884 were $\$ 8,849,237$, all of which, with the exception of about $\$ 1,000,000$, was imported at the port of New York.

The deposits of foreign gold bullion at the mints and assay offices amounted to $\$ 11,221,846$. Here is a difference of nearly $\$ 2,500,000$ between the reported imports of bullion and the amount deposited at the mints and classified as foreigu. The Assay Office at New York alone reports as deposited there during the year foreigu gold bullion amounting to $\$ 10,843,743$, an excess of $\$ 2,000,000$ over the reported ipports. Whence it seems to follow either that there is brought into the country bullion which is not entered at the custom houses, as there is much reason to suppose, or, on the other hand, that the classification at the mints between foreign and domestic bullion, so largely entering into the direct estimates of production, is erroneous. Either alternative as a fact would render erroneous a statement, as sometimes proposed, based on the Bureau's direct estimate of production, in comnection with the imports of bullion as reported by the Burean of Statistics from returns of the custom houses.
I.have therefore assumed my predecessor's estimate of the coin circulation of July 1st, 1884, less $\$ 30,000,000$, as above, for consumption in the arts for seven years previous to 1881 . To this estimate I have added the coinage of 1885 and the gain of coin by import, and have deducted the deposits of U. S. coin for recoinage, together with the amount of coin estimated to have been used in the arts.

From such a revision of former estimates it would appear that the amount of coin in the country on 1 st July, 1885 , was some $\$ 820,000,000$, of which $\$ 5$ 52,000,000 consisted of gold coin, and $\$ 278,000,000$ of silver coin.

| ESTIMATE OF CIRCULATION. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States coin. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| Circulation July 1, 1884 | \$551, 632, 442 | \$250, 617, 357 | \$802, 249, 799 |
| Deduct probable consumption in arts and manu- $\}$ factures from July 1, 1873 to Jane 30, 1880....... | 30,000,000 |  | 30, 000, 000 |
| Corrected circulation July 1, 1884 | 521, 632, 442 | 250, 617, 357 | 772, 249, $799^{-}$ |
| Year's coinage | 24, 861, 123 | $28,848,959$ | 53, 710, 082 |
| Netimports | 1,006, 281 | 535.449 | 1,541,730 |
| Total | 547, 499, 846 | 280,001,765 | 827, 501, 611 |
| Less deposits for recoinage | - 325, 210 | 877,564 | 1, 202, 774 |
| Used in the arts | *5,000,000 | *300, 000 | 5,300, 000 |
| Total loss | 5,325,210 | 1, 177, 564 | 6, 502, 774 |
| Circulation July 1, 18\&5. | 542, 174, 636 | 278, 824, 201 | 820,998, 837 |

*About amount reported to hare been used by manufactures in 1883.
In the foregoing estimate no deduction has been made for trade dollars exported during the year ( $\$ 1,073,150$ ), for the reason that the entire amount of trade dollars supposed to be in the country ( $\$ 6,000,000$ ). was in the last estimate of the Director deducted from his estimate of the coin in the country.
The sum of the loss by abrasion of coin for protracted periods of timeis a subject which has thus far not been a matter of systematic inquiry by the Bureau. It should be cousidered, however, that gold coins worn or abraded within the degree of tolerance allowed by law are redeemed by the Government as of full weight. The loss therefore from actual diminution of weight, when not outside of the legal limit, falls ou the Government. .Thongh susceptible of record, no estinate has been made of this loss.

STATEMENT EXHIBITING THE STANDARD WEIGHT, LEGAL LIMIT OF ABRASION, AND LEASI CURRENT WEIGH'L OF UNITED STATES GOLD COIN AFTER A CIRCUIATION OF TWENTY YEARS, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE COINAGE ACT OF 1873.

WeIGHT OF SINGLE PIECES.

| Denomination. | Standard weight, in grains. | $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. abrasion, in grains. | Least current weight, in grains. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double Eagle | 516 | $2 \frac{58}{100}$ | $513 \frac{4.2}{100}$ |
| Eagle | 258 | $1{ }_{1}^{29} 9$ | 256\% ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ |
| Half Eagle | 129 | $0{ }^{185}$ | $128 \frac{38}{100}$ |
| Three-Dollar | 77.4 | 038 | 77102 |
| Quarter Eagle. | 64.5 | $0{ }_{108}$ | $64 \frac{18}{180}$ |
| Dollar. | 25.8 | $0 \frac{13}{100}$ | $25 \frac{187}{108}$ |

Assuming the amount of coin in the country to have been as stated, it ${ }^{\text {WXguld }}$ appear that the ownership was as follows:

STOCK AND OWNERSHIP OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN IN THE UNITED STATES JULY 1, 1885.

| Ownership. | Gold coin. | Silver coin. |  |  | Total gold and silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Full legal. tender. | Subsidiary. | Total. |  |
| Treasury | *\$53, 223, 160 | *\$63, 882, 166 | \$31, 236, 899 | \$95, 119, 065 | \$148, 342, 225 |
| National Banks | † 165, 575, 867 | $\ddagger 10,081,279$ | $\ddagger 1,897,554$ | 11, 978, 833 | 177, 554, 700 |
| State Banks, Trust Companies, and Savings Bayks. | §25, 928, 757 |  |  |  |  |
| Other Banks and private hands $\qquad$ | 297, 446, 852 | 129, 920, 936 | 41, 805, 367 | 171, 726, 303 | 495, 101, 912 |
|  | 542, 174, 636 | 203, 884, 381 | 74, 939, 820 | 278, 824, 201 | 820, 998, 837 |

* Less outstanding certificates.
$\dagger$ Includes Treasury and clearing-house certificates.
! Includes Treasury certificates. Silver coin isnot divided between Full Legal Tender and Subsidiarya. The above division is estimated.
§Reported to Comptroller of the Currency November 1, 1884.
In the above table the amount of gold and silver certificates heid outside the Treasury has been deducted from the amount of coin in the Treasury and added to the stock of coin in active circulation. As these certificates represent coin in the Treasury, which coin can only be used in their redemption, they really form a part of the active coin circulation of the country.
In addition to the coin in the country, there was in the mints and assay oftices of the United States on 1st July, 1885, gold and silver bullion available for coinage, as follows:

*Cost.
Adding this to the aggregate of gold and silver coin as above estimated gives for the total stock of coin and bullion available for coinage on that date $\$ 892,500,519$. Again, assuming that the amount stated is the actual amount of coin and bullion in the country, it would appear from the statement of assets and liabilities of the Treasury, and from the statement of the Comptroller of the Currency as to the condition of the National Banks, to have been held June 30, 1885, togetlier with the other circulating medium used as money, as follows:

| FORM AND LOCATION OF TOTAL OIRCULATION JULY 1, 1885. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ' | In Treasury. | In National Banks. | In other banks and general circulation. | Total. |
| Gold bullion | \$66, 847, 095 |  |  | \$66, 847, 095 |
| Silver bullion | * $4,654,586$ |  |  | .4, 654, 586 |
| Gold coin | 179, 952, 890 | 1\$90,758, 947 | \$271, 462, 799 | 542, 174, 636 |
| Silver dollars | 165, 413, 112 | $\dagger{ }^{+7}, 000,000$ | 31, 471, 269 | 203, 884, 381 |
| Fractional silver coin | 31, 236, 899 | +1,897, 554 | 41, 805, 367 | 74,939,820 |
| Gold certificates | 13, 593,410 | 74,816, 920 | $51,491,316$ | 139, 901, 646 |
| Silver certificates. | 38, 370, 700 | 3, 139, 070 | 98,813,370 | 140, 323, 140 |
| United States notes..................... | §45, 047, 378 | 79, 701, 852 | 221, 990, 236 | 346, 738, 966 |
| National Bank notes....-. . . . . . . . . . | 9, 945, 710 | 23, 465, 388 | $285,165,613$ | 318, 576, 711 |
| Fractional currencý. | 3,285 | 489, 927 | 6,470,963 | 6,964,175 |
| 1 | 555, 065, 065 | 281, 269, 158 | 1, 008, 670, 933 | 1,845, 005, 156 |

[^41]ORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE MINT.
The Bureau of the Mint of the Treasury Department of the United States is the general executive division of the mint establishment of the United States, including the several U. S. assay offices.

Of the fire mints now in existence four are eqnipped for coinage. At the beginning of the present fiscal year, as at present, three were in active operation. The business of the fourth, namely, the Mint at Carson, Nevada, has been practically reduced to that of an assay office.

The Mint at Denver has never been equipped for coinage, its business being that of an assay office.

Immediately after assuming the duties of Director of the Mint on Juiy 2 of the present year, I endeavored to inform myself of the statutory requirements of the Bureau with due regard to its method as exhibited by its system of records and of accounts; by the printed regulations then in force entitled "Instructions and Regulations in relation to the transaction of business at the Mints and Assay Offices of the United States," 1881; and by subsequent general circulars issued from time to time by my predecessor.

I found the clerical force of the Bureau to include several experienced and trained experts in mint practice and accounts. Some of these gentlemen, whow I shall presently honorably mention, have been faithful servitors of the Bureau for long periods, having entered it during the administration of the Bureau by its first Director, the late Dr. Henry R. Linderman, under the provisions of the Coinage Act of February 12,1873 , thus continuiug the benefit to its clerical system of a direct inheritance from this skilful and methodical chief. ,This system has
been extended, and in essential respects improved by my predecessor, aided by the able staff of the Burean, including the Examiner of Mints, Mr. R. E. Preston; the Computer of Bullion, Mr. E. O. Leech; the Adjuster of Accounts, Mr. F. P. Gross; the Assayer, Dr. W. P. Lawrer ; and Clerk of Class Three, Mr. H. E. Spackman.

Previous to the passage of the Coinage Act of 1873, the Mint at Philadelphia was styled the U.S. Mint, and was under the personal supervision of the Director of the Mint. The others were styled Branch Mints of the United States, including those at New Orleans, La.; Charlotte, N: O.; and Dahlonega, Ga.; all of which were established in 1835; together with the Mint at San Francisco, established in 1854, and that at Carson City, Nev., in 1870. The several assay offices were established as follows: at New York, 1854; at Denver, Colo., in 1864; and at Boisé City, Idaho, 1872.
The Assay Office at Helena, Mont., was established in 1874, and that at Saint Louis in 1881, subsequent to the organization of the Bureau of the Mint.

Coinage was done at the Branch Mint at Charlotte from 1836 until closed by the War of the Rebellion. Its work has since been limited to the business of an assay office, its equipment for coinage having been remored during the war.
The same is the case with the Branch Mint at Dahlonega, where coinage was done from 1838 to 1861 . In 1871 this property passed out of the possession of the Government.

By provisions of the same act the Burean of the Mint was established as a division of the Treasury Department, and the Mint at Philadelphia placed under the immediate Supervision of a superintendent, the same as in the case of the other mints, which by enactment were specifically styled the Mints at Pbiladelphia, New Orleans, San Francisco, Carson, and Denver, respectively.

The functions of the Bureau of the Mint are fully prescribed by the Revised Statutes and further indicated by special provisions of subsequent appropriation acts, such, for instance, as relate to the collection of statistics of the production of the precious metals of the United States.

The present is the thirteenth annual report under the provisious still in force.

I have the honor to invite attention to the expediency of composing and maintaining the official and clerical staff of the Bureau with special refereuce to its peculiar requirements. These requirements are far more exacting than in many other divisions of the Department. Not only is the labor exacted at the hanids of the officers and clerks of the Bureal, unremitting, but its proper execution demands the exercise of more than ordinary arithmetical and even mathematical attainments, together with more or less familiarity with matters connected with the techuical
operations of the mints and assay offices. Such requirements are orer and above those ordinarily imposed upon the keeping of extended and intricate records and book-accounts.

Among the more important trusts confided to the officers of the Bu reau should be considered the requirements of counts, or of examinations and settlements, at the several mints and assay offices, on behalf of this Bureau, at the close of each fiscal year and on occasions of change in their bonded fiduciary officers.

I am, therefore, led to recommend that assignments and appointments in the counting-rooms of this Bureau, under the provisions of Section 345 of the Revised Statutes, should be made with reference to the expediency of permanent employment on the part of all, and that promotions be available in the Bureau itself rather than sought outside of it. Such an understanding of the special requirements of this Bureau, within the Department, and also on the part of those who accept service in it, will go far to prevent the depletion of its roll of skilled officers and accountants by detail or transfer, as well as to insure a continued availability of a sufficient number of men properly qualified for its various kinds of service in the way both of inside and outside work.

STORAGE OF BULLION AND COIN IN MINTS AND ASSAY OFFIGES.
The mints of the United States were never designed to be repositories either of large stocks of bullion or of coin. This is indicated by. the small capacity and number of their original vaults. The best of these in the Mint at Philadelphia are very primitive iu design and in safety appliances. Indeed, all of the institutions, as far as I am informed, with the exception of the Mint at San Francisco, are sapplied with vaults the security of which mainly depends upon the integrity and efficiency of guards and patrols by night, and upon the presence of officers and employés by day.
But, as a matter of fact, still further dependence is placed on the legal preservation of public order and the efficiency of local police. Confidence in such personal, as distinguished from structural, means of security seems bappily to have suffered no relax from serious disturbances of public order. Yet it may well be asked should even this long immunity from popular violence be accepted as a guaranty against the possibility of any future occurrence of the kind in large cities like New York, Philadelphia, and New Orleans? Or should indeed such immunity in the past serve as a justification on the part of the Government for not exbansting all practicable structural means for the safe custody in the mints not only of their regular store, bnt also of coin, for which the Treasury and Sub-treasuries at present offer but a scant asylum?
The demand upon the mints for facilities for the storage and safe custody of bullion and coin becomes more and more urgent as their
available capacity becomes taxed through the accumulation, especially of coin, of which the Treasury and Sub-treasuries of the United States are unable to relieve these institutions, through similar exigencies on their own part, or through considerations of expense attending every movement of specie.

Regarding the mints and assay offices in their true character as manufacturing establishments, and, on the other haud, the Sub treasuries as the proper repositories of the tinished product of the mints, there seems to be no reason, except that of absolute necessity, for continuing to charge the several mints with the custody of specie over and above what is necessary for the prompt payment of depositors, as provided by Section 3545 of the Revised Statutes. Again, as a matter of fact the vault capacity of the several mints has been provided ouly within 'limits apportioned, first, to the storage of stocks of bullion, small in amount as compared with such stocks as are now carried under the special requirements for the coinage of the standard silver dollar; and, second, to relatively small stocks of coin. Especially is this the case since the action of the department in dividing the coinage of the standart silver dollars between the two eastern mints.

As the storage and safe custody of coin for obvious reasons call for the greatest possible degree of security, preference is given to the stock of coin, aud only secoudary consideration to that of silver bnllion. This is of so bulky a character as sometimes to be left unduly exposed. At the Mint at Philadelphia thefts of fine bars have occurred, as above reported, on two separate occasions during the last fiscal year, through want of sufficient protection.
The lack of ample security at the mints under the necessity of makeshifts to provide even a tolerably safe storage, becomes a source of great anxiety to the offcers in charge, the requirements of whose original trusts are seen to be greatly exceeded by the additional respousibility as custodians of vast sums of public moneys. When, too, it is remembered that the vaults provisionally arranged to meet the present emer. gency for the storage of coin are far from what they should be as such repositories, the accountability of the officers in the mints becomes one which in strict justice should not be imposed. Some of the provisional vanults, which I have persoually examined, in the most active mint in the country, are scarcely more than closets or ordinary cellars opening into workshops, thoroughfares, and dark recesses, and depending more on neighboring traffic for security than on any structural security of their 0 wn.*

[^42]The vaults of the Assay Office at New York, while not severely taxed for the storage of silver bullion, are also far from what they should be under the requirements of its business to keep on hand very large amounts of gold bullion, in the form of stamped ingots.

The following statement exhibits the stock of bullion and coin on hand at the several mints and assay offices of the United States at close of business, September 30, 1885, the coin being held subject to transfer on the order of the Secretary of the Treasury:

STATEMENT OF' BULLION aND COIN IN THE FAULTS OF THE COINAGE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NE F FORK SEPTE MBER 30, 1885.

| Institutions. | Gold Bullion. | Silyer Bullion. | Gold Coin. | Silver Coin. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia | \$26, 074,281 64 | \$1, 294, 07664 | \$2, 081, 57400 | \$15, 374, 61095 | \$44, 824, 54323 |
| San Francisco | 1,995, 15479 | 126,220 19 | 2,714, 70000 | $29,448,46023$ | 34, 284, 53521 |
| Carson | 936, 13361 | 647, 89392 | - 15,12000 | 25, 12776 | 1,624, 27529 |
| New Orleans | 389,939 28 | 1, 341, 17970 | 2L,990 00 | 4, \%42, 16562 | 5,795, 27460 |
| New York | 42, 075; 81.407 | 1, 158, 68679 | 3,43198 | 1,684 28 | 49,239, 61712 |
| Total | 71, 47I, 32339 | 4, 568, 05724 | 4,836,815 98 | 48, 892, 04884 | 129,768,245 45 |

## STATEMENT OF GENERAL EXPENSES.

I have already taken occasion incidentally to refer to what I uuderstand to be a laxity in the observance, at some of the mints and assay offices of the United States, of certain provisions of section 3504 of the Revised Statutes, so far at least as relate to some of the details of a monthly statement of the ordinary expenses of the mint or assay office on the part of the superintendent, by way of "regular and faithful accounts of his trausactions with the other officers of the mint and the depositors."

One notable exception has already been cited-namely, the Mint at San Francisco, the books of whose general department are kept upon a plan quite as thorough as the system of bullion and coin accounts prescribed by this Bureau, and common to all the institutions under its charge.

In order to meet what was considered to be an important requirement toward a business-like cond act of the institutions reporting to this Bureau, aud to promote uniformity of method in accounts rendered, the
the new United States (Post-office) building of that city. At the instance of the Department these vaults have been supplied with time-locks and metallic lattice work, and consigned to use by the Superintendent of the Mint at Philadelphia for the storage of silver coins, in excess of what can be kept at the mint, and the delivery of which to the Treasury or Sub-treasury has not yet been called for.
The anomaly is thus presented that, after passing out of its immediate custody, bejond the walls of the mint, the output of the mint must, for some time to come, remajn in the care of that institution. As no other appropriation is available, the expense of police and watch will have to lee defrayed ont of the regular appropriations of the Mint at Philadelphia, the cost of transportation only between the mint and the vaults referred to being payable out of the Silver Profit Fund.
following circular dated August 20, 1885, was addressed to the superintendents of the several mints and the Assay Office at New York, with such modifications as should applyo to the special business of each, mutatis mutandis:
"In case you have not a similar system of accounts, you are requested to open separate accounts with each of the departments of your Mint, beginning with the present fiscal year. This division of accounts is intended to show, in detail, the actual debits and credits in each department, and to be closed at the end of the year.
"Unless you wish to subdivide your accounts still further, the division will be as follows: General Department, Melter and Refiner's Department, Assayer's Departmeut, Coiner's Department, Eugraver's Department, and Mechauical Department.
"The work of the Mecbavical Department should be charged up to the several departments in which performed.
"Hereafter the cost of dies furnished by the Philadelphia Mint will be charged to the several Mints receiving then, and credited to the Philadelphia Mint, at actual cost, upon vonchers approved at this Burean."

## CONTRACTS FOR MACEINERY AND SUPPLIES.

My attention has also been called to a similar lack of uniform observance, on the part of at least one of the principal institutions under the charge of this Burean, of that requirement of the Revised Statutes (viz, Sections 3709-10) calling for advertisement for proposals for supplies of different kinds. (Instructions and Regulations in relation to the transaction of business at the Mints and Assay Offices of the United States, 1881, p. 19, sections 1, 2, 5.)

I have deemed it my duty to address to you a letter of even date reporting specific transactions of the nature above referred to with a single firm and its successors, together with other transactions involv. ing the employment of mechanics and workmen on the pay roll of the same firm, in place of regular workmen in the mechanical department of the mint, and to a considerable extent at higher rates of wages.

EXPENDITURES AT THE SEVERAL MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.
A reduction of force was made in the Mint at Philadelphia on the 30 th of April last, which resulted in a saving of about $\$ 23,000$ per annum. It has since become necessary to fill by appointment some of the vacancies created by this reduction. Especially was this the case in the Coiner's department, the w.orking force of which was found by the Superintendent to be inadequate to the work to be performed. This additional force was rendered necessary by the fact that it was deemed by the Department expedient to cause the monthly coinage of standard dollars, required by law, to be executed at this mint and that at New Orleans.

A considerable increase in the adjusting force was made by temporary appointments.

At New Orleans no reduction of force or expenditures has as yet been made. Nearly one-third of the eutire coinage of standard silver dol-
lars has been executed at this mint during the past three months. A few additional adjusters have been employed in consequence.

The result of the division of the coinage of standard dollars between the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans has been to largely reduce expenditures at the other coinage mints.

Coinage has been entirely suspended at the Mint at Carson and all clerks and operatives in the Assayer's, Melter and Refiner's and Coiner's departmeuts, have been discharged. In the General department only one deposit-melter, one messenger and seveu watchmeu are now borne upon the pay-roll of workmen.

Of the officers and salaried clerks the newly-appointed Coiner bas been suspended, (without prejudice.). The Assistant Coiner and Abstract Clerk have been removed, and the office of Register of Deposits is vacant owing to failure upon the part of the appointee to qualify. Since the suspension of coinage in February last, all the coin, except some $\$ 18,000$, iu standard dollars, has been transferred, and the removal of the bullion on haud is now in progress. But little business has been done at this mint during the past three months, the aggregate of the deposits amounting to only 500 ounces in gold and some 700 ounces in silver.

The saring effected at the Mint at San Francisco duriug the current fiscal year, amonnts to an annual decrease of $\$ 35,000$. This is the second considerable reduction of force made at this mint during the past six months. The first reduction, made on the 31st of May, chiefly on account of workmen, amounted to some $\$ 150$ per day, or an aggregate of about $\$ 47,000$ per annum. Other changes from deaths and resignations will probably swell the aggregate of reduction at this mint to over $\$ 85,000$. The coinage of the Mint at San Francisco is at present confined to gold alone. This accounts for the heavy reduction in its working force withont detriment to the service.

In the Assay Office at New York, the Mint at Denver and the other "smaller institntions, the rate of expenditures continues about the same as cluring the previous fiscal year.

The savings effected at the San Francisco and Carson mints will go far to offset the deficiences that are likely to occur at the Philadelphia and New Orleans mints by reason of the allotment of the entire coinage of standard silver dollars to these two institutions.
It is deemed proper in this connection to mention the fact that the current year's business of the mints and assay offices has been nearly equal to that of the last, during which it was found necessary to supplement the regular appropriations for the service by advances amounting to about $\$ 160,000$, made from the indefinite appropriation contained in the coinage act of February 28, 1878. Should it become necessary during the latter portion of this fiscal jear to draw upon the same appropriation to meet the unusual expenses incurred at Philadelphia and

New Orleans, it is to be expected that the amount so required will be less than the reductions above indicated.

## MONETARY STATISTIOS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Very full and valuable information has been received, through the Department of State, from the representatives of this government abroad, in relation to the monetary affairs of the countries to which they are accredited. This information, together with the interrogatories prepared by the Director of the Mint and forwarded through the Department of State, will be found in full in the Appendix.* A brief summary of the more important contents of these papers is herewith presented.

> GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Minister Lowell, under date of April $1,1.885$, transmits a communica: tion from Mr. Fremantle, the Deputy Master of the mint of Great Britain, containing replies to the inquiries contained in the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury.

| Description: | Value. | Value in U.S. money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coinage. | £2, 324, 015 | \$11, 309, 819 |
| Silver coinage | 658,548 | 3, 204, 824 |
| Imports, gold | 10,870, 000 | 52, 898, 855 |
| Exports, gold | 11, 725, 000 | 57, 059, 712 |
| Net loss, gold. | 855, 000 | 4, 160, 857 |
| Imports, silver | 9,535,000 | 46, 402, 077 |
| Exports, silver | 9, 730,000 | 47, 302,380 |
| Net loss, silver | 185,000 | 900,303 |

The amount of gold coin in circulation and in banks at the end of 1884 was estimated to have been $£ 123,309,000$ ( $\$ 600,083,248$ ), aud of silver $£ 19,877,000$ ( $\$ 96,731,420$ ). The amount of bank-notes outstanding at the same date was $£ 40,924,713$ ( $\$ 199,160,115$ ).

Mr. Fremantle states that throughout Great Britain gold and silver coin and bank-notes are taken in business trausactions at par.

## FRANCE.

Hon. Levi P. Morton, under date of March 9, 1885, furnishes a statement from the French minister of finance containing the information desired by this Government.

The only coinage execnted at the French mints during the year 1884 was 120,000 silver piasters for the colony of Cochin China.

[^43]The imports and exports were as follows:


The Minister states that the production of silver from argentiferous lead during the year 1883 was about 6.356 kilograms.

The cash in the Bank of France, which includes all funds belonging to the Treasury, was on Dec. 31, 1884, as follows:

| Description. | Francs. | U.S. money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | 1, 001, 418, 960 | 193, 273, 859 |
| Silver. | J, 028, 389, 477 | 198,479, 169 |
| Total. | 2, 029, 808, 437 | 391, 753, 028 |

The notes of the Bank of France outstanding for the same date were $2,977,591,695$ francs $(\$ 574,675,197)$. The Miuister states that gold and silver coins of five francs are taken at par by the government and in ordinary transactions, but that silver coins of smaller denominations are legal tender only to the extent of fifty francs. The paper issue of the Bank of France is legal tender and redeemable at sight.

## BELGIUM.

Hon. Nicholas Fish, Minister to Belgium, forwards under date of 23d March, 1885, a paper from Prince de Caraman, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, relative to the coinage and circulation of that Kingdom, and one under date of July 6,1885 , in relation to the imports and exports. No coinage was executed. The importation of gold coin was 1461 kilograms, $(\$ 970,980)$; exportation $733,(\$ 487,151)$. Importation of gold jewelry and plate, $1,393,814$ francs, ( $\$ 269,006$ ); exportation, 40,380 francs, $(\$ 7,793)$. Unmanufactured silver imported 167,499 kilograms, ( $\$ 6,961,258$ ); exported 5,845 kilograms, $(\$ 242,918)$. Silver coin imported 119 kilograms, $(\$ 4,945)$; exported 42,549 kilograms, ( $\$ 604,656$ ). Silver jewelry and plate imported $1,073,115$ francs, ( $\$ 207,111$ ); exported 69,422 francs, (\$13,398).

There are no gold or silver mines in Belgium. The gold coin in the National Bank at the close of the year 1884 was $57,823,630$ francs; ( $\$ 11,159,960$ ) ; silver coin $26,737,000$ francs, $(\$ 5,160,241)$.

These amounts include the amount in the Treasury, as the National Bank fulfils the functions of a national treasury. The paper circulation consists of notes of the National Bank, which amount to 464,360 francs, $(\$ 89,621)$. The Minister states that gold and silver coins and the notes of the National Bank are interchangeable at par.

## SWITZTRRLAND.

Hon. M. J. Cramer, Minister to Switzerland reports, under date of February 21, 1885, the iuformation called for by the Secretary of the Treasury. The import of gold bullion he states to have been for the year 1884, 3,800 pounds and the export 200 , a net gain of 3,600 pounds. The import of silver bullion he states to have been 69,800 pounds and the export 18,700, a net gain of 51,100 pounds.

The circulation and money in banks and iu the Treasury at the close of the year 1884 is stated to have been as follows: In the Treasury, gold, 854,685 fraucs ( $\$ 164,954$ ); silver, 626,005 fraucs ( $\$ 120,818$ ); in banks, gold, $46,883,120$ francs ( $\$ 9,048,442$ ) ; in silver, $25,846,110$ francs ( $\$ 4,988,299$ ). The bank notes in circulation amonnted to $129,328,000$ francs $(\$ 24,960,304)$. The Minister states that the gold and silver coin of the states in the Latin Union are received at par as well as the bank notes issued by the banks authorized by law to emit notes throughout Switzerland.

## gremer.

Mr. De Witt P. Reiley, Consul at Athens states under date of June 25,1885 , that no mint exists in Greece.

## ITALY.

The following replies have been received to the inquiries made by the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the monetary affairs of Italy.


## SPAIN.

Mr. Dwight T. Reed, Charge d'Affairs to Spain, forwards under date of April 13, 1885, the answers from the Minister of Finance of Spain to the interrogatories of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The coinage during the year 1884 was, gold $25,818,675$ pesetas ( $\$ 4,983,004$ ), and silver $34,916,949$ pesetas $(\$ 6,788,971)$.

The import of gold coin was $1,053,233$ pesetas ( $\$ 203,273$ ) ; gold bullion, $19,132,500 .(\$ 3,692,572):$ a total of $20,185,733$ pesetas $(\$ 3,895,846)$.

The export of gold coin was 243,109 pesetas $(\$ 46,920)$; gold bullion, $1,874,880,(\$ 361,851)$ : a total of $2,117,989,(\$ 408,771)$, and net gain in gold of $18,067,744$ pesetas $(\$ 3,487,074)$.

The imports of silver were, coin, $13,392,493$ ( $\$ 2,584,751$ ); bullion, $1,593,020(\$ 307,452)$ : a total of $14,985,513$ pesetas $(\$ 2,892,204)$.

The exports were, coin, 519,057 ( $\$ 100,178$ ) ; bullion, $1,755,722$ ( $\$ 338$,854): a total of $2,274,779$ pesetas ( $\$ 439,032$ ), being a net gain in silver of 12,710734 ( $\$ 2,453,171$ ).

The value of the silver, including silver-lead, produced by the mines during the rear was 767,594 pesetas $(\$ 148,145)$. In regard to the circulation, the Minister states that the gold in the Treasury was $1,302,663$ pesetas ( $\$ 251,413$ ), and in the Bank of Spain $40,497,900$ pesetas ( $\$ 7,814,16 t$ ). Silver in the Treasury $6,747,743$ pesetas $(\$ 1,302,314)$; in the Bank of Spain $24,546,832(\$ 4,737,538)$. The amount of gold and silver in active circulation is not known.

Gold and silver coin and notes of the Bank of Spain are taken at par.

## POR'IUGAL.

Hon. Lewis Richmond, Consul-Geueral at Lisbon, under date of April 10,1885 , forwards a report of the Director of the Mint relative to the coinage of Portugal. The amonnt of gold coined during the year 1884 by the Portugal Mint was 173,000 milreis ( $\$ 186,840$ ).

## GERMANY.

Minister Kasson forwards under date of April 27, 1885, a communication from the Minister of Foreigu Aftairs of the German Elripire, giving the information called for by the Circular of the Secretary of the Treasury, except in regard to the imports and exports, which statement is forwarded under date of May 11, 1885̃, by Mr. Cbapman Coleman, Secretary of Legation.

The coinage of the German Mints during the calendar year 1884 was, gold, $57,661,740$ marks ( $\$ 13,723,494$ ) ; silver, 483,336 marks ( $\$ 114,319$ ).

The import of gold coin was, $4,407^{\circ}$ kilograms ( $\$ 2,928,892$ ), and of gold bullion 2,649 kilograms ( $\$ 1,760,525$ ), makiag a total of 7,056 kilograins ( $\$ 4,689,417$ ).

The export of gold coin was, 8,340 kilograms ( $\$ 5,542,764$ ), and of gold bullion 3,434 kilograms ( $\$ 2,282,236$ ), making a total of 11,774 kilograms ( $\$ 7,825,000$ ), a net loss by export of 4,718 kilograms ( $\$ 3,135,582$ ).
The imports of silver coin were 5,648 kilograms ( $\$ 234,730$ ), and of
silver bullion 33,088 kilograms (\$1,375,137), making a total of 38,736 kilograms ( $\$ 1,609,868$ ).

The exports of silver coin were 3,673 kilograms ( $\$ 152,649$ ), and of silver bullion 104,491 kilograms ( $\$ 4,342,646$ ), making a total of 108,164 kilograms ( $\$ 4,495,295$ ) : a net loss by export of 69,428 kilograms (\$2,885,427).

The product of the mines was, gold, 555 kilogiams $(\$ 368,853)$; silver, 248,115 Eilograms, $(\$ 10,311,659)$. The Imperial gold coinage at the close of the calendar year, 1884, amounted to $1,992,016,605$ marks ( $\$ 474,099,951$ ) of which $120,000,000$ marks $(\$ 28,560,000)$ were held as a war fund, and $1,129,135$ marks $(\$ 268,734)$ had been withdrawn. Balance, supposed to be in active circulation. Imperial silver coinage to the same date amounted to $450,080,476$ marks $(\$ 107,119,153)$ of which $8,000,000$ marks $(\$ 1,904,000)$ had been withdrawn.- Balance, supposed to be in active circulation. The amount of gold and silver in the Imperial and German note-banks at the close of 1884 amounted to $602,069,000$ marks ( $\$ 143,292,422$ ). Government-notes in circulation $141,186,250$ marks ( $\$ 33,602,327$ ) ; bank notes $1,061,578,000$ marks ( $\$ 252,655,564$ ).

In business transactions paper and metallic money are received indiscriminately at par.

## AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Hon. John M. Francis, Minister to Austria transmits five papers relative to the monetary affairs of that Empire. Uuder date of March 16th he forwards the information called for by the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury, and under date of April 8th similar information in regard to Hungary.

The coinage at the Mint at Vienna during the calendar year 1884 was as follows:


The coinage of the Mint at Kremnitz for the same year was as follows:



The amount in the Treasury was:

| December 31, 1884. | Florins. | United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold | 2,443,755 | \$1, 177, 890 |
| Silver | 9, 997, 293 | 3, 928, 936 |

The amount in the Austro-Hungarian Bank was:

| December 31, 1884. | Flotins. | United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold | 78, 822, 133 | \$37, 992, 568 |
| Silver | 126, 568, 175 | 49, 741, 293 |

The active circulation of gold is not known; of silver, supposed to be between thirty and forty million florins.


These notes are at par with silver. Gold is used for trade purposes and only on special agreement. At the close of the year 1884 it was at a premium of 22 per cent. over paper and silver.

## DENMARK.

Hon. Wickham Hoffman forwards, under date of March 19, 1885, a communication from the Danish Minister of Foreign Affairs, giving the statistics requested by the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to the monetary affairs of the Danish Kingdom.
No coinage was executed in Denmark durigg the year 1884.
Digitized for Flaetimports of gold amounted to about $5,000,000$ crowns $(\$ 1,340,000)$,
and the exports to about $3,000,000(\$ 804,000)$ : a net gain of $2,000,000$ crowns $(\$ 536,000)$. The imports and exports of silver were insignificant.
The gold in bank amounted to about $26,000,000$ crowns ( $\$ 6,968,000$ ), and in active circulation to $3,000,000$ crowns ( $\$ 804,000$ ).

The silver in bank amounted to $4,000,000$ crowns ( $\$ 1,072,000$ ), and in circulation to about $14,000,000$ crowns $(\$ 3,752,000)$. The notes of the National Bank outstanding amounted to $73,000,000$ crowns ( $\$ 19,564,000$ ).

The minister states that gold and silver coin as well as the notes of the National Bank are taken at par.

## SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Information has been received from the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of the Swedish and Norwegian Government, in reply to the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury. No coinage of gold or silver was executed at the Norwegiau Mint during the zear. At the Swedish Mint gold was coined of the value of $3.815,000$ crowns ( $\$ 1,022,420$ ), and silver of the value of 537,767 crowns $(\$ 144,121)$.

The value of the imports of gold and silver into Norway during the year was 344,600 crowns ( $\$ 92,352$ ). The exports amounted to 803,000 crowns ( $\$ 215,204$ ). Into Sweden the imports were, gold coin, $2,463,105$ crowns ( $\$ 660,1.12$ ); gold bars, 1,051 kilograms ( $\$ 698,494$ ); silver coin, 446,157 crowns ( $\$ 119,570$ ), and silver bullion, 439 kilograms ( $\$ 291,759$ ). The exports were, of gold coin, 23,500 crowns ( $\$ 62,980$ ); of silver, none.

The production of the mines of Sweden was, gold, 19 kilograms; silver, 1,816 kilograms. The production of Norway was, 6,387 kilograns of silver. The amount of ballion and coin in the Bauk of Norway at the end of the year 1884 was, gold, $23,256,080$ crowns; silver, 147,000 crowns, and in the state treasury, silver 470,380 crowns. The amount of silver in active circulation in Norway was supposed to be 4,416,551 crowns; the amount of gold was less than the silver. The outstanding bank notes of the Bank of Norway amounted to $38,983,500$ crowns.

In Sweden at the close of 1884 the amount of gold in the bantss and the treasury was, $21,860,479$ crowns, and of silver, $3,298,277$ crowns. The amount of gold in active circulation outside of banks was supposed to be about $5,500,000$ crowns of gold and $13,000,000$ crowns of silver. The notes of the Bank of Sweden, outstanding at the end of 1884, amounted to $90,381,574$ crowns. In both of these countries silver is subsidiary and legal tender to the extent of 10 crowns.

## NETHERLANDS.

Hon. William L, Dayton, Minister Resident to The Hagne, reports under date of April 27, the response of the Minister of Foreign Affairs of that kingdom to the questious propounded by the Secretary of the Treasury.
The coinage during the year 1884 was 455,000 silver florins ( $\$ 182,910$ ). The import of gold coin was $3,210,664$ florins ( $\$ 1,290,686$ ), and the ex.
port 393,400 foorins ( $(158,146$ ): : a net gain' in gold coin of $2,817,264$ florins ( $\$ 1,132,540$ ). The import of gold bullion was $10,672,162$ florins ( $\$ 4,290,209$ ) and the export $1,648,500(\$ 662,697)$ : a net gain to the country of $9,023,662$ ( $\$ 3,627,512)$.

In silver, the imports of coin were $1,161,528$ florins ( $(\$ 466,934)$ and the exports $1,052,325$ forins ( $\$ 423,034$ ): a net gain of 109,203 florins ( $\$ 43,900$ ) and the ín ports of silver bullion 548,308 florins ( $\$ 220,419$ ); no exports: a gain of 548,308 florins $(\$ 220,419)$.

The gold coin in the Bank of Netherlands including the amount in the Treasury, was on the 27 th of December, 1884, 19,719,340 florins $(\$ 7,927,174)$. The amount in circulation was estimated to be very small. At the same date the silver coin in the Bank, including the Treasury, amounted to $93,656,763$ florins $(\$ 37,650,018)$. The Minister states that the amont of silver pieces in circulation cannot be readily estimated. At the close of the year 1884, the value of the paper money issued by the government, in circulation, was $9,666,320$ Horins $(\$ 3,885,860)$ and that issued by the banks $193,508,095$ florins ( $\$ 77,790,254$ ). Coin and paper tioney have the same value in circulation.
russia.
The gold coinage of Russia during the year was $24,119,038$ roubles and thè silvercoinage $1,605,009$ roubles, a large portion being fractional coin.


The prodnct of the mines of Russia in 1884 was gold, 2009 poods, silver 570 poods. About 1st January 1885, the gold in the Treasury was $7,408,842$ roubles. Silver in the treasuries amouuted to $8,076,601$ roubles, in the Bank belonging to the Government 2,914,733 ronbles. The amount of paper money outstanding was $1,073,710,258$ roubles.

EGYPT.
A very iuteresting paper has been forwarded from Cairo, Egypt, under date of May 19, 1885, by Mr. N. D. Comanos, Acting Consul General of this country, in relation to the public debts of Egypt, and to the appointment of representatives from Russia and Germany as Commissioners of the Pablic Debt in addition to those now occupying that position, rep-

Minister Bingham under date of June 19, 1885, forwards a paper from the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, containing information in reply to the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the coinage production and use of the precions metals in the Japanese Empire.

The gold coined during the year 1884 was 569,415 sens and silver $3,599,912$ yens.

The gold coin imported during the year was 1,156 yeus and exported $1,252,109$ yens, a net loss in gold coin of $1,250,953$ yens. The gold bullion imported was 19,322 ounces, exported 8,439 ounces. In silver coin the imports amounted to $2,166,494$ yens, and the exports to $2,925,721$ sens.

The imports of silver bullion were $2,860,188$ ounces, and the exports of the same 545,869 ounces.

The amount of gold produced from the government mines from the 1st of July, 1883, to the 30th of June, 1884, was gold, 4,703 ounces, silver 436,0 onl ounces ; and from private mines duriug the caleudar year 1883 , gold 4,824 ounces, silver 318,285 : a total of gold, 9,527 ounces, silver 754,336 ounces. The estimated amount of gold coin in circulation and in the Treasury and banks at the close of the year 1884 was-

|  | Yens. | United tates money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Gold coin in' Treasury | 9,668,405 |  |
| Gold coin in banks. | 650, 145 | .................. |
| Gold coin in circulation. | 81, 340, 419 |  |
| Total | 91, 658, 069 |  |
| Silver coin in Treasu | 21, 401,523 | \$18, 362, 506, 734 |
| Silver coin in banks | 7, 571,119 | 6, 496, 020, 102 |
| Silver coin in circulation | 23, 524, 426 | 20, 183, 957,508 |
| Total | 52, 497, 068 | 45, 042, 484, 344 |

The paper money outstanding at the close of the same year was goverminent notes $93,380,233$ yens, bank notes $30,914,148$ yens.
The Minister of Foreigu Affairs states that in ordinary bnsiness transactions government and bank-notes are taken at par with each other, but iu transactions requiring the relative valuation of paper and metallic money, the former is received at the market value. The relative value during the year 1884, of gold to paper was 1 yeu and 19 sen in paper to a yen of goll, and of silver 1 yen, 9 sen in paper to 1 yen in silver.

## SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Hon. R. M. Daggett, Minister to the Sandwich Islands, forwards five interesting papers relative to the monetary affairs of those Islands. Under date of Jannary 14th, 1885, he sends a communication in regard to
the decrease in the trade of the Islands and to the effect of the Hawaiian silver which was put into circulation in the busiuess and trade of that country. Under date of Febrnary 14th, he forwards two communications, one containing replies to the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury, as well as oue of the date of February 25th and one of Feb. ruary 28 th, in relation to the redemption of certificates by the government, and to the tromble which has arisen from the introduction of the silver coinage into that country.

The coinage for the year 1884 (executed at the United States Mint at San Francisco) amounted to $\$ 700,000$. The imports of gold amounted to $\$ 480,000$ and the exports to $\$ 91,000$, a gain of $\$ 389,000$. The imports of silver coin amonnted to $\$ 700,360$ including the coinage executed at the San Fraucisco Mint. The exports amounted to $\$ 580,687$.
There are no gold or silver mines in the Islands.
The estimated amount of gold in active circulation was $\$ 250,000$ : in the Treasury $\$ 325,000$, in the banks $\$ 175,000$. Silver in circulation $\$ 640,000$; in the Treasury $\$ 368,306$; in the banks $\$ 5,000$. The government paper money ontstanding at the close of the year was $\$ 706,500$.

United States gold coin is the standard of value. United States silver and Hawaiian silver coin are a legal tender to the extent of \$10. Hawaian silver is taken at par with gold in retail transactions, but at a discount of from 5 to 10 per cent. in foreign exchange.

Mr. Daggett also incloses a copy of a law passed by the Hawaiian goverument relative to gold and silver coin.

MEXICO.
Minister Morgan forwards uuder date of March 2 nd , 1885, a reply from Señor Mariscal, Miuister of Foreign Attairs of the Mexican Republic, relative to the monetary affairs of that country. The informa. tion furnished is for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1884. The coin. age of gold was $\$ 328,698$, and of silver $\$ 25,377,378$. The imports of gold and silver are practically nothing. The exports during the year amonnted to gold $\$ 919,516$, silver $\$ 31,333,233$, about $\$ 25,000,000$ of the latter being the Mexican coinage for the year.

The production of the mines is estimated to have been the amount exported and deposited for coiuage, which was of gold, $\$ 1,183,137$, and of silver $\$ 31,548,478$. It is probable that the production was somewhat larger than this amount, as no estimate is made of the amount used in the arts, or of bullion held by private individuals.

The coin' in bank' (including $\$ 47,141$ in the Treasury) at the close of December, 1884 , amonnted to $\$ 4,616,766$; and the paper money outstanding of the National Monte de Piedad and of the Mexican National Bank amounted to $\$ 5,432,069$.

The minister states that in ordinary business transactions gold is received at a preminm of from 12 to 15 per cent., and silver and bank notes payable at the Natioual Bank of Mexico are received at par.

Hon. Jehu Baker, Minister-resident and Consul General at Caracas, Venezuela forwards under date of 31st December, 1884, a statement in regard to the monetary matters of Venezuela.

Mr. Baker states the production of the mines during 1883 to have been, gold $16,216,914$ bolivars ( $\$ 3,129,864$ ), whica was exported. He states the paper currency of the "Banco-Commercial" of Caracas to have been $2,000,000$ bolivars ( $\$ 386,000$ ) -not a legal tender.

The eutire circulation of paper and metallic money is about $\$ 12,000$,000 or about $\$ 5.50$ per capita.

Brazil.
Minister Osborn forwards under date of May 25,1885 , an extract from the "Relataria da Fazenda" in relation to the Mint of Brazil, from which it appears that there was coined in 1881-'82, 46,719 milreis $(\$ 25,508)$ in gold, and 18,305 milreis $(\$ 9,994)$ in silver.

PERU.
Hon. Seth Ledyard Phelps, Minister to Peru, forwards under date of March 31, 1885, information obtained in regard to the finances of that Republic.

The coinage of silver during 1884 was $1,762,200$ sols ( $\$ 1,400,949$.) The production of the mines was gold, 150,000 sols $(\$ 119,250)$; silver, $2,400,000$ sols ( $\$ 1,908,000$.) The gold coin in the banks was 30,000 sols ( $\$ 23,850$ ) - none in circulation and none in the Treasury. The silver in circulation was $1,000,000$ sols $(\$ 795,000)$, in bauks 500,000 sols $(\$ 397,500)$ and in the Treasury 3,479 sols $(\$ 2,765)$. The amount of paper currency outstanding was $106,000,000$ sols ( $\$ 84,270,000$ ).

The silver sol, be states to be the unit of value interchangeable with paper at from 15 to 16 sols paper to one silver. He states that United States $\$ 20$-gold pieces are exchangeable for silver at the rate or 25 to 26.60 , and English sovereigus at from 6 to 6.60 .

## BOLIVIA.

Hon. Richard Gibbs, Minister Resident and Consul general at La Paz, Bolivia, forwards under date of February 19th, 1885, a commuuication as to the financial affairs of that Republic. Mr. Gibbs states that the obligations of the nation have increased while the income has decreased. The circulation of the banks has increased 784,000 bolivianos $(\$ 623,280)$ during the year, while the specie has fallen 376,000 bolivianos ( $\$ 298,920$ ), the amount of specie in bank at the close of December, 1884, being 402,219 bolivianos ( $\$ 319,764$.) The loans of the banks had increased $1,235,000$ bolivianos $(\$ 981,825)$ while the deposits had decreased about 40,000 bolivianos ( $\$ 31,800$.)

The Minister also states that the emission of nickel money by the goverument in five and ten cent pieces has been recalled, very much to the discomfort of the people.

A communication has been received from Mr. W. Williams, United States consul at Monterideo, in repiy to the inquiries propounded by the Secretary of the Treasury in his circular letter. Mr. Williams states the imports of gold coin into Uruguay during the calendar year 1884, to have been $\$ 7,003,198$, and the exports $\$ 8,139,378$ : a net loss to the country of $\$ 1,136,180$. He states the gold coin in the banks at the end of the year to have been $\$ 5,572,231$, and in circulation $\$ 6,000,000$ : a total in the country of $\$ 1,572,231$. The silver coin in circulation was $\$ 2,000,000$. No account was kept of the amount in bank or Treasury. The paper currency and coin of goverument issue outstanding was $\$ 1,505,960$, and the bank issue $\$ 4,089,450$.

Mr. Williams also states that gold and silver coin and bank-notes are received at par in business transactions; that government notes are not a legal tender; and that silver is a legal tender to the extent of ten dollars.

He also states that the discount on government notes is about fifty per cent.

KOREA.
Mr. George C. Foulk, ensign in the United States Navy and chargé d'affaires ad interim at the Kingdom of Korea, reports under date of April 30th, 1885, the information called for by the circular of the Secretary of the Treasur. He states that mining is carried on secretly by the Government and that the production is not ascertainable. The exports of gold ilust amounted to about $\$ 500,000$ daring the year. He states that gold and silver coin are not used by Koreans except in trade with foreiguers. Foreign expenditures are divided between gold dnst, nuggets, silver bars, and ox-hides. The principal money in domestic trade consists of copper pucs.

## WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.

From information contained in the comronnications received from the representatives of the United States in foreign countries and from other reliable sources, I have revised the estimate of the production of gold and silver in the various countries of the world for the calendar years 1882 and 1883 , published in the last annual report of the Director of the Mint. I have prepared also an estimate of the production for the calendar year 1884, which, together with the revised estimates mentioned, will be found in the Appendix.

The estimated production of gold in the world during the year 1884 was in round uumbers $\$ 95,000,000$; and in silver, calculated in most cases at its coining value, $\$ 115,000,000$. This is an increase of about $\$ 1,000,-$ 000 over the production of 1883 in gold, and a falling off of about the same amount in silver; but is a reduc:ion of $\$ 4,500,000$ in gold from the calendar year 1882, and an increase of abont an equal amount in silver. The estimates are official in all cases, except where otherwise stated. In such cases the foot-notes explain fully the basis of the estimate.

## GOINAGES OF TEE WORLD.

So far as advices have been received, coinages were executed during the calendar year 1884, in 18 countries of the world, amounting in round numbers to $\$ 99,500,000$ in gold and $\$ 90,000,000$ in silver. As heretofore the United States has been the largest coiner of both metals. The coinage of gold by Australia was only $\$ 1,800,000$ less than that of the United States. The gold coinage of Russia amounted to $\$ 19,840,540$ within $\$ 4,000,000$ of that of the United States. Germany coined nearly $\$ 14,000,000$, and Great Britain over $\$ 11,000,000$.

In the coinage of silver, Mexico is but little behind the United States, having coined $\$ 25,000,000$ as against $\$ 28,000,000$ by this Government. The silver coinage of India was $\$ 13,800,000$-a large decline from the coinages of recent years of that country-and of Spain nearly $\$ 7,000,000$. I am, very respectfully, yours,

## APPENDIX.

## ${ }^{\circ}$ OONTENTS.

I. Deposits and purchases of bullion, expressed in standard ounces, during fiscal year.
II. Deposits and purchases of bullion, expressed in coining value, during fiscal year.
III. Deposits and purchases of bullion, expressed in coining value, during caleudar year 1884.
IV. Deposits of gold of domestic production during fiscal year.
V. Deposits of silver of domestic production during fiscal year.
VI. Deposits of gold of dowestic production during calendar year 1884.
VII. Deposits of silver of domestic production during calendar year 1884.
VIII. Coinage during fiscal year.
IX. Coinage during calendar year 1884.
X. Bars manufactured, expressed in standard ounces, during fiscal year.
XI. Bars manufactured, expressed at coining value, during fiscal year.
XII. Bars manufactured, expressed in standard onnces, during calendar year 1884.
XIII. Bars manufactured, expressed at coining value, during calendar year 1884.
XIV. Earnings and expenditures during fiscal year.
XV. Medals manufactured during fiscal year.
XVI. Medals and proof sets sold during tiscal year.
XVII. Coinage and medal dies manufactured daring fiscal year.
XVIII. Expenditures for distribution of minor coin.
XIX. Comparison of business of mints and assay offices during fiscal years 1884 and 1885.
XX. Wastage aud loss on sale of sweeps during fiscal yeár.
XXI. Gold bars exchanged for gold coin during fiscal year.
XXII. Assets and liabilities of mints and assay offices June 30, 1885.
XXIII. Silver bullion ou hand at coinage mints and New York assay office at the commencement and close of caleudar year 1884.
XXIV. Standard ounces and cost of silver bullion purchased and silver dollars coined each month during fiscal year.
XXV. Statement of silver purchases by mints during fiscal year.
XXVI. Consumption of silver in coinage, \&c., during fiscal year.
XXVII. Consumption of silver in coinage and wastage, by mints, during fiscal year.
XXVIII. Monthly price of silver during fiscal year.
XXIX. Monthly price of silver during calendar year.
XXX. Seignorage on coinage of silver and disposition of same during fiscal year.
XXXI. Expenditures from silver profit fund for distribution of silver coins during fiscal year.
XXXII. Storage space required for gold and silver coin.
XXXIII. Cost of coinage during fiscal years 1884 and 1885.
XXXIV. Weight, fineness, diameter, and thickness of United States coins.
XXXV. Letter of assayer, Mint Burean, transmitting. tables of assays.
$a$ XXXV. Gold coins of several degrees of fineness and percentage of the whole number assayed.
$b$ XXXV. Silver coins of several degrees of fineness and percentage of the whole number assayed.
$c$ XXXV: Gold coins and fineness of each assayed at the annual assay, and monthly at the Mint Burean.
$d$ XXXV. Silver coins and fineness of each assayed at the annual assay, and monthly at the Mint Brrean.
XXXVF. Consumption of United States bars in the arts and mannfactures during fiscal year.
XXXVII. Value of foreign coins.
XXXVIII. Coinage from organization of mints to close of fiscal year.
XXXIX. Deposits of gold and silver of domestic production from organization of mints to close of fiscal year.
XL. Deposits of gold and silver of domestic production from organization of mints to December 31, 1884.
XI,I. Imports and exports of gold and silver during fiscal year.
XLII. Imports and exports of gold and silver during calendar year 1884.
XLIII. Imports of gold and silver at New Orleans during fiscal jear:
XLIV. Imports and exports of gold and silver at San Francisco during calendar year 3884.
XLV. World's production of gold and silver.
XLVI. Coinage of various conntries.
XLVII. Charges on deposits at the coinage mints and New York assay office.
XLVIII. Charges on deposits at assay offices other than New York.
XLIX. Act authorizing coinage of standard silver dollars.
L. Comparative table of coins.

## H.-DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF GOLD AND SILVER BULLION,



BY WEIGHT, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

| ASGAY OFFICES. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Xork. | Denver. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
| Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standardozs | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. |
| 413,735. 828 | 82, 168.033 | 10, 937. 273 | 55, 078.409 | 9, 966. 613 | 1,627.643 | 1.697, 663.470 |
| 10,402. 296 |  |  |  | 1.112 | 767.206 | 17,479. 091 |
| 582, 851. 195 |  |  |  | 6. 556 | 50.612 | 603, 174. 246 |
| $353,487.615$ |  |  |  |  | 69. 971 | 424, 200. 453 |
| 59,571. 358 | 217.781 |  |  | 37.508 | 2,519.808 | 100, 478.275 |
| 1, 420, 048. 292 | 82, 385.814 | 10, 917. 273 | 55, 078.409 | 10, 011. 789 | 5,035. 240 | 2, 843,055. 535 |
| 49, 451. 159 |  |  |  |  |  | 62, 235. 396 |
| 52,114.979 | 812.525 |  | 346. 483 | 6. 301 |  | 144, 953. 521 |
| 1,521, 644.430 | 83, 198. 339 | 10,917.273 | 55, 424.892 | 10, 018.090 | 5, 035.240 | 3, 050, 244. 452 |
| 4, 717, 985.87 | 19, 922.07 | 2, 372. 29 | 64, 854.68 | 882.85 | 310.52 | 27, 714, 882. 41 |
| 2, 917.43 |  |  | ............ | 24.09 | 71.07 | 754, 157. 06 |
| 819,480. 22 |  | .......... |  | . 84 | 821.68 | 1,808, 465.63 ${ }^{*}$ |
| J11, 488.02 |  |  |  | 8.75 |  | 964, 284. 82. |
| 218, 099.16 |  |  | 35. $43^{3}$ | 180.15 | 5, 422.81 | 374, 422.99 |
| 5, 869, 970.70 | 19,922.07 | 2, 372.29 | 64, 690.11 | 1,096. 68 | 6,626. 08 | 31, 616, 212.91 |
| 61,669. 23 |  |  |  |  |  | 972, 980, 92 |
| 31, 354: 83 |  |  | 476.08 | . 95 |  | 137, 716. 56 |
| 5,962, 994. 76 | 19,922.07 | 2, 372. 29 | 65, 366. 19 | 1, 097.63 | 6, 626. 08 | 32, 726, 910.39 |
| 7, 290, 018. 992 | 102, 307. 884 | 13, 289.563 | 119, 968.519 | 11, 108.469 | 11, 661. 320 | 34, 459, 268.445 |
| 101, 596. 138 | 812.525 | $\ldots . . .1{ }^{\text {a }}$. | 346.483 | 6. 301 |  | 207, 188.917 |
| 93,024.06 |  |  | 476. 08 | . 95 |  | 1,110,697. 48 |
| 7, 484, 639. 190 | 103, 120. 409 | 13, 289. 563 | 121, 701. 082 | 11, 115.719 | 11, 661. 320 | 35, 777, 154, 842 |

HI.-DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF GOLD AND SILVER BULLION,

| Descriptiou. | , connage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| GOLD. |  |  |  | 1 |
| Uuited States bullion (domestic production) | \$254, 19375 | \$19,154, 925 59 | \$1, 505, 66523 |  |
| United States coiv | 94, 56005 | ], 53914 |  | \$21, 26781 |
| Foreign hullion. | 57, 24827 | 309, 18585 | ................ | 10,605 57 |
| Foreigo coin | 4, 87630 | 1,286, 79820 |  | 23,727 70 |
| Jewelcrs' bars, old plate, \&c | 640,840 55 | - 21,804 08 |  | 46,784 56 |
| Total. | 1,051, 71892 | 20,774, 25286 | 1, 505,665 23 | 102,385 64 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars.... | 237, 84626 |  |  |  |
| ,Unparted bars | 1, 704, 78327 | 20711 |  |  |
| Total Gold received and operated upon | 2, 904, 34845 | 20, 774, 45997 | 1,505,665 23 | 102,385 64 |
| silver. |  |  |  |  |
| United States bullion (domestic production) | 12, 284, 39671 | 3,508,317 60 | 1, 159, 12231 | 9,705, 38998 |
| United States coin | 854, 468'86 | 14,344 54 | 1618 | - 5,229 42 |
| Foreign bullion | 38716 | 1, 035, 82309 |  | 113,652 00 |
| Foreign coin .. | 674, 86164 | 29,322 41 |  | 288,151 12 |
| Jowelers bars, old plate, \&c | 141,781 11 | 4, 87291 |  | 28,589 02 |
| Total.. | 13, 955, 89548 | 4, 592, 78055 | 1, 159, 13849. | 10, 141, 01154 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars. | 1, 028, 38280 | 32,052 62 |  |  |
| Unparted bars .................. | 122,797 31 | 41396 |  |  |
| Total Silver received and oper. ated upon $\qquad$ | 15, 107, 07559 | 4,625, 24713 | 1, 159, 13849 | 10, 141, 01154 |
| Gold and Silver deposits and purchasos: | 15, 007, 61440 | $25,367,03341$ | 2,664, 80372 | 10, 243,397 18 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Gold | 1,942,629 53 | 20711 |  |  |
| Silver. | 1, 151, 18011 | 32,466 58 |  |  |
| Total Gold and Silver received and operated upon .......... | 18, 101, 42404 | 25, 399, 70710 | 2, 664, 80372 | 10,243,397 18 |

by Value, During the fiscal year Ended June $30,1885$.

| ASSAY OFFICES. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
| \$7, 697, 41075 | \$1,528, 70759 | \$203, 11206 | \$1, 024, 71458 | \$185,425 36 | \$30, 28173 | \$31, 584,436 64 |
| 193, 5\%1109 |  |  |  | 20 ¢8 | 14,292 20 | 325, 21097 |
| 10,843, 74317 |  |  |  | 12197 | 941.62 | 11, 221, 84645 |
| 6, 576, 51378 |  |  |  |  | 1, 30179 | 7, 893, 21777 |
| 1,108,304 32 | 4, 05175 |  |  | 69782 | 46,880 1.8 | 1,869,363 26 |
| 26, 419, 50311 | 1,532, 75934 | 203, 11: 06 | 1, 024, 71458 | 186, 26583 | 93,697 52 | 52, 894, 07509 |
| 920, 02155 |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 157, 86781 |
| 970,139 14 | 15, 11675 |  | 6,446 20 | 11723 |  | 2, 696, 80970 |
| 28, 309, 66380 | 1, 547, 87609 | 203,112 06 | 1,031, 16078 | 186,383 06 | 93,697 52 | 56, 748, 75260 |
| 5, 490, 01992 | 23,182 04 | 2, 76048 | 75,467 26 | 1, 02731 | 36133 | $32,250,04494$ |
| 3,394 84 |  |  |  | 2803 | 8271 | 877,564 58 |
| 953, 57698 |  |  |  | 98 | 95614 | 2, 104, 39635 |
| 129, 73151 |  |  |  | 1018 |  | 1, 122, 076.86 |
| 253,788 12 |  |  | 4123 | 20963 | 6,310 17 | 435, 69219 |
| 6,830, 51137 | 23, 18204 | 2,760 48 | 75, 50849 | 1,276 13 | 7,710 35 | 36, 780, 77492 |
| 71,760 55 |  |  |  |  |  | 1; 132,19597 |
| 6, 938,757 54 | 23, 18204 | 2,760 48 | 76,062 48 | 1,277 23 | $\cdots 7,71035$ | 38, 082, 22287 |
| 33,250,014 48 | 1,555,941 38 | 205,872 54 | 1, 100, 22307 | 187,54196 | 101, 40787 | 89, 683, 85001 |
| 1,890,160 69 | 15, 11675 |  | 6,446 20 | 11723 | ............. | 3, 854, 67751 |
| 108, 24617 |  |  | 55399 | 110 |  | 1, 292,44795 |
| 35, 248, 42134 | 1, 571,05813 | 205, 87254 | 1, 107, 22326 | 187, 66029 | 101, 40787 | 94, 830, 97547 |

## HH.-DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF GOLD AND SILVER BULLION,

| Description. | coinage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| goLD. <br> Urited States bullion (domestic production) | \$222, 71149 | \$18, 746, 37855 | \$1, 598, 71638 | \$10,406 30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| United States coin | 76,419 57 | 4,232 06 |  |  |
| Foreign bullion . | 58, 02843 | 636, 27539 |  | 10,77781 |
| Foreign coin | $\begin{array}{r} 7,64671 \\ 653,28061 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,233,41162 \\ 20,84557 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11,85186 \\ & 45,37764 \end{aligned}$ |
| Juwelers' bars, old plate, \&c. |  |  |  |  |
| Total... | 1,018,08881' | 20,641, 14319 | 1, 598, 71638 | 84,413 61 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars.... |  |  |  |  |
| Unparted bars | 1,901,128 52 |  |  |  |
| Total Gold received and operated upon | 2, 919, 21733 | 20,641, 14319 | 1, 598, 71638 | 84,413 61 |
| silver. |  |  |  |  |
| United States bullion (domestic production) $\qquad$ | 11, 668, 97271 | 4, 964, 20774 | 1,151,506 26 | 8, 978, 74230 |
| United States coin | 399, 93308 | 8,490 08 | 1594 | 4,822 44 |
| Foreign bullion | 27994 | 1,568,864 91 |  | 49,555 24 |
| Foreign coin | 548,646 42 | 42, 37509 |  | 549,652 84 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, \&e. | 133,386 86 | 1,980 26 |  | 31,814 90 |
| Total. | 12, 751, 21901 | 6, 585, 91898 | 1, 151, 52220 | 9,614,587 72 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars. | 866, 66216 | 32,052 62 |  |  |
| Unparted bars | 26, 94782 | 61,214 65 |  |  |
| Total Silver received and operated upon ..................................... | 13, 644, 82899 | 6, 679, 18625 | 1, 151, 52220 | 9,614, 587, 72 |
| Gold and Silver deposits and purchases. | 13, 771, 37097 | 27, 227, 06217 | 2,750, 23858 | 9,699, 00133 |
| Re-deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Gold | $\begin{array}{r} 1,001,12852 \\ 893,60998 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Silver. |  | 98, 26727 |  |  |
| Total Gold and Silver received and operated upon. | 16, 564, 04632 | 27, 320, 32944 | 2,750, 23858 | 9, 699, 00133 |

by value, during the calendar year ended december 3t, 1884.


TV.-DEPOSITS OF UNREFINED GOLD OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTIUN, WITH DOMESTIC BULLION NO'T DISTRIBUTED, DUR-

| Locality. | COINAGE MINTS. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. |
| Alabama. | \$593 95 |  |  |
| A laskra. |  | \$22, 51237 |  |
| Arizona.. | 13, 54069 | 291, 88431 |  |
| California | 2,818 25 | 5, 571, 09632 | \$152, 661 |
| Colorado. | 12,528 65 | 27237 |  |
| Dakota | 34030 |  |  |
| Georgia . | 1,122 04 |  |  |
| Idaho. | 2, 27150 | 368, 70312 |  |
| Maryland . | 1, 06593 |  |  |
| Michigau . | 5,550 50 |  |  |
| Montana...- | 24673 | 91,784 38 |  |
| Nevada. |  | 819,695 36 | 1,353, 003 |
| New Mexico | 140,69490 | 27, 85278 |  |
| North Carolina. | 33,570 16 |  |  |
| Oregon | 1,594 94 | 415, 70388 |  |
| Peonsylvania. |  |  |  |
| South Carolina. | 2,737 41 |  |  |
| Tennessee.. | 12338 |  |  |
| Utalk | 12320 | 35, 74032 |  |
| Vermont... |  |  |  |
| Vinginia | 2,316 06 |  |  |
| Washington Territory... |  | 40,283 87 |  |
| Wyoming | 6,761 75 | 184.21 |  |
| Other sources, not reported | 10,662 05 | 171, 81807 |  |
| Total unrefined. | 23¢, 66239 | 7,857,531 36 | 1,505,665 |
| Refinerl bullion | 15,531 35 | 11, 297, 39425 |  |
| Grand total. | 254, 19374 | 19, 154, 92561 | 1, 505, 665 |

THE STATES AND TERRITORIES PRODUCING THE SAME, AND OF REFINED ING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.


## V.-DEPOSITS OF UNREFINED SILVER OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION, WITH DOMESTIC BULLION, NOT DISTRIBUTED, DUR

| Locality. | coinage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| Alabama ........... | \$6 42 | ................ |  |  |
| Alaska. |  | $\$ 21965$ |  |  |
| Arizona .. | 58141 | 102, 28059 |  |  |
| California | 2011 | 156, 920.23 | \$13, 09481 |  |
| Colorado . | 62519 | 343 |  |  |
| Dakota. | 176 |  |  |  |
| Georgia. | 816 |  |  |  |
| Idaho | 1, 75926 | 49,985 90 |  |  |
| Maryland. | 235 |  |  |  |
| Michigan. | 12,665 51 |  |  |  |
| Montana | 602 | 62045 |  |  |
| Nevada. |  | 1, 899, 49470 | 1, 146, 02750 |  |
| New Mexico | 6,978 78 | 67471 |  |  |
| North Carolina | 20556 |  |  |  |
| Oregon | 1208 | 3,994 28 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina . | 5605 |  |  |  |
| Tennessee.. | 77 |  |  |  |
| Texas... |  | 10234 |  |  |
| Utah ..... |  | 148, 73193 |  |  |
| Virginia.... | 667 |  |  |  |
| Washington Tertitory |  | 40837 |  |  |
| Wyoming . | 6299 | 56 |  |  |
| Other sources, or not reported. | 3,767 88 | 469, 95275 |  |  |
| Total unrefined | 26,766 97 | 2,833, 38989 | 1,150, 12231 |  |
| Refined bullion. | 12, 257, 62973 | 674, 92770 |  | \$9, 705, 38998 |
| Grand total. | 12, 284, 39670 | 3, 508, 31759 | 1,159,122 31 | 9, 705, 38998 |

THE STATES AND TERRITORIES PRODUCING THE SAME, AND OF REFINED ING THE FISCAL YEaR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

| Agsay offices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Helena. | Boise. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
| \$18. 31 |  |  |  | \$621 | \$5 63 | \$36 57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 21965 |
| 53,151 44 |  |  |  |  | 1370 | 156, 02714 |
| 3079 |  | ......... |  |  | 64 | 170, 07258 |
| 611, 39313 | \$23, 18203 |  |  |  | 19628 | 635, 40006 |
| 55,386 37 |  |  |  |  |  | 55,388 13 |
| 21535 |  |  |  | 50306 |  | 72057 |
| 54, 65226 |  | \$2, 27747. | \$2,070 40 |  | 162 | 110,74697 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 235 |
| - 24,219 43 |  |  |  |  |  | 36,884 94 |
| 1, 667, 77511 |  | 73, 18979 |  |  | 99 | 1,741, 59236 |
| 3850 |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 045,560 70 |
| 336,705 38 |  |  | 4542 |  | 13344 | 344,537 73 |
| 3173 | ............ |  | ........... | 31447 | .............. | 55176 |
|  |  |  | 64460 |  |  | 4,650 96 |
| 2,588 47 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,588 47 |
|  |  |  |  | 20357 |  | 25962 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 77 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10234 |
| 1,158, 43481 |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 307, 16674 |
| 215 |  |  |  |  |  | 882 |
| .......... |  |  |  |  |  | 40837 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 609 | 6964 |
| 97, 90065 |  |  |  |  | 30 | 571,621 58 |
| 4, 062,549 88 | 23,182 03 | 75,467 28 | 2,760 48 | 1,027 31 | 35869 | 8, 184,624 82 |
| 1,427,470 04 |  |  |  |  | 264 | 24, 065, 42009 |
| 5, 490, 01992 | 23,182 03 | 75,467 26 | 2,760 48 | 1, 02731 | 36133 | 32, 250, 04491 |

V1.--DEPOSITS OF UNREFINED GOLD OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION, WITH
DOMESTIC BULLION, NOT DISTRIBUTED, DURING


VHi.-DEPOSITS OF UNREFINED SILVER OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION, REFINED DOMESTIC BULLION, NOT DISTRIBUTED,

| Locality. | MINTS. |  |  |  | ASSAY OFFICE. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphit. | Sau Francisco. | Carson. | Now Orleans. | New York. |
| Alabama. |  |  |  |  | \$191 |
| Alaska. |  | \$331 97 |  |  |  |
| Arizona | \$167 70 | 485, 67736 |  |  | 80, 632 39 |
| California | 4027 74608 | 430, 48012 | \$17, 95091 |  | 539 73,045 05 05 |
| Dalcota. | 2196 |  |  |  | 73,045 <br> $38,341.91$ |
| Georgia | 1482 |  |  |  | 30351 |
| Idaho... | 571 | 54,39846 |  |  | 6, 11619 |
| Michigan | 15, 02871 |  |  |  | 23, 26031 |
| Montana. | 179 | - 56023 |  |  | 1, 202, 28943 |
| Nerada..... | 31,765 22 | $2,358,312$ 5,883 28 | 1, 133, 55536 |  | 1,24570 227,01178 |
| North Carolina | - 24261 |  |  |  | 227, 5150 |
| Oregon | 1925 | 3, 04596 |  |  |  |
| Sonth Carolina | 5979 |  |  |  |  |
| Utah |  | 286,570 44 |  |  | 2, 038, 73287 |
| Virginia .............. | 442 |  |  |  |  |
| Washington Territory W yoming |  | 35610 |  |  |  |
| Other sources, or not reported. | $\begin{array}{r} 2393 \\ 76447 \end{array}$ | 349, 54459 |  |  | 2,588 48 |
| Total unrefined Refined bullion. | $\begin{array}{r} 48,90673 \\ 11,620,05426 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,975,96300 \\ \mathbf{9 8 8}, 243006 \end{array}$ | 1, 151, 50627 | \$8, 978, 74229 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,694,10025 \\ & 1,799,58186 \end{aligned}$ |
| Grand total. | 11, 668, 96099 | 4, 964, 20606 | 1, 151,506 27 | 8, 978, 74229 | 5, 493, 74211 |

THE S'CATES AND TERRITORIES PRODUCING THE SAME, ANDD OF REFINED THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1884.


WITH THE STATES AND TERRITORIES PRODUCING THE SAME, AND OF DURING TFE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1884.

VIII.-COINAGE EXECUTED DURING THE

| Denomination. | Philadelphia. |  | gan francisco. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. |
| Donble eagles ........... | 807 | \$16, 14000 | 952,000 | \$19, 040, 00000 |
| Eagles | 142, 520 | 1, 425, 20000 | 79, 000 | 790, 00000 |
| Ratr eagles. | 298, 278 | 1, 491, 39000 | 205, 500 | 1, 027, 50000 |
| Three dollars. | 1, 890 | 5, 67000 |  |  |
| Quarter eagles | 2,793 | 6,982 50 |  |  |
| Dollars........ | 7,181 | 7,181 00 |  |  |
| Total gold. | 453,469 | 2, 952, 56350 | 1, 236,500 | 20,857, 50000 |
| Dollars ................... | 14, 717, 552 | 14, 717, 55200 | 2, 900,000 | 2,900,000 00 |
| Half dollars | 5, 115 | 2,557 50 |  |  |
| Quarter dollars | 8,715 | 2,178 75 |  |  |
| Inimes......... | 3, 068,717 | 306, 87170 | 87, 997 | 8,799 70 |
| Total silver | 17, 800, 099 | 15, 029, 15995 | 2, 987, 997 | 2, 908, 79970 |
| Five cents ............... | 7, 033, 820 | 351,69100 |  |  |
| Three cents | 4.820 | 14460 |  |  |
| One cent. | 17, 572, 120 | 175, 721.20 |  |  |
| Total minor | 24, 610, 760 | 527, 55680 |  |  |
| Total coinage | 42, 864, 328 | 18,509, 28025 | 4, 224, 497 | 23, 766, 29970 |

## IX.-COINAGE EXECUTED DURING THE

| Denomination. | PHILADELPHIA. |  | gan francibco. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pieees. | Velue. | Pieces. | Value. |
| GOLD. |  | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |
| Double eagles | 71 | \$1,420 00 | 916,000 | \$18, 320, 00000 |
| Eagles | 76, 905 | 769,050 00 | 124, 250 | 1,242,500 00 |
| Half eagles | 191, 048 | 955, 24000 | 177, 000 | ${ }^{\prime} 885,00000$ |
| Three dollars. | 1,106 | 3,31800 |  |  |
| Quarter eagles | 1,993 | 4,982 50 |  |  |
| Dollars....... | 6,206 | 6,206 00 |  |  |
| Total gold | 277, 329 | 1,740,216 50 | 1, 217, 250 | 20,447, 50000 |
| Dollars ...................... | 14, 070,875 | 14, $-070,87500$ | 3, 200, 000 | 3,200,000 00 |
| Half dollavs | 5,275 | 2,637 50 |  |  |
| Quarter dollars | -8,875 | 2,21875 |  |  |
| Dimes......... | 3, 366, 380 | 336,638 00 | 564, 969 | 56,49690 |
| Total silver | 17, 451,405 | 14, 412, 36925 | 3, 764, 969 | 3,256,496 90 |
| Five cents................. | 11, 273, 942 | 563,697 10 |  |  |
| Three cents | 5,642 | 5 16926 |  |  |
| One cent | 23, 261, 742 | 232, 61742 |  |  |
| Total minor | 34, 541,326 | 796,483 78 |  |  |
| Total coinage | 52, 270, 060 | 16, 949, 06953 | 4, 982, 219 | 23,703,996 90 |

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.


CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1884.

| cargon. |  | new orleans. |  | total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pioces. | Value. . |
| 81, 139 | \$1, 622, 78000 |  |  | 997, 210 | \$19, 944, 20000 |
| 9,925 | 99, 25000 |  |  | 211, 080 | 2,110, 80000 |
| 16,402 | 82,010 00 |  |  | 384, 450 | 1, 922, 25000 |
|  |  |  |  | 1,106 | 3,31800 |
|  |  |  |  | 1, 993 | 4.98250 |
|  |  |  |  | 6, 206 | 6, 20600 |
| 107, 466 | 1,804, 04000 |  | 9 | 1,602, 045 | 23, 991, 75650 |
| 1, 136, 000 | 1,136,000 00 | 0,730,000 | \$9, 730, 00000 | 28; 136, 875 | 28, 136, 87500 |
|  |  |  |  | 8,875 | 2,637 218 |
|  |  |  |  | 3, 981, 349 | 393, 13490 |
| 1,136,000 | 1,136,000 00 | 9, 730, 000 | 9, 730,000 00 | 32, 082, 374 | 28,534 86615 |
|  |  |  |  | 11, 273, 942 | 563, 69710 |
|  |  |  |  | 5,642 | ¢ 16926 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 34, 541, 326 | 796,483 78 |
| 1, 243,466 | 2,940, 04000 | 9, 730, 000 | 9, 730, 00000 | 68, 225, 745 | 53, 323, 10643 |

## X.-STANDARD OUNCES IN BARS MANUFACTURED

| Description. | mints. |  |  | asgay offices. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New York. |
| Fine bars ............ | Standard ozs. 21, 603. 510 | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. 783, 526. 685 |
| Standard bars |  |  |  | 91, 028.881 |
| Uuparted bars |  |  | 17, 530. 830 | 392.494 |
| Sterling bars. |  |  |  | 261, 634. 944 |
| Mint bars... |  |  |  | 381, 152.322 |
| Total gold. | 21, 603. 510 |  | 17.530.830 | 1,517, 735. 326 |
| Fine bars ...... SILVE. | 18,436. 37 | 2, 093, 779.00 | 70, 275.02 | 5, 713, 407. 37 |
| Staudard bars |  |  |  | 35, 557.49 |
| Unparted bars |  |  | 16, 356. 85 | 111, 064.92 |
| Sterling bars. | 18, 309. 37 |  |  |  |
| Mint bars... |  |  |  | 33, 870. 54 |
| Total silver | 36, 745.74 | 2, 093, 779.00 | 86,631. 87 | 5,893, 900.32 |
| Total gold and silver | 58, 349. 250 | 2, 093, 779.00 | 104, 162. 700 | 7,411,635. 646 |

## XH.-ValUE OF BaRS MANUFACTURED DURING

| Description. | mints. |  |  | ASSAY OFFICES. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New York. |
| Fine bars ............ | \$401, 92576 |  |  | \$14, 577, 24066 |
| Standard bars |  |  |  | 1,693, 56058 |
| Uuparted bars |  |  | \$326, 15498 | 7,302 21 |
| Sterling bars |  |  |  | 4, 867, 62686 |
| Mint bars |  |  |  | 7, 091, 20598 |
| Total gold | 801,925 76 |  | 326, 154.98 | 28,236,936 29 |
|  | 21,453 23 | \$2, 436, 39738 | 81,774 56 | 6,648,328 57 |
| Standard bars |  |  |  | 41,376 00 |
| Unparted bars |  |  | 19,033 42 | 129, 23917 |
| Sterling bars | 21, 30544 |  |  |  |
| Mint bars. |  |  |  | 39,41299 |
| Total silver | 42,758 67 | 2, 436, 39738 | 100,807 98 | 6, 858,350 73 |
| Total gold and silver . | 444,684 43 | 2, 436,397 38 | 426,962 96 | 35, 095, 29302 |

DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.


THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.


XH.-STANDARD OUNCES IN BARS MANUFACTURED


XIII-VALUE OF BARS MANUFACTURED DURING

| 。. |  | nts. | ASEAY Offices. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | New York. |
| GOLD. |  |  |  |
| Fine bars | \$401, 78324 |  | \$14, 199, 03268 |
| Standard bars. |  |  | 1,693,500 58 |
| Unparted bars |  | \$5,450 64 | 7,302 21 |
| Mint bars. |  |  | 7, 344, 63574 |
| Sterling bars. |  |  | 3, 655, 74744 |
| Total gold | 401;783 24 | 5,450. 64 | 26,900, 27860 |
| SILVER. |  |  |  |
| Fine bars | 21,716 71 | 1,958,886 13 | 6, 199, 43450 |
| Sterling bars. | 6,884 64 |  |  |
| Standard bars. |  |  | 32, 92578 |
| Unparted bars |  | 6137 | 120, 81427 |
| Mint bars. |  |  | 181, 71913 |
| Total silver | 28, 60135 | 1,958, 94750 | 6, 534, 89368 |
| Total gold and silver | 430,384 59 | 1,964, 39814 | 33, 435, 172 28 |

DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1884.

| assay offices. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Denver. | Boise. | Helena. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 785, 086. 824 |
|  |  |  |  | .......... | 91, 028.88. |
| 79, 905. 829 | 9, 933.042 | 46, 502.757 | 8,737.353 | 3,954.535 | 149, 426.010 |
| ................. | .......... |  |  |  | 190, 496.425 |
| ................. |  |  |  |  | 394, 774.171 |
| 79, 905.829 | 9, 933.042 | 46, 502.757 | 8, 737.353 | 3, 954. 535 | 1, 616, 812.311 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 7, 026, 792.05 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8,844. 03 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 28, 295. 59 |
| 18, 500. 13 | 1,995. 46 | 19, 747.62 | 1, 014.49 | 7,233.09 | 152, 368.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 156, 164.88 |
| 18.500.13 | 1, 995.46 | 19, 747.62 | 1; 014.49 | 7, 233. 09 | 7,372,464. 84 |
| 98, 405. 959 | 11,928. 502 | 66, 250. 377 | 9, 751.843 | 11, 187, 625 | 8, 589, 277.151 |

THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBEK 31, 1884.

| ASSAY OFFICES. |  |  |  |  | Tetal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Denver. | Boise. | Helewa. | Charlotte. | .Saint Louis. |  |
|  |  |  |  | ............... | \$14, 600, 81587 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,693,560 58 |
| \$1, 486, 62007 | \$184, 80078 | \$865, 16757 | \$162, 55541 | \$73, 57273 | 2, 785, 46941 |
|  |  |  | ......... |  | 7, 344,635 74 |
| .................. | ............ |  |  |  | 3,655,74744 |
| 1,486, 62007 | 184,800 78 | 865, 16757 | 162, 55541. | 73, 57273 | 30, 080, 22904 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8, 180,037 34 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6,884 64 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 22,925 78 |
| 21, 52742 | 2,321 99 | 22,979 05 | 1,180 50 | 8,416 69 | 177,301 29 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 181,719 13 |
| 21, 52742 | 2,321 99 | 22,979 05 | 1,180 50 | 8,416 60 | 8, 578,56818 |
| 1,508,147 49 | 187, 12277 | 888, 14662 | 163,735 91 | 81, 98942 | 38, 659, 09722 |

## XIV.-STATEMEN'T OF EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE ENDED <br> EARNINGS

| Sources. | mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | New Orleans. | Carson. |
| Parting and refining charges | \$12, 18802 | \$94, 90923 | \$694 89 | \$19, 04775 |
| Melting, alloy, and bar charges | 63336 | 2,368 88 | 65214 | 54831 |
| Charge for assaying, melting, and stamping..... |  |  |  |  |
| Seignorage on standard silver dollars coined. | 2, 250, 87335 | 440,436 29 | 1, 547, 92330 | 116, 04590 |
| Seignorage on subsidiary silver coined | 10, 19761 |  |  |  |
| Seignorage on minor coins manufactured. | 452,351 40 |  |  |  |
| Profits on sale of medals and proof eoins | 2,566 59 |  |  |  |
| Receipts from assays of ores and bullion | 39200 | 23400 | 8800 | 11400 |
| Deposit Melting-room fluxes and sweeps | 1, 25773 | 90436 | 191. 73 | 13986 |
| Surplus bulliou retarned bs Melter and Refiners. |  | 32, 99056 |  | 68833 |
| Gain on bulliou shipped the mint for coinage.... <br> Proceeris of sale of old material $\qquad$ <br> Profits from redemption fund $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 71231 | 2, 05004 | 40000 | 2552 |
|  | 1299 |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 731, 1.8536 | 573, 89336 | 1,549,950 06 | 136,609 67 |
| EXPENDIJURES |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of officers and clerks | 40,673 91 | 41,900 00 | 31, 94657 | 29, 26849 |
| Wages of workmen and adjusters | 367,854 51 | 217,723 75 | 100,606 86 | 54, 55200 |
| Contingent expenses, less amount paid for wastage ind loss on sweeps sold*..................... | 127, 25982 | 27, 50005 | 51, 01507 | 21,677 13 |
| Parting aud refining expenses, lees amount paid for: wastage and loss on sweeps sold............ | 7,793 73 | 100, 10448 |  | 18,732 95 |
| Wastages of the operative departments. | 4,848 58 | 1, 49540 | 8,74886 | 53173 |
| Loss on sweeps of the year. | 4,593 04 | 3,442 24 | 1,810 13 | 2,435 04 |
| Expenses of distributing silver coins | 28, 92234 | 25,733 42 | 10,634 25 | 2, 26470 |
| Expenses of distributing minor coins. | 12, 25198 |  |  |  |
| Minor coinage metal wasted..................... | 40529 |  |  |  |
| Loss on sale of plumbic melts |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 594,603 20 | 417, 89934 | 204,761 74 | 129, 46204 |

[^44]UNITED STATES MINTS,AND ASSAY OFFICES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE $30,1885$.
and gains.

| absay officrb. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boise. | Charlotte. | Helena. | Saist Louis. |  |
| \$109,665 70 |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 236,50559$ |
| 4,331 79 |  |  |  |  |  | 8,534 48 |
|  | \$1,971 37 | \$257 53 | \$262 34 | \$1, 366 | \$133 91 | 3, 99203 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,355, 27884 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 19761 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 452,351 40 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,566 59 |
| 63304 | 14100 | 14000 | 18714 | 1, 413 | 28100 | 3,623 68 |
| 3, 60984 | 89045 | 12368 | 3854 | 336 | 4073 | 7,533 02 |
| 25, 14354 |  |  |  |  |  | 58,822 43 |
|  | 1, 96626 | 1084 | 69870 | 1,372 | 32801 | 4,376 42 |
| 1500 |  |  | 500 | 215 |  | 3,423 08 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1299 |
| 143,39891 | 4,969 08 | 53205 | 1, 19172 | 4,701 | 78365 | 5, 147, 21816 |

AND LOSSES.

| 39,250 00 | 10,715 02 | 2.75828 | 2,750 00 | 7,950 | 00 | 3,500 00 | 210,712 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23,365 00 | 12,438 75 | 3,685 00 | 34594 | 12,413 | 75 | 1,382 50 | 794, 36806 |
| 9,074 26 | 5,091 58 | 1,775.00 | 94251 | 9,276 | 06 | 1,617 59 | 255, 22907 |
| 84,023 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 210,654 44 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,624 67 |
| 8,14323 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,423 68 |
| .....6...... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 167, 55471 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,25198 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40529 |
| 3270 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3270 |
| 161, 88847 | 28,245 35 | 8,218 28 | 4,038 45 | 29,630 | 81 | 6,500 09 | 1, 585, 25677 |

$\dagger$ The expenses of the year were $\$ 2.70$ more, but this amount was overpaid and disallowed in bills of the previous year.

## XW.-MEDALS MANUFACTURED AT THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

| Names. | Gold. | Silver. | Bronze. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams A cademy | 1 |  |  |
| Adams, John, Presideut |  |  | 2 |
| Adams, J. Q., President |  |  | 2 |
| Agassiz, Professor |  |  | 2 |
| Allegiance . |  |  | 2 |
| Alumni Association, Pliladelphia College | 1 |  |  |
| Almstrong, Colonel (for Kittaning) |  |  | 2 |
| Army Marksmanship, First Prize. |  |  | 1 |
| Atmy Marksmanship, Second Prize. |  |  | 1 |
| Arny Marksmansbip, Third Prize. |  |  | 1 |
| Army Marksmanship, Skirwish |  |  | 1 |
| Arthur, C. A. President |  |  | 2 |
| Arthur Indian Peaco. |  | 6 | 5 |
| Arthur, President |  |  | 5 |
| Bainbridge, Captain (Capture of Java) |  |  | 2 |
| Baltimore Female College. |  | 12 |  |
| Biddle, Captain (Capture of Pengain). |  |  | 2 |
| Blakely, Captain (Capture of Reindeer) |  |  | 2 |
| Bridge, San Francisco School |  | 65 |  |
| Brown, Major-General (for Chippewa, \&c.) |  |  | 2 |
| Buchanan, Jamor, President. |  |  | 2 |
| Burchard, H. C., Dirgetor of Mint. |  |  | 30 |
| Burrows, Captain (Capture of Boxer) |  |  | 2 |
| Captains Creighton, Low, and Stouffer |  |  | 2 |
| Captains Crbighton, Low, and Stouffer (Cong |  |  | 2 |
| Carney. |  | 12 |  |
| Cassin, Lientenant (for Lake Champlain) |  |  | $\varepsilon$ |
| Commencement of Cabinet |  |  | 2 |
| Corcoran Gallery of Art | 1 |  | 28 |
| Croghan, Colonel (for Sandusky) |  |  | 2 |
| Decatur, Captain (Capture of Macedonian) |  |  | 2 |
| DeFleury, Count (for Stony Point) |  |  | 2 |
| Denman School |  | 28 |  |
| Department of State. | 50 | 50 |  |
| Department Marksmanship Prize. | 8 |  | 1 |
| Department Marksmanship Skirmish Prize |  | 8 | 1 |
| Director Linderman. |  |  | 1 |
| Division Marksmanship First Prize | 4 |  | 1 |
| Divieion Marksmanship Second Prize | 9 |  | 1 |
| Division Marksmanship Third Prize |  | 24 | 1 |
| Divisien Marksmanship Skirmish Prize. |  | 3 | 1 |
| Dodd, H. M. | 1 | 1 |  |
| Elliott, Captain (for Lake Erie) |  |  | 2 |
| Emancipation Proclamation. |  |  | 2 |
| Field, C. W. (Atlantic Cable) |  |  | 2 |
| Fillmore, Millard, President |  |  | 2 |
| First Steam Coinage |  |  | 2 |
| Franklin School, Boston |  | 25 |  |
| Garfleld, J. A., President. |  |  | 2 |

W.-MEDALS MANUFACTURED AT THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA, \&C.-Continued.


XV.-MEDALS MANUFACTURED AT THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA, \&C.-Continued.

XVI.-MEDALS AND PROOF SETS SOLD DURING THE FISCAJ YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

|  | Numbersold. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medals: |  |  |
| Gold. | 158 | \$4,744 65 |
| Silver. | 904 | 2,584 25 |
| Bronze | 1,715 | 73668 |
| Total | 2, 777 | 8,085 56 |
| Proof bets: |  |  |
| Gold. | 30 | \$1,290 00 |
| Silver | 746 | 2,238 00 |
| Minor | 2,281 | 273 72 |
| Total | 3, 057 | 3,80172 |

No pattern pieces were sirack for sale during the year.

XVIT. - COINAGE AND MEDAL DIES MANUFACTURED AT THE MINT AT PHIIADELPHIA DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.


## TOTAL NUMBER OF DIES.

$\qquad$
Gold coinage133
Silver coinage ..... 377
Minor coinage ..... 384
Proof coinage ..... 26
Reproductions:
Charles Stewart, obverse and reverse ..... 2
Bainbridge, obverse ..... 1
Indian Peace, obverse and reverse ..... 2
New Orleans Souvenir Medals:
Hubs for large size ..... 2
Hubs for small size ..... 2
Working dies, large size ..... 4
Working dies, small size ..... 4
Cleveland Presidential Medal ..... 2
Annual assay ..... 1
Total ..... 940

X $\quad$ Hilli-AMOUNT EXPENDED FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF MINOR COINS FROM JULY 1, 1878, TO JUNE $30,{ }^{\circ} 1885$.

|  | Fiscal years. | Amount ex. pended. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 |  | \$1,299 97 |
| 1880 |  | 12,592 83 |
| 1881 |  | 23,763 46 |
| 1882 |  | 24,565 |
| 1883 |  | 28,512 54 |
| 1884 |  | 29, 15232 |
| 1885 |  | 12, 25198 |
| Total. |  | 132,138 94 |

## XEX.-COMPARISON OF THE BUSINESS OF THE MINTS AND



ASSAY OFFICES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1884 AND 1885.

| Coiname-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold-Continued. |  | Silver. |  |  |  |
| 1885. |  | 1884. |  | 1885. |  |
| Pieces. $453,469$ | Value. $\$ 2,952,56350$ | Pieces. $19,406,793$ | Falue. \$13, 854, 38730 | Pieces. $17,800,099$ | Value. \$15, 029, 15995 |
| 1,236,500 | 20, 857,500 00 | 5,300,000 | 4,850,000 00 | 2, 987,997 | 2, 908, 79970 |
| 58,189 | 1,051,060 00 | 1,164,000 | 1, 164, 00000 | 776,000 | 776,000 00 |
| ........ |  | 8,005,000 | 8,905,000 00 | 10, 135,000 | 10, 135,000 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Coinage-Continued.

| Total. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1884. |  | 1885. |  |
| Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Falue. |
| 75,787, 156 | \$17, 808, 25153 | 42, 864, 328 | \$18,509, 28025 |
| 6,594, 450 | 28, 393, 50000 | 4, 224, 497 | 23, 766, 29970 |
| 1,271, 955 | 2, 776, 17000 | 834, 189 | 1,827, 06000 |
| 8,905, 000 | 8, 905,000 00 | 10,135,000 | 10, 135,000 00 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

XIX.-COMPARISON OF THE BUSINESS OF

BARS MANOFACTURED.

|  |
| :--- |

## THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES-Continued.

BARS MANUFACTURED.


Sllver-Continned.


XHX.-COMPARISON OF THE BUSINESS OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, \&C.-Continued. bullion operations and wastages.


## XX.—WASTAGE AND ${ }^{*}$ LOSS ON SALE OF SWEEPS, 1885.

| Losses. | Philadelphia mint. | San Francisco mint. | Carson mint. | New Orleans mint. | New York assay office. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Melter and refiner's gold wastage $\qquad$ | \$146 70 |  |  | \$177 04 |  | \$323 74 |
| Coiner's gold wastage. . | 5081 | \$1,308 59 | \$17879 |  |  | 1, 53819 |
| Melter and refiner's sil- <br> ver wastage | 1,56181 |  | 6253 | 5,881 84 |  | 7,506 18 |
| Coiner's silver wastage. | 3, 08926 | 18681 | 29041 | 2,689 98 |  | 6; 25646 |
| Loss on sale of sweeps.. | 4,59304 | 3,442 24 | 2,435 04 | 1,810 13 | \$6, 14323 | 18,423 68 |
| Total | 9,441 62 | 4,93764 | 2,966 77 | 10,558 99 | 6,143 23 | 34, 04825 |
| PAID AS FOLLOWS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From contingent appropriation. | 48369 |  | 80828 |  |  | 1,291 97 |
| From parting and refining appropriation..... | 45724 |  | 80414 | 183 |  | 1,263 21 |
| From snrplus ballion... | 1,49124 | 4,93764 | 53173 | 191.73 | 6,143 23 | 13, 29557 |
| From silver profit fund . | 7,009 45 |  | 82262 | 10,365 43 |  | 18, 19750 |
| Total | 9,441, 62 | 4,937 64 | 2,966 77 | 10,558 99 | 6, 14323 | '34, 04825 |

*These losses are now paid from surplus bullion, as far as practicable, and the balance re imbursed from the appropriations and silver profit fund.

## XXH.-STATEMENT BY MONTHS OF FINE GOLD BARS EXCHANGED FOR GOLD COIN AT THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA, AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK, FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JUNE 30, 1885.

|  | Month. | Philadelphia. | New York, | Total, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. |  |  |  |
| Jaly |  | \$15,054 69 | \$55,936 42 | \$70,991 11 |
| Augast |  | 20, 06862 | 223;469 48. | 242,538 10 |
| September |  | 30, 08567 | 262, 78009 | 292,865 76 |
| October |  | 25, 08270 | 213, 58739 | 238, 67009 |
| November |  | 20, 068.38 | 104,887 72 | 124,956 10 |
| December. |  | 15,047 28 | 146, 93322 | 161,980 50 |
|  | 1885. |  |  |  |
| January |  | 20, 05510 | 138, 461.65 | 158, 51675 |
| February |  | 30, 09840. | 169, 23141 | 199, 329.81 |
| March. |  | 30,074 06 | 101, 323.56 | 131, 39762 |
| April. |  | 30,093 30 | 106, 94487 | 137, 03817 |
| May. |  | 25, 07423 | 122,513 37 | 147, 58760 |
| June |  | 25,078 77 | 134, 07140 | 159,150 17 |
|  |  | 285, 88120 | 1, 779, 14058 | 2,065, 02178 |

## 登眰且。—STATEMENT SHOWING•THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ASSETS．



LIABILITIES．


[^45]
## UNITED STATES MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, JUNE 30, 1885. <br> ASSETS.



LIABILITIES.


PDeficiencies ia "Bullion Fund" incurred prior to organization of Mint Bareau,
$\ddagger$ There was a deficiency of $\$ 12,523.67$ in the cash of $N$. E . Camp when suspended May 15, 1885, o which $\$ 11,857.37$ belonged to the "Bullion Fund," and $\$ 666.30$ consisted of "profits."
§Included in balance of Bullion of Assay Office at New York.
$\pi$ Included in balance of Bullion of Mint at Philadelphia.
**Does not include deficiencies in extinct mints.


XYIV.-STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF OUNCES AT STANDARD, AND COST OF SILVER BULLION PURCHASED AND DELIVERED at THE COINAGE MINTS AND THE NUMBER OF SILVER DOLLARS COINED EACH MONTH FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JUNE 30, 1885.

| Date. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Coinage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J 884. |  |  |  |
| July | 2, 068, 936. 37 | \$2, 064, 14232 | \$2,325, 00000 |
| August | 2, 029, 831.33 | 2, 023, 99111 | 2,350,000 00 |
| September | 2, 100, 918.60 | 2,094,608 64 | 2,350, 00000 |
| October | 2,363, 335. 65 | 2,352, 35333 | 2,350,000 00 |
| November. | 2,210,504.02 | 2, 167,546 94 | 2,450,000 00 |
| Docember | 2, 021, 147. 54 | 1,960,99761 | 2, 381, 16500 |
| 1885. |  |  |  |
| January | 2, 004, 657. 24 | 1,959, 99052 | 2,385,200 00 |
| February | 1,592, 792.98 | 1,541, 16673 | 2,300,000 00 |
| March | 2, 204, 156. 03 | 2,186, 81227 | 2,450,200 00 |
| April. | 2, 367, 458. 30 | 2, 292, 205. 51 | 2,410,000 00 |
| May | 1,921, 777. 40 | 1,879, 02117 | 2,400,000 00 |
| June | 1, 266,897. 44 | 1,224,624 10 | 2,375, 15000 |
| Total | $24,212,412.90$ | 23, 747, 46025 | 28,526,715 00 |
| Purchased and coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1884 | 153, 141, 022.27 | 156,190,060 19 | 175, 355, 82900 |
| Total to June 30, 1885 | 177, 353, 435. 17 | 179, 937, 52044 | 203, 882, 54400 |
| Monthly average, July 1, 1884, to June 30, 1885 | 2, 017, 701. 08 | 1,978,955 02 | 2, 377, 226 |
| Monthly arerage for 88 months................ | 2, 015, 379. 94 | 2, 044, 74455 | 2,316,847 |

## 2673 F- 16

## XXZ.-STATEMENT OF SILVER BULLION

| Month. | PHILADELI? ${ }^{7}$ IA. |  | SAN firancisco. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Staudard ounces. | Cost. | Standard onnces. | Cost. |
| - 1884. |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| July | 1,131,454 94 | \$1, 129, 05766 | 150,132 84 | \$149, 60831 |
| August | 1,013,302 78 | 1,010,836 38 | 131, 26894 | 130,54934 |
| September | 1, 039,441 22 | 1,036, 86271 | 155,312 05 | 154,583 57 |
| October, | 1, 128, 69920. | 1,124,728 59 | 400,980 30 | 397,481 92 |
| November. | 1, 019,320 99 | 1,001, 28359 | 447, 64822 | 435, 66002 |
| December | 996, 10512 | 969, 13055 | 385, 60096 | 371, 16987 |
| 1885. |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,169,452 26 | 1, 144,624 47 | 30,969 58 | 29,924 47 |
| February | 785, 61499 | 761,804 52 | 41,312 75 | 39,651 43 |
| March | 1,280,844 51 | 1,238, 13860 | 46,843 09 | 45,423 37 |
| April | 1, 207, 51835 , | 1, 171,293 44 | 30, 82021 | 29,532 78 |
| May | 1,118,100 35 | 1,094,898 03 | 28, 08339 | 27, 05042 |
| Juve | 808,678 71 | 781,114 96 | 28,549 06 | 27, 64667 |
| Total. | 12, 698,533 42 | 12,463,773 50 | 1, 877,521 39 | 1, 838,282 17 |

XKVH.-STATEMENT OF SILVER CONSUMED IN


PURCHASES FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JULY 1, 1885.

| carson. |  | new orleans. |  | TOTAL. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard. ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| 100,783 28 | \$99,777 28 | 686,565 31 | \$685, 69907 | 2,068,936 37 | \$2, 064, 14232 |
| 76,936 61 | 76, 19326 | 808,323 00 | 806, 41213 | 2, 029,831 33 | 2, 023, 99111 |
| 93, 23624 | 92, 55930 | 812,929 09 | 810,603 06 | $2,100,91860$ | 2, 094, 60864 |
| 75, 18041 | 74,603 81 | 758, 47574 | 755, 53901 | 2, 363, 385 65 | 2, 352, 35333 |
| 86, 52137 | 84, 70369 | 657, 01344 | 645, 89964 | 2, 210,504 02 | 2, 167,546 94 |
| 116, 55070 | 112, 05606 | 522,890 76 | 508,641 13 | 2, 021, 14754 | 1,960,99761 |
| 72, 54711 | 69,810 54 | 731, $688 \times 29$ | 715,631 04 | 2,004,657 24 | 1,959, 99052 |
| 69,680 07 | 66, 00844 | 696, 18517 | 672, 80234 | 1,592, 79298 | 1,541, 160,73 |
| 49,49151 | 47, 29574 | 886,976 92 | 855,95456 | 2, 264, 15603 | 2, 186, 81227 |
| 139,438 91 | 132, 74441 | 989, 68083 | 958, 63488 | 2,367, 45830 | 2, 202, 20551 |
| 40,344 06 | 39, 04457 | 735, 24960 | 718,028 15 | 1,921, 77740 | 1,879, 02117 |
| 54257 | 53553 | 429,127 10 | 415, 32094 | 1, 266, 89744 | 1, 224, 62410 |
| 921, 25284 | 896, 23263 | 8,715, 10525 | 8,549, 17195 | 24, 212,412 90 | 23,747,460 25 |

COINAGE, \&C., EROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JUNE 30, 1885.

| in susprnse account, philadelphia. |  | total disposed of. |  | Standard silver dol. lats coined. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |
|  |  | 1,998, 04687 | \$2,002, 54844 | 2,325,000 00 |
|  |  | 2, 019,531 25 | 2, 020,483 47 | 2,350,000 00 |
|  |  | 2, 019,531 25 | 2, 018, 05229 | 2, 350, 00000 |
|  |  | 2,028, 14201 | 2,024, 24617 | 2,350,000 00 |
|  |  | 2, 105, 46875 | 2, 090, 05305 | 2,450,000 00 |
|  |  | 2, 046, 31367 | 2,018,037 73 | 2, 381, 16500 |
|  |  | 2, 051,930 09 | 2, 016, 21283 | 2, 385, 20000 |
|  |  | 1,976,562 50 | 1, 934,354 56 | 2,300, 00000 |
|  |  | 2, 109, 39027 | 2, 054, 76488 | 2,450, 20000 |
|  |  | 2,071,384 16 | 2,013,929 27 | $2,410,00000$ |
|  |  | 2, 062,999 86 | 2,009,675 94 | 2,400,000 00 |
| 1,980 12 | \$1,936 62 | 2, 068,391 26 | 2, 011, 02359 | 2,375, 15000 |
| 1,980 12 | 1,936 62 | 24, 557, 69794 | 24, 213, 382.22 | 28,526,715 00 |

XXEIH.-STATEMENT OF BULLION MANUFACTURED INTO STANDARD OF SWEEPS AT THE COINAGE MINTS, mint at philadelphia.

|  | Month. | manufactured. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1884. |  |  |
| July |  | 859, 375.00 | \$8611,413 52 |
| August |  | 1,031,250.00 | 1,031,932 33 |
| September |  | 1,031,250.00 | 1,030,752 70 |
| October. |  | 1, 117, 187. 50 | 1,115,352 46 |
| November |  | - 1,160, 156. 25 | 1,151,589 83 |
| December |  | 1, 100, 141. 80 | 1,083,986 05 |
|  | 1885. |  |  |
| Jamuary |  | 846.656. 26 | $831 ; 871,95$ |
| Febrtuary |  | 773, 437. 50 | 757, 02275 |
| March |  | 1, 117, 359.38 | 1,088,226 60 |
| April |  | 1,203, 125.00 | 1,169,984 77 |
| May |  | 1, 203, 125.00 | 1,172,838 84 |
| June. |  | 1,203, 253.90 | 1, 169, 86985 |
| Total |  | 12, 646, 317. 59 | 12, 464, 84165 |

MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO.


SILVER DOLLARS AND OF INCIDENTAL WASTAGE AND LOSS ON SALE FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO JUNE•30, 1885.

MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.

| wastage and | IN SWEEPS. | TOJAL CONEUMPTION. |  | Number of standard silver dollars coined. | Seignorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | $859,375.00$ | \$861,413 52 | 1,000,000 | \$138,586 48 |
|  |  | 1, 031,250.00 | 1, 031,932 33 | 1,200, 000 | 168, 06767 |
|  |  | 1, 031, 250. 00 | 1, 030,752 70 | 1,200, 000 | 169, 24730 |
| 3, 838.67 | . $\$ 3,83867$ | 1, 121, 026.17 | 1, 119, 19113 | 1,300,000 | 184, 64754 |
|  |  | 1,160,156. 25 | 1,151,589 83 | 1,350, 000 | - 198,410 17 |
|  |  | 1,100,141. 80 | 1,083, 98605 | 1,280, 165 | 196, 17895 |
| 2,148. 83 | 2,148 83 | 848, 305.09 | 834, 02078 | 985, 200 | 153,328 05 |
|  |  | 773, 437. 50 | 757, 02275 | 900, 000 | 142,97725 |
| 3,755. 64 | 3,755 64 | $1,121,115.02$ | 1, 091,982 24 | 1,300, 200 | 211,973 40 |
|  |  | ], 203, 125.00. | 1, 169,984 77 | 1,400, 000 | 250, 01523 |
| 499.86 | 49986 | 1, 203, 624. 86 | 1, 173,338 70 | 1,400, 000 | 227, 16116 |
| 4,930.50 | 4,930 50 | 1, 208, 184. 40 | 1, 174,800 35 | 1,400, 150 | 230, 28015 |
| $15,173.50$ | 15, 17350 | 12, 661, 49109 | $12,480,01515$ | 14,715, 715 | 2,250,873 35 |

MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO.


## XXYII. -STATEMENT OF BULLION MANUFACTURED INTO STANDARD. OF SWEEPS AT THE

MINT AT' CARSON CITX.

|  | Month. | manufactured. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1884. |  |  |
| July |  | 64, 453.12 | \$64, 16238 |
| August |  | $85,937.50$ | 85,48846 |
| September |  | 85, 937.50 | 85,45943 |
| October.. |  | 85, 937.50 | 85,434 74 |
| November |  | 85, 937.50 | 85, 22432 |
| December. |  | 86, 796.87 | 85,546 53 |
|  | 1885. |  |  |
| January |  | $85,937.50$ | 84;441 53, |
| Februars |  | 85, 937.50 | 84, 19671 |
| March ..... |  |  |  |
| April... |  |  |  |
| May |  |  |  |
| Juno... |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 666; 874.99 | 659,954 10 |

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jaly | 644, 531.25 | 646,410 43 |
| Angust | 644, 531. 25 | 645, 13672 |
| Soptember | 687, 500.00 | 687, 23087 |
| October | 730,468.75 | 729,376 83 |
| - November | $730,468.75$ | 726, 18554 |
| December. | 730,468.75 | 722,31.6 62 |
|  |  |  |
| January | 687, 500.00 | 677, 25945 |
| February | 687, 500. 00 | - 673,042 26 |
| March | 816, 406. 25 | 794,886 45 |
| April | 782, 031.25 | 759, 86275 |
| May | 773, 437. 50 | 752,656 92 |
| June | 794, 921.87 | 772, 70580 |
| Total | 8, 709, 765.62 | 8,587, 07670 |

SILVER DOLLARS AND OF INCIDENTAL WASTAGE AND LOSS ON SALE COINAGE MIN'TS-Continued.

MINT AT CARSON CITX.

| Wabtage and sold in sweeps. |  | total consumption. |  | Number of stand ard silver dollars coined. | Seignorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | $64,453.12$ | \$64, 16238 | 75, 000 | \$10,837 62 |
|  |  | 85,937. 50 | -85,488 46 | 100, 000 | 14,51154 |
|  |  | 85, 937.50 | 85,459 43 | 100, 000 | 14,540 57 |
| 4,772. 09 | \$4, 77209 | 90, 709. 59 | - 90,20683 | 100, 000 | 14,565 26 |
|  |  | 85, 937.50 | 85, 22432 | 100,000 | 14,775 68 |
|  |  | 86, 796. 87 | 85,546 53 | 101, $000^{\circ}$ | 15,453 47 |
|  |  | 85,937. 50 | 81,441 53 | 100,000 | 15,558 47 |
|  |  | $85,937.50$ | 84, 19671 | 100,000 | 15,803 29 |
| 290.41 | 29041 | 290.41 | 29041 |  |  |
| - 62.53 | 6253 | 62.53 | 6253 |  |  |
| 5,125. 03 | 5,125 03 | $672,000.02$ | 665, 07913 | 776,000 | 116,045 90 |

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.


## XXEHE.—STATEMENT OF BULLION MANUFACTURED INTO STANDARD OF SWEEPS AT THE recapitolation

|  | Month. | manufactured. : |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1884. |  | 1 |
| $J u l y$ |  | 1,998, 046. 87 | .\$2, 062,548 44 |
| August |  | 2, 019, 531. 25 | 2, 020, 483.47 |
| September |  | 2, 019,531. 25 | 2, 018, 05229 |
| October. |  | 2, 019, 531. 25 | 2, 015,635 41 |
| November |  | $2,105,468.75$ | 2,090,053 05 |
| December |  | 2, 046, 313. 67 | 2, 018,037 73 |
|  | 1885. |  |  |
| January |  | 2,049, 781. 26 | 2, 014, 06400 |
| February |  | 1,976, 562.50 | 1,934, 35456 |
| March |  | $2,105,640.63$ | 2, 051,009 24 |
| April. |  | 2, 071, 093.75 | 2, 013, 63886 |
| May |  | 2, 062, $500.00^{\prime}$ | 2,009,176 08 |
| June. |  | 2, 041, 144. 52 | 1, 984, 38303 |
| Total |  | 24, 515, 145.70 | 24, 171,436/16 |

RECAPITULATION


SILVER DOLLARS AND OF INCIDENTAL WASTAGE AND LOSS ON SALE COINAGE MINTS—Continued.

## BY MONTHS.

| Wastagr and sold in swerps. |  | total consumption. |  | Number of standard silver dollars coined: | Seignorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard onnces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 998, 046.87 | \$2, 002, 54844 | \$2, 325, 000 | \$322, 45156 |
|  |  | 2, 019,531. 25 | 2, 020, 48347 | $2,350,000$ | 329,516 38 |
|  |  | 2, 019,531. 25 | 2, 018, 05229 | 2,350, 000 | 331, 94771 |
| 8, 610. 76 | \$8,610 76 | 2, 028, 142.01 | 2, 024, 24617 | 2,350,000 | 334, 36459 |
|  |  | 2, 105, 468.75 | 2, 090, 05305 | 2, 450, 000 | 359,946 95 |
|  |  | 2, 046, 313. 67. | 2, 018,037 73 | 2, 381, 165 | 363, 12727 |
| 2, 148.83 | 2,148 83 | 2, 051, 930. 09 | 2, 016, 21283 | 2, 385, 200 | 371, 13600 |
|  |  | 1,976, 562. 50 | 1, 934, 35456 | 2, 300, 000 | 365,64544 |
| 3, 755. 64 | 3,755 64 | 2, 109, 396. 27 | 2, 054, 76488 | 2, 450, 200 | 399, 19076 |
| 290.41 | 29041 | 2, 071, 384. 16 | 2, 013,929 27 | 2, 410, 000 | 396, 36114 |
| 499.86 | 49986 | 2, 062, 999. 86 | 2,009,675 94 | 2, 400, 000 | - 390, 823 92 |
| 25, 266.62 | 24,703 94 | 2, 066, 411. 14 | 2, 009,086 97 | 2,375, 150 | 390, 76697 |
| 40, 572.12, | 40,009 44 | 24, 555, 717.82 | 24, 211, 44560 | 28,526,715 | 4, 355, 27884 |

## BX mínts.

| WASTAGE AND SOLU In SWEEPS. |  | , TOTAL CONSUMPTION. |  | Total standard silver dollars coined. | Total seignorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard onnces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
| 15,173. 50 | \$15, 17350 | 12, 661, 491. 09 | \$12, 480, 01515 | \$14, 715, 715 | \$2, 250, 87335 |
| 4, 205. 08 | 4,149 80 | 2, 496, 452. 58. | 2,463 71351 | 2,900, 000 | 440,430 29 |
| 5,125. 03 | 5,125 03 | 672,000. 02 | 665, 07913 | 776,000 | 116,045 90 |
| 16,008. 51 | 15,561 11 | 8, 725, 774. 13 | 8, 602, 63781 | 10, 135, 000 | 1, 547, 92330 |
| 40,572.12 | - 40,00944 | 24, 555, 717. 82 | $24,211,44560$ | 28,526, 715 | $4,385,27884$ |

XXVIIH.-AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE OF SILVER BULLION, 925 THOUSANDTHS FINE, IN LONDON, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1885, COMPILED FROM DAILY TELEGRAPHIC CAble dispatches to the bureau of the mint.

XXIX.-AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE OF SILVER BULLION, 925 THOUSANDTHS FINE, IN LONDON, DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR, 1884, COMPILED FROM DAILY TELEGRAPHIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE BUREAU OF THE.MINT.

| Montbs. | Highest. | Lowest. | Average. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 51 |  | 50.865 |
| February. | 517 | 51 | 51. 135 |
| March | $51 \frac{1}{8}$ | $50 \frac{1}{17}$ | 50.937 |
| April. | 51 | 501 | 50.757 |
| May. | $50{ }_{\text {¢ }}^{\text {¢ }}$ | 503 | 50.839 |
| June | 50.15 | 508 | 50.800 |
| July. | 507 | $50 \frac{1}{18}$ | 50.788 |
| August. | 507 | 50등 | 50.779 |
| September. | $50 \frac{13}{16}$ | 508 | 50.738 |
| October | 507 | $50{ }^{7} 5$ | 50.724 |
| November | $50{ }_{19}^{7}$ | 4912 | 50.007 |
| December | 49\% | 49즐 | 49.641 |
| Average for the year....... | 50.84 | 50. 49 | 50.667 |

```
KXX.-STATEMEN'Y SHOWING THE SEIGNORAGE ON THE COINAGE OF
                                    JUNE 30, 1885, AND THE
Dr.
1884.
July 1 Balauce on hand:
```



```
            San Francisco .......................................................... 117,400 16
```



```
            New Orleans .........................................................652,794 52
            Seignorage on Silver Dollars
            Philadelphia
                            2, 250,873 35'
            San Francisco .........................................................440,436 29
            Carson
                    116,04590
            New Orleans ....................................................... 1, 547, 023 30
            Seignorage on Subsidiary Silver:
            Philadelphia
                10,197 61

SILDER AT THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM JULY 1, 1884, TO disposition of the same.


\footnotetext{
*These balances bave been covered into the Treasury:
Philadelphia, C. D. No. 34296
\$230, 82317
New Orleans, C.D. No. 34260
437, 91012
}
XXXI.-EXPENDFTURES FROM SILVER PROFIT FUND ON ACCOUNT OF TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885, BY MINTS.


KXXHE.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE SPACE REQUIRED' FOR THE STORAGE OF UNITED STATES GOLD AND SILVER COINS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description. & Amount. & How put up. & Space requiréd. \\
\hline Gold coin. & \$1,000, 000 & \$5,000 in 8-oz. duck bags & Nearly 17 cubic feet. \\
\hline Silver dollars & 1,000,000 & \$1,000 in \(8.0 z\). duck bags & 250 cubic feet. \\
\hline Subsidiary silver & 1,000,000 & \$1,000 in 8 -oz. duck bags & 150 cubic feet. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MEMORANDUM.}

The space occupied by a bag of standard silver dollar's, piled snugly in mass, is 12 inches long, 9 wide, and 4 deep. Small silver (subsidiary) packs better than dollars. The weight of a thousand dollars in subsidiary silver being 56 ounces less than that of an equal value in standard silver dollars, the spaces occupied by each vary but little from each wther.

XXXHEL.-STATEMENT SHOWING THE COS'T OF COINAGE AT THE
1584.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Mints.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{GOLD:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{silyer.} \\
\hline & Pioces. & Value. & Pieces. & Value. \\
\hline Philadelphia. & 425; 334 & \$2,777, 154 & 19,406, 793 & \$13, 854, 38780 \\
\hline San Francisco & 1, 294, 450 & .23,543,500 & 5, 300, 000 & 4,850, 00000 \\
\hline Carson. & 107, 955 & 1, 612, 170 & 1,164,000 & 1,164,000 00 \\
\hline New Orleans. & & & 8, 905, 000 & 8, 905, 00000 \\
\hline , Total & 1,827, 739 & 27,932, 824 & 34, 775, 793 & 28, 773, 38780 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
,
1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Mints.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{GOLD.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{silver.} \\
\hline & Pieces. & Value. & Piecos. & Value. \\
\hline Philadelphia . & 453,469 & \$2, 952, 56350 & 17,800,099 & \$15, 029, 15995 \\
\hline San Fraucisco & 1, 236, 500 & 20,857, 50000 & 2,987, 997 & 2, 908, 79970 \\
\hline Carson. & 58, 129 & 1, 051, 06000 & 776,000 & 776, 00000 \\
\hline New Orleans.. & & & 10,135, 000 & 10, 135,000 00 \\
\hline Total & 1, 748, 098 & 24, 861, 12350 & 31, 699, 096 & \(28,848,95965\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COINAGE MINTS DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1884 AND 1885.
1884.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{five and three cents nickel.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{total.} & EXPENDED FOR- & \multirow{2}{*}{Cost per piece.} \\
\hline Pieces. & Value. & Pieces. & Value. & Labor, material, and incidentals. & \\
\hline & & & & & Cents. \\
\hline 15, 383, 067 & \$768,990 11 & 35, 215, 194 & \$17, 400,531 91 & \$457, 82596 & 1. 300 \\
\hline ................ & & 6, 594,450 & 28,393,500 00 & 288,680 38 & 4. 377 \\
\hline & & 1,271,955 & 2, 776, 17000 & 92,613 70 & 7. 281 \\
\hline & & 8, 905, 000 & 8, 905, 00000 & 138,660 78 & 1. 557 \\
\hline 15, 383, 067 & 768, 99011 & 51, 986, 599 & 57, 475, 20191 & 907, 780 82 & 1. 880 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{five and three cente nickel.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{total.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
EXPRNDED FOR- \\
Labor, material, and iucidentals.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { COBT pIR } \\
& \text { PIRCE. }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline Pieces. & Value. & Pieces. & Value. & & \\
\hline & & & & & Oents. \\
\hline , 7,038,640 & \$351, 83560 & 25, 292, 208 & \$18, 333, 55975 & \$480, 114 33 & 1.898 \\
\hline & & 4, 224, 497 & 23, 766, 29970 & 245, 22380 & 5. 804 \\
\hline & & 834, 129 & 1,827, 06000 & 76,229 13 & 9. 138 \\
\hline & & 10, 135, 000 & 10, 135, 00000 & 151,621 93 & 1. 496 \\
\hline 7,039,090 & 351, 84010 & 40, 475, 834 & 54, 061, 91875 & 953,189 19 & 2. 354 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{XXXRV.-TABLE SHOWING THE LEGAL WEIGHT AND FINENESS OF THE COINS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND THEIR DIAMETER AND THICKNESS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . & Legal weight (grains) . & Fineness (thousandths). & Diameter (20ths of an inch). & Thickness (1000ths of an inch). \\
\hline Gold : & & & . & , \\
\hline Double eagle & 516 & 900 & 27 & 77 \\
\hline Eagle..... & 258 & 900 & 21 & 60 \\
\hline Half eagle & 129 & 800 & 17 & 46 \\
\hline Three dollars. & 77.4 & 900 & 16 & 34 \\
\hline Quarter eagle.. & 64.5 & 900 & 15 & 34 \\
\hline Dollar (new). & 25.8 & 900 & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Silver: & & & & \\
\hline Trade dollar & 420 & 900 & 30 & 82 \\
\hline Standard dollar & 412.5 & 900 & 30 & 80 \\
\hline Half dollar & 192.9 & 900 & 24 & 57 \\
\hline Quarter dollar & 96.45 & 900 & 19 & 45 \\
\hline Twenty cents & 77.16 & 900 & 171 & 47 \\
\hline Dime ..... & 38.58 & 900 & 14 & 32 \\
\hline Half dime & 19.2 & 900 & 12 & 23 \\
\hline Three cents & 11. 52 & 900 & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Minor : & & & & \\
\hline Five cents. & 77. 16 & \(75 \%\) copper, \(25 \%\) nickel. & 16 & 62 \\
\hline Three cents'. & 30 & 75\% соррег, 25\% nickel. & 143 & 34 \\
\hline Two cents & 96 & \(95 \%\) copper, \(5 \%\) tin and zinc. & 18 & 60 \\
\hline One cent. & 48 & \(95 \%\) copper, \(5 \%\) tin and zinc. & 15 & 43 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\mathbf{X X X} \mathbf{X}\) 。
Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C., October 9, 1885.

\section*{Sir:}

I hand you herewith tables showing the number of coins and fineness of each coin from the coinage of the calendar year 1884, marle up from assays by the Annual Assay Commission, and from others executed in the laboratory of the Mint Bureau by myself.

Tables are also reported showing the several degrees of fineness of coins in percentages of the whole number assayed.

From these tables it will be seen that all coins examined were within the legal limits of tolerance for fineness, and the majority close to standard.

Very respectfully,
W. P. LAWVER,

Assqyer, Mint Bureau.
Dr. James P. Kimball,
Director of the Mint.

COINS OF THE SEVERAL DEGREES OF FINENESS IN PER
A.-GOLD.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{.Fineness.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{- PHILADELPHIA.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{, san prancisco. \({ }^{\text {' }}\)} \\
\hline & Annual. & Monthly. & Annual. & Monthly. \\
\hline 900.4 & & & & 1.20 \\
\hline 900.3 & 5.56 & & & \\
\hline 900.2 & 16. 67 & & & 1. 20 \\
\hline 900.1 & 16. 67 & 8.33 & 11. 11 & 15. 66 \\
\hline 900 standard & - 27.78 & 41.67 & 16. 67 & 21.69 \\
\hline 899.9 & 27.78 & 33.33 & 27.78 & 28.91 \\
\hline 899.8 & & 16.67 & 22.22 & 20.48 \\
\hline 899.7 & & & 5.56 & 7.23 \\
\hline 899.6 & & & 11. 11 & \\
\hline 899.5 & 5.56 & & 5.56 & 2.41 \\
\hline 899.4 & & & & 1.20 \\
\hline Average fineness. & 900.01 & 899.94 & 899.85 & 899.91 \\
\hline Melted in mass. & 900.0 & & 899.9 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
B.-SILVER.


CENTAGES OF THE WHOLE NUMBER OF COINS ASSAYED.
A.-GOLD.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{cargon.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NBW ORLEANS.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{TOTAL.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline Annual. & Monthly. & Annual. & Monthly. & Annual. & Monthly. & \\
\hline & & & , & & 1. 20 & 1. 20 \\
\hline & & & & 5. 56 & & 5. 56 \\
\hline & 5. 89 & & & 16. 67 & 7.09 & 25.76 \\
\hline 35.70 & 5. 89 & & & 63. 48 & 29.88 & 93.36 \\
\hline 28.57 & 29.41 & & & 73.02 & 92.77 & 165. 79 \\
\hline 21.43 & 41. 18 & & & 76. 99 & 103.42 & -180.41 \\
\hline 14. 28 & 17. 65 & & & 36. 50 & 54.80 & - 91.30 \\
\hline & & & & 5.56 & . 7.23 & 12.79 \\
\hline & & & & 11. 11 & - \(\cdot\). & 11.11 \\
\hline & & & & 11. 11 & 2.41 & 13.52 \\
\hline & & & & & .......... & 1. 20 \\
\hline 899.98 & 899.94 & & & & & \\
\hline -900. & . & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
R.-SILVER.


TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER OF COINS AND FINENESS OF EACH, FROM THE COINAGE OF THE CALENDAR YEAR 18×4, ASSAYED AT THE ANNUAL ASSAY, AND MONTHLY at THE MIN' BUREAU.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Fineness.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Philadelphia.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{san mrancisco.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{GARSON.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NEW ORLEANS.} \\
\hline & Annual. & Monthly. & Annual. & Monthly. & Annual. & Montbly. & Annual: & Monthly. \\
\hline 900.4. & Pieces. & Picces. & Pieces. & Pieces. & Pieces. & Picces. & Pieces. & Pieces. \\
\hline 900.3 - & 1 & & & & & & & \\
\hline 900.2 & 3 & & & 1 & & 1 & & \\
\hline 900.1. & 3 & 1 & 2 & 13 & 5 & 1 & & \\
\hline 900 Standard & 5 & 5 & 3 & 18 & 4 & 5 & & \\
\hline 899.9. & 5 & 4 & 5 & 24 & 3 & 7 & & \\
\hline 899.8. & & 2 & 4 & 17 & 2 & 3 & & \\
\hline 899.7 & & & 1 & 6 & & & & \\
\hline 899.6. & & & 2 & & & & & \\
\hline 899.5 & 1 & & 1 & 2 & & & & \\
\hline 899.4. & & & & 1 & & & & \\
\hline Total pioces. & 18 & 12 & 18. & 83 & 14. & 17 & & \\
\hline Average fineness & 900.01 & 899.94 & 899.85 & 899.91 & 899.98 & 899.94 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
D.-SILVER.


XXXVE.-DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND SILVER BULLION AT ASSAY OFFICE, AT NEW YORK, FOR BARS SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN USED IN THE ARTS AND MANUFACTURES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885. FROM STATEMENT OF MR. ANDREW MASON, SUPERINTENDENT.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Classification. & Gold. & Silver. \\
\hline United States coin. & & \$659 22 \\
\hline Foreign coin & \$57, 76309 & 84, 86476 \\
\hline Foreiga bullion & 368, 88783 & 794, 20358 \\
\hline Plate, se & 514, 01913 & 179, \(922^{\prime} 19\) \\
\hline Domestic bullion & 2, 217,300 15 & 4, 535,508 75 \\
\hline Large gold bars exchanged for gold coin and re-deposited for snall bars, \(\$ 920,021.59\) less tho charges and fractions paid in gold coin. \(\qquad\) & 919,192 16 & \\
\hline & 4, 077, 162.36 & \\
\hline Large gold bars exchanged for gold coin and taken by manufacturers & 859, 11899 & \\
\hline & 4, 036,28135 & 5, 595, 15850 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

KEXEIU．－ESTIMATE OF VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS，JANUARY 1， 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Country． & Monetary unit． & Standard． & Value in U．S． money． & Standard coin． \\
\hline Argentine Republic & Peso & Gold and silvor & \＄0 96.5 & \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\) ，and 1 peso， \(\frac{1}{3}\) argentiue and ar－ gentine． \\
\hline Austria & Florin & Silver． & 39.3 & \\
\hline Belgium & Frane & Gold and silver ． & 19.3 & 5，10，and 20 francs． \\
\hline Bolivia & Boliviano & Silver & 79.5 & Boliyiano． \\
\hline Bra\％il & Milreis of 1，000 reis & Gold． & 54.6 & \\
\hline British Possessions in N．America． & Dollar & Gold． & 100.0 & \\
\hline Chili． & Peso & Gold and silver ． & 91.2 & Condor，donbloon，and esendo． \\
\hline Cuba & Peso & Gold and silver ． & 93.2 & It，有，左，存，and 1 donb－ loon． \\
\hline Denmark & Crown & Gold． & 26.8. & 10 and 20 crowns． \\
\hline Ecuador & Peso & Silver． & 79.5 & Peso． \\
\hline Eg．jpt．．．．．．．．．．．．． & Piaster & Gold． & 04.9 & \(5,10,25,50\) ，and 100 pi－ asters． \\
\hline France & Franc & Gold and silver ． & 19.3 & 5,10 and 20 francs． \\
\hline German Empire ．．． & Mark & Gold． & 23.8 & 5,10 ，and 20 marks． \\
\hline Great Britain & Pound sterling & Gold． & \(486.6 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{2}\) sovereign and sover－ eigu． \\
\hline Greece．．．．．．．．．．．．． & Drachma & Gold and silver ． & 19.3 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,10,20,50, \text { and } 100 \\
& \text { drachmas. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Hayti & Gourde & Gold and silrer ． & 96.5 & 1，2，5，and 10 gourdes．＇ \\
\hline India & Rupee of 16 annas & Silver & 37.8 & \\
\hline Italy & Lira & Gold and silver ． & 19.3 & 5，10，20，50，and 100 lire． \\
\hline Japan & Yen & Silver． & 85.8 & \(1,2,5,10\) ，and 20 yen ， gold，and silver yen． \\
\hline Liberia & Dollar & ．Gold． & 100.0 & \\
\hline Mexico & Dollar & Silve & 86.4 & Peso or dollar， \(5,10,25\) ， and 50 centaro． \\
\hline Netherlands & Florin & Gold and silver ． & 40.2 & \\
\hline Norway & Crown & Gold． & 26.8 & 10 and 20 crowns． \\
\hline Perin． & Sol． & Silver & 79.5 & Sol． \\
\hline Portugal & Milreis of 1，000 reis．．． & Gold． & 108.0 & 2，5，and 10 milreis． \\
\hline Russia & Rouble of 100 copecks． & Silver & － 63.0 & 需名，and 1 rouble． \\
\hline Spain．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & Peseta of 100 centimes & Gold and silver ． & 19.3 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,10,20,50, \text { and } 100 \\
& \text { pesetas. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Sweden & Crown & Gold & 26.8 & 10 aud 20 crowns． \\
\hline Switzerland & Franc & Gold and silver & 19.3 & 5，10，and 20 fràncs． \\
\hline Tripoli & Mabbub of 20 piasters & Silver & 71.7 & \\
\hline Turkey．．．．．．．．．．．． & Piaster & Gold． & 04.4 & \(25,50,100,250\) ，and 500 piasters． \\
\hline U．S．of Colombia ．． & Peso & Silver & 79.5 & Peso． \\
\hline Veneznela．．．．．．．．． & Bolivar ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & Gold and silver & 19.3 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,10,20,50, \text { and } 100 \\
& \text { bolivar. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

KXXWIHT.-STATEMENT OF COINAGE FROM THE ORGANIZATION OF THE MINT TO THE CLOSE OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.

GOLD COINAGE.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline - Period. & Double eagles. & Eagles. & Half engles. & Three dollars. & Quarter eagles. & Dollars. & Total. \\
\hline 1793 to 1848. & & \$25,662,270 & 45,265, 355 & & & & \$76,341,440 00 \\
\hline 1849 to 1873. & \$646,727,980 & 29,851,820 & 22,994 390 & 1,169,913 & 20, 804,70250 & 015,633 & 740,564,438 50 \\
\hline 1874. & 48,283,900 & 383,480 & 809,780 & 125,460 & 516,150 00 & 323,920 & 50,442,690 00 \\
\hline 1875 & 32,748,140 & 599.840 & 203,655 & 60 & 2,250 00 & 20 & 33,553,985 00 \\
\hline 1876 & 37,896,720 & 153,610 & 71,800 & 135 & 53,052 50 & 3,645 & 38,178,962 50 \\
\hline 1877 & 43,941,700 & 56,200 & 67,835 & 4,464 & 5,780 00 & 2,220 & 44,078, 19900 \\
\hline 1878. & 51,406,340 & 155,490 & 688,680 & 137,850 & 408,900 00 & 1,720 & 52,798,980 00 \\
\hline 1879 & 37.234.340 & 1,031,440 & 1,442,130 & 109,182 & 1,166,800 00 & 3,020 & 40,986,912 00 \\
\hline 1880 & 21,515,360 & 18,836,320 & 15,790,860 & 9,090 & 3,075 00 & 3,030 & 56, 157,735 00 \\
\hline 1881 & 15,345,520 & 33,389,050 & 29,982,180 & 4,698 & 9,140 00 & 3,276 & 78,733,864 00 \\
\hline 1882 & 14,563,920 & 44,369,410 & \(30,473,955\) & 75 & 6250 & 6,025 & 89,413.447 50 \\
\hline 1883 & 27,526,120 & 6,611,790 & 1,775,360 & 4, 665 & 10,13750 & 8,855 & 35.936.927 50 \\
\hline 1884 & 23,765,900 & 2,033,040 & 2,116,020 & 2,955 & 4,930 00 & 9,979 & 27,932,824 00 \\
\hline 1885. & 20,048,500 & 2,246,890 & & 5:670 & 6,98250 & 7,181 & 24,861,123 50 \\
\hline Total.. & 1,021,004,440 & 165,380,650 & \[
154,227,900
\] & 1,574,217 & 28,405,777 50| & 19,388,524 & 1,389,981,50850 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SILVER COINAGE.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Period. & Trade dollars. & Dollars. & Half dollars. & Quarter dollars. & Twenty cents. \\
\hline 1793 to 1852 & & \$2, 506, 890 & \$66, 249, 15300 & \$3, 999, 04050 & \\
\hline 1853 to 1873 & & 5, 538,948 & 33, 596, 08250 & 18,002, 17800 & \\
\hline 1874 & \$3,588, 900 & & 1, 438, 93000 & 458,515 50 & \\
\hline 1875 & 5, 697, 500 & & 2, 853, 50000 & 623, 95000 & \$5,858 \\
\hline 1876 & 6, 132,050 & & 4,985, 52500 & 4, 106, 26250 & 263,560 \\
\hline 1877 & \(9,162,900\) & & 9,746, 35000 & 7, 584, 17500 & 1,440 \\
\hline 1878 & 11, 378, 010 & 8, 573, 500 & 3,875, 25500 & 3, 703, 02750 & 142 \\
\hline 1879 & & 27, 227, 500 & 22500 & 11250 & \\
\hline 1880 & & 27,933, 750 & 3,275 00 & 3,837 50 & \\
\hline 1881 & & 27, 637, 955 & 4,67750 & 3,638 75 & \\
\hline 1882 & & 27,772,075 & 5,53750 & 3,268 75 & \\
\hline 1883 & & 28, 111, 119 & 2, 75950 & 4, 07975 & \\
\hline 1884 & & 28, 099, 930 & 4,465 00 & 3,832 50 & \\
\hline 1885 & & 28, 528, 552 & 2,557 50 & 2,178 75 & \\
\hline Total & 35, 959, 360 & 211, 930, 219 & 122, 768, 29250 & 38,498, 09750 & 271,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Period.} & Dimes. & Half dimes. & Three cents. & Total. \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1793 to 1852} & \$3, 890, 06250 & \$1,823, 298 90 & \$744, 92700 & \$79, 213, 37190 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1853 to 1873} & \(5,170,73300\) & 3,083,648 00 & 536,923 20 & 65, 928, 51270 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1874.......} & 497, 25580 & & & 5, 983, 60130 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1875} & 889,560 00 & & & 10, 070, 36800 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1876} & 3, 639, 10500 & & & 19, 126,502 50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1877.} & 2, 055, 07000 & & & 28, 549, 93500 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1878.} & 760,891 00 & & & \(28,290,8 \geq 550\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1879.} & 4500 & & & 27, 227,68250 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1880} & 1,57500 & & & 27, 942,437 50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1881.} & 3,695 50 & & & 27, 649, 066 75 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1882} & 2,50750 & & & 27, 783, 38875 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1883} & 717,51190 & & & 28, 835,470 15 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{1884}} & 665,16030 & & & 28, 773, 38780 \\
\hline & 1885. & 315,67140 & & & 28, 848,959 65 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total} & 18, 608, 84390 & 4,906, 94690 & 1,281, 85020 & 434, 224, 61000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

MINOR COIN.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Period. & *Five cents. & tThree cents. & \(\dagger\) +'wo cents. & Cents. & Half cents. & Total. \\
\hline 1793 to 1873 & \$5, 276, 14000 & \$805, 25000 & \$912,020 00. & \$4, 886, 45244 & \$39, 92611 & \$11, 919, 88855 \\
\hline 1874 & 244,350 00 & 29, 64000 & & 137, 93500 & & 411,925 00 \\
\hline 1875 & 94, 65000 & 12,540 00 & & 123, 18500 & & 230,375 00 \\
\hline 1876. & 132,700 00 & 7,560 00 & & 120, 09000 & & 260, 35000 \\
\hline 1877. & 25, 250.00 & & & 36, 91500 & & 62,16500 \\
\hline 1878. & 8000 & 4800 & & 30,566 00 & & 30. 694 00 \\
\hline 1879. & 1,175 00 & 98400 & & 95, 63900 & & 97, 79800 \\
\hline 1880. & 1,247 50 & 98250 & & 267, 74150 & & 269,97150 \\
\hline 1881 & 17775 & 32,416 65 & & 372,515 55 & & 405, 10995 \\
\hline 1882 & 220, 03875 & 10425 & & 424, 61475 & & 644,75775 \\
\hline 1883. & 1, 022, 77440 & 85857 & & 404, 67419 & & 1, 488,307 16 \\
\hline 1884. & 768, 74525 & 24486 & & 405, 71962 & & 1, 174, 70973 \\
\hline 1885. & 351, 691. 00 & 14460 & & 175, 72120 & & 527, 55680 \\
\hline Tot & 8,139,019 65 & 890,873 43 & 912, 02000 & 7, 481, 76925 & 39,926 11 & 17, 463, 60844 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* First coinage in \(1866 . \quad \dagger\) First coinage in \(1865 . \quad\) : First coinage in 1864.
}

XXXEX.-UNREFINED GOLD AND SILVER OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION, WITH THE STATES AND TERRITORIES PRODUCING THE SAME, AND REFINED DOMESTIC BULLION NOT DISTRIBUTED, DEPOSITED AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION TO THE CLOSE OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Locality. & Gold. & Silver. & Total. \\
\hline Alabama & \$225, 47924 & \$44 63 & \$225, 52387 \\
\hline Alaska & 161, 23187 & 1, 27001 & 162,501. 88 \\
\hline A \({ }^{\text {cizona }}\) & 3, 758,623 79 & 13, 398, 57613 & 17, 157, 19992 \\
\hline California & 735, 513, 36220 & 3, 840, 93942 & \(739,354,30168\) \\
\hline Colorado & 47,699, 52023 & 23, 201, 86318 & 70, 901, 38341 \\
\hline Dakota & '23, 093, 17582 & 292,589 10 & 23, 385, 76492 \\
\hline Georgia & 8, 278, 44492 & 2,860 99 & \(8,281,305.91\) \\
\hline Idaho & 27, 471, 20551. & 1., 341, 032 04, & 28,812, 23755 \\
\hline Indiaua & 40.13 & & 4013 \\
\hline Maine & 5, 63820 & 2200 & 5,660 20 \\
\hline Maryland & 3,625 84 & 294 & 3,628 78 \\
\hline Massachusetts & & 91756 & 91756 \\
\hline Michigan & 5,733 49 & 3; 596, 00183 & 3,601,735 32 \\
\hline Montana & 55, 979, 57677 & 11,813,040 50 & 67, 792,617 27 \\
\hline Nebraska & 15697 & 242 & 15939 \\
\hline Nevada & 22, 679, 39061 & 92, 041, 21313 & 114, 720,603 74 \\
\hline New Hampsbire & 11, 02055 & & 11,020 55 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2, 210, 19237 & 5, 259, 34889 & 7, 469,541 26 \\
\hline North Carolina. & 11, 007, 15066 & 48,564 48 & 11, 055, 71514 \\
\hline Oregon. & 18, 307, 52729 & 55,81761 & 18, 363, 344.90 \\
\hline Pennsylvania & 1,138 34 & 2,588 47 & 3, 72681 \\
\hline South Carolina & 1,561,390 28 & 1,005 68 & 1,562,395 96 \\
\hline Tenuessee. & 87, 40938 & 845 & 87,41783 \\
\hline Texas & 9786 & 2, 50285 & 3,600 71 \\
\hline Utah & 729, 21707 & 18, 934,453 12 & 19,662,670 19 \\
\hline Vermont & 85, 59821 & & 85, 64815 \\
\hline Virginia & 1, 713, 08933 & 18667 & 1,713,276 00 \\
\hline Washington Territory & 355, 59921 & 1,375 39 & 356,974 60 \\
\hline Wyoming ............ & 742, 53256 & 11, 92641 & 754, 45897 \\
\hline Other sources, or not reported. & 36, 877, 14071 & 41, 582, 48789 & 78,459,628 60 \\
\hline Total Unrefined & 998, 564, 30947 & 215, 430, 69173 & 1, 213, 995, 00120 \\
\hline Refined bullion. & 270,615,320 33 & 137, 896, 21510 & 408, 511, \({ }^{\text {²35 }} 43\) \\
\hline Grand total & 1, 269, 179, 62980 & 353, 326, 90683 & 1,622, 506, 53663 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
XL.-UNREFINED GOLD AND SILVER OF DOMESTIC PRODUCtion, with the states and terittories producing the , SAME, aND REFINED DOMESTIC BULLION NOT DISTRIBUTED, deposited at the mints and assay offices from their organization to the close of the calendar year ended DECEMBER 31, 1884.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Locality. & Gold. & Silver. & Total. \\
\hline Alabama & \$223,470 25 & \(\$ 1605\) & \$223, 48630 \\
\hline Alaska & 158,60063 & 1,241 10 & 159, 84173 \\
\hline Arizonia & 3, 594, 62840 & 13, 377, 74541 & 16,972, 37381 \\
\hline Califormia & 733, 180, 02488 & 3,754,651 15 & 736, 934, 67603 \\
\hline Colorado & 46, 237, 63561 & 22, 627, 00008 & 68, 864, 63569 \\
\hline Dakota & 21, 828, 15957 & 264, 30795 & 22, 092, 46752 \\
\hline Georgia & 8, 214, 57446 & 2,524 02 & 8, 217, 09848 \\
\hline Idalio & 27, 198, 42011 & 1,281,361 82 & 28, 479, 78193 \\
\hline Maine & 5,638 20 & 2202 & 5,66022 \\
\hline Michigan & 15694 & 3, 581, 31864 & 3, 58i, 47558 \\
\hline Montana & 55, 394, 90498 & 10, 636, 35283 & 66, 031, 25781 \\
\hline Nevada & 21, 688, 88348 & 90, 862, 87122 & 112, 551, 75470 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2, 099,487 93 & 5, 079, 11005 & 7, 178,597 98 \\
\hline North Carolina & 10, 975, 80253 & 48,282 51 & 11, 024, 08504 \\
\hline Oregon & 18, 177, 25886 & 54, 68393 & 18, 231, 94279 \\
\hline Sonth Carolina & 1,542,811 45 & 89760 & 1, 543,70905 \\
\hline Tennessee & 87,40938 & 7.68 & 87,417 06 \\
\hline Utah & 706,767 60 & 18,782, 29022 & 19,489, 05782 \\
\hline Vermont & 71,442 18 & 4994 & 71,492 12 \\
\hline Virginia. & 1,711,650 23 & 18045 & 1,711,830 68 \\
\hline Washington Territory & 341, 57698 & 1, 23762 & 342,81460 \\
\hline Wyoming & 738, 83253 & 11,883 62 & 750, 71615 \\
\hline Other sources, or not reported & 30, 804, 22817 & 41, 347, 40087 & 78, 151, 62904 \\
\hline Total Unrefiued & 990, 982, 36535 & 211, 715, 436 78 & 1, 202, 697, 80213 \\
\hline Refined bullion & 261, 664, 43328 & 127, 213, 77542 & 391, 878, 20870 \\
\hline 1 Graud total & 1, 255, 646, 79863 & 338, 929, 21220 & 1, 594, 576, 01083 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

XLE.-STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885.
[Compiled from monthly statements of the Bureau of Statistics.]
IMPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{bullion.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver bullion.} \\
\hline & Bars. & Other bullion. & Total. & Bars. & Other bullion. & Total. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW уопк.} \\
\hline July, 1884 & \$732, 975 & \$18, 929 & \$751, 904 & \$2, 376 & \$8,464 & \$10, 840 & \$762, 744 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 1, 466, 885 & 12, 831 & 1,479, 716 & 300 & 11, 200 & 11, 500 & 1, 491, 216 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 70, 085 & 13,647 & 83,732 & 1,455 & 14, 000 & 15, 455 & 99, 187 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 1, 451, 223 & 10,272 & 1, 467,495 & 462 & 27, 676 & 28, 138 & 1, 495, 633 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 3, 416, 834 & 251, 550 & 3, 668, 384 & 17,625 & 935 & 18,560 & 3, 686, 944 \\
\hline December, 1884. & 62, 644 & 25, 731 & 88, 375 & & 271 & 271 & 88,646 \\
\hline J́anurry, 1885 & 54, 71.3 & 37, 041 & 91, 754 & 2, 124 & 9,696 & 11,820 & 103, 574 \\
\hline February, 1885 & 435 & 22, 101 & 22,536 & & 9, 160 & 9, 160 & 31,696 \\
\hline March, 1885 & & 18,750 & 18,750 & & & & 18,750 \\
\hline April, 1885 & & 12,756 & 12,756 & & 38,310 & 38,310 & 51, 066 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 1, 172 & 27, 940 & 29, 112 & 765 & 16,500 & 17,265 & 46, \(3^{\prime \prime} 7\) \\
\hline June, 1885 & 8,966 & 33,047 & 42, 013 & 4,321 & 31, 099 & 35,420 & 77,433 \\
\hline 'rotal. & 7, 265, 832 & 490, 595 & 7, 756, 527 & 29,428 & 167, 311 & 196, 739 & 7, 953, 266 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{' san francisco.} \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 88.117 & 88, 117 & 1, 000 & 150, 894 & 151, 894 & 240, 011 \\
\hline August, 1884 & & 40,060 & 40, 060 & 100,595 & 91, 488 & 192, 083 & 232, 143 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 66, 953 & 66, 953 & 67, 805 & 89,475 & 157, 280 & 224, 233 \\
\hline October, 1884 & & 63, 789 & 63, 789 & 161, 762 & & 161, 762 & 225, 551 \\
\hline Norember, 1884 & & 120, 801 & 120,801 & 16, 218 & 78, 073 & 94, 291 & 215, 092 \\
\hline December, 1884 & & 71,402 & 71, 402 & & 203, 900 & 203, 900 & 275, 302 \\
\hline Janaary, 1885 & & 15,612 & 15,612 & & 84,436 & 84, 436 & 100, 048 \\
\hline February, 1885 & & 20, 570 & 29, 570 & & 196, 547 & 196, 547 & 226, 117 \\
\hline March, 1885 & & 21, 284 & 21, 284 & & 154, 577 & 154, 577 & 175, 861 \\
\hline April, 1885 & & 79,546 & 79,546 & & 105, 739 & 106, 739 & 186, 285 \\
\hline May, 1885 & & 25, 192 & 25, 192 & & 141, 600 & 141,600 & 166, 792 \\
\hline June, 1885 & & 30,614 & 30,614 & & 185, 055 & 185, 055 & 215, 669 \\
\hline Total & & 652, 940 & 652, 940 & 347, 380 & 1,482, 784 & 1, 830, 164 & 2, 483, 104 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{all other ports.} \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 115, 171 & 115, 171 & 55, 261 & 39,638 & 94,899 & 210, 070 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 8,000 & 31, 402 & 39, 402 & 42,161 & 28,838 & 70,999 & 110,401 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 450 & 19,520 & 19,970 & 14,652 & 13,377 & 28, 029 & 47, 999 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 6,928 & 45,800 & 52, 728 & 157, 770 & 86, 775 & 244, 545 & 297, 273 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 21,345 & 21,345 & 35, 573 & 66,598 & 102, 171 & 123, 516 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 6, 000 & 6, 000 & 195, 124 & 133,758 & 328, 882 & 334, 882 \\
\hline J anuary, 1885 & 32, 820 & 19,520 & 52, 340 & 155, 024 & 11,555 & 166,579 & 218, 919 \\
\hline Fohruary, 1885 & 36,348 & 16,972 & 53,320 & 109, 996 & 494 & 110,490 & 163, 810 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 21, 899 & 12, 401 & 34, 300 & 252, 681 & & 252, 681 & 286, 981 \\
\hline April, 1885 & 5,814 & 11,316 & 17, 130 & 716, 663 & 9, 763 & 726, 426 & 743, 556 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 4,650 & 4,000 & 8,650 & 147, 654 & 11, 351 & 159, 005 & 167, 655 \\
\hline June, 1885 & 16,755 & 2,659 & 19,414 & 181, 152 & 37,623 & 218,775 & 238,189 \\
\hline Total. & 133, 664 & 306, 1.06 & 439, 770 & 2,063, 711 & 439, 770 & 2, 503, 481 & 2, 943, 251 \\
\hline Total Imports, Bullioi & \[
7,349,596
\] & 1, 449, 641 & 8,849, 237 & 2,440,519 & 2, 089, 865 & 4, 530, 384 & 13, 379, 621 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD aND SILVER DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1885Coutinued.

IMPOR'SS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{COIN.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver coin.} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ameri. \\
can.
\end{tabular} & Foreign. & Total. & Ameri. cen. & Foreign. & Total. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW YORK.} \\
\hline Julr, 1884 & \$162, 972 \$ & \$1, 113, 079 \$ & \$1, 276, 051 & \$34, 462 & \$311, 115 & \$345, 577 \$ & \$1,621, 628 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 248, 932 & 895, 121 & 1, 144, 053 & 73, 568 & 240, 266 & 313, 834 & 1, 457, 887 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 275, 627 & 985, 768 & 1,261, 395 & 38, 720 & 151, 455 & 190, 175 & 1, 451, 570 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 153, 024 & 665, 660 & 818,684 & 48,316 & 203, 227 & '251, 543 & 1, 070, 227 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 837, 010 & 3,514, 958 & 4, 351, 968 & 47, 906 & 110,381 & 158, 287 & 4, 510, 255 \\
\hline December, 1884. & 289, 549 & 1,477, 228 & 1,767, 277 & 34, 164 & 106, 048 & 140, 209 & 1, 907, 486 \\
\hline January, 1885 & 53,759 & 1,160,025 & 1,213,784 & 30, 902 & 54, 995 & 85, 897 & 1, 299, 681 \\
\hline February 1885 & 144,961 & 1,519, 000 & 1,663, 961 & 13, 543 & 30,652 & 44, 195 & 1.708, 156 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 31, 907 & 1,588, 443 & 1, 620, 350 & 17,582 & 108, 267 & 125, 849 & 1,746, 199 \\
\hline April, 1885 & 43, 788 & 119, 742 & 163, 530 & 62, 241 & 162,985 & 225, 226 & 388, 756 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 403, 482 & 48, 410 & 451, 892 & 66, 157 & 103, 937 & 170, 094 & 621, 986 \\
\hline June, 1885. & 59, 102 & 12,549 & 71, 651 & 85,776 & 63, 163 & 148,939 & 220,590 \\
\hline Total & 2, 704, 113 & 13, 100, 483 & 15, 804, 596 & 553, 334 & 1,646,491 & 2, 199, 825 & 18, 004, 421 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{san francisco.} \\
\hline Jul ז, 1884 & 4,618 & 3514.4 & 39, 762 & 2,175 & 84, 426 & 86,601 & 126, 363 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 22,311 & 9, 674 & 31,985 & 2, 218 & 153, 619 & 155, 837 & 187, 822 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 9,225 & 24,333 & 33, 558 & 4,564. & 150, 750 & 155, 314 & 188, 872 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 22, 498 & 11, 225 & 33, 723 & 15,978 & 269, 715 & 285, 693 & 319,416 \\
\hline Noromber, 1884 & 5,760 & 12, 100 & 17, 860 & 1, 096 & 321, 275 & 522, 371 & 340, 231 \\
\hline December, 1884 & 16, 108 & 162, 536 & 178, 639 & 40,535 & 168, 279 & 208, 814 & 387, 453 \\
\hline January, 1885 & 19,800 & 643, 255 & 663, 055 & 29, 785 & 219,998 & 249, 783 & 912, 838 \\
\hline February, 1885 & 15,1.95 & 67, 514 & 82, 709 & 2, 355 & 243, 511 & 245, 866 & 328, 575 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 3,985 & 51,040 & 55, 025 & 500 & 90, 904 & 91, 404 & 14fi, 429 \\
\hline April. 1885 & 3, 450 & 31,694 & 35, 144 & 1., 510 & 158, 481 & 159,991 & 195, 135 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 23,563 & 13,933 & 37, 496 & 2, 803 & 85, 108 & 87, 911 & 125, 407 \\
\hline Jume, 1885 & 10,630 & 44, 042 & 54, 672 & 3, 067 & 119,638 & 122, 705 & 177, 377 \\
\hline Total & 157, 138 & 1, 106,490 & 1, 263, 628 & 106, 586 & 2, 065, 704 & 2, 172, 290 & 3,435,918 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 275 & 11, 823 & 12,098 & 2, 200 & 513, 007 & 515, 207 & 527; 305 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 9,000 & 14, 084 & 23, 084 & 3,454 & 500, 450 & 503, 904 & 526,988 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 12, 064 & 12,004. & & 458, 192 & 458, 192 & 470, 256 \\
\hline October, 1884 & & 14,983 & 14, 983 & 671 & 1, 770, 784 & 1, 771, 455 & 1,786,438 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 2, 190 & 10, 356 & 12, 546 & 1,346 & 668219 & 669, 565 & 682.111 \\
\hline Decomber, 1884. & 3,155 & 116, 951 & 120, 106 . & & 689, 414 & 689, 414 & 809, 520 \\
\hline January, 1885 & 590 & 37,788 & 38, 378 & 375 & 494, 180 & 494, 535 & 533, 933 \\
\hline February, 1885 & 1,263 & 34,606 & 35, 869 & 845 & 396, 976 & 397, 821. & 433, 690 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 1,584 & 5, 304 & 6,888 & 1, 910 & 1, 209,485 & 1, 211, 395, & 1, 218,284 \\
\hline April, 1885 & 469, 479 & 4,948 & 474, 427 & .1,627 & 680, 705 & 682, 332 & 1,156,759 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 1,297 & 11, 096 & 12,393 & 627 & - 60,742 & 61,369 & 73,762 \\
\hline June, 1885. & 2,006 & 9,393 & 11, 399 & 951 & 191,968 & 192, 919 & 204, 318 \\
\hline - Total. & 490, 839 & 283, 396 & 774, 235 & 14, 006 & 7, 634, 122 & 7, 648, 128 & 8, 422, 363 \\
\hline Total Imports, Coin. & 3,352, 090 & 14, 490, 369 & 17, 842, 459 & 673, 926 & 11, 346, 317 & 12, 020, 243 & \[
39,862,702
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continued.

EXPORTS (DOMESTIC).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Customs district.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{coin.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow{3}{*}{Total gold and silver.} \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{American.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Foreign.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{American.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} & \\
\hline & & & & Trade. & Other. & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW YORK.} \\
\hline July, 1884 & \$106, 531 & & \$106, 531 & \$51, 200 & \$35, 000 & \$86, 200 & \$192, \(731^{\circ}\) \\
\hline August, 1884 & 64, 254 & & 64, 254 & 157, 000 & 27, 302 & 184, 302 & 248, 556 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 21, 480 & & 21,480 & 70,000 & 4, 892 & 74, 892 & 96, 372 \\
\hline October, 1884. & 70,530 & & 70, 530 & & 4, 71.1 & 4711 & 75, 241 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 86, 983 & & 86, 983 & 100, 000 & 4,500. & 104,500 & 191, 483 \\
\hline December, 1884 & 64, 501 & & 64, 501 & & 1, 000 & 1,000. & 65, 501 \\
\hline January, 1885 & 143, 874 & & 143, 874 & & 25,800 & 25, 800 & 160, 674 \\
\hline Tebruary, 1885 & 55, 232 & & 55, 232 & & 500 & 500 & 55,732 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 105, 509 & & 105, 509 & 440, 100 & 10,900 & 451, 000 & 556, 509 \\
\hline April, 1885 & 35, 260 & & 35, 260 & 186, 000 & & 186, 000 & 221, 260 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 98,490 & & 98,490 & 51,300 & 14, 400 & 65, 700 & 164, 190 \\
\hline June, 1885 & 106, 709 & & 106, 709 & & 2, 400 & 2,400 & 109, 109 \\
\hline Tetal & 959, 353 & .... & 959, 353 & 1, 055, 600 & 131,405 & 1, 187, 005 & 2, 146, 358 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{san francibco.} \\
\hline July, 1884.................. & 41, 748 & & 41, 748 & 5, 200 & & 5,200 & 40,948 \\
\hline Angust, 1884. & 25, 550 & & 25, 550 & 12,350 & & 12, 350 & 37, 900 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 53, 650 & & 53,650 & & 1,750 & .1, 750 & 55, 400 \\
\hline October, 1884. & 103, 260 & & 103, 260 & & ..... & & 103, 260 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 43,360 & & 43,360 & & & & 43,360 \\
\hline Deceubler, 1884 & 139, 735 & & 139, 735 & & & & 139, 735 \\
\hline January, 1885 & 30, 430 & & 30, 430 & & & & 30,430 \\
\hline February, 1885. & 22, 223 & & 22, 223 & & & & 22, 223 \\
\hline March, 1885 & 79,600 & & 79,600 & & & & 79, 600 \\
\hline April, 1885 & 104, 285 & & 104, 285 & & & & 104, 285 \\
\hline May, 1885 & 64, 790 & & 64, 790 & & & & 64,790 \\
\hline June, 1885 & 102, 425 & & 102, 425 & & & & 102, 425 \\
\hline Total & 811, 056 & & 811, 056 & 17,550 & 1,750 & 19,300 & 830,356 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
all other districts. \\
July, 1884 \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 200 & & ¢00 & & 1,000 & 1,000 & 1,200 \\
\hline August, 1884. & 75, 000 & & 75, 000 & & & ......... & 75, 000 \\
\hline September, 1884............. & 200 & & 200 & & 100 & 100 & 300 \\
\hline October, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline November, 1884 & & & & & & & . \\
\hline December, 1884 & & & & . & & & \\
\hline January, 1885 ............. & & & & & & & \\
\hline February, 1885 : ........... & & & & & & & \\
\hline March, 1885................ & & & & & & & \\
\hline April, 1885................. & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1885 & & & & & & & \\
\hline June, 1885 & 500, 000 & & 500, 000 & & 4, 222 & 4, 222 & 504, 222 \\
\hline Total . & 575, 400 & & 575, 400 & & 5,322 & 5,322 & 580, 722 \\
\hline Total Coin (Domestic Exports). & 2, 345, 809 & & 2, 345, 809 & 11,073, 150 & 138,477 & 1,211, 627 & 3, 557, 436 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND
SILVER, \&C.--Continued.
EXPORTS (FOREIGN).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{bullion.} & \multirow{3}{*}{Total gold and silver bullion.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{- Silver.} & \\
\hline & Bars. & Other ballion. & Total. & Bars. & Other bullion. & Total. & \\
\hline new york. & & & & & & & - \\
\hline Jul \({ }_{5}{ }^{\text {, }} 1884\) & & & & \$7,300 & & \$7, 300 & \$7,300 \\
\hline Angust, 1884 & & & & 500 & & 500 & - 500 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & & & 37, 920 & & 37, 920 & 37, 920 \\
\hline October, \(1884 .\). & & & & & & & \\
\hline November, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Décember, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1885. & & & & & & & \\
\hline February, 1885. & & & & & & & \\
\hline March, 1885 .. & & & & & & & \\
\hline A pril, 1885 & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1885 . & & & & & & & \\
\hline June, 1885. & & & & . & & & \\
\hline 'Total. & . & & & 45, 720 & .......... & 45, 720 & 45, 720 \\
\hline san francisco. & - & & & & & & \\
\hline July, \(1884 .\). & & & & & & & \\
\hline August, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline September, 1884 & & & & & & . & .......... \\
\hline October, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Norember, 1884 & & & & & \$12,750 & 12,750 & 12, 750 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1885 . & & & & & & & \\
\hline February, 1885.. & & & & & & & \\
\hline March, 1885 & & & & & & & \\
\hline April, 1885 .. & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1885... & & & & & & & \\
\hline June, 1885 . & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total.. & ......... & ......... & & & 12,750 & 12,750 & 12,750 \\
\hline acl other ports. & & & & & & & \\
\hline July, 1884. & & & & & & & ..... \\
\hline August, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline September, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline October, \(1884 \ldots\) & & & & ........ & & & \\
\hline November, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline December, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1885. & & & & & & & \\
\hline February, 1885... & & & & & & & .......... \\
\hline March, 1885...... & & & & & & & ...:..... \\
\hline A pril, 1885.... & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1885.... & & & & & & & ......... \\
\hline June, \(1885 . .\). & & & & & & & ......... \\
\hline Total..... & ....... & & & & & ..... & ..... \\
\hline Total Bullion(Foreign Exports) & & & & 45,720 & 12, 750 & 58;470 & 58,470 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continued.
}

EXPORTS (FOREIGN):


2673 F——18

\section*{XLII.-STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1884.}
[Reported by Chief of Burean of Statistics.]
IMPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{bullion.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver bullion.} \\
\hline & Bars. & Other bullion. & Total. & Bars. & \[
0 \text { ther }
\]
bullion. & Total. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW YORK.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & \$1, 200 & \$12, 844 & \$14, 044 & \$23, 020 & \$140 & \$23, 160 & \$37, 204 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 3,006 & 15,939 & 18,945 & 3,330 & & 3, 330 & 22, 275 \\
\hline March, 1884 & 3, 240 & 0, 274 & 12,514 & & 2,000 & 2,000 & 14, 514 \\
\hline April, 1884. & 5,855 & 13, 088 & 18,943 & 321 & 6,600 & 6, 921 & 25, 864 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 1,475 & 11, 599 & 13, 074 & 1,520 & 7,890 & 9,410 & 22, 484 \\
\hline June, 1884 & 3,182 & 22,708 & 25, 890 & 910 & 8,300 & 9, 210 & 35, 100 \\
\hline July, 1884. & 732, 975 & 18, 929 & 751, 904 & 2,376 & 8,464 & 10,840. & 762, 744 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 1, 466, 885 & 12,831 & 1, 479, 716 & 300 & 11,200 & 11, 500 & 1, 491, 216 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 70, 085 & 13, 647 & 83,732 & 1,455 & 14, 000 & 15, 455 & 99,187 \\
\hline Oćtober, 1884 & 1, 451, 223 & 16, 272 & 1, 467, 495 & 462 & 27,676 & 28, 138 & 1, 495, 633 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 3, 416, 834 & 251, 550 & 3, 668, 384 & 17,625 & 935. & 18,560 & 3, 686, 944 \\
\hline December, 1884 & 62, 644 & 25, 731 & 88,375 & & 271 & 271 & 88, 646 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Total \(\qquad\) \\
gan francisco.
\end{tabular}} & 7, 218,604 & 424, 412 & 7, 643, 016 & . 51,319 & 87, 476 & 138, 795 & 7, 781, 811 \\
\hline & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1884. & & 102, 992 & 102, 992 & 4,000 & 150,326 & 154,326 & 257, 318 \\
\hline February, 1884 & & 63, 020 & 63, 020 & 5,200 & 143, 766 & 148, 966 & 211, 986 \\
\hline March, 1884 & & 13, 050 & 13, 050 & & 187, 513 & 187, 513 & 200, 563 \\
\hline April, 1884. & & 35,606 & 35,606 & & 149,553 & 149, 553 & 185, 159 \\
\hline May, 1884 & & 32, 200 & 32, 200 & 8,775 & 191, 967 & 200, 742 & 232, 942 \\
\hline June, 1884 & & 39, 028 & 39, 028 & & 97, 112 & 97, 112 & 136, 140 \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 88, 117 & 88, 117 & 1,000 & 150,894 & 151, 894 & 240, 011 \\
\hline August, 1884 & & 40, 060 & 40, 060 & 100, 505 & 91, 488 & 192, 083 & 232, 143 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 66, 953 & 66, 953 & 67. 805 & 89,475 & 157, 280 & 224, 233 \\
\hline October, 1884 & & 63, 789 & 63, 789 & 161,762 & & 161, 762 & 225, 551 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 120, 801 & 120, 801 & 16, 218 & 78, 073 & 94, 291 & 215, 092 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 71, 402 & 71, 402 & & 203, 900 & 203, 900 & 275, 302 \\
\hline Total. & & 737, 018 & 737, 018 & 365, 355 & 1, 534, 067 & 1, 899, 422 & 2, 636, 440 \\
\hline all other ports. & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1884 & 5,687 & 1,184 & 6, 871 & 18,107 & 50,176 & 68, 283 & 75, 154 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 1,500 & 1,196 & 2,696 & 1,973 & 20,901. & 22,874 & 25,570 \\
\hline March, 1884 & & 2, 400 & 2,400 & 33, 806 & 25, 600 & 59,406 & 61,806 \\
\hline A pril, 1884. & 35,545 & 8,439 & 43,984 & 51, 202 & 19, 188 & 70, 390 & 114, 374 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 35,220 & 16,097 & 51, 317 & 33, 626 & 17,837 & 51, 463 & 102, 780 \\
\hline June, 1884 & 450 & 5,145 & 5,595 & 48,736 & 28, 044 & 76, 780 & 82, 375 \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 115, 171 & 115, 171 & 55, 261 & 39,638 & 94, 899 & 210, 070 \\
\hline Augast, 1884 & 8, 000 & 31, 402 & 39,402 & 42, 161 & 28,838 & 70,999 & 110,401 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 450 & 19,520 & 19,970 & 14, 652 & 13, 377 & 28, 029 & 47, 999 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 6,928 & 45,800 & 52, 728 & 157, 770 & 86,775 & 244, 545 & 297, 273 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 21, 345 & 21, 345 & 35, 573 & 66, 598 & 102, 171 & 123, 516 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 6,000 & 6,000 & 195, 124 & 133,758 & 328, 882 & 334, 882 \\
\hline Tetal & 93,780 & 273, 699 & 367, 479 & 687, 991 & 530,730 & 1, 218,721 & 1,586, 200 \\
\hline Total Imports, Bullion & 7, 312,384 & 1,435,129 & 8,747, 513 & 1, 104, 665 & 2,152,273 & 3, 256, 938 & 12, 004, 451 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continued.

IMPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{COIN.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{tiold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver coin.} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ameri. \\
can.
\end{tabular} & Foreign. & Total. & American.* & Foreign. & Total. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW YORK.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & \$14, 268 & \$32, 375 & \$46, 643 & \$50,364 & \$404, 231 & \$454, 595 & \$501, 238 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 24, 165 & 12,845 & 37, 010 & 55, 051 & 334, 508 & 389, 559 & 426,569 \\
\hline March, 1884 & 17,830 & 179, 181 & 197, 011 & 141, 554 & 233, 381 & 374, 935 & 571, 946 \\
\hline April, 1884 & 11, 518 & 2, 736, 335 & 2, 747, 853 & 25,926 & 198, 076 & 224, 002 & 2,971,855 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 119, 067 & 142, 295 & 261, 362 & 22, 474 & 208, 125 & 230, 599 & 491,961 \\
\hline June, 1884. & 59, 951 & 1,932, 830 & 1,992, 781 & 36,415 & 216, 762 & 253, 177 & 2, 245, 958 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 162,972 & 1, 113, 079 & 1, 276, 051 & 34,462 & 311,115 & 345, 577 & 1, 621, 628 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 248,932 & 895, 121 & 1, 144, 053 & 73,568 & 240, 266 & 313, 834 & 1, 457, 887 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 275, 627 & 985, 768 & 1, 261, 395 & 38,720 & 151,455 & 190, 175 & 1, 451, 570 \\
\hline October, 1884... & 153, 024 & 665, 660 & 818, 684 & 48,316 & 203, 227 & 251, 543 & 1,070, 227 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 837, 0.10 & 3,514, 958 & 4, 351, 968 & 47, 906. & 11.0, 381 & 158, 287 & 4, 510, 255 \\
\hline December, 1884. & 289, 549 & 1, 477, 728 & .1,767, 277 & 34, 161 & 106, 048 & 140, 209 & 1,907, 486 \\
\hline Total. & 213,913 & 13, 688, 175 & 15, 902, 088 & 608, 917 & 2,717,575 & 3, 326, 492 & 19,228, 580 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{ban francisco.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & 3,860 & 348, 023 & 351, 883 & 4,297 & 149,756 & 154, 053 & 505,936 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 1, 029 & 150, 132 & 151, 161 & 2, 200 & 133, 500 & 135,700 & 286, 861 \\
\hline March, 1884 & 2,000 & 113, 099 & 115, 099 & 1,208 & 180,718 & 181, 926 & 297, 025 \\
\hline April, 1884 & 6,900 & 152, 850 & 159, 750 & 14, 890 & 153,933 & 168, 823 & 328, 573 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 1, 185 & 52,867 & 54, 052 & 2,147 & 106, 073 & 108, 220 & 162, 272 \\
\hline June, 1884 & 2,800 & 4,902 & 7, 702 & 1,329 & 92, 574 & 93,903 & 101, 605 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 4,618 & 35, 144 & 39,762 & 2,175 & 84,426 & 86, 601 & 126, 363 \\
\hline August, \(1884 \ldots\) & 22,311 & 9,674 & 31, 985 & 2,218 & 153, 619 & 155, 837 & 187, 822 \\
\hline September, 1884 . & 9,225 & 24,333 & 33, 558 & 4,564 & 150, 750 & 155, 314 & 188,872 \\
\hline October, 1884. & 22,498 & 11,225 & 33,723 & 15,978 & 269, 715 & 285, 693 & 319, 416 \\
\hline November, 1884 .. & 5,760 & 12, 100 & 17,860 & 1,096 & 321, 275 & 322, 371 & 340, 231 \\
\hline December, 1884.. & 16, 103 & 162, 536 & 178, 639 & 40,535 & 168, 279 & 208, 814 & 387, 453 \\
\hline Total & 98,289 & 1, 076, 885 & 1, 175, 174 & 92,687 & 1, 964, 618 & 2,057, 255 & 3,232,429 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{ALL OTHER PORTB.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & & 2,980 & 2,980 & 6,692 & 302, 126 & 308, 818 & 311, 798 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 147, 500 & 1,972 & 149, 472 & 1,600 & 174, 026 & 175, 626 & 325, 098 \\
\hline March, 1884 & 561, 020 & 2,107 & 563, 127 & 793 & 397, 101 & 397, 894 & 961, 021 \\
\hline April, 1884 & 2,163 & 2,130 & 4, 298 & 400 & 386, 186 & 386, 586 & 390,879 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 1, 207, 990 & 6,536 & 1, 214, 526 & 1, 906 & 464, 355 & 466,261 & 1,680, 787 \\
\hline June, 1884. & 1, 638 & 1, 965 & 3,603 & 4,534 & 516,636 & 521, 170 & 524, 773 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 275 & 11, 823 & 12,098 & 2,200 & 513, 007 & 515, 207 & 527, 305 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 9, 000 & 14, 084 & 23, 084 & 3,454 & 500, 450 & 503, 904 & 526, 988 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 12,064 & 12, 064 & & 458, 192 & 458, 192 & 470, 256 \\
\hline October, 1884 & & 14,983 & 14, 383 & 671 & 1, 770,784 & 1, 771, 455 & 1,786, 438 \\
\hline November, 1884 .. & 2,190 & 10,356 & 12, 546 & 1, 346 & 668, 219 & 669, 565 & 682, 111 \\
\hline December, 1884. & 3,155 & 116,951 & 120, 106 & & 689,414 & 689,414 & 809, 520 \\
\hline Total. & 1,934, 931 & 197, 951 & 2, 132, 882 & 23,596 & 6,840,496 & 6,864, 092 & 8,996, 974 \\
\hline Total Imports, Coin........ & 4, 247, 133 & 14, 963, 011 & 19, 210, 144 & 725, 150 & 11, 522, 689 & 12, 247, 839 & 31, 457, 983 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*Imports of silver coin classified as "American" and "Foreign." Trade dollars not separately stated during 1884.

\title{
STATEMENT OF MANIEESTED IMPOR'S AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Coutinued. \\ EXPORTS (DOMESTIC).
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Customs districts.} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{bullion.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver.} \\
\hline & Onited
States
mintoras.
sayoftice. & Other bullion. & Total. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { United } \\
\text { States } \\
\text { mintoras- } \\
\text { say office- }
\end{gathered}
\] & Other bullion. & Total. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{NEW YORK.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & & \$3, 000 & \$3,000 & & \$867, 636 & \$867, 636 & \$870, 636 \\
\hline February, 1884 & & 6, 000 & 6,000 & & 1, 114, 010 & 1, 114, 010 & 1,120, 010 \\
\hline March, 1884. & \$6,372,362 & 3,000 & 6,375,362 & & 794, 137 & 794, 137 & 7, 169,499. \\
\hline April, 1884 & 16,207,279 & & 16,207,279 & \$1,400 & 582, 654 & 584, 054 & 16, 791, 333 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 368,876 & 2,800 & 371,676 & 8,422 & 683, 063 & 691, 485 & 1, 063, 161 \\
\hline June, 1884 & & 2, 240 & 2,240 & 655,606 & & 655, 606 & 657, 846 \\
\hline Juls, 1884 & 1,772 & & 1,772 & & 943, 495 & 943, 495 & 945, 267 \\
\hline August, 1884 & & 2, 750 & 2,750 & & 1, 100, 265 & 1, 100, 265 & 1, 103, 015 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 1,300 & 1,300 & & 767, 034 & 767, 034 & 768, 334 \\
\hline October, 1884. & & 3,800 & 3,800 & & 799, 239 & 799, 239 & 803, 039 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 6,500 & 6,500 & & 792, 238 & 792, 238 & 798,738 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 12,300 & 12,300 & 382, 400 & 1, 359, 339 & 11,741, 739 & 1,754,039 \\
\hline Tótal. & 22,950,289 & 43, 690 & 22,093,979 & 1, 047, 828 & 9, 803, 110 & 10,850,938 & 33, 844, 917 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{san francisco.} \\
\hline January, 1884 & & 45, 696 & 45;696 & & 680, 275 & 680, 275 & 725, 971 \\
\hline February, 1884 & & & & 100, 000 & 488, 168 & 588, 168 & 588, 168 \\
\hline March, 1884 & & & & 50, 550 & 237, 310 & 287, 860 & 287, 860 \\
\hline April, 1884 & & 213 & 213 & 150, 200 & 468, 226 & 618, 426 & 618,639 \\
\hline May, 1884 & & 1,549 & 1,549 & 345, 000 & 160,800 & 505,800 & 507, 349 \\
\hline June, 1884 & & 1,217 & 1,217 & 100, 000 & 342, 100 & 442, 100 & 443, 317 \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 3,855 & 3,855 & 90, 000 & 785, 881 & 875, 881 & 879, 736 \\
\hline August, \(188 \pm\) & & 3,199 & 3,199 & 71, 000 & 416, 200 & 487, 200 & 490, 399 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 720 & 720 & 194, 000 & 515, 621 & 709, 621 & 710, 341 \\
\hline October, 1884. & & 11, 680 & 11, 680 & ......... & 550, 173 & 550, 173 & 561, 853 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 1,686 & ], 686 & & 452, 700 & 452, 700 & 454, 386 \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 2,458 & 2, 458 & & 865, 555 & 865,555 & 868, 013 \\
\hline Total & & 72,273 & 72,273 & 1, 100, 750 & 5, 963, 009 & 7,063,759 & 7, 136, 032 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{all other dibtricts.} \\
\hline February, 1884......... & & & & & & & \\
\hline March, 1884. & & & & & & & \\
\hline April, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Jume, 1884.. & & & .-. & & & & \\
\hline July, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline August, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline September, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline October, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline November, 1884 & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Dccember, 1884.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Total.} \\
\hline Total Domestic Ex ports Builion...... & .22,950,289 & 115, 963 & 23,066,252 & 2, 148, 578 & 15,766,119 & 17,914,697 & 10, 980, 949 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continned.

EXPORTS. (DOMESTIC).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Customs districts.} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{coin.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Silver.} & \multirow{3}{*}{Total gold and silver.} \\
\hline & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{American.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Foreign.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{American.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{For. eign.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} & \\
\hline & & & & Trade. & Other.. & & & \\
\hline NEW YORK. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1884 & . \(\$ 60,895\) & & \$60, 895 & & & & & \$60, 895 \\
\hline February, 1884. & 2, 263, 224 & & 2, 263, 224 & & \$3,450 & & \$3, 450 & 2, 266, 674 \\
\hline March, \(1884 . .\). & 4, 060,303 & & \(\cdot 4,060,303\) & \$25, 000 & 16,017 & & 41,017 & 4, 101, 320 \\
\hline April, 1884 & 3, 638,632 & & 3, 638, 632 & \(\therefore\) & & & & 3, 638, 632 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 431,900 & & 431, 900 & & 1,000 & & 1, 000 & 432,900 \\
\hline June, 1884 & 67, 000 & & 67, 000 & & & & & 67, 000 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 106, 531 & & 106, 531 & 51, 200 & 35, 000 & & 86, 200 & 192, 731 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 64, 254 & & 64, 254 & 157, 000 & 27, 302 & & 184, 302 & 248, 556 \\
\hline September, 1884. & 21, 480 & & 21, 480 & 70,000 & 4, 892 & & 74,892 & 96, 372 \\
\hline October, 1884.... & 70,530 & & 70, 530 & & 4,711 & & 4,711 & 75, 241 \\
\hline November, 1884 & 86, 983 & & 86, 983 & 100, 000 & 4,500 & & 104, 500 & 191, 483 \\
\hline December, 1884 & 64, 501 & & 64,501 & & 1,000 & & 1, 000 & 65,501 \\
\hline Total & 10,936, 233 & & 10,936, 233 & 403, 200 & 97,872 & & 501, 072 & 11, 437, 305 \\
\hline ban francisco. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Jaunary, 1884. & 12, 525 & & 12,525 & & 350 & & 350 & 12,875 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 35, 715 & & 35, 715 & & & & & 35, 715 \\
\hline March, 1884. & 24,550 & & 24,550 & & & & & 24, 550 \\
\hline April, 1884 & 23, 675 & & 23, 675 & & & & & 23, 675 \\
\hline May, 1884. & 47, 005 & & 47, 005 & & & & & 47,005 \\
\hline June, 1884. & 15, 648 & & 15, 648 & & & & & 15,648 \\
\hline July, \(1884 .\). & 41,748 & & 41,748 & 5,200 & & & 5,200 & 46, 948 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 25, 550 & & 25,550 & 12, 350 & & & 12,350 & 37, 900 \\
\hline September, 1884. & 53, 650 & & 53, 650 & & 1,750 & & 1,750 & 55, 400 \\
\hline October, 1884. & 103, 260 & & 103, 260 & & & & & 103, 260 \\
\hline November, 1884. & 43, 360 & ..... & 43, 360 & & & & & 43, 360 \\
\hline December, 1884 & 139, 735 & & 139, 735 & & & & & 139,735 \\
\hline Total & 566, 421 & & 566, 421 & 17, 550 & 2, 100 & ...... & 19,650 & 586,071 \\
\hline all othier districts. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January, 1884 & & & & & 448 & & - 448 & 448 \\
\hline February, 1884....... & & & . & & & & & \\
\hline March, 1884 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline April, 1884 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline May, 1884. & 300, 000 & & 300, 000 & & 159 & & 159 & 300, 159 \\
\hline June, 1884. & 100 & & 100 & & & & & 100 \\
\hline July, \(1884 \ldots \ldots .\). & 200 & & 200 & & 1, 000 & & 1,000 & 1,200 \\
\hline August, 1884.. & 75, 000 & ..... & 75, 000 & & & & & 75, 000 \\
\hline September, 1884 & 200 & & 200 & & 100 & & 100 & 300 \\
\hline October, 1884... & & & & & & & & \\
\hline November, \(1884 . .\). & & & & & & & & \\
\hline December, \(1884 . .\). & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total & 375, 500 & & 375,500 & & 1,707 & & 1,707 & 377, 207 \\
\hline Total Domestic Exports, Coin & 11, 878, 1.54 & & 11, 878, 154 & 420,750 & 101,679 & & 522,429. & 12,400, 583 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OF MANIFES'EED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \& \(\boldsymbol{\alpha} C .-C o n t i n u e d\).

EXPORTS (FOREIGN).

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPOR'TS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continued. \\
EXPORTS (FOREIGN).
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Ports.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{coin.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total gold and silver coin.} \\
\hline & Gold. & Silver. & \\
\hline NEW YORE. & & & \\
\hline January, 1884 & \$5,000 & \$487, 346 & \$492, 346 \\
\hline February, 1884 & 1,106,218 & 324, 600 & 1,430,818 \\
\hline March, 1884 & 1,763, 820 & 359, 256 & 2, 123, 176 \\
\hline Aprill, 1884 & 1, 176, 926 & 229, 268 & 11, 406, 194 \\
\hline May, 1884 & 1, 559, 734 & 249, 700 & 1, 809,434 \\
\hline June, 1884. & 44,900 & 241, 897 & 286, 797 \\
\hline July, 1884 & 5,000 & 207, 320 & 212, 320 \\
\hline August, 1884 & 4,866 & 326, 818 & 331, 684 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 236, 820 & 236, 820 \\
\hline October, 1884 & 1,500 & 209, 491 & 210,981 \\
\hline November, 1884 & - & 291, 814 & 291, 814 \\
\hline December, 1884. & 1,563 & 222, 614 & 224, 177 \\
\hline Total & 5, 669, 627 & 3, 386, 944 & 9, 056, 571 \\
\hline January, 1884 & 24, 250 & 264, 652 & 288,902 \\
\hline February, 1884 & & 298, 179 & 298, 179 \\
\hline March, 1884 & & 588, 696 & 588, 696 \\
\hline April, 1884 & ..... & 618, 147 & 618, 147 \\
\hline Mas, 1884 & & 530, 348 & 530, 348 \\
\hline June, 1884. & & 433, 627 & 433, 627 \\
\hline July, 1884 & & 734, 262 & 734, 262 \\
\hline August, 1884 & & 383, 320 & 383, 320 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & 1,501, 905 & 1,501, 905 \\
\hline Octobor, 1884. & 1, 763 & 1, 005, 038 & 1, 006,801 \\
\hline November, 1884 & & 500, 899 & 500, 899 \\
\hline December, 1884 & & 1,020, 868 & 1, 020, 868 \\
\hline Total & . 26,013 & 7, 879, \(941{ }^{\circ}\) & 7, 305, 954 \\
\hline all othbr ports. & & & \\
\hline January, 1884......... & & 9,688 & 9,688 \\
\hline February, 1884 & & 15, 410 & 15,410 \\
\hline March, 1884 & & 17,137 & 17, 137 \\
\hline A pril, 1884. & 800 & & 800 \\
\hline May, 1884. & & 2,482 & 2, 482 \\
\hline June, 1884... & & 3,500 & 3,500 \\
\hline July, 1884 ........... & & & \\
\hline August, 1884 & & 4,400 & 4,400 \\
\hline September, 1884 & & & \\
\hline October, 1884 & & 5,000 & 5,000 \\
\hline November, 1884. & & & \\
\hline December, 1884. & & 19,750 & 19,750 \\
\hline Total. & & 77, 367 & 78, 167 \\
\hline Total Foreign Exports (Coin) & 5, 696, 440 & 11, 344, 252 & 17,040, 692 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT OF MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, \&C.-Continued.}

Recapitulation.
IMPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description. & Gold. & Silver. & Total. \\
\hline Bullion & \$8, 747, 513 & \$3, 256, 938 & \$12, 004, 451 \\
\hline Foreign coin & 14, 963, 011 & 11, 522, 689 & 26, 485, 700 \\
\hline Total. & 23, 710,524 & 14, 779, 627 & 38, 490, 151 \\
\hline American coin & 4, 247, 133 & 725, 150 & 4,972, 283 \\
\hline Total bullion and coin & 27, 957, 657 & 15, 504, 777 & 43, 462, 434 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

EXPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Domestic bullion & \$23, 066, 252 & \$17, 914, 697 & \$40,980, 949 \\
\hline Foreign bullion & 2,400 & 87, 370 & 89.770 \\
\hline Foreign coin & 5,696, 440 & 11,344, 252 & 17, 040,692 \\
\hline Total & 28, 765, 092 & 29,346, 319 & 58,111,411 \\
\hline American coin & 11,878, 154 & *522,429 & 12, 400, 583 \\
\hline Total bullion and coin & 40,643, 246 & \(29,868,738\) & 70,511, 994 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* Includes 420,750 trade-dollers:
' ExCESS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Bullion and foreign cuin :} \\
\hline Exports, excess & \$5, 054, 568 & \$14, 566, 692 & \$33, 368, 458 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{American coin :} \\
\hline Imports, excess & & 202,721 & \\
\hline Exports, excess & 7,631, 021 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

KHMR.—STATEMEN' SHOWING THE IMPORTS INTO THE CUSTOMS DISTRICT OF NEW ORLEANS OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN AND BULLION, DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1885:
[Reported by Chief of Burean of Statistics.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Countries.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{GOLD.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{SILVER.} & \multirow{3}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & \multirow{2}{*}{Bars.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Other
bullion.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Coin.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Bars.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Other bullion.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{, Coin.} & \\
\hline & & & Aneri. can. & For. eign. & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A meri- } \\
& \text { Can. }
\end{aligned}
\] & For. eign. & \\
\hline Mexico.. & & & & \$4,537 & & & \$892 & \$34, 642 & \$40, 071 \\
\hline All other countries.. & \$20,569 & \$41, 463 & \$500 & & & \$311 & 2,710 & 53, 773 & 119,386 \\
\hline Total. & 20,569 & 41,463 & 500 & 4,537 & & 311. & 3,602 & 88, 475 & 159,457 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
XLIV.-MANIFESTED IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER aT SAN TRANCISCO DURING CALENDAR YEAR 1884.

IMPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Source. & Silver bullion. & Trade. dollars. & Silver coin. & Gold bullion. & Gold coin. & Total. \({ }^{\text {. }}\) \\
\hline French Poss., all other. & & & \$34, 931 & & \$3,800 & \$38,731 \\
\hline British Columbia & & & & \$654, 775 & 22,671 & 677, 446 \\
\hline British Poss, in Australasia. & & & & 66,002 & 394, 385 & 460, 387 \\
\hline Hawaiian Islands. & & & 467,701 & & 85,545 & 553, 246 \\
\hline Japan & & & 11, 222 & & 645, 769 & 656, 991 \\
\hline Mexico & \$1, 890, 222 & & 1, 513,396 & 12,641 & 23, 044 & 3, 439,303 \\
\hline Peru. & 9, 200 & ....... & & & & 9, 200 \\
\hline Central American States & & & 25, 932 & 1,800 & 1,760 & 29,492 \\
\hline China. & & & 4,073 & & & 4, 073 \\
\hline Tota & 1, 899, 422 & & 2,057, 255 & 735, 218 & 1,176, 974 & 5,868,869 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

EXPORTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Source. & Domestic silver ballion. & Tradedollars. & Silver coin. & Gold bullion. & Gold coin. & Foreign gold coin. & Total. \\
\hline Hong.Kong & \$4,656.953 & \$17, 550 & *\$7, 423,093 & \$27, 273 & \$450, 788 & & \$12, 575, 657 \\
\hline Hawaian Islands & & & +1, 000, 250 & & 145, 000 & \$24, 250 & 1, 175, 500 \\
\hline Mexico & & & & & 4,378 & & 4,378 \\
\hline Japan & 1, 144, 306 & & 445, 961 & & 1,763 & & 1,592,030 \\
\hline French Poss., all other ... & & & 10,275 & & & & 10,275 \\
\hline Central American States. & & & & & 11, 255 & & 11,255 \\
\hline United States of Colombia & & & 1,750 & & & & 1,750 \\
\hline East Indies............. & 273, 500 & & & & & & 273, 500 \\
\hline Other islands and poits & & & 5,900 & & & & 5,900 \\
\hline Total. & 6, 074, 759 & 17,550 & 8,893, 229 & 27, 273 & 613, 184 & 24,250 & 15, 650, 245 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* Mexican.
}
\(\dagger\) Hawaiian.

\section*{XLV.-** WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.}
[Compiled from official statistics furnished by the
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Coun} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1882.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Silrer.} \\
\hline & Kilos. & Dollars. & Kilos. & Dollars. \\
\hline United States. & 48,902 & 32, 500, 000 & 1,126,083 & 46,800, 000 \\
\hline Ruśsia & 35, 913 & 23, 867, 935 & 7,781 & 323, 427 \\
\hline Anstralia & 43,550 & 28, 943, 217 & 2,475 & 102, 878 \\
\hline Mexico. & 1,409 & 936, 223 & 703, 508 & 29, 237, 798 \\
\hline Germany & 376 & 249,890 & 214, 082 & 8,934, 652 \\
\hline Austria-Hungary. & b1,580 & 1, 050,068 & b47, 118 & 1,858, 224 \\
\hline Sweden & 17 & 11,298 & 1,500 & 62,350 \\
\hline Norway & & & 5,893 & 244,954 \\
\hline Italy & d109 & '72,375 & \(d 432\) & 17,949 \\
\hline Spain... & & & e74, 500 & 3,096, 220 \\
\hline Tarkey & 10 & 6, 646 & 2,164 & 89,916 \\
\hline Argentine Repablic & \(f 118\) & 78,546 & f10, 109 & 420, 225 \\
\hline Colombia. & 5,802 & 3,850,000 & 18,283 & 760, 000 \\
\hline Bolivia & \(g 109\) & 72, 375 & g264, 677 & 11,000,000 \\
\hline Chili & 245 & 163, 000 & 128, 106 & 5, 325, 000 \\
\hline Brazil & g1, 116 & 741, 694 & & \\
\hline Japan. & |1952 & ||632, 520 & ||21, 121 & ||877, 772 \\
\hline Africa. & a3, 000 & 1,993,800 & & \\
\hline Venezuela & 3,904 & 2, 595, 077 & & \\
\hline Dominion of Canada. & g1, 648 & 1,094, 926 & g1, 641 & 68, 205 \\
\hline France & & & 14,291 & 594, 053 \\
\hline Perra & h179 & 110, 250 & h45, 909 & 1,908, 000 \\
\hline Total. & 148, 939 & 98, 984, 840 & 2,690,573 & 111, 821, 623 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
** The bullion product of the world, as given for the census year in Table "CC," volume 13, page 381 of the United States Census of 1880 , repeats a clericall error in the Director's report of 1880, but corrected in subsequent reports, namely: in estimating the product of the rest of South America_"for 1877, 1878, and 1879, the estimate of Soetbeer of 250,000 kilograms was converted into \(\$ 1,039,190\) instead of \(\$ 10,391,190\)." The error was corrected in the report of the Director of the Mint for 1881.
* Estimated same as official statement for 1882.
t,Official for Victoria and New South Wales, with estimated production of the other provinces.
\(\ddagger\) Amonnts parted from deposits at the Sydney and Melboume mints.
\(\S\) The estimate of 1883 with inoreased deposits at Melbourne and Sydney mints ( 99,222 ounces) added
\(\|\) Estimated same as official for 1883.
TISame as Consul Dalton's estimate for 1883.
}

\section*{KLV.-** WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.}
conntries named, except when otherwise stated.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1883.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1884.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Silver,} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Gold.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{= Silver.} \\
\hline & Dollars. & Kilos. & Dollars. & Kilos. & Dollars. & Kilos. & Dollars. \\
\hline 45, 140 & 30,000,000 & 1,111, 457 & 46, 200, 000 & 46,343 & 30, 800, 000 & 1, 174, 205 & 48, 800, 000 \\
\hline *35, 913 & 23, 867, 935 & *7,781 & 328,427 & 32, 829 & 21, 818, 304 & 9,336 & 388,000 \\
\hline †39, 873 & 26, 500,000 & \(\ddagger 2,151\) & 89,418 & \$42, 960 & 28, 551, 101 & - \(\ddagger 2,788\) & 115,960 \\
\hline 1,438 & 955, 639 & 711, 347 & 29, 568, 576 & 1,780 & 1,183, 137 & 655, 868 & 27, 257, 885 \\
\hline 457 & 303, 722 & 230, 694 & - \(9,589,300\) - & 555 & 368, 853 & 248, 115 & 10, 311, 659 \\
\hline 1,638 & 1, 088, 615 & 48,708 & 2, 024,645 & 1,658 & 1, 101, 707 & 48,424 & 2, 054, 070 \\
\hline 637 & 24,590 & 1,583 & 65,800 & 19 & 12,627 & 1,816 & 75, 472 \\
\hline & & 5,645 & 234, 645 & & & 6,387 & 265,490 \\
\hline d109 & 72,375 & d432 & 17,949 & d109 & 72,375 & d432 & 12,949 \\
\hline & & e74, 500 & 3, 096, 220 & & & 3,562 & 148, 000 \\
\hline *10 & 6,646 & *2,164 & 89,916 & *10 & 6,646 & *2,164 & 89, 916 \\
\hline \(f 118\) & 78,546 & f10, 109 & 420, 225 & f.118 & 76,546 & \(f 10,109\) & 420,225 \\
\hline *5,802 & 3,856, 000 & *18, 283 & 760, 000 & *5,802 & 3, 856,000 & *18,286 & 760, 000 \\
\hline ' g109 & 72,375 & 384, 985 & 16, 000, 000 & g109 & 72,375 & ||384, 985 & 16,000,000 \\
\hline *245 & 163, 000 & *128, 106 & 5, 325, 000 & *245 & 163, 000 & *128, 106 & 5, 325, 000 \\
\hline 952 & 632, 520 & & & 11952 & 632,520 & & \\
\hline 256 & 170, 270 & 21, 121 & 877, 772 & ||256 & 170, 270 & || 21,121 & . 877, 772 \\
\hline a3, 000 & 1,993, 800 & & & a3, 000 & 1,993,800 & & \\
\hline c5, 022 & 3, 338, 058 & & & \$5, 022 & 3, 338, 058 & & \\
\hline 1,435 & 954, 000 & g1, 641 & 68, 205 & |11,435 & 954, 000 & g1, 641 & 68, 205 \\
\hline & & 6, 356 & 264, 275 & & & |16, 356 & 264, 275 \\
\hline \(h 179\) & 119, 250 & h45, 909 & 1,908, 000 & 179 & 119, 250 & 45,909 & 1, 908, 000 \\
\hline 141, 733 & 94, 197, 341 & 2, 812,972 & 116, 923, 373 & 143, 381 & 95, 292, 569 & 2,770,610 & 115, 147, 878 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
a Estimated by Dr. A. Soetbeer, 1879.
\(b\) Official for Hungary, with former annual production for Austria added.
c Report of Consul Dalton, Consular Report for May, 1884, page 394.
\(d\) Estimated same as official statement for 1877.
\(e\) Estimated same as official statement for 1880.
\(f\) Estimated same as official statement for 1879.
\(g\) Estimated same as official statement for 1881.
\(h\) Estimated same as official statement for 1884.

\section*{XLVI.-COINAGE OF VARIOUS COUNTRIES-CALENDAR YEARS, EXCEPT FOR INDIA, MEXICO, BRAZIJ, AND JAPAN.}
[Compiled from Official Statistics.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Countries.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1882.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1883.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1884.} \\
\hline & Gold. & Silver. & Gold. & Silver. & Gold. & Silver. \\
\hline United Stater. & \$65, 887, 685 & \$27, 972, 035 & \$29, 241, 990 & \$29, 245, 989 & \$23, 991, 756 & \$28, 534, 866 \\
\hline Mexico. & 452,590 & 25,146, 260 & 407,600 & 24, 083, 921 & 328, 698 & 25, 377, 378 \\
\hline Bolivia & ....... & 1,684,865 & & 11, 600, 000 & & \\
\hline Argentine Republic. & & & 4,530, 210 & 1,715,445 & & \\
\hline Great Britain. & & 1,021, 381 & 6, 831, 169 & 6, 201, 517 & 11, 309, 819 & 3, 204, 824 \\
\hline Australia. & 18,701, 959 & & 19, 903, 722 & & 22, 196, 106 & \\
\hline India & 170,543 & 29, 386, 322 & - 67,044 & 24, 927, 400 & & 13, 847, 656 \\
\hline Germany & 3, 167,085 & 6,407, 15i & 21, 002, 897 & 594, 564 & 13, 723, 494 & 114,319 \\
\hline Austria-Hungary.. & 2, 829, 590 & 3, 122, 819 & 2, 154, 390 & 5, 552, 191 & 1,244, 975 & 3,390, 163 \\
\hline France & 722, 206 & 223, 853 & & & & 23,160 \\
\hline Belgium & 2,016, 117 & & & & & \\
\hline Italy. & & & 785, 027 & & 62, 165 & 2, 121, 953 \\
\hline Netherlands & & 608, 312 & & 81, 095 & & 182,910 \\
\hline Norway & & 69,680 & 192, 708 & 37, 520 & & \\
\hline Swóeden & 39, 876 & 17,707 & 436, 619 & 250, 468 & 1, 022,420 & 132,784 \\
\hline Spain & 1,996, 310 & 10,671,842 & 3, 327,235 & 10,523, 421 & 4, 983, 004 & 6,738,971 \\
\hline Portugal. & 162, 000 & & 217,080 & & 186,840 & ........... \\
\hline Japan & 565, 645 & 4, 367, 393 & 544, 290 & 3, 120, 892 & 569, 415 & 3, 088, 724 \\
\hline Brazil & 25,508 & 9,994 & 52,801 & 23, 589 & & \\
\hline Russia. & & & 12,793, 575 & & 19,840,548 & 1,020,786 \\
\hline Turkey & 2,960, 056 & & 1,344,640 & 44,000 & & \\
\hline Colombia . & & & & 699, 114 & & \\
\hline Switzerland. & & & 965, 000 & & & \\
\hline Honduras. & & 76,314 & & & & \\
\hline Persia & & & 47,117 & 605, 579 & & \\
\hline Peru. & & & & & & 1, 400, 949 \\
\hline Sandwich Islauds. & & & & & & 700, 000 \\
\hline China. & & & & & & 160, 000 \\
\hline Total ... & 99, 697, 170 & 110, 785, 934 & 104, 845, 114 & 109, 306, 705 & 99, 459, 240 & 90, 039, 443 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\dagger\) Approximate.

\section*{XHVII.-CHARGES IMPOSED AT THE COINAGE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK ON DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF BULLION.}

\section*{DEPOSIT MELTING CHARGE.}

\section*{On all bullion (or coin) not required to be parted or refined:}

For each melt of 1,000 ounces or less ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100 cents.


\author{
PARTING AND REFINING CHARGES. \\ I.-Parting Gold and Silver or Refining Gold.
}
[Rate per ounce, gross.〕
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline On bullion containing- & At Phila. delphia. & At New Orleans. & At New York. & At San Francisco. & At Carson. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Under 200 M , gold................. \\
From 200 M to \(309 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{M}\), gold...... \\
From 400 M to \(699 \frac{1}{2}\) M, gold...... \\
From 700 M and over, gold ..... \\
Over 100 M , base metal, additional
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{|lc}
1 \frac{1}{2} & \text { cents. } \\
2 & " \\
3 & \because \\
4 & " \\
1 & \text { cent. }
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{cc}
1 \frac{1}{8} & \text { cents. } \\
2 & " \\
3 & " \\
4 & " \\
1 & \text { cent. }
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 cent. \\
2 cents. \\
3 " \\
4 ". \\
1 cent.
\end{tabular} & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
2 \text { cents. } \\
3 \\
4 \\
6 \\
6
\end{array}\right]
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2 \\
& 2 \\
& 3 \\
& 3 \\
& 4 \\
& 4 \\
& 6 \\
& 6 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \text { cents. } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

And, in addition to the above, on deposits requiring parting (except silver purchases), or refining gold, for each deposit of 1,000 ounces or less, 100 cents; over 1,000 ounces, \(\frac{1}{10}\) of 1 cent per ounce, gross.

For gold coin or standard gold bars, the rate per ounce charged will be imposed only on the number of ounces required to be refined to raise the whole to standard.

Silver allowed the depositor is calculated on the basis of retining the gold to 990 M .

> II.-Refining Silver.
[Rate per ounce gross.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline On bullion containing- & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { At Phila. } \\
& \text { delphia. }
\end{aligned}
\] & At New Orleans. & At New York. & At San Francisce. & At Carson. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Less than 897 M, silver. \({ }^{\text {..... }}\) \\
From 897 M to \(979 \frac{1}{2}\) M, silver \\
From 980 M to 997 I M , silver
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \frac{1}{2} \text { cents. } \\
& 1 \text { cent. } \\
& \frac{1}{2} \text { " }
\end{aligned}
\] & \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) cents. 1 cent. \(\frac{1}{2} \quad "\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
12 cents. \\
1 cent. \\
妾 "
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
2 cents. \\
1t \({ }^{1}\) " \\
1 cent.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
2 cents. \\
1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) \\
1 cent.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In addition to the above, on silver deposits requiring refining (except purchases), a.charge on each deposit of 1,000 ounces or less, \(100^{\circ}\) cents; over 1,000 ounces, \(\frac{1}{10}\) of 1 cent per ounce, gross.

For standard or sterling bars the rate per ounce will be imposed only on the number of ounces required to be refined to raise the whole to the fineness of such bars.

TOUGHENING CHARGE.
Gold bullion................................................... to to 2 cents per ounce, gross.
Silver bullion to 1 cent per ounce, gross.

ALLOY CHARGE.
On the number of ounces of copper required to reduce the bullion to standard
.2 cents per ounce, troy.
bar charge.
On bullion deposited for fine bars not required to be parted or refined, and for standard, sterling, or uuparted bars:


\section*{XLVIII-CHARGES IMPOSED AT THE ASSAY OFFICES (OTHER THAN NEW YORI) ON DEPOSITS OF BULLION.}

CHARGES AT THE MINT AT DENVER CONDUCTED AS AN ASSAY OFFICE, AND THE ASSAY OFFICES AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., BOISE, IDAHO; HELENA, MONT.; AND SAINT LOUIS, MO.
[Note.-The operations of these institutions are confined by law to the receipt, melting, assaying, and stamping of bulliou, and returning to depositors the identical bullion in unparted bars, or, in the case of gold bullion, the value in coin or unparted bars, as may be preferred by the depositor.]
1. For melting, refining ly fluxes, assaying and stamping of bulliou, \(\frac{1}{8}\) of 1 per cent. on the gross value of the bullion.
2. When more than one melt is necessary, or extra materials are required to remove the base metals contained in deposits to render the resulting bullion ductile, an extra charge corresponding therewith must be made.
3. Upon gold bullion deposited for payment of its value from the bullion fund, in' addition to the assay office charge, the same charges as those imposed by the mint to which such bullion is required to be forwarded, and a further charge to cover the cost of transportation will be collected of the depositor.

\section*{XLIX.-AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE COINAGE OF THE STANDARD SILVER DOLLAR, AND TO RESTORE ITS LEGAL-TENDER CHARACTER.}

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be coined, at the several mints of the United States, silver dollars of the weight of four hundred and twelve-and-a-half grains Troy of standard silver, as provided in the act of January eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, on which shall be the devices and superscriptions provided by said act; which coins together with all silver dollars beretofore coined by the United States, of like weight and fineness, shall be a legal tender, at their nominal value, for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. And the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion, at the market price thereof, not less than two million dollars worth per month, nor more than four millions dollars worth per month, and cainse the same to be coined monthly, as fast as so purchased, into such dollars; and a sum sufficient to carry out the foregoing provision of this act is herely appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. And any gain or seigniorage arising from this coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury, as provided under existing laws relative to the subsidiary coin. age : Provided, That the amount of money at any one time invested in such silver bullion, exclusive of such resulting coin, shall not exceed five million dollars: And provided further, That oothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the payment in silver of certificates of deposit issued under the provisions of section two hundred


SEC. 2. That immediately after the passage of this act, the President shall invite the, governments of the countries composing the Latin Union, so-called, and of such other European nations as he may deem advisable, to join the United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver, for the purpose of establish-' ing, internationally, the use of bi-metallic money, and securing fixity of relative value between those metals; such conference to be held at such place, in Europe or in the United States, at such time within six months, as may be mutually agreed upou by the executives of the governments joining in the same, whenever the governmeuts so invited, or any three of them, shall have signified their willingness to unite in the same.
The President shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint three commissioners, who shall attend such conference on behalf of the United States, and shall report the doings thereof to the President, who shall transmit the same to Congress.

Said commissioners shall each receive the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars and their reasonable expenses, to be approved by the Secretary of State; and the amount necessary to pay such compensation and expenses is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
Sec. 3. That any holder of the coin anthorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, in sums not less than ten dollars, and receive therefor certificates of not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued.
Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisious of this act are hereby repealed.

\author{
SAM. J. RANDALL \\ Speaker of the House of Representatives. \\ W. A. WHEELER \\ Fice-President of the Onited States and President of the Senate
}

\author{
In the House of Representatives U. S. \\ February 28, 1878.
}

The President of the United States having returned to the House of Representatives, in which it originated the bill, entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," with his objections thereto; the House of Representatives proceeded in pursuance of the Constitution to reconsider the same; and

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the same.

Attest:

\author{
GEO. M. ADAMS Clerk, By GREEN ADAMS \\ Chief Clerk.
}

\section*{In the Senate oe the United States \\ February 28, 1878.}

The Senate having proceeded, in pursuance of the Constitution, to reconsider the bill entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," returned to the House of Representatives by the President of the United States, with his objections, and sent by the House of Representatives to the Senate with the message of the President returning the bill;
Resolved, That the bill do pass, two-thirds of the Senate agreeing to pass the same. Attest:


\footnotetext{
*The "values" in the original table are stated in "Francs." o The values of the gold coins in the each coin with the fine goid in a U.S. dollar. The silver values were obtained by multiplying th
}

\section*{TABLE OF COINS.}

Monétaire," by H. Costes.]

table as printed in this report are the exact intrinsic values obtained by comparing the fine gold in values in franes by \(\$ 0.19 .3\), so that they express neither the intrinsic nor \(U\). S. coining value of silver.

COMPARATIVE TABLE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{\({ }^{\text {cto }}\) COUNTRY.} & \multirow{2}{*}{MONEY OF ACCOUNT.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD.} \\
\hline & & Denomination. & LEGAL weight. \\
\hline GREATE BRITALN. \(\}\) & Pound sterling 20 shillings. & \begin{tabular}{l}
5 pounds \(\qquad\) \\
2 pounds \(\qquad\) \\
Sovereign (pound sterling) \(\qquad\) \\
is sovereign \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grams. \\
39.940 \\
15.976 \\
7.988 \\
3. 994
\end{tabular} \\
\hline MALTA. & (Money of the metropolis.) & & \\
\hline NETEMEREANDS. \(\{\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Florin } \\
\text { of } \\
100 \text { cents. }
\end{gathered}
\] &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
6.988 \\
3. 494 \\
6. 720
\end{tabular} \\
\hline GRAND DUCHIY © LUXEVMETEG. & The legal money is the florin is generally in francs and ce & of Holland, but the reckoning times. & \\
\hline Gerbinain. \(\{\) &  & 20 marks or double crown.....
10 marks or crown \(\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\).
5 marks \(\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\). & \begin{tabular}{l}
7.965 \\
3. 982 \\
1. 991
\end{tabular} \\
\hline GARY. \{ & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Florin } \\
\text { of } \\
100 \text { kreutzers. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Quadruple ducat...............
Ducat .......................
8 florins, 20 francs ...........
4 fiorins, 10 francs ............
. & \begin{tabular}{l}
13. 960 \\
3. 490 \\
6. 452 \\
3. 226
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

OF COINS-Continued.


COMPARATIVE TABLE


OF COINS-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD-Continued.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{SILVER.} \\
\hline FINENESS. & VALUE. & DENOMINATION. & LEGAL WEIGHT. & FINENESS. & VALUE. \\
\hline \(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\) & \(\$ 10.80,4\)
\(5.40,5\)
2.
2.16,2
1.08 &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grams. \\
12. 500 \\
5.000 \\
2. 500 \\
1. 250
\end{tabular} & \(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\)
\(.916,66\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0.49,2 \\
.19,7 \\
.09,8 \\
.04,8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline  & \begin{tabular}{l}
5. 01, 7 \\
2.00, 7 \\
1. 00,4
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Duro, 2 escudos \(\qquad\) \\
Escudo, 10 reals \(\qquad\) \\
Peseta \(\qquad\) \\
\(\frac{1}{2}\) peseta. \(\qquad\) \\

\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
25. 960 \\
12. 980 \\
5. 192 \\
2. 596 \\
1. 298 \\
25. 000 \\
10.000 \\
5. 000 \\
2. 500
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{r}
.900 \\
.900 \\
.810 \\
.810 \\
.810 \\
.900 \\
.835 \\
.835 \\
\hline .835
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1.00,2 \\
.50,2 \\
.17,9 \\
.09,1 \\
.04,4 \\
.96,5 \\
.35,9 \\
.17,9 \\
.08,9
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& .916,66 \\
& .916,66 \\
& .916,66 \\
& .916,66 \\
& .916,66
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 21.98 \\
& 10.99 \\
& 4.39,6 \\
& 2.19,8 \\
& 1.09,9
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
20 piasters \\
10 piasters \(\qquad\) \\
5 piasters \(\qquad\) \\
2 piasters \(\qquad\) \\
1 piaster, 40 paras. \(\qquad\) \\
\(\frac{1}{2}\) piaster, 20 paras. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24.055 \\
& 12.028
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
.830 . \\
.830 \\
. 830 \\
.830 \\
.830 \\
.830
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.85,7 \\
.42,8 \\
.21,4 \\
.08,5 \\
.04,2 \\
.02,1
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline . 900 & 3. 85,9 &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10.000 \\
& \text { 5. } 000 \\
& \text { 2. } 500
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .835 \\
& .835 \\
& .885
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.35,8 \\
.17,9 \\
.09,0
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline .900
.900 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3.85,9 \\
& 1.93
\end{aligned}
\] &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25.000 \\
10.000 \\
5.000 \\
2.500
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .835 \\
& .835 \\
& .835
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.96,5 \\
.35,9 \\
.17,9 \\
.08,9
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline .900
.900
.900 & \begin{tabular}{l}
3. \(85,9^{7}\) \\
1. 93,0 . \\
.96, 5
\end{tabular} &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25.000 \\
10.000 \\
5.000 \\
2.500
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
.900 \\
.835 \\
.835 \\
.835
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.96,5 \\
.35,9 \\
.17,9 \\
.08,9
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{OF COINS-Continued.}


COMPARATIVE TABLE


OF COINS-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD-Continued.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{SLLVER.} \\
\hline FINENEEB. & value. & denomination. & LEGAL
wEIGHT. & fineniss. & value. \\
\hline \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text {, } 900\end{array}\right.\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\$11. 66, 4 \\
5.83, 1 \\
2.91, 6 \\
1. 16, 6 \\
.58, 3
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
2 piasters \(\qquad\) \\
1 piaster \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grams. \\
6. 194 \\
3.097
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0.23,9 \\
.12,0
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}20 \text { cents ............................. } \\ 10 \text { cents ........................... }\end{array}\right.\) & 2.333
1.166 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .800 \\
& .800
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .08,1 \\
& .04,1
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \(\} .916,66\{\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7.10,6 \\
& 4.73,7 \\
& 2.36,9
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Rupes \(\qquad\) \\
育 rupee \(\qquad\) \\
垂 rupes \(\qquad\) \\
trupeo \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
11.664 \\
5.832 \\
2.916 \\
1.458
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
. 916, 66 \\
.916, 66 \\
. 916, 66 \\
.916, 66
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.45,9 \\
.23,0 \\
.11,4 \\
.05,8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & - & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Dollar ................................. } \\ \frac{1}{1} \text { dollar ................. ............. } \\ 20 .\end{array}\right.\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
26. 956 \\
13.478 \\
5. 431 \\
2. 715 \\
1. 358
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .800 \\
& .900 \\
& .800 \\
& .800 \\
& .800
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
1.04 \\
. 52,1 \\
. 18, 7 \\
.09, 3 \\
.04, 6
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & . &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5.431 \\
& \text { 2. } 715 \\
& 1.358
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .800 \\
& .800 \\
& .800
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.18,7 \\
.09,3 \\
.04,6
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& .916,66 \\
& .916,66
\end{aligned}
\] & \(2.29,1\)
\(1.14,5\) & Sachib-Keran ..........................
Banabat, 10 scahis . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Abassis, 4 scahis....................\(~\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10.400 \\
5.200 \\
2.080
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .40,1 \\
& .20,1 \\
& .07,9
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
27.215 \\
13.603 \\
5.443 \\
2.721
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1.05 \\
& .52,5 \\
& .20,8 \\
& .10,4
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMPARATIVE TABLE


\section*{OF COINS-Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD-Continued.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{SILVER.} \\
\hline FINENESS. & value. & denomination. & legal weight. & FLneneiss. & value. \\
\hline \%.900 \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { f }\end{array}\right.\) & \$19.93, 8
\(9.96,9\)
\(4.98,4\)
1.99,4
\%
. 99,7 & \(\qquad\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grame. \\
26. 956 \\
12. 500 \\
5.000 \\
2.500 \\
1.250
\end{tabular} & .900
.800
.800
.800
.800 & \(\$ 1.04\)
\[
\begin{array}{r}
.42,8 \\
.17,2 \\
.08,5 \\
.04,2
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & .... \(\{\) &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3.180 \\
& 1.250 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
.720 \\
.720 \\
.720
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.09,8 \\
.03,9 \\
.01,9
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \(\} .875\) & \(3.93,5\)
\(1.96,7\)
\(.98,4\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
50 centavos \(\qquad\) \\
20 centavos \(\qquad\) \\
10 centavos \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { 12. } 980 \\
\text { 5. } 192 \\
\text { 2. } 596
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .000 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .50,2 \\
& .20,1 \\
& .10
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline &  &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
11.620 \\
5.810 \\
2.824 \\
1.162
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .925 \\
& .825 \\
& .025 \\
& .925
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .46 ; 1 \\
& .23,0 \\
& .09,3 \\
& .04,6
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline . 916,66 & 2.02, 7 &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
11.782 \\
4.713 \\
2.356 \\
1.178
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .925 \\
& .925 \\
& .925 \\
& .925
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .46,7 \\
& .23,0 \\
& .09,3 \\
& .04,6
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline .......... & & 3 half-pence & 0. 945 & . 925 & .03, 7 \\
\hline ...... & & English coins. & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMPARATIVE TABLE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{COUNTRY.} & \multirow{2}{*}{MONET OF ACCOUNT.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD.} \\
\hline & & DENOMINATION. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { LEGAL } \\
\text { WEIGHT. }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline UNETED STATEES (1) 1 F (D)RTIIT ADEETCA. &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
Double eagle \(\qquad\) \\
Eagle, 10 dollars \(\qquad\) \\
4 eagle, 5 dollars \(\qquad\) \\
3 dollars \(\qquad\) \\
t eagle, \(2 \frac{1}{1}\) dollars \(\qquad\) \\
1 dollar \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grams. 33.436 \\
16. 718 \\
8.359 \\
5.015 \\
4.179 \\
1. 672
\end{tabular} \\
\hline MEXICO. &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
20 pesos \(\qquad\) \\
10 pesos \(\qquad\) \\
5 pesos \(\qquad\) \\
21 pesos. \(\qquad\) \\
1 peso \(\qquad\) \\
Once. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
33.841 \\
16. 921 \\
8. 460 \\
4.230 \\
1. 692 \\
27.064
\end{tabular} \\
\hline BRAZILE. & Milreis. & \begin{tabular}{|c|}
20 milreis .................... \\
10 milreis .................... \\
5
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
17.929 \\
8.965 \\
4.482
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline HONDUBAS & \(\left.\begin{array}{cl}\text { Piaster } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { Dollar } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { 100 cents. } & \\ \end{array}\right\}\) & & \\
\hline HAYTI. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Gourde } \\
\text { of } \\
100 \text { cents. }
\end{gathered}
\] & 10 Gourdes ....................
5 Gourdes ...................
2 Gourdes..................
1 Gourde.................. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16.129 \\
8.065 \\
3.226 \\
1.613
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline VENEETELA. &  & 20 Venezolanos .... ..........
10 Venezolanos ..............
5 Venezolanos ...............
1 Venezolano ................ & 32.258
16.129
8.065
1.613 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

OF COINS-Continued.


COMPARATIVE TABLE


OF COINS-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{GOLD-Continued.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{SILVER.} \\
\hline Finencsb. & Value. & denomination. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LEGAL } \\
& \text { WEIGHT. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Fineness. & value. \\
\hline .900
.900 & \(\$ 19.30\)
9.65 &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
Grams. \\
25.000 \\
5. 000 \\
2. 500 \\
1. 250
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
. 900 \\
. 835 \\
. 835 \\
. 835
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0.96,5 \\
.17,9 \\
.08,9 \\
.04,4
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & . 89,9 & & & & . \\
\hline . 917 & 1.03, 4 &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25.000 \\
12.500 \\
5.000 \\
2.500
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .96,5 \\
& .48,3 \\
& .19,3 \\
& .09,6
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline .900
.900 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4.82,4 \\
& 2.41,2
\end{aligned}
\] &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25.000 \\
12.500 \\
5.000 \\
2.500 \\
\text { 1. } 250
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
.900 \\
.900 \\
.900 \\
. 900 \\
.900
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.9,65 \\
.48,3 \\
.19,3 \\
.09,6 \\
.04,8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline . 900 & 14. 95,4 & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { Boliviano, and subdivisions of } 50,25, \\
124, \text { and } 6 \ddagger \text { hondredths. }
\end{array}\right.
\] & 25.000 & . 900 & . 96,5 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \(9.12,3\)
\(4.56,2\)
\(1.82,4\)
\(.91,2\) &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
25.000 \\
12.500 \\
5. 000 \\
2. 500 \\
1.250
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900 \\
& .900
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .96,5 \\
& .48,3 \\
& .19,3 \\
& .09,6 \\
& .04,8
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline . 900 & 19.30 & Sol. & 25.000 & . 900 & . 96, 5 \\
\hline . 900 & 9.65 & 且 sol ...................................... & 12. 500 & . 900 & .48, 3 \\
\hline . 900 & 4. 82,4 &  & 5.000 & . 900 & . 19, 3 \\
\hline . 900 & 1. 93 & Dinero & 2. 500 & . 900 & . 09, 6 \\
\hline . 900 & & \% dinero................................. & 1.250, & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.}

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\section*{REPORT}

\title{
OPERATIONS OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.
}

\author{
Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Washington, November 16, 1885.
}

Sir: The following report upon the operations of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, is respect. fully submitted.

\section*{WORK EXECUTED.}

There were finished and delivered during the year \(7,695,536\) sheets of notes and securities of the face value of \(\$ 431,912,680 ; 19,777,077\) sheets of internal revenue and customs stamps, containing \(455,554,008\) stamps, and drafts, checks, certificates, licenses, and other similar, work, amounting to 788,666 sbeets. There was also done a large amount of miscellaneous work for various branches of the public Departments:

The notes and certificates delivered during the fiscal year 1884, amounted to \(8,194,676\) sheets. The falling off of nearly half a million sheets in the deliveries for 1885 was due to the decrease in the production of United States notes. On the 4th of May the Secretary of the Treasury directed that the imprinting of the seal on United States notes and certificates by this Bureau stould be discontinued. The deliveries of notes and certificates were accordingly suspended, except of snch as had been previously sealed. The number of sheets delivered was about 800,000 less than it would have been bad the asual rate of delivery been maintained.

Since the close of the fiscal year an important change has taken place in the method of fivisbing United States notes. A committee of officers of the Department was directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, on May 29, to devise and recommend to him a plan for imprinting the seals upon United States notes, and gold and silver certificates, and for separating the same, under the direction and supervision of the Treasurer of the United States. The committee in its report, submitted the following propositions:
(1) That public policy requires that there should not only be absolute security against frand and overissue in the engraving and printing of the public securities, but that the public should be assured in some conclusive way that such security exists.
(2) That such security cau hest be attained by intrayting the final authentication of the public securities to other control than that of the nechanical establishment by which they are executed.
(3) That this object may be accomplished with reference to United States notes and certificates by intrusting to the Treasurer of the United States the duty of affixing the seal of the United States thereon.
(4) That it is indispensable, in order to secure the full assurance of security at which this plan aims, that the imprint of the seal should not be made in the brilding where the securities are executed, but in the Treasury building, under the direct supervision of the Treasurer of the United States.
(5) That, haviug examined the question, we believe that no legal obstacle exists to the transfer to the office of the Treasurer of the United States of a sufficient number of operatives and machines from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to perform this duty, and to charging the salaries and other expenses connected therewith to the appropriation for "labor and expenses of engraving and printing."
(6) That the notes and certificates complete, except as to the imprinting of the seal thereon and the separation thereof, should be delivered by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to the Treasurer of the United States, and that the responsibility of the Burean should end and that of the Treasurer begin upon such delivery.
(7) That, in order to fully fix the responsibility of the Treasurer of the United States, the notes and certificates shonld be taken up in the cash account of his office immediately ou the imprinting of the seal thereon.

This report having been approved by the Secretary, steps were at once taken for the transfer to the office of the Treasurer of the United States of the presses, machinery, and operatives required to carry its recommendations into effect. The necessary arrangements were completed on the 16th of July, and on that day the sealing and separating of the notes were begun by the Treasurer's Office, to which they are transferred by this Bureau unsealed and in sherts. This plan has worked to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. It relieves the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the risk of holding finished notes, and deprives it of the power to produce perfect securities of any kind.

The report of the committee also recommended the adoption of a paper for the United States notes and nationalbank notes somewhat heavier than that now used, finished on both sides, and having a silk thread imbedded in it and running lengthwise of the note, as the sole distinctive feature. Tbis was deemed sufficient to meet the requirements of the law providing for a distinctive paper. The abaudonment of the so-called distributed fiber now used was recommended for the reason that it impairs the quality both of the paper and of the printing upon it. These recommendations were approved by the Secretary, but the quantity of paper of the old strle still on hand is so great that the use of the new paper cannot be begun within the current fiscal year. Some notes have been experimentally printed on specimens of the new paper. They are much superior in appearance to those printed on the paper containing the distributed fiber.

\section*{COST OF WORK.}

The expenses of the Bureau during the year were:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{For salaries of officers and clerks and wages of employes other than plate-printers and their assistants.......................................... \(\$ 471,757\). 20} \\
\hline For plate printing at piece rates, including the wages of \(p\) assistants. & 330,764 22 \\
\hline For materials, machinery, tools, and miscellaneo & 153, 44260 \\
\hline For salaries of office of cnstodian of dies, rolls, and plate & 7,74145 \\
\hline For pay of special witness of destruction of securities & 1,49000 \\
\hline Total & 47 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of this amount \(\$ 24,980.90\) was charged to the appropriation for salaries of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and \(\$ 457,678.70\) to the appropriation for labor and expenses of en rraving and printing. The remainder of \(\$ 482,535.87\) is the amount charged for executing work for
the various Bureaus of the Treasury and other Departments, and reimbursed to the appropriation for labor and expenses by trangfer from the proper appropriations under their control.
By the act of March 3, 1885, an appropriation of \(\$ 55,000\) was made to meet an expected deficiency in the appropriation for the support of the Bureau for the last fiscal year. This appropriation was not drawn upon, and \(\$ 18,021.30\) of the original appropriation was left unused, making a saving of \(\$ 73,021.30\) in the appropriations for that year.
(Uuder the system heretofore pursued all of the expenses of this Bureau, whether for services or materials, are paid in the first instance from the appropriation for labor aud expenses of engraving and printing. This appropriation provides only for the production of nationalbank notes, certificates of letters patent, and wotes, bonds, and other securities of the United States. The estimated cost of all the other work produced by the Barean, iuclading revenue stamps, disbursing officers' checks, and miscellaneous work in great variety, constituting at least one-half of the work done, is transferred to the appropriation for labor and expenses from the various appropriations to which it is properly chargeable. The charges for the work thus paid for out of other appropriations are, for the most part, based upon estimates made in advance of its actual execution. The estimated cost of the nationalbank notes and letters patent is also charged up to the appropriation for labor and expenses at fixed rates. That part of the cost of maintaining the Bureau which is not thus charged off, or reimbursed, is assumed to be the cost of prorlacing United States notes.

It is evident that if the rates charged for other work are less thau a proper porportionate share of the entire expenses of the Burean, or if the production of Uuited States notes falls below the estimated amount, the apparent cost of these notes will be unduly increased. The fallacy of this system of apportioning the expenses is shown by the fact that the national bank notes of the series of 1875 , which have three plate printings ou them, appeared to cost only \(\$ 50.67\) a thousand sheets during the last year, while the apparent costof United States notes, with ouly two plate printings on them, was \(\$ 66.76\). In consequence of the economies recently made, although the production of United States notes has been greatly reduced, and although a small quantity cannot be printed at as low a rate as a large one, their appareut cost during the first four months of the curreut fiscal year has been reduced to \(\$ 42.21\) a thousand sheets. Had the printing of one and two dollar uotes been continued, and the production of United States notes been kept up to the former rate of 20,000 sheets a day, it is estimated that their apparent cost during the four mouths would have been \(\$ 30.57\), or less than half their former cost.

This method of apportioning the expenses and the results to which it leads are unavoidable under the present system of appropriating for the support of the Bureau. There is not only a lump appropriation made directly for its support, but an indefiwite number of others, on which it is permitted to draw for work done for the various Departments. The indefinite sums. so transferred from other appropriations are added to the regular appropriation for the Burean, making an aggregate of nearly a million dollars a year, which is expended without any restriction, other than the aggregate sum arailable, on the rate at which it is to be spent, the amount which may be spent, for supplies or for services, the number of persons who may be employed, or the rates which they shall be paid.

There seems to be no good reason why the expenses of this Burean, unlike those of any other, should be paid out of a number of different appropriations. It does not seem proper that oneBurean of the Department should render bills agaiust the others for work done at the public expense, and add the amounts thus gained to its owu appropriation, to be spent over again. As the establishment for producing the securities of the Governmeut it is suhmitted that the Bureau of Engraving and Printing should, like the other Bureaus of the Department, be provided forby a separate appropriation, covering all of its expeuses. The Government, having undertaken to printits securities in itsown establishment, should do as any private concern would do-carefully compute the number and wages of the employes and the cost of the materials required for the work, and theu make a specific appropriation for the purpose. This method of appropriating has many advantages; it will place a limit upon the number of employés which cannot be exceeded ; it will prevent the expeuditure of more than a proper proportional share of the appropriation during any period; it will save the complexity in the accounts which springs from the apportionment of the expenses among a number of different appropriations, and it will fix the status of the Bureau'as one of the regular branches of the Department.

\section*{estrimates for 1887.}

In compliauce with the requiremerits of the appropriation act of August 7, 1882, itemized estimates for this Burean for the fiscal year 1884 were submitted, but they were not accepted by Congress, and the appropriations were made in the usual way. In submitting the estimates for the fiscal year 1887 the Secretary has specitied the namber of persons who may be employed, the salaries which they shall receive, and the amounts which mas be spent for plate printing and for materials and miscellaneous expenses. These estimates have been prepared with great care, and are based upon accareful compatation of the work to be done and of the labor and materials required to produce it.
The total amount estimated for is \(\$ 815,390\). Of this amount \(\$ 327,740\) is for compensation of the employes, who have been arranged in classes, with the title, number, and salary of each class specified; \(\$ 328,380\) is for plate printing at the piece rates fixed, or to be fixed, by the Secretary of the Treasury; \(\$ 141,820\) is for the materials used in engraving, plate printing, and the other processes of manufacture, and \(\$ 17,450\) is for the salaries of that part of the force embraced in the classified civil service. For the purpose of comparisou with the appropriations for 1886 there should be added \(\$ 15,415.75\) for certain items, not properly chargeable to the work of the Bureau, which have been omitted from its estimates and taken up in the estimates of the branches of the Department to which they properly belong, makiug a total of \(\$ 830,805.75\). The appropriations made directly for the support of the Bureau for the fiscal year 1886 amounted to \(\$ 500,430\). To this amount should be added \(\$ 455,000\), which it was estimated would be transferred from other appropriations or deposited by private parties, making the total amount available \(\$ 955,430\). The reduction in the estimates for 1887 below the appropriations for 1886 is therefore \(\$ 124,624.2 \overline{5}\).
A comparison of the estimates for 1887 with the actnal cost of work heretofore shows nearly the same result. A careful computation shows that the amount of work which it is proposed to produce in 1887 at a cost of \(\$ 815,390\) would have cost \(\$ 940,888.70\) at the rates which prevailed in 1885. The annual saving is therefore \(\$ 125,498.70\). This sum
accurately represents the result of the economies which hare recently been made in the management of the Burean, and which will have a permanent effect on the cost of producing the public securities if the estimates submitted are adopted by Congress.

The compensation of all the officers and employés of the Bureau, except the plate-printers and their assistants, has been estimated for at annual rates instead of the present daily wages, thus assimilating the method of their compensation to that of the other employes of the Department.

The appropriation asked for is inteuded to cover all of the expenses of the Burean of Engraving and Printing, whether heretofore paid out of the appropriation for labor and expenses, transferred to that appropriation from other appropriations, or reimbursed to it by private parties, as is the cost of engraving new plates for uational banks. The appropriations to which these expenses have heretofore been charged should, so far as practicatile, be either discontinued or reduced by the amount heretofore expended for engraving and printing. Where it is not practicable to thus reduce the appropriation, as will be the case with the appropriations to which many small jobs of work done for other Departments have heretofore been charged, the cost of the work may still be charged to the appropriation aud deposited in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, instead of going to swell the appropriation for labor and expenses. The cost of doing work for private parties should be deposited in the same way, so that the amount expended by the Bureau cannot by any means be increased beyond the amount appropriated for itsi support by Congress. Should new work at any time be by law assigued to the Bureau, there could be added to the appropriation an amount sufficient to pay the operatives and buy the materials required to produce it.

\section*{ECONOMIES EFFECTED.}

The number of persons employed in this Bureau on the 1st of March, 1885, was 1,145. In compliance with the circular letter of the Secretary of the Treasury of March 21, calling upon the heads of Bureaus to report to him whether the force employed in their oftices could be reduced, ninety. two employés were discharged on the first of April. Most of these were plate-printers and their assistants who were paid by the piece, and whose discharge therefore did vot affect the expenses. Some subsequent reduction of the force took place, so that the number of employes on the 21st of May, when the present Chief of the Bureau entered upon his duties, was 1,040 . A systematic inquiry into the methods of doing the work, and the usefuluess and capacity of the force employed, was at once begun. Competentaccountants were detailed from the Department to examine the system pursued in keeping the accounts and records, and making the reports of the Burean, with special reference to its simplification and improvement. Their examination disclosed a great number of useless reports and records.

The daily reports to the Secretary of the Treasury, made in great detail for each class of work, and requiring the employment of a number of clerks, were found to serve no useful purpose. The changes recommended in the reports and accounts rendered unnecessary the services of not less than sixteen clerks. An examination of other branches of the work brought to light other opportunities for economy. The system of paying the operatives by the piece for counting, examining and the other processes through which the securities pass, led to indifferent work in some respects, and increased the wages beyond the rates originally intended. The indiscriminate admission of visitors to all
branches of the Bureau seriously interfered with the work of the operatives, and required the employment of ten guides at a cost of more than \(\$ 4,000\) a year, besides the occasional services of other employés.

As a result of these inquiries the force was, on the 1st of July, reduced one hundred aud five persons. The piece rates were abolished for all the processes except plate printing, and the female operatives graded in three classes, with Gixed pay. The admission of visitors was stopped, except on Saturdays, and the guides discharged or assigned to other work. The hours of labor, which had been from 8.40 o'clock a. m, to \(4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\)., except on Saturdays, when work ceased at 3 p . m., were increased to eight hours, as required by law. The force of clerks was reduced from eighty e eight to fifty-seven. The messenger force was also greatly reduced, anul a large number of superfluous places of various grades, rauging from \$2,000 a year to \(\$ 1\) a day, permanently abolished. Further economies have since been made. The force of the engraving division, which was not fully reduced on July 1, on acconnt of the necessity for making a large number of new plates for banks whose charters have been extended, was reduced on the 1st of November to the number which it is estimated will be permanently required. The saving of expense made in this division alone amounts to more than \(\$ 25,000\) a year.

The total reduction of force since the 1st of March is two hundred and fifts-nine, and the number of employes is now eight hundred and eighty six, being smaller than at any time since May 1, 1879.
The result of these varions economies is a saving of more than \(\$ 120,000\) a year without any impairment of the productive capacity of the Bureau. This saring has been made in the awounts paid for labor other than that employed in plate printing. Plate-printers being paid by the piece, the amount expended for plate printing is governed by the work executed. Some slight reduction has been made in the rates where they were found excessive, but in the main this cannot be con-sidered a controllable item of expense. So, too, with the materials used, which are governed by the work done. The only item of expense that can be effectually controlled is that of salaries and wages, This item has been reduced from an annual rate of \(\$ 471,757.20\) to about \(\$ 350,000\), or more than 25 per cent. This saving is a permavent one and will continue, whatever may be the amount of work done. The expenses of the Bureau since the first of July have been further reduced by the stoppage of the printing of one and two dollar United States notes. During the first four months of the fiscal year the net expenses have beeu \(\$ 74,412.47\) lesss than a proportionate share of the year's appropriatiou. The saring thus far during the fiscal gear is, therefore, at the rate of \(\$ 223,237.41\) per annum.

Though further experience will doubtless show where further economies and improvements may be made, the changes which have already taken place in the force and in the methods of doing business have put the Bureau in a very satisfactory condition. The discipline and attendance are excellent, and all of the employés are trained, capable, and fully and usefully employed.

QUALITY OF THE WORK.
The artistic quality of much of the work produced by the Bureau is unsatisfactory. Most of the securities engraved of late years have been largely made up of a patented lettering, which is stiff, inartistic, and unsuited to work of the quality required for the securities of the Government. A great amount of money has been expended in the preparation of alphabets and numerals by the patented process. The
introduction of surface or relief printing from steel dies in the place of printing from steel plates has also impaired the quality of the work. It will be the ain hereafter to discard as rapidly as possible these inferior processes, and to replace the securities produced by them with work of the first quality from new and artistic designs.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant, EDWARD O. GRAVES, Chief of Bureau.
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

\section*{APPENDIX.}

No. 1.-ST'ATEMENTshowing the UNITED STATES NOTES, BONDS, and CERTIFICATES and NATIONAL-BANK NOTES, DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Denomina- } \\
& \text { tion. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Sheets. & Value. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
United States notes, series of 1880 \\
Total. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & \(\$ 1\)
2
5
10
20
50
100
500
1,000 & \(2,549,000\)
\(1,488,000\)
587,000
163,000
57,000
10,000
5,000
3,000
3,000 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 10,196,000 \\
11,864,000 \\
11,740,000 \\
6,520,000 \\
4,560,000 \\
2,000,000 \\
2,000,000 \\
6,000,000 \\
12,000,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & 4, 860, 000 & \(66,880,000\) \\
\hline Currency certificates, series of 1875. & 10,000 & 2,668 & \(80,040,000\) \\
\hline Silver certificates, serics of 1880. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10 \\
20 \\
50 \\
100 \\
500 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
190,500 \\
99,500 \\
10,000 \\
10,000 \\
2,000 \\
2,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,620,000 \\
& 7,9600,000 \\
& 2,000,000 \\
& 4,000,000 \\
& 4,000,000 \\
& 8,000,000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total. & & 314, 000 & 33,580, 000 \\
\hline Gold certificates, Department series & 20
5,000
10,000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 4,000 \\
& 1,000 \\
& 1,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
320,000 \\
20,000,000 \\
40,000,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total. & & 6, 000 & 60, 320, 000 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4 per cent. registered bonds} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
100 \\
1,000 \\
50,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6,000 \\
15,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
600,000 \\
15,000,000 \\
50,000,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & 22,000 & 65, 600, 000 \\
\hline \(4 \frac{1}{3}\) per cent. registered bonds & \[
\begin{array}{r}
100 \\
1,000 \\
10,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,000 \\
& 5,000 \\
& 2,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
300,000 \\
5,000,000 \\
20,000,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total. & & 10, 000 & 25,300, 000 \\
\hline 3.65 per cent. District of Columbia registered bonds. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,000 \\
& 5,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,000 \\
& 1,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(1,000,000\) \\
\(5,000,000\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Total. & & 2,000 & 6,000,000 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{National currency, series of 1875} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
5,5,5,5 \\
10,10,10,10
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
405,680 \\
23,363
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8,113,600 \\
934,520
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 10, 10, 10, 20 & 255, 593 & 12, 779, 650 \\
\hline \multirow{6}{*}{)} & \(10,10,20,50\)
\(20,20,20,20\) & \(\begin{array}{r}555 \\ 2,265 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 49,950
181,200 \\
\hline & 20, 20, 50,100 & -260 & 49,400 \\
\hline & 20, 20, 20, 50 & 4, 702 & 517, 220 \\
\hline & \[
50,50
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 1, } \\ \text { 20, } 375 \\ 20 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r30, \(\begin{array}{r}1300 \\ 3.086,250\end{array}\) \\
\hline & 50, 50, 50, 100 & 20, 100 & 25, 000 \\
\hline & 100, 100 & 175 & 35,000 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} & 500 & 10 & 5, 000 \\
\hline & & 714, 578 & 25, 906, 790 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 1.-STATEMENTshowing the UNITED STATES NOTES, BONDS, and CER I IFICATES and NATLONAL-BANK NOTES DELITERED, \&o.-Continued,
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline - Class. & Denomination. & Sheetṣ. & Value. \\
\hline National currency, series of 1882 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 5,5 ; 5,5 \\
10,10,10,20 \\
50,100
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
966,027 \\
707,741 \\
90,522
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 19,320,540 \\
35,387,050 \\
13,578,300
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total. & & 1, 764, 290 & 68,285, 890 \\
\hline Specimen United States notes, series of 1880. & & 13 & 52 \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{r} \\ -\quad 5 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 15 & 120
260 \\
\hline & 10 & 15 & 600 \\
\hline & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \\
& 50
\end{aligned}
\] & 14
\(-\quad 14\) & 1,120
2,800 \\
\hline & 100 & 12 & 4, 800 \\
\hline & 500
1,000 & \(\begin{array}{r}13 \\ -\quad 13 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 26,060
52,000 \\
\hline Total. & & 122 & 87, 752 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}


No. 2.-STATEMENT showing the INTERNAL REFENUE and CUSTOMS STAMPS \(D E L I F E R E D\) during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & Sheets. & Stamps. \\
\hline Tax-paid stamps, for distilled spirite, seri & & \\
\hline 10 gallons.. & 21,000 & 63, 000 \\
\hline 20 gallons. & 15, 000 & 45, 000 \\
\hline 30 gallons. & 102,500 & \(307,50 \mathrm{C}\) \\
\hline 40 gallons. & 245, 000 & 735, 000 \\
\hline 60 gallons. & 11,000 & 13,500
33,000 \\
\hline 70 gallons. & 3,000 & 9,000 \\
\hline 80 gallons. & 90, 000 & 270, 000 \\
\hline 00 gallons. & 4, 000 & 12, 000 \\
\hline 130 gallons. & - 500 & 1,500 \\
\hline Total. & 496, 500 & 1,489,500 \\
\hline Stamps for rectifiers, series of 1878: & & \\
\hline . 5 gallons................ & 23, 500 & 94, 000 \\
\hline 10 gallons. & 35,500 & 142,000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
20 gallons. \\
30 galions..
\end{tabular} & 34,500
41,000 & 138,000
164,000 \\
\hline 40 gallons. & 182, 000 & 728,009 \\
\hline 50 gallons. & 9, 000 & 36,000 \\
\hline 60 gallons. & 1,000 & 4,000 \\
\hline 80 gallons. & 10,500 & 42, 000 \\
\hline 90 gallons. & 2,500 & 10,000 \\
\hline Total. & 339; 500 & 1,358,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 2. -STATEMENT Bhowing the INTERNAL REVENUE and CUSTOMS STAMPS, So.-Continued.


No. 2.-STATEMENT Ahowing the INTERNAL REVENUE and CUSTOMS STAMPS, \&o.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & Sheets. & Stamps. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1883:} \\
\hline 4 pound & 3,000 & 36,000 \\
\hline 1 pound & 11, 000 & 132,000 \\
\hline \({ }_{3}^{2}\) pounds & 10,000
7,000 & 120,000
84,000 \\
\hline \% pounds & 7,000
10,000 & 84,000
120,000 \\
\hline Total & 41, 000 & 492,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Snuff stamps, stub, series of 1883:} \\
\hline 10 pounds & 2,400 & 12,000 \\
\hline 20 pounds & 4,000 & 20,000 \\
\hline Total & 6,400 & 32,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1883:} \\
\hline 25 cigars. & 251, 000 & 2, 510,000 \\
\hline 50 cigars & 4,577,000 & 45, 770, 000 \\
\hline 100 cigars & 820,000 & 8,200,000 \\
\hline 200 cigars & 1,000 & 5, 000 \\
\hline 250 cigars & 26, 000 & 130,000 \\
\hline 500 oigars & 12,000 & 60,000 \\
\hline Total & 5, 687, 000 & 56, 675, 000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cigarette stamps, small, series of 1883:} \\
\hline 1.0 cigarettes .. & 965, 000 & 37, 200,000 \\
\hline 20 cigarettes & 414, 000 & 33, 120, 000 \\
\hline Total & 879, 000 & 70, 320, 000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cigarette stamps, strip, series of 1883:} \\
\hline 100 cigirrettes & 26, 000 & 260,000 \\
\hline Total & 35, 000 & 368,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Special tax stamps for liquors, series of 1884:} \\
\hline Retail malt liquor dealers. & 160 & 160 \\
\hline Wholosale mait liquor dealers & 60 & 60 \\
\hline Brewers of loss thin 500 barrels & 30 & 30 \\
\hline Total & 1,550 & 2,850 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Special tax stamps for liquors, series of 1885:} \\
\hline Retail liquor dealers ... & 120, 000 & 240,000 \\
\hline Wholesale liquor dealers. & 6, 500 & 6, 500 \\
\hline Retail malt liquor dealers & 14,000 & 14, 000 \\
\hline Wholesale malt liquor dealers & 4,500 & 4,500 \\
\hline Manufacturers of stills & 300 & 300 \\
\hline Rectifier's & 1,200 & 1,200 \\
\hline Rectifiers of less tban 500 barrels & 2, 100 & 2,100 \\
\hline Brewers of less than 500 barrels & 2,100 & 2, 100 \\
\hline Browers. & 2,500 & 2,500 \\
\hline Worms.. & 400 & . 400 \\
\hline Stills. & 400 & 400 \\
\hline Total & 154,000 & 274, 000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Special tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1884:}} \\
\hline & & 41,800 \\
\hline Manufaoturers of cigars & 870 & 870 \\
\hline Dealers in leaf-tobacco.. & 550 & 550 \\
\hline Derlers in leaf tobacco of less than 25,000 p & 70 & 70 \\
\hline Maunfacturers of tobacco .............. & 60 & 60 \\
\hline Peddlers of second class. & 30 & 30 \\
\hline Peddlers of fourth class. & 20 & 20 \\
\hline Total & 22,500 & 43,400 \\
\hline Special tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1885: & & \\
\hline Dealers in manufactured tobacco & 285, 000 & 570,000
20,000 \\
\hline Manufacturers of cigars & 20, 000 & 20, 000 \\
\hline Dealers in leaf-tobacco. & 5,500 & 5,500 \\
\hline Dealers in leaf tobacco of less than \(25,000 \mathrm{p}\) & 3,000 & 3,000 \\
\hline Manufacturers of tobacco & 2,000 & 2,000 \\
\hline Peddlers of first class ... & 200 & 200 \\
\hline Peddlers of second class..... & 1,500 & 1,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 2.-STATEMENT showing the INTERNAL REFENCE and CUSTOMS STAMPS, \&o.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & Sheets, & Stamps. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Special tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1885-Continued.} \\
\hline Peddlers of thitd class ........................................ & 1, 800 & 1,800 \\
\hline Peddlers of fourth class & 1,200 & 1,200 \\
\hline Retail dealers in leaf-tobacoo & 100 & 100 \\
\hline Total & 320, 300 & 605,300 \\
\hline Lock seals, series of 1875 & 2,777 & 149,958 \\
\hline Lock seals, series of 1878. & 2,000 & 100,000 \\
\hline Hydrometer labels, series of 1885. & 250 & 5,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Customs cigar stamps, series of 1879:} \\
\hline 25 cigars ............................. & 39,000 & 390,000 \\
\hline 50 cigars & 76,000 & 760, 000 \\
\hline 100 cigars & 16,000 & 160,000 \\
\hline Total & 131, 000 & 1,310,000 \\
\hline Customs liquor stamps, series of 1879. & 90, 000 & 180,004 \\
\hline Castoms opium stamps, series of 1879 . & 14. 100 & 147,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline T'ax-paid stampe for distilled spirits & 496, 500 & 1,489, \(500^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Stamps for rectifiers & 339, 500 & 1,358, 000 \\
\hline Stamps for wholesale liquor dealers & 182, 000 & 1,546,000 \\
\hline Warehouse stamps. & 288, 000 & 1, 147,000 \\
\hline Beer stamps & 3,069, 000 & 61, 380, 000 \\
\hline Export stawps and brewers' permits & 147, 000 & 588, 000 \\
\hline Export tobacco stamps . . . . . . . . . . . & 17, 000 & 68,000 \\
\hline Tobacco stamps, strip. & 6,297, 000 & 218, 355, 000 \\
\hline Tobacco stamps, sheet & 80, 000 & 960,000 \\
\hline Tobaccostamps, stub & 991, 200 & 4, 956,000 \\
\hline Snuff stamps, small & 171, 000 & 28, 148, 000 \\
\hline Snuff stamps, strip & 312, 000 & 5, 860, 000 \\
\hline Suiff stamps, sheet & 41,000 & 492,000 \\
\hline Snuff stamps, stub & 6,400 & 32, 000 \\
\hline Cigar stamps, strip & 5, 687, 000 & 56, 675,000 \\
\hline Cigarette stamps, small & 879, 000 & 70, 320,000 \\
\hline Cigarette stamps, strip & 35, 000 & 368, 000 \\
\hline Special tax stanps for liquors, series of 1884 & 1,550 & 2,850 \\
\hline Special tax stamps for liquors, series of 1885. & 154, 000 & 274,000 \\
\hline Special tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1884 & 22,500 & 43, 400 \\
\hline Special tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1885 & 320, 300 & 605,300 \\
\hline  & 2, 777 & 149,958 \\
\hline Lock-seals, series of 1878. & 2,000 & 100, 000 \\
\hline Hydrometer labels, series of 1885 & 250 & 5, 000 \\
\hline Customs cigar stamps, series of 1879 & 131, 000 & 1,310,000 \\
\hline Customs liquor stamps, series of 1879 & 90,000 & 180,000 \\
\hline Custome opium stamps, series of 1879 & 14, 100 & 141,000 \\
\hline Total & 19,777, 077 & 455, 554. 008 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 3.-STATEMENT showing the DISB URSING OFFICERS' CHECKS, by classes, DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & Volumes. & Sheets. \\
\hline On assistaut treasurers, two subjects, payable to order- & & \\
\hline For 'Treasury Department & 199 & 17,650 \\
\hline For War Department & 297 & 23, 600 \\
\hline For Navy Department & 39 & 2, 200 \\
\hline For Departmeut of the Interior & 36 & 3,200 \\
\hline For Department of Justice & 33 & 2,700 \\
\hline On assistant treasurers, four sabjects, payable to order- & & \\
\hline For Treasury Department & 185 & 27,900 \\
\hline For War Department. & 141 & 14,400 \\
\hline For Navy Deparcment & 29 & 3. 050 \\
\hline For Department of the Interior & 46 & 5, 350 \\
\hline For Departnient of Justice & & 600 \\
\hline For Post-Office Department. & 19 & 2,700 \\
\hline On assistant treasurers, two subjects, payable to bearer- & & \\
\hline Fur Treasury Department & & 1,200 \\
\hline For Was: Department. & 46 & 3,600 \\
\hline For Department of the Inter & 21 & 1,575 \\
\hline For Dopartment of Justice & 5 & 500 \\
\hline On assistant treasurers, four sulyects, payable to bearer & & \\
\hline For Treasury Department.... & 51 & 5,100 \\
\hline For Navy Departmeut & 24 & 2,400 \\
\hline For Department of the Interior & 4 & 400 \\
\hline For Department of Justice & 1 & 100 \\
\hline For Post-Office Department & 27 & 6, 900 \\
\hline On Treasurer, two subjects, payable to order & 12 & 1,200 \\
\hline On Treasurer, two subjects, payable to bearer & 50 & 5, 000 \\
\hline On Treasurer, four subjects, payablo to bearer & 17 & 6, 250 \\
\hline Total & 1,326 & 139,475 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 4.-STATEMENT SHOWING the MISCELLANEOUS CHECKS, DRAFTS, and WARRANTS, by classes, DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Class. & Volumes. & Sheets. \\
\hline Pension checks- & & \\
\hline On assistant i reasurers & 1,120 & 224, 000 \\
\hline On depositaries & 130 & 26,000 \\
\hline On Trigasurer. & 10 & 2,000 \\
\hline Interest checks- & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1882, 3 per ceut & 52 & 2,624 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891, 42 per cent & 224 & 11,277 \\
\hline Consols, 1907 of 4 per cent & 723 & 36,329 \\
\hline Pacific Railroail bouds. & 15 & 788 \\
\hline \(3.65,50\) year loan, District of Columbia & 1 & 50 \\
\hline Funded debt, District of Columbia & 1. & 50 \\
\hline Transfer checks- & & \\
\hline Cash Division & 44 & 2, 400 \\
\hline Loan Division & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Redeimption of national-bank notes & 15 & 2, 600 \\
\hline Checks for Director of the Mint ... & 50 & 2,500 \\
\hline District of Colinmbin, Commissioners' checks & 72 & 7, 200 \\
\hline Checks for State Department, Mexican award & & 500 \\
\hline Post.Office Department- & & \\
\hline Warrants & 1,763 & 44, 075 \\
\hline Transfer drafts & 54 & 3, 500 \\
\hline Drafts- & & \\
\hline On Treasury warrants & 5 & 1,250 \\
\hline Ou War warrants. & 10 & 2, 300 \\
\hline On Navy warrants ..... & 5 & 1,250 \\
\hline On Interior civil warrants & 5 & 1,250 \\
\hline On Interior warrants. & 5 & 1. 250 \\
\hline On Judiciary warrants. & 5 & 1,250. \\
\hline On Diplomatic warrante & 5 & 1,250 \\
\hline Total & 4,318 & 376, 093 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 5.-STATEMENT SHOWING the LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, g'c., by classes, DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1885.


No. 6.-SCHEDULE of MISCELLANEOUS WORK done for, and of MATERIALS FURNISHED to, the VARIOUS BUREAOS of the Departments, during the fiscal year 1885.

Appropriation for paper, dies, and stamps:
Altered plates for special-tax stamps. 34
Furnished transfers for 1-onnce tobacco stamps .............................. 24
Repaired metal holder of paper-making machine ............ .............. 1
Appropriation for collecting revenue from customs:
Engraved plate for registry of vessels............................................ 1

Engraved lower steel dies "in bond" ............................................... 11
Engraved lower steel dies "consulate" ......................................... \({ }^{3}\)
Engraved lower steel dies "commercial agent";.................................................. 1
Engraved steel dies for Canadian trausit trade................................ 29
Furnished steel dies for Canadian transit trade..................................... \(\quad 174\)
Furnished seal for inspector of customs ......................................... 1
Furnished seals for deputy collector of customs.................................. 3
Furnished hand-stamps for starnping manifests of cars ..................... 6
Appropriation for contingent expeuses of Treasury, miscellaneous items:
Recast canceling leads for Treasurer. ......................................... 41
Recast canceling leads for Superintendent of Treasury .................... 15
Recast canceling leads for Secretary of Treasury ................................. \({ }_{4}\)
Furnished canceling leads for Secretary of Treasury........................ 2
Furnished note-press for Treasurer............................................... 1
Furnished hinged top to note-press for Treasurer............................... 1
Repaired machinery for Secretary of Treasury
Appropriation for contingent expenses of Treasury, stationery:
Priuted reams of letter paper

Printed envelopes..............................................................................................250

Appropriation for engraving and printing portraits of Hon. Thomas H. Herndon:
Eugraved plate
Printed portraits ..... 14, 425
Appropriation for engraving and printing portraits of Hon. Thomas H. Allen: Engraved plate ..... 1
Printed portraits ..... 13, 925
Appropriation for engraving and printing portraits of Hon. Dudley C. Has-kell:
Engraved plate ..... 1
Printed portraits ..... 14, 425
Appropriation for engraving and printiog portraits of Hon. H. B. Antbony: Eugraved plate ..... 1
Printed portraits ..... 16, 425
Appropriation for engravings of the statue of Chief Justice Marshall: Engraved plate ..... 1
Priated impressions ..... 12,550
Appropriation for expeuses incurred under act relating to the Chiuese:
Engraved plate for Chinese labor cercificates ..... 1
Appropriation for printing the report of the Washington Monument dedi- cation ceremonies: Printed cards ..... 12,000
Committee on Washington Monument dedication:
Engraved plate for invitation cards. ..... 1
Engraved plate for admission cards
Engraved plate for admission cards ..... 1 ..... 1
Printed invitation cards ..... 8,050
Printed admission cards. ..... 4,290
Furnished envelopes ..... 3,000
Committee on inanguration ceremonies:
1
1
Engraved plate for invitation cards
Engraved plate for invitation cards ..... 
11,478 ..... 
11,478
Printed special cards of invitation ..... 75
Furvished cards ..... 11,478
National-currency plates:
Eagraved plates ..... 1,316
Surgeon-General's Office:
Printed letter-heads (sheets) ..... 900
War Department:
Engraved plates for non-commissioned officers' warrants ..... 4
Priuted non-commissioned ufficers' warrants ..... 3,482
Furnished black ink (ponnds) ..... 80
l'urnished No. 2 oil (gallons) ..... 2
Hydrographic Offico:
Furnished meteorological chart plate ..... 1
Furnished black ink (pounds) ..... 525
Furnisbed No. 1 oil (gallons) ..... 10
State Department:
Eugraved inscription on medals às testimouials of Jeannette expedition. ..... 19
Coast and Geodetic Survey:
Furnished black ink.................................................................. ..... 750
Furnished face-blanketing yards. ..... 6
Furnished back-blanketing yards. ..... \(2 \frac{1}{1}\)
Furuished No. 2 oil ..... 10
Post-Office Department:
Altered plate for inspectors' commissions. ..... 1
F'urnished tuck-pockets for inspectors' commissions ..... 159
Furnished spal for marking mail proposals ..... 1
United States Patent OHfice:
Engravedseal ..... 1
The Public Printer:
Repaired rotary knives ..... 14
Supervisiug Arebitect's Office:
Planed pipe to fit 12 -iuch elbow ..... 1
Board of United States Executive Departments:Prepared exhibit for the New Orleans Exposition
Wool worth \& Grabam:
Prepared postal-card plate ..... 1
Commissioners of the District of Columbia: Altered plates for 3.65 District of Columbia bonds ..... 22673 F——21

No. 7.-STATEMENT of the VARIOUS CLASSES of SECURITIES proposed to be EXECO'TED in the FISCAL YEAR 1887 and of their COST at the RATES of 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Appropriation or source of receipt. & Class of work. & Number of sheets. & Cost at the rates of 1885 . \\
\hline Labor and expenses & United States notos, currency, sil- & 6, 000,000 & \$393, 04456 \\
\hline Dó & United States registered bonds for transfor. & 39,800 & 2,657 15 \\
\hline Do & National-bauk currency, series 1875 & 500,000 & 24,577 85 \\
\hline Do & National-bauk currency, series 1882 & 2,000,000 & 100,23100 \\
\hline Do & Cortificales of letters patent ...... & 30, 000 & 1, 08000 \\
\hline Do & Pacific Ralroad bunds............. & 500 & 2000 \\
\hline Appropriation for stamps, paper. aud dios. & Internal-revenue stamps & 19, 947.250 & 345, 73374 \\
\hline Appropriation for collecting revonue frem customs. & Customs stamps .... & 251,000 & 5,21490 \\
\hline Di) & Disbürsing oflicers' cbe & 19,000 & 73321 \\
\hline Do & Debenturo cortificates & 20, 000 & 48000 \\
\hline Do & Registry certilicrates & 5,000 & 310042 \\
\hline Appropriation for checks and drafts, Iudependeut I'reasury. & Disbursing oticers' checks ....... & 131,000 & 4,97638 \\
\hline Do ................ & Pension checks & 260,000 & 13,520 00 \\
\hline Do & Interest checks & 50, 000 & 2, 08524 \\
\hline Do & Trunsfer checks & 10, 000 & 40519 \\
\hline Do & Dratts on warrants & 20,000 & 80000 \\
\hline Do & Certificates of nou-indelutedness .. & ],000 & 4000 \\
\hline Appropriation for general expenses District of Columbia. & Conumissioners' uhecks ............ & 7,200 & 46080
1.70288 \\
\hline Appropriation for contincent expenses Steanboat Inspection Service. & License certificates & 30,000 & 1,70258 \\
\hline Appropriation for expenses incurred under act relating to Cbineso. & Clinese labor certificates & 60,000 & 3,300 00 \\
\hline Commissioner of Peusions. . . . . . . . . . & Pension certilicates. & 100, 000 & 3,700 00 \\
\hline Post-Ofkee Departwent & Post-oftice drafts and warrants.... & 50,000 & 2, 16470 \\
\hline Do . . . . . & Post-officeinspectors' commissions & 200 & 11592 \\
\hline Appropriation for contingent expenses, stationery. & President's commissions, 4 jears.. & 200 & 4000 \\
\hline Do......................... . . . . . . . & President's commissions, perma. nent. & 200 & 4000 \\
\hline Do & Resenue matine service & 200 & 4000 \\
\hline Labor and expenses & Materials at macerator. & & 2,500 00 \\
\hline National banko & National-curreucs plates & & 10,925 00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Disers sources} & Miscellaneons & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline & Total & 29, 532, 550 & 940,888 70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{No. B.-STATEMENT showing the APPROPRIATLONS to which the EXPENSES of the BURLLAO OF ENGRAVING AND PRLNTING for the fiscal year 1845 were charged.}

\section*{Appropriation or source of receip :}

Saiaries Bureau Engraving and Printing. ................................ \(\$ 24,98090\)
Labor and expenses of engraving and printing........................ 457, 678 70
Stamps, paper, and dies ..................................................... 338,383 92
Colleeting revenue from customs
6,966 84
Checks and drafts, Independent Treasury
20,564 34
Contingent expenses Treasury Department, stationery ................. . . 28955
Contiugent expeuses Treásury Department, miscellaneous items.... 27874
Expenses iucurred under act relating to Chinese...................... 3, 47050
Contingent expenses Steanboat Inspection Service..................... . . 1,58340
Commissioners of the District of Columbia .............................. \(\quad 9000\)
General expeuses of the District of Colnmbia .......................... 46080
Post-Office Department.....................................................................2,29992
State Department
11860
War Department................................................................................... 83369
Contingent expenses Department of the Interior ...................... 3,457 81
Natioual bauking associations ................................................ 92,950 00
Divers other appropriations and sources ................................ 10,78776
Total ........................................................................ . 965,19547

No. 9.-STATEMENT showing the ANNUAL EXPENDITORES of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the LAST EIGBT FISCAL YEARS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Fiscal year.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Expended from appropriations for en. graving and printing.} & \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Expeuded from amounts transferred and deposited from varions appropriations and sources.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Aggregate.} \\
\hline & Salaries. & Labor and expenses. & 'L'otal. & Expenses of national currency.* & Paper and stamps. & Collecting
revenue from
customs. customs. & Checks, \&c. & Refunding national debt. & Miscelld.
neous. & Total. & \\
\hline 1878 & \$19, 92020 & \$147, 16383 & \$167, 08403 & \$130, 82783 & \$136, 87704 & \$12, 04648 & \$18, 16889 & \$13, 220, 45 & \$10,637 11 & \$371, 77730 & \$538, 86133 \\
\hline 1879 & 25,92963 & 145, 65269 & 171, 58232 & 106, 02854 & 277, 52894 & 12, 67712 & 19,582 24 & 219, \(39 \pm 94\) & 7,282 91 & 642,494 69 & \(814,077.01\) \\
\hline 1880 & 25, 86353 & 347,94190 & 373,80542 & 91, 60588 & 304,26483 & 10,785 52 & 25,719 66 & 45,822 \(04{ }^{\circ}\) & 31, 168 60 & 509, 36653 & 883,171 95 \\
\hline 1.881 & 25, 928 : 5 & 374, 47268 & 400, 40083 & 115, 18519 & 347, 45479 & 5, 7:38 65 & 23, 20953 & 1,523 50 & 7, 67277 & 500, 76443 & 901, 16526 \\
\hline 1882 & 26, 113 55 & 321, 69372 & 347, 80727 & 125, 124 84 & 424,30083 & 8,373 85 & 19,592 93 & & 11, 30500 & 588, 95035 & 936,757 62 \\
\hline 1883 & 24, 899 29 & 398, 52.591 & 4!8, 42511 & 185, 62575 & 434,03051 & 11,208 96 & 19,896 47 & & 15,799 63 & 686, 56132 & 1, 104,986 43 \\
\hline 1884 & 26,045 85 & 485, 20729 & 511, 25314 & & 415,58305 & 8, 58117 & 3,778 75 & & 38,105 94 & 466, 04871 & 977. 30185 \\
\hline 1885 & 24,980 90 & 457, 57870 & 482, 65960 & & 338,946 29 & 6,966 84 & 20,564 34 & & 116,058 40 & 482,535 87 & 965,19547 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* Included in the appropriatious for labor and expenses of engraving and printing for the fiscal years 1884 and 1885.

No. 10.-STATEMENT showing the ANNUAL PRODUCTION of SECURITIES, \&q., in SHEETS for the last EIGHT FISCAL FEARS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Fiscal year.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Produccd out of tho appropriations for engraving and printing.} & \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Produced out of the amonnts transferred and deposited from various appropria. tions and sources.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Aggregate.} \\
\hline & D. S. notes and certificates. & National currency. & Checks and certificates. & Total. & National currency. & Revenue stamps. & Cústoms stamps. \&c. & Checks and drafts, \&c. & U. S. bonds and refunding certiticates. & Miscella. neous. & Total. & \\
\hline 1878. & 2,313, 367 & & & 2, 313,367 & 2, 422,764 & 7, 014, 133 & 480, 017 & 449,590 & 296,781 & 122, 104 & 10, 785, 389 & 13, 0¢8, 756 \\
\hline 1879. & 3,180, 073 & & & 3,180, 073 & 1,938, 564 & 13, 752, 562 & 182, 250 & 482, 120 & 1,766, 875 & 91, 586 & 18, 213, 957 & 21, 394, 030 \\
\hline 1880 & 5, 732, 653 & & & 5. 732, 653 & 1,379,588 & 15, 335, 354 & 197, 179 & 5964.346 & *199, 187 & 164.778 & 17, 872, 432 & 23, 605, 085 \\
\hline 1881 & 5, 333, 812 & & & 5, 3:33, 812 & 1,831, 476 & 17, 981, 693 & 197, 000 & 569, 241 & ............ & 104, 439 & 20, 683, 849 & 26, 017,661 \\
\hline 1882. & 5, 57I, 597 & & & 5,571,597 & 2, 069, 011 & 22,561, 057 & 277, 400, & 539, 007 & & 94, 412 & 25, 540,887 & 31, 112,484 \\
\hline 1883. & 6, 775, 250 & & & 6, 775,250 & 2,450, 755 & 22,99], 641 & 410,700 & 461, 131 & & 235, 269 & 26, 555, 496 & 33,330,746 \\
\hline 1884. & 6, 127, 0 (10 & 2, 068, 193 & 424, 314 & 8, 619, 507 & & 20, 859,407 & 293, 000 & 98, 32.5 & & 335, 660 & 21, 586, 392 & 30, 205, 809 \\
\hline 1885. & 5, 214, 668 & 2, 479, 868 & 26,232 & 7, 720, 768 & & 19, 54 41,977 & 255, 314 & 461, 293 & & 238, 354 & 20,496, 938 & 28, 217, 706 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* 166 ; 287 of these were 4 per cent. coupon bonds not completed or delivered.

No. 11.-STATEMENT showing the NOMBER of EMPLOYES on the FIRST DAY OF EACE MONTH-since July 1, 1877.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Months.} & \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Fiscal yerrs.} \\
\hline & 1877-'78. & 1878-'79. & 1879-'80. & 1880-'81. & 1881-82. & 1882-'83. & 1883-'84. & 1884-85. & 1885-'86. \({ }^{\text {' }}\) \\
\hline July... & 479 & 653 & 901 & 903 & 9:5 & 1,003 & 1,214 & 1,173 & 012 \\
\hline Augurt . . & 459 & 677 & 888 & 934 & 979 & - 1,090 & 1,219 & 1,165 & 907 \\
\hline September & 487 & 679 & 896 & 956 & 988 & 1, 110 & 1, 202 & 1,175 & 902 \\
\hline October .... & 531 & 782 & 896 & 960 & 1, 004 & 1, 163 & 1,199 & 1,175 & 901 \\
\hline November & 492 & 790 & 897 & 949 & 1,014 & 1,187 & 1,195 & 1,170 & 889 \\
\hline December & 496 & 844 & 909 & 964 & 1,017 & 1,203 & 1, 187 & 1, 103 & \\
\hline Janumry. & 513 & 835 & 806 & 967 & 1, 038 & 1,218 & 1,188 & 1,1.54 & \\
\hline February & 529 & 853 & 911 & 083 & 1,035 & 1,228 & 1,186 & 1, 153 & .......... \\
\hline March ... & 563 & 812 & 908 & 984 & 1, 037 & 1,226 & 1,182 & 1, 145 & \\
\hline April. & 57 I & 869 & 917 & 973 & 1,081 & 1,223 & 1,185 & 1,048 & \\
\hline May. & 567 & 929 & 921 & 968 & 1, 0:4 & 1,214 & 1,182 & 1,043 & \\
\hline J une. & 579 & 016 & 922 & 954 & 1,016 & 1,212 & 1,178 & 1,035 & . . . . . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{REPORT OF THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.}

\section*{REPORT}

OE

\section*{THE FIRST COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.}

\author{
Treasury Department, First Conptroller's Office, Washington, D. C., October 16, 1885.
}

Sir: In compliance with the request made in jour letter of August 4,1885 , I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year which ended Jane 30, 1885 .
The following described warrants were received, examined, countersigned, entered into blotters, and posted into ledgers under their proper heads of appropriations:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Kind. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Number } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { warrants. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Amonnts. \\
\hline APPROPRLATION. & & \\
\hline T'reasury nroper & 86 & \$53, 036, 46316 \\
\hline Public debt... & 1 & 263, 146, 603 90 \\
\hline Diplonatic and consular & 2 & 1, 220, 77687 \\
\hline Custome.... & 19 & 29, 425,918 00 \\
\hline Internal revenuo & 7 & 6, 112, 55404 \\
\hline Inte ior civil. & 13 & 9, 552,612 55. \\
\hline Indians and pensions & 37 & 85, 304, 64934 \\
\hline War........... & 26 & 48.311, 26452 \\
\hline Navy & 18 & 17, 267, 53388 \\
\hline & 209 & 512, 468,383 16 \\
\hline accountable and settlement. & & \\
\hline Treasury proper & 4,408 & 39, 005,071 87 \\
\hline Public dabt & \%63 & 263, 150, 57069 \\
\hline Quarterly salaries. & 2, 041 & 5.599, 03882 \\
\hline Diplomatic and consular . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 5,397. & 5. 534, 09132 \\
\hline Customs & 4,033 & 28,518,402 15 \\
\hline Internal revenue. & 5; 772 & 4, 568,362 02 \\
\hline Judiciary & 4,746 & 4, 153, 58598 \\
\hline Interior ciril & 3. 805 & 9, 1124, 188134 \\
\hline Indians and pensions & 4, 025 & 76. 978, 794 26 \\
\hline War & 8,836 & \(43,888,31080\) \\
\hline Navy ............. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 4,484 & 22,388, 34531 \\
\hline - . & 48,510 & 497, 803, 653 56 \\
\hline Tol coverisk. & & \\
\hline Indians and pensions repay & 481 & 14, 319,032 14 \\
\hline War repay. & 1,572 & 1,217,732 33 \\
\hline  & 356 & 6, 367, 26564 \\
\hline Miscellaneous repay: Customs, internal revente, public debt, diplomatic and consular, Ireasury, judiciary, and Interior civil & 2,636 & 3,912,334 91 \\
\hline & 4,995 & 25,816,365 02 \\
\hline . Warbants mecmived, registribed, and Counterbigned, additional to Abovil. & & \\
\hline Miscellaneons revonue covering & 10,818 & 269, 210,358 00 \\
\hline Custome covering & 1, 5188 & 181, 471, 93934 \\
\hline Interual revenue covering & 1, 251 & 112, 49x, 72554 \\
\hline Land covering. & 1, 258 & \(5,705,98044\) \\
\hline , - & 14,895 & 568, 887, 00938 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{recapitulation.}
Pay, repay, and appropiation warrants ..... \$3,714
Miscellancons, intornal rovenue, land, and customs covering. ..... 14,895
Total warrants received and passed ..... 68, 609
Miscellaneous requisitions received and countersigned ..... \begin{tabular}{l}
822 \\
302 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Grand total ..... 69, 733

Accounts have been received from the auditing offices, revised, recorded, and the balances thereon certified to the Register of the Treasury, as follows:


. Outstanding Liabilities:
Accounts arising from demandis for payment of drafte and dis. bursing ofticers ehecke, which hare remained outstauding for thee years, the funds from which they were payable bavjng beco covered into the Treasury.
10. District of Columbia:

Accounts of the Cammissioners of the District of Columbia and general accounts letween the United States and said DistrictNo. of

\section*{11. Public Printing:}

Accounts of the Public Printer for the salaries and wages of employes of the Government Printing Oftice, for the purchase of materials for printing, and tor contingent expenses of the Goverument Printing Otice.
12. Treasurers' General Accounts:

Quarterly accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for receipts and expenditures, including recejpts from all sources coverod into the Ireasnry, and all payments made from the Treasury.

\section*{13. Assistant Treasurers' A ccounts:}

Accomins of the several assistant treasurers of the United States for the salaries of their employes and the incidental expenses of their oftices.
14. Miscellaneous:

Accounts of the disbursing officers of the Execntivo Departmexits for salaties of ofticers and employes, and contingent expenses of the same; accounts for salaxies of julges of the Uuited States Sapreme Court, United States cilcuit and dis. trict judges, district attorneys and marwhals, for gataries and conting. ut expeuses of the National Board of Healch, and for the expenses of the Teuth Census

\section*{Total from First Auditor}

\section*{FROM THE FIFTH AUDITOR.}

\section*{15. Internal Revenue:}

Accounts of cullectors of internal revenne.
A ccounts of same actiog as disbursing agents
Accounts of internal-rerenue stamp ageuts
Discellaneons intenal-revenue accounts, including direet-tax accounte with the Statas and with direet. tax commissiouers; acconnts with eollectors for disburseneurs under the appropriatien for punishment for violation of internal-revenne laws, and for expenses of seizure and sale of property for the vio. lation of said laws; seven different monthly acconsts with the Commisaioner of Intornal Revenue for internal-1 evenue stamps; accounts winh the Secretary of the Treasury for depositsmade in compromise cases, and fur fines, penalicies, and forfeitures; accounts with 'reasury Department for sta. tionery furmished to interval-revenue officers; acconts with the disburaing clerk for papment of internal-revenue agents and gatuers, and for disbursements nudur thre other ditfirent appropiations; acconnts for refunding taxes illemally collected, and iaxes on spirits destroyud, and for the redemp. tion of intenal-revenue stamps; accomnts for rewards for information and other expenses of detecting and suppressing violations of internal-revenue lavs; expense accounts of rev. enneagenta and distillery suivejors; also drawback accounts and accounts for paper for intermal-revenue stanips. for transportation of stationery, and for purchasing hydrometers, and stamps and dies, and loeks and seals, \&e............ Rebate of tax ou tolacco, schedules.

\section*{16. Foreign Intercourse:}

Accounts for ministers, chargés d'affaires, consnls, conmereial agents, interpreters, secretaries to legations, ind marshals of consular eourts; acconsts for the relief and protection of Amelican seamen, for expenses of prisomers in China and Japan, for contingeut expenses and cletk-hire of logations aud consulates, for salaries and expenses of mixed commis. sions; arcumats of Uuited States bankers in London; accants of the disbursinuclerk, Departmentof State, formiscellaneous diplomaticexponses, \&c

No. of roachers.

Anonntinvolved.
\(\$ 2,190,06305\)

20,42068

60,504
12, 122,936 72

4, 013, 61498
\(1,022,169,38148\)

343,99781

21, 448,914 75
1, 589 547, \(361^{*} 87\)

339, 362, 76858
3, \(1.71,67436\)
7, 402, \(8 \not \forall 075\)

4,19576

9,450, \(02680^{\circ}\)


RECAPITUT.ATION.


Requisitions for the advance of money from the Treasury, in the number following, have been examined and advances thereon recommended:
Interual revenue ..... 1,058
Foreign intercourse ..... 1,987
Judiciary ..... 648
Public buildings ..... 268
Mint and assay ..... 330
District of Columbia ..... 144
Territorial ..... 70
Pablic printing ..... 136
Miscellaneous. ..... 163
Total ..... 4,804
Official letters written ..... 15, 354
Letters received, briefed, and registered ..... 6, 555
Powers of attorney recorded. ..... 2, 655
Official bonds registered and filed ..... 1, 102
Number of internal-revenue special tax-stamp books counted and certitied ..... 5, 422
Number of interual-revenne tubacco-stamp books counted and certitied ..... 14, 081
Number of iaternal-revenne spirit-stamp books counted and certified ..... 10, 969
Number of orders for special allowances to collectors, examined, indorsed,

Copies of public-land accounts made, compared, and transmitted.............. 1,211
Folios copied .................................................................................. 20,763
The foregoing statement omits mention of a very large amount of official work entirely of a legal nature, and more especially requiring the personal consideration of the Comptroller, which does not admit of systematic classification and detailed report, and yet has occupied much time and care, such as, e. g., the investigation of, and decision upon, legal points arising in the adjustment of accounts; the examination of, and decision upon, applications for the issuing of duplicate bonds and other securities lost and destroyed, and also for the transfer of the same; the examination of powers of attorney for collection of money due to creditors of the United States; decisions upon the rights of persons claiming to be executors, administrators, or heirs of deceased claimañts to receire money due from the United States; the examination of offcial bonds; answering calls for information, made by Cougress, the Departments, and private persons; receiving and examining emolument returns; and other work of a miscellaneous character.

\section*{INCREASE AND CHANGES IN CLERICAL FORCE.}

For the proper transaction, of the business of this office, constantly increasing; and requiring clerks of tirst-class ability-some of whom should be better paid for their services than the appropriation will allow-I respectfully and earnestly urge upon yon to ask Congress for the increase and changes in the appropriation, suggested in my letter to you of the 28th ultimo, transmitting estimate of appropriations required for the fiscal year 1887, a copy of which is annexed herato as Appendix \(\mathbf{A}\), and made a part of this report.

\section*{States charged with direct taxes.}

I respectfully call your attention to the following extract from the annual report of my predecessor for the fiscal year 1883 , the same state of facts therein referred to at present existing :

In 1868 the First Comptroller then in office certified balances due to the United States from several States, respectively, for direct taxes due and unpaid, under the directtax act of August 5, 1861 (12 Stat., 292); and such States were accordingly debited on the books in the office of the Register of the Treasnry. It may well be doubted whether any corporate State was properly so charged; but, as the Comptroller had jurisdiction of the subject-matter, his action, even if erroneous, canuot be treated as void by the Comptroller now in office. The result is that money due, or which may become due, from the United States to any State so charged, to the extent of the amount so charged, cannot be paid to the State, but by usage and law is to be applied by way of set-off. It may thus happen that some States will in this mode pay the.direct tax, while others indebted in the same form will continue so indebted; and, hence, there will seem to be inequality, if not injustice, in the dealings between the United, States and such states.

The State of Mississippi stands debited, as above indicated, on account of direct taxes due aud umpaid, in the sum of \(\$ 316,676.13\).

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has certified to this office that there is due to said State the sum of \(\$ 5,30850\) on account of commissions under the acts of March 1, 1817 (3 Stat., 349, sec. 5), and September 4, 1841 ( 5 Stat., 457, sec. 16), on the net proceeds of the sales of public lands within the State.

On Juve 4, 1885, the attorneys for the State of Mississippi made able arguments before me to show that the statement of my predecessor in
regard to said indebtedness was null and void, and shonld be disregarded hy me; and that the said sum of \(\$ 5,308.50\) should not be applied as a credit, but slould be paill over to said State. I then rendered an opinion, in which I gave my views upon the question generally, but reserving a final decision in the matter, and stating that \(I\) would in this report suggest to you the propriety of asking Congress to take some action iu reference thereto. A copy of said opinion is annexed hereto as Appendix B, and made a part of this report. Since that time, however, three other cases involving the same princijile have been presented for the action thereon of this office: one from the State of Colorado, oue from the State of Wisconsin, and one from the Territory of Dakota; and I have been constrained to pass on them.

My conclusion is that, the statements made by my predecessor of the accounts of the above-named States and Territory, as to their indebtedness on account of direct taxes, are binding on me for the reasons indicated in said opinion; and I have ordered the amounts certitied as due to the said States and Territory, instead of being paid, to be credited on their said indebtedness, as stated by him agaiust said States and Territory.

Other States, I learn, will present the same question, as amounts may become due to them from the sale of lands or otherwise; and said amounts will be credited, as in the abore cases, uuless Congress in its wisdom shall direct that the money due, and to become due, to said States shall be paid to them withont reference to the charges, as stated, heretofore made against them by my predecessor.
STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON CLATMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.
Since assuming charge of the duities of this office, I have fonnd that old claims against the Goveroment are constantly being presented for the action thereon of the Comptroller, where the rights of the claimants originated, in several instances, tiventy. ive or thirty years ago.

It is, therefore, well worthy of consideration whether some fixed period after the right of the claimant accrues should not be prescribed by statute within which a claim may be brought before the proper accounting officers for their actiou thereon, reserving the rights of persons ander sone legal disability. There is at present no general statute on this subject, although there are special statutes, in a tew cases, limiting the time withiu which certain claius may be presented.
Congress has made provisions generally limiting the time for the payment of claims presented and allowed against the United States to a definite period after the proper appropriation is made, or, in other words, limitiug the availability of appropriations, with certain exceptions (act of June 20, 1874, 18 Stat., 1.10, see. 5); but no such general provision has been made limiting the time for the presentation of claims for the action of the accounting officers thereon; on the contrary, the act of July 7, 1884 ( 23 Stat., 254), would seem to imply that claims may be presented to and allowed by the proper accounting officers at any leugth of time after accruing. (See act of June 14, 1878, 20 Stat., 130, sec. 4.)

The difficulty of obtaining evidence tuon which to base any decision in the class of claims mentioned, where all the facts transpired so long ago, may readily be seen, and may often work injustice to the Government.

REPORTS UNDER SECTION 27؛ OF TEE REVISED STATUTES.
I respectfully call your attention to what was said by my predecessor in reference to section 272 of the Revised Statutes, in his anuual reports for the fiscal years 1881 and 1884, and renew the suggestions there made.

In the present state of the law, a proper compliance with the requirements of said section is impracticable, if not impossible.

Usage at least has reudered this section a dead letter on the statute book; but as far as possible it will be complied with.

In most instances, the duties of those employed in this office have been satisfactorily and efficiently discharged, and it affords me pieasure to bear testimony to the same.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
M. J. DURHAM, First Comptroller.
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

\section*{APPENDIX.}

\section*{A.-COPY OF LETPER TRANSMITTING ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1887.}

> Treasury Department, First Comptrollel's Office, Washington, D. C.; September 28, 1835.

SIR: I have the houor to transmit herewith an estimate of the appropriations required for "Salaries, Office of First Comptroller," for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887.

This estimate makes an increase of two clerks of class 3 and three clerks of class 2 , and a decrease of two clerks in class 1 , being a net increase of three in the clerical furce of this office. By these changes the appropriation for the present year would be increased \(\$ 5,000\), and over the year \(1885, \$ 4,000\). I respectfully and urgently recommend the above change in the estimates.
The business of this office is constantly increasing, and its duties are responsible and onerons, it being, as to the settlement of claims against the Goverument, in the nature of a court of last resort. For the proper performance of these duties clerks of more than asual capacity and ability, and most of them with legal training, are required, as it is impossible for the Comptroller to personally overlook every item in the large number of accounts revised by the office, many of which require a good legal knowlelge for their proper consideration. For example, the acconats for the unanthorizerl expenses of the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims were passed by this office unchallenged for a number of years, until called to the atteution of the Comptroller by an attorney practicing before that court.

I desire further :o state, that when I took charge of the office I found six clerks detailed from other bureaus in addition to the regular force, while there are now but three, and I believe that with the increase above suggested I shall be able to keep up the current business of the office. The increase is required in the division of public land accounts and of accounts of the District of Columbia, where the work was in arrears.

In conclusion, if the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 187 , is made on the basis of the estimate herewith submitted, the efficiency of the clerical force of this office will be greatly advanced thereby.

Very respectfully,

\author{
M. J. DURHAM. \\ Comptroller.
}

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

蛋-COPY OF OPINION IN THE MISSISSIPPI DIRECT-TAX CASE.

> Treasury Department, Firs'r Comp'rroller's Office, Washington, D. C., June 4, 1885.

IN THE MAT'RR OF THE RIGHT OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI IO PAYMEN' OF 'IHE AMOUNT FOUND DUE HER ON ACCOUNT OF TWO AND THREE PER CENT. COMMISSIONS ON PUBLIC LANDS SOLD WI'HIN HER LIMI'SS.

Under the fifth section of the act of March 1, 1817 (3 Stat., 349), 3 per cent., and under the 16 th section of an act approved September 4 , 1841 ( 5 Stat., 457 ), 2 per cent., on the net proceeds of the public lauds sold within the State of Mississippi were given to said State for the purposes therein named.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office certifies to this office that there is due to said State from the sales made of said lauds from July 1, 1883, to June 30,1884 , arising from the 3 per cent. commission, the sum of \(\$ 3,185.10\), and on sales made within the same period on which 2 per cent. is allowed, the sum of \(\$ 2,123.40\); making in all \(\$ 5,303.50\).

Under an act of Congress, approved August 5, 1861, entitled "An act to provide increased revenue from imports, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," it was provided that a direct tax of \(\$ 20,000,000\) should be anuually laid upon the United States, to be apportioned to the States respectively in the manner therein indicated. To the State of Mississippi there was apportioned the sum of \(\$ 413,084.67\). Of this sum there has been collected. by the commissioners from the owners of lands subject to that direct tax the sum of \(\$ 60,263.13\); and there bas been applied to the payment of said tax from time to time the sum of \(\$ 36,145,41\), arising from the 2 and 3 per cent. commissions on lands, under the first-mentioned act, leaving unpaid on said direct tax the sum of \(\$ 316,676.13\) due the United States.

Section 1766 of the Revised. Statates of the United States provides "that no money shall be paid to any person for his compensation who is in arrears to the United States, until he bas accounted for and paid into the Treasury all sums for which he may be liable," \&c. Under that section the accounting officers of the Treasury have been applying the proceeds arising from the sales of these lands as a credit to the State of Mississippi on her indebteduess as stated above to the United States. Thirty-six thonsand one hundred and forty-five dollars and forty-one cents has been so applied; but the State of Mississippi, by her attorneys, now comes and says that application was wroug, aud that the State of Mississippi, as a State, io ber corporate capacity, does not owe the Uaited States anything, and asks that the above sum of \(\$ 5,308.50\) be paid to the State, and not applied as a credit, as has been heretofore done.

I find, on examination of the records of this office, what purports to be a statement of an account between the United States and the State of Mississippi. It is as follows :

\section*{Treasury Départiment, Fifth Auditor's Office, May 15, 1868.}

No. 50,630.
I hereby certify that I have examined and adjusted an account between the United States and the State of Mississippi, and find that the
snm of \(\$ 413,084.66 \frac{2}{3}\) is due from said State to the United States, as follows, viz:

For amount of direct tax imposed and apportioned by the provisions of the eighth section of an act to provide increased revenues from imports, to pay interest on the puiblic debt, and for other purposes, approved August 5, 1861. Amount to be debited the State of Mississippi on the books of the Register of the Treasury, as appears from statement and vouchers herewith transmitted for the decision of the Comptroller of the Treasury thereou.
\$413,084.67.

\author{
C. M. WALKER, Auditor.
}

To the First Comptroller of the Treasury.
Treasury Department, Comptroller's Office, May 29, 1868.
I admit and certify that \(\$ 413,084.67\) are due and payable as stated in the above report.

\author{
R. W. TAYLER, Comptroller.
}

To the Register of the Treasury.
Two questions are here presented, to wit:
1. Is the State of Mississippi, as a political corporation, indebted to the United States for direct taxes or otherwise?
2. If the above proposition should be decided in the negative, then how far and to what extent am I bonnd by the statement of the Auditor and the certiticate of Comptroller Tayler as to the state of the account between the State of Mississippi aud the United States?

The first proposition was ably, and, to my mind, conclusively, discussed by my predecessor, Comptroller Porter, in 1879, in the Georgia case. Secretary McCulloph, before that time, liad also, in a letter to Governor Throckmorton, of Texas, substantially adranced about the same views.

The act of Congress of August 5, 1861, apportions to the State of Mississippi the abore sum. What is meant by the word "State". How is it used? Sometimes it is used in its corporate capacity, sometimes in a geographical sense, and sometimes in the sense of the people of a State. Under the Constitution of the Uuited States Congress cannot direct a levy of a direct tax on a State as a political corporation, but ouly on the propertr of the iudividuals of the State.

Mr. Webster, in discussing this question, says: "The Constitation creates direct relations between the Goverument and individuals. * * It has power to tax individuals in any mode, and to any extent, and it possesses the further power of demanding of individuals military service. * * * Nothing, certainly, can more distinguish a government from a confederation of states than a possession of these powers. No choser relations can exist between individuals aud any government. * * The great object was to supersede the confederation by a regular government, because, under the confederation; Congress had power only to make requisitions on States, and it States declined compliance, as they did, there was no remedy but war against such delinquent States. * * The Constitution was adopted to avoid this necessity. It was adlopted that there might be a Govern-
ment which should act directly on individuals without borrowing aid from the State government."

The direct tax levied by the United States is owing to said States as directly by the people whose lands are taxed as the direct taxes im. posed by the respective States to support their local governments are owing to said States by their own people. The act directing the collectiou of this direct tax prescribes on what it is a lien and how it is to be collected. It is a lien on the lands of the people of the State. Hence, I also conclude that, the word State, as used in said act of August 5, 1861, was used to denote a territorial, uot a political, corporation, and that the State of Mississippi as a political corporation is not indebted to the United States in any amount, for direct tax or otherwise. This proposition having been disposed of, then how far, and to what extent, am I to be controlled by the statement and certificate of the former Auditor and Comptroller above cited, to wit, that the State of Mississippi was iudebted to the United States in the sum of \(\$ 413,084.67\), as therein stated.

Section 191 of the Revised Statutes sass:
"The balances which may from time to time be stated by the Auditor and certified to the heads of Departments by the Commissioner of Customs, or the Comptroilers of the Treasury, upon the settlement of public accounts, shall not be subject to be changed or modified by the heads of Departments, but shali be conclusive upon the executive branch of the Government, and be subject to revision only by Congress or the proper courts," \&c.
This means that whenever the accounting officers certify balances to the heads of Departments, the same shall be şubject to revision only by Congress and the proper courts. The question has frequently been before the courts, and opinions of Attorneys General have been given in regard thereto. The question was presented to Attorney General Wirt in 1823, in which he gave his opinion on this subject. He says: "My opinion is, that the settlement made of the accounts of individuals by the accounting offieers appointed by law is final and conclusive, so far as the executive department of the Government is concerned. If an individual conceives himself injured by such settlement, his recourse must be one of the other two branches of Government-the legislative or judicial," \&c. (See 1 Op. Att.-Gen., 629.)

In the case of the United States \(v\). Jones (8 Pet., 384), the court says: "The law has prescribed the mode by which Treasury accounts shall be made evidence, and whilst an individual may claim the benefit of this rule, the Government can set up no exemption from its operation. In the performance of their official duty, the Treasury officers act under the authority of law ; their acts are public, and affect the rights of individuals as well as those of the Government. In the adjustment of an account they sometimes act judicially, and their acts are all recorded on the books and files of the Treasury Department. So far as they act strictly within the rules prescribed for the exercise of their powers, their decisions are, in effect, final; for, if an appeal be made, they will receive judicial sauction," \&c.

I could cite other authorities as to the power and duties of these accounting officers.

The question is presented, also, as to whether or not 1 can revise the decision of one of my predecessors, although he may be mistaken as to the lasw and facts upon which his decision may be predicated. Thers is abnudant anthority, too, upon this question. . In 2 Brock, 472, in axt
opinion delivered by Justice Barbour ju the case of ex parte Randolph, the conrt said in relation to the power of accounting officers:
"It is wholly irrelative to the merits of this case to inquire whether there mas not have been crror committed by the Auditor in the stating of the account on which this proceeding is founded; because, we are not sitting here to reverse this case, as an appellate court, on a writ of error, nor, is it before us, as the proceedings of special jurisdictions in England are before the King's Bench, by certiorari. In either of these aspects, the decision which we should be called upon to make would depend upon the result of the inquiry whether there was or was not error in the proceedings; but, sitting as we are, upon a habeas corpus, the question is not whetber there is error in the proceedings, but, whether there was jurisdiction of the case in the Auditor of the Treasury. * * *"

The court furtber says: "This question was elaborately argued at the bar, and I have considered it with great care. I forbear, bowever, to enter into fhe discussion of it here; because, although it should be clearly made out that the auditor once had jurisdiction, yet upon the facts in the case, another question arises, whicb, in my opinion, is de'cisive of the case; and that is, after the Auditor shall ouce have settled an account of a public officer, and closed it, as in this case, is it competent for him at an after time, upon an allegation of error, or omissiou, or for other cause, to opeu it, restate it, and upon the account thus restated, to institute proceedings by a warrant of distress against the debtor? I think it is not."

In the same opinion, after stating some other reasons to show why it shonld be the case, the court sass:
"Let us trace the injurious consequences of a contrary doctrine. Until the power of the Auditor is once executed the officer knows that it is his duty to acconnt and, having accounted, to pay. But if, after the account had once been stated and closed, he could open it agaiu, how often, and within what period of time, sball he do it? There is obviously \(n o\) limitation, either as to length of time, or to frequency. Suppose, after once statiug it, and then opening it, and restating it upon alleged error, be should think he bad discovered error, he must open and restate it again.

But, again: If it be competent to him to open the account in favor of the United States, the converse of the proposition must he equally true, upon the principles of justice; it mast be competent to him also, after the lapse of years, to opeu it against the United States and in favor of the party. Might not this coarse most injuriously affect the public interest? It seems to we that a doctriue which leads to sueh consequeuces cannot be somd."

Attorney-General Taney, in 2 Opinions, 464, speaking of the accounting officers, uses this language:
"Where a claim has been presented, and, upon the whole evidence rejected by the accounting officers, and, upon an appeal to the Secretary of War their decision has been confirmed, I doubt whether it is regalar for his successor int that office to review his decision. The party may carry his appeal from the Secretary of War before the President; and if the President affirms the decisiov, his remedy, if he supposes injustice is done to him, must be found in an application to Congress. For if a final decision, upon a knowledge of all the facts, made by an officer authorized to decide on claims against the Government, is liable to be opened and reviewed by his successor in office, every change in the off-
cer will produce a new hearing of the claim, and the accounts of the Government will always remain opened and unsettled," \&c.

The Supreme Court, in the case of the United States \(v\). The Bank of the Metropolis ( 15 Pet., 400 ), on this subject of the power of successors to reopen accounts, uses the following language:
"The successor of Mr. Barry had the same power, and no more, than his predecessor, and the power of the former did not exteud to the recall of credits or allowances made by Mr. Barry, if he acted within the scope of official authority given by law to the head of the Department. This right in an incumbent of reviewing a predecessor's decisions, extends to mistakes in matters of fact arising from errors in calculation, and to cases of rejected claims, in which material testimony is afterwards discovered and produced. But if a credit has been given, or an allowance made, as these were by the head of a Department, and it is alleged to be an illegal allowance, the judicial tribunals of the country must be resorted to to construe the law under which the allowance was made, and to settle the rights between the United States and the party to whom the credit was given. . It is no longer a case between the correctness of one officer's judgment and that of his siluccessor."

F could quote other authorities bearing upon this question, but deem the same unnecessary.

It will be seen by the above authorities, that, if my predecessor, Mr. Tayler, had jurisdiction of the subject-matter of direct taxes in the State of Mississippi, and made no mistake in matters of fact arising from errors in calculation, or iu which material testimony was afterwards discovered and produced, it would seem that I have no right or authority to interfere with any decision or conglusion that he may have come to in regard thereto; and the only remedy is to have the act construed by the courts, or to make appeal to Congress in regard thereto.

It is said by the able attorneys representing the State of Mississippi, that the war taxes haye been suspended, and that Congress is not enforcing their collection. This may be very trie; but they still stand uncollected, and may be enforced by Congre'ss at any time it sees proper. It is further insisted, that by applying the above sums as a set-off on direct taxes, Mississippi is being compelled to pay these taxes, while other States are not compelled to pay their taxes. This office has nothing to do with matters of that kind. That is a matter, as before stated, for the courts and Congress to deal with.

If it is true that my predecessor has stated an account against the State of Mississippi, and that State is found indebted to the United States in a greater sum than the amount now found due on the sales of these public lands, then the latter amount must go as a credit upon that indebteduess to the Government of the United States.

I need not state how I would have stated the account in 'regard to the direct taxes; and there may be some question as to whether Comptroller Payler properly stated it. As there are doubts about that, I have made up my mind that I will not make a final decision in this case, as to whether I will treat the statement of Comptroller Tayler as a wrong statement or be governed by it as it now stauds, but will in my annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury suggest to him the propriety of his asking Cougress to take some action in regard to the balances due the United States for direct taxes, hoping that thereby this whole matter can be rightfully adjusted and settled.

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Federal Reserve Bánk of S

\title{
REPORT OF THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.
}

\title{
REPORT \\ OF \\ THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.
}

\author{
Treasury Department, Second Comptroller's Office, October 31, 1885̆.
}

SIR: In compliance with the direction contained in your letter of Angast 4, 1885, I submit the following report of the transactions of this office during the tiscal rear which ended June 30, 1885.
The following tables contain a statement of the total number of acconuts, claims, and cases of every kind settletl and adjasted and the amounts allowed thereon:

TOTAL NUMBER of AOCOUNTS, CLATMS, and CASES SETTLED.


ACCOUNTS REVISED AND SETTLED DURING THE YEAR.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Cbaracter of the accounts. & 守 & Amounts allowed. \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
FROM THE SECOND AUDITOR. \\
1 Of Army paymasters, for pay of the Army..........................................
\end{tabular}}} & & \\
\hline & & 100 & \$1, 252, 998 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2 Of disbursing ofticers of tbe Ordmance Dopartment, for ordmace, ordnanco stotes, supplies, armories, and arsenals.} & 89 & 455, 998 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3
4} & Of recruiting officers, for regular recruiting service......................... & 282 & 73, 087 \\
\hline & Of disbursing officers of the Medical Department, for medical and hospital supplies and services & 42 & 527, 589 \\
\hline 5 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Of miscellaucous disbursements for contingent expenses of the drmy, Ad-jutant-General's aud Commanding General's offices, Artillery School, \&c.. Snecial Army accounts} & 86 & 148, 500 \\
\hline & & 357 & 77, 215 \\
\hline 7 & Of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers..................... & 2 & 2, 327, 850 \\
\hline 8 & Of Indian agents' current and contingent expenses, annuities and installments. & 412 & 1,726,881 \\
\hline & Total & 1,800 & 6,590,118 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ACCOUNTS REVISED AND SETTLED DURING THE FEAR'-Continued}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Chnracter of the accounts. &  & Amounts allowed. \\
\hline & - PROM THE THILD AUDTKOR. & & \\
\hline 1 & Of disbursing ofticers of the Quartermaster's Department, for regular and incidental expenses & 2,092 & \$13, 336, 160 \\
\hline 2 & Of disbursing officers of the Subsistence Department ............ . . . . . . . . . & 752 & 4,636,549 \\
\hline 3 & Of disbursing officers of the Engineer Department, for military surveys, fortifications, river and harbor improvements, dec & 94 & 10,710, 037 \\
\hline 4 & Of disbursing officers of the Signal Service ........................................... & 105 & 884, 289 \\
\hline 5 & Of peusion agents for paymunt of Army pensions . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 151 & 59, 637, 359 \\
\hline & Total & 3,194 & 80, 204394 \\
\hline & FROM TELE ROCIZ A AUDITOR. & , & \\
\hline 1 & Of paymasters of the Navy aud at navy-yards, Navy agents, and other disbursing officers & 223 & 13, 617, 291 \\
\hline 2 & Of disbursing ofticers and agonts of the Marine Corps & 13 & 619, 711 \\
\hline 3 & Of Nav, pensiou argents for Navy and Marine Corps. & - 27 & 939, 041 \\
\hline 4 & Of miscellaneous vival accounts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 2,098 & 574, 043 \\
\hline & Total & 2,361 & 15,650, 086 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Claims settled during the year.


Cases adjusted not involving present expenditure.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Character of the cases. & Number. & Amount inrolved. \\
\hline 1 & Duplicate checks approved & 479 & \$32,025 \\
\hline 2 & Referred cases adjusted and docided & 3,225 & \\
\hline 3 & Financial agents' accounts, Naval .. & , 2 & 153,938 \\
\hline & & 3,706 & 185, 963 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Bonds filed during the year ..... 89
Contracts fileç cluring the year ..... 3,172
Official letters written and copied ..... 2,050
Requisitions, couatersigned and recorded ..... 20,63:3
Settlements recorded ..... 13, 365
Differences recorded ..... 2,980
Single vouchers examined:
By Army Division ..... 36, 134
By Iudian Division ..... 57,416
By Pension Division ..... 1, 383, 379
By Quartermasters' Division ..... 317, 535
By Navy Division ..... 45, 169
Clerks employed, average monthly number ..... 79

These tables do not include much other oficial work performed, which cannot be tabulated, such as the investigation and decision of legal questions arising in the adjustment of accounts, and in many cases referred for decision from the several Departments which report to this office; decisions as to rights of heirs, executors, and administrators, and other legal representatives of deceased cldimants; questions arising on powers of attorney, and in contests of attorneys for claimants; answering calls for information from Congress, the Departments, and private persons.

By a comparison of these tables with the report of the Second Comptroller tor the fiscal year ended June 30,1884, it will be found that the grand total of accounts and claims settled in the fiscal year which ended June 30,1885 , was 37,150 , and in the previous year 27,780 , being an increase of 33 per ceut.; while the ivcrease of clerical force was only \(1 \frac{2}{3}\) clerks.

All of the divisions are substantially up with current work, except the Army Pay and Pension Divisions. The latter division is now engaged in the examination of the accomnts for the first quarter of 1885, and it is believed that the accumulated work in these divisions cau be disposed of by the force now employed by the end of the present fiscal year.

The work of the office is now distributed among six divisions, known as the Army Pay Division, employing 22 clerks; the Navy Pay Division, with 4 clerks; Quartermasters' Division, 11 clerks; Army Pension Division, 16 clerks; Indian Division, 7 clerks; Miscellaneous Claims Division, 5 clerks; with a chief in charge of each division. There are also 6 clerks employed as requisition and copying clerks, making the total clerical force, including chiefs of divisions, 77.

The following is a statement of the number of claims pending and undetermined in each division on June 30, 1885:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Accounts. & Claims. & Totals: \\
\hline Army Pay Division & 599 & 812 & 1,411 \\
\hline Army Pension Division & 25 & 3 & 28 \\
\hline Indian Division & 79 & 30 & 109 \\
\hline Miscellaneons Claims Di & & 50 & 50 \\
\hline Navy Pay Division & 23
259 & 9 & 23
268 \\
\hline & . 985 & 904 & 1,889 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For the more efficient administration of the affiairs of the office, a new division has been created, to commence its work November 1, 1885, to have charge of the seitlement and adjustment of Paymasters' accounts and the accounts of the Ordnance Department, fihich will consist of an
acting chief and seven clerks, takeu from the Army Pay Division, which beretofore has been intrusted with the settlement of these accounts.

The following table contains a statement of the number of claims and accounts pending in each division on the 1st day of June, 1.885, when I assumed the charge of the office, and the number pending at the date of this report:


During the same period there were received from the Auditors' offices 15,783 claims and accounts; and 16,398 claims and accouuts were examined and adjusted.

The work of the accounting officers is greatly impeded in consequence of the enforced examination ot stale demands.

There is no statate of limitations applicable to the prosecution of claims before them, and; as they hare jurisdiction not only of claims against the Government, but also of claims existing in faror of the United States, it frequently happens that they are called npon to investigate transactions which occurred so loag ago that, on account of the death of witnesses and the loss of original papers, it is difficult to reach a correct or satisfactory determination of the controversy. In usome cases to which my attention has been called, over serenty years had elapsed since the occurrence took place out of which the claim arose.

The enactment of a statute imposing a reasonable limitation of time within which all claims, either in favor of or against the Government, should be presented to the accounting officers would facilitate the transaction of public business in the Department, and it is believed that the euds of justice would be promoted thereby.

Very respectfully,

\author{
I. H. MAYNARD, \\ Comptroller.
}

\author{
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.
}

\section*{- REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.}


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\author{
REPORT
}

Or

\section*{THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.}

\section*{Treasury Department, Office of Commissionela of Customs, Washington City, D. C., October 29, 1885.}

SIR : I have the honor to submit herewith, for your information, a statement of the work performed in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885 :


There was paid into the Treasury from sources the accounts relating to which are settled in this office-

On account of customs .................................................. \(\$ 181,471,93934\)

On áccount of steamboat fees............................................... 111,884 25
On account of fines, penalties, and forfeitures......................... 142,75952
On account of storage, fees, \&c..................................................... 763,577 05
On account of emolument fees.............................................. 273,30390
On account of immigration fund............................................ 1 . 177,002 50
On account of shipping fees
61,484 12
On account of rent of public baildings
¢, 21561
On account of relief of sick and disabled seamen........................... 6 . 6,261 25
On acconnt of mileage of examiners.................................... . 1, 127 70
On account of deceased passengers .......................................... \(\quad 77000\)
On account of miscellaneons items. 2860
1. On acconnt of interest on debts due.................................................................................. 19680

On account of proceeds of Government.property ..................................................... 24731
Aggregate
183, 2Q7, 90779

\section*{And there was paid out of the Treasury on the following accounts:}
Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs ..... \(\$ 6,494,84729\)
Excess of deposits ..... 4, 703, 73739
Debentures ..... 8,560,455 43
Coustruction, \&c., of public buildings ..... 2,594,907 67
Coustruction and maintenance of lights ..... 2,311, 19078
Life-Saving Service ..... 859, 193 17
Construction and naintenance of revenue-cutters ..... 857, 71345
Marine-Hospital Service ..... 404, 63819
Expenses of regulating immigration ..... 125,538 58
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue ..... 73, 37390
Salaries and expenses, shipping service ..... 47,078 13
Compensation in lien of moieties ..... 31,947 54
Protection of sea-otter hunting-grounds and seal- fisheries in Alaska ..... 25, 00000
Salaries and expenses of agents at seal-fisheries in Alaska ..... 13,10261
Quarantine stations for neat-cattle ..... 4,708 80
Refunding peualties or charges erroneously exacted ..... 1,956 42
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war (Reve- nue Marine) ..... 5,015 00
Amounts refunded to various parties ..... 1,169 58
Unclaimed merchandise ..... 805.71
Refunliug moneys erroneously received and covered in to the Treasury ..... 21927
Relief of B. Somers \& Co ..... 9,588 62
Total ..... \(27,126,18753\)
Deduct repayment-
Report of taxation and other charges mpon ship-owners, \&c ..... 21486
Aggregate ..... 27, 125,972 67
Estimates received and examined ..... 2,391
Requisitions issued ..... 2,391
Amount involved in requisitions ..... \$23, 329, 39668
Letters received ..... 17, 800
Letters written ..... 9,986
Letters recorded ..... 9,640
Stubs of receipts for duties and fees returned by collectors ..... 208, 568
Stubs examined and summarized ..... 217,217
Tomnage stubs, received and entered ..... 11, 664
Oaths examined and registered ..... 1, 394
Appointments registered ..... 2,237
Average number of clerks employed ..... 30

It may be proper at this time to refer briefly to the general duties of the office of Commissioner of Customs.

The office was established by the act of March 3, 1849, for the purpose of relieving the First Comptroller of a portion of his duties. As thus appears, the functions of the office are those of a comptroller, and it would be more consistent with the official desiguations of the accounting officers of the Treasury Department were it styled by law the office of the Third Comptroller of the Treasury. The existing official title is a misnomer. It is apt to be associated with that of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, whose duties are mainly administrative. Similar duties relating to the customs revenue pertain to the Customs Division of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, and are not connected with the office of Commissioner of Customs. The title is therefore misleading, and causes some inconvenience and delay in the transaction of public business, both in this office and in the Customs Division.

The general duties of this office consist in the examination, settlement, and certification to the Register of the Treasury of the following classes of accounts, viz:
1. Receipts from customs, including tounage duties.
2. Steamboat fees.
3. Shipping commissioners' fees.
4. Immigration fund.
5. Fines, penalties, and forfeitures under customs and navigation laws.
6. Proceeds of unclaimed merchandise sold.
7. Proceeds of sales of Government property.
8. Moneys received for rent of Government property. .
9. Moneys received on account of deceased passengers.
10. Official emoluments of collectors and survejors of customs.
11. Warehoused and bonded goods.
12. Expenses of collecting the revenue from chistoms.
13. Expenses of detection and prevention of fratuds upon the customs revenne.
14. Payments of debentures and drawbacks.
15. Excess of deposits (for customs duties) refinded.
16. Compensation iu lien of moieties.
17. The light-house establishment, including stopplies and repairs of light-houses, expenses of buoyage, of light vessels, of fog signals, salaries of keepers of light-houses and fog signals, lighting and bnoyage of rivers, maintenance of lighted buoys, inspecting lights, survey of light-house sites, and the construction of light-houses.
18. Expenses of the Rerenue-Cutter Service, including the construction of revenue vessels.
19. Expenses of the Life-Saving Service, including the establishment of stations.
20. Expenses of the Marine Eospital Service.
21. Construction of custom-houses, court honses, post-offices, marine hospitals, \&c., and repairs, furniture, heating apparatus, fuel, lights, water, and pay of assistant custodians and janitors for public buildings.
22. Shipping service expenditures.
23. Expenses of immigration.
24. Expenditures for seal fisheries and hunting grounds in Alaska.
25. Expenses of quarantine stations for neat cattle.

In addition to the examination and settlement of accounts, the followiug duties may be mentioned: The examination and approval of the official bonds of collectors, surveyors, and naval officers of the customs. The examination and entry of the oaths of office of all officers and employés embraced in the foregoing classes of accounts, and the approval of requisitions for the advance of money to the officers charged with the expenditures included therein.

The work of the office, in the brief time I have occupied it, has been performed by the clerks in a satisfactory manner. Extra work bas been done in preparing statistical information for the Department. It is siggested that there might be, with advantage, a division for statistical information established. This office, with its present force of clerks, just sufficient for the regular routine work, has not the proper facilities for furuishing the statistical information frequently needed and required.

It is possible that some improvements can be inade in the manner of examining accounts. If so, they must be made cautiously, as the system of leeping accounts in the Treasury has been of slow and patient growth, and is more likely to be correct than the first impressions of any one, however learned or expert in science.

The statement of the warehouse and bond account of the New York custom-bouse has not been satisfactory for a number of years. It has been a fruitful source of perplexity and annoyance to the clerks having charge of it. A system of keeping those accounts was completed in that office in 1881, which is considered nearly perfect. Since that time
there has been no difficulty in ascertaining the balances as long as they are kept separate from the old account. But prior to that time there was an incessant trouble in the balances which required constantly to be forced, arising wholly from the iningling of the old account with the new, which was subject to unaccountable fluctuations. The difficulty arose from starting out with a wrong balance in 1868-the balance having been taken from the bonds on file without the proper credits having been allowed or even discovered.
The warehouse and bond account for the month of May, 1885, shows a balance of-
Old warehonse account due on the bouds...................................... \(\$ 1,670,81806\)
Deducting from this the small balance of goods in the warehouse.... 95793
Balance due on the bonds as stated in the account................ 1, 669, 86013
It appears from the investigation made by clerks sent from this office for the purpose, to the New York custom-house by my predecessor, under the order: of Hon. Hugh McCalloch, former Secretary of the Treasury, that \(\$ 1,640,857.75\) should be credited against this balance. This would leave still a balance of \(\$ 29,002.38\), for which no evidence can be found that the warehouse bonds were canceled or accounted for. Whether this amount even remains as a proper charge can never be determined, but, at any rate, as there is no responsibility in the matter, nor any satisfactory means of determining the correctness of it, it does not appear to serve any good purpose to carry this balance longer on the monthly statements.

As appears now in the accounts there is due on warehouse bonds on the old account \(\$ 1,669, \$ 60.13\) with no merchandise in the warehouse to representit. A similar difficulty appears in the transportation and exportation balauces of the warehouse and bond account.

At the close oï May, 1885, the balance of duties due on transportation bonds of the old account was \(\$ 86,171.11\); and the balance on exportation bonds \(\$ 295,842.87\) with no evidence baving been yet discovered that the merchandise was either trausported or exported; the ouly thing certain about it being that it disappeared.

These balances of the old account have been about the same, from month to month, since March 31, 1878, and it is deemed not possible to discover the proper credits, if ayy, now to be entered in the account. The merchandise represented by the bonds may have been exported and transported without the proper evidence having been furnished to the New Yorls office that it reached its destination, or the evidence may have been furvished but not properls entered on the records of the New York custom•house.

I intend, in a future communication to the Secretary of the Treasury, to give a bistory of this difficulty in the warehouse and bond account of the New York custom-house, and to ask for certain instructious relative to the settlement of what is called the old warehouse and bond account.

It is perhaps not strictly pertinent for me to make any suggestions relating to the laws or practice connected with the collection of the revenue; but from the examination of accounts made in this office, opinions are formed as to the desirability of modifications in the law, or practice, which would tend to facilitate the settlement of accounts or improve the efficiency of the public service.

Availing myself of the long experience of Mr. It. A. Lockwood, the faithful and efficient depaty in this office, \(I\) venture to make some
points for your consideration, without, however, giving any pronounced opinion thereon, premising that I deem them worthy of attention.
(1) A change in the present laws might be made so as to prevent the payment of interest on duties refunded. It is believed that suits for refunds are, if not purposely delayed, yet not actively pressed, because of the adtrantage arising from the recovery of interest, and it may be possible that this delay also leads to wrong liquidations of judgments or erroneous verdicts to the prejudice of the Government.
(2) A change might be made in the designations of all subordinate officers, other than those appointed by the President, into one class, to be styled customs officers, with power to the collector or chief customs officer in the district to detail any customs officer under him to any duty within his district. This would enable a collector of customs to use his force of officers more efficiently; do away with many questions now arising before the Commissioner of Customs, as to the employment of one officer to perform the duties of another, and make the chief officer responsible for the efficiency of his force. A modification of the laws so as to give power to the Secretary of the Treasury'to fix the compensation of all such customs officers within certain limits, would simplify the question and not be against the policy of the law, for now the salaries of some officers of customs are determined by the Secretary whilst others are fixed'by law.
(3) A fixed annual compensation for principal customs officers would be beneficial.

It appears that there are now five ways recognized in the statutes for payment of officers of customs, viz: 1. By salary. 2. Salary and fees. 3. Salary, fees, and commissions. 4. Fees and commissions. 5. Fees only.

One objection to payment in fees is the tendency to the exaction of illegal fees. Another is that the money taken for fees does not appear in the receipts and expenditures of the Treasury, except in the emolument statements. The expenses of collecting the revenue are, of necessity, more, by the amount of fees retained for compensation, than is shown by the appropriation ledgers.

Another serious objection is that the payment by commissious causes delay in the settlement of accounts. Section 305 Revised Statutes does not allow credit to be given a person depositing money in the United States Treasury uutil a covering warrant shall have been issued.
The compensation of many collectors being paictly paid by commissions on collections, it follows that the collection atccounts must be adjusted before the expenditure and emolnmeut accounts can be taken up.
(4) In all the collection districts, except the large ones, the payment of salaries of subordinates, and other expenses, might be made on vouchers to be checked in the Secretary's office. It is believed that this would prove advantageous. It would save the necessity of making advances to collectors and would reduce the labor of settlement in the accounting offices.

In its favor it also presents the strong consideration that the account could be examined before payment, whilst, under the present practice, the payment has to be made before the examination.
(5) In consequence of fraudulent practices on the part of a clerk employed in the light house engineer's office in San lerancisco, the Commissioner of Customs, on January 30, 1882, in a letter addressed to the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury, recommended the examination of the light-house service by special agents, as is now done in the customs service. This recommeodation was adopted by the Jight House Board
and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, but it does not appear to have been put in practice, and it seems sufficiently important to again commend it to your attention.
I inclose herewith a statement of the transactions in bonded goods as shown by the adjusted accounts; also of property brought into the United States for temporary purposes, under section 2507 Revised Statutes.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOHN S. MCCALMONT, Commissioner of Customs.
The Hol. Secretary of the Treasury.
A.-STATEMENT of WAREHOUSE TRANSACTIONS at the SEVERAL DISTRICTS and PORTS in the UNITED STATES for the year ending June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Distuicts anl ports. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Balance of bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & Warehoused and bonded. & Rewarehoused and bonded. & Constructively warehoused. & Increase of duties ascertrined on liquidation. & Withdrawal duty paid. & Withdrawal for trans. portatiou. & Withdrawal for exportation: & Allowances and deflciencies. & Balance on bouds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Albany & & & & \$108, 10637 & & \$108, 10637 & & & & \\
\hline A patachicol & \$327 78 & \$274 61 & & & & 23590 & & \$91 88 & & \$274 61 \\
\hline Bultimore & 121,314 33 & 361, 11317 & \$25, 73417 & 9,279 26 & \$2,737 81 & 389, 19203 & \$2,253 75 & 3,786 82 & \$5,823 11 & 125, 12303 \\
\hline Bangor. & 78016 & 1, 19314 & 94200
757639 & 5,44593
240098
4 & 128 & 647
3200 & 4,777 93 & \(\begin{array}{r}5200 \\ 10,157 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 2,104 14 \\
\hline Bathstable. & 51,902 92 & 3, 527.37 & 27,393 77 & 2,453
4,153 & 128 & 56, 13522 & 23733 & 10, 1577 & 13,219 66 & - 17,385 22 \\
\hline Beautort, S. C & & & & 20,037 81 & & & & 20,037 81 & & \\
\hline Boston and Charlestown. \(\qquad\) & 4, 419, 19315 & 11, 660, 66537 & 203, 92] 06 & 1, 196, 66583 & 274, 61412 & 11, 571, 072 50 & 181,956 66 & 1, 271, 59333 & 671, 19249 & 4, 059, 24455 \\
\hline Brazus de Santiago. & 10640 & 1,194 36 & 2,757 16 & 14,85187 & & & 3,329 98 & 15,473 41 & & 10640 \\
\hline Buttalo Creek & 5,092 18 & 5,919 55 & 7,570 29 & 161, 28037 & 5166 & 20, 20080 & 80,198 22 & 74, 12593 & & 5,389 12 \\
\hline Belfast & & 1,486 92 & 3,551 07 & 16888 & & 2918 & 24806 & 1,295 44 & & 3, 63419 \\
\hline Cape Vincent & & - 2,403 30 & & 1,376 01 & & 36400 & 2,039 30 & 1,376 01 & & \\
\hline Castine & 40517 & 1,166 89 & 1,666 99 & & 844 & 13879 & & 1,985 17 & & 1,123 53 \\
\hline Champlain & & & & 180, 04550 & 16920 & & 156,952 86 & 23,092 64 & 16920 & \\
\hline Charleston & 18024 & 6, 18900 & & 1,76100 & 80 & 1,769 80 & & & & 6,361 29 \\
\hline Chicago & 285, 94034 & 1,005, 69036 & 99, 03591 & 174, 49206 & 15,860 44 & 1, 399, 24749 & 20,245 55 & 2,506 07 & 10,258 29 & 209,361 71 \\
\hline Cincinnati & 17, 33871 & 54, \(90 \pm 11\) & 11,685 56 & 7, 15796 & 50298 & 63,455 25 & 1,232 60 & & . 700 & 26,894 42 \\
\hline Corpus Chri & 13230 & 2, 68246 & 5,885 30 & 109, 12339 & & 1.59 .1 30 & 101, 31415 & \(=-14,687\) & -\%. & - 2 行 00 \\
\hline Cuyatogi & i, 0453 & T5, 528 & 2,543 29 & 5,710 14 & 2884 & 14,69780 & & 2, 23735 & & 4,876 21 \\
\hline Delaware. & 56425 & & & 17, 22003 & & 17,508 63 & 16221 & 11344 & & \\
\hline Dunve & & & & 73626 & 652 & 74244 & & & 34 & \\
\hline Detroit. & 72,695 21 & 48,775 78 & 51,469 70 & 683, 44422 & 51086 & 88, 52600 & 2,742 52 & 703,579 37 & 386 & 62, 050.02 \\
\hline Dubuque & & & 1,278 15 & 30956 & 498 & 1,261 21 & & & & 33148 \\
\hline Duluth. & & & & 20,753 45 & 480 & 35909 & 2100 & 20,378 16 & & \\
\hline Erie. & 20300 & 2,460 10 & 20700 & 30926 & 1203 & 2,984 39 & & & & 20700 \\
\hline Evansville & 6, 060 30 & & & 19097 & 36826 & 4,241 86 & & & 2,382 87 & \\
\hline Fairrield & & & & 34754 & & 34754 & & & & \\
\hline Fall River. & & & & 10, 16593 & & 10,165 93 & & & & \\
\hline Frenchman's Bay . . . . & 4378 & & 84902 & 1,32133 & 106 & 2931 & 6020 & 2,073 42 & & 5226 \\
\hline Fernandiba ..... & 1,369 20 & & & 28338 & 5543 & 89321 & & & & 81480 \\
\hline Galveston & 25, 35008 & 6,231 41 & 15420 & 135, 52685 & 1,020 42 & 30,296 41 & 3,583 25 & 130, 24236 & 1,487 04 & 2,67390 \\
\hline Genesee & 13, 29632 & 77, 08223 & 47, 89984 & 14,848 32 & 40250 & 118,84194 & 7,845 80 & & 1969 & 26, 82178 \\
\hline Gloucester & 17,531 33 & 34,849 76 & 9,223 67 & & 52270 & 1,364 99 & 45824 & 48,790 93 & 66712 & 10,846 18 \\
\hline Georgetown, D. C.... & 54734 & 1,11925 & 14750 & 3,819 16 & 21005 & 3,709 69 & & & 98336 & 1, \(150{ }_{25}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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STATEMENT of WAREHOUSE TRANSACTIONS at the SETERAL DISTRICTS and PORTS in the UNITED STATES, \&
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts and purts. & Balance of bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse July 1, 1884. & Warehoused and bonded. & Rewarehoused and bouded. & Construct. ively warehoused. & Increase of duties ascertained on liquidation. & Withdrawal duty paid. & Withdrawal for trans. portation. & Withdrawal for exportation. & Allowances and deficiencies. & Balance on bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warebouse June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Haron & & & & \$473, 71786 & & & \$22,69140 & \$451, 02646 & & \\
\hline Indianapolis & \$2,102 10 & \$720 30 & & 3, 58319 & & \$6 40559 & & & & \\
\hline Kansas City & & & & 7,514 03 & \$198 & 7,516 01 & & & & \\
\hline Kennebunk. & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}34 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 180\end{array}\) & & & & 3456
10,10165 & & \\
\hline Key West & 39, 87550 & 395, 67063 & \$13, 61010 & 1,370 84 & 1,382 35 & 388, 87696 & 1,164 45 & 10,101 65 & \(\$ 4,13350\)
32963 & \(\$ 47,63286\)
6,19951 \\
\hline Louisville & 7,495 02 & 12, 50611 & 2,859 99 & 1,86042
7290 & 25159
12986 & 18,44399
1,29931 & & & & 6,19951
49715 \\
\hline Memphis & 1,429 70 & 16400 & & 7290
76150 & 12986 & 1,29931
76150 & & & & \\
\hline Middletown & 9, 02083 & 14,640 96 & 2,875 51 & 1,027 69 & 3192 & 20,918 56 & 26760 & & & 6,410 75 \\
\hline Milwaukee . & 3, 50968 & 10,371 50 & 2,524 85 & 7, 87281 & 99257 & 22,358 66 & 6395 & 1,043 55 & 200 & 1, 80325 \\
\hline Minnesota & 2,367 84 & 3,331 57 & 3,067 13 & 48, 76463 & 7825 & 7,567 95 & 3,881 28 & 42,349 89 & 2210 & 3,788 20 \\
\hline Mobile ... & & 26000 & & 58345 & & 58345 & & 260 00 & & \\
\hline Naslurille & & & 60595 & 2, 60410 & & 3,210 05 & & & & \\
\hline Newburyport & 1, 54429 & & 56776 & , 3672 & & & & 3672 & & \\
\hline New Haven & 29,624 18 & 151,27159 & 151, 08205 & 1,400 72 & 6492 & 272,04385
40,52271 & 1,400 72 & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,813 \\ 358 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 58,18580
27500 \\
\hline New Bedford
New Orleans & 6400
207,924 & 48300
708,05250 & - 52165 & 4018969
\(-744,87085\) & 6102
23,45869 & 40,52271
448,89874 & & 16360
827,12015 & \(\begin{array}{r}358 \\ 99,364 \\ \hline 1,42\end{array}\) & 27500
300,43013 \\
\hline New Orleans & 207, 924 73 & 708, 05250 & 38,441 53 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
744,87085 \\
1,44750
\end{array}
\] & 23,458 69 & 448, 89874 & 48,934 36 & 827,120 15 & \(\begin{array}{r}99,364 \\ 1,447 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 300, 43013 \\
\hline Norfolk and Portemouth ..... .. .... & & 1,418 92 & 3441 & 2,457 08 & 344 & 27766 & & 3, 52800 & & -10819 \\
\hline New York & \(17,685,39732\) & \(44,840,27040\) & 320,411 38 & 11, 954, 37337 & 1, 928, 00701 & 45, 394, 42640 & 1, 145, 26155 & \(13,069,91254\) & 2,361,528 12 & 14,757, 330 87 \\
\hline Niagara & & & & 851, 12734 & & & 168,745 18 & 682, 38216 & ..-........... & \\
\hline Newark & & & & 1, 25818 & & 1,258 18 & &  & & \\
\hline New London & 7, 60125 & 12,662 79 & & 7700 & 14720 & 17,807 59 & 73600 & & & 1,944 65 \\
\hline Omaha & 43895 & & 51672 & 8, 88402 & 1741 & 9,125 23 & & & & 73187 \\
\hline Oregon & & & & 1,127 07 & 5540 & 1,182 47 & & & & \\
\hline Oswegatchio & 2,745 97 & 2,824 65 & & 145,61811 & 1840 & 1, 08703 & 25,753 18 & 121, 98470 & 394 & 2, 37828 \\
\hline Oswego & 8,306 60 & 321, 24360 & 2, 02270 & 26,722 92 & & 206, 64382 & 139, 09900 & & 28160 & 12, 27140 \\
\hline Passamaquodds & . 91336 & 3,915 48 & 32291 & 9,395 66 & & 4302 & 8,563 76 & 4, 35117 & & 1,589 46 \\
\hline Paso del Nor & 1,795 42 & & 29491 & 98, 66552 & & 72744 & 30,872 32 & 69, 15608 & & \\
\hline Paducah & 25825 & & & & 415 & 26240 & & & & ............... \\
\hline Pensacola & & & & 2360 & & & & 2360 & & \\
\hline Perth Amboy & & & & 38385 & & & & 38385 & & \\
\hline Philadelphia & 913, \(943 \pm 5\) & \(6,306,39596\) & 25,051 63 & 23,988 74 & 314, 06010 & 6, 443, 38246 & 8,789 54 & 56, 25187 & 291, 689.74 & 783, 32627 \\
\hline Pitisburgh & 1, 60335 & 19,514 19 & 83,66305 & 51, 09794 & 7923 & 108, 15227 & & & & 47, 80549 \\
\hline Plymouth & 11,549 28 & & 26, 50073 & - \({ }^{312} 61\) & & 18,733 81 & & & & \[
19,38590
\] \\
\hline Portland and Falmouth & 95, 23501 & 552, 04646 & 61, 62.737 & 1,618, 03575 & 12825 & 522, 80650 & 9,354 07 & 1, 669, 35301 & 3,606 33 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
121,95293 \\
30697
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Portsmouth . . . . . . . . & 24420 & 30627 & 12981 & & 11103 & \({ }^{24} 23422\) & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
30627 \\
8, .71791
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Providence & 13,610 14 & 19,102 29 & 12,240 28 & 990
50
500 & 11101 & 37,336 22 & & 5000 & & 8.71791 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Rjenmot & & & & 67095 & & 67095 & & & & \\
\hline Saon. & & & & 57015 & & & & 57015 & & \\
\hline Salem and Beverly & 3,900 05 & & 3,343 51 & & & 1,800 38 & 3,621 45 & 50963 & & 1,30610 \\
\hline Saluria & & & & 5,20191 & & & & 5,201 91 & & \\
\hline Saint Joseph & & & & 34029 & & 34029 & & & & \\
\hline San Diego.... & 1,286 7989 & 2964 11279 & & 656 & & & & & 10336 & \[
9579
\] \\
\hline San Fraucisco & 1,286, 04278 & 2, 964, 14222 & 28, 35175 & 556,686 78 & 56, 57071 & 2, 812, 76355 & 191, 96077 & 738, 21291 & 106,539 55 & \[
1,042,31743
\] \\
\hline Savanuah & 6,538 98 & 15, 74904 & 74152 & 9435
11584 & \(\begin{array}{r}378 \\ \hline 87\end{array}\) & 12,277 72 & & & & 10, 84995 \\
\hline Saint Louis & 141,57820 & 39,403 57 & 46,74) 05 & \(\begin{array}{r}115,885 \\ 7,945 \\ \hline 16\end{array}\) & 27704 & 311,564 76 & 1,55190
7,94526 & 23740 & 700 & 30, 52410 \\
\hline Vermont & 5,700 11 & 6, 93943 & & 662, 63954 & 1,07030 & 3. 19920 & 245,419 18 & 420,59286 & 1,939 66 & 5,19848 \\
\hline Waldoborough & 2,088 16 & & 79697 & 69483 & & 13101 & & 61766 & 2,831 28 & \\
\hline Wheeling & & & - & 76375 & & 76375 & & & & \\
\hline Willamette. & 58, 28080 & - 40,293 88 & 2,809 09 & 4,29625 & 14003 & 86, 40315 & 12692 & 4,159 44 & 61881 & 14,51173 \\
\hline Wiscrsset..... & 1,870 75 & 1,19406
3,43660 & 2,371 24 & & & & & 4,981 19 & & 45486
3,04947 \\
\hline Wrimiogton, N & & 3,436 60 & & 125, 19721 & 7, 101017 & 83,711 84 & & & 49, 09554 & 3,049 47 \\
\hline Total. & 25, 596, 10510 & 69,800, 14784 & 1,346, 17959 & 20, 504, 62874 & 2,631,857 95 & 71, 219, 11281 & 2,633,863 45 & 20, 532, 65628 & 3,634, 04180 & 21, 859, 24488 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}

Balance due July 1, 1884
Warehoused aud bonded.
Rewarehoused and bonded.
Increaso of duties ascertained on liquidation
\(\$ 25,596,10510\)
\(69,800,14784\)
\(1,346,17959\)
\(20,504,62874\)
\(2,631,85795\)
119,878, 91922

Withrrawal duty paid
Withdrawal for transportation
Witbdrawal for exportation
Allowances and deficiencies
Balance due June 30, 1885
\$71, 219, 11281 2,633, 86345 20,532 65628 3, 634,041 80 21, 859, 24488
\(119,878,91922\)
B. -STATEMENT of TR \(\mathrm{A} N S A C T I O N S\) under SECTION 2507, REVISED STATUTES, and DECISION 4314, November 20, 1879 , of ENTRY of HORSES, WAGONS, HARNESS, MACHINERY, \&c., BROUGHT INTO THE ONITED STATES for TEMPORARY PURPOSES, for the year ending June 30, 1885.


RECAPITULATION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Balance of bonds from last report..... \$12,728 95 & Amount of bonds canceled & \$31, 09018 \\
\hline Amount of bonds taken ............... 29,41958 & Balance of bonds not due & 11, 05835 \\
\hline 42,14853 & & 42,148 63 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(42,14853 \quad 42,148 \quad \mathbf{5 3}\)


\section*{REPORT OF THE FIRST AODITOR.}

\section*{REPORT}

\section*{THE FIRST AUDIT0R 0F THE TREASURY.}

\author{
Treasury Department, First Auditor's Office, Washington, October 30, 1885.
}

Sir: I have the honor to submit berewith the annual report of this Bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885 , with such recommendations as are deemed for the interest of the public service.

Attention is called to the following exhibits of the business transacted ia this office during the year:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Accounts adjusted. &  & Amonnt. \\
\hline RECEIPTS. & & \\
\hline Dutice on morchandise and tonnage & 1,491 & \$201, 839, 56029 \\
\hline Steamboat fees. & 1,470 & 154, 28898 \\
\hline Fines, penaltios, and forfeitures & 878 t & 142,451 17 \\
\hline Marine-bospital money collected & 1,780 & 345,45841 \\
\hline Official eruolvmeuts of collectors, naral officers, and surves & & 255,19129 \\
\hline Monoys received on account of deceased passengers. & 74 & 1, 120. 00 \\
\hline Moueys received from sales of old material, \&c & 123 & 30, 37958 \\
\hline Shippinig fees & 183 & 40, 80822 \\
\hline Sales of documents & 7 & 146, 34966 \\
\hline Miscellaneous receipts & 8 & 863. 53214 \\
\hline Moneys retained from Pacific railroad companies for acer & 12 & 1,385, 44801 \\
\hline Treasnrer of the United States for moneys received & 5 & 770, 145, 11207 \\
\hline Mints and assay offices & 45 & 111, 768, 03262 \\
\hline Water rents, Hot Springs, Arkansas & 6 & 6,051 25 \\
\hline Inomigration fund & 248 & 216, 46004 \\
\hline Accounts of the collector of taxes for the District of Col lected by him and deposited & 12 & 1,868,042 95 \\
\hline Total & 6,342 & 1, 089, 208, 286 68 \\
\hline DISBURSEMENTS. & & \\
\hline Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs. & 1,835 & 8, 661,785 52 \\
\hline Detection and prevention of frauds on customs revenue & 24 & 110,469 65 \\
\hline Expenses of Shipping Commissioners & 190 & 40,783 69 \\
\hline Debentures, drawbacks, \&c & 331 & 5, 258, 65712 \\
\hline Excess of deposits refunded & 539 & 5, 361, 32119 \\
\hline Revenue-cutter service & 605 & 976, 64909 \\
\hline Duties refunded, fines remitted, judgments satistied, \&c & 1,472 & 1, 201, 21263 \\
\hline Marine Hospital Service .......2................. & -174 & 639. 28619 \\
\hline Ofticial emoluments of colloctors, naval officers, and surv & 1,418 & 639,93887 \\
\hline Expenses of immigration & 69 & 154, 65431 \\
\hline Coupensation in lieu of moieties & 325 & 34, 36329 \\
\hline Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreigu ports & 54 & 31, 34794 \\
\hline Light-House Establishment, miscellaneous expeuses & 90 & 415, 14087 \\
\hline Supplies of lioht-houses & 126 & 411, 369 92 \\
\hline Repairs of light-houses & 13 & 4, 99529 \\
\hline Expenses of light-vessels. & 46 & 223, 872 26 \\
\hline Expenses of btoyage & 112 & 342, 88352 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Accounts adjusted.}

Amount.

\section*{DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.}

Expenses of for-signals
Expenses of lighting and huoyage of the Miseissippi, Missouri, and Ohio Rivers.
Expenses of inspection of lights
Salaries of light-honse keepers.
Surver of light-house sites
Laboratory for the Light. House Board
Establishment and maintenanee of lighted buoys
Salaries and mileage of Senators
Salaries, officers and employes Senate
Salarios and mileacge, Members and Delerates House of Representatives
Salitries, officers and employós House of Representatives.
Salarios of emploves Execntive Mansion
Salaries paid by disbursing clerks of the Dopartments
Salaries, otticers and employes Independent Treasury
Salaries and expenses Reporter of Supreme Court
Salaries, offiee of Director of Geologioal Survey
Salaries and expenses special inspectors foreign steam-vessels
Salaries and expenses Bureau of Animal Industry
Salaries of the civil list paid directly from the Treasury
Salaries, oftice of the Public Printer
Salaries, Burean of Engraving and Printing.
Salaries, Congressioual Library
Salaries, stavdard weights and measures
Salaries, Steamboat inspection service
Salaries, special agents independent treasury
Salaries, custodinus and janitors
Salarieg, Agricultural Department
Salaries, Botanic Garden
Salaries and expenses, National Board of Health
Salarirs of ompluyes public buildings and grounds
Salaries and expenses, seal fisberies
Salaries, office of Civil Service Commission
Salaries, watchmen and laborers State, War, and Nary Building.
Contingent expenses, Executive Mansion
Contingent expenses, United States Senate
Contingent expenses, House of Representatives
Contingent expenses, Departments, Washington
Contingent expenses, Independent Treasury
Contingent expenses. Steamboat Iuspection Serviee
Contingent exponses, Civil Service Commission
Contingent expenses, pablic baildings and grounds
Contingent expenses, oftice of Public r'rinter
Contingent exponses, Library of Congress
Contingent expenses, executive ofices, Territorics
Contingent expenses, Utah Comunission and officers of olection
Stationcry, Treasury Department
Stationery, Interinr Department
Statiouery. War Department
Treasurer of the United States, for general exponditures
Gold and silver bullion accounts.
Ordinary expenses, mints aud assay offices
Parting and refiniag bullion
Process for retining bullion.
Coinage of standard silver dollars.
Freigitit on bullion and coin
Transportation of silver coin
Storage of silver dollars
Recoinage of gold und silver coins
Manufacture of medals
Legislative expenses, Territories of the United States
Geodetic and Coast Survey of the United States
Geological Survey of the Territories
Lands and other property of the United States
Protecting public lands
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark
Surveying the public lands
Roproducing plats of survess; General Land Office
Expenses of inspectors. General Land Oftice
Alfinsting claims for indemnity for swamp lands
Protection and improvement of Yellowstone Park
Depredations on public timber.
Smithsonian Iustitution, expenses of
Smithsomian Institution, North American ethuolog.
Expenses contesting seats in Congress.
Expensos in connection with the illness and death of President Garrield
Descriptive catalogne of Goverament publications
Pablication of Tenth Ceusus reports
\(J\) udicial oxpenses, embracing accounts of Uaited States marshals, district attorneys, assistant district attorneys, spocial assistants, clerks and coumissioners, rent of court-houses, support of prisoners, \&c
\$83,785 22
224, 50789
2,06464
708, 27272
2, 54285
51.160

3, 13948
510, 44859
361,903 07
1, 912,88725
352, 13611
34, 60501
9, 037, 78449
354, 64157
7, 15000
35, 13380
33, 96878
46, 88167
821, 56015
15, 300. 00
26, 41690
35, 98375
8,22042
207, 08872
3, 62341
544,774 68
166, 43459
11, 90465
5, 95490
51, 04592
11,371 58
4, 29420
84, 41047
15, 86464
240, \(4: 2046\)
182, 638 78
364,436 49
82, 02776
42, 93386
8, 62631
59043
2, 83086
1, 36427
4, 476 55
45, 72564
72, 77271
109,42203
24,529 76
676, 699, 34485
106, 907, 01479
1, 291,770 81
281, 66943
30, 00000
186, 29220
10, 05219
8, 15110
39, 80270
13, 10625
3. 40431

135,241 79
663,962 74
393, \(8: 642\)
14939
63,36047
1, 17447
27, 96130
24, 27000
5, 43891.
10, 04232
13, 37891
71,54] 08
42, 18000
36, 93186
49, 00000
5, 000 00
5,300 00
117, 05931

4, 744. 24228
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Accounts adjusted. &  & Amount. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.} \\
\hline Prosecution of crime & 8 & \$7,649 \\
\hline Proceeds of sales, products of States in insurrection & 1 & 2,000 \\
\hline Suppressing counter'eiting and crime & 27 & 63,558 21 \\
\hline Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds & 1 & 41130 \\
\hline Investigation of trands, office of Commissioner of Pensions & 12 & 636, 65459 \\
\hline Defeuding suits in claims against United States.. & 3 & 5,458 13 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{- interesit account.} \\
\hline Registered stock & 400 & 52, 596, 1.35 \\
\hline Coupois & 128 & \(8,523,693\) \\
\hline District of Columbia، Washington, Genrgetown, and corp & 42 & 1, 420, 02988 \\
\hline Navy pension tund & 1 & 240, 000 \\
\hline Louisville aud Portland Canal Company's bonds & 3 & 14, 360 \\
\hline Pacific Railroad bonds ........................... & 33 & 3, 873,870 72 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Redemption account.} \\
\hline United States bonds, called: & & \\
\hline Principal. & 12 & 10,871, 400 \\
\hline Intrrest. & & 71,006 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{cc|c|c} 
United States bouds purchased for sinking fund: \\
\hline Principal
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Principal & 12 & 46, 641, 800 \\
\hline Interest. & & 273,789 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Certificates of deposit.}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Principal & 16 & 183, 098 \\
\hline Interest and premium & & 18, 650 \\
\hline Gold certificates of 1863 & 12 & 105,400 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Notos, one and two years, compound interest, 7.30 s and Treasury, and war bounty serip:} \\
\hline Principal & 39 & 8,830 \\
\hline Interest & & 1, 248 \\
\hline Legal-tender notes destroyed & 12 & 86, 134, 65300 \\
\hline Fractional currency destroyed & 11 & 15,480 43 \\
\hline Old demand uotes destroyed & 11. & 480 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Silver certificates destroyed .................................................... 12 . \(22.259,315\)}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Expenses of national currency & 55 & 81, 238 \\
\hline Distinctive paper for Onited States securities & 1 & 42.532 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Outstanding dratts and checks & 127 & 21,433 \\
\hline Judgments of the Court of Claims & 161 & 491, 912 \\
\hline Prblic printing aud binding & 134 & 3, 490, 081 \\
\hline Labor and expenses of engraving and prinling & 20 & 999, 74521 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Life-Saving Service.}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Tstahlishing life-saring stations & & 7, 44297 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Illustrations for report on food fishes. & 15 & 1,78285 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Construction of custom-honses and post-offices & 151 & 1, 109, 678 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Construction of bailding for State, War, and Nary Departme & 13 & 535, 568899 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Constructiou of light.stations, and maintenance. & 206 & 548, 655157 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Coustruction of penitentiary building, Dakota & 4 & 8222 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Construction of steam tenders & & 26.113 68 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Construction of pullic buildings (miscellaneous) & 70 & 1, 08635 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Fish Conmission building, Wood's Holl. \\
Erection of fisb-ways at Great Falls \\
Quarantine stations for neat cattle. \\
Reprirs Goveinment Printing Office
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Accounts adjusted.}

Amount.

\section*{DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.}

Repairs, fnel, \&c., Executive Mansion
Anuual repairs of the Capital
\$32,38193
43,27556
13,64730
142, 73238
114, 02307
101, 44136
653, 19208
292, 62338
43, 97424
17, 84580
19, 68785
109, 82005
74,239 18
20, 67742
10,641 54
33, 43159
750,'54659
3, 14475
1, 96144
15,03551
1,507 82
5, 75798
6,222 50
57,860 99
3, 82709
2,46144
5,919 50
27, 08332
8,951 00
10,00000
7,940 60
29, 298 85
8,447 10
\(25,115 \cdot 50\)
2,545 61
62,82281
86, 41055
3975
5, 00000
15, 15142
9,27435
237, 15705
9, 88094
2,24659
1, 11694
3, 60550
15, 75000
25,00000
54330
6,814 58
0, 88550
4, 67723
1, 89606
25, 05298
6, 17085
140,61599
111, 26399
10,562 90
94.13695

2,93091
12. 70834

12,971 18
22,77699
3,907 75
26648
6, 23387
32557
7,949 86
5, 08100
110.58
\(42,62.537\)
1, 35250
61, 70056
51, 66080
147, 04840
3,376 83
85,27359
21, 23304

Number of certificates recorded ..... 19,985
Number of letters recorded ..... 5, 295
Judiciary enolument accounts registered and referred ..... 585
Number of powers of attorney for collection of interest on the public debt examined, registered, and filed ..... 2,125
Requisitions answered ..... 1, 200

\title{
SUMMARY STATEMENT of the WORK of the OFFICE, as shown by the REPORTS of the various DIFISIONS and MISCELLANEOUS DESKS.
}

\section*{CUSTOMS DIVISION.}

\begin{abstract}
Oompriving the Accounts of Oollectors of Customs for Receipts of Oustoms Revenue, and Disbursements for the Expenses of Oullecting the same, and also including Accounts of Oollectors for Receipts and Disbursements in comnection with the Revenue-Cutter, Steamboat, Fines, Light-Eouse, and MarineHuspital Scrvices, with Accounts for Official Emoluments, Debentures, Refiunds of Duties, Sales of Old Matcrials, and Miscellaneous Disbursements.
\end{abstract}


JUDICIARY DIVISION.

Comprising the Accounts of District Attomeys, Marshals, Olerks, and Oommissioners, Rents, and Miscellaneous Court Aecounts.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - &  & Amonnt. \\
\hline Disbursements. & 5,913 & \$4,744, 24228 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{PUBLIC DEBT DIVISION.}

Comprising all Accounts for Payment of Tnterest on the Public Debt, both Registered Stock and Coutpon - Bonds, Intcrest on District of Oolumbia Bonds, Paciflc Railroad Bonds, Louisuille ana Porlland Oanal Bonds. Navy Ponsion Fund, Redemption of United States and District of Columbia Bonds, Redemp. tion of Coin and Ourrency Certificates, Old Notes aıd Bounty Scrip, and Accounts for Notes and Fractional Currency destroyed.


\section*{WAREHOUSE AND BOND DIVISION.}

\section*{STATEMENT of TRANSACTIONS in BONDED MERCHANDLSL, as shown by ACCOONTS ADJUSTED during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Number of accounts adjusted & 1, 139 \\
\hline Number of reports of "No transactions" received, examined, and referred & 502 \\
\hline Balance of daties on merchandise in warehouse per last report. & \$18, 314, 77426 \\
\hline Duties on merchandise warehoused & 8.7,534, 41934 \\
\hline Uuties on merchandise rewarehoused & 1,514, 600 51 \\
\hline Duties on merchandise constructively warehoused & 22, 853, 012 20 \\
\hline Increased and additional duties, de & 3,449,818 36 \\
\hline Total & 131, 666, 62467 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Contra:}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Duties on merchandise withdrawa for cousumption & \$31, 331,883 76 \\
\hline Duties on merchandise withdrawn for transportation & 3, 195,580 25 \\
\hline Duties on merchaudise withdrawn for exportation & 22, 599,853 32 \\
\hline Allowances for deficiencies, damage, \&c. & 4,548,179 96 \\
\hline Daties on withdrawals for construction and repair of vessels & 72,329 52 \\
\hline Juties on bouds delivered to district attorneys for prosecution & 6,348 81 \\
\hline Balauce of duties on merchandise in warehouse & 19,912,449 05 \\
\hline Potal & 131,666,624 67 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MISCLLLANEOUS DESKS.}

No. 1.-Comprising Aecounts of Disbursing Clerks of the Departments for Salaries, Salary Accounts of the various Assistant Treasurers, and of the Oongressional Library, 'Public Printer, and Executive Oflice, Accounts for Salaries of the Officers and Employes, House of Reprejentatives, and the Accounts relating to the Goast Survey.


No. 2.-Comprising the Accounts of the Disbursing Clerhs of the Departments for Contingent Experses, Contingent Expenses of the House of Representatives and Assistant Treasurers, Accounts of the Geological Survey, National Board of Health, and a vory great Number of Miscellaneous Accounts.


No. 3.-Comprising Accounts for Construction of Custom-Houses, lost-Ofices, Court-Housed, and other Public Buildings, Accounts of the Public Printer, and life-Saving Service, dc.


No. 4.-Comprising the Accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for General Expenditures; th Salary and Mileage Accounts for the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Accounts for Con tingent Expenses of the United Slates Senate.


No. 5.-Comprising the Accounts of Mints and Assay Offces; Salaries of the Oivil List paid direotly from the Ireasury on First Auditor's Oertificates, Oaptured and Abandoned Property accounts; Accounts for the Legislative and Contingent Expenses of the United States Territories and Iransportation. of Dinited States Securitics.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline &  & Amount \\
\hline Receipts.......
Disbursements & 45
2,770 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 111 ; 768,03262 \\
& .100,729,39620
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total & 2,815 & 221, 497, 42882 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 6.-Comprising the accounts of the Distric: of Columbia.


No. 7.- Disder the Chief of the Warehouse and Bond Division, and Comprising Judgments of the Oourt of Claims, Outstanding Liabilities, Postal Requisitions, Tran\&fer of Appropriations, dec.




No. 9.- Comprising A ccounts of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Marine Hospital disbursoments, and Accounts of the Government Hospital for the Insane and other Oharitable Institutions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . & , &  & Amonnt. \\
\hline Disbursements & & 143 & \$2, 146, 421 21: \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, by FISCAL FEARS, of TRANSACTIONS in the FIRST AODITOR'S OFFICE from 18 61 to 1885 , incluside.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& N \\
& -\mathbf{N} \\
& \mathbf{\omega}
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow{2}{*}{Fiscal years.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Number of accounts examined and adjusted.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Amount.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total amonnt.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & & Receipts. & Disbursements. & & Receipts. & Disbursements. & & & & \\
\hline ヘ1881 & & 1,744 & 7,461 & 9, 205 & \$40, 032, 70403 & \$201, 860,753 25 & \$241, 893, 45728 & 7, 249 & 727 & \\
\hline 1862 & & 1,477 & 7,906 & 9,383 & 47, 2:5, 61194 & 352, 564, 68788 & 399, 790, 29982 & 7,997 & 1,065 & \\
\hline 1863 & & ],407 & 8,543 & 9,950 & 67, 417, 40595 & 890, 917, 69577 & 958, 335, 10172 & 7, 436 & 1,339 & \\
\hline 1864 & & 1,342 & 9,560 & 10,902 & 81, 540, 72680 & 1,447, 668, 82590 & 1,529, 200, 55370 & 7,580 & ], 316 & 1, 646 \\
\hline 1865 & & 1,972 & 10,520 & -12, 492 & 90, 763, 63552 & 1,705, 151, 62675 & 1, 845, 915, 262.27 & 8,524 & 1, 8.4 & 2, 424 \\
\hline 1866 & & 2,122 & 13,329 & 15, 451 & 221, 445, 24371 & 1, 972, 713, 88906 & 2,194, 159,132 77 & 12,635 & 1,909 & 2, 326 \\
\hline 1867 & & 2,055 & 10, 812 & 12, 867 & 218, 884, 93181 & 2, 339, 633, 57108 & 2; 558, 518, 50289 & 10, 823 & 1,735 & 2, 973 \\
\hline 1868 & & 2,364 & 11,396 & 13,760 & 215, 497, 95523 & 1,949, 304, 25709 & 2, 164, 802, 21232 & ? 0 ! in & 1,737 & 5, 022 \\
\hline 1869 & & 2,547 & 13,352 & 15,899 & 231, 762, 31823 & 1, 808, 644, 48150 & 2, 040, 406, 79073 & & 1,900 & 4,295 \\
\hline 1870 & & 2,441 & 12, 630 & 15, 071 & 240, 196, 29897 & 1,344, 512, 78941 & 1, 584, 709, 08838 & 10,572 & 2, 395 & 7, 690 \\
\hline 1871 & & 2,864 & 14, 101 & 16,965 & 239, 338, 07813 & 1, 773, 277, 49208 & 2, 012, 615, 57021 & 11, 426 & 2, 239 & - 6,856 \\
\hline 1872 & & 4,511 & 15, 293 & 19,804 & 912, 200, 14778 & 1, 339, 778, 63245 & 2,251, 9:8,780 23 & 12,900 & 2,356 & 5, 672 \\
\hline 1873 & & 5, 522 & 14,474 & 19,946 & 1, 202, 809, 37018 & 1,416, 193, 00742 & \(2,619,062,37760\) & 12,433 & 2,339 & 5, 138 \\
\hline 1874 & & 6,586 & 17, 237 & 23, 8:3 & 875, 69\%, 671 71 & 1, 283, 786, 75033 & 2, 159, 479, 42204 & 13.766 & 1,90b & 5, 362 \\
\hline 1875 & & 7,065 & 17, 994 & 25, 059 & 1, 144, 320, 29880 & 1, 491, 427, 10107 & 2, 635, 7+7, 39987 & 12, 860 & 2,282 & 4, 149 \\
\hline 1876 & & 6,615 & 16, 847 & 23,462 & 1, 139, 847, 33052 & 1. 746, 678, 60258 & 2,886, 525,933 10 & 12, 163 & 2,048 & 2,948 \\
\hline 1877 & & 7,016 & 17,544 & 24,560. & 696, 493, 65961 & 986, 401, 19196 & 1,682, 894, 85157 & 13, 059 & 2,055 & 4,505 \\
\hline 1878 & & 7,038 & 16,381 & 23, 419 & 959, 020, 39382 & 1,287, 812, 74500 & 2, 246, 833,138 82 & 12,729 & 2, 473 & 4,626 \\
\hline 1879 & & 7,207 & 17, 618 & 24, 825 & 917, 547, 04973 & 1, 147, 581, 19279 & 2, 065, 128, 44252 & 13, 824 & 3,219 & 5,891 \\
\hline 1880 & & 7,035 & 20, 046 & 27, 08.1 & 1, 206, 298, 42971 & 1,893, 413, 94153 & 3,099, 712,371 24 & 13, 768 & 3, 443 & 3, 891 \\
\hline 1881 & & 6,814 & 20,308 & 27,122 & 862, 066, 08194 & 1,016, 464, 13481 & 1,878,530, 21675 & 15,396 & 3,857 & 3, 539 \\
\hline 1882 & & 7,193 & 20, 802 & 27, 905 & 973, 657, 47139 & \(1,0 \pm 5,640,80775\) & 1, 999, 298, 27914 & 15, 179 & 4, 50.1 & 3,568 \\
\hline 1883 & & \(-\mathrm{y}, 4\) & -22, \({ }^{2}=0\) & 3:, 03 & 628, 3000 & 1, \(301,0 \overline{95}, 6 \overline{15} 73\) & 2, 189, 460, 49615 & 18, 871 & 5,248 & 3,200 \\
\hline 1884 & & 8,608 & 22, 705 & 31, 313 & 956, 377, 914 94 & 1, 126, 835, 531.67 & 2, 083, 213, 476 61 & 20, 106 & 5,381 & 2, 339 \\
\hline \(18 \times 5\) & & 6,342 & 23, 632 & 29, 974 & 1, 089, 208, 28668 & 1, 152, 493, 050 ' 55 & \(2_{6}^{2} 241,701,33723\) & 19, 985. & 5,295 & 2,125 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The foregoing tabulated exuibits present a very condensed summary of the official work of this office. This work has, year by year, with a few exceptions, increased, both in the number of accounts examined and registered and the total amount involived in the settlements made. This amount, embracing receipts and disbursements, reached during this fiscal year \(\$ 2,241,701,337.23\). In addition to the foregoing, there were 585 judiciary and emolument accounts registered and referred, 1,200 requisitions answered, and 1,139 warehouse and bond accounts audited, aggregating \(\$ 263,333,249.34\), which amount is not included in the total amount representing receipts and disbursements.

In order to appreciate the great increase of the labor of this office, I respectfully call attention to the fact that for the iscal year 1861 Congress appropriated for 24 employes. During that year there were 9,205 accounts examined and settled, and 727 letters written. The total amount involved in these settlements was \(\$ 241,893,457.28\). For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, there were in this office 63 employés, including Auditor, Deputy Auditor, 4 chiefs of divisions, 2 assistant messengers, 2 laborers, and 2 detailed clerks.

It will thas be seen that from 1861 to 1885 the rate of increase in the office force was 162 and \(5-10\) per cent.; the rate of increase of letters written was 628 and \(3-10\) per cent.; the rate of increase in the number of accounts audited was 225 and 6-10 per cent.; and that the rate of increase in the amount involved in the accounts audited was 826 and 7-10 per cent.

In addition to the great increase in accounts settled, the change in the text of the acts of Congress making appropriations in recent years, requiring expenditures "to be limited to amounts stated in each subdivision of stated service," has greatly increased the labor of stating accounts thereunder.

In addition to the four organized divisions, there are in this office twelve independent desks. Upon these desks are settled all the accounts of the various eleemosynary institutions in the District of Columbia; the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; the Public Printer; the Coast and Geodetic Survey; the Light-House Establishment; the Fish Commission; the government of the District of Columbia; the construction of public buildings; the salaries and contingent expenses of the Executive Department and of the Senate and House of Representatives; the Mints and Assay Offices; the general accounts of the Treasury of the United States, and many other miscellaneous accounts of great importance, amounting to ten thousand in number, and representing an aggregate in receipts and expenditures of about one billion seven hundred millions of dollars.

I have no doubt but that it would be in the interest of economy and generally subserve the best interests of the public service if these miscellaneous desks were organized under a skillful and competent chief, whose careful supervision would certainly keep the work better in hand and require more critical examination of these important accounts.

There has recently been some delay in the statement of many of these miscellaneous accounts by reason of the investigations instituted by the Auditor in to the management of the various institutions whose accounts he is charged with settling. The current work of the office, however, has been kept well in hand.

In conclusion, I take pleasure in commending the Deputy Auditor, the chiefs of divisions, clerks, and other employes of the Burean, for intelligent and efficient service rendered.

Respectfully submitted.

\section*{REPORT OF THE SECOND AUDITOR.}

\section*{REPORT}

\section*{THE SECOND AUDIT0R OF THE TREASURY.}

\author{
Treasury Department, SEGOND AUlitor's Office, Washington, October 28, 1885.
}

Sir: I have the honor to submit the report of this office for the fiscall year which ended June 30, 1885, showing the hork performed in each division during the year and the condition of the public business intrusted to my charge at the close thereof.

The act of March 3, 1817, entitled "An act to provide for the prompt settlement of public accounts" (section 283 Revised Statutes), directs that the Auditors charged with the examination of the accourts of the Department of War shall annually, on the frst Monday in November, report to the Secretary of the Treasury the application of the money appropriated for that Department. Construed literally, the statute would seem to demand a detailed statement of expenditures showing to whom, and for what purpose, the money appropriated for the War Department has been paid-in other words, an a,bstract of the accounts and vouchers of disbursing officers. It does not appear, however, that such a construction has been given to the act, fio evidence being found in the records of this office that detailed annual statements, or abstracts of expenditures on account of the Army, have ever been furnished.

There is no doubt as to the meaning of the law in relation to Indian accounts. It requires that all persons charged or trusted with the disbursement or application of money, goods, or effects for the benefit of the Indians shali settle their accounts, annually, at the Interior Department on the first of October, and that "copies of the same shall be laid before Congress at the commencement of the ensuing session, by the proper accounting officers." (Section 2091 Revised Statutes.) I am informed that this law has not beeu observed since 1877, for two reasons: First, that for several years prior to 1877 the copies of accounts made in this office, which usually occupied a clerk between two and three months, were not printed, nor otherwise utilized; second, that the services of a clerk could not well be spared to make copies of accounts that seemed to be of no use. As these reasons for disregarding au explicit and mandatory law are not satisfactory to me; I have directed that the accounts of Indian disbursing officers for the year which ended September 30, 1885, be prepared dud transmitted to Oongress.

Following the custom that has obtained in recent years, the amonnts drawn out of and repaid into the Treasury, tc gether with a condensed

Balance sheet of appropriations, are exhibited in the subjoined report of the Bookkeepers' Division, while the reports of other divisions show the amounts that have beeu allowed in the settlement of disbursing officers' acconnts, and certified in the adjustment of claims.

BOOKKEEPERS' DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Appropriations. & Drafts. & Repayments. \\
\hline A ppropriations for the War Department. & & \\
\hline Allowance for reduction of wages under the eight-hour l & \$141 02 & \\
\hline Appliances for disabled soldiers & 1,900 50 & \$1, 13050 \\
\hline A rming and equipping the milit & 181, 13863 & 44, 46308 \\
\hline A rmament of fortifications & 313, 61440 & 5,32400 \\
\hline Artificial limbs & 130, 37786 & 30,900 52 \\
\hline Artillery school at Fortress Monroe, & 5, 00000 & 16 \\
\hline Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, Cal & 4, 055 co & \\
\hline Board on fortifications and other defonse Bounty to volunteers and regulars on enl & 5,000 00 & 16991 \\
\hline Bounty to the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Missouri Cavalry & 8,00000 & \\
\hline Bounty, act July 28, 1866 & 91, 39713 & 50420 \\
\hline Bounty to volnnteers and their widows and legal heirs ............... & 167, 953 25 & 89494 \\
\hline Collection and payment of bounty, prize money, and other claims of colored soldiers and sailors & 1,600 00 & 12638 \\
\hline Collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers. & 33496 & 338 \\
\hline Contingencies of the Army & 19,984 37 & 1,220 22 \\
\hline Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Department & 2, 62779 & 15035 \\
\hline Draft and sabstitute fund. & 11180 & \\
\hline Expenses of recruiting & 78,73884 & 9, 028 92 \\
\hline Expénses of Commanding General's off & 1,750 00 & \\
\hline Extra pay to officers and meu who served in the Mexicin war & 13,255 00 & 15000 \\
\hline Expenses of military convicts & 7, 94610 & \\
\hline Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, & 4, 70000 & \\
\hline Machiase guns & 40,000 00 & \\
\hline Manufacture of arms at national armories & 400, 00000 & \\
\hline Manufacture or purchase of magazine guns & 12, 49500 & \\
\hline Medical and hospital department & 239, 941 30 & 24,909 34 \\
\hline Medical and Surgical History of the & 8,497 35 & 8,497 35 \\
\hline Medical Museum and Libiary & 2L, 78612 & 6,804 87 \\
\hline Ordnance material-proceeds of sales & 78,366 33 & 4,40832 \\
\hline Ordnance, ordnance stores and supp & 400, 00000 & 51188 \\
\hline Qrduance service .... & 101, 14225 & 1,032 32 \\
\hline Pay, \&c., of the Army .................. & 12, 576, 98550 & 292, 872 0s \\
\hline 巴ay of mounced riflemen (volunteers) undcr Col. John C. Fremont, in 1846 & 37499 & \\
\hline Pay of rolunteers, Mexican war & 23653 & \\
\hline Pay of two and three year voluntee & 122,357 05 & 5,012 42 \\
\hline Pay of Military Academy & 203, 30000 & \\
\hline Powder and projectiles, proceed & 3,143 11 & \\
\hline Powder depot, Dover, N.J & 40, 00000 & \\
\hline Preventing and suppressing Indian hostilities & 1910 & \\
\hline Proving ground, Sandy Hook, N. J & 5, 000.00 & \\
\hline Publication of Official Records of War of the Rebeltion & 31, 00000 & \\
\hline Purchase of war records of New England Soldiers' Relief Association. & 5,500 00 & \\
\hline Reliet of sumdry persons .. & 7,29100 & \\
\hline ZRepairs of arsenals & \(30,000.00\) & \\
\hline RRock Island Arsenal, rllinois & 197, 500.00 & \\
\hline Rock Island Bridge, llinois & 9, 25000 & \\
\hline Sau Antonio Arsenal, Texas & 13,150 00 & \\
\hline Secretiservice fund & 30081 & \\
\hline Signal Service, pay & 192, 95216 & 5,002 30 \\
\hline Signal Service, medical departmen & 2,788 16 & \\
\hline Soldiers' Home, permanent fund & 178,400 00 & \\
\hline Soidiers' Home, interest account & 9,952 66 & \\
\hline Springfield Arsenal, Massachusetts & 15,000 00 & \\
\hline Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers & 1,589, 13400 & \\
\hline Support of Soldiers' Home & 383, 71257 & 10253 \\
\hline Testing machive: & 10,000 00 & 65877 \\
\hline Three months' extra pay proper, act July 3, 1884 & 3,671 00 & \\
\hline Traveling expenses of netrobers of First Michigan & 55604 & \\
\hline Traveding expeuses of Calitornia and Nevada volunteers & 70317 & \\
\hline Trusses for disabled soldiers. & 15,000 00 & 9,830 95 \\
\hline Total drafts and repayments on account of War Department appropriations & 17, 939, 13287 & 453,709 69 \\
\hline Appropriations for the Indian service. & & \\
\hline Appraisal and sale of Otoe and Missouria lands (reimbursable). & 88035 & \\
\hline Bridges at Santee Sioux and Pouca reservations. & 11, 10000 & \\
\hline Buildings at ngeucies and repairs. & 38,861 34 & 7,711 17 \\
\hline Civilization fuml & 2, 664 50 & 69374 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Appropriations. & Drafts. & Repayments. \\
\hline Appropriations for the Indian service-continued. & & \\
\hline Civipiza & \$364 00 & \\
\hline Commission on coal, White Mountain Reservation, Arizona & 2,500 00 & \$135 10 \\
\hline Consolidating Indian agencies ..... & 6000 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Contingencies of the Indian Department \\
Expenses of Indian commissions and the Board of Indian Commis. sioners
\end{tabular} & 49,21553
5,069 & 4,290 24 \\
\hline Expenses of Turtlo Mountain band of Chippewa Indians visiting Washington, D. C & 50000 & \\
\hline Fulfilling treaties with various Indian tribes. & 693, 26275 & 41,812 67 \\
\hline Gratuity to certain Ute Indians & 4, 00000 & \\
\hline Homesteads for Indians, including Seminoles & 79550 & \\
\hline Incidental expenses of the Indian serri & 185, \(3 \geqslant 104\) & 7,595 49 \\
\hline Interest on trust funds, \&c & 695 , 09610 & 7,92709 \\
\hline Yrrigating ditches, Xudian reservations & 15, 32085 & 1,609 00 \\
\hline - Maintenance aud education of the Lincolo and German & 28125 & \\
\hline Negotiating with Sioux for modification of, treatie & 4277 & \\
\hline Pay of Indian agents, school superintendent, inspectors, farmers, in. torpreters, and police! & 234, 31433 & 8,359,42 \\
\hline Pasment for lands in Indian resorvations, Washington Territory..... & 1,521 00 & \\
\hline Payment of indemnity to Poncas & 4,560 31 \({ }^{\text {- }}\) & 10835 \\
\hline Payment to Flatheads on Jocko Reservation, right of way Northerp Pacific Railvay Company & 16, \(00000{ }^{\circ}\) & \\
\hline layment to certain Creek Indians for individual reserves sold, sic & 10000 & \\
\hline Payment to North Carolina Cheroke & 3, 53636 & 28136 \\
\hline Payment to "Old Settlers," or Western Cheroke & 1,765 16 & \\
\hline Preventing liquor traffic, Indian reservations & 4, 40000 & \\
\hline Proceeds of Sioux Reservatious in Minnesota and D & 40, 19495 & 1,000 14 \\
\hline Reimbursement to Creek orphan fund. & 72380 & \\
\hline Reimbursement to Osages for losses sustained ............... & 2, 45150 & \\
\hline Relief of Indians at Crow, Fort Belknap, Fort Peck, and Blackfeet Agencies & 44,465 62 & 3, 86963 \\
\hline Relief of sundry persons & 6,720 45 & \\
\hline Removal and support of varions Iudians & 81, 43082 & 2,407 93 \\
\hline Reservoir at headwaters of the Mississippi River, & & \\
\hline School buildings, support of schools, se & 913, 97200 & 25,80230 \\
\hline Stock cattle for Iudian industtial school & 15, 23425 & 37000 \\
\hline Stock cattle or sheep for Indian tribes & 28,436 50 & \\
\hline Snpport of various Indian trikes and b & 3,217,316 04 & 50,65791 \\
\hline Survey of Indian reservations. & 21,305 48 & 60000 \\
\hline Taking a census of North Carolina Cherokees & 2, 60000 & \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies & 54, 73486 &  \\
\hline Transportation of Indian supplies. & 313,675
8,54
8,56 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,57090 \\
2,03411
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Vaccination of Indians & -31400 & 5000 \\
\hline Miscellaneous items & 7,537 23 & 19 \\
\hline Total drafts and repayments on accourt of the Indian servicei. & 6,731, 17447 & 178,679 84 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET of APPROPRIATIONS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \(\cdots\) - \({ }^{\circ}\) & War. & Indian. \\
\hline Desir: & & \\
\hline ,To amount withdrawn from the Treasury July 1, 1884, to June 30, 1885. & \$17, 939, 13287 & \$6,731, 17447 \\
\hline To amount of transfer warrauts issued to adjust appropriations .....- & 105,02525 & 42, 35493 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
To unexpended balances carried to surphas fuod \\
To asgregate amont of balances remaining to the credit of all ap, propriations June 30,1 \& 85
\end{tabular}} & 468, 90532 & 139,850 79 \\
\hline & 2, 025, 33659 & 13, 974, 28028 \\
\hline Total & 20, 538, 40003 & 20, 887, 66047 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Criedit.} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{By balances on hand July \(1,1884 . . . .\).} & 2,114, 91138 & 12, 904, 86457 \\
\hline & 453, 70969 & 178,679 84 \\
\hline By amount of counter warrants issned to adjusi appropriations ......- & 108. 30227 & 17,354 93 \\
\hline By amount of appropriation warrants issued during the year ......... & 17, 861, 47660 & 7,786, 76113 \\
\hline Total & 20,538, 40003 & 20,887, 66047 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Following is a sumnary of the work performed in the Bookkeepers' Division incidental to keeping the accounts adjusted by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller:
Requisitions registered, journalized, and posted, 5,263; settlements recorded, journalized, and posted, 3,955 ; settlements made in the division chiefly to adjust appropriations and close accounts, 138; statements of balances, \&c., furnished to settling clerks, 4,275; certificates listed and indexed, 1,200 ; repay requisitions prepared for the War and Interior Departments, 432; appropriation warrants recorded and posted, 53 ; official bonds of disbursing officers entered, 75; certificates of nouindebtedness issued in cases of officers and enlisted men, 4,022 ; letters written, 901. The amount drawn from the Treasury on settlements made in this division was \(\$ 338,044.03\), which included the following sums on Soldiers' Home acc:unt:

Among various reports and statements prepared in this division may be mentioned-
(1) Statement of appropriatious made for the Cherokee Nation from December 29, 1835, to December 31, 1884.
(2) Statement of amounts paid by the United States to said nation during the same period.
(3) Statement of amounts paid to individual Cherokees during the same period.
(4) Statement of amounts paid to individuals under the first clanse of Article 12, treaty with Cherokees, December 29, 1835.

The preparation of these statements, which were called for by the Court of Claims, occupied the greater portion of the time of one clerk for three mouths.

\section*{PAYMASTERS' DIVISION.}

On July 1, 1884, there were 624 accounts on hand unaudited; 559 were received during the year; 646 were examined and prepared for the action of the Second Comptroller and 5.37 remain on haud unexamined. The record of longevity claims of officers still iu service which are settled in this division is as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - &  &  \\
\hline On hand July 1, 1884 & 6 & \\
\hline Received during the year & 19 & 813 \\
\hline Total & 25 & 813 \\
\hline Setiled during thoyear & 22 & 802 \\
\hline On hand June 30, 1885. & 3 & 11 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The amount involved in 646 accounts, 824 claims, and 254 miscellaneous settlements is \(\$ 14,327,967.30\), as follows:


The service records of 866 officers have been corrected under the act of Februars 24, 1881, in connection with the adjustment of claims under the "Morton decision." The year's record of deposits by and repayments to enlisted men under the act of May 15, 1872, is as follows:


Letters received and recorded, 860 ; letters 中ritten, 5,006. ordnange, medical, and miscellaineous division.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Number of ordnance, medical, recrniting, and miscella connts on hand July 1, 1884. & 5 \\
\hline Received daring the year. & 1,583 \\
\hline & 1,938 \\
\hline Namber andited and reported to the Second Comptrolle & 1,642 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Number on hand June 30, 1885 ..... 296

The amount of disbursements aliowed, was \(B 3,703,725.34\), under the following appropriations:

Ordnauce, orduance stores, \&c., ordnance service, arming and equipping the militia, armament of fortifications, xepairs of arsenals, and other appropriatious of the Ordnance Department
\(\$ 1,657,56688\)
Medical and hospital department, artificial limbs, Mydical Museum and library, and other appropriations of the Medical Department... 438, 43866
Contingencies of the Army, publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion, expenses of military convicts, cxpenses of the commanding general's office, contingevcies of tle Adjutant-General's Department, \&c
Expenses of recruiting, collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers, bounties, and arrears of pay to colored soldiers, \&c

208, 16671
Support of Natioual Hone for Disabled Volunteer Solliers................. 1, 279,774 46

\section*{Total}

3,703,725 34
In addition to auditing medical, ordnance, recruiting, and misceilaneous disbursing accomats and clains, this division keeps the record of payments to commissioned officers and furnishes other divisions of the office with abstracts of such payments for use in the settlement of claims for arrears of par, \&c. The number of payments recorded during the year was 51,724 , of which 11 proved to be double payments to officers of volunteers who served during the late war.
Letters recorded, 869 ; letters written, 8,033 .

\section*{INDIAN DIVISION.}

The following is a summary of the work of this divisiou since last report:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . & Money acconnts. & Property accounts. & Claims: \\
\hline 'On hand July 1, 1884 & 197 & \(\underline{207}\) & 85 \\
\hline Received during the year & 1,378 & 718 & 3, 005 \\
\hline Total. & 1, 575 & 925 & 3,090 \\
\hline Audited and reported to the Second Comptroller & 1,259 & 793 & 3,077 \\
\hline On hand June 30, 1885. & 316 & 132 & 13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The disbursements allowed in settlement of accounts of Indian agents inspectors, and other disbursing officers of the Indiau service amount to \(\$ 2,517,283.97\); and there was certified as due contractors and other claimants for services and supplies the sum of \(\$ 4,050,446.68\), making the total disbursements \(\$ 6,567,730.65\).

There have been furnished the Second Comptroller, to be forwarded to the Solicitor of the Treasury for suit, twenty three transcripts of accounts, involving the sum of \(\$ 127,026.35\), mostly consisting of items suspended or disallowed in settlement by reason of infractions of law or regulations.

This division has for several years been perfecting a series of books showing the purchase, transportation, and delivery of Indian supplies, to enable goods to be traced with certainty, and to fix the responsibility in case of non-delivery. It is gratifying to be able to state that, while formerly hundreds of packages were lost to the service owing to defective records, there were but six undelivered during the past year, and the value of these was promptly charged to the contractors.

Letters written, 4,056 ; letters copied in extenso, 1,074 ; pages of foolscap used in transcriptions, 2,305.

\section*{PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION.}

\section*{Examining branch.}


Setting branch.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Classes of claims. &  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline white soldiets. & & & & & & \\
\hline Commissioned officers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ) & & & & & & \\
\hline Enlisted men, subsequent to April 19, 1861-arrears of pay and all bousties & 835 & 3,942 & 3,045 & 101 & 7 & 1,644 \\
\hline Claims for pay prior to April 19, 1861................ & & 1000 & 100 & & & \\
\hline Arrears of pay and bounty & 122 & 889 & 701 & 7 & 1 & 302 \\
\hline Total & 977 & . 4,937 & 3, 852 & 108 & 8 & 1,946 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The amount involved in the 3,852 claims allowed is \(\$ 540,064.52\), which inclucles the following items:

Payments to officers ont of service, and to the legal representatives of deceased officers, under the Tyler and Morton decisions, \$7,989.97; thirty three and one third per cent. increase under the act of March 2, 1867, and decision of Second Comptroller November 25, 1881, \(\$ 14,149.85\); three months' extra pay to officers and men whio served in the Mexican war, acts July 19, 1848, and February 19, 1879, and decision of Supreme Court (112 United States Reports, 512), \(\$ 9,136.75\).

One hundred and five settlements were madein favor of the Soldiers' Home under section 4818 , Revised Statutes, for unclaimed moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldiers and forfeitures on account of slesertion, the amount certified being. \(\$ 228,733 . \$ 6\).

Total number of letters written, 157,677 .

\section*{DIVISION FOR THE LNVESTIGATION OF FRAUD.}

On July'1, 1884, 6,533 cases remained on hadad, 719 new cases were received during the year, 337 cases were disposed of, leaving 6,915 on hand for future action. Abstracts of material facts were made iu 333 cases of illegal or erroneous payments, and 27 jeases were prepared for suit and referred to the Department of Justice. The sum of \(\$ 1,920.60\) was recovered by suit and otberwise; judgments for \(\$ 2,972.54\) were obtained but have not yet been satisfied.

The 6,915 cases remaining on hand cousist of 1,986 mettled claims ( 420 white and 1,566 colored) ; 4,604 settled clainis ( 1,222 white and 3,382 colored) ; and 325 cases of overpayments and double payments to officers. Apparent, alleged, or suspected fraud is itivolved in 5,126 of these cases, and 1,789 are settled colored claims in which the claimants could not be found within seven years after the clains were ready for payment, or died before payment could be made. After the lapse of that period the legal presumption is that claimants who do not apply for their money are dead, and the amonnts certified to. beidue them are then corered into the Treasury. About one-fourth of the 1,789 seven-year cases have been called up by persons claiming payment, and are now undergoing a careful investigation. Letters written, 5,643 .

Attention is invited to a matter referred to in many previons annual reports, namely, the need of special legislation for the relief of colored
soldiers and their heirs who allege that they have been defrauded by the agents of the late Freedmen's Bureai. From March, 1867, to July, 1872, the arrears of pay and bounty due discharged colored soldiers were paid to the Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, by authority of a joint resolation approved March 29, 1867 ( 15 Stat., 26), which directed that mode of payment, and held the commissioner responsible for the safe custody and faithful disbursement of the funds intrusted to him. On the settlement of his accounts a balance of \(\$ 153,173.57\) was declared against him growing out of alleged irregularities of the agents of the Bureau, but he was fully exonerated by a military court of inquiry, and judgments in bis favor were rendered by the supreme court of the District of Columbia in suits brought at the instance of this office to recover the abovementioned balance. The acconnting officers hold that where the pay and bounty of a colored soldier have been paid to the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau as directed by law they have no authority to reopen the claim, no matter how clear the proof may be that the soldier never received his due.

\section*{PROPERTY DIVISION.}

The number of property accounts (quaiterly returns of clothing, camp and garrison equipage) on hand July 1, 1884, was 4,026; 3,797 were received, and 4,370 were settled during the jear, leaving 3,453 on hand June 30, 1885. Charges amounting to \(\$ 3,987.39\) were made against officers (including volunteers) for property not accounted for, and the sum of \(\$ 3,733.74\) was collected and repaid to the appropriations from which the articles were purchased. Certificates of non-indebtedness were issued to 2,791 officers, chietly those who served during the late war, who have claims pending either in this office for arrears of pay or in the Third Auditor's office for the value of horses lost in service. Letters written, 2,405; letters recorded, 1,542.

\section*{DIVISION OF INQUIRIES AND REPLIES.}

Subjoined is a tabular statement of inquiries received, answered, and awaiting replies:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Oficer making inquiry & On hamel July 1, 1884. & Received. & Answered. & On hand. Jıия \(30,1885\). \\
\hline Adjutant-General & 260 & 6,196 & 5,769 & 1. 687 \\
\hline Quartermaster-General & \(4!\) & 005 & 528 & 81 \\
\hline Commissary-General. & 52 & 984 & 962 & 74 \\
\hline Chief of Ordnance & - 2 & & 2 & \\
\hline Commissioner of Pensions & 544 & 3, 685 & 3,820 & 386 \\
\hline Conmissioner of the Geueral Land Office & 2 & 127 & 121 & 8 \\
\hline Third Anditor & 72 & 2, 224 & 1,887 & 409 \\
\hline Fourth Auditor & . 2 & 15 & 15 & 2 \\
\hline Miscellaneous. & & 612 & 612 & \\
\hline Total & 988 & 14,425 & 13,716 & 1, 647 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Miscellaneous work.-Rolls and vouchers copied for the AdjutantGeneral of the Army, 205; for preservation in this office, 13; letters, affidavits, final statements, certiticates of disability, and other papers, 1,303 ; pages of foolscap used in copying, 1,238 ; letters written, 2,816; signatures of claimants compared with their signatures while in the service, 5,204 ; descriptive lists and final statements of soldiers briefed and filed away, 39,805 . Overpayments and double parments amounting to \(\$ 9,370.21\) have been discovered and proper steps taken toward
securing restitutiou. Of this amount \(\$ 5,146.81\) consists of overpayments to soldiers of volunteer cavalry regiments for use and risk of horses furnished by themselves, and will be deducted by the Third Auditor from the valne of horses lost in service in accordance with section 3482 of the Revised Statates. Of the charges raised this year and preriously the Third Auditor has deducted \(\$ 2.382 .09\), and transferred the same to the books of this office.

\section*{DIVISION OF CORRESPONDENCE AND RECORDS.}

Letters received, 40,163 ; letters written, 13,531 ; letters referred to other offices, 304 ; letters returned uncalled for, 1,057 ; claims received, briefed, registered, and distributed, 24,011 ; miscellaucous vouchers received, stamped, and distributed, 42,890 ; letters with additional evidence received, briefed, and registered, 19,334 .

\section*{ARCEIVES DIVISION.}


The muster and pay rolls of the Army engaged in the war with Mexico, the Florida and other Indian wars, have heretofore been practically a closed book to the clerks of this office. They were withdrawn from the general files between thirty and forty years ago and have been kept in a closet by themselves with little if any attention to order or arrangement. For some time past they have been in constant requisition in connection with the adjustment of claims for three months' extra pay (Mexican war), and frequent reference is made to them for information called for by the Third Auditor and Commissioner of Pensions. It therefore became necessary to overhaul these rolls and arrange them systematically. They are now properly filed, and a simple register has been prepared which will enable examining clerks to find any required voucher or payment without loss of time.
The archives division has charge of the stores and stationery used in the office. There are two hundred varieties of printed forms, blanks, and circulars, and fifty different sizes and kinds of envelopes in use. The care and issue of these stores, \&c., which fill two rooms, occupy the time of a clerk one day per week.

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description of accounts, \&c. & On hand Juls 1, 1884. & Received. & Disposed of. & On hand June 30, 1885. \\
\hline digbursing accounts. & & & & \\
\hline Army paymasters. & 624 & 559 & 640 & 527 \\
\hline Becruiting, ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous & 355 & 1583 & 1, 642 & 206 \\
\hline Indian agents & 197 & 1,378 & 1, 259 & 310 \\
\hline Total disbursing accounts & 1,176 & 3, 520 & 3,547 & 1,149 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITOLATION-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description of accounts, \&c. & On hand Jols 1, 1884. & Received. & Disposed of. & On hand June 30, 1885. \\
\hline CLALMS. & & 1 & & \\
\hline Arrears of pay and bounty, incloding longevity claims & 37, 187 & - 19, 762 & 17,301 & 39, 648 \\
\hline Indian . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & - 85 & , 3,005 & 3,077 & \(\cdot 13\) \\
\hline Total claims & 37, 272 & 22,767 & 20,378 & 39,661 \\
\hline PROPERTY ACCOUNTS. & " & & & \\
\hline Clothing, camp and garrison equipage ....... & 4, 026 & 3,797 & 4, 370 & 3,453. \\
\hline Iudian & 207 & 718 & 793 & 132 \\
\hline Total property accounts. & 4. 233 & 4,515 & 5, 163 & 3,585. \\
\hline Aggregate number of accounts and claims... & 42, 681 & 30,802 & 29,-088 & 44,395 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{16}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{5}{*}{repayments on account of unexpended balances, \&c....................................... 633 ,}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Average number of clerks employed

\section*{NEW GLASSES OF CLAIMS.}

Five new classes of claims were presented during the last fiscal year, namely:
(1) Claims of officers of the United States Army who served in the Mexican war for three months' extra pay, under the acts of 1848 and 1879, and the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Colonel Emory (112 U. S. Reports, 512).
(2) Claims of officers of the Army for additional longevity pay for service as cadets at the Military Academy.-Acts February 24, 1881, and June 30, 1882, and decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Captain Morton (112 U. S. Reports, 1).
(3) Claims under the act of June 3, 1884, entitled "An act to provide for the muster and pay of certain officers and enlisted men of the volunteer forces" (23 Stat., 34).
(4) Claims of the legal representatives of volunteer officers who died or were killed in the service between March 3 and April 10, 1865, for three months' extra pay, provided by the act of March 3, 1865 ( 23 Stat., 66).
(5) Claims under the act of July 5, 1884 ( 23 Stat., 119), to relieve certain soldiers from the charge of desertion.

\section*{SUSPENDED CLAIMS OF INDIAN SOLDIERS.}

In last year's report mention was made of claims of Indian soldiers who served in the late war, which have not been audited for want of means to verify or disprove the statements of the claimants and their witnesses. There are now about two thousaud of these claims awaiting action, and claimants and their attorneys are pressing for early settlement; but I should not be justified either in certifying for payment or in disallowing any of them until their true merits shall bave been ascertained by persoual investigation. The fact that these soldiers and their heirs are "wards of the nation," as well as claimants, is an additional:
reason why speedy justice should be accorded to them; and I recommend that Congress be asked to appropriate tithe sum of \(\$ 3,000\), or as much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in investigating the claims of Indian soldiers and their heirs for arrears of pay and bounty.

\section*{CONDI'LION OF PUBLIC BUSINESS.}

There is a decrease of 747 in the number of disbursing and property acconnts and Indian claims remaining ou hand June 30, 1885, as compared with last year's figures, and a material increase, 2,461 , in the number of unsettled claims for arrears of pay and bounty. The record of this class of claims for the last five years shows that more than twiceas many were presented in 1885 as in 1881, the numbers being 19,762 against 8,682; that the number unsettled has itacreased from 35,462 in 1881 to 39,648 in 1885, and that out of 69,937 claims disposed of daringthat period only 20,374 , a little more than 29 per cent., were allowed and paid, while 35,147 , nearly 50 per cent., were disallowed, and 14,416 were referred elsewhere; the majority of the latter having been .erroveously filed in this office.

Included in the number allowed are 2,411 claims of officers of the Regular Army for additional lougerity pay under the so-called Tyler and Morton decisions. If these be deducted, the proportion of allowed claimswill be reduced to less than 27 per cent., and the proportion disallowed will be increased to more than 52 per cent. Judging by these figures it. would appear that at least 20,000 of the claims on hand will be disallowed. The fact that more than one-half of the claims for arrears of pay and bounty, growing out of the war of the rebellion, which have been presented of late years, are found, after an examination more or less tedious and expensive, to le absolutely withont merit, is respectfully commended to the attention of Congress. So long as these claims are not barred by statute the accounting officers tust receive and audit: them.

While the number of unsettled disbursing accọunts has decreased, the condition of this branch of the public business is far from satisfactory, Army paymasters' accounts, in particular, being much in arrear. On June 30 the aggregate amount, including advandes to that date, charged. against disbursing officers of the Army who were then in service, and against Indian agents and other Indian disbursing officers who were in commission or whose accounts were unaudited, was, in round numbers, \(\$ 61,500,000\), as follows :

Balances and charges against-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Army paymasters ................................................... & \$49, 000, 000 \\
\hline Medical, ordnance, recruiting, and all other Army disburding officers, except paymasters & 000 \\
\hline Indian agents, inspectors, school superintendents, and othe & \\
\hline ing officers of the Indian service.................................... & 3,500,000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total
\(61,500,00000\).
At the close of the fiscal year paymasters' accounts had been received from the Pay Department to include March 31, 1885, and examined inthis office to include April 30, 1884, but with one exception had not been certified by the Second Comptroller to a later date thau June 30, 1881. This office was therefore eleven months and the Second Comptroller's office thirty-four months in arrear. In the mean time paymasters have been charged with moneys advanced to them for disbursement, but have received no credits except for such unexpended balances as
they may have deposited in the Treasury. It thus happens that on June 30 the very large sum of \(\$ 49,000,000\) stood against this class of disbursing officers, although, according to the records of the Pay Department; the amount actually in their possession or subject to check was only \(\$ 1,465,000\). The difference between these sums, \(\$ 47,535,000\), is the amount involved in the unsettled accounts of Army paymasters.
The delay in the adjustment of these accounts, which has been the subject of many complaints, is attributable in part to the fact that during the three years prior to June, 1885, only 720 accounts were revised in the Second Comptroller's office-nearly 1,000 less than were examined in this office-the settlement of paymasters' accounts having been practically suspended during a portion of the time for reasons set forth by the Comptroller in his annual reports for 1882 and 1883.

\section*{WORN AND DEFACED RECORDS.}

Soon after the close of the war it was found that many muster and pay rolls of the volunteer forces had become woru and torn. Paper of a very poor quality had been used, consisting in some instances of cotton fiber, terra alba, and size, and the constant and not always careful handling to which the rolls bad been snbject in the settlement of claims for arrears of pay and bounty had reduced thousands of them to a very dilapidated condition. Various plans of restoriug them were considered. Copying and photographing were rejected as too expensive. Repairing them with tracing muslin and common mucilage was found on trial to be objectionable, as the mucilage soou became discolored, and rendered the repaired portions illegible. Finally such rolls as were actually crumbling to pieces were copied, and the remainder were repaired with tracing muslin and a simple solution of gum arabic.

Since 1809—no record haring been kept prior to that year-622,768 rolls and vouchers bave been so repaired, at an cstimated cost of \(\$ 177,488.88\), including about \(\$ 14,000\) for materials. Most of the work was done by women detailed from ot her Bureaus, so that the actual cost is not known. A large number of these rolls have again succumbod to the frequent handling they have undergone in this office and in the office of the Secoud Comptroller, miny being almost undecipherable; and the time has arrived when the questiou of properly preserving those indispensable records must be promptly met. They are the only ronchers the Government possesses for the payment of more than one thousand million dollars.
It is estimated that 50,000 rolls are in such a damaged state as to be beyoud repair, and the number is rapidly increasing. I recomonend that they be copied on bond paper-the kind used in the Army for several years past; the originals to be carefully preserved and the certified copies ouly to be used tor reference. With this view I have submitted an estimate for tweuty-five copyists at \(\$ 840\) each per annum.

\section*{SOLDIERS' HOME ACCOUNTS.}

The act of March 3, 1851 (sections 4814-4824, Revised Statutes), creating a Home for certain classes of honorably discharged enlisted men, set apart and appropriated for the support of said Home, among other moneys, "all forteitures on accomnt of desertion and all moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldiers which are or may be unclaimed for the period of three years subsequent to the death of such soldiers."

Payments to the Home from these sources having fallen very much
bebind, complaints were made by the Board of Commissioners, and the matter was inquired into by a committee of the Senate. The result was that Congress, by an act approved March 3, 1883, appropriated \(\$ 10,000\) for additional clerical force to be used in adjusting the accounts of the Home. A like amount was appropriated in 1884 and in 1885 , and the clerks thus provided have settled the accounts for unclaimed moneys up to December, 1881. There is a question, however, whether the Home has received, and, if not, whether it is entitled to, all moneys belonging to the estates of such soldiers as died more than three years proor to the passage of the act of 1851 , and that question will donbtless come up for consideratiou as soon as the deserter cases, which are now being settled, shall have been disposed of.

With regard to forfeitures on account of desertion, it was found that, with very few exceptions, the accounts of those deserters who never returned to the Army had not been adjusted, and that the Home was consequently entitled to a settlement reaching back to the close of the war of 1812, besond which the files of this office do not extend. As all of the data necessary to the adjustment of these accounts could not be obtained from the Second Auditor's files, the Adjutant-General of the Army las been called upon for such information as the records of his office affiord, including lists of deserters, clothing accounts, \&c.

Up to Jine 30 tifty-one settlements had been made in cases of soldiers who deserted between 1815 and 1830, the amount accruing to the Home being \(\$ 88,333.28\), of which \(\$ \$ 6,288.63\) has been passed to the credit of the permanent fuud established by the act of 1883. These settlements, however, do not include all the desartions between the years named, the lists having been takea up in alphabetical instead of chronological order. It is scarcely possible to say, even approximately, how long it will take to loring this business up to date, and there is as much uncertainty as to the amount involved. In the first place, the number of desertions prior to 1867 is not known; secondly, although it is known that some payments on accounts of forfeitures between 1851 and 1861 were made to the Home, a proper record of such payments was not kept; and, thirdly, the average farfeiture per capita is a matter of coujecture.
From 1867 to 1885, inclusive, there were 82, , 140 desertions from the United States Army, an average of 4,353 per annum. The same rate from 1861 to 1866 , inclusive, would give 26,118 more, making a total of 108,828 for twenty-five years. Assuming that 50 per cent. of these deserters returned to the ranks, and that the Home has already received all it is entitled to on their account, there will be 54,414 unsettled cases since 1861. If the amount forfeited does not exceed \(\$ 20\) per capita, which is believed to be a moderate estimate, the amount involved will be \(\$ 1,088,280\). But the number of desertions during the war was far in excess of the average given above, and the accrued installments of bounty forfeited by deserters during that period will greatly increase the average per canita. If these facts, together with the forfeitures prior to 1861, be taken into account, T think it will be safe to, say that the arrearages due thie Home are not less than \(\$ 1,500,000\).

\section*{OLD BALANCES.}

Attention is invited to the fact that there is standing ou the ledgers of this office a considerable number of old balauces due from former disbursing officers, the majority of whom are deceased. Lapse of time and other circumstances render it impracticable to obtain the evidence
requisite to remove the suspensions and disallowances on which the balances are based, and the sums involved are, in many cases, too small to justify any attempt to collect them by process of law.

It is suggested that Congress be asked to anthorize the accountiug officers to close, ou principles of equity and 'justice, such accounts as have remained open more than ten years, provided the amounts suspended or disallowed were disbursed in good faith and have inured to the benefit of the United States or of the Indians, as the case may be; and provided, also, that such disbursements were made by the direction of, or have received the formal approral of, the bead of the Department under whose orders the disbursing officers were serring.

\section*{CJERICAL FORECIE}

The reduction of the clerical force and the increase of its efficiency are questions that have received, and will continue to receive, my earnest consideration.

As to the first question, I have reached the conclusion that the condition of the public business recently intrusted to my charge does not admit of any material reduction in the uumber of clerks now allowed by law. On the contrary, I have felt constrained to recommend the employment of additional temporary clerks for special service, namely, copying worn and defaced wuster and pay rolls, and adjusting the accounts of the Soldiers' Home.

It will be seen by the statistics presented in this report that the number of accomnts and claims of all kiuds remaining unsettled at the close of the fiscal year 1885 was 44,395 , and that the number disposed of during the same period was 29,083 , or 2,424 per month. At this rate it would take the present force eighteen months to clear off accumnlated work, even if the preseutation of accounts and claims were to cease entirely. But the number presented is actually increasing, as the following figures show: In 1881, 18,917 accounts and claims were filed; in \(1882,24,000\); in \(1883,27,592\); in 1884, 25,741; and in 1885, 30,802.

As to the second question, I am of opinion that the efficieucy of the force can be increased aind maintained only by the prompt removal of clerks who are incompetent from auy cause; by the appointment of none but active, intelligent, well-educated men, whose honesty and integrity are above suspicion, and by the promotion and encouragement of the most efficient and meritorious. In the belief that a more liberal propor: tion of high-grade clerks would be an importaut factor in improving the efficiency of the service, I have submitted an estimate for four additional clerks of class four, in lieu of six clerks of class one, to be dropped.

Very respectfully,

\author{
WM. A. DAY, Auditor.
}

The Hon. Secridiary of mhe Trlasury.

\section*{REPORT OF THE THIRD AUDITOR.}

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Federal Reserve Bank of St: Louis

\section*{REP0RT}

\section*{THIRD AUDIT0R 0FTHETREASURY.}

> Treasury Department,
> Third Audiror's Office, Washington, D. C., November 1, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to present herewith a report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1885, as follows:
general statement of BUSINESS transacted.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Description of accomots.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Accounts remaining on hand June 30, 1884.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Accounts received during the fiscal year} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{'Total.} \\
\hline & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. \\
\hline Quartermasters' mouey. & 692 & \$1, 706, 04131 & 3,440 & 0 \$12, 604, 31859 & 4, 132 & \$14, 310, 35990 \\
\hline Quartermasters' property & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 1, } \\ \text { 1,407 } \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 1, 464, 35139 & 2, 2,884 & 8 - \(\quad 1.600,40836\) & 3,
4,299 & 5, 064, 75975 \\
\hline Pension agents' money & 364 & 72, 089, 17765 & 2, 493 & 68, 161, 38954 & -857 & 140, 250, 56719 \\
\hline Engineers' money & 64 & 2, 193, 23485 & 632 & 10, 779, 27929 & 696 & 12, 972, 51414 \\
\hline Signal officers' money & 219 & 111, 36569 & 183 & 753, 586.79 & 382 & 864, 95248. \\
\hline Signal officers' property & 193 & & 895 & & 1,088 & \\
\hline Montana war claims.. & 40 & 24800 & & & 40 & 24800 \\
\hline Claims for horses lost........ & 11, 523 & 1, 768, 57553 & 452 & 66,484 65 & 11,975 & 1, 835, 06018 \\
\hline Claims for steamboats destroye & & 713,493 45 & & & 83 & 713, 49345 \\
\hline Orcgouwar claims ............ & 702 & 8, 81.438 & 26 & 6 2, 29986 & 728 & 11, 11424 \\
\hline Miscellaneous claims & 21, 620 & 9, 389, 57131 & 4,259 & - 2, 512, 46424 & 25,879 & 11, 902, 03555 \\
\hline State war claims. & 15 & 4, 622, 61057 & & 3 1, 181, 83820 & & 5, 804, 44877 \\
\hline Total & 37, 487 & 94, 067, 48413 & 15, 775 & 5 99, 662, 06952 & 53, 262 & 193, 729,553 65. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow{2}{*}{Description of accounts.}} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Accounts settled dur. ing the fiscal yerr.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Accounts unsettled } \\
& J u n e 30,1885 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & & & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. \\
\hline Quartermasters', money. & & & 3,375 & \$11, 761, 79607 & 757 & \$2,548, 56383 \\
\hline Quartermasters' property & & & , 854 & & 235 & \\
\hline Commissaries money. & & & 3, 474 & 4, 349, 67810 & 821 & 715, 08165 \\
\hline Pension agents' money & & & 505 & 95, 003, 08846 & 352 & 45, 247, 47873 \\
\hline Engineers' money. & & & 317 & 7, 420, 17695 & 379 & 5, 552,337 19 \\
\hline Signal ofticers' money . & & & 331 & 481, 64729 & 51 & 383, 30519 \\
\hline Signal officers' property & & & 683 & & 405 & \\
\hline Montana war claims & & & & & 40 & 24800 \\
\hline Claims for horses lost & & & 935 & 143, 49475 & 11, 040 & 1,691,565 43 \\
\hline Claims for steamboats destroyed & & & 24 & 134, 07894 & 59 & 579, 41451 \\
\hline Oregon war clairs. & & & 28 & 3, 34200 & -700 & 7,77224 \\
\hline Miscellaneous claims & & & 3, 640 & 2, 431, 53434 & 22, 239 & 9,470,50121 \\
\hline State war claims. - & & & 5 & 497, 09884 & 13 & 5,307, 34993 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Total} & 6, 171 & 122, 225, 985 74 & 37,091 & 71, 503,617 91 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{REPOR＇T OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE BOOKKEEPERS＇DIVISION}

FINANCIAL STATEMENT showing AMO UNTS DRAWN AGAINST APPROPRIA－ TIONS，ACCOUNTS，REPAYMENTS，\＆c．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline &  &  &  &  & Total． \\
\hline Note．－The Secretaries of War and Interior have drawn on the Secretary of the Treas－ nry，during the fiscal year， nine thousand and sevonty \((9,070)\) requisitions，amount－ fing to \(\$ 95,221,115.34\) ，and pay－ ment has been made in the manner sot forth out of the following appropriations， viz： & & & & & \\
\hline Regular supplies，Quartermaster＇s Department． & \＄3，186， 29930 & \＄17， 282 \＄1 & \＄6，124 63 & & \＄3，159， 70674 \\
\hline Incidental expenses，Quartermas－ ter＇s Department． & 699， 80312 & 22， 01587 & 13，818 47 & & 735， 63746 \\
\hline Barracks and quarters，Quarter－ master＇s Department & 752，380 34 & 5，242 69 & 10，658 83 & & 768． 28186 \\
\hline Army transportation－．．．．． & 3，059，536 54 & 64，54786 & 49，176 71 & & 3，173， 26111 \\
\hline Army transportation，Pacific Rail－ roads & & 715， 34988 & 156 & & 715，8̇51 44 \\
\hline Clothing，camp aud garrison equipage． & 1，610， 54006 & & 2，030 40 & & 1，612， 75974 \\
\hline National cemeteries．．．． & 111，573 55 & 13350 & & & 121， 70705 \\
\hline Pay of superintendents of national cemeteries & 60,25183 & 1.0250 & & & 60，354 33 \\
\hline Fifty per cent．of arrears of Army transportation due certain laud－ grant railroads & & & & & \\
\hline Horses for cavalry and artillery & 223,71636 & \(\begin{array}{r}148,081 \\ 9,488 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & 1,370 & & 234， 774 ， 081 \\
\hline Construction and repairs of hos－ pitals． & 104， 40968 & & 1，420 31 & & 05， 82999 \\
\hline Sigual Service． & 4，000 00 & 12000 & & & 4， 12000 \\
\hline Signal Service，regular supplies． & 58，828 79 & 1， 29366 & 110.70 & & 60， 23315 \\
\hline Signal Service，incidental expenses
Signal Sorvice，harraks and quar & 1，760 00 & 35000 & & & 2，110 00 \\
\hline ters ．．．．\(\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\) ．．．．．．． & 87， 14610 & 61523 & 61523 & & 88，601 33 \\
\hline Sigual Service，trausportation ．．．． & 33， 70500 & 1，860 22 & & & 35， 56522 \\
\hline Signal Service，clothing，\＆c．．．．．．． & 5， 31580 & & & & 5， 31580 \\
\hline Signal Service，subsistence & 146， 00000 & 36600 & 5，055 07 & & 151，421 07 \\
\hline Observation and report of storms．． & 178， 08424. & 1． 52858 & 64450 & & 180， 25732 \\
\hline Maintenance and repair of military telegraph lines & 24，961 75 & 5125 & 6329 & & 25， 07629 \\
\hline Headstones for graves of soldiers in private cemeleries & 29，540 00 & 1.6572 & & & 29，705 72 \\
\hline Claims for quartermaster＇s stores and comroissary supplies，act July 4， 1864 & & 266，905 22 & & & \\
\hline Claims of loyal citizens for sup－ plies furnished during the rebell－ iou & & 25000 & & & 25000 \\
\hline Refunding to States expenses in－ curred in raising voluateer，act July 17， 1861. & & 255，586 68 & & & 250， 58668 \\
\hline Services and supplies of Montana volunteers，in Ne\％Perces In－ dian war & & 12500 & & & \\
\hline Reimbursing State and citizens of California for suppressiug Mo－ doc Indian hostilities．．．．．．．．．． & & 5473 & & & \\
\hline Observation and exploration in the Arctic seas & 2，626 67 & 2， 28583 & & & 4，912 50 \\
\hline Cypress Hills National Cemetery， near Brooklyn，New York ．．． & 15，600 00 & & & & \[
15,60000
\] \\
\hline Army depot building，Saint Pand，I Minn & 40， 00000 & & & & \[
40,00000
\] \\
\hline Military posts，for protection of the Rio Grande froutier & 61， 73848 & & & & 61， 73848 \\
\hline Army and Navy Hospital，Hot Springs，Ark & 72，900 00 & & & & 72，000 00 \\
\hline Constructing jetties and other worksatSouth Pass，Miss．River． & & 150，000 00 & & & 150，000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline &  &  &  &  & Total. \\
\hline Philadelphia, National Cernetery, Pa & \$22,000 00 & & & & \$22, 00000 \\
\hline Rogne River Indian way & & \$061 95 & & & \(\cdot 66195\) \\
\hline Twenty per cent. additional compensation & & 69487 & & & 69487 \\
\hline Transportation of officers and their baggare....... & & 1392 & & & 1392 \\
\hline Construction, maintenance, and reprir of military telegraph lines. & & 4880 & & & 4880 \\
\hline Reimbursemest to certain States and Territories for expenses in repelling invasions and supress. ing Indian hostilitics, act March 3,1885 & & 30813 & & & 2, \\
\hline Pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Washington and Orecon volunteers in 1855 and 1856 . & & 2, 13580 & & & 2, 135 80 \\
\hline Road from Fort scott to the national cemetery, Kans & \[
0,15000
\] & & & & 9,150 00 \\
\hline Road from Chattanooga to the national cernetery, Tenn & 2,500 00 & & & & 2,500 00 \\
\hline Carson City cemetery, Nev. & 1,000 00 & & & & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Fort Gratiot cemetery, Mich & 1500 & & & & 1500 \\
\hline Military posts. & 75,000 00 & & & & 75,000 00 \\
\hline Republicau River Bridge, nomr Fort Riley, Kans.. & -10,000 00 & & & & 10:000 00 \\
\hline Quaitermaster s depot, Pliladelphia, Pia & 20,000 00 & & & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Capture of Jefferson Davis.. & & 29300 & & & \(\because 9300\) \\
\hline Engiveer appropriations (combined) & 10,833,779 72 & 3,4.3796 & \$4, 39248 & & 10,841,610 16 \\
\hline Sulusistence of the Army & 1,911, 05825 & 7,120 58 & 34582 & & 1,918,524 65 \\
\hline Horses and other property lost in military service, aet May 3, 1849 & & 221, 05623 & 3,734 94 & & 294,791 17 \\
\hline Support of Military l'rison at Fort Leavenworth, Kaus & 85, 52251 & & & & 85, 52251 d \\
\hline Commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States & & 33,984 22 & 220.94 & & 34,205 16 \\
\hline Commutation of rations to prisozaers of war in rebel states and soldiers on furlough & & 4,968 23 & 8177 & & 5. 500060 \\
\hline Army pensions (combined) . & 69, 166, 08895 & 100, 12924 & 5,654 62 & & \(69,271,87281\) \\
\hline Reliel ot' sufturers from overflow of Mississippi River and its tributaries & & & & \$500 & 50000 \\
\hline Relicf of estates of James Vance and William Vance, act May 13, 1884 & & & & & \\
\hline Relief of John C. Hervdon, act March 3, 1885 & & & & 0 & \[
0000
\] \\
\hline Relief of Jobu M. Dorsey and Willjam F. Shepard, act Marcla 3, 1885. & & & & 12,76799 & 12.76799 \\
\hline Relief of Fendall Carpenter, act March 3, 1885 & & & & 4,40000 & 4,400 00 \\
\hline Relief of estate of Chester Ashley, act Feb. 27, 1885 & & & & 1, 10000 & 1, 10000 \\
\hline Relief of Tohn Taylor \& Spn, act March 3, 1885 & & & & 14950 & \[
14950
\] \\
\hline Rolief of J. H. Hammond, act Marel 3, 1885 & & & & 2, 00000 & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Relief of William H. Davis, act March 3, 188. & & & & 6,00000 & 6,000 00 \\
\hline Relief of legal representatives of Fugh and Byrd Douglass, deceased, act March 3, \(1885 \ldots .\). & & & & 6, 29933 & 6, 29933 \\
\hline Reliet of sufferers from overflow of Obio River and its tributaries.. & & & & 1000 & 1000 \\
\hline Relief of tieirs of Mary Jane Veazie, deceased, act March 3, 1885 & & & & 2, 50000 & 2,500 00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Relirf of Alexander D. Schenck, act \\
March 3. 1885
\end{tabular} & & & & - 10765 & \[
10765
\] \\
\hline Relief of Lady Franklin Bay Ex. pedition to the Arric Seas & & & & 997 :6 & \[
99776
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . 1 &  &  &  &  & Total. \\
\hline Relief of John W. Franklin; executor of John Armfield, deceased, act January 14, 1885. & & & & \$18, 000 21 & \$18, 00021 \\
\hline Relief of R. G. P. White, Peter Hanger and L. T. Green, act February \(12,1885\). & & & & \[
\text { 1. } 32100
\] &  \\
\hline Relief of Nathan H. Dunphe, act March 3, 1885. & & & & & \\
\hline Relief of sufferers by loss of steamer J. Don. Cameron, act Feb. ruary \(25,1885 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . .\). & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,400 \cdot 00 \\
22,30467
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,40000 \\
22,30467
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total. & \$92,655,932 04 & \$2, 371, 34515 & \$105, 69504 & 88, 14311 & 95, 221, 11534 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The number of credit and counter requisitions drawn by the Secretaries of War and Intorior on sundry persons in favor of the Treasurer of the United States is 1,480 , on which repayments into the Treasury have been made through the Third A nditor's Office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, as follows: Deposits on account of War Department, \(\$ 666,045.75\); deposits on account of Interior Department, \(\$ 13,893,632.82\); transfers on Account of W ar and Navy Departments, \(\$ 86,292.10\); transfers on account of Interior Department, \(\$ 18,426.27\); total, \(\$ 14,660,396.94\).
The number of certificates of depositreceived, entered, and "listed" during the fiscal year 1885 is 3,084.

REPORT OF TTHE OPERATIONS OF THE QUARTERMASTER'S DIVISION.

ar' in which the unsettled accomnts were received.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Month. & 1884. & 1885. & Total. \\
\hline January & & & & \\
\hline February & & & 8 & 8 \\
\hline March ... & & & 67 & -67 \\
\hline April. & & & 266 & - 266 \\
\hline May \({ }^{\text {June }}\) & & & 2381 & \begin{tabular}{l}
231 \\
225 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline June & & & 225 & 225 \\
\hline July ....... & & & & \\
\hline Angust... & & & & \\
\hline Oeptober & & & & \\
\hline Novemher & & 4 & & \({ }_{7}^{4}\) \\
\hline December.. & & & & \\
\hline Total & & 11 & 797 & 808 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
average.


Number of voucbers examined .................................................................................. . 37 . \(048^{\circ}\)
Number of pages of manuscript writton ................................................................. 11, 105
REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE SUBSISTENCE AND ENGINEER'S DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Subsistence accounts.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Engineer accounts.} \\
\hline & Number. & Amount. & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline On hand per last report, June 30, 1884 Received during the fiscal year........ & 1,407
2,888 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 16464,351 \cdot 39 \\
3,800,40836
\end{array}
\] & 64
632 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 2,193,23485 \\
& 10,779,27929
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total .................. & 4,295
3,474 & \(5,064,75975\)
\(4,349,67810\) & 696
317 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12,972,51414 \\
7,420,17695
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Remaining ou hand June 30, 1885 & 821 & 715,081 65 & 379 & 5,552,337 19 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Number of differences written............................................................................. 1,484
Number of calls answered …................................................................................... 5,334

REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE MISCELLANEOUS CLAIMS DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & No. & Amount claimed. & Amount allowed. \\
\hline On hand June 30, 1884. & 21,620 & \$0, 389, 571. 31 & \\
\hline Received during the year & 4, 250 & 2, 512, 464.24 & \\
\hline Total. & 25, 879 & 11,902, 035. 55 & \\
\hline Disposed of during the year & 3,640 & 2, 431, 534. 34 & \$1, 213, 789.78 \\
\hline On hand June 30, 1885. & 22, 239 & 9,470,501. 21 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Number of letters written during the year, 2,890 .
}

Lost vessels, \&c., March 3, 1849.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline On band June 30, 1884, & 83 & \$713, 493.45 & - \\
\hline Received during the year & \(\ldots\) & ............... & ................ \\
\hline Total.............. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 83 \\
& 24
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 713,493.45 \\
& 1.34,078.04
\end{aligned}
\] & 74, 206. 61 \\
\hline Disposed of during the year. & & & \\
\hline On liand June 30, 1885 .... & 59 & 579, 414. 51 & ................. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of letters written during the year, 4.
Oregon and Washington Indian war claims of 1855 and 1856.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{On band Juve \(30,1884 \ldots\) Received during the year} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}702 \\ \hline 26\end{array}\)} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 8,814.38 \\
2,229.86
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline Total. & 728 & 11, 114.24 & \\
\hline Disposed of during the y & 28 & 3,342.0n & 2,296.55 \\
\hline On baud Jule 30, 1885 & 700 & 7, 772, 24 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of letters written during the year, 46.
REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OE THE HORSE CLAIMS DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number & Amonnt. \\
\hline Clatims on hand June 30, 1884 & 11,523 & \$1,768, 573 53 \\
\hline Recorded during the fiscal year & 375 & 54, 96025 \\
\hline Reconsidered during the fiscal year & 77 & 12, 29440 \\
\hline Total & 11,975 & 1,835, 06018 \\
\hline Reported allowed during the year .............................. & 834 & 1, 107, 21345 \\
\hline Reported disallowed on the above eight handred and thirty four claims & & 19,304 35 \\
\hline Reported rejected during the fiscalyear. & 101 & 16, 97695 \\
\hline Total disposed of. & 935 & 143, 49475 \\
\hline Deducting claims disposed of, there remains on hand Jnue 30,1885 & 11, 040 & 1,691,565 43 \\
\hline Number of letters writton daring the year. & & 16, 817 \\
\hline Briefs prepared & & 8, 043 \\
\hline Claims examined and susponded & & 4,813 \\
\hline Clerks ermployed.... & &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

REPORT OF THR OPPERATIONS OF THE COLLECTION DIVISION.


\section*{REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE ARMY PENSIONS DIVISION.}
\(A C C O D N T S\) of PENSION \(A G E N T S\), and \(A M O O N T S\) INTOLFED, on hand July 1 , 1884, RECEIVED and AUDITED during the fuscal year, and REMAINTNG ONSETTLED June 30, 1055.


MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNIS RECEITED and AUDITED during the fiscal year.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Claims for reimbursement under section 4718 Revised Statutes Clains for lost, destroyed, aud canceled pension checks .......} & 1,325 & \$99,793 76 \\
\hline & 44 & 3, 26213 \\
\hline Total. & 1,369 & 103, 05589 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Notifications of issue of original pension certificates recorded ... ........................... 41,368

Notifications of issue of increase pension certificates recorded .................................. 26, \(\begin{aligned} \text { 24 }\end{aligned}\)
Notifications of issue of restoration pension certificates recorded........................................ 1,925
Notifications of issue at reissue pension certificates recordcd........................................ 10. 16. 169
Trausfers voted on rolls ..................................................................................................... 431
Changes noterl on rolls .................................................................................. \({ }_{2}\), 387


Payments entered on rolls ......................................................................... \(1,591,080\)
Pages of abstract added .... .................................................................................. 55,82
Pages of miscellaneous copied............................................................................................................. 457
Payments corrected..................................................................................................................... 32


Letters written ........................................................................................... 10.710

Letters indexed .......................................................................................... 8,944

Certiticates of deposit designated for listing, in volving \(\$ 13,006,613.93 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .\).
Average number of clerks employed, 53.
The following tables show amounts disbursed by pension ageuts, during fiscal year 188.5, to each class of pensioners, from "Army pensions" and "arrears of Arny pensions" funds, together with statement of disbursement during each iscal year siuce the consolidation of pension agencies, July 1, 1877, showing the great increase in the pension rolls since, aud in consequence of, the passage of the act of March 9 . 1878-"War of 1812," and acts of Jauuary 25 and March 3, 1879"Arrears." Also, comparative statement of number of accounts and amounts involved, received at this office, andited and reported to the Second Comptroller, daring each fiscal year since July 1, 1869.

AMOUNTS DISBURSE D by PENSION AGENTS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, as shown by THELR ACCOONTS CURRENT.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Agency. & Agent. & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Invalids.} & Widows. & Minors. \\
\hline San Fraucisco, Cal & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Henry Cox. . . . . . . . . . . . .} & \$458, 01013 & \$41, 32104 & \$10,729 02 \\
\hline Washington, D.C & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Theophilus Grines . . . . . .} & 1,603, 42076 & 275, 96324 & 33, 07416 \\
\hline Dó & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Sidney L. Wilson. . . . . . .} & 1, 419, 033, 76 & 214, 70867 & 21, 98327 \\
\hline Indianapolis, Inda & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Fred. Knefler....... . . . . .} & 4, 293,514 77 & 577, 54437 & 122, 79004 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill. & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Ada C. Sweet . . . . . . . . . .} & 4, 427, 16222 & 620, 66L 34 & 141, 97777 \\
\hline Des Moines, Iowa & Jacob Rich & & \(3,110,10448\) & 276, 45729 & 55, 48701 \\
\hline Topeka, Kans. & N. A. Adams & & 3,997, 466 22 & 445, 83154 & 120, 64470 \\
\hline Lonisville, Ky & R. M. Kelly & & 1, 200, 45814 & 282,046 62 & 55, 91360 \\
\hline Augusta, Me. & Selden Comor & & 1, 473, 91865 & 173, 51403 & 18,701 88 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & D. W. Gooch. & & \(2,672,14969\) & 622, 55230 & 32,815 60 \\
\hline Detroit Mich & Samuel Post. & & 2, 469,757 38 & 205, 50453 & 37,256 70 \\
\hline Concord, N. H & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{E. L. Whitford........ . . Thomas P Cheney}} & 118,81919 & 6, 433883 & 5,033 14 \\
\hline Do. & & & 1,562, 16538 & 205, 92397 & 25,904 86 \\
\hline Syracuse, N. Y & Thomas P. Cheney T. I. Poole. & & 3, 188,873 24 & 474, 32540 & 29, 73143 \\
\hline New York City, N. Y & T. L. Poolo: Charles F. C & & 1,848,745 68 & '440, 82075 & 31,971 03 \\
\hline Columbus, Ohio. & Cbarles R. Cos A. T. Wikotr & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,426,44060 \\
& 2,214,56302
\end{aligned}
\]} & 836, 2477.62 & 118,593 14 \\
\hline Pittsburgh, Penn & A. T. Wikotr. Russell Errett & & & 339, 65631 & 52,472 25 \\
\hline Philadelphia, Pa & H. G. Sickel & & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2, 014, 89900} & & \\
\hline Do & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{A. Wilson Noxris.} & & & 471, 41639 & 45,849 03 \\
\hline Knoxville, Teni & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,846,713 \\
& 2.997,528 \\
& 75
\end{aligned}
\]} & 522, 54800 & 79, 03847 \\
\hline Milwaukee, Wis & Henry R. Gibson.. Edward Forguson. & & & 270,94980 & 59.29069 \\
\hline Total & & & 47, 343, 74434 & 354, 43257 & ], 099, 25779 \\
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{A gency.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Agent.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Dependent relatives.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{War of 1812.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Surgeous.} \\
\hline & & & Survivors. & Widows. & \\
\hline Sau Francisco, Cal & Henry Cox & \$14, 39787 & \$1.729 33 & \$10, 70775 & \$3,998 00 \\
\hline Washington, D. C & Theophilus Gaines & 215, 24585 & 6,764 01. & 37, 55147 & 11,388 15 \\
\hline \[
\mathrm{D}_{0} \ldots
\] & Sidney L. Wilson . & 153, 02318 & 3,963 47 & 35, 37974 & 5, 819 34 \\
\hline Indinapolis, In & Fred. Kuefler. & 365,898 75 & 7,015 07 & 59,43684 & 30,996 19 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill & Acla C. Sweet & 438, 04552 & 8,329 86 & 66, 24486 & 42,998 89 \\
\hline Des Moines, Iowa & Jacob Rich. & 225, 39438 & 6,373 87 & 34, 25421 & 29,871 64 \\
\hline Topeka, Kans & N. A. Adams & 220, 72359 & 6,817 33 & 58, 51791 & 53,319 87 \\
\hline Louisville, K & R. M. Kelly & 201, 46836 & 7,323 47 & - 58,910 69 & 15,966 65 \\
\hline Augusta, Me & Selden Conno & 332, 57975 & 19, \(08134^{*}\) & 104, 11256 & 15,922 67 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & D. W. Gooch & 429,16838 & 15, 66027 & 104, 94082 & 24, 60448 \\
\hline Detroit Mich & Samuel Post & 345, 51416 & 8,690 66 & 42,312 85 & 20,961 64 \\
\hline Concord, N. Y & E. L. Whitford. & 22, 59127 & 1.0667 & 12000 & 14845 \\
\hline Do & 'Thomas P. Cheney... & 295, 64334 & 10,046 94 & 58,312 54 & 12,99190 \\
\hline Spracmse, N, Y & I. L. Poole. & 635, 27906 & 21, 30906 & 12693869 & 24,794 51 \\
\hline New York City, N. & Charles J. Coster. & 351, 24040 & 12,094 14 & 80,338 17 & 23,664 32 \\
\hline Columbus, Ohio & A. I' Wikoft & 627, 22488 & 16,087 21 & 126, 85498 & 49,944 26 \\
\hline Pittsburgh, Pa. & Russell Errett & 585, 940 S8 & 6,33759 & 45, 03628 & 32, 12177 \\
\hline Philadelphia, P & I. G. Sickel & & & & \\
\hline Do & A. Wilson Norris & 470, 22716 & 4,925 06 & 50, 02642 & 20,534 91 \\
\hline Knoxville, Tent & Henry R. Gibson. & 293, 15214 & 38,517 05 & 394, 86688 & 24,982 00 \\
\hline Milwankee, Wis & Edward Ferguson.... & 311, 66013 & 6,848 80 & 23,402 67 & 30,001 29 \\
\hline Totêl. & & 6,559,430 05 & 208, 02L 20 & 1,518, 26633 & 475,031 13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

AMOUNTS DISB URSED by PENSION AGENIS, \&c:-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Agency.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Agent.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Pay and allowances.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & & Salary. & Voucher fees. & Con. tingent. & & \\
\hline San Fralcisco, Cal & Henry Cox & \$4, 00000 & \$787 61 & \$901 45 & & \$546, 58220 \\
\hline Washington, D. C & Theophilus Gaines & 2,600 00 & 5,055 12 & 2,890 35 & & 2, 193, 95311 \\
\hline Do & Sidney L. Wilson.. & 1,140 00 & 5, 08612 & 1, 84030 & & 1,862, 23985 \\
\hline Indianapolis, Ind & Fred. Knefler & 4,000 00. & 11,999 86 & 2,768 22 & & 5,475,966 11 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill : & Ada C. Sweet & 4,000 00 & 13, 59138 & 3,368 67 & & 5,761,380 51 \\
\hline Des Moines, Towa & Jacob Riel & \(4,000 \cdot 00\) & 8, 904.12 & 2,331 03 & & 3, 783, 17803 \\
\hline 'Topeka, Kans & N. A. Adams & 4,000 00 & 9,924 00 & 2,266 00 & & 4,919,511 16 \\
\hline Louisville. Ky & R. M. Kelly & 4,000. 00 & 3,329 37 & 80826 & & 1,830, 22516 \\
\hline Augusta, Me & Selden Connor & 4,000 00 & 5,077 36 & 1,795 10 & & 2, 148, 70334 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & D. W. Gooch & 4,000 00 & 10, 39316 & 1,927 86 & \$68 25 & 3, 918, 28081 \\
\hline Detroit, Mich & Samuel Post & 4,000 00 & 6,873 13 & 3,229 80 & 82102 & \(3,194,92187\) \\
\hline Concord, N. H & E. L. Whitford. & , 33333 & 5, 783 & 15099 & & 153, 74770 \\
\hline Do. & Thos. P. Cheney & 3,666 66 & 5, 24053 & 1,983 80 & & 2, 181, 87992 \\
\hline Syracuse, N. Y & T. L. Poole. ....... & 4,000 00 & 10,470 24 & 3,758 46 & & 4, 519, 48009 \\
\hline New York City, N & Charles R.Coster. & 4,000 00 & 7,08151 & 7,649 04 & 4268 & 2,807,647 72 \\
\hline Columbus, Ohio & A. T. Wikoft & 4,000 00 & 14,842,50 & 473823 & & 6, 224,97342 \\
\hline Pittsburgh, Pa & Russell Errett & 4,000 00 & 8,047 49 & 3,736 65 & & 3,291, 92124 \\
\hline Philadelphia, P & H. G. Sickel ...... & , 8888 & & & & - 8888 \\
\hline Do. & A. Wilson Norris .. & 3,911 12 & 8, 82488 & 1, 10677 & & 3,091,720 74 \\
\hline Knoxville, Tenn & Henry R. Gibson .. & 4,000 00 & 7, 38947 & 2, 00454 & & 3, 213, 21236 \\
\hline Milwaukee, Wis. & Edward Ferguson. & 4,000 00 & 8,079 61 & 2,757 10 & & 3,714,519 04 \\
\hline Total & & 71, 99999 & 151, 00529 & 52, 01262 & 98185 & 64, 834, 13326 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

AMOUNT of "ARREARS of ARMY PENSIONS" DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Agency. & Agent. & Invalids: & Widows. & Voucher fees. & Total. \\
\hline San Francisco, Cal & Henry Cox & \$499 33 & & \$0 30 & \$499 63 \\
\hline Washington, D.C & Theophilus Gaines ..... & 2,372 50 & \$2;195 67 & 390 & 4,57207 \\
\hline Do...... & Sidney L. Willson...... & 310.82 & & 30 & 31112 \\
\hline Indianapolis, Ind & Fred. Knetler............ & 2, 81889 & 5,151 20 & 540 & 7,975 49 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill. & Ada C. Sweet. & 2,340 05 & & 240 & 2,342 45 \\
\hline Des Moines, Iowa & Jecob Rich . & & & & \\
\hline Topeka. Kans.. & N. A. Adams & 2;268 74 & 1,002 67 & 240 & 3,273 81 \\
\hline Louisville, Ky & R. M. Kelly & 1, 667.48 & & 60 & 1, 66808 \\
\hline Angusta, Me. & Selden Connor & 5840 & & 30 & - 5870 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & D. W. Grooch . & 1,777 c0 & 4, 773 14 & 150 & 6,55164 \\
\hline Detroit, Mich & Samuel Post. & 1,532 89 & . 80633 & 90 & 2,340 12 \\
\hline Concord, N. H & Thomas P. Cheney & & & & \\
\hline Syracuse, N. Y & T. L. Poole .............. & 31067 & & - 60 & 31127 \\
\hline New York City, N . & Charles R. Coster ....... & 41286 & & 60. & \% 41346 \\
\hline Columbue, Ohio & A. T. Wikoff............ & 2,644 12 & 59973 & 300 & 3,246 85 \\
\hline Pittsbargh, Pa. & Rnssell Errett. & & & & \\
\hline Philadelphia, Pa & A. Wilson Norris ... . . . & 1,79987 & 86033 & 180 & 2,66200 \\
\hline Knoxville, Tenn & Henry R. Gibson ....... & 1,536 27 & 52880 & 120 & 1,066 27 \\
\hline Milwaukee, Wis & Edward Ferguson ...... & 1,972 66 & & 150 & 1,974 16 \\
\hline Total & & 23,322 55 & 15,917 87 & 2670 & \[
39,26712
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TOTAL AMOUNT DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS during year ended June 30 , \(18 * 5\), to ARMY PENSIONERS, and EXAMINING SURGEONS, and ENTIRE EXPENSES of DISB URSING the SAME, INCLUDING SALARIES of AGENTS, CLERK-HIRE, RENT of OFFICES, FUEL, LIGHTS, STATIONERY, and POSTAGE to PENSIONERS and the DEPARTMENTS, \(\delta\).


UNEXFENDED BALANCES in HANDS of PENSION AGBNTS Tune 30, 1885, which, with the EXCETTTON of "AREEARS," have been DEPOSITED to CREDIT of TREASURER of the UNITED STATES and COVERED into the TREASURY.


\section*{Digitized for FRASER}
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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

AMOUNT, INCLUDING"ARREARS,"DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS during each fiscal year since July 1, 1877, date of CONSOLIDATION of PENSION AGENCIES under EXECOTIVE ORDER of May 7, 1877.


COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing number of \(A C C O U N T S\) and \(A M O O N T S\) INVOLVED, on hand July 1, 1869, together with those RECEIVED and AODITED each fiscal year since.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Received.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Audited.} \\
\hline & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. \\
\hline On hand July 1, 1869 & 637 & \$34, 811, 59383 & & \\
\hline Received and audited fis & & & & \\
\hline 1870.... & 714 & 27, 743, 81929 & 631 & \$25, 596, 87639 \\
\hline 1871. & 930 & 28, 513, 26244 & 789 & 32, 813, 33428 \\
\hline 1872 & 884 & 28, 661, 59726 & 900 & \(40,000,20568\) \\
\hline 1873 & 711 & 28, 756, 70292 & 795 & 33, 926, 55619 \\
\hline 1874. & 864 & 29, 708, 33226 & 786 & 26, 431, 95671 \\
\hline 1875. & 708 & 29, 572, 85554 & 619 & 19,888, 42852 \\
\hline 1876. & 741 & 28,348, 16199 & 1,150 & 48, 433, 03692 \\
\hline 1877. & 834 & 27, 899, 35930 & 952 & 34; 06 \%', 98543 \\
\hline 1878. & 538 & 33, 194, 14918 & 715 & 24, 133, 59152 \\
\hline 1879. & 256 & 26, 123, 11124 & 281 & 25, 765, 87058 \\
\hline 1880 & 547 & 61,010,132 95 & 277 & 31, 169,748 01 \\
\hline 1881 & 449 & 50, 666,84154 & 555 & 54, 973, 65939 \\
\hline 1882. & 455 & 50, 191, 88562 & 416 & 37, 528,064 \({ }^{66}\) \\
\hline 1883 & 1,796 & 55, 131, 87260 & 1,773 & 41, 665, 16229 \\
\hline 1884. & 1,868 & 57, 671, 12986 & 1,819 & 49, 521, 15300 \\
\hline 1885 & 1,862 & 68, 264, 44543 & 1, 874 & 95, 106, 14435 \\
\hline Total ........... & 14, 684 & -666, 269, 25365 & 14,332 & 621, 021, 77492 \\
\hline Deduct amount audited & 14, 332 & 621, 021, 77492 & & \\
\hline Balance on hand June 30 & 352 & 45, 247, 47873 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A comparison of the work of this division during the fiscal year 1885 with that of 1884 shows that of the regular monthly accounts there were-

RECEIVED from PENSION AGENTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & No. & Amount. \\
\hline Daring year ending June 30, 1885 & 270 & \$68, 117, 38052 \\
\hline Daring year ending June 30, 1884 & 219 & 57, 514, 19051 \\
\hline Increase during 1885 & 51 & 10,603, 19000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

REPORTED to SECOND COMPTROLLER.


Number of vouchers in "unsettled accounts" June 30, 1884
1, 324, 609
Of these there had been examined but not reported to Comptroller.
Learing unexamined (covering a period of eight months) Jane 30, \(1884 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .\).
Received during the year \(1885 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .353,480\)

Number of vouchers examined during year 1885...................................................... 1, 620, 850
Leaving unexamined (covering a period of five months) Jnne 30, 1885 ...................... *573, 465.

\footnotetext{
*Being the 322,544 vouchers of the March, 1885, quarter, and 250,921 (remainder of 318,395) of the December, 1884, quarter.
}

STATEMENT showing AMOUNT of ADVANCES to, and DISB URSEMENTS by, PENSION AGENTS during fiscal year 1885, together with UNEXPGNDED BALANCES, COVERED INTO the TREASURY during the year and REMAINING ON HAND at CLOSE of BUSINESS June 30,1885 ;


STATEMENT showins AMOUNT of ADFANCES to, and DISBURSEMENTS by, PENSTON AGENTS during fiscal year 1885, gC.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Agency.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{gent.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Balance covered into the Treasary.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Balance on hand June 30, 1885.} \\
\hline & & \[
\underset{\text { sions. }}{\substack{\text { Army } \\ \text { pen- }}}
\] & Surgeons. & Pay, \&c. & Total. & Army pensions. & Surgeons. & Pay, \&c. & Total. \\
\hline San Francisco, Cal. & Henrs Cox. & & & & & \$63, 10486 & \$2 00 & \$689 06 & \$62,417 80 \\
\hline Washington, D.C . & Theophilns Gaines & \$827,980 51 & \$8, 61185 & *\$4,357 31 & \$840, 94967 & 86,90591 & & 5,326 42 & 81,76015 \\
\hline Indianapolis, Ind & Fred. Knefler.. & & & & & 163, 81279 & \(1{ }^{3} 81\) & 6, 23192 & 170,048 52 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill & AdaC.Sweet & & & & & 2,578 43 & 111 & -960 05 & 1,619 49 \\
\hline Des Moines, Iowa & Jacob Rich.. & 558, 04773 & 6,128 36 & 6, 84832 & 571, 02441 & 53, 92396 & & 2,083 47 & 51,840 49 \\
\hline Topeka, Kans.. & N. A. Adams & & & & & 5284 & 213 & 6, 81000 & 6, 86497 \\
\hline Louistille, Ky
Angusta, Me & S. M. Kelden Connor & & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}44,33922 \\ 198,097 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
33 \\
7735 \\
\hline 3
\end{tabular} & 86237
1,12754
1 & 45,23494
199,30266 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & D. W. Gooch & 2200 & & & 2200 & 247, 70594 & 39552 & 1, 32102 & 199, \({ }_{2460}\) \\
\hline Detroit, Mich & Samuel Post & & & & & 116, 02472 & 3836 & 89707 & 116, 96015 \\
\hline Concord, N. H & E. L. Whitford & 126, 89290 & 9,85155 & 7, 50785 & -144, 25230 & & & & \\
\hline Doracuse N . \({ }^{\text {P }}\) & Thomas P. Cheny & 295, 903 & 14486 & 2 & 311, 73540 & 82, 00297 & 810 & 89099 & 81, 12008 \\
\hline New York City & Charles R. Coster & & , 14 & 10, 0 & 1, & 184, 81789 & 1, 33568 & 1, 26945 & 128,784 51 \\
\hline Columbus, Ohio & A. T. Wikotf & 300, 87230 & 5574 & 7,406 78 & 308, 33482 & 137, 69366 & 8,300 00 & 89988 & 192, 14230202 \\
\hline Pittsburgh, Pa. & Russell Erret & & & & & 81, 27151 & 87823 & 78414 & 81, \(36560{ }^{\text {- }}\) \\
\hline Philadelphia, P2 & H. G. Sickel & & & & & 8, 11 & & 8888 & - 8888 \\
\hline Do... & A. Wilson Norr & & & & & 92, 88402 & 46509 & 83357 & 92,515 54 \\
\hline Knoxville, Teun & H. R. Gilbson & 200 & & & 200 & 25, 18145 & 1800 & & 26, 80544 \\
\hline Milwaukee, Wis . & E. Ferguson & & & & & 5,319 16 & 51 & 1, 16329 & 5, 48296 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Total adrances \\
Recovered by agents, on account of overpasments and deposited to their own credit
\end{tabular}}} & 2, 109, 72076 & 29.79236 & 36, 80748 & 2, 176, 32060 & 1, 713, 35692 & 11, 80051 & 25,051 71 & 1,736,420 54 \\
\hline & & & & & & & & 113,877 48 & 18888 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{'Total} & 2, 109, 72076 & 29, 79236 & 36, 80748 & 2, 176, 32060 & 1,713, 35692 & 11,800 51 & 11, 17423 & 1, 736,33166 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* \(\$ 97.22\) claimed by Mr. Gaines as due him on account of salary and fees not deposited.

\section*{tOverdrawn.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \(\underset{\text { sions. }}{\text { Army pen. }}\) & Surgeons. & Pay, \&c. & Total. & & \[
\underset{\text { sions. }}{\operatorname{Army} \text { pen. } .}
\] & Sargeons. & Pay, \&c. & Total. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
To advances from the Treas. ary \\
To amounts recovered from pensioners during the year 1885 and deposited to agents' credit.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\$67,905,000 00} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\$316, 60000} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\$324, 01958} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\$68,745,619 58} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
By disbursements \\
By balances covered into the Treasury during year \\
By balances on hand June 30, 1885 \\
By amount held by \(\boldsymbol{T}\).
\end{tabular}} & \$64,083,152 28 & \$475, 03113 & \$275, 94985 & \$64, 834, 13326 \\
\hline & & & & & & 2,109,720 76 & 29,792 36 & 36, 80748 & 2, 176,320 60 \\
\hline & & & & & & 1,713,356 92 & 11,800 51 & 11, 17423 & 1,736,331 66 \\
\hline & 1,229 96 & 2400 & 920 & 1,263 16 & & & & & \\
\hline Total & 37,906,229.96 & 516, 62400 & 324, 02878 & 68,746,882 74 & Total & 67,906,229 96 & 516, 62400 & 324, 02878 & 68, 746, 88274 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In presenting the foregoing report it will be observed that I have made no recommendation touching the working methods of the office, but have confined myself to a plain statement of its operations during the last fiscal year as they appear upon the record. Whatever changes may be required in the future will be suggested or made as the necessities of the public service may seem to demand, and then only to meet the positive exigencies as they arise.

Very respectfully,

\author{
JNO. S. WILLIAMS, \\ Third Auditor.
}

Hon. Daniel Manning,
Seoretary of the Treasury.

\section*{REPORT OF THE FOURTH AUDITOR.}

\section*{REPORT}

\title{
THE FOURTH AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.
}

\author{
Treasury Department, \\ Fourth Auditor's Office, Washington, October 15, 1885.
}

Sir: In submitting the annial report of the work of this Bureau, I have the honor to state that, having taken charge only on the 12th of May last, I an not prepared to speak in detail of the business of the tiscal year ending June 30 , except such as has been performed since I took charge.

Upon taking control I found the work was considerably bebind, due primarily to an inadequate force, as the business had been steadily increasing, while there had been no increase of clerks; and, besides this, the demand made upon the office for information and evidence to be used in the preparation of cases and before the courts of inquiry, courts martial, and the criminal courts of the District engaged in the investigation and trials of Navy Department officials has interfered greatly with the conduct of the business and delayed the prompt adjustment of claims aud accounts. I have estimated for an increase of force for the ensuing fiscal year, which I believe will enable the office to bring the work, and keep it, up to date.

\section*{PAYMENTS ON NAVAL GON'PRACTS.}

\begin{abstract}
At present the Secretary of the Navy determines whether a naval contract is legal and has been performed, and he also orders payments to the contractors by Navy paymasters. The paymaster's account containing the vouchers for these payments is rendered from two to five months after the payments are made, and in many cases the paid voucher constitates the first information to the Fourth Auditor of the existeuce of the contract or of any pasment thereon.
The result is that the accounting officers are uable to properly protect the interests of the Government. If the payment appears to have been illegal, they cau do nothing more than certify that the money is due the Uuited States from the paymaster, the contractor, or the officer who ordered the payment, and make an effiort to recover the amount. In many cases the paymaster is not a party to the coutract, nor is he charged with the duty of seeing that it has been performed; he simply makes paymeut upon an order which be regards as obligatory. To hold him respousible is unjust; juries almost invariably discharge the sureties if they are pursued; and an effort to recover the money from the
\end{abstract}
officer who ordered the payment, under section 28j, Revised Statutes, or from the contractor, in many cases will result in failure.

In view of this state of affairs I am convincerl that all payments on naval contracts should be made through the Treasury Department on accounts stated with the contractor. The proper officer of the Nary should certify that the contract has been performed and that the money is due, and accompany his certificate with the information upon which it is based.

\section*{AUDIT OF CIVIL EXPENDI'URES OF JHE NAVY DEPARTMEN'.}

The law provides that "the Fourth Auditor shall receive and examine all accounts accruing in the Navy Department or relative thereto." In practice, however, that officer's jurisdiction has been confined to the accounts pertaining to the uaval establishment proper, while those for salaries and the miscellaueous expeuses of the various Bureaus and offices coustitating the Navy Department have been adjusted by the Kirst Auditor. Confusion frequently results from this, as it is not easy in many cases to distinguist the civil expenditures of the Navy Department from those which pertain strictly to the naval service. For instance, the accounts of the Naval Observatory, Hydrographic Office, and Nautical Almanac, which until recently were andited in this office, are now adjusted by the First Auditor, although there have been no changes in the relations of those offices to the naval service. The change in the adjustment of their accounts seems to rest mainly upon the fact. that the money for their expeuditures has recently been appropriated in the act for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government, instead of in that making appropriations for the naval service, as formerly. I therefore recommend that the law defining the duties of the Fourth Auditor be given full operation, and that all accounts accruing in the Navy Department or relative thereto, whether pertaining to the civil or the naval service, be audited in this office.

\section*{WAN'I OF SYSTEM IN PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY.}

The control of the accounting officers over the monev appropriated for the naval service ceases on its expenditure, and they have no jurisdiction over the public property which has been procured by such expenditure.

Congress bas endeavored to protect the public interests by enacting that expeuditures shall not exceed specific appropriations; that money shall not be transferred from one appropriation to another; that unexpencled balauces at the close of a fiscal year and money received from sales of public property shall be returued to the general fund of the Treasury. These enactments may be easily defeated by the operations of the Bureaus of the Navy Department in transferring property from one to another. There are indicatious that the loss to the Government throngh the misapplication of public property equals that resulting from the improper disbursement of money. To correct this, so far as the Nary Department is concermed, the law should provide for a system of naval property accountability similar to that now provided for the Quartermaster's and Commissary Departments of the Army. The adjustment of the accounts should be imposed upon the accounting officers of the Treasury on the same considerations of independence and uniformity which gave them the supervision of the money accounts of the Navy Department.

It may be proper here to state that the three subjects above recited have been, and are now, under consideration by the Departments interested.

\section*{EXPENSES OF THE BOARD OF VISTTORS TO ANNAPOLIS.}

I find in the expenditures under the appropriation for the expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy that apparently unnecessary expenses are incurred. I respectfully recommend that the allowance be fixed, as in the case of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy by the act approved June 11, 1878 (Stats. at Large, vol. 20, page 110), viz, mileage at 8 cents per mile and \(\$ 5\) per diem for expenses during each day of service at the Academy, thus securing uniformity of compensation.

\section*{EXPENDITURES FOR 1885.}

The following table exhibits the appropriations and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.
The sums iu the column of expenditures, as shown by vouchers, include returns from fortign stations and vessels abroad, received and charged to the appropriations since the close of the fiscal year, as the liability was incurred within that period ; hence the apparent discrepancy between the amount drawn out by warrant and the expenditures by vouchers.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of appropriation. & Year. & Amount appropriated. & Amount drawn out by warrant. & Balance in hand June 30, 1885. & Amonit. expended as shown by vouchers. & Amount overpaid. & Amount carried to sur. plus fund. \\
\hline Pay of the Nary & & < \$9, 100, 15575 & \$6, 832, 98350 & \$2, 267, 17225 & \$7, 249, 58941 & & \\
\hline Pay, miscellaneous & 1885 & 339,691 87 & 335, 99342 & 3,698 45 & 404,739 24. & \$75, 58971 & \\
\hline Contingent, Navy & 1885 & 57,500 00 & 54, 16574 & 3,334 26 & 51, 96050 & & \\
\hline Pay, Marine Corps & & 878, 18096 & 603, 09489 & 275, 08607 & 602, 99472 &  & \\
\hline Contingent, Marine Corps & 1885 & 25,000 00 & 24,999 61 & -39 & 24, 54665 & 5084 & \\
\hline Provisions, Marine Corps & 1885 & 60,000 00 & 56, 30613 & 3,693 87 & 55, 80821 & & \\
\hline Clothing, Marine Corps .. & 1885 & 77, 00000 & 76, 95772 & , 4228 & 76, 67690 & & \\
\hline Fuel, Marine Corps.... & 1885 & 18,000 00 & 15, 16927 & 2,830 73 & 17, 13384 & & \\
\hline Military stores, Marine Corps & 1885 & 9,786 50 & 9,185 74 & 60076 & 7,970 53 & & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps & 1885 & 10,000 00 & 9,967 20 & 3280 & 11, 98343 & 1,983 43 & . \\
\hline Repairs barracks, Marine Corps . .............. & 1885 & 12, 25000 & 10,74186 & 1,508 14 & 11, 069.14 & & \\
\hline Forage for horses, Marine Corps & 1885 & 5,400 00 & 3,127 67 & 2, 27233 & 2,567 85 & & \\
\hline Pay, professors and others, Naval Academy & 1885 & 53, 55900 & 50,854 40 & 2,704 60 & 50, 75419 & & \\
\hline Pay, watchmen and otbers, Naval A cademy & 1885 & 23, 04400 & 22, 20000 & 84400 & 21, 80517 & -....... & \\
\hline Pay, mechanies and others, Naval A cademy & 1885 & 14, 58360 & 14,195 00 & 38860 & 14,040 24 & & \\
\hline Pay, steam employes and others, Naval A cademy & 1885 & 7.669.50 & 7,400 00 & 26950 & 7, 20918 & & \\
\hline Repairs, Naval Academy ........................... & 1885 & 21,00000 & 21, 00000 & & 20, 07548 & & \\
\hline Heating and lighting, Naval Academy & 1885 & 17, 00000 & 17,000 00 & & 16, 71955 & & \\
\hline Library, Naval Academy & 1885 & 2, 00000 & 2,000 00 & & 1, 27447 & & \\
\hline Stationery, Naval Academy & 1885 & 2, 00000 & 2, 00000 & & -1, 54327 & & \\
\hline Board of Visitors, Naral Academy & 1885 & 1,500 40 & 1, 50000 & & 1,476 57 & & \\
\hline Chemistry, Naval Academy & 1885 & 2.500 00 & 2,500 00 & & 1, 82961 & & \\
\hline Miscellancous, Naval Academy & 1885 & 34, 80000 & 34, 60000 & & 3],554 21 & & \\
\hline Stores, Naval Academy & 1885 & 80000 & 80000 & & \({ }^{1} 80000\) & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Materials, Naval Academy \\
Bureau of Navigation.
\end{tabular} & 1885 & 1,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline Navigation and navigation supplies & 1885 & 87, 50000 & 70,543 72 & 16,456 28 & 75, 17793 & & \\
\hline Contingent navigation. ............ & 1885 & 3,500 00 & 3, 06941 & 43059 & 3,133 88 & & \\
\hline Civil establishment, navigation & 1885 & 5,000 00 & 5,00000 & & 4,720 57 & & \\
\hline Steel cruisers, navigation.. & & 30,000 00 & 1,510 40 & 28,489 60 & 1,440 17 & & \\
\hline Velocity of Light....... & & 1,00490 & 11, 14813 & & 1, 14763 & & \$856 77 \\
\hline Survey of the west coast of Mexico & & 11,54760 & 11,392 10 & 15550 & 11,531 04 & & \\
\hline Charts of the Amazon and Madeira Rivers & & 2,927 11 & 46200 & & 38670 & & 2,465 11 \\
\hline Compass-testing house ...... & & 7,000 00 & & 7,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Observation transit of Venus & & 10,009 55 & 4,175 80 & 5,833 75 & 3,920 00 & & \\
\hline Charts of the Pacific coast of Mexico & & 1149 & & & & & 1149 \\
\hline Bureau of Oranance. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Ordnance and ordnance stores & 1885 & 125, 00000 & 117,73688 & 7,263 12 & 122,443 02 & & \\
\hline Repairs, ordnance & 1885 & 16,000 00 & 9,514 52 & 5,485 48 & 0,413 98 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Contingent，or & 1885 & 3，000 00 \\
\hline Civil establishment，ordnanoe & 1885 & 5，000 0 \\
\hline Steel ritle breech－loading guns & 1885 & 41，632 50 \\
\hline Torpedo corps． & 1885 & 50， 00000 \\
\hline Steel cruisers． & 1885 & 500．000 00 \\
\hline Breech－loading rifle cannon & & 80， 00000 \\
\hline Testing American armor & & 25， 00000 \\
\hline Wire－wonnd guns & & 4，000 00 \\
\hline Testing Clark＇s deflective turrets & & 9， 53850 \\
\hline Ordnauce material，proceeds of sales & & 5，452 82 \\
\hline Sale of small－arms．．．． & & 2，685 69 \\
\hline Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting． & & \\
\hline Equipment of ressels & 1885 & 750， 00000 \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting，equipment and recruiting & 1885 & 25， 00000 \\
\hline Contingent，equipment and recruiting．． & 1885 & 10，000 00 \\
\hline Civil establishment，equipment and recruiting & 1885 & 9，000 00 \\
\hline Naral training station，Coaster＇s Harbor Islund，स．I & 1885 & 21，000 00 \\
\hline Steel cruisers． & & 78，600 00 \\
\hline Bureau of Yards and Docks． & & \\
\hline Maintenance，yards and docks & 1885 & 200， 00000 \\
\hline Contingent，yards and docks & 1885 & 15， 00000 \\
\hline Civil establishment．yards and docks & 1885 & 24， 00000 \\
\hline Naval Asylum，Philadelphia． & 1885 & 59， 81300 \\
\hline Navy－sard，Brooklyn ．．．．．．．． & 1885 & 77， 36200 \\
\hline Nary－yard，Mare Island & 1885 & 250， 00000 \\
\hline Repairs and preservation at navy－yards & 1885 & 125， 00000 \\
\hline Bureau of Medicine and Surgery． & & \\
\hline Medical department． & 1885 & 40，000 00 \\
\hline Naval hospital fund & 1885 & 30，000 00 \\
\hline Naval hospital fund（no limit） & & 166， 14240 \\
\hline Contingent，medicine and surgery & 1885 & 25，000 00 \\
\hline Repains，medicine and surgery & 1885 & 10， 00000 \\
\hline Civil establishment，medicine and surgery & 1885 & 20， 00000 \\
\hline Bureau of Provisions and Olothing． & & \\
\hline Provisions，Navy & 1885 & 1，100，000 00 \\
\hline Contingent & 1885 & －35，000 00 \\
\hline Civil establishment． & 1885 & 6， 00000 \\
\hline Clotbing & & 711， 15587 \\
\hline Small stores & & 240， 21447 \\
\hline Bureau of Construction and Repair． & & \\
\hline Completing U．S．S．Mohican． & & 50，000 00 \\
\hline Construction and repair． & 1885 & 1，000， 00000 \\
\hline Civil establishment & 1885 & 20， 00000 \\
\hline Double－turreted monitors & & 201，880 26 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\left|\begin{array}{r}2,899 \\ 4,996 \\ 49 \\ 40,902 \\ 43,837 \\ 403 \\ 308,306 \\ \hline\end{array}\right|\)
682,122
24,9214
9,983
8,799
18
18,04807
\(\mathbf{5 9}, 54189\)102， 9807
\[
\begin{array}{r}
182, ~ y 8 u \\
12,54612 \\
24,00000
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
24,00000 \\
06
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 46,05445 \\
& 32,13303
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{rrr}
32, & 133 & 03 \\
186, & 141 & \mathrm{~J} 8
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 180,14138 \\
& 121,64634
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
19,34958
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 29,974 \\
& 99.278 \\
& 45
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 49,278 \\
& 16,710 \\
& \hline 15
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
16,71022 \\
8,72698
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
8,72698 \\
19.57733
\end{array}
\]
\[
19,57733
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
983,979.7 \dot{2} \\
28.47588
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
28,47588 \\
6,00000 \\
148,46165
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
148,46165 \\
73,30402
\end{array}
\]
\[
73,30402
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
50,00000 \\
972,84786 \\
17,815 \\
\hline 5
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
17,81575 \\
174,600
\end{array}
\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline N0： &  & －\％氙 N & cosent & N0 & ¢n \(0^{\circ}\) & NNuNucien \\
\hline 尔勿： &  & స్త్ర \％M & Hetw & 芯气 & Biedion &  い \\
\hline N0： & 風忒：心－0 & S\％ & 8＞0 & \({ }_{\infty}^{\infty}\) & －¢ &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



Equipment of vessels
Transportation and recruiting, equipment and recruiting
Contingent, equipment and recruiting
Civil establishment .equipment and recruiting
Naval training station, Coaster's Harbor Island
Maintenance, yards and docks
Contingent, yards and docks.
Civil establishment, yards and docks
Navr-yard, Washington
Repars and preservation, navy-5ards
Naval Asylum, Philadelphia
Closed navy-yards and stations
Navy-yard. Mare Island, Cal
Medical Department
Naval hospital fund
Contingent, medicine and surgery
Repairs, medicine and surger
Civil establishment, medicine and surgery
Provisions, Nary
Contingent, provisions and clothing
Civil establishment, provisions and clothing
tion andurepair
Civil establishment, construction and repair
Steam machinery.....................
Civil establishment, steam eugineering
Pay, miscellaneous
Contingent, Navy
Contingent, Marine Corps.
Provisions, Marine Corps.
Fuel, Marine Corps
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps
Repairs, barracks, Mariue Corps
Closbing, Marine Corps
Military stores, Marine Corps
Forage for horses, Marine Corps
Pay professors, Naval Academy
Pay mechanics, Naval Academy
Pay steam employes, Naval Academy
Board of Visitors, Naval Academy
Chemistry, Naval Academy
Miscellaneons, Naval Academy
Navigation and navigation supplies
Contingent, narigation
Copper plates, Hydrographic Office
Givil establishment, navigation
Hydrographic work
Ordnance and ordnance stores
Contingent ordnance
Civil establishment, ordnance
Repairs, ordnance

\section*{}


APPROPRIATIONS and EXPENDITURES of the UNITED. STATES NAVY, \&o.-Continned.


Pay, miscellaneone
Allowance for reduction of wages prior to July 1,1882 Bounty, destraction of enemy's vessels, act Jaly 7, 1884
Bonnty, destraction of enemy's vessels, prior to Jnly 1,1881
NB Bounty, destruction of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1, 1882
\(\rightarrow\) Bounty' destraction of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1, 1877 \(\omega\) Bounty, destruction of enemy's ressels, prior to July 1, 1878 Boanty, destruction of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1, 1880 Boanty, destruction of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1,1880
Contingent, equipment and recraiting, 1879 and prior years
Contingent, equipment and recraiting, 1882 and prior years
Contingent, 于ards and docks, 1882 and prior years
Contingent, Navy, 1882 and prior years..
Contingent, provisions and clothing, 1882 and prior year
Contingent, medicine and surgery, 1882 and prior years
Contingent, Marine Corps, 1881 and prior years
Contingent, Marine Corps, 1882 and prior years
Construction and repair, 1882 and prior yea
Construction and repair, act June 14, 1878
Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasone
Enlistment bonnty to seamen prior to July 1, 1877
Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1878
Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1879
Enlistment bounty to seamen prior to July 1, 1880
Enist bounty to seamen prior to Jaly 1,1882
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican
Expena to
Indemnity for lost clothing
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1876
Indemaity for lost clothing pior to July 1, 1877
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1878
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1881
Indemnity for lost clothing prior to July 1, 1882
Forgge tor horses, Marine Corps, 1882 and prior years
Mileage, Nav5 (Graham decision), act March 3, 1885
Maintenance, yards and docks, 1882 and prior Year
Naval station and coaling depot, Isthmns of Panama
Navy-Yards Commission
New propeller, United States steamer Alarm
Prize money to captors
Payment to Harlan \& Hollingsworth Company for ase of ship-yard and care of monitor amphitrite
Payment to William Cramp \& Sons, for use of ship-yard and care of monitor Terror
Papment to John Roach, for use of ship-yard and care of monitor Puritan Payment to W.H.Jaques
Payinent to oficers and crew, Kearsarge
Payment to W. P. Woad, for services in detecting fraud
Payment to owners o sohooner Druid, for damages by collision.
\(187 \theta\) \(|\)\begin{tabular}{|c|}
1870 \\
\(\cdots . . . .\). \\
\hline.
\end{tabular}


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of appropriation & Year. & Amount appropriated. & Amount drawn ont by warrant. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Balance in } \\
\text { hand June } \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & Amonnt expended as shown by vouchers. & Añount overpaid. & Amondt carried to surplus fund. \\
\hline Paỹment to owners of a Japanese jank, for damages by collisi & & \$1,973 84 & & \$1,973 84 & - & & \\
\hline Payment to Messageries Maritimes Steamship Co., for damages by collision & & 74420 & & 74420 & & & \\
\hline Payment to Proman Steamboat Co., for damages by collision : ............. & & 47070 & \$439 70 & & \$439 70 & & \$31 00 \\
\hline Preservation Chevalier de Turnay monument. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Prorisions, Navy, 1879 and prior years & & 2730
48
40 & 4840 & 2730 & & & \\
\hline Provisious. Navy, 1882 and prior years & & 60984 & 60984 & & 59874 & & \\
\hline Provisions, Marine Corps, 1882 and prior years & & 89023 & & & & & -800 \\
\hline Pay, miscellaneons, 1888 and prior years & & 6,979 34 & 6, 37342 & 3648 & 6,017 38 & & 56944 \\
\hline Pay, Navy. prior to July 1, 1878 & & 36966 & & 369
566
54 & & & \\
\hline Pay, Navy, prior to Jnly 1, 1879 & & 12,414 \({ }^{5} 80\) & 12,09019 & 32461 & 11,759 35 & & \\
\hline Pay, Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1879 & & - 2320 & & 2320 & & & \\
\hline  & & 1,183 21 & & & & & \\
\hline  & & 39, 82344 & \[
6,18781
\] & 33,635 63 & 1,619 23 & & \\
\hline DeLong and companions & & 23, 19579 & 7,413 20 & 15,782 59 & 7,650 02 & & \\
\hline Relief of Lady Franklin Bay Expedition to the Arctic regions. & & 66, 31260 & 66, 31260 & & 67, 00759 & & \\
\hline Reward for rescue of Lady Franklin Bay Expedition to the Arctic regions. & & 25,000 00 & & 25, 00000 & & & \\
\hline Relief of Matison R. Calvert. & & 50100 & 50100 & & 50100 & & \\
\hline Relief of beirs of Langley B. Culley & & 2, 30000 & 2,300 00 & & 2,300 00 & & \\
\hline Relief of legal representatives of Jobn G. Tod & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & & \\
\hline Kelief act, children of O. H. Berryman and others............ & & 12,367 815 & & 12,367 84 & & & \\
\hline Relief of officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers............. & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
21500 \\
1,25190
\end{array}
\] & 21500 & & 21500 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Reward for serviees to officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers. \\
Repairs, barracks, Marine Corps, 1882 and prior years
\end{tabular} & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,25190 \\
& 1,32835
\end{aligned}
\] & & 1,25190 & & & 1,328 35 \\
\hline Search for steamer Jeannette. & & 19,893 06 & 19,893 06 & & 29,078 89 & \$2, 84939 & \\
\hline Steam machinery, act June 14, 1878 & & 21,731 68 & & 21, 73168 & & & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, 1882 and prior years & & 40198 & & 500 & & & 39698 \\
\hline Navy pension fund ..... & & 420,00000
1,42187 & \(\begin{array}{r}59,813 \\ 1,421 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) & 360, 18700 & 1,421 87 & & \\
\hline Total.. & & 23, 337, 29820 & 16, 329, 31194 & 6, 625, 26338 & 17, 154, 99879 & 233,768 26 & 382,722 88 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS.}

The foregoing table shows instances in which expenditures hare exceeded appropriations for the fiscal year. These cases often arise in the expenditure by the bureaus of the whole sun appropriated, unmindful of the fact that paymasters of ships abroad must necessarily hare expended money under the same bead. Section 3679 Revised Statutes would be better observed if the act making certain appropriations provided that a percentage should be available only to meet expeuditures of ships in commissiou.

BALANCES AND LIABILITIES UNDER PAY OF NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

The following table shows the balances available on June 30 under "Pay," and also the ascertained liabilities under same appropriations. The most of this las been liquidated since the close of the fiscal year, although there remains a considerable sum due and unpaid to officers and men, which will firther diminish the balances of the appropriations shown as available:

> STdTEMENT of APPROPRIATIONS" PdY of the NAVY" and "PAY of the MARINE CORPS."

YAY OF THE NAVY.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Total liability & 1,816,166 34 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Available balance June 30, 1885 ....... ..................................... 576, 380 24
PAY OF THE MARINE CORPS.


\section*{EXCHANGE.}

Bills of exchange were sold by the pay officers of the Department of the Nary during the year to the amount of \(\$ 1,798,779.22\). Of this sum \(\$ 1,525,812.05\) was drawn on the Navy agents, London, and \$272,967.17 on the Secretary of the Navy.
The following tables show these transactions in detail:

Dratts Drawn on the NAVY AGENTS, LONDON, ENGLAPD, for the fiscal year ending June 30,1885 .
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Amount. & Amount. & Amount re. ceived. & Loss. & Gain. \\
\hline Anckland, Now Zealand & 1,500 & 7, 29975 & -7, 29975 & & \\
\hline Banana, Congo River, Africa & 783 & 3,810 47 & 3,810 47 & & \\
\hline Cape Town, South Africa & 2, 000 & 9, 73340 & 9, 73300 & & \\
\hline Colombo, Ceylon .... & 700 & 3,406 55 & 3,217 20 & \$189 35 & \\
\hline Fayal, Azores & 286 & 1,39182 & 1,391 82 & & \\
\hline Foochow. China & 4,536 & 22, 17444 & 21,699 73 & 37471 & \\
\hline Funchal, Madeira & 2, 000 & 9,73300 & 9,635 67 & 9733 & \\
\hline Gibraltar, Spain & 16, 275 & 79, 20299 & 79, 20229 & & \\
\hline Hong-Kong, China & 34, 300 & 166, 92095 & 163, 93318 & 3,268 32 & 28055 \\
\hline Leghoru, Italy. & 3, 000 & 14, 59950 & 14, 63712 & & 3762 \\
\hline Lisbon, Portugal & 33, 115 & 161, 15415 & 162, 62069 & & 1,466 54 \\
\hline Malta & 4,000 & 19,466 00 & 19,393 00 & 7300 & \\
\hline Moutevideo, Uruguay & 32,000 & 155, 72800 & 15579139 & 33417 & 39756 \\
\hline Nagasaki Japan & 29, 090 & 141, 56648 & 138,912 90 & 2,744 65 & 9107 \\
\hline Naples, Italy & 800 & 3, 893 2v & 3,867 72 & 2548 & \\
\hline Newchwang, China & 500 & 2,433 25 & 2,362 20 & 7105 & \\
\hline Nice, France & 32,376 29 & 157.558 47 & 157,405 81 & 18253 & 2987 \\
\hline Payta, Peru & \(\begin{array}{llll}366 & 8\end{array}\) & 1,783 17 & 1,783 17 & & \\
\hline Pljmouth, England & 3, 000 & 14,509 50 & 14,581 25 & 1825 & \\
\hline Port Rojal, Jamaic & 141 & 68618 & 68618 & & \\
\hline Port Said. Egypt & 1, 500 & 7, 29075 & 7, 29975 & & \\
\hline Shanghai, China & 64,573 192 & 314, 24917 & 309,974 66 & 4, 82722 & 55271 \\
\hline Singapore & 4, 000. & 19,460 00 & 18, 66664 & 79936 & \\
\hline Smyrua, Turkey & 2, 000 & 9, 73300 & 9,732 99 & 01 & \\
\hline Southampton, England. & 12,000 & 58, 39800 & 58,398 00 & & \\
\hline Saint Paul de Loanda; Guinea, West Africa... & 688 & 3,348 15 & 3,348 15 & & \\
\hline Suva, Fiji. & 200 & 97330 & 97330 & & \\
\hline Syduey, Anstralia & 5,000 & 24, 33250 & 24, 33250 & & \\
\hline Tahiti, Society Island & 12850 & 62413 & 62413 & & \\
\hline Trieste, Austria. & 3, 000 & 14,599 50 & 14, 50974 & 8978 & \\
\hline Valparaiso, Chili & 5,075 & 24,697 48 & 24,961 66 & & 26418 \\
\hline Yokohama, Japan & 9, 400 & 46,718 40 & 45,180 89 & 1,558 63 & 2112 \\
\hline Total & 313, 533153 & 1,525,812 05 & 1, 514, 40558 & 14, 65382 & 3,247 35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

DrAFTS DRAWN on the SECRETARY of the NAVY, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Amount. & Amount re. ceived. & Loss. & Gain. \\
\hline A capulco, Mexico & \$8, 27046 & \$8, 27046 & & \\
\hline Aspinwall, United Scates of Colombia. & 24, 88250 & 24,682 50 & & \\
\hline Callao, Peru & 138, 24125 & 136, 64125 & \$1,700 00 & \$100 00 \\
\hline Coquimbo, Chili & 7, 50000 & 7, 50000 & & \\
\hline Corinto, Nicaragua & 4,709 82 & 4, 70982 & & \\
\hline Granada, Nicaragua & 1,700 00 & 1,687 76 & 1224 & \\
\hline Groytown, Nicaragua. & 1,614 44 & 1,624 94 & & 1050 \\
\hline Montevideo, Uruguay ........... & 2, 00000 & 1,988 00 & 1200 & \\
\hline Panama, United Stater of Colombia & \(\begin{array}{r}47,000 \\ 1,800 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 45,393 50 & 1,606 50 & \\
\hline Pruta Arenas, Costa Rica & 3, 098870 & 3, 09880 & & \\
\hline Rio do Janeiro, Brazil. & 1,000 00 & 99342 & 658 & \\
\hline St. John's, Newfoundland & 1,000 00 & 98500 & 1500 & \\
\hline St. Thomas, West Indies & 5,000 00 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline Valparaiso, Chili. & 25, 35000 & 25, 30000 & & \\
\hline Total & 272,967 17 & 269, 72535 & 3,352 32 & 11050 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-A detailed statement of these drafts, omitted from this volume for want of space, will be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's report.\{

TOTAL EXCHANGE, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & - & Amount. & Amonat received. & Loss. & Gain. \\
\hline London ...... United States & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { \$1, 525, } \\ 272,96712 \\ \hline 17\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 1,514,405 \\
\hline \mathbf{2 6 9}, 725 \\
35
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 14,65382 \\
3,35232
\end{array}
\] & \(\$ 3,24735\)
11050 \\
\hline Total & & 1, 798,779 22 & 1,784,130 93 & 18,006 14 & 3,357 85 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

EXCHANGE SOLD in 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, and 1880.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Drawn on- & Amount. & Lors. & Gain. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
United States London........ \\
Total.. \\
United States London........
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 272,96717 \\
1,525,81205
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 3,35232 \\
& 14,653 \\
& 82
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 11050 \\
3,24735
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & 1,798,779 22 & 18,000 14 & 3,357 85 \\
\hline & 277, 19183 & 4,38140 & \\
\hline & 1,676, 59740 & 24, 22456 & 38894 \\
\hline & 1, 953, 78923 & 28,605 96 & 38894 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{United States London} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
361,06910 \\
1,489,606 \quad 37
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
3,75835 \\
13,90648
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
11490 \\
1,426 \quad 23
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline Total & 1,850,675 47 & 17, 66483 & - 1,541 13 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{United States
London} & 412,586 04 & 4, 67928 & 960 \\
\hline & 1,355, 13771 & 20, 01490 & 28612 \\
\hline Total & 1,767,723 75 & 24, 69418 & 29572 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{United States.
London......} & 78, 04430 & 1,531 38 & 10250 \\
\hline & 1, 767,333 09 & 26, 26800 & 89197 \\
\hline Total & 1,845, 37739 & 27,799 38 & 99447 \\
\hline UniLed States.
London & 188,59091 & \({ }^{674} 605\) & 32884 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total} & 1, 935,478 30 & 28, 08920 & 1,459 63 \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPECIAL FISCAL•AGENTS AT LONDON.}

The account of Seligman Bros. was closed in April, 1885, and has been satisfactorily settled. Their commission of 1 per cent. on disbursements since July \(1 ; 1884\), amounted to \(\$ 14,577.75\). Their payments of 4 per cent. interest on daily balances in favor of the Government amounted to \(\$ 2,028.82\), and the payments to them of 5 per cent. interest on adrances to the Government amounted to \(\$ 3,156.56\), a net loss of \(\$ 1,127.74\). The gain in the purchase of exchange for the transmission of money from New York to London was \(\$ 11,740.93\).
The account of Brown, Shipley \& Co. was opened April 24, 1885. They receive a commission of one-half of one per cent. on disbursements. On daily balances in their bands they pay the Governmeut the rate of interest paid by the London joint-stock banks, and ou advances they receive the rate charged by the Bank of England. Under this arrangement the rate of iuterest allowed on balances due the Government has been as follows: April 24 to May 6, \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent.; May 7 to 13, 2 per cent.; May 14 to \(27,1 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent.; May 28 to June 30,1 per cent. The amount paid was \(\$ 874.94\). Their commissions amounted to \(\$ 1,434.88\), aud the net loss in the transfer of funds from New York to London was \(\$ 941.06\). This loss on exchange was caused by the purchase of sight drafts (rendered necessary by the opening of the account) upon less
farorable terms than are obtained by the usual purchase of sixty-day bills.
The contract with Brown, Shipley \& Co. is more favorable to the Government than that with Seligman Bros. The commissions paid them are only one-half as great as was paid to their predecessors, and while the high rate of 5 per cent. interest which was paid to Seligman Bros. was an incentive to them to make unnecessary advances to the Government, the low rate of 1 per cent. at present at which Brown, Shipley \& Co. can secure money from the Government is an incentive to them to carry a considerable sum of public money for which we have no immediate use.

This gain in the interest account, however, is to be considered in connection with the question of security to the principal. The bond of Brown, Shipley \& Co. is for the sum of \(\$ 200.000\). Since their account was opened the smallest amount of public money in their hands, was \(\$ 180,001.43\); the largest sum was \(\$ 559,626.37\). The average daily balauce from April 24 to June 30,1885 , was \(\$ 361,532.28\), and the account closed June 30 with \(\$ 536,754.28\) in faror of the Uuited States. There are no apparent exigencies of the naval service which require so large amounts to be kept on deposit with the fiscal agents, and I respectfully suggest that the amount of their bond should for the present be the limit of advances to them.

\section*{WORK OF THE OFFICE.}

The following tables exhibit a summary of the work performed in the different divisious of the office for the fiscal year.

BOOKKEEPER'S DIVISION.


PAYMASTER'S AND MARINE ACCOUNTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Accounts received. & Accounts settled. & Letters received. & Letters written. & Cash
vonchers. & Cash dis. bursements. \\
\hline Fulp 1884. & & & 130 & 79 & & \$655 93720 \\
\hline & 20 & 26 & 144 & 123 & 764 & \$655, 93720 \\
\hline September & 17 & 17 & 103 & 105 & 1,317 & 1, 500,23224 \\
\hline October. & 25 & 28 & 128 & 110 & 486 & 672, 56310 \\
\hline November & 48 & 29 & 124 & 105 & \(6 \times 9\) & 524, 68453 \\
\hline December. & 24 & 24 & 130 & 100 & 388 & 1, 021,26396 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & & \\
\hline Janamary & 21 & 25 & 107 & 76 & 1,119 & 1, 365, 08825 \\
\hline February & 37 & 25 & 114 & 110 & 1.569 & 1 410,03687 \\
\hline March & 22 & 41 & 110 & 110 & 1,571 & 1, 773, 86545 \\
\hline April & 25 & 35 & 129 & 173 & 798 & 792,19223 \\
\hline May & 36 & 38 & 108 & 120 & 1,203 & 1, 022, 37149 \\
\hline June & 27 & 41 & 128 & 135 & 953 & 1, 612,501 27 \\
\hline Total & 348 & 358 & 1,455 & 1, 346 & 10,202 & 11,730, 85889 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Accounts on hand July 1, 1884
61
Accounts on hand July 1, 1885 51

NAVY PAY AND ALLOXMENT DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Acconnts received. & Accomots settled. & Letters received. & Letters written. & Amount involved. \\
\hline 1884. & & & & & \\
\hline July & 7 & 4 & 266 & - 308 & \$27, 44591 \\
\hline August & 11 & 13 & 250 & 242 & 86, 51460 \\
\hline September & - 19 & 8 & 274 & 251 & 96, 22481 \\
\hline October. & 23 & 31 & 320 & 300 & 232,73879 \\
\hline November & 10 & 5 & 268 & 275 & 10,027 63 \\
\hline December & 28 & 22 & 254 & 201 & 469, 63306 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & \\
\hline January & 31 & 14 & 262 & 260 & 31, 69763 \\
\hline February & 14 & 6 & 176 & 169 & 434, 29182 \\
\hline March & 24 & 24 & 226 & 252 & 536, 32028 \\
\hline April. & 23 & 21 & 238 & 235 & 3, 104,437 85 \\
\hline May & 21 & 18 & 244 & 233 & 3, 029, 62268 \\
\hline June & 30 & 79 & 323 & 306 & 2,587, 77269 \\
\hline Total. & 241 & 245 & 3, 101 & 3,032 & 10,646, 72775 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ALLOTMENT ACCOUNTS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Allotments registered. & Allotments discontinued. & Date. & Allotments registered. & Allotments discontinued. \\
\hline 1884. & & & 1885. & & \\
\hline Jaly & 116 & 187 & January & 109 & 102 \\
\hline Angust & 98. & 131 & February. & 110 & 65 \\
\hline September & 60 & 85 & March ... & 53 & 74 \\
\hline October & 98 & 230 & April & 74 & 93 \\
\hline November & 149 & 90 & May . & 255 & 66 \\
\hline December & 86 & 71 & June & 85 & 93 \\
\hline & & & Total & 1,293 & 1,287 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
amoUnts paid for allotments at navy pay offices during fiscal year 1885.
New York . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 180,58763\)
Washiugton ..... 105,56700
Boston ..... 8, 1213
Philadelphia ..... 80,31300
Norfolk ..... 28,965 25
Baltimore. ..... 22,83800
San Francisco ..... 19,765 00
527, 16388
Nunloer of accounts on hand July 1, 1884 ..... 625
Number of accounts, on hand June 30, 1885 ..... 183
Number of accounts on hand July 1, 1884, dropped from this table as not prop-erly classed with accounts ready for settlement438
Number of vonchers examined ..... 20,989
Number of foreign travel accounts revised preliminary to approval of Secre- lary of Navy ..... 183

NAVY PENSION DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Accounts received. & Accounts settled. & Letters reccived. & Letters written. & Amount involved. \\
\hline 1884. & & & & & \\
\hline July . & & 2 & 79 & 104 & \$56 43 \\
\hline August. & 7
10 & 11 & 62
.126 & 58
117 & 91, 15981 \\
\hline October & 9 & 8 & 125 & 167 & 85, 50290 \\
\hline November. & 8 & 5 & 78 & 91 & 27, 53222 \\
\hline December. & & 6 & 70 & 79 & 54, 22866 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & \\
\hline January.. & 7 & 7 & 56 & 72 & 65,543 60 \\
\hline February & 13 & 7 & 100 & 107 & 25, 98211 \\
\hline March & 8 & 11 & 90 & 77 & 114,585 92 \\
\hline April. & 5 & 7 & 183 & 195 & 65, 64114 \\
\hline May. & 10 & 11 & 114 & 111 & 89, 16793 \\
\hline June & 12 & 12 & 141 & 147 & 84, 18232 \\
\hline Total.. & 103 & 92 & 1,233 & 1,325 & 743, 00004 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1884
Number of accounts on hand June 30,1885
Navy pension vouchers examined and entered upon the pension-roli.................................... 15, 255
The sum of \(\$ 1,061.27\), included in the foregoing, was the entire amount paid for Navy arrears of pensions during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, under acts January 25 and March 4, 1879.

Of the settled accounts reported, twenty-four, amounting to \(\$ 974.98\), were allowed under section 4718 Revised Statutes, reimbursing those who paid the expenses of deceased pensioners during their last illness and burial.

NUMBER of NAVAL PENSIONERS and the AMOUNT DISBURSED during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Pension agencies. & Navy nvalided pensioners. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Navy } \\
\text { widow } \\
\text { pensioners. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Dependent relatives. & Minors. & Total. & Disbiursemont for the year ending June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Boston, Mass. & 874 & 329 & 192 & 19 & 1, 414 & \$237, 14963 \\
\hline Chicago, Ill & 380 & 144 & 65 & 13 & 602 & 135, 41170 \\
\hline New Yorks City, N. Y & 634 & 344 & 142 & 13 & 1,133 & 140,738 93 \\
\hline Philadelphia, Pa & 516 & 230 & 98 & 17 & 861 & 129,694 71 \\
\hline San Francisco, Cal & 92 & 16 & 3 & 4 & 115 & 14,882 56 \\
\hline Washington, D. C & 574 & 382 & 104 & 37 & 1, 097 & 204,948 22 \\
\hline Total & 3, 070 & 1,445 & 604 & 103 & 5, 222 & 862,825 75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

PRIZE-MONEY, RECORD, AND FILES DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Date.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Letters-} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Claims-} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Records.} \\
\hline &  &  &  & 完 &  & &  &  &  &  \\
\hline 1884. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline July & 651 & 622 & 29 & 11 & 18 & \$415 15 & 2, 195 & 2, 181 & ], 480 & 1,921 \\
\hline Angust & 796 & 805 & 20 & 4 & 16 & 22306 & 2, 207 & 2, 044 & 998 & 998 \\
\hline September & 1,049 & 755 & 659 & 448 & 15 & 21,735 16 & 2, 635 & 2,149 & 1,213 & 1,213 \\
\hline October ... & 1,729 & 674 & 693 & 844 & 15 & 39, 32594 & 3, 392 & 2, 127 & 1, 324 & 1,324 \\
\hline November & 721 & 522 & 228 & 217 & 11 & 7,018 80 & 2,118 & 1, 803 & 706 & 706 \\
\hline December & 608 & 400 & 175 & 164 & 11 & 3,347 48 & 2,318 & .1,774 & 1,096 & 1,090 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January & 460 & 398 & 117 & 103 & 14 & 2,993 17 & 2, 166 & 1,847 & 1, 188 & 1,630 \\
\hline February & 383 & 349 & 109 & 104 & 5 & 3,368 42 & 2, 035 & 1,980 & 1,419 & 1,872 \\
\hline March... & 327 & 323 & 85 & 73 & 12 & 14,29724 & 2, 207 & 2,371 & 2,069 & 2,937 \\
\hline April. & 266 & 224 & 67 & 60 & 7 & 43,371 73 & 2, 127 & 2,865 & 2,649 & 3,439 \\
\hline May. & 208 & 172 & 31 & 30 & , 1 & 89730 & 1,931 & 2,016 & 1,994 & 4,807 \\
\hline June & 229 & 189 & 41 & 39 & 2 & 3, 15923 & 2, 077 & 2,480 & 1, 981 & 3,292 \\
\hline Total. & 7, 427 & 5,433 & 2,254 & 2,097 & 127 & 140,152 68 & 27, 408 & 25,637 & 18, 117 & 25, 035 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This division is charged also with the preparation of all reports and tabular statements called for by Congress and the Secretary of the Treasury; the preservation and the care of the files; keeping a record of the appointments, resignations, removals, and absences; the care and issuing of stationery used in the office, and the parment of salaries to employés.

GENERAL CLAIM DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Date.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Claims-} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Letters-} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Number of reports on applications for-} \\
\hline &  &  &  & &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline July ........... 1884. & 174 & 110 & 26 & \$28, 14561 & 845 & 641 & 98 & & 2 \\
\hline Angust & 287. & 141 & 67 & 27, 46655 & 783 & 470 & 103 & & \\
\hline September & 309 & 154 & 49 & 12, 97989 & 962 & 585 & 144 & & \\
\hline October ... & 157 & 158 & 34 & 26, 35914 & 909 & 570 & 149 & & 1 \\
\hline November. & 199 & 195 & 40 & 46,498 50 & 796 & 490 & 83 & & \\
\hline December. & 160 & 203 & 36 & 466, 59077 & 1, 095 & 643 & 187 & & \\
\hline January. ............ & 209 & 172 & 38 & 45,935 22 & 1,122 & 670 & 162 & & 1 \\
\hline Fobruary & 225 & 262 & 35 & 111, 44872 & 1, 003 & 697 & 120 & & \\
\hline March. & 276 & 246 & 59 & 70,766 10 & 1,272 & 938 & 169 & & 1 \\
\hline April. & 192 & 179 & 30 & 42, 3451.4 & 1,153 & 862 & 174 & & \\
\hline May & 197 & 152 & 40 & 37, 50153 & 1, 076 & 913 & 111 & & 2 \\
\hline June & 238 & 388 & 64 & 36, 03185 & 1, 065 & 1,034 & 189 & & 1 \\
\hline & 2,623 & 360 & 518 & 552,078 52 & 12,081 & 8,513 & 1,709 & & 8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Claims remaining on band June 30, 1884
Claims remaining on hand June 30,1885

\section*{CLAIMS UNDER EXHAUSTED APPROPRIATIONS.}

In submitting the repert of the business transacted in the general claims division, attention is invited to the following subjects, which seem to merit some consideration.

A number of claims are presented every year by enlisted men of the Nary and Marine Corps, and by the heirs of those who die in the service for balances due them from appropriations that have been exhausted or curned into the Treasury; on account of pay accruing prior to July 1, 1874; enlistment bounties; clothing lost on vessels wrecked, or otherwise destroyed, prior to July 1, 1882; and travel pay from place of discharge to place of enlistment. All such claims, after having been adjusted by the accounting officers, are report d to Congress at each sessiou, in order that the money for their payment may be appropriated. That course necessatily involves delay, and it frequently bappens that claimants are compelled to wait a year or more after their claims have been settled before they receive their money. The amounts due in these cases are usually small, rarely exceeding \(\$ 100\), and as the claimants are generally poor and needy, it is very probable that Congress would, upon being advised of the facts, be willing to make an appropriation trom which the claimants could be paid as soon as their accounts are settled. It is of course impracticable to estimate accurately the amount required, but judging br the uamber of claims of these classes now on haud, and by the rate they usually reach the office, it is safe to say that \(\$ 10,000\) will be sofficient to pay all now on file, or that may be presented during the coming year. If the appropriation be made, it should be with a proviso that none of the money shall be used for longevity claims. Those do not possess the merit of the classes for which the moner is required, and as a portion of the amount due in some of the longevity class accrued prior to July 1, 1874, if paid from the special appropriation they would absorb it at once.

An item of \(\$ 2.000\) was inserted in the Nary appropriation act of Febrnary 14, 1879 ( 20 Stats., 285), to pay for clothing and bedding of officers and others in the Navy and Marine Corps destroyed to prevent the spread of disease. That amount has been exhausted, and as Congress has recognized the right of officers and men to compensation for the loss of their personal effects under such circumstances, it is as sumed that there will be wo objection to the appropriation of a like sum for that purpose at the coming session. It would be a hardship, especially in the case of the enlisted men, to compel them to await the action of Congress after their claims have been adjusted, as they are obliged to replace the articles destroyed at, their own expense.
The accounting officers are, by section 290, Revised Statntes, authorized, with the approval of the Secretary of the Navy, to allow to officers of the Navy and Marine Corps a sum equal to one month's sea-pay for clotbing lost ou vessels that may be sunk or destroyed bat no provision is inade for the payment of clains arising under the statute. The consequence is that they must be reported to Congress for an appropriation. It is probable that all clains of this character originating prior to July, 1882, bave been paid, and in order to prevent delay in payment of such as may hereafter arise it is suggested that section 3689 of the Revised Statutes be amended so that the permannt annual appropriation theirin made, nuder Nary Department, for the paynent of indemnity to seamen and marines for lost clothing, may apply to officers of the Navy and Marine Corps.

Claims are occasionally presented to this office by persons who, as creditors, have taken ont letters of administration of the estates of deceased seamen, or in some instances by public administrators in the interest of the creditor. The only evidence of domicile is the fact that the sailor may once have made a clain giving his residence within the urisdiction, and the only proof of death required by many probate courts is the presumption arising from absence from the pretended place of residence during a statutory period; and as the seaman's home may be anywhere rather than in the place where the debt was contracted, the man may be alive; or in the cases where the death is absolutely proven-even if citation is had-notice would fail in reaching his heirs. Letters being issued, the recipient becomes administrator as to all, that may be due the deceased, which amount often exceeds largely the sum of the indebtedness and costs of court; but the administrator claims the full amount due the estate by the United States. It seems to me that the proper place for any balance that may remain due the heirs of the deceased after the debt is paid is in the United States Treasury. They certainly would'first makeinquiry there, and they should not be compelled to pursue the administrator or his bondsmen into the State courts.

I therefore suggest that an act be passed providing that in such cases of administration by creditors they shall be paid only to the extent of the proven debt and costs, sworn to before a United States commissioner.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,
C. M. SHELLEY,

Auditor.

\author{
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.
}

\section*{REPORT OF THE FIFTH AUDITOR.}

\section*{REPORT}

OF

\section*{THEFIFTHAUDIT0R 0F THE TREASURY.}

\author{
Treasury Department, Fifth A uditor's Office, Washington, October 28, 1885.
}

Srr: The tabular statements showing the results of adjustments of accounts in this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, are herewith presented. The total number if accounts adjusted was 13,450, involving the sum in footings of \(\$ 1,016,829,680.66\), and the examination of 324,748 vouchers. The number of reports copied was 6,371 , letters written 27,7.77, and coupon books of internal revenue stamps to the number of 28,733 were scheduled and counted. The officers generally, and consular officers particularly, have been unusually prompt in rendering accounts, and this has enabled the office to make adjastments uore complete than they have formerly been at the close of the fiscal year.

\section*{DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR,DIVISION.}


Consular service.-Accounts have been adjusted showingexpeuses for this service and official fees collected, as follows (Tables B, C, D, E, and F) :
Salaries, consular service .................................................... \(\$ 425,41131\)
Salaries, consular officers not citizens ......................................... 5, 85709
Loss on bills of exchange (salaries and contingencies) ..................... 3, 3,62758
Pay of consular officers for services to American vessels and seamen .... 15, 511 73
Compensation from fees (sections 1703, 1730, and 1733, R. S.) ..... ...... 189, 6:6 83
Office rent and clerk hire (section 1732, R. S.) ........... ................... 6, 6, 19591
Contingent expenses, United States consulates............................ 139, 79194
Allowance for clerks at consulates................................................. 50,47189
Expenses of prisons for American convicts .................................... 7,888 95
Salaries, interpreters to consulates in Cbina, Japan, and Siam........... 10, 197 34
Salaries, marshals for consular courts ........................................ 6, 74909
Expenses of interpreters, guards, \&c., in Turkish dominious................. . 2,96220
Sbipping and discharging seamen .................................................. 5, 59124

Consular fees received for official services.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 791, 745 43
Excess of expenditures over receipts......................................... 78, 83767

The items "compensation from fees," \(\$ 189,626.83\), and "office rent and clerk bire," \(\$ 6,195.91\), being paid from fees, and the fees not being covered into the Treasury, neither they nor the fees so applied will appear in the Treasury statement of receipts and expenditures.

By the act of June 26, 1884, those consular officers who had been compensated by fees were in future to be paid from the Treasury a sum equal to the fees to which they would have been entitled had there been no change in regard to the collections from American vessels. The amount paid from the Treasury during the gear under that provision has been \(\$ 15,511.73\), as stated above. The services performed for vessels by salaried consular officers do not enter into any account, as the effect of the new law with reference to them is merely to deprive the Treasury of the fees.

Consular fees.-The fees for the fiscal year amounted to \(\$ 791,345.43\), and were derived from the following sources :

For the year 1884 they were reported at \(\$ 895,780.27\), and ware increased by subsequent adjustments to \(\$ 908,932.32\), showing a falling off for the \(\bar{y}\) ear 1885 of \(\$ 117,586.89\), explained in part thus:

The receipts of fees for services to American vessels in 1884 were \(\$ 91,031.86\). This class of fees was abolished by the act of June 26, 1884, but some consular officers did not get notice of the passage of the act until after making collections, now included in "other fees" above, of which the sum of \(\$ 1,179.07\) has been refunded. There has also been a diminution of fees for certifying invoices amounting to \(\$ 58,937\), showing a less number of shipments. The two items amount to \(\$ 149,968.86\). An iucrease of fees from other sources amounts in the aggregate to \(\$ 34,260.80\), which, deducted from the latter, leaves \(\$ 115,708.06\), substantially accounting for the deficiency.

Relief of seamen.-As shown in Tables \(G\) and \(H\), accounts for relief and extra and arrears of wages of seamen were adjusted as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Board and lodging & \$9,446 78 & \\
\hline Clothing & 7,034 71 & \\
\hline Medical aid & 5,312 69 & \\
\hline Passage to United States (paid at Treasury) & 7,364 84 & \\
\hline Other expenses (inclusive of loss by exchange, \$326.11) & 5,192 90 & \\
\hline Extra wages collected & 6,577 68 & \\
\hline Arrears of wages collected & 66,469 18 & \\
\hline ctra and arrears of wages paid to se & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 73,046 \quad 86 \\
& 58,988 \quad 36
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline & & 14,05850 \\
\hline Excess of relief over wages not paid in money to seamen & & 20,293 48 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The increase in the arrears of wages and the diminution in the extra wages as compared with previous years are due to the new shipping act abolishing the collection of the two months' extra wages for the Government, and otherwise relieving the matter of discharge of American seamen in foreign ports of certain restrictions for its discouragement. The extra wages, when required, now belong to the seamen.

The report for the year 1884 stated the relief at \(\$ 30,723.15\). This was augmented to \(\$ 34,167.21\) by accounts afterward received. The total for \(1885, \$ 34,351.92\), includes the amount paid for supplies to seamen who were not destitute, from their own wages. The amount so paid will nearly cover the balance of extra and arrears of wages not paid in money to
searnen, as shown above, uamely, \(\$ 14,058.50\). The seamen who were sapported from their own money are not included in the number, 1,173 , given in the table as relieved, but only those who were destitute. So the balance, \(\$ 20,293.42\), stated as "excess of relief over wages" may be said to represent about the actual cost to the Government of the relief of destitute American seamen for the year. Of the number relieved 650 were shipwrecked and 120 were deserters, leaving 403 who were discharged regularly or left behind by their vessels. The accounts show that 205 received medical aid.
The first year's trial of the new shipping act shows very little or no increase in the number of seamen requiring relief. The additional accounts adjusted after the report for 1884 was made will increase the number of seamen relieved for that year to almost what is stated for 1885. The increased rate under the new act for passage of seamen to the United States has only increased the actual average cost over that for 1884 about 10 per cent.

Other expenses of the foreign service.-During the year other accounts relating to the foreign service have been adjusted as follows:
Joint Commission.for the Settlement of Claims between the United States
and the French Republic .......................................................... \(\$ 36633\)
Payment of awards by the French and American Claims Commissiou... 593, 71300
Salaries and expenses, Court of Commissioners of Alabava Claims...... 90,22267
Payment of judgments, Court of Alabama Clains ...........................3, 326, 53649
Commission to Central and Sonth America.................................. 38,670 14
Intorvational Bureau of Weights and Measures, 1885 ......................... 2, 207 27
International Bimetallic Commissiou ........................................ \(\quad 1,33000\)
Scientific Commission of Electricians at Philadelphia, Pa...................... 3, 28390
Conference of the Red Cross Association at Geneva......................... 1, 60263
Transporting remains of ministers and consuls to their homes for inter-
meut ............................................................................. 50652
Buildings and gromnds for legation in China, 1885.......................... 3,000 00
Rent of court-house and jail in Japan, 1835 .................................... 3, 40000
Repairing monument in Bogota to Benjamin A. Bidlack.................. 51500
Extending commerce of the United States in the Congo Valley........... 11, 85657
Refunding penalties or charges erroneously exacted....................... 1, 1, 179 07
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen, 1885............................... 13549
Bringing home criminals, 1885....................................................... 96164
Foreign hospital at Panama, 1885 .............................................. 30000
Duplicates of certain French and American medals........................... 6238
Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic or consular officers who die abroad, 1885

16484
Annual expenses of Cape Spartel light, coast of Moroceo, 1885............ 28950
Loss ou bills of exchange, \(1885 \ldots .\). ........................................ 12904
Relief of J. T. Pickett............................................................... 1,37500
Relief of Mrs. Jane Venable, widow of William E. Veuable............... 5,63687

Payment to Louise F. Hunt, widow of William H. Hunt, late minister
to Russia..............................................................................
8,750
Allowance for consular clerks, 1882, reimbursement to J. S. Potter, act July 7, 1854.

1,44000
Reimbursement to Thomas B. Van Buren for relief of naval seamen.... 4700
Payment to F. W. Rice for care of abandoned American vessel "Mary C. Comery"

53450
Retaived to E. Morris, master of the schooner "Abbie F. Morris," proceeds sale of 4 dories by congul at St. Pierre, Miquelon.

5211
Disbursing clerk's accounts.-The following accounts have been rendered by the disbursing clerk of the Departinent of State and adjusted, namely:
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, \(1884, \$ 601.19 ; 1885, \$ 15,943.90^{*}\)... \(\$ 16,54509\)
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, 1884, \$41.95; 1885,昅,3,363.45*

3,405 40

\footnotetext{
*Hucluded in the exhibits of expenṣes for diplomatic and consular service, page 3 .
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Publication of consular and other commercial reports, Department of State, 1884, \$1,075.24; 1885, \$17,042.90 & \$18, 11814 \\
\hline Expenses under the neutrality act, 1883, \$3,155.65; 1884, \$2,282.65 & 5,438 30 \\
\hline International Fisbery Exbibition of 1883, at London & 9,967 98 \\
\hline Rescuing ship wrecked American seamen, 18*4, \$8; 1885, \$3,113.25 & 3,121 25 \\
\hline Comperisation Pork Commission & 6,100 00 \\
\hline Commission to Central and South America & 50 \\
\hline International Commission for the Establishment of Electrical Units & 2,329 79 \\
\hline International Couference to Establish a Meridian for Time Reckoning.. & 4,999 92 \\
\hline Removal and burial of remains of Francis P. Van Wick, late consul at & \\
\hline Expeuses of the Siamese emba & 800 \\
\hline Testimonials to the umpires of the Uoited States and Spanish Claims Commission & 6,000 00 \\
\hline Testimonials to Russian officers and subjects for aid to survivors of Jeannette Arctic expedition. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Accounts for prior years.-Diplomatic and cousular accounts not heretofore reported were received during the year and have been adjusted, as follows:

Contingent expenses, foreign missions, \(1874, \$ 213.48 ; 1876, \$ 2,070.86 ; 1877\), \(\$ 7,772 ; 1882, \$ 1,875 ; 1883, \$ 847.32 ; 1584, \$ 4,437.33\)
\(\$ 9,52171\)
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, 1871 and prior years, \(\$ 85.71 ; 1872, \$ 150 ; 1873, \$ 15.70 ; 1877, \$ 278 ; 1879, \$ 10 ; 1880, \$ 17.40 ;\) 1881, \(\$ 16.80 ; 1882, \$ 21.44 ; 1883, \$ 162.94 ; 1884\), \(\$ 17,849.07\)

18: 60006
Salaries of ministers, \(1872, \$ 1,813.85 ; 1874, \$ 3,750 ; 1875, \$ 1,976.90 ; 1878\), \(\$ 2,270.82\); 1884, \(\$ 6,928.64\)

16,74021
Salaries, secretaries of legations and charges d'affaires ad interim, 1873, \(\$ 2,198.62 ; 1874, \$ 1,647.76 ; 1875, \$ 8,467.04 ; 1876, \$ 2,562.92 ; 1884, \$ 3,-\) 290.10

18,16644
Salaries, consular service, 1871 and prior years. \(\$ 461.53 ; 1874, \$ 65.94\); \(1875, \$ 38.04 ; 1882, \$ 666.67 ; 1883, \$ 1,182.06 ; 1884, \$ 5,455.75\)

7,869 99
Salaries, interpreters to consulates in China, \&c., 1884.
87000
Wages of keepers, \&c., prisou for American convicts in China and Japan.
Allowance for clerks at consnlates, \(1883, \$ 100 ; 1884, \$ 8,716.15\)
\(6: 3999\)
Loss on bills of exchange, \(1875, \$ 247.20 ; 1883, \$ 77.66 ; 1884, \$ 502.56 \ldots\).
8,816 15
Expenses of interpreters, guards, \&c., in Turkish dominions, 1884
82742
Interuational Bireau of Weights and Measures, 1884
7000
Rent of court-house and jail in Japan, 1884
2, 188 23
Steam-lannch for legation and cousulate at Constantinople, 1884
3, 40000
Bringing home criminals, 1878 , \(\$ 228.26 ; 1884, \$ 70\) 55000

Rescuing ship wrecked American seamen, \(1876, \$ 600 ; 1882, \$ 67.28 ; 1884\), \(\$ 140\) 29826

Sbippivg and discharging seamen, 1884
80728
Relief and protection of Annerican seamen, \(1870, \$ 24.33 ; 1879, \$ 90 ; 1880\),
\(\$ 65 ; 1881, \$ 107.60 ; 1883, \$ 499.01 ; 1884, \$ 3,444.06\)
5700
4,230 00
Arrears of wages adjusted and paid to seamen, \(1882, \$ 18.50 ; 1884, \$ 988.99\)
Hospital dues adjusted and carried to marine hospital fund, 1883
1,.007 49
Consular fees adjusted, 1884
1,302 56
London bankers' accounts.-Accounts adjusted during the year of Messrs. Morton, Rose \& Co., late bankers, and Messrs. Brown, Shipley \& Co., bankers, of the United States at London, England, show disborsements aggregating \(\$ 884,354.57\), and receipts from consular officers of fees amounting to \(\$ 210,739.65\), and of extra wages and other money of seamen, \(\$ 4,893.90\). The disbursements were as follows:

\footnotetext{
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, \(1884, \$ 200 ; 1885, \$ 849.26\). \(\$ 1,04926\)
Salarics, consular service, \(1884, \$ 1,710 ; 1885, \$ 2,789.13 \ldots . . . . . . . . .\).
Expenses of interpreters, guards, \&c., in 'Turkish dominions, 1884 ...... 12500
Salaries, secretaries of legations, \(1884, \$ 5,078.82 ; 1885, \$ 28,102.90 \ldots \ldots .333,18174\)
Contingent expenses, forèign missions, \(1884, \$ 3,869.98 ; 1885, \$ 28,480.08\). . 32,35006
Salaries of ministers, 1884, \(\$ 37,613.13 ; 1885, \$ 163.985 .55 \ldots \ldots . . . . . .\).
International Fisbery Exhibition of \(188: 3\) at London
3772
Conference of the Red Cross Association at Geneva
1,000 00
Extending commerce of the United States in the Congo Valley
15,00000
}


Estates of decedents trust fund.-Accounts of this fund were adjusted, showing the following sums turned over to the legal representatives of citizens of the Uuited States dyiug abroad, namely :
Estate of Ira ド. Crowell .................................................................. \(\$ 7809\)
Estate of Thomas Johnson .. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 23 . 25
Estate of William P..Baldwin ........................................................ 2762
Estate of Franklin Birdsall ....... ........................ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4, 999 70
Estate of Dovald Ross . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,95973
Estate of Alfred C. Waibel 28815
Estate of Joseph Orr
1,352 43
Estate of Arthur Austin
753
8,73700

\section*{INTERNAL-REVENUE DIVISION.}

The total collections of internal revenue during the fiscal year 1880, as shown by the adjustment of collectors' accounts and exhibited in detail in Table I, amounted to \(\$ 112,498,877.51\). In addition to this anount there was received \(\$ 24.37\) from sales of adhesive stamps and other sources.

The disbursing accounts of collectors of internal revenue as adjusted show expenses for the tiscal year aggregating \(\$ 3,696,585.29\), inclusive of amounts paid storekeepers and gaugers. These expenses are given in detail in Table K.

Of this total expense the sum of \(\$ 54,456.32\) properly belongs to the previous fiscal year, having been paid out of appropriatiou for deficiency of salaries and expeuses of agents, \&e., for 1884 . Act approved March 3, 1885.

The following exhibit shows by States for what these expenses were incurred :
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collectol's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa. tion of store. koepers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense.} \\
\hline & Salaries of collectors. & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, ftoel. and lights. & Stationery and other expenses. & & & \\
\hline Alabama & \$2,750 10 & \$12,960 48 & \$200 00 & \$200 06 & \$1,594 50 & \$1, 95545 & \$19,660 59 \\
\hline Arkansas & 2,750 05 & 11, 57458 & & 29205 & 11,048 50 & 1,368 45 & 27, 03363 \\
\hline California & 7,500 00 & 51, 68371 & 1, 27334 & 1, 30062 & 21,900 00 & 26,93767 & 110,595 34 \\
\hline Colorado & 3, 00000 & 32,643 55 & 1, 10000 & 12533 & , & 1, 41064 & 18,279 52 \\
\hline Connecticu & 3,375 00 & 15,591 08 & 45000 & 17079 & 2, 44400 & 4,765 38 & 26,796 25 \\
\hline Delaware & 3,000 00 & 7, 22106 & 28238 & 6747 & 21000 & 1,679 37 & 12,460 78 \\
\hline Florida & 3, 00000 & 9,910 70 & 59599 & 11349 & & & 13,619 48 \\
\hline Georgia & 3,250 05 & 36, 67484 & 2500 & 53425 & 22,854 00 & 7,656 34 & 70,994 48 \\
\hline Illinois & 22,500 00 & 84, 75096 & 2,209 22 & 1,333 28 & 101, 56750 & 99,445 60 & 311., 81256 \\
\hline Indiana & 11,58152 & 35, 13593 & 1, 38018 & 87559 & 33, 94600 & 23,35852 & .106, 27774 \\
\hline Iowa & 9,71.1 96 & 25, 25870 & 81430 & 55157 & 8, 46800 & 11, 09476 & 55,499 29 \\
\hline Kansas & 2,750 00 & 12, 35056 & 6945 & 21175 & 2,10150 & 30064 & 17,783 90 \\
\hline Kentincky & 21,999 95 & 105, 72542 & 2,752 97 & 2,636 59 & 400, 699 50 & 157,830 13 & 691, 64456 \\
\hline Louisiana & 3, 62500 & 21, 71085 & & 20213 & & 4,963 91 & 30,501 88 \\
\hline Maine. & 2,500 00 & 4, 69028 & & 6272 & & & 7,253 00 \\
\hline Maryland & 4,500 00 & 37, 94178 & 70000 & 48593 & 33,79750 & 29, 67313 & 107, 09834 \\
\hline Massachus & 7,625 00 & 31,641 81 & 43885. & 45703 & 22,784 00 & 20,323 80 & 83, 47049 \\
\hline Michigan & 6, 95652 & 27, 28683 & 1,126 06 & 42946 & & 2,824 62 & 38,623 49 \\
\hline Minnesuta & 3, 62500 & 15, 29000 & & 18151 & & 2,652 01 & 21, 74855 \\
\hline Mississippi & 3, 00000 & 11,978 85 & 48000 & 10294 & & 23570 & 15,79749 \\
\hline Missouri ... & 12, यก10 00 & 50,931 73 & 1,45000 & 1,146 07 & 28,082 50 & 31, 66942 & 125, 27972 \\
\hline Montana & 3, 04210 & 13,174 85 & 72894 & 28398 & 1,148 50 & 94661 & 19,324 98 \\
\hline Nebrask & 4,500 00 & 15,643 99 & & ¢37 48 & 8,30000 & 6,182 83 & 34, 86430 \\
\hline Nevada & 2,518 40 & 5,635 85 & 64400 & 38252 & & & 9,180 77 \\
\hline New Hampsh & 3,37500 & 5, 04335 & & 8347 & 1,460 00 & 1,005 14 & 10,966 69 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of store keepers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense:} \\
\hline & Salaries of collectors & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, fuel, and lights. & Station. ery and other expeuses. & & & \\
\hline New Jersey & \$11, 24997 & \$39, 18255 & \$930 07 & \$448 27 & \$2,308 00 & \$8, 94597 & \$63, 06483 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2,750 00 & 8, 27850 & 70000 & 22519 & & 71886 & 12,672 65 \\
\hline New York & 30, 25000 & 175, 10219 & 10,52560 & 2, 07319 & 13, 5 fi6 00 & 61,774 43 & 293, 29141 \\
\hline North Carolin & 9,561 51 & 94, 11350 & 1,370 00 & 1,83880 & 129,592 50 & 35, 37088 & 271, 84719 \\
\hline Ohio & 21, 50000 & 83,359 73 & 5, 16570 & 1,461 09 & 65,979 00 & 87, 38048 & 264, 84600 \\
\hline Oregon & 2, 87495 & 10, 30143 & & 20095 & 1, 04500 & 1, 11.1382 & 15, 53015 \\
\hline Pennsylvania & 24, 12500 & 121, 52937 & 3,482 90 & 1,75281 & 102, 60950 & 68, 00874 & 321, 50832 \\
\hline Rhode Islancl & 2,750 00 & 5,58871 & & 11482 & & 65572 & 9, 10925 \\
\hline South Carolina & 3,250 00 & 1.8,519 56 & & 26974 & 5,531 00 & 1,969 59 & 29,539 89 \\
\hline Tennes & 6,875 00 & 35, 17978 & & 788.77 & 58,88.1 00 & 16,624 53 & 118, 34908 \\
\hline Texas & 7, 62499 & 29,047 15 & 1, 25515 & 497143 & 2,461 00 & 3,338 19 & 44, 22391 \\
\hline Vermont & 2, 12498 & 4, 16102 & 14863 & 3909 & & & 6, 47372 \\
\hline Virginia & 12,625 00 & 83,79985 & 2, 35463 & 1,461 89 & 27, 31500 & 28, 47705 & 156, 03542 \\
\hline West Virgi & 3. 62501 & 15,627 11 & 22334 & 33889 & 6, 12000 & 5, 85953 & 31,79388 \\
\hline Wisconsin & 13,000 00 & 31, 10808 & 88329 & 52602 & 14,083 00 & 12,325 21 & 71, 92560 \\
\hline Tot & 308,622 06 & 1,417, 35650 & 43, 76i 19 & 24, 50552 & 1, 131, 497.00 & 770,843 02 & 3, 696, 585.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MLSCELLANEOUS DTVISION.}

To this division are assigned for settlement all miscellaneous internalrevenue accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distilleries, fees aud expenses of gaugers, stamp agents' accounts, counsel fees, drawbacks, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper and stamps, and for the salaries of the office of the Commissiouer of Interual Revenue, also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsoniau Iustitntion, and National Museum, contingent expenses of the Post-Oftice Department, and suodry accounts of the Department of State and the Patent Office.

Agents' accounts.—The salaries and expenses of internal-revenue agents for the year are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Name.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Per diem.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Salary.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Expenses.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & & & 'Lranspor. tation. & Subsistence. & Other: expenses. & \\
\hline A. H. Brooks & \$8 00 & \$2,48800 & \$327 32 & \$48822 & \$112 05 & \$3,415 59 \\
\hline John M. Burns. & 600. & 3600 & 900 & 762 & 05 & 5267 \\
\hline W. H. Chapman & 800 & 2,48800 & 54960 & 61332 & 3046 & 3,681 38 \\
\hline A. H. Clark & 800 & 2,088 00 & 53070 & 69094 & 5529 & 3,364 93 \\
\hline George B. Clark & 600 & 31200 & 11484 & 12863 & 1565 & 571.12 \\
\hline G. Clemen. & 700
800 & \(\} 50900\) & 936 & 18710 & 1555 & 72101 \\
\hline A. M. Crane & 800 & 4000 & 6250 & 405 & 110 & 10765 \\
\hline E. V. Donelso. & 700
800 & \(\} 2,42200\) & 62717 & 74901 & 6848 & 3,866 66 \\
\hline T. J. Grimeson & 800 & - 2,072 00 & 41878 & 75142 & 6155 & 3,303 75 \\
\hline J. H. Hale.... & 800 & 2,488 00 & 51840 & 81113 & 10697 & 3,924 50 \\
\hline C. B. Harrison & 800 & 60000 & 6000 & 18975 & 1175 & 86150 \\
\hline Horace K+llogg & 800 & 2,504 00 & 47641 & 80403 & 5906 & 3,843 50 \\
\hline William King & 600 & 31200 & 14040 & 8180 & 655 & 54075 \\
\hline James E. Larkin & 800 & 1,467 00 & 35480 & 53643 & 4830 & 2,40659 \\
\hline Wolcott Lay & 800 & 2,480 00 & 17487 & 75490 & 8210 & 3,49187 \\
\hline John Loflund & 800 & 2,44500 & 42183 & 69602 & 3285 & 3,595 70 \\
\hline J. B. McCoy & 800 & 4800 & \(50 \quad 10\) & 1563 & 150 & [15 23 \\
\hline Edward McLeer & 800 & 2, 28000 & 22035 & 55525 & 7827 & 3,183 87 \\
\hline H.J. McKnsick & 800 & 4000 & & & & 4000 \\
\hline J. B. Marvía & 800 & 2,528 00 & 1, 05139 & 91650 & 9949 & 4,595,38 \\
\hline F.S. Nenstadtl & 800. & 2,40600 & 84900 & 61423 & 11186 & 4,071 09 \\
\hline Jasper P'ackard & 800 & 4000 & & & & 4000 \\
\hline John S. Phelps & \(\begin{cases}6 & 00 \\ 7 & 00 \\ 8 & 00\end{cases}\) & \(\} 1,83100\) & 353, 75 & 41333 & 7465 & 2,672 73 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multirow{2}{*}{'Per diem.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Salary.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Expenses.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & & & Transportation. & Subsist. ence. & Otber expenses. & \\
\hline Stanley Plummer. & \$8 00 & \$2,51200 & \$771 49 & \$1,050 45 & \$168 81 & \$4, 50275 \\
\hline Thomas Powers & 800 & 4800 & 3625 & 22.25 & 100 & 10750 \\
\hline John M. Ramm. & 800 & 4000 & 1970 & 725 & 150 & 6845 \\
\hline James A Ray & 800 & 4000 & & & & 4000 \\
\hline F. D. Sewall & 1200 & 3,660 00 & 27964 & 22425 & 2925 & 4,193 14 \\
\hline D. D. Spandiding & 800 & 1,040 00 & 32675 & 21395 & 2746 & 1,608 16 \\
\hline L. A. Thrasher & 800 & 2,344 00 & 30594 & - 65766 & \(56 \mathbf{0 0}\) & 3,363 60 \\
\hline J. L. Trumbull & 800 & 4000 & & & & 4000 \\
\hline D. W. Voyles & 800 & 2,504 00 & 37195 & 66700 & 7945 & 3,622 40 \\
\hline Jacob Wagnex & 800 & 4000 & 1945 & 1350 & 200 & 7495 \\
\hline E. D. Webster & 800 & 2,480 00 & 51567 & - 92673 & 9325 & 4,015 65 \\
\hline G.W. Wilson & 800 & 2,504 00 & 51800 & 40110 & 7565 & 3,498 75 \\
\hline J. T. Wilson. & 600 & 3000 & 160 & 835 & & 3995 \\
\hline Isham Young & 800 & 4800 & 1980 & 850. & 80 & 7710 \\
\hline Total & & 51, 34400 & 14, 08055 & 10,636 62 & 1,608 70 & 77,609 87 \\
\hline Stationery furnished revenue agents. & & & & & & 160 or \\
\hline Transportation over Pacific Railroads under orders from Treasury Department......... & & & & & & 86465 \\
\hline Total & & & & & & 78, 69459 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Stamp accounts.-The accounts of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for distilled spirit and other stamps are as follows:}
- DISTILLED SPIRIT STAMPS.

Dr.
To stamps on hand June \(30,1884 \ldots\). \(\$ 32,358,93500\) To stamps received from printers. 71, 797, 25000 To stamps returned by collectors. To stamps received for redemption 843540

By stamps sent to collectors Cr. By stamps destroyed by committee \(\$ 06,849,7300\) 107,16420 By stamps on hand June 30, 1885 ... 37, 738, 04000

104, 694, 93420
104.694,98420

SPECIAL TAX STAMPS.
Dr. Cr.
To stamps on hand June \(30,1884 \ldots \quad \$ 1,078,98400\), By stamps sent to collectors........ \(\$ 8,944,28000\) To stamps received from printers.. \(9,828,85200\) By stamps destroyed by eommittee \(61,702,48200\) To stamps retulned by collectors..

361, 17000
By stamps on hand \(J\) une 30,1885 ... \(1,222,24400\)
\(11,869, \mathrm{C} 0600\)
11, 869,00000
BEER S'LAMPS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline To stamps on hand June 30, 1884 & 5, 142,783 33 & By stamps sent to collectors & 19,312,730 00 \\
\hline To stamps received from printers.. & 19,289, 16667 & By stamps destroved by commit- & \\
\hline To stamps returned by collectors.. & 2, 58267 & tee. & 2,577 42 \\
\hline To stamps received for redemption. & 49475 & 3y stamps on hand June 30, 188 & 5,119,720 00 \\
\hline , & 24,435, 02742 & & 24,435, 02742 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STAMPS FOR TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGARS.}


a Includes the fiscal year, 1884.
Stamps, paper, and dies.-The following accounts were adjusted, being expenses incurred for dies and paper, and for the eugraving and printing of internal-revenue stamps, \&c.:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Bureau of Engraving & \$338,311 12 \\
\hline Fairchild Paper Company & 36,282 64 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Miscellaneous expenses.-The following sums embrace payments made by collectors of internal revenue and revenue agents for the detection of frauds upon the revenue, also disbursements made by T. J. Hobbs, disbursing clerk, on account of the appropriation for "stamps, paper, and dies," and for other expenses incident to the collection of the internal revenue :


Under the provisions of section 4, act of March 3, 1883 , rebate claims on tobacco, suff, and cigars have been allowed, aroounting to \(\$ 971.80\).

An adjustment of the accounts of twenty-five stamp agents shows a deposit of \(\$ 3,384,292.13\).

Two thousaud three hundred and ninety-six claims for the redemption of stamps, amounting to \(\$ 123,048.69\), were settled during the year, from which \(\$ 5,476.15\) were discounted, leaving \(\$ 117,572.54\) actually paid.

By the last aunual report of this office, for 1884, it appeared the Secretary of the Treasury had on deposit to his credit on account of "fines, penalties, and forfeitures" (special deposit account No. 1), \$86,922.76. During the year \(\$ 41,696.65\) have been deposited, and \(\$ 89,958.49\) disbursed, learing a balance to his credit January 1, 1885, of \(\$ 38,660.92\). The balance to his credit January 1, 1884, on account of "offers in compromise" (special deposit account No. 5), was \(\$ 45,927.94\). During the year \(\$ 73,615.18\) were deposited, and \(\$ 91,790.11\) disbursed, learing a balance to his credit January 1, 1885, of \(\$ 27,753.01\).

Accounts were adjusted for the followiug sums refunded : Taxes erroneously assessed and collected, \(\$ 70,096.56\); drawback on merchandise exported, \(\$ 25,908.35\), and "surplus proceeds" of lands sold for taxes in the datainsurrectionary States, \$18,644.60.

Moneys refunded on lands sold for taxes in the late insurrectionary States amount to \(\$ 569.02\), and moneys erroneously collected under the direct-tax laws, \(\$ 4,595.24\).

Accounts have been adjusted with the States of California, Nevada, Oregon, and South Carolina on account of direct tax imposed by the act of August 5, 1861.

The dishursements by George Waterhouse, chairman of the South Carolina free-school-fund commissioners, amounted to \(\$ 2,120\).

Disbursing clerks' accounts. - Accounts rendered by F. J. Kieckhœefer, disbursing clerk of the Department of State, have been adjusted as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Lithographing, 1885 & \$1,080 52 \\
\hline Proof-reading, 1885 & 1,257 42 \\
\hline Editing, publishing, and distributing & 3,332 06 \\
\hline Books and maps, 1884, \$1,093.13; 1885, \$1,339.01 & 2,432 14 \\
\hline Stationery, furniture, \&c., 1884, \$1,546.15; 1885, \$2,9 & 4,472 07 \\
\hline Conveying votes of electors for President and Vice-Presiden & 1,34670 \\
\hline Monument to mark the birthplace of George Washington & 75 \\
\hline Transmission of certaiu books and mementoes to National L ment Association of Springfield, Ill & 1, 49020 \\
\hline Seal of the United States...... & 1,000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Accounts rendered by George W. Evans, disbursing clerk of the Department of the Interior, have been adjusted as follows:
Preservation of collections, National Museum, 1884, \$3,314.60; 1885, \(\$ 102,083.44 ; 1885\) and 1886 , \(\$ 3,305.40\)
\$108,703 44
Preservation of collections, National Museum (Armory building), 1884, \(\$ 10.25\); 1885, \(\$ 2,491.75\)

2,502 00
Furniture and fixtures, National Museum, 1834, \$6,857.85; 1885, \$38,213.60 \(\quad 45,07145\)

Plates for Patent Office Official Gazette, 1885.................................. 39,61440
Contingent expenses, Office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883............ 50
Foreigu exchanges, Office Commissioner of Patenis, 1885................... 72600
Public use of inventions and defending suits, Office of Commissioner of
Patents, 1885 ......................................................................... 6520
Illustrations, Patent Office Report for 1870.................................... 2,42200
Photolithographing, Office of Commissioner of Patents, \(1884 ; \$ 8,668.34\); \(1885, \$ 66,794.25\)

75,462 59
Expenses of the Tenth Census ........... .............................................. 33, 172 16
Accounts rendered by Richard Devens, as disbursing clerk of the PotsOffice Department, have been adjusted as follows:
Publication of Official Postal Guide, 1885 ................................... 233,15218
Publication of Post-Route Maps, 1884, \(\$ 110.50 ; 1885, \$ 13,566.37 \ldots \ldots . .\). ........ 13, 67687

Keeping horses and repair of wagons and harness, 1885 ............................ 80212

Rent, 1885 :............................................................................. 5,000 00
Furviture, 1885 .......................................................................... 5, 698 87
Stationery, 1885...................................................................................687 92

Fuel, 1885..............................................................................................655 96

Hardware, 1885 ........................................................................ 1,079 01
Painting, 1885 ......................................................................... 4, 62022
Plumbing and gas-fixtures, 1884, \(\$ 206.48\); 1885, \(\$ 3,961.46 \ldots . . . . . . . . .\). ....... 4, 16794
Sale of post-route maps, 1885 ..................................................... 88640
Accounts rendered by Perry C. Smith, disbursing clerk of the PostOffice Department, have been adjusted as follows:

Keeping horses, and repair of wagous and harness, 1885 ..... \(\$ 221.89\) ..... 4,500 00
Rent, 1885
Rent, 1885
Forniture, 1885 ..... 64115
Stationery, 1884, \$185.97; 1885, \$904.41 ..... 1,090 38
Carpets, 1885 ..... 1,270 13Fuel, 188581271
Gas, 1885 ..... 1, 48050
Hardware, 1885 ..... 9905
Painting, 1805 ..... 4200
Plumbing and gas-fixtures, 1885 ..... 73103
Sale of post-ronte maps, 1885 ..... 33275
Other accounts rendered by disbursing clerks, agents, and others,have been adjusted as follows:
International exchanges, Snithsonian Institution, 1885 , rendered by Thomas J. Hobbs ..... \(\$ 10,00000\)
Proof-reading, Department of State, 1872, reudered by T. W. Dimon ..... 452
Expenses of the Tenth Census readered by disbursing agents, Ceusus Office. ..... 26316Expenses of the Tenth Census. transportation of special agents of theTenth Census over Pacific railroads under orders from the Departmentof the Interior4,49208
It is proper to add that the period covered by this report was during the administration of my predecessor, the honorable D. S. Alexander, who left the affairs of this office in good condition, the work not in arrear, and the clerical force well adapted to the exigencies of the business. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, ANTH. EICKHOFI, Auditor.

\author{
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.
}

\section*{APPENDIX.}

\section*{A.-STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATIC SERVICE of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.}
[ \(a\), Comprises all accounts received. \(b\), Accounts for one quarter: suspended.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Country. & Officers. & Salaries adjusted. & Contingent expenses and loss by ex: chango. & Total. & Passport fees. \\
\hline Argentine Republic. & \begin{tabular}{l}
T. O. Osborn, late minister and consulgeneral. \\
B. W. Hanna, minister and consal-gen. eral.
\end{tabular} & \[
\$ 7,50000
\]
\[
8242
\] & \$426 61 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\$ 8,00903
\]} & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Anstria - Hun- } \\
& \text { gary. }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
A. Taft, late minister \\
J. M. Francis, minister \\
A. M. Keiley, late minister. \\
W. T. Strong, chargé d'affaires ad...... terim. \\
W. T. Strong, secretary of legation ....
\end{tabular}} & 1,500 00 & 12490 & & ..... \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,43478 \\
1,91209 \\
44022
\end{array}
\] & 95821 & & 24500 \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\text { 1. } 66702
\]} & & \\
\hline Belgium ...... & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
N.' Fish, minister . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \\
R.Gibbs,late minister and consul-general \\
W. A. Seay, ministor and consul-general.
\end{tabular}} & 7, 50000 & 47107 & 17,038 13 & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2000} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Bolivia} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
4,76902 \\
41209
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{47303} & 7,971 07 & \\
\hline & & & & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{5,654 14} & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Brazil} & 'T. A. Oslorn, late m & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
12,00000 \\
1,68130 \\
1,24173 \\
1,41848
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{97788} & & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{5000} \\
\hline & T. J. Jarvis, minister. & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \\
\hline & C. B. Trail, chargé d'affaires ad interim. & & & & \\
\hline & C. B. Trail, secretary of legation & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{17,349 39} & \\
\hline Central Ameri. & H.C. Hall, minister & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7,50000 \\
1358
\end{array}
\] & 2,333 15 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Chile} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
C. A. Logan, late minister W. R. Röberts, minister C. Carpenter, late secretary of legation \\
C. M. Seibert, secretary of legation .....
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
8, 88587 \\
1,328 80 \\
29259
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{79227} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{9,846 73} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{............} \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{China} & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
J. R. Young, late minister (a) \(\qquad\) \\
C. Denby, minister. \\
E. J. Smihers, charge d'affaires ad interim. \\
C. Holcombe, late secretary of legation. W. W. Rockhill, secretary of legation. F. D. Cheshire, interpreter
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
9,00000 \\
\quad 98900
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,988 32} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21500} \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} & & 1,59890 & 57248 & & \\
\hline & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,29114
1,800
2} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{5639 5434 4870} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & 2,804 03 & & & \\
\hline Colombi \% ... & W. L. Scrugns, minister . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 7,500 00 & 1,046 40 & 8, 54640 & 1500 \\
\hline Corea & \begin{tabular}{l}
L. H. Foote, minister and consul.gen. eral (b). \\
G. C. Foulk, charge d'affaires ad inte. rim (b).
\end{tabular} & 3,750 00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,28653 \\
991
\end{array}
\] & \[
5,04644
\] & ..... \\
\hline Denmark...... & \begin{tabular}{l}
W. Hoffman, late minister and consulgeneral. \\
R. B. Anderson, minister and consulgeneral.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,60165 \\
85165
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 73843 \\
& 11667
\end{aligned}
\] & 5,04...... & 1500 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{France........} & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
L. P. Morton, late minister \\
R. M. McLane, minister. \\
H. Vignaud, chargéd'affaires ad interim. \\
E. J. Bralatour, late sec̣retary of legation. \\
H. Vignaud, secretary of legation \\
A. Jay, secretary of legation
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
13,813 \\
4,632 \\
1,521 \\
1,54 \\
1,262 \\
57
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
2,41134 \\
810 \\
965 \\
965 \\
200 \\
22 .
\end{array}
\]} & 6,308 40 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{23449
5211
11464} \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,73288 \\
21429
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
382 \\
119
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{27, 36140} & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Germany .....} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
J. A. Kasson, late minister \\
G. H. Pendleton, minister. \(\qquad\) \\
A. A. Sargent, late minister \(\qquad\) \\
H. S. Everett, charge d'affaires ad in. terim.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
16,44908 \\
4,61805 \\
76087 \\
1,61686
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,76517 \\
67578 \\
\cdots \cdots 30
\end{array}
\]} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 94000 \\
& 36500
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & & & & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
A.-STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATIC SERDICE, so.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Country. & Officers. & Salaries adjusted. & Contingent expenses and loss by.exchange. & Total. & Passport fees. \\
\hline Germany & C. Coleman, cbarge d'affiaires ad interim & \$252 40 & & & \\
\hline & H. S. Everett, secrotary of legation..... & 17120 & \$1 51 & & \\
\hline & F. V.S. Crosby, secretary of legation & 1,54891 & 684 & & \\
\hline & C. Coleman, secretary of legation.... & 2,468 75 & 1458 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Great Britain..} & J. R. Lowell, late minister & 16,20191 & 2,730 57 & & \$327 03 \\
\hline & E. S. Phelps, minister & 4, 32693 & 67192 & & 6643 \\
\hline & W.J. Hoppin, secretary of legation & 2, 62500 & & & \\
\hline & H. White, secretary of legation & 2,000 00 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Hawaiian Islands.} & R. M. Daggett, late minis & 7,376 38 & 29675 & & \\
\hline & G. W. Merrill, minister & 1,813 18 & 5362 & & \\
\hline Hayti. & J. M. Langston, late minister and consul general. & 5, 00000 & 65748 & & \\
\hline - . & J. E. W. Thomas, minister and consulgeneral. & 34341 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Italy} & W. W. Astor & 8,461 16 & 40168 & & 3500 \\
\hline & A. M. Keiley, late minister & 89011 & & & \\
\hline & J. B. Stallo, minister. & 29070 & & & \\
\hline & L. Richmond, charge d'affaires adjinterim. & 97826 & 5794 & & \\
\hline & E. Pierrepont, charge d'affaires ad in- & 78041 & 2425 & & 500 \\
\hline & E. Pierrepont, late secretary of legatio & 74500 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Japan} & J. A. Bingham, late minis & 12,000 00 & 88887 & & 1500 \\
\hline & R. B. Hubbard, minister & 2,307 69 & 1347 & & \\
\hline & W. M. Whitney, interpreter & 2,500 00 & 4150 & & \\
\hline & G. Goward, secretary of legation & 2,62500 & 4295 & & \\
\hline & E. Dun, secretary of legation .... & 1,335 33 & 968 & & \\
\hline Liberia. & J. H. Smythe, minister and consul-general. & 4,36821 & 42835 & & \\
\hline & M. A. A enmey, vice-consul-general & 63179 & 432 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Mexico ........} & P. H. Morgan, late minister & 11,835 17 & 2,714 98 & & 10000 \\
\hline & H. R. Jacksou, minister .......... & 1,879 12 & & & \\
\hline & H. H. Morgan, secretary of legatiou.... & 1, 77533 & & & \\
\hline & H. H. Morgan, charge daffaires ad interim & 1,027 17 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Netherlands ...} & W. L. Dayton, late mini & 7,046 71 & 38073 & & \\
\hline & Isaac Bell, jr., minister & 1, 56593 & 4407 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Paraguay and Uruguay.} & W. Willians, late charge d'aflaires & 5,000 00 & 33421 & & \\
\hline & J. E. Bacon, charge d'aftaires & , 72802 & & & \\
\hline Persia & S. G. W. Benjamin, minister and consul.general & a3, 75000 & 1,183 30 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Peru............} & S. L. Phelps, late minist & 9,835 17 & 1,422 06 & & 1000 \\
\hline & C. W. Buck, minister...... & 2, 14286 & & & \\
\hline & R. R. Neill, secretary of legation & 12248 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{P ortuga} & J. M. Francis, late minister aud consul. general. & & & & \\
\hline & L. Richnond, late minister aud consul- & 3,664 15 & 74909 & & 500 \\
\hline & E. P. C. Lewis, minister and consul- & 1, 07143 & & & \\
\hline & J. B. Wilhor, vice-consul-general & 1,500 84 & 53660 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
oumania, \\
Servia, and \\
Greeco. \\
Russia
\end{tabular}} & E. Schuyler, late minister and consul. & 68880 & 2868 & & \\
\hline & general. & & & 71754 & \\
\hline & A. Taft, late minister & 15,312 50 & 1,664 70 & & 14500 \\
\hline & G. V. N. Lothrop, minister............... & 1,442 3ı & & & \\
\hline & G. W. Wurts, charge d'affaires ad in- & 3,075 08 & 50915 & & \\
\hline & G. W. Wurts, secretary of legation & 1,702.55 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Siam} & J. A. Halderman & 4,807 69 & 9413 & ,706 29 & \\
\hline & N. A. McDonald, vice-consul-generai... & & 4772 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5,79676
A.-STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATICSERVICE, gc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Country. & Officers. & Salaries adjusted. & Contingeut oxpensers and loss by exchange. & Total. & Passport fees. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Spain ......} & J. W. Foster, minister & \$i2, 00000 & \$2,493 88 & & \$1000 \\
\hline & D. T. Reed, charge d' affaires ad interim & 2, 84502 & 3,500 15 & & 1000 \\
\hline & D. T. Reed, late secretary of legation .. & 95790 & & & \\
\hline & E. H. Strobel, secretary of legation .... & \(\begin{array}{r}5440 \\ \hline 1,20000\end{array}\) & & & \\
\hline & J. W. Foster, minister, for clerk to lega- & 1,200 00 & ....... & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Sweden and Norway.} & W. W. Thomas; jr., late minister & 7,500 00 & 56807 & 5 & 2500 \\
\hline & Rufus Magee, minister. & 1, 421. 67 & 1847 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Switzerland \(\therefore\) :} & M. J. Cramer, late minister and consulgeneral. & 5, 00000 & 1, 05396 & & 21000 \\
\hline & B. Winchester, minister and conanl. general. & 37088 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Turkey ........} & L. Wallace, minister, & 5, 86957 & 76322 & & 8000 \\
\hline & G. H. Heap, charge d'aftaires ad interim & 1, 824404 & 1, 43856 & & 7000 \\
\hline & W. C. Emmat, charge d'affaires ad inte. rim. & 48418 & 19382 & & \\
\hline & A. A. Garguilo, interpreter.......... & 2,500 00 & & & \\
\hline & W. C. Emmet, secretary of legation & 50253 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Venezuela......} & Jeha Baker, late minister and consul- & 7,293 96 & 29163 & 2 & \\
\hline & C. L. Scott, minister and consul-general. & 1,112 64 & 3000 & & \\
\hline OTHER PLACHS. & & & & & \\
\hline Colon & F. W. Ricc, late consul & & 10000 & 10000 & \\
\hline Ecuador. & H. N. Boach, consul-general & & 4010 & 4010 & \\
\hline Guayaquil & M. Reinberg, vice-consul-general & & 41909 & 41909 & \\
\hline Havre .......... & J. B. Glover, late consul & & 9200 & 9200 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Liverpool.......} & S. B. Packard, late consul
C. T. Russell, consul...... & & \(\begin{array}{r}690 \\ 39 \\ \hline 9\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline & C. T . Russell, consul.. & & 3970 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { London......... } \\
& \text { Ningpo....... } \\
& \text { State Depart. } \\
& \text { meut........ }
\end{aligned}
\]} & B. F. Stevens, dispatch agent & & 4, 53731 & 4,537 31 & \\
\hline & E. Stevens, consul & & 116 64 & 11664 & \\
\hline & F. J. Kieckhoefer, disbursing clerk & & 1.5, 94390 & 15,943 90 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Zanzibar.......} & F. M. Cheney, consul & & 19000 & 19000 & \\
\hline & & 360.93344 & 73,313 22 & 440,246 66 & 3,834 70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Paid for salaries of miusters and charges d'affaire & \$309, 40696 \\
\hline Paid for salaries of charges d'affaires ad interion & 17.71601 \\
\hline Paid for salaries, secretaries of legations, interpre & 39.750 47 \\
\hline Paid for contingent expenses foreigu missions. & 71,322 56 \\
\hline Paid for loss on bills of exchange. & 1,990 66 \\
\hline & 440,246 66 \\
\hline Passport feos received and aecounted for & 3,834 70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
B.-STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXRENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

SCHEDULE B.
[ \(a\), For one quarter, \(b\), For two quarters. c, For tbree quarters. \(a\), No returns.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline consulateb-genlral. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Bangkok \({ }^{1}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Berlin.. & \$4, 00000 & \$560 43 & & \$1,358 40 & \$1, 20000 & & 14, 81725 \\
\hline Berne \({ }^{2}\) & & & & & 12500 & & \({ }^{839} 25\) \\
\hline Bogota \({ }^{3}\)... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Bucharest
Cairo
Cat. & 2, 30706 & 4890 & & c053 05 & & \$2 25 & \\
\hline Calcutta. & 5,000 00 & 884 31 & & 1,53931, & 80000 & & 5,139 50 \\
\hline : Akyab & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Bassein & & & & & & & 1500 \\
\hline Chittarong & & & & & & & 1775 \\
\hline - Madras ... & & & & & & & 70150 \\
\hline Monlmein & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Rangoon \({ }_{\text {Constantiuople }}\) & L, 03717 & & & 78898 & 12000 & 13982 & 7847
725 \\
\hline Adrianople. & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Dardanelles & & & & & & & (c) \\
\hline Pbilippopolis & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Rustchuck & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Salonica \({ }_{\text {Trebnoonde }}\) & & & & & & & c106 50 \\
\hline Trebsiondo....... & & & & & & & 1600 \\
\hline Frawk fort-on-the-Main Lungen Schwalback & 3, 00000 & 43681 & & 87801 & 1,200 00 & & 5,92781
250 \\
\hline Guatemala \({ }^{\text {a }}\).............. & 1,21739 & 25000 & & c109 96 & & & 20250 \\
\hline Guayaquil. Babia & 3,000 00 & 24457 & & 52897 & \(b 12000\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,47000 \\ +195 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline Manta. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Halifax & 3, 00000 & 30479 & & 59303 & 64000 & 748 & 3, 27300 \\
\hline Barrington. & & & & ........ & & & 1000 \\
\hline Bridgewater & & & .... & ..... & & & 6000
6500 \\
\hline Lunenburg... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Shelburne. & & & & & & & 2100 \\
\hline Havada. & 6,00000 & 61957 & & c2, 25076 & c1, 20000 & & 16,349 24 \\
\hline Gibara & & & & & & & (d) 27 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 4,00000 & 64835 & & 1,860 78 & 35154 & & 8,637 28 \\
\hline Lisloon \({ }^{8}\)... & & & & & & & 87194 \\
\hline Oporto
London ... & & & 23 & & & & 50 46780 \\
\hline London .... & 6,000 00 & 57692 & & 2,958 59 & 1,406 59 & & 50,87800
1000 \\
\hline Matamoros & 2,000 00 & & & 1,064 11 & 64000 & & 53200 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Camargo \\
Mier
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & 23609
47350 \\
\hline Santa Cruz Poin & & & & & & & 64250 \\
\hline Melbourne & 4,500 00 & 91484 & & 95523 & 80000 & 3193 & 48660 \\
\hline Albany Port Adelaide & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Mexico......... & 2,500 00 & 20604 & & 47767 & 480.00 & & 10750
2500 \\
\hline Monrovia \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & & & & & 9543 \\
\hline Cape Coast Castl & & & & & & & (a) 1235 \\
\hline Cape Palmas.. & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Grand Bassa & 4,000 00 & 32967 & & 1,40489 & 96000 & & \begin{tabular}{c}
\((d)\) \\
4,730 \\
\hline 0
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Coteaa Landing & & & & & & & 56725 \\
\hline Hemmingtord.. & & & & & & & 52050 \\
\hline Finchinbrook & & & & & & & 22725 \\
\hline Horbelaga and Lon gueuil & 98150 & & & & & & 1, 98150 \\
\hline Huntingdon. & & & & & & & , 86400 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) For salary, see Table A, Siam.
\({ }^{2}\) For salary, see Table A, Switzerland.
\({ }^{3}\) Returas incomplete
\({ }^{4}\) Legation and consulate-general' prior to July 6 , 1884, Routoania.
\({ }^{5}\) Left an unsalaried office from July 0,1884 . (See Table D.)
\({ }^{6}\) Consul.general acted as chargé d'affaires from Juls 1, 1884, to December 26. 1884.
\({ }^{7}\) A coounts for \(J\) une quarter, 1885, not received.
\({ }^{8}\) For salary see Table A, Portugal.
\({ }^{5}\) For salary see Table A, Liberia.
B.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, \&o.-Continued.

SCHEDULE B-Continned.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  &  &  &  & 0
0
0
0
0
6
0
0
0
0 &  \\
\hline Consuratrsgenelalimin, Continued. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Panamu & \$4,000 00 & & & \$1,662 03 & \$480 00 & & \$823 07 \\
\hline Agua Dulce & 6,000 00 & & & 4,905 42 & 1,600 00 & 13219 & (d) \({ }^{176} 75\) \\
\hline Port au Princel & 6, & & & 4, 00.42 & 1, 80000 & 132 & 79063 \\
\hline Rio de Janeiro & 6, 00000 & \$791 21 & & 2, 12562 & 1,600 00 & 7036 & 7,095 82 \\
\hline Rome \({ }^{2}\)... & 1,493 37 & 10911 & & 1, 08153 & & 7159 & 38000 \\
\hline Ancona & & & & & & & 2500 \\
\hline Cirita Vecchia & & & & & & & 17.50 \\
\hline Shainghai...... & 5, 00000 & 16305 & & 2, 24260 & 1,600 00 & & 6, 55541 \\
\hline St. Petersburg \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 2,892 86 & 7418 & & 85051 & 20000 & 2847 & 56050 \\
\hline Cronstadt & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Revel & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Riga & & & & & & & 19600 \\
\hline \(\mathrm{Teleran}^{\text {V }}\) & & & & & & & c53, 75 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Vienva }}{\substack{\text { Bramin. }}}\) & 3, 00000 & 49450 & & 88330 & 1,000 00 & & 7, \(8988{ }^{\prime} 01\) \\
\hline Bramin. & 8550 & & & & & & 1, 08550 \\
\hline congutateb. & & & 1 & & & & \\
\hline Acapulco. & 2,000 00 & & & 59239 & & & 49400 \\
\hline Tehuantepec & & & & & & & 4150 \\
\hline Aix-la Chapelle & 1,500 300 & & & 28378 & & & 1, 24000 \\
\hline Burtscheid
Amherstburg. & 3000
1,50000 & & & 9510 & & & 1, 133000 \\
\hline Amoy ....... & 3,500 00 & 28846 & & 68734 & & 2288 & 1, 29565 \\
\hline Amsterdam & 1,500 00 & & & 67954 & & & 3, 38330 \\
\hline Autigua. & 1,500 00 & & & 29743 & & & 54860 \\
\hline Anguilla & & & \$25 26 & & & & (b) 1500 \\
\hline Montserrat & & & \(\$ 25\)
3
30 & & & & 29000 \\
\hline Nevis. & & & 935 & & & & 26616 \\
\hline Portswouth & & & 4596 & & & & 500 \\
\hline Antwerp & 2, 50000 & & & 71885 & 80000 & & 3,336 50 \\
\hline Apia \({ }^{\text {a }}\)... & 1,396 98 & 26374 & & 39292 & & 7439 & 8448 \\
\hline Taluit. & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Pagopag. & & & & & & & (d) \({ }_{23}\) \\
\hline Auckland & 1, 50000 & 407, 03 & & 50731 & & 7051 & \\
\hline Christ Chareh & & & 4605 & & & & 13588 \\
\hline Dunedin & & & & & & & 18704 \\
\hline Rassell & & & & & & & 4293 \\
\hline Wellington & & & & & & & 6200 \\
\hline Bahia & 1,500 00 & & & 26120 & & & 91475 \\
\hline Barbadues...
St. Lacia & 1,50000 & --. & & 40786 & & 382 & 1, 666052 \\
\hline St. Lacia. & & & 4442 & & & & 49250 \\
\hline Barcelona..... & 1, 50000 & & & 46715 & & & 25400 \\
\hline Grao & & & 1123 & & & & 4350 \\
\hline Palma & & & & & & & 1000 \\
\hline Port Mahon & & & & & & & 1550 \\
\hline Tarragona & & & 1187 & & & & 52650 \\
\hline Torrevieja & & & & & & & 1700 \\
\hline Barmen.. & 2, 00000 & & & 94125 & 64000 & 426 & 7,387-50 \\
\hline Basle
Chaux do Fonds & 2,000
242
20 & & & 95150 & 18500 & & 2,672 50 \\
\hline Beirnt ......... & 2,000 00 & & & 639.09 & & 9838 & 1, 724250 \\
\hline Aintab & & & & & & & 200 \\
\hline Aleppo \({ }_{\text {alexandretta }}\) & & & & & & & 3500
2500 \\
\hline Alexandretta & & & & & & & 2500
54
50 \\
\hline Haifa. & & & & & & & 3875 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{2}\) For salaty see Table A, Hayti.
* Accounts from \(J\) uly. 1, 1884, to September 11, 1884, and trom June 11, 1885, to June 30, 1885, not reseived.
\({ }^{3}\) Salary account from June 18, 1885, to June 30, 1885, not received.
4 For aalary see Table A, Persia.
\$No returns from Jane 6, 1885, to Jnne 30, 1885, receired.
}
B.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SaLARIES, fo.-Continued.

SCHEDOLE B-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their ageneies. &  &  &  & Contingentexpennses. &  &  &  \\
\hline Consulates-Continued. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Beirut- Coutinued. Latakia & & & & & & & \\
\hline Morash \({ }^{\text {- }}\)........ & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sidon.. & & & & & & & \$700 \\
\hline Tarsus \({ }^{1}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Tripoli & & & & & & & \\
\hline Belfast...... Ballymen & \$3,000 00 & \$107 04 & & \$2, 51563 & \$640 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}9,07750 \\ \hline 18450\end{array}\) \\
\hline Lurgan.. & 69750 & & & & & & 1,69750 \\
\hline Bersuuda... & 1,500 00 & & & 21787 & & & 1, 828827 \\
\hline Birmipgham ...... & 2,500 00 & 30906 & & 68401 & 96000 & & 6,612 50 \\
\hline Kidderminster Realditch & 28250 & & & & & & 1,282 580 \\
\hline Wolverbampton & & & & & & & 880775 \\
\hline Bordeaux & 2,500 00 & & & 67571 & 80000 & \$13 92 & 8,761 00 \\
\hline Pauillac
Pau & & & & & & & 19850
10400 \\
\hline Bradiord & 3,000 90 & & & 1,322 76 & 96000 & & 16, 48250 \\
\hline Bremen. & 2,500 00 & 30907 & & 1,308 09 & 1, 20000 & & 4, 63600 \\
\hline Brake and Nordenbam Bremerbaven & 1, 00000 & & \$15 08 & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}33 \\ \text { 2, } \\ \text { 230 } \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) \\
\hline Bristol........... & 1,500 00 & & \$15 0 & -432929 & & 1296 & 2, 91000 \\
\hline Brussels. & 2,500 00 & 39834 & & 73416 & & 973 & 2,50750 \\
\hline Charleroi.............. & 98906 &  & & & & & 2, 31250 \\
\hline  & 4076
1,50000 & & & 34821
504
56 & & 1202
36 & 8559
71000 \\
\hline Cadiz Huelva............... & 1,500 00 & & 1130 & 50456 & & 3602 & 71000
4000 \\
\hline Jeres de la Frontera. & 46500 & & & & & & 1,46500 \\
\hline Caliao Seville ................... & 3,500 00 & & & 34080 & & 8932 & 46386
27618 \\
\hline Cerro de Pasco & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Lima & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Canton \({ }_{\text {Smat }}\) & 3,500 00 & & & 1,308 39 & & & 1, 66300 \\
\hline Cape Town & 1,50000 & & & 60742 & & 8079 & 17250 \\
\hline East London & & & & & & & 3750 \\
\hline Mossel Bay \({ }^{1}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Port Elizaheth & & & & & & & 66713 \\
\hline Port Natal. & & & & & & & 9474 \\
\hline Simonstown \({ }^{1}\) Cardiff. & 2, 00000 & & & 89217 & 40000 & 5880 & 35160 \\
\hline Lanelly & & & & & & & 8060 \\
\hline Milford Haven Newport & & & & & & & 46300 \\
\hline Swansea & 85392 & & 10817 & & & & 1,745 75 \\
\hline Cerlon & 1,50000 & & & 58770 & & 3030 & 43869 \\
\hline Foint de Galle Chemnitz \({ }^{3}\) & 1,000 00 & 16484 & 1119 & a 13509 & a 30000 & & \(a 2250\)
16.29750 \\
\hline Glauchau & 1, & & & & & & 2,44250 \\
\hline Chin Kiang \({ }^{4}\) & 3, 35526 & & & 82733 & & 4134 & 6134 \\
\hline Cienfuegos \({ }_{\text {Trinidad }}\) de Cuba & 2,500 00 & & & 34813 & 15000 & & 1, 01885 \\
\hline Trinidad de Cuba
Zaza............. & & & 14884
49
57 & & & & 7872
10386 \\
\hline Clifton & 1,500 00 & & 4957 & 17224 & & 800 & 10386
604
00 \\
\hline St. Catharive's & & & & & & & 22550 \\
\hline Coaticook \({ }^{2}\) & 2717 & 1087 & & & & 280 & 2350 \\
\hline Cologne.. & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,000 \\
3,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}18083 \\ 415 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 54438
1.70850 & & & 3,16000
2,77345 \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Colon } \\
\text { Boco del Toro }
\end{gathered}
\] & 3, 00000 & 41576 & & 1,708 50 & 80000 & & \(\underset{(d)}{2,773} 45\) \\
\hline San Andres. & & & & & & & 32, 50 \\
\hline Copenhagen & 1,500 00 & & & c759 81 & 20000 & 6866 & 69950 \\
\hline Elsinore. & & & & & & & 100 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) Left an unsalaried office from Jaly 6, 1884. (See Table D.)
\({ }^{3}\) Salary accounts for the March and June quarters, 1885, not received. Aoconnts of agency unadjusted.
No salary claimed from March 25, 1885, to April 9, 1885.
R.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, \&.C.Continued.

SCHEDULE B-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  &  & \(\dot{W}\)
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0 &  &  &  \\
\hline Congclates-Continued. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Cork & \$2,000 00 & & & \$530 18 & & \$61 22 & \$302 66 \\
\hline Waterford & & & \$4 79 & & & & 1929 \\
\hline Crefeld & 2,000 00 & & & 91268 & \$1, 20000 & 2727 & 6,667 50 \\
\hline Essen. & & & & & & & 29500 \\
\hline Demerara & 3, 00000 & & & 84017 & 48000 & 4671 & 1, 06979 \\
\hline Dresden. & 2,500 00 & & & 71473 & 80000 & & 3, 15250 \\
\hline Dublin . & 2, 00000 & & & 957.63 & & & 1,37300 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Limerick \\
Sligo
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { c82 } \\ a 45 \\ \hline 40\end{array}\) \\
\hline Dundee. & 2,50000 & & & 71715 & 64000 & \(\cdots 30\) & 6, 85300 \\
\hline Aberdeen & & & & & & & 92300 \\
\hline Fayal & 1,500 00 & & & 1117 & & & 16350 \\
\hline Frares... & & & 3689 & & & & \\
\hline Graciosa
Saint George & & & & & & & 1500 \\
\hline Saint George & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
a 666 \\
14378
\end{array}
\] & & & & 1500
7614 \\
\hline Saint Michae & & & & & & & \\
\hline Florence & 1,50000 & & & 48838 & 48000 & 2664 & 1,675 \({ }^{\circ} 00\) \\
\hline Cagliari & & & & & & & \\
\hline Foo Chow & 3,500 00 & & & 1,128 81 & & & 43450 \\
\hline Fort Erie & 1, 50000 & & & 25077 & & & 92600 \\
\hline Funchal Geneva & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,50000 \\
& 1,500
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 38727
51864 & & 8489 & 15335
740
50 \\
\hline Vevey & & & & & & & 63750 \\
\hline Genoa. & 1,500 00 & & & 45815 & 48000 & 1248 & 1,51850 \\
\hline San Remo & & & & & & & (a) 1600 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Sibraltar }}{\text { Sperial }}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Gibraltar & 1,500
3,000
00 & & & (c) 21332 & 80000 & & 444
71250
51 \\
\hline Graenoc & & & & & & & , 9750 \\
\hline Guadeloupe & 1,500 00 & & & 25523 & & & 40091 \\
\hline Hamburg. & 2,500 00 & ¢116 76 & & 1,126 45 & 1,200 00 & & 9,15750 \\
\hline Altona
Cuxhave & 82100 & ......... & &  & & & 1,821
2200
50 \\
\hline Lubec & ! & & & & & & 4450 \\
\hline Kiel. & & & & & & & 29225 \\
\hline Hamilton & 2,000 00 & 16481 & & 12215 & & 75 & 1,644 00 \\
\hline Paris Hankow. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
63200 \\
3.50000
\end{array}
\] &  & & 99427 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,63200 \\ 174 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) \\
\hline Ichang & 3, 3150 & & 3150 & 994 & & & \\
\hline Kiukiang \({ }^{1}\) & 27450 & & 27450 & & & & \\
\hline Havre & 3, 00000 & 18956 & & 79111 & 1,200 00 & & 3, 06050 \\
\hline Chest...... & & & & & & & 1150 \\
\hline Cberbourg & & & & & & & 900 \\
\hline St. Malo & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
St. Malo \\
Hong-Kong
\end{tabular} & 5,000 00 & & & & 1,200 00 & & \\
\hline Honolnlu... & 4,000 00 & 62637 & & 1,991 97 & 1, 200 & & 4,695 25 \\
\hline Hilo. & & & & & & & 10372 \\
\hline Kahulai. & & & & & & & 602.42 \\
\hline Mahukona & & & & & & & 1850 \\
\hline Jernsalem & 1,500 00 & & & 38687 & & 12716 & 7000 \\
\hline Kingston (Canada) & 1,500 00 & & & 454 & 40000 & & 1,002 700 \\
\hline Deseronto \({ }^{2}\). & & & & & & & 38600 \\
\hline Gananoque & & & & & & & 19650 \\
\hline Napanee & & & & & & & 42800 \\
\hline Kingston (Jamaica) & 2,00000 & & & 72970 & & 3185 & 1,782 37 \\
\hline Falmouth. & & & 674 & & & & 6350 \\
\hline Milk River.. & & & & & & & 12500 \\
\hline Montega Bay & & & 4944 & & & & 36050 \\
\hline Port Antonio & & & & & & & 50500 \\
\hline Port Moraut
Savannah la Mar & & & 7213 & & & & 9250 \\
\hline Savannah la Mar & & & & & & & \({ }_{399} 118\) \\
\hline St. Ann's Bay
Lagnayra....... & 1,500 00 & & 1013 & 33758 & & & 39936
76400 \\
\hline Barcelona \({ }^{1}\) & 1,500 0 & & & 38 & & & 764 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) No fees. \(\quad 2\) Made an agency of Belleville, Nov. 29, 1884.
}
B.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR F'EES, SALARIRS, \&c.-Continued.

SCHEDULE B-Continued.

R.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR fEES, SALARIES, \&o.-Continued.

SCIIEDULE B-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  &  &  & dllowance for clerks. &  &  \\
\hline Consulates-Contimued. & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Palermo-Continued. \\
Carini
\end{tabular} & \$375 00 & & & & & <. & \$1,375 00 \\
\hline Girgenti ........ & & & & & & & 42500 \\
\hline Marsala & & & & & & & 5100 \\
\hline P Trapani & & & & & & & 13750 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pari } \\
& \text { Maranhao }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1,500 00 & & & \$438 49 & & & 1, 26643 \\
\hline  & & & \$11132 & & & & 40543
1500 \\
\hline Paso del Norte & 1,500000 & \$61 81 & & 31315 & & & 1500
2,07725 \\
\hline Nogales... & 111150 & \$1 & & & & & 1,111 50 \\
\hline Pernaubuico & 2,000 00 & & & 27098 & & \$2796 & 1, 01075 \\
\hline Ceara & & & & & & & 34200 \\
\hline Maccio & & & & & & & 7300 \\
\hline Natal . & & & - 2858 & & & & \\
\hline Paraibal
Pictou & & & & & & & \\
\hline Pictou ........ & 1,500 00 & & & 43674 & & & 8000
7500 \\
\hline Cow Bay. & & & 5344 & & & & 9850 \\
\hline Glace bay. & & & 4278 & & & & \\
\hline Guysborough \({ }^{1}\). & & & & & & & \\
\hline Lingan and Port Syd-
ney.....................\(~\) & & & & & & & 9650 \\
\hline Louisburg .-........... & & & & & & & 250 \\
\hline North Sydney. & & & 2418 & & & & 7780 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Port Hastings \\
Port Louis......
\end{tabular} & 2,000 00 & & 7069 & 39750 & & & 232
64
60
50 \\
\hline Port Sarnia & 1,500 00 & & & 26459 & & & 1,25100 \\
\hline London & 78300 & & & & & & 1, 78300 \\
\hline Port Stanley (F.I.) & & & & & & 7690 & \\
\hline  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,75275 \\
87638
\end{array}
\] & 16484 & & 53594 & 44800 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \dddot{8,296} 200 \\
& 2,44150
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Prescott …. & 1,500 00 & & & 36614 & & 688 & 99700 \\
\hline Brockville & 1, 00000 & & & & & & 2,51900 \\
\hline Prince Edward Island & 1,500 00 & & & 31635 & & 945 & \\
\hline Alberton... Georgetown & & & & & & & - b 1000 \\
\hline Souris...... & & & & & & & c 16550 \\
\hline Stanley's Bridge & & & & & & & b1250 \\
\hline Summerside....
Puerto Cabello & & & & 441. 41 & & & 29750
1.41650 \\
\hline Queboc...... & 1, 50000 & 3297 & & 55492 & & 1671 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,41650 \\ 380 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline Point Levi & 1,379 50 & & & & & 167 & 1,379 50 \\
\hline Rotterdam. & 2,000 00 & 27472 & & 61096 & & & 3,607 50 \\
\hline Flushing & & & & & & & , 1050 \\
\hline Schiedam & 57530 & & & & & & 1,747 50 \\
\hline Sau Jose \({ }^{3}\). & 1,135 87 & 29891 & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
San Juan del Norto \\
Bluefields
\end{tabular} & 2, \(00 Q_{0} 00\) & 25000 & & 18013 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
83271 \\
675 \\
\hline 84
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Sau Juau (P.R): & 2,00000 & & & 52577 & & & 372 16 \\
\hline Aguadilla. & & & 8136 & & & & 29279 \\
\hline Arecibo . & & & 212 47 & & & & 27015 \\
\hline Fajarao & & & 4399 & & & & 16250 \\
\hline Guayamas & & & 24396 & & & & 21968 \\
\hline Naguabo. & & & . 20153 & & & & 26607 \\
\hline San \(\begin{gathered}\text { Viequez } \\ \text { Salvador }\end{gathered}\) & & & 3342 & & & & 12184
31500 \\
\hline Santiago de Cuba & 2, 50000 & & & 72700 & & & 71435 \\
\hline Guantanamio & & & 27905 & & & & 26750 \\
\hline Manzanillo & & & 10490 & & & & 14800 \\
\hline Santa Cruz & & & 4788 & & & & \({ }_{4} 200\) \\
\hline Sheffield & 2,500 00 & & & 65940 & 80000 & & 4, 62250 \\
\hline Singapore. & 2,500 00 & & & c581 36 & c600 00 & 6341 & 1, 50521 \\
\hline Smyrna & 2,500 00 & & & 35240 & 40000 & 9665 & 1, 2418 \\
\hline Sonneberg. & 2,000 00 & & & 61857 & 80000 & 549 & 8,655.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) Salary from April 1, 1885, to May 15, 1.885, not yct adjuster.
\({ }^{3}\) Made a salaried oltice July 6, 188t. Accounts tor the June qr., 1885, not received; no fees ruporled
\({ }^{4}\) No accounts fur salary received.
R.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALAR1ES, \& 9, -Continned.

SCHEDULE B-Continuer.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  &  &  &  & Loss by exchange. &  \\
\hline Consulatce-Continued, & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sonthampton & \$1,500 00 & & & \$280 07 & & & \\
\hline Portsmonth & & & & & & & . 7700 \\
\hline Weymouth. & & & & & & & 1250 \\
\hline San Domingo. & 1,500 00 & & & 53845 & & & 85824 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Azua.... \\
Macoris
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & 8580
5720 \\
\hline St Helena & 1,50000 & \$253 68 & & 28479 & & \$825 & 5693 \\
\hline St. Jobn's (P.Q.) & 1,50000 & 16072 & & 21847 & & & 1,580 00 \\
\hline Farnham & 1,000 00 & & & & & & 2, 05100 \\
\hline  & & & & & & & 61650 \\
\hline St. John (N. B.) .............. & 2,000 00 & 19231 & & 65897 & \$200 00 & & 3, 27350 \\
\hline Grand Manan & & & & & & & 30507 \\
\hline Mcadam Jnnction & & & & & & & 26075 \\
\hline Newcastle.. & & & & & & & 5150 \\
\hline St. Andrews. & & & & & & & 15700 \\
\hline St. George. & & & & & & & 9750 \\
\hline St. Stephen \({ }_{\text {St }}\) Thonas (W............. & 1, 500000 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
31217 \\
509 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} & & & 27713 \\
\hline St. \(\underset{\text { Fredericksted }}{\text { Thonas }}\) (W.......... & 2,500 00 & & \$144 68 & 50980 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
27637 \\
26650 \\
\hline 1650
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Santa Craz. & & & 5044 & & & & 11150 \\
\hline Stuttrait & 1,500 00 & 60612 & & 61717 & 48000 & & 1, 95975 \\
\hline Sydney Brisbane & 2,00000 & 3261 & & 87065 & 29836 & +23 39 & 1, 01597 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Brisbane \\
New castle
\end{tabular} & 1,000 00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1919 \\
, 28540
\end{array}
\] & & & & 13870
71460 \\
\hline Tamatave... & 2,000 00 & & & 29715 & & & 3550 \\
\hline Andakaba & & & & & & & 250 \\
\hline Majonga \({ }^{1}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Tampico & 1, 500000 & & & 497
842
00 & & & 18750 \\
\hline Tangier Casalanca & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Laraiche. & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Mazayan & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Mogado & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Rabat & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Tegucigalpa \({ }^{2}\) & & 32788 & & & & & \\
\hline Tien-Tsin \({ }^{3}\) & 2, 43479 & & & 1,51885 & & 6305 & 16850 \\
\hline Toronto... & 2, 00000 & 1977 & & 45525 & & 323 & 4,419 50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Whitby \\
Tricste
\end{tabular} & 2,000 00 & 28804 & & 54761 & & & 66750
1,88601 \\
\hline Tricste... & 2,00 00 & 28804 & & 5476 & & 460 & 1,88150
25150 \\
\hline Tunstall & 2,500 00 & & & 75997 & 68367 & & 7, 89000 \\
\hline Valparaiso & 3, 000000 & & & 85310 & & & 30560 \\
\hline \(\nabla\)-ra Cruz ....... & 3,000 00 & & & 98965 & & & 2,84274
3250 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Coalzacoalcos \\
Frontera
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & 3250
3010 \\
\hline Verviers and Liege & 1, 50000 & 20380 & & 40002 & & & 1, 81.000 \\
\hline Victoria & 2, 50000 & & & 80600 & & & 2, 32594 \\
\hline Wiodsol (Oat.) & 1,500 00 & & & 24526 & & & 3, 32000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Wianipeg . \\
Emerson
\end{tabular} & 1,500 00 & & & 40925 & & 681 & 43300
22500 \\
\hline Wakopa & & & & & & & \({ }_{60} 75\) \\
\hline Zutich .... & 2, 00000 & 11955 & & 1, 12167 & 48000 & 352 & 2,873 75 \\
\hline commercial agencies. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Goderich & 1,500 00 & & & 31473 & & 544 & 347.00 \\
\hline Stratford & 1,000 00 & & & & & & 3,209 00 \\
\hline Maracaibo. & 2, 00000 & & & 77425 & 30000 & & 2,39250 \\
\hline  & & & & & & & (d) 330 \\
\hline Valera........ & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{\({ }^{1}\) No fees.}

2 No aecounts for salary and fees received.
\({ }^{3}\) Salary from July 1, 1884, to October 20, 1884, not yet adjusted.
\%.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARTES, \&o.-Continued.
SCHEDULE B-Continued.

C.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES for the fisca year ended June 30, 1885.

SCHEDULE.C.
[a, For one quartor. b, For two quarters. c, For three quarters. \(d\), No returns.]


SCHEDULE C－Continued．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies． &  &  &  & ©
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0 & Allowance for clerks． &  &  \\
\hline Consulates－Continued & & & & & & & \\
\hline Stettin & \＄1，000 00 & & & \＄1400 & & \(\$ 960\) & \＄415 25 \\
\hline Dantzic & & & & & & & 25000 \\
\hline Konigsberg & 150 & & & & & & 1，001 50 \\
\hline Tabiti．．．．．． & 1， 00000 & & & 4000 & & & 48643 \\
\hline Talcaluano．．． & 1， 00000 & & & 65705 & & & 4700 \\
\hline Turk＇s Island ．．．．．．．． & 1， 00000 & & & 63811 & & & 30966 \\
\hline Cockburn Harbor
Salt Cay．．．．．．．．． & & & \＄80 61 & & & & 13991 \\
\hline Salt Cay
Venice & & & 8576 & & & & C92 57 \\
\hline Venice．．．．．． & 1， 00000 & & & 17294 & & 2725 & 54750 \\
\hline Windser（N．S．） & 1， 00000 & & & 10488 & & & 31925 \\
\hline Annapolis．．． Cornwallis．． & & & 52400 & & & & 21550
5700 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cornwallis \\
Digby
\end{tabular} & －－7． & & & & & & 5700
8250 \\
\hline Kewpt & & & 8248 & & & & 12000 \\
\hline Parrsboro＇ & & & 2890 & & & & 9050 \\
\hline Port Joggins： & & & 9243 & & & & 24000 \\
\hline Walton & & & & & & & 3050 \\
\hline Wolfville & & & & & & & 200 \\
\hline Yarmouth & & & 1277 & & & & 74350 \\
\hline Zanzibar & 1， 00000 & & & 8880 & & & 22272 \\
\hline Commerclal agencies． & & & & & & & \\
\hline Gaboon \({ }^{1}\) & 69294 & & & & & & \\
\hline Levaka & 1， 00000 & \＄273 44 & & \(a 7256\) & & 827 & 1219 \\
\hline Rouen \({ }^{2}\) ． & & & & & \(\$ 40000\) & & \\
\hline Total． & 23，692 48 & 71906 & 1， 23507 & 1，836 54 & 40000 & 19189 & 14， 06547 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No salary claimod from July 1，1884，to Octobor 21，1884．No fees．
2 For fees see Table D．－Consulate．
D．－STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES，COMPENSATION，EXPENSES，and LOSS by \(E X C H A N G E\) for the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885.

NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULE B OR C．
［ \(a\) ，for one quarter．\(b\) ，for two quarters．\(c\) ，for three quarters．\(d\) ，no retarns．］
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies． & Fees collected． &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
8 \\

\end{tabular} &  &  &  & Loss by exchange. \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{AGENCY AND CONSULATE－} \\
\hline Cairo \({ }^{1}\) \(\qquad\) ungataried consulates． & \＄137 50 & \＄13750 & & & & \＄317 55 & \＄13 52 \\
\hline Aden． & 54000 & 54000 & & & & 5008 & ． \\
\hline Alicante & 8788 & 8788 & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Amapala \\
Yuscaran \(d\)
\end{tabular} & 17000 & 17000 & & & & 825 & \\
\hline Annaberg．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 5，38250 & 2，500 00 & 1，667 50 & 1， 21500 & & 12364 & \\
\hline Barranquilla．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 2， 36700 & 2，500 00 & & 1369 & 14669 & 28714 & \\
\hline Rio Hacha，．．．．．．．．．．．．． & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12550 \\
2250
\end{array}
\] & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{\({ }^{1}\) From July 6，1884，to June 30， 1885.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

D．－STATEMENT of CONSDLAR FEES，COMPENSATION，\＆rc．－Continued．
NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULE B OR C－Continued．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencics． &  &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
9 \\

\end{tabular} &  &  &  &  \\
\hline Ungalarted consulates Continned． & & & & & & & \\
\hline Batburst & \＄35 50 & \＄61 44 & & & \(\$ 2594\) & & \\
\hline Belleville．．．． & 1，611 50 & 1，611 50 & & & & \＄51 84 & \\
\hline Deseronto & 23900 & & & & & & \\
\hline Picton ．．． & 23700 & & & & & & \\
\hline Bergen．．．．．． & 58900 & 589.00 & \(\ldots\) & & & 3005 & \\
\hline Drontbeim & 5600 & & & & & & \\
\hline Stavanger． & 6350 & & & & & & \\
\hline Breslau ．．．．．．． & 1，54850 & 1，54850 & & & & 4460 & \＄0 81 \\
\hline Brunswick．．． & 4， 663886 & 2， 50000 & 11，908 03 & \＄\(\$\) & & 11810 & \\
\hline Buenos Ayres \({ }^{\text {Carthagera（U．}}\)（ S．C． & 2， 30465 & 2， 46603 & & 1．， 00000 & 1， 18138 & 37004 & \\
\hline Cartbagena，Spain．． & 13250 & 13250 & & & & & \\
\hline Catania ．．．．．．．．．． & 1，31800 & 1，330 63 & & & 1263 & 4666 & \\
\hline Licata．．． & 3500 & & & & & & \\
\hline Syracuse & 1500 & & & & & & \\
\hline Cayenne．．． & 750 & 4205 & & & 3455 & & \\
\hline Chefor． & 18400 & 81700 & & & 63300 & 5302 & \\
\hline Chihuahua． & 18725 & 18725
525
50 & & & & 980
6793 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Christiania．． \\
Arendal．
\end{tabular} & － 2550 & & & & & & \\
\hline Christiansand & 1750 & & & & & & \\
\hline Ciudad Bolivat． & 56046 & 56046 & & & & & \\
\hline Coaticook． & 60050 & 60050 & & & & & \\
\hline Georgeville & 13450 & & & & & & \\
\hline Heretord， & 13700
6665 & & & & & & \\
\hline Potton & 25450 & & & & & & \\
\hline Stanstead & 25400 & & & & & & \\
\hline Colonia \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \＄55 99 & & \\
\hline Cognac．．．．．． & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,85750 \\
\mathbf{9 0 6} 00
\end{array}
\] & 1，857 50 & & & & 14399 & 176 \\
\hline Coquimboc． & 5657 & 6420 & & & 763 & 1517 & \\
\hline Cordoba & & & & & & & \\
\hline Corunna． & 6100 & 6100 & & & & & \\
\hline Carrild． & & & & & & & \\
\hline Corcubiond & & & & & & & \\
\hline Ferrol． & 1267 & & & & & & \\
\hline Vigo． & 5250 & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Vivero \\
Curacao
\end{tabular} & & 1，830 74 & & & 56974 & 6478 & \\
\hline Bonaire & 1， 3329 & 1，830 4 & & & 569 & 64 & \\
\hline Denia（c） & 97250 & 97250 & & & & & \\
\hline Elberfehl & 3， 74050 & 2， 50000 & 34050 & 90000 & & 23010 & \\
\hline Falmouth & 8550 & 14021 & & & 5471 & 3829 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Scilly Islands（d） \\
Goree－Dakar
\end{tabular} & 4049 & 11922 & & & & & \\
\hline Gottenburg & 1，19750 & 1，20744 & & & 994 & 36300 & \\
\hline Malmo & 8850 & & & & & & \\
\hline Guerrero & 16750 & －167 50 & & & ．．．．．．．． & 3612 & \\
\hline Gnelph Helsing & 3， 40000 & 2，500 00 & 68700 & 21300 & & & 220 \\
\hline Wyborg & & & & & & & \\
\hline Hobart． & 500 & 500 & & & & 6169 & \\
\hline Horgen． & 3，12500 & 2， 50000 & 8000 & 54550 & & 61254 & \\
\hline Iloilo（d） & 43439 & 72977 & & & 29538 & 30180 & \\
\hline Arica（d） & & & & & & & \\
\hline －Kebl ．．．． & 1，781 50 & 1，78150 & & & & 11168 & \\
\hline Lambayeque．．．． Chimbote（d） & 7750 & 7750 & & & & 3391 & \\
\hline Eten（d）．．．． & & & & & & & \\
\hline Labos de A fuera（d）． & & & & & & & \\
\hline Pacasmayo（d） & & & & & & & \\
\hline Payta ．．．．．． & 4500 & ． & & & & & \\
\hline \({ }^{1}\) From Jul & 1884，to J & \(30,1885\). & & & \({ }^{2} \mathrm{No}\) & es． & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1b.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATLON, fc.-Continued.
NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULE B OR C-Continued.

D.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, \&o.-Continued.

NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULE B OR C-Continued:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates and their agencies. &  &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
8 \\

\end{tabular} &  &  &  &  \\
\hline Ungalaried consulatesContinued. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Trinidad (island) & \$1,928 59 & \$2, 50000 & & \$328 25 & \$899 66 & \$61 75 & \\
\hline Tuvin ...' & 29700 & & \$133 50 & 16350 & & 17984 & \$150 \\
\hline Tuxpan (a) \({ }^{1}\) & 8375 & 8375 & & & & 13076 & \\
\hline Warsaw. & 850 & 850 & & & & 23053 & \\
\hline Zacatecas \({ }^{2}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline UNSALARIED COMMERCIAL agenctis. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Baracoa de Cuba. & 1,36150 & 2,500 00 & & & 1,138 50 & 2000 & \\
\hline Belize... & 57660 & 89899 & & & 32239 & 2192 & \\
\hline Buenavent & 44800 & 44800 & & & & 1980 & \\
\hline Cardenas. & 1,490 04 & 2,500 00 & & 58708 & 1,597 04 & 46825 & \\
\hline Castelamare & 1,24300 & 1,24300 & & & & 13669 & 543 \\
\hline Chathan. & 2, 74000 & 2,500 00 & 24000 & & & 800 & \\
\hline Wallaceburg & 1, 63900 & 63900 & & & & & \\
\hline Collingwood. & 74650 & 74650 & & & & 5816 & 75 \\
\hline Orilla & 24750 & & & & & & \\
\hline Oweu Sound. & 19350 & & & & & & \\
\hline Sault St. Marie Waubaushene & 30800 & & & & & & \\
\hline Dunferruline ...... & 2,860 00 & 2,500 00 & & 36050 & & 11987 & \\
\hline Kirk caldy & 78250 & & & & & & \\
\hline Dusseldort & 1,32750 & 1,327 50 & & & & 9169 & \\
\hline Essen & & & & & & & \\
\hline Gloucester & 30450 & 30450 & & & & 3846 & \\
\hline Hull... & 1,352 50 & 1,631 03 & & & 27853 & 12856 & \\
\hline Mayaguez & 54679 & 1, 05826 & & & 51147 & 19942 & \\
\hline Mayence. & 3,74150 & 2, 50000 & 64630 & 59520 & & 8624 & \\
\hline Medellina & & & & & & & \\
\hline Morrisburg
Cornwa & 1, 088700 & 1, 08700 & & & & 3867 & 50 \\
\hline Ponce \({ }^{\text {d }}\).... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Port Hope & 2, 10850 & 2,108 50 & & & & 6842 & 50 \\
\hline Port Rowau & 1,621 50 & 1, 62150 & & & & 3686 & \\
\hline Port Stanley aud St. Thomas & 3,312 00 & 2,500 00 & 81200 & & & 5575 & \\
\hline Courtwrigbt & 14400 & &  & & & & \\
\hline Puerta Plata ....... & 37800 & 480 & & & 10283 & 3800 & \\
\hline Samaìa \({ }^{3}\) & 7155 & 11510 & & & 4355 & & \\
\hline Saun Juan del Sur \({ }^{2}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sorel & 1,326 50 & 1,326 50 & & & & 6365 & \\
\hline Stanbridge & 1,79875 & 1, 79875 & & & & 7370 & \\
\hline . Clarencerille & 35100 & & & & & & \\
\hline Frelighsburg & 19750 & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Sutton ....... & 50950 & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Christopher.. & 1,230 50 & 1,333 57 & & & 10307 & & \\
\hline St. Denis d.... & & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Etienne. & 1,807 00 & 1,807 00 & & & & 13790 & 230 \\
\hline St. Georges, Bermu & 5950
2,5250 & 32616
2,50000 & & & 26666 & & \\
\hline St. Hyacinthe. & 2,552 590 & 2,500 00 & 5250 & & & 8075 & 100 \\
\hline St. Marce. & \({ }^{691} 507\) & 6421 & & & 1314 & 6000 & \\
\hline St. Pierre, Miquelon & 14550 & 16774 & & & 2224 & & \\
\hline Tetuan \({ }^{4} c\).. Woodstock & 79350 & 79350 & & & & 3873 & \\
\hline Purchases of consular sta. tionery, \&c., by Department of State & & & & & & 3,363 45 & \\
\hline Total. & 121, 62118. & 100, 28586 & 11, 29716 & 6,537 85 & 9,352 44 & 12,637 99 & 6036 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{3}\) March 10, 1885, to June \(30,1885\).
}
\({ }^{4}\) No fees.
（1．－NAMES of CONSULAR CLERKS，with their SALARY and EXPENSES，for the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Names． & Place． & Salary． & Loss by exchange． & Contingent expenses． \\
\hline Brown，Samuel \({ }^{1}{ }^{1}\) ． & Belfast & \＄500 00 & & \\
\hline Butler，W．W．．．． & Liverpool & 1， 00000 & & \＄2500 \\
\hline De Zeyk，Albert J & Lisbon． & 1，200 00 & \＄23 20 & \\
\hline Duer，jr．Denning & & 1，000 00 & 1548 & \\
\hline Hastings， \(\mathrm{F} . \mathrm{P}^{2}\) ． & Honolulu & \({ }^{694} 50\) & & \\
\hline MacLean，E． \(\mathbf{P}\) & Paris ．．．． & 1，200 00 & & \\
\hline Scidmore，George H & Osaka and Hiogo & 1， 09891 & & \\
\hline Smith，G．Harrison． & Berlin \({ }^{\text {Hapana }}\) & 1,000
1,200
1 & & \\
\hline Springer，Joseph A & Paras & 1，200 00 & & \\
\hline Toubay，St．Leger A & Rome & 1， 00000 & 5000 & \\
\hline \(\checkmark\) est，George \({ }^{4}\) & Liverpool & 23615 & & 11045 \\
\hline Wood，Charles M \({ }^{5}\) & Rome & 96196 & 4167 & \\
\hline Totals & & 12，29152 & 13035 & 13545 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) Accounts for the March and June quarters，1885，not receired．
\({ }^{2}\) No salary claimed from October 31，1884，to A pril \(2,1885\).
\({ }^{3}\) Acting consul at Osaka and Hiogo from July 1 to 31， 1884.
\({ }_{5}^{4}\) Appointed April 6， 1885.
\({ }^{5}\) No salary＇claimed from July 1 to September 11， 1884.
F．－STATEMENT of SUNDRY EXPENSES at CONSULATES in CHINA，JAPAN， SIAM，and TURKEY for the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline －Cousulates． &  &  & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\stackrel{\square}{8}\) \\

\end{tabular} &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \dot{8} \\
& \text { 品 } \\
& \text { ご } \\
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& \vdots \\
& \vdots \\
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& H
\end{aligned}
\] & Total． \\
\hline Amoy． & \＄120 00 & \＄750 00 & \＄750 00 & & & \＄1， 62000 \\
\hline Bankgok a． & 72458 & － 37500 & & & & 1， 09958 \\
\hline Beirrt & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}\$ 600 \\ 500 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & \(\$ 3060\)
2248 & 630
522
48 \\
\hline Cnator & 30000 & 75000 & & & & 1，050 00 \\
\hline Cbefoo． & 30009 & & & & & － 30009 \\
\hline Constantinople & & & 1， 00000 & 75000 & 15625 & 1，906 25 \\
\hline Foo－Chow． & 18000 & a1， 50000 & 1，000 00 & & & 2， 680.00 \\
\hline Hankow \({ }_{\text {Hong－Kong }}\) & & 75000
75000 & & & & 75000
750 \\
\hline Jerusalem． & & & & 60000 & 4200 & 64200 \\
\hline Kanagasma & 2，373 50 & 1，60780 & 1，000 00 & & 1034 & 5， 08164 \\
\hline Nagasaki．．．． & & & 1，000 00 & & & 1， 000000 \\
\hline New Chwang & 60000 & & & & 3000 & 63000 \\
\hline Osaka auid Hiogo & & 8288
1,54166 & \(\begin{array}{r}999 \\ 1,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 1，40292 \\
\hline Smyrna． & 2， 42797 & 1，541 66 & 1，000 00 & 51220 & 1026
10152 & \begin{tabular}{l}
4,979 \\
1,015 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Tien－Isin & 14006 & 2， 00000 & & & 3000 & 2， 17006 \\
\hline Total & 7，888 95 & 10， 1.9734 & 6，749 09 & 2，962 20 & 43285 & 28， 23043 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Paid：
RECAPITULATION OF EXHIBITS B，C，D，E，AND F．
Salaries，consular service．
\＄425， 41131

Loss on bills of exchange，consular scrvice（salaries and contingencies）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 36.18
Pay of consular otficers for services to American vessels and seamen．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．15， 51173
Compensation from fees（sections 1708；1730，and 1733，R．S．）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．189， 62683
Office－rent and clerk－bire（sectión 1732，R．S．）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．6， 19591
Continsent expenses，United States consnlates．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．139，791 94
Allowance for clerks at consulates ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50,4189
Expenses of prisons for American convicts．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 88895
Salaries interpreters to consulates in Cbina，Japan，and Siam ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10， \(197 \quad 34\)
Salaries marshals for consular courts ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 6，749 09
Expenses of interpreters，guards，\＆c．，in Turkish domivions．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2,96220

5， 89124

Excess of expenditures over receipts
78,83767
G.-STATEMENT of REIIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, with EXTRA WAGES and ARREARS, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where aftorded. &  & Boarding and lodging. & Clothing. & Medical aid. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Other ex- } \\
\text { penses, in- } \\
\text { cluding } \\
\text { loss by } \\
\text { exchange. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Total. & Extra
wages and
arrears
collected. & Wages paid to seamen. \\
\hline Acapulco & 2 & \$10 00 & \(\$ 400\) & & \$25 76 & \$39 76 & & \\
\hline Antigua. & 1 & & & & 144 & 144 & \$971 76 & \$751 46 \\
\hline Antwerp & & & & & & & 7868 & \\
\hline Apia. \({ }_{\text {A }}\) & 7 & \(\begin{array}{r}11735 \\ 2412 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) & 2762
608 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\$ 1040\) \\
318 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 4100 & 15537
39084 & 4500
34016 & 5 \\
\hline Bahia & 1 & 2210 & & & 316 & 2526 & 11905 & 11405 \\
\hline Barbadoe & 13 & 10950 & 288 & & 1240 & 12478 & 2, 29451 & 2,120 05 \\
\hline Barranquil & 9 & 10594 & 2055 & & 2000 & 14649 & 195531 & , 13686 \\
\hline Bataria & 9 & 9800 & & 1326 & 2130 & 13256 & 1, 95821 & 1,881 51. \\
\hline Belfast & 23 & & & & 3886 & 3886
750 & & \\
\hline Belize & & & & 750 & 5700 & 750
5700 & 7882 & 6632 \\
\hline Bombay & 1 & 296 & 1030 & & & 1332 & & \\
\hline Bremen & & & & & & & 12132 & 12132 \\
\hline Bristol & 2 & 3522 & 1352 & & & 4874 & 3,162 98 & 3, 00762 \\
\hline Burnos A & 14 & 15500 & 9720 & 63720 & 5411 & 94351 & 3,61699 & 3,222 22 \\
\hline Cadiz. & & 598 & & & 261 & 859 & 4735 & 3876 \\
\hline Callao. & 1 & & & & & & & 7500
20 \\
\hline Cape Haytien & & & & & & & 2700 & 2700 \\
\hline Cape Town & 4 & 33.50 & 2389 & 5314 & 251 b & 13564 & 5511. & \\
\hline Cardenas & 1 & & & & & & 33707 & 33707 \\
\hline Cardiff & 3 & 300 & & 5250 & 1000 & 6556 & 6223 & 2723 \\
\hline Ceylon & 1 & & & & & & 13500 & 3000 \\
\hline Cbefoo.... & 2 & 1600 & & & & 1600 & & \\
\hline Cienfuegos & & 734 & & & 430 & 11.64 & 28972 & 20445 \\
\hline Colon & 15 & 36450 & & & 1400 & 37850 & 6800 & \\
\hline Cork: & & 218 & & 3358 & 1699 & 5275 & 14521 & 9114 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Curaçao \\
Demerar
\end{tabular} & 2 & & & & & & \begin{tabular}{|c}
80 \\
7625
\end{tabular} & 76225 \\
\hline Falmouth & 15. & 840 & & & 6891 & 7731 & & \\
\hline Fryal & 59 & 51747 & 753.31 & 27422 & 19333 & 1, 73833 & 7500 & \\
\hline Funchal & 2 & & & 2369 & 1290 & 3659 & 65 00 & \\
\hline Genoa & 1 & & & 3590 & & 3590 & 36339 & 27549 \\
\hline Goree-Daka & & & & & & & 1800 & 1800 \\
\hline Gottenburg & 1 & 650 & & & 500 & 11. 50 & & \\
\hline Guadelonpe & 7 & 5868 & 3879 & 8516 & 200 & 18463 & 28061 & 3070 \\
\hline Guarmas
Halifax. & 5
79 & & & & & & 1,094 98 & 1,09498
1,00600 \\
\hline Havama & 81 & 188500 & 18027 & 19970 & 15486
4756 & \({ }_{762} 531\) & 1,066
28481 & 1,00600
41 \\
\hline Gobart & 9 & 5565 & & & & 5565 & & \\
\hline Hong Kon & 11 & & & 3200 & 15593 & 18793 & 1,78799 & 1, 490023 \\
\hline Honolulu & 32 & 2990 & & 1, 04300 & 2400 & 1, 09690 & 3,609 48 & 3, 06007 \\
\hline Hall. & 26 & 1.6032 & 52378 & &  & 68410 & 5, 31294 & 5, 30286 \\
\hline Iguique & 1 & & 1520 & 2778 & & 4298 & 26288 & 262 88 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 10 & 5529 & & & & 5529 & 3,367 62 & 2,923 50 \\
\hline Kingston, J & 9 & & 11576 & & 1764 & 13340 & 54.82 & 54582 \\
\hline La Paz, Mexico & 3 & 3931 & & 3500 & 4734 & 12165 & 33601 & 12704 \\
\hline Lisbon & 19 & & & & & 36066 & 3206 & 1,925 62 \\
\hline Liverpool & 46 & 14041 & 5735 & 12336 & 493 & 32605 & 27580 & 6000 \\
\hline London & 3 & 5157 & & & 01 & 5158 & . & \\
\hline Malaga. & & & & 1300 & & 1300 & 8566 & 7266 \\
\hline Mauchest & 3 & & & & 3 53 & 353 & & \\
\hline Manila & 18 & 12411 & & 1650 & 25399 & 39460 & 4,24300 & 3,902 41 \\
\hline Marse:lles & 2 & 2808 & 085 & 2399 & 195 & 6387 & 1, 36179 & 1,306 11 \\
\hline Martinique & 1 & 1440 & & 1120 & & 3560
54 & \begin{tabular}{|}
3117 \\
438 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline Matauzus. & 1 & 3174 & & 5400 & & 5400
3174 & 4380 & \\
\hline Mazatlan & & & & & & & 16810 & \\
\hline Melbourne & 3 & 3740 & & 4973 & 759 & 9478 & 5,523 58 & 5,463 39 \\
\hline Monrovia & & & 3700 & & & 3700 & & \\
\hline Montevide & 2 & 1540 & 1240 & 3000 & & 5780 & 500 & \\
\hline Nagasaki & 5 & 48.00 & & & 3552 & 8352 & 8030 & 8030 \\
\hline Nassau & 57 & 54977 & 10050 & 2912 & 18393 & 86332 & 5200 & 2100 \\
\hline Osaka and & 14 & 14319 & & & 8200 & 22519 & 66178 & 3331 \\
\hline Panama & 1 & & & & & & 10603 & 12103 \\
\hline Para. & & & & & & & 103.50 & 10350 \\
\hline Pernamb & 22 & 21696 & 30897 & 950 & 13586 & 67129 & 1,443 40 & 1,043 27 \\
\hline Pictou.. & 20 & 10810 & 42550 & 3200 & 23980 & 81460 & 3000
28466 & \\
\hline Priace Edward Island & , & 3300 & & 5995 & 519 & 9814 & & \\
\hline Qurbec & 1 & 600 & 460 & & 800 & 1860 & & \\
\hline Rio Grande do S & & 164 & & & 196 & 360 & 16870 & 17301 \\
\hline Rio de Janei & 8 & 11035 & 3817 & 894 & & 15746 & 4, 00525 & 3,601 26 \\
\hline Rosario. & & & & & & & 3,524 48 & 3,506 48 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
T.-STATEMENT of RELIEF AFFJRDED SEAMEN, se.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where afforded. &  & Boarding and lodging. & Clothing. & Medical aid. & Otber expenses, includiog loss by oxchange. & Total. & Extra wages and arrears collected. & Wages paid to seamen. \\
\hline Ronen & & & & & & & \$3, 21053 & \\
\hline Sagna la Grande & & & \$7 40 & \(\$ 13800\) & 8070 & \(\$ 14010\) & - 66447 & \$635 16 \\
\hline San Juau del Norte & 2 & & 119 & & & 119 & & \\
\hline Santiago, C. V. I .. & 45 & \$622 50 & 18272 & 10893 & \begin{tabular}{l}
9047 \\
\hline 7 \\
7
\end{tabular} & 1, 004502 & 14931 & 826 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Santos.. \\
Shanghai
\end{tabular} & 8 & 4961 & 1562 & & 5771
7485 & 5771
14008 & 18687 & \\
\hline Sierra Leo & 7 & 2376 & 4200 & & 10680 & 17256 & 500 & \\
\hline Singapoe & 5 & 24800 & 700 & 14400 & 4685 & 44585 & 3,74783 & 3,51031 \\
\hline San Domingo & 9 & 6300 & & & 9800 & 16100 & 36885 & 1.581 \\
\hline Stettin. & & & & & & & 5100 & 5100 \\
\hline Syduey & 5 & 4454 & 3749 & 3301 & 2412 & 15916 & 2,277 53 & 1, 75539. \\
\hline St. George's, Bermuda & 12 & 9312 & 1096 & 960 & 2080 & 13448 & 6210 & \\
\hline St. Helena. & 53 & 1,43400 & 2, 30484 & 36925 & 25251 & 4, 36060 & 37525 & 17939 \\
\hline St. Jobn, N. B & 20 & 1880 & 1800 & & 4957 & 8637 & & \\
\hline St. John's, N. F & 12 & 6880 & 12000 & & 6600 & 254 86 & & \\
\hline St. Martin. & 6 & 2900 & 1510 & 450 & 20 & 4880 & & \\
\hline St. Panl de Loando. & 29 & 20260 & 7390 & 380 & 1, 13209 & 1, 47245 & 1400 & \\
\hline St. Pierre, Miquelon & 23 & 2781 & 33562 & & 13838 & 50181 & 1216 & \\
\hline St. Thomas. & 35 & 34900 & & 44514 & 296 & 7971.0 & 73889 & 34964 \\
\hline Tahiti.... & 1 & & & 14422 & & 14422 & & \\
\hline Talcahuano & & 10515 & 2600 & 3280 & 2150 & 18545 & 3000 & \\
\hline Tamatave & 5 & 17415 & \(170 \quad 27\) & 1539 & & \(3 \grave{9} 81\) & 1, 00755 & 71557 \\
\hline Trieste & & & & & & & 6261 & 6261 \\
\hline Trinidad & 4 & 840 & & 4968 & & 5808 & 49635 & 1748 \\
\hline Turk's Isla & 52 & 1, 00300 & 56386 & 4600 & 8519 & 1,698 05 & & \\
\hline Valparaiso & 7 & 3840
10500 & & 21450 & 875
3800 & 26165 & 43132 & 24808 \\
\hline Vera Cruz. & 6 & 10500 & & & 3800 & 12300 & & \\
\hline Victoria, & 22. & 4224 & & 250
3725 & 130
2100
2190 & 3.7474 & 4500 & \\
\hline Windsor Zanzibar & 5 & 8500 & 4400 & 3725 & 2190 & 18815 & 15142 & \\
\hline United States naval paymasters \(\qquad\) & 2 & 565 & 2167 & & & 2732 & 15142 & \\
\hline Masters and owners of ressels.......... & 51 & & & & 76250 & 76250 & & \\
\hline Totals & 1,173 & 9,446 78 & 7,034 71 & 5,312 69 & 15, 51901 & *27,31319 & 73,04686 & '58, 98836 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of these amounts \(\$ 326.11\) is for loss by exchange on drafts and remittances for relief of seanen.
HI.-STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of SEAMEN SENT to the UNITED STATES and AMOUNT PAID at the TREASURY for PASSAGE, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where from. & No. of men. & Amount. & Where fiom. & No. of men. & Amount. \\
\hline Acapulco & 1 & 1000 & Pernambuco & 10 & 10500 \\
\hline Antigua. & & 11500 & Pictou & 2 & 2000 \\
\hline - Apia & \(]\) & 5000 & Ponce & 6 & 6000 \\
\hline Auckland & 4 & 4000 & Port ma Primce & 13 & 17000 \\
\hline Barbadoes & 5 & 5000 & Prince Edward Island & 9 & 9000 \\
\hline Barranquilla & 8 & 16000 & Rio de Janeiro & 2 & 4000 \\
\hline Belize... & 3 & 3000 & Ruatan and Truxillo & 3 & 3000 \\
\hline Bristol & 1 & 1000 & Sagua la Grande. & 2 & 2000 \\
\hline Buenos Ayres & 4 & 10000 & San Domingo... & 1 & 1000 \\
\hline Calcutta ..... & 1 & 3000 & San José, Costa Rica & 2 & 2000 \\
\hline Cape Town & 1 & 1000 & San Juan del Norte & 4 & 4000 \\
\hline Cardenas & 3 & 3000 & Santiago, C. V.I. & 26 & 44000 \\
\hline Cienfuegos & 3 & 3000 & Sierra Leone & 6 & 13000 \\
\hline Colon..... & 12 & 12000 & Syduey, N. S. W & 3 & 3000 \\
\hline Fayal & 34 & 48200 & St. Christopher. & 9 & 26500 \\
\hline Guadeloupe & 5 & 5000 & St. George's & 9 & 9900 \\
\hline Halifax..... & 26 & 22152 & St. Helena.. & 14 & 26000 \\
\hline Havana & 80 & 80000 & St. John, New Brunsw & 14 & 5700 \\
\hline Hong.Kong & 13 & 30100 & St. Martin & 1 & 1000 \\
\hline Honolulu.. & 17. & 17000 & St. Pierre, Miquelon & 1.0 & 10000 \\
\hline Iloilo. & 3 & 60. 00 & St. Thomas, W. I ... & 28 & 29000 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 16 & 17500 & Tahiti . & 1 & 1000 \\
\hline Kingston, Jamaica & 6 & 6000 & Talcahuano & 1 & 3000 \\
\hline La Paz, Mexico. & 1 & 1000 & 'Tampico & 1 & 1000 \\
\hline Liverpool & 33 & 33000 & Trinidad Island & - 1 & 1000 \\
\hline Manzanillo & 2 & 2000 & Turk's Island & 52 & 52000 \\
\hline Marseilles & 1 & 2000 & Valparaiso & 3 & 5000 \\
\hline Martinique & 1 & 1500 & Vera Cruz & 6 & 6000 \\
\hline Matanzas. & 1 & 2000 & Victoria & 14 & 8400 \\
\hline Mayaguez. & 9 & 9000 & Windsor & 8 & 4532 \\
\hline Mazatlan. & 7 & - 7000 & & & \\
\hline Nassay.SER......... & 56 & 57000 & Total & 626 & 7, 36484 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION OF EXFTBITS G AND H.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{A mount expended for reliet of seamen:} \\
\hline Board and lodging & \$9,446 78 & \\
\hline Clotbing ... & 7,034 71 & \\
\hline Medical aid & 5,312 69 & \\
\hline Passage to the United States (paid at Ireasury) & 7,364 84 & \\
\hline Other exponses & 5,192 90 & \\
\hline A mount of extra wages and arrears collected & 73, 04686 & \\
\hline A wount of extra wages and axrbas's paid to seamen. & 58,988 36 & \\
\hline Balauce of extrar wages and arrears & & 14, 05850 \\
\hline Excess of relief over extra wages and arrears. & & 20,293 42 \\
\hline Amount of loss by exchange on drafts and remittan & & 32611 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1.-INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS CHARGED and CASH DEPOSITED for the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline District. & Stamps and assessments. & Cash deposited. & Remarks. \\
\hline Alabama & \$141,663 22 & \$72,752 84 & 1 \\
\hline Arkansas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 91,774,01 & 89,285 93 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
First California \(\qquad\) \\
Fourth California (old). \\
Fourth California (new) \\
Total
\end{tabular}} & 2, 064, 47990 & 2, 342, 08055 & \\
\hline & 56, 530 & 22, 430 & Included the State of Nerada during the month of July, 1884. \\
\hline & 263, 58071 & 251, 13500 & \\
\hline & 2, 384, 59070 & 2, 615,64608 & - \\
\hline Colorado . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 225, 10471 & 195, 19489 & This district includes Wyoming Ter. \\
\hline Convecticut....................... & .478, 21360 & 414.412 14 & \\
\hline Delaware & 293,197 96 & 244, 18444 & \\
\hline Florida & 223, 78569 & 218,42770 & \\
\hline Georgia ............................. & 415,72481 & 315, 21072 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
First Illinois \(\qquad\) \\
Second Illinois \\
Fourth Illinois \\
Fifth Illinois \(\qquad\) \\
Eighth Illinois \\
Thirteenth Illinois \\
Total. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & 9, 453, 28574 & 8, 001, 78484 & \\
\hline & 245, 80496 & 221, 38070 & \\
\hline & 360, 62788 & 303, 27917 & \\
\hline & 13, 102, 38989 & 13, 314, 490 75 & \\
\hline & 714, 78843 & 906, 05394 & \\
\hline & 537, 88363 & 351, 20416 & \\
\hline & 24, 414, 78053 & 23, 098, 19356 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Sixth Indiana \\
Seventh Indiana. \\
Eleventh Indiana
\end{tabular}} & 3, 696,450 47 & 2, 729, 50100 & . \\
\hline & 1. 156, 02958 & 1, 117, 36413 & \\
\hline & 212,065 00 & 189,48751 & \\
\hline 'Iotal & 5, 064,545 05 & 4, 036, 35264 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Second Towa \\
Third Iowa
\end{tabular} & \(1,667,71224\) & 1, 960, 44576 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Fourth Iowa \\
Total.
\end{tabular}} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 208,37328 \\
& 119,90779
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
181,88389 \\
81,37204
\end{array}
\] & . \\
\hline & 1,995, 99331 & 2, 223,70169 & \\
\hline Kansas & 286, 55517 & 170,534 98 & This district includes Indian Verri \\
\hline Second Kentucky' & 2,775, 255.43 & 1,734,249 61 & \\
\hline Fifth Kentucky. & \(9,481,83515\) & 7, 076,453 25 & \\
\hline Sixtb Kentucky. & 4,142, 15144 & 3, 361, 76503 & \\
\hline Seventh Kentucky & 3,806, 79514 & 1, 931, 71907 & \\
\hline Eighth Kentucky. & 1, 439,597 55 & 764, 27388 & - ' . \\
\hline Total. & 21, 645, 63471 & 14, 868, 46084 & . . . \\
\hline Louisiana & 697, 28533 & 538,81489 & \\
\hline Maine & 66,947 81 & 52, 924 31 & \\
\hline Maryland & 3,321, 67404 & 2, 774, 74495 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
H.-INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS, \&"c.-Continued.


耳. -INTERNAL REVENUE STAM PS and ASSESSMENTS, \&c.-Continued.


\section*{RECAPITULATION BX STATES.}

INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS CHARGED for the fiscal year ended June 30. 1885, and CASH DEPOSITED for the fiscal years 1884 and 1885. in each State and Territory.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline States and Territorios. & Stamps and as. sessments. & Cash deposited 1884. & Cnsh deposited 1885. \\
\hline Alabama & \$141, 66322 & \$85, 65655 & \$72, 75284. \\
\hline Arkansas & 91, 77401 & 90, 81919 & 89, 28593 \\
\hline California & 2, 384,590 70 & 3, 381, 33225 & 2, 615, 64608 \\
\hline Colorado & 225, 10471 & 195, 99950 & 195, 19489. \\
\hline Connecticut & 478, 21360 & 427, 94946 & 414, 11214 \\
\hline Delaware. & 293, 19796 & 210, 32724 & 244, 18444. \\
\hline Florida. & 223, 78569 & 174, 88417 & 218, 42770 \\
\hline Georgia & 415, 72481 & 382, 46828 & 315, 21072 \\
\hline Illinois. & 24, 414, 78053 & 23, 572, 18651 & 23, 098, 19356. \\
\hline Indiana & 5, 064, 54505 & 5, 621, 21095 & 4, 030, 35264 \\
\hline Iowa & 1, 995, 99331 & 2, 755,756 90 & 2, 223, 70169 \\
\hline Kansas & 286, 55517 & 167, 55599 & 170, 53498 \\
\hline Kentucky & 21, 645, 63471 & 18, 569, 36081 & 14, 868,46084 \\
\hline Louisiana & 697, 28533 & 560, 18489 & 538, 81489 \\
\hline Maine. & 66, 91781 & 56, 59919 & 52, 92431 \\
\hline Maryland & 3, 321, 67404 & 3, 146, 71992 & 2,774, 74495 \\
\hline Massachusetts & 2,530, 17401 & 2, 396,590 05 & 2, 287, 45396. \\
\hline Michigan . & 1,832,388 24 & 1,417,613 18 & 1, 529, 27238 \\
\hline Minnesota & 548, 60370 & 490, 96156 & 497, 80119 \\
\hline Mississippi & 67, 96443 & 49, 88373 & -51, 40050 \\
\hline Missouri. & 7,252, 271 26 & 6, 478, 29119 & 6,277, 17692 \\
\hline Montana. & 116, 74924 & 123,278 52 & 91, 06475 \\
\hline Nobraska & 2, 354, 00784 & 1,515, 80298 & 1,971, 30962 \\
\hline Nevada & 98, 99158 & 4,626 44 & 54,22800 \\
\hline New Hampshire & 417, 83655 & 389, 95389 & 382,538 16 \\
\hline New Jersey & 4, 107, 423886 & 3, 480, 689829 & 3, 661, 71946 \\
\hline New Mexico & 1100,68880 & 13, 773,15978 &  \\
\hline New York... & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
13,77,159 \\
1,760,609
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
13,821,727 \\
1,688,881 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
North Carol \\
Ohio.
\end{tabular} & 15, 2 , 866,95514 & 13, 519,40864 & 12, 663,42960 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline States and Territories. & Stamps and as. sessments. & Cash deposited 1884. & Cash deposited
1885. \\
\hline Oregon. & \$181, 96000 & \$128, 60163 & \$119,246 16 \\
\hline Pennsylvania & 8,406,944 50 & 7, 884, 70090 & 7, 384, 85017 \\
\hline Rhode Island & -133,432 28 & 130, 46811 & 127,587 62 \\
\hline South Carolina & 224, 011. 42 & 93,900 39 & 93,747 94 \\
\hline Tennesseo & 1, 276, 47297 & 1, 250, 61454 & 1, 053, 70676 \\
\hline Texas. & 269, 1.5383 & 210, 73395 & 183, 68592 \\
\hline Vermont & 35, 39543 & 30,713 31 & 31,370 26 \\
\hline Virginia. & 4, 160, 23187 & 3, 235, 56989 & 3, 053, 19368 \\
\hline West Virgini & 790, 88145 & 559, 56837 & 546,992 41 \\
\hline Wisconsin . & 3, 372,987 52 & 2, 906, 53995 & 3, 030,29555 \\
\hline & 131, 902,323 71 & \({ }^{1} 121,389,39340\) & 112, 498, 87751 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) To this should be added \(\$ 32,588.57\), aggregate amount deposited during the iiscal year 1884 in Arizona, Dakota, Idaho, Utah, Washington Territory and Wyoming.
[区.-INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa. tion of storekeep. ers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa. tion of gaugers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense.} \\
\hline & Salary of collector. & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, fuel, and lights. & Stationery and other expenses. & & & \\
\hline Alabama & \$2,750 10 & \$12,960 48 & \$200 00 & \$200 06 & \$1,594 50 & \$1, 95545 & \$19, 66059 \\
\hline Arkansas & 2,750 05 & 11, 57458 & & 29205 & 11, 04850 & 1,368 45 & 27, 03363 \\
\hline First Califoruia ....... & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,50000 \\
& 26320
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
32,66351 \\
1,79505
\end{array}
\] & 10793 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
89446 \\
1682
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \mathbf{6}, 89200 \\
& 43200
\end{aligned}
\] & 19, 35274 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
74,30271 \\
2 ; 61500
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Fourtb California
(new) & 2, 73680 & 17,225 15 & 1, 16541 & 38934 & 4,576 00 & 7,584 93. & 33,677 63 \\
\hline Total & 7, 50000 & 51,683 71 & 1,273 34 & 1,300 62 & 21,900 00 & 20,93767 & 110,59534 \\
\hline & 3, 00000 & 12,643 55 & J, 10000 & 12588 & & 1,410 64 & 18,279 52 \\
\hline & 3, 37500 & 15, 59108 & 450 00951 & 17079 & 2, 44400 & 4,765 38 & 26,796 25 \\
\hline Delaware & 3, 00000 & 7,221 06 & 28238 & 6797 & 21000 & 1,679 37 & 12,460 78 \\
\hline Flor & 3, 00000 & 9,910 70 & 59529 & 11349 & & & 13,619 48 \\
\hline Georgia & 3, 25005 & 36, 67484 & 2500 & 53425 & 22, 85400 & 7, 65634 & 70,994 48 \\
\hline First Olinois & 4,50000 & 24,088 73 & & 34337 & 31, 91600 & 41, 86315 & 102, 71125 \\
\hline Second Illioois & 2, 87500 & 7, 91101 & 41572 & 15685 & 1,148 50 & 52975 & 13,036 83 \\
\hline Fourth Illinois & 3, 12500 & 11, 402 30 & 56580 & 10787 & 3,54900 & 1, 84618 & 20, 59615 \\
\hline Fifth Illinois & 4, 50000 & 15,428 70 & 1,227 70 & 299 S2 & 55, 452400 & 49, 82869 & 126,736 91 \\
\hline Eighth Illinois & 4, 25009 & 12,730 00 & & 23932 & 6, 80400 & 3, 19172 & 27, 21504 \\
\hline Thirteenth Illinois & 3,250 00 & 13, 19622 & & 18605 & 2,698 00 & 2, 186.11 & 21, 51638 \\
\hline To & 22,500 00 & 84, 75696 & 2,209 22 & 1,333 28 & 101, 56750 & 99, 44560 & 311,812 50 \\
\hline Sixth Indiana & 4,50000 & 11,91165 & 22500 & 41066 & 27, 53100 & 14,789 43 & 59,367 74 \\
\hline Sereuth Indiana & 4, 20652 & 13,534 35 & 66255 & 27400 & 5, 94300 & 7,745 40 & 32,365 82 \\
\hline Eleventh Indiana & 2, 87500 & 9,689 93 & 49263 & 19093 & 47200 & 82369 & 14,544 18 \\
\hline Total & 11,581 52 & 35, 135 93 & 1,380 18 & 87559 & 33, 94600 & 23, 35852 & 106, 27774 \\
\hline Secoud Iowa & 4,50000 & 12,115 56 & 42030 & 21906 & 8,06800 & 9, 40875 & 34, 73167 \\
\hline Third Iowa & \(\begin{array}{r}2,875 \\ 2,336 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 7,88448
5,25866 & 39400 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 15703 \\
& 17548
\end{aligned}
\] & & 1, 02740 & \(\begin{array}{r}11,94391 \\ 8,823 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline & 971196 & 25,258 & 81430 & 55157 & 088 & 1, 09476 & 55,499 29 \\
\hline Kans & 2,750 00 & 12, 35056 & 6945 & 21175 & 2, 10150 & 30064 & 17,783 00 \\
\hline Second Kentacks & 4, 50000 & 20,043 66 & 84000 & 33941 & 51, 55000 & 26,369 57 & 103,642 64 \\
\hline Fifth Kentucky & 4,500 60 & 34, 50000 & 30000 & 73022 & 172,455 00 & 67, 18530 & 279, 67052 \\
\hline Sixth Kentucky & 4, 50000 & 14,711181 & & 23578 & 48, 06500 & 30, 93488 & 98, 44745 \\
\hline Seventh Kentricky & 4,499 95 & 20, 11090 & 1, 01297 & 54919 & 74, 28100 & 22, (111 59 & 123, 06558 \\
\hline \#ighth Kentucky. & 4,000 00 & 16,359 05 & 60000 & 78201 & 54,348 50 & 10,728 81 & 86, 81837 \\
\hline Total & 21, 99995 & 105,725 42 & 2, 75297 & 2,636 59 & 400,699 50 & 157,830 13 & 691, 64456 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

硯.-INTERNAL-REVENOE EXPENSES for the fiscalyear ended June 30, 1885-Cont'd.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa tion of storekeepers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense.} \\
\hline & Salary of collector. & Deputies and: clerks. & Rent, fuel, and lights. & Stafionery and other expenses. & & & \\
\hline Louisiana & \$3, 62500 & \$21, 71085 & & \$202 12 & & \$4, 96391 & \$30, 50188 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Maine \(\qquad\) \\
Maryland \(\qquad\) \\
Third Massachnsetts Tenth Massachusetts. \\
Total. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & 2,500 00 & 4,690 28 & & 6272 & & & 7, 25300 \\
\hline & 4,500 00 & 37,941 78 & \$700 00 & 48593 & \$33, 79750 & 29,673 13 & 107, 09834 \\
\hline & 4, 50000 & 25, 04181 & 43885 & & 20 & 51 & 16 \\
\hline & 7, 62500 & 31,641 81 & 43885 & 45703 & 22,78 700 & 20,323 80 & 83, 27049 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
First Micbigan \\
Fourth Michigan
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,20652 \\
& 2,75000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
20,36319 \\
6,92364
\end{array}
\] & 1,126 06 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
34285 \\
8661 .
\end{array}
\] & & 05581
76881 & \begin{tabular}{l}
28, 09443 \\
10, 52906
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Tota & 6,956 52 & 27, 28683 & 1, 12606 & 42946 & & 2, 82462 & 38,623 49 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Minnesota \\
Mississippi
\end{tabular}} & 62500 & 15, 29003 & & 18i, 51 & & 2,652 01 & 21, 74855 \\
\hline & 3, 00000 & 11, 97885 & 480 & 10294 & & 23570 & 15,79749 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
First Missouri. ......... \\
Fourth Missouri \\
Sixth Missouri
\end{tabular}} & 4, 50000 & 27, 49412 & & 78706 & 12,081 00 & 23, 62312. & 68,485 30 \\
\hline & 3, 12500 & 7, 3851 & 40000 & 10368 & 1,48600 & 16056 & 12, 66105 \\
\hline & 4,37500 & 16, 05180 & 1, 05000 & 25533 & 14, 51550 & 7,885 74 & 44, 13337 \\
\hline T & 12.00000 & 50, 93173 & 1,450 00 & 1, 14607 & 28, 08250 & 31, 66942 & 125, 27972 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Montana (old)........ } \\
& \text { Montana (new) }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
29480 \\
2,74730
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,330 \quad 00 \\
11,84485
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8784 \\
64 亡 10
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
995 \\
27403
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10800 \\
3,04050
\end{array}
\] & 94661 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,830 \quad 59 \\
17, .494 \quad 39
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & 3, 04210 & 13, 1.7485 & 72894 & 28398 & I, 14850 & 94061 & 19,324 98 \\
\hline Nebra & 4, 500 & 15,643 99 & & 23748 & 8,300 00 & 6,182 83 & 34, 864. 30 \\
\hline & 2,518 40 & 5,635 85 & 64400 & 38252 & & & 9, 18077 \\
\hline New Hamps & 3,375 00 & 5, 04335 & & 8347 & 1, 4600 & 1,005 14 & 10, 96696 \\
\hline First New Jersey ..... Third New Jersey .... & 12500 & 9, 33 & 500
430
00 & & 230800 & & 14,687 15 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fifth Now Jersey Total} & 4, 49997 & 21, 49992 & & 21654 & 2, & 3,522
2,50 & 198,73883 \\
\hline & 11,249 97 & 39,182 55 & 93007 & 44827 & 2,308 00 & 8,945 97 & 63, 06483 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2,750 00 & 8,278 60 & 70000 & 22519 & & 71886 & 12,672 65 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{First New York
Second New York.} & 4,500 00 & 32, 63625 & 4, 15000 & 32741. & 5,684 00 & 9,54972 & 6, 847738 \\
\hline & 4, 50000 & 26,702 23 & & 13728 & & 24,649 05 & 55, 98856 \\
\hline Third New York. ..... & 4,500 00 & 40,096 36 & 3,750 00 & 60394 & & 4,48596 & 53, 43626 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fourteenth New York} & 3, 87500 & 15,506 90 & & 14882 & & 3, 97001 & 23,500 73 \\
\hline & 4, 12500 & 14, 28997 & 60000 & 13617 & 34000 & 91118 & 20,402 32 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Twenty-first New York Twenty-eighth New York} & 4, 25000 & 20, 07432 & 60000 & 27647 & 62600 & 4, 51349 & 30,340 28 \\
\hline & 4,500 00 & 25,796 16 & 1,425 60 & 44310 & 6,916 00 & 13,695 02 & 52,775 88 \\
\hline To & 30,250 00 & 175,10219 & 10, 52560 & 2, 17819 & 13,566 00 & 61, 77443 & 293, 29141 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fourth North Carolina Fifth North Carolina (old)} & 3,832 88 & 35, 21276 & 3320 & 45723 & , 99950 & 8,177 29 & 63,7.12 86 \\
\hline & 1,670 48 & 16, 00762 & 51520 & 47443 & 11,320 50 & & 29,988 23 \\
\hline Fifth North Carolina ( n (2w) & 35030 & 2, 003.00 & 6190 & 10281 & 2, 22850 & 4,697 36 & 9,443 87 \\
\hline Sixth North Carolina.. & 3,70785 & 40, 89012 & 75970 & 80433 & 100, 04400 & 22,496 23 & 168, 70223 \\
\hline Total & 9,56151 & 94, 11350 & 1.,370 00 & 1,838 80 & 129, 59250 & 35, 37088 & 271, 84719 \\
\hline First Ohio & \(4,500.00\) & 25, 74138 & 2,346 87 & 45774 & 41,70500 & 0,751 69 & 45, 502.68 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Sixth Ohio} & 4, 50000 & 11, 99998 : & 1, 07089 & 13928 & 6, 17000 & 4,954 59 & 28, 83474 \\
\hline & 3, 87500 & 15, 25155 & 97149 & 31839 & 4,43100 & 3,741 01 & 28,588 44 \\
\hline Eleventh Ohio & 4,500
4,125
4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
11,566 \\
18,800 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} & 57295
20350 & 210
33561 & \begin{tabular}{l}
7,901 \\
5,77200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 4,84125
3,09194 & \begin{tabular}{l}
29,592 \\
32,328 \\
\hline 14
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Tota & 21,500 00 & 83,359 73 & 5,165 70 & 1,461 09 & 65, 97900 & 87, 38048 & 264, 84600 \\
\hline Oregon & 2,874 95 & 10,301 43 & & 20095 & 1,045 00 & 1,113 82 & 15,53615 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

EK.-INTERNAL-RETENUE EXPENSAS for the fiscalyear ended June 30, 1885—Cont'd.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of storekeeper's.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation ot gangers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{'Total expense.} \\
\hline & Sulary of collector. & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, foel and lights. & Stationery and other expenses. & & & \\
\hline First Pennsylvania... & \$4, 50000 & \$41, 65828 & & \$351 26 & \$8:552 00 & \$40, 20457 & \$95; 26611 \\
\hline Nintl Pennsylvania & 4,500 00 & 22,783 52 & \$749 08 & 38461 & 23,367 00 & 2, 87595 & 54,660 16 \\
\hline Twelfth Penusylvania & 3,500 00 & 16, 21775 & 60000 & 38269 & 7,332 00 & 4,556 84 & 32,589 28 \\
\hline Nincteenth Pennsylvania. & 2,750 00 & 8, 77904 & & 9332 & 2,303 00 & 24278 & 14, 36814 \\
\hline Twenty-second Pennsylvania & 4,500 00 & 19, 23435 & 1, 27382 & 39110 & 51, 42150 & 14, 02062 & 90, 841.39 \\
\hline Twenty-third. Pennsylvania. & 4,375 00 & 12, 85643 & 86000 & 14983 & 9,634 00 & 6, 10798 & 33,983 2 \\
\hline Total & 24, 12500 & 121, 52937 & 3,482 90 & 1,752 81 & 102,609 50 & 68, 00874 & 321, 50832 \\
\hline Rhode Islan & 2,750 00 & 5,58871 & & 11482 & & 65572 & 9, 10925 \\
\hline South Caro & 3,250 00 & 18.51956 & & 26974 & 5,531 00 & 1,969 59 & 29,539 89 \\
\hline Second Tennesse Fiith 'Tennessee. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,50000 \\
& 4,37500
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 13,22470 \\
& 21,95508
\end{aligned}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 17974 \\
& 60909
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8,90400 \\
99,97700
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
5,73694 \\
10,88759
\end{array}
\] & 30,545 38 87, 80370 \\
\hline Total & 6,875 00 & 35, 17978 & & 78877 & 58,881 00 & 16, 62453 & 118,349 08 \\
\hline First Texas & 2, 49999 & 7,688 54 & 82190 & 9972. & & 2,781 05 & 13,891 20 \\
\hline Thind Texas. & 2,500 00 & 9,714 81 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
94 \\
90 \\
\hline 90
\end{tabular} & 7400 & 15042 & 12,533 43 \\
\hline Fourth Texas & 2,625 00 & 11,643 80 & 43325 & 25616 & 2,38700 & 40672 & 17,75193 \\
\hline Total & 7,624 90 & 29, 04715 & 1,255 15 & 49743 & 2,461 00 & 3,338 19 & 44, 22391 \\
\hline Vermont & 2,124 98 & 4, 16102 & 14863 & 3909 & & & 6, 47372 \\
\hline Second Virgini & 4.50000 & 36, 185 13 & & 39391 & & 12, 50309 & 53,58213 \\
\hline Fourth Virgin & 4, 000000 & 24, 383193 & & 44753 & 4, 888500 & 8,76300 & 43,387 24 \\
\hline th & 4, 12500 & 23,281 89 & 1,397 & 62045 & 22,430 00 & 7,210 96 & 59,066 05 \\
\hline Tota & 12, 62500 & 83, 79995 & 2,356 53 & 1,461 89 & 27,315 00 & 28, 47705 & 156,035 42 \\
\hline West Virgini & 3, 62501 & 15, 62711 & \(2 \% 334\) & 33889 & 6; 12000 & 5, 85953 & 31,793 88 \\
\hline First Wisconsin & 4, 50000 & 11, 03487 & & 21973 & 12,640 00 & 10, 79732 & 39, 19192 \\
\hline Second Wisconsin & 2, 75000 & 5, 20000 & & 51.93 & & 41144 & 8,413 37 \\
\hline Third Wisconsin & 3, 00000 & 8, 64080 & 48329 & 16874 & 1,443 00 & J, 11.645 & 14, 85234 \\
\hline Sixth Wisconsin & 2,750 00 & 6,232 35 & 4000 & 8562 & & & 9,467 97 \\
\hline Total & 13, 00000 & 31, 10808 & 88329 & 52602 & 14, 08300 & 12, 32521. & 71,925 60 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITULATION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa. tion of storekeepers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensa tion of gangers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense.} \\
\hline & Salary of collector. & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, fuel, aud Jights. & Stationery and other expenses. & & & \\
\hline Alabama & \$2, 75010 & \$12,960 48 & \$200 00 & \$200 06 & \$1,594 50 & \$1, 95545 & \$19,660 59 \\
\hline Arkansas & 2, 75005 & 11,574 58 & & 29205 & 11,048 50 & 1,368 45 & 27, 03363 \\
\hline California & 7, 500000 & 51, 68371 & 1, 27334 & 1,300 62 & 21,900 00 & 26, 93767 & 1110, 59534 \\
\hline Colorado & 3, 00000 & 12, 64355 & 1, 10000 & 12533 & & 1, 4:0 64 & 18,279 52 \\
\hline Connectic & 3, 37500 & J5,501 08 & 45000 & 17079 & 2, 44400 & 4,765 38 & 26,796 25 \\
\hline Delaware & 3, 00000 & 7, 221006 & 28238 & 6797 & 21000 & 1,679 37 & 12,400 78 \\
\hline Florida & 3,000 00 & 9, 910 & 59529 & 11349 & & & 13,619 48 \\
\hline Georgia & 3,250 05 & 36,674 64 & 2500 & 53425 & 22, 85400 & 7,656 34 & 70, 99448 \\
\hline Ilinois & 22,500 00 & 84, 75696 & 2, 20922 & 1,333 28 & 101,567 50 & 99,445 60 & 311, 81256 \\
\hline Indiana & 11,581 52 & 35, 13593 & 1,380 18. & 875 59 & 33,94600 & 23, 35852 & 106, 27774 \\
\hline Iowa & 9,71196 & 25, 25870 & 81430 & 55157 & 8, 06800 & 11, 09476 & 55,49929 \\
\hline Kansas & 2,750 00 & 12, 35056 & 6945. & 21175 & 2,10150 & 30064 & 17, 78390 \\
\hline Kentucky & 21, 39995 & 105, 72542 & 2,752 97 & 2,636 59 & 400,699 50 & 157, 83013 & 691, 64456 \\
\hline Louisiauar & 3, 625000 & 21,710 85 & & 20212 & & 4,963 91 & 30,50188 \\
\hline Maine. & 2,500 00 & 4, 69028 & & 6272 & & & 7,253 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
K.-INTERNAL REVENUE EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885-Con'd.

RECAPITULATION-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Expenses of collector's office.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of storekeepers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of gangers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total expense.} \\
\hline & Salary of collector. & Deputies and clerks. & Rent, fuel, and lights. & Stationery and other ex. penses. & & & \\
\hline Maryland & \$4,500 00, & \$37, 941 78 & \$700 00 & \$485 93 & \$33,797 50 & \$29, 67313 & \$107, 09834 \\
\hline Massachosetts & 7,625 00 & 31,641 81 & 43885 & 45703 & 22,784 00 & 20,323 80 & 83, 27049 \\
\hline Mchigan & 6, 05652 & 27, 28683 & 1,126 06 & 42946 & & 2,824 62 & 38,623 49 \\
\hline Mnnesota & 3,625 00 & 15, 29003 & & 18151 & & 2,652 01 & 21,748 55 \\
\hline Mssissippi & 3,000 00 & 11,978 85 & 48000 & 10294 & & 23570 & 15, 797. 49 \\
\hline Mssorri & 12,000 00 & 50,931 73 & 1,450 00 & 1,14607 & 28,082 50 & 31, 66942 & 125, 27972 \\
\hline Montana & 3, 04210 & 13, 17485 & 72894 & ¢283 98 & 1,14850 & 94661 & 19,324 98 \\
\hline Nebraska & 4,50000 & 15, 64399 & & 23748 & 8,300 00 & 6, 18283 & 34, 86430 \\
\hline Nevada & 2,518 40 & 5,635 85 & 64400 & 38252 & & & 9,18077 \\
\hline New Hampshi & 3,375 00 & 5, 04335 & & 8347 & 1,460 00 & 1, 00514 & 10,966 96 \\
\hline New Jersey & 11, 24997 & 39,182 55 & 93007 & 44827 & 2,308 00 & 8,945 97 & 63, 06483 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2,750 00 & 8,278 60 & 70000 & 22519 & & 71886 & 12, 67265 \\
\hline New York & 30, 25000 & 175, 10219 & 10,52560 & 2, 07319 & 13,566 00 & 61,774 43 & 293, 29141 \\
\hline North Carolina & 9, 56151 & 94, 11350 & 1,370 00 & 1,838 80 & 129,59250 & 35, 37088 & 271, 84719 \\
\hline Ohio & 21, 50000 & 83,359 73 & 5,165 70 & 1,46109 & 65,979 00 & 87, 38048 & 264, 84600 \\
\hline Oregon & 2, 87495 & 10,301 43 & & 20095 & 1, 04500 & 1,11382 & 15,536 15 \\
\hline Pennsylvania & 24, 12500 & 121, 52937 & 3,48290 & 1,75281 & 102, 60950 & 68, 00874 & 321, 50832 \\
\hline Rhode Island & 2,75000 & 5,588 71 & & 11482 & & 65572 & 9, 10925 \\
\hline South Carolina & 3, 25000 & 18,519 56 & & 26974 & 5,531 00 & 1,969 59 & 29,539 89 \\
\hline Tenness & 6,875 00 & 35, 17978 & & 78877 & 58, 88100 & 16, 62453 & 118, 34908 \\
\hline Texas & 7,624 99] & 29,047 15 & 1, 25515 & 49743 & 2,461 00 & 3,338 19 & 44,223 91 \\
\hline \(V\) Vermont & 2, 12498 & 4, 16102 & 14863 & 3909 & & & 6,473 72 \\
\hline Virginia. & 12, 62500 & 83,799 95 & 2, 35653 & 1,461 89 & 27, 31500 & 28,477 05 & 156, 03542 \\
\hline West Virginia & 3,625 01 & 15,627 11 & 223, 34 & 33889 & 6,120 00 & 5.85958 & 31,793 88 \\
\hline Wisconsin & 13, 00000 & 31, 10808 & 88329 & \(52602{ }^{\text {\% }}\) & 14,083 00 & 12,325 21 & 71,925 60 \\
\hline Total. & 308,622 06 & 1,417,356 50 & 43,761 19 & 24, 50552 & \({ }^{1} 1,131,49700\) & 2770, 84302 & 3,696,585 29 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) Of this amonnt the sum of \(\$ 27,634\) was paid for services of storekeepers during last fiscal fear, and belongs to expenses of 1884 .
2 Of this total the sum of \(\$ 26,822.32\) belongs te expenses of 1884 , baving been paid out of appropriation for deficiency of that year.
\[
2673 \text { ょ-_-30 }
\]

\section*{. RRPORT OF THE SIXTH AUDITOR.}
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\section*{REPORT}

OF THE

\title{
AUDI'TOR 0F THE TREASURY FOR THE POST-0FFICE DEPARTMENT.
}

\author{
Office of the Auditor of the Treasury \\ for the Post.Office Department, Washington, D. C., November 17, 1885.
}

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the report of the business operations of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885. The financial transactions of the Post-Office Department during the last fiscal year have been exhilited in detail in the annual report to the Post-master-General, which was submitted on the 5th instant.

During the past fiscal year the Money-Order Division of this office labored under an immense accumulation of work, and it was found impossible to adjust or settle accounts pertaining to that division as speedily as requisite for a prompt transaction of the public business. This was a source of great embarrassment in cases where statements of account were suddenly called for by legal representatives of the Government, when needed by them in criminal prosecutions or the investigation of irregularities. I am gratified to report, however, that tho business has been so systematized that the vast accumulation of arrears of work no longer exists. More than 40,000 money-orders and postal notes are checked, assorted, and numbered daily, and the weekly statements corresponding thereto examined and registered, and I anticipate no difficulty in future in having quarterly reports made of the revenues of the money-order business, which reports have not been made since the establishment of the money-order system, although, in my opinion, contemplated by law.
The ten clerks authorized for the purpose of ascertaining the number and amount of unpaid money-orders, with a view to the destruction or other disposition of the accumulation of weekly money-order statements, have heretofore been engaged apon the current work but will now be transferred to the work which it was originally intended they should perform.

Very respectfully,

\author{
D. McOONVILLE, Auditor.
}

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

Note.-Much of the summary relating to the duties and work of the different divisions of the office is omitted for want of space, but it can all be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's report.

ACCOUNTS SUBMITTED for SUIT during the fiscal year ended June 301885
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Third quarter， 1884.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Fourth quarter． 1884.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{First quarter， 1885.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Second quarter， 1885.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Total．} \\
\hline & No． & Amoint． & No． & Amount． & No． & \(\Delta\) mount． & No． & Amount． & No． & Amount． \\
\hline Postal & 4 & \＄1，391 08 & 21 & \＄4，037 07 & 3 & \＄1， 24176 & 6 & \＄3，414 95 & 34 & \＄10，084 86 \\
\hline Money－order & 2 & 1，215 46 & 4 & 88738 & 2 & 8，265 86 & 3 & 1，302 80 & 11 & 11， 67150 \\
\hline Failing bidders and contractors & & & & & 7 & 19，443 76 & 12 & 8，894 10 & 19 & 28； 33786 \\
\hline Superintendent and disbursing clerk Post－OfficeD Depart－ ment．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & & 1 & 30，279 45 & & & & & 1 & － 30,27945 \\
\hline Total． & B & 2，606 54 & 26 & 35， 20390 & 12 & 28，951 38 & 21 & 13，611 85 & 65 & 80，373 67 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

AMOUNT COLLECTED in SUIT．CASES daring the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885.


NUMBER of GENERAL POSTAL ACCOUNTS of postmasters，the increase in the num－ ber and the classification of the offices，for the fiscal year ended June 30， 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States and Territories．} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{First，second，and third class offices．} & Fourth class offices． & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{First，sec－ ond，and third－class offices．} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline &  &  & 总 &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 易 } \\
& \text { 咢 } \\
& \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \\
& \stackrel{\circ}{\circ}
\end{aligned}
\] & &  &  &  & \\
\hline Alabama & & 2 & 20 & 22 & 1，385 & i， 407 & 21 & 2 & 4 & \\
\hline Alaslsa． & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Arizona． & & & \({ }^{6}\) & \({ }^{6}\) & 137 & 143 & 6 & & 1 & \\
\hline Arkansas． & & 1 & 17 & 18 & 1， 100 & 1，118 & 22
12 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\
\hline California & 1 & & 57 & 58 & 945 & 1， 003 & 12 & 5 & 5 & 1 \\
\hline Colorado．． & & 1 & 32 & 33 & 475 & 508 & 2 & 2 & 5 & \\
\hline Connecticut & & 2 & 53 & 55 & 421 & 466 & 1 & 6 & 8 & 1 \\
\hline Daksota & & 1 & 41 & 42 & 866 & 908 & 80 & & 5 & \\
\hline Delararo． & & & 7 & 7 & 117 & 124 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\
\hline District of Columbia & 1 & & & 1 & \({ }^{6}\) & 7 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \\
\hline Florida & & 1 & 14 & 15 & 559 & 574 & 58 & 1 & 8 & 1 \\
\hline Georgia & & 2 & 28 & 30 & 1， 340 & 1，370 & 29 & 4 & 12 & 4 \\
\hline Idabo．．． & & 1 & 4 & 5 & 173 & 178 & 8 & & 1 & \\
\hline Illinois & 1 & 2 & 188 & 191 & 1，998 & 2，189 & 12 & 9 & 31 & \\
\hline Indiana． & & 4 & 90 & 94 & 1， 780 & 1，874 & 25 & 7 & 20 & 1 \\
\hline Indian． & & & 1 & 1 & 147 & 148 & 12 & & & \\
\hline Iowa．． & & 1 & 128 & 133 & 1， 506 & 1，639 & 22 & 9 & 30 & 5 \\
\hline Kansas & & 1 & 92 & 93 & 1，555 & 1，648 & 44 & 4 & 16 & 1 \\
\hline Kentucky & & 2 & 37 & 39 & 1， 672 & 1，711 & 55 & 3 & 8 & 1 \\
\hline Lonisiana & 1 & & 11 & 12 & 584 & \({ }^{596}\) & 16 & 1. & 2 & 1 \\
\hline Maine．．． & & 3 & 34 & 37 & 981 & 1， 018 & \(\stackrel{23}{7}\) & 4 & 6
0 & \\
\hline Margland ．．．． & 1 & & 118 & 119 & 819
670 & 838
787 & 7 & 116 & \(\begin{array}{r}\square 9 \\ \hline 6\end{array}\) & 2 \\
\hline Massachusetts & 1 & & 114 & 115 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
670 \\
1,509
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
787 \\
1,624
\end{array}
\] & 11 & & 16 & \\
\hline Michigan． & & 5
2
2 & 110
50 & 115 & 1， 1,058 & 1,624
1,110 & 13 & 7
2 & 13 & 2 \\
\hline Minuesota & & 2 & 50
22 & 52
23 & 1,058
898 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,110 \\
& 921
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 13 \\
& 57
\end{aligned}
\] & 2 & 13
9 & 2 \\
\hline Mississippi & & 1 & 78 & 79 & 1，914 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{9 2 1} \\
1,993
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 57 \\
& 19
\end{aligned}
\] & 5 & 16 & \\
\hline Missoari．． & 1 & 1 & 11 & 12 & 1， 214 & 1，938 & 37 & & 1 & 2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NUMBER of GENERAL POSTAL ACCOUNTS of postmasters, fo.-Continned.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{States and Territories.} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{First, second, and third class offices.} & Fourth class offices. & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{First, second, and third-class ofifices.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline &  &  &  &  &  & & &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Railway postal } \\
& \text { clerks. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline Nebraska. & & 1 & 52 & 53 & 927 & 980 & 50 & 2 & 8 & \\
\hline Nevada. & & & 9 & 9 & 133 & 142 & *2 & & 2 & \\
\hline New Hampshire & & 2 & 30 & 32 & 477 & 509 & 8 & 2 & 5 & \\
\hline New Jersey & & 1 & 62 & 63 & 695 & 758 & 12 & 7 & 2 & 4 \\
\hline New Mexico. & & 1 & 6 & 7 & 183 & 190 & 18 & & 2 & \\
\hline New York & 2 & 10 & 209 & 22.1 & 2,935 & 3,156 & 24 & 19 & 36 & 3 \\
\hline North Carolina & & 1 & 23 & 24 & 1,839 & 1, 863 & 55 & 4 & 8 & \\
\hline Ohio........... & 1 & 4 & 131 & 136 & 2,588 & 2,724 & 12 & 12 & 27 & \\
\hline Oregon & ... & 1 & 13 & 14 & 453 & 467 & 19 & 1 & 2 & \\
\hline Pennsylvania & - 1 & 6 & 159 & 166 & 3,727 & 3,893 & \(\bigcirc 75\) & 15 & 36 & 1 \\
\hline Rhode Island & & 1 & 10 & 11 & 115 & 126 & - 1 & 3 & 1 & \\
\hline South Carolina & & 1 & 18 & 19 & 794 & 813 & 18 & 1 & 7 & \\
\hline Tennessee & & 3 & 24 & 27 & 1, 842 & 1,869 & 56 & 4 & 10 & 8 \\
\hline Texas. & & 2 & 75 & 77 & 1, 607 & 1, 684 & 77 & 6 & 14 & 1 \\
\hline Utah. & & 1 & 4 & 5 & 235 & 240 & & 1 & 2 & \\
\hline Vermont. & & 4 & 22 & 26 & 490 & 516 & 5 & 1 & 7 & \\
\hline Virginia & & 1 & 30 & 31 & 2, 053 & 2,084 & 101 & 4 & 11 & 4 \\
\hline Washington & & & 11 & 11 & 353 & 364 & 33 & & 3 & 1 \\
\hline West Virginia & & 1 & 16 & 17 & 1,144 & 1,161 & 45 & 1 & 6 & \\
\hline Wisconsin & & 2 & 81 & 83 & 1,410 & 1,493 & 33 & 6 & 19 & \\
\hline W yoming. & & 1 & 3 & 4 & 106 & 110 & 12 & & 1 & \\
\hline Total & 11 & 83 & 2, 251 & 2,345 & 48,942 & . 51,287 & & 178 & 449 & 50 \\
\hline Increase & & *1 & *11 & \({ }^{*} 12\) & 1,263 & 1, 251 & & 19 & 26 & * 4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* Decrease.

Number of CHANGES of POST-OFFICES and POSTMASTERS during the fiscal year Offices established and re-established ......................................... 1,051
Offices discontinued. 700
New bonds given by postmasters. I. 115

Miscellaneous changes ;,731
\(\qquad\)

Accounts of late postmasters adjusted during the year .................... 10,492
Balances due on late postmasters' accounts when finally stated........... \(\$ 51,13289\)
Accounts of late postmasters unadjusted at close of fiscal year ............ 7, 763
Decrease in number of late accounts ............................................ 4,204
BALANCES DUE the UNITED STATES, for the payment of which SPECIAL INSTROCTIONS were issued to postmasters during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Quarter ended-} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Presidential.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Fourth class.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Total.} \\
\hline & No. of cases. & Amount. & No. of cases. & Amount. & No. of cases. & Amount. \\
\hline September 30, 1884 & 1 2,162 & \$157, 02811 & 2,186 & \$22,553 93 & 4,348 & \$179, 58204 \\
\hline December 31, 1884 & 2,006 & 36, 08577 & 1,770 & 26, 22887 & 3,776 & 62, 31444 \\
\hline March 31, 1885 & 2,718 & 72,754 95 & 1,552 & 26,410 16 & 4,270 & 99, 16511 \\
\hline June 30, 1885. & 2,542 & 59,383 94 & 1,703 & 30,881 92 & 4,245 & 90, 26586 \\
\hline Total & 9,428 & 325, 25277 & 7,211 & 106, 074 d8 & 16, 639 & 431, 32745 \\
\hline Increase & 222 & 7,719 54 & 1,916 & *13,502 58 & 2,138 & *5,783 03 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT SHOWING the PRINCIPAL TRANSACTIONS in MONEY ORDERS and POSTAL NOTES during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multirow{2}{*}{No.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Value.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Increase.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Decrease.} \\
\hline & & & No. & Value. & No. & Value. \\
\hline Number of money order statements received, examined, filed, and registered & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{7 3 367, 380} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{38,896} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| ............} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{109,801} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\$ 4,262,34071\)} \\
\hline Money-orders issued, domestic .... & & 117, 858, 92127 & & & & \\
\hline Postal notes issued... ........... & 5, 058, 287 & 9, 996, 27437 & 1,369, 050 & \$2, 584, 28189 & & \\
\hline International money ordersissued: & & & & & & \\
\hline Canada \({ }_{\text {Great Britain }}\)................... & 45,589
199,522 & 821,71508
\(2,661,248.45\) & & & 3,488
16782
7 & 139,88519
363,45196 \\
\hline Germany & 152, 816 & 2, 277, 55316 & & & 7, 751 & 214, 75446 \\
\hline Switzerland & 15, 608 & 283, 04969 & 302 & & & 12,176 95 \\
\hline Italy & 22, 552 & 585, 84751 & & & 4,629 & 150, 61884 \\
\hline France & 9, 359 & 141, 73445 & 546 & 5, 90880 & & \\
\hline Jamaica. & 164 & 2, 83407 & 25 & 6397 & & \\
\hline New Zealand..... & 199 & 4,473 20 & & & 15 & 85425 \\
\hline New South Wales
Victoria & 166 & 3, 83363 & 13 & 34454 & & \\
\hline Victoria & 234 & 5,72178 & 36 & 72189 & & \\
\hline Belgiam & 1, 173 & 20,96130 & & 4,827 18 & & \\
\hline Portugal & 256 & 5,771 77 & & & & 1,825 26 \\
\hline Sweden & 939 & 18,520 46 & 939 & 18,520 46 & & \\
\hline Tasmania. & 8 & 9464 & & & & 2215 \\
\hline Windward & 88 & 1,935 13 & & 1, 9371 & & \\
\hline Cape Colony & 22 & 50887 & & 50887 & & \\
\hline Hawaii. & 132 & 2, 26695 & 81 & 1, 29617 & & \\
\hline Queensland & 25 & 66558 & 25 & 66558 & & \\
\hline Money orders paid, received, exam ined, assorted, clecked, and filed: Domestic & 7, 657, 710 & 117, 165, 88643 & & & & 3, 935,81060 \\
\hline Postal notes paid, \& ec & 4,946, 682 & 9,819,515 98 & i, 596,368 & \(2,664,13646\) & & 3,935, 81060 \\
\hline International money orders paid, & & & & & & \\
\hline \&c.: & & & & & & \\
\hline Canada & 85, 670 & 1,276, 48270 & 8,912 & 95,08017 & & \\
\hline Great Britain & 41, 119 & 651,347 41 & 5, 607 & 71, 61675 & & \\
\hline Germany & 52,192 & 1,529, 33559 & 6, 789 & 177, 68280 & & \\
\hline Switzerland & 5, 879 & 167, 55025 & 1, 030 & 26,609 14 & & \\
\hline Italy ... & 1,214 & 34, 33676 & 169 & 5,825 16 & & \\
\hline France & 4,056 & 82, 83478 & 451 & 11,962 92 & & \\
\hline Jamaica & 1,639 & 51,04143 & 235 & 13,845 78 & & \\
\hline New Zealand & 1, 972 & 23, 93006 & 213 & 1,369 93 & & \\
\hline New Soath Wal & 782 & 16, 36941 & 89 & 2,15063 & & \\
\hline Victoria & 681 & 12, 81983 & 74 & & & 48164 \\
\hline Belgiam & 1, 173 & 28,49708 & 33 & 4, 55117 & & \\
\hline Portugal & 143 & 3,487 01 & 94 & 2,381 11 & & \\
\hline Swedon & 315 & 8, 93173 & 315 & 8, 93173 & & \\
\hline Tasmania & 93 & 1, 10191 & 18 & 10335 & & \\
\hline Wiudwar & 417 & 10,339 90 & 417 & 10,339 90 & & \\
\hline India & 433 & 5, 68458 & & & 72 & 1,364 57 \\
\hline Cape Colouy & 136
4,238 & 1,51756
125,89888
2 & \({ }_{1}^{136}\) & 1,517 56 & & \\
\hline Queensland. & 210 & 5,110 03 & 210 & 5,110 03 & & \\
\hline Money orders repaid, received, examined, assorted, checked, and filed: & & & & & & \\
\hline Domestic & 55, 203 & 830, 31863 & & & 5,456 & 39, 06714 \\
\hline Postal notes repaid, \&c........... & 65,415 & 128, 50782 & 17,313 & 29,76140 & & \\
\hline International money orders repaid,
\&c: & & & & & & \\
\hline Canada & 404 & 6, 75836 & 30 & 61587 & & \\
\hline Great Britain & 537 & 7, 19901 & & & & 1,250 01 \\
\hline Germany . & 743 & 9, 42832 & & & 223 & 3,917 70 \\
\hline Switzerland & & 87378 & & & 21 & 1,326 86 \\
\hline Ftaly... & 98 & 1,860 59 & & 42553 & & \\
\hline France & 116 & 1,516 31 & 17 & & & 3526 \\
\hline Jamaica ..... & 11 & 18850 & 9 & 16470 & & \\
\hline New Zealand \({ }_{\text {New }}^{\text {Nouth Wales ............... }}\) & 7 & 8412 & & 8397 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
New South Wales \\
Belgium
\end{tabular} & 22 & 1461
74680 & & 57292 & & 2500 \\
\hline India... & 6 & 13702 & 2 & 10735 & & \\
\hline Hawaii & & 6500 & 2 & 6400 & & \\
\hline Victoria .................... & & & & & 5 & 3712 \\
\hline Net increase in number of tran & asactions & (issued)........ & 1, 228, 913 & & & \\
\hline Net increase in number of trans &  & .............. & 1,510, 989 & & & \\
\hline Net decrease in values (paid an & al repaid) & & & & & 2, 786, 45987 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT SHOWING the PRINCIPAL INTERNATIONAL MONEY-ORDER TRANSACTIONS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

BALANCES RECEIVED by the UNITED STATES on SETTLEMEN1 of POSTAL ACCOUNTS with FOREIGN GOPERNMENTS.
Barbadoes ..... \(\$ 15991\)
Republic of Honduras ..... 1, 16258
United States of Colombia ..... 382
Italy ..... 4,425 48
Hong-Kong ..... 11530
Curacao ..... 13820
Hayti. ..... 411
Canada ..... 14,598 78
Trinidad ..... 1343
Japan ..... 16,955 41
England ..... 10202
New South Wales ..... 7632
12206
'Total amount received ..... 43,825 84
balances paid foreign gopernments on the Settlement of postal ACCOUNTS.
Denmark ..... \(\$ 17.01252\)
St. Thomas
24,989 96
Geriaany
13196
13196
Austro-Hungary ..... 1,668 88
France ..... 6,609 90
Belgium ..... 23,341 50
Bermuda ..... 36072
Sweden ..... 2,305 22
Argentine Republic ..... 9232
Total amount paid ..... 76,696 94
WEIGHT of FOREIGN MAILS sent during the fiscal year.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Countries. & Letters. & Papers. & Countries. & Letters. & Papers. \\
\hline & Gra & Grams & & Gra & Gram \\
\hline England & 89, 723, 917 & 422, 918, 376 & Chili.............. & 652, 160 & 11, 068,789 \\
\hline Austria & 6, 789,925 & 16,810,766 & Windward Islands.. & 730, 900 & 7,324, 305 \\
\hline Belgiam & 1,970, 165 & 11, 029,535 & Pera & 506, 1.97 & 10, 636,787 \\
\hline Deninark & 3, 346,560 & 6, 977, 043 & Venozuela & 524, 790 & 5, 879, 298 \\
\hline France & 11, 907, 963 & 59, 158, 21.4 & Newfoundland & 410, 474 & 3, 671, 445 \\
\hline Germany & 52, 138, 628 & 179, 055, 342 & Hayti. & 256, 460 & 2,796,007 \\
\hline Italy.... & 7, 112, 917 & 19, 832, 550 & St. Thomas & 224, 853 & \(2,549,133\) \\
\hline Notherla & 2, 274, 000 & 8, 382, 694 & Honduras & 324, 305 & 3,130, 506 \\
\hline Norway & 6, 243, 755 & 11, 829, 370 & Guatemala & 392, 002 & 5, 144, 614 \\
\hline Portugal & 790, 225 & 2, 199, 075 & Salvador & 194, 866 & 2, 795, 719 \\
\hline Russia. & 3, 924, 880 & 6, 836,582 & Ecuador & 192, 311 & 2,594, 772 \\
\hline Spain & 1,574, 55 & 33, \({ }^{\text {a }}\), 696,475 & Curagao & 242, 290 & 1, 330,669 \\
\hline Sweden..... & \(\begin{array}{r}11,133,785 \\ 4,269 \\ \hline 10\end{array}\) & 19, 360,446 & San Doıningo & 158,545 & 2, 285, 620 \\
\hline Turkey & 453, 750 & 5, 437, 955 & Nicaragaa.. & 193, 846 & 3, 092,046 \\
\hline Cuba & 3,461, 805 & 22, 559, 081 & Argentine Republic & 414, 487 & 6, 021, 898 \\
\hline Porto Rico & 323, 355 & 3, 607, 557 & Costr Rica.. & 169,850 & 2, 588, 183 \\
\hline Mexico & 907, 564 & 7,971, 695 & St. Pierre and Mi- & & \\
\hline Hawaiian Islands & 1,656,521 & 17, 753, 253 & quelon ............ & 224, 853 & 2, 549, 133 \\
\hline Onited States of & 1,440,326 & 14, 617, 880 & Tahiti and Mar-
quesas & 54,944 & \\
\hline Japan & 1, 375, 465. & 16, 245, 878 & Turk's Islauds & 28,035 & , 205, 722 \\
\hline Hong-Kon & 1,241,925 & 5, 070, 706 & Uragray & 139, 415 & 2, 102, 158 \\
\hline Brazil & 837, 774 & 9, 475, 106 & Paraguay & 3, 375 & 38, 801 \\
\hline Sbanghai & 2, 200 & 2, 860, 152 & Now Caledon & 4,186 & 95, 948 \\
\hline Bermuda & 603, 185 & 5, 060, 667 & Barbadoes & 10,840 & 93, 829 \\
\hline & & & Total weight sent. & 222, 267, 094 & 1, 004, 662, 036 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Number of reports for transportation made to Postmaster.General ..... 214
Decrease.
\$331, 90324 Total amount reported ..... 4, 69442

\section*{REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.}

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

\section*{REPORT}
of

\section*{THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.}

\author{
Treasury of the United States, Washington, D. C., November 1, 1885.
}

SIr: The following report upon the operations of the Treasury of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, and its condition on that and subsequent dates, is respectfully submitted:

\section*{RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.}

The net revenue of the Government was \(\$ 24,829,163.54\) less than that of the preceding year, and the net expenditure was greater by \(\$ 16,100,690.78\). The surplus applicable to the reduction of the debt was therefore \(\$ 40,929,854.32\) less than in the fiscal year 1884. The following table shows the details:


The receipts on account of the Post-Óffice Department, not included in the above statement, amounted to \(\$ 47,309,735.35\), an increase of \(\$ 3,487,249.53\) over those of the preceding year; the expenditures increased from \(\$ 46,281,124.87\), in 1884 , to \(\$ 50,326,314.50\), in 1885 , or \(\$ 4,045,189.63\). Of the amounts received and expended \(\$ 25,687,933.74\) did not actually pass through the Treasury, having been received and disbursed by postmasters.

\section*{SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS.}

The issue of United States notes during the year, in place of such as were returued in a worn and mutilated condition, amounted to \$34,493,153.

Silver certificates to the amount of \(\$ 40,000,000\) were issued, and \(\$ 20,990,045\) were redeemed during the year.

Gold certificates of the old issue amounting to \(\$ 5,420\) were redeemed. Of the new issue, \(\$ 63,000,000\) were issued and \(\$ 21,017,100\) redeemed.

Coupons from United States bonds to the amount of \(\$ 3,084,667.45\) were received from the several assistant treasurers by whom they were paid, and examined in this office.

Called bonds of the United States amounting to \(\$ 45,968,600\) were redeemed, of which amount \(\$ 45,588,150\) was for the sinking fund.
Interest amounting to \(\$ 42,570,736.64\) on registered bonds of the United States, including those issued to the Pacific railroad companies, was paid by means of 245,159 checks on the Treasurer and assistaut treasurers. The payment of the warrants' of the Secretary of the Treasury required the issue of 50,127 drafts; 74,659 drafts on warrants of the Post-master-General, and 27,800 transfer checks on assistant treasurers were issued, making a total of 397,745 drafts and checks issued in the office.

The national banks withdrew \(\$ 53,303,350\) of bonds held to secure their- circulating notes, and \(\$ 31,300,700\) of bonds were deposited for that purpose, a net decrease of \(\$ 22,002,650\). There were also deposited by national banks, designated as depositaries, \(\$ 3,904,450\) in bonds to secure public moneys deposited with them, and \(\$ 3,357,450\) of bonds so held were withdrawn. The total movement of bonds was \(\$ 91,865,950\).

The natioual banks paid into the Treasury on account of semi-annual duty on their circulation the sum of \(\$ 2,794,584.01\), which was \(\$ 230,084.23\) less than was paid on that account the preceding year.

Circulating notes of national banks amounting to \(\$ 150,209,129\) were received for redemption during the year. This amount included notes of national banks that have failed, gone into liquidation, or are reducing circulation, of which \(\$ 28,462,225\) were redeemed during the year.

The books of the Treasury show that the disbursing officers of the United States had to their credit at the close of the year \(\$ 21,126,059.89\).
Interest on the 3.65 per cent. bonds of the District of Columbia, amounting to \(\$ 519,604.23\), was paid during the year, of which \(\$ 110,062.23\) was paid by means of coupons, and \(\$ 409,542\), being the amount of interest on registered bonds, by means of checks.

The unavailable funds of the Treasury were increased from \(\$ 29,514\), 665.44 to \(\$ 29,525,325.74\) during the year.

\section*{THE STATE OF THE TREASURY.}

The condition of the Treasury on September 30, 1885, compared with that on September 30,1884, is shown by the following tables. The form of presenting the assets and liabilities of the Treasury was changed in March last. Both the old and the new forms were published until the close of the fiscal year, when the publication of the old form was discontinued. In order that comparison may be facilitated both forms are given here.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
Old form. \\
September 30, 1884.
\end{tabular} & New form transposed into old form. September 30, 1885. \\
\hline Assets. & * & \\
\hline Gold Coin & \$165, 869, 78016 & \$180, 863, 79865 \\
\hline Gold Bullion & 52, 801, 30870 & 71, 271, 01362 \\
\hline Standard Silver Dollar & 142, 349, 40900 & 165, 431, 08300 \\
\hline Fractional Silver Coin & 29, 476, 71563 & 23, 526, 35144 \\
\hline Silver Bullion & 4, 718, 99373 & 3,732,336 69 \\
\hline Gold Certificate & 33, 640, 92000 & 22, 491, 51000 \\
\hline Silver Certificates & 26, 165, 84000 & 31, 733, 44000 \\
\hline United States Notes & 37, 035, 10601 & 50, 926, 52949 \\
\hline National-Bank Notes & 11, 113, 63456 & 6,488, 52623 \\
\hline Fractional Currency & 7,179 68 & 2,668. 52 \\
\hline Deposits held by National-Bank Depositaries & 14, 368, 40699 & 15, 515, 51423 \\
\hline Minor Coin & 829, 01950 & 791,596 84 \\
\hline Redeemed One- and Two-Year Notes & 21864 & \\
\hline Redeemed Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872) & 375, 00000 & 1, 075,000 00 \\
\hline Interest Checks and Coupons Paid & 131, 89053 & 150,246 57 \\
\hline Interest on District of Columbia Bond & 5, 94570 & 13,930 20 \\
\hline Speaker's Certificates Paid & 106, 08000 & \\
\hline Unavailable Funds & 694, 71031 & 694, 71031 \\
\hline Total & 519,690, 24914 & 574, 708, 25579 \\
\hline liabilitieg. & & \\
\hline Post-Office Department Account & 3,616,228 81 & 2,917,627 58 \\
\hline Disbursing Officers' Balances & 27, 043, 61820 & 24, 220,05614 \\
\hline Fund for Redemption of Notes of National Banks failed, in ligoidation, and reducing circulation & 39, 192, 41910 & 38, 794, 04260 \\
\hline Undistributed Assots of failed National Banks & 564, 72820 & 411, 18039 \\
\hline Five per eent. Fund for Redemption of Natioual-Bank Notes. & 12, 575, 07463 & 12, 482, 80092 \\
\hline Fund for Redemption of National Gold-Bank Notes & 165, 86400 & 123, 25900 \\
\hline Fractional Silver Coin Rederaption A ccount. & 27,642 71 & 59, 60580 \\
\hline Currency and Minor Coin Redemption Account & 60, 88455 & 488, 12835 \\
\hline Interest Account Louisville and Portland Canal Company & 1,710 00 & 1,470 00 \\
\hline Treasarer United States Agent for paying Interest on District of Columbia Bonds & 68,344 69 & 156,9]6 92 \\
\hline Treasurer's Transfer Checks and Drafts Oatstanding & 5, 682, 30002 & 4,971,407 14 \\
\hline Treasurer's General Account: & & \\
\hline Interest due and unpaid. & 1,763,508 91 & 1, 825, 82919 \\
\hline Matured Bonds and Interes & 289, 78040 & 205, 50190 \\
\hline Called Bonds and Interest. & 17,901, 34651 & 3, 137, 328.34 \\
\hline Old Debt & 759, 39497 & 749, 88732 \\
\hline Gold Certificates. & 120, 936, 62000 & 140, 387, 03000 \\
\hline Silver Certificates & 123, 260, 72100 & 125, 379, 70600 \\
\hline Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872) & 16, 255, 00000 & 24, 070,00000 \\
\hline Balance, including Bullion Fu & 149, 525, 06244 & 194, 326, 47820 \\
\hline Total & 519, 690, 24914 & 574, 708, 25579 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

OLD FORM TRANSPOSED INTO NEW FORM.


NEW FORM.

\(2673 \mathrm{~F}-31\)

The general balance increased in the year ending September 30, 1885 , by \(\$ 44,803,436.92\), and the available balance increased from \(\$ 18,493,407.36\) in 1884 to \(\$ 69,2 S 4,631.13 \mathrm{in} 1585\), or \(\$ 50,791,223.77\).

The increase or decrease in the several items of assets and liabilities, during the year, are shown below. All certificates and certain other liabilities, together with the assets held to redeem them, have been eliminated.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Assets, increase. & Liabilities, docrease. & Total. \\
\hline Gold Coin and Bullion. & \$2, 863, 81341 & & \\
\hline Silver Dollars & 26,530, 28900 & & \\
\hline Uuited States Notes & \(6,776,42348\) & & \\
\hline National-Bank Notes & 171,284 16 & & \\
\hline Deposits in National-Sank Depositorics. & 1,147, 10724 & & \\
\hline Public Dobt and interest thereon ....... & & \$14, 811, 13144 & \\
\hline Post-Oflice Department \(\Delta\) ccount & & 2, 412,062 38 & \\
\hline Disbursing Officers' Balances and small acconnts. & & 698, 60123 & \\
\hline Treasurer's Transfer Checks and Drafts outstauding. & & 710,892 88 & \\
\hline 'Total. & 37, 488, 91729 & 18, 652, 68853 & \$5̄6, 121, 60582 \\
\hline . & Assets, de. creaso. & Liabilities, increase. & \\
\hline & \$986, 65704 & & \\
\hline Funds for Redemption of National-Bank Notes & & \$4, 263, 13728 & \\
\hline Treasurer United States, A reut for paying iuterest on District of Colambia Bouds & & 80,587 73 & \\
\hline 'Total. & 986,657 04 & 4,343,725 01 & 5,330,382 05 \\
\hline Increased bialance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & -............... & 50,791, 22377 \\
\hline Assets not available: & & & \\
\hline Fractional Silver Coin decrease & \[
5,950,36419
\] & & \\
\hline Minor Coin decrease . . . . . . . . . . & \[
37,42266
\] & & 5, 987, 78885 \\
\hline Aggrogate Balance increased & & & 44,803,436 92 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following statement shows the manner in which the old form may be reconciled with the new:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Assets. & Liabilities. & Assets. & Liabilities \\
\hline Totals, new form & \$458, 813, 77883 & \$410, 014, 63634 & \$518, 713, 59548 & \$425, 111, 01607 \\
\hline Add, for certificates excladed from the assets and liabilities: & & & & \\
\hline Gold Certificates. & 33, 640, 92000 & 33, 640, 92000 & 22, 491, 51000 & 22, 491, 51000 \\
\hline Silser Certiticates & 26, 165,84000 & 26, 165; 84000 & 31, 733, 440 co & 31, 733, 44000 \\
\hline Certificates of Deposit, act June
\[
8,1872
\] & 375, 00000 & 375,000 00 & 1, 075, 00000 & 1,075, 00000 \\
\hline add unavailable funds not included in the assets & 694,710 31 & & 694, 71031 & \\
\hline Deductitems taken up as liabilities in the new form: & & & & \\
\hline Pacific Lailroad linterest due and unpaid & & 24, 02996 & & 26,519 96 \\
\hline Fractional Currency ("Dobt braring no iuterest") & & 7, 17968 & & 2, 66852 \\
\hline Reserve herld for rentemption of Uuited States notes.. & & 100,000, 00000 & & 100, 000, 00000 \\
\hline Which gives & 510, 690, 24914 & 370, 165, 186 73 & 574, 708, 25579 & 380, 381, 77759 \\
\hline Leaviug balance & & 149, 525,06244 & & 194, 326, 47820 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

It will be seen that the certificates of deposit which were in the Treasury had been treated both as an asset aud a liability in the "old form," and that unavailable items of assets were included. The interest due and unpaid on Pacific Railroad bonds, which is payable from the General Treasury, had never been included as a liability in former statements of the assets and liabilities, and the fractional currency redeemed but still held in the cash was formerly treated as an asset ouls, when it was at the same time a liability. The reserve held for the redemption of United States notes has also been taken up as a liability in the new form.

The statements of assets and liabilities published at the end of each month are compiled from the latest returus received from Treasury offices on the day of publication, while the preceding statements are made up from the returns showing their actual coudition on the date named-September 30. There is, therefore, considerable difference between the two statements, and the following table is presented to show the items which increased or decreased in the period from the date of publication and the date of the returns.


The following table shows the excess of the cash assets of the Treasury, excluding certificates and other obligations held by it, over the net current liabilities other than United States notes, on October 31, 1885, as compared with the same day in 1884, compiled from the latest returns received:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & October 31, 1885. & October 31, 1884. & Increase. & Decrease. \\
\hline Assets. & & & & \\
\hline Gold Bullion & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 178,941,459.46 \\
72,417,88983
\end{array}
\] & \$166, 679,59896
\(55,856,76147\) & & \\
\hline Total & 251, 359, 34929 & 222,536,360 43 & & \\
\hline Less certificates actually outstanding & 309, 020, 76000 & 87, 865, 57000 & & \\
\hline Gold Bala & 142, 338, 58929 & 134, 670,790 43 & \$7, 667, 79886 & \\
\hline Standard Silver Dollars Silver Bullion & \[
\begin{array}{r}
163,817,34200 \\
3,840,53645
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
142,926,72500 \\
4,646,49689
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Total & 167, 657, 87845 & 147, 573, 22189 & & \\
\hline cert & 93, 146, 71200 & & & \\
\hline Silver Balance & 74, 511, 10645 & 46, 831, 66089 & \$27, 679, 44556 & \\
\hline United States Notes & 45, 695, 34131 & 33, 942, 171185 & & \\
\hline Lese certificates actually outstanding & 18, 145, 00000 & 17, 770, 00000 & & \\
\hline United States Note Balance & 27, 550,341 31 & 16, 172, 17185 & 11, 378, 16946 & \\
\hline *National Bank Notes & 5.438, 24080 & 10, 171, 65548 & & \$4,733,414 68 \\
\hline Deposits in National Bank Depositories & 13,595, 550 93 & 15, 742, 43963 & & 2, 146, 88870 \\
\hline Total Net A & 263, 433, 82878 & 223, 588, 71828 & 39, 845, 11050 & \\
\hline liabilitiles. & & & & \\
\hline Matured Debt and Interest & 3, 053,689 76 & 12, 843, 47362 & & 8,889,783 86 \\
\hline Interest due and unpaid.. & \({ }^{2}, 250,60679\) & -2, 137, 97346 & 112, 63333 & \\
\hline \# A ccrued Interest........ & 5, 931,309 25 & 6, 008, 74887 & & 77,439 62 \\
\hline tIntercst due aud unpaid, Pacific Railroad Bonds & 19,949 96 & 20,339 96 & & \\
\hline \(\dagger\) Acerned Interest, Pacific Railroad Bouds & 1, 292,470 24 & 1,292,470 24 & & \\
\hline \(\dagger\) Reserse for Redemptions of U. S. & & & & \\
\hline Notes........................ & 100, 000, 00000 & 100, 000, 00000 & & \\
\hline Disbursing Officers' Balances, \&c & 22, 774, 534408 & 26, 866, 48699 & & 4, 091, 95291 \\
\hline Outstanding Dratts and Checks & 4, 634, 84321 & 7, 205, 79971 & & 2,570, 45650 \\
\hline Five per cent. Fund for Redemption of National Bank Notes & 12,541, 91274 & 12, 659, 84621 & & 117, 93347 \\
\hline Fund for Redemption of Notes of failed, \&c., Banks & 39, 510, 138885 & 39, 283, 467 10 & 226, 67] 75 & \\
\hline Post-Otice Department account ..... & 3, 706, 081 -52 & 3, 714, 015 24 & & 7, 93372 \\
\hline Total Liabilities & 196, 615, 53640 & 212, 032, 62140 & & 15,417, 08500 \\
\hline \(\because\) Available Balance & 66, 818, 29238 & 11, 556, 09688 & 55, 262, 19550 & \\
\hline Assets not available: & 719,831 24 & 812,817 54 & & \\
\hline Fractional Silver Coin & 22, 965, 53570 & 29, 346, 75724 & & 6, 381, 22154 \\
\hline Total Balance. & 90, 503,659 32 & 41, 715, 67166 & 48,787, 98766 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

4
\$4,733,414 68
\(2,146,88870\)

4, 091, 95291

117,933 47

7, 93372
\(15,417,08500\)

92,986 30
6, 381, 22154


\footnotetext{
* Includes National Bank notes in process of redemption.
\(\dagger\) These items were not incladed as liabilities in 1884, but are here inserted for the purpose of com. parison.
}

The tables at the end of the report proper show where the funds constituting the Treasury balance are held, and the several kinds of moneys of which it is composed.

It will be observed that the Treasurer is charged in the accounts with over \(\$ 148,000,000\) beld in the miuts and assay-ofices as a bullion fund.' Whale receiving daily reports from these offices showing the changes in the fund, he has no means of verification except by calling upon another Bureau; and the condition of these offices has never been examined heretofore by any one representing the Treasury. The results of the annual examiuations made under the direction of the Mint Bureau are not communicated to the Treasurer, and these examiuations are therefore not sufficient, it is submitted, to confirm the statement that the funds are held as represented.

Nor are the relations between the Treasury and the several subtreasurers adequate for its protection and for that of the public moneys.

The Treasurer should have the authority to make frequent examinations of both sub-treasuries and mints, to evable him to know that the funds with which he is charged are held as represeuted, and to bold the officers to a more strict accountability than has heretofore prevailed. It is recoumended that Congress be requested to appropriate a sum suffcient to cover the expense of annual or quarterly examinations of subtreasuries, mints, and assay-offices, under direction of the Treasurer.

The sub-treasurers of the United States, having had their duties and responsibilities largely increased through the issue of the gold, silver, and legal-tender certificates and the issue and redemption of the standard silver dollar and the fractional coins, it is respectfully submitted whether a scheme for a reorganization of the respectire offices should not receive the attention of Congress. Persons occupying the positions of messengers and laborers are now engaged in handling, counting; shipping money and doing otber clerical labor. Simple justice would require that such persons should receive bay commensurate with the increased responsibilities and labors thus incurred.

\section*{DISBURSING OFFICERS' BALANCES.}

Attention is directed to the large amounts of funds to the credit of disbursing officers of the Government. It is believed that advances are made to these officers in excess of their current requirements. For years the amount has rarely been less than \(\$ 20,000,000\), and has frequently exceeded \(\$ 40,000,000\). It is recommended that the modes of payment to and by them be restricted to sums needed in their monthly payments.

A very large part of these advances is made to pension agents. It is recommended that a change be made in the mode of paying pensions, and tbat these paymonts be made by means of Treasurer's checks, in the same manner as interest on the public debt is now paid. Should this recommendation meet with approval, a plan for carrying it into effect will be submitted, by which a large amount could be annually saved to the Government.

It would appear from a reading of sections 3620 and 3648, Revised Statutes, that it was not contemplated by Cougress to place to the credit of disbursing officers money in excess of amounts needed for current payments, and it is suggested that more particular attention be given to requisitions for such advances, and, that a. statement be required to accompany them showing the necessity for the advance.


\footnotetext{
Includes \(1,980.12\) onnces, cost \(\$ 1,936.62\), bars in " Melter aud Refiners' Account," missing and held in susperse acconnt.
\(\dagger\) Deffiencies in bullion fuad incurred prior to organization of Mint Buraau.
Included in bullion balance of New York Assay-Ofice.
}
\# Inclated in bullion balaice of Philalelphia Mint.
§'ris deficiency iu the cibsh of N. H. Camp's account when suspended May 15, 1885 , of which \(\$ 11,857.37\) belongeal to the bullion fund and
\(\$ 666.30\) consisted of profits. \(\$ 666.30\) consisted of profits.

The balances remaining, after the payment of the depositors and the deposit of the profits in the Treasury, coustitute the assets of the bullion fund. It is apparent that a large portion of the fuod consists of silver bullion, some of which was purchased a number of years since, and instead of being coined has been held in anticipation of demands of depositors for bars.

At the price of silver bullion on June 30, 1885, 97 cents per standard ounce, the fund has depreciated \(\$ 69,322.42\) as shown in the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Office at- & Standard ounces. & Actual cost. & Value June 30, 1885, at 97 cents per ounce. & Increase. & Decreaso. \\
\hline Phtladelphia & 1,636,019.42 & \$1, 599, 93057 & , 586, 93984 & & \\
\hline San Francisco & 153.837 .11 & 1501.12930 & 149, 22200 & & 90730 \\
\hline Carson city & 690.605.91 & 671.126 81 & 664, 94.9 93 & & 1,180 88 \\
\hline New Orleaus & 1, 2.29 .141 .73 & 1, 256, 029.73 & 1, 233837748 & & 1,622
50,523
54 \\
\hline Denver.... & 了,29807 & 1.246.92 & 1,25913 & \(\$ 1221\) & -1, \\
\hline Helena & 37, 271.99 & 37, 23162 & 36, 15383 & & 1,077 78 \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {Buise City }}\) & \({ }^{149} .9\) & \({ }^{3} 4364\) & 14513 & 149 & \\
\hline Sniut Lowis & 100.50 & 100:378 &  & & 289 \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline Tomi & 4,727, 076.82 & 4, 654, 58093 & 4, 585, 264 51 & 76 & 69, 336 18 \\
\hline Less increase & & & & & \\
\hline Net decreaso. & & .-........... & & & 69, 32242 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

At the present price of silver bullion-about 93 cents per standard ounce-the depreciation amounts to \(\$ 258,405.49\), showing a decrease of the bullion fund to that amount.

In this comnection attention is directed to the fact that large amomuts, frequently aggregating \(\$ 1,000,000\), are carried in account by the miuts without acconatability and the supervision which should be exercised by the Treasury. These amounts arise from the profits on silver coinage, from other profits, and from charges imposed on depositors of bullion, and are as much receipts into the Treasury as any other kinds of revenue. They are not, however, covered in regularly, as other receipts are, but at quarterly periods.
Iu the opinion of the Treasurer the mints and assay-ofices should not at any time hold such large balances as are now left with them. While nominally sub treasuries by law, it was never contemplated that these offices should act as or become sub-treasuries in fact, but that the bullion received by them should, as speedily as practicable, be converted into coin and the latter transferred to the Treasurer or assistant treasurers.

\section*{DEFICITS, UNAVAILABLE FUNDS.}

The deficits occurring during the fiscal year, making the amounts involred unavailable to the Treasury, were: One of \(\$ 25,341.61\) in the office of the assistant treasurer at New Orleans, and one of \(\$ 11,857.37\) in the assay othice at Boisé City, Itaho.

The unavailable funds were decreased by the following items:
A reduction of the amonat of the deacit at the branch mint at San Francisco of \(\$ 5,685.85\); a rednction of the amount involved in the failure of the Veuango National Bank of Franklin, Pa., of \(\$ 12,755 . i 6\); aud the adjustment of two defaults in the Former United States Depository at Baltinore amonuting to \(\$ 6,900.77\) and \(\$ 1,196.87\) respectively; making a total decrease of \(\$ 26,533.6 \mathrm{~s}\), and the net cucrease in the unavailable funds of \(\$ 10,660.30\).

A loss by theft of three bars of silver bullion, valued at \(\$ 1,936.62\), at the mint in Philadelphia, Pa., bas not een reported to this office as a deficit, although the Treasurer is unable to perceive why it sbould be treated in a manner differeut from other thefts of public funds.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unavailable funds of the General Treasury and of the Post-O} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{On deposit with the following States under the act of Juve 23, 1836 :} \\
\hline Maine & \$955, 83825 \\
\hline New Hampshira & 669, 08679 \\
\hline Vermont & 669,086 79 \\
\hline Massachusetts. & 1,338, 173 ¢8 \\
\hline Connecticut & 76467060 \\
\hline Rhode Island & 382,335 30 \\
\hline New York & 4, 014, 520 71 \\
\hline Pennsylvania & 2, 86751478 \\
\hline New Jcrsey & 764, 670 -0 \\
\hline Ohio & 2,007,260 34 \\
\hline Indiana & 860, 25444 \\
\hline Illinois & 4.77, 91914 \\
\hline Michigan & 2R6, 75149 \\
\hline Delaware & 286, 75149 \\
\hline Maryland & 955, 83825 \\
\hline Virginia & 2, 148,427 99 \\
\hline North Carolina & 1,433, 75730 \\
\hline South Carolina & 1, 051,422 09 \\
\hline Georgia. & 1, 051, 42209 \\
\hline Alabama & 669, 08679 \\
\hline Lonisiana & 477, 91914 \\
\hline Mississippi & 382, 3355 \\
\hline Tennessee & 1,433, 75739 \\
\hline Kentacky & 1,433, 75739 \\
\hline Missouri & 382, 33530 \\
\hline Arkansas. & 286, 75149 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total on deposit with the States. \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleaus, La., 1867, May & & \\
\hline & 5, 56631 & \\
\hline  & 4,392 & \\
\hline Sub-Treasury U. S., New York, N. Y., 1807 to 1880 & 9,425 87 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Deficits and defaults, Branch Mint J. S., San Francisco, Cal.,} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline First National Bank of Selma, Ala & 33, 38387 & \multirow{2}{*}{214,561 38} \\
\hline Default, Branch Mint U. S., Dahlonega. Ga., 1861 & 27,950 03 & \\
\hline Branch Miat, U. S.. Charlotto, N. C., 1861 & 32,00000 & \\
\hline Depository U. S., Gralveston, Tex., 1861 & 77866 & \\
\hline Depository U. S., Baltimore, Md., 1866 & 54750 & \\
\hline Depository U.S., Pittsbureh, Pa, 1867 & 2, 126 ] & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Deficit, Depository U.S., Sauta Fe,N. Mex., 1866, short in re-
mittance.................................................
249} \\
\hline & & 63,652 20 \\
\hline & & 5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Deticit, Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans, La., 1885.......... 25, 34161 Default, U. S. Assay Office, Boisé City, Idaho, 1885, (N. H.}} \\
\hline & 11,857 37 & \\
\hline & & 37, 19898 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total Géneral Treasury
\(29,525,325{ }^{\circ} 74\)

\section*{POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.}


Total
29, 562, 60280
It will be found that the unavailable funds are differently stated in several places in this report. In the statement of assets and liabilities on page 479 , the amount is \(\$ 694,710.31\), embracing ouly the four items of
deficits at New Orleans and New York. This arose from the fact that when the publication of the statements of assets, and liabilities was begun, the assistant treasurers only made itemized reports; and when the reports were subsequently required from the mints the item of \(\$ 413,557.96\), iu San Francisco, was for the first time observed; but it was not deemed advisable at the time to increase the "unavailable," and the amount was therefore carried as bullion, but reported annually as unavailible, and so treated in the general account. The two items of deficits by fainures of national bank depositaries and the six items following these are balances from old acconnts, and were never carried as assets eacept in the general account; for the purpose of the statements of assets and liabilities it was not necessary that they should be included. In the statement on page 51 the amount is stated as \(\$ 1,386,481.85\), which embraces all the items heretofore mentioned, but excludes the New Orleans aud Boisé City defalcations of 1885 , which on June 30 were not treated as umavailable, althongh having occured prior to that date. The statement on page 45 embraces all the unavailable items.

By far the largest part of the unavailable funds consists of the socalled "deposits with the States nuder the act of June 23, 1836." The fiction that this amount- \(\$ 28,101,644.91\)-may some day become available, has ceased to be held; and the Treasurer, althongh still charged with the amount on the books of the Register, bas not inclurled it in his statement of balances. 'l bis has been the uniform practice of this office, but is not in strict accordance with the law autlorizing these deposits.

It is therefore respectfully recommended that some action be taken to have this amount, as well as all otber unavailable jtems now charged by the Register against the Treasurer, charged to separate accounts in the office of the Register. The Government would be as fully protected by this mode of treating the deficits, and complete statements thereof would be regularly furnished by that officer. Furthermore, the troublesome complications arising when a comparisou is made of the several statements, of the cash balance and the public debt statements would be obviaterl. As further losses are liable to occur from time to ime, owing to the large sums held by the Treasury offices, a well-defined system of treating deficits shonld be established.

The same course is recommended as to the unavailable funds of the Post-Office Department, amounting to \(\$ 37,277.06\).

\section*{IHE SINKING FUND.}

The amount provided for the sinking fund in United States bonds was \(\$ 45,588,150\). The amount estimated was \(\$ 47.620,201.16\). This estimate was based upon an assessment of one per cent. upon the entire debt and the interest upon the existing sinking fund of the United States including therein the legal-teuders, silver, gold, and currency certificates, and fractional curreucy, without deducting therefrom the amounts of these liabilities held in the cash in the United States Treasury. This does not semin to be in accordance with the provisions of the law with regard to the sinking fund, and the present estimate is based upon the existing principal of the public debt, iucluding the interest on the amount of bouds and other obligations of the United States heretofore canceled, and credited to the simking fund, a detailed statement of which is to be found in its appropriate place. It is, however, recommended that the appropriation heretofore made for this purpose be abolished, and that it be limited to one per cent. upon the debt
of the United States, excluding therefrom the gold, silver, and legaltender certificates, and legal-tenders held in the cash, and deducting also the gold and silver held on deposit in the Treasury. The estimate would then be limited to the sum of, say, \(\$ 15,000,000\) for the coming fiscal year.

\section*{UNITED STATES NOTES.}

The amount of United States notes of each denomination outstanding at the end of each of the last four fiscal years is shown by the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & 1882. & 1883. & 1884. & 1885. \\
\hline One dollar & \$25, 720, 95360 & \$27, 736,456 80 & \$26, 660, 18480 & \$24, 952, 06180 \\
\hline Two dullars & 24, 622, 62540 & 25, 524, 39420 & 24, 897, 88620 & 25, 295006920 \\
\hline Five dullars & 67, 342, 54000 & 71, 150, 08500 & 75, 552, 91500 & 75, 997, 80500 \\
\hline Teu dollirs & 72, 784, 766 00 & 72, 732, 88600 & 69, 527, 01600 & 64, 539, 38600 \\
\hline Twenty dollars & 68, 657, 47100 & 62, 346, 90900 & 58, 054, 62900 & 55, 1־6, 50900 \\
\hline Fifty dollars & 24, 191, 77000 & 23, 985, 89500 & 23, 208, 89500 & 23. 459, 49500 \\
\hline One bundred dollare & 34.469, 39000 & 34, 3102, 39000 & 33, 040, 99000 & 32, 896, 79000 \\
\hline Five huudred dollars & 14, 876, 000100 & 15, 098, 50000 & 16,914,000 00 & 16, 557,00000 \\
\hline One thousami dollars & 12,335, 5000 & 14, 328, 500 00 & 19, 634,500 09 & 28,716,500 00 \\
\hline Five thousand dollars & 420, 00000 & 315, 00000 & 130, 00000 & 100,000 00 \\
\hline Ten thousand dolla & 2,260, 00000 & 160,000 00 & 60, 00000 & 40,00000 \\
\hline Total ..... ................... & 347, 081, 01600 & 347, 081, 01600 & 347, 681, 01600 & 347, 681, 01600 \\
\hline Less unknown denominations destroyed in sub-treasury in Chicago fire & 1,000,000 00 & 1,000,000 00 & 1,000,000 00 & 1,000,000 00 \\
\hline Ontstanding & 346, 681, 01600 & 346, 681, 01600 & 346, 681, 01600 & 346, 681, 01600 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

There was a decrease during the year of \(\$ 1,708,123\) in the one-dollar notes outstanding, \(\$ 4,987,630\) in the ten-dollar notes, \(\$ 2,928,120\) in twenty dollar notes, \(\$ 744,200\) in one-hundren-dollar notes, \(\$ 357,000\) in five hundred-dollar notes, \(\$ 30,000\) in five-thousand-dollar potes, and \(\$ 20,000\) in the ten-thousand dollar notes; and an increase of \(\$ 397,183\) in two dollar notes, \(\$ 444,890\) in five-dollar notes, \(\$ 251,000\) in fifty-dollar notes, and \(\$ 9,682,000\) in one-thousand dollar notes.

The number of notes outstanding at the close of the year was \(62,569,444\), a decrease of \(2,059,185\) notes in the year. The issues and redemptions for the past three fiscal years by denominations were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Deuomination.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1883.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1884.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1885.} \\
\hline & Issues. & Redemptions. & Issues: & Redemp. tions. & Lssues. & Redemp. tions. \\
\hline One dollar & \$11, 986, 114 & \$9, 970, 61080 & \$8,943, 236 & \$10, 019, 508 & \$10, 187, 153 & \$11, 895; 276 \\
\hline Tiro collars & 0, 672.000 & k, 770,23120 & 7,808, 000 & 8, 434, 508 & i0, 856, 000 & 10, 45\%, 817 \\
\hline Fire dollars & 22, 860, 000 & 19, 052, 45500 & 23,420, 000 & 19, 017, 170 & 19, 310, 000 & 18, 855, 110 \\
\hline Ten dollars & 14,240, 000 & 14, 291, 88000 & 12, 160, 000 & 15, 3365, 870 & 9, 640,000 & 14, \(6.27,630\) \\
\hline Twenty dollars & 6, 000,000 & 12, 210,562 00 & 9, 280, 000 & 13, 572, 280 & 9, 760, 0100 & 12, 6888,120 \\
\hline Fifty dollars & 3, 900, 000 & 4. 205.87500 & 4, 200, 000 & 4, 977, 0100 & 4.810 .000 & 4, 549,000 \\
\hline Ono hundred dollars... & 4, 356. 600 & 4, 523, 60000 & 5,237, 000 & 5, r98, 400 & 5, 600,000 & 6,344, 200 \\
\hline Five handred dollars.. & 2,350,000 & \(2,127,50000\) & 4. 040,010 & 3, 084, 000 & 2,350,000 & 2,707,000 \\
\hline One thousand dollars & 4, 4001, 010 & 2, 417,000 00 & 10,000, 000 & 5, 294, 000 & 12,000,000 & 2, 318 , 000 \\
\hline Five ihnusand dollars.. & 10, 000,000 & 10, 105, 00000 & & 185, 000 & & 30, 000 \\
\hline Ten thousand dollars.. & 20, 1000, 000 & 22, 100,000 00 & & 100, 000 & & 20, 000 \\
\hline Total & 100, 764, 714 & 105, 764, 71400 & 85, 948, 236 & 85, 948, 236 & 84, 493, 153 & 84, 493, 153 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The issues and redemptions for 1883 were increased by the cancellation of \(\$ 5,000\) and \(\$ 10,000\) notes which were never actually issued, but passed through theaccounts from the so-called "reserve vault," it having.
been determined to withdraw these denominations from circulation. The actual redemptions amounted to \(\$ 77,764,714\) in that year, so that the redemptions during the past fiscal year exceeded those of 1883 by \(\$ 6,728,439\), but were \(\$ 1,455,083\) less than the redemptions of 1884 .

The decrease was due in part to the practice adopted in May last, of assorting notes sent for redemption, reissuing such as were tit lor circulation, and in part to the subsequent cessation of the issue of one and two dollar notes. The issues and redemptions for the first three months of the current fiscal year, compared with the corresponding months in the past year, were as follows:


The amomnt of notes issued during the quarter was less by \(\$ 7,144,134\) than the amount for the corresponding quarter of the previous year, which would indicate that by the present method, if continued, the issues would be reduced by abont \(\$ 23,000,000\) during the current year. The decrease in the number of motes issued was \(3,866,164\), indicating a decrease for the jear approximating \(15,000,000\) notes, which would effect a large saving in the expense for paper and printing.

The method in which United States notes and gold and silver certificates were issued at the time when the present Treasurer assumed the duties of the office, appeared to him to lack the security which is had in every iustitution where such instruments of credit are issued. In order to remedy this defect, in part, the imprinting of the seal of the Treasury on the newly-printed notes was transferred from the Bureau of Engraving and Prifuting to this office. The incomplete notes are now received by the Treasurer and completed by the imprint of the seal, then cut and separated under his supervision.

If the issue of United States notes aud certificates is to continue, it is recommended that an issue department, eutirely iudependent of the Treasurer, be formed. Such a branch, coutrolling the issue and the re-
demption of every note or other form of security by means of unpreical records and other checks, would remedy the defects in the present modes of issue and redemption. If the suggestion is approved the details for the organization of such a branch will be submitted.

It is recommended that an issue of legal-tender notes with new designs be made at as early a date as possible. So many statements have been made with reference to frauds in the earlier issues that it would seem advisable to call in all the outstanding issues as soon as it can be done without inconvenience to the business commonity. The constantly recurring accusations of the character above alladed to, would be either established or refuted by taking this course, and afford an opportunity to set at rest future reports of the same kind by adopting a better system of registration and destruction of the new issues by means of the issue department heretofore recommended. It would also provide for the large fund of money already issued by the Burean of Engraving and Printing, now on deposit in the so called "reserve vault", amounting to the sum of \(\$ 187,128,000\), and composed of-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Silver certificates & \$28, 480, 000 \\
\hline Guld certificates & 103, 6r0, 000 \\
\hline Currency certificates & 32, 530, 000 \\
\hline United States note.s. & 22, 438, 000 \\
\hline Total & 187, 128,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

With the exception of the currency certificates, this immense sum is completely finished rooney, and if stolen would become a liability of the Government, without possibility of appeal. As the practice of printing such money has no warrant under existing law, it has been stopped. If, in order to serve the public convenience the only plea upon which it has been sanctioned heretofore), the practice is to be continued, it should be placed under the regulatiou of laws specially framed for that purpose.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, ACt OF JUNE 8, 1872.
The certificates issued upon deposits of United States notes by national banks, under the act of June 8, 1872 , anounted to \(\$ 56,555,000\) and the redemptions to \(\$ 39,500,000\), leaviag ontstaudiug at the close of the year \(\$ 29,285,000\); more than twice the amount that has been outstandiug at the close of any year since 1879 , as will be seen by the following table showing the aggregate issues and redemptions and amonuts outstanding for each year from the date of the first issue:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Fiscal yeut. & Total amount issned. & Tot amount redeemed. & Outstanding, as shown by the Treasurer's books. \\
\hline 1873 & & \$57, 240, 000 & \$25, 430, 000 & \$31, 810, 000 \\
\hline 1874 & & 137, 905, 000 & 78, 915,000 & 58, 990, 000 \\
\hline 1875 & & 219,000, 000 & 159, 955, 000 & 59, 045, 000 \\
\hline 1876 & & 301, 400, 000 & 268, 260, 000 & 33, 140, 100 \\
\hline 1877 & & 378, 285, 000 & 324, 305, 000 & 53, 980, 000 \\
\hline 1878 & & 464, 965, 000 & 418, 720, 000 & 46, 245, 000 \\
\hline 1879 & & 554, 730, 000 & 525, 400, 000 & 39,330, 000 \\
\hline 1880 & & 601, 785, 000 & 588, 660, 000 & 13, 125, 000 \\
\hline 1.881 & & \(612,850,000\) & \(601,235,000\) & 11, 615,000 \\
\hline 1882 & & 629, 760, 400 & 616, 400, 000 & 13, 360, 000 \\
\hline 1883 & & 649, 790, 000 & 636, 610, 000 & 13,180, 000 \\
\hline 1884 & & 676, 660, 000 & 664, 430, 000 & 12, 230, 000 \\
\hline 1.885 & & 733, 215, 000 & 703, 930, 000 & 29, 285, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Note. The amounts outstanding differ from those shown by the Public Debt Statements, for the reason that the reports of issues and redemptions of the last days of the fiscat year at the sereral oftices do not reach the'Department antil after the statements of tbe debt are made up.
}

The amount outstanding of these certificates of deposit October 31, 1885 , was \(\$ 18,145,000\).

In view of the constantly iucreasing amonnts of money held by the Treasury, and the consequent danger of loss by fire, peculation, or carelessness, it is proper to ask whether the issue of these certificates should not be stopped. They are furnished at a heary expense by the Government without any corresponding benefit, and have been used to get rid of the expense of forwarding mutilated currency to the Treasury, thas throwing upon the Goverument the cost of transportation of the notes deposited, as well as of the notes required to redeem the certificates, and also of the certificates. If the issue is continued, all expense connected therewith should be borne by the parties for whose convenience thes are provided.

\section*{GOLD CERTIFICATES.}

The gold certificates of the old issue, under the act of March 3, 1863, outstanding at the close of the fiscal year amounted to \(\$ 2,562,280\), the redemptions during the year having been \(\$ 5^{2}, 4^{\prime} 0\).

Of the new.issue under the act of July 12,188 ? there were nominally outstanding at the close of the fiscal year \(\$ 137,760,860\); the Treasury offices lield \(\$ 13,593,410\) (compared with \(\$ 27,246,0 \div 0\) at the close of 1584 ), leaving actually in circulation \(\$ 124,167,450\), an increas of \(\$ 55,635,510\) in the year.

On October 31, 1885, the amount of the certificates of the new issue outstauding had increased to \(\$ 140,136,610\), but of this amonut ouly \(\$ 104,0 \geq 0,760\) was actually in circulation, che certificates held in the Treasury offices having increased to \(\$ 31,115,850\).

The issues and redemptions during the fiscal year, and the amounts outstanding at its beginuing and close, are shown below:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Denomination.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Outstanding June 30, 1884.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Issued-} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Redeemed-} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Outstanding June 30, 1.885.} \\
\hline & & During fiscul year. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { ToJune } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & During. fis. cal yrar. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { ToJune } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \\
\hline Twenty dollars & \$13, 354, 760 & \$400, 000 & \$15, 280, 000 & \$1, 411, 000 & \$2, 936, 240 & \$12,343, 760 \\
\hline Fifty dollara & 9, 119,000 & 2,700,000 & 13, 200,000 & 1,375, 200 & 2,756, 200 & 10, 413,800 \\
\hline One hundred dollars & 9, 103, 700 & 1,800, 000 & 12. 100,000 & 1, 375,900 & 2, 572, 200 & 9, 527, 800 \\
\hline Five hundred dollars & 8,701,500 & 6, 600, 000 & 17, 100, 000 & 1,181,000 & 2, 979,500 & 14, 120, 500 \\
\hline One thonsand dollars & 14,559.000 & 9.010, 000 & 26,000,000 & 1, 439, 000 & 3, 880, 000 & 22, 120,000 \\
\hline Five'thousaud dollars & 10, 560, 000 & 7,500, 000 & 22,500,000 & 3,975,000 & 8, 415,000 & 14,085,000 \\
\hline Ten thonsand dollats & 30,380, 000 & \(35,000,000\) & 85, 000,000 & 10,260,000 & 29, 880,000 & 55, 120, 000 \\
\hline Total & 95, 777, 960 & 63, 000, 000 & 191, 180, 000 & 21, 017, 100 & \(53,419,140\) & 137, 760, 860 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The remarks previously made as to currency certificates apply with still greater force to the gold certificates. They serve but one parpose, that ot imposing upon the Treásury the custody of the gold deposited on this account, with its attendant dangers and expense, and compelling the Government to pay the heavy rates charged for the transportation of the gold and certificates to and from the different sub-treasuries.
¿SILVER CERTIFICATES.
The amount of silver certificates nominally outstanding at the close of the fiscal year was \(\$ 139,901,646\), of which amount the Treasury held \(\$ 38,370,700\), leaving \(\$ 101,530,946\) in circulation ; an increase of \(\$ 4,023,935\) during the year.

On October 31, 1855, the amount outstanding was \(\$ 125,053,286\), of which the Treasury offices held \(\$ 31,906,514\), leaving \(\$ 93,146,772\) in circulation.

The issue of silver certificates by Treasury offices iu the South and West, for gold coin deposited with the assistant treasurer at New York, under departmental circular of September 18, 1.880 , was fliscontinued. in January last. The amount which bad been issued in this manner to the date named was \(\$ 80,730,500\).

The issues and redemptions by denominations for the year, and the amounts outstanding at the beginning and the close thereof, are shown by the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Denomination.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Ontstand } \\
\text { ing June } 30, \\
1884 .
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Issued-} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Redecıued--} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Outstanding June 30 1885.} \\
\hline & & During fiscal rear. & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\text { To June } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{array}
\] & During fiscal year. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { To Jnne } 30 \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \\
\hline Ten dollars & \$47.490, 712 & \$14, 040, 000 & \$78,034,000 & \$9, 783, 585 & \$26, 286, 873 & \$51, 747, 127 \\
\hline Twenty dollars & 47, 864, 524 & .12, 160,000 & 73, 1885,000 & 8,013, 560 & 21, 175, 036 & 52, 010,964 \\
\hline Fifty dullars & 6, 293, 635 & 2,200,000 & 11, 050, 000 & 839, 600 & 3, 395, 905 & 7, 654, 035 \\
\hline One hundred dollars & 8, 139, 320 & 2, 600, 100 & 14, 140, 000 & 860, 800 & 4,261, 480 & 9, 878,520 \\
\hline Five busdred dullars & 4,377,500 & 5.000,000 & 13, 650,000 & 467,500 & 4, 740,000 & 8,910,000 \\
\hline One thunsand dollars & 6, 726,000 & 4,000,000 & 23, 490, 000 & 1, 025, 000 & 13, 789,000 & 9,701, 000 \\
\hline Total & 120, 891, 691 & 40,000,000 & 213, 550, 000 & '20,990, 045 & 73, 648,354 & 139,901, 646 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The further issue of silver certificates should be discontinued, as being both expeusive and useless. Issued to aid in the circnlation of the standard silver dollar, these certiticates have actually proved to be a hindrance to the carrying out of this purpose, and the circulation of this coin camot be increased to any greater exteut than at present without the suppression of the issue of the certificates.

\section*{STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS.}

The amount of silver dollars coined, on hand, distributed, and outstanding at the close of each year, under the present law, is shown by the following table. The percentage of the distribution to the annual coinage and of the outstanding silver dollars to the total coinage is also given:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Fiscal year ending June 30. & Annual coinage. & Total coinage. & On hand at close of year: & Net distribution during year. & Outstanding at close of year. & Percentage of llisuribution to an. nual coinage. & Percentage of ontstand. ing to total cuinage. \\
\hline 1878. & \$8, 573, 500 & \$8, 573, 500 & \$7, 718, 357 & \$855, 143 & \$855, 143 & 9.9 & 9.9 \\
\hline 1879 & 27, 227, 5011 & 35, 801, 000 & 28, 358, 589 & 6, 587, 268 & 7,442, 411 & 24.2 & 20.8 \\
\hline 1880. & 27,933,750 & 63, 734. 750 & 45, 10x, 296 & 11, 184, 043 & 18, 626, 454 & 40 & 29.2. \\
\hline 1881 & 27, 637, 055 & 91, 373. 705 & 63, 249,300 & 9, 496, 951 & 28, 123, 405 & 35.8 & 30.8 \\
\hline 1882 & 27, 772, 075 & 119, 144, 780 & 87, 524, 182 & 3, 497, 193 & 31, 620, 598 & 12.6 & 26.5 \\
\hline 1883 & 28.111, 119 & 147. 255,499 & 112,362, 510 & 3, 272, 791 & 34, 893, 389 & 11.6 & 23.7 \\
\hline 1884 & 28, 090, 930 & 175, 355, 824 & 35, 810, 368 & 4, 65. \({ }^{1}\), 072 & 39, 545, 461 & 16.5 & 22.6 \\
\hline 1885 & 28, 528, 55: & 203, 884, 381 & (65, 535, 854 & -1,196,934 & 38, 348, 527 & & 18.8. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

It will be observed that during the past year more of these coins were returned to the Treasury than were issued; the issues amounted to \(\$ 16,627,691\), and the anount returued to \(\$ 17,824,625\), an excess of \(\$ 1,196,934\), reducing the amount outstanding to that extent. While the amount outstanding had been steadily increasing to the end of the fiscal year 1884, the percentage of the outstanding to the total coinage
has fallen from 30.8 per cent. in 1881 to 18.8 at the close of the fiscal year 1885. The amount held by the Treasury was at the close of the year \(\$ 165,535,854\); of this \(\$ 101,530,946\) was beld for the redemption ot certificates actually outstanding, leaving \(\$ 64,004,908\) owned by the Treasury, an increase of \(\$ 25,701,551\) over the amount held at the end of the preceding year.

In the first four months of the current fiscal year the amount of dollars distributed in excess of those returned was \(\$ 11,093,562\), compared with \(\$ 2,258,643\) for the same period in 1884 . This increased the amount ontstanding to \(\$ 49,442,089\), and was due in part to the fact that the number of one and two dollar notes in circulation luad decreased, and in part to the usual increase in the demand at this season of the year. Notwithstanding this the amount owned by the Treasury increased to \(\$ 70,670,570\) ou October 31,1885 , the silver certificates actually outstanding haviug been reduced to \(\$ 93,146,772\).

It is apparent that the execution of the coinage law is gradually converting the funds of the Treasury into standard dollars. Every exertion has been made to give an extended circulation to these coins, but without the success which the large expeuditure incurred would warrant. Under the bead "Silver certificates" will be found some remarks upon the inflnence exercised by their issue upon a more extended circulation of the standard silver dollar. Such measure of success as has been obtained has been at very great expense to the Government, the excessire cost furnisbing a strong argument against continuing the issue. The circulation obtained is short-lived, the coins finding their way back immediately to the sub-treasuries, the return movement costing individual holders more for transportation than the original issue cost the Government. As the sub treasuries become overloaded with returned, and the mints with unissued dollars, the Government is obliged to transport them at a heary cost to the nearest place in which vault room can be found.

The amount of silver dollars shipped from the mints to points by express to June 30,1885 , was \(\$ 96,516,067\), of which there remained out standing on that date only \(\$ 38,348,527\), as stated above. The cost to the Govermment of moving these coius was \(\$ 430,313.76\), an average of \(\$ 4.46\) per \(\$ 1,000\).

The average rate per \(\$ 1,000\) from the several mints was as follows:
\(\qquad\)
From New Orleans .................................................................................. 21 . 21

From Carson City .............................................................................. 14 . 47
From San Francisco............................................................................ 9 gis
The raults in the mint at New Orleans having become filled with dollars, it was determined to remove as many as practicable to the vault in the Treasury Department. In order to avoid the payment of a large sum for this transfer, \(\$ 10,400,000\) were safely mored by mans of United States naval vessels in September last, at an expense which saved the Government about \(\$ 40,000\). There was also moved by registered mail, from San Francisco, the snm of \(\$ 12,800,000\) in gold coin without any expense to the Goverament, except the trausportation from the postoffice to the sub-treasury.

Special contracte bave been made with the express companies to transport to Waskington or New York \(\$ 10,100,000\) in silver from San Francisco and \(\$ 3,700,000\) from Carson Cits, at the rate of \(\$ 8\) per \(\$ 1,000\), and \(\$ 15,000,000\) trom New Orleans to Washington, at \(\$ 3\) per \(\$ 1,000\); also, for the transfer of \(\$ 17,200,000\) of gold coin from San Prancisco and of \(\$ 900,000\) from Carson City, at \(\$ 2\) per \(\$ 1,000\).

On July 1, 1885, the clause in the sundry civil appropriation act of 1885, anthorizing the shipment of silver coin from sub-treasuries, became operative. The shipments made since that date to September 30 have been at an average cost of \(\$ 1.74\) per \(\$ 1,000\). The average rates from the several points were as follows:

Washingion ........................... \(\$ 208\)
Baltimore ............................. 201
New York.................................. 104
Philadelphia ........................... 145
Boston
an

Cincinuati .......... ............... \(\$ 104\)
Chicago................................. 137
Saint Louis ............................ 231
New Orleans .............................. 176
San Francisco........................... 579

It is recommended that the appropriations for this purpose be contimued, and that the authority given by the act referred to be extended to include shipments of silver coin from depositary banks.

If the coinage of silver dollars is to continue, a new vanlt will be needed in New York City, and additional vault room in the Treasury building at Washington.

The following table shows the amount of standard silver dollars and of fractional silver coin in each office of the Treasury on September 30, 1885, and on that date last year:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Office.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Standarà silver dollars.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Fractional silver coin.} \\
\hline & September 30, 1884. & September
\(30,1855\). & September 30, 1884 . & September
\(30,1885\). \\
\hline Treasury Onited States, Washington & \$4, 494, 616 & \$114, 334, 245 & \$198, 49567 & \$264, 27428 \\
\hline Baltinore... & 3, 123, 065 & 3, 380, 708 & 474, 09745 & 538,935 70 \\
\hline Bostou. & 1, 866, 971 & 687, 805 & 1, 512,701. 05 & 1,393, 974 c0 \\
\hline Chicago & 6, 648, 800 & 7, 322, 000 & 3, 848, 15700 & 4, 147, 01: 00 \\
\hline Ciucimati. & 635,500 & 737,000 & 132, 06300 & 149,725 00 \\
\hline New Orleans & 7,923, 208 & 10, 112, 004 & 713,977 27 & 719, 90180 \\
\hline New York & 25, 9118, 000 & 28,900,000 & 8,877, 50465 & 2, 954, 12232 \\
\hline Pliladelphia & 9,384,360 & 10, 009, 330 & 3, 690, 27000 & 3, 631, 38000 \\
\hline San Francisco & 18,558, 400 & 21,000, 000 & 7, 776, 79777 & 7,496, 28180 \\
\hline Saint Louis. & 7, 819, 750 & 10,119, 400 & 2, 098, 10000 & 2, 237, 08000 \\
\hline United States Mint:
Denvel & & & & \\
\hline Denver Carson City & 6 & & 140 & 98 \\
\hline Carson City.
New Orleans & 2.876, 730 & \(\cdots \quad 18,080\) & 13, 63058 & 7, 047.76 \\
\hline New Orleans & 12, 642, 620 & 4. 042,165 & & \\
\hline Philadelphia.. & 7,798. 266 & 14, 441, 005 & 34,777 72 & 51, 52389 \\
\hline San Fraucisco & 32, 740,620 & 29, 404, 002 & 34, 21488 & 11, 45274 \\
\hline Uniterl States Assay-Office:
Boise City & & & & \\
\hline  & 708 & & 800 & \\
\hline Charlotte. N. C Helena, Mont & 350 & & 19,217 35 & \\
\hline New York & 9,834 & 1, 624 & 19, \(21 \begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & \end{aligned}\) & 4845 \\
\hline Saint Lonis & & 12 & 1430 & 1750 \\
\hline Total & 142, 431, 407 & 154, 509, 380 & 20, 424,02905 & 23, 602,776 84 \\
\hline Add amount in transit between offices & 10,000 & 1.1,069, 000 & 71,856 78 & \\
\hline Deduct amonnt required to fill orders unpaid. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
142: 441,407 \\
91,998
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
165,578,380 \\
147,297
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
29,495,88583 \\
19,17020
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
23,602,77684 \\
76,42540
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & 142, 349, 409 & 165, 431, 083 & 29, 476, 71563 & 23, 526, 35.144 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{EXPRESS CHARGES ON UNITED STATES MONEYS.}

It is suggested that, as all articles of merchandise are transported at lower rates than formerly, the attempt should be made to obtain for the Government lower rates than are now paid for the transportation of public monegs. Authority should be given the Treasurer to make use of the United States mails, and such other modes of convejance as may prove convenient and economical, pending uegotiations to that end.

\section*{FRACTIONAL`SILVER COIN.}

The Treasury held on Juue \(30,1885, \$ 31,236,899.49\) in fractional silver coin, an increase of \(\$ 1,636,179.44\) over the amount held at the same date in 1884. The amount was reduced by October 31, 1885, to \(\$ 22,965,535.70\). This reduction, it is believed, will not continue, as, under the existing condition of the law, the greater portion of the amount issued in that period will return to the Treassury for redemption before much time has elapsed.

The denominations of the fractional silver coin held in each office of the Treasury on September 30, 1885, were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline In office of- & Fifty-cent pioces. & Twenty. fire-cent pieces. & Twentycent pieces. & Ten. cent pieces. & Trive cent pieces. & Threo cent pieces. & Tnassorted. \\
\hline Treasurer U.S.: & & & & & & & \\
\hline - Washivgton........ & 148,850 00 & 105, 13000 & 3220 & \$2, 12000 & \$29130 & \$5043 & \$7,800 35 \\
\hline Assistinoore & 400,37700 & 117, 43700 & 5100 & 20,473 40 & 50580 & 9150 & \\
\hline Boston & 937, 94300 & 413, 56400 & 30000 & 4,927 00 & 1,400 00 & 30000 & 35,540 00 \\
\hline Chicago & 2,780,000 00 & 1,338, 00000 & 1, 00000 & 26, 00000 & 1,000 00 & & 1,010 00 \\
\hline Cincinnati & 80,43800 & 43,010 00 & 13700 & 24,015 00 & 55000 & 7500 & 1,500 00 \\
\hline Now Orleans & 703,052 50 & 3,647 50 & 3620 & 13, 15700 & 695 & 165 & \\
\hline New York. & 241, 00000 & 2, 620, 00000 & & 31, 00000 & 6,000 00 & & 56, 12232 \\
\hline Philadelphi & 2, 110, 00000 & 1, 470, 00000 & 10000 & 44, 11200 & 1,800 00 & 36000 & 5,008 00 \\
\hline San Francisc & 7, 135, 00000 & . 336,000 00 & & \(\cdot 23,80000\) & 1, 47490 & 690 & \\
\hline Saint Louis & 1,693,710 00 & 537, 03000 & 6500 & 5.98500 & 29000 & & \\
\hline U. S. Mint: & & 231900 & & 21890 & & 06 & \\
\hline Denver.... & 4,510 50 & 2,319 00 & & 21820 & & 06 & 98 \\
\hline New Orleans & & & & & & & 62 \\
\hline - Philadelphia & 4,69000 & 10,75700 & & 36,076 17 & & & 72 \\
\hline San Fraucisco ....... & ],912 00 & 2,977 75 & & 6,562 99 & & & \\
\hline U. S. Assay-Office : & & & & & & & \\
\hline New York. & 1050 & 2075 & & 1720 & & & \\
\hline Saint Louis & & & & & & & 1750 \\
\hline Total & 16,241,49350 & 6, 999, 89300 & 1,721 40 & 238, 46396 & 13,318 95 & 88554 & 107, 00049 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In the appendix (p. 542 ) will be found a table showing the amount of these coins held by the Treasury at the eud of each month since May, 1879.

During the fiscal year there was shipped from the Mint at Philadelphia and from the Treasury \(\$ 3,230,373.96\) in fractional silver coin. In the four months ending October 31, 1885, the amount shipped was \(\$ 3,229,638.46\), most of which was from sub-treasuries.

It is recommended that the provision for the redemption and free transmission of fractional silver coin be repealed, as involving unnecessary expense to the Government.

\section*{ABRASION OF FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN.}

A careful examination has been made of a portion of the coins received at the several sub-treasuries, for the purpose of ascertaining their condition, and the result is presented below. The tables show the number. of coins of each date received, and the exteut of the abrasion which has taken place.

RESULT of an EXAMINATION of 200,000 HALF-DOLLARS RECEIVED at the TREASURY of the UNITED STATES from all SUB-TREASURIES, and ASSORTED, CLEANED, and WEIGHED, showing the NUMBER of PIECES of EACH DATE, and the ABRASION.
(Weights expressed in grains and thonsandths.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Year. & Number of pieces found. &  & Loss. on all pieces tested. & Year. & Number of pieces found. & A verage loss on each piece. & Loss on all pieces
testted. \\
\hline & & Grains. & Grains. & & & Grains. & Grain8. \\
\hline 1806. & 11 & 14.630 & 14.630 & 1847. & 347 & 5. 010 & 1, 738.376 \\
\hline 1807. & & 14.620 & 14.620 & 1848 & 353 & 4. 593 & 1,621. 382 \\
\hline 1808. & 3 & J. 923 & 5.769 & 1849 & 370 & 4. 723 & 1, 747. 629 \\
\hline 1809. & 3 & 5.780 & 17.340 & 1850 & 163 & 5. 063 & \(825.2 \% 0\) \\
\hline 1810. & 5 & 5.452 & 27. 260 & 1851 & 20 & 5. 513 & 110. 255 \\
\hline 1811: & 1 & 4. & 4. & 1852 & & & \\
\hline 1812. & 1 & 8.400 & 8. 400 & 1853. & 5,885 & 4. 307 & 25, 346.295 \\
\hline 1813. & 4 & 2. 700 & 10.800 & 1854 & 10, 444 & 4. 594 & 47, 981. 162 \\
\hline 1814. & - 1 & 10.54.0 & 110.540 & 1865. & 5,637 & 4. 330 & 24, 408. 454 \\
\hline 1815 & & & & 1856. & 4,601 & 4.476 & 20, 595.857 \\
\hline 1816 & & & & 1857 & 3,502 & 3. 893 & 13, 631. 852 \\
\hline 1817. & & & & 1858 & 16,604 & 4. 235 & 70, 31.8. 520 \\
\hline 1818. & 7 & 4.839 & 33. 873 & 1859 & 5,605 & 4. 258 & 23,865. 816 \\
\hline 1819. & 8 & 4. 168 & 33.344 & 1860. & 2,711 & 4. 311 & 11, 686. 452 \\
\hline 1820 & ; 3 & 5. 507 & 16.521 & 1861 & 7,587 & 4.035 & 30, 614. 158 \\
\hline 1821. & 4 & 2. 330 & 9. 320 & 1862 & 1,406 & 6. 024 & 8, 470. 046 \\
\hline 1822 & 17 & 4. 418 & 75.100 & 1863. & 1,119 & 5,525 & 6, 182. 706 \\
\hline 1823. & -9 & 4. 599 & 41.391 & 1864. & 932 & 5. 262 & 4, 903. 868 \\
\hline 1824 & 30 & 03.804 & 114.121 & 1865. & 1,008 & 4. 806 & 4, 844.710 \\
\hline 1825. & 24 & 4. 073 & 97.751 & 1866 & 1,574 & 4. 994 & 7, 800. 442 \\
\hline 1826. & 30 & 5. 808 & 174. 240 & 1867. & 1,877 & 4. 776 & 8,963.981 \\
\hline 1827 & 30 & 4. 183 & 125. 500 & 1868. & 1,669 & 4. 568 & 7,623. 877 \\
\hline 1828. & 21 & 4. 608 & 96.772 & 1869 & 2,370 & 3. 919 & 9, 312. 483 \\
\hline 1820. & 30 & 5. 570 & 167. 087 & 1870 & 2,340 & 4.017 & \(9,400.371\) \\
\hline 1830. & 47 & 5, 012 & 235.570 & 1871 & 5,878 & 3. 515 & 20, 660. 598 \\
\hline 1831. & 55 & 3. 772 & 207.445 & 1872. & 2,704 & 3. 234 & 8,746. 052 \\
\hline 1832. & 65 & 3. 432 & 223.110 & 1873 & 6, 176 & 3. 005 & 18,932. 284 \\
\hline 1832 & 57 & 3. 814 & 217.407 & 1874 & 5,514 & 2.668 & 14, 714.051 \\
\hline ,1834. & 114 & 3.912 & 445. 944 & 1875. & 21, 403 & 2.844 & 60, 878.682 \\
\hline 1835 & 46 & 3. 305. & 152.015 & 1876. & 34, 459 & 2.913 & 100.373.942 \\
\hline 1836 & 66 & 2.965 & 195. 708 & 1877 & 38,548 & 2.545 & 97, 999. 135 \\
\hline 1837. & 62 & 2. 882 & 178. 670 & 1878. & 3,851 & 2. 285 & 8,799. 108 \\
\hline 1838 & 69 & 3. \(3 \geq 8\) & 229.640 & 1879. & & & \\
\hline 1839. & 81 & 3. 695 & 299. 265 & 1880 & 25 & . 830 & 20.744 \\
\hline 1840 & 165 & 3. 842 & 635.862 & 1881 & 19 & 1. 148 & 21. 805 \\
\hline 1841 & 78 & 4. 659 & 363. 408 & 1882 & -9 & . 561 & 5. 050 \\
\hline 1842. & 268 & 4. 169 & 1, 117.168 & 1883 & - 5 & . 056 & . 280 \\
\hline 1843 & 597 & 4. 532 & 2,705. 809 & 1884 & & & \\
\hline 1844. & 389 & 4. 659 & 1, 812.297 & & & & \\
\hline 1845.
1846. & 352
535 & 4. 921
5.375 & \(1,732.058\)
\(2,875.780\) & & 200, 000 & & 687, 929. 078 \\
\hline & & & & & & & , \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITULATION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Period. & Legal weight of pieces. & Number of pieces coined. & Number of pieces tested. & Average losh per piece. & Percontage of loss per piece. & Loss on all pieces rested. \\
\hline Prior to 1806 & \[
\underset{208}{\substack{\text { Grains }}}
\] & 787, 197 & & Grains. & & Orains. \\
\hline 1806 to 1836 & 208. & 83, 480, 976 & 683 & 5. 290 & 2.543 & 2,775.578 \\
\hline 1837 to 1852 & 206. 25 & 48, 230, 133 & 3, 849 & 4.464 & 2. 164 & 17, 990.819 \\
\hline 1853 to 1873 & 192 & 67, 192, 165 & 91, 635 & 4. 388 & 2. 285 & 384, 349.884 \\
\hline 1874 to 1878 & 192.9 & 45, 799, 120 & 103, 775 & 2.651 & 1. 374 & 282, 764.918 \\
\hline 1879 to 1884 & 192.9 & 41,879 & 58 & . 648 & . 336 & 47.879 \\
\hline & & 245, 531, 470 & 200,000 & & & 687, 929.078 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RESULT of an EXAMINATION of \(\mathbf{3 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ Q U A R T E R - D O L L A R S ~ R E C E I V E D ~ a t ~}\) the TREASURY of the UNITED STATES from all SUB-TREASURLES, and ASSORTED, CLEANED, and WETGHED, SHOWING the NUMBER of PIECES of EACH DATE and the ABRASION.
(Weignts expressed in grains and thousandths.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Year. & Number of pieces found. & A verage loss on each piece. & Loss on all pieces tested. & Year, & Number of pieces found. & Average loss on each piece. & Loss on all pieces tested. \\
\hline & & Grains. & Grains. & & & Grains. & Grains. \\
\hline 1831 & 15 & 3.488 & 52.320 & 1859 & 2,723 & 2. 830 & 7, 705. 698 \\
\hline 1832 & 3 & 4. 080 & 12. 240 & 1860. & 2,066 & 2. 930 & 6, 052.851 \\
\hline 1833 & 6 & 4. 898 & 29.390 & 1861. & 8, 332 & 2. 726 & 22, 710.632 \\
\hline 1834. & 31 & 4. 391 & 136. 130 & 1862. & 1,546 & 3. 113 & 4,812.622 \\
\hline 1835 & 27 & 4. 758 & 128.472 & 1863 & 143 & 2.840 & 406.059 \\
\hline 1836. & 9 & 3. 963 & 35. 667 & 1864. & 122 & 3. 391 & 413.716 \\
\hline 1837 & 12 & 4. 499 & 53.989 & 1865. & 281 & 3. 676 & 1, 032.922 \\
\hline 1838. & 82 & 4.063 & 333. 138 & 1866. & 127 & 4. 574 & 580.843 \\
\hline 1839 & 41 & 4.047 & 165.942 & 1867. & 232 & 3. 929 & 911, 528 \\
\hline 1840. & 161 & 4. 288 & 690.413 & 1868. & - 553 & 4. 228 & 2,337. 160 \\
\hline 1841. & 153 & 4. 266 & 652.654 & 1869. & 447 & 3. 754 & 1,678. 002 \\
\hline 1842. & 199 & 4. 075 & 810.908 & 1870. & 247 & 2. 523 & 623.116 \\
\hline 1843 & 248 & 3. 945 & 978.281 & 1871. & 614 & 2. 864 & 1,758.236 \\
\hline 1844. & 297 & 4. 377 & 1, 300.017 & 1872. & 919 & 2. 300 & 2, 113. 740 \\
\hline 1845 & 176 & 3. 433 & 604. 294 & 1873. & 5,796 & 2. 032 & 11, 776. 056 \\
\hline 1846. & 108 & 3. 680 & 397.436 & 1874 & 2,827 & 1. 863 & 5, 266. 443 \\
\hline 1847. & 269 & 3.523 & 947.767 & 1875. & 15,795 & 1. 901 & 30, 022. 365 \\
\hline 1848. & 30 & 4. 794 & 143.814 & 1876. & 81, 952 & 2.229 & 182, 685.192 \\
\hline 1849 & 100 & 3. 818 & 381.780 & 1877. & 68, 580 & 1. 957 & 134, 190. 330 \\
\hline 1850 & 167 & 3. 448 & 575.925 & 1878. & 9,706 & 1. 395 & 13,543. 089 \\
\hline 1851. & 30 & 3.649 & 109. 464 & 1879. & \(\therefore \quad 31\) & 1. 325 & 41.075 \\
\hline 1852. & 31 & 4. 698 & 145.673 & 1880. & 34 & . 858 & 28.986 \\
\hline 1853 & 24,687 & 3. 495 & 86, 280. 163 & 1881. & 14 & . 859 & 12. 026 \\
\hline 1854 & 21,917 & 3. 602 & 78, 948. 658 & 1882. & 46 & . 145 & 6. 661 \\
\hline 1855 & 4, 272 & 3. 303 & 14, 109. 916 & 1883. & 6 & . 494 & 2. 964 \\
\hline 1856. & 13, 217 & 3.325 & 43,952. 663 & 1884. & 2 & + 235 & . 470 \\
\hline 1857 & 17, 416 & 3. 162 & 55, 062.420 & & & & \\
\hline 1858. & 13, 155 & 2. 983 & 39, 241. 890 & Total & 300, 000 & ...... . . & 756, 994. 206 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITULATION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Period. & Legal weight per pieco. & Number of pieces coined. & Number of pieces tested. & A verage loss per piece. & Percentage of loss per piece. & Total loss on pieces tested. \\
\hline Prior to 1831 & Grains. & & & Grains. & & Grains. \\
\hline 1831 to 1836. & 104. & 3, 584, 000 & 91 & 4.263 & 4. 099 & 394. 219 \\
\hline 1837 to 1852.. & 103\% & 10,556, 533 & 2, 104 & 4. 038 & 3. 916 & 8, 291.495 \\
\hline 1853 to 1873. & 96 & 72, 008, 712 & 118, 812 & 3. 218 & 3. 352 & 382, 508.891 \\
\hline 1874 to 1878.. & 90.45 & 65, 903, \(7 \% 2\) & 178, 860 & 1. 869. & 1. 927 & 365, 707.419 \\
\hline 1879 to 1884.. & 96. 45 & 75,079 & 133 & . 653 & . 677 & 92.182 \\
\hline Total & & 153, 983, 675 & 300, 000 & & & 756, 994. 200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following table contains a carefully prepared estimate of the amount of fractional coin now in circulation (including the amount in the Treasury), and of the amount of the loss on the same, calculated upon the basis supplied by the figures in the preceding tables:


Note.-During the periods prior to 1837 the fineness of the silver was only 892.4.
The estimate of the amount of dimes in circulation has not received as much care as the statements of the half- and quarter-dollars, and it may differ from the actual circulation about \(\$ 1,000,000\). The loss by abrasion on the dimes has been fixed at 5 per ceut., that being about the loss shown for a series of years on the recoinage of smaller fractional coins.

The weight of \(\$ 70,000,000\) of fractional silver coin, at the present rate, 385.8 grains to the dollar, is \(56,262,500\) staudard ounces.
From the above estimate it may be ascertained how much it will take to put the subsidiary coinage of the country in a proper condition. The cost thereof, on the basis furnished above, at different weights to the dollar, with silver at 93 cents per standard ounce, is shown by the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Weight of oue dollar-} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Ratio of silver to gold.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Standard ouncos (and thonsandths) of silver required to recoin the circulation at weights given.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Cost of silver required to recoin the circulation at weights given.} \\
\hline In grains. & Equivalent in grams. & & & \\
\hline 385.80 & 25 & 14. 95 to 1 & 1, 381, 465. 955 & \$1, 284, 76334 \\
\hline 399.90 & 25.90 & 15. 50 to 1 & 3, 437, 715. 955 & 3, 197, 07583 \\
\hline 401.23 & 26 & 15.56 to 1 & - 3,631, 674. 288 & 3, 377, 45708 \\
\hline 412.50 & \({ }^{26.73}\) & 15. 99 to 1 & 5,275, 215.955 & 4,905, 95083. \\
\hline 416. 66 & 27 & 16.15 to 1 & 5, 881, 882. 621 & \(5,470,15083\) \\
\hline 420 & 27.21 & 16. 28 to 1 & 6, \(363,665.955\) & 5,923, 13833 \\
\hline 430 & 27.86 & 16. 67 to 1 & 7, 827, 299.288 & -7,279,388 33 \\
\hline 432.10 & 28 & 16.75 to 1 & 8, 133, 549: 288 & 7,564, 20083 \\
\hline 440 & 28.51 & 17.05 to 1 & 9, 285, 632. 621 & \(8,635,63833\) \\
\hline 447.53 & 29 & 17.34 to 1 & 10, 383, 757. 621 & 9, 656, 89458 \\
\hline 450 & 29.16 & 17.44 to 1 & 10,743, 965955 & 9, 991, 88833 \\
\hline 460 & 29.81 & 17. 83 to 1 & 12,202, 299. 281 & 11, 348, 138838 \\
\hline 462. 97 & 30 & 17. 94. to 1 & 12,635, 424. 281 & 11, 750, 94458 \\
\hline 470 & 30.46 & 18. 22 to 1 & 13, 660, 632. 621 & 12, 704,38833 \\
\hline 478.39
480 & \({ }_{31}^{31} 10\) & 18. 54.60 to 1 & 14, 884, 174. 281 & 13, 842, 28208 \\
\hline 480 & 31.10 & 18.60 to 1 & 15, 118, 965.955 & 14, 060, 63833 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This is exclusive of the cost of coinage at the mints, which may be assumed to be, if fire-cent pieces are inchided, six per cent. ou the par yalue. A new coinage with a weight of 30 grams, of 440 grains, or of 28 grams to the dollar (the weights in grams being suggested as suitable for a future international coinage), would afford sufficient margin between the present value of the ounce of silver, 900 fine, and any possible increase in the future price of silver; and would, further, provide a sum, in the profit to be derived from the continued and wider use of these coins, large enough to replace the abraded pieces as they become unfit for circulation. The new coins should be made a legal tender for, say, \(\$ 30\) or \(\$ 50\), in order to encourage the hoarding of them. New desigus possessing greater artistic merit than those of the existing coinage should be furuished by competition. The half-dime should again be coined, with the additional weight herein proposed, and the present fivecent nickel pieces should be called in and used in the other minor coinage. The proposed currency would meet an existing want and an extensive demand.

MINOR GOIN.
At the close of the fiscal year the Treasury beld \(\$ 868,465.64\) in minor coiu, an increase of nearly \(\$ 100,000\) over the amonnt held at the close of the preceding year. The amount was reduced by October 31, 1885, to \(\$ 719,831.24\).

It is evideut that there is a redundancy of this description of coin. It is recommended that the three-cent piece be withdrawn trom circulation by reilemption, and that the five-cent pieces be redeemed and the silver half-dime of greater weight substituted.

A large portion of this coiuage, although fit for circulation, requires cleaning, and an appropriation for that purpose is asked for.
In order to save the expense of coining and distributing minor coins when a sufficient supply is already in the Treasury, it is recommended that the coinage be suspended and future demands be supplied from the Treasury offices at the cost of the applicant, as this is the ouly practicable way in which to prevent a constantly recurring redundancy.

The following table shows the amount of each denomination of minor coin held in the several Treasury offices on September 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline In office of- & Five cents. & Three cents. & Two cents. & One cent. & Onassorted. & Total. \\
\hline Treasurer United States, Washington & \$3, 47500 & \$12,300 00 & \$250 00 & \$561 00 & \$583 59 & \$17, 16959 \\
\hline Assistant
States:
dreasurer United & & & & & & \\
\hline Baltimore & 13, 35000 & 1.35000 & 4,46000 & 33, 28988 & & 52,449 88 \\
\hline Boston & 16,235 00 & 28,977 00 & 85100 & 29, 8656 & 7,400-00 & 83, 34863 \\
\hline Chicaso. & 31,500 00 & 7, 62000 & 1,620 00 & 10000 & 88055 & 41,720 55 \\
\hline Cinciunati & 16,950 00 & 1,500 00 & 2, 10000 & 1,085 47 & 1, 85000 & 23, 485.47 \\
\hline New Orleans & 1, 03700 & \({ }^{7} 78066\) & 10098 & \({ }^{744} 71\) & 14021 & 2, 80956 \\
\hline New York & 14:3, 25600 & 22.350 00 & 87000 & 8,521 00 & 7, 72000 & 182, 71700 \\
\hline Pbiladelphia & 113, 06400 & 80, 46900 & 9, 555 00 & 147, 73500 & 4, 237, 00 & 355, 06000 \\
\hline San Franeisco & 8,10000 & 1, 50000 & 14000. & 26000 & & 10. 00000 \\
\hline Saiut Louis \(0 . . . . . . . . .\). & 13,350 00 & ¢,44518 & 16370 & 78032 & 4065 & 22, 77985 \\
\hline United states Assay-Office: Boisé City & & 。 & & & 98 & 98 \\
\hline Now York & & & & & 1183
3
50 & 1183
350 \\
\hline Saint Louis & & & & & 350 & 350 \\
\hline Total & 360,317 00 & 165, 29 i 84 & 20,116 68 & 222, 04301 & 22, 92831 & 791, 59684 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECOINAGE OF UNCURRENT COINS.
Under the appropriation of \(\$ 15,000\) for the recoinage of uncurrent coins, fractional silver of the tace value of \(\$ 250,31535\) was recoined during the fiscal year, at a net loss of \(\$ 13,06597\).

Unless some other measure looking to the recoinage of the fractional silver coin is adopted, it is recommended that for the coming fiscal year an appropriation of \(\$ 10,000\) be requested, for recoining such uncurrent coins as may be received.

\section*{FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.}

The amount of fractional currency presented for redemption is slowly decreasing each year, notwithstanding the fact that over \(\$ 15,000,000\) is still nominally outstanding.

The redemptions since 1876; when the issue ceased, bave been as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1877. & \$14, 043, 45805 & 1882 & \$58,705 55 \\
\hline 1878. & 3, 855, 36857 & 1883 & 46,550 96 \\
\hline 1879 & 705, 15866 & 1884 & 20,629 50 \\
\hline 1880 & 251, 71741 & 1885 & 15,805 43 \\
\hline 1881. & 109, 001.05 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following statement shows, by issues, the date when the issue ceased, the amount issued and outstanding, and the percentage of the latter to the former:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Issue. & Date when issue ceased. & Total issued. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Outstanding \\
Tune 30, 188.5.
\end{tabular} & Percentage outstanding to amount issued. \\
\hline First & May 27, 1863 & \$20, 215, 63500 & \$4, 281, 34228 & 21.1 \\
\hline Second & Felb. 23, 1867 & 23, 164,483 65 & 3, 106, 42441 & 13.4 \\
\hline Third. & Apr. 16, 1869 & 86, 115, 02880 & 2,984, 17795 & 3.5 \\
\hline Fourth & Feb. 16, 1875 & 176, 567,03? 00 & 3,693, 24829 & 2.1 \\
\hline Fiith & Feb. 15, 1876 & 62, 661,900 00 & 1, 274, 92128 & 2.0 \\
\hline & & 368, 724, 07945 & 15, 340, 11421 & 4.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The proportion of the earlier issues of this currency reported as outstanding is so unusually large as to attract attention. The United States notes issued prior to 1875 were exposed to the same amount of wear and tear, and so, too, were the national-bank notes; but the percentage of the amount of these notes outstanding differs widely from that of the fractional currency, as will be seen by the following statements:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description. & Date when issue ceased. & Total issued. & Ontstindiug June 30, 1885. & Per cent. of outstanding to issue. \\
\hline United States notes. & & & & \\
\hline all denominations. & & & & \\
\hline "New issue" & Apr. 19, 1869 & \$669, 321, 67600 & \$10, 106, 05330 & 1.5 \\
\hline Issue of 1869 & July 25, 1874 & 493, 828, 13200 & 28, 762, 62040 & 5.8 \\
\hline Issue of 1874 & Sept. 13,1875 & 37, 968,000 00 & 7, 411, 9:8 90 & 8.4 \\
\hline Issue of 1875 & June 20, 1879 & 190, 688,000 00 & 25, 086, 06170 & 13.2 \\
\hline & & 1, 441, 805, 80800 & 71, 366, 66430 & 4.9 \\
\hline "New issue" & Apir. 19, 1869 & 28, 351, 34800 & 790, 91785 & 2.8 \\
\hline Tssue of 1869. & July 25, 1874 & 42, 456, 81200 & 466, 17575 & 1.1 \\
\hline Issue of 1874. & Sept. 13, 1875 & 18,988, 00000 & 185,620 90 & 1.0 \\
\hline Issue of 1875 & June 20, 1879 & 26, 212, 00000 & 397, 342 80 & 1.5 \\
\hline & & 116, 008, 16000 & 1,840,057 30 & 1.6 \\
\hline "New issue" & Apr. 19, 1869 & 34, 07), 12800 & 612, 42420 & 1.8 \\
\hline Issue of 1869. & July 25, 1874 & 50, 511, 92000 & 471, 11140 & 0.9 \\
\hline Issue of 1874. & Sept. 13, 1875 & 16, 520,000 00 & -154, 59300 & 0.9 \\
\hline Issne of 1875. & June 20, 1879 & 23,036, 00000 & 486, 98740 & 2.1 \\
\hline Wational-bank note & & 124, 139, 048 60 & 1, 725, 11600 & 1.4 \\
\hline Ones. & Jain. 1, 1879 & 23, 167,677 00 & 453, 35700 & 2.9 \\
\hline Twos & Jan. 1, 1879 & 7,747,519 00 & 125, 48800 & 1.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MU'TLATED AND COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY.}

The deductions on account of mutilation from the face value of United States notes redeemed during the year amonnted to \(\$ 4,814\), on fractional currency to \(\$ 90.70\), on silver certificates to \(\$ 165\), and on gold certificates to \(\$ 20\).

The regulations governing deductions on account of matilation were, on July 1, 1885, amended, with the approval of the Secretary, so that if the inissing portion exceeds one-tenth of the note a deduction is made for the portion in excess of one-ten in.

There were detected in remittances of notes received for redemptions 272 counterfeit United States notes, and 333 national-bank notes. The denominations of these notes were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Denomination. & Uuited States notes. & National-bank notes. \\
\hline & & - & \\
\hline One dollar & & - \(\$ 18\) & \\
\hline Two dollars & & 32 & \$34 \\
\hline Five dollars & & 380 & 900 \\
\hline Ten dollars & & 720 & 900 \\
\hline Twenty dollars & & 1, 260 & 700 \\
\hline Fifty dollars & & 1, 100 & 300 \\
\hline One hundred dollars & & 500 & 500 \\
\hline & & 4,010 & 3,334 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

There was also detected counterfeit fractional currency of the nominal value of \(\$ 234.20\).

The following statement shows the number of counterfeit silver coinsdetected in the receipts of the several Treasury offices during the fiscal year:


THE POSTAL REVENUES.
As stated elsewhere, less than one-balf the amount of the revenues of the Post-Office Department are received and disbursed through the Treasury, these revenues having been excepted from the requirements of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes. The postal revenues are not disbursed upon warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the FirstComptroller, but the Postmaster-General and the Sixth Auditor authorize the disbarsements. The accounts of the Post-Office Department pass through no reviewing office after having been audited.

The result of this is that accountability is not secured; a large part of the public moneys, constituting during the last year one-seventim of the disbursements of the Government, escapes that system of control to which all other fiscal transactions are or should be subjected. The disbursements made by postmasters, without draft or warrant, for the expenses of their offices and salaries of employés are not made in conformity with the present method of transacting the public business in the other departments of the Government.

It is recommended that that portion of the section of the Revised Statutes referred to, and so much of any other sections as may anthorize such a mode of handling public moueys, be repealed, and that such other legislation as may be necessary to bring the postal revenues entirely within the Treasury system of accounting, be had.

\section*{SPEAKER'S CERTIFICATES.}

The recommendation repeatedly made by former Treasurers, that the mode of paying the certiticates issued by the Speaker of the House of Representatives to members for their compensation and mileage be altered, is again made.

It is respectfully sulmitted that to require the Treasurer to disburse an amount approximating \(\$ 2,000,000\) anuually, while he is unable to verify the accounts upon which the issue of the certiticates is based, is neither in accordance with the usual mode of conducting public business, nor just to that officer, who is held responsible by the accounting officers for the proper payment of these certificates the same as for the payment of other obligations of the Government.

It is urgently requested that Congress be asked to transfer the duty of makiug these disbursements to a disbursing officer.

\section*{CLEARING-HOUSE TRANSACTIONS}

The usual tables, showing the transactions of the sub-treasury at New York with the clearing-house in that city, are here presented:


\section*{RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK.}

In continnation of tables presented in the reports of the Treasurer for the past two years, the kinds of money received in payment of duties on imports at the port of New York are shown in the table below, covering the period from July 1, 1884, to October 31, 1885.

The following is a summary of the table:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & United States Notes. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Per } \\
\mathrm{Ct} .
\end{array}\right|
\] & Gold Coin. & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\mathrm{Per} \\
\mathrm{Ct} .
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & Gold Cer. titicates. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{Per} \\
& \mathrm{Ct}
\end{aligned}
\] & Silver Certificates. & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { Per } \\
& \mathbf{C t} .
\end{aligned}\right.
\] & Silver Coin. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{Per} \\
\mathrm{Ct} .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Totaldnties } \\
& \text { on imports } \\
& \text { port of } \\
& \text { New York. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Fiscal year ending june 30, \(1884 \ldots\)... & \$11,791, 000 & 8.8 & \$3, 556, 000 & 2.7 & \$88, 750, 000 & 66. 4 & \$29, 482, 000 & 22.0 & \$154, 000 & 0. & \$133, 713,000 \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
1884 . \\
\text { July } \ldots . .
\end{array}
\] & 2,332, 000 & 17.8 & 206, 000 & 1.6 & 6, 313, 000 & 48.1 & 4, 247, 000 & 32.4 & 13, 000 & 0.1 & 13, 111,000 \\
\hline August & 2, 781,000 & 21.7 & 169, 000 & 1.3 & 5, 702 & 14.4 & 4, 164, 000 & 32.5 & 12,000 & 0.1 & 12, 828,000 \\
\hline September & 4, 125, 000 & 34. 4 & 193, 000 & 1.6 & 3, 897, 000 & 32. 5 & 3, 764, 000 & 31.4 & 13, 000 & 0.1 & 11, 992, 000 \\
\hline October & 4,390, 000 & 32.3 & 183, 000 & 1.8 & 2, 452, 000 & 23. 6 & 3, 331, 000 & & 13,000 & 0.1 & 10, 369,000 \\
\hline November & 2, 889, 000 & 37.4 & 148, 000 & 1.9 & 1, 415, 000 & 118.3 & 3, 255, 000 & 42.2 & 10,000 & 0.1 & 7, 717,000 \\
\hline December & 2, 927, 000 & 36. 2 & 140,000 & 3.7 & 1, 450, 000 & 17.9 & 3, 559,000 & & 11,000 & 0.1 & 8,087, 000 \\
\hline 188 & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January. & 3,256, 000 - & 31.6 & 119,000 & 1. 2 & 2, 739,000 & 26. 6 & 4, 179, 000 & 40.5 & 13, 000 & 0.1 & 10, 306,000 \\
\hline Februar & 3, 697, 00013 & 35. 3 & 84, 000 & 0.8 & 3, 291, 000 & 31. 5 & 3, 378, 000 & 32.3 & 11,000 & 0.1 & 10,461,000 \\
\hline March & 2,821,000 & 25. 0 & 77, 000 & 0.7 & 4, 482, 000 & 39.7 & 3, 888, 000 & 34.5 & 13, 000 & 0.1 & 11, 281, 000 \\
\hline April & 1, 946, 000 & 19.5 & 90,000 & 0.9 & 3, 813, 0003 & 38.2 & 4, 120, 00 & 41.3 & 14, 000 & 0. 1 & 9, 983, 000 \\
\hline May & 1,786; 000 & 18.8 & 69,000 & 0.7 & 4, \(087,000{ }^{4}\) & \({ }^{4} 42.9\) & 3, 565, 000 & 37. 4 & 16, 000 & 0.2 & 9, 523, 000 \\
\hline June & 3,211, 000 & 33.3 & 66,000 & 0.7 & 3, 138, 000 & 32.5 & 3,210, 000 & 33.3 & 19,000 & 0.2 & 9, 644,000 \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Fiscal year } \\
\text { ending June } \\
\qquad 0,1885 \ldots \ldots
\end{gathered}
\] & 36, 161, 000 & 28.9 & 1,544, 000 & 1.2 & 42,779, 000 & 34. & 44, 660, 000 & 35.6 & 158,000 & 0.1 & 125, 302, 000 \\
\hline July. & 5, 508, 000 & 46.6 & 93.000 & 0.8 & 3, 408, 000 & 28.8 & 2,790,000 & 23.6 & 22,000 & 0.2 & 11, 821, 000 \\
\hline August & 4,846, 000 & 38.2 & 86,000 & 0.6 & 6, 017, 000 & 47.4 & 1, 716, 000 & 13.5 & 35, 500 & 0. 3 & 12,700, 500 \\
\hline September & 3,139,000 & 25. 8 & 81, 000 & 0.7 & 7, 718, 000 & 63.4 & 1, 190,000 & 9.8 & 39, 000 & 0.3 & 12, 167,000 \\
\hline October .. & 1, 811,000 & 16.8 & 86, 000 & 0.8 & 7, 623, 000 & 70.8 & 1, 216,000 & 11: 3 & 35, 000 & 0.3 & 10,771,000 \\
\hline Total for two rears and four monthis. & 63, 256, 000 & 20.6 & 5, 446, 000 & & 6, 295, 000 & 51.0 & 81, 054, 000 & 26. & 423,500 & 0.1 & 306, 474, 500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

It will be observed that the receipts of United States notes and gold certificates, both of which may be classed as gold receipts, have increased steadily since April last, while the receipts in silver certificates have steadily decreased. This was due to the reduction of the amount of silver certificates in circulation, shown by the following statement:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Date.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Silver certificates.} & \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Percentage of each kind of money receired from customs at New York.} \\
\hline & Outstanding at the close of each montb. & Decrease daring the month. & United States notes. & Goid certificates. & 'Iotal gold receipts. & Increase. & Silver certifi. cates. & Decreasé. \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline April 30 & \$109, 285, 266 & & 19.5 & 38.2 & 57.7 & & 41.3 & \\
\hline May 31 & 105, 116, 446 & \$4, 168, 820 & 18.8 & 42.9 & - 61.7 & 4.0 & 37.4 & 3.9 \\
\hline June 30 & 101, 325, 166 & 3,791, 280 & 33.3 & 32.5 & 65.8 & 4.1 & 33.3 & 4.1 \\
\hline July 31. & 98, 895, 956 & 2, 429, 210 & 46. 6 & 28.8 & 75.4 & 9.6 & 23.6 & 9.7 \\
\hline August 31. & 95, 897, 336 & 2,996, 620 & 38.2 & 47.4 & 85.6 & 10. 2 & 13.5 & 10.1 \\
\hline September 30 & 93,500,006 & 2,397, 330 & 25.8 & 63.4 & 89.2 & 3.6 & 9.8 & 3. 7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In the appendix (p. 536 ) will be found a table showing, by months the per cent. of each kind of money so received from April, 1878, and on pp. 538 and 540 tables showing the gold; the standard silver dollars, and certificates in the Treasury for the same periods.

\section*{DEPOSXIARY BANKS.}

Public moneys amounting to \(\$ 119,056,058.94\) were during the year deposited with national banks designated as depositaries. The balances held at the close of the year to the credit of the Treasurer amounted to \(\$ 10,985,141.34\), and to the credit of disbursing officers, \(\$ 3,321,176.32\).

Bonds of the United States amounting to \(\$ 17,607,000\) were beld by the Treasury to secure the safe keeping and prompt payment of these funds.

One hundred and thirty-two national banks acted as depositaries during the jear, receiving the moneys from collecting officers of the Government, thus saving the risk and expense of transportation to Treasury. offices, and disbursing the same on drafts of the Treasurer. A more extended use of the banks as depositories would result in a large'saving to the Government, and very much lessen the chances of loss from peculation and frauds in the conduct of the operations of the Treasury, as the proper margin of security in United States bouds is a matter of constant supervision by the Treasurer. No loss has resulted in this class of deposits for the past eighteen years, although a number of failures have taken place among the depositary banks.

The following table presents the transactions with depositary banks for the twenty-two years in which they have been employed by the Treasury:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Fiscal year. & Receipts. & Funds transferred to depositary banks. & Funds transferred to Treasury by depositary banks. & Drafts drawn on depositary banks. & Balance at'close of the year. \\
\hline 1864 & \$153, 395, 10871 & \$816,000 00 & \$85, 5C7, 674 08 & \$ \(288,726,69588\) & \$39, 976, 73875 \\
\hline 1865 & 987, 564, 63914 & 8,110,294 70 & 583, 697, 912 72 & \(415,887,76781\) & 36, 065,992 06 \\
\hline 1866 & 497, 566, 67642 & 13, 523, 97262 & 363, 085, 56565 & 149,772, 75611 & 34, 298, 31934 \\
\hline 1867 & 351, 737, 08383 & 8, 405, 90363 & 331, 039, 87257 & 37, 218,612 76 & 26; 182, 82147 \\
\hline 1868 & 225, 244, 14475 & 9, 404, 29200 & 215, 311, 46069 & 22, 218, 18792 & 23, 301, \(70961{ }^{\prime}\) \\
\hline 1869 & 105, 160, 57367 & 10, 052, 19944 & 114, 748, 87724 & 14,890, 463 75 & 8,875, 14173 \\
\hline 1870 & 120, 084, 04179 & 2, 466, 52106 & 111, 123, 92618 & 11, 818, 22861 & \(8.483,54979\) \\
\hline 1871 & \(99,299,84085\) & 2,633, 12945 & 89, 428, 54404 & 13,790,961 01 & 7, 197, 01504 \\
\hline 1872 & 106, 104, 85516 & 3,050,44405 & \(94,938,60376\) & 13, 635, 83749 & 7, 777, 87300 \\
\hline 1873 & 169, 602, 74398 & 9, 004, 84249 & 108, 089, 78676 & 16,110, 51907 & \(62,185,15364\) \\
\hline 1874 & 91; 108, 84670 & 2,729,958 81 & 134, 869, 11257 & 13,364, 55452 & 7,790, 29206 \\
\hline 1875 & 98, 228, 249.53 & 1,737, 44560 & 82, 184, 30405 & 13,657,678 25 & 11,914,004 89 \\
\hline 1876 & - 97. 402, 22757 & 2, 445,45149 & \(89,981,14699\) & 13, 909, 61683 & 7, 870, 92013 \\
\hline 1877 & 106, 470, 26122 & 2, 353, 19629 & 94, 276, 40035 & 14,862, 20088 & 7,555, 77641 \\
\hline 1878 & 99, 781, 05348 & 2, 385,920 38 & 90, 177, 96335 & 12,606,870 60 & 6, 937, 91632 \\
\hline 1879 & 109, 397, 52567 & 6,890,489 06 & 100, 498,469 29 & 15, 544, 05834 & 7, 183, 40342 \\
\hline 1880 & 119, 498, 17194 & 6,489, 634 17 & 109, 641, 23264 & 15,525, 02303 & 7,999,953 86 \\
\hline 1881 & 131, 820, 002 20 & 5, 646, 092 46 & 118, 143, 72491 & 18,388, 77282 & 8,933,550 79 \\
\hline 1882 & 142, 261, 54141 & 5, 256, 57429 & 129, 131, 30507 & 18,709, 92856 & 9,610,432 86 \\
\hline 1883 & 145, 974, 256.86 & 5, 292, 84022 & 132, 075,35880 & 18,771, 47281 & 10, 030, 69833 \\
\hline 1884 & 129, 100, 44935 & 5, 501, 16118 & 116, 227, 72217 & 17, 688, 442 5\% & 10, 716, 14417 \\
\hline 1885 & 119, 056, 05894 & 4, 798, 78235 & 105, 952, 60909 & 17, 633, 23503 & 10,985, 14134 \\
\hline Total.. & 4, 206, 853, 35317 & 118,995, 24574 & 3,400, 131,572 97 & 914, 731,884 60 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{PACIFIC RAILROAD SINKING FUNDS.}

At the close of the fiscal year United States bonds were held in this office for account of the Pacific Railroad sinking funds, established by the act of May 7, 1878 (20 Statutes, 56), as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline United States bonds. & For Union Pacifie Railroad Company. & For Central Pacific Railroad Com. pany. \\
\hline Bonds issoed to Pacific railroads, 6 per cents & \$361, 000 & \$444, 000 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents & 3, 123, 650 & 199, 100 \\
\hline Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents. & -966, 450 & 1,094, 900 \\
\hline Total & 4, 451, 100 & 1,738,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{TRUST FUNDS.}

\section*{THE INDIAN TRUST FUND.}

The Treasurer was, by the act of Congress of June 10, 1876 (19 Statutes, 58), made the custodian for the Secretary of the Interior, trustee, of the Indian trust fund. The amount of this fund at the close of the year was \(\$ 1,804,016.832\), consisting principally of State and corporation stocks, as shown by the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Class of bonds. & Registered. & Coupon. & Total. \\
\hline Statc and canal bonds. & * & & \\
\hline Arkansas: Funded debt & & \$168, 00000 & \$168, 00000 \\
\hline Florida: State stocks & & 132,000 00 & 132, 00000 \\
\hline Indiana: Wabash and Erie Canal bonds & & 6,000 00 & 6, 00000 \\
\hline Lonisiata: State stocks. & & 37, 00000 & 37,000 00 \\
\hline - Maryland: State stocks. & \$8,350 17 & & 8,350 17 \\
\hline North Carolina: State stocks & & 192, 00000 & 192, 00000 \\
\hline South Carolina: Staie stocks & & 125,000 00 & - 125,00000 \\
\hline Tennessee: State stocks. & 191, \(66666{ }^{\text {a }}\) & 123, 00000 & 31.4, 666663 \\
\hline Virginia State stocks ....................... & 540,000 00 & & 540, 00000 \\
\hline Virginia: Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bonds... & & 1,000 00 & 1,000 00 \\
\hline United States bonds. & - & & \\
\hline Bonds issued to Pacitic railroads & 280, 00000 & & 280,000 00 \\
\hline Total...................................... & 1, 020, 016 83 \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 784, 00000 & 1, 804, 016 ㅈ3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

During the fiscal year \(\$ 3,000\) of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bonds and \(\$ 1,000\) of the Tennessee State stock were transferred from the fund to the Treasurer of the United States, custodian for the Secretary of the Treasury, an amount equal to the principal and interest of the bonds having been paid on account of the fund by the United States.

The interest on the Pacific Railroad bonds and on those of Indiana and Maryland has been regularly paid; the interest on the remaining stocks aud bonds has not been paid for years. Under section 3481 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, moneys due certain of the States which failed to pay the interest on their bonds were withheld. and applied to the interest accounts.
Soon after assuming the daties of the office, the Treasurer; desiring that all necessary steps to secure the rights of the United States in the premises might be taken, raised the question whether or not suit should be brought to recover the priucipal of such bonds as had matured, and
the interest which had not been paid. The question was submitted to the Solicitor of the Treasury, who decided that the matter rested within the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, to whom the subject was then referred and in whose hands it remains.

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS TRUSTS.}

\section*{United States bonds are held in trust for the following:}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline American Priuting House for the Blind, 4 per cents & 250, 000 \\
\hline Penusylvania Compang, \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cents & 200,000 \\
\hline Manhattan Savings Institution, 4 per cents & 75,000 \\
\hline Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, 4 per cents & 40, 000 \\
\hline Anderson \& Barr, Philadelphia, 3 per cents & 20,000 \\
\hline Alaska Commercial Cornpany, 4 per cents & 55, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following described bonds are held in custody in this office for the Secretary of the Treasury, all with the exception of the Louisiana and Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad bonds, having become the property of the United States by the payment of the principal and interest to the trusts for which they were originally purchased :
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Arkansas State bonds & 625,000 \\
\hline Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bouds & 12,000 \\
\hline Lonisiana State bouds. & 545, 480 \\
\hline Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad bonds & 500,000 \\
\hline North Caroliua State bonds................. & 13, 000 \\
\hline Tennessee State bouds & 21,000 \\
\hline Virginia State bonds & 41,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The Nashville and Cbattanooga Railroad bonds became the property of the United States under act of Congress providiag for the collection of debts due from Southern railroad corporations, approved March 3,1871 ( 16 Statutes, 473). Of the Arkansas State bonds, \(\$ 538,000\) formerly belonged to the Smithsonian Institution. The Lonisiana State bonds were captured at Vicksburg, by the Union forces, during the war of the rebellion. Of the amount originally held, \(\$ 21,000\) was surrendered to the State of Lovisiana in August, 1884. The remaining bonds were the property of the Indian trust fund, transferred to the United States when an amount equal to the principal and interest had been paid by appropriations fur account of the Indian tribes for whom the bonds were held.

UNITED STATES BONDS HELD FOR NATIONAL BANKS.
At the close of the fiscal year the United States bonds held in trust for the national banks amounted to \(\$ 329,752,200\), a reduction of \(\$ 21,455,650\) from the amount held at the close of the previons year. Of the amount stated, \(\$ 312,145,200\) was held to secure circulation, and \(\$ 17,607,000\) to secure public moneys, to wit:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & To secure cir. culation. & To secure pub. lic moneys. \\
\hline Bonds issued to Pacific Railyoads, 6 per cents & \$3, 520, 000 & \$120,000 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891, 4 g per ceuts & 48, 483, 050 & 2,040,000 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents. & 117, 901, 300 & 7,552,000 \\
\hline Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents & 142, 240, 850 & 7, 895, 000 \\
\hline Total & 312, 145, 200 & 17, 607, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The amount of bonds deposited during the year was \(\$ 35,205,150\), and of bonds withdrawn \(\$ 56,660,800\).

The total movement of bonds held in trust for national banks was \(\$ 91,865 ; 950\), against \(\$ 116,897, S 50\) for the year ended June \(30,1884\). The amount of bouds held to secure circulation June 30, 1884, was \(\$ 334,147,850\), and the amount held June 30, 1885, was \(\$ 312,145,200\), showing a decrease during the year of \(\$ 22,002,650\).

There was a decrease of \(\$ 30,171,700\) in the amount of bonds of the 3 per cent. loan of 1882, held to secure circulation, making the total withdrawal of this class of securities since the first issue \(\$ 67,443,000\).

\section*{SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY.}

The amount of semi-annual duty assessed upon and collected from the national banks, on account of circulation, for the fiscal year ending June 30,1885 , was \(\$ 2,794,584.01\). This is \(\$ 230,084.23\) less than the amount of duty collected for the preceding year. The decrease is due to the retirement of circulation by the national banks.

The total amount of semi-annual duty collected by this office from the national banks since the organization of the system is, as shown in the appendix:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline On circulation & \$61, 204, 77722 \\
\hline On deposits & 60,940, 06716 \\
\hline On capital. & 7, 855, 85774 \\
\hline Total & 130,000,732 12 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{the redempiion of national-bank notes.}

There were received during the year for redemption 21,867 packages, purporting to contain \(\$ 150,209,129.01\) in national-bank notes. This was an increase of \(\$ 24,056,556.67\), or \(19 \frac{8}{\circ}\) per cellt., over the amount received in the preceding year. There was a decrease of 1,318 in the number of packages, and the average value per package received was nearly \(\$ 7,000\).

A statement giving a summary of the cash transactions in the redemption of national-bank uotes for the last fiscal year, and for the eleven years of such redemptions, may be found on page 67, in the appendix to this report.
The bank notes received for redemption during the first three months of the current fiscal year amount to \(\$ 29,613,906.89\), as against \(\$ 32,846\), 885.43 in the corresponding period of the last fiscal year, a falling off in the amount received of nearly 10 per cent. Should this rate of decrease hold good, the receipts of bank notes for redemption for the current year will be about \(\$ 135,000,000\).

Between 1875 and 1877 the yearly receipts ran up from \(\$ 155,421,000\) to \(\$ 236,210,000\). This was followed by a steady decrease to \(\$ 59,650,000\), in 1881, after which the receipts again increased year by year to \(\$ 150,209,000\), in 1885 . The falling oft' during the first quarter of the current year seems to indicate that the culminating point in the second upward movement was reached last year.
The course of redemptions in the case of ordinary bank notes shows to some extent their conditiou as to excessive issues and as to the credit of the issuers. Not so much so, however, with the redemptions of na-tional-bank notes, because such notes are secured by bonds, and are uot, therefore, dependent alone on the credit of the issuers. Redemptions of national-bank notes are largely affected by other considerations.
Of the \(\$ 150,209,000\) in national-bank notes received for redemption during the last fiscal year \(50 \frac{2.80}{100}\) per cent., or \(\$ 75,409,000\), came from New

York City; \(18 \frac{29}{10}{ }^{9}\) per cent., or \(\$ 27,473,000\), from Boston, and \(4 \frac{81}{100}\) per cent., or \(\$ 7,220,000\), from Philadelphia. From no other one point was there as much as five per cent. received. The total amount received from these three cities was \(\$ 110,102,000\), or \(73 \frac{3.30}{100}\) per cent.

The following table shows the amount and percentage of nationalbank notes received for redemption, by fiscal years, for the last eleven years, separating the receipts from the cities of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia from the receipts from all other points:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Fiscal pear.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{New York.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Boston.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Philadelphia.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{All other places.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total receipts.} \\
\hline & Amount. & Per
cent. & Arnount. & Per cent. & Amount. & Per cent. & Amonnt. & Per cent. & \\
\hline 1875 & \$80, 925, 000 & 152.07 & (\$17, 598, 000 & 11. 32 & \$9,096,000 & 5.85 & \$47, 802, 000 & 30.76 & \$155, 421, 000 \\
\hline 1876 & 78, 389, 000 & 38.37 & 55, 878, 000 & 27.35 & 9, 778,000 & 4.79 & 60, 255, 000 & 29.49 & 204, 300, 000 \\
\hline 1877 & 76, 693, 000 & 32.47 & 75, 212, 000 & 31. 84 & 20, 988, 000 & 8.89 & 63, 317, 000 & 26. 80 & 238, 210, 000 \\
\hline 1878 & 66, 273, 000 & 31.48 & 80, 527, 000 & 38. 26 & 10, 836, 000 & 5.15 & 52, 855,.000 & 25.11 & 210, 491, 000 \\
\hline 1879 & 54, 170, 000 & 35.00 & 59, 375, 000 & 38.36 & 7, 052, 000 & 4.56 & 34, 172, 000 & 22.08 & 154, 769,000 \\
\hline 1880 & 26, 460, 000 & 42.96 & 11, 701, 000 & 19.00 & 3, 358, 000 & 5. 45 & 20, 067, 000 & 32. 59 & 61, 586, 000 \\
\hline 1881 & 23, 319, 000 & 39.09 & \(5,565,000\) & 9.33 & 4,919,000 & 8. 25 & 25, 847, 000 & 43.33 & 59, 650, 000 \\
\hline 1882 & 28, 01.2, 000 & 36. 82 & 7, 370,000 & 9.69 & 5, 939,000 & 7.81 & 34, 768,000 & 45. 68 & 76, 089,000 \\
\hline 1883 & 36, 042, 000 & 35.10 & 16, 631, 000 & 16. 19 & 7,333, 000 & 7. 14 & 42, 694, 000 & 41. 57 & 102, 700, 000 \\
\hline 1884 & 54, 327, 000 & 43.07 & 19, 971, 000 & 15.83 & 6, 830, 000 & 5.41 & 45, 024,000 & 35. 69 & 126, 152, 000 \\
\hline 1885 & 75, 409, 000 & 50.20 & 27, 473, 000 & 18.29 & 7, 220,000 & 4.81 & 40, 107, 000 & 26. 70 & 150, 209, 000 \\
\hline Total. & 600, 019, 000 & 39.02 & '377, 301., 000 & 24. 53 & 93, 349,000 & 6.07 & 466, 908, 000 & 30.38 & 1,537, 577,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The receipts from New York in 1878 were \(31 \frac{48}{180}\) per cent., the lowest rate reached, and they were the highest in 1875, at \(52-\frac{7}{0} 8\) per cent. For the eleven years they have been \(39_{\frac{1}{1} \frac{2}{0} \sigma}\) per cent. In the receipts from Boston there have been greater variations, the lowest being \(9 \frac{33}{100}\) per cent., in 1881, and the highest \(38 \frac{38}{100}\) per cent., in 1879-in that year, as well as in the year 1.878, exceeding the receipts from New York. For the last year the receipts from Boston were \(18 \frac{\frac{3}{10}}{100}\) per cent., and for the eleven years \(24 \frac{5.3}{100}\) per cent. The receipts from Philadelphia have varied from \(\frac{456}{100}\) per cent., in 1879 , to \(\$ \frac{89}{100}\) per cent., in 1877, and for the last year were \(4 \frac{81}{100}\) per cent. For the eleven years they have been \(6 \frac{7}{100}\) per cent. From these three cities the rectipts for the eleven years have been \(\$ 1,070,669 ; 000\), or \(69 \frac{132}{100}\) per cent., and from all other places \(\$ 466,908,000\), or \(30 \frac{38}{100}\) per cent.
The national bank notes assorted and disposed of during the year amounted to \(\$ 149,824,700\), against \(\$ 125,379,514\) during the preceding year-an increase of \(\$ 24,445,186\), or \(19 \frac{4}{10} \frac{3}{0}\) per cent. The increase was mainly in the uotes fit for circulation returned to the banks of issue, there having beeu \(\$ 45,634,800\) in such notes returned during the year, while in the preceding year there was but' \(\$ 26,255,500\). The amount of assorted notes delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency on five per cent. redemption account was \(\$ 72,669,700\); on account of banks in liquidation since July 12, 1882, and banks retiring their circulation under provisions of law, \(\$ 25,928,470\); making the total delivered \(\$ 98,598,170\), as against \(\$ 95,616,064\) in the preceding year. The uotes of failed banks and of banks in liquidation prior to July 12, 1882, assorted daring the year amounted to \(\$ 5,591,730\).
The number of packages of assorted bank-notes delivered during the year was 61,269 -an increase of \(6,1.71\) packages over the preceding year. The notes fit for circulation were sent by express to the respective banks of issue in 21,790 packages; and the notes delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency were contained in 39,479 packages.

The average amount of the assorted notes fit for circulation per pack-
age sent to bauks was \(\$ 2,094\); of notes delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency, \(\$ 2,497\).

During the current fiscal year the assorting of the redeemed notes has been done at shorter intervals. This has rednced the current balance of redeemed and unassorted bank notes on hand from about \(\$ 8,000,000\) to about \(\$ 3,500,000\).

The deliveries of assorted bank notes have also been correspondingly more frequent. The number of packages of notes fit for circulation sent to banks in the first three months of the current fiscal year was 7,076 , containing \(\$ 11,041,450-\) an average of \(\$ 1,560\) per package, being a decrease of \(\$ 534\) from the average of the last year: The number of packages delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency was 16,113 , containing \(\$ 20,984,201\)-an average of \(\$ 1,302\) per package, or \(\$ 1,195\) below the average of last sear. The total number of packages delivered in the first three months of the current fiscal year has been 23,189 , containing \(\$ 32,025,651\), as against 12,781 , containing \(\$ 30,573,720\) delivered in the corresponding period of last year-an increase of \(10,408 \mathrm{in}\) number of packages, but in amount of assorted notes of ouly \(\$ 1,451,931\).

Payments for bank notes received for redemption were effected by checks on assistant treasurers of the United States to the amount of \(\$ 105,840,234.80 ;\) by credits in accounts, \(\$ 20,388,067.76\); by shipments of United States notes, \(\$ 19,236,730.27\), and shipments of silver coin, \(\$ 618,273.57\); and by comnter redemptions, \(\$ 3,848,090.50\), a total of \(\$ 149,931,396: 90\), as against \(\$ 125,760,169.18\) in the preceding year. These payments expressed in percentages and compared with the payments made in the years 1881-1885, during which time the regulations governing payments in redemption of bank-notes have remained unchanged, are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Payments.} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Per cent.} \\
\hline & 1881. & 1882. & 1883. & 1884. & 1885. \\
\hline By checks on assistant treasurers & 37.96 & 43.75 & 55. & 62.02 & 70. 59 \\
\hline By shipments of United States notes. & 33.14 & 30.80 & 23. 24 & 19.15 & 12.83 \\
\hline By shipments of silver coin & & & & . 93 & . 41 \\
\hline By credits in accounts and counter redemptions & 28.40 & 24.77 & 21. 23 & 17. 90 & 16. 17 \\
\hline Total & 100. & 100. & 100. & 100. & 100. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The payments made by checks have steadily increased year by year from \(37 \frac{96}{100}\) per cent. in 1881 to \(70 \frac{5}{10} 9\) per cent. in 1885 . The shipments of United States notes have fallen off from \(33 \frac{14}{100}\) per cent. in 1881 to \(12 \frac{83}{100}\) per cent. in 1885 , and the credits in accounts and counter redemptious from \(28 \frac{40}{100}\) per cent. in 1881 to \(16-\frac{17}{100}\) per cent. in 1885. The shipments of silver coin have at no time equaled 1 per cent. of the payments. The highest point reached was in 1884 , wheu only \(\frac{93}{100}\) of 1 per cent. of the payments were so made; the lowest point, \(\frac{41}{100}\) of 1 per cent., was touched in the last year.

During the first three months of the current fiscal year there has been a marked change in the percentage of the classes of payments as compared with the last year. The checks and United States notes have fallen off-the former from \(70 \frac{-59}{100}\) per cent. to \(60 \frac{-34}{100}\) per cent., and the latter from \(12 \frac{83}{100}\) per cent. to 6 per cent. ; while the credits and counter. redemptions have increased from \(16 \frac{17}{100}\) per cent. to \(32 \frac{8.85}{1.00}\) per cent. The
silver payments have increased from \(\frac{41}{100}\) of 1 。per cent. to \(\frac{60}{100}\) of 1 per cent.

The suspension of the issue of \(\$ 1\) and \(\$ 2\) United States notes has doubtless caused the decrease in shipments of United States notes for bank notes redeemed, as these denominations were almost always asked for.

The total deposits made by national banks during the year in their redemption accounts amounted to \(\$ 144,383,886.18\), as follows: In the five per cent. account, \(\$ 117,144,940.18\); in the liquidating account, \(\$ 9,343,231\); and in the reducing account, \(\$ 17,895,715\). Of the annouvt deposited in the five per cent. account \(\$ 106,264,901.13\) was received through the assistant treasurers of the United States, \(\$ 4,503,141.79\) iu remittances of lawful money. by express, and \(\$ 6,376,897.26\) in proceeds of nationalbank notes redeemed.

Deposits in "liquidating account" were made to the amount of \(\$ 4,623,151\) under the provisions of section 5222 of the Revised Statutes, and to \(\$ 4,720,080\) under section six of the act of July 12, 1882.

The deposits under section six of the act of 1882 have been increased during the year by banks anticipating the three year requirement of that act in regard to their circulation outstanding at the date of the extension of their charters.

As the limit of time for these deposits in the case of a large number of banks whose charters were extended in February, 1883, will expire in February, 1886, the deposits to be made in the current fiscal year will exce 3 those beretofore made on this account. For the first quarter of the current fiscal year, to September 30,1885 , they amounted to \(\$ 4,100,104\).

The deposits in "reducing account," made under section four of the act June 20, 1874, as modified by section nine of the act of July 12, 1882, were \(\$ 7,902,595\) of lawtul money, and \(\$ 9,993,120\) of proceeds of "called" bonds. Of the latter amount \(\$ 9,482,710\) was deposited prior to December 1, 1884. No bond calls having been made since the 131st, on September 26, 1884, which matured November 1, 1884, deposits from that source and cause have consequently ceased. The limit of \(\$ 3,000,000\) set by section nine of the act of July 12, 1882, to lawful money deposits in any calendar month, was not reached during the year. The nearest approach thereto was the sum of \(\$ 1,189,905\) deposited in the month of October, 1884.

The following statement shows the deposits and redemptions on account of the notes of national banks "failed," "in liquidation," and "reducing circulation" to June 30,1877 , and by fiscal jears to 1885 , and the balance of tha deposits at the close of the fiscal years, as shown by the \({ }^{6}\) statement of the assets and liabilities of the Treasury of the United States":
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Year. & Deposits. & Redemptions. & Balancos. \\
\hline To June 30, 1877 & & \$83, 91.6, 36825 & \$70, 925, 00725 & \$12, 991, 36100 \\
\hline Fiscal year 1878 & & 8, 816, 02750 & 12, 009, 87550 & 9,797,513 00 \\
\hline 1879 & & 9,855, 24925 & 8, 056, 70100 & 11, 506, 06125 \\
\hline 1880 & & 14, 143, 47600 & 6, 401, 91.600 & 19, 337, 62125 \\
\hline 1881 & & 26, 154, 03650 & 12,344, 79890 & 33, 146, 85885 \\
\hline 1882 & & 20, 718, 47725 & 16, 808, 606 50 & 37, 056, 72960 \\
\hline 1883 & & 22, 658, 46050 & 23, 552, 27950 & 36, 157, 91060 \\
\hline 1884 & & 30, 067, 90000 & 26, 857, 68950 & 39, 368, 12110 \\
\hline 1885 & & 27, 690, 43600 & 28, 462. 222500 & \(38,596,33210\). \\
\hline Total. & & 244, 015, 43125 & 205, 419, 09915 & 38,596, 332 16. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The expenses incurred cluring the year in the redemption of nationalbank notes were \(\$ 181,857.16\), for the following purposes: For express charges. on notes received in sums or multiples of \(\$ 1,000\), and ou assorted notes fit for circulation sent to the respective banks of issne, \(\$ 85,255.48\); tor salaries \(\$ 93,371.82\), of which amount \(\$ 76,615.39\) was paid in the Treasurer's Office and \(\$ 16,756.43\) in the office of the Comptroller of the Currency pursuant to appropriations, but in neither case was the whole amount of the appropriations for salaries expended for printing and bindling \(\$ 1,670.77\); for stationery \(\$ 1,114.19\); and for all other purposes \$44.90.

As compared with the expenses of the preceding year there was an increase of \(\$ 20,960.51, \$ 16,571.37\) of which was for express charges on the increased redemptious of the zear, and \(\$ 4,389.14\) for other expenses. In salaries paid there was an increase of \(\$ 4,945.03\), bat in the miscellaneous expenses-stationery, \&c., there was a saving of \$05̃5.89.

The redeemed notes assorted during the year, and by law subject to assessment for expenses of redemption, amounted to \(\$ 144,675,570\), making the rate of assessment per \(\$ 1,000\) assorted, \(\$ 1.25 \frac{7}{10}\). The redemptions for the year have beeu made at a less cost than in any previous year, aul as compared with the last year thure was a decrease of \(6 \frac{278}{1000}\) cents per \(\$ 1,000\), or \(4 \frac{75}{100}\) per cent. in the cost.

Assessments to the amount of \(\$ 21,723.56\) were made duriug the year in compliance with section eight of the act of \(\mathfrak{j u l y} 12,1882\), on national banks making deposits for the "retirement in full" of their circulation. Such assessuents to the amount of \(\$ 19,219.06\) have heretofore been made, making a total fund on this account to June 30,1885 , of \(\$ 40,942.62\). The share of the expenses of redemption of national-bank notes for the last fiscal year chargeable to this fund has not yet been computed; the anount heretofore charged was \(\$ 7,261.33\), leaving a balance of \(\$ 33,681.39\) in the fund on June 30, 1885.

\section*{THE WORK OF TEE OFTICE.}

The work of the office is only partially indicated by this report and the tables in the Appendix; and although it has in some respects decreased during the vear, it has in many particulars increased and become more complicated. Its character is such that it can only be performed properly and efficiently by men of training and experience in the several branches into which it is subdivided. The intelligence and industry with which the duties have been performed, without loss and without delay, merits special commendation, especially when it is borne in mind that the compensation received by some of the subordinates is not commensurate with the character of the work done. This has been repeatedly stated in former reports of this office, and attention is now directed to the increase asked for in the estimates.

The Treasurer also urges that the salaries of the officers of the Bureau be restored to the amomats fixed by law (18 Statutes, 397 ), from which they were reduced by appropriation acts. The amounts allowed are less than are paid for like services by private establishments where much less responsibility is incurred.

In the work connected with assorting and weighing coin, in the computations, and in the preparation of the various tables included in this report, great care and labor have been required in order to insure correctness. The Treasurerdesires to express his obligations for the efficient assistance rendered him by Li B. Elliott, Govermneatactary, W.P. Luwver, assayer of the Bureau of the Mint, and to Messrs. M. I. Muhleman, C.
L. Caron, and C. L. Jones, of the Treasury Department. Their aid and labor have been ungrudgingly given in addition to regular routine duties. The Treasurer has no other way to acknowledge such valuable and extra services than by thus rendering thanks.

\section*{DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.}

The Treasurer has not deemed it necessary to make any reference to the affairs of the District of Columbia in this report, for the reason that, as ex-officio commissioner of the sinking fund of said District, he is required by section 135 of the Revised. Statutes to make a report of all his acts pertaining to such fund. This subject will therefore be treated at length in a separate report.

Some apology is needed for the length of this report, but the Treasury should be as a glass house, throngh which the sun shines to its uttermost nook and cranny. There is not a business interest in the whole country which may not suffer throngh ignorance of its alfairs, and therefore its operations bave been detailed as thoroughly as the time and intelligence of its custodian wonld permit.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
C. N. JORDAN,

Treasurer of the United States.
Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

STATEMENT showing by offces, the CHARACTER of the ASSETS of the TREASURY, the LIABILITIES, and the BALANCE in GENERAL ACCOUNT June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Washington. & Baltimore. & Now York. & Pbiladelphia. & Boston. & Cincinnat. & Chicago. & Snint Louis. & New Orleans. & San Francisco. & Mints and nssay.
ofhees, bullion fund. & Tetal. & Bulancos. \\
\hline Gond Coin ............................... & \$2, 420,74725 & \$3,581, 277 50 & \$77, 287, 28153 & \$1, 560, 39600 & \$13, 279, 790 50 & \$4, 073,40000 & \$1,700, \(26000{ }^{\prime}\) & \$8,517, 20000 & *2, 413, 88800 & \$55, 850,000 00 & 469, 36750 & 79, 573, 60828 & \\
\hline Gounlorisinn & 8,936, 960.60 &  &  & 10, 200, 400000 3, \(844,350 \cup 0\) &  & 1,0i0, 500000 & 8, 15 5, 00000 4, 300, 8411 oo &  &  &  &  & \(1{ }^{16515}\) & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & 4, 0606,46313 &  & \\
\hline Gola Cerificates & \({ }^{2072} 230200\) & \$00, 817000 & 8, 811,200000 & 1,740,460 00 & \({ }^{8} 829.150001\) & \({ }_{5}^{85.000000}\) &  & 298, 000 00 & \({ }^{2233}, 60000\) & 150,000 00 & & \(13.73070 \times 10\) & \\
\hline United Strateat Note & \({ }^{5,896.429} 53\) & 4, 014,41900 & 10, 3231,673 & 0, 114,250500 &  & 1, \(030,2,37700\). & 741,330 00 & 023, \({ }^{137}\) 000 &  & 920,000 00 &  & \(44,637,36822\) & \\
\hline Nantioull Bink Notes &  &  &  & - 20,781000 &  & 5,000 00 & 10, 0v0 vo & & 12, 040 00 & & &  & \\
\hline  & 17,878 08 & .41,57328. & 202, 710100 & 370, 18000 & 88,59867 & 28, 700 & 56, 450 02 & 33, 63597 & 3,501 26 & 20,00000 & 2573 &  & \\
\hline  & & 265, 00000000 &  & 145000 40 &  & 120.000 01 & & & & & & cejo 030000 & \\
\hline Qunreelf Interext Checks nid Conpons pald & & &  & 4,053 11 & 16, 61424 & 4,425 00 : & 3,907 61 & 58002 & & & &  & \\
\hline  & 025,514 74 & & 12000 & & & & & & & & & \({ }_{20}=12000\) & \\
\hline  & 2, & & 13,88888 & & & & & & 70623314 & &  &  & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & 0, & & & & \\
\hline Total Sanatreasaries nod Mrints & 22,733,699 11 & 14, 059, 363 43. & 175,979, 0818 & 28,272, 997 94, & 22, 84, 75141 & 7,301, 03880 & 10,180,789 63 & 22,116,032 00 & 16,009, 150 & 85,303,607 01 & 148, 432, 82137 & 530, 3:3,, 8847 & \\
\hline Minor Coinaco Mretal Fund Dnited States Mint, Philadelphia & & & & & ..... ...... & & & & & & &  & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & 1, 811,33050 : & \\
\hline Total. & & & & & & & & & & & & 572, 115, 31902 & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & , & & & & 71,80740 &  & \\
\hline Other Depositariea ..... &  & & & &  &  & & & & & &  & \\
\hline Total & & & & & & & & & & & & 572, 405, 390 87 & \\
\hline arer's Tranefer Accoin & 28,096,927 23 & & & & & & & & & & & 28,006, 237 & \\
\hline Total & 31, 432,527 14 & & & & & & & & & & & & \$601, 102,31810 \\
\hline liabilities. & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Disburaing Officers' Balancen and other small accounts Pont-Ofice Department A ronnat. & \(1,718,90651\)
572,040
94 & 477,64580
162,70948 & 18, 610,6570 & 670.53199
208,688
73 & \(1,205,08454\)
404,088
71 &  & 1, 177,241156 & 875,674
810,370
80 & \begin{tabular}{l}
456,15103 \\
187,146 \\
\\
\hline 14
\end{tabular} & \(1,175,43234\)
117,021
14 &  &  & \\
\hline Truerent Account, District of Columbla Bonds.................................................. & & 418, 68362 & 5,757, 036 44 & 1, 80, 20749 & i, 224.8088 & i, 050,100 as & 37,47969 & 5, 829,798 15. & 7, 570,49201 & 4,810, 37930 & &  & \\
\hline  & \(42,988,563\)
\(1,733,064\)
77 & 39,4i294 & i, 071,0003 ¢4 & 1 \(58,7 \%\) & 693, ¢53 \(^{\text {a }} 12\) &  &  & 3ii, 602 oji & 165,088 09 & 101, 204 io & ................. & \(43,088,862{ }^{23}\) & \\
\hline & 47, 164, 337 44 & 1,068, 351 34 & 26,785, 83748 & 3,041, 180 35 & 3,425, 667 25 & 1,548, 9758 & 1,722, 94211 & 7, 339, 52487 & 8, 379,7770 & 0,204,037 0 & & 106, 767,68524 & \\
\hline Trasorrer's Drafte Outetanding, National-Bank D & & & & & & & & & & & & 153,88863 & \\
\hline Tratal Liablitiles & & & & & & & & & & & & 106. 2121,49110 & \\
\hline Treabarer's General 4 cconat & . & & & & & & & & & & & 494,180,887 \({ }^{00}\) & 001,102,318 10 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
balasce as amown by Rroibtri'g Books.... \\
Balances: Sul-treasnries and Bullion Fund....
\end{tabular} & 4,208, 109 & 12, 8911001200 & 140, 194,14420 & 25, 231, 81750 & 10,40, 08416 & 5,752,726 98, & 14,463, 84742 & 14,780,408 12 & 7 7, 070, 372 01 & 70, 009, 6980 & 148, 50, 628 77 & 881,324,870 88 & 521,794,028 28 \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & 10, 770.559 .96 & \\
\hline Recoinare Accoumt United States Mimts... & & & & ............... & & & ...... & & ..... & & .............. &  & \\
\hline Unarallaile Funds: National. Bank Di.positaries & & & & & & & & & & & &  & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & 3, 021 & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & 180, \(8: 77\) & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & 403, 684,183878 & \\
\hline Balance as abown by Trarra to isgned Juna 80, 1885, Statement No. 1 & & & & & & & & & & & & ,602, 381 35 & \\
\hline narailabie amoants on deposit with the States ................... & & & & & & & & & & & - & 28, 101 , 64401 & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & & 521, 504,02626 \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMLNT showing by offices the composition of the BULLION FOND on June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Denrer. & Caraon City. & Now Orlenns. & Puiladeliphia. & San Francieoo. & Boise Cits. & Charlote, x.c. & Helena, Mont. & New Mork. & Salnt Louis. & Dallonega, Ga. & Total. & Ralances. \\
\hline Bullion Fund, Tressarer's General Acoonnt, & & & & & & & & & & & & &  \\
\hline Gotd Coin. & 893, 2318 &  & 834,749 20 &  & *3, 78.29280 &  & 81,46384 & 8260,041 日 & (1) & 9,275 \({ }^{201} 00\) & & 86. 960.36750 66, 666. 23551 & \\
\hline Staumid Siliver Dilianr: & &  & 10,25, 27000 &  &  & & & & 3, 00ct on & , \(\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\) & & 62, 172, 10.0 ois 01 & \\
\hline Fircetional siver Coin. & & 753, 8184 & \(831,270{ }^{\text {a }} 8\) &  & 147, 71119 & & & &  & 7418 & ........ & 97,740
\(4,000,60313\) & \\
\hline Mnited states & 284180 & & & & & & & \({ }_{0} 15\) & & & & 13.8078080 & \\
\hline Batances in Sub-treesauries and National-Bank Deposito & 31,495 20 & 303,308 00 & 400,60361 & 174,286 78 & 206,000 00 & 30,675 40 & 4,66879. & 25,88680 & 7,411,40720 & 5,87803 & & 8, 50,1333880 & \\
\hline Unarailable cartied as assets. & 129,668 88 & 5,056, 03524 & 17,788,082 87 & 40, 028,55925 & \(\begin{array}{r}36,907,407 \\ 413,557 \\ \hline 80\end{array}\) & 67, 423 & 10,21493. & 202,20878 & 47, 112, 81414 & 15,250 13 & &  & \\
\hline Bualion Fand as reported by yrinto and Asgar.Ofices ....... & & ................... & & ................. & .............. & 11,857 37 & 82,000 00 & .......... & & & 127, 30003 & \[
148,431,82187
\] & \\
\hline Total Bullion Pund .............................................. ... & 129, 6888 & B, 056,035 24 & 17,788, 003 87 & 40, 628, 55025 & 37, 320, 805 70 & 70, 200 خ11 & 42,214 83 & 302, 96878 & 47,112, 814 14 & 15, 23013 & 27, 80000 & 148, 504, 6:28 77 & 148,504,628 77 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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\section*{APPENDIX.}

No. 1.-RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES for the FISCAL YEAR 1885 as shown by WARRANTS issued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Receipts covered in, to the credit of- & Issue of notes and bonds. & Net receipts. & Repayments to appropriations. & Counter credits to appropriatious. & Total. \\
\hline Customs & & \$181, 471, 93934 & \$742,925 67 & \$049, 50381 & \$182, 864, 36882 \\
\hline Internal Revenue & & 112, 498, 72554 & 17,065 81 & 67300 & 112, 516, 46435 \\
\hline Lands............... & & \[
5,705,98644
\] & & & 5, 705, 986 44 \\
\hline Miscellaneous Sources & & 24, 014, 05506 & & & \[
24,014,05506
\] \\
\hline Total Net Revenue & & 323, 690, 70638 & & & \\
\hline Public Debt- \({ }^{\text {Fup }}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Funded Loan of 1907 Gold Certificates & 63, 85000,00000 & & & & \\
\hline *Silser Certificates. & 41, 480,00000 & & & & \\
\hline Certificates of Deposit (act of Jane 8, 1872) & 56, 505,00000 & & & & \\
\hline United States Notes. & 84, 493, 15300 & & & & \\
\hline Interest on the Public Dobt & & 245, 190, 30300 & 3, 96079 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25,196,30300 \\
3,96079
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline War Department a ppropriations & & & 1, 075, 01720 & 141, 81513 & 1, 217, 73233 \\
\hline Navy Department Appropriations & & & 1, 200, 63673 & 5, 166,628 91 & \(6,367,26564\) \\
\hline Interior Department Appropriatious & & & 14, 273, 83106 & 45, 20108 & 14, 319, 03214 \\
\hline Interior Civil Appropriatious ...... & & & 40, 50632 & 4,30866 & 44, 81498 \\
\hline Treasury proper Appropriations & & & 1,671,551 17 & 479,411 65 & 2, 150, 96282 \\
\hline Diplomatio Appropriations ....... & & & 55, 22006 & 30, 26115 & 94, 48121 \\
\hline Quarterly Salaries Appropriatious & & & - 5221 & & \\
\hline Judiciary Appropriations.. & & & 161, 30717 & 46,587 44 & 207, 88461 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{A cuount accepted by the Secretary of the Treasury as a compromise in settlement of the indebteduess of Henry W. Hoftiman, late U. S. Depositary, Baltimore, Md}} & 594, 703, 37440 \\
\hline & & & & &  \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Tot} & 001, 496, 13491 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Expenditures authorized by warrants from appropriations on account of-} & \[
\stackrel{\text { Net }}{\text { expenditures. }}
\] & Reparments of anounts unexpended. & A monnts re-credited to approprialions. & Total. \\
\hline Customs, Light-honses, Public Baildings, \&c & \$27, 125, 97267 & & \$742,925 67 & \$649, 50381 & \$28, 518, 40215 \\
\hline Internal Revenue & 4. 550,62321 & & 17,065 81 & 47300 & 4,568, 36202 \\
\hline Interior Cisil & 8, 979, 26636 & & 40, 50632 & 4,308 66 & 9.024, 08134 \\
\hline Treasury proper & 36, 854, 10905 & & 1,671, 55117 & 479, 411 65 & 39, 005, 071 87 \\
\hline Diplomatic.
Quarterly Salaries & \(5,439,609\)
598,980
61 & & 55, 2200006 & 39, 26115 & \[
\begin{array}{rl}
5,534, \\
5 & 599,038 \\
82
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Judiclary}

Net Civil and Miscellaneous Expendituros
War Department.
Navy Department
Interior Department on the Public Debt
Total Net Expenditures
Rerlemption of the Pablic Debt-
Gold Certificates
Certificates of Deposit iact of June 8, 1872
Refunding Certificates
Uniter States Notes.
fractional Currency
Old Demand Notes.
7.30 s of 1864 and 1865

One-Year Notes of 1863
Two-Year Notes of 1863 ..
Compeund Interest Note
Loan of February, 186
Loan of July and August is
Loan of 1863
Oregon War Debt
\(5-20\) of 1862
20s of June, 1864
\(0-40 \mathrm{~s}\) of 1864
0.40 s of 1864

Consols of 1863
Consols of 186
Funded Loan of 1881
Landed Loan of 1881
Loan of Juiy and Augnst, 1861, continued at 3 zer cent
Loan of \(186 \dot{3}\), continued at 34 per cent
Funded Loan of 1881, continued at \(3\{\) per cent.
Iotal Expenditures
Amount of the indebtedness of Henry W. Hoffman, late U. S. Depositary, Baltimore, Md., compromised by the Secretary of the Treasury
by in ietter of \(J\) une 15,188
Balance as shown by Wartants issued Jine 30, 1885
Amount accepted by the Secretary of che Treasury in settlement of the above-mentioned indebtedness

Less amount charged out by Secretary's letter of June 15, 1885
Total
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3, 945,691 37 & & 161, 30717 & 46,587 44. & 4, 153, 58598 \\
\hline & \$87, 494, 25838 & & & \\
\hline & 42, 670, 57847 & 1, 075.917 20 & 141,815 13 & - \(\quad 43,888,31080\) \\
\hline & 16, 021, 07967 & 1,200, 63673 & 5, 166, 62891 & 22, 388, 34531 \\
\hline & \(62,654,76212\) & 14, 273, 83106 & 45,201 08 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 76,973,79426 \\
& 51,300,21726
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & 51, 386, 25647 & 3,960 79 & & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{260, 220,935 11} & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{21, 1699,52000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{20, 990, 04500} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\(39,16 \overline{0}, 00000\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{49,400 00} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{84, 493, 15300} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{15,88543} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
49000 \\
1.60000
\end{array}
\]}} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{\[
1,600 \quad 00
\]} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,380
350
300}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{4,930 90}} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{1,000 00} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{53, 80000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{36, 60000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\(\begin{array}{r}2,80000 \\ 19 \\ \hline\end{array} 00000\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{19, 85000}} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{22,80000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{79,500 00} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
48,350 \\
74,300 \\
\hline 00
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
74,100 \\
10,350 \\
\hline 100
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{10,350
36,100}} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{45, 282, 20000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{-52, 250000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{18, 00000} \\
\hline 230, 50000 & 211, 760,353 43 & & & 211, 760,373 43 \\
\hline  & \(471,987,28854\)
bs the Secretat & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
19,242,97419 \\
\text { y of the Treusury }
\end{array}
\]} & \(6,573,39083\) & 497, 803, 653 56 \\
\hline & & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8,097 64} \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{tioned indebtedne.} & & & 493, 692, 38135 & \\
\hline & & & -100 00 & .......... \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{. ............................................................................... \begin{tabular}{r}
\(493,692,48135\) \\
8,09764
\end{tabular}}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{493, 684, 38371} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & 991, 496, 13491 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 2.-COMPARATIVIL STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for the fiscal years 1884 and 1885, as shown by WARRANTS issued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Fiscal year. & Customs. , & Internal reve. nue. & Lands. & Miscellañeous sources. & Total net revenue. \\
\hline 1884 & \$195, 067, 48976 & \$121, 586, 07251 & \$9, 810, 70501 & \$22, 055, 60264 & \$348, 519, 86992 \\
\hline 1885 & 181, 471, 93934 & 112, 498, 72554 & 5, 705, 98644 & 24, 014, 05506 & 323, 690, 70638 \\
\hline Tnerease in 1885 Ducrease in 1885 & 13, 595, 55042 & 0,087, 34697 & 4, 104, 71857 & 1, 958,45242 & 24, 829, 10354 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N®. \(\mathfrak{B}_{\circ}\)-COMPARATIFE STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for the fiscal years 1884 and 1805 , as shown by WARRANTS issued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Fiscal year. & Interest on tho public debt. & Civil aud mis. cellaneous. & War Depart. ment. & Nary Department. & Interior Department. & Total net expenditures. \\
\hline 1884. & \$54, 578, 37848 & \$70, 920,433 70 & \$39, 429, 60336 & \$17, 292,601 44 & \$61,905, 22735 & \$244, 126, 24433 \\
\hline 1885. & 51, 386, 25047 & 87, 494, 25838 & 42, 670, 57847 & 16, 021, 07967 & \(62,654,76212\) & 260, 226,935 11 \\
\hline Decr. 1885. & 3,192, 12201 & & & 1,271,521 77 & & \\
\hline Incr. 1885 & & 16,573,824 68 & 3, 240,975 11 & & 749, 534 77 & 16,100,690 78 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of BALANCES in the TREASURY at the close of the fiscal years 1884 and 1885.


\footnotetext{
*The issnes of Silver Certificates are reported ou page 24 as \(\$ 40,000,000\), a difference of \(\$ 1,080,000\). This amount, though issued on June 30, 1884, was not covered into the Treasury by Warrant, nor reported in the delt statement, until July, 1885.
}

No. 5.-IXPLANATORY STATEMENT of the DIFFERENCES BETWEEN the BALANCE in the TREASURY Jume 30, 1835, as shown by the PRECEDING STAGTEMENTS and the BOOKS of the REGISTER, and the CASH, as shown by the PUBLIC DEBT'STSTEMENT, published June 30, 1885.

The cash in the Treasary, as shown by tho Public Debt Statement, is made up from the returng recoived on the day on which the statement is prblisled.
The amount on June 30, 1885, was
\(\$ 488,612,42923\)
Tho receipts, prior to the close of the joar, roported subsequently, were as follows:
By the Assistant Treasurer, U. S. :
Baltimore, Ma.
- New York, N. X

Philadelphia, Pa
\$17, 12186

Boston, Mass..
671, 26930

Cincinuati, Ohio 20,578 89 236, 44198

Sint Lonis, Mo.
10, 10499
58, 21292
New Orleans, La
19, 60491
San Francisco, Cal
15, 00256
207,000 73
And by National-Bank Depositarios
2, 801, 48783

\section*{Total}
\(\overline{4,056,91592}\)
Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8 , 1872 ) issued snbsequent to the dates of the returns used

125, 00000
Unavailable funds not included in the cash reported in the Debt Statemont.

1, 386, 48185
Fotal
\(5,568,39777\)
This total is redwced by the receipts not covered into the Treasury on June 30, 1885, viz:




Cincinnati, Ohio ................................................................... 3, 421 59


New Orleans, La ......................................................... 10,90101

Treasurer U.S. Washington, D.C......................................... 69, 45846

496,44320
Leaving
5, 071, 95448
Balance Treasurer's Gederal Account
493. 684, 38371

Amount of credit directed by the Secretary of the Treasary, in the eompromise of noavailable item, U. S. Dopositary, Baltimore, not jet received by the Register

7,997 64
Making tho balance by warrants as per Statement No. 1
493, 692, 38135
A monnt ondeposit with the States
28, 101, 644 6i
Making the total Treasury Balanco
521,794, 02626
Treasury Balanoe, June 30, 1885, as ruported by the Register.......................... 521, 794, 02620

No. 6.-BALANCES STANDING to the CREDIT of DISBURSING OFFICERS and AGENTS of the UNITED STATES June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \(0 \quad\) Office in which deposited. & Amount. \\
\hline Treasury Uuited States, Washington; D & \$1,704, 11668 \\
\hline Sub treasury United States, Baltimore. Md & 422,36680 \\
\hline Sub-treasury Uuited States, Boston, Mass & 1,149,315 25 \\
\hline Sub-trearury United States, Chicagn, Ill & 1, 132,485 76 \\
\hline Sulb-treasury United States. Cincimati, Ohio & 164,97196 \\
\hline Sub-troasury United States, New Orleans, La & 440, 653 45 \\
\hline Sub-treasury United States, Nen Xork, N. Y & 10, 363, 59071 \\
\hline Sub-treasury United States, Philadelphia, Pa & 679, 53199 \\
\hline Sub-treasnry United States, Saint Tonis, Mo & 869, 10519 \\
\hline Sub-treasury United States, San Francisco, Cal & 1,078,745 78 \\
\hline Natioual-bank depositaries & 3, 321, 176 32 \\
\hline Total. & 21,126, 05988 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N®. 7.-RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES on ACCOUNT of the POST-OFFICE \(\because\) DEPARTMENT for the fiscal year 1885, as shown by WARRANTS PAID.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Recejpts covered inco the Treasury & \$21, 621,80161 \\
\hline Receipts by postmasters & 25, 687,933 74 \\
\hline Total net receipts. & 47, 309, 73535 \\
\hline Balance due tho United States June 30, 1884 & 6, 132,429 26 \\
\hline Total & 53, 442, 16461 \\
\hline Expenditures by Treasurev on warrants & 24, 638, 38076 \\
\hline Expendizures by postmastors. & 25, 687, 93374 \\
\hline Total expeuditures & 50,326,314 50 \\
\hline Balance due the United States June 30, 1885 & 3,115,850 11 \\
\hline Total & \(53,442,16461\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 8.-SEMI-ANVUAL DCTY ASSESSED upon and COLLECTED from NATIONAL BANKS by the TREASURER OF THE ONLTED STATES for the fiscal years from 1864 to 1885, inclusive.


No. Э. -STATEMENT by LOANS of UNITED STATES BONDS held in TRUST for NATIONAL BANKS June 30 , 1885 , and of CBANGES during the FISCAL YEAR 1885 in the CHARACTER of BONDS BELD.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Title of loau.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Bonds held in trust June 30.1884.}} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Ueposits and withdrawals during fiscal year.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow{2}{*}{Bonds held in trust June 30, 1885.}} \\
\hline & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{For circulation.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{For public deposits.} & & & \\
\hline & For circula tion. & For public deposits. & Total. & Deposited. & Withdrawn. & Deposited. & Withdrawn. & For circula-
tion. & For public deposits. & Total. \\
\hline 6 PER Cent. : & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Bonds issued to Pacific Railroads & \$3,498,000 & \$120, 000 & \$3,618, 000 & \$51, 000 & 829, 000 & & & \$3, 520,000 & \$120, 000 & \$3, 640,000 \\
\hline 4id Per cent. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Funded Loan of 1891. & 46,546,400 & 1,776,500 & 48,322, 900 & 7, 622, 400 & 5,685,750 & 645, 000 & 381, 500 & 48,483, 050 & 2,040,000 & 50, 523, 050 \\
\hline 4 Pbr cent. : & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Funded Loan of 1907. & 111, 690,900 & 6.776, 050 & 118, 466, 950 & 14, 839,600 & 8, 629, 200 & 1,629,450 & 853,500 & 117, 001, 300 & 7,552,000 & 125, 453, 300 \\
\hline 3 Per centr: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Loan of July 12, 1882.. & 172, 412, 550 & 8,387, 450 & 180, 800,000 & 8, 787, 700 & 38, 059, 400 & 1,630,000 & 2, 122,450 & 142, 240, 850 & 7, 805, 000 & 150, 135, 850 \\
\hline Total. & 334, 147, 850 & 17, 060, 000 & 351, 207, 850 & 31,300,700 & 53, 303, 350 & 3, 904, 450 & 3, 357,450 & 312, 145, 200 & 17,607, 000 & 329, 752, 200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 10. \(--R E D E M P T I O N S\) of ONITED STATES CORRENCY for the fiscal year 1885, and total redcmptions to June \(30,1885\).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Issue.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Redemptious (net value).} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Deductions on account of mutilatious.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total face value of notes redeemed.} \\
\hline & To June 30, 1884. & In fiscal year. & To June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { To June } 30, \\
& 1884 .
\end{aligned}
\] & In fiscal year. & \[
\text { To June }{ }^{3} 885 .
\] & \\
\hline Old Demand Notes & \$59, 969, 43125 & \$490 00 & \$59, 360, 92125 & \$2, 13125 & & \$2, 13125 & \$.59, 972, 05250 \\
\hline Ouited States Notes & 1,562, 551.77250 & 84, 493, 15300 & 1, 647, 044, 92550 & 175, 27250 & \$4, 81400 & 180, 08650 & 1,647, 225, 01200 \\
\hline One- and Two-Year Notes. & 210, 928, 27300 & 2, 75000 & 210, 931, 02300 & 39200 & & 39200 & 210, 931,41500 \\
\hline Cowpound Interest Notes & 266, 383, 17000 & 6, 82000 & 266, 389, 490 00 & 48000 & & 48000 & 266, 390, 47000 \\
\hline Fractional Currency ..... & 353, 243, 12297 & 15,885, 43 & & 141,637 45 & 9070 & 141, 72115 & 353, 400. 72955 \\
\hline Silver Certificates.... & 52, 658, 30900 & \(20,990.01500\) & - \(73,648,35400\) & 141, 26100 & - 16500 & 14, 42600 & \(73,64 \times, 78000\) \\
\hline Gold Certificates of 1852 & 32, 403, 04000 & 21, 017, 10000 & 53, 419, 14000 & & 2000 & 2000 & 53, 419, 16000 \\
\hline 'rotal. & 2, 538, 136, 11872 & 126, 526,24343 & 2, 661, 562, 362 15 & 320, 16720 & 5, 08970 & 325, 25690 & 2, 664, 987, 61905 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 目.-UNITED STATES CURRENCY of each issue OUTSTANDING at the close of each fiscal year from 1862 to 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Fiscal year- & Old Demand notes. & United States
notes. & One and two year notes. & Compound Interest notes. & Fractional currency. & Total. \\
\hline 1862. & \$51, 105, 23500 & \$96, 620, 00000 & & & & \$147, 725, 23500 \\
\hline 1863 & 3, 384, 00000 & 387, 646, 58900 & & & \$20, 192,456 00 & \(411,2 \because 3,04500\) \\
\hline 1864 & 789, 03750 & 4+7, 300, 20310 & \$172. 620, 55000 & \$6,060, 00000 & \(22,324,288310\) & 649, 094, 07370 \\
\hline 1865. & 472, 60350 & 431, 066, 42790 & 50, 62:, 17000 & 191, 721, 47000 & 25, 033, 126 76 & \(698.918,80025\) \\
\hline 1866 & 272, 162 75 & 400, 780,30585 & 8, 439,540 50 & 172, 359, 94100 & 27, 048,87536 & 608, 870, 825 46 \\
\hline 1867 & 208, 43250 & 371, 783, 597 co & 1,325,889 50. & 134, 774, 98100 & 28, 4.74, 623 n2 & 5315, 567. 523 02 \\
\hline 1868 & 143, 91200 & 356, 000, 00000 & 7.16, 21200 & 54, 6ue, 23000 & 32, 727, 908 47 & 444, 396, 26847 \\
\hline 1869 & 123, 739 25 & 356, 000, 00000 & 34777200 & 3, 063, 41000 & 32, 114, 637 36 & 801, 649.55861 \\
\hline 1870 & 106. 25000 & 356, 000, 060 00 & 253,95200, & \(2,191,67000\) & 39, 878, 6к4 48 & 398, 430, 51248 \\
\hline 1871 & 96, 50550 & 356, 040, 00000 & 205, 99200 & 814, 28000 & 40,582, 87456 & 397. 649, 65206 \\
\hline 1872 & 88,296 25 & 357, 500, 00000 & 178, 22200 & 623, 01000 & 40, 855, 835 27 & 399. 245, 364 52 \\
\hline 1875 & 79,967 50 & 356, 000, 000 00 & - 148,15500 & 499, 78000 & 44, 799, 36544 & 401, 527, 26794 \\
\hline 1874 & 76, 732 5ul & 381, 999, 07300 & 130, 80500 & 429.08000 & \(45,912,00334\) & 428, 547, 69384 \\
\hline 1875. & 70, 10750 & 375, 771, 58000 & 114, 175.00 & 371., 470 no & \(42,129,42419\) & 418, 456, 75669 \\
\hline 1876. & 66,917 50; & 369, 772, 28400 & 105, 40500 & 331, 28000 & 34, 446, 59539 & \(404,722,46189\) \\
\hline 1877 & 63, 96250 & 359, 764, 38200 & 96, 28500 & 300, 26000 & \(20,408,13731\) & 380, 627, 97684 \\
\hline 1878 & 62, 29750 & 346, 681, 01600 & 90,475 00 & 274,780 00 & 16, 547, 768 77 & 363, 656, 33727 \\
\hline 1879 & 61, 47000 & \(346,681,01600\) & 86, 845 00 & 260,650 00 & \(15,842,61011\) & 362, 932, 59111 \\
\hline 1880 & 60, 97500 & 346, 481, 01600 & 89, 81500 & 243,310 00 & 15, 590, 89270 & 362, 650, 00870 \\
\hline 1881. & 60, 53500 & 346, 681, 01600 & 80,71500 & 235.28000 & \(15,481,8916{ }^{\text {62 }}\) & \(362,539,43765\) \\
\hline 1882 & 59, 69500 & 346, 681, 01600 & 77, 12500 & 223, 66000 & 15, 4 3,18610 & \(362,464,58210\) \\
\hline 1883 & 58,985 00 & \(346,681,01600\) & 71,915 00 & 214,770 00 & 15, 376, 629 14 & 3152, 403, 31514 \\
\hline 188 & 58,440 00 & \(346,681,016001\) & 71, 33500 & 211,790 00: & 15, 355, 99964 & 362, 378,580 64 \\
\hline 1885 & 57, 85000 & 346, 681, 01600 & 68,585 00 & 204, 97000 & \(15,340,114\) ह1 & 362, 352, 635 21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-The difference leetween this and other statements of the Treasurer's reports and the publicdebi statements. is the amounts of one aud two year notes and componud-interest notos outstanding, is duo to the fact that the 'Ireasurer's statements arn compiled from the reports of destructions, while the dobt statements are made up from the reports of redemptions, and the inethod of settliug the aocounts of these interest-bearing notes does not permit their destruction until some time after the redemption. The following will explain the differences on June 30, 1885:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & One and two year notes. & Compound-in. terest noter. \\
\hline Redemptions during fiscal year 1885 & \$1,730 & \$4,930 \\
\hline Destroyerd during the year.... ............ On hand undestroyed at beginning of year & 2,750
1,580 & 6,820
4,130 \\
\hline Deistroyed on account of redemptions of 1885 & 1,170 & 2,690 \\
\hline On hand undestroyed July 1, 1885. & 560 & 2,240 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The redemptions are correctly reported in statement No. 1 , ante.

Nø. 回.-UNITED STATES CURRENCY of each issue and denomination ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING at the close of the fiscal year 1885.

OLD DEMAND NOTES.
[Issue began Angust 26, 1861, and ended March 5, 1862.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redcemerd to Jule 30, 1884. & Redeemel duriug fiscal year. & Redeemed to June \(30,1885\). & Outstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 53 & \$21, 800, 00000 & \$21, 776, 72500 & \$160 00 & \$21, 776,885 00 & \$23, 115 \\
\hline 10 s & 20, 031, 00000 & 20, 008, 61500 & 19000 & 20, 008, 80500 & 21,195 \\
\hline 208 & 18,200,000 00 & 18, 180, 22000 & 14000 & 18, 186, 36000 & 13,640 \\
\hline Total & 60,030, 00000 & 59, 971, 56000 & 49000 & 59, 972, 05000 & 57, 950 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNITED SHATES NOTES, NEW ISSUE.
[Issue began April 2, 1862, and ceased April 19, 1869.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemerl to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed during fiscal year. & Redecnied to June 30, 1885. & Outstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 18 & \$28, 351, 3+8 00 & \$27, 554,92265 & \$5,50750 & \$27, 560, 430 15 & \$790, 91785 \\
\hline 28 & 34, 071, 12800 & 83, 450, 161 80 & 8, 54200 & 33, 458, 70380 & 612, 42420 \\
\hline 58 & JG], 000, 100000 & 100, 1.55, 37125 & 1.14 .74250 & 100, 270, 11375 & 729, 88625 \\
\hline 10 s & 118,010, 00000 & 113, 868, 33600 & 287, 39500 & 114, 105, 731 00 & 3, 904, 26900 \\
\hline 208 & 102,920,000 00 & 100, 16i2, 09900 & 2:9, 71000 & 100, 421, 86900 & 2, 498,13100 \\
\hline 50s & \(30.055,20000\) & 29, 672, 935 00 & 32, 05000 & 29, 704, 98500 & \(350, \because 1500\) \\
\hline 100s & 40,000, 00000 & 39, 427. 99000 & 44,30000 & 39, 472, 29000 & 527, 71000 \\
\hline 5003 & 58, 986, 00000 & 58, 609,000 00 & 18, 00000 & 58, 627, 00000 & 359, 000.00 \\
\hline 1,000s & 155, 928, 00000 & 155, 437, 50000 & 22,000 00 & 155, 459, 50000 & 468, 50000 \\
\hline Unkyown ............ & & 135,000 00 & & 135, 00000 & \[
10,241,05330
\] \\
\hline Deduct for unknown denominations destrojed iu Chicago fire & . & & & - . & 135,000 00 \\
\hline Total. & \(669,321,67600\) & 658, 473, 31570 & 742,307 00 & 659, 215, 62270 & 10, 106, 05330 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OTY 1869.
[Issue begau October 9, 1869, and ceased July 25, ]874.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemerl to June 30, 1884. & Redpemed during fiscal year. & Redeemed to June 30, 1885. & Outaranding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 18 & \$42, 456, 81200 & \$41, 953, 78425 & \$36,852 00 & \$41, 990, 63625 & \$406, 17575 \\
\hline 24 & 50, 511, 92000 & 49, 990, 16760 & 50, 6.51.00 & 50, 040, 80860 & 471, 11140 \\
\hline 58 & 50,581, 76000 & 47, 682, 03125 & 888, 08750 & 48, 570, 11875 & 2.011, \(6+125\) \\
\hline 108 & 85, 221, 24000 & 73, 293, 174400 & 3, 448,300 00 & 76, 741, 37400 & 8, 4.79, 860 00 \\
\hline 208 & 73, 162, 40000 & \(60,095,71 \pm 00\) & 3, 309,69000 & 63, 495, 40400 & 9, 666, 99600 \\
\hline 50s & 30,200, 00000 & 27, 948,84500 & 491, 17500 & 28, 440, 020 00 & 1,759, 980 00 \\
\hline 1003 & 37, 104, 00000 & 31, 945,25000 & 1, 297, 40000 & 33, 242, 65000 & 3, 861, 35000 \\
\hline 500 s & 44, 890, 00000 & 44, 558,000 00 & 16,500 00 & 44, 574,500 00 & 315.50000 \\
\hline 1, 000 s & 79,700,000 00 & 75, 844, 00000 & 1,261,000 00 & 77, 105, 00000 & 2,595,000 00 \\
\hline Juknown & & 865, 00000 & & 865,00000 & \\
\hline & & & & & 29, 627,620 40 \\
\hline in Chicago tire & & & & & 885,00000 \\
\hline Total. & 493, 828, 13200 & 454, 175, 866 10 & 10, 889, 64550 & 465, 065, 51.160 & 28, 762, 62040 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNTTED STATSES NOTES, ISSUE OT 1874.
[Issue began July 13, 1874, add ceased September 13, 1875.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed dur. ing fiscal yoar. & Redeemed to June 30, 1885. & Outstanting June 30, 1885. \\
\hline & \$18, 988.000 00 & \$18, 776, 67600 & \$25, 70350 & \$18, 802, 37910 & \$185, 62090 \\
\hline & 16, 520,000 00 & 16,332, 98400 & 32,42300 & 16,365,407 00 & 354, 59300 \\
\hline & 24.460, 00000 & 17, 345, 51000 & 1,821,27500 & 19, 16ti, 78500 & 5,293,21500 \\
\hline & 28, 000,00000 & 25, 392, 00000 & 829,50000 & 26, 221, 50000 & 1,778,500 00 \\
\hline Total. & 87, 968, 00000 & 77, 847, 17000 & 2,708,900 50 & 80, 556, 07110 & 7,411, 02890 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N@. 12.-UNITED STATES CURRENCF of each issue and donomination ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING at the close of the flscal year 1885-Continued.

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1875.
[Issue began July 20, 1875, and ceased June 20, 1879.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & 'rotal issued. & Redeemod to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed during fiscal yoar: & Kedeemed to Jure 30, 1885. & Oatstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 18 & \$26, 212, 00000 & \$25, 683, 92920 & \$130 72800 & \$25, 814, 65720 & \$397, 34280 \\
\hline 28 & 23, 036.000 00 & 22, 302, 250 60 & 246, 75600 & 22, 549, 01260 & 496, 98740 \\
\hline 5 s & 46, 180,000 00 & 39, 998,15150 & 2, 490, 63000 & 42, 488, 75150 & 3, 691, 21850 \\
\hline 104 & 23. 660, 00000 & 16, 631, 20100 & 2,391,380 00 & 19,022,581 00 & 4, 637, 41900 \\
\hline 20 s & 25, 000, 00000 & 15,594, 42600 & 2, 616,700 00 & 18,211, 12600 & 6, 788, 87400 \\
\hline 508 & 2,000,000 00 & 1,116,580 00 & 260.85000 & 1, 377, 433000 & 622,570 00 \\
\hline 1008 & 16, 200, 00000 & 9, 000, 75000 & J, 787, 60000 & 10,788, 35000 & 5.411, 65000 \\
\hline 5008 & 28, 400, 00000 & 24, 379,500 U0) & 970,500 00 & 25,350, 00000 & 3,050,000 00 \\
\hline Total & 190, 688, 00000 & 154, 706, 79430 & 10,895, 14400 & 165, 601, 93830 & 25,086, 06170 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNITED STATES NOLES, ISSUE OF 1878.
[Issue began Tebruary 14, 1878, anit ceased May 12, 1884.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Rerlcemed to June 30, 1884. & Redpemed during fiscal year. & Redeemerd to June 30, 1885. & Outstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline \(1 s\) & \$12,512, 00000 & \$11, 891, 41730 & \$245, 81050 & \$12, 137, 23380 & \$374, 76020 \\
\hline 2 s & 9, \(35 \pm 2,00000\) & 8,779, 67880 & 260,875 00 & 9, 040,55380 & 311, 44620 \\
\hline 5 & 30, 180, 000000 & 23, 213, 91350 & 3, 016, 127 50 & 26, 230, 04100 & 3,929, 95900 \\
\hline 108 & 26, 000,00000 & 15, 343, 50500 & 3,662,520 00 & 19,006, 02500 & 6, 993, 97500 \\
\hline 20 m & 34, 800, 00000 & 16, 931, 19200 & 5, 092, 01000 & 22, 023, 20200 & 12, 776, 79800 \\
\hline 50 B & 10, 500, 00000 & 4, 185, 78500 & 1, 541,450 00 & 5, 727, 23500 & 4,772,76500 \\
\hline 1008 & 20,200,000 00 & 6,910,020 00 & 2, 911, 60000 & 9,821, 62000 & 10, 378, 38000 \\
\hline 500 s & 12, 000000000 & \(\bigcirc 2.423,50000\) & 869, 00000 & 3, 292, 50000 & \(8,707,50000\) \\
\hline 1,000s & 24, 000,01000 & 9,312, 00000 & 997.00000 & 10, 309, 00000 & 13, 69], 00000 \\
\hline 5.000 s & 20, 000, 00000 & 19, 870, 00000 & 30, 00000 & 19,900, 00000 & 100,000 00 \\
\hline 10,000s & 40,000,000 00 & 39, 940, 00000 & 20, 00000 & 39, 060,00000 & 40,000 00 \\
\hline Total & 239, 524, 00000 & 158,801, 01] 60 & 18, 646, 39900 & 177, 447, 41060 & 62, 076, 589.40 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1880.
[Issue began March 16, 1880, aud still continues.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeenned to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed during fiseal year. & Rorleemed to June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ontstanding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 18 & \$55, 168, 00000 & \$20, 180, 09220 & \$11,450, 66950 & \$32, 430, 76170 & \$22, 737, 23830 \\
\hline 28 & 48, 000, 00000 & 14, 881, 91300 & 9, 859, 58000 & 24, 741, 49300 & 23, 258, 50700 \\
\hline 58 & 91, 980, 00000 & 13, 999, 37750 & \(12,3+5,52250\) & \(26,344,90000\) & 65, 635, 10000 \\
\hline 108 & \(51,880,00000\) & 6, 468, 10800 & 4, 888,03500 & 11, 356, 14300 & 40, 523, 85700 \\
\hline 20 s & 26, 320, 00000 & 1, 6041,34000 & 1,319,950 00 & 2,924. 29000 & 23, 395, 71000 \\
\hline 50 s & 11, 600,000 00 & 536, 65000 & 402, 20000 & 938,850 00 & 10. 661,15000 \\
\hline 1003 & ]R, 200,000 00 & 179,000 00 & 303, 30000 & 482,300 00 & 12,717,700 00 \\
\hline 500 s & 2,350, 00000 & & 3,50000 & 3,500 00 & 2, 346,500 00 \\
\hline 1,000s & 12,000,000 00 & & 38, 00000 & 38, 00000 & 11, 962, 00000 \\
\hline Total & 312, 498, 00000 & 58, 649, 48070 & 40,610, 75700 & 99, 260,237 70 & 213, 237, 76230 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.
[Issue began Februar'y 4, 1864, and ceased Juns 1, 1864.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issue. & Redeemed to Jutie 30, 1884. & Redeemed daring fiscal yorr. & Redeemed to Jaue 30, 1885. & Ontstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 108 & \$6, 200, 000 & \$6, 192, 215 & \$310 & \$6, 192, 525 & \$7,475 \\
\hline 208 & 16,440,000 & 16, 4:2,760 & 940 & 16, 423, 700 & 16, 300 \\
\hline 50 s & '8,240, 000 & 8, 232, 600 & 300 & 8,232,900 & 7, 100 \\
\hline 100s . . . . . & 13, 640,600 & 13, 631, 900 & 300 & 13; 632, 200 & 7,800 \\
\hline Unknown & & 90 & & 90 & . . . . . \\
\hline & & & & & 38, 675 \\
\hline Deduct for ank nown denominations destroyed...:......... & & & & & 90 \\
\hline Total & \(44,520,000\) & 44,479,565 & 1, 850 & 44,481,415 & 38,585 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 12.-UNITED STATES CURRENCY of each issue and denomination ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTAND LNG at the close of the fiscal year 18\$5-Contimued.

TWO-FEAR NO'LES OF 1863.
[Issue began March 16, 1864, anil ceased May 30, 1864.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issue. & Redeenced to June \(30,1884\). & Redeemed dur. ing tiscal year. & Redeemed to June \(30,1885\). & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ontstanding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 508 & \(\cdots \$ 8,800,000\) & \$6, 793, 050 & \(\$ 200\) & \$6,793, 250 & \$6,750 \\
\hline 100s & 9,680,000 & 9,676,400 & 600 & 9, 677, 000 & 3,000 \\
\hline Total. & 16,480,000 & 16, 469,450 & 800 & 16, 470, 250 & 8,750 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TWO.YEAR CODPON NOTES OF 1869.
[Issue began January 12, 1864, aud ceased April 20, 1864.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomiuation. & Total issuod. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed duriug fiscal yeac. & Rerloemed to June 30, 1885. & Oatstamling June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 50 B & \$5, 905, 60000 & \$5, 903, 55000 & & \$5, 903, 55000 & \$2,050 00 \\
\hline 100 s & 14, 484, 40000 & 14, 476, 10000 & \$100 00 & 14, 476, 20000 & 8,200 00 \\
\hline 5008 & 40, 302, 00000 & 40,300, 50000 & & 40,300, 50000 & 1,500 10 \\
\hline 1,000s & 89,308,000 00 & 89, 289, 00000 & & 89, 289, 00000 & 19,000 00 \\
\hline Unknown & & 10,500 00 & & ]0,500 00 & \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Deduct for anknown denominatious destroyed .............} & & & , & & 30,750 00 \\
\hline & & & & & 10,500 00 \\
\hline Total & 150, 000, 00000 & 149, 979, 65000 & 10000 & 149, 979, 75000 & 20,25000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMPOUND.INTEREST NOTES.
[Issue began Tune 9, 1864, and censed July 24, 1866.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Dewomination. & 'rotal issued. & Redoemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeented during tiscal year. & Redcemed to Jume 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Outstanding \\
June \(50,1885\).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 108 & \$23, 285, 20000 & \$23, 255, 81000 & \$1,270 00 & \$23, 257, 08060 & \$28, 12000 \\
\hline 208 & 30, 125, 840 00 & 30, 079, 79000 & 2,20000 & 30, 08.1, 99000 & 43, 85000 \\
\hline 508 & 60, 824, 00000 & 60, 746. 85000 & 1,950 00 & 60, 748, 011000 & 75, 10000 \\
\hline 100 s & 45, 094, 40000 & \(45,055,60000\) & 90000 & 45, 056, 50000 & 37,900 00 \\
\hline 5009 & 67, 846, 00000 & 67, 832, 50000 & 50000 & 67, 833,00000 & 13,000 00 \\
\hline 1,000s & 39, 420,000 00. & 39, 413, 00000 & & 39,413,000 00 & 7, 00000 \\
\hline Total & 266, 595, 44000 & 266, 383,650 00 & 6,82000 & 266, 390, 47] 00 & 204,970 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, TIIRST ISSUE.
[Issue began August 21, 1862, and ceased May 27, 1863.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Fedeemed to Juиe 30, 1884. & Redremed dur. ing fiscal jear. & Redeemed to June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ontstanding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 5 cents & \$2, 212, 88900 & \$1,214, 59] 86 & \$33 84 & \$1, 214, 6:570 & ¢ \(1,028,26330\) \\
\hline 10 cents & 4, 115, 378 00 & 2, 871, 45345 & 61.5 & 2,871,514 60 & 1,243, 86840 \\
\hline 25 cents & \(5,225,60600\) & 4, 186, 59: 90 & 77 (63 & 4, 186, 67053 & 1, 039, 02547 \\
\hline 50 ceuts & 8, G3L, 67200 & 7,661, 29939 & 18250 & 7, 661, 48189 & 970, 1901 L \\
\hline Total & \(\cdot 20,215,68590\) & 15,933, 98760 & 35512 & 15,934, 29272 & 4,281. 34228 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FRACTIONAI. CURJENCY, SECOND ISSDIE.
[Issue began October 10, 1863, and coased February. 23, 1867.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redemed dar ing fiscal year. & Redcomsed to June 30, 1885. & Outstauding Jипе 30, 1885. \\
\hline 3 cente & \$2, 794, 82610 & \$2, 096, 107 42 & \$4619 & \$2, 196, 21354 & \$698, 61256 \\
\hline 10 cents & 6, 176, 08430 & 5, 263,87710 & 7345 & 5, 26:3, 94964 & 912, 134 (i6 \\
\hline 25 cents & 7, \(648,341 \cdot 25\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
G, 902,89749 \\
\(5.794,694\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}9297 \\ 21075 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 6,909, 99046 & 745,350 79 \\
\hline 50 cents & (6, 545, 232 00 & 5, 794, 69485 & 21075 & 5. 794, 905 60 & 750, 32640 \\
\hline Total. or-FRASER & \(23,164,48365\) & 20, 057, 63695 & 42229 & 20, 058, 05924 & 3, 100, 424.41 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N(1. - UNITBD STATES CURRENCY of. each issuc and denomination ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING at the close of the fiscal year 1885-Continued.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCTY, THIRD ISSUE.
[Issuc bogan December 5, 1864, and censed April 18, 1869.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed during fiscal year. & Redeamed to June 30, 1885. & Outatanding Jnne 30, 1885. \\
\hline 8 cents & \$601, 92390 & \$511, 61870 & \$13 58 & \$511. 63228 & \$90, 29162 \\
\hline 5 cents & 657, 00275 & 524, 34904 & 1512 & 524, 56416 & ]32, 43859 \\
\hline 10 cents & 16, 976, 13450 & 15,924, 38045 & 18705 & 15,924, 56750 & 1, 051,56700 \\
\hline 15 cents & 1, 35240 & 7546 & & 7546 & 1,27694 \\
\hline 25 cents & 31, 143, 18875 & 30, 240, 81766 & 36749 & 30, 241, 18515 & 902, 00360 \\
\hline 50 cents & 30, 735, 42650 & 35, 928, 20605 & 62025 & 35, 928,82630 & 806,600 20 \\
\hline Total & 86, 115, 02880 & 83, 129,647 30 & 1, 20349 & 83, 130, 850 と5 & 2,984, 17795 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FOURTH ISSUE.}
[Issue began July 14, 1869, and ceased February 16, 1875.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issued. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeemed dinring fiscal year. & Redecmed to \(J\) une 30, 188 . & Outstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 10 cents & \$34, 940, 900 00 & \$33, 562, 99432 & \$727 40 & \$33, 56.3, 721. 72 & \$1, 377, 23828 \\
\hline 15 cents . . . . . . . . . . & 5, 304, 21600 & 5, 063, 62777 & 28541 & 5, 063,91318 & 240, 30282 \\
\hline 25 ceuts & 58, 922, 25600 & 57, 890, 69888 & 1,324 93 & 57, 89: 1 , 12381 & 1, 084, 23219 \\
\hline 50 cents & 77, 399, 60000 & 76, 319, 27200 & 2,853 00 & 76, 322, 12500 & 1, 077, 47500 \\
\hline Unknown & & 32,00000 & & 32,000 00 & \\
\hline Deduct for unknown denominations destroycd in Cbicago fire. & . & - . & & & \(3,725,24829\)
32,00000 \\
\hline Total & 170, 567, 03200 & \(172,868,59297\) & 5,190 74 & 172, 873, 78371 & 3, 693, 24829 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FIFTE ISSUE.
[Yssue began Feluruary 26, 1874, and coased February 15, 1876.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Denomination. & Total issned. & Rcdeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeomed furing fiscal year. & Redeemed to June 30, 1885. & Outstanding June 30, 1885. \\
\hline 10 cents & \$19, 989, 90000 & \$19, 495, 47826 & \$1,74580 & \$19, 497, 22406 & \$492, 07594 \\
\hline 25 cents & 36, 092, 000110 & 35, 496, 74987 & 4, 29599 & 35, 901,04586 & 590, 95414 \\
\hline 50 conts & 6, 580, 00000 & 6, 386,036 80 & 2,672 00 & 6, 388, 708.80 & 191, 29120 \\
\hline Total & (62, 661, 90000 & 61,378, 26493 & 8,713 79 & 61, 386, 978 72 & \[
1,274,92128
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Issue. & Total issued. & Face value of notes redeemed to Jtue 30,1885 (sce statement 10). & Less de. ductions for mutilations since May 11, 1875, not covered jnto the Treasury. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Redeemed \\
to June 30, 1885, as shown by cash state. ment.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ontstanding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Old-demand notes & \$60, 030, 00000 & \$59, 972, 05250 & \$2511 & \$59, 972, 050 & \$57, 95000 \\
\hline United Staces notes & 1,993, 827, 80800 & 1, 647, 225, 012 00 & 78,220 00 & L, 047, 146, 79200 & 346, 681, 01600 \\
\hline One aul two jear notes & 211, 000, 000 00 & 210, 931, 41500 & & -210, 981, 41500 & 68,58500 \\
\hline Compound-interest notes & 266, 595, 44000 & ¢ \(266,390,47000\) & & 260, 390, 47000 & 204, 97000 \\
\hline Fractional currency ..... & 368, 724, 07945 & '353, 400, 729 55 & 16,704 31 & \(353,383,96524\) & \(15,340,11421\) \\
\hline Total. & 2, 900, 177, 32745 & 2, 537, 919, 670 05 & 94, 98681 & \(\therefore, 537,824,69224\) & \[
662,352,63521
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 13.-SILVER CERTIFICATES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and ODTSTANDING by SERIES and DENOMIN.TTIONS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Series and denomination.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Issued.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Redeemed,} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Ontatanding June 30, 1885.} \\
\hline & During fiscal year. & \[
\text { To June }{ }_{1885} \text {. }
\] & Juring fiscal year. & \[
\text { To June } 1885 \text {. }
\] & \\
\hline Series of 1878. & & & & , & \\
\hline 108 & & \$2, 274,000 & \$264, 960 & \$1, 921, 883 & \$352, 117 \\
\hline 208 & & 2,746,000 & 360, 100 & \(2,064,610\) & 681, 390 \\
\hline 508 & & 3,250, 000 & 398,750 & 2, 421, 165 & 828,885 \\
\hline 100 s & & 3, 540,000 & 346.700 & 2, 766, 680 & 773,320 \\
\hline 500 s & & 4,650,000 & 102, 000 & 4, 286, 000 & 364, 000 \\
\hline 1,000s & & 14, 490, 000 & 393, 000 & \(13,148,000\) & 1,342, 000 \\
\hline Total & & 30, 950, 000 & 1,867, 510 & 26, 608, 338 & 4,341,662 \\
\hline Series of 1880. & & & & & \\
\hline 108 & \$14, 040, 000 & 75,760, 000 & 9, 518, 625 & 24, 364,990 & 51,395, 010 \\
\hline 208 & 12, 160,000 & 70, 440, 000 & 7, 65\%, 460 & 19, 110, 426 & 51, 329, 574 \\
\hline 50s & 2, 200, 000 & 7, 800, 000 & 440,850 & 974,800 & 6, 825, 200 \\
\hline 100 s & 2,600,000 & 10,600,000 & 514, 100 & 1, 494,800 & 9, 105, 200 \\
\hline 500 \({ }^{\circ}\) & 5, 000, 000 & 9, 000, 000 & 365, 500 & 454,000 & 8. 516,000 \\
\hline 1,000s & 4,000,000 & 9,000,000 & 630,000 & 641,000 & 8,359, 000 \\
\hline Total & 40,000,000 & 182, 600, 000 & 19, 122, 535 & 47,040,016 & 135, 559, 984 \\
\hline Aggregato & 40,000,000 & \(213,550,000\) & 20,990,045 & 73,648, 354 & 139,901646 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 14.-GOLD CERTIFICdTES ISSOED, REDEEMED, and OOTSTANDING, by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Serles and denomination.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Issued.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Redeemed.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Ontatand. ing June 30, 1885.} \\
\hline & During fiscal year: & To Jnne 30, 1885. & Daring fiscal jear. & To June 30, 1885. & \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & \$296, 20000 & \$2, 283,800 \\
\hline 508 & & 1,200,000 60 & 38,750 & 111, 85000 & 1, 088, 150 \\
\hline 1009 & 900, 000 & 4, 100, 00000 & 88, 100 & 289,10000 & 3,810,900 \\
\hline 5008 & 2.100,000 & 7, 100, 00000 & 144,000 & 588, 50000 & 6,511,500 \\
\hline \(1,000 \mathrm{~s}\) & 4,000, 000 & 14,000, 00000 & 129, 000 & 783, 00000 & 13,217,000 \\
\hline 5,0008 & 2,500, 000 & 2, 500, 00000 & & & 2; 50, 000 \\
\hline 10,000s & 5, 000, 000 & \(5,000,00000\) & & & 5,000,000 \\
\hline Tota & 14, 900, 000 & \(37,180,00000\) & 532,990 & 2,068,650 00 & 35, 111, 350 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{} \\
\hline 508 & 2,700, 000 & 12,000, 00000 & 1,376, 450 & 2, 644, 35000 & 9, 355, 650 \\
\hline 1008 & 900, 000 & 8, 000, 00000 & 1,287, 800 & 2, 283, 10000 & 5, 716, 900 \\
\hline 500a & 4,500,000 & 10, 000, 00000 & 1,037,000 & 2,391, 00000 & 7, 609, 000 \\
\hline 1,0009 .................... & 5,000,000 & 12,000, 00000 & 1, 310,000 & 3, 097, 00000 & 8. 903, 000 \\
\hline 5,0008 ................... & 5,000, 000 & 20, 000, 00000 & 3,975,000 & 8, 415, 00000 & 11,585, 000 \\
\hline 10,0008 & 30,000, 000 & 80, 000, 00000 & 10, 260, 000 & 29, 880, 00000 & 50, 120, 000 \\
\hline Total & 48, 100,000 & 154, 000, 00000 & 20,484,110 & 51, 350, 49000 & 102,649, 510 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Both series \\
Under act of March 3, 1863...
(Issue ceased December 1,
1878.)
Aggregate .........
\end{tabular}} & 63,000,000 & 191, 180, 000000 & 21, 017, 100 & 53, 419, 14000 & \[
137,760,860
\] \\
\hline & & 981, 134, 88046 & . 52, 420 & 978, 572, 60046 & 2,562,280 \\
\hline & 63,000,000 & 1,172,314, 88046 & 21, 069, 520 & 1,031, 991, 74046 & 140,323. 140 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. Tक.-SEVEN-TFIRTY NOTES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Isbue. & 'I'otal issued. & Redeemed to June 30, 1884. & Redeomed during fiscal year. & Rerleemed to June 30 , 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Outstanding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline July 17, 1861. & \$140, 094, 750 & \$140, 078, 900 & & \$140, 078, 900. & \$15, 850 \\
\hline Au¢ust 15. 1864 & 299, 992, 500 & 209, 939, 400 & \$500 & 290, 989, 900 & 52,600 \\
\hline June 15, 1865 & 331, 000, 000 & 330, 966, 350 & 200 & 330, 966, 550 & 33,450 \\
\hline July 15, 1865. & 199, 000, 000 & 198, 947, 950 & 900 & ] 48, 948.850 & 51, 150 \\
\hline Total. & 970, 087, 250 & 969, 982, 600 & 1, 600 & 969, 934, 200 & 153, 050 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-The pithic debt statement shows \(\$ 132,2007-30\) s of 1864 and 1865 outstanding on June 30.1885. or \(\$ 5,000\) less than tho amount given in tho above tablo. Ihe discrepancy arose in deducting \(\$ \overline{5}, 000\) redeemed in Augrast, 1868, which was suspended in settement and again deducted whon suspension was removed.

Na. 目G.-COUPONS from LNITED STATES BONDS and INTEREST NOTES, PAII during the fiscal year 1835, classified by LOANS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - & Title of loan. & Amount. \\
\hline Bonds: & & \\
\hline Oregon War Debt & & \$267 00 \\
\hline Loan of July and August, 1861 & & 1,71150 \\
\hline 5-20\% of 1869.. & & 1,300 50 \\
\hline Loan of 1863. & & 2300 \\
\hline 10.40s of 1.864 & & 35000 \\
\hline \(5-208\) ol June, 1864 & & 3000 \\
\hline 5-20s of 1865 & & 19500 \\
\hline Consols of 1805 & & 72000 \\
\hline Consols of ;867 & & 2,10600 \\
\hline Cousols of 1808 & & 18750 \\
\hline Funded Loan of 1881 & & 90125 \\
\hline Funded Loan of 3801 & & 2,341,473 08 \\
\hline Funded Loan of 1907 & & \(5,735,33800\) \\
\hline laterest notes: & & \\
\hline Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865 & & 4562 \\
\hline Total & & 8,084,66745 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 1\%.-NOMBER and AMOUNT of CHECKS for INTEREST on REGISTERED BONDS of the DNITED STATES ISSUED during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Titie of loan.} & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Funder Loau of 1891. & 48,182 & \$8, 919,376 58 \\
\hline Fuoded Loan of 1907 & 180, 693 & 23, 795, 38100 \\
\hline Loan ot July 12, 1882 & -13,460 & 5,978,568 34 \\
\hline Total & 242,341 & 38, 6!13, 32592 \\
\hline Bonds issued to Pacific Ratilwass & 2,818 & 3, 877, 41072 \\
\hline Total & \(\cdot 245,159\) & 42,570,736 64 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 8.-INTEREST' on 3.65 PER CENT. BONDS of the DISTRICT of COLUMBIA, PAID during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where paid. & Conpous. & Cheeks. & 'Jotal \\
\hline Treasary United States, Washingtom & \$30, 35718 & \$79,965 25 & \$110,322 43 \\
\hline Sub-Treasury United States, New York & 79,705 05 & 329, 57675 & 409, 28180 \\
\hline Lotal & 110,062 23 & 400, 54200 & 519,604 23 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N®. 19.-REITUNDING CERTIFICATES issued under act of February 26, 1879, CONFEKTED into BONDS of the FUNDED LOAN of 1907.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Issued.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Converted.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Outstanding.} \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { To June } 30, \\
& \mathbf{1 8 8 4 .}
\end{aligned}
\] & Naring the fiscal year. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { To Jnne 30, } \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \\
\hline Parable to order
Payable to bearer & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 58,500 \\
39,954,250
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 57,630 \\
39,665,320
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 150 \\
40,2000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 57,780 \\
39,714,370
\end{array}
\] & \(\$ 720\)
239,880 \\
\hline - Total.. & 40, 012, 750 & 30, 722, 750 & 49,400 & 39, 772, 150 & 240,600 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 29.-TOTAL amount of UNITED STATES BONDS RETTRED for the SINKING FUND from May, 1869, to Junc 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of loan. & How retired. & From May,
1869, to
June \(30,1884\). & During fis. oal jear. & From May, 1869, to June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Loan of February, 1861. & Purchased & \$10,612 000 & & \$10, 012,000 \\
\hline Orogon Wrar Deldt...... & .......do & 250,800 & & ,256,800 \\
\hline Loan of July and August, \(1861 . .\). & ...... do & 48,776,700 & & 48,776,700 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(5-208\) of 1862} & Purchased Redecmed & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24,029,150 \\
& 29,961,250
\end{aligned}
\] & \$4, 000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24,029,150 \\
& 29,968,250
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Total & 53, 903, 400 & 4, 090 & 53, 997, 400 \\
\hline Loan of 1863 & Purchased & 19, 854, 250 & & 19, 8.54, 250 \\
\hline \(10-4\) us of 1864 & Redeomed & 676, 050 & & 676,050 \\
\hline 5-20s of March, 1864 & Purchased & 361, 600 & & 361,600 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6-20s of June, 1864.} & Redocomed & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 18,356,100 \\
& 1,067,700
\end{aligned}
\] & 100 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 18,35 \mathbf{6}, 100 \\
& 11,067,800
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Total & 29, 423, 800 & 100 & 29, 423, 900- \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(5-208\) of 1805} & Parchased Redeomed & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16,866,150 \\
1,974,150
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16,866,150 \\
1,974,1.50
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & Total & 18,840,300 & & 18,840,300 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Consols of 1865} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Parchased \\
Redemerl
\end{tabular} & \(48,166,150\)
31,350 & & \[
48,166,150
\] \\
\hline & Total & 48, 197, 500 & & 48,107,500 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Consols of 1867} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Purchased \\
Redcemed
\end{tabular} & 32, 115,600 & & \[
32,115,600
\] \\
\hline & Total & \(32,131,350\) & & 32, 131,350 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Consols of 1888} & Purchased Redcemed & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,213,800 \\
8,600
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,213,800 \\
8,600
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & Total & 2,222,400 & & 2,222,4.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Frnded Lomn of 1881} & Purchased Redoemed & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 43,599,000 \\
& 25,016,800
\end{aligned}
\] & 1,100 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 43,599,000 \\
& 25,017,900
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & Total & 68, 615 , 8U0 & 1, 100 & 68, 610,900 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Ftinded Loan of 1007 \\
Loan of July and August, 1861, continuierl. \\
Loan of 1863 continied
\end{tabular}} & Purchased & 1.500,000 & & 1,500,000 \\
\hline & Redeerned & 56, 443, 850 & 52. 250 & 56, 496, 100 \\
\hline & ......do & 37, 188, 550 & 18,000 & 37, 206,550 \\
\hline Funderl Loan of 1881, continued. . & do & 43, 241,850 & 230, 500 & 43, 472, 350 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Loan of July 12, 1882.............} & do & 12,553,950 & 45, 282, 200 & 57, 836, 150 \\
\hline & Total purchased ... Total redeemed.... & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 266,707,300 \\
& 218,182,850
\end{aligned}
\] & \(45,588,150\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 266,707,300 \\
& 263,771,000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Aggregato .................. & & \(484,890,150\) & \(45,588,150\) & 530, 478, 500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 21.-TOTAL amount of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED from May, 1869, to June 30, 1885.


HO. BI.-TOTAL AMOUNT of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED from May, 1869, to June 30, 1885-Continued.


NO. 22.-BONDS of the LOdNS given in STATEMENT No. 21 RETIRED prior to May, 1869.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of loan. & How retired. & Rate of interest. & Amount. \\
\hline & & Per cent. & \\
\hline Texan Indernnity Stock. & Redeemed & & \$4,748, 000 \\
\hline Oregon War Delot . & Redeemed & \({ }^{6}\) & 145,850 \\
\hline 10-40s of 1864.... & Purchased & 5 & 1,551,000 \\
\hline Total. & & & 6, 444,850 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 23.-MATURED CALLED BONDS REDEEMED and OUTETANDING Juze \(30,1885\).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loan. & Call. & When matured. & Amount called. & Redeemed. & Outstand. ing. \\
\hline 5.20 s of 1862 & 1 to 23 & Deo. J, 1871, and subsequent dates. & \$391,600, 100 & \$391,264, 250 & \$335, 850 \\
\hline \(5 \cdot 20 \mathrm{~s}\) of March, 1864. & 24 & Nor. 13, 1875.......................... & 946,600 & 946, 000 & \\
\hline 5-20s of Juno, 1864.. & 24 to 31 & Nov. 33, 1875, and subsequont dates. & \(58,046,200\) & 57, 997, 650 & 48,550 \\
\hline 5-20s of 1865 & 31 to 46 & Feb. 15,1876. amd subsequent dates. & Jo2, 333,850 & 152, 496, 700 & 37, 150 \\
\hline Consols of 1865 & 471075 & Aug. 21, 1877, and sulisequent dates. & 202, 631, 750 & 20\%, 403, 500 & 228, 250 \\
\hline Consols of 1867 & 76 to 95 & Apr, 1, 1879, aud subsequent dates. & 309, 846, 150 & 309, 379, 050 & 474, 100 \\
\hline Consols of 1868 & 096 & July 4, 1870.......................... & 37, 4:0, 300 & 37, 333, 500 & 86,800 \\
\hline 10-40s of 1884 & 97 to 99 & Tuly 0, 1879, and subsequent dates. & 192, 476,860 & 192, 377, 450 & 90,350 \\
\hline Loan of 1858. & 100 & July 23, 1879............ & 260, 000 & 260, 000 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Funded Loan of 1881.} & 101 & May 21, 1881 & 25, 030, 150 & 25, 017, 000 & 12. 250 \\
\hline & 103 & Aug. 12, 1881 & 10, 121, 800 & 10, 057, 450 & 64,850 \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{104} & Oct. 1,1881 & 28, 184, 500 & 28, 06: 600 & 121,900 \\
\hline & & & 63,336,450 & 63, 137, 050 & 198,500 \\
\hline Loru of 1863. & 102 & July 1, 1881 & 4,687, 800 & 4, 655,050 & 32,750 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Loan of July and Au. gutt, 1861.} & 102 & July 1,1881 & 12, 947, 450 & 12,791,200 & 1.56, 250 \\
\hline & 105 & Dec. 24, 1881. & 20, 031, 550 & 20, 029, 550 & 2,000 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{8}{*}{Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3ả per cont.} & 106 & Jan. 29, 1882 & 20, 184, 900 & \(20,182,850\) & 2,050 \\
\hline & 107 & Mar. 13, 1882. & 19, 574, 100 & 19, 500, 150 & 13,950 \\
\hline & 108 & Арг. 8, 1882. & 20, 540,700 & 20,510,000 & 36,700 \\
\hline & 109 & May 3, 1882............................... & 5,086,200 & 5, 071, 200 & 15,000 \\
\hline & 110 &  & 5, 010, 200 & 5, 004, 900 & 5,300 \\
\hline & 111 & Mny 17, 1882............................ & 5, 096, 550 & 5, 096, 540 & \\
\hline & 112 & June 7, 1882. & 15, 100, 950 & 15, 026, 350 & 83, 600 \\
\hline & 113 & July 1,188?. & 1.1, 217, 500 & 11, 178,500 & 44;000 \\
\hline Total. & & & 21, 857, 650 & 121, 655, 050 & 202,600 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Ioan of 1803 contin. ued at 3 is per cont.} & 114 & Aug. 1, 1882. & 15, 024,700 & 15, 023, 530 & 2, 150 \\
\hline & 115 & Sept. 13,1883 & 16,304, 100 & 16, 291, 000 & 13, 100 \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{110} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Oct. 4,1882} & 3, 260, 650 & 3, 265, 150 & 4,500 \\
\hline Total & & & 31, 508, 450 & 34, 578, 700 & 19,750 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Fruded Loan of 1881 continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cont.} & 117 & Dec. 23, 1882. & 25, 822, 600 & 25, 745, 400 & 77,200 \\
\hline & 118 & Jan. 18, 1883. & 16, 119,850 & 16, 104, 150 & 15,700 \\
\hline & 119 & Feb. 10, 1883 & 15, 221, 800 & 15, 164,500 & 57,300 \\
\hline & 120 & May 1, 1883 & 15, 215, 350 & 15, 105, 950 & 19, 400 \\
\hline & 121 & Nov. 1, 1.883. & 30, 753, 350 & \(30,620,250\) & 133,100 \\
\hline Total. & & & 103, 132, 850 & 102, 830, 250 & 302, 700 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{10}{*}{Loma of Jny 12, 1882.} & 122 & Dec. 1, 1883. & 15, 272, 100 & 15, 102, 100 & 179, 000 \\
\hline & 123 &  & 15, 133, 650 & 15, 015, 850 & 117,800 \\
\hline & 124 & Fcb. 1,1884. & 10,20s, 850 & 9, 960, 900 & 247, 950 \\
\hline & 125 & Mar. 15, 1884 & 10, 047, 850 & 9, 991, 050 & 56, 800 \\
\hline & 126 & May 1, 1884 & 10,043, 100 & 0,941,550 & 151, 550 \\
\hline & 127 & June 20, 1884 & 10, 010, 250 & 9,975, 250 & 35, 000 \\
\hline & 128 & June 30, 1884 & 10, 151, 050 & 10, 055, 050 & 96, 000 \\
\hline & 129 & Aun. 3, 1884 & 10, 040, 800 & 9,816, 000 & 224, 200 \\
\hline & 130 & Sept. 30, 1884. & 30, 050, 100 & 9,969, 900 & 80,200 \\
\hline & 181 & Nov. 1, 1.884 & 10,330,750 & 10,263,950 & 66, 800 \\
\hline Total & & & 111, 338, 500 & 110, 092, 200 & 1,246,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Ne. 2G.--EXPENSES INCURRED in the REDEMPTION of NATIONAL-BANA. NOTES during the fiscal year 1 E85.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Oharges for transportation ........................................................................... 885,26548 Costs for assortiug:}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Salaries. & \$93, 37182 & \\
\hline Printing and binding & 1, 67077 & \\
\hline Stationer'y .......... & 1, 11419 & \\
\hline Contiogent expenses. & 44490 & \\
\hline & & 90,60148 \\
\hline Totn & & 182, 85716 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 25.-NATTONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED for REDEMPTION during Gach MONTH of the FISCAL YEAR 1885, from the PRINCIPAL CITIES and OTHER PLACES.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Clty from which reccired.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1884.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1885.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Per cent} \\
\hline & July. & Aggast. & September. & October. & November. & December. & January. & February. & March. & April. & May. & June. & & \\
\hline New York & \$7, 072, 000 & \$5, 871, 000 & \$4, 216,000 & \$5, 026, 000 & \$1,905,000 & \$4, 924, 000 & \$9, 703, 000 & \$5, 443, 000 & \$4, 087, 000 & \$7, 077,000 & \$8, 335,000 & \$8,550, 000 & \$75, 409, 000 & 50.20 \\
\hline Boston & 1, 798,000 & 1,535, 000 & 1, 416,000 & 2, 703,000 & 3, 094, 000 & 3,200, 000 & \(3,569.000\) & 1,778,000 & 2, 298, 000 & 1,560, 000 & 1,789,000 & 2, 733, 000 & 27, 473, 0004 & 18.29 \\
\hline Philartelphia & 500, 000 & 403,000 & 525,000 & 627,000 & 602,000 & 897, 000 & 808,000 & 559, 000 & 441, 000 & 507, 000 & 572, 000 & 539, 000 & 7, 290, 000 & 4.81 \\
\hline Chicago & 384, 000 & 387, 000 & 382, 000 & 436,000 & 433, 000 & 402, 000 & 44, 000 & 258; 000 & 4:6,000 & 362, 000 & 369,000 & 278,000 & 4, 538,000 & 3.03 \\
\hline Cincinuati. & 190,000 & 104, 000 & 139,000 & 219, 000 & 142,000 & 134, 000 & 161,000 & 118,000 & 134, 000 & 131, 000 & 136,000 & 306, 000 & 1, 910, 000 & 1.27 \\
\hline Saint Lonis & 74,000 & 70, 000 & 93, 000 & 101,000 & 67, 000 & 90, 000 & 82, 000 & 83, 000 & 77, 000 & 90, 000 & 83, 000 & 67,000 & 9i7, 000 & . 65 \\
\hline Jalitmore. & 288, 000 & 166,000 & 256, 000 & 213,000 & 354.000 & 396, 000 & 458,000 & 230, 000 & 249, 000 & 278,000 & 364,000 & 453, 000 & 3, 705, 000 & 2.47 \\
\hline New Orleans & 26,000 & 42,000 & 45, 000 & 68, 000 & 76, 000 & 58, 000 & 32, 000 & 50, 000 & 53, 000 & 59.000 & 44,000 & 1, 510,000 & 2, 163, 000 & 1.37 \\
\hline Provilence & 178,000 & 113,000 & 121,000 & 164, v00 & 135, 000 & 246, 000 & 277, 000 & 232,000 & 204, 000 & 237,000 & 179,000 & 207, 000 & 2, 293,000 & 1.53 \\
\hline Pitisburgh & 62, 000 & 67, 000 & 60, 000 & 60, 000 & 51,000 & 73,000 & 50,000 & 43, 000 & 58, 000 & 56, 000 & 51, 0100 & 46, 000 & 683, 000 & . 40 \\
\hline Other places. & 2, 31.4, 000 & 2, 400, 000 & 1,488, 000 & 1.590,000 & 1,523,000 & i, 821,000 & 2,302, 000 & 2, 178, 600 & 2, 169, 000 & 2, 102, 000 & 2,068,000 & 1,963, 000 & 23, 918, 000 & 15. 92 \\
\hline Total & 12,886, 000 & 11,214, 000 & 8,747, 000 & 11, 207, 040 & 11, 472,000 & 12, 241,000 & 17, 883,000 & 10, 972, 000 & 10,196, 000 & 12, 549,000 & 14,190,000 & 16, \(65{ }^{2}, 000\) & 150,209,000 & 100.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}




No. 2\%-CREDITS givon to NATIONAL BANES in their REDEMPTION ACCOUNTS during the fisca yoar 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline posits in 5 per cent. acconnt: \\
\hline Lawful money of the United Statos deposited by them \\
\hline Uvited States Noires received from them ly axpress. \\
\hline Natioual-Bunk Nutes recoived from them, by express \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\(\qquad\)

No. 28.-MODE of PAYMENT for NATIONAL-BANIK NOTES REDEEMED
during the fiscal year 1885.


N®. 29.-DEPOSITS made by NATIONAL BANISS for the RETIREMENT of their CIRCULATION during the fiscal year 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Month.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Under section 4, act of Juue 20, 1874, as modified by act of July 12,1882 .} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Under section 5222 of the Rerised Statutos.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Under section 0, act July 12, 1.88).} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{On account of insolvent banks.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total deposits.} \\
\hline & Lawfnl money.
\(\qquad\) & Proceeds of called bonds. & Total deposits under sec. tion 4. & & & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
1884 . \\
\text { July....... }
\end{array}
\] & \$394, 140 & \$1,361, 815 & \$1,755, 955 & \$62, 300 & \$158, 600 & & \\
\hline Augast & 489,300 & 1, 247. 600 & 1,736, 900 & & 139, 730 & 71,250 & 1, \(9+7,840\) \\
\hline September & 697, 000 & 1, 726,950 & 2, 423, 950 & 113, 580 & 530, 100 & & 3, 067, 636 \\
\hline October & 1, 189, 905 & 626, 050 & 1, 815, 935 & 176, 950 & 336, 400 & & 2,329, 305 \\
\hline November & 883, 200 & 4, 520, 295 & 5,403,495 & 572, 200 & 418, 050 & & 6, 393, 745 \\
\hline December & 813,515 & 307, 760 & 1,121, 275 & 377, 790 & 370, 190 & 218, 24.0 & 2, 087, 405 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & & & \\
\hline January. & 1,073,500 & 78,020 & 1, 151, 520 & 747, 890 & 168, 300 & & 2,067, 710 \\
\hline February & 594,000 & & 524, 000 & 563, 140 & 712,000 & 80,600 & 1, 879, 140 \\
\hline March & 179, 470 & 39, 130 & 218,600 & 548, 200 & 207. 420 & 10, 000 & 984,720 \\
\hline April. & 161, 420 & 18, 000 & 179, 420 & 549, 390 & 159,210 & 68,000 & 956, 020 \\
\hline May. & 431, 650 & 33, 750 & 465, 400 & !45, 505 & 991, 350 & 4, 000 & 2, 0016, 255 \\
\hline \(J\) une & 1,065,495 & 33,750 & 1,099,245 & 366, 200 & 528, 230 & & 1, 993, 675 \\
\hline Total & 7,902, 595 & 9, 993, 120 & 17, 895, 715 & 4, 623,151 & 4,720,080 & 451, 490 & 27, 690; 436 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 30. - REDEMPTION of NOTES of FAILED, LIQUIDATING, and REDUCING NATIONAL BANES, to JUNE 30, 1877, and by FISCAL YEARS to 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Period. & Failed. & Jiquidating. & Reducing. & Total. \\
\hline To Jnne 30, 1877 & \$6, 098, 28180 & \$14, 106, 00645 & \$50, 720, 71900 & \$70, 925, 007 25 \\
\hline Fiscal jear 1878 & 752, 49750 & ], 810,752 00 & 9, 446, 62600 & 12,009,875 50 \\
\hline Fiscal jear 1879 & 636, 61350 & 1,554,086 50 & 5, 866,001 00 & \(8,056,70 \mathrm{C} 00\) \\
\hline Fiscal year 1880 & 382, 11650 & 1, 058, 41450 & 4.961, 38500 & 6, 401,91600 \\
\hline Fiscal year 1881 & 426, 88850 & 1, 144, 90640 & 10, 773, 00400 & 12, 344, 79890 \\
\hline Fiscal jear 1882 & 533, 50450 & 1, 169,75600 & 14, 505,34600 & 16, 808, 60650 \\
\hline Fiscal year 1883 & 722, 00800 & 4, 595, 51300 & 18, 233, 87850 & 23, 55\%, 27950 \\
\hline Fiscal jear 1884 & c25, 21200 & 5, 746,173 50 & 20, 486, 30400 & 26, 857,689 50 \\
\hline Fiscal year 1885 & 703,785 50 & 7, 066, 22650 & 20, 692, 21300 & 28,462, 22500 \\
\hline Total & 10, 881, 70780 & 38, 851, 91485 & 155, 685, 47650 & 205, 410, 00915 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

N®. 3T.-BALANCED STATEMENT of RECETPTS AND DELIVERTES of MONEYS by the NATIONAL BANK REDEACTLON AGENCY for the FISCAL YEAR 1885.


No. 32.-BALANCED STATEMENT of RECEIITS and DELIVERIES of MONEYS by tite NATIONAL BANK REDEMPTION AGENGY from fuly 1, 1874, to June 30. 1885.


No. 33.-STATEMENTshowing the MLONTHLY RECEIPTS from CUSTOMS at NEW :FORK from April, 1878, to Oclober, 18s5, and the PERCENTAGE of EACH KJND of \(M O N E Y\) RECEIVED.


No. 33.-STATEMENT Bhowing the MONTHLY RECEIPTS from CUSTOMS, fo.Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Months. & Totnl reoeipts. & Gold coin.. & Silver coin. & Gold certificates. & Silver certificates. & United States notes. \\
\hline 1882-Jannary & \$13, 393, 000 & Per. cent. \({ }^{\text {72. }}\) & Per.cent. & Per cent. & Per cent. & Per cent. 6. 6 \\
\hline February & 13,589, 000 & 66.5 & 0.1 & & - 24.8 & 8.6 \\
\hline March . & 14, 000, 000 & 75:6 & 0.1 & & 19.8 & 4.4 \\
\hline April & 10,528, 000 & 73.5 & 0.2 & & 22.2 & 4. 0 \\
\hline May. & 11,986, 000 & 70.7 & 0.2 & & 23.4 & 5.6 \\
\hline June. & 11, 434, 000 & 68.7 & 0.1 & & 23.4 & 7.8 \\
\hline & 74, 930, 000 & 72.9 & 0.1 & -............ & 21.2 & 5.8 \\
\hline Joly & 13,730, 000 & 66.5 & 0.1 & & 24.8 & 8. 0 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{August.
Septemb
October.
November
Decembe} & 16,487, 000 & 46.1 & 0.1 & & 48.2 & 6. 0 \\
\hline & 14, 695, 000 & 38. 8 & 0.1 & & 55.5 & 5.5 \\
\hline & 13, 101, 000 & 18.2 & 0.1 & 42.2 & 32.1 & 7.3 \\
\hline & 9, 939, 000 & 10.3 & 0.1 & 63.9 & 16.2 & 0.5 \\
\hline & 10,381, 000 & 5.3 & 0.1 & 69.1. & 18.7. & 6.7 \\
\hline & 78,333, 000 & 33.6 & 0.1 & 24.3 & 34.8 & 7.1 \\
\hline 1883-January & 12, 574, 000 & 4.2 & 0.1 & 72.1 & 15.7 & 7. 1 \\
\hline Fobruary & 12,194, 000 & 3.9 & 0.1 & 75. 1 & 15.9 & 4.9 \\
\hline March & J2, 435, 000 & 6.5 & 0.1 & 73.7 & 13.1 & 6.4 \\
\hline April & 9, 199, 000 & 10.8 & 0.1 & 05.5 & 17.7 & 5.8 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{June} & 8, 155, 000 & 4.7 & 0.11 & 02.2 & 26.1 & 0.8 \\
\hline & 13, 630, 000 & 3.3 & 0.1 & 69.4 & 20.2 & 6. 3 \\
\hline & 68, 187, 000 & 5.3 & 0.1 & 70.5 & 17.7 & 0.4 \\
\hline Jnly & 14, 609,000 & 2.3 & 0.1 & 79.1 & 13.0 & 5. 4 \\
\hline Augnat & 13, 290, 000 & 2.7 & 0.1 & 73.2 & 18.0 & 5. 9 \\
\hline September & 12,050, 000 & 3.2 & 0.1. & 77.8 & 13.9 & 5. 0 \\
\hline October & 11, 610, 000 & 2.9 & 0. 1. & 75.8 & 16.4 & 4.8 \\
\hline Novenher & 8,928,000 & 3.1 & 0.1 & 67.6 & 22.5 & 6.0 \\
\hline Doeewber. & 0,338, 000 & -2.8 & 0.1 & 71.3 & 19.4 & 0.4 \\
\hline & 69,831, 000 & 2.8 & 0.1 & 74.7 & 16.7 & 5.7 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{1884-Jamury February March April \(\qquad\) May Juno.
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)} & 11, 708,000 & 2.4 & 0.1 & 66.21 & - 23.7 & 7.5 \\
\hline & 13,060, 000 & 2.1 & 0.1 & 67.5 & 23.0 & 8.3 \\
\hline & 11, 447, 000 & 1.8 & 0.1 & 60.7 & 26. 4 & 10.9 \\
\hline & 9, 850, 000 & 2.5 & 0.1 & 50.9 & 26.8 & 13.0 \\
\hline & 9, 289.000 & 3.3 & 0.1 & 46.5 & 35.3 & 14.7 \\
\hline & 9, 459, 000 & 3.1 & 0.1 & 40.0 & 35.6 & 21.3 \\
\hline & 63, 882,000 & 2.5 & 0.1 & 57.3 & 27.8 & 12.3 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{Angnst...
Septnimber
October.
Norember
Decomber} & 13, 1.11, 000 & 1.6 & 0.1 & 48. 1 & 32.4 & 17.8 \\
\hline & 12, 828, 000 & 1.3 & 0.1 & 44.4 & 32. 3 & 21.7 \\
\hline & 11, 992, 000 & 1.6 & 0.1 & 32.4 & 31.4 & 34.4 \\
\hline & 10, 309. 000 & 1.8 & 0.1 & 23.0 & 32.1 & 42.3 \\
\hline & 7, 717,000 & 1.0 & 0.1 & 18. 3 & 42.2 & 37.4 \\
\hline & 8,087,000 & 1.7 & 0.1 & 17.9 & 44.0 & 36.2 \\
\hline & 64, 104, 000 & 1.6 & 0.1 & 33.1 & 34.8 & 30.3 \\
\hline 1885-January & 10,306, 000 & 1. 1 & 0.1 & 26.0 & 40.5 & 31.6 \\
\hline Febriary & 10,461,000 & 0.8 & 0.1 & 31.4 & 32.3 & 35.3 \\
\hline March & 11, 281, 000 & 0.7 & 0.1 & 39.7 & 34.5 & 25.0 \\
\hline April & 9, 983, 300 & 0.9 & 0.1 & 38.1 & 41.3 & 19.5 \\
\hline May & 9, 523, 000 & 0.7 & 0.1 & 43. 0 & 37.4 & 18.8 \\
\hline Juno. & 9, 644, 000 & 0.7 & 0.2 & 32.5 & 33.3 & 33.3 \\
\hline * & 61, 198, 000 & . 0.8 & 0.1 & 35.2 & 36.5 & 27.4 \\
\hline Jaly & 11, 821, 000 & 0.7 & 0.2 & 28.8 & 23.6 & 40.6 \\
\hline Angust & J2, 700, 500 & 0.0 & 0.3 & 47.4 & 13.5 & 38.2 \\
\hline Septembor: & 12, 167,000 & 0.7 & 0.3 & 03.4 & 9.8 & 25. 8 \\
\hline Ootober. & 10,72, 000 & 0.8 & 0.2 & 70.8 & 12.9 & 10.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Ne. 34.-STATEMENT showing the amount of GOLD COIN and BULLION in the TREdSURY, and of GOLD CERTIFICATES ODTSTANDING, at the ond of each month from March, 1878.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date: & Total gold in Treasury, coin and bullion. & Gold certificates ,in the 'Ireas. ury cash. & Gold certificates in circn. lation. & Net gold in Treasury, coin and bullion. \\
\hline - 1878. & & & & \\
\hline March 30 & \$120, 106, 31717 & \$7, 179, 200 & \$50, 704, 200 & \$69, 402, 11717 \\
\hline April 30 & 120, 012, 78164 & 9, 032, 660 & 45, 948, 840 & 74, 063, 94164 \\
\hline May 31 & 122, 917, 90788 & 31, 235, 300 & 21, 246, 300 & 101, 671, 60788 \\
\hline Juno 29 & 128, 460, 20287 & 19, 469, 3:0 & 24, 897, 680 & 103, 562, \(522 \cdot 87\) \\
\hline July 31 & 132, 014, 61941 & 18, 170, 420. & 23, 852, 980 & 108, 101,63941 \\
\hline August 31 & 134,548, 03653 & 20, 704, 220 & 17, 222, 180 & 117. 325 , 85653 \\
\hline September 30 & 136,036, 30220 & 9, 392, 920 & 23, 433, 680 & 112, 602, 62220 \\
\hline October 31 & 140, 872, 15479 & 9, 901, 520 & 22, 906, 480 & 117, 965, 67479 \\
\hline Norember 30 & 142, 400, 13529 & 9, 845, 120 & 24, 117, 780 & 118, 282, 35529 \\
\hline December 31 & 135, 382, 63942 & 391,420 & 21, 189, 280 & 114, 193, 35942 \\
\hline 1879. & & & & \\
\hline January 31. & 133,756, 906 65 & 544,020 & 17, 082, 680 & 116, 679, 22665 \\
\hline February 28 & 133, 265, 55943 & 400,220 & 16, 379, 280 & 116, 883, 27943 \\
\hline March 31 & 133,416, 22585 & 50,740 & 16, 253, 960 & 117, 162, 16585 \\
\hline April 30 & 134, 520, 14048 & 62, 140 & 15, 710, 460 & 118, 809, 68048 \\
\hline May 31 & 136, 680, 26014 & 33, 580 & 15, 380, 120 & 121. 300, 14014 \\
\hline June 30 & 135, 236, 474.62 & 133, 880 & 15, 279, 820 & 119,950, 65462 \\
\hline July 31 & 135, 517, 48325 & 43, 800 & 15, 106, 900 & 120, 320, 58325 \\
\hline August 31 & 141, 546, 39052 & 120,000 & 15, 008, 700 & 126, 537, 69052 \\
\hline September 30 & 169, 606, 99503 & 07, 700 & 14, 843, 200 & 154, 763, 79503 \\
\hline October 31 & 171, 517, 71365 & 213, 400 & 1.t, 377, 600 & 157, 140, 11365 \\
\hline Norember 30 & 160, 443,436 80 & 1>3, 740 & 13, 195, 460 & 147, 247, 97680 \\
\hline December 31 & 157, 790, 32184 & 740, 960 & 11, 506, 140 & 146, 194, 18184 \\
\hline 1880. & & & & \\
\hline January 31. & 153, 690, 02643 & 61, 100 & 10,350, 000 & 143,340, 02643 \\
\hline February 28 & 146, 750, 75804 & 327, 300 & 9, 755, 300 & 136, 995, 4580 \\
\hline March 31 & 144, 010, 55150 & 611,500 & 8,244, 000 & 135, 766,551 50 \\
\hline April 30 & 138, 783, 44008 & 173, 800 & 8, 056, 800 & 130, 726, 64008 \\
\hline May 31 & 128, 709, 49651 & 30, 800 & 8, 010, 300 & 120, 699, 19651 \\
\hline June 30 & 126, 145, 42720 & 40,700 & 7,963, 900 & 118, 181, 52720 \\
\hline July 31 & 123, 126, 64554 & 32, 000 & 7, 852, 000 & 115, 274, 61554 \\
\hline August 31 & 127, 679, 27945 & 30, 800 & 7, 661, 100 & 120,018, 17945 \\
\hline Soptember 3 & 135, 244, 83365 & 31, 600 & 7, 480, 100 & 127, 764, 73365 \\
\hline Oetober 31 & 140, 725, 953 74 & 6,800 & 7, 447, 700 & 133, 278, 25274 \\
\hline November 30 & 151,362, 51938 & 19, 120 & 7, 381, 380 & 143, 981, 13238 \\
\hline December 31 & 150, 742, 0957 & 130, 500 & 6, 528, 380 & 150, 213, 715 ;7 \\
\hline 1881. & & & & \\
\hline January 31. & 154, 544, 20915 & 50, 080 & 6, 491, 400 & 148, 052, 80915 \\
\hline February 28 & 173, 038, 25301 & 312, 080 & 6, 229, 400 & 166, 308, 85301 \\
\hline March 31 & 173, 668, 16308 & 142,900 & 6, 028, 900 & 167, 639, 26308 \\
\hline April 30 & 170, 319, 75453 & 1, 400 & 5. 961,200 & 164, 358, 55453 \\
\hline May 31. & 163, 770, 15817 & 36, 320 & 5, 876, 280 & 157, 893, 87817 \\
\hline June 30 & 163, 17i, 66125 & 23, 410 & 5, 759,520 & 157, 412,14125 \\
\hline Jaly 31. & 151,911, 47521 & 1,700 & 5,748, 120 & 149, 163, 35521 \\
\hline August 31 & 169,'495, 52194 & 3,800 & 5, 397, 120 & 164, 098, 40194 \\
\hline September 30 & 174, 361, 34453 & 9, 000 & 5, 239, 320 & 169, 122, 02452 \\
\hline October 31 & 172,989, 82917 & 3,700 & 5, 204, 220 & 167, 785, 609 17 \\
\hline November 30 & 178, 225, 30341 & 8,300 & 5, 199, 620 & 173, 025, 68341 \\
\hline December 31 & 172, 617, 46738 & & \(5.188,120\) & 167, 429, 34738 \\
\hline 1882. & & & & \\
\hline Jannary 31 & 165, 152,788 62 & 7,900 & 5, 180, 220 & 159, 972, 56862 \\
\hline Febrnary 28 & 173, 757, 87407 & 15,800 & 5, 172, 320 & 168, 585, 55407 \\
\hline March 31 & 166, 457, 35693 & & 5,166, 920 & 161, 290, 43698 \\
\hline Apmil 30. & 155, 069, 10218 & 1,000 & 5, 071, 120. & 149, 997, 98218 \\
\hline May 31. & 153, 985,545 28 & 2,500 & 5, 052, 920 & 148, 932, 625.28 \\
\hline June 30 & 148, 506, 38995 & \(8,100^{\circ}\) & 5, 029, 020 & 143,477, 36995 \\
\hline July 31. & 145.079, 03031 & 1,500 & 5, 016, 440 & 140, 062, 59031 \\
\hline Angust 31. & 149, 303, 92069 & & 4.992, 040 & 144, 311,88069 \\
\hline Soptember 3 & 152, 739, 10043 & & 4. 907, 440 & 147, 831,666 43 \\
\hline October 31 & 159, 805, 24354 & 14, 990, 170 & 11, 370, 270 & 148,435, 47354 \\
\hline November 30 & 164, 267, 58464 & 15, 950, 270 & 10, 458, 270 & 144, 809, 314 64 \\
\hline December 31 & 171, 504, 56839 & 25, 105, 030 & 30, 514, 810 & 131, 989, 75839 \\
\hline 1883. & & & & \\
\hline January 31. & 173, 317, 83435 & 25, 107, 300 & 47, 669, 640 & 125, 648, 19435 \\
\hline February 28. & 1.77, 661, 63086 & 32, 296, 270 & 42, 554, 470 & 135, 107, 160 86 \\
\hline March 31 & 184, 752, 71390 & 31, 525, 210 & 43, 444, 510 & 141, 308, 20300 \\
\hline April 30 & 187, 837, 44193 & 32, 935, 420 & 48, 308, 200 & 130, 439, 24193 \\
\hline Maj 31 & 193, 310, 04300 & 23, 869,000 & 59, 591, 240 & 133,718, 10300 \\
\hline June 30 & 198, 078,567 68 & 22, 571, 270 & 59, 807, 370 & 138, 271, 19768 \\
\hline July 31 & 202, 774, 0351 lb & 23, 383, 410 & \(60,068,600\) & 142, 705, 43516 \\
\hline August 31 & 204, 172, 97533 & 28, 445, 200 & 54, 547, 540 & 149, 625,435 83 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. B4.-STATEMENT showing the amown of GOLD COIN and BULLION in the TREASURF and GOLD CERTITICATES OUTSTANDING, foc-Continned.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Total gold in Treasury, coin and ballion. & Gold certificates in the Treas. ury casb. & Gold certificates in circu. lation. & Net gold in Treasury, coin and bullion. \\
\hline 1883. & & & 1 & \\
\hline September 20 & \$206, 130, 54310 & \$27, 480, 300 & \$55, 014, 940 & \$151, 115, 60310 \\
\hline October 31 & 209, 429, 03990 & 31, 252, 760 & 52. 076, 180 & 157, 353, 759 90 \\
\hline November 30 & 216, 133,327 54 & 27, 035, 300 & 58, 897, 620 & 157, 235, 70754 \\
\hline December 31 & 210, 014, 73963 & 27, 446, 780 & 63, 585, 140 & 155, 429,509 63 \\
\hline 1884. & & & & \\
\hline January 31 & 221,813,356 49 & 23,788,000 & 77, 462, 620 & 144, 350,736 49 \\
\hline February 29 & 221,881,633 3.1 & 30, 600, 070 & 77, 843, 430 & 144, 038, 20311 \\
\hline March 31 & 211,071,506 97 & 35, 424, 250 & 68, 812, 150 & 142, 259, 35697 \\
\hline \(\Delta\) pril 30 & 196, 325, 62572 & 44, 415, 305 & 56, 700, 805 & 139, 634, 82072 \\
\hline May 31 & 201, 132, 38801 & 39, 686, 780 & 59, 125,480 & 142, 006, 90801 \\
\hline June 30 & 204,876,594 15 & 27, 240, 020 & 71, 146, 640 & 133, 729, 95415 \\
\hline July 31 & 210,539,550 98. & 26,525, 830 & 91, 491, 490 & 119, 048, 060.98 \\
\hline August 30 & 214, 483, 65717 & 29, 701, 980 & 92, 017, 940 & 122, 465, 71717. \\
\hline September 30 & 217, 914, 04281 & 33, 546, 960 & 87, 389, 660 & 130, 514, 38281 \\
\hline October 31 & 222,536, 36043 & 32, 477, 750 & 87, 865, 570 & 134, 670, 79043 \\
\hline November 29 & 231,380, 36085 & 26. 701,060 & 83. 374, 290 & 138, 015, 07085 \\
\hline December 31 & 234, 975, 85195 & 26, 343, 730 & 93, 287, 420 & 141,688, 43105 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & \\
\hline January 31 & 237, 167, 97584 & 22, 299, 150 & 111, 980, 380 & 125, 187, 59584 \\
\hline Febrnary 28 & 240, 029, 84382 & 40,426, 930 & 112,683, 290 & 127, 346, 583 24 \\
\hline Mareh 31 & 241,440, 79637 & 37, 689,990 & 115, 967, 540 & 125, 473. 25637 \\
\hline April 30 & 243, 162, 19481 & 28, 625,290 & 125, 234, 800 & 117, 937, 39481 \\
\hline May 29 & 244, 36:3, 54359 & 14, 371, 350 & 128, 553,010 & 115, 810,533 59 \\
\hline Jane 30 & 247, 028, 62525 & 13, 593,410 & 126, 729, 730 & 120, 298, 89525 \\
\hline July 31 & 249, 367, 595 & 17, 322, 320 & 123, 280, 000 & 126,078,595 20 \\
\hline August31 & 250, 257, 41789 & 10, 606, 230 & 123, 885,490 & 126, 371, 92789 \\
\hline September 30 & 251, 251, 11454 & 22, 249, 240 & 118, 137,790 & 133, 113,324 54 \\
\hline October 31 & 251, 350, 34.929 & 31, 115, 850 & 109.020, 700 & 142, 338,589 29 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NO. 35.-STATEMENT showing the AMOUNT of STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS COINED, in the TREASURY, and in CIRCULATION, and of SILVER CERTIFICATES ODTSTANDING, at the end of tach month from Harch, \(18 \div 8\).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Data & Standard silver dullars coined. & Standard silver dollars in tho Treasury. & Silver certiticates in the 'Iroas. ury cash. & Silver certificates in circulatiou. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Net \\
standard silrer dullars in 'Ireasury after deductiug silvor cerlsf. cates in circulation.
\end{tabular} & Standard silcerdollars in ciroulation. \\
\hline 1878. & & & & & & \\
\hline Marol 30 & \$1,001,500 & \$810,561 & & & \$810, 561 & \$100, 939 \\
\hline April 30 & 3.471, 500 & 3, 160, 681 & & \$63, 000 & 3, 100, 681 & 301, 810 \\
\hline May 31 & 6, 486,500 & 5, 050,451 & \$314, 710 & 27,330 & 5. 023,121 & 536, 049 \\
\hline June 30 & 8,573,500 & 7, 718,357 & 1, 455,520 & 7,080 & 7,711, 271 & 855, 143 \\
\hline Jaly 31 & 10,430, 500 & 9, 550, 230 & 2, 647, 9+0 & & 9, 550, 236 & 870, 204 \\
\hline Anrust 31 & 13, 448, 500 & 11,202,840 & 4,4こ4,600 & 1, 700, 280 & 9, 583, 569 & 2, 155, 651 \\
\hline Scptember 30 & 16, 212, 500 & 12, 155,205 & 1,316,470 & 711, 600 & 11,443,605 & 4, 057, 295 \\
\hline October 31 & 18,282, 500 & 13,397, 511 & 2,639,560 & 68, 790 & 13, 3:8,781 & 4,884, 929 \\
\hline November 30 & 20, 438, 550 & 14, 843, 219 & 1,907, 460 & 366, 060 & 14,477,159 & 5, 59.5, 331 \\
\hline December 31. & 22,495,550 & 16, 704, 829 & 2,082. 770 & 41.8, 360 & 16, 291, 469 & 5, 700, 7:1 \\
\hline 1870. & & & & & & \\
\hline January 31 & 24, 5:55, 750 & 17, 874,457 & 2, 170, 840 & 400, 340 & 17, 474, 117 & 6, 681, 208 \\
\hline Fobruary 28 & 26, 687, 750 & 10, 505, 707 & 1,976, 320 & 331,800 & 19, 173, 907 & 7,181, 083 \\
\hline March 31. & 28,774,950 & 21, 558, 804 & 2, 074, 830 & 251, 700 & 21,307, 194 & 7,216,056 \\
\hline April 30 & 31, 155,950 & 23, 694, 563 & ], 779, 340 & 197, 6к0 & 23, 496, 883 & 7,461,387 \\
\hline May 31 & 33, 485, 950 & 26, 181, 015 & ], \(922,8 \div 0\) & \$+4, 140 & 25, 331, 9115 & 7,304, 905 \\
\hline June 30 & \(35,801,000\) & 28, 147,351 & 2.052,470 & 414,480 & 27, 733,871 & 7,653, 649 \\
\hline July 31 & 37, 451, 000 & 20, 151. 801 & 2, 014, 680 & 771, 170 & 28,380, 631 & 8,299, 199 \\
\hline Angrist 31 & \(40,238,050\) & 30, 678,464 & 1,976,960 & 1,304, 890 & 29, 373, 574 & 0, 559, 586 \\
\hline Seplember 30 & 42, 634, 100 & 31, 559, 870 & 3, 015, 130 & 1,176,720 & 30,383. 150 & 11, 074, 230 \\
\hline October 31. & 45, 2u6, 200 & 39, 322, 034 & 4, 531,479 & 1 604, 371 & 30, 718, 263 & 12, 883, 566 \\
\hline November 30 & 47, 705, 200 & 32, 839, 207 & 5, 173, 188 & 1, 894,722 & 30, 944,485 & 14, 855, 993 \\
\hline Deceniber 31 & 50, 055, 650 & 33, 168,064 & 4, 888,658 & 3,824, 252 & 29, 343,813 & 16, 887, 586 \\
\hline 1880. & & & & & & \\
\hline Jemnary 31 & 52, 505, 650 & 34,901, 011 & 5, 003, 450 & 3, 080,454 & 30,072,157 & 17, 544,039 \\
\hline February 29 & 54, 806, 450 & 36, 972, 193 & \(4,797,314\) & 4,572, 606 & 3:, 309,487 & 17, 833, 957 \\
\hline March 31 & 57, 156, 250 & 38, 780, 442 & 5, 611,914 & 6, 017,006 & 32, 763,336 & 18, 375, 908 \\
\hline \(\Delta \mathrm{pril} 30\) & 50, 456,250 & 40, 411,673 & 5, 428, 351 & 6, 615, 366 & 33, 796, 397 & 19, 044, 577 \\
\hline May 31 & 61, 723, 250 & 42, 778, 190 & 6. 32: 731 & 6, 051, 539 & 36, 7!6, 651 & 18, 945, 060 \\
\hline Juvo 30 & 63, 734, 750 & 44, 425, 315 & 6, \(58+701\) & 5, 780, 669 & 38, 635, 746 & 19,309, 435 \\
\hline July 31 & 66, 014,750 & 46, 192, 791 & 5, 758, 331. & \(6.930,959\) & 39, 261, 833 & 19,821,959 \\
\hline \(\triangle\) urust 30 & 68, 267, 750 & 47, 995, v63 & \(5,518,8 \geqslant 1\) & 7,619,219 & 3!, 875, 844. & 20, 772, G87 \\
\hline Soptember 30 & 70, 568, 750 & 47, 654,675 & 6, 318.769 & 12, 203, 191 & 35, 451.484 & 22, 014,075 \\
\hline October 31 & 72, 847, 750 & 47, 084, 450 & 7, 833,719 & 19,780, 24 1 & 27, 30+, 209 & 25, 763,300 \\
\hline Navembor 30 & 75, 147, 750 & 47, 397, 43'3 & 8,57!, 294 & 26, 504, 986 & 20,892, 467 & 27, 750, 297 \\
\hline Docember 31. & 77, 453, 005 & 48, 190, 518 & 9, 454, 410 & 36, 127, 711 & 12,062, 807 & 20, 202,487 \\
\hline 1881. & & & & & & \\
\hline Janamry 31 & 79, 753, 005 & 50, 235, 102 & 9, 085, 583 & 36, 814, 637 & 13,490, 465 & 29,517,903 \\
\hline February 28 & 82, 060, 005 & 53. 9139,460 & 10.856, 463 & 37, 027, 797 & 15.911, \(60{ }^{3} 3\) & 29, 120,545 \\
\hline March 31 & 84, 359, 505 & 55, 176, 138 & 10, 7:53, 085 & 39, 445, 815 & 15, 730, 343 & 29, 183, 347 \\
\hline \(\Delta\) pril 30 & 86, 659, 505 & 68, \(04+\), 826 & 11.5\%2, 208 & 39, 157, 932 & 18, 886, 844 & 28, 614, 679 \\
\hline May 31. & \(88,959,505\) & 60, 518, 273 & 11,988, 710 & \(38,784,540\) & 21, 733, 733 & 28, 441,232 \\
\hline June 30 & 91, 372, 705 & 62, 514, 722 & 12.0.5, 801 & \(39.110,729\) & 2:3, 433, 99:3 & 28, 827, 983 \\
\hline July 31. & 93, 622, 705 & 64, 246, 302 & 11,181,048 & 40, 802, 892 & 23, 433, 410 & 29, 376,403 \\
\hline Atirust 31 & 95, 922, 705 & 65, 948,344 & 11, 516,433 & 46, 061,878 & 19, 886, 466 & 29, 974, 301 \\
\hline September 30 & 98, 32\%, 705 & 60, 092, 667 & 11, 559,730 & 52, 590, 180 & 13, 502, 487 & 32, 230, 038 \\
\hline October 31 & 100, 672, 705 & 66. 576,378 & 7,488,900 & 58, 836,770 & 7, 737.608 & 34, 090, 327 \\
\hline November 30 & 104, 97\%,705 & 68, 017, 45] & 7,084, 880 & 59, 573, 9.0 & 8, 443, 302 & \(34,955,253\) \\
\hline 1ecember 31. & 105, 380,980 & 60, 589, 937 & 6,359,910 & \(62,315,320\) & 7,27t,617 & 3E, 791, 043 \\
\hline 1882. & & & & & & \\
\hline Janamiz 31 & 107, 680, 080 & 72, 421, 584 & - 7,462, 130 & 01, 537, 540 & 10,884, 04 t & 35, 259, 390 \\
\hline February 28 & 109, 381,180 & 75, 138, 957 & 8, 544, 470 & 60, 125,010 & 15, 013, \(9+7\) & 34, 842, 223 \\
\hline Maicli 31 & 112,281,680 & 78, 178, 543 & 8,931,930 & \(551,42: 3,440\) & 18,755, 143 & 34, 103, 097 \\
\hline April 30. & 114, 5KL, 680 & 81, 597, 0.56 & 8, 872, 790 & 58,908, 570 & 22, 686, 480 & 32.986, 624 \\
\hline May 31 & 116, 843, 680 & 84, 6066, 043 & 10,509,160 & 57, 927,060 & 27, 378, 983 & 32, 237, 037 \\
\hline June 30 & 119, 144, 7r0 & \(87,153,816\) & 11.590, 620 & 54, 506, 000 & 32, 647, 726 & 31,900,964 \\
\hline July 31. & 121, 304, 780 & 88, 840, 899 & 12,361, 410 & 54, 7.7. 7:0 & 34, 053, 170 & 32, 463, 881 \\
\hline Auguet 31 & 123: 769,780 & 91, 106, 249 & 11.700, 330 & 57, 739, 880 & 3:3, 4:36, 369 & 3\%, 5033, 531 \\
\hline Soptenber 30 & 128, 029. 880 & 92, 298, 649 & 8,301, 4,30 & 63, 20+, 780 & 29, 0:3, 84i9 & 33, 801, 231 \\
\hline & 128, 329880 & 92, 414, 977 & 7, 987, 260 & 6.3, 630, 450 & 20, \(70+527\) & 35, 914, 903 \\
\hline & 130, 629, 880 & 92, 941, 582 & 5, 75\%, 970 & \(67,342,690\) & 25, 597, 892 & 37, 689, 298 \\
\hline & 132, 855,080 & 01, 016, 842 & 4,405,000 & 68, 443, 660 & 25, 573, 182 & 98, 038, 238 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. Bڭ.-STATEMENT showing tho AMOUNT of STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS COLNLD, foc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Standard silver dollars coined. & Standard silver tullars in the Treasury. & Silrev cerdificates in tho Treas. ury cash. & Silver certificates in circulation. & Net standard silver dullars in Treasury aftor redncting silver certíf. cates in circulation. & Standard silvor dollars in circulation. \\
\hline 1883. & & & & & & \\
\hline Jannary 31 & \$135, 405,080 & \$97, 530, 969 & \$4, 306, 650 & \$68, 438, 820 & \$29, 092, 149 & \$87, 874, 111 \\
\hline February 28 & 137, 805, 080 & 100, 261, 444 & 5,268, 550 & 68, 027, 420 & 32, 234, 024 & 37, 543, 636 \\
\hline March 31 & 140, 205, 699 & 103, 482, 305 & 6, 865, 3 40 & 70,759, 991 & 32, 722, 314 & 36, 723, 394. \\
\hline April 30 & \(142,555,699\) & 106, 366, 348 & 8, 887, 260 & 71, 884, 071 & 34, 482, 277 & 36, 189, 351 \\
\hline May 31 & 114, 905, 609 & 108, 808, 977 & 8, 305, 940 & 71, 727, 391 & 37, 171,586 & 36, 006, 722 \\
\hline June 30 & 147. 255.899 & 1)1, 914, 019 & 15, 996, 145 & 72, 620, 686 & 39, 298, 333 & 35, 341, 880 \\
\hline July 31 & 149, 680, 890 & 113, 057, 052 & 15, 542,730 & 73, 728, 681 & 39, 328, 371 & \(36,623,847\) \\
\hline August 31 & 152, 020. 899 & 114, 320, 197 & 17, 276, 820 & 75, 375, 161 & 38, 945, 036 & 37, 700, 702 \\
\hline Soptember 20 & 154, 370, 899 & 114, 587, 372 & 15, 568, 280 & 78, 92 [, 981 & 35, 665, 411 & 39, 783, 527 \\
\hline October 31 & 156, 720, 949 & 116, 046, 450 & 14, 244, 760 & 85, 334, 381 & 30, 702, 069 & 40, 684, 499 \\
\hline Noveruber 30. & 150, 070, 949 & 117, 768,966 & 13,806, 610 & 87, 976, 20i & 29, 792, 765 & 41, 301, 983 \\
\hline December 31. 1884. & 161, 425, 119 & \(119,449,385\) & 13, 180, 890 & 96, 717, 721. & 22, 731, 664 & 41,975, 734 \\
\hline Jamuary 31 & 10\%, 775, 119 & 123, 474, \(74 \%\) & 13, 179, 020 & 96, 958, 031 & 20, 516,717 & 40,300, 37. \({ }^{\text {c }}\) \\
\hline Fobruary 20 & 166, 125, 119 & 126, 822, 399 & 13, 890, 100 & 96, 247, 721 & 30, 574, 678 & 39, 302, 720 \\
\hline March \(3 i\) & 108, 4-5, 629 & 129, 00G, 101 & 20,488. 585 & 95, 919, 576 & 33, 066, 5\%5 & 39, 410, 528 \\
\hline April 30 & 170, 725, 629 & 130, 314, 065 & 20, 876, 250 & 95, 497, 981 & 34, 816,084 & 40, 411, 564 \\
\hline May 31. & 173, 035 629 & 132. 626,753 & 19,936, 620 & 97, 36:3, 471 & 35, 203,282 & 40, 408, 876 \\
\hline June 30 & 175, 355, 829 & 135, 560, 910 & 23, 384, 680 & 96.427, 011 & 39, 333, 905 & 39, 794, 913 \\
\hline July 31. & 177, 680, 829 & 137, 692, 119 & 25, 265,980 & - 95, 138, 361 & 42, 553, 738 & 30, 988, 710 \\
\hline Aucust 30 & 180, 030, 829 & 140, 615, 722 & 26, 003, 230 & \(94,298,691\) & 46,387, 081 & 39, 415, 107 \\
\hline September 30 & 182, 380, 829 & 14\%, 058,787 & 26, 769,470 & 96, 491, 251 & 45, 567, 536 & 40, 322, 042 \\
\hline October 31 & 184, 730, 829 & 142, 926, 725 & 30, 814, 970 & 100,741, 561 & \(42,185,164\) & 41, 804, 104 \\
\hline November 29 & 187; 180, 829 & 144, 745, 075 & 28, 951,590 & 104, 988, 531 & 39,756, 544 & 42, 435, 754 \\
\hline December 31 & 189,561, 994 & 146, 502, 865 & 23, 302, 380 & 114, 865, 911 & 31, 636, 954 & 43, 050, 120 \\
\hline 1885. & & & & & & \\
\hline January 31 & 101, 947, 194 & 550, 632, 154 & 27, 337, 890 & 113, 858, 811 & 36, 773, 343 & 41,315,040 \\
\hline Fobruary 28 & 194, 247, 194 & 153, 561, 007 & 29, 951, 880 & 111,467, 95.1 & 42, 008, 056 & 40, 686, 187 \\
\hline March 31. & 196, 697, 394 & 156, 698, 482 & 30, 861, 615 & 112, 820, 226 & 43, 878,256 & 39, 998, 912 \\
\hline April 30 & 190, 107, 394 & 159, 441, 034 & 32, 141,140 & 109, 443, 946 & 49, 997, 088 & 39, 606, 300 \\
\hline May 29. & 201, 509, 231 & 162, 244, 855 & S5, 575,590 & 105, 085, 186 & 57, 159, 669 & 39, 264, 376 \\
\hline June 30 & 203, 884, 381 & 165, 413, 112 & 38,370.700 & 101,530, 916 & 63, 882, 166 & 38, 471, 269 \\
\hline July 31 & 205, 784, 381 & 1666,499, 948 & 40, 340, 980 & 98, 8,2, 106 & 67, 627, 84\% & 39, 284, 433 \\
\hline Angust 31 & 208, 259, 381 & 166, 834, 215 & 42, 712,800 & 96, 079, 296 & 70,774, 919 & 41, 405, 16: \\
\hline September 30 & 210, 750, 431 & 165, 488, 721 & 31, 722, 990 & 98, 050.716 & 71, 8:7,005 & 45, 275, 710 \\
\hline October 31 & \(213,259,131\) & 168,817, 342 & 31, 906, 514 & 93, 146,772 & 70,670,570 & 49, 442, 083 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 36.-STATEMENT showing the amount of FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN in the TREASURY at the end of each month from May, 1879.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Date. & Amount. & Date. & Amount. \\
\hline 1879. & & 1882. & \\
\hline May 31. & \$6, 813, 58932 & Angnst 31 & \$27, 990, 38775 \\
\hline June 30 & 8, 903, 40136 & September 30 & 27, 426, 13993 \\
\hline July 31 & 12,731, 76597 & Octover 31. & 26, 749, 43245 \\
\hline Augrast 31 & 15, 236, 72448 & Norember 30 & 26. 544,54443 \\
\hline September 30 & 16, 814, 30894 & December 31 & 26,521,692 20 \\
\hline & 17,755, 98676 & & \\
\hline December 31 & 18, 1881,62915 & January 31........ & 27, 135. 24474 \\
\hline & & February 28 & 27, 135. 24474 \\
\hline 1880. & & March 31. & 27, 865, 99370 \\
\hline January 31 & 20, 204, 80983 & April 30 & 28, 066, 62888 \\
\hline February 29 & 21, 179, 31232 & May 31. & 28, 303, 19620 \\
\hline March 31 & 21, 989, 81448 & June 30 & 28,480; 00105 \\
\hline April 30 & 22, 767, 67295 & July 31 & 28, 058,14167 \\
\hline May 31 & 23, 577, 09199 & August 31 & 27, 819,711 70 \\
\hline Jupe 30 & 24, 350, 48180 & September 29 & 26, 750, 161 13 \\
\hline July 31 & 24, 975, 71353 & Ootober 31 & 26,712,424 15 \\
\hline August 31 & 25, 152, 97189 & November 30 & 26,969,614 40 \\
\hline Septenulur 30 & \(24,799,92540\) & Decenilier 31 & 27, 224, 12633 \\
\hline October 31 & 24, 629,48989 & & \\
\hline November 30 & 24, 653,530 37 & 1884. & \\
\hline December 31. & 24, 769, 05732 & Jauary 31 & 28, 014,414 76 \\
\hline & & February 20 & 28,490, 90601 \\
\hline 1881. & & March 31 & 28,866, 55633 \\
\hline Jannary 31 & 25, 400, 91488 & April 39 & 29, 158,480 47 \\
\hline February 28 & 25, 813,05808 & May 31. & 29, 377, 20641 \\
\hline March 31 & 26, 283, 89196 & June 30 & 29,600, 72005 \\
\hline Aptil 30 & 26, 493,612 56 & July 31 & 29,707,485 76 \\
\hline May 31. & 26, 841, 956 74 & August 30 & 29, 659, 00338 \\
\hline Juno 30 & 27, 247, 69693 & Soptember 30 & 29, 474, 16089 \\
\hline July 31 & 27, 295, 486 63 & October 31 & 29, 346,757 24 \\
\hline Augnst 31 & 27, 043, 806663 & November 20 & 29, 143, 28348 \\
\hline September 30 & 26, 313, 11363 & December 31 & 29, 194, 35552 \\
\hline October 31 & 25, 084, 68776 & & \\
\hline November 30 & 25, 918, 25200 & 1885. & \\
\hline December 31 & 25,963, 64148 & January 31 & 29, 901, 10454 \\
\hline & & February 28 & 30, 244, 83612 \\
\hline 1882. & & March 31 & 30, 632, 32620 \\
\hline Jamuary 31. & 26, 567, 87337 & April 30 & 30, 944, 04881 \\
\hline February 28 & 26, 896, 90626 & May 29 & 31, 694, 36480 \\
\hline March 31. & 27, 187, 68067 & June 30. & 31, 236, 89949 \\
\hline April 30 & 27, 439, 183893 & July 31 & 25, 355, 02023 \\
\hline May 31. & 27, 755, 92333 & August 30 & 24, 724, 28743 \\
\hline June 30 & 28, 048,630 58 & Soptember 30 & 23, 641, 89379 \\
\hline July 31. & 28, 153,956 16 & October 31. & 22, 965,535 70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 3\%.-CHANGES during the fiscal year 1885, in the FORCE EMPLOYED in tho TREASDRER'S OFF'TCE.

Total force of the 'Treasurer's oftice, June 30, 1884...................................................... 280
Appointed
Transferred to tbe Treastrer's office ...................................................................................... 3


Transferrerl from the Treasurer's office 8
Total force of the Treasurer's oftice June 30, 1885
No. 38.- APPROPRIATIONS made for and SALARIES paid to the force employed in the TREASURER'S OFFTCE during the fiscal year 1885.


\section*{Na. 39.-LETTERS, TELEGRAMS, and MONEY PACKAGES, RECEIVED AND \(T R A N S M I T T E D\) during the fiscal year 1885.}
Received by mail:
Letters containing money, registered ..... 15, 104
Letters containing money, not registered ..... 3,377
Letters not containilig money
18,481 ..... 118,489
Total 136, 970
Transmitted by mail:
Maniscript letters ..... 6, 979
Registered letters containing moncy. ..... 5,373
Printed tornes filled in (inclosing checks) ..... 37, 445
Pripted forms filled in (inclosing draits). ..... 20,750
Printed forms fillod in (withont inclosures) ..... 161,789
Printed notices inclosing interest checks ..... 246, 244
Drafts accomnanied by notices ..... 50, 127
Certificates of deposit (withont forms) ..... 34, 194
Printed forms, cisculars, and reports. ..... 38, 259
Total. ..... 601, 160
Telegrans received ..... 407
Telegrams sent ..... 710
Money packages reccived by express ..... 36,296
Money packages scnt by express ..... 36, 405
[ost-oftice warrants signed and registored. ..... 74, 659
Transfer orders issued ..... 660

\section*{REPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.}


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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

\section*{REPORT}

OF THE

\section*{REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.}

> Treasury Departicient, Register's Office, Washington, November \(2,1885\).

SIr: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this Bureau during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885:

After the transfer of the tonnage division to the Bureau of Navigation, this Bureau comprised but four divisions:
(1) Loan Dirision employed 1 chief and 20 clerks.
(2) Note and Coupon employed 1 chief and 27 clerks.
(3) Notes and Fractional Currency, 1 chief and 16 clerks.
(4) Receipts and Expenditures, 1 chief and 39 clerks.

The following is a.
BRIEF SUMMARY
of the work done by them, respectively, during the fiscal year, exhibited in the appended statements, compared with the work of the preceding fiscal year:

LOAN'DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Issued.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Cancoied.} \\
\hline & Number of bonds. & Amount. & Number of bonds. & Amount. \\
\hline 1884. & 48,172 & \$181, 174, 20875 & 111, 831 & \$244, 840, 00875 \\
\hline 1885. & 39, 897 & 146, 517, 55762 & 94,897 & 228, 319, 80762 \\
\hline Decrease. & 8,275 & 34, 656, 65113 & 16,934 & 16, 520,201 13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This shows a decrease of about 17 per cent. from the numbers and 19 per cent. in the volume of the issues, and about 15 per cent. in the nambers and between 6 and 7 per cent. in the value of the cancellations of the preceding fiscal year.

It is noteworthy that notwithstanding this general diminution there was an increase of \(\$ 14,172,500\) in the issue of 4 and \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent. Bonds, due to their absorption by various institutions for permanent investment.

Where the registered Bonds are held appears from the following consolidated statement of amount of Registered Bonds of the United States, amounting to \(\$ 1,071,467,262\), as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loan. & Foreign. & United States national banks. & Domestic. \\
\hline 3 per cent & \$34, 15000 & \$147, 576, 15000 & \$46,580, 20000 \\
\hline 4 per cent & \(8,131,25000\) & 124, 742, 65000 & 480, 739, 75000 \\
\hline 41 per cent & 3,762,500 00 & 51, 402, 25000 & 143, 874, 85000 \\
\hline Pacific Railroad & & & 64, 623, 51200 \\
\hline Total. & 11, 927, 90000 & 323, 721, 05000 & 735, 818, 31200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Of the \(\$ 735,818,312\), under the heading of "Domestic," \\ Instrance Companies hold \\ \(\$ 147,811,600\) \\ And Trust Institutions hold \\ \(97,574,100\) \\ \(245,385,700\)}

It also appears that of the entire \(\$ 1,071,467,262\) only \(\$ 11,927,900\), or little over 1 per cent., is held abroad.
\(B L A N K\) BONDS in the BOND VAULT, CLASS THREE:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 1884. Uuited States Coupons & \$1,091, 200 \\
\hline United States Registered & 536,771,300 \\
\hline District of Columbia & 3, 034, 500 \\
\hline Total. & 540,897, 000 \\
\hline Received during the fiscal yoar & 82, 100,000 \\
\hline 'Total in vault & 622, 997,000 \\
\hline Issued during the year & 146, 479, 100 \\
\hline 1885. June 30, in vanlt. & 476,517,900 \\
\hline 1884. June 30, in vanlt. & 540,897, 000 \\
\hline Deerease of blank bouds & 64,379, 100 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE NOTE \(\triangle N D\) COUPON DIVISION}
arranges, counts, examines, and registers all Treasury notes, bonds, coupons, and interest checks redeemed.

Its work during the fiscal year compares with the preceding year thus:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Year. & Work. & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\]} & Treasury notes, \&c & 4,881
3,854 & \[
\$ 38,752,09000
\] \\
\hline & Tucreaso & 1,027 & 10, 737, 29000 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{1884} & Interest checks & 370, 753 & 58, 951, 92829 \\
\hline & ...... do...................... & 370,152
601 & 61, 668, 90280 \\
\hline & Decrease in amount & & 2, 716, 97451 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1885} & Redeemed United States bonds Attached compons. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
432,049 \\
20,121,636
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline & Totinl. & 20, 553, 685 & 239, 921, 000 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{1884} & Redeemed United States bonds Attached coupous & \[
\begin{array}{r}
72,383 \\
3,216,379
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline & Total & 3, 288, 762 & 49, 648,950 \\
\hline & Increase & 17, 264, 923 & 1.90, 272, 050 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\]} & Detached coupors redeemed, arranged, and registered & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,350,490 \\
& 7,443,805
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline & Decrease. & 1, 093, 315 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
examines, counts, records, cancels, and destroys the redeemed United States notes, gold certificates, silver certificates, demand notes, refunding certificates, and fractional currency.

Its work in the fiscal year of 1885 amounted to \(25,483,099\) pieces; value, \(\$ 126,833,479.13\).

In 1884 there were \(22,086,062\) pieces; value, \(\$ 130,738,739\).
Showing in the work of the past year an increase of \(3,497,037\) pieces and a decreased value \(\$ 3,905,259.87\).

Out of this, 109,674 pieco of fractional currency, worth \(\$ 19,375\), were redeemed during the year.

\section*{4.-THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES DIVISION}
has to register all warrants for expenditures and repayments ou account of-

Civil,
Diplomatic,
Public debt,
Customs,
Internal revenue,
Interior Department (Pensions and Indians),
War,
Navy,
Interior civil,
Diplomatic,
Judiciary;
Quarterly salaries, and
Treasury expenditures and receipts;
to register drafts, pass requisitions, and furnish certificates to anditing officers.

Its work for the fiscal year ended June 30 was-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline : & Expenditure warrants. & Receipts warrants. \\
\hline Fiscal year ended June 30, 1885. & 48,511 & 19,980 \\
\hline Fiscal year ended June 30, 1884. & 42,478 & 13, 197 \\
\hline Increase. & 6, 033 & 6,783 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

REQUISITIONS PASSED and ACCOUNTS FURNISHED to AUDITING ófFI\(C E R S\), and \(D R A F T S\).



\section*{REGISTVERED TRANSCRIPIS.}

Under sections 886 and 887 , Revised Statutes, transcripts of accounts are required in suits, in cases of delinquency of pablic officers. The labor devolved upou this office is very great, and ingeases year by year. Orer 200 requests for transcripts receive from the various accounting offcers were answered during this fiscal year. Each transcript involves the copying of from ten to five huindred pages. The report in relation to the French and American Claims Commission Lad 1,930 pages, and the star Route case was equally large.

Appended to the detailed statement of the work thas summarized will be found a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Government under the standing order of the House of Representatives of December 30, 1791, and section 237 of the Revised Statutes for the fiscal year ending June 30,1885 , and of public expenditure for the entire period of our national history, conforming to the provision of law.

At the beginning of the present fiscal year the number of clerks in this office was made to conform to the provision of appropriations for the current year.

Since then it has been found possible to still further reduce expenses by consolidating the Notes and Currency with the Note and Coupon Division, and dispensing with the services of two division chiefs at \(\$ 2,000\) each per annum, thus saving \(\$ 4,000\) per annum ; and of-
First-class clerks ..... 5
Second-class clerks. ..... 2
Third-class clerks ..... 2
Fourth-class clerks. ..... 1
Coypists ..... 11
Total reduction on November 1, 1885 ..... 21
Estimates for the fiscal year 1886 ..... \$136; 250
Appropriation for fiscal year 1885 ..... 162,450
Making a saving in next year's expenses of ..... \$26,200

In accordance with suggestions from this office the Spanish Indemnity Fund was transferred into the Treasury to be disbursed, and the acconnt to be opened and hereafter kept, as other public receipts and expenditures, conformably to law.

To make clear and adequate to the demands of the future, the debtor
and creditor statements of public moneys in this office requires that certain entries shóuld be made regarding the

Naval Pension Fund,
Surplus Revenue Deposits with certain States, Railway Bond Subsidies and the Amounts for the
Revolutionary War debt, purchase of Texas and sundry other accounts, making \(\$ 116,105,081.45\),
which have been examined and determined. (Finance Report 1876, p. 18.)
It is respectfully suggested that, under section 248, United States Revised Statutes, ample power has been conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury to authorize and direct the proper entries to be made to correct all errors in public accounts growing out of wrong classification, erroneous entries, and neglect to make them at the proper time, which do not involve any expenditure of money not authorized by law.

Should the long delay and publicity respecting what have been called "unavailables," \&c. (see Finance Report of 1871, page 20 et séq.), lead the Secretary to hesitate about exercising that authority, it seems probable that upon his calling the attention of Congress to the matter any needful authority to the Secretary and Register would be readily given to reduce to simplicity and accuracy the account-keeping of the Department.

I think it my duty to invite your attention to the following facts, viz: - This Office, the final account and record keeper of the Government, is called upon for statements of the costs of public lands and buildings, accounts of expenditures for which have never been kept in any systematic, condensed, and regular manner.

Titles for the lands and accounts of expenditures for buildings, public grounds and property, are scattered here and there through the Departments and Bureaus, making search therefor and securing accountability of defaulting agents very difficult, if not impracticable, for effective action in the prevention of losses to the Government. For example, the cost of public buildings and grounds belonging to the United States in this District, amounting to some \(\$ 88,537,311\), would have to be sought for in every Department.

All disbursements of public funds should be under the supervision of the Treasury Department through its disbursing and accounting officers. As a check upon accumulations ili any hands of unnecessarily large amounts of funds, I recommend that personal accounts with all disbursing ofticers of every branch of the service be kept in the Treasury Department, and that frequent and regular settlements be made imperative. Almost every loss hitherto by the Government through its disbursing agents has resulted from the absence of any enforcement of such requirements as above recommended. The irregularities in various important expenditures recently brought to light by the investigations of the First Auditor demonstrate the necessity of increased rigor and promptitude in securing larger responsibility in the disbursemept pf \(_{6}\) ad public funds.

Conformably to this view, all like funds should follow the same rule for disbursement and accounting recently adopted in the case of the Spanisb Indemnity.

This office of late, with much careful research and labor, has been preparing a history of the payments upon awards for

\section*{FRENCH SPOLIATJONS,}
which is now nearly finished, and will comprise those for 1803, about 75 royal 8vo. pages; for 1819, about 100 royal 8vo. pages; for 1831, about 600 royal 8 vo . pages; say, 775 pages.
This and other searches have brought to my attention the imperative necessity of prompt provision for the preservation of existing files and public records.

As this is the fiual office to which financial records in the Treasury Department must gravitate, I have felt it a pressing duty to give the matter special attention.

\section*{FILES ROOMS.}

Naturally the first step was to ascertain what filing room the bureau controlled.
The following shows this:
I find six spaces, by courtesy called "rooms," in the attic of this building, containing-


In this fire proof room such files are kept as are constantly called for for reference, at the rate, say, of 2,000 per day.
The remainder of the files on this floor are kept in rooms 41 to 45 , under the steps of tbe great west entrance to the building.

Cubic feet
These two rooms'spaces contain......................................................... 51,830
Deduct for passage-ways, say . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 21, 830

Add for upstairs, above shown. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20,000
Makes total storage room belonging to this Bureau.............................. 50,000 .
Of this 50,000 cubic feet about 10,000 cubic feet consist of nooks and corners under the attic roof and out in the hallway unfit for use. Probably the material now crammed into it, by a judicious disposition of old bulk \(\dot{y}\) Customs and Internal-revenue reports, could be coudensed to that extent, thus leaving practically 40,000 cubic feet of room for use.

Of this 40,000 cubic feet only \(5 ; 000\), at the outside, remain available for future use, while into it a stream of files and records are daily pouring of from 100 to 200 cubic feet per month.

The condition in which I find these files is as follows:
Into all this space of 40,000 cubic feet the most precious and the least precious files and papers are jammed and crammed with as much care as possible, but exposed to inseçts, rermin, dust, disintegration, water, and the casualties of fire. The exposed ends of files, the wooden shelves, and the frames upon which they lie are very combustible, and should they take fire would burn with a fury hard to subdue, generating heated air and gases likely to destroy the buildiug.

To remedy this state of things and preserve from destruction existing files and records in these rooms, I recommend that they be placed in suitable sheet-metal cases to keep them free from dust, vermin, and exposure to ignition; that light frames, made of gas-pipe with metallic shelves, be substituted for the wooden shelves, and provision be made of light lock-bars, to be locked across the ends of the file-boxes on the shelves to prevent access for abstraction of the contents of the boxes without the use of keys in charge of the attendants.

The total cost of thus securing the files and records in this office, which are exposed as I have described, should not exceed \(\$ 3\) per cubic foot. Thus:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & Cubic feet. \\
\hline For the existiug files. & 35,000 \\
\hline For the yet available space & 5, 000 \\
\hline Makes to be thus provided & 40,000 \\
\hline 40,000 cubic feet, at \$3 per & \$120,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This estimate is made upon rates for such work now obtainable in Waskington by the hundred cases. With proper study and care in arranging for large cases this onght to be reduced at least to \(\$ 80,000\).

Beyond the urgent necessity of providing for the care of existing and immediately prospective files and records,

\section*{FILE ROOM SPACE FOR IHE NEAR FUTURE}
must be provided for this Burean.
As I have shown, there is not left to exceed 5,000 cubic feet of storage room for files and records; and records are coming to us at the rate of, say, from 100 to 200 cubic feet per month.

More than ten years ago my predecessor called the attention of the Department to the necessity for making early provision for this watit.

The wretched and exposed condition in which they now are, shows he was right in so doing.

Observation as to other Bureaus in the Treasury Department and in other Departments of the Goverument, showing their records in like condition and peril, point to the probability that Congress ere long will provide a Hall of Records for disposing and safe-keeping of these archiyes.

But this leads me to suggest that. even with such a provision, the Treasury Department, for the convenience and dispatch of business, will require, near at hand, an ample depository for such records as are constantly required for reference.

I am indebted to the Hon. James McGrath, of Missouri, for the following suggestion; viz:
"For such I can think of no more desirable or available space than that from the top of the grass surface in the two interior courts down 10 feet, with a passage all around, next to walls of the building, two rooms 80 by 120 feet floor, with illuminated tile roofs at about the level of the present grass surface, could make perfectly dry, accessible, welllighted, well-ventilated fire and water proof rooms, and affording nearly 200,000 cubic feet of space for files and communications, or nearly four times the entire room at the disposal of this Bureau. The cost would be quite trifling for such a work."

In closing this report I must say that the system of keeping the public accounts is as perfect as human wisdom has been able to devise, as is evidenced by reference to the accompanying table, on page 708, which shows the entire cash receipts of the Government from March, 1789, to June 30,1885 , amounting to \(\$ 21,649,805,641.27\), and disbursements of \(\$ 21,128,011,615.01\) for the same period, leaving the cash balance in hand of the United States Treasurer, as per his report of June 30, 1885, of \(\$ 521,794,026.26\), without the difference of one cent.

In keeping of these vast accounts, especially during the period from 1861 to 1880 , extraordinary labors were devolved upon the Treasury. Some irregular classifications of accounts occurred, to which the honorable Secretary of the Treasury called the attention of Oongress in his Finance Report of 1871, page 20, and in subsequent reports. These irregularities were carefully scrutinized by a committee of Congress, and a report made by Senate Committee on Finance, Forty-fourth Congress, first session, on the subject, recommending appropriate legisla. tion. It is earnestly hoped that this subject may receive prompt attention.

Justice to my able and indefatigable assistant, Mr. Ros. A. Fish, requires that \(I\) should testify to his zeal and diligence in the discharge of his duties. Nor can I omit to speak of the zeal displayed by the chiefs and many of the clerks in all the divisions of this Bureau.

I have not yet completed a system of personal reports which will enable me to conform to the requirements of law grading the clerical force in this Bureau according to the zeal, capacity, and fidelity they display in the discharge of their duties.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, W. S. ROSECRANS,

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury.

\section*{STATEMENTS.}
Page.
Loan Division ..... 556
Note and Coupon Division ..... 558
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* Statement of receipts of the United States for 1885 ..... 561
*Statement of balauces of appropriations unexpended, \&c ..... 584
Statement of outstanding principal of public debt ..... 690
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Statement of expenditures for assessing and collecting internal revenue for 1885 ..... 693
Statement of number of persons employed, \&c., in each district in collection of customs for 1885 ..... 695Statement of the receipts, expenditures, appropriations, balances in the Treas-ury, and balauces of appropriations of the United States from March 4, 1789,to June \(30, \mathbf{1 8 8 5}\), inclusive, compiled from the records of the Register's office..708
* (As required by the stauding order of the House of Representatires, of Decomber 30. 1791 and sectiou 237 of the Revised Statutes.)

\section*{LOAN DIVISION.}
Total uumber of coupon and registered bonds issued ...................
Total number of coupon and registered bonds canceled.............

Total number of coupon and registered bonds canceled............. . . 94,897
AMOUNT ISSUED.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Direct issue (coupon) & \$22,050 00 \\
\hline Direct issue (registered) & 64, 85000 \\
\hline Registered boods issued in exchantge for coupon bonds & 14,380, 50000 \\
\hline Registered and coupon bonds issued upon transfers (inction ish indempity) & 132, 042, 15762 \\
\hline Total & 146, 517,55762 \\
\hline AMOUNT CANCELED. & \\
\hline Actual redemption of coupon and registered bonds & 81, 889, 15000 \\
\hline Coupon bonds converted into registered & 14,388,500 00 \\
\hline Registered bouds transferred. & 132, 042, 15762 \\
\hline Tota & 228, 319,807 62 \\
\hline Amount of canceled coupon bonds (received for exchan tion) delivered to note and conpon division & 13, 446, 05000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A synopsis of the vault account shows that the amount of blank bonds on hand of the differeut loans July 1, 1884, was:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Coupon bonds & \$1, 091, 20000 \\
\hline Registered bouds & 536, 771, 30000 \\
\hline District of Columbia bonds & 3, 034,500 00 \\
\hline Received during the year: & \\
\hline From the Secretary of the Treasury & 80,300, 00000. \\
\hline From Commissioners District of Columbia & 1,800,000 00 \\
\hline & 622,997, 00000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Accounted for as follows:}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline United States coupon bonds, original issue & \$18,300 00 \\
\hline Uuited States compon bonds issued in exchange & 1,200 00 \\
\hline United States registered bonds issued (exclusi wity) & 144, 390, 85000 \\
\hline Distriet of Columbia coupon bonds issued & 3,750 00 \\
\hline District of Columbia registered bonds issued On havd June 30, 1885: & 2,065,000 00 \\
\hline Unitod States coupon bonds & 1,071,700 00 \\
\hline United States registered bonds & 472,680, 450 00 \\
\hline District of Columbia bonds & 2,765,750 00 \\
\hline & 622,977, 00000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The issues show a decrease of 8,275 bonds and \(\$ 34,656,651.13\) in monnt as compared with the previous year.

While the registered portion of the 4 and \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent. loans has been increased \(\$ 14,172,500\) during the year by the conversion of coupon bouds, the number of interest checks has materially decreased, owing to the fact that a majority of the small ledger accounts are being absorbed by trust and savings institutions for permanent investment. The dividends of interest declared during the year have called for 246,244 Treasury checks in payment, being, for reasons above assigned, 26,300 less than for last year.

The work of the division is now chiefly confined to the current stock transactions, consisting of the daily issue of bouds received for transfer, journal and ledger entries, and the preparation of quarterly dividends of iuterest. In the adoption from time to time of methods that have proved
most practical in the performance of these duties, it is believed that the business requirements have been as nearly perfectel ::s possible. During the rapid refunding of our bonds there was quite all accumulation of "back work" on the "old loains." This has been mostly bronght up and the records put in proper shape. A revision and recopying of old numerical registers and indexes is now in progress, and will make a ready and reliable reference when completed.

STATEMENT showing the NOMBER and AMOUNT of UNITED STATES BONDS ISSUED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Direct issue, amount. & Exchanges, amonnt. & Transfors, amount. & Bonds issuerl. & Total amount issued. \\
\hline 3 percents of 1882 .........R.. & & & \$26, 278, 55000. & 6, 251 & \$26, 278, 55000 \\
\hline 4 per cent. consols, 1907.. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.\) & \$18,300 & & 1, 20000 & 153 & 19,500 00 \\
\hline & 39, 850 & \$11, 110, 900 & 72, 423, 20000 & 22,314 & 83, 573, 95000 \\
\hline 4年 per cent. funded, 1891 .. R.. & & 3, 061, 600 & 28, 790, 75000 & 9,758 & 31, 861,35000 \\
\hline Pacific railroads ............R.. & & & 2,677, 00000 & 674 & 2, 677, 00000 \\
\hline 5 per cent. funded District Co-
lumbia .............................. & & 28,000 & 25,000 00 & 53 & 53,000 00 \\
\hline 3.65 per ceat. funded District Columbia & & & & 39 & 3,750 00 \\
\hline & 25, 000 & 188, 000 & 1, 799,000 00 & 668 & 2, 012, 00000 \\
\hline Spanish indemnity .........R. & & & 38,457 62 & 16 & 38,457 62 \\
\hline 'rotal & 86, 900 & 14, 388, 500 & 132, 042, 15762 & 39, 926 & 146, 517,557 62 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT showing the NDMBER and AMOUNT' of UNITED SJATES BONDS CANCELED during the fiscal year ended Tune 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Redemptions, amount. & Exchanges, amount. & Transfers, anount. & Total No. bonds. & Total amount canceled. \\
\hline 3 per cents of 1882............... & \$80, 978, 800 & & \$26, 278, 55000 & 26, 941 & \\
\hline 4 per cent consols of \(190 \%\) C. & & \$11, 110, 900 & & 25, 093 & 11. 110, 90000 \\
\hline er cent. consols of 1907... \(\{\) R. & & & 72, 424, 40000 & 27, 664 & 72, 424, 40000 \\
\hline 42 per cent. funded of 1891.. \(\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.\) & & 3, 061, 600 & & 3, 546 & 3, 061, 60000 \\
\hline Pacific railroads. & & & 28, 799, 750.00 & 8,697 & 28, 799, 75000 \\
\hline July and August, 1861, sis per & & & 2, 677, 00000 & 36 & 2, 677,000 00 \\
\hline  & 49,650 & & & 57 & 49,650
24
2600 \\
\hline March 3, 1863, 31 per cent. .. R. & 24,600 & & & 33 & 24, 60000 \\
\hline 5 per cent. funded, \(3 \frac{1}{3}\) per cent. R . & 355, 800 & & & 284 & 355,80000 \\
\hline 5 per cent. funded, District \(\{C\). of Columbia & 6,100 & 28, 000 & 25,000 00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
35 \\
25 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}34,10000 \\ 25,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline 3.65 per cent. funded, District \(C\). of Columbia & 23,700 & 188, 000 & & 498
678 & \begin{tabular}{l}
211,70000 \\
799 \\
\hline 000.00
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Spanish indemaity .................... & & & \(1,99,45762\) & 16 & 39, 45006 \\
\hline 1861-February 8, 6 per cent. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ R\end{array}\right.\) & 1,000 & & & 1 & 1,000 00 \\
\hline 1861—July and \(\Delta\) ugust, 6 per
cent ........................ \(\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 48,650
4,550 & & & 91 & 48,650
4,550
4 \\
\hline & 8,900 & & & 15 & 8,90000 \\
\hline  & 23, 000 & & & 5 & 23, 00000 \\
\hline 1881-Funded, 5 per cent.... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 36,400
61,700 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}90 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 36,40000
61,70000 \\
\hline 1862-February 25, 6 per cent \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R} .\end{array}\right.\) & 19,550 & & & 50 & 19; 55000 \\
\hline \[
\text { 1864-Junc 30, } 6 \text { per cent } \ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { C. } \\
\mathrm{C} \\
\mathrm{R} .
\end{array}\right.
\] & 850 & & & 9 & 85000 \\
\hline & 51, 350 & & & 75 & 51,350 00 \\
\hline \({ }^{1864-10.40 ' s, ~} 5\) per cent. \(\ldots . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. } \\ \text { C }\end{array}\right.\) & 29,500 & & & 15 & 29,500 00 \\
\hline 1865-March 3, 6 per cent ... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R}\end{array}\right.\) & 22, 900 & & & 32 & 22,900 00 \\
\hline & 48, 950 & & & 84 & 48,95000 \\
\hline 1865-Consols, 6 per cent.... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 1, 200 & & & 4 & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1867-Consols, 6 per cent \(\ldots .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R} .\end{array}\right.\) & 75, 350 & & & 160 & 75, 35000 \\
\hline 1867-Cansols, 6 per cent. \(\cdots\) ? R. & 5, 500 & & & & 5,500 00 \\
\hline 68-Consols, 6 per cent.... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R} .\end{array}\right.\) & 7,350 & & & 23 & 7, 35000 \\
\hline Oregon war debt............. \(\mathrm{C}_{\text {C. }}\) & 1,000 & & & 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1,000 \\
2,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 'To & 81, 889, 150 & 14, 388, 500 & 132, 042, 15762 & 94, 897 & 228, 319,807 62 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{NO'PE AND GOUPON DIVISION.}

STATEMENT of TREASURT NOTES, INTEREST CHECKS, CERTIHCATES, aud COOPONS COUNTED, abravged, REGISTERED, and EXAMINED.


REDEEMED COUPONS DETACHED from BONDS and NOTES.


REDEEMED UNITED STATES BONDS with COUPONS ATTACHED, EXAMINED, REGISTERED and SCHEDULED.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loan. & Number of bouds. & Amount of bonds. & Number of coupons attached. \\
\hline Juiy 17 and August 5, 1861 & 6,647 & \$4, 359, 250 & 22,696 \\
\hline February 25, 1862. & 979 & 272, 550 & 14,032 \\
\hline March 3, 1863 & 29,371 & 21, 275, 850 & 38, 372 \\
\hline March 3, 1864 (10-40) & 4,796 & 3, 108, 650 & 210, 711 \\
\hline June 30, 1864 & 841 & 374, 600 & 14, 839 \\
\hline March 3, 1865, first series, May and Nove & 103 & 100, 150 & 3,241 \\
\hline March 3, 1865, second series, cousols, 1865 & 219 & 208, 1.50 & 6,772 \\
\hline March 3, 1865, thitd series, consols, 1867 & 121, 519 & 57, 542, 050 & 2, 114, 028 \\
\hline March 3. 1865, fourth series, consols, 18 & 45, 914 & 20, 851, 150 & 812, 361 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881 & 40, 601 & 37, 760, 300 & 187, 186 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891 & 35, 893 & 30,680, 400 & 1, 416,546 \\
\hline Consols of 1907 & 144, 474 & 63, 097, 250 & 15, 213, 138 \\
\hline District of Columbia & 692 & 290, 650 & 61, 714 \\
\hline Total & 432, 049 & 239, 921, 000 & 20,121, 636 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{NOIE AND FRACTIONAL CURRENCY DIVISION.}

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of NOTES and AMOUNT of ONITED STATES Notes, SILDER CERTLFICATES, GOLD COIN CERTIFICATES, DEMAND NOTES, 4 PER CENT. REFONDING CERTIFICATES, and FRACTIONAL CURRENCF EXAMINED, COUNTED, CANCELED, and DESTROYED for the year ending June 30, 1885.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline United States notes, new issue & 70,853 & \$742, 19000 \\
\hline United States notes, series 1869 & 777, 875 & 10,900,383 00 \\
\hline United States notes, series 1874. & 79,473 & 2, 707, 90200 \\
\hline United States notes, series 1875 & 1,134, 929 & 10, 800, 11300 \\
\hline Unitod States notes, series 1878 & 1,732, 645 & 18, 598, 10600 \\
\hline United States notes, sories 1880 & 20,178, 012 & 40, 472, 44900 \\
\hline United States demand notes. & & 15500 \\
\hline United States silver certificates, serios 1875, Washington & 63, 118 & 1, 492, 46000 \\
\hline United States silver cortificates, serios 1880, Washington & 1, 244,990 & 18, 057, 98000 \\
\hline United States silver eertificates, series 1878, Now York & 12, 625 & 310, 91000 \\
\hline United States silver certificates, series 1880, New York... & 85, 935 & \(1,564,200\)
62,180
00 \\
\hline United States silver certificates, series 1878, San Francisco & 872 & 62,18000 \\
\hline United Siates gold certificates, series 1882, issued at Washington & 8, 684 & 531, 84000 \\
\hline United States gold certificates, series 1882, issued at New York.. & 109, 348 & 20, 492, 84000 \\
\hline United States 4 per ceut. refunding certificates & 6,895 & 68, 950 00 \\
\hline United States fractional currency ............... & 75, 891 & 30,515 13 \\
\hline Total. & 25, 583, 099 & 126, 833, 47913 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DIVISION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.}

\section*{ACCOUNTS RECEIVED.}


\section*{EXPENDITURES.}

\section*{WARRANTS RLGISTERED, JOURNALIZED, AND POSTED IN PERSONAL AND APPROPRLATION LEDGERS.}
Customs ..... 4, 033
Diplomatic ..... 5, 397
Internal revenue ..... 5,772
Interior civil ..... 3,806
Judiciary ..... 4,746
Public debt ..... 63
Quarterly salaries. ..... 2,041
Treasury ..... 4,408
WARRANTS REGISTERED AND POSTED IN APPROPRIATION LEDGERS.
Interior (Peusions and Indians) ..... 8,836
Navy ..... 4, 484War4,925

\section*{KECEIPTS.}
COPERING WARRANTS REGISTERED, JOURNALIZED, AND POSTED ON ACCOUNT OF RECETPTS FROM-
Customs ..... 1,568
Lands ..... 1, 258
Internal revenue ..... 1,251
Miscellaneous. ..... 10, 818
Repayments to customs, diplomatic, internal revenne, interior civil, judiciary, public debt, quarterly salaries, and treasury appropria- tions ..... 2,636
Repayments to Interior (Pensions and Indians), Navy, and War ap- propriations ..... 2, 359

\section*{RECAPITOLATION OF WARRANTS.}
Expenditures ..... 48, 511
Receipts ..... 14,895
Repayments ..... 4,995
Total ..... 68,401
Journal pages required for entry of accounts and warrants ..... 7,356
Requisitions passed and certificates furnished to auditing offices ..... 15, 297
Drafts registered ..... 52,788

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.
}

\section*{FROM CUSTOMS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline W. Wakefield, & \$37, 58087 \\
\hline F. B. Torry, collector, Bath, Me & 22, 412 26 \\
\hline A. A. Burleigh, late collector, Aroo & 13,491 54 \\
\hline J. P. Denworth, collector, Aroostook, Me & 1,552 18 \\
\hline D. F. Davis, collector, Eapgor, Me & 50,534 50 \\
\hline J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frouchman's Bas & 6472 \\
\hline J. M. Boardman, collector, Belfiest. Me & 1,597 59 \\
\hline -N.B. Nutt, collector, Passamaguoddr, M & 33, 43318 \\
\hline W. H. Sargent, collcctor, Castiue, M & 20433 \\
\hline George B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, M & 2862 \\
\hline F. N. Dow collector, Portland Mo & 636, 48802 \\
\hline George Bliss, late collector, Wallobarough, Me & 72126 \\
\hline E. Sprague, collector, Waldoborough, Me & 21085 \\
\hline J. L. Pierce, colloctor, Machias, M & 16686 \\
\hline F. W. Guptill, colleetor, Saco, Me. & 264 \\
\hline A. F. Thomas, collectior, Portsmonth, N. H & 1, 01358 \\
\hline W. Wells, collector, Vermont, vt. & 663, 90596 \\
\hline A. J. Biers, late collector, New Haven, & 307, 01779 \\
\hline J. C. Bixbee, collertor, Now Haved, Con & 2, 32661 \\
\hline J. A. Tibbetis, collector, New London, Conu & 18,015 06 \\
\hline J. S. Hanorcr. collector, Fairfield, Cono & 1, 42332 \\
\hline H. M. Trumbull, collector, Stouington, Con & 66408 \\
\hline A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn & 70,161 39 \\
\hline J. Brady, collector, Foal IRiver, Mass & 10, 95280 \\
\hline R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mas & 19, 610, 35699 \\
\hline F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mas & 25147 \\
\hline F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mas & 2, 77607 \\
\hline F. A. Osgood, collector, Marblohead, Mass & 73624 \\
\hline S. H. Doten, collector, Plymoutb, Mass & 18,895 04 \\
\hline W. H. Huse, collector, Nowburyport. Mas & 2,137 76 \\
\hline C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Liass & 16,800 00 \\
\hline C. B. Marchant, colloctor, Edgartown, Mas & 19219 \\
\hline J. A. P. Allon, collector, Now 33 ,iurd, Mass & 48,801 97 \\
\hline C. Harris, collector, Providenco, R. I. & 199,257 71 \\
\hline J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport & 1,231 14 \\
\hline W. H. Robertson, collector, Now York, N & 125, 498, 47206 \\
\hline J. A. Laby collector, Albany, & 107, 80005 \\
\hline C. A. Gouid, late collector, Buffalo, N. & 837,570 97 \\
\hline A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. Y & 38, 00000 \\
\hline G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, & 36,609 32 \\
\hline C. E. Norris, collector, Genesee, N. Y & 291, 50040 \\
\hline P. F. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N . & \\
\hline B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y. & 311,945 67 \\
\hline J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. & 677, 84399 \\
\hline S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. & 237, 93626 \\
\hline W. H. Dauiels, collector, Oswegatchio. N & 237, 86101 \\
\hline W. A. Baldwin, colloctor, Newark, N. J & 2,942 19 \\
\hline J. Prico, collector, Great Igge Harbor, & 22692 \\
\hline M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. & 52, 65187 \\
\hline J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, P & 12,429,625 67 \\
\hline J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa & 248, 51754 \\
\hline F. C. Stafford, collector, Erie, Pa & 4, 00310 \\
\hline L. Thompson, lato collector, Delaware, & 2,570 87 \\
\hline H. T. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del. & 17,77185 \\
\hline E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md & 2, 023, 74650 \\
\hline J. H. Wilson, late collector, Georgetown & 19, 66163 \\
\hline R. L. Cropley, collector, Georgetown, D. & - 54770 \\
\hline B. C. Cook, late collector, Richmond. Va & 1,504 82 \\
\hline O. H. Russell, collector, Richmond, Va & 3,165 54 \\
\hline G. E. Bowden, late collector, Norfolk, Va & 22,874 63 \\
\hline W: R. Mayo, collector, Norfols, Va & 5547 \\
\hline J. H Gray, collector, Aloxandria, Va. & 22535 \\
\hline H. De B. Clay, colloctor, Yorktown, Va & 10,678 33 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Carried formard}

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM CUSTOMS-Continued.}

Brought forward
\$164, 886, 72412
J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, Va

225
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N.C................................. 24, 95293
T. A. Henry, collector Pamlico, N. C

2, 34161
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C

4672
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston. S. C

37, 62088
H. F. Ieriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C

2115
George Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C.
8, 90288
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savawnih, Ga

46, 39298
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga

6,54516
WV. A. Pledger, collector, Atlanta, Ga
24468
J. W. Howell, collector, Fernandina, Fla

1, 90976
F. E. Witsell, collector, Sainl Augustine, Fla

5523
R. Alvarez, acting collector, Key West, Fla

98,47465
344,97599
D. Eagan, collector, Key West, Fla.
H. Potter, jr., late collector, Pensacola, Fla
J. M. Tarble, collector, F'ensacola, Fla.

74919
E. Higgins, collector, Saint John's, Fla.
S. M. Sawyer, collector, A palachicola, Fla.

17,359 32
52418
2, 87897
2936
J. Hirst, collector, saint mark's, Fla

11, 06773
2, 01.679
10165
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss
J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche La

1, 512, 16756
New Cleans, La
A. G. Malloy, collector; Galveston, Tex

146, 75926
J. O. Laby, collector, Brazos, 'I'ex

19, 47559
N. Plato, late collector, Corpus Chisti, Tex
T. W. Mitchell, special deputy collector, Corpns Christi, Tex.

2, 04204
5613
J. W. Clarke, late collector, Corpus Christi, Tex........................... 15,42614
L. H. Jerome, collector, Corpus Cbristi, Tex.
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Téx

13, 807.34
38, 22702
81987
A. Tibbetts, late collector, Paso del Norte, Tex

43,17703
7, 36522
3, 21005
106,503 12
26240
61, 20196
5,51641
4, 24186
76375
674, 63921
100, 28864
6, 20175
13, 67359
243,956 62
288, 66127
7, 26805
34172
67, 16742
4, 150, 20498
1, 049,70493
47, 20512
14, 13262
67, 15641
2, 92898
184, 94056
9, 12523
1, 26611
128
39, 64983
4496
29809
:77, 94506
52, 71734
83, 71184
4065
C. B. Watson, collector, Southern, Oreg

19, 38040
45, 73460
39529
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Ca
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal.

6, 642, 84903
5,25683
\$181, 471, 98934

Commissioner of General Land Office
76625
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moners, Marquette, Mich 29,78664
L. G. Wilcox, receiver of pablic moneys, Detroit, Mich 3, 22008
W. H. C. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Reed City, Mich
F. J. Burton, late receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich
G. B. Brooks, receiver of pablic moneys, East Saginaw, Mich
F. Nason, late receiver of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS-Continued.}

Brought forward
A.A. Heald, receiver of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis
E. B. Sanders, receiver of public moneys, Waueau, Wis
C. G. Bell, receiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis.
V. W. Bayless, receiver of public moneys, Eau Claire, Wis
J. Ulich, receiver of pablic moneys, La Crosse, Wis
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Menasha, Wis
W. B. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Saint Clond, Minn
I. W. Stone, receiver of public moneys, Benson, Minu
E. G. Swanstrom, receiver of pablic moneys, Duluth, Minn
J. Lind, receiver of public mongys, Tracey, Minu
P. C. Sletton, late receiver of public moneys, Crookston, Minn
L. \(\mathbb{K}\). Aaker, receiver of public nuoneys, Crookston, Minn
G. B. Folsom, late jeceiver of public moneys, Taylor's Falls, Minn
P. H. Stalberg, receiver of public moueys, Taylor's Falls, Minn.
W. B. Herriott; late rcceiver of public monefs, Redwood Falls, Minn.
A. Railson, receiver of public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn
J. H. Allen, late receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn.
J. Austen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn
C. H. Smith, receiver of public moneys, Worthington, Minn
H. H. Griffiths, receiver of public moneys, Des Moines, Iowa
J. 'i. Tragan, Jate receiver of public wonoys, Little Rock, Ark
C. E. Kelsey, receiver of public moners, Littlo Rock. Ark
2. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys, Dardenalle, Ark
A. C. Phillips, receiver of public moness,' Harrison, Ark
D. C. Tuttle, late receiver of public monejs. Camden, Ark
A. A. Tufts, receiver of public moneys. Camden, Avk.
\(J\). Dumars, receiver of public moneys, Springfield, Mo
George F. Crumb, receiver of public moneys, Ironton, Mo
P. H. McNulty, receiver of public monejs, Booneville; Mo
H. \(\Delta\). Wilson, late receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.......
P.J. Strobach, late receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.
A. A. Mabson, receiver of pnblic moneys, Montgomery, Ala
W. H. Tancre, receiver of public moneys, Huntsville, Ala
J. Varnum, late receiver of public moneys, Gaiuesville, Fla
J. F. Rollins, receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fia.
J. T. Hull, receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss
T.C. Hunt, late receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La
A. E. Lemec, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La..
M. Marks, receiver of public monevs, New Orleans, La.
C. W Mortison, late receiver of public moneys, Munroe, La
C. E. Chandler, receiver of puhlic moneys, Oberlin, Kans
R. R. Hays, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans
T. Wrong, receiver of public moneys, Concordia, Kans
W. H. Pilkenton, receiver of public moneys, Wa Keeny, Kans
E. Booth scceiver of public nioneys, Lanned, Kans.
H. S. Cunnivgham, receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans
J. L. Djer, receiver of public moneys, Wichita, Kans
A. J. Hoisington, receiver of public moneys, Garden City, Kans
J. Q. A. Peyton, receiver of public moneys, Topeka, Kans.......
E. S. Nichols, late receiver of pablio moneys, Independence, Kans.
H. M. Waters, receiver of public moneys. Independence, Kans
J. Stout, late receiver of public moneys, Boise Citr, Idaho
M. Krebs, receiver of public moneys, Boise City, Idaho
A. J. Shaw, receiver of pullic monoys, Lewiston, Idaho
A. W. Eaton, receiver of publie moneys, Oxford, Idaho
J. S. Waters, receiver of pablic moneys, Hailey, Idaho
S. Parker, reeeiver of publie moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.
H.D. Root, receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr
P. W Mon romery receiver of publie moners, Bloominct
J. W. Tucker, receiver of public moness, Valentine, Nebri...........
W. B. Lambert, receiver of public moneys, Neligh, Nobr.
W. Anyan, receiver of publio moneys, Grand Island, Nebr
C. T. Babcock, receiver of publie moneys, McCook, Nebr
J. D. Seaman, receiver of public moneys, North Platte; Nebr
S. P. Jameson, late receiver of public moneys, Brownsville, Nebr
W.H. Somers, receiver of public moneys, Beatrice, Nebr
E. A. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Omala, Nobr
A. O. Whipple, receirer of public woneys, Devil's Lake, Dak
W.J. Anderson, reciver of public moneys, Grand Forks, Dak
E.P. Cbamplin, receiver of pnblic moneys, Deadwood, Dak
J. G. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak

H: Barber jr., late receivor of public moneys, Mitchell, Dak.
T. F. Singiser, leceiver of public moners, Mitchell, Dak
R. Lowry, receiver of public moneys, Huron, Dak
B. E. Hutchinson, receiver of public moness, Aberdeen, Dak.
W. H. Francis, late receiver of public monefs, Bismarek, Dak
N. Gilmour, receiver of public noneys, Bismarck, Dak
E. C. Geary, receiver of publie moneys, Fargo, Dak
L. D. F. Poore, late yeceiver of public moneys. Watertorna, bak
H. R. Peaso, late recciver of public moneys. Watertown, Dak
W.S. Hickox, receiver of pullic moneys. Durango, Colo
J. W. Ross, receiver of puhlie moneys, Gleawood Springs, Colo.
\$41, 62409 \$181, 471, 93934
16045
30, 70502
11, 42116
16, 25176
3,134 09
23, 75981
16, 35263
0, 94954
127, 03696
4, 28038
3, 19779
67, 05220
43976
2, 07011
99191
2, 11019
2,312 57
10, 88045
6, 53704
2, 65490
73278
0, 85416
3, 65344
17, 38594
85000
2, 28500
22, 81352
12, 69923
5,170 96
9,20541
1700
32, 60647
3,370 23
9762
180, 12664
17, 76190
3,328 54
2, 14486
65, 80846
50000
115, 02473
84,505 68
16, 44005
33, 19536
62,321 58
22,393 17
6, 92042
39, 16218
1, 52681
16415
79728
19234
10, 94143
25, 97814
25, 53775
21, 30534
126, 51405
5, 44616
72, 97860
69, 57449
30,579.50
85, 24760
116, 18920
71, 74330
39204
1,584 16
50500
115, 60134
257, 93846
45, 57448
115, 63379
212, 82273
43, 22028
564, 21200
262, 02049
1,40036
14,520 16
121, 90000 841.50

225, 87300
16, 80625
4, 11053
Brought forward
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public moners, Del Norte, Colo
C. D. Peck, receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo
C. B. Hickman, late receiver of public moners, Lake City, Colo
I'. J. Lennard, receiver of public moneys, Gundison, Colo
W. C. Willets, receiver of public moneys, Denver. Colo
S. T. Thompson, late receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo
E. W. Henm
M. H. Fitch, reccceiver of public moneys; Pueblo, Colo E. L. Salisbury, receiver of public monevs, Leadiville, Colo. M: M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake City, Utali.
Z. T. Burton, receiver of public moneys. Helena, Mont.
J. T. Carlin, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont
U. H. Gould, receiver of public moneys, Miles City, Mont
S. W. Sherfey, recciver of public moneys, Las Cruces, N. M
W. H. Bailhache, receiver of public moneys, Santa Fe , N. Mex
S. C. Wright, receiver of public moneys, Carson City, Nè
D. L. Gregg, late receiver ol pablic moneys, Carson City, Nev
H. Carpenter, receiver of public moneys, Eureka, Nev
J. G. Pilsbury, 1 eceiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg
J. W. Watts, late receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Or
J. Knex, receiver of public moneys, Lake View, Oreg
G. B. Curry, receiver of public moneys, Le Grande, Oreg
J. C Pullerton, receiver of public moneys, Roseburg, Oreg
C. N. Thorobury, receiver of public moneys, The Dalles, Oreg
R. G. Stuart, laie receivel of public moneys, Olympia, Wash.
J. R. Hayden, receiver of public moneys, Olympia, wash
J. L. Wilson, receiver of putblic moneys, Spokane Falls, Wash
J. Braden, receiver of public moneys, Walla Walla, Wash
A. O. Marsh, receiver of public moneys, Vancouver, Wash.
J. M. Adams, late receiver of public monevs, Yakima, Wash
L. S. Howlett, receiver of public moneys, Yakima, Wash
B. Cameron, late roceiver of public moneys, Tucson, \(\Delta\) riz
I. H. Wallace, recciver of public moneys, Tucson, A ri\%
G. Lount, late receiver of public moneys, Prescott, Ariz
A. W. DeLong, late receiver of public moneys, Prescott, Ariz
C. Thomas, receiver of public moneys, Prescott, Ariz
L. Ruggles, Jate receiver of public moneys, Florence, \(\Delta\) riz.
W. S. Harlbut, receiver of public moneys, Cheyenne, W yo
E. S. Crocker, receiver of public moneys, Evanston, Wyo
T. Lindsey, receiver of public moneys, Visalia, Cal
\$3, 831, 97175 \$181, 471, 93934 15, 87933
8,735 02 36988
43600
3, 43600 7, 10636 213
67 16, 11167 84, 20525 39, 85496 35, 30454 115, 92306 20, 55083
13, 71417
49; 30223
8,315 44
1,783 53
1, 00000
1, 85000
2, 28321 25163 22,47870
25,74272
13, \(007: 82\)
43, 97332
40,917 17
108, 52484
26,793 57
56,955 63
5, 44444
8, 38660
2, 40805
11, 62640
19, 02077
62755
5, 49534
8,18000
15000
266, 44750
68,069 26
24, 33334
8,992 76
12,484 54
41, 29509
141, 78663
47, 42972
50, 76844
28,550 70
68272
54,389 89
64, 32262
148, 14932

FROM INTERNAL REVENUE.
Commissioner of Internal Revevue ...............................................
2362
A. Bingbaw, late collector list district, Alabama ...................................
L. H. Maycr, late collector 1st district, Alabamaa.

6500
5000
J. H. Bingham, acting collector lst district, Alabama
P. D. Barker, collcetor 1st district, Alabama
, 51189
J. 'T. Rapier, late collector 2 d district, Alabama

68, 77595
4410
H. M. Cooper, late collector district of Arkansas

88,74382 54211
C. Hartsonn collector 1st district California

2, 342, 08055
A. B. Frost, collector 4th district, California 273, 56553
J. S. Wolfe, collector district of Colorado 195, 19489
J. Selden, collector district of Connecticut

414, 41214
J. MeIntyre, late collector district of Delaware

98, 37796
C. M. Leitch, acting collector district of Delaware 40, 70051
B. Watson. collector district of Delaware

105, 10597
D. Eagan, late collector district of Florida

53, 49238
S. C. Thompson, collector district of Florida

164, 935 ` 32
226,711 72
88, 49900
T. Jobnson, late collector district of Georgia
T. C. Crensbaw, collector district of Georgia
J. D. Harvey, collector 1st district, Illinois.
L. B. Crocker, collector 2d district, Illinois
R. 1sowett, collector 4th district, Illinois.
A. Knowles, collector thth district, Illinois
J. T. Harper, late collector: 8th district, IJinois
J. Wheeler, collector 8th district. Illinois

8, 001, 78484
221, 38070
303, 27917
13, 314,49075
1,750 00
904, 30394
351, 20416
Carried forward

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fe-Continued.
}

\section*{FROM INTERNAL REVENUE-Continued.}

Brought forward
H. MeKay, late collector 6th district, Indiana
W. D. A. Hunter, colloctor 6th district, Indiana
W. W. Cartcr, collector Till district, Indiana
T. M. Kirlspatrick, collector 11 th district, Tndiana
J. W. Giecn, collector \(2 d\) distrist, Iowa
J. E Simpson, collector 3 d district, lowa
J. \(\mathbb{W}\). Burdette, collector 4th district, lowa
J. C. Carpenter, late collector 4 th district, Kansas
N. T'. Acers, collector distriet of Kansas
E. Farley, late collector \(2 d\) district. Kentucliy.
A. Ward, collectou 2d district., Kentacky.
L. Buckuer, collector 5 th distivet, Kentueliy
J. VV. Fenuell, collector 0th district, Kentucky
A. M. Swope. Jate collector 7 II district, Kentacky
C. I. Stoll, late collector 7th district, Kontucky
J. H. liobinson, collector 7th district, Kentuct'y
W. J. Landrnm, collector 8th district, Kentucky

Georgo Drary, late collector, 8th district, Louisiana
H. C. Mliner, collector 8 th distetct. Louisiana
F. J. Rollins, late colleeter district of Maine
C. H. Chase, collector district of Maiue
J. H. Sollman. collector dist ict of Maryland
R. B. Emery. late collector disinict ot Mississippi
J. Hill, late collector district of Miesissippi
E. O. Sykes, collector district of Mississ ipppi
F. S. Hunt, lato collector 2 d district, Mississippi
T. P. Fuller, collector district of Montana
C. W. Slack, late collector id district, Massachusetts
A. Downing, acting collector 3d district, Massachusetts.
E. F'. Pillsbury, collector 30 district, Massachuretts
E. R. Winker, collector 10th district, Massachusetts
J. H. Stone, late collector 1st district, Michigan
J. B Malony, collector list district, Michigan
C. W. Watlins, late collector 4th district, Micligan
G. N. Davis, collector 4th district, Michigan
W. Bickel, collector 4 th district, Minuesota
I. H. Sturgeon, collector 1st district, Missouri
D. A. Stewart, late collector 4th district, Missouri
C. Voorhis, collector 4th district, Missouri
P. Doppler, collector 6th district, Missouri
S. VF Fisher, collector district of New Mexico
G. W. Post; collector district of Nebraska.
F.C. Lord, collector district of Nevada
H. M. Putuey. collector district of Now Hampshire
W. P. Tatem, la e collector 1st district, New Jersey
T. M. Terrill, collector 1st district, New Jersey
C. Barcalow, collector 3d district, New Jersey
R. B. Hathorn, late collector 51 h district, Nev Jersoy
S. Klotz, collector 5 th district, New Jersey
P. C. Ward, collectoc 1st district, Now York
M. B. Blake, collector 2d district, New York
M. Freidsam, collector 3 district, New York
J. M. Bentley, collector 14th district, Now Yorl

James s. Smart, collector 15 th district, Now York
J. Armstrong, collector 21st district, Now York
H. S. Pierce, collector 28 th district, New Fork

George P. Pecis. collector da district, North Carolina
1.J. Young, collector 4th district, North Carolina.
W. H. Wheeler, lato collector 5 (h ilistrict, North Carolina
A. J. Boyd, collector 5th district, Nortn Carolina
T. N Cooper, late collector 6th district, North Carolina
C. Dowd, collector 6 ill district, North Carolina
C. B. Montgomery, late collector 1st district, Ohio
M. T. Bishop, collector 1st district, Ohio
G. P. Dunbam, collector G6l district, Ohio
J. F Kumler, collector: 10 th district, Ohio

M: Boggs, collector 1!th district, Ohio
W. S. Streator, collector 18th district, Ohio
J. C. Cartwright, late collector district of Oregon
\(J\). Whitaker, collecto: district of Oremon.
W. P. Pollock, collector 1st district, Pennsylvania
A. J. Kitufman, collector 9th district, Pennsylvania
E. T. Chase, late cellector 12 th district, Pennsylvania
C. B. Staples, collecter lyth district, Penusylvania
J. F. Walther, c: hector Jdth district, Pennsylvania
T. P. Chaso, collecter 2ed ilistrict, Pennsylvania
S. M. Jaclison, collecior : 2 d district, Pennsylvania
E. U. Rhodes, late collector district of Rhode Island
C. H. Eenshavr, collector district of Rhode Island.
E. M. Brayton, lato coilector district of South Carolina
D. \({ }^{\text {P. Bradley, collector district of Sonth Carolina }}\)
J. M. Melton, late collector 2 d district, 'Lennessee.
\(\$ 37,263,427 \quad 77 \$ 187,177,92578\)
\(2,618,35765\)
211, 14345
1, 117,364 13
189, 48751
1,960,445 76
181, 88389
81,372 04
168,700 48
1,834 50
1, 717, 062 60
17, 18701
7,076,453 25
3,361,765 03
4, 31615
1, 837,271 62
90, 13130
764, 27388
268,954 80
209,80003
48,313 01
4,611 30
2, 774, 74495
52500
47, 32830
1., 00000

2, 54720
91, 06475
1, 380, 64276
273, 88915
316, 19111
316, 73091
], 315,35254
42, 22888
169, 93905
1,751 91
497, 80119
5, 0L1,610 72
282, 78236
20,480 01
962,303 83
67, 35491
1, 971, 30962
54,228 00
382,538 16
206, 37780
15, 78993
478,942 77
\(2,820,12080\) -
140, 48810
\(2,840,45510\)
1,502, 77328
\(5,057,71543\)
679, 72430
829, 25196
853,10350
2, 058, 70434
1, 60000
652, 64695
410, 53503
65, 22402
539,985 58
18, 88950
8, 058, 18614 678,962 37
1, 283, 18940
691, 84278
1, 057, 88893
793,35998
116, 750.76
2, 49540
2, 892, 81985
1, 334, 45394
421, 87965
21, 42819
129, 98468
1, 609, 33226
974, 95660
121, 26392
6,323 70
91, 43389
2,314 05
89, 87870
\(\sigma\)
\(\qquad\)
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\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.}

FROM INTERNAL REVENUE-Continued.

Brought forward
M. Gregg, collector 2d district, Tennessee ..............................................
A. M. Haghes, collector 5th district, Tennessee
F. W. Glenn, late collector lst district, Texas
W. H. Sinclair; late collector Ist district, Texas.
S. B. Cooper, colleotor 1st distict, Texas
W. A. Saylor, late collector \(2 d\) district, Texas
B. C. Ladlow, late collector 3d district, Texas
J. G. Searcy, collector 3d district, Texas
B. Uudenstock, late collector 4th district, Texas
W. Flanagen, collector 4th district, Texas
J. C. Stearns, collector district Vermont
J. D. Brady, late collector 2d district, Virginia
A. Rogers, late colloctor 'd district, Virginia
A. S. Ellett, collector 'd district, Virginia
J. B. Ralalston, late collector 4th district, Virginia
G. M. Helms, collector 4th district, Virginia.
W. F. Craig, late collcetor 6 th distriet, Virginia
H. Sheppard, collector 6th district, Virginia
J. M. Bean, collector 1st district, Wisconsin
H. Harnden, collector \(2 d\) district, W isconsin
F. M. Kutchin, collector 3d district, Wisconsin
L. Lottridgé, collector 6 th distriet, Wisconsin

James C. Orr, late collector 1st district, West Virginia
J. H. Duval, late collector 1st district, West Virginia.
S. P. McCormick, late collector 1st district, West Virginia
J. F. McGraw, collector 1st district, West Virginia
\(\$ 104,689,68110 \$ 187,177,92578\)
8,498 65
955, 32940
1,800 00
38,730 97
16744
66118
71, 57141
2,015 00
9,727 90
58,740 35
31,370 26
963, 22832
495, 77555
61, 21700
680, 89022
48, 23877
711,918 86
91, 92520
2, 466, 74103
151, 41277
241, 67873
170, 46302
2,500 00
329, 28533
191, 81926
23,38782
\(112,498,72554\)

\section*{FROM CONSULAR FEES.}
C. C. Andrews, consul-general, Rio de Janeiro

8,727 11
L. T. Adams, consul, Geneva

91300
11776
3986
A. P. Ambrose, vice-consul, Port Louis

3986
2,09880
. aemney, vice-consul general, Liberia
C. M. Allen, consul, Bermuda

1, 40765
. Adamson, consul, Panama
, 84766
H. C. C. Astwood, consul-general, San Domingo

84766
727
D. Atwater, consul, Tabiti
-1, 13177
I. L. A therton, consul. Pernambuco

2, 18328
C. P. Barnard, consul, Leghorn
J. M. Bailey, consul, Hamburg
H. N. Beach, consul, Puerto Cabello
S. H. M. Byers, consul, Zurich

8,54511
82745
2,128 79
F. Belli, vice consul, Palermo 1, 16740
M. S. Brewer, consul-general, Berlin

9, 01079
S. G. W. Beиjiman, consul-general, Persia....................................................... 12097
A.Badeau, consul-general, London.............................................. 7,27673
G. E. Bullock, consul, Annaberg
- 276

17794
3,01569
30920
1,152 28
21850
2, 70365
6887
1,578 50 23643
H. M Breyt vice.consol, Calla.
E. L. Baker, consul, Bnenos Ayres

71191
H. C. Buffinton, consul, Wallaceburg
E. P. Beauchamp, consul, St. Gall
J. A. Bingham, minister, Japan
B. H. Barrows, consul, Dublin.

71191
294
50
C. Bartlett, consul, Guadaloupe

6134
. A. Brown, consul, San Juan del Norte
L. A. Bergholz, consul, Puerto Cabello

51750
H. D. Bengett, vice-consul, Nantes

8300
A. K. Brown, consul, Algiers

32 ธ0
S. E. Belford, commercial agent, Levuka

1000
W. H. DeW. Budd vice-consul, Venice

10600

F. Charlesworth, consul, Tunstall
\(1168 \overline{5}\)
R. S. Chilton, rousul, Clifton ...

1,130 50
J. G. Crawford, consul, Coaticook
'I. Canisius, consul, Apia.
14000
15305
G. L. Catlin, consul, Sluttgart

2, 48208
C. Carrol, vice-consul, St. Helena
A. B. Cobb, late consul-general, Calcutta
D.J. Crain, consul-general, Switzerland

1, 42166
13559
P. Carroll, consul, Palermo

4, 296.76
E. Conroy, consal, San Juan
, 29676
F. M. Cheney, consul, Zanzibar.......................................................................... 29322
D. E. Coon, commercial agent, Baracoa ....................................... 30.
R. T. Clayton, consul, Para ................................................... . 890 . 43
H. E. Cools, vice consul, Colon

66900
140.50
J. B. Carbo, vice-consul, Cienfuegos.
1., 12900
M. J. Cramer, consul-general, Switzerland
219.13

Carried forward

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNTTED STATES, \&c.-Continued.}

FROM CONSULAR FEES—Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Bronght formard & \$74, 62800 & \$299, 676,651 32 \\
\hline A. Cummings, late commercial agent, Ott & 1556 & \\
\hline G. Campbell, commercial agent, Gaboon & 750 & \\
\hline A. V. Dockery, consul, Leeds & 2,685 10 & \\
\hline J. T. DuBois, consul, Aix la Chapelle & 3,460 57 & \\
\hline J. M. De Silveira, vice-consul, Fajal. & 1500 & \\
\hline S. W. Dabuey, consul, F'ayal. & 11742 & , \\
\hline A. Destruge, vice-consut Guayaquil & 3, 28437 & \\
\hline J. Dittmer', vice-consul, Stettin & 7250 & \\
\hline H. K. de la Reintrie, vice-consul-general, & 2, 53330 & \\
\hline T. M. Davson, consul, Apia ............. & 53599 & \\
\hline A. Davenport, vice-consul, Tien-Tsin & 15562 & \\
\hline D. M. Dunn. consul, Prince Edward Islan & 79071 & \\
\hline D. C. Da Costa, vice-consul, Barbadoes. & 13186 & \\
\hline H.-Davy, vice-consul, Newcastle........ & 25342 & \\
\hline O. N. Denny, consul-general, Shanghai & 9798 & \\
\hline H. P. Dill, consul, Gnelph ........ & 40800 & \\
\hline D. Eckstein, consul, Amsterdam & 2,279 58 & \\
\hline C. Evers, consul, Windsor...... & 3,423 00 & \\
\hline C. Einstein, consul, Stuttgart & 49875 & \\
\hline J. J. Flinn, consul, Chemnitz & 62050 & \\
\hline B. F. Farnheim, consul, Bombay & 36922 & \\
\hline J. Fletcher, consul, Genoa...... & 1,687 64 & \\
\hline P. Figyelmesy, consul, Demerara & 1, 73128 & \\
\hline C. C. Ford, actiag consul-general, Havana & 6. 94034 & \\
\hline W. G. Frye, consul general, Halifax...... & 3, 42808 & \\
\hline A. Frances, consul, Victoria & 13974 & \\
\hline W. C. F'ox. consul, Brunswick & 14527 & \\
\hline J. W. Farrand, vice-consul, San Domingo & 4291 & \\
\hline E. O. Fechet consul, Paso del Norte & 1,264 43 & \\
\hline W. F. Grinvel, consul, Bremen & 6,50856 & \\
\hline J. B. Glover, consul, Havre & 3, 86576 & \\
\hline G. Gifford, consul, Basle. & 2,891 77 & \\
\hline C. T. Grellet, vice-consul, Algiers & 3350 & \\
\hline W. H. Garfield, consul, Martinique. & 1,237 85 & \\
\hline W. E. Goldsborough, consul, Amoy & & \\
\hline J. Greener, late vice-consul, Bremen & 3, 56122 & \\
\hline G. W. Griffen, consul, Anckland & 30517 & \\
\hline 'T. T. Gamble, rice-consul, Auckland & 5750 & \\
\hline S. Goutier, consul, Cape Haytien & 64345 & \\
\hline T. D. Golding, cousul, La Guayra & 21462 & \\
\hline G. H. Horstman, consul, Nuremberg & 4,502 99 & \\
\hline B. Harte, consul, Glasgow & 5,662 47 & \\
\hline G. E. Hoskinson, consul, Kingston & 2, 45823 & \\
\hline J. Hutchinson, consul, Funchal... & 8206 & \\
\hline D. K. Hobart, consul, Windsor. & 47479 & \\
\hline J. W. Harper, consul, Munich & 88600 & \\
\hline W. E. Howard, consul, Toronto & 4, 72694 & \\
\hline G. H. Heap, consul general, Constantinop & 789.00 & \\
\hline R. Y. Holley, consul, Barbadoes. & 2,15180 & \\
\hline W. C. Howeils, consul, Toronto. & 60427 & \\
\hline W. Hummel, vice-consul, Munich & 26300 & \\
\hline O. Hattield, consul, Batavia.. & 1, 21065 & \\
\hline J. A. Haldeman, consul, Langko & 11354 & \\
\hline C. R. Hopt, consul, Hamburg. & & \\
\hline G. H. Holt, consul, Gaspé Basin & 28050 & - \\
\hline F. G. Haughwart, consul, Naples & 1,021 50 & \\
\hline J. F. Hazelton, consul, Genoa.-. & 1,717 50 & \\
\hline F. A. Herbertz, vice-consul, Cologne & -32231 & \\
\hline R. M. Hansom, late consul, Bremen.. & 307.05 & - \\
\hline T. W. Howard, late vice-consul, Monter & 1, 05144 & \\
\hline S. P. Hubbell, consul, St. John's.... & 1,934 70 & \\
\hline F. W. Hassfeld, consul, Triesto & 1,525 53 & \\
\hline J. E. Irish, consul, Cograe ... & 1,440 & \\
\hline A. C. Jones, consul, Nagasaki. & 28171 & \\
\hline E. R. Jones, consul, Newcastle & 1,672 49. & \\
\hline E. Johnson, consul, Pictou ... & 7300 & \\
\hline C. E. Jackson, consul, Antigua & 93158 & \\
\hline W. King, consul, Birmingluan & 4,39685 & \\
\hline F. Kiefer, consul, Stettin. & 30300 & \\
\hline R. Kolster, vice consul, Puerto Cabello. & 41764 & \\
\hline J. C. Kretchnar, commercial agent, San Jua & 1,406 03 & \\
\hline W. Koster, jr, vice consul, Mannheim ... & 74249 & \\
\hline C.Kahlo, consul, Sydney............ & 71476 & \\
\hline W. H. King, vice-consul, Port Stanler & 4408 & \\
\hline E. King, vice-consul Ottawa . & 3854 & \\
\hline E. E. Lane, cousul, 1 Innstall & 4,350 41 & \\
\hline G. F. Lincoln, consul, Stettin .............. & 1,34092 & \\
\hline J. C. Landreau, consul, Santiago de Cuba & 80901 & \\
\hline P. Lange, consul, St. Stephen. & 28486 & , \\
\hline J. Low, consul, Clifton ....... & 31300 & \\
\hline J. A. Lathrop, coasul, Bristol & 83500 & \\
\hline F. Leland, consul, Hamilton & 17746 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&c.-Continued.

\section*{FROM CONSULAR FEES-Contioned.}

\section*{Brought forward}
R. Locke, consul, Newcastle
J. A. Lewis, consul, Sierta Leone
A. Lacombe, late cousul, Pucrto Cabello
J. A. Leonard, consal, Leith
J. Lano, consul, Clifton
J. M. Langstou, minister, Hayti
G. F. Mosher, consul, Nice
H. C. Marstou, consul, Malaga
F. H. Mason, consul, Baslo.
E. A. Mcritt, consul-general, London
E. P. Mussey, consul, Mahe Seychelles
J. S. Mosby, consul, Hong. Kong
S. ATerrill, consul, Jerusalem
B. Mackey, consul, Rio Grando do Sul
I). A. McKinley, consul, Honolulu
J. T. Mason, consul, Dresden
W. Morey, consul, Ceylon
A. McCoskie, vicc comsul, Leith
H. R. Myers, consular agent, Dunfermia

Morton. Ross \& Co., bankers, London
W. E. Myer, acting consul, Para
O. Malveros, consul, Leith
T. J. McLaia, jr., consul, Nassau
D. M. Mullen, vice-consular agent, Sagua la Grande
F. A. Mattbews, consul, Tangiers
A. Mullender, vice consul. Verviers and Liege

McW. B. Noyes, consul, Venice
J. A. Nuvez, consular agent, Cardenas
R. S. Newton, consul, St. Paul de Loando
J. I. Nason, consul, Dresden
G. H. Owev, consul, Messina
E. L. Oppenheim, consul, Cadiz
C. A. Phelps, consul, Yrague
B. F. Peirotto, consul, Lyons
G. D. M. Pcixotto, vice-consul, Lyons
L. W. Pilcher, vice consul, Tien-Tsin
W. P. Picrce, consul, Cienfuegos
F. Panl, consnl, Odessa
E. H. Plumacher, consul. Maracaibo
S. B. Packard, cousul, Liverpool
S. D. Pace, consul, Sarnia

Lakne Pcck, consul, Port Erie
J.J. Piatt, consul, Cork
J. S. Potter, consul, Crefeld
G. P. Pomeroy, consol, Cairo
B. S. Parker, consul, Sherbrooke
H. Pease, consul, Santiago, Cape Verde
J. L. Parish, consul, Cbemnitz
B. J. Pridgen, consul, Piedras Negras
J. McF. Patton, consul, Osaka and Hiogo
L. Pirrone, vice-cousul, Messina
M. Polochel, consul. Ghent
G. W. Roosevelt, consul, Bordeaux
J. T. Robeson, consul, Tripoli
R. R. Robbius, commercial agcut, Ottawa
H. B. Ryder, consul. Copenhágen
F. W. Riee, consal, Colon
A. L. Russell, consul, Montevidco
D. T. Read, charge d'aftiaires, Spaiu
F. S. Richards, late consul, Leeds
D. T. Reiley, consul, athens.
W. W. Randall, consul, Sabanilla
A. Richnaw, vice cousul, Milau
L. Richmond, consul-general, Rome
W. W. Robinson, consul. Tamatavo
M. Reimberg, vice consul-general, Guayaquil
G. D. Robertson, consul, Verviers and Liego
W. H. Robertson, collector enstems, New York
S. Spacknan, consul, Cologne
J. Snith, consular agent, Nottiughan
W. Schoenle, consul, Barmen.
J. H. Stewart, consul, Antwerp
O. M. Spencer, cousul, Melbourne
E. Stevens, consul; Ningpo
I. F. Shepard, oonsul. Hankow
C. Sermonr, consul, Canton
R. J. Stovens, consul, Victoria, B. C
A. D. SLaw, consul, Manchester
H. J. Sprague, consul. Gibraltar
W. E. Stevens, consil, Smyrua
Y. A. Sutter, jr., consul, Acapalco
F. V. Smith, consul, St. Thomas
\$183,758 21 \$299, 676, 65132
1, 39000
11322
1, 10631
2, 35750
29400
94590
3, 84457
2, 88226
3,401 67
14, 19369
305
12, 28222
7325
40270
5, 56614
3, 09750
51681
44283
19872
422, 93693
49440
1,74500
95306
10891
1000
55652
49250
35678
22534
20741
2, 63103
82250
3, 43112
10, 47930
37025
4400
1,16150
12275
3, 32873
21, 202 c6
1, 23400 95950 30946
7, 741. 71. 17500
1,628 22
3250
3, 16750
1,064 90
2,056 88
l, 19438
68700
4,989 95
8750
5,552 67
71900
2, 16698
1, 94848
1502
74726
600
16565
92900
17600
1565
1, 11450
1, 14616
1.38

1, 87494
3, 87932
3, 93585
4,428 20
1. 04872

11086
59474
2, 15722
1,226 44
7, 24635
47622
97696
61500
82878

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the ONITED STATES, \&c.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM CONSOLAR FEES-Continued.}Brought forward\%77, 89227221
44048
F. H. Schenck, consul, Barcelona
5,98050
9300
17062
\(\begin{array}{r}47335 \\ 5 \\ \hline 20852\end{array}\)
J. Stabel, consul, Osika and Hiogo
E. J. Smithers, consul. Cbin Kiang
E. M. Snuilh, consul, Maranlbeim
J. Sturup, consul, Puerto Cabello
5, 22852
S. P. Stearns, consul-genera, Montreal
1,707 69
H. L. Staight, consul, Prescott
29965
W. W. Sikes, consul, Cardiff
D. Stanton, consul-general, St. Petersburg
S. H. smith; consul, Nuevo Laredo
1, 15450
88459
A. G. Studer, consul. Singapore
J. W. Siler, consul, Cape Town
1, 55682
W. P. Suttou, consui, Matarooros
30100
D. H. Strother, consul general, Mexico
35338
1650
J. H. Snyth, consul-general, Liberia 36.213

A.J. Stcin rice-consul, Brussels
4755
H. A. Shackelford, consul, Nantes
6500
R. Sbephard, vice-consularagent, San Juan del Norte.................................................. 507
Georqe Scott, consul, Udessa......................
R. Sclueider, vice-consul, Crcfeld 2800
. 12500
A. V. Nousley, consul, Trieste 18154
J. W. Taylur, consul, Winnepeg
J. Turver, consul, Amherstourg
H. A. Taylor, consul, Mtarseilles
43350
1,189 00
31207
M. H. Twitchell, cousul, Kingston
1, 29300
G. C. Tanucr, consul. Verviers and Liege
W. Thempsou cousul, Southampton
2, 20601
26050
43632

B: Tzschnek, consul, Vera Cruz
F. Vopeler, consul, Franls fort
5, 69530
2576
46266
36840
F. Visich, vicc-consul, Trieste ....
J. 1:. Van Ingen, consul, Talcabuavo
1. Vicliers, consul, Matanzas
2,696 53
85303
3850
7,64763
J. G. Voigt, consular agent, Häuila
'1. B. Vau buren, consul, Kauagawa
E. Von Orelli, vice consul, Zuich
J. F. Valls, vice-consul-wencral, Matamoro
39100
10650
O. B Vosler, vice-consul, Stuttgart
O. B. Wool, consul, Belfast
42400
W. B. Wclls, consul, Dundee
8,48268
J. R. Weaver, secretary legation, vieona
4, 65192
J. B. Weavor, cousul Bahia
C. B. Webster, consul, Shettield
5,561 43
595.53
J. F. Winter, consul, Rotterdaw
4. 60835
J. C. A. Wingate, consul, Swatow
3, 06462
51580
1,570 70
6150
J. Worthingtou, consul, Malia
J. N. Wasson, consul, Qnebec.
41694
W. A. Worden, consul, Cbarlottetown
43675
W. L. Welsh, consul, Florenco
1, 94393
71500
J. Wilsou, consul, Brussels.
3, 34066
J. 14. Wilson, consul, Lremes
5, 12492
George Waltser, consul-geneıal, Paris..........................................................18,508 28
R. M. Whiting, consul, Tamatave
\(9{ }^{\circ} 67\)
1. B. Warner, consul, St. John
3, 33378
J. H. Williams, late consul, Sydney
50000
4875
T. Wilson, commercial acent, Nantes
4250
IR. W. Wolffisohn, consul, Mannheim .............................................................. 1,513 19
1. O. Willians, consul-general, Havana
10, 86430
1, 01200
R. K. Wriglıt, ir., consul, Colou
F. C. Zimmerman, consul, Chemnitz
J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Eedford, Mass ................................... 22100
12. Armstrong, collector, Dubuque, Iowa
R. Alvarez, deputy collector, Key West, Fla .......... .................... \(\quad 7000\)


J. D. Bowic, collector, Petersburg, Va 7000
J. M. Boardman, collector, Belfast, Mc

4500

A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. Y

Carried forward

71135
\$777, 89269 \$299, 676, 65132

\section*{STATEMIENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \& \(\quad\).-Continued.}

\section*{FROM SNEAMBOAT FEES-Continued.}
Brought forward
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn
\(\$ 3,48980 \$ 300,581,00085\)
46705
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn
D. O. Barr, collentor, Pittsburgh, Pa
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J
J. B. Battelle, collector, Miani, Ohio
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La
J. C. Byxbee, collector, New Haren, Conn.
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass
J. R. Brier y, collector, Wilmington, Cal
C. Borner, collector, Galena, Ill
J. Camplell, collector, Omaha, Nebr
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I

William Caldwell, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio
J. Collins, collector, Bristo!, R.I.
T. F. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tenn
R. L. Cropley, collector, Georgetown, D. C
B. C. Cook, collector; Richmond, Va

R: C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo
J. W. Cobbs, collector, Paducah, Ky
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va.
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa
R. F. Dodge, collector, Salem, Mass
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswe gatchio, N. Y
S. H. Doten, collector, Plymouth, Mass
J. H. Elmer, collector, Bridgeton, N. J
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N.J
D. Eagan, collector, Key West, Fla.
II. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga
W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky
G. Frazer, collector, Burlington. Iowa
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y
G. Fisher, collector, Cairo. ni
F. W. Guptill, collector, Saco, \(\dddot{M}_{\theta}\)
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y
A. A. Garduer, collector, Nantucket, Mass
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass
J. II. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va
J. L. Gaston, collector, Chattanooga, Tenn
E. Higgins, collector, Saint Johns, Fla

Georgo Holmes, collector, Beaufort, S. C
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me
J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmonth, i. H.
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyaboga, Ohio
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Marks, Fla.
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C
A. W. Hall, collector; Milwaukee, Wis
W. I. Huse, collector, Newburyport, Mass
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa
T. A. Hen'ry, collector; Pamlico, N.C
J. W. Howell, collector, Fernandina, Fla
J.Hunter, collector, Saint Joseph, Mo
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss

9245
35870
34425
49006
49006
1,1555
1, 11555
1, 02875
3, 90465
3455
55015
6000
2010
60890
9521
54995
37180
5745
1, 51612 16440
7000
12575
33125
5615
96485
2, 08360
455
5000
18430
3500
13440
24095
10875
19160
51615
1,215 20
37995
4995
29830
6500
5, 70405
2500
2000
17710
18090
1, 00403
6500
23845
44570
2,71360
9000
059
31.45

61715
21435
2,807 00
15225
4, 80570
22230
2000
3200
8000
5700
1000
T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis, Md

10
T. F'. Johnson, collector, Sarannab, Gat
J. C. Jcwell, collector, Evansville, Ind
T. B. Joboston, collector, Charleston, S. C
- 82560
J. R. Jolley, collecter, Teche, La..

70200
G. A. Johnson. collector, San Diego, Cal

47620
J. M. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Tenn

2455
W. Lowen, collector, Sag Harbor, N. Y ...

23335
53455
W. Livingstone, jr., collector, Detroit, Mich...................................... \(\quad 2,94390\)
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y
J. A. Laby, collector, Albany, N. Y

38450
H. Lawson, collector, Eastern, Md.

2,629 45
1500
4690
10000
H. Lenox. collector, Burlington, N. J..
D. McLaughlio, collector, Michigan, Mich
C. E. Morris, collector, Genesee, IN. Y.

3,110.15
J. D. Merryman, collector, Oregon, Oreg

16000
G. W. Mathis, collector, Littlo Egg Harbor, N. J

42415
1000
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston; Tex

52920

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.
}

\section*{FROM STEAMBOAT FEES-Continued.}

Brought forward
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio
W. R. Mayo, collector, Norfolls, Va
N. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
A. Nowberger, collector, Natchez, Miss
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich.
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass
F. A. Osgood, collector, Marblehead, Mass
E. J. Pcouypacker, colleetor, Wilmington, N. C.
J. L. Pierce, collector, Machias, Me
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn
H. T. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del

George Parcher, collector, Saco, Me
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal
J. Price, collcetor, Great Egg Harbor, N. J
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio
C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarle, N. C
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. \(\dddot{Y}\)
O. H. Russell, collector, Richmond, Va
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me.
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn
S. M. Sawyer, collector, \(\Delta\) palachicola, Fla
F. N. Sburtleff, collcctor, Willamette, Oreg
J. Shepard, collector, Saint Mary's, Ga
H. C. Stafford, collector, Erie, Pa
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, In
W. A. Sayler, collector, Paso del Norto
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal
E. Sprague, collector, Waldoborough, Me.
G. B. Sawfer, collector, Wiscasset, Me
J. W. Short, collector, Vicksburg, Miss
H. N. Trumbull, collector; Stonington, Conn
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, Conn

IF: B. Torrey, collector, Bath, Me
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware. Del.
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla
B. Upton, jri, collector, Tappalannock, Va
C. Van Cleve, iollector, Yaquina Oreg-
G. W. Warreu, collector, Cape Vinceat, N. Y
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C.
E. H. Wcbster, collector, Baltimore, Md.
T. E. Witzell, collector, Saint Augustine, Fla
J. W. Warrefield, collector, Bath, Me
R. Worthington, collector. Boston, Mass
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Louis, Mo
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt
C. B. Watson, collector, Southern, Oreg.
\(\$ 60,74058 \$ 300,581,00085\)
2, 16305
4610
17590
5465
1, 12900
4365
1000
43760
8500
35870
68025 1000 8000 .1085
39800 32650
17,918 30 9355 \({ }_{25} 00\) 30185 22665 1, 99490 1000 55940 3,87620 3122 5, 60795 2945 3000 35475 39380
1, 42850
3375
1000
9000
2000
5950
39805
32680
4, 18165
3000
25435
2,665 65
3, 77790
27525
13000

\section*{FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES.}
W. J. Anderson, receiver of pablic monoys, Grand Fork, Dak........... 25 25, 24537
J. H. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minu............. 2,08635
W. Anyan, receiver of public moneys, Grand Island, Nobr ............. 26 . 83741
J. M. Adams, recciver of public moneys, Yakima, Wash...
..............
L. L. Aaser, receiver of public moners, Clookston, Minn................ 17, 314 61
J. Austin, receiver of publie moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn

6,850 71
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public moneys, Del Norte, Colo

5,28444
H. Barber, jr., receiver of public moneys, Mitchell, Dak

16, 95266
J. Braden, receiver of pubłic moneys. Walla Walla, Wash

9, 84161
H. Booth, receiver of public moneys, Larned, Kans.

32, 85435
G. B. Brooks, receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich
C. G. Bell, receirer of public moneys. Bayfield, Wis
W. H. Bailbache, receiver of public monoys, Santa TG, N. M

3, 65744
. M. Bancacho, recor publ mo
5, 68150
M. M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake City, Utah............ 13,25600
V. W. Bayless, receiver of public monejs, Ead Claire, Wis

13,250
3,31509
Z. T. Burton, receiver of public moneys, Helena, Mont

18,386 00
C. Tr. Babcock, receiver of pablic moneys, McCook, Nebr

69,460 10
3810
Commissioner General Land Office
6,988 00
S. Cooper, receiver of public moneys, Humboldt, Kans

20, 09535
. H. Chamberlain, receiver of public moneys, San Francisco, Cal
950.00
H. Yenter, recerver of public moneys,

7,134 17
G. H. Crumb, receiver of pablic moneys, Ironton, Mo.

13,43226
J. G. Chandlor, recoiver of public moneys, Yankton, Dak

11, 74372
.
5, 959.23
J. T. Carim, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont.

80,76624
C. E. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Oberliu, Kans

12, 5812
E. P. Champlain, receiver of public monoys, Deadwond, Dak........... 12,18646
E. S. Crocker, receiver of public moneys, Evanston, W50................ \(\quad\) 1,671 97
3. Uameron, receifer of publie moners, Tucson, Aliz
11. L. Cinills, receiver of rublic moneys, Bodio, Cal.

1,47300
75300
O. Dobrowsky, recoiver of public moneys, Shasta, Cal

8,46954

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&c.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES-Continued.}

Brought forward
J. Dumars, receiver of publio moneys, Springfleld, Mo
C. E. Dailey, réceiver of puiblic moneys. I'ucson, Ariz
J. L. Djer, receiver of public moueys, Wichita, Kans
A. W. De Long, receiver of public ivoneys, Prescott, Ariz
A. W. Eaton, recciver of public moneys, Oxford, Idaho
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
G. B. Folsom, receiver of public moneys, Taylor's Falls, Minn.
W. K. Frañis, receiver of public moners, Bisnarck, Dak
M. H. Fitch, receiver of public moneys, Pueblo, Colo
J. C. Fullerton, receiver of public moneys, Roseburg, Oreg
C. F. Gardner, receiver of public moneys, Sacramento, Cal
W. H. Grifiths, receiver of public moncys, Des Moines, Iowa
E. C. Gearey, receiper of pablic moneys, Fargo. Dak
C. H. Gould, цeceiver of public moneys, Miles City, Mont
N. Gilmour, receiver of public monejs, Bismarck, Dak
J.W. Haverstick, receiver of public moneys, Los Angeles, Ca
J. T. Hull, receirer of public moneys, Jackson, Miss
L. S. Howlett, receiver of public moneys, Yakama, Wash T
B. E. Hutchinson, receiver of pnblic moneys, A berdeen, Kuns.
W. B. Herriott, rcceiver of public moncys, Redwood Falls, Minn
A. J. Hoisington, rcceiver of public moneys, Garden City, Kaus
E. W. Henderson, recciver of public monoys, Central City, Cal
R. R. Hays, roceiver of publie moness, Kirwin, Kans
W. S. Hurlbut, rereiver of pablic moneys, Cbeyenne, W yo
J. R. Hayden, receiver of public moneys, Olympia, Wash T
W. S. Hickox, receiver of public moneys, Durango, Colo:
A. A. Heald, receiver of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Menasha, Wis
M. Krebs, recciver of public moneys, Boisé City, Idabo
J. Kıox, receiver of public moueys, Lake View, Oreg.
C. E. Kelsey, receiver of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark
J. Lind, receiver of public monejs, Tracy, Minn
\(\Delta\). E. Lemee, receiver of public moners. Natchitoches, La
T. Lindsey, receiver of publie moneys, Visalia, Cal
R. Lowry, receiver of public moness, Huron, Dak.
F.'J. Leonard, recoiver of public moneys, Gunnison, Colo
W. B. Lambert, receiver of public moneys, Ncligh, Nebr

George Lonnt, receiver of public moneys, Prescott. Ariz
M. Marks. receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La \(\qquad\) P, H. McNalty, recciver of public moneys, Booneville, Mo W. H.C. Mitchell, receiver of public moners, Reed City, Micli
W. B. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Saint Cloud, Minn
R. W. Montgomery, rcceiver of public moneys, Bloomington, Nebr
A. O. Marsh, receiver of public moneys, Vanconver; Wash
A. A. Mabson, receiver of public moneys, Moutgonery, Ala.
J. F. Nason, receivor of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis.
H. Z. Osborne, receiver of public moneys, Bodie. Cat.
O. Perrin, receiver of public moneys, Stockton, Cal.
H. R. Pease, receiver of public moneys, Watertown, Dak
A.C. Phillips, receiver of public moneys, Harrison, Ark.
S. Parker, receirer of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.
W. H. Pilkenton, receiver of public moneys, Wakeeny, Kans.
J. G. Pilsbury, receiver of public moneys, Oregon City, Oreg
C. D. Perlr, receiver of pnblic moneys, Lake City, Colo.
J. Q. A. l'eyton, receiver of public moneys. Topeka, Kans
J. F. Rollius, receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fla
H. D. Root, receiver of public monoys, Lincoln, Nebr.
A. Railson, receiver of public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn
J. W. Rnss, receiver of public moneys, Glenwood Springs, Colo
R. G. Stuart, receiver of public moneys, Olympia, Wash.
T. J. Sberwood, receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal
E. L. Salishury, receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Colo
II. W. Stone, receiver of public moneys, Benson, Minn
P. W. Sletten, rcceiver of public moneys, Crookston, Minn
E. G. Swanstrom, receiver of public moneys, Duluth, Minu
C. H. Smith, receiver of public moneys, Worthington, Minn
J. D. Seaman, receiver of public moneys, North Platte, Nebr
S. W. Sherfey, receiver of public moneys Las Cruces, N. Mex.
T. F. Singiser, receiver of public noneys; Mitcbell. Dak
A. J. Shaw, receiver of prblic moncys, Lewiston, Ldaho
E. B. Sandcrs, receiver of public moneys, Wansau, Wis
W. H. Somers, recciver of public moneys, Beatrice, Ncbr
P. I. Stolberg, receiver of public moneys, Taylor's Falls, Minn
W. T. Tancre, receiver of public moneys, Huntsville, Ala.
J. W. Tucker, receiver of pablic moneys, Valentine, Nebr
C. N. Thornburg, receiver of public moness, The Dalles, Oreg.
A. A. Tufts, receiver of public moncys, Camden, Ark
C. Thomas, receiver of public moneys, Proscott, Ariz
J. Ulrich, receiver of public moneys, La Crosse, Wis
F. G. Ward, receiver of public moneys, Susanville, Cal
H. A. Wilscn, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala
Z. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys, Dardenelle, Ark
\(\underset{W}{ }\). C. Willots, receiver of public moneys, Denver, Colo.
\(\$ 445,65323\) \$300, 692, 88510 15,41000 4070
6,72153
10500
-9, 56639
22408
3, 51902
12, 92333
6, 20944
11, 38518
1, 18769
35, 80000
3,749 24
27, 92458
20, 91300
10,308 50
1,590 00
40,563 81
1, 14199
85, 25033
4,418 33
35, 85598
13,346 50
18, 48259
2,787 21
86613
1, 17071
4, 08456
7,703 64
6, 24987
4, 23393
2, 21608
9, 84155
43, 83000
4,633 00
16, 63732
29921
9,407 30
4,003 06
1,475 21
6,566 32
16, 03139
6,555 06
11, 48204
1, 57659
28950
7, 69855
30,344 00
9, 83606
23, 60898
38, 28122
6, 92654
1, 35950
57683
18, 52680
1, 48884
3,305 92
1, 62800
4, 24265
5, 45567
5, 596 u0
5,099 76
2,072 52
5,33939
3,54500
99, 00380
10,335 67
8, 03908
4,404 44
4, 13647
45674
97825
5, 50463
71, 94252
13, 98112
4, 06300
4, 35900
2, 10858
4, 69420
3,485 10
4, 65889
27, 83670

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo. -Continued.}

\section*{FROM REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS' FEES-Continued.}

\section*{Bronght forward}

IT. M. Waters, recciver of public moneys, Independence, Kans.
\(\$ 1,420,42054 \$ 300,692,88510\)
2,063 83
56139
L. G. Willcox, receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich
A. O. Whipple, receiver of public moneys, Devil's Lake, Dak
J. L. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Spobave Falls, Wash
D. H. Wallace, receiver of public moneys, Tucson, Ariz
J. S. Waters, receiver of public moneys, Farley, Idaho
T. Wrong. receiver of public monoys, Concordia, Kans
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moneys, Marquette, Mich
S. C. Wright, receiver of public moneys, Carson, Nev

20,365 30
18, 39292
5, 74700
3, 17050
4,75995
3,882 12
1, 89900

\section*{FROM MARINE HOSPITAL TAX.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Armstrong, collector, Dubuque, Io & 41046 \\
\hline R. Alvarez, collector, Key West, Fla & 82152 \\
\hline W. L. Ashmore, collector, Burliugton, N. J & 26004 \\
\hline I. S. Adams, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me & 45652 \\
\hline J. A.P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass & 42169 \\
\hline A. J. Beers, late collector, New Haven, Conn & 1,48172 \\
\hline J. C. Byxbee, collector, New Fraven, Conn & 120 \\
\hline J. Brarly, jr, collector, Fall River, Mass & 1,042 71 \\
\hline D. O. Barr, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa & 1844 \\
\hline J. B. Battelle, collector, Miami, Ohio & 26569 \\
\hline J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn & 72479 \\
\hline A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. X & 1096 \\
\hline E. A. Bragden, collector, York, Me & 1798 \\
\hline W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. & 35569 \\
\hline J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, Va & 11368 \\
\hline J. M. Boardman, collector, Belfast, Me & 88868 \\
\hline George Bliss, collector, Waldoborougb, Me & 1,127 11 \\
\hline A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Was & 2, 73900 \\
\hline F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass & 41716 \\
\hline J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala & 1,451 49 \\
\hline A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La & 8,859 99 \\
\hline J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal & 44759 \\
\hline C. Borner, collectur, Galena, 111. & 29521 \\
\hline A. H. Beacls, collector, Wheeling, W. & 2,075 02 \\
\hline G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va & 2,836 53 \\
\hline S. E. Bryant, acting collector, Kennebunk, & 1665 \\
\hline E. H. Brown, special deputy collector, Alaska & 3344 \\
\hline R. C. Crowell, collcctor, Kansas City, M & 18042 \\
\hline J. H. Cozzens, collector', Newport, R.I. & 23216 \\
\hline J. Collins; collector, Bristol, R.I. & 5889 \\
\hline T. F. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tenn & 2,427 01 \\
\hline H.D. B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va & \\
\hline William Caldwell, collector, Cincinnati, & 20155 \\
\hline J. Campbell, collector, Omaba, Nebr & 17235 \\
\hline B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va & 47090 \\
\hline B. L. Cropley, collector, Georgetown & 2540 \\
\hline J. W. Cobbs, collector, Paducah, Ky & 19801 \\
\hline J. W. Clarko, collector, Corpus Christi, 'T & 4184 \\
\hline D. Tr Davis, collector, Bangor, Me & 61725 \\
\hline F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me & 1,127 52 \\
\hline J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa & 3,745 71 \\
\hline A.C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. & 40789 \\
\hline R. F. Dodge, collector, Salem, Mass & \\
\hline W. H. Daniels, collector, Osweratchie, I & 15385 \\
\hline S. H. Doten, collector, Plymouth, Mass & \\
\hline J. H. Elmer, collector, Bridgeton, N.J & 1,782 22 \\
\hline M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, & 2,057 40 \\
\hline D. Eagan, collector, Key West, Fla. & 66483 \\
\hline H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, G & 40469 \\
\hline B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y. & 6524 \\
\hline J.K. Fanlkner, collector, Louisville, Ky & 879 95 \\
\hline W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis. & 47803 \\
\hline Gieorge Fisber, collector, Cairo, Ill.. & 98013 \\
\hline G. Frazee, collector, Burlingion, Iow & 54799 \\
\hline F. W. Guptill, collector, Saco, Me. & \\
\hline C. A. Goald, collector, Buffalo, N. Y & 1,761 57 \\
\hline J. L. Gaston, collector, Chattanooga, Ten & 23944 \\
\hline F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass & 59229 \\
\hline J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va & 50035 \\
\hline A. A. Garduer, collector, Nantucket, Mas & 2652 \\
\hline J. S. Hanover, collector Fairfield, Con & 95209 \\
\hline W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich & 2,394 46 \\
\hline A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmonth, N. & 25816 \\
\hline C. Harris, collector, Previdence, R. T. & 1,202 69 \\
\hline J. Hunter, collector, Saint Joseph, Mo & 4947 \\
\hline H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. & 22580 \\
\hline A. W. Hall, collector, Milwankee, Wis & 2,077 22 \\
\hline E. Higgius, collector, Saint John's, Fis & 1,129 40 \\
\hline T. A. Henry, collector, Pamlico, N. & 61528 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Carried forward

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued. FROM MARINE HOSPI'IAL TAX-Continued.
}


\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM MARINE HOSPITAL TAX-Continued.}
Brought forward
\$154, 18302 \$302, 174, 14765
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md 12, 30548
P. C. Wiggin, collector, Kennebunk, Me
1239
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass
6, 70553
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me 90776
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saunt Lous, Mo
4,97358
F. E. Witzell, collector, Saint Augustine, Fla
2208
179, 10984

\section*{FROM RELIEF OF SICK, DISBALED, AND DESTITUTE SEAMEN.}
C. H. Alley

3570
J. W. Chew

43379
S. B. Clarke

10000

E. L. Sullivan 6172
J. G. Stetson 4, 15288
W. H. Sears \({ }_{28} 60\)
E. H. Webster

2500
6, 28125
FROM LABOR, DRAYAGE, AND STORAGE.
R. Armatrong, collector, Dubuque, Iowa..................................................... 2130
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La........................................... \(\quad 71712\)
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn........................................................... 13854
G. E. Bowden, collector. Norfolk, Va ................................................. 25
A.D. Bissell, collector, Butfalo, N. Y............................................ \(\quad 6 \quad 60\)
J. B. Battelle, collector, Miami, Ohio....................................................................... 1090
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala ..................................................... 28.
W. Caldwell, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio.......................................... 19125

R.L. Cropley, collector', Georgetown, D. C........................................... \(\quad 975\)
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y

6000
F. N. Dow, collector, Postland, Me.

3,41769
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburg, Pa ............................................................... 34415
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky ................................................................. \(327{ }_{71}\)
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y............................................. 21400

C. Harris, collector, Providence, R.I.............................................. 68440
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga

5675
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. U................................... 3, 53977

31888


9475
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio ................................. 1,38795
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, 'lex ...................................... 2,115 71
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass

4500
H. F. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del ................................................................... 1500
A. Patnam, collector, Middletown, Conn ................................... 10000
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C .............................. 50

W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal......................................... 1,25711
J. Spalding, collèctor, Cbicago, III

J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla ............................................................ 1200
F. B. Torrey, collector, Bath, Mo

150
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me

12750
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C 7830
E. H. Webstor, collector, Baltimore, Md............................................................... 3,01362
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass 15, 49592
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Louis, Mo

\section*{FROM SERVICES OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS.}
A. H. Abell, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y

27600
R. Alvarez, depnty collector, Key West, Fla ....................................... 48800
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass............................................. 96600
I. M. Boardman, collector, Belfast, Me ................................................ 6250
A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala 360
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La. 6,946 13
J. Bookralter, collector, Minnesota, Minn. 3, 28850
J. C. Bysbce, collector, New Haven, Conn 1984
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, N. C 58500
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn 47291
A. A. Burloigh, collector, Aroostook, Me 10
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolls, Va. 1200
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J 1200

0
H. De B. Clay, collector, Xorktown, Va ...................................................... 1,32000
J. W. Clarke, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex

69380

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \(\mathfrak{\xi}\).-Continued. FROM SERVICES OF UNITED STA'TES OFFICERS- Continued.
}

\section*{Bronght forward}
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland. Me
\(\$ 15,23402 \$ 302,432,61971\)
M: A. Edgar, Perth Amboy, N. J
1, 09912
D. Eagan. collector, Key West, Fla
B. Plagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y
C. \(\Delta\). Gould, collectol, Buffalo, N. Y
F. B. Goss, collector; Barnstable, Mass
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich
C. Hartis, collector. Providence, R. I

2, 17700
J. F. Hartranft, coliector, Philadelphia, Pa

1, 73000
98400
6, 13469
3,498 32
40000
1, 398 C0
73000
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me 2,58705
T. E. Johnson, collector,' Savanab, Ga 43000
L. H. Jerome, collector. Corpus Christi, Tox 30700
Do................................................. 32200
P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirls, N. Y. ......... 27600
W. Livingstone, jr., collector, Detroit, Mich 1, 68630
J. O. Luby, collector, Brazos, Tex.

2450
C. E. Morris, collector, Genesee, N. Y

27715
A. G. Mallo, collector, Galveston, Tex 14080
S. Moffott, collector, Champlain, N. Y. 9900
C. H. Odell, collecto'; Sillem, Mass 1650
N. Pato, collector, Corpus Chusti, Tox

66550
H. F. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del. 500

W. H. Robeitson collector', New York, N. Y

117, 57600
H. C. Stafford, collector. Etio, Pa 1750
G. B. Sawy cr, collector, Wiscasset, Mo 7200
V. Smith, collector; Dulath, Minn
1.3200
W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me

3100
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.

3, 61168
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal 19, 77724
W. A. Sarler, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex

1, 49980
7450
J. A. Tibbetts, New London, Conn

4,738 25
C. W. Whitney, collector, Saint Lonis, Mo

16000
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md

14,138 60
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass

\section*{FROM CUSTOMS OFFICER'S FEES.}
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La............................................ 11,080
E. Brous, lato acting collector, Sitkia, Alaska..................................... 80
J. W. CJarke, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex .................................. 750
F. N. Dow, colicetor, Portland, Me...........

9, 13948
w. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.

10690
J. F. Hiartranf't, collector, Philadelphia, Pa ...................................... \(\quad 21,38149\)
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal.................................................................... 179,75538
W. H. Rubertson, collector, New York, N. Y ...................................... 179, 75538
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal...........................................................20,223 74
W. A. Sayler, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex................................... 34618
A. Tibbetts, late collector, Paso del Norte, Tex

200
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md

13,137 23
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.
\(245,567 \cdot 33\)

\section*{5}
)

\section*{FROM WEIGHING FEES.}
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans; La..................................... 30487
A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. Y... .................................................................... 30414
F. T. Babson, collector, Gloncester, Mass................................................................... 29409
I. M. Boardman, collector. Eelfast, Mo .. ............................................. \(\quad\). 06

J. W. Clarbe, collcctor, Corpus Cbristi, Tex .................................................... 804
R.C.Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo.......................................... 1105
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va..................................................................... 98990
J. F Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa .................................................................... 2529
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me..................................................................... 7837
C. A. Gonld, collector, Buffalo, N. Y

C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I.......
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C.
J. O. Juby, collector, Brazos, Tex .................................................................... 2.200
A. G. Malloy, colloctor, Galveston, Tex
-H. F. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del.
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Cbristi, Tex
E. J. Pennjpackor, collector, Wilmington, N. C................................. \({ }^{3} 70\)
W. H. Robertson, collector, Now Xorls, N. Y......................................... 107, 48716
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal.
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, 111
S. M. Sawyer, collector, A palachicola. Fla................................................... 2400
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex.
E.H. Webster, coilector, Baltimore, Md
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass

1687 174 6180 7175 171
106

11, 589 :8
210

3, 14388
10,870 07
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \(f 0\).-Continued.
Brought forward
\(\$ 303,123,09579\)

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES-CUSTOMS.J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass\(\$ 5500\)
R. Armstrong, collector, Duluque, Iowa ..... 500
A. H. Abell, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y ..... 500
R. Alverez, collector, Key West, Fla ..... 44922
A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostools, Me ..... 1, 07782
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala ..... 500
3254
G. Biss, collector, Waldoborough, Me50
J. C. Byxbee, collector, New Haven, Conn
, 82999
A. S Badger, collector, New Orleans, La
40905
40905
A. \(W\) lash, collector Puget Sound Wash ..... 6, 65162
J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, V: ..... 1500
F. J Babson, collcctor, Gloucester, Mass ..... 11000
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk. Va ..... 7000
J. B. Battonle, collector, Miani, Ohio
1895
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn
W. A. Baldwin, coilector, Newark, N. J ..... 25000
2500
J. Campiell, collector, Omaba, Nebr250
J. W. Clarke, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex ..... 23194
W. aldwell, collector, Cincinati, Ohio ..... 5500
T. F. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tenn ..... 11662
H. Do B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va ..... 1000
B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va ..... 500
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y ..... 38372
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me ..... 1, 92580
F. N. Dosw, collector, Portland, Me ..... 2500 ..... 11500
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J
M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. J
D. Eagan, collector, Key West, Fla ..... 1, 62174
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y ..... 22571
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y ..... 76822 ..... 226
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass ..... 500 ..... 500
G. Holwes, collector, Beaufort, S. C ..... 500
W. H. Hant, jr., collector, Montana aud Idaho. 57000
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio6215
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwakee, Wis. ..... 2000
W. G. Henderson, collector, Peaill River, Miss ..... 1500
J. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn ..... 22995
W. Hartsuff, collentor, Huron, Mich ..... 52266
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me ..... 249
C. Harlis, collector, Providence, R. I. Meriot, collector, Georgetown D.16791
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N ..... 50
Tr \(F\), ..... 29076
T. B. Johe, collotor, Cuarlas
T. B. Johe, collotor, Cuarlas
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal ..... 11250 ..... 3000
J. O. Luby, collector, Brazos, Tex. ..... 65986
W. Livingstone, jr., collector, Detroit, Mich ..... 65986
+35508
J.J. La wrence, collector, Oswego, N.' Y ..... 2500
J. R. Leovard, collector, Indianapolis, Ind ..... 2000
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex ..... 23533
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich ..... 1000
T. W. Mitchell, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex ..... 6057
S. Muffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y ..... 10500
D. W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio ..... 1000
3950
C. E. Morris, collector, Genesee, N. Y
83
N. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me ..... 16915
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass
, 28059
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex
36190
E. J. Ponnypacker, collector, Wilmington, N.C ..... 1000
J. L. Pierce, collector, Machias, Me500
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y ..... 70,727 13
C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarle, N. C ..... 1000
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal ..... 25,91939
3,525
10
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn1000
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, IIl ..... 1, 75876 ..... 1200
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Ela
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Ela
E. L. Sullivau, late collector, San Francisco, Cal ..... 35978
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla ..... 23783
J. A. Tibbetts, collecter. New London, Coun ..... 2000
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex. ..... 620
G. Toy, collector, Cherrystone, Va ..... 20000
B. Upton, jr., collector, Lappahannock, Va ..... 10.00
f. A. Vanghan, collector, Saluria, Tex. ..... 16512

\title{
STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued. FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEIT URES-CUSTOMS-Continued.
}

Brought forward
\(\$ 131,14674 \$ 303,123,09579\)
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass
E. IH. Webster, collector; Baltimore, Md
C. M. Whitney, collector, Saint Lonis, Mo

2, 98670

F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla
C.B.Watson, collector, Southern Oregon

FROM EMOLUMENT FEES-CUSTOMS
R. Alvarez, collectof, Key West, Fla.
A. A. Burleigh, collector, A roostook, Mo
F. J. Babson, collector, Glouccster, Mass

George Bliss, collector, Waldobor:ough, Me
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala
A. J. Beers, collcctor, New Haven, Conn
G. E. Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Va
S. E. Bryant, acting collector, Kennebunk, Me
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal
J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass
A. D. Bissell, collector, Buffalo, N. Y
J. Book walter, collector, Minoesota, Minn
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va..
J. W. Clarke, eollector, Corpus Christi, Tex
W. F. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa
M. A. Edgar, cellector, Perth Amboy, N. J
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga

81255
3506
2, 55278
1, 20424
1, 457.53
59160
\({ }_{27} 25\)
1, 58988
1, 00213
18630
6, 35063
1720
18067
2, 85946
E. . Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga.

8730
E. W. Fox, late collector, Saint Louis, Mo

43454
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y

12250
F. W. Guptill, collector Saco, Me

8, 92005
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y

26,872 00
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich 67288
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenclıman' \(\dddot{\text { Bay, Me }}\)
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio 100 8, 35461
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis 8, 65157
T. S. Hudson, collector, Eastern, Md. 8,07497 27891
H. A. Kennedy, collector; Waldoborough, Me.
J. J. Lawrence, collector, Oswego, N. Y

10, 15341
J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y. 21188
W. Livingstone, jr., collector,' Detroit, Mich
H. Lawson, collector, Eastern, Md

2, 29490
40496
S. Moffett, collector, Cbamplain, N. \(\mathbf{Y}\)

9, 32061
C. E. Morris, collector; Genosee, N. Y
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich

69796
W. G. Morris, collector, Sitka, Alaska.......

3, 61345
1030
D: W. McClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio
34, 94320
2815
87980
8838
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex

88
. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
2, 1,59840
E. T. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C

1, 598740
9163
H. Potter, jr., late collector, Pensacola, Fla

11372
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio.........

11372
5,56939
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla

2034
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del

2034
C. Van Cleve, collector, Yaquiua, Oreg

1050
26810
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C

26810
94408
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt. 4, 45708

F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla ....................................................

5, 10773

\section*{FROM TMMIGRANT FEES.}
J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass.

19050
R. Alvarez, collector, Key West, Fla............................................... 45450
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass 200
A.S. Badger, collector, Now Orleans, La. 1, 27650
J. C. Byxbee, collector, New Haven, Cona 150
A. J. Beers, collector, New Haren, Conn 500
J. W. Buxke, collector, Mobile, Ala 6 00
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me. 42300
D. Eagan, collector, Key West, Fla 1,360 50
F. B. Goss, collector, Banstable, Mass
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa 3450
J. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Mich 11, 11050 150
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex 48550
C. Y. Osbarn, collector, Superior, Mich
W. H. Robertson, collector, Now York, N. Y
V. Smith, collector, Dulnth, Minn 5400
S. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill.

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 -
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273, 20390

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \(q\) q.-Continued.}

\section*{FROM IMMIGRANT FEES-Continued.}


\section*{FROM SHTPPING FEES.}
F.J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass ....................................... 200

George Bliss, collector, Waldoborotgh, Me...................................... 400
B. C. Cook, collector, Richmond, Va............................................... 6900


W. Livingston, jr., collector, Detroit, Mich....................................... 1610
A. G. Malloy, collcctor, Galroston, Tөx ......................................... 250
C. EL. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass ........................................................ 800

W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal .............................................. 32050
E. J. Pcnnvpaciser, colloctor, Wilmington, Cal.................................. \(\quad 1550\)
H. F. Pickels, collector, Delaware, Del

1500
400

W. F. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me.............................................. . . 350
F. N. Shurthff, collector, Willamette, Oreg ...................................... . 8000
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla.................................................. \(\quad 2000\)
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla......................................... . . . . 29850
C. EL. Alley, shipping commissioner, Pascagonla, Miss .................... . . 19350
H. Armstrong, shipping commissioner, Nortolls, Va....................... . 3800
J. Babson, sbipping commissioner, Boston, Mass ..

5,14300
A. M. Bullock, shipping commissioner, Norfolk, Va

13150
J. Beckett, shipping comaissionor, Savannab, Ga

20650
H.Bash, shipping commissioner, Jort Townsend, Wash.................................... 1, 64300
T. A. Codd, shipping commissioner, New Bedford, Mass

12692
G. J. Hall, shipping commissioner, Brunswick, Ga

32850
H. L. Foyt, slipping commissioner, Portland, Oreg

21700
H. O. Eathaway, shipping commissioner, New Bedford, Mass............ 8700
F. C. Hamphers, shipping commissiouer, Pensacola, Fla

16925
W.L.James, shipping commissioner, Philadelphia, Pa.................... 1,07225
C. P. Knapp, shipping commissioner, Portland, Me

1,851 50
B. L. Nichols, shipping commissioner, Providence, R.I........................................ 12600
J. A. O'Bricn, slipping commissioner, Philadelphia, Pa

6,626 75
A.C. Penton, shipping commissioner, Wilmington, N. C

4685
J. L. Parkhurst, shipping commissioner, Georgetown, D.C

350
33400
J. Raw she mpine commissioner, Waldoborough, Me..................

P. Ravesees, shipping commissioner, Mobile, Ala
E. O. Sraith, shipping comaissioner, Bath, Me

47100
I. S. Stabbs, shipping commissioner, Portland, Orea
J. D. Stevenson, shipping conmissioner, San Francisco, Cal

4400
G. B. Stoddard, shipping commissioner, Charleston, S. C

15,17300
C. P. Upsbar, shipping commissioner, Astoria, Oreg

59750
William Wright, shipping commissioner. New Orleans, La
68200

FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEI'IURES-JUDICIARY.
A. R. Ayres, clerk, Washington Territory.................................... 2325
C. T. Acton, assistant troasmrer. Now York
3574
H. D. Andrews, clerk, western district Tennessee............................. \(\quad 53449\)
W. A. Allen, clerk, eastern district 'Jexas....... ............................. \(\quad 7189\)
A. E. Buck, clerk, northern district Georgia ................................................. 14257


N. C. Butler, clerk, district Indiana.................................................... \(\quad 50998\)
B. L. Benedict, clerk, Bastern district New Yorl: .............................. \(\quad 3500\)
E. Bill, clerk, northern district Obio
C. EI. Bill, deputy clerk, northern district Ohio..................................................... 26983
L. T. Baxter, clerk, middle district Teunessee. ................................ . . . . 47457
C. T. Barry, clerk, castern distaict Virginia.
47457
3558
W. H. Bliss, attorney, eastern district Missouri
1000
W. Bird, Ibdian agent
6317

S. C. McCaudless, clerk, western district Pennsylvania........................................... \(75 \quad 58\)
A. J. Crane, late collector internal revenue, 3d district Vermont....... 1981
W. W. Ohapman.............................................................................. 300 . 00
Cit y National Bank............................................................................................... 50000
J. H. Clark, clerk, eastern district Missouri............................................... \(\quad 58\)
M. B. Converse, alerk, sonthern district Illinois.............................. \(\quad 91106\)
H. C. Cowles, clerk, westorn district North Carclina
91166
2061
B. R. Cowen, clers, southero district Ohio
85972

Carried forward
9, \(82698303,777,04588\)

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the U.TITED STATES, \&c-Continued.}

\section*{FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES-JUDICIARY-Continued.}
Brought forward
E. R Campbell, clerk, midde district Tennessee
J. W. Chew, clerk, district.Marylaud
D. J. Davison, clerk, eastern district Michigan\$9, \(82698 \$ 303,777,64583\)141531845450153500
E. S. Dundy, jr., clerk, district Nobraska975
J. W. Dimmick, marshal, district alabam5000
A. H. Davis, clerk, district Maine ..... 15000
F. N. Dow, collector of customs, Portland, Me ..... 47500
E. G, Edgarton, clerk, district Dakota ..... 35000
J. B. Euhardt, marshal, southern district New York ..... 19065
M. Ervin, clerk, southern distr:ct Gcorgia ..... 7440
B. W. Etheridge clork, western district Tennessee ..... 12930
J. E. Finks, clerk, northeru district Texas51860
R. L. Goodrich, cletk, eastern district Arkansas ..... 19664
T. Grithith, clerk, southern district New York ..... 197921000H. C. Geisburg, clerk, western district Missouri
12500
C. B. Germain, clerk, northern district New York ..... 25456
6000
G. R. Hill, clerk, northern district Mississippi
C. H. Hill, clerLs, districe Massachusetts ..... 54350
II. M. Hinsdell, clerk, western district Michigan
II. M. Hinsdell, clerk, western district Michigan
. Hortman, clerk, district Cahifornia50500
A. R. Humes, clerk eastern district Tonuessee ..... 3777
C. B. Hinsdell, clerk, western district Michigan ..... 71.30\(\stackrel{\text { W. C. Howard, clerk, southern district Ohio }}{ }\)98820
J. Hall, marsbal, western district Peunsylvania ..... 29659
A. Hobbs, clerk, Dorthern district Iowa ..... 32000171543502500T. W. Hunt, marshal, southern district MiesissippiG. W. Tngalls, Indian ageat250
C. S. Jeffard, clerk, district Arizona
16773
W. H. King, clerk, soathern district Georgia
75275
75275
E O Locke clerk, southem district Florid ..... 539697240
H. K. Love, elerk, sonthern district Iowa
R. II Lamson, olerk, ristrict Oregon7240
E. S. Lincoln, clerk, eastern district Pennsylvania ..... 1, 59207
R. B Leman, clork, northern district New Xork484550000
E. E. Marven, clerk, district Conoecticut57
N. C. Morgan, clerk, district Daliota
S. C. McCandless, clerk, western district Pennsylvania
. McGnire, late lcceiver pablic moneys, Monroe, La.73723600
A. McGehon, clerir, district Mississippi53455
A. Mecine. Solicitor of the Treasury65
C. McMichacl, marshal, District of Columbia ..... 8575
A. W. McCullough, clers, northern district Alabama ..... 5338
C. H. Monvison, luto receiver publio roneys, Monroe, La ..... 13680
H.S. Neal, Solicitor of the Treasury5292
E. S. Nicolls, late reccirer public moneys, Independence, Kans ..... 16544
3575
J. C. Orr, late collector internal revenuo, district West Virginia ..... 5825
R. G. O'Brien, clerk, district Washington Territory ..... 31406R. M. Prate, Iudian agent10455
J. W. Payne, clerk, westcru district North Carolina ..... 9625
E. lioot, attomes, southern district New York ..... 56262
J C. Reed, elork, western district North Carolina ..... 4705
N. J. Riddick, clerk. eastern district, North Carolina. ..... 14170
L. Ruggles, late receiver public moneys, Florence, A riz ..... 6000 ..... 0
B. B. Smallor, clerk, district Vermont1.98171583
1, 81402
W. A. Spencer, clerk, district Mínnesota
1,233 65
J. Sonvey, clerk, district Washington Territory
3, 46556
3, 46556
J. G. Stetson, clerk, district Massachusetts ..... 58470
E. M. Seabroot, clerk, listrict Sonth Carolina ..... 500
E. R. Smith, clerk, district New Hexico ..... 1750
W. A. Sayler, late collector internal revenue, second district Texas ..... 1895
G. P. Sanger, attorney, district Massachnsetts. ..... 40000
L. Schmidt, clerk, western distriet Missouri ..... 51225
Secretary of the Treasury ..... 19425
W. A. Sberman, lite recciver of public moneys, Augusta, Kans ..... 3600
W.E. Singleton, clerk, eastern district Texas4790
D. C. Iuttle, late receiver of poblic moneys, Camdan, Ark ..... 1650L. Saturn, ludian agent,4710
4880
J. Varnaw, late receirer of public nooners, Gainespille, Fla ..... 4880
arec, cern born district ..... , 36430
Willian Whiting, Indian asent
4620
J. C. \({ }^{2}\) ilson, clerk, district Kansas
P. Walter, clerk, northern district Florida

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNLTED STATES, fo.-Continued.}

\title{
Bronght forward
}
\(\$ 303,813,37967\)
TROM EMOLUMENT FEES-JUDICIARY.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline N. P. Banks, marshal, district Massachusetts & 54600 & \\
\hline Thomas Boles, marshal, western district 4 rlsansas & 3, 08076 & \\
\hline S. Bell, clerk, eastern district Pennsylvania & 2,942 66 & \\
\hline L. 'T. Baxter, clerk, midide district 'iennessee & 1444 & \\
\hline W.S. Doolitile, clerls, northern district New York & 10067 & \\
\hline W.P. Fishback, clert, district Iudiana & 80000 & \\
\hline E. D. Frank, clerE, district Nebraska & 1, 06131 & \\
\hline T. Grifith, elerk, southern district New York & 41638 & \\
\hline E. D..titmble, clerk, western district Pennsylvania & 4450 & \\
\hline H. C. Geisburg. clerls. western district Missouri & 48257 & \\
\hline J. Hill, marshal, northern district Peonsylvania & 10,468 01 & \\
\hline O. B. Eillis, clerk, district Minnesota & 45044 & \\
\hline E. S. Kearney, late marshal, district Oregon & 2, 11447 & \\
\hline S. II. Ljman, clerk, southero district New York & 5,585 83 & \\
\hline J. F. Luwis, late marshal, western district Virginia & 5,456 54 & \\
\hline C. S. Lincoln, clerk, eastern district Peansylvania & 1,11194 & \\
\hline J. H. McKenner, clerls, Supreme Court United States & 2, 57449 & \\
\hline H. E. Maun, late clerk, district Minnesota & 60591 & \\
\hline S. W.Milton, attorncy clerk, South Carolina. & 15938 & \\
\hline C. D. MacDougall marshal, yorthern district New Yor & 1,813 59 & \\
\hline R. J. Meigs, attorney, eastern district Tempesseo.. & 58003. & \\
\hline J. M. Meek, attorney, eastern district Tenuesseo & 98806 & \\
\hline C. MeMichat, marshal, District of Columbia & 2,432 26 & \\
\hline M. M. Price, collector, castern district Missour & 6585 & \\
\hline W. Robbins, late eollector, northern distriet New York & 11,728 76 & \\
\hline D. B. Russell, marshal, easturn district Arkansas & 1302 & \\
\hline 3. J. Spooner, marshal, district Indiana & 1,985 70 & \\
\hline P. J. Stroback, late marshal, southern district Alabam & 1,389 10 & \\
\hline A. P. Selby, clerk, eastern district Missouri & 24806 & \\
\hline W. H. Smith, attornoy, northern clistrict Alab & - 25600 & \\
\hline L. S. B. Sawyer, clerk, district California & 2,04263 & 61,568 36 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FROM PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Treasury Department .......................................................................30,878 50}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline Quartermaster-General's Of & 125,682 39 \\
\hline Medical & 3,643 16 \\
\hline Subsistence & 945 \\
\hline Ordnance & 13,455 39 \\
\hline Adjutant-General's & 12411 \\
\hline Signal Service & 27855 \\
\hline Military Prison & 21100 \\
\hline Military Academy & 2,087 69 \\
\hline War Department & 1,811 07 \\
\hline Engincer's Office & 6,878 50 \\
\hline Louisville and Portland Ca & 4100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Navy Department:} \\
\hline Yards and Docks & 7,039 41 \\
\hline Construction and Repair & 17,767 54 \\
\hline Provisions and Clotling. & 18,520 72 \\
\hline Mcdicine and Surgery. & \\
\hline Equipment and Recruiting & 29, 86557 \\
\hline - Navigatioñ. & . 70797 \\
\hline Steam Engineering & 14, 84477 \\
\hline Marine & 65317 \\
\hline Navy Department, Civil & 81986 \\
\hline Arclic Expedition...... & 4301 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Miscellanenus:} \\
\hline Senate. & 92993 \\
\hline House of Representative & 181.31 \\
\hline - Public Printer..... & 10,902 33 \\
\hline Executivo Offee & 10, 530 \\
\hline Stato Department & 3,229 96 \\
\hline Department of Agriculture & 1,754 99 \\
\hline Department of Justice. & - 80807 \\
\hline Department of the Interior & 9,600 87 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Fees on letters paten & & 1,055, 69760 \\
\hline Tax on circulation, \&c., national banks & & 2, 914, 222 2: \\
\hline Deposit on account survering public lands & & 594, 41434 \\
\hline Mileage of esaminers..... & & 1,127 70 \\
\hline Salcs of ordnance materials. War Department & 119, 01481 & \\
\hline Sules of powder account, War Department & 7600 & \\
\hline Sales of ordnance meterials, Nary Department & 2,643 58 & \\
\hline Salcs of coudewned haral vessels, Navy Department & 55, 54180 & . \\
\hline Stles of smallatms, Navy Department. & 23162 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \(\mathscr{S}\).-Continued.}

\section*{FROM 'MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES-Continued.}

Brought forward
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Depredations on public lands*..} \\
\hline Soldiers' Home permanent fund & \\
\hline Profits on coinage & 659, 07409 \\
\hline Profits on standard silver dollars & \(5,329,12099\) \\
\hline Deductions on bullion deposits & 58,964 77 \\
\hline Assays, \&c., of ores. & 4,125 11 \\
\hline United States note & 84, 493, 15300 \\
\hline Certificates of deposit & 56, 565, 00000 \\
\hline Silver certificates. & 41, 080, 00000 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907 & 58,150 00 \\
\hline Gold certificatos & 63,000,000.00 \\
\hline Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company & 47, 52136 \\
\hline Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Comp & 57,345 21 \\
\hline Central Pacific Railroad Company & \\
\hline Kansas Pacific Railway Company & 229,002 63 \\
\hline Reimbursement of interest, Union Pacific Railway Company & 924,634 50 \\
\hline Sinking fund, Union Pacific Railway Compan & 2, 086, 76740 \\
\hline Reimbursement of interest, Central Pacific Railway Compan & 349, 48923 \\
\hline Sinking fund, Central Pacific Railway Company & 389,940 38 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\$ 308,920,79980\)
29,319 21
333, 73505
\(6,051,284.96\)
\(245,196,30300\)

4,084, 77936
\(1,343,51506\)
1, 771, 67193
143,95243
2,117 73
8,310 86
31507
2, 92409 45976
66, 80438
10, 10769

Reimbursement by national-banks redemption agency :
Salaries, office Treasurer, 1884
35, 89687
Salaries, office Treasarer, 1885.
38, 08539

. Salaries, office Comptroller of Currency, 1885
8, 34643
Contingent expenses, oftice Treasurer, 1884
72,469 86

Reimbursement account, salaries officers internal revenue, 1885
2,293 90
Tax on seal-skins
Proceeds of property devised by John Gardner, deceased
Amount received from Charles H. Bartbe; account traudulent vonchers
Water and ground rent, Hot Springs Reservation .................................................... 25
Sales, Hot Springs Reservation lands
1,905 60

\section*{Sale of Holmead Cemetery, District of Columbia \\ Sale of Georgetown fish wbarf, District of Columbia}

4,996.85

Interest on deposits with Selioman Bros.
1,000 00
Interest on toposits with Solggan Bros.
1,66005
17,99258
Claim of S . \(A\). Belden \& Co
2, 61082
Navy pension fand
5504
Premium on coin
4524
Interest on Nasb ville and Cbattanooga Railroad bonds
20,000 00



\section*{Carried forward}

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fc.-Continned.

\section*{FROM MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES-Contimued.}

Conscience fund . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4 . 600 93
Passport fees . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 26 . 948 52
Unexpended receipts nuilitary telegraph lines............................................................................................................... 84279
Copsing fees, General Land Ofince
Copyright fees
8,783 54
15,50000
Furfeitures by contractors
1,135 85
Miscellaneous items
2,151 03
Interest on delots dne United States
Rent of public buildings
2,829 37
Work done in public shops
14, 60517

Payment an account railway matcrial, \&co
5, 84093
Salo of property, internal-revenue laws
1, 71106
Pent of property, internal-revenue laws
\(+25767\)
Procceds of property, section 3749 R. S
Fees for in specting gas and meters
Indian moneys proceeds of lauor.
3,032 68
30400
proceeds of la
12, 09579
Copying fees, Stato Departmen
26500
Reticmption of property, act June 8,1872
\(51 \quad 28\)
Amount paid by Northern Pacific Railroad Company, \&o......................................................................................... 1600.00
Rebate of interest..:........................................................ 100
05
00
Revenues from Yellowstone Park
6400
Premium on drafts
81662

Cost of printing records, Supreme Court oases
1,000 00
Proceeds, captured and abandoned property
Chinese indemanity fund
151, 97086
6000
Total receipts
\(668,887,00938\)

STATEMENT exhibitiag the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED.June 30, 1884, and of the APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDI \(T U R E S\), and the AMOUNTS CARRIED to the SURPL US FUND during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, together with the UNEXPENDED \(B A L A N C E S\) on June 30,1885 , which are to be accounted for in ihe next annual statement.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Paymedts dur & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline & & Vol. & Page or section. & July 1, 1884. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ing June } 30, \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { the fiscal year } \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & ending June 30, 1885. & year euding
June 30, 1885. & surpins fund
June \(30,1885\). & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { tions June } \\
\mathbf{3 0}, 1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline THEASURT. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries and mileage of Senators & 1883 & & & \$1, 62794 & & & \$1,627 94 & & \$1, 62794 & \\
\hline Do .......................... & 1884 & & & 3,341 50 & & \$0 10 & 3,34160 & & 1, 627 & \$3,341 60 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 160 & & \$413, 00000 & & 413, 00000 & \$413,000 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries of officers and employes of Senate & 1883 & & & 4, 12978 & & & 4,129 78 & & 4,12978 & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & 23 & 249, 225 & 4,552 14 & 26953
37800 & & 4,82167
274,528 & 271 \(\begin{array}{r}41353 \\ 909\end{array}\) & & 4,408 14 \\
\hline Contmgentexpenses of Senate, clerks to com. & 1885 & 23 & 160,467 & & 274, 37800 & 15034 & 274, 52834 & 271,909 91 & & 2,618 43 \\
\hline vittees, and pages & 1883 & & & 3,195 40 & & & 3, 19540 & & 3,195 40 & \\
\hline Do.......................... & 1884 & 23 & 16249 & & 27, 66600 & 2, 80800 & 30,474 00 & 27, 66600 & & 2, 80800 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 162,468 & & 30,852 00 & 2,458 00 & 33,310 00 & 25, 00000 & & 8,310 00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, Stationery and newspapers. & 1883 & 23 & 249 & & 14075 & & 14075 & 14075 & & \\
\hline Do ........................ . . . & 1884 & & & & & 35 & 35 & & & 35 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 162 & & 15,500 00 & & 15,500 00 & 15,500 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate. horses and wagons. & 1883 & & & 76629 & & & 76629 & & - 76629 & \\
\hline Wag Do............................................... & 1885 & 23 & 162,467 & 168 & 3,500 00 & & 3,500 00 & 3,50000 & - 760 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, fuel for heating apparatus.. & 1883 & & & 1768 & & & 1768 & & 1768 & \\
\hline  & 1884 & 23 & 249 & 1768 & 1,00000 & 195 & 1,001 95 & 38812 & 17 & 61383 \\
\hline Do ...................................... & 1885 & 23 & 164 & & 7,000 00 & & 7,000 00 & 7,000 00. & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, furniture and and repairs & 1883 & & & 13693 & & & 13693 & & 13693 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & - 249 & & 17,500 00 & 36148 & 1, 26148 & - 1,50400 & & 35748 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 164, 467 & & 17,000 00 & & 17, 00000 & - 17,000 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, packing boxes. & 1884
1885 & & & 10000 & & & 10000
770 & & & 1 10000 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 164 & & 77000 & & 77000 & 77000 & ............. & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, folding docu ments & 1884 & 23 & 249 & & 50000 & 135 & 50135 & 45600 & & 4535 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 164, 467 & & 6,000 00 & & 6,000 00 & 6,000 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, pay of folders. & 1883 & & & 1, 04035 & & & 1,040 35 & & 1,040 35 & . .............. \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, materials for folding. & 1885 & 23 & 164 & & 4,500 00 & & 4, 50000 & 4,50000 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of Senate, expenses of special and select committees. & 1883 & & & 23,789 90 & & & 23, 78990 & & 23, 78990 & \\
\hline Do ............ & 1884 & . 23 & 249, 468 & 333 & 15, 44400 & 4494 & 15,492 27 & 15,487.95 & 23,780 & 432 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Do
 items Do
Do
Do
Contingont expenses of Senate, salaries of Capitol police

Do
Contingent oxpenses of Senate, Capitol po lice contingent fund

Do
Contingent expenses of Senate, uniform for Capitol police
Reporting proceedings and debates.
Expenses of proparing and compiling Con gressional Directory
Postage, Senate
Do
Investigrtion of epidemic diseases.
Pavesent to Benj Durfee for compiling ......
iff statistics............................................
Paymont to clerk to Comnittee on Appropriations.
One month's extra pay to officers and em. ployés, Senate
One month's pay to discharged employés, Senate
Reimbursment to F. E. Shober, late Acting Secretary, Senato
Payment to Josepl Montgomery, laborer, Senate.
Payment to H. Colbath, messenger, Senate. Dedication of the Washington Monument. Heyl's United States Duties on Imports.
Conveying rotes of election for President and Vicè-President
Paynent to J.P. Voorhees, H. G. Williams, and C. B. Lapham
Payment to C. H. Hitchcock, messenger, Senato
Payment to T. W. Manchestor, messenger, Payment
Payment to Ross Brodhead, Senate
Payment to A. A. Johnson, Senate
Pasment to W. B. Clarke, Senate
Payment to T.B. Kelcher, Senate.

\section*{Carried forward.}
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
.. & \(\ldots\). \\
\(\ldots\) & \(\ldots .\). \\
... &...
\end{tabular}
.\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) \\
\(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\)
\end{tabular}\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\(\cdots\), \\
\(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\)
\end{tabular}
\(\qquad\)
\(\vdots\)
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
g & \(\ldots\) \\
. & \(\ldots\)
\end{tabular}
23
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{-Speciflo objects of appropriations.} & & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\(S\) tatutes.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Balances of ap propriations Suly 1, 1884.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Appropriatious for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Repayments mado daring the fiscal year 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Agsregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1885\). June \(30,188\).} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Amounts car ried to the surplus fund June \(30,1885\).} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Balances of appropria, tions June 30, 1885.} \\
\hline & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & . \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$59,867 39 & \$1, 055, 03180 & \$11,881 75 & \$1, 126, 78094 & \$1, 032, 41226 & \$34, 89993 & \$59, 46875 \\
\hline Payment to B. Hudnell, laborer, S & & 23 & 468 & & 15353 & & 15353 & & & 15353 \\
\hline Payment to W.P. Brownlow, Senate & & \(\stackrel{23}{23}\) & 468 & & 24000
515 & & \({ }^{240} 500\) & 240 515 & & \\
\hline Payment to G. F. Potter, employe, Senate.... & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline of Representatives. & 1882 & & & 8,385 17 & & & 8,385 17 & & 8,385 17 & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 20,285 76 & & & 20,285 76 & 17,069 56 & 3,216 20 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & & 70,003 69 & & 30 00 & 7 70,03369
1 & 69, 58669 & & 130 4547.00 \\
\hline Do , ........................ & 1885 & 23 & 162 & & 1,805,624 00 & 27485 & 1,805,808 85 & 1,675, 35351 & & 130,545 34 \\
\hline Representatives ...... & +1879 & & & 230 & & & 230 & & 230 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & & & 74617 & & & 74617 & & 74617 & \\
\hline & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & 23 & 250,226 & \(\begin{array}{r}4,853 \\ \mathbf{6}, 669 \\ \hline 14\end{array}\) & 56576 & 8,242 63 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,85398 \\
15,47753
\end{array}
\] & 56576 & 4,853 98 & 14,911 77 \\
\hline Do.................................. \(\{\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1884 \\
& 1885
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\} 23\) & 469 & & 1, 03170 & & 1,03170 & 1, 03170 & & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1885 & 23 ) & 226, 162, 469 & & 349,60175 & & 349,601 75 & 346, 78157 & & 2,820 18 \\
\hline Do.................................. \(\{\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1886
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\} 23\) & 469, 392, 512 & & 12,473 21 & & 12,473. 21 & 4,000 00 & & 8,473 21 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, stationery and newspapers, Bouse of Representatives & 1882 & & & 73156 & & & 73156 & & 73156 & \\
\hline Do.................................... \(\{\) & 18883 & \(\} 23\) & 469 & & 24950 & & 24950 & 24950 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 31889 & & & 31889 & & 31889 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 251, 469 & & 1,37500 & 94054 & 2,315 54 & & & 2,315 54 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 165, 468 & & 48,500 00 & 12392 & 48,623 92 & 47,800 00 & & 82392 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, furnature and repairs House of Representatives & 1882 & & & 1,31590 & & & 1,315 90 & & 1,315 90 & \\
\hline Do........ & 1883 & & & 2, 77768 & & & 2,777 68. & & 2, 77768 & \\
\hline Do... & 1888 & & & & & 22668 & 220668 & & & 226 c8 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, fael for hcating ap- & & & 164 & & , 000 & & 10,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline paratus, House of Representatives ....... & 1883 & & & 19853 & & & 19853 & & 19853 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, material for folding & 1885 & 23 & 164 & & 7,000 00 & & 7,000 00 & 7,000 00 & & \\
\hline House of Representatives .................. & 1883 & & & 29133 & & & 29133 & & 29133 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 250 \\
& 164
\end{aligned}
\] & & - \(\begin{array}{r}4,500 \\ 16,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}4,500 \\ 16,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 1, 48981 & & 3, 01219 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Contingent ex́penses, miscellaneous items, House of Representatives

Do
Do
Do
Contingent expenses, packing boxes, House of Representative
Contingent expenses, cartage, House of Representatives
Contingent expenses, salaries of Capitol police, House of Representatives.

Do.
Dontingent expenses, Capitol police contingent fund, House of Representatives ...
Contingent expenses, uniforms Capitol police, Honse of Representatires............. Contingent expenses, postage, House of Representatives ....................................... demic diseases Honse of Representatives One month's extra pay to officers and employes ............................................................... Payment for contesting seats in Congres Parment to H. H. Smith, journal elerk, House
 Pryment to J.J. McElhone, reporter, House of Representatives
Payment to J.M.Carson, Hoase of Representatives
Payment to C. W. De Kinght, page, Honse of Representatives
Payment to A. Vangender, House of Representatives
Payment to George McNeir, acting postmaster, House of Representatives
Payment to F. Galt, assistans journal clerk, House of Representatives
Payment to C. W. Perlins, vatchman, Honse Pavpent to I B Coo
Payment to L. B. Cook, assistant engineer, Parment to A. H. Pickens, page, House of Representatives Picken, page, Howse of Payment to C. Corter, House of Representatives.

\section*{Carried forward}
\(\ldots\)
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STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1884, f'c.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \(\frac{\text { Vol. }}{}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or sec tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap propriations July \(1,1884\). & Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing dune 30 , 1885. & Repayments madeduring the fescal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June \(30,1885\). & Payments dur. ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropria. tions June 30, 1885. \\
\hline , Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \(\because\) \\
\hline Brought forward .............. & & & & \$201, 24460 & \$3, 546,891 69 & \$33,846 94 & \$3,781, 623 23 & \$3,470,948 70 & \$64, 56124 & \$246,113 29 \\
\hline Payment to C. H. Evans, House of Representatives & & 23 & 226,460 & & 2,114 30 & & 2, 11430 & 2, 11430 & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of J. W. Shackelford, Hoase of Representatives & & & & 73029 & & & 73029 & 2,114 & & . 73029 \\
\hline Payment to Hon. M. E. Catts, House of Representatives & & & & 7,652 38 & & & 7,652 38 & 7,652 38 & & . ,730 29 \\
\hline Paymient to F. C. Peck, House of Representatives & & 23 & 470 & 7,652 38 & 20000. & & 20000 & 7,652
20000 & & \\
\hline Payment to assistant index clerk, House of Representatives & & 23 & 250 & & 36000 & & 36300 & 36000 & & \\
\hline Payment to T. C.Courts, committee clerk, House of Representatives & & 23 & 512 & & 20000 & & \({ }^{3} 20000\) & 20000 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Pavment to W. II. Smith, assistant in library, \\
House of Representatires
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 512 & & 65000 & 7466 & 72466 & 65000 & & 7466 \\
\hline Pavment to G. W. Bauman, assistant fle clerk, House of Representatives & & 23 & 469 & & 10800 & & 10800 & 10800 & & 7466 \\
\hline Reimbursement to N. A: Fuller, late cashier, Houso of Representatives & & 23 & 512 & & 165.00 & & 165.00 & 16500 & & \\
\hline Papment to widow of Hon. J. H. Evins, House of Representatives & & 23 & 469 & & 1,850 27 & & 1,850 27 & 1,850 27 & & - \\
\hline Pafment to widow of Hon. W. A. Duncan, House of Representatives & & 23 & 469 & & 1,516 30 & & 1,550 216 & 1,85027
1,51630 & & \\
\hline Payment to Henry Dunlap, House of Repre. sentatives & & 23 & . 469 & & 1,51630
50000 & & 1,51630
50000 & 1,51630
50000 & & \\
\hline Payment to W.H. Alen, assistant committee clerk, House of Representatives & & 23 & 470 & & 40000 & & 40000 & 40000 & & \\
\hline Select Committee on Steol-Producing Works, House of Representatives. & & 23 & 470 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Salary of the President................ & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 50,000 00 & & 50, 00000 & 50, 00000 & & \\
\hline Salary of the Vice-Presidont & 1883 & & & 5,000 00 & 50,00 & & 5, 00000 & 50, & 5,000 00 & \\
\hline Do. : & 1884 & & & 5,000 00 & & & 5,000 00 & & , 000 & 5,00000 \\
\hline Do ......... & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 8,000 00 & & 8,00000 & 4,638 93 & & 3,361 07 \\
\hline Salaries. Execntive Office & 1883 & & & 1,102 90 & & & 1, 10296 & & 1,102 96 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 1,200 00 & J. 20000 & & & 1, 20000 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, İ............. & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 36,064 00 & & 36,06400
406 & 36, 06400 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Lxecutive & 1883 & & & 406 & & 304. & \begin{tabular}{l}
406 \\
304 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & 406 & 304 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 8,00000 & & 8.00000 & 8, 00000 & & \\
\hline Proventing the spread of epidemic diseases. & & 23 & 496 & 88,426 03 & 300,000 00 & 1. 27765 & 389,703 68 & 52. \(105{ }^{\prime} 95\) & & 337, 59773 \\
\hline for FRAS.ER & & & & & & - & & & & \\
\hline er.stlouisfed.org/ & & & & & & & & & & - \\
\hline Reserve Baink of St. Louis & & & & - & & & & & & \(\cdot\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Promotisis thecfficiency of the ci & & & & 29, 20470 & & & 29, 20470 & & & & 29, 20470 & \\
\hline Salarics, Civil Servico iommission & 1883 & & & 1,378 40 & & & 1,378 40 & & 1,378 40 & & & \\
\hline Do...... & 1884 & & & & & 3080 & 3080 & & & & 3080 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 19, 14000 & & 19:140 00 & 19,068 25 & & & 7175 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Ciril Service Commission.. & 1885 & 23 & J66 & & 3,000 00 & 1.50 & 3,001 50 & 2,388 94 & & & 61256 & \\
\hline Trareling and incidental expenses, Civil Service Commission & 1883 & & & 5,525 50 & & & 5,525 50 & & 5,525 50 & & & \\
\hline Trareling espenses, Civil Scrvice Commission & 1884 & & & & & 1,720 58 & 1,720 58 & & & & 1,720 58 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 166 & & 4,000 00 & 1,322 62 & 5,322 62 & 4,000 00 & & & 1,322 62 & \\
\hline Salaries, office Publie Printor & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & - 15,30000 & & 15, 30000 & 15, 30000 & & & & \\
\hline Contingent oxpenses, offce Jrublic Printer . & 1883 & & & 205 & & 65 & 1, 273 & 270
128 & & & & \\
\hline * Lio ....... .... .............. & 1884 & & & ], 00000 & & & 1, 000000 & 12816 & & & 87184 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 3,000 00 & & 3, 00000 & 2,000 00 & & & 1, 00000 & \\
\hline Repains of Government Printing Office. & 1884 & & & 13983 & & & 13983 & 469 & & & 13514 & \\
\hline Publication of the rentb Census meport. & & & & 245, 58927 & & & 245, 58927 & 98, 98979 & & & 146,599 48 & \\
\hline Printing Annual Jeport of Commissioner of Agriculture & 1881 & & & 40,070 90 & & & 40, 07090 & & & & 40,070 90 & \\
\hline Do............... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1882 & 23 & 277 & , 070 & 200,000 00 & & 20000000 & 126,375 74 & & & 73, 62426 & \\
\hline D. & 1883 & & & 127, 77285 & & & 127, 77285 & 7,074 92 & & & 120,697 93 & \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & . 520,521 & & 200, 00000 & ......... & 200, 00000 & & & & 200, 00000 & \\
\hline Publication of information in aid of Societies of the Rea Cross & & & - & 4379 & & & 4379 & & & & 4379 & 1080 \\
\hline Printing report of Committee on Transportation Koutes to the Seaboard. & & & & 1,120 78 & ............... & & 1,120 78 & & & & 1,120 78 & \(\xrightarrow{2}\) \\
\hline Remoral and storage of certain material, Govermment Printirg Office & & 23 & 513 & 2. 00000 & 3,000 00 & & 5,00000 & 3,400 00 & & & 1,600 00 & - \\
\hline Printing and binding tirst and second volnues of the Catalogre Library SurgeonGeneral's Office & & & & 2,628 95 & 3,0000 & & 2,028 95 & 3, & & & 2,628 95 & [100 \\
\hline Printing aud binding third rolume of the Catalogue Library Surgeoi-General's Oftice & & & & 8065 & & & 8065 & & & & 8065 & \\
\hline Public printing and biuding . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1878 & & & 1933 & & & 1933 & & & & 1933 & \\
\hline Io. & 1882 & & & 61,85416 & & & 61, 85416 & 2960 & 61, 82456 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 34, 39070 & & 54520 & 34, 93590 & 10, 10284 & 24, 83306 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 296,876 75 & & 23,935 04 & 320, 81179 & 284, 89880 & & & 35,912 99 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 227, 467, 514 & 30, 00000 & 2,312, 66000 & 71,570 54 & 2,414, 23054 & 2, 103, 11927 & & & 311, 11127 & \\
\hline Printing Annual Report Bureau of Animal Jadustry & 1885 & 23 & 520 & & 25,827 60 & & 25,827 60 & & & & 25,827 60 & \\
\hline Salaries, Lıbrary of Congress & 1882** & & & & & 1248 & 135 43 & & & & 1243 & \\
\hline Do................. & 1884 & & & & & 45.62 & 4562 & & & & 4562 & \\
\hline  & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 38, 32000 & & 38,32000 & 36, 00000 & & & 2,320 00 & \\
\hline Increase, Library of Congress............... & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Library of Congress.. & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,50000 & 1,500 00 & & & & \\
\hline Works of art for the Capitol, Library of Congress & & 23 & 125 & 2,000 00 & 12,000 00 & & 14, 00000 & 8,000 00 & & & 6, 00000 & \\
\hline Furniture, Library of Congress & & & & & & 72840 & 72840 & & & & 72840 & \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 1,190,858 93 & 6, 812, 26716 & 135,955 67 & 8, 139,081 76 & 6, 377,35753 & 164,229 78 & & 1,597,494 45 & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline . & & & & * And pr & rior years. & & & & & & & \(\infty\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & & \begin{tabular}{l}
Appropria. \\
Appropra.
\end{tabular} & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline , Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec
tion. & propriations July 1, 1884. & fiscal Fear end
ing June 30, 1885. & made during
the fiscal year
1865. & the fiscal year ending June 30. 1885. & ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the surplus fund Jane 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
appropria. \\
tions June, 30, 1885:
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Portraits of the Presidents, Lib & & & & \$1,190, 85893 & \$6, 812, 26716 & \$135,955 67 & \$8, 139, 08176 & \$6, 377, 35753 & \$164, 22978 & \$1, 597, 49445 \\
\hline Portraits of the Presidents, Library of Congress & & & & & & 450 & 450 & & & 450 \\
\hline Payment to J.B. Fay for services, Library of Congress & & 23 & 226 & & 31344 & & 31344 & 31344 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Botanic Garden. & 1881* & 23 & 254 & & 452 & & 452 & & & 452 \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & & 02 & & 02 & \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & & & & & 05 & 05 & & & 05 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 11, 70000 & & 11.700.00 & 11,700 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Botanic Garden & 1883 & & & & & 04 & 7, 04 & & 04 & \\
\hline Do...................... & 1885 & 23 & 165 & & 7, 50000 & & 7,500 00 & 7,500 00 & & \\
\hline Improving buildings, Botanic Gar Do & 1883 & 23 & 165 & & 4,600 00 & 34 & & 3,000 00 & 34 & 600 00 \\
\hline Salaries, judges Court of Cla & 1883 & & & 2,115 49 & 4,60 & & 2,115 49 & 3,00 0 & 2,115 49 & , 60000 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 40351 & & & 40351 & & & 40351 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 29,840 00 & & 29,840 00 & 29,390 00 & & 45000 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Court of Claims & 1883 & & & 8078 & & & - 8078 & & 8078 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Court of Claims & 1885 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & & & 3, 00000 & & 3,000 00 & 3,000 00 & & \\
\hline Reporting decisions Conrt of Claims... & 1885 & 23 & 240, 241, 452 & 4,453 22 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ 495,698 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 1,00000
500,15192 & 1,00000
475,27289 & & 4,879 03 \\
\hline Salaries, office Secretary of the Treasury & 1883 & & & & & 7,050 40 & 7,056 40 & & 7,05640 & \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Do }}^{\text {Do. }}\) & 1884 & & & & & 40 & 40 & & & 40 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\] & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 167,448 & & \(\begin{array}{r}2,550 \\ 494 \\ \hline 14760\end{array}\) & & 2,550 00 & 2,550 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, & 1883 & 23 & 167, 448 & & 494, 14766 & 15117 & 494, 14766 & 491, 00000 & & 3,14768 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 168 & & 19,420 00 & & 19,420 00 & 19,40000 & & 2000 \\
\hline Salaries, Secret Serrice Division & 1883 & & & 24787 & & & 24787 & & 24787 & \\
\hline Do................... & 1885 & 23 & 171, 276 & & 12,980 00 & & 12, 980 00 & 12,980 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Supervising Surgeon-General Marine Hospital Service & 1883 & & & & & 3520 & & & 3520 & \\
\hline Do..................... & 1885 & R.S. & 3689 & & †27,600 00 & & 27, 60000 & 27, 600.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Inspector-General Steamboat Iospection Service & 1883 & & & 16767 & & 96743 & & & 1,135 10 & \\
\hline  & 1885 & R.S. & 3689 & & 10,300 00 & & 10,300 00 & 10,300 00 & 1,135 10 & \\
\hline  & 1883 & & & & & 1522 & 15 22 & & 1522 & ............ \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & 23 & 171 & 5,978 50 & 5,978 50 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
5,978 50 \\
5, 97850
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
5, 97850 \\
5,978 50
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline Contingeut expenses, office Standard Weights and Measures. & 1884 & & & 1,200 00 & 5,58 5 & 568 & 1,205 68 & 1,200 00 & & 68 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{gitized for FRAȘER}
tp://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do.: & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 1,600 00 & & 1,600 00 & 1,000 00 & & 60000 \\
\hline Salaries, office First Compt
Do................ & 1888 & & & 2,023 70 & & 25400 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,023 \\
250 \\
254 \\
\hline 00
\end{array}
\] & & 02370 & 25400 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 168 & & 83,020 00 & 254 & 83,020 00 & 83,02000 & & 25400 \\
\hline Salaries, office Second Comptroller & 1883 & & & 2,969 35 & & & 2, 96935 & 83,020 0 & 2,969 35 & \\
\hline Do............ & 1884 & & & & & 11084 & 11084 & & & 11084 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 168 & & 117,320 00 & & 117, 32000 & 117, 32000 & & \\
\hline Additional clerks, adjusting accounts of Soldier's' Home & & 23 & 168 & & 10,000 00 & 87701 & 10,877 01 & 10,500 00 & & 37701 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Customs .... & 1883 & & & 46795 & & & 46795 & & 46795 & \\
\hline Do................................ & 1884 & & & & & 41707 & 41707 & & & 41707 \\
\hline Salaries, of & 1883 & 23 & 168 & 44144 & 51,630 00 & & 51, 63000 & 5163000 & 44144 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & & & 39875 & 39875 & & & 39875 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 168 & & 88,810 00 & & 88,81000 & 88,810 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office S & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1883 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 11, 20874 & & & 11, 20374 & & 11, 20874 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do... } \\
& \text { Do.. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1884 \\
& 1885
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 169 & & 270,490 00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,23933 \\
89337
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,23933 \\
271,383
\end{array}
\] & 268,500 00 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
1,23933 \\
2,883 \\
\hline 17
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Salaries, office Third Auditor & 1883 & & & 9,968 62 & 20,40 & & 9,968 \({ }^{2} \mathbf{1} 2\) & 268, 5000 & 9,96862 & \\
\hline Do & 1888 & & & & & 76889 & 76889 & & & 76889 \\
\hline Additionalcompensation,ofticeThirdAudito & 1885 & 23
23 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 169 \\
& 448
\end{aligned}
\] & & 228,410
7,832
81 & 3,721 75 & 228,410
11,504
56 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
228,41000 \\
7.83281
\end{array}
\] & & 72175 \\
\hline Salaries, office Fourth Auditor . & 1883 & & & 21127 & & 3, & 1, 21127 & & 21127 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 169 & & & 63544 & 63544 & & & 635.44 \\
\hline Salaries, office Fifth Auditor & 1883 & & & 2,59613 & 69,39000 & & 69,390
2,59613 & 69,390 00 & 2,596 13 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 53132 & \({ }^{2} 53132\) & & , & 53132 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 169 & & 47, 61000 & & 47,61000 & 47,01000 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Sixth Audi & 1883 & & & 6,728 82 & & & 6, 72882 & & 6,728 82 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 169 & & 462,990 00 & 1,317 21 & 1,31751
462,9900 & 460,00000 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
1,317 \\
2,990 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Salaries, office Treasur & 1883 & & & 2,94596 & & & 2, 94596 & 400,00 0 & 2,94596 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & & & 2,563 20 & 2,563 20 & & & 2,563 20 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 169 & & 275, 00000 & & 275,000 00 & 270, 00000 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Treasurer (national currency reimbursable) & 1883 & & & 3,359 21 & & & 3,359 21 & & 3,359 21 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & & & 20069 & 20069 & & 3, & 20069 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow[\text { Dalaries, omid }]{ }\) & 1885 & 23 & 170 & & 81, 56000 & & 81, 56000 & 77, 50000 & & 4,060 00 \\
\hline Salaries, off Do.. & 1888 & & & 1, 21584 & & & 1, 21584 & & 1,215 84 & 1,619 13 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 170 & & 183,610 00 & 8327 & 183, 69327 & 179,50000 & & 1, 4,19318 \\
\hline Salaries, office Light-House B
Do................ & 1883 & & & 1,037 85 & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,03785 \\
76552
\end{array}
\] & & 1, 03785 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 170, 200 & & \(\ddagger 42,12000\) & & 42, 12000 & 42,120 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office
Revenne................................. & 1883 & & & 1,763 05 & & & & & & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 1,763 & & 2,76852 & 2.768 12 & & 1,763 05 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 172, 276 & & 294, 35657 & & 294, 35657 & 287,000 00 & & 7,356 57 \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 1,254, 05420 & 10, 254, 64936 & 161, 74755 & 1, 670,451 11 & 9,775, 663 67 & 222, 00546 & 1,672,781 98 \\
\hline * And prior years. & & his am & mount was tr & ransferred from & customs ledger. & & ,640 transferr & red from custom & as ledger. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & B & Appropriations for the & Reparments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amonnts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & propriations July 1, 1884. & fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885 & made during
the tiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885: & ing the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropitations :June 30. 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continned. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward.... & & & & \$1, 254, 05420 & \$10, 254, 64936 & \$161, 74755 & \$11, 670,451 11 & \$9,775, 66367 & \$222,005 46 & \$1,672, 78198 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Internal Revenue (reimbursable) & 1883 & & & 13557 & & & 13557 & & 13557 & \\
\hline Do............................... & 1884 & & & 3,400 60 & & & 3,400 00 & & & 3,40000 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 172, 276 & & 2,546 20 & & 2,546 20 & 2,500 00 & & 4620 \\
\hline Salaries, office Burean of Statistics & 1883 & & & 33415 & & & 33415 & & 33415 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 18674 & 18674 & & & 18674 \\
\hline Do................... & 1885 & 23 & 171 & & 50,500 00 & & 50, 50000 & 50,500 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office I, ife-Saving Service & 1883 & & & & & 52035 & 5 52035 & & 52035 & \\
\hline  & 1885 & 23 & 171, 276 & & 35, 20038 & & 35, 20038 & 34,900 00 & & 30038 \\
\hline Salaries, office Comptroller of the Currency & 1883 & & & 55799 & & 968.99 & \begin{tabular}{l}
557 \\
96899 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & 55799 & 00800 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 170 & & 108, 12000 & & 103, 12000 & 103, 12000 & & \\
\hline Salaries, ofticc Comptroller of the Currency (national curreney reimbursable) ............ & 1883 & & & 2744 & & & 2744 & & 2744 & . \({ }^{\prime}\) \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1884 & & & & & 25252 & 25952 & & & 25252 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 170 & & 16,820 00 & & 16,820 00 & 16, 82000 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Bureau of Navigation & 1885 & 23 & 448 & & 3,956 48 & & 3,956 48 & 3,856 48 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, stationery & 1883 & & & 10,795 80 & & & 10,795 80. & & 10,795 80 & \\
\hline  & 1884 & & & 4,346 88 & & 5,20814 & 9,555 02 & 3,86879 & 10,795 & 5,68623 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 35,00000 & 40,48793 & 75, 48793 & 71,131 94 & & 4,355 99 \\
\hline Postare, Treasury Departm & 1883 & & & 21, 15435 & & & 21, 15435 & & 21, 15435 & \\
\hline \(1{ }^{1}\) & 1884 & & & 1,311 77 & & & 1,311 77 & 56681 & & 74496 \\
\hline Do. & . 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 50000 & & 50000 & 1005 & & 48995 \\
\hline Postage to Postal Union conntries & 1883 & & & 1,380 00 & & & 1,38000 & & 1,380 00 & . .t.......... \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 1,500 00 & & & 1,500 00 & & & 1,50000 \\
\hline Do..................... & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 2, 00000 & & 2, 00000 & 1. 15500 & & 84500 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, file-holders and cases & 1884 & & & 2,500 00 & & & 2,500 00 & & & 2,500 00 \\
\hline Do...................... & 1885 & 23 & 173 & & 10,040 00 & & 10,000 00 & 8,00000 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, binding newspapers, \&c & 1883 & & & 150 & & 78003 & 78153 & & 78153 & \\
\hline Do............................. & 1884 & & & & & 57.50 & 5750 & \(\cdots 5500\) & & 250 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 2,500 00 & & 2,500 00 & 2,500 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, investigation of accounts and traveling ex- & & & & & & - & & & & \\
\hline & \(18 \varepsilon 3\) & & & & & 58374 & 58374 & & 58374 & \\
\hline , Do. & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 1,000 00 & 6242 & 1,062 42 & 1, 06242 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Speoific objects of appropriations. & Year. & & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatates. \\
Page or sec tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap. propriations, July 1, 1884. & Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Repayments \\
made curing \\
the fiscal \begin{tabular}{c} 
year \\
1885.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & Aggregate available for the inscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dur ing the fiscal. year ending
June 30,1885 June 30, 1885. & Amonnts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropria tions, Juae 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline . \({ }^{\text {d }}\) Broaght forward................. & & & & \$1, 319, 66511 & \$10,850, 26357 & \$227, 59172 & \$12, 397, 52040 & \$10, 246, 49481 & \$270, 22186 & \$1,880, 803 73 \\
\hline Plans for pablic building & 1882* & & & & & 16031 & \(\cdots 16031\) & & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 25 & & 35515 & 35540 & & 35540 & \\
\hline Do: & 1884 & & & 1,498 60 & & -1400 & 1,512 50 & 1, 40000 & & 11260 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 205 & & 2,500 00 & 1,048 91 & 3,54891 & 3,523 91 & & 2500 \\
\hline Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings. & 1882* & 23 & 476 & & 1,276 92 & 3,20866 & 4,485 58 & 1,276 92 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,20866 \\
& 3,090
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}3,920 \\ 10,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 3,920
10,000
10 & 8,36200 & \[
3 ; 920 \quad 52
\] & 1,638 00 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 205 & & 50,00000 & & 50,000 00 & 40, 00000 & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes.. & 1883 & & & 53881 & & & 53881 & 16000 & 37881 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 6,876 95 & & 1,428 01 & 8,304 96 & 6,287. 50 & & 2, 01746 \\
\hline Do .................................. & 1885 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 205 & & 60, 00000 & & 60,000 00 & 59,046 51 & & 95349 \\
\hline Lands and other property of the UnitedStates. & 1883 & 23
23 & 452 & & 1995
2695 & & 1985
2695 & 1990
2695 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 452 & 28500 & & 10651 & 39151 & 19695
+1662 & & 27489 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 206 & & 1,00000 & & 1,000 00 & 80038 & & 19962 \\
\hline Propagation of food-fish & 1881** & 23 & 255 & & 297 & & 297 & 297 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & 34481 & & & 34481 & & 34481 & \\
\hline & 1883 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 239, 450 & 10,321 67 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
66022 \\
10,22430
\end{array}
\] & 3,083 19 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
660 \\
23,620
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
66022 \\
22,281 \quad 24
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 205, 450 & 5,500 00 & 232, 88000 & & 238, 38000 & 223, 99095 & & 14,389 05 \\
\hline Steam vessels for food. & & 23 & 450 & & 3120 & & 3120 & 3120 & & \\
\hline Sailing vessels for food-fishes & & 23 & 494 & & 14,000 00 & & 14,000 00 & & & 14,00000 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, \&c., Boar & 1883 & & & 3, 07044 & & & 3, 07044 & & 3,070 44 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & \({ }_{452}^{452}\) & 84490 & \(\begin{array}{r}700 \\ 3600 \\ \hline 60\end{array}\) & & 1,54490 & 1,544 90 & & \\
\hline Do & & 23 & & 322,19692 & & & 1,
322,204
52 & 3,630 00 & & 32220452 \\
\hline Contingent exponses, Board of Health & 1883 & & & & & 33560 & -335 60 & & 33560 & \\
\hline Salaries, Bureau Engraving and Printin & 1883 & & & 1, 23080 & & & 1,230 80 & & 1, 23080 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 8415 & & & 8415 & & & 8415 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 171 & & 26, 13000 & & 26, 13000 & 24,980 90 & & 1,149 10 \\
\hline Extra compensation to discharged employes, Bureau Engraving and Printing . & & 23 & 255 & & 2600 & & 2600 & 2600 & & \\
\hline Labor and expenses, Bureau Engraving and & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Printing
Do & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1882^{4} \\
& 1883
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 450,470 & 13210 & 46934 & 5, 84303 & 46934
5,97513 & 23467
55586 & 5,419 27 & 23467 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 11,927 21 & & 12,45286 & 24,380 07 & 24, 370 74 & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 199, 450 & & 530, 70000 & 434,724 57 & 065 , 42457 & 945, 00000 & & 20,424 57 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Purchase, \&c., Louisville and Portland \\
Expel:ses, Smithsonian Institution ...
\end{tabular} & & R. \({ }^{18}\) & 3,680 & 23,165 69 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
83431 \\
42,18000
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24,000 \\
& 42,180 \\
& 00
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24,000 \\
& 42,180 \\
& \hline 18
\end{aligned}
\] & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Smitbsonian. Institution
Polaris Report, Smithsonian Institution
Reconstructing eastern portion Smithsonian Institution building
North American Ethnology, Smithsonian In stitution
Outstanding liabilities
Contingent expenses, national currency, re
inbursable, omice of Ireasure
Refunding taxes illegally collected
Refunding taxes illegally collected prior to July 1, 1882
Coinage standard silver dollars
Descriptive Catalogne of Government Pabii cations..
Salaries and expenses of special inspectors of forcign
Payment of anplus proceeds of lands sold Libiary, Treasury Department

Do
To promote.................................................. Payinent to Hartford and New York Trans portation Company for improving Connec ticut River.
Refunding national debt, 4 per cent
Refunding vational debt, 4 h per cen
Refunding national debt, 5 por cent
Monument to Baron DeKalb, at Annapolis Ma
Monument to Thomas Jefferson, at Monti cello, Via
Monament to mark the birthplace of George Washington
Monument at Washingtons headquarters at Newburgh, \(\mathbf{N}\). \(\mathbf{Y}\)
Monument to commemorate the Revolutionary battlo of Benningtou
Erection of a monumental columu at York town, Va.
Portrait of the late Benjamin D. Hil
Portrait of the late Thomas H. Herndon
Prtrait of tho late Godlove S. Orth
Portrait of the late H. B. Anthony
Portrait of the late William A. Duncan
e John F. Evins
tatuary and tablets at the Saratoga mon ment

\section*{Carried forward}



\footnotetext{
\(\dagger\) This amount transferred from war appropriation ledger
}


\section*{申igitized for FRंASER}
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/'

Final aid to the World's Industrial, \&C, Ex. position, New Orleans. La
ndustrial Exposition at Cincinnati, Ohio Sonthern Exposition at Lonisville, Ky...
Redemption of promissory note of late Republic of Texas
tatue of Joseply Henry
Payment to New York Horald for advertising Expenses under national quarantine.
Engraviug aud printing portrait of late \(\mathrm{D} . \mathrm{C}\). Haskell
Engraving and printing portrait of late Engraving of statue of Chief-Justice Marshali Payment to D. M. Burgess
Payment to \(\mathcal{J}\). V . Bargill
anceling and redeeming internal revenne stanins Compensation and expenses ou account of exchange of Government securities in London Payment to State of South Carolina, proceeds of loans..................................................... of clirect tax
Payment to State of Oregon, 15 per cent. of direct tax
Payment to State of Nevada, 15 per cent. of direct tax.......................................... Mass
Payment of judgments, costs, \&c., case Kil. ourn vs. Thompson

Expenses of inquiry respectiog food-fishes.
Fish-hatching establishment
Refund to evicted purchasers of roal estate under direct-tax laws.
International exchanges, Smithsonian Institution....... \(\cdot\)........................................... tution tution
Do........................... Baltimore...

\section*{Salaries, assistant treasurer, Boston.}

Do.

Carried forward

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or seo tion-
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropria.
tions for the
fiscal yoar end
ing \(J\) Jne 30,
1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Repayments } \\
& \text { made during } \\
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & Aggregate availaole for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal Juar ending & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries, assistant treasurer, Cincionati....... & & & & \$5,701, 14648 & \$18, 737, 65811 & \$1, 685, 99609 & \$26, 124, 80068 & \[
\$ 20,509,82431
\] & \$292, 01184 & \$5, 322, 96453 \\
\hline Salaries, assistant treasurer, New Yorls & 1883 & 23 & 174 & 1, 28897 & 15,960 00 & & 15,960
1,283
1,27 & & 1,283 97 & \\
\hline Do................ & 1884 & & & 1,655 64 & & 1185 & 1, 66749 & & & 1,667 49 \\
\hline Salaries, assistant trea & \({ }_{1885}^{1885}\) & 23 & 174 & 2360 & 168, 09000 & & 168, 09000 & 164, 95734 & 2360 & 3,132 66 \\
\hline Do.............. & 1885 & 23 & 174 & & 14,09000 & & 14, 09000 & 14,090 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, assistant treasurer, Philadelphia.... & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & & & 2473 & & & 2473 & & 2473 & \\
\hline Do........................................... & 1884 & 23 & 174 & & 35,10000 & 46485 & \(\begin{array}{r}46485 \\ 35,100 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) & 35, 10000 & & 46485 \\
\hline Salaries, assistant treasurer, S & 1883 & & & 161 & 3,100 & & \({ }^{35161} 16\) & 3,100 & 161 63 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & & & 31.94 & 3194 & & & 3194 \\
\hline Salaries, as & 1888 & 23 & 174 & 30132 & 16,580 00 & & 16, 580000 & 16,580 00 & 30132 & \\
\hline Do:. & 1884 & & & & & 16480 & 16480 & & & 16480 \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1885 & 23 & 175 & & 27, 62000 & 25000 & 27, 87000 & 27,870 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, special agents, independent treasary & 1883 & & & 2,048 37 & & & 2,048 37 & & 2, 04837 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 2,000 00 & & & 2,000 00 & 10306 & 2,048 & 1,89694 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 175 & & 4,000 00 & 24473 & 4,244 73 & 4,244 73 & & \\
\hline ent treasury & 1883 & & & 36797 & & & 36797 & & 96797 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 449 & & 1482 & & 1462 & 1462 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, independent treasury . & 1883 & & & 15,62847
16,81084 & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,84782 \\ 541 \\ \hline 77\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}17,47629 \\ 17 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
413 \\
13,19916
\end{array}
\] & 17,472 16 & 4,153 05 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 204,449 & & 70,000 00 & 77360 & 70, 77360 & 61, 59576 & & 9, 17784 \\
\hline Constructing vanlts, office assistant treasurer, San \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Francisco, Cal }\end{aligned}\) & & & & & & & -75 7 & & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Director of the M & 1883 & & & 43153 & & & 43153 & & 43153 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 175 & & 28,780 00 & & 28,780 00 & 28,780 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office Direct & & & & & & & & 28,780 & & \\
\hline Mint. & 1882 & & & 34282 & & & 34282 & & & 34282 \\
\hline \[
{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Do}
\] & 1883 & & & 99849
2,00845 & & & 998
29
2062
85 & 300
1,2365 & 99549 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 175,449 & 2,08 & 9,00000 & 9000 & 9,090 00 & 1,24588 & & \\
\hline Freight on'ballion and coin, mints and assay offiees & 1883 & & & 28,015 52 & & & & & 28,015 52 & \\
\hline & 1884 & & & 21, 97372 & & & 21,973 72 & 98627 & & 20, 98745 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balance of ap. & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page.or sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations, \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal jear eud ing June 30, 1885. & thefiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Jear ending June 30, 1885. & surplns fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations Jane 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continaed. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & & & \$5,857, 48860 & \$20, 242,374 58 & \$1, 707, 99111 & \$27, 807, 85429 & \$21, 959, 62561 & \$369, 61590 & \$5, 478, 612.78 \\
\hline Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Boise City & 1885 & 23 & 176, 449 & & 5,460 00 & & 5,460 00 & 5,457 68 & & 232 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, Chariotte ............... & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & 2,750 00 & & 2,75000 & 2,750 00 & & \\
\hline Wages and contingentexpenses, assay office, Charlotte & 1883 & & & 54920 & & & 54920 & & 54920 & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 540 & & 2805 & 2605 & & 540 & 2605 \\
\hline Do........................ & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & -2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 1,48724 & & 51276 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, New York & 1883 & & & 42560 & & & \% 425 60 & & 42560 & \\
\hline Wages of workmen, assay office, New York & 1885 & 23 & 176 & 2, 16575 & 39, 25000 & & \(\begin{array}{r}39,250 \\ 2,165 \\ \text { 1, } \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 39, 25000 & 2,165 75 & \\
\hline Wages of workmen, assay or............. & 1884 & & & 1,900 00 & & 6150 & 1,961 90 & & 2,165 75 & 1,961 90 \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & 25, 00000 & & 25, 00000 & 23, 50000 & & 1,500 00 \\
\hline Contingent oxpenses, assay office, New York. & 1883 & ..... & & 20382 & & & 20382 & & 20382 & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 50387 & & 81097 & 1,314 84 & & & 1,3]4, 84 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 9,939 66 & & , 6034 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, Saint Lou & 1883 & & & 2,000 00 & & & 2,000 00 & & & 2,000 co \\
\hline Do ... & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & 3,500 00 & & 3,500 00 & 3,500 00 & & \\
\hline W oqes and contingent expenses, assay office, Saint Louis & 1883 & & & 4,12797 & & & 4,127 97 & & 4,127 97 & \\
\hline Dó........................ & 1884 & & & 2,913 90 & & 4759 & 2,961 49 & & 4,127 & 2,901 49 \\
\hline Do \({ }_{\text {L }}\) & 1885 & 23 & 176 & & 4,80000 & & 4,800 00 & 3,036 19 & & 1, 10381 \\
\hline Fixtures and opparatus assay office, Saint Lonis & & & & 3, 10388 & & & 3,103 88 & & & 3,103 88 \\
\hline Parting and reebing bullion. & & & & 182, 48483 & & 206,021 33 & 388, 50616 & 217,688 61 & & 170, 217.55 \\
\hline Storage of silver. & & & & 4,998 20 & & & 4,99820 & 3,268 92 & & 1, 72928 \\
\hline Storage of silrer, transportation & & 23 & 494 & & 50, 00000 & & 50, 00000 & & & 50, 00000 \\
\hline Storage of silver dollars & & & & 17265 & & & 17265 & & & 17265 \\
\hline Salaries, assa,y office, Helcna, Mont. .......... & & 23 & 176 & & 7,950 00 & & 7,950 00 & 7,930 00 & & \\
\hline Wages of workmen, assay office, Helena, Mont. & 1883 & & & 9831 & & & 9831 & & 9831 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & & & 61045 & -61045 & & & 61045 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 25 & 176, 449 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, assay office, Helena, Mont. & \[
1883
\] & & & 2,504 25 & & & 250425 & & 2,504 25 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 2,504 25 & & 107. & - 450407 & & 2,501 25 & 107 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 176, 449 & & 9,500 00 & & 9,500 00 & 9,496 90 & & 310 \\
\hline Salaries, office dopositary at Tueso & 1879 & 23 & 449 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,50000 & & \\
\hline Repairs of jail, Sitka, Alaska & & 23 & 179 & & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Reimbursement to R. A. Sidebotham, secre-
 Contingent expenses, Territory of Alaska.. Salaries, governor, \& c., Territory of A rizona

Legislative expenses, Territory of Arizona Do. Do.
Contingent expenses, Territary of Arizona Salaries, governor, \&o., Terrilory of Dakota Do.
Legislative expenses, Territory of Dakota. Do.
Contingent expenses, Territory of Dakota.
Salaries, governor, \&c............................ Do
Legislative expenses, Territory of Idabo Do
Contingent expenses, Territory of Idaho. Do
Printing revised laws, Territory of Idaho
Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of Montana Do.
Legislative expenses, Territory of Montana Do.
Contingent expenses, Territory of Montana.
Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of New Mexico
Legislative expenses, Territory of New Mexico

Do.
Do.
Do...................................................
Contingent expenses, Territory of New Mexico

Carried forward

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \(\frac{\text { St }}{\text { Sol }}\) & \[
\frac{\text { tatates. }}{\substack{\text { Page or sec. } \\ \text { tion. }}}
\] & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropria-
tions for the
fiscal yearend-
ing June
1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dur ing the hiscal year ending
June \(30,1885\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations, June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & 1 \\
\hline nrought forward................ & & & & \$6, 097, 64768 & \$20,641,631 04 & \$1, 919, 77977 & \$28, 659,058 49 & \$22, 516, 71755 & \$390, 08948 & \$5, 752, 25146 \\
\hline Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of Utah .. & \({ }_{1885}^{188}\) & 23 & 178 & & 13,400 00 & 49950 & 13,400 400 & 12,170 74 & 49950 & 1,229 26 \\
\hline Legis Do....................... & 1883 & & & 15489 & & & 15489 & & 15489 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 4,49000 & & 3675 & \(4,52675\). & 4,30000 & & 22675 \\
\hline Contingent expenses Territory of................... & 1885 & 23 & 178. & & 2; 500000 & & 2, 000000 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of U tah..... Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of Washington \(\qquad\) & 1885 & 23 & 178 & 1,10175 & 50000 & & 50000
1,10175 & 500
1,19175 & & \\
\hline Do ....................................... & 1885 & 23 & 178,449 & 1,1017 & 15,894 60 & & 15, 89460 & 13,155 60 & & 2,739 00 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Washington & 1882 & 23 & 238 & & 1,19400 & & 1, 19400 & 1,194 00 & & \\
\hline Do.................. & \(1882 \dagger\) & & & 23000 & & 187.77
71206 & 18777
94206 & 18777 & & 94206 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,50000 & & \\
\hline Contingent-expenses, Territory of Washington & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 50000 & 18300 & 68300 & 68300 & & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of Wyoming & 1884 & & & 1, 48407 & & & 1,434 07 & 49450 & & 93957 \\
\hline  & 1885
1883 & 23 & 78 & & 13,400 00 & & 13,400 00 & 12,111 01 & & 1,288 99 \\
\hline Legis Do.......................... & 1884 & & & & & 3,20508 & 3, 20508 & & & 3,20508 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1, 50000 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of \(W\) yoming. & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 50000 & & 50000 & 50000 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, రtah Commission & 1883 & & & 3, 28456 & & \({ }^{53} 63\) & 3, 33819 & \({ }^{6} 75\) & 3,331 44 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 15,00000 & 5891
4970 & 15, 548981 & 12, 00000 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3117 \\
3.04970 .
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline ompensalion and expenses, & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline tions, 'l'erritory of Utah. & 1883 & & & 8,430 72 & & & 8, 43072 & & 8,430 72 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 7,000 00 & & 4,296 41 & 11, 296.41 & & & 11, 29641 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & & & 25, 00000 & & 25, 00000 & 20,000 00 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Do...................... & 1885 & 23 & 178 & & 25,00000 & & 25, 00000 & 25,000 & & \\
\hline Improvement and repairs, District of Co- \(\{\) & 1880 & & & 53319 & & & 53319 & & & \\
\hline & . 1881 & 23 & 251 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 8,412 81 & 8,412 81 & 6,414 30 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 252 & 65, 00000 & 3496 & 21,846 82 & 86, 88.178 & & 86, 84682 & 3496 \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1885}^{1884}\) & 23 & 125 & 1,055 18 & 4680000 & \begin{tabular}{l}
640 \\
246 \\
\hline 14
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}1,69532 \\ 468,246 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 468,00000 & & 1, 295032 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Constructing, repairing and maintaining bridges, District of Columbia & 1882 & & \(\ldots\) & 511 & & & 511 & & 511 & \\
\hline Do........................................... & 1883 & & \(\cdots\) & 2514 & & & 2514 & & 2514 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 7360 & 7360 & & & 7360 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 125 & & 2,500 00 & 2364 & 2,523 64 & 2,523 64 & & \\
\hline Washington Asylum, District of Columbia.. & 1882 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}5414 \\ 2094\end{array}\) & & & 2. 5414 & & 5414 & \\
\hline Do................................ & 1883
1885 & & & 2,094 55 & 52,310 00 & 2,094 55 & 2,09455
54,40455 & 2,09455
54.40455 & & \\
\hline Hospital for the Insane District of Columbia. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & … & 50, 43600 & 2,094 55 & 54,40455
50,40600 & 54, 40450 & & \\
\hline Georg town Asylum, District of Columbia... & 1883 & & & 1310 & & & 1310 & & 1310 & \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1884 & & & & & 660 & 660 & & & 660 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 1,800 00 & & 1,800 00 & 1,800 00 & & \\
\hline Colmblia Eospital for Women, \&c., District of Columbia & 1884 & & & & & 31371 & 31371 & & & 31371 \\
\hline Do ....... & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 15, 00000 & & 15,000 00 & 15, 00000 & & \\
\hline Transportation of naupers and prisoners, District of Columbia. & 1881 & & & 795 & & & 795 & & 795 & \\
\hline Do ............. & 1883 & & & 24683 & & & 24683 & & 24683 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 29454 & 29454 & 150 & & 29304 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 3,000 00 & & 3, 00000 & 2,750 00 & & 23000 \\
\hline Reform School, District of Columbia & 1888 & & & 33367 & & & 33367
13110 & & & 33367 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Do.. \\
Do
\end{tabular} & 1883 & & & 3,000 00 & & 13310
2361 & 13110
3,02361 & 3,000 00 & 13110 & - \(\quad\) - 361 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 32,916 00 & & 32,916 00 & 32,916 00 & & \\
\hline Childreus' Hospital, District of Columbia... & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Saint \(\Delta\) nu's Infant Asylum, District of Columbia. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 5, 00000 & 10 & 5,000 10 & 5, 00000 & & 10 \\
\hline Industrial Home School, District of Colambia. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & \\
\hline Saint John's Church Orphanage, District of Columbia. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Nationel Association for Colored Women and Cbildren, District of Colambia. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 7,000 00 & & 7,000 00 & 7, 00000 & & \\
\hline Building for National Association for Colored Women and Children, District of Columbia. & 1824 & & & & & 1165 & 1163 & & & 1165 \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 2,000 00 & 11. & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & ................ & \\
\hline De....... ................................. \{ & 1885 & ? 22 & 315 & & 18,000 00 & & iô, 0 ט̂t 0 v̂ & & - & 18, ûûu ữ \\
\hline Women's Christian Association, District of Commobia & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 5,000 00 & 418.46 & 6, 41.846 & 5,418 46 & & \\
\hline Relief of the poor, District of Columbia & 1881 & 23 & 251 & & 66000 & & 66000 & 66000 & & \\
\hline Do..... & 1883 & & & 33092 & & & 33092 & & 33092 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 78817 & 78817 & & & 788.17 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 126 & & 15, 00000 & & 15,000 00 & 13,700 00 & & 1,300 00 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, offices, District of Coluinbia. & 1881 & 23 & 251. & & 8843 & & 8843 & 8843 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & 23 & 231, 454 & 2,911 36 & 36376 & & 3,275 12 & 36376 & 2,91136 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & 200 & 200 & & , 200 & \\
\hline Cárried forward & & & & 6,200,260 27 & 21, 455, 28931 & 1, 964, 39008 & 29, 619,939 66 & \(23,317.972121\) & 494,399 15 & 5,807, 56839 \\
\hline . . & & * A & nd prior year & ars. & & \(\dagger\) Transfer & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatntes. \\
Page or section.
\end{tabular} & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1884. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending Jane 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate avaifable for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Amounts carried to the surplas fund June 30, 1885. & Balance of appropriations, fune 30, 1885 . \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & 1 & \\
\hline Brought forward ............. & & & & \$6, 200, 26027 & \$21, 455, 28931 & \$1,964, 39008 & \$29, 619,939 66 & \$23, 317, 97212 & \$494, 39915 & \$5̄, 807, 56839 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, offices, District of Columbia & 1883 & 23 & 454, 252 & 1389 & 1,380 93 & 901 & 1,403 83 & & 57290 & 83093 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 253, 454 & 13800 & 199.88 & 69303 & 1,030 91 & & & 1,030 91 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 123, 125 & & 152,349 96 & & 152,34996 & 152,349 96 & & \\
\hline Public schools, District of Columbia & 1880 & & & 16800 & & & 18800 & & 18800 & \\
\hline Do............................... & 1882 & .-. & -........... & 88093 & 15000 & & 1,03093 & & 88093 & 15000 \\
\hline Do. & 18ミ2* & &  & & & 18609 & 18609 & & 18609 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 454, 252 & 8454 & 3,80939 & 22139
5 & 4, 11532 & & 30593 & 3, 80939 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 251, 455 & 6653 & 4,314 17 & 5,344 74 & -9,72544 & 6,250 00 & & 3,475 44 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & & 129, 130, 455 & & 474,640 00 & 3,00663 & 47\%,70663 & 477,640 00 & & 6663 \\
\hline Baildings and grounds, public schools, District of Columbia & 1883 & & & 1,70142 & & & 1,701 42 & & 1,701 42 & \\
\hline Do.................................... . & 1883 & & & & & 2,123 86 & 2,123 80 & & & 2, 12386 \\
\hline & 1884 & & & & & 2,123 86 & 69,500 00 & & & 2,123 86 \\
\hline Baildings and gronnds, public schools, Hol- \(\$\) & & 23
20 & 1353 & & 69,500 00 & & 69,500 00 & 69,500 00 & & \\
\hline mead Cemetery fund & & 23 & 1,303 & ... & 52,000 00 & & 52, 00000 & 43, 00000 & & 9, 00000 \\
\hline Buildingsand grounds, Washington Asylum, District of Columbia & 1883 & & & 749 & & & 749 & & 749 & - \\
\hline Metropolitan police, District of Columbia.... & 1882 & 23 & 251 & & 10000 & & 10000 & 10000 & & \\
\hline Do...... & 1883 & 23 & 252 & 14416 & 52552 & 4.48131 & 5,150 99 & & 4,625 47 & 52552 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 454 & & 44000 & 1,51792 & 1,957 92 & 45170 & & 1,506 22 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 127, 128 & & 324, 10000 & & 324, 10000 & 324, 10000 & & \\
\hline Police station-houses, District of Columbia.. & & & & 662 & & & 662 & & & 662 \\
\hline Fire department, District of Colnmbia ...... & 1880 & & & 1638 & & & 1638 & & 1638 & \\
\hline Do. & 1881 & 23 & 251 & & 1400 & & 1400 & 1400 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1832 & 23 & 251 & 13293 & 24675 & & 37968 & 24675 & 13293 & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 2340 & 2340 & & 2340 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 252 & 997 & 58935 & 1,108 38 & 1,707 70 & & 1,118 35 & 58935 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 455, 253 & & 1,203 97 & 87736 & 2, 08133 & 1,273 97 & & 807.36 \\
\hline Do: & 1885 & 23 & 128, 129 & & 110,888 61 & 75 & 110,889 36 & 110,888-61 & & - 75 \\
\hline Courts, District of Columbia & 1883 & 23 & 252 & 1875 & -31100 & 1,479 87 & 1, 80962 & 36531 & 1,133 62 & 31069 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 253 & 7415 & 6,500 00 & 2,189 03 & 8,763 18 & 6,500 00 & & 2,263 18 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 129, 222, 455 & & 17,767 45 & & 17, 76745 & 17,000 00 & & 76745 \\
\hline Markels, District of Columbia & 1883 & & & 37964 & & & 37964 & & 37964 & \\
\hline Streets, District of Columbia & 1880 & & & 319.61 & & & \(319 \cdot 61\) & & 31961 & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & 23 & 252 & 500 & 708 & 1,885 50 & 1, 89758 & & 1,890 50 & 708 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 454 & 1,304 85 & 4028 & 44768 & 1,792 81 & 48078 & & 1,312 03 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 127. & & 241,380 00 & 1,384 17 & 242, 76417 & 241,380 00 & & 1,384 17 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & propriations Juy 1, 1884. & fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & made during the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations, June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward.. & & & & \$7, 865, 74245 & \$24, 623, 72621 & \$2, 060, 74417 & \$ \(\$ 344500,21283\) & \$27, 144, 49861 & \$750,734 59 & \$6, 654,979 63 \\
\hline Judgments, District of Columbia ........... & 1881 & & & 36539 & & & 36539 & & 36539 & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1883 & \(\} 23\) & - 252 & & 21, 22382 & 32299 & 21,546 81. & 21, 22382 & 32299 & \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1885. & 23 & 455 & & 2,214 41 & & 2,214 41 & 2,214 41 & & \\
\hline Redemption of Pennsylvania avence paving certificates & & & & 81920 & & & 81920 & & & 81920 \\
\hline Redemption of Ponnsylvania avenue paving scrip \(\qquad\) & & & & 53537 & & & 53537 & & & 53537 \\
\hline Reconstracting Jefferson school building & & 23 & 251 & 184 & 36116 & & 36300 & 36300 & & \\
\hline New engine-house for Engine No. 5. & & 23 & 129 & 44250
2118 & 1,660 05 & & 2, 10255 & 44250 & & 1,660 05 \\
\hline General expenses, District of Colambia...... & & 23 & 454 & 2,511 83 & 1, 5085 & & 2,562 68 & . 5085 & 2, 21183 & 1, \\
\hline To maintain public order, District of Columbia. & & 23 & 303 & & 8,000 00 & & 8,000 00 & 8,000 00 & & \\
\hline Reimbursement to S. L. Phelps, late Commissioner & & 23 & 454 & & 15650 & & 8,
15650 & 8,000
15650 & & \\
\hline Feilemption of certain funded indebtedness, bistrict of Columbia & & & & 281,500 00 & & & 281, 50000 & 15050
\(\ldots . . .10\). & & 281, 50000 \\
\hline Juterest on 3.65 bonds, District of Columbia.. & & 21 & 286,466 & 281,500 00 & 9,468 07 & & 9,468 07 & 9,46807 & & 281, 50000 \\
\hline Lxpenses of assessing real property, District of Columbia & & 23 & 252, 455 & & 13, 58300 & 14195. & 13,724 95 & 13,583 00 & & 14195 \\
\hline Payment of taxes assessed upon property, District of Columbia. & & 23 & 253 & & 5,320 53 & & 5,320 53 & 13, \({ }_{\text {5, }} \mathbf{3 2 0} 53\) & & 141 \\
\hline Surplus fund, District of Columbia .-....... & & & & 400 & 5,320 53 & & 5,320 400 & 5,320 53 & & 400 \\
\hline Completion of sewerage system, District of Columbia & & 23 & 62 & & 500,000 00 & & 500,000 00 & 275, 00000 & & 225,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, temporary clerks, officers, \&c., Dis: trict of Columbia & & 23 & 454 & & 14396 & & 14396 & 14396 & & 225,000 00 \\
\hline Guarantee fund, District of Columbia & & 20 & 105, 107 & & 67, 32414 & & 67, 32414 & 63, 30050 & & 4,023 64 \\
\hline Bailding, National Homœopathic Hospital Association & & 23 & 315 & & 15, 00000 & & 15, 00000 & & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, Coast and Geodetic Survey & 1884 & & & & & 6,479 29 & 6,47929 & & & 6,479 29 \\
\hline Do ................................ & 1885 & 25 & 202 & & 254, 37000 & & 254, 37000 & 254, 37000 & & 6,470 \\
\hline Coast and Geodetic Survey, eastern division. & 1882* & & & 27882 & & 2244 & 28126 & & 28126 & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1883 & & & & & 3206 & 3206 & & 3206 & \\
\hline Coast and Geodetic Survey, western division. & 1883 & 23 & 238 & 7105 & 2795 & & 9900 & 88.22 & & 1078 \\
\hline Coast and Geodetic Sarver, party expenses............................. & 1882* & & & 3.16977 & & 612
22547 & 612
3,39524 & 7262 & 612 &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do & \(1885^{\circ}\) & & & & 120,600 00 & & 120, 60000 & 120, 13773 & & 46227. \\
\hline Do........................................ & 1885
1886 & \} 23 & 489 & & 34,000 00 & & 34, 00000 & 34,000 00 & & \\
\hline Coast and Geodetic Survey, transconti- & 1883 & & & & & & 9, 89500 & 9,839 00 & & 5600 \\
\hline nental work. & 1884 & & & 9,89200 & & 686 & - 686 & 9,839 0 & 686 & \\
\hline Do......... & 1885 & & 202 & & 20,000 00 & 141 & 20,000 00 & 20,000 00 & 141 & \\
\hline Prints for State surveys.................... \(\{\) & 1884 & \(\} 23\) & 202 & & & 664 & 664 & & & 604 \\
\hline Repairs of vessels, Coast Survey............. & 1885
1882
188 & \({ }_{23}\) & 238 & & ( 14,000 885 & & 14,000 000 & 14,00000
8856 & & \\
\hline Repairs :Do............... & 1883 & & & & & 8856 & 8856 & & 8856 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 26877 & & 26815 & & 63 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 204 & & 42,000 00 & & 42, 00000 & 42,000 00 & & \\
\hline General expenses, Coast Survey & 1883 & & & 25 & & & 25 & & 25 & \\
\hline & 1884 & & & & & 1,701 87 & 1,701 87 & 43488 & & 1,26699 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 204 & & 61, 10000 & 1,744 62 & 62, 84462 & 61, 10000 & & 1,744 62 \\
\hline Publishing observations, Coast Survey & 1884 & & & 3, 00000 & & 1363 & 3,013 63 & \(\begin{array}{r}3,00000 \\ 6,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 1363 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Do \\
Observations eclipse of the sou
\end{tabular} & 1885 & \({ }_{2}^{23}\) & \({ }_{238}^{204}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}6,000 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 6, 000000 & 6,000 00 & & \\
\hline Obscrvations eclipse of the suu Salaries, oftice Secretary of Wa & 1883 & 23 & 238 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
501 \\
3,73446
\end{array}
\] & 2476 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2977 \\
3,73446
\end{array}
\] & & 3, 734 46 & 2977 \\
\hline Dalan, D....................... & 1884 & & & 10000 & & 5768 & 15768 & & & 15708 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 179, 181 & & 111, 85000 & & 111,850 00 & 110,950 00 & & 90000 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Secretary of War & 1883 & & & & & 881 & & & 881 & \\
\hline Salaries, oftiee Adjutant-General & 1883 & & & 30,928 93 & & 1000 & 30,938 93 & & 30,938 93 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 4,000 00 & & 77957 & 4,779 57 & & & 4,779 57 \\
\hline Do.............................. & 1885 & 23 & 179, 180 & & 703, 70000 & & 703, 70000 & 691, 70000 & & 12,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Navy Department building & 1883 & & & 8169 & & & & & 8169 & \\
\hline Salaries, office Inspector-General..... & 1885 & 23 & 180 & & 3,720 00 & & 3,720 00 & 3,720 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Quartermaster-General
Do........................... & 1883 & & & 1,520 13 & & & 1, 52013 & & 1,520 13 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1884 & 23 & 180 & 1,275 00 & 240, 63954 & 8205 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,35705 \\
240,63954
\end{array}
\] & 238, 65000 & & 1,357
1,98954 \\
\hline Compensation and expenses, agents Quartermaster's Department & 1883 & & & 7,333 21 & 240, 395 & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 240, } \\ 7,333 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) & 238,650 & 7,33321 & \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1884 & & & 1,000 00 & & 56435 & 1,564 35 & & 7,333 21 & 1,56435 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 180, 276 & & 30,000 00 & & 30, 00000 & 30, 00000 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Commis
Do............ & 1883 & & & 10816 & & & 10816
79 & & 10816 & \\
\hline Do.
Do. & 1884 & 23 & 180 & & 43,730 00 & 7901 & 79
43
4300 & & & 7901
20000 \\
\hline Salarics, offiee & 1883 & & & 16,6009 & 43,730 & & 16,600 27 & \({ }^{43,51057}\) & 16,979 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 2,480 00 & & 74422 & 3,224 22 & & & 3,22423 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & \(16 \hat{0}\) & & 532, 280000 & & 532, 28000 & 512,500 00 & & 19,78000 \\
\hline Contingent expensee, Surgeon-General. & 1883 & & & & & 13425 & & & 13425 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Paymaster-Genera & 1883 & & & 4911 & & & 4911 & & 4911 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 3 & 181 & 47000 & 0401000 & 3956 & 50956 & - & & \({ }^{509} 56\) \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & & a & & -179 16 & a & 17916 & \\
\hline ary, Military Justic & 1883 & & & 8559 & & & 8559 & & 8559 & \\
\hline Do......... & 1884 & & & 17100 & & 264 & 17364 & & & 173,64 \\
\hline Carried forw & & & & 8, 238, 55519 & 27, 551, 27351 & 2, 074, 29199 & 37, 864, 12069 & \(29,807,80948\) & 815, 28452 & 7 241, 10669 \\
\hline & & & & & nd prior. & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriaions. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & year ending Jane 30, 1885. & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations June \(30,1885\). \\
\hline - Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward.................. & & & & \$8, 752, 42260 & \$29, 120,605 09 & \$2, 087,786 18 & \$39, 960, 81387 & \$31, '029, 68245 & \$842, 70223 & \$8, 088, 42919 \\
\hline Statue to memory of General La Fayette and compatriots. & & 23 & 508 & & 50,000 00 & & 50,000 00 & & & \[
50,00000
\] \\
\hline Salaries and contingent expenses, office Secretary of War, rebel archives branch & & & & 5156 & & & + 5156 & & 5156 & \\
\hline Completion of the Washington Monument... & & 23 & 504 & - 54,000 00 & 75,000 00 & & 129, 00000 & 60,00000 & & 69,000 00 \\
\hline Rent of building, office of Adjutant-General & & & & 5,000 00 & & & 5, 00000 & & 5,000 00 & \\
\hline Fire proof roof, building corner of 17 th and \(F\) sticets & & & & 27812 & & & 27812 & & 27812 & \\
\hline Erection of fisl-waps at Great Falls .......... & & & & 45, 00000 & & & 45, 00000 & & & 45,00000 \\
\hline Reot of building, ofice of Surgeon-General & & & & 38043 & & & 38043 & & 38043 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, War Department build ing. & 1883 & & & 8296 & & & 8296 & & 8296 & \\
\hline Puy of taxes on lot Nos 1725 F street, War Iepartment. & & 23 & 456 & & 54330 & & 54330 & 54330 & & \\
\hline Reut furniture, \&c, office Adjutant-General. & 1885 & 23 & J 80 & & 3,500 00 & & 3,500 00 & 3,500 00 & & \\
\hline 榑levator Winder's Building . & & 23 & 196 & & 6,500 00 & 59330 & 7,093 30 & 7,000 00 & & - 9330 \\
\hline Fedestal for statue of James A. Garfield & & 23 & 216 & & 30, 00000 & & 30, 00000 & & & 30,000 00 \\
\hline Tnveiliug statue of Rear-Admiral DuPont & & 23 & 216 & & 50000 & 9802 & - 59802 & 59369 & & 433 \\
\hline Salaries, de., office Secretary of the Navy .
Do............................. & 1883
1884 & & & 3,18593
6378 & & & 3,185
63
63 & & 3,185 93 & \[
6378
\] \\
\hline Do
Do & 1884 & 23 & 183 & 6378 & 57,410 00 & & 6378
57,41000 & 57,031 16 & & 6378
37884 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Eureau Yards and Docks & 1885 & 23 & 183 & & 11,980 00 & & 11,980 00 & 11, 98000 & & \\
\hline Salaries. \&c, Bureau Equipment and Recruiting & 1884 & & & 51838 & & & 51838 & & & 51838 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 183 & & 14,780 00 & & 14,780 00 & 14, 70910 & & 7090 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Burean of Nivigation & 1885 & 23 & 183 & & 11,34000. & & 11,340 00 & 11, 03966 & & 30034 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Bureau of Ordnance & 1883 & & & 380 & & & 380 & & 380 & \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 184 & & 8,980 00 & & \(\cdot 8,98000\) & 8,955 55 & & 2445 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Bureau of Construction and Repair & 1884 & & & 22088 & & & 22088 & …-....... & & 22088 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 184 & & 12,380 00 & & 12,380 00 & 12,380 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Bureau of Steam Engineering.- & 1883 & & & 2219 & & & 2219 & & 2219 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 184 & & 12,290 00 & & 12, 29000 & 12,290 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Bureau of Provisions and Clothing. & 1884 & & & 13076 & & & 13076 & & & 13076 \\
\hline Do ................................. & 1885 & 23 & 184 & & 17,580 00 & & 17,580 00 & 17, 37700 & & 20300 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Bureau of Medicine and Surgery & & & & & & 2201 & 11156 & & & \\
\hline Do. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & 23 & 184 & & 9,460 00 & & 9,460 00 & 9,335 97 & & 12403 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Digitized for FRASER}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Salarieg, \&c., Nantical Almanac Office....... & 1888 & & & & & 7875
7875 &  & 7875 & & \\
\hline Salaties, sc., office of Judge-Advocate & 1885 & 23 & 183 & & , 70000 & & & 76282 & & 93 \\
\hline eral. & 1883 & & & & & & 41 & & 41 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 185 & 1087 & 6,473 59 & & 1087
6,47359 & 6,444 20 & & 1087
2989 \\
\hline Salaries, \& & 1883 & & & 2219 & & & \({ }^{-22} 19\) & 0,444 & 2219 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & 28395 & & & 28395 & & & 28395 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 183, 276 & & 45, 172 61 & & 45, 172 61 & 44,656 51 & & 51610 \\
\hline Salaries, \&c., Naval Observatory & 1883 & & & 15045 & & & 15045 & & 15045 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 184 & 3587 & 17,420 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}3587 \\ 17,420 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) & 17,420 00 & & 3587 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Navy Depar & 1884 & 23 & 244, 457 & & 2, 94071 & & 2,940 71 & 2,940 71 & & \\
\hline Do......................... & 1885 & 23 & 185 & & 11,000 00 & & 11,000 00 & 11, 00000 & & \\
\hline Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Hydrographic Office & 1884 & & & 10,751 01 & & 87468 & 11, 62569 & 11, 62569 & & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1885 & 23 & 183, 185 & & 32, 60000 & 1,772 57 & 34, 37257 & 30, 72803 & & 3, 64454 \\
\hline Contingent and miscellaneons expenses, Nautical Almanac Office & 1883 & & & 4215 & & & 4215 & 4096 & 119 & \\
\hline Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Observatory & 1883 & 23 & 457 & & 2820 & & 2820 & 2820 & & \\
\hline Do................ & 1884 & & & & & 1, 05305 & 1,053 05 & 1,018 33 & & 3472 \\
\hline Do............ & 1885 & 23 & 184 & & ,9,736 00 & & 9, 73600 & 9, 57022 & & 16578 \\
\hline Library, Nary Department
Do................ & 1883 & & & . 83690 & & & & 45878 & 87812 & \\
\hline Postage, Navy Departmen & 1882 & & & 1,320 00 & 2, 500 & & 1,320 00 & 1,126 97 & & 1,320 00 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 1,955 00 & & & 1,955 00 & & 1,955 00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 2,000 00. & & & 2,000 00 & & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, Superintendent, \&c., Navy DepartI ment bnildiug & 1883 & & & 55 & & & 55 & & 55 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Naval Records of the Rebellion. & 1885 & 23 & 185 & & 2,64000 & & & 2, 04471 & & 50529 \\
\hline Salaries, Post-Öfice Department ................. & 1883 & & & 4,336 80 & & & 4, 33680 & & 4,330 80 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & \({ }^{23}\) & 247 & 18, 15576 & 14, 05219 & 1,038 46 & 33, 24641 & 32, 86640 & & 38001 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 199, 192 & & 696, 48000 & & 698, 31397 & 693, 70000 & & 4,813 97 \\
\hline Contingent expenses,Post-Office Department, stationery & 1883 & 23 & 247 & & 3040 & & 3040 & & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 247, 464 & & 1,707 75 & & 1,707 75 & 1,707 08 & & 67 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 182 & & 9.00000 & 83208 & 9, 83208 & 9:832 08 & & \\
\hline Contingent expensea, Post-Office Department, fuel & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 1, 40732 & & 1, 40732 & & & \\
\hline Do......... & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 7, 20000 & 83404 & 8, 03404 & 8,034 04 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, gas. & 1883 & \({ }^{23}\) & 247 & & \({ }^{68} 18\) & & & 6818 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 247 & 1,000 00 & 1,583 66 & & 2,583 66 & 2, 52593 & & 5773 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 6,600 00 & 74891 & 7,34891 & 6,200 00 & & 1,14891 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, plumbing and gas-fixtares Do. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1884 \\
& 1885
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 192 & 1,200 00 & 4,700 00 & 23854 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{1}, 20000 \\
& 4,938
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
20648 \\
4,93854
\end{array}
\] & & 99352 \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 8,904, 55285 & 30,339, 88900 & ,97, 88331 & 41, 342, 325 16 & 32, 181, 87921 & 859,551 93 & 8,301,894 02 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July \(1,1884\).
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing June 30, & the fiscal yoar 1885. & the fiscal year ending Jane 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal y ear ending June 30, 1885. & med to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropria. tions Jnne 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forwa & & & & \$8,904, \(552 \overline{85}\) & \$30, 339, 88900 & \$2, 097, 88331 & \$41, 342,325 16 & \$32, 181, 87921 & \$858, 55193 & \$8,301, \(89402{ }^{\text {c }}\) \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, telegraphing & 1883 & & & -85 & & & 85 & & 85 & \\
\hline Do.............................. & 1884 & & & 2,000 53 & & 5734 & 2,057 87 & 1,60000 & 85 & 45787 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 5,900 00 & 76536 & 6,665 36 & 3,500 00 & & 3,165 36 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, painting. & 1883 & 33 & 247 & & 1713 & & 1713 & 1488 & & 225 \\
\hline Do......... & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 1740 & & 1740 & 14 & & 1740 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 4,700 00 & 7978 & 4,779 78 & 4,750 00 & & 2978 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Fost-Office Department, carpets & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 5,900 00 & 39352 & 6,293 52 & 6,100 00 & & 19352 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department farnitare & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 900 & & 900 & , 350 & & 550 \\
\hline - Do .................................... & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 7,500 00 & 10113 & 7,601 13 & 6,800 00 & & 80113 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Depart ment, horses and wagons & 1884 & & & 50000 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}500 \\ \hline 1790\end{array}\) & 15181
150080 & & 34819 \\
\hline V. Do..................................... & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 1,500 00 & 29788 & 1,797 88 & 1,500 00 & & 29788 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, hard ware & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 17388 & & 17388 & 11875 & & 5513 \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 1,700 00 & 22099 & 1,920 99 & 1,600 00 & & 32099 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, miscellaneous items. & 1884 & & & '3,000 00 & & 11974 & 3, 11974 & 2,200 00 & & 91974 \\
\hline Do............................. & 1883 & 23 & 247 & & 36858 & & , 36858 & 36858 & & \\
\hline Du. & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 13,500 00 & 17635 & 13,676 35 & 13,676 35 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, rent & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000.00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 9,500 00 & 2,125 00 & 11, 62500 & 11,625 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Post-Office Department, publication of Official Postal Guides. & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 2,700 00 & & 2,700 00 & 2,621 15 & & 7885 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 29, 00000 & 34782 & 29,347 82 & 27,800 00 & & 1,54782 \\
\hline Publication of post-roate maps & 1883 & 23 & 247 & & 11050 & 11050 & 22100 & , 11050 & & 11050 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 247 & & 4,197-18 & 50 & 4,197 68 & 4,180 28 & & 1740 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 192 & & 20, 00000 & 1,552 78 & 21, 55278 & 21, 20000 & & 35278 \\
\hline Deficiency in the pos & 1881* & 23 & 248, 258, 262 & & 140, 69079 & & 140,690 79 & 140,690 79 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 23 & 464 & & 199,430 83 & & 199, 43083 & 199, 43083 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 1,902, 17790 & & & 1,902, 17790 & 520,770 00 & 1,381,407 90 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 18,209 00 & \[
18,20900
\] & 18,209, 00 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Do. \\
Post Of De...................
\end{tabular} & 1885 & 23 & 157, 158 & & 3, 680, 71896 & & 3, 680,718 96 & 3,680,71896 & & \\
\hline Post-Office Department building, refitting rooms \(\qquad\) & & & & 50038 & & & 50038 & & & 50038 \\
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Federal' Reserve Bank of St. Louis

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . ' ' \({ }^{\text {- }}\) & & & tatutes. & & Appropria- & Repayments & Aggregate & Payments dur. & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specifle objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & propriations July 1, 1884. & fiscal year end. ing June 30, & made curing the fiscal year
1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the surplus fund. June 30, 1885. & appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & - & & \(\cdots\) & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$10, 822, 10037 & \$34,935, 61936 & \$2, 124, 74452 & \$47, 822, 46425 & \$37, 314, 85480 & \$2,246, 66077 & \$8,320, 94868 \\
\hline Improvement of grounds, Department of Agricultare. & 1883 & & & & & 2818 & 2818 & & 2818 & \\
\hline , Do..... & 1884 & & & & & 3733 & 3733 & & & 3733 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 37 & & 9,750 00 & & 9,750 00 & 9,700 00 & & 5000 \\
\hline Experiments on the culture of tea............ & 1883 & & & 1,094 34 & & & 1,094 34 & & 1, 09434 & , \\
\hline Do. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}1884 \\ 1885\end{array}\right\}\) & 23 & 39 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,000 00 & 2,700 00 & & 30000 \\
\hline Examination of wools and animal fiber & \(\{1882\}\) & & & 2,235 96 & & 100 & 2,236 96 & & \(\because 2,23696\) & \\
\hline Silk culture & & 23 & 39 & & 15,000 00 & & 15,000 00 & 8,300 00 & & 6,700 00 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, Burean of Animal Industry & & 23 & 33 & & 150,000 00 & & 150,000 00 & 60, 00089 & & - 80,89911 \\
\hline Transportation for permanent exhibition of certain agricultural and mineral specimens, \&c., Atlanta, Ga & & & & & & 109 & 109 & & & \({ }^{.} 109\) \\
\hline Salaries, justices, \&c., Sapreme Coart ........ & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 98,500 00 & & 93,500 00 & 93,500 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, office of clerk Supreme Court & \(\{1883\), & & & & & 64480 & -644 80 & & & 64480 \\
\hline Salaries of circuit judges & 1884 & & & 1,631 88 & & & 1,63188 & & & 1,63188 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 193 & 1,681 88 & 54,000 00 & & - 54,00000 & 53, 64134 & & 1,358 68 \\
\hline Salaries of retired United States judge & 1884 & 22 & 563 & & 24725 & & - 24725 & 4124725 & & \\
\hline Do.................. & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 41,68953 & & 41, 68953 & 41,689 53 & & ....... \\
\hline Salaries of district judges & 1882 & & & 1,74683 &  & ...... & 1,746 83 &  & 1,74688 & ......... \\
\hline . Do. & 1883 & & & 0,123 29 & & & 6,123 29 & & 6,123 39 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 3,740 09 & & & 3,740
209 & & & \[
3,74009
\] \\
\hline Do................................... & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 203, 500' 00 & & 203,500 00 & 199,723 12 & & \[
3,77688
\] \\
\hline Salaries, justices of the sapreme coart, District of Columbia & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 24,500 00 & & 24,500 00 & 24,500 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, district attorneys ............................... & 1882 & 23 & 183 & 15298 & 24,500 00 & & 24, 15298 & 24, 000 & & 15298 \\
\hline Do........... & 1883 & & ............. & 23208 & & & 23268 & & 23208 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 8392 & & 880 & - 9272 & & & 9272 \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1885 & 23 & 224 & & 20,100 00 & & 20, 10000 & 19,130 45 & & 96955 \\
\hline Salaries, district marshals....................... & 1880* & & & 2278 & & & 2278 & & & 2278 \\
\hline Do........................................... & \({ }_{1881}{ }^{\text {² }}\) & 23 & 257 & & 1308 & & 1308
34353 & & & 1308 \\
\hline Do & 1882 & & & 343.53 & & & 34353 & & 34353 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 18047 & & \(43 \cdot 41\) & 22388 & & 22388 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 4290 & & & 19.7290 & \[
2857
\] & & -1433 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 224 & & 12,700 00 & & 12,700 00 & 11, 17020 & & 1,52980 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & iatntes. & Balances of ap- & Appropria. tions for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Parments dur & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & propriations
July \(1,1883\). & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{|l}
\text { fiscal year end- } \\
\text { ing June } \\
1885 .
\end{array}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { the fiscal year } \\
1885 \text {. }
\end{gathered}
\] & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & year ending
June \(30,1885\). & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropna- } \\
& \text { tions June } \\
& 30,1885 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forwar & & & & \$11, 489, 80062 & \$36, 303, 50412 & \$2, 125, 61978 & \$49, 918, 98452 & \$38, 353, 90670 & \$2, 261, 16828 & \$9, 303, 90.954 \\
\hline Post-ofice, court-house, \& \(\mathrm{c}^{\text {c, }}\) B & & 23 & 195, 479 & 248, 05643 & 352, 00000 & 10000 & 600, 15643 & 190, 69954 & & 409, 45689 \\
\hline Post-office, \&c., Brookly \({ }^{\text {a }}\), N. Y & & 23 & & 91,415 67 & 135, 00000 & & 226, 41567 & 47, 77502 & & 178, 64065 \\
\hline Conrt-honse, post-office, \&c., Charleston, W. \(\nabla\) a & & 23 & 195,479 & 1,259 91 & 5,853 30 & & 7,113 21 & 6, 04081 & & 1, 07240 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \& c., Columbus, Ohio & & 23 & 195, 479 & 11,388 20 & 210,000 00 & & 221. 38820 & 51, 92759 & & 169, 46061 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Covington, \(\mathrm{Ky} .\). & & & & 9,447 70 & & & 9,447 70 & 1950 & & 9,42820 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&e., Carson City, Nov & & 23 & 282 & & 100,000 00 & & 100,000 00 & 210 & & 99, 99790 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, Clarksturg, W.Va. & & 23 & 346 & & 50, 000000 & & 50, 00000 & & & 50,00000 \\
\hline Post-office, \&c., Council Bluffs, Iowa & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 480, 345. & 78,196 79 & 150, 00000 & & 228, 10679 & 20,724 99 & & 207,471 80 \\
\hline Post-office and court-house, Concord, N. H & & 23 & 480 & 41,903 62 & 100,000 00 & & 141,903 62 & 1,793 60 & & 140, 11002 \\
\hline Iowa :....... & & 23 & 195, 480 & 70,71851 & 95,000 00 & & 165, 71851 & 16,46760 & & 149, 25001 \\
\hline Court.house and post-office, Detroit M & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 480 & 148, 26195 & 200, 00000 & & 348, 26195 & 2,697 76 & & 345, 56419 \\
\hline Court-house and post-office, Danrille, V & & 23
23 & \(\begin{array}{r}195,480 \\ \hline 19\end{array}\) &  & 10,30000
78,000 & & 10,324 42 & 8, 01733
4187534 & & 2,30709
9488549 \\
\hline Court-house and post-off Post-office, Dover, Del & & & & 58,76083
13416 & & & 136, 76083 & 41,87534 & 7291 & 94,885 49 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \& . ., Dallas, Tex & & 23 & 480 & 60,345 05 & 25,000 00 & 2,640 35 & 87,985 40 & 10,961 54 & & 77,02386 \\
\hline Court-honse, post-office, \&c., Eric, Pa. & & 23 & 306 & 58,023 35 & 100, 00000 & & 158, 02335 & 7,324 62 & & 150,698 73 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Fort Wayne, Ind & & 23 & 195, 480, 337 & 24,670 88. & 150, 19912 & & 174,870 00 & 14, 29542 & & 60,574 58 \\
\hline Court-house, post office, \&c., Fort Scott, Kans & & 23 & 482 & & 50, 00000 & & 50, 00000 & & & 50, 00000 \\
\hline Court houise, post-office, \&c., Frankfort, KJ.. & & 23 & 480 & 54,728 78 & 15, 000.00 & & 69, 72878 & 45, 91131 & & 23, 81747 \\
\hline Court-house, post-oftice, \&e., Grand Rapids, Mich & & & & 11396 & & & 11396 & 5436 & 5960 & \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Greensborongh, N. C. & & 23 & 480 & 36,600 00 & 7,500 00 & & 44,10000 & 13,035 91 & & 31, 06409 \\
\hline Court-bouse, post-office, \&c., Harrisonburg, Va. & & 23 & 195, 480 & 12,989 00 & 47,500 00 & & 60,489 00 & 13, 81899 & & 46,670 01 \\
\hline Post-office, \&e., Hannibal, Mo & & 23 & 480 & 23, 88450 & 55,500 00 & & 79, 38450 & 27,774 29 & & 51, 61021 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Harrisburg, Pa. & & & & 9,015 68 & & & 9,015 68 & 8, 33360 & & 68208 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Indianapolis, Ind. & & & & 3869 & & & 3869 & 2113 & 1756 & \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Jackson, Miss.. & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 195 & 39,126 28 & 15, 00000 & & 54, 12628 & 34, 68684 & & 19,43944 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Jacksen, Tenn.. & & 23 & 480 & 43, 15133 & 10,000 00 & & 53,151 33 & 30, 25584 & & 22, 89549 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Jefferson City, Mo & & 23 & 480 & 34,397 45 & 32,000 00 & & 116,397 45 & 24, 45668 & & 91,940 77. \\
\hline Post-office, StC., Jersey Citr, N. J & & & 481 & 2,166 80 & 00 & & 2,16680
100,000 & 1,917 65 & &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Court-bouse, & & 23 & 336 & & 10ח, 00000 & & 11, 10930 & & & 100,00000 \\
\hline Court-house, post-ofice, \&c:, Lpuchburg; Va. & & 23 & 195,480 & 36, 19930 & 75,000 00 & & 11」, 19930 & 13, 31804 & & 97, 88126 \\
\hline Gourt-house, post-office, \&c., Little Rock, Ark. & & & & 61121 & & 40738 & 1,018 59 & 25571 & & 76288 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&e., La Crosse, W is. & & 23 & 336 & & 100,000 00 & & 100,000 00 & 5765 & & 99,942 35 \\
\hline Court-bouse, post-office, \&c., Leavenworth, Kans. & & 23 & 195, 481 & 44,557 30 & 105,000 00 & & 9,557 30 & 68350 & & 48,873 80 \\
\hline Court house, post-ofice, \&c., Lincoln, Nebr.. & & & & 18404 & 105,000 00 & & 18404 & 350 & & . 18054 \\
\hline Post-oftice, \&c., Lexington, Ky .............. & & 23 & 484 & & 150,000 00 & & 150,000 00 & & & 150, 00000 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c, Lonisville, & & 23
23 & - 488 & 198, 66915 & 200, 00000 & & 398, 66915 & 4498800 & & 397, 68115 \\
\hline Post-office, \&c., Minneapolis, Minn.......... & & 23 & 195,481 & 55, 31616 & 180, 00000 & & 235, 31616 & 44,512 60 & & 190,803 56 \\
\hline Post-oftice, court-bouse, \&c., Manchester, N. H. & & 23 & 484 & & 100,000 00 & & 100,000 00 & & & 100,000 00 \\
\hline Post-office, courthonse, \&c., Montpelier, Vt. & & 23 & 482 & & 75, 00000 & & 75, 00000 & & & 75, 00000 \\
\hline Conat-bouse, post-oftice, \&c., Moutgomery, Ala & & 23 & 195, 481 & 25, 06911 & 10, 00000 & 1,021 92 & 36,091 03 & 29, 84578 & & 6,245 25 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Marquette, Mich. & & 23 & 480 & 42,541 00 & 50, 00000 & & 92,54100 & 70030 & & 91, 94070 \\
\hline Courthouse, post-otice, \&c., Macon, Ga & & 23 & 481 & & 75, 00000 & & 75, 00000 & & & 75,000 00 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., New York, N. Y. & & & & 10,229 42 & & & 16, 22942 & 50142 & & 15,728 00 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Nubraska City, Nebr. & & 23 & 483 & & 75, 00000 & & 75, 00000 & & & 75, 0¢0 00 \\
\hline Court-housc, post-office, \&c., New Albany, Ind & & 23 & 483 & & 100,000 00 & & 100, 00000 & & & 100,000 00 \\
\hline Sub-trensury building, New York & & & & 2,573 98 & 10, & & 2,573 98 & 130 & 2,57268 & 100,000 \\
\hline Court-house, post-oifice, \&t., Oxford, Mi & & & & 43, 87310 & & 3,122 64 & 46,995 74 & 16,402 84 & & 30,592 90 \\
\hline Post-u焦ce and court-bouse, Philadelphia, Pa. & & & & 39,286 43 & & 1226 & 39, 29869 & 39, 28809 & & -1060 \\
\hline Court-house, post-oftice, \&c., Pittsburgh, Pa. & & & & 263, 18092 & & 8,936 55 & 272, 11747 & 13, 15080 & & 258, 966.67 \\
\hline Conirt-house, post-oftice, \&c., Pensacola, Fla.. & & & & 173, 07640 & & 9,000 67 & 182,077 07 & 70, 00562 & & 112,071 45 \\
\hline Post-ólice, court-honsc, \&c., Peoria, Ill & & 23 & 196, 481 & 35, 82505 & 125,000 00 & & 160, 82505 & 50,879 02 & & 109,946 03 \\
\hline Post-officc, court-house, \&ic., Poughkecpsie, N. Y & & 23 & 481 & 37, 5691.3 & 30,000 00 & & 67, 56913 & 25, 67384 & & 41,895 29 \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, \&c., Paducah, Ky & & 23 & 196 & 11767 & 2,000 00 & & 2,117 67 & 83630 & & 1,281 37 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Parkersburg, W. \(\mathrm{\nabla a}\) & & & & 2, 41432 & & & 2, 41432 & 31523 & & 2, 09909 \\
\hline Pastroffice, court-bonse, \&c., Quincy, & & 23 & 196, 481 & 56,656 11 & 87,500 00 & & 144, 15611 & 64,677 78 & & 79,478 33 \\
\hline Post-olitice, \&c., Reading, \(\mathbf{P a}\) & & 23 & 481 & & 80,00000 & & 80, 00000 & 360 & & 79,996 40 \\
\hline Court-h;use, post-oftice, \&c., Fialigh, N. C. & & & & [ 4541 & & & 2164541 & & 4541 & \\
\hline Court-house, post-oftice, \&c., Rochester, N. Y. & & 23 & - 481 & 136, 30119 & 80,00000 & & 216, 30119 & 9, 05456 & & 207, 24663 \\
\hline Post-ofice, court-liouse, \&c., Syracuse, N. Y. & & 23 & 196, 482 & 86,782 31 & 133, 00000 & & 219,782 31 & 44, 432 63 & & 175, 34968 \\
\hline Sub-treasury building, San Francisco, & & & & \(\begin{array}{r}920 \\ \hline 2025\end{array}\) & & & - 9929 & 340 & 500 & \\
\hline Postioflice, exc., Surantov, T a & & 23 & 195 & 2,025 33 & 37,500 00' & & 39, 52533 & & & 39,525 33 \\
\hline Post-wilice, \&c., Sacramento, Cal & & 23 & 481 & & 100, 00000 & & 100, 00000 & & & 100, 00000 \\
\hline Post-oflice, \&c., Saint Jusepu, Mo & & 23 & 195, 481 & 37, 33450 & 90,000 00 & & 127, 33450 & 1,915 50 & & 125, 41900 \\
\hline Postrofice, \&c., Springfield, Ohio & & 23 & 484 & & 100, 00000 & & 100, 00000 & & & 100, 00000 \\
\hline Postofilce, courthouse, \&c., Streveport, La. & & 23 & 482 & 89,993 00 & 5,00000 & & 94,993 00 & 7,111 12 & & 87, 88188 \\
\hline Court-louse, post-oftice, \&c., Springtield, Ill. & & 23 & 448, 208 & & 27, 87085 & & 27,870 85 & 26, 87085 & & 1, 00000 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Topeka, Kans & & 23 & 196 & 21671 & 10, 00000 & 153.48 & 10,370 19 & 10,203 60 & & 16659 \\
\hline Court-house, post-olice, \&c., Trenton, N . & & & & 6184 & & & 6184 & & 6184 & \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Tyler, Tes & & 23 & 482 & & 50, 00000 & & - 50, 00000 & & & 50,000 00 \\
\hline Post-oflice, court-house, \&c., Troy, N. Y & & 23 & 482 & & 100,000 00 & & 100, 00000 & & & 100, 00000 \\
\hline l'ost-office, \&c., Terre Haute, Ind. & & 23 & 482 & 48,301 67 & 75,000 00 & & 123,30167 & 50,755 31 & & 72, 54636 \\
\hline Carried formard & & & & 14, 173,641 52 & 40, 225,28739 & 2,151, 01503 & 57, 249,943 94 & 39,497, 30520 & 2, 264, 00408 & 15, 488, 6̣34 66 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or section.
\end{tabular} & Balances of appropriations, July \(1,1884\). & Appropria. tions for the fiscal sear end ing June 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year enaing June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations, June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Treasury-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & & & \$14, 173, 64152 & \$40, 925, 28739 & \$2, 151, 01503 & \$57, 249, 94394 & \$39, 497, 30520 & \$2, 264, 00408 & \$15, 488, 634 \({ }^{\prime} 66\) \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&re, Utica, N. Y.... Court-house, post-ofice, \&c., Williamsport, & & 23 & 237, 196 & 45 & 76372 & & 76417 & 76417 & & \\
\hline  & & 23 & 195,483 & 40,018-76-1 & -50,000-00 & & 99,918_76 & 28,000_50 & & 76,918 26 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, \&c., Waco, Tex.... & & 23 & 282 & & 100, 000 00 & & 100,00000 & 10,020 00 & & 89,980 00 \\
\hline Court-house, post-ofice, \&c., Winona, Minn.. & & 23 & 483 & & 20,000 00 & & 20, 00000 & & & 20,00000
-500000 \\
\hline Post-office, court-honse, \&c., Wichita, Kans & & 23 & 482 & & 50,000 00 & & 50, 00000 & & & 50,000 00 \\
\hline Building for Jureau of Engraving and Print ing. & & & & 7, 86635 & & & 7,866 35 & & & 7,866 35 \\
\hline Fireproof building for the National Museam . & & 23 & 209 & 1327
174 & 1,000 00 & & 1, 01327 & 1,000 00 & 1327
17462 & \\
\hline Assay office at Halena, Mont . . . . . . . . . . . . & & & & 17462 & & & 17462
30,00000 & & 17462 & \\
\hline  & & 23 & \(196,48 \mathrm{C}\)
196,204 & & 30,000
25,000
00 & & 30,00000
25,000 & 25, 11700 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,88300 \\
25,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Twenty per cent. adilitional compensation, Metropulitan Police, D. C & & 23 & 282 & & 46,903 82 & & 46,903 82 & 46,903 82 & & , \\
\hline Total & & & & 14, 231, 61497 & 41, 248, 95493 & 2, 151, 01503 & 57, 631, 58493 & 39, 604, 11069 & 2, 264, 19197 & 15, 763, 28227 \\
\hline dirlomatic. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries of ministers & 1881* & 23 & 254 & & 6,603 41 & & 6, 60341 & 6, 663 41 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 10,635 93 & & & \[
10,63593
\] & 1,84426
124,25685 & 8,791 67 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 130, 12164 & & 945 S2
1,25289 & \[
131,06746
\] & 124, 25685 & & 6,81061
40,06628 \\
\hline Do..................... & 1885 & 23 & 228, 447 & & 306,600 54 & 1,25289
482 & 307, 85343 & 267, 78715 & & 40,06628
482 \\
\hline Salaries secretaries of legation & 1882* & & & 5,078 91 & & 482 & -5,0789898 & & 5,078 91 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1884 & & & 14,007 26 & & 2,372 92 & 16, 38018 & 12, 71469 & 5,078 91 & 3,665 49 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 228 & & 40,350 00 & & 40,350 00 & 36, 22499 & & 4,125 01 \\
\hline Extending diplowatic relations with governments of Eastern Asia. & & & & 1,250 00 & & & 1,250 00 & 1,250 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses of foreign mission & 1883 & 23 & 194 & 9,590 76 & 55911 & & 10, 14987 & & 9,590 76 & 55911 \\
\hline Do.. & 1882 & & & 5,26480 & & 25000 & 5,514 80 & & 5,514 80 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 447 & 9,705 60 & 13, 58367 & 2,445 88 & 25, 73515 & 23, 51098 & & 2, 22417 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 334, 235 & & 75, 00000 & 87598 & 75, 87598 & 74; 14759 & & , 1, 72839 \\
\hline Salaries, consular ser & 1881* & 23 & 254, 260 & & 5, 01288 & & 5, 01288 & 5, 01288 & & \\
\hline Do................ & 1882* & 23 & 470 & & 1, 447 - 20 & 65091 & 2,09811
6,84367 & 1,35740
6,37948
3, & 55693
31350 & 183
\(150-69\) \\
\hline Do & 1882 & 23 & - 237 & 31350 & 6,530 17 & 97138 & 6,84367 & 6, 37948
3,98833 & \begin{tabular}{l}
31350 \\
867 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 150-69 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 260, 447 & 49031 & 3,494 44 & 87138
886144 & 4,85613
14388289 & 3,98833
132,77959 & 86780 & 10330 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 229-233 & 0214 & 429,60000 & 6,422 91 & 436, 02291 & 1308,502 91 & & 127, 52000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Allowance for consular clerks. & 1881 & 23 & 260 & & 26593 & & 26593 & 26593 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & 23 & 236 & & 1,500 00 & ---........... & 1,500 00 & 1,44000 & & 6000 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 3,768. 11 & & & 3,768 11 & & 3,768 11 & \\
\hline Do...................................................... & 1884
1885 & & & 30, 11309 & - 53,92000 & 19528
.3290 & 30,30837
\(53 ; 95290\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 28,23898 \\
& 34,187.60
\end{aligned}
\] & & \\
\hline Salaries interpreters to consulates in China & 1885 & 23 & 233 & & 53,920 00 & \(\cdots 3290\) & 53; 95290 & & & \[
19,76530
\] \\
\hline Japan, and Siam... & 1883 & …… & -............ & 1,54091 & & & 1,54091 & & 1,54091 & \\
\hline - Do.............. & 1884 & & & 6, 45602 & & 16829 & 6,624 31 & 4,79035 & 1, & 1,833 96 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 233, 446 & & 11, 08288 & & 11,082 88 & 7, 27095 & & 3,81193 \\
\hline Salaries consular officers not citizens & 1881* & 23 & 254, 260 & & 4,970 62 & & 4,970 62 & 4,970 62 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1881 & & & 44200 & & & 44200 & & 44200 & \\
\hline Do & 1882 & 23 & 260 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 260 & 1,507 97 & 794.20 & & 2,302 17 & 94255 & 56542 & 79420 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 3,966 68 & & & 3,966 68 & 3,341 71 & & 68497 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 233 & & 6, 00000 & & 6, 00000 & 4,871 55 & & 1,128 45 \\
\hline Salaries marshals, consular courts & 1883 & & & 2, 80000 & & & 2,800 00 & & 2,800 00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 3,363 73 & & 14425 & 3,507 98 & 2,030 00 &  & 1,47798 \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 8,000 00 & & 8, 250000 & 5,215 88 & & 2,784 12 \\
\hline Bont and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo. & 1883
1884 & & & 25263
42088 & & & 25263
+42088 & & 25263 & \\
\hline Dteam launch for leration and consulate at & 1884 & & & 42088 & & & \(\bigcirc 42088\) & 14788 & & 27300 \\
\hline Steam lannch for legation and consulate at Constantinople & 1883 & & & 45000 & & 5000 & 50000 & 50000 & & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1884 & & & & & 5000 & 5000 & 5000 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 50000 & & 50000 & & & 50000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Expenses of interpreters, guards, \&c., Tark- \\
ish dominions.
\end{tabular} & 1883 & 23 & 237 & 48040 & 30900 & & 78940 & 30900 & 48040 & \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1884 & & & 49086 & & 34585 & 83671 & 661 ' 32 & 480 & 17539 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,000 00 & 2,38100 & & 618.94 \\
\hline Loss on bills of exchange, diplomatic service. & 1885 & 23 & 235 & & 2,000 00 & \(\cdots \quad 1265\) & 2, 01265 & 5639 & & 1,956 26 \\
\hline Loss on bills of exchange, consular service.. & 1883 & & & 1, 50915 & & & 1,509 15 & 6.7168 & 1,437 47. & \\
\hline Do................................ & 1884 & & & 7,981 18 & & & 7,981 18 & 6, 99909 & & \[
98119
\] \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1885 & 23 & 284 & & 3,000 00 & & 3, 00000 & & & \[
3,00000
\] \\
\hline Contingentexpenses, United States consulates & 1881* & & & 67410 & & & 67410
56928 & & 67410 & .............. \\
\hline  & \({ }^{1881}{ }^{\text {188 }}\) & 23 & 254,260
237,260 & 1404 & 56938
2,59773 & & 56928
2,61177 & \(\begin{array}{r}56928 \\ 2,597 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 1404 & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & - 470 & & - 7002 & & 2, 7002 & 2, 8307 & & 1695 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 236-7,447 & 47620 & 19,546 00 & & 20, 02220 & 19,666 49 & 29538 & 6033 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 447 & 9,837 57 & 41,598 56 & 4,970 55 & 56, 40668 & 54, 16207 & & 2, 24461 \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 110,000 00 & 12441 & 110, 12441 & 101, 16826 & & 8,956 15 \\
\hline Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, \&c., for American convicts in Siam and Turkey... & 1883 & & & 50088 & & 30900 & 80988 & & & 80988 \\
\hline D0............................. & 1884 & & & 1,240 57 & & 5395 & 1,294 52 & 586.66 & & 70786 \\
\hline Rent of prisons for American convicts in China. & 1883 & & & 1112 & & & 1112 & & 1112 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 84340 & & & 84340 & 65399 & & 18941 \\
\hline Wages of lreepers for American convicts in & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 4,542 93 & & 85225 & 5,395 18 & 2, 22414 & 2,094 43 & 3,17104 \\
\hline Carried forw & & & & 407,259 01 & 1, 160,005 64 & 32, 26433 & 1,599,528 98 & 1, 298,285 64 & 45,090 38 & 256,152 96 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & \(\because\) St & tatates. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car: & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Pageor sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year ending June
1880. & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the
surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations, June \(30,1865\). \\
\hline Diplomatic-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$407, 25901 & \$1, 160, 00564 & \$32,264 33 & \$1, 599, 52898 & \$1, 208, 28564 & \$45,090 38 & \$256, 15296 \\
\hline Rent of prisong for American convicts in Japan & 1883 & & & & & & 15000 & & 15000 & \\
\hline  & 1884 & & & 45000 & & & 45000 & 30000 & & 15000 \\
\hline Wages of keepers for American convicts in Japan. & 1883 & & & 2, 41840 & & & 2,418 40 & 300 & 2,418 40 & 150 \\
\hline Do............................................... & 1884 & & & 3,797 76 & & & 3,797 76 & 1, 09688 & 2,418 40 & 2,70091 \\
\hline Rent of court-bouse or jail in Japan & 1883 & & & 45000 & & & 45000 & & 45000 & \\
\hline Do.......-............. & 1884 & & & 45000 & & & 45000 & & & 45000 \\
\hline Do............................. & 1885 & 23 & 447 & & 3,400 00 & ...... & 3,40000 & 3,400 00 & & \\
\hline Buildings and grounds, legation in China & 1883 &  & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
28007 \\
1,60000
\end{array}
\] & & -............ & 28007
1,60000 & 1,251 64 & 28007 & 34836 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 3,100 00 & & 3,100 00 & 1, 50000 & & 1,600 00 \\
\hline Bringing home criminals & 1883 & & & 3,875 21 & & & 3,875 21 & & 3,875 21 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 5,00000 & & & 5,00000 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Do.......... & 1885 \({ }^{\text {* }}\) & 23 & 2384 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,00000 & 90603 & & 4,093. 97 \\
\hline Relief of American seamen & 1881* & 23 & 254, 260 & & 37744 & & 37744 & 37744 & & \\
\hline Do..... & \(1888{ }^{*}\) & 23 & 470 & & 3850 & 76824 & 80674 & 3850 & 76824 & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 66,577 64 & & 9,713 60 & 76, 29124 & 2,066 72 & 74, 22452. & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 38,300 23 & & 19,86198 & 58,162 21 & 6,521. 24 & & 51, 64097 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 40,000 00 & 3,920 99 & 43,920 99 & 19,473 78 & & 24,447 21 \\
\hline Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen & \(1882^{*}\) & 23 & 448 & & 6718 & &  & & & 6718 \\
\hline Do.. & 1883 & & & 1,439
2,694
27 & & 50 & 1,439 24
2,69187 & \(\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 504 \\ 00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 1,389 24 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 234 & 2,691 & 4,50000 & 50 & 4, 4 , 50000 & \(\begin{array}{r}504 \\ 3,637 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 2,18787
862.23 \\
\hline Shipping and discharging seamen & 1883 & & & 1,815 00 & & & 1,815 00 & & 1,81500 & \\
\hline , Do......- & 1884 & & & 387190 & & & 3,87190 & 2, 11900 & & 1,75290 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 6,000 00 & & 6,000 00 & 3,879 84 & & 2,120 16 \\
\hline Expenses under the neutrality act........... & 1883 & & & 5,823 13 & & 15, 78941 & 21,612 54 & 5,000 00 & 16, 61254 & \\
\hline A nnual expenses of Cape Spartal light ....... & 1885 & 23 & 235 & & 30000 & & 30000 & 30000 & & \\
\hline Allowance to widows and heirs of diplomatic officers who die abroad & 1883 & & & 3,939 99 & & & 3,939 99 & & 3,939 99 & \\
\hline Do................ & 1884 & & & 1,991 44. & & 1655 & 2,007 99 & 17170 & 3, & 1,836 29 \\
\hline Do....................................... & 1885 & 23 & 234 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Transporting remains of ministers and consuls to their bomes for interment. ........... & & 23 & 235 & 7,584 22 & 10,000 00 & 31264 & 17,89686 & 29356 & & 17,603 \(30^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Publication of consular and other commercial reports, Department of State. & 1882 & & & 3,00000 & & & . 3, 00000 & . & 3,000. 00 & \\
\hline Do........................................... & 1883 & & & 293 & & & 293 & & , \(\quad 293\) & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 235 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 20,00000 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & Balances of ap. & Appropria. tions for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur: & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & propriations Juls 1, 1864. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal year end- } \\
\text { ing Jnne } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & the fiscal year 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& \text { ending Jnne } \\
& 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & year ending
June \(30,1885\). & surplus fund
June \(30,1885\). & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { apprepria } \\
\text { tions June } \\
30,1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Diplomatic-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & & & \$642, 86997 & \$1, 507, 071.44 & \$85, 14918 & \$2, 235, 09059 & \$1, 500, 60104 & \$199, 28743 & \$526, 20212 \\
\hline Payment to Lonise R. S. Wing.............. & & 23 & 446 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Arnerican Claims Commission.............. & & 23 & 478 & & 594, 28804 & & 594, 28804 & 594, 28804 & & \\
\hline Yavment to Louise F. Hunt ................. & & 23 & 447 & & 8,750 00. & & 8,750 00 & 8,750 00 & & \\
\hline Sataties and expenses Spanish Claims Commission & & & & 2, 63330 & & & 2,633 30 & & 2,633 30 & \\
\hline Coutingent expenses Spanish Claims Com mission. & & & & 42576 & & & 42576 & & 2,6330
425 & \\
\hline Weimbursement to T. B. Van Buren & & 23 & 447 & & 4700 & & 4700 & 4700 & & \\
\hline Estates of decedents-trust fund............ & & & & 47,655 55 & & 9, 11572 & 56,771 27 & 8,737 00 & & 48,034 27 \\
\hline Raclief of claimants for destruction, \&c., brig General Armstrong & & & & 21,396 52 & & & 21,396 52 & & 5,000 00 & 16,396 52 \\
\hline Expenses of Univorsal Exhibition atParis. & & & & 23,651 10 & & & 23,651 10 & & 23,651 10 & 10,306 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Procuring evidence relating to French spoli- \\
atiou claims
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 331, 446 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 4,800 00 & & 5,200 00 \\
\hline Tierroral and burial of F. P. Van Wyck ..... & & 23 & 236 & & 93484 & & & 93484 & & \\
\hline xietuming penalties and charges orroneously exacted & & 23 & 59 & & 1,179 07 & & 1,179 07 & 1,179 07 & & \\
\hline Entcrational confcrence to establish a meridian for time reckoning & & 23 & 194 & & 5,000 00 & & 5, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Whelief of Mrs. Jane Venable & & 23 & 615 & & 5, 63687 & & 5,63687 & 5,636 87 & & \\
\hline Scientific commission of electricians at Philadelphia. & & 23 & 194 & & 7,500 00 & & 7,500 00 & 7,000 00 & & 50000 \\
\hline Conference of the Red Cross Association at Genera & & 23 & 194 & & 2,000 00 & & & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Expenses of the Siamese embassy & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 194 & & 2,50000 & & 2,500 00 & 2, 23332 & & 26688 \\
\hline Saluries of interpreters to legations & 1885 & \({ }_{23}\) & 228, 234 & & 8,500 00 & & 8,50000 & 1,15184 & & 7,348 16 \\
\hline Expenses of prisons, A merican convi & 1885 & \({ }^{23}\) & 234 & & 12,450 00 & 12750 & 12,577 50 & 5, 1,013 & & 7, 56442 \\
\hline Fees and costs in extradition caser. & & \({ }_{3}^{23}\) & 235 & & 5, 00000 & & 5, 00000 & & & 5, 00000 \\
\hline Foveign hospitals at Panama ................ & & 23 & 234 & & 30000 & & 30000 & 22500 & & 7500 \\
\hline Repairing monument in Logota to Bebjamin A. Bidlack. & & 23 & 235 & & 60000 & & 60000 & 51500 & & 8500 \\
\hline Extending commerce of the United States in the Congo Valley & & \({ }^{23}\) & 235 & & 15,000 00 & & 15,000 00 & 15,000 00 & & \\
\hline Commission to Central and South America... & & 23 & 235 & & 31,479 66 & & 31, 47966 & 31,479 66 & & \\
\hline Payment of judgments of Conrt of A labama Claims. & & 22 & 34 & & 3, 325, 93563 & \(88 \cdot 81\) & 3,326, 02444 & 3, 325, 99449 & & 2995 \\
\hline Total diplomatic & & & & 738, 63220 & 5,548,676 62 & 94, 48121 & \(6,381,79003\) & 5, 534, 09032 & 230, 99759 & 616,702 12 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{JUDICIARY.}

\section*{Salaries, Department of Justice} Do.
Contingent expenses, farnitare and repairs. Do.
Contingent expeuses, bcoks for Department Library
Contingent expenses, books ofice of Solicitor. Contingent expenses, stationery................ Continge Do .
 Do
Salaries employes conrthouse, District of Columbi Do
Salary' warden of the jail.
Repairs of courthouse, W ashington, D. C
Expenses of Territorial courts in Utah......................................................

1 DO
Wo
Bo

Do
Do
Derending suits in claims against the Unite............................ States

Do.
Do ............................................................................
Do .
Prosecution and collection of claims
Do
Punishing violations of interconrse acts and fraud uds
Do
Do


\section*{Carried forward}
.......................

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & July \({ }^{\text {propriations }} 1884\). & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { tiscal year end } \\
& \text { ing June } 30, \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { the fiscal year } \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& \text { ending June } \\
& 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & year ending
June \(30,1885\). & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & tions June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Judiciari-Continued. & & & & & & & & & , & \\
\hline Brought fo & & & & \$25, 22195 & \$264, 85930 & \$117 60 & \$290, 19885 & \$261, 64134 & 9, 90587 & \$18,651 64 \\
\hline Support of convicts & 1883 & & & 9, 488810 & & & 9, 488810 & & 9, 488.10 & \\
\hline \(\stackrel{\text { Do. }}{\text { Do. }}\) & 1888 & & 224 & 8,560 75 & 10,000 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}8,560 \\ \mathbf{8} 0 \\ \mathbf{1 0 0 0} \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 4914
997 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
8,511 \\
9,002 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Building, Departmen & 1884 & 23 & 248 & & 1, 98144 & & 1, 98144 & 1,981.44 & & \\
\hline Daw library. & 1885 & 23 & 193 & & 10,500 00 & & 10,500 00 & 10,500 00 & & \\
\hline Law library, Territory of & & & & 2400 & & & - 2400 & 2400 & & \\
\hline Sapport of insaue convicts & 1884 & 23 & 249 & & 1, 03757 & & 1,037 57 & 1,037 57 & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 466 & & 93600 & & -936 00 & & & 93600 \\
\hline Compiling and printing laws Territory of Alaska & 1885 & 23 & 223 & & 50000 & & 50000 & 40338 & & 9662 \\
\hline Uniform system of book-keeping for United
States courts................................... & 1885 & 23 & 224 & & 1000000 & & 10,000 00. & & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline Digest of opinions of Attorney-General. & & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}21 \\ 22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.\) & \({ }_{268}^{236}\) & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000. 00 & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Expenses of United States courts. & 1879* & & & 40,526 03 & & 3,383 64 & 43, 90967 & & 43,909 67 & \\
\hline Fees of supervisors of elections & 1880 & & & 5000 & & & 5000 & & 5000 & \\
\hline Do & 1881 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 256 & & 33270 & & 33270 & 33270 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882 & R.S. & 472
3689 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3500 \\
263,883
\end{array}
\] & 2,147 50 & - \(\begin{array}{r}356 \\ \hline 000 \\ \hline 03125\end{array}\) & 35
600
03125 & & \\
\hline Fees of jurors, United States c & 1880 & & & 44235 & 263, & 2,14 & , 44235 & 200 25 & 24210 & \\
\hline Do & 1881* & 23 & 250 & & 2,154 65 & & 2,154 65 & 2,154 65 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882, & 23 & 472 & 67,009 84 & 6220 & 561785 & 67,009 84 & 7000 & 66,939 84 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & 472 & 32,678 & & 7,151 07 & 39, 82980 & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ 39 \\ \hline 1242 \\ \hline 15\end{array}\) & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 249 & 1225 & 60,000 00 & 33, 60036 & 93,61261 & 33, 62851 & & 59,984 10 \\
\hline Fees of witnesses, Ư...... & 1885 & 23 & 224, 467 & & 450, 00000 & 11,694 07 & 461, 694407 & 460, 33880 & & 1,355 27 \\
\hline Fees of witnesses, \(\begin{gathered}\text { Do } \\ \text { Do }\end{gathered}\) & 1880 & 23 & 256, 268 & 371 & 6, 18583 & & 6,185 83 & \(2,221{ }^{4} 0^{\circ}\) & 37110 & 3,964 43 \\
\hline Do & 1882 & & 286, & .61,739 48 & & & 61,73948 & 2, 37150 & 61,36798 & \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1383}^{1882^{*}}\) & & & &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,14293 \\
& 516584
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,36978 \\
17899
\end{array}
\] & 24755
743 & 2, 14223 & \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & 23
23
23 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 467 \\
& 249
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}11,733 \\ 274 \\ \hline 188\end{array}\) & 1,000
60000
600 & 5,16584
32,94495 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 17,89922 \\
& 93,21963
\end{aligned}
\] & 7,46310
6793 & 9,436 12 & 1,00000
25,28591 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 224,467 & & 600, 00000 & 15, 59764 & 615,59764 & 609, 39838 & & 6,19926 \\
\hline Support of prisoners, United States courts & \({ }_{1881 *}^{1880}\) & & & 1,093 00 & & & & & 1, 09300 & \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1882^{*}}^{1881^{*}}\) & 23 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 256,261 \\
& 472,476
\end{aligned}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{3 , 6 5 7} 93 \\
& 3,80450
\end{aligned}
\] & & \begin{tabular}{l}
3,65793 \\
4,465 \\
\hline 85
\end{tabular} & 2,912
3,674
50 & & 74555
13000 \\
\hline & 1883 & & & 77,292 28 & & 5, 06760 & 82, 35988 & 1,834 08 & \[
80,52580
\] & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Speoific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \(\frac{\text { Vol. }}{\text { W }}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or section.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropria. tions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal-year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dar. ing the fiscal year ending June 30,188 . & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of \({ }^{-}\) appropriatiuns, June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Cubtoms-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$672, 46874 & \$12, 606, 96593 & \$1, 057, 34837 & \$14, 336, 78104 & \$12, 854, 68610 & \$565,403 47 & \(\$ 916,69147\) \\
\hline Rebuilding revenue steamer Ricbard Rush & & 23 & 199 & & 80,000 00 & & 80, 00000 & 1,51050 & & \[
78,48950
\] \\
\hline Constructing a revenue steamer & & & & 63220 & & & 63220 & & & 63220 \\
\hline Constructing two steam launches. & & & & 6139 & & & 6139 & & & 6139 \\
\hline Building or purchase of such vessels, \&c., for the Revenue Service & & & & 19,384 59 & & 1,359 76 & 20, 74435 & 8, 24607 & & 12,498 28 \\
\hline Compensation in lieu of moieties ............. & 1885 & 23 & 206 & 10,381 59 & 35, 00000 & 1, 496 & 35, 00496 & 22,096.53 & & 12,908 43 \\
\hline Do.......................... & 1884 & 23 & 239 & 20255 & 10,000 00 & 13012 & 10, 33267 & 10,063 22 & & 12, 26945 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & -4,198 08 & & 7083 & 4, 26891 & 3534 & 4, 23357 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & 4164 & 4164 & & 4164 & \\
\hline Salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal fisheries & 1885 & 23 & 206 & & 13,350 00 & & 13,350 00 & 7,862 26 & & 5,487 74 \\
\hline Do........ & 1884 & & & 5,971 79 & & & 5,971 79 & 5,232 21 & & -739 58 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 1,476 15 & & & 1,476 15 & & - 1,476 15 & \\
\hline Do.......................... & 1881* & 23 & 239, 240 & & 814 & & 814 & 814 & & \\
\hline Protection of sea-otter hunting-grounds and seal fishery in Alaska & 1885 & 23 & 206 & & 15,000 00 & & 15, 00000 & ............. & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 25, 00000 & & & 25, 00000 & 25,000 00 & & 15,000 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 25; 00000 & & & 25, 00000 & & 25, 00000 & \\
\hline Salaries and expenses shipping servis & & 23 & 57, 69 & & 61, 48412 & & 61,484 12 & 47, 07813 & & 14,405 99 \\
\hline Purchase of wharf at Wilmington, N & & 23 & 307, 308 & & 30,000 00 & & 30, 00000 & 25, 11550 & & 4,884 50 \\
\hline Custom-honse at Bangor, Me.... & & 23 & 479 & & 18,000 00 & & 18,000 00 & 10,748 16 & & 7,251 84 \\
\hline Custom-house at Boston, Mass .............. & & & & 19033 & & & 19033 & & 19033 & \\
\hline Custom-honse and post-oftice at Fall River, Mass & & & & 9,10275 & & & 9,102 75 & 4,000 00 & & 5,102 75 \\
\hline Custom-house at New Bedford, Mass & & 23 & 308 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 4000 & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Custom-house at Hartford, Conn & & & & 19779 & & & 19779 & 19671 & 108 & \\
\hline Castom-house and post-office at New Haven, Conn & & 23 & 196 & & 50, 00000 & & 50, 00000 & 24,767 89 & & 25,232 11 \\
\hline Custom-house and post-office at Albany, N.Y. & & 23 & 257 & 40, 00000 & -34365 & & 40, 34365 & 39, 26611 & & 1,077 54 \\
\hline Custom-house and post-oftice at Buffalo, N.Y. & & 23 & 479 & 93, 96389 & 37,500 00 & 8,397 04 & 139,860 93 & 65,595 80 & & 74, 26513 \\
\hline Barge-office building, New York & & & & 47067 & & & 47067 & 46465 & & 602 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Pittsburgh, Pa. & & & & 7,015 24 & & & 7,015 24 & & & 7,015 24 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Wilmiogton, N. & & & & 10025000 & & & . 25000 & & 25000 & \\
\hline Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md.. & & & & 100,000 00 & & & 100,00000 & 32,907 42 & & 67, 09258 \\
\hline Custom-house, Baltimore, Md. & & & & & & 03 & \[
03
\] & & 03 & \\
\hline Custom-honse, Richmond, Va = & & 23 & 332, 481 & & 150,000 00 & & 150,000 00 & & & 150, 00000 \\
\hline Custom-housc, New Orleans, La & & 23 & 196, 481 & 7,943 17 & 40,000 00 & 674 & 47,949 91 & 33, 33171 & & 14,61820 \\
\hline Marine hospital, New Orleans, & & & & 25,213
41,879
40 & & & \(45,-21359\)
104 & 24, 29384 & & 1491975 \\
\hline Custom-honse, Galveston, Tex. & & 23 & 195,480 & 41,879 40 & 62,500 00 & & 104,379 40 & & & 104, 37940 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Custom-house and post-office, Cincinnati, Ohio Custom-house and post-office, Cleveland, Ohio Custom-house, \&c., Toledo, Ohio. Marine hospital, Cincinnati, Ohio Custom-house and post-office, Evansville, Ind Custom-house and post-offico, Dubuque, Iowa Marine hospital, Cairo, 10
Custom-honse and sub-treasary, Chicago, Ill A ppraiser's store; \&c., Chicago, Ill ... Bridewell Dock property, Chicago, ili Marine hospital, Memphis, Tenn Marine hospital, Key West, Fla................... Cnstom-house court house and post-ofice Custom-house, court house and post-onice, Custom.honse, Sain Oustom-nonse, Saint Lonis, Mo Custom-honse, post-office, \&c., Kansas City Mo.
Marine hospital, Saint Louis, M Custom-honse, Charleston, S. C. Appraisers' stores, San Francisco, C Marine hospital, San Francisco, Cal Custom-house, pcst-office, \&c., Port Town send, Wash.........................
Ram Island light station, Maine ................ Day beacons, Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts.
Hyannis light station, Massachusetts........................................... Lake Champlain light. Conimicut liggits station, Rhode Island. Wick ford Harbor light station, Rhode Island Whale Rock light station, Rhode Island Saybroor beacon right, Connecticut Stamord Harbor Cold Spring Harbor light, New York. Hell Gate electriclight New York... Lights on Hudson River New York Elm 'Tree light, New York
Throg's Neck light, New York
Romer Shoals light, New York
Niagara River range lights, New York
Barnegat light station, New Jersey
Absecom light station, New Jersey
Ludlam's Island light station, New Jersey. Erie light station, Pennsylvania.

Carried forward





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & & Page or section. & propriations July 1, 1884. & \begin{tabular}{l}
fiscal year end- \\

\end{tabular} & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Customis-Continued. & & & & & & & & , & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$1, 645, 61435 & \$14, 184, 87149 & \$1, 101,477 19 & \$16,931,963 03 & \$14, 207, 91499 & \$596, 81239 & \$2, 127, 23565 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fourteen-Foot Bank light station, Delaware \\
Bay.
\end{tabular} & & & & 121, 06867 & & \[
23,148.56
\] & 144, 21723 & \[
1,50000
\] & & \[
142,71723
\] \\
\hline Delaware Break water lightstation, Delaware. & & 23 & 197 & & 25,000 00 & 7, 62808 & 32, 62808 & 19,000.00 & & 13, 62808 \\
\hline Lazaretto Depot light station, Maryland..... & & & & 55726 & & & -527 26 & 19,557 26 & & \\
\hline Great Shoals light station, Maryland & & & & 4,517 72 & & & 4,517 72- & 4,517 72 & & \\
\hline Craighill Channel Cut-off range lights, Maryland & & 23 & 485 & & 25,000 00 & & 25, 00000 & 5,00000 & & 0, 00000 \\
\hline Sandy Point Shoal light station, Maryland... & & & & 19060 & & & 190 60 & 5,000 00 & & 19060 \\
\hline Fog bell below Sandy Point light station, Chesapeake Bay. & & & , & & & 513 & 513 & & & 513 \\
\hline Patuxent River range lights, Maryland & & & & 35528 & & & 35528 & & & 35528 \\
\hline Kent Point light station, Maryland. & & & & 4222 & & & 4222 & & & \\
\hline Reimburs ment to keepers of Sharp's Island light station, Maryland & & 23 & 452 & & 20000 & & 20000 & & & 20000 \\
\hline Portsmouth Depot, Virginia.................. & & & & 4,500 00 & 200 & & 4,500 00 & & & 4,50000 \\
\hline Bush's Bluff light station, Virgiuia & & 23 & 485 & & 20,000 00 & & 20, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & 15, 00000 \\
\hline Cape Charles light station, Virginia & & 23 & 197 & & 15, 00000 & & 15, 00000 & & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Killock Sboal light station, Virginia & & 23 & 197 & & 10,000 00 & 49800 & 10,498 00 & 1,000 00 & & 9,498 00 \\
\hline Depot fifth district, Virginia & & 23 & 197 & & 10,000 00 & 7,363 01 & 17,363 01 & 10,000 00 & & - 7,363 01 \\
\hline Winter Quarter Shoal light station, Virginia. & & 23 & 485 & & 30, 00000 & & 30, 00000 & & & 30,000 00 \\
\hline Plantation light-ship station, Virginia & & 23 & 485 & & 25,000 00 & & 25, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Croaton light station, North Carolina & & \(\stackrel{23}{ }\) & 197 & & 15,000 00 & & 15, 00000 & 15, 000 00 & & \\
\hline Cape Fear River lights, North Carolina...... & & 23 & 197 & & 5,000 00 & 18274 & 5,182 74 & 5,000 00 & & 18274 \\
\hline Paris Island light seation, South Carolina ... & & & & 11834 & & & 11834 & 5,00 0 & & 11834 \\
\hline Huntiog Island light station, South Carolina. & & 23 & 485 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & - 5,000 00 & & 118 \\
\hline Lights on the Savannah River, Georgia....... & & & & 2, 88654 & & & 2,886 54 & 5,000 & & 2,886 54 \\
\hline Dry Tortugas light station, Florida.... & & & & 75, 00000 & & & 75, 00000 & & & 75,000 00 \\
\hline Repairs of iron light-houses, Florida & & & & 5, 49804 & & 3,498 04 & 6,99608 & 6,996 08 & & 15,00 \\
\hline Florida Reef beacons, Florida ..... & & & & 10. 23942 & & 3,00196 & 13,24138 & 6, 00392 & & 7,23746 \\
\hline Sanibal Island light stations, Florida & & & & 14, 00228 & & 1,276 56 & 15,338 84 & 4,880 93 & & 10,45791 \\
\hline Mosquito Inlet light station, Florida & & 23 & 485 & 29,369 53 & 40,000 00 & & 69, 36953 & 29, 36953 & & 40,00000 \\
\hline Anclote Keys light station, Florida
Cape San Blas light station, Florida & & 23 & 485 & & 17,500 00 & & 17,500 00 & & & 17,500 00 \\
\hline Cape San Blas light station, Florida & & 23 & 197 & 10,010 12 & 20,00000 & 1, 37251 & \begin{tabular}{l}
11,38263 \\
20,650 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 11, 37951 & & 312
18,65000 \\
\hline Saint John's River lights ... & & 23 & 197 & & - 10,00000 & 23429 & 10,234 29 & 10,000 00 & & 18,650 284 \\
\hline Apalachicola range lights, Florida- & & 23 & 485 & & 60000 & & 60000 & & & 60000 \\
\hline Northeast passage range lights, Florida..... & & 23 & 485 & & 20000 & & 20000 & & & . 20000 \\
\hline Dog Rivet Bar and Choctaw Pass Channel, Alahama & & & & 24,500 00 & & 4,364 00 & 28, 86400 & 22,864 00 & & 6,000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Sand İsiand light station, Alabama... Re-establishment of iight-houses, Texas.... South Pass pier lights, Mississippi River, Louisiana
 Red River lights, Louisiana.
Amite light station, Loaisiana Mi....... Detroit River light station, Michigan Port Sanilac light station, Michigan
Pipe Island light station, Michigan
Saint Mary's range lights, Michigan
Gray's Harbor light station, Washington
Territory ..............................................
Destruction Island light station, Washing ton-Territory
Tellamook Head light station, Oregon...... Columbia Rivers,
Grand Marias light station, Minnesota Oakland Harbor light station, California
Point Ferbin lignt station, California
Point Pinos light ship, California.
Northwest seal Kocks light station, Cali
fornia Island fog signal, California
Survey of light-house sites
Do..
Laboratory of the Light-House Board
team tender for the Pacific coast
Establishment and maintenance of lighted bnops
Re-establishing lights on the southern coast Quarantine stations for neat cattle
ighting and bnoyage of the Mississippi,
\(\mathrm{D}_{0}\)
\(\mathrm{D}_{0}\)
Completing the lighting and buoyage of Ohploting
Repayment to importers excess of deposits (no limit)
Repayment to importers excess of deposits (act August 5, 1882)
Repayment to importers excess of deposits, charges and commissions
Debentures, drawbacks, bounties, and allowances (act \(J\) une 16, 1880 )
Debentures, drawbacks, bounties, and allow. ances (no limit)

Carried forward

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 10,000 00 & & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline 20,000 00 & & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline 9, 44056 & 2, 65484 & & 6,785 72 \\
\hline 1,500 00 & & & 1,500 00 \\
\hline 1,305 09 & & & 1, 30509 \\
\hline 1,214 52 & & & 1,214 52 \\
\hline 5, 5,00000 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline 55,50000 & 47, 50000 & & 8,00000 \\
\hline 20,000 00 & 10, 00000 & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline 10,000 00 & & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline 12,000 00 & & & 12,000 00 \\
\hline 15,500 00 & 1,000 00 & & 14,500 00 \\
\hline 40,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & 39, 00000 \\
\hline 1, 72932 & & & 1,729 32 \\
\hline 23681 & 23681 & & \\
\hline 9,50200 & 2,500 00 & & 7,052 00 \\
\hline 5,000 00 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline 30000 & & & 30000 \\
\hline 1,36785 & & & 1,367 85 \\
\hline 70,000 00 & 45,000 00 & & 25; 00000 \\
\hline 4,500 00 & 4,500 00 & & \\
\hline 7,000 15 & 4,550 00 & & 2,450 15 \\
\hline 8,337 60 & & & 8,337 60 \\
\hline 8,000 00 & & & 3,000 00 \\
\hline 88,500 00 & 84, 00000 & & 4,500 00 \\
\hline 22,085 48 & 15, 16910 & & 6,916 38 \\
\hline 28858 & 28858 & & \\
\hline 25,000 00 & 22,000 00 & & 3,000 00 \\
\hline 191, 68915 & 183,963 76 & & 7,725 39 \\
\hline 14, 87449 & 14, 87449 & & \\
\hline 1, 12620 & 1707 & 1,109 13 & \\
\hline 3, 19407 & & & 3,194 07 \\
\hline 4,787, 00143 & 4,787, 00143 & & \\
\hline 273, 04521 & 24, 47062 & 248, 57459 & \\
\hline 97, 74539 & 1,873 47 & & 95, 87192 \\
\hline 17,439 86 & & & 17,439 86 \\
\hline 8,658,300 17 & 8, 658, 30017 & & \\
\hline 32, 052, 37586 & 28,293, 88428 & 846,496 11 & \(2,911,99547\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objeots of appropriations. & Year. & - \({ }_{\text {Vol. }}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or sectlon.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing J̇nne 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropristions June 30,-1885. \\
\hline Custome-Continued. & - & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$2, 463, 03101 & \$28, 199, 18801 & \$1, 390, 15676 & \$32, 052, 37586 & \$28, 293, 88428 & \$846, 49611 & \$2, 911,995 47 \\
\hline Dejbentures and other charg & & R.S. & 3,689 & & 8413 & & 8413 & 8413 & & \\
\hline Detection and prevention of frauds npon the customs revenue & 1885 & & & 70,479 38 & & & 70,479 38 & 70,47938 & & \\
\hline - Do........................................ & 1884 & & & 2, 24056 & & 18128 & 2,421 84 & 2, 42184 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 16596 & & & 16596 & 16596 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & 18 & 418 & & 48800 & & 48800 & 48800 & & \\
\hline Expenses of regulating immigration & & 22 & 214 & 92,973 17 & 177, 00250 & & 269,975 67 & 125,538 58 & & 144,43709 \\
\hline Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports \(\qquad\) & & & & 4,708 86 & & 1,876 58 & 6,585 44 & 6,585 38 & 06 & \\
\hline Refunding moneys erroneonsly received and covered into the Treasury. & & R. S. & 3,689 & 4,708 86 & 21927 & 1,876 58 & 6,5854
21927 & 6,585
21927 & 0 & \\
\hline Refunding penalties or charges erroneously exacted & & 23 & - 59 & & 1,956 42 & & 1,956 42 & 1,956 42 & & \\
\hline Unclaimed merchandise. & & R.S. & 3,689 & & 80571 & & 80571 & 1,805 71 & & \\
\hline Extra pay to officers, \&c., who served in the Mexican war & & 20 & 316 & & 5,015 00 & & 5,015 00 & 5,01500 & & \\
\hline Refund to A. Mendoza. & & 23 & 240 & & 7000 & & 7000 & 7000 & & \\
\hline Refund to Albino Givin and Romulo Lacer.. & & 23 & 240 & & 13630 & & 13630 & 13630 & & \\
\hline Refund to N. L. Case & & 23 & 240 & & 3000 & & 3000 & 3000 & & \\
\hline liefund of duty to L. Straus \& Sons........... & & 23 & 246 & & 21050 & & 21050 & 21050 & & \\
\hline Refund of daties to Elizabeth Comstock ..... & & 23 & 621 & & 72278 & & 72278 & 72278 & & \\
\hline Report of taxation-aud othèr charges upon ship-owners, \&c & & & & & & 21486 & 21486 & & 21486 & \\
\hline Relief of Brannin, Bummers \& Co ............ & & 23 & 682 & & 9,588 62 & & 9,588 62 & 9,58862 & & \\
\hline Total customs & & & & 2, 633,598 94 & 28,395,517 32 & 1,392, 42948 & 32, 421, 54574 & 28, 518, 40215 & 846, 71103 & 3, 056,432 56 \\
\hline INTERIOR CIVIL. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries, Offioe Secretary of the Interior...... & 1885 & 23 & 188 & & 172, 13000 & 325 & 172, 13325 & 169,000 00 & & 3,133 25 \\
\hline Do........................................ & 1884 & & & 30000 & & 4737 & 34737 & & & -347 37 \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1883 & & & 30834 & & & \[
30834
\] & & 30834 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Secretary of the Interior & 1885 & 23 & 189
244 & & 130,000
13510 & 52246
6612 & 130,522
14,250
54 & 100,000
14,21274 & & 30,52246
\(\cdot \quad 3780\) \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 14,049 78 & & 6612 & 14, 778 & 14,212 74 & 778 & 3780 \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 23 & 476 & & 1298 & & 1298 & - 1298 & & \\
\hline Fuel, lights, \&c., Department of the Interior. & 1883 & 23 & 244 & & 13510 & & 13510 & - 13510 & & \\
\hline General expenses, Uivil Service Commission. & 1884
1883 & & & 1,500
25967 & & 31801 & 1.818
259
259 & 1,000 00 & -..- 259.7 & 81801 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Library, Department of the Interior.
Packing, \&c., Congressional documents
Postage, Department of the Interior.
Postage to Postal Union countries. Do.
Publishing the Biennial Register
Rent of buildings, Department of the Interio
Stationery, Department of the Interior
Do.
Do.
Do.
Salaries, General Land Office Do.
Contingent expenses, General Land Office
Expenses of inspectors, General Land Office
Lihrary, General Iand Office.
Expenses third edition codified land laws transcribing records land office Olpmpia Wash., reproducing plats of survers Gen eral Land Office........................................ Do
Maps of the United States
Salaries, Oftice Comanissioner Indian Affairs Do.
Dalariestomporaiy clerks, Office Commission
or Indian Affarrs
Do.
Do.
Salaries, Bureau of Edacation Do.
Collocting statisties, Burean of Edncation.. ibuting documents
Do.
Do..
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Carried forward

\section*{18}

1885
1883
1883 1885 1884 1883
1885

188 188 1881
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1884
\(\xrightarrow[\substack{1885 \\ 188 \\ 188}]{188}\) \(\underset{\substack{1884 \\ 184 \\ 188}}{\substack{18 \\ \hline}}\) 18
18
\(\underset{\substack{1888 \\ 188 \\ 188}}{180}\)
1 1884

\section*{188}
 \({ }^{1885}\) \(\underset{\substack{1884 \\ 1883 \\ 1}}{\substack{183 \\ \hline}}\) 1883 \begin{tabular}{c}
1884 \\
\(\substack{1885 \\
\hline 188 \\
\hline \\
\hline}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \(\underset{\substack{1885 \\ 1885 \\ 188}}{18}\)

1883



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific object of appropriations. & Year. & \[
\frac{\mathrm{St}}{\text { Vol. }}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatates. \\
Page or section.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Repayments mande during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Amounts car ried to the sarplas fand June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations Jane 30, 1885. \\
\hline Interion civil-Continued. & & & , & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$37, 90943 & \$1, 145, 17318 & \$9,913 34 & \$1, 192, 99595 & \$1, 112, 19622 & \$8, 10654 & \$72,693 19 \\
\hline Library............. & 1884 & & & & & 1401 & 1401 & & & 14.01 \\
\hline Contingent sxpenses. & 1883 & & & & & - 1487 & 1487 & & 1487 & \\
\hline Education of children in Alaska & & 23 & 2,728 & & - 25, 00000 & & 25, 00000 & 5,000 00. & & 2000000 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses of Barean of Labor & 1885 & 23 & 208 & & 25,000 00 & & 25,000 00 & 10, 00000 & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Salaries, ofice Commissioner of Pensions & 1885 & 23 & 186, 276 & & 1, 955, 35380 & & 1,955, 35380 & 1,918, 00000 & & 37, 35380 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & \[
15,00000
\] & & J,629 26 & 16,62926
119 & , 1360 & & 16,615 66 \\
\hline Do ....................................... & 1883 & & & 119,388 35 & & & 119,388 35 & & 119,388 35 & \\
\hline Salaries, special examiners, Commissioner of Pensions. & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 240, 00000 & 45780 & 240, 45780 & 207, 00000 & & 33,45780 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office Commissioner of Pensions & 1883 & 23 & 244 & 458 & 6,540 35 & & 6,544 93 & 6,540 35 & 458 & \\
\hline Investigation of pension cases & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 360,000 00 & 353 & 360, 00353 & - \(\quad 305,96826\) & 458 & 54,035 27 \\
\hline D0........................ & 1884 & & & 34, 00000 & & 1,14789 & 35, 14789 & 35,134 93 & & - \(\quad 1296\) \\
\hline Investigation of pension cases, special examiners. & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 220, 00000 & & 220, 00000 & 165, 00000 & & 55, 00000 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Patents ...... & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 597, 17000 & 13640 & 597, 30640 & 58700000 & & 55,000
10,306 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 1,500 00 & & 79775 & 2,297 75 & & & 2,297 75 \\
\hline Do:....................................... & 1883 & & & 3,224 73 & & & 3, 22473 & & 3,224 73 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of Commissioner of Patents & 1883 & & & 381 & & 460 & 781 & & 781 & \\
\hline Copies of drawings, office of Commissioner of Patents \(\qquad\) & 1883 & & & 27 & & & 27 & & 87
27 & \\
\hline Foreign exchange, office of Commissioner of Patents. & 1885 & 23 & 188 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 1,000 00 & 2 & 1,000 00 \\
\hline nlustration of Patent Office Report for 1870. & & & & 5,810 75 & 2,000 0 & & 5,810 75 & 2, 42200 & 3,38875 & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Photolithographing, office Commissioner of & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Patents \\
Do.
\end{tabular} & 1885 & 23 & 187 & 13,000 00 & 85, 00000 & 70 & 85,00000
13,00070 & \begin{tabular}{l}
60000 \\
13,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & ................ & 25,00000
70 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 13, 08 & & 7 & 13,000 08 & 13,000 00 & 08 & 70 \\
\hline Plates for Patent Office Official Gazett & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 42,000 00 & & 42,000 00 & 35,000 00 & & 7,00000 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 60 & & 9850 & 9850 & & & 9850 \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1883 & & & & & & 60 & & 60 & \\
\hline Scientific library, office Commissioner of Patents & 1885 & 23 & 187 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1884 & & & & & 244 & 244 & 5,000 00 & & 244 \\
\hline Public nse of inventions, \&c., Commissioner & & & & & & & 1,000 00 & & & \\
\hline of Patents............................... & 1885
1885 & 23
23 & 188, 278 & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ 14,447 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ 14,447 \\ \hline 17\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}100 \\ 14,447 \\ \hline 17\end{array}\) & & - 90000 \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1883 & & 188, 21 & 4961 & 14,447 & & 14,44961 & 14,447 17 & 4961 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Contingent expenses, Commissioner of Railroads. & 1883 & & & 377 & & & 377 & & 377 & . \(\times\). \({ }^{\text {a }}\). \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Commissiouer of Railroads & 1885 & 23 & 188 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,000 00 & 2, 02860 & & \\
\hline Do ..................................... & 1884 & & & & 3,00 0 & 65300 & - 65300 & 2, 0286 & & 95300 \\
\hline Do & 1883, & 23 & & 42230 & & & 42230 & & 42230 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Architect of the Capitol Do & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& \mathbf{1 8 8 4}
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 188 & & 17,644 00 & 1365 & 17, 64400 & 17,644 00 & & 1365 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 793 & & & \({ }_{7} 93\) & & 793 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Geological & 1885 & 23 & 188, 189 & & 35,34000 & & 35, 34000 & 35, 174 '50 & & 1950 \\
\hline - Do & 1884 & & & 1668 & & & 1668 & & & 1668 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 1,261 04 & & & 1, 26104 & & 1,261 04 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Arizona.
Do ................................... & \({ }_{1884}^{1855}\) & 23 & 189 & & 5,500 00 & 75 & 5,500
605
60 & 5,500
9511 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 9021 & & 75 & & & 9021 & 30993 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of arizona & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1884 & & & & & 497 & & 1,5450 & & 47 \\
\hline Do............... & 1883 & & & 219 & & & 219 & & 219 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-geveral of Califordia & 1885 & 23 & 189 & & 35,000 00 & & 35, 00000 & 35,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & & 35,000 00 & 2225 & \({ }^{22} 25\) & 35,09000 & & 2225 \\
\hline Do................................ & 1883 & & & 1209 & & & 1209 & & 1209 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of California & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 3,000 00 & & 3, 00000 & 3,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & & & 1540 & 1540 & & & 1540 \\
\hline & 1883 & & & 1511 & & & 1511 & & 1511 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Colorado & 1885 & 23 & 189 & & 9,000 00 & & 9, 00000 & 9, 00000 & , & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1884 & & & & & 172 & , 172 & ,200 0 & & 172 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do } \\
& \text { Do }
\end{aligned}
\] & \({ }_{1882}^{188}\) & & & 26147 & & & 26147 & 25897 & \({ }^{2} 50\) & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyorgen- & & & & & & 679 & & & & \\
\hline eral of Colorado & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 245 & & 20000 & & 20000 & 20000 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Dakota. & \(1888 \dagger\) & 23 & 476 & & \({ }^{476} 31\) & & 47631 & 47631 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Dakota.
Do................................... & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 189 & & 11, 50000 & 98064 & 12; \(480^{\circ} 64\) & 12, 10000 & & 38064 \\
\hline - Do... & 1888 & & & 132 & & 2,20 & \({ }_{1}^{2} 20\) & & & 220 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor.gen. & & & & & & & & & 132 & \\
\hline eral of Dakota & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 2, 00000 & 16886 & 2, 16886 & 2, 16886 & & \\
\hline Do................................. & \(1881+\) & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & \({ }_{189}^{255}\) & & 24
47
4800 & & 2, 2477 & 2477 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Florida. Do & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 189 & & 4, 80000 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
48160 \\
109
\end{array}
\] & 5,28160
109 & 3,465 81 & & 1,815
109 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 25 & & & 125 & & 25 & \\
\hline Do............................... & \(1882 \dagger\) & & & & & 10 & 10 & & 10 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Florida. & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1: 00000 & 14239 & 1,142 39 & 88883 & & 25356 \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 232, 59086 & 4,855, 16958 & 16,715 90 & 5, 104, 47634 & 4, 612,852 79 & 136,011 79 & 355, 61176 \\
\hline *This a & nt & 8 tr & ed fr & Interior prope & or ledger. & & , t And pr & ior years. & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1884, gc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Specifict objects oí appropriations.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Statates.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1884.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending Jine 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Paymentsdur ing the fiscal year ending} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Amounts car ried to the sorplus fund June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Balances of appropriations June 30, 1385.} \\
\hline & & Vol. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Page or sec- } \\
& \text { tion. }
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & & & & \\
\hline Interior crit-Continued. & & & & & & & - & & & \\
\hline Bronght forward & & & & \$232, 59086 & \$4, 855, 16958 & \$16,71590 & \$5, 104, 47634 & \$4, 61285279 & \$136,011 79 & . \$355,61178 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Florida. & 1884 & & & & & 6137 & 6137 & & & 6137 \\
\hline Do................................... & 1883 & & & 12 & & & & & 12 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 23 & 476 & & & 95 & 190 & & 95 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general. of Idaho..
Do................................. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 189 & & 5, 00000 & & 5, 00000 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline  & 1888 & & & & & 13986
376 & 13986
376 & & 376 & 13986 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Idaho. & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Louisiana & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 15,300 00 & & & 15,300 00 & & \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1884 & & & & 15,300 0 & 1681 & 1. 1681 & 15, 30000 & & 1681 \\
\hline & 1883 & 23 & 245 & 4788 & 1,506 62 & & 1,554 50 & 1,54283 & 1176 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & 162 & & & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Lonisiana. & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 & 1, 00000 & & \\
\hline Do ...................................... & 1883 & 23 & 245 & & 7120 & & 1,7120 & 17120 & & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1882* & 23 & 471 & & 100 & & \(\bigcirc 100\) & 100 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Minnesota & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 9,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & & & 69696 & , 69696 & \(\bigcirc\), & & 69698 \\
\hline & 1883 & & & 29253 & & & 29253 & & 29253 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Minnesota. & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline  & 1884 & & & & & 1010 & 1, 1010 & 1,00 0 & & 1010 \\
\hline Do ................................. & 1883 & & & 8367 & & & 8367 & & 8367 & \\
\hline tana. & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 11,500 00 & & 11,500 00 & 11,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 151 & 151 & & & 151 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 139 & & & 139 & & 139 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Montana. & 1885 & 23 & 209 & & 2,000 00 & 740 & 2,007 40 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do ................................ & 1884 & & & & & 833 & 833 & - 740 & & 93 \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa. & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 6,000 00 & & 6,000 00 & 6,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do ............ & 1883 & & & 7806 & & & 7806 & & 7806 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of sarveyor-general of Nebrasiza and Iowa. & 1885 & 23 & 210 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline & 1884 & & & & & 10 & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do. & \(1882^{x}\) & 23 & & & 7780 & & 7780 & 7780 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Nerada. & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 5,500 00 & & 5,500 00 & 5,500 00 & & 0 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 25080 & & 23744 & 49724 & 23744 & 25980 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Nevada. & 1885 & 23 & 209, 210 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor.general of Now & & & & & & 4780 & & & 4780 & \\
\hline Mexico............................. .... & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of New Mexico & 1885 & 23 & 210 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 1, 00000 & & & 1, 000000 & & & 1,00000 \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Oregon. Contingent expenses, office of sarveyor-general of Oregon. & 1885 & 23
23 & 190
210 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
7,000 \\
1,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & 7, 00000 & \begin{tabular}{l}
7,00000 \\
1,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline Do .................................. & 1884 & & & & & 16020 & & & & 16020 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 30130 & & & 30130 & & 30130 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Utah... Do & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & j, 50000 & & 5,500


33 & 5,500 00 & 33 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Utak & 1883
1885 & 23 & 210 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,50000 & 1,500 00 & 33 & \\
\hline Do ........... .......................... & 1882* & 23 & 471 & & 1230 & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Washington & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 8,000 00 & & 8, 00000 & 8, 00000 & & ? - \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Washington & 1885 & 23 & 210 & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Wyoming & 1885 & 23 & 190 & & 6,000 00 & & 6, 00000 & 6, 00000 & & \\
\hline Do....................................... & 1884 & & & & & 491 & 491 & & & 491 \\
\hline Do................................. & 1883 & & & & & 72 & 72 & & 72 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of surveyor.general of Wyoming & 1885 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & \({ }^{210}\) & & 1,500 00 & & 1,500 00 & 1,500 00 & & \\
\hline Annual repairs of the Capitol................. & 1888 & 23 & 208, 220 & 6843 & 43,000 00 & & 43, \({ }^{1} \mathbf{6 8 0 0} 43\) & 43, 00000 & 6843 & \\
\hline Capitol terraees & & 23 & 208,497 & & 260,00000 & & 260,00000 & 53,00000 & & 207,00000 \\
\hline Improving the Capitol grou & 1885 & 23 & 208 & & 52,000 00 & & 52, 00000 & 40, 00000 & & 12,000 00 \\
\hline  & 1884 & & & & & 69 & 69
69 & & & \\
\hline Lighting the Capitol and gr & 1888 & 23 & 208 & 69 & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 09 & 20,000 00 & 69 & \\
\hline Do................. & 1885
1886 & \(\} 23\) & 497 & & 5,000 00 & & -5,000 00 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 2, 00000 & & & 2,000 00 & 1,002 16 & & 99784 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 01 & & & 01 & & 01 & \\
\hline Senate stable and engine-house & 1838 & & & 244 & & & \({ }_{6} 244\) & & 244 & \\
\hline Ventilation, Senate........................... & 1885 & & & & 6, 00000 & & 6, \(\begin{array}{r}6,0000 \\ \hline 16134900\end{array}\) & 6, 00000 & & \\
\hline Reconstructing Interior Department building & 1885 & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 208, 461 & 41,000 00 & 120,34900
5,780 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
161,34900 \\
5,780
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
160,96438 \\
5,780
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1884 & & & & & 07 & \({ }^{5}\) & & & 07 \\
\hline Carried forward. & & & & 277, 72751 & 5, 475, 26845 & 18,120 60 & 5,771, 11656 & \(5,055,35035\) & 137, 16708 & 578,59913 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatates: \\
Page or sec tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap propriations Jaly 1, 1884. & Appropria.
tions for the
fiscal Jeat end
ing June 30,
1885. & Repayments made daring the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year edding June 30, 1885. & Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1885\). June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Amounts car- } \\
& \text { ried to the } \\
& \text { surplus fund } \\
& \text { June } 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Intrrior civil-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$277,727 51 & \$5, 475, 26845 & \$18, 12060 & \$5, 771, 11656 & \$5, 055, 35035 & \$137,167 08 & \$578,599 13 \\
\hline Fire-proof building for the Pension Office. & & 23 & 208, 498 & 76, 80985 & 307, 55962 & & 334, 36947 & 290, 00000 & & 94, 36947 \\
\hline Heating apparatus building for Pension Office & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& \mathbf{1 8 8 4}
\end{aligned}
\] & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
25,500 \\
12,000 \\
\hline 0
\end{tabular} & & & 25,500 00 & 5, 00000 & & 20,500 00 \\
\hline Enlarging court-house, Washington, D. C & & 23 & 209 & & 1,50000 & & 1,500 10 & 1,50010 & & \\
\hline Eleratorand steam machinery, Senate & 1883 & & & & & & & & 533 & \\
\hline Penitentiary building, Territory of Dakota.. & & & & 4, 24883 & & & 4,24883 & 3,994 97 & & 253806 \\
\hline Peuitentiary building, 'Serritory of Montana. & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 195, 510 & & 40,000
50
000 & & 40,00000 & 15, 00000 & & 25, 00000 \\
\hline Penitentiary building, Territory of Utah & & & & 31491 & 50, 00000 & & 50, 00000 & & & 50,000 co \\
\hline Storehouse, Government Printing Ofice... & & 23 & 482 & & 15,00000 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
314491 \\
15,00090
\end{array}
\] & & 31491 & \\
\hline Additional accommodations, frovernment Hospital for the Insane. & & & & 14,000 00 & & & 14,00000 & 14,000 00 & & 00 \\
\hline Buildings and grounds, Government Hospital for the Insane. & & 23 & 213,500 & 4,018 28 & 20,000 00 & & \[
4,01828
\] & 18,000 00 & & 6, 01828 \\
\hline Buiddings and grounas, Columbian Institntion for the Deaf and Dumb & & 23 & 214 & & 2,000 00 & & 24,018 38 & \(\begin{array}{r}18,00000 \\ 3,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 6,018 28 \\
\hline Bnildings and gronnds, Howard University.- & & 23 & 246 & & 4, 00000 & & 4,000 00 & 4, 00000 & & \\
\hline Buildings, Columbia Hospital for Women... & 1883 & & & & & 1020 & 1020 & & 1020 & \\
\hline Current expenses, Government Hospital for the Insane:... & 1885 & 23 & 213,463 & 87595 & 223, 30000 & & 223, 30000 & 223,300 00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & & & & 87595 & & 87595 & \\
\hline Current expenses, Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. & 1885 & 23 & 213 & & 55, 00000 & & 55,000 00 & 55, 00000 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1881* & 23 & 255 & & 33 & & & , 39 & & \\
\hline Support of Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum & 1885 & 23 & 214, 463, 501 & & 50,400 00 & & 50,40000 & 50,40000 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 3, 50000 & & & 3, 50000 & 3,500 00 & & \\
\hline Howard University, District o & 1883 & & & 32837 & & & 32837 & 2250 & 10337 & \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures, Nationall Mnseu & 1885 & 23 & 214 & & 40, 00000 & & 18,50000 & 18,500 00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 463 & 2,000 00 & 2, 89142 & & 4,891 67 & 4, 89142 & & 25 \\
\hline Preservation of collections, National Museum & 1885 & 23 & 214 & & 107,000 00 & 6000 & 107, 06000 & 105,000 00 & & 2, 06000 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 1,000 00 & & 200 & 1,00200 & 1, 00000 & & 200 \\
\hline Do & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c|c|}
18856 \\
1886
\end{array}\right|
\] & 23 & 463 & & 7,500 00 & & 7,500 00 & 3,000 00 & & 4,500 00 \\
\hline Preservation of collections, National Armory Building & 1885 & 23 & 214 & & 2,500 00 & & 2,500 00 & 2,500:00 & & \\
\hline Protection and inspection of Yellowstone National Park & 1885 & 23 & & & 40,000 00 & & 40,651 21. & 40,000 00 & & \\
\hline Expenses of the Tenti Cepsus & & 23 & 212,461 & 4,807 75 & 51, 90000 & 56506 & 57,272 81 & 35, 03988 & & 22,232 06 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Specifle objects of appropriations.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Statutes.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Balances of appropriations July 1, 1884.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Appropria tions for the fiscal yearend ing June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Payments during the fisca] year ending
June \(30,1885\).} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Amounts car ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Balances of appropria. tions June 30,1885 .} \\
\hline & & Vol. & Page or section. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Interior civil-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
- Geoloyical Surveyt forward \\
Geological
\end{tabular} & & & & \$481, 82928 & \$7, 926, 32477 & \$37, 23504 & \$8, 445, 38909 & \$7, 352, 86805 & \$161,205 02. & \$931, 31602 \\
\hline  & \(1882^{*}\) & 23 & 476 & & \(46 \cdot 17\) & \(\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 194 \\ \hline 84\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
3433 \\
6601 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 3433
4617 & 1984 & \\
\hline Surveying public la & 1885 & \(\stackrel{23}{ }\) & 211 & & 350, 00000 & 16784 & 350, 26714 & 202, 86550 & & 147,40164 \\
\hline Do
Do........ & 1888 & \begin{tabular}{l}
23 \\
23 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 462
462 & 169,10192
69,00125 & 5,37306
209481 & 1, 11840 & 175, 503388. & 150, 56739 & & 25, 02599 \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & 471 & 69,001 25 & 2, 239581 & 41040 & \(\begin{array}{r}71,50646 \\ 2,535 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) & 71, 50646 & & 9800 \\
\hline Surveying private land clajms in Arizona. & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 8,000 00 & & 8,00000 & 2, 20000 & & 5,40000 \\
\hline Do......... & 1884 & & & 1, 075000 & & 84866 & 1, \({ }^{1} 23866\) & & 2,77198 & 1,923 66 \\
\hline Survering private land claims in California.. & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 5,00000 & & 5, 00000 & 3,713 75 & & 1,286 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 4, 73000 & & 421 & 4, 73422 & 89980 & & 3,834 42 \\
\hline Do & \(1882^{*}\) & & & & & \(1,0873{ }^{3}\) & 1, 08733 & & 1,08733 & \\
\hline Do & 1881* & 23 & 255 & & 4775 & & 4775 & 4775 & & \\
\hline Surveying private land claims in Lonisiava.. & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 5, 00000 & & 5, 00000 & & & 5,00000 \\
\hline Survering private land claims in New Mexico. & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 8,000 00 & & 8,00000 & 3, 00000 & & 5, 00000 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 3, 50000 & & & 3, 50000 & 20000 & & 3,300 00 \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & 479 & 3,959 17. & 20853 & & 3,959 208 & 20853 & 3,3*8 7 & \\
\hline Resurver of Indian reservation west of Big & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Stone Lake, Dakota. & 1883 & & & 86225 & & & 86225 & & 86225 & \\
\hline Resarveý of public lands. & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 6, 76840 & & 3, 23160 \\
\hline Survering agricultaral lands, Crow Indian roservation. & & & & 27630 & & & 27630 & & & 27630 \\
\hline Surveying boundary line between public - lands occupied by Uncomphagre and White & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Utes ..................................... & & & & 50000 & & & 50000 & & & 50000 \\
\hline Appraisement and sale of abandoned military reservations & 1881 & 23 & 255 & & & & 3390 & & & \\
\hline Examination of public surveys & 1881* & 23 & 255 & & 3300 & & 3300 & 3300 & & \\
\hline Do .................. & 1882* & 23 & 471 & & 13100 & & 13100 & & & 13100 \\
\hline Expenses of National A cadems of Sciences relative to Territorial surveys & & & & 35000 & & & \[
35000
\] & & 35000 & \\
\hline Initial monuments, mineral surveys.......... & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 5,000 00 & & \[
5,00000
\] & & & - 5,000 00. \\
\hline Expenses of National Academy of Sciences, considering Government surveys ........... & & 23 & 452 & & 23990 & & & 23890 & 100 & \\
\hline Iron monuments, pablic surveys & 1885 & 23 & 211 & & 5,000 00 & & 6,000
1.300
g1 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


STATEMÉNT єxhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1884, §c.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \(\frac{\text { S }}{\text { Vol. }}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page.or sec tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1884. & Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal year 188,5. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dur ing the fiscal Jear ending
June \(30,1885\). June 30, 1885. & Amounts car ried to the surplas fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Lnternal revenue-Contidued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$535 67 & \$826 43 & \$1,234 52 & \$2,596 62 & \$826 43 & \$1,234 52 & \$535 67 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses of sapervisors and subordinate officers & 1881* & 23 & 255, 260 & & 43255 & & 43255 & 43255 & & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1881 & & & 1,830 61 & & & 1,830 61 & & 1,83061 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 23 & 471 & & 44100 & 24800 & 68900 & 44100 & 24800 & \\
\hline Do & 1882 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
46,95655 \\
11,553 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & & & 46,956 55 & 8532 & 46, 87123 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 238, 448 & 15,876 47 & 138, 00000 & 1,841 10 & 155, 71757 & 54904
154,07781 & - 11, 09435 & 76 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 172 & & 2,300, 00000 & 11, 26925 & 2,311, 28925 & 1, 1899,792 68 & & 371, 49659 \\
\hline Rebate of tax cn tobacc & & & & 21.4, 95058 & & 26929 & 215, 21987 & 1,6666 47 & & 208, 55340 \\
\hline Relief of S. D. Howe . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & 23 & 607 & & 19,385 00 & & 19; 38500 & 19,385 00 & & \\
\hline Relief of the Atlantic Alcohol Company, Atlantic, Iowa & & 23 & 540 & & 2,734 20 & & 2,734 20 & 2,734 20 & & \\
\hline Relief of Sarah E. Webster & & 23 & 687 & & 52613 & & 52613 & \({ }^{2} 52613\) & & \\
\hline Relief of legal representatives of A.J. Guthrie & & 23 & 693 & & 30220 & & 30220 & 30220 & & \\
\hline Payment of judgment to J, D. Culp \& Co.. & & 23 & 240 & & 5,000 00 & & 5, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Salarieb and expenses of collectors of internal revenue. & 1881* & 23 & 255 & & 19642 & & & & & \\
\hline Do: & 1882* & 23 & 471 & & 4461 & & 4461 & 4461 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882 & 23 & 238 & 473 & 3269 & & 3742 & 3269 & 473 & \\
\hline & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & 23 & 449 & 2,76945
145,08367 & 6, 75831 & & 9, 52776 & & 2, 38563 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 172, 448 & 145, 08367 & 1, 851, 43292 & 1,48640
68925 & \(\begin{array}{r}146,570 \\ 1,852,123 \\ \hline 17\end{array}\) & 23,43941
\(1,742,96081\) & & 123,13060
109,16130 \\
\hline Repayment of taxes on distilled spirits deatroyed by casualty & & R.S. & 12,448
3221 & & \(1,851,43292\)
1,29960 & & \(1,852,12217\)
1,29960 & \(1,742,96081\)
1,29960 & & \\
\hline Refundiug taxes illegally collected prior to July 1, 1881 & & 23 & 255 & & 2,592 79 & & 2,592 79 & 2, 59279 & & \\
\hline Refuiding taxes illegally collected prior to July 1, 1882 & & \(\stackrel{23}{8}\) & 451, 471 & & 12,237 19 & & & 12,237 19 & & \\
\hline Do............................. & & R.S. & 3689 & & 41,80170 & & 41,80170 & 41, 80170 & & \\
\hline Refunding taxes to certain citizens of Tennessee & & 22 & 77 & & 4,683 34 & & 4,683 34 & 4,683 34 & & \\
\hline Refonding monevs erroneously received aud covered into the Treasary. & & R.S. & 3689 & & 5200 & & 5200 & 5200 & & \\
\hline Refunding moneys ertoneously received and covered into the Treasary prior to July 1, 188.1. & & 23 & 255 & & 75 & & & & & \\
\hline Alteration of dies, plates, and stamp & & 23 & 237 & & 1,002 91 & & 1,002 91 & 1,00291 & & \\
\hline Stamps, paper, and dies. & 1883
1884 & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10,52884 \\
& 5613917
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 10, 5288 8: 56, 13917 & 0,45086 & 10,52884 & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Digitized for FRASER}
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & 23 & 204 & & 410,000 00 & & 0, 00000 & ,636 47 & & 46,363 53 \\
\hline Punishment for violation of internal-revenue & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline lawe Do.............................................. & \({ }_{1882^{4}}{ }^{188}\) & \(\stackrel{23}{23}\) & 255, \({ }^{260}\) & & & & 8980
500 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8980 \\
500
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 7,351 53 & & 67700 & 8, 02853 & 41255 & 7,61598 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 21,307 89 & & 400 & 21,3i1 89 & 12, 65867 & & 8,653 22 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 204 & & 50, 00000 & & 50,000 00 & 31, 85000 & & 18,150 00 \\
\hline Allowance or drawhacks prior to July 1, 1881. & & R. \({ }_{\text {S }}^{23}\) & 254,260
3689 & & 40988
28,36559 & & - 409888 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
40988 \\
28,36559
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Dedemption of stamps prior to July 1, \(1881 .\). & & R. \({ }_{23}\) & 3689
254,260 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
28,36559 \\
34500
\end{array}
\] & & \(\begin{array}{r}28,36559 \\ \quad 345 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
28,36559 \\
34500
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline Redemption of stamps prior to July \(1,1882 .\). & & 23 & \({ }^{471}\) & & 487.27 & & 48727 & 48727 & & \\
\hline Redemption of stamps, indefinite............. & & R.S. & 3689 & & 151, 34277 & & 151, 34277 & 151, 34277 & & \\
\hline Total internal revenu & & & & 534, 88855 & 5, 030, 83105 & 17, 73881 & 5, 583, 4584.1 & 4, 568, 362 02 & 81, 72389 & 933, 37250 \\
\hline Redemption: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Gold certificates, act of March 3, 1863 & & R. S. & 3689 & & 52,42000 & & 52, 42000 & 52,42000 & & \\
\hline Gold certificates, act of July 12, 1882. & & R. \({ }^{\text {R }}\) S & -3689 & & 21, 017, 10000 & & 21, \(017,100.00\) & 21, 017,10000 & & \\
\hline  & & \(\xrightarrow{\text { R. }}\) S. & 3689
3689 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20,990,04500 \\
& 39,165,00000
\end{aligned}
\] & & \(20,990,04500\)
\(\mathbf{3 9}, 165,00000\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(20,990,045\) \\
\(39,165,000\) \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline Liefunding certificates, act of February 26, & & & & & & & & 3, & & \\
\hline Old demand notes & & R. R R. \({ }_{\text {S }}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3689 \\
& 3689
\end{aligned}
\] & & 49,400 4900 & & 49,400 490 & 49, 49000 & & \\
\hline Legal-tender notos. & & R.S. & 3689 & & \(84,493,15300\) & & 84, 493, 15300 & 84, 493, 15300 & & \\
\hline Fractional currency & & R. S. & 3689 & & 15, 28543 & & 15,885 43 & 15, 88543 & & \\
\hline One-year notes of 1863. & & R.S. & 3669 & & 1,380 00 & & 1,380 00 & 1,380 00 & & \\
\hline Two-year notes of 1863 .. & \(\ldots\) & R.S. & 3689 & & 35000 & & 35000 & 35000 & & \\
\hline Compond interest notes & & R.S. & 3689 & & 4, 93000 & & 4,93000 & 4,02000 & & \\
\hline Scren-thirties of 1864 and 1865 & & R. S. & 3689 & & 1,600 00 & --1....... & 1,600 00 & 1,600 00 & & \\
\hline Loan of February, 1861 (1881s) & & R. S. & 3659 & & 1, 00000 & & 1, 00000 & \(1,00000\). & & \\
\hline Orccon war delbt....................
Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881s) & & R.S. & 3689
3689 & & 2,800
53
5000
800 & & 2,80000
53800 & 2,800 00 & & \\
\hline Loan of Jaly and Angust, 1861 (1881s), carried at \(3_{2}^{2}\) per cont & & R.S. & 3689 & & 52, 25000 & & 53, 25000 & 53, 250000 & & \\
\hline Five-twenties of 1862 & & R.S. & 3689 & & 19,400 00 & & 19,400 00 & 19,400 00 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 (1881s) & & R. S. & 3689 & & 36, 60000 & & 36, 60000 & 36, 60000 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 ( 18818 ), carimed at 3h per & & R. S. & 3689 & & 18, 00000 & & 18,000 00 & 18,000 00 & & \\
\hline Ten-forties of 1864..... & & R. S. & 3689
3689 & & 79, 500000 & & 79,500 00 & 79,500 00 & & \\
\hline Five-twentios of June, 18 & & R.S. & 3689
3689 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
850 \\
22,800 \\
00
\end{array}
\] & & \(\begin{array}{r}850 \\ 22,800 \\ \hline 800\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}885000 \\ 22,800 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Consols of \(1865 . .\). & & R. S. & 3689 & & - 48,350 00 & & 48, 35000 & 48, 35000 & & \\
\hline Consols of 1867. & & R. S. & 3689 & & 74, 10000 & & 74, 100 00 & 74, 10000 & & \\
\hline Consols of 1868. & & \({ }_{\text {R. }}^{\text {R. S. }}\) & 3689
3689 & & 10,350 00 & & 10,350 00 & 10,350 00 & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881 continued at 3it per ceni. & & R. S. & 3689 & & 230,500 00 & & 230, 50000 & 230,50000 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1882 (threo per cents)................ & & R.S. & 3689 & & 45, 282, 20000 & & 45, 282, 20000 & 45, 282, 20000 & & \\
\hline Total redemptions & & & & & 211, 760, 35343 & & 211, 760, 35343 & 211, 760, 35343 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate arailablo for & Pasments dur & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & propriations July 1, 1884. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { fiscal year end- } \\
& \text { ing June 30, } \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & the fiscal yoar ending Jone 30, 188. & year ending June 30, 1885. & sarplus fund June 30, 1885 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropria- } \\
& \text { tions Jnne } \\
& 30,1885 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline PUblic debt-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Interest: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Refunding certificates & & R. S. & 3689 & & 11, 09762 & & 11,097 62 & 11, 09762 & & \\
\hline Navy pension fund. & & & & & 420, 00000 & & 420,00000 & 420, 00000 & & \\
\hline Seven-thirties of 1861 & & R. S. & 3689
3689 & & 365
6900 & & 365
6900 & 365
6909 & & ............. \\
\hline One-year notes or 1863. & & R. S. & 3689 & & 3500 & & \({ }_{35} 00\) & \({ }_{35} 090\) & & \\
\hline Compound-interest notes & & R. S. & 3689 & & 05645 & & 05645 & 95045 & & \\
\hline Seven-thirties of 1864 and & & R.S. & 3689 & & 24591 & & 24591 & 24591 & & \\
\hline Oregon war debt .......... & & R.S. & 3689 & & 66900 & & \%66900, & 66900 & & \\
\hline Loan of July and August, 1861 (18818).. & & & 3689 & & 5,676 00 & & 5,67600 & 5,676 00 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
(18818), \\
tinued ut 3t per cent
\end{tabular} & & R. S. & 3689 & & 1,251 20 & & 1,251 20 & 1,251 20 & & \\
\hline Five-twenties of 1862
Loan of 1863 (1881s). & & R. S. & 3689
3689 & & 4,752 55 & 1950 & 4,772 05 & 4,772 05 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 (18815) .......................... & & R. \({ }_{\text {R. }}^{\text {R. }}\) & 3689
3689 & & 7,762 50 & 700 & 7, 7125867 & 7,76250
1,25867 & & \\
\hline Ten-forties of 1864 ........................... & & R.S. & 3689 & & 2, 78601 & 5000 & 2, 83601 & 2,836 01 & & \\
\hline Five-twenties of June, 1864 & & R. \(\mathrm{S}_{\text {S }}\) & 3689 & & 16618 & & 16618 & 16618 & & \\
\hline Fivc-twenties of & & R.S. & 3689
3689 & & 1,223 2,39 & 600
3150 & 1, 222953 & 1,229 \({ }^{\text {2, }} 422\) & & \\
\hline Consols of 1867 & & R.S. & 3689 & & 4,901 03 & & 4,90103 & 4,90103. & & \\
\hline Consols of 1868. & & R. S. & 3689 & & \(\begin{array}{r}61860 \\ \hline 1553\end{array}\) & & -61860 & 61860 & & \\
\hline Central Pacific stock & & R. S. & 3689
3689 & & \(\begin{array}{r}1,553,887 \\ 377 \\ \hline 9000 \\ \hline 10\end{array}\) & 6000 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,553,947 \\ 377 \\ \hline 790 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}1,553,947.20 \\ 37790 \\ \hline 100\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Union Pacific stock. & & R.S. & 3689 & & 1, 632, 93072 & 6000 & 1, 632, 99072 & 1,632,990 72 & & \\
\hline Central Branch Union Pacific stoc & & R.S. & 3689 & & 95, 49000 & & 95, 49000 & 95, 49000 & & \\
\hline Westerm Pacific stock & & R. S. & 3689 & & 118, 23360 & & 118, 23360 & 118, 23360 & & \\
\hline Sioux City and Pacific stock & & R. S . & - 36889 & & \(\begin{array}{r}97,759 \\ 9 \\ 9488 \\ \hline 64\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}97,759 \\ 9 \\ 9648 \\ \hline 14\end{array}\) & 97,759. 20 & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881 ....................... & & R. \({ }_{\text {R. }}^{\text {R }}\) S. & 3689
3689 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9,64844 \\
& 7,03793
\end{aligned}
\] & & 9, 648448 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9,64844 \\
& 7,03793
\end{aligned}
\] & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891........................... & & R.S. & 3689 & & 11, 249, 32913 & 7143 & 11, 249, 40056 & 11, 240, 40056 & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907............................. & & R.S. & 3689 & & 29, 517, 95239 & 2,219 11 & 29, 520, 17150 , & 29, 520, 17150 & & \\
\hline  & & R. S. & 3689 & & 6, 260, 34092 & 1,436 25. & 6, 261, 77717 & 6, 261, 77717 & & \\
\hline Total interest & & & & & 51, 386, 25647 & 3,960 79 & 51, 390, 21726 & 51, 390, 21726 & & \\
\hline Total expenditures publio debt. & & & & & 263, 146,609 90 & 3, 96079 & 263, 150,570 69 & \(263,150,57069\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
intebiol-mindans and pengions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{5}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Pay of Indian agents \\
Do. \\
Do.................... \\
Do. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Pay of Indian agents (transfer account)....
Pay of Indian agents
Pay of farmers.
Pay of tarmers :
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Pay of Indian police (transfer account).
Pay of Indian police
Pay of interpreters.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Pay of iuterpreters (transfer account)
Puy of interpreters,
Do.
Pay of Indian inspectors.
Do:
Do.
Traveling
No

Traveling expenses Indian inspectors (trans fer account)
Traveling expenses Indian inspectors........................ Traveling expenses Indian inspectors (transracconnts)
Traveling expenses Indian inspectors.
Do:

Pay of Indion school superintendents ......
Pay of ludian school inspectors................... Travcling expenses Indian school superintendent
Do.
Buildings at ageucies and repairs
Do.
Do.
Do.
Contingencies Indian Department
Jo.
Do.
......................................................
Carried forward \(\qquad\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 89,800 00 & 85,936 70 & & 3, 86330 \\
\hline 8,061 47 & 4,570 94 & & 3, 49053 \\
\hline 6, 23381 & 2, 01803 & 4,215 78 & \\
\hline 1, 61934 & 80252 & 68804 & 3878 \\
\hline 2, 05827 & 2,038 27. & & \\
\hline 1, 00953 & 93231 & & 7722 \\
\hline 79361 & 57065 & 22296 & \\
\hline 25, 25000 & 23, 63830 & & 1,61170 \\
\hline 72, 01617 & 67, 85164 & & 4,164 53 \\
\hline 10,822 70 & 53421 & & 10,288 49 \\
\hline 6, 29527 & 3080 & 6,295 27 & .............. \\
\hline - 20 & 30 & 26 & \\
\hline 6000 & 6000 & & \\
\hline 25,000 00 & 23,651 66 & & 1; 34834 \\
\hline 99488 & 33514 & & 65974 \\
\hline 1, 64439. & 4286 & 1,601 53 & \\
\hline 32590
48451 & 32590
10951 & & \\
\hline 10000 & 160 & 37500 & \\
\hline 15, 44256 & 15,087 70 & & . 354.86 \\
\hline 1, 10270 & 49995 & & 50275 \\
\hline 1,738 00 & 1,500 00 & 23800 & \\
\hline 13043 & 13043 & & \\
\hline 6,617 76 & 6,321 45 & & 296, 31 \\
\hline 1,105 58 & 34361 & & 76197 \\
\hline 1,43735 & 10928 & 1,328 07 & \\
\hline 1215 & & 1215 & \\
\hline 6131 & & 6131 & \\
\hline 5458 & 5458 & & \\
\hline 17203 & 2426 & 14777 & \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{r}45 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & 3, 4081 & 4500 & 313 \\
\hline 1,850 00 & 1,652 18 & & 19782 \\
\hline 29826 & 2220 & & 27606 \\
\hline 37, 05222 & 35,947 74 & & 1, 10448 \\
\hline 5,390 62 & 2,054 16 & & 3,336 46 \\
\hline 1,13888 & 65787 & 48095 & \\
\hline 40157 & 20157 & 20000 & \\
\hline 41, 00460 & 36,408 13 & & 4,598 47 \\
\hline 3, 27404 & - 2,855 55 & & 41849 \\
\hline 1,51722 & 1,262 86 & 25436 & \\
\hline 376, 23630 & 322, 22077 & 16,305 04 & 37, 70149 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amonnts car- & lances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropiations. & Xear. & Vol. & Page or sec tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { fiscal Year elld- } \\
& \text { ing June } 30, \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { the fiscal year } \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal jear } \\
& \text { ending June. } \\
& 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
year ending \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropria. } \\
& \text { tions June } \\
& 30,1885 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Interior-mindang and pensions-Cont'd. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$40, 02977 & \$315, 13984 & \$21, 06669 & \$376, 23030 & \[
\$ 322,22977
\] & \$16,305 04 & \$37,70149 \\
\hline Contingencics Indian Department ............ & 1882 & 23 & 259, §4 & & - 54927 & & 54927 & .54927 & & \\
\hline Contingencies Indian Department (transfer account) & 1882 & 23 & 246 & & & & & 1215 & & \\
\hline Contingencios Indian Department. .......... & 1882* & 23 & 473 & & 2,626 66 & 37680 & 3, 00346 & 2, 62666 & 37680 & \\
\hline Contingencies Indian Department (transfer account) & 1882** & 18 & 418 & & 814 & 4, 07129 & 4,079 43 & 4, 07943 & & \\
\hline Contingencies Indian Department Do & \(1881^{*}\)
1880 & 23 & 259, 54 & 13660 & 1,595 20 & 4,071 20 & 1, 139560 & 1,42148 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2547 \\
13660
\end{array}
\] & 148075 \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Inaian supplies & 1885 & 23 & 94 & & 40,000 00 & 38384 & 40,38384 & 36, 83521 & & 3,548 63 \\
\hline Do. & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{|c|}
\{1885 \\
1886
\end{array}\right\}
\] & 23 & 380 & & 5, 21691 & & 5,21691 & 5,216 91 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 246, 463 & 02 & 6,197 34 & 25615 & 6,454 51 & 6,448 02 & & 649 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 246, 247 & 180 & 46464 & 100 & 46744 & 36517 & 10227 & \\
\hline Do ............................. & 1882 & 23 & 259 § 4 & & 692 & & 692 & 692 & & \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Indian sup. plies (transfer account) & 1882* & & & & & 17585 & 17585 & 17\% 80 & & \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies. & 1882** & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & & & 1,910 40 & 250 & 1,912 90 & 1,910 40 & 250 & \\
\hline Do...................... & 1881* & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 246, 259 § 4 & & 3,776 38 & & 3,776 38 & 3,776 38 & & \\
\hline Expenses of Indian Commissioners Do. & \({ }_{1883}^{1885}\) & 23 & 77 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,00000
513
515 & 3,000
110
10 & & \\
\hline & 1882 & & & 36947 & & & 36947 & & 36947 & \\
\hline Transportation of Indian supplies & 1885 & 23 & 94 & & 275, 00000 & 1,532 68 & 276,532 68 & 266, 89115 & & 9,64153 \\
\hline Do....................... & 1884 & & & 49,65384
20 & & 8,395 47 & 58,04931 & 39, 10356 & & 18,945 75 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & & 20,735 70 & 20706 & 39687 & 21, 13357 & 572 54 & 20,560 03 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 23 & 464,473 & & 1,937 79 & 24588 & 2, 183 67 & 1,937 79 & 24588 & \\
\hline Transportation of Indian supplies (transfor account) & 1883* & & & & & 74056 & 74056 & 74050 & & \\
\hline Transportation of Indian supplies & \({ }^{1881 \times}\) & 23 & 259 § 4 & & 4,514 03 & & 4,514 13 & 4, 20378 & 30377 & 648 \\
\hline Do.. & 1880 & & & 1,11749 & & & 1, 111749 & 1950 & 1, 09799 & \\
\hline Vaccination of Indians & \({ }_{1885}^{187}{ }^{+}\) & 23 & . 94 & 40955 & 1,000 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}40955 \\ 1,040 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 40955 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 59900 & 1,00 & & - 5990 & 4500 & & \(75 \pm 00\) \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 5925 & & & 5925 & & 5925 & \\
\hline Do. & -1882* & & & & & 1000 & 1000 & & 1000 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fulfling treaties with- \\
A paches, Kiowas, and Comanches
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 78 & 8,888 03 & 30, 00000 & 11204 & 39, 00007 & 27,560 63 & & 11,430 44 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Specific objects of appropriations.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Statutes.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1884.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{A ppropria
tions for tbe
fiscai yearend
ing Jnne 30 ,
1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Payments dur ing the fiscal sear ending
June 30,1885} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Amounts carried to the surplus fund Jane 30, 1885} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Balances of appropriations June \(30,1885\).} \\
\hline & & Vol. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Page or sec- } \\
\text { tion. }
\end{gathered}
\] & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Interior-indiangand pensions-Cont'd.} \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$248, 00315 & \$1,258,013 43 & \$55,835 75 & \$1,56L, 85233 & \$1, 209, 064 62 & \$40, 55917 & \$312, 22854 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Sioux of Dakota ... & & 23 & & 24883
13,14437 & 25,000 00 & 72174 & 24883
886811 & 12.65621 & & 24883 \\
\hline Sioux of the Mississippi & & 23 & 344 & 13,149 & 100, 00000 & & 100,000 00 & 12,606 21 & & 100, 00000 \\
\hline Sisseton, Walpeton, and Santee Sioux of Devil's Lake & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Six Nations of New York... & & 23 & 87 & 21219 & 4,50000 & 7164 & 4, 78383 & 4,639 33 & & 16595 \\
\hline S'Klallans & & & & 58475 & & & 58475 & & & 58475 \\
\hline Snakes, Wal-pah-p & & & & \({ }^{171} 53651\) & & & \(\begin{array}{r}53651 \\ 235 \\ \hline 20\end{array}\) & & & 53651 \\
\hline Winnebagoes. & & 23 & 88 & 171, 72788 & 44,162 47 & 14,346 96 & 230, 25670 & 133, 27914 & & 96,957.56 \\
\hline Takamas & & & & 7,846 78 & & & 7,846 78 & & & 7,846 78 \\
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of diminished re serve lands in Kansas & & & & 724, 13741 & & & 724, 18741 & & & 724,137 41 \\
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of school lands...... & & & & -860 34 & & & \% 86034 & 86034 & & 24,137 41 \\
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of lan & & R. S. & 2093 & & 15,000 00 & & 15, 00000 & 15,000 00 & & \\
\hline Creeks, proceeds of lands & & & 463 & & & & 62877 & 62877 & & \\
\hline Kansas, proceeds of lands.. & & & & 33, 20318 & & & 32, 20318 & 55505 & & 31,648 13 \\
\hline Menomonees, proceeds of lands. & & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & 13, \(313 \mathrm{S4}\) S. & 10,580 69 & 36716 & -2,333 24 & & & 2, 333824 \\
\hline Onabas, proceeds of lands ..... & & & & \({ }^{1}, 71226\) & & & \(\begin{array}{r}23,794 \\ 7123 \\ \hline 26\end{array}\) & 6,955 60 & & 16, 838893 \\
\hline Otoes and Missourias, proceeds of lands.. & & & & 219, 00345 & & & 219,503 45 & & & 219,503 45 \\
\hline Pawnees, proceeds of lands............ & & & & 169, 22946 & & 3254 & 169,262 00 & 10,133 33 & & 159, 12867 \\
\hline Pottawatomies, proceeds of lands ...... & & & & 32, 58494 & & & 32, 58494 & & & 32, 58494 \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of Missouri, proceeds of lands & & & & 16,831 42 & & 11121 & 16,942 63 & 1,972 68 & & \\
\hline Shawnees, proceeds of lands & & & & 1,270 56 & & & 1,270 56 & & & 1,270 56 \\
\hline & & & & 20, 62161 & & & 20,621 61 & & & 20,621 61 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{} & 59437 \\
\hline Proceeds of New York Indian lands in Kan. sas & & & & 4, 05806 & & & 4, 05806 & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Dakota \\
Civilization fund
\end{tabular} & & R. S. & & 111, 87042 & & 1, 00014 & 112, 87056 & 40, 19495 & & 72,675 61 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Osages.................... & & 17 & 538 & & 36, 20688 & & 36, 20688 & 36, 20688 & & \\
\hline interest on Cherokee asylum fuñ & & R. S. & \(\cdots\) 2093, \& 2 c. & 64,147 17 & 3, 20736 & & \(\begin{array}{r}64,147 \\ 3,207 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 64, 14717 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Cherokee national fund.
Interest on Cherokee national fund
Cherokee orphan fund
Cherokee orphan fund ................
Interest on Cherokee orphan fund
Cherokee school fund..............
Interest on Cherokee school fund.
Chickasaw national fund
Chickasaw national fund Interest on Chickasaw national fund Do.
Interest on Chickasaw incompetent fund Chippewa and.Christian Indian fund
Interest on Chippewa and Christian Indian fund
Interest on Choctaw general fund
Choctaw orphan fund
Interost on Choctaw orphan fund
Uhoctaw school fund
Interest on Choctaw school fund
Creek orphan fund.
Interest on Creek orplan fund
Delaware general fund
Interest on Delaware general fund
Delaware school fund.
Interest ou Delaware school fund
Iowa fund ................
D
Kansas sobool fund
Interest on Kansas school fund
askaskia, Peorias, Weas, and Piankesbaw

\section*{fun}
nterest on Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw fund
Do
askaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaws achool fund
Pistr on Kaskaskia, Peoria. Wea, and
Piankeshaw school fund
Do.
Do.
Kiokapoo general fund
Interest on Kickapoo general fand
LAnse and Vienx de Sert Chippewa fund
Carried forward
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \(\cdots\) & & 427, 24220 & \(\cdots \cdots \cdot \cdots\) & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \&c. & & 30,760 42 & \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 203, 96 & & 26,060 00 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & 228, 83543 & 12,775 16 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & 457, 90372 & 12, 86034 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & & 26, 00644 & \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 06 & & 2,410 00 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & 959,67882
2,500 & 48,469 28 & \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & . 96 & & 19,820 00 & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \&c. & 2,20000 & 10, 10000 & \\
\hline & & & 42,560 36 & & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \& 26. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1758 \\
3,68900
\end{array}
\] & 2,128
52,12502 & 190 \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \&c. & & 18444 & \\
\hline 1885 & . 23 & 96 & & 27,000 00 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, & 1,008 04 & ......... 58 & \\
\hline & & 2093, & 49,47270 & & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \& c. & & 2,473 64 & \\
\hline & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11474 \\
& 383 \quad 27
\end{aligned}
\] & & \\
\hline & & & 673,894 64 & & \\
\hline & R.S. & \(\because 2093,8 \mathrm{c}\). & 67, 804 64 & 36,65174 & 76954 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 96 & & 8,930 00 & \\
\hline & R.S. & 2093, \&c. & 11,000
10,983
89 & 55000 & \\
\hline & & & 116,543 37 & & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \& c. & 2,020 10 & 5,827 16 & 293 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 96 & & 3,520 00 & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \&c & 27,17441
8,76787 & 1,358 72 & 28828 \\
\hline & & & 2,700 92 & & \\
\hline 1885 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { R. } \\ \hline 23\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2093, \& c . \\
96
\end{array}
\] & 13504 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
13504 \\
4,80100
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline & & & 20,711 97 & & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093, \&c. & 1,460 21 & 1, 03568 & 200 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 96 & & 1,44900 & \\
\hline 1884 & & & 1,449 00 & & \\
\hline 1883 & & & 275 & & \\
\hline & & & 128,57178 & & \\
\hline & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 2,14795 & 6,385 56 & 1505 \\
\hline & & & 20,000 00 & & \\
\hline & & & 5, 077, 08937 & 1, 824, 05378 & 74, 22573 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 427, 24220 & & & 427, 242 \\
\hline 30,760 42 & 30, 760. 42 & & \\
\hline 26, 06000 & 26, 06000 & & \\
\hline 228, 83543 & & & 228,835 43 \\
\hline 12,775 16 & 12,775 16 & & \\
\hline 458, 76406 & & & 458,764 06 \\
\hline 26, 00644 & 26, 00644 & & \\
\hline 2, 41000 & 2,410 00 & & \\
\hline 959, 67882 & & & 959,678 82 \\
\hline 50, 96928 & 50,969 28 & & \\
\hline 19,820 00 & 19,820 00 & & \\
\hline 2,300 00 & & & 2,30000 \\
\hline 42,563 36 & & & 42,560 36 \\
\hline 2,147 50 & 2,147 50 & & \\
\hline 55, 81400 & & & 55,81400 \\
\hline 18444 & 18444 & & \\
\hline 27, 00000 & 27, 00000 & & \\
\hline 1, 60804 & & & 1,608 04 \\
\hline \[
5804
\] & 5804 & & 4947270 \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
49,47270 \\
2,473.64 .
\end{array}
\] & 2,473 64 & & 49,472 70 \\
\hline 11474 & -2,4.3.74 & & \\
\hline 38327 & 38327 & & \\
\hline 673, 89464 & & & 673,894 64 \\
\hline 37, 42128 & 37, 42128 & & \\
\hline 8,930 00 & 8,930 00 & & \\
\hline 11, 00000 & & & 11, 00000 \\
\hline 11,533 89 & & & 11,533 89 \\
\hline 116, 54337 & & & 116,543 37 \\
\hline 7,850 19 & 7,308 85 & & -481 34 \\
\hline 3,520 00 & 3, 52000 & & \\
\hline 27, 17441 & & & 27, 17441 \\
\hline 10,414 87 & 5,302 10 & & 5,112 77 \\
\hline 2,700 92 & & & 2,700 92 \\
\hline 270.08 & 20256 & & 6752 \\
\hline 4,80100 & 4,801 00 & & \\
\hline 20,711 97 & & & 20,71197 \\
\hline 2,497 89 & 15000 & & 2,34789 \\
\hline 1,449 00 & & & 1, 44900 \\
\hline 1,449 00 & 26725 & & 1,181 75 \\
\hline 275 & 275 & & \\
\hline 128,571 78 & 5, 10608 & & 123, 46570 \\
\hline 8,54856 & 6, 78957 & & 1,758 99 \\
\hline 20,000 00 & & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline , 975; 36888 & 1,759,195 47 & 40,559 17 & 5, 175, 614 24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropria. tions for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations, \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending Jane \(30,1885\). & \begin{tabular}{l}
year onding \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations Juue \(30,1885\). \\
\hline Interiolr-indians año pensions-Cont'd. & & & & & & - & & & & \\
\hline ". Brought forward.................. & & & & \$5, 077, 08937 & \$1,824, 05378 & \$74, 28578 & \$6, 975, 36888 & \$1, 759, 19547 & \$40;550 17 & \$5, 175, 61424 \\
\hline Interest on L'Anse and Vieux de Sert Chip pewa fand & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & - 2,030 29 & 1,000 00 & & 3,030 29 & 99800 & & 15,03229 \\
\hline Menomonee fund & & & & 134, 03938 & & & 134,039 38 & & & 134, 03938 \\
\hline Interest on Mevomonee f & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 3,960 14 & 6,70196 & 57022 & 11, 23232 & 6,75109 & & 4,481 23 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 96 & & 95000 & & 1950 00 & - 95000 & & 4,481 23 \\
\hline - Omaha fund & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & & 18,358 09 & & 18,358 09 & & & 18,358,09 \\
\hline - Osage fund & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 3,870, 31188 & 757, 45075 & & 4, 627,762 63 & & & 4, 627, 762 \\
\hline Interest on Osamo fu & & 21 & 70 & 369,816 76 & 190,963 18 & 3,858 58 & 564,638 52 & 194,758 44 & & - 369,88008 \\
\hline Osage school fund. & & & & 119,91153 & & & 119,911 53 & & & 119,911 53 \\
\hline Interest on Osage school f & & R.S. & \[
\begin{gathered}
2093 \& c . \\
208
\end{gathered}
\] & .5,713 58 & 5,995 58 & 17264 & 11,881 80 & 6,347 35 & ...-............ & 5,534 45 \\
\hline Interest on Otoe and Missourias fund..... & & R. \({ }^{21}\) & 381
2093 \&c. & \(\} \quad 6,88418\) & 21, 78675 & 5723 & 28,728 16 & 18,122 68 & & 10,605 48 \\
\hline - Ottawa and Chippewa fund. & & & & 16,956 \(2 \overline{5}\) & & & 16,956 25 & 16,956 25 & & \\
\hline Interest on Ottawa and Chippewa fund & & R. S. & . 2093 \&c. & 37,932 33 & 84782 & & 38,780 15 & 38, 78015 & & \\
\hline Do...................... & 1885 & 23 & 96 & ......... & 23000 & & . 23000 & 38, 23000 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 23000 & & & 23000 & 23000 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & . 23000 & & & 23000 & 23000 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & 18 & 418 & & 2,070 00 & & 2,070 00 & 2,070 00 & & \\
\hline Ponca fund & & & & 70,000 00 & & & 70,000 00 & & & 70,000 00 \\
\hline Interest on Ponca fund & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 72444 & 3,500 00 & 550 & 3,569 94 & 3,500 00 & & -6994 \\
\hline Pottawa tomie education fund. & & & & 72,993 93 & & & 72,993 93 & & & 72,993 93 \\
\hline Intcrest on Pottawatomie education fond & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 2, 64793 & 3,849 70 & 1358 & 6,51121 & 4,882 10 & & 1,629 11 \\
\hline Pottawatomie general fund..... & & & & 89, 61857 & & & 89, 61857 & & & 89, 61857 \\
\hline Interest on Pottawatomie general fund. & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 29, 17479 & 4,480 92 & 15539 & 33,811 10 & 7,040 00 & & 26,771-10 \\
\hline Pottaxatomio mills. & & & & 17, 48207 & & & 17,482 07 & & & 17, 48207 \\
\hline Interest on Pottawatomie mills. & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & . 80771 & 87410 & & 1,68181 & 25700 & & 1, 42481 \\
\hline Sac and Fox of the Mississippi fund.......... & & & & 55, 05821 & & & 55, 05821 & & & 55, 058 21 \\
\hline Interest on Sac and Fox of the Mississippi fand & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & & 2,752 90 & 1903 & -2,77193 & & & 2,771 93 \\
\hline Sac and Fox of the Missonri fund & & & & 21,659 12 & & & 21,659 12 & & & 21,669 18 \\
\hline Interest on Sac and Fox of the Missouri fund. & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 4,170 28 & 1,082 96 & & 5, 25324 & & & 5, 25324 \\
\hline Seneca fund & & & & 40,979 60 & & & 40,979 60 & & & 40,979 60 \\
\hline Tnterest ou Seneca fund ..... & & R. S. & 2093 \&c. & 1,02449
86,950 & - 2,04898 & 1,024 49 & \[
4,09796
\] & 4,097 96 & & \\
\hline Intérest on Senecal fund, Tonawrnda band & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 4,815 78 & 4,347 50 & & 86, 9,19328 & 4,845 78 & & 86,950
4,347
50 \\
\hline Senecr aud Shavnee fund. & & & & 15, 14042 & & & 15,140 42 & 4, & & 15, 14042 \\
\hline Interest on Seneca and Shawnee f & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 20911 & 75702 & 18925 & 1,155 38 & 1,155 38 & & 15,140 28 \\
\hline Shawnee fund & & & & 1,985 65 & & & 1,985 65 & & & 1,985 65 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Tnterest on Shawn & & R. S. & 20938. & 35555 & 9928 & & 45483 & & & 45483 \\
\hline Eastern Shawnee fund & & & , & 9,079 12 & & & 9,079 12 & & & 9,079 12 \\
\hline Interest on Lastern Shawnee fund & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 5891 & 45396 & & 51287 & 22698 & & 28589 \\
\hline Shoshonee and Bannock fund ... & & & & 6,000 10 & & & 6,000 00 & & & 6,00000 \\
\hline Interest on Shoshonee and Bannock fund & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & 44836 & 30000 & & 74836 & & & 74836 \\
\hline -Stockbridge consolidated fund & & & & 75,886 04 & & & 75, 88604 & & & 75,886 04 \\
\hline Interest on Stockbridge consolidated fund -- & & 16 & 405, 406 & & 3,794 30 & 2651 & 3,820 81 & 3,440 76 & & -380 05 \\
\hline Umatilla school fund ............................ & & R.S. & 2093 \&c. & & 24, 86054 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
24,86054
\end{array}
\] & & & \[
24,860 \quad 54
\] \\
\hline Ote five per cent. fund & & & & \(500,000 \cdot 00\) & & & \[
500,00000
\] & & & \[
500,00000
\] \\
\hline Interest on Ute five per cent. fund. & & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}18 \\ 21\end{array}\right.\) & 411 20 & 36,214 63 & 25,000 00 & 17990 & \(6139453^{\circ}\) & 10,582 57 & & 50,811 96 \\
\hline Uta four per cent. fund & & & & 1,250,000 00 & & & 1, 350, 00000 & & & 1, 250,00000 \\
\hline Interest on Ute four per cent. fun & & 21 & 204 & 8,500 05 & 50, 00000 & 57507 & 59,075 12 & 48,205 00 & & -10,870 12 \\
\hline Payment to Norih Carolina Cherokee & & 19 & 197 & 35,69122 & 1,74003 & 28136 & 37, 71261 & 3,536 36 & & 34, 17625 \\
\hline Incidental expensesIndian service in Arizona & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 25, 00000 & 11228 & 25, 11228 & 22,666 87 & & 2, 44541 \\
\hline Do........................................ & 1884 & & & 1, 61631 & & 48090 & 2, 09721 & 800 & & 2,089 21 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 98094 & & 21332 & 1,194 26 & 5230 & 1, 14196 & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & 473 & & 3,156 50 & - 10 & 3,156 60 & 3, 15650 & 10 & \\
\hline Do & 1882t & & & & & 1,381 70 & 1,381 70 & 1,381 70 & & \\
\hline Do & 18811 & 23 & 259, \(¢ 4\) & & 15,067 11 & & 15.06711 & 15,067 11 & & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Califorinia. & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 29,000 00 & & 29,000 00 & 27, 69527 & & 1,304 73 \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & 3,49174 & & - 60758 & 4,099 32 & 60970 & & 3,489 62 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 19079 & & 1761 & 20840 & 3875 & 16965 & \\
\hline Do & 1882 \({ }^{\star}\) & 23 & 473 & & 1393 & 375 & 1768 & -1393 & 375 & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1881* & 23 & 259, §4 & & 2,621 35 & & 2,621 35 & 2, 62135 & & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Colora-
do. & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 1,500 00 & 6910 & 1,569 10 & 1,334.85 & & 234.25 \\
\hline セo................................................. & 1884 & 2 & & 4156 & 1,500 00 & 4700 & 1, 8856 & 1,384.85 & & 8856 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 935 & & & 935 & & 935 & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 5965 & 5965 & 5965 & & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Dakota. & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 8,000 00 & 10665 & 8,10665 & 8, 06363 & & 4302 \\
\hline Do....................................... & 1884 & ...... & & 65640 & & 61486 & 1, 27126 & 68849 & & (3) 58277 \\
\hline Do & 1888 & & & 68966 & & 1865 & 70831 & \(\begin{array}{r}9318 \\ 525 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 61513 &  \\
\hline Do & 1881* & 23 & 259, §4 & & 55201 & & 55201 & 52527 & & 2674 \\
\hline Do &  & ….. & & 5300 & & 13935 & 13935
5300 & & 13935
5300 & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Idaho. & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 3,800 00 & & \(3,800.00\) & 2,881 70 & & 91830 \\
\hline Do............. ................... . . . & 1884 & & & 3600 & & 42363 & 45963 & & & 45963 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 33745 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}33745 \\ 250 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}2666 \\ -\quad 250 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 31079 & ...... \\
\hline Do. & 1882 \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 23 & 259,84 & & 42804 & 250 & 250
42804 & 250
42804 & & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Mon tana & 1885 & 23 & 93 & & 5,000 00 & 5360 & 5,053 60 & 4,623 70 & & 42900 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 47446 & 47446 & & & 47446 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 1, 94020 & & & 1,94020 & & 1,940 20 & \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1882** & & & & & 11530 & 11530 & & 11530 & \\
\hline Incidental expenses Indian service in Nevada & 1885 & 23 & - 93 & & 23, 00000 & 5300 & 23, 05300 & 20,597 53 & & 2,455 47 \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 12,092, 19507 & 3, 077, 48904 & 86,349 47 & 15, 256, 03358 & 2, 250, 02600 & 45,05775 & 12,960, 949 Bz \\
\hline . & & nd prio & or years & & And & d prior transfer & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Speciffc objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatates. \\
Page or sec tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1884. & Appropria. tions for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & Repayments mado during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments dur. ing the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1885\). & Amounts car ried to the surplas fund June 30, 1885 & Balance of appropria tions June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Interion-mndians and Pensions-Cont'd. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward... & & & & \$12, 148,899 12 & \$3,778, 08928 & \$105, 96344 & \$16, 032, 951.84 & \$2, 936, 75273 & \$56,699 41 & \$13,039 49970 \\
\hline Support of Chippewas, white Earth Reserration. & 1882* & & & & & & & & 83 & \\
\hline Support of confcderated tribes and bands in Middle Oregon. & 1885 & 23 & 89 & & 6,000 00 & 1390 & 6, 01390 & 6, 01390 & & \\
\hline Do............ & 1884 & & & 3051 & 6,000 & 1, 26981 & 1, 30032 & 1, 09303 & & 20739 \\
\hline Do.. & \({ }_{1882 *}^{1883}\) & & & 38538 & & - 29030 & \({ }^{385} 68\) & & 38568 & \\
\hline Supportof \({ }^{\text {Do }}\) & \({ }_{1855}^{188 *}\) & \(\cdots\) & & & 63,020 00 & \(\begin{array}{r}29027 \\ 20132 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) &  & 63, 298027 & & \\
\hline Supporiof. & -1884 & & & 2,12949 & 63, 020 & 1, 22611 & \({ }_{3}^{6355} 60\) & 1,74273 & & 1,61287 \\
\hline Do. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1883 \\
1885
\end{array}
\] & & & 2, 00131 & & 121
50031 & 2,002 52 & & 2, 00252 & \\
\hline Suplort of Crows & 1885 & 23 & 80,81 & 1, 05641 & 88,000 00 & 50031
4,08685 & \(\begin{array}{r}88,500 \\ 5,143 \\ \hline 14\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
85,34969 \\
4,84148
\end{array}
\] & & 3,15002
30178 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 43287 & & ' 17088 & \({ }^{5} 60375\) & & 60375 & \\
\hline Do. & \(1881{ }^{-}\) & 23 & 259, 84 & & 1,32000 & & 1,320 00 & 1,320 00 & & \\
\hline Support of \(\mathrm{D}^{\text {Do Womist }}\) and other allied tribes & 1885
1884 & 23 & & & 7,000 00 & , & \(\begin{array}{r}7,000 \\ 977 \\ \hline 178\end{array}\) & 6,734 81 & & 265 19 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 97788
11146 & & & 97788
11146 & & 11146 & 97788 \\
\hline Snpport of Flatheads and other confed erated tribes & 1885 & 23 & 89 & & 11, 00000 & & 11,000 00 & 10,928 69 & 11146 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 5207 & 11,000 00 & 22958 & 11,28165 & 10,928 69 & & 281.65 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 1,769 63 & & & 1,769 63 & & 1,769 63 & \\
\hline Support of Flatheads Carlos & \(1888{ }^{18}\) & 23 & 90 & & 21,000.00 & 3,902 20 & 3,902 20 & & 3,902 20 & \\
\hline Supporit of Gros Ventres in Montan & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 23,00000 & 2,56072 & 25, 56072 & 25,118.31 & & 5,05440
44241 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 2449 & & 1881 & 4330 & 4330 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 15796 & & & 15796 & & 15796 & \\
\hline Snpport of Hualpais in Arizona .-............ & 1885 & 23 & 94 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 9,116 19 & & 10,883 81 \\
\hline Support of Indiansin Arizona and New Mexico. & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 280, 00000 & & 280,420 63 & & & 59,77149 \\
\hline Do................................ & 1884 & & & 27, 19976 & & 1,104 03 & 28,303.79 & \[
26,77227
\] & & 1,531 52 \\
\hline Support of Indians of Centrnl Superintendency & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 18,000 00 & 2137 & 18,021 37 & 14,576 73 & & 3,444 64 \\
\hline Do....................................... & 1884 & & & 4,48876 & & 63701 & 5, 12577 & 1,758 91 & & 3, 36686 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 13702 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}137 \\ 83892 \\ \hline 89\end{array}\) & & 13702 & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 261 & 261 & & 61 & \\
\hline Support of Iodians of Fort Hall Reservation. & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 18,000 00 & 30339 & 18,303 39 & 18,053 02 & & 25037 \\
\hline & 1884 & & & \[
2,28722
\] & & 9640 & 2,38366 & 1,630 00 & & 75362 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Support of Indians of Fort Peck Agency． & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 80，000 00 & 1，090 57 & 81， 09057 & 74，214 70 & & 6， 87587 & \\
\hline Do．． & 1884 & & & 1，528828 & & 66641 & 2，194 69 & 2，062 27 & & 13242 & \\
\hline Do & \({ }_{1882^{*}}\) & 23 & 473 & & & 899 & 385
229
40 & & 385
899 & 21141 & \\
\hline Do & 1881＊ & 23 & 259，§4 & & 2，040 00 & & 2，040 00 & 204000 & & 211.4 & \\
\hline Supporit of Indians of Elamath & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 5，000 00 & & 5， 00000 & 2， 76975 & & 2，230 25 & \\
\hline Do． & 1884 & & & \({ }_{566}^{165} 19\) & & 3400 & 19919 & 16519 & & 3400 & \\
\hline Do \({ }^{\text {Dupport of Indians of Lemhi Agency }}\) & 1883 & 23 & 90 & & 16，500 00 & 10108 & \(\begin{array}{r}566 \\ \hline 16,601 \\ \hline 1,488\end{array}\) & 10，095 35 & 56601 & 50573 & \\
\hline Do．．．．．．．．．． & 1884 & & & 1，351 14 & & 6548 & 1，416 62 & 1， 35067 & & 6595 & \\
\hline Do． & 1883 & & & 25357 & & & & & 25357 & & \\
\hline Support of Indiaus of Malheur Reservation．． & 1881＊ & 23. & 259，§4 & & 71798 & & 71798 & 71798 & & & \\
\hline Support，of Indians of San Carlos Reservation
Support of Indians of Southeastern Oregon．． & & & & 1，89124 & & 117
966 & 1， 89241 & 966 & 1，892 41 & & \\
\hline Support of Indian schools．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & 510，000 00 & 97535 & 510，975 35 & 412， 75951 & & 98，215 84 & \\
\hline Support of & & 3 & 91 & 92，788 24 & & 8，71663 & 101，504 87 & 47，559 26 & & 53， 94561 & \\
\hline Support of Indian schools near Arkansas City & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & \({ }_{33,000}^{15,00}\) & 5375 & \begin{tabular}{l}
15,000 \\
33,053 \\
\hline 5
\end{tabular} & 5,21168
33,030
53 & & 9， 78883 & \\
\hline Support of Indian schools in Carlisle，Pa．．．． & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & 76，000 00 & 7，380 60 & 83， 38060 & 80， 53832 & & 2，842 28 & \\
\hline Support of Indian schools in Forest Grove， & 1884 & & & & & 1300 & 1300 & & & 1300 & \\
\hline Oregon．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & 36，500 00 & 4979 & 36，549 79 & 34， 35207 & & 2， 19772 & \\
\hline Do． & 1884 & & & \({ }_{6}^{270} 00 \cdot\) & & 27058 & 540.58 & 34818 & & 19240 & 包 \\
\hline Do Snpport of & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1883 \\
& 1885
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 6，479 80 & & & \begin{tabular}{r}
6,479 \\
\hline 90 \\
2900 \\
50
\end{tabular} & & 6，479 80 & & 包 \\
\hline Support of Lidiaz ocnools in Genoa，Nebr & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1885 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & 23 & 92， 382 & 5，69974 & 29， 50000 & & \(\begin{array}{r}29,500 \\ 5,699 \\ \hline 14\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}27,727 \\ \text { 5，} 657 \\ \hline 84\end{array}\) & & 1,77204
42
40 & \(\stackrel{\square}{\square}\) \\
\hline Support of Indian schools in Lawrence，Kans． & 1885 & 23 & 92 & & 60，800 00 & & 60，800 00 & 48，649 46 & & 12， 15054 & \(\stackrel{\sim}{\square}\) \\
\hline Support of Indian schools in North Carolina Cberokees & 1885 & 23 & 92 & & 4，000 00 & & 4，00000 & 4， 040 & & 12，150000 & － \\
\hline Support of Indian children at Hampton & & & & & & & & & & 4，000 00 & \\
\hline School，Virginia． & 1885 & 23 & 92，464 & & 23，540 00 & & 23，540 00 & 20，359 58 & & 3，180 42 & \\
\hline Do． & 1884 & & & 1，727 52 & & & 1，72752 & 1，241 36 & & 48616 & \\
\hline Snpuort of Indian children at Lincoln In & 1883 & & & 79284 & & & & & 79284 & & \\
\hline Insti－ tution，Philadelphia． & 1885 & 23 & 92 & & 33， 40000 & & 33， 40000 & 19，585 31 & & 13， 81469 & \\
\hline Support oi Indian children at schools in pri． vate families & & & & 65，374 62 & & 39043 & 65，765 05 & 50，684 12 & & 15，080 93 & \\
\hline Support of Indian children at schools in States & 1885 & 23 & 92 & & 90，000 00 & 414 & 90,00414 & 59，187 32 & & \({ }^{15} 0,81682\) & \\
\hline －Do． & 1884 & & & 30，060 12 & & & 39，060 12 & 27，392 49 & & 11，667 63 & \\
\hline Support of Jicarillas，Mescalero Apaches，\＆c． & 1883 & & & 5， 37628 & & 40 & 8， 37668 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
8,42076 \\
5,376 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline Sapport of Kansas Indian & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 5，000 60 & & 5，．000 00 & 4，215 72 & & 78128 & \\
\hline Do． & 1884 & & & 04 & & 1578 & 1582 & & & 1582 & \\
\hline Support of Kick & 1885 & 23 & 81 & 12231 & & & & & 12231 & & \\
\hline Do．． & 1884 & & & 94758 & ， 0 ， & 47500 & 3， 00000
1,42258 & 3， 39148 & & 1，657 20 & \\
\hline Do．．．．．．すが & \({ }^{1883}\) & & & 2，109 35 & & & 2， 10935 & 550 & 2，103 85 & & \\
\hline & 1882＊ & & & & & 250 & 250 & 250 & & & \\
\hline Carried orward & & & & 12，429， 26835 & 5，360，638 67 & 144， 18623 & 17，034， 09325 & 4，434， 31847 & 93， 99267 & 13，405，782 11 & Or \\
\hline ＊and prior years & & & & & & & ＋And & d prior transfer． & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ‘ & & & tatutes. & & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Speoific objeots of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1,1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing Jane 30, 1885. & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiseal \(y\) ear ending Jane 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal vear ending June 30, 1883. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ried tc the } \\
& \text { surplus fand } \\
& \text { June } 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & appropriatione Jane \(30,1885\). \\
\hline Intibior-indians and pensions-Cont'd. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Bronght forward & & & & \$12, 429, 26835 & \$5, 360, 63867 & \$144, 18623 & \$17,934, \(093 \cdot 25\) & \$4, 434, 31847 & \$93, 992.67 & \$13, 405, 78211 \\
\hline Support of Klamath and Modocs. & 1885 & 23 & 82 & & 6, 10000 & & 6,100 00 & 4,92489 & & 1,175 11 \\
\hline Do....................... . . & 1884 &  & ........... & 1622
26 &  & & 1622
2659 & - 1622 & 2659 & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 1881 * & & & 26' 59 & & & 2659
28197 & & 2659 & \\
\hline Do...aba... & \({ }^{1881}{ }^{\text {185 }}\) & 23 & . 259, 84 & & 28197
4,00000 & 2400 & 28197
4,02400 & 28197
3,55907 & & \\
\hline Support \({ }_{\text {Do........ }}\) & 1884 & & & 2,19208 & 4,000 00 & 24 & 2,192 08 & 3, 55907 & & 46493
2,19208 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 67934 & & 709 & 68643 & & 68643 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & 549 & 549 & 5 49 & & \\
\hline Support of Menomonees & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 4,000 00 & 1,069 78 & 5, 06978 & 5,060 97 & & 881 \\
\hline Do...... & 1884 & & & 649
79820 & & & 649
79820 & & & 649 \\
\hline Support of mixed Shoshones, Bannocks, and & 1883 & & & 79820 & & & 79820 & 1335 & 78485 & \\
\hline Sheepeaters.................................. & 1881* & 23 & 259, 84 & & 3441 & & 3441 & 3441 & & \\
\hline Sapport of Motocs in Indian Territory...... & 1885 & 23 & 90 & & 4,000 00 & & 4;00000 & 3,238 67 & & 76133 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 47898 & & 09 & 47907 & 31500 & & 16407 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 1860 & & & 1860 & & 1860 & \\
\hline Sapport of Molels & 1885 & 23 & 82 & & 3,000 00 & & 3, 00000 & 2,538 78 & & 46122 \\
\hline Do......... & 1884 & & & 9340 & & 25249 & 34589 & 8800 & & 25789 \\
\hline Support of Moquis Puel & 1883 & 23 & & 7764 & & 1653 & 9417 & & 9417 & \\
\hline Support of Navajoes & 1885
1884 & 23 & 90 & & 40,000 00 & 26183 & \(\begin{array}{r}40,000 \\ 261 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) & 34, 01386 & & 5,986 14 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 22929 & & 26183 & 26183 & & 22929 & 26183 \\
\hline Do. & 1881* & 23 & 259, ¢4 & & 2,260 92 & & 2,260 92 & 2,260 92 & 223 & \\
\hline Support of Nez Perces & 1885 & 23 & 82 & & 3,500 00 & & 3, 50000 & 3,490 00 & & 1000 \\
\hline Do................ & 1884 & .... & & 10500 & & 27773 & 38273 & , & & 38273 \\
\hline Do. \({ }^{\text {D }}\) Sport of Nez Perces of Joseph's Band & 1883 & & & 995 & & & 995
20,01607 & & 995 & \\
\hline Support of Nez Perces of Joseph's Band & 1885 & 23 & 90 & 1,54785 & 20,000 00 & \(\begin{array}{lll}16 & 07 \\ 33 & 16 \\ & \end{array}\) & 20,016
1,581
1,51 & 17, 91787 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,098 \quad 20 \\
& 1,58101
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & - 22848 & & 259 & 23107 & & 23107 & 1,581 01 \\
\hline Do...................... ....... . . . . . . . . . & 1882* & & & & & 1181 & 1181 & & 1181 & \\
\hline Do & 1881* & 23 & 246 & & 742 & & - 742 & 742 & & \\
\hline Support of Northern Chejennes and Arapahoes & 1885 & 23 & 83 & & 46,000 00 & 28869 & 46,288 69 & 42, 81295 & & 3,475 74 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 73950 & & 38271 & 1,122 21 & - 4900 & & ],073 21 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 5,729 23 & & & 5, 72923 & & 6,729 23 & \\
\hline Do. & 1881* & 23 & 95 & & 4,348 35 & & 4,34835 & 4,238 35 & & 11000 \\
\hline Do \({ }^{\text {Dopport of Pawnees }}\) & \(1879{ }^{\text {1 }}\) & 23 & 83 & 6000 & 17,30000 & 10816 & 6000
17,40816 & 15,24409 & & 6000
2,16407 \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 51385 & 17, & 16385 & - 67770 & 15, 6830 & & 2, 60940 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutcs. & B & Appropria. tions for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations, \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing Juue 30 . \(1 \times 85\). & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
year enting \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} & surplus iund June 30, 1885. & tions, June \(30,1885\). \\
\hline Interior-indians and pensions-Cont'd. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brourht forward. & & & & \$12, 644, 77191 & \$7, 344, 00736 & \$162, 36407 & \$20, 151, 14334 & \$6, 394, 27548 & \$115,462 94 & \$13, 641, 40492 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Sopport of Walla Walla, Cayuse, and Uma- \\
tilla tribes
\end{tabular} & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & 7,000.00 & 45 & 7,000 45 & 6, 96830 & & 3215 \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 1,329 50 & & 499 & 1,334 49 & 14000 & & 1,194 49 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 2834 & & & 1.2834 & & 2834 & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & & & & & 75000 & 75000 & & 75000 & \\
\hline Support ot Wichitas and otheraffliated bands & 1883 & & & 504 & & & 504 & & 504 & \\
\hline Support of Yakamas and other Indians..... & 1885
1884 & 23 & 91 & & 15, 00000 & 40
44
44 & 15, 04050 & 13,813 65 & & 1, 22691 \\
\hline Do............... & \[
1884
\] & & & 8946
33658 & & 4463 & 13409
336 & & & 13409 \\
\hline Sopport of Indian school near & 1883 & & & 33658 & & & 33658 & & 33658 & \\
\hline City ...... & 1884 & & & & & 792 & 792 & 449 & & 343 \\
\hline Inclian school bnilding near Arkansas City .. & & & & 2,418 30 & & & 2, 41830 & 2,416 90 & & 140 \\
\hline Additional beef, Iudinn service .. & 1883 & & & 15,045,44 & & & 15, 04544 & & 15, 04544 & \\
\hline Appraisal and survey of Otoes and Missourias land (reimbursable) & & & & 1,108 15 & & & 1,108 15 & 88035 & & 22780 \\
\hline Bridges, Santee Sioux and Ponca Reservation & & 23 & 94 & & 12,000 00 & & 12, 00000 & 11,100 60 & , . & 90000 \\
\hline Civilization of Winnebagoes & & & & 513.10 & & & 51310 & 36460 & & 14910 \\
\hline Commission on coal, White Miountain Reservation, Arizona & 1885 & 23 & 95 & & 2,500 00 & 13510 & 2,635 10 & 2, 50000 & & 13510 \\
\hline Commissioners on condition of Indians in Alaska & & 23 & 27 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Copsolidating Indian agencies ............. & 1884 & & & 4,71500 & & & 4,71500 & 6000 & & 4,65500 \\
\hline Education of children in Alasta. & & & & & ( \(\dagger\) & & & & & \\
\hline Expenses of special agents for Miamies of ludiana. & & & & 29427 & & & 22427 & & 22427 & \\
\hline Expenses of the Ute Commissiun & & & & - 1,94746 & & & 1,947 4 & 6840 & & 1,879 \(06^{\prime}\) \\
\hline Expenses of Cbippewas (Turtle Mountain band) viriting Washington, D. C.......... & & 23 & 380 & & 50000 & & 50000 & 50000 & & \\
\hline Gratuity to certain Ute Indians.............. & & 23 & , 88 & 10001 & 4,000 00 & & 4, 10001 & 4,000 00 & & 10001 \\
\hline Holding a general conncil of Indians in the & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Indian Territory ..... & 187\%* & 23 & 259, §4 & & \[
.96806
\] & & \[
96806
\] & \[
96806
\] & & \\
\hline Homesteads for Indians & & 23 & 96 & & \[
1,000 \text { "00 }
\] & & - 1,00000 & \[
395 \quad 50
\] & & 560450 \\
\hline Homesteads for Seminoles in Florida. & & 23 & \(\begin{array}{r}95 \\ \hline 94 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 6, 030 00 & & 6,00000 & \[
40000
\] & & 5,600 00 \\
\hline Irrigatiog ditches, Indian reservation & & 23 & \(\bigcirc \quad 94\) & & 50,00000 & 1, 60900 & 5I, 60900 & 15, 32085 & & 36,28815 \\
\hline Indian sehool buildings . \(\quad\) at........ & & 23 & 92 & 10,600 76 & 40,000 00 & 6,291 95 & 54, 89271 & 35, 666 51 & & \(21,226 \leq 0\) \\
\hline Maintainieg peace amoug and with the various tribes and bands of Inclians.. & 1873* & 23 & 259, §4 & -1,205 78 & 6,469 17 & & 7,674 95 & 6, 46917 & , 1,205 78 & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Maintenance and education of Catherine and Suphia Germain.
aintenauce and education of delaide and Jutia German
Maintenance and education of Helen and Heloise Lincoln
Negotiating with Sioux for modification of treaties.
Negoliating with Crecks, Seminoles, and Cherokees for modification of treaties
Payment of indebteduess. incurved by S. H. Sweetiaud
Papneent for lands in Indian reservations in Washugton T'erritory
Payment \(\frac{10}{}\) Puttawatomies, citizens
Payment to Flatheads on Jock's Rege....... right of was Northern Pacitic Railroad Company
Payment to citizens, Miamies of Kansas
Payment of iudemuity of Poncas.
Payment to Old Settlers or W estern Cherokees
Preventing liquor tratic, Indian reservations.
Provisions of Indians.
Paywent to Ute Indians for individual im provements.
Payment to certain Creck Indians for individual reserves sold
Relief of J. B. Monteith
Relicf of settlers on Duck Valley Indian Reservation.
Relief of destitute Indians in Nevada
Reimbursenent to Creek orphan fund
Rejmbursement to Osages forlosses sustained. Reimbursemeut to Capt. F. D. Baldwin Relief of destitute Indianas
Remoral and support of confederated bauds of Utes
Removal and support of Otoes and Missou Ror.
Relief of Indians of Crow, Fort Belknap Fort Peck, and Blackfeet agencies
Reservation at head waters of the Mississippi Survey of Iudian reservations ................. surrey of ludian reserration
Surveying allotments, Puyallup Reservation Survey and appraisements of Omaba lande (reimbursable) .....................................
 \(\dagger\) Twenty-five thousand dollars appropriated; transferred to appropriation, Interior Civil ledger, 'same title.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Reparments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car. & Balances of \\
\hline S & & & Page or sec. tion. & propriatious, July 1, 1884. & fiscal gear end-
\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { ing } j^{\text {fune }} 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { the fiscal year } \\
-1885 .
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
yoar ending \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} & ried to the surplus furnd June 30, 1885. & appropriations, June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Interior-indians and Pensions-Cont'd. & & & & 1 & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$12, 800, 1.4835 & \$7, 714, 16113 & \$178,047 43 & \$20, 752, 35691 & \$6, 684, 18065 & \$139,850 79 & \$13, 928, 355 47 \\
\hline School buildibr, Forest Grove, Oremon ....... & & 23 & 92 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & W, 17500 & & 19,825 00 \\
\hline School buitding and support of schools for 1 Indians of Sioux Reservation in Dakota. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ' Indians of Sioux Reservation in Dabota.... & 1884 & & & 28368
15,49000 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
26241 \\
370 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 15, \(\begin{array}{r}548007 \\ 860\end{array}\) & 54807
11,56925 & & \\
\hline Stock cattle or sheep for Indian tribes & 1884 & & & 28,940 56 & & & 28,940 56 & 28,436 50 & & 4, 50406 \\
\hline Stock cattle for Iodian industrial schools .... & 1885 & 23 & 91 & & 25,000 00 & & 25,000 00 & 3,695 00 & & 21,335 00 \\
\hline Taking census of North Carolina Chorokees. & & 23 & 246 & & 2,600 00 & & 2, 60000 & 2,600 00 & & \\
\hline Total Indian & & & & 12,904, 86457 & 7, 761, 76113 & 178, 67984 & 20, 845, 30554 & \(6,731,17447\) & 139,850 79 & 13, 974, 28028 \\
\hline Army pensions & 1885 & 23 & 98
473 & \(55,482,91867\) & 20, 000, 00000 & 13, 591, 51109 & 89, 074, 42976 & 68, 286, 459 :2 & & 20, 787, 97064 \\
\hline Do & 1882 & 23 & 2738 & & 86792
2880 & 7, 09881 & \(7,966,73\)
2880 & 84292
2880 & 7, 12381 & \\
\hline Pay and allowances, Army p & 1885 & 23 & 99 & & 290, 00000 & 36,80748 & 326, 80748 & 285, 00000 & & 41,807 48 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 27, 80934 & & -4,254 11 & 32,062 45 & & & 32,062 45 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 10,160 96 & & - 76481 & 10, 925 77 & 12447 & 10,801 30. & \\
\hline Fecs of examining surgeons, Army pensions.. & 1885 & 23 & 99 & & 490,000 00 & 29, 85936 & 519, 85236 & 490,000 00 & & 29, 85236 \\
\hline & 1884 & & & 3,700 46 & & 80,749 11 & 84,449 57 & 100 & & 84,44857 \\
\hline Do....................................... \(\{\) & 1883 & & & 100 & & & 100 & & & , 100 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 6,122 91 & & 10,822 05 & 16,944 96 & 5,560 15 & & 11,384 81 \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 10,85 00 & 10, 5500 & 5,500 15 & 5500 & 11,381 81 \\
\hline Io. & 1881* & 23 & 261 & & 10050 & & 10050 & 10050 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Arms & 1885 & 23 & 99 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 15968 & & 9,840 32 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 641 & & 172 & 813 & & & 813 \\
\hline Do. & 1883
1884 & & & 4,151 84. & & & 4,151 84 & 87927 & & 3,272 57 \({ }^{-}\) \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 1571 & & & 1571 & & 1571 & \\
\hline Arrears of Army pensions & & & & 371, 22147 & & 133, 77716 & 504, 99863 & 202, 66190 & & 302, 33673 \\
\hline Fees for vouchers, arrears of Army pensions. & & & & 98240 & & 5 28060 & 1,263 00 & 105500 & & 1, 20800 \\
\hline A rrears of Navy pensions . & & & & 51, 302 62 & & 5,476 44 & 56, 77906 & 10,000 00 & & 46,779 06 \\
\hline Fees for vouchers, artears of Navy pensions. & & & & 111130
1085 & & 2490 & 13620 & , 500 & & 13120 \\
\hline Navy ponsions. & 1885 & & & 1, 103,927 57 & & 233, 81328 & 1,337, 74085 & 949,661 78 & & 388, 07907 \\
\hline Pay and allowances, Na & \(1882^{*}\) & 23 & 99 & & 10,000 00 & 1,41235
64675 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,41235 \\
10,54675
\end{array}
\] & 3, 50090 & 1,41235 & 7,04675 \\
\hline Do.. & 1884 & & & 10000 & & 51223 & 10,653 23 & & & 61223 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 7,429 70 & & & 7,429 70 & & 7,429 70 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/


STATEMENI exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 188., g. -Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Agnregato avaitable for & Papmentsdur. & Amolints car. & Balances of \\
\hline Specific ohjects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Pagre or sec-
tion. & propriations July 1, 1884. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal sear end- } \\
\text { ing Jude } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\text { the fiscal year } 1885 .
\] & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & yenr ending June 30, 1885. & surplusínad June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropra- } \\
& \text { tious June } \\
& \mathbf{3 0 , 1 8 8 5 .}
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Military establishment-Continued. & & & & & : & & & & ' 1 & \\
\hline . Brought forward. & & & & \$766,025 37 & \$12, 400, 31755 & \$301, 00346 & \$13, 467, 34638 & \$12,795, 86480 & \$432,932 17 & \$238, 54941 \\
\hline Bomnty to volunteers, their widows and le--gal licirs & 1871* & 23 & 220, 458, 472 & & 167,953 25 & - 89494 & 168,848 19 & 167,953 25 & 89494 & \\
\hline Bounty to Fifteenth and Sixtecnth Missouri Cavaly Volunteers. & & 21 & 283 & & 8,000 00 & & 8,000 00 & 8,000 00 & & \\
\hline Tr:usportation of officers and their baggage & 1871* & 23 & 474 & & 1392 & 6382 & 7774 & 1392 & 6382 & \\
\hline Extra pay to oticers and men who served in the Mexican War. & & 20 & 316 & & 13, 10500 & 15000 & 13, 25500 & 13, 25500 & & \\
\hline Pay of two and three years volunteers....... & 1871 & & & & & 19085 & 19085 & 190 195 & & \\
\hline - 1\%o... ............. & \(1871{ }^{*}\) & 23 & 220, 458, 472 & 26,901 44 & 95, 26476 & 4,67129 & 126,837 49 & 122, 16620 & 4, 67129 & \\
\hline Subsistencerof the Army & \(1882^{x}\) & 23 & 474,477 & & 5, 646 29 & 2,866 36 & 8,512 65 & 5,625 29 & 2,866 36, & 2100 \\
\hline Do.................. & \(1882 t\)
1843 & & & & & 13370
1,94238 & \(\begin{array}{r}13370 \\ \hline 9662\end{array}\) & 14 13370 & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do } \\
& \text { Do }
\end{aligned}
\] & 18.3 & & & 99, 65424 & & 1,94238
156 & 101,59662
156 & 14,74704 & 86,84958
156 & \\
\hline Do. & \(1884{ }^{+}\) & & & 458,703 09 & & 13,761 73 & 472,464 82 & 2,570 06 & 156 & 469, 89476 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 108 & & 1, 900,000 00 & 8,974 15 & 1,908,974 15 & 1,895,448 56 & & 13,525 59 \\
\hline Regular supplies, Quartermaster's Departmest & 1879 & & & 26775 & , & & 26775 & & & 26775 \\
\hline Do. & 1880 & & & 2, 630 25 & & & 2,630 25 & 2,630 25 & & \\
\hline Do & \(1881 \cdot\) & 23 & 258 & & 5, 68184 & & 5,681 84 & 5,681 84 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 25 & 474, 477 & & 2,176 75 & 2,346 18 & 4,522 33 & 1,928.23 & 2,394 70 & 20000 \\
\hline Do......................................... . . & 1882t & & & & & 1,802 43 & 1,802 43 & 1, 802'43 & & \\
\hline Do........................................ \(\{\) & 188.2 & \}. 23 & 243 & & 43200 & & 43200 & 43200 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 20,304 16 & & 10957 & 20,413 73 & 27290 & 20,140 83 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 142,653 02 & & 84,672 06 & 227, 32508 & 149,440 37 & & 77,884 71 \\
\hline Do.......... \({ }^{\text {D }}\)........................ & 1885 & 23 & 109 & & 2,900, 00000 & 101,366 57 & 3, 001,366 57 & 2,997, 518 72 & ............... & 3,847 85 \\
\hline Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Depart. ment. & 1878 & & & 1,459 87 & & & 1,459 87 & & & 1,459 87 \\
\hline Do.................................................... & 1881* & 23 & 258 & 1, & 13, 02399 & & 13, 023.99 & 12,986 89 & & 1,4710 \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & 474,476 & & 3, 17108 & 2,590 70 & 5,76178 & 3,171 08 & 2,590 70 & \\
\hline Do & \(1883 \dagger\) & & & & & 30095 & -30095 & -30095 & 25....... & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 27, 93547 & & - 41276 & 28, 34823 & - 2,86064 & 25,48759 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & + 242 & 14656 & - 25,09375 & 9,508 86 & 34,749 17 & \(\cdots \quad 25,73020\) & & - 9,01897 \\
\hline Do............. & 1885 & 23 & 110,454 & & - 690,396 60 & 17700 & 690,573 60* & 690,550 60 & & 2300 \\
\hline Barracks and quarters & 1882† & & & & & 8,912 09 & 8,912 09 & 8, 91209 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882 & & [243, 474, 47 & & 3,480 14 & 1,730
297
50 & 5,21032
\(-\quad 29750\) & 3, 18014 & 1,730 18 & 30000 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 3,734 51 & & 1,226 08 & 4,960 59 & 3,137 40 & 1,823 19 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & \(\cdots\) & 1,652 27 & & 1,879 17 & 3,53144 & 2,908 24 & & 62320 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 110 & & 700,000 00 & 50, 03013 & 750,030 13 & , 84649 & & 836 & \\
\hline Fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation due certain land orant railroads & & . 23 & 261 & & \(15,33386\). & 50, & 15,333 86 & 15,321 38 & &  &  \\
\hline Do.. & 1882* & \(\bigcirc 23\) & 474 & & 12, 80595 & & 12, 80595 & 12, 80505 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 25, 89716 & & & 25, 80716 & 15, 16031 & 10,736 85 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 104,792 21 & & 121 & 104, 70342 & 71,096 23 & & 33, 69719 & \\
\hline Lo & 1885 & 23 & 110 & & 125,00000 & & 12n, 00000 & 33, 69784 & & 91, 30216 & \\
\hline Transportation of the Army andits supplies. & 1882 \({ }^{188} \times\) & & & & & 39, 637001 & 39,63701
37341099 & 39, \(6370 \mathrm{0L}\) & & & \\
\hline  & \(3882 *\)
1883

+ & 23 & 454 & 356,470 71 & 2, 80000 & 14, 14028 & 373,41099
16300 & 6, 76775 & 366,643 24 & & \\
\hline Do & \(1883+\) & & & 95,776 91 & & 9, 52763 & 105,30454 & 6, 59915 & 98,70539 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 89,554 25 & & 141, 13603 & 230, 69028 & 117,331 36 & & 113,358 92 & - \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 110 & 80, 5 & 3, 000, 00000 & 2,784 34 & 3, 002, 78434 & 3,002 762 84 & & 120 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Transportation of the Army and its supplies, \\
Pacitic Rainoads
\end{tabular} & 1882* & 20 & 390 & & 80,919 26 & & 80,919 26 & 80, 91926 & & & \\
\hline - Do. & 1883 & 20 & 390 & & 142, 384 60 & & 142,384 60 & 142, 38460 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 20 & 390 & & 446, 15928 & 3636 & 446, 10564 & 446, 195 64 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 20 & 390 & & 46,351 94 & & 46;35194 & 46, 35194 & & & \\
\hline Horses for cavalry and a & 1882 & 23 & 474,477 & & 9,488 00 & 1,187 75 & 10,675 75 & . 9,488 00 & 1,187 75 & & , \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 5,121 46 & & 1,370 00 & 6, 49L 46 & & 6, 49146 & & \\
\hline Do & \(188 \pm\) & & & 18,499 53 & & 1,236 04 & 19,735 57 & 19, 32000 & & 41557 & \\
\hline Do............. & 1885 & 23 & 111 & & , 200, 00000. & 6,428 76 & 206, 42876 & 205, 76636 & & 66240 & \\
\hline Clothing, camp and garrison equer & 18821 & & & & & 1,930 40 & 1,980 40 & 1, 93040 & & & \\
\hline Jo.......................... & 1882* & 23 & 474,477 & & 8921 & 3, 35663 & 3,445 84 & - 7928 & 3,366 56 & & 包 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 46.681 20 & & 1, 54181 & 1,66701 & 19250 & 1,474 51 & & - \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 46,68198 & & 89, 74435 & 136, 42633 & 136,422 78 & & 355 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 111 & , & 1, 400, 00000 & 74, 162 30 & 1, 474, 16230 & 1, 474, 13478 & & 2752 & A \\
\hline Natioual cemeteri & 1882* & 23 & 474 & & 150 & 15224 & -15374 & -150 & 15224 & & \\
\hline Do........- & 1883 & & & 1,052 38 & & 12033 & 1, 172 71 & 12210 & 1,050 61 & & 20 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 11,922 02 & & 1,389 80 & 13, 31182 & 13,227 65 & 1,050 61 & 8417 &  \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 210 & & 100,000 00 & & 100, 00000 & 98,355 80 & & 1,644 20 & \\
\hline Pay of superintendents, National cemeteries. & 1883 & & & 72569 & & & 72569 & & 72569 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 49600 & & 28150 & 77750
60.4000 & 13500
60 & & 64250 & \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1885 & 23 & 219 & & 60,440 00 & & 60, 44000 & 60, 21933 & & 22067 & \\
\hline Headstones for graves in private cemeteries. & & & & 37,964 00 & & & 37, 96400 & 29, 70572 & & 8,258 28 & \\
\hline Philadelphia National cemetery, Pa ....... & & 23 & 219, 458 & & 22, 00000 & & 22,000 00 & \[
22,00000
\] & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cypress Hill National cemetery uear Brook- \\
lyn, N. Y.
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 219 & & 15,600, 00 & & 15,600 00 & 15,600 00 & & & \\
\hline Carson City National cemetery, Nevada. & & 23 & 219 & & & & . 1,000 C0 & 1,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Fort Gratiot National cemetery, Michigan & & 23 & 219 & & 3, 00000 & & - 3,000 00 & -1500 & & 2,98500 & \\
\hline Medical and Höspital Department.......... & \(1881{ }^{\text {+ }}\) & 23 & 258 & & 35943 & & - 35943 & 35943 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1882 & 23 & - 243,473 & & 1,015 66 & 1725 & ], 03291 & 56360 & 1725 & 45200 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 15 65983 & & 2800 & \[
68083
\] & - \(\quad 50960\) & 17123 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 15, 2966 L & & \(\begin{array}{r}9,81179 \\ 14,904 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25,10840 \\
9400418
\end{array}
\] & 1,72126
23687 & & 23, 38714 & \\
\hline Medical and surgical history & 1885 & 23 & 111 & & 225, 00000 & \(\begin{array}{r}14,99418 \\ 8,497 \\ \hline 85\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
239,99418 \\
8,49735
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
236,78735 \\
8,49735
\end{array}
\] & .....-........ & 3,206 83 & \\
\hline Medical Museum and library & 1884 & & & & & -133 88 & -13388 & 8, 13388 & & & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 112 & & 15; 00000 & 6,670 99 & 21, 670 99 & 2],652 24 & & 18.5 & \\
\hline Carried formard & & & & - 2, 363,096 94 & 24, 858, 50561 & 1, 032,497 68 & 28, \(254,100.23\) & 26,084, 60286 & \(1,073,16969\) & 1,096,237 68 & 0. \\
\hline & d prior & r year & & And prior years & trangfer accoun & & Transfer acconn & nt. & & & \[
0
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Digitized for FRASER}
http://fráser.stlouisfed.org/
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \[
\frac{\mathrm{St}}{\text { V.ol. }}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
tatutes. \\
Page or sec. tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of appropriations, July 1, 1884 . & Appropriations for the fiscal y ear ending June 30 , 1885. & Repayments made.during tbe fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal rear ending June 30, \(188{ }^{\circ}\). & Payments during the fiscal year ending Jude 30, 1885. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations. Jade 30, 1885. \\
\hline Military establishment-Contibued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$2,363, 096 94 & \$24, 858, 50561 & \$1,032,497 68 & \$28, 254, 10023 & \$26, 084, 69286 & \$1, 073, 16969 & \$1,096, 23768 \\
\hline Artificial limbs. & 1881* & 93 & 258 & & 400 & & 400 & 400 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1882* & & & & & 5000 & 5000 & & 5000 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 8,966 03 & & 6,845 55 & 15,81158 & 8,368 89 & & 7,442 69 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 220 & & 100, 00000 & 24, 00497 & 124, 00497 & 122, 00497 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Trusses for disabled soldiers & & R.S. & 1,178 & & 5,169 05 & 9,830 95 & 15, 00000 & 15,000 00 & & \\
\hline Appliances for disabled soldi & 1883 & & & 1,673 75 & & & 1,673 75 & & 1,673 75 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 98400 & & 23400 & 1,218 00 & 400 & & 1,214 00 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 220 & & 2,000 00 & 89650 & 2,896 50 & 1,896 50 & & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Rock Island Bridge, Rock Island, & 1882* & 23 & 474 & & 4800 & & 4800 & 4800 & & \\
\hline Do...................... & 1885 & 23 & 215 & & 9,250 00 & & 9,250 00 & 9, 25000 & & \\
\hline Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Lsland, Ill & & 23 & 215 & & 197,500 00 & & 197, 50000 & 197,500 00 & & \\
\hline Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, Pa ....... & 1885 & 23 & 215 & & 4,700 00 & & 4,700 00 & 4,700 00 & & \\
\hline Springfield Arsenal, Springfield, Mass......... & 1883 & & & 9168 & & & 9168 & & 9168 & \\
\hline Benicia Arsonal, Benicia, Cal . & 1885
1885 & 23
23 & 215 & & 15,000
4,05500 & & 15,000
4,055
00 & 15,000
4,05500

2, & & \\
\hline San Antonio Arsenal, San Antonio, Tex.. & & 23 & 215 & & 13, 15000 & & 13, 15000 & 13,150 00 & & \\
\hline Construction and repair of bospitals... ....... & 1882 & & & & & 7141 & - 7141 & & 7141 & \\
\hline Do............ & \(1882 \dagger\) & & & & & 1,270 76 & 1, 27076 & 1,270 76 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 89416 & & 9405 & 98821 & & 98821 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 \({ }^{\ddagger}\) & & & & & 5550 & 5550 & 5550 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 752 & & 56361 & 57113 & 9405 & & 477.08 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 111 & & 10000000 & 4,409 68 & 104, 40968 & 104, 40968 & & \\
\hline Testing machine & 1883 & & & 389 & & & 389
65877 & & 389 & 65877 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & & & 65877 & 65877
10,00000 & & & 65877 \\
\hline Torpedoes for harbor defenses & 1885 & 23 & 158 & & 100,000 00 & & 100,000 00 & 58,500 00 & & 41,500 00 \\
\hline Mạchine gans . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1884 & & & 20,000 00 & & & 20,000 00 & 20, 00000 & & 1,500 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 159 & & 20,000 00 & & 20, 00000 & 20, 00000 & & \\
\hline Ordnance serv & 1883 & & & 1,884 94 & & & 1, 884, 94 & & 1,884 94 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 8,320 08 & & 1,032 32 & 935240
1000 & \[
1,14225
\] & & 8,210 15 \\
\hline Do........................... & 1885 & 23 & 112 & & 100,000 00 & & 100,000 00 & 100,000 00 & & \\
\hline Ordnance, ordnance stores and sapplies & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1883 \\
& 1884
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 17827 & & 51188 & 17827
51188 & & 17827 & 5i1 88 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 112 & & 400,00000 & & 400, 00000 & 400, 00000 & & 5118 \\
\hline Powder and projectiles, proceeds of sales & & 21 & 468 & 3,119 67 & 1107600 & & 3,195 67 & 3, 14311 & & 5256 \\
\hline Ordo ince material, proceeds of, salcs ....... & & 18 & 388 & 467, 28922. & 119, 01481 & 4,408 32 & 590, 71235 & 78,366 33 & & 512,346 02 \\
\hline Manufacture or purchase of magazine gans . & & & & 13,750 00 & & & 13,750 00 & 12, 49500 & & ], 25500 \\
\hline Board of forijfications or other defenses & & 23 & 434 & & 40,000 00 & & 40,000 00 & 5, 00000 & & 85,000 60 \\
\hline Manufacture of arms at National Armories & 1885 & 23 & , 112 & & 400, 00000 & & 400,000 00 & 400,000 00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Arming and equipping the militia Repairs of arsenals & 1883 & R. S. & 1661 & - 203,11640 & 200, 00000 & 44,381931 & \begin{tabular}{|c|}
47,49833 \\
\\
\\
26 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 181, 138.63 & \[
26
\] & 206, 35970 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 215 & . C ............ & 30, c00 00 & & 30, 00000 & 30,000 00 & & \\
\hline Powder depot. Dover, N. J & & 23 & 215 & & 40,000 00 & & 40, 00000 & 40, 60000 & & \\
\hline Proving gronnd, Sandy Hook, N. J & 1885 & 23 & 215 & & 5, 00000 & & 5, 00000 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline A rmament of fortifications ... & 1883 & & & 13117 & & & 13117 & & 13117 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 162,894 27 & & 5,324 00 & 108,218 27 & 79,80340 & & 88,41487 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 159 & & 400, 00000 & & 400, 00000 & 233,811 00 & ............. & 166, 18900 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Curreptand ordinary expenses, United States \\
Military Academy.
\end{tabular} & 1885 & 23 & 7,9 & ............... & 53,945 00 & & 53,945 00 & 53, 94500 & & \\
\hline Do...................................... \(\{\) & 1885 & \(\} 23\) & 299 & & 1, 00000 & & 1,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline Miscellaneous items and incidental experises, United States Military Academy .......... & & & & 11371 & & & 11371 & .. & 11371 & \\
\hline Do........................... & 1884 & & & & & 21988 & 21988 & & & - 21988 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 9 & & 15, 52000 & & 15,520 00 & 15,520 00 & & \\
\hline Buildingo and gronnds, United States Military A cademy & 1883 & & & 576 & & & 576 & & 576 & \\
\hline Du & 1884 & & & & & 305 & +305 & & & 305 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 9 & & 15,870 00 & & 15,870 00 & 15, 87000 & & \\
\hline Do .................................... \{ & 1885 & \(\} 23\) & 299 & & 1,300 00 & & 1,300 00 & 1,300 00 & & \\
\hline Fort Scammel, Maine. & & & & 18130 & & & 18130 & & & 18130 \\
\hline Fort Lazaretto Point, Maryland & & & & 13, 00000 & & & 13,000 00 & & 13,00000 & 181 \\
\hline Fort St. Philip, Mississippi River, Lonisiana. & & & & 25, 933 & & & - 933 & & 13,000 00 & 933 \\
\hline Fort lrowl, Texas. & & & & 25, 00000 & & & 25,000 00 & & & 25, 00000 \\
\hline Fort Yuncan, Texas............ & & & & 10, 00000 & & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & \\
\hline Fort Yulaski, Savannah River, Georgia & & & & 3443 & & & 3443
5.000 & & & \[
3443
\] \\
\hline Fort Mariun, Florida ...... & & 23 & 159 & 000 & 5, 00000 & & 5,00000
9000 & 3,700 00 & 0 & \[
1,30000
\] \\
\hline Preservatiun and repair of fortif & 1882* & 23 & 474 & & 21000 & & 21000 & 21000 & & \\
\hline . Do & 1883 & & & 10,914 00 & & & 10,914 00 & & 10,914 00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 6,303 69 & & 64676 & 6,950 45 & & 10,914 00 & 6, 05045 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 158 & & 17¢, 00000 & & 175, 00000 & 173, 50000 & & 1,500 00 \\
\hline Engineer depot at Willets Point, New York. & 1885 & 23 & 112 & & 5,200 00 & & 5,200 00 & 5,200 00 & & \\
\hline Stean launch or tug at harbor of refage, Lake Euron, Mjchigan & & & & 10,000 00 & & & 10,000 00 & & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline Improving barbor at- & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Belfast, Me.. & & & & 2,800 00 & & & 2, 80000 & & & 2,800 00 \\
\hline Portland, Me & & 23 & 133 & & 30, 00000 & & 30,00000 & 23, 80000 & & 6,20000 \\
\hline Rockland, Me................... & & 23 & 133 & & 40,000 00 & & 40,00000 & 24,500 00 & & 15, 50000 \\
\hline Bangor and Penobscot River, Maine..... & & 23. & 133 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 70000 & & 19, 30000 \\
\hline Brealswater at month of SacoRiver, Maine & & 23 & - 133 & & 15,000 00 & & 15,000 00 & 7, 80000 & & 7,200 00: \\
\hline Portsmouth, N. H............................ & & 23. & 133 & 5, 00000 & - 20,00000 & & 25, 00000 & 10,800 00 & & 14,200 00- \\
\hline Burlingtou, Vt & & 23 & 133 & & 50, 00000 & & \[
50,00000
\] & 42, 00000 & & 8,000 00 \\
\hline Lyna, Mass... & & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
55,000 \\
200 \\
283 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & & \[
55,00000
\] & \[
50,00000
\] & & 5, 00000 \\
\hline Boston. Mass.
Hyannis, Mass & & 23 & 133 & 25, 38330 & 5,000 00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
30,38330 \\
26082
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
20,00000 \\
26082
\end{array}
\] & & 10,383 30 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{arried forwa} & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & 3, 420,417 59 & 27,626, 51747 & 1,138, 01157 & 32, 184, 94663 & 28,710, 00975. & 1, 112, 28574 & 2,362,651 14 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{*And prior years.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{tAnd prior years} & transfer accoun & & \(\dagger\) Transfer acco & nt. & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Agaregate & Payments dur & Amounts car- & Balance of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec tion. & propriations, July 1, 1884. & \begin{tabular}{l}
fiscal year enrl
ing June 30 , \\
1885.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{|c}
\text { made during } \\
\text { the fiscal year } \\
1885 .
\end{array}
\] & the tiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ing lhe fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & ried to the surplas fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations, June 30, 1865 . \\
\hline Military establibhment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brousht for & & & & \$3,420,417 59 & \$27, 626,517 47 & \$1, 138, 01157 & \$32, 184, 94663 & \$28,710, 00975 & \$1, 112, 28574 & \$2, 362, 65114 \\
\hline Improving harber atNantucket, Mass. & & 23 & 133 & 5,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & 15,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Newbursport, Mass & & 23 & 133 & 5,000 & \(40,000 ¢ 0\) & & 40, 00000 & \(22^{2}, 00000\) & ... & \(\begin{array}{r}9,500 \\ 15,000 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) \\
\hline Scituate, Maes. & & 23 & 133 & & 10, 0:000 & & 10,000 00 & 10, 000 00 & & \\
\hline Plymonth, Mass & & 23 & 133 & & 10, 0 000 00 & & 10, 00000 & 10, 01000 & & \\
\hline Provincetown, Mass....... & & \({ }^{23}\) & 133 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving harbor at Warehan, Mass, ...... & & 23 & 133 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 6, 00000 & & 4,00000 \\
\hline Improving larbor of refuge at Wood's Holl, Mass & & 23 & 133 & & 25,000 00 & & 25, 00000 & 25, 00000 & & \\
\hline Improving harbor of refuge at Sandy Bay, Capo And, Massachusetts & & 23 & 133 & & 100, 00000 & & 100, 00000 & 8,000 00 & & 92, 00000 \\
\hline Improving barbor atBlock Istand, R. I. & & 23 & 133 & & & & & & & 92,00000 \\
\hline - Nocrport, R. C..... & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 133 & & 15,000
20000000 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
15,000 \\
20,000 \\
\hline 00
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}8,000 \\ 16,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \begin{tabular}{l}
7,000 \\
4,000 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Bridgeport, Conn & & 23 & 133 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5.5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Breakwater at New Haven, Conn & & 23 & 133 & & 40, 00000 & & 40,000 00 & 40,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving larbor atNem Haven, Conn & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline New Haven, Conn & & \(\stackrel{23}{23}\) & 133 & & \(\begin{array}{r}10,000 \\ 2,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}10 ; 000 \\ 2,000 \\ \hline 1000\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,00000 \\
& 2,000
\end{aligned}
\] & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Norwalk, Conu & & 23 & 134 & & 5, 00000 & & 5, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Stonington, Conn & & 23 & 104 & & 10,000 00. & & 10,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline Black Rock. Coun & & 23 & 134 & & 20, 00000 & & 20,000 00 & 15, 00000 & & 5,00009 \\
\hline Buffulo, N Y.............. & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 134 & 60,000 00 & 100, 00000 & & 160, 00000 & 103, 00000 & & 57, 00000 \\
\hline Butter milk Chanmel, New Y
Cavarsie Bar, New York & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 134 & & 10,000
5,000
5,000 & & 10,00000
5,000 & 10,000
5
5 & & \\
\hline , Sheepshead Bay, New York & & 23 & 134 & & 5, 04000 & & 5,000 00 & 5,00060 & & \\
\hline - Clarlote, N. Y ...... & & 23 & 134 & 2,600 00 & 20,00000 & & 22,000 00 & 18,000 00 & & 4,000000 \\
\hline Dnntirk, N. Y , \({ }^{\text {Flushing Bay, }}\) & & \({ }_{93}^{23}\) & 134 & & 10, 110000 & & 10,000 00 & 9.00000 & & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Glushing Bay, New York & & \(\stackrel{33}{23}\) & 134 & & \(\begin{array}{r}10,00000 \\ 5,400 \\ \hline 100\end{array}\) & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,00000 \\
5,00000
\end{array}
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}10,000 \\ 5,000 \\ \hline 100\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Great Solus Bay, New Yor & & 23 & 134 & 3,000 00 & 10,000 un & & 13,000 00 & 12, 00000 & & 1,00000 \\
\hline Litile Solus Bay, New & & 23 & 134 & 3, 060 00 & 10, 100000 & & 13,000 00 & 12,000. 0 & & 1,000 00 \\
\hline Gr-enport, N.
Oak Orchard, & & 23 & 1334 & & 10, 100000 & & 10,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline Oak Orchard, N. Y & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 134 & \[
3,00000
\] & 5, 000110 & & 8,000 00 & 8,000000 & & \\
\hline Uswogo, N . Y . & & 23. & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\because \quad 134\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\cdots{ }^{19,841} 60\) & 150,00000 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
15,000 \\
99 \\
1841 \\
\hline 100
\end{tabular} & 10,000
\(-99,84160\) & & 5, 00000 \\
\hline Rondont, N. Y & & 23 & 134 & & 1,000 00 & & 1,000 00 & - 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline Breakwater Rouse's Point, Lake Champlain, N. Y & & 23 & 134 & & 35,000 00 & & 35,00000 & 1,350,00 & & 33,650 00. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
and－iow Jersey
Improving larbor at Eris，Pa
Improvingicíbarbor at－

Improviug liarbor at－ Balimare，Md

Norfolk，\(\nabla\) a．
Beaufort，N．C

Savannab，Ga

Improving harbor at－

Improving harbor at－

Improving harbor at－
New Orleans，La Obio gam River，Ohio

Echo Harbor＇，Now Rochelle， \(\bar{N}, \vec{Y}\)
New Kuchelle．N． \(\mathbf{Y}\)
Improring chanel between Staten Island

Ravitim Buy，New Jersey

Marcins Hook，Pennsglvania
Ner Castle，Del
Delaware Breakwater，Delaware Wilmington，Gel
Improving fce barbor at Reedy Island Del
EntranceofSt．Jerome＇s Creek，Maryland．
Breton Bay，Maryland
Washington and Georgetown，D．C

Cbarleston，S．C．
Brunswick Ga
Cumberland Sund．Georgia and Florida
Improving A palachicola Bay，Florida．
Censacola，Kers，Fla
Tampa Bay，Florida
Impruring batbor and river at Mobile，Ala Improvine A ransas Pass and Bay，Texas．．

Passo Caballo，Texas
Improving Sabino Pass，Texas

Asbtabula，Ohio
Cleveland Oliser，
Improving harbor of refuge near Cincinnati，
Improving harbor at Fairport，Ohio
Improving ice harbor at mouth of Muskin－

\section*{．．}
N．

\footnotetext{
Carried forward
}

134｜…．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 15,3500000

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 5，000 00 & 50000 & & 4，500 00： \\
\hline 15，350 00 & 15，350 00 & & \\
\hline 3，000 00 & & & 3；000 00 \\
\hline 15， 00000 & & & 15，000 00 \\
\hline 10，000 00 & 10，000 00 & & \\
\hline 20，000 00 & 20，000 00 & & \\
\hline 61， 50000 & 4，000 00 & & 57，500 00 \\
\hline 20，000 00 & 15， 00000 & & 5,00000 \\
\hline 2，000 00 & 2，000 00 & & \\
\hline 75， 00000 & 20， 00000 & & 55， 00000 \\
\hline 26， 00000 & 11，000 00 & & 15，000 00 \\
\hline 17，500 00 & & & 17，500 00 \\
\hline 15， 00000 & 13， 00000 & & 2，000 00 \\
\hline 305，000 00 & 305， 00000 & & \\
\hline 9，205 98 & & & 9，205 98 \\
\hline 3，000 00 & 3，000 00 & & \\
\hline 22， 22673 & 8,00000 & & 14， 22673 \\
\hline 75， 00000 & 28， 00000 & & 47， 00000 \\
\hline 35,00000 & 28，100 00 & & 6， 90000 \\
\hline 250， 00000 & 146， 00000 & & 1104， 00000 \\
\hline 12，000 00 & 7，900 00 & & 4，100 00 \\
\hline 10，000 00. & 10，000 00 & & \\
\hline 200， 00000 & 146，00000 & & 54， 000.00 \\
\hline 75， 00000 & 75， 00000 & & \\
\hline 10，000 00 & 10，000 00 & & \\
\hline 55， 00000 & 35， 00000 & & 20，000 00 \\
\hline 5，000 00 & 5，000 00 & & \\
\hline 20，000 00 & 10，000 00 & & 10， 00000 \\
\hline 200，000 00 & 135， 00000 & & 65,00000 \\
\hline 100， 00000 & 100，000 00 & & \\
\hline \({ }^{\circ} 25,00000\) & 25， 00000 & & \\
\hline 50， 00000 & 45， 00000 & & 5， 00000 \\
\hline 200,00000 & 150，002 10 & & 49，997 90 \\
\hline 81， 22873 & 81， 22873 & & \\
\hline 22，500 00 & 12，500 00 & & 10，000 00 \\
\hline 10， 00000 & 10， 00000 & & \\
\hline 112，997 00 & 13， 00000 & & 99，997 00 \\
\hline 32，600 00 & 11，500 00 & & 21， 10000 \\
\hline 10，300 00 & 9，500 00 & & 80000 \\
\hline 55，000 00 & \(55,00 C 00\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregato available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific olojects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1,18 e4.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end. ing June 30 , 1885. & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscal year ending \(\delta\) une \(30,1885\). & ing the tiscal year ending Jane \(30,1885\). & surplas fund June 30, 1885. & appropriatins June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Militany establishment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline : Brought forward & & & & \$3, 818, 77515 & \$30, 256, 01747 & \$1, 142, 40405 & \$35, 217, 19607 & \$30, 802, 28218 & \$1, 112, 28574 & \$3, 302, 62875 \\
\hline Improving barbor at- & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Huron, Ohio ..... & & 23 & 135 & & 7,500 00 & & 7,500 00 & 7,500 00 & & \\
\hline Sandusky, Ohio & & 23 & 135 & 50000 & 20, 00000 & & - 20,500 00 & 10,500 00 & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline Toledo, Ohio. & & \(\begin{array}{r}-23 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 136 & 7, 00000 & 45, 00000 & & 52,00000 & 27, 00000 & & 25, 00000 \\
\hline Michigan City, In & & 23 & 136 & & 50,000 00 & & 50,00000 & 35, 00000 & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Rock Island, Ill. & & & & 6,000 00 & & & 6,000 00 & 6, 00000 & & \\
\hline Calumet, III. & & 23
23 & 136
136 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 20, 00000 & & \\
\hline Chicago, In & & 23
23 & 136
136 & & - \(\begin{array}{r}100,000 \\ 20,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 7776 & - 100, 07776 & 100, 00000 & & 7776 \\
\hline Waukciran. 711.
Au Sable, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 20, 00000 & & 20, 00000 & 18, 00000 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Au Sable, Mich
Improving ice
Larbor of & & & & 4,900 55 & & & 4,900 55 & 1, 00000 & ............... & 3,900 55 \\
\hline Mmproving ice harbor of reruge, Belie River, & & 23 & 136 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & 23 & 136 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Black Lake, Mich........................ & & 23 & 136 & & 15, 00000 & & 15,000 00 & 13,000 00 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Michigan. & & 23 & 136 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 8,000 00 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Pontwater, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 15, 00000 & & 15, 00000 & 12,000 00 & & 3, 00000 \\
\hline Cheboygan Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 1,000 00 & & 4,00000 \\
\hline Frank fors, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,00000 & 3,000 00 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline Grand Haven, Mich. & & 23 & 136 & & 50,000 00 & & 50,000 00 & 35, 00000 & & 15,00000 \\
\hline Lmproving barbor of refuge, Lake Huron, Michigan & & 23 & 136 & & 75, 00000 & & 75, 00000 & 75, 00000 & & \\
\hline Improving larbor at- & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Ludington, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 10, 00000 & & 10,000 00 & 7,000 00 & & 3,000 00 \\
\hline Manistee. Mich. & & 23 & 126 & & 10, 00000 & & 10, \(000000{ }^{\circ}\) & 6,000 on & & 4,000 00 \\
\hline Muskeron, Mich........................... & & 23 & 136 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 15, 00000 & ........... . . & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Improving harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Mich & & 23 & 136 & 4,000 00 & 35, 00000 & & 39, 00000 & 24,000 00 & & 15,00000 \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & & & & & & & 24,000 00 & & 15,000 00 \\
\hline Ontonagon, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 15,000 00 & & 15,000 00 & - 15,000 00 & & \\
\hline - Saint Joseph, Mich & & 23 & 136 & 5, 00000 & 15,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 5, 00000 & & 15, 00000 \\
\hline Marquette, Mich. & & 23 & 136 & G, 00000 & 5,00000 & & 11, 00000 & & & 11,000 00 \\
\hline Saugatrek, Mich & & 23 & 136 & & 4,00000 & & 4, 00000 & 2, 00000 & & 2, 00000 \\
\hline South Haven, Mioh ..................... & & 23 & 136 & & 7,500 00 & & 7,500 00 & 1, 50000 & & 6,000 00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at White River, Michigan & & 23 & 136 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 7, 00000 & .-.-.......... & 3,000 00 \\
\hline Improving harbor of refuge at Portage Lak Michigan & & 23 & 136 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 7, 50000 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Improviug larbor atThunder Bay, Mieh & & & & 2,144 78 & & & \[
\text { 2. } 14478
\] & 7,500 00 & &  \\
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Improving barbor at-
Ahnapee, Wis.
Green Bay, Wis
Kenosha, Wis..
Kowaunce, Wis
Manitowoc, Wis
Manitowoc, Wis:
Menomonee, Wis
Tmprovinc herbor of .............................
Bas Wisconsin
Improving barbor at
Oconto, \(w\) is.
Ponsaulzee, W is .....
Port Wasbing. Wis.
Dredging Superior Bay, Wisconsin
Improving harbor at-
- Sheboygan. Wis

Improving harbor of refuge at entrance of Sturgeon's Bay Cabal, Wisconsin.
Improving harbor at-
\[
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& \text { Two Rivers, } W \text { is } \\
& \text { Milwaukee. } W \text { is. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Improving harbor of refuge at Lake Pepin,
Wisconsiu and Minnesota
Improring barbor at-
Dulutb. Minn
Grand Marais, Minn
Completing ice-harbor at Dubuque, Iowa. Improving harbor at-

Hambolt Ca,
Ontbor Cal
Wilmincton
Redwood Cal
Yaqıina Bay, Oregon
Improving entrance to Coos Bay and Harbor Oregon
 Improving Linbec Channel, Maine
Improving Cocheco River, Now Hampshire. Improving Merrimac River, Massachuseets Improving Taunton River, Massachusetis: Improving Otter Creek. Vermont
Improving Providence River and Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island
Improving Pawtucket River, Piode Island.



Carried forward
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
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ing the ascal \\
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June 30,1885
\end{tabular} & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
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\hline Military metablishment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Broaght forward & & & & \$3, 940, 08983 & \$31, 763,617 47 & \$1, 142, 48181 & \$36, 846, 18911 & \$31, 886, 02296 & \$1, 112, 285 74 & \$3,847, 88041 \\
\hline Improving Eronsatonic River, Connectic & & \({ }^{23}\) & 138 & & 2,500 00 & & 2, 20000 & & & - 2, 50000 \\
\hline Improving Thames River, Conncetient....... & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 138 & & 25,00000
35,000 & & 25,000
51,254
518 & 15,00000 & & \[
10,00000
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Improving Connerticut River, Comnecticut \\
Improving Connecticui Riser between Hart ford and Holloke, Conn
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 138 & \begin{tabular}{l}
16,254 \\
10,000 \\
\hline 00
\end{tabular} & 35,000 00 & & 51,25418
10,00000 & 36, 88146 & & \[
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& 14,37272 \\
& 10,00000
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\] \\
\hline Remaving obstiuctions in East River and Hell Gate, Nrw York. & & 23 & 138 & 8,000 00 & 360, 000 ,00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}10,000 \\ 368,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 128, 00000 & & 10,000
240,000 \\
\hline Doepr ning Gelney's Cbannel, Santly Hook Gar Now York & & 23 & 138. & & 200, 00000 & & 200, 00000 & 17,500 00 & & 2, 50000 \\
\hline Improvinix Grass River, Massena \({ }^{\text {N }}\) Y & & & & 2,500 00 & & & 2,500 00 & 17,500 00 & & 2, 50000 \\
\hline Tuproving Mndson liver. New York. & & 23 & 138 & 8,000.00 & 30,000 0Q & & 38,000 00 & 8,00000 & & 30,00000 \\
\hline  & & 23 & 138 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & , 00000 & & \\
\hline Improving Niagara River, New Yort & & & & 50000 & & & 50000 & 50000 & & 400,00000 \\
\hline Improving Harlem River, New York & & & & 400,00300 & & & 400,000 00 & & & 14,000 00 \\
\hline Toproving Maurice River, New Jcrsey & & 23 & 138 & 3, 000000 & 17,000 00 & & 20, 00000 & 6,000 00 & & 1,00000 \\
\hline Xmproving Manasquan River. New Sersey & & & & 3, 1 ,000 00 & & & 1,000
3,000
00 & & & 3,000 00 \\
\hline Improving Passaic River, New Jersey & & 23 & 138 & & 28,000 00 & & 28, 00000 & 28,00000 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Improwing Raritan River. New Jersey & & 23 & 138 & & 35; 00000 & & 35, 00000 & 30, 00000 & & 1,490 66 \\
\hline Improvidy Salem River, Nav Jersoy & & & & 1,490 66 & & & 1, 49066 & & & 2,242 77 \\
\hline Improriog Racenon Liver, Now Jorsey & & & & 2,242 77 & & & 2, \(24 \% 77\) & & & 4, 54969 \\
\hline Improving Woodbury Creels, New Jersey & & & & 4,549 69 & & &  & & & \\
\hline Improving alloulicay River, Pconswliania Improvinir Sorhuslkill River, Pensflvania & & \({ }_{23}^{23}\) & 138 & 2, 81287 & \[
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& 35,00000 \\
& 25,00000
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\] & & 35,10000
27,91287 & \[
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\] & & 10,000 820 \\
\hline Improving Delaware River near Cherry Islabd Flats. Pennsylrania and Delaware & & & & 1,821 58 & & & 1,82158 & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improwing Franliforl Creck, Pennsylpania & & & & 61672 & & & 61672 & 50000 & & 152,000 00 \\
\hline Improving Delamare River, Censylvania and New Jersey. & & 23 & 138 & & 200, 00000 & & 200,000 00 & 48, 00000 & & 13,202 58 \\
\hline Improvin? Broadiln River, Delaware & & & & 13, 97758 & & & 13,977 58 & 77500 & & 12, 88210 \\
\hline Improving Saint Jones River, New Jersey & & 23 & 140 & 4, 88210 & 10,000 00 & & 14, 88210 & 2, 00000 & & 2,70854 \\
\hline Improviner Cliester River, Maryland & & & & 2,500 00 & & 45854 & 2, 3,8854 & 25000 & & \\
\hline Improving Choptank River, Marsland.... & & 23 & 138 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline Improving Susquehandit River near Havre de Grace, Mary land & & 23 & 188 & & 20, 00000 & & 20, 00000 & & & 11,000 00 \\
\hline Improsing Corsica Creek, Maryland... & & 23
23 & 138 & & \(\begin{array}{r}5,040 \\ 10,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 5,00000
10,000 & 5,00000 & & \\
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Improving water-passage between Deal's lsland and ibe mainlad, Maryland Improving Potomac River at Washington, D.

Improving Appomattox River, Virginia .. Improving James River, Virginia
Improviag Matiaponi River Virginia.
Anproving Rappabanuock River, Virginia Amproving Yolk Rivel, Virgidia
Amproring Dan River, Virginia and North Cabolina
amproving Staunton River, Virginia.
Improving Pamunkey River, Virginia....
Inproving North Landing River, Virginia
Inpoviur New River, Firginia and West Improving Monongabial Riyer, West Virtibia.
Tmproving Shenandoah River, West Virginia Improving Guyadodote River, West Virginia Inproving Great Janawba River, West \(\bar{V}\) in ginpraving
Improving LittleKanawha River, West Virgrimish.
Improving Big Sandy River, West Virginia
Inproving Buclshannon River, West Virginia................................................. Iniproving Cape Fear River from ocean to Wilmington, N. C
Ioploving Cape Fear River from Wilmingtuy to Farettevillo. N. C
Improving Cape Fear River, North Carolina Improving Edeoton Bay, Nortlt Carolina... Improving Trent River North Caroliua. Improving Gontentnia Creek. North Carolina Imptoving Curtituck Sound and North River Bar, North Carolina.
Improving Neuse River, North Carolina. Improving New River, North Carolina
Improving Pamlico and Tar Rivers, North Carolina
Inproving Roanoke River, North Carolina. Improving scuppernong River, North Caro. lina..
Improvivg Yadkin River, North Carolina Twproring Ashley Rirer, South Carolina Tmproving Edisto Rirer, Sonth Carolina
Improving Great Perlee River, South Carolina
Carried forward

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\hline 20 & & & -16, 81220 & 1,000 00 & & 15,812 20 \\
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\hline 00 & 200, 00000 & & 310,000 00 & 147,500 00 & & 162,500 00 \\
\hline 39 & & & 33,131 39 & 23, 13139 & & 10,000 00 \\
\hline & 50,000 00 & & 50,000 00 & 42,500 00 & & 7,500 00 \\
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\hline 57 & 34,062, 11747 & 1, 142,940 35 & 39, 926, 33939 & 33, 146, 68129 & 1.112, 28574 & \(5,667,37236\) \\
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mproving Noxuluee River, Mississippi Improving Pearl River, Mississippi Iusproving Pearl River'belowJackson, Miss Improving roadsteud into back bay of Biloxi. Improving Thahatchie River, Missis
© Improving Steele's Bavou, Mississipp
Improving Big Black River, Mississippi
Improving Horn Island Pass, Mississippi Improving Yallabusba River, Mississippi. Improving Fazoo River, Mississippi Improving Bayou Black, Louisiana
Improving Bayou Bœuf, Louisiana............. Improving Bayou Bartholomew, Louisiana
Improving Bayon Courtableau, Louisiana Improving Pavo J'eché Lonisiana mproving By u icele, Louisiana.
Survey of Bayou Pierre Louisiana
urveying Loger Bayou, Late Bist
mproving Loggy Bayou, Lake Bistman, and mproving Cane River, Louisiana
Inploving Bayou La Fonrche, Louisiana Improving Calcasieu River, Louisiana.
Improving Red River, Louisiana and Arkan sus.
Improving mouth of Red River, Louisiana. Improving Calcasica Pass, Louisiaua
Improving Taugipahoa River, Louisiana
mproving Tensas River, Louisiana
Improving Vermillion River, Louisiana
Connecting Bayou Teche with Grand Lake, Clarenton, La
Improving month of Brazos River, Texas. Improving Buffalo Bayou, Texas
Improving Neches River, Texas.......................... Improving ship-channel in Galveston Bay, Texas.
Protection of river bank at Fort Brown,
Improving Sabine River, Texas.
mproving Trinity River, Texas.................. mproving Arkansas River, Arkansas and Lmproving Arkansas River, Arkansas Súrvey of Arkansas River, Arkansas .
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\hline Specific objecte of appropriations. & Year. & Vol & Page orsec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & the fiscal year 1885. & the flscal year ending June 30, 1885. & year ending June 30, 1825. & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & appropriations, June 30, 1865. \\
\hline Military establighment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & , \\
\hline Brought forward ................. & & & & \$5, 024, 459 \(04 \cdot\) & \$34, 875, 71747 & \$1, 147, 33283 & \$41, 047, 50934 & \$33, 856, 20266 & \$1, 112, 28574 & \$6,079, 02094 \\
\hline Improving Black River, Arkansas and Missodri. & & 23 & 142 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,000 00 & 20, 00000 & & \\
\hline Improving Ouachita Rivel, Arkansas and Louisiana. & & 23 & 142 & & 15,00000 & & 15,000 00 & 15,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Saline River, Arkansas & & 23 & 142 & & 5, 00000 & 55 & 5,000 55 & 5, 00000 & & 0 \% \\
\hline Improving White River, Arkansas .... & & 23. & 142 & & 35,00000 & & 35,00000 & 17, 00000 & & 18,000 00 \\
\hline Improving Saint Francis River, Arkansas & & 23 & 142 & & 12, 00000 & & 12,000 00 & 10,500 00 & & 1,500 00 \\
\hline Removing obstructions in Arkansas River, Arkansas and Kansas & & 23 & 142 & & 41,000 00 & & 41,000 00 & 38,000 00 & & 3,000 00 \\
\hline Improving White River between Buffalo Shoals and Jacksonport, Ark & & & & 2,000 00 & 4,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving L'Auguille River, Arkansas & & & & 1,500 00 & & & 1,50000 & -,000 0 & & 1,50000 \\
\hline Inproving Big Hatchie River, 'Tennessee & & 23 & 142 & & 2,500 00 & & 2,500 00 & 2,500 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Cavey Fork River, Tennessee & & 23 & 142 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,000 00 & 3,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Clinch River, Tennessce & & 23 & 142 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Cumberlaud Riven below Nashville, Tenn. & & 23 & 142 & & 7, 50000 & & 7,500 00 & 7,500 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Cumberland River abore Nashville Tenn & & 23 & 142 & & 50, 00000 & & 50,000 00 & 25, 00000 & & 25,000 00 \\
\hline Improving French Broad River, Tennessee. & & 23 & 142 & & 3, 50000 & & 3,500 00 & 3,500 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Hiawassee River, 'Tennessee .... & & 23 & 142 & & 2,500 00 & & 2,500 00 & & & 2,500 00 \\
\hline Improving South Fork Deer River, Tennessee & & 23 & 142 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2, 00000 & & \\
\hline In proving Tennessee Rirer above Chattanooga, 7 lenn & & 23 & 142 & & 3,000 00 & & 3,000 00 & 3,000 00 & & \\
\hline In proving Tennessee River below Chattanooga, Tenn & & 23 & 142 & & 350,000 00 & & 350, 00000 & 240,000 00 & & 110,000 00 \\
\hline Improving Sonth Fork of Cumberland River, Kentucey & & 23 & 142 & 99898 & 4,000 00 & & 4,998 98 & 4,998 98 & & \\
\hline Improving Big Sandy River, Kentucky & & & & 72, 01221 & & & 72, 01221 & 67,012 21 & & 5,00000 \\
\hline Improving Kentucky River, Kentucky. & & 23 & 142 & 72, 085 70 & 250,000.00 & & 322, 08570 & 72,085 70 & & 250, 00000 \\
\hline Improving Cumberland River above month of Jelico, Kentucky & & & & 5,000 00 & & & 5, 00000 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Improving Tradewater River, Kentucky & & 23 & 142 & & 2. 00000 & & 2,000 00 & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improsing Falls of Ohio River, Louisville, Ky & & 23 & 142 & & 300,00000 & & 300, 60000 & 16,000 00 & & 284, 00000 . \\
\hline Inproriog Ohio River, Ohio.. & & 23 & 147 & 19, 17254 & 600,000 00 & & 619, 17254 & 255,000 00 & & 364, 17254 - \\
\hline Improriug Sandusky River. Ohio & & & & 40000 & & & 40000 & & & \(4000{ }^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Improviog White River, Indiana ....: ....... & & 23 & 143 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline Improving Wabash River, Indiana and Illinois. & & 23 & 143 & & 40,000 00 & & 40,000 00 & 16,000. 00 & & 24,000 08\% \\
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\section*{Digitized for FRASER}
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Improving Calumet River, Illinois
Improving Gasconado River, Missouri Improring Detroit River, Michigan.
Improving Lake Channel, Saint Mary's River Michigan.
Improving Saginaw River; Michiga
Improving Grand River, Michigan
Improving mouth of harbor Cedar River Improving
Improving Chippewa River, Wisconsin....
Improving Fox and Wisconsin Rivers. Wis Improvi
Improving Saint Croix River, below Taylor's Falls, Minnesota and Wisconsin
Improving Red River of the North, Min. nesota and Dakota
Rivercting, dan at Goose Rapids, Red Improving Yellowsth, Minnesota and Dakota Dakota
Improving Sacramento and Feather Rivers, Californis
 Breakwater and Harbor of Refugé Straits of Fuca, California.
Improving San Joaquin River, California Improving Mokelumne River, Calitornia Improving Colorado River, California, Nevada, and Arizona
Improving mouth of Columbia River, Oregon and Washington Territory
Improving Columbis, River, at Cascades, Oreg Gauging waters of Columbia River, Oregon. Rivers Velow Portland Oreg Willametto
Improving Upper Columbia and Snake Fivers, Oregon and Washington Territor Improving Willamette River above Port. land, Oreg
Tmproving Coquille River, Oregon..........
Improving Chehalis River, Waybington Territory
Improving Cowlitz River, Washingtou Ter ritory.
Improving Khagit, Stillaquamish, Nootsack, Snohomish, and Snoqualmie Rivers, Wash ington Territory,
Improving Missouri River from its mouth to Sloux City, Iowa

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\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
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\end{tabular} & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
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& 30,1885 \text {. }
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\] \\
\hline Military establismatent-Continued. & & & . & & & & & & & , \\
\hline Bronght forvard................. & & & & \$5,790 17344 & \$38 421, 71747 & \$1, 147, 333, 38 & \$45, 359, 22429 & \$35, 787, 28555 & \$1, 112, 28574 & \$8,459, 653:00 \\
\hline Improving Missouri River from Sioux City, lowa, to Fort Benton, Montana. & & 23 & 145 & 9,700 00 & 125, 00000 & & 134, 70000 & 86, 00000 & & 48; 700 00: \\
\hline Sarvey of Missouri River from its mouth to Fort Eenton, Montanil. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Survey of Missouri River above Missonri River Falls at Fort Benton. & & 23 & 146 & & 15, 00000 & & 000 00 & , 0000 & & \\
\hline Removing obstructions in the Missouri River & & 23 & 145 & & 50, 00000 & & 50,000 00 & 16,000 00 & & 34,00000 \\
\hline Operating and care of Saint Mary's Falls Canal, Mirh & & 21 & 478 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Operating and care of Louisville and Portland Canal & & 21 & 478 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & \\
\hline Operating and care of cannls and other works of navigation & & 23 & 147 & & 211, 17431 & 6,000 69 & 217, 17500 & 217, 17500 & & \\
\hline Operating aud care of Saint Clair Flats Canal, Mich & & 21 & 478 & & 2,000 00 & 6,000 & 2,000 00 & - 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline Operating and care of Des Moines Rapids Canal & & 21 & 478 & & 7,000 00 & & 7,000 00 & 7,000 00 & & \\
\hline Removing bar in Mississippi River opposite Dubuque; Iowa. & & & & 5,000 00 & 7,0000 & & 5,000 00 & & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Survey of Mississippi River & & 23 & 147 & & 75,000 00 & & 75,000 00 & 62,000 00 & & 13, 00000 \\
\hline Mississippi River Commission & & 23 & 220 & & 75,000 00 & & 75,000 00 & 59, 00000 & & 16,000 00 \\
\hline Reservoirs at headwators of Mississippi River \(\qquad\) & & 23 & 145 & 61,641 10 & 60,000 00 & & 121, 64110 & 58,251 85 & & 63,389 25 \\
\hline Dr 5 -dock at Des Moines Rapids Canal, Mis-- sissippi River & & 23 & 146 & & 30,000 00 & 10,000 00 & 40,00000 & 35,000 00 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline Inproring Mississippi River from Saint Paul to Des Moines Rapids, Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Illinois. & & 23 & 145 & 15,000 00 & 265,000 00 & & 280,000 00 & 136,000 00 & & 94, 00000 \\
\hline Improving Mississippi Rjver at Des Moines Rapids, Io wa and Illinois & & 23 & 146 & & 50,000 00 & 5,000 00 & 55, 00000 & - 28,00000 & & 2700000. \\
\hline Improving Mississippi River from Des Moines Rapids to mouth Illinois River, Illinois and Missouri. & & 23 & 146 & & 200,000 00 & & 200,000 00 & 135, 00000 & & 65, 00000 \\
\hline Improving Mississippi River at Falls of Saint Antbony, Minnesota \(\qquad\) & & 23 & 145 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & . 10,000 00 & & 65, \\
\hline Improving Mississippi River from mouth of Illinois River to month of Ohio River, Illinois and \(\cdot\) Missouri & & 23 & 146 & & \(520,000,00\) & - & 520,000 00 & 445,00000 & :-... & 75, 00000 . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{中igitized for FRASER \\ http://fraser.stlouisfed.org}

Federal feserve Bank of St. Louis
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Improving mouth of Mississippi River, Louisiana & & & & 5000 & & & 5000 & & \({ }^{4} 5000\) & \\
\hline Improving Mississippi River & & 23 & 146 & 406, 46251 & 1, 350, 00000 & 175 & 1,756,464 26 & \(1,674,94426\) & & 81,52000 \\
\hline Constructing lock and dam on Mississippi River at Meeker's Falls, Minnesota........ & & & & 2500000 & & & 25,000 00 & 1,674, 94426 & & 81,520 00 \\
\hline Constructingjetties andother worksatSouth Pass, Mississippi River & & 21 & 4 & & 150,000 00 & & 150,000 00 & 150,000 00 & & \\
\hline Removing obstractions in Mississippi River & & 23 & 146 & & 75, 00000 & & 75,000 00 & 150, 00000 & & 25,000 00 \\
\hline Examinations and surveys South Pass, Misissippi River. & & 23 & - 146 & 2,500 00 & 10, 00000 & & 12,500 00 & - 9,086 37 & & 3,413 63 \\
\hline Gauging the waters of the lower Mississippi River & & 23 & 146 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 3,300 00 & & 3,41363
1,70000 \\
\hline Inproving Mississippi, Missouri, and Artransas Rivers & & & & 81, 00000 & 5,000 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}5,000 \\ 81,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 6, 00000 & & 1,70000
75,00000 \\
\hline Examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors. & & 23 & 153 & 20,527 05 & 125,000 00 & 1735 & 145,54440 & 85,14910 & & 60,395 30 \\
\hline Army depot building, Saint Paul, Minn. & & 23 & 217 & 25, 00000 & 15,000 00 & & 40,000 00 & 40, 00000 & & \\
\hline Building for military quarters, Fort Leavenworth,'Kans. & & & & 105 & & & 105 & , 0 & 105 & \\
\hline Quartermaster's depot at Philadelphia, Pa & & 23 & 215 & & 20,000 00 & & 20,00000 & 20,00000 & 105 & \\
\hline Surveys of Northern and Northwestern lakes & 1883 & & & 2,096 02 & & & 2,096 02 & & 2,096 02 & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1884 & 23 & 220 & & 3,000 00 & 23315 & \(\begin{array}{r}233 \\ 3,000 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) & & & 23315 \\
\hline Surveys for Hennopin Canal & 1885 & 2 & 22 & 8,00000 & 3,000 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { a, } \\ \hline 8,00000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 2,925 00 & & 7500
8,00000 \\
\hline Survejs of Gettysburg battle-field.......... & & & & 17,000 00 & & & 17,000 00 & \(8,500 \sim 0\) & & 8,50000
8.500 \\
\hline Geographical survey of territory of United States west of 100 th meridian & & & & 30 & & & 130 & & 30 & \\
\hline Surveys and reconnaissances in military divisions and departments. & & 23 & 220 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & 3,600 00 & 30 & 1,400 00 \\
\hline Survers for military defenses. & 1882* & & & & & 1200 & 1200 & & 1200 & 1, \\
\hline Rogue River Indian war. & 1882, & 23 & 477 & & 89909 & & 89909 & 66195 & & 23714 \\
\hline Removing sunken vessels or craft obstructing or endangering navigation ................. & & 21 & 197 & & 46, 81898 & 33611 & 47, 15509 & 47, 15509 & & \\
\hline Contingencies of the Army ..... & 1881* & 23 & \({ }^{2} 258\) & & 39071 & & , 39071 & + 39071 & & \\
\hline bo. ............. & 1882* & 23 & 473, 477 & & 43727 & 89750 & 1,334 77 & 43727 & 89750 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & & & 15,055 49 & & 134 & 15,056 83 & 4839 & 15, 00844 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & \(23,850.00\) & & 32138 & 24, 17138 & 2,60800 & 15,008 & 21,563 38 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 107 & & 30, 00000 & & 30,000 00 & 16,500 00 & & 13,500 00 \\
\hline Prblicatian of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion & 3884 & & & 26,000 00 & & & 26,000 00 & 26,000 co & & 13, \\
\hline Do.. & 1885 & 23 & 220 & & 36,000 00 & & 36,00000 & 5,000 00 & & 31,00000 \\
\hline Purcbase of war records of New England Soldiers' Relief association & & 23 & 508 & & 5,500 00 & & 5,500 00 & 5,500 00 & & \\
\hline Expenses of recruiting & 1881* & 23 & 258 & & 20227 & & 20227 & 20227 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882 t & & & & & 2826 & 2826 & 2826 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & & & & & 59894 & 59894 & & 59894 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 4,573 88 & & 5930 & 4,633 18 & \[
4175
\] & 4,591 43 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 10,576 85 & & 3, 69893 & 14, 27578 & 1,466 56 & & 12,809 22 \\
\hline Carried forwar & & & & 6, 558, 70769 & 42, 012, 64010 & 1,174,540 08 & 49,745, 88787 & 39,311, 75738 & 1,160,54142 & 9,273, 58907 \\
\hline *And prior years. & & & & & & & & \(\dagger\) Prior to & July 1. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & propriations july \(1,1884\). & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal year ond } \\
\text { ing June } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & the fiscal rear & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & \begin{tabular}{l}
year ending \\
June 30, 1885.
\end{tabular} & surplus fand June 30, 1885. & sppropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Milifari mstablighment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$6, 558, 70769 & \$42, 0i2, 64010 & \$1, 174, 54008 & \$49, 745, 88787 & \$39, 311,757 38 & \$1, 160,541 42 & \$9, 273, 58907 \\
\hline Expenses of recruiting ......... & 1885 & 23 & 107 & & 110,000 00 & 7770 & 110,077 70 & 77,000 00 & …...... & 33, 07770 \\
\hline Expenses of commanding general's ofice & 1883 & & & 16111 & & & 16111 & & 16111 & \\
\hline Do \(\quad . . .\). ............... & 1885 & 23 & 107 & & 1,750 00 & & 1,750 00 & 1,750 00 & & \\
\hline Bridge traine and equipages & 1872* & & & & & 650 & 650 & & 650 & \\
\hline Contingencies of fortifications. & & 23 & 258 & & 9387 & 170 & 95
57 & 9387 & 170 & \\
\hline Contingencies of Adjuiant-General's Office & 1883 & & & 20180 & & & 20180 & & 20180 & \\
\hline Do . & 1884 & & & & & 6410 & 64410 & 4154
586 & & 2256 \\
\hline 100 & 1885 & 23 & 107 & & 2,500 00 & 8625 & 2,586 25 & 2, 58625 & & \\
\hline Signal Servic & 18823 & 23 & 474 & & 12000 & 515 & 12715 & \(120 \% 0\) & 715 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 248 & & 5172
46439 & 5420
46439 & & 5420 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 107 & & 5,000 00 & 46439 & \(\begin{array}{r}46439 \\ 5,000 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & 4,000 00 & & 46439
1,00000 \\
\hline Sigual Service, pay & 1884 & 23 & 243 & 27,168 08 & 7,867 88 & 5,002 30 & 40, 03826 & +952 16 & & 1, 39,08610 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 217 & & 245, 158 60 & 5,002 & 245, 15800 & 192,000 00 & & 53, 15800 \\
\hline Signal Serrice, subsistence & 1884 & & & 4,774 94 & & & 4,774 94 & 13,884 25 & & \% 89069 \\
\hline Do..... ........ & 1885 & 23. & 218 & & 155, 00000 & & 155, 00000 & - 147,536 82 & & 7,463 18 \\
\hline Signal Service, regular supplies & 1884 & 23 & 243 & 60923 & 1,944 40 & 3,850 30 & 6,403 93 & - 93545 & & 5,468 48 \\
\hline Do..... ...... & 1885 & 23 & 218, 457 & .............. & -59,255 28 & 82395 & 60,07923 & 59, 29770 & & 78153 \\
\hline Signal Service, incidental expenses & 1884 & 23 & 243 & & - 46000 & 35074 & +81674 & -85000 & & 46674 \\
\hline Do ......................... & 1885 & 23 & 218 & & 1,820 00 & & 1,820 00 & 1,760 00 & & \%6000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Signal Service, tran-portation \\
150
\end{tabular} & 1884 & 23 & & 16,932 41 & & 4,368 41 & \begin{tabular}{l}
21,300 \\
35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 6,712
28,853
2,
2, & & 14,58810 \\
\hline Signal Sorvice, barracks and quarters & 1884 & 23 & -243 & & 3,528 00 & 1,90891 & 35, 5,43691 & 28,853
2,693
3 & & -6, 83250
2,74358 \\
\hline Do .............. ............ & 1885 & 23 & 218 & & \(85,908.00\) & & 85,908 00 & 25,908 00 & & 2,743 58 \\
\hline Siqnal Service, clothing, camp and garrison equipuge. & 1884 & & & เธ, 34330 & & 2,557 38 & 17, 90068 & & & 17,900 68 \\
\hline  & 1850 & 23 & 218 & \(\cdots\) & 5,315 80 & 2, 4099 & 5, 35679 & 5,31580 & & 17. 4099 \\
\hline Siguaj Selvice, medical department & 1884 & & & 2,250 79 & & & 2,250 79 & 1,277 09 & & 97370 \\
\hline IUn & 1885 & 23 & 218 & & 7, 00000 & & 7,000 00 & 1,511 07 & & 5,48893 \\
\hline Observation and report of storms & 1882* & 23 & 457 & & 40000 & , 38850 & 78850 & 40000 & 38850 & \\
\hline Do... & 1883 & & & & & \(1 \quad 475\) & 475 & & 475 & \\
\hline - Do & 1884 & & & 1, 72874 & & 10,479 12 & 12, 20786 & 2, 28539 & & 9,922 47 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 22 & 217, 457 & & 242, 00000 & 1075 & 242, 010.75 & 177, 57193 & & 64,438 82 \\
\hline Obsuration and exploration in Arctic seas.. & & 23 & 243,458 & & 6, 33584 & 16866 & 6,504 50 & 4,972 50 & & 1,592 00 \\
\hline Establishing signalstations in island of Nanturhes. & & 23 & 217,457 & & 40,000 00 & & 40,000 00 & & & 40,00000 \\
\hline Secref Service fund. & 1871 † & & & & & 30081 & 30081 & 30081 & & , \\
\hline Expenses of military convicts & \(1872+\) & 23 & 473 &  & 33550 & & 33550 & 33550 & 424108 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 6, 10734 & & & 6,107 54 & 1, 84952 & & 4,25782 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 220 & & 10,000 00 & & 10,000 00 & 5,276 83 & & 4,723 17 \\
\hline Construction, maintenance, and repairs of military telegraph lines. & 1881 * & & & & & 1,79085 & 1,790 85 & 3060 & 1,760 25 & \\
\hline Do.....-................................... & 1882* & & & & & 13160 & 13160 & & 13160 & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 415 & & 2301 & 2716 & 1820 & 896 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 2,961 75 & & 1,47096 & 4,432 71 & 2,984 50 & & 1,44821 \\
\hline Do & 1884* & 23 & 457 & & 50000 &  & , 50000 & - 5125 & & 44875 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 217 & & 24, 00000 & 45 & 24,000 45 & 22,040 54 & & 1,959 91 \\
\hline Support of National Home for Disabled Volmitecr soldiers & 1885 & 23 & 222, 121, 458 & & 1,589, 13400 & & 1, 589, \(184 \times 0\) & 1, 589, 13400 & & \\
\hline Support of Soldiers Jone..................... & 1885 & R. S. & -22, 3689 & & 1,333, 61004 & 10253 & - 338, 71257 & 1, 333, 71257 & & \\
\hline Support of Soldiers', Homo, permanent fund.. & & 22 & 565 & 290, 98592 & 333, 73505 & & 624, 72097 & 178, 40000 & & 446, 32097 \\
\hline Suppont of Soldiers' Home, interest account. & & 22 & 565 & 1,974 93 & 11,140 00 & & 13, 11493 & 9,952 66 & & 3,162 27 \\
\hline Capiue ot Jefferson Davis ... ........... & & & & 2,382 38 & & & 2,382 38 & 29300 & & 2,089 38 \\
\hline Support of military prison, Fort Leavenwortb, Kansas & 1883 & & & 6400 & & & 6490 & & 64.90 & \\
\hline Du............. & 1884 & & & 1,348 32 & & & 1,348 32 & & & 1,34832 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 221 & & 92,726 59 & & 92, 72659 & 85, 53251 & & 7,204 08 \\
\hline Military posts ......... & & 23 & 217 & & 200, 00000 & 2416 & 200, 02416 & 75,000 00 & & 125,024 16 \\
\hline Military posts for protection of Rio Grande frontier & & & & 61,738 48 & & & 61,73848 & 61, 73848 & & \\
\hline Military posts near Pagosa Springs, California & & & & & & 470 & 470 & & 470 & \\
\hline Military posts near Musselshell River, Montaua & & & & & & 63 & 63 & & 63 & \\
\hline Construction of a post on Northeru Fork of Loup River, Nebraska & & & & & & 3058 & 3058 & 6 & 3058 & \\
\hline Republican River bridge near Fort Riley, K:unsas & & 23 & 220 & & 10,000 00 & & 10, 00000 & 10,000 00 & & \\
\hline Bounty, act of July \(28,1866 . \ldots \ldots . .\). & & 2 & 22 & & 1, 000 & 50420 & -504 20 & 10,000 00 & 50420 & \\
\hline Bounty, act of July 28, 1866, 1880, and prior year's & & 23 & 220, 459, 472 & & 91,39713 & & 91,397 13 & 91, 39713 & & \\
\hline Commutation of rations to prisoners of war in robel States, and to soldiers on furlough, prier to July 1882-1885 & & 23 & 459 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 & - 5,000 00 & & \\
\hline Computation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel prisons; prior to July, 1881 .. ..... & & 23 & 259, 261, 475 & & 34, 16541 & 3975 & 34,205 16 & 34, 17766 & & 2750 \\
\hline Refunding to States expenses incurred in raisiug velunteers & & 23 & 25,
259,474 & & 255,58768 & & 255,58768 & 255,586 68 & 100 & \\
\hline Reimbursing State and citizens of California for expeases iu suppressing-Modoc Indian hostilities. & & & & 35324 & & & 35324 & 5473 & & 29851 \\
\hline Reimbursement to certain States and Territories for suppressing Indian hostilities.. & & 23 & 474 & & 332, 30813 & & 332, 30813 & 332,308 13 & & \\
\hline Services-and supplies of Montanavolanteers in Nez Perce Cndian war & & & & 93200 & & & 93200 & 12500 & & 80700 \\
\hline Garried forward & & & & 7, 001; 45929 & 46,353, 44170 & 1, 209,684 58 & 54, 564, \(585 \cdot 57\) & 43, 217, 28030 & 1, 168, 11501 & 10, 179, 19026 \\
\hline * And prior sears. & & & & - & & \[
\dagger A
\] & And prior years & (transfer accou & unt.) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & \(\frac{\text { St }}{\text { Vol. }}\) & Patutes. & Balances of ap propriatinns July 1, 1884. & Appropria. tions for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1885. & Repayments made during the fiscal yea
1885. & Aggregate available for tbe fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1885\). & Amounts car ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1885 & Balances of appropriations June 30,1885 . \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Military establishment-Continued.} \\
\hline Brought forwar & & & & \$7, 001, 45929 & \$46, 353, 44170 & \$1, 209, 68458 & \$54, 564, 58557 & \$43, 217, 28030 & \$1, 168, 11501 & \$10, 179, 19026 \\
\hline Refunding to State of Georgia for money expended for common defense in 1877 .... & & & & 5,555 42 & & & & & & \\
\hline Reimbursing Missouri for militia expenses during the rebellion & & & & 1400 & & & 1400 & & 1400 & \\
\hline Claims of loyal citizens for supplies furnished during the rebellion. & & & & 7, 28900 & & & 7, 28900 & 25000 & 10000 & 6,939 00 \\
\hline Awards for quartermaster stores, \&c., taken by the Army in Tennesce & & & & 13000 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}130 \\ \hline 00\end{array}\) & & & 130 00 \\
\hline Miscellaneous claims andited by Third Anditor & & & & 2, 26975 & & & 2, 26975 & & & , 26975 \\
\hline Horses and other property lost in the mili- & & & & 12706 & & & & & & \\
\hline Horses and other property lost in the military service, 1881 and prior. & & 23 & 258, 261 & & 154,421 62 & 14300 & 154, 56462 & 154, 28662 & & 27800 \\
\hline Horses and other property lost in the military service prior to July 1, 1882 & & 23 & 474, 477 & & 71,199 55 & & 71, 19955 & 70,504 55 & & 69500 \\
\hline Claime for quartermaster stores and commis. sary supplies & & 23 & 552, 586 & 1,91680. & 267,857 01 & & 269, 77381 & 266, 90522 & 12500 & 2,743 59 \\
\hline A rmy and Navy hospital, Hot Springs, Ar. kansas.. & & 23 & 220,504 & 44,000 00 & 28,000 00 & & 72,000 00 & 72,000 00 & & 2,743 59 \\
\hline Road from Chattanooga, Tenn, to national cemetery & & 23 & - 219 & & 2,500 00 & 5337 & 2,55387 & 2,500 00 & & 5387 \\
\hline Road from Fort Scott, Kans., to national cemetery & & 23 & 219 & 2370 & 10,000 00 & & 10,023 70 & 9, 15000 & & 87370 \\
\hline \(\mathrm{R}^{\wedge}\) ad frow Springfeld, Mo., to national censetery & & 23 & 2:0 & & 20,000 00 & & 20, 00000 & & & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Roail frow Mound City, Ill., to national censeter: & & & & & & 78 & . 78 & & 78 & \\
\hline Military road from Yankton to Fort Randall, Dak & & & & & & 18 & & & 18 & \\
\hline Reimbuarsement to Mrs. D. C. Smith. \({ }^{\text {a }}\), & & 23 & 242 & & 29100 & & 29100 & 29100 & & \\
\hline Relief of sufferers by loss of steamer J. Don Cameron & & 23 & 637 & & 22,304 67 & & 22,304 67 & 22,304 67 & & \\
\hline Relief of sufferers by overflow of Mississippi River and tributaries. & & & & 50000 & & 7,180 46 & 7,080 46 & 50000 & 7,180 46 & \\
\hline Relief of sutterers by overflow of Obio River and tribu'taries & & & & 2,237 04 & & 66998 & 2,907 00 & 1000 & & \\
\hline Reliet of estate of James vance and William
Vaace ............................ & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Teli fof John Franklin, oxecutor of John dimbedd deceased ............................
Relief of Mrs. S. A. Felief of Mr
Fahustock
Relief of Nathan H. Dupphe.................... Arctic regions
Relief of heirs of Mary Jane Veazie
Relief of R. G. 1'. White, Peter Hunger, and L. F. Green
 Relief of John Taylor \& Son
Relief of JoLn M. Dorsey and William \(\mathbf{F}\). shepard.
Relift of Foudall Carpenter
Relief of W. H. Davis.
Relief of Alexander D. Schenck
Kelief of J. H. Hammond
R-lief of legal representatives of Hugh and Relief of John C. Herndon.
Relief of John C. Herndon ....................... Relief
ner

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Pay of the Marine Corps Do.
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Carried forward
And prior years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 23 & 617 & ................ & 18,000 21 & & 18,000 21 \\
\hline & 23 & 605 & & 5,000 00 & & 5,000 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 683 & & 2,400 00 & .............. & 2,400 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 267, 268 & & 99776 & & 99776 \\
\hline & 23 & 674 & & 2,500 00 & & 2,500 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 622 & & 1,321 00 & & 1, 32100 \\
\hline & 23
23 & 634
683 & & 1,100 14950 & & 1, 10000 \\
\hline & 23 & 683 & & 14950 & & 14950 \\
\hline & 23 & 622 & & 12,767 99 & & 12,76799 \\
\hline & 23 & 678 & & 4,400 00 & & 4,400 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 677 & & 6, 00000 & & 6,000 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 675 & & 10765 & & 10765 \\
\hline & 23 & 684 & & 2, 00000 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline & 23 & 680 & & 6, 29933 & & 6, 29933 \\
\hline & 23 & 676 & & 1,785 00 & & ], 78500 \\
\hline & 23 & 677 & & 2, 00000 & & 2,000 00 \\
\hline & & & 7, 095, 52256 & 47, 002, 34399 & 1, 217, 73233 & 55, 315, 59888 \\
\hline 1878 f & & & 36966 & & & 36966 \\
\hline \(1879+\) & & & 543 & & & 12 543 \\
\hline 1882t & 23 & 475, 477 & & 6, 12, 41480 & & - 12.41480 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 287, 262 & 2, 182, 55075 & 6, 917,605 00 & 18, 05233 & \(9,118,20808\) \\
\hline 1879† & 23 & 475,477 & 24427 & 6,40990 & 56944 & 24427
6,97934 \\
\hline 1883 & 23 & 287, 262, 460 & 94099 & 50,292 61 & +4424 & 51,277 84 \\
\hline 1884 & 23 & 487 460 & 20,016 17 & 1,502 71 & 5,462 07 & 26,980 95 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 288, 262, 460 & & 339, 691 87 & 33815 & 340, 03002 \\
\hline 1882* & 23 & - 475 & & 2, 27491 & & 2,274 91 \\
\hline 1883 & 23 & 456, 460 & 7220 & 2, 09220 & & 2,164 40 \\
\hline 1884 & & & 2,169 98 & & 6,860 10 & 9, 03008 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 288, 262 & & 57, 50000 & 6,671 13 & 64, 17113 \\
\hline \(1879 \dagger\) & & & 2320 & & & 1.2320 \\
\hline 1882 & 23 & 475,477 & & 1,183.21 & & 1,183 21 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 293, 262, 243 & 224,940 60 & 653,24036 & 45534 & 878, 63630 \\
\hline 1882* & & & & & 89023 & 89023 \\
\hline 1884 & & & 1641 & & 1,672 10 & 1,688 51 \\
\hline 1883 & 23 & - 244 & & 1,878 25 & & 1,878 25 \\
\hline 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 60,000 00 & 3,202 27 & 63,202 27 \\
\hline & & & 2,431,349 66 & 8,106,085 82 & 44,217 40 & 10,581, 65288 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(2,431,34966\)

8, 106,085 82
18, 00021
5, 00000 2,400 00
99776
2,50000
1, 32100 1, 10000 14950 4, 40000 6,10700
10765
2,00000
6, 29933
2, 00000
\(43,888,31080\)
\(1,178,43243\)
\(10,248,85565\)
\(\ldots\)
\(\ldots . .\).
6,85
\(\ldots .\).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Statutes. \\
Page or sec. \\
tion.
\end{tabular} & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1884. & Appropria. tions for the fiscal year ending June 30, \(188 \overline{5}\). & Repayments made during the fiscal year 1885. & Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & Payments during the fiscal year ending Jane 30, 1885. & Amounts car ried to the surplus fund Juue 30, 1885. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1885. \\
\hline Naval establishment-Continued. & & & & & \(B\) & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & & \$2, 431, 34966 & \$8, 106, 08582 & \$44, 21740 & \$10, 581, 65288 . & \$8, 020,127 29 & \$2, 62078 & \$2, 558, 90481 \\
\hline Clothing, Marine Corps...... & 1883 & & & 3,641 61 & & & 3,64161 & & 3,64161 & \\
\hline Do................. & 1884 & & & 46337 & & 1,668 72 & 2, 13209 & & & 2, 13209 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 77,000 00 & 2,042 28 & 79,042 28 & 79, 00000 & & 4228 \\
\hline Fuel, Marine Corps & 1883 & & & 94471 & & & 94471
879 & 35821
86647 & 58650 &  \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 3 & & 2359 & & 85633
283073 & 87992
20,83073 & 86647
8,00000 & & 1345
283073 \\
\hline Military stores, Marine Cor & 1883 & 2 & , & 33657 & 18,000 00 & 2,830 7 & 20,830 57 & 8,000 00 & 33657 & ,830 73 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 36382 & & 34153. & 70535 & & & 70535 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 9, 78650 & 51426 & 10,300 70 & 9,700 00 & & 60076 \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting MarineC & \(182^{2}\) & 23 & 475 & & 500 & 39698 & 40198 & & 39698 & 500 \\
\hline  & 1883 & .... & & 49709 & & 12214 & 61923 & 3000 & 58923 & \\
\hline Do. & 1844 & & & & & 73551 & 73551 & 23450 & & 50101 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 10, 00000 & 6853 & 10, 06853 & 10,035 73 & & 3280 \\
\hline Repairs of barracks, Marine Corps & 1882** & & & & & 1,328 35 & 1,32835 & & 1,328 35 & \\
\hline 10.......-..---.---......... & 1882 & 23 & 244 & & 24050 & & 24050 & 24050 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & 23 & 244 & 15405 & 1, 00160 & & 1, 15565 & 1, 15565 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & 23 & 244 & & 4,50000 & 7706 & 4,577 06 & 4,318 00 & & 259 06 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 12,250 00 & 1,865 64 & 14, 11564 & 12,607 50 & & 1, 50814 \\
\hline Forage for horses, Marine Corps & 1882* & &  & & & 6040 & 6040
2069 & ............... & 6040
2063 & \\
\hline Do...... & 1883 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
1,972 \\
1,850 \\
\hline 15
\end{tabular} & & 9058
74955 & 2,06803
2
2
599 & & 2,063 08 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 294, 262 & 1,850 00 & 5,400 00 & 74955
37233 & 2, 59965 & 3,500 00 & & 2,59955
2,27235 \\
\hline Contingent, Marine Corps & 1881 & 23 & -244 & & 17704 & & 17704 & 3, 0000 & & 2, 17704 \\
\hline Do................ & 1882 & 23 & 244, 475 & 8719 & 2, 60980 & & 2,69699 & 2,602 67 & 8719 & 713 \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 460 & 67253 & 4894 & 4815 & 76962 & 4894 & 72068 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 460 & 32 & 22426 & - 16558 & 39011 & 38906 & & 105 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 294, 262 & & 25, 00000 & 1270 & 25, 01270 & 25, 01231 & & 39 \\
\hline Pay of professors and others, Naval Acad & 1883 & & & 32050 & & & 32050
1027 & 15278 & 16772 & \\
\hline Do................................... & 1884 & & & 97725 & & 5028 & 1, 02753 & 15636 & & 90117 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 292, 262 & & 53, 55900 & & 53, 55900 & 50, 85440 & & 2,704 60 \\
\hline Pay of watchmen and otbers, Naval A code & 1885 & 23 & 292, 262 & & 23, 04400 & & 23, 04400. & 22, 20000 & & 84400 \\
\hline Pas of mechanics and others, Naval A cade & 1883 & & & 18 & & & 18 & & 18 & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & & & 45 & 14,583 60 & 14,195 00 & & 45
38860 \\
\hline Duy of steam employe........................ & 1885 & 23 & 233,202 & 10085 & 14,53 60 & & 14, 58360 & 14,195 00 & 10085 & 38860 \\
\hline Do........-............... & 1884 & & & & & 9574 & 9574 & & 100 & 9574 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 298, 262 & & 7,669 50 & & 7, 66950 & 7, 40000 & & 26950 \\
\hline Sepairs, Niaval Academy & 1884
1895 & 23 & 293, 269 & & 21,00000 & 2469 & - 24698 & \(\cdots\) & & 2469 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & Balances of ap- & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur- & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline & Year. & Vol. & Page or sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal Jear end. } \\
\text { ing June } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. & year ending June 30, 1885. & surplus fund Jnne 30, 1885. & tions June \(30,1885\). \\
\hline Naval establishment-Continned. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forwar & & & & \$2, 502,946 40 & \$8,710,563 08 & \$78, 14951 & \$11, 291, 65899 & \$8, 643, 66620 & \$18,826 82 & \$2, 629, 16597 \\
\hline Torperlo Corps & 1883 & & & & & \$78, 139 & -11, 2139 & & +18,839 & \(\ldots \ldots \ldots\) \\
\hline Do. ..... & 1884 & & & 4,310 51 & & 25067 & 4,561 18 & 3,34675
43,837 & & 1,214 43 \\
\hline Lo... & 1885 & 23 & 289, 262 & & 50,00000 & 17 & 50, 00017 & 43, 83730 & & 6, 162. 87 \\
\hline Orduance materials, proceeds of sal & & 18 & 388 & 2, 80924 & 2,643 58 & & 5, 457 82 & 2, 80924 & & 2,643 58 \\
\hline Breech-loadingr ritle canuon.......... & & 23 & 428 & & 80, 000 ט0 & & 80, 00000 & & & 80,000 00 \\
\hline 'Torpeloes....... & 1884 & & & 100,000 00 & & & 100,00000
4,000 & & & 100,00000
4,00000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Wire-wound gun \\
New propeller for United States steamer Alar'm
\end{tabular} & & 23 & 428 & 59 & 4,000 00 & & 4, 00000
J., 25991 & & 1,259 91 & 4,000 00 \\
\hline Testing american arros... & & 23 & 428 & & 25,00000 & & 25, 00000 & & 1,259 91 & 25,000 00 \\
\hline Sale of small arms & & 20 & 242 & 2,685 54 & 25162 & 65 & 2,917 81 & 2,686 00 & & , 23181 \\
\hline 'Testing Clara's detective turrets. & & & & 9,538 50 & & 21 & 9,538 71 & 2,113 00 & & 7,425 71 \\
\hline Steel cruisers, construction and repair & & 23 & 262, 459 & 53, 80951 & 996,857 23 & 58, 00934 & 1,108, 67614 & 811, 62149 & & 297, 05465 \\
\hline Steel ritled breech-loading guns & 1884 & & & 52,581 60 & & 3615 & 52, 61775 & 24, 37939 & & 28, 23836 \\
\hline Steel Do.......... & 1885 & 23 & \({ }^{262}\) & & 41,632 50 & 464 & \(\begin{array}{r}41,63714 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 40,907. 63 & & 7142951 \\
\hline Steel cruisars, machinery. & & 23 & 262, 459 & & 706, 98357 & & 706; 98357 & 392, 66622 & & 314, 31735 \\
\hline Steel cruisers, equipmeut and recruiting & & 23 & 262 & & 1 78, 60000 & 247 & 78,602 47. & 59, 54436 & & 19, 05811 \\
\hline Steel cruisers, navigatiou & & 23 & 262 & & 30,000 00 & & 30,000 00. & 1,510 40 & & 28,489 60 \\
\hline Steel cruisers, ordnance & & 23 & 262 & & 500, 00000 & 9570 & 500, 09570 & 308, 40202 & & 191, 69368 \\
\hline Equipment of vessels... & 1883 & & & 89417 & & 5527 & . 94944 & -94944 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 7, 15559 & & 5, 26412 & 12,419 71 & 9,132 36 & & 3,287 35 \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1885 & 23 & 289, 262 & & 750,000 00 & 7,434 60 & 757, 43460 & 689, 556.81 & & 67,877 79 \\
\hline Contingent, Bureau of Equipment and Reoruiting & 1882* & 23 & 475, 478 & & 48330 & & 48330 & 48272 & & 58 \\
\hline Do.. & 1883 & 23 & 460 & 40 & 6007 & & 6047 & 6047 & & \\
\hline Do & 1879* & & & 264 & & & 264 & & & 264 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 460 & 13055 & 96876 & 68472 & 1,784 03 & 1, 16339 & & 62064 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & & 10,000 00 & 21087 & 10,210 87 & 10,19387 & & 1700 \\
\hline Civil establishment, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting & 1883 & & & 5585 & & & 5585 & & 5585 & .............. \\
\hline Do............. .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1884 & & & 11656 & & 100 & 11756 & & & 11756 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & & 9,000 00 & & 9,00000 & 8,799 25 & & 20075 \\
\hline Transportation of enlisted men & 1883 & & & 5,816 17 & & & 5,816 17 & & 5,816 17 & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting. & 1884 & & & 5,682 68 & & 2,040 63 & 7,723 31 & \[
2,78592
\] & & \[
4,93739
\] \\
\hline  & 1885 & 23 & 289, 262 & & 25,000 00 & 21263 & 25,212 63 & 25; 13407 . & & \(78 \mathbf{5 6}\) \\
\hline Recruiting, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting & 1883 & & & 7,259 62 & & & 7, 25962 & & 7,259 62 & \\
\hline Maintenance of yards and docks & 1882* & 23 & 475 & & 5376 & & 5376 & 5280 & & 96 \\
\hline Do.. & 1883 & & & 30445 & & 68 & 30513 & 1400 & 29113 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 4,103 95 & & 37783 & 4,481 78 & 4, 11841 & & 36337 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 200, 262 & & 200,000 00 & 1, 080.45 & 201, 08045 & 194,061 15 & & -7,01930 & \\
\hline Do ... ............................... & 1884 & & & 705 & & 78 & 783 & & & \(78{ }^{\text {i }}\) & \\
\hline Civil establishment, yards and docke. & 1883 & & & 2186 & & & 2186 & & 2186 & & \\
\hline Do......... & 1884 & & & 122 & & 11093 & 11215 & 210 & & 11005 & \\
\hline Do........... & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & & 24,000 00 & & 24, 00000 & 24, 00000 & & & \\
\hline Contingent, yards and do & 1882* & \({ }^{23}\) & 475 & & 54880
61895 & & 54880 & 54820 & & & \\
\hline Do \({ }_{\text {Do }}\) & 1883 & 23 & 460 & 440
876277 & 61895 & & \({ }^{623} 35\) & \({ }^{-61895}\) & 440 & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & 8,762 77 & 15,000 00 & \({ }_{2}^{2168}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 8, } \\ 15,60293 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 12,549 00 & & 2, 25888 & \\
\hline Naval station and coal depot, Isthmes of Panama & & & & 200,00000 & & & 200, 00000 & & 200, 00000 & & \\
\hline Naval station and coal depot, Port Royal, S. C. & & & & 19,500 00 & & 45834 & 19,858 34 & 92776 & & 19,030 58 & \\
\hline Naval traiding station, Coaster's island Harbor, R. I & 1883 & & & 6 \(\begin{array}{r}453 \\ 6.505\end{array}\) & & & & & 453 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & 23 & 208 & 6,250 56 & 21, 00000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7601 \\
& 5,4699
\end{aligned}
\] & 6,25757
26,46693 & \[
6,10100
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
15657 \\
2,95193
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline Nary Fard, Brooklyn, N. & 1883 & & & 270 & & & 20, 270 & & 270 & & \\
\hline Do .......... & 1885 & 23 & 207 & 47,362 \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 30,000 00 & 12238 & 77, 48438 & 32, 25541 & & 45, 228 97' & \\
\hline Na,ry-Fard, Washington, & \({ }_{1884}^{1883}\) & & & 2, 585 8149 & & 527 & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,565 \\
5,421 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & & 2, 58589 & 5,421 27 & \\
\hline Navy- yard, Mare Island, Ca & 1883 & & & , 900 & & & , 120 & & 90 & & \\
\hline Do .......... & 1884 & & & 60,073 86 & & \(\begin{array}{r}935 \\ 42 \\ 42 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 61; 00918 & 61,009 18 & & & 边 \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 208 & & 250, 00000 & & 250, 00482 & 186, 14600 & & 63,858 8\% & \(\Omega\) \\
\hline Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va
Navy-yard commission & 1883 & 23 & 244 & 169
480 & 3,788 81 & 62.06. & 3,855 \({ }^{1} 69\). & 3,78881 & \({ }_{6686}^{169}\) & & \% \\
\hline Closed navy-yards and stations & 1884 & & & 10061 & & 3498 & 13559 & \({ }^{96} 00\) & & 3959 & 䒼 \\
\hline Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, P & 1883 & & & 1, 1, 28451 & & & 1, 122451 & & 1, 02451 & & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & & & 12,858 08 & & 59, 81955 & 12,893
59,819
55 & 10,8661 00 & & -13,75855 & \\
\hline Repairs and preservation at napy & 1883 & & & 11, 10100 & & & 13,101 00 & & 11,101 00 & & \\
\hline Do... & 1884 & & & 7,156 18 & & 49626 & 7,652 44 & 6, 99800 & 11,101 & 74444 & \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Do. }}\) & 1885 & 23 & 208 & & 125, 00000 & 866 & 125, 00866 & 121, 65500 & & 3, 85366 & \\
\hline Enlistment bounties to sea & \({ }_{1878 \dagger}^{1877}\) & & & 3335
10000 & & & 3335
-10000 & & & 33
100
100 & \\
\hline Do & \(1879+\) & & & 833 & & & & & & 833 & \\
\hline Do & 18801 & & & 663 & & & 663 & & 663 & & \\
\hline Medical department, Burean Medicine and Surgers & & & 259, 262 & & & & 2, 27647 & & & & \\
\hline - Surgery \({ }_{\text {Do }}\)............... & 1882 & 23 & 259, 475 & & 2,50171 & & 2, 50171 & 2,501 71 & & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & & & 3,949 63 & & & 3,949 63 & 2,566 84 & 1,38279 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & 15, 136 19 & & 17474
6.24680 & 15,31093 & 15, 27669 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3424 \\
65042
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline Muscum of hygiene medicive & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & 914 & 40, 00000 & 6, 24680 & \(46 ; 24680\)
914
1 & 25,596 38 & 914 & - 20,650 42 & \\
\hline Naval hospital fund.. & 1883 & & & 1415 & & & 1415 & & 1415 & & \\
\hline Do ….... & 1884 & & & 1528 & & 4349 & 5877 & & & 1377 & \\
\hline Do & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & & 30, 00000 & 2879 & 30, 02879 & 30,003 00 & & 2579 & \\
\hline Carried forward & & & & 3,162,977 21 & 12, 766, 812 21 & 227, 98131 & 157, 77073 & 11, 905, 48511 & 249,737 94 & 4, 002, 54768 & \\
\hline & * And & prior & years. & & & & July 1. & & & & Or \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatates. & & Appropriations for the & Repayments & Aggregate available for & Payments dur & Amounts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & Vol. & Page or section. & propriations & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { fiscal Year end- } \\
& \text { ing June } 30, \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& 1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the fiscal year } \\
& \text { ending June } \\
& 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] & Jear ending
June \(30,1885\). & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropria- } \\
& \text { tions June } \\
& 30,1885 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Naval establibhment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought f & & & & \$3, 162, 97721 & \$12, 766, 812.21 & \$227, 98131 & \$16,157,770 73 & \$11, 905, 48511 & \$249, 73794 & , 002, 54768 \\
\hline Navai hospital fund. & & & & 95, 44294 & & 71, 19975 & 166, 64269 & 49,778 74 & & 116, 66395 \\
\hline Repairs, Bureau of Medicine and Sargery & 1883 & & & 55952
55352 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
559 \\
72 \\
72 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & & 55952 & \\
\hline  & 1884 & 23 & 290, 262 & 55352 & 00000 & 15319
692 & 70671
10,00692 & 156
8739
90 & & 550.71 \\
\hline Contingent, Bureau of Modieine and Surgery. & \(1882+\) & 23 & 475 & & . 1284 & & 10,1284 & & & +1283 \\
\hline Do...................................... & 1883 & 23 & 461 & 1,612 62 & 3780 & & 1,650 42 & 3780 & 1, 61262 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & \({ }^{23}\) & \({ }_{261}\) & 10,590 69 & 4539 & 12207 & 10,758 15 & 3, 82273 & & 6, 93542 \\
\hline Civil Dostablishment, Bureau of Medicine and & 1885 & 23 & 290, 262 & & 25,000 00 & 5036 & 25,05036 & 16,760 58 & & 8, 28978 \\
\hline Cifil establishment, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery & 1883 & & & 69105 & & & 69105 & & 691, 05 & \\
\hline - Do...................... & 1884 & & & 19240 & & 193 & 19433 & 8343 & & 110 91 \\
\hline provisions, & \({ }_{1879^{\star}}^{1885}\) & 23 & 290, 262 & 2730 & 20,000 00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}20,000 \\ 2730 \\ \hline 80\end{array}\) & 19,577 33 & & \begin{tabular}{r}
422 \\
\hline 27 \\
30
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Do... & 1881* & 23 & 259 & & 4840 & & 4840 & 4840 & & \\
\hline Do & 1882* & 23 & 475 & & 60984 & & 60984 & 60984 & & \\
\hline Do & 1883 & 23 & 244,461 & & 6080 & & 6080 & 6080 & & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & \({ }^{23}\) & & 99,913 59 & 10390 & 7, 24749 & 107, 26098 & 106, 80790 & & 45308 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 201, 262 & & 1,100,000 00 & 97496
275688 & 1, 100, 737496 & 984, 854 , 68 & & 116, 02028 \\
\hline Clothing, Nary .......................... & & & & 462, 68903 & & 275, 68842 & 738,377 45 & 175, 68323 & & 562, 09422 \\
\hline ing & & & & 160,709 13 & & 81,373 36 & 242, 08\% 49 & 75, 17204 & & 166, 91045 \\
\hline Contingent, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing & 1882* & 23 & 475 & & 92978 & & & 89858 & & 3020 \\
\hline Do. & 1883 & & & 31,955 06 & & & 31, 05506 & & 31, 95500 & \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 0,560 62 & & 2,11405 & 11, 37467 & \(\begin{array}{r}9,34093 \\ 28 \\ 2844 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 2,333 74 \\
\hline  & 1885 & 23 & 291, 262 & & 35,000 00 & & 35,008 51 & 28, 48439 & & 6,524 12 \\
\hline and Clothing................. & 1883 & & & 61587 & & & 61587 & & 61587 & \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & & & & 26 & 26 & & & 26 \\
\hline Construction and repair & 1885 & \(\stackrel{23}{23}\) & 291, 262
475,478 & 51,091 51 & 6, 1,5050000 & 17002 & 6,170 02 & 6,170 993 & 51, 09151 & 512 \\
\hline Construction and repair & 1883 & 23 & 475, 478 & 21, 32385 & & 15 & -2,32400 & & , & 1217 \\
\hline Do. & 1884 & & & 43,026 69 & & 5,460 27 & 53,48696 & 49, 77576 & & 3,71120 \\
\hline & 1885 & 23 & 291, 262 & & 1,000,000 00 & 15,364 68 & 1, 015,364 68 & 988, 21254 & & 27, 15214 \\
\hline Construction and repair, aet June 14, 1878 (Timber) & & & & & & & 58,29139 & 1,647 29 & & 56,644 16 \\
\hline Civil establishment, eonstruction and repair. & 1883 & & & \begin{tabular}{l} 
2, 099 \\
2,976 \\
\hline 15
\end{tabular} & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,099 \\
2,995 \\
\hline 20
\end{tabular} & & 2, 09907 & \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & 23 & 291, 262 & 2,970 15 & 20,00000 & 1891 & 20,000 00 & 17,815 75 & & 2,18425 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & tatutes. & Balances of ap- & Appropriatious for the & Ropayments & .Aggregate available for & Payments dur. & Amonnts car- & Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. & Year. & & Page or sec. tion. & \begin{tabular}{l}
propriations \\
July 1, 1884.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal year end- } \\
\text { ing june } 30, \\
1885 .
\end{gathered}
\] & the fiscal year 1885. & the fiscai year ending June 30, 1885. & ing the fiscal jear ending June 36, 1885. & surplus fund June 30, 1885. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { appropriat } \\
& \text { tions June } \\
& 30,1885 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Naval establishment-Continued. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward............... & & & & \$5, 742,675 35 & \$16, 113, 79831 & \$717, 47882 & \$22, 573, 95248 & \$16, 120, 02607 & \$376,706 41 & \$6, 077, 22000 \\
\hline Relief of legal representatives of J. G. Tod.. & & 23 & 692 & & 12,500 00 & & 12,500 00 & 12,500 00 & & \\
\hline Reward for services to officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers & & & & 1,200 00 & & 5190 & 1,251 90 & & & 1,25190 \\
\hline Expenses in connection with the Arctic Exploring Expedition & & & & 11,590 88 & & 3, 56399 & 15, 15487 & 5,927 51 & & 9,227 36 \\
\hline Felief of Lady Franklin Bay Expedition . & & 23 & 267 & 11,500 88 & 66,312 60 & 43,215 10 & 109,527 70 & 109,527 70 & & \\
\hline Reward for rescue Lady Franklin Bay Expedition & & 21 & 11 & & 25,000 00 & & 25, 00000 & & & 25,000 00 \\
\hline Payment to Potomac Steamboat Company, danages by collision & & 22 & 620 & & 47070 & & 47070 & 43970 & 31.00 & \\
\hline Payment to owbers of schooner David, damages by collision & & 23 & 496 & & 11, 51988 & & 11,51088 & & ............ & 11,51988 \\
\hline rayment to owners of Japanese junk, damages by eollision & & 23 & 496 & & 1, 973.84 & & 1,973 84 & & & 1,973 84 \\
\hline Payment to W. P. Wood, services in detecting frauds & & 23 & 496 & & 2,000 00 & & 2,000 00 & 2, 00000 & & \\
\hline Pagment to Massageries Maratines Steamship Company damages by collision....... & & 23 ' & 496 & & 74420 & & 74420 & & & 74420 \\
\hline  & & 23 & 461 & & 18000 & & 18000 & 18000 & & \\
\hline Payment to William Camp \& Sons, use of ship-yards, \&c. & & 23 & 459 & & 75,790 00 & & 75,790 00 & 70,000 00 & 5,790 00 & \\
\hline Payment to Harlan \& Hollingworth, use of ship-yard, \&e & & 23 & 459 & & 67, 98700 & & 67,987 00 & & & 67, 08700 \\
\hline Payment to John Roach, use of ship-jard, \&c. & & 23 & 459 & & 69, 20100 & & 69,201 00 & & & 69, 20100 \\
\hline Navy pension fund....... & & & & & & 420, 00000 & 420, 00000 & 59,813 00 & & 360,18700 \\
\hline Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons & & & & 59353 & & & 59353 & 39806 & 19547 & \\
\hline Mileaire. Navy (Graham decision) aet March & & 23 & 476 & & 209,808 86 & & 209,808 86 & 208,857 66 & & 95120 \\
\hline General aucount of adrances & & & & * 1, 407, 27287 & & 5, 182, 955 83 & 3,775, 68296 & 5, 798,675 61 & & *2, 022,992 65 \\
\hline Total Naval establishment & & & & 4, 348,786 89 & 16, 657, 28639 & 6,367, 26564 & \(27,373,33892\) & 22, 388, 34536 & 382; 722'88- & 4, 602, 270 73 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* Debit balances.


STATELIENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES on the Ist of January of each year from 1791 to 1842 inclusive; and on the 1st day of July of each year from 1843 to 18E5, inclusive.

« The amount outstanding July 1,1880, according to the books of the Regrister's Office
was

\(\$ 2,128,701,05463\)
to the payment of arrears of pensions, act June 21, 1879
\(8,375,93400\)

2, 120, 415, 120.63
† Outstanding public debt as \&bove . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1,863,064,623\) 14
Add Pacific Railroad bonds....................................................................................
64, 623, 512 00
\(1,928,588,13514\)
Doduct certificates of deposit in cash
\(\$ 200,000.00\)
51, 964,11000
52, 164, 11000
\(1,876,424,02514\)
25000
Add discrepancy (1872)
Public debt as per United States Treasurer's revised statement, Jane 30, 1885
\(1,876,494,27514\)

\section*{STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COILECTING the REFENOE from COSTOMS by DISTRICTS, for the fiscal yéar ending June 30, 18 ©்்.}


\section*{STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTIN( + the REVENUE from CUSTOMS by DISTRICTS, fo.-Continued.}



\section*{STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS by DISTRICTS, foc.-Continued.}



\section*{STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the INTELINAL REVENUE; \(\& \varepsilon\). Continued.}


STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT of the UNITED S'IATE'S for the COLLECTION of CUSTOMS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 18E5, with their OCCOPATTONS and COMPENSATION.
Districts, namber of persons, and


\section*{pasgamaquoddy, me.}

1 collector
1 deputs collector and inspector.
1 reputy collector and inspector.
1 depaty collector and inspector.
1 deputy collector and inspector.
2 deputy collectors and inspectors.
4 inspectors
3 inspectors
1 watchman
2. watcbmen

1 clerk.
frenchman's bay, me.
1 collector
1 deputy collector.
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector.
J depaty collector and inspector.
MaCHIAB, ME.
1 collector
1 deputy collector and inspector.
2 deputy collecturs and inspectors..

\section*{BANGOR, ME.}

1 collector
1 special deputy collector.
l deputy collector and inspector.
3 deputy collectors and inspectors.
1 iuspecior
1 inspector
1 inspector
1 inspector and clerk.
CASTINE, ME.
1 collector
2 deputy collectors and inspectors.
3 deputy collectors and inspectors.
BELFAST, ME.
1 collector
2 inspectors
1 inspector
1 inspector
1 storekeeper
1 storeliceper
1 inspector

\section*{WISCABSET, ME.}

1 collector
1 deputy collector, \&c
1 deputy collector; \&c
1 deputy゙ collector, \&e
waidoborough, me.
1 collector (for 5 months)
1 special deputy collector
1 deputy collector
1 deputy cóllector
1 deputy collector
1 deputy collector

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, gc.Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districta, number of persons; and occupations. & Compensation. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensa-
tion. \\
\hline Vermont, Vt.-Continued. & & Boston and Charlegtown, Mass.Continued. & \\
\hline 13 deputy collectors and inspectors... & \$13, 17600 & & \\
\hline 3 deputy collectors and inspectors . & 2, 007.50 & 1 clerk & \$1,100 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.. & 91250 & 1 messenger & 84000 \\
\hline 03 deputy collectors and inspectors & 1,096 00 & 1 messenger & 72000 \\
\hline 4 deputy collectors and inspectors & 2, 07240 & 1 general appraiser & 3,000 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector............ & 60000 & 2 appraisers. & \(6,000 \mathrm{co}\) \\
\hline 2 inspectors...... & 2,920 00 & 2 assistant appraisers & 5,000 00 \\
\hline 20 inspectors & 20, 83500 & 1 examiner of drugs. & 2, 50000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 51200 & 1 examiner.. & 2, 00000 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 79120 & 10 examiner & 18,000 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 80000 & 3 examiner & 4, 80000 \\
\hline 6 tally clerks & 62200 & 2 exam & 2, 86000 \\
\hline 2 vight watchmen ................... & 75200 & 4 examiners & 4, 80000 \\
\hline NEWBURYPORT, mass. & & 1 clerk to general apprai & \begin{tabular}{l}
1, 40000 \\
1, 60000
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & & 1 clerk. & 1,400 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 31848 & 2 clerks & 2,40000 \\
\hline 1 depaty collector and inspector & 1,095 00 & 6 samplers & 7,20000 \\
\hline 2 inspectors, weighers, \&te. & 1,204 50 & 3 samplers of sugar.. & 3, 60000 \\
\hline 1 janitor & 54000 & 11 openors and packers & 9,900 00 \\
\hline & & 1 assistant sampler & -84000 \\
\hline olouchster, mass. & & 2 messengers & 1,680 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 8,95100 & 1 naval otice & 5, 2,00000 \\
\hline \(1_{1}\) deputy collect & 1,500 00 & 1 chief clerk. & 2,000 00 \\
\hline '1 clerk. & 1,300 00 & 5 clerks & 9,000 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,277 00 & 7 clerks & 11,200 00 \\
\hline 4 inspectors & 4,380 00 & 4 clerks. & 4,800 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 29275 & 1 messenger & 80000 \\
\hline 1 boatman & 75000 & 1 clerk in cbarge of P. B. & 2,000 00 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 41600 & 1 clerk and storekeeper. & \(\stackrel{2000}{ } 00\) \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 5000 & 1 clerk and storekeeper: & 1, 60000 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 21500 & 1 clerk and storekeeper. & 80000 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 23000 & 11 assistantstorokeepers & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,800 \mathrm{co} \\
& 8,800
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline SALPM AND BEVERLY, MAES. & & \(\frac{1}{2}\) gaugsistant gaugers & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,00000 \\
& 2,92000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & & 3 weighers.. & 6,00000 \\
\hline 1 special depaty collector and in. & 88425 & 3 assistant weighers & 4,38000 \\
\hline 1 special depaty collector and inspector & 1, 46000 & 15 assistant weighers & 19,162 50 \\
\hline 1 weigher, gauger, and inspector... & 1,095 00 & 14 assistant weigbers & 15, 33300 \\
\hline  & 1, 09500 & 4 weighers clerks & \\
\hline 3 inspectors & 2,901 75 & 8 night watchmen & \\
\hline 1 janitor & 54000 & 86 inspectors ..... & 125,560 00 \\
\hline MARBLZHEAD, MABs. & & 1.4 storekeeper & 20,440 00 \\
\hline marblihead, mass. & & 1 watchman & 1,095 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 28707 & 1 carpenter & 82125 \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors & 2,19000 & 1 inspectress & 201.00 \\
\hline boston and charlestown, mass. & & 25 night inspecto 2 foremen of lab & \[
\begin{array}{r}
27,375000 \\
200000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline bobion and chamleston, mabs. & & 38 laborers. & 21, 03200 \\
\hline 1 collector & 8, 00000 & 1 measurer of marble & 6300 \\
\hline 1 comptroller aud clerk... .......... & 4,500 00 & Paid laborers to weighers. & 54, 36810 \\
\hline 3 deputy collectors.................... & 9,00000 & & \\
\hline 1 auditor and clerk. & 3, 00000 & PLYMOUTH; MASS. & \\
\hline 1 cashier. & 3,000 00 & Plymouth; mabs. & \\
\hline 1 assistant cashier & \[
2,20000
\] & 1 collector. & 77389 \\
\hline 1 secretary and chief cler & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,500 \\
8,000 \\
\hline 100
\end{tabular} & 1 deputy collector & 1,000 00 \\
\hline 4 chief clerks & 8,140000
14,400 & 1 inspector...... & 20075 \\
\hline 18 clerks & 28,800 00 & 1 inspector. & 17765 \\
\hline 31 clerks. & 43,40000 & & \\
\hline 14 clerks & 26,800 00 & barnstable, magb. & \\
\hline 19 clerks & 19,000. 00 & & \\
\hline 1 clerk & 84000 & 1 collector & 1417.20 \\
\hline 4 cleriss & 3,200 00 & 1 deputy colloctor and inspector & 109500 \\
\hline 1 copyist. & 60000 & 1 depaty collector and inspector & 894.25 \\
\hline 6 messengers & 5,040 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 80300 \\
\hline 9 messengers & 6,480 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector. & \\
\hline 1 surveyor. & 5,000 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 74825 \\
\hline 1 deputy survejor & 2,500 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 49275 \\
\hline 1 clerk and assistant to surveyor & 1,800 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 49273 \\
\hline 1 clork. & 1,800 00 & 1 depaty collector and inspector.... & 40150 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1,500 00 & 1 clerk. & \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1, 40000 & 1 hoatman & 6000 \\
\hline 1 olerk. & 1,200 00 & 8 storekeepers & 400.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, so.Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Com pensation. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compenser
tion. \\
\hline fall river, mass. & & MIDDLETOWN, CONN: & \\
\hline 1 collector & \$876 10 & 1 collector & \$2,725 51 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector, jnspector, \&c & 1,340 00 & 1 special deputy collector. & 1,467 20 \\
\hline 1 inspector, weigher, \({ }^{\text {do }}\) & 1, 00500 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk.... & 55050 & 1 clerk. & 73440 \\
\hline 1 boatman & 2756 & 1 clerk & 26154 \\
\hline NEW BEDFORD, MAS8. & & 1 storekeeper (paid by proprietol
NEW HAVEN, CONN. . & 10000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 2, 27453 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,500 00 & 1 collector & 3,475 00 \\
\hline 1 clork & 1, 00000 & 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1, 60000 \\
\hline 1 inspector, weigher, \&o ............. & ], 09600 & 1 deputy collector and clerk. & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector and boarding officer...... & 1, 09600 & 2 clerks. & 2, 19000 \\
\hline & & 2 weighers and gauge & 2, 19000 \\
\hline nantucket, mass. & & 4 inspectors & 4,380 00 \\
\hline & & 1 nightinsjector & 91250 \\
\hline 1 collector & 26868 & 1 messenger & 50000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector ..................... & 30000 & 1 fireman & 48600 \\
\hline 1 inspector............................. & 900 & 1 janitor & 500.00 \\
\hline EDGARTOWN, MABs. & & 1 boatman and night watchman
falrfield, conn. & 40000 \\
\hline 1. collector & 520.73 & & \\
\hline 1 special depaty collector, sio........ & 1, 00475 & 1 collector & 82863 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 72160 & 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&o & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector........................... & 50700 & 1 temporary night inspector & 32,50 \\
\hline 1 boatman \(\ldots\)................ & 27530 & sag habbol, n. y. & \\
\hline & & 1 collector & 42871 \\
\hline 1 collector ........................... & 4,33283, & 1 deputy collect & 30000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk & & 1 surveyor. & 26837 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and cashier l . \({ }^{\text {a }}\). & 2, 2,0000000 & 1 deputy collector and inspeotor & 18250 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 2, 00000 & & \\
\hline 5 inspectors, weighers, \&o & 6, 38750 & & \\
\hline 1 inspector, weigher, \&c & 26600 & 1 surveyor. & \\
\hline 2 inspectors......................... & 2,190 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 18000 \\
\hline 1 inspector and boarding oflicer...... & 1, 09500 & & \\
\hline 1 inspector ......................... & 49275 & Patchogur, N. Y. & \\
\hline 1 boatman & & & \\
\hline 1 messenger and st & 1, 09500 & 1 survejor & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper. & 73000 & 1 deputy surveyo & 10720 \\
\hline 1 watchman & 60350 & & \\
\hline 1 appraiser & 3,000 00 & port jefferson, n. y. & \\
\hline 1 clerk and sampler & 1,200 00 & 1 surveyor & 26025 \\
\hline bristol and Warren, r. \%. & & NEW YORE, N. Y. & \\
\hline 1 eolleetor & & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c & 1,095 00 & 1 collector ........... & 12,000 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c..... & 25550 & 1 assistant collector, Jersey City & 2,000 00 \\
\hline 1 boatman & 21600 & 11 depaty collectors & 31,149 44 \\
\hline & & 1 cashier.. & 5, 00000 \\
\hline NEWPORT, B. I. & & 1 auditor & 5,000 00 \\
\hline & & 1 assistant anditor. & 3,500 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 48368 & 1 clerk & 5,000,00 \\
\hline 1 deputy eollecto & 1,000 00 & 1 clerk & 2,700 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 09500 & 1 superintendent of warehouses. & 1,124 98 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 60225 & 10 clerks. & 25, 00000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 29200 & 4 weighers & 10, 00000 \\
\hline 1 inapector & 31500 & 1 clerk. & 2,400 00 \\
\hline 1 boatman & 40000 & 8 elerks & 39,60000 \\
\hline & & 38 clerts & 76, 00000 \\
\hline STONLNGTON, CONS. & & 3 gaugers & 6,000 00 \\
\hline & & 1 measurer of marble & 2,000 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 40224 & 15 clerks. & 27, 00000 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collector....... & 50000 & 46 clerks & 73, 60000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 40000 & 3 weighers' foremen & 4, 80000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 30000 & 319 inspectors & 465, 74000 \\
\hline & & 1 inspeetor at Troy & 1,460 00 \\
\hline NEW LONDON, CONN. & & 58 storekreepers. & 84, 680 00 \\
\hline & & 1 storekeeper at Castle Garde & 1, 46000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 1,145 93 & 1 engineer & 1,500 00 \\
\hline 1 depaty collector and & 1,600 00 & 1 carpente & 1,500 00 \\
\hline 3 inspectors. & 3,285 00 & 69 clerks & 96, 80000 \\
\hline 1 janitor... & 60000 & 67 assistant wet & 83,88400 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DİSTRICT, fo.-Continued.


\section*{Compensation.}
\$15, 02400
122, 40000
2, 40000
1, 20000
1, 20000
1, 20000
18, 00000
1,000 00 5, 00000
520.00

1, 00000
128, 11500
0, 85500
3, 28500
32.85000

1, 09500
1,095 00
1, 80000
5,47750
1,565 00
4,695 00
91250
45,360 00 80000
4, 69500
73000
`, 60000
2, 88000
10, 80000
48, 20200
73000
2,50400 54000 36000
21467
20000
3, 00000
2, 50000
2, 00000 .
1, 70000
1. 60000

4, 80000
84000
93900
4, 00000
30, 00000
52,500 00
2, 30000
15,400 00
2, 10000
24, 000.00
46, 80000
8,00000
11, 20000
1, 50000
1, 45000
4, 20000
15,400 00
1, 46000
8;400 00
2, 40000
20; 40000
38, 40000
1, 15000
1, 15000
2, 30000
7, 04250
1,173 75
66, 66900
2, 59200
29, 40000
47, 34125
8,00000
2, 50000
12,500 00
17,600 00
38,00000
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. \\
\hline New Yonk, N. Y.-Continued. & \\
\hline 6 clerk & \$10, 800 00 \\
\hline 17 clerks & 27, 20000 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1,550 00 \\
\hline 10 clerks & 14,000 00 \\
\hline 14 clerks & 16,800 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1,000 00 \\
\hline 8 messengers & 6,720.00 \\
\hline 1 messenger & 50000 \\
\hline 1 surveyor & 8.00000 \\
\hline 1 auditor & 5.00000 \\
\hline 1 deputy survejor & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 2 clerks. & 3,600 00 \\
\hline 9 clerlss & 14,400 00 \\
\hline 7 inspectors of passeuger & 10,220 00 \\
\hline 3 clerks. & 4, 20000 \\
\hline 2 clerks & 2,400 00 \\
\hline 2 messengers & 1,680 00 \\
\hline 5 messengers & 3, 60000 \\
\hline 1 messenger & 50000 \\
\hline albant, \(\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{y}\). & \\
\hline 1 surveyor & 4, 55839 \\
\hline 1 deputy surreyor & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 2 deputy surveyors & 2,190 60 \\
\hline 4 inspectors. & 4,380 00 \\
\hline CHAMPLAIN, N. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collector and inspector & 1,800 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 1, 20000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1, 09500 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector .... & 96800 \\
\hline 3 depury collectors and inspectors... & 2, 70000 \\
\hline 2 doputy collectors and iuspectors & 1,800 80 \\
\hline 5 deputy collectors and inspectors. & 4,471 25 \\
\hline 6 deputy collectors and inspectors... & 4, 81800 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 42495 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 39335 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 79870 \\
\hline 1 inspector (temporary) & \\
\hline 1 janitor. & 48000 \\
\hline OSwEgatchie, n. y. & \\
\hline 1 collector. & 2,560 00 \\
\hline 1 speciad deputy collce & 1,600 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector. & 1,50000 \\
\hline 3 deputy collectors & 3, 56703 \\
\hline 3 denuty collectors and inspector & 3,27700 \\
\hline 2 doputy collectors and inspectors. & 1,60600 \\
\hline 1 dopity collector and inspector & 43200 \\
\hline 3 deputy collectors and inspectors & 1,806 75 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 6 inspectors. & 5, 322 , 0 \\
\hline 1 inspector & \\
\hline 1 inspectress. & 35300 \\
\hline Cape vincent, n. y. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collector & 1,500 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 4 deputy collectors and inspectors. & 2,74200 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 18000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 27900 \\
\hline 6 deputy collectors and iuspectors & 2,73750 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 2, 10900 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 22200 \\
\hline OSWEGO, N. Y. & \\
\hline 1 collector. & 4,600.00 \\
\hline 1 specigl deputy collector & 1;800 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT of the NOMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, ge.Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and \({ }^{*}\) occupation. & Compensa. tion. & Districts, number of persons; and * occupation. & Compensation. \\
\hline Oswego, N. Y.-Continued. & & Buffalo Creek, N. Y.-Continued. & \\
\hline 1 reputy collector. & \$1,600 00 & 1 inspec &  \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors & 2, 0 2000 & 1 messe & 80000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 90000 & & \\
\hline 7 deputy collectors and inspectors. & 4,304 00 & UUNEIRK, N. Y. & \\
\hline 18 inspectors. & 10,38100 & & \\
\hline 1 superintendent warehouses & 1, 09.500 & 1 collector & 1,007 89 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper** & 1,095 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,46000 \\
\hline 6 storekeepers*. & 80500 & 1 inspector... & 64500 \\
\hline & & 1 inspect & \\
\hline genesee, n. y. & & NRWALKK, N. J. & \\
\hline 1 collector & & 1 collector. & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk.... & & 1 deputy collector and inspector & \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors and clerks ....... & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,80000 \\
& 2,400
\end{aligned}
\] & 1 inspector ...................... & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk ......... & \(1,09500 \cdot\) & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
1 deputy collector, clerk, audinspector \\
J deputy collector and inspector
\end{tabular} & 1,405 25 & Perth ambox, n. J. & \\
\hline 2 depuiy collectors and inspectors.... & 1. 40400 & & \\
\hline 5 deputy collectors and inspectors... & 2, 19000 & 1 c & 3,494 41 \\
\hline  & 3,729 00 & 1. special de & 20000 \\
\hline , 1 storckeeper & 7,277 15 & 3 inspeectors & 3, 148400 \\
\hline & & 1 inspector and clerk.................... & 84000 \\
\hline niagara, n. y. & & 1 storekeeper. & 60000 \\
\hline & & 1 boatman. & 48000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 4, 50000 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 2, 50000 & little egg harbor, N. J. & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1,800 00 & & \\
\hline 1 depuity collector and clerk & 1,500 00 & 1 collector & 39029 \\
\hline 1 depaty collector and clerk & 1,400 00 & 1 deputy collecto & 60000 \\
\hline . 1 depaty collector and cashier & 1,400 00 & 1 iuspector & 73000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,200 00 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 24915 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,340 c0 & & \\
\hline 8 deputy collectors and inspectors & 18, 09000 & great egg harbor, n. J. & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 99900 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy coliector and inspector & 91200 & 1 collector. & 49580 \\
\hline 3 deputy collectors and inspector & 1,791 0c & 1 deputy collector & 60000 \\
\hline 2 storckeepers & 2,920 00 & 1 inspector & 47550 \\
\hline 1 special inspector & 1,340 00 & 1 inspector (tempora & 18450 \\
\hline 4 inspectors: & 4, 02000 & & \\
\hline 1 inspector & \(9 \geq 800\) & hilldgeton, N. J. & \\
\hline 1 inspector & 84800 & & \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 81900 & 1 collector & 73386 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 91800 & I. deputy collceto & 5300 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 24800 & 1 deputy collector & 6250 \\
\hline 1 inspectress & 73000 & & \\
\hline  & 60000 & burlington, N. J. & \\
\hline companios. & & 1 collec & 22100 \\
\hline buffalo creek, n. y. & & philadelphia, pa. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 4,264 00 & 1 collector & 8,00000 \\
\hline 1 appraiser. & 3, 00000 & 1 special deputy collector and auditor. & 3, 00001 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collect & 2,500 00 & 1 deputy collector.................... & 3, 00000 \\
\hline 1 entry cleris, \&c. & 1,600 00 & 1 assistant auditor & 2, 5000 \\
\hline 1 warebouse, clerk, & 1,400 00 & 2 clerks & 4, 00000 \\
\hline 1 cashier & 1,400 00 & 1 assistant collector & J, 50000 \\
\hline 1 impost clerk & 1,200 00 & 1 casbier & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 1 marine clerk & 1,200 00 & 1 assistant cashie & 2,000.00 \\
\hline 1 clearance clerk & 1,200 00 & 3 clerks & 5, \(400{ }^{\circ} 00\) \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors. & 2,920 00 & 1 clerk & 1,800 05 \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors & 2, 19000 & J clers & 1,725 88 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector. & 1,277 50 & 12 clerk & 19,200 00 \\
\hline 1 special inspector & 1,460 00 & 8 clerks & 11, 20000 \\
\hline 1 night clearance \(\mathbf{c}\) & 57000 & 1 clerk & 71944 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 1, 09500 & 1 clerk & 70000 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 36900 & 6 clerks & 7, 20000 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 1,27400 & 1 clerk & 58670 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 2, 55500 & 1 clerk & 290 J1 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 91250 & 2 messenger & 1, 44000 \\
\hline 3 inspectors & 3, 24000 & 1 messenger & 71015 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,267 u0 & 1 messenger & 69630 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 04100 & 1 watchman. & 91250 \\
\hline 2 lnspector & 2, 17800 & 1 watchm & 84000 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 55200 & 1 naval off & 5, 00000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT of the NOMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, \&0.Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensa-
tion. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. \({ }^{\circ}\) & Compensation. \\
\hline Philadelphia, Pa.-Continned. & & Philadelphia, Pa.-Continued. & \\
\hline 1 deputy naval officer & \$2,500 00 & 2 laborers to gauger & \$1,820 C0 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 2,000 00 & 1 -stonciler & 7t 50 \\
\hline 2 clerss & 3, 60000 & 1 stenciler & 70840 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1,400 00 & 1 watchman & 91250 \\
\hline 1 clerts & 1,200 00 & & \\
\hline 1 messenger & 72000 & erie, Pa. & \\
\hline 1 survejor.. & 5, 00000 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy sarveyor & 2, 50000 & 1 collector & 1,374 41 \\
\hline 2 clerks. & 2, 8000000 & 1 deputy co & 1,600 60 \\
\hline 1 messonger & 84000 & 1 inspector & \(8: 260\) \\
\hline 1 general appraiser & 3,00000 & 1 inspector & 80700 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1, 30000 & 1 jasitor & 6000 \\
\hline 1 appraiser & 3, 00000 & & \\
\hline 2 assistant appraiscrs. & 5, 00000 & PITTSBURGE, PA. & \\
\hline 1 examiuer & 2,000 00 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
6 examiners \\
1 examiner
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}10,20000 \\ 1200 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 survejor \\
1 deputy surv
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
5, 000 CO \\
1, 800 CO
\end{tabular} \\
\hline ] examiner of drags & 1,000 00 & 1 deputy surveyo & 1,20000 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1,500 00 & ] inspector and examiner & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 2 clerks & 2,600 00 & 4 inspectors & 4,380 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1,200 00 & 1 messepger & 60000 \\
\hline 13 packers & 11,700 00 & 1 clerk & 1,100 00 \\
\hline 1 packer. & 75000 & & \\
\hline 1 messenger & 70000 & delaware, del. & \\
\hline 2 watchmen & , 8250 & & \\
\hline 1 watchman & 72000 & 1 collector ............... & 2,073 33 \\
\hline 1 watchman & 71000 & 1 speeial dcputy collector & 1,600 00 \\
\hline 1 watchman & 70000 & 1 deputy collector & \({ }^{500} 00\) \\
\hline 1 foreman of laborers. & 90000 & 3 inspectors & 2, 00750 \\
\hline 12 laborers to appraisers & 8,400 00 & 1 inspector & 60225 \\
\hline 1 laborer to appraisers & 39736 & 1 inspector & 3500 \\
\hline 1 marker & \({ }^{7} 2000\) & 1 inspector & 2750 \\
\hline 1 weigher & 2,000 00 & 4 boatmen & 1, 20000 \\
\hline 14 assistant weighers & 15, 40000 & 1 boatman & 28766 \\
\hline 1 assistant weigber & 82500 & & \\
\hline 1 assistant weighẹ & 45458 & BAITIMORE, MD. & \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1,200 00 & & \\
\hline 2 foremen & 1,825 00 & 1 collector & 7,000 00 \\
\hline 1 ganger & 2, 60000 & 2 deputy eollectors & 6, 00000 \\
\hline 1 assistant gange & - \(\begin{array}{r}1,200 \\ 1,100 \\ 00\end{array}\) & 1 deputy collector 1 cashier &  \\
\hline 1 measuler....... & 1,100
\(\mathbf{5} 840\)
\(\mathbf{1 2 0}\) & - 1 auditor & 2, 50000 \\
\hline 1 special.inspector. & 1,116 00 & 1 assistant auditor & 1,800 00 \\
\hline 1 special inspeet & 97200 & 1 assistant cashier & 1,800 00 \\
\hline 63 inspectors & 80, 48250 & 8 clerks. & 14,400 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 27400 & 7 clerks & 11, 09567 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,267 00 & 9 clerks & 12,599 93 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 222850 & 5 cleiks & 6,000 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,11300 & 1 clerk & 1,000 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 03950 & 1 messenger and copyist & 97823 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,094 50 & 1 caplain of watch & 1, 00000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 94150. & 2 mossengers & 1,79753 \\
\hline 1 inspeetor & 85750 & 4 watchmen & 3, 36000 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 1,505 00 & 1 messenger & 63000 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 64650 & 5 messengers & 3,060 00 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 60000 & 2 laborers. & 1,440 00 \\
\hline 1 inspectress & 1,014 00 & 2 inspectors. & 2,67200 \\
\hline 28 vight inspectors & 30,660 00 & 41 inspectors & 50,526 00 \\
\hline 1 night inspector.. & 1,089 00 & 1 inspector (temporary). & 43050 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 1,086 00 & Inspectors' night service & 3,801 00 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 1, 08300 & 1 captain night inspectors & 1,277 50 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 79500 & 1 lieutenant night inspectors & 1, 08600 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 63600 & 32 nigbt inspectors & 34, 20900 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 61500 & 2 debenture markers & 1,680 00 \\
\hline 1 night inspeetor & 61200 & 1 female examiner & 60000 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 53400 & 1 pilot & 720.00 \\
\hline 1 night inspector & 75900 & 1 fireman & 54000 \\
\hline 1 boatman :- & 72000 & 1 boatman & 54000 \\
\hline 1 boatman. & 68663 & 1 boatman & 48000 \\
\hline 1 earpenter & 80000 & 1 weigher & 2;000 00 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper and clerk & 1,000 00 & 1 gauger & 1,300 00 \\
\hline 15 laborers at public store & 10,500 00 & 3 clerks. & 3,454 94 \\
\hline 1 laborer at public stores & 665
438
438 & 11 assistant weighers & 13, 20000 \\
\hline 1 laborer at public stores & 43363
912 & 1 foreman of laborers & 840
1,44000 \\
\hline 1 foreman to laborers & 84000 & 1 keeper of soale-roo & 66000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, so.Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. \\
\hline Baltimore, Md.-Continued. & & Yonktown, \(\mathrm{Va}_{\text {a }}\)-Continued. & \\
\hline '1 geẋeral appraiser & \$2,918 50 & 1 gauger (temporary) & \$19500 \\
\hline 2 local appraisers & 6, 00000 & 1 gauger (tempornr') & 27600 \\
\hline 3 examiners. & 5,400 00. & 1 inspector (tompotary) & 22500 \\
\hline 3 examiners & 4, 800.00 & 3 inspectors (temporary) & 17100 \\
\hline 2 clerks. & 3, 20000 & 3 inspectors (temporary) & \(270{ }^{6} 0\) \\
\hline 1 foreman & 84000 & 2 inspectors (temporary) & 10800 \\
\hline 6 laborers. & 5, 04000 & 2 inspectors (temporars) & 5400 \\
\hline 5 laborers. & 3, 60000 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 6600 \\
\hline 1 clerk and storekeep & 1, 80000 & l inspector (temporary) & 4500 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1,600 00 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 4800 \\
\hline 1 engineer & 1,200 00 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 3900 \\
\hline 1 freman & 1, 09500 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 2400 \\
\hline \({ }^{4} 4\) porters.. & 3, 28000 & 1 inspector (temporary) & 900 \\
\hline 4 laborers. & 2, 88000 & 2 boatmen & 72000 \\
\hline 7 storekeepers
1 storelseeper & 8,144 50 & 4 laborers (temporary) & 468.00 \\
\hline 1 storelseeper \({ }_{\text {Storekeeper, }}\) night service & 39900 & & \\
\hline Storekeeper, night service & 84000 & RICHMOND, VA. & \\
\hline 6 temporary assistant gaugers & 2,74400 & & \\
\hline 1 naval officer & 5, 00000 & 1 collector & 1,018 99 \\
\hline 1 deputy naval officer & 2,500 00 & 1 deputy collcctor and clerk & 1,600 00 \\
\hline 2 clerks. & 3, 20000 & 1 deputy collector and inspoctor & 73000 \\
\hline 3 clerks & 4, 20000 & 1 clerk and inspector............ & 1, 30000 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1, 00000 & 2 inspectors. & 2,19000 \\
\hline 2 messengers & 1, 44000 & 1 inspector and ganger & 9300 \\
\hline 1 survegor & 4,500 00 & 1 watchman & 72000 \\
\hline 1 deputy sury & 2,500 00 & 1 janitor . & 70000 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1, 80000 & 1 engineer .. & 1, 00000 \\
\hline 1 clork.... & 45330 & 1 assistant congineer & 39600 \\
\hline 41 laborers & 8, 68528 & ' 1 boatman & 42000 \\
\hline ANNAPOLIS, MD. & & feterbburg, va. & \\
\hline 1 collector. & 84783 & 1 collector & 11539 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1, 09500 & 1 dopaty collcetor and clerk & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 29200 & 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 1, 09500 \\
\hline 1 boatman. & 14500 & 1 messenger and night watchman & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 730 \quad 00 \\
& 220 \\
& \hline 0
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline eabtern, md. & &  & \\
\hline 1 collector... & 2,718 55 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspect & 1, 09500 & 1 collector & 2,56822 \\
\hline & & 1 depaty collect & 1,600 00 \\
\hline GEORGETOWN, D. C. & & 2 clerks & 2, 60000 \\
\hline & & 1 clerk & 90000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 1, 55272 & 1 inspector & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collector & 1,600 00 & 4 inspectors & 4,380 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and insp & 1,065 00 & 1 inspector & 82200 \\
\hline 1 inspector.. & 1, 09500 & 1 watcbman & 72000 \\
\hline & & 1 boatman & 48000 \\
\hline alexandilia, va. & & 2 boatmen & 84000 \\
\hline & & 1 boatmain & 33000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 30000 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,20000 & wheeleng, w. va. & \\
\hline 1 inspector.. & 98500 & & \\
\hline tappahannock, va. & & 1 surveror
1 clerk.... & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,03293 \\
50000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 1 collector & 50038 & albeitarle, n.c. & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 60000 & & \\
\hline & & 1 collector & 1,209 69 \\
\hline chermystone, va. & & 1 special deputy collector & 600.00 \\
\hline & & 1 deputy coilector and inspector. & 1,095 00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
1 collector \\
2 deputy collectors.
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}824 \\ 180 \\ 1800 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline 1 deputy colloctor.. & 1,88000 & Pamlico, N.c. & \\
\hline & & 1 collector & 1,41683 \\
\hline Yorktown, va. & & 1 deputy collector & 90000 \\
\hline & & 1 deputy collector and messenger & 43000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 3,084 13 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 69350 \\
\hline 1 special deputy collector & 1,21700 & 2 depaty collectors avd inspectors. & 73000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector. & 60000 & 4 boatmen & 96000 \\
\hline 1 inspector, weigher, \&c & 1,09500 & & \\
\hline 1 inspector and clerk & 1, 09500 & wilmington, n.c. & \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 91250 & & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 1, 09500 & 1 collector & 2,859 75 \\
\hline 2 gaugers (temporary) & 60600 & 1 special deputy collector & 1,800 00 \\
\hline 1 gauger (temporary) & 12900 & 1 depaty collector. & 1,60000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS RMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, fo.Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensa-
tion. \\
\hline Wilmmaton, N. C.-Continued. & & gaint john's, fla. & * \\
\hline 1 clerk & \$1,000 00 & 1 collector & \$1, 26959 \\
\hline 3 inspectors & 3,285 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 1, 09500 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 1,004 00 & 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 49275 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 18000 & 1 inspector .......................... & 1, 08900 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 13500 & 1 muessenger .......................... & 30000 \\
\hline 2 boatmen. & 84000 & 1 boatman & 10000 \\
\hline 2 boatmen & 76000 & gaint augustine, mla. & \\
\hline & & 1 collector ......................... & 50000 \\
\hline 1 collector & 1,121 39 & 2 depury collectors .................... & 060.00 \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors .................. & 94667 & 2 boatuen. & 48000 \\
\hline 2 temporary inspectors ................ & 5100 & 1 boatoan & 18000 \\
\hline - 1 watchman & 4000 & & \\
\hline 1 boatman & 24000 & KEY WeSt, flat. & \\
\hline georgetown, s. c. & & 1 collector .......................... & 3,305 56 \\
\hline & & 1 doputy colle & 2,000 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 41417 & 4 clerks & 4;40400 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & \({ }_{6}^{600} 00\). & 1 storekeoper........................ & 1,34000 \\
\hline 2 boacmen .. & 60000 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 tobacco examiner \\
1 chief iuspector
\end{tabular} & 1,340 00 \\
\hline charleston, b. c. & & 7 inspectors & 4,773 50 \\
\hline - 1 , & & 1 chief uipht inspect & 84250 \\
\hline 1 collector & 5,205 77 & 3 nigbt inspectors .......... ........ & 1, 94800 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,000 \\
4,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{4}^{4}\) special iuspectors ................... & \(\begin{array}{r}1,56900 \\ -\quad 669 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline 1 chief inspector & 1,444 00 & 1 messengor & 66980 \\
\hline 5 inspectors & 5,475 00 & 1 janiter & 47660 \\
\hline 1 inspector (temporar & 26400 & 1 drug examiner & 1000 \\
\hline 1 watchman & 60000 & 4 boarmen & 1,468 00 \\
\hline 1 watchman. & 55050 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1, 10110 \\
\hline 1 messeuger & 73000 & 3 depaty collectors and inspectors. & 1,462 50 \\
\hline 4 boatmen & 1,920 00 & 4 boatimen & 1,100 00 \\
\hline beaurort, s. c. & & saint mark's, fla. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 1,942 42 & 1 collector & 74791 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 2, 19000 & 1 special deputy collector aud in- & \\
\hline 4 boatmen & 1,680 00 & spector & 1,368 00 \\
\hline & & 1 inspector=:........................ & 1,095 00 \\
\hline bavaniah, ga. & & 1 inspector. & \[
49275
\] \\
\hline 1 collector & 3,590 79 & & \\
\hline 1 aeprity collector & 2,000 00 & apalachicola, fla. & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 4194 & & \\
\hline 3 clerks. & 3,80299 & 1 collector & 1,194 48 \\
\hline 2 inspectors & 2,920 00 & 1 deputy collector and iuspe & 1, 09500 \\
\hline 3 insyectors. & 3. 28500 & 1 inspector (tomporary) & 28500 \\
\hline 3 nightinspéctor & 2,19000 & 1 weigher and gauger (tomporary)... & 8400 \\
\hline 3 boatmen & 1,800 00 & & \\
\hline 1 boatman & 36000 & persacola, fra. & \\
\hline 1 messeuger & 72000 & & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 10500 & 1 collector & 3,000 00 \\
\hline 1 temporary inspector ................ & 3600 & 1 special deputy collector............ & 1,600 00 \\
\hline atlanta, Ga. & & 1 deputy collector and clerk . . . . . . . \({ }_{1}\). & 1, 20000 \\
\hline atlanta, Ga. & & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 clerk \\
5 inspectors
\end{tabular} &  \\
\hline 1 surveyor & 1,00733 & 1 inspector. & 71500 \\
\hline brunswick, ga. & & 1 inspector & 34200 \\
\hline & - 2033 & 2 watchaen & 1,460 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 2, 93388 & 1 messenger & 60000 \\
\hline 2. deputy collectors & 2,190 00 & 1 janitor & 50000 \\
\hline ' 1 inspector ... & 1, 09500 & 2 boatmen & 92000 \\
\hline 5 boatmen .... & 1, 50000 & 4 boatmen & 1,68000 \\
\hline baint mary's, ga. & & mobile, ala. & \\
\hline 1 collectòr & 55024 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 90000 & 1 collector ............ . . . . . . . . . . & 2,152 74 \\
\hline 1 boatmad ........ & 28601 & 1 special deputy collector and cashier. & 1,800 00 \\
\hline Fernandina, fla.. & & 1 deputy collector and clerk ......... & 1, 600 00 \\
\hline hanandah, & & 1 entry apd clearance deds. & 1,400 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 1,150 69 & 1 inspector, actiog appraiser & 1,460.00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,18850 & 6 inspectors & 6,570000 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 1, 09500 & \%-vight inspuctors & 1, 46000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 73000 & 1 dight watchman & 73000 \\
\hline 2 boatmen ............................. & 30000 & 1 messenger & 73000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\footnotetext{
* \(\$ 1,183\) refunded by the Mexican Natioual Construction Company.
}
Districts, number of persons, and

Brazos De Santiago, Tex́.-Cont'd.
1 inspector
1 messeuger
1 watchman
1 temporary inspector
1 temporary inspector
1 temporary inspector.
1 temporary inspector.
1 temporary inspector.
1 temporary watchman
Paso del noete, tex.
1 collector
1 special deputy collector
1 clerk
1 deputy colleetor and inspector.
3 deputy collectors and inspectors.
1 deputy collector and inspector.
1 deputy collector and inspector.
1 deputy collector and inspector.
6 mounted inspectors
2 inspectors.
MEMPHIS, TENN.
1 sarveyor.
1 deputy surveyor and clerk.
1 porter.
NABHVILLE, TENN.
1 surveyor
chattanooga, tenn.
1 sarvejor.
PADUCAF, EY.
1 sarveyor

\section*{LOUISVILLE, KY.}

1 surveyor
1 special deputy surveyor and clerk. 1 deputy surveyor and hook-keeper.
1 depaty surveyor and clerk.
1 inspector, examiner, and storekeeper
1 inspector, weigher, and gauger..
1 messenger
1 laborer

\section*{CINCINNATI, OHIO.}

1 surveyor
1 special deputy surveyer
1 depaty survejor and cashier
1 clerk.
3 clerks
1 clerk
1 clerk......
1 examiner
1 opener and packer
1 porter to appraiser
1 laborer
tors
3 inspectors.................................
1 messenger
1 night watchman
1 drug examiner
1 inspector.
CUYAHOGA, OHIO.
1 collector
1 appraiser
1 special deputy callector

Compensation.
\(\$ 83750\) 68820 4062.5 3150 1050
1000
350
250
500

3, 20000
1, 80000
1;27750
1, 60000
3,832 50
1,204 50
1,003 75
73000
7, 66500
2,55500

1, 15608
1, 00000
\(1: 600\)

52014

39640

46205

4,689 68
1,600 00
1,400 00
1, 20000
1, 27750
1, 09500
54750
36000

4,587 90
1, 83520
1,284 60
1,284 60
3,303 30 91760
1, 00500
2,752 75
1, 06220 82500
66070
55050
3,51750
1, 34000 44040 5500 5000 2100

2,500 00
3,000 00
1,800 00
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensa: tion. \\
\hline Cuyahoga, Onio-Continued. & \\
\hline 1 & \$1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 depury collector and cle & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 1, 20000 \\
\hline 1 clerk & 90000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,275 50 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector . . \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 1,09500 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and mounted in spector. & 91250 \\
\hline 3 inspectors. & 3,081 C0 \\
\hline 1 niglit watehman & 1, 05300 \\
\hline 1 opener and packer & Gu0 OU \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and insp & 58400 \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors and inspectors & 94900 \\
\hline 1 depaty collector and inspect & 1825 \\
\hline SANDUSKY, OHIO. & \\
\hline 1 eollect & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 1 special depaty collector and inspector & 1,000 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and iuspecto & 300 co \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and inspecto & 80300 \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and ínspectors & 40150 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 10950 \\
\hline MIAM, OHIO. & \\
\hline 1 collect & 2,500 00 \\
\hline 1 special deputy col & 1,40000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1, 20000 \\
\hline 1 might deputy col & 67200 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,095 60 \\
\hline DETROIT, MICH. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 4,252 80 \\
\hline 1 special depaty collect & 2, 35340 \\
\hline 1 cashier & 1, 67138 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and & 1,600 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clork & 1,500 00 \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and clorks & 2, 80000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1,399 98 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1, 32000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 1,300 10 \\
\hline 5 deputy collectors and cler & 4,500 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and clerk & 88285 \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and clerks & 1,93750 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and examiner.... & 2, 00000 \\
\hline 1 messenger . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 73000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & - 1,600 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. . . . & 99900 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 99050 \\
\hline 2 deputy collectors and inspectors... & 2, 01000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector .... & 1,09750 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 99000 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. . . . & 84600 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 93650 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,012 50 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector..... & 97350 \\
\hline 2 depaty collectors ạd inspectors ... & 1,81250 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 89875 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 89375 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 89125 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 83750 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 82750 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 82500 \\
\hline 1 depaty collcctor and inspector. & \[
27750
\] \\
\hline 1 depnty collector and inspector & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,11250 \\
1,86950
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & \[
\begin{array}{r}
86950 \\
50250
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector.... & 50250
7665 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector & 7665
40200 \\
\hline 1 depnty collector, inspector, and gauger & 64500 \\
\hline 1 deputy oollector, inspector, and clerk & 90625 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

REGISTER.

\section*{STATEMENT of the NOMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, go.-} Continued.
Districts, number of persons, and
occupation.

\section*{Detroit, Mich.-Continued.}

1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk
1 depnty collector, inspector, and clerk.
2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks.
2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks...
2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and clerks
2 inspectors.
1 inspectress
1 inspectress.
1 storekeeper.
1 laborer
Of the above salarics the railroad companies paid \(\$ 1,873\).

\section*{hURON, MICH.}

1 collector
1 special deputy collector
1 doputy collector, cashier, \&c.
1 deputy collector and appraiser.
1 deputy collector
1 deputy collector and clerk
1 deputy collector and clerk
1 deputy collector and clerk
1 depaty collector and clerk
1 depaty collector
1 depaty collector
1 deputy collector
3 deputy collectors
1 depaty collector and messenger
1 watchunan
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collectur and inspector
4 deputy collectors and inspectors
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector
7 depaty collectors and inspectors
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector
2 depaty collectors and inspectors
1 depaty collector and inspector 1 deputy collector and insjector
1 deputy collector and inspector
4 deputy collectors and inspectors
3 doputy collector and inspector
1 depaty collector and inspector
1 deputy colloctor and night inspector.
2 inspectors
2 inspectors
1 inspector
1 inspector
1 inspector.
1 inspector

\section*{SUPERIOR, MCH.}

1 collector
1 special deputy collector
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 deputy collector and inspector
3 deputy collectors and inspectors
1 depnty collector and inspector
3 deputy collectors avd inspectors
2 inspectors
1 janitor.
mCHgan, mich.
1 collector
1 spocial deputy collector
\(\underset{\substack{\text { Compensa. } \\ \text { tion. }}}{ }\)
\$873 75
87125
67000
43550
20100
1, 67500
1, 81250
49500
41530
1, 00500
66000

2,500 00
2, 00000
1, 500 co
1, 81320
1, 50000
1, 50000
1, 30000
91200
80000
1, 18310
1,000 00
91200
2,700 00 73000 73000
1,500 00
1, 200.00
4,380 00
1, 03200 . 08225
6, 38400 81300 72000 84000 40200 40135 34800 82560 12135 8450

60750
2, 19000
1, 82500 86250 80001 73000 54800

2,500 00
1, 20000
1, 00000
1, 20450
60225
87600
27375
27375
1.09500 9600
2. 50000

1, 20000

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts, namber of persons, and occapation. & Compensation. & Districts, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. \\
\hline Chicago, Ill.-Continued. & & Dututh, Minn.-Continued. & \\
\hline in inspector & \$1,162 00 & 1 inspector & \$852 00 \\
\hline 3 inspector. & 1, 07700 & 1 deputy collector & 14500 \\
\hline 2 inspectors. & 2, 10600 & 1 deputy collector ... & 3790 \\
\hline - 3 inspectors. & 3, 15000 & & \\
\hline 2 inspectors. & 2, 09400 & MINNESOTA, MLNN. & \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 1, 044 . 00 & & \\
\hline 5 inspectors & 5,20500 & 1 collector & 2,665 20 \\
\hline 1 inspector. & 1,032 ט0 & 1 special depaty collector. & 1,46000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1, 02000 & 1 deputy collector .... & 2,000 00 \\
\hline tinspector & 84300 & 1 deputy collector & 146000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 83700 & 2 deputy collectors . .-............. & 1,86600 \\
\hline 7 inspector & 81300 & 1 deputy collector, examiner, and & \\
\hline -1 inspector & 80100 & gauger. & 2, 00000 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 37600 & 1 deputy collector and olerk & - 1,460 00 \\
\hline -3 icspectors & 1, 656 00 & 1 deputy collector ... & 1,277 50 \\
\hline 1 inapector.. & 17700 & 4 deputy collectors and mounted in- & \\
\hline 1 messanger & 87046 & spectors. & 5,11000 \\
\hline 1 messenge & 84000 & 1 deputy collector and inspector & 1,095 00 \\
\hline 1 messenge & 78000 & 1 clerk.. & 1,09500 \\
\hline 2 watchmen & 1, 82500 & 1 clerk and inspector & 1,095 00 \\
\hline - 3 labolers & 1, 87800 & 1 monnted inspector. & 1,27750 \\
\hline 1 laborer & G24 00 & 3 inspectors. & 3,285 00 \\
\hline 1 laborer & 59600 & 1 inspector . & 1,24000 \\
\hline \% storekeepers & 2, 19000 & & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper. & 91500 & DUBUQUE, IOWA. & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 82125 & & \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 26400 & 1 surveyor. & 45000 \\
\hline 1 storekeeper & 9000 & 1 janitor & 60000 \\
\hline 1 appraiser & 3,000 00 & 1 assistant janitor & 30000 \\
\hline S examiner. & 1,996 60 & & \\
\hline 1 examiner & 1,800 00 & burlington, IOWa. & \\
\hline 1 examiner & ], 60000 & - bur & \\
\hline 1 examiner & 1,308 98 & 1 surveyor. & 43871 \\
\hline 1 examiner & 2, 00000 & & \\
\hline 1 clerk & ], 19826 & GAINT LOUIS, MO. & \\
\hline 7 messenger. & 98200 & & \\
\hline 4 messenger. & 09800 & 1 surveyor......... & 5,000 00 \\
\hline 2 openers nnd packers & 1,825 00 & 1. special deputy surveyor & 2,500 00 \\
\hline a opener and packer & 73000 & 1 deputy surseyor and cashier. & 2,000 00 \\
\hline A laborer. & 62200 & 1 deputy surveyor and clerk. & 1,800 00 \\
\hline 1 laborer & 62400 & 1 deputy surveyor and clerk & 1,600 00 \\
\hline 3 laborer & 62600 & 1 deputy surveyor and inspeoto & 1, 60000 \\
\hline & & 1 clerk . . . . & \[
1,50000
\] \\
\hline galena, ild. & & 1 clerk & \[
1.40000
\] \\
\hline & & & \[
1,30000
\] \\
\hline T1 surveyor. & 42119 & 1 clerk. & 1,200 00 \\
\hline 1 depnty surveyor & 50000 & 1 clerk. & 1,084 85 \\
\hline & & 1 clerk & 90000 \\
\hline CAIRO, ILL. & & 1 messenger & 84000 \\
\hline & & 1 watchuan & 91250 \\
\hline \$ surveyor & . 84785 & 1 appraiser. & 3,000 00 \\
\hline 4 depaty sarveyor & 60000 & 1 examiner & 1,400 00 \\
\hline & & 1 drag examiner & C500 00 \\
\hline MILWAUKEE, WTS. & & 1 assistant weigher and inepector. & 1,000 00 \\
\hline & & 2 inspectors .. & 2,868 00 \\
\hline 1 collector & 2,728 91 & 2 inspectors. & 2,55500 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector & 1,651 70 & 3 inspectors & 3,285 00 \\
\hline 1 clerk............. & 1,468 10 & 1 storekeeper & 91250 \\
\hline 1 clerk. & 1,340 00 & 1. sampler & 91250 \\
\hline 1 inspector & 1,015 00 & 1 opener and pack & 73000 \\
\hline 3 deputy collector. & 1, 10110 & 3 laborers........ & 1,44000 \\
\hline 1 opener and packer & 66070 & & \\
\hline 1 deputy cullector and inspector. & 52445 & GAINT JOBrPg, MO. & \\
\hline 1 depaty collector and inspector. & 26800 & & \\
\hline f deputy collector and inspector. & 36995 & 1 surveyor ....... & 1, 36408 \\
\hline 1 deputy collector and inspector. & 38525 & 1 deputy survoyor .......... & 1, 00000 \\
\hline Il deputy collector and inspector. & 13400 & KANGAS CITY, MO. & \\
\hline La CROSSE, Wis. & &  & \\
\hline 1 surveyor. & 1,200 00 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 surveyor \\
1 deputy surveyor and inspector.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{ll}
2,551 & 09 \\
1,011 & 00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline DULUTH, MINN. & & OMAHA, NEBR. & \\
\hline 1 collector & 1,000 00 & & \\
\hline A special deputy collector & 1,400 00 & 1 survejor...... & 76370 \\
\hline f deputy collector. & 1,095 00 & 1 deputy sarveyor & 91200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STATRMENT of the NOMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, fo.Continued.}


STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, APPROPRIATIONS, BALANCES in the TREASURY, and BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS of the UNITED STATES, from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1885, inclusive, compiled fron the records in the Register's Offce.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Years. & Rocoipts. & Expenditares. & Balances in the Treasury, per warrants paid. & Appropriations. & Surplus fand. & Balances of appropriations. & \\
\hline From March 4, 1789, to Decemb & \$10, 210,025 75 & \$7, 207, 53002 & \$973,905 75 & \$8, 991, 60015 & & \$1, 784, 06113 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1792. & 8,740,766 77 & 9, 141, 56967 & 78?,444 51 & 9, 246, 44024 & & 1,880, 13770 & \\
\hline Year coded December 31, 1799. & 5, 724, 62428 & 7, 529, 575 & 753, 60169 & 9, 270, 82373 & & 3, 636,38588 & \\
\hline Year euded December 31, 173 & 10, 041, 10105 & 0,302, 12474 & 1, 151, 92417 & 14, 032, 08023 & \$415, 76174 & 7, 151,18563 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1705 & 0, 419, 80279 & 10, 435, 06965 & 516, 442 61 & 9, 355,80171 & 99,359 03 & 6, \(\mathrm{i} i 2,03868\) & \\
\hline Year ended Decomber 31, 1796 & 8 8, 740, 3:9 65 & \(8,367,76084\) & 888, 09542 & 7, 813, 95245 & 17,417 90 & 6, 101, 37637 & 20 \\
\hline Year eudod December 31, 1797 & 8,758,910 40 & \(8,622.1278\) & \(1_{4} 0021,89904\) & \(8,041,43575\) & 62, 23725 & 5, 4n4, \(56{ }^{\text {c }} 09\) & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1798 & 8, 209, 07007 & 8, 613,51768 & 617,45143 & 11, 976,84884 & 183, 12037 & 8, 334,77908 & 0 \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1789 & 12, 621, 45984 & 11, 077, 04350 & 2, 161, 86777 & 13, 220, 46189 & 57,044 38 & 10, 727, 14609 & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline Yoar coded December 31, 1800 & 12, 451, 18414 & 11, 939, \(3: 992\) & 2, 623, 31199 & 11, 534,62188 & 2, 249, 19077 & 8,442, 63726 & 0 \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1800 & 12, 945, 455.95 & 12, 273,37694 & \(8,295,39100\) & 13, 47\%, 15781 & 30.j, 14101 & 9, 246, 47712 &  \\
\hline Year ended Docember 31, 1802 & 15, 001, 39131 & 13, 276, 08467 & 5, 020, 69764 & 12, 058.89199 & 50, 45012 & 7, 0699,83432 & \\
\hline Year ended Decenber 31, 1803 & 11, 004, 097.03 & 11, 258, 98367 & \(4,820,811600\) & 13, 683.12012 & 1,446, 14.923. & 8 8, 950, 821 ¢4 & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline Ycar ended December 31, 1804 & 11, 835.84002 & 12, 624,64636 & 4, 037,00520 & 12, 209, 84774 & 268.81089 & \(8,330,21203\) & 4 \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1805. & 13, 680, 50814 & 13, 717,14441 & 3, 990,38809 & 13, 836,07388 & \({ }^{3} 3,606,42800\) & 4,858, 73350 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1806. & 15, 608, 828878 & 15, 070.09397 & 4, 538, 12380 & 15, 582, 63338 & 674, 03214 & 4, 697, 24057 & \\
\hline Year ended Decromber 31, 1807. & 16,398, 01920 & 11, 292, 29299 & 9,643, 85007 & 15, 819, 235535 & 113, 42268 & 9, 110, 80025 & \\
\hline Year cnded December 31, 1808. & 17, 062, 544409 & 16, 764, 58420 & 9, 941, 80998 & 16, 072, 08680 & 3,909.531 86 & 4,508,770 99 & (2) \\
\hline Year ended Decembor 31, 1809. & 7, 773, 47312 & 13, 867,22630 & 3, 848, 05678 & 15, 068, 500 91 & 706, 8.4174 & 5, 024, 00.786 & \\
\hline Year conded December 31, 1810 & 12, 144, 20653 & 13, 319, 98674 & 2, 672,27657 & 14, 713,87765 & 1, 187, 79516 & \(5,230.09961\) & 状 \\
\hline Y car ended December 31, 1811 & 14, 431, 838814 & 13, 601, 808.91 & 3, 502, 30580 & 14.738. 52697 & 268, 70947 & 6, 104, 10820 & z \\
\hline Yeir cnded December 31, 1812 & 22, 639, 032276 & 22, 279, 12115 & 3, 862,21741 & 28, 492, 34971 & 570, 86891 & 11, 740, 46780 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1813 & 40, 524, 844495 & 39, 390,52036 & 5, 196, 542000 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(37,078,97445\) \\
\(46.602,71928\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 259,17657
592,30999 & 9,375, 74442 & 2 \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1814. & 50, 961, 23760 & 39, 582, 49335 & 13, 106, 59288 & 31, 208, 30954 & \({ }_{393} 39,05098\) & 17, \({ }^{857,923} 89\) & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline Year ended Decenher 31, 1816 & 57, 171, 42182 & 48, 244, 49551 & 22, 033, 51919 & 49, 905, 22035 & 639, 13399 & 9, 672,27995 & N \\
\hline Year ended December 3L, 1817 & 33, 833, 59233 & 40, 877. 64604 & 14, 989, 46548 & 36,613, 12208 & 372, 06658 & 5, 035, 08941 & \\
\hline Year endel December 31, 1818. & 21, 593,936 66 & 35, 104, 87540 & 1,478, 526 74 & 36, 203, 02112 & 382, 51455 & 5, 841,32058 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1819 & 24, 605, 66537 & 24, 004, 19973 & 2, 079, 90233 & 24, 109, 45980 & 133, 35202 & 5,813,228-63 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 18 & 20, 881, 493 06 & 21, 763, 02485 & 1,198,461 21 & 25, 497, 55328 & 137, 57178. & 9,410,185 20 & \\
\hline Tear erded Decemier 31, 1821 & 19, 573, 70372 & 19, 090, 57269 & 1,681,592 \({ }^{4} 4\) & 18,435, 460661 & 747, 30808 & 8, 007,770 22 & \\
\hline Yoar onded December 31, 1822 & 20,232, 42704 & 17, 676, 592 ' 63 & 4, 237, 427 55 & 20, 508, 01781 & 641, 28565 & 10, 197, 00975 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31. 1823 & 20,540, 666 26 & 15, 314, 17100 & 9, 463, 92281 & 20, 100, 11381 & 150, 72011 & 14, 923, 142 45 & \\
\hline Fear euded December 31, 1884 & 24, 381, 21279 & 31, 898, 53847 & 1, 846, 59713 & 25, 830, 635 95 & 273, 36364 & 8,581, 86029 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1825 & 26, 840, 85802 & 23, 585, 80473 & 5, 201, 65043 & 22, 892, 544 72 & 277, 80261 & 7, 610,80368 & \\
\hline Year enüd December 31, 1828 & 25, 260, 43421 & \(2+, 103,398440\) & 6, 358, 68618 & 23, 255, 413 09 & 251, 83089 & 6, 510,987 42 & \\
\hline Y car enderl December 31, 1827 & 22, 966, 363989 & 22, 656, 76404 & 6, 668, 28610 & 23, 216, 65086 & 220, 18173 & 6, 850, 69251 & 0 \\
\hline Year coded December 31. 1828 & 24,763, 62923 & 25,459, 47952 & 5, 972, 43581 & 22, 612, 40861 & 200, 08847 & 3, 737, 53313 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1829 & 24, 827, 62738 & 25, 044, 35840 & 5, 755, 70479 & 25, 825, 30216 & 193, 23597 & 4, 325, 240 g 2 & \\
\hline Year ended December 31, 1830 & 24, 844, 11651 & 24, 585, 2815 & 6,014, 53975 & 26, 332, 22002 & 621,845 21 & 6, 450, 33418 & \\
\hline Yoar ended December 31, 1831 & 28, 626, 82082 & 30, 038, 44012 : & 4, 502, 91445 & 29,763, 05961 & 179,585 36 & 4, 995, 41281 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

* Prior to Jane 30, 1876, statement is ly warrants paid; subsequently is by warrants isaued.

545, 340, 71398


137, 00081 172, 07342 172,07342
449,35956 482,98340 550, 01644 313,40751 , 750, 02217 958, 63370 , 973, 97778 74,43360 443,94535 274,57038 \(735,761.02\) 702,618 67 185, 02499 1, 381, 20163 178,29161 138,28615 138,28015
118,320
30 1, 892,532 30 121, 16456 1, 107,317 53 310, 95985 72,437 49 13, 97502 394, Gj2 04 011, 53332 756, 46155 375,81427 553, 928 40 7, 459, 84516 3, 457, 46303 \(1,317,88495\) 68 585, 30581 68, 587,06549 58, 739, 19463 12, 84952 11, 52175 \(11,335,25765\) 58, 453, 40047 7, 011,60498

6,735, 07554 \(\begin{array}{r}11,285,028 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 060 \\ \hline\end{array}\) 8,455, 700 60

6, 978,404 01 \(15,244,81535\) \(11,162,46584\) \(11,453,35324\) \(19,503,01938\)
\(21,681,27347\) \(21,681,2734\) 17, 816, 70532 3, 126, 12005 11300,11854 10011,82789 10,155 , 36465 \(10,155,36465\)
\(7,536,99354\) 13, 643, 7866 \(13,3 \geqslant 8.77896\) 18, 675, 53868 \(18,675,538\)
\(17,734,26732\) 14, 980, 71833 7, 927,97835 15, 545, 59460 20, 134, 678 93 \(24,868,18665\) 28,973, 06832 4, 562, 449 68 26,418, 69844 \(27,344,59422\) 23, 357, 78500 21, 331, 15212 43, 779, 51019 151, 185, 29220 \(1,025,157,39140\) 621, \(8=2,146\) \(673.488,958\) 351, 595, 11438 \(309,919,42045\)
\(158,156,82887\) 103, 765, 06768 103, 859 , Gu6 88 \(253,485,44732\) 92, 021, 12949 \(114,388,46729\) -97, 266, 05968 52, 026,21529 35, 903, 02603 \(34,155,10111\) \(25,543,40526\) 1, 167, 678 03 \(84,318,91735\)

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, APPROPRIATIONS, BALANCES IN the TREASURY, \&o.-Coutinued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Years. & Receipts. & Expenditares. & Balances in the Treasury, per warrants paid. & Appropriations. & Surplus fand. & Balances of appropriations. \\
\hline To June 30, 1881 & \$474, 532, 82657 & \$425, 865, 22264 & \$280, 607, 66837 & \$440, 883, 70569 & \$5, 079, 99303 & \$44, 257, 40647 \\
\hline To June 30, 1882 . & 524, 470,97428 & 529, 627,73912 & 275, 450,90353 & 537, 640,04172 & 7,521, 92788 & 44,747, 78119 \\
\hline To June 30, 1883 & 954, 230, 14595 & 855, 491, 96750 & 374, 189, 08198 & 914, 686, 30485 & 4,785, 48202 & 99, 156, 63652 \\
\hline To Juine 30, 1884. & 555, 399, 25592 & 504, 646,93483 & 424, 941, 403.07 & \(523,846,48129\) & 16,467, 07258 & 101, 889,06040 \\
\hline To June 30, 1885. & 508, 839, 91173 & 471,987, 28854 & 521, 794, 02626 & 449, 276, 15920 & 5,830,431 95 & 73, 338,499 11 \\
\hline Total. & 21, 649, 805, 64127 & 21, 128, 011,01501 & & 21, 713, 599, 99215 & 512, 036, 82759 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{21, 640, 805, 64127} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Grand total appropriated from March 4, 1789, to Jane 30, 1885, as above .......................................................................... \(21.713,599,99215\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Grand total expenditures from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1885, as, abore Graud total surplas fund from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1885, as above \\
Amount erroneously carried to suiplus fund in 1817 and restored to the appropriations in 1850 , by order of First Comptroller \\
Repayments where there were no expenditures in 1851
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} & \\
\hline & & & & & & 21, 718, 590, 09315 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Very respectfully, your obedient servant, \\ Hon. Daniel Manning.}

Secretary of the Treasury.

\title{
LIABILITIES OF THE UNITED STATES T0 INDIAN TRIBES under treaty stipulations.
}

\section*{LIABILITIES}

\author{
of the
}

\section*{UNITED STATES TO INDIAN TRIBES UNDER TREATY STIPULATION}

> Department of the Interior, Washington, August \(18,1885\).

SIR: I bave the honor to transmit berewith statement of liabilities of the United States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, together with a letter of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs dated 17 th instant, forwarding the same.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, L. Q. C. LAMAR, Secretary.
The Bon. Seoretary of the Treasury.

> Department of the Interior, OFFige of Indian AfFaiks, Washington, August \(17,1885\).

Sir : I have the bonor to inclose herewith, for transmittal to the honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, a statement showing the liabilities of the Uuited States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, as per request contained in the letter of the bonorable Secretary dated the 4th instant, referred on the 6 th instant, which is berewith returned. Very respectfully,

\section*{A. B. UPSHAW, Acting Commissioner.} 713
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Names of treaties. & Description of annuities, \&c. & Number of installments yet unappropriated, explanations, \&c. & Reference to laws, Statates at Large. &  &  &  &  \\
\hline Apacbes, Kiowas, and Comanches. & Thirty installments, provided to be expended ander the tenth article treaty of October 21, 1867. & Thirteen installments, unappropriated, at \(\$ 30,000\) each. & Vol. 15, p. 584, 810 & & \$360, 00000 & & \\
\hline Do. & Purchase of clothing......................... & Tenth article treaty of October 21, 1867. & .do & \$15,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Do.... & Pay of carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, miller, and ongineer. & Fourteenth article treaty of October 21, 1867. & Vol. 15, p. 585, \$ 14 & 5,200 00 & & & \\
\hline Do. Arickarees, Gros & Pay of plysician and teacher ................
Amount to be expended in such coods, \&c., as & & Treaty not pab. & \(\begin{array}{r}2,500 \\ 50 \\ 5000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Arickarees, Gros \\
Ventres, and Mandans.
\end{tabular} & Amount to be expended in such goons, \&c., as the President may from time to time determine. & Sereath article treaty of July 27, 1866. & Treaty not pab- & 50,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Assioaboines..... & & \#...do ........................ & . . do & 30,00000 & & & \\
\hline Blaokfeet, Bloods, and Piegans. & & Eighth article treaty of September 1, 1808. & & 40, 01000 & & & \\
\hline Cheyenuos and Arapahoes. Do. & Tbirty installments, provided to be expended uuder tenth article treaty of October 28, 1867. Purchase of clothing, same article & Twelve installments, unappropriated, at \(\$ 20,000\) each. & Vol. 15, p. 596, ¢ 10
\(\ldots\) do \(\ldots . . . . .\). & 14,000 00 & 240,000 00 & & \\
\hline & Pay of physician, carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, willer, engineer, and teacher. & & Vol. 15, p. 597, 13 & 7,700 00 & & & \\
\hline Chickasaw........ & Permauent annuity in goods................. & & Vol. 1, p. \(619 \ldots\). & & & \$3,000 00 & \\
\hline Chipperwas of the Mississippi. & Forty-six installments to be paid to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians. & Seven installments, of \(\$ 1,000\) each, due. & Vol. 9, p. 904, §3.. & & 7,000 00 & & \\
\hline Chippewas, Pilla. ger, and Lake Winnebágoshish bands. & Forty installments: in woney, \(\$ 10,666.66\); goods, \(\$ 8,000\); and for purposes of utility, \(\$ 4,000\). & Niue installments, of \(\$ 22,666.66\) each, due. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Vol. 10, p. } 1168, \$, \\
& 3 ; \text { vol. 13, p. } 694, \\
& \$ 3 .
\end{aligned}
\] & & 203, 99994 & & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline . Choctaws.......... & Pcrmanent anmalties. & Second article treaty of November 16, 1805, \$3,000; thirteenth article treaty of October 18, 1820, \(\$ 600\); second article treaty of January 20, 1825, \$6,000. & Vol. 7. p. 99, § \(^{2}\); vol. 11, p. 614, 13; vol. 7, p. 213 , § 13: vol. 7, p. 235, § 2 : & & & 9,600 00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Names of treaties． & Desoription of annuities，\＆o． & Number of installments yet unap－ propriated，explanations，\＆c． & Reference to laws，Statutes at Large． &  &  &  &  \\
\hline Miamics of Kansas． & Interest on \(\$ 21,884.81\) ，at the rate of 5 per cont．， as per thind atticle treaty of June 5， 1854. & & Vol．10，p．1094，§3 & & & \＄1， 09424 & \＄21， 88481 \\
\hline Miamies of Eel River． & Permauent anuuities ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & Fourth article treaty of 1795； third article treaty of 1805； third article treaty of 1809 ． & Vol．7，p．51，§4； rol．7，p．91，
vol．7，p．114， 3 ；
\(3 ;\) vol．7．p． 116. & & & 1，100 00 & 22，000 00 \\
\hline Molels．．．． & Pay of teacher to mannal labor school，and subsistence of pupils，\＆c． & Treaty of December 21，1855．．．．．． & Vol．12，p．982，§2 & \＄3，000 \(00 \cdot\) & & & \\
\hline Nez Percés & Salary of two matrons for schools，two assist－ aut tenchers，famer，carpenter，and wo millers． & Treaty of June 9， 1863 & Vol．14，p．650，§5 & 3，500 00 & & & \\
\hline Northern Chef－ onnes and Arap． abues． & Thirty installments，for purchase of clothing． as per sixilu article of treaty May 10， \(1800^{\circ}\) ． & Thirteen installments，of \(\$ 12,000\) each，due． & Vol．15，p．657，§6． & & \＄156， 00000 & & \\
\hline Do．t． & Tentinstallments，to be expenterl by the Sec． retary of the Interior，for Indians engaged in agriculture． & Three installments，of \(\$ 37,500\) each，due． & ．．do & & 112，500 00 & & \\
\hline Do． & Pay of ieacher，farmer，carpenter，miller， blacksmith engineor，and plitsician． & Estimated at． & Vol．15，p．658，§ 7. & 6， 00000 & & & \\
\hline Omahas．． & Trelve iustallments，fourth series，io money or otherwise． & Nine installments．fourth series， of \(\$ 10,000\) each，due． & Vol．10，p．1044，§4 & & 90，000 00 & & \\
\hline Osages．． & Interest ou \(\$(0,120\) ，at 5 per cent．for educa－ tional purposes． & Resulution of the Senate to treaty， Junuary 2， 182 s. & Vol．7，p．242，§6．． & & & 3，456 00 & 69，120 00 \\
\hline Do．．． & Interest on \(\$ 3100,000\) ，at 5 per cent．，to bo paid semi－annually，in money or such articley as the secretary of the Interior may diect． & Treaty of September \(29,1863 \ldots\). & Vol．14，p．687，\＄1 & & & 15，000 00 & 300,00000 \\
\hline Otnes and Missou－ rias． & Twelve installiuenta，last series，iu moncy or otherwise． & Nine installments，of \(\$ 5,000\) each， due． & Vol．10，p．1039，§4 & & 45，000 00 & & \\
\hline Pawnees．．．． & Anuuits goods，and such articles as may be －necessary． & & Vol．11，p．729，§2． & & & 30，000 00 & \\
\hline Do & Support of two mannal－labor sc̣ools and pay of teachers． & do & Vol．11，p．729，§3． & 10，000 00 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Do............... \\
Do. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & For iron and steel and other_necessary articles for shops, gnd pay of two blacksmitha, one of whom is to be tin and gun smith, and conapensation of two strikers and apprenticos. Farning uteusils and stock; pay of farmer miller, and pagineer, and compensation of apprentices, to nssist in working in the mill and keeping in repair grist amd save mill. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Estimaterl, \({ }^{\text {fot }}\) fron and steel,罗 \$500; two blacksmiths, \(\$ 1,200\),黍 and two strikers, \(\$ 480\). \\
Estimated \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & Vol. 11, p. 729, 84.
Vol. 11, p. 730, \$4. & 2,18000
4,40000 & & & \\
\hline Poncas & Fifteen installmenta, last series, to be paid to thera or expended for their benefit. & Three installments, of \(\$ 8,000\) each, due. & Vol. 12, p. 997, §2. & & 24,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do. & A monat to be expenderl during the pileasuic of the President fis purposes of civilization. & Treaty of March 12, 1868......... & Vol. 12, p. 098, §2. & 10,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Pottawatomies & Permanent annuity in money ................ & Angust 3;1795.... & Vol. 7, p. \(51.84 . .\). & & & 35780
17890 & 7,156 00 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do } \\
& \text { Do }
\end{aligned}
\] & ...... do do & September \({ }^{\text {October 2, }} 1818.1809\) & Vol. 7, p. \(114,83\). & & & 17890
804
50 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3,5: 800 \\
17,890
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & ......d do & Septembr \({ }^{\text {20, }} 182\) & Vol. 7, p. 317. \%2.. & & & 71560 & 14,312 00 \\
\hline D & do & July 29, 1829 & Vol 7, p. \(330,{ }^{\text {c, }}\) & & & 5,724 77 & 114,495 40 \\
\hline & For edncational purposes, during the pleasure of the President. & September 20, 1828 Octuber 16, 1826 October 27, 1832 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Vol. 7. p. 31x, \(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{2}\) \\
Vol: 7, p. 296 \\
V ol. 7, p. 401
\end{tabular} & \(\}^{\circ} 5,00000\) & & 5 , & 14, \\
\hline Do. & Permanent provision for three blacksimiths - and assistants, iron and steel. & \[
\text { 1828; July } 29,1820 .
\] & Vol. 7, p. 290, \(\$ 3\) \begin{tabular}{l} 
col. 7. p. 318, \\
vol. \(7, \mathrm{p} .321 .82\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & & 1,008 99 & 20,179 80 \\
\hline & Permanent provision for furnishing salt & Julr 29, 1829 & Vol. 7, p 320, \(3 .\). & & & 15654 & 3, 13090 \\
\hline Do. & Peinment provision for payment of money in lieu of tobacco. iron, and steel. & Sentember 20, 1828; June 5 and 17, 1846. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Fol. } 7, \text {, } 318.82 \\
& \text { vol. } 9, \text { p. } 855 . \text { 10. }
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 10734 & 2, 14680 \\
\hline - Do. & For interest on \(\$ \geq 30,064.20\), at 5 per cent & June 5 and 17, \(1846 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .\). & Vol. 0, p 855 , 7. & & & 11,503 21 & 230, 06420 \\
\hline Pottawatomies of Haron. & Permanent annuities. & November 17, 1808. & Vol. 7, p. 106, \$2.. & & & 40000 & 8,000,00 \\
\hline Quapaws. & For edncation, smith, farmer, and smitb-sbop during the pleasure of the President. & \(\$ 1,000\) for education, \(\$ 1,060\) for smitb, \&c. & Vol. 7, p. 425, §3.. & 2, 06000 & & & \\
\hline Sars and Foxes of Mississippi. & Permanent anuuity ........................... & Treaty of November 3, 1804....... & Vol. 7, p. 85, § 3 .. & & & 1,000,00 & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Do......... & Interest on \$200,000, at 5 per cent & Treaty of October \({ }^{2} 1,1837\) & Vol. 7, p. 541. 82 & & & 10,000 00 & 200, 000 00 \\
\hline Do & Interest on \$840,000, at 5 per ceut & Treaty of October 21, 8842 & Vol. 7, p. 596, 82 & & & 40,000 09 & 800,00000 \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. & Interest on \$157,400, at 5 per cent & Treaty of October 21, 18:37 & Vol. 7, p. 543, \(\mathrm{¢}^{2}\) & & & 7,870 00 & 157, 40000 \\
\hline Do... & For support of school & Treaty of March 6,1861 & V.ol.12,p.172, 85 & 20060 & & & \\
\hline Seminoles & Interest on \(\$ 500.000\), eighth article of treaty of Angust 7, 18 i6. & \$25,000 annual unnuity. & Vol. 11, p. 702, §8 & & & 25,000 00 & 500,000 00 \\
\hline Do. & Interest on 970,000 , at 5 per cent. & Support of schools, \&c & Vol. 14, p. 757, \$3 & & & 3,500 00 & 70,000 00 \\
\hline Senecas & Permanent annuity & September 9 and 17,1817.......... & Vol. 7. p. 161, \({ }^{54}\); rol. 7, p. 17984 & & & 1,000 00 & 20,000 00 \\
\hline Do. & Smith and smith-shop and miller, permanent. & February \(28,1821\). & Vol. 7, p. 349, \%4. & & & 1,680 00 & 33,200 00 \\
\hline Senecas of Now & Permanent annuities & February 19, 1841. & Vol. 4, p. \(442 \ldots\) & & & 6,000 00 & 120, 00000 \\
\hline Do. & Interest on \$75,000. at 5 per cent & Act of Jane 27, 1840 & Vol. 9, p. 35, \({ }^{\text {2 }}\).. & & & 3,750 00 & 75,000 00 \\
\hline D & Interest on \(\$ 13,050\), trausferreil from the Ontario Bank to the United States Treasurs. & & Vol. 9, p. 35, 3 3 .. & & & 2,152 50 & 43, 05000 \\
\hline Senecas and Shaw. nees. & Permanent annuity & Treaty of Septem ber 17, \(1818 \ldots\). & Vol. 7, p. 179, § 4. & & & 1,000 00 & 20,000 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Names of treaties. & Description of nunultios, \&c. & Number of installments yet unap. propriated, explanations, \&c. & Reference to laws, Statutes at Large. &  &  &  &  \\
\hline Shawnees........ & Permanent annuity for education & Angust 3, 1795; September 29; 1817 & Vol. 7 , & & & \$3,000 00 & \$60, 00000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Do. \\
Sboshones and
\end{tabular} & Interest on \(\$ 40,000\), at 5 per cent.. & August 3, 1795; May 10, 1854..... & Vol. 10, p. 1056,83 & & & 2, 000 00 & 40,000 00 \\
\hline  & For the purchase of clothing for men, women, and children, thirty installments. & Fourteen installments due, estimated at \(\$ 11,500\) eacb. & Vol. 15, p. 676, §9 & & \$161,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do. & For pay of physician, carpenter, teacher, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith. & Estimated & Vol. 15, p. 676, ¢10 & \$5, 00000 & & & \\
\hline & Blacksmith, and for iron and steel for slops.. & ..... do........................ & Vol. 15, p. 676, § 3 & 1, 00000 & & & \\
\hline Baunacks & For the purchase of clothing for med, women, and children, thit ty installments. & Fourteen installinents due, esti. mated at \(\$ 6,937\) each. & Vol. 15, p. 6i6, §9. & & 97, 11800 & & \\
\hline Do. & Pay of physician, earpenter, miller, teacher, engineer, fanmer, and blacksmitb. & Estimated........................ & Vol. 15, p. 676, § 10 & 5, 00000 & & & \\
\hline Six Nations of New York. & Permanent aunuities in cluthing, \&c.......... & Treaty, November 11, 1794. & Vol. 7, p. 64, §6 & & & 4,500 00 & 90,000 00 \\
\hline Sioux of different tribes, including Smatec Sioux of & Purchase of clothing for men, women, and children. & Fourteon installments, of \(\$ 130,000\) each, due; estiniated. & Vol. 15, p. 638, § 10 & & 1,820,000 00 & & \\
\hline Nebraska. Do. & Blacksmith, and for iron avd steel. & Estimated. & & 2,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Do.... & For such articles as may be considered neces. sary by the secretary of the Interior for persons roaming. & Fourteen instaliments, of \(\$ 200,000\) each, due; estimated. & , &  & 2, 800,00000 & & \\
\hline Do. & Pbysiciau, tive teachers, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith. & Estimated. & Vol. 15, p. 638, § 13 & 10,400 00 & & & \\
\hline Do & Purchase of ratious, \&e., as per article 5, agreement of stptember 26, l876. & . do & Vol. 19, p. 256, §5 & 1,100,000 00 & & & \\
\hline Tabeguache band of Utes. & Pay of blacksmith............................. & , & Vol. 13, p. 675,810 & 72000 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Tabequacho, Muache, Capote, Weomisuche, Yampa, Grand River. and Dintab bands of Dtes. & For iron and steel and necessary tools for blaclismith shop. & & Vol. 15; p. 627, \$9. & 22000 & & & \\
\hline Do. & Two carpenters, two millers, two farmers, one blacksmith, tud two teachers. & . do. & Vol. 15, p. 622, § 15 & 7,800 00 & & & \\
\hline Do.............. & Thirty installments, of \(\$ 30,000\) each, to be ex. pended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for clothiug, blankets, \&e. & Thirteen installments, each \(\$ 30,000\); due. & Vol. 15, p. 622, § 11 & & 390,000 00 & ...-......... & \\
\hline Do. & Annual amount to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in supplying said Indians with beef, mutton, wheat, four beans, \&c. & - \({ }^{-}\) & Vol. 15, p. 622, § 12 & 30,00000 & & & \\
\hline Winnebagoes & Interest on \(\$ 804,909.17\), at 5 per cent. per anunm. & Norember 1, 1837, and Senate amendment, July 17, 1862. & Vol, 7, p. 546, § 4 Fol. 12, p. 628, \& 4. & & & 40,245 45 & 804;909 17 \\
\hline Do.......... . & Interest on \(\$ 78,340.41\), at 5 per cent. per annum, to the expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior. & July 15, 1870........................ & Vol. 16, p. 355, ¢1. & & & 3,917 02 & 78,340 41 \\
\hline Tanktou tribe of Sioux. & Ten iostallments, of \(\$ 25,000\) each, being third series to be paid to them, or expended for their benefit. & Three installments due, of \(\$ 25,000\) each. & Vol. 11, p. 744, §4. & & 75,000 00 & & \\
\hline Do & Twenty installments, of \(\$ 15,000\) each, fourth series, to be paid to them, or expended for their benefit. & Nineteen installmeuts, of \(\$ 15,000\) each, due. & . . do . . . . . . . . & & 285, 00000 & .-. & \\
\hline 'rotal & & & & 1,420,150 00 & 7,750,617 94 & 349,336 44 & 6, 116,329 19 \\
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[^0]:    * Part of which had matured before November 1, 1884.

[^1]:    * The aggregate of these amounts is $\$ 101,611.86$ less than the amount stated above as accrued interest on the same date, for the reason that the latter amount, taken from the publicdebt statement, includes $\$ 101,611.86$ interest items paid, and appears in the amount stated as cash held for matured debt and interest.

[^2]:    * Exclusive of bonds issued to Pacific railroads.

[^3]:    *The manner in which the estimate for 1874 was made is not clear. The recoinage appears to have awounted to 18.7 millions (see Finance Reports, 1874, p. 191; 1873, p. 472). The exports of coin (including foreign) exceeded the imports. by 12.3 millions. This would make a net gain of 19.4 millions, or 7.8 millions less than the Mint Bureau's cstimate. Probably the difference is due to the assumption that the estimato for 1873 was for Norember 1 of that year (see Finance Report 1879, p. 198). This appears to be an error, however, since iu the report for 1875 (Finance Report 1875, p. 311) Dr. Linderman, then Director, states that the estimate for 1873 was for July 1.
    $\dagger$ Up to 1879 the recoinage includes foreign coin recoined, and in the imports and exports foreigu coin is also included: In making an estinate of United States coin, this was cloarly an error.
    $\ddagger$ The Mint Bureau added, in 1885, 30 millions for amount estimated to have been consumed in the arts from 1874 to 1880. (See Director's Report 1885, p. 25.)

[^4]:    * Including \$28,101,644.91 deposited with the States nnder act June 23, 1836;

[^5]:    * For the half-year from Jan

[^6]:    * $\$ 2,240,000$, heretofore erroneously included in this balance as a reserve fund, dropped.

[^7]:    Notrs．－The references（a），（b），and（c）represont the aggregate amounts of silk－threaded paper，with distributed silk fiber made for the Goverument，under a contract

[^8]:    Nore.-The accounts of receipts and expenditures published by the Register will vary in some cases from the figures above given, for the reason that his statement is made up from warrants issued during the fiseal year, regardless of balances in the hands of officers at the beginning and end of the year. If the accounts of

[^9]:    * 22 packages

[^10]:    *Six thousand seven hundred and twenty-one gallons trausferred from "bourbon" to "rye" to conform to the reclassification of the collector of the second district Iowa. There is no change in the aggregate. The totals here are 41,170,338 "bonrbon" and 15,0.11,778 "rye." The report for the year 1884 shows $41,177,059$ "'bourben " and 15, 005, 057 "rye."

[^11]:    * Exported prior to July 1, 1883.
    $\dagger$ Including snuff.
    $\ddagger$ Inc̀luding exported stills.

[^12]:    Every association formed pursuant to the provisions of this act may inake and use a common seal, and shall have succession by the name designated in its articles of association, and for the period limited therein, not however exceeding twenty yeard from the passage of this act.

[^13]:    The present national banking laws do not forbid the stockbolders of an expiring corporation from organizing a nerr bauking association, nor from assuming the name of the old corporation, with the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency, and in the absence of any prohibition to that effect, no legal obstacle to the formation of a wew association by such stockbolders, and the adoption of the name of the old association, would in my opinion exist.

[^14]:    "Congressional Record, No. 120, p. 25, Forty-seventh Cungress.
    $\dagger$ Ibid., No. 147, p. 32.
    $\ddagger$ Ibid., July 11, 1882.

[^15]:    * Before February 25, 1883.

[^16]:    *A large proportion of these bouds were replaced by others.

[^17]:    The time of the final payment of the delot is, however, yet distant, and with appropriate legislation there will probably be for many years no lack of bonds as as sate basis of circulation. Moreover, no feasible plan with other security has as jet been suggested, affording a sound currency redeemable on demand in specie, and the Comptroller believes that it is extremely doubtful whether, after the experience of the last twenty years, the people would be satisfied with a currency based on any security other than United States bouds.
    Public sentiment seems to be in favor of the payment of the publie debt as rapidy as possible, and while no doubt this is in general a correct principle, yet as it is appareut that such payment must extend under the most favorable circumstances over a long future period, the interest during which time is as mach a portion of the debt as the principal, it is a question if it would not be of ultimate benefit to the country and a payment of the debt to reduce the interest upon it to a minimum rate and defer the payment of the principal, thus giving for many yoare safo basid for national-bank circulation. This course would be particularly advantageous if the

[^18]:    Experience has shown that if instead of ninety dollars upon each one hundred dollars of bonds, one hundred dollars of circulating notes had been issued upon every seventy dollars of United States bonds deposited, there would not have been any loss to the Government, or to the holders of the circulating notes of any of the national banks which have failed during the last twenty years; but that there might have been an additional loss to the depositors, depending upon the character of the assets held in place of the portion of bonds which on this supposition would have been released. If circulation had been issued to these insolvent banks, which had a capital of about twenty millions, to the amount of theic capital, the value of the bonds being the same, and there hard been just previous to failure a declinein the market of 5 per cent. upon the value of the bonds, the losses would not have exceederl one million of dollars. These possible losses would have fallen upon the holders of the notes of such few banks only as became insolvent, or tupon the creditors of these banks or the Govermment; and if the gain arising from lost notes could have been used as proposed, these possible losses would have been provided for.

[^19]:    * The redemption of the notes from the proceeds of the general assets would of course reduce the amount paid from ibose assets to the depositors. In the case of the one hundred and four failed bauks, if circulation to the amount of 25 per cent. of the capital had been so redeemed, the average dividends to depositors would have been reduced from 67 per cent. to 54 per cent. of the claims proved.

[^20]:    * For the facts in reference to foreign banks of issue, the Comptroller is indebted to the paper on "Bauk Notes," by Johu Biddulph Martin. M. A., F. S. S., published in the Journal of the London Institute of Bankers, March, 1880 ; paper of Mr. Robert W. Baruett, on "Effect of the Development of Banking," Jonrüal London Iustitute of. Baukers, February, 1881 ; "The'Theory and Practice of Bauking," Henrs Dunning Macleod, M. A., 2 ed., 1866 ; "The Three Great Banks of Enrope," paper by R. H. Inglis Palgrave, in Jouraal London Institute of Bankers, June, 1879 ; "Lombard Street," by Walter Bagehot; paper on "Theory and Practice of Banking in Scotland," by James Simpson Fleming, F. R. S., Journal London Institnte of Bankers, 1882-1883, read January 17, $188: 3$; "Report of select committee of Parliament on Banks of Issne," ordered printed July 22, 1875; article of Heury May on "The Bank of England," March number, 1885, Fortnightly Review ; "Statistique Internationale des Banques d'Em ssion," publisbed by the Italian Goverument in 1878; Banking Laws of Great Britain. Canada, and Germany; Notes by Mr. Ernest Seyd, F. S. S., on the German banking lawa

[^21]:    *The silver yen is valued at 86.9 cents.

[^22]:    *See note at foot of page 153.

[^23]:    *The reserve cities, in addition to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, are Albany, Pittsburgh, Washington, New Orleans, Louisville, Cincinuati, Cleveland, Chicago, Detroit, Milwankee Gaint Louis, and San Francisco.

[^24]:    *Notes of gold banks are not included in the table.

[^25]:    *An assessment of 100 per cent. was made on the stock of this bank, but the amount paid was re turned to the stockbolders; 5 per cent. during the present year.
    tan assessment of 25 per cent. was marle on the stock of this bank, but 64.625 per cent. of the amoan $\downarrow$ paid under this assessment was returned to stockholders during the present y ear.

[^26]:    *Of interest.
    $\dagger$ An assessment of 100 per cent. was made on the stock of this bank, but the amount paid was re-. turned to ithe stockbolders, 5 per cent. during tie present year.
    $\ddagger$ An assessment of 25 per cent. was made on the stock of this bauk, but 64.625 per cent. of the amount paid under this assessmenc was retarned to the stockholders during the present year.

[^27]:    * Report of John Jay Knox, Edmund D. Randolph, and W. P. St. John, tax committee, on the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, New York, June 9, 1885.

[^28]:    *From the Financial Chronicle. Maximum rate.
    $\dagger$ From the Financial Chronicle only.
    $\ddagger$ From the London Bankers' Magazine.
    § From the London Economist.

[^29]:    * Loudon Bankers' Magazine, Auynst, 1885, p. 698.

[^30]:    *The capital is for various dates, the amounts at a unifon date in each year not being obtainable.
    $i$ Yearly arerages for thirty-two jears.
    i'Iutal fol tuilty-two years.

[^31]:    * These certificates were retired during the month of November, the fractional eoin which they represented having been presented and redeemed in lawful money.

[^32]:    *London Bankers' Magazine, October, 1885, page 946.

[^33]:    * London Bankers' Magazine, August, 1885, page 699 ,

[^34]:    ${ }^{*}$ Included necessarily in these sereval amounts estimated in the hands of the people are large sums held by private bankers and such State banks and Trust companies as do not make regular reports.

[^35]:    * Loudon Economist, November 8, 1879.
    $\dagger$ Loudon Bankers' Magazine, October, 1880, 1831, and 1882.
    $\ddagger$ London Economist, November 1, 1884.
    $\|$ Londou Economist, Oetober 17, $18{ }^{5} 5$.
    §The Bulletin de Statistique, as qnoted in the Bankers' Magazine, New York, vol. xiii, page 740; except the iterns for 1879-'80 and '81, which were obtained from the Londou Bankers' Magazine for August, 1880, page 661, September, 1831, page 716, and September, 1882, page 739, and the last threo item 3 frou L'Economiste Français, November 3, 1883, and November 1, 1884.

[^36]:    * In the last table of the series the returns are given for the six months ending May 31, 1882, and also for the six nontbs ending November 30 , of the sanue year.

[^37]:    * The United States houds held in the Pacific States during the last two years are not inchuded in the above table, as the returns since 1883 do not gire United States bouds separately from other bonds

[^38]:    * The appendix, which is omitted for want of space, will be found in the bound volumes of the Comptroller's report.

[^39]:    * Report of the Director of the Mint upon the Prodaction of the Precious Metals in the United States during the calendar year 1884, Washington, 1885.

[^40]:    * The number of immigrants arriving in the United States during the year ending June 30 , 1884, was 518,592 . Estimating that each brought on his person the amount stated by Mr. Jackson for the year 1878- $\$ 6.50$-would make the amouut equal to $\$ 3,370,848$. This, however, is not an element which enters into the estimate of the coin circulation of the United States because, as already stated, almost all foreign coin findsits way to the mints and public assay offices for re-melting or is again exported.

[^41]:    * Cost value.
    $\dagger$ Includes Gold Clearing House Certificates $\$ 24,199,000$.
    $\ddagger$ The total "Silver Coin" only is reported. The division is estimated.
    § Includes $\$ 29,585,000$ held as security for currency cortificates.

[^42]:    *Since this report was pat in press Superintendent Fox has reported that the only vault in the mint with a combination lock was on the 21 st of October filled to repletion with coin consisting mainly of standard silver dollars, even to the filling up of its passages.
    Relief, however, was then daily expected from the completion of the work of preparing for the reception of silver specie-troempty vaults connecting with the vacant apartments originally designed for occupation by the Sub-treasury at Philadelphia is

[^43]:    * The matter here referred to is omitted for want of space, but it may be found in the separate volumes of the Director's report.

[^44]:    * Includes maintenance and improvement of plant.

[^45]:    ＊Includes 1，980．12，cost $\$ 1,936: 62$ ，bars in Melter and Refiner＇s hands，supposed to be missing，held in＂Suspense＂account．

