# ANNUAL REPORT 

OF THE

## SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

ON THE

STATE OF THE FINANCES

THE YEAR 1884.



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## REPORT.

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., December 1, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report:
The ordinary revenues of the Government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, were:
From custòms...................................................... \$195, 067, 489 76
From internal revenue................................................121, 586, 07251
From sales of public lands....... ............................. 9, 810, 70501
From tax on national banks.................................. 3, 108, 73013 .
From profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays.. 4, 250, 60930
From customs fees, fines, penalties, \&c................... 1, 074, 66546
From fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands......... 3, 248, 937 57

From sinking-fund for Pacific Railway Companies..... 2, 045, 77505
From deposits by individuals for surveying public lands.

664, 11178 ,
From proceeds of sales of Government property....... 546,63474
From Indian trust-funds.......................................... 76,115 63
From donations towards liquidating the public debt... 63,31497
From immigrant fund......................................... 224,28650
From Soldiers' Home, permanent fund................... 367, 09204
From sale of condemned naval vessels..................... . 200, 00000
From revenues of the District of Columbia.............. 1, 970, 72613
From miscellaneous sources....................... .......... : 2, 843, 24013
Total ordinary receipts................................ 348, 519, 86992
The ordinary expenditures for the same period were:
For civil expenses.............................................. $\$ 22,312,90771$
For foreign intercourse .............................................. 1, 260, 76637
For Indians ........................................................ 6, 475, 99929
For pensions ................................................ $55,429,22806$
For the military establishment, including river and
harbor improvements and arsenals......................... 39, 429, 60336
For the naval establishment, including vessels, machinery, and.improvements at navy-yards............ 17, 292, 60144For miscellaneous expenditures, including publicbuildings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue.. $\$ 43,939,71000$For expenditures on account of the District of Co-lumbia

$$
3,407,04962
$$

For interest on the public debt ..... 54, 578, 37848
For the sinking-fund ..... 46, 790, $229 \quad 50$
Total ordinary expenditures. 290, 916, 47383
Leaving a surplus of. ..... 57, 603, 39609
Which was applied to the redemption-
Of Oregon war debt$\$ 65000$
Of loan of 1858 ..... 5,00000
Of loan of February, 1861 ..... $55,000 \quad 00$
Of loan of July and August, 1861 ..... 202,650 00
Of loan of March, 1863 ..... 28, 70000
Of five-twenties of 1862 ..... 4,15000
Of five-twenties of 1864 ..... 1,00000
Of five-twenties of 1865 ..... 1, 20000
Of ten-forties of 1864 ..... 72, 30000
Of consols of 1865 ..... 65,40000
Of consols of 1867 ..... 178,85000
Of consols of 1868. ..... 21, 70000
Of funded loan of 1881 ..... 171, 45000
Of loan of July 12, 1882 ..... 52, 260, 65000
Of certificates of deposit ..... 990, 00000
Of refunding certificates ..... 65, 90000
Of old demand, compound-interest, and other notes.. ..... 12,25500
And to the increase of cash in the Treasury ..... 3, 466,541 09
Total ..... 57, 603, 39609

The requirements of the sinking-fund for the past fiscal year, including a balance of $\$ 623,316.71$ from the preceding year, have been fully met. It is estimated that the requirement for the present fiscal year will be $\$ 47,620,201.16$, of which there has been applied during the first four months of the year the sum of $\$ 27,067,050$.

Compared with the previous fiscal year, the receipts for 1884 have in the following items decreased $\$ 54,044,793.16$ : In customs revenue, $\$ 19,639,007.17$; in internal revenue, $\$ 23,134,296.47$; in tax on national banks, $\$ 6,002,278.72$; in deposits by individuals for surveying public lands, $\$ 557,499.98$; in donations towards liquidating the public debt, $\$ 901,111.90$; in proceeds of sale of post-office property in New York
city', $\$ 648,694.82$; in profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays, $\$ 209,595.87$; in Indian trust-funds, $\$ 83,567.28$; in consular fees, $\$ 177,057.97$; in custom-house fees, $\$ 129,066.66$; in customs fines, penalties, and forfeitures, $\$ 56,093.84$; in customs emolumentfees, $\$ 176,410,38$; in repayment of interest by Pacific Railway Companies, $\$ 185,503.69$; in tax on seal-skins and rent of seal islands, $\$ 65,420.25$; in proceeds of Japanese indemnity fund, $\$ 1,839,533.99$, and in miscellaneous items, $\$ 239,654.17$. There was an increase of $\$ 4,277,081.13$, as follows: In sales of public lands, $\$ 1,854,840.59$; in proceeds of sales of Government property, $\$ 261,579.72$; in sinking-fund for Pacific Railway Companies, $\$ 723,671.94$; in sales of Indian lands, $\$ 280,046.40$; in reimbursement by national-bank redemption agency, $\$ 82,946.83$; in registers' and receivers' fees, $\$ 84,783.60$; in fees on letters-patent, $\$ 18,850.30$; in Soldiers' Home permanent fund, $\$ 301,468.50$; in reimbursement for surveying Indian lands, $\$ 310,406.95$; in sale of condemned naval vessels, $\$ 200,000$; in sale of military barracks, $\$ 60,643.76$; in payment for railway material, $\$ 64,000^{\circ}$; in rent of Hot Springs reservation, $\$ 17,501.13$; in proceeds of sales of small-arms, $\$ 12,988.17$, and in marine-hospital tax, $\$ 3,353.24$; making a net decrease in the receipts from all sources of $\$ 49,767,712.03$.

The expenditures show a decrease as compared with the previous year of $\$ 25,533,468.97$, as follows: In the War Department, $\$ 9,481,779.57$; in pensions, $\$ 10,583,345.58$; in Indians, $\$ 886.591 .05$; and in interest on the public debt, $\$ 4,581,752.77$. There was an increase of $\$ 4,251,575.76$, as follows: In the Navy Department, $\$ 2,009,164.27$; and in civil and miscellaneous, $\$ 2,242,411.49$; making a net decrease in the expenditures of $\$ 21,281,893.21$.

FISCAL YEAK 1885.
For the present fiscal year the reveṇue, actual and estimated, is as follows:

| Soure | For the quarter ended Sept. 30 , 1884. | For the remaining three-quarters of the year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual. | Estimated. |  |
| From customs | \$54, 102,858 65 | \$130;897, 14135 | \$185, 0000,00000 |
| From internal rev | 28, 639,010 76 | 86, 360, 98924 | $115,000,00000$ |
| From sales of public lands | 1, 446, 18388 | 5, 053, 816.12 | 6,500, 00000 |
| From tax on national banks ........................... | 1, 474, 13214 | ${ }_{5} 1,525,86786$ | $3,000,00000$ |
| From repayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific Railway Companies. | 1, 518,407 05 | 1,481,592 95 | 3,000,000 00 |
| From customs fees, fines, penalties, \&c............ | 276, 34468 | 723, 65532 | 1,000,000 00 |
| From fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands... | 910, 24329 . | 2,089,756 71 | 3,000,000 00 |
| From proceeds of sales of Government property.. | 55,13296 | 344, 86704 | 400,00000 |
| From profits on coinage, assays, \&c.................... | 1,927,644 70 | $2,172,35530$ | 4, 100,000 00 |
| From deposits for surveying public lands........ | 168,645 27 | - 331,354 73 | 500,000 00 |
| From revenues of the District of Columbia...... | 255, 86061 | 1, 544, 13939 | 1,800,000 00 |
| Fromi miscellaneous sources ............................ | 944,681 51 | $5,755,31849$ | 6,700, 00000 |
| Total receipts. | 91,719, 14550 | 238, 280, 85450 | 330,000,000 00 |

The expenditures for the same period, actual and estimated, are:

| 3 Obje | For the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1884. | For the remaining three-quar ters of the year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual. | Estimated. |  |
| For civil and miscellaneous expenses, including public buildings, light-houses, and collecting the revenue | \$21, 251, 296 | \$48,998,703 26 | \$70, 250,000 00 |
| For Indians... | 1, 9951,94222 | 4, 504, 05778 | $6,500,00000$ |
| For pensions.. | 14, 951,525 96 | 38,048, 47404 | 53, 000, 00000 |
| For military establishment including fortifications, river aind harbor improvements, and arsenals. | 13,049, 46586 | 28,950,534 14 | 42,000,000 00 |
| For naval establishment, including vessels and machinery, and improvements at navy-yards. | 4, 289,798 17 | 12, 210, 20183 | 16,500, 00000 |
| For expenditures on account of the District of <br> Columbia | 1, 425, 731.89 | 2,074, 26811 | 3,500,000 00 |
| For interest on the public debt. | 13,809, 41097 | 37,440,589 03 | 51,250, 00000 |
| For the sinking-fund. | 27,067, 05000 | 20,553,151 16 | 47,620,201 16 |
| Total ordinary expenditures | 97, 840, 221 81. | 192, 779, 97935 | $\begin{gathered} 290,620,20116 \\ 0 . \end{gathered}$ |

Total receipts, actual and estimated........................ $\$ 330,000,00000$
Total expenditures ............................................. 290, 620, 20116
Estimated surplus............................................39, 379, 79884

## FISCAL YEAR 1886.

The revenues of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, are thus estimated, upon the basis of existing laws:
From customs.................................................... $\$ 185,000,00000$
From internal revenue....... .................................. 115, 000, 00000
From sales of public lands.................................... 6, 500, 00000
From tax on national banks............... .................. $3,000,00000$
From repayment of interest and sinking-fund, Pacific
Railway Companies ............................................... $3,000,000 \quad 00$
From customs fees, fines, penaltiès, \&c.................... 1, 000, 00000
From fees-consular, letters-patent, and lands......... $3,000,00000$
From proceeds of sales of Government property...... 400,00000
From profits on coinage, assays, \&c......................... . 4, 100, 00000
From deposits for surveying public lands................ 500,00000
From revenues of the District of Columbia.............. 1, 800, 000 00 ${ }^{\circ}$
From miscellaneous sources................................... . 6, 700, 00000
Total estimated ordinary receipts................. 330, 000, 000.00
The estimates of expenditures for the same period, received from the several Executive Departments, are as follows:
Legislative................. ......................................... $\$ 3,321,48655$
Executive .................................................................... 19, 335, 82350
Judicial ................................................................... 408, 30000
Föreign intercourse
Military establishment
Naval establishment.
Indian affairs
Pensions
Public works-

| Legislativ | \$7, 40000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Treasury Department. | 4, 490, 916 |
| War Department. | 18, 572, 460 |
| Navy Department | 2, 218, 22100 |
| Interior Department | 524, 667 |
| Department of Justice | 148, 100 |

Postal service
Miscellaneous
District of Columbia
Permanent annual appropriations-
Interest on the public debt............. $\$ 48 ; 750,00000$
Sinking-fund ............................. 48,571, 86186
Refunding-customs, internal reve-
nue, lands, \&c.......................... 9, 623, 10000
Collecting revenue from customs.... 5,500,000 00
Miscellaneous............................ 5, 989, 05500
\$1, 623, 17675
26, 429,577 45
30, 654, 01050
7, 328,049 64
$60,000,00000$ $25,961,76543$ 4, 826, 34926 21, 919, 29407
$118,434,01686$
Total estimated expenditures........................ $323,911,39425$
Or an estimated surplus of.......................... 6, 088, 60575
It will be observed that the estimates submitted by the several Executive Departments for the fiscal year 1886 exceed the estimates received from those Departments for the fiscal year 1885 by more than $\$ 40,000,000$.

It is well understood that appropriations made upon estimates of the several Departments usually fall far short of the amount of such estimates; and, without intending to criticise the action of other Departments, I think it may be fairly assumed that the appropriations for the fiscal year 1886 will not exceed the actual expenditures for 1885 , as shown above. This would leave a surplus for 1886 , the same as for 1885 , of more than thirty-nine millions.

The estimate of receipts from customs for 1886 is, in the foregoing table, placed at $\$ 185,000,000$, or the same as for the preceding year, according to long usage in estimating in the Secretary's Annual Report.

That estimate is about ten millions less than the actual receipts from customs in the fiscal year 1884.
It should be considered that the value of imports of dutiable merchandise for the fiscal years 1884 and 1885 has been much reduced by the unusual depression of business, which we may fairly hope will not long continue. This reduction in 1884, as compared with 1883 , was, as appears in the tables under the head of "Customs," nearly $\$ 38,000,000$, the average duty on which would amount to more than $\$ 16,000,000$. It seems safe to assume, therefore, that the surplus revenues for 1886 will be more than $\$ 50,000,000$.

REDEMPTION OF UNITED STATES BONDS.
On November 1, 1883, the outstanding bonds of the 3 per cent. loan of the act of July 12, 1882 , amounted to $\$ 305,529,000$. Calls were issued prior to November 1, 1883 , for $\$ 30,000,000$ of the above amount, all of which matured in the month of December, 1883. During the year ended October 31, 1884, calls have been issued for $\$ 80,000,000$ of such bonds, $\$ 70,000,000$ of which matured previous to October 31 , and $\$ 10,000,000$ on the first day of November, 1884.

The following table shows in detail the redemptions and cancellations of United States bonds during the twelve months ended October 31, 1884:
Seven-thirty notes of July 17, 1861............................... \$100
Seven-thirty notes, 1864-1865 ............................................. 1,800
Loan of June 14, 1858 ................................................. : 5,000
Loan of February 8, 1861............................................ 3,000
Oregon war debt.......................................................... 1,300
Five-twenties of February 25, $1862 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Five-twenties of 1865, (May and November).................. 22,200

Ten-forties of 1864................................................................. 77,250


Consols of 1868............................................................... 15,650
Loan of July and August, 1861, ( 6 per cent.)................. 35, 100
Loan of March 3, 1863, ( 6 per cent.)............................. 5,550
Funded loan of 1881, (5 per cent.)................................. 142, 200
Loan of July and August, 1861, (continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.) 133, 100
Loan of March 3, 1863, (continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.)......... . . 55,700
Funded loan of 1881, (continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.) ${ }^{*}$.........' ' 5, 347, 700
Loan of July 12, 1882, ( 3 per cent.).............................. $91,771,000$
Total.......................................................... $97,774,300$

[^0]The reduction in the annual interest charge by reason of the changes during the year ended October 31, 1884, is as follows:

On bonds redeemed or interest ceased........................... \$3, 204, 260
Deduct for interest on 4 per cent. bonds issued.............. 392
Net reduction................................................. 3, 203, 868
The following table shows the changes in the interest-bearing debt during the year:

| Title of loan. | Rate of interest. | Outstanding November 1, 1883. | Issued during the year. | Redeemed during the year. | Outstanding October 31, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Funded loan of 1881........... $\{$ | 5 per cent., continuedat $31 / 2$ per cent. | \} $\} \$ 4,970,500$ |  | . $\$ 4,970,500$ |  |
| Loan of July 12, 1882 ............. | 3 per cent....... | 305,529,000 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}* 9,238,750 \\ 91,771,000\end{array}\right.$ | $\} \$ 204,519,250$ |
| Funded loan of 1891.............. | 41/2 per cent.... | 250,000,000 |  |  | 250,000,000 |
| Funded loan of 1907.............. | 4 per cent...... | 737, 620, 700 | 1870,850 |  | 737, 691,550 |
| Refunding certificates | 4 per cent....... | - 325,850 |  | +61,050 | ,264,800 |
| Navy-pension fund.. | 3 per cenit...... | 14,000,000 |  |  | 14,000, 000 |
| Total |  | 1,312, 446, 050 | 70,850 | 106, 041, 300 | 1,206,475,600 |

* Ceased to bear interest during the year, but not yet presented for payment.
$\dagger$ Of this issue $\$ 9,890$ was on account of accrued interest on $\$ 61,050$ refunding certificates converted.
$\ddagger$ Redeemed by conversion into 4 per cent. bonds.


## CONVERSION OF REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.

Since November 1, 1883 , refunding certificates issued in 1879, under the act of February 26, 1879, have been presented for conversion into 4 per cent. bonds as follows:
Principal........................................................................ $\$ 61,050$
Accrued interest due........................................................ 12, 210
Total..................................................................... 73, 260
For which settlement was made as follows:
Four per.cent. bonds issued................................................... $\$ 70,850$
Interest paid in cash.......................................................... 2,410
Total..................................................................... 73, 260
The certificates still outstanding amount to $\$ 264,800$.
As I am to occupy for a very brief period only the office recently made vacant by the lamented death of one distinguished gentleman, and the acceptance by another scarcely less distinguished of a place more congenial to his taste, it might be becoming in me to confine my report to the foregoing exhibits and a presentation of the reports of
the heads of the various bureaus, which abound in valuable information in regard to the condition of the Department, and to other matters of interest to Congress and the public.

There are, however, some subjects of so great importance that I do not feel at liberty to withhold an expression of my views upon them, short as has been the time for their consideration. These subjects are:

1st. Our Foreign Trade and Taxation.
2d. Our Merchant Marine.
3d. The Public Debt and the Condition of the Treasury.
4th. Our Natiónal Banking System.

## FOREIGN TRADE AND TAXATION.

In the early days of the West, when population was more than keeping pace with the acreage brought under cultivation, there was a ready demand for what the farmers raised, and the home market was the only market they needed. This satisfactory condition of agricultural industry in that section of the country was of short duration. Good prices stimulated production, and in a few years the supply became greater than the demand, in consequence of which the value of agricultural products began to decline, and the decline went on until what the farmers could obtain for their crops was insufficient to cover the necessary outlays in producing them. So great was this decline, in many instances, that where the farms were at a long distance from navigable waters, wheat remained uncut in the fields and corn was used for fuel. The owners of such farms were therefore compelled to leave a part of their fields uncultivated, so that lands of great fertility became well-nigh valueless. To remedy this very untoward condition of their agricultural industry, many States in 1834 and 1835 commenced large works of internal improvement, but before their completion the financial crisis of 1837 occurred, which caused a collapse of all great enterprises throughout the entire country, and left most of the States that had engaged in them overloaded with debt and without advantage from their large expenditures. The Wabash and Erie Canal, work on which had been commenced two years before, and was designed to unite the navigable waters of the Wabash with Lake Erie, was the only one of the Western enterprises of that day which was completed, and its completion was owing to a land grant made for its construction by the United States Government. Although the country benefited by the opening of this canal was of considerable extent, it was small in comparison with the vast region, far distant from navigable waters, which was rapidly being occupied by enterprising and thrifty farmers. What this vast region needed was a market and facilities for reaching.
it, with both of which it was soon supplied. It is now penetrated in all directions by railroads, and the cost of transportation has been so cheapened that farming lands far west of the Mississippi have become nearly as valuable as lands in the seaboard States. oTo the rise in the value of lands resulting from the construction of railroads the wonderful increase of the national, wealth is very largely attributable.

The condition of the manufacturing interest of the United States is similar in some respects to the condition of the agricultural interest of the West in the early days to which I have referred. What the Western farmers then needed was a market for their crops. What manufacturers now need is a market for their surplus manufactures.

The real foundation of our great manufacturing industry was laid in New England under the first tariff of a protective character, which diverted a part of its capital from shipping into cotton-factories. Those first constructed having been fairly remunerative, more were constructed, and other branches of manufacture were undertaken, unţil New England was converted from maritime and commercial pursuits into manufacturing. It will be recollected that New England was opposed to the first protective tariff-that one of Mr. Webster's great speeches was a free-trade speech.

It was not many years after the first cotton-mills were erected in New England that the great iron interests of the country began to be developed, and Pennsylvania soon became the great iron-manufacturing State of the Union. Nor was it long before various kinds of manǘfactures came into existence in most of the Northern and Western States. The demands of the Government during the late civil war for nearly all kinds of manufactured goods and the high tariff greatly stimulated production. After the war, stimulus was found in railroad building and in extravagant expenditures induced by superabundant currency, and the time has now come when the manufacturing industry of the United States is in dire distress from plethora of manufactured goods. Some manufacturing companies have been forced into bankruptcy; others have closed their mills to escape it; few mills are running on full time, and as a consequence a very large number of operatives are either deprived of employment or are working for wages hardly sufficient to enable them to live comfortably or even decently. Nor are manufacturers and their employes the only sufferers by the present depression of our manufacturing industry. So large and widespread has this industry become, so interwoven is it with other industries, so essential is it to the welfare of the whole country, that it cannot be seriously depressed without injuriously affecting. business throughout the Union.

The all-important question, therefore, that presses itself upon the public attention is, how shall the country be relieved from the plethora of manufactured goods, and how shall plethora hereafter be prevented? It is obvious that our power to produce is much in excess of the present or any probable future demand for home consumption. The existing iron, cotton, and woollen mills, if employed at their full capacity; could meet in six months-perhaps in a shorter time-the home demand for a year. It is certain, therefore, that unless markets now practically closed against us are opened; unless we can share in the trade which is monopolized by European nations, the depression now so severely felt will continue, and may become more disastrous.

The question how shall our foreign trade be increased is the question which now comes to the front and demands prompt and careful consideration. Manufacturers are primarily interested, but the whole country has a stake in its solution. In its investigation the tariff will necessarily be involved, inasmuch as the relations between it and our foreign trade are so close that they cannot be considered separately, but it need not be involved except so far as it stands in the way of international trade. If the duties upon raw materials are an obstruction, those duties should be removed. If the duties upon other articles are an obstruction, they should be modified. Whatever may be required to increase our foreign trade, whether it be a repeal or modification of existing duties, should be demanded by the manufacturers themselves. How, then, shall the information required for a full understanding of what stands in the way of an increased exportation of our manufactured goods be obtained? It may not be proper for me to offer advice on this point, but I cannot forbear to say that I can see no better means than by the appointment of a Commission, composed of men not wedded to the doctrines of free trade or protection-fairminded men, who would prosecute the inquiry thoroughly, compre-, hensibly, and impartially. If such a Commission should be created, it should be done without unnecessary delay.

It is true that previous Commissions have not accomplished all that was expected of them. The cause of this partial failure it is not necessary to inquire into, but this failure should not prevent the appointment of such a Commission as has been suggested, unless something better can be devised. It is very clear that what is needed cannot be. accomplished through the agency of the Committee on Ways and Means. So vast in its comprehensive reach is the question to be investigated, and so complicated is it by the changing policy of other nations, that this committee would lack the time required for its
thorough investigation. Besides, the Committee on Ways and Means is usually appointed to sustain measures to which the party in control in the House is pledged, rather than to give to subjects referred to it that impartial consideration which is needed for correct conclusions. Nor is the fact to be overlooked that even constituted as this committee has been, and able as have been its members, there has rarely, if ever, been a committee which so reflected the sentiments or commanded the respect of the House as to be able to carry through without important changes the bills which it had prepared.

It is, therefore, obvious that some other agency than the Committee on Ways and Means must be resorted to in order that the House may have the information absolutely needed for correct conclusions in regard to the nature of the obstructions in the way of an extension of our foreign trade, and the best means of removing them. The labors of a Commission, if properly performed, would be very great. Ample time, therefore, should be allowed for their performance.

The business of the whole world has been revolutionized by steampower and the substitution of machinery for hand-work. If not the inventor of the steam-engine, Great Britain took the lead in utilizing it in manufacturing, and she thus became the great workshop of the world. For many years she had a monopoly of manufacturing. The raw materials from nearly all nations were taken in her own ships to her ports and returned in mantufactured goods. It has been the profit of this combination of manufactures and commerce which has made her the richest and most powerful of nations. Now, however, all western nations are endeavoring to use their raw materials at home and to encourage and sustain their manufactures by protective duties, the effect of which has been general overproduction.

It is this great revolution caused by steam-power and machinery and their general use that will make the labors of the Commission so arduous. All the leading nations of the world are now engaged in manufacturing, and all but Great Britain are fencing themselves in by protective duties. Among them the United States has been conspicuous. Has not the time come when a new departure is demanded? Cobden, one of the ablest and. most farseeing of British statesmen, predicted that the United States would in time not only become a. great manufacturing country, but would become a competitor with Great Britain in the South American markets. In the course of some remarks upon the condition of British trade he said:

[^1]The Cobden Club is the channel through which the free-trade sentiments of Great Britain find expression, and yet, at a recent meeting of the club; the following language by one of the prominent members of Parliament was cheered and applauded :
"Many persons seem to think that the effect of the reduction of the protective duties in America would be to enable us to flood the United States with our productions. For a short time probably it would give a stimulus to our trade, but in the long run the effect of it would be to cheapen American productions, and to increase the competition of America with us in other parts of the world. We should have to meet that competition. We should find the Americans very serious competitors, and we should have in this country to throw aside many of the bouds which now fetter our industry."

The present condition of our foreign trade is not as fully understood by the public as it ought to be, or there would be greater uneasiness in regard to what may be the result. Look, for instance, at our trade relations with Brazil. We sold to Brazil. last year various articles to the amount of $\$ 8,645,261$. We bought of her various kinds of her own productions to the amount of $\$ 50,265,889$, leaving $\$ 41,620,628$ as the balance against us. Now, how is this large balance liquidated? Not by gold, but by the sale of our farm products, for which there is a large demand in Europe. It is our cotton, our wheat, our petioleum, our beef. and pork, which car be produced more cheaply in the United States than anywhere else, which create the sterling exchange that enables us to carry on this one-sided trade with Brazil. Now, if by the failure of our crops, or very favorable seasons on the other side of the Atlantic, or, what is more probable, by retaliation, our exports of these articles should materially decline, what then would be the condition of our Brazilian trade? Instead of depending upon the exports to Europe for the means to cover the balance in favor of Brazil, ought not an effort be made to equalize that trade by our manufactured goods? Ought we not to endeavor to verify the prediction of Cobden by becoming a competitor with Great Britain in the Brazilian'markets? Ought not this to be attempted in the interest of our own manufacturers?

Reference is made to our trade with Brazil because it is much larger than that with other South American States, but our trade with all of them is of the same one-sided and unsatisfactory character. Ought it so to continue? The South American States are our neighbors. With the exception of Brazil, their institutionsare moulded upon ours. They would be glad to establish close trade relations with us, which could not fail to be of mutual advantage; and jet so little intercourse have we with them that supplies for our ships-of-war in South American ports must be paid for in sterling exchange. Drafts on Japan could
be as easily' negotiated in their ports as drafts on the Treasurer of the United States.

When the real condition of our foreign trade and the character of the competition in which we must sooner or later engage are fully understood, it will be found that our inability to make that trade as free as our best interests require, lies in the necessity which exists for heavy import duties, which, although they may be levied for reveuue only; must be in a large degree protective.

It is upon such taxes, therefore, that our Government must mainly rely for its large current expenditures and the reduction of the national debt. Large revenues will be derived from the taxes upon whiskey and tobacco, if the tax on the latte'r article should be retained, but our chief revenue must be derived from import duties. To show how these duties may be imposed and distributed as to neither imperil our manufactures nor obstruct our foreign trade, while the Treasury is kept in an.easy condition, will be the task of the Commission. That the task will be a very difficult one is certain ; that it may be successfully performed ought to be certain also.

In competition with Great Britain in the South American markets, Great Britain will have the advantage by being already in possession of the trade, but this advantage will doubtless be counterbalanced by the abundance and comparative cheapness of our agricultural productions. That we are to be a competitor with Great Britain in foreign markets, especially in the markets of the South American States, is as certain as anything in the future can be. The steps which may be needful to make this competition successful it will be for Congress to determine after the Commission has performed its duty. To me it seems certain that it cannot properly be done before. A nation with fifty-six millions of people, doubling every twenty-five years, a people distinguished for enterprise and inventive power, in possession of a country of vast extent and rich beyond comparison in developed and undeveloped resources, ought not much longer to be prevented from having a full share in the honor and the gain of international trade.

In the commencement of its work the Commission should, I think, regard the following points as being settled:

First. That the public revenues are not to be in excess of what may be required for the support of the Government, and the gradual reduction of the public debt.

Second. That our manufactures, which under the fostering care of the Government have attained such gigantic proportions and whose prosperity is essential to the welfare of all other interests, are not to
be put in jeopardy by radical and sweeping changes in the tariff; and that all reductions of import duties should be made with a view to their ultimate advantage by opening to them markets from which they are now in a large degree excluded.

Something has been done, and more might be done, to increase our foreign trade by reciprocal treaties, but the advantage to be derived from such treaties would be restricted and partial ; and there are very serious objections to treaties which affect the public revenues, on the ground that they are an encroachment upon the rights of the House of Representatives, in which, under the Constitution, all revenue bills must originate.

As to the persons who should constitute the Commission there will be various opinions. It might be composed of persons who have no connection with the Government, or of Senators and Members of the House, but I strongly incline to the opinion that it should be composed of Members of the House only, because, in the investigation of the subject of our foreign trade, questions affecting the public revenues will necessarily be involved; and that members should be selected from those who have been re-elected to the 49th Congress, in order that its work may be explained and defencled by those who have performed it. It would be advisable, also, that the Secretary of the Treasury should exofficio be a member of the Commission, in order that the views of the Treasury Department and those of the Commission may be in accord.

In the preceding remarks the tariff has been only indirectly referred to. From this it must not be inferred that I am not in favor of a reform of the tariff, but rather that the subjects of the tariff and foreign trade are so intimately connected that they must, in my opinion, be considered together. Have we not reached the stage when a policy should be adopted which will embrace and harmonize the great interests of the country?

If such a Commission as has been suggested had been appointed, and its work could be performed at an early date, I should not be disposed to say anything bearing directly upon the tariff; but as relief from the present burden of taxation is urgently and.justly demanded, I deem it my duty to suggest that something in this direction should be done without delay. Owing to the shortness of the time allowed to me for the consideration of the subject, I am not prepared to name the articles upon which duties should be removed or reduced. I should regret this if Congress were not already in possession of the facts which should govern its action. This much, however, it may be proper for me to recommend:

First. That the existing duties upon raw materials which are to be used in manufacture should be removed. This can be doue in the interest of our foreign trade.

Second. That the duties upon the articles ased or consumed by those who are the least able to bear the burden of taxation should be reduced. This also can be effected without prejudice to our export trade.

In regard to our internal-revenue taxes, I have to say that, as these taxes, with the exception of the tax upon whiskey, ought not to be and will not be needed for revenue if appropriations are kept within reasonable bounds and rigid economy is established in all branches of the public sérvice, I see no good reason for their continuance. The tax upon bank-note circulation I shall refer to in my remarks upon national banks., Taxes upon agricultural productions, although indirectly levied, are inconsistent with our general policy, and tobacco is the only one of these productions which has been taxed. An article which is so generally used, and which adds so much to the comfort of the large numbers of our population who earn their living by manual labor, cannot-properly be considered a luxury, and as the collection of the tax is expensive and troublesome to the Government, and is especially obnoxious and irritative to small manufacturers, the tax upon tobacco should, in my judgment, be removed.

The tax upon whiskey could not be repealed without a disregard of public sentiment, nor without creating a necessity for higher duties upon imported goods, but while this is true the tax upon the alcohol used in manufacturing might be removed with decided benèfit to home industry and foreign trade.

Under the provisions, of section 3433 , Revised Statutes, as amended, spirits used in the manufacture for export of certain enumerated articles are freed from the tax of 90 cents per gallon. This law has greatly increased the exportation of the articles therein named.

These articles, howeter, constitute but a very small portion of those in the manufacture of which alcohol is used, or in which it would be used were it not for the tax thereon.

In Great Britain spirits have been used in manufactures free of tax since the year 1856, the spirits having been previously mixed with wood naphtha or "imethylated."

It is understood that spirits thus methylated are unfit to be used as a beverage; while they remain uninjured for the general purposes of manufacturing. It is suggested, therefore, that provision be made for

- the use of domestic methylated spirits, free of tax, as a measure tending to encourage manufactures, both for home use and for exportation. 5022 F-II


## XVIII

The following table shows the value of merchandise imported into the United States from Brazil and exported from the United States to Brazil during each year from 1864 to 1884 :

Merchandise.

| Year ended June 30- | Exports. |  | Total exports. | Imports. | Total imports and exports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. |  |  |  |
| 1864. | \$5, 252, 387 | \$102,368 | \$5, 354, 755 | \$14,388, 899 | \$19,743; 654 |
| 1865. | 6,485,872 | 94, 289 | 6,580, 161 | 9, 784, 312 | 16, 364, 473 |
| 1866. | 5, 603,617 | 88,042 | 5,691, 659 | 16,816,803 | 22; 508, 462 |
| 1867. | 4,964, 308 | 135, 079 | 5, 099, 387 | 19, 100, 300 | 24, 199, 687 |
| 1868. | 5, 585, 5665 | 109,839 | 5, 695, 404 | 23,595,740 | 29, 291, 144 |
| 1869. | 5. 779,359 | 87, 245 | 5, 866, 604 | 24, 837, 403 | 30,704,007 |
| 1870. | 5,665,098 | 109,225 | 5,774, 323 | 25, 161, 219 | 30, 935, 542 |
| 1871. | 5,942, 416 | 71,317 | 6, 013, 733 | 30,551, 215 | 36, 564, 948 |
| 1872. | 5, 852, 191 | 60, 592 | 5,912, 783 | 30, 122, 384 | 36, 035, 167 |
| 1878. | 7,090, 987 | 106,735 | 7,197, 722 | 38,540, 376 | 45, 738, 098 |
| 1874. | 7,560,502 | 141, 654 | 7,702, 156 | 43, 858, 647 | 51, 590, 803 |
| 1875. | 7,631, 865 | 11.0, 494 | 7,742, 359 | 42,027, 863 | - 49,770, 222 |
| 1876. | 7,252,218 | - . 94,162 | 7,346, 380 | 45, 446, 381 | 52,792,761 |
| 1877. | 7,498,118 | - 83,695 | 7,581, 813 | 43, 498,041 | 51, 099, 854 |
| 1878. | 8, 610,646 | 76,058 | 8, 686, 704 | 42,963, 973 | 51, 655,677 |
| 1879. | 8,106,928 | 87,442 | 8, 194, 370 | 39, 375, 441 | 47,569, 811 |
| 1880. | 8,496,696 | 108, 650 | 8, 605, 346 | 51, 970,090 | 60,595, 436 |
| 1881. | 9, 138,637 | 113,778 | 9, 252,415 | 52,782, 536 | 62,024, 951 |
| 1882. | 9, 035, 452 | 117,110 | 9,152,562 | 48, 801, 878 | 57, 954, 440 |
| 1883. | $9,159,330$ | 92,764 | 9, 252, 094 | 44, 488,459 | 53, 740, 553 |
| 1884. | 8,645,261 | 50,398 | 8,695, 659 | 50, 265, 889 | 58,961,548 |

The following are the principal articles of merchandise exported from the United States to Brazil and imported into the United States from Brazil during the year ended June 30, 1884;

Articles exported from the United States to Brazil.

| 皆 |  | Values. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Wheat flour. | \$3, 845, 224 |
| 2 | Iron and steel, manufactures of : | 932,673 |
| 3 | Cotton, manufactures of ...... ....... | 650,568 |
| 4 | Oils, mineral, refined or manufactured. | 567,800 |
| 5 | Provisions, comprising meat and dairy | 497,018 |
| 6 | Wood, manufactures of.. | 394, 109 |
| 7 | Carriages and railroad and horse cars. | 298, 983 |
| 8 | Vessels, steam and sailing............. | 219,400 |
| 9 | Chemicals, drugs, dyes, and medicines | 133, 923 |
| 10 | Soap............. | 133,864 |
|  | All other articles. | 971., 699 |
|  | Total | 8,645,261 |

Articles imported into the United States from Brazil.

| ¢ 0 ¢ O | - | Quantities. | Values. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Coffee........................................................................p.pounds... | 347, 373,001 | \$ $\$ 30,021,573$ |
| 2 | Sugar, brown, and sirups, melada, \&c...... .........................pounds... | 363, 385, 001 | 10,986,870 |
| 3 | India-rubber and gutta-percha, crude..............................pounds... | 11,950,643 | 7,246,828 |
| 4 | Hides and skins, other than fur-skins........................................ |  | 1,034,029 |
| 5 | Cocoa, or cacao, crude..................................................pounds... | 1,837, 637 | -224,977 |
| 6 | Hair.......... |  | 172,769 |
| 7 | Wood, unmanufactured |  | 167,325 |
| 8 | Fruits and nuts........................................................................... |  | 160,039 |
|  | All other articles......................................................................... |  | 251, 479 |
|  | Total. | - | 50,265,889 |

## Products of agriculture and products of manufacture.

Of the total value of our exports of merchandise to Brazil, amounting during the last fiscal year to $\$ 8,645,261$, the value of manufactured articles was $\$ 4,143,008$; of agricultural products, $\$ 4,434,702$; and of all other articles, $\$ 67,551$.

Almost the entire imports of merchandise from Brazil into the United States consisted of products of agriculture, including among such products, india-rubber and gutta-percha, crude; hair ; fruits, and nuts.

Of the total imports, coffee constituted 59.7 per cent., and sugar, sirups, and melada, 21.9 per cent.

The commerce of the United States with all the South American States during the last sixteen years has been as follows:

| Countries. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  | Total imports and exports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1868. | 1884. | 1868. | 1884. | 1868. | 1884. |
| United States of Colombia.. | \$3, 711, 796 | \$6, 381, 821 | \$2, 538, 297 | \$3, 891, 843 | \$6,250,093 | \$10, 273, 664 |
| Venezuela.. | 961, 262 | 2, 427,961 | 2, 368,977 | 6,674, 041 | 3, 330, 239 | 9, 102, 002 |
| Britísh Guiana | 1,945,568 | 1,884, 416 | 2, 364, 682 | 4,095, 536 | 4,310, 250 | 5, 979,952 |
| Dutch Guiana | 465, 523 | 319,475 | 422, 581 | 623,118 | 888,104 | 942,593 |
| French Guiana | 36,986 | 103, 607 | 15, 477 | 2,321 | 52, 463 | 105,928 |
| Brazil | 5,695,404 | 8,695,659 | 23, 595, 740 | 50, 265, 889 | 29, 291, 144 | 58,961,548 |
| Uruguay........................... | 821,006 | 1, 368, 418 | 1,179,520 | 2, 128,981 | 2,000,526 | 3, 497, 399 |
| Argentine Republic........... | 2,732,600 | 5, 074, 593 | 4. 806.299 | 4, 110,038 | 7, 538, 899 | 9, 184, 631 |
| Chili................................. | 1,580, 999 | 3,270, 562 | 951, 767 | 537, 936 | 2,532, 766 | 3,808, 498 |
| Peru. | 1,666, 355 | 1,070,528 | 1,765, 397 | 2,077, 645 | 3,431, 752 | 3, 148, 173 |
| All other South American... | \ 8,264 | 629,894 | 2,366 | 1,346,612 | 10,630 | 1,976,506 |
| Total. | 19,625,763 | 31, 226, 934 | 40, 011, 103 | 75, 753, 960 | 59,636,866 | 106, 980, 894 |

The total value of the imports and exports of merchandise during the year ended June 30, 1884, amounted to $\$ 1,408,211,302$, as against $\$ 1,547,020,316$ during the preceding fiscal year, showing a decrease of $\$ 138,809,014$.

The value of the exports of domestic merchandise amounted to $\$ 724,964,852$, as against $\$ 804,223,632$ during the preceding fiscal year, showing a decrease of $\$ 79,258,780$; and the value of the imports of merchandise amounted to $\$ 667,697,693$, as against $\$ 723,180,914$ during the preceding fiscal year, showing a decrease of $\$ 55,483,221$.

The total value of the exports of merchandise of both domestic and foreign production exceeded the total value of the imports of merchandise $\$ 72,815,916$, as against an excess of $\$ 100,658,488$ in the value of such exports during the preceding fiscal year.

The exports of specie from the United States during the last fiscal year amounted to $\$ 67,133,383$, as against $\$ 31,820,333$ during the preceding fiscal year; and the imports of specie amounted to $\$ 37,426,262$, as against $\$ 28,489,391$ during the preceding fiscal year. The excess
of exports of specie over the imports thereof amounted to $\$ 29,707,121$, as against an excess of $\$ 3,330,942$ in such exports during the preceding fiscal year.

## EXPORTS.

The value of exports from the United States to foreign countries, during the year ended June 30, 1884, was as follows: Domestic merchandise. \$724, 964,852
Foreign merchandise. $15,548,757$

Total merchandise....................................................740,513,609
Specie................................................................. 67, 133, 383
Total exports of merchandise and specie............ $807,646,992$
During the last fiscal year the value of our exports of cotton and manufactures of cotton was $\$ 208,900,415$; of breadstuffs, $\$ 162,544,715$; of provisions, $\$ 114,416,547$; and of mineral oils, $\$ 47,103,248$. These commodities and classes of commodities constituted nearly 74 per cent. of our entire exports of merchandise.

The value of our exports of products of agriculture, of manufacture, of mining, of the forest, of the fisheries, and of gold and silver coin and bullion during the years ended June 30, 1883 and 1884, were as follows:

|  | Year ended June 30- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1884. |
| Products of agriculture....... ............................................................ | \$619,269, 449 | \$536, 315, 318 |
| Products of manufacture...........s. | 111, 890,001 | 111,330,242 |
| Products of mining, including petroleum........................................ | 51, 444, 857 | 56, 822, 529 |
| Products of the forest..................................................................... | 9,976, 143 | 9, 465, 330 |
| Products of the fisheries.................................................................. | 6, 276, 375 | , 5,614,111 |
| Other products | 5, 366, 807 | - $5,417,322$ |
| Gold and silver coin and bullion | 21, 623, 181 | 50, 225, 635 |
| Total.............................................................................................. | 825, 846, 813 | 775, 190, 487 |

Our exports of products of agriculture consisted chiefly of cotton, animals, breadstuffs, and provisions. Our exports of iron, of wood, of cotton, and of leather were the chief articles of manufacture exported.

Our exports of products of mining consisted chiefly of mineral oils, coal, and copper ore.

Our exports of products of the forest consisted chiefly of wood and timber and naval stores.

Our exports of the products of the fisheries consisted mainly of fish, fish-oils, and whalebone.

The imports into the United States during the last fiscal year were as follows:

The principal articles imported, with their value, were as follows: Sugar and molasses', $\$ 103,884,274$; wool, and manufactures of wool, $\$ 53,542,292$; silk, and manufactures of silk, $\$ 49,949,128$; coffee, $\$ 49,686,705$; iron and steel, and manufactures thereof, $\$ 41,464,599$; chemicals, $\$ 38,464,965$; flax, hemp, jute, and like vegetable substances, and manufactures thereof, $\$ 33,463,398$; cotton, and manufactures of cotton, $\$ 30,454,476$; and hides and skins, other than fur-skins, $\$ 22,350,906$.

The total value of manufactured and of unmanufactured articles of merchandise imported into the United States during the last fiscal year was as follows:

Unmanufactured................................................... \$235, 775, 932
Manufactured........................................................ 431, 921, 761
Total ......................................................... 667,697, 693
The value of imports during the three months ended September 30, 1883, was $\$ 166,735,075$, and for the three months ended September 30 , $1884, \$ 157,083,995$, showing a falling off of $\$ 9,651,080$.

The value of the exports of merchandise from the United States during the three months ended September 30, 1883, was $\$ 168,782,085$, as against $\$ 161,649,105$, during the three months ended September 30, 1884, showing a falling off of $\$ 7,132,980$.

## OUR SHIPPING INTEREST.

In direct connection with the condition of our foreign trade is the condition of our merchant service. The causes of the decline of our shipping are se well understood that any remarks on this point are quite unnecessary. The humiliating fact stares us in the face that while the United States not many years ago led all nations in ship-building, and was second only to Great Britain in ocean tonnage, it has almost ceased to be recognized as a maritime power; that nearly all of our agricultural productions and manufactured goods which find a market in Europe or South America and the articles received in exchange
for them are carried in foreign ships; that the many thousands of Americans who annually visit Europe on ibusiness or for pleasure go and come in Eiuropean steamers; that large foreign steamship lines are in fact supported by the people of the United States. All this is not only humiliating to our national pride, but it stands in the way of the improvement of our foreign trade. In his report to Congress under date of the 3d of December, 1866, the Secretary used the following language:
"It is a well-established general fact that the people who build ships uavigate them, and that a nation which ceases to build ships ceases, of consequence, to be a commercial ${ }^{\text {b }}$ and maritime nation. Unless, therefore, the causes which prevent the building of ships in the United States shall cease, the foreign carrying-trade even of its own productions. must be yielded to other nations. To this humiliation and loss the people of the United States ought not to be subjected. If other branches of industry are to prosper, if agriculture is to be profitable, and manufactures are to be extended, the commerce of the country must be restored, sustained, and increased. The United States will not be a first-class power among the nations, nor will her other industrial interests continue long to prosper as they ought, if her commerce shall be permitted to languisl."

If this language was true then, it is certainly true now. Eighteen years have passed since it was uttered. There has been in the mean time an enormous increase of our population and national wealth, but no improvement whatever in our foreign shipping interest. Not only does. this important interest remain well-nigh lifeless, but the difficulties in the way of restoring its vitality have been greatly increased by the immense capital since then invested by foreign steamship companies, which control and practically monopolize the carrying-trade between this and other countries, and these difficulties will become every year more and more formidable until remedial measures are adopted by Congress. When the nature of the obstructions in the way of a revival of our shipping is fully investigated, the cost of building ships in the United States will not, I think, be found to be a serious one. I am convinced that if the duties upon the foreign materials used in the construction and outfit of iron ships were removed, they could be built and fitted for sea as cheaply in the United States as in Scotland. Manual labor, it is true, is much cheaper in Scotland, but it is less efficient. Besides, most of the work in iron-ship building is done by machinery, in the invention and use of which Americans excel. Scores of things are done in Glasgow ship-yards by hand which in the United States would be done by machinery.

Fifty years ago the United States excelled all nations in ship-building. Not only were we able to supply the home demand, butlarge numbers of ships were built for foreigners in the ship-yards, which lined the coast from Delaware Bay to Eastport. Our superiority in shipbuilding then was owing to the facts that our forests abounded in
timber of the best qualities, and that our carpenters were skilful in the use of it. Since then iron has been substituted for wood in the construction of steamships. But are not our iron and coal fields as productive and accessible as those of any other country? Are our machinists less skilled in the use of machinery than were our shipcarpenters in the use of the axe and the saw? As far as materials for building ships and skill in the use of those materials are regarded, Great Britain has no advantage over us; on the contrary, is not the advantage on our side? Apprehended difficulties are magnified until they are encountered. When steel rails were in denand beyond the home supply at $\$ 75$ per ton, and many were imported, subject to a duty of $\$ 28$ per ton, who would have dared to express the opinion that in four years they could be made in this country at less than $\$ 30$ per ton, with a profit to the makers?
The obstacles in the way of a restoration of our foreign shipping will not, I conceive, be found in the cost of ships which are to be built in the United States, but in the absence of demand for them. If our navigation laws were so modified that American registers could be granted to foreign-built ships for foreign trade, there would be little, if any, improvement in our shipping interest. Such modification some years ago might have done something to prevent decline; it would now be insufficient to restore. The great and profitable carrying-trade between the United States and Europe has been permitted to pass into the hands of the ship-owners of other nations. So complete is their control of it, so large is the capital invested in it, and so sharp and persistent would be the contest if we should attempt, without Government aid, to share in it, that our capitalists would not compete for it. There is, in my opinion, no prospect whatever that the United States will ever share to a considerable extent in the foreign carrying-trade without Government aid. It is for Congress to determine whether this aid shall be granted, or whether our foreign shipping interest shall remain in its present death-like condition. The let-alone policy has been tried for many years, during which our ships have been swept from the ocean, and we pay every year many millions of dollars to foreign ship-owners for freights and fares. Ought this condition of things to be continued?

Entertaining these views, I do not hesitate to express the opinion-
First. That without Government aid to United States steamship lines the foreign carrying-trade will remain in the hands of foreigners.

Second. That as we ought to have an interest in the business which we create, and as the restoration of our shipping interest is important, if not essential, to the extension of our foreign trade, subsidies in the
form of liberal payments for the transportation of mails or in some other form should be offered as an inducement to investments of capital in steamships.

The amount of necessary aid would be insignificant in comparison with what has been granted to manufacturers by protective duties, and nothing would be paid until the services were rendered. If the subject were investigated, it woald be found that all the European steamship lines that led the way in the great traffic by steam-power have received govermment aid. It is admitted that all protective duties and subsidies are inconsistent with the teachings of political economy, but, true as these teachings may be in the abstract, they are disregarded by all nations when they stand in the way of national welfare. No rules are equally applicable to all nations, nor to the same nation in the different stages of its growth. Political economy is not one of the exact sciences. It is rather adaptive than exact, and all nations so regard it.

- Protective duties were undonbtedly needed to induce investmient in cotton, iron, and woollen mills, and, what not, in the various lines of our manufacturing industry. Whether or not protection has been extended too long or too far, and to what extent it now stands in the way of other great interests, are questions that can only be settled by full investigation. Government aid is now needed to induce investment in shipping. To what extent and for what period this aid should be granted must be settled in the same way.

It is to be regretted that the United States is not in a condition to participate in the trade which is soon to be opened with the interior of Africa.

The attention of Congress is asked to the following table and statements, which exhibit the present condition of our shipping interest, and which refer to the relief already obtained by recent legislation, and to the further relief which is required aside from the question of subsidies:

## Tonnage of vessels of American ownership.

The tonnage of vessels owned in the United States at the close of the fiscal year 1884, according to the records of the Bureau of Navigation, was $4,271,228.76$ tons. Of this amount, $1,304,220.67$ tons were in 2,127 vessels registered for the foreign trade, and $2,967,008.09$ in 22,055 vessels enrolled and licensed for the coasting trade and fisheries. There was an increase of 2,126 tons in vessels in the foreign trade, and 33,616 tons in domestic trade. The following table shows
the number and tonnage of vessels built and documented during the last fiscal year:


## Distribution of carrying-trade.

Of the merchandise imported at seaboard, lake, and river ports during the fiscal year 1884, an amount equal in value to $\$ 152,201,729$ was imported in American vessels, and in value to $\$ 526,379,213$ in foreign vessels. The merchandise exported in American vessels had a value of $\$ 112,520,723$, and the merchandise exported in foreign vessels was valued at $\$ 667,739,372$. Of the combined imports and exports of merchandise, about $17 \frac{1}{y}$ per cent. was conveyed in American vessels, and about $82 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent. in foreign vessels.
Under the act of Jume 5, 1884, and the provisions of the shipping bill.of June 26, 1884, a Bureau of Navigation has been established in this Departiment. The employés thereof, with the exception of the Commissioner, have been detailed from other offices. There have been assigned to the bureau the duties relating to navigation hitherto performed in the office of the Register of the Treasury; the Bureau of statistics, and of the Secretary ; the administration of the provisions of the act of June 26, cited above, relating to the preparation of an annual list of merchant vessels of the United States; the discharge of seamen abroad; the payment to them of extra wages; the survey of ships; the collection of tonnage-tax; and the entry of vessels into ports subject to quarantine; also, cases arising under the provisions of Titles XXXIV, XLVIII, and LVIII, Revised Statutes, and other laws concerning navigation and statements of tonnage; the documenting of vessels, the naming of them, and granting them official numbers and signal letters; their entry clearance, and movements; the issue arc preservation of marine documents; and also the administration of the provisons of Title LIII, Revised Statutes, and of the shipping act, relating to the shipment of seamen and the government of the shipping offices at the various ports of the United States. The bureau is now in successful operation, and the consolidation therein
of the duties formerly incongruously distributed among several divisions of the Treasury Department prevents some confusion and duplication of work, which could not be avoided under the old system, and tends to economy and efficiency.

While the provisions of the new shipping act changing the tonnagetax on vessels, so that a portion only of the former' tax need be paid on any one entry, will materially. reduce the entire amount of tax collected, they will give needed relief to sailing-vessels, which formerly were required to pay as much per ton on a single entry within a year as was paid by steam-vessels on the many entries they sometimes made within that time.

The provisions of section 27 of the shipping act of 1884 forbidding the payment of advance wages to seamen have led to much opposition from keepers of sailors' boarding-houses, and so-called runners, whose business has been injuriously affected, and the law has been enforced with some difficulty. It is understood, however, that ships have generally been able to obtain crews, and that the repeal of the law is not required by the necessities of commerce. A similar law exists in Great Britain. That, in both countries, it is sometimes evaded is unquestionable. I am not prepared to say that a modification of the statute so as to allow a half month's advance might not, in some cases, be beneficial to the seaman.

Complaint has been made that the compensation allowed to masters of vessels by section 12 of the act of June 26, 1884, for bringing home destitute American seamen, is inadequate. The section allows not exceeding $\$ 10$ for a voyage of thirty days, and $\$ 20$ for a longer voyage; but if the men are so disabled or sick as to be unable to perform duty, additional compensation may be allowed by the First Comptroller of the Treasury.

By the reduction of tonnage-dues, relief from the necessity of carrying mails, the abolition of the system of extra wages to seamen, except in certain cases, the removal of consular fees for services to vessels and to seamen, the repeal of the laws imposing marine-hospital tax, the right to withdraw supplies for, and material for the building and repairing of, vessels free of duties, the limitation of the liability of ship-owners, the right to ship seamen for stated periods, or for foreign ports, and the right to deliver cargo, in certain instances, ati places not ports-all of which privileges and benefits have been conferred by recent legislation-the burdens of ship-builders, and of persons interested in shipping, have been somewhat lightened, and our navigation has been placed, as regards the expense of carrying it on,
more on a footing with that of foreign countries. Other antiquated restrictions on our maritime commerce, such as the division of the Atlantic coast into two great coasting districts, and the limitations as to the quantity of duty-paid cargo which may be carried in coasting vessels, might well be abolished. Matters of pilotage should be regulated by Congress, in such a manner that the system shall be uniform. At present each seaboard State hạs its separate rules, which, in some cases, are burdensome to commerce.

In this connection, the importance of a fleet of vessels engaged in commerce in time of peace as a training-school for sailors, and as a preparation for war by their easy conversion into armed cruisers or transport vessels, should not be overlooked. So much importance was formerly attached to this idea that Congress for a long series of years appropriated a bounty to vessels engaged in the fisheries, for the express purpose of encouraging ship-building and the training of seamen, and in the late civil war immense advantage to the Government was derived from the ready enlistment in the Navy of seamen trained in the merchant service.

Great Britain, with her two hundred thousand merchant seamen and her immense fleet engaged in the transportation of merchandise and passengers in all parts of the world, may serve our country in this view, both as a warning and as an example.

## THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

It is in the highest degree gratifying to the Secretary to notice the great reduction of the public debt since it reached its highest point in August, 1865, and its continued reduction since his last report, in 1868. The following table exhibits the reduction both of principal and interest:

On August 31, 1865, the indebtedness of the United States, not including bonds issued to Pacific Railroad Companies, was as follows:
Debt bearing coin interest ................................. $\$ 1,108,310,19180$
Debt bearing currency interest............................. 1, 273, 220, 103. 16
Matured debt not presented for payment.............. . 1, 503, 02009
Debt bearing no interest................................... 461, 616, 31151

|  | 2, 844, 649, 62656 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cash in the Treasury | $88,218,05513$ |

Amount of debt less cash in the Treasury..... 2, 756, 431,57143

The annual interest charge was, $\$ 150,977,697.87$, and the average rate paid was $6 \frac{34}{100}$ per cent.

On November 1, 1868, the indebtedness of the United States, not including bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Compamies, was as follows:
Debt bearing coin interest ............................... $\$ 2,107,577,95000$
Debt bearing currency interest........................... - $72,325,00000$
Matured debt not presented for payment............... 9, 753, 72364
Debt bearing no interest................................... : 409, 151, 898. 42
$2,598,808,57206$
Cash in the Treasury ...................................... 113, 873, 01924

Amount of debt less cash in the Treasury..... 2, 484, 935, 55282
© The annual interest charge was $\$ 126,408,343$, and the average rate 'paid was $5 \frac{8}{10}$ per cent.

On November 1, 1884, the public debt was as follows:
Debt bearing interest....................................... $\$ 1,206,475,60000$
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity... $12,547,48526$
Debt bearing no interest........................................623, 468, 43636
$1,842,491,52162$
Cash in the Treasury ......................................... 434, 008, 57293

Net debt................................................. 1, 408, 482, 94869

The ahnual interest charge is now $\$ 47,325,831.50$, and the average rate paid $3 \frac{92}{100}$, per cent.
Reduction of debt in sixteen years..................... $\$ 1,076,452,60413$
Reduction of annual interest charge .................... 79, 084, 51150
Reduction of debt in nineteen years..................... 1, 347, 948, 62274
Reduction of annual interest charge..................... $103,653,86637$
In the management of its debt the United States has been an example to the world. Nothing has so much surprised European statesmen as the fact that immediately after the termination of one of the most expensive and, in some respects, exhaustive wars that have ever been carried on, the United States should have commenced the payment of its debt and continued its reduction through all reverses until nearly one-half
of it has been paid; that reduction in the rate of interest has kept pace with the reduction of the principal ; that within a period of nineteen years the debt, which it was feared would be a heavy and never-ending burden upon the people, has been so managed as to be no longer burdensome. It is true that all this has been effected by heavy taxes, but it is also true that these taxes have neither checked enterprise nor retarded growth. While, however, the public debt is in this satisfactory condition, there are some financial dangers ahead which can only be avoided by changes in our financial legislation. The most imminent of these dangers, and the only one to which I now ask the attention of Congress, arises from the continued coinage of silver and the increasing representation of it by silver certificates. I believe that the world is not in a condition, and never will be, for the demonetization of one-third of its metallic money; that both gold and silver are absolutely necessary for a circulating medium; and that neither can be disused without materially increasing the burden of debt, nor even temporarily degraded by artificial means without injurious effects upon home and international trade. But I also believe that gold and silver can only be made to maintain their comparative value by the joint action of commercial nations. Not only is there now no joint action taken by these nations to place and keep silver on an equality with gold, according to existing standards, but it has been by the treatment it has received from European nations greatly lessened in commercial value.
For many years the silver dollar was more valuable than the gold dollar in the United States, and although there were fluctuations in their comparative value, the advantages arising from their joint use much more than counterbalanced the inconvenience and loss occasioned by these fluctuations. Various causes in combination have produced the present depression of silver, but the main causes have been the inconsiderate' action of Germany in. demonetizing it and throwing upon the market the large amount, which, up to that time, had constituted her metallic currency, and the restrictions upon its coinage by other European nations.

In 1872 the silver dollar, as it had been for a long period, was more valuable than the gold dollar. In 1874 the decline commenced, and it has been continued until the silver dollar is worth only about 85 cents in gold, and further depreciation is prevented by its having been made receivable by the United States for all public dues and the coinage at. the rate of $\$ 28,000,000$ a year. We now hold $\$ 147,573,221.89$ in silver. The amount is so large as to become burdensome, and additional vaulte
must be soon.constructed if the coinage is to be continued. But this is a matter of small importance compared with the danger to which the national credit and the business of the country are exposed by the large amount of silver in the Treasury, which must be increased by further coinage, and especially by the issue of silver certificates. These certificates amount to $\$ 131,556,531$, and they may be increased to $\$ 184,730,829$ by the silver against which certificates have not been issued. Like silver, they are only prevented from great depreciation by being receivable for all public dues, in which respect they have an advantage over the United States notes, which are not by law receivable for customs duties; but although they are thus prevented from depreciation, the fact exists that a large part of our paper currency based on coin is worth only about 85 cents on the dollar. But this is not all; the certificates, being receivable for duties, prevent gold from coming into the Treasury.

The Treasurer, in his report, after referring to the fact that the Treasury is a member of the New York Clearing-House, and to the act of Congress of July, 1882, which prohibits banking associations from being members of any clearing-house in which silver certificates are not receivable for clearing-house balances, and the resolution of the associated banks nominally complying with that act, remarks:
"Notwithstanding this formal declaration of compliance with law, neither standard silver dollars nor silver certificates have been or are now offered in settlement of balances at the clearing-house, and the Treasury has refrained from taking any steps to enforce the receipt of either of these descriptions of funds, which have therefore not been used in payment of obligations presented through the clearing-house.

*     *         *             *                 *                     *                         *                             *                                 *                                     *                                         *                                             *                                                 *                                                     *                                                         *                                                             *                                                                 *                                                                     *                                                                         *                                                                             *                                                                                 *                                                                                     *                                                                                         * 

"As a consequence of the inability of the Treasury, under the existing practice, to use either the silver dollars or the silver certificates in its settlements with the New York Clearing-House, where by far the greater part of its disbursements is made, the available gold ran down from $\$ 155,429,600$, on January 1,1884 , to $\$ 116,479,979$, on August 12, 1884, while the silver dollars and bullion on hand not represented by silver certificates outstanding inereased during the same period from $\$ 27,266,037$ to $\$ 48,603,958$.
"As a temporary expedient to stop this drain of gold from the Treasury, the assistant treasurer at New York was directed to use in payments to the clearing-house United States notes to the extent of one-half of the payments. But the amount of these notes in the Treasury, which at the time of the commencement of this mode of payment had accumulated beyond its needs, has now become so much reduced that they are no longer available for such payments to any considerable extent.
"If a return to the former practice of making payments entirely in gold or gold certificates shall result in a continuous loss of gold to the Treasury, not made up to a sufficient extent by receipts of gold from other sources, the question must soon arise
for the decision of the Department as to whether it will continue to make in gold or its representative the payments now made through the clearing-house, or use in its payments the silver dollars or their representative certificates in some proportion to the relation which silver dollars in the Treasury, not held for certificates outstanding, bear to the available assets, and to an extent similar to that in which they are used at other offices of the Treasury.
" In ascertaining what this proportion is, it is to be considered that of the $\$ 134,670,790$ in goḷ̦ coin and bullion now owned by the Government, $\$ 95,500,000$ was obtained by, the sale of bonds under the resumption act.
"If it be held that this amount is available for no other purpose than the redemption of United States notes, the gold which may be used for ordinary payments is $\$ 39,170,790$; compared with $\$ 46,831,660$ in silver dollars, including bullion available for the same purposes.
"Or, if it be held that the provision in section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, suspeuding the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of the gold coin and bullion in the Treasury reserved for the redemption of United 'States notes falls below $\$ 100,000,000$, is by implication a requirement that this sum shall be held for the redemption of notes, then the balance of gold which may be used for ordinary payments is $\$ 34,670,790$."

It is evident, from these extracts, and it will be rendered still more evident by an examination of the entire report, that silver certificates are taking the place of gold, and that a panic or an adverse current of exchange might compel the use in ordinary payments by the Treasury of the gold held for the redemption of the United States notes, or the use of silver or silver certificates in the payment of its gold obligations. As $\$ 95,500,000$ of the gold in the Treasury was obtained by the sale of bonds for resumption purposes, it was doubtless the intention of the eminent gentleman under whose administration of the Treasury specie payments were resumed that at least this sum should be held in reserve for the redemption of United States notes, and not used for any other purpose. It is understood that he went further than this, and very properly entertained the opinion that an amount of gold equal to 40 per cent. of the outstanding United States notes should be held for their protection.

A government which engages in banking by furnishing a paper circulating medium must be governed by the rules which prevail with prudent bankers, and be constantly prepared to meet such calls as mayं be made upon it.

Many persons regard legal-tender notes as being money, and hold that no means should be provided for their redemption. That this is a delusion will be proven whenever there is a large demand for gold for export. They are not money, but merely promises to pay it, and the Government must be prepared to redeem all that may be presented or forfeit its character for solvency.

## XXXII REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF 'PHE TREASURY.

The following is an analysis of the statement of the liabilities and assets of the Treasury of the United States, October 31, 1884 :

|  | Total assets. | Liabilities. | Available assets. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin and bullion $\qquad$ Gold certificates | $\$ 222,536,36043$ <br> $32,477,750$ <br> 100 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Less gold certificates outstanding.. |  | \$120, 343,320 00 |  |
|  | 147,573, 22189 |  | \$134, 670, 70043 |
| Silver certificates .................................................... | 30, 814,970 00 |  |  |
|  | 178,388, 19189 |  |  |
| Less silver certificates outstanding |  | 131, 556,531 00 |  |
| United States notes | 33, 942, 17185 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 34,027,171 85 |  |  |
| Less certificates of deposit outstanding |  | 17, 855,000 00 | 16,172,171 85 |
| National-bank notes. | 10, 171, 65548 |  | 10, 171,65548 |
| Deposits in national-bank depositaries | 15, 742, 43963 | ................ | 15,742,439 63 |
| Total | 493, 343, 56928 | 269, 754, 85100 | 223,588,718 28 |
| The liabilities chargeable against the available assets were- |  |  |  |
| For matured debt and interest... |  | 15, 211, 42030 |  |
| For Post-Office Department account ........ |  | 3,714,015 24 |  |
| For disbursing-officers' bælances and other small accounts |  | 26,622, 29253 |  |
| For funds held for redemption of national-bank notes, \&c. |  | 52, 345, 42969 |  |
| For outstanding drafts and checks |  | 7, 205, 79971 |  |
| Total | 493,343, 56928 | 374, 853, 80847 | 105,098, 357 |
| Leaving a cash balance avaibable of |  |  | 118, 489, 76081 |
| Add assets not available for paymentsFractional silver coin | 346,757 24 |  |  |
| Fractional currency and minor coin | 817, 88844 |  |  |
| Paid obligations held in the cash........ . | 387, 89514 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 30,552,540 82 |
| Add "unavailable funds," Treasurer's statement |  |  | 149, 042, 30163 |
| Add "unavailable funds," Treasurer's statement |  |  | 694,710 31 |
| Balance, including bullion fund, Treasurer's statement. |  |  | 149, 737, 01194 |
| Total assets and liabilities. | 523, 896, 11010 | 374, 853,808 47 |  |

From this statement it is seen that there is no surplus gold in the Treasury, and that the reserve has been trenched upon; that there is no plethora of any kind except of silver dollars, for which there is no demand.

After giving the subject careful consideration, I have been forced to the conclusion that unless both the coinage of silver dollars and the issue of silver certificates are suspended, there is danger that silver, and not gold, may become our metallic standard. This danger may not be imminent, but it is of so serious a character that there ought not to be delay in providing against it. Not only would the national credit be seriously impaired if the Government should be under the necessity of using silver dollars or certificates in payment of gold obligations, but business of all kinds would be greatly disturbed; not only so, but gold
would at once cease to be a circulating medium; and severe contraction would be the result.

The United States is one of the most powerful of nations-its, credit is high, its resources limitless; but it cannot prevent a depreciation of silver unless its efforts are aided by leading nations of Europe. If the coinage of silver is continued in despite of the action of Germany in demonetizing it and the limitation of its coinage by what are known as the Latin nations, there can be but one result: silver will practically become the standard of value. Our mines produce large amounts of silver, and it is important, therefore, that there should be a good demand for it at remunerative prices for the outlays in obtaining it. The suspension of its coinage might depress the market price of silver for a time, but the ultimate effect would doubtless be to enhance it. The metal which oriental nations and some western nations use exclusively for coin-and all nations to some extent-which costs, in the labor and capital required to extract it from the mines, more than its standard value as coin, cannot be permanently degraded by, artificial means. The production of gold is diminishing, that of silver has practically reached its maximum, and there are strong indications that from this time the yield of both gold and silver mines will speedily decline. At the same time the demand for both for coinage and in manufactures will increase. The very necessities of the commercial world will prevent a general and continued disuse of either as money. The European nations which hold large amounts of silver must sooner or later come to its rescue, and the suspension of coinage in the United States would do much to bring about, on their part, action in its favor. But whatever might be the effect of the suspension of the coinage upon the commercial value of silver, it is very clear that the coinage cannot be continued without detriment to general business and danger to the national credit.

The coinage of silver dollars under the act of February 28, 1878, has now reached the very large amount of $\$ 184,730,829$, being an increase of $\$ 28,009,880$ for the year ending November 1,1884 . The amount of these dollars in actual circulation is $\$ 41,326,736$. The increase in the circulation for the year has only been $\$ 1,260,346$, against an increase of $\$ 4,136,321$ for the previous year. These figures of themselves are an insuperable argument against the continued coinage of silver dollars.

The Treasury would be relieved, in a measure, from the burden of, the silver now held in the Treasury by a withdrawal from circulation of the one and two dollar notes. This would not be a gain to the 5022 F ——3

Treasury, but it would be a gain to the country by increasing the amount of silver in circulation.
The amount of one-dollar notes in circulation is $\$ 26,763,097.80$; the amount of two-dollar notes in circulation is $\$ 26,778,738.20$. Congress would, I think, act wisely in putting an end to their circulation. Nor do I hesitate to express the opinion that the country would be benefited if all five-dollar notes should be gradually retired and the coinage of half and quarter eagles should be increased. If this should be done, the circulating medium of the United States below tell dollars would be silver and gold, and we should be following the example of France, in which there is an immense circalation of silver coin, which in all domestic transactions maintains a parity with gold.
The substitution of gold and silver for small notes would be productive of some inconvenience, but this would be temporary only. If the five-dollar notes should be withdrawn, the Treasury would be relieved from the burden of silver in its vanlts, and it would not be long before the coinage of silver might be resumed.

## COINS AND COINAGE.

The nominal value of the coinage at the mints of the United States during the fiscal year 1884 was $\$ 27,932,824$ of gold, $\$ 28,773,387.80$ of silver, and $\$ 1,174,709.73$ of minor coius, a total of $\$ 57,880,921.53$. Of the gold coinage, $\$ 23,765,900$ were in double-eagles, $\$ 2,033,040$ in eagles, and $\$ 2,116,020$ in half-eagles. Of silver, $\$ 28,099,930$ were in standard dollars, $\$ 665,160.30$ in dimes, $\$ 4,465$ in half-dollars, and $\$ 3,832.50$ in quarter-dollars.
The larger part, nearly six-sevenths, of the gold coinage was executed at the San Francisco mint, while the Philadelphia mint was chiefly occupied in coining silver and minor coins. Both gold and silver were coined at Carson, but only standard dollars at New Orleans.

Application having been made by the Hawaiian Government for the coinage of silver coins of the nominal value of $\$ 1,000,000$, authority was given to coin that amount at the San Francisco mint of the denominations and standards prescribed by the laws of that government, which conform in weight and fineness to those of similar United States silver coins, and the coinage was executed in accordance therewith.

Besides the conversion of bullion into coin, bars were manufactured and issued from the mints aud assay offices of the value of $\$ 23,875,585.57$ gold and $\$ 7,639,724.42$ silver, a total of $\$ 31,515,309.99$. Gold bars of the value of $\$ 25,419,530.15$ were paid out in exchange for gold coin at the New York assay office, and $\$ 381,269.71$ at the Philadelphia mint, a
total of $\$ 25,800,799.86$, of which $\$ 22,966,975.44$ were delivered for shipment to Europe and the remainder for industrial uses.

For the coinage of standard dollars, $\$ 24,378,383.91$ worth of silver bullion was bought during the year, an average of $\$ 2,031,532$ per month. 'The mean New York price for silver bullion was $\$ 1.1156$ per ounce fine, and the average cost of the silver purchased was $\$ 1.112$.

The silver used in coining silver dollars, including the value of the silver wasted and sold in sweeps, cast $\$ 24,203,572.67$, being a monthly average of $\$ 2,016,964.39$.

The report of the Director of the Mint shows in detail and in tabular statements the operations of the mints and assay offices and the disposition of the bullion received, and contains valuable information in regard to the production, consumption, and circulation of gold and silver in the United States and in the world.

The mines of this country during the calendar year 1883 yielded of the precious metals, gold, $\$ 30,000,000$; silver, $\$ 46,200,000-\mathrm{a}$ total of $\$ 76,200,000$, and will probably produce nearly the same amount in the present year, as the receipts at the mints and exports indicate an increase in silver and slight decline in gold.

The coin of the United States is estimated to have been on the 30th of June, 1883, gold coin, over $\$ 537,000,000$; silver coin, $\$ 225,000,000$, and it has been increased during the fiscal year by coinage at the mints, and the import of United States coin, deducting the export and amount used in the arts, by $\$ 13,000,000$ in gold and $\$ 22,000,000$ in silver. On the 1st of October, 1884 , it amounted to $\$ 557,000,000$ of gold, and $\$ 257,000,000$ of silver-a total of $\$ 814,000,000$. This does not include the bullion belonging to the Government at that date held at the mints and assay offices, aggregating nearly $\$ 53,000,000$ in gold and $\$ 5,000,000$ in silver-making the total in the country of coin and bullion available for coinage $\$ 872,000,000$.

The following are probably reliable estimates of the production of gold and silver for the last ten years:

| Years. | Production of gold. |  | Production of silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States. | World. | United States. | World. |
| 1874 | \$ $\$ 33,500,000$ | \$113,500,000 | \$37, 300,000 | 482,000,000 |
| 1875 | 33,500,000 | 113,500,000 | 31,700,600 | 82,000,000 |
| 1876 | 39,930,000 | 114,000,000 | 38,780,040 | 98,000,000 |
| 1877 | 46,900,000 | 114,000,000 | $39,800,000$ | 81, 000,000 |
| 1878 | 51, 200,000 | 119,000,000 | 45, 281,060 | 94, 900,000 |
| 1879 | 38,900, 000 | 108,700,000 | 40, 800,000 | 96, 170,000 |
| 1880 | 36, 000,000 | - 106,400,000 | 39, 200,000 | 96, 700,000 |
| 1881 | 34, 700, 000 | 103,000,000 | 43,000,000 | 102,150,000 |
| 1882 | 32, 500, 040 | 98,700,000 | 46,800,000 | 110,000,000 |
| 1883 | 30, 000, 000 | 94, 000,000 | 46,200,000 | 114, 200,000 |
| Total | 377, 130, 000 | 1,084, 800,000 | 408, 861, 000 | 957,120,000 |

The Secretary invites attention to the pressing necessity for the recoinage of the subsidiary silver coins of the United States. The decreased intrinsic value of these coins, owing to the marked decline in the price of silver, renders it advisable to increase their weight so that they will correspond to fractional subdivisions of the silver dollar.

The fractional silver coins of the United States were first authorized by the act of April 2, 1792, and were of full weight, being fractional portions of the dollar of 416 grains. As the silver dollar and its fractional parts were somewhat overvalued in that act, the weight of the dollar was changed by the act of January 18,1837 , to 412.5 grains, and the fineness from 892.4 to 900 , the weight of the fractional silver coins being changed proportionally.

As the bullion value of these coins was still greater than their face value, it was found necessary, in order to keep them in the country for domestic use, to make them subsidiary to the silver dollar of that day. The act of February 21, 1853, therefore, reduced the weight of a dollar in fractional coin from 412.5 grains to 384 grains.

In the reorganization of the coinage laws, by the act of February 12, 1873, the weight of the fractional silver coins was again changed so as to correspond with the metric system, that law providing that a halfdollar should weigh 12.5 grams, which made the weight of one dollar in subsidiary silver 385.8 grains. This is the law at the present time.

As stated above, prior to 1873 the bullion value of the silver in the fractional silver coins exceeded the nominal value of the coins, but, owing to the decline in the price of that metal, the value of the silver in two half-dollars of the present coinage, or of one dollar in any fractional silver coined under existing law, is now only about 78 cents. This would seem to be out of any just proportion to the face value of the coins.

It is estimated that there are in the country at this time some seventy,five millions of dollars of fractional silver coins of the various weights and finenesses authorized by the acts stated above. Nearly $\$ 30,000,000$ of them are held in the Treasury, and are practically unavailable as an asset. A large portion of them is in a badly abraded condition, having been in circulation for a long period of years. To increase their bullion value so as to bring them up to the same weight proportionately as the silver dollar would require about four million $' 4,000,000$ ) ounces of silver.

The reasons which existed at the time for making fractional silver coins subsidiary to the dollar have ceased to exist, and, as the price of silver is now lower than at any time since the summer of $\mathbf{1 8 7 9}$, the present would seem a most favorable opportunity for accomplishing the needed improvement in these coins. The work could be effected by the mints during the next five years, in connection with the regular coinage authorized by law, without an increase of force or interference with such regular coinage.

The tendency of all nations is to improve and beautify the designs on their coins, and especially to make them uniform in weight as far as practicable. There is not only a marked diversity in weight among our coins of the same nominal value, but they are characterized by a great variety and exceeding inelegance of design and a lack of artistic merit. Should Congress authorize their recoinage, a much-needed opportunity would be furnished for rendering them more creditable as well as more useful to the country.

## The trade-dollar.

The Secretary suggests that the existence of the anomalous tradedollars should be no longer tolerated. Originally coined for purposes of foreign trade, and given a limited legal-tender quality in this country, they have not only been deprived of that quality by law, but have also ceased to perform the function for which they were created.

Some millions of them, variously estimated at from six to ten, are held in various parts of the country, awaiting the action of Congress. Although intrinsically more valuable than the standard dollar, their bullion value is now only about 86 cents. If it be considered unfair or impracticable to accomplish their surrender at their bullion value merely, a small advance on that value might be offered for them. The offer should not remain open longer than one year. The bullion realized from them will be available for the ordinary coinage of the Government, but, if the present silver law is to remain in force, such bullion should be counted as a part of that now required to be purchased each month.

## PUBLIC MONEYS.

The monetary transactions of the Government have been conducted through the offices of the Treasurer of the United States, nine assistant treasurers, and one hundred and thirty-five national-bank depositaries.

The gross receipts of the Government, amonnting during the fiscal year, as shown by warrants, to $\$ 555,397,755.92$, ( $\$ 206,877,886$ of which were on account of loans,) wंere deposited as follows:
In Independent Treasury offices. $\$ 427,658,67100$
In national-bank depositaries.......... ...................... . 127, 739, 08492
Attention is again invited to the crowded condition of the vaults in the sub-treasury offices, occasioned by the great accumulation of standard silver dollars and redeemed fractional silver coins. The new vault just completed in the office of the Treasurer of the United States at Washington is the only one now available for further storage, the new vault at New Orleans being needed for the storage of silver accumulated at that point and that coined at the mint in that city. The vaults of the offices at Boston and Cincinnati have been somewhat relieved by transfers of silver to Washington, but there has been no transfer yet from the San Francisco office to the East, owing to the great cost of transportation and the inadequacy of the appropriation from which such cost is properly payable. The assistant treasurer at San Francisco has reported that his vaults are nearly full, and that there is no further space in his office available for the erection of another vault. He recommends the purchase of adjoining property for the purpose of providing additional vault-room.

There are also many millions of standard silver dollars in the mint at San Francisco which encumber the vanlt-space required to accommodate the current coinage, and which should be transferred if the coinage of such pieces is to be continued there, even in limited amount, as at present. The cost of transportation could be paid from the profit on their coinage, but they can be transferred to Washington only at a great expense, which the Department feels reluctant to incur, in view of the fact that such action would not distribute the coins or get them into circulation, but would simply change the place of their storage, and render it necessary hereafter for Congress to appropriate funds for their transportation from the Treasury, whenever the coins are distributed throughout the country.

## Standard silver dollars.

Statement showing the amount of standard silver dollars in the several Treasu'y offices October 31, 1884.

| In office of- | Standard silver dollars. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Treasurer United States, Washington | \$5,024, 243 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Baltimore | 3, 1.46, 351 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at New York | 26, 208, 000 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Philadelphia | 9, 455, 390 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Boston. | 1,975,085 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Cincinnati | 278,500 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Chicago | 6,840,400 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at Saint Louis | 8,132,000 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at New Orleans | 8,013,001 |
| Assistant treasurer United States at San Francisco | 18,812,000 |
| Mint of the United States at Philadelphia | 7,876,905 |
| Mint of the United States at New Orleans | 12,072,658 |
| Mint of the United States at Denver.... |  |
| Mint of the United States at Carson | 2, 942,308 |
| Mint of the United States at San Francisco | 32, 607, 492 |
| Assay office of the United States at New York | 5,423 |
| Assay office of the United States at Saint Louis |  |
| Assay office of the United States at Helena. | 13,738 |
| Assay office of the United States at Boise City | 680 |
| Total | 143, 404,093 |

The following table shows the amount of silver dollars coined, on hand, distributed, and outstanding at the close of each year since the coinage was resumed:

| Fiscal year ended June 30- | Annual coin- age. | Total coinage. | On hand at close of year. | Net distribution during year. | Outstanding at close of year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878* | \$8.573,500 | \$8,573,500 | \%7, 718, 357 | \$855, 143 | \$855, 143 |
| 1879 | 27, 227, 500 | - 35,801,000 | 28, 358,589 | 6,587, 268 | 7, 442,411 |
| 1880 | 27, 933, 750 | 63,734,750 | 45, 108, 296 | 11,184, 043 | 18,626, 454 |
| 1881 | 27, 637, 95.5 | 91, 372, 705 | 63, 249, 300 | 9, 496, 951 | 28, 123, 405 |
| 1882 | 27, 772,075 | 119, 144, 780 | 87, 524, 182 | 3,497, 193 | 31, 620,598 |
| 1883 | 28, 111, 119 | 147, 255,889 | 112, 362,510 | 3, 272,791 | 34, 893, 389 |
| 1884 | 28, 099, 930 | 175, 355, 829 | 135, 810, 368 | 4, 652, 072 | 39,545, 461 |

* Coinage began in Mareh.


## Silver certificates.

| The total amount issued to November 1, 1884, was...... The redemptions to the same date amounted to. | $60,233,469$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Leaving nominally outstanding. | 131, 556,531 |
| There were nominally outstanding November 1, 1883. | 99, 579, 141 |
| Showing an increase of | 31, 977, 390 |
| The Treasury held on November 1, | \$30, 814, 970 |
| And on November 1, 1883 | 13, 632, 370 |
| An increase of | 17, 182, 600 |


| Which deducted from the increase in the amount nominally outstanding, leaves an increase of. | \$14, 794, 790 |
| :---: | :---: |
| The amounts actually outstanding (in circulation) were: |  |
| November.1, 1884. | \$100, 741, 561 |
| November 1, 1883 | 85, 946, 771 |
| An increase, as above, of | 14, 794, 790 |

## Gold certificates.

Statement of gold certificates of 1882 issued, redeented, and outstanding.

| : Denomination. | Outstanding Nov. 1, 1883. | Total issues to Nov. 1, 1884. | Total redemptions to Nov. 1, 1884. | Outstanding Nov. 1, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twenty dollars | \$12,480,900 | \$14, 880,000 | \$1, 897,560 | \$12, 982, 440 |
| Firty dollars | 9,740,700 | 10,500, 000 | 1,648,400 | 8,851,600 |
| One hundred dollars | 9, 250, 600 | 10,700,000 | 1, 382, 600 | 9,317,400 |
| Five hundred dollars. | 8,652,500 | 10,500,000 | 2, 003,500 | 8, 496,500 |
| One thousand dollars. | 13, 113,049 | 17,000,000 | 2,604, 000 | 14,396,009 |
| Five thousand dollars | $8,205,000$ $18,680,000$ | $15,000,000$ $74,000,000$ | $4,865,000$ $20,420,000$ | $10,135,000$ $53,580,000$ |
| Total. | 80, 122, 700 | 152, 580,000 | 34, 821,060 | 117, 758, 940 |

Note.-The amounts outstanding on the dates named, as shown by the public-debt statement, are greater: there being included the amounts of the gold certificates of the old issuc outstanding, which were as follows: On November 1, 1883, $83,206,240$; on November $1,1881, \$ 2,584,380$.

The amounts held by the Treasury were: November 1, $1853, \$ 31,252,760$; November 1, $1884_{r}$ $\$ 32.477,750$.

## Transportation charges on United States notes.

Attention is directed by the Treasurer to the need of an appropriation for the expense of transportation of worn and mutilated United States notes to the Treasury for redemption, and the return of new notes therefor.

In view of the fact that for many years Congress, by appropriating for this expense, recognized the duty of the Government to bear the entire cost of this currency, as the national banks are required to bear the expense of replacing their issues, and of the apparent discrimination in respect to facilities for redemption, against the holders of notes who cannot present them to an assistant treasurer without expense to themselves, it is urged that a sufficient amount be appropriated to pay the charges for the transportation of such notes for the remainder of this and for the ensuing fiscal year.

## BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Owing to the inadequacy of the appropriation for the preparation of United States notes, certificates, and bonds, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, Congress was asked on January 5, 1884, for a deficiency appropriation. This not having been granted, the preparation of one-
dollar and two-dollar notes was suspended from January 21, 1884, until July 1, 1884, at which time the appropriation for the current fiscal year became available. In consequence of this, the Treasury was for a time unable to supply these notes. The appropriation for the current year, being but $\$ 4,000$ greater than that of last year, is believed to be insufficient to maintain a full circulation of small notes.

The Secretary has already expressed the opinion that the function. of the one-dollar and two-dollar notes would be better performed by the silver dollar, and suggested that a withdrawal of such noteswould furnish legitimate employment for a large portion of the vast store of standard dollars now idle in the Treasury vaults.

If it be determined, however, to keep legal-tender notes of the smaller denominations in circulation, I recommend the appropriation of the full amount asked for by the Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

## NATIONAL BANIXS.

The number of national banks in operation November 1, 1884, was 2,672. The number of national banks organized during the year ending November 1, 1884, was 191, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 16,042,230$. Circulating notes have been issued to these new associations amounting to $\$ 3,854,530$. These new banks are located by geographical division as follows: Eastern States, ten banks, with capital of $\$ 810,000$; Middle States, twenty-five banks, with capital of $\$ 1,812,250$; Southeru States, thirty banks, with capital of $\$ 2,991,100$; Western States, one hundred and two banks, with capital of $\$ 8,905,880$; Pacific States, five banks, with capital of $\$ 380,000$; Territories, nineteen banks, with capital of $\$ 1,143,000$.

Since the establishment of the national-banking system, on February 25,1863 , there have been organized 3,261 national banks. Of these, 489 have gone into voluntary liquidation by vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their respective capital, and 100 have been placed in the hands of receivers for the purpose of closing up their affairs.

The aggregate capital of the national banks of the United States on October 1, 1884, was $\$ 524,266,345$; the surplus was $\$ 147,045,833.28$; the circulation was $\$ 289,775,123$; the individual deposits were $\$ 975,259,295.14$; the loans and discounts were $\$ 1,240,070,797.02$; the amount of specie was $\$ 128,609,474.73$; the United States bonds to secure circulation were $\$ 327,435,000$; and the United States bonds to secure deposits and for other purposes were $\$ 30,419,600$.

Eleven natioual banks, with au aggregate capital of $\$ 1,285,000$, have
failed and been placed in the hands of receivers during the year ended November 1, 1884. The corporate existence of eighty-nine national banks expired during the year, of which eighty-three have been extended under the act of July 12, 1882. The shareholders of five national banks have permitted their corporate existence to expire by limitation during the year, three of which were succeeded by other associations in the same'places and with nearly the same shareholders, and one national bank was placed in voluntary liquidation by vote ot shareholders owning two-thirds of its stock. The corporate existence of 721 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 189,071,475$, will expire during 1885.
It will be noted that the circulation decreased $\$ 25,156,452$ during the year. The bonds deposited to secure circulation, which decreased $\$ 9,613,350$ in 1883 , were still further reduced $\$ 25,442,300$ during $1884-$ a reduction of $\$ 35,055,650$ in two years.

The 3 per cent. bonds of the United States have now been reduced to less than two hundred millions, and they will be further reduced through the operations of the sinking-fund by nearly fifty millions each year.

The market prices of the 4 per cent. and the $4 \frac{2}{3}$ per cent. bonds of the United States have declined somewhat during the past year ; but that these bonds are still too high to enable banks to base circulation upon them at a profit is plain, from the fact that the circulation has beeit voluntarily decreased more than $\$ 25,000,000$ during the year.

Among the measures of relief recommended in the last report were an increase of the issue of notes to the face value of the bonds deposited, a'bill to authorize which passed the Senate during the last session of Congress; the acceptance of the 3.65 per cent. bonds of 1924 of the District of Columbia, the payment of which is guaranteed by the United States; and a repeal of the tax on circulation. I earnestly commend these propositions to the wisdom of Congress, believing that, if adopted, they will enable banks which now contemplate a surrender of their circulation in'consequence of the calling of their 3 per cent. bonds to maintain it on the long-time bonds with a ismall profit, or at least without loss.

Inasmuch as about $\$ 135,000,000$ of the circulation of banks is based upon our 3 per cent. bonds, which are now redeemable and being rapidly redeemed, remedial action cannot be postponed beyond the present session if a rapid reduction of our bank-note circulation is to be avoided. The subject is a very important one, and should receive immediate attention.

These, however, would be measures of temporary relief only. Something more must be done if the system is to be established on a permanent basis.

More than twenty years have passed since the national-banking system was adopted, and many people are not aware of the circumstances under which it came into existence. Prior to 1863 the paper circulation of the country was furnished by banks organized under State laws. The notes issued by these banks had a very limited credit, and none of them were perfectly seçured. When it became apparent that large amounts of paper currency would be required by the Government in making payments and in the collection of the internal revenues, the question which presented itself to the Secretary, Mr. Chase, was: Can the notes of State banks be safely used by the Department for these purposes? Fortunately for the Government, and for the business of the country, the Secretary decided the question in the negative. It was his opinion, which coincided with the opinion of Congress, that a bank-note circulation perfectly secured and current throughout the Union had become an absolute necessity; hence the creation of our national-banking system. It is one of the most interesting facts in our financial history that the notes of the State banks were retired and their place taken by those of the national banks-an entire revolution effected in our banking. system-without a ripple of disturbance to the business of the country.

That the national-banking system has been of great service to the Government in the collection of revenues; that it has furnished a banknote circulation of uniform value, and safe beyond question, is admitted even by its opponents. Open to all who desire to engage in banking, free from any thing which savors of monopoly, it is eminently adapted to our republican institutions. Banks of issue have been found necessary in all commercial nations, and it can be safely asserted that none, so far as circulating notes are regarded, are superior or equal to ours. All this being true, its preservation is a matter of national importance; its discontinuance would be a national calamity.

## OUSTOMS.


That for the preceding fiscal year was.................... 214, 706, 49693
Showing a reduction of...................................... 19, 639, 00717

## XLIV

The total value of the imports of merchandise entered for consumption in the United States during the year ended June 30, 1884, was $\$ 667,575,389$, as against $\$ 700,829,673$ during the preceding fiscal year; the value of dutiable merchandise so entered amounted to $\$ 456,295,124$, as against $\$ 493,916,384$ diuring the preceding year ; the value of merchandise free of duty amounted to $\$ 211,280,265$, as against $\$ 206,913,289$ during the preceding year; the average ad valorem rate of duty on dutiable merchandise was 41.702 per cent., as against 42.646 per cent. during the preceding fiscal year; and the average ad valorem rate of duty on free and dutiable merchandise was 28.503 per cent., as against 30.055 per cent. during the preceding fiscal year. These facts may be more concisely presented in tabular form, as follows :

Value of imported merchandisc entered for consumption, and duties collected thereon.

|  | Year ended June 30- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1884. |
| Merchandise free of duty. | \$206, 913, 289 | \$211, 280, 265 |
| Dutiable merchandise. | 493, 916,384 | 456, 295, 124 |
| Totel value of merchandise. | 700, 829, 673 | 667, 575,389 |
|  | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| Average ad valorem rates of duty onDutialie merchandise. | 42.646 | 41.703 |
| Free and dutiable merchandise. | 30.055 | 28.503 |

The following are the amounts of duty collected on the articles named during the years ended June 30, 1883 and 1884, respectively:

| Artiçles. | 1883. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Sugar, molasses, and confectionery | \$46,172,378 | \$48, 923,465 |
| 2. Wool, and manufactures of | 32, 320,893 | 32,001, 226 |
| 3. Sills, manufactures of.. | 19, 654, 946 | 18,962, 210 |
| 4. Iron and steel, and manutactures of | 16, 590,504 | 14,799, 117 |
| 5. Cotton, manufactures of.. | 12, 234, 371 | 11,479,942 |
| 6. Flax, hemp, jute, and manufactures | 10, 149, 103 | 9, 418,484 |
| 7. Tobacco, and manufact | 7,661,638 | 6,945,652 |
| 8. Spirits and wines. | 8,74I, 958 | 5,730, 646 |

The report of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics gives a review of the effect of the tariff" act of March 3, 1883, for the year ended June 30, 1884, to which special attention is invited.

## QUARANTINE OF NEAT-CATTLE.

The act making an appropriation for the current year to establish and maintain quarantine stations, and provide proper shelter for and care of neat-cattle imported, provides that the same be expended by

Whe Commissioner of Agriculture, under the general supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Heretofore the establishment and maintenance of such quarantine stations was exclusively in charge of this Department, but under the foregoing provision the Department of Agriculture has entire control of the whole matter, including the expenditure of the appropriation, subject only to the supervision of this Department as to approving the details of expenditure and making general regulations governing the importation. It is presumed that the Commissioner of Agriculture will make a report on the subject directly to Congress.

SPEOIAI AGENTS.
It appears from the report, herewith transmitted,* of the Supervising Special Agent, who has charge of measures for the prevention and detection of frauds upon the customs revenue, that the most serious obstacle in the way of an honest collection of the customs duties is the widespread practice of undervaluing invoices of merchandise consigned to agents of European manufacturers. The consignment system seems to have largely grown up since the enactment of the act of June 22, 1874. This law, which requires the Government in certain customs cases to prove the intent to defraud the revenue as a separate and distinct proposition, is found by the law officers to be a constant barrier to the successful prosecution of frauds of this nature. In a recent decision of the United States court of the southern district of New York, it is held that the act in question repealed the law providing for forfeiture of the value of the goods where the merchandise fraudulently imported had gone into consumption.

Under this law and the ruling of the court, the Government has now no remedy where frauds upon the revenue have been successfully accomplished and the goods have passed beyond reach of the customs officers.

An ad valorem tariff without adequate means for its enforcement and penalties for its violation must inevitably result in loss to the revenue and to honest importers.

[^2]
## INTERNAL REVENUE

The receipts from the various objects of taxation under the internalrevenue laws, as reported by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1883 and 1884, were as follows:

| Objects of taxation. | Fiscal year ended June 30- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1884. |
| Distilled spirits | 873, 368, 77520 | \$76,905,385 26 |
| Tobacco.......... | 42, 104, 24979 | 26,062, 39998 |
| Fermented liquors. | 16,900,615 81 | 18,084, 954 11 |
| Bank circulation. | 78235 | 44184 |
| Penalties. | 305, 80357 | 289,144 12 |
| Taxes under repealed laws | 10,873,118 14 | 247, 7452 |
| Total. | 144, 553, 34486 | 121, 590,03983 |

These figures differ somewhat from the amonnts actually covered into the Treasury as shown by the covering warrants.

From the above table it appears that the increase of revenue from spirits during the last fiscal year was $\$ 2,536,610.06$, and from fermented liquors, $\$ 1,184,338.30$; the decrease in the receipts from tobacco was $\$ 16,041, \$ 49.81$, and from all sources, $\$ 10,625,403.62$. This large decrease is due to the act of March 3, 1883, which reduced the tax on manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, \&c., and repealed the tax on the capital and deposits of banks and bankers not national, and the stamptax on bank checks, friction matches, patent medicines, \&c.

The cost of collecting internal revenue during the last fiscal year was $\$ 5,100,451.84$. The estimated cost for the same work for the current year is $\$ 4,984,590$.

## PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, is greater than the production of 1883 by $1,422,431$ gallons, but is less than that of 1882 by $30,417,422$ gallons, and of 1881 by $42,292,411$ gallons.

The increase in productiou of the fiscal year 1884, as compared with that of the fiscal year 1883, is distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows :

Increase in production of-
Gallons.
Bourbon whiskey ......................................................... 234, 587
Rye whiskey................................................................. 305, 304
Alcohol........................................................................ 1, 666, 523
Gin........................................................................... 95,956


## IMMIGRATION.

The experience of another year in the administration of the "act to regulate immigration," approved August 3,1882 , seems to justify a renewal of the recommendation of my predecessor in his annual report of last year, looking to a modification of the existing law.

The double capacity in which the State boards of immigration act, namely, as Federal and as State officers, as required by this act, tends to render the execation of the law uncertain and inefficient. The duty of securing the return of alien convicts to the countries whence they came is, by the fourth section of this act, imposed on State officers, without any remuneration. The proceedings of the return of such convicts must be taken by such officers, under the provisions of "An act supplementary to the acts in relation to immigration," approved March 3, 1875-proceedings so circuitous and complex as to render a return of convicts nearly impossible.
TWere is no provision in the act for the purchase or care of property, such as vehicles or edifices needed for the due execution of the law. The receiving of immigrants on their arrival in this country, when sick or temporarily physically disabled, necessitates a resort to the use of vehicles for transportation, and frequently the shelter of a hospital or other edifice of like character.

Applications from the boards of immigration at Baltimore and Galveston for authority to erect on the docks of those cities buildings simply for receiving immigrants on landing, on the ground of an imperative demaud for them, are now before the Department; but the authority to appropriate the proceeds of the immigration fund for that purpose is, under the law, doubtful.

No contracts with State commissioners to administer the local affairs of immigration have been made within the past year. The commis-
:sioners who had previously been contracted with, viz., those at Portland, Me., Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Key West, and Galveston, are still in the exercise of their functions at their respective ports. At most of the other ports the receipts of tax have been found insufficient to warrant the designation of commissioners, and as a consequence, there being no agencies for the employment at such ports of the fund there collected as capitation tax, such collections have been, and still continue to be, covered into the Treasury without being in any way made available in the conduct of the affairs of immigration at the respective ports where collected. To obviate this, it is recommended that, in such cases, discretionary power be conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury to designate collectors of customs or their deputies to act as commissioners of immigration at their respective ports, with special compensation therefor, if deemed advisable.

Certain questions háve arisen, in the course of the administration of the law, as to the extent of the jurisdiction of boards of immigration over immigrants that have been landed. At some of the ports where immigration boards are in operation, particularly at. New York, some difficulty has been experienced in determining where the examination of passengers should be made. The law, by implication, requires that such examinations shall be made on shipboard before the passengers have been landed. At ports where large numbers of immigrants arrive at one time, it has been found inconvenient, if not impracticable, to carry such requirementinto practice, and, therefore, such examination has been conducted at some designated place of landing. under the control of the board of immigration. For instance, the examinations at New York are made at Castle Garden.

A point was raised in a case recently before thé United States court at New York bearing on the question of the authority, under the law, to return on shipboard for deportation parties who, having been landed, are found to be of a class whose landing is prohibited. While the court intimated, upon a point outside of the issue, that a place for the landing and subsequent examination of passengers might be designated under the law, it is recommended that further legislation be had, giving specific authority to make such designations.

The immigrant act of August 3, 1882, imposes no penalty for the landing of persons of the prohibited classes. The "Passenger act" of August 2, 1882, (section 9,) imposes a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars on the master of a vessel from a foreign port for allowing passengers to land without the consent of the customs officer in charge. While this latter might be invoked as prescribing a penalty for a vio-
lation of the former act, it is recommended that a special penalty of a reasonable amount be prescribed for the violation of the immigrant act in respect to the landing of passengers, and that such penalty be made a lien upon the transporting vessel. It is also recommended that the moneys so collected as penalties be made a part of the immigrant furd to be employed as provided by the immigrant act, as well as for the deportation of passengers illegally landed. If the recommendation hereinbefore made be adopted, viz., that passengers may be landed at designated places for examination, the penalty suggested should be made to apply in cases where, having been so landed and examined, they are found to be of the proscribed classes.

The section of the "Passenger act" above referred to (section 9) forbids the master to allow any one to go on board his vessel after her arrival, but before the customs officer takes charge, "except a pilot, officer of the customs or health officer, agents of the vessel, and consuls." The commissioners of immigration are not allowed to board the vessel until after an officer has taken charge. It will thus be seen that the agents of the vessel may, with the consent of the master, board the vessel in advance of the commissioners, and so be afforded an opportunity to interview the immigrants without hinderance to prepare them for the subsequent examination, so that the prohibition of the law in respect to the landing of certain classes may be avoided. It is, therefore, recommended that the law be so amended as to allow the commissioners of immigration or their representatives equal privileges with the agents of vessels in respect to boarding.

The receipts and disbursements on account of the immigrant fund, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, as shown by covering and disbursing warrants, respectively, were as follows: Receipts, $\$ 224,286.50$; disbursements, $\$ 235,443.86$. The apparent excess of expenditures over receipts for the fiscal year is accounted for by the fact that such excess was paid from an unexpended balance of receipts of the preceding fiscal year, amounting to $\$ 104,130.53$.

502: F-IV

The following statement shows the immigration at the several ports of the United States:

Number of immigrants arrived in the United States, by customs distvicts, during the years ended June 30, 1883 and 1884.

*Increase.

## The following statement shows the nationality of immigrants :

Number and nationalities of immigrants arrived in the United States during the years ended June 30, 1883 and 1884, respectively.

| Country of last permanent residence or citizenship. | Year ended June |  | Decrease. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1854. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Per cent. |
| England. | 63,140 | 55,918 | 7,222 | 11.4 |
| Ireland.. | 81, 486 | 63,344 | 18,142 | 22.3 |
| Scotland................................................................... | 11, 859 | 9,060 | 2,799 | 23.6 |
| Great Britain, other..................................................... | 1,607 | 972 | 635 | 39.5 |
| Total United Kingdon. | 158, 092 | 129,294 | 28,798 | 18.2 |
| Germany.................................................................. | 194,786 | 179, 676 | 15,110 | 7.7 |
| Sweden..................................................................... | 38,277 | 26,552 | 11,725 | 30.6 |
| Norway.................................................................... | 23,398 | 16,974 | 6,424 | 27.5 |
| Denmark.................................................................. | 10,319 | 9,202 | 1,117 | 10.8 |
| Switzerland.............................................................. | 12,751 | 9,386 | 3,365 | 26.4 |
| France ..................................................................... | 4,821 | 3,608 | 1, 21.3 | 25.2 |
| Italy ........................................................................... | 31,792 | 16,510 | 15,282 | 48.1 |
| Other Europe.. | 46,918 | 61,004 | \%14,086 | 30.0 |
| Dominion of Canada. | 70,241 | 60,584 | 9,657 | 13.7 |
| China.... | 8,031 | - 279 | 7,752 | 96.5 |
| All other countries. | 3,896 | 5,523 | * 1,627 | 43.7 |
| Total | 603,322 | 518,592 | 84,730 | 14.0 |

*Increase.

## REVENUE MARINE.

The Revenue Marine maintains its position of usefulness and effciency. The vessels now number thirty-eight, manned by about 950 officers and men, and are so stationed as effectually to cover the whole coast of the country.

The work of the service for the fiscal year last past is represented, statistically, as follows:
Aggregate number of miles cruised by vessels................ 317,843
Number of merchant vessels boarded and examined........ 26,282
Number of merchant vessels found violating law in some particular and seized or reported to proper authorities...

2, 270
Fines or penalties incurred by vessels so seized or re-
ported............................................................................. 642.39
Number of vessels in distress assisted............................ 246
Value of vessels and their cargoes imperilled by the sea to which assistance was rendered............................... $\$ 7,015,572.00$
Number of persons on board vessels assisted .................. 3,310
Sixty-three persons were picked out of the water and saved from drowning.

The cost of conducting the service for the past year was $\$ 851,311.86$.
The special work of the service has been unusually important. Four of the vessels were employed last spring in the waters of the Gulf of Mexico in preventing violations of the neutrality laws. Added to the regular work, the whole fleet has been employed during the season in maintaining a sanitary patrol upon our coast against the introduction of cholera and yellow fever, while four of the vessels have, in co-operation with the Marine-Hospital Service, kept up rigid national quarantine at the entrances to Delaware and Chesapeake bays and in the Gulf.

In compliance with the law requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to use revenue-vessels for the protection of the Government's interests in Alaska, the revenue-steamer "Corwin," under command of Captain Healy, has cruised industriously in the waters of Alaska and upon our coast within the Arctic ocean, with signal public benefit, seizing one schooner engaged in the unlawful killing of seals, assisting the crew of a shipwrecked whaler, succoring destitute miners, and making useful surveys and explorations.

The rebuilding of the revenue-steamer "Perry," at Buffalo, N. Y., has been completed during the year, and that vessel placed on duty at Erie, Pa., her former station. She proves an able and effective vessel, and constitutes a valuable addition to the fleet.

Three steamers of the service have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired in the hulls, and furnished with new boilers.

The steamer "Crawford," which has been laid up for several months as unseaworthy, has an engine of superior make. It is recommended that this vessel be rebuilt with iron bull, (utilizing the present engine,) for service in southern waters. For this purpose the sum of $\$ 70,000$ is included in the estimates.

Of the two small steamers engaged in harbor duty at the port of New York, neither is adapted for the work now required of them, and one is reported in need of extensive repairs. The sum of $\$ 50,000$ is.required for the construction of such a vessel as the public interests demand for this duty, and recommendation is made accordingly.

Attention is invited to the recommendations of five former reports that a vessel be provided for duty in Alaskan waters. The growing importance of this vast territory renders the subject of increased interest, while the results of the annual cruising of the revenue-cutters in the Alaskan region show the practical utility of the work performed. It is believed that this service cannot be abandoned without serious public loss.

## LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

The operations of this service have continued during the year with unabated success.

The number of the stations at the close of the year was 201. There were 337 disasters to documented vessels within the scope of their action. On board these vessels there were 4,253 persons; of these, 4,237 were saved, and 16 lost. The number of shipwrecked persons succored at the stations was 532 , who received in the aggregate 1,319 days' relief. The value of property involved is estimated at $\$ 10 ; 530,025$; of this, $\$ 9,090,134$ was saved, and $\$ 1,439,891$ lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 64.

The assistance in saving vessels and cargoes has been greater than ever before, 390 vessels having been worked off when stranded, repaired when damaged, piloted out of dangerous places, and similarly assisted by the station crews. There were also 240 instances of vessels being warned off by night-signals when running dangerously near shore, and thus probably saved from partial or total loss.

Besides the foregoing, there were 102 disasters to small craft, such as sail-boats, row-boats, \&c., involving the lives of 179 persons. Of these, 175 were saved, and 4 lost. The property represented in these cases amounted to $\$ 77,915$, of which $\$ 71,220$ was saved, and $\$ 6,695$ lost. The aggregate is as follows:
Total number of disasters.................................................... 439
Total value of property involved.................................. $\$ 10,607,940$
Total value of property saved..................................... \$ $\$ 9,161,354$
Total value of property lost........................................ \$1, 446, 586
Total number of persons on board................................ . 4, 432
Total number of persons saved..................................... 4,412
Total number of persons lost. ..... 20
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations.. ..... 532
Total number of days' succor afforded ..... 1, 319
Total number of vessels lọst. ..... 64

Besides the persons saved from vessels as above shown, there were 21 rescued who had fallen from wharves, piers, \&c., and would probably have been lost but for the assistance rendered.

The investigations held in each case of loss of life show that the lifesaving crews did their entire duty, and that the persons who perished were in every instance beyond human aid.

The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year has been $\$ 766,834.64$.

Five new stations have been established and put in operation since。 the date of the last report: One at Brenton's Point, Rhode Island; one at Lewes, Del. ; one at North Beach, Maryland; one at Wallop's Beach and one at Parramore's Beach, Virginia. A station has also been rebuilt at Barnegat City, and another at Chadwick's, both on the coast of New Jersey. A station at the mouth of Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship-Canal, Michigan, is also in process of construction, and five houses of refuge on the Florida coast are under contract for building. Proposals have also been invited for the construction of a station near Charleston, S. C., another at Jupiter Inlet, Fla., and a third at Santa Rosa Island, Fla. Titles have been secured to twelve sites on different parts of the coast, and preparations are being made for the establishment of stations thereon.

## MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

During the last fiscal year 44,751 patients received relief-13, 078 were treated in hospitals, and 31,673 at the dispensaries. The usual number of surgical appliances and orders for transportation were furnished. The receipts from all sources were $\$ 421 ; 348.59$, and the expenditures, $\$ 465,387.45$. This includes $\$ 37,460.08$ expended for extraordinary alterations and repairs upon hospital buildings. Of the hospital patients treated, 8,954 recovered, 2,718 were improved, 665 remained unaffected by treatment, and 489 died. There were 2,707 persons physically examined by officers of this service at relief stations, some of them preliminary to shipment in the merchant marine and enlistment in the Revenue-Marine, Light-House, and Life-Saving Services. The larger number ( 1,850 ) were applicants for pilots' licenses, examined for color-blindness, of whom 41 were rejected for this defect. The examinations for pilots should be extended to acuteness of vision and hearing, which are as important defects as color-blindness. The gen-
eral condition of the hospital buildings has been improved during the year, and of the new hospitals in course of construction the one at Memphis has already been occupied, and those at New Orleans, Cairo, and Cincinnati, will probably be occupied before the close of 1884; but additional appropriations are needed for the completion of the hospitals at New Orleans and Cairo.

The recommendations heretofore made for the establishment of a National Snug Harbor, or Sailors' Home, are also renewed.

Thie recommendation of the Surgeon-General for the purchase of the Seamen's Retreat property at Staten Island, New York, as recommended by my predecessor, which recommendation was subsequently adopted by the Committee on Commerce of the present Congress, (Report No. 1039,) is respectfully renewed, and early action on the part of Congress is suggested. Without action the service at. New York will probably be without a hospital when the lease of the building terminates, in May next. A return to the old contract system, formerly in vogue at that port, would, in my judgment, be highly injurious to the service.

Of the two appropriations "for preventing the spread of epidemic diseases," of $\$ 100,000$ each, under the acts approved August 7, 1882, March 3, 1883, and July 7, 1884, the available balance on hand is $\$ 65,000$. The appropriation has been expended in the maintenance of quarantine in the manner set forth in former reports.

The immunity which this country has enjoyed from a visitation of epidemics during the past year may be properly attributable as well to the vigilant and efficient work performed by the various branches of service in this Department, acting conjointly with the Department of State, as to those natural causes which may have retarded the movement of epidemic diseases.

The Department, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, dated July 19, 1884, directing extreme vigilance in measures for the prevention of the introduction of contagious diseases, among other precautions, has issued various orders providing for the restriction and temporary prohibition of the importation of old rags and of the admission of baggage of immigrants and returning travellers from infected countries.

In view of the recent outbreak of cholera in France, this subject has assumed great importance, both as affecting the health of the country and the interests of those engaged in the importation of rags and the manufacture of paper. Doubt has been expressed whether, under existing laws, sufficient authority is vested in any Department to prevent the
importation of infected merchandise. It is recommended that such legislation be provided as may be deemed proper to protect our country from the introduction of contagious diseases through its foreign commerce.

The item in the Book of Estimates providing for an inspection of foreign quarantines and maritime hospitals is approved, in the belief that an examination of the methods employed by the enlightened nations of the world would be of benefit to this Department in devising and carrying out quarantine measures in this country.

It appears that the tonnage-tax which is now appropriated for the support of the Marine-Hospital Service is insufficient, and an appropriation is asked to supply the deficiency.

## STEAMBOAT-TNSPECTION SERVICE.

Statistics of this service for the last fiscal year:

| Divisions. | Steamers inspected. | Tonnage. | Officers licensed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pacific coast | 387 | 99,533.40 | 1,752 |
| Atlantic coast. | 2,457 | 461,642.20 | 9,899 |
| Western rivers.... | 1936 |  | 5,476 |
| Northern lakes.... | 1,296 | 257,083. 13 | 5,410 |
| Gulf cosst | 377 | 70, 861.43 | 2,311 |
| Total... | 5,453 | 1,073,351.50 | 24,848 |

Increase in number of vessels inspected........................ 120
Decrease in tonnage*........................... ...................... 261, 580. 54
Increase in number of officers licensed............................... 1,556

## Receipts.

From inspection of steam-vessels................................ $\$ 171,34060$
From sales of licenses............................................... 12,42400
From sales of locks ............ ....................................... 1000
Total.............................................................. 183, 77460
Expenses.
Salaries of inspectors and clerks. .............. $\$ 206,21856$
Travelling and miscellaneous expenses....... 41,585 45
Marshal and witness fees............................. 1, 319 45
Total............................................................. 249, 12346
Excess of expenditures over receipts ................. 65, 34886

[^3]Accidents resulting in loss of life, and number of lives lost during the fiscal year :

| Character of accident. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Explosions or accidental escape of steam. | 11 | 30 |
| Cóllisions | 18 | 36 |
| Fires.. | 3. | 14 |
| Snags, wrecks, and sinking. | 1 | 139 |
| Accidental drowning ....... | ........... | 44 |
| Miscellaneous causes |  | 8 |
| Total | 33 | 271 |
| Number of lives lost in 1883. |  | 284 |
| Decrease in 1884. |  | 13 |

Inspection of foreign steam passenger vessels under the act of Congress approved April 5, 1882.

At New York, (including twenty-one inspections on the lakes)...., 148
At Boston, (including eight inspections at Portland, Me.)............ 28
At Philadelphia, (including eighteen inspections on the lakes)..... 23
At Baltimore, (including two inspections at Newport News) ........ 11
At New Orleans........................................................................ 6.
At San Francisco.......................................................................... 6
Total number of steam-vessels inspected .…...................... 222
The expenses for this service have been as follows:

| For salaries. | \$34, 27700 |
| :---: | :---: |
| For contingent expenses.. | 3,319 05 |
| Total... | 37,596 05 |

## LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

The Light-House Board reports that it has established, under due Congressional authorization, 19 new light-stations, and discontinued 2, thus increasing the whole number on the United States coasts from the 755 reported last year to 772 at the end of the last fiscal year: The number of movable river lights was increased from 972 to 1,049 , making an increase of 77 during the fiscal year. Another steam fogsignal was established, making the present number 67, including those operated by hot air. Two new whistling buoys were placed in position, making the whole number 34. Six bell buoys were added to the 23 in place at the end of last year, making the present number 29 , and 2 lighted buoys, which were placed on the shoals off Cape Charles and

Cape Hatteras, make their first appearance on the light-house list. There were 54 more ordinary buoys, including the 14 placed in Alaskans waters, added to the list, increasing the number from 3,422 at the end of last year to 3,476 at the end of this year.

The Board has finally succeeded in constructing and putting into effective operation a lamp for first-order lights, in which mineral instead of lard oil can be burned, and it now has in use, practically, but, the one illuminant throughout the service.

The Board has also, after surmounting many difficulties, succeeded in establishing an electric light at Hell Gate, N. Y., which, on the night of October 20, 1884, was lighted for the first time. It is the only one used in the light-house operations of any country for illuminating, as by artificial daylight, a narrow channel.

The commerce of our comntry is to be congratulated on the high stand taken by our Light-House Establishment among those of other countries, as shown by the medals and diplomas awarded the Board at, the various international exhibitions where it has shown its apparatus and its methods.

Attention is called to the statement made by the Light-House Board, in its annual report, as to the inconvenience to which it is now subject, and as to its need of a special building for its museum, its laboratory, its archives, and its office. The rooms in the Treasury building: now occupied by the Board are much needed for other purposes, while the Board can go elsewhere without serious detriment to its business or that of the Department. The Board is now so cramped for room that its archives are not readily accessible, and are not as safely kept as they should be. Its' clerks are seated so closely that they have not sufficient room, and as it was not designed to put so many people in any one room, they suffer in health and the work they are engaged upon is in consequence delayed.

The models of the structures it has built, which are needed in studies. for new structures, are inaccessible, both to the Board and to the scientific public, for lack of room in which to arrange and display them. All the experiments of the Board have to be made at the laboratory at Staten Island, because of the lack of room for a laboratory here, thus occasioning much expense and delay, and sometimes rendering desirable experiments practically impossible.

The Secretary is, therefore, of the opinion that proper appropriation for a building for the Light-House Board should be made at an early day.

The annual report of the Board contains full details of the work done during the last fiscal year.

## COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

Developments and discoveries having an important bearing upon the interests of commerce and navigation have been made during the operations of this service. Prompt information has been given of these discoveries by the publication of "notices to mariners." Tide tables for the ports on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts have been published for 1885; progress has been made in the publication of the Atlantic Coast Pilot, and a new edition of the Pacific Coast Pilot is nearly ready for the press. A table of depths has been published for the harbors of the coasts of the United States.

Twenty-four new charts have been published, and the drawings of forty more have been in progress. Distribution has been made of 33,638 charts, of which number 12,248 were for the use of the Government.

The field-work of the Survey has made progress commensurate with the appropriations: In his report herewith submitted, the Superintendent renews his recommendation for an increase in the amount available for field parties. This recommendation met with the approval of the Department last year, being based on grounds of a reasonable economy, and the increase asked for being demanded by a fair consideration of the growth and development of the country. It is again commended to the favorable attention of Congress. The efficient conduct of this work will, in the judgment of the Department, be promoted by more liberal appropriations.

## PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

During the last year work has been in progress on forty-two new buildings, under the direction of the Supervising Architect, of which number sixteen have been commenced, five completed, and two others practically completed.

The expenditures during the year on all new buildings, including sites, have amounted to $\$ 2,772,413.58$; for repairs and preservation of public buildings, $\$ 164,102.32$; for heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus, and repairs to same, $\$ 135,000$; for vaults, safes, and locks, $\$ 80,362$; and for storage of silver dollars, $\$ 85,402.32$.

The Supervising Architect, in his annual report, refers to three conditions which, under provisions of existing law, operate to the disadvantage of the Government, viz:

1. The limit of cost of public buildings appear in many cases to have been fixed without sufficient regard to the needs of the public service in cities where the buildings are to be constructed.
2. The appropriations made from time to time within the limits of cost are often inadequate for the proper prosecution of the work after its commencement.
3. Under existing law, no contract can be made binding the Government to an expenditure in excess of an existing appropriation.

The remedies suggested by the Supervising Architect commend themselves to my judgment.

## HALL OF RECORDS.

Attention is called to the paragraph in the annual report of last year relating to the necessity for the construction of a building for the safe and convenient storage of the files and records of the several Departments. This matter is of such grave importance that I recommend the construction of a building for this purpose at the earliest practicable date.

## THE PACIFIC RAILROADS.

I earnestly direct attention to the provisions of the act of May 7, 1878, creating a sinking-fund for the Union Pacific and Central Pacific Railroad Companies, in the hope that Congress may devise a method for a more judicious investment of that fund. The law now requires the fund to be invested in bonds of the United States; and in making such investments the five per centum bonds are to be preferred, unless, for good reasons appearing to him, and which he shall report to Congress, the Secretary of the Treasury shall at any time deem it advisable to invest in other bonds of the United States. The five per centum bonds have all been redeemed or have ceased to bear interest, and while it would be manifestly unjust to select for investment the three per centum bonds only to be called in for redemption at short intervals thereafter, the only alternative is investment in the higher-rate bonds which now sell in the market at prices ranging from 13 to 28 per centum premium.

I deem the plan recommended by Secretary Sherman, in a communication to Congress, in December, 1879, and again in June, 1880, that investment be made in the first-mortgage bonds of the companies, worthy of the consideration of Congress.

The amounts standing to the credit of the fund available for invest:ment on November 1, 1884, are as follows:
For the Union Pacific Railway Company................. \$2, 600, 02385
For the Central Pacific Railroad Company............... 1, 812, 43591
Total..................................................................4,45,45976

The attention of Congress is also invited to the act of March 3, 1879, (20 Stat., p. 420,) relating to transportation services performed for the Government by the Pacific Railroad Companies, the terms of which should be so modified as to embrace all services which have been, or may be hereafter, performed for the Government, and also include in its provisions the Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad Company.

## DISIRIOT OF COLUMBIA.

The net expenditures on account of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1884, were $\$ 3,407,049.62$. The revenues deposited in the Treasury on this account for the same period were $\$ 1,970,726.13$.

Since December 1, 1883, there has been retired through the operation of the sinking-fund, $\$ 264,700$ of the bonded indebtedness of the District, reducing the amount annually required for interest $\$ 15 ; 432.55$.

Since the duties of the commissioners of the sinking-fund of the District of Columbia were devolved on the Treasurer of the United States by the act of Congress of June 11, 1878, there has been retired $\$ 1,640,050$ of the funded debt, causing a reduction in the annual interest charge of $\$ 96,286.22$.

The amount realized from the sale of the bonds in which the ten per centum retained from contractors in the District of Columbia was invested as required by the act of June 11, 1878 , ( 20 Stat., 106, ) has exceeded the sum necessary to pay the amounts originally withbeld, owing to the advance in the securities in which the investments were made. The surplus has been covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts on account of proceeds of sales of guarantee-fund, District of Columbia, to be hereafter disposed of as Congress may direct. Onehalf of the amount originally retained was paid by the United States, and one-half by the District of Columbia.

## ALASKA.

The Alaska Commercial Company took during the present season 100,000 seal-skins on the islands of Saint Paul and Saint George, the maximum number allowed by law, of which 94,960 have been shipped to San Francisco and the tax thereon paid, the rest still remaining on the islands awaiting shipment. The company has paid its annual rental and otherwise performed the conditions of its lease.

## A STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON CLAIMS.

The necessity of legislation for the adjudication of claims coming within the jurisdiction of this Department has frequently been urged, and is again brought to the attention of Congress in the belief that
some limitation of time will be adopted within which such claims shall be presented for settlement.

The enactment of a measure similar to the one introduced in the House at the last session of Congress, (H. R., 7235, section 2,) will, it is believed, relieve the accounting officers of much importunity on the part of claimants, and dispose of difficulties which have hitherto stood in the way of a final disposition of many of these claims.

The several reports of the heads of offices and bureaus are herewith transmitted.

> HUGH MCCULLOCH, Secretary.

To the Honorable
The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

## TABLES ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT.

## 5023 SEC

TABEE A.-STATEMENT of the NET RECEIPTS (by warrants) during the fiscal year: ended Junt 30, 1884.

## CUSTOMS.



## REPAYMENT OF INTEREST BY PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANIES.


$1,371,36321$
CUSTOMS FEES, FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES.

| Quarter ended September 30, 1883 | 298, 69678 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quarter entled Dccember 31, 1883 | 306, 15327 |
| Quarter ended March 3!, 1884 | 221, 36489 |
| Quarter ended June 30, 1884 | 248,450 52 |

1, 074, 66546
fees, CONSULAf, Letters Patent, and LaNd.

| endod Se | 863, 20980 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quarter encled December 31, 1883 | 817, 56528 |
| Quarter ended March 31, 1884 | 726, 31777 |
| Quarter ended Jaue 30, 1884 | 841, 84474 |

3, 248,98757
PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

| Quarter endled September 30, 1883 | 112,562 23 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quarter ended Deeomber 31, 1883 | 197, 80535 |
| Quarter ended March 31, 1884 | 70,402 37 |

Quarter ended June 30 1884 165,20470
PROFITS ON COINAGE.

872,22685
649,04365
$4,250,60930$

## REVENUES OF DISTRICT OF COLUMBLA.



[^4]
## MISCELLANEOUS.

| Quarter ended September 30, 1883 | 1,679, 74821 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter eaded December 31, 1883 | 1,340,790 91 |  |
| Quarter ended March 31, 1884. | 961, 33522 |  |
| Quarter ended June 30, 1884. | 2,502, 06176 |  |
|  |  | 6, 483, 93610 |
| Total ordinary receipts |  | 348, 519, 869.92 |
| Cash in Treasury June 30, 1883 |  | 346, 088, 93707 |
| Total |  | 694, 608, 80699 |

#  

 the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.CIVIL.


FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.

| Diplomatic salaries | 267, 84539 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Consular salaties | 486. 42409 |
| Contiugent exprenses of foreign missions | 90,678 49 |
| Contingencies of consulates | 117, 44185 |
| Prisons for American couvicts | 14,794 02 |
| Expenses nuder the neutrality act | .25,99380 |
| Publicati-n of consular and commercial reports | 18.435 42 |
| American and Freuch Claims Commission | 46, 15438 |
| International Fishery Exhibition of 1883 at Lond | 10,000 00 |
| Expenses Court of Alabama Claims | 181, 40000 |
| Miscellaneous... | 1,598 93 |

Total foreign interconrse

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Mint establishment
1, 054, 57237
Life-Saring Service 811, 96819
Revenue-Cutter Service 930, 21697
Engraving and printing. 478. 15396

Coast and Geodptic Survey 639,41900
Light-House establishment
2, 330,549 57
Marine-Hospital establíshment
Custom-bouses, court houses, post-offices, \&c.
465,38745
Repaits and preservation of public buildings
2,989,210 66

Fuel, lights, and water for piblic buildings
339, 15648
Furniture and hrating apparatus for public buildings.
465, 70107
438,143 82
76, 59990
84, 16555
Storage of silver.
6, 709,485 76
66, 48265
Detection aud prevention of frauds on customs revenue
063, 806, 37
Refunding excess of deposits, \&o................
Debentures and drawbacks under customs laws.
Debentures and drawbacks under
Compensation in lieu of moieties.
$5,063,806,37$
$3,651,01374$
30, 20954
Expenses of regulating immigration
235, 44386
Inspection of neat catile shipped to foreign ports
47,574 70
Assessing and collecting internal revence.......................................... 4, 216, 88587
Internal-revenue stamps, paper, and dies.
464, 38257
Redemption of internal-revenue stamps
294, 60154

Refunds, reliefs, \&c., under internal-revente laws
54, 62464
39,986 34
Allowance or drawback under internal-revenue laws
51, 24904
Rebate of tax on tobaeco
Payment of judgments, Court of Claims .-
$3,535,0+942$

Expenses of national currency
54, 96754
Distinctire paper for United States securities
23, 61735
Suppressi-g counterfoiring and other crimes.
35,00000
Propayarion, \&c., of food-fishes...............
61, 26650

Contiugent expenses independent Treasury

Mail transportation, Paeitic railroads.
Expenses of the District of Columbia
Chatitable institutions, District of Culumbia
Wasbington Aqueduct
915, 86829
$3,178,23273$
208, 81689
20. 10000

Increasing water supply of Washington, D. C............................................................ 312, 91124
Refunding taxes, District of Columbia. ...
312,91124
2,02173
Special trust funds, District of Columbia
11, 26651
New engine-house for engiue No. 5 ..........................................
2, 10500
Furviture, \&c., buildings, Columbia Hospital for Women
Buidings, Reform School
5,00000
7,500
7,
Buildiugs and grounds in Washington inder ebief engineer..................................................... 129, 25829
State. War, and Navy Departments buiding
129, 25829
Furniture, \&c., for State, War, and Nary Departments building
434, 54934
Fuel, lirlts \& for State, War, and Nary Departments building.

Various monuments and statues .......





Total miscellaneous
$\$ 47,346,75962$

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Indians.
6, 475, 99929
Pensions $55,429,22806$

Total Interior Department
$61,905,22735$

## MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

| Pay Department. | 11, 761,455 82 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pay Department, bounty and miscellaneous | 544,811 58 |
| Conmissary Department | 1, 420, 65430 |
| Quartermaster's Department | 10, 856, 03519 |
| Medical Department. | 372,599 18 |
| Ordnance Department | 1, 956. 98685 |
| Military A cademy | 89, 931 84 |
| Improving rivers and | 8, 228,703 54 |
| Fortificarions | 285, 54073 |
| Construction of military posts, roads, \&c | 350, 80534 |
| National cemeteriess roads, \&c | 187,760 53 |
| Purchase of the Arlington estate | 25, 00000 |
| Mississippi River Commission | 150, 00000 |
| Expenses of recruitiog | 95, 83227 |
| Contiugencies of the drmy | 19, 29834 |
| Signal Service | 810,507 26 |
| Expenses of military conv | 7,21853 |
| Publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion | 37, 41651 |
| Misceltaneons surveys | 16, 19970 |
| Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Sold | 1, 122, 08803 |
| Support of Soldiers' Home | 485, 53466 |
| Support of military prison, Fort Leavenworth, Kans | 93,412 25 |
| Relief of sufferers from overflow of Ohio and Mississippi | 497, 26296 |
| Miscellaneous iterus ... | 14,447 95 |

Total military establishment.
$39,429,60336$

## NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.



TABEE C.-STATEMENT of the ISSUE And REDEMPTION of LOANS and TREASURY NOTES (by warvants) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

|  | Isstues. | Redemptioùs. | Excess of issues. | Excess of redemptions. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of 1858, aet of Juine 14, 1858 |  | \$5, 00000 |  | \$5,000 00 |
| Loan of February, 1861, act of Fobraary 8, 1861 |  | 55, 00000 |  | 55,000 00 |
| Oreron war debt, act of March 2, 1861. |  | 65000 |  | 65000 |
| Sevon-thirties of 1861, act of Jnly 17, 1861 |  | 40000 |  | 40000 |
| Loan of July and Aagust, 18iil, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861 ...... |  | $768,90000$ |  | 768,900 00 |
| Old demand notes, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861, and February 12, 1862. |  | $\cdots \quad 54500$ |  | - 54500 |
| Five-twenties of 1862 , act of Feb. ruary $25,1862 . \therefore$. |  | 4,350 00 |  | 4,350 00 |
| Legal-tender notes, acts of February 25 and July 11, 1862, January 7 and March 3, 1863 | \$85, 948, 23600 | 85, 948, 23600 |  |  |
| Fractional currency, acts of July 17, 1862, March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864. |  | 20,629 50 |  | 20,629 50 |
| Coin cortificates, act of March 3,1863 | 41.470, 00000 | 25, 455, 98000 | \$16, 014, 02000 |  |
| One-year notes of 1863, act of March $3,1863$ |  | 1,200 00 |  | 1,200 00 |
| Two-year notes of 1863, act of March 3, 1863 |  | 80000 |  | 80000 |
| Compound-interest notes, acts of March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864 |  | 5,960 00 |  | 5,960 00 |
| Loan of 1863, acts of March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864 |  | 451, 25000 |  | 451, 25000 |
| Ten-forties of 1864, act of March 3, 1864 |  | 72,300 00 |  | 72,300 00 |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864, act of June 30, 1864 |  | 1,000 00 |  | 1, 00000 |
| Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865, acts of June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865 . . |  | 3,350 00 |  | 3,350 00 |
| Five-twenties of 1865 , act of March |  |  |  |  |
| 3, 1865 Consuls of 1865, act of March 3,1865 |  | 1,200 00 |  | 1, 20000 |
| Consuls of 1865, act of March 3, $1865 .$. |  | 65,400 00 |  | $6 \overline{5}, 40000$ |
| Consols of 1867, act of March $3,1865$. |  | 178,85000 |  | 178,850 00 |
| Consols of 1868, act of March 3, $1865 .$. |  | 21, 70000 |  | 21,700 00 |
| Funded loan of 1881,acts of July 14, 1870, January 20, 1871, and January 14, 1875. |  | 34, 727, 35000 |  | 34, 727, 35000 |
| Funded loan of 1907 , acts of Juls 14, 1870, January 20, 1871, and January 14, 1875 | 75,400 00 |  | 75,400 00 |  |
| Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872 | 26, 855, 00000 | 27, 845, 00000 |  | 990, 00000 |
| Silver certificates, act of February 28, 1878. | 51, 200, 000.00 | $20,005,14000$ | 31, 194, 86000 |  |
| Refunding certificates, act of February 26, 1879. <br> Loan of 1882, act of July 12, $1882 \ldots$ | 1, $1,329,250 . \ldots 00$ | 65,90000 $64,814,60000$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}65,900 \\ 63,485,350 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |
| Total | 206, 877, 88600 | 260, 520,600 50 | 47, 284, 28000 | 100, 927, 08450 |
| Excess of redemptions |  |  |  | 100, 927,084 50 |
| Excess of issues |  |  |  | 47, 284, 28000 |
| Net excess of redemptions charged in receipts and expenditures....... |  |  |  | 53, 642, 80450 |

#  warrants) for the quarter ended September 30, 1884. 

RECEIPTS.

| Customs | \$54, 102,858 65 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sales of public lands | 1,446, 18788 |
| Internal revenue | 28,630, 01676 |
| Tax onl circulation of national bank | 1, 474, 13214 |
| Repayment of interest by Pacific Railroad Com | 709, 17188 |
| Customs fees, fines, penallies, and forfoitures. | 276, 34468 |
| Consular, letters patent, homestead, \&c., fees | 910,243 29 |
| Proceeds of sales of Government property | 55, 13296 |
| Profits on coinage, \&c. | 1,927,644 70 |
| Miscellaneous | 2, 178, 42256 |
| Total net ordinars receipts | 91,710,149 50 |
| Issue of cerlificates in excess of redemptions | 8, 423,349 05 |
| Balance in the Treasury June 30, 1884 | 396, 839,758 16 |
| Total | 496, 973, 25671 |
| DISB |  |
| Customs | 6, 417, 23703 |
| Internal revenue | 1, 234, 15310 |
| Diplomatic service | 504, 08150 |
| Quarterly salaries | 117, 14871 |
| Treasury proper | 9, 188, 84100 |
| Judiciary | 1, 222, 96662 |
| Interior (civil) | 2, 326, 83878 |
| Total ciril and miscellaneous | 21,251, 29674 |
| Indians. | 1, 995, 94223 |
| Pensions. | 14, 951, 52596 |
| Military establishment | 13, 049, 4658 |
| Naval establishment | 4,289, 79817 |
| Interest ou pablic delot | 13, 809, 41097 |
| Judgments, Coult of Alabama Claims | 2, 749, 28802 |
| Total net ordinary expenditures. Balance in Treasury September 30, 188 | $\begin{array}{r} 72,096,72794 \\ 424,876,52877 \end{array}$ |
| 'Total | 496, 973, 25671 |

TABEL E.—STATEMLNT of OCTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATEN on the 1st of January of each year from 1791 to 1843, inclusive, and on the 1 st of July of each year from 1843 to 1884, inelusive.


[^5]STATEMENT of the PUBLIC DEBT, including ACCRUED INTEREST thereon, less cash in the Treasury on the 1 st day of July of each year, from 1869 to 1884, compiled from the published monthly debt-statements of those dates.

| Years. | Outstanding principal. | Accraed inter. est. | Cash in the Treasury. | Debt less cash in the Treasury. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1, 1869 | * $\$ 2,597,722,98337$ | \$47, 447, 31079 | \$156, 167, 81358 | \$2, 489, 002, 48058 |
| 1870 | *2, 601, 675, 127 83 | 50,607, 55652. | 265, 924, 08461 | 2, 386, 358, 59974 |
| 1871 | 2, 353, 211, 33232 | 45, 036, $766 \cdot 23$ | 106, 217, 26365 | 2,292, 030, 83490 |
| 1872 | 2, 253, 251, $3: 878$ | 41, 705, 81327 | 103, 470, 79843 | 2, 191, 486, 34362 |
| 1873 | 2, 234, 482, 99320 | 42, 356, 652 82 | 129, 020, 93245 | 2,147, 818,713 57 |
| 1874 | 2, 251, 690, 46843 | 38,939. 08747 | 147, 541, 31474 | 2,143, 088, 24116 |
| 1875 | 2,232, 284, 53195 | 38, 647, 55619 | 142, 243, 361.82 | 2, 128, 688, 72632 |
| 1876. | 2, 180, 395, 06715 | 38,514,004 54 | 119, 469, 72670 | 2, 099, 439, 34499 |
| 1877. | 2, 205, 301, 39210 | 411, 882, 791 89 | 186, 025, 9 $\mathrm{u}^{0} 073$ | 2, 060, 158, 223.26 |
| 1878 | 2, 256, 205, 89253 | 36, 404, 55137 | 256, 823, 61208 | 2, 035, 786, 83182 |
| 1879 | 2, 349, 567, 48204 | 30,792, 351 34 | $353,152,57701$ | 2, 027, 207, 25637 |
| 1880 | 2, 120, 415, 37063 | 22, 845, 54759 | 201, 088, 62288 | 1, 942, 172, 29534 |
| 1881 | 2, 069, 013, 56958 | 20, 948, 65775 | 249, 363, 41535 | 1,840, 598, 81198 |
| 1882 | 1, 918, 312, 99403 | 13, 890, 98647 | 243, 289, 51078 | 1, 688, 914, 46072 |
| 1883 | 1, 884, 171, 728 07 | 12, 309,382 33 | 345, 389,902 92 | 1, 551, 091, 20748 |
| 1884 | 1, 830, 528, 923 57 | 11, 507, 24041 | 391, 985, 92818 | 1,450, 050, 23580 |

* It will be noticed that there is a difference in the amounts represented by these two statements as to the pincipal of the debt Juiy 1, 1869, and July 1,1870 . This difference is explained thus: In the prin. cipal of the debt as shown by the monthly debt.statements of thene dates the bonds purchased for the sinking-fund sud paid for from money in tho Treasury were included as a part of tbe outstanding debt, and were also treated in the cash as a cash item or asset, for the reason that at that time there was no anthority or law for deducting them from the outstanding debt. Congress, by the sixth section of the act of July 14, 1870, directed that these bonds should be canceled and destroyed, and deducted from the amount of each class of tbe outstanding debt to which they respectively belunged, and such deductions were accordingly made on the books of the Department and in the table of the debtio the annual report.

TABLE F.-ANALYSIS of the PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC.DEBT of the ONITED STATES, from July 1, 1856, to July $1,1884$.

| Year. | 3 per cents. | 31 per cents. | 4 per cents. | 41 per cents. | 5 per conts. | 6 per cents. | 73.10 per cents. | Total interestbearing dobt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1856. |  |  |  |  | \$3, 632, 000-00 | \$28.130,761 77 |  | \$31, 762,761 77 |
| 1857. |  |  |  |  | 3,489,000 00 | 24, 971. 05893 |  | 28; 46u, 958 93 |
| 1858. |  |  |  |  | 23, 538,000 00 | 21, 162, 83811 |  | $44,700,83811$ |
| 1859. |  |  |  |  | 37127,81000 | 21, 162, 03811 |  | 58, 240, 73811 |
| 1860. |  |  |  |  | 43, 476, 30000 | 21, 164, 5381 l |  | 64, 64., 83811 |
| 1881 |  |  |  |  | 33, 022, 20000 | 57, 358, 67\% 95 |  | 90, 380, 873 95 |
| 1862 |  |  | \$57, 926, 11657 |  | 30, 483, 00000 | 154, 313,22501 | \$122, 582, 48534 | 365, 304, 82692 |
| 1863. |  |  | 105, 629,385 30 | ...-........... | 30, 483, 00000 | 431, 444. $\times 1383$ | 139, 974, 43534 | 707,531, 63447 |
| 1864. |  |  | 77, 547, 69607 |  | 300, 213, 48000 | 842, 882, 652 09 | 139, 286, 935 34 | 1, 359, 930, 76350 |
| 1865-Augnst 31 |  |  | $90,496,930$ 618,127 98 |  | $245,709,42063$ <br> 269 <br> 175 | 1, 21:3, 495, 16090 | $671,610,397$ <br> $830,000,000$ <br> 00 | $2,221,311,918$ $2,381,530$ 49498 |
| 1868. |  |  | 121, 341, 87962 |  | 201, 982, 66501 | $1,195,546,041+2$ | 813, 460, 62195 | 2, 332, 331, 20760 |
| 1867. |  |  | 17, 737, 02568 |  | 198, 533, 43501 | 1, 543, 452; 08002 | 488, 344, 84695 | 2, 248,067, 38766 |
| 1868. | \$64, 000, 00000 |  | 801, 36123 |  | 221, 586, 18501 | 1, 578, 303, 984 50 | 37, 397, 19695 | 2, 202,088, 72769 |
| 1869. | 66, 125, 00000 |  |  |  | 221, 588,30000 | 1, 874, 347, 22239 |  | 2, 162, 060, 522 39 |
| 1870 | 59, 550, 00000 |  |  |  | 221, 588, 30000 | 1, 765, 317, 42239 |  | 2, $046,455,72239$ |
| 1871 | 45, 885, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | 274, 236,45000 | 1, 613, 897, 30000 |  | 1, 934, 696, 75000 |
| 1872. | 24, 665, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | 414,567, 30000 | 1, $3774,883,50000$ |  | 1, 814, 794, 10000 |
| 1873 | 14, 000, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | 414, 567, 30000 | 1,281, 238, 65000 |  | 1, 710,483, 050 00 |
| 1874 | 14, 000, 00000 |  | -678, 00000 |  | 5113, 628, 05000 | 1,213, 624.700 00 |  | 1, 738, 930, 75000 |
| 1875 | 14,000, 00000 |  | 678, 00000 |  | 607, 1.32, 75000 | 1, 100, 865, 55000 |  | 1, 722, 676,300 00 |
| 1876. | 14, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 711, 685, 80000 | 984, 999, 65000 |  | 1, 710,685, 45000 |
| 1877 | 14, 000, 00000 |  |  | \$140, 000, 00000 | 703, 266, 65000 | $85+, 621,85000$ |  | 1, 71, 888, 50000 |
| 1878. | 14, 000, 00000 |  | 98, 850, 00000 | 240, 000, 00000 | 703, 268, 65000 | 738, 619, 00000 |  | 1, 794, 735, $650 \cdot 00$ |
| 1880. | $14,000,00000$ $14,000,000$ |  | $741,522,000$ <br> $739,347,800$ <br> 00 | $250,000,00000$ $250,000,00000$ | $508.440,350$ <br> $484,864,900$ | $283,681,350$ <br> 235,780 <br> 100 |  | $1,797,643$, <br> $1,723,903,10000$ |
| 1881 | 14, 000,00000 |  | 739, 347, 800 :0 | 250, 000, 00000 | 439, 841, 35000 | 196, 378, 60000 |  | 1, $639,5647,75000$ |
| 1882 | 14, 000,00000 | \$460, 461, 05000 | $739,349,35000$ | 250, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 1, 463, 810,40000 |
| 1883. | 318, 204, 35000 | 32, 082, 60000 | 737, 942, 20000 | 250, 000, 00000 |  |  |  | 1,338, $229,150-00$ |
| 1884. | 238, 612,15000 |  | 727, 951, 70000 | 250, 000,00000 |  |  |  | 1, 226,563, 85000 |

TABLE F.-ANALFSIS of the PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES, \& ©.-Continued.


TABE G G - STATEMENTof RECEIPTS of UNITED STATES from March 4, 1789,

|  | Balance in the Treasury at commence. ment of yeas. | - Customs. | Internal reve- nae. | Direct tax. | Public lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791. |  | \$4, 399, 47309 |  |  |  | \$10, 47810 |
| 1792 | \$973, 90575 | 3, 443, 07085 | \$208, 94281 |  |  | 9,918 65 |
| 1793 | 783,444 51 | 4, 255, 30656 | 337, 70570 |  |  | 21, 41088 |
| 1794 | 753,661 69 | 4,801,065 28 | 274, 08962 |  |  | 53, 27797 |
| 1795 | 1, 151, 92417 | 5, 588, 46126 | 337, 75536 |  |  | 28, 31797 |
| 1796 | 516,442 61 | 6, 567, 98794 | 475, 28960 |  | \$4, 83613 | 1, 169,41598 |
| 1797 | 888, 99542 | 7, 549, 64965 | 575, 49145 |  | 83, 54060 | 399,13929 |
| 1798 | 1, $021,89904$. | 7, 106,061 93 | 644,357 95 |  | 11,963 11 | 58,192 81 |
| 1799 | 617,451 43 | 6, 610,449 31- | 779, 13644 |  |  | 86,18756 |
| 1800 | 2, 161, 86777 | 9, 080, 93273 | 809,396 55 | \$734, 22397 | 44375 | 152, 71210 |
| 1801 | 2;623,31199 | 10, 750, 77893 | 1, 048,033 43 | 534, 34338 | 167, 72606 | 345, 64915 |
| 1802 | 3,295,391 00 | 12,438, 23574 | 621, 89889 | 206,565 44 | 188, 62802 | 1,500,505 86 |
| 1803 | $5,020,69764$ | 10,479, 41761 | 215, 17969 | 71, 87920 | 165, 67569 | 131,945 44 |
| 1804 | 4, 825, 81160 | 11, 098, 56533 | 50,941 29 | 50, 19844 | 487, 52679 | 139, 07553 |
| 1805 | 4, 037, 00526 | 12,936, 48704 | 21, 74715 | 21, 88291 | 540, 19380 | 40,38230 |
| 1806 | 3, 999,388 99 | 14, 667, 69817 | 20,101 45 | 55,76386 | 765, 245 78 | 51, 12186 |
| 1807 | $4,538,12380$ | 15, 845, $521 \mathrm{6L}$ | 13,051 40 | 34, 73256 | 466, 16327 | 38,550 42 |
| 1808 | $9,643,85007$ | 16,303, 55058 | 8,190 23 | 19, 15921 | 647, 93906 | 21, $8 \div 285$ |
| 1809 | 9, 941, 80996 | 7, 257, 50662 | 4,034 29 | 7, 51731 | 442, 25233 | 62,162 57 |
| 1810 | 3,848,056 78 | 8, 583, 30931 | 7,430 63 | 12,44868 | 696, 54882 | 84, 47684 |
| 1811 | 2, 672, 27657 | 13, 313, 22273 | 2,295 95 | 7,666 66 | 1, 040, 23753 | 59, 21122 |
| 1812 | 3, 502,30580 | 8, 958, 77753 | 4,903 06 | 85922 | -710,427 78 | 126, 16517 |
| 1813 | 3, 862, 21741 | 13, 294,62325 | 4,755 04 | 3, 80552 | 835,655 14 | 271,57100 |
| 1814 | 5, 196,542 00 | 5, 998, 77208 | 1,662,984 82 | 2, 219, 49736 | 1,135, 97109 | 164, 30981 |
| 1815 | $1_{i} 727,84863$ | 7, 282, 94222 | 4, 678,059 07 | 2, 162, 67341 | 1, 287, 95928 | 285, 28284 |
| 1816 | 13, 106, 59288 | 36, 306, 87488 | $5,124,70831$ | 4, 253, 63509 | 1, 717, 98503 | 273,782 35 |
| 1817 | 22, 033, 51919 | 26283,34849 | 2, 678, 10077 | 1,824, 18704 | 1,991, 22606 | 109,761 08 |
| 1818 | 14, 989, 46548 | 17, 176, 38500 | 955, 27020 | 264,333 36 | 2,606,564 77 | 57, 617 71 |
| 1819 | 1, 478,526 74 | 20, 28:, 60876 | 229,593 63 | 83,65078 | 3,274,422 78 | 57, 09842 |
| 1820 | 2, 079, 99238 | 15, 005, 61215 | 106, 26053 | 31, 58682 | 1, 635, 87161 | 61,338 44 |
| 181 | 1,198,461 21 | 13, 004, 44715 | 69, 02763 | 29, 34905 | 1, 212,966 46 | - 152,589 43 |
| 1822 | 1, 681,592 24 | 17, 589, 76194 | 67, 66571 | 20,961 56 | 1, 803,581 54 | 452,957 19 |
| 1823 | 4, 237, 42755 | 19, 088, 43344 | 34, 24217 | 10,337 71 | 916, 52310 | 141, 12984 |
| 1824 | 9,463;922 81 | 17, 878, 325.71 | 34, 66337 | 6, 20196 | 984, 41815 | 127, 60360 |
| 1825 | 1, 946,597 13 | $20,098,71345$ | 25, 77135 | 2, 33085 | 1, 216,090 56 | 130, 45181 |
| 1826 | 5, 201, 65043 | 23, 341, 33177 | 21, 58998 | 6. 68876 | 1,393,785 09 | 94, 58866 |
| 1827 | 6, 358, 68618 | 19, 712, 28329 | 19,885 68 | 2, 62690 | 1, 495, 84526 | 1,315, 72283 |
| 1828 | 6, 668, 28610 | 23, 205, 52364 | 17,451 54 | 2,218 81 | 1, 018, 30875 | 65, 126 49 |
| 1829 | 5, 972, 43581 | 22, 681, 96591 | 14, 50274 | 11, 33505 | 1,517, 17513 | 112, 64855 |
| 1830 | 5, 755, 70479 | 21, 922, 39139 | 12,160 62 | 16,980 59 | 2, 329,35614 | 73, 22777 |
| 1831 | 6, 014, 53975 | 24, 224, 44177 | 6,933 51 | 10,506 01 | 3,210,815 48 | 584, 12405 |
| 1832 | 4, 502, 91445 | 28,465, 23724 | 11,630 65 | 6,79113 | 2, 623,381 03 | 270, $410 \mathrm{6l}$ |
| 1833 | 2,011,777 55 | 29, 032, 50891 | 2,759 00 | 39412 | 3, 967, 68255 | 470, 09667 |
| 1834 | 11, 702, 90531 | 16, 214, 95715 | 4,196 09 | 1980 | 4, 857, 60069 | 480, 81232 |
| 1835 | 8, 892, 85942 | 19, 391, 31059 | 10,459 48 | 4, 26333 | 14, 757, 60075 | 759,972 13 |
| 1836 | 26, 749, 80396 | 23, 409, 94053 | 37000 | 72879 | 24, 877, 17986 | 2, 245,902 23 |
| 1837 | 46, 708, 43600 | 11, 169, 29039 | 5,493 84 | 1,687 70 | 6, 776, 23652 | 7, 001,444 59 |
| 1838 | 37, 327, 25269 | 16, 158, 80036 | 2,467 27 |  | 3,730, 94566 | 6, 410, 34845 |
| 1839 | 36, 891, 19694 | 23, 137, 92481 | 2,553 32 | 75522 | 7,361, 57640 | 979, 93986 |
| 1840 | 33, 157, 50368 | 13, 499, 50217 | 1,682 25 |  | 3, 411, 81863 | 2, 567, 112 28 |
| 1841 | 29,963, 16346 | 14,487, 21674 | 3,261 36 |  | 1, 365,627 42 | 1, 004, 05475 |
| 1842 | 28, 685, 11108 | 18, 187, 90876 | 49500 |  | 1,335,797 52 | 451, 99597 |
| 1843* | 30, 521, 97944 | 7, 046, 84391 | 10325 |  | 898, 15818 | 285, 80592 |
| 1844 | 39, 186, 28474 | $26,183,57094$ | 1,77734 |  | 2, 059,939 80 | 1, 075,419 70 |
| 1845 | 36, 742, 82962 | 27, 528, 11270 | 3,517 12 |  | 2, 077, 02230 | 361, 45368 |
| 1846 | 36, 194, 27481 | 26,712, 66787 | 2,897 26 |  | $2,69+45248$ | 289, 95013 |
| 1847 | 38, 261, 95965 | 23, 747, 86466 | 375.00 |  | 2, 498,355 20 | 220, 80830 |
| 1848 | 33, 079, 27643 | 31, 757, 07096 | 37500 |  | 3, 328,642 56 | 612, 61069 |
| 1849 | 29, 416, 61245 | 28, 346, 73882 |  |  | 1, 688,959 55 | 685, 37913 |
| 1850 | 32, 827, 08269 | 39, 668, 68642 |  |  | 1, 859,894 25 | 2, 064, 30821 |
| 1851 | 35, 871, 75331 | 49, 017, 56792 |  |  | 2,352,305 30 | 1, 185, 16611 |
| 1852 | 40, 158, 35325 | 47, 339, 32662 |  |  | 2, 043, 23958 | 464, 24940 |
| 1853 | $43,338,86002$ | 58, 981, 865. 52 |  |  | 1,667,084 99 | 988, 48117 |
| 1854 | 50, 261, 901 09 | 64, 224, 19027 |  |  | 8, 470, 79839 | 1, 105, 35274 |
| 1855 | 48, 591, 07341 | 53, 025, 79421 |  |  | 11, 497, 04907 | 827,73140 |
| 1856 | 47, 777, 672.13 | 64, 022, 86350 |  |  | 8, 917, 64493 | 1,116, 19081 |
| 1857 | 49, 108, 229880 | $63,875,90505$ |  |  | 3, 829,486 64 | 1,259,920 88 |
| 1858 | 46, 802, 85500 | 41, 789, 62096 |  |  | 3,513, 71587 | 1,352,029 13 |
| 1859 | 35, 113, 33422 | 49, 565, 82438 |  |  | 1,756,687 30 | 1. 454, 59624 |
| 1860 | 33, 193, 24860 | 53, 187, 51187 |  |  | - 1, 778,557 71 | 1, 088, 53025 |
| 1861 | 32,979, 53078 | 39, 582, 12564 |  |  | 870, 65854 | 1, 023, 51531 |
| 1862 | 30, 963, 85783 | $49,056,39762$ |  | 1,795, 33173 | 152, 203.77 | 915,327 97 |
| 1863 | 46, 965, 30487 | 69, 059, 64240 | 37, 640, 787 95 | 1, 485, 10361 | 167, $617{ }^{\circ} 17$ | 3, 741,79438 |
| 1864 | 36, 523, 04613 | 102, 316, 15299 | 109, 741, 13410 | 475, 64896 | 588,333 29 | 30,291, 70186 |
| 1865 | 134, 433, 73844 | 84, 928, 26060 | 209, 464, 21525 | 1,200,573 03 | 996, 55331 | 25, 441, 55600 |

* For the half-year from Jan
to June 30,1884, by calendar years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended June 30) from that time.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 迪 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{*} \end{aligned}$ | Dividends. | Net ordinary receipts. | Interest. | Premiams. | Rectipts from loansand Treasury notes. | Gross receipts. | Unavail. able. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 |  | \$4, 409, 951.19 |  |  | \$361, 39134 | \$4, 771, 34253 |  |
| 1792 | \$8, 028 00 | 3, 669, 960 31 |  |  | 5, 102, 49845 | 8,772, 45876 |  |
| 1793 | 38,50000 | 4, 652, 92314 |  |  | 1,797, 27201 | 6,450; 19515. |  |
| 1794 1795 | 303,47200 160,000 | $5,431,904$ 67 $6,114,534$ 59 | \$4,800 00 |  | $4,007,950$ <br> $3,396,424$ | $9,439,85565$. <br> $9.515,758$ <br> 89 |  |
| 1796 | 160,000 00 | 8, 377, 52965 | 42, 80000 |  | 320,00000 | 8, 740, 32965 |  |
| 1797 | 80, 960.00 | 8, 688, 78099 |  |  | 70,000 00 | 8, 758,780 99. |  |
| 1798 | 79,92000 | 7, 900, 49580 | 78,675 00 |  | 200, 00000 | 8 8, $179,17080$. |  |
| 1799 | 71,04000 | 7,546, 813311 |  |  | $5,000,000$ <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 565 | 12, 546, 81331 |  |
| 1800 | 71, 04000 | 10, 848, 74910 |  |  | 1,565, 22924 | 12, 413, 97834 . |  |
| 1801 | 88,800 <br> 39,960 <br> 0 | 12, 935, 33095 | 10, 12500 |  |  | 12, 945, 455959. |  |
| 1802 1803 | 39,960 00 | 14, 995, 79395 |  |  |  | 14, 995, 79395 |  |
| 1804 |  | 11, 826, 30738 |  |  |  | 11, $11,8264,097838$. |  |
| 1805 |  | 13, 560, 69320 |  |  |  | 13, 560, 69320. |  |
| 1806 |  | 15, 558, 93107 |  |  |  | 15, 559, 93107. |  |
| 1807 |  | 16, 398, 01926 |  |  |  | 16, 398, 01926. |  |
| 1808 |  | 17,060, 66193 |  |  |  | 17, 060, 66193. |  |
| 1809 |  | 7,773,473 12 |  |  |  | 7, 773,473 12 . |  |
| 1810 |  | 9, 384, 21428 |  |  | 2,750, 00000 | 12, 134, 21428 |  |
| 1811 |  |  |  |  |  | $14,422,634$ <br> 22.639 |  |
| 1813 |  | 14,340,409 95 | 30000 |  | 26,184, 13500 | - $40,524,84495$. |  |
| 1814 |  | 11, 181, 62516 | 8579 |  | 23, 377, 82600 | 34, 559,536 95, |  |
| 1815 |  | 15, 696, 91682 | 11,541 74 | \$32, 10764 | 35, 220, 67140 | 50, 961, 23760. |  |
| 1816 |  | 47, 676, 385 66 | 68, 66516 | 68609 | $9,425,08491$ | 57, 171, 42182 |  |
| 1817 | 202, 42630 | 33, 099, 64974 | 267, 81914 |  | 466, 72345 | 33, 853, 59233 |  |
| 1818 | 525,00000 | 21, 585, 17104 | 41262 |  | 8,353 00 | 21, 593, 93666. |  |
| 1820 | 1, 000.00000 | 17, 840,669 55 |  | 40,00000 | 3, 000,882413 | 24, <br> $20,881,493$ <br> 68. |  |
| 1821 | 105, 00000 | 14, 573, 37972 |  |  | 5, 000, 32400 | 19, 573, 70372. |  |
| 1822 | 297, 50000 | 20, 232, 43794 |  |  |  | 20, 232, 42794 . |  |
| 1823 | 350,00000 | 20,540,666 26 |  |  |  | 20, 540, 66626. |  |
| ${ }^{8824}$ | 350,00000 | 19,381, 21279 |  |  | 5, 000,00000 | 24, 381, 21279 |  |
| 1825 | 367,500 402,500 00 | 21, 840,85802 |  |  | 5, 000, 00000 | 26, 840,858020 |  |
| 1826 1827 | 420,00000 | 22, 966, 36396 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1828 | 455, 00000 | 24,763, 629 23 |  |  |  | 24, 763, 62923 . |  |
| 1829 | 490,00000 | 24, 827, 62738 |  |  |  | 24, 827, 62738. |  |
| 1830 | 490,000000 | 24, 844, 11651 |  |  |  | 24, 844,11651 |  |
| 1831 | 490,000 490000000 | $28,526,820$ $31,867,450$ 66 |  |  |  | 28, 526, 820882 | 50 |
| 1833 | 474,98500 | 33, 948, 426 25 |  |  |  | 33, 948, 42625 . |  |
| 1834 | 234, 34950 | 21, 791, 33555 |  |  |  | 21, 971, 93555 |  |
| 1835 | 506, 48082 | 35, 430, 08710 |  |  |  | 35, 430, 08710. |  |
| 18386 | 292, 67467 | 50, 826, 79608 |  |  |  | 50, 826, 79608. |  |
| 1837 <br> 1838 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,992,989 \\ 15,716,820 \\ 156 \end{array}$ | $27,947,14219$ $39,019,38260$. | 35 |
| 1839 |  | 31, 482,749 61 |  |  | 3, 857, 27621 | 35, 340,025821 | , 458,78293 |
| 1840 |  | 19,480, 11533 |  |  | 5, 589, 54751 | 25, 069, 662 84 | 37,469 25 |
| 1841 |  | 16, 860, 16027 |  |  | 13, 639, 31738 | 30, 518, 47765 . |  |
| 1842 |  | 19; 976,197 25 |  |  | 14, 808, 73564 | 34, 784, 93289 | 11,188 00 |
| 1843 |  | 8, 231, 00126 |  | 71,700 83 | 12,479, 70836 | 20, 782, 41045 |  |
| 1844 |  | 29, 320, 70788 |  | 66660 | 1,877, 18135 | 31, 198, 55573 |  |
| 1845 |  | $29,970,105$ <br> 290 <br> 999 <br> 967 |  |  |  | 29, 970, 105 80. | , 25190 |
| 1847 |  | 26,467,403 16 |  | 28,36591 | $28,872,39945$ | 55, 368,16852 | 30,00000 |
| 1848 |  | 35, 698, 69921 |  | 37, 08000 | 21, 250t, 70000 | 56, 992, 479.21 |  |
| 1849 |  | 30,721, 07750 |  | 487, 06548 | 28, 568, 75000 | 59,796, 819288 |  |
| 1850 |  | 43, 592, 88888 |  | 10,550 00 | 4, 045, 950 00 | 47, 649, 38888 |  |
| 1851 |  | 52, 555, 03933 |  | 4,264 92 | 203, 40000 | 52, 762, 70425 |  |
| 1852 |  | 49, 846, 815160 |  |  | 46, 30000 | 49, 893, 11560 |  |
| 1853 |  | 61, 587, 03168 |  | 50 | 16,350 00 | 61, 603, 40418 | 103, 30137 |
| 1855 |  | 65, 350,574 68 |  |  | 2, 800167 | 73, $6502,341,374688$ |  |
| 1856 |  | 74, 056, 69924 |  |  | 20000 | 74, 036, 89924 |  |
| $185 i$ |  | 68, 965,31257 |  |  | 3,900 60 | 68, 909, 21257 |  |
| 1858 |  | 46, 655, 36596 |  |  | 23, 717, 30000 | 70, 372, 665 96 |  |
| 1859 |  | 52.777, 10792 |  | 709,357 72 | 28, 287, 50000 | 81,773, 96564 | 15,408 34 |
| 1860 |  | 56, 054, 59983 |  | 10, 00800 | 20,776, 80000 | 76, 841, 4077 |  |
| 1861 |  | 41, 476, 29949 |  | 33, 63090 | 41, 861, 70974 | $83,371.64013$ |  |
| 1862 |  | 51, 919, 26109 <br> $12,094,945$ <br> 51 |  | $\begin{array}{r}68,400 \\ 602 \\ 645 \\ \hline 14\end{array}$ | $599,692,46050$ 77682,36157 | $581,680,121 \cdot 59$ $889,379,652$ 52 | 11, 11081 |
| 1864 |  | 243, 412, 97120 |  | 21, 174, 10101 | 1, 128, 873,94536 | - $1,389,461,01757$ | $\stackrel{6,120}{9,210} 40$ |
| 1865 |  | 322, 031, 15819 |  | $11,683,44689$ | $1,472,224,74085$ | $1,905,939,34593$ | 6,09511 |

quary 1 to Jupe 30, 1843.

TABLE G.-STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED

| - | Balance in the Treasury at commence. ment of year. | Customs. | Internal revenue. | Direot tax. | Pablic lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 | \$33, 933, 65789 | \$179, 046, 65158 | \$309, 226, 81342 | \$1, 974, 75412 | \$665, 03103 | \$29, 036, 31423 |
| 1867 | 160,817, 09973 | 176, 417, 81088 | 266, 027, 53743 | 4, 200, 23370 | 1, 163,575 76 | 15, 037, 52215 |
| 1868 | 198, 076, 53709 | 164, 464, 59956 | 191, 087, 58941 | 1,788,145 35 | 1,348, 71541 | 17, 745, 40359 |
| 1869 | 158, 936, 08287 | 180, 048, 42663 | 158, 356, 46086 | 765, 685 d] | 4, 020, 34434 | 13, 997, 33865 |
| 1870 | 183, 781, 985.76 | 194, 538, 37444 | 184, 899, 75649 | 229, 10238 | 3,350,481 76 | 12, 942, 11830 |
| 1871 | 177, 604, 11651 | 206, 270,408 05 | 143, 098, 15363 | 580, 355 ${ }^{3} 7$ | 2,388, 64668 | 22, 093, 54121 |
| 1872 | 138, 019, 12215 | 216, 370, 28677 | 130, 642, 17772 |  | 2,575, 71419 | 15, 106, 05123 |
| 1873 | 134, 666, 00185 | 188, 089, 52270 | 113, 729, 31414 | 315, 25451 | 2,882, 31238 | 17, 161, 27005 |
| 1874 | 159, 293, 67341 | 163, 103,833 69 | 102, 409, 78490 |  | 1,852, 42898 | 32, 575, 04332 |
| 1875 | 178, 833, 33954 | 157, 167, 72235 | 110, 007, 49358 |  | 1, 413, 64017 | 15, 431, 91531 |
| 1876 | 172, 804, 06132 | 148, 071, 98461 | 116, 700, 73203 | 93,798 80 | 1,129; 46695 | $24,070,60231$ |
| 1877 | 149, 909, 37721 | 130, 956,493 07 | 118, 630, 40783 |  | 976, 25368 | 30, 437, 48742 |
| 1878 | 214, 887, 64588 | 130, 170,680 20 | 110, 581, 62474 |  | 1, 079, 74337 | 15, 614, 72809 |
| 1879 | 286, 591, 45388 | 137, 250, 04770 | 113, 561, 61058 |  | - 924.78106 | 20, 585, 69749 |
| 1880 | 386, 832, 58865 | 186, 522,06460 | 124, 009, 37392 | 3085 | 1, 016,506 60 | 21, 978, 52501 |
| 1881 | 231, 940, 06444 | 198, 159, 67602 | 135, 264, 38551 | 1,516 89 | 2,201, 86317 | $25,154,85098$ |
| 1882 | 280, 607, 66837 | 220, 410, 73025 | 146, 497, 59545 | 160,141 69 | 4,753, 14037 | 31, 703, 64252 |
| 1883 | 247, 349, 25862 | 214, 706, 49693 | 144, 720, 36898 | 108, 15660 | 7, 955, 86442 | 30,796, 69502 |
| 1884 | 346, 088, 93707 | 195, 064, 48976 | 121, 586, 07251 | 70,720 75 | 9,810,705 01 | 21, 984, 88189 |
|  |  | 5, 267, 307, 81936 | 3, 220, 16:, 40322 | 27, 989, 29251 | 230, 285, 89238 | 523, 068, 43043 |

* Amounts heretofore credited to the Treasarer as

STATES from March 4, 1879, to June 30, 1884, \&cc.-Continued.

| 安安 | Dividends. | Net ordinary reccipts. | Interest. | Premiums. | Receipts from loansand Treasury notes. | Gross receipts. | Unavail. able. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 |  | \$519, 949, 50438 |  | \$38, 083, 05568 | \$712, 851, 55305 | \$1, 278, 884, 17311 | \$172,094 29 |
| 1867 |  | 462, 84G, 67992 |  | 27, 787, 33035 | $640,426,91029$ | 1, 131, 060, 92056 | 721,827 93 |
| 1868 |  | 376, 434, 453 82 |  | 29, 203, 62950 | 625,111,433 20 | 1,030, 749,516 52 | 2, 675, 97819 |
| 1869 |  | 357, 188, 25009 |  | 13, 755, 49112 | 238, 678, 08106 | 609, 021,82827 | *2,070 73 |
| 1870 |  | 305, 959, 83387 |  | 15, 295, 04376 | $285,474,40600$ | 696, 729,973 63 |  |
| 1871 |  | 374, 431, 10494 |  | 8, 892, 83995 | 208, 768, 52347 | 652, 092, 46830 | *3, 39618 |
| 1872 |  | 364, 394, 22991 |  | 9, 412, 63765 | 305, 047, 054001 | 679, 153, 92156 | *18, 22835 |
| $187 ?$ |  | 329, 177, 473 78 |  | 11, 560.53089 | 214, 931, 01700 | 548, 609, 22.167 | *3,047 80 |
| 1874 |  | 299, 941, 09084 |  | 5, 0:17, 6G5 22 | 439, 272, 5:3546 | 744, 251, 29152 | 12,69140 |
| 1875 |  | 284, 020, 77141 |  | 3, 979,27969 | 387, 971, 55600 | $675,971,60710$ |  |
| 1876 |  | 290, 066, 58470 |  | 4. 049,28058 | 397, 455 , 80800 | 691, 551,67328 |  |
| 1877 |  | 281, 000, 64200 |  | 405,776 58 | 348, 871, 74900 | 670, 278, 16758 |  |
| 1878 |  | 257, 446, 77640 |  | - 317,10230 | 404, 581, 20100 | 662, 345, 07970 |  |
| 1879 |  | 272, 32, 13683 |  | 1,505, 04763 | 792, 807, 64300 | 1, $066,634,82740$ |  |
| 1880 |  | 333, 526, 50098 |  | 110.00 | $211,814,10300$ | 545, 340, 11398 |  |
| 1881 |  | 360,782, 29257 |  |  | 113, 750, 53400 | 474, 532, 82657 |  |
| 1882 |  | 403, 525, 250281 |  |  | 120, 945, 72400 | 524,470,974 28 |  |
| 1883 |  | 398, 287, 58195 |  |  | 555, 942, 56400 | 951, 230, 14595 |  |
| 1884 |  | 348, 519,869 92 |  |  | 206, 877, 88600 | 555, 397, 75592 |  |
|  | \$9,720,136 29 | 9,278,532,974 19 | 485, 22445 | 204, 259, 22083 | 11,594,810,415 84 | $21,078,087,83531$ | $2,661,86653$ |

unavailable, and since recovered and charged to his account.

TTABEE FH.-STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES of UNITED STATES from Mar.4,

| Year. | War. | Nary. | Indians. | Pensions. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1791. | \$632, 80403 |  | \$27. 00000 | \$175, 81388 | \$1,083, 97161 |
| 1792 | 1,100,70209 |  | 13, 64888 | 109, 24315 | -4, 672, 664,38 |
| 1793 | 1, 130, 24908 |  | 27, 28288 | $80,08781$ | 511, 45101 |
| 179. | 2, 639, 09759 | \$61,408 97 | 13, 04246 | 81, 39924 | 750,350 74 |
| 1795 | $2,480,910.13$ | 410,562 03 | 23,475 68 | 68,67322 | 1,378, 93066 |
| 1796 | 1,260, 26384 . | 271, 78404 | 113,563 98 | 100, 84371 | 801, 84758 |
| 1797 | $1,039,40246$ | 382, 63189 | ${ }^{62,396} 588$ | 92, 25697 | 1, 259, 42262 |
| 1799 |  | 1, ${ }_{2}, 858,081,34784$ | 16, 20.30219 | 195,44403 | 1, 139, 524948 |
| 1800 | 2,560, 87877 . | 3, 448, 71603 | 3122 | 64, 13073 | 1, 337, 61322 |
| 1801 | 1,672, 94408 | 2, 111, 42400 | 9,000 00 | 73, 53337 | 1, 114, 76845 |
| 1802 | 1,179, 14825 | 915, 56187 | 94,00000 | 85, 44039 | 1,462, 92940 |
| 1803 | 822, 05585 | 1, 215, 23053 | 60,00000 | 62, 90210 | 1,842,635 76 |
| 1804 | 875,42393 | 1,189;832 75 | 116,500 00 | 80, 092-80 | 2, 191, 00943 |
| 1805 | 712,781 28 | 1,597,500 00 | 196,500 00 | 81, 85459 | 3, 768,598 75 |
| 1806 | 1, 224, 35538 | 1, 649,641 44 | 234, 20000 | 81, 87553 | 2,890; 13701 |
| 1807. | 1,288,685 91 | 1, 722, 06447 | 205, 42500 | 70, 50000 | 1, 697, 897.51 |
| 1808 | 2, 900.83t 40 | 1, 884, 06780 | 213, 57500 | 82,576 04 | 1,423, 28561 |
| 1809 | 3, 345, 77217 | 2, 427, 75880 | 337,503 84 | 87, 83354 | 1, 215, 80379 |
| 1810 | 2, 294, 32394 | 1, 654, 21420 | 177, 62500 | 83,744 16 | 1,101, 14498 |
| 1811 | 2, 032,82819 | 1, 965, 56639 | 151,875 00 | 75, 04388 | 1,367, 29140 |
| 1812 | 11, 817, 79824 | 3, 959, 36515 | 277, 84500 | 91, 40210 | 1, 683, 08821 |
| 1813 | 19, 652, 61302 | 6, 446, 610 10 | 167, 35828 | 86, 989 91 | 1. 7229,43561 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1814 \\ & \mathbf{1 8 1 5} . \end{aligned}$ | $20,350,806$ <br> $14,794,294$ <br> 18 | ${ }_{8,660,000} \mathbf{7 5}$ | 167,39486 530 750 | $\begin{array}{r}90,16436 \\ 69656 \\ \hline 06\end{array}$ |  |
| 1816 | 16, 012, 09680 | 3, 908 , 278 30 | 274; 51216 | 188, 80415 | $2 ; 989,74117$ |
| 1817 | 8, 004, 23653. | 3, 314,598 499 | 319,463 71 | 297, 37443 | 3,518,936 76 |
| 1818 | 5,622, 71510 | 2, 953, 69500. | 505,704 27 | 890, 71990 | 3, 835, 83951 |
| 1819 | 6, 50th, 30037 | 3, 847, 64042 | 463, 181. 39 | 2, 415, 93985 | 3,067, 21141 |
| 1820 | 2, 630, 39231 | 4, 387, 990 c0 | 315,750 01 | 3, 208, 37631 | 2, 592; 021 94 |
| 1821 | 4, 461, 29178 | 3, 319, 24306 | 477, 00544 | 242, 81725 | 2, 223, 121.54 |
| 1822 | 3, 111, 98148 | 2, 224, 45898 | 575, 00741 | 1, 948, 19940 | 1,967, 996.24 |
| 1823 | 3, 096, 92443 | 2, 503, 765.83 | 380,781 82 | 1,780,588 52 | 2, 022, 09399 |
| 1824 | 3, 340; 93985 | 2,904, 58156 | 429,987 90 | 1, 499, 32659 | 7, 155,308 81 |
| 1835 | 3, 659, 91418 | 3, 049, 08386 | 724;106 44 | 1, 308, 810.57 | 2,748,544 89 |
| 1826 | 3,913, 19437 | 4, 218, 90245 | 743,47783 | 1,556,593 83 | 2, 600, 17779 |
| 1827 | 3, 948, 97788 | 4, 263, 87745 | 750, 624 88 | 976, 13886 | 2,713,476 58 |
| 1828 | 4, 145, 54456 | 3, 918,786 44 | 705, 08424 | 850, 57357 | 3, 676, 05264 |
| 1829 | 4, 724, 29107 | 3, 308, 74547. | 576,344 74 | 949,594 47 | 3, 082, 23465 |
| 1830 | 4,767, 12888 | 3, 239,428 63 | 622, 26247 | 1, 36:3,297 31 | 3,237,416 04 |
| 1831 | 4;841, 835 55 | 3, 856, 18307 | 030,738 04 | 1, 170, 66514 | 3, 064, 64610 |
| 1832 | 5, 446, 03488 | 3, 956, 37029 | 1,352,419 75 | 1, 184, 42240 | 4, 577, 14145 |
| 1833 | 6,704, 01910 | 3,901, 35675 | 1, 802,980 93 | 4,589, 15240 | 5,716, 245 93 |
| 1834 | 5, 696, 18938 | 3, 956, 260.42 | 1, 003, 953 20 | 3,364, 285 | 4, 404, 728 95 |
| 1835 | 5, 759, 15689 | 3, 864, 93906. | 1,706, 44448 | 1, 954, 71132 | 4, 229, 69853 |
| 1836 | 11,747, 34525 | 5; 807, 71823 | 5, 037, 02288 | 2, 882, 79786 | 5, 393, 27972 |
| 1837 | $13,682,73080$ | 6, 646, 11453 | 4, 348, 03619 | 2, 672, 162 45 | 9, 893, 370.27 |
| 1838 | 12,897, 22416 | 6, 131, 58053 |  | 2,156, 05729 | 7,160, 66476 |
| 1839 | 8,916, 99580 | 6, 182, 29425 | 2, 528, 91728 | 3,142,750 51 | 5,725, 09089 |
| 1840 | 7,095, 26723 | 6,113,80689 | 2;331,794 86 | 2, 603, 56317. | 5, 995, 39896 |
| 1841 | 8,801, 61024 | 6, 001,07697 | 2, 514, 83712 | 2, 388, 43451 | 6, 490, 88145 |
| 1842 | 6, 610, 43802 | 8,397, 24295 | 1, 199, 09968 | 1, 378, 93133 | 6,775, 62461 |
| $1843^{*}$ | 2, 908,671 95 | 3,727,711 53 | .578, 371.00 | 839,041. 12 | 3, 202, 71300 |
| 1844 | 5, 218, 18366 | 6, 498, 19011 | 1, 256, 53239 | 2, 032,00899 | 5, 645, 18386 |
| 1845 | 5, 746, 29128 | 6, 297, 17789 | 1, 539, 351.35 | .2,400, 78811 | 5,911, 76098 |
| 1846 | 10,413, 37058 | 6, 455, 01392 | 1, 027,693 64 | 1, 811,097 56 | 6, 711, 283 '89 |
| 1847 | 35, 840, 03033 | 7,900,635 76 | 1, 430,411 30 | 1,744. 88363 | 6,885, 60835 |
| 1848 | 27, 688, 33421 | 9, 408, 47602 | 1, 252, 29681 | 1,227, 49648 | 5, 650, 85125 |
| 1849 | 14, 558, 47326 | 9,786, 70592 | 1, 374, 16155 | 1, 328, 66774 | 12,885, 33 ! 24 |
| 1850 | 9,687, 02458 | 7, 904, 72466 | 1,663,59147 | 1,866, 88602 | 16,043, 76336 |
| 1851 | 12, 161, 96511 | 8,880; 58138 | 2, 829, 80177 | 2, 293, 37722 | 17, 888, 99218 |
| 1852 | 8,521, 50619 | $8,918,84210$ | 3,043,576 04 | 2, 401, 85878 | 17, 044,17145 |
| 1853 | $9,910,49849$ | 11, 067, 78953 | 3,880,494 12 | 1, 756, 30620 | 17, 463, 068801 |
| 1854 | 11, 722, 28287. | 10, 790, 09632 | 1,550,339 55 | 1, 232, 66500 | 26,672, 144.68 |
| 1855 | 14, 648, 074407 | 13,327,095 11 | 2, 772, 990.78 | 1, 477. 61233 | 24,090,425 43 |
| 1856 | 16, 963, 16051 | 14, 074, 83464 | 2,644, 26397 | 1, 296, 22965 | 31, 794, 03887 |
| 1857 | 19, 159, 15087 | 12, 651, 69461 | 4,354, 41887 | 1, 310,380 58 | 28,565, 40877 |
| 1858. | 25, 679, 12163 | 14, 053, 264 64. | 4, 978, 26618 | -1, 219,768 30 | 26,400, 41642 |
| 1859 | 23, 154, 72053 | 14, 690, 92790 | 3,490,534 53 | 1, 222, 22271 | 23,797, 54440 |
| 1860 | 16, 472, 20272 | 11, 514, 64983 | 2,991, 12154 | 1, 100, 80232 | 27, 977, 97830 |
| 1861 | 23, 01, 53067 | 12,387, 15652 | 2, 865, 48117 | 1, 034, 59973 | 23, 327, 28769 |
| 1862 | 389, 173,562 29 | 42, 640, 35309 | 2, 327, 94837 | -852, 17047 | 21, 385, 86259 |
| 1863 | 603, 314,41182 | 63, 261, 23531 | 3,152, 03270 | 1, 078,513 36 | 23, 198,382 37 |
| 1864 | 690, 391, 048 66 | 85, 704, 963 74 | 2,629,975 97 | 4, 985, 473 90 | 27, 572, 216.87 |
|  |  |  |  | *For the hal | lf year from Jon |

1789, to June 30, 1884, by cal. years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended June 30) from that time.

| Year. | Net ordinary expenditures. | Premiams. | Interest. | Public debt. | Gross expenditures. | Balanco in Treasury at the end of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 | \$1,919, 58952 |  | \$1, 177, 86303 | \$699,984 23 | \$3,797, 43678 | \$973,905 75 |
| 1792 | 5, 896, 25847 |  | 2,373, 61128 | '693, 05025 | 8,962, 92000 | 783, 44451 |
| 1793 | 1, 749, 07073 |  | 2, 097, 85917 | 2, 633, 04807 | 6, 479, 97797 | 753, 66169 |
| , 1794 | 3, 545, 29900 |  | 2,752, 523 04 | 2,743,771 13 | 9, 041, 59317 | 1, 151, 92417 |
| 1795 | $4,362,54172$ |  | $2,947,05906$ | 2, 841, 63937 | 10, 151, 24015 | 516,442 61 |
| 1796 | 2,551, 30315 |  | 3,239,34768 | 2,577, 12601 | 8, 367, 77684 | 888, 99542 |
| 1797 | 2,836, 11052 |  | 3, 172,516 73 | 2, 617, 250012 | $8,625,87737$ | 1,021, 89904 |
| 1798 | 4, 651, 71042 |  | 2, 955, 87590 | 976, 03209 | $8,583,61841$ | 1,617,451 43 |
| 1799 | 6, 480, 16672 |  | 2, 815, 65141 | 1, 706, 57884 | 11, 002, 39697 | 2, 161, 86777 |
| 1800 | 7, 411, 36997 |  | 3, 402, $6010{ }^{\prime}$ | 1, 138, 56311 | 11, 952, 53412 | 2, 623, 31199 |
| 1801 | 4, 981, 66990 |  | 4,411,830 06 | 2,879,876 98 | 12, 273,37694 | 3, 295, 39100 |
| 1802 | 3, 737, 07991 |  | 4, 239, 17216 | $5,294,23524$ | 13, 270, 48731 | 5, 020, 69764 |
| 1803 | 4, 002, 82424 |  | 3, 949,462 36 | 3, 306,697 07 | 11, 258, 98367 | 4, 825, 81160 |
| 1804 | 4,452, 85891 |  | $4,185,04874$ | 3, 977, 20607 | 12, 615, 11372 | 4, 037, 00526 |
| 1805 | 6. 357, 23462 |  | 2, 657, 11422 | $4,583,96063$ | $13,598,30947$ | $3,999,38899$ |
| 1806 | 6, 080,20936 |  | 3, 368, 96826 | 5,572, 01864 | 15,021, 19626 | $4,538,12380$ |
| $1807{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 4, 984, 57289 |  | 3, 369,578 $488_{i}^{\text {i }}$ | 2, 938, 14162 | 11, 292, 29299 | $9,643,85007$ |
| -1808 | 6, 504, 33885 |  | 2,557, 07423 | 7, 701, 28896 | 16,762, 70204 | 9,941, 80996 |
| 1809 | 7,414,672 14 |  | 2, 866, 07490. | 3, 586,47926 | 13, 867, 22630 | 3,848, 05678 |
| 1810 | 5, 311,082 28 |  | 3,163,671 09 | 4, 835, 24112 | 13, 309, 99449 | 2, 672, 27657 |
| 1811 | 5, 592, 60486 |  | 2,585,435 57. | 5, 414, 56443 | $13,592,604.86$ | 3,502,305 80 |
| 1812 | 17,829, 49870 |  | 2, 451, 27257 | 1, 998,34988 | 22, 279, 12135 | 3, 86\%, 21741 |
| 1813 | 28, 082, 39692 |  | 3, 599,455 22 | 7, 508,668 22 | 39, 190, 52036 | 5, 196, 54200 |
| 1814 | 30, 127, 68638 |  | 4, 593, 23904 | 3, 307, 30490 | 38, 028, 2:30 32 | 1,727, 84863 |
| 1815 | 26, 953, 57160 |  | $5,990,09024$ | 6, 638, 83211 | 39,582, 49335 | 13, 106,592 88 |
| 1816 | 23, 373, 43258 |  | 7, 822, 92334 | 17, 048, 13959 | 48,244, 40551 | $22,033,51919$ |
| 1817 | 15, 454, 60992 |  | 4, 536, 28255 | 20,886, 75357 | 40, 877, 64604 | 14, 989, 46548 |
| 1818 | 13, 808, 67378 |  | 6, 209, 95403 | 15, 086, 24759 | 35, 104, 87540 | -1, 478, 52674 |
| 1819 | 16, 300, 27344 |  | 5, 211, 730.56 | 2, 492, 19573 | 24, 004, 19973 | 2, 079,992 38 |
| 1820 | 13, 134, 530.57 |  | $5,151,00432$ | 2, 477, 48996 | 21, 763, 024-85 | 1, 198, 46121 |
| 1821 | 10,723, 47907 |  | 5,126,073 79 | 3, 241, 01983 | 19,090,572 69 | $1,681,59224$ |
| 1822 | $9,827,64351$ |  | 5, 172, 78879 | 2,676, 16033 | 17,676, 592 63 | 4, 237, 42755 |
| 1823 | $9,784,15459$ |  | 4, 922, 47540 | 607, 54101 | 15, 314, 17100 | 9, 403, 92281 |
| 1824 | 15, 390, 144971 |  | 4, 943, 557.98 | 11, 624, 83583 | 31, 898, 53847 . | 1, 946, 59713 |
| 1825 | 11,490, 45994 |  | 4, 366, 75740 | 7, 728, 58738 | 23, 585, 80472 | 5, 201, 65043 |
| 1826 | 13, 062, 31627 |  | 3, 975,54295 | 7, 065, 53924 | 24, 103, 39846 | 6, 358, 68618 |
| 1827 | 12, 653, 09565 |  | $3,486,07151$ | 6,517, 59688 | 22, 656, 76404 | 6, 668, 28610 |
| 1828 | 13, 296, 04145 |  | $3,098,80060$ | $9,064,63747$ | 35, 459, 47952 | 5, 972,43581 |
| 1829 | 12, 641, 21040 |  | 2,542, 843, 23 | $9.860,30477$ | $25,044,35840$ | 5, 755, 70479 |
| 1830 | 13, 229, 53333 |  | 1, 912, 574, 93 | $9,443,17329$ | 24, 585, 28155 | 6, 014, 53975 |
| 1881 | 13, 864, 06790 |  | 1, 373, 74874 | 14,800, 62948 | 30, 038, 44612 . | 4,502, 91445 |
| 1832 | 16, 516, 38877 |  | 772, 56150 | 17,067, 74779 | 34, 356, 69806 | 2,011, 77755 |
| 1833 | 22, 713, 755111 |  | 303,796 87 | 1,239, 74651 | 24, 257, 29849 | 11, 702, 90531 |
| 1834 | 18,425, 41725 |  | 202,152 98 | $5,974,41221$ | 24, 601, 98244 [ | 8, 892, 85842 |
| 1835 | 17,514, 95028 |  | -57, 86308 | - 32820 | 17, 573,14156 | 26,749, 80396 |
| 1836 | 30, 868, 16404 |  |  |  | 30, 868, 16404 | 46, 708, 43600 |
| 1837 | 37, 243, 21424 |  |  | 21, 822 日1 | 37, 265, 03715 | 37, 327, 25269 |
| 1838 | 33, 849, 71808 |  | 14,996 48 | $5,590,72379$ | 39, 455, 43835 | 36, 891, 19694 |
| 1839 | 26, 496, 94873 |  | 399, 83389 | 10,718, 15353 | 37, 614, 93615 | 33, 157, 50368 |
| 1840 | 24, 139, 92011. |  | 174,598 08. | $3,912,01562$ | 28, 226, 53381 . | $29,963,16346$ |
| 1841 | 26, 196, 84029. |  | 284,97755 | 5, 315, 71219 | 31, 797, 53008 | 28, 685, 11108 |
| 1842 | 24, 361, 33659. |  | 773, 54985 | 7, 801, 99009 | 32, 936, 87653 | 30, 521, 97944 |
| 1843 | 11, 256, 50860 |  | 523, $583 \cdot 91$ | 338, 01264 | 12, 118, 10515 | 39, 186, 28474 |
| 1844 | $20,650,10801$ |  | 1,833,452 18 | 11, 158, 45071 | 33, 642, Q10 85 | 36,742,829 62 |
| 1845 | 21, 895, 36961 | \$18, 23143 | 1, 040, 45818 | 7, 536,349 49 | 30, 490, 408, 71 | 36, 194, 27481 |
| 1846 | 26, 418, 45959 |  | 1, 842,723 27 | 5371, 10004 | 27, 632, 282 ' 90 | 38, 261, 95965 |
| 1847 | 53, 801,56937 |  | 1,119, 21472 | 5,600,067 65 | 60, 520, 85174 | $33,079,27643$ |
| 1848 | 45, 227, 45477 |  | 2, 390,76588 | 13, 036, 92254 | 60, 655, 14319 | 29, 416, 61245 |
| 1849 | 39, 933, $5 \pm 4261$ | 82, 86581 | 3, 565, 53578 | 12, 804, 47854 | 56, 386, 422 74 | 32, 827, 08269 |
| 1850 | 37, 165, 99009. |  | 3,782, 39303 | 3, 656,335 14 | 44, 604, 71826 | 35, 871, 75331 |
| 1851 | 44, 054, 71766 | 69,713 19 | 3, 696, 76075 | 654, 91271 | 48, 476, 10431 | 40, 158,353 25 |
| 1852 | 40, 389, 95454 | 170,063 42 | 4,000, 29780 | 2, 152, 29305 | 46, 712, 60883 | $43,338,86002$ |
| 1853 | 44, 078,15635 | 420, 49864 | 3, 665, 832 74 | 6, 412,574 01 | 54, 577, 06174 | 50, 261, 90109 |
| 1854 | 51, 967, 52842 | 2, 877, 81869 | 3, 070, 92669 | 17, 556, 89695 | $75,473,17075$ | 48, 591, 07341 |
| 1855 | 56, 316, 19772 | 872,04739 | 2, 314,464 99 | 6, 662, 06588 | 66, 164,77596 | 47, 777, 67.218 |
| 1856 | 66,772, 527 64 | 385, 37290 | 1, 053,82237 | 3, 614,618 66 | 72, 726, 34157 | $49,108,22980$ |
| 1857 | $66,041,14370$ | 363, 57239 | 1,593, 26523 | 3, 276,606 05 | 71, 274, 58737. | 46,802, 85500 |
| . 1858 | 72, 330, 437 17 | 574,443 08 | 1, 652, 05567 | 7,505,250 82 | 82, 002, 18674 | 35, 113, 33422 |
| 1859 | 66, 355, 95007. |  | 2,637, 04970 | 14, 685, 04315 | 83, 678, 64292 | 33, 193, 24860 |
| 1860 | 60, 056, 754 71. |  | $3,144,12094$ | $13,854,25000$ | 77, 055, 12565 | 32,979, 53078 |
| 1861 | $62,616,05578$. |  | 4, 034, 15730 | 18,737, 10000 | 85, 387, 31308 | 30, 963, 85783 |
| 1862 | 456, 379, 89681. |  | 13, 190, 34484 | 96,097, 32209 | 565, 667, 56374 | $46,965,30487$ |
| 1863 | 694, 004, 57556. |  | 24, 729, 70062 | 181, 081, 63507 | $899,815,91125$ | 36, 523, 04613 |
| 1864 | 811, 283, 67614 . |  | 53, 685, 42169 | 430, 572, 01403 | 1, 295,541, $11486 \mid 1$ | 134, 433, 73844 |

cary 1 to June $30,1843$.

TABLE H.-STATEMENT of the EXPENDITURES of the ONITED


Note. - This statement is made from warrants paid by the Treasurer up to Jane 30, 1866. The ontance in the Treasury June 30 , 1'883, as shown by this statement; includes the amount deposited with

STATES from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1884, \&c.-Continued.

| Year. | Net ordinary expenditures. | Preminms. | Interest. | Pablic debt. | Gross expenditares. | Bulance in Treasury at the end of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1865 | \$1, 217, 704, 19928 | \$1, 717, 90011 | \$77, 395, 09030 | \$609, 616, 141. 68 | $\$ 1,906,433,33137, \$ 33,933,65789$ <br> $1,139,344,08195165,301,65476$ |  |
| 1866 | $385,954,73143$ | - 58,47651 | 133, 067, 62491 | 620, 263, 24910 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,152,771,55043 \\ * 4,481,566 \quad 24 \end{array}$ | 7,611,003 56 | $\begin{array}{r} 502,689,519 \\ * 2,888 \\ 48 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,374,677,103.12 \\ \left.\quad \begin{array}{r} 10031 \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,037,749,17638 \\ \times 4,484,555 \\ 03 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,484,555 \\ 03 \end{array}$ |
|  | 5, 157, 253, 11667 | 7, 611, 00356 | 502, 692, 40775 | 2, 374, 677, 204 43 | 8, 042, 233, $73141160,817,09973$ |  |
| 1867 | 202, 947, 73387 | 10, 813, 34938 | 143, 781, 59191 | 735, 536, 98011 | $1,093,079,655 ~ 27198,076,53709$$1,069,889,970$$74158,936,08287$ |  |
| 1868 | 229, 915, 08811 | 7,001, 15104 | 140, 424, 04571 | 692, 549, 685.88 |  |  |
| 1869 | 190, 496, 35495 | 1, 674, 68005 | 130, 694, 24280 | 261, 912, 71831 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,068,889,97074158,936,08287 \\ 584,777,99611183,781,98576 \end{array}$ |  |
| 1870 | 164,421,507 15: | 15,996,555 60 | 129, 235, 40800 | 393, 254, 28213 | 702, 907, $842881177,604,11651$ |  |
| 1871 | 157, 583, 82758 | 9, 016, 79474 | 125, 576, 56593 | 399, 503, 67065 | 691, 680, $85890 \mid 138,019,12215$ |  |
| 1872 | 153, 201, 85619 | 6,958, 26676 | 117, 357, 83972 | 405, 007, 30754 | $682,525,270211134,666,00185$ |  |
| 1873 | 180, 488, 63690 | 5, 105, 91999 | 104, 750, 68844 | 233, 699, 35258 | 524, 044, $59791159,293,67341$ |  |
| 1874 | 194, 118, 98500 | 1, 395,073 55 | 107, 119, 81521 | 422, 065, 06023 | 724, 698, $933999178,833,33954$ |  |
| 1875 | 171, 529, 84827 |  | 103, 093, 54457 | 407, 377, 49248 | $682,000,88532172,804,06132$ |  |
| 1876 | 164, 857, 81336 |  | 100, 243, 27123 | 449, 345, 27280 | 714, 446, 357 39149, 909, 37721 |  |
| 1877 | 144, 209, 96328 |  | 97, 124, 51158 | 323, 965, 4ン4 05 | 565, 299, $89891 / 214,887,64588$ |  |
| 1878 | 134, 463, 45215 |  | 102, 500,87465 | 353, 676, 94490 | 590, 641, $27170286,591,45388$ |  |
| 1879 | 161, 619,934 53 |  | 105, 327, 94900 | 699, 445, 80916 | 966, 393, $69269386,832,58865$ |  |
| 1880 | 169, 090, 06225 | 2, 795, 32642 | 95, 757, 57511 | 432, 590, 28041 | 700; 233, $238191231,940,06444$ |  |
| 1881 | 177, 142, 89763 | 1, 061, 24878 | 82, 508, 741.18 | 165, 152, 33505 | $425,865,22264280,607,66837$ |  |
| 1882 | 186, 904, 23278 | 1, 01,218 | 71, 077, 20679 | 271, 646, 29955 | 529, 627, 739 12:247, 349, 25862 $865,491,96750346,087,43707$ |  |
| 1883 | 206, 248, 00629 |  | $59,160,13125$ | $590,083,82996$ |  |  |
| 1884 | 189, 547, 86585 |  | 54, 578, 37848 | 260, 520,690 50, | 504, 646, 93483 396, 839, 75816 |  |
|  | 8, 336, 041, 18281 | $69,429,363,87$ | 2, 373, 004, 87931 | 9, 872, 010, 63972 | 20, 850, 486, 06571 |  |

'warrants.
standing warrants are then added, and the statement is by warrants isisucd from that date. The balthe States, $\$ 28,101,644.91$.

TABLE I.-STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINTING-FUND from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30,1884 . - THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.

C쓴
July 1,1868 To 1 of 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt,
being for the three months from April 1 to June 30 ,
To interest on $\$ 8,691,000$, being amount of principal of
June 30, 1869 publio debt purchased during fiscal year 1869 on this

| June 30,1869 | By amount of principal purchased, $\$ 8,691,000$, including \$1,000 donation, estimated in gold.. By accrued intes est on the amonot of purchases in i869.. | \$7, 261, 437.30 <br> 136, 39256 <br> $7,397,829.86$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { July 1, } 1869 \\ \text { June 30, } 1870 \end{array}$ | By balance from last year. <br> Byamount of principal purchased, $\$ 28,151,900$, estimated in gold <br> By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1870. <br> By balance to new account. | $\begin{array}{r} 672,02023 \\ 25,893,14357 \\ 351,00354 \\ 744,711 \\ \hline 80 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 27,660, 879 14 |
| Jane 30, 1871 | By amonnt of principal purchased, $\$ 29,936,250$, estimated in gold <br> By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1871. <br> By balance to new account. | $\begin{array}{r} 28,694,01773 \\ 367,78253 \\ 257,47432 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 29, 310, 27458 |
| June 30, 1872 | By amount of principal purchased, $\$ 32,618,450$, estimated <br> in gold. <br> By accrued interest on account of purchases in 1872.... | $\begin{array}{r} 32,248,645 \\ 430,90838 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 32, 679,553 60 |

June 30, 1870
To per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June $30,1869, \$ 2,588,452,213.94 \ldots$.............................. To intorest on $\$ 28,151 ; 900$, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1870 on this account

To balance from last year
To 1 per cent: on the principal of the public debto. on June 30, 1870, \$2,480,672,427.81
June 30, 1871 To interest on redenption of $1860, \$ 8,691,000 \ldots$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To interest on $\$ 29,936,250$, amount of principal of pablic debt purchased during fiscal year 1871 on this acconnt.

June 30, 1872
To balance from last year.
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the pablic debt on June $30,1871, \$ 2,353,211,332.32$
To intorest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$
To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250 \ldots . .$. To interest on- redemption of $\$ 32,618,450$, amount of principal of public debt purchased during fiscal year 1872 on this account
To balance to new account


66, 529, 21963


1, 254; 89700
27, 660, 87914

744,71180
24, 806, 72428 , 521, 46000 1, 689, 11400 1,557, 26450 29,319, 27458 - 257, 47432

23, 532, 113'32 521,46000 1,689, 11400 1,796, 17500

2, 059, 32550 2,823,891 46 32, 679, 55360, 261, 437.30

July 1, 1872
Jnne 30, 1873
1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1872 , \$2,253,251,328.78 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,986,250$ To interest on redemption of $\$ 28,678,000$ amornt............ principal of public debt purohased during fiscal year principal of pubic on this account.
To balance to new account ...........................................
$\begin{array}{r}22,521,560 \\ 1,689,114 \\ 00 \\ 1,700 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$1,689,11400$
$1,796,17500$
1, 957, 10700
$1,725,881$
$1,451,588$
95
$1,725,88150$
$1,451,58895$
$31,673,83974$
$31,673,83974$
22, 344, 82993
$22,344,82900$
521,460
1 $1,689,11400$
1,79617500
1,796, 17500
1, 957, 10700
1,720, 68000
. $823,08200^{\circ}$ 30,852, 44793


July 1, 1872


| July |
| :--- |
| June 30, |

By balance from last year.........................................
By amount of principal purchased, $\$ 12,936,450$, estimated in gold.................................................................. By balance.

## June 30, 1875

2,823, 89146
28, 457, 56283 392, 38545

31, 673; 83974 -
$1,451,588.95$
12, 872, 85074 222,58628
$16,305,42196$


TABELE K-STATEMENT showing the CONDITION of the SINKING-FUND, fe.-Continued.
Dr.
THE SECRETART OF THE TREASURY IN ACCOUNT WITH SINKING-FUND.

July 1, 1875
Juné 30, 1876
$\begin{aligned} & \text { To } 1 \text { per cent. on the principal of the public debt on } \\ & \text { June } 30,1875, \$ 2,232,281,531.95 \text {..................... }\end{aligned}$
Tune $30,1875, \$ 3,232,284,531,93 \ldots 1,18,61,000$
To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28.151,900$
To intcrest on redemption of 1872, $\$ 32,618,450$
To interest on redemption of 1873 , $\$ 28,678,000$
To interest on redemption of $1874, \$ 12,936450$
To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$
To interest on redemption of $\$ 32,183,488.09$, amount of
principal of public delit "paid" during fiscal year
1876 ou this account

To 1 per cent. on the principal of the publie debt on June 30, 1876, $\uparrow 2,180,395,067.15$
To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$
To interest on redemption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$
To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,96,200$
To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,688,000$
To interest on rodemption of $1874, \$ 12,936,450$
To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$
To interest on redemption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09 \ldots$.
To interest on redemption of $\$ \$ 4,498,919.05$, amount of
principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year
1877 on this account .............................................

To $1_{1}$ per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1877, \$2, 205, 301,392.10 To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ To interest on refeimption of $1870, \$ 28,151,900$ To interest on rederaption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$ To interest on redemption of 1874, , $\$ 12,936,450$ To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$. To interest on redemption of 1876, $832,183,488.09$ To interest on redemption of redemption of $\$ 17,012,634.57$, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year principal of public delit paid" during fiscal year
-

$$
-
$$

$\begin{array}{r}21,803,950 \\ 521,460 \\ -1.690 \\ -143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $-1,689,11400$
$1,796,17500$ $1,796,175$
$1,957,107$
00 1, 720,68000 ${ }^{1} 776,08700$ 1,510,224 00 $1,931,009.28$
$24,026 \quad 25$
,33, 729, 83320
22

June 30, 1876

## By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in goid

 By accrued interest on account of redemptioBy amount of fractional currency redeemed. By amount. of fractional currency redeem
By amount of legal-tenders redeemed.... By amount of legal-tenders redeemed :.................... By amount of
By balance
$=\frac{33,584,77582}{447,50000}$
By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold. By accraed interest on account of redemption in 1877. By anount of legal-tenders redeemed...................... By balance Ca.
\$18, 444, 05000 257, 51791 7,062, 14209 5, 999, 20600 1, 143,769 82 14; 043,45805 10, 007 , 95200 $9,225,14663$ By balance

June 30, 1878

## By amount of principal redeemed, estimated in gold.

 By accued inerest on account of redemption in 1878. By amount of fractional carreney redeemed By balanceJuly 1, 187
June 30, 1879

## T

 June $30,1878, \$ 2,256$ principal of To interest on redemption of 183. To interest on redemption of $18010, \$ 88,151,900$ To interest on redemption of $1871, \$ 29,936,250$ To interest on redemption of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$ To interest on redemption of $1873, \$ 28,678,000$ To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$ To interest on redemption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09$ To interest on redemption of $1877, \$ 24,498,910.05$ To interest on redemption of $1878, \$ 17,012,634.57$ To interest on redemption of $\$ 723,662.99$, amount of principal of public debt "paid" during fiscal year 1879 on this acconnt .......................................July 1, 1879
To 1 - per cent. on the principal of the public debt on To balance from fiscal year $1874 \ldots \ldots \ldots$. $\$ 16,305,42196$ To balance from fiscal year 1875......... 5, 990,03962 To balance from fiscal year $1876 \ldots \ldots . . \quad 1,143,76982$ To balance from fiscal year 1877........ $\quad 9,225,14663$ To balauce from fiscal year 1878........ $18,415,55731$
To balance from fiscal year $1879 \ldots \ldots \ldots .2631,63287$
To interest on redemption of $1869, \$ 8,691,000$
To intreat on
To interest on redemption of 1811 , $\$ 29,936,250$..........
To interest on redemptiod of $1872, \$ 32,618,450$
To intarest on redemption of 1873 , $\$ 88,678,000 \ldots \ldots .$.
To interest on redemption of $1874, \$ 12,936,450$
To interest on redemption of $1875, \$ 25,170,400$
To interest on redewption of $1876, \$ 32,183,488.09 \ldots \ldots \ldots$
To interest on redemption of $1877, \$ 24,498,910.05$.
To interest on redemption of $1878, \$ 17,012,634.57$
To interest on redemption of 1879,\$723,662.99
To interest on redemption of $\$ 73,904,617.41$, amount of principal of publio debt."paid" during facal year
1880 on this account...................................
.....................


June 30, 1879
By amonnt of principal redeemed, estimated in gold... B. accrued interest on account of redemption in 1879. By amount of fractional currency redeemed ............ By balance.

18, 50000 308.77

705, 16299
36, 231, 63287




July 1, 1883
Jane 30, 1884
To balance from last year.
To 1 per cent. on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1883, $\$ 1,884,171,728.07 \ldots \ldots .$.
To interest on redemptions prior to 1884
To interest on redemption of $\$ 46,790,220.50$, amonnt of To interest on redemption of $\$ 46,790,220.50$, amonnt of
principal of public debt "paid" dnring fiscal year principal of public debt "paid" dnring fiscal year


TABELE K, STATEMENT showing the PURCHASE of BONDS on account of the SINKING-FUND during each fiscal year from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30, 1884.

| Year ended= | Principal redeemed. | Premium paid. | Net cost in currency. | Net cost estimatedingold. | Interest due at close of fiscal year. | Accruedinterest paid in coin. | Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 30, 1869. |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |
| Five-twenties of 1862 | \$1, 621, 00000 | \$253, 82284 | \$1, 874, 82284 | \$1, 349, 97002 | \$16, 21000 | \$7, 38460 | \$8,825 40 |
| Five-twenties of March, 1864 | 70,000 00 | 11,79500 | 81,725 00 | 57,552 82 | 70000 | , 21863 | - 48137 |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864 | 1, 051, 00000 | 161,946 45 | 1,212,946 45 | 873,20561 | 10,510 00 | 1,470 42 | 9,039 58 |
| Five-twenties of 1865.. | 465,000 00 | 74,969 00 | -539, 96900 | 387, 56628 | 4, 65000 | 2,683 54 | 1,966 46 |
| Coasols, 1865 | 461,000 00 | 73,73680 | 534, 73680 | 387, 90326 | 13,830 00 | 42904 | 13,40096 |
| Consols, 1867 | 4, 718,000 00 | 749, 20808 | 5, 467, 20808 | 3, 948, 58611 | 141,540 00 | 116, 03235 | 25,50765 |
| Consols, 1868 | 305,000 00 | 49,442 50 | 354, 44250 | 256,653 20 | 9,150 . 00 | 8,173 98 | 97602 |
| Total | 8,691,000 00 | 1,374, 85067 | 10, 065, 85067 | 7,261,437 30 | 196,590 00 | 136,392 56 | 60, 19744 |
| JUNE 301870. |  |  |  | 。 | , |  |  |
| Five-twenties of 1862. | 3, 542,050 00 | 493, 47942 | 4, 035, 52942 | 3, 263, 09951 | 160, 91950 | 45,994 49 | 114,925 01 |
| Five-twenties of March, 1864 | 85,000 00 | 15,74287 | 100,74287 | 75,658 54 | 5,350 60 | 1,080 99 | 4,269 01 |
| Five twenties of June, 1864. | 3, 971, 40000 | 506, 18991 | 4, 477,589 91 | 3, 647, 62829 | 165,834 00 | 49, 04600 | 115, 88800 |
| Five twenties of 1865 | 2,790, 25000 | 361, 73543 | 3, 151, 98543 | 2, 606, 63620 | 105,257 50 | 37, 11353 | 68, 14397 |
| Consols, 1865 | 11,532, 15000 | 1, 454, 77837 | 12, 986, 92837 | 10, 671, 73697 | 495, 42150 | 145,518 29 | 349,903 21 |
| Consols, 1867 | 5, 882, 55000 | 861, 76373 | 6, 744, 31373 | $5,309,81090$ | 302, 73450 | 66,111 51 | 236,622 99 |
| Consols, 1868 | 348, 50000 | 53, 36395 | 401, 86395 | 308,573 16 | 19,380 00 | 5,238 73 | 14, 14127 |
| Total. | 28,151, 90000 | 3, 747, 05368 | 31, 898, 95368 | 25, 893, 14357 | 1, 254,897 ט̄0 | 35i, 006 54 | 903, 89346 |
| JUNE 30, 1871. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of 1862. | 2,792, 95000 | 227,60756 | 3,020,557 56 | 2,680, 20905 | 145,975 00 | 36,657 80 | 109,317 20 |
| Five-twenties of March, 1864 | 29,50000 | 2,27720. | 31,77720 | 28,590 88 | 1,24000 | , 38835 | 885165 |
| Five-twenties of Jane, 1864. | 3, 967, 35000 | 340,529 63 | 4, 307, 87963 | 3, 847, 18242 | 201, 37500 | 51, 703*46 | 149,67154 |
| Five-twenties of 1865 .. | 6, 768, 60000 | 574, 92300 | 7, 343,523 00 | $6,525,23142$ | 331, 93350 | 92, 25958 | 239, 67392 |
| Consols, 1865 | 10,222, 20000 | 850, 94979 | 11, 073, 14979 | 9, 762,387 78 | 522, 11700 | 109,455 28 | 412, 66172 |
| Consols, 1867 | 6, 103, 05000 | 541, 55941 | 6, 614, 60941 | 5, 800,618 37 | 351, 538.00 | 76, 74593 | 274, 78207 |
| Consols, 1868 | 52,600 00 | 4,784 61 | 57,384 61 | 49, 79781 | 3, 00600 | 57213 | 2,523 87 |
| Total. | 29,936, 25000 | 2,542,631 20 | 32, 478, 88120 | 28, 694, 01773 | 1,557, 26450 | 367, 78253 | 1,189, 48197 |

## JUNE 30, 1872.



## JUNE 30, 1873.

Five-twenties of 1862
Five-twenties of March, $1864 . .$.
Five-twenties of Jnine, 1864
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1867

Total

JUNE $30,1874$.
Five-twenties of 1862


Five-twenties of Jnne,
Consols, 1865
Consols, 1867
Consols, 1868...................................................................................................
Total.

IUNE 30, 1875.
Five-twenties of 1862

## JUNE 30, 1876.

Five-twenties of 1862

Five-twenties of June
Total.
$\qquad$
Five-twenties of 1865

```
1864
```

$\qquad$



| Year ended- | Principal remed. deemed. | Premiam paid. | Net cost in carrency. | Net cost estimated in gold. | Interest due at close of fiscal year. | Accrued interest paid in coin. | Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 30, 1877. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of 1862.. | \$81, 200000 |  |  | \$81, 20000 | \$4,352 25 | \$1,181 67 | \$3, 17058 |
| Five-twenties of Jane, 1804 | 178, 900000 |  |  | 178, 900000 | -9,943 50 | 1,323 60 | 8,619 90 |
| Consols, $1865 . .$. | 18, ${ }_{\text {Bra }}$ |  |  | 18, 6,05000 | $\stackrel{+18150}{ }$ | ${ }^{3} 10897$ | ${ }^{6} \mathbf{7 2} 83$ |
| Consols, 1867. | 1,000 00 |  |  | 1,000 00 | 3000 | 2120 | 880 |
| Total. | 447,500 00 |  |  | 447, 50000 | 24, 02625 | 5,776 52 | 18,249 73 |
| JUNE 30, 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of $1862 \ldots 18$ | 15, 17000000 |  |  | 17,900 15,900 00 | 96600 83400 | $\begin{array}{r} 19265 \\ 7841 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77335 \\ & 75559 \end{aligned}$ |
| Five-twenties of 1865. | 2, 35000 |  |  | 2, 35000 | 12900 | 40.92 | 8808 |
| Consols, $1865 . .$. | 23, 60000 |  |  | 23, 60000 | 1,416 00 | 27335 | 1,142 65 |
| Consols, 1867 | 5,700 8,500 8,500 |  |  | 5,700 <br> 8,500 <br> 80 | $\begin{array}{r}34200 \\ 510 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | 134 89 89 | 20724 42017 |
| Total. | 73, 95000 |  |  | 73, 95000 | 4, 19700 | 80992 | 3,387 08 |
| Five.twenties of 1862.................. | 2,650 00 |  |  | 2,650 00 |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of June, 186 | 3, 15000 |  |  | 3,150 00 | 9450 | 1853 | 7597 |
| Five-twenties of 1865. | 1,850 00 |  |  | 1, 85000 | 8550 | 4122 | 4428 |
| Consols, 1865 | 1,700 00 |  |  | 1,700 00 | 10200 | 4149 | 6051 |
| Consois, ${ }^{\text {Consols, }} 18688$. | 9, 1050000 |  |  | 5,050 10000 000 | 54300 600 | 1866 5600 50 | $\begin{array}{r}37838 \\ 544 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 18,500 00 |  |  | 18,500 00 | 99675 | 30877 | 68798 |
| Tive ${ }^{\text {d }}$ JUNE 30, 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864 | 10000 |  |  | 10000 | 400 400 0 |  | 3 3 351 53 |
| Five-twenties of 1865. | 25000 |  |  | 25000 | 1450 | 585 | 865 |
| Ten-forties of 1864 | 676, 05000 |  |  | 676, 05000 | 28, 16875 | 12,872 ${ }^{65}$ | 15, 29610 |
| Loan of Febraary, 1861... | 2,837, 00000 | \$74, 16195 |  | 2,911,16195 | 85, 11000 | 47, 54020 | 37,569 80 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 | 32,064, 25000 | 1,376,085 04 |  | 33,440, 33504 | -1, 165, 80750 | 518, 14879 | 647, 65871 |
| Loan of March, 1883 | 12, 797, 150000 | 549,035 8,273 02 |  | 13, 346,18518 | 484,74750 9,78750 | 213,179 3 3668 56 | 271, 568821 |
| Funded loan of 1881 | 23,575, 45000 | 662, 20697 |  | 24, 237, 65697 | 415, 16270 | 130; 34936 | 284; 81334 |
| Funded loan of 1907. | 1,500, 00000 | 125,558 26 |  | 1, 625, 55826 | 15, 00000 | 10, 19174 | 4,808 26 |
| Total. | 73,652, 90000 | 2, 795, 32042 |  | 76, 448, 22042 | 2, 203, 80645 | 935, 95160 | 1,267,854 85 |



THABLE L.-STATEMENT showing the ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS nade by CONGRESS for EACH FISCAL YEAR from 1876 to 1885 , inclusive, together with the COIN VALUN of such APPROPRIATIONS computed upon the average price of gold for each year in question.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st session } \\ \text { 44th Congress. } \\ \text { Fiscal } \begin{array}{c} \text { Foar } \\ 1877 . \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2d session 44th Congress. Fiscal year 1878. | 1st and 2d sessions 45th Congress. Fiscal year 1879. | 3d session 45th Congress and 1st session Fiscal year 1880. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2d session } \\ & \text { 46th Congress. } \\ & \text { Fiscal year } \\ & \text { 188i. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3d session } \\ \text { 46th Congress. } \\ \text { Fiscal year } \\ \text { 1882. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st session } \\ & \text { 47th Congress. } \\ & \text { Fiscal year } \\ & 1883 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2d session } \\ \text { 47th Congress. } \\ \text { Fiscal year } \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st gession } \\ & \text { 48th Congress. } \\ & \text { Fiscal yoar } \\ & 1885 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To supply deficiencies for the service of the various branches of the Govern- | \$834, 69566 | \$2,547, 18631 | \$15, 213, 25921 | \$4, 633, 824 | \$6, 118, 08510 | \$5,110, 86239 | \$8,853, 86030 | \$2,832,680 04 | \$4,385, 83610 |
| For legislative, executive and judicial cexpenses of the Government | 16,057, 020 | 15,756, 77405 | 15, 868, 69450 | 16, 136, 23031 | 16,532, 00893 | 17, 797, 39761 | 20, 322, 90765 | 20,763,842 55 | 21, 556, 90165 |
| For sundry civil expenses. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of tie Government..... | 15, 895, 06558 | 17, 079, 25619 | 24, 968, 58968 | $\text { 19,724, } 86856$ | $22,503,50823$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,011,22287 \\ & 26,687800 \end{aligned}$ | $25,425,47945$ $27,032,09918$ | $\begin{array}{rl} 23,713,404 \\ 94 & 22 \\ 681 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,346,74974 \\ & 24,454 \\ & \hline 450 \end{aligned}$ |
| For support of the Army .: | 27, 621,867 <br> $12,741,790$ <br> 90 | 13, 539, 93290 | $\begin{aligned} & 51,279,679.39 \\ & 14,153,431 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,797,300 \quad 00 \\ & 14,028,468 \end{aligned}$ | 26, 425, 800.00 $14,405,797$ | $26,687,800$ <br> $14,566,037$ <br> 15 | 14, 2703,55898 | 24, ${ }^{2454}$, 24723 | 24, $18,931,85612$ |
| For the Iodian service. | 4, 567, 01763 | 4,827,665 69 | 4, 734, 875 72 | 4, 713, 47858 | 4, 657, 26272 | 4, 587,86080 | 5, 219, 60391 | 5,388, 65591 | 5, 903,151 26 |
| For rivers and harbors | 5, 015; 00000 |  | 8, 322, 70000 | 9,577, 49461 | 8, 976,500 00 | 11, 451, 30000 | 18, 588,87500 |  | 14, 948, 30000 |
| For forts and fortifications | 315, 00000 | 275, 00000 | 275, 00000 | 275, 00000 | 550, 00000 | 575, 00000 | 375, 00000 | 670, 00000 | 700, 00000 |
| for support of Military Academy | 290,065 00 | 286, 60400 | 292,805 00 | 319,547 33 | 316,234 28 | 322,435 37 | 335,557 04 | 318,657 50 | 314, 56350 |
| For service of Post-Office Departmont. | 5,927, 498 | 2, 939,725 | 4,222, 27472 | 5, 872,370 10 | 3,883, 42000 | 2, 152, 25800 | 1, 902, 17790 | Indefinito. | Indefinitẹ. |
| For invalid and other pensions, including deficion- | 29, 533, 500 | 28 | 29, 371, | 56, 233, 200 | 41,644, 00000 | 68, 282, 30668 | 116, 000, 00000 | *86, 575, 00000 | $\pm 20,810,00000$ |
| For consular and diplomatic service | : $1,188,79750$ | 1, 146, 74750 | 1,087, 58500 | 1,097,735 00 | 1,180, 33500 | 1, 191,435 00 | 1, 256,655 00 | 1, 296, 25500 | 1, 225,140 00 |
| For servico of Agricaltital Department. |  |  |  |  | 253, 30000 | 335,500 00 | 427, 28000 | 405, 64000 | 480, 19000 |
| For expenses of the District of Columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For miscellaneous | 4,134,691 03 | i, 425, 09149 | 2, 226, 39029 | 2,995, 12377 | 4, 959,332 01 | 1, 128, 00615 | 5, 888, 99369 | 1, 806,438 75 | , 800,003 86 |
| Totals | 124, 122, 01092 | 88, 356, 983 13 | 172, 016, 80921 | 162, 404,647 76 | 155, 830, 84132 | 179, 578, 99986 | 251, 428, 11757 | 187, 911, 56617 | 137, 431, 39777 |
| Coin value of one dollar paper currency. | 02.7 | 97.6 | 99.8 | 100 | 103 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Coin value of amonnt appropriated | 115, 061, 10412 | 86, 236, 41553 | 171, 672, 77559 | 162, 404, 64776 | 155, 830, 84132 | 179, 578, 99986 | 251, 428, 11757 | 187, 911, 56617 | 137, 451, 39777 |



TABLE RE-STATEMENT showing the AMOUNT of NOTES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, and FRACTIONAL SILVER OOIN OUTSTANDING at the CLOSE of EACH FISCAL YEAR from 1860 to 1884, inclusive.

|  | Stato-bank circulation. | Nationalbank circulation. | Demand notes. | Legal-tender notes. | One aud two year notes of 1863 . | Compoundinterest notes. | Silver certificates. | Fractional currency, paper. | Fractional currency, silver. | Total amount in currency. |  | Value of currency in gold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1860. | \$207, 102, 47700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 207, 102,477 00 |  |  |
| 1861. | 202, 005, 76700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 202, 005, 76700 |  |  |
| 1862. | 183, 792, 07900 |  | \$53, 040, 00000 | \$96, 620, 00000 |  |  |  |  |  | 333, 452, 07900 | \$0 86.6 | \$288, 769, 50041 |
| 1863. | 238, 677, 21800 |  | 3, 351, 01975 | -97, 767, 11400 | \$89, 879,475 00 |  |  | \$20, 192,456 00 |  | 649, 867, 28275 | - 76.6 | 497, 798, 33859 |
| 1864. | 179, 157, 71700 | \$31, 235, 27000 | 780, 99925 | 431, 178, 67084 | 153, 471, 45000 | \$15, 000,000 00 |  | $24,894,87725$ |  | 833, 718, 98434 | 38.7 | 322, 649, 24694 |
| 1865. | 142, 919, 63800 | 146, 137, 860-00 | 472, 60300 | 432, 687, 96600 | 42, 338, 71000 | 193, 756, 08000 |  | 25, 005, 82876 |  | 983, 318, 68576 | 70.4 | 692, 256, 35477 |
| 1866. | 19, 998, 16300 | 281, 479, 90800 | 272, 16200 | 400, 619, 26600 | 3, 454, 23000 | 159, 012, 14000 |  | 27, 070, 87096 |  | 891, 004, 68596 | 66.0 | 588, 657, 09273 |
| 1867. | 4, 484, 11200 | [298, 625, 37900 | 208, 43200 | 371, 783, 59700 | 1, 123, 63000 | 122, 394, 48000 |  | 28, 307, 523 52 |  | 826, 927, 15359 | 71.7 | 592, 906, 76907 |
| 1868. | 3,163,771 00 | 299, 762,855 00 | 141, 72300 | 356, 000, 00000 | 555, 49200 | 28, 161, 81000 |  | 32, 626, 95175 |  | 720, 412, 002 7 5 | 70.1 | 505, 009; 23452 |
| 1869. | - 2, 558,874 00 | 299, 929, 62400 | 123,739 25 | 356, 000, 00000 | 347, 77200 | 2, 871, 41000 |  | 32, 114, 63736 |  | 693, 946, 05661 | 73.5 | 510, 050, 35161 |
| 1870. | 2,222, 79300 | 299, 766, 98400 | 106, 25600 | 356, 000, 00000 | 248, 27800 | 2, 152, 91000 |  | 39, 878, 68448 |  | 700, 375, 89948 | 85.6 | 599, 521, 76995 |
| 1871. | 1,968,058 00 | 318, 261, 241 00 | 96,505 50 | 356, 000, 00000 | 198, 57200 | 768,500 00 |  | 40, 582, 87456 |  | 717, 875, 75106 | 89.0 | 638, 909, 41844 |
| 1872. | 1,700,935 00 | [337, 664, 79500 | 88, 29625 | $357,500,00000$ | 167, 52 200 | 593, 520 00 |  | 40, 855, 83527 |  | 738, 570, 90352 | 87.5 | 646, 249, 510.58 |
| 1873.. | 1, 294, 470 00 | 347, 267, 06100 | 79, 96750 | $356,000,00000$ | 142, 10500 | 479, 40000 |  | 44, 799, 36544 |  | 750, 062, 36894 | 86.4 | 648, 053, 88676 |
| 1874. | 1, 009, 02100 | [351, 981, 03200 | 76,732 50 | 382, 000, 00000 | 127, 62500 | 415, 21000 |  | 45, 881, 29567 |  | 781, 490, 91617 | 91.0 | 711, 156, 73371. |
| 1875.. | 786, 84400 | 354, 408, 00800 | 70, 10750 | 375, 771, 58000 | 113,375 00 | 367, 39000 |  | 42, 129, 42419 |  | 773, 646, 72869 | 87.2 | 674, 619, 94742 |
| 1876... | 658,938 00 | 332, 998, 33600 | 66, 91750 | 369, 772, 28400 | 104, 70500 | 328, 76000 |  | 34, 446, 59539 | 10, 926, 93800 | 749, 303, 47380 | 89.5 | $671,773,937.62$ |
| 1877.. | 521, 61100 | 317, 048, 87200 | 63, 06250 | 359, 764;332 00 | $95,72.500$ | 296, 630.00 |  | 20, 403, 13734 | 33, 185, 27300 | 731, 379, 54284 | 94.7 | 694, 375, 24654 |
| $1878 .$. | 426, 50400 | 324, 5i4, 28400 | 62,29750 | 346, 681, 01600 | 90, 48500 | 274, 92000 | \$1, 462, 60000 | 16, 547, 76877 | $39,155,63300$ | 729, 215, 508.27 | 99.4 | 725, 083, 92462 |
| 1879. | 352, 45200 | 329, 691, 69700 | 61, 47000 | 346, 681, 01600 | 86, 18500 | 259, 09000 | 2,466, 950.00 | 15, 842, 60578 | 39, 360, 52900 | 734, 801, 99478 | 100.0 | 734, 801, 99478 |
| 1880 | 299, 70000 | 344, 505, 42700 | 60,97500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 82,48500 | 242, 59000 | 12, 374, 27000 | *7, 214, 95437 | 24, 061, 44900 | 735, 522, 95637 | 100.0 | 735, 522, 95637 |
| 1881 | 242, 96700 | [355, 042, 67500 | 60,53500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 79,985 00 | 230,25000 | 51, 166, 53000 | +7, 105, 95332 | 19, 974, 89741 | 780, 584, 80873 | 100.0 | 780, 584, 80873 |
| 1882 | 242,967 00 | '358, 742, 03400 | 59,69500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 74,96500 | 220,96000 | 66, 096, 71000 | *7, 047, 24777 | 19, 130, 63936 | 798, 296, 28413 | 100.0 | 798, 296, 23413 |
| 1883.. | 189, 25300 | ,356, 073, 28100 | 58, 98500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 71,765 00 | 213,62000 | 88, 616, 83100 | $\star 7,000,69081$ | 18, 720, 94295 | 817, 626, 38476 | 100.0 | 817, 626, 38476 |
| 1884.. | 187, 97800 | 339, 499, 88300 | 58,440 n0 | 346, 681, 01600 | 69, 765. 00 | 207, 66000 | 119,811, 69100 | $\star 6,980,06131$ | 18,379, 08826 | $881,875,58257$ <br> .1 | 100.0 | 831, 875, 58257 |

Note.-The amount of State and national bank circulation is compiled from the reports of the Comptroller of the Curreucy at the nearest dates obtainable to the end of each fiscal year; the otber amonnts are taken from the official printed reports of the Secrotary of the Treasury. The one and two Jear notes of 1863 , and the compound incutered into circulation for but a few dare if included. The amount of fractional silver in circulation in 1860, 1861 , and-1862 cannot be stated. The amounts stated fer 1876 and subsequent years are the amounts coined and issued since January, 1876. To these amounts should be added the anoonnt of silver previously coined which hes come into circulation.

* Exclusive of $\$ 8,375,934$, amount estimated as lost or destoyed, act June 21, 1879.

TABER W:-STATEMENT of the ODTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT of the DNITED STATES, June $30,1884$.


LOAN OF 1860.


## LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861.

Continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the government.

## OLD DEMAND-NOTES.

Acts of July 17, 1861 (12 Statates, 259); Augast 5, 1861 (12 Statutes,
313); February 12, 1862 (12 Statutes, 338).
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1861.
Act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259) ...............
FIVE-TW்ENTIES OF 1862.

- Acts.of Febrnary 25, 1862 (12 Statates, 345); March 3, 1864 (13 Statates,
13), and January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425 ).

[^6]
\& Including conversion of Treasury notes.

TABLE N.-STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the PUBLIC DEBT, fe.-Continued.

|  | Length of loan. | When redeemable. | Rate of in. terest. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \text { at which } \\ \text { sold. } \end{gathered}$ | Amount author ized. | Amonnt issued. | A mount outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEGAL.TENDER NOTES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The act of Fobraary 25, 1862 (12 Statates, 345), authorized the issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ Oaited States notes, not bearing interest, payable to bearer, at the Treasury of the United States, and of such denominations, not | Indefinite... | On demand ... | None ....... | Par. | \$450, 000,000 00 |  | \$346, 681,016 00 |
| less than five dollars, as tho Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, $\$ 50,000,000$ to be applied to the redemption of demandnotes authorized by the act of July 17, 1861; theso notes to be a legal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tender in payment of all delts, publio and private, within tho United |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to be oxchangeable for six per cent. United States bonds. The act |  |  |  |  | 0. |  |  |
| of July 11, 1802 ( 12 Statutes, 532 ), authorized an additional issue of $\$ 150.000,000$ of such denominations as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, but no such note should be for a fractional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| part of dollar, and not more than $\$ 35.000,000$ of a lower denomina- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thorized. Tho act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), authorized an |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| additional issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ of such denominations, not less than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| notes were made a legal tender as before authorized. The same aot |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| limited the time in which Treasury notes migbt be exchanged for |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| o July 1, 1863. The ized by this act were to bo in lieu of $\$ 100,000,000$ authorized by the reselntion of January 17, 1863 (12 Statutos, 822). |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| TEMPORARY LOAN. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 346), March 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370), July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), and Jume 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218). | Indefinite... | After ten days' notice. | 4,5 , and 6 per cent. | Par.. | 150,000, 00000 | *\$716,099,247 16 | 2,960 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acts of March 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 352), May 17, 1862 (12 Statates, 370), and March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710). | 1 year...... | $1 \cdot$ year after date. | 6 per cent... | Par..... | No Limit'...... | 561, 753, 24165 | 4,000 00 |
| FRACTIONAL CURRENCY. |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Acts of July 17, 1862 (12 Statates, 592), March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 220). | Indefinite... | On prosenta tion. | None ........ | Par..... | 50,000,000 00 | *368, 720,079 51 | 6, 980, 06131 |

## LOAN OF 1863.

The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 709), authorized a loan of $\$ 900,000,000$, and the issue of bonds, with interest not exceeding 6 per centum per andum, and redeemable in not less than ten nor more than forty years, principal and interest payable in coin. The aet of June 30, 1864 ( 13 Statntes, 219), repeals the above authority except as to the $\$ 75,000,000$ of bonds already advertised for.
Bonds of this loan continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the government.

ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.
Aet of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710) ..................
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710) $\qquad$
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711)......................
COMPOUND.INTEREST NOTES.

Acts of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218).

TEN-FORTIES OF 1864.
Act of March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13)

FIVE-TWENTIES OF JUNE, 1864.
Act of June 30, 186i (13 Statutes, 218)

$$
\text { SEVEN.THIRTIES OF } 1864 \text { AND } 1865 .
$$

Acts of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218), January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425), and March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468).

## - NAVY PENSION FUND

The act of July 1, 1864 (13 Statutes, 414), authorized the Secretary of the Navy to invest in registered securities of the United States so mach of the Navs pension fund in the Treasury January 1 and July 1 in each year as wond not be required for the payment of naval pensions. Section 2 or the act of uly 23,1868 (15 statutes, 170 , fixed the interest on this fund at 3 per centum per annum in lawful money and confined its use to the payment of naval pensions exclusively.

| 17 years..... | Joly 1, $1881 \ldots$ | 6 per cent... |  | 75,000, 00000 | 75,000, 00000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indefinite... | At the pleasure of the government. | 34 per cent .. | Par ..... |  |  |
| 1 jear....... | 1 year after date. . | 5 per oent... | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { Par } \ldots . . \end{gathered}$ | 400, 000, 00000 | 44, 520, 00000 |
| 2 years ...... | 2 Fears after date. | 5 per cent... | Par ..... | 400,000,000 00 | 166, 480, 00000 |
| Indefinite... | On demand ... | None ....... | Par . | Indefinite. |  |
| 3 years...... | 3 years from dato. | 6 per cent. componnd. | Par ..... | 400, 000, 00000 | 266, 595, 44000 |
| 10 or 40 years. | March 1, 1874.. | 5 per cont... | Par to 7 per o't prem. | 200, 000,000 00 | 196, 118,300 00 |
| 5 or20 years. | Nov. 1, $1869 . .$. |  | Av. prem. of 2 도영․ | 400, 000, 00000 | 125,561, 30000 |
| $3 \text { years.... }\{$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Aug. 15, } 1867 \\ \text { June 15, } 1868 \\ \text { July 15, } 1868\end{array}\right\}$ | $\text { 7for per c't. }\{$ | Av. prem. of r 新 | $3800,000,00000$ | 829, 092, 50000 |
| Indefinite... | Indefinite..... | 3 per cent... | Par ...... | Indefinite..... | 14, 000, 00000 |

69,35000

37,75000
REPOR'
39, 46500

30,30000

207, 660 00

178,85000

49,40000

133,80000
$14,000,00000$

 have previously provided for the payment of the samo by the neces

The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of $\$ 200,000,000$ at 5 per centum, principal and interest payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after ten Years; these bouds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local ant hority. This act not to anthorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less thean par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the rodemption of outstandin $55-20 \mathrm{~s}$, or to be exchanged for said $5-20 \mathrm{~s}$, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. The act of January 20.1871 ( 16 Statutes, 399), increases the amonnt of 5 percents to $\$ 500,000,000$, provided the total amount of bonds issued shall not exceed the anome originally anthorized, and authorizes the interest on any
the act armount of bonds of the Statutes, 1), authorized the issue of an equal on before February 1,1874 , elect to exchane holders thereof of this loan.

FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF'PER.CENT, LOAN OF 1891. (RE-
FUNDING.)
The act of Jaly 14, 1870 (16 Statates, 272), anthorizes the issue of $\$ 300,000,000$ at 43 per contum, payable in coin of the present stand ard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after fifteen years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all forn bs or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and conpons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and tho proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding $5 \cdot 20 \mathrm{~s}$, or to be exchanged for said 5-20s, par for par. Payment of these honds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class months from notice of intention to redeem.

FOUR-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1907. (REFUNDLNG.)
Tbe act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statates, 272), authorizes the issue of $\$ 1,000,000,000$ at 4 per centnm, parable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after thirty years; these bonds to be exempt from the payraent of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under state, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons


517, 994, 15000
 banks as part of their legal reserve, and may be accepted in the
settlement of clearing-house balances at the place, where the deposits thorefor were made, and that the United States notes for which such certificates wore issued, or other United States notes of ike amonnt, shall be held as spccial deposits in the Treasury, and used ouly for the redemption of such certiticates.

## SILVER CERTITICATES

The act of February 28, 1878 (20 Statutes, 26, sec. 3), provides that any holder of the coin anthorized br this act mav deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of tbe. United States in anms not less than ten dollars and receivo therefor certificates of not ess than ten dollars each, corresponling with the denominations of the United States notes. The conn deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on decand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued.

## REFONDING CERTIFICATES

The act of Feinruary 26; 1879 (20 Statutes, 321), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue, in exchange tor lawful money of the United States, certificates of deposit, of tho denomination of ten dollars, bearing intorest at the rate of four per centum per annum, and convertibe at, any time, with accrued interest, into the four per ceatum bonds described iu the refunding act; the money so re. ceived to be applied only to the payment of the bonds bearing interest, at a rate not less than five per centam, in the mode prescribed ye said act.

FUNDEL LOAN OF 1881, CONTINUED AT THREE AND ONE HALF PRR CENT

These bonds were issued in exchange for five per cent. bonds of the fanded loan of 18sl, by mutual anreoment between the Secretary of the 'Ireasary and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

$$
\text { LOAN OF JULY 12, } 1882 .
$$

These bonds were issned in exchange for the fire and six per cent. bonds which luad been previously continued at three and one-half ury and the holders, and were made redeemoble at the pleasure of the Government.


TABLE O.-STATEMENT of $30-Y E A R 6$ PER CENT. BONDS (interest payable January and July) 1SSUED to the several PACIFIC RALLWA Y COMPANIES under the acts of July 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 492), and July 2, 1864 (13 Statutes, 359).




On July 1, 1881;


Sioux City and Parific:.........................................................................................................................

On January 1, 1882:


## On July 1, 1882:

Central Pacific.
Kansas Pacifio
Union Pacific
Central Branch Union Pacifio.
Westen n Pacitic

On January 1, 1883 :
Contral Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacitic.

Westera Pacific
Sioux City and Pacifio.

On July 1, 1883:
Central Pacific
Kansas Pacific
Union Pacific.
Central Branch Union Pacifio
Sioux City and Pacific.

| 25,885, 12000 | 19, 569, 78727 | 776, 55360 | 20, 346, 34087 | 3,496,942 83 | 16, 849,398 04 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 5, 183, 88309 | 189, 09000 | 5,372, 97309 | 2, 565, 44344 | 2,807, 52965 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 20, 872, 37361 | 817, 09536 | ' 21, 689, 46897 | 8,135,878 56 | 13,553, 59041 |
| 1,600, 00000 | 1,309, 80826 | 48,000 00 | 1, 35̄7, 80826 | 93, 51538 | 1,264, 29288 |
| 1,970,560 00 | 1,372, 66494 | 59, 11680 | 1, 431, 78174 | 9, 367.00 | 1,422,414 74 |
| 1, 628,320 00 | 1, 220, 04949 | 48,849 60 | 1, 268, 89909. | 124,979 14 | 1,143, 91995 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 49,528,566 66 | 1,938, 70536 | 51, 467, 27202 | 14, 426, 12635 | 37, 041, 14567 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 20,346, 34087 | 776,553 60 | 21, 122, 89447 | 3,600,920 51 | 17,521, 973.96 |
| 6, 305,000 00 | 5,372,973 09 | 189,090 00 | 5, 562, 00309 | 2, 625, 28951 | 2,936, 77358 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 21, 689, 46897 | 817, 09536 | 22, 506, 56433 | 8, 227, 29470 | 14, 279, 26963 |
| 1,600,000 00 | 1,357, 80826 | 48, 00000 | 1, 405,808 26 | 109, 03206 | 1, 296, 77620 |
| 1, 970,560 00 | 1, 431,781 74 | 59, 11680 | 1, 490,898 54 | 9,367 00 | 1,481,53154 |
| 1,628,320 00 | 1, 268,899 09 | 48,849 60 | 1,317,748 69 | 135,982 56 | 1, 181, 76613 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 51, 467, 27202 | 1, 938, 705 36 | 53, 405, 97738 | 14, 707, 88634 | 38, 698, 09104 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 21, 122, 89447 | 776,553 60 | 21, 899,448 07 | 3, 812,411 95 | 18, 087, 03612 |
| 6, 303, 00000 | 5, 562, 06309 | 189.090 00 | 5, 751, 15309 | 2, 725,458 33 | 3, 025, 60476 |
| 27, 226, 51200 | 22, 506, 56433 | 817, 09536 | 23, 323, 65969 | 8, 453, 53760 | 14, 870, 122 09 |
| 1,600,000 00 | 1, 405,808 26 | 48, 00000 | 1, 453, 80826 | 124, 63985 | 1, 329, 168.41 |
| 1, 970, 56000 | 1, 490, 89854 | 59, 11680 | 1,550,015 34 | 9,367 00 | 1,540,648 34 |
| 1, 628,320 00 | 1,317, 74869 | 48,849 60 | 1, 366, 59829 | 95, 27857 | 1, 271,319 72 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 53, 405, 97738 | 1,938, 70536 | 55, 344, 68274 | 15, 220,693 30 | 40, 123, 98944 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 21, 899,448 07 | 776, 55360 | 22, 676; 00167 | 4, 217, 20399 | 18, 458,797 68 |
| $6,303,00000$ | 5,751, 153 09 | 189,090 00 | 5, 940, 24309 | 2, 818,329 72 | 3, 121,913 37 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | 23,323, 65969 | 817, 09536 | 24, 140, 75505 | 8,815,988 85 | 15, 324, 76620 |
| 1,600, 00000 | 1,453, 80826 | 48, 00000 | 1, 501,808 26 | 142. 63064 | 1,399, 17762 |
| 1, 970, 56000 | 1,550, 01534 | 59, 11680 | 1,609, 13214 | 9,367 00 | 1,599, 76514 |
| 1, 628, 320, 00 | 1, 366,598 29 | 48,849 60 | 1,415,44789 | 120,340 39 | 1, 295, 10750 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 55, 344, 68274 | 1,938, 70536 | 57, 283, $388 \cdot 10$ | 16, 123, 86059 | 41, 159,527 51 |
| 25, 885, 12000 | 22, 676, 00167 | 776, 55360 | 23, 452,555 27 | 4, 592, 158.25 | 18, 860, 39702 |
| $6,303,00000$ | $5,940,24309$ | 189,090 00 | 6, 129, 33309 | 2,969,449 59 | 3, 160, 28350 |
| 27, 236, 51200 | $24,140,75505$ | 817, 09536. | 24, 957, 85041 | 8, 933, 29287 | 16, 024,55754 |
| 1,600, 00000 | 1,501, 80826 | 48,000 00 | 1,549, 80826 | 152, 15710 | 1,397, 65116 |
| 1,970, 56000. | 1, 609, 13214 | 59, 11680 | 1, 668, 24894 | 9,367 00 | 1, 658, 88194 |
| 1, 628,320 00 | 1, 415,447 89 | 48,849 60 | 1,464, 29749 | 121,355 39 | 1, 342, 94210 |
| 64, 623, 51200 | 57, 283, 388, 10 | 1, 938, 70536 | 59, 222, 09346 | 16,777,380 20 | 42,444, 713 26 |



| Railway companies. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount of } \\ \text { of ouds of } \\ \text { btanding. } \end{gathered}$ | Aupount of interest accrued and paid to date. | Amonnt of in terost du asper Regis ter's schedule. | Total inter. est paid by the United States. | Repayment of interest by transportatroops, \&c. | Balance dine the United States on interest acducting re. payments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On January 1, 1884: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central Paritio. | \$25, 885, 12000 | \$23, 453, 55527 | \$776, 55360 | \$24, 229, 10887 | \$4, 752, 17380 | \$19, 470,935 07 |
| Onion Pacific | 27, 236, 51200 | 24, 957,85041 | 817,09536 | 25, 774, 945 | $\stackrel{3}{9,} 522,13882$ | 16, 252, 80095 |
| Central Branch Union | 1, 600, 00000 | 1,549, 80826 | 48, 00000 | 1, 597, 80826 | 162,398 38 | 1,435, 40988 |
| Western Pacific | 1,970,560 00 | 1, 668,248 94 | 59, 11680 | 1, 727, 36574 | 9,367 00 | 1, 717, 99874 |
| Sioux City and Paciic | 1, 628, 320 00 | 1, 464, 29749 | 48,849 60 | 1,513, 14709 | 130,892 37 | 1, 382, 25472 |
|  | 64, 623, 51200 | 59, 222, 09346 | 1, 938, 70536 | 61, 160, 79882 | 17, 631, 89398 | 43, 528, 90484 |
| On July 1, 1.884: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central Pacifio | 25, 885, 12000 | 24, 229, 10887 | 776,553 60 | 25, 005, 66247 | 4, 784, 61743 | 20, 221, 04504 |
| Kansas Pacific | 6,303, 00000 | 6, 318,423 09 | 189, 09000 | 6,507, 51309 | 3, 055, 29160 | 3,452, 21219 |
|  | 27, 236, 51200 | 25,774, 94577 | 817, 09536 | 26,592, 04113 | 10, 006, 107779 | 16,585, 93334 |
| Central Branch Union Pacter | 1, 600, 00000 | 1, 597, 80826 | 48, 00000 | $1,645,808.26$ <br> $1,786,48254$ | $162,40127$ | 1, 483, 40699 |
| Westera Pacific-...- | $1,970,360$ <br> $1,628,320$ <br> 1, <br> 100 | $1,727,365$ <br> 1,513 <br> 147 <br> 14 <br> 1 | 59,11680 48,849 | $1,786,48254$ <br> $1,561,996$ <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,367 \\ & 131,13832 \end{aligned}$ | $1,777,11554$ $1,430,85537$ |
|  | 64, 623, 51200 | 61, 160, 79882 | 1, 938,705 36 | 63, 099, 50418 | 18, 148, 92341 | 44, 950, 58077 |

 RETARY of the TREASURY, from November 1, 1883 to October 31, 1884.


TA

 TKEASURY to the BUREAU of ENGRAVING and PRINTING, and DELIVERIES and BALANCES of the same, for NATIONAL-BANK OURRENCY, SERIES 188\%, for fiscal year 1884.

 Sehies 1875, for fiscal year 1884.

| Transactions. | Combinations. | Number ofsheets. | Denomination. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 5's. | 10's. | 20's. | 50's. | 100's. | 500's. | 1,000's. |  |
| Balauces in Burean Engraving and Printing Jnne 30, 1883. | See Tinance Report | 397, 801 $\frac{1}{6}$ | \$3, 845, 960 | \$5, 505, 580 | \$3,815, 220 | \$2, 361, 750 | \$3, 215, 600 | \$416,500 | \$306, 000 | \$19, 466, 610 |
| Blank Paper.-Delivered to Bureau Engrav. | $5,15,505$. | 1, 035,000 | 20,700, 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20, 700, 000 |
| ing and Printing from the Office of the Sec- | 10, $10,10,10$. | 1, 51, 000 |  | 2,040,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 040, 040 |
| retary of the Treasury for printing circulating notes during the fiscal year 1884. | $\begin{array}{llll}10, & 10, & 10, & 20 \\ 10, & 10, & 20, & 20\end{array}$ | 650,110 1,500 |  | $19,773,300$ 30,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 13,18 \varepsilon, 200 \\ 60,000 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 32,955, 500 |
| ing notes during the fiscal year 1884. | $\begin{array}{llll}10, & 10, & 20, & 20 \\ 10, & 10 & 20, & 50\end{array}$ | 1,500 |  | 30,000 | $60,000$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}90,000 \\ \hline . . .\end{array}$ |
|  | 10, 20, 50, 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}10, \\ 20, & 20, & 20, & 20\end{array}$ | 3,300 |  | 1,800 | 264, 000 | 18,000 | 18,000 |  |  | 37,800 264,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{rrrrr}20, & 20 & 20, & 50 \\ 20 & 20, & 50 & 100\end{array}$ | 8,000 |  |  | - 480,000 | 400, 000 | ........... |  |  | 880,000 |
|  | $50,500,50,100$ | 2,000 |  |  |  | 300, 000 | 200, 00 |  |  | 500,000 |
|  | 50, <br> $\mathbf{5 0}$, <br> $\mathbf{5 0}$ <br> 100 | 1,500 26,575 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}300,000 \\ 2657 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5315000 |  |  | 300,000 |
|  | 100, 100 | 26, 1,000 |  |  |  |  | 5,315000 400,000 |  |  | 7, 972,500 |
|  | 500 | 333 |  |  |  |  |  | 499,500 |  | 499,500 |
|  | $500,500,500,500$ |  |  |  |  | ……... |  |  |  |  |
| Total to be accounted for |  | 2, 187, 2996 | 24, 545, 960 | 27, 350, 680 | 17, 801, 420 | 6, 037,250 | 9,148, 600 | 916, 000 | 306, 000 | 86, 105, 910 |
| Perfect Notrs.-Delivered by Bureau of En- |  | 835,182 | 16,703, 640 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| graving and Priuting to the Office of the | 10, $10,10,10,10$ | 46, 450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 858.000 |
| Comptroller of the Currency, for issue during the fiscal Jear 1884. | $\begin{array}{llll}10, & 10, & 10, & 20 \\ 10, & 10, & 20, & 20\end{array}$ | 538,753 | ........... | $\begin{array}{r} 16,162,590 \\ 13,660 \end{array}$ | $10,775,060$ 27,320 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 26,937,650 \\ 40,980 \end{array}$ |
|  | 10, 10, | 600 |  | 12,000 | 12,000 | 30,000 |  |  |  | 54, 000 |
|  | 10, $50,50,50,100$ |  |  | 1,200 |  | 12, 000 | 12,000 |  |  |  |
|  | $20, \quad 20, \quad 20, \quad 20$ | 5,070 |  |  | 405,600 |  |  |  |  | 405,600 |
|  | $\begin{array}{lllr}20, & 20, & 30, & 50 \\ 20, & 20, & 50, & 100\end{array}$ | 6, 995 |  |  | 419,700 34,000 | $\begin{array}{r}349,750 \\ 42,500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 769 16150 160 |
| - | 50, 50, 50, 100 <br>  50 50  | 1,772 |  |  | 34,000 | 265, 800 | 177, 200 |  |  | 1613,500 |
|  | 50, 50 | 1, 450 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | 290, 100 |  |  |  | 290, 100 |
|  | 100, ${ }^{50}$, | 20,626 |  |  |  | 2, 052, 650 | 4, 125,300 |  |  | 6, 187,050 |
|  | 500 | 253 |  |  |  |  |  | 38,000 |  | 38, 000 |
|  | ${ }^{500} 5000,1000$ | 422 |  |  |  |  |  | 42, 500 | 85, 000 | 127, 500 |
|  | 500, 500, 500, 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total delivered (perfect) |  | 1, 459, 2444 | 16,703, 640 | 18,017, 450 | 11, 673, 680 | 3, 052, 800 | 4, 649,500 | 80,500 | 85, 000 | 54, 292, 570 |



TABELET.—STATEMENT of DISTJNCTTVE PAPER-SILK-THREADED FIbER-ISSUED from the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY to the BUREA $V$ of ENGRAFING and PRINTING, and.DELIVERIES of the SAME, for the PRINTING of (sundry money-value) UNITED STATES SECURITIES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

| Name of security. | Deno-minations. | Balances on hand Jude 30, 1883. | Receired from the Secretary during year. | Total to be accounted for. | Accounted for as follows: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Delivered as perfect during year. | Delivered asimperfect during year. | Balances on hand June 30, 1884. |
| UNITED STATESNOTES, GERIES 1880. | Sheets. | 557, 259 | $5,190,100$ | 5, 747, 359 | 4;951,000 | 257, 154 | 539, 205 |
|  | 1's | \$664, 800 | \$8,422, 000 | \$9, 086, 800 | \$8,412,000 | \$433, 144 | \$241, 656 |
|  | 2 's | 1,276,800 | 5, 080, 800 | 6, 363, 600 | 5, 304, 000 | 274, 624 | 784,976 |
|  | 5's | 2,721, 200 | 33, 356, 000 | 36, 077, 200 | 29, 400,000 | 1, 485, 800 | 5, 191, 400 |
|  | ${ }^{10} 0^{\prime}$ | 2, 415,960 | 23, 040, 000 | 25, 455, 960 | 20, 800, 000 | 1, 228, 000 | 3, 427,960 |
|  | 20 's | 2, 800,000 | 12, 600, 000 | 15, 400, 000 | 12,000, 000 | 508, 000 | 2,832, 000 |
|  | 50 's |  | 6, 300, 000 | 6, 300, 000 | 6,000,000 | 300,000 |  |
|  | 100's |  | 6,380,000 | 6, 380, 000 | 6,000, 000 | 380,000 |  |
| Totals. |  | 9, 878, 760 | 95, 184, 800 | 105, 063, 560 | 87, 916, 000 | 4, 669, 568 | 12, 477, 992 |
| UNITED STATES NOTEG, SERIES${ }^{\circ} 1880$. | Sheets. | 90 | 120 | 210 | 18 | 192 |  |
|  | 1'8 | \$40 | \$40 | \$80 | \$8 | \$72 |  |
| (Specimens - one note of each denomination for the Russian Govern. ment aud the-Corean Embassy.) | 2 's | 80 | 80 | 160 | 16 | 144 |  |
|  | 5's | 200 | 200 | 400 | 40 | 360 |  |
|  | 10 's | 400 | 400 | 800 | 80 | 720 |  |
|  | $20 ' s$ | 800 | 800 | 1, 600 | 160 | 1,440 |  |
|  | 50's | 2,000 | 4,000 | 6, 000 | 400 | 5,600 |  |
|  | 100's | 4,000 | 8,000 | 12, 000 | 800 | 11, 200 |  |
| - . | 500 's | 20,000 | 40,000 | 60,000 | 4,000 | 56,000 |  |
|  | 1,000's | 40,000 | 40, 000 | 80,000 | 8,000 | 72, 000 |  |
| Totals |  | 67,520 | 93, 520 | 161, 040 | 13, 504 | 147, 536 |  |
| bllyer certificates, series 1880. | Sheets. | 66, 717 | 1, 140,550 | 1, 207, 267 | 1, 100, 000 | 59, 527 | 47,740 |
|  | 10's | \$1, 805, 120 | $\$ 29,645,000$ | \$33, 450, 120 | \$28, 500,000 | \$1, 581, 920 |  |
|  | $20 '$ | 1, 727, 120 | $29,838,000$ | $31,565,120$ | 29, 000, 000 | $1,482,320$ | $1,082,800$ |
|  | $50 ' s$ |  | 3,190, 000 | 3, 190, 000 | 3, 000, 000 | 190, 000 | 1,082,800 |
| 1. | / 100's |  | 4,200,000 | 4,200, 000 | 4, 000, 000 | 200, 000 |  |
| Totals |  | 3, 532, 240 | 66, 873, 000 | 70, 405, 240 | 64,500, 000 | 3, 454, 240 | 2, 451, 000 |
| gOLD CERTIFICATES, NKW york feries. | Sheets. | 345 |  | 345 |  | 345 |  |
| Totals.... ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 20's | \$27, 600 |  | \$27, 600 |  | \$27, 600 |  |
|  |  | 27, 600 |  | 27, 600 |  | 27, 600 |  |
| golv certificates, departMEN' gerles. | Sheels: | 53, 436 | 84, 735 | 138, 171 | 76,000 | 5,701 | 56,470 |
|  | 20 's | \$2, 974, 160 | \$4, 200, 000 | \$7, 174, 160 | \$3, 680, 000 | \$228, 000 | \$3, 266, 160 |
|  | $50 \cdot \mathrm{~s}$ | 3, 251,800 | 2, 100, 000 | 5, 351, 800 | 2, 000,000 | 256, 400 | 3, 095, 400 |
|  | 100's: |  | 4, 200, 000 | - 4, 200, 000 | 4,000,000 | 133, 600 | 66, 400 |
|  | 500's] |  | 11, 120, 000 | 11, 120, 000 | 10,000,000 | 1, 120,000 |  |
|  | 1, $000{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ |  | 22,700, 000 | 22,700, 000 | 20,000,000 | 2, 700,000 |  |
| Totals |  | 6, 225, 960 | 44, 320, 000 | 50, 545. 960 | 39, 680, 000 | 4, 438, 000 | 6, 427, 960 |
| UNITED BTATES REGISTERED hONDS, 5 PER'CENT, FUNDED LOAN. | Sheets. | 53 | 80 | 133 | 16 | 117 |  |
|  | 50's | \$400 | \$500 | \$950 | \$100 | \$850 |  |
|  | $100^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ | 500 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 200 | 1,300 |  |
| (Specimens-one vond of each denomination for the Russian Government and the Corean Embassy.) | $500 \cdot \mathrm{~s}$ | 3,500 | 5, 000 | 8,500 | 1,000 | 7, 500 |  |
|  | 1,000's | 4,000 | 10,000 | 14, 000 | 2,000 | - 12,000 |  |
|  | 5.000'8 | 35,000 | 50,000 | 85, 000 | 10,000 | . 75,000 |  |
|  | 10, 000's | 50,000 | 100, 000 | 150, 000 | 20, 000 | 130,000 |  |
|  | 20,000's | 160, 000 | 200, 000 | 360, 000 | 40,000 | 320, 000 |  |
|  | 50, 000's | 400.000 | 500, 000 | 900, 000 | 100,000 | 800, 000 |  |
| Totals. |  | 653,450 | 866,500 | 1,519,950 | 173,300 | 1,346, 650 |  |

TARELET. -STATEMENT of DISTINCTIVE-PAPER SLLK-THREADED FIBER- §c.-Continued.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING--Continued.

| Name of secu | Deno-minations. | Balances on hand June 30, 1883. | Received from the Secretary during year. | Total to be accounted for. | Accounted for as follows: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Delivered as perfect during year. | Delivered as imperfect during year. | Balances on hand June 30, 1884. |
| UNITED STATES REGISTERED FUNDED LOAN, 4i PEH CENTS. AND 4 PER CENTB. | Sheets. |  | 26,850 | 26,850 |  | 46 | -26,804 |
|  | 100's |  | \$945, 000 | \$945, 000 |  | \$3, 000 | \$942,000 |
|  | 1,000's |  | 14, 250, 000 | 14, 250, 000 |  |  | 14, 250, 000 |
|  | 10,000's |  | 21, 000, 000 | 21, 000,000 |  |  | 21,000, 000 |
| Totals | 50, 000's |  | 52, 500, 000 | 52,500, 000 |  | 800, 000 | 51,700, 000 |
|  |  |  | 88, 695, 000 | 88, 695, 000 |  | 808, 000 | 87, 892,000 |
| recapitulation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States notes, series $1880$ |  | \$9, 878, 760 | 95, 184, 800 | 105, 063, 560 | \$87,916, 000 | 4,669,568 | 12, 477, 992 |
| United States notes, series 1880 (specimens) |  | 67,520 | 93,520 | 161, 040 | 13,501 | 147, 536 |  |
| Silver certificates, series 1880 |  | 3, 532, 240 | 66, 873, 000 | 70, 405, 240 | 64,500, 000 | 3, 454, 240 | 2,451,000 |
| Gold certificates, New York series $\qquad$ |  | 37,600 |  | - 27,600 |  | 27,600 |  |
| Gold certificates, Department series |  | 6, 225,960 | 44, 320, 000 | 50, 545, 960 | 39, 680, 000 | 4, 438, 000 | 6,427, 960 |
| United States registered bonds; 5 per cent. (specimens) |  | 653, 450 | 866,500 | 1,519, 950 | 173, 300 | 1,346,650 |  |
| United States registered bonds, $4 \frac{1}{5}$ 's and 4's |  |  | $88,695,000$ | $88,695,000$ |  | $1,316,65$ 803,000 | 87, 392, 000 |
| National currency, series 1875 |  | 19, 466, 610 | 66, 639, 300 | $86,105,910$ | 54, 292, 570 | 6,221, 800 | 25, 591, 540 |
| National curreney, series 1882 |  | 9, 03n, 780 | 32, 177, 070 | 41, 207, 850 | 21,751,610 | 2, 217, 400 | 17, 238,840 |
| Grand aggregates .... |  | 48, 882, 920 | 394, 849, 190 | 443, 732, 110 | 268, 326, 984 | 23, 325, 794 | 152, 079, 332 |

TA媅县 U.—STATEMENT of UNITED STATES SECURITIES UNISSUED, and MOTILATED in PROCESS of PRINTING, RECEIVED by the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASURY for FINAL COUNT, EXAMINATION, and DESTR UCTION during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Title of secarity. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: |
| United states bonds unissued | \$303, 949, 50000 |
| Unitel itates national bank currency, unissued | 514.56000 |
| Uniter states notes, series of 1880 | 4, 669, 56800 |
| United States notes, series of 1880 (specimens) | 147, 53600 |
| Uniterl States silver certificates | 3, 454, 24000 |
| United States gold cerrificates, series of 1882 | 4, 465, 600.00 |
| United States bonds mutilated in printing .... |  |
| United States bonds, specimens, mutilated in prial United States mational bank currency mutilated | 1,346, 650000 |
| United States national bank currency mutilated in pr | $\begin{aligned} & 6,221,80000 \\ & 2,217,40000 \end{aligned}$ |
| District of Columbia bonds unissued ............. ..... | - 26,700 00 |
| Aggregate destrojed. | 327,816,554 00 |

 $E R E D ;$ and BALANCES, for the fiscal year ended Junte 30, 1884.


| \%z. to bacco stamps | 150,500 | 500 |  |  | 650,500 | 336,900 | 201 | 313,580 | 19,949 | 336,900 | 356,849 | 306,500 | 9,449 | 40,900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-oz. tobacco stamps | 1,251, 837 | $2,100,000$ |  |  | 3, 351, 837 | 2, 469,000 | 418 | 882, 419 | 122, 600 | 2, 469,000 | 2, 591, 600 | 2, 397, 500 | 41, 900 | 152, 200 |
| 3-oz. tobacco stamps | 154, 580 | 200,000 |  |  | 354, 580 | -182, 000 | 119 | 172, 461 | 15, 400 | 182, 000 | 197, 400 | 178,500 | 5, 000 | 13, 900 |
| 4-oz. tobacco stamps | 1,826, 381 | 1, 812,000 |  | 15, 000 | 3, 623, 381 | 2, 776,800 | 2, 152 | 844, 429 | 125,000 | 2, 776, 800 | 2, 901, 800 | 2, 681, 000 | 60,700 | 160, 100 |
| $8-\mathrm{oz}$. tòbacco stamps | 562, 028 | 1, 030, 000 |  |  | I, 592, 028 | 1, 183, 000 | 247 | 408,78! | 121,500 | 1, 183,000 | 1, 304, 500 | 1, 197, 000 | 40, 400 | 67, 100 |
| 16-oz. tobacco stamps | 23,577 | 160,000 |  |  | 183, 577 | 181, 300 | 1, 012 | 1,265 | 37, 800 | 181, 300 | 219, 100 | 213, 000 | 4,800 | 1, 300 |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1-oz. snuff stamps | 26, 119 | 90, 000 |  |  | 116, 119 | 97, 250 | 143 | 18,726 | 9, 050 | 97, 250 | 106,300 | 93, 000 | 3, 200 | 10, 100 |
| 2-oz. suuff stamps. | 16,949 | 30,000 | 15,000 |  | 61, 949 | 57, 400 | 365 | 4,184 | 1,750 | 57, 400 | 59, 150 | 51, 000 | 1, 000 | 7, 150 |
| 3.oz. snuff stamps | 5, 000 |  |  |  | 5, 000 | 530 |  | 4,470 |  | 530 | 530 | 500 |  | 30 |
| 4 and 8-oz. snuff stamps | 17, 634 | 35,000 |  |  | 52, 634 | 47, 820 | 26 | 4,788 | 3,372 | 47, 820 | 51,192 | 43,000 | 1, 186 | 7, 006 |
| 6-oz. snnff stamps ..... | 44,121 | 160, 000 |  |  | 204; 121 | 177, 600 | 106 | 26, 415 | 16,295 | 177, 600 | 193, 895 | 171,000 | 4,495 | 18,400 |
| 16-oz. snuff stamps | 23, 291 | 20, 000 |  |  | 43,291 | 34, 120 |  | 9,171 | 390 | 34, 120 | 34, 519 | 29,000 | 727 | 4,792 |
| Special tax 1881 stamps | 22, 676 |  |  |  | 22, 676 |  | 22,676 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special tax 1883 stamps | 24, 276 |  |  |  | 24, 276 | 24, 046 | 230 |  |  | 24, 046 | 24, 046 | 22, 900 | I, 146 |  |
| Special tax 1884 stamps |  | 480, 000 |  |  | 480, 000 | 439,562 | 1,041 | 39, 397 |  | 439,562 | 439,562 | 423, 750 | 12, 740 ${ }^{2}$ | 3,071 |
| Private-die stamps. | 1, 057, 158 |  |  | * $1,057,158$ |  |  |  |  | 113,198 |  | 113,198 |  | 113, 198 |  |
| Adhesive stamps | 317, 255 |  | 247, 255 | 564, 510 |  |  |  |  | 901 |  | - 901 |  | 901 |  |
| Surplus paper, size 12dx16 |  |  | $\dagger 247,255$ |  | 247, 255 |  |  | 247, 255 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aggregates | 13, 810, 387 | 15, 784, 000 | 1, 255, 017 | 2, 312, 175 | 28, 537, 229 | 21, 328, 033 | 65,843 | 7, 143, 353 | 1, 669, 769 | 21, 328, 033 | 22, 997, 802 | 20, 814, 450 | 699, 6302 | 1,483, 721 7 |

*These sheets of private-die stamp paper were sold to the Fairchild Paper Company, being no longer available for printing internal-revenue stamps. These sheets constitute the balance left of the adhesive-stamp paper when the law of March 3, 1883, went into effect.

TABLE W.-STATEMENT of REDEEMED UNITED STATES SECDRITIES RECEIVED by the OFFICE of the SECRETARY of the TREASDRY, for FINAL COUNT, EXAMINATION, and DESTRUCTION, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

|  |  |  |  |  | De | minations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1's. | 2's. | 5's. | 10's. | 20's. | 50's. | 100 's. | 500's. | 1,000's. | 5,000's. | 10,000's. |  |
| United States notes, new issue. | $\$ 7,455$ 47,540 4800 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 10,708 \\ 67 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 152,400 \\ 1,375,620 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 304,640 \\ 4,069,130 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { \$328, } 740 \\ 3,772,480 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 41,500 \\ & 538,350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 54,200 \\ 1,243.300 \end{array}$ | $\$ 21,000$ 32,000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ ? 1,000 \\ 1,515,000 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 941,64300 \\ 12,660,75200 \end{array}$ |
| Onited States noteg, series 1874. | 37, 27000 | 48, 316 |  |  |  | 1, 995, 750 |  | 801, 500 |  |  |  | 2, 882, 33600 |
| United States notes, series 1875. | 253, 64200 | 469, 156 | 4, 094, 505 | 2, 929, 760 | 2, 918, 280 | 271,800 | 1,775,200 | 1, 078, 000 |  |  |  | 13, 790, 34300 |
| United States notes, series 1878. | 555, 62100 | ${ }^{630} 802$ | 5, 004, 700 | 4, 429, 830 | 5,490, 560 | 1,610,000 | 2, 658, 300 | 1, 152,000 | 3, 758, 000 | \$185, 000 | \$100,000 | 25, 580, 41300 |
| United States notes, series 1880 | 9, 117, 98000 | 7, 208, 594 | 8, 389, 945 | 3, 632, 510 | 1, 156, 220 | 419, 600 | 167, 400 |  |  |  |  | 30, 092, 24900 |
| United States demavd notes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| One-year notes of $1863 . . . . . . . .$. |  |  |  | 30 | 300 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  | 38000 |
| Two-year notes of 1863 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 200 |  |  |  |  | 20000 |
| Compound interest notes of 1863. |  |  |  | 40 |  | 200 | 200 |  |  |  |  | 44000 |
| Silver certificates, scrics 1878... |  |  |  | 368, 070 | 436,000 | 602, 700 | 595, 200 | 560, 000 | 1,569, 000 |  |  | 4,130,970 00 |
| Silver certificates, series 1880 |  |  |  | 8, 029, 110 | 6, 932, 260 | 300, 600 | 512, 700 | 88, 500 | 11, 000 |  |  | 15, 874,17000 |
| Gold certiticates, New Xork, series 1882. |  |  |  |  | 1, 210, 100 | 1,158,900 | 859, 700 | 1, 146, 000 | 1, 437, 000 | 3, 405, 000 | 13, 860,000 | 23, 076,700 00 |
| Gold certificates, Washington, series 1882. |  |  |  |  | , 118,040 |  | 201, 000 | 444,500 | 654,000 |  |  | 1,490,440 00 |
| Refunding certificates |  |  |  | 99, 270 |  |  | 201,00 |  |  |  |  | 99, 27000 |
| U. S. bonds and couipons.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,870 00 |
| National currency notes of failed and liquidating banks. | 10,420 50 | 8,334 | 2, 204, 963 | 2, 521, 670 | 1,430 900 | 428, 550 | 329, 500 | 1,500 |  |  |  | 6, 935,837 50 |
| National currency redeemed and retired | 100, 17500 | 38, 190 | 27, 948, 715 | 31, 062, 744 | 19, 482, 480 | 5, 972, 965 | 8, 085, 500 | 347, 000 | 61, 000 |  |  | 93, 098, 76900 |
| Totale | 10, 130, 10350 | 8,481, 032 | 49, 171, 033 | 57, 447, 374 | 43, 283, 240 | 13,4i4, 915 | 16, 482, 800 | 5,672, 000 | 9, 026, 000 | 3, 590, 000 | 13, 960, 000 |  |
| Redeemed internal-revenue stamps ....................................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Redeemed United States fractional carrency. |  |  |  |  |  | Denominations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 c . | 5 c . | 10 c. | 15c, | 25 c. | 50c. |  |
| United States fractional carrency, first issue... |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 30 \\ 4500 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | $\$ 4000$ 6020 |  | $\$ 7500$ 7513 | $\$ 10000$ 50 00 | 24500 23033 |
| United States fractional currency, second issue |  |  |  |  |  | \$1504 | 2000 | 18425 |  | 30299 | 50350 | 1,025 78 |
| United States fractional currency, fourth issue............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71620 | \$250 02 | 1,208 94 | - 31475 | 2, ${ }^{1}$, 49591 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,203 00 |  |
| United States fractional currency, fourth issue, third sericsUnited States fractional currency, fifth issue ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,16880 |  | 6, 80507 | 3, $1,002{ }^{5}$ | 1,40300 14,02612 |
| Totals |  |  |  |  |  | 1504 | 9500 | 5, 169 45 | 25602 | 8,517 13 | 6,576 50 |  |
| Aggregate of redeemed United States securities received for destruction ............................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 233, 102, 616 801 |

# TABER X.-RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS by ONITED STATES ASSISAANT TREASURERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884. 



## BOSTON.



RECEIPTB.

$84,475,49854$
108; 366,653 55

## DISBURSEMENTS.



TAMLE X.-RECEIPTS and DISBGRSEMENTS, fo.-Continued.

## CHICAGO.

Balance June 30, 1883

## RECEIPTS.

| On account of custom | \$4, 515, 56493 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal re | 1, 868, 80235 |
| On acconut of sales of public la | 1, 200,600 53 |
| On account of gold certificates | 980, $000 \mathrm{C0}$ |
| On account of certifientes of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 770, 00000 |
| On account of Post-Oftice Department. | 3,366,006 83 |
| On account of traisfers: |  |
| Treasurer's | 20,681, 73404 |
| Standard dollars | 506, 26000 |
| On account of patent fees | 7,54300 |
| On account of disbursiog oflicers | 10,813,382 50 |
| On account of semi-annual duty | 47, 22826 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 1,652 96 |
| On account of repajments | 941, 10282 |
| On aiccount of silver exchanged | 58, 62000 |
| On account of miscellaneons. | 15,302 18 |

13,595,544 36
4, 109, 41576
$11,314,11068$
49139
866, 24374
5, 00000
37, 56000
5,610, 82158
4, 268, 00000
1, 190, 00000
15,53000 99625

Balance June 30, 1884

## CINCINNATI.

Balance June 30, 1883
$\$ 4,612,34177$

## RECEIPTS.

| On account of cuetoms | \$1, 280, 54325 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal revenue. | 44,667 57 | '. |
| On account of gold certificates | 195, 00000 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act Juwo 8, 1872 | 2, 085,000 00 |  |
| On account of Post-Office Department. | 1,428,449 84 |  |
| On account of transfers: |  |  |
| Treasurer's. | 13,783,826 60 |  |
| Standard dollars | 85,600 00 |  |
| On account of patent fees | 4,110 00 |  |
| On account of dishursing officers | 1,835, 80906 |  |
| On account of semi-annual duty | 82,593 92 |  |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 2,865 10 |  |
| On account of interest . . . . . . . . . . . . | 578, 82515 |  |
| On account of repayments. | 21, 71016 | . |
| On account of redemptions | 613, 97900 |  |
| On account of iniscellaneous | 42,703 25 |  |
|  |  | 22, 085, 68290 |
|  |  | 26,698, 02467 |
| 1 . . . DISBURSEMENTS. |  |  |
| On account of Treasury diafts. | \$2,300,644 65 |  |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 1, 539,368 58 |  |
| On account of disbarsing officers | 1,824,423 63 |  |
| On account of interest........ | 578,825 15 |  |
| On account of gold certificates | 120,000 00 |  |
| On account of silver certificates | 1, 374, 00000 |  |
| On account of transfers | 8, 454, 56953 |  |
| On account of United States notes mutilated | 1, 854, 00000 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 2,500, 00000 |  |
| On account of fractional carrency (silver and minor coins) red | 608,969 00 | \$21, 154, 80054 |
| Balance June 30, 1884 |  | $5,543,32413$ |

TAEBLE X.-RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, fc.-Continued.

$\frac{41,296,47204}{52,487,90911}$



On account of silver certificates
11, 043, 00000
On account of transfers
15, 928, 75325
On account of United States notes mutilated
1,057, 12100
20000
$\$ 11,191,43707$

On account of fractional currency (silver and minor coins) redeoned.

## Balance J̇nne 30, 1884

19549
$15,602,71362$



DISBURGEMENTS.


On account of Treasury diafts
\$257, 956, 06015
8, 185, 27827

On account of assay office:
Bullion
14, 588,254 44
153, 19471
$39,792,06527$
$2,580,16726$
$1,151,42500$
3, 00000

$22,750,00000$
1, 438,00000
888, 22000
12, 726, 00000
35, 272,599 00
$6,565,00000$
5,11100
13, 86000

Balance June 30, 1884
$129,679,71341$
United States gold certificates, act July 12, 1882, redeomed at Washington; not included in above statement, $\$ 554,700$.

# TABEETX.-RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, \&c.-Continued. 

## PHILADELPHIA.

| June 30, 1883. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HECEIPTS. |  |  |
| On account of castoms. |  | \$13,236, 92828 |
| On account of certificates, act June 8, 1872 |  | 5, 285, 00000 |
| On account of Post-0ffice Department. |  | 1, 822, 86040 |
| On account of transfers |  | 13, 116,603 68 |
| On account of patent fees |  | 4, 26165 |
| On account of disbursing officers |  | 17, 752, 85615 |
| On account of semi-annual duties |  | 144,613 24 |
| On account of miscellaneous |  | 2, 434, 59632 |

## DIBBURSEMHNTS.



## SAINT LOUIS.


HECRIPTS.

| On account of customs. | \$1, 756, 04110 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of internat revenue | 15, 50568 |  |
| On account of sales of public lands | 141,299 18 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 500,00000 | , |
| On account of Post-Office Department | 2, 121,606 38. |  |
| On accoont of transfers: |  |  |
| Treasurer's | 26, 737, 84337 |  |
| Standard dollars. | 255,950 00 . |  |
| On account of patent fees | 4,053 50 |  |
| On acconint of disbursing officers | 10, 211, 77757. |  |
| On acconnt of assay office: |  |  |
| Ordinary expensos. | 4, 06870 |  |
| Ballion | 40, 00000 |  |
| On account of semi-anuual daty | 28,881 55 |  |
| Onaccount of redemptions | $1,609,19865$ |  |
| On account of miscellaneons. | 848,980 75 | 44, 275, 206 43: |
| - ' |  | 57,327, 466 62. |
| DISBURSEMENTS. |  |  |
| Oh account of Treasnry drafts. | \$10, 669, 21510 |  |
| On acconnt of Post-Office drafts | 2, 186, 11140 |  |
| On account of disbursing officers. | 10,769, 03747 |  |
| On account of assay office: |  |  |
| - Ordinary expenses. | 5,276 24 |  |
| Bullion | 47, 02133 |  |
| On account of iuterest | 490, 48404 |  |
| On account of transters | 13, 152, 18321 |  |
| On ascount of United States notes matilated | 290,000 00 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872. | 465, 00000 |  |
| On account of fractional currency redeemed. | 13000 | \$38, 074, 45878 |
| ,Balance Juna 30, $1884 .$. |  | 19,253, 00783 |

TABEE X.-RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, fo.-Continued.
SAN FRANCISCO.
Balance June 30, 1883 ........................................................................... *\$70, 005, 618 10


* Inclading reserve fand, $\$ 2,240,000$.


## -APPENDIX.

## REPORT OF THE SUPERVISING SPECIAL AGENT.

Treasury Department,Office of the Segretary,Washington, D. C., November 14, 1884.
SIR : I have the honor to submit the following report of the work ofthe Special Agency Service of the Treasury Department for the fiscalyear ended June 30, 1884:
Money paid into the Treasury :
Ou account of seizures ..... $\$ 32,64947$
Fines and penalties ..... 32,628 67
Duits ..... 592,690 20
Miscellaneous ..... 33, 31482
Total ..... 706, 082 38
Number of suits bronght, 51 :
Amount involved in suits ..... $\$ 212,33541$
Number of seizures ..... 275
Appraised value of seizares ..... $\$ 79,89363$
W 14,08156
$\$ 14,178 ~$
Reduction in expenses recommended ..... \$14, 17899
Number of reporits received ..... 4, 796

Of these reports 112 relate to smuggling, 441 to undervaluation, 81 to misconduct of customs officers, 263 to seizures, 84 to inspection of customs districts, 44 to arrests made, 44 to suits, and 3,727 to miscellaneous subjects.

Examinations of nearly all the important customs collection districts show that the customs business generally is conducted according to the law and regulations. In only one of the districts was the discovery made that all Government funds were not properly accounted for. At Corpus Christi there was found a shortage in the collector's accounts of about $\$ 1,700$, and upon the failure of that officer to satisfactorily explain the discrepancies the President promptly suspended him from office and designated a successor/to discharge the duties of collector until the end of the next session of the Senate.

It has for years been practicable to make regular annual examinations at all the ports except New York, where, in consequence of the large volume of business transacted it has not heretofore been deemed advisable to attempt such a thorough inspection of the custom-house as is made at the smaller ports. Such inspectious could, however, be made by skilled officers with benefit to the service, and I have reason to believe that the head of the several customs departments at New York would welcome them as a means of improving the methods of business.
and the correction of irregularities which, owing to the complicated business and hurried manner in which it is conducted, are not likely to be discovered. Tbese regular annual examinations are, as a rule, a source of satisfaction to the collectors of the several ports, inasmuch as they give them renewed assurance that the public interests intrusted to their charge are being properly cared for, and that their employés are neither derelict in their duties nor guilty of peculation in office.

## EVASIONS OF THE REVENUE.

In my official report dated November 20, 1883, I had occasion to state that "undervaluations of merchandise subject to ad valorem duties had alarmingly increased, and that the wisdom and ingenuity of the manufacturing and exporting classes of the old world and of their skillful agents in this country were employed in devising ways and means to take every conceivable advantage of our tariff laws." This statement was indignantly denied by importers and others at the port of New York, and proofs to sustain the allegation were londly demanded. By, direction of the late Secretary Folger a statement was prepared in the form of a report dated December 1, 1883, giving a portion of the information on the subject contained in the reports of the special agents and United States consuls.

This statement, which exposed the names of firms and the devices resorted to by them to evade the revenue, was extensively published in the press of this country and Europe, and I am informed that the publication caused great alarm and consternation among manufacturers on the continent, who, for many years have maintained their American trade in defiance of a protective tariff, and at the expense of the United States Treasury.

The inmediate effect of these publications has been to augment values in consigned invoices, and to largely increase the revenues from these sources. But no permanent suppression of the practice of undervaluation can be expected until the act of June 22,1874 , under the protection of which this system of fraud has grown up, shall be repealed. It is no exaggeration to state that the invoices of merchandise consigned to agents in the United States for sale, as distinguished from those of goods actually purchased by American importers, do not represent more than two-thirds of the actual foreign market value of the goods therein described. An illegal reduction of the tariff on these goods is thus effected by the fraudulent acts of European manufacturers and their agents. In fact the European manufacturer, by the fictitious values be places upon his goods for customs purposes, fixes the amount of tax to be paid thereon subject only to such additions as the greater or lesser skill and vigilance of the appraising officers may impose. However competent and faithful the appraisers may be in fixing values according to their expert knowledge, their action is always subject to review and reversal by a reappraising board which usually decides according to evidence submitted, and as certain kinds of goods are exclusively imported under the consignment system, the agents of the manufacturers stand by each other upon reappraisements, and, by means of testimony thus obtained, in many instauces, the goods escape advances and penalties originally imposed by the action of the appraisers.

An ad valorem tariff without adequate means for its enforcement and penalties for its violation must inevitably result in demoralization to trade and loss to the revenue. Even if there was no motive to save du-
ties the competition between foreign manufacturers for the American trade would lead to fraudulent invoicing.

In a recent case tried at New York, where extensive frauds by undervaluation had been perpetrated by a commission house, the court held that the act of June 22,1874 , repealed the law which provided for the forfeiture of the value of goods, and the case was thereupon dismissed, although the Government was ready to prove the frauds alleged. The tendency of other rulings and decisions is to preclude the Government from suing for duties where fraud has been perpetrated unless such duties have been ascertained by proper liquidation, based upon appraiser's returns.

Under these rulings, if frauds are successfully accomplished by smug. gling or undervaluation, and the facts are afterwards discorered, the Government has no remedy, and cannot recover even the amount of duties due. These rulings are all based upon the provisions of the act of June 22, 1874, which, had it been enacted for the express purpose of enabling foreign manufacturers to circumvent the tariff laws, could not have better accomplished that object.

So long as that law remains in force the efforts of customs officers must necessarily be confined to the proper appraisement of foreign merchandise as it passes through the custom-house.

Experience shows that in some cases, notwithstanding the care and vigilance of the best of the appraising officers, and in others by reason of 'ignorance or weakness of examiners, many undervalued invoices pass without detection. As au important step towards correcting undervaluations, and for the purpose of assisting 'appraising officers in determining the actual foreign market value of dutiable merchandise shipped to the United States, the Department has authorized the employment of silk experts at Lyons, France, and at Zurich and Horgen, Switzerland, aud ail embroidery expert at Saint Gall.

These experts report a steady increase in the values of invoices submitted to them for examination, and there can be little dou bt that their employment has had the effect of checking, in a large degree, false invoicing of the kinds of goods above mentioned. But, as stated in previous reports, the only sure remedy for undervaluations is the substitution of specific for ad valorem duties.

## FRAUDS IN THE IMPORTATION OF GLASS.

Systematic frauds upon revenue under the cover of contracts for furnishing glass for public buildings have been discovered and suppressed. The actual losses on this account are estimated at about $\$ 80,000$. A suit is now pending in the United States District Court at New York for the condemnation of an importation of glass which was sought to be passed free of duty upon representations that it was to replace glass furnished for the new post-office building at Philadelphia.

Other suits have been entered to recover the duties due the Government upon previous fraudulent importations of a like character, and criminal prosecutions have been instituted against the guilty parties. The method by which these frauds were accomplished was as follows:

Included in the free list are articles imported for the use of the United States. When any of the Departments or any Bureau of this Department imports an article for Government use, a request is made to the Secretary of the Treasury to authorize the collector of the port where the article is landed to pass the same free of duty. For many years past, and until the discovery of the frauds referred to, it was customary
for collectors to deliver the packages containing such merchandise with out examination.

It has been the practice of officers having charge of the purchase of materials and supplies for public buildings to invite bidders to state the price of articles of foreign manufacture, including duty, and free of duty, and contracts have been usually made at the lowest price, duty free, it being understood that duties were to be remitted on the imported articles. This was especially true of plate-glass used in many of the public buildings erected during the last few ycars.

A New York glass-importer, knowing the fact that Government importations were passed by the custom-house without examination, became a very successful bidder for supplying glass for public buildings. When called upon to fill his contracts he would supply the glass required from his stock on hand, and afterwards ask for a free order for an importation to replace it. The amount to be paid for glass furnished by this contractor for the Philadelphia post-office building was $\$ 4,181$, free duty. The duty upon the plate glass actually furnished would have been about $\$ 2,500$. To replace the glass so furnished he imported glass at the foreign value of $\$ 22,074.10$, the duty on which was $\$ 26,280$.

This is a fair illustration of the way in which the contractor was enabled to underbid all competitors of glass for Government buildings, the contracts for which were valuable to him chiefly becanse of the opportunities they gave for bringing in large quantities of polished plateglass free of duty.

It is respectfully submitted that it is not a proper construction of the tariff which gires to contractors the benefit of the clause authoriz-
${ }^{1}$ ing the free importation of articles for the use of the United States. Such a construction not only gives an undue advantage to the foreign over the home manufacturer, but it also enlarges the amount to be used for the construction of public buildings beyond the sum fixed by law. In other words, it takes from the Treasury indirectly the duties upon the imported article when the same have not been appropriated for that purpose by act of Congress.

I respectfully recommend, therefore, the discontinuance of the system of advertising for and receiving bids for articles and supplies to be imported free of duty, or the purchase of articles in open market with the understanding that the duty is to be remitted.

In conclusion, I respectfully call attention to accompanying table marked A, which shows the business transacted in the several customs collection districts ; also to table marked $B$, in which is shown the number of packages, with the invoice value and estimated duties thereon, forwarded without appraisement, from and to the ports specified in the act of June 10,1880 , and acts amending the same.

Very respectfully,
L. G. MARTIN, Supervising Special Agent.

Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIX.

Table A.-STATEMENT showing BUSINESS TRANSACTED inㄹ EACB of the SEVERAL CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Districts. | Vessels enterea. |  | Vessels cleared. |  |  |  | Duties and tonnage tax. | Aggregate receipts. | Value of exports. |  | Expenses. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Domestic. |  |  |  |
| Alaskn (Sitka), Alaska | 18 | 24 | 23 | 18 | 52 | 6 | \$881 37 | \$2, 14041 |  | \$8,053 | \$14, 19224 | 9 | \$6. 63 |
| Aluemarle (Edenton), N.C.. |  | 82 |  | 131 |  | 74 | - 460 | 1,784 55 |  |  | 3,17485 | 3 | 1.77 |
| Alexandria, Va. | 24 | 165 | 16 | 145 | 28 | 129 | 93998 | 2, 90811 |  | 92,886 | 2,988 30 | 5 | 1.02. |
| Annapolis, Md |  |  |  |  |  | 116 |  | 1,453 31 |  |  | 2, 22992 | 4 | 1. 53 |
| Apalachicola, Fla | 59 | 27 | 57 | 34 | 14 | 39 | 5,767 81 | 7, 32907 |  | 229,337 | 2,390 74 | 2 | . 32 |
| A roostook (Houlton), M |  |  |  |  | 538 |  | 17,966 01 | 22,380 98 |  |  | 9,010 82 | 7 | - 40 |
| Baltimore, Md | 696 | 1,436 | 711 | 2, 040 | 6, 819 | 1,712 | 2, 306, 07596 | 2, 391, 36633 | \$15, 077 | 43, 062, 048 | 295, 049.72 | 212 | . 12 |
| Bangor, Me... | 23 |  | 47 |  | 1, 723 | 284 | 49,396 37 | 54, 39353 |  | 118, 255 | 14, 58430 | 11 | . 26 |
| Jarnstable, Mass | 22 | 28 | 26 | 18 | 168 | 509 | 87466 | 4,059 03 |  |  | 7,550 49 | 19 | 1. 86 |
| Bath, Me. | 127 | 94 | 20 | 44 | 326 | 363 | 77, 21796 | 83, 01556 |  |  | 8,933 90 | 8 | . 10 |
| Beaufort, N. C |  | 7 | 5 | 1 | 12 | 96 | 19,36183 | 23,807 58 | 8,332 | 59, 296 | 3,333 44 | 5 | . 14 |
| Beaufort. S. C | 71 | 103 | 109 | 59 | 14 | 37 | - 10,533 03 | 12,024 32 |  | 1,057,985 | 6,347 00 | 7 | $\bigcirc 52$ |
| Belfast, Me. | 81 |  | 85 |  | 129 | 339 | 1,69172 | 4,510 04 |  | 6,083 | 4,988 47 | 9 | 1. 10 |
| Boston, Mass | 2,618 | 806 | 2,503 | 1, 023 | 46; 435 | 1, 094 | 21, 966, 87809 | 22, 109,079 59 | 969, 829 | 62, 528, 000 | 675,957 76 | 611 | . 03 |
| Brazos (Brownsville), | 15 | 53 | 10 | , 22 | 1,894 | ${ }^{6}$ | 26,271 35 | 29, 69058 | 174, 495 | 1, 094, 914 | 49,049 67. | 33 | 1.65 |
| Bridgeton, N.J...... |  |  |  |  |  | 410 |  | 3, 30364 |  |  | 29000 | 1 | . 087 |
| Bristol and Warren, R |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |  | 27697 |  |  | 1,576 82 | 3 | 5. 69 |
| Brunswick, Ga | 193 | 373 | 285 | 275 | 12 | 71 | 20, 55981 | 24,201 92 | 1, 611, 322 |  | 8, 60566 | 9 | . 35 |
| Butfialo Creek, N. Y | 881 | 2,894 | 883 | 2,882 | 11, 500 | 263 | 749,326 41 | 782, 18561 |  | 369, 916 | 56, 28530 | 41 | . 071 |
| Burlington (Trenton), N.J |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |  | 84019 |  |  | 18600 | 2 | . 22 |
| Cape Vincent, N. Y ... ...... | 1,390 | 407 | 1,377 | 424 | 1,739 | 51 | 44,80087 | 49,215 32 | 25,933 | 163,285 | 13,519 37 | 14 | -27 |
| Castine, Me | 4 | 7 | 8 | -5 | 34 | 305 | 38579 | 1,982 40 |  | 4,192 | 5,436 63 | - 6 | 2.74 |
| Champlain (Plattsburgb), N . Y …... ................... | 1,279 | 56 | 1,179 | 1,002 | 6, 294 | 277 | 306,592 32 | 315, 75467 | 95 | 1, 155, 509 | 25, 55485 | 26 | . $08{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Charleston, S. C | 1,231 | 412 | 1,275 | ${ }^{1} 143$ | , 200 | 219 | 45,906 26 | 58,340 18 | 175 | 16, 230,892 | 21, 37131 | 25 | . 36 |
| Cherrystone (Eastville), Va |  |  |  |  |  | 537 |  | -2,750 96 |  | 16,230,802 | 3,206 42 | 4 | 1. 16 |
| Chicago, Ill. | 158 | 12, 212 | 261 | 12, 106 | 11,470 | 655 | 3, 864, 12758 | 3,910 11189 | 17,931 | 2,887, 995 | 148, 61594 | 104 | . 038 |
| Corpus Christi, Tex | 13 | $\bigcirc 57$ | 5 | 65 | 1,167 | 34 | 25, 47552 | 36,876 88 | 179, 600 | 1, 448, 807 | -32,409 69 | 21 | . 87 |
| Cuyahoga (Cleveland), Ohio | 332 | 3,864 | 454 | 3,776 | 765 | 293 | 179, 62398 | 194,420 34 |  | 636,584 | 21, 80684 | 19 | . 11 |
| Delaware (Wilmington), Del.. | 2 | 33- | 22 | - 14 | 51 | 239 | 29,855 40 | 34, 928 68 | 72 | 531, 482 | 9, 00586 | 11 | . 25 |
| Detroit, Mieh | 2, 960 | 2, 719 | 2,954 | 2,858 | 14,575 | 366 | 291, 57264 | 330, 44369 | 1, 197, 182 | 6; 776, 135 | 67, 52605 | 64 | . 20 |
| Duluth, Minn | 166 | 624 | - 169 | . 621 | 141 | 40 | 1,728 28 | 4, 30385 | 9,635 | 1, 372, 772 | 6,967 77 | 5 | $-1.61$ |
| Dunkirk, N. Y Castern (Crisfield) | 2 | 16 | - 2 | 16 | 1 | 974 | 4735 | 1, 20240 |  |  | 3, 70360 4,83059 | 3 | 3.08 .53 |

Table A.-STATEMENT showing BUSINESS TRANSACTED in EACH of the SEVERAL CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS, \&c.-Cont'd


| New York (Patohogue), N. Y New York (Port Jefferson), N. Y.. |  |  |  |  |  | 175 117 |  | 1,13936 1,13396 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 43525 \\ 43460 \end{array}$ | 1 | .38 . .38 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Niagara (Suspension Bridge), N. Y | 357 | 599 | 357 | 595 | 7, 283 | 14 | 255, 44649 | 275, 58786 | 3,171 | 70,733 | 52, 12212 | 40 | . 18 |
| Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va | 96 | 1,263 | 103 | 932 | + 50 | 471 | 33,301 35 | 44,944 16 |  | 12, 353, 592 | 17, 67831 | 16 | .39 |
| New Orleans (New Orleans, La) | 800 | 316 | 779 | 373 | 8, 024 | 600 | 2,076, 29320 | 2, 126,646 64 | 222, 700 | 82, 342, 324 | 236, 15658 | 178 | . 11 |
| New Orleans (Burlington, Iowa) |  |  |  |  |  | 55 | 580 | 2, 16935 |  |  | 571 45 | 2 | . 26 |
| New Orleans (Cairo, ${ }^{\text {lil }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | 41 |  | 1; 81123 |  |  | 1, 54149 | 2 | . 85 |
| New Orleans (Cincinnati, Ohio) |  |  |  |  | 2,403 | 166 | 815,966 85 | 833, 02251 |  |  | 35,479 72 | 22 | . 042 |
| New Orleans (Dubuque, Iowa) |  |  |  |  | 2, 1 | 24 | 815, 6399 | 2,073 96 |  |  | -405 05 | 2 | . 19 |
| New Orleans (Evansville, Ind.) |  |  |  |  | 19 | 119 | 53, 63345 | 5833838 |  |  | 1,405 25 | 2 | . 024 |
| New Orleans (Galena, Ill.) |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 37 | 1,518 82 |  |  | 93598 | 2 | . 61 |
| New Orleans (La Crosse, Wis.) |  |  |  |  |  | 54 | 4070 | 2,377 83 |  |  | 1,418 30 | 2 | . 59 |
| New Orleans (Louisville, Ky.) |  |  |  |  | 546 | 89 | 113,723 56 | 120,325 89 |  |  | 12,335 69 | 8 | . 10 |
| New Orleans (Memphis, Tenn.) |  |  |  |  | 30 | 144 | 4,892 35 | 11, 77962 |  |  | 3,310 98 | 3 | .. 28 |
| New Orleans (Nashville, Tenn.) |  |  |  |  | 7 | 50 | 1,862 55 | 4,542 32 |  |  |  | 1 | 13 |
| New Orleans (Omaba, Nebr.) |  |  |  |  | 20 | 10 | 6,201 82 | 7, 07889 |  |  | 1,596 45 | 2 | . 22 |
| New Orleans (Pittslourgh; Pa.) |  |  |  |  | 378 | 238 | 476, 76533 | 489, 07436 |  |  | 18,770 85 | 11 | . 038 |
| New Orleans (Saint Louis, Mo.) |  |  |  |  | 2,638 | 344 | 1, 530,902 52 | 1,549,400 58 |  |  | 44, 59646 | 30 | . 028 |
| New Orleans (Wheeling, W. |  |  |  |  | 2, 5 |  |  | 1,54, |  |  | 44,506 | 4 |  |
| Va.)........................ | 59 | 258 | 77 | 246 | 5 18 | 242 81 | 1,34487 $66,160.38$ | 10,81250 70,33787 |  | 2, 519, 965 | 1,49672 12,26340 | 4 11 | -.13 -.17 |
| Oswegatchie (Ogdensburg), N. $\mathbf{Y}$ | 913 | 550 | 891 | 555 | 5,637 | 35 | 241,450 73 | 251, 57402 | 74 | 3, 502, 319 | 26,976 44 | 23 | . 10 |
| Oswego, N. T | 1,984 | 307 | 1,955 | 368 | 2,479 | 108 | 630, 07434 | 640, 08725 | 4,970 | 1,511, 137 | 33, 57477 | 27 | . 052 |
| Pamlico (New Berne), N.C | 1, 8 | 338 | 10 |  | 16 | 141 | 1,540 28 | 4, 08407 | 6,154 | 16, 966 | 5, $643 \cdot 85$ | 10 | 1.38 |
| Paso del Norte, Tex. |  |  |  |  | 1,472 |  | 51,336 79 | E1, 66101 |  |  | 26,49725 | 17 | . 51 |
| Passamaquoddy, Me.......... | 545 | 28 | 617 | 192 | 1,304 | 825 | 48,313 47 | 56, 50861 | 27, 660 | 574, 385 | 20,322 04 | 19 | .35 |
| Pearl River (Sbieldsborough), <br> Miss | 150 | 27 | 157 | 46 | 18 | 170 | 14,473 70 | 18,714 70 |  | 706,981 | 7, 85474 | 7 | . 41 |
| Pensacola, Fla | 423 - | 157 | 476 | 129 | 119 | 181 | 59,409 55 | 66, 74837 |  | 2, 580, 688 | 19,74206 | 20. | . 29 |
| Perth Amboy N | 15 | 310 | 48 | 54 | 16 | 447 | 27, 90348 | 34, 91936 |  | 80,698 | 10,004 36 | 8 | . 28 |
| Petersburg, Va |  | 325 | 1 | 164 |  | 13 |  | 55454 |  | 18,997 | - 3,653 29 | 5 | 6. 58 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 1, 026 | 716 | 869 | 1,301 | 21, 809 | 1, 181 | 12, 899, 17430 | 12.978, 11157 | 28,212 | 36, 766, 461 | 431, 40164 | 284 | . 033 |
| Plymouth, Mass .............. | 24 | 3 | 27 |  | 74 | 25 | 23,709 23 | 23, 96913 |  | 39 | 3, 04646 | 4 | . 12 |
| Portland and Falmouth, Me.- | 320 | 474 | 510 | 360 | 3,827 | 605 | 637, 092.58 | 663, 56441 | 6,130, 892 | 7, 014, 309 | 79, 87111 | 52 | . 12 |
| Portsmouth, N. H | 31 | 4 | 41 |  | 69 | 106 | 50,75193 | 53, 05371 | 76 |  | 10,739 78 | 9 | . 20 |
| Providence, R. I ......... | 67 | 714 | 49 | 104 | 875 | 173 | 196,339 19 | 202,227 57 | 200 | 25,571 | 29,326 08 | 20 | . 14 |
| Puget Sound, Wash. Ter | 700 | 199 | 729 | 146 | 238 | 198 | 47,514 44 | 67,-245 80 | 450, 904 | 1,389, 288 | 26; 10851 | 17 | . 38 |
| Richmond, Va................. | 32 | 991 | 79 | 512 | 37 | 121 | 8,583 69. | 11, 91983 |  | 1, 712, 546 | 10,472 79 | 12 | . 87 |
| Saco, Me.... | 14 | 4 | 13 | 1 | 14 | 29 |  | 29792 |  |  | 92150 | 2 | 3.09 |
| Sag Harbor, N: Y |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 254 |  | 1,562 40 |  |  | -1,348 16 | 3 | . 86 |
| Salem, Mass ........ | 117 | 4 | 108 | 13 | 135 | 49 | 16,314 06 | 17, 54993 |  |  | 8, 54490 | 8 | . 48 |
| Saluria (Indianola), Tex | 30 | 89 | 1 | 6 | 425 | 35 | - 13,808 46 | 15, 49078 | 79, 512 | 883, 473 | 20,073 19 | 15 | 1.29 |
| San Diego, Cal.................. | 30 | 75 | 33 | 4 | 136 | 25 | 12,071 48 | 12, 66428 | 3,560 | 124, 397 | 7,007 | 4 | . 5 |

Table A.-STATEMENT showing B USINESS TRANSACTED in EACH of the SEVERAL CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICTS, fc.-Cont'd.

| Districts. | Vessels entered. |  | Vessels cleared. |  |  |  | Dities and tonnage tax | Aggregaté receipts. | - Value of exports. |  | Expenses. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandusky, Ohio | 331 | 1,766 | 347 | 1,737 | 602 | 113 | \$4,085 63 | \$8,886 86 |  | \$126,548. | \$5, 18463 | 9 |  |
| Sau Francisco, Cal | ${ }_{265}^{836}$ | - 308 | 825 | 461 | 23,973 | 1, 101 | 6, 985,36966 82 82 13813 |  | \$2, 274, 815 | 36,193, $969^{\circ}$ | $\begin{array}{r}418,10068 \\ 23184 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{231}{19}$ | . 058 |
| Savannah, Ga......... <br> Saint Augustine, Fla | 265 | 383 16 | 282 1 | 359 4 | 216 | 103 |  | -98,340 28 |  | 19, 944, 549 | $\begin{array}{r}23,18429 \\ 2,288 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 6 | $\begin{array}{r}. \\ \hline 3.59\end{array}$ |
| Saint John's (Jacksonville), Fla. | 25 | 313 | 32 | 271 | 40 | 85 | 82088 | 5,561 97 | 301 | 35, 220 | 3,565 16 | 4 | . 64 |
|  | 27 | 69 | 12 | 66 | 11 | 69 | 3,720 63 | 5,734 11 |  | 14,227 | 5,028 87 | 5 |  |
| Saint Mary's, Ga | 3 | 4 | 6 | 3 |  | 3 | 15840 | 57129 |  | 29, 321 | 1,913 11 | 3 | 3. 34 |
| Southern Oregan (Coos Bay), Oreg |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  | 64764 |  |  | 3, 29450 | 3 | 5.08 |
| Stonington, Conn. |  | 344 | 5 | 339 | 8 | 107 | 26760 | 2,430 19 |  |  | 2, 12797 | 4 | . 87 |
| Superior (Marquette), Mich | 678 |  | 560 |  | 446 | 140 | 14, 35589 | 24,555 91 |  | 23, 727 | 10, 73161 | 14 | . 43 |
| Tappahannock, Va. |  | 146 | 9 |  |  | 127 |  | 1,557 24 |  |  | 1,275 23 | 2 | . 81 |
| Tecese (Brashear), La | 5 | 772 | 9 | 790 | 10 | 140 45 | 9079 | 3,292 24 |  | 7,996 | 5, 763707 | 7 3 | 1.73 .21 |
| Vermont (Burlington) | 928 | 71 | 837 | 1 | 20,660 | 33 | 730,97531 | 764, 01014 |  | 1,245, 012 | 73,941 04 |  | . 096 |
| Waldoborough, Me | 305 | 15 | 333 | 15 | 338 | 535 | 1,458 26 | 7, 11391 |  | 4, 400 | 8,789 22 | 7 | 1.23 |
| Wiscasset, Me - | 1 | 8 | 8 | 21 | 57 | 175 |  |  |  | 14, 277 | -3,687 76 | 5 | 3. 08 |
| Wilmington, N. C.......... | 176 | 130 | ${ }^{228}$ | 79 | 107 | 105 | $\begin{array}{r} 46,65219 \\ 389,24517 \end{array}$ | 51,792 402,290 46 | 7,575 | $3,843,311$ <br> 4,383 <br> 103 | 16,240 42 | 15 | . 31 |
| Willamette (Portland), Oreg | 43 | 191 | 92 | 138 | 936 | 141 23 | 389, 24517 | $\begin{array}{r} 402,290 \\ 55 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 4, 383, 103 | 31, 62460 | 26 | . 078 |
| York, Mow, ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ O | 38 | 323 | 180 | 163 | 45 | 306 | 18,35975 | 28, 54478 | 3,918 | 3,370,099 | 13,606 88 |  | 5. 11 |
| Atlanta, Ga. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12750 | 13005 |  |  | 1, 00930 | 2 | 7.76 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  | 1,201 45 |  |  | 77726 | 1 | . 64 |
| Denver, Colo |  |  |  |  | 116 |  | 34, 25750 | 34, 31576 |  |  | 1,826 95 | 1 | . 053 |
| Humboldt (Eureka) | 26 | 29 | 37 | ${ }_{31}^{13}$ | 7 | 71 | 2, 878826 | 4,90485 |  | 224, 355 | 4, 237701 | 2 | 86 |
| Indianayolis, Ind |  |  |  | 31 | 309 |  | 81,27150 51,16296 | $\begin{array}{r}81,56135 \\ 51,755 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 6, 72348 | 3 | 082 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Kansas City, Mo }}$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{97}{27}$ | 12 | $\begin{array}{r}51,16296 \\ 11,49488 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}51,755 \\ 11,768 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |  | 3,724 70 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | . 072 |
| Yaquina, Cal |  | 28 |  | 21 | 18 | 13 | 26, 35423 | 26,572 07 |  |  | 2, 33437 | - 2 | . 087 |
|  | 32, 195 | 72, 621 | 32,138 | 72,382 | 540, 999 | 31, 434 | 194, 868, 15134 | 196, 935, 36080 | 24, 838, 097 | 726, 875, 82 ¢ | 6, 586, 96318 | 4,477 |  |

A moount of expenses reported by collectors, as above
$\$ 6,586,96318$
189,005
23
Total expenses of collecting revenue for year ended June 30, 1884
6, 775,96841

AGGREGATE RECEIPTS and EXPENSES of COLLECTION for the fiscal years 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, añd 1884.

|  | Receipts. | Expensēs. | Cost per cent. |  | Receipts. | Expenses. | Cost per cent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1877. | \$132, 634, 02953 | \$6, 501, 03757 | 4.90 | 1881 | \$200, 079, 15098 | \$6, 419, 34520 |  |
| 1878. | 132, 024, 00916 | 5, 826, 97432 | 4.41 | 1882. | 222, 559, 10483 | 6,549,595 07 | 2.94 |
| 1879. | 138, 976, 61379 | 5 5, 485, 77903 | 3.94 3 | 1883 | 216, 962, 21035 | 6, 667, $825{ }^{46}$ | 3.07 |
| 1880. | 188, 508, 69034 | 5, 995, 87806 | 3.18 |  | 196, 935, 36080 | 6, 775, 96841 | 3.44 |

Note.-The accounts of receipts and expenditures published by the Register will vary in some cases from the figures above given, for the reason that his statement is made up from warrants issued during the fiscal year, regardless of balances in the hands of officers at the beginning and end of the year. If the accounts of each collector were clesed and balances settled at the end of the fiscal year, the two statements would agree.

Table B.-MERCHANDISETRANSPORTED WITHOUT APPRISEMENT during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, under act June 10, 1880.

|  | Port of destination, | Packages. | Inroice value. | Estimated duty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltimore, $\mathbf{M d}$. |  | 3,632 | \$339, 595 | \$219, 23593. |
| Buffalo, N. Y . |  | 32, 480 | 512, 645 | 241, 077. 48 |
| Boston, Mass |  | 27, 727 | 2, 213, 087 | 999,373 50 |
| Bath, Me.. |  | 1,148 | 93, 181 | 40,221 87 |
| Chicago, Ill |  | 351, 982 | 8, 950, 044 | 3, 931, 02724 |
| Cleveland, Obio |  | 6, 657 | 378, 434 | 193, 02583 |
| Cincinnati. Ohio |  | 21,475 | 1, 810, 826 | 875, 51091 |
| Detroit, Mich . |  | 7,458 | 339, 045 | 145,952 06 |
| Denver, Colo. |  | 1, 001 | 49,440 | 31, 85236 |
| Georgetown, D.C |  | 494 | 40,299 | 20, 30502 |
| Galveston, Tex. |  | 4,563 | 30,519 | 12,578 '18 |
| Hartford, Conn. |  | 2, 391 | 155,078 | 54, 67503 |
| Indianapolis, Ind |  | 22, 738 | 196, 019 | 89,82366 |
| Kansas City, Mo |  | 1, $122{ }^{\circ}$ | 88, 549 | 47, 993,75 |
| Louisville, Ky |  | 4,578 | 257, 151 | 136,901 62 |
| Middletown, Conn |  | 25 | - 202 | 6890 |
| Mobile, Ala |  | 87 | 4,623 | 2, 42655 |
| Memphis, Tenn |  | 192 | 8,744 | 3,453 77 |
| Milwankee, Wis |  | 16, 831 | 341,408 | 147, 52139 |
| New Haren, Conn |  | 392 | 8, 015 | 4,982 20 |
| New Orleans, La. |  | 304 | 32,210 | 24,995 95 |
| New York, N, Y |  | 80, 174 | 1,287, 740 | 170, 02709 |
| Portsmouth, N. H |  | 21 | 7536 | 12330 |
| Portland, Me |  | 3, 000 | 7,342 | 3, 11770 |
| Providence, R.I |  | 8,807 | 340, 574 | 153, 77035 |
| Portland, Oreg |  | 41 | 8,564 | 7,495 10 |
| Philadelphia, Pa |  | 34, 695 | 3, 106, 811 | 1, 330, 78147 |
| Port Huron, Mic |  | 52, 796 | 478, 504 | -22,478 60 |
| Pittsburgh, Pat. |  | *462, 481 | 881,762 | 435, 32602 |
| Rochester, $\mathbf{N}, \mathbf{Y}$ |  | 6, 010 | 351, 576 | 174, 81672 |
| Richmond, Va... |  | ${ }_{756}$ | -21.857 | 1132700 |
| Saint Joseph, Mo. |  | 756 | 21,630 | 11,813 60 |
| Saint Paul, Minn. |  | 8,688 | 201, 022 | 55,77149 |
| San Francisco, Cal |  | 38, 178 | 2, 684,549 | 1,605,493 65 |
| Saint Louis, Mo |  | 219, 255 | 2, 600, 248 | 1, 088, 81184 |
| Savannah, Ga |  | 354 | 23, 920 | 15,358 95 |
| Toledo, Ohio |  | 226 | 24, 263 | 10,16619 |
| Wilmington, Del |  | 519 | 27, 555 | 15, 19755 |
| Total. |  | 1, 423, 262 | 27.896, 567 | 12, 323, 87982 |

* Principally bundles steel-wire rods.
$\Gamma$ The merchandise above referred to was forwarded from the following-named ports of first arrival:


The following comparative statement shows the increase in the quantity, value, and estimated duties thereon of unappraised merchandise transported from ports of first arrival to ports of destination during the years specitied:

|  | Year. | Packages. | Invoicevalue. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimated } \\ & \text { duty. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 |  | 249, 81$]$ | \$8, 745, 663. | \$4, 284, 88054 |
| 1880 |  | 329, 886 | 13, 125, 758 | 6, 160, 71085 |
| 1881 |  | 353, 901 | 14, 519, 474 | 6, 604, 447726 |
| 1882 |  | 539,183 | 21, 440, 540 | 10,186, 94014 |
| 1883 |  | 1,120,619 | 26, 283, 922 | 12, 225, 63046 |
| 1884 |  | 1, 423, 262 | 27, 896, 507 | 12, 323, 87982 |

## REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

3

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# REPORT <br> OF <br> THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE. 

Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, October 30, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.
' In order that you may have a clear view of the condition of the public business intrusted to my charge, I also include certain additional information relative to the work of the Bureau during the months of July, August, and September of the present year.

You will also find in the appendix to the bound volume of this report carefully prepared tabular statements as follows:

Table A, showing the receipts from each specific source of revenue, and the amounts refunded in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

Table B, showing the number and value of internal-revenue stamps ordered from the office of the Commissioner; the receipts from the sale of stamps and the commissions allowed thereon; also the number and value of stamps for special taxes, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, snuff, distilled spirits, and fermented liquors, issued monthly to collectors during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

Table C, showing the percentages of receipts from the several general sources of revenue in each State and Territory of the United States to the aggregate receipts from the same sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1884.

Table D, showing the aggregate receipts from all sources in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1884.

Table E, showing the receipts in the United States from each specific source of revenue, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1884.

Table F, showing the ratio of receipts in the United States from specific sources of revenue to the aggregate receipts from all sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1884.

Table $G$, showing the returns of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, suuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the several acts of legislation and by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1884.

Table H, showing the receipts from special taxes in each State, and Territory for the special-tax year ended April 30, 1884.
Table I. Abstract of reports of district attorneys concerning suits and prosecutions under the internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

Table K. Abstract of seizures of property for violation of internalrevenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.,

## PRESENT NUMBER OF COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

After fully carrying cut the scheme of consolidation of collection districts contemplated by the executive order of the President, dated June 25,1883 , as subsequently modified, the number of internal-revenue districts is now eighty-five.

## ESTIMATE OF COLLECTIONS FOR PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

It is estimated that the sum of $\$ 115,000,000$ will be collected during the present fiscal year from the various sources of internal revenue.

As anticipated in my last report the collections for the fiscal year 1884 , reached o vèr one hundred and twenty millions (viz, $\$ 121,590,039.83$ ).

Payment of the tax on the large production of spirits in 1881 was a material factor in this result. The falling off anticipated during the present year will follow from the diminished quantity of bourbon and rye whiskies produced in 1882 , on which the tax will mature during the current fiscal sear. Another cause contributing to the reduction of receipts will be the largely increased exportation abroad of spirits in bond, on which, for various reasons, the owners cannot pay the tax.

Something like $10,000,000$ gallons have already been forced abroad during the current calendar year because of stagnation in trade and the refusal of Congress to extend the bonded period.

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS FOR THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.
The total receipts from all sources of internal revenue taxation for the fiscal jear ended June 30, 1884, were $\$ 121,590,039.83$ as compared with $\$ 144,553,344.86$ for the year $1883, \$ 146,523,273.72$ for the year 1882 , and $\$ 135,229,912.30$ for the jear 1881 .

The following statements will exhibit detailed information of the amount of internal revenue collected during the past year, and also for. the first three months of the present fiscal jear, of the sources from whence the revenue is derived, of the States and districts in which the collections during the past year were made, the cost of collections, \&c.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS from the SEVERAL OBJECTS of INTERNAL TAXATION in the UNITED STATES during the fiscal years ended. June 30, 1883 and 1884.

| - Objects of taxation. | Amount of tax paid during fiscal years- |  | Increaso. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1884. |  |  |
| sPIRITS. |  |  |  |  |
| Spirits distilled from frait | \$1, 127, 95025 | \$1, 023, 35085 |  | \$104, 59940 |
| Spirits distilled from grain and other materials | 67, 957,906 48 | $70,631,86048$ | \$2, 673, 954 00 | 104, |
| Rectifiers (special tax).. | -189,800 12 | -183, 87292 | \$2, 07.3, 954 | 5,927 20 |
| Retail liquor-dealers (special tax). | 4, 624, 58777 | 4, 597, 13933 |  | 27,448 44 |
| Wholesate liquor-dealers (special tax)... | 455, 91551 | 448, 84051 |  | 7,075 00 |
| Manufactarers of stills (special tax)...- | 1,160 43 | 1,241 67 | 8124 |  |
| Stills or worms manufactured (special tax). | 4 4,020 00 | 2,920 00 | , $1 . . . . . . . .$. | 1,100 00 |
| Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export | 7,434 00 | 16, 15950 | ${ }^{\prime}$ ' 8,725 50, |  |
| Interest on tax apon spirits ....... ...... | 64 |  |  | 64 |
| Total | 74, 368, 77520 | 76, 905, 38526 | 2, 536,610 06 |  |
| Cigars and cheroots | 16, 895, 21515 | 10,368, 80527 |  | 6, 526, 40988 |
| Cigarettes | 929, 97473 | 454, 40901 |  | 475, 56572 |
| Snuff | 736, 02282 | 448, 21158 |  | 287, 81124 |
| Tobacco, chewing and smoking . . . . . . . | $22,136,40253$ | 13,488, 04741 |  | 8,648,355 12 |
| Stamps for tobacco, snuff, and cigars intended for export (a) | - 87600 |  |  | $87600$ |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax)..... | 54, 535, 12 | 48,595 82 |  | 5,939 30 |
| Dealers in manufactured tobacco (special tax) | 1,233, 81293 | 1, 136, 786 |  | 97, 02673 |
| Manufacturers of tobaceo (special tax). | 5, 69788 | 5,117 49 |  | 58039 |
| Manufacturers of cigars (special tax)... | 96, 89900 | 97, 96219 | 1,063 19 |  |
| Peddlers of tobacco (special tax)........ | 14,813 63 | 14,465 01 |  | 34862 |
| Total | 42, 104, 24979 | 26, 062, 39998 |  | 16, 041, 84981 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Ale, beer, lager-beer, and por | $\begin{array}{r} 16,426,050 \\ 184,885 \end{array} \frac{11}{49}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,573,72288 \\ 187.988 \quad 82 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,67277 \\ & \text { 3. } 103 \quad 33 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Dealers in malt liquors (special tax) | 289, 68021 | 323, 24241 | 33, 562.20 |  |
| Total | 16, 900, 61581 | 18, 084, 95411 | 1, 184, 33830 |  |
| Collections not otherwise provided for.- | 10,873, 90049 | 248, 15636 |  | 10, 625, 74413 |
| Penalties | 305, 80357 | 289, 14412 |  | 16,659 45 |
| Tota | 11, 179, 70406 | 537, 30048 |  | 10, 642,403 58 |
| Aggregate receipts | 144, 553, 34486 | 121, 590, 03988 |  | 22,963,305 03 |

a Tax repealed August 8, 1882.

## WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION DURING LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes on which tax. was paid during the same periods are as follows:

| Products taxed. | Fiscal years ended June 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1884. |  |  |
| Number of gallons of spirits distilled from fruit | 1, 253, 278 | 1,137,056 |  | 116,222 |
| Number of gallons of spirits distilled from grain, molasses, and other materials. | 75, 508, 785 | 78,479,845 |  |  |
| Number of cigars............................. | 3, $2247,888,992$ | $3,455,619,017$ <br> 908,090 | $\text { 227, } 730,025$ |  |
| Number of cigarettes ....... | $640,021,653$ $5,284,372$ |  | $268,069,070$ 318,273 |  |
| Number of pounds of tobacco.................... | 165, 77,186 | 168, 593,419 | 3, 516, 233 |  |
| Number of barrels of fermented liquors........ | 17, 757, 892 | 18, 998, 619 | 1,240,727 |  |

Note.-Many detailed tabular statements are omitted for want of space, but they may be found in the bound volumes of the Commissioner's report.

STATEMENT SHOWING the AGGREGATE RECEIPTS from INTERNAL REV. ENUE by STATES and TERRITORIES during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| States and Territories. | Aggregate receipts. | States and Territories. | Aggregate receipts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | \$85, 39833 | New Jersey.......................... | \$3, 477, 22272 |
| Arizona (a) | 2,714 91 | New Mexico........................ | 69,13957 |
| Arkansas'. | 91, 00987 | New York | 13,760, 38410 |
| California | 3, 384, 76595 | North Carolina | 1, 760, 96674 |
| Colorado. | 195, 99950 | Ohio | 13, 520, 26456 |
| Connecticut | 428, 37093 | Oregon | 128,275 08 |
| Dakota (b) | 9, 664 22 | Pennsylvania......................... | 7,888, 70002 |
| Delaware | 210, 32724 | Rhode Island ........................ | 130, 46811 |
| Florida | 178, 56209 | South Carolina. | 93, 89695 |
| Georgia. | 379, 74184 | Tennessee | 1,249,975 96 |
| Idaho (c) | 2, 63411 | Texas.. | 210, 14902 |
| nlinois | 23, 520, 48480 | Utab (e) | 4,560 49 |
| Indiana. | $5,618,512.22$ | Vermont. | 30, 90488 |
| Iowa. | 2, 757, 41653 | Virginia | 3,232, 72610 |
| Kansas | 167, 35137 | Waslington ( $f$ ) | 6,938 73 |
| Kentucky | 18, 583, 17216 | West Virginia | 560.32828 |
| Lonisiana | 560, 18489 | Wisconsin | 2, 993, 75562 |
| Maine | 56,599 19 | W yoming (g) ........... . . . . . . . . . | 1,20268 |
| Maryland.. | 3, 146,49L 15 |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 2, 396, 59005 | Total by States and Terri- |  |
| Michigan | 1, 419, 380.97 | tories .................... | 121,368, 62005 |
| Minnesota | 493, 98205 | Back taxes ander repealed laws |  |
| Mississippi | -50,44953 | that cannot be apportioned |  |
| Missouri.. | 6, 473, 80651 | among the several States and |  |
| Montana | 125,369 68 | Territories. | 221, 41978 |
| Nebraska. Nevada (d) | $\begin{array}{r} 1,515,81643 \\ 3,82720 \end{array}$ | Aggregate receipt | 121,590,039 83 |
| New Hampshire | 390,136 72 | Aggregato recoipts. | 121, 58, 038 |

(a) Consolidated with Ner Mexico, September 5, 1883.
(b) Consolidated with Nebraska, August 20, 1883.
(c) Consolidated with Montana, August 20, 1883 .
(d) Consolidated with the fourth district of California, October 1, 1883.
(e) Consolidated with Montana, August 20, 1883.
( $f$ ) Consolidated with Oregon, September 1, 1883.
(g) Consolidated with Colorado, August 15, 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESEN' FISCAL YEAR.
The following table shows the receipts from the several objects of taxation for the first quarter of the fiscal years 1884 and 1885. A comparison of the receipts for the two periods is also given :


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## COST OF COLLECTION.

The cost of collection for the past fiscal year, distributed among the different items of appropriation, was approximately as follows:

| For salaries and expeuses of collectors, including pay of deputy col-lectors, clerks, $\&$ c.............................................. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| For salaries and expenses of revenue agents, survegors of distilleries, gangers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses. | *2, 4:38,000 00 |
| For stamps, paper, and dies...... ...................................... | 454,311 69 |
| For expenses of detecting aud punishing violations of internal-revenue |  |
| laws................ .......................... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 56,736 57 |
| For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of Commis sioner of Internal Reveụue. | 296, 421.48 |
| Total | 5,100,451 8 |

As compared with a total cost of collection for the year 1883 of $\$ 5,105,957.09$.

The total expenses (including the expenses of this office) will be found. on tinal adjustment, to be a little less than $4 \frac{1}{5}$ per cent. of the amount collected. The diminution of gross receipts could not proportionately affect the cost of collection, as nearly the same force had to be retained.

Owing to the increased number of distilleries in operation during the past year and the largely iucreased amount of spirits withdrawn from warehouse upon payment of tax and for export, all of which required to be gauged, the appropriation for payment of salaries of storekeepers and for fees of gaugers was insufficient, and early in May this office estimated that $\$ 150,000$ more would be needed for this purpose to meet actual expenses accruing during the fiscal year.

This estimate was based upon the records of this office as to the number of these officers on duty and a careful comparison with expeuses of previous months, and an appropriation of the above-named sum was asked for.

In the act of July 7, 1884, making appropriation for deficiencies, $\$ 80,000$ only was appropriated for the above purpose, which was so much less than what was actually needed that most of these officers could be paid only up to the middle of June.

Accounts from over 1,100 of these officers for the last half of the month of June, 1884 , are now on file unpaid, amounting to $\$ 54,600$, and it is known that there are some others yet to be filed, so that at least $\$ 58,000$ will meed to be appropriated for this deficiency, and as so many persons are affected who are in need of this money justly earned, I would ask that the matter be presented to Congress for appropriation at the earliest practicable moment.

## GENERAL CONDITION OF THE SERVICE.

It gives me pleasure to report that the general condition of the service is good, and I am very grateful to the officers of internal revenue throughout the country for their zeal and efficiency.

## MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

The act of Congress approved August 7, 1882, making provision for sundry civil expenses for the year ending June 30 , 1883, required the

[^7]Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Burean of Iuternal Revenue, for which appropriation was made in that act. In accordance with the aforesaid requirement, I subinit the following detailed statement of miscellaneous expeuses incurred:
Express charges on public money ................................................. $\$ 4,23636$

Locks for distilleries..................................................................... 4,707 45 45
Hydrometers for nse in ganging spirits................................................... 7, 374. 51
Ganging rods and saccharometers....... .................................................... 398 25
©oin scales for collectors....................................................................... 7595
Interual Revenue Record for interual revenue officers ........................ 2, 45437
Stationery for internal revenue officers............................................... 16, 26118
Compensatiou of United States attorneys in internal revenne cases, allowed
under sections 827 and $8: 38$ Revised Statutes...................................... 3, 44500
Federal Reporter .............................................................. 1000
Traveling expruses of clerks, \&c., under special orders of the Department. 13525
Expenses of seizures and sales by collectors....................................... 73057
Rent of offices leased by the Secretary of the Treasury for internal revenue
officers second district of New York................................................. 5,00000



## REVENUE AGEN'TS' DIVISION.

The following statement shows the salaries and expenses of revenue agents, expenditures from the appropriation for the discovery of violations of internal revenue laws, illicit stills seized, persons arrested for illicit distilling, casualties to officers and employés in the internal-revenue service, and statement of ordnance and orlnance stores issued to collectors; also a brief statement of work performed by revenue agents.

Thirty-five revenue agents have been employed during the last tiscal year-one as chief of division in this oftice, four employed in examining collectors' accounts, and ten employed in assisting agents in charge of divisions.

By the act of Congress making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Goverument for the fiscal year euding June 30, 1885, approved July 7, 1884, the number of ageuts was reduced from thirty-five to twenty.

One thousand and forty-five violations of internal-revenue law have been reported by agents during the jear, four hundred and thirteen persous have been arrested on their information, property to the value of $\$ 52,531.72$ has been reported by them for seizure, and for assessmeuts for unpaid taxes and penalties the sum of $\$ 103,662.25$ bas been reported by them.

There has been expended from the appropriation for salaries and expenses of revenue agents during the year as follows:


In accordance with the provisions of the act making the appropriation. the following detailed statement of expenditures for detecting and.
bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating internalrevenue Jaws is submitted:

AMOUNTS EXPENDED through COLLECTORS of INTERNAL REFENDE, during the fiscal year 1884.

| Names. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

AMOUNTS EXPENDED through REVENDE AGENTS.

| Name. | Amount. | Name. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brooks, A. H | \$9, 22351 | McLeer, $\mathbf{E}$ | $\$ 93781$ |
| Chapiwan, W. H | 12000 | Neustadtl, F.S | 2, 07231 |
| Clark, A. H. | 1, 52503 | Packard, J. | 1,470 44 |
| Clemen, Gustav | 52800 | Plummer, S | 1,728 20 |
| Crane, A. M | 2,662 49 | Powers, Thomas. | 1,630 35 |
| Donelson, E. V | 8736 | Raum, J. M | 71185 |
| Grimeson, T. J | 1,268 47 | Somerville ${ }_{\text {, }} \mathrm{W}_{\text {II }}$ | 33856 |
| Hale, J. H | 17839 | Thrasher, L. A | 3,35089 |
| Harrison, C. B. | 30060 | Wagner, Jacob | 1,046 76 |
| Kellogg, Horace | 5,69095 | Wilson, G. W | 3,067 44 |
| Knight A A . . | 27785 |  |  |
| Lofland, Johu | 19965 | Total | 40,996 00 |
| McCoy, J. B . | 2,579 09 |  |  |

RECAPITULATION.


AMOUNTS EXPENDED by COLLECTORS and REVENUE AGENTS, APPROPRIATION of 1883, NOT HERETOFORE REPORTED.


Rewards under circular No. 99, appropriation 1883, not beretofore reported, viz, \$1,862.52.
The accounts for expenditures under this appropriation are rendered monthly with an itemized statement, and in all cases supported by proper subvouchers duly sworn to. These accounts pass through all the accounting offices in the Treasury Department, and are filed in the Register's Office.
There is in the hauds of collectors and agents for the enforcement of the laws and the protection of public property the following described ordnance stores, for which they are responsible:


The following statement shows the number of illicit stills seized, persons arrested, and casnalties to officers and employés during the last fiscal year:

| District. | Stills seized. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Secoud Alabama. | 11 |  | 8 |  |
| Arcausas | 3 | 1 | 5 |  |
| Georgia. | 68 | 73 | 801 |  |
| Second Kentucky | 18 8 | 3 | ${ }^{4}$ | $\ldots$ |
| Eighth Kentucky | 33 |  |  |  |
| Sixth Missonri.... |  | 1 |  |  |
| First New York |  | 1 | 1 | ........ |
| Third New York |  |  | 4 | . . .... |
| Fourth North Carolina | 2 |  |  |  |
| Fifth North Carolina | 41 | 1 | 8 | ....... |
| Sixth North Carolina ....... | 45 | 10 |  |  |
| Twenty-second Pennsylvania | 1 |  |  |  |
| Sonth Carolina | 11 | 3 | 18 |  |
| Second Tennessee | 14 |  | ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| Fifth Tennessee | 13 | 1 | 14 |  |
| Fourth Texas | 1 | 1 |  | . |
| Vermont ${ }^{\text {Fourth Virginia }}$ |  | 3 |  |  |
| West Virginia. | 3 | 2 | 6 |  |
| Third Wisconsin |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| - Total | 275 | 102 | 902 | 1 |

Statement of the number of stills seized and casualties to officers and emplorés engaged in the suppression of illicit distillation for the last six years:

|  | 1878. | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. | 1852. | 1883. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stills seized.... ........ ........... |  | 1,319 | 969 | 756 | 464 | 397 |
| Officers and euploses killed. | 8 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Officers and employés wounded. | 17 | 19 | 7 | 9 | 1 |  |

Strong representations " ere made in vain to Congress at its last session against the policy of reducing the force of revenne agents below the number of thirty-five fixed in the Revised Statutes. Only twenty can now be lawfully employed. With one necessarily on duty in Washington, and at least three others engaged in the work of examining the offices and accounts of collectors, ouly sixteen are left to watch over the general couduct of the ssstem throughout the country and detect or prevent frauds upon the revenue.

This leaves too many avenues for fraud exposed, and I fear will result in much injury. It is difficult for any one man efficiently to do the work belonging to a revenue agent in a territory embracing sometimes three or more States and never less than two.

## OFFERS IN COMPROMISE.

The following statement shows the number of offers received and accepted in compromise cases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, with amount of tax, assessed penalty, and specific penalty accepted, as provided under section 3229, Revised Statntes:

|  | Months. | Compromise offers- |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A mount of spe. } \\ & \text { cific penalty. } \end{aligned}$ | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { W. } \\ & \text { 2 } \\ & \text { U. } \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| July |  | 40 | 27 | \$364 67 |  | \$340 00 | \$704 67 |
| August |  | 26 | 14 | 82195 |  | 28009 | 1, 10204 |
| September |  | 35 | 2 |  |  | 3500 | 3500 |
| October.... |  | 40 | 15 | 73,819 40 | \$7 16 | 1,239 12 | 75, 06568 |
| November |  | 34 | 54 | 84621 | 11627 | 1, 27995 | 2,242 43 |
| December. |  | 51 | . 68 | 30,887 70 | 600 | 1, 86174 | 32,755 44 |
| January |  | 43 | 53 | 66,576 61 | 4514 | 1,551 05 | 68,172 80 |
| February |  | 44 | 54 | 5,71284 | 2083 | 2, 44397 | 8, 177-64 |
| March ... |  | 43 | 31 | .1, 71904 | 26776 | 1, 81000 | 3,79680 |
| April |  | 37 | 59 | 2500 |  | 1.858 02 | $8 \mathrm{S3} 02$ |
| May |  | 36 | 52 | 46837 | 6250 | 3, 03687 | 3, 56774 |
| June |  | 25 | 88 | 30332 | 5208 | 3,590 00 | 3,945 40 |
| Total |  | 454 | 517 | 181, 54511 | 577.74 | 18, 32\% 81 | 200,44866 |

[^8]STATEMENT of CASES COMPROMISED, under section 3249 Revised Statutes, for the quarter ending September 30, 1884.
[The number received and settled and amounts received therefor.]

| ! | Fjrst quarter. | Compromise cases- |  | Tax. | Specific penalty. | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Received. | 'Accepted. |  |  | 1 |
|  | 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| July |  | 29 | 28 | \$255 25 | \$835 15 | \$1,090 40 |
| August. |  | 36 | 37 | $833{ }^{*}$ | 995.57 | 1, 003.90 |
| September. |  | 32 | 17 | 27728 | 2,038 33 | 2,315`61 |
| Total |  |  |  | 54086 | 3,869 05 | 4, 40991 |

## ABSTRAGT OF SEIZURES.

Seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, were as follows:


ABSTRACT of SEIZURES of PROPERTY for VJOLATION of INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS, for the quarter ending September 30, 1884.

| States and Territories. | Distilled spirits. |  | Cigars. |  | Tobacco. |  | Miscellaneous. property. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Number. | Value. | Pounds. | Value. | Value. |
|  |  | \$690 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Arkansas | 42. | 4200 | 1,800 | \$13 00 | 32 | \$7 75 | - 4000 |
| California . . . . . . . . . . . | 18 | 3600 | 312, 050 | 2,000 00 |  |  | 1, 00300 |
| Georgia | 714 | 50300 |  |  |  |  | 1,41400 |
| Illinois | 30 | 3000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentuck | 42. | 7400 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 27500 |
| Louisiana ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20000 |
| Maryland |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10500 |
| Michigan. |  |  | 1200 | 1200 |  |  |  |
| Mississippi............ |  |  |  |  | - 56 | 3700 |  |
| New York ........... | 10 | 10 | 135, 800 | 1,394 00 | 6,670 | 64800 | 2,76000 |
| North Carolina ....... | 206 | 80 |  |  | 2,456 | 38900 | 1,673 00 |
| Ohio |  |  | 6,150 | 20000 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania |  |  | 71, 776 | 74700 | 295 | 7000 | 2,628 00 |
| South Cavolina | 213 | 213 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32500 |
| Virginia. | 204 | 204 |  |  |  |  | 15800 |
| West Virginia |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6500 |
| Wisconsin .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 400 |
| Total | 2, 169 | 1, 88200 | 527, 776 | 4, 16600 | 9, 509 | 1,151 75 | 10,920 00 |

The following is an abstract of reports of district attorneys for the fiscal year 1884 of internal-revenue suits pending, commenced, and disposed of:

| - - | Number of criminal actions. | Number of civilactions in perso. nam. | Number of actions in rem. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Suits pending July 1, 1883 | 2,700 | 425 | 102 | 3,227 |
| Suits commenced during fiscal year $1884 . .$. | 4,702 | - 249 | 26 | 4,977 |
| Suits decided in faror of the United States: <br> Judgments and côsts paid |  |  |  |  |
| - Judgments and costs paid ............................. | 580 2,309 | 77 | 10 | 667 2,386 |
|  |  |  |  | 3, 053 |
| Suits settled by compromise. | 192 | 26 | 17 | 235 |
| Suits decided against the United States ....... ..... | 592 | 33 | 16 | 641 |
| Suits dismissed, sbandoned, and consolidated, \&c.... | 1,239 | 109 | 23 | 1,371 |
| Suits pending July 1, 1884 ............................. | 2,490 | 354 | 60 | 2,904 |
| Suits wherein sentence is suspended................... | $9 \% 1$ |  |  | 921 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fines, \&c. | Principal. | Costs. | Total. |
| Amonnt of judgments recovered and costs taxed in criminal actions | \$137, 32449 |  | \$113, 19996 | \$250, 52445 |
| Amount of judgnents recovered and costs taxed in civil actions in personam |  | \$166,467 29 | 6,178 77 | 172,646 06 |
| Amount of judgments recovered and costs taxed in actions in rem |  | 4,046 31 | 1,638 66 | 5,684 97 |
| Amount paid to collectors in criminal actions. | 19,821 71 |  | 28, 40553 | 48,22724 |
| Amonnt paid to collectors in civil actions in personam. |  | 97.60533 | 2,947 42 | 100, 55275 |
| Amount paid to collectors in actions in rem. |  | 4,598 04 | 1, 23031 | 5,828 35 |

## ESTIMATED EXPENSES FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

## I estimate the expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, as follows:



SCALE OF SALARIES OF COLLECTORS.
The recommendations made for the salaries of collectors for the fiscal year ending June 30,1885 , are based upon an estimate of their probable collections according to the following scale, with the qualification that if the actual collections should vary from the amounts estimated the salaries will be readjusted at the eud of the fiscal year:

| For collection of- | Salary | For collection of- | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25,000 or less. | \%. \$2, 000. | \$375,0¢1 to $\$ 425,000$. | \$3,375 |
| 25,001 to \$37,500. | 2,125 | 425,001 to 475,000 .. | 3, 500 |
| 37,501 to 50,000 | 2,250 | 475,001 to 550,000. | 3,625 |
| 50,001 to 75,000 | 2,375 | 550.001 to 625,000 | 3,750 |
| 75,001 to 100,000 | 2,500 | 625,001 to 700,000 . | 3,875 |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 2,625 | 700,001 to 775,000 . | 4,000 |
| 125,001 to 175,000 | 2,750 | 775,001 to 850,000 . | 4,125 |
| 175,001 to 225,000 | 2,875 | 850,001 to 925,000 | 4,250 |
| 225,001 to 275,000 | 3,000 | 925,001 to 1,000,000 | 4,375 |
| 275,001 to 325,000 | 3,125 | 1,000,001 and upward. | 4,500 |
| .325,001 to 375,000 | 3,250 | 1,00,001 and |  |

## EXAMINATTION OF COLLECTORS' OFFICES.

The examination of the accounts of collectors has been continued during the past year with gratifying results.

## OFFICIAL FORCE.

The force convected with this bureau during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1884, in the various districts throughout the United States, as reorganized under the Executive order of June 25, 1884, as modified, was 84 collectors, who received per aunum salaries as follows:


There were also employed during the year 1,001 deputy collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. |  | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22. | \$2, 000 | 6. |  | \$950 |
| 11. | 1,900 |  |  | 900 |
| 34 | 1,800 | 6. |  | 850 |
| 1. | 1,750 | 26 |  | 800 |
| 10. | 1,700 | 17 |  | 700 |
|  | 1,600 | 1. |  | 660 |
| 3. | 1,550 | 11 |  | 600 |
| ${ }_{9}$ | 1,500 | 15 |  |  |
| 134 | 1,400 | 1. |  | 460 450 |
| 1. | 1,350 | 2 |  | 425 |
| 44. | 1,300 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 400 |
| 3. | 1,250 | 1. |  | 360 |
| 160 | 1,200 | ${ }_{3}^{23}$ |  | 300 |
| 157 | 1,100 | 7. |  | 200 |
| 2. | 1,050 | 1. |  | 150 |
| 1. | 1,025 | 3. |  | 120 |
|  | ${ }^{1,000}$ |  |  | 100 60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Also 192 clerks, messengers, and janitors, who received per anuum salaries as follows:


The force now connected with this Bureau in the varions districts throughout the United States is 85 collectors, who receive per anmm salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32. | \$4, 500 |  | \$3,250 |
| 2 | 4,250 | 1. | 3, 125 |
| 5. | 4, 000 |  | 3, 000 |
| 1. | 3,875 | 11 | 2, 875 |
| 3. | 3,625 | 2. | 2,625 |
| 2. | 3,500 | 4. | 2, 500 |
| 3....................... | 3,375 |  | 2, 125 |

There are also now employed 956 deputy collectors, who receive per annum salaries as follows:


Also 180 clerks, messengers, and janitors, who receive per anuum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary.' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | \$1,800 | 30. | \$1, 000 |
| 2. | 1,600 | 33. | 900 |
| 3 | 1,500 | 14. | 800 |
| 9 | 1,400 |  | 750 |
| 1. | 1,350 | 1. | 720 |
| 4 | 1,300 |  | 700 |
| 1. | 1,250 | 2. | - 650 |
| 31 | 1,200 | 13. | 600 |
|  | 1,150 1,100 |  | 500 300 |
|  | 1,100 |  | 300 |

There are also employed 800 gaugers, who receive fees not to exceed $\$ 5$ per diem; 1,104 storekeepers and gaugers and 659 storekeepers, whose pay does not exceed $\$ 4$ per diem (all the foregoing officers are paid only when actually employed); 36 tobacco inspectors, who receive fees to be paid by the manufacturers, and 7 distillery surveyors.

The appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30,1885 , contained the provision that storekeepers or storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries whose registered capacity is 20 bushels or less shall receive $\$ 2$ per day for their services. In view of this provision it
was deemed best to grade the pay of all officers of the classes named according to the capacity of the distilleries to which they may be assigued, and the following scale has been adopted for those assigued to distilleries of a daily capacity of more than 20 bushels :

Compensation for storekeepers and gaugers and storekeepers assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 20 bushels and not exceeding 40 bushels, $\$ 3$ per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 40 bushels and not exceeding 60 bushels, $\$ 3.50$ per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 60 bnshels, $\$ 4$ per day. I have done this because of the apparent incongruity of paying storekeepers $\$ 4$ per day if assigned to 21 bushel distilleries, when they would be paid only two dollars per day if assigned to distilleries baving a daily capacity of 20 bushels or less. And I may report that it will probably be very difticult in some localities to get suitable persous to accept assignments to distilleries where the pay is onl'y two dollars.

## CONDITION OF JHE OFFICE.

My thanks are due to the officers, clerks, and employés of the Burean in Washington for faithful and efficient work during the year. The business of the office is well up to date and progressing satisfactorily.

## REPORT OF WORK PERFORMED.

The work performed by the different divisions of the office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, is shown by the following statement:

DIVISION OF LAW.
Offers in compromise briefed ..... 507
Opinions prepared ..... 498
Offers in compromise acted upou ..... 528
Reward claims acted upon ..... 50
Railroad cases adjusted ..... 14
Reports of suits and prosecutions. ..... 4,967
Claims for surplus proceeds of lands sold for direct taxes examined and disposed of ..... 163
Claims for surplus proceeds of lands sold for direct taxes allowed by the Secretary of the Treasury and paid ..... 31
Amount paid in settlement, of direct-tax claims ..... $\$ 15,15050$
Claims for purchase money examined and acted upon ..... 6
Claims for abatement of taxes disposed of ..... 2,286
Orders for abatement of taxes issued ..... $3 \% 1$
Amonnt of abatement claims allowed (uncollectible) ..... \$276, 42435
Amount of abatement claims allowed (erroneons assessment) ..... \$787,361 15
Amoint of abatement claims rejected (uncollectible) ..... $\$ 9,17288$
Amount of abatement claims rejected (assessment clained to be crro- neous) ..... $\$ 324,29671$
Claims for refunding of taxes clisposed of ..... 180
Amount of refunding claims allowed ..... $\$ 50,150 \quad 12$
Amonat of refunding claims rejected ..... \$39, 43568
Number of rebate claims allowed ..... 44, 893
Amount of rebate claims allowed ..... $\$ 3,485,41457$
Stamip orders for payment of relate claims issued ..... 940
Amonnt of stamp orders issued ..... \$149,31190.
DIVISION OF DISTIGLED SPIRITS.
Returns and reports relating to distilled spirits examined and dis posed of ..... 267, 747
Returns and reports relating to fermented liquors examined and dis- posed of ..... 29, 066 ment furnished ..... 16,340
Locks examined and issued ..... 2,454
Hydrometer sets, stems, cups, and thermometers tested and issued ..... 2,645
Gauging-rods examined and issued ..... 136
Wantage-rods examined and issued ..... 133
division of tobacco.
Reports relating to tobacco examined and disposed of ..... 849
Reporta relating to cigars examined and disposed of ..... 7,522
Abatement and refunding claims andited ..... 45
Rebate claims audited. ..... 5,750
DIVISION OF STAMPS.
Sheets of stamps received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and conuted

28,315, 800

Collectors' orders and requisitions filled
Packages of stamps mailed
5, 452

Brewers' permits issued. 105, 600
Books of stamps returned by collectors received and counted ....... . . 45, 467
Stamps and coupons returned by collectors received and counted.
Stubs examined
51, 650,599
11,765,655
31, 119
Claims for redemption of stamps examined
Claims for redemption of stamps allowed and referred to lifth Auditor

7, 708
5,899
636
Claims for redemption of stamps rejected 694
Tax-paid and special-tax stamps examined and checked on claims 66 and 66

76, 836

Stamps for which aliowance has been made counted
Packages of check stamps canceled and returned
Stamps canceled and returned 17,852, 464

2,944
Reports examined and disposed o $10,379,459$

29, 110
Statements of accounts made..................................................
Names of persons copied from special-tax stubs reported to assessment division as liable to assessment462ment division as liable to assessment

13, 777
Packages received by express recorded and distributed ................... $\quad 4,599$
Packages received by registered mail recorded and distributed.......
Value of stamps received from Bureau of Eugraving and Printing...
$\$ 143,940,660$
67
Value of stamps received from Bureau of Eugraving and Printing.... $\$ 143,940,66067$
Value of stamps issned to collectors........................................ $\$ 138,879,70975$
Value of stamps.destroyed:
Value of stamps forwarded to Fifth Anditor as vouchers in collectors' accounts
Value of claims for redemption of stamps allowed
13, 163,319 39 \$375,049 28
Value of claims on Formes 66 and $66 a$ allowed 2,720, 82975
Value of check stamps canceled and returned \$207,589 18
Value of check stamps destroyed

## DIVIBION OF ASSESSMENTE,

| Reports relating to assessments examined and disposed of | 16,273 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reports relating to bonded accounts examined and disposed of | 498,366 |
| Reports and vouchers relating to exportations examined and disposed of $\qquad$ | 109, 118 |
| Claims for drawback disposed of....... ............. .................... | 1,090 |
| division or accounts. |  |
| Weekly reports examined and disposed of | 3,782 |
| Monthly reports examined and disposed of | 18,528 |
| Quarterly reports examined and disposed of | 472 |
| Miscellaneous accounts examined and disposed of ................... | 590 |
| Final accounts of collectors referred for settlement .................. | 89 |
| Certificates of deposit for internal revenue collections recorded | 30,006 |
| Amounting to...... ..................... \$121, 677, 73791 |  |
| Certificates of deposit to credit of Secretary ...... | 520 |
| Amounting to............................... ${ }^{\text {. }}$. 219,46109 |  |

Drafts mailed to collectors for gaugers' fees and expenses ..... 7,962Drafts mailed to collectors for transfer of specialdeposits295
Drafts mailed to collectors for compromise offers returned ..... 56
Amounting to 10,81368
Drafts mailed to collectors for expenses of office ..... 1. 103
Collectors' monthly reports of taxes, \&c., consolidated into yearly statements ..... 1; 457
Consolidated statements of monthly reports of taxes, \&c., recorted.. ..... 136 ..... 136
division of revenue agents.
Reports of revenue agents disposed of ..... 2,135
Reports of collectors relative to illicit spirits disposed of ..... 128
Acconnts of revenue agents examined ..... 829
Miscellaneons expense acconnts examined ..... '259
Transcripts of books of leaf-tobacco dealers examined and abstracted. ..... 3, 305
Quarterly returns of ordnance aud ordnance stores in hands of col- lectors examined ..... 76
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' offices ex- amined and recotded ..... 176
Reports of collectors of seizures of illicit stills, form 162, examined and recorded ..... 275
Reports of revenne agents of seizures, \&c., Form 170, examined and recorded ..... 254
DIVISION OF APPOINTMENTS, RECORDS, AND FILES.
Commissions of collectors recorded, collectors notified, and blạnk bonds prepared ..... 71
Bonds of collectors and disbursing agents recorded ..... 110
Commissions of gaugers, storekeepers and gangers, storekeepers and tobacco inspectors recorded, and appointees notified ..... 497
Bonds of subordinate officers examined and recorded ..... 548
Assignments of storekèepers, storekeepers and gaugers, and guagers recorded ..... 9,877
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' offices ex- amined and acted upon ..... 227
Letters for entire Bureau received and registered ..... 54, 378
Letters briefed and filed ..... 32, 755
Press copies of letters mailed, registered, and arranged for reference. ..... 59, 646
Pages of press-copy letters copied in record books, indexed, and com- pared ..... 17,964
Pages letter and cap paper copied, compared, and registered ..... 18, 627
Orders for press copies for reference ..... 3, 617
Envelopes and labels addressed for circulars and blanks ..... 5, 442
Unrecorded press-copy books paged and indexed ( 1000 pages each).. ..... 60
Pages blank books ruled and headings written ..... 5, 340
Rebate claims checked and compared ..... 29, 833
Rebate claims scbeduled ..... $4 \times, 845$
Blank forms prepared and issued ..... 8,016,470
Blank books issued ..... 13,997
SALARIES.I have the honor to recommend that Congress appropriate for thefiscal year ending June 30,1886 , the sum of $\$ 294,590$ as salaries for thefollowing officers, clerks, and employés in this Bureau:
One commissioner, at ..... $\$ 6,000$
One deputy commissioner, at ..... 3,500
Two beads of division, at ..... 2,500
Five heads of division, at ................... ..... 2,200
2,000
One stenographer, at ..... 1,800
Twenty-four clerks, at ..... $\$ 1,800$
Twenty-five clerks, at ..... 1, 600
Thirty-four clerks, at ..... 1, 400
Twenty-four clerks, at ..... 1, 200
Fourteen clerks, at ..... , 000.
Seventy-uine clerks, at ..... 900
Two messengers, at ..... 840
Fourteen assistant messengers, at ..... 720
Thirteen laborers, at ..... 660
An aggregate of 240 persons.

I also recommend the appropriation of the sum of $\$ 2,500$ as salaries for one stamp agent, at $\$ 1,600$, and one counter, at $\$ 900$, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers as provided by the act of August 5, 1882.

## NU̇MBER AND VALUE OF STAMPS ISSUED.

STATEMENT of the NOMBER, KIND, and VALUE of INTERNAL-REVENUE S'TAMPS ISSUED to COLLECTORS, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Denomination. | Number. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stamps for distilled spirits, tax-paid | 1, 737, 450 | \$82, 869, 34500 |
| Stamps for distilled spirits, other than tax-paid. | 4, 100,900 | 20,560 00 |
| Stamps for tobacco and snuff | 291, 428, 084 | 16, 907, 64810 |
| Stamps for cigars and cigarettes | 122. 487, 838 | 10, 874, 75465 |
| Stamps for fermented liquors and brewers' permits | 62, 381, 520 | 19, 191, 74000 |
| Stamps for special taxcs | 848, 020 | 9, 015, 66200 |
| Stamps for documents and proprietary articles | 9,537 | - 20925 |
| Total | 482, 993, 349 | 138,879,919 00. |

## CANCELLATION OF STAMPS.

The work of canceling and redeeming stamps imprinted upon checks and returuing the same to claimants was suspended in November, 1883, because the appropriation of the Burean of Engraving and Printing would not justify that burean in any longer continuing the work, as fully explained in my last annual report. This left quite a number of stamps on hand accompanying claims which were received prior to July 31, 1883, uncanceled, and many were received thereafter with the request for cancellation. The attention of Congress was callerl to the subject, and the necessary appropriation was made by an act approved February 14, 1884, and on the 25th of February the cancellation of stamps was resumed. There were employed in February 65, in March 73, in April 88, in May 20, in Juve 12, in July 16, in August 9, and for thirteen days in September 7 persons. The increase or diminution of the force during this time was cansed by the increase or diminution of the work, and all claims for cancellation, with the exception of about half a dozen, were completed on the 13th of September, 1884.

The amount expended from the appropriation above referred to during this time was as follows:
Bureau of Engraving and Printing reimbursed................................... $\$ 8,13762$
Employés during-
Febrиагу . ............................................................................... 60800
March ........................................................................................ 3,46788
April ........................................................................................ 4, 22885


July ....................................................................................... . . . . . 65400
Angust . ...................................... .......................................... 35400
To September $13 \ldots .$. ..................................................................... 14400
iTotal.................................................................................... 19,05235
leaving. a balance of the appropriation unexpended at this date of $\$ 947.65$.
Two thousand nine hundred and forty-four packages of stamps, amounting to $\$ 207,589.18$ in value, were canceled and returned, and stamps amounting to $\$ 149,460.10$ were redeemed and destroyed, waking the total value of stamps redeemed $\$ 357,049.28$. There remain on band at this date about 1,200 packages, and it is quite probable that the greater portion of this number will be rejected unless the necessary proof is promptly furnished. All of these claimants have been notified, some of them repeatedly, of what was necessary for them to do to perfect their claims.

Packages of check-stamps are being received daily for redemption and are being counted and disposed of as current work by the regular official force. Where the claims are perfect the stamps are destroyed and the claim allowed; otherwise, the stamps are held and the claimants informed what evidence is necessary before their claims can be further considered. In many cases parties are unable to give the date of purchase from the Government of adhesive stamps, or the date of imprinting upon checks by the Graphic Company, and as the act of March 1, 1879 , requires tbat stamps should be presented withiu three years from the date of purchase or imprinting as above stated, it is impracticable to dispose of these claims save by rejection. With exception of such cases as are herein referred to, the work in connection with this branch of the service is disposed of as current work by the regular force of the office.

## MANUFACTURE OF PAPER.

During the present fiscal year, after due advertisement for proposals', a coutract has been entered into with the Fairchild Paper Company, of Boston, Mass., for the manufacture of abont 450,000 pounds of paper for (printing) internal-revenue stamps. The rate to be paid under the contract is $8 \frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound. The work of manufacturing the paper was comrenced on the 21st of July, 1884, and is still in progress. Should the business of the country demand a larger number of stamps during the present fiscal year than during the last, as now seems quite likely to be the case, the quantity of paper to be manufactured will be increased.

## PRODUCTION OF STAMPS.

During the last fiscal year all internal-revenue stanns liave been produced by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, except stamps imprinted apon foil wrappers for tobaeco, which bave been printed by Johil J. Crooke, of New York.

The sundry civil bill for the year ending June 30,1885 , as it originally passed the House, is as follows:

For paper and stamps, four hundred and ten thousand dollars; the engraving and priuting of said stamps to be done ia the Burean of Engraving and Printing of the Treasury Department, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That the cost of doing it there shall not hereafter exceed what it shall be found, after an advertisement for proposals, it would cost to have it done else where.

The proviso was stricken out in the Senate. The act as finally passed reads as follows:

For paper and stamps for the Burean of Internal Revenue, four hundred and ten thousand dollars; the engraving and printing of said stamps to be done in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the Treasury Department, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

It was the evident purpose of the House of Representatives at the time of its first action upon the bill to allow internal revenue stamps to be engraved and imprinted elsewhere than in the Burean of Engrav-
ing and Printing, if the work could be done elsewhere at less expense to the Government ; but the action of the Senate and the act itself as finally passed seem to indicate a purpose to allow no competition with that bureau. This subject is mentioned only for the purpose of calling attention to the following provision in the act making appropriation for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885 :

For one stamp agent, at sixteen hundred dollars, and one counter, at nine bundred dollars; in all tweoty-five hundred dollars, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers.

This is the appropriation hitherto made each year for payment of the stamp agent and counter stationed at the place in New York where stamps are imprinted on tin-foil wrappers. It was clearly designed to meet that expense and no other, for there is no other similar expense to be met.

When the bill of Mr. Crooke for the month of July reached the office of the First Comptroller, he decided that no payment could be made him for work of this character, for the reason that the act above referred to required that all printing under the appropriation should be done at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. In view of the great practical importance of the question to persons using foil-wriappers, a letter was addressed to the honorable Secretary of the Treasury on the $23 d$ of August last, setting forth the above facts, with others, and requesting him to submit to the Attorney-General for his opinion whether the restriction of the statute was not upon the expenditure of the appropriation rather than upon the place of manufacture of the stamps, and whether this office could legally cause them to be prepared elsewhere than in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, provided such preparation was without expense to the Government. The matter was submitted to the Attorney-General by the honorable Secretary, and under date of the 16th of September last he transmitted his opinion in writing to the effect that the Commissioner of Internal Reveuue is authorized to have stamps imprinted upon foil-wrappers for the payment of tax upon tobacco elsewhere than in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, provided that the United States are at no expense thereabout, \&c.

A contract will be made with John J. Crooke, of New York City, for the imprinting of stanjs upon foil-wrappers without charge to the Government, he receiving such remuneration from manufacturers of tobacco as may be agreed upon between them, and he reimbursing to the Govermment the salaries of one stamp agent and one counter, amounting to $\$ 2,500$ per annum.

One reason why this work cannot well be done by the Burean of Engraving and Printing is that the process of imprinting upou foil is a patent process, and another that a great majority of manufacturers who use the foil-wrapper with the stamp imprinted as aforesaid have their manufactories in the vicinity of New York and would be subjected to much additional expeuse in the way of freights, should the foil be shipped here to be impriuted and then returned to them, besides the risk of injury to the wrappers in trausitu.

## TOBACCO.

The internal-revenue taxes collected from tobacco during the fiscal year ended June 30,1884 , aggregated $\$ 26,062,399.98$. This amount includes taxes imposed on domestic; and imported manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, and all special taxes paid by-manufacturers and dealers in tobacco.

The collections from the same sources made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1s83, were $\$ 42,104,249.79$, and during the fiscal ended June 30, 1882, were $\$ 47,391,988.91$.

The collections made during the last fiscal year were nearly all under the rates of tax prescribed by the act of March 3, 1883. Those made during the fiscal year ended June 30,1883 , were partly under those rates of tax and partly under the rates of tax prescribed by previons acts. Those made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, were under the rates of tax in force prior to the time when the act of March 3, 1883, took effect.

It will be observed, by comparing the receipts for the last fiscal year with those for the fiscal year inmediately preceding it, that the decrease of revenue from tobacco was $\$ 16,041,349.81$, and by comparing those receipts with the receipts for the iscal year ended June 30, 1882, that the decrease was $\$ 21,3 \pm 9,588.93$. This last comparison more nearly shows the effect of the reduction of the tax on tobacco uuder the act of March 3, 1883. For the collections of those two fiscal years were made under the different rates of tax.

Bat this comparison is not complete, owing to the fact that the production of tobacco, suuff, and cigars for the last fiscal year shows a large increase over the production for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, as will be more clearly seen from the following comparative statements :

|  | Year. | Pounds tobacco and snuff. | Number cigars and cigarettes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1884 . \\ & 1882 . \end{aligned}$ |  | 184, 833, 667 | 4, 451,643 225 |
|  |  | 172, 153, 816 | 3, 662, 973, 076 |
|  |  | 12,679 $\mathrm{p}_{\text {¢ }} 851$ | 788, 670, 149 |

## RECEIPIS FROM TOBACCO AND SNUFF.



Of this decrease $\$ 8,648,355.12$ was on chewing and smoking tobacco, and $\$ 287,811.24$ on snuff.

## RECEIP'TS FROM CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

| Cigars tased at $\$ 3$ per | \$10,364,908 83 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cigars taxed at \$ 6 per thousaud | 3,896 44 |
| Cigarettes taxed at 50 cents per thousa | 453,972 57 |
| Cigarettes taxed at \$1.75 per thousand | 43 |
| Cigarettes taxed at $\$^{3}$ per thousand | 43 |
| Total for year ended June 30, 1884 | 10,823,214 28 |
| 'Total for year ended June 30, 18 | 17, 825, 18988 |
| Decrease in collections from cigars | 7,001,975 60 |

Of this decrease $\$ 6,526,409 . \mathrm{N} 8$ was on cigars, and $\$ 475,565.72$ on cigarettes.

5022 F—— 7

## OTHER COLLECTIONS.



No export stamps were sold during fiscal year ended June 30, 1884; during. previous year sales were $\$ 876$.

## PRODUCTION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

The production of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, as shown from the several quantities removed for consumption on payment of tax, together with the quantities removed in bond for export, is as follows:

## TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

## Pounds.

7,174
Tobacco taxed at 16 cents per pound
$168,586,245$
Tobacco taxed at 8 cents per pound $5,602,643$
Snuff taxed at 8 cents per pound

Total apparent production ...................................................... $\overline{184,833,667}$
Total apparent production year ended June 30, 1883.......................... 181, 313, 313
Total increase of production .................................................................. 3,520,354
This entire increase, together with the excess of the quantity exported in 1883 over that in 1884 , being 314,152 pounds, was put ou the market for cousumption.

## CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Number.

| Cigars and cheroots taxed at $\$ 3$ per thousand | 3,454, 969, 610 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cigars and cheroots taxed at $\$ 6$ per thousand | 649, 407 |
| Cigarettes taxed at 50 cents per thousand. | 907, 945, 140 |
| Cigarettes taxed at $\$ 1.75$ per thousand. | 246 |
| Cigarettes taxed at \$3 per thousand | 145, 337 |
| Total number removed for consumption | 4, 363, 709, 740 |
| Cigars removed in bond for export. | 1,690, 000 |
| Cigarettes removed in bond for export | 86, 243, 485 |
| Total product for fiscal year 1884 | 4, 451, 643, 225 |
| Total product for fiscal year 1883 | 3, 947, 572, 080 |
| Total increase of production | 504, 071, 145 |

Of this increase $495,799,095$ were removed for consumption, and 8,272,250 were exported.

## SPECIAL TAX COLLECTIONS.

The following statement shows the number of persons and firms who paid special taxes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, as manufacturers, dealers, and peddlers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars, and leaf dealers:
Manufacturers of tobacco, including snuff ..... 852
Manufacturers of cigars, including cigarettes ..... 16, 326
Dealers in manufactured tobacco ..... 473, 465
Dealers in leaf tobacco ..... 4, 623
Peddlers of manufactured tobacco ..... 1,587
Total number of special tax payers ..... 496, 853

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' ACCOUNTS REPORTED, the NUMBER of CIGARS and CIGARETTES REPORTED MANUFACTORED, during the calendar year 1883, and the Q UANTITY of TOBACCO OSED THEREIN.

| State or 'Territory. | Number of accounts reported | Number of pounds of tobaceo used. | Number of cigars reported manafactured. | Namber of cigarettes reported manufactured. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | 28 | 41,426. | 1,787,525 |  |
| Arkansas. | 21 | 32, 174 | 1, 526, 840 |  |
| California | 323 | 3, 529, 126 | 151, 245, 386 | 3, 372, 470 |
| Colorado. | 50 | 55, 272 | 2, 248, 853 |  |
| Connecticut | 306 | 744, 695 | 32, 185, 670 |  |
| Delaware | 45 | 100,594 | 4, 207, 617 |  |
| Floridá | 172 | 1, 052, 269 | 45, 830, 025 | 377, 690 |
| Georgia: | 44 | 86,550 | 3, 068, 777 |  |
| Illinois. | 1,151 | 3, 771, 545 | 161, 792, 389 |  |
| Indiana | 368 | 992, 195 | 40, 843, 145 |  |
| Iowa.. | 276 | 944, 651 | 41, 663, 027 |  |
| Kansas | 129 | 341, 515 | 14, 322, 840 |  |
| Kentucky | 227 | 802,902 | . $35,115,017$ |  |
| Louisiana | 178 | 961, 189 | 38, 664,420 | 14, 345, 650 |
| Maine | 55 707 | 104,373 | $4,302,434$ $95,584,569$ |  |
| Maryland... | 707 | 2, 511, 826 | 95, 584,569 | $\begin{array}{r} 74,129,828 \\ 706,840 \end{array}$ |
| Massachuse | 526 515 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,953,691 \\ 2.83,897 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,731,893 \\ & 90.262096 \end{aligned}$ | 706, 840 |
| Minnesota | 121 | 2, 557, 191 | 24, 107, 974 |  |
| Mississippi | 2 | 493 | 9, 9,400 |  |
| Missouri.. | 573 | 1,430, 188 | 62,233, 920 | 4, 547, 700 |
| Montana | 7 | 13,174 | 549,450 |  |
| Nebraska. | 120 | 265, 961 | 11, 385, 900 |  |
| New Hampshi | 37 | 83, 824 | 3, 964, 690 |  |
| New Jersey | 761 | 1,415,343 | 80, 969, 166 | 159,500 |
| New York. | 4;086 | 27, 645, 275 | 1, 109, 767 , 333 | 583, 580, 306 |
| North Carolina |  | $\begin{array}{r} 161,882 \\ \text { 6. } 586.454 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,988,150 \\ 284 . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 45, 261, 520 |
| Ohio ........ | 1,434-14 | $\begin{array}{r}6,586,454 \\ 30,838 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 284, 002, 069 |  |
| Oregon | 4,102 | 30,838 $14,842,381$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,242,385 \\ 657,436,573 \end{array}$ | 423, 980 |
| Rhode Island | 65 | 184, 852 | 8, 367, 720 |  |
| South Carolin | 18 | 26,930 | 1, 153, 175 |  |
| Tennessee | 36 | 78,390 | 3, 517, 960 |  |
| Texas. | 59 | 108,650 | $4,5 E 2,900$ | 230, 620 |
| Vermont. | 21 | 78,892 | 3, 712, 294 |  |
| - Tirginia | 153 | 922, 332 | 29, 331, 753 | 116, 846, 245 |
| West Virgin | 110 | 872,216 1690 | 43,478, 300 |  |
| Wisconsin | 53 | 1,690,155 | -72, 664, 651 |  |

RECAPITU்LATION.
Namber of accounts reported on Form 144
Number of pounds of leaf tobacco used
Number of cigars reported manufactured.....

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of TOBACCO HACTORIES in EACH STATE, the AGGREGATE QUANTITIES of LEAE TOBACCO and OTHER $M A T E R I A L S$ USED, and the $A G G R E G A T E$ QUANTITIES of the DIFFERENT KINLS of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODOCED, during the calendar year ended December 31, 1883, together with a STATEMENT of the QDANTITY of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO ON HAND at the COMMENCEMENT and at the CLOSE of the year, the QUANTITY to be ACCOUNTED FOR, the QUANTITY REMOFED IN BOND FOR EXPORT, the TOTAL SALES REPORTED, and the AMOUNT of TAXES PAID.


STATEMENT of the NUMBER of TOBACCO FACTORIES in EACH STATE, fc.-Contimued.


## DIRECT TAX.

## CLAIMS FOR SURPLUS.

The act of March 3, 1883 ( 22 Stat., 595), authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to canse to be audited by the proper accounting officers' of the Treasury and paid the claims of the original owners of lands which were sold for non-payment of United States direct taxes, for the surplus proceeds of the same, under section 36 of the act of August 5, 1861, as interpreted by the Supreme Court in United States $v$. Taylor ( 104 United States Reports, 216), and for such purpose the sum of $\$ 190,000$, or so much thereof as might be necessary, was appropriated.

The whole number of claims which have been presented under this act is 308 , representing 380 pieces of property.

Thirty-nine of these claims have been allowed and paid; 190 have been examined and disposed of, so far as this office is concerned.

Number on hand July 1, 1884, 118.
The total amount paid in settlement of these claims to July 1, 1884, was $\$ 23,330.21$, leaving on that date $\$ 166,669.79$ of the appropriation still available.

## CLAIMS FOR PURCHASE MONEY.

The number of claims for payment to purchasers at direct tax sales on account of eviction under the act of May 9, 1872 : Examined and acted upon, 6 ; number on hand July 1, 1884, 13.

## INTEREST CLAIMS.

Number of claims filed under section 4 of the act of February 25, 1867, for refund of interest alleged to have been illegally collected, 289.

Action upon these claims has been suspended awaiting a decision of the Court of Claims in the test case of J. H. Simons $v$. United States. (Int. Rev. Rec., vol. 30, p. 241.)

Total'number of letters received, 773; total number of letters written, 1,016.

REBATE, ABATEMENT, AND REFUNDING CLAIMS.

## 1.-Rebate clatms."

On the 1st day of July, 1883 , there were pending 13,155 claims for rebate, amounting to $\$ 1,259,578.30$. During the fiscal year there were presented 31,753 more, amounting to $\$ 2,227,043.82$.

Of these, 44,818 , amounting to $\$ 3,483,061.26$, have been allowed, and 75 , amounting to $\$ 2,353.31$, have been rejected, leaving pending and undisposed of 15 claims, amounting to $\$ 1,207.55$. Of the $\$ 3,750,000 \mathrm{ap}$ propriated by Congress on the 14th day of February, 1884, to pay these claims, $\$ 212,461.55$ remains unexpended, and not much more of it will probably be needed, as most of the pending claims will probably be rejected.

## 2.-Abatement claims.

On the 1st day of July, 1883, there were pending 633 claims for abatement of taxes assessed, amounting to $\$ 675,782.54$, and during the year 1,931 other claims, amounting to $\$ 1,019,742.19$, were presented. Of these, 1,384 claims, amounting to $\$ 1,063,785.50$, bave been allowed by this office, and 902 , amounting to $\$ 333,469.59$, have been rejected or returned for amendment.

This left 278 claims for abatement still pending on the 30th of June last, amounting to $\$ 87,075.29$. Since that date and up to the 1st instant 1,359 other claims have been filed, amounting to $\$ 1,711,200.37,1,101$ have been allowed, amounting to $\$ 1 ; 388,605.37$, and 313 rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $\$ 198,601.90$, and on the 1 st day of October, 1884, 223 claims for abatement were pending, amounting to $\$ 123,993.10$.

## 3.-Refunding olaims.

On the first day of July, 1883, there were pending 442 claims for the refunding of taxes collected, amounting to $\$ 602,816.55$, and during the year 217 other claims, amounting to $\$ 83,247.27$, were presented.

Of these, 97 claims, amounting to $\$ 50,150.12$, have been allowed by this office, and 83 claims, amounting to $\$ 47,135.45$, have been rejected or returued for amendment.

This left 479 claims for refunding still pending on the 30th of June last, amounting to $\$ 588,778.25$. Since that date, and up to the 1 st instant, 62 other clajms have been filed, amounting to $\$ 7,348.38,59$ have been allowed, a mounting to $\$ 27,651.65$, and 63 rejected or returued for amendment, amounting to $\$ 27,827.15$, and on the 1st day of October, 1884, 419 claims for refunding were pending, amounting to $\$ 540,647.83$

STATEMENT of SALES of REAL PROPERTY ACQUIRED under the INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS, of which the PURCHASERS RECEIVED QUIT CLAIM DEEDS from the UNITED STATES, during the fiscal year 1883-'84.


## DISTILLED SPIRITS.

## DIS'ILLEEIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

The following statement shows the number of distilleries registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884:

| States and Territories. | Grain. |  | Molasses. |  | Fruit. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 4 | 4 |  |  | 43 | 43 | 47 | 47 |
| Arkansas. | 21. | 20 |  |  | 7 | 7 | 28 | 27 |
| California | 4 | 4 |  |  | 239 | 239 | 243 | 243 |
| Connecticat | 1 | 1 |  |  | 64 | 64 | 65 | 65 |
| Delaware. |  |  |  |  | 57 | 57 | 57 | - 57 |
| Florida. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia. | 55 | 42 |  |  | 134 | 134 | 189 | 176 |
| Idaho. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Illinois | 13 | 17 |  |  | 22 | 22 | 40 | 39 |
| Indiana | 16 | 16 |  |  | 50 | 48 | 66 | 64 |
| Iowa . | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Kansas | 1 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Kentucky | 33.5 | 225 |  |  | 380 | 380 | . 715 | 605 |
| Maryland. | 21 | . 17 |  |  | 10 | 9 | 31 | 26 |
| Massuctusetts. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 17 | 17 |
| Missouri . | 29 | 24 |  |  | 62 | 62 | 91 | 86 |
| Nebraska... | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1. |  |
| New Hampshire |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| New Jersey.... | 1. | 1 |  |  | 84 | 82 | 85 | 83 |
| New Mexico. |  |  |  |  | 2 | - 2 | 2 | 2 |
| New York. | 5 | 4 |  |  | 66 | 66 | T1 | 70 |
| North Carolina | 4.54 | 415 |  |  | 1,005 | 1,005 | 1,459 | 1,420 |
| Oregul | - 1 | 1 |  |  | - 3 | 1, 3 | 1,4 | 4 |
| Obio | 37 | 28 |  |  | $\underline{24}$ | 24 | 61 | 52 |
| Pennsylvania. | 94 | 87 |  |  | 23 | 23 | 117 | 110 |
| South Carolina. | 27 | 27 |  |  | 7 | 7 | 34 | 34 |
| Tenuessee. | 102 | 83 |  |  | 204 | 204 | 306 | 287 |
| Texas ... | 6 | 6 |  |  | 7 | 7 | 13 | 13 |
| Verniont |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Virginia | 42 | 39 |  |  | 1, 021 | 1, 021 | 1,063 | 1, 060 |
| West Virgiuia. | 6 | 6 |  |  | 121 | 121 | 127 | 127 |
| Wisconsin.... | 7 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 7 | 6 |
| Total | 1,291 | 1, 078 | 7 | 7 | 3,658 | 3,653 | 4,956 | 4,738 |

CAPACITY, ETC., OF GRAIN DISTILLERIES.
The following statement shows the number and capacity of grain dis. tilleries in operation and of grain distilleries closed in twenty principal spirit-producing districts at the beginning of each month during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, and the three succeeding months of the present fiscal year.

| Months. | Number of distilleries. |  | Capacity in use of distilleries oper. ating. |  | Surveyed capacity ot distilleries operating. |  | Survesed capacity of distilleries closed. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operating. | Closed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1883. | 103 | 251 | Bushels. | Gallons. <br> 114, 325 | Bushels. | Gallons. | Bushets. | Gallons.$224.977$ |
| Julv |  |  |  |  | 79, <br> 886 <br> 7783 |  |  |  |
| August | 86 | $\stackrel{277}{272}$ | 36, 991 | -147,233 <br> 218,074 |  | 338,521 | 48,408 <br> 43 | 175,009162,629 |
| September | 9096 |  | 52,24552,372 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oetoler |  | ${ }_{262}^{272}$ |  | 218,074 | 91, 864 | 366, 234 | 40, 821 | 148,382 |
| November | 111 | ${ }_{237}^{236}$ | 58, 096 | $\xrightarrow{\sim}{ }_{252}^{229,089}$ | 88, 264 | 351, 983 | 32, 191 |  |
| December | 141 |  | 64, 063 |  | 102, 536 | 414, 290 |  | 116,267 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Janaary | $164 \quad 209$ |  | 64, 741 255, 493 |  | 106, 798 425, 504 |  | 28,353 | 101, 866 |
| February | 168187 | 202 | 64,224  <br> 63,779 252,128 <br> $\mathbf{2 5 5 , 6 1 7}$  |  | 105, 599 418,461 |  | 26,573 <br> 25,176 <br> 8 | -95, 540 |
| March |  | 194 <br> 175 <br> 134 |  |  | 104,881 414,955 <br> 108,562 449,843 <br> 10,8,  |  |  | 92,37559,379 |
| $4 \mathrm{pr} \mathrm{l}^{1}$ | 210212 |  | 70, 334 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25,176 \\ & 23,827 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| May |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 65, } 085 \\ 50,331 & 258,269 \\ & 208,057\end{array}$ |  | 110, 464 | 435, 746 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,364 \\ & 27,530 \end{aligned}$ | 56,085102,508 |
| june | 15480 | ${ }_{206}^{183}$ |  |  | 389,061 <br> 282,197 <br> 254,414 <br> 81,45 |  |  |  |
| July. |  |  | 20,30728,974 | $\begin{aligned} & 119,797 \\ & 115,374 \end{aligned}$ |  | 98,07571,18962,633 | $\begin{aligned} & 27,530 \\ & 42,992 \\ & 62,113 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 201,956 \\ 235,032 \\ 193,999 \end{array}$ |
| Septemb | 61 71 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The following statement shows the number and capacity of grain and molasses distilleries in operation at the beginning of each month during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, and the first tbree months of the present fiscal year :

| Months. | Number of distil. leries. |  | Capacity of grain distilleries. |  | Capacity of molasses distilleries. |  | Total spiritproducing capacity per day. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grain. | Molasses. | Grain. | Spirits. | Molasses. | Spirits. |  |
|  |  |  | Bushels. | Gallons. | Galloris. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| July | 535 | 7 | 43, 174 | 166, 143 | 5,480 | 4,659 | 170,802 |
| Angust. | 398 | 7 | 40.727 | 158, 502 | 6,287 | 5,345 | 163, 847 |
| September | 387 | 7 | 56,859 | 224, 107 | , 8,721 | 6,818 | 230, 925 |
| October | 405 | 7 | 57, 420 | 223, 965 | 7,029 | 5,976 | 229, 941 |
| Norember | 480 | 7 | 65,597 | 257, 994 | 6,457 | 5,487 | 263, 481 |
| December | 575 | 7 | 73, 868 | ${ }^{-} 289,469$ | 8,423 | 7,161 | 296, 630 |
| January | 613 | 7 | 76, 592 | 299, 653 | 8,597 | 7,307 | 306,960 |
| February | 606 | 7 | 77, 695 | 304, 164 | 5,392 | 5, 180 | 309, 344 |
| March .. | 671 | 7 | 83, 057 | 322, 962 | 7,449 | 6,331 | 329, 293 |
| April. | 628 | 8 | 81, 954 | 308,'008 | 7,960 | 6,766 | 314, 774 |
| May | 605 | 8 | 70,820 | 274, 500 | 6,346 | 5,394 | 279,894 |
| June | 513 | 7 | 56, 9:3 | 220, 886 | 9, 143 | 7,772 | 228,658 |
| July | 382 | 8 | 38,499 | 150, 617 | 9,341 | 7,943 | 158, 560 |
| August | 297 | 8 | 34, 500 | 135, 624 | 10, 028 | 8.526 | 144, 150 |
| September | 294 | 8 | 47, 855 | 189, 308 | 8,814 | 7,424 | 196, 732 |

GRain and molasses distilleries in operation september 1, $1880,1881,1882,1883$, and 1884.
COMPARATIVE STSTEMENT showing the NUMBER and CAPACITY of GRAIN and MOLASSES DISTILLERIES in OPERATION on the 1 st day of September in. each of the years 1880 to 1884, inciusive.

| Date. | Number of distil. leries. |  | Capacity of grain distilleries. |  | Capacitr of molasses distilleries. |  | Total spiritproducing capacity per das. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grain. | Molasses. | Grain. | Spirits. | Molasses. | Spirits, |  |
|  |  |  | Bushels. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| September 1, 1880 | 372 | 6 | 69, 013 | 275, 364 | 8, 899 | 7, 564 | 282, 928 |
| September 1, 1881 | 298 | 5 | 70, 193 | 272,806 | 8,573 | 7, 287 | 280, 093 |
| September 1, 1882 | 198 | 7 | 67, 755 | 227, 973 | 10,426 | 8,86i | 236, 834 |
| September 1, 1883 | 387 | 7 | 56,859 | 224, 107 | 8,721 | 6,818 | 230, 925 |
| September 1, 1884 | 294 | 8 | 47,855 | 189,308 | 8,814 | 7,424 | 196, 732 |
| * | * |  | * | * | * |  | * |

The total number of grain distilleries registered during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, was 1,291 , of which number only 1,078 were operated. The uumbers registered and operated in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, were 1,250 and 1,096, respectively, showing an increase during the last fiscal year of 41 in the number registered and a decrease of 18 in the number operated.

The increase in the number registered occurs, as was the case in the preceding fiscal year, in the class of distilleries haring the smaller capacities for the production of spirits.

In the class of larger distilleries a very decided reduction occurs both in the number registered and the number operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, 969 of the smaller distilleries were registered, of which number 875 , or 90 per cent., were operated; while of the larger distilleries, 281 were registered, and 221, or 78 per cent., were operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, 1,052 distilleries of the smaller class, whose daily capacities for the use of grain vary from not orer 5 bushels to not over 60 bushels, were registered, and of this number 905 , or 86 per cent., were operated.

Of the larger distilleries, whose daily capacities vary from not less than 60 bushels of grain to 500 bushels, and from that to near 6,000 bushels, 239 were registered, and 173 , or 72 per cent., were operated.

The increase (83) in the number of small distilleries registered was not attended by a corresponding increase in the number operated, only 30 more of this class having been operated than in the previous year.

The decrease (42) in the number of large distilleries registered was accompanied by a still larger diminution (48) in the number operated.

The quantity of grain used in the production of spirits during the past fiscal year, $18,927,982$ bushels, is an increase of 283,195 bushels above the amount used in the preceding fiscal year ( $18,644,787$ bushels), but is $5,137,897$ bushels less than the arerage ( $24,065,879$ bushels) for the last five years.

A corresponding increase appears in the number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the gear, $73,724,581$ gallons, which is an excess of $1,489,406$ gallons over the product $(72,235,175$ gallons $)$ for the year ended June 30, 1883.

The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain varies but little from that of the preceding year, but still increases slightly, being 3.895 gallons. The yield for the two preceding years was 3.874 for 1883 , and 3.792 for the jear 1882.

The quantity of molasses used for the production of rum during the fiscal year is 2,259,536 gallons, a decrease of 113,570 gallons from the quantity used in the year previous ( $2,373,106$ gallons), and a decrease of 255,452 gallons from the average quantity ( $2,514,988$ gallons) used during the last five years.

The quantity of rum distilled from molasses is $1,711,158$ gallons, a decrease of 90,802 gallons from the product of the year 1883 , and a decrease of 204,674 gallons from the arerage product of the last five years

## DECREASE OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE.

From the following comparative statement of spirits of the different kinds known to the trade, remaining in warebouse at the close of the fiscal years 1883 and 1884, it will be seen that while there was an increase in the stock of alcohol, gin, high wines, and pure spirits held in bond June 30, 1884, over the quantity so held June 30, 1883, of 753,252 gallons, there was an actual decrease in other grades of spirits (principally in bourbon and rye whiskies) of $17,750,694$ gallons, or a net decrease of $16,997,442$ gallons. Of the spirits held in bond June 30, 1884, nearly two-thirds was bourbon whisky:

| Kinds of epirits. | In warehouse June 30, 1883. | In warehouse June 30, 1884. | Increase 'over. 1883. | Decrease from 1883. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Gallons. |  |  |
| Boarbon whisky | 55, 837, 112 | 41, 177, 059 |  | 14, 660, 053 |
| Rye whisky. | 17, 897, 295 | 15, 005, 057 |  | 2, 892, 238 |
| Alcohol. | 229, 523 | - 393,409 | 163,886 |  |
| Rum | 512,892 | 487, 236 |  | 25,658 |
| Gin | 72, 702 | 93, 367 | 20, 665 |  |
| High wines | 207,969 | 411, 071 | 203, 102 |  |
| Pare, or cologne spirits | 1,062, 401 | ], 428, 000 | 365, 599 |  |
| Miscellaneous | 4,680,099 | 4, 507, 352 |  | 172, 747 |
| Total | 80, 499,993 | 63, 502, 551 | 753, 252 | 17, 750, 694 |
| Less increase |  |  |  | 753, 252 |
| Net decrease. |  |  |  | 16, 997, 442 |

## INCREASED PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits ( $75,435,739$ gallons) produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30 , 1884, is greater than the production ( $74,013,308$ gallons) of the year 1883 by 1,422,431 gallons.

This increase is distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows:

Increase in production of-
Bourbon whisky.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 234, 587
Rye whisky ....................................................................................... 305,304
Alcohol. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 . 666,523

Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .............................. 243,427
Miscellaneous........................................................................... . . . . . 923 , 699
Total increase .... ................................................................... 3, 469, 496
Decrease in production of-


## INCREASED TAX-PAID WITHDRAWALS OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits ( $78,342,474$ gallons) withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, is greater than the quantity withdrawn ( $75,441,087$ gallons) during the year 1883, by 2,901,387 gallons.

This increase is distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows:
Increase in withdrawal of-

Bourbon whisky............................................................ 3, 718, 356
Rye whisky.................................................................... 905,515
Alcohol............................................................................. 438, 833
Gin.................................................................................. 57,780
Miscellaneous ....................................................................... . 341,844
Total increase. .............................................................. . 5, 462, 328.
Gallons.
Decrease in withdrawals of -
Rum..............................................................................72,796

Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits...................................... 213,337
Total... .............................................................................. 2, 560,941
Net increase ..................................................................... 2, 901,387

## DISTILLED SPIRITS ALLOWED FOR LOSS BY.LEAKAGE OR EVAPORATION IN WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits, $3,858,494$ gallons, reported in the preceding table as lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse, is that portion of the actual leakage in warehouse from packages withdrawn during the year, which has been allowed in accordance with the provisions of section 17 of the act of May $28,1880$.

The following statement shows the quantity of spirits, as per original gauge, withdrawn from warehouse for all purposes during the stated period, and the amount and percentage of leakage allowed thereon under the provisions of the act named.

|  | Year. | Total quantity withdrawn. | Leakage allowed. | Percentage of with. drawals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1880 |  | Gallons. $78,199,283$ | Gallons. $75,834$ | . 096 |
| 1881 |  | 84, 335, 900 | 811, 460 | . 962 |
| 1882 |  | 80, 281, 611 | 1,231, 336 | 1. 533 |
| 1883 |  | 83, 291, 190 | 2,291, 013 | 2.750 |
| 1884 |  | 92, 022, 593 | 3, 858,494 | 4. 193 |

The maximum allowance fixed by the act above named, on account of leakage in warehouse during the full bonded period of three years, is seven and one-half gallons to each package of not less than forty wine gallons' capacity, or 18.75 per cent. of that capacity. On this basis the average bonded period for all classes of spirits withdrawn. from warehouse during the year 1884 would represent about nine months, or one-fourth of the full bonded period authorized by law.

A large percentage of such withdrawals, however, are made up of high-proof spirits, such as alcohol and high wines, which are held in bond only for a limited period of time, and on which, in many cases, no leakage whatever is claimed. On the other hand spirits, such as bourbon and rye whiskies, are in a majority of cases held in warehouse for the full bonded period, and the large increase in the amonnt of leakage allowed during the years 1883 and 1884 over previous years is due to the proportionally large increased withdrawals of this latter class of spirits.

## DISTILLED SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY DURING THE YEȦR.

The quantity of spirits, 410,588 gallons, reported in the table on page 85 as lost by casualty in distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1884, is 225,818 gallous more than the quantity so lost during. the next preceding year, or one gallon out of every three hundred and seventy-nine gallons held on deposit in such warehouses during the year.

It also appears that the greater part, 330,673 gallons out of 410,588 . gallons, was lost through one casualty by fire, which occurred at a warehouse in the twenty-second district of Pennsylvania.

## SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSES FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES AND FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The quantity of alcohol withdrawn free of tax from distillery warehouses for the use of colleges and other institutions of learning in the preservation of specimens of natural history in their several museums, and for use in their chemical laboratories, and of spirits of various kinds for the use of the United States, amounted during the Jear to 20,837 gallons, or 7,888 gallons less than the quantity withdrawn during the previous year.

## TRANSFERS OF SPIRITS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES TO MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits transferred to manufacturing warehouses during the year was 214,050 gallons, or 10,112 gallons more than the quantity withdrawn for transfer to such warehouses during the fiscal year 1883. The increase occurred mainly as to pure spirits.

STATEMENT of the AGGREGATE QUANTITX, in TAXABLE GALLONS, of DISTILLED SPIRITS of the DIFFERENT KINDS KNOWN to the TRADE, PRO$D U C E D$, WITHDRAWN, and REMAINING in WAREHOOSE in the ONITED STATES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.


## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1884.

The following table shows the quantity of distilled spirits in taxable gallons, at 90 cents per gallon tax, placed in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, the quantity withdrawn therefrom during the year, and the quantity remaining therein at the beginning and close of the year:


## STOCK ON HAND, PRODUOTION, AND MOVEMENT OF SPIRITS FOR FIVE

 YEARS.The following table shows the stock on hand, production, and movement of spirits for the fiscal years 1880, 1881, 188\%, 1883, and 1884:

|  | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| Quantity of spuits actually in warehouses begiuning of fiscal year. | 19, 212, 470 | 31, 363, 869 | 64, 648, 111 | 89, 962, 645 | 80, 499, 903 |
| Quantity of apirits produced during fis. cal year | 90, 355, 270 | 117, 728, 15C | 105, 853, 161 | 74, 013, 308 | 75, 435,739 |
| Total. | 109, 567, 740 | 149, 092, 019 | 170, 501, 272 | 163, 975, 953 | 155, 935, 732 |
| Quantity of spirits withdrawn tax-paid, during fiscal year | 61, 100, 362 | 67, 372, 575 | 70, 730, 180 | 75, 441, 087 | 78, 342, 474 |
| Quantity of spirits withdrawn for exportation during fiscal year. | 16, 765, 666 | 15, 921, 482 | 8,092, 725 | 5, 326, 427 | 9, 586, 738 |
| Quantity of spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes, for use of United States, for transfer to manufactaring warehouse, destroyed by fire, allowed for loss by leakage in warehouses, \&cc... | 337, 843 | 1, 149, 851 | 1, 715,722 | 2, 708, 446 | *4, 503,969 |
| Total | 78, 203, 871 | 84, 443, 908 | 80, 538,627 | $83,475,960$ | 92, 433, 181 |
| Quantity of spirits remaining in warehouses at end of fiscal year. | 31363,869 | 64, 648, 111 | 89, 962, 645 | 80, 499, 993 | 63,502,551 |


Transfers. ..... 214, 050
Casualties ..... 410, 588
Leakage ..... 3, 858, 494
Total. ..... 4, 503, 9

SPIRITS REMAINING IN WAREHOUSES AT THE OLOSE OF THE YEAR
The following table shows the quantity remaining in distillery warehouses at the close of each of the sixteen fiscal years during which spirits have been stored in such warehouses:

| Date. | Quantity. | Date. | Quantity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. |  | Gallons. |
| Remaining June 30, 1869 | 16, 685, 166 | Remaining June 30, 1877 | 13, 091, 773 |
| Remaining June 30, 1870 | 11, 671, 886 | Rewaining June 30, 1878 | 14, 088, 773 |
| Remaining June 30,1871 | 6. 744,360 | Remaining June 30, 1879 | 19, 212, 470 |
| Remaining June 30, 1872 | 10, 103, 392 | Remaining June 30, 1880 | 31, 363,869 |
| Remaining June 30, 1873 | 14, 650, 148 | Remaining June 30, 1881 | 64, 648, 111 |
| Remaining June 30, 1874. | 15, 575, 224 | Remaining June 30, 1882 | 89, 962, 645 |
| Remaining June 30, 1875 | 13, 179,596 | Remaining June 30, 1883 | 80, 499, 993 |
| Remaining June 30, 1876 | 12, 595, 850 | Remaining June 30, 1884 | 63, 502\% 551 |
| * * |  | * | * |

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SPIRITS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES NOVEMBER 1, 1881, NOVEMBER 1, 1882, OCTOBER 1, 1883, AND OOTOBER 1, 1884.
Following is a statement of the quantities of spirits remaining in distillery warehouses November 1, 1881, November 1, 1882, October 1, 1883, and October 1, 1884 :


* Estimated as to sixth district of Ohio.


## DIS'ILLLED SPIRITS IN THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER 1, 1884.

The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what: may be in customs bonded warehouses, on the 1st day of October,

1884, was nearly $97,000,000$ gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows:


In making the abore computation the average stock of each retail liquor dealer in the United States is estimated at 150 gallons.
operations at special bonded warehouses for storage of GRAPE BRANDY.

The following statement shows the quantity of grape brandy placed in special bonded warehouses, withdrawn therefrom, and remaining therein at the beginning and close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, in taxable gallons:


Exported and accounted for during the year:
First district of California .................................................... 88
Fourth district of California............................................. 244
Removed to manufacturing warehouse:
First district of California................................................ 1,287
Removed tax-paid duriug the year:
First district of California ................................. 167, 317
Fourth district of California................................. 75, 043

- 242, 360

Loss by regauge act of May 28, 1880:
First district of California.
9, 364
Fourth district of California 6,482

15,846
Withdrawn by seizure:
First district of California
39
Transferred from warehouses in fourth district to warehouses in first district
Removed for exportation and remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1884:
First district of Califoruia
Remainiug jn warehouse June 30, 1884 :
First district of California ....................................................188,764
Fourth district of California
Fourth district of California
382, 342
382, 610
718, 836
Of the 200,732 gallous grape brandy bonded during the last fiscal year 99,312 gallons were produced in the first district and 101,420 gallons were produced in the fourth district of California.

$$
5022 \mathrm{~F}-8
$$

The total product was 23,245 gallons less than in the previous year, while the amount removed tax-paid was 46,307 gallons larger than in 1883. The loss resulting from regauge under the act of May 28, 1880, was 6,506 gallons more than in the previous year.

Of the quantity in warehouse June 30, 1884, 263,578 gallons were in the following warehouses in the first district of California :

Gallons.
No. 1. Bode \& Searle, at San Francisco ................................................... 152, 448
No. 2. Juan Bernard, at Los Angeles.... ................................................... 48,087
No. 3. George C. Carlon, at Stockton. ...................................................... 21, 472
No.4. James M. '「ierman, at San Gabriel Station...................................... 41,571
And 118,764 gallons were in the following-named warehouses in the fourth district of California :


EXPORTATION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AND SNUFF IN BOND.
The subjoined table shows as removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1883, and July 1, 1884, the quantity, in pounds, of manufactured tobacco and snuff which had been removed for exportation in bond, and concerning which the proof of exportation required by law had not been furnished prior to the dates named:

3. Exported and accounted for during the year ended June 30, 1884:

| Cigars a | 7,500 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cigars at $\$ 3.00$ per M | 1,721,950 |
| Cigarettes at $\$ 1.75$ per M | 231,000 |
| Cigarettes at 50 cents per | 83, 338, 985 |

$85,299,435$
4. Remaining unaccounted for at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884:

7, 889,550
$93,188,985$
DATE OF BONDS REMAINING UNACCOUNTED FOR JUNE 30, 1884.
The years in which the bonds were given for the exportation of the tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes remaining unaccounted for by the evidence required by law for their cancellation, on June 30, 1884, are as follows, viz :

|  | Year. | Tobacco, in pounds. | Number of cigars. | Number of cigarettes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 |  | 2,380 | ... |  |
| 1880 |  | 2,067 |  |  |
| 1882 |  | 2,028. |  |  |
| 1883 |  | 5,098 |  |  |
| 1884 |  | 747, 098年 | 72, 050 | 7, 716, 500 |
|  |  | 758, 671雱 | 72, 050 | 7, 817,500 |

EXPORTATION OF FRICTION MATCHES, WAX TAPERS, CIGAR LIGHTS, AND PROPRIETARY ARTICLES UNDER SECTION 19 OF THE ACT OF MARCH 1, 1879.


STATEMENT of DRAWBACK of INTERNAL-REVENUE TAXES ALLOWED ow EXPORTED MERCHANDISE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Port. | No. of claimos. | Propri. etary articles. | Tobacco. | Snaff. | Cigars and cigarettes. | Fer. mented liquors. | Stills. | Dis. tilled spirits. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltimor | 5 | \$807 62 | \$354 98 | \$8200 |  |  |  | \$31.50 | \$468 48 |
| Boston | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33660 | 1,144 22 |
| Chicago | 4 |  |  |  |  | \$132 42 |  |  | 13242 |
| Cincionati | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | \$20 00 |  | 2000 |
| Milwankeo | 158 |  |  |  |  | 6,516 36 |  |  | 6,51636 |
| Mobile | 1 |  | 96064 |  |  |  |  |  | 96064 |
| New Orleans | 40 |  | 1696 |  | \$44 00 | 1,222 57 |  |  | 1, 28353 |
| New York | 619 | 14,54736 | 59271 |  | 3, 22762 | 3, 50933 | 46000 | 1, 67310 | 24,010 12 |
| Philadelphia | 2 | 34042 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34042 |
| Richmond.. | 1 |  | 28944 |  |  |  |  |  | 28944 |
| Rochester | 1 | 3240 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3240 |
| San Francisco | 159 | 69279 | 3,839 08 |  | 2, 40234 | 23493 |  | 6,310 80 | 13, 47994 |
| Saint Louis | 85 |  |  |  |  | 3,380 69 |  |  | 3,380 69 |
| Suspension Bridge | 1 | 1383 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1383 |
| Troy ................ | 2 | 2592 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25.92 |
| Total | 1,090 | 16, 46034 | 6, 05381 | 8200 | 5, 67396 | 14, 99630 | 48000 | 8,352 00 | 52, 09841 |
| Allowed 1883 | 1,130 | 33,00089 | 5,604 60 | *590 92 | 5, 19537 | 6,034 16 | 6000 | 4,608 00 | 55, 09394 |

[^9] of Jne 30, 1864.

The tax on proprietary articles was repealed by the act of March 3, 1883, section 1, and, as provided by that act, no drawback of tax on such articles wheu exported after July 1,1883 , has been allowed. The amount above reported as allowed on such articles was on account of exportations made pior to July 1, 1883, and outstanding on that date. The amount due and yet outstanding on this class of goods is estimated at about $\$ 8.000$, which if added to the amonnt above reported will about equal the amount estimated in my report for 1883 as outstandiug June 30, 1883, viz, $\$ 25,000$.

## MISCELLANEOUS ASSESSMEINTS.

The following table shows the assessments made by the Commissioner of Interual Reveuve during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1833, and June 30 , 1884, respectively, and the increase or decrease on each article or occupatiou:


The following statement shows the amount of assessments in each of the several States and Territories of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884:

| . States and Territories. | Amonnt. | States and Territories. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$6,644 43 | Missouri. | \$12,915 25 |
| Arkansas | 5,607 16 | Montana, Idaho, and Utah | 1, 60778 |
| California and Nevada | 80, 64239 | Nebraska and Dakota. | 27, 10029 |
| Colorado and W yoming | 3, 36115 | New Hampshire | 94171 |
| Connecticut ..... | 4,134 19 | New Jersej... | 4,95\% 69 |
| Delaware | 37664 | New Mexico and Arizona. | 2,996 74 |
| Florida | 56982 | New York | 48,027 05 |
| Georrgia | 21, 16751 | North Carolina | 50, 91832 |
| Illinois | 33, 15455 | Ohio . . . . . . . . . | 251,797 15 |
| Indiana | 145,992 09 | Oregon and Washington | 2, 62286 |
| Iowa. | 37, 71763 | Pennsylvania | 980, 24352 |
| Kansas | 1,318 2] | Rhode Island | 67918 |
| Kentucky | 6, 651, 23354 | South Carolina | 2,834 73 |
| Lonisiana. | 36, 65582 | Tennessee | 106, 04040 |
| Maine | 3, 19189 | Texas.... | 5, 19887 |
| Maryland | 6[6, 30784 | Vermont | 95189 |
| Massachusetts | 40,94785 | Virginia ..... | 29,564 53 |
| Micbigan | 9, 99092 | West Virginia | 180, 85036 |
| Minnesota | 3,71948 | Wisconsiṇ | 22, 62781 |
| -hississip |  | Total | 9, 436, 22385 |

The large increase of the assessments made in the last fiscal year over the assessments made during the year ended June 30, 1883, consists in the tax on distilled spirits remaining in warehonse over three years.

This tax has been continued to be assessed, instead of being collected by the two other methods, viz, suit on warehousing bond or proceeding by distraint. Thus $\$ 8,906,401.75$ of this tax was assessed against $\$ 1,522,883.12$ in the previous year.

The increase in the assessment of special taxes or licenses is owing to the fact that no stamps were issued for taxes due but not paid within the year. Such taxes are now assessed.

The tax on capital and deposits of banks and bankers was repealed by the act of March 3, 1883. The small amount of $\$ 550.61$ assessed was for tax due before the passage of the act.

The tax on legacies and successions was repealed by the act of July 14,1870 , and it is beliered that there is now but a small amount due the United States from this source.

The decrease of $\$ 68,111.55$ assessed on Form 58 is owing to the circumstance that only $\$ 181,545.11$, amounts collected in compromise cases, was assessed on this form, against $\$ 211,524.68$ in the previous year.

I have the honor to subscribe myself, very respectfully,

> WALTER EVANS,

The Hon. Segreqary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

## REPORT

OF

## THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Treasury Department, Office of Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, December 1, 1884.

I have the honor to subcit for the consideration of Congress, in compliance with section 333 of the Rerised Statutes of the United States, the tirenty-second annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

During the year ending November 1, 1884, 191 banks have been organized with an aggregate capital of $\$ 16,042,230$; circulating notes bave been issued to these new associations amoming to $\$ 3,866,230$.

The following table gives the number of banks organized in each State and Territory during the year ending November 1, 1884, with their aggregate capitil and circulation :


These banks are located by geographical divisious as follows: Eastern States ten banks; with capital of $\$ \$ 10,000$; Middle States tweutyfive, with capital of $\$ 1,812,250$; Southern States thirty, with capital of $\$ 2,991,100$; Western States one hundred and two, with capital of
$\$ 8,905,880$; Pacific States five, with capital of $\$ 380,000$; Territories nineteen, with capital of $\$ 1,143,000$.

Since the establishment of the national bankings system on February 25,1863 , there have been organized 3,261 national banks. Of these, $404^{*}$ have gone into voluntary liquidation for the parpose of winding up their affairs, 70 have gone into voluntary liquidation for the purpose of reorganization, 16 are in liquidation by expiration of their charter, of which number six bave been reorganized, and 100 have been placed in the hands of receivers for the purpose of closing up their affairs, leaving the total number in existence on November 1, 1884, 2,671, which is the largest number that has been in operation at any one time.

The corporate existence of 90 national banks expired during the year ending November 1, 1884, of which 83 have been extended under the act of July 12, 1882, six have permitted their corporate existence to expire and are in liquidation under section 7 of said act (four of which have been succeeded by other banks located in the same places and with nearly the same shareholders), and one has been placed in voluntary liquidation by vote of shareholders owning two thirds of its stock. The corporate existence of 154 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 56,161,370$, will expire during November and December of this year, and the corporate existence of 720 national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 188,971,475$ will expire during 1885.

Eleven national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 1,285,000$, bave failed and been-placed in the hands of receivers during the year.

COMPARATIVE STATEMEN'S'S OF THE NATIONAL FANKS FOR ELEVEN YEARS.
The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks for eleven years, at nearly corresponding dates, from 1874 to 1884, inclusive:

|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Oct. } 2, \\ 1874 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 1, \\ 1875 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 2, \\ 1876 . \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 1, \\ 1877 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Oct. 1, 1878. | Oct. 2, 1879. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. 1, } \\ 1880 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 1, \\ 1881 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 3, \\ 1882 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } 2, \\ 1883 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep . 30, } \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2,004 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,087 \\ \text { bainks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,089 \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,080 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 2,053 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,048 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,090 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,132 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,269 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,501 . \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,664 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ |
| REBOURCES. | Millions. | Aillions. | Millions. | Ifilions. | Aillions. | Afilions | Milltons. | Hfillions. | Nillions. | Millione. | Ufilionss. |
| Loans. | 954.4 | 984. 7 | 931. 3 | 891.9 | 834.0 | 878.5 | 1,041.0 | 1, 173.8 | 1, 243.2 | 1, 309. 2 | 1, 245. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |
| Bonds for circulat'n | 383.3 | 370.3 | 337.2 | 336.8 | 347. 6 | 357.3 | 357.8 | 363.3 | 357.6 | 351.4 | 327.4 |
| Other U. S. bonds. | 28.0 | 28. 1 | 47.8 | 45.0 | 94.7 | 71. 2 | 43.6 | 56.5 | 37.4 | 30.7 | 30.4 |
| Stocks, bouds, \&c | 27.8 | 33. 5 | 34.4 | 34. 5 | 36.9 | 39.7 | 48.9 | 61.9 | 66.2 | 71. 1 | 71.4 |
| Due from banks. | 134.8 | 144.7 | 146.9 | 129.9 | 138.9 | 167.3 | 213. 5 | 230.8 | 198.9 | 208. 9 | 194.2 |
| Real estate | 38.1 | 42.4 | 43.11 | 45.2 | 46.7 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 47.3 | 46.5 | 48.3 | 49.0 |
| Specie. | 21.2 | 8. 1 | 21.4 | 22.7 | 30.7 | 42. 2 | 109.3 | 114.3 | 102.9 | 107.8 | 128.6 |
| Legal-tender notes | 80.0 | 76.5 | 84.2 | 66.9 | 64.4 | 69.2 | 56.6 | 53.2 | 63.2 | 70.7 | 77. |
| Nat'l-bank notes | 18.5 | 18.5 | 15.9 | 15. 6 | 16. $9^{\text {' }}$ | 16.7 | 18.2 | 17.7 | 20.7 | 22.7 | 23.8 |
| C. H. exchanges | 109.7 | 87.9 | 100.0 | 74.5 | 82.4 | 113.0 | 12t. 1 | 189.2 | 208.4 | 96.4 | 66.8 |
| U. S. cert. of deposit. | 42.8 | 48.8 | 29.2 | 33.4 | 32.7 | 26.8 | 7.7 | 6. 7 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 14.8 |
| Due from U. S. Treas. | 20.3 | 19.6 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17. 5 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 17.7 |
| Other resources .... | 18.3 | 19.1. | 19.1 | 28.7 | 24.9 | 22.1 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 | - 33.8 |
| Totals.... <br> liabilities. | 1,877.2 | 1, 882.21 | 1,827 2 | 1,741.11 | 1,767.3 | 1, 868.8 | 2, 105.8 | 2,358.4 | 2, 399.8 | 2,372. 7 | 2, 279.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 493.8 | 504.8 | 499.8 | 479.5 | 466.2 | 454.1 | 457.6 | 463.8 | 483.1 | 509.7 | 524.8 |
| Surplus fund | 12 s .0 | 134.4 | 132.2 | 122.8 | 116.9 | 114.8 | 120.5 | 128.1 | 132.0 | 142.0 | 147.0 |
| Undivided profits | 51.5 | 53.0 | 46.4 | 44.5 | 44.9 | 41.3 | 46.1 | 56.4 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 63. 2 |
| Circulation. | 334.2 | 319.1 | 292.2 | 291.9 | 301.9 | 313.8 | 317.3 | 320.2 | 315.0 | 310.5 | 289. 8 |
| Due to depositors | 683.8 | 679.4 | 666.2 | 630.4 | 668.4 | 736.9 | 887.9 | 1, 083.1 | $1,134.9$ | 1, 063.6 | 893.0 |
| Duc to banks. | 175.8 | 179.7 | 179.8 | 161.6 | 165.1 | 201. 2 | 267.9 | 294.9 | 259.9 | 270.4 | 246.4 |
| Other liabilities | 9.1 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 |
| Totals. | 1, 877. 2 1,882.2 |  | 1,827.2 | 1,741. 1 | 1,767.3 | 1,868.8 | 2, 105. 8 | 2,358.4 | 2, 399.8 | 2,372. 7 | $7,2,279.6$ |

[^10]The different items of resources and liabilities in the preceding table indicate that the business of the national banks during the past eleven years has generally increased. The items of United States bouds and circulation thereon have decreased during the past two years. It also appears from the table that the aggregate liabilities of the national bauks to depositors and correspondents were reduced during the year upwards of 94 millions. This reduction of liabilities and the general reduction of loaus by the banks, which amonnted to over 63 millious during the year, was doubtless occasioned by the financial troubles of May and the general depression of business. The table shows that during the same period the national banks increased their cash resources by about 21 millions of specie and 11 millions of legal-teuders and United States certificates of deposit for same.

The following table is an abstract of the resources and liabilities of the national banks at the close of business on the 30th day of September, 1884, the condition of the New York City, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other reserve city banks being tabulated separately from the other banks of the country:

| . | New York City. | Boston, Phila- relphia, and Baltimore. | Other reserve cities.* | Country banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 banks. | 104 banks. | 90 banks. | 2,417 banks. | 2,664 banks. |
| REbOUUCES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and discounts | \$205, 353, 277 | \$199, 238, 078 | \$142, 624, 980 | \$692, 854, 461 | \$1,240, 070,796 |
| Overdrafts | : 120,238 | $1: 55,977$ | 336,806 | 4, 630, 275 | 5, 233,296 |
| Bonds for circulation | 15, 602, 500 | 43, 009,950 | 26, 263, 600 | 242, 558, 950. | 327, 435, 000 |
| Bonds for deposits | 820, 000 | 675, 000 | 4,413, 000 | 10, 932, 000 | 16, 840, 000 |
| U. S. bouds on hand | 4,004, 950 | 180,400 | 2,279,900 | 7, 054, 350 | 13, 579,600 |
| Other stocks and bonds | 13, 020, 739 | 7, 156, 090 | 5, 3:4,615 | 45, 862, 033 | 71, 363, 477 |
| Due from reserve agents |  | 17, 184, 005 | 15, 156, 895 | 79, 652, 120 | 111, 993, 020 |
| Due from other national banks. | 17,352,436 | 14, 227, 847 | 8, 681,931 | 26, 073, 331 | 66, 355, 545 |
| Due from other banks and bankers. | 2, 118, 897 | 1,496, 653 | $3,723,646$ | 8, 494, 787 | 15, 883, 983 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fix. tures $\qquad$ | 9,745, 176 | 6, 475, 467 | 4, 835, 973 | 28, 844, 271 | 49, 900, 887 |
| Current expenses | 731,631 | -763, 139 | 862, 642 | 4,556,097 | 6, 913,509 |
| Preminims ....... | 1,031, 284 | 1, 052, 509 | 1, 227, 986 | 8, 320, 853 | 11, 632, $6 z^{2}$ |
| Checks and other cash items | 2,391,517 | 1, 216, 748 | 708, 819 | 8, 786, 015 | 13, 103, 099 |
| Clearing-bouse loan certificates | 1,690, 000 |  |  |  | 1, 690,000 |
| Exchanges for clearing-house. | 44,005,521 | J4, 605, 905 | 6, 441, 564 | 1, 204, 128 | 66, 257, 118 |
| Bills of other national banks.. | 2, 208, 406 | 2, 903, 904 | 3, 232, 968 | 14, 913, $576 \cdot$ | 23, 258, 854 |
| Fractional currency | 31, 832 | 46,750 | 56, 866 | 333, 576 | 460, 024 |
| Specie. | 63, 113, 318 | 15,351, <75 | 14, 906, 706 | 35, 238, 176 | 128, 609, 475 |
| Legal-tender notes | 22, 885, 808 | 8, 668, 237 | 15, 097, 774 | 30, 396, 440 | 77, 048, 259 |
| U. S. certificates of deposit | 4, 145, 000 | 7, 495,000 | 2,000, 000 | 500, 000 | 14, 200,000 |
| Five per cent. redemption fund | - 6884, 105 | 1, 9:56, 086 | 1, 166, 497 | 10,518,328 | 14, 305, 0.16 |
| Due from U. S. Treasurer..... | 2, 584, 758 | 179, 600 | 164, 255 | 502, 677 | 3, 431, 290 |
| Tota | 413, 701, | 343, 998, 620 | 259, 507,423 | 1, 262, 226, 444 | 2, 279, 493, 880 |
| LIABILITIES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital sto | 46, 250, 000 | 80, 721, 260 | 53, 015, 600 | 344, 279, 485 | 524. 266, 345 |
| Surplus fund | 22, 682, 580 | 23,741, 408 | 13,709, 459 | 86, 962, 386 | 147, 045, 835 |
| Undivided profits | 11, 091, 112 | 6, 911, 290 | $6,160,929$ | 39, 069, 611 | $63,232,942$ |
| National-bank notes outstanding | 13, 203, 362 | 37, 936,931 | 23, 236,334 | 215, 398, 496 | 289, 775, 123 |
| State-bank notes outstanding - | 37, 843 | 20, 854 |  | , 120,956 | 179,653 |
| Dividends umpaid ........... | 243, 254 | 1,362, 469 | 223, 824 | 1, 856, 613 | 3, 686, 160 |
| Individual deposits | 207, 195, 659 | 144, 386, 221 | 112, 920, 281 | 510,757, 135 | 975, 259,296 |
| U. S. deposits | 428, 871 | - 474,508 | 3, 054, 781 | 6, 378, 038 | 10,336, 198 |
| Deposits of U.S. disbursing ofticers | 219.984 |  | 803, 381 | 2,653, 443 | 3, 676, 808 |
| Due to national banks | 82, 470, 635 | 37, 272, 743 | 25, 845, 386 | 28, 381, 130 | 173, 975, 894 |
| Due to other banks and bankers | 29,922, 093 | 10,915,936 | 18, 118, 770 | 13, 465, 116 | 72, 421,915 |
| Notes and bills rediscounted.. |  |  | 1,173,598 | 9, 869, 965 | 11, 043, 563 |
| Bills payable. |  | 255,000 | 1,305, 080 | 3, 034, 070 | 4, 594, 150 |
| Totals | 413, 701, 393 | 343, 998, 620 | 259, 567, 423 | 1, 262, 226, 444 | 2, 279, 493, 880 |

[^11]The following table exhibits, in the order of their capital, the twientyfive States Laving the largest amount of capital together with the arnount of circulation, loans and discounts, and individual deposits of each on September 30, 1884:


NUMBER, CAPITAL, AND DEPOSITS OF NATIONAL BANKS, STATE AND SAVINGS BANKS, AND PRIVAIEE BANKERS.

Section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States requires the Comptroller to present anumally to Congress a statement of the condition of the banks and sarings banks organized under State laws. Returns of capital and deposits have hitherto been made by these institutions aud by private bankers semi annually to this Department for purposes of taxation: From these returns the following table has been compiled, exhibiting in concise form, by geographical dirisions, the total average capital and deposits of all the State and savings banks and private bankers of the country for the six months ending November 30,1882 , being the last semi-annual period for which State and saviugs banks and private bankers were required to make returns for taxation purposes:

| Geographical divis. ions. | State banks and trust companies. |  |  | Private bankers. |  |  | Savings bauks with capital. |  |  | Savings banks with. out capital. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capital. | Depos- <br> its. | No. | Capital. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depos- } \\ \text { its. } \end{gathered}$ | No. | Capital. | Depos- its. | No. | Depos. its. |
|  |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mills. |  | Mill's. | Mills. |  | Mill's. |
| New Ing gland States | 40 | 8.30 | 31.64 | . 94 | 6.22 | 6. 57 | 2 | 0.10 | 0.89 | 420 | 436.25 |
| Middle States. | 210 | 40. 60 | 244. 02 | 967 | 62. 42 | 112.69 | 8 | 0.63 | 5.34 | 171 | 486.98 |
| Southern States | 248 | 25.34 | 45.94 | 289 | 6.33 | 20.68 | 7 | 0.56 | 1. 50 | 2 | 1. 80 |
| Western States and Tertitories | 563 | 48.90 | 168.40 | 2, 062 | 30.31 | 149.02 | 25 | 2. 73 | 35.74 | 32 | 35. 23 |
| United States | 1,061 | 123. 14 | 490.00 | 3, 412 | 105.28 | 288. 90 | 42 | 4.02 | 43.47 | 1. | 960.26 |

The capital of the 2,308 national banks in operation on December 30, 1882, being the date of their report nearest to that of the table given
above, as will be seen by a table in the Appendix, was $\$ 484,883,492$, not including surplus, which fund at that date amounted to more than 135 millions of dollars, while the average capital of all the State banks, private bankers, and savings banks for the six months ending November $30,188 \%$, was but $\$ 232,435,330$. The latter amount is less than twofifths of the combined capital and surplus of the national banks at practically the same time.

The table below exhibits the capital and net deposits of the national banks on December 30, 1882, together with the aggregate average capital and deposits of all classes of bauks other than national for the six months ending November 30, 1882 :

| Geogranhical divisions. | State banks, savings banks, private bank. ers, dc. |  |  | National banks. |  |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. |
|  |  | Millions. | Millions. |  | Millions. | Millions. |  | Millions. | Millions. |
| New England States. | 556 | 14. 62 | 475.35 | 560 | 166. 23 | 193. 15 | 1,116 | 180.85 | 668.50 |
| Middle States ... | 1, 356 | 103. 66 | 849.03. | 691 | 173.19 | 556.55 | 2, 047 | 276.85 | 1, 405.58 |
| Southern States... | 546 | 32. 23 | 69.90 | 214 | 34.80 | 68.84 | 760 | $67.03^{-}$ | 138.74 |
| Western States and Teritories | 2, 682 | 81.93 | 388. 42 | 843 | 11.0.66 | 301. 28 | 3,525 | 102. 59 | 689.70 |
| United States. | 5.140 | 232.44 | 1,782. 70 | 2,308 | 484.88 | 1,119.82 | 7,448 | 717.32 | 2,902. 52 |

The total number of banks and bankers in the country at the date named was 7,448 , with a total banking capital of $\$ 717,318,822$, and total deposits of $\$ 2,902,522,245$.

In the Appendix will be found similar tables for varions periods from 1875 to 1882 . On a subsequent page in this report, under the head of "State bauks, savings banks, and trust compauies," will be found tables showing the resources and liablities of these corporations for the present year, and in the A ppevilix similar results for previous years.

A table arranged by:States and principal cities, giviug the number, capital, and deposits, and the tax thereon, of all bauking institutions other than national, and of the private bankers of the country, for the six months ending November 30, 1882, and for previous years, will also be found in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits, for corresponding dates nearest to May 31 , in each of the last seven years; and to November 30, 1882, the aggregate amounts of the capital and deposits of each of the classes of banks given in the foregoing table:

|  | National banks. |  |  | State bauks, private banker's, \&c. |  |  | Savings banks with capital. |  |  | Savings bankswith. outcapital. |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Capi. tal. | Depos- its. | No. | Capital. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depos. } \\ \text { its. } \end{gathered}$ | No. | Capital. | Depos. its. | No. | Depos- its. | No. | Capital. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depos- } \\ & \text { its. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Nill's. | Mill's. |  | Afill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |  | Mill's. |  | Mill's. | Mill's. |
| 1876. | 2,091 | 500.4 | 713.5 | 3, 803 | 214.0 | 480.0 | 26 | 5.0 | 37.2 | 691 | 844.6 | 6,611 | 719.4 | 2, 075.3 |
| 1877. | 2, 078 | 481.0 | 768.2 | 3, 709 | 218.6 | 470.5 | 26 | 4.9 | 38. 2 | 676 | 843.2 | 6, 579 | 704.5 | 2, 120.1 |
| 1878 | 2, 056 | 470.4 | 677.2 | 8,799 | 202.2 | 413.3 | 23 | 3.2 | 26.2 | 668 | 803.3 | 6, 450 | 675.8 | 1,920.0 |
| 1879. | 2, 048 | 455.3 | 713.4 | 3, 639 | 197.0 | 397.0 | 29 | 4.2 | 36.1 | 644 | 747. 1 | 6, 360 | 656.5 | 1,893.5 |
| 1880. | 2,076 | 455.9 | 900.8 | 3,798 | 190.1 | 501.5 | 29 | 4.0 | 34.6 | 629 | 783.0 | 6,532 | 650.0 | 2, 219.9 |
| 1881... | 2, 115 | 460.2 | 1,039.9 | 4,016 | 206.5 | 627.5 | 36 | 4.2 | 37.6 | 6:9 | 862.3 | 6, 790 | 670.9 | 2, 667.3 |
| 888. | 2, 239 | 477.2 | 1,131. 7 | 4,403 | 231.0 | 747.6 | 38 | 3.9 | 41.3 | ¢22 | 929.8 | 7, 302 | 712.1 | 2, 850.4 |
| 1882* | 2,308 | 484.9 | 1, 119.8 | 4,473 | 228.4 | 779.0 | 42 | 4. 0 | 43.5 | 625 | 960.2 | 7, 448 | 717.3 | 2,902.5 |

[^12]It will be noticed that the first two tables of this chapter are for the six months ending November 30, while all similar tables in previous reports have been for the six months ending May 31. The law repealing the tax on capital and deposits of State banks and private bankers went into effect on November 30, 188\%, in accordance with the opinion of the Attorney General, and for this reason the Comptroller has given the returns to that date, which will be the last data to be obtained from this source. It is probable that the number, capital, and deposits of the Stato banks, savings banks, and private bankers have been materially decreased by the recent financial troubles.

## EXTENSION OF THE CORPORATE EXISTENCE OF NATIONAL BANKS.

On November 1, 1884, 398 banks had extended their corporate existtence under the act of July 12, 1882. In the Appendix will be found a table showing the distribution and capital of these bauks by States. During the year ending November 1, 1884, the periods of succession of 90 banks, as fixed by the dates of their organization certificates and the terms of their articles of association, terminated. Of these, 83 have extended their corporate existence under the act mentioned. One was placed in voluntary liquidation prior to expiration by the rote of stockholders owning two-thirds of its stock. Of the 6 remaining banks expiring during the year, 2 were uot extended, but were permitted by theip stockholders' to close at the end of their periods of succession, and to liquidate under section 7 of the act of July 12, 188.', while 4 were succeeded by other associations, with different names, with thè same shareholders wholly or in part.

The total number of banks still in operation orgavized under the act of June 3, 1864, and the provisions of the Revised Statutes, the periods of succession of which will terminate, unless hereafter renewed, during the years previous to 1900 , is 1,488 , with capital and circulation as follows:


* From November 1 to December 31, inclusive.

The number, capital, and circulation of the national banks whose periods of succession will terminate during each month of the year 1885 are as follows:

|  | Month. | Namber of banks. | Capital stock. | United States bonds. | Circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jannary |  | 109 | \$2\%, 534, 500 | \$18, 927, 450 | \$17, 019, 755 |
| February |  | 68 | 11, 586, 000 | 8, 885, 500 | 7, 995. 740 |
| March |  | 125 | 32, 325, 750 | 20; 634, 700 | 18, 5:38, 060 |
| April |  | 86 | 25, 241, 970 | 16, 456, 350 | 14, 750,165 |
| May |  | 121 | 28, 362, 340 | 21, 550, 850 | 19, 288, 925 |
| June |  | 139 | 49, 894, 915 | 24, 757, 100 | 22, 021, 360 |
| July . |  | 24 | 4,915, 000 | 2,375, 400 | 2, 047, 800 |
| Angiest |  | 14 | 1, 901, 000 | 1, 25ti, 000 | 1, 129,500 |
| September |  | 13 | 1, 835, 000 | 1, 175, 500 | 1, 053, 250 |
| October... |  | 7 | 1, 175, 000 | 835, 000 | 739, 200 |
| November |  | 6 | ], 200, 000 | 1,180, 000 | 1,062,000 |
| December |  | 8 | 3,000, 000 | 2, 025, 000 | 1, 808, 360 |
| Totals |  | 720 | 188, 971, 475 | 120, 060, 850 | 107, 4'84, 115 |

In the Appendix will be found a table giving the names of each of the banks whose periods of succession terminate during the year 1885, with their capital and outstanding circulation. This table shows that seven hundred and twenty national banks, with a combined capital of $\$ 188,971,475$, will thos termiuate during the year 1885 , unless their stockholders avail themselves of the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882. From the experience of the last two years it is highly probable the larger portion of these banks will extend their corporate existence. These associations represent more than one third of the entire capital of the national banking system, and atteution is respectfully called to the large additional amount of labor the extension of these banks will throw upou the office of the Comptroller of the Currency. This labor will be augmented by the provisions of section 6 of the act referred to, requiring that the circulating notes of any association extending its period of succession which shall have been issued to it prior to its extension shall be redeemed at the Treasury of the United States as provided in section 3, act of June 20, 1874, aud that such נotes when redeemed shall be forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency and destroyed as now provided by law, and that at the end of three years from the date of the extension of each bank, the association so extended shall deposit lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States sufficient to redeem the remainder of the circulation which was outstanding at the date of its extension.

The same section also provides that the notes issued to such extendirg. associations after the date of their extension, shall be of a different design, easily distinguished from those issued before such date.

To carry out these provisions of section 6 requires the keeping of two different accounts in the case of each extended bank-one for the old and one for the new circulation. Dnring the year 1885 the work of keeping the circulation accounts of about one half of the national banks will be doubled.

## CIRCULATION.

Under the present provisions of law, national banks may be organized with a capital of from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 150,000$, upon depositing with the Treasurer of the United States, in trust, 25 per cent. of their capital-stock in United States bonds, and banks with a capital of upwards of $\$ 150,00 c$
can be organized upon the deposit of $\$ 50,000$ of bonds. Upon this basis the 2,664 national banks in existence in the United States and Territories on October 1, 1884, would require a minimnm of but $\$ 80,443,127$ of United States bonds in order to coutinue as national banking associations. There is no doubt but that the national banking system has been of great value to this country in many ways other than the supplying a sound and alwost perfect paper currency. The addlitional safety afforded to depositors by the restrictions and precautiouary provisions of the act, the publicity of reports of the condition of the banks, and the regular examination and supervision by officers of the Government, is well understood by the public, and it is probable that the people would demand that if possible the system be continued, tuen if the public debt be hereafter reduced to a point where it is impossible for the banks to issue more than the amonnt of circulation that can be secured by the minimum of bonds now required by law. Althongh it is possible that the public confidence in national banks will enable associatious organized under the act to do a much larger and more profitable business than if organized under the laws of the varions States, it is probable that were there no profits on circulation, bankers as a rule might be unwilling to submit to the restrictions which, as safeguards to the public, the national banking law compels those who organize associatious under it to submit to, and that therefore when the profit on circulation is reduced to a point where it does not compensate for the inconvenience of the restrictions, many national banks will leave the syistem.

Various plans have been arlvanced to perpetuate the issue by national banks of a circulation which should be safe for the public and reasouably profitable to themselves, both during the period of the reauction of the bonded debt of the United States and, after such debt sliall have been paid, it having been suggested that under the latter circumstauces circulation might be issued upon securities other than Uuited States bouds.

The time of the final payment of the debt is, however, yet distant, and with appropriate legislation there will probably be for many years no lack of bonds as a safe basis of circulation. Moreover, no feasible plan with other security has as yet been suggested, affording a sound currency redeemable on demand in specie, and the Comptroller believes that it is extremely doubtful whether after their experience for the last twenty years with the safe and convement currency issued by the national banks, the people would be satisfied with a currency based on any security other than United States bonds.

Public sentiment seems to be in fayor of the payment of the public debt as rapidly as possible, and while no doubt this is in general a correct principle, yet as it is apparent that such payment must extend under the most favorable circumstances over a long future period, the interest during which time is as much a portion of the debt as the principal, it is a question if it would not be of ultimate benefit to the country and a payment of the debt to reduce the interest upon it to a minimum rate and defer the payment of the principal, thus giving for many years a safe basis for national bank circulation. This course would be particularly advantageous if the revennes of the Government are bereafter reduced to a point which, after providing sufficient means for carrying on public business, will necessitate a more gradual reduction of the principal of the debt. Not only is the future of uational-bank circulation menaced by the fact that as the debt is paid it will be difficult to substitute any other secure basis for circulation, but it is also
evident that under present laws and the present condition of the pubs lic debt the banks cannot long afford to maintain even the circulation now outstanding. The following table gives the various kinds and amonuts of bonds held by the bauks on November 1, 1883, and November 1, 1884:


Upon reference to this table it will be seen that the aggregate reductiou of bonds deposited as security for circulation for the year, ending November 1,1884 , was $\$ 27,591,000$, and the cbanges were as follows: A reduction of $\$ 45,723,350$ in amount of three per cent. bonds held; a reduction of $\$ 632,000$, being all the three and one-half per cents held; an increase of $\$ 10,540,600$ in four per cents; an increase of $\$ 8,217,750$ in four and one-half per cents, and an increase of $\$ 6,000$ in Pacific sixes. The total reduction of bonds deposited to secure circnlation would have been much greater, but the financial troubles of May reduced the market price of the four and fonr and one-half per cents, and banks were enabled for a time to replace their called three per cents by fours and four and one-halfs at a price which afforded an increased profit on circulation, and new banks took advantage of this state of affairs and also purchased fours and four and one-halfs for deposit to secure their circulation. It will be seen upon reference to the table that the banks held on November 1, 1884, $\$ 155,604,400$ of the three per cent. bonds under the act of July $12,{ }^{\top} 1882$, payable at the pleasure of the Government.* The total amount of these bonds outstanding on November 1 was $\$ 194,190,500$, and it is probable that unless the surplus revenues are greatly reduced these bonds will all be paid within the next two years, and, as has been pointed out by my predecessor in former reports, there is great danger of a severe and rapid contraction of the circulation; for while many banks will no doubt continue to replace a portion of their called threes with other higher-rate and higher-priced bonds, the tendency is and will be to reduce the circulation to the minimum required by law. The followíng table shows the decrease of national-bank circulation during the Jears eading November 1, 1883, and November 1, 1884:

Natronal-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1882, including notes of national gold banks.....................
Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of gold banks
$\$ 362,727,747$
38, 423, 404
\$:324, 304, 343
National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1883..... 352, 013, 787
Less lâwful monef on deposit November 1, 1883......... 35, 993, 461

$$
316,020,326
$$

Net decrease of circulation in 1883
8,284,017

[^13]| National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1883, including notes of national gold banks. | \$352, 013,787 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of uational gold banks. | 35, 993, 461 |  |
| National-bank notes outstanding November 1, 1884, includiug notes of national gold banks. | 333, 559, 813 |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks | 41,710,163 |  |
|  |  | 291; 849, 650 |
| Net decrease of circulation in 1884 |  | 24,170,676 |

It is probable that the reduction of circulation will also be increased by the withdrawal and sale of four per cent. bonds now deposited by the banks in excess of the minimum required by law, as the reduction of the debt by the payment of threes will no doubt increase the price of fours, owing to reinvestments of trust funds, \&c., now. invested in threes, and if for any reason the price advances, the banks will desire to realize the premium for use in business or to divide as a profit among their suareholders.

Drawing conclusions from these facts, the Comptroller estimates that unless legislation shall shortly be had which will enable the banks to issue currency at a fair profit, circulation will from the present time be reduced at the rate of at least $\$ 40,000,000$ per annum.

In the last reports of the Comptroller varions suggestions were made as to legislation which should be enacted to prevent this rapid contraction of national-bank circulation, and the subject attracted much attention during the last session of Congress. The most prominent measures were those introduced in the Senate by Seuators MePherson and Aldrich, and in the House of Representatives by Mr. Potter.

The bill introduced by Senator McPherson provided that any uational banking association shall be entitled to receive from the Comptroller of the Currency circulating notes not exceeding in amount the par value of the bonds deposited, and further provides that the total auounts of such notes issued to any association shall not exceed the amount of its paid-in capital stock. This bill passed the Senate and was favorably reported to the House by the Banking and Currency Committee, and is now upon the regular calendar of the Hounse. In case it should become a law, it would increase the aggregate circulation of wational banks upon the basis of the present deposit of United States bouds with the Treasurer in trust to the amount of about $\$ 3 \pm, 000,000$, and would increase the profit to the banks on circulation from two-fifthis to threefifths of 1 per cent. per annum. No doubt the increased profits which by this bill would inure to the banks would induce those holding fours to continue to hold them, and the profits would probably be sufficient to induce bauks who.hold threes to replace them when called for redemption with four per cents. The passage of this bill seems a simple and feasible measure of relief to the banks, and while it is possible that some bill which provided for the funding of the high-rate bouds into bouds bearing a lower rate of interest would afford more permanent relief, the bill of Senator McPherson is regarded as an excellent measure by the Comptroller, and would not interfere with any funding bill which wight hereafter become a law.

The bill introduced by Senator Aldrich provides for the exchange of four per cent. consols of 1907 for three per cent. bonds having the same time to run. Uuder its provisions the Govermment pays a difference of 15 per cent. between the four per cents and the threes. The bill
also provides for the issuance of circulation equal in anount to the par value of the bonds deposited. The additional profits accruing under this bill, if it should become a law, would be from about one half of 1 per cent. to about 1 per cent. per annum, according to the bank rates for loans on the three per cent. bonds which replace the fours, and it is believed that this wónd be a permanent measure of relief to the banks. The bill introduced by Mr. Potter in the House provides for the refunding of the three, four, and four and oue-half per cent. bonds into two and one-half per cents payable at same time and to be redeemed in the same manner as those for which they are exchanged. The bill also provides for a reduction of the tax upon circulation based upon the proposed two and one-half per cent. bouds of oue-half of 1 per cent. per annum, while the tax upon circulatiou based upon all other classes of United States bonds remains at 1 per cent. per annum. Under this bill the provisions for obtaining currency on the bonds deposited would be the same as under the present law, viz, 90 per cent. of the par value of the bonds deposited. The bill, so tar as the funding of the high-rate bouds is concerned, is similar to the Aldrich bill, the latter providing for the refunding of the fours only. It is believed by many that the provisious in the Potter bill relating to the purchase of the bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury would be somewhat difficult to carry out, and it is a question whether it would be constitutional for Congress to make any diseriminations in the tax imposed on circulation based on different classes of United States bonds, as it must be remembered that the tax is on the circulation and not on the bouds. If this bill, with some modifications, should become a law, no doubt the additional profits which would accrue to the banks uuder its operation would be a perimanent benefit and assist in preventing the contraction of the currency.

A table has been prepared, and will be found in the Appendix, which show's the additional circulation which the bauks in each State would be entitled to in case a law is enacted permitting them to issue circulation to the amount of the par value of the bonds deposited in trust with the Treasurer of the United States.

The measures which were introduced at the last session of Congress involving a funding of the public debt provided that the bouds issued in exchange for those now outstanding shall have the same time of maturity as those for which they are exchanged. No provision is made by these bills to enable the Government to use any surplus revenue which it may desire to devote to the payment of the public debt during the loug periods between the maturities of the present four aud one-half and four per cent. bonds.

The following table shows the bonded debt of the United States on November 1, 1884:

| Three per cents, payable option United |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 194,190,500 \\ 250,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Four and a half per cents, payable September 1, 1891 |  |  |
| Pacifie Railway sixes, payable January 16 and November 1, 1 895 | \$3,002, 000 |  |
| Paeific Railway sixes, payable January 1 and February 1 ,,$~$ | 8,000,000 |  |
| Pacific Railway sixes, payable January 1, 1897 | 9, 712,000 |  |
| Pacific Railway sixes, payäble January 1, 1898. | 29,904,952 |  |
| Pacifio Lailway sixes, payable January 1, 1899. | 14, 004,560 |  |
| Four per cents, payable July 1, 1907 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 64,623,512 \\ 737,691,550 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 46,505, |

Notr. - Tho Navy pension fund, amounting to $\$ 14,000,000$ in three per cents, the interest upon which is applied to the payment of naval pensions exclusively, and $\$ 264,800$ of four per cent. refunding certificates, are not included in the table.

It will be seen upon an examination of this table that there are $\$ 194,190,500$ of three per cent. bouds now payable at the pleasure of the Government. These bonds will probably be paid within the next two years, even if considerable changes are made in the tariff; and from 1887 to 1891 , when the $\$ 250,000,000$ of four and one half per cents shown by the table mature, there will be no bouds which the Government can call in for redemption. No doubt the accumulation of surplus revenue, if it continues to accrue at the present rate during the four years between 1887 and 1891, together with the revenues of 1892 , will be more than sufficient to pay off the four and one-balf per cents; and from 1892 until 1907 it will be impossible for the Government to use any of its surplus revenues for the payment of its bonds except at the option of their holders. It is apparent that the Government cannot accumulate and hold its surplus revenues, even during the short period from 1887 to 1892 , without great disturbances to the business interests of the country, and much less can it do so during the longer period from 1892 to 1907.

It appears, therefore, that the foregoing considerations should be given due weight in any plan for the funding of the four per cent. bonds maturing in 1907, and the Comptroller therefore suggests that the principal difficulties of the situation may, perhaps, be obviated, as well as the reduction of interest effected, by funding these bonds into others which shall mature in proportionate amounts at certain fixed intervals: Thus the $\$ 738,000,000$ of four per cents might be funded into an equal amount of three or two and one-half per cent. bonds, one-fifth of whichi, or $\$ 147,600,000$, to mature at intervals of five years, the first installment falling due July 1, 1897, and the remaining installments of $\$ 147,600,000$ each on the first of July in the last year of each succeeding period of five years, viz., 1902, 1907, 1912, and 1917. The average maturity of these five classes of bonds would be the same as that of the present four per cents, riz, July 1, 1907.*

[^14]The surplus revenue could, by this plan, be used after July 1, 1897, and July 1, 1902, as well as after July 1, 1907, in paying the public debt; and it is believed that any disadvantage there might be to the Government in postponing the payment of one-fifth of the debt now in fours due in 1907 until after 1912, and another fifth until after 1917, would be more than offset by the benefit derived from the opportunity of paying one fifth after 1897 , and another ifth after 1902. The reduction of 1 per cent. per annum in the interest, if threes be issued, would be a direct benefit to the Government in the same manner as provided in the Aldrich bill; but while under that bill the amount of premium paid by the Government to induce the acceptance of a three per cent. bond payable in 1907 for a four per cent. bond maturing at the same date will be at a fixed rate for the total amount exchanged, it is believed that in the case of this propositiou the rather larger premium that might have to be paid in exchanging threes due in 1897 and 1902 for fours of 1907 would be inore than compensated by the smaller premiums paid in exchanging the threes of 1912 and 1917 for the same fours. In other words, the aggregate amount paid in premiums in exchanging bonds under the plan now suggested would probably be not more and possibly less than 15 per cent.

It is important to the success of this plan that in carrying it into practice each bolder of four per cent. bonds who accepts the proposed threes in exchange should take one-fifth of the amount of his fours in each class of threes. Thus the holder of a $\$ 500$ four per cent. bond of 1907 would receive tive three par cent. bonds of $\$ 100$ each, one maturing on July 1, 1897, and the remaining four on July 1, 1902, 1907, 1912, and 1917, respectively.*

Whatever course may be deemed expedient by Congress in regard to the funding or fiture payment of the public deht, the Oomptroller is of the opinion that it is perfectly safe and will atiford great benetit to the public to permit an issue by the urational banks of circulation to the extent of 100 per cent. of the par value of the bonds deposited instead of 90 per cent., as under the present law, and that the present limit of issue to 90 per cent. of the paid-iu capital stock stiould also be extended to 100 per cent. of such paid-in-capital. Two of the bills

[^15]already referred to as introduced at the last session of Congress contained these provisions. Even admitting that the bonds representing the public debt when funded at lower rates might at times in the future be below par in the market, the Government would, if forced to redeem the notes of insolvent uational banks, always have the right to cancel the bouds on deposit securing the same, and thus extinguish an amount of its, debt equal dollar for dollar to the notes redeemed. It would also gain from such notes as are never presented for redemption, which form a certain percentage in the case of the circulation of each and every bank, and taking all banks together would form a large reserve fund. Tables in relation to this gain may be found in the Appendix.

It is further submitted that the profit on circulation may be increased to a point which will induce the banks to keep up their circulation to a maximum, and stop the contraction of their circulation which is now occurring, by repealing the law taxing such circulation at the rate of one-half of 1 per cent. semi-annually. This tax is regarded by many as only a fair bonus to the Government for the privilege of issuing circulation which the banks receive from it, and in times when the Government needed the money and when the profit on circulation was comparatively great this view had mach in its favor. But under existing eircumstances* the Goverument should in justice either enact laws
turing at the periods mentioned, computing on a basis of the realized rate to the Government, at 1.20 for four per. cent. bonds having twenty-two years to run:


* The following table shows the annuual per centage of profits on circulation, at rates of interest for bank loans from 5 to 8 per ceut., based on 4 per cent. bonds of 1907 , having twenty two and a half years to run, 'the average market price for the year being 1.215529, and based on $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per ceut. bonds having seven years to run, the average market price for the year being 1.127131 . There are three rates of profit shown on each class of bonds, eaeh derived by a different method of computation. The method by which the first figures in each case are obtained assumes that the premium paid would be made up by a sinking fund at compound interest, and also that the 5 per cent. redemption fund which bauks are required to keep is no charge on circulation account.

The second figures are obtained assuming a sinking fued similar to that in the first method, but that the 5 per cent. fund is a charge on circulation account, and reduces the loanable circulation.

The third figures are obtained by a method which assumes that the premium is reduced by charging off an equal proportion each year, according to the time the bonds have to run, and that the 5 per cent. fund is no charge on circulation. The figures generally sliow that under average conditions a national bank issuing circulation, based on either 4 or $4 \frac{1}{3}$ per eent. bonds, at ordinary rates of interest for bank loans, receives an average profit of not more than one-half of 1 per cent.

| Classes of bonds. | Profit with loans at 5 per cent. | Profitwith loans at 6 per cent: | Profitwith loans at 7 por cent. | Profitwith loans at 8 per cent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots \quad 1$ | . 00781 | . 00590 | . 00380 | . 00162 |
| Fours of 1907 ............................................. $\{$. 2 | . 00596 | . 00368 | . 00121 | . 00000 |
| '3 | . 00439 | . 00180 | . 00000 | . 00000 |
| <1 | -. 00803 | . 00650 | . 00480 | . 00587 |
| Four and a halfs of 1891 . ............................ 2 | . 00604 | . 00410 | . 00215 | . 00018 |
| $\cdots 3$ | . 00548 . | . 00350 . | . 00145 | . 00000 |

which will make the issue of circulation a real privilege, or it should remove the tax, which under present laws is fast becoming prohibitory. As it now stands, the Goverument is exacting a bonus for a privilege which no longer exists, and the inevitable consequence of the continued. collection of the tax without measnes of relief in other directions will be the gradual retirement of this form of circulating medium.

The expenses of keeping up the natioual banking systen by the Gov-ernment are at present paid in, part from the proceeds of this tax and in part by assessmest on the banks. If the tax be abolished. all of these expenses should be paid by the last-named method. Under the head of "Taxation," on page 65, will be found a detailed statement of the amount received from the tax on circulation and of the very small proportion used in payment of expenses of the Government iu keeping up the system.

In couclading this snbject the Comptroller wishes to have it distinctly understood that he is not in favor of any measure which will canse inflation. He is of the opinion that the present aggregate paper circulation, made up of legal-tender and national bank-notes and of gold and silver certificates, is ample for all the needs of business. He believer, howerer, that the sudden contraction of national bank circulation, which without appropriate legislation is imminent, will seriously embarrass the business of the comntry, and that if this contraction is permitted to go on, it may result in the entire discontinuance of the issue of notes by national banks. The Comptroller believes that this form of currency, which can be increased or diminished in accordance with the natural laws which control business, should be continued in preference to any other now permitted by law. If at any time the aggregate of outstanding paper becomes too great, reduction should be made by retiring the direct issues of the Government, in view of the fact that the most eminent authorities in finance agree that such direct issues are in the long run highly detrimental and fraught with danger. A bank circulation as well secured and convenient as that of the banks in the uatioual system, with a credit so deservedly well established in the minds of the people, should not be permitted to go out of existence.

CIRCULATION BASED ON SILVER.
Notwithstanding the fact that the national banking circulation of the country has been reduced about 24 millions during the past year, on account of the redemption and payment of the 3 per cent. United States bonds, held as security for the same, and is likely to continue to be reduced as the debt is paid, the circulating medium of the country has been increased by the issuance of silver certificates under the -act of February 28, 1878, these certificates being issued upon staudard silver dollars, of which at least 2 millions are coined every mouth of the year.

The perplexities of bimetallism and the silver question have attracted attention and interested the public for many years. Statistics have been worn threadbare, and the number of articles and essays that have been written on this subject are of alnost interminable extent. The law making it mandatory on the Secretary of the Treasury to coin each month 2 millions of what are called standard silver dollars, or, in other words, the stamping of 2 million pieces of silver of 4121 grains in weight each as a dollar, no doubt was intended to appreciate the price of silver and to bring this precious metal into more general use as money. As the production of silver in the United States is so
large, the Government should do all in its. power to sustain the value of silver and promote its circulation as money by appropriate legislation, but it is submitted that the operation of the present law defeats the object in view.

The exact relative position of silver to gold in the commercial world is extremely difficult to determine. No one can gainsay the fact that in our commercial relations with England and other countries we must settle our exchanges upon a gold basis. This being true, necessarily, We can use silver in settlement of international balances only at its market price. This market price tests the proportionate value of silver as compared with gold. The present market price of silver throughout the world shows that the intrinsic value of a dollar weighing $412 \frac{1}{2}$ grains is about 85.20 cents. The law, therefore, which compels the coinage of 2 millions of standard silver dollars per month is an arbitrary attempt to make the price of silver more dear by fixing a ratio between gold and silver for the people of this country different from the ratio fixed by the market price, making the standard silver dollar practically a depreciated currency as compared with the gold coin of the country, and with the legal-tender and national-bank notes, which are redeemable in gold at par. It has been and still is contended by many that if the United States as a nation takes strong ground in favor of bimetallism and insists upou the recognition of silver as money, valuerl in proportion to gold at the ratio of $15 \frac{1}{2}$ to 1 , that its comparative market value can be increased.

The practical working of the silver bill seems to prove the folly of this position. For some reason or other the intrinsic value of silver has decreased in a greater proportion than that of gold. This reason is exceedingly difficult to determine. In fact it is next to impossible to obtain the data and draw the deductions to ascertain the reason why the changes in the ratio or proportion of the value of gold to that of silver have invariably throughout the world been agaiust silver: Some statisticians assert that the annual increase of gold throughout the world is at least $1 \frac{3}{4}$ per cent. of the world's total stock of gold money, while as to silver it is claimed the increase is only about 1 per cent. of the total stock of silver money.* If this calculation is correct, some other reasons than those based on the proportionate production of gold and silver must be brought forward to prove that the increased production of silver over gold has depreciated the value of the former, for there is no question but that the purchasing power of silver, in proportion to the purchasing power of gold, has steadily decreased for more than a thousand years. Perhaps one reason for this depreciation in value is the inconvenience of silver as a circulating medium as compared with gold. It is proportionately to value abont fifteen and a half times as heavy and nearly twenty eight and a half times as bulky.

Whether its weight and bulk be the cause or not, the fact is undoubted that in this age of the civilized world the people have a strong distaste to the use of silver as a circulating medium in the form of coins weighing four hundred grains or more.

The law which stamps $412 \frac{1}{2}$ grains of silver and arbitrarily iusists upon its circulation as a dollar, with unlimited legaltender qualities, when its true value as indicated by the market price of silver is but 85.2 cents, is unworthy of this nation, and will sooner or later bring upon us financial trouble and disgrace. The practical working of the silver coinage act has established the fact that the public do not

[^16]readily accept, circulate, and do business with these standard silver dollars. In order to insist upon the arbitrary value which has been fixed upon silver by law, Congress has ingeniously arranged to permit the people to deposit their inconvenient silver coins in the Treasury of the United States and obtain therefor certificates which represent a certain number of these dollars. These certificates, being a convenient circulating uedium, were tirst used for shipments from commercial centers to the South and West for the purpose of supplying currency for moving the crops. As legal-tender and national-bank notes are frequently in limited supply during the fall months, the convenience of obtaining these certiticates and thereby saving express charges on gold which would otherwise have to be shipped has caused the circulation of many millions among the people of the comntry.* The public, who daily receive and disburse these certificates, hardly realize that the intrinsic value of the silver which is represented by a $\$ 10$ silver certificate is but $\$ 8.52$; neither do they realize that the certiticate is not a promise to pay on the part of the United States, but simply a promise to return to the bearer ten $412 \frac{1}{2}$-grain silver dollars.

If it is for the best interests of the United States to issue a circulation based upon silver, the Comptroller believes that the circulation should be issued upon coin or bullion which contains a sufficient number of grains of silver to have an intrinsic value equal in the markets of the world to its nominal value.

Some writers have suggested that a circulating medium might be based upon bullion, both gold and silver, and the Comptroller is of the opinion that under certain restrictions and regulations it would be far more correct in principle to issue silver certificates based upon a deposit of silver bullion, to be valued in the exact proportion of silver to gold, than to coutinue the issue of certificates under the present law. If this were done, silver bars inight be stamped at their market value and held in the Treasury for the redemption of the certificates, which should call an amount of silver equal in value to their nominal or face value expressed in gold. The bullion represented by certificates should be periodically valued at its market price in gold, and a certain proportionate amount of silver so held might, perbaps, be coined to provide the means for redemption of the certificates, if redemption was desired for business purposes. These dollars should be in the nature of a subsidiary coin and should be reconvertible into bullion certificates.

Theactual circulation of the silver dollar under the presentlaw indicates that the necessary number of coins required probably would not exceed $\$ 50,000,000$. This plau might possibly bring about a loss to the Government by the depreciation of silver, which loss, however, would be partially borne by the certificates which were lost and destroyed, as it is well kuown that from the loss and destruction of legal tenders and national bauk notes the Goverument is even now a large gainer. The Comptroller believes that the use of silver as money in this manner, and its periodical valuation, would have more influence in appreciating the market value of silver among the nations of the world than the present arbitrary coiuage of 4121 grains of silver as a dollar.*

[^17]These reflections are upon the theory held by mans, that it is for the best interests of this country to maintain a circulation based upon silver. The Comptroller doubts the correctness of this theory ; but it is submitted that the circulation now outstauding based on silver is a depreciated curreucy, by the issue of which the Government bas gained at the expense of the people who now hold the silver clollars and certificates, and that therefore it is incumbent on the Government, if it continues to issue circulation based upou silver, to do so under a plan which will not only provide a sound circulation for the future, but also prevent the holders of the present certificates and dollars from sustaining loss. This might all be accomplished by exchanging the bullion certificates suggested for the silver-dollar certificates now outstanding.

The issue of currency based upon silver should not, however, be unlimited, and the present laws making the purchase and coinage of a fixed amount of silver bullion mandatory are very pernicious in their effect, as the unlimited and continued issuance of full legal tender silver coin and certificates based thereon, of intrinsic value less than their face, has already caused the hoarding of gold, and will eventually drive it from the channels of trade, thereby cansing a practical suspension of gold payments. There are many indications of this, notably the uneasiness in financial circles in June and July last, caused by the reserve of gold in the Treasury falling so near to the point at which under the law the issuance of gold certificates ceases. It is also to be observed that during the present year the national banks throughout the country have increased their holdings of gold, including certificates, in the sum of $\$ 19,615,3 \overline{0} 0$.

The amount of silver bullion purchased by the Government under the act of February 28, 1878, for coinage into standard silver dollars was, from the 1st of July, 1878, to the 1st of July, 1884, 144,366,242,43 standard ounces, costing $\$ 146,631,495.26$. The number of silver dollars coined under the provisions of the act of February 28, 1878, up to November 1,1884 , amount to $184 ; 730,829$. The profits to the Government on the coinage of silver from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1884, amount to $\$ 2 v, 972,913.52$.* Of the silver dollars coined $\$ 142,926,725$ remain in the Treasury of the United States, leaving in circulation $\$ 41,804,104$.

Silrer certificates have been issued, which are represented by the staudard silver dollars in the Treasury of the United States, to the amount of $\$ 131,556,531$. Of the silvér certificates so issued $\$ 30,814,970$ remain in the. Treasury of the United States, leaving $\$ 100,471,561$ of these certificates in circulation. It will be seen, therefore, that of the total amount of silver dollars coined but $\$ 41,804,104$ are in actual circulation, and that the people of the United States now hold a paper circulation based upon silver dollars in an amount equal to more than one-third of the national-bank circulation.

[^18]
## DIStRIbUTION OF COIN AND PAPER CURRENCY.

In previous reports tables have been given showing the amount of coin and currency in the country and its distributiou in the Treasury, in the banks, and among the people, on January 1, 1879, the da'te of the resumption of specie payments, and on November 1 of each of the last four years preceding the date of the report. These tables are again presented, the amounts on November 1, 1880, being omitted, while those on November 1, 1884, are added.

The amounts of gold and silver in the country available for circulation are based upon the estimates of the Director of the Mint for Jauaary 1, 1879. The amounts of gold for the succeeding dates have been. obtained by adding the gold production of the country, less the amounts used in the arts, from estimates of the same officer, adding the excess of gold importations during the year, or deducting the excess of gold exportations for the same period, according to the reports of the Bureauof Statistics. The amounts of silver are obtained by adding for each year the amount of silver dollars and fractional coinage, less amounts recoined. For the year 1884 the silver bullion purchased by the Government for coinage and on hand on'November 1 is included.

From November 1, 1883, to November 1, 1884, the production of gold by the mines of the United States is estimated to have been about $\$ 29,000,000$. During the period from November 1, 1883, to October 1, 1884, the amonnt of gold, foreign and domestic gold coin and bullion exported in excess of the amount imported has been $\$ 20,483,382$, making an increase in the stock of gold in the country of $\$ 3,516,618$. From this amount must be deducted the amount used in the arts during the same period $(\$ 4,875,000)$, leaving $\$ 3,641,618$ as the increase in the stock of gold coin and bullion in the country.

The total excess of imports of gold over exports of the same from the date of resumption to Uctober 1,1884 , has been $\$ 165,712,128$, and the total estimated gold product of the mines of the United States for the same period has been about $\$ 191,725,000$. The total amount of silver coined during the year has beeu, after deducting the recoinage, $\$ 28,387,010$, of which $\$ 28,009,880$ were standard silver doltars. The total amount of the latter coined since the passage of the act of February 28,1878 , anthorizing that coinage, up to November 1, 1884, has been $\$ 184,730,839$.

The following table, based upon the estimates and figures given above, shows the amount of coin and currency in the country on January 1, 1879, and on November 1 of the years named:

|  | January $1,1879$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November } \\ 1,1881 . \end{gathered}$ | November 1, 1882. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1,1883 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1,1884 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin and bullion | \$278, 310, 126 | \$550, 922, 398 | \$547, 356. 202 | \$581, 970, 254 | \$585, 611, 872 |
| Silver coin | 106, 573, 803 | 181, 476, 144 | 208, 744, 424 | 242, 701, 932 | 275, 735, 439 |
| Legalitender notes | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 | 346, 681, 016 |
| National-bank notes | 323, 791, 674 | 360, 344, 250 | 362, 727, 747 | 352, 013, 787 | + $333,559,813$ |
| Totals | 1, 055, 356; 619 | 1, 439, 423, 808 | 1, 465, 509, 449 | 1, 523, 366, 989 | 1,541, 588, 140 |

* The sum of $\$ 41,710,163$ in lawful money has been deposited by the national banks to retire circulation of a like amount which has not yet been prescnted for redemption.

There has been no change in the aggregate of legal-tender notes outstanding, which still remains as fixed by the act of May 3i, 1878. Na-tional-bank notes have decreased $\$ 18,453,974$ during the year; the
amounts of gold and silver have increased $\$ 3,641,618$, and $\$ 33,033,507$, respectively, making the total increase during the year in gold, silver, i and currency, $\$ 18,221,151$.

The table below gives the portion of the gold, silver, and currency held by the United States Treasury and by the national and State banks. The amounts in the United States Treasury are for the corresponding dates with those in the preceding table. The amounts in the national banks are for the corresponding dates nearest thereto on which returns were made to the Comptroller, viz : January 1, 1879 ; October 1, 1881 ; October 3, 1882; October 2, 1883; and September 30, 1884. The amounts in the State banks, trust companies, and savings banks have been compiled in this office from official reports for the nearest obtainable dates.

|  | January 1, 1879. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1,1881 . \end{aligned}$ | November $1,1882$. | $\begin{gathered} \text { November } \\ 1,1883 . \end{gathered}$ | November 1; 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GOLD. |  |  |  |  |  |
| In the Treasury, less certificates | \$112, 703, 342 | \$167, 781, 909 | \$148, 435, 473 | \$157, 353, $760^{\prime}$ | \$134, 670, 790 |
| In national banks, including certificates | 35,039, 201 | 107, 222, 169 | 94, 127, 324 | 97, 570, 057 | 117, 185, 407 |
| In State banks, including certificates. | 10, 937, 812 | 19, 901,491 | - 17, 892, 500 | 18,255, 300 | 25, 928,757 |
| Total go | 158, 680, 355 | 294, 005, 569 | 260, 455, 297 | 273, 179, 117 | 277, 784, 954 |
| In the Treasury, standard silver dollars | 17,249, 740 | 66, 576, 378 | 92, 414, 977 | 116, 036, 450 | 142, 926, 725 |
| In the Treasury, ballion | 9, 121, 417 | 3, 424, 575 | 4, 012, 503 | 4,936,365 | 4, 646, 497 |
| In the Treasury, fractional coin | 6, 048, 194 | 25,984, 687 | 20, 749, 482 | 26,712,424 | 29, 346,757 |
| ln mational banky | 4. 480, 357 | 7.112.567 | 8, 234, 739 | 10, 247,926 | 8, 092, 557 |
| Total silver | 38, 879, 908 | 103, 098, 207 | ,131, 411, 701 | 157, 933, 165 | 185, 012, 536 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In the Treasury, less' certificates. | 44,425,655 | 22, 774, 830 | 26, 224, 248 | 30, 996, 217 | 26, 258; 827 |
| In national banks, iucluding certificates | 126; 491, 720 | 77, 630,9 | 92, 544, 767 | 103;316,809 | 114, 507, 113 |
| In State banks, including cer- |  |  |  |  |  |
| tificates ............ | 25,944, 485 | 27, 391, 317 | 27,086, 482 | 28,259, 002 | 32, 659, 605 |
| In savings bauk | 14, 513, 779 | 11, 782, 243 | 14, 724, 978 | 12,998, 594 | 14, 079, 452 |
| Total currence | 211, 375, 639 | 139, 579, 307 | 160, 580, 475 | 175, 570,682 | 187, 504, 997 |
| Grand totals | 408, 935, 902 | 537, 583, 083 | 552, 447, 473 | 606, 682, 964. | 650, 302, 487 |

If the aggregates of gold, silver, and currency for the several dates in the above table be deducted from the amounts of the same items at corresponding dates in the table which precedes it, the remainders will be, approximately, the amounts in the hands of the people at corresponding dates.


The gold in the Treasury, including bullion in the process of coinage, has decreased during the year $\$ 22,682,970$, and in the banks has increased $\$ 27,288,807$. The paper currency in the Treasury has decreased $\$ 4,737,390$, and in the banks has increased $\$ 16,671,605$. The decrease of gold outside of the Treasury and the banks has been $\$ 964,219$, and of silver coin $\$ 5,954,136$, and the decrease of paper currency exclusive of silver certificates, $\$ 30,388,289$. In the foregoing tables the silver certificates issued by the Treasury have not been included, but the standard silver dollars held for their redemption on presentation form a portion of the silver coin in the Treasury. The silver certificates in the bands of the people and the banks at the following dates were as follows:

| Jamuars 1, 1879 | \$413,360 |
| :---: | :---: |
| November 1, 1880 | 19,780,240 |
| Novemler 1, 1881 | 5S, 838,770 |
| November 1, 1882 | 65, 620,450 |
| November 1, 1883 | 85, 334,381 |
| November 1, 1884 | 100, 741, 502 |

It will be seen that the amount of these certificates in circulation has increased $\$ 15,407,180$ during the year 1884.

The gold certificates issued under section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, outstanding in the hands of the people and banks on November 1, 1882, November 1, 1883, and November 1, 1884, not including the amount in the Treasury, were $\$ 6,962,280, \$ 48,869,940$, and $\$ 85,301,190$, respectively.

As before stated, the total amonnt of standard silver dollars coined up to November 1, 1884, was $\$ 184,730,829$, of which, as'shown in one of the foregoing tables, $\$ 142,926,726$ was then in the Treasury, although an amount equal to $\$ 100,741,561$ was represented by certificates in the hands of the people and the banks, leaving $\$ 42,185,165$ then held by the Treasury. Of the $\$ 184,730,829$ coined, $\$ 41,804,103$ was therefore evidently outside of the Treasury, and $\$ 100,741,561$ of the amount in the Treasury was represented by certificates in circulation. The remainder of the silver, $\$ 91,004,610$, consisted of subsidiary coin, trade dollars, and bullion purchased for coinage, of which $\$ 33,993,284$ was in the Treasury, and about $\$ 57,011,326$ was in use with the people and the banks, consisting principally of subsidiary coin, iu the place of the paper fractional currency for which it was substituted.

The increase of gold and silver coin and paper currency, exclusive of silver certificates, outside of the Treasury and the banks, since the date of resumption, is thus estimated to have been $\$ 263,956,936$, and the decrease during the year ending November 1', 1883, \$6,306,372. To.these sums the amounts of silver certificates in the hands of the people may be added. Ou November 1, 1883, the amount of these certificates held by the people and the banks was, as has been seen, $\$ 100,741,561$; but the proportion of this amount in the hands of the people cannot be exactly determined.

SPECIE IN BANK AND IN 'THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, AND ESIIMAXED AMOUNT IN THE COUNTRY-SPECIE IN THE BANK OF ENGLAND AND IN THE BANK OF FRANCE.

The following table exhibits the amounts of specie held by the national banks at the dates of their reports for the last eleven years, the
coin and coin certificates held by the New York Citybanks being stated separately:

| Dates. | Held by national banks in New York City: |  |  |  | Held by other national banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coin. | U. S. gold certificates. | Clearing-house certificates. | Total. |  |  |
| Sept: 12, | \$1,063, 21055 | \$13, 522, 610, |  | \$14, 585, 81055 | 7 | 45 |
| Dec. 26, 18 | 1,376, 17050 | 18, 325.760 |  | 19, 701, 93050 | 7, 205, 10708 | 26, 9017,037 58 |
| Feb. 27, 1874. | 1, 167,820 09 | 23, 518,640 |  | 24, 646, 46009 | 8, 679, 40349 | 33, 365, 86358 |
| May 1,1874.. | 1, 530, 28210 | 23,454,660 |  | 24, 984, 94210 | 7, 585, 02716 | 32, 569, 96926 |
| June 26, 1874.. | 1, 842, 52500 | 13, 671, 660 |  | 15, 514, 18500 | 6, 812,0022 27 | 22,326, 20727 |
| Oct. 2, 1874. | 1,291, 78056 | 13, 114, 480 |  | 14, 406, 26656 | 6, 834, 67867 | 21, 240, 94523 |
| Dec. 31, 1874. | 1, 443, 21542 | 14, 410,940 |  | 15, 854, 15542 | 6, 582, 60562 | 22, 436, 76104 |
| Mar. 1, 1875 | 1, 084, 55554 | 10, 622. 160 |  | 11, 706, 71554 | $4,960,39063$ | 16, 667, 106.17 |
| May 1,1875 | 930, 105 76 | 5, 753, 220 |  | 6, 683, 325.76 | $\stackrel{3}{5}, 937,03588$ | 110,620,361 64 |
| Jane 30, 1875. | 1, 023,01586 | 12, 6421880 |  | 13, 665. 19586 | 5,294, 38644 | 18,959, 582830 |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | 753, 90490 | 4, 2011,720 |  | 4, 955, 624 90 | 3, 094, 70483 | 8, 050, 32973 |
| Dec. 17, 1875 | 869, 43672 | 12, 532, 810 |  | 13,402, 24672 | 3, 668,659 18 | 17, 070, 90590 |
| Mar. 10, $1 \times 76$. | 3, 261,13136 | 19, 086, 920 |  | 22, 348, 05136 | 6, 729, 294.49 | 29, 077, 34585 |
| May 12.1876. | 832, 31370 | 15, 18:3, 760 |  | 16,016, 073 70 | 5, 698, 520 66' | 21, 714, 59436 |
| Juve 30, 1876. | 1, 214, 52292 | 16, 872, 780 |  | 18, 087, 30292 | 7, 131,167 40 | 25, 218,469. 92 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1, 120, 81434 | 13, 446, 760 |  | 14,576, 57434 | 6, 785, 07969 | 21,361,654 03 |
| Dec. 22, 1876 | 1, 434, $701 \times 3$ | 21, $60 \pm 900$ |  | 23, 037, 601 83 | 9, 962, 04606 | 32, 999, 64788 |
| Jan. 20, 1877 | 1, 669, 28494 | 33, 629, 660 |  | 35, 298, 94494 | 14; 410, 32261 | 40,709, 26735 |
| Apr. 14, 1877 | 1, 930, 7:5 59 | 13,889, 180 |  | 15, 829, 90559 | 11, 240, 13219 | 27,070, 03778 |
| June 22, 1877 | 1, 423, 25817 | 10, 324, 320 |  | 11,747, 57817 | 9, 588, 41789 | 21, 335, 99606 |
| Oct. 1,1877. | 1, 538, 46647 | 11, 409. 920 |  | 12.948, 40647 | 9, 710, 41384 | 22, 658, 82031 |
| Dec. 28, 1877. | 1, 955, 74, 20 | 19, 119, 480 |  | 21, 074: 82620 | 11,832, 92450 | 32, 907, 75070 |
| Mar. 15, 1878 | 2, 428, 79744 | 35, 043, 220 |  | 37, 432, 01744 | 17,290, 04058 | 54, 7\%2, 05802 |
| May 1, 1878 | 2,688, 09206 | 25, 397. 640 |  | 28, 085, 732 06 | 17, 938, 024 | 46, 023,75606 |
| June 29, 1878 | 1, 905, 70522 | 11, 954, 500 |  | 13, 860, 20522 | 15, 391, 26455 | 29, 251, 46977 |
| Oct. 1, $1 \times 78$ | 1,779,792 43 | 11, 514, 810 |  | 13, 294. 60243 | 17, 394, 004 16 | 30, 688, 60659 |
| Dec. 6, 1878 | 4, 009, 29901 | 12, 277, 180 |  | 16, 286, 47901 | 18, u68, 77135 | 34, 352, 25036 |
| Jaw. 1, 1879 | 5, 421, 55249 | 12,739,544 |  | 18, 161. 09249 | 23, 338, 66443 | 41, 499, 75732 |
| Apr. 4, 1879. | 5, 312.966 90 | 12, 220, 940 |  | 17, 533, 90690 | 23, 614, 65651 | 41, 148, 56341 |
| June 14. 1879 | 6, 058,47234 | 12, 291, 270 |  | 18, 319, 74234 | 23, 9883,54510 | 42, 333, 28784 |
| Oct. 2, 1879... | 7, 218,967 69 | 12, 130,900 |  | 19, 349, 86769 | 22, 823, 87354 | 42, 173, 73123 |
| Dec. 12, 1879.. | 20, 086, 24964 | 8, 366, 140 | \$21,569, 00000 | 50, u31, 38964 | 28, 981, 65195 | 79,013, $0411^{\prime} 59$ |
| Feb. 21, 18 | 12, 253, 541 44 | 7,464. 650 | 35, 875,000 n0 | 55, 572, 19144 | 33, 869, 860031. | 89, 442, 05175 |
| Apr. 23, 1880 | 12,595, 72449 | 6, 914, 250 |  | $44,967,97049$ | 41, 461, 76712 | 86, 429, 73221 |
| Jane 11,1880. | 16, 683, $2>640$ | 7, 810, 200 | 33, 337,000 00 | 57, 828, 426640 | 41, $677,07886$. | 99, 500, 50526 |
| Oct. 1, 18 | 16, 104, 85528 | 7,4n9, 00 | 36, 189, $00000 \cdot$ | 59, 78:, 55j 38 | 49, 562, 95411 | 109,346, 509.49 |
| Dec. 31,1880 | 19,773, 85901 | 6, 7u9, 900 | 28, 24,6,000 00 | 54, 729, 759 01 | 52, 443, 14191 | 107, 172, 90092 |
| Mar. 11, 1881 | 15, 924, 8883.90 | 4, 825, 300 | 30, 809, 100000 | 51, 558, 98380 | 53, $597,211{ }^{36}$ | 105, 156, 19526 |
| May 6, 1881 . | 26, 242, 10860 | 4, 625, 910- | 34, 176, 000.00 | 65, 644, 00860 | 57, 584, 55348 | 122, 628,562 08 |
| June 30, 1881. | 20, 822,790 87 | 4, 513,400 | $41,858.00000$ | 67, 194, 1908 | 61, 444, 73663 | 128, 638, 927 . 50 |
| Oct. 1,1881. | 15,317, 16804 | 4, 488, 600 | 31, 721,000 00 | 51, 524, 768 04 | 62, 809, 968 - 08 | 114, 334, 73612 |
| Dec. 31, 1881 | 16,352, 63049 | 4, 037, $6{ }^{16}$ | 33, 85-, 00000 | 54, 242, 23049 | 59, 438, 40911 | 113, 680; 63969 |
| Mar. 11, 1882 | 17, 093,44739 | 4, 075, 800 | 29, 907,000 00 | 51, 076, 24739 | 58, 907, 863 65 | 109, 984, 11104 |
| May 19, 1882. | 15,541,956 93 | 4, 034, 300 | 31, 783, 00000 | 51, 359, 25693 | 61, 056, 54980 | 112, 415, 806 73 |
| July , 1, 188\%. | 14, 278, 29077 | 4, 005, 100 | 32, 854, 00000 | 51, 137,390 77. | 60, 556, 87177 | 111, 694, 26254 |
| Oct. 3, 18 | 14,391, 783.74 | 3, 908, 100 | 26, 224,000 00 | 44, 523, 883.74 | 58, 333, 89453 | 102, 857, 77827 |
| Dec. 30,1882 | 10,811,726 69 | 17, 720, 100 | 23, 020,000 100 | 50, 551, 866 69 | 55, 875, 33271 | 106, 427, 159 40 |
| Mär. 13, $18 \times 3$. | 10, 060; 52145 | 10, 813, 320 | 21. 818,00000 | 42, 691, 87105. | 55, 270, 495 29 | 97.962, 366.34 |
| May 1,1883 | 9, 891, 63615 | 16, 094, 210 | 21, 334, 000 00 | 47, 319.846 15 | 56, 287, 420017 | 103, 607, 26632 |
| June 22, 1883. | 8, 219, 74422 | 26, 477, 760 | $22,139,00000$ | 56, 836, 50422 | 58. 517, 89040 | 115, 354, $394: 62$ |
| Oct. 2,1883 | 9, 348, 473 82 | 20, 541, 110 | 20, 345, 000 00 | 50, 274, 17382 | 57, 543, 80971 | 107, 817, 98353 |
| Dec. 31,1883. | 10, $79.4,48117$. | 20, 525, 270 | 21, 693,000 00 | 53.011, 75117 | 61, 274, 406 87 | 114; 276, 15804 |
| Mar 7,1884 | 12,948, 09234 | 21, 582, 060 | 25, 912,000 00 | $60,442,15234$ | 6\%2, 637, 97499 | 123, 080. 12733 |
| Apr. 24, 1884. | 929, 064 27 | 20, 093, 380 | 20.527,000 00 | 49. 549, 44427 | 65, 193, 262282 | 114, 744, 70709 |
| June 20, 1884. | 7, 446, 69682 | 20, 397. 590 | 15, 690, 00000 | 43, 534, 28682 | 60, 127, 295 | 109, 661, 68211 |
| Sept. 30, 1884. | 7, 296, 17839 | 40, 765, 140 | 15; 052, 00000 | $63,113,31839$ | 65, 496, 15634 | 128, 604, 47473 |

The national banks beld silver coin amounting on October 1, 1877, to $\$ 3,700,703$, and on October 1, 1878, to $\$ 5,392,628$. On October 2, 1879, the amount held was $\$ 4,986,493$, on October 1,1880 it was $\$ 6,495,477$, including $\$ 1,165,120$ in silyer Treasury certificates; on October 1, 1881, it was $\$ 7,112,567.18$, including $\$ 1,662,180$ of silver certificates; ou October $3,188^{2}$, it was $\$ 8,273,815$, inciuding $\$ 1,807,600$ of silver certificates; on October 2, 188:3, it was $\$ 10,247,926$, including $\$ 2,653,030$ of silver certificates; and on September 30, 1884, it was $\$ 11,424,067$, including $\$ 3,331,510$ of silver certificates.

The latest official reports of the State banks in New Eugland, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Georgia, Texas, Obio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri, and the Territory of Montana show that these banks held specie amountiug to $\$ 14,834,133$, of which the banks in New York City held \$10,506,059.

The official returns from the State banks of California do not give separately the amount of coin held by them, but it is estimated that the total casb reported, amounting to $\$ 10,042,432$, consisted aluost entirely of coin. The amount of coin beld by State banks in the States before mentioned, including California, was, therefore, \$25,376,565.

The Director of the Mint, in lis report for 1882, estimated the amount of coin in the country on June $30,188^{2}$, at $\$ 700,455,545$, of which $\$ 500,862,185$ was gold and $\$ 199,573,360$ was silver.

His estimate for the fiscal year ending Jume 30,1884 , is as follows:

| United States coin. | Gold. | Silver | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Girculation July 1, 1883 | \$537, 254, 794 | \$228, 216, 199 | \$765, 470, 993 |
| Year's coinago | 27, 982, 824 | 28, 773, 388 | 56, 706, 212 |
| Totals. | 565, 187, 618 | 256, 989, 587 | 822, 177, 205 |
| Less net exports | 8,417,059 | 4,199 | 8,421, 258 |
| Deposits for recoinage | 263, 117 | 152, 031 | 415, 148 |
| Used in the axts. | 4, 875, 000 | 216; 000 | 5, 091, 000 |
| Trade dollars withdrawn from circulati |  | 6, 000, 000 | 6, 000,000 |
| Total loss | 13,555,176 | 6,372, 230 | 19, 927, 406 |
| Circulation July 1, 1884 | 551, 632,442 | 250, 617, 357 | 802, 249, 799 |
| Net gain during the year | 14, 377, 648 | 22, 401, 158 | 36, 778; 806 |

From Jnly 1, 1884, to October 1, 1884, there has been added to the coin $\$ 5,955,999$ of gold and $\$ 6,582,350$ of silver, making the stock of coin in the country at the latter date $\$ 814,788,148$, of which $\$ 557,588,441$ was gold and $\$ 257,199,707$ was silver.

The anount of bulliou in the mint and in the New York assay office on October 1, 1884, is stated to have been $\$ 52,950,000$ of gold and $\$ 4,935,000$ of silver, making in all $\$ 57,885,000$, which, added to the amount of coin stated above, gives $\$ 872,673,148$, of which amount $\$ 610,538,441$ was gold and $\$ 262,134,707$ was silver.

The following table shows the amount of gold and silver, including the amount held to protect gold and silver certificates, and the percentage of each, in the Treasury of the United States, on September 30 of each year from 1876 to 1884, and on November 1, 1884 :

| Period. | Silver. |  |  | Gold coin and bullion. | Total coin. and bullion. | Per cent of- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard. dollars. | Otber coin and bullion. | Total silver. |  |  | Silver. | Gold. |
| Sept, 30, 1876. |  | \$6, 029, 367 | \$6, 029,367 | \$55, 423, 059 | \$61, 452, 426 | 9.8 | 90.2 |
| Sept. 30, 1877.. |  | 7, 425, 454 | 7,425 454 | 107, 039, 529. | 114, 464, 983 | 6.5 | 93.5 |
| Sept. 30, $1 \times 78$. | \$12, 155, 205 | 15, 777, 937 | 27, 933, 142 | 136, 036, 302 | 163, 969,444 | 17.0 | 83.0 |
| Sept. 30. 1879. | 31, 806. 774 | 21, 173, 023 | 52.979,797 | 169, 827, 571 | $2 \div 2,807,368$ | 23.8 | 76.2 |
| Sept. 30, 1880.. | 47, 784,744 | 30, 878, 286 | 78, 663, 030 | 135, 641, 450 | 214, 304, 480 | 36.7 | 63.3 |
| Sept. 30.1881.. | 66, 09.960 | 28, 945, 297 | 96, 037,964 | 174, 361, 343 | 209, 399, 307 | 35.3 | 64.7 |
| Septr 30, 1882.. | $92.228,619$ | 30, 769.7115 | 122,998, 354 | 152, 739, 106 | 2i5, 737, 460 | 44.6 | 55.4 |
| Sept. 30, 1883.. | 114, 587, 372 | 31, 858, 072 | 146, 445, 444 | $206,130,543$ | 352, 575, 987 | 41.5 | 58.5 |
| Sept. 30, 18ヶ4.. | 142, 0.58,787 | 34, 408, 566 | 176, 467, 353 | 217, 904, 043 | 394, 371, 396 | 44.7 | 55.3 |
| Nov. 1, 1884 | 142, $0 \div 6,725$ | 33, 998, 254 | 176, 919, 979 | 222, 536, 360 | 399, 456, 339 | 44.3 | 55.7 |

The bullion in the Bank of England for each year from 1870 to 1884 is shown in the following table, the pound sterling being estimated at five dollars :

| 1870 | \$103, 900, 000 | 1878 | \$119,200,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1871 | 117,950,000 | 1879* | 150,942,980 |
| 1872 | 112,900,000 | $1880 \dagger$ | 141, 637, 000 |
| 1873 | 113,500, 000 | $1881 \dagger$ | 115, 221, 870 |
| 1874 | 111, 450,000 | 1882. | 108,689,912 |
| 1875 | 119,600,000 | 1883 † | 121, 779,545 |
| 1876 | 143, 500,000 | 1884 † | $99,161,045$ |
| 1877 | 126, 850, 000 |  |  |

Below is a similar table, giving the amount of gold and silver, and the percentage of each, in the Bank of France, on December 31 of each year§ from 1870 to 1882, on November 1, 1883, and on October 30, 1884, five francs being estimated at one dollar:


## AMOUN' OF INTEREST•BEARING FUNDED DEBT IN THE UNITED STATES* AND THE AMOUNT HELD BY. NATIONAL BANKS.

The public debt reached its maximum on August 31, 1865 , at which time it amounted to $\$ 2,845,907,626$. More than 1,275 millions of this debt were iu temporary obligations of the Government, of which 830 millions bore interest at 7.30 per cent. per annum. The average rate of interest on 1,725 millions of the debt at that date was 6.62 per cent. This large amount of temporary obligations was funded within the three years which followed the close of the war, chiefly into 6 per cent. bonds. The 6 per cent. bonds were gradually reduced daring the year 1869 and the seven years following by payment and refunding into 5 per cents. The 6 per cents, together with the 5 per cents, were subsequently rapidly replaced by $4 \frac{1}{2}$ and 4 per cent. bonds, which were authorized to be issued by the act of July 14, 1870. In the year 1881 all of the un-

[^19]redeemed 5 and 6 per cent. bonds, amounting to $\$ 579,560,050$, were continued payable at the pleasure of the Government, with interest at 32 per cent., by agreement with the holders. The act of July 12, 1882, authorized the refuuding of the three and one-halfs into three per cents, and since its passage all of these bonds have been converted into three per cents. The Secretary, during the year ending November 1, called for payment nearly $\$ 111,338,500$ of the threes.

The report for 1879 and subsequent reports contain tables exhibiting the classification of the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States, and of the bonds held by the national banks for a series of years.

These tables are again preseuted, and exhibit the amount of the outstanding bonds of the Government and the amount held by the banks on July 1 of each sear and November 1 of the present year.

The following table exhibits the classification of the unmatured interest-bearing bonded debt of the United States at the dates named:


The Navy pension fund, amountiug to $\$ 14,000,000$ in 3 per cents, the interest upon which is applied to the parment of naval pensions exclusively, and $\$ 264,800$ of refunding certificates, are not included in the table.

The operations of the Treasury Department for a series of years have largely reduced the amount of interest receivable by the national banks on the bonds held by them.

Seventeen years ago the banks had on deposit às security for circulation 327 millions in United States bonds, of which amount 241 millions bore interest at 6 per cent., and 86 millions at 5 per cent., and on July 1,1882 , they held 227 millions of $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds. These bonds have now entirely disappeared from the list of securities held by the national banks. The average rate of interest now paid by the United States on the bonds deposited as security for circulating notes is about 3.6 per cent. upon their par value.

The banks now hold 49 millious of four and one-halfs, 116 millions of fours, and 155 millions of three per cents, which have been refunded from three and one half per cents. This will be seen from the following table, which exhibits the amount and classes of United States bonds 5022 F ——10
owned by the banks, including those pledged as security for circulation and for public deposits, on the list day of July in each year since 1865, and upon November 1 of the present year:


The banks also held $\$ 3,469,000$ of Pacific Railway six per cents. They also had $\$ 9,586,200$ of three per cents, which were called and matured on and prior to November 1.

About one-half of the bonds now held by the national banks are three per cents.

If the public debt continues to be paid as rapidly as it has been during the past year, all of these bonds will probably be called within the next two years. Those of the lower numbers, which it is safe to estimate will be among the last called, cannot be purchased for a premium of much less than 2 per cent., and at that price there will be very little, if any, profit on circulation based on this class of bonds if they are redeemed within the next two years.

The profits on circulation, based on other bonds held by national banks, are merely nominal, after paying the annual tax of 1 per cent. on circulation.

## SECURITY FOR CIRCULATING NOTES.

During previous years there have been many changes in the classes of United States bonds held by the national banks as security for their circulation, owing to the payment or refunding or extension of the different issues of 5 and 6 per cent. bonds, bearing interest at $4 \frac{1}{2}, 4,3 \frac{1}{2}$, and 3 per cent.

The amount of United States bonds held by the Treasurer as security
for the circulating notes of the national banks on the 1st day of November, 1884, is exhibited in the following table:

| Class of bonds. | Authorizing act. | Rate of interest. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per cent. |  |
| Funded loan of 1891 | July 14, 1870, and January 20, $1871 .$. |  | \$49, 537, 450 |
| Funded loan of 1907 | ...... do ............ . do.............. | 4 | 116, 705, 450 |
| Funded loan of July 12, 1882 | July 12, 1882 .......................... | 3 | 155, 604, 400 |
| Pacific Railway bonds ..... | July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864........ | 0 | 3,469, 000 |
| Total |  |  | $325,316,300$ |

During the year 1871, and previous thereto, a large portion of the bonds bore interest at the rate of 6 per cent., and until the year 1877 all of the bonds bore interest at either 5 or 6 per cent.

The 5 and 6 per cent. bonds in the year 1881 entirely disappeared from the list of these securities, with the exception of $3 \frac{1}{2}$ millions of Pacific sixes, and at the present time more than 47.8 per cent. of the amount pledged for circulation consists of bonds bearing interest at 3 per cent. only, and the remainder, with the exception of $\$ 3,469,000$ of Pacifics, bear interest at the rate of 4 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

## AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS HELD BY THE NATIONAL BANKS AND BY BANKS ORGANIZED UNDER STATE LAWS.

Through the courtesy of State officers the Comptroller has obtained official reports made to them under State laws by State banks in twentytwo States, byotrust companies in five States, and by savings banks in fourteen"States, at different dates during the years 1883 and 1884, and from these returus the following table has been compiled :

| Held by 817 State banks in twenty-two State | \$2, 337, 705 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Held by 35 trust companies in five States | 23, 371, 084 |
| Held by 636 savings banks in fourteen States | 196, 226,202 |
| Total | 221, 934, 991 |

The interest-bearing funded debt of the United States was, on November 1, 1884, $\$ 1,206,475,600$. The total amount of bonds held by the national ( $\$ 342,156,300$ ) and State and savings banks and trust companies $(\$ 221,934,991)$ is nearly one half of the interest-bearing debt.

The amount of United States bonds held by State banks is given by geographical divisions for the years 1881, 1882, 1883, and 1884, as follows:

| Geographical divisions. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eastern States. | \$40, 468, 340 | \$42, 667, 248 | \$37, 399, 819 | \$30, 806, 938 |
| Middle States. | 176, 373, 889 | 197, 135, 239 | 182, 847, 588 | 188, 640, 523 |
| Southern States | 1, 073, 460 | 268,350 | 646,500 | 96, 750 |
| Western States. | 5,735, 518 | 3, 369, 414. | 3, 105, 024 | 2,390,780 |
| Pacific States | 14, 874, 332 | 20,020, 175 | 17, 743, 978 | (*) |
| Total | 238, 525, 539 | 263, 460, 426 | 241, 742, 909 | 221, 934, 991 |

[^20]In previous reports the Comptroller has given the amount of United States bonds held by banks organized under State laws, and by private bankers, as returned to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for purposes of taxation. The tax on deposits and capital having been repealed, no further returns of this kind will be available. The last returns to the Commissioner was for the six months ending November 30, 1882, and from these returns the following table has been compiled for the purpose of comparison with previous tables presented since the jear 1880 :

| Geographical divisions. | Amount invested in United States bonds. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | By State banks, prirate bank. ers, and trust companies. | 73y savings banks. | Total |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| United States | 38, 865, 288 | 189, 187, 816 | 228, 053, 104 |
| May 31, 1881: |  |  |  |
| New England States | 2, 985, 496 | 36, 640,795 | 39, 626, 291 |
| Middle states | 21, 908, 703 | 168, 617,049 | 190, 525,752 |
| Southern States | 1, 707, 702 | 21. 689 | 1, 729, 391 |
| Western States | 6, 734, 948 | 2, 689, 447 | 0, 424, 395 |
| Pacific States and Territories | 4, 984, 313 | 6, 911, 198 | 11, 895, 511 |
| United States | 38, 321, 162 | 214, 880, 178 | 253, 201, 340 |
| Mar 31, 1882: |  |  |  |
| New England States | 2, 644, 895 | 37, 046, 625 | 39, 691, 520 |
| Middle States. | 20, 576, 823 | 189, 775, 842 | 210, 352, 665 |
| Southern States | 1, 862, 946 |  | 1, 862, 946 |
| Western States. | 7, 099, 874 | 2, 354, 710 | 9, 454, 584 |
| Pacific States and Territories | 5, 897,637 | 12, 851, 605 | 18,749, 242 |
| United States | 38, 082, 175 | 242, 028, 782 | 280, 110, 957 |
| November 30, 1882: |  |  |  |
| New England States | 2, 501,497 | 34, 274, 199 | 36, 775, 696 |
| Middle States | 19, 735, 340 | 179, 131, 959 | 198, 867, 299 |
| Southern States | 1, 147, 881 |  | 1, 147, 881 |
| Western States | 6,528,666 | 2, 143, 118 | 8, 671, 784 |
| Pacific States and Territories | 5,781,749 | 14, 380, 007 | 20, 161, 756 |
| United States | 35, 695, 133 | 220, 929, 283 | 265, 624,416 |

$\operatorname{cox}_{\operatorname{cox}}^{\cos }$ The data which hare heretofore been obtained from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue included the returns from private bankers, and were, therefore, more complete than those obtained from the reports of State officers, but the amounts held by State and savings bauks have not greatly differed.

## THE FINANCIAL CRISIS OF MAY.

Owing to the large number of mercantile failures which had occurred during 1883 , considerable financial uneasiness was felt at the beginning of 1884 , and the jear opened inauspiciously, by the appointment on January 1 of a receiver for the New York and New England Railroad. Following closely upon this failure were the troubles of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company, and the appointment on January 12 of a receiver for the North River Construction Company. The months of

February, March, and April were characterized by many commercial failures, rumors affecting the credit of various corporations, and a still further depreciation in price of stocks and bonds, and in fact of all products and commodities.

This feeling of uneasiness and of uncertainty as to values culminated on May 6 with the failure of the Marine National Bank of New York whose president was a member of the firm of Grant \& Ward. The failure of this firm immediately followed, and owing to the prominence of some of its members and its large liabilities, exceeding $\$ 17,000,000$, its failure caused great excitement, that had not subsided when on May 13 the president of the Second National Bank of New York was discovered to be a defaulter to the extent of $\$ 3,185,000$. Although this defalcation was immediately made good by the clirectors of the bank and did not result in its suspension or failure, such a shock was given to credit, and to the conficlence of the public in all institutions and firms supposed to have loaned money upon such railroad and other securities as had greatly decreased in value or whose managers were supposed to be directly or indirectly interested in speculation in Wall street, was so slaken, that there was great pressure to sell stocks and securities and an active demand on the banks for deposits.

This condition of affairs culminated on May 14 in the suspension of the Metropolitan National Bank, the failures of Donnell, Lawson \& Simpson, Hatch \& Foote, and several other bankers and brokers. These failures were followed on May 15 by that of the Newark Savings Bank, and by the suspension of Fiske \& Hatch and others. Failures and suspensions continued throngh the mouths of May and June, including those of the Wall Street Bank, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, the West Shore Railroad, of C. K. Garrison, M. Morgan's Sons, and of other bankers and brokers.

The suspension of the Metropolitan National Bank on May 14 caused great excitement. All stocks and securities called upon the New York Stock Exchange were greatly depreciated under the pressure to sell, and it was practically impossible for the banks to collect their call loans, as their borrowers could not obtain money by sale of their securities except at ruinous rates; neither could they borrow elsewhere; and it was impracticable and impolitic to throw the mass of securities held as collateral to the call loans of the associated banks upon the market. If it had been done it is probable that a suspension of gold and currency payments by the banks throughout the country would have followed the general panic that would have ensued. In this emergency the nembers of the New York Clearing-House Association, realizing that an immediate demand for deposits would be made by their country correspondents, called a meeting at the clearing house on the afternoon of May 14, and the following plan for settling balances at the clearing house was unanimously adopted:

[^21]After cousultation with the officers and directors of the Metropolitan National Bank, a committee of examination was appointed to visit the bank and to ascertain if some plan could not be arranged to permit it to open again for business. The greater part of the securities of the
bank were found to be of such a character that loan certificates conld safely be issued upon them, and in this way the Metropolitan National was enabled to resume busiuess on May 15 and settle its balances at the clearing house. The prompt action of the members of the associated banks and the resimption of the Metropolitan National Bank greatly assisted in allaying excitement and staying the panic, and although confidence was not immediately restored, and although the banks in the city of New York were largely drawn upon by their country correspondents reducing their reserve for a time below the 25 per cent. limit prescribed by law, and although on account of the great depreciation of values and the stringency of the money market occasioned by the want of confidence otber failures of State banks, private bankers, and mercantile firms occurred in New York and throughout the country, there was no suspension of gold and currency payments at any point, and the issue of loan certificates was confined to the banks of New York City, which were soon enabled to collect their loans and make good their reserves.

The crisis of May, 1884, seems to have been even more unexpected to the country than that of September, 1873. Although many conservative people had predicted that the large increase in railroad and other securities, and the general inflation which had been going on for a number of years would bring financial troubles and disasters to the country, it was nevertheless generally believed that the depreciation of values and the liquidation which had already been going on for many months, and the further facts that the country was doing business upon a gold basis, that the prices of all commodities were already very low, that an increased area of territory was under cultivation, and that the prospects were excellent for good crops, together with the larger distribution of wealth throughont the Union, would prevent a repetition of the panic of 1873. This general belief was measurably correct, as the panic or crisis was confined principally to New York City, although its effects were more or less felt in all parts of the comntry, and the liquidation resulting therefrom has not jet been fully completed.
The most profound students of political economy have for many years endeavored to explain the causes which have led to financial troubles similar to those of 1857, 1873, and 1884, and it is not to be expected that the Comptroller can obtain sufficient data to enter into a complete and satisfactory explanation of the causes of the financial disturbances of the present year. The canses that lead to financial crises in a country so rich in agriculture, of which the manufacturing and mining interests are so varied and important, the imports and exports so great, of so extensive an area of territory, and in which wealth is becoming so equally distributed, and the population of which is increasing so rapidly, are difficult to explain, and the issue of currency and creation of debt requires elaborate study to ascertain the reasons for the rise and fall in value of commodities and realty which cause a panic. It is scarcely possible at this time to explain why it should be necessary for the country to go through the liquidation and financial trouble which is now being experienced.

It is apparent, however, that a repetition of some of the same circumstances which brought about the monetary crisis of 1.873 has been largely influential in cansing the present crisis. Property of all kinds had been capitalized, as it is called; bonds and stocks had been issued for the purpose of building railroads, carrying on manufacturing and other business; municipal and other bouds had been issued for public improvements. These bonds and stocks were put upon the market, and
commercial credit was extended until a point was reached where capitalists of this and other countries questioned the intrinsic value of these securities and the earning power of the property on which they wiere based, and also doubted the solvency of many firms in commercial business. This lack of confidence induced them to decline to make farther adyances or investments. A decrease in the earnings of railroads, manufacturing, and other enterprises followed, and the entire business of the country has consequently been restricted and deadened.

There is little doubt that one of the causes which led to the local disturbances among the banks, national and State, and private bankers of the city of New York, was their intimate relation in many instances to the New York Stock Exchange, and the fact that a large portion of lthe loans made by the banks and bankers of New York were based upon the security of stocks and bonds, often speculative in their character, -which are dealt in and regularly called at the Stock Board.

It is no doubt correct in principle to ad vance money in aid of enterprises which are legitimate in their aims, and from which reasonable returns may be expected, and in order that the general business and commerce or the carrying trade of the country may be benefited. Due care should, however, be taken that loans so made should not exceed the amount which it would be safe to advance upon the intrinsic ralue of the property represented by the securities, and not upon a fictitious or unreal valuation. Lines should be closely drawn between legitimate business and speculation. The principles which underlie judicious and sound banking are the growth of an experience of many years. Banks not only loan their own capital but that of their depositors and creditors, and are therefore, to a certain extent, trustees, and should not eucourage speculation or lend money for the furtherance of doubtful enterprises, even though the profits promise to be exorbitant. The proper relation of the New York Stock Exchange to the business of the United States is yet to be determined. The value of au exchange for the convenient sale and handling of stocks and securities is unquestioned; but when the members of this exchange, who have associated themselves together for the purpose of furthering the business and commerce of the country, use the machinery of this exchange to create speculative values and to increase or decrease prices of stocks and bonds for purposes of speculation solely, or, more properly, to encourage a form of gambling, it is a matter for serious consideration whether legislation by the State of New York or by the Congress of the United States should not be had to regulate a business which appears at times to be carried on to the great detriment of the true business interests of the country.

Just what restrictions should be placed upon the business of the New York Stock Exchange, or what legislation should be had, is difficult to determine. Just how far the Federal or State law can interfere with the business of private citizens is a delicate and difficult matter to settle.

In considering the financial troubles of May, 1884, in the city of New York, the Comptroller desires to call attention to the fact that while many banks and private banking firms of excellent repute failed, but one association organized under the national-bank act failed, and but one suspended.

The liabilities of State banks and private bankers failing during the month of May in the city of New York it is estimated exceeded in the aggregate 32 million dollars, while the liabilities of the only national bank in the same category was about $4 \frac{1}{4}$ millions, no loss to the public occurring through the national bank which suspended.

Upon learning of the defalcation at the Second National Bank on May 14, and when it was apparent that a financial crisis was imminent
in the city of New York, the Comptroller ordered expert and reliable examiners to the assistance of the national-bank examiner stationed at New York in order to protect the public. The examiners were instructed to exercise the utmost caution and vigilance, and to visit any of the national banks that appeared to be in trouble, or where violations of law or irregularities were suspected. They were especially instructed to report any criminal irregularities or violations of section 5209. Before permitting the Second National Bank, whose president had misappropriated over 3 millions of its funds, to open for basiness, the defalcation was made good under the supervision of the examiner. The plan of resumption for the Metropolitan National Bank, by obtaining loan certificates of the New York Clearing-House Association upon its securities, was also submitted by the examiner in charge of the bank to the Comptroller, the examiner remaining in charge until the plan was carried into effect and the bank permitted to resume.

During the crisis in New York, bank examiners throughout the country were directed to exercise the utmost vigilance in the districts to which they were assigned, to visit any of the national banks which appeared to be in trouble or which were suspected of irregularities. They were further instructed to report promptly by telegraph any matters of im. portance which might occur in their respective districts.

The Comptroller desires to call attention to the fact that only eleven national banks failed in the United States during the Jear ending November 1, 1884, although more than one hundred banks and bankers other than national failed during the same period. The records of this office show that many of the transactions of the national banks which failed, including the Marine and Metropolitan National Banks of New York City, were looked upon with disfavor, and that these associations as a rule had been frequently reprimanded for irregularities during the past few years. None of the disclosures made by the examiner's re. ports, however, gave the Department an adequate idea of the dangerous character of the business which was being carried on by the Marine National Bank of New York, and this is not singular, as the directors of the bank, as will hereafter be seen, were equally deceived in regard to the situation.

Further information relating to this and other matters pertaining to the banks that have failed during 1884 will be found under the head of national bank failures in this report.

## CLEARING-HOUSE LOAN CERTIFICATES.

As has been stated, a meeting of the members of the New Yoris Clearing-House Association was held on May 14, 1884, to consider what measures could be adopted to protect the reserves of the associated banks and to prevent suspension of gold and currency payments in New York.

Resolutions were there adopted, which are given elsewhere, authorizing the issuance by the loan committee of the Clearing-House Association of what were termed clearing-house loan certificates, of which the following is a copy:

No. -.]
Loan commiltee of the New York Clearing-House Association.
[\$10,000.

14, 1884 , upon which this certificate is issued. This certificate will be received in paymeut of balances at the clearing-house for the sum of ten thousand dollars from any member of the Clearing-House Association. On the surcender of the certificate by the depositing bank above named, the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank, held by them, and surrender a proportionate share of collateral securities held therefor.


These certificates were to be issued to banks who were members of the association upon their securities or bills receivable, at the rate of 75 cents on the dollar. By the cooperation of all the members of the Clearing-House Association, the certificates were accepted in payment of balances at the clearing-house. Similar resolutions were adopted and certificates issued during the panic of 1873 , but this measure of relief was not taken until after the panic had assumed such proportions that their use and the consequent relief to the banks in settling their balances at the clearing-house could not restore confidence. There is little doubt but that the prompt action of the associated banks in May last in issuing these loan certificates had a most excellent effect not only in the city of New York but throughout the country. . The greatest amount of these certificates outstanding on any one day was on May 24, 1884, when they amounted to $\$ 21,885,000$. After that date they were issued in limited amounts only, and on June 7 their further issue was discontinued.

Of the eighty-two banks, members of the Clearing-House Association, only twenty took out these certificates, and several of the banks so taking taem out, did so simply as a precautionary measure and did not use them. The total amount issued was $\$ 24,915,000$, and about $\$ 7,000,000$ of these were issued to the Metropolitan National Bank. On and after June 10 balances at the clearing-house. were paid in lawful money. The principal security on which these certificates were issued consisted of mercantile paper.

On July 1 all of the loan certificates, with the exception of a portion of those which had been issued by the loan committee to the Metropolitan National Bank, had been returned to the committee and canceled and the securities taken up. This bank had been compelled, owing to its suspension and the lack of confidence which was caused thereby, to liquidate almost its entire deposit account, having reduced its deposits from $\$ 11,294,000$, on May 15 to $\$ 1,338,000$ on September 30. Owing to this enormous liquidation of deposits, the Metropolitan National Bank was unable to collect its loans and realize upon its securities with sufficient promptness to cancel its loan certificates by July 1, and as these certificates bear interest at six per cent. and are secured by a deposit of ample collaterals, as heretofore stated, the associated banks were willing to carry them as loans, and on October 3, 1884, were still carrying $\$ 5,290,000$ of the certificates issued to the Metropolitan National Bank. Since that time this bank has gone into voluntary liquidation, and these certificates will be paid and canceled as rapidly as the collection of the securities upon which they are based can be made.

The following table shows the aggregate issuance and cancellation of elearing-house certificates from day to day from May 15, 1884, to October 3, 1884 :


As has been stated, loan certificates were issued during the panic of 1873. On September 20 of that year resolutions* were adopted for the issuance of these certificates, as follows:

That in order to enable the banks of 'this association to alford such additional assistance to the business community, and also for the purpose of facilitating the settlement of the exchanges between the banks, it is proposed:

That any bank in the Clearing House Association may, at its option, deposit with a committee of five persons, to be appointed for that purpose, an amount of its bills receivable and other securities, to be approred by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor to said depositing banks certificates of deposit, bearing interest at seven per cent. per annum, in denominations of five and ten thousand doliars, to an amount not in excess of seventy-five per cent. of the securities or bills receivalle so deposited; except that when the securities deposited shall consist either of United States stocks or gold certificates, the certificates of deposit may be issued upon the par value of such certificates.

These certificates may be used in settlement of balances at the clearing-honse for a period not to extend beyond the first of November proximo, and they shall be received by creditor banks during that period daily iu the same proportion as they bear to the aggregate amount of debtor balances paid to the clearing-house. The interest which inay accrue upon these certificates shall, on the first of November next, or sooner, should the certificates be all redeemed, be apportioned among the banks which shall have held tben during that time.

The securities deposited with the committee above-named shall be held by them as a special deposit pledged for the redemption of the certificates issued thereon.

## The total amount of loan certificates issued under this resolution was

 $\$ 26,565,000$, and the following table shows the issue and cancellation of same :| Issued. |  | Canceled, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 22 to 29, 1873 | \$22, 080, 000 | October 3 to 31, 18/3 | \$5, 370, 000 |
| October 1 to 29, 1873.... | 3, 205, 000 | November 3 to 29, 1873 | 8, 235, 000 |
| November 1 to 20, 1873 | 1,280, 000 | December 1 to 31, 1873. | 12,020,000 |
| - | \$26, 565, 000 | January 5 to 14, 1874. | 940,000 |
|  |  |  | 26,565, 000 |

[^22]Upon comparison it will be seen that the issue of loan certificates* during September, Uctober, and November, 1873, exceeded the issue of May and June 1884 by only $\$ 1,650,000$.

## NATIONAL-BANK FAILURES.

Eleven banks have been placed in the hands of receivers during the year ending November 1, 1884, viz:

| Name of bank. | Capital. | Receiver appointed. 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The First National Bank of Leadville, Colo | \$60,000 | Jan. 24, 1884 |
| The City National Bank of Lawrenceburgh, Ind | 100,000 | Mar. 11, 1884 |
| The First National Bank of Saint Albans, $\overline{\text { V }}$ t | 100, 000 | Apr. 22, 1884 |
| The First National Bank of Monmouth, Ill | 75, 000 | A pr. 22, 1884 |
| The Marine National Bank of New York, N. Y | 400, 000 | May 13, 1884 |
| The Hot Springs National Bank of Hot Springs, | 50, 000 | June 2, 1884 |
| The Richmond National Bank of Richmond, Ind | 250,000 | July 23, 1884 |
| The First National Bank of Livingston, Mont | 50, 000 | Aug. 25, 1884 |
| The First National Bank of Albion, N. Y | 100, 000 | Aug. 26, 1884 |
| The First National Bank of Jamestown, Dak | 50, 000 | Sept. 13, 1884 |
| The Logau National Bank of West Liberty, Ohio | 50, 000 | Oct. 18, 1884 |

One of these, the City National Bank of Lawrenceburgh, Ind., had previously been placed in voluntary liquidation by the vote of shareholders, owning two-thirds of its stock, but failed to pay its depositors on demand.

In the case of the following six banks a final dividend to depositors has been paid during the year, and the affairs of all of them exceptthose of the National Bank of the State of Missouri, have been finally closed. These bauks, with the total dividend paid by each to their creditors, are as follows:

| Name of bauk. |  | Total divi dends or principal. | Proportion of interest paid. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The First National Bank of Austin, Ne |  | Per cent. <br> 92.70 | Per cent. |
| The Atlantic National Bank of New York, N. |  | 100. | 50. |
| The Miners National Banks of Goorgetown, |  | 76. 50 |  |
| The National Bank of Fishkill, N. Y M.......... |  | 100. | 38.5 |
| The National Bank of the State of Missonri, Sa Tbe German National Bank of Chicago, $111 . .$. |  | 100. 100. | 100. 42.3 |

Ith the case of the National Bank of the State of Missouri there still remains a portiou of the assets which can only be liquidated at the close of protracted litigation. Whatever may be realized from this source will eventually be distributed among the stockholders of that bank who have paid an assessment upon their stock liability.

The affairs of a number of national banks in the hands of receivers have been completely liquidated, with the exception of litigation pending in the courts, which may protract their final settlement for some time, although in three cases, those of the First National Bank of Allentown, Pa., the First National Bank of Waynesburg, Pa., and the City National Bank of Chicago, Ill., a speedy settlement is now expected.

[^23]
## The names of these banks, with the dividends already paid to the creditors, are as follows:

> Per cent.

Venaugo National Bank of Franklin, Pa ...................................................... 15
Scandinavian National Bank of Chicago, Ill.............................................. 50
New Orleans National Banking Association of New Orleans, La................... 60
First National Bank of Anderson, Ind...................................................... 25
Charlottesville National Bank of Charlottesville, Va..................................... 68
Fourth National Bank of Chicago, IIl.......................................................... 50
City National Bank of Chicago, Inl .. ............................................................................. 7
National Bank of the State of Missouri, Saint Louis, Mo. ............................. ${ }^{*} 100$
First National Bank of Georgetown, Colo .................................................. $22 \frac{1}{2}$
Third National Bank of Chicago, III ....... ............ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . * 100
Central National Bank of Chicago, Ill.......................................................... 60
First National Bank of Allentown, Pa......................................................... 85
First National Bank of Waynesburg, Pa ........................................................ 40
First National Bank of Dallas, Tex ........................................................... 37
People's National Bank of Helena, Mont. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
First National Bank of Bozeman, Mont........................................................ 85
German-American National Bank of Washington, D. C ................................. 50
Second National Bank of Scrantou, Pa .................................................... . . . 100
First National Bank of Butler, Pa.............................................................................. 70
First National Bank of Newark, N. J . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100
First National Bank of Brattleboro', Vt ............................................................ 100
The following banks in the hands of receivers have paid dividends during the past year, the total dividends up to November 1,1884, being also given :

| Name of bauls, | Dividends oaid during the past sear. | Total dividends on principal. | Proportion of interest paid. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fatiku. |  |  |  |
| The First National Bank of Nevada, Austin, Nev | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per cent. } \\ 2.70 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per cent. } \\ & 92.70 \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |
| The Atlantic National Bank of New York, N. Y | 15. 25 | - 100 | 50 |
| The Miners' National Bank of Georgetown, Colo | 11. 50 | 76.50 |  |
| The National Bank of Fishkill, N. Y . . . . . . . . | *38.50 | 100 | 38. 50 |
| The National Bank of the State of Missouri, Saint Lonis, Mo | 2.35 | 100 | 100 |
| The First National Bank of Allentown, Pa | 15 | 85 |  |
| The German National Bank of Chicago, Ill | 26.5 | 100 | 42 |
| The Second National Bank of Scranton, Pa, | 5 | 100 | ............ |
| The Pacific National Bank of Boston, Mass | 5 | 10 | .-......... |
| The First National Banls of Union Mills, at Union City, Pa | 30 | 50 |  |
| The Vermont National Bank of Saint dlbans, Yt. | 12. 50 | 12.50 |  |
| The First National Bank of Leadville, Colo. | 20 | 20 |  |
| The First National Bank of Monnouth, Ill | 70 | 70 |  |
| The Marine National Bank of New York, N. Y | 25 | 25 |  |
| The Hot Springs National Bank of Hot Springs, Ark . in mivin | 30 | 30 |  |

The failures of national banks during the year ending November 1, 1884, have been more numerous than for a number of preceding years, and this is not surprising considering the great depreciation in values and the consequent general liquidation, which has resulted in failures among traders and others having an aggregate indebtedness of about $\$ 200,000,000$, as nearly as can be estimated. These failures have entailed large losses upon the banks generally, and the national banks mentioned, as well as many State banks and private bankers, have been unable to meet the continued strain. It is, however, surprising that the occasional failure of a national bank, to whatever cause due, with comparatirely small capital and liabilities, should gire rise to so much comment and excitement, when the numerous failures of State banks and

[^24]private banks, of mercantile and manufacturing firms, and of joint-stock enterprises, causing losses vastly larger than those occasioned by the failures of national banks, attract comparatively little attention or criticism. As a rule, the jobber, manufacturer, or joint stock concern has obtained his or its capital in such a manner that the effects of their disas. ters are more widely distributed, and therefore less noticed. The failing State bank and private banker, however, equally with the national bank, inflict loss upon the immediate community in which they are located, and apparently the complaint should be as great of one class as of the other, which; however, is not the case.

It is also of interest to know that this is not the only country which has suffered from financial troubles, caused by the failure of banks and bankers. Banks of note have failed during the year in England and her provinces. The failure of the Oriental Bank was especially noticeable. This institution was represented by branches in India, Australia, and elsewhere throughout the British empire. It owed its depositors about six or seven million pounds sterling, equivalent to thirty to thirty-five. millions of dollars. The liabilities of this one institution were therefore about equal to the aggregate liabilities of all the State and private bankers failing in the State of New York during the last year. The failure of the Oriental Bank was in some measure due to its giving its support to what in this country would be termed wildcat land speculations.

The most notable national-bank failure of the year in the United States was that of the Marine National Bank, of the city of New York, which closed its doors abont $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on the 6th of May. The bank examiners of the city of New York immediately took possession of the bank and found that it had been indebted to the clearing-house that day in the sum of $\$ 55 \pi, 000$. The examiner also found the account of one firm overdrawn on the books of the bank to the amount of $\$ 766,570.14$. Upon further examination it was found that this firm owed a total of about $\$ 2,430,500$, being more than six times the capital of the bank. A portion of this indebteduess was in the names of other parties -clerks in their office and relations of one of the firm. How far the officials of the bank are criminally responsible for these matters is a subject now under investigation in the courts. The Comptroller finds from the report of the examiner that this firm had three different accounts with the bank-a private account of a member of the firm, a general account and a special account. It appears, from an examination of the transcript of these accounts, that on May 5 their special account was overdrawn by certified checks $\$ 383,402.07$, and that on the same day their general account was also overdrawn. It is apparent, therefore, that the bank had violated the law in regard to certifications by permitting these overdrafts. It is claimed, however, by the officers of the bank that these certifications were made against securities which were subsequently obtained from the bank by one of the firm upon his representations that he had obtained a loan upon them elsewhere, and would make good his account. A further examination of the various accounts of the firm shows that while the certification of their checks was carried on to an enormous ex. tent, they also made very heavy deposits from day to day, and it will, perhaps, be very difficult to furnish evidence proving conclusively that the checks were certified before the deposits were made.

An examination of the minutes of the board of directors of the bank shows that on the 11th day of April, 1884, twenty-five days before the failure of the bank, the committee of examination appointed by the board of directors reported that they had examined the securities,
counted the bills and specie, and examined the balances on the ledgers of the bank, and found the recorded statement of the 7 th of April, 1884. to be corre'ct. The minutes further show that the directors were in session about an hour before the bank closed. They apparently had no suspicion of the state of its affairs, and voted to discount certain offerings of commercial paper; and within half an hour after the adjournment of this meeting the bank closed its doors. It would seem, therefore, that the board of directors was grossly deceived as to the true state of affairs.

In this connection I desire to state that the records of the Comptroller's office show that many of the transactions of the Marine National Bank of the city of New York have been looked upon with disfavor, and that the association had been frequently reprimanded for irregularities during the past few years. None of the reports of examina. tions of the bank made to this office, however, disclosed any violations of the law forbidding the overcertification of checks, or gave the Department any adequate idea of the dangerous character of its loans, and this is not surprising, the directors of the bank laving been equally deceived in regard to the situation.

After reviewing the information in his possessiou, it seems to the Comptroller that the failure of the Marine National Bank is in consequence of the board of directors having chosen for their president a man who was willing to risk his own honor and the funds of the bank in speculation. He joined with himself another, who is now in Ludlow. street jail under indictment, and who was also a nember of the board of directors of the bank. While it is true that the final failure has shown that there were overcertifications on the last day, the Comptroller judges, from the information which he has received, that the bank bad been for a long time in the power of the firm to whom the certifications were granted, through the president's copartnership. This matter was carried to the extent of permitting one of the firm to have access to, and apparently free disposal of, the securities left as collateral to his loans, and, so far as actual results are concerned, he might as well have had the combinations of the cash vaults of the bank and helped himself to theire contents.

The Metropolitan National Bank suspended and closed its doors about noon on May 14, and opened again for business at 12 o'clock on the following day, the bank examiner remaining in charge of the bauk during its suspension. He also remained at the bank during the first days of its resumption, and has frequently visited it since, and forwarded reports as to its liquidatiou of deposits. Before permitting the bank to resume business the Comptroller received assurances from the examiner that the bank was solvent, and also received telegrams from the president and chairman on loans of the New York Olearing-House, stating that in their opinion the bank was solvent and should be permitted to resume. The bank is now closing its affairs, having arranged to pay its depositors in full and gone into voluntary liquidation nuder sections 5220 and 5221 of the United States Rerised Statutes.

It is difficult to determine, in the case of this bank, what brought about its suspension. From the information which the Comptroller has, however, it appears that the president of the Metropolitan National Bank had the credit, at least, of being a very large speculator. He was supposed to be a man of very large means and was interested in many enterprises which required the use of large sums of money. The general liquidation in railroad and other securities which has been going on for the past two years had no doubt affected the properties in which
the president was interested, and the public having become suspicious, and apparently believing that he was a large borrower from the bank, and had loaned money to parties who were interested with himself, all of whom were assumed to have lost largely by this depreciation of property, rumors were circulated which excited distrust and suspicion against his bank and caused the run upon it which resulted in its suspension. Reports of examinations do not disclose any overcertification of checks, and I cannot conclude that irregularities of this kind had anything to do with bringing about the suspension.

The Metropolitan National Bank was examined on April 28, 1884. The examination disclosed certain irregularities, and a letter was promptly written to the bank, requiring the correction of the irregularities, and forbidding the declaration of any further dividends until this had been done. While this letter was acknowledged, the matter was pending at the time of the suspension of the bank.

The trouble at the Second National Bank of the city of New York grew out of a defalcation amounting to $\$ 3,185,000$ by the president of the bank. The amount of this defalcation was immediately guaranteed and the money paid in by the directors. Owing to this prompt assistance the bank did not suspend, and is going on with its business in a solvent condition. As far as this office is advised, the president used the money in speculations in Wall street, aud was able to conceal the fact of his misappropriation of the funds of the bank on account of the securities being kept in a vault located at some distance from the regular banking rooms, which are on the corner of Twenty-third street and Fifth avenue. It appears that the president had access to these securities without check or hindrance, and used them to obtain money for his own private speculations.

In the matter of the failure of the Marine National Bank of New York, and the defalcation at the Second National Bank of New York, it appears from the information on file in this office that there have beeu not only irregularities, but violations of section 5209 United States Revised Statutes. The United States district attorney at the city of New York is in communication with the national bank examiner and the receiver of the Marine National Bank in regard to these matters, and the facts, which have been submitted to this office, the Comptroller has formally transmitted to the Attorney-General of the United States through-the Secretary of the Treasury.

Since the commencement of the national banking system 100 bauks have been placed in the hands of receivers, 474 banks have voluntarily closed their business, by the vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of their stock, under the provisious of sections 5220 and 5221 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and the corporate existence of 15 banks has expired by limitation. Of the banks in the hands of receivers, 9 had been previously placed in voluntary liquidation by their stockholders, 'but failing to pay their depositors, receivers were afterwards appointed by the Comptroller to wind up their atfairs. © Of the 100 banks placed in the hands of receivers, 63 have been finally closed, leaving 37 still in process of settlement; 21 of which, as has been seen, are awaiting the results of pending litigation, leaving about 16 receiverships only in active operation.

The loss to creditors of national banks which hare been placed in the hands of receivers during the twenty-one years that have elapsed since the passage of the act of February 25, 1863, as near as can be estimated, including dividends which will probably be hereafter paid, has been about $\$ 8,266,000$. The anuual average loss has been, therefore, about
$\$ 400,000$ in the business of corporations having an annual average capital of about $\$ 450,000,000$, and which bave been responsible for the safe keeping of deposits in their hands, averaging constantly over $\$ 800,000,000$, or about one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of annual loss to depositors.

The total amount paid to creditors of insolvent national banks amounts to $\$ 23,499,522$, upon proved clains amounting to $\$ 38,489,810$.

The dividends so far paid thus equal about 61 per cent. of the proved claims. The amount paid during the year was $\$ 1,720,850$.

Assessments amounting to $\$ 8,901,750$ have been made upon the stockholders of insolvent national banks for the purpose of enforcing their individual liability under section 5151 of the Revised Statutes, of which $\$ 3,633,957$ has been collected- $\$ 282,678$ during the past year.

A table showing the national banks which have been placed in the hands of receivers, the amount of their capital, of claims proved, the rates of dividends paid, and also showing the anoount of circulation of such banks issued, redeemed, and outstanding, will be found in the appendix.

Whenever the failure of a national bank has disclosed criminal viola. tions of the national bank act on the part of officers or directors, or whenever the reports of national bank examiners have disclosed similar violations, all the evidence procured pertaining to such transactions has been communicated to the Department of Justice through the proper channels, and receivers and examiners have been instructed to furnish all assistance in their power to the Uvited States attorneys in the several districts.

It is the intention of the Comptroller to rigidly enforce the bank act and to call the attention of the Department of Justice to any criminal violations of the same, but experience has proved that it is difficult, not only under the bank act, but generally under criminal statutes, to always obtain sufficient evidence to convict offenders. The Comptroller is of the opinion that, with a few exceptions, the mational-bank act has adequate provisions for the prosecution and conviction of those who lay themselves liable to its penalties. As stated elsewhere, bank failures are not so moch due to the inadequacy of the law as to the failure on the part of the directors to maintain a proper supervision of the affairs of their associations and of the conduct of their officers.

ILLEGAL CERTIFICATION OF CHECKS.
In reference to the matter of illegal certification of checks by the national banks of the city of New York, the records of this office show that immediately upon the passage of the act of July 12,1882 , the bank examiner for New York City was directed to furnish information as to whether it was the custom and practice of the national banks of that city to certify checks in violation of section 13 of that act, and section 5208, United States Revised Statutes. Many of the banks in New York immediately took advice of their attorneys, and opinions were sent to this office which were deemed of importance in the matter. The main point of these opinions was that the certifications forbidden were a form of acceptance, and that the right to make a general acceptance was not interfered with, reference being made to the third clause of section 5136, Onited States Revised Statutes, which confers upon natioual banks the power to make contracts. Many of the banks of New York, acting upon these opinions of their attorneys, changed the form of certifications, and the majority of the banks seem to have stamped their checks,
for the purpose of certification, with the word "accepted." giving the date, and with the name of the teller written underneath.

On October 4, 1882, a letter was addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury asking him to refer certain questious which had arisen uńder the law to the Attorney-General for an opinion.

On November 24 the Attorney General returned his opinion. In reply to the first question, whether a mational bank had the right to accept checks drawn upon it unless the drawer has the amount stated in, the check actually on deposit in the bank, he replied in the negative. To construe otherwise he held would be to allow a device to evade the provisions of law.

In reply to the second question, whether an acceptance under such circumstances would create a liability to the bank for money borrowed, and as such be subject to the limitation of section 5200 of the Rerised Statutes, confining such liabiiity to oue-tenth of the capital stock of the bank, the Attoruey-General replied in the negative, as the acceptance under such circumstances wonld not be a loau of money but of credit.

To the third question, as to whether such acceptances to an extent greater than the capital of the bankwould be a violation of section 5202 of the Revised Statutes, the Attorney-Geueral replied in the affirmative.

Immediately upon receipt of this opinion the banks were notified of the same, and warned that due regard must be had to the law as interpreted.

On July 19, 1883, a circular letter was sent to the New York banks asking information as to the large amount of certified checks and acceptances appearing in their last previous quarterly report, to which answers were duly received.

By an examination of the Wall Ṣtreet National Bauk, made ou September 4, 1883, what appeared to be a clear case of, violation of law was discovered, and a letter was addressed by my predecessor to the Secretary of the Treasury, inclosing a copy of the report, and asking him to transmit it to the Department of Justice for action. Although an endeavor was made by the district attorney to have all the officers of the bank indicted, yet the grand jury found an indictment only against the teller of the bank. When brought up for trial he plead guilty, but presented an affidavit showing that he had acted under the direction of his superior officers. The judge suspended senteuce to admit of evidence of the implied charge against these officers. The district attorney was heard in this matter before a Uuited States commissioner, and presented evidence against the officers, aud a decision has been rendered holding all the officers for trial, as follows:

The teller, -_, stands indicted for the offense with which the defeudants here are charged, and I am informed that the court has suspended action pending proceedings to ascertain the rclations of the principal officers of the bank to the transactions in question. The bank examiner, during his examination, stated that this was the first case arising under the law in which proceedings had been instituted. I feel the delicacy of any position in having to pass upon the questions involved in' the absence of any adjudication. It appears that the defendants, Evans and Timpson, had no knowledge of these transactions with reference to Cecil, Ward \& Co., and it has been suggested in the course of this examination that they be regarded as practically out of the investigation. The statute reads: "Any officer, clerk, or agent who shall," \&c. 'I'he clerks did not adopt the plan of accepting checks in lieu of certifying. What part the cashier may have had in the adoption of it remains to be seen. I do not regard him as necessarily the guilty party or the only offender simply because he carried out the instructions of the bauk or its policy. The device which constistates this evasion need not to have originated on the day in question when it resulted in the violation of the law. The cause, the device, may have originated long prior. I shall surely hold those who cansed the violation. From the evidence before me I
camnot avoid the conviction that the model of accepting was $r$ sorted to purposely to evade the law; in other words, that they might in this way give customers credit besond the amount of their deposit; that is exactly what the daw forbids by certified checks, and it forbids it also by resorting to a device to accomplish it otherwise. That the law has been violated I have no donlt. Whom of the defendants shonld be adjudger the guilty parts, and whether one or more, is for the court to determine and not for me to say. I have come to the conelnsion to hold all the defendants, that all questions presented by this case may be fully heard aud deternined by th, court.

The reports to Congress of my predecessor for the years 1882 and 1883 contained full information in regard to the certification of checks, legal and illegal, and enumerated the numerous ways there were of erading a technical violation of the law. At the same time a history of the growth of the practice of certifying checks was given. Certification was in use as a method of business for more than thirty sears previous to the organization of the national banking system, and at least twenty years previous to the establishment of the clearinghouse. It is the province of the office of the Comptroller of the Currency to call the atteution of the proper officers of the Government to evidence by which violations of law may be punislied. In regard to over-certification of checks, innless they result in loss, it is almost impossible to obtain evidence which will convict the offenders. The examiner cannot be iu the bank at all times. He must depend for his knowledge of its bnsiness upon an examination of its books and accounts, and the general conduct of its business while he is making his examination. In any case of certification, where no loss is encountered, the books at the close of the day, as a rule, show deposits equal to or greater than the checks drawn. In the case of the Wall Screet National Bank a loss occurred 'by which the violation of the law was made apparent, and proceedings were commenced. In the case of the Marine National Bank the Comptroller judges from the information on file that there is good evidence of overcertification, and, as has been seen, action has already been taken by the United States district attorney. It has been stated to the Comptroller that on the day of the suspension of the Metropolitan National Bank many of the brokers engaged iu business on Wall street, in New York, were very indiguant at the national banks because they would not overcertify their checks, and in this way lend their credit to afford the brokers relief in the emergency. It is the opinion of the Comptroller that since the passage of the act of July 12,1882, the officers of the national banks of New York have given the matter of certification of checks'their serious attention, and that they have endeavored to diminish the dangerous features of this method of doing business.

After the passage of the act of July 12,1882 , my predecessor suggested ibe establishment of a stock clearing-house to enable the brokers to make their settlements without calling upou the banks to certify their checks for the purpose of clearing their stocks. This matter has received careful consideration by the bankers and brokers of New. York. No plan has jet been suggested, however, which has seemed to meet the peculiar requirements of the Stock Exchange business in New York. The Comptroller hopes that the recent troubles growing out of Wall street speculations will force the bankers and brokers of New York, for their own protection, to agree upion a stock clearing-house system, and he believes that the present is an cxcellent time for the conservative bankers in the city of New York to make a move in this matter.

The Comptroller believes, however, that overcertification of checks, viz, the certification of checks as "good" when no funds are to the
credit of the drawer of the checks, is not only practiced for the accommodation of the brokers who deal in stocks, but is also cloue for the accommodation of the dealers in produce. These dealers often require large temporary accommodations of moner to take up bills of lading for produce which has been shipped to them from the interior, and which they desire to take from cars and warehouses for shipment abroad, and some accommodation is necessary in the interim until the ocean bills of lading can be obtained and excbange drawn against the consignment. While-this practice is reprehensible and is not legitimate as a banking trausaction, business has beeu and is car!ied on in this manner, and the fact that the uational banks of the city of New York are endeavoring to comply with the law in regard to illegal certification of checks has caused many dealers in produce to withdraw their accounts from the national banking associations and has largely increased tue business, of certain of the State banks, which are under no restrictions of law in this matter. This is particularly noticeable in the case of the bank which was orgauized under the auspices of the New York Produce Exchange.

## BANK EXAMINATIONS.

The recent financial disturbances throughout the country, and the consequent failures of national and State banks, have called the attention of the public to the official examination of banks as conducted under the authority of the national-bank act, and under various State daws.

The national-bank act provides for the issue and regnlation of a natioual currency secured by United States bonds, and provides, also, for a banking system, in order to facilitate the issue of this circulation. It contaius provisions bestowing certain privileges upon the banks organized under it, and provides many safeguards for the public by imposing on these bauks such restrictions as the history of banking throughout the world has seemed to indicate were of a character to create a safe and permanent banking system. This law has been amended and improved from time to time, but it is not to be supposed that the national banking system is absolutely perfect, nor that imprudent banking under. it can be altogether prevented.

In order to euable him to ascertain if the provisions of the law are followed, section 5240 Revised Statutes anthorizes the Comptroller to appoint suitable persons to make an examination of the affairs of every national banking association. It has been customary from the establishment of the system to hare a regularly appointed examiner visit each national bank at least once a year, in many cases twice a year, and when deemed necessary, eren more frequently. The examination of national banks is conducted by the examiners in accordauce with instructions issued from this office, which iustructions, both general and specific, have grown with the growth of the system. The first general instructious to examiners were issued September 15, 1864, by the Hon. Hugh McCulloch, thou Comptroller of the Currency, and as the bank act has been amended aud revised these instructions have been altered as cireumstances seemed to warrant. It has been the aim of the Comptroller to increase the efficiency of the examinatious by carefully noting the canses that have in particular cases led to the suspension or failure of national banks, and calling the atteution of the examiners to these causes, suggesting such methods of examination as seemed to be best
calculated to prevent repetition of such disasters, and to expose violations of law which led to the same.

This official inquiry into the affiairs of a national bank does not end with the mere inspection of the cash, bills receivable, books and accounts of the assoçiation, but the examiners are instructed to closely scrutinize the business of the bank, to investigate the standing and fitness for their positions of the persons to whom the management of the affairs of the association are intrusted, and the manner in which the busiuess is usually conducted, whether prudently or otherwise; to ascertain as far as possible the character of the loans and discounts of the bank, and what losses, if any, hare been or are likely to be sustained.
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The examiner is also instructed to ascertain bow frequently the board of directors meet together to consult in relation to the affairs of the bank, and to discover if possible any malfeasance in office or willtin neglect of business on the part of the management; and is moreover particularly instructed to report to the Comptroller whether any excessive accommodations are granted in violatiou of sectioin 5200 Revised Statutes, and to note if the officers of the bank are borrowing largely from the association; to ascertain the customary state of the lawful-money reserve by examining the daily statements for some time previous to the examination; whether or not the bank borrows money to loan again ; and in short, to discover and report to this office all violations of law of whatever character.

Upon receipt of the report at this office all matters above mentioned, and such others as may be referred to therein, are carefully reviewed and considered, and the directors of the bank are immediately notified of all violations of the law, and they are required to have the same promptly corrected. The attention of the directory is also specially called to the reform of such matters as are deemed detrimental to the safety and welfare of the association.

The general public do not understand the amount of labor performed weekiy, monthly, and yearly by the examiners of national banks, many of whom have for years rendered most excellent service. It can bardly be expected, however, with the limited compensation allowed by law for making these examinations, that the Comptroller'can in all cases retain the services of the most expert accountants, although by systematic division of the labor he has endeavored to obtain the best results possible under the circumstances.*

For the purposes of bank examination the United States is apportioned into twenty-five districts, bank examiners being stationed in each district. Important reserve cities, such as New York and Boston, generally form a district of themselves, and the duties of the examiner stationed there are usually confined to that city and its immediate vicinity. Owing to the nature of the work, the position of a nationalbank examiner is one of great responsibility. Notwithstanding their vigilance, the most competent examiners are liable to be deceived, and

[^25]sometimes find it impossible to discover and remedy in time even gross mismauagement of the affairs of national banks.

No laws or system of examinations will preventsdishonest men from keeping false accounts and rendering untrue statements, and by means of these and other derices they can conceal from the examiner the fact that they are using the money intrusted to their charge in private speculations until final disaster makes longer disguise impossible. It is thus exceedingly difficult to detect violatious of law or misuse of the funds of a bank.

The surest preventive is to have an honest, active, and competent board of directors. A rogue or a dishonest man, who acquires the confideuce of his associates to such an extent that he can appropriate the funds of a bank for his own use without their knowledge or that of the board of directors, can have but little trouble in deceiving the examiner and hiding his peculations from him.

In times of tinancial. disaster and of a stringent money market the acts of dishonest and corrupt officials in any bank or banking firm or private corporation are more liable tu be discovered, and naturally during the last year the consequences of disastrous speculation, which had been for a long period carried on with impunity with the aid of misappropriated funds, have been brought to the surfacc. Men who were supposed to be worthy of the entire confidence of communities, whose character stood so high that they were intrusted not only with the management of corporations, but with the investment of private funds, have now been proven to have disbonestly betrayed their trust. Never were the instances of this kind more numerous than during the finaucial troubles of the present year.

Such practices and the resulting disasters, however, do not prove that the national banking laws are inefficient, or that the national bank examiners do not do their duty. They rather indicate that the shareholders of joint-stock corporations of all kinds, and particularly those of banks, should be more careful to elect men as directors and trustees who are competent and who will exercise proper care and supervision over the management of the affairs intrusted to them, who will select competent and honest officers, provide suitable rules and regulations for the conduct of the bank, keeping its accounts, \&c., and appoint regular committees of examination, whose duty it shall be not only to verify the accounts, but to keep a watchful eye over the affairs of the association and the officers who immediately carry them on.

The public frequently draw wrong deductions as to the responsibility of the Government and the bank examiners in particular cases. For instances, in many cases where failures occur the priucipal canse is found in the character of the loans made, which are either excessive or made on improper security. There are 2,671 national banks in the country. 'The loans and discounts of the banks at the close of business September 30 , aggregated more than $\$ \Gamma, 240,000,000$, and it is of course not the province of the bank examiners to supervise the making of these loans. Section 5200, Revised Statutes, provides that no loans shall be made to any one individual, firm, or corporation in amount exceeding one-tenth of the paid-in capital of a bank, but there are many ways of evading this law, aud it is a physical impossibility for the Government to maintain the coustant espionage over the affairs of the riational banks which alone would prevent the violation of this statute. Any attempt to direct the making of loans and to dictate to the directors and managers of the national banks throughout the country as to what use they shall make of their funds would, of course, be impracticable.

Many instances occur dails, which are not seen or known to the general public, where the banks are notified of violations of law, and where their condition is improved by action upon the reports of the examiner. Whén, bowever, some unexpected failure occurs, bronght about by injudicious banking, bad management, or adrenturous speculation, or by dishonesty and fraud on the part of the officers or directors, who are the very men to whom the exmminer must more or less look for information, the Government and the national banking laws are unjustly criticised. The fault is not with the law and not with the examiner, on whose reports the directors liave very likely been notified and warned to exercise more care in the management of their affairs and to bold their officers in check.

A national bank being a joint-stock association, its aggregation of capital having been brongit together by bankers or other persons for the purpose of utilizing more effectually the resources of the locality in which it is doing business, it is not the intention of the bank act to interfere with the busiuess of said association so long as it is conducted in accordance with the law. The exact line at which the Government shall interfere and the point at which Government discipline shall commence is a matter of some delicacy to determinc. It is exceedingly difficult to add materially to the restrictions of the uational-bank act withont such an interference with the business of the banks as would be practically prohibitory, for it is well known that banking can be carried on under the laws of most of the States of the Union with but vers little interference and scarcely any espionage on the part of the officials of the State government. It is because the national banking system lias raised the standard of banking, and becanse it is generally understood that money deposited with a national bank is as a rule much safer than in institutions not under similar restrictions, that bankers and capitalists avail themselves of the national-bank: act in order to gain the confidence and thereby the deposits and business of the public.

The act appears to contain ample provisious for the punishment of criminal offenders, and the Comptroller is of the opinion that it is not so much the lack of law, as it is the difficultr of detection of offenders and of obtaining sufficient evidence to convict, that bas prevented the punishment of officers and others connected with natioual banks who have violated the criminal sections of this act. In some cases the directors and shareholders of banks have apparently suppressed information and evidence, and in many instances it, has been with great difficulty that the Comptroller was able to present the necessary facts to the Department of Justice to make a case. For obvious reasons, the number of instances in which this office has endeavored to secure the arrest and conviction of offenders by reporting to the proper officers of the law facts that came to the knowledge of the Comptroller, which seemed to indicate certainsiolations of law, cannot be presented, but it is believed that the records of the various States and United States courts show a larger number of indictments and of convictions for riolations of the national-bank act than is generally known to the public.

It is possible that the provisions of the act relating to the punishment of offenders in the matter of false oaths of officers of banks with intention of deceiving the Comptroller as to the correctness of reports might be profitably amended. The Comptroller is of the opinion that if the criminal provisions of the bank act are to be ameuded, the Department of Justice of the United States should be consulted for suggestious as to any weakness or defect in the existing law.

## TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING-HOUSE.

The New York Clearing-Honse Association is composed of forty-four national and seventeen State banks, and the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York.

Throngh the courtesy of Mr. W. A. Camp, its manager, a statement of the transactions during the jear ending October 1,1884 , has been obtained, which shows that the, total exchanges were more than thirty-four thousand millions of dollars, while the balances paid in money were nearly 1,525 millions. The daily average balances paid were $\$ 4,967,202$, or nearly 4.5 per cent. of the amount of the settlements.

The balances paid in money during the year consisted of $\$ 751,382,000$ in clearing-house certificates of the Bank of America, clearing-house certificates for legal-tender notes amounting to $\$ 20,320,000$, and clearing house loan certificates, $\$ 70,510.000$; legal-tenders amounting to $\$ 42,198,994$; United States gold certificates, $\$ 640,370,000$; and $\$ 150,000$ in gold coin. Since the date of the issne of the new gold certificates (October 4, 1883) authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, the greater portion of the balauces due from the Goverument have been paid in these certificates instead of coin, thus dispensing with the movement of large amounts iu bags and upon drays from the Treasury to the custody of the bauks. During the last six months, however, a portion of the balances due from the Treasury of the United States have been paid in legal-tender notes.

The following table shows the yearly transactions of the New York Clearing• House for the thirty-one years since its organization in 1853, aud the amounts and ratios of currency required for the payment of daily balances:

| Years. <br> - | No. of banks. | Capital. * | Exchanges: | Bulances paid in money. 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { daily } \\ & \text { exchanges. } \end{aligned}$ | Average daily bal. ances paid in money. | Ratios. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | Her ct. |
| 1854 | 50 | \$47, 044, 900 | \$5, 750, 455, 987 | \$297, 411, 494 | \$19, 104, 505 | \$988, 078 | 5.2 |
| 1855 | 48 | 48, 884, 180 | 5, 362, 912, 098 | 289, 694, 137 | 17, 412, 052 | 940, 565 | 5.4 |
| 1856 | 50 | 53, 883, 700 | $6,906,213,328$ | 334, 714, 489 | 22, 278, 108 | 1,070,724 | 4.8 |
| 1857 | 50 | 64, 420, 200 | 8, 333, 226, 718 | 365, 313, 902 | 26, 968, 371 | 1, 182, 246 | 4.4 |
| 1858 | 46 | 67, 146, 018 | 4, 756, 604, 386 | 314, 238, 911 | 15, 393, 736 | 1, 016, 954 | 6.6 |
| 1859 | 47 | 67, 921,714 | $5,448,005,956$ | $368,984,683$ | 20. 867,333 | 1, 177, 944 | 5.6 |
| 1860 | 50 | 69, 907, 435 | 7, 231, 143, 057 | 380, 893, 438 | 23, 401. 757 | 1,232, 018 | 5.3 |
| 1861 | 50 | 68,900, 605 | $5,915,742,758$ | 353, 383, 944 | 19, 269, 500 | 1, 151, 088 | 6.0 |
| 1862 | 50 | 68,375, 820 | 6, 871, 443,591 | 415.530, 331 | 22, 237, 68? | 1, 344, 758 | 6. 0 |
| 1863 | 50 | 68, 972, 508 | 14, 867, 597, 849 | 677, 626, 483 | 48,428, 657 | 2,207, 252 | 4.6 |
| 1864 | 49 | 68, 586, 763 | .24, 097, 196. 656 | 885, 719, 205 | 77, 984, 455 | 2, 866, 405 | 3.7 |
| 1865 | 55 | 80, 363, 013 | 26, 032, 384, 342 | 1, 035, 765, 108 | 84, 796, 040 | 3, 373, 828 | 4. 0 |
| 1866 | 58 | 82, 370, 200 | 28, 7.17, 146, 914 | 1, 066, 135, 106 | 93, 541, 195 | 3, 472, 753 | 3.7 |
| 1867 | 58 | 81,770, 200 | 28, 675, 159, 472 | 1, 144, 963, 451. | $93,101,167$ | 3, 717, 414 | 4. 0 |
| $1868{ }^{\prime}$ | 59 | 82, 270, 200 | 28, 484, 288, 637 | 1, 125, 455, 237 | 92, 182, 164 | 3, 642, 250 | 4. 0 |
| 1860 | 59 | 82,720, 200 | 37, 407, 028, 987 | 1, 120, 318, 308 | 121, 451, 393 | 3, 637, 397 | 3.0 |
| 1870 | 61 | $83,620,200$ | 27, 804, 539, 406 | 1, 036, 484, 822 | 90, 274, 479 | 3, 365, 210 | 3.7 |
| 1871:. | 62 | 84, 420, 200 | 29, 300, 980, 68:2 | 1,209, 721, 029 | 95, 133, 074 | 3, 927, 666 | 4.1 |
| 1872 | 61 | 84, 420, 200 | 33, 844, 369, 568 | 1,'428, 582, 707 | 1199, 884, 317 | 4, 636, 632 | 4. 2 |
| 1873 | 59 | 83, 370, 200 | 35, 461, 052, 826 | 1, 474, 508, 025 | 115, 885, 794 | 4, 818, 654 | 4.1 |
| 1874 | 59 | 81, 635, 200 | 22, 855, 927, 636 | 1, 286, 753, 17 C | 74, 692, 574 | 4, 205, 076 | 5.7 |
| 1875 | 59 | 80, 435, 200 | 25, 061, 237, 902 | 1, 408, 608, 777 | $81,899,470$ | 4; 603, 297 | 5.6 |
| 1876 | 59 | 81, 731, 200 | 21, 597, 274, 247 | 1,295, 042, 029 | 70, 349, 428 | 4,218, 378 | 5.9 |
| 1877 ' | 58 | 71, 085, 200 | 23, 289, 243, 701 | 1, $373,996,302$ | 76, 358, 176 | 4, 504, 906 | 5.9 |
| 1878 | 57 | 63, 611, 500 | 22, 508, 438, 442 | 1, 307, 843, 857 | 73, 555, 988 | 4, 274, 000 | 5.8 |
| 1879 | 59 | 60, 800, 240 | 25, 178, 770, 691 | 1, 400, 111, 063 | .82, 015, 540 , | 4, 560, 622 | 5.6 |
| 1880 | 57 | 60, +75, 200 | 37, 182, 128, 621 | 1, 516, 538, 631 | 121, 510, 224 | 4, 956, 009 | 4.1 |
| 1881 | 60 | 61, 162, 700 | 48, 565, 818, 212 | 1, 776, 018, 162 | 159, 232, 191 | 5, 823, 010 | 3.5 |
| 1882. | 61 | 60, 962, 700 | 46, 552, 846, 161 | 1, 595, 000, 245 | 151, 637, 935 | 5, 195, 440 | 3.4 |
| 1883 | 63 | 61, 102, 700 | 40, 293, 165, 258 | 1,568, 983, 196 | 132, 543,307 | 5, 161, 129 | 3.8 |
| 1884 | 61 | +60, 412,700 | 34, 092, 037, 338 | 1, 524, 930, 994 | †111, 048, 982 | $\dagger 4,967,202$ | 4.5 |
| , |  | $\ddagger 73,607,837$ | $\ddagger 719,444,447,427$ | $\ddagger 31,374,071,242$ | $\pm 75,627,084$ | $\ddagger 3,298,322$ | 4. 4 |

[^26]The total amount of transactions for the thirty-one years given in the table is $\$ 719,444,447,427$, and the annual average is $\$ 23,207,885,401$.

The clearing-house trausactions of the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York for the year ending October 1, 1884, were as follows:
Exchanges received from clearing-house .................................. $\$ 303,006,59576$

Exchanges delivered to clearing-house...................................................114,259, 25065
Balances paid to clearing-house . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $189,774,47102$
Balances received from clearing-house.
1,027,125 91
Showing that the amount paid by the assistant treasurer to the clear-
ing-house was in excess of the amount received by him
A table compiled from statements made by the New York ClearingHouse, gising the clearances and balances weekly from September 6, 1879, to November 29, 1884, inclusive, will be found in the appendix, and is valuable for purposes of comparison.

The following interesting table has been copied from the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, of New York City, of November 8, 1884, which gives the latest information concerning the exchanges at New York and other cities, having clearing-houses, for the week ending November 1, comparing them with those for the corresponding week in 1883, and showing the percentage of differences.

The exchanges at the same places for the month ending November 1,1884 , are also given, with the percentage of differences resulting from a comparison with the exchanges for the same month of the previous jear.

| Cities. | Week. |  |  | October. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884. | 1883. | Per cent. | 1884. | 1883. | - Per cent. |
| New York | \$458, 532, 568 | \$817, 996, 284 | -43.9 | \$2, 633, 548, 891 | \$3, 831, 718, 815 | $-31.3$ |
| Boston | 58, 811, 468 | 77, 604, 702 | -24.2 | 316, 84:5, 984 | 326, 154, 461 | $-2.9$ |
| Chicago | 44, 515, 793 | 52, 290, 730 | -14.9 | 227, 674, 704 | 233, 382, 807 | - 2.4 |
| Philadelplia | 39, 828, 337 | 54, 734, 467 | -27.2 | 228, 681, 673 | 265, 345, 366 | $-13.8$ |
| San Francisco | 13, 365, 680 | 14, 116, 594 | $-5.3$ | 60, 104, 591. | 58, 809, 453 | + 2.2 |
| Saint Louis | 12, 918, 575 | 15, 611, 326 | -17.2 | 70, 112, 499 | 74. 496, 955 | $-5.9$ |
| Baltimore. | 11, 577, 658 | 14, 159, 848 | $-18.2$ | 63, 893,411 | 65, 253, 165 | $-2.1$ |
| Pittsburg | 8, 461, 699 | 9, 196, 834 | -8.0 | 41, 276, 673 | 40, 029,954 | + 3.0 |
| New Orlean | 8, 173, 506 | 10, 070, 423 | -18.8 | 39, 902, 793 | 42, 636,890 | $-6.4$ |
| Cincinnati | 8,062, 250 | 10, 566, 300 | -23.7 | 42, 342, 750 | 46, 698, 950 | $-8.3$ |
| Providence | 4, 498, 700 | 4, 269,000 | + 5.4 | 21, 172, 900 | 25, 954, 600 | $-18.4$ |
| Milwaukee | 3,702,453 | 4, 054, 058 | -8.7 | 18, 14.5, 113 | 16, 531, 865 | +8.9 |
| Kansas City | 3,602, 645 | 2, 614, 750 | +37.8 | 19, 216, 929 | 12, 823.250 | +33.3 |
| Lonisville | 3, 289, 467 | 5, 574, 709 | -40.0 | 18, 066, 747 | 20, 377, 144 | $-11.5$ |
| Detroit | 2, 690, 565 | 2, 859,650 | $-5.9$ | 14, 729, 721 | 13, 920, 430 | + 5.5 |
| Cleveland | 1,881,996 | 2, 550, 172 | -20.2 | 10,3888, 885 | 10, 062, 468 | + 2.6 |
| Memphis | 1. 385, 609 | 1, 647, 654 | -15.8 | 5, 948, 147 | 5, 751, 259 | + 3.3 |
| Indianapolis | 1, 335, 327 | 1, 628, 123 | -11.8 | 6, 494, 894 | 7, 092, 972 | $-8.4$ |
| Columbus | 1, 19:, 532 | 1,477,885 | $-19.3$ | 6, 353, 170 | 6, 149,411 | +3.2 |
| Hartford | 1, 171, 465 | 1,654, 245 | -39.1 | 7, 005, 758 | 8, 019.839 | -12.7 |
| Portland. | 1,023,975 | 1,071,846 | $-4.5$ | 4,960, 691 | 4, 512, 412 | +9.0 |
| New Hav | 1, 016, 038 | 1, 264, 022 | -19. 6 | 5, 519, 401 | 5, 434, 781 | + 1.5 |
| Worceste | 808, 300 | 848,431 | $-4.7$ | 4, 197, 660 | 4, 072, 912 | $+3.0$ |
| Peoria | 776, 745 | 1, 244, 180 | -37.6 | 4,310,800 | 4,590, 986 | $-6.2$ |
| Springfield | 658, 389 | 854.667 | $-23.5$ | 3, 670,831 | 3, 798, 636 | $-3.4$ |
| Lowell. | 456, 011 | 624, 475 | $-27.0$ | 2, 569, 967 | 2, 893, 936 | -11.2 |
| Totals | 693, 732, 752 | 1, 110, 585, 375 | $-37.5$ | 3,877, 583, 583 | 5, 136, 519, 719 | $-24.5$ |
| New York | 235, 200, 184 | 292, 589, 091 | -19.6 | 1,243, 984, 692 | 1, 304, 800, 902 | $-4.7$ |

The following table exhibits the transactions of clearing-houses located in 25 cities for the year ending October 1, 1884, from official returns received by the manager of the New York Clearing-House:

*No record kept.
From the above table it will be seen that the exchanges in New York City amounted to 71.9 per cent. of the whole sum, and the balances in that city were nearly one-half of the total balances.

## CLEARING-HOUSE CERTIFICATES.

Section 5192 Revised Statutes provides that clearing-house certificates, representing specie or lawful money specially deposited. for the purposes of any clearing-house association, shall also be deemed to be lawful money in the possession of any association belonging to such clearing house bolding and owning such certificate; and section 5193 provides that the Secretary of the Treasury may receive United States notes on deposit, without interest, from any national-banking association, in sums not less than $\$ 10,000$, and issue certificates therefor in denominations of not less than $\$ 5,000$, which certificates may be counted as part of the lawful money reserve, and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the places where the deposits therefor were made.

The legal-tender note certificates were first issued in the fiscal year 1873. On June 30,1875 , there were outstanding $\$ 59,045,000$ of these certificates, of which the national banks held $\$ 47,310,000$. On June 30,1876 , the amount outstanding was $\$ 33,140,000$, of which the banks held $\$ 27,955,000$. On June 30, 1879, the amount had been reduced to $\$ 29,330,000$, and the banks held on June 14 of the same year $\$ 25,180,000$. The amount outstandiug on September 30, 1884, was $\$ 15,945,000$, and the national banks held on that day $\$ 14,200,000$.

The issue of the gold certificates was authorized by the fifth section of the act of March 3, 1863, and they were used for clearing-bouse purposes soon after the passage of the national-bank act.

The first issue was made on November 13, 1865. On June 30, 1.875, there were outstanding $\$ 21,796,300$, of which the national banks in New York City held $\$ 12,642,180$. The issue of these certificates was discontinued on December 1, 1878, and the amount outstanding had decreased on June 30, 1879, to $\$ 15,413,700$, and on October 1, 1880, to $\$ 7,480,100$. The amount outstanding on October 3, 1882, was $\$ 4,907,440$, of which the national banks held $\$ 4,594,300$. The issue of gold certificates having been discontiuued by the Govermment, and the amount of gold coin having rapidly increased, the banks in New York found it necessary to establish a depository of gold coin for the convenience of the clearing house.

This depository at the present time is the Bank of America, by - which bank certiticates of deposit were first issued on October 14, 1879. The amount of such certificates outstanding on January 1, 1880, was $\$ 25,610,000$, and on October 1, 1883, was $\$ 22,955,000$. The largest amount of coin on deposit was on Jannary 21, 1382, viz, $\$ 45,330,000$, the capacity of the vault haring been increased since 1880. Of this amount the national banks of New York City held on October 2, 1883, $\$ 20,345,000$; on September $30,1884, \$ 15,123,000$. These banks on the same dite held of gold Treasury certificates issued under the acts of March 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882, $\$ 40,815,140$.

The act of February 28, 1878, authorized any holder of silver dollars of the weight of 41212 grains troy of standard silver to deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than $\$ 10$, and receive thereior certificates of not less than $\$ 10$ each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. It required that the coin deposited, or representing the certificates, should be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same ou demand, and that said certiticates should be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and also authorized their reissue.

This act did not authorize their use as clearing-house certificates, nor make them available as reserve for the national banks.

Section 12, act of July 12, 1882, provides that the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to receive deposits of gold coin with the Treasurer or Assistant Treasurers of the United States, in sums not less than twenty dollars, and to issue certiticates therefor in denominations of not less than twenty dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates of deposit shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificate shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such certificates, as also silver certificates, when held by any national-banking association, shall be counted as part of its lawful reserve, and no national-bauking association shall be a member of any clearing-house in which such certificates shall not be receivable in the settlement of clearing-house balances.

The anount of silver certificates outstanding on November 1, 1884, less the amount held by the Treasury, was $\$ 100,741,561$. The amonnt of gold certiticates November 1, 1884, less the amount held by the Treasury, was $\$ 87,865,570$.

On September 30,1884 , the national banks held $\$ 3,331,510$ of silver certificates, and $\$ 47,217,710$ of gold certificates issued under the acts of March 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882.

## LOANS AND RATES OF INTEREST.

The following tabie gives the classification of the loans of the banks in the city of New York, in Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, in the other reserve cities, and in the remaining banks of the country at corresponding dates in each of the last three years:

October 3, 1882.

| Classification. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New York } \\ & \text { City. } \end{aligned}$ | Boston, Phila: delphia, and Baltimore. | Other re. serve cities. | Conntry banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 banks. | 102 banks. | 91 banks. | 2,026 banks. | 2,269 banks. |
| On U. S. bonds on demand .. | \$1, 618, 687 | \$265, 357. | \$1,532,214 | \$1, 851, 550 | \$5, 267, 808 |
| On other stocks, bonds, \&c., on demand | 89, 532, 760 | 31, 653, 098 | 22, 143, 725 | 39, 554, 649 | 182, 884, 232 |
| On single-name paper without other sccurity. | 21, 382, 572 | 26,721; 688 | 16, 075, 330 | 83, 576, 480 | 147, 754, 806 |
| All other loans ................. | 126, 507, 873 | 143, 297, 359 | 106, 531, 193 | 526, 041, 981 | 902, 379, 670 |
| Totals. | 239, 041, 892 | 201, 937, 502 | 146, 282, 462 | 651, 024, 660 | 1,238, 286, 516 |

October 2, 1883.

| Classification. | 48 banks | 103 banks. | 97 banks. | 2,253 banks. | 2,501 banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On J. S. bouds on demand | \$2, 093, 526 | \$344, 337 | \$623, 679 | \$1,972, 232 | \$5, 033, 774 |
| On other stocks, bonds, \&c., on demand. | 94, 321,605 | 29, 638, 276 | 23, 099, 682 | 41, 518, 741 | 188, 578, 304 |
| On single name paper without other security | 19, 147, 049 | 24, 684, 110 | 17, 259, 584 | 87, 910, 589 | 149, 001. 332 |
| All other loaus.... | 129, 546, 152 | 146, 149, 205 | 110, 381, 881 | 574, 760, 143 | 960, 837, 381 |
| Totals | $245,108,332$ | 200, 815, 928 | 151, 364, 826 | 706, 161, 705 | 1,303, 450, 791 |

SEPTEMBER 30. 1884.

| Classification. | 44 banks. | 104 bauks. | 90 banks. | 2,417 banks. | 2,664 banks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On U. S. bonds on demand | \$2,983,785 | \$644, 017 | ; $\$ 268,396$ | \$970,691 | \$4, 816, 889 |
| On other stocks, bonds, \&c., on demand | 69, 805, 215 | 25,763,605 | 18,573,905 | 34, 050, 829 | 148, 193, 554 |
| On single-name paper without other secarity. | $12,559,441$ | 22, 458, 370 | 16, 239,550 | $83,816,871$ | 135, 074, 232 |
| All other loans. | 120, 054, 836 | 150, 372, 086 | 107, 543, 129 | $574,016,071$ | 951, 986, 122 |
| Total | 205, 353, 277 | 199, 238, 078 | 142, 624, 980 | 692, 854, 462 | 1,240, 070,797 |

In the table below is given a full classification of the loans in New York City alone for the last five sears:

| oans and discou | $\begin{aligned} & \text { October } 1, \\ & 1880 \text {, } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } 1, \\ 1881 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } 3, \\ 1882 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } 2, \\ 1883 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { September } \\ & \mathbf{3 0}, \mathbf{1 8 8 4 .} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 47 bauks. | 48 banks. | 50 banks. | 48 banks. | 44 banks. |
| On indorsed paper ... | \$107, 058, 860 | \$112, 049, 004 | \$118, 692, 651 | \$121, 644, 201 | \$116, 010, 062 |
| On single-name paper | 27, 755, 152 | 26, 935, 878 | 21, 203, 573 | 19, 147, 051 | 12, 558,443 |
| On U. S. bonds on demand. | 3, 915, 077 | 2, 539, 928 | 1, 707, 687, | 2, 093, 527 | 2,933, 785 |
| On other stocks, \&c., on dema | 92, 630, 982 | 97, 249,162 | 89, 532, 762 | 94, 321. 605 | 69, 805, 215 |
| All other loans........ | 1, ${ }^{1,7361,917}$ | 7, 747,587 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 7, } 600,48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7, 184, ${ }^{1883}$ |  |
| Total | 238, 428, 501 | 246, 757, 659 | 239, 041, 892 | 245, 108, 332 | 205, 353, 273 |

The attention of Congress has previously been called to section 5200 of the Revised Statutes, which places restrictions upon loans, and to the diffenty of enforcing its provisions. In cities where large amounts of produce are received and stored, it is represented that it is impossible for the banks to transact this class of business, if restricted to loans for an amount not exceeding in auy instance one-tenth of their capital. It is true that the limitation does not apply to loaus upon produce in transit, where the drafts are drawn on existing values; but; if produce is stored, instead of being shipped, large loans cannot be made except in violation of law. 'In such case the Comptroller has no means of enforcing the law, except by bringing a suit for forfeiture of charter, and this course might result in great embarrassment to business, as well as loss to many innocent stockholders of the bauks. It is evident that the law should be so amended as to exclude from the limitation mentioned legitimate loans upon produce or warehouse receipts, and some other classes of collateral security, as well as loans upon United States bonds.

RATES OF INTEREST IN NEW YORK CITY, AND IN THE BANK OF: ENG-
LAND AND THE BANK OF FRANCE.
The average rate of interest in New York City for each of the fiscal years from 1874 to 1884 , as ascertained from data derived from the Journal of Commerce and the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, was as follows:

|  | commercial paper, 6.4 per cent. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1875, call loans, 3.0 per cent | commercial paper, 5.8 per cent. |
| 1876, call loans, 3.3 pier cent | commercial paper, 5.3 per cent. |
| 1877, call loass, 3.0 per cent | commercial paper, 5.2 per cent. |
| 1878, call loans, 4.4 per cent. | commercial paper, 5.1 per cent. |
| 1879, call loans, 4.4 per cent.; | commercial paper, 4.4 per cent. |
| 1880, call loans, 4.9 per cent. | commercial paper, 5.3 per cent. |
| 1881, call loans, 3.8 per cent. | commercial paper, 5.0 per cent. |
| 1882, call loans, 4.4 per cent. | commercial paper, 5.4 per cent. |
| 1883, call loans, 5.7 per cent.; | commercial paper, 5.7 per cont. |
| 4, call loans, 2.4 per cent. | commercial paper, 5.6 per cen |

The average rate of discount of the Bank of England for the same years was as follows:

During the calendar year ending December 31, 1874, 3.69 per cent.
During the calendar year euding December 31, 1875, 3.23 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1876, 2.61 per cent. During the calendar year ending December 31, 1877, 2.91 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1878, 3.78 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1879, 2.50 pir cent.
During the caleudar year ending December 31, 1880, 2.76 per cent.
During the calendar year ending December 31, 1881, 3.49 per cent.*
During the calendar year euding December 31, 1882, 4.10 per cent.*
During the caleudar year ending December 31, 1883, 3.57 per cent. $\dagger$
During the fiscal year ending Juve 30, 1884, 2. 8 per cont. $\dagger$
In the calendar year ending December 31, 1883́, the rate of discount of the Bank of England was increased three times, and three times reduced. During the fiscal year ending June 30,1884 , the rate was increased once and decreased five times. The present rate is 5 per cent.

The average rate of interest in New York City for the four months previous to November 8,1884 , was on call loans 1.4 per cent., and on commercial paper 5.6 per cent.; the rate of interest on that date was on call loaus 1 to 2 per cent., and on commercial paper 5 to 6 per ceut.

[^27]The rate of discount in the Bank of France, which was lowered from 4 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on March 23, 188\%, was lowered to 3 per cent. on February 23,1883 . The average rate of discount during the year 1883 was 3.08 per cent.

The number of trade bills admitted to discount in the Bank of France during the year 1883 was $5,047,179$, representing a sum of $\$ 956,569,720$. Of this number of bills there were 13,069 bills of $\$ 2.08$ and under; 548,720 bills from $\$ 2.29$ to $\$ 10 ; 787,481$ bills from $\$ 10.21$ to $\$ 20$; 3;697,909 bills above $\$ 20$. That is to say, nearly a fourth part in bills under $\$ 20.21$. The number of trade bills under $\$ 20$ steadily increases. In 1880 there were $1,014,412$ of these small discounted bills ; in 1881, $1,160,945$; in 1882, 1,224,326, and in 1883 they have increased to $1,349,250$.

The governor of the Bank of France in his report of its transactions for the year 1882 said, "These figures will show how great are the services rentered by the bank to the retail trade of Paris."

## INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

The practice of paying interest on deposits by the mational banks has been the subject of discussion for some time past. It is the custom of the country banks to pay interest on current accounts, and also to issue certificates of deposit bearing interest, which latter usually state upon their face that no interest will be paid upon the same unless the deposit remains with the bank for three, six, nine, or twelve months, as the case may be.

Banks located in the cities, where a portion of the lawful money reserve of country banks may legally be kept, have been for many years in the habit of paying interest upon the daily balances of the accounts of their country depositors. Owing to the fact that the banks in the reserve cities other than New York keep large current accounts with their correspondents in that city, who in turn pay iuterest on the average daily balances of their correspondents, the result is that in times of easy money large sums accumulate in the city of New York subject to interest on current account. It is believed that this accumulation of money in the New York banks occasioned by this custom has a tendency to eucourage speculation in stocks, as these banks are compelled to find some use for the money deposited with them on which they are in turu compelled to pay interest, and as this money is liable to be called for at any time, it is necessary to make loans payable on demand, and dealers in stocks called on the stock exchange, which theoretically can be readily sold at any time, are in consequence enabled to obtain money for speculation by pledging these securities as collateral and agreeing to repay the sum advanced on demand. The panic of 1873 and the financial troubles of May, 1S84, have shown that these so-called demand loans are of such a character that the banks are not always able to realize upou them in case of emergency. The members of the New York Clearing-House Association, after the panic of 1873, discussed the abolition of the payment of interest upon current accounts. Again, upon the 4th of June, 1884, the association eudeavored to have its members agree to discontinue the payment of interest on daily balances, but owing to the persistent dissent of a few members the association was unable to make the arrangement.

While the united action of the Clearing-House Association in favor of the abolition of the payment of interest on deposits would doubtless have great effect, yet so long as it is the almost universal custom of banks, State and national, and of private bankers throughout the coun-
try, to pay such interest, it is probable that if the associated banks should discontinue the practice, they would do so to their own great detriment and loss of business. Many of the accounts of country banks and out-of-town correspondents would be transferred to the trust companies, State banks, and private bankers who are not members of the association, and who would not be bouud by its regulations, and for this and other reasons it seems very difficult to bring about an absolute cessatiou of the practice. Until all the bankers in the principal cities of the country agree to discoutinue the payment of interest, it is probable that it will continue to be paid upon carrent accounts.

It has been held by the courts that the conferring of special powers upon national banking associations probibited them from the exercise of certain other powers not specifically couferred, and the decisions of the United States courts seem to indicate that it is malawful for a national bank to borrow money to lend again or to receive deposits payable at fixed future dates with interest thereon.

Notwithstanding the fact that it has been held that national banks could not receive deposits payable otherwise than on demand, it is possible that, in view of the fact that the custom of purchasing deposits by the payment of interest is so universal, the courts might. hold that national banks would have the same rights as other bankers to receive deposits subject to repayment upon a notice of from five to thirty days, and if this should be the case it is submitted that they should pay interest only upou deposits of this character, for there can be no doubt that it is extremely injudicions to receive curreut accounts payable on demand subject to interest. It would appear that if this course was adopted two classes of accounts would have to be raaintained with most of the conutry correspondents of national banks in reserve cities, as it would be impracticable for a national bank in the interior to have any portion of its reserve deposited in such a manner that it could not be drawn upou demand. In view of the facts as stated, it is doubtful if any legislation upon this matter should be had which would discriminate against the national bauks.

It is a question if in the business of banking it is not a correct principle to use every legitimate means to bring together au aggregation of funds for the purpose of carrying on large commercial transactions incident to the business of handling produce and carrying on the jobbing and other trades, which would otherwise be impossible. It is believed by many that the financial supremacy of London has been partially brought about by the custom of the baukers of that city of purchasing deposits and stimulating the accumulation of funds by the payment of interest. While the Loudon joint-stock banks do not pay interest on their customers' accounts as a rule, they do pay interest on deposits ou demand at a low rate, and at a higher rate where the money is left on seven days' and otber longer notice, and enormous sums are constantly on deposit in London subject to iuterest in this manuer.*

In some instances the money must be left for a month. These deposits are received from the general public, and also very largely from country correspondents. It is the custom, however, for the Loudon banks to charge a commission, generally a fixed sum, but sometimes varying with the transactious, upon the business done with their correspondents in the country. The private baukers of Loudon also pay interest in the same manner, and in many instances allow interest upon their

[^28]customers' accounts, pasable on demand. The rate of interest allowed on deposits in the city of London is usually but from one to one and a half per cent. per annum below the Bank of England rate for the time being ou discounts. The country banks throughout the United Kingdom are in the habit of allowing interest on deposits and current accounts, to offset which, to a certain extent, they usually charge a com: mission on the transactions of their customers.

The following table exhibits the rate of interest charge'd by the banks and bankers of London for discounts, and also the rate of interest allowed on deposits during 1882, 1883, and first half of 1884:

| $i$ $\vdots$ | Second half of 1882 , per cont. per allnum. | First half of 1883 , per cent. per annum. | Second half of 1883 , per cent. per annum. | First half of 1884 , per cent. per annum. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage market rate of discount A | $\begin{array}{rrrr}\text { \&. } & s . c & d . \\ 3 & 9 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrrr}\text { E. } & s . & d . \\ 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 12 & 11\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrrr}\text { \&. } & \boldsymbol{s} . & \boldsymbol{d} . \\ 2 & 17 & 1 \\ 2 & 8 & 10\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { £. } & s & s . & d . \\ 2 & 5 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 5\end{array}$ |
| Profit margins | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 8 & 9\end{array}$ | 0114 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 8 & 3\end{array}$ | $\bigcirc 090$ |

Note.-London Bankers' Magazine, July, 1884.

RESERVE.
The following table exhibits the amount of net deposits; and the reserve required thereon by the act of June 20, 1874, together with the amount and classification of reserve held by the national banks in New York Uity, in the other reserve cities, and by the remaining banks, at the dates of their reports in October of each year from 1875 to 1883, and on September 30, 1884:

NEW YORK CITY.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num. } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { blanks. } \end{gathered}$ | Net deposits. | Reserve required. | Reserve held. |  | Classification of reserve. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amount. | Ratio to deposits. | Specie. | Other law. ful money. | Due from agents. | Redemp. tion fand. |
|  |  | Milliors. | Millions. | Millions. | Per cent. | Afilions. | arillions. | Millions. | Afilions. |
| Oct. 1, 1875. | 48 | 202.3 | 50.6 | 60.5 | 29.9 | 5.0 | 54.4 |  | 1.1 |
| Oct. 2, 1876.... | 47 | 197.9 | 49.5 | 60.7 | 30.7 | 14.6 | 45.3 | .. | 0.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1877... | 47 | 174.9 | 43.7 | 48.1 | 27.5 | 13. 0 | 34.3 |  | 0.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1878... | 47 | 189.8 | 47.4 | 50.9 | 26.8 | 13.3 | 36.5 |  | 1.1 |
| Oct. 2, 1879.-). | 47 | 210.2 | 52.6 | 53.1 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 32.6 |  | 1.1 |
| Oct. 1, 1880.... | 47 | 268. 1 | 67.0 | 70.6 | 26.4 | 58.7 | 11.0 |  | 0.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1881... | 48 | 268.8. | 67.2 | 62.5 | 23.3 | 50.6 | 10.9 |  | 1.0 |
| Oct. 3, 1882 | 50 | 254.0 | 63.5 | 64.4 | 25.4 | 44.5 | 18.9 |  | 1.0 |
| Oct.' 2, 1883. | 48 | 266.9 | 66.7 | 70.8 | 26.5 | 50.3 | 19.7 |  | 0.9 |
| Sept. 30, 1884.- | 44 | 255.0 | 63.7 | 90.8 | 35.6 | 63.1 | 27.0 |  | 0.7 |

OTHER RESERVE CITIES.

| Oct 1, $1875 \ldots$. | 188 | 223.9 | 56.0 | 74.5 | 33.3 | 1.5 | 37.1 | 32.3 | 3.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. $2,1876 . .$. | 189 | 217.0 | 54.2 | 76.1 | 35.1 | 4. 0 | 37. 1 | 32.0 | 3.0 |
| Oct. 1,1877..... | 188 | 204.1 | 51.0 | 67.3 | 33.0 | 5. 6 | 34.3 | 24.4 | 3.0 |
| Oct. 1, 1878. | 184 | 199.9 | 50.0 | 71.1 | 35.6 | 9.4 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 3.2 |
| Oct. 2,1879.... | 181 | 288.8 | 57.2 | 83.5 | 36.5 | 11.3 | 33.0 | 35.7 | 3.5 |
| Oct. 1, 1880 | 184 | 289.4 | 72.4 | 105.2 | 36.3 | 28.3 ' | 25.0 | 48.2 | 3.7 |
| Oct. 1, 1881..... | 189 | 335.4 | 83.9 | 100.8 | 30.0 | 34.6 | 21.9 | 40.6. | 3.7 |
| Oct. 3, 1882..... | 193 | 318.8 | 79.7 | 89.1 | 28.0 | 28.3 | 24.1 | 33.2 | 3.5 |
| Oct. 2, 1883..... | 200 | 323.9 | 81.0 | 100.6 | 31.1 | 26.3 | 30.1 | - 40.8 | 3.4 |
| Sept: 30, 1884 . | 203 | 307.9 | 77.0 | 99.0 | 32.2 | 30.3 | 33.3 | - 32.3 | 3.1 |

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

|  | Num. ber of banks. | Net deposits. | Reserve reguired. | Reserve held. |  | Clasisification of reserve. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amount. | Ratio to deposits. | Specie. | Other law. ful money- | Due from agents. | Redemption fund. |
|  |  | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Per cent. | Aflions. | Hillions. | Millions. | mfilions. |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | 1, 851 | 307.9 | 46.3 | 100.1 | 32.5 | 1.6 | 33.7 | - 53.3 | - 11.5 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1,853 | 291.7 | 43.8 | 99.9 | 34.3 | 2.7 | 31.0 | 55.4 | 10.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1877. | 1,845 | 290.1 | 43.6 | 95.4 | 32.9 | 4.2 | 31.6 | 48.9 | 10.7 |
| Oct. 1, 1878 | 1,822 | 289.1 | 43.4 | 106. 1 | 36.7 | 8.0 | 31.1 | 56.0 | 11.0 |
| Oct. 2, 1879. | 1, 820 | 329.9 | 49.5 | 124.3 | 37.7 | 11.5 | 30.3 | 71.3 | 11.2 |
| Oct. 1, 1880 | 1, 859 | 410.5 | 61.6 | 147.2 | 35.8 | 21.2 | 28.3 | 86.4 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 1, 1881. | 1,895 | 507.2 | 76.1 | 158.3 | 31.2 | 27.5 | 27.1 | 92.4 | 11.4 |
| Oct. 3, 1882 | 2, 026 | 545.8 | 81.9 | 150.4 | 27.5 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 80.1 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 2; 1883. | 2, 253 | 577.9 | 86.7 | 157.5 | 27.2 | 31.2 | 30.8 | - 84.1 | 11. 3 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 2,417 | 535.8 | 80.4 | 156.3 | - 29.2 | 35.2 | 30.9 | 79.7 | 10.5 |

SUMMARY.

| Oct. 1, 1875 | 2,087 | 734. 1 | 152.2 | 235. 1 | 32.0 | 8.1 | 125.2 | 85.6 | 16.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 2,089 | 706.6 | 147.5 | 236.7 | 33.5 | 21. 3 | 113.4 | 87.4 | 14.6 |
| Oct. 1, 1877. | 2,080 | 669.1 | 138.3 | 210.8 | 31.5 | 22.8 | 100.2 | 73.3 | 14. 5 |
| Oct. 1, 1878. | 2,053 | 678.8 | 140.8 | 228. 1 | 33.6 | 30.7 | 97, 0 | 85.1 | 15.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1879. | 2,048 | 768. 9 | 159.3 | 260.9 | 33.9 | 42.2 | 95.9 | 107.0 | 15.8 |
| Oct. 1, 1880 | 2,090 | 968.0 | 201.0 | 323.0 | 33.4 | 108. 2 | 64.3 | 134.6 | 15.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1881. | 2, 132 | 1, 111.6 | 227. 2 | 321.6 | 28.9 | 112.7 | 59.9 | 133.0 | 16.1 |
| Oct. 3, 1882. | 2, 269 | 1, 118. 6 | 225. 1 | 303.9 | 27.2 | 102.8 | 72.0 | 113.3 | 15.8 |
| Ont. 2, 1883 | 2,501 | 1, 168. 7 | 234.4 | 328.9 | 281 | 107. 8 | 80.6 | 124.9 | 15.6 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 2, 664 | 1,098.7 | 221. 1 | 346.1 | 31.6 | 128.6 | 91.2 | 112.0 | 14.3 |

The following table, compiled from returns made to the cleariug.house by the national banks in New York City, exhibits the movement of their reserve, weekly, during October, for the last nine years.

| Week ending- | Specie. | Legal teuders. | TCotal. | Ratio of reserve to- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Circulation and deposits. | Deposits. |
|  |  |  |  | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| October 7, 1876 | \$17, 682, 600 | \$45, 535, 600 | \$63, 218, 200 | 30.5 | 32.4 |
| October 14, 1876 | 16, 233, 600 | 43, 004, 600 | 59, 238, 200 | 28.8 | 31.1 |
| October 21,1876 | 15, 577, 500 | 41, 421, 700 | 56, 999, 200 | 27.8 | 30.0 |
| October 28, 1876 | 14, 011, 600 | 41, 645, 600 | 55, 657, 200 | 28.0 | 30.3 |
| Octolver 6, 1877 | 14, 665, 600 | 36, 168, 300 | 50, 833, 900 | 27.0 | 29.5 |
| October 13, 1877 | 14, 726, 500 | 35, 178, 900 | 49, 905, 400 | 26.7 | 29.2 |
| October 20, 1877 | 14.087, 400 | 35, 101, 700 | 49, 189, 100 | 26.5 | 29.0 |
| October 27, 1877 | 15, 209, 000 | 34, 367, 800 | 49, 576, 800 | 26.8 | 29.4 |
| October 5, 1878 | 14, 995, 800 | 38, 304, 900 | 53, 300, 700 | 25.7 | 28.4 |
| October 12, 1878 | 12, 184, 690 | 37, 685, 100 | 49, 869, 700 | 24.4 | 27.0 |
| October 19, 1878 | 13, 531, 400 | 36, 576, 000 | 50, 107, 400 | 24.7 | 27.3 |
| October 26, 1878 | 17, 384, 200 | 35, 690, 500 | 53, 074, 700 | 25.8 | 28:5 |
| October 4, 1879 | 18, 979, 600 | 34, 368, 000 | 53, 347, 600 | 23.3 | 25.8 |
| October 11, 1879 | 20, 901, 800 | 32, 820, 300 | 53, 722, 100 | 23.4 | 25.9 |
| October 18, 1579 | 24, 686, 500 | 29, 305, 200 | 53, 991, 700 | 23.5 | 26.1 |
| October 25, 1879 | 25, 636,040 | 26, 713, 900 | 52, 349, 900 | 23.0 | 25.5 |
| Oetober 2, 1880 | 59, 823, 700 | 11, 129, 100 | 70, 952, 800 | 25.4 | 26.4 |
| October 9, 1880 | 62, 521, 300 | 10, 785, 000 | 73, 306, 300 | 25.4 | 27.2 |
| October 16, 1880 | 62, 760, 600 | 10, 939, 200 | 73, 6999800 | 25.5 | 27.1 |
| October 23, 1880 | 60, 888, 200 | 10, 988, 200 | 71, 876, 400 | 24.9 | 26.6 |
| October 30, 1880 | 61, 471, 600 | 10, 925, 000 | 72; 396, 600 | 25.0 | 26.7 |
| October 1, 1881 | 54, 954, 600 | 12, 150, 400 | 67, 105, 000 | 23.1 | 24.8 |
| October 8, 1881 | 53, 287, 900 | 12, 153, 800 | 65, 441,700 | 23.1 | 24.9 |
| October 15, 1881 | 51, 008, 300 | 12, 452, 700 | 63, 461, 000 | 23.2 | 25.0 |
| October 22, 1881 | 54, 016, 200 | 12, 496,500 | 66, 512, 700 | 24.6 | 26.6 |
| October 29, 1881 | 55, 961, 200 | 12, 947, 900 | 68, 909, 100 | 25.6 | 27.4 |
| October 7, 1882 | 47, 016, 000 | 18, 384, 500 | 65, 400,500 | 24.0 | 26.3 |
| October 14, 1882 | 48, 281, 000 | 18, 002,700 | 66, 283, 700 | 24.7 | 26.6 |
| Octoler 21, 1882 | 49, 518, 200 | 17, 023, 900 | 66, 542,100 | 25.0 | 26.8 |
| October 28, 1882 | 48, 374, 200 | 17, 204,700 | 65, 578, 900 | 24.8 | 26.5 |
| October 6, 1883 | 51, 586, 700. | 20, 122, 500 | 71,709, 200 | 25.5 | 27.0 |
| October 13, 1883 | 50, 894, 000 | 21, 145, 800 | 72, 039, 800 | 25.4 | 26.8 |
| October 20, 1883 | 47, 267, 900 | 20, 719,700 | 67, 982, 600 | 24.5 | ${ }^{25.9}$ |
| October 27, 1883 | 46, 372, 800 | $20,617,600$ | 66, 990,400 | 24.5 | 25.9 |
| October 4, 1884 | 67, 470, 600 | 25, 817,300 | 93, 287, 900 | 34.5 | 36.3 |
| October 11, 1884 | 68, 922, 500 | 27, 654, 100 | 96, 576,600 | 35.2 | 36.9 |
| October 18, 1884 | 67, 579, 400 | 27, 875, 500 | 95, 454, 900 | 34.8 | 36.5 |
| October 25, 1884 | 67, 638, 000 | 27, 354, 200 | 94, 992, 200 | 34.6 | 36.3 |

## STATE BANKS, TRUST OOMPANIES, AND SAVINGS BANKS

The act of Congress of February 19, 1873, section 333 of the United States Revised Statutes, requires the Comptroller to obtain from authentic sources, and report to Congress, statements exlibiting under appropriate heads the resources and liabilities of such banks and savings banks as are organized under the law's of the several States and Territories. In compliance with this act he has presented annually in the appendices to his reports the resources and liabilities of these corporations, so far as it has been possible to obtain them. Through the courtesy of State officers, returns of State banks, savings banks, and trust and loan companies have during the past year been received from twenty-two States. Many of the States and Territories, including Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas, Tennessee, Illinois, Kansas, Oregon, and Dakota, do not require periodical returns of the condition of the different classes of banks organized under their laws.

From these returns the following abstract has been compiled showing the resources and liabilities of State banks and trust companies for the last four years, the number reporting in 1881 being 683 ; in 1882 , 704; in 1883, 788 ; and in 1884, 852 :


The foregoing table was prepared from all the New England States, except Maine; from four Middle States, not including Delaware; and from all the Western States, excepting Illinois, Kansas, and Nebraska. The only Southern States from which reports have been received were South Carolina, Georgia, Lonisiana, Texas, Kentucky, and Missouri. The only Pacific States were California and Colorado. There are no State banks in Maine, but one in New Hampshire, seven in Vermont, and none in Massachusetts. There are, however, six trust and loan companies in the latter State, one in Rhode Island, and six in Connecticut.

The following table exhibits the aggregate resources and liabilities of 629 savings banks in 1881 and 1882; 630 in 1883, and 636 in 1884 :


The foregoing table includes the returns from si: New England States, from four Middle States, not including Delaware; from the States of Ohio, Indiana, California, and the District of Collımbia. The aggregate of loans in the New England States is $\$ 288,905,262$ and of deposits $\$ 475,358,305$. In the Middle States the aggregate of loans is $\$ 163,328,406$ and of deposits $\$ 522,771,526$.

Some of the largest savings banks in the city of Philadelphia, organized under old charters, are not required to make reports to any State officer. Returns directly received from four of these banks having deposits amounting to $\$ 34,031,154$, are included in the returns from the State of Pennsylvania.
'The savings‘banks' deposits, given in the foregoing table for 1884, based upon reports made to State authorities, are $\$ 1,073,294,955$, and the deposits of the State banks and trust companies were $\$ 514,111,591$. These returns do not include bank deposits. The deposits of the national banks on October 1, 1884, exclusive of those due to banks, were $\$ 989,320,509$. No just comparisou of the deposits of national banks with those of savings banks and State banks and trust companies can be made, owing to the fact that the reports of many of the latter classes of banks were made to the State authorities in 1883 or in January, 1884, and do not show the effects of the business depression resulting from the failures during the year 1884.

The total population of New England, according to the census of 1880, was $4,010,529$, and the number of open deposit accounts of the savings banks in the year 1884 is $1,430,857$, which is equal to nearly 35.7 accounts to each one hundred of the entire population. The average amount of each account is $\$ 332.21$, and if the total deposits were divided
among the entire population, the average sum of $\$ 118.52$ could be given to each individual.

The deposits of the savings banks in the State of New York were $\$ 431,080.010$, while the population is $5,082,871$, showing that an equal distribution of the savings banks' deposits among the entire population of the State would give $\$ 84.81$ to each individual.

Tables showing the aggregate resources and liabilities of State banks, trust companies, and savings banks in each State, from which returns have been received from the State authorities, appear in the appendix. A table is also there given showing, by States, the number of savings banks' depositors, and the average amount due to each in 1883 and 1884.

The Comptroller has for the last eight years compiled the returns received by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from the State and savings banks and private bankers for purposes of taxation, showing the average amount of their capital and.deposits for each six months, and the amounts inrested in United States bonds: The law requiring such returns to be made has not been repealed, but as the tax on capital and deposits ceased on November 30, 1882, it is not expected that such returns will hereafter be transmitted. The Comptroller must therefore depend exclusively for this information upon the returns to be received from the officers of the different States, and when such returns are required to be made they are, as a rule, promptly and courteously forwarded to this office in reply to his request.

The legislature of Missouri recently passed a law requiring all banks in the State to make reports in the month of December. With a view of rendering this system of reports more complete and effective than at present, the Comptroller prepared in the year 1876 the form of a bill, which is herewith presented; and it is respectfully suggested to members of Congress and State officers residing in those States where no returns are required that, if approved by them, they shall lend the weight of their influence to procure the enactment of a law, similar in form, by the legislatures of their respective States. It may be mentioned that a bill, substantially the same as that here presented, has been passed by the legislature of Ohio.

A BILL to provide for obtaining and publishing reports of banks, savings institutions, and trust com panies organized under State laws.

Be it enacted, That each and every banking institution, organized under the laws of this State, shall make a report to the auditor of state, showing the condition thereof before the commencement of business on the first Monday in the months of January, April, July, and October of each year.

Sec. 2. That the auditor of state shall issue his requisition upon all banking institutions, for the reports required to be made by section 1 of this act, a convenient number of days prior to the first day of January, April, July, and Octriber, in each year, and each banking institution sball, upon receipt thereof, immediately forward to the auditor a balanced report of its condition, verified by the oath or affirmation of one or more of the officers of such institution, and shall also publish such report in full at its own expense, in a newspaper issued at the place where the institution is located, or, if there be no newspaper in that place, then in the one nearest thereto; and any banking institution neglecting to make and transmit to the auditor of state, and publish, such reports, shall, after the expiration of five days from the receipt of the requisition therefor, be subject to a penalty of thirty collars for each day's delay, which penalty may be collected by suit to be brought by the auditor of state, or by any creditor of the association, before any court of competent jurisdiction in the district wherein such banking institution is located; and all sums of money collected for penalties under this section shall be paid into the treasury of the State.

Sec. 3. That banks, trust companies, savings banks, and other banking institu-
tious, having eapital stock, shall report their resources and liabilities in the following form:
Report of the condition of The _____, at _ in the State of —__ before the commencement of business on the first Monday of ———, 187-.
D1

| Resources. | Dollars. | Cts. | Liabilities. | Dollars. | Cts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Loans on real estate. |  |  | 1. Capital stock paid in.......... |  |  |
| 2. All other loans and discounts . |  |  | 2. Surplus fund................... |  |  |
| 3. Overdrafts ..................... |  |  | 3. Undivided profits |  |  |
| 4. United States bonds on hand.. |  |  | 4. State-bank noties outstanding. |  |  |
| 5. State bonds ...................... |  |  | 5. Dividends unpaid .............. |  |  |
| 6. Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages |  |  | 6. Individual doposits. <br> 7. Due to banks and bankers. |  |  |
| 7. Due from other banks and bankers |  |  | 8. Notes and bills rediscounted. <br> 9. Bills payable. |  |  |
| 8. Real estate..................... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Furniture and fixtures ........ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Current expenses .............. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Premium on bonds . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Cash items -................... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. Gold coin, $\$$-; ; silver coin, $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. National-bank notes ......... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. United States notes ............ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | . |  | Total |  |  |
| Tre OF- |  |  | I, $-\ldots$ - of The |  |  |

Skorn to and subscribed before me this . day of $-187-$
solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of m.y knowledge and belief.

Oashier.

Sec. 4. Savings banks and other banking institutions'having no capital stock shall report their resources and liabilities in the following form:

Report of the condition of The _—__, at _—_ in the State of $\quad$, before the commencement of business on the first Monday of ———, 187-.
Dr.
Cr.

| Resources. | Dollars. | Cts. | Liabilities. | Dollars. | Cts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Loans on real estate. |  |  | 1. Individual deposits ........... |  |  |
| 2. Loans on United States and State stocks |  |  | 2. Due to banks and bankers ... 3. Undivided profits ............ |  |  |
| 3. Leans on other stocks and bonds |  |  | 4. Other liabilities ............... |  |  |
| 4. All other loans................. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. United States bonds on hand.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0. State bonds on hand ........... |  |  | \% |  |  |
| 7. Other stocks and bonds ........ | - |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Furniture and fixtures........ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Expenses ...................... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Due from banks and bankers.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Specie |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. National-bank and United States currency |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. All other assets.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ....................... |  |  | Total |  |  |

## STaTE OF $\quad$ Oounty of

Sworn to and subscribed before me this - day of - - 187-
I. - - - of The _- - . solemnly sworr that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Oashier.

And such banks shall also furnish, with their reports, the following information: The number of open accounts, and the rate per centum of dividends or interest on deposits, for the past year.
SEC. 5. That the auditor of state shall compile the reports received by him under this act, and the tables so compiled shall be printed quarterly for distribution when prepared, and, shall be transmitted by him to the legisla,ture at the beginning of each session thereof.

## PRIVATE BANKERS.

The first official information relating to the private bankers of the conntry published by this office was contained in a table in the Comptroller's report for 1880. The law requiring private bankers to make returns for taxation purposes having been repealed, it is now impossible to obtain authentic information with reference to them. A table will be found in the appendix giving information on this subject for the six months ending November 30,1882 , being the last semi-annual peried for which they were required to make returns of the amount of their deposits, \&c., for taxation, and also similar information for preceding years.

## TAXATION.

The law imposing a tax upon the capital and deposits of national banks, State banks, and private bankers was repealed by the act of March 3, 1883.

The only United States tax now paid by the national banks is the semiannual duty of one-half of 1 per cent. upon the average amount of their notes in circulation during the preceding six months. The prohibitory tax of 10 per cent. upon State bank circulation paid out, as provided by section 3412 of the Revised Statutes, is also still in force.

Section 5173 of the Revised Statutes provides that the expenses of the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency, including those of the plates and dies used for the printing of national-bank notes and of the printing of such notes, shall be paid out of the proceeds of the tax on circulation.

The act of June 20, 1874, provides for the redemption of national-bank notes in the office of the Treasurer of the United States, and that the cost of such redemptions shall be paid by the banks, and that the cost of the plates for priuting, up to that time paid out of the proceeds of the tax on circulation, shall thereafter be paid from the proceeds of an assessment upon the banks. Section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882, for extending the corporate existence of national banking associations, provides that the cost of engraving plates for the issue of circulation of new design, required by the section, should also be paid by the banks. It was the evident intention of the enactors of the original banking law that all the expenses which were incurred by the Goverument in preparing circulation to be issued to national associations, as well as the expenses of carrying on the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency and enforcing the restrictions of the national banking laws, should be defrayed from the tax on circulation. As has been seen, this principle was changed by the act of June 20,1874 , which, withont abolishing the tax on circula tion, imposed on the banks the expense of the redemption of their notes and of the printing of their plates, and that this course was followed in the act of July 12, 1882. In lieu of this additional expense, however, the act of June 20, 1874, abolished the requirement of keeping in bank a reserve of legal-tender notes and specie for the redemption of circulation. As has been suggested elsewhere in the report, the abolishment of the tax on circulation would be a ready and simple way of avoiding the contraction of national-bank circulation, now constantly going on, on account of the small profit to the banks in keeping up their issues, and if abolished the expenses of the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency could be paid by a pro rata assessment on the banks, as is now done in the case of the expenses of the redemption of their notes by the Treasurer of the United States, and in the case of the expense of preparing plates for printing the notes.

The total expense of the office of the Comptroller of the Currency from its organization to June 30,1884 , was $\$ 5,840,923.99$, and the ex-
pense for the year ending on that date $\$ 230,224.92$. The tax on circulation for the year ending on the same date was $\$ 3,024,668.24$. The total taxes collected from the national banks to the end of the present fiscal year are shown in the following table:

|  | Years. | On circulation. | On deposits. | On capital. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 |  | \$53, 19332 | \$95, 91187 | \$18,432 07 | \$167, 53726 |
| 1865 |  | 733, 24759 | 1, 087,530 86 | 133, 25115 | 1, 954, 02960 |
| 1866 |  | 2, 106, 78530 | $2,633,10277$ | 406, 947 74 | 5, 146, 83581 |
| 1867. |  | 2, 868, 63678 | 2, 650, 180 09 | 321, 88136 | 5,840,698 23 |
| 1868 |  | 2, 946,343 07 | 2, 564, 148 44 | 306,781 67 | 5, 817, 26818 |
| 1869 |  | 2,957, 416 73 | 2, 614, 55353 | 312,918 68 | 5,884, 88899 |
| 1870 |  | 2, 949, 74413 | 2, 614,767 61 | 375, 96226 | $5,940,47400$ |
| 1871 |  | 2, 987, 02169 | 2, 802,840 85 | 385, 29213 | 6,175, 15467 |
| 1872 |  | 3, 198,570 03 | 3, 120,984 37 | 389, 35627 | 6, 703, 91067 |
| 1873 |  | 3, 353, 18613 | 3, 196, 56929 | 454, 89151 | 7, 004, 64693 |
| 1874. |  | 3, 404, 48311 | 3, 209, 967 78 | 469, 04802 | 7, 083, 49885 |
| 1875 |  | 3, 283,450 89 | 3, 514, 26539 | 507, 41776 | 7, 305, 13404 |
| 1876 |  | 3, 091, 79576 | 3, 505, 12964 | - 632,296 16 | 7, 229,221 56 |
| 1877 |  | 2, 900, 95753 | 3, 451, 96538 | $\therefore 660,78490$ | 7,013, 70781 |
| 1878 |  | 2, 948, 04708 | 3, 273, 11174 | 560,29683 | 6, 781,455 65 |
| 1879. |  | 3, 009, 64716 | 3, 309, 66890 | 401, 92061 | 6,721, 23667 |
| 1880 |  | 3, 153, 63563 | 4, 058, 7106 L | 379,424 19 | 7, 591, 77043 |
| 1881. |  | 3, 121, 37433 | 4, 940,945 13 | 431, 23310 | $8,493,55255$ |
| 1882 |  | 3, 190,981 98 | 5,521,927 47 | 437, 77490 | 9, 150, 68435 |
| 1883. |  | 3,132,006 73 | *2, 773, 79046 | *269,976 43 | 6, 175, 77362 |
| 1884. |  | 3, 024, 66824 |  |  | 3, 024, 66824 |
|  |  | 58, 410,193 21 | 60,940,067 16 | 7,855, 88774 | 127, 206, 14811. |

*Six months to June 1, 1883.
The following table exhibits the taxes upon the circulation, deposits, and capital of banks, other than national, collected by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from 1864 to November 1, 1882, the date upon which the taxation of capitial and deposits ceased:

| Years. | On circulation. | On deposits. | On capital. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 | \$2, 056, 99630 | \$780, 72352 |  | \$2, 837, 71982 |
| 1865 | 1, 993,661 84 | 2,043, 84108 | \$903, 36798 | 4, 940, 87090 |
| 1866 | 990, 27811 | 2,099,635 83 | 374, 07411 | 3,463, 98805 |
| 1867 | 214, 29875 | 1,355, 39598 | 476,867 73 | 2,046,562 46 |
| 1868 | 28, 66988 | 1, 438, 51277 | 399, 56290 | 1,866,745 55 |
| 1869 | 16,565 05 | 1,734, 41763 | 445, 07149 | 2, 196, 05417 |
| 1870 | 15, 41994 | 2, 177, 57646 | 827, 087 21 | 3, 020, 08361 |
| 1871. | 22,78192 | 2,702, 19684 | 919, 26277 | 3, 644, 24153 |
| 1872. | 8,919 82 | 3, 643, 25171 | 976, 05761. | 4, 628, 22914 |
| 1873 | 24,778 62 | 3, 009,302 79 | 736, 95005. | 3, 771, 03146 |
| 1874. | 16, 73826 | 3, 453,544 26 | 916, 87815 | 3,387, 16067 |
| 1875 | 22, 74627 | 2,972, 26027 | 1, 102, 24158 | 4, 097, 24812 |
| 1876 | 17, 94767 | 2,999, 53075 | 989, 21961 | 4, 006, 69803 |
| 1877. | ธ, 43016 | 2, 896, 63793 | 927, 66124 | 3, 829, 72933 |
| 1878 | 1,118 72 | 2,593,68729 | 897, 22584 | 3,492, 03185 |
| 1879 | 13, 90329 | 2, 354,911 74 | 830,068 56 | 3, 198, 88359 |
| 1880. | 28, 77337 | 2,510, 77543 | 811, 43648 | 3, 350, 98528 |
| 1881 | 4,295 08 | 2, 946, 90664 | 811, 00635 | 3, 762, 20807 |
| 1882 | 4,285 77 | 4, 096, 10245 | 1, 153, 07025 | 5, 253, 45847 |
| $1882^{*}$ |  | 1,993, 02602 | 489, 03353 | 2, 482, 05955 |
| Aggregates | 5,487,608 82 | 48,802, 23739 | 14,986, 14344 | 69, 275, 98965 |

*Six months to November 30, 1882.
The shares of national banks are still subject to State taxation, and in previous reports tables exhibiting the average rates paid by national bauks in the several States and Territories have been given, for purposes of comparison and to show the total burden of tasation heretofore borne by the national banks.

The national banks having been relieved of the United States tax on deposits, it has been thought unnecessary to continue the collection of information in reference to State taxation, which can only be obtained from separate returns to be made by each bank to this office. Complaints are from time to time received indicating that in some States there is an unfavorable discrimination made in the taxation of national banks, as compared with that of State institutions dioing business of a
similar character. The United States Supreme Court has, however, in several instances shown that when cases of discrimination are properly brought to its attention it will sustain the Federal law. It is, moreover, doubtful whether Congress, by any law short of one taking from the States the right to tax national-bank shares, could prevent occasional instances of discrimination in assessments, but it is believed that in most of the States the intention is to place the taxation of national bauks on the same footing with other institutions doing a similar business.

## UNITED STATES LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION.

The acts of February 25, 1862, July 11, 1862, and March 3, 1863, each authorized the issue of 150 millions dollars of legal-tender notes, making an aggregate of 450 millions of dollars.

On February 3, 1864, the amount of such notes outstanding was $\$ 449,479,222$, which was the highest amount outstanding at any one time. The act of June 30,1864 , provided that the total amount of United States notes issued, or to be issued, should not exceed 400 millions of dollars, and such additional sum, not exceeding 50 millions, as might be temporarily required for the, redemption of temporary loans.

By the act of June 20,1874 , the maximum amount was fixed at 382 millions. Section 3, act of January 14, 1875, authorized an increase of the circulation of national banks in accordance with existing law, without respect to the limit previously existing, and required the Secretary of the Treasury to retire legal-tender notes to an amount equal to 80 per cent. of the national-bank notes thereafter issued, until the anount of such legal-tender notes outstanding should be 300 millions and no, more. Under the operations of this act $\$ 35,318,984$ of legalteinder notes were retired, learing the amount in circulation on May 31, 1878 , the date of the repeal of the act, $\$ 346,681,016$, which is the amount now outstanding.

In the following table are given the amount and kinds of the outstanding currency of the United States and of the national banks on January 1 of each year from 1866 to 1884 , and on November 1, 1884, to which is prefixed the amount on August 31, 1865, when the public debt reached its maximum :

| Date. | United States issues. |  |  | Notes of national banks, including gold notes. | Aggregate. | Currency price of $\$ 100$ gold. | Gold price of $\$ 100$ currency. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Legal-tender notes. | Old demand notes. | Fractional currency. |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 31, 1865. | \$432, 553, 912 | \$402,965 | \$26, 344, 742 | \$176, 213, 955 | \$635, 515, 574 | \$144 25 | \$69 32 |
| Jan. 1, 1866. | 425, 839, 319 | 392, 670 | 26, 000, 420 | $236,636,098$ | 688, 867, 907 | 14450 | 6920 |
| Jan. 1, 1867 | 380, 276, 160 | 221, 632 | 28, 732, 812 | 298, 588, 419 | 707, 819, 023 | 13300 | 7518 |
| Jan. 1, 1868 | 356, 000, 000 | 159, 127 | 31, 597, 583 | 299, 846, 206 | 687, 602, 916 | 13325 | 7504 |
| Jan. 1, 1869 | 356, 000, 000 | 128, 098 | 34, 215, 715 | 299, 747, 569 | 690, 091, 382 | 13500 | 7407 |
| Jan. 1, 1870 | 356, 000, 000 | 113, 098 | 39, 762, 664 | 299, 629, 322 | 695, 505, 084 | 12000 | 8333 |
| Jan. 1, 1871. | 356, 000, 000 | 101, 086 | 39, 995, 089 | 306, 307, 672 | 702, 403, 847 | 11075 | 9029 |
| Jan. 1, 1872. | 357, 500, 000 | 92, 801 | 40, 767, 877 | 328, 465, 431 | 726, 826, 109 | 10950 | 9132 |
| Jan. 1, 1873 | 358, 557, 907 | 84, 387 | 45, 722, 061 | 344, 582, 812 | 748, 947, 167 | 11200 | 8928 |
| Jain. 1, 1874 | 378, 401, 702 | 79,637 | 48, 544, 792 | 350, 848, 236 | 777, 874, 367 | 11025 | 9070 |
| Jan. 1, 1875. | 382, 000, 000 | 72,317 | 46, 390, 598 | 354, 128, 250 | 782; 591, 165 | 11250 | 8889 |
| Jan. 1, 1876. | 371, 827, 220 | 69,642 | 44, 147, 072 | 346, 479, 756 | 762, 523, 690 | 11275 | 8869 |
| Jain. 1, 1877 | 366, 055, 084 | 65, 462 | 26, 348, 206 | 321, 595, 606 | 714, 064, 358 | 10700 | 9346 |
| Jan. 1, 1878. | 349, 943, 776 | 63, 532 | 17, 764, 109 | 321, 672, 505 | 689, 443, 922 | 10287 | 9721 |
| Jain. 1, 1879.... | 346, 681, 016 | 62, 035 | 16, 108, 159. | 323, 791, 674 | 686, 642, 884 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jain: 1, 1880 | 346, 681, 016 | 61, 350 | 15, 674, 304 | 342, 387, 336 | 704, 804, 006 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jain. 1, 1881 | 346,681, 016 | 60,745 | 15, 523, 464 | 344, 355, 203 | 706, 620, 428 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jan. 1, 1882 | 346, 681, 016 | 59,920 | 15, 451, 861 | 362, 421, 988 | 724, 614, 785 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jan. 1, 1883 | 346, 681, 016 | 59,295 | 15, 398, 008 | 361, 882, 791 | 724, 021, 110 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Jan. 1, 1884 | 346, 681, 016 | 58,680 | $15,365,362$ | 349, 949, 352 | 712, 054, 410 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Nov. 1, 1884. | 346, 681, 016 | 58, 290 | 15,350, 213 | * $333,007,772$ | 695, 097, 201 | 10000 | 10000 |

[^29]The act of June 20, 1874, provided that any national banking association might withdraw its circulating notes upon the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States in sums of not less than $\$ 9,000$. Under this act and on account of liquidating and insolvent banks, and under the act of July 12, 1882, which provides for a deposit of lawful money to retire the circulation of national banks whose corporate existence has been extended, $\$ 213,047,258$ of lawful money has been deposited with the Treasurer. This includes $\$ 2,583,720$ for the redemption of the notes of national gold banks, and $\$ 4,135,470$ for the redemption of national-bank notes under section 6 of the act of July 12, 1882. Since June 20, 1874, $\$ 175,150,769$ of bank notes have been redeemed, destroyed, and retired. This includes $\$ 2,129,641$ of the notes of national gold banks and $\$ 1,000,307$ of the notes of national banks whose corporate existence has been extended under the act of July 12, 1882.

In the following table* are shown, by States, the amount of circulation issued and retired during the year ending November 1, 1884, and the total amount issued and retired since June 20, 1874:

*In this table gold notes are excluded.

The amount of circulation issued to national banks for the year end ${ }^{-}$ ing November 1,1884 , was $\$ 10,371,694$, including $\$ 3,866,230$ issued to .banks organized during the year. The amount retired during the year was $\$ 28,670,198$, and the decrease for the same period was, therefore, $\$ 18,298,504,{ }^{*}$ and the total outstanding on November 1 was $\$ 333,025,734 . \dagger$

During the year ending November 1, 1884, lawful money to the amount of $\$ 33,689,476$ was deposited with the Treasurer to retire circulation, of which amount $\$ 2,153,506$ was deposited by banks in liquidation, $\$ 27,445,500$ by banks reducing circulation under the act of June 20,1874 , and $\$ 4,090,470$ by banks retiring circulation under the act of July 12, 1882.

The amount previously deposited under the acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12,1882, was $\$ 139,832,692$; by banks in liquidation, $\$ 51,186,180$, making a total of $\$ 224,708,348$. Deducting from the total the amount of circalating notes redeemed and destroyed withoutreissue ( $\$ 183,452,264$ ), there remained in the hands of the Treasurer on November 1,1884, $\$ 41,256,084$ of lawful money for the redemption and retirement of bank circulation.

The portion of lawful money on deposit by insólvent banks, by' banks in voluntary liquidation, and by banks reducing or retiring their circulation on the first of each of the last five months, was as follows:

|  | July 1. | August 1. | Septembur 1. | October 1. | November 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insolvent banks | \$816, 283' | \$752, 580 | \$767,063 | \$733, 803 | \$734, 713 |
| Liquidating banks | 11, 188, 915 | 10, 825, 121 | 10, 457, 257 | 10, 396, 076 | 10, 316, 235 |
| Reducing under actiof 1874 | 25, 492, 223 | 25, 588, 483 | 25, 140, 758 | 26, 028, 148 | 27, 069,973 |
| Retiring under act July 12, 1882 | 2, 294, 823 | 2, 393, 123 | 2, 704, 053 | 2, 863, 733 | 3, 135, 163 |
| Totals. | 39, 792, 244 | 39, 559, 307 | 39, 078, 131 | 40, 021, 760 | * $41,256,084$ |

* Does not include $\$ 534,079$ on deposit to retire notes of gold banks.

DENOMINATIONS OF PAPER 'CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, THE IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY, THE BANK OF FRANOE, AND THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

In accordance with the law, no national-bank notes of a less denomination than five dollars have been issued since January 1, 1879, when the amount outstanding was $\$ 7,718,747$. Since that date the amount, of ones and twos issued by the banks has been reduced $\$ 6,934,538$, leaving the amount outstauding $\$ 784,209$, and during the same period the legal-tender notes of these denominations have been increased. $\$ 13,249,202$. The total increase of the amount of ones and twos out. standing in national-bank and legal-teuder notes is $\$ 6,314,664$.

[^30]The following table exhibits by denominations the amount of nationalbank and legal-tender notes outstanding on October 31, 1884, and the aggregate amounts of both kinds of notes at the same periods in 1882 and 1883 :

| Denominations. | 1884. |  |  | 1883. | 1882. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nationalbank notes. | Legal-tender notes. | Aggregate. | Aggregate. | Aggregate. |
| Ones | \$495, 741 | \$26, 763, 098 | \$27, 258, 839 | \$30, 785, 265 | \$28, 068, 944 |
| Twos | 288,468 | 26, 778, 738 | 27, 067, 206 | 27, 510, 196 | 25, 199,955 |
| Fives | 85, 309, 155 | 78, 054, 050 | 163, 363, 205 | 164, 517, 620 | ]65, 265, 065 |
| Tens | 111, 319,950 | 69, 171, 936 | 180, 491, 886 | 189, 275, 406 | 194, 725,471 |
| Twentie | 79, 206, 580 | 56, 070, 509 | 135, 277, 089 | 142, 382, 469 | 151, 117, 959 |
| Fifties | 22, 221, 850 | 22, 395, 195 | 44, 617, 045 | 46, 278, 145 | 47, 802, 645 |
| One hundreds | 32,520, 700 | 33, 649, 990 | 66, 170, 690 | $65,991,590$ | 65, 836, 690 |
| Five hundreds | 877,500 | 15, 186, 000 | 16, 063,500 | 15, 895, 500 | 15, 624, 500 |
| One thousands | 213, 000 | 19, 446, 500 | 19, 659, 500 | 15, 429,500 | 12, 397, 500 |
| Five thousands |  | 105, 000 | 105, 000 | 255,000 | 2, 395, 000 |
| Ten thousands |  | 60,000 | 60,000 | 120,000 | 230,000 |
| Add for unredeemed fragments of national-bank notes | +20,749 |  | +20,749 | +19,761 | +18,233 |
| Deduct for legal-tender notes destroyed in Chicago fire. |  | -1,000, 000 | -1,000, 000 | -1,000, 000 | -1, 000,000 |
| Total. | *332, 473, 693 | 346, 681, 016 | 679, 154, 709 | 697, 460, 452 | 707, 681, 962 |

* Exclusive of $\$ 552,041$ due to banks for matilated notes destroyed and to be replaced by new notes and of $\$ 534,079$ notes of gold banks.

The amount of one and two dollar notes outstanding is slightly less than one-fourth of 1 per cent. of the whole circulation of the banks; the fives constitute 25.7 per cent.; the tens 33.5 per cent.; the twenties 23.8 per cent., and the fifties and larger notes 16.8 per cent. of the entire circulation.

Of the entire amount of national-bank and legal-teuder notes outstanding nearly 8 per cent. consists of one and two dollar notes; nearly 30.6 per cent. of ones, twos, and fives; 58.6 per cent. is in notes of a less denomination than $\$ 20$, and about 78.5 per cent. is in notes of a lower denomination than $\$ 50$. Of the entire issue about 21.6 per cent. is in denominations of fifties, one hundreds, five hundreds, and one thousands.
There are outstanding twenty-one legal-tender notes of the denomination of $\$ 5,000$ and six notes of the denomination of $\$ 10,000$.

The following table* exhibits by denominations the circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on December 31, 1883, in thalers and marks, which are here converted into our carrency.

| Thalers. |  |  |  | Marks. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of notes. | Denomina- tions. | Value of each note in dollars. | Amonnt in dollars <br> (thaler $=75$ cents). | Number of notes. | Denominations. | Value of each note in dollars. | Amonnt in dollars. <br> (mark $=25$ cents). |
| 79 | 500 thalers. | 37500 | 29,625 | 225, $240 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1,000 marks. | 25000 | 56, 310, 125 |
| 2, 050 | 100 thalers. | 7500 | 153, 750 | 141, 246 | 500 marks. | 12500 | 17, 655, 750 |
| 1, $656 \frac{1}{2}$ | 50 thalers. | 3750 | 62, 119 | 5, 019, 785 | 100 marks | 2500 | 125, 494, 625 |
| 8, 374 | 25 thalers. | 1875 | 157, 012 |  |  | ............ |  |
| 8,750 2 | 10 thalers. | 750 | 65, 629 |  |  |  |  |
| 20,910 | -....-...... |  | 468, 135 | 5,386, 271 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 199,460,500 |

*London Bankers' Magazine, October, 1884, page 1126.

The circulation of the Imperial Bank of Germany on January 1, 1883, was $\$ 207,782,594$, showing a decrease of $\$ 7,853,959$ during the following year ; on January 1,1879 , the circulation was $\$ 165,933,942$, showing an increase during the five years preceding January 1,1884 , of $\$ 33,994,693$.

The following table* gives the circaiation of the Bank of France and its branches, with the number of notes and the denominations, in francs and in dollars, on January 31, 1884:

| Number of notes. | Denominations (francs). | Value of each note in dollars. | Amount in francs. | Amount in dollars (franc $=20$ cents). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 25, 000 | 5, 000 |
| 1,311, 255 | 1,000 | 200 | 1, 311, 255, 000 | 262, 251, 000 |
| -629, 368 | 500 | 100 | 314, 684, 000 | 62, 936,800 |
| 2, 676 | 200 | 40 | 535, 200 | 107, 040 |
| 12, 230, 116 | 100 |  | 1, 223, 011, 600 | 244, 602, 320 |
| 6, 141, 815 | 50 | 10 | 307, 090, 750 | 61, 418, 150 |
| 21, 693 | 25 | 5. | 542, 325 | 108, 465 |
| 169,378 | 20 | 4 | 3,387, 560 | 677, 512 |
| 170,539 | 5 | 1 | 852,695 | 170, 539 |
| 1, 204 | Forms out of.date. |  | 420, 406 | - 84, 081 |
| 20; 678, 049 |  | .... | 3,161, 804, 536 | 632, 360, 907 |

The amount of circulation of the Bank of France on January 25, 1883, was $2,899,528,130$ francs, or, say $\$ 579,905,626$, showing an increase of $262,276,406$ francs, or $\$ 52,455,281$, between that time and January 31 , 1884, the date of the foregoing table, and since January 30, 1879, an increase of $870,833,706$ francs, or $\$ 174,166,741$.

It will be seen that the Imperial Bank of Germany has in circulation no notes of a less denomination than seven dollars and a half (ten thaler), and issues none of less than twenty-five dollars (one hundred marks), and that the Bank of France issues but little over a million of dollars in value of notes of a less denomination than ten dollars. The Bank of England issues no notes of less than $£ 5$, or twenty-five dollars, and the Irish and Scotch banks none of less than $£ 1$, or five dollars.

## REDEMPTION.

Since the passage of the act of June 20,1874 , section 3 of which requires the banks at all times to keep on deposit in the Treasury 5 per centum of their circulation as a redemption fund, that fund as a rule has been maintained, and circulating notes of the banks have been promptly redeemed at the Treasury without expense to the Government.

From the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, to November 1, 1884, there was received at the redemption agency of the Treasury $\$ 1,448,485,411$ of national-bank currency for redemption. During the year the receipts amounted to $\$ 136,577,732$, of which amount $\$ 63,926,000$, or nearly 47 per cent. was received from banks in the city of New. York, and $\$ 21,800,000$, or about 16 per cent. from banks in the city of Boston. The amount received from Philadelphia was $\$ 6,888,000$; from Chicago, $\$ 5,490,000$; from Cincinnati, $\$ 1,903,000$; from Saint Louis, $\$ 1,136,000$; from Baltimore, $\$ 3,229,000$; from Providence, $\$ 1,852,000$; and from Pittsburgh, $\$ 798,000$.

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received monthly for redemption by the Comptroller of the Currency during the year ending October 31, 1884, and the amount received during

[^31]the same period at the redemption agency of the Treasury, together with the total amount received since the passage of the act of June 20 , 1874 :

| Months. | Received by the Comptroller of the Currency. |  |  |  |  | Received at redemption agency. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From national banks for reissue or surrender: | From redemption agency for reissue. | Under act of June $20,1874$. | Notes of national banks in liquidation. | 'Total. |  |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | \$30, 740 | \$5, 338, 100 | \$1, 270, 284 | \$428, 283 | \$7, 067, 407 | \$9, 172, 395 |
| December $1884 .$ | 30, 150 | 5, 102, 800 | 1, 425, 450 | 412, 135 | 6,970,535 | 10,623, 458 |
| January | 21,600 | 6, 775, 600 | 2,064,520 | 556, 880 | $9,418,600$ | 17, 463, 933 |
| February | 56, 800 | 7, 288, 300 | 2, 336, 030 | 593,865 | 10, 2741,995 | 11, 516, 544 |
| March. | 37, 600 | 7, 058, 300 | 2, 094, 800 | 700, 829 | 9,891, $\overline{3} 29$ | 8,679, 518 |
| April | 72, 100 | 5, 700, 100 | 1,559,950 | 516, 478 | 7, 848, 628 | 11, 642, 521 |
| May | 49, 050 | 7, 546, 300 | 2, 298,930 | 729, 617 | 10, 623, 897 | 12, 037, 496 |
| June | 72,300 | 5,780, 500 | 1,766, 270 | 572,597 | 8,191, 667 | 11, 387, 181 |
| July | 44, 190 | 5, 464, 100 | 1, 931, 855 | 547, 051 | 7, 987, 196 | 12, 886, 241 |
| August | 39, 820 | 4, 639,500 | 1, 897, 055 | 498, 982 | 7, 075, 357 | 11, 213, 870 |
| Septembev............ | 110, 484 | 4, 332, 400 | 1, 585, 450 | $488,1 \div 5$ | $6,511,459$ | 8, 746,775 |
| October.. | 39,720 | 5, 562, 400 | 1, 777, 270 | 621, 411 | 8,000, 801 | 11, 207, 800 |
| Total . .......... | 604, 554 | 70, 588, 400 | 22, 007, 864 | 6, 661, 254 | 99, 862, 073 | 136, 577, 732 |
| Received from June 20,1874 , to October |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31, 1883............. | 14, 437, 896 | 551, 453, 655 | 118, 334, 154 | 26, 698, 074 | 710,918, 779 | 1,311, 907,67 |
| Grand total | 15, 042, 450 | 622, 042, 055 | 140, 342, 018 | 33,354,328 | 810, 780, 852 | 1,448, 485, 411 |

The amount of notes fit for circulation returned by the redemption agency to the banks of issue during the year was $\$ 33,080,300$, being an increase over last year of $\$ 12,295,200$.

The total amount received by the Comptroller of the Currency for destruction from the agency and from the banks direct, was $\$ 71,192,954$. Of this amount $\$ 6,399,030$ were'the issues of banks in the city of New York, $\$ 9,169,340$ of banks in Boston, $\$ 3,052,990$ of Philadelphia, $\$ 3,052$,900 of Providence, $\$ 1,949,550$ of Baltimore, $\$ 1,724,000$ of Pittsburgh, $\$ 1,184,500$ of Cincinnati, $\$ 767,100$ of Louisville, $\$ 443,200$ of Albany, $\$ 478,000$ of New Orleans, and of each of the other principal cities less than $\$ 400,000$.

The following table exhibits the number and amounts of nationalbank notes of each denomination, which have been issued and redeemed since the organization of the system, and the number and amount outstanding on November 1, 1884 :

| Denominations. | Number. |  |  | dmount. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Issued. | Redeemed. | Outstanding. | Issued. | Redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| Ones. | 23, 167, 677 | 22, 671, 936 | 495, 741 | \$23, 167, 677 | \$22, 671, 936 | \$495, 741 |
| Twos | 7, 747, 519 | 7, 603, 285 | 144, 234 | $15,495,038$ | 15, 206, 570 | + 288,468 |
| Fives | 88, 101, 188 | 71, 039, 357 | 17, 061, 831 | 440, 505, 940 | 355, 196, 785 | 85, 309, 155 |
| Tens. | 37, 182, 102 | 26, 050, 107 | 11, 131, 995 | 371, 821, 020 | 260, 501, 070 | 111, 319, 950 |
| Twenties | 11, 442,091 | 7, 481, 762 | 3,960, 329 | 228, 841, 820 | 149, 635, 240 | 79, 206, 580 |
| Fifties | 1,661, 010 | 1, 216, 573 | 444, 437 | 83, 050,500 | . $60,828,650$ | 22, 221, 850 |
| One hundreds. | 1,199, 750 | 874, 543 | 325, 207 | 119, 975, 000 | 87, 454, 300 | 32,520, 700 |
| Fire hundreds............. | 23,736 | 21,981 | 1,755 | 11, 868, 000 | 10, 990,500 | 877,500 |
| One thousands ............ | 7,369 | 7,156 | - 213 | 7,369,000 | 7, 156, 000 | 213,000 |
| Portions of notes lost or destroyed. |  |  |  |  | -20,749 | +20,749 |
| Total | 170, 532, 442 | 136, 986, 700 | 33,565,742 | 1, 302, 093, 995 | 969, 620, 302 | 332, 473, 693 |

A table showing the number and denomination of national-bank notes issued and redeemed, and the number of each denomination outstanding on November 1, for the last thirteen jears, will be fonnd in the Appendix.

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received at this office and destroyed yearly since the establishment of the system:

| Prior to November 1, 1865 | \$175, 490 |
| :---: | :---: |
| During the year ending October 31, 1866 | 1,050,382 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1867 | 3, 401, 423 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1868 | 4,602,825 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1869 | 8, 603, 729 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1870 | 14,305, 689 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1871 | 24,344, 047 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1872 | 30,211, 720 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1873 | 36, 433, 171 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1874 | 49, 939, 741 |
| During the vear ending October 31, 1875 | 137,697, 696 |
| During the ${ }^{\text {y }}$ year ending October 31, 1876 | 98, 672, 716 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1877 | 76,918,963 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1878 | 57,381, 249 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1879 | 41, 101,830 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1880 | 35, 539, 660 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1881 | 54,941, 130 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1882 | 74,917, 611 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1883 | 82, 913,766 |
| During the year ending October 31, 1884 | 93,178,418 |
| Additional amount of insolvent and liqu | 43,289, 045 |

Total ..................................................................................... $969,620,301$

## APPENDIX.*

Tables will be found in the Appendix exhibiting the reserve of the national banks as shown by their reports from October 1, 1878, to September 30, 1884; the reserve by States and principal cities'for September 30, 1884 ; and in the States and Territories, in New York City, and. in other reserve cities, separately, at three dates in each year from 1881 to 1884.

Special attention is called to the synopsis of judicial decisions contained in the Appendix, to the numerous and carefully prepared tables in both report and Appendix, and to the index of subjects and list of tables to be found on page 255. At the end of the full volume' is an alphabetical list of the cities aud viliages in which the national banks are situated.

The Comptroller, in concluding this report, desires to gratefully acknowledge the industry and efficiency of the officers and clerks associated with him in the discharge of official duties, many of whom, in addition to attending to their regular duties, have been compelled, owing to the growth of the national banking system, the extension of the corporate existence of national associations, and the financial troubles of the year, to perform a large amount of extra work, without regard to office hours.

> HENRY W. CANNON, Comptroller of the Currency.

Hon. J. G. Carlisle, Speaker House of Representatives.

[^32]
## REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

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## REPORT

OF

## THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C., October 14, 1884.

Sir: I have the honor to submit my sixth aunual report, being the twelfth aunual report of the Director of the Mint since the creation of this Bureau, showing the operations of the mints and assay offices of the United States, and the business of this Office, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.
The amount of gold and silver received for coinage or manufacture into bars varied but slightly from that deposited during the previous year. The coinage of silver was about the same, but a greater proportion than heretofore was coiued at the Philadelphia and New Orleans Mints. The San Francisco Mint was principally engaged in the coinage of gold bullion.
The Philadelphia Mint was chiefly occupied with the coinage of silver and minor coins, and this occasioned a reduced coinage of gold-only $\$ 2,777,154$-although the mint had ou hand during the jear over $\$ 2 \overline{5}, 000,000$ of gold bullion.

The amount of gold and silver parted and refined was considerably greater at the New York Assay Office and Philadelphia Mint, but, on account, probably, of the reduced production, was less at the San Francisco Mint than in the previous year.

## deposits and purchases.

The deposits of gold amounted to $\$ 46,326,678.66$, of which $\$ 29,079$, 596.33 consisted of gold bullion of domestic production; and $\$ 6,023,734.45$ of foreign bullion; $\$ 9,095,461.45$ of foreign, and $\$ 263,117.17$ of United States coin, and $\$ 1,864,769.26$ of jewelry, old plate, \&c.
The silver purchased for coinage and contained in bullion deposits amounted at its coining value to $\$ 36,520,290.36$, of which $\$ 31,463,113.88$ consisted of bullion of domestic production; $\$ 2,524,742.53$ of foreign bullion; $\$ 1,984,365.62$ of foreign aud $\$ 152,031.20$ of United States coin, and $\$ 396,037.13$ of plate, jewelry, \&c.
In addition to these several amounts received, fine and unparted bars prepared at these institutions, were redeposited as follows:
Gold:

$$
\text { Fine bars } . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1,332,778 ~ 81
$$

Unparted bars .............................................................. 2, 647,31096
Silver:
Fine bars ................................................................ 1, 029, 88729
Unparted bars
48,207 84
$5022 \mathrm{~F}-13$. 193

The total value of the gold and silver received in deposits and purchases was $\$ 82,846,969.02$, and, including redeposits, $\$ 87,955,1033.92$.

Nearly all of the gold and two-thirds of the silver of domestic production came to the mints and assay offices, which also received of foreign bullion and coin imports an aggregate in gold of $\$ 15,119,195.90$ out of $\$ 19,006,355$ imported during the jear, and, in silver, $\$ 4,509,108.15$ out of $\$ 13,908,763$.

The net imports, less re-exports, of foreign coin during the year were, in gold, $\$ 8,223,431$, and, in silver, $\$ 372,557$, aud the deposits at the mints and assay offices of foreign coin amounted to $\$ 9,095,461.45$ gold, and $\$ 1,984,365.62$ silver, and exceeded the net imports by $\$ 872,030.45$ gold, and $\$ 1,611,808.62$ silver, the former being probably brought by immigrants upon their persons, and the latter by railroad and not reported to the custom-house.

## COINAGE.

The coinage of gold was about eight millions less than in the previous year. This was caused in part by the diminished receipt of gold bullion at the San Francisco Mint, where the deposits of gold of domestic production fell off three and a half, aud the total deposits of gold about three millions of dollars; and in part by a lessened coinage of gold at Philadelphia, which mint was principally occupied in manufacturing silver and minor coins.

The character of the coinage executed during the year was as follows:


Of the total coinage $\$ 23,765,900$ were in double-eagles, $\$ 2,033,040$ in eagles, and $\$ 2,116,020$ in half-eagles. In silver $\$ 28,099,930$ were in standard dollars, $\$ 665,160.30$ in dimes, $\$ 4,465$ in half-dollars, and $\$ 3,832.50$ in quarter-dollars.

For the reasous stated in my last report a large portion of the silver dollar coinage was executed at the Philadelphia and New Orleans Mints, which coined $22,135,930$ dollars, while the coinage of this denomination at the San Francisco and Carson Mints amounted only to $5,964,000$ dollars.

In order to satisfy the demand for dimes on the Pacific coast, the superintendent of the San Francisco Mint was authorized to purchase bullion for the coinage of dimes, and during the year 500,000 pieces were struck.

The demand for bronze cents continued about the same as during the previous vear, and $40,571,962$ pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 405,719.62$, were issued from the Philadelphia Mint; while the coinage of five-cent pieces was much less than in the previous year, being $15,374,905$ pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 768,745.25$.

## hawailan coinage.

Application having been made by the Hawaiian Government for the coinage at the San Francisco Mint of one million dollars in silver of denominations to correspond with the coins of the United States in weight
and fineness, regulations of the 9 th of November, 1883, were prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury as required by the act of January 29, 1874.

The coinage applied for having been authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director, with his approval, fixed the charges for coining the number of pieces specified, and the charges having been paid, the coinage was commenced on the 17 th of November, 1883.

The dies prepared for the purpose and furnished by the agent of the Hawaiian Government were, upon completion of the coinage in June, 1884, forwarded to and remain in the possession of the Director of the Mint.

The application specified the coinage of a piece of the value of oneeighth of a dollar, but this was subsequently changed to a piece of ten cents.

The total coinage, in pieces and value, was as follows:

|  | Denomination. | Pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dollars |  | 500, 000 | \$500, 000 |
| Half-dollars |  | 700, 000 | 350, 000 |
| Quarter dollars |  | 500, 000 | 125,000 |
| Dimes |  | 250, 000 | 25, 000 |
| Total |  | 1,950,000 | 1,000,000 |

## BARS.

Besides the manufacture of coin, gold bars of the value of $\$ 23,875,585.57$, and silver bars of the value of $\$ 7,639,724.42-$ a total of $\$ 31,515,309.99-$ were prepared at the mints and assay offices.

The bars mauufactured in the last fiscal year exceeded in value those of the previous year by $\$ 5,195,502.63$. The increase was occasioned by a greater demand for these bars at the New York Assay Office, which prepared during and held at the beginning and close of the year bars containing gold and silver at standard fineness as follows:

GOLD.

| Nate, \&c. | Fine. | Mint. | Standard. | Sterling. | 'Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1, 1883 | Stand. ozs. 275, 849. 301 | Stand. ozs. 1, 019,821. 937 | Stand. ozs. 12, 876. 284 | Stand. ozs. 77, 066. 236 | Stand. ozs. 1, 385, 613. 758 |
| Manufactored. | 707, 427. 976 | 307, 869. 103 | 74, 655.883 | 32, 961.346 | 1, 122, 014.308 |
| Add reclassified | 28, 710. 343 |  | 215, 722, 602 | 251, 282.926 |  |
| Deduct reclassified |  | 495, 715. 871 |  |  |  |
| Total | 1, 011, 987. 620 | 831, 975. 169 | 303, 254. 769 | 361; 310. 508 | 2, 508, 528. 066 |
| Issued | 800, 419. 792 | 665, 231. 273 | 101,914. 235 | 113,901. 357 | 1, 681, 466. 657 |
| June 30, 1884 | 211, 567, 828 | 166, 743. 896 | 201, 340.534 | 247, 409. 151 | 827, 061. 409 |

SILVER.

| July 1, $1883 .$. Mannfactared | $\begin{array}{r} 266,030.36 \\ 5,226,509.62 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95,944.11 \\ 156,164.88 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,585.92 \\ 31,937.50 \end{array}$ | ... $n$......... | $\begin{array}{r} 363,560.39 \\ 5,414,612.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 5, 492, 539.98 | 252, 108.99 | 33, 523.42 |  | $5,778,172.39$ |
| Issued | $5,174,059.89$ | 188, 546. 16 | 28, 112. 63 |  | 5, 390, 718.78 |
| June 30, 1884 | 318, 479. 99 | 63, 562.83 | 5,410.79 |  | 387, 453. 61 |

## GOLD BARS EXCHANGED FOR COIN.

Gold bars were paid out in exchange for gold coin during the year, at the Philadelphia Mint, to the value of $\$ 381,269.71$, and at the New York A.ssay Office to the value of $\$ 25,419,530.15$, a total of $\$ 25,800,799.86$.

Of the bars thus exchanged $\$ 22,966,975.44$ worth were paid out at New York to exporters for shipment to Europe, and $\$ 2,833,824.42$ worth were delivered for use in manufactures, arts, and ornamentation.

## Parting and refining.

The work of the mints and New York Assay Office in separating gold and silver, and refining bullion, increased from that in the preceding year, the increased receipts of bullion to be parted or refined being over 400,000 ounces, containing nearly $\$ 3,000,000$ of gold and $\$ 400,000$ in silver. The number of gross ounces of bullion refined or parted in the acid refineries and the ounces at standard fineness and values of the gold and silver resulting from those operations are shown in the following table:

OUNCES.

| Mint or assay office. | Gross. | Standard gold. | Standard silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philarlelphia | 879, 090. 18 | 135, 577, 210 | 789, 425.03 |
| lan Francisco | 5, 505, 896. 55 | 499, 452, 009 | $5,134,621.65$ |
| larson | 1, 189, 289. 30 | 88, 484, 848 | 1, 142, 713.74 |
| New Orleans | 52, 604. 28 | 2, 897, 851 | , 51, 211.74 |
| New York. | 5, 514, 176.00 | 617, 517, 000 | 4, 639, 779.00 |
| Total. | 13, 141, 056.31 | 1, 343, 928, 918 | 11,757,751.16 |

value.

| Mint or assay office. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | * |  |  |
| Philadelphia | \$2,522,366 70 | \$918, 60367 | \$3, 440, 97037 |
| San Francisco | 9, 292, 13040 | 5, 974, 83246 | 15, 266,962 86 |
| Carson | 1, 646, 22973 | 1, 329, 70326 | 2, 9/5,932 99 |
| New Orleans | 53, 91351 | 599,59184 | 113, 50535 |
| New York | 11, 488, 68837 | 5, 399, 01556 | 16, 887, 70393 |
| Total. | 25, 003, 32871. | 13, 681, 74679 | 38, 685े, 07550 |

## DIES AND MEDALS.

Fewer dies for coinage were prepared at the Philadelphia Mint than in the previous year, a less number being required for striking subsidiary silver and minor coins. The total number of dies manufactured for medals and coinage was 1,520 , of which 132 were for the gold, 388 for the silver, and 958 for the minor coinage; 36 for proof and experimental coins, and 6 for medals. Sixty coinage dies were prepared for the New Orleans Mint, 49 for Carson, 160 for San Francisco, and 1,209 for Philadelphia.

The number of medals struck at the Philadelphia Mint during the year aggregated 10,777; of which 97 were of gold, 524 of silver, 777 of bronze, and of goloid from planchets furnished for the "Toronto semicentennial,". 10,000.

During the same period 3,992 medals and 4,118 proof sets were sold, and the receipts from this source amounted to $\$ 12,410.48$.

## SILVER PURCHASES AND COINAGE.

The silver bullion belonging to the Government available for the coinage of standard silver dollars on hand at the coinage mints July 1,1883 , amounted to $3,936,880.10$ ounces, of standard fineness, and cost $\$ 3,918,793.05$. During the year $24,358,835.02$ standard ounces, at a cost of $\$ 24,378,383.91$, were purchased and delivered at the several mints, as follows:

|  | Mint at which delivered. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia. |  | 11, 580, 922. 56 | \$11, 602, 82180 |
| San Francisco |  | $4,117,383.29$ | 4, 102, 71947 |
| New Orleans. |  | 7, 836, 514. 79 | 7, 853, 50711 |
| Carson. |  | 824, 014. 38 | 819,335 53. |
| Total |  | 24, 358, 835.02 | 24, 378, 38391 |

The average cost of silver per ounce of standard fineness purchased duriug the year was $\$ 1.00080$, and per ounce fine $\$ 1.11200$. The average London price for silver 925 fine (British standard) during the year was 50.791 pence, equivalent with sterling exchange at par ( $\$ 4.8665$ ) to $\$ 1.11339$ per ounce 1,000 fine. The average New York price during the year was $\$ 1.1156$. Of the silver on hand, and purchased during the year, $24,148,377.35$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 24,133,257.34$, were used in the coinage of silver dollars, and contained, in sweeps sold, $33,967.51$ ounces, costing $\$ 34,023.10$, and $36,184.10$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 36$,292.23, wasted by the operative officers, learing a balance of silver bullion available for the silver dollar coinage on hand June 30, 1884, of $4,077,186.16$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 4,093,604.29$. The amount purchased during the year averaged monthly $\$ 2,031,531.99$ worth.

## SUBSIDIARY COINAGE.

On the 1st of Julf, 1883, the Philadelphia Mint had on hand of bullion resulting from the melting of uncurrent silver coins trausferred for recoinage, and of silver transferred prior to July 1, 1883, from the New York Assay Office and purchased for the coinage of fractional silver, 19,160.09 ounces, costing $\$ 22,465.35$.

The superinteudent of the mint at Philadelphia, with the approval of the Director, purchased in open market, for the coinage of dimes, for which the demand continued from the Treasury and the public, $333,446.29$ standard ounces, at a cost of $\$ 333,288.06$; and purchased from the New York Assay Office during the year, for such coinage, 188,546.16 standard ounces, costing $\$ 219,399.16$; making the total amount at the Philadelphia Mint available during the year for the fractional coinage $541,152.54$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 575,152.57$, of which $501,104.21$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 530,659.34$, were consumed at that mint in the coinage of dimes.

The Secretary of the Treasury having requested, under date of December 1, 1883, the coinage at the San Francisco Mint of $\$ 50,000$ in dimes, the superintendent of that mint, with the approval of the Director, purchased $41,199.01$ standard ounces, at a cost of $\$ 41,157.81$. Of this amount 40,187:50 ounces of silver bullion, at standard fineness, costing $\$ 40,147.31$, were used in coiniug dimes.

Upon the bullion purchased for this coinage the deductions for charges were equal to 764.46 ounces, costing $\$ 763.70$, which amount was transferred and carried into the accounts of the Mint as a purchase for the
silver-dollar coinage. The balance, 247.05 standard ounces, costing $\$ 246.80$, was also subsequently transferred in the accounts and purchased for the silver-dollar coinage, closing the account of silver purchased during the year at the San Francisco Mint for the fractional coinage.

The total of silver bullion on hand at the mints June 30, 1884, belonging to the Government, excluding amount due depositors, was as follows:

| Purpose. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For standard dollar coinage. | 4, 077, 186. 16 | \$4, 093, 60429 |
| For subsidiary silver coinage | 40,048.33 | 44,493 23 |
| Total | 4,117, 234.49 | 4,138,097 52 |

PROFITS ON SILVER COINAGE AND THEIR DISPOSITION.
The balance remaining in the coinage mints to the credit of the silverprofit fund on the 1st of July, 1883, was $\$ 1,278,596.59$; the profits on the coinage of silver dollars during the year were $\$ 3,966,672.66$; and on subsidiary silver coined at Philadelphia and San Francisco, $\$ 102,651.15$; making the total to the credit of the silver-profit fund during the year $\$ 5,347,920.40$. Of this amount $\$ 26,667.04$ were paid for wastage and loss on sale of sweeps, properly payable from silver protits, and $\$ 57,824.45$ for expenses incurred in distributing the coins, and $\$ 3,485,984.21$ were deposited in the Treasury of the United States, leaving the balance in the coinage mints to the credit of this fund on the 30th of June, 1884, $\$ 1,777,444.70$. This balance has been deposited in the Treasury by the several mints as follows :


The profits on the coinage of silver on hand at the coinage mints on the 1st of July, 1878 , amounted to $\$ 424,725.47$; the profits on the coinage from that date to the 30 th of June, 1884, amounted to $\$ 20,972,913.52$. Adding to these two amounts the sum of $\$ 9,237.54$, refunded by Adams Express Company for overcharges, and the sum of $\$ 4,560.30$, carried to the credit of silver profits on account of surplus bullion and adjustments of silver values, makes a grand total of silver profits to be accounted for during the period of $\$ 21,411,436.83$. Of this amount $\$ 416,223.52$ were paid for expenses in distributing the coin, $\$ 150,070.77$ for loss on silver in sweeps sold and for silver wasted by the operative officers; making the net profits $\$ 20,845,142.54$, all of which have been deposited in the Treasury, $\$ 19,067,697.84$ prior to and $\$ 1,777,444.70$ since the 30 th of June, 1884.

## distribution under section 3527, Revised statutes.

The following statement shows in detail the silver dollars on hand at the several coinage mints July 1,1883 , and coined during the year, and the balance on hand June 30 , 1884, which, deducted from the former,
gives the aggregate amount exchanged and paid out by the mints during the year $\$ 17,303,586$.

## AMOUNT of SILVER DOLLARS REPORTED by the COINA GE MINTS on HAND

 June 30, 1883, COINED during the ytar, and on hand at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.| Period. | Philadel. phia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Or. leans. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On hand June 30, 1883 | \$4, 354, 571 | \$30,841, 960 | \$1, 914, 522 | \$6, 198, 537 | \$43, 304, 590 |
| Coinage fiscal jear 1884 | 13, 230, 930 | 4,800, 000 | 1, 164, 000 | 8,905, 000 | 28, 099, 930 |
| Total | 17, 585, 501 | 35, 641, 960 | 3, 078, 522 | 15, 098, 537 | 71, 404, 520- |
| In mints June 30, 1884 | 7,453, 512 | 32, 645, 500 | 2,721, 284 | 11,280,638 | 54, 100, 934 |
| Distributed | 10, 131, 989 | 2,996,460 | 357, 238 | 3,817, 899 | 17, 303, 586 |

## CIRCULATION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

The total circulation of silver dollars from the passage of the act of February 28, 1878, to the commencement, middle, and close of the fiscal. year 1884, and to the 1st of October, 1884, as appears from the records of the mints, and the amount held in the Treasury, as reported by the Treasurer, and balance in general circulation for those periods, respectively, are shown by the following statement:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the COINAGE, MOVEMENT, and CIRCULATION. of STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS at the end of each six months from July 1, 1883, to July 1, 1884, and for the three months ending October 1, 1884.

| Period. | Total coin. age. | In the Treasury. . |  |  | In circula. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Held for payment of certificates outstanding. | Held in ex. cess of certificates outstanding. | Total. |  |
| July 1, 1883. | \$147, 255, 899 | \$72, 620, 686 | \$39, 293, 333 | \$111, 914, 019 | \$35, 341, 880 |
| January 1, 1884 | 161, 425, 119 | 96, 717, 721 | 22, 731, 664 | 119, 449, 385 | 41, 975, 734 |
| July 1, 1884. | 175, 355, 829 | 96, 427, 011 | 39, 133, 905 | 135, 560, 916 | 39, 794, 913 |
| October 1, 1884 | 182, 380, 829 | 96, 491, 251 | 45, 567, 536 | 142, 058, 787 | 40,322, 042 |

The foregoing statement shows that from July 1, 1883, to October 1, 1884, the increase in the total coinage of silver dollars was $\$ 35,124,930$, in the amount held by the Treasury $\$ 30,144,768$, and in the total circulation outside of the Treasury only $\$ 4,980,162$.

REVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.
In the appendix will be found comparative summaries of the work of each of the mints, and of the New York Assay Office, for the last and the previous fiscal year, and of the other assay offices for the fiscal year 1884, which indicate the character, amount, and degree of accuracy of the operations at these institutions, respectively, during the periods named. The deliveries of bullion by depositors to the superintendents of the coinage mints and the New York Assay Office and transfers to and receipts from the operative officers of gold and silver bullion during the year, involving the weighing, handling, assaying, and
working of more than three hundred and fifty millions of dollars of bullion, have been accomplished without any discrepancies in the accounts of the officers, without loss to the Government, and with general satisfaction to the public.

In the appendix also will be found a table showing the value of the precious metals wasted by the operative officers at the coinage mints, in the business of the year, and the loss arising from the sale of gold and silver bullion contained in sweeps at a price less than the assay value, and the manner in which the wastage was paid or reimbursed in the accounts. The value of the gold and silver wasted at the mints during the year was $\$ 40,601.48$, while gold and silver of the value or $\$ 60,364.24$ was returned by the melter and refiners of the mints and the New York Assay Office in excess of the amounts with which they were charged during the year, and bullion of the value of $\$ 8,521.45$ was obtained from the sweepings of the deposit-melting and weigh rooms of the institutions named; making a total gain of $\$ 68,885.69$, or an actual excess over and above the amount wasted by the operative officers in the business of the year of $\$ 28,284.21$.

From this it will be seen that although the law contemplates a loss in the operations on bullion and makes provision for its allowance, if bona fide and within the prescribed limits, the business has been so carefully and bonestly conducted that instead of a net loss tbere has been a profit in the operations on bullion.
This is highly creditable to the officers in charge of the different branches of work in the various institutions, as well as to the workmen engaged in these delicate and responsible operations.

## APPROPRIATIONS, EARNINGS; AND EXPENDITURES.

The amount appropriated for the support of the mints and assay offices for the fiscal year ended June 30 , 1884, was $\$ 1,191,650$ or about $\$ 7,000$ less than the preceding year. Uf this amount there was expended at the various institutions the sum of $\$ 1,154,660.80$, and in addition thereto there was expended from the appropriation contained in the act directing the coinage of the staudard silver dollar $\$ 136,054.78$ on a.ccount of the mints and $\$ 1,261.96$ at the Treasury Department, the latter being principally for cablegrams giving daily London price of silver. The total expenses of the service amounted, therefore, to $\$ 1,291,977.54$, about $\$ 30,000$ less than the amount expended in 1883.

The following table exhibits the appropriations for the support of the several institutions and the amounts expended to each:

APPROPRIATIONS, 1884.

| Institution. | Salaries. | Wages. . | Contingent. | Coinage of the standard silver dollar, act of Feb. ruan'y 28, 1878 (indefinite). | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pbiladelptia Mint | \$41, 55000 | \$293,000 00 | \$100, 00000 |  | \$434, 55000 |
| San Francisco Mint | 43, 40000 | 242,000 00 | 70, 00000 |  | 4355,40000 |
| Carson Mint | 29,550 00 | 54,000 00 | 25, 00000 |  | 108, 55000 |
| New Orleans Mint | 31, 95000 | 74,000 00 | 35, 00000 |  | 140, 95000 |
| Denver Mint. | 10,950 00 | 12,000 00 | 6, 00000 |  | 28,950 00 |
| New York Assay Office | 39,250 00 | 25, 00000 | 10,000 00 |  | 74, 25000 |
| Helena Assay Office | 7,950 00 | 12,000 00 | 8, 000.00 |  | 27, 95000 |
| Boise Assay Óffice | 3, 00000 |  | 5, 00000 |  | 8,00000 |
| Cbarlotte Ássay Office | 2, 75000 |  | 2,000 00 |  | 4,750 00 |
| Saint Louis Assay Office | 3,500 00 |  | 4,800 00 |  | 8,30000 |
| Total. | 213,850 00 | 712,000 00 | 265, 80000 |  | 1, 191,650 00 |

EXPENDITURES, 1884.

| Instilution. | Salaries. | Wages. | Contingent. | Coinage of the standard silver dollar, act of February 28,1878 (indefinite). | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia Mint | 40,503 18 | *293, 22991 | 1100, 17335 | 84,422 70 | 518, 32914 |
| San Francisco Mint | 43,40000 | 231, 85575 | 54, 65007 | 4,649 00 | 334, 55482 |
| Carson Mint | 20, 05000 | 53, 99925 | 22, 13417 | 17,308'54 | 122, 49198 |
| New Orleans Mint | 31, 87310 | 73, 98824 | 34,998 00 | 29,674 54 | 170,533 88 |
| Denver Mint. | 10,950 00 | 12, 00000 | 5,50784 |  | 28,457 84 |
| New York Assay Offic | 39,25000 | 23, 03850 | 8,685 |  | 70, 97366 |
| Helena Assay Office | 7,950.00 | 11,389 55 |  |  | 27, 33848 |
| Boisé A ssay Otice | 3, 300000 |  | 4,973 34 |  | $\begin{array}{r}7,973 \\ 44 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Charlotte Assay Office.. Saint Louis Assay Oflice | 2,75000 3,50000 |  | 1,97395 <br> 1,838 <br> 1 |  | $\begin{gathered} 4,72395 \\ 5,33851 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total. | 212,226 28 | 699,50120 | 242,933 32 | 136, 05478 | 1, 290, 71558 |

[^33] $\dagger$ Includes $\$ 173.35$ from reimbursements for materials used.

In the appendix will be found the annual table of earnings and expenditures, showing the earnings, profits, and gains from all sources under their appropriate titles, and all expenditures and losses of every kind incurred during the year. The total amount earned was $\$ 5,433$,102.64, and the total expenditures and losses of all kinds amounted to $\$ 1,676,002.73$.

## REFINERY EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES.

The amount collected at the various mints and the New York Assay Office of depositors and sellers of bullion during the fiscal year, as charges for parting, refining, and toughening bullion, amounted to $\$ 268,489.33$. These charges are bs law required to be used iu paying the expenses of the operations, for which purpose the sum of $\$ 247,798.79$ was expended at the institutions named during the year.

The following statement shows the amount collected and expended for this purpose at each institution :


The balance remaining in the Treasury of the United States at the close of the fiscal year 1884 to the credit of the parting and refining appropriation, being the excess of the charges collected for those operations over the expenditures from the 1st of July, 1876, to June 30, 1884, was $\$ 182,484.83$.

PHILADELPHIA MINT.
The deposits and purchases of gold and silver bullion at this mint during the fiscal year 1884 amounted to $\$ 16,802,750.40$, being an increase over the previous year of nearly a million and a half.

The coinage of gold continued to tall off, being about $\$ 5,000,000$ less than in 1883 , but the coinage of silver was $\$ 1,500,000$ more. The minor coinage executed was about the same as in the prior year.

In the melter and refiner's and coiner's departments about $3,000,000$ more ounces of silver were treated than in 1883. The amount of gold
bullion operated was considerably less than in the prior year, being scarcely two-thirds. The ratio of wastage was about the same.

In preparing ingots, the melter and refiner operated upon $538,576.550$ ounces of gold, making 109 melts, of which 6 were condemned, and $25,227,322$ ounces of silver, making 8,281 melts, of which 47 were condemned.

The coiner received $538,576.550$ ounces of gold ingots, of which he delivered in coin 27.8 per cent., and $25,047,074$ ounces of silver, of which he delivered 47.2 per cent. in coin.

## SAN FRANCISCO MINT.

On account of the declining production and import of gold on the Pacific coast, and the diminished purchase of silver bullion, in consequence of the accumulation of silver coin at San Francisco, the deposits and purchases of bullion, as well as the coinage of both gold and silver, and amount of bullion refined, were considerably less than in the previous year. The deposits and purchases in the fiscal year 1884 were $\$ 30,458,125.14$, as against $\$ 35,328,140.74$ in 1883. The number of pieces struck in 1884 was only 62,550 less in gold and 100,000 less in silver, including Hawaiian coinage, than in 1883; but the value of the gold coinage was $\$ 3,216,500$ less, and of silver, including the coinage for the Hawaiian Government, $\$ 1,500,000$ less, and 562,985 less ounces of bullion were received and operated upon at the refinery.
The melter and refiner again returned on settlement a surplus of gold bullion valued at $\$ 15,896.89$. His silver wastage was again heavy, amounting to 16,309 ounces of standard bullion, and but 264 ounces less than that of the previous year.
Upon careful examination to ascertain the cause of this wastage it seemed probable that it was occasioned by the greater proportional deposit of base silver bullion, upon which insufficient deductions had beeu made. To cover the unavoidable loss in refining such bullion instructions were given to increase the deductions on low-grade and refractory silver bullion.
The coinage authorized for the Hawaiian Government, of one million dollars in silver coius was executed in a satisfactory manner and completed before the close of the fiscal year.

CARSON MINT.
The gold deposits, coinage, and work at this mint varied but little from that of the previous year. A steady supply of silver has been purchased, mostly in lots of less than 10,000 ounces, and the silver coinage has averaged about $\$ 100,000$ per month.

During the year the melter and refiner made 56 melts of gold ingots, of which 6 were condemned, and 1,157 melts of silver ingots, of which 28 were condemned. The coiner operated upon $172,920.20$ standard ounces of gold, and produced 86,654 standard ounces of coin, or 50.11 per cent., and upon 2,194,569.80 standard ounces of silver, and produced $1,000,312$ standard ounces of coin, an average of 45.58 per cent.

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.
No gold was coined at this mint during the year.
Standard silver dollars were struck of the value of $\$ 8,905,000$, being an increase of $\$ 865,000$ over their coinage in the previous fiscal year.

The melter and refiner operated on $15,457,500.70$ standard ounces of silver, and made 1,818 melts, of which 10 were condemned.

The coiner operated on $15,128,638.30$ standard ounces of silver ingots, from which were produced and delivered to the superintendent 50.5 per cent. in silver dollars.

## NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE.

The deposits of gold bullion at this institution during the year amounted to $\$ 20,270,958.31$, and of silver to $\$ 6,297,114.84$; a total of $\$ 26,568,073.15$. The deposits of gold exceeded those of the prior year by something over $\$ 3,000,000$, while the deposits of silver were about the same. Gold bars were manufactared for depositors of the value of $\$ 20,891,428.98$, and silver bars $\$ 6,300,639.42$. The gold bars manufactured exceeded in value those manufactured during the prior year by nearly $\$ 5,000,000$.

The melter and refiner has maintained the high reputation of his department. The surplus of gold and silver returned at the last annual settlement exceeded that of any previous year.

## OTHER ASSAY OFFICES.

The deposits of gold at these institutions and also the bars manufactured, exceeded by a half million dollars those of the previous year.

The charges and other earnings were abont $\$ 4,000$ more than in 1883 , while the expenses were increased less than $\$ 3,000$.

## EXAMINATIONS OF MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

During or after the close of the fiscal year all of the mints and assay offices were officially visited by myself or representatives, and the methods of keeping the accounts and conducting the operations were examined.

The amount of moneys and bullion called for by the books was found upon actual count to be in the possession of the officers or satisfactorily accounted for.

At the close of the year the operative officers at the coinage mints and the New York Assay Office delivered under the supervision of the representatives of this office all the gold and silver in their possession to the several superintendents, apd in no case was the deficiency in excess of the legal allowance for wastage. After the deliveries in settlement were completed the amount of coin and bullion in the hands of the superintendents was counted or weighed.

## ANNUAL ASSAY.

The commissioners appointed under the provisions of section 3547 Revised Statutes for the purpose of making the annual trial of the coins reserved at the several mints, met at Philadelphia on the 13th of February last. They tested the weight and fineness of the coins taken from deliveries made by the coiners to the superinteudents in each month of the year. The committee on. weighing reported " that all the coins weighed are within the limits of exactness required by law, and that in fact very few vary from the standard by one-half the tolerance." The committee on assaying reported the greatest excess in the assay value of the gold coinage above the standard at the different mints to be as
stated in the following table (the limit of tolerance being one-thousandth):
At Philadelphia
.1 of .001
At San Francisco . 2 of . 001
At New Orleans. No coin.
At Carson
. 4 of .001

The greatest deficiency below the standard (the limit of tolerance being one-thousandth):
At Philadelphia ................................................................. . 5 of .001
At San Francisco ............................................................................ . 5 of .001
At New Orleans ..................................................................................... 3 of .001
At Carson.............................................................................. . . 0 of . 001
Of silver, the maximum assay above the standard (the limit of allowance being three thousaudths):
At Philadelphia................................................................... 1.3 of. 001
At San Fraucisco......................................................................... 0.7 of 001
At New Orleans..................................................................................... 1.1 of .001
At Carson...... .............................................................................. 1.6 of . 001
The greatest deficiency below the standard, the tolerance being the same (three-thousandths):

At New Orleaus................................................................................. 1. 1 of . 001
At Carson.................................................................................................. 9 of .001
The assay committee also assayed the inquartation silver, the copper, and the lead used in assaying gold bullion, and found them free from gold. The weights employed were carefully tested and found to be correct. The reagents were also exauined with perfectly satisfactory results; whereupon the commission reported:
That the assay commission having examined and tested the reserved coins of the several mints for the year 1883, and it appearing that these coins are within the tolerance prescribed by law, the trial is considered and reported as satisfactory:

The proceedings of the annual assay commission show that the average fineuess of $31 \tilde{5}^{\text {g g gold coins from the mints of Philadelphia, San }}$ Francisco, and Carson melted in mass, was 900 and of 49 single pieces 899.5. The assays made monthly in the assay laboratory of this Office gave an average for 40 pieces of 899.68 .

The commission ascertained that the average fineness of 960 silver dollars of all the mints melted in mass was 900.6 , and 70 single pieces taken from each month's coinage at each mint, 900.3.

The monthly tests made at the assay laboratory of 597 sitver dollars gave an average fineness of 899.85 .

The assays made by the commissioners and those made by the assayer of this Bureau show that the coinage for the year was close to the standard of fineness. Tables of the annual and monthly assays appear in the appendix.

## MONETARY STATISTICS.

## Estimation of the values of foreign coins.

By section 3564 of the Revised Statutes it is made the duty of the Director of the Mint to estimate anuually the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world. For the purpose of ascertaining the circulation and the weight and fineness of the standard coins of foreign countries inquiries are annually made through
representatives of the United States in regard to the coinage and movement of the precious metals and the amount and character of the circulating medium. Upon the basis of such and other information the estimation required by law has been made.

In the estimation of the values proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury on the 1st of January, 1884, no changes were made in the values of foreign gold coins. The price of silver bullion having declined, a corresponding reduction was made in the value of the coins of those countries where silver coins are the standard of ralue, and whose currency is upon a silver basis.

For the reason stated, the value of the Austrian florin was reduced in the circular of January 1,1884 , from 40.1 to 39.5 cents ; the boliviano of Bolivia trom 81.2 to 80.6 cents; the peso of Ecuador and United States of Colombia and the sol of Peru from 81.2 to 80.6 cents; the rupee of India from 38.6 to 38.3 cents ; the yen of Japan from 87.6 to 86.9 cents; the dollar of Mexico from 88.2 to 87.5 cents ; the rouble of Russia from 65 to 64.5 ceuts, and the mahbub of Tripoli from, 73.3 to .72.7 cents.

## PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

Inquiries to ascertain the production of the precious metals in the United States (for the expense attending which an appropriation is made by Congress for this Office) were continued as heretofore, and the facts collected and my conclusions as to the amount obtained from the mines of the United States during the year 1883 were submitted and published in a special report.

To estimate with any degree of accuracy the production of gold and silver it is necessary to ascertain the movement, consumption, or other disposition of the precious metals, and it seems, therefore, proper also to present succinctly the facts obtained in regard to the monetary condition of the country, and its metallic circulation, connected with the production, coinage, and circulation of the precious metals.

From my last special report the production of the several States and Territories in 1883 appears to bave been as follows:

|  | State or Territory. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska |  | \$300, 000 |  | \$300, 000 |
| 'Arizona |  | 950,000 | \$5, 200, 000 | 6, 150,000 |
| Callifornia |  | 14, 120, 000 | 1,460, 000 | 15,580, 000 |
| Co orado |  | 4, 100, 000 | 17, 370, 000 | 21,470, 000 |
| Dakota |  | 3, 200, 000 | 150,000 | $3,350,000$ |
| Georgia |  | 199, 000 | 1,000 | 200, 000 |
| Idaho.. |  | - 1, 400, 000 | 2, 100, 000 | 3,500, 000 |
| Montana |  | 1, 800, 000 | 6, 000, 000 | 7, 800,000 |
| Nevada |  | 2, 520,000 | 5, 430, 000 | 7, 950, 000 |
| New Mexico |  | 280, 000 | 2, 845,000 | 3, 125,000 |
| North Carolina |  | 167, 000 | 3,000 | 170, 000 |
| Oregon |  | 660, 000 | 20, 000 | 680, 000 |
| South Carolina |  | 56, 500 | 500 | 57, 000 |
| Utah |  | 140,000 | 5,620,000 | 5,760, 000 |
| Virginia. |  | 6,000 |  | 6, 000 |
| Washington |  | 80,000 | 500 | 80,500 |
| Wroming |  | 4,000 |  | - 4,000 |
| Other (Alabama | see, \&c.) | 17,500 |  | 17,500 |
| Total. |  | 30,000,000 | 46, 200,000 | 76, 200, 000 |

This is a decline from the production of the previous year, in gold of two million five hundred thousand, and in silver of six hundred thou-
sand, and much more than I had anticipated in estimating in my last annual report the probable production of the jear. It resulted chiefly from the interruption of hydraulic gold mining in California in many localities by mandate of the courts, at the instance of the owners of ag. ricultaral lands damaged by the deposit of débris and sediment in the valleys and on the bottom lands adjacent to the streams in the lower counties, and from the diminished yield of silver from some of the most productive mines of Arizona and Utah.

A comparison of the receipts of gold and silver at the mints and exports of domestic silver during the first eight months of the calendar years 1883 and 1884 indicates a decline in the yield of the mines of the United States during the present year of about $\$ 1,000,000$ in gold and a probable increase of $\$ 2,000,000$ in silver; for while the deposits of domestic gold for the first eight months in 1883 were $\$ 20,265,384.34$, for the corresponding period in 1884 they amounted to only $\$ 19,584,511.64$, a decline of $\$ 680,872.70$. During the same time the deposits and purchases of domestic silver varied but slightly, but the exports of domestic silver were about $\$ 1,500,000$ greater in 1884 than in 1883. On the other hand the reported production of thirty silver mines, as published in the mining journals, shows a diminished yield of over a million of dollars.

It seems probable that the full returns of production at the close of the year will show a production by the mines of the United States of $\$ 29,000,000$ of gold and of silver at its standard dollar coining rate of nearly $\$ 48,000,000$.

CONSUMPTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN UNITED STATES.

For the purpose of obtaining more complete information in regard to the use of the precious metals in the arts aud ornamentation, circular letters to the number of 7,969 were again sent to all persons and firms in the United States whose address could be obtained reported to be using and consuming the precious metals for industrial purposes.

To these letters 5,418 replies were received, which showed the consumption by 2,734 persons and firms engaged in the manafacturing or the repair of articles of ornamentation and use of nearly $\$ 14,500,000$ worth of gold, and over $\$ 5,500,000$ worth of silver, a total of over $\$ 20,000,000$. This is an increase of $\$ 7,000,000$ over that reported in 1882, when, however, less than half as many persons and firms reported. The Superintendent of the United Statés Assay Office at New York states that the value of the bars furnished presumably for use in the arts and manufactures during the fiscal year 1883 was. gold, $\$ 4,615,118$; silver, $\$ 5,205,996$; total $\$ 9,821,114$. The value of the bullion, consisting of stamped United States or refinery bars, reported by manufacturers to have been used, was of gold $\$ 7,137,761$, and of silver $\$ 4,552,172$. This would indicate an increased use of gold and silver in ornamentation and for industrial purposes, especially in United States gold coin and of United States or refinery bars, as reports show over seven millions of stamped United States or refinery bars used by the manufacturers. It would seem probable that six millions of this is gold bullion of domestic production, and that four and a half millions of the silver produced in the United States during the last calendar year were appropriated for use in the arts.

## CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Upon the basis of the annual gains by coinage and import of coin, less the losses by recoinage, export, and consumption in the arts, I estimated in my last annual report the coin circulation of the United States at the close of the last fiscal year to have been about $\$ 765,000,000$, of which $\$ 537,000,000$ was gold, and $\$ 228,000,000$ silver. Upon the same basis I estimate the coin circulation on the first of July, 1884, to. have been $\$ 802,000,000$, of which $\$ 250,000,000$ was silver, and nearly $\$ 552,000,000$ gold.

In arriving at these figures I have deducted from the silver circulation six million out of the seven millions of trade dollars heretofore estimated to constitute a part of the silver circulation, and $\$ 4,875,000$ gold coin reported to have been used in the arts, which exceeds the similar deduction for 1883 by $\$ 2,375,000$.

The net gain to the coin circulation was $\$ 14,000,000$ in gold and $\$ 22,000,000$ in silver, as appears from the following table giving the exact figures of the gains and losses during the year:

| United States coin. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circulation July 1, 1883 | \$537 254, 794 | \$228, 216, 199 | \$765, 470,993 |
| Year's coinage. | 27, 932, 824 | 28, 773, 388 | 56, 706, 212 |
| Total | 565, 187, 618 | 256, 989, 587 | 822, 177, 205 |
| Less net exports | 8, 417, 059 | 4, 199 | 8,421, 258 |
| Deposits for recoinage | , 263, 117 | 152, 031 | , 415,148 |
| Usedin the arts | 4, 875, 000 | 216,000 | 5,091,000 |
| Trade dollars withdrawn from circalatio |  | 6,000, 000 | 6,000,000 |
| Total loss | 13, 555, 176 | 6, 372, 230 | 19, 927, 406 |
| Circulation July 1, 1884 | 551, 632, 442 | 250, 617, 357 | 808, 249, 799 |
| Net gain daring the year | 14, 377, 648 | 22, 401, 158 | 36, 778, 806 |

This circulation, from the statements of the Treasurer and Comptroller of the Currency for the periods nearest to the 1st of July, would appear to have been owned on July 1, 1884, as follows:


In computing the above table I have deducted from the coin in the Treasury and added to that in banks and the hands of private parties the amount of the gold and silver certificates outstanding, for the payment of which the law requires a corresponding amount of coin to be held in the Treasury.

The coinage from July 1 to Uctober 1 was, of gold $\$ 6,876,299$, and
silver $\$ 7,097,000$. The deposits of United States coin at the mints and assay offices were, gold $\$ 69,180$ and silver $\$ 271,550$, making the net gain from coinage, less recoinage, $\$ 6,807,119$ gold and $\$ 6,825,450$ silver.

The net imports of United States gold coin were $\$ 368,880$, and the net export of silver coins $\$ 193,100$. Estimating the consumption in the arts at $\$ 1,220,000$ gold and $\$ 50,000$ silver, one-fourth of the amount reported for the previous year, leaves the circulation of United States coin on the ist of © Detober instant gold $\$ 557,500,000$ and silver $\$ 257,000,000$, a total of $\$ 814,500,000$, as appears from the following tabular statement:

GAIN in COIN from JULY 1 to OCTOBER 1, 1884.

| Items. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circulation July 1, 1884 | \$551, 632, 442 | \$250, 617, 357 | \$802, 249, 799 |
| Coinage (less recoinage) to October 1, 1884 | 6, 807, 119 | 6, 825, 450 | 13, 632, 569 |
| Net imports. | 368, 860 |  | 368, 880 |
| Total. | 558, 808, 441 | 257, 442, 807 | 816, 251, 248 |
| Less used in the arts and manufactures | 1,220,000 | 50,000 | 1,270, 000 |
| Net exports. |  | 193,100 | 193, 100 |
| Total | 1,220, 000 | 243, 100 | 1, 463, 100 |
| Circulation October 1, 1884 | 557, 588, 441 | 257, 199, 707 | 814, 788, 148 |

This does not include the bullion in the Treasury belonging to the Goverument and held for coinage, which amounted on the 1st of October to $\$ 52,950,000$ of gold and $\$ 4,935,000$ of silver bullion, which may be properly considered a portion of the Treasury reserve, andwould make the total amount of coin and bullion available for coinage at that date, gold $\$ 610,500,000$ and silver $\$ 262,000,000$, being a total of $\$ 872,500,000$.

The following table, compiled from the published statements of the Treasurer of the United States and the Comptroller of the Currency, so far as relates to the money iu the Treasury and in national banks, shows the character and possession of the circulating medium of the United States on the 1st of July 1884:

STATE of CIRCULATION JULY 1, 1884.

|  | In Treasury. | In national banks. | In other banks and general circulation. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold bullion | \$44, 193, 050 |  |  | \$44, 193, 050 |
| Silver bullion | 4, 950, 785 |  |  | 4,950,785 |
| Gold coit | 160, 336, 986 | \$71, 045, 738 | \$320,249,718 | 551, 63\%, 442 |
| Silver dollars | 135, 560, 916 | 6, 117, 333 | 33. 677, 080. | 175, 355, 829 |
| Fractional silver coin | 29,600,720 | *3, 000, 000 | 42, 660, 808 | 75, 261, 528 |
| Gold certificates | 27, 246, 020 | 26,637, 110 | 44, 509,530 | 98, 392, 660 |
| Silver certificates | 23, 384, 680 | 2, 861, 000 | 93, 566, 011 | 119, 811, 691 |
| United States notes | 40, 183, 801 | 76, 917, 212 | 229, 638, 443 | 346, 739, 456 |
| Natioual bank notes | 8,809, 990 | 23, 386, 695 | 307, 753, 858 | 339, 950, 243 |
| Fractional currency | 7,027 | 473, 046 | 6, 499, 988 | 6,980, 061 |
| Total | 474, 273, 975 | 210,438, 634 | 1, 078, 555, 436 | 1,763, 268, 045 |

* Estimated.

From the 1st of July to the 1st of October an increased amount of gold and silver coin and gold and silver certificates was in circulation as well as held by the Treasury as shown by the following statement:

STATE of TOTAL UNITED STATES CIRCULATION OCTOBER 1, 1884.

| : | In Treasury. | In banks and general cir culation. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold bullion | \$52, 946, 587 |  | \$52, 946, 587 |
| Silver bullion | 4,934, 404 |  | 4, 934, 404 |
| Gold coin | 164, 957, 455 | \$392, 630, 986 | 557, 588, 441 |
| Silver dollars | 142, 058, 787 | 40, 322, 042 | 182, 380, 829 |
| Fractional silver coin | 29, 474, 160 | 45, 344, 718 | 74, 818, 878 |
| Gold certificates. | 33, 546, 960 | 87, 389, 660 | 120, 936, 620 |
| Silver certificates. | 26,769, 470 | 96, 491. 251 | 123, 260,721 |
| United States notes | 36, 524, 872 | 310, 214, 484 | 346, 739, 356 |
| National bank notes | 11, 078, 957 | 324, 750, 271 | 335, 829, 228 |
| Fractional currency | 7, 105 | 6,970, 155 | 6, 977, 260 |
| Total | 502, 298, 757 | 1, 304, 113, 567 | 1, 806, 412, 324 |

Assuming the amount of paper and specie in the national banks to have been the same October 1 as on June 22, the amount held by the public and banks, other than national, on October 1, 1884, was about $\$ 1,094,000,000$, or over $\$ 15,000,000$ more than on July 1, 1884.

## CIRCULATION OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

In the appendix to this report will be found the official dispatches* in answer to inquiries submitted at your request for the use of this Office in ascertaining the character and standards of the circulation of the various countries of the world, but I have thought it desirable to present a brief summary of the more important information furnished in regard to each country.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND COLONIES.

Great Britain and Ireland:-Under date of March 21, 1884, Minister Lowell forwards replies by the English Government to the inquiries in reference to the coinage, currency, \&c., of that Kingdom during the year 1883:


[^34]In arriving at the amount of gold in circulation in Great Britain and Ireland I have added to my estimate of last year, $\$ 587,683,000$, the net imports of gold into Great Britain, namely, $£ 1,175,000$, and deducted the amount probably consumed in the arts and manufactures, estimated by Mr. Giffen to be $£ 2,000,000$ annually, which leaves a net loss of $£ 825,000$, say $\$ 4,000,000$, making the circulation $\$ 583,500,000$.

Canada.-Consul Geueral Stearns forwards from Montreal, under date of January 17, 1884, a report on the coinage, production, \&c., of the Dominion of Canada for 1882:

[^35]FRANCE.

Hon. L. P. Morton, United States minister, forwards, under date of April 24, 1884, a statement furnished by the French minister of finance relative to the imports, production, \&c., of that Republic for 1883:

| Coin and bullion. | Imports. |  | Exports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | Francs. |  | Francs. |  |
| Gold coin... | 37, 134, 275 | \$7, 166, 91508 | 89, 371, 277 | \$17, 248, 65646 |
| Gold bullion | 26, 208, 198 | 5, 058, 18221 | 45, 459, 652 | 8,773,712 84 |
| Silver coin. | 61, 037 , 506 | 11, 780, 23866 | 82, 092, 954 | 15, 843, 94012 |
| Silver bullion. | 23, 828, 906 | 4, 598, 97886 | 18,953, 006 | 3,657, 93016 |
| Total | 148, 208, 885 | 28, 604, 31481 | 235, 876, 889 | 45,5\%4, 23958 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Value. | Value in Onited Stater money. |
| Production in 1882 (silver) |  |  | Francs. | \$594, 05361 |
| In Bank of France December 31, 1883 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 185,437,29326 \\ & 193,440,65509 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total............................................................ |  |  | 1, 963, 098, 178 | 378, 877, 94835 |
| Notes of the Bank of France in circulation............................ |  |  | 2, 946, 774, 450 | 568, 727,46885 |

In my report of last year I estimated the circulation of France to have been, gold, $\$ 873,000,000$; silver, full legal tender, $\$ 540,000,000$; silver, limited tender, $\$ 57,900,000$. The gold must be reduced by the net loss from exports, $\$ 14,000,000$, and the probable amount consumed in the arts, $\$ 11,000,000$, a total of $\$ 25,000,000$, which would make the circulation of gold $\$ 848,000,000$, and the silver $\$ 3,000,000$ loss from exports, which would place the silver circulation of that country at $\$ 537,000,000$.

SWITZERLAND.
M. J. Crawer, United States minister, forwards, under date of March 5, 1884, information relative to the production, consumption, \&c., of the precions metals in that Republic during the calendar year 1883.

Coinage, gold, $5,000,000$ francs $(\$ 965,000)$.


Circulation.

| Description. | Value. | Valuein United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In Treasury December 31, 1883 :Gold $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | Francs. |  |
|  | 402, 000 | \$77,586 |
| In banks: |  |  |
| Gold. | 39,401, 000 | 7, 604,393 |
| Silver. | 24, 021, 000 | 4, 636, 053 |
| Bank notes in circulation | 117, 551, 000 | 22,687, 343 |

BELGIUM.
Minister Fish, under dates of March 10 and July 4, 1884, forwards information from the minister of foreign affairs relative to the mone: tary affairs in 1883. The imports and exports of gold and silver were:


Coin in Banque Nationale December 31, 1883.

| Coin. | Falue. | $\nabla$ alae in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. Silver. | Francs. <br> 62, 296, 945 <br> 17, 313, 520 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 12,023,31039 \\ 3,341,509 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ |

Legal-tender circulation (Banque Nationale notes exclusively) December 31, 1883 (payable at sight), $357,611,140$ francs ( $\$ 69,018,950.02$ ).

In arriving at my estimate of the circulation of gold and silver in Belgiam I have deducted from my estimate of last year the loss by exports, $\$ 2,560,000$ gold, and $\$ 1,500,000$ as the amount used in the arts and ornamentation, leaving the circulation of gold $\$ 64,000,000$. To silver I have added the excess of imports over exports, $\$ 13,000,000$, making the estimated silver full legal-tender circulation $\$ 53,000,000$.

SPAIN.
Mr. Dwight T. Reed, charge de affaires and consul-general at Madrid, transmits two papers from the minister of foreign affairs of the Kingdom of Spain, giving statistics of coinage and movement of precious metals, the first paper relative to the year 1881, and the other, of which a résumé is given, relating to 1883.

The coinage was:


In Public Treasuries December 31, 1883.

| Description. | Value. | Value in United States. money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold... Silver.. | Pesetas. $\begin{aligned} & 1,630,671 \\ & 8,434,059 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 314,71950 \\ 1,627,77339 \end{array}$ |

## PORTUGAL:

Hon. John M. Francis, minister resident and consul-general at Lisbon, forwards, under date of June 19, 1884, replies from official sources to the interrogatories of the Department circular dated January 28, 1884.

The imports and exports were:


Amount of gold coin in banks December 31, 1883......................... \$11, 718, 874
Bank notes outstanding...................................
$6,367,680$

GERMANY.
H. Sidney Everett, secretary of legation at Berlin, forwards, under dates of April 21 and May 26, 1884, statistics relative to the coinage, imports, \&c., of that Empire for the calendar year 1883:

COINAGE.

| 1883. | Value. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  |  |
| Gold.. | 88,247, 470 | \$21, 002, 89786 |
| Silver. | 2, 497, 750 | 594, 46450 |

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.


PRODUCTION.


The gold and silver coinage up to close of 1883 (less recoinage) was:

| Description. | Value. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold..... Silrer | Marlcs. <br> 1, 743, 369, 780 <br> 441, 585, 587 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 414,922,00764 \\ 105,097,36971 \end{array}$ |

THE CIRCOLATION OF PAPER MONEY AT CLOSE OF 1883.

| Character. | Value. | Value in <br> United States <br> money. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Minister Taft, under date of March 26, 1884, incloses a paper from the minister of foreign affairs containing information relative to the monetary affairs of Austria during 1883; also, under date of July 30, 1884, a dispatch from the secretary of foreign affairs of Hungary.

COIN AGE, 1883.

|  | Description. | Value. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | AT Yienna mint. | Florins. |  |
| Gold. |  | 2, 931, 514 | \$1, 166, 74257 |
| Silver. |  | 6, 824, 102 | 2, 715, 99260 |
|  | AT KREMNITZ MLNT. |  |  |
| Gold. |  | 2, 481, 528 | 987, 64800 |
| Silver. |  | 7, 040, 776 | 2, 802, 22900 |

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF AUSTRIA.



PRODUCTION' OF AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.


The amount in treasury was:

| - December 31, 1883. | Value. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Gold........ } \\ \text { Silver } \end{array}$ | Florins. $\begin{aligned} & 2,334,619 \\ & 9,546,463 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 929,178 \\ \mathbf{3}, 799,492 \end{array}$ |

## The amount in Austro-Hungarian Bank was:

| December 31, 1883. | Valne. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold.... Silver | Florins. <br> 77,682, 053 <br> 121, 696, 815 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30,917,457 \\ 48,435,332 \end{array}$ |

The amount in circulation was:
December 31, 1883.
.

## NETHERLANDS.'

1
Minister William L. Dayton furnishes, under date of March 19, 1884, information relative to the monetary affairs of the Netherlands for 1883. The imports and exports were:

| 1883. |  | Imports. |  | Exports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Florins. |  | Florins. |  |
| Gold coin |  | 23, 666, 371 | \$9, 513, 88114 | 465, 000 | \$186, 93000 |
| Gold bars. |  | 4, 676, 173 | 1,879,821 55 | 734, 000 | 295, 0 ¢8 00 |
| Silver coin |  | 1,656, 884 | 666, 06737 | 276, 757 | 111, 25631 |
| Silver bars |  | 646, 760 | 259, 99752 |  |  |
| Total |  | 30, 646, 188 | 12, 319,767 58 | $1,475,757$ | 593, 25431 |

The amount in treasury and banks December 29, 1883, was:

| Description. | Value. | $\forall$ alue in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Florins. |  |
| Gold... | 23, 695, 395 | \$9,525,54879 |
| Silver... | 93, 606, 388 | 37, 629,767 97 |

The amount in circulation was:


## DENMARK.

Minister Hoffman, under date of March 14, 1884, transmits a note from the minister of foreign affairs of the kingdom in relation to the imports, exports, and circulation of that country:


## SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

W. W. Thomas, jr., United States minister at Stockholm, forwards, under date of October 26, 1883, statistics of Norway and Sweden for the year 1882, and under date of September 3, 1884, for the year 1883. The coinage of Sweden for the year 1882 was : gold, 60 kilograms $(\$ 39,876)$; silver, 426 kilograms ( $\$ 17,707$.) In 1883: gold, 657 kilograms $(\$ 436,619)$; silver, 934,583 . crowns $(\$ 250,468)$.

The imports and exports were :

| Description. |
| :--- |

* Crowns.

The production of the mines was, in 1882, gold, 17 kilograms, $\$ 11,298$; silver, 1,500 kilograms, $\$ 62,350$. In 1883 , silver, 1,583 kilograms, $\$ 65,800$.

The amount in treasury and banks December 31, 1882, was, gold, $21,322,606$ crowns $(\$ 5,714,45 \mathrm{~S})$; silver, $3,617,776$ crowns $(\$ 969,564)$. In 1883 , the gold was $20,061,401$ crowns ( $\$ 5,376,455$ ). In silver, $3,121,344$ crowns (\$836,520).

The circulation at the close of the year 1883 was :


NORWAY.
The coinage of Norway in 1882 and 1883 was:


The imports and exports of gold and silver 1882 and 1883 were:

| , . | Value. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imported in 1888 | Orowns. |  |
| Imported in 1883 | 689, 300 | \$207,708 |
| Exported in 1882. | 270, 000 | 72, 360 |
| Exported in 1883. | 420, 000 | 112, 560 |

The production of the mines was, silver, 5,893 kilograms $(\$ 244,954)$ in 1882 , and 5,645 kilograms $(\$ 234,645)$ in 1883.

The Bank of Norway held, December 31, 1882, the following amounts : Gold, $22,458,560$ crowns ( $\$ 6,018,894$ ) ; silver, 147,000 crowns ( $\$ 39,396$ ). In 1883, gold 22,974,660 crowns, $(\$ 6,157,208)$, and in silver, 147,000 crowns ( $\$ 39,396$ ).

There was iu the treasury December 31, 1882, silver, 586,150 crowns ( $\$ 157,088$ ). Same date, 1883 , gold and silver, 646,670 crowns ( $\$ 173,308$ ).

The circulation in 1882 was $4,224,000$ crowns ( $\$ 1,132,032$ ). In 1883; $4,258,000$ crowns ( $\$ 1,141,144$ ), all in silver. Of bank notes there were $40,578,700$ crowns ( $\$ 10,575,091$ ) in circulation in 1882 , and $40,955,600$. crowns ( $\$ 10,976,100$ ) in 1883.

TURKEY.
Mr. G. H. Heap, chargé d'affaires ad interim, transmits under date of June 6, 1884, a paper giving valuable information in relation to the monetary atfairs of that Empire.

|  | Value in piasters. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coined in 1883 | 30, 560, 000 | \$1,344, 64000 |
| Silver coined in 1883 | 1, 000, 000 | 44, 00000 |
| Gold in banks Decennber 31, 1883 | $80,000,000$ | 3,520, 00000 |
| Silver in lanks December 31, 1883 | -250, 000, 000 | 11, 000, 00000 |
| Paper ontstanding December 31, 1883 : |  | 11,00, |
| Government | 160, 247,186 | 7, 050,876 18 |
| Imperial Ottoman Bank | 31, 025, 000 | 1, 365, 10000 |

RUSSIA.
E. H. Furubjelhn, under date of November 1, 1883, writes from Helsingford in Fiuland, in relation to the production of Lapland in 1883, and also furnishes an official statement of the production of Russia, by years, since 1822.

The production of Lapland for 1883 he states to have been, gold, 10 kilograms ( $\$ 6,646$ ), or about one-half of that of 1882.

PRODUCTION OF RUSSIA.

|  | Description. | Pouds. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold (1881): |  | 2, 244 | \$24, 371, 343,48 |
| Silver (1881). |  | 576 | 332, 10840 |
| Gold (1882). |  | 2, 198 | 23, 867, 93531 |
| Silver (1882) |  | 561 | 323, 42750 |

PERSIA.
Hon. S. G. W. Benjamin, minister resident and consul-general at Teheran, furnishes under date of May 19, 1884, statistics of the coinage and production of Persia in 1883. Gold coinage, 21,000 tomans ( $\$ 47,117.70$ ); silver coinage, 270,000 tomans ( $\$ 605,579$ ). Gold production, 26 grams. He estimates the coin in the treasury at $\$ 24,000,000$.

JAPAN.
Minister Bingham, under date of June 21, 1884, forwards a communication from the minister of foreign affairs of the Japanese Empire, giving statistics of production, coinage, \&c., for the year 1883; the coinage' was, gold, $1,109,935$ yens ( $\$ 964,533.51$ ); silver, $8,727,490$ yens ( $\$ 7,584,188.81$.)

The imports and exports were :


The production of the mines was, gold, 5,807 ounces; silver, 273,508 ounces.

The amount of gold and silver coin held by treasury and banks and in circulation December 31, 1883, was :


The amount of notes in circulation was-

|  | Character. | Valne in jens. | Valne in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government |  | 97, 999, 277 | \$85, 161, 37171 |
| Bank |  | 31, 357, 563 | 27, 249,722 25 |
| Total. |  | 120,356, 840 | 112, 411, 09396 |

MEXICO.
A number of communications have been received from Minister Morgan, principally in relation to the loans of the Mexican Government.

Under date of March 3, 1884, he forwards a dispatch from the department of foreign relations, containing data in regard to the production, coinage, \&c., of Mexico for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882.

|  | Description. | Gold. | Silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinago |  | \$407, 600 | \$24, 083, 921 |
| Exports |  | 1, 027, 803 | 28,600, 854 |

Production, based on reports of mints and custom-houses: Gold, $\$ 955,639.23$; silver, $\$ 29,568,576.96$.

## HAYTI.

Minister Langston, under date of March 7, 1884, informs the Department of the particulars of a law passed by the Corps Legislatif of Hayti for the issue of $1,000,000$ gourdes $(\$ 965,000)$ of paper money, the redemption to take place inside of three years, guaranteed by 30 per cent. of the tax on imports, to be set aside annually for that purpose.

UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.
Hon. William L. Scruggs, minister resident at Bogota, forwards, under date of March 31, 1884, statistics of coinage, \&c., of that Republic for the calendar year 1883. The coinage of silver was $\$ 699,114$. Imports of gold were $\$ 4,340$; of silver, $\$ 346,320$. Exports of gold and silver, $\$ 2,400,083$.

Production of the mines in 1882:

| Gold | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,856,000 \\ 760,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Silver |  |
|  | 4,616, 000 |

Bank notes outstanding December 31, 1883, $\$ 1,097,830$.

## SALVADOR.

Mr. Frank H. Titus, under date of October 22, 1883, forwards a paper from the minister of foreign affairs of the Republic of Salvador in relation to the production, imports, exports, and circulation of that Republic, and also of Honduras, for the year 1882.

Salvador.

| The production of gold and silver | \$804, 034 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Imports (coined money): | 313, 194 |
| Exports | 920, 235 |
| National notes outatanding December 31, 1882 | 1,589, 861 |
| International Bank of Salvador, December 31, 1882. | 420,000 |
| Honduras. |  |
| Silver coinage 1882 (in 10 and 50 cent pieces). | \$76,314 |
| Exports of silver bullion | 42,028 |
| Exports of silver coin | 227, 955 |
| Total. | 269,983 |

Minister Gibbs, under date of February 20, 1884, forwards a very interesting paper in relation to the production, coinage, exports, \&c., of that Republic. He gives the export of silver bars and metal in 1882 , as $19,996,347$ bolivianos ( $\$ 16,117: 055.68$ ).

The production of the mines he estimates at about $15,900,000$ ounces of silver annually.

The silver coinage in 1882 was $2,090,404$ bolivianos ( $\$ 1,684,865.62$ ), and in 1883 about the same.

The national bank notes outstanding on the 31st December, 1883, were $1,871,629$ bolivianos ( $\$ 1,508,532.97$ ).

## argentine republic.

Minister Thomas O: Osborn, under date of August 7, of this year, forwards a reply to the interrogatories of the Department in relation to the coinage, production, \&c., of that Republic during the calendar year 1883.

The coinage of gold was $\$ 4,530,210$, and of silver $\$ 1,715,445$. The imports were: gold, $\$ 5,576,999$; silver, $\$ 836,684$. Exports: gold, $\$ 2,875,835$; silver, $\$ 2,506,704$. The amount of gold and silver money in active circulation he estimates to be $\$ 6,523,645.58$, and in the banks $\$ 14,196,461.24$; a total of $\$ 20,720,106.82$. The issue of bank notes he reports as $\$ 50,651,850.76$.

Venezuela.
Hon. Jehu Baker, minister at Caracas, under date of December 31, 1883, furnishes replies to the interrogatories of the Department relative to the affairs of that Republic.

Circulation, December 31, 1883.

| - | Description. | $\nabla$ alue in bolivars. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coin |  | 11,000, 000 | \$2, 123, 000 |
| Banks |  | 2,900,000 | 559, 700 |

Gold production 1882 (exports), 125,548 ounces.
Exports 1882, 3,011,730 bolivars (\$581,263.89).
Population, 1881, 2,675,245.
BRAZIL.
In the absence of the Minister, Hon. Thomas A. Osborn, Mr. Charles B. Trail forwards, under date of June 6, 1884, information in relation to the monetary affairs of Brazil for 1883, obtained in part from official sources and in part from publications, \&c.

Coinage from March 1, 1883, to February 29, 1884.


The production of gold from the five mines in operation during the year 1883 he states to have been 265,396 oitavas $=9 \tilde{0}^{2}$ kilograms (\$632,520).
©CIRCULATION.


SANDWICH ISLANDS.
Hon. Rollin M. Daggett, United States minister at Honolulu, forwards, under date of February 15, 1884, an address from the chamber of commerce to the minister of finance, asking that no further introduction of Hawaiian silver be allowed, without a withdrawal of other silver coins, and also under date of February 27, 1884, a reply to the interrogatories of the Department relative to the monetary affiairs of that Kingdom, as well as some valuable views in regard to the affairs of those islands.
Imported during 1883:
Gold coin . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 35,17387$
Silver coin........................................................................................ 316,56485
Gold: In treasury December 31, 1883 ...................................................... 263,450
In banks, December 31, 1883.................................................................... 95 . 250
(0) In circulation, December 31, 1883 .......................................................... 191, 300

Silver : In treasury, December 31, 1883............................................... 436, 000
In banks, December 31, 1883 .................................................... 13,500
In circulation, December 31, 1883 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 500,500
Government notes in circulation, December 31, 1883............................ 335,000
On the 17 th of last July, King Kalakaua approved an act which had passed the Legislative Assembly of the Hawaiian Islands, which provides that from and after December 1, 1884, the gold coins of the United. States shall be the standard of value in that Kingdom, and a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts, public and private; also that the silver coins of the United States sball be a legal tender to the extent of $\$ 10$. The act further provides that the gold and silver coins of countries other than the United States and Hawaii shall be received by the Government at their bullion value only.

The act also provides for changing the funds of the Government held in silver into United States gold.

## MONETARY STAIISTICS OF THE WORLD.

The foregoing information in reference to the circulation of the standard coins of the various nations of the world has been tabulated and used in revising the estimation of the amount and character of the total circulation of different countries and of the world, and the annual increase or loss by the production, coinage, or other disposition of the precious metals, and the results and conclusions are brought down to the latest dates attainable.

## PRODUCTION OF THE PRECIOUS METALS IN THE WORLD.

The table showing the amount of gold and silver obtained from the mines of different countries is presented for the year 1883 and revised for the last.two preceding years.

The production of twenty-one countries appears, from the official information in this and previous reports and other authorities cited, to have been, for the caleudar year 1883, 141,479 kilograms of gold, valued at about ninety-four millions of dollars, and 2,747,785 kilograms of silver, valued, at the coining rate of the staudard dollar, at abont one hundred and fourteen millions. This appears to be over four millions less in gold and a like amount greater in silver than the reported production in the previous year, aud results chiefly from a diminished production of gold in Russia and the United States, and an increased production in silver of about five millions of dollars in Bolivia.

I have no late official information as to the production of gold in Russia in 1883, which is claimed by some to have largely fallen oft from the yield of the previous year.

## WORLD'S COINAGE.

Statements of the coinage in 1883 have been received from twentythree countries, which report the coinage of gold and silver coins valued, at the official estimation, at $\$ 101,265,357$ in gold and $\$ 113,-$ 769,901 in silver.
Of the silver coinage uearly one:fourth was executed by the United States and two-fifths by Mexico and India. In each of the latter the silver coinage averaged about two millions of dollars per month. Next in order are Spain, Brazil, and then Great Britain, which alone issued from the London mint during the last year over $\$ 6,000,000$ of silver coin.
In the coinage of gold the United States still stands first, althoughe it coined a much less amount than in the preceding year. Germany follows with a coinage of over twenty-one millious; Australia, sixteen millions, and Russia over twelve millions.

CIRCULATION OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.
The information obtained as to the circulation of the various nations of the world has been tabulated and will be found in the appendix to this report. The circulation of the paper and specie of thirty-nine countries aggregates $\$ 9,991,964,524$, of which $\$ 3,293,606,836$ is gold and $\$ 2,754,611,080$ silver. This does not include the bronze, copper, nickel; or other minor token coinage in circulation.

Comparing the aggregate amounts of gold, silver, and paper circulation with those stated in previous reports, it will be found that the statistics show a decrease in gold and gain in silver and paper.

I have reduced the estimate of the gold circulation of Italy from $\$ 160,000,000$, the amount claimed to be in that country at the date it resumed specie payments, to $\$ 140,000,000$, the later estimate of Ottomar Haupt.

It is probable that not sufficient allowance is made for the yearly appropriation of gold to industrial uses, besides the wear of coins and waste in melting and bandling bullion, for the net imports of gold into India during the year 1883 are stated to have amounted to $49,308,715$ rupees ( $\$ 19,033,164$ ), while only 174,945 rupees $(\$ 67,529)$ were coined at the India mints, the remainder evidently being employed for other purposes, such as ornamentation, \&c.

Adding to this the amount of coin and new gold used for similar purposes in the United States, $\$ 13,000,000$, in France, $\$ 11,000,000$, and

Great Britain and Ireland, $\$ 10,000,000$, these four countries alone withdrew from the monetary stock of gold $\$ 53,000,000$.

In the table of Government and bank issues and metallic reserves, will be found columns showing for each country respectively, as far as ascertained, the character and amount of paper money issued in the countries named and the amounts of gold and silver held by the treasaries or banks. Against the Government issnes of notes amounting to $\$ 1,191,158,368$, their treasuries held $\$ 263,000,000$ of gold and $\$ 270,000,000$ of silver, a total of $\$ 533,000,000$, and the banks, to protect $\$ 2,752,498,039$ 'of notes, held of gold and silver a total of $\$ 1,424,000 ; 000$, being an ag. gregate of the ballion and coin reserves of $\$ 1,959,000,000$.

From these tables an additional table has been compiled, giving the per capita and total active circulation of each of the countries, which shows that after deducting the specie held in the banks and national treasuries, thirty-nine principal countries of the world had $\$ 8,032,392,760$ of paper and specie in active use among the people.

## CONCLUSION.

In submitting this report I desire to acknowledge the valuable assistance of the officers in charge of the mints and assay offices, who have promptly forwarded reports and information in regard to the operations at their institutions, as well as the efficient aid of the clerks having charge of the principal divisions of the business pertaining to my office, and to commend their industry and faithfuluess in the discharge of the duties assigned to them, and especially in the preparation and compila. tion of material for the annual and special reports.

I am, very respectfully,

HORATIO C. BURCHARD, Director.

Hon. Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIXX.

I.-DEPOSITS and PORCHASES of GOLD and̀ SILVER BULLION during the fiscal year ended June 30,. 1884.

| Description. | Mints. |  |  |  |  | Assay offices. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | Denver. | New Orleans. | New York. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
| GOLD. <br> United States bullion (domestić production)...... | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 193,65313 \\ 80,70497 \end{array}$ | \$17, 906, 26539 | \$1, 451,819 72 | \$1,360,655 54 | \$13, 91283 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,061,18889 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$169,683 52 | \$734,269 64 | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 131,36245 \\ \quad 1730 \end{array}$ | \$10,698 05 | \$29, 079,596 33 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States coin ......... |  | - 4,92290 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $2,28523$ | \$29, 079, 596 33 |
| Foreign bullion | 66, 05829 | 1,763,026 17 |  |  | .13, 70285 | 4, 181, 58688 |  |  | 11418 | - 24608 | 6, 023, 73445 |
| Foreign coin ... | 15, 26445 | 3, 566, 64106 |  |  | 29, 06489 | 5, 476, 07678 |  |  | 5801 | 7,856 26 | 9, 095, 46145 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, \&c. | 639,504 65 | 18,674 16 |  | 3,435 83 | 35,34315 | 1, 134, 68910 |  |  | 95272 | 32,169 65 | 1, 864, 76926 |
| Total | 1, 004, 18549 | 23,319, 52968 | 1,451, 81972 | 1,364,091 37 | 91, 52372 | 18, 005,81559 | 169,683 52 | 734, 26964 | 132, 50466 | 53, 25527 | $46,326,67866$ |
| Redeposits $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Fine bars }{ }^{\text {Unparted bars }} \text {. }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,01328 \\ 1,661,70945 \end{array}$ | 98,418 48 |  | 3,509 73 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,381,76553 \\ 883,37719 \end{array}$ | 29611 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,382,77881 \\ & 2,647,31096 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total gol | 2,666, 90822 | 23, 417, 94816 | 1,451, 81972 | 1, 367, 601 10 | 91, 52372 | 20, 270, 95831 | 169,979 63 | 734, 26964 | 132.504 66 | 53, 25527 | 50, 356, 76843 |
| stly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |
| United States bullion (domestic production) | 12, 034, 08138 | 4, 849,521 13 | 958,639 90 | 19,426 27 | 8, 063, 63093 | 5,512,480 21 | 2,026 61 | 22,439 18 | 75028 | 11799 | 31, 463, 11388 |
| United States coin ... | 137, 33938 | 2, 16395 | 9251 |  | -10,083 93 | 2,219 39 | 2,026 61 | 22, 180 | 13028 | 176 | 152, 03120 |
| Foreign bullion | 1, 25127 | 2,065, 00084 |  |  | 53, 60701 | 404, 31350 |  |  |  | 56991 | 2, 524, 74253 |
| Foreign coin... | 916,635 61 | 25, 41269 |  |  | 956, 07322 | 86, 23007 |  |  | 1403 |  | 1, 984, 36562 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, \&c. | 127, 63244 | 2, 64657 |  |  | 32,961 16 | 228, 11684 |  |  | 14502 | 4,535 10 | 396, 03713 |
| Total | 13, 216, 94008 | $6,944,74518$ | 958, 73241 | 19,426 27 | 9, 116,356 25 | 6, 233,360 01 | 2,026 61 | 22, 43918 | 1, 03961 | 5,224 76 |  |
| $\text { Redeposits }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Fine bars } \\ \text { Unparted bars } \end{array}\right.$ | 897,76746 21,134 64 | $\begin{array}{r}94,169 \\ 1,262 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 37,950 <br> 25,804 <br> 8 | 640 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,029,88729 \\ \Rightarrow \quad 48,20784 \end{array}$ |
| Total silver | 14, 135, 84218 | 7, 040,176 98 | 958,732 41 | 19,426 27 | 9, 116, 356 25 | 6, 297, 114 84 | 2,033 01 | 22,439 18 | 1, 03961 | 5, 22476 | 37, 598, 38519 |
| Gold and silver depositsand purchases | 14, 221, 125.57 | 30, 264, 27486 | 2,410,552 13 | 1,383, 51764 | 9, 207, 87997 | 24, 239,175 60 | 171,710 13 | 756, 708.82 | 133, 54427 | 58,480 03 | 82, 846, 96902 |
| Redeposits $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Gold } \\ \text { Silver }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,662,72273 \\ 918,90210 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,41848 \\ & 95,43180 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3, 50973 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,265,14272 \\ 63,75483 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29611 \\ 640 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,030,08977 \\ & 1,078,09513 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total gold and silver... | 16, 802, 750 40 | 30,458, 12514 | 2,410,552 13 | 1,387, 02737 | 9, 207, 87997 | 26, 568, 07315 | 172,012 64 | 756, 70882 | 133,544 27 | 58,480 03 | 87,955,153 92 |

HH.-DEPOSITS of GOLD of DOMESTIC PROD UCTION during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| $\bigodot_{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}^{\text {Locality. }}$ | Mints. |  |  |  | Assay offices. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | Denver. | New York. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | SaintLonis. |  |
| A labama. |  |  |  |  | \$254 55 |  |  |  |  | \$254 55 |
| $\underbrace{}_{\text {A }}$ Alaska |  | \$50, 62655 |  |  | 7.65868 |  |  |  |  | 50, 62655 |
| Er Califurnia | \$1, 10514 | $6,565,94418$ | \$163, 39295 |  | $7.82{ }^{\text {7 }} 26$ |  |  |  | \$132 48 | 6. $\begin{array}{r}\text { 24, } \\ 6,911 \\ 788 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Colorado. | 2,587 49 |  |  | \$1, 346, 94769 | 1, 121, 62 L 45 |  |  |  | 1,795 76 | 2, 472, 452 39 |
| Dakoti | 2. 48922 |  |  |  | 3, 044, $2 \cdot 28.65$ |  |  |  | 1, 10 | 3,0 8, 68787 |
| Grorgia. | 10,727 14 |  |  |  | 51, 45632 |  |  | \$52,750 86 |  | 114, 93432 |
| Inaho. | 6000 | 503, 83435 |  |  | 124,95944 | \$131,411 39 | \$28, 20837 |  | 35075 | 788, 82430 |
| Maine ... | 4551 |  |  |  |  |  | ........... |  |  | 4551 |
| Maruland | 95976 |  |  |  | 1987 |  | - |  |  | 98976 |
| Nebraska |  |  |  |  | 15697 |  |  |  |  | 1,3.15697 |
| Nevada |  | 591, 02430 | 1,288,426 77 |  | 94, 21.168 |  |  |  | 9009 | 1,973, 75284 |
| New Mexico | 101. 40104 | 3,874 72 |  | 13,70785 | 40,460 61 |  |  |  | 8,328 97 | 1, 1677,77319 |
| North Carolina | 56, 491177 |  |  | 13, 707 | 5,709 74 |  |  | 34, 56908 |  | 96, 81959 |
| Oregon | +18032 | 403, 85295 | ............ | ... |  | 38,273 13 |  |  |  | 442,505 40 |
| Sonth Carolina. | - 2,78318 |  |  | . |  |  | . | 43, 99254 |  | 46,775 72 |
| 'trnuessee | 11088 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11088 |
| Texas |  | - 9786 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $97 \times 6$ |
| Utalı |  | 21, 70683 |  |  | 48,565 50 |  |  |  |  | 70, 27233 |
| Virpinia. | 2, 85784 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4997 |  | 2,90781 |
| Wermont.. |  |  |  |  | 21, 09483 |  |  |  |  | 21,09483 29,68013 |
| W yoming | 4,01777 | $\cdots 28766$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29,68013 $-\quad 4,50543$ |
| Tefined Erld | 88770 | 9, 477,966 27 |  |  | 1., 855,05950 |  |  |  |  | 11, 333,973 47 |
| Other sources | 5,560 51. | 30, 24+ 07 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35, 0458 |
| Total gold | 193, 65313 | 17, 966, 265 39 | 1, 451, 81972 | 1,360,655 54 | 7,061, 18889 | 169, fi83 52 | 734, 26964 | 131,362 40 | 10,698 05 | 29, 079, 59633 |

EII.-DEPOSITS of SILVER of DOMESTIC PRODUCTION during the fiscal year ended fune 30, 1884.

| Loc | Mints. |  |  |  |  | Assay offices. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pbiladelpbia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | Denver. | New. Orleans. | New York. | Buisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | Saint Louis. |  |
| Alabama |  |  |  |  |  | \$191 |  |  |  |  | \$191 |
| Alas'a |  | \$517 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51755 |
| Arizona |  | 807, 83038 |  |  |  | 57, 39524 |  |  |  |  | 865, 22562 |
| Call fornia | \$42 02 | 597, 38215 | \$16,865 95 |  |  | 52513 |  |  |  | $\$ 130$ | 615, 01655 |
| Colorado | 68470 |  | 16,805 | \$19,426 27 |  | 159, 83637 |  |  |  | 5699 | 180, 00433 |
| Dakota. | 2196 |  |  |  |  | 77, 33415 |  |  |  |  | 77, 35611 |
| Georgia. | $\begin{array}{r}4763 \\ 15 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 6725 62 |  |  | \$236 39 |  | 60964 |
| Idaho ... | 15,34813 12,90788 | 53, 25955 |  |  |  | 67, 90119 | \$1,571. 03 | \$260 86 |  | 155 | 138,34231 30,77717 |
| Moutana | 12, 30788 | 106,832 93 |  |  |  | 1,904, 51259 |  | 22, 17832 |  |  | 30,77717 $2,033,58195$ |
| Nebraska |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 304, 242 |  | 22,178 |  |  | 2, 212 |
| Nevada |  | 2, 390, 551 30 | 941, 77395 |  |  | 5, 89024 |  |  |  | 12 | 3, 338, 21561 |
| New Mexico | 82, 31479 | -. 5, 51497 |  |  |  | 195, 21271 |  |  |  | 5803 | 283,100 00 |
| North Carolina | - 32413 |  |  |  |  | 7097 |  |  | 272 42 |  | 66752 |
| Oregon........ | 714 818 | 4,31288 |  |  |  |  | 45558 |  |  |  | 4,775 60 |
| South Carolina | 4683 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24147 |  | 28830 |
| Tennessee | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 40 |
| Toxas |  | 207 39494 |  |  | \$2, 00557 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,400 51. |
| Utah..... |  | 227, 60940 |  |  |  | 1.731, 27160 |  |  |  |  | 1,958, 88100 |
| Vermont |  |  |  |  |  | 644 |  |  |  |  | 644 |
| Virginia <br> Wrahincton Territ | 1284 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1284 |
| Washington Territo | 2502 | 28565 174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 285.65 96 |
| Refined silrer. | 11, 921, 28083 | 458, 37433 |  |  | 8,061, 62536 | $\cdots 304,32434$ |  |  |  |  | 21, 735, 60486 |
| Other sources | 1,008 97 | 196,453 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 197, 46233 |
| Total silver | 12, 034, 081. 38 | 4, 849, 52113 | 958, 63990 | 19, 42627 | 8,063, 6309 | 5, 512, 480 21 | 2,026 61 | 22,430 18 | 75028 | 11799 | 31, 463, 11388 |

1V.-COINAGE EXECDTED during the fisoal yfar ended thene 30, 1884.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Denomination.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Philadelphia.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{San Francisco.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Carson.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{New Orleans.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Total.} <br>
\hline \& Pieces. \& Value. \& Pieces. \& Value. \& Pieces. \& Value. \& Pieces. \& Value. \& Pieces. \& Value. <br>
\hline GOLD. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Double-eagles. \& 54 \& \$1,080 00 \& 1,123,000 \& \$22, 460, 00000 \& 65, 241 \& \$1, 304, 82000 \& \& \& 1,188, 295 \& \$23, 765,900 00 <br>
\hline Eagles .... \& 139, 298 \& 1, 392, 98000 \& 1, 45,250 \& 452,50000 \& 18,756 \& 187, 56000 \& \& \& 203, 304 \& 2, 033, 04000 <br>
\hline Hait-eagles.. \& 273, 046 \& 1, 365, 23000 \& 126, 200 \& 631, 00000 \& 23, 958 \& 119, 79000 \& \& \& 423, 204 \& $2,116,020$
2,955

2,
200 <br>
\hline Three dollars. \& 985
1,972 \& 2,95500
4,93000 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 985
1,972 \& 2,95500
4,93000 <br>
\hline Quarter-eagles \& 1,972 \& 4,93000
9,97900 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,972
9.979 \& 4,979
9 <br>
\hline Total gold \& 425, 334 \& 2, 7 77,15400 \& 1, 294, 450 \& 23, 543, 50000 \& 107, 955 \& 1, 612, 17000 \& \& \& 1,827, 739 \& $27,932,82400$ <br>
\hline Doliars. \& 13, 230, 930 \& 13, 230, 93000 \& 4,800, 600 \& 4,800, 00000 \& 1, 164, 000 \& 1, 164, 00000 \& -, 905,000 \& \$8, 905, 00000 \& 28, 099, 930 \& 28,099, 93000 <br>
\hline Half-dollars ... \& 8,930 \& 4,46500 \& \& \& \& \& ........... \& \& 8,930
15 \& 4, 465 00 <br>

\hline | Quarter-dollars |
| :--- |
| Dimes | \& 15,330

$\mathbf{6 , 1 5 1}, 603$ \& 3,83250
6150,16030 \& 500, 000 \& 50,000 00 \& \& \& \& \& 15,330
$6,651,603$ \& $\begin{array}{r}3,832 \\ 665,160 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Total silver. \& 19, 406, 793 \& 13, 854, 38780 \& 5, 300, 000 \& 4, 800,00000 \& 1, 104, 1000 \& 1,164, 9100 \& 8.905, 000 \& 8, 005,00000 \& 34, 775, 793 \& 28, 773, 38780 <br>
\hline Five cents. \& 15, 374, 905 \& 768, 745 25 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 15, 374,905 \& 768, 74525 <br>

\hline Three cents. \& 8,162 \& -24480 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 8, 162 \& $$
2+486
$$ <br>

\hline One cent. \& 40,57i, 962 \& 405, 71962 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 40, 571, 962 \& 405, 71962 <br>
\hline Total minor \& 55, 955, 029 \& 1, 174, 70973 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 55, 955, 029 \& 1, 174, 70078 <br>
\hline Total coinage. \& 75, 757, 156 \& 17, 806, 25153 \& 6, 594, 450 \& 28, 393, 50000 \& J, 271, 955 \& 2,76, 77000 \& 8,905,000 \& 8,905,00000 \& 92, 558,561 \& 57,880, 92153 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Denomination. | Philadelphia. |  | San Francisco. |  | Carson. |  | New Ofleans. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Picees. | Value. | Picce : | Value. |
| gori. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Donble-eagles. | 40 | \$800 00 | 1, 189,000 | \$23, 780, 00000 | 59, 962 | \$1, 199, 24000 |  |  | 1, 249, 002 | \$24, 980, 04000 |
| Taghles..... | 208, 740 | 2, 087, 40000 | 38, 000 | 380,000 00 | 12, 000 | 120, 100000 | 800 | \$8,000 00 | 259,540 | 2,58, 40000 |
| That-eagles... | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 233, } \\ \hline 940 \\ \hline 140\end{array}$ | 1, 13i, 200000 | 83, 200 | 416,000 U0 | 12,958 | 64,790 00 |  |  | 329, 5948 | 1, 647, 990000 |
| Quartor-eagles | 1., 960 | 4, 90000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,960 | 4.90000 |
| Dollars ....... | 10,840 | 10,340 00 | ........... |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 840 | 10.84000 |
| Total gold | 455, 960 | 3, 273, 960 00 | 1,310,200 | 24, 576, 00000 | 84,920 | 1,384, 03000 | 800 | 8,000 00 | 1,851.880 | 29, 241, 95000 |
| Dollars | 12, 291. 039 | 12, 291, 03900 | 6, 250, i00 | 6, 250,000 00 | 1,204,000 | 1, 204,000 00 | 8,725 000 | 8,725,000 00 |  |  |
| Half-lollars. | 9. 1139 | 4,519 50 |  |  |  |  |  | 8, 25,100 | 9, 1339 | $28,470.03900$ $4.51950$ |
| Quarter dullars | 15, 439 | 3. 85975 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,439 | 3,859 75 |
| Dimes. | 7, 675, 71 ${ }^{2}$ | 767,57120 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,675, 712 | 767, 57120 |
| Total silver | 19, 991, 229 | 13, 066.88945 | 6,250, 000 | 6, 250, 00000 | 1, 204, 600 | 1,204, 00000 | 8, 725, 000 | 8,725, 00600 | -36, 170, 229 | 20, 245, 98945 |
| Tive cents. | 22, 969, 421 | 1,148,471 05 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,969, 421 | 1,148,471 05 |
| Three cents. | 10,609 | 31827 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 6109 | 31827 |
| One cent. | 45, 593, 109 | 455,981 49 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45, 508,109 | 455, 98109 |
| Total minor. | 68, 578, 139 | 1,604, 77041 | .......... |  |  |  |  |  | 68, 578,139 | 1,604,770 41 |
| Total coinage | 89, 025, 328 | 17, 945, 71986 | 7,560, 200 | 30, 826, 00000 | 1,285, 220 | 2,583, 03000 | 8,725,800 | 8,733, 00000 | 106, 600, 248 | 60, 092, 74980 |

W島-BARS MANUFACTURED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Description. | Mints. |  |  |  | Assay offices. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | Denver. | Now York. | Boisé. | Helena. | Chariotte. | Saint |  |
| GOLD. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars.. | \$521,095 65 |  |  |  | \$13, 161, 45071 |  |  |  |  | \$33, 682, 54636 |
| Standard bars |  |  |  |  | 1,388,946 66 |  | \$731, 26964 |  |  | $1,388,94666$ <br> $2,463,040$ |
| Unparted bars Sterjiog bars.. |  | \$5,450 64 |  | \$1,367, 60110 | 613.23434 | \$169,979 63 | \$731, 26964 | \$132, 50466 | \$53, 25527 | $2,463,06094$ 613,23434 |
| Mint bars... |  |  |  |  | 5, 727,79727 |  |  |  |  | 5, 727, 99727 |
| Total gold | 521,095 65 | 5,450 $6 \pm$ |  | 1,367, 60110 | 20, 891, 428 98 | 169, 97963 | 734, 26964 | 132, 50466 | 53, 25527 | 93, 875, 58557 |
| Fine bars | 48,270 10 | 1, 234, 57869 |  |  | 6, ${ }^{181} 875665$ |  |  |  |  | 7,364, 60544 |
| Standard lars |  |  |  |  | 37, 163 64 |  |  |  |  | -37, 16364 |
| Unparted bars. |  | 6137 |  | 19,426 27 |  | 2,033 01 | 22,439 18 | 1,039 61 | 5,224 76 | -50, 22420 |
| Sterling bars Mint bars | 6,012 01 |  |  |  | 181,719 13 |  |  |  |  | 6,012 181,71913 |
| Total silver. | 54,282 11 | 1,234, 64006 |  | 19,426 27 | 6,300,639 42 | 2,033 01 | 22,439 18 | 1,039 61 | 5,224 76 | 7,639,724 42 |
| Total gold and siltrer | 575, 37776 | 1, 240, 000 |  | 1,387, 02737 | 27, 192, 068 40 | 172,012 64 | 756, 708 82 | 133, 54427 | 58,480 03 | 31, 515,309.09 |

VIH.-BARS MANUFACTURED during the calendar year ended December 31, 1883.


EARNINGS AND GAINS．

| Sources． | Mints． |  |  |  |  | Assay offices． |  |  |  |  | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadel－ phia． | San Fran． cisco． | New Or． leans． | Carson． | Denver． | New York． | Boisé． | Char． <br> lotte． | Helena． | Louis． |  |
| Partiog and refining charges | \＄11， 40445 | \＄134， 10625 | \＄738， 63 | \＄16， 63097 |  | \＄105， 60903 |  |  |  |  | \＄268， 48938 |
| Melting，alloy，and bar charges．．．．．．．．．．．． | 63020 | 2，716 45 | 1，145 16 | ｜ 29258 |  | 3，52： 95 |  |  |  |  | 8,31334 3,24040 |
| Charge for assayiog，melting，and stamping | 1，852， 71866 | 697； 57980 | $1,247,66969$ | 168， 70451 | \＄1，778 79 |  | \＄214 92 | \＄223 27 | \＄943 23 | \＄80， 19 | 3,24040 $3,966,67266$ |
| Profits on subsidiary silser coined．． | 92，79846 | 9，852 69 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 102， 65115 |
| Profits on minor coins manufactured | 982， 78566 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 982， 78566 |
| Profits on sale of medals and proof coins． | 2， 50217 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2， 50217 |
| Receipts from assays of ores and bullion． | 48200 | 11150 | 5400 | － 18600 | 20400 | 56350 | 19200 | 33233 | 1， 18000 | 28500 | 3， 59033 |
| Deposit melting room fluxes and sweeps ．．．．．．．． | 2， 052681 | 1，006 83 | ＋ 42560 | 28764 | 97533 | 4， 74877 | 9449 | 1945 | 45776 | 7532 | 10， 14380 |
| Surplus bullion returned bs melter and refiners Goinoubullion shipped the mint for coinace | 1，466 65 | 15，896 89 | ＊2，527 76 |  |  | 40， 47294 | 24986 |  |  | 23631 | 60,36424 4,20933 |
| Grin ou bullion shipped the mint for coinage． | 8603 | 2，236 62 |  | 6587 | 1，908 70 |  | 24986 | 53608 | 1，278 38 | 23631 | 4,20933 2,38852 |
| Protits on leady melts sold．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 171 |  |  |  |  | 171 |
| Clarges reeoived from Hrwaiian Gorernment | 25000 | 17，500 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17，750 00 |
| Total． | 2，947，18289 | 881， 00703 | 11，252， 56084 | 186， 16757 | 4，866 82 | 154， 91890 | 75127 | 1， 11113 | 3， 85937 | 67682 | 5，433，102 64 |

EXPENDITURES AND LOSSES．

| Salaries of officers and clerks | 40，503 18 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Wages of workmen and adjusters | 358，845 70 |
| Contingent expenses，not including amount paid for wistage and loss on sweeps sold． | 118，980 26 |
| Parting aud refining expenses，not including for wastage and loss on sweeps sold ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10，309 27 |
| Wastages of the operative officers | 6，713 05 |
| Loss on $s w e e p s$ of the year | 3， 03113 |
| Loss on bullion shipped to the mint |  |
| Expenses of distribating silver coins | 29，131 69 |
| Expenses of distribnting minor coins | 29， 15232 |
| Minor coinage metal wasted | 19822 |
| Total． | 596， 86482 |


| 43， 40000 | 31， 87310 | 29， 05000 | 10，950 00 | 39， 25000 | 3， 00000 | 2，750 00 | 7，950 00 | 3， 50000 | 212， 22628 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 236， 50475 | 93，750 95 | 70， 31075 | 12，000 00 | 23， 03850 | 3，646 68 | 31275 | 11，389 55 | 1，382 50 | 811， 18213 |
| 52， 17563 | 44，909 83 | 22， 30295 | 5，507 84 | 8， 68510 | 1，326 66 | 11，661 20 | 7，998 93 | 45601 | 264， 00447 |
| 129，890 75 |  | 20， 84547 |  | 83， 07189 |  |  |  |  | 244， 11738 |
| 19，218 57 | 10， 91323 | 3， 75663 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40， 60148 |
| 6，384 26 | 1， 89325 |  |  | 5， 29048 |  |  |  |  | 16， 59912 |
| 15， 99857 | 11，05269 | 4090 | 5582 |  |  |  |  | 4166 | 9748 57,82385 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29， 15232 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － 19822 |
| 503，572 53 | 194， 39305 | 147， 90670 | 28，513 66 | 159，336 03 | 7,97334 | 4,72395 | 27，338， 48 | 5，380 17 | 1，676， 00273 |

MX.-MEDALS MANOFACTURED at the MINT at PHILADELPHIA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.


* Goloid planchets furnished.
X.-MEDALS and PROOF SETS SOLD during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Description. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { sold. } \end{gathered}$ | Value. | Description. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { sold. } \end{aligned}$ | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| medals. |  |  | ploof sets. |  |  |
| Gold | 130 | \$5,645 10 | Gold | 36 | \$1,54800 |
| Silver | 598 | 1, 15391 | Silver | 925 | 3,011 40 |
| J3ronze | 3,264 | 56175 | Minor | 3, 157 | 49032 |
| 'Total | 3,902 | 7,360 76 | Total. | 4, 118 | 5,049 72 |

No pattern pieces or sets were sold during the year. Ten thousand goloid medals were struck, at a charge of $\$ 20$.

XG.-COINAGE and MEDAL DIES MANUFACTURED at the MINT at PHILADELPHIA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| 4. Denomination. | For Philadelphia. | For San Francisco. | For Carson. | For New Orleans. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For gold coinage: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vonble-eagle. |  | 40 | 10 |  | 50 |
| Eagle........ | 5 | 20 | 10 | ............ | 35 |
| Half eagle | ${ }^{*} 12$ | 10 | 9 | ..-.......-- | 31 |
| Three-dodar | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Quarter-eagle | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Dollar .. | 12 |  |  | .-........ | 12 |
| Total | 33 | 70 | 29 | ……-.- | 132 |
| For silver coinage: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dollar ....... | 128 | 80 | 20 | 60 | 288 |
| Halferollar... | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Quarter-dollar | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Dinje | 86. | 1.0 |  | ........... | 96 |
| Total | 218 | 90 | 20 | 60 | 388 |
| For minor coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five-cent | 678 | -........... |  | - | 678 |
| Threerent Oncecat | - 275 |  |  |  | 5 275 |
| Total | 958 |  |  |  | 958 |

## TOTAL NUABBER OF DIES.

Gold coinage ..... 132
Silver coinage ..... 388
Minor comage ..... 958
Experimental dies ..... 12
Proof coinage ..... 24
Maj. Gen. Edmund P. Gaines ..... 1
Army marksmanship ..... 4
Annual assay ..... 1
Total ..... 1,520
XII.-COMPARATITE TABLE showing the OPERATIONS for the fiscal years 1883 and 1884 at the COINAGE MINTS aud NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE.


XH.-COMPARATIFE TABLE showing the OPERATIONS for the fiscal ycars 1883 and 1884, \&'c.-Continued.

|  | 1889. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carson-Continued. |  |  |
| Gold operated upon by melter and refiner......standard ounces.- | 148, 207 | 186,893 |
| Silver operated upou by melter and refiner..................do.... | 2, 553, 537 | 2, 241,395 |
| Gold operated upon by coiner ................................. do.... | 160,977 | 172, 920 |
| :Silver operated upon by coiner .................................do.... | 2, 039,355 | 2, 194, 569 |
| Gold wastage of melter and refiner. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 92 | 71 |
| Silver wastage of melter and refiner. .................... . . . . . do. | 660 | 1,833 |
| Gold wastage of coiner. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 6 | 6 |
| Silver wastage of coiner............................................ do. | 366 | 472 |
| - NEW ORLEANS: |  |  |
| Deposits .......... ................................. . . . . . . . . . . value. . | \$8, 776, 56666 | \$9, 207, 87997 |
| Gold coinage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . pieces. | 4,300 |  |
| Silver coinage .................................................... do.... | 8,040,000 | 8,905,000 |
| Total coinage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 8, 044, 300 | 8, 905,000 |
| Gold coinage. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . valuc. | \$43, 00000 |  |
| Silver coinage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 8,040,000 00 | \$8, 905, 00000 |
| Total coinage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 8, 083,000 00 | 8,905, 00000 |
| Gold operater upou by melten and refiner ...... staudard ounces. | 12, 675 |  |
| Silver operated upon by meltrer and refiner . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 13, 849,4905 | 16, 301, 242 |
| Gold operated upon by coiper . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 6,378 |  |
| Silver operated upon by coiuer................................. . do. | 13, 0-3,130 | 15, 146, 418 |
| Goid wastage of melter and refincr . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 6 |  |
| Silver wastage of melter and refimer...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 1,656 | 9,089 |
| Gold wastage of coiner . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do |  |  |
| Silver wastage of coiner . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 566 | 1,768 |
| NEW YORK ASSAY ORIICE. |  |  |
| Gold deposits ................................................ . value. | \$17, 016, 06150 | \$20, 270, 958.31 |
| Silver deposits . ..... ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 6,592, 65750 | $6,297,11484$ |
| 'Total deposits. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 23,608, 71906 | 26,568, 07315 |
| Gold, fine bars mauufactured...................... . . . . . . . . . . do | 11, 678, 31907 | 13, 161, 45071 |
| Gold, mint bars manufactured . .-. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 2, 195, 29337 | 5, 727, 79727 |
| Gold, standard bars manufactured............................. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 787, 54324 | 1,388, 94666 |
| Gold, sterling bars manufactured ............................ . . . do. | 1, 325, 19105 | 613, 23434 |
| Silver, fine bars manufactured....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 6,433, 09708 | 6,081, 75665 |
| Silver, standard bars manufactured ............. . . . . . . . . . . . do | 15,312 58 | 37, 16364 |
| Silver, sterling bars manufactured............................ . do |  |  |
| :Silver, mint bars mantufactnred. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do |  | 181, 71913 |
| Total bars manufactured ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | 22, 434, 75639 | 27, 192,068 40 |

XIH.-SUMMARY of the OPERATIONS and EARNINGS at the DENVER MINT and CHARLOTJE, HELENA, BOISE, and SAINT LGUIS ASSAY OFFICES for the fiscal year 1884.

|  | Denver. | Charlotte. | Helena. | Boise. | Saint Lonis. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold deposits | \$1, 367, 60110 | \$132, 50466 | \$734, 26964 | \$169, 97963 | \$23, 25527 | \$2, 457, 61030 |
| Silver deposits | 19,426 27 | 1, 03961 | 22,439 18 | 2,033 01 | 5,224 76 | 50, 162 83 |
| Unparted bass marufact. ured. | 1,387, 02737 | 133, 54427 | 756, 70882 | 172,012 64 | 58,480 03 | 2, 507, 773 i3 |
| Charges collected : On deposits | 1,778 79 | 22327 | 94323 | 21492 | 8019 | 3, 24040 |
| On ore assays | 20400 | - 33233 | 1,180 00 | 19200 | 28500 | 2, 19333 |
| Totsl earnings. | 4,866 82 | 1.11113 | 3,859 37 | 75127 | 67682 | 11,265 41 |
| Total expenses | 28,513 66 | 4, 72395 | 27, 33848 | 7,973 34 | 5,380 17 | 73, 02960 |

XIV.-WASTAGE and LOSS on SALE of SWEEPS, 1884.

| Losses. | Philadelphia mint. | San Francisco mint. | Carson mint. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { Orleans } \\ & \text { mint. } \end{aligned}$ | New Yorls as. say ofice. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Melter and refiner's gold wastage. | \$338 30 |  | \$1,333 10 |  |  | \$1, 671 40 |
| Coiner's gold wastare . . . ...... | 28243 | \$2,238 11 | 11731 |  |  | 2, 68785 |
| Melter and refiner's silver wastage |  | 16,360 42 | 1,833 27 | \$9, 18563 |  | 27, 329 32 |
| Coiner's silver wastage | 6,092 32 | 62004 | 47295 | 1, 77760 |  | 8, 962 91 |
| Loss ou sale of sweeps | 3,031 13 | 5,95 39 |  |  | \$5, 29048 | 14, 27300 |
| Total | 9,744 18 | 25, 16996 | 3,756 63 | 10,913 23 | 5,290 48 | 54.87448 |
| Paid as follows: <br> From contingent appropriation |  | 2,474 74 | 82822 |  |  | 3,302 96 |
| From partiog and refining appropriation |  | 2. 25591 | 95786 |  |  | 3,213 77 |
| From surplus bullion | 1,641 03 | 16,903 72 | 28764 | 25346 | 5,290 48 | 24.376 33 |
| From silver profit fund | 8,103 15 | 3,585 59 | 1,682 91 | 10,659 77 |  | 2;3, 98142 |
| Total | 9,744 18 | 25,169 96 | 3,756 63 | 10,913 23 | 5,290 48 | 54, 87448 |

XV. - STATEMENT by MONTAS of FINE GOLDं BARS EXCHANGLD for GOLD COIN at the UNITED STATES MINT, PHILADELPHIA, and GNITED STATES ASSAF OFEICE at NEW YOAK, from. July 1, 188:3, to June 3u, 1884.

|  | Month. | Pbiladelphia. | New York. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. |  |  |  |
| Jaly |  | \$30, $09 \pm 35$ | \$192,416 27 | \$222, 51.062 |
| August |  | 45,15196 | 221, 21132 | 266, 36328 |
| September |  | 40,12853 | 302, 89707 | 343, 02560 |
| October. |  | 50, 16041 | 242, 19436 | 292, 35477 |
| Norember |  | 25,080 64 | 150, 25045 | 175, 33109 |
| December. |  | 30,088 14 | 154, 77451 | 184,862 65 |
|  | 1884. |  |  |  |
| Jamuary |  | 20,072 13 | 175. 38472 | 195,45685 |
| Febrnary |  | 30, 083376 | 387, 71095 | 367, 794.71 |
| March |  | 35, 12679 | 6, 896, 54370 | 6, 931, 67049 |
| April |  | 25, 07716 | $16,153,05019$ | 16, 178, 12735 |
| May |  | 25, 07877 | 466,537 55 | 491, 61632 |
| June |  | 25, 12707 | 126, 55900 | 151, 68613 |
|  |  | 381, 26971 | 25, 419,530 15 | 25,800,799 86 |

XVH-STATEMENT of GOLD and SILFER B ULLION and COIN on hand at the UNITED STATES MINTS and NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE, years ending June 30, 1883, and June 30, 1884.

| Institution. | Gold bullion. | Gold coin. | Silver bullion. | Silver coin. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885. |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Philadelphia | \$26, 516, 77184 | \$1, 249, 59800 | \$1, 381, 14498 | \$4, 699, 91265 | \$33, 847, 42747 |
| San Francisco | 973, 88233 | 3, 492, 04500 | 800, 81846 | 30,875, 61726 | 36, 142,363 05 |
| Carson | 656, 04390 | 133, 58500 | 618,239 49 | 2, 039, 11063 | 3, 446, 97902 |
| New Orleans | 137, 26921 | 17,99186 | 1, 141, 05547 | 7, 037, 47096 | 8, 333, 78750 |
| New York | 27, 517, 99737 | $2,158,24382$ | 819, 01808 | 92,907 44 | 30, 588, 16671 |
| Total | 55, 801, 96465 | 7,051,463 68 | 4, 760,276 48 | 44, 745, 01894 | 112, 358, 72375 |
| Philadelphia | 25, 882, 53302 | 1,723, 15850 | 1, 615,341 42 | 8, 159, 81193 | 37, 380, 84487 |
| San Francisco | 848,605 08 | 3, 654, 52500 | 773,494 46 | 33, 517, 27787 | 38, 793,902 41 |
| Carson | 494, 42704 | 311, 14500 | 439, 97331 | 2, 928, 082 12 | 4, 173, 57747 |
| New Orlean | 298, 79485 | 102,560 00 | 1,319, 45427 | 11, 957, 33883 | 13, 608, 14795 |
| New York | 16, 528, 01138 | ¢8, 954, 55686 | 802, 52235 | 11,832 09 | 46, 296, 92268 |
| Total | 43, 982, 371 37 | 34, 745, 94536 | 4,950,785 81 | 56, 574, 29284 | 140, 253, 39538 |

X WHi-STATEMENT showing the NUMBER OF OUNCES at STANDARD and COST of SILVER BULLION ${ }^{\star} P$ URCHASED and DELIVERED at the COINAGE MINTS, and the NUMBER of SILVER DOLLARS COINED EACH MONTH from July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884.

| Date. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Coinage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |
| July | 2, 386, 887. 31 | \$2, 374, 54149 | \$2, 425,000. |
| August | 2, 417, 322. 79 | 2,401, 69799 | 2,340, 000 |
| September | 1, 752, 354.32 | 1,740, 931.41 | 2,350, 000 |
| October | 2, 206, 756. 77 | 2,204,681 42 | 2,350,050 |
| November | 1, 834, 924.60 | 1, 829, 88519 | 2,350, 000 |
| December | 2, 328, 322.97 | 2,321,556 06 | 2, 354, 170 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |
| January. | 2, 149, 818.66 | 2, 151, 39261 | 2,350, 000 |
| February | 2, 111, 607.28 | 2, 132, 97230 | 2,350, 000 |
| March | 2, 100, 967.41 | 2, 124,913 91 | 2,300,510 |
| April. | J., 688, 166.04 | 1, 698,489 95 | 2,300,000 |
| May. | 1, 812, 815.21 | 1, 823, 48368 | 2,310, 000 |
| June | 1, 568, 891.66 | 1,573, 83790 | 2,320, 200 |
| Total.......................................... | 24, 358, 835.02 | 24, 378, 38391 | 28, 099, 930 |
| Purchased and coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1883. | 128, 782, 187. 25 | 131, 811, 67628 | 147, 255, 899 |
| Total | 153, 141, 022.27 | 156, 190, 08019 | 175, 355, 829 |
| Monthly average July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884........ | 2,029, 902.92 |  |  |
| Monthly average for 76 months ....................... | $2,015,013.45$ | 2, 055, 13237 | $2,307,313$ |

# XVIIH.-STATEMENT showing the PROFITS on the COINAGE of SILVER at the DR. POSITION 

1883. 

July 1. Balance on hand


$\$ 1,278,59659$
Profits on the coinage of silver dollars:
Philadelphia
1
San Francisco
$1,852,71866$
Carsou
697, 57980
New Orleans
247, 66969

Profits on the coinage of subsidiary silver:
Philadelphia
92,798 46
San Francisco
9,852 69

MINTS of the UNITED STATES from July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884, and the DISof SAME.


XIX．－AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE of FINE SILVER BARS at LONDON， fo．，during the fiscal year ending June 30， 1884.

| ＇${ }^{\prime}$ | Price per ounce British stand－ ard， 925 thousandths fine． |  |  |  | －병 붕昜安 <br>  <br>  4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ju，¢ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Pence． <br> 50.412 | \＄1 10.510 | \＄4 88． 20 | \＄1 10．862 | \＄1 11.13 |
| August | 50.524 | 110.754 | 487.17 | 110.831 | 110.864 |
| September | 50.73 | 111.205 | 485.98 | 111.047 | 110.915 |
| October ．．． | 50.933 | 111.649 | 485.14 | 111.305 | 111.245 |
| November | 50.715 | ． 11.172 | 485.4 | 110.887 | 111.21 |
| December． | 50.837 | 111.440 | 485.24 | 111.117 | 111.005 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | ．50．865 | 111.501 | 487.38 | 1 11： 667 | 111.311 |
| February． | 51.135 | 112.093 | 489.89 | 1 12． 832 | 112.677 |
| March． | 50.937 | 111.659 | 490.42 | 112.513 | 112.71 |
| April． | 50.757 | 111.265 | 490.38 | 112.118 | 112.062 |
| May． | 50.846 | 111.459 | 488.38 | 111.856 | 112.015 |
| June | 50.8 | 111.359 | 486.6 | 111.318 | 111.58 |
| Average | 50.791 | 111.339 | 487.51 | 111.529 | 111.56 |

XX.-GOLD and SILVER of DOMESTIC PRODUCTION DEPOSITED at the MINTS and ASSAY OFFICES from THEIR ORGANIZATION to the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Locality. | , | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama |  | \$222, 98445 | \$8 06 | \$222, 99251 |
| Alaska |  | 138, 71950 | 1,050 36 | 139,769 86 |
| Arizona |  | 3, 451, 18651 | 13, 242, 54899 | 16,693, 73550 |
| California |  | 729, 782, 44908 | 3,670,866 84 | 733, 453,315 92 |
| Colorado |  | 44,431, 82187 | 22, 566, 46312 | 66, 998, 28499 |
| Dakota. |  | 20, 332,531 76 | 237, 20097 | 20,569, 73273 |
| Georgia |  | $8,158,18483$ | 2,134 42 | 8, 160,319 25 |
| Idaho |  | 26,684, 49837 | 1,230,285 07 | 27, 914, 78344 |
| Indiana |  | 4013 |  | 4013 |
| Maine |  | 5,638 20 | 2200 | 5,660 20 |
| Maryland |  | 2,559 91 | 59 | 2,560 50 |
| Massachusetts |  |  | 91756 | 91756 |
| Micbigan. |  | 15958 | 3,559, 11689 | 3, 550, 27647 |
| Montiaua |  | 54, 345, 34233 | 10, 071, 44814 | 64, 416, 79047 |
| Nebraska |  | 15697 | . 242 | , 15939 |
| Nevada |  | 20,497, 51025 | 83, 995, 65243 | 109, 493,162 68 |
| New Hampshire |  | 11, 02055 |  | 11, 02055 |
| New Mexico |  | 1,950,546 38 | 4, 914, 81116 | 6, 865, 35754 |
| North Carolina |  | 10,931, 02338 | 48, 01272 | 10,979, 03510 |
| Oregon |  | 17, 835, 05476 | 51, 16665 | 17, 886, 22141 |
| South Carolina |  | 1,515, 62982 | 74606 | 1, 516,375 88 |
| Teunessee |  | 87, 28600 | 768 | 87, 29368 |
| Texas |  | 9786 | 2, 40051 | 2,49837. |
| Utar |  | 676, 02752 | 17, 627, 28638 | 18, 303, 31390 |
| Vermont |  | 32, 07610 | 4994 | 32,126 04 |
| Virginia. |  | 1, 710, 64148 | 177.85 | 1, 710, 81933 |
| Washington Territory |  | 315, 315 34 | 96702 | 316,282 36 |
| Wyoming |  | 734, 20100 | 11,856 77. | 746, 05777 |
| Refined ballion |  | 257, 048, 39252 | 113,830,795 01 | 370, 879, 18753 |
| Parted from silver |  | 16, 699, 76848 |  | 16, 699, 76848 |
| Contained in silver |  | 9, 322,268 97 |  | 9, 322, 26897 |
| Parted from gold |  |  | 7, 073,251 68 | 7, 073,251 68 |
| Contained in gold |  |  | 526,284 79 | 526,284 79 |
| Other sources |  | 10,672, 060 26 | 33, 411, 32984 | 44, 083, 39010 |
| Total. |  | 1, 237, 595, 10316 | 321, 076, 86192 | 1,558, 672, 05508 |

 close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

GOLD COINAGE.

| Period. | Double eagles. | Tagles: | Half eagles. | Three dollars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1793 to 1848. |  | \$25, 662, 270 | \$45, 265, 355 |  | \$5 413, 81500 |  | \$76, 341, 44000 |
| 1849 to 1873 . | \$646, 727, 980 | 29, 851, 820 | 22, 994, 390 | \$1, 169, 913 | 20, 804, 702 50, | \$19, 015, 633 | 740, 564, 43850 |
| 1874 | 48, 283, 900 | 383, 480 | 809,780 | 125,460 | 516, 15000 | 323, 920 | 50; 442, 69000 |
| 1875 | 32, 748, 140 | 509,840 | - 203, 655 | 60 | 2,25000 | , 20 | 33, 553, 96500 |
| 1876 | 37, 896, 720 | 153, 610 | 71, 800 | 135 | 53, 05250 | 3,645 | 38, 178, 96250 |
| 1877 | 43, 941, 700 | 56, 200 | 67,835 | 4,464 | 5,780 00 | 2,220 | 44, 078, 19900 |
| 1878 | 51, 406, 340 | 155,490 | 688, 680 | 137, 850 | 408, 90000 | 1,720. | 52, 768, 98000 |
| 1879 | 37, 234, 340 | 1,031, 440 | 1, 442, 130 | 109, 182 | $1,166,80000$ | 3,020 | 40, 986, 91200 |
| 1880 | 21, 515, 360 | 18, 836, 320 | 15,790, 860 | 9, 090 | 3, 07500 | 3,030 | 56, 157, 73500 |
| 1881 | 15, 345, 520 | 33, 389, 050. | 29, 982, 180 | 4,698 | 9, 14000 | 3, 276 | 78.733, 86400 |
| 1882 | 14, 563,920 | 44, 369, 410 | 30, 473, 955 | 75 | 6250 | 6,025 | 89, 413, 44750 |
| '1883 | 27, 526, 120 | 6, 611, 790 | 1,775, 36C | 4, 665 | 10,137 50 | 8,855 | $35,936,92750$ |
| 1884 | 23, 765, 900 | 2, 033, 040 | 2, 116, 020 | 2, 955 | 4,930 00 | 9,979 | 27, 932, 82400 |
| Total. | 1,000,955,940 | 163, 133, 760 | 151,682,000 | 1,568,547 | 28, 398, 79500 | 19, 381, 343 | 1,365, 120, 38500 |

XXI.-STATEMENT of COINAGE from the ORGANIZATION of the MINT to the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-COntinued.

SILVER COINAGE.

| Period. | Trade dollars. | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dollars. | Twenty cents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1793 to 1852. |  | \$2, 506, 890 | \$66, 249, 15300 | \$3,999, 04050 |  |
| 1853 to 1873. |  | 5, ถ38, 948 | 33, 596, 08250 | $18,002,17800$ |  |
| 1874 | \$3, 588, 900 |  | 1, 438, 93000 | 458,51550 |  |
| 1875 | 5,697, 500 |  | 2, 353, 50000 | 623,950 00 | \$5,858 |
| 1876 | 6, 132, 050 |  | 4, 985,525 00 | 4, 106,262 50 | 263, 560 |
| 1877 | 9, 162,900 |  | 9, 746, 35000 | 7, 584, 17500 | 1, 440 |
| 1878 | 11, 378, 010 | 8,573,500 | $3,875,25500$ | 3, 703, 02750 | 142 |
| 1879 |  | 27, 227, 500 | 22500 | 11250 |  |
| 1880 |  | 27, 933, 750 | 3,275 00 | 3,837 50 |  |
| 1881 |  | 27, 637, 955 | 4,677 50 | 3, 63875 |  |
| 1882 |  | 27, 772, 075 | 5,53750 | 3,268 75 |  |
| 1883 |  | 28, 111, 119 | 2,759 50 | 4, 07975 |  |
| 1884 |  | 28,099, 930 | 4,405 00 | 3,832 50 |  |
| Total | 35, 959, 360 | 183, 401, 667 | 122, 765, 73500 | 38,495,918 75 | 271, 000 |
| Period. |  | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three cents. | Total. |
| 1793 to 1852 |  | \$3, 890, 06250 | \$1, 823, 29890 | \$744, 92700 | \$79, 213, 37190 |
| 1853 to 1873 |  | 5, 170, 73300 | 3, 083, 64800 | 536, 92320 | 65, 928, 51270 |
| 1874 |  | 497,255 80 |  |  | 5, 983, 601 30 |
| 1875. |  | 889,560 00 |  |  | 10, 070, 368 00 |
| 1876. |  | 3, 639, 105.00 |  |  | 19, 126, 50250 |
| 1877. |  | 2, 055, 07000 |  |  | 28,549, 93500 |
| 1878 |  | .760,89100 |  |  | 28, 290, 825 50 |
| 1879 |  | 4500 |  |  | 27, 227, 88250 |
| 1880 |  | 1;575 00 |  |  | 27,942, 43750 |
| 1881 |  | 3,695 50 |  |  | 27, 649, 96675 |
| 1882 |  | 2,507 50 | -...- |  | 27, 783, 38875 |
| 1883 |  | 717,51190 | -- |  | 28, 835, 47015 |
| 1884 |  | 665,16030 |  |  | 28, 773, 38780 |
| Total |  | 18, 293, 17250 | 4,906,946 90 | 1,281,850 20 | 405, 375, 65035 |

MINOR COIN.

| Period. | Five cents. | Three cents. | Two cents. | Cents. | Half cents. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1793 to 1873 | \$5, 276, 14000 | \$805, 35000 | \$912,020 00 | \$4, 886, 452 44 | \$39,926 11 | \$11, 919, 88855 |
| 1874. | 244,350 00 | 29, 64000 |  | 137, 93500 |  | 411, 92500 |
| 1875. | 94, 65000 | 12,540 00 |  | 123, 18500 |  | 230,375 00 |
| 1876. | 132, 70000 | 7,360 00 |  | 120, 09000 |  | 260, 35000 |
| 1877. | 25, 25000 |  |  | 36, 91500 |  | 62,16500 |
| 1878. | 8000 | 4800 |  | 30,566 00 |  | 30,694 00 |
| 1879 | 1,175 00 | 98400 |  | 95, 63900 |  | 97, 79800 |
| 1880 | 1,247 50 | 98250 |  | 267, 74150 |  | 269.971 50 |
| 1881 | 17775 | 32,41665 |  | 372,515 55 |  | 405,109 95 |
| 1882 | 220, 03875 | 10425 |  | 424, 61475 |  | 644, 75775 |
| 1883 | 1, 022, 77440 | 85857 |  | 404, 67419 |  | 1, 428, 30718 |
| 1884 | 768,745 25 | 24486 |  | 405, 71962 |  | 1, 174, 70973 |
| Total | 7, 787, 32865 | 890, 72883 | 912, 02000 | 7, 306, 04805 | 39,926 11 | 16, 936, 05164 |

XXHM.-REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED by the SECRETARY of the TREASURY in RELATION to the EXECUTION of COINAGE for FOREIGN COUNTRIES at the MINTS of UNITED STATES.

Bullion or metal to be used in coinage authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to be executed for any foreign Government shall be delivered to the Superintendent of the Mint where the coinage has been authorized, who shall ascertain the weight and fineness and give a special receipt therefor, stating the amount and the purpose for which received.

Accounts will be kept in the books of the Mint in such manner as the Director of the Mint may prescribe, showing the character, amount, value, and disposition of the
bullion or metal thus received and of the coinage executed and of the transactions relating thereto with the agent of the foreign Government.
The bullion or metal received shall be delivered to the operative officers, and accounted for as in'the case of bullion purchased or deposited for coinage.
The ingots will be prepared and the coin mannfactured in the same manner as the coins of the Uuited States, the fineness and weight being according to the standard prescribed by the foreign Government, and the tolerance for weight and fineness being the same as that fixed by its law.
The dies for the coinage shall be furnished by or at the expense of the Government applying for the coinage.
The coinage shall be executed from time to time, bnt shall not interfere with the necessary coinage of United States coins.
From each delivery of coin by the coiner the Superintendent shall take, withont selection or weighiug, two coius of each denomination and forward them to the Director of the Mint monthly for test and assay.
Upon payment to the Superintendent of the Mint of the charges fixed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Superintendent shall deliver from time to time to the agent of the Government the coins as struck, not exceeding the nominal sum for which the coinage has been authorized containing the same yumber of fine ounces of bullion or metal as were received for coinage.
Should bullion furnished for such coinage require refining or toughening, the charges will be imposed usually collected for those operatious on similar bullion.
The moneys received in payment of the charge for executing such coinage will be deposited in the lireasury and applied to reimburse the appropriations from which the expenses incurred way appear to have been paid.
Any necessary instructions as to details for carrying into effect the foregoing regulations will be given by the Director of the Mint.
After the completion of the authorized coinage the dies furnished the Superintendent for its execution shall be forwarded by him to the Director of tbe Mint, who shall canse them to be defaced or returned to the Government for which the coinage was executed, if so requested by its oficial representative at Waskington.
H. F. FRENCH,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.
XXIII. - TABLE showing the NUMBER of PIECES, and FINENESS of EACH, of the COINAGE of the calendar year 1883, ASSAYED at the ANNOAL ASSA Y and MONTHLY at the MINT BUREAV.

GOLD.

| Fineness. | Philadelphia. |  | San Francisco. |  | Carson. |  | New Orleans. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. |
| - ' | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. |
| 900.3 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 900.2 |  |  | 4 | 1 | 2 | . | . |  |
| 900.1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 900. standard. . . . |  | 3 |  | 15 | 4 | 4 | . |  |
| 899.9 .............. | 6 | 2 | 3 | 16 |  | 7 | --...... |  |
| 899.8 |  | 2 | 2 | 13 |  | 5 |  |  |
| 899.7 ............... | 1 |  | 1 | 14 |  |  | 1 | ......... |
| 899.6 ............... | 1 |  | 4 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 899. 5 ............. | 1. |  | 1 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |
| 899.4. |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 899.3 |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |
| 899.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 899.1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Total pieces | 17 | 8 | 16 | 77 | 15 | 17 | 1 | 1 |
| Average fineness | 899.9 | 899,93 | 899.86 | 899.79 | 900.13 | 899.87 | ${ }^{899.7}$ | 899.2 |

XXHE-TABLE showing the NOMBER of PIECES, and FINENESS of EACH, of the COINAGE of the calendar year 1883, ASSAYED at the $A N N U A L A S S A Y$ and MONTHLY at the MINT BOREAU-Continued.

SILVER:

| Fineness. | Philadelphia. |  | San Francisco. |  | Carson. |  | New Orleans. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. | Annual. | Monthly. |
| ' | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieees. | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces. |
| 902. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 901.9. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 901.8. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 901.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 901.6 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| 901. 5... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 901.4... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 901. 3 901.2 | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 901.2 \\ & 901.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | . .-......... |
| $901.1 .$ |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 900.9 |  | 6 | - 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 900.8 |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 900.7. | 1 | 9 | - 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 2 | .......... |
| 900.6 |  |  | ......... |  |  | 1 | ......... | 1 |
| 900.5 900.4 |  | 17 | $1$ | 1 | $\because$ | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 900.3 | 1 | 20 | .......... | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 4 3 |
| 900.2. | 1 | 43 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 900. 1 ............... |  | 5 |  | 2 |  | 4 |  | 3 |
| 900 standard. . . . . . | 2 | 68 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 4 | .......... | 4 |
| 899.9. |  | 6 |  | 8 |  | 3 |  |  |
| 899.8 | 3 | 27 | 3 | 4 | .......... | 4 | 2 | 10 |
| 899.7. |  | 14 |  | 5 |  | 2 |  | 3 |
| 899.6 | 2 | 45 | 1 | , 8 | 1 |  | 2 | 13 |
| 899.5 |  | 16 |  | $\pm 4$ |  | 2 |  | 5 |
| 899.4. |  | 4 |  | ${ }^{\cdot} 1$ |  |  |  | 1 |
| 899.3. . . . . . . . . . . | 3 | 46 | 1 | $\therefore 3$ |  | $\because$ | 1 | 6 |
| 899.2 $899.1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 1 | 3 27 | 2 | $\begin{array}{r}\square \\ \therefore \quad 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| 899. |  | 1 |  | - 4 |  | 1 | ........... | 2 |
| 898.9 |  | 7 | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  | ......... 2 | 4 |
| - 898.8. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 898.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 898.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 898.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 898.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| $898.3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $898.2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | 3 |
| 898.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 898. |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 897.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 897. 8. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 897.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 897.6....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 897.5. ................. |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| $\therefore$ Total pieces | 18 | 392 | 18 | 79 | 18 | 36 | 16 | ' 90 |
| Average fineness. | . 899.90 | 899.85 | 899.74 | 899.78 | 900.46 | 900, 19 | 900.03 | 899.57 |

## XXIV．－TABLE showing the PERCENTAGE of PIECES of EACH TITLE of FINE－ NESS of the WHOLE NUMBER ASSAYED at the ANNUAL ASSAY and MONTH－ LY at the MINT BUREAU．

GOLD．

| Fineness． | Philadelphia． |  | San Francisco． |  | Carson． |  | New Orleans． |  | Total． |  | Total． <br> 皆 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 霖 } \\ \text { 品 } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 官 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 俗 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 突 } \\ \text { 自 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 豆 } \\ & \underset{y}{\mid} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 薄 } \\ & \text { 夏 } \end{aligned}$ | 罟 | 空 |  |
|  | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | $\boldsymbol{P}$ ．ct． | $P$ ．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | $P . c t$. | $P$ ．ct． |
| 900.4 |  |  |  |  | 6.67 |  |  |  | 6． 67 |  | 6． 67 |
| 900.3 |  |  |  |  | 13.33 |  |  |  | 18.33 |  | 13． 33 |
| 900.2 |  |  | 25． 00 | 1.30 | 13.38 |  |  |  | 38． 33 | 1． 30 | 39．60 |
| 900.1 | 5.88 | 12． 50 | 6.25 | 1.30 | 40.00 |  |  |  | 52.03 | 13．80 | 65． 83 |
| 900 standard | 41． 18 | 37.50 |  | 19.48 | 26． 67 | 23.53 |  |  | 67.85 | 70.51 | 138．36 |
| 899.9. | 35.30 | 25． 00 | 18．75 | 20.78 |  | 41． 18 |  |  | 54.05 | 86.96 | 141． 01 |
| 899.8. |  | 25.00 | 12.50 | 16.88 |  | 29.41 |  |  | 12.50 | 71． 29 | 83.79 |
| 899．7．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 5.88 |  | 6.25 | 18.18 |  |  | 100.00 |  | 112.13 | 18.18 | 130．31 |
| 899.6 | 5.88 |  | 25.00 | 9.09 |  |  |  |  | 30.88 | 9.09 | 39.97 |
| 899.5 | 5.88 |  | 6． 25 | 9． 09 |  | 5.88 |  |  | 12.13 | 14． 97 | 27． 10 |
| 899.4. |  |  |  | 2.60 |  |  |  |  |  | 2． 60 | 2． 60 |
| 899.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 899.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100．00 |  | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| 899：1． |  |  |  | 1．30） |  |  |  |  |  | 1． 30 | 1． 30 |
| Average fineness ．． | 899.9 | 899.93 | 899.86 | 899．79 | 900.13 | 899.87 | ；899． 7 | 899.2 |  |  |  |
| Melted in mass | 900.0 |  | 809.7 |  | 900.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SILVER


XXIV．TABLE showing the PERCENTAGE of PIECES of EACH TITLE of FINE－ NESS of the WHOLU NUMBER ASSA YED at the ANNUAL ASSAY and MONTH－ LY at the MINT BUREAU－Continued．

## SILVER．

| Fineness． | Philadelphia．San Francisco． |  |  |  | Carson． |  | New Orleans． |  | Total． |  | Total． <br> تin H H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 豆 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { By } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 哥 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | 竧 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { a } \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 | 官 | 喿 |  | 奢 |  |
|  | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．et． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． | P．ct． |
| 897.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 897.5 |  |  |  | 1.27 |  |  |  |  |  | 116 | ． 15 |
| －Average fineness． | 899.90 | 899.85 | 899.74 | 899.78 | 900.46 | 900． 19 | 900.03 | 899.57 |  |  |  |
| Melted in mass＇． | 900.0 |  | 900.2 |  | 900.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## MXV．－ASSAY of JAPANESE COINS．

## Legation of Japan，

Washington，28th of 8 th month，serenteenth year of Meiji．
Sir：In compliance with the request of His Imperial Majesty＇s minister of finance I have the honor to transmit herewith several specimens of the gold and silver coin－ age of the Japanese mint for one year from the July of 1883 to the June of 1884，and beg that you will request the honorable the Secretary of the Treasury to add to the obli－ gations under which he has already placed my Government by his courteous compli－ ance with similar applications in the past，by directing that the same be assayed at the United States mint．

According to the letter of the assayer of the imperial mint，a copy of which I have the honor to inclose，the accompanying packet contains one five－yen gold piece of the pyx of 1883 and two of the pyx of 1884，and one cutting from a gold bar；also three onc－yen silver pieces of the pyx of 1883 ，two of the pyx of 1884 ，and one specimen of silver yen grauulation．
Accept，sir，the renemed assurance of my highest consideration．
NaITO RUIJIRO．
Hon．Frederick T．Frelinghuysen，
Secretary of State．
The Imperial Mint， Assay Department，July 8， 1884.
Dear Sir：Three five－yen and five silver yen coins selected this day by his excellency Matsukata Masayosbi，minister of finance，from the pyx pieces representing the coin－－ age of the mint for the financial year 1883－＇84 bave been individnally assayed by me．
Ninety－six of the remaining five－yen coins were melted together and cast into a bar；a cutting was taken from this bar and assayed．
Two hundred of silver yen coins were melted together，and a＂dip＂was taken from the molten metal and granulated and the granules were assayed．
The results are as follows：
No．1．Gold five－yeu coin，December 14， 1883 ..... 900.0
No，2．Gold tive－yen coin，February 15， 1884. ..... 900.1
No．3．Gold five－jen coin，May 28， 1884 ..... 900.0
No．4．Gold five－yen cuttiug from bar ..... 900.0
No．1．Silver yen coin，July $28,18 \times 3$ ． ..... 900.5
No．2．Silver yeu coin，August 22， 1883 ..... 900.9
No．3．Silver yen coin，December 20， 1883 ..... 900.3
No．4．Silver yeu coin，February 27， 1884 ..... 900.2
No．5．Silver yen coin，May 28， 1884 ..... 900.2
No．6．Silver yen dip，granulated ..... 900.2

Each coin, dip, and cutting was divided into four parts; one part was assayed by me as above, and the otber' three parts were separately sealed up in your presence and delivered to yon. In every case the fineness of the coins is within the limits of the deviation permitted by law.

I have the honor to be; sir, your obedient servant,
WILLIAM GOWLAND, F. C. S., Associate of the Royal School of Mines.

## The Commissioner of the Mint.

0
Treasury Department,
Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C., October 1, 1884.
Sir: The following is the result of assays of the pyx coins sent from the imperial mint of Japan, handed me by you for assay. I also give the assay of the imperial mint of Japan :


Yery respectfully,

Hon. Horatio C. Burchard,
Director of the Mint.

W. P. LAWVER, Assayer Mint Bureau.

## KXVE:STATEMENT of IMPORTS and EXPORTS of GOLD and SILTER during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

IMPORTS.

| Ports. | Gold. |  |  | Silver: |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bullion. | Coin. |  | Brllion. | Coin. |  |  |
|  |  | American. | Foreign. |  | American. | Foreigu. |  |
| - NEW XORK. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July, 1883 | \$8,522 | \$21, 596 | \$190,724 | \$2, 140 | \$21, 432 | \$380, 898 | \$625,312 |
| Angust, 1883 | 10,847 | 495, 830 | 1, 278,735 | 2, 202 | 29, 717 | 856, 891 | 2, 674, 222 |
| September, 1883 | 491,558 | 61,506 | 801,613 | 2, 500 | 52, 392 | 739, 397 | 2, 148, 966 |
| October, 1883 | 691, 972 | 181, 518 | 1, 373, 964 | 1,000 | 80, 940 | 769,558 | 3, 098, 952 |
| November, 1883 | 1, 525, 962 | 365, 166 | 1, 737, 942 | 4,252 | 50, 425 | 535, 631 | 4, 219, 378 |
| December, 1883. | 130, 287 | 155, 549 | 408, 895 | 2, 303 | 59, 915 | 349, 978 | 1, 101,927 |
| January, 1884 | 14, 044 | 14,268 | 32,375 | 23, 160 | 50, 364 | 404, 231 | 538,442 |
| February, 1884 | 18. 945 | 24, 165 | 12,845 | 3,330 | 55,051 | 334, 508 | 448, 844 |
| March, 1884 | 12,514 | 17, 830 | 179, 181 | 2,000 | 141,554. | 233, 381 | 586,460 |
| April, 1884. | 18,943 | 11, 518 | 2, 736, 335 | 6,921 | 25, 926 | 198, 076 | 2, 997,719 |
| May, 1884 | 13, 074 | 119, 067 | 142, 295 | 9,410 | 22, 474 | 308, 125 | 514,445 |
| June, 1884 | 25,890 | 59,951 | 1,932,830 | 9,210 | 36, 415 | 216, 762 | 2, 281, 058 |
| Total | 2, 962, 558 | 1, 527, 964 | 10,822,784 | 68, 428 | 626, 605 | 5, 227, 436 | 21, 235, 725 |
| July, 1883 | 50, 223 | 9, 162 | 119, 620 | 177, 386 | 1,220 | 166, 807 | 524, 418 |
| Augusi. 1883 | 88, 723 | 500 | 25,509 | 187, 367 | 3, 400 | 152, 100 | 457, 599 |
| September, 1883 | 238,516 | 150 | 621, 543 | 9,910 | 2,324 | 163, 292 | 1, 035, 735 |
| October, 1883 | 808, 706 | 4,112 | 867, 127 | 168,962 | 2, 156 | 99, 874 | 1,950,937 |
| November, 1883. | 213, 437 | 4, 050 | 515, 183 | 22I, 644 | 1, 982 | 150,406 | 1, 106, 702 |
| December, 1883 | 222, 742 | 1,458 | 68, 909 | 95, 108 | 3, 663 | 329, 644 | 721, 524 |
| Januar.f, 1884. | 102,992 | 3,860 | 348, 023 | 154, 326 | 4,297 | 149,756 | 763, 254 |
| Eebruary, 1884 | 63, 020 | 1,029 | 150, 132 | 148, 966 | 2, 200 | 133,500 | 498, 847 |
| March, 1884 | 13,050 | 2,000 | 113, 099 | 187, 513 | 1, 208 | 180,718 | 497, 588 |
| April, 1884 | 35, 606 | 6,900 | 152, 850 | 149, 553 | 14, 890 | 153, $9: 33$ | 513, 732 |
| May, 1884 | 32, 200 | 1,185 | 52, 867 | 200, 742 | 2,147 | 106, 073 | 395, 214 |
| June, 1884 | 39, 028 | 2,800 | 4,902 | 97, 112 | 1, 329 | 92, 574 | 237, 745 |
| Total | 1, 908, 243 | 37, 206 | 3,039,764 | 1,798, 589 | 40,816 | 1,878, 677 | 8,703, 295 |
| ALl OTHEA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July, 1883 |  | 857 | 29, 050 | 90, 245 |  | 277, 099 | 397, 251 |
| Aligust, 1883 |  | 15, 800 | 61, 410 | 43,471 | 100 | 238, 636 | 359, 317 |
| September, 1883 | 2, 049 | 341 | 15,996 | 36,500 | 1,354 | 198,537 | 254, 777 |
| October, 1883 | 4,676 | 321, 920 | 7,435 | 125, 738 |  | 207, 321 | 667, 090 |
| November, 1883...... | 765 | 513 | , 1, 500 | 263, 570 | 182 | 267, 812 | 533, 642 |
| December, 1883. | 7,117 | 50 | 13, 205 | 134, 714 | 1,200 | 462, 464 | 618,750 |
| January, 1884. | 6,871 |  | 2,980 | 68, 283 | 6, 699 | 302, 126 | 386,952 |
| February, 1884 | 2,696 | 147,500 | 1, 072 | 22, 874 | 1,600 | 174, 026 | 350, 668 |
| March, 1884 | 2,400 | 561, 026 | 2, 107 | 59, 406 | 793 | 397, 101 | 1, 022, 827 |
| April, 1884 | 43,984 | 2, 163 | 2,130 | 70,390 | 400 | 386, 186 | 505, 258 |
| May, 1884 | 51, 317 | 1,207, 990 | 6,536 | 51, 463 | 1,906 | 464, 355 | 1,783, 567 |
| June, $1884 . . . . . . . . . .$. | 5, 595 | 1,638 | I, 965 | 76,780 | 4,534 | 516, 636 | 607, 148 |
| Total | 126, 770 | 2,259, 792 | 146, 286 | 1, 043, 434 | 18,761 | 3,892, 199 | 7, 487, 242 |
| Total imports | 4, 997, 571 | 3, 824, 962 | 14, 008, 784 | 2,910,451 | 686, 182 | 10, 998, 312 | 37, 426, 262 |

XKWI.-STATEMENT of LMPORTS and EXPORTS of GOLD and SILVER during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-Continued.

EXPORTS (DOMESTIC).

| Ports. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bullion. | Coin. | blion. | Coin. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Trade dollars. | Other. |  |
| NEW YORK. |  |  |  |  | . |  |
| July, 1883 |  | \$34, 661 | \$550, 080 |  | \$1,753 | \$586, 494 |
| August, 1883 | 1,200 | 79,267 | 628, 545 | \$117, 500 | 59,080 | 885, 592 |
| September, 188 | 2,500 | 81, 000 | 833, 400 |  | 54, 000 | 970.900 |
| Qctober, 1883. | 1,900 | 43,475 | 397, 762 | 63,000 | 226, 300 | 73:437 |
| November, 1883 | 2, 600 | 38,650 | 680, 879 | 20,000 | 8, 800 | 750, 929 |
| December, 1883. | 6, 139 | 156, 006 | 643, 071 |  | 67, 674 | 872, 890 |
| January, 1884 | 3, 000 | 60,895 | 807,636 |  |  | 931, 531 |
| Febranry, 1884 | 6,000. | 2, 263, 224 | 1, 114, 010 |  | 3,450 | 3, 386, 684 |
| Mareh, 1884. | 6, 375, 362 | 4, 060, 303 | 794, 137 | 25, 000 | 16,017 | 11, 270, 819 |
| April, 1884 | 16, 207, 279 | 3, 638, 632 | 584, 054 |  |  | 20, 409,965 |
| May, 1884 | 371, 676 | 431, 900 | 691, 485 |  | 1,000 | 1,496, 061 |
| Junc, 1884 | 2, 240 | 67,000 | 655, 606 |  |  | 724,846 |
| 'l'ota) | 22, 979, 896 | 10, 955, 013 | 8,440, 665 | 225,500 | 438, 074 | 43, 039, 148 |
| July, 1883 | 3,894 | 25, 615 | \$172, 368 |  | 750 | 212, 627 |
| August. 1883 | 7,104 | 30, 117 | 575,615 | -......... | 19, 000 | 631, 836 |
| September, 1888 | . 440 | 110, 405 | 310, 453 |  |  | 421, 298 |
| October, 1883 | 3,783 | 82, 372 | 359, 900 |  | 1,300 | 447,355 |
| November, 1883 | 5,783 | 100, 175 | 327, 725 |  |  | 433, 683 |
| December, 1883 | 2, 608 | 68, 106 | 931, 695 |  | 800 | 1,003, 209 |
| Jamuary, 1884 | 45,696 | 12.525 | 680, 275 |  | 350 | 738, 846 |
| February, 1884 |  | 35, 715 | 588, 168 |  |  | 623, 883 |
| March, 1881 |  | 24, 550. | 287, 860 |  |  | 312, 410 |
| A pril, 1884 | 213 | 23, 655 | 618, 426 |  |  | 642, 314 |
| May, 1884 | 1,549 | 47, 005 | 505, 800 |  |  | 554, 354 |
| June, 1884 | 1,217 | 15,648 | 442, 100 |  |  | 458,965 |
| Total | 72,287 | 585,908 | 5,800, 385 |  | 22, 200 | 6,480 780 |
| all, other ports. |  |  | , |  |  |  |
| July, 1883 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August, 1.883 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September, 1883 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October, 1883. |  |  |  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| November, 1883 |  | 251, 000 |  |  |  | 251,000 |
| December, 1883 |  | 150, 000 |  |  | 3,000 | 153, 000 |
| Jamuary, 1884 |  |  |  |  | 448 | 448 |
| Fobruary, 1884 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marcb, 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April, 1884 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May, 1884 |  | 300, 000 |  |  | 159 | 300, 159 |
| June, 1884 |  | 100 |  |  |  | 100 |
| Total |  | 701, 100 |  |  | 4, 607 | 705,707 |
| Totaldomestic exports | 23, 052, 183 | 12,242, 021 | 14, 241, 050 | 225,500 | 464, 881 | 50, 225, 635 |

XXVI.-STATEMENT of IMPORTS and EXPORTS of GOLD and SILVER during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-Continued.

EXPORTS (FOREIGN).


是XUIT.-PRECIOUS METALS USED in the ARTS and MANOFACTURES in the UNITED STATES.

A.<br>United States Assay Office, New Yonk City, Superintendent's Office, September 30, 1884.

Deposits of gold and silver bullion for bars which have been used in the arts and mannfactures during the fiscal year from July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884, appear as follows, viz:

| Deposits- | Gold. | Silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Of United States coin | \$1, 17125 | \$1,833 73 |
| Of foreign coin... | 97, 46506 | 63,184 30 |
| Of foreign bullion. | 250, 22514 | , 359,823 81 |
| Of plate, \&c... | 713,099 05 | 166,625 67 |
| Of domestic bullion | 3, 553, 15764 | 4, 614,529 46 |
| Total | 4, 615, 11814 | 5, 205,996 97 |
| Large gold bars exchanged for gold coin and redeposited for small bars, $\$ 1,260,942.27$, less the charges and fractions paid in gold coin. . | 1, 259,893 58 |  |
| Total | \$5, 875, 01172 |  |

## B.

Statement showing the value and character of the gold and silver used in the arts and manufactures during the calendar year 1883, as reported by the persons and firms who had been addressed.

GOLD.

| Manafactures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Watch-cases | 32 | \$575, 812 | \$2, 976,550 | \$38, 101 | \$1,508 | \$520 | \$5,817 | 33, 598, 308 |
| Watch chains | 14 | 374, 997 | 286, 884 | 1,907 | 600 | 135, 410 | 27, 202 | 827, 000 |
| Dental supplies | 7 | 700 | 33, 437 | 3775 |  |  |  | 37, 912 |
| Pens........ | 14 | 14,578 | 90, 325 | 6, 100 | 5,227 | 2, 134 | $27,560$ | 145, 924 |
| Instruments | 45 51 | 68 178,424 | 792, 551 | 3,568 57 5 | 6,816 | 621 6,700 | $\begin{array}{r} 942 \\ 42,835 \end{array}$ | 5,199 $1,084,824$ |
| Plate | 219 | 379, 291 | 67, 928 | 5, 500 | 590 | 8, 933 | 66, 626 | 528, 868 |
| Spectacles. | 41 | 192, 400 | 7, 169 | 8,830 | 1,315 | 4,987 | 727 | 215, 428 |
| Chemicals. | 27 | 7,438 | 7, 685 | 3,551 | 550 | 207 | 12, 180 | 31, 611 |
| Jewelry and watch supplies | 11 | 24,498. | 13,983 | 9,123 |  | 1,569 | 30, 054 | 79, 227 |
| Jewelry and watches | 2, 273 | 3, 125, 738 | 2, 861, 149 | 738, 688 | 177, 794 | 541,306 | 458, 745 | 7,905, 163 |
| Total | 2,734 | 4, 875, 587 | 7, 137,661 | 876.641 | 194,400 | 702, 387 | 672, 688 | 14, 459, 464 |

YXVEH.-PRECIOUS METALS USED in the ARTS and MANUFACTURES in the UNITED STATES-Continued.

SIL $\nabla$ ER.

| Manufactures. | - K!̣o soluqs peq!ů | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stamped United States } \\ \text { or refinery bars. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Old jewelry, plate, and } \\ & \text { other old material. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Watch-cases | \$35, 200 | \$1, 777, 193 | \$31, 937 | \$219 | \$1,000 | \$50 | \$1, 845, 599 | \$5, 443, 907 |
| Watch cbains. | 524 | : 14,768 |  |  | 6,790 | 1,462 | 23,544 | 850,544 |
| Dental supplie | 450 | 6, 060 |  |  |  | 228 | 6, 738 | 44, 650 |
| Pens. | 216 | 4, 254 | 100 | ], 655 | 505 |  | 6,730 | 152, 654 |
| Instruments | 931 | 3,752 | 693 | 755 | 864 | 6,985 | 13,990 | 19, 189 |
| Leaf | 11 | 22,697 | 4, 107 | 300 | $\varepsilon 35$ | 18,933 | 46,883 | 1, 131, 707 |
| Plate | 16,856 | 1, 710,515 | 40,761 | 7, 690 | 8, 495 | 281, 977 | 2, 066, 294 | 2, 595, 162 |
| Spectactes | 3,631 | 16, 461 | 1,254 | 205 | 250 | 1,981 | 23, 782 | 239, 210 |
| Cbemicals ........... | , | 375,429 | 35, 554 - | 500 | 1,580 | 3,347 | 416,419 | 448, 030 |
| Jewelry and watchm supplies. | 245 | 4, 806 | 800 |  | 1,505 | 975 | 8, 331 | 87, 558 |
| Jewelry and watehes | 158, 564 | 616, 237 | 106, 745 | 142, 949 | 49, 733 | 23,992 | 1,098, 220 | 9, 003, 383 |
| Total | 216, 637 | 4,552, 172 | 221,951 | 154, 273 | 71,557 | 339,940 | 5,556,580 | 20, 015, 994 |

c.

Character and value of the precious metals reported by manufaciurers, jewelers, and others, used by them during the calendar year 1883.

| Character. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States coin | \$4, 875, 587 | \$216,637 | \$5, 092, 224 |
| Stamped United States or refinery bars | 7, 137, 761 | 4, 552. 172 | 11, 689, 933 |
| Old jewerly, plate, and other old material | 876,641 | 221, 951 | 1, 098, 592 |
| Foreign coin............-............ | 194, 400 | 154, 273 | 348,673 |
| Native grains, nuggets, \&c | 702, 387 | 71, 557 | 773, 944 |
| Wire or rolled plate.... | 672,688 | 339,940 | 1, 012, 628 |
| Valne | 14, 459, 464 | 5, 556,530 | 20,015,904 |

MXWEHE.-CIRCULAR, ESTIMATING AND PROCLAIMING, IN UNITED states money of account, the valoes of the standard coins in clrculation of tee various nations of the world.

Departimert No. 1. $\}$
Secretary's Office. $\}$

## Treasury Department,

Bulieau of the Mint,
Washington, D. C., January 1, 1884.
SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 3564 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, I have estimated the valnes of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world, and submit the same in the accompauying table.

- Very respectfully,

HORATIO C. BURCHARD,
Divector.
Hon. Chas. J. Folger,
Secretary of the Treasury.

## ESTIMATE of FALUES of FOREIGN COINS.

| Country. | Monetary unit. | Standarl. |  | Standard coin. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic ..... | Peso................... | Gold and silver . | \$0. 96, 5 | $\frac{1}{20}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{1}{2}$, and 1 peso, $\frac{1}{2}$ argentine, and argentine. |
| Anstria | Florin | Silver | . 39.8 |  |
| Belowium | Franc | Gold and silver | . 19, 3 | 5,10 and 20 frances. |
| Bolivia: | Boliviano | Silver........... | . 80, 6 | Bolivjano. |
| Brazil. | Milreis of 1,000 reis. | Gold. | . 54,6 |  |
| British Possessions in North America. | Dollar . . . . . . . . . . . | do | 1. 00 |  |
| Chili. | Peso | Gold and silver | . 91,2 | Condor, doubloon, and escudo. |
| Cuba. | Peso | . .do | . 93,2 | $\frac{1}{16}$ |
| Denmarls | Croryn | Gold | . 26,8 | 10 and 20 crowns. . |
| Ecuador | Peso | Silver | .80, 6 | Peso. |
| Egypt | Piaster | Gold | . 04,9 | $5,10,25,50$, and 100 pias. ters. |
| France | Frane | Gold and silver. | . 19, 3 | 5,10 and 20 francs. |
| German Empire | Mark. ................ | Gold. | . 23, 3 | 5, 10, and 20 marks. |
| Great Britain | Pound sterling........ | ..do | 4.86, 6 k | $\frac{1}{2}$ sovereign and sovereign. |
| Greece..................... | Drachma | Gold and silver . | 19,3 | $5,10,20,50, \text { and } 100$ |
| Hayti | Gonrde | Gold and silver. | . 96.5 | 1, 2, 5, and 10 gourdes. |
| India | Rupee of 16 annas... | Silver............ | . 38, 3 |  |
| Italy...................... | Lira ................... | Gold and silver | . 19, 3 | 5, 10. 20, 50, and 100 lire. |
| Japan . . . . . . - . . . . . . . . . | Yen | Silver. | . 86, 9 | 1, 2,5,10, and 20 yen, gold and silver yen. |
| Liberia | Dollar | Gold . | 1. 00 |  |
| Mexico | Dollar | Silver | . 87,5 | Peso of dollar, 5, 10, 25, and 50 centavo. |
| Netherlands | Florin | Gold and silver. | . 40,2 |  |
| Norway | Crown | Gold . . . . . . . . . . | . 26, 8 | 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Peru | Sol. | Silver........... | .80, 6 | Sol. |
| Portugal | Milreis of 1,000 reis... | Gold | 1. 08 | 2, 5, and 10 milreis. |
| Russia | Rouble of 100 copecks. | Silver........... | . 64, 5 | $\frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{2}$, and 1 rouble. |
| Spain | Peseta of 100 centimes. | Gold and silver. | . 19, 3 | $5,10,20,50$, and 100 pesetas. |
| Sweden. | Crown | Gold ............. | . 26, 8 | 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Switzerland | Franc................ : | Gold and silver - | . 19, 3 | 5,10 and 20 francs. |
| Tripoli | Mahbab of 20 piasters. | Silver. | . 72, 7 |  |
| Turkey . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Piaster . . . . . . .......... | Gold | . 04,4 | $25,50,100,250$, and 500 piasters. |
| United States of Colombia | Peso. | Silver | . 80, 6 | Peso. |
| Venezuela.................. | Bolivar . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Gold and silver | . 19, 3 | $5,10,20,50$, and 100 Bolivar. |

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., January 1, 1884.
The foregoing, estimation, made by the Director of the Mint, of the value of the foreign coins above meutioned, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins expressed in the money of account of the United States, and to be taken in estimating the values of all foreign merchandise, made out in any of said curreucies, imported on or after January 1, 1884.

CEIAS. J. FOLGER, Secretary of the Treasury.
XXIX.-WORLD'S PRODUCTION of GOLD and SILVER.

| Conntries. | 1881. |  |  |  | 1882. |  |  |  | 1883. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
|  | $\underline{\text { Kilos. }}$ | Dollars. | Kilos. | Dollars. | Kilos. | Dollars. | Kilos. | Dollars. | Filos. | Dollars. | Kilos. | Dollars. |
| United States. | 53, ${ }^{5612}$ | ${ }_{\text {34, }}^{34,700,000}$ | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 234, } \\ 7 \\ 7\end{array}$ | 43, 000,000 | 48,902 | 32, 500, 000 | 1, 126. 083 | 46, 800,000 | 45,140 $+35,913$ | 30, 000, 000 | 1, 111, 4.57 | 46, 200, 000 |
| Australia | - ${ }_{\text {¢ } 46,178}$ | 30, 690, 000 | ¢3, 970 | 161,983 | - 43,550 | 28, 943,217 | - 2,475 | -322, 878 | ${ }^{+39,873}$ | 26, 500,000 | \$1,924 | 323,427 80,000 |
| Mexico | 111, 292 | 858, 909 | 11665, 918 | 27,675, 540 | 1,409 | 936, 223 | 703,508 | 29, 237, 798 | 1,438 | 955, 639 | 711, 347 | 29, 568, 576 |
| Germany | 9350 | 232, 610 | a186, 990 | 7,771.304 | 376 | 249,890 | 214, 982 | . 8, 934, 652 | 457 | 303, 722 | 230, 694 | 9, 589,300 |
| Austria-Hungary | 1,867 | 1,240, 808 | 31, 359 | 1, 303, 280 | bl, 580 | 1, 050, 068 | b47, 118 | 1, 958. 224 | 1,638 | 1, 088.615 | 48,708 | 2, 024,645 |
| Sweden. |  | 665 | 1,176 | 48, 875 | 17 | 11, 298 | 1,500 | 62, 350 | 37 | 24, 590 | 1,583 | 65, 810 |
| Norway |  |  | 4,812 | 199,987 |  |  | . 893 | 244, 954 |  |  | 5, 645 | 234,645 |
| ${ }_{\text {Italy }}$ | d109 | 72, 375 | ${ }^{\text {a }} 432$ | 17,949 | d109 | 72, 375 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 17, 949 | d109 | 72, 375 | ${ }^{4} 432$ | 17, 949 |
| Spain |  |  | e74, 1, 719 | $3,096,220$ 71,441 | 10 |  | $c 74,500$ 2,164 | $3,096,220$ 89 8916 | *10 |  | e74, 500 | 3, ${ }^{896,220}$ |
| Argentine Repa | $f 118$ | 78,546 | f10, 109 | 420, 225 | $f 118$ | 78,546 | f 10,109 | 420, 225 | $f 118$ | 78,546 | f 10.109 | 89,916 |
| Colombia. | f6, 019 | 4, 000,000 | $f 24,057$ | 1,000, 000 | 5,802 | 3, 856, 000 | 18, 283 | 760, 000 | *5, 802 | 3, 856, 000 | - 18, 283 | 760, ${ }^{420} \mathbf{2 0 0}$ |
| Bolivia | 109 | 72, 375 | 264, 677 | 11,000,000 |  | 72, 375 | g264, 677 | 11,000,000 | g109 | 72, 375 | 384, 923 | 16, 000,000 |
| Cbili | 194 | 128, 869 | 122, 275 | 5, 081, 747 | ${ }^{245}$ | 163,000 | 128, 106 | 5, 325, 000 | *245 | 163,000 | *128, 106 | 5,325,000 |
| Brazil | 1,116 | 741, 694. |  |  | g1, 116 | 741,694 |  |  | 952 | 632, 520 |  |  |
| Japan | ${ }^{7} 702$ | 466, 548 | $f 22,046$ | 916, 400 | ${ }^{7} 702$ | 466. 548 | f 22,046 | 916, 400 | 181 | 120, 080 | 8,488 | 353,825 |
| Africa.... | a3, 000 | 1, 993, 800 |  |  | a3, 000 | 1,993, 800 |  |  | a3, 000 | 1, 993, 800 |  |  |
| Venezafla | e3, 423 | 2, 274, 692 |  |  | 3, 904 | 2,595, 077 |  |  | c5, 022 | 3, 338, 058 |  |  |
| Domiuion of Cana | 1,648 | 1, 094, 926 | 1,641 | 68,205 | g1, 648 | 1,094, 926 | $g 1,641$ | $\begin{array}{r} 68,205 \\ 594,053 \end{array}$ | 1,435 | 954,000 | g1, 641 | 68, 205 |
| Total | 155, 016 | 103, 023, 078 | 2, 458, 322 | 102, 168, 354 | 148, 510 | 98, 899, 588 | 2, 645,589 | 109, 952, 251 | 141,479 | 94, 027, 901 | 2, 747,785 | 114, 217, 733 |

* Estimated same as official statement for 1882.
$\dagger$ Ofticial for Victoria and New South Wales, with estimated production of the other provinces.
$\ddagger$ The mean of the official production for 1880 and 1882
$\$$ Amonnt parted from deposits at the Sydney and Melbourue mints
Coinage and export.
IT Estimated same as official statement 1880.
Estimated by Dr. A. Soetbeer.
$b$ Official for Hungary, with fornoer anmual ofticial production for A astria added.
$c$ Report of Consul Dalton, Consular Reports for May, 1884, page 394.
d Estimated same as official statement for 1877
e Estimated same as official statement for 1880.
$g$ Estimated same as official statement for 1881,
XXX.-COINAGE of VARIOUS COUNTRIES.


KXXE.-CIRCULATION-Continued.

| Countries. | Population. |  | Date for which circulation is stated. | Paper. | Specie. |  |  |  | Total paper currency and specie. | Per capita. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year. | Latest. |  |  | Gold. | Silver, full legal tender. | Silver, limited tender. | Total. |  | Papr. | Specie. |
| United States | 1880 | 50, 155, 783 | Oct. 1, 1884 | \$873, 426, 755 | \$610, 500, 000 | \$187, 000, 000. | \$75, 000, 000 | \$ $872,500,000$ | \$1, 745, 926, 755 | \$17.41 | \$19.39 |
| Great Britain and Ireland. | 1881 | 35, 246, 562 | July 26, 1854 | *197, 818, 139 | +583, 500, 000 |  | $95,000,000$ | 678, 500, 000 | 876, 318, 139 | 5.61 | 19. 25 |
| Dominion of Canada, including Manitoba and Newfoundland $\qquad$ | 1881 | 4, 506, 563 | June 30, 1884 | 5, 770, 084 |  |  | 54,500,000 | 26,000 | 59, 596, 084 | 15 | 3. 07 |
| British India .... | 1881 | 252, 541, 210 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §ु62, 383, 126 |  | $111,037,000,000$ |  | 1, 037, 000, 000 | 1, 099, 383, 126 | 24 | 4.10 |
| Ceylon | 1881 | 2, 758, 166 | ■ec. 31, 1883 | §1, 563, 300 |  | §772, 000 |  | 772, 000 | 2, 335, 300 | 57 | . 28 |
| Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand. | 1881 | 2, 798, 898 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §26, 010, 722 | §65, 000, 000 |  | §5, 000, 000 | 70, 000,000 | 96,010,722 | 9.03 | 25. 01 |
| Cape of Good Hope | 1880 | 780,757 | Dec. 81, 1883 | - $¢ 5,637,000$ | \$30, 000, 000 |  | ¢2, 441, 000 | 32, 411, 000 | 38,078, 000 | 7.22 | 41. 54 |
| France | 1881 | 37, 672, 048 | Sopt. 18, 1884 | **548, 061, 912 | +848, 000, 000 | 1537; 000, 000 | 57, 900, 000 | 1, 442, 900, 000 | 1,990, 961, 912 | 14. 55 | 38. 30 |
| Algiers. | 1877 | 2, 867, 626 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §12, 352, 000 | §9,300, 000 | §5, 915, 000 |  | 15, 215, 000 | 27, 567, 000 | 4. 30 | 5.30 |
| Guadeloup | 1878 | 185, 460 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 965, 750 | 381, 000 | 281, 000 |  | 662,000 | 1,627, 750 | 5. 21 | 23. 52 |
| Belgium. | 1881 | 5, 585, 846 | Sept. 11, 1884 | **62, 826, 515 | †64, 000, 000 | $\ddagger 53,000,000$ | 6, 500, 000 | 123, 500, 000 | 186, 326, 515 | 12.11 | 11. 81 |
| Switzerla | 1880 | 2, 846, 102 | Sept. 6,1884 | **21, 480, 731 | 117, 000, 000 | \$10, 000, 100 | 4,700, 000 | 31, 700, 000 | 53, 180, 731 | 7.55 | 7.14 |
| Italy | 1881 | 28,452, 639 | Jnne 30, 1884 | a321, 548, 521 | b140, 000,000 | b38,000, 000 | b34, 000, 000 | 212,000,000 | 533, 548, 521 | 11.30 | 2.45 |
| Greece | 1882 | 1, 979, 423 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §23, 739, 000 | §2, 702, 000 | \$2, 702,000 |  | $5,404,000$ | 29, 143, 000 | 12.00 | 12. 73 |
| Spain | 1877 | 16, 625, 860 | Aug. 30, 1884 | c70, 812, 440 | 130, 000,000 | 40, 000, 000 | 30,000, 000 | 200.000, 000 | 270, 812, 440 | 4. 32 | 22.03 |
| Cuba | 1877 | 1, 394, 516 | Jec. 31, 1883 | §44, 862, 543 | § $28,181,000$ |  |  | 28, 181, 000 | 73, 043, 543 | 32.17 | . 07 |
| Luzon. | 1880 | 4, 450, 191 | Dec. 31, 1883 | \$1, 200, 000 | §762,000 | §2, 236, 000 |  | 2,998, 000 | 4, 198, 000 | 27 | 67 |
| Portugal, including Azores and Madeira | 1878 | 4, 550, 699 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 6,367, 680 | \$30, 000, 000 |  | §10,000,000 | 40,000,000 | 46, 367, 680 | 1. 40 | 8. 79 |
| Germany | 1880 | 45, 235, 061 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 279, 573, 023 | + $334,420,000$ | 109, 480, 000 | t $1.02,000,000$ | 545, 900, 000 | 825, 473, 023 | 6. 18 | 12.06 |
| Austria-Hungary | 1880 | 35, 839,428 | Sept. 15, 1884 | **311, 646, 314 | +45, 000, 000 | 175, 000,000 |  | 120, 000, 000 | 431, 646, 314 | 8. 99 | 3.35 |
| Swedon and Norway | 1880 | 6,479, 168 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 23, 623, 292 | 14, 296, 783 |  | . $5,138,308$ | 19, 435, 151 | $43,058,443$ | 3. 65 | 3.00 |
| Danish Kingdom. | 1880 | 2, 096, 400 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 20, 334, 000 | 13, 936,000 |  | 4, 958, 000 | 18, 894, 000 | 39, 228, 000 | 9.70 | 9.00 |
| Netherlands. | 1883 | 4, 172, 921 | Sept. 13, 1884 | **78, 847, 949 | $\dagger 28,000,000$ | 157, 000,000 |  | 85, 000,000 | 163, 847,949 | 14. 10 | 20.37 |
| Russia | 1880 | 98, 323,000 | Aug. 13, 1884 | a522, 423, 641 | d124, 008, 153 |  |  | 124, 008, 153 | 646, 431, 794 | 5.31 | 1.26 |
| Turkey | 1880 | 24, 987, 000 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 8,515, 976 | 39, 600, 000 | 35, 200, 900 |  | 74, 800, 000 | 88, 315, 976 | . 34 | 3. 00 |
| Roumani | 1881 | 5, 376,000 | Dec. 31, 1883 | \$15, 822, 383 | \$163, 000 | \$11, 887, 000 |  | 11,550,000 | 27, 372, 383 | 2.94 | 2. 15 |
| Mexico. | 1880 | $9,787,629$ | Jıne 30, 1883 | $e 2,048,529$ | d10,000,000 | \$40, 000, 000 |  | 50, 0000000 | 52, 048, 529 | . 21 | 5. 23 |
| Central America | 1881 | 2, 891, 600 | Dec. 31, 1883 | \$2, 009, 861 | ¢2,318, 000 | §374,000 |  | 2,692,000 | 4,701, 861 | . 06 | . 93 |
| Argentine Republic. | 1880 | 2,540, 000 | Dec. 3J. 1883 | 50, 651,850 | $f 10,000,000$ | g9, 000,000 | g1, 720,000 | 20, 720, 000 | 71, 371,850 | 19.94 | 8.15 |

* London Bankers' Magazine for September, 1884.
$\dagger$ Estimate of last year, with not imports added, + New York Chronicle
New York Chronicle, August 2, 1834.
If Estimate of last year, adding eoinage and te. ducting consumption:
XXXI.-CIRCULATION-Continued.

| Conntries. | Popalation. |  | Tate for which circulation is stated. | Paper. | Specie. |  |  |  | Total paper currency and specie. | Per capita. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 比 - | Year. | Latest. |  |  | Gold. | Silver, full legal tender. | Silver, limited tender. | Total. |  | Paper. | Specie. |
| Colombia. | 1881 | 3, 000, 000 | Dec. 31, 1883 | \$1, 097, 830 |  |  | \$4, 000, 000 | \$4,000,000 | \$5, 097, 830 | \$0.36 | \$1. 33 |
| $\dagger$ Brazil | 1882 | .11, 831, 326 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 139, 871, 255 |  |  |  |  | 139, 871, 255 | 11. 82 |  |
| $\rightarrow$ Peru | 1876 | $3,050,000$ | Dec. 31, 1883 | §13, 098, 820 | \$\$662,000 | §\$1,820, 000 |  | 1,882, 000 | 14, 980, 820 | 4.29 | . 62 |
| Venezucla | $1881^{\circ}$ | 2, 075, 245 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 559, 700 | g2, 000, 000 |  | g123, 000 | 2, 123, 000 | 2,682, 700 | . 27 | 1.02 |
| Chili | 1876 | 2, 420, 500 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §26, 555, 341 |  | 86,000,000 |  | $6,000,000$ | 32, 555, 341 | 10.97 | 2.47 |
| Bolivia. | 1876 | 2, 325, 000 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 1,508, 533 |  | 85,400,000 |  | 5, 400, 000 | 6, 908, 533 | 65 | 2. 32 |
| Uruguay | 1880 | 438, 245 | Dec. 31, 1883 | §5, 986, 000 | §4, 601, 000 | \$1, 000, 000 |  | 5, 601, 000 | 11,587, 000 | 13.66 | 2. 28 |
| Hapan | 1877 1883 | 36. $\begin{array}{r}572,000 \\ \hline 110\end{array}$ | Dec. 31, 1883 | 112, 411, 093 | $94,000,000$ $92,000,000$ | ¢ 780,000 $44,333,712$ |  | 4,780, 000 $136,333,712$ | $4,780,000$ $248,744,805$ | 3.06 | 8.36 3.71 |
| Hawaian Islands. | 1882 | 66, 895 | Dec. 31, 1883 | 335, 000 | 549,900 |  | 950,000 | 1,499, 900 | 1,834, 900 | 5.01 | 22. 41 |
| Total |  |  |  | 3, 943, 746, 608 | 3,293, 606, 836 | 2, 310, 680, 712 | 443, 930, 368 | 6, 048, 217, 916 | 9,991, 964, 524 |  |  |

XXXEI.-TABLE of GOVERNMENT and BANK ISSUE and METALLIC RESERVES.

*× Not including gold and silver certificates in the Treasury, $\$ 60,316,430$.
Sause as last report. September 13, 1884.
LER
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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

* London Bankers' Magazine, September, 1884. § London Economist, September 20, 1884
$\dagger$ New York Chronicle, August 2, 1884. ll London Economist, August 30, 1884.
XXXII.-TABLE of GOVERNMENT and BANK ISSUE and METALLIC RESERVES-Continued.



## $\dagger$ Same as last report.

XXXIII-TABLE showing the TOTAL PAPER and SPECIE CIRCOLATION in each of the PRINCIPAL COONTRIES of the WORLD, the AMOUNT of SPECIE in BANK and NATIONAL TREASURIES, and the AMOUNT of ACTIVE CIRCULATION.

| Countries. | Population. | Total metallic and paper circulation. | Amount of specie in banks and national treasuries. | Active circulation. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 50, 155, 783 | \$1, 745, 926, 755 | \$534, 033, 074 | \$1, 211, 893, 681 | \$24.16 |
| Great Britain and Ireland..- | 35, 246, 562 | 876, 318, 139 | 154, 182, 691 | .722, 135, 448 | 20.40 |
| Dominion of Canada, including Manitoba and New. foundland. | 4, 506, 563 | 59, 596, 084 | 9, 111, 148 | 50, 484, 936 | 11, 22 |
| British India.................. | 252, 541, 210 | 1, 099, 383,126 | 78, 358,000 | 1, 021, 025, 126 | 4.05 |
| Ceylon | 2,758, 166 | 2, 335, 300 | 1, 273, 800 | 1, 061, 500 | . 38 |
| Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand. | 2, 798, 898 | 96, 010, 722 | 48, 737, 837 | 47, 272,885 | 16.90 |
| Cape of Good Hope........... | 780, 757 | 38, 078, 000 | 8, 092, 000 | 29, 986,000 | 38.40 |
| France ......................... | 37, 321, 186 | 1,990,961, 912 | 402, 939, 754 | 1,588,022, 158 | 42,55 |
| Algiers. | 2, 867, 626 | 27, 567, 000 | 5, 564,476 | -22, 002, 524 | 7.67 |
| Gnadeloupe | 185, 460 | 1,627, 750 | 564,935 | 1, 062, 815 | 5.73 |
| Belgiam | 5, 536, 654 | 186, 326,515 | 17, 991, 450 | 168, 335, 065 | 30.40 |
| Switzerland | 2, 846, 102 | 53, 180,731 | 11, 609,618 | 41, 571, 113 | 14. 60 |
| Italy | 28, 452, 639 | 533, 548, 521 | 69,357, 358 | 464, 191, 163 | 16.31 |
| Greece | 1, 979, 423 | 29, 143, 000 | 1, 800, 000 | 27, 343, 000 | 13.81 |
| Spain | 16, 625, 860 | 270, 812, 440 | 27, 223, 959 | 243, 588, 481 | 14.65 |
| Cuba | 1, 394, 516 | 73, 043, 543 | 14, 181,243 | 58, 862, 300 | 42. 21 |
| Luzon | 4,450, 191 | 4,198,000 | 3, 765, 677 | 432, 323 | 10 |
| Portugal, inclading Azores and Madeira | 4,550,699 | 46, 367, 680 | 11, 718,874 | 34, 648, 806 | 7.61 |
| Germany | 45, 234, 061 | 835, 473, 023 | 181, 706, 674 | 643, 766, 349 | 14.23 |
| Austria-Hungary | 35, 839, 428 | 431, 646, 314 | 98, 131, 401 | 333, 514, 913 | 9.31 |
| Sweden and Norway | 6, 479, 168 | 43, 058, 443 | 12, 740, 975 | 30, 317, 468 | -4. 68 |
| Danish Kingdom. | 2, 096, 400 | 39, 228, 000 | 14, 070, 000 | 25, 158, 000 | 12.00 |
| Netherlands | 4, 061, 580 | 163, 847, 949 | $55,114,112$ | 108, 733, 837 | 26.77 |
| Rassia | 98, 323, 000 | 646, 431, 794 | 124, 008, 153 | 522, 423, 641 | 5.31 |
| Turkey. | 24, 987, 000 | 83, 315, 976 | 14, 520, 000 | 68, 795, 976 | 2.75 |
| Roumania | 5, 376, 000 | 27, 372, 383 | 3, 995, 298 | 23, 377, 085 | 4.35 |
| Mexico. | 9, 557, 279 | 52, 048,529 | 1, 763, 008 | 50, 285, 521 | 526 |
| Central America | 2, 891, 600 | 4,701,861 |  | 4, 701, 861 | 1. 62 |
| Argentine Repu | 2,540,000 | 71, 371, 850 | 14, 196, 461 | 57, 175, 389 | 22, 51 |
| Colombia. | 3,000, 000 | 5, 097, 830 | 200, 000 | 4, 897, 830 | 1. 63 |
| Brazil | 11, 108, 291 | 139, 871, 255 |  | 139, 871, 255 | 12.59 |
| Peru | 3, 050, 000 | 14, 980, 820 | 1,882, 018 | 13, 098, 802 | 4. 29 |
| Venezuel | 2,675, 245 | 2, 682, 700 |  | 2, 682, 700 | 1. 00 |
| Chili | 2,420,500 | 32, 555, 341 | 2, 398, 000 | 30, 157, 341 | 12.45 |
| Bolivia | 2, 325,000 | 6, 908, 533 | 443, 597 | 6, 464,936 | 2.78 |
| Uruguay | - 438,245 | 11, 587, 000 | 4,601, 000 | 6,986, 000 | 15. 94 |
| Hayti | 572, 000 | 4,780, 000 |  | 4,780, 000 | 8.35 |
| Japan | 36, 700, 110 | 248, 744, 805 | 28, 486, 973 | 220, 257, 832 | 6. 09 |
| Hawaiian Islands | 66, 895 | 1, 834, 900 | 808, 200 | 1, 026, 700 | 15.35 |
|  |  | 9, 991, 964, 524 | 1,959, 571, 764 | 8, 032, 392, 760 |  |
| * * | * | * | * | * |  |

Note.-Table XXXIV ("Monetary Statistics of Foreign Countries") is omitted fer want of space. It will be found in the separate volumes of the Director's report.

## REPORT OF THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

## R E P ORT

OF

## THE FIRST COMPTROLLER OF T'HE TREASURY.

Treasury Department, First Comptroller's Office, Washington, October 31, 1884.

SIR: In compliance with the request made in your letter of September 13, 1884, I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1884.

The following-described warrants were received, examined, countersigned, entered into blotters, and posted into ledgers under their proper heads of appropriations:


| RECAPITULATION. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spay, repay, and appropriation warrants | 42,534 |
| Miscellaneous and internal revenue and lands and customs cosmer | 14,831 |
| T'otal warrants received and passed. |  |
| Miscellaneous requisitions registered and countersigned. | 851 |
| . Requisitions on chief clerk and stationery clerk of the Depa | 351 |
| Grand total | 58, 367 |

Accounts hare been received from the auditing offices, revised, recorded, and the balances thereon certified to the Register of the Treasury, as follows:

| Kind. | No. of accounts. | No. of vouchers. | Amount in. volved. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FROM THE FIRST, AUDITOR. |  |  |  |
| 1. Judiciary: |  |  |  |
| Accounts of marshals for their fees and for expenses of courts, of district attorneys and their assistants, of clerks of courts, of circuit court commissioners, and accounts for rent of court-rooms <br> Judgments by Court of Claims examined and ordered paid. | 4,624 12 | 112,963 12 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,539,16221 \\ 33,99955 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 4,636 | 112,975 | $5,573,16176$ |
| 2. Public Debt : |  |  |  |
| Accounts of the Treasury of the United States: <br> For coupons payable in coin. | 126 | 1, 968, 621 | 10, 447, 73897 |
| For conpons of Treasury notes Louisville and Portland Canal stock, and old funded debt of the District of Columbia | 35 | 47,840 | 744,930 10 |
| For bonds of the District of Columbia purchased for sinking funds | 5 | 733 | 291,575 09 |
| For United States bonds redeemed | 28 | 24, 042 | 94, 390, 35534 |
| For Lonisville and Portland Canal stock | 1 | 3 | 3,000 00 |
| For unclaimed interest. | 4 | 9 | 3,11800 |
| For interest on Pacific Railroad stock (reimbursable) | 12 | 790 | 1,556, 86690 |
| For checks for interest on the public debt | 252 | 360,256 | 56, 671, 97760 |
| For gold certificates and refundiog certificates | 25 | 8,798 | 573, 35472 |
| For certificates of deposit (act June 8, 1872. | 13 | 3,018 | 27, 630, 00000 |
| For legal tender notes, old demand notes, fractional currency, silver certificates, and gold certificates (act July 12, 1882) .... | 62 | 2,146 | 142, 386,431 86 |
| For compound-interest, seven-thirty, and other old Treasury notes. | 43 | 370 | - $15,097.26$ |
| For interest on Navy pension fund............. ............... | 1 | 1 | 630, 00000 |
| For sinking fund for bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company | 1 | 6 | 1, 668, 92500 |
|  | 608 | 2, 416, 633 | 337, 013, 37084 |
| 3. Public Buildings: |  |  |  |
| Accounts for the construction of public buildings throughout |  |  |  |
| the United States, the fire-proof building for the Ponsion |  | . | . |
| Office, and the buildings for State, War, and Navy Departments; for reconstructing the eastern portion of the Suithsonian Institution, the completion of the Washington Monu- | - |  |  |
| ment, the care of public buildings and grounds under the Chief of Eugineers, U. S. A.; for annual repairs of the Capitol and improving the Capitol grounds; for coast and geodetie survers, the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial | , |  | . |
| Exposition at Ner Orleans, and for the beneficiary institutions in the District of Columbia | 790 | 26,643 | 3,080,761 32 |
| 4. Steamboats: |  |  |  |
| Accounts for salaries aud incidental expenses of inspectors of hulls and boilers | 1,156 | 13, 367 | 250, 00000 |
| 5. Territorial: |  |  |  |
| Accouls for salaties of territorial officers and for the legislative and contingent expenses incidental to the government of the Territories | 471 | 4,994 | 288, 43100 |
| Co Mint and Assay: |  |  | . |
| Accusints for gold, silver, and nickel coinage; for bullion; for salaries of the ofticers and employes of the several mints, and for the general expenses of the same; and for bullion deposits, purchases and transfers. | 332 | 114,740 | 138,435 03913 |

FROM THE FIRS' AUDITOR-continued.

## 7. Transportation:

Accounts for transportation of gold and silver coin, and bullion; minor and base coin, United States currency, national: bank notes, complete, and incomplete coin certificates; reg. istered and coupon bouds; mutilated currency; canceled and incomplete securities: national-bank notes for redemption: stamp, paper, stationery, boxes, parcels, \&c
8. Congressional:

Accounts for the officers and employés, and for contingent and other expenses of the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

## 9. Outstanding Liabilities:

Accounts arising from demands for payment of drafts and dis-bursing-officers' checks, which have remained outstanding for three years, the funds from which they were payable having been coverce into the Treasury
10. District of Columbia:

Accounts of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and general accounts between the Trited States, and said District

## 11. Public Printing :

Accounts of the Public Printer for the salaries and wages of the employes of the Government Printing Office; for the purchase of materials for printing, and for contingent expenses of the Government Printing Oftice

## 12. Treasurer's General Accounts:

Quarterly accounts of the Treasurer of tbe United States for receipts and expenditures, including receipts from all sources eovered into the Treasury ${ }_{r}$ and all payments made from the Treasury
13. Assistant Treasurers' Aiccounts:

Accounts of the several assistant treasurers of the United States for the ealaries of their employes and the inciclental. expenses of their offices

## 14. Miscellancous :

Accounts of the disbursing officers of the Executive Depart ments for salaries of officers and emplofess, and contingent expenses of the same; accounts for salaries of Senators and Representatives in Congress; for salaries of the judges of the United States Supreme Court, United States circuit and district judges, district attorneys, and marshals; for salaries and contingent expenses of the National Board of Health; and for the expenses of the tenth census

Total from First Auditor.
from thig figth avditor.

## 15. Internal Revenue

Accounts of collectors of iuternal revenue
Accounts of sawe acting as disbursing agents
Accounts of interval-revenue stamp agents
Miscellaneons internal-revenue accounts, includius directtax accounts with the States, and with direct-tar commissioners; accounts with collectors for disbursemonts under the appropriation for punishment for violation of in-ternal-revenue laws, and for expenses of seizure and sale of property for the violation of said laws; seven different monthly accounts with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for internal-revenue stamps; accomets with the Secretary of the Treasury for deposits made in compromise oases, and fur fines, penalties, and forfeitures ; accounts with Treasury Department for stationery furwished to interval-revenue officers; accounts with the disbursing clerk for payment of in-ternal-revenue agents and gaugers, and for disbursoments under three other different appropriations; accounts for refunding taxes illegally. collected, and taxes on spirits de-

| No. of | No. of |
| :---: | :---: |


.


.

202
854,239

113
148
7

[^36]


## RECAPITULATION.

| From- | Number. | Vouchers. | Anount involved. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First A aditor | 13,919 | 3, 304, 162 | \$1, 912, 014, 94753 |
| Fifth Auditor | 10,465 | 198, 518 | 319, 511, 63496 |
| Commissioner of General Land Of | 3,363 | 33, 146 | 11, 526, 80905 |
| Total. | 27, 747 | 3, 585, 826 | 2, 243, 053, 39154 |

Requisitions for the advance of mouey from the Treasury, in the number following, have been examined and advances thereon recommended:

Internal revenue.................................................................................... 1,093
Foreign intercourse............................................................................. 1, 621
Judiciary ................ .............................................................................. $5 .$.
Pablic buildings .... ............................................................................... . . . 172
Mint and assay . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ... ........ . . 380
District of Columbia......................................................................................... 98
Territorial ............................................................................................ 58
Public printing ........................................................................................... 142

Total..................................................................................... 4, 26\%

|  | Schedules. | Claims. | Vonchers. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rebate of tax on tobacco of manufacturers, payable in stamps. | 154 | 990 | 5,627 | \$192, 31255 |
| Rebate of tax on tobacco of dealers, payable out of appropriation | 647 | 45,802 | 229, 010 | 3, 537, 53805 |
| Total | 801 | 48, 792 | 234, 637 | 3,729, 85110 |

Official letters written. ..... 14, 427
Letters received, briefed, and registered ..... 6,421
Powers of attorney recorded ..... 913.
Oticial bonds registered and filed ..... 905
Number of internal-revenue special-tax stamp books counted and certified. ..... 5,915
Number of internal-revenue tobacco-stamp books counted and certified ..... 12,658
Number of internal-revenue spirit stamp-books counted and certified ..... 10, 553
Orders for special allowances to collectors examined, recorded, and referred. ..... 320
Stamp agents' bonds examined, registered, and filed ..... 24
Reports on accounts compared and transmitted ..... 1,398
Collectors' tax-list receipts (Form 23b) registered, scheduled and referred ..... 1, 080
Copies of public-land accounts made, compared, and transmitted ..... 1,276
Folios copied ..... 12,360.

The foregoing statement omits mention of a large amount of official work which does not admit of systematic classification and detailed report, and yet has occupied much time and care, such as, e.g., investigation of legal points arising in the adjustment of accounts and the preparation of opinions and decisions printed under the anthority of Congress; the examination of, and decision upon, applications for the issuing of duplicate bonds and other securities lost and destroyed; examination of powers of attorney for collection of money due to creditors of the United States; decisions npon the rights of persons claiming to be executors, administrators, or heirs of.deceased claimants to receive money due from the Uvited States; examination of official bonds; copying of letters forwarded; answering calls for information made by Congress, the Departments, and private persons; receiving and examining emolument returns, and other work of a miscellaneous character.

## ADDITIONAL CLERKS.

It is impossible with the present clerical force of this office to promptly transact the public business therein. I respectfully recommend that Congress be asked to appropriate for one additional clerk of class 4, , two additional clerks of class 3, and two additional clerks of class 2. These will be required for at least one year.

In this office the work of the division of accounts settled by the Commissioner of the General Land Office is fully two years behind. The
work in some other divisions is also in arrears. It is a great hardship and wrong to claimants that there should be any cousiderable delay in the settlement of their accounts. It may result also in loss to the Government.

## JURISDICTION TO REQUIRE STATEMENTS OF ACCOUNTS.

Section 236 of the Revised Statutes provides that-
"All claims and demands whatever by the United States or against them, and all accounts whatever in which the United States are concerned, either as debtors or as creditors, shall be settled and adjusted in the Department of the Treasury."

It may sometimes happen that the First Comptroller, in the examination of an account, or otberwise, will ascertain that some party is indebted to the United States against whom an account should be stated by an auditing officer, in order that a balance may be certified as due to the United States from such party. Thus, if a party having money due to him from the United States is surety on the bond of a defaulting offcer, it is only just that an account should be stated against such officer and surety in order that a set-off may be made. In those cases in which the salary of any officer should be retained to meet bis liability as surety on the bond of a defanlting officer, it becomes necessary that accounts be stated (McKnight $v$. United States, 98 U. S., 185; Pease's Case, 4 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 502). Tbe First Comptroller has no jurisdiction to settle an account until it has been stated by the proper auliting officer ( 15 Op . Att.-Gen., 139).

It is provided by section 271 . of the Revised Statutes that-
"The First Comptroller, in every case where, in his opinion, further delays would be injurious to the United States, shall direct the First and Fifth Auditors of the Treasury forthwith to audit and settle any particular account which such officers may be autliorized to audit and settle, and to report such settlement for revision and final decision by the First Comptroller."

This section, it is believed, should extend to all accounts over whichthe First Comptroller has jurisdiction. And, if any doubt exists as to its proper construction, which seems probable, it is respectfully suggested that said section should be so amended as to authorize the Comptroller to direct the proper auditing officer to state any account in favor of or against the United States which it may be lawful for him to state.

## AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE AND OBTAIN EVIDENCE.

In some instances it has been found that disbursing officers and others have, on request, neglected or refused to furnish the accounting officers with evidence in the possession of the former, essential to a proper adjustment of their accounts. The Rerised Statutes contain certain provisions for obtaining evidence in relation to claims "against the United States" (Rev. Stat., 183-187). These provisions do not seem adequate to secure evidence, either in the classes of cases mentioned or as to claims in favor of the United States. Attention is called to this subject as one worthy of consideration, with a view of securing suitable legislation in relation thereto.

REPORTS UNDER SECTION 272 , OF THE REVISED STATUTES.
Section 272 of the Revised Statutes provides that-
"The First Comptroller shall make an annual report to Congress of such officers as shall have failed to make settlement of their accounts for
the preceding fiscal year, within the year, or within such further time as may have been prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for such settlement."

In my annual report for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1881, I called attention to the fact that no report had ever been made under this section, and to the impracticable nature of the requirement thereof. If the reports required by it could be made, they would more frequently than otherwise present honest and efficient officers as apparently defaulters when not really so, and thus would do great injustice.

A resolution of the Senate, dated February 9, 1876, called on the Secretary of the Treasury for a detailed statement of balances due from public officers no longer in the public service, which had arisen siuce 1830. The Secretary made the statement, but the Senate did not order it to be printed (Congressional Record, Forty-fourth Congress, first session, pp. 4136-4161).

Section 272 of the Revised Statutes should, however, be complied with, if practicable. It is taken from section 13 of the act of March 3, 1817 (3 Stat., 368), providing "for the prompt settlement of public accounts," which enacted that-
"It shall be the duty of the First Comptroller to lay before Congress annually, during the first week of their session, a list of such officers as shall have failed in that year to make the settlement [of their accounts] required by law."

This does not seem to require any statement concerning those officers whose accounts have been settled, and against whom balances have been found.

Prior to the passage of this act there was but one Comptroller, and the accounts of all public officers passed through his office, so that he had the, superintendence of the records showing all such officers whose accounts remained unsettled (act September ${ }^{2}$, 1789, 1 Stat., 66 ; act February 20, 1792, 1 Stat., 234; act March 13, 1825, 4 Stat., 102). There was then no Commissioner of Customs, who is also a Comptroller (act March 3, 1849, 9 Stat., 396, sec. 12). The office of Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department was created by the act of July 2, 1836 ( 5 Stat., 81 , sec. 8).

Among the difficulties of making the statement required by section 272 of the Revised Statates are these: It is impossible for public officers "to make settlement of their accounts for the preceding fiscal year, within the year." Then, again, the First Comptroller does not now have the superintendence, by way of "adjustment aud preservation," of all the public accounts subject to the revision of the Second Comptroller, the Commissioner of Customs, or the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department (Rev. Stat., 269, par. second). If Congress shall be of the opinion that the First Comptroller must make the report required by section 272 of the Revised Statutes, it will be well to consider whether provisioi should not be made requiring the requisite information to be furnished to said officer. This seems advisable, at least, to remore all doubt as to the obligation to furnish such report. The Second Comptroller, the Commissioner of Customs, and the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department, have recently been requested to furnish, if practicable, the information necessary to enable the First Comptroller to comply with the now impracticable requirement of section 272 of the Revised Statutes. And I.have directed the chiefs of divisions in this office to prepare, so far as practicable, information ou the same subject, so that the whole matter may be laid before Congress, if required, by either House, or by any committee thereof, or by the Secretary of the Treasury.

## ADDITIONAL PENAL PROVISIONS.

The accounting and other officers in the Treasury Department are respectively required to affix their signatures to a vast multitude of papers in the examination and allowance of claims, or for the purpose of making payments thereof. It is not possible for the officers so signing to personally examine all the papers relating to each claim. It is respectfully suggested that there should be proper penal legislation against persons guilty of fraudulently preparing, or being concerned in preparing, any unauthorized or illegal papers relating to claims, or of fraudulently attempting to procure an official signature thereto. An instance of this sort recently occurred in this office, in the division of public land accounts, in connection with a claim in favor of the State of Florida.

EXTRA COMPENSATION AND PAY FOR EXTRA SERVICES.
Sections 1763, 1764, and 1765 of the Revised Statutes, and section 3 of the act of June 20,1874 (18. Stat., 109) contain provisions which would seem designed to prohibit extra compensation, as also pay for extra services, to officers and employés in the public service who receive fixed salaries or compensation. So many different and conflicting coustructions have been given to these provisions, that it is believed to be important that Congress should re-enact them in such definite form as will leave no ground for doubt as to what the law is.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA TEN PER CENT. GUARANTEE FUND.
The amount realized from the sale of the bonds, in which the ten per centum retained from contractors in the District of Columbia was invested as required by the Act of June 11, 1878 (20 Stat., 106), has exceeded the sum necessary to pay the amounts origivally withheld, owing to the advance in the securities in which the investments were made.

The surplus has been covered into the Treasury as Miscellaneous Receipts on account of Proceeds of Sales of Guarantee Fund, District of Columbia (Rev.'Stat., 3618). One-half the amount originally retained was paid by the United States, and one-half by the District of Columbia.

It is, therefore, recommended that Congress be advised to appropriate the surplus for expenses of the District (Guarantee-Fund Case, 5 Lawrence, Compt. Dec., 209, 231).

I respectfully renew the recommendations made in former reports, and again invite attention to what is said in my last annual report in relation to the Comptroller's decisions for 1880 and 1881.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

WILLIAM LAWRENOE, First Comptraller.

The Hon. Hugh MoCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.

## R E P ORT

of

## THE SECOND COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

Treasury Department, Second Comptroller's Office, Washington, D. C.. October 3I, 3884.

SIR: In compliance with the direction contained in your letter of the 13th ultimo, I bave the bonor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year which ended on the 30th of June, 1884:

This report is condensed into two tabular statements. The first shows the total number of accounts, claims, and cases of every kind, settled and adjusted, and the amounts allowed thereon. The second statement furnishes a more detailed summary of the same accounts, claims, and cases, sbowing the character of the same, the source from which received, the number of each kind, and the several amounts allowed.

A still more detailed statement has been prepared and filed for preservation in this office, but it is deemed too voluminous for publication.

TOTAL NUMBER of ACCOONTS and CLAIMS SETTLED:

|  | From- |  | Number. | Amonnt allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Various sources, not involving present expenditure $\qquad$ <br> Grand total $\qquad$ |  |  | 24,733 | 102, 601, 986 |
|  |  |  | 3,047 | 48,426 |
|  |  |  | 27, 780 | 102, 650, 412 |

ACCOUNTS REVISED and SETTLED during the year.

| Character of the accounts. | Number. | Amounts allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| from the second auditor. |  |  |
| 1. Of Army paymasters, for pay of the Army | 246 | \$5, 183, 075 |
| 2. Ot dishtursing otticers of the Ordnance Department, for ordnance, ordnance ntorew, sitpplios, armories, and arsenals | 313 | 2, 426,452 |
| 3. Of wernithy ofticers, for regular reeruiting service ......................... | 278 | 223, 931 |
| 4. Of disbursing oticers of the Medical Deparitment, for medical and hospital suppities and services. | 1 | 9,883 |
| 5. Of uincellanents distursenents for contingentexpenses of the Army, Allju-tant-Geueral's and Comnanding Geueral's Offices, Artillery School, \&ec... | 171 | 255,125 |
|  | 273 |  |
| $5022 \mathrm{~F}-18$ |  |  |

## ACCO DNTS REFISED and SETTLED during the year-Continued.

| Character of the accounts. | Number. | Amonnt allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From the second auditor-Continued. |  |  |
| 6. Special Army accounts ......................... ... ........................... | 374 | \$64, 440 |
| 7. Of lndian agenta' carrent and contingent expenses, annuities, and install. menta | 219 | $2,013,088$ |
| Total. | 1,612 | 10,175,994 |
| FROM THE THIBD AUDITOR. |  |  |
| \&. Of dishursing officers of the Quartermaster's Department, for regular and incidental expenses | 1, 484 | 14,911, 187 |
| 2. Of disbursiug ofticers of the Subsistence llepartment | 479 | 2,627.529 |
| 3. Of dishursing officers of the Enginetr's Departioent, for military surveys, fortitications, river and hurlor inmprovenents, \&e | 91 | 16, 584, 789 |
| 4. Of' disbursing nfticers of the Signal Service .. .. | S3 | $204,650$ |
| 5. Of peision agents, for pasment of Army pensions | 161 | 34, 733, 279 |
| Total. | 2,298 | 69, 061, 434 |
| FROM THE FOURTH AUDITOR. |  |  |
| 1. Of paymasters of the Navy, paymasters at navy-yards, Navy agents, and uther disbursin: othcers | 331 | 13, $044.8 \div 8$ |
| 2. Of disbursing officers and agents of the Marive Corpis. | 11 | 706, 040 |
| 3. Of Nary peusiou agents, for payment of peusionels of the Navy and Marine Corps | 51 | 958.807 |
| 4. Of miscellaneous naval accounts | 136 | 49.725 |
| 'Total. | 529 | 14, 759,400 |

CLAIMS SETTLED during the year.

| Character of the claims. | Number settled. | Amounts allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FROM THE SECOND AUDITOR. |  |  |
| 1. Soldiers' pay and bonnt.y. | 10, 321 | \$647, 716 |
| 2. Mincellaveons of Arbay pay department | 426 | 49, 331. |
| 3. In favor of the soldiers' Hono. | 112 | 34\%,0:6 |
| 4. Miscellaveous, Iudian claims | 2,395 | 4,266, 580 |
| FROM THE THIRD AUDITOR. |  |  |
| 1. For quartermasters' stores and commissary suppliea, under the act of July $4.1 \times 64$ | 920 | 201697 |
| 2. For lost property, under the act of March 3, 1849 | 761 | 158. 161 |
| 3. State wur claims, act of 1861, \&c | 6 | 216, 643 |
| 4. For Army transportation | 850 | 2, 118, 6:5 |
| 5. General mincellaprous claims | 1,242 | 262, 918 |
| 6. Uzegon and Wushington Territory war claims | 11 | 1, 775 |
| 7. For reimbursement expruses of last sickness, \&c., account deceased pensioners | 1,394 | 100,487 |
| 8. Clains examined and disallowed .................................................. | 390 |  |
| from the fourte auditor. |  |  |
| 1. For officern' and sailors' back pas and bounty and prize money | I, 460 | 236, 169 |
| Total | 20, 291 | 8,605,158 |

CASES ADJUSTED, NOT INTOLVLNG PLESENT EXPENDITDRE.

| Character of the claims. | Number. | Amounts invulierd. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Duplirate checke approved | 556 | \$37, 670 |
| 2. Referred cases udjusterl and decided | 2, 489 |  |
| 3. Finaucial agents' accounto-naval. | 2 | 10,756 |
| Tutal | 3,047 | 48, 426 |

Bonds filed during the year ............................................................. 90

Official letters written and copied .. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .............. . . . 1, 670
Requisitions countersigned and recorded ................................................. 13,275
Settlements recorded.... ........................................................................ 10,454
Differences recorded .......................................................................... . . . 4,397
Clerks employed (average) ........................... ........................................ 77
A large amount of additional official work has been performed, which cannot be presented in tabular form, such, for example, as the investigation and decision of legal questions arising in the adjustment of accounts, and in many cases referred for decision from the severa! Departments that report to this office; decisions as to rights of heirs, executors, administrators, and other legal representatives of deceased claimants; questions arising on powers of attorney, and in contests of attorneys for claimants; answering calls for information from Congress, the Departments, and private persons. Manj of these matters require and have received careful attention from the several chiefs of divisions, as well as from the Comptroller and his deputy.

All the pablic business intrusted to my charge during the year has been, I believe, promptly and properly artended to br the officers and clerks of the office, and has progressed with reasouable dispatch.

Very respectfully,

W. W. UPTON, Comptroller.

Hon. Hugr McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.



## REPORT

## THECOMMISSIONER 0 F CUST0MS.

Treasury Department,Office of Commissioner of Customs,Washington City, D. C., October 29, 1884.SIR: I have the honor to submit berewith for your information astatement of the work performed in this office during the fiscal yearending June 30, 1854:
Number of accounts on haud July 1, 1853 ..... 93
Number of accounts received from the First Auditor during the year. ..... 6,025
Number of accounts returned to the First Auditor ..... 135,870
Number of accounts on haud June 30, 1884 ..... 155
There was paid into the Treasury from sources the accounts relatingto which are settled in this office:
On account of customs. ..... $\$ 195,067,48976$
On acconnt of marine hospital tax ..... 415, 52375
On account of steamboat fees. ..... $183,7,5510$
On account of tines, penalties, and forfeitures ..... 78,496 90
On account of stocage, fees, \& c ..... 766,9~4 94
On account of emolument fees ..... 2*7,693 42
On account of immigrant fund ..... 224,28650
On account of interest on debts due ..... 11062
On account of rent of public buildiugs ..... 8,839 40
On account of mileage of examiners ..... 1,490 60
On acconnt of relief of sick and disabled semmen ..... 5, $\times 2484$
On account of deceased passeugers. ..... 1,1150 00
On account of proceeds of Government property ..... 20, 117 32
Aggregate 197,001, 702 75
And there was paid out of the Treasury on the following accounts:
Expenses of collecting the reveune from customs ..... $\$ 6,709,48576$
Excess of deposits ..... 5, 063, 44917
Debentures ..... 3, 65ıl,013 74
Construction, \&c., of public buildings ..... 2, 405, 33629
Constraction aud inaintenance of lights ..... 2,3:30,549 57
Constraction and maintenance of revenue-cutters ..... 9:30,216 97811, 96* 1919465,387 45
Expenses of regulating immigration ..... 235. 44:3 86
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the castomsrevenue ..... $66,4 \times 265$
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to foreign ports ..... 47,574 70
Compensation in lieu of moieties ..... 30,209 54Protection of sea-otter hunting grounds and seal fisheries in Alaska.2.), 00000
Salaries and expenses of agents at seal-fisheries in Alaska $\$ 13,81164$ Unclaimed merchandise
Refunding moneys erroneousiy received and covered into the Treas-ury3731
Total
22,786, 28673
Deduct repayment:
Distribution of standard weights aud measures for use of colleges. ..... 65
Aggregate $22,786,28608$
Number of estimates received and examined ..... 2,143
Number of requisitions issued ..... 2, 143
Armount in volved in requisitions. ..... 20, 583,957 69
Number of letters received
17,675
8,895
Number of letters written
7,394
Number of letters recorded
247,603
247,603
Number of stabs of receipts for duties and fees returned'by collectors.
Number of stabs of receipts for duties and fees returned'by collectors. ..... 240, 619
8, 164 Number of stnbs, tonnage, received and entered
2,132
2,132
Number of oaths examined and registered
Number of oaths examined and registered
4,500
4,500
Average number of clerks employed ..... 30

I inclose herewith a statement of the transactions in bonded goods as shown by the adjusted accounts, also of property brought into the United States for temporary purposes, under section 2507, R. S.
I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

> HENRY C. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

The Secretary of the Treasury.

STTATEMENT of TRANSACTIONS under SECTION 2507, REVISED STATUTES, and DECLSLON 4314, November 20, 1879, of ENTRY of HORSES, WAGONS, Harness, MaCHINERY, \&c., BROOGHT INTO the UNITED STATES for TEMPORARY PURPOSES, for the year ending June 30, 1884.

| Districts. | Balance of bouds from last account. | Amount of bonds takén. | Amount of bonds canceled. | Balance of bonds notdue. | Amount of duties collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bath | \$2, 23040 | \$5,444 60 | \$5,679 15 | \$1,995 85 | \$9605 |
| Cape Vincent | 5000 | 87085 | 69585 | 12500 | 17900 |
| Champlain | 46782 | 4,857 45 | 3,294 77 | 2,031 00 |  |
| Minnesota | 12,864 10 | 9,223 28 | 20,748 93 | 1,338 45 | 66888 |
| Superior |  | 83725 | 67300 | 18425 |  |
| Vermont | 77659 | 10,021 19 | 9,840 14 | 95755 | 1, 04,4 35 |
| Total | 16,388 82 | 31, 15512 | 40,911 84 | 6,632 10 | 1,988 28 |

RECAPITULATION.


| Districts or ports. | Balance of bouds to secure duties on gouds remaining in warehonse July 1, 1883. | Warehoused and bonded. | Reware. housed and bonded. | Constructively warehoused. | Increase of duties ascertained on liquidatiou. | Withdrawal duty paid. | Withdrawal for trans. portation. | Withdrawal for expor. tation. | Allowances and leficien. cies. | Balance on bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse : June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albauy |  |  |  | \$102, 33481 |  | \$102, 33481 |  |  |  |  |
| Altexandria |  |  |  | 2222 | \$0 67 | 2289 |  |  |  |  |
| Apalachicola |  | \$327 78 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$327 78 |
| A tianta. |  |  |  | 12750 |  | 12750 |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore | \$170, 15239 | 381, 55939 | \$11, 57946 | 37, 85206 | 13, 71064 | 426,770 63 | \$24, 56363 | \$3, 27349 | \$38, 931.86 | 121,314 33 |
| Bangur Barnsta | $423: 86$ 15600 |  | 7,044 03 | 137, 20157 |  | 42336 13698 | 2,535 57 | $\begin{array}{r}134,66600 \\ 7,093 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  | 780.16 |
| Bath | 83, 092 | $\cdots 42,85354$ | 49,665 98 | 3,675 66 | - 527 7-46 | 74,937 28 | 11960 | , 0371 | - 52,85506 | 51,902 92 |
| Beaufort; N. C | 16,115 55 |  |  |  | 1,439 49 | 111,223 93 |  |  | 6,331 11 |  |
| Boston and Charlesto | 4, 766, 36561 | 14, 201, 83893 | 83, 39653 | 1, 022,085 06 | 441,322 77 | 13, 183, 51799 | 153,92890 | $1,247,20503$ | 1, 511, 13383 | 4, 419, 19315 |
| Brazus de Santiago | 68460 | 73500 | 7,661 10 | 63, 08867 | 9875 | 24945 | 26960 | 71, 59977 | - 4290 | , 10640 |
| Butíalo Creck...... | 2,950 05 | 5,966 58 | 7,369 39 | 279,155 19 | 5020 | 17,845 32 | 45,006 03 | 227, 34933 | 19855 | 5,092 18 |
| Belfase ...... | 4,610 70 |  | 7,42195 | 1,351 63 | 68 | 747 |  | 1, 539 -39 | 11,838 16 |  |
| Cape Fincent |  |  |  | 6, 16935 |  |  | 6, 07935 | 9000 |  |  |
| Castine | 38306 | 85376 | 1,319 92 |  | 228 | 9239 |  | 2,061 46 |  | 40517. |
| Chanplain | 5, 43837 | 35325 |  | 185, 22197 | 3592 -348 | - 5,522 49 | 157, 05028 | 28, 47674 |  |  |
| Chatleston | 61051 213,15443 | 1, 158,232 23 | 31750 103,38221 | 4,25858 147,14972 | 3348 23,63308 | 4,71783 $1,279,14701$ | 18,870 00 | $\begin{array}{r}34200 \\ 14.825 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46,769 08 | $\begin{array}{r}180 \\ 285,940 \\ \hline 14\end{array}$ |
| Cinciunati | 37, 50627 | 44, 87864 | 8, 04802 | 16,515 09 | 46565 | 82, 49059 | 1, 58230 |  | 6,002 07 | 17, 33871 |
| Corpus Chris |  | 3, 23529 | 2, 70509 | 89,76937 |  | 64725 | 10,615 44 | 84, 31476 |  | 13230 |
| Cuyahoga | 7, 71778 | 5,59405 | 37442 | 4, 863 48 | 1750 | 9, 83373 | 2,157 70 |  | 5,530 44 | 1, 04536 |
| Delawar | 2, 00035 | 4,700 19 | 5,423 60 | 22, 42184 |  | - 26,37191 |  | 7,486 92 | 11790 | 56425 |
| Deaver |  |  | 55, 220 | $\begin{array}{r}2,346 \\ 574 \\ 5051 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 73368 | 2,911 84,328 77 |  |  | 3,196 90 | 72,605 21 |
| Dutroit | 48,345 57 | 82, 4985 | 55, 22025 | 574, 10, 19791 | 73360 | 84, 32877 | 6,030 354 38 | $\begin{array}{r} 594,59350 \\ 9,66548 \end{array}$ | 3,196 90 | 72,695 21 |
| Erie | 8,959 71 | 2,00760 | 203 co | - 22000 |  | 9,753 78 | 12800 |  | 1,305 53 | 20300 |
| Eransville | 85, 73216 |  |  | 42752 | 4,836 89 | 53, 63345 |  |  | 31,297 62 | 6,065 50 |
| Fall-Rivar |  |  |  | 3, 11500 |  | 3,115 00 |  |  |  |  |
| Frenehman's Bay | 9146 |  | 90868 | 92932 | 761 | 9176 |  | 1,80153 |  | 4378 |
| Fernandina |  |  | 1,683 15 |  |  | 31395 |  |  |  | 1, 36920 |
| Galreston | 13, 70971 | 56, 12201 | '6,283 27 | 139,912 84 | 81411 | 46; 25588. | 1,078 60 | 140,035 61 | 4,121 77 | 25,350 08 |
| Gevesee | 7,165 89. | 50,460 29 | 5,954 30 | 6, 48404 | 25168 | 53, 78514 | 2,740 26 |  | 49448 | -13, 29632 |
| Gloucester. | 4, 76069 | 46, 62427 | 9, 95417 |  | 36773 | 58769 | 35081 | 42,721 84 | 51579 | 17,531 33 |
| Georgetown, D. C | 29288 | 2,010 66 | 1,064 75 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,70976 \\ 1 \times 379 \end{array}$ | 6251 | 4,892 87 |  |  | 4,700 35 | 547, 34 |
| Huron :- | 78185 | 69860 | 2, 17805 | $\begin{array}{r}1,379,451 \\ 5,393 \\ \hline 108\end{array}$ |  | 6, 90503 | 21,440 21 | 1,358, 01088 | 4445 | 2,102 10 |
| Kassas City |  |  |  | 6, 52288 | 2300 | 6,545 88 |  |  |  |  |
| Kendabuak |  |  |  | 13848 |  |  |  | 33848 |  |  |
| Key Wess | 34, 70212 | 298, 34290 | 5, 16180 | 47932 | 2,984 11 | 293, 18602 | 4, 36477 | 1,006 92 | 3,237 04 | 39,875 50 |
| Louisville | 5,292 20. | 13, 864,92 | 2,211 62 | 4,290 72 | $13209^{\circ}$ | 16,078 51 | 1, 77900 |  | 43902 | 7,495 02 |


| Districts or ports. | Balance of bonds to secure duties on gonds remaining in warehouse July 1, 1883. | Warehoused and bonded. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Reware- } \\ & \text { housed and } \\ & \text { bouded. } \end{aligned}$ | Constructively warehoused. | Increase of duties ascertained on liquidation. | Withdraval duty paid. | Withdrawal for traus. portation. | Witblrawal for expur. tation. | Allowances and leficiencies. | Balance on bonds 10 secure ducies un goude remainius in warehouse Jung 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Machias |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$11 20 |  |  |
| Mempbis | \$2,013 12 | \$259 60 |  | 46488 | $\$ 7320$ | \$1,381 10 |  |  |  | \$1,429 70 |
| Miami ................. |  |  |  | 43259 |  | 43259 |  |  |  |  |
| Michiqan, from July 1, $188 \%$, to June $\mathbf{3 0}, 1884 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15120 |  |  |
| Middletowr ............. | 6,022 21 | 38,686 61 | $\$ 7,87955$ | 4,688 54 | 130 | 43,6112 15 | \$3 3880 |  | \$1,07491 | 9,02083 |
| Milwaukee | 4, 88875 | 3,31549 | ${ }^{952} 97$ | 15.395 74. | 10208 | 15, 29263 |  |  | 5, 85042 | 3, 509968 |
| Minnesota. | $\begin{array}{r}4,771 \\ \hline 2102 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,11475 \\ 27,954 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,981 04 | 178,57119 1000 | 25913 | 8, 86889 <br> 27,975 37 | 5,248 08 | 170, 11248 | 9984 | 2,367. 04 |
| Moutana and |  |  |  | 1, 07600 |  |  |  | 1. 07600 |  |  |
| Nasbuilte |  |  |  | 1,862 55 |  | 1,862 55 |  |  |  |  |
| Newburspor |  |  |  | 1, ${ }_{8} 260699$ |  |  |  | 3680 |  |  |
| New Haven. | $\begin{array}{r}19,659 \\ 519 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | 152,694 ${ }^{690} 17350$ | 88, 36565 | $\begin{array}{r}8,42693 \\ 16,793 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 2760 854 | $\begin{array}{r}233,676 \\ 17,254 \\ 58 \\ \hline 1,58\end{array}$ | 3,792 64 | 2696 21416 | ־ 1,86350 17300 | $\begin{array}{r} 29,62418 \\ 6400 \end{array}$ |
| New Orleans | 530,576 70 | 472, 17922 | 11,075 68 | 1,773,762 18 | 24,478 25 | 591, 58999 | 443, 80211 | 1,378, 42314 | 190,332 06 | 207, 924 |
| Newport, R. I............. |  |  | 3,459 12 | 51655 | 1192 | 53847 |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 19, 453, 86987 | 50, 151, 74388 | 259, 10409 | 11,039, 07970 | 2, 973, 004 | 47,518, 8925 | 972, 35466 | 12, 081, 02433 | 5,618, 23307 |  |
| Niagara |  |  |  | 891, 29999 |  |  | 145, 36295 | 745,937 04 |  |  |
| New Lond | 4,12809 | 20,768 13 | 220 30 | 1,95150 |  | 14,11882 | 3,319 95 | 4450 | 98850 | 7,601 25 |
| Onaba. | 7470 |  | 73502 | 5, 829883 | 122 | 6, 20183 |  |  |  | 43895 |
| Orngou |  |  |  | 22937 |  | -229 37 |  |  |  |  |
| Oswegat | 1,232 16 | 5,901 50 | 83935 | 744, 54456 | 18768 | 1,697 16 | 62. 57998 | 685, 21664 | 16550 | 2,745 97 |
| Osweego........ | $\begin{array}{r}34,752 \\ 3 \\ 3037 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}337,002686 \\ 6,286 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}81990 \\ \hline 27744\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}26,325 \\ 5,123 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ | 24680 15641 16 | 197,15980 2,04512 | $\begin{array}{r}187.73939 \\ 5,141 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 5, 611140 | 8,306600 |
| Passamaquoddy | $\begin{array}{r} 3,03719 \\ 23169 \end{array}$ | 6,286 56 | 27744 2,97442 | $\begin{array}{r}5,12325 \\ 58,453 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15641 | $\begin{array}{r}2,04512 \\ \hline 15416 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5,14125 \\ \hline 76176\end{array}$ | 6,48319 58,87084 | $\begin{array}{r}297 \\ 77 \\ \hline 93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91336 \\ 1,79502 \end{array}$ |
| Pearl River |  | 25000 |  | 2,23790 |  | 25000 | 2,23790 |  |  |  |
| Paducah |  |  |  | 42975 |  | 17150 |  |  |  | 25825 |
| Pensacola |  |  |  | 27088 |  |  |  | 27088 |  |  |
| Philadelphia | 1, 049, 39559 | 6,338,38140 | 36, 64444 | 54, 16571 | 454, 43565 | 6, 553, 29444 | 12, 92994 | 16,608 07 | 436,54689 | 913,943 4 ¢ |
| Pittsburgh | 1,335 72 | 28, 631 54 | 1, 033 30 | 77,690 58 | 12400 | 107. 21179 |  |  |  | 1,603 35 |
| Plymoath | 20, 27892 | 5,095 89 | 24, 15671 | 1, 82046 |  | 22, 589.96 |  | 18134 | 16, 98140 | 11,549 28 |
| Portland and Falmouth.: | 93,042 23 | 548, 34575 | 60,481 11 | 2,025,641 61 | 1217 | 537, 376 | 12,500 77 | 2, 068, 064 - 00 | 14,347 01 | 95, 2354 |
| Portsmouth $\ldots$.......... Provillenco | 58,020 <br> 22,303 <br> 09 |  | 13, 765095 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1099 \\ 20202 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 8849 |  | 13, ${ }^{244} \mathbf{4 1 4} 14$ |
| Provineaco | 22,303 09 | 39,964 39 | 13,745 53 | $\begin{aligned} & 82091 \\ & 12145 \end{aligned}$ | 20202 | 58,85478 12145 | 1,754 00 |  | - 2, 77702 | 13, 61014 |
| Salem and Beverly | 18,15696 |  | 85879 | 13200 |  | 12, 83700 |  | 41529 | 1,995 41 | 3,900 05 |
| Saluria .... |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2, \\ -284 \\ \hline 285 \\ \hline 84\end{array}$ | 590 | 30. |  | 2,084 35 |  |  |


| San Diego | 10,51371 | $\begin{array}{r}7980 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 6,435 81 |  |  | 4, 07790 | 7980 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| San Francisco | 1,433, 26699 | 2, 724, 86377 | 65, 76724 | 789, 09075 | 76,234 92 | 2, 475, 27200 | 137, 40210 | 88, 67399 | 301, 79280 | 1, 286, 04278 |
| Savannah | 9,472 80 | 9, 442 67 | 22200 | 56870 | 6796 | 13, 08375 |  |  | 15140 | 6,53898 |
| Saint Louis | 135, 44248 | - 129,180 36 | 329, 87813 | 145,834 33 | 31744 | 564, 47233 | 16815 | 11,49795 | 22,936 11 | 141,578 20 |
| Vermont. | 3, 03699 | 13, 15614 |  | 578,544 71 | 70263 | 4,831 47 | 221, 51644 | 362, 3315 | 1,060 86 | 5,700 11 |
| Waldoborough | 3,318 58 | 6048 | 3,536 53 | 74847 |  | 112933 |  | 96669 | 4,479 88 | 2, 08816 |
| Wheeling. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,34487 \\ 44,775 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1,34487 14291857 |  |  |  |  |
| Willamette | 27,05996 2,09805 | 126,518 1,592 51 | 5,59201 <br> 2,224 | 44,775 58 | 8521 | 142,918 57 | 8120 | 3, 96280 | 2,831 57 | 58,28080 1,870 |
| Wilmington, N. | 5,762 43 | 1, 12374 |  |  | 75 | 5,140 51 |  | 3, $\times \ldots \ldots$ | 75309 |  |
| Wilmington, Cal |  |  |  | 600 39,400 45 | 2,395 83 | 26, 35423 |  | 60000 | 15,50245 |  |
| York |  |  | 1180 | 39, $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 1864 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,395 83 | 26, 354 |  | 3044 | 15, 00245 |  |
|  | 28, 479,455 62 | 77, 588, 33892 | 1,311, 52646 | 22, 809, 76676 | 4, 024, 72734 | 75, 078, 58186 | 2,683, 31856 | 22, 466, 94556 | 8, 388, 86402 | $25,596,10510$ |

RECAPITULATION.

H. C. JOHNSON Commissioner of Customs.

# REPORT OF THE FIRST AUDITOR. 

# REPORT <br> OF <br> <br> THE FIRST AUDITOROFTHE TREASURY. 

 <br> <br> THE FIRST AUDITOROFTHE TREASURY.}

Treasury Department,<br>Firstr Auditor's Office, Washington, October 20, 1884.

SIR: I bare the bonor to submit herewith the annual report of this buteau for the tiscal year ending Jne 30,1884 , with such recommendatious as are deemed for the interest of the public service.

Attention is called to the following exbibits of the busiuess transacted in this office during the year:

| dcoonnts adjusted. |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RECEIPTS. |  |  |
| Duties on merchandise and tonnage | 1,535 | . $\$ 199,286,32035$ |
| Steamboit fees. | 1,351 | 172, 6\%9 01 |
| Fines, penaltios, and forfe itures | 1.927 | 1104. 19536 |
| Marine hoxpital monty collerted | 1,666 | 452, 41662 |
| Otticial emoluments of coller:tors, naval officers, and surveyors Moneys received on acount of deceastd pissengers | 1,490 51 | $8.5,67445$ |
| Moueva received fromsales of old maturial ......... | 196 | 47, 9:26 29 |
| Miscellaurous teceids | 875 | 1, 013,357 07 |
| Moneys retained from Pacific Railroad Companies for accrued interest on bonds | 12 | 1.50k, 10863 |
| Treasurer of the United States for moueys received | 2 | 655, 576 72: 94 |
| Minte and assay oflices | 92 | 95, 135,764 67 |
| Water rents, Hot Springs, Arkansas |  | 2, 05820 |
| Immigration fund | 372 | 242, 96550 |
| Receipts for advertising change of name of vessels | 9 |  |
| Accounts of the treisurer of the District of Columbia for moneys received and de;:osited with the Treasurer of the United States........................ | 24 | 2, 018, 493,75 |
| Total | 8, 608 | 956, 377, 94494 |
| DISBURSEMENTS. |  |  |
| Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs .......................... | 1,905 | 5, 962, 437 33 |
| Drtection and prevention of frauds on customa revenue | 15 | 54, 99767 |
| Debenturn, drawhacks. \&c | 236 | 3, 314, 57387 |
| Excest of deposits refind d | 546 | 3, 934, 9688 38 |
| Revenue ratter Seavice | 573 | 873.43176 |
| Dutior r-fiunded, fives remitted, judgments satisfird, \&c | 1,447 | 1, $\because 45,68041$ |
| Marine Hosuital Service | 113 | 421,45579 |
| Ofticial emolumpme of collectors, naval ofticers, and surveygrs | 1,47x | 6.19,260 19 |
| A wards of compensation | 329 | 32, 27370 |
| Expenmes in advertising change of name of ressels. | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 15760 |
| Inspertion of neat yatle slupprd to foreing ports ............................. | 79 | 68, 195 82 |
| Light house prablishmeut, miscellan ous ex penses | 99 | 38, 106663 |
| Supplies of lixht-houses | 96 | 4011, 9344 43 |
| R patra of lig!t-housco | 73 | $2 \sim 6, ~ \times 4 \cup 49$ |
| Expensen of light-versels | 39 | 24.5, $90 \times 8$ |
| Expenses of huovare | 95 | $3 \div 1$, $10 \times 8$ |
| Expenses of tog-signals......................................................... | 44 | 39,860 59 |

## Accounts adjusted.

## DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

Expenses of lighting and buoyage of the Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio

Salaries of light-house keepers.
Salaries, \&c.,. Senate and House reporters
Salaites and mileage of Senators.
Salaries, officers and employes Senate
Salarjes and mileage, Meriber's and Delegates, House of Representatives
Salaries, officers and employés House of Representatives
Saluries of employés Executive Mansion
Salaries paid by disbursing clerks of the Departments
Salaries, ofticers and employés Indepondent Treasury
Salaries and expenses reporter of Supreme Court
Salaries, oftice of Director of Geological survey
Salaries and expenses, special inspectors foreign steam-vessels
Salaries, governors, \&e., Territories of the United States
Salaries of the civil list paid directly from the Treasury
Salaries, office of the Public Printer
Salaries, Burean of Engraving and Printing.
Salaries, Congressional Library
Salaries, standard weights and measures
Salaries,' Steamboat Inspection Service
Salaries, special agents Independent Treasury
Salaries, custodians and janitors
Salaries, AgriculturalDepartment
Salaries, Botanic Garden
Salaries and expenses, National Board of Health
Salaries of employés public buildings and grounds
Salaries and expenses, seal fisberies
Salaries, office of Civil Service Commission
Sala:ies and expenses, commission to regulate mail transportation
Contingent expenses, Executive Mansion
Contingent expenses, United States Senate
Contingant expenses, House of Representatives
Cointingent expenses, Departnients, Washington
Contingent expenses, Independent Treasury
Contingent expenses, Steamboat Inspection Service
Contingent expenses, public buildings and grounds
Contingent expenses, office of Public Printer
Contingent expenses, Library of Congress
Contingent expenses, executive offices, Territories
Contingent expenses, Utah Commission
Staiioцery, Treasury Departinent
Stationery, Interior Department
Stationery, War Department
Treasurer of the United states. for general expenditures
Gold and silver bullion account
Ordinary expenses, mints and assay offices
Parting and refining bullion
Coinage of stantard silyer dollars
Freight on bullion and coin
Trausportation of silver coin
Storage of silver dollars
Recoinage of gold, silver, and minor coins
Manufacture of medals
Legislative expenses. Territories of the United States
Defending suits in claims against the United States
Georletic and Coast Survey of the United States
Geolingical Survey of the Territories
Lands aud other property of the United States
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark
Reproducing plats of surveys, General Land Office
Adjusting claims for indemnity for swanp lands
Protection and improvement of Yellowstone Park
Sirveyine public linds
Protecting public lands
Depredations on public timber.
Smitlisonian Institution, expenses of
Spithsonian Institution, North American ethnology
Smifthsouian Institution, Polaris report
Bureau of Education, distribution docnments
Bureai of Education, collecting statistics
Deseriptive catalogue of Gorernment publications.
Pullication of Tenth Census report.
Judicial expenses, embracirty accounts of United States marshals, district attorness, assistant district attorneys, special assistants, clerks and com-
missioners, rent of court-honses, support of prisoners, \&c.
Prosecution of erimes
, 863
Prospressing counterteiting and crime
\$97, 63276 2, 61518
636. 599 :50

50,000 00
384.11749

250,22421
1,586, 84769
316,711 80
34,86400
8, 833, 52754
354, 20: 78
9,347 53
34,923 32
37, 50739
1,100-00
606, 00200
14, 97466
25,83435
36, 52210
8. 38800

99, 14564
2,2:4 79
146,13483
91, 41182
9, 098 98
20, 872.91
102, 758 '33
13.88426

16,654 46
10, 00000
1, 76865
123, 13500
54, 67116
367,77896
61,993 00
43, 10883
44029
1, 18458
93363
6,13126
11, 61741
79,464 92
65,45279
17, $684 \cdot 52$
$588,835,14597$
$88,893,62362$
$1,261,052$ 64
168, 88375
153,590 61
8. 754.03

13, 27230
51, 693.81
9766
20, $359-58$
106. 74217

2, 88985
672, 98594 362,15072
1, 98504
99, 56564
.24, 21975
13, 74699
41, 26423
28,532 02
57, 89132
55, 55826
42, $180^{0} 00$
51,52117
2, 57700
1,785 47
1,30618
5, 8.401
346,60644

## DISBURSEMENIS-Continued.

Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds
Investigation of fuats, office of Commissioner of Pensions.
Compensation and expenses, otticers of election, Utah Tervitory
Purchase of military papers of Count Rochambean.
Purchase of Mather Carpenter's records. de
Judgment southern district of New York in the case of the Spanish ferry-boat
Nuestra Señora de Regla
Judgment Tuited States ve Brindle
Expenses Chinese act.
Cheoks and certificates of deqposit

## thterest account

istered stock
Coupons.
District of Columbia, Washington, Georgetorn, and corporation bonds
Nary antund
Louisville and Portland Canal Company's bonds.
Pacific Exailroad bonds
Unclaimed interest, old loans

## redenhition account.

United States bomds, called:
Priveipal
Interest
United states bonds, purchased for sinking fund: Principal
Interest.
United States bonds, exchavged into loun of 1882,3 per cent. Principal.
Refundiag certificates:
Principal
Interest
Certificates of ieposit
District of Columbia stock Principal.
Interest and preuium
Louisville and fortland Canal Company's bonds
Notes, one and two years, compound interest, 7 .30s and Treasury, and war bounte serip Principal
Intertst $\ldots$ ar
Fractional eurreney destroyed
Old de:mand notes destroyed.
Gold certificates
Silver certificates
Redemption of wora and mutilated United States notes
Espenses of uational currency
Distinctive paper for United States securities
Purchase of bonds for sinking fund., Pacific Railroad.
Outstanding dratts and checks
Judgments of the Court of Claims
Public printing and biuding
Labor and expouses of engraving and printing
Post-Office Department requisitions.
Postage, Executive Departments
Telegraphic connection between the Departments
Life-Saring Service
Establishing Life Saving stations
Propagation of food-fishes
Illustrations for report on food-fishes
Steam-vessels (food-fishes)
Protection sea-otter and seal fisheries
Pedestal for statue of Rear- Admiral Du Pont
Expenses, inspectors General Land Office
Books and serials for Government actuary
Expenses, Civil Serrice Commission
Digest of contested-election cases.
Collecting statistics relatiug to commerce.
Examination national banks and bank plates
Estimates and digest of appropriations
Construetion of custom-houses and post-offices
Construction of court-houses and post.ìftices
Construction of building for State, War, and Navy Departments
Construction of barge oflices, New Xork
Construction of light-bonses
Construction of building for Bureau of Engraving and Printing
Construction of extension of Government Printing Office

|  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 14 | $8{ }^{5}, 10219$ |
| 3 | 45, 47971 |
| 1 | 16,439 68 |
| 1 | 20, 00000 |
| 1 | 8,000 00 |
| 1 | 148,203 00 |
| 1 | 18,838 82 |
| 31 | 1,42205 |
| 11 | 5,742 97 |
| 456 | 75, 504, 59911 |
| 125 | 10,035,980 63 |
| 34 | 815,668 03 |
| $\stackrel{1}{9}$ | 630, 00000 |
| 2 18 | 5,23,250 <br> 14 <br> 52600 |
| 18 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,814,52608 \\ 3,11800 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |
| 12 | 43, 556, 600.00 |
|  | 240, 07381 |
| 12 | 46, 180, 15000 |
|  | 316, 14308 |
| 3 | $2,400,70000$ |
| 12 | 66,900 00 |
|  | 17, 17245 |
| 23 | 27,770,540 00 |
| 5 | 366, 60000 |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{r}54,54058 \\ 3,540 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |
|  |  |
| 39 | 12,500 00 |
|  | - 1,925 18 |
| 17 | 116, 528, 93700 |
| 15 15 | 36,72400 |
| 15 14 | - 72500 |
| 14 | 31, 636,040, 00 |
| 16 | 29, 385, 46900 |
| 12 | 12,630 34 |
| 89 | 105, 68459 |
| 22 | 81,368 49 |
| 1 | 1., 668, 925000 |
| 107 | 40, 96995 |
| $12{ }^{\prime}$ | 47, 99583 |
| 144 | 2, 406, 89150 |
| 17 | $1,241,29922$ 171,40661 |
| 45 25 | 179, $6188^{\prime} 35$ |
| 13 | 1, 09601 |
| 175 | 786, 13692 |
| 27 | 44, 05243 |
| 19 | 151, 83388 |
| 2 | 892 77 |
| 4 <br> 1 | 75,54292 25,000 |
| 12 | -5, 84209 |
| 3 | 34555 |
| 2 | $\begin{array}{r}250 \\ 749135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1 | 7, ${ }^{\mathbf{4}, 000} \mathbf{0 0}$ |
| 22 | 6, 27012 |
| 13 | 47105 |
| 3 | 47945 |
| 246 | 996,421 36 |
| 488 | 1,640, 11123 |
| 14 | 328,867 67 |
| 14 | 6, 89462 |
| 110 3 | 125,574 22 |
| 3 4 | 94188 407 |

$$
5022 \mathrm{~F}-19
$$

\$5, 10219
45, 47971
16, 43968
20, 00000
8,000 00
148, 20300
1 ,
5,742 97

75, 504, 59911
035,98063
815,66803
630 , 10000
23, 25000
14,118
3,120
, 556, 600.00
$46,180,15000$ 316, 14308

66,900 00
12, 17245

366, 60000 54058

12, 50000
1, 92518 16, 528, 93700

72400
31, 636, 04000
385,469 00

105, 68459
81,36849
1, 668,925 00
40,96995
47,99583
2, 406, 89150
241, 29922
$171,406,61$
$179,618{ }^{3} 35$
1, 09601
786,13692
45, 05243
89277
75,5429
5, 84209
34555
7, 49135
1, 00000
27012
47945
996, 421 36
,640, 11123
6,894 62
94188
40736

## Accounts adjusted.

|  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |

## DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

## Redmbption agcount-Contimed.

Construction of marine hospitals
Construction of penitentiary building, Dakota
Construction of building for A gricultural Department
Constraction of Pension Office building
Construction of steam-tenders
Construction and repair of revenue vessels
Construction of Senate stable and engine-house.
Construction of elevator, \&e., Department of Justice
Construction of elevator and steam-machinery, Senate
Construction of appraisers' stores.
Construction of vaults, San Francisco
Construction of Fish Commission buildings
Reconstruction of eastern portion of Smithsonian Instituion
Reconstruction of Intcrior Department building.
Plans for public buildings.
Completion of Washington Monument
Repairs, fuel, \&c., Executive Mansion
Annual repaits of the Capitol
Repairs and preservation of public buildjngs
Heating apparatus for public huildings
Rent of buildings in $W$ ashington
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings
Forniture and repairs of same for public buildings
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings $\qquad$
Lighting, \&c., Executive Mansion.
Lighting the Capitol Grounds
Impro rement and care of pablic grounds $\qquad$
Improving Capitol Grounds
Improving Botanic Gardet and buildings
Washington Aqueduct
Increasing the water supply.
Repairs of water-pipes and fire-plugs
Constructing, repairing, and maintaining bridges, District of Columbia
Increase of Library of Congress.
Works of art for the Capitol
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases
Departmental librarios.
Agricultural Department :
Experimental garden.
Library

## Maseam

Laboratory
Furniture, cases, \&c
Collecting statistics
Pnrchase and distribution of valaable seeds
Improving grounds
Printing anmual report 1881 and 1888
Exporiments in tea culture.
Report on forestry.
Investigating diseases of swiue and other domestic animals
Investigating history of insects injurions to agriculture
Experiments in the manufacture of sugar.
Examination of wouls and animal fibers.
Transportation agricultural and mineral specimens to Atlanta, Ga

## Postage

Reclamation of arid and wasto lands
Forktown monument.
Monument to commemorate battle of Monmouth, N. J
Monument; Washington's headquarters, Newburgh, N. $\mathbf{Y}$
Reform School, District of Colnmbia
Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum
Government Hospital for the Insane, buildings, \&c .
Government Hospital for the Insane, current expenses
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb
Columbia Eospital for Women.
Providence Hospital.
Children's Hospital.
Saint Ann's Infant Asplam?
National A ssociation for the Relief of Colored Women and Children
Women's Christian Association
Industrial Home School
Maryland Institation for the Instruction of the Blind
Howard University.
Apparatus for blind
Transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries
Maps of the United States.
\$79, 63115 6,905 82 2, 660 21
100, 17556
42, 11171
91, 63149
31991
27, 416 01.
1, 53806
34167
16, 85000
13, 535,15
21, 689 ' 82
51, 27043
4, 26313
134, 08984
33, 69912
56, 26811
218,917 76
112, 19585
37, 35897
566, 52898
322,526 69
79, 62767
15,45816
21, 47912
81, 85790.
58, 35309
9, 20104
11,353 07
10, 66082
2, 48483
3, 08876
4,41226
3,429 98
64, 20747
5,156 83
5, 14986 86508
80865
19, 69742
5,057 69
53, 95624
66,626 89
6, 42664
181, 70067
1,218 84
7, 28630
18, 660 33:
13,932 01
16,404 28
2, 64006 :
59700
98629
13,235 91
30457
20, 000 00.
15671
41, 03129
32, 69375
96, 04115
270, 75569
42,454 50
21, 62588
15, 00000
5, 03319
4, 94863
8, 02184
5,003 50
6, 37985
5,366 33
18,330 62
10,00000
21769
5,241.24

| . $\pm$ ccounts adjusted. |  | Amonnt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DISBURSEMENTS-Continued. |  |  |
| Redmmption accounts-Continued. |  | 1 |
| Special relief acts. . | 15 | \$54, 71894 |
| Miscellaneons accounts | 114 | 14,994 21 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACCOUN'S. |  |  |
| Refunding taxes | 49 | 4, 87357 |
| Washing ton redimption fund | 23 | 91004 |
| Redemption of tax-lien certificates | 25 | 3, 19884 |
| Washiogton special tax fund.. | 23 | 21,513 82 |
| Redemption paving scrip and certificates | 36 | 13, 06830 |
| Relief of the poor......... | 24 | 18,143 53 |
| Employmeut of the poor. | 23 | 16, 20462 |
| Salaries and contingent expenses | 68 | 88, 27348 |
| Improvement and repairs. | 76 | 956, 27306 |
| Constructing, repairing, and maintaining bridges | 20 | 9, 06224 |
| Pablic schools | 61 | 874, 20970 |
| Public schools, buildings and grounds | 46 | 216, 33419 |
| Metropolitan police. | 32 | 374,306 16 |
| Fire department | 38 | - '110,669 65 |
| Courts.. | 25 | - 11,651 83 |
| Streets | 38 | '268,932 33 |
| Industrial Home School | 9 | 2,612 72 |
| Building, National Association for Colored Women and | . 9 | 7,489 82 |
| General expenses of District of Columbia, 1879 | 5 | 15,51182 |
| Health Department. | 24 | 46, 19954 |
| Markets .... | 11 | 2,741 67 |
| W ater fund | 36 | 109, 09915 |
| Judgments | 16 | 28,419 87 |
| Telegraph and telophone service. | 16 | 13,398 61 |
| Transportation of paupers and prisoners | 24 | 2,250 71 |
| Washiugton A sylum.................... | 24 | 49,11691 |
| Georgetown Almshouse | 20 | 1,940 40 |
| Goverument Hospital for the Insane. | 23 | 76,550 00 |
| Washington Asylum, buildings and grounds | 9 | 83495 |
| Police station-houses, Washington.. | 20 | 36,093 72 |
| Miscellaueons expenses. | 27 | 9,536 38 |
| Total. | 22, 705 | $1,126,835,53167$ |

Number of certificates recorded ..... 20, 106
Number of letters recorded ..... 5, 381
Judiciary emolument accounts registered and referred ..... 514
Number of powers of attorney for collection of interest on the public debt examined, registered, and filed ..... 2,339
Requisitions answered ..... 1, 109
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE WORK OF THE OFFICE, AS SHOWN BY THE REPORT'S OF THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS DESKS.

CUSTOMS DIVISION.

Oomprising the Accounts of Collectors of Customs for Receipts of Customs Revenue, and Disbursements for the Expenses of Collecting the same, and also including Accounts of Collectors for Receipts and Disbursements in connection with the Revenue-Cutter, Steamboat, Fines, Light-House, and MarineHospital Services, with Accounts for Official Emoluments, Debentures, Refunds of Duties, Sales of Old Materials, and Miscellaneous Disbursements.


# JUDICIARY DIVISION. 

Comprising the Accounts of District Attorneys, Marshals, Clerks, and Commissioners, Rents; and Miscelloneons Court Aecounts.


0

- PUBLIC JEBT DIVISION.

Oomprising all Accounts for Payment of Interest on the Public Debt, both Registered Stock and Coupon Bonds, Interest on District of Oolumbia Bonds, Pacife Railroad Bonds, Louisville and Portland Oanal Bonds, Navy Peinsion Fund, Redemption of United States and District of Columbia Bonds, Redemption of Coin and Currency Certificates, Old Notes and Bounty Serip, and Llccountsfor Notes and Frac. tional Churrency destroyed.


## WAREHOUSE AND BOND DIVISIGN.

STATAMENT of TRANSACTIONS in BONDED MAROHANDLSE, as shown by ACCOUNTS $\triangle D J U S T E D$ during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.

Number of acconnts sudusted 1, 1.03
Number of reports of "No transactions" received, examined.
and referred

491
Balance of duties on merchandise in warehonse per last report....... $\quad \$ 21,834,08985$
Duties on merchandise warehonsed................................................... $81,453,05430$

Duties on merchandise rewarehonsenl.......................................... $1,545,947$ 0. 03
Duties.ou merchandise construetively warehoused.................... 24, 222, 00075
Increased and additional drties, \&c.................................................. 3,382,408 08

Contra:
Dnties on merchandise withdrawn for consumption ................. $\$ 74,078,85152$
Duties on merehaudise withdrawn for transportation.................... 3, 3, 017,394 91
Duties on merchandise withdrawn for exportation........................ 24, 235, 02008

Duties on withdrawals for constrnction and repair of vessels.
117,15931
Duties on bonds delivered to district attomeys for prosecution...... 88487
Balance of duties on merchandise in warehouse.
$18,314,95285$
'Total. ........................................................................... $132,437,50001$
Bpecial attention is called to the following summary of official work performed on what is known as "Miscellaneous Desks" in this bureau. The total amount involved in these settlements during the fiscal year is $\$ 1,470,087,686.44$, and embraces a very large variety of acconnts and claims against the Government.
An examination of the work performed by the several clerks in charge compels the conclusion that an additional division should be created to be known as "The Division of Miscellaneous Accounts," and the whole
work to be supervised by a capable and efficient chief, whose duty will be to superintend this work and inspect the accounts before they are presented for signature of the Auditor.

It is for this reason that recommendation is made for an additional chief of division, who shall have charge of this class of accounts, affecting no less thaù 1,200 different appropriations.

## MISCELLANEOUS DESKS.

No. 1.-Comprising Accounts of Disbursing Clerks of the Departments for Salaries, Salary Accounts of the various Assistant Treasurers, and of the Congressional Library, Public Printer, and Executive Office, Accounts for Salaries of the Officers and Employbs, House of Representatives, and the Accounts relating to the Coast Survey.


No. 2.-Comprising the Accounts of the Disbursing Clerks of the Departments for Contingent Expenses, Contingent Expenses of the House of Representatives and Assistant Treasurers, Accounts of the Geological Survey, National Board of Hcalth, and a very great Number of Miscellaneous Accounts.


No. 3.-Oomprising Accounts for Construction of Custom:Houses, Post-Offees, Court-Houses, and other Public Buildings, Accounts of the Public Printer, and Life Saving Service, ac:


No. 4.-Comprising the Accounts of the Treasurer of the Onited States for General Dxpenditures; the Salary and Mileage Accounts for the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Accounts for Contingent Expenses of the United States Senate.


No. 5.-Comprising the accounts of Mints and Assay Offces; Salaries of the Civil List paid directly from the Treasury on First Auditor's Certificates, Captured and Abandoned Property accounts; Accountsfor the Legislative and Contingent Expenses of the United States Tervitories and Transportation of United States Securities.

|  | - |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts....... Disbursements. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ 2,559 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 45,135,76467 \\ 91,410,54814 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 2,651 | 186, 546, 31081 |

No. 6.-Comprising the accounts of the District of Columbia.

| $\cdots$. | - | - |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts ....... Disbursements |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 880 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,018,49375 \\ 3,390,03163 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  |  | 904 | 5, 408, 52538 |

No. 7.-Under the Chief of the Warehouse and Bond Division, and Comprising Judgments of the Court of Claims, Outstanding Liabilities, Postal Requisitions, Transfer of Appropriations, \& $\subset$.
(.

No. S-Comprising accounts of the Light-House Establishnient, Steamboat Inspection Service, \&o.

|  | 0 | 1 |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursements: |  |  | 1,916 | \$3, 485, 07758 |

Ne. 9.-Comprising accounts of the Burean of Engraving and Printing, Marine Hospital disbursements, and accounts of the Government Hospital for the Insane and other Charitable Institutions.


|  | Fiscal years. | Number of accounts examined and ad. justed. |  | Total. | Amount. |  | Total amount. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Receipts. | Disbursements. |  | Receipts. | Disbursements. |  |  |  |  |
| 1861 |  | 1,744 | 7,481 | 9,205 | \$40, 032, 70403 | \$201, 860, 75325 | \$241, 893, 45728 | 7, 249 | 727 |  |
| 1862. |  | 1,477 | 7, 906 | 9,383 | 47, 225, 61194 | 352, 564,687 88 | .399, 790, 29982 | 7,997 | 1, 065 |  |
| 1863 |  | 1,407 | 8,543 | 9,950 | 67, 417, 40595 | 890, 917, 69577 | 958, 335, 10172 | 7, 436 | 1,339 |  |
| 1864 |  | 1,342 | 9,560 | 10,902 | 81, 540, 72680 | 1, 447, 668, 82590 | 1. $529,209.55270$ | 7,580 | 1,316 | 1, 646 |
| 1865 |  | 1,972 | 10,520 | 12,492 | 90, 763, 63552 | 1,755, 151, $626^{3} 75$ | 1, 845, 915, 26227 | 8,524 | 1, 824 | 2, 424 |
| 1866 |  | 2,122 | 13, 329 | 15, 451 | 221, 445, 24371 | 1, 972, 713, 88906 | 2, 194, 159, 13277 | 12, 635 | 1,909 | 2,326 |
| 1867 |  | 2,055 | 10,812 | 12, 867 | $218,884,93181$ | 2,339, 633,571 08 | 2, 558, 518, 50289 | 10, 823 | 1,735 | 2, 973 |
| 1868. |  | 2,364 | 11, 396 | 13,760 | 215, 497, 95523 | 1,949, 304, 25709 | 2, 164, 802, 21232 | 10, 160 | 1,737 | 5,022 |
| 1869 |  | 2,547。 | 13, 352 | 15, 899 | 231, 762, 31823 | 1, 808, 644, 48150 | 2, 040, 406, 799.73 | 10,859 | 1,900 | 4, 295 |
| 1870 |  | 2, 441 | 12, 630 | 15, 071 | 240, 196, 29897 | 1, 344, 512, 78941 | 1, 584, 769, 08838 | 10,572 | 2,395 | 7,690 |
| 1871 |  | 2,864 | 14,101 | 16,965 | 239, 338, 07813 | 1,773, 277, 49208 | 2, 012, 615, 57021 | 11, 426 | - 2, 239 | 6,856 |
| 1872 |  | 4,511 | 15, 293 | 19,804 | 912, 200, 14778 | 1, 339, 778, 63245 | 2, 251, 978, 78023 | 12, 900 | 2,356 | 5, 672 |
| 1873 |  | 5,522 | 14,474 | 19,996 | 1, 202, 869, 37018 | 1,416, 193, 00742 | 2, 619, 062, 37760 | 12, 433 | 2,339 | 5,138 |
| 1874 |  | 6,586 | 17, 237 | 23, 823 | 875, 692, 67171 | 1, 283, 786, 75033 | 2, 159, 479, 42204 | 13, 766 | 1,905 | 5, 362 |
| 1875 |  | 7,065 | 17,994 | 25, 059 | 1, 144, 320, 29880 | 1, 491, 427, 10107 | 2, 685, 747, 30987 | 12, 860 | 2, 282 | 4,149 |
| 1876 |  | 6,615 | 16,847 | 23, 462 | 1, 139, 847, 33052 | 1, 746, 678, 60258 | \%, 886, 525, 93310 | 12, 163 | 2,048. | 2,948 |
| 1877 |  | 7,016 | 17,544 | 24,560 | 696, 493, 65961 | 986, 401, 19196 | 1, 682, 894, 85157 | 13, 059 | 2,055 | 4,505 |
| 1878 |  | 7,038 | 16, 381 | 23, 419 | 959, 020, 39382 | 1,287, 812, 74500 | 2, 246, 833, 138.82 | 12,729 | 2,473 | 4,626 |
| 1879 |  | 7,207 | 17,618 | 24,825 | 917, 547, 04973 | 1, 147, 581, 19279 | 2, 065, 128, 24252 | 13, 824 | 3, 219 | 5, 891 |
| 1880 |  | 7, 035 | 20, 046 | 27, 081 | 1,206, 298, 42971 | 1, 893, 413, 94153 | 3, 099, 712, 37124 | 13,768 | . 3,443 | 3, 891 |
| 1881 |  | 6, 814 | 20, 308 | 27, 122 | 862, 066, 08194 | 1, 016, 464, 13481. | 1, 878, 530, 21675 | 15, 396 | 3,857 | 3,539 |
| 1882 |  | 7,193 | 20, 802 | 27, 995 | 973, 657, 47139 | 1, 025, 640, 80775 | 1, 999, 298. 27914 | 15, 179 | 4,501 | 3, 568 |
| 1883 |  | 8,149 | 22, 950 | 31, 099 | $828,360,88042$ | 1,361, 099, 61573 | 2, 189, 460,49615 | 18, 871 | 5,248 | 3, 200 |
| 1884 |  | 8,608 | 22, 705 | 31,313 | 956, 377, 94494 | 1,126, 835, 53167 | 2,083, 213,476 61 | 20, 106 | 5,381 | .2,339 |

The foregoing exhibits of the official work of this bureau present, in a summary, much condensed, the varied and increasing labor of this office.

The change in appropriations'made by Oongress in recent years, requiring expenditures to be limited to amounts stated in each subdivision of stated service, has greatly increased the labor in the examination of accounts rendered thereunder,

The amount of clerical work performed during the last four years has been greater per capita than in former years, as shown by the records of the office, and this admonishes me that greater care and vigilance should be exerted in the supervision of the work. It is for this reason I would urge the creation of a new division in the office, to be known as the "Division of Miscellaneous Accounts," and request is made for an additional chief of division to have supervision of all miscellaneous work. This will provide for an additional inspection of accounts stated, before siguature of the Auditor, and secure a more prompt adjustment of current accounts in the absence of clerks in charge of the various desks enumerated.

In response to the recommendation in my last report, asking for ten additional clerks for this bureau', an increase of four was anthorized by Congress, which relieved somewhat the great pressure upon the force in adjustment of accounts; yet it is inadequate to the work required. It has become necessary to ask for detail of clerks from other offices to dispatch the pressing work waiting examination and audit in this Burean.

## SUMMARY STATEMENT OF WORK $\triangle$ S SHOWN BY I'HIS REPORI'.

Atterition is called to the following statement of the work of this bureau for the fiscal year:

| Number of accounts examined and adjuste | 33, 421 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of certificates recorded | 20, 106 |
| Number of letters written | 5, 3-1 |
| Number of requisitions answered | 1, 109 |
| Powers of attoruey approved aud filed | 2,339 |
| Total amount involved in settlements mad and disbursments of public moneys | 433.93 |

## ,CONDITION OF OFFICIAL WORE.

It is a pleasure to report that at no time within the last five years has the work of this office been in so satisfactory condition.

All current work has been kept well in hand, with no greater delay in the general work than is unavoidable in the'settlement of large monthly and quarterly accounts, requiring much time in their examination and setilement.
The list of accounts awaiting adjustment has never been so small as at this writing, during the period mentioned, yet some accounts are necessarily held for explavation, completion of vouchers, \&c., before final settlement can be properly made.

In conclusion, I take much pleasure in commending the Deputy Auditor, chiefs of division, clerks and employes of this burean for intelligent and efficient services rendered.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, R. M. REYNOLDS,

Hon. Walter Q. Greshám, Secretary of the Ireasury. Auditor.

REPORT OF THE SECOND AODITOR. 1
$\square$


## THE SECOND AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY.

Treasury Department, Second Auditor's Office, Washington, October 10, 1884.

Sir: In accordance with section 283 of the Revised Statutes, and your request of the 15 th ultimo, I have the honor to submit my report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, showing the application of moneys appropriated for the War Department and the Indian service, the work performed in each division of the office during the year, and the condition of the public business assigned to me at the close of the year.

BOOKKEEPERS' DIVISION.

| Appropriations. | Drafts. | Repayments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Appliances for disabled soldiers | \$1, 01600 | \$817 75 |
| Armament of fortifications | 288, 41568 | 45111 |
| Arming and equipping the militia | 186, 65334 | 36,69738 |
| Artificial limbs. | 191; 54214 | 9, 08859 |
| Artillery school, Fort Monroe, | 3, 00000 |  |
| Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, Cal. | 104, 61.980 |  |
| Bounty, act July 28, 1866 - | 60,000 00 | 1, 20445 |
| Bounty to volunteers and their widows and legal heirs | 150,000 00 | 2, 74437 |
| Bounty to volunteers and regulars on enlistment |  | 7694 |
| Bounty to the Fifteenth and Sixteonth Missouri Cavalry | 26, 00000 |  |
| Cullecting, drilliug, and organizing volunteers .......... | 3021 | 16061 |
| Collection and payment of bounty, prize money, \&c., to colored soldiers, \& | 1,500 00 | 1, 031.94 |
| Contingencies of the $A$ rmy | 19,575 80 | 21066 |
| Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Department | 2,54540 | 4845 |
| Draft and strostitute fund |  | 2493 |
| Expenses of the Commanding General's office | 1,750 00 | 161 I1 |
| Expenses of military convicts | 7, 21853 |  |
| Expenses of recruiting | 99, 96974 | 7, 52521 |
| Extra pay to officers and men who served in the war with Mexico | 50000 |  |
| Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, Pa | 1, 50000 |  |
| General expenses ... . . . . . . | 18357 | 8,720 93 |
| Manufacture or purchase of magaziue guns | 30,250 00 |  |
| Manufacture of arms at national armories | 401, 00000 |  |
| Medical and hospital department | 193, 191 71 | 13,15783 |
| Medical Museum aud library | 10, 00000 |  |
| Mileage. | 74088 | 2, 26749 |
| Now York Arsenal | 5; 500 00 |  |
| Ordnance service | 118, 77050 | 1,376 12 |
| Ordnance, orclnance stores, and supplies | 400, 00000 | 18283 |
| Ordnance material, proceeds of sales. | 75,00000 |  |
| Pay, \&c., of the Ampy ............. | 12, 225, 00841 | 449,39704 |
| Pay of the Military A cademy......... | 207, 00000 | 11, 49393 |
| Pay of two and three year volunteers | 124, 058 47 | 6,37693 |
| Pay of volunteers (Mexican war) |  | 160 |
| Purchase of Saw yer's patent for canister shot | 25,000 00 |  |
| Purchase of arus for volunteers and regulars. |  | 265 |
| Publication of Ofticial Records of the War of the Rebellion | 37,41751 | 100 |
| Powder and projectiles | 42,808 00 |  |
| Powder depot, Dover, N. J | 40;000 00 |  |
| Repairs of arsenals | 40, 00000 | 26 |
| Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois | 202,500 00 |  |
| Rocts Island bridge, Illinois | 9,250 00 |  |
| Relief of sundry persons | 56802 |  |
| Sea-coast batteries for instruction of militia. |  | 47720 |
| Secret service fund (transfer account, act March 3, 1875; 18 Statutes, 418) | 4,955 78 |  |
| Signal Service, pay | 208,000 00 |  |
| Signal Service, medical department . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3,449 21 |  |
|  |  | 299 |

## Bookkeepers' division-Continued.

| Appropriations. | Dratts. | Repayments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Springfield Arsenal Massaebuselts | \$15, 00000 | \$15976 |
| Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer-Soldiers | 1, 122, 08803 |  |
| Support of Soldiers' Homo | 355, 50556 | $65^{-65}$ |
| Soldiers' Home, penmanent fand (22 Statutes, 565 ) | 126,60100 |  |
| Soldiers' Home, interest account (22 Statates, 565) | 3,494 75 |  |
| Testing machine | 10,000 00 | 389 |
| Total drafts and repayment on account of War Department appropriations | 17, 183, 17704 | 553,927 91 |
| Appropriations for the Indian servise. |  |  |
| Additional beef for Indian service | 48,431 29 | 3,000 00 |
| Appeal in Crow Dog's case | 1, 00000 |  |
| Buildings at agencies and ropairs | 24, 30364 | 2,657 04 |
| Civilization fund. | 6,924 24 | 4, 23342 |
| Contingencies of the Indian Department | 48, 61900 | 5, 18800 |
| Consolidating Indian agencies .... | 5,285 , 00 |  |
| Collecting aud establishing Sonthern Comanches on reservation south of Avkansas River |  | 2, 904.46 |
| Expenses of Indian commissions and of tho board of Indian commis. sioners | 4, 126 76 | 45800 |
| Fulfilling treaties with rarious ${ }^{\text {- }}$ - ${ }^{\text {dian }}$ tribes | 888, 90535 | 22, 26207 |
| Gratuity to certain 0 te Indians | 4, 66666 | 10000 |
| Incidental expenses of the Indian service | 124, 83926 | $12,639 \cdot 48$ |
| Interest on trinst funds, \&c | 604, 37037 | 14,107 97 |
| Maintenance and education of the Lincoln, German, and Germain girls (acts May 15, 1870, March 3, 1875, and March 1, 1879) ............ | 8, 46875 |  |
| Negotiating with Sioux for modification of treaties | $\overline{5}, 00000$ |  |
| Pay of Indian agents, inspectors, school superintondent, interpreters, and police | 1.95, 81824 | 7, 81632 |
| Payment to Utes for individual improvements | 25000 | 15000 |
| Payment to North Carolifua Cheroliees. | 1., 97722 |  |
| Payment of indemnity to Poncas. | 2, 00000 |  |
| Proceeds of New Yoik Iudian lands in Kansas |  | 1,184 43 |
| Procceds of Choctaw orphan reservation | 1,608 04 |  |
| Proceeds of Sioux reservations in Minnesota and Dakota | 89, 65444 | 5,905 37 |
| Relief of Louisa Boddy | 5,40000 |  |
| Relief of dostitute Indians and of Indians at the Crow, Fort Belknap, and other agencies | 72, 17211 |  |
| Roimbursement to Creek orphan fund |  | 72380 |
| Removal and support of certain Indians | 81,649 20 | 6, 69663 |
| Reservoir at headwaters of tho Mississippi River, |  | 15, 66400 |
| School buildings, support of schools, \&c .. | 621, 18347 | 31, 40328 |
| Support of various Indian tribes and bands | 3,496, 36462 | 58,722 86 |
| Surveys and appraisement of Indian lands and reseryation | 8,53500 | 1.1898 21 |
| Stock cattle for Indian industrial sehools | 25, 56944 |  |
| Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies | 31, 42104 | 38968 |
| Transportation of Indiau supplies. | 264, 42785 | 8, 16066 |
| Traveling expenses of Indiau inspectors and o | 7,757 81 | 1,19279 |
| Vaccination of Indians. | . 23600 |  |
| Miscellaneous items | 3,436 55 | 1,143 59 |
| Total drafts and repayments (Indian service) | 6, 684, 40135 | 208,602 06 |

GENERAL BALANCE SHJEET of APPROPRIATIONS.

|  | War. | Indian, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Debit. |  |  |
| To amount withelrawn from the Treasury July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884. | \$17, 183, 177704 | \$6, 684,'401 35 |
| To amount of transfer warrants issued to adjust appropriations. | - 94, 00577 | 12,080 38 |
| To unexpended balances carried to surplus fund | 693,177 40 | 106, 95495 |
| To aggregate amount of balances remaining to the credit of all appropriations June 30, 1884 | 2, 114, 9]. 38 | J.2, 904, '864 57 |
| Total | 20, 085, 27159 | 19, 708, 30125 |
| Cridit. |  |  |
| By balances on hand July 1, 1883 | 2, 669, 72750 | 13, 076, 53593 |
| By amount of repayments during the pear | 553, 92791 | 208, 60206 |
| By amount of counter warrants issued to adjust appropriations | 100, 28800 | 16, 16649 |
| By amount of appropriation warrants issued during the year. | 16, 761, 32818 | 6, 406,996 77 |
| Total | 20,085, 27159 | 19, 708,301 25 |

The following is a summary of the work performed in the bookkeep. ers' division incidental to keeping the accounts of the office:

Requísitions registered, journalized, and posted, 4,909; settlements recorded, journalized, and posted, 3,670 ; settlements made in the division chiefly to adjust appropriation's and close accounts, 164 ; statements of balances, \&c., furnished to settling clerks, 2,368; certificates listed and indexed, 1,307; repay requisitions prepared for the War and Interior Departments, 544 ; appropriation warrants recorded and posted, 43; official bouds of disbursing officers entered, 61 ; certificates of nonindebtedness issued in cases of officers and eulisted men, 2,069; letters written, 795. The amount drawn from the Treasury on settlements made in this division was $\$ 133,203.26$, which included the, following sums on Soldiers' Home acconnt:

Paymasters' division.
Number of acconnts on hand July 1, 1883 ................................ 616
Received during the year................................................................. 662
Number of accounts audited and reported to the Second Comptroller... $\quad 1,278$
-Remaining on hand June 30, 1884.............................................. 624
On July 1, 1883, seventy "longevity ćlaims" remained unsettled; eighty have been received since that date, and one bundred and fortyfour have been disposed of, leaving six on hand. The record of deposits by enlisted men under the act of May 15, 1872, shows that 8,665 deposits were made, amonnting to $\$ 471,204.75$, and that the sum of $\$ 383,001.87$, heretofore deposited, was repaid to the men on their discharge from the service. The service records of two hundred and four officers of the Army have been revised and corrected under the acts of June 18, 1878, and February 24, 1881.

The amount involved in 654 accounts, 144 claims, and 235 miscellaneous settlements was $\$ 15,851,126.98$, as follows:


Letters received, 966 ; letters written, 2,212; clerks employed, 13.
MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.
 2,399
Number audited and reported to the Second Comptrollor .......................... 2,044
Number on hand June 30, 1884

The amount of disbursements allowed was $\$ 4,035,988.63$, under the following appropriations:
Ordnance, ordnance stores, \&c., ordnance service, arming and equipping the militia, armament of fortifications', repairs of arsenals, and other appropriations of the Ordnance Department-
$\$ 2,049,18002$
Medical and hospital department, ártificial limbs, Medical Museum and library, and other appropriations of the Medical Department:-.

160,97054
Contingencies of the Army, publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion, expenses of military convicts, expenses of the command-ing-general's office, contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Department, \&c

117,31636
Expenses of recruiting, collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers, bounties, and arrears of pay to colored soldiers, $\& \mathrm{c}$ 306, 29253
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.................. 1, 402,229 18

## Total

$4,035,98863$
The record of payments to officers of the Army from 1815 has been brought up to date, and a comprehensive index to the fifty-nine large volumes of which the record consists is now being prepared. The reg. ister of payments to officers of volunteers, in forty-eight volumes, is not quite completed. but is so far advanced as to be of very great service. The time of two clerks is occupied in furnishing statements of payments to officers whose claims are being settled in other divisions. Prior to October, 1883, the office had to depend upon the Paymaster-General of the Army for statements of this lxind. The number of payments to officers (regular and volunteer) recorded during the year was 96,500 , of which twenty-five were double payments made several years ago.

Letters written, 10,136 ; letters recorded, 1,468 ; clerks employed, 11.
INDIAN DIVISION.
The following is a summary of the work of this division since last report:

|  | Money accounts. | Property accounts. | Clains. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On hand July 1, 1883 | 186 | 79 | 68 |
| Received during the year | 739 | 666 | 3,108 |
| Total | 925 | 745 | 3,176 |
| Audited and reported to the Second Comptroller | 728. | 538 | 3,091 |
| On havd June 30, 1884 | 197 | - 207 | 85 |

The amount allowed by this office in the settlement of money accounts of Indian agents, special agents, inspectors, and other disbursing officers of the Indian service was $\$ 2,579,821.83$, and the amount certified to be due contractors and others for supplies furnished and services rendered was $\$ 4,406,955.85$, making the total disbursements $\$ 6,986,777.68$.

Forty-nine transcripts of disbursing officers' accounts have been prepared for suit. The balances in dispute amount to $\$ 369,751.53$ and consist almost entirely of items disallowed by the accounting officers in consequence of apparent infractions of law or regulations on the part of agents. Some of these balances have been standing on the books for several years, the limited force of the office precluding earlier action.

It is to be regretted that the force assigned to this division is not always available for its current work. The time of one of the best clerks has been occupied for several months upon an investigation of

Cherokee Indian accounts under the treaty of 1835，while two others are engaged in preparing a report of Union Pacific Railroad settlements． which will require months of patient examination．These labors are at the instance of the Court of Claims and are entirely foreign to the ordi－ nary business of the division．

The Indian Division has to state accounts under no less than three． hundred and twenty－four heads of current appropriations，besides a large number brought forward from previous years．The transactions concerned in these accounts are of the greatest possible variety，and it is scarcely necessary to say that the execution of the duties devolving upon the clerical force employed demands all the best qualities of skilled accountants as well as the sound judgment，general knowledge，and faithful industry required in the performance of work of other kinds．

The number of letters written was 3,$592 ; 924$ letters were recorded， and 22 clerks employed．

PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION．
Examining branch．

| Classes of claims． |  |  |  |  | 安 | Referred elsewhere． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ，WHITE SOLDIERS． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commissioned ofticers ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enlisted men，subsequent to April 19，1861－arrears of pay and all bounties． | 26，815 | 10， 023 | 1，703 | 3， 265 | 4； 574 | 4，14I | 26，561 |
| Claims for pay prior to April 19，1861．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 240 | 366 | 76 | 36 | 134 | 1 | 511 |
| Claims of laundresses，sutlers，tailors，se | 44 |  | 3． | 11 | 2 | 1 | 50 |
| －COLORED SOLDIERA． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arrears of pay and bounty | 8， 263 | 2，195 | 458 | 692 | 1，127 | 13 | 9，082 |
| Total | 35，362 | 12， 601 | 2， 238 | ［4， 004 | 5，837 | 4， 156 | 36， 204 |

Settling branch．

| Classes of claims． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WHITE SOLDIERS． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commissioned officers ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． ） |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enlisted men，subsequent to April 19，1861－arrears of pay and all bounties． | 598 | 3，265 | 2，916 | 68. | 24 ： | 855 |
| Claime for pay prior to April 19；1861．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 36 | 36 |  |  |  |
| Claims of lanndresses，sutlers，tailors，\＆c．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |
| COLORED SOLDIERS． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arrears of pay and bounty | 82 | 692 | 646 | 6 |  | 122 |
| Total | 680 | 4，004 | 3，609 | 74. | 24 | 977 |

The claims settled and allowed averaged not quite $\$ 140.40$ each, the total amount being $\$ 506,698.70$, which includes the following items: Payments under the "Tyler decision" to officers out of service, and to the legal representatives of deceased officers, $\$ 21,644.22$; payments of $33 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. additional compensation under the act of March 2, 1867, and decision of the Second Comptroller, November 25, 1881, \$35,924.73.
Ninety-six settlements were made utader section 4,818 of the Revised Statutes in favor of the Soldiers' Home for $\$ 208,732.70$ unclaimed moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldieris of the United States Army.

Leiters written, 126,216; clerks employed, 64.

## DIVISION FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF FRAUD.

On July 1, 1883, 6,533 cases remained on band, 739 new cases were received during the year, 559 cases were disposed of, leaving 6,533 ou hand for future action. Abstracts of material facts were made in 328 cases of illegal or erroneons payments, and 35 cases were prepared for suit aud referred to the Department of Justice. The sum of $\$ 4,564.60$ was recovered by suit and otherwise; judgments for $\$ 1,171.42$ were obtained but have not yet been satistied, and $\$ 3,753.80$ was returned to the Treasury through the Pay Department, in cases of colored soldiers and their heirs whose claims were certified more than seven years ago but who cannot be found.
The 6,533 cases reimaining on hand consist of 1,940 unsettled claims ( 372 white and 1,568 colored); 4,338 settled claims ( 973 white and 3,365 colored); and 255 cases of overpayments and double payments to officers. Apparent, alleged, or suspected fraud is involved in 4,637 of these cases, and 1,896 are settled colored claims in which the claimants could not be found within seven years after the claims were ready for payment. After the lapse of that period the legal presumption is that claimants who do not apply for their money are dead, and the amounts certified to be due them are covered into the Treasury. About onefourth of the 1,896 seven-year cases have been called up by persons claiming payment and are now undergoing a careful investigation.

Six clerks were employed in this division during the year, and 5,284 letters were written.

The number of property accounts quarterly returns of clothing, camp and garrison equipage) on hand July 1, 1883, was 4,356; 3,759 were received, and 4,089 were settled during the year, leaving 4,026 on hand June 30, 1884. Charges amounting to $\$ 1,500.92$ were made against officers (iucluding volunteers) for property not accounted for, and the sum of $\$ 1,547.80$ was collected and repaid to the appropriations from which the articles were purchased. Certificates of non-indebtedness were issued to 1,274 officers, chiefly those who served during the late war, who have claims pending either in this office for arrears of pay or in the Third Anditor's Office for the value of horses lost in service. Letters written, 2,112 ; letters recorded, 1,374 ; clerks employed; 5.

Subjoined is a tabular statement of inquiries received, answered, and awaiting replies:

| Officer making inquiry. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { On hand } \\ \text { July } 1,1883 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Received. | Answered. | On hand <br> June 30, 1884 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjutant-General | 884 | 5,733 | 6,357 | 260 |
| Quartermaster-General | 44 | 634 | 674 | 4 |
| Commissary-General ... | 1 | 1,647 | 1,596 | 52 |
| Chief of Ordnance.. |  | , 20 | 18 | 2 |
| Commissioner of Pensions | 320 | 5,080 | 4,856 | 544 |
| Commissioner of the General Land | 3 | 77 | 78 | 7 |
| Third Auditor. $^{\text {a }}$ | 57 | 1,878 | 1, 863 | 72 |
| Fourth Auditor. | 1 | 9 | 8 | 2 |
| Miscellaneous. |  | 526 | 526 |  |
| Total | 1,310 | 15,604 | 15,976 | 938 |

Miscellaneous work.
Rolls and vouchers copied for the Adjutant-General of the Army, 429 ; letters, affidavits, final statements, certificates of disability, and other papers, 1,824 ; pages of foolscap used in copying, 1,587 ; letters written, 3,584 ; signatures of claimants compared with their signatures while in the service, 5,377 ; descriptive lists of soldiers briefed and filed away, 22,344. Overpayments and double payments amounting to $\$ 5,864.14$ have been discovered and proper steps taken toward securing restitution. Of this amount $\$ 2,870.11$ consists of overpayments to soldiers of volunteer cavalry regiments for use and risk of horses furnished by themselves, and will be deducted by the Third- Auditor from the value of horses lost in service, in accordance with section 3,482 of the Revised Statutes. A verage number of clerks employed, 16.

## dIVISION OF CORRESPONDENCE AND RECORDS.

Letters received, 35,040 ; letters written, 15,201 ; letters referred to other offices, 279 ; letters returned uncalled for, 1,114 ; claims received, briefed, registered, and distributed, 20,748; miscellaneous vouchers received, stamped, and distributed, 49,879; letters with additional evidence received, briefed, and registered, 17,211. Average number of clerks employed, 4.

## ARCHIVES DIVIBION.

| Paymasters' accounts received from the Pay Department..................... 665 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Confirmed settlements received from the Second Comptroller entered, in- |  |
| Miscellaneous accounts withdra | 3,618 |
| Vouchers withdrawn for refer | 42,957 |
| Vonchers returned to files | 74,902 |
| Vouchers briefed and examined | 648, 189 |
| File boxes brietted and stenciled | 13,372 |
| Muster and pay rolls repaired | 10,208 |
| Settlements (Indiau and miscella | 105, 470 |
| Mexican war vouchers re-exami | 116,000 |
| Letters written | 324 |
| Number of pages copied | 3, 264 |
| Clerks employe |  |

Nearly all the rolls and vouchers pertaining to the war with Mexico were withdrawn from the files thirty years ago and have been kept $5022 \mathrm{~F}-\ldots 0$
separate ever since. They are now being carefully overbauled and returned to their proper places where they will be as easy of access as those connected with the late war-any one of which can be found in a few minutes. Owing to age, indifferent paper, and constant use many of the abstracts of disbursementsfiled with paymasters' accounts, to which they are indexes, have become so fragile and torn that they can be handled with difficulty, and it has been found absolutely necessary to copy them. Over 2,500 pages were thus replaced during the year. For the purpose of facilitating the work of returning musterrolls and vouchers to the accounts to which they belong, the file boxes containing settlemeuts subsequent to 1860 have been numbered consecutively. Clerks withdrawing vouchers are required to indorse the number of the box on the voucher, so that its place in the files is shown at once without the necessity of referring to any abstract, register, or other record. This simple device has been found to work admirably.

## RECAPITULATION.

| Description of accounts, \&c. | On hand July 1, 1883. | Received. | Disposed of. | On hand June 30, 1884 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$. DISBURSING ACCOUNTE. |  |  |  |  |
| Army paymasters. | 616 | 662 | 654 | 624 |
| Recruiting, ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous | 511 | 1, 888 | 2, 044 | 355 |
| Indian agents...................................... | 186 | 739 | 728 | 197 |
| Total disbursing accounts | 1,313 | 3, 289 | 3,426 | 1,176 |
| Arrears of pay and bounty, including longevity claims | 36,112 | 14,919 | 13,844 | 37,187 |
| Indian.. | 68 | 3,108 | 3,091 | 85 |
| Total claims | 36,180 | 18,027 | 16,935 | 37,272 |
| Clothing, camp, and garrison equipage....... | 4,356 | 3,759 | 4,089 | 4,026 |
| Indian ...................................... | 79 | 666 | 538 | 207 |
| Total property accounts | 4,435 | 4,425 | 4,627 | 4,233 |
| Aggregate of accounts and claims ............ | 41,928 | 25,741 | 24, 988 | 42, 681 |



It will be perceived that there is a slight increase in the number of accounts and claims remaining on hand, as compared with last year's returns. With an inadequate force of clerks no other result could be expected, and I see no prospect of bringing the work up to date so long as claims arising out of the late war continue to be filed at the rate of one thousand per month.

## CLAIMS OF INDİAN SOLDIERS.

The 36,204 claims pending in the examining branch of the pay and bounty division include 1,224 claims of Indians who served in the war
of the rebellion. No action has been taken in these cases other than to acknowledge their receipt and to call upon the Adjutant-General of the Army for the military history of the soldiers. The applications in many cases are very imperfect, and even in those that are correct in form no confidence is felt in the statements of the claimants and their witnesses, nor has this office any means of verifying or disproving said statements. In some instances questions of identity, heirship, \&c. are involved that can only be determined by special investigation. I recommend that a small appropriation be placed at the disposal of this office to defray the actual and necessary expense of investigating these and other claims of like character.

## THE SOLDIERS' HOME ACCOUNTS.

The accounts of the Soldiers' Home for moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldiers of the United States Army which have remained unclaimed for three years are nearly all settled. As soon as they shall have been fully disposed of the accounts of deserters will bo taken up. In the mean time the Adjutant-General has been requester to furnish such information in regard to soldiers who have deserted from the regular Army since 1815 as will enable this office to ascertain the amount of "all forfeitures on account of desertion" which, by the act of March 3, 1851 (Section 4818 Revised Statutes), are set apart and appropriated for the support of the Home.

The total amount, from all sources, placed to the credit of the permanent fund of the Soldiers' Home under section 8 of the act of March 3, 1883. from the date of said act to September 30, 1884, is $\$ 547,840.78$. From this fund payments amounting to $\$ 174,029.66$ have been made to the Treasurer of the Home to meet current expenses, leaving $\$ 373,311.12$ to the credit of said permanent fund.

## a statute of limitation regommended.

I beg leave to invite attention to the remarks under this head in my last annual report (which will be found on page 398 of the Finance Report for 1883), and to renew the recommendation therein made for the passage of an act which will bar and preclude from settlement all claims growing out of the late war not presented for payment withim one or two years after the enactment of such a law. Another year's ex. perience has strengthened my conviction that a law of this kind is abo solutely necessary for the protection of the Government, and that it would not operate to the prejudice of honest claimants.

## THE CLERICAL FORCE.

The conduct of the clerks of this office merits approbation. As body they are diligent, faithful and efficient. Considering the inpor. tance of their duties, their long experience and unquestionable integrity many of them are entitled to a more substantial recognition than the annual thanks of the head of the Bureau, but the Second Auditors Office, in consequence of a paucity of the higher grades of clerkships, has always been notorious for tardiness of promotion. When a vacancy occurs in one of the higher grades it is an embarrassing and a thankless duty to select a man for promotion, because there are never less than twelve or fifteen applicants equally deserving of advancement. In the belief that the efficiency of the clerical force will be greatly promoted
by a fair allowance of higher grade clerkships, I have, in my estimate for salaries for the ensuing fiscal year, asked for the number of clerks now authorized by law (185), but have so classified them as to make the proportion of chiefs of division and third and fourth class clerks approximate a little more closely than it now does to the classification. in other bureaius of the Treasury Department. This can be accomplished at an increase of $\$ 2,920$ per annum, a little more than one per cent. of the present expenditure.

Very respectfully,
O. FERRISS,

Auditor.
The Hon. Secretary of tie Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE THIRD AUDITOR.

## REPORT

OF THE

## THIRD AUDITOR 0F THE TREASURY．

> Treasury Department,
> Third Audivor's OfFice,
> Washington, D. C., October 15, 1884.

SIR：I have the honor to transmit herewith report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year which ended June 30，1884．The fol－ lowing statement shows，in tabular form，the number and amount of ac－ counts and claims remaining on hand unsettled at the close of the pre－ vious fiscal year，the number received and audited，and the number re－ maining unsettled June 30，1884，viz：

REPORT of BUSINESS TRANSACTED in the OFFICE during the fiscal year ended June 30， 1884.

| Description of accounts． |  |  | Accounts（monthly and quarterly）settled in fiscal jear ended June 30， 1884 ． |  | Accounts（monthly and quarterly）unsettled June 30， 1884. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number． | Amount in－ volved． | Number． | Amount in－ volved． |
| Quartermasters＇money | 1，261 | $\begin{array}{r}3,635 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,204 | \＄14，427， 74395 | ${ }_{692}^{692}$ | \＄1，706， 04131 |
| Quartermasters propert | 1，307 | 3，740 $\mathbf{2}, 092$ | ＋1，992 | 2，996， 42522 | 1，407 | 1，464， 35139 |
| Pension agents＇money | 315 | 1，868 | 1， 819 | 49，521， 15300 | 1， 364 | 72，089， 177 65 |
| Engineers money．．．． | 50 | 287 | 273 | 20，611， 67109 | 64 | 2，193， 23485 |
| Signal officers＇money． | 188 | 247 | 216 | 867， 06674 | 219 | 111，365 69 |
| Signal officers＇property | 279 | 874 | 960 |  | 193 |  |
| Montana war claims．． | 40 |  |  |  | 40 | 24800 |
| Claims for horses lost．．．．．． | 5，451 | 6，834 | 762 | 126， 80417 | 11， 523 | 1，768，575 53 |
| Claims for steamboats de stroyed | 75 | 17 | 9 | 46； 21350 | 83 | 713，493 45 |
| Oregon war claims． |  | 18 | 15 | 2，909 90 | 702 | 8， 81438 |
| Miscellaneous claims | 15， 328 | 8，745 | 2，453 | 3，165， 94297 | 21， 620 | 9，389， 57131 |
| State war claims． |  |  |  | 908， 16359 | 15 | 4，622， 61057 |
| Total | 25， 891 | 28，362 | 16， 766 | 92，674， 09413 | 37， 487 | 94，087， 48413 |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 311 |

## THE BOOKKEEPERS' DIVIBION.

The annexed statement shows the amount drawn out of certain of its appropriation accounts, and also the repayments made through this office into the Treasury, and is a full exhibit of its financial operations during the fiscal year:

STATEMENT showing the FINdNCIAL OPERATIONS of the OFFICE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.


STATEMENT showing the FINANCIAL OPERATIONS of the OFFICE during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Relief of Sallie Spence, act April 23,1884. <br> Relief of T. J. Boyles, administrator of estate of Marcus Radich, deceased, act May 131884 |  |  |  | 10000 | 100 |
| Relief of Santiago de Leon, act June 12, 1884 |  |  |  | 2,98800 | 2,988 00 |
| Relief of Mary L. Walker and Ella Walker, act May 3, 1884 |  |  |  | 1,858 50 |  |
| Total. | 91, 978, 73250 | 2,126,478 80 | 34,858 60 | 536, 38050 | 94, 676,450 46 |

The number of credit and counter requisitions drawn by the Secretaries of War and Interior on sundry persons in faver of the Treasurer of the United States is 1,483 , on which repayments into the Treasury have bcen made through the Third Auditor's Office during the tiscal year ended'June 30, 1884, as follows: deposits, $\$ 16.648,864.84$; transfers, $\$ 42,242.82$; total, $\$ 16,691,107.66$.

The number of certificates of deposit receired, entered, and listed during the fiscal year 1884 is 3,069 .

## THE QUARTERMASTER DIVISION.

The money accounts and property returns of the Quartermaster Departmient and of the Signal Service are examined and adjusted in this division.

The accounts of quartermasters cover a wide range of money and property responsibility.

Under the provisions of the act of March 3,1883 , and subsequent acts making appropriations for the Signal Service, the appropriations for said service cover nearly as wide a range of expenditure as that for the Quartermaster Department, although the aggregate of the disbursements is not so large. The same system of accountability for funds and property of the Signal Service obtains as in the Quartermaster Department, and the same mode of credit is applied.

|  | Quartermaster. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | . Number. | Amount. | Property returns. |
| On hand per last report | 1, 261 | \$3, 038, 49434 | 883 |
| Received during the fiscal year | 3,635 | 13, 095, 29092 | 3,740 |
| Total. | 4,896 | 16, 133, 78526 | 4,623 |
| Reported during the fiscal year | 4, 204 | 14, 427, 74395 | 4,058 |
| Remaining unsettled.......... | 692 | 1, 706, 04131 | 565 |
| Total. | 4,896 | 16, 133, 78526 | 4,629 |



Number of letters written, 7,238; average number of clerks employed, $20 \frac{5}{6}$; number of vouchers examined, 412,617; number of pages of manuscript written, $12,415$.

THE SUBSISTENCE AND ENGINEER DIVISION.
The transactions of this division for the iscal year are shown by the following statement, viz:


Number of vouchers examined, 123,041; number of letters written, 1,401 ; number of differences written, 1,362 ; number of calls answered, 3,533 ; number of clerks employed, 9 .

THE CLAIMS DIVISION.
miscellaneots claims.


OREGON and WASHINGTON INDIAN WAR CLAIMS-1855-'56.

|  | Number. | Amount claimed. | Amount allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On band June 30, 1883 | 699 | \$10,434 28 |  |
| Received during the year | 18 | 1,29000 |  |
| Total. | 717 | 11, 724,28 |  |
| Disposed of during the year | 15 | 2,909 90 | \$1,926 88 |
| On hand June 30, 1884 | 702 | 8,814 38 | 1,926 98 |

LOST VESSNLS, foc., MARCH 3, 1849.


Number of letters written during the year, 2,150.
THE STATE AND HORSE CLAIMS DIVISION.
state claims.

|  | Montana Nez Perce Indian war claims. |  | Original accounts. |  | Suspended accounts. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , . | Namber. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. |
| On hand June 30,1883 ........... Received during the fiscal year | 40 | \$248 00 | 15 5 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,114,21619 \\ 416,55797 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,935,14152 \\ 740,325 \\ 61 \end{array}$ |
| Total <br> Reported during the fiscal year | 40 | 24800 | 20 5 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,530,77416 \\ 908,163 \quad 59 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,675,46713 \\ 57,00273 \end{array}$ |
| On hand June 30, 1884 | 40 | 24800 | 15 | 4, 622, 61057 | 29 | 5, 618,464 40 |

HORSE CLAIMS.


Number of briefs, 1,582 ; number of claims examined and suspended, 2,66 ; number of letters recorded, 6,266 ; number of letters written, 17400 ; number of clerks employed, 7 .

## THE ARMY PENSION DIVISION.

The following tabular statements show the work of this division during the fiscal year:

ACCODNTS of PENSION AGENTS and AMOUNTS INVOLVED.

|  | Army pensions. |  | Arrears of pensions. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. |
| Accounts on hand July 1, 1883 | 246 | \$63, 911, 73670 | $69^{\circ}$ | \$27, 46409 | 315 | \$63, 939, 20079 |
| Accounts received duting the year. | 219 | 57, 514, 19051 | 206 | 52, 60640 | 425 | 57, 566, 796 91 |
| Total | 465 | 121, 425, 92721 | 275 | 80,070 49 | 740 | 121, 505, 99770 |
| Accounts reported to Second Comptroller | 204 | 49,364, 18946 | 172 | 52,630 59 | 376 | 49,416,820 05 |
| Accounts remaining unsettled June 30, 1884 : | 261 | 72, 061,737 75 | 103 | 27, 439. 90 | 364 | 72, 089, 17765 |
| Total | 465 | 121, 425, 92721 | 275 | 80, 07049 | 740 | 121. 505, 99770 |

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS RECEIVED and AUDITED.


COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, showing NUMBER of ACCOUNTS and AMO UNTS INPOLFED, on HAND and UNSETTLED July 1, 1869, together with those RECEIVED and $A U D I T E D$ each fiscal year since.

| , | Received. |  | A udited. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. |
| On hand July 1; 1869 | 697 | \$34, 811, 59383 |  |  |
| Received and audited fiscal year- |  |  |  |  |
| 1870. | 714 | 27, 743, 81929 | 681 | \$25, 596, 87639 |
| 1871 | 930 | 28, 513, 26244 | 789 | 32, 813,334 28 |
| 1872. | 684 | 28, 661, 59726 | 900 | 40, 000,205 68 |
| 1873. | 711 | 28, 756, 70292 | 795 | 33, 926,556 19 |
| 1874. | 864 | 29, 708,38226 | 786 | 26, 431, 95671 |
| 1875. | 798 | $29,572,85554$ | 619 | 19, 888,-428 52 |
| 1876. | 741 | 28, 348, 16199 | 1,150 | 48, 433, 03692 |
| 1877. | 834 | 27, 899, 35930 | - 952 | 34, 067, 98543 |
| 1878. | 538 | 33, 194, 14918 | 715 | 24, 133, 59152 |
| 1879. | 256 | 26, 123, 111. 64 | 281 | 25, 765, 87058 |
| 1880 | 547 | 61, 010, 13295 | 277 | 31, 169, 74801 |
| 1881 | 449 | 50, 666, 84154 | 555 | 54, 973,65939 |
| 1882 | 455 | 50, 191, 88562 | 416 | 37, $528,064.66$ |
| 1883 | 1,796 | $55,131,87260$ | 1, 773 | 41, 665, 16329 |
| 1884 | 1, 868 | 57, 671, 12986 | 1, 819 | 49, 521, 15300 |
| Total | 12,822 | 598, 004, 80829 | 12, 458 | 525, 915, 63057 |
| Deduct amount audited. | 12, 458 | $525,915,63057$ |  |  |
| Balance on hand June 30, 1884... | 364 | 72, 089, 17765 |  |  |

AMOUNTS DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS as shown by THEIR ACCOUNTSCURRENT.



AMOUNT of "دRREARS of PENSIONS" DISBURSED by PENSION AGENTS.

| Agency. | Agent. | Invalids. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Widows, } \\ \text { \&c. } \end{gathered}$ | Voucher fees. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| San Francisco, Cal. | Henry Cox | \$213 53 |  | \$0 30 | \$213 83 |
| Washington, D.C | Theophilus Gaines | 2, 00080 | \$3,417 07 | 240 | 5,420 27 |
| Indianapolis, Ind. | Fred. Knefler.... | 2,552 93 | 90440 | 240 | 3,459 73 |
| Chicago, Ill..-.... | Ada C. Sweet | 6,222 69 |  | 360 | 6, 22629 |
| Des Moines, Iowa | Jacob Rich | 3,279 66 |  | 210 | 3,28176 |
| Topeka, Kans | N. A. Adams | 2,536 00 | 1, 86693 | 330 | 4,40623 |
| Louisville, Ky | R. M. Kelly | 31170 | 3,518 06 | 150 | 3,831 26 |
| Angusta, Me. | Selden Connor | 1,672 93 |  | 60 | 1,673 53 |
| Boston, Mass | D. W. Gooch | 1, 25507 |  | 150 | 1, 25657 |
| Detroit, Mich | Samuel Post | :288 87 | 49707 | 90 | 78684 |
| Concord, N. H | E. L. Whitford | 1,395 11 | 1,476 53 | 180 | 2,873 44 |
| Syracuse, N. Y | T. L. Poole. | 1672 27 |  | 90 | 67317 |
| New Yorls, N. Y | Charles R. Coster | 1, 46380 | 1,482 40 | 150 | 2,947 70 |
| Colambas, Ohio | A. T. Wikoff | 3,908 64 | 2,313 86 | 480 | 6, 22730 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa | Russell Errett | 1,781 66 |  | 210 | 1, 783.76 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | H. G. Sickel. | 1, 06917 | 1,64933 | 210 | 2, 72060 |
| Knoxville, Temn | Henry R. Gibson | 3,965 64 | 1,19733 | 270 | 5,165 67 |
| Milwaukee, Wis | Elward Ferguson | 1,418 49 | - 9381 | 240 | 1,514 70 |
| Total. |  | 36,008 96 | 18,416 79 | 3690 | 54,46265 |

## MISCELLANEOUS WORK of PENSION DIVISION.

| Notifications of issue of original pension certificates recorded | 50,962 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Notifications of issue of increase pension certificates recorded. | 31,003 |
| Notifications of issue of restoration pension certificates recorded | 1,536 |
| Notifications of issue of reissue pension certificates recorded. | 3,775 |
| Transfers noted on rolls ................... ..... . . . . . . . . . . | 1,605 |
| Changes noted on rolls | 2,591 |
| Corrections made on rolls | 5,457 |
| Pension vouchers examined | 1,154, 811 |
| Payments entered on rolls | 1,129,793 |
| Pages of abstract added | 39,176 |
| Pages of miscellaneous copied | 2,961 |
| Payments corrected | 1,446 |
| Surgeons' certificates copied | 92 |
| Vouchers withdrawn from the files | 6,399 |
| Letters received and registered. | 9,281 |
| Letters written. | 9,447 |
| Letters copied | 3,601 |
| Letters indexed | 8,832 |
| Pension checks verified before payment, involving \$1,568.16 | 45 |

Average number of clerks employed during the year, 55.

THE COLLECTION DIVISION．

|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\pi}$ | Days comparing． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1883. | 1，508 | 391 |  | 123 | 394 | 7853 |  | 1 |  |
| Angust | － 908 | 290 | 6，910 | 64 | 298 | 8，718 | 32 |  | 9 |
| September | 643 | 235 | 6，121 | 67 | 262 | 8，861 | 50 | 2 | 9 |
| October | 585 | 255 | 5，445 | 132 | 272 | 6． 624 | 27 | 1 | 5 |
| November | 774 | 351 | 7，093 | 159 | 347 | 9，496 | 433 |  |  |
| December ． | 843 | 306 | 7， 195 | 98 | 298 | 6， 289 | 24 |  |  |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 930 | 359 | 7， 105 | 130 | 441 | 9，395 | 52 |  | 9 |
| February | 1，231 | 403 | 7， 273 | 107 | 424 | 8，717 | 48 | 1 | 11 |
| March．． | 1，001 | 301 | 5，626 | ${ }^{97}$ | 338 | 10，164 | 52 | 2 | 11 |
| Appril．． | 924 839 | 276 | 5,941 <br> 5,376 | 127 | ${ }_{3}^{335}$ | 8， 323 | ${ }_{472}$ | ， | ${ }_{11}$ |
| May．． | 839 928 | 255 391 | 5,376 <br> 8,362 <br> 81,163 | 109 115 | 353 421 | 9， 553 9,672 | $47 \frac{1}{2}$ <br> 498 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 11 1 |
| Total．． | 11， 114 | 3，813 | 81， 163 | 1，328 | 4，183 | 103， 665 | 5271 | 14 | 88 |

QUARTERMASTER ACCOUNTS．
In the foregoing statement of the Quartermaster Division，it will be seen that the amount involved in the settlements made during the year is $\$ 16,203,247.27$ ，being $\$ 6,654,258.38$ greater than during the year 1883 ． The total number of settlements in this division in 1883 was 8,875 ；in 1884，10，246．

A vigorous effort has been made to close，as far as practicable，ac－ counts where settlements have been made and balances found due the United States，as the records and files bore abundant evidence that a very large number of accounts of officers who were no longer in the military service remained open．It was determined，therefore，that the proper course to pursue，in such cases，would be to report them to the Second Comptroller，so that，if deemed to the best interest of the Gov－ ernment，actions could be brought to recover the amounts due the United States，and，with that end in view， 384 such cases，with balances aggre－ gating $\$ 1,240,692.05$ due the United States，were reported to the Col－ lection Division，in order that the necessary papers might be prepared and transmilted to the Second Comptroiler for the purpose indicated above．The probability whether collections could be made of the respective balances reported was not considered for the reason that， under existing laws，the accounting officers are not vested with equity jurisdiction，and can ouly give credits upon satisfactory receipts for proper expenditures，and in the absence of such receipts or other evi－ dences of the proper expenditure of the public funds for the benefit of the public service，it remained the duty of the accounting officers to make an effort to collect the balances in question．

The cases above referred to are almost wholly those of accounts of volunteer officers，rendered daring the rebellion．

In cases where the interested officers are still in the service and neglect to pay balances found due from them to the United States，or make necessary corrections in their papers，ample time has been afforded them to file answers to objections noted，but，if the matter re－
main unanswered, the delinquents have beeu uotified that unless repayments or corrections, as the case may be, are made within a given period-usually thirty days-the amount shown to be due the United States, on the last settlement of their accounts, will be reported for stoppage against their pay. During the year 1,874 of such notices were given, the amount involved being $\$ 114,5 i 0.50$. Quite a number of officers took the necessary steps to close their accounts, but 74 cases, involving $\$ 27,773.01$, were reported to the Second Comptroller, in order that the amount in question might be reported for stoppage, in pursuance of section 1766, Revised Statates of the United States.

The good effect of pursuing the course indicated is already quite apparent, in the promptness with which a large majority of oficers now make necessary corrections and repayments to close their accounts. This is further evidenced in the fact that a much larger number of accounts have been balauced ducing the year than for several years, even when the force employed was much larger than now: It is found that during the fiscal years mentioned below balanced settlements were made as follows, viz: in 1881, 331; in 1882, 291; in 1883, 438; and in 1884, 698.

Considerable trouble is still experienced in adjusting many accounts, by reasou of the expenditure of funds pertainiug to a given fiscal year in payment of liabilities incurred in another fiscal year. The difficulty originates in large part by reason of "allotments" made by the War Department. As a fiscal year draws near its close, Army officers ascertain what amount of funds remain of the respective appropriations, and of such remainder allotments are made to the respective military departments and divisions, and from thence to the respective posts and stations where it is desired to use the funds. Improvements and repairs of every kind are undertaken, the cost of which is pail out ot. fuuds pertaining to another tiscal year than that for which they are used, very often in violation of the spirit and inteut of the law ou the subject. When such accounts are reached for adjustment it frequently happens that the appropriations out of which the expenditures should have been made are exhausted, or have lapsed under existing law, and repayment cannot be made out of funds for the fiscal sear properly chargeable with the expenditures in questiou.

When possible the necessary transfer is made, which adjusts the error in the immerliate transaction, bat the course indicated does not cure the matter entirely, for the reason that the appropriation for the year, out of which repayment is made, is rednced by that amonnt, and in the mean while a like course of expenditure has been made during that fiscal year, and so ou from year to year, debts being incurred in excess of appropriations, thus rendering magatory the law governing such cases.

In my annual report for the fiscal year 1883 mention was made that ou settlement of sundry accounts for disbursements in the Signal Service it was found that, in violation of law, expenditures had been made of the receipts from commercial business over certain United States military telegraph lines, and that in the adjustment of such accounts the officers were debited with such receipts, but were not allowed credit for the clisbursemments made therefrom. The officers interested were notified of the adjustment of their accounts, and that they were held accountable for the funds expended in violation of law. Their answers thereto were, in substance, that they made the expenditures in conformity with instructions received from the Ohief Signal Officer. During the year that officer addressed a letter to the Third Auditor, in
$5022 \mathrm{~F}-21$
which he claimed that the expenditures were made in conformity with law. This letter was referred to the Second Comptroller for consideration and decision, and was returned to this office with that officer's concurrence in the view held by the Third Auditor, which fact was communicated to the Chief Signal-Officer, with the suggestion that it would be well to present the matter to Congress, with the view of obtaining such legislative action as would enable the accounting officers to allow credits for the expenditures referred to. It is under tood some action was taken, but it is believed Congress failed to provid a remedy for the matter, consequently the accounts referred to remain suspended

## THE PENSION•ROLL.

From the foregoing tables it will be seen that there is in this office an apcumulation, steadily increasing from year to year, of unexamined accou'uts of pension agents, extending at present through a period of fifteen months, amounting to the sum of $\$ 72.089,177.65$; represented, in round numbers, by $1,500,000$ vouchers. The number of vouchers paid by the agents during the year was $1,279,040$, and the number audited during the same period was $1,154,811$. The average number of 'clerks employed in the examination of accounts during the year was 27 , and the average number of vouchers per clerk was 42,771 .

Iu addition to the $1,500,000$ rouchers unexamined at the close of the fiscal year, it is estimated that at least $1,300.000$ will be paid by the agents during the present year; the bulk of which or at least $1,000,000$, will be received at this office before the close of the year, and be then awaiting examination. The force now available for the examination of these $2,500,000$ vouchers is 32 clerks.

In justice to the pension agents, their accounts should be audited within a reasonable time, thereby giving them timely notice of any errors or overpayments, in order to enable thern promptly to correct their rolls and recover amounts overpaid, and it is of great importance to the Government that the accounts of officers disbursing such large sums should be examined and adjusted as soon as possible after payment.

Should the present rate of increase in the work of this division continne, a permanent, increase in the working force of this office will be required to meet its demands.

## THE FILES.

The number of money settlements added to the files during the year ended June 30,1884 , was 6,786 , and the number of property returns 4,520 , making a total of 11,306 . The accounts are well arranged, with the excoption of some very old vouchers and a portion of the pension abstracts, which have become badly worn by frequent handling. An effort has been made to have these abstracts properly bound. About 100 . have beeu sent to the Government bindery to be bound, making as many volumes; but the progress made in doing the work is slow. There are about 900 additional volumes to be bound, and the total cost will probably be $\$ 1,000$. All money settlements received in this fiscal year have been filed in wooden boxes, of which 2,500 are now in use. They seem 'to answer the purpose of file-holders better than any other that havebeen tried. No additional room will be required for the files during the present fiscal year. Four clerks are employed on the files, and this is deemed sufficient for the present.

The number of miscellaneous papers registered in the copyist division was 5,027 ; difference sheets, 974 ; total 6,001 . The number of pages of miscellaneous papers copied was 18,181; number of pages of miscellaneous papers compared, 18,676. The number of letters copied and compared was 290 ; number of nameś indexed, 2,123 .

It affords me pleasure to commend the persons engaged in the public service in this office for their general faithfulness in the discharge of the important duties intrusted to their charge.

Respectfully submitted.

E. W. KEIGHTLEY, Auditor.

Hon. Walter Q. Gresham,<br>Secretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE FOURTH AODITOR.

## REPORT

# THE FOURTH AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY. 

Treasury Department, Foitrth Auditor's Office, Washington, November 1, 1884.

SIR: A growing evil in the expenditure of money by the Navy Department has been the increasing disregard by some of the Bureaus of the law requiring adrertising and contract for purchases made. The re-cently-discovered fraudulent practices in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery were greatly facilitated by the persistent determination of the late Surgeon-General to nominally make all purchases himself, while it was practically impossible for him to personally supervise transactions taking place scores or hundreds of miles from the seat of Government. This was in' direct contrarention of the spirit of the law and in open violation of the regulations of the Department.

I have caused a careful examination to be made of the amounts expended for supplies by the different Bureaus during the fiscal year 1883. The following table contains a summary of the result of that examination:
Papments made at Navy pay offices in United States for
the several Bureaus during fiscal year 1883 for pur-
chases.

It is thus made apparent that three of the Bureaus wholly neglected the law requiring advertising, and that another, the one making the largest purchases of all, only advertised and contracted for one per cent. of goods and materials bought! About $\$ 1,000,000$ of the open and exempt purchases were made of six individuals or firms, oue dealer getting over $\$ 300,000$. Open purchases, or purchases without advertising or contract, are permitted by law when the public exigencies require the immediate delivery of articles. Special laws have been passed from time to time exempting certain articles from the law requiring advertising. See sections, Revised Statutes, 37:31, 3726-29 inclusive; and
also act of June 14, 1878, Statutes at Large, volume 20, page 253. Under this latter act, affecting materials for boilers, hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth bave been bought, practically with no competition at all. These various acts need careful revision at the hands of Congress, and some of them unquestionably, for the good of the service, ought to be repealed.

## EXPENDI'TURES FOR 1884.

The following table exhibits the appropriations and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.
The sums in the colamn of expenditures. as shown by vouchers, inclucle returus from foreigu stations and vessels abroad, received and charged to the appropriations since the close of the fiscal year, as the liability was incurred within that period, hence the apparent discrepancy between the amount drawn out by warrant and the expenditures by rouchers.

In the case of appropriations Orduance and Steam Machinery, 1884, the expenditure in excess of the appropriation in the former is occasioned by the sum of $\$ 6,949.29$ being deposited to the credit of said appropriation by the chief of the Burean, received from the sale of howitzers and equipments to the Army; in the latter the sum of $\$ 70,264.50$ was carried to the credit of Steam Machinery, 1884, on account of labor and material furuished the Lady Franklin Bay Expedition, which has angmented the appropriatious to that extent.

At the close of the fiscal year the following liabilities existed:


The most of this has been liquidated since June 30 , although there remains a considerable amount due and unpaid to officers and men, which will further diminish the balance of the appropriation "Pay of the Navy." Uuder the system of drawing money under the "geveral account," as heretofore explained, deficiencies are liable to occur, and uuless made good by additional appropriations, will at last fall upon "Pay," which is a continuous appropriation. With these explanations it is thought the table will be easily understood.

| Title of appropriation. | Year. | Amount appropriated. | Amount drawn out by warrant. | Balance in hand June 30, 1884. | Amount expended as shown by vouchers. | Amount overpaid. | Amount carried to surplus fund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pay of tbe Navy |  | \$9, 185, 05259 | \$7;002, 50184 | \$2, 182, 55075 | \$6, 765, 52367 |  |  |
| Pay, miscellaneous | 1884 | 300,00000 | - 279, 98383 | 20,016 17 | 279, 30755 |  |  |
| Contingent, Navy | 1884 | 100,000 00 | 97, 83002. | 2, 16998 | 105, 46352 | \$5,463 52 |  |
| Pay of Marine Corps. |  | 858,65323 | 683,712 63 | 224, 94060 | 613, 77728 |  | ......... |
| Contingent, Marine Corps | 1884 | 25.00000 | 24, 99968 | ${ }^{33}$ | 23,849 17 |  |  |
| Provisions, Marine Corps | 1884 | 60, 00000 | 59, 98389. | 1641 | 46,599 22 |  |  |
| Clothing, Marive Copps | 1884 | 77, 00000 | 76,536 63 | 46337 | 76,860 55 |  |  |
| Fuel, Marine Corps ${ }^{\text {Military stores, Marine Corps }}$ | 1884 | 18,000 00 | 17,976 41 | 2359 | 18,094 34 |  |  |
| Military stores, Marine Corps, ${ }_{\text {Transportation and }}$ (recruiting, Marine Corps | 1884 | 9,786 50 | 9.422 68 | 36382 | 8, 63069 |  |  |
| Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps | 1884 | 10, 00000 | 10,000 c0 |  | 8,929 60 |  |  |
| Repairs of bariacks, Marine Corps | 1884 | 10,000 110 | 10,000 00 |  | 9, 36161 |  |  |
| Forage for horses, Marine Corps | 1884 | 5,40000 | 3, 55000 | 1,850 00 | 2,496 09 |  |  |
| Pay, professors and others, Naval Academy | 1884 | 53, 55900 | 52, 58175 | 97725 | 52.531 47 | ......... |  |
| Pity, watchmen and others. Naral Academy | 1884 | 23, 06250 | 23, 06250 |  | 23,062 50 |  |  |
| Pay, mechanics and others, Naval Acadeny | 1884 | 14,590 23 | 14,590 23 |  | 14, 58978 |  |  |
| Pay, steam employes and others, Naval Academy | 1884 | 7,67100 | 7,67100 |  | 7,575 26 |  |  |
| Repairs, Naval Academy | 1884 | 21, 00000 | 21,000 00 |  | 18,233 68 |  |  |
| Heating and lighting, Naval Academy | 1884 | 17, 00000 | 17,000 00 |  | 17, 00000 |  |  |
| Library, Naval Academy.............. | 1884 | 2. 00000 | 2, 00000 |  | 61516 |  |  |
| Stationer'F, Naval Academy | 1884 | 2,00000 | 2,000 00 |  | 1,514 13 |  |  |
| Board of Visitors, Naral Academy | 1884 | 1,50000 | 1, 50000 |  | 1,466 54 |  |  |
| Cliemistry, Naval Academy.... | 1884 | 2,500 00 | 2,500 00 |  | 2. 07925 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous, Naval Academy | 1884 | 34, 60000 | 34, 60000 |  | 33,715 14 |  |  |
| Stores. Naval Academy. ...... | 1884 | 80000 | - 80000 |  | 80000 |  |  |
| Materials, Naral A cailemy | 1884 | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  | 1,000 00 |  |  |
| Payment of Japanese award |  | 51, 52444 | 11,701 00 | 39, 82344 | 22,206 98 |  |  |
| Payment to captain and owners of North Star, for rescue of crew of United States steamer Rodgers: |  | 20,000 00 | 20,000 00 |  | 20,000 00 |  |  |
| Relief of officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers |  | 10332 | 10332 |  | 47166 |  |  |
| Reward for services to officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers |  | 1, 20000 |  | 1,200 00 |  |  |  |
| Site for naval station and coaling depot, Port Royal, S. C |  | 5, 40000 | 5, 00000 |  |  |  |  |
| Testing Clark's deflective turrets ......... . . . . . . . . . |  | 19,850 00 | 10,31150 | 9,53850 | 38672 |  |  |
| Tuition of two naval cadets, Royal Naval College ${ }_{\text {, }}$ Greenwich |  | 50000 | 590000 |  | 90000 |  |  |
| Naval station and coaling depot, Poru Royal, S. O |  | 20,000 00 | 50000 | 19,500 00 |  |  |  |
| Pay, Navy, prior to July 1, $1880 \ldots \ldots$. . . |  | 1, 40807. | 1,408 07 |  | 1,678 40 |  |  |
| Enlistment bounty to seamen, prior to July 181880 |  | 3997 | 3334 | 663 | 3334 |  |  |
| Bounty for destructiou of enemy's vessels, prior to July 1, 1880 |  | 1745 |  | 1745 | 233 |  |  |
| Indeminity, lost clothing ..................................... |  | 1,429 93 | 1,429 93 |  | 1,804 93 |  |  |
| Accrued mileage, Navy and Marine Corps |  | 8,38002 | - 8,380 42 |  | 22644 |  |  |
| Indemnity, for lost clothing, prior to July 1, 1877 |  | 11875 | 5875 | 6000 | 5875 |  |  |
| Destruction of bedding and clothing, for sanitary reasons |  | J, 27359 | 680 | 59353 | 55563 |  |  |
| Expenses in connection with the Aretic Exploring Expedition | ...... | 12,504 64 | 01376 | 11,590 88 | 56000 |  |  |



Bureau of Yards and Docks.



| Title of appropriation. | Year. | Amount appropriatod. | Amount drawn out by warrant. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance in } \\ \text { hand June } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | Amount expended as slown by vouchers. | Amount overpaid. | Amount carried to sur. plus fund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fael, Marino Corps | 1883 | \$1,138 69 | \$193 98 | \$944 71 | \$2, 03273 |  |  |
| Provisions, Mamine Cups | 1883 | 2, 13799 | 2,13799 |  | 2, 52494 |  |  |
| Military stores, Manine Corps | 1883 | 33657 |  | 33657 | 1605 |  |  |
| Repairs barracks, Marine Corps... | ${ }^{1883}$ | 15405 |  | 15405 | 6988 1 |  |  |
| Board of Visitors, Naval Academy | ${ }^{1883}$ | 825 |  | 825 | 1,27391 1,12978 |  |  |
| Miscellaneons, Naval Academy | 1883 |  |  |  | 120031 |  |  |
| Librars, Naval A cademp...... | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,166 79 |  |  |
| Cheristry, Naval A cademy | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,356 73 |  |  |
| Materials. Naval A cademy | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,723 09 |  |  |
| Narigation and uavigation supplies | 1883 | 21,362 51 | 21,362 26 | 2.5 | 9, 15642 |  |  |
| Contingent, uavigation -... | 1883 | 51957 |  | 7936 | 31617 |  |  |
| Civilestablishment, navigation | 1883 | - $\begin{array}{r}198 \\ 756 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}198 \\ 4 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 14744 |  |  |
| Copper plates, Hydrographic Offic | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1883 \\ & 1883\end{aligned}$ | 13,75606 564 58 | 9, 035110 | 4,72496 308 | 9, 02820 |  |  |
| Lighting vessels by electrieity | 1883 | 5, 00000 | 5,000 00 |  | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Ordnance and ordvance stores | 1883 | 10,605 u0 | 5,457 84 | 5,147 16 | 6,010 68 | ......... |  |
| Contingent, orduance stores | 1883 | 1,365 23 | 86299 | 50224 | 52154 |  |  |
| Repairs, ordnauce | 1883 | 5,643 36 | 3, 93445 | 1,70891 | 4, 12733 |  |  |
| Civil estahlishment, ordnance | 1883 | 436 |  | 436 | 390 |  |  |
| Steel 1 ifled breech-loading gu Torvedo Cops | ${ }^{1883}$ | $\begin{array}{r}669 \\ 28,277 \\ \hline 94\end{array}$ | 689 28, 277 94 |  | -68932 | \$1,448 19 |  |
| Hydrograplic work. | 1883 | 1,538 49 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { J, } 538 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  | 30, 144469 | \$1,44819 |  |
| Equipment of vessels | 1883 | 9, 26767 | 8.373 50 | 89417 | 9,608 88 |  |  |
| Contingent, eqnipment and recruiting | 1883 | 3,57396 | 3, 573 56 |  | 3, 0588 |  |  |
| Recruiting, equipment and recruiting Transportation of enlistord men ..... | 1883 | 7, 7,95724 |  | 7,259 <br> 5,82 <br> , 81617 | 887212 |  |  |
| Naval training station, Conster's Harlor Istand, | 1883 | , 19953 | - 19500 | 5, ${ }_{4} 53$ | 19500 |  |  |
| Navy-yard, Washington, D.C | 1883 | 7,940 00 | 5, 35411 | 2,585 89 | 5, 66797 |  |  |
| Navy Yard Mare Islaud, Cal | 1883 | 45, 708.97 | 45, 70807 |  | 47,594 67 |  |  |
| Naval Asylum, Philadelphia. | 1883 | 13,282 62 | 12, 25811 | 1,024 51 | 12. 27274 |  |  |
| Maintenance, yards aud rocks | 1888 | 7,627 14 | 7,322 69 | 30445 | 7, 53954 |  |  |
| Contiugent, yards and locks | 1883 | 7,882 88 | 7,878 48 | 440 | 9,464 45 |  |  |
| Civil establisbment, yards and docks | 1883 |  | 5,252 09 | 2186 11,10190 | $\begin{array}{r}38 \\ 66 \\ 6,506 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Navy-Yard, Brooklyn, N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | 1883 | 50, 773, 67 | 50,770 97 | 11, 270 | 50,785 11 |  |  |
| Nautical dlmanac........ | 1883 |  |  |  | -30 00 | 3000 |  |
| Medical Department | 1883 | 7,975 52 | 4,02589 | 3,94963 | 7,628 48 |  |  |
| Contingent, medicine and surge | 1883 | 3,550 <br> 5 0498. | 1,937 46 | 1, 612 62 | 2, 14119 |  |  |
| Repairs, medioine and surgery . | ${ }_{1883}^{1383}$ | 5,04973 <br> 72397 <br> 1,183 | 1,49021 3292 | 559 <br> 69105 <br> 58 | $\begin{array}{r}4,58315 \\ 480 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Naval Laboratory, medicine and surgery. | 1883 | 1,163 75 | 54118 | 62257 | 54413 |  |  |

## Museum of hygiens, medicine and surgery

Prowisions, Navy
Contingent, provisions and clothing
Civil establishment, provisious and clotbing
Construction and repair
Civil establishment, consluction and repair
Steara machinery.
Civil establishment, steam engineering
Contingent, Nary.
Pay, miscellane
Torpedo Corps
Torpedo Corps
Coutingent ordnance stores
Equipgent, provisions and clothing
Naryment of vessels.
Constructioni and repair
Provisions, Nary
Narigation and navigation supplies
Contingent, Mavigation
Hydrographic work
Preservation of cemeteries in foreign countries
Head-stones, naral cenneteries, Philadelphia
Sueam miscellane
Balances of appropriations not drawn against during the fiscal year 1884.
Torpedoes
Forage for horses, Marine Corps
Pay, professors and others, Naval Academy
Pay, mechanics, Naval Academy
Pay, steam employés, Naval Academy
Civil establishment, equipment and recruitiong
Ordus of Amazon and Nadera hivers
Orduance material,
Naval station and coaling depot, Isithmus of Panama
A ct for the relief of children of Otway $\mathcal{H}$. Berryman and others
Preservation of the Chevalier de Terney monmment
Search for steamer Jeannette, of the Arctic Exploring Expedition
Payment to officers and crew, Kearsarge, for destructiou of the Alabapua
New propeller, United States steamer Alarm
Bureat Construction and Repair, act dune 14, 1878
Burean Steam Engineering: act June 14, 1878
Navy-jard, Norfoth
Contidgent, Mariue
Pay, uiscellaneons
Contingent, equipment and recruiting
Enlistrient hounty to stamen prior to Julv 1877
Enlistment bounty to seameu prior to July 1,1878
Pay, Marine Corps, prior to July 1,1879 .
Pay, Narg, prior to July 1, 1879


2,228 03 56, 12498 32, 29368 32,29368
61587 109, 81796 2, 09907 117, 06282 58416
51313 58416
21313
730 102, 73645 8,30488
3037609 30,37609
24,01968 24,01968
1,48523 1,48523
16,16688 51, 09151
1, 00958
35015
39072
290
2, 90971 2, 78876 35650
28267
, 282

100,000 0
1, 97245
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12,36784 | 20080 |
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19,44448
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1,259 91
58,29139
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8719 8719
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+10000 12320
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2,218
56,124 21889
12498
338 67,33150 114,993 15 21313
85950 859.50
4,10559 4,10559
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72100 1, 09958 15931
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273780 2,73780
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31,955 $\begin{array}{r}31,95506 \\ 61587 \\ \hline\end{array}$

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\begin{array}{r}
2,284 \\
40,281 \\
1,371
\end{array}
$$ 42, 48646

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\begin{array}{ll}
4 & 80 \\
1 & 32 \\
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\begin{array}{r}
4180 \\
57,47133
\end{array}
$$ 42,48646

2,09907
2,06917

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\begin{array}{r}
41830 \\
57,41033 \\
11095
\end{array}
$$ 2,069

2,584
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2 \\
40 \\
1, \\
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\end{array}
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\begin{array}{r}
11095 \\
111,03292
\end{array}
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\begin{array}{r}
252 \\
49 \\
97 \\
90
\end{array}
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49 \\
92 \\
95172 \\
851
\end{array}
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8517 \\
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$\$ 101,87695$

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\cdot 2,417 \\
22,011 \\
25
\end{array}
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22,01125 \\
3 \\
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\end{array}
$$4,19929

7,221
31

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\begin{array}{r}
300 \\
1260
\end{array}
$$7,29131

23,99428

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\begin{array}{r}
1260 \\
72050 \\
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\end{array}
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& 1,135 \\
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$$15,44588

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& 1,135 \\
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1,4430 \\
15931 \\
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\begin{array}{r}
19951 \\
1330 \\
2,53780
\end{array}
$$19084

27742

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\begin{aligned}
& 2,53780 \\
& 1,089
\end{aligned} 44
$$

APÉROPRIATIONS and EXPENDITURES of the UNITED STATES NAVF, \&c.-Continued.

| - Title of appropriation. | Year. | Amount appropriated. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & \text { drawn out by } \\ & \text { warrant. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Balance in } \\ & \text { hand June } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | Amount oxponded as shown by vouchers. | Amount overpaid. | Amonnt carried to sur. plus fund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5536 \\ 7111 \\ 4920 \\ 12000 \\ -\quad 4000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5536 \\ 71 \\ 49 \\ 49 \\ 120 \\ 120 \\ 40 \\ 40 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ......... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. |  | 23, 145, 48018 | \$17, 239, 51520 | 5, 750, 57954 | \$17, 258, 39002 | \$94, 67199 | \$155, 38544 |

STATEMENT of INTEREST ACCOUNT of NAVY PENSION FUND.

| Date. | No. of requisi tion. |  | Amount. | Date. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { requisi. } \\ \text { tion. } \end{gathered}$ | - | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 1884 . \\ \text { Feb. } 28 \\ \text { Feb. } 28 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4524 \\ & 4525 \end{aligned}$ | To transfer to Navy pensions, 1884 <br> To transfer to Naval Asylum, 1884 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 570,18700 \\ 59,81300 \end{array}$ | Feb. ${ }_{\text {1884. }}$ | 4569 | By deposit........................................ | \$630, 00000 |
|  |  |  | 630,000 00 |  |  |  | 630, 00000 |

## EXCHANGE.

Bills of exchange were sold by the pay officers of the Department of the Navy during the zear to the amount of $\$ 1,953,789.23$. Of this sum $\$ 1,676,597.40$ was drawn on Messrs. Seligman Brothers, London, and $\$ 277,191.83$ on the Secretary of the Navy. The following tables show these transactions in detail:

DRATTS DRAWN on SELIGMAN BROTHERS, NAVY AGENTS, LONDON ENGLAND, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884..

|  | Amount. | Amount. | Amount re. ceived. | Loss. | Gain. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \& s.d. |  |  |  |  |
| Acapulco, Mexico | 410 0 0 | \$1,995 27 | \$1, 99527 |  |  |
| Aden, Arabia | 1,729 00 | 8,414 18 | 7,94648 | \$467 70 |  |
| Amoy | 2,000 0 0 | 9,733 00 | 9,434 21 | 29879 |  |
| Bahia, Brazil | 26100 | 12896 | 12896 |  |  |
| Brabadoes, West Indies | 1,500 000 | 7,299 75 | 7, 28814 | 1161 |  |
| Batavia, Java | 3,619 13 3 | 17,615 09 | 17, 54434 | 7075 |  |
| Bombay, India | 2,900 00 | 14, 112. 85 | 13,51850 | 59435 |  |
| Calcatta | 1,000 00 | 4,866 50 | 4,735 60 | 1.3090 |  |
| Callao, Peru | 6, 25000 | 30,415 63 | 29,807 33 | 60830 |  |
| Cape Town, Soath Africa | 8,500 0 0 | 41,365 25 | 41,365 25 |  |  |
| Colombo, Ceylon | 82500 | 4, 01486 | 3, 82758 | 18728 |  |
| Coquimbo, Chili | 2.559 170 | 12,45751 | 12,457 51 |  |  |
| Fayal, Azores | 1,992 000 | 9,694 07 | 9, 69407 |  |  |
| Freetown, Sierra Leon | 2,000 00 | 9,733 00 | 9, 68568 | 9732 |  |
| Gibraltar, Spain | 17,060 000 | 83, 02249 | 82,964 01 | 5848 |  |
| Hong Kong, Cbina | 39,600 000 | 192, 71340 | 187, 37533 | 5,338 07 |  |
| Iquique, Peru. | 500 0 0 | 2,433 25 | 2,433 25 |  |  |
| Kingston, Jam | 25000 | 1,216 63 | 1,216 63 |  |  |
| Kobe, Japan | 1,000 00 | 4, 86650 | 4, 66055 | 20595 |  |
| Leghorn, Italy | 32,580 00 | 158,550 57 | ]57, 85849 | 69208 |  |
| Lisbon, Portuga | 8,000 0 0 | 38,932 00 | 39, 19957 |  | \$267 57 |
| London, England | 3,000 00 | 14, 59950 | 14, 50950 |  |  |
| Madras. India | 1,000 00 | 4,866 50 | 4,720 49 | 14601 |  |
| Marsoilles, France | $15,000{ }^{1,0} 0$ | 72,99750 | 72,874 46 | 12304 |  |
| Marshall Isiands | 21300 | 1,036 56 | 1, 03656 |  |  |
| Montevideo, Uriguay | 39,200 000 | 190, 76680 | - 189, 76667 | 1,121 50 | 12137 |
| Mozambique, Aftica. | $\begin{array}{llll}763 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ | 3,713 14 | 3,71314 |  |  |
| Nagasaki, Japan | 26,800 000 | 130,422 20 | 126, 29848 | 4,123 72 |  |
| Naples, Italy | 18.500 00 | 90, 03025 | 89, 55683 | 47342 |  |
| Nice, France. | 15,000 00 | 72,997 50 | 72,738 81 | 25869 |  |
| Paris, Erance | 2,500 00 | 12,166 25 | 12,159 00 | 725 |  |
| Penang... | 1,000 000 | 4, 86650 | 4,797. 22 | 6928 |  |
| Port Elizabetb, Cape Colony, South Africa. | $6,000 \quad 0 \quad 0$ | 29,199 00 | 29, 19900 |  |  |
| Port Said, Egypt | 1,500 000 | 7,299 75 | 7,272 38 | 2737 |  |
| Rio de Janeiro, Brazi | 5,500 0 0 | 26,765 75 | 26, 09852 | 66723 |  |
| Singapore. India. | 5,700 000 | 27,739 05 | 27, 15077 | 58828 | -•••••• |
| Shamehai, China | 29,450 00 | 143, 31843 | 139, 21803 | 4, 10040 | ...... |
| Smyrna, Turkey | 4,000 000 | 19, 46600 | 19, 454.40 | 1160 |  |
| Southampton, England | 2,000 00 | - 9,73300 | 9,733 00 |  |  |
| Saint Paul de Loanda, Wost Africa. | 542 50 | - 2,63764 | 2,63764 |  |  |
| Tien-'Tsin, China | 2,000 00 | 9,733 00 | 9,253 76 | 47924 |  |
| Valparaiso, Chili | 3, $108 \quad 20$ | 15, 12556 | 15,125 56 |  |  |
| Victoria, Sejchelles Islands | 14000 | 68131 | 68131 |  |  |
| Yokohama, Japan | 27,30000 | 132,855 45 | 129,589 50 | 3,265 95 |  |
| Total. | 344,518 213 | 1, 676,597 40 | 1,652,76178 | 24, $224 \mathbf{5 6}$ | 38894 |

DRAFTS DRAWN ON THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.


Note.-A detailed statement of these drafts, ommitted from this volume for want of space, will be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's report.

TOTAL EXCHANGE, 1884.


EXCHANGE SOLD in 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, and 1880.

| Drawn on- | Year. | Amount. | Loss. | Gain. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1884 | \$277, 191.83 | \$4,38140 |  |
| London | 1884 | 1,676,597 40 | 24, 22456 | \$388 91 |
| Total ....... |  | 1,958,789 28 | 28, 60596 | 38894 |
| United States | 1883 | 361, 06910 | 3,758 35 | 11490 |
| London | 1883 | 1, 489,606 37 | 13,906 48 | 1, 42623 |
| Total |  | 1,850,675 47 | 17,664.83 | 1,541.13 |
| United States | 1882 | 412,586 04 | 4,679 28 | 960 |
| Loudon | 188\% | 1, 355, 13771 | 20,014 90 | 28612 |
| 'Cotal |  | 1, 767, 72375 | 24,694 18 | 29572 |
| United States | 1881 | ${ }^{7} 78,04480$ | 1,53138 | 10250 |
| London | 1881 | 1,767,333 09 | 26, 26800 | 89197 |
| Total |  | 1,815,377 39 | 27,799 38 | 99447 |
| United States. | 1880 | 188,590 91 | 61405 | 32884 |
| London | 1880 | 1, 746,88739 | 27,475 15 | 1,13079 |
| 'rotal |  | 1, 935,478 30 | 28, 08920 | 1,459 63 |

## ACCOUNT WITH SELIGMAN BROTHERS.

A commission of 1 per cent, is paid to Seligman Brothers, London, for disbursements made by them. Their commissions for the year amounted to $\$ 19,064.11$. They pay 4 per cent. interest on daily balances remaining on deposit with them, and receive 5 per cent. interest on advances they make. The interest paid by them during the year was $\$ 1,784.65$, and that received $\$ 6,691.84$, making a net loss to the Department of $\$ 4,907.19$.

Money is transferred to London from New York by means of sixtyday bills. Exchange was favorable during the greater part of the year, and the net gain from this source was $\$ 4,096.74$.

The commission paid to Messrs. Seligman Brothers is, as has been several times pointed out in my reports, at least twice as much as it should be, while the interest given them during the year was wholly unnecessary, as the appropriations were ample and the money was lying idle in the United States Treasury.

## WORK OF THE OFFICE.

The following tables exhibit a summary of the work performed in the different divisious of the office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884:

BOOKKEEPER'S DIVISION.

| Date. | Pay requisitions. |  | Repay requisitions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jaly ... | 226 | \$1,992, 894.77 | 20 | \$16,523 94 | 144 | 366 | 81 | 40 | 181 | 2 | 74 |
| Angast. | 174 | 1, 154, 55466 | 27 | 54, 03504 | 184 | 278 | 119 | 32 | 106 | 1 | 72 |
| September | 175 | 1,596, 29021 | 13 | 116,351 54 | 155 | 258 | 87 | 43 | 129 | 1 | 80 |
| Octaber .. | 202 | 1, 984, 53050 | 16 | -574, 63574 | 185 | 333 | 31 | 47 | 134 | 3 | 52 |
|  | 215 | 3, 106, 69801 | 49 | 1, 313, 59848 | 166 | 333 | 80 95 | $\stackrel{29}{34}$ | 144 | 2 | ${ }_{89}^{98}$ |
| December | 198 | 1,758, 12478 | 13 | 401, 74974 | 168 | 306 | 95 | 34 | 113 | ${ }^{2}$ | 89 |
| 1884. |  | 1,97485642 | 50 | 64109374 | 153 | 348 | 97 | 31 | 175 |  |  |
| Febraary | 207 | 2, 554, 04918 | 28 | 1,657, 32954 | 155 | 310 | 98 | 26 | 146 | 2 | 75 |
| Match. | 219 | 1,980, 14363 | 29 | 1426, 63309 | 160 | 292 | 71 | 40 | 171 | 4 | 78 |
| April. | 257 | 1, 891, 74858 | 33 | 480, 36029 | 167 | 380 | 81 | 29 | 146 | 6 | 95 |
| May | 257 | 2, 624, 78754 | 21 | 490, 28002 | 180 | 353 | 107 | 24 | 185 | 4 | 75 |
| Jane | 234 | 2, 278, 35850 | 41 | 874, 89447 | 152 | 389 | 133 | 28 | 210 | 6 | 78 |
| Total | 2, 598 | 24, 897, 03678 | 340 | 7, 047, 48463 | 1,975 | 3, 986 | 1,080 | 403 | 1,840 | 32 | 92 |

## PAYMASTERS' AND MARINE ACCOUNTS DIVIBION.

| Date. | Accounts received. | Accounts settled. | Letters received. | Letters written. | Cash vouchers. | Cash dishursements. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | 18 | 31 | 120 | 120 | 673 | \$1,142; 40989 |
| August. | 41 | 31. | 139 | 137 | 1,029 | 1, 185, 84264 |
| September | 27 | 37 | 122 | 159 | 1,200 | 939, 27582 |
| October. | 29 | 27 | 164 | 160 | 476 | 890, 13043 |
| November | 43 | 28 | 147 | 118 | 893 | 488, 694.11 |
| December | 31 | 24 | 120 | 114 | 179 | 599, 86609 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  | , | - |
| January | 18 | 26 | 101 | 127. | 665 | 745, 65253 |
| February | 35 | 22 | 125 | 114 | 1,380 | 1, 007, 43015 |
| March. | 23 | 34 | 97 | 93 | 720 | 1, 523, 94776 |
| April | 24 | 22 | 122 | 127 | 729 | 1, 040, 94393 |
| May | 41 | 15 | 147 | 132 | 803 | 459, 17252 |
| June | 18 | 26 | 74 | 99 | 462 | 431,047 73 |
| Total | 348 | 323 | 1,478 | 1,506 | 9, 209 | 10, 454, 41360 |

Accounts on hand July 1, 1883

## NAVY PAY AND ALLOTMENT DIVISION.



ALLOTMENT ACCOUNTS.

| Date. |
| :---: |


| AMOUNTS PAID for ALLOTMENTS at | g the year |
| :---: | :---: |
| New York | \$137,559 00 |
| Boston | 93, 65200 |
| Washington, D. C | 88, 41850 |
| Philadelphia. | 82,56〕 00 |
| Baltimore | 36,67800 |
| Norfolk. | 31,44500 |
| San Francisco | 23, 19400 |
| Total | 493,515 50 |
| Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1883 | 174 |
| Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1884 | 625 |
| Number of vouchers examined......... | 32, 157 |
| Number :of foreign travel accounts revised Secretary of the Navy. | - 135 |

NAVY PENSION ACCOUNTS DIVISION.

|  | Date. | Accounts received. | Accounts settled. | Letters received. | Letters written. | Amonut involved. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. |  |  |  |  | - |
| Jaly |  | 2 | 11 | - 93 | - 102 | \$32,477 27 |
| Angust |  | 16 | 4 | 59 | 82 | 37,272 02 |
| September |  | 13 | 20 | 60 | 83 | 153, 70515 |
| Oetober ... |  | 15 | 16 | - 78 | 91 | 95, 84358 |
| November. |  | 13 | 17 | 66 | 80 | 100, 85520 |
| December. |  | - 12 | 9 | - 82 | - 87 | -40,956 64 |
|  | 1884. |  | - |  | - | . |
| January |  | 7 | 11 | 66 | 100 | 23,377 90 |
| February. |  | - 7 | 4 | 96 | 109 | 21, 65680 |
| March .- |  | 8 | 4 | 86 | 1 86 | 30, 12310 |
| April. |  | 6 | 11 | 67. | 75 | 50, 70786 |
| May. |  | 7 | 7 | 109 | 90 | 75,748 13 |
| June |  | 17 | 16 | 119 | 153 | 178, 110 77 |
| Total |  | 123 | 130 | 981 | 1,138 | $840,83442$ |

Number of accounts on hand June 30, 1883
Number of accounts on hand June 30,1883
Vonchers examined
18,568

The sum of $\$ 2,268.43$, included in the foregoing expenditure, was the entire amount paid for Navy arrears of pensions during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, under acts January 25 and March 4, 1879.

Of the settled accounts reported, twenty-six, amounting to $\$ 1,231.85$, were allowed under section 4718, Revised Statutes, reimbursing those who paid the expenses of deceased pensioners during their last illness and burial.

| Pension agencies. | Navy invalid pensioners. | Narywidow pensioners. | Dependent relatives. | Minors. | Total. | Disbursement for vear ending June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston, Mass. | 810 | 523 | 95 | 17 | 1,445 | \$224, 05490 |
| Chicago, 111 | 318 | 214 | 63 | 24 | 619 | 99,348 23 |
| New York City, N. Y | 607 | 215 | 99 | 8 | 929 | - 144,42838 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 477 | 368 | 83 | 18 | - 946 | 106, 47408 |
| San Francisco, Cal | 81 | 34 | 2 | 4 | 121 | 11, 19443 |
| Washington, D. C | 631 | 576 | 114 | 33 | 1, 354 | 190, 74109 |
| Total | 2,924 | 1,930 | 456 | 104 | 5, 414 | 776, 24111 |

PRIZE-MONEY, RECORD, AND FILES DIVISION.

| Date. | Letters- |  | Claims- |  |  |  | Records. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 要 |  | ¢ ¢ ¢ \% |  |  |  | 我 |  |  |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | 129 | 142 | 18 | 10 | 8 | \$5.173 87 | 1,302 | 1,652 | 1,947 | 2,853 |
| Angust | 122 | 126 | 27 | 14 | 13 | 1,400 16 | 1,351 | 1,464 | 1, 533 | 2, 973 |
| September | 121 | 133 | 22 | 10 | 12 | 86041 | 1,204 | 1,418 | 2, I85 | 2,629 |
| October. | 135 | 141 | 19 | 9 | 10 | 1,200 42 | 1,430 | 1,509 | 2,563 | 2,563 |
| Norember | 147 | 152 | 13 | 8 | 5 | 1, 04672 | 1,343 | 1,425 | 2,291 | 3,091 |
| December | 100 | 130 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 1,457 36 | 1,257 | 1,248 | 1,933 | 2,700 |
| - 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |
| January | 124 | 156 | 17 | 8 | 9 | 24954 | 1,356 | 1,479 | 2,364 | 3,522 |
| Febramay | 175 | 191 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 5908 | 1, 603 | 1,698 | 1,961 | 2;8533 |
| March | 178 | 171 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 1, 22701 | 1,719 | 1, 572 | 1, 662 | 2,053 |
| April | 168 | 169 | 23 | 12 | 11 | 52839 | 1,781 | 1,724 | 1,792 | 2,210 |
| May | 160 | 164 | 16 | 5 | 10 | 6, 41082 | 1,865 | 1,633 | 1, 580 | 2,004 |
| June | 180 | 191 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 15220 | 1,695 | 1,697 | 877 | 1,214 |
| Total. | 1, 739 | 1, 866 | 215 | 108 | 106 | 19,766 48 | 17,907 | 18, 609 | 22, 688 | 30,665 |

This division is charged also with the preparation of all reports and tabular statements called for by Congress and the Secretary of the Treasury; the preservation and care of the files; keeping a record of appointments, resignations, removals, and absences; the care and issuing of stationery used in the office; and the payment of salaries to employés.

GENERAL CLAIMS DIVISION.


Claims remaining on hand June 30, 1883
Claims remaining on hand June 30,1844

## NAVAL FRAUDS.

The recently discovered frauds in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery are now undergoing investigation in a court of justice, and I forbear making any remarks on the subject further than to call attention
to the fact that a large balance in the continuous hospital fund, shown in this report to be nearly $\$ 100,000$, has furnished a temptation not existing in the case of annual appropriations made by Congress. This fund arises from the twenty cents a month deducted from the pay of each officer, seaman, and marine, and from fines imposed on them for any cause. The aggregate sum is variable, and is generally larger than is needed for any legitimate purpose. The correct method would be to cover these assessments and fines into the Treasury, and let the naval hospitals be sustained wholly by direct appropriations, as other parts of the service are. It is a question for Congress.

## a Statute of Limitations.

I again urge the propriety of some action by Congress tending to prevent the entertainment or opening of claims arising under ancient statutes that have received recent new constructions by the courts.

Claims are now being received, under the decision in the Graham case, that arise in travel performed forty years ago, and a considerable force of the clerks of this office has been employed for the past fiscal year in endeavoring to settle such cases. The lines of communication of a period long past have to be studied, and distances estimated as the "shortest routes" of 1840 to 1860 are not now easily determined.

The desirability of some statute giving repose to settlements cannot be doubted when it is considered that no lapse of time on acquiescence by the claimant is any bar to the readjustment of accounts. A claim founded upon an old statute may be sued upon in the Court of Claims if suit is commenced within six years from the date of the cause of action, and, if the decision is against the United States, the accounting officers are tlooded with clains too old to be themselves sued upon, but which the Auditor must entertain for want of some statute of limitation upon his action. I respectfully recommend that some limit.be fixed by law bejond which the accounting officers shall not recognize such claims.

## ADDITIONAL CLERKS NEEDED.

In submitting the estimate of appropriations for the ensuing year, on the 18th of September last, I asked for an addition of four clerks to the force now employed in this office.

By reference to the tabular statements herewith submitted it will be seen that the number of unsettled accounts remaining on hand at the close of the fiscal year largely exceeds that of the preceding year. The clerks have been constant, punctual, and industrious, and the office hours have been increased, and it is thus shown that the present number is inadequate to perform the work required. I therefore respectfully repeat the request for an increase.

I have been greatly aided in the work of the office by the intelligence and faithfulness of the deputy auditor, Mr. B. P. Davis, and the chiefs of divisions, and the skill and general good conduct of the clerks and employés.

I have the honor to be, \&c.,
CHAS. BEARDSLEY, Auditor.

> Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE FIFTH AODITOR.



## REPORT

## THE FIFTHAUDIT0R 0F THE TREASURY.

> Treasury Department, Fif'th Auditor's OFFICE, Washington, November 8, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30,1884 , accompanied by an appendix of tabular statements, as follows:

Table A, giving the names of diplomatic officers, including ministers, chargés d' affaires, secretaries, and interpreters, with salaries, contingent expenses, and passport fees.

Tables $\mathbf{B}$ and C, showing the salaries of consuls and their compensation from agencies; salaries for instruction, transit, and while awaiting exequatur; fees collected, contingent expenses, loss by exchange, and allowance for clerks at the several consulates.

Table D, showing the fees collected at unsalaried consulates and the compensation of consuls; also, rent, clerk hire, and contingent expenses.

Table E, giving the names of consular clerks, with their salaries and location.

Table F, showing the expenses for rent of prisons and wages of prison keepers at consulates in China, Japan, Siam, and Turkey; also, salaries of marshals and interpreters.

Table G, showing the number of seamen afforded relief at the various consulates, with the amount expended and the extra and arrears of wages collected.

Table H, showing the number of iseamen sent to the United States, with the amount paid at the Treasury for their passage.

Table I, showing the character and amount of the fees and charges collected at each consulate, inclusive of agencies.

Tables K and L, showing the internal-revenue assessments and the amount of cash deposited by districts and States.

Table M, showing the salaries of collectors of internal revenue, with the amounts paid deputies, clerks, storekeepers, gaugers, and for incidental expenses.

## DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR DIVISION.

In this division the expenses of the diplomatic and consular service of the United States are adjusted, including salaries and contingent expenses, relief and passage of American seamen, estates of American citizens and seamen dying abroad, awards of commissions, expenses of international exhibitions, \&c.

Diplomatic service.-The accounts of ministers and other officials is
this service, so far as they bave been presented for settlement (Table A), show $\$ 282,091.25$ paid for salaries of ministers and chargés d'aftaires, $\$ 15,291.15$ for salaries of chargés d'affaires ad interim, $\$ 31,418.87$ for salaries of secretaries, interpreters, and clerks of legations, $\$ 85,010.04$ for contingent expenses, and $\$ 2,198.88$ for loss by exchange, aggregating $\$ 416,010.20$. Included in the above are the expenses of three additional missions at Corea, Persia, and Siam, amonnting to $\$ 14,351.04$. Passport fees were collected to the amount of $\$ 3,872.40$.

Consular service.-During the year accounts have been adjusted show. ing that official fees were received and expenses paid as follows (Tablés B, C, and D) :

| Fees for official services |  | \$895,780 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consular salaries | \$410, 73523 |  |
| Loss by exchange | 3,792 75 |  |
| Compensation from fees | 215,642 83 |  |
| Rent and clerk-hire (sec. 1732, R. S.) | 9,560 88 |  |
| Contingent expenses | 137,529 50 |  |
| Allowance for clerks | 55, 9\% 480 |  |
| Rent of prison, wages of keepers, \&c., Chin | 7, 25454 |  |
| Rent of prison, wages of keepers, \&c., Japau | 2,899 09 |  |
| Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, \&c., Siam and Turkey | 1, 05400 |  |
| Salaries of interpreters in Chiua, Japan, and Siam | 13, 14548 |  |
| Salaries of marshals for consular courts | 7, 5:30 97 |  |
| Expenses of interpreters, guards, \&c., in Turkish dominions | 2,979 01 |  |
| Boat and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo | 22700 |  |
| Shipping and discharging seamen. | 4,019 00 |  |
|  |  | 872,345 08 |
| Excess of receipts over all expenditures. |  | 23,435 19 |

The salaries of cousular officers not citizens of the United States, aggregating $\$ 9,010.85$, and covered by a separate appropriation, are included in the above, with the amounts allowed consular officers for instructions, transit, and while awaiting exequatur.

Consular. fees.-The report of this office for 1883 gave the fees for that year at $\$ 914,839.74$, but several accounts then unadjusted have increased that amount to $\$ 926,054: 95$, as shown in Tables $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D of the appendix. For the fiscal year just closed the fees adjusted to date aggregate $\$ 895,780.27$. Accounts not yet received and adjusted will probably increase this amount from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 12,000$. This falling off is not confined to any particular class of fees, being about $\$ 5,000$ on vessels' fees and $\$ 13,500$ on invoices and other fees. The following totals, taken from Table I, exhibit the sources from which the consular fees were derived:

## vessels' fees and charges.



Relief of seamen.-During the year accounts for relief afforded seamen, as shown in Tables G and H, were adjusted as follows:

| Extra wages collected | \$33, 838 18 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Arrears of wages collected | 20,022 55 |
|  | 53, 860,73 |
| Extra and arrears of wages refunded. | 21, 71ヶ 33 |
| Balance of extra wages and arrears | 32,142 40 |
| Board and lodging......................... | 8,681 84 |
| Clothing.... | 4,646 78 |
| Passage to United States. | 5,626 75 |
| Other expenses ........... | 11,767 78 |
|  | , 72315 |
| Excess of wages not refunded over relief | 1,419 25 |

Several accounts not yet received and adjusted will probably iucrease the amonnt of relief for the year to $\$ 32,000$ or $\$ 33,000$. Last year it amounted to $\$ 36,473.95$.

Of the 1,100 seamen relieved and reported in accounts adjusted 633, or about 57 per cent., were shipwrecked, and 102 received medical aid. Only 97 deserters received relief, and of this number 23 were reported from Fayal and 33 from Hull. Of the men reported as relieved at Bahia, Calcutta, Cape Town, Gibraltar, Kingston, and Picton, all, or nearly all; had suffered shipwreck. Returns of this character show that with few exceptions consular officers are very careful in their disbursements for relief, and that only those are cared for who are entitled to become the wards of the Government.

Other expenses of the foreign service.-During the year othe acc ounts pertaining to the foreign service have been adjusted, as follows:

|  | 86 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claim | 191, 44463 |
| Commissioner to negotiate a commercial treaty with Me | 8, 20833 |
| Extending diplomatic relations with Governments of Eastern Asia, 1884 | 5,000 00 |
| Expenses, Tribunal of Arbitration, Geneva | 13,750 56 |
| International Commission for the Establishn | 1,500 00 |
| International Bimetallic Commissiou | 3,000 00 |
| International Remonetization of Silver | 3,000 00 |
| International Bureau of Weights and Measures, 1884 ....................... | 1,338 65 |
| Transporting remains of ministers aud cousuls to their homes for interment, 1884 | 1,765 65 |
| Steam-launch for legation and consulate at Constantinople, 1884 | 1,00000 |
| Purchase of the Franklin collection of books and papers | 34,285 71 |
| Buildings and grounds for legation in China, 1884 | 2,751 64 |
| Annual expenses of Cape Spartel light, 1854 | 285.00 |
| Loss by exchange, 1884 ............. |  |
| International Fishery Exhibition, 1883, at London . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15.099 49 |
| Allowance to Mrs. Caroline C. Marsh, widow of the late George P. Marsh, Jate minister to Italy, per deficiency act of March 3, 1883 | 11,019 23 |
| Relief of claimants for destruction of private armed brig General Armstroug, act of April 20, 1882 | 72736 |
| Allowance to J. C. Myers, late consul-general at Shanghai, act of March 3, 1879 . | 2,283 81 |
| Rescuing shipwreeked American seamen, 1884 ........................... | 58150 |
| Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic officers who die abroad, 1884. | 3,163 71 |

Disbursing clerks' accounts.-The disbursing clerks of the Department of State, R. C. Morgan, deceased, and F. J. Kieckhoefer, have rendered the following accounts, which have been adjusted :
[It should be noted that the amounts given for contingent expenses of foreign missions and consulates for 1884 are included in the total
disbursements for the diplomatic and consular service as presented onpages 1 and 2.]Contingent expenses of foreign missions, 1882, $\$ 300 ; 1883, \$ 6,484.02 ; 1884$,$\$ 23,000.76$$\$ 29,78478$
Contingent expenses of consnlates, $1882, \$ 1.00 .72 ; 1883, \$ 14,030.04 ; 1884$, \$24,160.18 ..... 38,290 94
Expenses under the neutrality act, $1 \sim 83, \$ 1,297.44 ; 1884, \$ 7,632.96$ ..... 8,930 40
Fishery Exbibition, 1883, at London ..... 5,472 52
International Commission for the Establishment of Electrical Units. ..... 7,920 85
Rescuing ship wrecked American seanen, 1883, \$519.08; 1884, \$1,488.66.. ..... 2,007 74
Salary and burial expenses of, and erecting a stove to, George P. Marsh ..... 1,219 12
Transporting remains of ministers and consuls to their homes for inter- ment, 1884 ..... 41734
Bringing home criminals, 1883 ..... 72081
Expenses of Siamese embassy ..... 2,225 32
Accounts for prior years.-Diplomatic and consular accounts not here-tofore reported were received during the jear and have been adjustedas follows:
Boat and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo, 1883 ..... $\$ 24737$
Salaries of interpreters to consulates, \&c., 1883 ..... 1, 51000
Steam-launch for legation and cousulate at Constantinople, 1883 ..... 23364
Loss by exchauge, 1883 ..... 7373
Salaries United States and Spauish Claims Commission, 1879, $\$ 3,000 ; 1880$, $\$ 3,000 ; 1881, \$ 3,000 ; 1882, \$ 1,783.30 ; 1883, \$ 2,575$ ..... 13, 358.30
Contingent expenses of United States and Spanish Claims Commission, 1883. ..... 39140
Salaries of ministers, 1871 and prior years, $\$ 2,129.57 ; 1883, \$ 3,938.44$ ..... $6,068.01$
Salaries of secretaries of legation, 1882, , ${ }^{2} 531.91 ; 1883, \$ 3,142.89$. ..... 3,674 80
Contingent expenses of foreign missions, 1878 , $\$ 220.46 ; 1882, \$ 19,826.92$; 1883, \$4,628.11 ..... 24, 675. 49
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen, 1880, $\$ 165.12$; 1883, $\$ 50$ ..... 21512
Bringing home criminals, 188234733
Contingen't expenses of consulates, 1471 and prior years, $\$ 1,304.66 ; 1874$,$\$ 11.53 ; 1875, \$ 293,82 ; 1876, \$ 37.28 ; 1878, \$ 122.22 ; 1881, \$ 224 ; 1882, \$ 652.73$;$1884, \$ 3,911.40$6,55764
Allowance for clerks at consulates, $1875, \$ 79.50 ; 1876, \$ 65.93 ; 1880, \$ 300$; $1882, \$ 127.21$; $1883, \$ 1,327.68$ ..... 1,900 32
Salaries consular service, 1871 and prior years, $\$ 3,652.62$; 1874, \$288.46; ..... 10,939 93
Relief and protection of destitute American seamen, 1880, $\$ 16 ; 1882$, $\$ 830.79 ; 1883, \$ 4,896.98$ ..... 5,74377
Morton, Rose \& Co.'s accounts.-During the year Messrs. Morton, Rose
$\&$ Co., bankers of the United States at London, received $\$ 253,367$ onaccount of consular fees; $\$ 15,174.31$ on account of extra wages andother money of seamen. Their disbursements were as follows:
Contingent expenses consular service, $1883, \$ 200 ; 1884, \$ 400$ ..... $\$ 60000$
Salaries conșular service, 1883, \$1,744.46; 1884, \$4,016.01 ..... 5, 760 47
Expenses interpreters, guards, \&c., in Turkish dominions, 1883, \$125; 1884, \$253.86 ..... 37886
Salaries of secretaries of legation, $1883, \$ 4,864.25 ; 1884, \$ 27,350.28$ ..... 32,214 53
Contingent expenses of foreign missions, $1883, \$ 6,591: 23 ; 1884, \$ 29,289.96$. ..... 35, 881 . 19
Salaries of ministers, $1883, \$ 36,455.33 ; 1884, \$ 165,782.76$ ..... 202,238 09
International Fishery Exhibition, 1883, at London ..... 10,587 83
Transporting remains of ministers and consuls to their homes for inter- ment, 1884 ..... 1; 42466

Estotes of decedents.-A mounts were paid from "estates of decedents trust fund," baving been previonsly covered into the Treasury, as follows:
Edmund Cook, deceased citizen. ..... $\$ 33352$
Thomas S. Scipio, deceased seaman ..... 17207
W. G. Featherstone, deceased citizen ..... 4088
Jobn J. Higgins, deceased citizen. ..... 11842
Gerret S. Backus, deceased citizen ..... 6100
Total ..... 72589

## INTERNAL-REVENUE DIVISION.

The total collections of internal revenue, as shown by the adjustment of collectors" accounts and exhibited in detail in Tables K and L, amounted to $\$ 121,421,981.97$, not inclading $\$ 163,051.85$ derived fr̂̀m the sale of adhesive stamps, and $\$ 24.53$ from other sources.

The total expenses of collectors, including compensatiou of storekeepers and gaugers, aggregated $\$ 4,068,409.29$, as follows: Salaries of collectors, $\$ 322,834.72$; deputies and clerks, $\$ 1,474,812.44$; rent, fnel, and lights, $\$ 46,555.45$; stationery and other expeuses; $\$ 23,185.33$; storekeepers, $\$ 1,398,180.50$, and gaugers, $\$ 302,840.85$.
The following exhibit shows these expenses by States:

| States. | Expenses of collector's office. |  |  |  |  |  | Total expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deputies and } \\ & \text { clerks. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | \$2, 964 14 | \$17, 60530 | \$400 00 | \$536 68 | \$2, 49250 | \$1, 89745 | \$25, 89607 |
| Arizona | 42592 | 72729 | 12059 | 9774 |  | 10620 | 1,477 74 |
| Arkansas | 2,750 00 | 12,734 93 . |  | 15355 | 12,05700 | 70300 | 28,398 48 |
| California | 7, 59375 | 55, 52926 | 1,280 00 | 1,139 69 | 27, 10100 | 32, 10755 | 124, 75125 |
| Colorado | 2, 97047 | 14, 08350 | 1, 10000 | 13308. |  | 1,682 79 | 19,969 84 |
| Connectic | 3,900 18 | 15, 958 ${ }_{\text {c }} 46$ | 46069 | 24958 | 2,504 00 | 4,618. 45 | 27, 69136 |
| Dakota | 37356 | 1, 07515 | 6451 | 4014. |  |  | 1, 55336 |
| Delaware | 2,87500 | 9, 08175 | 28695 | 7894 |  | 1,648 05 | 13,970 69 |
| Florida | 3, 00000 | 10,277 85 | 58805 | 6385 |  |  | 13,929 75 |
| Georgia | 3,576 05 | 40, 09703 | 10002 | 41730 | 42,344 00 | 9, 11314 | 95, 64754 |
| Idaho | 32265 | 51631 | 4976 | 7120 | 10400 | 6241 | 1,126 33 |
| Illinois | 23, 94770 | 88, 96548 | 2,306 15 | 1, 14887 | 102,496 00 | 105, 77671 | 324, 64051 |
| Indian | 12,672 85 | 34, 13226 | 1, 20030 | 80821 | 43, 61700 | 34, 03547 | 126,466 09 |
| Iowa | 10,265 60 | 28, 06479 | 74151 | 52605 | 10, 02400 | 11, 61127 | 61, 23322 |
| Kansas | 2,750001. | 12,534.25 | 50000 | 97.51 | 2, 416.00 | 40035 | 18,698 11 |
| Kentack | 22,538 42 | 97, 60888 | 2,24661 | 2,23146 | 465,65300 | 153, 27520 | 743,553 57 |
| Lonisi | 3,875 00 | 29, 19417 |  | 17884 |  | 7,193 21 | 40, 441 22 |
| Maine | 2,50000 | 6,68720 |  | 4536 |  |  | 9,232 56 |
| Maryland | 4, 731:66 | 39, 24128 | 70430 | 21643 | 32, 979:00 | 30, 88471 | 108,75738 |
| Massachusetts | 7,962 00 | 34, 18948 | 47212 | 44135 | 20,256 00 | 20, 39465 | 83,715 60 |
| Michigan. | 7, 902.85 | 28, 06481 | 1, 15778 | 45058 |  | 3, 25523 | 40,831 25 |
| Minnesota | 3,851 32 | 15,419 31 | 1456 | 26950. |  | 2, 80498 | 22,359 67 |
| Mississip | 2,75000 | 16,989 40 | 480.00 | 14904 . |  | 14203 | 20,510 47 |
| Missouri | 12, 43883 | 51, 59042 | 3, $068{ }^{\prime} 04$ | 86720 | 35, 1.5400 | 37, 32603 | 140, 44452 |
| Montana | 3,364 21 | 13, 85387 | 96133 | 36428 | 1, 02800 | 1,197 77 | 20,769 46 |
| Nebrask | 4,499 98 | 13,969 23 |  | 20657 | 6,59600 | 6,761 10 | 39, 03288 |
| Nevada | 56250 | 91875 | 7780 | 1506 |  |  | 1, 57411 |
| New Hampshire | 3,375 00 | 5,300 00 |  | 9418 | 1, 46400 | 1, 08269 | 11, 31587 |
| New Jersey | 10,875 00 | 39,000 00 | 93000 | 36202 | 3,692 00 | 7, 14076 | 61,999 78 |
| New Mexico | 2,682 75 | 7,615 76 | 69973 | 33780 |  | 34369 | 11, 67979 |
| New York | 31,575 69 | , 176,652 07 | 10,859 54 | 2,34534 | 16,764 00 | 65,99865 | 304, 19529 |
| North Carolina | 11,510 93 | 96, 61364 | 1,48106 | 1,849 41 | 220,751 00 | 26,903 65 | 359, 10969 |
| Ohio | 22, 23291 | 90, 50932 | 6, 05936 | 1, 35463 | 79, 61200 | 95, 961 67 | 295, 72989 |
| Oregon | 2, 81180 | 9,384 38 |  | 15896 | 1, 2.2000 | 1,225 94 | 14, 83308 |
| Pennsylvauia | 25,49893 | 128, 23550 | 3, 82649 | 1,981 75 | 113, 05600 | 74,410 81 | 347, 00948 |
| Rhode Island | 2.75000 | 6,700 00 |  | 8687 |  | 80428 | 10,341 15 |
| South Carolin | 3,250 00 | 19,31.628 |  | 20401 | 16,349 100 | 1,361 73 | 40,480 97 |
| Tenness | 7, 34231 | 26, 14792 | 6740 | 88384 | 79, 69400 | 16, 85600 | 140, 99147 |
| T'exas | 7, 87500 | 31,48501 | 1,380 50 | 33149 | 4,63400 | 2,763 66 | 48,419 66 |
| Utah | 322.69 | 44057 | 5000 | 2805 |  | 8276 | 92407 |
| Vermont | 2,250.00 | 4, 26000 | 19277. | 39.25 |  |  | 6,742 02 |
| Virginia | 13,428 96 | 86, 01341 | 1, 57737 | 1,329 02 | 31,671 00 | 22, 05394 | 155, 07370 |
| Washington | 37900 | 65740 | 3360 | 5066 |  |  | 1,120 66 |
| West Virginia | 3, 93954 | 15, 78482 | 23750 | 21706 | 5, 83300 | 6,366 38 | 32, 37830 |
| Wisconsin | 13, 12500 | 31,241 28 | 78629 | 52077 | 16,58700 | 12,486 49 | 74, 74679 |
| Wyoming | 24457 | 34472 | 4281 | 1250 |  |  | 64460 |
| Total. | 322, 83472 | 1,474, 81244 | 46, 555 45 | 23, 18533 | 1, 398, 18050 | 802,840 85 | 4, 068,409 29 |

## MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

To this division are assigned for settlement all miscellaneous internalrevenue accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distilleries, fees and expenses of gaugers, stamp agents' accounts, counsel fees, drawbacks, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper and stamps, and for the salaries of the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsonian Institution and National Museum, contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department, and sundry accounts of the Department of State and the Patent Office.

Agents' accounts.-The salaries and expenses of internal-revenue agents for the year are as follows:

| Name. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { diem. } \end{gathered}$ | Salary. | Expenses. |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Transportation. | Subsist. ence. | Other ex. penses. |  |
| A. H. Brooks.................. ..... | \$8 | \$2,496 00 | \$326 35 | \$270 14 | \$69 15 | \$3, 161.64 |
| J.M. Burns. | 6 | 25800 | 4765 | 6685 | 710 | . 37860 |
| W. H. Chapman | 8 | 2, 50400 | 26198 | 59183 | 2735 | 3,385 16 |
| A. H. Clark | 8 | 2,50400 | 60760 | 83131 | 4443 | 3,987 34 |
| W. T. Clark | 8 | 2, 00000 | 45296 | 75127 | 9205 | 3,296 28 |
| G. Clemen | 7 | 44100 | 6681 | 6250 | 1210 | 58241 |
| A. M. Crane | 8 | 2, 49600 | 32170 | 81640 | 2747 | 3,661 57 |
| E. V. Donelson | 8 | 1,38600 | 34223 | 58798 | 4835 | 2, 36456 |
| T. J.Grimeson | 8 | $2,48000$. | 27523 | 95905 | 5825 | 3,772 53 |
| J. C B. Hale | 8 | 2, 47200 | 57383 | 71388 | 9433 | 3,854 04 |
| W. B. Harrison | 8 | 1,44000 | 25730 | 42530 | 1735 | 2,139 95 |
| W: L. Hollister | 6 | 1,872 00 | 62241 | 69412 | 6674 | 3,255 27 |
| Horace Kellogg | 8 | 2,504 00 | 67545 | 73028 | . 8419 | 3,993 92 |
| T. J. Kinney | 8 | 2, 00800 | 32869 | 55645 | ${ }^{33} 75$ | 2,926 89 |
| A. A. Knight | 8 | 61600 | 15772 | 24358 | 830 | 1,025 60 |
| James E. Lark | 7 | 2,18400 | 8.5825 | 92400 | 5315 | 4, 01940 |
| Wolcott Lay ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 8 | 1,74400 | 46978 | 60495 | 7414 | 2, 89287 |
| Jobn Lotland | 7 | 2, 08950 | 29081 | 72132 | 3735 | 3,13898. |
| J. B. Marvin | 8 | 2,496 00 | 84819 | 83603 | 10089 | 4,281 11 |
| J. B. McCoy .. | 8 | 2,496 00 | 57047 | 70667 | 5154 | 3, 82488 |
| P. H. McGowan | 8 | 1,24800 | $178 \cdot 15$ | 36700 | 1025 | 1,803 40 |
| H. J. Mckusick |  | ${ }^{640} 00$ | 2000 | 4025 | 275 | 70300 |
| Edward McLeer |  | 2,480 00 | 34287 | 70795 | 110.18 | 3, 64100 |
| F. S. Nenstadtl. | 8 | 2,49600 | 81120 | 65647 | $9^{9} \overline{5} 2$ | 4, 06319 |
| Jasper Packard | 8 | 2,496 00 | 80410 | 96105 | 1,925 | 4,370 40 |
| Stanley Pluzamer | 8 | 2, 50400 | 42190 | 1, 04920 | 9739 | 4, 072 49 |
| Thomas Powers | 8 | 2,50400 | 40405 | 88797 | 6521 | 3, 86123 |
| John M. Ranm | 8 | 2,408 00 | 46216 | 92490 | 7910 | 3, 87416. |
| James A. Ray | 8 | 2, 36800 | 40360 | 63876 | 5979 | 3, 470.15 |
| F. D. Sewall | 12 | 3,67200 | 19295 | 9075 | 1159 | 3,967 29. |
| William Somery | 8 | 752.00 | 19727 | 26097 | 1648 | 1,226 72 |
| D. D. Spanlding | 8 | 2, 50400 | 85761 | 79525 | 8436 | 4, $24122{ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
| L. A. Thrasher | 8 | 2, 50400 | 42437 | 78120 | ${ }^{62} 68$ | 3,772 25 |
| J. L. Tyumbuh | 8 | 2,328 00 | 42925 | 589.00 | 3635 | 3,382 60 |
| D. W. Voyles | 8 | 2, 38400 | 39940 | 62140 | 3945 | 3,444 25. |
| Jacob Wagner | 8 | 2, 50400 | 50802 | 87559 | 10906 | 3,996 67 |
| E. D. Webster | 8 | 2,504 00 | 48722 | 86038 | 8148 | 3,933.08. |
| G. W. Wilson | 8 | 2,50400 | 43535 | 32810 | 6413 | 3, 33158. |
| Joseph t. Wilso | 6 | 1,860 00 | 19861 | 56331 | 450 | 2,626 42 |
| Isham Young. | 8 | 2, 144,00 | 37542 | 41173 | 2765 | 2,95880. |
| Total |  | 83, 29050 | 16,708 91 | 24, 50514 | 2,179.15 | 126, 68370. |
| Stationery furnished revente agents |  |  |  |  |  | 27717 |
| Transportation over Pacific railroads nónder orders from Treasury Department |  |  |  |  |  | 1,378 67 |
| Tota |  |  |  |  |  | 128, 338 54- |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Stamp accounts.-The accounts of the Commissioner of Iuternal Revenue for distilled spirit and other stamps are as follows:

| Dr. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CR. } \\ \$ 82,889,90500 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To stamps on hand June 30, 1883. | \$30, 368, 05000 | By' stamps sent to collectors |  |
| To stamps received from printers.. | 84, 850, 55000 | By stamps destroyed by commit- |  |
| To stamps retarned by collectors.. | $\cdot 30,24000$ | tee . ...... ........................... | 742.50 |
| To stamps received for redemption: | 74250 | By stamps on hand June 30, 1884. | 32, 358, 93500 |
|  | 115, 249, 58250 |  | 115, 249, 58250 |

SPECIAL TAX STAMPS.


## STAMPS FOR TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGARS.

| To stamps on hand June 30, 1883 .. | \$10, 456, 99876 | By stamps sent to collectors. | \$27, 585, 24615. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To stamps received from printers. | 29, 101, 27400 | By stamps destroyed by committee | 1, 396, 19129 |
| To stamps retarned by collectors. | 25, 97630 | By stamps delivered for imprint. .. | 953, 36800 |
| To stamps received for redemption | 7,724 46 | By stamps on hand Juine 30, 1884. | 9, 657, 16808. |
|  | 39, 591, 973 52 |  | 39,591, 97352 |

## STAMPED FOIL WRAPPERS.

To wrappers received from printer.. $\$ 197,15660 \mid$ By wrappers sent to collectors..... $\$ 197,15660$
Stamps, paper, and dies.-The following accounts were adjusted, being expenses incurred for dies and paper and for the engraving and printing of internal-revenue stamps, \&c.:


Miscellaneous expenses.-The following sums embrace payments made by collectors of internal revenue and revenue agents for the detection of frauds upon the revenue; also disbursements made by T. J. Hobbs. for the cancellation and redemption of stamps, and for other expenses incident to the collection of the internal revenue:


Rebate on tobacco and other claims.-During the year rebate claims on tobacco, snuff, and cigars were received and amounts allowed under the provisions of section 4, act $0^{+}$Märch 3, 1883, as follows:

| State. | Claims received. | Amount al. lowed. | State. | Claims received. | Amount al. lowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 839 | \$48, 03988 | Montana. | 298 | \$38, 33232 |
| A rizona. | 125 | 9, 53606 | Nebraska | 900 | 55,759 61 |
| Arkansas | 607 | 25, 23644 | Nevada | 126 | 6, 5988 |
| California | 1,330 | 226, 78272 | New Hampshire | 361 | 9,632 17 |
| Colorado | 618 | 55, 11358 | New Jersey | 321 | 20, $257 \times 34$ |
| Connecticat | 453 | 31, 67873 | New Mexico | 137 | 11, 97485 |
| Dakota | 247 | 13, 62589 | New York. | 5,292 | 434, 19556 |
| Delaware | 239 | 8,377 05 | North Carolina | 842 | 34,357 07 |
| Florida | 376 | 15,79183 | Ohio | 3,619 | 244, 09606 |
| Georgia | 1,559 | 123, 07457 | Oregon | 493 | 49,956 27 |
| Idaho. | 182 | 10, 91915 | Penasylvania | 3,286 | 278,867 29 |
| Illinois. | 3, 110 | 278, 83859. | Rhode Island | 153 | 21,769 32 |
| Indiagna | 1,497 | 84,405 95 | South Carolina | 735 | 38,436 67 |
| Ioẇa. | 1,920 | 122, 66192 | Tennessee | 600 | 68,235 95 |
| Kansab | 1,316 | 55, 89127 | Texas. | 2,400 | 186,00136 |
| Kentucky | 573 | 32, 38595 | Utah. | 134 | 13,592 94 |
| Lonisiana | 484 | 52,890 58 | Vermont | 427 | 24,184 09 |
| Maine | 547 | 43, 25503 | Virginia | 554 | 42,47752 |
| Maryland | 424 | 77, 75419 | Washington | 244 | 14,288 27 |
| Massachus | 1,009 | 126, 42692 | West Virgiuia | 277 | 24,466 01 |
| Michigan | 1, 860 | 103, 37876 | Wisconsin | 1, 498 | 70, 06388 |
| Minnesota | 1,041 | 93, 33363 | W yoming | 67 | 5,323 59 |
| Mississippi | $\mathbf{9 2 7}$ 1,462 | 31,454 219 2196 | Total | 45, 409 | 3,581,545 57 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3, 21,545 |

An adjustment of the accounts of 131 stamp agents shows a deposit of $\$ 1,409,213.61$.

Five thousand one hundred and three claims for the redemption of stamps, amonnting to $\$ 328,852.50$, were settled during the year, from which $\$ 16,838.38$ were discounted, leaving $\$ 311,914.12$ actually paid.

By the last report the Secretary of the Treasury had on deposit to his. credit on account of "fines, penalties, and forfeitures" (special deposit account' No. 1), $\$ 141,255.27$. During the year $\$ 307,932.35$ have been deposited, and $\$ 362,264.86$ disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1884, of $\$ 86,922.76$. The balance to his credit January 1, 1883, on account of "offers in compromise" (special deposit account No. 5 ), was $\$ 60,446.86$. During the year $\$ 144,545.17$ were deposited, and $\$ 159,064.09$ disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1,1884 , of $\$ 45,927.94$.

Accounts were adjusted for the following sums refunded: Taxes erroneously assessed and collected, $\$ 43,105.68$; drawback on merchandise exported, $\$ 49,075.20$, and "surplus proceeds" of lands sold for taxes in the insurrectionary States, $\$ 16,708.88$.

Moneys refunded on lands sold for taxes in the insurrectionary States amount to $\$ 1,050$.

Accounts bave been adjusted with the States of California and Oregon on account of direct tax imposed by the act of August 5, 1861.

The disbursements by George Waterhouse, chairman of the South Carolina free-school fund commissioners, amounted to $\$ 2,857.50$.

Disbursing clerks' accounts.-Acconnts rendered by R. C. Morgan, late disbursing clerk of the Department of State, have been adjusted as follows:
Publication of consular and other commercial reports, 1883, \$5,518.29;
1884, $\$ 8,362.61 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
$\$ 240.31 ; 1884, \$ 4,085.28$.
$\$ 13,88090$

Rewoval aud rearrangement of records, 1883 and $1884 \ldots .$. ................ ! 1904
Monument to mark the birthplace of George Washington ..... \$3, 708 10
Monumeut to Thomas Jefferson at Monticelio, Va ..... $1 \times 294$
Stationery and furniture, 1882, \$4.16; 1383, \$1,13内; 1884, \$3,253.29 ..... 4,39545
Lithographing, 1881, \$47.25; 1883, 2:29.78; 1854,' \$486.08 ..... 76.3 11
Proof-reading, $18 \times 3, \$ 180 ; 18.34$, , 489 ..... $660 \quad 10$
Publication of information in aid of soperesies of the Red Cross ..... 90678
Transmission of certain books and mementoes to National Lincoln Monu- ment Association of Springrield, Ill ..... 2415
Observance of the centennial auniversary of the surrender of Lord Corn- wallis at Yorktowu, Va ..... 998.59Accounts rendered by F. J. Kieckhocfer, disbursing clerk of the De-partment of State, have beeu adjusted as follows:
Pablication of consular and other commercial reports, 1884 ..... $\$ 10,56215$
Preof-readiug, 1884 ..... 53000
Lithographing, 1884 ..... 51102
Books and maps, 1882, \$541.48; 1884, $\$ 183.68$ ..... 72516
Stationery and furuiture, 1884 ..... 12665
Monnment to mark the birthplace of George Washington ..... 462
Accounts rendered by J. O. P. Burnside, as disbursing clerk of the Post-Office Department, have been adjusted as fullows:
Publication of Official Postal Guide, 1883, $\$ 4,200.51 ; 1884, \$ 23,314.79$ ..... $\$ 27,51530$
Publication of post-route maps, $1833, \$ 9,338.94$; 1884, $\$ 12,662.82$ ..... 22, (101 76
Miscellaneous expenses money-order officé, 187:3 and ' 1884 ..... 3, 86× 12
Telegraphing, 1882, \$2,767.70; 18* $3, \$ 3,827.53 ; 1884, \$ 3,214.82$ ..... 9,81005
Stationery, $1883, \$ 1,696.92 ; 1884, \$ 7,478.22$ ..... 9,17514
Furniture, 1884 ..... 5,245 02
Gas, $1883, \$ 1,985.58 ; 1884, \$ 4,030.61$ ..... 6,016 19
Carpets, 1 m84 ..... 3,3:8 61
Hardwiare, $1883, \$ 382.13 ; 1884, \$ 1,321.37$ ..... 1,70350
Rent, $1883, \$ 4,500 ; 1884, \$ 7,250$ ..... 11,750 00
Fuel, 188; $, \$ 5,166.01$; $1884, \$ 6,675.90$ ..... 11.841 91
Painting, 1884 ..... 4,668 04
Plumbing and gas-fixtures, $1883, \$ 169.50 ; 1884, \$ 690.01$ ..... 85951
Miscellaneors items, 1883, \$2,997.08; 1884, $\$ 7,093.50$ ..... 10,09058
Keeping borses, aud repair of wagons and haruess, $1883, \$ 453.20 ; 1884$, $\$ 914.0$ e ..... 1,367 29
Transf ir of money-order office, $188 ?$ ..... 99729
Accounts rendered by Richard Devens, disbursing clerk of the Post- Office Department, have been arljusted as follows:
Publication of the Official Postal Guide, 1884 ..... $\$ 2,62115$
Publication of post-route maps, 1884 ..... 4,062 02
Keeping horses, aud repair of wagons and harness, 1884 ..... 15181
Telegraphing, 1884 ..... 1,536 09
Hardware, 1884 ..... 11875
Rent, 1884 ..... 2,000 00
Furniture, 1884 ..... 350
Painting, 1883 ..... 1488
Siationery, 1883, \$30.40; 1884, \$1,521.11 ..... 1,55151
Fuel, 1884 ..... 1, 407. 32
Gas, $1 \div 83, \$ 68.18 ; 1884, \$ 2,525.93$ ..... 2,594 11
Miscellaneous items, $18 \underset{6}{ } 3, \$ 368.58 ; 1884, \$ 1,958.16$ ..... 2,326 74
Accounts rendered by George W. Evans, disbursing clerk of the De- partment of the Interior, have been adjusted as follows:
Scieutific Library, Office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883, $\$ 245.63 ; 1884$, \$4,460.65Preservation of collections, National Museum, 1883, $\$ 1,601.72$; 1884,$\$ 92,683.40$94, 28512
Preservation of collections, National Museum (Armory building), 1883, $\$ 220.21 ; 1884, \$ 2,489.75$
Furniture and fixtures, National Musenm, 1883, $\$ 1,192.17$; 1884, $\$ 56,033.32$. ..... 5~; 22549
Plates' for Patent Office Official Gazette, 1884 ..... 34,901 50
Copies of drawings, Office of Commissioner of Patents, 1883 ..... 5,371 44

Other accounts rendered by disbursing clerks, agents, and others, have been adjusted as follows:


## THE WORK OF THE OFFICE.

During the year, 59,506 accounts have been adjusted, aggregating $\$ 1,093,944,231.08$ and requiring the examination of 476,896 vonchers. There have also been 11,559 reports copien, 5,278 letters written, 29,792 coupon books counted, and 29,645 coupon borks scheduled. Compared with other fears the work performed has been unprecedented in the history of the office. In order to secure prompt settlement of the 45,409 claims for rebate of taxes on tobacco, suuff, cigars and cigarettes, it became necessary to extend the time of labor for several weeks during the winter months to include the hours from half-past six to nine o'clock in the evening. The entire clerical force of the Bureau was thus employed, and the willingness exbibited in the perfornance of this additional work, and the promptness with which it was done, attest the fidelity and interest of those employed. A similar disposition to dispose of accounts additional to the regular work of the office was shown in the adjustment of 946 A labama judgments, which required immediate settlement, and which were aljusted and forwarded to the First Comptroller within two weeks after their reception from the Department of State. It was impossible to perform so much extra work even with the working hours extended, without some delay in the reg. ular work of the office. But this was temporary, and on the 30th of June, last, as exhibited by the work report of the office for that month, there was scarcely au unadjusted account in the Bureau which was in shape for settlement.

A very important feature of what is now a part of the regular work of the office is the comparison of consular returns with the returns made by collectors of customs, as required by section 4913 of the Revised Statutes. It is necessary to the proper adjustment of consuls' accounts, and its good effects are evidencen not only às an aid in such settlements, but by securing a better observance of the consular regulations. As shown elsewhere the great bulk of consular fees is derived from the certification of invoices, the fee for such service being $\$ 2.50$. Last year about 300,000 invoices were thas certitied, and the fact that the failare to account for the fees thus received is corrected by returns from the collectors of customs, shows the accuracy afforded by the comparison. Until these returns of consul and collector were brought together in this office, about three years ago, nothing could be learned as to the correctuess of consular reporis beyond what was shown on their face. Errors and omissions might have existed without fear of discovers. It is now known that discrepaucies, often amounting to considerable sums, were of frequent occurrence, and that in some cases gross care-
lessness and dishonesty existed on the part of clerks employed by consular officers. This work, therefore, not only insures a correct accounting of fees to the Government, but it affords consular officers the means of knowing whether subordinates are properly and honestly performing their duties. To reduce this work to a system has required a patient and careful study of details, but the results are so bigbly satisfactory as to entirely justify the labor and the increased force given the office two years ago. It is found, bowever, that the space heretofore given those employed in this work is entirely inadequate, and have the honor respectfully to recommend that an additional room be allowed and set apart for this work.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, D. S. ALEXANDER,

Auditor...

## Hon. Hugh McCulloch, <br> Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIX.

A.-STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMSTIC SERVICE of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ended Jine 30, 1884.
[ $a$, comprises all accounts received.]

| Country. | Officera. | Salaries adjusted. | Contin. gent expenses and loss by exchange. | Total. | Passport fees. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. <br> Austria........ | T. O. Osborn, minister <br> A. Taft, minister | \$7, 50000 | \$413 50 |  | \$1000 |
|  |  | 0 | 889 | \$7,913 50 | 500 |
|  | H, White, late secretary of legation | 72388 |  |  |  |
|  | W. 'T. Stroug, secretary of legation. | a136 96 |  |  |  |
| Belgiam ....... | N. Fish, minister . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7,500 00 | 45000 |  | 4500 |
| Bolivia | Richard Gibbs, minister and consul-general. | 4,809 79 | 38461 |  |  |
|  | George Maney, Jate mlnister aud consulgeneral. | 1,154 00 |  | . 6,349 30 |  |
| Brazil | T. A. Osborn, ministe | 12,000 00 | 72682 |  | 1000 |
|  | C. B. Trail, cburge d'affaires ad interim | 1,368 13 |  |  |  |
|  | C. B. Trail, secretary of legation.......... John C. White, late secretary of legation. | $\begin{aligned} & 90043 \\ & 22500 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Central American States. <br> Chili. $\qquad$ | H. C. Hall, minister, <br> C. A. Logan, minister | 10.000 00 | 2,580 40 |  |  |
|  |  | 9,230 78 | 88137 |  |  |
| China........... | J. R. Young, minister. <br> C. Holcombe, secretary of, legation aud interpreter. <br> W. L. Scrugegs, minister | 12,000 00 | 3, 86:3 57 |  | 12500 |
|  |  | 5,000 00 | 1,167 67 | 4 |  |
| Colombia |  | $a 5,62500$ | 30600 |  |  |
| Denmark | W. Hoffmann, minister and consul-general. | 5,000 00 | 80832 | 80832 | 3000 |
| France........ | L. P. Morton, minister | 17,500 00 | 3,251 95 |  | 526.31 |
|  | E. J. Brulatour, charge d'affaires ad in. terim. | 2,316 06 | 160 |  |  |
|  | E.J. Brulatour, secretary of legation. | 1, 62735 | 726 |  |  |
|  | H. Viguaud, seeond secretary of legation | 2,000 00 | 737 |  |  |
| Germany ...... | A. A. Sargent, minister | 17,500 00 | 1,263 52 |  | 88000 |
|  | H. S. Everett, chargo d'affaires ad inter | 2, 96874 | 1,200 00 |  | 59000 |
|  | H. S. Everett, secrotary of logation | 1,734 2.3 | 693 |  |  |
|  | C. Coleman, second secretary of legationl: | 2,000 00 | 1150 |  |  |
| Great Britain .. | J. R. Lowell. minister ................... | 17,500 00 | 3, 65508 |  | 32702 |
|  | W. J. Hoppin, chatgé d'affaires ad interim. | 1, 426 64 | 70039 |  | 14307 |
|  | E S. Nadal, late sucretary of legation ... | 1, 00000 |  |  |  |
|  | W. J. Hoppin, secretary of legation .... | 2,196 94 |  |  |  |
|  | H. White, secoud secretary of legation | 1,195 67 |  |  |  |
| Hawaiian Islande. <br> Hayti............ | R. M. Daggett, minister <br> J. M. Langston, minister and consul-general. <br> W. W. Astor, minister | 7,500 00 | 31366 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 7,813 66 |  |
|  |  | $a 2,50000$ | 32462 | $\dot{24} 6 \underset{2}{ }$ | 500 |
| Italy |  | 12,000 00 | $50+26$ |  | 12000 |
|  | L. Richmond, charge d'affaires ad interim | 97826 | 4891 |  |  |
| Japán . ........ | J. A. Bingham, ministe | 12,00000 | 52494 |  | 1500 |
|  | G. Goward, secretary of lega | 2,50000 |  |  |  |
|  | W. N. Whituey, interpreter | 2,500 00 |  |  |  |
| Liberia $\qquad$ <br> Mexico $\qquad$ | J: H. Smythe, minister and consul.general. | a3, 75000 | 42844 |  |  |
|  | P. H. Morgan, minister. | 12,000 00 | 2,435 40 |  | 17000 |
|  | H.H. Morgan, secretary of lega | 1,800 00 |  |  |  |
| Netherlands... | W. L. Day | 7. 50000 | 44250 |  | 1500 |
| Paraguay and Oruguay. Persia <br> Persia.......... | W. Williams, charge d'affaires <br> S. G. W. Benjamin, minister and consulgeneral. <br> S. L. Phelps, minister | 5,000 00 | 37148 | 50 | 1000 |
|  |  |  |  | 5,371 48 |  |
|  |  | a3, 75000 | 3,143 44 | 6,893 44 |  |
| Pera. |  | 9,619 56 | 4,613 71 |  |  |
| Portugal....... | J. M. Francis, minister and consul-general. | 5,000 00 | 1,513.66 |  | 1500 |
|  |  | 5,000 00 | 1,513.60 | 6,51366 |  |

A.-STATEMENT of EXPENSES of the DIPLOMATIC SERVICE, fo.-Coutinued.

| Country. | Officers. | Salaries adjusted. | Contin. gent expenses and loss by 4xchange. | Total. | Passport fees. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roumania, Servia, and Greece. <br> Rnssia. | U. Schuyler, minister and consul-general. | \$6,500 00 | \$1, 06802 | \$7,568 02 | \$126 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11,538 46 | 3,946 78 |  |  |
|  | G. W. Wurts, chad 6 d'affaires ad interim G. W. Wurts, secretary of legation. | 3.712 11 | 1, 15213 |  | 2500 |
|  |  | 1,51131 |  |  |  |
| Siam.......... | J. A. Halderman, minister and consalgencral. <br> $J . W$. Foster, minister. $\qquad$ | 5,000 00 | 96595 |  |  |
| Spain ........... |  | 12,000 00 | 5,504 59 | 96595 | 1500 |
|  | J. W. Foster, minister. <br> J. T. Reed, clarge d'affaires ad interim... <br> J. W. Foster, for clerk to legation | 1,384 62 | 5, 4847 |  |  |
|  |  | 1,367 10 |  |  |  |
| Sweden and Norway. <br> Switzerland .. | W. W. Thomas, jr., minister <br> M. J. Cramer, minister and consul-general. | 7,112 77. | 80436 |  | 500 |
|  |  | 5,000 00 | 1,291 28 |  | 27000 |
| Tarkey........ | L. Wallace; minister .................... | 7,500 00 | 2,398 13 |  | 4500 |
|  |  | 1, 13659 | 2, 81309 |  | 1000 |
|  | A. A. Garguilo, interpreter | 3, 00000. | 1268 |  |  |
| Venezuela..... OTHEE PLACES. | Jeha Baker, minister . . . . . . . . ... . . . . . . . . . | 7,500 00 | 21923 | 7,71923 | ........... |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apia | Theodora Canisius, cou |  | $72^{\circ} 00$ | 7200 |  |
| Barcelona | F. H. Scheuch, consul |  | 10000 | 10000 |  |
| Cairo | G. P. Pomeroy; consul-general .- |  | 25000 |  |  |
|  | N. D. Comanos, viee-consul-general |  | 12500 |  |  |
| Corea.......... | L. H. Foote, diplomatic agent. . . . . . . . . . . |  | 1,491 65 | 1,491 65 |  |
|  | J. B. Glover, consul. . . . . . . . .-.... . . . . . . |  | 81.91 | 8191 |  |
| Leghorn | Chas. P. Bariard, consul. |  | $27^{\circ} 02$ | 2702 |  |
| Liverpool | S. B. Packard, dispatch agent |  | 72999 | 72999 |  |
| London | B. F. Stevens, dispatch agen | S....... | 5,438 68 | 5, 43868 |  |
| Sonsonate | J. Mathe, consul |  | 14537 | 14537 |  |
| State Depart- | R. C. Morgan, late disbursing clerk |  | 9,58158 |  |  |
| ment. | F.J. Kieckhoefer, disbursiog clerk |  | 13,419 18 |  |  |
| Windsor | Chas. Ewers, cons |  | 10000 | 23,00076 10000 |  |
| Zanzibur | F. M. Cheney, con |  | 6000 | 6000 |  |
| , | * . | 328,801 28 | 87, 20892 | 416, 01020 | 3,872 40 |

## RECAPITULATION.

Paid for salaries of ministers and charges d'affaires.
Paid for salaries of charges draft ad interim.

Paid for contingent expenses foreign missions............................................................... 85, 01004
Paid for loss by exchange . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2,198 88

Passport fees acconated for
3,87240
B. $-S T A T E M E N T$ of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

SCHEDULE B.
[a, For one quarter. b, For two quarters. $c$, For three quarters. d, No returns.]

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CON8ULATES-GENEBAL. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A thens ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$8.50 |
| Bangkok ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | \$529 52 |  | \$58 40 | 8280 |
| . Berlin.. | \$4,000 00 | \$271 75 |  | 1,405 76 | \$1,500 00 | 15, 27525 | 11,496 17 |
| Berne ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  | 25000 | 90150 | 1,55725 |
| Cairo. | 5,000 00 |  | \$14750 | c1, 06693 |  | 20550 | - 28450 |
| Alexandria |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | 15700 |
| Benisouef |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Gergheh |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Khartoum |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Luxor.. |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Mansural |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Osiut. |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Port Said |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | 100 |
| Suez .... |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | ......... |
| Tantah.. |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Calcutta | 5,000 00 |  |  | 1,519 27 | 1,000 00 | 6,093 91 | 7,945 10 |
| Akyab. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bassein ... |  |  |  |  |  | 850 | 500 2659 |
| Chittagong |  |  |  |  |  | 59750 | 2659 1,08802 |
| Moulmein |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4548 |
| - Rangoon |  |  |  |  |  | 10857 | 17392 |
| Constantinople ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,439 16 |  | 28618 | 1,068 11 | 12000 | 75975 | 67500 |
| Adrianople.. |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Dardanelles. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philippopolis |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | ......... |
| Rustchuck. Salodica. |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | (d) 128 128 | 16250 |
| Trebizonde |  |  |  |  |  | 2800 | 1950 |
| Frank fort-on-the-Main | 3,000 00 |  |  | 92689 | 1,500 00 | 6,116 50 | 5,464 50 |
| Halifax........ | 3,000 00 |  | 652 | c554 65 | c600 00 | 3, 10899. | 2,833 09 |
| Barrington . |  |  |  |  |  | 39 <br> 6700 | 750 |
| Bridqewater |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}6763 \\ 114 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9900 |
| Liverpool ... |  |  |  |  |  | 11421 | 4629 |
| Shelburne. |  |  |  |  |  | 2600 | 500 |
| Lanenburg ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 5100 |  |
| Havana ${ }^{\text {c...... }}$ | 6,000 00 |  |  | 66629 | 40659 | 20,195 11 | 18,46945 |
| Gibara |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | (d) |
| Nuevitas |  |  |  |  |  | b268 41 | - 37000 |
| Kanagawa | 4,000 00 |  | 1114 | 1,787 38 | 38327 | 8,34791 | 7,966 18 |
| Lisbon ${ }^{7}$... Oporto |  |  |  |  |  | 95355 45926 | 9075 |
| Oporto Lonilon... | 6,000 00 |  |  | c3, 62347 | c1, 50000 | 45926 $\mathbf{5 7 , 5 7 5} 88$ | 32250 54,39256 |
| Dover |  |  |  | c, 6234 |  | $\begin{array}{r}6700 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 5650 |
| Madrid ${ }^{8}$ | 2,30769 |  | 1189 | 9400 |  | 1754 |  |
| Melbourne | 4,500 00 |  | 1868 | c714 94 | c750 $00^{\circ}$ | 1, 295. 51 |  |
| Albany |  |  |  |  |  | b31 72 | $7848$ |
| Port Adelaicle |  |  |  |  |  | c277 16 | 43796 |
| Mexico | 2, 00000 |  |  | 63653 | 60000 | 3900 | 10200 |
| Monroria ${ }^{9}$ |  |  |  |  | . . - ...... | 91 67 63 | 10105 |
| Cape Const Castle. Cape Palnag.... |  |  |  |  |  | 6735 3580 | (d) |
| Grand Bassa |  |  |  |  |  | 5865 | 6866 |
| Montreal ............ | 4,000 00 |  |  | 1,305 29 | 1,200 00 | 4,41905 | 5,58956 |
| Cotean Landing |  |  |  |  |  | 603 <br> 644 <br> 10 | 41550 |
| Hemmingford. |  |  |  |  |  | 64400 | 63700 |
| Finchinbrook. ....... |  |  |  |  |  | -38425 | 1000 |
| Hochelaga and Longeuil. <br> Huntingdon $\qquad$ | 50325 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,50325 \\ 34000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34750 \\ & 35800 \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{1}$ For salary sea Table A, Roumania, Servia, and ${ }^{6}$ Expense and olerk hire accounts only from April Grecce.
2 For sal:try sse Table A, Siam.
8 For salary see Table A, Switzerland.
4'I'he consul-general was actin charge d'affaires from May 13 to Jane 30, 138 t.
${ }^{7}$ For salary see Table A, Portugal.
8 The consml ueneral was acting charge d'affaires from April 8 to June 30, 183 i.
${ }^{5}$ Established November 24, 1883.
B.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, \&c.-Cont'd. SCHEDULE B.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conbllates.generalContinued. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Paris | \$6,000 00 |  |  | c $\$ 3,282.02$ | c\$1,500 00 | \$57,663 50 | \$62,961 72 |
| Portan Prince ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | 1,000 00 | , 85757 | ,96939 |
| Rio de Jameiro . | 6, 00000 |  | \$41 43 | 1, 90871 | 2,000 00 | 7, 60817 | 9, 03601 |
| Rome ..... | 3,500 00 |  | 13744 | c743 88 |  | 56650. | 91500 |
| Ancona |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sbanghai ..... | 5,00000 | \$450 91 |  | c1, 99750 | ci, 00000 | 5,021 99 | 5,44912 |
| St. Peteraburg | 3,000 00 |  | 8248 | 82632 |  | 61100 | 55950 |
| Cronstadt |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | 1514 |
| Riga |  |  |  |  |  | 350 16925 | 3828 19150 |
| Teheran ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 290 | (d) |
| Tienna... | 3,000 00 |  |  | 1,264 86 | 1,50000 | 8,922 49 | 8, 828850 |
| Bruan | 8500 |  |  |  |  | 1, 08500 | 1; 16900 |
| conbulates. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acapulco.......... | 2, 00000 |  |  | 54852 |  | 80720 | 1, 09797 |
| Tehnantepec |  |  |  |  |  | 11600 | 13093 |
| Aix-la-Chapelle | $\begin{array}{r} 1,50000 \\ 6250 \end{array}$ | 7152 |  | 41887 |  | 1, 52753 | 1,52000 77500 |
| Amberstburg | 1,500 00. |  |  | 9915 |  | 1, 23250 | 1,479 00 |
| Amoy | 3, 50000 |  |  | c726 13 |  | 1, 24989 | 1,573 45 |
| Ansterdan | 1,500 00 |  |  | 78324 |  | 2, 94868 | 3,350 03 |
| Antigua | 1,500 00 |  |  | 272, 47 |  | 81130 | 53124 |
| Anguilla |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2543 |
| Dominica |  |  |  |  |  | 68635 | 65645 |
| Muntseria |  |  |  |  |  | 34322 | 5666 |
| Nuvis. |  |  |  |  |  | 17258 | 4255 |
| Portsmou Autwerp... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3896 |
| Autwerp | 2, 500000 |  |  | 71120 | 1,000 00 | 4, 14490 | 4, 22854 |
| Apia ${ }_{\text {Jiluit }}$ | 3,000 00 |  | 7635 | c178 42 |  |  | 9811 |
| ${ }_{\text {Aucklund }}{ }^{\text {J J }}$ | 1,500 00 |  | 4375 | 84881 |  |  | ${ }_{549} 55$ |
| Christ Chu |  |  |  |  |  | 10995 | 175.54 |
| Dupedin |  |  |  |  |  | 19398 | 12868 |
| Monganni |  |  |  |  |  | (d) | 514 |
| Rusgelli.... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7070 |
| Wabia Wellington |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12708 |
| Bahia ${ }_{\text {Barbadoes...... }}$ | 1,500 00 |  |  | c199 50 |  | 1,446 18 | 72188 |
| Barbadoes.... | 1,500 00 |  |  | c225 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,79766 \\ \hline 55454 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,86439 29385 |
| St. Lucia. <br> St. Vincent |  |  |  |  |  | 55454 <br> 11034 <br> 1859 | 29385 10697 |
| Barcelvua ..... | 1,50000 |  |  | 52445 |  | 31186 | 25070 |
| Grio | 85079 |  |  |  |  | 1,850 79 | 2,133 84 |
| Palma.... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2850 \\ 145 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 500 13 |
| Port Mahon |  |  |  |  |  | 1450 44750 | 1300 51600 |
| Tarrayoua |  |  |  |  |  | 44750 69 05 | 51600 57 |
| Barmen .... | 2,00000 |  |  | 87917 | 80000 | 8, 08500 | 8,872 50 |
| Eablo...... |  | 38-46 |  | 1,605 96 |  |  | $2,040.00$ 3,666 |
| Chaux de food | 31.750 |  |  | 1, 05 |  | 1,31750 | +99750 |
| Beirut ........... | 2,000 00 |  | 18231 | 63135 | 60000 | 7500 | 9000 |
| A intab Aleppo |  |  |  |  |  | (c) |  |
| Aleppo..... |  |  |  |  |  | c3 50 | 5900 |
| Alexandretta |  |  |  |  |  | c 1250 |  |
| Haifa... |  |  |  |  |  | c 1350 | 2050 |
| Latakia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morash |  |  |  |  |  | (b) | 100 |
| Sidou.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tarsms |  |  |  |  |  | c 900 $c 300$ |  |
| Belfatt.... | 3,000 00 |  |  | 2,492 27 | 80000 | 9,979 54 | 11, 21575 |
| Ballymena |  |  |  |  |  | 22400 | 24200 |
| Lurgau | 73250 |  |  |  |  | 1,732 50 | 1,625 00 |

[^37]H.—STATEMENT of CONSULARTEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, \&c.-Cont'd.

SCEÉDULE B.

${ }^{1}$ Salary account for the June quarter, 1884, not received.

㑭-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, s c.-Cont'd.
SCHEDTLE B

| Consulates and their agen. cies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consulatrs-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dundee | \$2, 50000 |  | \$0 86 | \$904 53 | \$800 00 | \$7, 14450 | \$7, 71356 |
| A berdeen | 23750 |  |  |  |  | 1,237 50 | 1, 01380 |
| Fayal ${ }^{\text {a }}$....... | 1,500 00 |  |  | c 1212 |  | 38940 | 51.460 |
| Flores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Graciosa |  |  |  |  |  | 410 | 300 |
| St. George |  |  |  |  |  | 2150 |  |
| St. Michael |  |  |  |  |  | 121.12 | 17816 |
| 'Terceira |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florence | 1, 50000 |  | 32 35 | 49195 | 60000 | 2, 01.404 | 3, 05151 |
| Foo Caghor | 350000 |  |  | c744 33 |  | 4400 48984 | 9600 42065 |
| Fort Erio | 1,500 00. |  |  | $\stackrel{27368}{ }$ |  | 1, 1218 | 1,164 50 |
| Funchal. | 1, 43678 | $\$ 29805$ | 6321 | 34647. |  | 1. 17288 | 1, $2 \geqslant 279$ |
| Geneva | 1,500 00 |  | 1474 | 47691 |  | 82000 | 81800 |
| - Veray |  |  |  |  |  | 83750 | 72650 |
| Genoa, Spezia | 1,500 00 | 7745 | 972 | 53974 | 60000 | 1,783 -24 200 | 1,630 70 |
| Gibraltar. | 1,500 00 |  |  | 29685 |  |  | 39452 |
| Glasgow | 3,000 00 |  |  | 1,065 70 | 1,000 00 | 12, 75: 55 | 13, 662.55 |
| Greenock |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23149 |
| Gnadelonipe Guavaquil- | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500 \\ & 1,500 \\ & 1,50 \end{aligned}$ | 19158 |  | c201 39 |  | 1,51299 | 1,12021 1,58789 |
| Bahia de Caraquez |  |  |  |  |  | 79150 | ${ }_{6168} 00$ |
| Hamburg .............. | 2,500 00 |  |  | 1,23175 | 1,50000 | $8,32054$ | 7, 66891 |
| Altona Cuxhaven | 6i9 00 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,659 \\ \quad 260 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1,251.00$ 800 |
| Kiel... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41850 |
| Lubec |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3600 |
| Hamilton | 2, 00060 | 1630 | 75 | c145 60 |  | 1,674 511 | 1,810 50 |
| Paris. | 345 300 500 |  |  |  |  | 1,345 300 | 1,66200 |
| Hankow Ichan | 3,500 00 |  | 5983 | c710 00 |  |  |  |
| Kin Kiang |  |  |  |  |  | 20000 | 3000 |
| Havre.. | 3,000 00 |  |  | 84134 | 1,500 00 | 4, 264885 | 4,726 18 |
| Cherbo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hontleur |  |  |  |  |  | 80 | 7250 |
| St. Malo |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23. 50 |
| Hong. Kong ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3, 00000 |  |  | c965 52 |  | c10, 71684 | 13, 66537 |
| Honolulu. | 4.00000 |  | 1906 | 1,246 48 | ..... | 7,4858 84 | 6,742 82 |
| Milo. |  |  |  | .......... |  | c108 77 | 18006 |
| Kahului.. |  |  |  |  |  | 76251 | 69772 |
| Jerusalem. | 1,500 00 |  | 13204 | 43160 |  |  |  |
| Jinafia ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 550 |
| Kingston (Canada) | 1,500 00 |  |  | 48 | 40000 | 1,276.50 | 1,84750 87950 |
| Gananoque |  |  |  |  |  | 14050 | 18.25 |
| Napanee |  |  |  |  |  | 70700 | 65950 |
| Kingston (Jamaica) | 200000 |  | 1830 | 71476 |  | 2,078 05 | 1,850 78 |
| Falmouth ...... |  |  |  |  |  | 11994 | 1, 12626 |
| Milk River |  |  |  |  |  | 12791 | 21848 |
| Montego Bay |  |  |  |  |  | 35571 | 28551 |
| Port Autonio | 1470 |  |  |  |  | 1,014 70 | 1,051 03 |
| St. Ann's Bay Savana-la-Mar |  |  |  |  |  | 19168 40995 | 23050 199 |
| Lagnayra. | 1,500 OC |  |  | 36128 |  | 91765 | 1,276 81 |
| Barcelona |  |  |  |  |  | 6201 | 5146 |
| Caracas |  |  |  |  |  | 46000 |  |
| Carnpano |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Leeds..... | 2,000 00 |  |  | 83547 | 40000 | 2082 3,59743 | 3. 05750 |
| Huddersfleld | 1,000 00 |  |  | 18510 |  | 5, $635{ }^{\text {c }} 0$ | ${ }^{4,585} 000$ |
| Legharn ... | 1,500 00 |  | 196 | 58666 |  | 2, 42855 | 2,678 06 |
| Bologua | 4050 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}133 \\ 1,040 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | 18100 1,84600 |
| Letpsic. | 2.00000 | 20631 |  | 69651 | 1,000 00 | 6, 89200 | $\text { 6, } 12850$ |
| Gera . . . . . . . . . . | 79750 |  |  | 1866 |  | 1,797 50 | 1,70250 |

Although in schedule/B, Fayal is exempt from the prohibition as to trading (act of March 3, 1875).
' Salary and fees accounts for the June quarter, 1884, not received.
H.-STATEMENTof CONSOLAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, \&c.-Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consulatrs-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leith. | \$2,500 00 | \$377 73 | \$43 04 | \$597 34 | \$800 00 | \$1,817 83 | 557 |
| Galashi |  |  |  |  |  | 28500 | 41250 |
| Liverpool | 6,00000 |  |  | c2, 61738 | ci, 87500 | 33, 05004 | 35, 75948 |
| Holrihead |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Helens | 97500 |  |  |  | - | 1,975 00 | 2,057 54 |
| Mahe | 1,50000 |  | 8316 | $\begin{array}{r}2,41045 \\ \hline 237 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,50000 | 13, 31751 | 12,556 1800 |
| Malta | 1,500 00 |  | 9344 | 35408 |  |  |  |
| Malaga | 1,500 00 |  | 1834 | 74424 | 40000 | 1, 84639 | 2,199 39 |
| Eite Almer |  |  |  |  |  | 71005 | ${ }_{384}^{156} 0$ |
| Manchester | 3,00000 |  |  | 1,727 68 | 1,50000 | 19,540 00 | 20, 03003 |
| Manila..... | 1,500 00 | 29347 |  | c311 75 |  | 1,528 43 | 1,454 99 |
| Cebu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mannheim | 1,500 00 |  | 295 | 42913 | 60000 | 2, 04075 | 2, 28450 |
| Marseilles. | 2,500 00 | 7615 | 2024 | 72264 | 1,000 00 | 3, 54201 | 3, 48172 |
| Toulon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Martinigue | 1, 50000 |  |  | c189 50 |  | 1,481 74 | 1, 24228 |
| F* Fort do F |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26:3 71 |
| Matamoros. | 2, 00000 |  |  | 1,268 93 | 80000 | 52613 | 48757 |
| Camargo |  |  |  |  |  |  | a $b \rightarrow 87000$ |
| Santo Cruz | 26750 |  |  |  |  | 1, 26750 | 1,152 50 |
| Matanzas | 3, 00000 |  |  | cis 5230 |  | 2,946 66 | 3, 32454 |
| Messina | 1,500 00 |  |  |  | 40000 | 4,811 01 | 3, 98257 |
| Contani |  |  |  |  |  |  | $2,26300$ |
| n\% Milazzo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yax Syracuse |  |  |  |  |  | a37 50 | 68100 |
| Milan | 1, 50000 |  |  | 29923 |  | 1,377 00 | 1,574 49 |
| Monterid | 2, 00000 |  | 2611 | ${ }^{6} 40615$ |  | 1,79534 | 1,723 49 |
| Munich | 1,500 00 |  | 1117 | 41209 |  | 1,283 50 | 1,260 50 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Augsburg }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 51600 | 47425 37658 |
| Nagasaki <br> Naples. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,00000 \\ & 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | 24576 | 4868 | $\begin{array}{r} c 65694 \\ 5 \in \div 43 \end{array}$ | 00000 | $\begin{array}{r}304 \\ 1,213 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ | 37652 1,61099 |
| Bari..................... |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 30700$ | -30750 |
| prar Rodi |  |  |  |  |  | b40 00 | b1:0 00 |
| Nassau. | 2, 00000 |  |  | 46495 |  | 1, 269512 | 1,282 38 |
| Dnnmoretown. |  |  |  |  | ..... |  |  |
| Goverum's Harhor Groen Turtle Cay |  |  |  |  |  | 17982 | 49718 |
| Groen Turtle |  |  |  |  |  | 32023 10591 |  |
| Newcastleon-Tyne. | 1,500 00 | 19210 | 1056 | 68728 | ..... | 1,328 90 | -1,31750 |
| Carlisle ..... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hartlepool and Midde. |  |  |  |  |  | 31550 |  |
| Sunderdand.. |  |  |  |  |  | 7800 | 15255 |
| Nice ${ }_{\text {Cannes }}$ | 1,500 00 | 10714 | 3340 | e318 01 |  | 370.00 | 36800 |
| Cannes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10450 |
| Mentone Monaco |  |  |  |  | ......... |  |  |
| Ningro | 3.50000 |  |  | c664 75 |  |  |  |
| Nurenhing | 2,000 00 |  |  | 65922 | 1,000 00 | 4,07350 | 4,63000 |
| \%. Füerth | 1. 000000 |  |  |  |  | 4, 10000 | 4,26000 |
| Ocessa .......... | 2, 00000 |  | 24704 |  |  | 19050 | 29100 |
| Osaka aud Hiogo | $\begin{aligned} & 3,001000 \\ & 2,00000 \end{aligned}$ | 36813 | ........ | 85595 $c 1,31253$ | c29130 | 3,43613 <br> 7,649 <br> 18 | 3.74571 10,37507 |
| Carini. |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc 69750$ | 10, 8350 |
| Girgenti |  |  |  |  |  | 24550 | 2:400 |
| Licata. |  |  |  |  |  | c42 00 | 6800 |
| Trapani |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}89 \\ \hline 980 \\ \hline 98\end{array}$ |
| Panama | 3,000 00 |  |  | c1, 02913 | c600 00 | 3,926 45 | 4,231 28 |
| Para A!ua Dulc | 1,500 00 | 23076 |  | 41675 |  | ${ }_{2,108}{ }^{(d)}$ |  |
| Mr1aos | 1,50 | 23 |  |  |  | $2, \quad 1550$ | ${ }^{2}(d)$ |
| Maranla |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6} 45862$ | 51780 |
| ernambuco | 2,000 00 |  | 3311 | 27004 |  | 1,926 17440 | $\begin{gathered} 1,009 \\ 00 \\ 68 \end{gathered}$ |

B. -STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, and EXPENSES, fc.-Cont'd.

SCHEDULE B.

| Consulates and their agen. , cies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consulatrg-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pernambuco-Continued:' Maceio |  |  |  |  |  | \$294 $41{ }^{\circ}$ | c\$288 42 |
| Natal |  |  |  |  |  | 8885 | . 67948 |
| Paraiba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Picton ......... | \$1, 50000 |  |  | \$465 88 |  | 12650 6500 | $\begin{array}{r} 19750 \\ 5950 \end{array}$ |
| Cape Canso Cow Bay . |  |  |  |  |  | 6500 24904 | $\begin{array}{r} 59.50 \\ 27552 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cow Bay } \\ & \text { Glace Bay. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | c205.08 | ${ }_{257} 278$ |
| Guysborough |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  |
| Lingau and Port Syd. ney |  |  |  |  |  | 15600 |  |
| Louisburg.............. |  |  |  |  |  | 4674 |  |
| North Sy, iney |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Port Hastingg Port Louis ..... | 2, 00000 |  |  | c276 55 |  | 21038 15950 | 9150 5711 |
| Port Sarnia. | 1,500 00 |  |  | 27958 |  | 1,452.00 | 1, 10600 |
| London........) | 1,51750 |  | \$75 00 | c320 75 |  | 1,517 79 79 05 | 1,60400 8908 |
| Prague........... | 2, 00000 |  |  | 47927 | \$600 00 | 11, 47001 | 14, 03150 |
| Reichenberg ${ }^{1}$ | 5220 |  |  |  |  | 150 50 |  |
| Prescott ....... | 1,500 00 |  | 641 | 31390 |  | $883^{1} 00$ | 1, 09830 |
| Brockville | 1,000 <br> 1,487 | \$40 76 | 1575 | 52313 |  | 2,80050 73307 | 2, <br> 1,1593 <br> 150 <br> 1 |
| Cascumpec.. |  |  |  |  |  | a21 00 | 1, 4050 |
| Georgetown |  |  |  |  |  | b77 33 |  |
| Suaris..... |  |  |  |  | .... | ${ }^{\text {b }} 16500$ | 8750 |
| Summerside... |  |  |  |  |  | b28150 | 22200 |
| St. Peter's Bay |  |  |  |  |  | a3 00 | (d) |
| Puerto Cabello | 1,500 00 | 17666 |  | c328 67 |  | 1,25650 | 1,436 53 |
| Quebec.... | 1,50000 |  | 1728 | 66408 |  | + 431111 | 41953 , 05400 |
| Rotterdam | 2, 00100 |  |  | 63525 |  | 3,211 04 | 3,280 99 |
| Flushing |  |  |  |  |  | 6250 |  |
| Schiedam | 61250 |  |  |  |  | -1,61250 | 2, 00300 |
| San Juan (P, R.) | 2,000 00 |  |  | 43164 |  | 57136 <br> 218 | 67039 |
| Agnadila |  |  |  |  |  | 218 4569 46 | $\begin{array}{r}9288 \\ 30910 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Guayama |  |  |  |  |  | 4564 59 |  |
| Naguabo |  |  |  |  |  | 40570 | 53039 |
| Vipquez. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4939 |
| Fajardo ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 9022 |  |
| Santiayo de Cuba | 2,500 00 |  |  | 72181 |  | 1,071 08 |  |
| Guantanamo Manzanillo. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70461 |
| Santa Cru |  |  |  |  |  | 6909 | 9030 |
| Sheffield | 2,500 00 |  |  | 65859 | 1,000 00 | 5,237 50 | 5,502 52 |
| Singapore | 2,500 00 |  | 4822 | ${ }^{1622} 42$ | c750 00 | 1,829 82 | 2, 19804 |
| Smy'unang | 2,500 00 |  | 10300 | 70262 |  | 89 1,932 50 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } 79755 \\ 1,650 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Mytilene |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}{ }^{(d)}$ | ( ${ }^{(d)}$ |
| Sonneberg . | 2, 00000 |  |  | 60808 | 1,000 00 | 8,471 01 | 8,887 01 |
| Soatbampton Poternouth | 1,500 00 |  |  | 27478 |  | $\begin{array}{r}247 \\ 5400 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}210 \\ 650 \\ \hline 65\end{array}$ |
| Weymonth |  |  |  |  |  | 950 |  |
| San Doming | 1,500 00 |  |  | 48594 |  | 1,39795 | 1,615 65 |
| Azua... |  |  |  |  |  | 18808 | 27539 |
| St. Macmis | 1,500 00 |  | 1150 | 24782 |  | ${ }_{633}^{151} 51$ |  |
| St. John's (P. Q.) | 1,500 00 |  |  | 26381 |  | 1,882 50 | 2,431.50 |
| F'arnham | 68550 |  |  |  |  | 1, 68550 | 33200 |
| La Calle |  |  |  |  |  | 73700 | 67050 |
| St. John (N. B.) | 2,000 00 |  |  | 65199 | b200 00 | 3, 066150 | $3,336,62$ 46500 |
| Grand Manan |  |  |  |  |  | 20822 | ${ }^{177613}$ |
| Mca dam Junction |  |  |  |  |  | 29625 | 47700 |
| $\frac{\text { Miramichi }}{\text { St. Andrews }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{68} 16$ | 7987 |
| St. Andrews |  |  |  |  |  | 11190 $a 950$ | 10237 8880 |

${ }^{1}$ Established J une 12, 1884.
${ }^{2}$ Established Jauuary 17, 1884.

H．－STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES，SALARLES，and EXPENSES，fe．－Cont＇d．
SCHEDULE B．

| Consulates and their agen－ cies． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consulates－Continued． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St．Stephen ．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | \＄1， 50000 |  |  | \＄314 99 |  | \＄305 93 | \＄290 50 |
| St．＇lhomas（W．I．） | 2，500 00 |  |  | 53466 |  | 98108 | 76389 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 284.14 | 23711 |
| Sama Cruz |  |  |  |  |  | 9414 | 11.350 |
| Stutigit | 1，50000 |  |  | 80703 | $\$ 60000$ | 1，856 75 | 1，697 25 |
| Sydney | 2，000 60 |  | \＄1037 | c336 94 | 620000 | 1， 66447 | 1，935 99 |
| Jisishane． |  |  |  |  |  | －2417 | 13591 |
| Tamatwerstle | 68497 2,00000 |  | 5959 | 23873 |  | 1， 68497 | 1，709 41 |
| A ulakaba． |  |  |  |  |  | 10.52 | 14355 $c 802$ |
| Majunga． |  |  |  |  |  | 1636 | c65 69 |
| Tampico． | 1，500 00 |  |  | ca91 57 |  | 52835 | 71340 |
| Tangier ${ }^{1} \ldots$ | 1，500（0 |  |  | c632 00 |  | 3053 | 3749 |
| Casa Blanca |  |  |  |  |  | 250 |  |
| Larache． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mazagan |  |  |  |  |  | （b） |  |
| Mowador |  |  |  |  |  | （b） |  |
| Robat |  |  |  |  |  | （b） |  |
| $\underset{\text { Tien－Txina }}{\text { Satin }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | （b） |  |
|  | 3， 057 69 |  | 7481 | c948 39 |  | 42541 | 36917 |
| Torontu． |  |  |  |  |  | c2：004 | 22734 |
| Toront：．．．． | 2，000 00 | \＄326 12 |  | 49928 |  | 4， 093000 | 4， 998800 |
| Trieste．．．． | 2，000 00 |  |  | 47376 |  | 2，21062 | 2，102 12 |
| Finme |  |  |  |  |  | 32922 | 13428 |
| Tunstal | 2，500 00 |  |  | 86518 | 70000 | 7，367 51 | 12， 04753 |
| Vulparaiso | 3,00000 | 29347 |  | c681 45 |  | 1，480 66 | 1，554 73 |
| Vera Crinz．．．． | 3，000 00 |  |  | c806 92 |  | 3， 914898 | 4， 53031 |
| Frontera |  |  |  |  |  | 17669 696 | 13048 <br> 663 <br> 18 |
| Minatitian |  |  |  |  |  | （d） | （d） |
| Verviers and Liege | 1，500 00 |  |  | 48228 |  | 2，212 50 | 1，910 00 |
| Windsior（Ont．） | 1，500 1,50 |  |  | 21066 |  | 3， 46075 | 2， 39200 |
| Winnipes．．．． | 1，50！ 00 |  | 733 | 46560 |  | 49600 33200 | 31251 43250 |
| Wherson Wakopa |  |  |  |  |  | 33200 23 50 | 43250 |
| Zurich ．．．．．． | 2，000 00 |  |  | 97293 | 60000 | 3，888 27 | 4， 25201 |
| commercial agencieg． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goderich． | 1，500 00 |  | 352 | 37664 |  | 49950 | 27000 |
| Stratford | 1， 00000 |  |  |  |  | 2， 69100 | 2，94000 |
| Maracaibo | 2，000 00 |  |  | 75128 |  | 2，926 20 | 3，277 27 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | （d） 360 | $3 \times 850$ |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Sam } \\ \text { Valera } \\ \\ \text { S }}}{ }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nottiusbam | 2，500 00 |  |  | 79074 | 40000 | 9，572 52 | 12，240 03 |
| Derby |  |  |  |  |  | 93750 | 50750 |
| Leicester | 12250 |  |  |  |  | 1， 12250 | 1， 14250 |
| Ottawa．．．．il | 3，000 00 |  | 230 | 39407 |  | 5，533 50 | 4， 45250 |
| Grenville |  |  |  |  |  | 39100 | 42930 |
| ＇lotals | 388， 08718 | 4，695 91 | 3，004 85 | 115，561 51 | 55， 57480 | 734， 80670 | 760，486 94 |

${ }^{1}$ Salary and fee account for the June quarter，1884，not received．
${ }^{2}$ No salary claimed from a pril 15 to June 30， 1884.
－Established Uetober 20， 1883.
C.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, aind EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

SCHEDULE/C.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| conbulates. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Algierst. | \$1, 00000 |  |  | \$33 82 |  | \$132 93 |  |
| Batavia ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 75000 |  |  | c221 08 |  | 87663 | \$620 71 |
| Soerabaya |  |  |  |  |  | c341 51 |  |
| Bombyy. | 1, 00000 |  | \$45 16 | 8037 |  | 64152 | 77972 |
| Cape Haytien | 1, 00000 |  |  |  |  | 926 06 | 93106 |
| Gonaives- |  |  |  |  |  | 290 59 | 36407 |
| Gaspe Basin .. | 1,000 00 |  | 960 | a 12 |  | 3900 | $\begin{array}{r}315 \\ 150 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ |
| Magdalen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paspebiac |  |  |  |  |  | 3850 | 1000 |
| Guaymas. | 1,000 00 |  |  | 15563 |  | 1,028 89 | 89916 |
| Nantes | 1, 00000 |  |  | c68 53 |  | 25850 | 49500 |
| S'Orient. |  |  |  |  |  | c58 50 <br> 8110 | 3950 |
| St. Nazair |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6} 8110$ | 15672 |
| Angers. |  |  |  |  |  | al22 50 | (d) |
| Nuevo Laredo. | 1,000 00 |  |  | 10532 |  | 1,095 00 | 1,199 50 |
| Garita Gouzalez | 93050 |  |  |  |  | 1, 93050 | 1,949 00 |
| Piedras Negras | 1,000 00 |  |  | c140 80 |  | 67125 | 39000 |
| Rio Grand do Sul | 1, 0,0000 | \$241 96 |  | 6947 |  | 38256 | 48368 |
| Ruatan and 'Trux | 1,000 00 |  |  | c22 85 |  | 29897 | 23903 |
| Sadiago, C. V.I. | 1,000 00 |  | 4666 | 70.20 |  | ${ }_{66}^{668}$ | 8648 |
| brava |  |  |  |  |  | 7245 | 3034 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fogo } \\ & \text { Sal } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (d) ${ }_{\text {(d) }}$ | (d) ${ }^{\text {b }} 92$ |
| St. Vincent |  |  |  |  |  | 41993 | 25862 |
| Sierra Leone | 1,000 00 |  |  | c79 00 |  | 23130 | 22503 |
| St. Paul de Loand | 1, 00000 | 5435 | 2585 | 5204 | ........ | 211 401 408 50 | 980 32400 |
| Dantzic... |  |  |  |  |  | 13850 | 12 t 00 |
| Konigsburg |  |  |  |  |  | 89450 | 61350 |
| Tahiti.. | 1,000 00 |  |  | a38 00 |  | 72094 | 41509 |
| Talcahnano. | 1,000 00 |  |  | 65932 |  | 75.503 | 62041 |
| Turk's Istand ...... | 1,000 60 |  |  | 5132 |  | 56935 24653 | 74126 |
| Cockhurn Harb <br> Salt Cay. |  |  |  |  |  | 24653 25632 | ${ }_{233}^{230} 75$ |
| Venice .... | 1,000000 |  | 2508 | 18387 |  | 65850 | 58300 |
| Windsor, N S | 1,000 00 |  |  | c135 28 |  | 85883 | 91828 |
| Annapolis. |  |  |  |  |  | 34478 | 29918 |
| Cornwallis |  |  |  |  |  | 10400 | 13300 |
| Kempt |  |  |  |  |  | 5859 26986 | 814 38 |
| Parrsboro' |  |  |  |  |  | 13210 | 10465 |
| Port Joggine |  |  |  |  |  | 33148 | 40566 |
| Walton |  |  |  |  |  | 4800 | 4000 |
| Wolfville |  |  |  |  |  | 1200 | 9650 |
| Yarmouth. | 5893 |  |  |  |  | 1,053 93 | 1, 085.22 |
| Zanzibar ..................... | 1,000 00 |  |  | c62 64 |  | . 35485 | 36214 |
| commercial agencies. Anarc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gaboon ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | 13310 |  |  | 1338 |
| Levuka, | 1,000 00 | 8242 |  | c104 25 |  | 3702 | 7928 |
| Sagua la Grande ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  | \$400 00 |  |  |
| Total. | 21, 73443 | 37873 | 15235 | 1, 871 06 | 40000 | 18,774 57 | 17,819 94 |

[^38]D.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, and LOSS by EXCHANGE, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

NOT INCLUDED IN SCHEDULES B or C.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| unsalaried consulates. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aden. | \$760 03 | \$665 65 | \$760 03 |  |  | \$87 99 |  |
| Alicante | 12565 | 10597 | 12565 |  |  |  |  |
| A mapala. | 215.00 | 15350 | 21500 |  |  |  |  |
| Annaberg.... | 7, 57250 | 0. 00000 | 2,500 00 | \$1,140 00 | \$3,932 50 | 17794 |  |
| Barranquilla | 4, 15368 | 6, 02310 | 2, 50000 | 1,000 00 | 65368 | 56307 | ..... |
| Rio Haclla | -22800 | 52023 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Sauta Mart | 131000 44 80 | 15962 3493 | 4980 |  |  |  |  |
| Bellerille | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 1,84280 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ | 2,065 10. | 1,842 50 |  |  | 2516 |  |
| Bergen.. | +41500 | 33309 | 445 c0 |  |  | 4532 |  |
| Drontleim | 6650 | 5000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ¢ $\begin{array}{r}\text { Stasanger } \\ \text { Bogotac..... }\end{array}$ | 5350 4000 | 5650 1400 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |
| Bucaraman | 7200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cucutab. | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Honda $b$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Breslau | 1,40250 4,34950 | 1,40200 <br> 3,273 <br> 200 | 1, 40250 |  |  |  | \$0 27 |
| Brunswick, Buda Pesth | 4, 34950 | $\begin{array}{r}3,27300 \\ 693 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,50000 \\ 825 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 78988 | 1,059 62 | $\begin{array}{r}145 \\ 685 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Carthagena, U.S. | 1, 236 1] | 1, 46: 44 | 1,236 11 |  |  |  |  |
| Carthageda, Spain c | 17000 | 30300 | 17000 |  |  |  |  |
| Catania ${ }_{\text {Licata }}$ a | 1,52100 | 2, 263800 | 1,521 00 |  |  | 182.01 |  |
| Sycatia | 19 113 500 08 | $\begin{array}{r}68100 \\ 681 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cavenne c: | 15564 | 12872 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chefoo ${ }^{2} \mathrm{c}$ | 57.50 | 22734 | 5750 |  |  |  |  |
| Chihuahua | 196.00 | 17050 | 19600 |  |  |  |  |
| Cluristiania. | 52575 | 18450 | 52575 |  |  | 7487 | 134 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Arendal }}{\text { Christiansa }}$ | 1600 | 250 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cindad Bulivar | 61438 | 55060 | 61438 |  |  |  |  |
| Coloniad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paysandu | 5841 | 9287 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cognac ${ }^{\text {3 }}$... | 2500 | 2060 |  |  | 440 |  |  |
| Limoges <br> La Rochel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coquimbo | 29814 | 32971 | 29814 |  |  |  |  |
| Calderad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cordobad |  | (b) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corumate | 7938 | 9563 | 7938 |  |  | 2415 |  |
| Carrild. <br> Corcubion ${ }^{4}$ |  | b6 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ferrol ${ }^{4} a$. |  | b19 42 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6061 | 13100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\nabla$ ivero ${ }^{4} a$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Curacioa.... | 1,612 696 | $\|1,83807\|$ | 1,612 45 |  |  | 25487 |  |
| Bonaire Denia..... | $\begin{array}{r}79 \\ \hline 1,433 \\ \hline 60\end{array}$ | 135 <br> 1,457 <br> 180 | 1,423 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Elberfeld | 3, 29500 | ${ }_{6} 649500$ | 2,500 00 | 87500 |  | 16795 |  |
| Falmouth | 20379 | 29905 | 20379 |  |  | a2 25 |  |
| Gbent..... | 1,14600 | 89300 | 1,146 00 |  |  | 2319 |  |
| Ostend | 3600 | 2500 |  |  |  | 23 |  |
| Goree. Dakar ${ }^{5} \mathrm{~b}$ | 10105 |  | 10105 |  |  |  |  |
| Gruttenburg | 1,829 00 | 1,40717 | 1,829 00 |  |  | 33790 |  |
| Malmo | 110500 | 4488 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guaternala..... | 56300 |  | 56306 |  |  | 9108 |  |
| Champerico ............ | 53575 <br> 76024 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liviurston ${ }_{\text {San }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}76024 \\ 34974 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47492 \\ & 44238 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guerrero................... | 17700 | 11750 | 17700 |  |  | 4505 |  |
| Guelph.. | 2,793 00 | 2,398 00 | 2,500 00 | 10000 | 19300 | 13270 | 75 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Conaul took charge October 1. 1883. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Formerly an agency of Tien-Tsia. <br> a Made a consulate $J$ June 28, 1884. |  |  | - No fees. <br> ${ }^{5}$ Mado a <br> ${ }^{6}$ See Tabl | consulate le B. | eptember | $27,1883 .$ |  |

iD. -STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, \&o.-Continued.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { 'sesued } \\ -x 0 & q \pi o s u t ̣ q u a j \end{array}$ | Loss by exchange. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ongalaried consulatesContinued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Helsingfors | \$32 33 | c\$26 00 | \$32 33. |  |  |  |  |
| Wyborgb |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hobait.... | 3613 | 4153 | 3613 |  |  | \$15 16 |  |
| Horgen | 3,360 00 | 2,780 00 | 2,500 00 | \$725 50 | \$134 50 | 61812 |  |
| Thoilod. |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iquiguec. | 61314 | 97698 | 61314 |  |  | 8623 |  |
| Kplir Arica d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kelir......... } \\ & \text { Lambaypque } \end{aligned}$ | 1,92200 | 2,14950 8549 | $\begin{array}{r}1,92200 \\ 57 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 16305 |  |
| Lambaypqué. Chimbote $d$ |  | 8549 | 5772 |  |  | 1613 |  |
| Etend.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labos de A tuerad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacasmayod |  | a 1750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payta | 15884 | c13700. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tumbeza |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| La Paz, Moxico | 30071 | 41171 | 30071 |  |  | 11511 |  |
| Magdalena Bay ........ | 2991 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sau Jose and Caperst. Lucas. | 7500 | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lucas. <br> L\& Rochelle ${ }^{1}$ | 18150 | 24650 | 18150 |  |  | 5827 |  |
| Cognac ${ }^{2}$. | 1,902 50 | 1,992 50 | 99175 |  |  |  |  |
| Limoges ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1,236 00 | 1,345 00 | 34250 |  |  |  |  |
| La Uniond |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loudonderry | 11000 | 7500 | 11000 |  |  | 6901 | 50 |
| Manzanillo ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 8750 | c72 75 | 8750 |  |  |  |  |
| Mazatlan. | 67861 | 83880 | 07861 |  |  | 2077 |  |
| Altata | 725 | 725 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meridac. | 1,841 06 | 1,994 44 | 1,841 06 |  |  | 37820 |  |
| Campeachy $d$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Progresod... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montrrey | 11856 | 2650 | 11856 |  |  | 11132 |  |
| Moscow | 38850 | 21450 | 38850 |  |  | 6320 |  |
| Muscat d... |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Clwang.................. | 800 488 | 1447 | 800 |  |  | 13500 | 675 |
| Patras Cophalonia ${ }^{3}$ | 43850 | 32400 | 43850 |  |  |  |  |
| Corfu | 1100 | 1550 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piraus | 5950 | 3000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Syra | 1750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zante | 10500 | 15000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Padang. | 8810 | 13786 | 8810 |  |  |  |  |
| Paramaribo | 33268 | 33011 | 33268 |  |  |  |  |
| Plymouth .... | 15650 | 33053 | 15650 |  |  | $a 510$ |  |
| Dartmouth | 3250 | 1800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guerinsey | 4400 | 33850 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jorsey | 14 L 50 | 1,688 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rheims. | 2,375 00 | 2, 81200 | 2, 37500 |  |  | 7894 |  |
| Rosario. | 86455 | 82618 | 86455 |  |  |  |  |
| Rouen Bolngn | 1,44000 | 1,389 96 | 1,440 00 |  |  | 41593 | 624 |
| Bolngne-S | 11 674 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calais | 67450 | 1,732 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Dunkirk | 30672 | 15473 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lille | 13700 | 12150 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Joulaix ... | 1, 01500 | 81750 659 02 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Johns, N. F. | 80968 | 65902 | 80968 |  |  | 8102 | 122 |
| St. Martin. | 25108 | 31301 | 25108 |  |  |  |  |
| St. Eustatius | 3640 | 3836 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Galle. | 6,185 00 | 6, 837.50 | 2,500 00 | 96230 | 2,722 70 | 60334 |  |
| Saltilloa. | 2200 | 4350 | 2200 | . ............ |  | 924 |  |
| San Blas ${ }^{4}$. .......... | 21749 | 82750 |  |  |  | 24800 | 350 |
| San José, Costa Rica | 3550 1.80 | 3800 | 3550 |  |  |  |  |
| Port Limon. .............. | 1,120 80 | 91901 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Punta Arenas......... | 87950 | 89800 | 2130 |  |  |  |  |
| San Juan de los Remedios... | 44248 | 78619 | 44248 |  |  | 1466 | 195 |
| Bantander .................... | 12427 | 13608 | 12427 |  |  |  |  |
| Bilboa | 7703 | 40799 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gijon........... | 400 | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Sebastian d |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ From July 1, 1883; to June 27, 1884. Made an agency of Cognac June 28, 1884. <br> 2 from July 1, 1883, to June 27, 1884. Made a con. sulate June 28, 1884. |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ No fees. <br> ${ }^{4}$ From December 22, 1883, to Jane 30, 1884. |  |  |  |  |

D. -STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, \&. - Continued.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unsalailied consulategContinued. |  | : ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ |  |  | . |  |  |
| Santos | \$1,71896 | \$1,427 23 | \$1,71896 |  |  | \$70 33 | \$10 14 |
| Deste | 778 | 1744 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sherbrook | 4,32900 | 4, 00662 | 2, 50000 | \$344 00 | \$1,485 00 | 15190 |  |
| Sousonate ..... | 52900 | 45500 | 52900 |  |  | 8425 |  |
| La Libertad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholm ....... Cluristianstad | 1,40750 | 1,360 00 | 1,407 50 |  |  | 13307 |  |
| Getle........ | 3096 | 3750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norrkoping | 350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sudu- hammb |  | 734 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sundsvallb. |  | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teneritje | 29017 | 465.85 | 290.17 |  |  | 8810 |  |
| Las Palmas | 7626 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Palma. | 4000 | 5900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Giand Canary | 500 | 23065 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three Rivers..... | 2, 03600 | 1,95700 | 2,036 00 |  |  | 10586 |  |
| Trinidad (island) | $\begin{array}{r}2,48864 \\ +248 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,43809 437 4 | 2,483 64 |  |  | a 375 |  |
| Turin .... | 24850 | 43700 6248 |  | 15000 |  | 10475 |  |
| Tuxpau | 50541 | b248 60 | 50541 |  |  | 18456 |  |
| Victoria. Warsaw | 2,360 80 | 3,27085 1250 | 2,081 04 | 20000 | 7976 | $44{ }^{2} 5$ |  |
| Zacateoas |  | 64800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNGALARIED COMMERCIAL agencles. |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baraçoa | 3,543 98 | 3,749 10 | 2,500 00 | 1,000 00 | 4398 | 2980 |  |
| Belize | 93738 | 92819 | 93738 |  |  | 3695 |  |
| Buenaventurad |  | a155 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cardenas. | 4,076 73 | 4,45694 | 2,500 00 | 1,179 00 | 39773 | 11860 |  |
| Castelaruare | 84584 | 1,320 300 | 84584 | 1,170 |  | 9426 | 328 |
| Cbatbam. | 2,312 50 | 2,534 50 | 2,312 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Wallaceburg | 2,218 50 | 2,090 50 | 1,000 00 |  | 21850 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collingwood | $\begin{aligned} & 85650 \\ & 37800 \end{aligned}$ | 685 <br> 446 <br> 40 <br> 10 | 85650 |  |  | 9270 | 75 |
| Orillia.... Owen Soun | $\begin{array}{r} 37800 \\ 5750 \end{array}$ | 44650 16850 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sault St. Mar | 200.00 | 20600 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dunfermline .. | 3,21750 | 3,433 25 | 2,500 00 | 50000 | 21750 | 20605 |  |
| Kirkcaldy | 1, 08750 | 1, 24500 | - 8750 |  |  |  |  |
| Dusseldorf | 1,272 50 | 1,755 00 | 1,272 50 |  |  | 21103 |  |
| Garruchad |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloucester | 37186 | 34506 | $37186^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Hull | 1.390 31 | 1,328 99 | 1,390 31 |  |  | 17922 |  |
| Mayaguez | 1,222 12 | 1,070 03 | 1,222.12 |  |  | 10493 | 520 |
| Mayence | 3,142 50 | 4, 46100 | 2,500 10 | 50520 | 4730 | 6182 |  |
| Medellina. | 800 | +3200 | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Morisburg | 1,396 00 | 1, 42600 | 1,396 00 |  |  | 2472 |  |
| Cornwall Pago Pagod. | 03075 | 85950 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pago Pagoat. Paso del Nor | 98100 | 53350 | 98100 |  |  | 21033 |  |
| Polce d...... |  | 1. 00538 |  |  |  | 210 |  |
| Port Hope | 1,967. 00 | 2.19650. | 1,967 00 |  |  | 6440 |  |
| Cobourg. | 70050 1.27650 | $92050$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Port Rowan | 1, 27650 | $\text { 1. } 27850$ | 1, 27650 |  |  | 3118 |  |
| Port Stanley and St. Thomas Courtwright | 2,91300 17100 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.099 \\ 8180 \\ 80 \end{array}$ | 2,500 00 |  | 41300 | 24125 |  |
| Courtwright . <br> Prenidio del Norte $d$ | 17100 | 81400 <br> (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Puerta Plata. | 48897 | 479 | 48897 |  |  | 6680 |  |
| Sagua la Grando | 1,729 97 | 2, 211381 | 1,729 97 |  | 11971 | 17340 |  |
| Samanat b | 7543 | 14650 | 7543 |  |  | 10700 |  |
| San Juan del Su |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sorel. | 1, 23600 | 59700 | 1, 23600 |  |  |  |  |
| Stanbridge . . . | 1, 7.60 00 | 1, 824000 | 1,750 00 |  |  | 14416 |  |
| Clarenceville | 29400 17425 | 45450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frelighsburg. | 17425 | $3 \% 950$ 186450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St Sutton ....... | 86450 | 1,864 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Bartholomew d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Christupher | 94552 | 48549 | 945.52 |  |  |  |  |
| St. Denisd |  | a450 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Etienne | 2, 40000 | 2, 13900 | 2, 40000 |  |  | 16250 | 295 |
| St. George's, Bermada | 59436 | 14238 | 59436 |  |  |  |  |

D.-STATEMENT of CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, \&C.-Continued.

| Consulates and their agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unsalaried commerclal AGENCIEs-Continaed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Hyacinthe | $\$ 2,27700$ 725 | \$1,821 00 | \$2, 27700 |  |  | \$128 98 | \$125 |
| Waterloo | 72550 | 16350 |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Marc.. | 19177 | 24174 | 19177 |  |  | $a 7500$ |  |
| St. Pierre, Miquelon . . . . . . . | 13270 | 16133 | 13270 |  |  |  |  |
| Tetuan a |  | (d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woodstock........-......... | 73450 | 40250 | 73450 |  |  | 8055 |  |
| Purcbases of consular stationery, \&c., by Department of Ståte............... |  |  |  |  |  | $10,33173$ |  |
| Totals. | 147, 19900 | 147,808 07 | 104,834 93 | \$9,560 88 | \$10,7\% | 19,755 03 | 4609 |

E.-NAMES of CONSULAR CLERKS, with THEIR SALARY and EXPENSES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Name. | Place. | Salar'y. | Loss by exchange. | Contingent expenses. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown, Samuel P | Belfast | \$750 00 |  | .. |
| Butler, W. W. ${ }^{1}$ | Liverpool | 2446 |  |  |
| De Zoyk, Albert J | Lisbon.. | 1,200 00 | \$29 90 |  |
| Eaton, J. S.J. ${ }^{2}$ | Paris | 54022 |  |  |
| Hastings, F. P. ${ }^{3}$ | Honoluln | 90000 |  |  |
| Mackean, E. P. | Paris | 1, 20000 |  |  |
| Scidmore, George El | Kanagawa | 1, 20000 |  |  |
| Smith, G. Harrisou. | Berlin ... | 1, 00000 |  |  |
| Springer, Joseph A. | Havana. | 88369 |  |  |
| Thirion, Charles $F$ | Paris | 1, 20000 |  |  |
| Wood, Charles W. ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | Rome.. | 38478 | 522 |  |
| Zimmerman, F.C. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Havana | 89835 |  | \$36 41 |
| Duer, jr, Denning. | Lisbon | 1, 00000 | 448 | 12379 |
| Touhas, St. Leger A | Rome | 1,000 00 | 3758 | 18170 |
| Totals |  | 12, 18150 | 7718 | 34190 |

${ }^{1}$ Appointed June 22, 1884.
${ }^{2}$ Deceased at Paris December 28, 1883.
${ }^{3}$ Account for June quarter not received.
${ }_{4}$ Acting consul-general at Havana from Angust 24 to Novemiber 27, 1883.
${ }^{5}$ Acting consul-general at Rome for portion of the year.
${ }^{6}$ Resigned May 24, 1884.
$5022 \mathrm{~F}-24$
F.-STATEMENT of SUNDRY EXPENSES at CONSULATES in CHINA, JAPAN, and TURKEY, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

a For three quarters.
RECAPITOLATION OF'EXHIBITS B, C, D, E, AND F.
Total fees receired for official services.
$\$ 895,78027$
Paid:

$b$ Inclusive of $\$ 9,010.85$ of salaries of consular officers not citizens of the United States.
G.-STATEMENT of RELIEF AFFORDED.SEAMEN, with EXTRA WAGES and $A R R E A R S$, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Where afforded. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Boàrd } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { lodging. } \end{gathered}$ | Clothing. | Other expenses. | Total relief 1884. | Total relief 1883. | Extra wages and arrears collected. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wages } \\ & \text { refunded. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A capul | 3 | \$13 18 |  | \$41 25 | \$54 43 | \$24 50 |  |  |
| Aden |  |  |  |  |  | 9613 |  |  |
| $1 \mathrm{mster} \mathrm{l}_{\text {an }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$70 14 | \$32 14 |
| Autigua | 16 | 0300 | \$188 04 |  | 25104 | 1908 | 1500 |  |
| Antwerp |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4327 |  |
| Apia ... |  |  |  |  |  | 34795. | 9000 |  |
| Aucklan | 49 | 33758 61820 | 18680 8834 | $\begin{array}{r}411 \\ 260 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 93598 | ${ }^{91} 68$ | 48000 | 00 |
| Bangko | 1 |  |  |  |  | 960 | 7900 | 1789 36 |
| Earaçoa | 3 |  | 3730 | 7275 | 11005 |  | 21442 | 2317 |
| Barbadoes | 10 | 8900 | 2053 | 100 | 11053 | 7468 | 12000 |  |
| Bartanquil |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9448 |  |
| Batavia. | 6 | 22352 | 1285 | 47480 | 71117 | 49888 | 1,714 76 | 22481 |
| Belize |  |  |  | 200 | 200 | 50.01 | 27269 | 26269 |
| Bombay | 33 | 65626 | 12070 | 44421 | 1,221 17 | 963 | 26450 | 4113 |
| Bremen | 2 |  |  | 4408 | 4408 | 12196 | 39780 | 23872 |
| Bristol. | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1341 | 912 | 2431 | 4684 | 5659 |  |  |
| Buenos Ayres | 5 | 9600 | 6640 | 15230 | 31470 | 87100 | 8085 | 37770 |
| Cadiz. | 3 | 2940 | 5160 | 1200 | 9300 |  | 9000 | 6000 |
| Calcutta | 32 | 60900 | 3300 |  | 64200 | 18800 | 8760 | 6200 |
| Calla | 3 | 1850 |  | 4824 |  | 16732 |  |  |
| Cape To | 39 | 95063 | 26091 | 78496 | 1,99650 | 1,147 59 | 924 |  |
| C Cardiff | 15 | 1950 | 400 | 6750 | 9100 | 88600 |  |  |
| Charlotte | 14 | 2785 | 6562 | 1335 | 10682 |  |  |  |
| Cienfuegas | 4 | 3098 | 618 | 8548 | 12264 | 7961 | 81438 | 60067 |
| Colon .. |  |  |  |  |  | 79350 |  |  |
| Constantinop | 3 | 1326 | 878 | 8599 | 10803 |  |  |  |
| Copenhagen | 11 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,135 88 | 8658 |
| Coquímbo |  |  |  | 1286 | 1286 |  | 7363 | 4013 |
| Conk |  | 1362 |  | 5840 | 7202 | 6131 | 2, 40749 | 71006 |
| Demera |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17000 | 300 |
| Oublin |  |  |  |  |  | 4526 |  |  |
| Faya | 28 | 13793 | 43013 | 12671 | 69477 | 2,095 99 | 28281 390 | 50 80 00 |
| Funchal | 2 | 297 | 853 | 2724 | 3874 | 972 |  |  |
| Gaspe Basis |  |  |  |  |  | 2301 |  |  |
| Genoa | 6 |  |  | 8488 | 8488 |  | 10825 | 664 |
| Gibraltar | 17 | 3450 | 9386 | 15650 | 28486 |  | 9503 | 5553 |
| Goderich | 5 | 450 | 950 | 4200 | 5600 |  |  |  |
| Goree-Daka |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16000 |  |
| Gottenburg | 4 | 470 |  | 731 | 1201 |  |  |  |
| Guadeloup | 2 |  |  |  | 6839 | 9390 2445 | 2890 |  |
| Halifas | 46 | 11900 | 15415 | 13382 | 40697 | 82003 | 56046 | 33846 |
| Hamburg |  |  |  | 999 | 999 |  | 19575 | 65.76 |
| Нагана | 18 | 950 |  | 3456 | 4406 | 26912 | 40162 | 4462 |
| Havre | 7 | 20.25 | 16960 | - 7095 | 26080 | 6574 |  |  |
| Hobart | 1 | 4683 | 97 | 7639 | 12419 | 1316 |  |  |
| Hong Kong |  |  |  | 5000 | 5000 | 22147 | 2,127 43 | 1,555 99 |
| Honolulu | 11 | 178 |  | 42530 | 42708 | 62550 | 74809 | 310.01 |
| Hull . | 33 | 25019 | 56063 |  | 81082 | 22763 | 2800 |  |
| Iquique | 11 | 1972 |  |  | 1972 | 16890 | 59597 | 45097 |
| Kanagaw | 11 | 11165 | - 2037 | 13542 | 26744 | 13208 | 2, 21259 | 1,155 07 |
| Kingston | 26 | 16423 | 13530 | 10730 | 40683 | 33974 | 8500 | 4000 |
| Leghorn | 7 | 8220 | 1053 |  | 9873 |  |  |  |
| Levuka. |  |  |  |  |  | 36889 |  |  |
| Liverpool | 35 | 4215 | 16419 | 3183 | 23817 | 57311 | 7,352 19 | 10000 |
| London. |  | 190 |  | 6131 | 6321 |  | 1,579 84 |  |
| Lyons | 1 |  |  | 1500 | 1500 |  |  |  |
| Mahé |  |  |  |  |  | 7200 |  |  |
| Malta | 2 | 240 |  | 1096 | 1336 |  |  |  |
| Mauchest | 16 |  |  | 2505 | 2505 | 2917 |  |  |
| Manila | 3 | 525 | 1000 | 1000 | 2525 | 16325 | 37916 | 2755 |
| Marseilles | 14 | 9720 | 11816 | 3756 | 25292 | 31287 | 32237 | 18388 |
| Martinique | 1 | 1655 |  | 2640 | 4295 | 4465 | 6040 |  |
| Matanzas. | 2 |  |  | 63000 | - 63000 | 10775 | 1,597 14 | 1,147 14 |
| Mayaguez | 7. | 1761 | 761 |  | 2522 |  |  |  |
| Mazatlan | 2 | 750 |  |  | 750 |  | 7500 |  |
| Melbourne | 4 | 13304 | 1252 | 32042 | 46598 | $\begin{aligned} & 321 \\ & 429 \\ & 420 \end{aligned}$ | 2,167 92 | 1,805 02 |
| Merida Montevidio | 1 | 1750 | 2150 | 400 | 4300 | ${ }_{7}^{429} 40$ | 74000 | 31000 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  | 1600 | 20664 | 2066 |
| Nagasak | 2 | 300 | 726 | . 14297 | 15323 | 501 | 50200 |  |
| Nantes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12300 |  |
| Naples |  | 568 | 182 | 2407 | 4797 |  | 6494 |  |

G.-STATEMENT of RELIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, \&o.-Continued.

| Where afforded. |  | Board and lodging. | Clothing. | Other expenses. | Total relief 1884. | Total re. lief 1883. | Extra wages and arrears collected. | Wages refunded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nassa | 49 | \$280 25 |  | \$137 94 | \$418 19 | \$356 64 | \$118 50 |  |
| Nowcastle-upon-Tyne |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4000 |  |
| Osaka and Hiogo .... | 2 |  |  | 63000 | 63000 | 53956 | 1,597 14 | \$1,147 14 |
| Palermo........ | 3 |  | \$1600 |  | 1600 |  |  |  |
| Panama | 16 | 5840 |  | 16500 | 22340 | 25560 | 1, 04081 | 48888 |
| Paramaribo | 1 | 1300 | 660 | 728 | 2688 |  | 11070 | 5382 |
| Pernambuc | 31 | 43582 | 6160 | 8911 | 58653 | 14153 | 66763 | 16614 |
| Pictou. | 49 | 7845 | 45930 | 8442 | 62217 | 37877 | 6000 |  |
| Ponce |  |  |  |  |  | 3987 |  |  |
| Port au Princ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73160 |  |
| Rort Louis. | 3 | 2538 |  | 14175 | 16713 | 18300 | 22815 |  |
| Port Stanley (F.I.) | 1 | 3995 |  | 9634 | 13629 | 1, 21237 | 5650 |  |
| Puerto Cabello..... |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| Quebec | 2 | 590 |  | 2620 | 3210 |  | 5400 | 3600 |
| Kio Grande do |  | 4859 |  | 1720 | 6579 |  | 26014 | 17039 |
| Rio de Janeiro | 8 | 23687 | 1633 | 894 | 26214 | 12572 | 2,819 49 | 1,818 10 |
| Rome |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rosario |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1c 48037 | 25337 |
| Rotterdam | 3 | 1850 |  | 4824 | 6674 | 765 | 77648 | ¢ 41414 |
| Ruatan and Truxillo. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sabanilla |  |  |  |  |  | 36575 |  |  |
| Saguala Gra |  |  |  |  |  | 9800 | 20384 | 14693 |
| San Domingo | 2 | 3575 | 350 | 5175 | 9100 | 8930 |  |  |
| San José (C.R.) |  |  |  |  |  | 9155 |  |  |
| San Juan (P. R.) |  |  |  |  |  | 20241 |  |  |
| Santiago (C. V. I.) | 10 | 17100 | 3685 | 7234 | 28019 | 34813 | - 33000 | 16000 |
| Santiago de Cuba | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 10500 | 7000 |
| Santos... |  | 651 5100 |  | 1247 32920 | 1898 39170 |  | 41371 | 21902 7690 |
| Shanghai | 5 | 5100 2640 | 1150 940 | 32920 600 | 39170 4180 | 1,09450 72 75 | 58718 | 7690 |
| Singapore. | 4 | 5025 |  | 900 | - 5925 | 19100 | 67212 | 6245 |
| St. Helena | 10 | 38000 | 15675 | 14462 | 43937 | 36704 | 49500 | 15078 |
| St. John (N. B.) | 19 | 3140 | 2680 | 6500 | 12320 | 10735 | 6800 |  |
| St. John's (N. F.) | 26 | 9640 | 13390 | 3862 | 26892 | 63746 |  |  |
| St. Paml de Loando. | 6 | 1600 | 297 | 7780 | 9677 | 1,513 11 | 40500 | 710 |
| St. Pierre (Miquelon). | 9 | 2146 | 9476 | 4999 | 16621 | 25723 | 1980 |  |
| St. Thomas (W.I.)... | 8 | 1600 | 1850 | 1,003 46 | 1, 03796 | 20659 | 1,492 63 | 76691 |
| Sydney | 2 | 5906 |  | 3285 | 9191 | 31698 | 37609 | 29198 |
| Tahiti | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 44100 | 10000 |
| ''alcahuano | -23 | 25138 | 19930 | 20460 | 65528 | 1,097 79 | 39000 |  |
| Tamatave |  |  |  |  |  | 5624 |  |  |
| Tampico | 6 | 5950 |  |  | 5950 |  |  |  |
| Teneriffe | 10 | 23050 | 9415 | 3230 | 35695 | 7280 | 4500 |  |
| Trieste | 14 | 6816 |  |  | 6816 |  | 61287 | 46515 |
| Trinidad (island) | 4 | 11400 | 2288 | 300 | 13988 |  |  |  |
| Turk!s Island... |  |  |  |  |  | 17400 |  |  |
| Tuxpan |  |  |  |  |  | 4050 |  |  |
| Valparaiso | 17 | 16080 |  | 30120 | 46200 | 3,090 50 | 39075 | 7243 |
| Vera Cruz | 20 | 11625 | 11339 | 300 | 23264 | 56446 | 10735 | 6535 |
| Victoria | 29 | 8900 | 4075 | ..2....... | 12975 | 163 | 9000 |  |
| Windsol (N.S. | 3 | 6000 |  | 6300 | 12300 | 25963 |  |  |
| Zanzibar | 5 | 31820 | 400 | 12173 | 44393 | 43573 |  |  |
| United States naval paymasters ....... | 2 | 709 | 435 |  | 1144 | 20333 |  |  |
| Masters and owners of vessels | 107 |  |  | 1,819 00 | 1,819 00 | 1, 26790 |  |  |
| Discharged seamen.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9886 |
| Totals | 1,100 | 8, 68184 | 4, 64678 | 11, 76778 | 25,09640 | 30,443 95 | 53, 86073 | 21,718 33 |

H. -NUMBER of SEAMEN SENT to the UNITED STATES, with AMOUNT PAID at the TREASURY for PASSAGE, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Where from. | No. of men. | Amount. | Where from., | No. of men. | Amonnt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A capulco | 9 | $\$ 9000$ | Matanzas | 1 | \$1000 |
| Antigua. | 31 | 31000 | Maynguez. | 8 | 7350 |
| Apia | 4 | 4000 | Mazatlan. | 3 | 3000 |
| Auckland | 8 | 8000 | Melbourne | 1 | 10.00 |
| Bahia | 12 | 12000 | Nassall.. | 14 | 14000 |
| Barbadoe | 28 | 36600 | Palermo | 1 | 1000 |
| Belize. | 5 | 5000 | Panama | 1 | 1000 |
| Buenos Ayres | 2 | 2000 | Pernambuco | 22 | 22000 |
| Cadiz ......... | 1 | 1000 | Pictou... | 17 | 17000 |
| Calcutta | 1 | 1000 | Rio de Janeiro | 7 | 7000 |
| Cape Town. | 19 | 35525 | San Blas ...... | 1 | 10.00 |
| Cienfuegos | 7 | 7000 | Santiago (Cape Verde Islands). | 1 | 1000 |
| Colon. | 27 | 27000 | Santiago de Cubai................ | 2 | 2000 |
| Fayal | 34 | 50500 | Sierra Leone . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2 | 2000 |
| Gibraltar | 9 | 11000 | St. Helena ..................... | 8 | 8000 |
| Guatemala | 3 | 3000 | St. Paul de Loanda ............. | 3 | 3000 |
| Halifax | 44 | 42200 | St Thomas (West Indies) | 31 | 31000 |
| Havana | 7 | 7000 | Sydney . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3 | 3000 |
| Hong.Kong | 1 | 5000 | Talcahuano | 4 | 4000 |
| Honolula... | 5 | 5000 | Tampico | 5 | 5000 |
| Kanagawa | 21 | 21000 | Teneriffe ......................... | 2 | 6000 |
| Kingston (Jamaica) | 35 | 35000 | Trinidad (island) ................ | 7 | 7000 |
| Leghorn... | 1 | 1000 | Turk s Island..................... | 4 | 4000 |
| Liverpool | 35 | 35000 | Vicloria. | 25 | 7500 |
| Londox... | 2 | 2000 | Zanzibar | 5 | 5000 |
| Marseilies. | 1 | 1000 1000 | Total | 531 | 5,626 75 |

## RECAPITULATION OF EXHIBITS G AND H.



## REPORT ON'THE FINANCES.

T. -STATEMENT showing the CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES and CHARGES COLLECTED at each CONSOLATE (including agencies), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

H. -CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES, f.c., COLLECTED, f $c$. -Continued.


1．－CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES，fe．，COLLECTED，fc．－Continued．

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Consulates，\＆e} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Vessels＇fees and charges．} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Miscellaneous．} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{要
莳
忽} <br>
\hline \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \& <br>
\hline Kehl． \& \& \& \& \& \& 1，900 00 \& $\$ 2200$ \& \＄1，92000 <br>
\hline Kinggton， \& 80 \& \& \& 0 \& \＄1，140 64 \& （1， $\begin{aligned} & 3,274 \\ & 2,457 \\ & 50\end{aligned}$ \& 788580 \&  <br>
\hline Laguayra \& 100 \& 4298 \& 17725 \& \& ${ }^{221} 23$ \& ${ }^{6} 63500$ \& 61025 \& 1，466 48 <br>
\hline Lambayeque \& 200 \& 2152
525 \& 1150
300 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}3502 \\ 55 \\ \hline 5\end{array}$ \& 155
294
290 \& 2650
55
87 \& 21656
40562 <br>
\hline La Paz，Bolivia \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline La Roche \& \& \& \& \& \& 3，135 00 \& 18500 \& 3，32000 <br>
\hline Laeds． \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 9， $23 \ddot{2} \mathbf{4}$ <br>
\hline Leghora \& 600 \& 4832 \& 9325 \& \& 1475 \& 3，155 00 \& 29950 \& 3， 60200 <br>
\hline Leipsic \& \& \& \& \& \& 8， 675 \& \& 8,68950
2,102
83 <br>
\hline Leruka \& 1200 \& ${ }_{165} 5$ \& 250 \& \& 33
31
02 \& 2，007 50 \& 6200 600 \& 2，${ }_{37} 028$ <br>
\hline Lisbon \& \& \& 21415 \& \& \& 1，067 50 \& 7017 \& 1，412 81 <br>
\hline verpo \& 2，532 260 \& 1．261 2638 \& 77925 \& 7，352 19 \& 11， 92498 \& 26，795 50 \& 4， 5617 \& 43， 48223 <br>
\hline London Londorderry \& 26900 \& 22388 \& 572
52
50 \& 1，579 84 \& － 2 ， 645 \& 55， 1925 \& 1，32400 \& 59， 11117800 <br>
\hline Lyons． \& \& \& \& \& \& 13，317 51 \& \& 13，317 51 <br>
\hline Madrid \& \& \& \& \& \& 500 \& 1254 \& 1754 <br>
\hline Mahe \& 300 \& 3
4344
43 \& \& 3447 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Malta． \& \& \& 2300 \& \& ${ }_{23}^{238}$ \& 2，404 250 \& ${ }_{30} 50$ \& 2，823 78 <br>
\hline Manch \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 500 \& 19，54000 <br>
\hline Manila \& 13300 \& 46582 \& 19150 \& 32644 \& 1，116 76 \& 89750 \& 84
50
50
75 \& ${ }_{2}^{2,099} 16$ <br>
\hline Manzanill \& \& \& \& \& \& 8750 \& \& 2， 04075 <br>
\hline Maracaib \& \& 3020 \& 3800 \& \& 6820 \& 2，403 00 \& 82400 \& 3， 2955 <br>
\hline Marseilles \& － 27800 \& 34
213
21 \& ${ }_{1}{ }^{282}{ }^{282}{ }^{84}$ \& 96
60
60 \& 1，301 439 \& 3， 482550 \& \& ${ }_{4}^{4,888}{ }^{1865}$ <br>
\hline Matamoros \& \& ${ }^{5} 38$ \& \& \& 1， 1138 \& 2，13950 \& 28425 \& 2，435 13 <br>
\hline Matanzas \& 11
600
00 \& $$
\mid, 07528
$$ \& 99088
506
36 \& 1，35000 \& 3，427 6816 \& 740
41500
400 \& 12550 \&  <br>
\hline Mayence \& \& \& \& \& \& 3， 13700 \& \& 3， 14250 <br>
\hline Mazatian \& 400 \& 411 \& 155 \& 7500 \& 2756 \& 23000 \& $\begin{array}{r}255 \\ 800 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{80}^{800}$ <br>
\hline Melbourne \& 32800 \& 37937 \& 30322 \& 55750 \& 1， 56809 \& ${ }^{367}{ }^{100}$ \& 22680 \& 2， 16189 <br>
\hline Merida－ \& 900 \& $\begin{array}{r}178 \\ 14 \\ \hline 60\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{279}^{2989}$ \& ． \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
47556 \\
30250 \\
50
\end{array}
$$ \& 1,047
4,600
100 \& 318
251
50 \& ${ }_{\text {4，}}^{4,888} \mathbf{1 , 8 1}$ <br>
\hline Mexico \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Milan \& \& \& \& \& 13163 \& 1,375
70

000 \& \& 1， 3773180 <br>
\hline ${ }_{\text {M }}$ \& 600 \& 1086 \& 1700 \& \& \& 11250 \& \& 11856 <br>

\hline Monteride \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
99 \\
8000 \\
800
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
215 \\
580 \\
50
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
49434 \\
350
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 74000 \\
& 20664
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

\left\lvert\, $$
\begin{array}{r}
1,54884 \\
22399
\end{array}
$$\right.
\] \& $\begin{array}{r}742750 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \& ${ }^{2,1035} 344$ <br>

\hline Morrisburg \& \& \& \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2，} 018 \\ 277 \\ \hline 00 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ \& \& 2,026
388
30 <br>
\hline Mosambiqu \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Munich \& \& \& \& \& \& 1，71500 \& 8450 \& 1，79950 <br>
\hline uscat． \& \& 11814 \& 2800 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Nantes． \& 2300 \& \& \& 12300 \& 14600 \& 53000 \& \& 68860 <br>
\hline Naples．．． \& ${ }^{1} 00$ \& 350 \& ${ }^{121} 100$ \& 60
118
180 \& 185 50 \& 1，39000 \& \& ${ }_{2}^{1,620} 000$ <br>
\hline  \& ＋2400 \& ${ }_{11}^{413} 96$ \& 621
4500 \& ${ }_{40}^{18} 50$ \& ${ }_{1}^{1} 17890$ \& 2，214 50 \& ${ }_{74} 50$ \& 2，42790 <br>
\hline New Chwang \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 8000
500 \& <br>
\hline Ningpo \& 3800 \& 1047 \& 1800 \& \& 6647 \& \& 1300 \& 7947 <br>
\hline Nottingham \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }_{\substack{11,632 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 8050}}$ \& \& 11， 63325 <br>
\hline Nuremburg． \& \& \& \& \& \& 8，172 50 \& \& 50 <br>
\hline Odessa． \& \& \& \& \& 00 \& 12000 \& 6850 \& 50 <br>
\hline Osaka and Hiogo \& 7000 \& 16444 \& 17550 \& 90300 \& 1294 \& 2，85750 \& 16869 \&  <br>
\hline \& \& 1560 \& 325 \& \& 4810 \& ${ }_{35} 00$ \& 500 \& 8810 <br>
\hline ${ }_{\text {Palermo }}$ \& \& 929 \& 74600 \& \& 83899 \& 8，120 \& 214 \& 173 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

1.-CHARACTER and $A M O U N T$ of the FEES, fc., COLLECTED, \&c.-Continued.

| Consulates, \&c. | Vessels' fees and charges. |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneous. |  | [rqat pariy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\dot{8}$ 0 0 0 0 |  |  |
| Panama | \$2,259 00 | \$591 00 | \$277 70 | \$632 00 | \$3,759 70 | $\$ 55000$ | \$248 75 | \$4, 55845 |
| Para | 900 | 32730 | 53600 |  | 87230 | 99000 | 72058 | 2,58288 |
| Paramaribo | 800 | 5498 | 12625 | 9000 | 27918 | 10250 | 4100 | 42268 |
| Paris |  |  |  |  |  | 57, 61250 | 5100 | 57, 66350 |
| Paso del Nor |  |  |  |  |  | 23600 | 74500 | 98100 |
| Patras. |  |  | 4750 |  | 4750 | 52000 | 6400 | 63150 |
| Pernambuco | 3700 | 29113 | 1, 10775 | 12200 | 1,557 88 | 65300 | 40415 | 2,61508 |
| Pictou | 4900 | 13899 | 11200 | 6000 | 35999 | 69250 | 11325 | 1,165 74 |
| Piedras Negr |  |  |  |  |  | 59250 | 7875 | $671 \%$ |
| Plymouth |  |  | 750 |  | 750 | 12750 | 23950 | 37450 |
| Ponce.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Port au Pri | 1600 | 9107 | 15100 | 73160 | 98967. | 35750 | 24200 | 1,589 17 |
| Port Louis. | 2200 | 3979 | 2300 | 15600 | 23479 | 3750 | 3721 | 31550 |
| Port Sarnia. |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 52750 | 44200 | 2,969 50 |
| Port Stanley and St. <br> Thomas |  |  |  |  |  | 3,084 00 |  | 3, 08400 |
| Port Stauley, F.I | 500 | 2555 | 4850 | 5400 | 13305 |  |  | 13305 |
| Port Hope ${ }^{\text {. }}$. |  |  |  |  |  | 2,667 50 |  | 2,667 50 |
| Port Rowan |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 27650 |  | 1,276 50 |
| Prague |  |  |  |  |  | 8,295 50 | 3,325 01 | 11,69051 |
| Prescott |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 63400 | 4950 | 3,683 50 |
| Presidio del Norte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 700 | 740 | 800 |  | 2240 | 1, 07300 | 11500 | 1, 31040 |
| Puerto Cabell | 100 |  | 8400 |  | 8500 | 57500 | 59650 | 1,256 50 |
| Puerto Plata. | 100 | 697 | 5200 |  | 5997 | 22250 | 20650 | 48897 |
| Quebec | 2300 | 2661 |  | 5400 | 10361 | 2,04750 | 5000 | 2, 20111 |
| Rheims |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 37500 |  | 2,375 00 |
| Rio Grande | 800 | 731 | 9125 |  | 10656 | 18750 | 8850 | 38256 |
| Rio de Janei | 15500 | 62517 | 1,4.54 00 | 1,482 90 | 3,717 07 | 3,560 00 | 1,814 00 | 9, 09107 |
| Rome |  |  |  |  |  | 56500 | 4900 | 61400 |
| Rosario.. | 6100 | 14731 | 32974 | 29200 | 83005 | 14100 | 18550 | I, 15655 |
| Rotterda | 7500 | 2896 | 8400 | 1,728 82 | 1,916 78 | 4,542 50 | 15558 | 6, 61486 |
| Rouen ${ }_{\text {Ruatan }}$ | 4500 | 6922 | 13500 |  | 24922 | 3,302 50 | 3250 | 3,584 22 |
| Ruatan | 600 | $\begin{array}{r}6397 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9300 |  | $\begin{array}{r}16297 \\ \hline 157\end{array}$ | 11000 | 2600 10250 | $\begin{array}{r}29897 \\ \hline 1729\end{array}$ |
| Sagua la Grande Saitillo ........ | 16.00 | 40847 | 73300 |  | 1,157 47 | 47000 | 10250 2200 | 1,72997 2200 |
| Samana. | 100 | 392 | 2550 |  | 3042 | 3500 | 1001 | 7543 |
| San Blas. | 1100 | 1449 | 9500 |  | 12049 | 7750 | 1950 | 21749 |
| San Jose, Costa Rica |  | 1662 | 18168 |  | 19830 | 1,601 00 | 23650 | 2,035 80 |
| San Juan de los Remedios. |  | 23498 | 20750 |  | 44248 |  |  | 44248 |
| San Juan del Norte. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Juan del Sur |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Juan, P. R | 400 | 46231 | 63175 |  | 1,098 06 | 85500 | 37500 | 2,328 06 |
| San Luis Potosi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Santander | 100 | 3880 | 3800 |  | 7780 | 7250 | 5500 | 20530 |
| Santiago, C. V. I | 8200 | 8505 | 33100 | 33000 | - 82805 | 3250 | 2850 | 88905 |
| Santiago de Cuba | 1500 | 50450 | 69850 | 10500 | 1,323 00 | 82200 | 34800 | 2,49300 |
| Santos. | 600 | 3649 | 29475 | 23400 | 1,57124 | 95250 | 43700 | 1,960 74 |
| Shanghai | 12200 | 25574 | 22050 | 48500 | 1,083 24 | 4, 27500 | 14875 | 5,50699 |
| Sheffield |  |  |  |  |  | 5,23750 |  | 5,237 50 |
| Sherbrook |  |  |  |  |  | 4,327 00 | 200 | 4,329 00 |
| Sierra Leo | 800 | 6505 | 5550 |  | 12855 | 3750 | 6525 | 23130 |
| Singapore | 8100 | 15265 | 11325 | 23433 | 58123 | 1,235 00 | 33700 | 2,153 23 |
| Smyrua. |  |  | 6750 |  | 6750 | 1,307 50 | 55750 | 1,932 50 |
| Sonneberg |  |  |  |  |  | 8,465 00 | 601 | 8,471 01 |
| Sonsonate |  |  |  |  |  | 52200 | 700 | 52900 |
| Sorel. |  |  |  |  |  | 1,236 00 |  | 1,236 00 |
| Southampton |  |  | 12750 |  | 12750 | 8250 | 10050 | 31050 |
| St. Bartholomew. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Christopher | 200 | 5602 | 25500 |  | 31302 | 59250 | 40.00 | 94552 |
| St. Denis..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Domingo | 600 | 18936 | 40425 |  | 59961 | $\begin{array}{r} 67000 \\ 2,40000 \end{array}$ | 46751 | 1,737 2,400 00 |
| St. Etienn |  |  |  |  |  | 2,40000 6,18500 |  | 2,400 <br> 6,185 <br> 00 |
| St. George's. | 200 | 1896 | 48197 |  | 50293 | 1250 | 7893 | -594 36 |
| St. Helena | 25900 | 8126 | . 25425 | 49500 | 1, 08951 |  | 3900 | 1,128 51 |

B．－CHARACTER and AMOUNT of the FEES，fe．，COLLECTED，fc．－Contimued．

|  | Vessels ${ }^{\text { }}$ fees and charges． |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneons． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consulates，\＆c． |  | 它汽品家 bitc 8 몰会是会究 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & \text { 易 } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { 鬲 } \\ & \text { M } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت⿹\zh26灬 } \\ & \text { से } \\ & \text { EH } \end{aligned}$ | 番 |  |  |
| St．Hyacinthe |  |  |  |  |  | ， 00200 | \＄0 50 | \＄3，002 50 |
| St．John＇s，Quebec |  |  |  |  |  | 4，18100 | 12400 | 4， 30500 |
| St．John，N．B．．． | \＄600 | \＄503 72 | \＄127 59 | \＄68 00 | \＄705 31 | 2，819 25 | 68500 | 4，209 56 |
| St．John＇s，N．F | 900 | 3568 | 2900 |  | 7368 | 50250 | 23350 | 80968 |
| St．Marc．．． |  | 2427 | 3700 |  | 6127 | 11000 | 2050 | 19177 |
| St．Martin | 400 | 3417 | 15781 |  | 19598 | 7750 | 1400 | 28748 |
| St．Paul de Loand | 10000 | 3008 | 5350 | 40500 | 58858 | 2750 |  | 61608 |
| St．Pierre |  | 1520 |  |  | 1520 |  | 11750 | 13270 |
| St．Petersburg |  |  | 4500 |  | 4500 | 63800 | 10075 | 78375 |
| St．Stephen |  | 743 | 200 |  | 943 | 27100 | 2550 | 305.93 |
| St．Thomas | 5400 | 32336 | 30300 | 50100 | 1，181 36 | 40250 | 27650 | 1， 86036 |
| Stanbridge |  |  |  |  |  | 3， 07950 | 325 | 3，082 75 |
| Stettin．．．．． |  |  | 3000 |  | 3000 | 1， 19450 | 21000 | 1，434 50 |
| Stockholm |  | 596 | 1500 |  | － 2096 | 1， 26750 | 15350 | $1 ; 44196$ |
| Stattgart |  |  |  |  |  | 1， 79000 | 6675 | 1，856 75 |
| Sydney | 63200 | 73811 | 65800 | 253.00 | 2， 28111 | 94250 | 40300 | 3，626 61 |
| Tahiti | 2600 | 6644 | 7600 | 42500 | 59344 | 13750 | 41500. | 1，145 94 |
| Talcahuano | 38500 | 12203 | 22700 | 39000 | 1，124 03 |  | 2100 | 1， $145{ }^{\prime} 03$ |
| Tamatare |  | 2257 | 250 |  | 2507 | 2250 | 1586 | 6343 |
| Tampico | 2000 | 7635 | 23050 |  | 32685 | 12000 | 8150 | 52835 |
| Tangier． |  |  |  |  |  | 3000 | 303 | 3303 |
| Teheran |  |  |  |  |  |  | 290 | 290 |
| Teneriffe | 6200 | 2588 | 11655 | 4500 | 24943 | 10500 | 10200 | 45643 |
| Tetuan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three Rivers |  |  |  |  |  | 2，036 00 |  | 2，036 00 |
| Tien－Tsin | 1800 | 27.20 | 1200 |  | 5720 | 55825 | 1000 | 62545 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  | 4，667 50 | 9050 | 4，75800 |
| Trieste | 1600 | 3233 | 19500 | 8000 | 32333 | 2， 02000 | 37651 | 2， 61984 |
| Trinidad（island） | 4900 | 33918 | 96046 |  | 1，348 64 | 78250 | 35250 | 2，483 64 |
| Tunstall ．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 7， 36751 |  | 7，367 51 |
| Turin．． |  |  |  |  |  | 24250 | 600 | 24850 |
| Turk＇s Island | 1000 | 41745 | 19925 |  | 62670 | 30250 | 14300 | 1，072 20 |
| Tuxpan． |  | 4941 | 9450 |  | 14391 | 31250 | 4900 | ， 50541 |
| Valparais | 24000 | 42816 | 28550 | 37432 | 1，32798 | 31850 | 20850 | 1，854 98 |
| Venice．－ |  |  |  |  |  | 61250 | 4600 | 65850 |
| Vera Cruz | 3100 | 67019 | 74875 | 7500 | 1，524 94 | 2，865 00 | 47400 | 4，863 94 |
| Verviers and Liege |  |  |  |  |  | 2， 01250 |  | 2， 01250 |
| Victoria ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 300 | 29480 | 23150 | 9000 | 61930 | － 99900 | $\bigcirc 83250$ | 2，450 80 |
| Vienna． |  |  | 1700 |  | 1700 | 7，087 50 | 2，902 99 | 10，007 49 |
| Warsaw ．．．．－ |  |  |  |  |  | － 500 | 750 | 1250 |
| Windsor，N．S． | 2700 | 61494 | 1250 |  | 65444 | 2， 33750 | 22154 | 3，213 48 |
| Windsor，Ontario |  |  |  |  |  | 3，249 25 | 11150 | 3，460 75 |
| Winnipeg |  |  |  |  |  | 83150 | 2000 | 85150 |
| Woodstock |  |  |  |  |  | 73150 | 300 | 73450 |
| Zacatecas． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanzibar． Zuricla．．． | 100 | 4735 | 3150 |  | 7985 | $\begin{array}{r} 26000 \\ 3,88000 \end{array}$ | 1500 +827 | $\begin{array}{r} 35485 \\ 3,88827 \end{array}$ |
| Totals | 14，044 00 | 27,45926 | 49，528 60 | 33,83818 | 124，870 04 | 747，515 78 | 57，232 63 | 929，618 45 |

## RECAPITULATION．

Vessels＇fees and charges：


醐．－INTERNAL－REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS CHARGED and CASH $D E P O S I T E D$ ，for the fiscal year ended June 30， 1884.

| District． | Stamps and assessments． | Cash deposited． | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Alabama（old） | \＄166 38 | \＄1，739 92 | Jirst and second districts con solidàted August 15，1883．．． |
| Sccoud Alabama（old） | 1， 85339 | 3，402 37 |  |
| Alabama（new）． | 141，968 71 | 80，454 26 |  |
| Total | 143， 98748 | 85， 65655 |  |
| Arizona | 25752 | 3，769 73 | Cousolidated with New Mexico Sep－ tember 5， 1883. |
| Arkansas | 146， 40559 | 90， 819 19 |  |
| First California | $\begin{array}{r} 3,492,51692 \\ 332,28589 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,098,098 \\ 283,23363 \end{array}$ |  |
| Total | 3，824， 802.81 | 3，381，332 25 |  |
| Colorado（old） | 12， 17913 | 20，918 02 |  |
| Colorarlo（new） | 241， 26011 | 175， 08148 | Wroming attached August 15， 1883. |
| Total | 253，439 24 | 195，999 50 |  |
| First Connecticut（old） | 32， 85886 | 31，79384 | First and second districts congolidated September 1， 1883. |
| Second Connecticut（old） | 36，222 19 | 40,09832 |  |
| Connecticut（new） | 443， 40353 | 356， 06230 |  |
| Total | 512， 48458 | 427，949 46 |  |
| Dakota | 1， 1.7762 | 9，905 32 | Consolidated with Nebraska August 20， 1883. |
| Delaware． | 220， 87207 | 210，327 24 |  |
| Florida | －89，303 09 | 174，884 17 |  |
| Second Georgia（old） | 4，911 80 | 25， 89644 | Tho second and third districts consoli－ dated August 7， 1883. |
| Third Georgia（old） | 66092 | 3， $745 \%$ |  |
| Fourth Georgia（old） |  | －135 63 |  |
| Georria（new） | 476， 24281 | 352， 69096 |  |
| Total | 481， 81553 | 362，468 28 |  |
| Idabo | 23874 | 5，262 98 |  |
| First Illinois | 8，564， 64487 | 8，446， 07380 |  |
| Second Illinois（old） | 16，982 90 | 18，790 17 | The second and third districts were consolidated Angust 1，1883，forming the new second district． |
| Socond Illinois（new） | 252， 35830 | 209，33157 |  |
| Third Illinois（old） | 1496 | 3，457 45 |  |
| Pourth Illinois | 468， 65173 | 432， 65047 |  |
| Fitth Illiunis． | 14，315， 21951 | 13，081，543 92 |  |
| Seventh Illinois（old） | 27284 | 5，00796 | The seventh and eighth districts were consolidated September 1，1883，form－ ing the new eighth district． |
| Eighth Illinois（old） | 7，364 57 | 134， 13282 |  |
| Fighth Illinois（上ew） | 1，099， 56298 | 790，911 15 |  |
| ＂Ihirteenth Illinois | 538,31916 | 450， 28720 |  |
| Total | 25，263， 39182 | 23，572， 18651 |  |
| Tirst Indiana（old） | 17713 | 15， 52058 | The first district consolidated with the seventh Augnst 1； 1883. |
| Fourth Indiana（old） | 340，969 23 | 228， 06058 | The fourth district cousoltdated with the sixth August 1， 1883. |
| Sixtb Indiana（old） | 24， 22303 | 15，207 41 |  |
| Sixth Indiana（now） | 4，326，087 59 | 3，319，944 89 |  |
| Seventh Indiaua（old） | 149，286 21 | 136，980 57 |  |
| Seventh Indiana（new） | 1，501， 46985 | 1，679， 27643 |  |
| Tenth Indiana（old） | 3，026 47 | 14， 02107 | The tenth district consolidated with the eleventh August 7，1883．． |
| Eleventh Indiana（old） | 4，524 52 | 4，385 90 |  |
| Eleventh Indiana（new）． | 635， 97323 | 207， 81352 |  |
| Total． | 6，985， 237.26 | 5，621，210 95 |  |
| Second Iowa（old）． | 21，588 41 | 23，012 08 |  |
| Second Iowa（new） | 2，777，536 99 | 2，290， 57397 |  |
| Third Iowa | 245， 09891 | 220， 61305 |  |
| 国ourth Iowa（old） | 2，547 47 | 14，568 85 |  |
| Fourth Iowa（new） | 119， 89056 | 77， 65790 | The fifth district was incorporatel？with other districts August 20， 1883. |
| Fifth Iowa（old）． | 4，354 98 | 129，33105 |  |
| Total． | 3，171， 01732 | 2，755， 75690 |  |
| Kansas． | 232，971 16 | 167，555 99 |  |

K.-INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS, \&'.-Continued.

| District. | Stamps and ${ }^{\text {l }}$ assessments. | Cash deposited. | Remarks. ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Kentucky | \$3, 519, 33807 | \$2, 081, 34814 |  |
| Fifth Kentucky | 14, 556, 44697 | 8, 626,352 49 |  |
| Sixth Kentucky. | 5, 783, 45920 | 4, 263, 34424 |  |
| Seventh Kentucky (old) | 496,786 75 | 243,598 67 |  |
| Seventh Kentucky (new) | 4, 348,894 06 | 2, 452, 15165 |  |
| Eighth Kentucky (old)... | -99,654 96 | -35,11975 |  |
| Eighth Kentacky (new) | 1,558, 04382 | 854, 11392 |  |
| Ninth Kentucky ......... | 12,399 92 | 13,331 95 | The ninth district consolidated with |
| Total | $30,375,02375$ | 18, 569, 36081 |  |
| Louisiana | 709,647 27 | 560, 18489 |  |
| Maine. | 67, 12465 | 56,599 19 |  |
| Third Maryland | 451, 34439 | 212, 69756 | The third and fourth districts consoli- |
| Fourth Maryland | 1, 05450 | 11, 62854 | dated Angust 1, 1883. |
| Maryland ..... | 3,674, 21955 | 2, 922, 39382 |  |
| Total | 4, 126, 61844 | 3, 146, 71992 |  |
| Third Massachusetts (old) | 149, 01259 | 118,393 43 | The third and fifth districts consoli- |
| Third Massachusetts (new) | 2, 122,979 56 | 1, 918, 67978 | dated August 1, 1883, forming the |
| Fifth Massachusetts (old).. | 45,257 71 | $65,722 \quad 22$ | new third district. |
| Tenth Massachusetts | 360,674 28 | 293,794 62 |  |
| Total. | 2, 677,924 14 | 2, 396,590 05 | , |
| First Michigan (old) | 60,458 70 | 86,524 53 |  |
| First Michigan (new) | 1,185, 44489 | 1, 115,901 33 |  |
| Third Michigan | 12,003 26 | - 15,14652 | The third and sixth districts abolished |
| Fourth. Michigan (old) | 39, 02470 | 15, 18600 | Angust 7, 1882, being consolidated |
| Fourth Michigan (new) | 184,847 73 | 165, 09795 | with other districts. |
| Sixth Michigan : | 16,387 69 | 19,756 85 |  |
| Total | 1, 498,163 97 | 1, 417, 61318 |  |
| First Minnesota. | 14, 39815 | 12,785.86 | The first and second districts consoli- |
| Second Minnesot | 32, 48534 | 38,493 49 | dated Angust 7, 1888. |
| Minnesota | 522, 775 58 | 439, 68221 |  |
| Total. | 569, 65907 | 490,96156 |  |
| Mississippi | 66,012 24 | 49,883 73 |  |
| First Missouri (old) | 6 252, 18193 |  |  |
| First Missouri (new) | 6, 150, 780505 | $4,633,21356$ | dated August 1, 1883, forming new first district. |
| Second Missouri (old) | 1, 06480 | $4,70735$ | first district. |
| Fourth Missouri ... | 287, 71774 | $268,19179$ |  |
| Fifth Missouri (old) | 4,003 58 | 8,807 13 | The fifth and sixth districts consoli- |
| Sixth Missonri (old) | 21, 84420 | 110,91684 | dated August 7, 1883, forming new |
| Sixth Missouri (new) | 1, 108,472 25 | 1,090,240 55 | sixth district. |
| Total. | 7, 826, 06955 | 6, 478, 29119 |  |
| Montana (old) | 5, 893.77 | 6,986 55 | Idaho and Utah attached to Montans |
| Montana (new) | 177, 19588 | 116,29197 | August 20,1883. ' |
| Total | 183, 08965 | 123, 27852 |  |
| Nebraska (old) | $82,39254$ | 153,668 18 | Dakota attached to Nebraska Avgust |
| Nebraska (new) | 1, 678, 96921 | 1, 362; 13480 | 20, 1883. |
| Total | 1, 761,361 75 | 1,515,802 98 |  |
| Nevada | 1,175 22 | 4,62644 | Nevada attached to the fourth distric |
| New Hampshire | 432,408 09 | 389, 95389 |  |
| First New Jersey | 154, 60470 | 130, 66655 |  |
| Third New Jersey | 565, 01550 | 491, 15903 |  |
| Eifth New Jersey | 3, 298, 18853 | 2,858, 37271 | . |
| Total. | 4, 017, 80873 | 3,480, 19829 | : |

E.-INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS, fo.-Continued.

| District. | Stamps and assessments. | Cash deposited. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Mexico (old) | \$612 54 | \$4, 74011 | Arizona attached to New Mexico Sep- |
| New Mexico (new) | 126,854 78 | 63,793 20 | tember 5,1883. |
| Total | 127, 46732 | 68, 53331 |  |
| First New York | 3, 146, 40013 | 2, 685, 803 96 |  |
| Second New York | 1, 706, 04243 | 1, 576, 68343 |  |
| Third New York. | 4,985, 67442 | 4, 955,92746 |  |
| Eleventh New York | 42366 | 14,735 48 | The eleventh and twelfth districts were |
| Twelfth New York | 47, 86431 | 54, 95352 | consolidated with other districts |
| Fonrteenth New York (old) | 55, 15822 | 40,028 23 | August 1, 1883. |
| Fourteonth New York (new) | 715, 69169 | 595, 36383 |  |
| Fifteenth New York (old)... | 44, 33579 | 24, 52769 |  |
| Fiftoenth New York (new) | 878, 89125 | 750, 78330 |  |
| Twenty first New York (old) | 11, 08943 | 19,781 43 | The twenty-first, twenty-fourtb, and |
| Twenty first New York (new) | 1, 009, 86359 | 865,502 29 | twenty-sixth districts consolidated |
| Twenty-fourth New York (old) .. | 28, 89793 | 41,821 21 | July 25,1883 , forming new twenty- |
| Twenty-sixth Now York (old) ... | 15, 04618 | 17,540 32 | first district. |
| Twenty-eighth New York (old) | 134, 97334 | - 70,78358 | The twenty-eighth and thirtieth dis- |
| Twenty-eighth New York (new) | 2, 172, 97879 | 1,943,864 40 | tricts consolidated Angust 7, 1883, |
| Thirtieth New York (old)......... | 244, 173.51 | 115,059 65 | forming new twenty-eighth district. |
| Total | 15, 197, 50467 | 13, 773, 15978 |  |
| Second North Carolina (old) | 2747 | 1,717 37 | The second district was incorporated |
| Fourth North Carolina (old) | 46,870 11 | 24,916 28 | with the fourth and fifth districts |
| Fonrth North Carolina (new) | 513, 17696 | 494,85280 | July 21, 1883. |
| Fifth North Carolina (old) ... | 5188 | 44,24316 |  |
| Fifth North Carolina (new) | 926, 4777.90 | 711,299 15 |  |
| Sixth North Carolina. | 606,691 71 | 483, 58024 |  |
| Total | 2, 093; 29603 | 1,760,609 00 |  |
| First Ohio | 10, 482, 12907 | 9, 826, 12339 |  |
| Third Ohio (old) | 127,592 08 | 69, 09755 | The third and sixth districts consoli- |
| Fourth Ohio (old) | 3, 05802 | 7,645 67 | dated August 1, 1883, forming thenew |
| Sixth Ohio (old) | 1, 84174 | 13, 25156 | sixth district. |
| Sixth Ohio (new). | 1, 196, 35947 | 1, 001, 55541 |  |
| Seventh Ohio (old) | 56,188 25 | 24,159 86 | The seventh consolidated with the eleventh August 1, 1883. |
| Tenth Ohio (old) | 98,613 88 | 53, 08815 | The fourth and tenth districts were |
| Tenth Ohio (now) | 687, 67498 | 605, 66069 | consolidated August 1, 1883, forming |
| Eleventh Ohio (old) | 90,773 46 | 18, 22848 | new tenth district. |
| Elerenth Ohio (new) | 1, 245, 64238 | 1, 104, 76675 |  |
| Firteenth Ohio (old) | 5,563 17 | 10,50753 | The fifteenth and eighteenth districta |
| Eighteenth Ohio (old) ............. | 52, 28796 | 56, 75279 | consolidated August 1, 1883. |
| Eighteenth Ohio (new) | 807, 70144 | 728,570 81 |  |
| Total | 14, 855, 44590 | 13, 519, 40864 |  |
| Oregon (old) | 17,959 32 | 11,309 53 | Washington Territory attached Sep- |
| Oregon (new) | 171, 06343 | 117, 35210 | tember 1, 1883. |
| Total. | 189, 02275 | 128,661 63 |  |
| First Pennsylvania (old) | 323, 19129 | 286,59100 |  |
| First Pennsylvania (nev) | 2, 869,227 01 | 2,662,385 02 |  |
| Eighth Pennsylvania (old) | 57, 68222 | 62, 2C4 09 | The eighth incorporated with other |
| Ninth Pennsylvania (old) | 152,09732 | 113,498 27 | districts August 15,1883. |
| Ninth Pennsylvania (new) | 1, 173, 90205 | 1, 137, 58530 |  |
| Twelfth Peninsylvania (old) | 48, 63635 | 41, 40488 |  |
| Twelfth Pennsylvania (new) ..... | 456,798 49 | 397, 24478 |  |
| Fourteenth Pennsylvania (old)... | 15, 36880 | 28, 84950 | The fourteenth and sixteenth incorpe. |
| Sixteenth Pernsylvania (old) .... | 45, 99043 | 32, 26438 | rated with other districts August 15, |
| Nineteeuth Pennsylvania (old)... | 7,463 44 | 7,278 51 | 1883. |
| Nineteenth Pennsylvania (new).. | 210, 22803 | 132, 23755 |  |
| Twentieth Pennsylvania (old).... | 8263 | 4,30247 |  |
| Twenty-secoind Pennsylvania (old) | 261, 47861 | 247, 42944 |  |
| Twenty-secondPeousylvania(n'w) | 2, 274, 88117 | 1,681, 60589 | , |
| Twenty-third Peunsylvania (old) | 150,45078 | 98,892 91 |  |
| Twenty-tbird Pennsylvania (new) | 1, 444, 37512 | 950,925 91 |  |
| Total | 9, 491, 85374 | 7, 884, 70090 | - |
| Rhode Island. | 142, 70232 | 130, 46811 |  |

哭-INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENTS, \&e.-Continued.

L.-INTERNAL-REFENUE STAMPS and ASSESSMENIS CHARGED for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, and CASH DEPOSITED for the fiscal years 1883 and 1884, in each State.

MI.-INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| District. | Expenses of collector's office. |  |  |  | Compensation of storekeepers. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Compensa- } \\ \text { tion of } \\ \text { gaugers. } \end{gathered}$ | Total expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salary of collector. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deputies } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { clerks. } \end{gathered}$ | Rent, fuel, and lights. | Stationery, and other ex. penses. |  |  |  |
| First Alabama (old) | \$275 10 | \$914 64 |  |  |  |  | \$1, 18974 |
| Second Alabama (old). | 27520 | 1, 28327 | \$48 92 | \$38 00 | \$208 00 |  | 1, 85339 |
| Alabama............... | 2,413 84 | 15,40739 | 35108 | 49868 | 2,284 50 | \$1,897 45 | 22,852 94 |
| Total | 2,964 14 | 17, 60530 | 40000 | 53668 | 2,492 50 | 1,897 45 | 25, 89607 |
| Arizona | 42592 | 72729 | 12059 | 9774 |  | 10620 | 1,477 74 |
| Arkansas | 2,750 00 | 12,734 93 |  | 15355 | 12,057 00 | 70300 | 28,398 48 |
| First California | 4,500 00 | 33, 74451 |  | 78310 | 21, 53200 | 24, 43126 | 84,990 87 |
| Fourth California | 3, 09375 | 21,784 75 | 1,280 00 | 35659 | 5,569 00 | 7, 67629 | 39,760 38 |
| Total | 7,593 75 | 55,529 26 | 1, 28000 | 1,139 69 | 27, 10100 | 32, 10755 | 124, 75125 |
| Colorado (old) | $33728$ | $1,389 \quad 10$ | 13455 |  |  |  | 1,86093 |
| Colurado (new) | 2,633 19 | 12,694 40 | 96545 | 13308 |  | 1,682 79 | 18, 10891 |
| Total | 2,970 47 | 14,083 50 | 1, 10000 | 13308 |  | 1,682 79 | 19,969 84 |
| First Connecticut | 48438 | 1, 42285 | 3334 | 300 | 42400 |  | 2,367 57 |
| Second Connecticut | 50540 | 1, 36420 | 5235 | 2078 |  |  | 1,94273 |
| Connecticut | 2, 910 40 | 13, 171. 41 | 37500 | 22580 | 2,080 00 | 4,618 45 | 23,381 06 |
| Total | 3,900 18 | 15,958 46 | 46069 | 24958 | 2,504 00 | 4, 61845 | 27,69136 |
| Dakota. | 37356 | 1, 07515 | 6451 | 4014 |  |  | 1,55336 |
| Delaware | 2,875 00 | 9, 08175 | 28695 | 7894 |  | 1,648.05 | 13,970 69 |
| Florida | 3,000 00 | 10,277 85 | 58805 | 6385 |  |  | 13, 92975 |
| Second Geor | 31415 | 2, 65679 | 1003 |  | 3,222 00 |  | 6,20297 |
| Tbird Georg | -226 23 | 1,474 50 |  |  | 9300 |  | 1,79373 |
| Georgia.... | 3,035 67 | 35,965 74 | 8999 | 41730 | 39, 02900 | 9,11314 | 87, 65084 |
| Total | 3,576 05 | 40,097 03 | 10002 | 417.30 | 42,344 00 | 9, 11314 | 95, 64754 |
| Idaho | 32265 | 51631 | 4976 | 7120 | 10400 | 6241 | 1,126 33 |
| First Illinois | 4,500 00 | 24,866 68 |  | 15579 | 32, 39200 | 41, 22571 | 103, 14018 |
| Second Jllinois (old) .-. | 24220 | 41250 | 2733 |  | 10400 |  | 78603 |
| Second Illinois (new) | 2, 74730 | .8,665 76 | 37782 | 15475 | 1,148 00 | 61114 | 13,704 77 |
| Third Illinois. | 18950 | 42846 | 4330 | 800 |  |  | -669 26 |
| Fourtb Illinois | 3,500 00 | 11,81897 | 56270 | 5079 | 4, 50400 | 3, 08783 | $23,52429$. |
| Fit'th Illinois | 4,500 00 | 15,387 93 | 1,275 00 | 26575 | 53,88600 | 52, 26905 | 127, 58373 |
| Soventh Illinois | 35800 | 45680 | 2000 | 1270 |  |  | 84750 |
| Eigbth Illinois (old) | 69500 | 1,790 60 |  |  | 1,238 00 |  | 3,723 60 |
| Elghth Illinois (new) . . | 3,715 70 | 10,891 93 |  | 22545 | 5,372 00 | 5,156 32 | 25,361 40 |
| Thirteenth Illinois | 3,500 00 | 14, 24585 |  | 17524 | 3,852 00 | 3,426 66 | 25, 19975 |
| Total | 23,947 70 | 88,965 48 | 2,306 15 | 1,048 47 | 102,392 00 | 105, 77671 | 324, 54051 |
| First Indiana. | 24220 | 53800 |  | 500 | 28600 |  | 1,071 20 |
| Fourth Indiana | 37910 | 59810 | 2683 | 400 | 1,494 00 |  | 2,49603 |
| Sixth Indiana (old). | 24220 | 45480 |  | 400 | 28600 |  | 98700 |
| Sixth Indiana (nev) ... | 4, 12090 | 10,609 08 | 21042 | 39120 | 29, 480.00 | 19,859 91 | 64, 67151 |
| Serenth Indiana (old). | 37910 | 64350 | 5240 |  | 56000 |  | 1,635 00 |
| Serenth Indiana (new) | 4, 12090 | 11, 65006 | 62098 | 18757 | 9,137 00 | 11, 91642 | 37,632 93 |
| Tenth Iudianta . | 26390 | 503. 41 | 1505 | 2478 |  |  | 80714 |
| Eleventh Indiana (old). | 226 23 | -38267 | 997 | 625 | 3600 |  | 66112 |
| Elerenth Indiana (new) | 2,698 32 | 8,752 64 | 27065 | 18541 | 2,338.00 | 2,25914 | 16,504 16 |
| Total | 12,672 85 | 34,132 26 | 1, 20030 | 80821 | 43, 61700 | 34, 03547 | 126, 46609 |
| Second Iowa (old) | 373 31 | 629 11.276 | 5096 |  |  |  | 1, 05366 |
| Secund Iowa (new) | 3,888 54 | 11, 27643 | 32403 | 19459 | 9,256 00 | 8,925 45 | 33, 86504 |
| Third Iowa..... | 2,875 00 | 8, 93197 |  | 20928 |  | 93796 | 12,954 21 |
| Fourth Iowa (old) | 35666 | 79927 | 4279 |  |  |  | 1, 19872 |
| Fonrth Iowa (new) | 2, 16032 | 5,094 57 | 32373 | 12218 |  | 1,74786 | 9, 44866 |
| Fifth Lowa (old) | 61144 | 1, 33349 |  |  | 76800 |  | 2, 71293 |
| Total. | 10,265 60 | 28,064 79 | 74151 | 52605 | 10,024 00 | 11, 61127 | 61, 23322 |
| Kansas | 2,750 00 | 12,534 25 | 50000 | 9751 | 2,416 00 | 40035 | 18,698 11 |

Mi.-INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-Con't'd.

| District. | Expenses of collector's office. |  |  |  | Compensation of storekeepers. | Compensation of gaugers. | Total ${ }^{-}$ expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salary of collector. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depnties } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { clerks. } \end{aligned}$ | Rent, fuel, and lights. | Station. ery, and other expenses. |  |  |  |
| Second Kentucky | \$4, 50000 | \$18, 70029 | \$840 00 | \$243 28 | \$65, 16100 | \$21, 80518 | \$111,249 75 |
| Fifth Keutucky | 4,500 00 | 31,768 77 | 30000 | 90334 | 207, 65900 | ${ }^{-68,821} 04$ | 313,952 15 |
| Sixth Kentucky | 4,500 00 | 14, 826 37 |  | 26777 | 55,638 00 | 33, 75386 | 108, 98600 |
| Seventh Kentucky (old) | 45247 | 1.38764 | 7529 |  | 6, 77200 | - | 8,687 40 |
| Seventh Kentracy (new) | 4, 04756 | 17, 79445 | 54521. | 26764 | 67, 79600 | 20,439 45 | 110, 82031 |
| Eighth Kentucky (old) | 32677 | 86139 | 4546 |  | 3,54400 |  | 4,777 62 |
| Eighth Kentucky (new) | 3,935 12 | 11, 79568 | 40454 | 54943 | 58, 08200 | 8,455 67 | 83, 22244 |
| Ninth Kentucky ....... <br> Total | 27650 | 54429 | 3611 |  | 1,001 00 |  | 1,857 90 |
|  | 22,538 42 | 97, 60888 | 2,246 61 | 2,23146 | 465, 65300 | 153, 27520 | 743, 55357 |
| Lonisiana | 3,875 00 | 29, 19417 |  | 17884 |  | 7,193 21 | 40, 44122 |
|  | 2,500 00 | 6,68720 |  | 4536 |  |  | 9, 23256 |
| Third Maryland (old) | 37910 | 77280 | $43^{\circ} 10$ |  | 1,592 00 |  | 4,78600 |
| Fourth Maryland (old) | 23166 | 64598 | 2110 | 23 | 1,046 00 |  | 1,947 99 |
| Maryland .............. | 4, 12090 | 35, 82250 | 64110 | 21318 | 30,341 00 | 30, 88471 | 102, 02339 |
|  | 4,731 66 | 39, 24128 | 70430 | 21643 | 32,979 00 | 30,884 71 | 108,757 38 |
| Third Massacbusetts (old) | 37910 | 1,490 80 |  |  | 49600 |  | 2,365 90 |
| Third Massachusetts (new) | 12 | 23, 72418 |  |  | , 17200 |  |  |
| Fifth Massachusetts | , 33700 | 1,006 40 | 4210 | 1000 | 86800 |  | 2, 26350 |
| Tenth Massachusetts.. | 3,125 00 | 7,968 10 | 43002 | 17411 | 2, 72000 | 1,954 78 | 16,37201 |
|  | 7,962 00 | 34, 18948 | 47212 | 44135 | 20,256 00 | 20,394 05 | 83,715 60 |
| First Mioligan (old) .. | 42731 4047 | 11.151 12 | 11063 |  |  |  | 1,689 06 |
| First Michigan (new) - | 4,04756 | 19, 29558 | 98937 | 25164 |  | 2,426 27 | 26, 94042 |
| Chird Michigan. | 27644 | 58408 | 2508 | 2680 |  |  | 91240 |
| Fourth Michigan (old) | 27650 | 40000 |  |  |  |  | 67650 |
| Fourth Michigan (new) Sixth Michigan (old) <br> Total. | 2,585 98 | 6, 10481 |  | 11779 |  | 89896 | 9,637 54 |
|  | 28906 | 59922 | 3270 | 5435 |  |  | 97533 |
|  | 7,902 85 | 28,064 81 | 1,157 78 | 45058 |  | 3, 25523 | 40,831 25 |
| First Minnesota (old). | 25136 | 62135 | 1456 | 1000 |  |  | 89727 |
| Second Minnesota (old) <br> Minnesota | 33933 | 93011 |  |  |  |  | 1,269 44 |
|  | 3,260 63 | 13, 86785 |  | 25950 |  | 2, 80498 | 20,19296 |
|  | 3,851 32 | 15, 41931 | 1456 | 26950 |  | 2,804 98 | 22, 35967 |
| Mississippi ............. | 2,750 00 | 16,989 40 | 48000 | 14904 |  | 14203 | 20,510 47 |
| First Missouri (old) | 37910 | 1,89180 | 17730 | 8.55 | 1,120 00 |  | 3.576 75 |
| First Missouri (new) | 4,120 90 | 24,97660 | 1,395 65 | 48377 | 15, 06500 | 28,391 52 | 74, 43344 |
| . Second Missouri (old) | 20007 | 42705 | 1520 | 2942 | 12500 |  | 79674 |
| Fonrth Missouri | 3, 00000 | 7, 613 70 | 40000 | 10131 | 93900 | 12010 | 12, 25411 |
| Fifth Missouri (old) | 23877 | 65122 | 2989 | 570 | 31200 |  | 1, 23758 |
| Sixth Missouri (old)... | 45248 | 1,015 70 | 10552 |  | 1,158 00 |  | 2,73170 |
| Sixth Missouri (new).. <br> Tota] | 4,047 51 | 14,934 35 | 94448 | 23845 | 16,435 00 | 8; 81441 | 45,41420 |
|  | 12,438 83 | 51,590 42 | 3,068 04 | 86720 | 35, 154 00 | 37, 32603 | 140,444 52 |
| Montana (old). <br> Montana (new) | 33968 | 1,003 90 | 5410 |  |  |  | 1,39768 |
|  | 3,024 53 | 12,849 97 | 90723 | 36428 | 1,028 00 | 1,197 77 | 19,371 78 |
| - Total | 3,304 21 | 13, 85387 | 96133 | 36428 | 1,028 00 | 1,197 77 | 20,769 46 |
| Nebraska (old) <br> Nebraska (new) | 61144 | 1,100 52 |  |  | 57600 |  |  |
|  | 3,888 54 | 12,868 71 |  | 20657 | 6, 02000 | 6,761 10 | 29,744 92 |
| -Total............ | 4. 499.98 | 13,969 23 |  | 20657 | 6, 59600 | 6,761 10 | 32, 03288 |
| Nevada | 56250 | 91875 | 7780 | 1506 |  |  | 1,574 11 |
| New Hampshire <br> First New Jersey <br> Third New Jersey.... <br> Fifth New Jersey. | 3,375 00 | 5,300 00 |  | 9418 | 1,464 00 | 1, 08969 | 11, 31587 |
|  | 2,750 00 | 8,00000 | 50000 | 9790 | $\cdots$ | 1, 27577 | 12,623 67 |
|  | 3,625 00 | 9, 50000 | 43000 | 7755 | 3,692 00 | 3, 66354 | 20,988 09 |
|  | 4,500 00 | 21,500 00 |  | 18657 |  | 2,201 45 | 28,388 02 |
| Total | 10,875 00 | 39, 00000 | 93000 | 36202 | 3,692 00 | 7,140 76 | 61,999 78 |

$5022 \mathrm{~F}-25$
MI.-INTERNAL-RETENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year cuded June 30, 1884-Cout'd.

| District. | Expenses of collectov's office. |  |  |  | Compensation of storekeep. ers. | Compensation of gaugers. | Total expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salary of collector. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deputies } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { elerks. } \end{aligned}$ | Rent, fuel, and lights. | Stationery, and other expenses. |  |  |  |
| New Mexico (old). <br> New Mexico (new) | \$425 | \$825 00 | \$125 14 | \$1800 |  |  | \$1,394 10 |
|  | 2,256 79 | 6,790 76 | 57459 | 31986 |  | \$343 69 | 10,285 60 |
| Total | 2,682 75 | 7,61576 | 69973 | 33786 |  | 34369 | 11,679 70 |
| First New York........ | 4,500 00 | 33, 58570 | 4,150 00 | 31402 | 7,136 00 | 13,290 93 | 62, 926 65 |
| Second Now York.... | 4,500 00 | 28,409 86 |  | 19545 |  | 24,313 66 | 57,41897 |
| Third New York | 4,500 00 | 38, 28706 | 3, 750 00 | 38483 |  | 4,529 17 | 51,45106 |
| Eleventh New York | 23160 | 58952 | 2950 |  |  |  | 85062 |
| Twelfth New York. | 31590 | 1,94159 | 4210 | 6250 |  |  | 1,462 09 |
| Fourteenth Now York (old) | 29480 | 79389 | 5150 |  |  |  | 1,140 18 |
| -Fonrteenth New York (new) | 3,548 60. | 14,214 53 | 210.25 | 46545 |  | 4,367 35 | $22,806 \quad 18$ |
| Fifteenth Now York (old) | 26320 | 44148 | 4630 |  |  |  | 75098 |
| Fifteenth New York (new) | 3, 77750 | 13,063 09 | 54950 | 12718 |  | 87092 | 18,388 10 |
| Twenty-first New Yorlc (old). | 20380 | 38782 |  |  |  |  | 59162 |
| Twenty-first Now York (uew) | 4,089 72 | 18,965 02 | 56088 | 37233 | 1,748 00 | 4,852 78 | 30,588 73 |
| Twenty-fourth New York | 25272 | 53207 | 4828 | 428 |  |  | 83735 |
| Twenty-sixth New York............. | 19503 | 41963 | 2120 | 1558 |  |  | 65206 |
| Twenty-eigth Now York (old) | 40222 | 1, 25169 | 13572 | 898 |  |  | 1,798 61 |
| Twenty eighth New York (new) | 4, 04751 | 23, 23131 | 1,264 31 | 39474 | , 30400 | 13,773 84 | 50, 01571 |
| Thirtieth New Yor | $452 \cdot 47$ | 1,48781 |  |  | 57600 |  | 2,516 28 |
| Tota | 31,575 69 | 176, 652 07 | 10,859 54 | 2,345 34 | 16,764 00 | 65, 99865 | 304, 19529 |
| Second North Carolina | 26087 | 68871 | 1250 | 507 |  |  | 96715 |
| Fonrth North Carolina (old) | 19022 | 1,271 01 |  | 180 |  |  | 1,463 03 |
| Fourth North Carolina (new) | 3,428 05 | 31, 05672 | 1 | 57076 | 9,539 00 | 4,872 44 | 49,466 97. |
| Fifth North Carolina (old) | 224 18 | 1,04886 | 3804 |  | 7200 |  | 1,383 08 |
| Fifth North Carolina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sixth North Carolina | 3,62500 | 35, 64877 | 71000 | 85336 | 162, $664 \cup 0$ | 15,096 41 | 218,597 54 |
| Tot | 11,510 93 | 96,61364 | 1,481 06 | 1,849.41 | 220, 75100 | 26, 90365 | 359, 10969 |
| First Olic | 4,500 00 | 27,062 57 | 2,557 1.2 | 47394 | 48,668 00 | 78,638 45 | 161, 90008 |
| Third Obio | 34750 | 1, 04671 | 8900 | 3850 | 24800 |  | 1,769 71 |
| Fourth Ohio | 21060 | - 45895 | 1755 | 1200 | 15600 |  | 85510 |
| Sixth Ohio (old) | 23166 | 37910 | 1250 |  | 41600 |  | 1, 03926 |
| Sixth Ohio (uew) | 4,12090 | 12, 68980 | 97420 | 15033 | 7,228 00 | 4,461 80 | 29,625 03 |
| Seventh OLio (old)..... | 21195 | 52501 | 6700 | 275 |  |  | 80671 |
| Teuth Ohio (old) | 32640 | 1, 04450 | 7353 | 280 | 39000 |  | 1,83723 |
| Tenth Ohio (new) | 3,548 60 | 15, 57133 | 82907 | 24518 | 5,959 00 | 3,709 51 | 29, 862 69 |
| Eleventh Ohio (old) | 20380 | 48019 | 1957 |  |  |  | 70356 |
| Eleventh Ohio (new) | 4,206 50 | $12,277 \mathrm{gg}$ | 54541 | 12055 | 8, 08100 | 6, 32630 | 31,557 65 |
| Fifteenth Ohio, old | 22110 | 37600 | 1278 | 910 | 26000 |  | - 87898 |
| Eighteenth Ohio (old) | 32640 | 17,327 10 | 6890 |  | 49400 |  | 2,216 40 |
| , Eighteenth Ohio (new) | 3,777 50 | 17, 27017 | 79: 73 | 29948 | 7,71200 | 2,825 61 | 32,677 49 |
| Total | 22, 23291 | 90,509 32 | 6,059 36 | 1,354 63 | 79,612 00 | 95, 96167 | 295,72989 |
| Oregon (old) | . 42120 | 95868 8 |  |  | 21200 |  | 1,59188 |
| Oregon (new) | 2,390 60 | 8, 42570 |  | 15896 | 1,040,00 | 1,225 94 | 13,241 20 |
| Tote | 2,81180 | 9,384 38 |  | 15896 | 1,25200 | 1,225 94 | 14,833 08 |
| First Pennsylvania (old) | 55030 | 4, 24301 |  | 570 | 33200 |  | 5, 13101 |
| First (new) Pennsylvania | 3,94968 | 38, 25496 | 7500 | 45164 | 8,326 00 | 44,696 63 | 95, 75391 |
| Eightb Pennsyl ravia.. | 44327 | 1,436 72 | 35043 | 3825 | 8, 41600 | 44,690 63 | 2,684 67 |
|  | 51970 | 1,74892 | 8857 |  | 93600 |  | 3,293 19 |

1I.-INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ended June 30, 1884-Cont’d.

| District. | Expenses of collector's office. |  |  |  | Compensation of storeke pers. | Compensation of gaugers. | Total expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salary of collector. | Deputies and clerks. | Rent, fuel, and lights. | Stationery, and other expenses. |  |  |  |
| Ninth Pennsylvania (new) | \$3,949 68 | \$19,88882 | \$653 62 | \$354 57 | \$23, 02200 | \$2,630 18 | 0,50487 |
| Twelfth Pennsylvania (old) | 39742 | 1,736 10 | 6875 | 153 | 23400 |  | 2,43780 |
| Twelfth Pennsylvania (new) | 3,072 00 | 15, 51801 | 53428 | 35451 | 10,822 00 | 4,421 26 | 34,722 06 |
| Fourtoenth Pennsylvania (old) | 36685 | 88007 | 4956 | 3235 | 1, 03400 | , 221 | 2,368 83 |
| Sixteenth Pennsylva. nia (old) | 36685 | 1,024 93 | 3061 | 1550 | 1,395 00 |  | 2,832 89 |
| Nineteenth Pennsylvania (old). | 21060 | 42540 |  |  | 1,305 00 |  | 636.00 |
| Nineteenth Pennsylvania (new) | 2,518 40 | 8,762 27 |  | 9809 | 2,296 00 | 33211 | 14,006 87 |
| Twentieth Pennsylva. nia (old). | 20007 | 41195 | 842 | 5400 | 20800 |  | 88244 |
| Twenty-second Pennsylvania (old) ....... | 55030 | 2,273 17 | 13455 |  | 3,460 00 |  | 6,418 02 |
| Twents-second Pennsylvania (new) ...... | 3,94970 | 17,704 67 | 1, 11845 | 40146 | 50, 11900 | 16,321 76 | 89, 61504 |
| Twenty-third Pennsyl- vania (old) | 50441 | 1,393 92 | 7583 | 160 | 69600 |  | 2,671 76 |
| Twenty-third Pennsylvania (new) | 3, 94970 | 12,526 58 | 63842 | 17255 | 9,760 00 | 6, 00287 | 33, 05012 |
| Total | 25,49893 | 128, 23550 | 3, 82649 | 1,981 75 | 113,056 00 | 74,410 81 | 347, 00948 |
| Rhode Islan | 2,750 00 | 6,700 00 |  | 8687 |  | 80428 | 10,341 15 |
| South Carolina | 3, 25000 | 19,316 23 |  | 20401 | 16,349 00 | 1,361 73 | 40,480 97 |
| Second Tennessee (old). | 28530 | 1,391 66 |  |  | 1,159 00 |  | 2,885 96 |
| Second Tenuesser (new) .................. | 2,339 73 | 11, 77365 |  | 48707 | 13,516 00 | 4,759 45 | 32, 87590 |
| Fitth Tennessee (old) | 46194 | 2, 09678 |  |  | 5, 72800 |  | 8,286 72 |
| Fifth Tennessee (new) | 4, 01082 | 20,24787 | 2392 | 39677 | 59,13500 | 12, 09655 | 95,910 93 |
| Eighth Tennessee (old). | 24452 | 63796 | 4348 |  | 15600 |  | 1,081 96 |
| Total | 7,342 31 | 26, 14792 | 6740 | 88384 | 79, 69400 | 16, 85600 | 140,99147 |
| First Texas | 2,750 00 | 9,625 00 | 88225 | 10643 |  | 2, 34286 | 15, $706{ }^{\prime} 54$ |
| Third Texas | 2,500 00 | 10,667 07 |  | 9982 | C,713 00 | 15007 | 15, 12996 |
| Fourth Texas | 2,625 00 | 11,192 94 | 44825 | 12524 | 2,921 00 | 27073 | 17,58316 |
| 'Total | 7, 87500 | 31,485 01 | 1,330 50 | 33149 | 4,634 $00^{\circ}$ | 2,763 66 | 48,419 66 |
| Utah | 32269 | 44057 | 5000 | 2805 |  | 8276 | 92407 |
| Vermout | 2, 25000 | 4,260 00 | 19277 | 3925 |  |  | 6,74202 |
| Second Virginia (old). | 39742 | 2, 27432 |  |  |  |  | 2, 67174 |
| Second Virginia (\%ew) | 3,949 68 | 32,868 78 |  | 33863 |  | 11,48152 | 48, 63861 |
| Third Virginia (old)... | 57475 | 2,139 85 |  |  | 7800 |  | 2, 79260 |
| Fourth Virginia (old).. | 50441 | '1,980 38 |  | 2526 |  |  | 2, 51005 |
| Fourth Virginia (new). | 3,51087 | 21, 87093 | 7191 | 48848 | 5,201 00 | 3,945 10 | 35, 08829 |
| Fifth Virginia (old) ... | 50442 | 2,733 11 | 12251 | 1320 | 42200 |  | 3,795 24 |
| Sixth Virginia (old)... | 36683 | 1,394 33 | 3790 | 4890 | 2,165 00 |  | 4,012 96 |
| Sixth Virginia (new) .. | 3, 62058 | 20,75171 | 1,345 05 | 41455 | 23, 80500 | 6,627 32 | 56,56421 |
| Total | 13,428 96 | 86, 01341 | 1, 57737 | 1, 32902 | 31,67100 | 22, 05394 | 156, 073 , 70 |
| Wrshingt | 37900 | 65740 | 3360 | 5066 |  |  | 1,120 66 |
| First West Virginia (old) | 26324 | 85940 | 1683 |  |  |  | 1,139 47 |
| Second West Virginia (old) | 24220 | 50930 | 1890 | 50 | 31700 |  | 1,087 90 |
| West Virginia | 3,434 10 | 14,416 12 | 20177 | 21656 | 5,51600 | 6,366 38 | 30,150 93 |
| Total | 3,939 54 | 15,784 82 | 237. 50 | 21706 | 5,833 00, | 6,366 38 | 32, 37830 |

M.-INTERNAL-REVENUE EXPENSES for fiscal year ended June' 30, 1884—Cont'd.

| District. | Expenses of collector's office. |  |  |  | Compensation of storokeep. ers. | Compensation of gaugers. | Total expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salary of collector. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depaties } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { clerks. } \end{gathered}$ | Rent, fuel, and lights. | Stationery, and other expenses. |  |  |  |
| First Wisconsin. | \$4, 50000 | \$11, 15736 |  | \$229 04 | \$15, 10800 | \$10, 83924 | \$41, 83364 |
| Second Wisconsin. | 2,750 00 | 5,694 15 |  | 13304 |  | 46930 | 9, 04649 |
| Third Wisconsin | 3, 00000 | 8, 58180 | \$490 00 | 11856 | 1,479 00 | 1,177 95 | 14,847 31 |
| Sixth Wisconsin | 2,875 00 | 5,807 97 | 29625 | 4013 |  |  | 9, 01935 |
| Total. | 13, 12500 | 31,241 28 | 78625 | 52077 | 16,587 00 | 12,486 49 | 74,746 78 |
| W yoming .............. | 24457 | 34472 | 4281 | 1250 |  |  | 64460 |

1
REPORT OF THE SIXTH AODITOR.

## REPORT

OF THIS

## AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY FOR THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Uffice of the a uditor of the Treasury
for the Posi'Office Department,
Washington, D. C., November $13,1884$.
SIR: I have the houor to submit the report of the business operations of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

The annual report to the Postmaster-General exbibits in detail the financial transactions of the Post-Office Department during the last fiscal year.

The following is a summary* of the principal labors of this office during the last tiscal year, viz:

ACCOUNT'S SUBMITTED for SUIT during the fiscal year ended June $30,18 s \dot{4}$.

| , | Third quarler, 1883. |  | Fourth quar. ter, 1883. |  | First quar. ter, 1884. |  | Second guarter, 1 le84. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Amount. | No. | Amoun't. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. |
| Postal | 1 | \$174 33 | 4 | \$17, 76728 | 14 | \$5,098 69 | 5 | \$4, 01054 | 24 | \$27, 05084 |
| Money-order |  |  | 3 | 42663 | 5 | 1,952 24 | 1 | 13715 | 9 | '2,516 02 |
| Failing bidder |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 8, 00000 | 1 | 8,000 00 |
| Failing contractor. |  |  | 1 | 50220 |  |  | 5 | 13, 60000 | 6 | 14, 102.20 |
|  | 1 | 17433 | 8 | 18,696 11 | 19 | 7,050 93 | 12 | 25,74769 | 40 | 51, 66906 |

AMOUNT COLLECTED in SUIT CASES during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.


[^39]AUMBER of GENERAJ POSTAL ACCOUNTS of POSTMASTERS, the INCREASE in the NÜMBER, and the CLASSIFICATION of the OFFTCES, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| States and Territories. | First, second, and third class offices. |  |  |  | Fourth <br> class oftices. |  |  | First, sec. ond, and third-class otlices. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fourth-class offices paying } \\ & \text { railway postal clerks. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 守 } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | Depositing. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama |  | 2 | 21 | 23 | 1,363 | 1, 386 | 67 | 2 | 4 |  |
| Alaska ' 'erritory |  |  |  |  | 0 | 6 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Arizona 'Territory |  |  | 5 | 5 | 132 | , 137 | 7 |  | 1 |  |
| Arkansas. |  | 1 | 18 | 19 | 1, 077 | 1, 096 | 78 | 1 | 5 |  |
| Califoruia. | 1. |  | 57 | 58 | -933 | 1,991 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
| Colorado. |  | 1 | 33 | 34 | 472 | 506 | 20 | 2 | 5 |  |
| Connecticut |  | 2 | 54 | 56 | 409 | 465 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 2 |
| Dakote Torritory |  | 1 | 32 | 33 | 795 | 828 | 106 |  | 5 | 3 |
| Delaware. |  |  | 7 | 7 | 116 | 123 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 1. |  |  | 1 | 5 | 6 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Florida. |  | 1 | 13 | 14 | 502 | 516 | 77 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Georgia |  | 2 | 28 | 30 | 1, 311 | 1,341 | . 48 | 4 | 11 | 4 |
| Idalo Territory |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | , 166 | 170 | 27 |  |  |  |
| Illinois . .... .. | 1. | 2 | 191 | 194 | 1,983 | 2,177 | 67 | 7 | 30 | 2 |
| Indiana.... |  | 4 | 89 | 93 | 1, 756 | 1,849 | 62 | 7 | 13 | 7 |
| India n Territory |  |  |  |  | 136 | 136 | 13 |  |  |  |
| Iowaj: |  | 5 | 125 | 130 | 1,487 | 1,617 | 39 | 8 | 26 | 7 |
| Kans ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 1 | 86 | 87 | 1,517 | 1,604 | 39 | 3 | 16 |  |
| Kent oky |  | 2 | 38 | 40 | 1,616 | 1,656 | 61 | 3 | 7 |  |
| Louisana. | 1 |  | 14 | 15 | - 545 | - 580 | 49 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Main |  | 3 | 35 | 38 | 957 | 995 | 18 | 4 | 10 |  |
| Maryaud | 1 |  | 18 | 19 | 812 | 831 | 32 | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 2 | 117 | 120 | 668 | 783 | 9 | 14 | 7 |  |
| Michigan |  | 5 | 118 | 123 | 1,490 | 1,613 | 84 | 7 | 16 | 1 |
| Minnesta |  | 2 | 52 | 54 | 1, 043 | 1,097 | 47 | 2 | 13 | 2 |
| Miss $\mathrm{mipp}^{\text {a }}$ |  | 1 | 1 23 | 24 | 840. | 864 | 53 |  | 6 |  |
| Missou ri. | 1 |  | 81 | 82 | 1,892 | 1,974 | 60 | - 4 | 16 | 1 |
| Mouti na Territory |  | 1 | 11 | 12 | 187 | - 199 | * 1 |  | 2 |  |
| Nebraska. |  | 1 | 45 | 46 | 884 | 930 | 55 | 2 | 7 |  |
| Nevada. |  |  | 10 | 10 | 134 | 144 | 5 |  | 2 |  |
| New Hampshire |  | 2 | 31 | 33 | 468 | 501 | 11 | 2 | 5 |  |
| New Jersey . |  | 1 | 61 | 62 | 684 | 746 | 23 | 7 | 5 | 1 |
| New Mexico Territory. |  | 1 | 6 | 7 | 165 | 172 | + 3 |  | 1 |  |
| New York | 2 | 10 | 216 | 228 | 2,904 | 3,132 | 50 | 15 | 39 | 1 |
| North Carolina |  | 1 | 23 | 24 | 1,784 | 1,808 | 110 | 1 | 7 |  |
| Obio | 1 | 4 | 134 | 139 | 2,573 | 2,712 | 91 | 12 | 20 |  |
| Oregon |  | 1 | 12 | 13 | 435 | + 448 | 37 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Pennsylvania | 1 | 6 | 160 | 167 | 3,651 | 3,818 | 73 | 15 | 38 | 1 |
| Rhode Island |  | 1 | 10 | 11 | - 114 | 125 | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |
| South Carolina |  | 1 | 18 | 19 | 776 | 795 | 22 | 1 | 7 |  |
| Tenuessee |  | 3 | 25 | 28 | 1,785 | 1,813 | 66 | 4 | 10 | 7 |
| Texas |  | 2 | 75 | 77 | 1,530 | 1,607 | 142 | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| Utab T'erritory |  | 1 | 5 |  | - 234 | . 240 | 15 |  | 2 |  |
| Vermont...... |  | 4 | 23 | 27 | 484 | 511 | 2 | 1 | 7 |  |
| Virginia |  | 1 | 29 | 30 | 1,953 | 1,983 | 79 | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| Washington Territory |  | 1 | 10 | 11 | $\checkmark 320$ | 331 | 35 |  | 2 | 1 |
| West Virginia. |  | 1 | 14 | 15 | 1,101 | 1,116 | 72 | 1 | 6 |  |
| Wisconsin. |  | 2 | 83 | 85 | 1,375 | 1, 460 | 30 | 4 | 19 |  |
| W yoming Territory ... |  |  | 3 | 4 | - 94 | 1, 98 | 4 |  |  |  |
| Total | 11 | 84 | 2, 262 | 2, 357 | 47,679 | 50,036 |  | 159 | 423 | 54 |
| Increase |  |  | 213 | 213 | 1,799 | 2, 012 |  | 4 | * 9 | 16 |

* Decrease.


## NUMBER of CHANGES of POST-OFFICES and POSTMASTURS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Offices established and re-established | 3,121 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Offices discontinued | 1,109 |
| New bonds given by postmasters | 1,895 |
| Miscellaneous changes. | 7,507 |
| Total | 13,632 |
| Decrease | 3,862 |
| Accounts of late postmasters adjuster during the year | 12,781 |
| Balances due on late postmasters' accounts when finally stated | \$47, 09083 |
| Accounts of late postmasters unadjusted at close of fiscal year. | 9,678 |
| Decrease in number of late acconnts. | 1,099 |

BALANCES DUE the UNITED STATES for the payment of which special instructions were issued to postmasters during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Quarter ended- | Presidential. |  | Fourth class. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of cases. | Amonnt. | No. of $\text { cas } \in 8$ | Amount. | No. of cases. | Amount. |
| September 30, 1883 | 1,966 | \$53, 52226 | 862 | \$20, 82051 | 2, 828 | \$74, 34277 |
| December 31, 1883 | 2, 655 | 92, 70479 | 1,024 | 20, 82206 | 3, 679 | 113,526 85 |
| March 31. 1884 | 2, 307 | 99, 21131 | 1,345 | 30,777 41 | 3,652 | 129,928 72 |
| Jane 30, 1884 | 2, 278 | 72, 69486 | 2, 064 | 47, 15728 | 4,342 | 119, 25214 |
| Total | 9, 206. | 317, 53322 | 5, 295 | 119, 57726 | 14,501 | 437, 11048 |
| In: ${ }^{\text {ease }}$ | 1,777 | * 20,07472 | ${ }^{4} 4$ | *44, 42379 | 1,730 | *64, 4985 |

*Decrease.

## BALANCES RECEIVED by the UNITED STATES on SETTLEMENT of POSTAL ACCOUNTS with FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Great Britan
$\$ 96,01967$



Barbadoes ........................................ ....................................... 79 . 78
Queensland ...................................................................................... 19 . 196
The Netherlands . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 553
New South Wales .......................................................................... 23286
Victoria ....... ....... ............................ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ..... . . 14690


Hong-Kong. ...................................................................................... 11530
Total amount received
98,09096

## BALANCES PAID FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS on the SETTLEMENT of POSTAL ACCOUNTS.

Belgium
\$11,698 84
Denuark 8,506 26
$S$ weden 2,317 50
St. Thomas 18396
Switzerland ............................................................................... . . . . . 6619
Internatioual Burean 66910
Total amount paid
23, 44185

WEIGHT of FOREIGN MAILS sent during the fiscal year 1884.

| Conntries. | Letters. | Papers. | Countries. | Letters. | Papers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grams. | Grams. | 1 | Grams. | Orams. |
| England | 89, 834, 958 | 404, 969, 500 | Peria | 628, 175 | 10, 014,678 |
| Germany | 52, 251, 184 | 171,069, 632 | Verseznela | 402, 320 | 3, 849, 460 |
| France . | 12, 452, 262 | 57, 973, 568 | New Fonndiand..... | 397, 595 | 3, 921, 109 |
| Ttaly | 8, 203, 115 | 24, 492, 337 | Hayti | 252, 480 | 2,940, 878 |
| Belgiam | 1,854, 210 | 10, 452,346 | St. Thomas | 242, 475 | 2,656,845 |
| Denmark | 3,353, 302 | 6, 292, 632 | Honduras. | 302,560 | 2, 601, 672 |
| Netherlauds | 2, 636, 128 | 8,566, 646 | Guatemala | 328, 527 | 4, 765, 509 |
| Switzerland | 4, 189, 608 | 18, $37 \%, 485$ | Salvador | 198, 726 | 2, 490,918 |
| Spain | 1,311,713 | 8, 628, 565 | Ecuador | 196, 298 | 2, 072.960 |
| Portagal | 754, 887 | 2,376, 182 | Curaçoa | 206,460 | 912, 404 |
| Swerlen | 12, 271, 873 | 30, 091, 359 | Babamas | 200,370 | 2, 110,743 |
| Norway | 6,601, 965 | 10, 620, 908 | St. Domingo | 154, 560 | 2, 254, 488 |
| Anstria | $6,415,177$ | 15, 743, 014 | Nicaragua | 197, 214 | 2, 397, 858 |
| Turkey | 414,684 | 4.817, 172 | A rirentive Republic. | 263, 806 | 4, 362, 566 |
| Russia | 3,389, 051 | 6.055, 466 | Manila .... . . . . . . . | 51, 886 | 332,325 |
| Cuba. | 3,772, 876 | 26,739, 869 | Costa Rica | 131,701 | 2, 257,241 |
| Porto Rico | 371, 160 | 3, 887, 856 | St. Pierre and Mi. |  |  |
| Mexico.. | 3, 313,481 | 42, 217, 381 | quelon | 44, 095 | 354,394 |
| Hawaiian Islands | 1, 073, 714 | 10,979,961 | Traiti . | 65, 175 | 1, 046,067 |
| United States of Co- |  |  | Marquesas Islands .- | 1,795 | 59, 035 |
| lombia. | 1, 272, 463 | 13, 538, 041 | Turks Island ....... | 27, 970 | 158, 941 |
| Japan... | 1, 050, 614 | 12,334, 203 | Urugray. | 111,733 | 1, 600, 894 |
| Hong.Kong | 987, 027 | 4, 453, 269 | Paraguay | 2,385 | 22, 044 |
| Brazil..... | 856,591 | 8, 909, 850 | Java.. | 9,070 | 31, 332 |
| Shasgbai via Japan.. | 464, 342 | 6, 005, 053 | Singapore | 11,958 | 137, 129 |
| Berinuda. | 548,744 | 4, 854, 973 | N (\% Caledonia | 6,026 | 65,537 |
| Jamaica | 482, 425 | 5,219, 406 | Cochin-China | 2, 379 | 13,981 |
| Chili ................. | 645,604 | 9, 948, 188 |  |  |  |
| Windward Island.. . | 633,355 | 6, 684, 679 | Total ${ }^{\text {weight sent. }}$ | 225, 841, 232 | 989, 731,159 |

I invite sour attention to the necessity for an increase of the clerical force of this office.

Seven hundred and fifty-eight new money-order offices were established July 1, 1884, which added to the work the auditing of 39,416 weekly money-order statements and the monej-orders and postal notes pertaining thereto. This increase was not provided for in the estimate subinitted at the last sessiou of Congress. An addition of twenty-four clerks is needed for this purpose.

Postal notes have been found by experience to involve much more labor and time in auditing than money-orders-at least one-third moreand the number issued has greatly exceeded the expectations of the Department. Until the present year, no force has been provided for anditing them, and the portion of the present force which it is practicable to assign to the work is inadequate.

It is estimated that at the beginving of the next fiscal year four hundred additional money order offices will be created, which will add to the present labors of the office the auditing of 20,800 weekly statements, and the money-orders and postal notes accompanying them, and upon a proper basis of distribution of labor, will require an addition of twelve clerks to the force.

It has beeu found for the best interests of the service to employ upon the current work the force of ten clerks authorized for ascertaining the number and amount of unpaid money-orders, with a view to the destruction or other disposition of the accumulation of weekly money-order statements. It is desirable that this force be engaged upon the work which it was designed to perform, as it is becoming constantly more embarrassing to find space for the statements, rendered weekly, from all money-order offices, since the establishment of the system. This force, unless additional help is provided, cannot be withdrawn from the current work without allowing it to fall in arrears. With all possible effort it has been found impossible to keep the work of the money-
order branch up to the requirements of the office. A large number of the clerks are engaged at their duties before and after office hours, at night, and on holidays.

Before the annual reports of this office to the Secretary of the Treasury and to the Postmaster-General can be made, it is necessary that all accounts pertaining to the fiscal year for which the reports are made be fully audited, that the aggregate results of the transactions for the year may be reached: The reports for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, are necessarily delayed, for the reason that the present force of the money-order division has been found insufficient to adjust the accounts of that division. Until the accounts are closed, the revenue from the money-order business, which forms part of the postal revenues for the year, cannot be ascertained. Unless the force is increased, it will be exceedingly difficult, if not impossible, to furnish the annual reports to the Secretary of the Treasury and to the Postmaster-Géneral within the required time.

Through lack of clerical help it has been found impossible to make a report, quarterly, of the revenues of the money-order business, as is done with respect to other branches of the postal service, and as, in my opinion, is required by law. It is desirable that such reports should be made, and it is earnestly hoped that the necessary help may be provided.

It has been the custom of the office to record all official letters written, but the system has been abandoned, because of greater need, upon other current work, of the services of the clerks so engaged. The only record now preserved is that contained in the letter-press books, which, while conrenient and accessible, is hardly sufficiently permanent and enduring.

While the revenues of the Department have decreased by reason of the reduction in the rate of letter postage, the labor of auditing the accounts has not been diminished, but has been considerably increased by - reason of the added number of new post-offices, the increase in the number of inail routes, and the consequently auginented number of orders of the Post-Office Department, affecting the accounts of postmasters and contractors; the legislation requiring the payment of readjusted salaries, all of which affects and increases the work of the several divisions of the office.

During the fisral year ending June 30,1886 , this office will be required to prepare the material for the portion of the Biennial Register of the United States which pertains to the postal service-more than one-half of the Register. This service will require at least twelve clerks for three months.

Much inconvenience is experienced on account of the insufficient office accommodations allotted to this Burean, both in the Post-OfficeDepartment building and in the rented building opposite. The present force of the Money-Order Division is crowded to such an extent as to materially interfere with the proper conduct of its business, and it is a question of serious importance to find space for the rapidly increasing files of that division.

I urgently call your attention to the imperative necessity for additional office accommodations, and recommend the renting of some convenient and neighboring building for the purpose.

The system in use in this office for filing the quarterly accounts and general postal accounts of postmasters, and the various books, papers, and wouchers counected with the payments for transportation of the mails, is not sufficiently compact and convenient for their preservation, and to afford easy access for reference. It is therefore recommended
that Congress be requested to appropriate a sufficient sum for the purchase of necessary file-boxes and shelving, book-cases and file-cases to effect the needed improvement.

The magnitude of the work of this office is shown by the statement that during the last fiscal year it received 667,398 accounts, accompanied by over $12,000,000$ vouchers, involving $\$ 212,691,826.31$, each of which demanded close scrutiny by capable and experienced clerks to protect the revenues of the Department.

Very respectfully,

R. F. CROWELL,<br>Auditor.

Hon. Hugh MoCullogh,
Secretary of the Treasury.

8

## REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNHTED STATES.

$\square$

## REPORT.

## OF <br> THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

## Treasury of. the United States, Washington, D. C., November 1, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor respectfully to submit the following report, showing the operations of the Treasury of the United States for the fiscal year 1884 and its condition at the close of the year :

## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS.

The net revenue of the Government was less than that of 1883 by $\$ 49,767,712.03$, having been $\$ 348,519,869.92$, while in 1883 it amounted to $\$ 398,287,581.95$. The decrease in the receipts from customs was $\$ 19,639,007.17$; in the receipts from internal revenue, $\$ 23,134,296.47$, and in the receipts from miscellaneous sources, $\$ 8,849,248.98$. From the aggregate of these items should be deducted an increase of $\$ 1,854$, 840.59 in the receipts from sales of public lands, leaving the net reduction as stated above.

The net expenditures aggregated $\$ 244,126,244.33$, a decrease from the amount in 1883 of $\$ 21,281,893.21$. The surplus applicable to the reduction of the public debt amounted to $\$ 104,393,625.59$, a decrease of $\$ 28,485,818.82$ from that of the previous year. The items of expendithre showing a decrease are as follows: On account of War Department, $\$ 9,481,779.57$; on account of Interior Department, $\$ 11,469,936.63$; on account of interest on public debt, $\$ 4,581,752.77$. There was an increase of $\$ 2,242,411.49$ in the expenditures on account of civil and miscellaneous, and of $\$ 2,009,164.27$ in the expenditures on account of Navy Department.

The disbursing officers of the United States had to their credit on the books of the Treasury at the close of the year, $\$ 32,463,980.77$.

The receipts on account of the Post-Office Department amounted to $\$ 43,822,485.82$, a decrease of $\$ 2,223,857.07$ from those of 1883 ; the expenditures increased $\$ 2,969,766.38$, having been $\$ 46,281,124.87$; $\$ 24,236,893.93$ of the amounts was received and expended by postmasters without being deposited in the Treasury.

There was no change in the amount of the unavailable funds of the Treasury during the fiscal year; $\$ 29,514,665.44$ being still charged as such; and the unavailable fuuds of the Post-Office Department remain - as ou June 30, 1883, \$37,277.06.

There was collected during the fiscal year from the natioual banks $\$ 3,024,668.24$, on account of semi-annual duty accruing on their circulation, making a total collected on account of such duty and that heretofore levied on capital and deposits, since the organization of the national banking system of $\$ 127,206,148.11$.

There were held in this office for the national banks, at the close of the fiscal year, bonds of the United States amounting to $\$ 351,207,850$, of which $\$ 334,147,850$ was held to secure the circulation issued to the banks, and $\$ 17,060,000$ as security for public moneys on deposit with such national banks as were designated depositaries. There were withdrawn during the year $\$ 69,701,250$ of such bonds, and $\$ 47,196,600$ were deposited; showing a reduction in the amonnt held of $\$ 22,504,650$ and a decrease in the total movement of bonds of $\$ 422,108,150$; the movemeut in 1883 baving been $\$ 539,006,000$.

There was outstanding at the close of the fiscal year $\$ 362,378,580.64$ of the various issues of United States currency; the amount redeemed aud destroyed during the year was $\$ 85,972,970.50$, making a total redemption since the first issue of currency of $\$ 2,453,305,593.81$.

Silver certificates to the amount of $\$ 52,280,000$ were issued during the year; $\$ 20,005,140$ were redeemed, making the total redemptions $\$ 52,658,309$. The amount nominally outstanding at the close of the year was $\$ 120,891,691$.

The issues of gold certificates authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, amounted to $\$ 41,470,000$ and the redemptions to $\$ 24,567,410$, making the total redemptions $\$ 32,402,040$, and leaving nominally outstanding $\$ 95,777,960$. The total amount of gold certificates of the old issue redeemed to the close of the year was $\$ 978,520,180.46$, and the amount outstanding $\$ 2,614,700$.

The several oftices of the Treasury paid during the year $\$ 8,839,3 \geqslant 0.78$ in coupons from United States bonds, which were forwarded to this office for examination ; and $\$ 44,518,196.76$ of interest on registered bonds of the United States was paid by means of 271,494 checks on the Treasurer and assistant treasurers.

Coupons from District of Columbia 3.65 per cent. bonds, amounting to $\$ 126,878.08$, were also paid and examined ; and 1,051 checks for $\$ 394$, 173.75 registered interest on such bonds were issued.

Payment of the warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury required the issue of 83,279 drafts; 70,408 drafts on warrants of the Postmaster: General, and 40,312 transfer checks on assistant treasurers were issued; making a total of 466,544 drafts and checks issued by the office during the year.

There were redeemed during the year bouds of the United States amounting to $\$ 99,838,300$, of which amount $\$ 46,769,600$ was for the sinking fund; and $\$ 1,329,250$ of the bonds continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. were exchanged into three per cents. From May, 1869, the date of the first retirement, to the close of the fiscal year, the amount of bonds redeemed, purchased, converted, or exchanged was $\$ 2,684,031,800$, of which $\$ 484,890,150$ was for the sinking fund.

There were received for redemption during the year circulating notes of national banks amounting to $\$ 126,152,572$, making a total of such notes received since the act of June 20,1874 went into operation, of $\$ 1,404,430,725$. Included in the amounts received are notes of national banks that have failed, gone into liquidation, or are reducing circulation; the amount of such notes redeemed during the year was $\$ 26,857,689$.

## THE STATE OF THE TREASURY.

The following statemeut shows the condition of the Treasury at the close of September in each of the last four years:

|  | September 30, 1881. | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } 30, \\ 1882 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } 30, \\ 1883 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold Coin | \$77, 338, 08871 | (\$102, 212, 33449 | \$146, 069, 37683 | \$165, 869, 78016 |
| Gold Ballion | 97, 453, 47770 | 50, 835, 62963 | 60, 062, 06721 | 52, 801, 39870 |
| Staudard Silver Dollars | 65, 949, 27900 | 92, 025, 35000 | 114, 576, 04400 | 142, 342, 40900 |
| Fractional Silver Coin | 26, 343, 47717 | 27, 429,246 56 | 26, 792, 51983 | 29, 476, 71563 |
| Silver Bullion. | 2, 622, 67618 | 3,641, 58937 | $5,010,80158$ | 4,718, 99373 |
| Gold Certificates | 10,10000 |  | 28, 288, 39000 | 33, 640,920 00 |
| Silver Certificates | 11, 309, 47000 | 8, 243, 83000 | 15, 060, 41000 | 26, 165, 84000 |
| United States Notes | $28,422,16989$ | 32, 918, 25577 | 38, 125, 122.48 | $37,085,10601$ |
| Natioual-Bank Notes | 4, 457, 713 59 | 6,810, 33808 | 6,301, 90743 | 11, 113,634 56 |
| National-Bank Gold Notes | 98, 54500 | 48000 |  |  |
| Fractional Currencs | 22,973 03 | 8,459 52 | 5,772 44 | 7,179 68 |
| Deposits beld by National-Bank Depositaries. | 12, 677, 4054 48 | 12, 848, 87074 | 14, 281, 70301 | 14, 368, 40699 |
| Minor Coin . | 552, 58506 | 504, 51529 | 523,43733 | 829, 01950 |
| New York and San Francisco Exchange | 1,433, 00000 | 1,300,000 00 |  |  |
| Redeenced One and Two Year Notes, \&c. | 1050 | 1,127 52 | 10026 | 21861 |
| Redeemed Certificates of Deposit (Act of June 8, 1872) | 210, 00000 | 240,000 00 | 80,000 00 | 375, 00000 |
| Quarterly Intercst Checks and Cou. pons paid | 193,452 68 | 166,361 31 | 106,092 97 | 131,890 53 |
| Registered and Unclaimed Interest paid | 90000 |  |  |  |
| Redeemcd United States Bonds and Interest |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on District of Columbia |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds paid | 1,770 25 | 2,002 83 | 81730 | 5,945 70 |
| Speaker's Certificat | 116, 91600 | 138,841 00 | 140, 54487 | 106,080 00 |
| Unavailable Funds | 700,274 17 | 695,91677 | 694, 71031 | 694,710 31 |
| Total | 331, 981, 21011 | 346, 552, 99039 | 456, 119,817 85 | 519, 690, 24914 |
| LIABILITIES. |  |  |  |  |
| Post-Oflice Department Accoun | \$3, 617, 703 79 | \$6, 157, 62554 | \$7, 610, 12741 | \$3, 616, 22881 |
| Disbursing Officers' Balances.. | 21, 916, 11081 | 27, 756, 49383 | 31, 681, 88420 | 27, 043, 61820 |
| Fund for Redemption of Notes of National Bauks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circulation | 31, 152, 71360 | 38, 507, 02910 | 36,415, 30810 | 39,192,419 10 |
| Undistributed Assets of failed Na. tional Banks | 399,835 68 | 867, 27657 | 357, 24843 | 564,728 20 |
| Five per cent. Fund for Redemption of Natio:"al-Bank Notes | 15, 768, 66275 | 15, 085, 18267 | 14, 623, 31429 | 12, 575, 07463 |
| Fund for Redemption of NationalBank Gold-Notes . | 394,847 00 | 344, 72900 | 239,914 00 | 165, 864.00 |
| Fractional Silver-Coin Redemption Account | 75, 32070 | 63,916 45 | 75,972 80 | 60,88455 |
| Carrency and Minor-Coin Redemp. tion Account $\qquad$ | 7,176 11 | 4,118 05 | 8,001 10 | 27, 64271 |
| Interest Accounts, Pacific Railroads and Louisville and Portland Canal Company | 4,930 00 | 5,080 00 | 4,080 00 | 1,710 00 |
| Treasurer United States, Agent for paying Interest on District of Cofumbia Bonds. | 253,795 34 | 244, 67150 | 52, 05044 | 68,344 69 |
| Treasurer's Transfer Checks and Drafts ontstanding | 5,475,492 11 | 8,337,984 52 | 4, 379, 78976 | 5,682,300 02 |
| Treasurer's General Account: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest due and unpaid | 2, 151, 13993 | 1,537, 68401 | 2, 027, 13300 | 1,763,50891 |
| Matured Bouds and Intere | $3,004,20594$ | 793,690 50 | 541, 66190 | 289,780 40 |
| Called Bonds and Interest | 17, 332,84134 | 14, 887, 21849 | 4, 629,350 18 | 17, 901, 34651 |
| Old Debt. | 796,488 28 | 793, 74637 | 776, 03815 | 759,394 97 |
| Gold Certificates | 5, 248, 92000 | 4, 907, 44000 | 82, 895, 24000 | 120, 936,620 00 |
| Silver Certificates | 64, 149, 91000 | 71, 569, 21000 | 94, 490, 24100 | 123, 260, 72100 |
| Certificates of Deposit (act of June $8,1872)$ | 8, 395, 00000 | 10, 725, 00000 | 12, 080, 000.00 | 16, 255, 00000 |
| Balance, including Ballion Fund | 151, 336, 11673 | 143, 964, 89379 | 163, 232, 46309 | 149, 555, 06244 |
| Total | 331, 981, 21011 | 346, 552, 99039 | $456,119,81785$ | 519, 690, 24914 |

The increase and decrease in the several items of assets and liabilities during the year ended September 30, 1884, are shown in the following table. It will be observed that the gold, silver, and currency certificates, and the money held to redeem them, have been eliminated; and the items of assets reduced by the amounts of such liabilities as are properly chargeable against them.

|  | Assets, decrease. | Liabilities, in. crease. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold Coin and Bullion | \$20, 149, 11518 |  |  |
| Silver Bullion ........ | 291, 80785 |  |  |
| United States Notes | 4, 970,016 47 |  |  |
| Speaker's Certificates | 34,46487 |  |  |
| Funds for the Rederuption of National-Bank Notes. |  | \$654, 82134 |  |
| Undistributed Assets of Failed National Banks...... |  | 207, 47977 |  |
| Treasurer United States, A gent for paying interest on District of Columbia Bonds |  | 11, 16585 |  |
| Treasurer's Transfer Cbecks and Drafts outstanding. |  | 1,302,510 26 |  |
| Treasurer's General Account: <br> Called Bonds and Interest |  | $13,271,99633$ |  |
| Total. | $25,445,40437$ | 15, 447, 97355 | \$40, 893, 37792 |
|  | Assets, increase. | Liabilities, deerease. |  |
| Standard Silver Dollars....................... | \$10, 108, 31500 |  |  |
| Fractional Silver Coin and Redemption Account | 2, 699, 28405 |  |  |
| National-Bank Notes . . . . . . . . . . . | 4, 811,727 13 |  |  |
| Deposits with National-Bank Depositaries | 86,703 98 |  |  |
| Fractional Currency and Minor Coin...... | 287, 34780 |  |  |
| Post-Office Department Account . . |  | \$3, 993, 89860 |  |
| Disbursing Ofticers' Balances............................ |  | 4, 638, 26600 | , |
| Interest Accounts, Pacific Railroads and Louisville and Portland Canoll Company |  | - 2,37000 |  |
| Treasurer's general account: <br> Interest due and unpaid. |  | $289,42165$ |  |
| - Matured Bonds and Interest |  | 289, 288150 |  |
| Old Debt. |  | 16,761 56 |  |
| Total | 17,993, 37796 | 9, 192, 59931 | 27, 185,977 27 |
| Decreased Balance. |  |  | 13, 707,400 65 |

The general balauce was reduced from $\$ 163,232,463.09$ in 1883 to $\$ 149,525,062.44$ in 1884 , a reduction of $\$ 13,707,400.65$, accounted for in part as follows:

By a decrease of $\$ 20,149,115.18$ in the amount of gold coin and bullion owned by the Treasury, or from $\$ 151,524,594.04$ in 1883 to $\$ 131,375,478.86$ in 1884.

By a decrease of $\$ 291,807.85$ in the amount of silver bullion, or from $\$ 5,010,801.58$ to $\$ 4,718,993.73$.

By a decrease of $\$ 4,970,016.47$ in United States notes, after providing for outstanding certificates.

By au increase of $\$ 10,108,315$ in the amount of standard silver dollars owned by the Treasury, or from $\$ 35,146,213$ in 1883 to $\$ 45,254,528$ in 1884.

By an increase of $\$ 2,699,284.05$ in fractional silver coin.
By an increase in the amount of natioual-bank notes held in the Treasury of $\$ 4,811,727.13$, or from $\$ 6,301,907.43$ in 1883 to $\$ 11,113,634.56$ in 1884.

The aggregate amount of gold and silver coin and bullion held by the Treasury increased from $\$ 352,510,809.45$ in 1883 to $\$ 395,216,297.22$ in 1884; au increase of $\$ 42,705,487.77$. The gross assets increased from $\$ 456,119,817.85$ in 1883 to $\$ 519,690,249.14$; an increase of $\$ 63,570,431.29$.

## THE RESERVE.

The excess of the cash assets of the Treasury, excluding certificates and other obligations held by it, over the net current liabilities payable on demand, other than United States notes, constitutes the reserve.

The following table presents a comparison of the net assets and liabilities on November 1, 1884, with those on the same day in 1883:

|  | 1883. | $1884 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets. |  |  |
| Gold Coin | \$147, 037, 09256 | \$166, 679, 59896 |
| Gold Ballion | 62, 392, 84734 | 55, 856, 761. 47 |
| Standard Silver Dollars | 116, 036, 45000 | 142, 926,725 00 |
| Fractional Silver Coin | 26, 712, 42415 | 29, 346, 75724 |
| Silver Bullion | 4, 936, 36486 | 4,646,49689 |
| Deposits with National-Bank Depositaries | 7, 987, 69327 | 10, 063, 05296 |
| United States Notes | 37, 113, 03733 | 33, 942, 17185 |
| National-Bank Notes | 6, 428, 17999 | 10, 171, 65548 |
| Total Assets | 408, 644, 08950 | $453,633,21985$ |
| LIABilities. |  |  |
| Old Delbt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 775, 09684 | 758,721 85 |
| Called Bonds matured, and interest ..................................... | 3, 531,342 84 | 11, 796, 28637 |
| Matured Bonds and interest | 331, 00990 | 288, 46540 |
| Intecest due anil unpaid | 2,371, 27657 | 2, 137, 97346 |
| Gold Certificates outstanding | 52, 076, 18000 | 87, 865, 57000 |
| Silver Certificates outstanding | 85, 334, 381 00 | 100, 741, 56100 |
| Certificates of Deposit (act of June 8, 1872) outstanding............. | 12, 545, 00000 | 17, 770, 00000 |
| Disbursing Officers' Balances and various small accounts.......... | 24; 331. 52802 | 21,350, 89955 |
| Ontstanding Drafts and Checks...................................... | 8,379, 15526 | 7, 205, 79971 |
| Five per cent. Fund for redemption of National-Bank Notes...... | 14, 220, 76681 | 12, 659,846 21 |
| Fund for redemption of Notes of National Banks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circalation $\qquad$ | 35, 672, 21960 | 39, 283, 46710 |
| Post-Office Department Account. | 8, 253, 58724 | 3,704,339 01 |
| Total Liabilities | 247, 821, 54408 | 305,562,929 66 |
| Reserve-Excess of Assets | 160, 822,545 42 | 148, 070, 29019 |

The reserve decreased $\$ 12,752,255.23$ or from $\$ 160,822,545.42$ in 1883 to $\$ 148,070,290.19$; due to a net decrease in, the cash in the Treasury not held for certificates outstanding of $\$ 11,432,439.65$, aud a net increase of liabilities amounting to $\$ 1,319,815.58$, as follows:

$19,646,39530$
Net decrease of cash........................................................ 11, 432, 43965
INCREASE-LIABILITIES.
For bonds and interest
\$7, 972, 72093
For funds for redemptionof national-bank notes $2,050,32690$
$10,023,04783$
DECREASE-LIABILITIES.

For Post-Office Department....
For disbursing officers' balances
$4,549,24823$
$6,980,62847$
2; 980,628 47

Net increase of liabilities
$1,319,815^{\circ} 58$

The following table, a continuation of similar ones presented in previous reports, shows for the first day of each of the past thirteen months the amount of the current liabilities, both excluding and including United States notes; the net cash in the Treasury, and the percentage of the reserve to the United States notes outstanding and of the net cash to the current liabilities, including such notes. All certificates, together with the moneys held for their redemption, have been excluded entirely.

| Month. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | \$97, 865, 98308 | \$444, 546, 99908 | \$258, 688, 52850 | 46.4 | 58.2 |
| December | 107, 924, 42255 | 454, 605, 43855 | 261, 040, 41715 | 44.2 | 57.4 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 111, 594, 98207 | 458, 275, 99807 | 253, 205, 01020 | 40.8 | 55.3 |
| February | 103, 819, 96581 | 450, 500, 98181 | 253, 797, 19650 | 43.3 | 56.3 |
| March... | 112, 772, 00736 | 459, 453, 02336 | 257, 561, 01121 | 41.8 | 56.1 |
| April. | 107, 118, 22109 | 453, 799, 23709 | 257, 190, 33986 | 43.3 | 56.7 |
| May. | 106, 282, 30345 | 452, 963, 31945 | 258, 084, 47435 | 43.8 | 57.0 |
| June | 109, 864, 40993 | 456, 545, 42593 | 256, 628, 90679 | 42.3 | 56.2 |
| July | 113, 437, 35390 | 460, 118, 36990 | 252, 548, 77709 | 40.1 | 54.9 |
| August | 108, 723, 34591 | 455, 404, 36191 | 246, 940, 16183 | 39.9 | 54.2 |
| September | 111, 437, 38530 | 458, 118, 40130 | 251, 666, 27243 | 40.4 | 54.9 |
| October .. | 108, 437, 55585 | 455, 118, 57185 | 251, 671, 59712 | 41.3 | 55.3 |
| November | 99, 185, 7.9866 | $445,866,81466$ | 247, 256, 08885 | 42.7 | 55.5 |
| A verage for seventy one months. | 99, 804, 17244 | 447, 471, 10393 | 236, 896, 20160 | 39.5 | 52. 9 |

If it be assumed that the cash in the Treasury in excess of demand liabilities as here stated, should be maintained at about 40 per cent. of the amount of United States notes outstanding ( $\$ 346,681,016$ ), it will be seen that during the period the reserve fell below that rate in August only, having been as high as 46.4 per cent. a year ago, and being at present 42.7 per cent. The average for the five years and eleven months since resumption has been 39.5 per cent.

If, however, the percentage be computed between the cash in the Treasury and the liabilities, including United States notes, after excluding all certificates and moneys held for their redemption, the proportion ranged from 58.2 per cent. to 54.2 per cent., and the average since resumption has been 52.9 per cent.

## UNITED STATES NOTES.

The changes which have taken place in the denominations of United States notes outstanding at the close of each of the last four fiscal years are shown by the following table:

| Denomination. | 1881. | $1882 .$ | 1883. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One dollar | \$22, 645, 76160 | \$25, 720, 95360 | \$27, 736, 45680 | \$26, 660, 18480 |
| Two dollars | 22, 244, 12240. | 24, 622, 62540 | 25, 524, 39420 | 24, 897, 88620 |
| Five dollars | 69, 569, 07800 | 67, 342, 54000 | 71, 150, 08500 | 75, 552, 91500 |
| Ten dollars | 76,990, 38700 | 72, 784, 76600 | 72, 732, 88600 | 69, 527, 01600 |
| Twenty dollars | 72, 271, 59700 | 68, 657, 47100 | 62, 346, 90900 | 58, 054, 62900 |
| Fifty dollars | 23, 702, 91000 | 24, 191, 77000 | 23, 985, 89500 | 23, 208, 89500 |
| One hundred dollars | 32, 947, 66000 | 34, 469, 390, 00 | 34, 302, 39000 | 33, 640, 99000 |
| Five hundred dollars | 14, 570, 00000 | 14, 876, 00000 | 15, 098, 50000 | 16, 914, 00000 |
| One thousand dollars | 12, 024, 50000 | 12, 335, 50000 | 14,328, 50000 | 19, 034, 50000 |
| Five thousand dollars | 455, 00000 | 420,000 00 | 315, 00000 | 130,000 00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 260, 00000 | 2,260,000 00 | 160, 00000 | 60, 00000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 01600 | 347, 681, 01600. | 347, 681, 01600 | 347, 681, 01600 |
| Less unknown denominations destroyed in sub-treasury in Chicago fire $\qquad$ | i, 000, 00000 | 1, 000, 00000 | 1,000, 00000 | 1,000,000 00 |
| Outstanding | 346, 681, 61600 | 346, 681, 01600 | 346, 681, 01600 | 346, 681, 01600 |

The appropriation for printing notes for the fiscal year 1884 having been found insufficient for the printing of the notes required, the Secretary of the Treasury, in February last, directed that the printing of one- and two-dollar notes be suspended. The issue of such notes by this office ceased in consequence about the 29th of February. On June 23 the Bureau of Engraving and Printing resumed the delivery of ones and twos, and the issue was resumed by this office on June 26. The supply of these notes has not, up to this time, been sufficient to meet the demand; none can, therefore, be held in reserve, as they should be, to undergo the seasoning which experience proves to be economical, extending, as it does, the life of the notes by increasing the capacity to sustain usage.

Owing to this suspension in the issue, the amount of one and twodollar notes outstanding was reduced.

The decrease in the notes outstanding was as follows: $\$ 1,076,272$ in one-dollar notes, $\$ 626,508$ in two-dollar notes, $\$ 3,205,870$ in ten-dolar notes, $\$ 4,292,280$ in twenty-dollar notes, $\$ 777,000$ in fifty-dollar notes, $\$ 661,400$ in one-hundred dollar notes, $\$ 185,000$ in five-thousand-dollar notes, and $\$ 100,000$ in ten-thousand-dollar notes; an aggregate of $\$ 10,924,330$ inade up by an increase in five-dollar notes of $\$ 4,402,830$, in five-hundred-dollar notes of $\$ 1,815,500$, and in one-thousand-dollar notes of $\$ 4,706,000$.

The number of notes outstanding at the end of the year was $64,928,629$, a decrease of $1,058,025$ notes in the year.

The following table shows the issues and redemptions during the last three fiscal years by denominations:

| Denomination. | 1882. |  | 1883. |  | 1884. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Issues. | Redemptions. | Issues. | Redemptions. | Issues. | Redemp- tions. |
| One dollar | \$11, 445, 524 | \$8, 370, 332 | \$11, 986, 114 | \$9, 970,610 80 | \$8, 943, 236 | \$10, 019, 508 |
| Two dollars | 10, 472, 000 | 8, 093, 497 | 9,672, 000 | 8,770, 23120 | 7, 808, 000 | 8, 434, 508 |
| Five dollars | 14, 280, 000 | 16,506,538 | 22, 860, 000 | 19, 052, 45500 | 23, 420, 000 | 19, 017, 170 |
| Ten dollars | 6, 680, 000 | 10, 885, 621 | 14, 240, 000 | 14, 291, 88000 | 12, 160, 000 | 15, 365, 870 |
| Twenty dollars | 5, 680, 000 | 9, 294, 126 | $6,000,000$ | 12, 210, 56200 | 9, 280, 000 | 13,572, 280 |
| Fifty dollars. | 3, 200, 000 | 2,711, 140 | 3, 900, 000 | $4,205,87500$ | 4,200, 000 | 4, 977, 000 |
| One hundred dollars | 4, 527, 900 | 3, 006, 170 | 4, 356, 640 | 4,523,600 00 | 5,237, 000 | 5, 898, 400 |
| Five hundred dollars | 1,750, 000 | 1, 444, 000 | 2,350, 000 | 2, 127, 50000 | 4,900, 000 | 3, 084, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 1, 500, 000 | 1, 189, 000 | 4,400, 000 | 2, 407, 00000 | 10, 000, 000 | 5, 294,000 |
| Eive thousand dollars | 4, 995, 000 | 5, 030, 000 | 10,000, 000 | 10, 105, 00000 |  | 185, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 14, 990, 000 | 12, 990, 000 | 20,000,000. | 22, 100, 00000 |  | 100,000 |
| Tota | 79,520,424 | 79, 520, 424 | 109, 764, 714 | 109, 764, 71400 | 85, 948, 236 | 85, 948, 236 |

As stated in the report for 1883 , the issues and redemptions for that, as well as the preceding year, were augmented by passing through the accounts from the reserve fund of unissued currency, for destruction, notes of the denominations of $\$ 5,000$ and $\$ 10,000$. The actual redemptions were $\$ 61,635,424$ in 1882 , and $\$ 77,764,714$ in 1883 ; and the redemptions for 1884 having been as above stated, $\$ 85,948,236$, exceeded those of 1883 in amount $\$ 8,183,522$, and those of $1882 \$ 24,312,812$.

The number of notes redeemed was only 86,267 in excess of the number redeemed in 1883, having been $20,425,431$.

During a portion of the year and since its close the amount of United States notes received monthly in payment of duties on imports was greater thau for several years past, as the following table shows:

| Month. | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | \$6, 864, 889 | \$4, 126, 450 | \$1, 689, 738 | \$1,779, 336 | \$2, 121, 503 | \$2, 025, 177 |
| February | 9,340, 452 | 4, 477, 161 | 2,049, 956 | 1, 886,585 | 2, 0000,776 | 2, 205, 844 |
| March | 11, 919, 876 | 3, 702, 727 | 1, 830, 813 | 1, 931, 273 | 2, 770, 801 | 2,945,459 |
| April | 10, 562, 006 | 3, 231, 697 | 1, 310, 292 | 2, 032, 592 | 2, 061, 875 | 3,403,795 |
| May | 9, 703, 566 | 2, 888, 138 | 1, 402, 118 | 2, 089, 339 | 1,677, 130 | 3, 292, 021 |
| Jone | 9, 336, 778 | 3, 951, 588 | 1, 479,503 | 2, 045, 150 | 2, 671, 646 | 3, 745, 929 |
| July | 10, 588, 145 | 4, 029,892 | 1, 641, 006 | 2, 619, 515 | 2, 278, 662 | 4, 236, 143 |
| Angust | 11, 261, 307 | 2, 844, 658 | 1, 873, 788 | 2, 732,499 | 2, 476, 080 | 4, 665, 781 |
| Septembe | 12, 506, 018 | 2, 241, 305 | 1.476, 118 | 2, 599, 294 | 2, 032, 138 | 6,125,467 |
| October | 9, 281,243 | 1, 802, 288 | 1, 353, 253 | 2, 2488,314 | 2, 043,946 |  |
| December | 3, 051, 219 | 1, 105,984 | 1, 145, 065 | 1, 903,014 | 1, 505, 498 |  |

The amount received to September 30,1884 , since the resumption of specie payments, was $\$ 248,149,578$-a monthly average of $\$ 3,596,371$. The receipts for the fiscal year were $\$ 29,530,663$, while in 1883 the amount was $\$ 27,937,216$, and the preceding year $\$ 20,595,119$. The monthly arerage for the year was $\$ 2,460,889$.

During the fiscal year there were redeemed in coin at the office of the assistant treasurer at New York, under the act of January 14, 1875, United States notes amounting to $\$ 590,000$; there having been no redemption prior to this since December, 1881. The total amount of notes so redeemed since the resumption of specie payments under the act was on June $30,1884, \$ 12,659,086$. There have been no redemptions since the close of the year.

## SILVER CERTIFICATES.

There were nominally outstanding at the close of the fiscal year silver certificates amounting to $\$ 120,891,691$, an increase of $\$ 32,274,860$ during the year; the amount held by the Treasury increased from $\$ 15,996,145$ to $\$ 23,384,680$, thus leaving actually outstanding $\$ 97,507$, 011, an actual increase of $\$ 24,886,325$ during the year.

The amount nominally outstandiug increased to $\$ 123,260,721$ on September 30, 1884, and the amount held by the Treasury to $\$ 26,165,840$.

There were issued under the departmental circular of September 18, 1880, on deposits of gold coin with the assistant treasurer at New York, silver certificates to the amount of $\$ 20,556,000$ during the fiscal year; of these there were issued at the Cincinnati oftice $\$ 1,240,000$; at the New Orleans office, $\$ 16,191,000$; at the Saint Louis office, $\$ 3,025,000$; and at the Philadelphia office, $\$ 100,000$.

The aggregate of such issues to June 30, 1884, was $\$ 63,505,500$, and to September $30,1884, \$ 65,295,500$.

The following table shows the issues and redemptions by denominations:


[^40]GOLD CERTIFICAI'ES.
,There were still outstanding at the close of the year $\$ 2,614,700$ gold certificates of the old issue under the act of March 3,1863 ; $\$ 888,840$ having been redeemed during the year, making the total amount redeemed $\$ 978,520,180.46$.

Of the issue authorized by the act of July 12, 1882, there were nominally outstanding on June $30,1884, \$ 95,777,960$; an increase over the amount a year before of $\$ 16,902,860$. The amount held by the Treasury increased in the same period from $\$ 22,571,270$ to $\$ 27,246,020$, thus leaving actually outstanding $\$ 68,531,940$, or $\$ 12,228,110$ more than on June 30, 1883.

Of the issues, which aggregated $\$ 41,470,000$ during the year, $\$ 34,550$,000 was of the New York and $\$ 6,920,000$ of the departmental series.

On September 30, 1884, the amount nominally outstanding was $\$ 120,936,620$, of which the Treasury held $\$ 33,640,920$.

The following table shows the amounts of the series of 1882 issued, redeemed, and outstanding by denomiuations, to June 30, 1384:

| Denomination. | Oatstanding June 30, 1883. | Issued. |  | Redeemed. |  | Outstanding June 30,1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | During fiseal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { To June } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | During fiscal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { ToJune } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Twenty dollars | \$9, 162, 900 | \$5,520,000 | \$14, 880, 000 | \$1, 328, 140 | \$1,525, 240 | \$13, 354, 760 |
| Fifty dollars. | 9, 050, 800 | 1,300,000 | 10,500, 000 | 1,231, 800 | 1, 381, 000 | 9, 119, 000 |
| One hundred dollars | 8,764, 400 | 1,400, 000 | 10, 300, $000{ }^{\text {f }}$ | 1, 060, 700 | 1, 196, 300 | 9, 103, 700 |
| Five hundred dollars | $8,042,000$ | 2, 250, 000 | 10, 500,000 | 1,590,500 | 1,798,500 | 8,701,500 |
| One thousand dollars | 12, 650, 000 | 4, 000, 000 | 17, 000, 000 | 2, 091,000 | 2, 441,000 | 14, 559, 000 |
| Five thousand dollars | 6, 965,000 | 7,000, 000 | 15, 000, 000 | 3,405,000 | 4, 440, 000 | 10, 560, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 24, 240, 000 | 20,000, 000 | 50, 000, 000 | 13, 860, 000 | 19,620, 000 | 30, 380, 000 |
| Total | 78, 875, 100 | 41, 470, 000 | 128, 180, 000 | 24,567, 140 | 32, 402, 040 | 95, 777, 960 |

## EXPRESS CHARGES ON UNITED STATES MONEYS.

In the last annual report a recommendation was made in regard to an appropriation for the expense of transportation of United States moneys sent for redemption, for which an estimate was made by the Secretary of the Treasury, but which failed to receive the favorable action of Congress.

It is submitited that the duty of the Gorernment to bear the expense of replacing these notes has been recognized by the action of Congress in appropriating therefor every zear, to and including 1875, and again for the years 1881 and 1882.

The following on this subject is from the last report:
The Government has required of the national banks that they provide, throngh a deposit in the Treasury, for the redemption of their worn and mutilated notes, and they bear the expense of transportation to this office for such redemption. It would seem that the Government should do at least as much to ward keeping in good condition among the people the notes of its own issue, as it requires of the banks iu regard to their issues. Otherwise the United States notes now in circulation, many of them already worn and defaced, will in a short time become more wretched in condition and more unfit for use. The gain to the Governuent, and of course the corresponding loss to the holders, by non-presentation for redemption of the United States notes will be considerable, and it can well afford the comparatively small expense necessary to keep the notes in good condition.

It is natural that the bolder of a note, however much it may be defaced, shonld hesitate to incur the expense of express charges; and thus the note will be kept in circulation as long as it can possibly be used. A note-holder in a city where there is an assistant treasurer may obtain redemption by presentation to that officer, who forwards the notes to the Treasurer at the expense of the Government, payable from another appropriation; but this does not aftord eqnal facilities of redemption to all holders of notes; and it makes necessary an extra count by the assistant treasurer: of money which should come directly to this office.

The gold and silver certificates are also rapidly becoming defaced and worn. Althongh not issned as a circolating medium, but as certificates of deposit, they have, from various causes, passed into the circulation of the country. The charges for transportation of these for redemption have never been borne by the Government; nor is it proposed now to pay any charges where redemption in coin is demauded; but it is submitted that it would be proper to furnish new certificates for those which have been defaced in haudling, and that the express charges thereon be paid by the Government. Anthority is asked for such payment in any appropriation that may be made.

It is respectfully recommended that for these purposes an appropriation of $\$ 30,000$ be asked for, for the remainder of the current year, and one of $\$ 70,000$ for the ensuing year.

## STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS.

The following table shows the amount of silver dollars coined, on hand, distributed, and outstanding at the close of each year since the coinage was resumed; the percentage of the annual coinage distributed each year; and the percentage of the total coinage outstanding at the close of each year:

| Fiscal year ended June 30- | Annual coinage. | Total coinage. | On hand at close of year. | Net distribution during year. | Outstanding at close of year. | Percentage of distribution to annual coinage. | Percentage of outstanding to total coinage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878* | \$8, 573, 500 | \$8,573,500 | \$7, 718, 357 | \$855, 143 | \$855, 143 | 9.9 | 9.9 |
| 1879 | 27, 227, 500 | 35, 801, 000 | 28, 358, 589 | 6,587, 268 | 7, 442, 411 | 24, 2 | 20.8 |
| 1880 | 27, 933, 750 | $63,734,750$ | 45, 108, 296 | 11, 184, 043 | 18, 626, 454 | 40 | 29.2 |
| 1881 | 27, 637, 955 | 91, 372, 705 | 63, 249, 300 | 9, 496, 951 | 28, 123, 405 | 35.8 | 30.8 |
| 1882 | 27, 772, 075 | 119, 144, 780 | 87, 524, 182 | 3,497, 193 | 31,620, 598 | 12.6 | 26.5 |
| 1883 | 28, 111, 119 | 147, 255, 899 | 112, 362, 510 | 3, 272, 791 | 34, 893, 389 | 11.6 | 23.7 |
| 1884 | 28, 099, 930 | $175,355,829$ | 135, 810, 368 | 4, 652, 072 | 39, 545, 461 | 16.5 | 22.6 |

*Coinage began in March.
The amount coined to September 30 , 1884 , was $\$ 182,380,829$, of which the Treasury held $\$ 142,349,409$. Of this amount $\$ 97,094,881$ was for the redemption of silver certificates outstanding. The amount in circulation was $\$ 39,801,953$, or about 21.8 per cent. of the total coinage.

The following table shows the coinage and distribution in each month of the fiscal year and to September 30, 1884 :

| Month. | Monthly coinage. | Total coined to the end of the month. | On hand at close of the month. | Net distribution during the month. | Outstanding at close of the month. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | \$2, 425, 000 | \$149, 680, 899 | \$113, 904, 649 | \$882, 661 | \$35,776 250 |
| August | 2, 340, 000 | 152, 020, 899 | 115, 002, 838 | 1, 241, 811 | 37, 018, 061 |
| September | 2, 350, 000 | 154, 370, 899 | 115, 249, 663 | 2, 103, 175 | 39, 121, 236 |
| October | 2, 350, 050 | 156, 720, 949 | 116, 654, 559 | 945, 154 | 40, 066, 390 |
| November | 2. 350,000 | 159, 070, 949 | 118, 584, 491 | 470, 068 | 40, 536, 458 |
| Decomber | 2, 354, 170 | 161, 425, 119 | 120, 221, 095 | 667, 566 | 41, 204, 024 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 2, 350, 000 | 163, 775, 119 | 123, 798, 408 |  | 39, 976, 711 |
| February | 2, 350, 000 | 166, 125, 119 | 127, 387, 892 |  | - 38, 737, 227 |
| March . | 2, 300,510 | 168, 425, 629 | 129, 409, 516 | 278, 886 | - 39, 016, 113 |
| April | 2, 300, 000 | $170,725,629$ | 130, 947, 703 | 761, 813 | 39, 777, 926 |
| May | 2, 310, 000 | 173, 035, 629 | 133, 151, 360 | 106, 343 | 39, 884, 269 |
| June | 2, 320, 200 | 175, 305, 829 | 135, 810, 368 |  | 39, 545, 461 |
| July | 2,325,000 | 177,680, 829 | 138, 527, 618 |  | 39, 153, 211 |
| August | 2, 350, 000 | 180, 030, 829 | 141, 105, 297 |  | 38, 925, 532 |
| September | 2, 350, 000 | 182, 380, 829 | 142, 578, 876 | 876, 421 | 39, 801, 953 |

Notr.-The difference between the amount "on hand," as stated in this table, and the amount in the Treasury, as it appears in the statement of assets and liabilities (p. 7), is $\$ 299,467$. Of this amount $\$ 91,998$ consists of dollars not yet shipped on orders for which payment has been made, $\$ 10,000$ was in transit between offices, and $\$ 147,469$ in dollars held in the silver profit fund of the United States mint at San Francisco.

As usual, the amount outstanding reached the highest point in December, when it exceeded $\$ 41,000,000$, an aggregate never before reached. The decrease to June was not as great as in previous years, probably owing to the scarcity of one- and two-dollar notes; and on September 30 the amount was $\$ 680,717$ greater than on the same date in 1883.

In September last the new vault in the Treasury building at Washington, having been completed, was turned over to the Treasurer and the storage of silver coin therein was commenced. This vault, with an
estimated capacity for $\$ 50,000,000$ in silver, and the one approaching completion in New Orleans, the capacity of which is estimated at $\$ 28,000,000$, will for some time to come relieve the Treasury offces, which have long been over:crowded.

The following table shows the amount of standard silver dollars and fractional silver coin in each office of the Treasury on September 30, 1884, and on that date last year :

| Office. | Standard silver dollars. |  | Fractional silver coin. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September 30, 1883. | September 30, 1884. | September 30, 1883. | September 30, 1884. |
| Treasurer United States, Washington - | \$2, 125, 359 | \$4, 494, 616 | \$168,983 94 | \$198, 49567 |
| Assistant Treasurer United States: |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore | 2, 743, 895 | 3, 123, 065 | 298, 09005 | 474, 09745 |
| Boston. | 2, 107, 362 | 1, 866, 971 | 1, 617, 09765 | 1,512,701 05 |
| Chicago | 4, 688, 900 | 6, 648, 800 | 3, 059, 23259 | 3,848, 15700 |
| Cincinuati | 979,500 | 635,500 | 105,650 00 | 132,063 00 |
| New Orleans | 5,607,980 | 7, 923, 208 | 654, 03917 | 713,977 27 |
| New York | 23, 221, 000 | 25, 908, 000 | $8,489,31328$ | 8,877, 50465 |
| Philadelphia. | 8,480, 900 | 9, 384, 360 | 3, 397, 27000 | 3, 690, 27000 |
| San Francisco | 15, 995, 000 | 18, 558, 000 | 7, 520, 21435 | 7, 776, 79777 |
| Saint Louis | 5, 001, 040 | 7, 819, 750 | 1, 446,245 00 | 2,098, 10000 |
| United States Mint: <br> Denver |  | 6 |  | 140 |
| Carson City | 2,112,755 | 2,876,730 | 16,69438 | 13,630 58 |
| New Orleans | 7,290,045 | 12, 642;620 | 84 | 25 |
| Philadelphia. | 3, 664, 226 | 7, 798, 269 | 31,099 56 | 34,777 72 |
| San Francisco | 30, 745, 237 | 32, 740, 620 | 25,415 00 | 34, 21488 |
| United States Assay-office: Boisé City ............ |  |  |  | 800 |
| Charlotte, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{C}$ |  | 708 | 12322 | 800 |
| Helena, Mont | 5, 743 | - 350 |  | 19,217 35 |
| New York | 3, 102 | 9,834 | . 90 | ${ }^{71}$ |
| Saint Loutis |  |  | 575 | 1430 |
| Total | 714, 772, 044 | 142, 431, 407 | 26,835, 01958 | 29, 424, 02905 |
| Add amoant in transit between offices |  | 10, 000 | 107, 00000 | 71,856 78 |
| Deduct amount required to fill orders anpaic | $\begin{array}{r} 114,772,044 \\ 196,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 142,441,407 \\ 91,998 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26,942,11958 \\ 149,49975 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,495,88583 \\ 19,17020 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 114, 576, 044 | 142, 349, 409 | 26, 792, 51983 | 29, 476, 71563 |

## FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN.

The increase in the amount of fractional silver coin held in the Treasury, nearly $\$ 2,700,000$ in the year ended September 30, 1884, was chiefly in fifty and twenty-five cent pieces, and the accumulation was probably due in part to the fact that for the first seven months of that period the expense of distribution was not borne by the Government, and in part to the resumption of the issue of one- and two-dollar notes in June, 1884.

There were 3,897 packages, containing $\$ 2,797,369.62$ of such coin, forwarded by express in return for currency redeemed or for deposits in the Treasury of lawful money, during the fiscal year, a decrease of 940 in number of packages and over $\$ 1,000,000$ from the shipments of the preceding year.

There were sent by registered mail 2,133 packages, containing $\$ 143$,804.10. an increase of 588 packages over 1883.

The appropriation to pay the cost of transportation by express was exhausted about October 1, 1883, and the deficiency appropriation was not made until May 1, 1884. It is recommended that an appropriation equal to that made for the current year- $\$ 20,000$-be requested for the ensuing year.

The denominations of the fractional silver coin held in each office of the Treasury on September 30, 1884, were as follows:

| In office of- | Fifty-cent pieces. | Twenty-fivecent pieces. | Twentycent pieces. | Tencent pieces. | Fivecent pieces. | Three. cent. pieces. | Tnas. sorted. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasurer T. S. : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington_ | \$90, 26050 | \$86, 60050 |  | \$13,565 20 | \$15675 | \$29 07 | \$7,883 65 |
| Assist. Treasurer U. S. : Baltimore .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore ............. | 364, 54800 | 101, 15325 | \$28 60 | 7,896 30 | 39030 | 8100 |  |
| Boston | 997, 388800 | 487, 14500 | 30000 | 3,559 00 | 90000 |  | 23, 40905 |
| Chicago ... | 2,534,000 00 | 1, 273, 000000 | 1, 00000 | 40, 00000 |  |  | 15700 |
| Cincinnati | 60,94500 | - 43,305 00 | 38100 | 12, 40500 | 56500 | 2400 | 14, 43800 |
| New Orleans | 687,23000 | 21, 07575 | 4000 | 5, 62780 |  | 372 |  |
| New York | 6, 033, 00000 | 2,757, 00000 |  | 26, 00000 | 6, 00000 |  | 55, 50465 |
| Philardelphia | 2, 168, 00000 | 1, 506, 00000 |  | 16, 27000 |  |  |  |
| San Francisco | 7, 431, 00000 | 337, 00000 |  | 7,500 00 | 1, 27200 | 2577 |  |
| Saint Louis. | 1,559, 72500 | 526, 29000 | 17000 | 11, 66500 | 22000 | 3000 |  |
| U. S. Mint: | 10,622 00 |  |  | 36133 |  |  |  |
| Denver. | 10,622 00 | 2, 64725 |  | 36133 |  |  | 140 |
| New Orlean |  |  |  |  |  |  | 125 |
| Philadelphia | 4,161 00 | 14,998 25 |  | 15, 61748 |  |  | 99 |
| San Erancisco | 8,260 00 | 2,571 00 |  | 23, 38388 |  |  |  |
| U. S. Assay-office: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boisé City |  |  |  |  |  | ..... | 800 |
| Helen York |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,21735 |
| Saint Louis |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1430 |
| In transit |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71,856 78 |
| Total | 21, 949, 13950 | 7, 158, 78600 | 1,919 60 | $183,85099$ | 9, 504.05 | 19356 | $192,492.13$ |

## MINOR COIN.

The minor coin in the Treasury increased from September 30, 1883, to the same date in 1884 , by over $\$ 300,000$, chiefly in five and three cent pieces. Of the latter denomination more thau 300,000 pieces found their way back to the Treasury during that period, and it is believed that since the reduction of letter-postage there is no good reason for the coinage and circulation of this coin, which resembles the silver dime so much as to be troublesome. The recommendation made in the last report, that provision be made for its redemption and retirement by recoinage, is therefore repeated.

The following table shows the denominations of th minor coin held in each office of the Treasury on September 30, 1884:

| In office of- | Five cents. | Three cents. | Two cents. | One cent. | Mixed. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasurer United States, Washington | \$1,074 50 | \$11,919 00 | \$800 00 | \$1, 54747 | \$984 18 | \$16,325 15 |
| Assistant Treasurer United States: | \$1,074 50 | \$1, 010 |  | \$1,547 |  |  |
| Baltimore | 10,500 00 | 3,30000. | 3,700 00 | 30,97173 |  | 48,531 73 |
| Boston. | 8, 80000 | 25, 84500 | 1,57100 | 26, 86700 | 2,863 18 | 65, 94618 |
| Cincinnat | 9, 15000 | 80000 | 1,000 00 | 6,963 35 | 1, 09300 | 19, 00635 |
| Chicago | 37, 00000 | 7,470 00 | 1,460 00 | 21,010 00 | 115 | 66, 94115 |
| New Orlean | 1,660 70 | 69792 | 7760 | 1, 22270 |  | 365892 |
| New York | 105, 24500 | 18,600 00 | 1, 63000 | 50, 06100 \% |  | 175,536 00 |
| Philadelphia. | 117, 22800 | 83, 04900 | 7, 26500 | 157, 67800 |  | 365,22000 |
| San Francisco | 13, 40000 | 1,550 00 | 14000 | 91000 |  | 16,000 00 |
| Saint Louis..... | 14,359 00 | 7,629 66 | 10634 | 56476 |  | 22,650 76 |
| United Sta̧tes Mint: Denver |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |
| Philadelphia |  |  |  |  | 28,949 45 | 28,949 45 |
| United States Assay-office: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boisé City . |  |  |  |  | 615 | 615 |
| Charlotte, N. C |  |  |  |  | 34 | 34 |
| Helena, Mont |  |  |  |  | 24049 | 24049 |
| New York.. |  |  |  |  |  | 579 |
| Saint Lonis |  |  |  |  | 501 | 591 |
| Total | 318,408 20 | 160,920 58 | 17, 74994 | 297, 79601 | 34, 14477 | 829, 01950 |

## FRACTIONAL CURRENGY.

The amount of fractional currency redeemed during the year was $\$ 20,629.50$; less than one-half the amount redeemed during the preceding year. The amount outstanding at the close of the year was $\$ 15,355,999.64$. The amounts redeemed annually since the issue ceased in 1876, are as follows:

|  | Year. | Amoant. | 5 | Year. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1877. |  | \$14, 043, 45805 | 1881 |  | \$109, 00105 |
| 1878. |  | $3,855,36857$ | 1882. |  | 58,705 55 |
| 1879. |  | 705, 15866 | 1.883 |  | 46,556 96 |
| 1880. |  | 251, 71741 | 1884 | ...... | 20,629 50 |

Attention is directed to the decrease yearly in the amount of this currency presented for redemption, from which it will be apparent that the estimates carried to the public-debt statement of $\$ 8,375,934$, as lost or destroyed, will prove to be far below the actual loss or destruction.

The reports by the national banks, of their condition on June 20, 1884, show that they had then on hand of fractional currency $\$ 473,046.66$ only. There are no means of tracing any other considerable amounts, and it is not known that there is much more in existence; so that it is believed that the gain to the Government will be not less than $\$ 14,000,000$ of the $\$ 368,724,079.45$ of such currency issued.

The following statement shows, by issues, the date when the issue ceased, the amount outstanding at the close of the fiscal year 1884, and the amounts redeemed during the year:

| Issue. | Date when issue ceased. | Outstanding <br> June 30, 1884. | Redeemed fis. cal year 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First | May 27, 1863 | \$4, 281, 69740 | \$245 36 |
| Second | February 23,1867 | 3, 106, 84670 | 23033 |
| Third. | April 16, 1869 | $2,985,38144$ | L, 02578 |
| Fourth | February 16, 1875 | 3, 698, 43903 | 5, 10191 |
| Fifth | February 15, 1876 | 1, 283, 635 07 | 14, 02612 |
| . | Total | 15, 355, 99964 | 20,629 50 |

MUTLLATED, STOLEN, AND COUNTERFEIT GURRENCY.
The deductions on account of mutilation, from the face value of United States notes redeemed during the year, amounted to $\$ 1,997$, on fractional currency to $\$ 33.86$, on silver certificates to $\$ 85$, and on gold certificates to $\$ 10$. The notes from which these deductions were made have not been passed through the accounts and destroyed, but have been retained in this office for the purpose of comparison with fragments of notes that may hereafter be presented for redemption.

There was also deducted, on account of mutilation, from notes of national banks that have failed, gone into liquidation, or are reducing circulation, $\$ 47.50$.
There were detected in remittances of United States notes received for redemption 233 counterfeits, of the nominal value of $\$ 3,481$; and in remittances of national bank notes, 62 notes stolen prior to regular issue, with the signatures of the bank officers forged thereon, amounting to $\$ 670$, and 452 counterfeits, of the nominal value of $\$ 4,895$.

The denominations of the counterfeit notes received and detected were as follows:

|  | Denomination. | U. S. notes. | Nationalbank notes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One dollar |  | \$13 |  |
| Two dollars. |  | 26 | \$80 |
| Five dollars. |  | 305 610 | 1,315 |
| Twenty dollars |  | 1,180 | , 640 |
| Fifty dollars. |  | 1,250 | 100 |
| One hundred dollars |  | 100 | 900 |
|  |  | 3, 484 | 4, 095 |

Counterfeit fractional currency of the nominal value of $\$ 239.95$ and a counterfeit compound-interest note of the denomination of $\$ 50$ were also detected.

In February last the several assistant treasurers were requested to report to this office the number of counterfeit silver coins detected in the receipts at their offices. Including those detected in this office, the number from February 1, 1884, to September 30, 1884, was as follows:


CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, ACT OF JUNE 8, 1872.
There were issued during the year, under the provisions of the act of June 8, 1872, on deposits of United States notes by national banks, certificates amounting to $\$ 26,870,000$; there were redeemed $\$ 27,820,000$; leaving outstanding at the close of the year $\$ 12,230,000$.

The total issues and redemptions each year, and the amount outstanding at the close of the years, from the date of the first issue, is shown by the following table:

|  | Fiscal year. | Total amount issued. | Total amount redeemed. | Outstanding, as shown by the Treas. urer's books. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1873 |  | \$57, 240, 000 | \$25, 430, 000 | \$31, 810, 000 |
| 1874 |  | 137, 905,000 | 78, 915, 000 | 58,990,000 |
| 1875 |  | 219,000, 000 | 159, 955, 000 | 59, 045, 000 |
| 1876 |  | 301, 400, 000 | 268, 260, 000 | 33, 140, 000 |
| 1877 |  | 378, 285, 000 | 324, 305, 000 | 53, 980, 000 |
| 1878 |  | 464, 965, 000 | 418, 720, 000 | 46, 245, 000 |
| 1879 |  | 554, 730, 000 | 525, 400, 000 | 29, 330, 000 |
| 1880 |  | 601, 785, 000 | 588, 660, 000 | 13, 125, 000 |
| 1881 |  | 612, 850, 000 | 601, 235, 000 | 11, 615, 000 |
| 1882 |  | 629, 760, 000 | 616, 400, 000 | 13, 360, 000 |
| 1883 |  | 649, 790, 000 | 636, 610, 000 | 13, 180, 000 |
| 1884 |  | 676,660, 000 | 6664, 430, 000 | 12, 230, 000 |

[^41]
## RECOINAGE OF UNCURRENT COINS.

No appropriation for the recoinage of uncurrent coins was made for the fiscal year 1884 ; for the current year, however, $\$ 15,000$ was appropriated, and in August last $\$ 135,870.27$ of fractional silver coin was recoined, at a loss of $\$ 7,229.58$.

It is recommended that Congress be requested to appropriate the same amount for the ensuing year.

## SALES OF EXCHANGE.

In addition to the transfers of silver certificates issued upon deposits of gold coin with the assistant treasurer at New York, there were issued during the year, for like deposits, orders payable in gold as follows: Payable at San Francisco, $\$ 1,600,000$, on which a premium of $\$ 190.62$ was received; payable at New Orleans, $\$ 500,000$, at a premium of $\$ 250$; and from San Francisco, payable at New York, $\$ 250,000$, on which $\$ 750$ was realized.

## CLEARING-HOUSE TRANSACTIONS.

In January, 1879, the Treasury became a member of the New York clearing-house so far as to make settlements with banks through that institution, instead of separately. It was considered that such an arrangement would be advantageous to the Treasury in aiding resumption and in saving useless handling of money; and in these respects the anticipatious have been realized.

There was in force at the time a rule, adopted Novémber 12, 1878, prohibiting the "payment of balances at the clearing-house in silver certificates or silver dollars, excepting as subsidiary coin, in small sums (say under \$10)." Subsequent to the passage of the act of Congress of July 12, 1882, which prescribed that "no national banking association shall be a member of any clearing-house in which such [gold and silver] certificates shall not be receivable in settlement of clearing-house balances," the associated banks resolved that "the resolutions adopted November 12, 1878, be amended so far as they conflict with section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882."

Notwithstanding this formal declaration of compliance with law, neither standard silver dollars nor silver certificates have been or are now offered in settlement of balances at the clearing-house; and the Treasury has refrained from taking any steps to enforce the receipt of either of these descriptions of funds, which have therefore not been used in payment of obligations presented through the clearing-house.

The statements which are presented below show that there has been paid to the associated banks, through the clearing-house, from the 1st day of July, 1882, to the 31st day of October, 1884, a period of two years and four months-


During the same period the amounts received by the New York office on account of duties on imports at the port of New York aggregated $\$ 328,533,000$, of which there was-

[^42]From the reports of silver certificates issued, transferred, and redeemed, and of the amounts received for duties and the amount on hand in the New York office, it appears that, after allowing for the reissue by the New York office of a portion of those paid in, silver certificates to a large amount hava been brought from other points to New York and used in the payment of duties on imports, for which otherwise gold coin or certificates, or United States notes would have been used.

Of the loss of gold to the Treasury through the mode of settlement with the clearing-house, there has been made up to it during the same period $\$ 60,844,000$ by means of gold deposits at the New York office, for $\$ 39,771,000$ of which silver certificates were issued at Treasury offices in the South and West, and for $\$ 21,073,000$ of which silver certificates were paid out at the New York uffice.

As a consequence of the inability of the Treasury, under the existing practice, to use either the silver dollars or the silver certificates in its settlements with the New York clearing-house, where by far the greater part of its disbursements is made, the available gold ran down from $\$ 155,429,600$ on January 1, 1884, to $\$ 116,479,979$ on August 12, 1884; while the silver dollars and bullion on hand, not represented by silver certificates outstanding, increased during the same period from $\$ 27,266,037$ to $\$ 48,603,958$.

As a temporary expedient to stop this drain of gold from the Treasury, the assistant treasurer at New York was directed to use in payments to the clearing-house United States notes to the extent of onehalf of the payments. But the amount of these notes in the Treasury, which at the time of the commencement of this mode of payment had accnmulated beyond its needs, has now become so much reduced, that they are no longer available for such payments to any considerable extent.

If a return to the former practice of making payments entirely in gold or gold certificates shall result in a continuous loss of gold to the Treasury, not made up to a sufficient extent by receipts of gold from other sources, the question must soon arise for the decision of the Department as to whether it will continue to make in gold or its representative the payments now made through the clearing house, or use in its payments the silver dollars or their representative certificates in some proportion to the relation which silver dollars in the Treasury, not held for certificates outstanding, bear to the available assets, and to an extent similar to that in which they are used at other offices of the Treasury.

In ascertaining what this proportion is, it is to be considered that of the $\$ 134,670,790$ in gold coin and bullion now owned by the Government, $\$ 95,500,000$ was obtained by the sale of bonds under the resumption act.

If it be held that this amount is available for no other purpose than the redemption of United States notes, the gold which may be used for ordinary payments is $\$ 39,170,790$, compared with $\$ 46,831,660$ in silver dollars, including bullion, a vailable for the same purposes. Or if it be held that the provision in section 12 of the act of July 12, 1882, suspending the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of gold coin and bulliou in the Treasury reserved for the redemption of United States notes falls below $\$ 100,000,000$, is by implication a requirement that this sum shall be held for the redemption of notes, then the balance of gold which may be used for ordinary payments is $\$ 34,670,790$.

The following statement shows the transactions of the Treasury with
the New York clearing-house for the past two fiscal years and by months for the last sixteen months:

| Date. | Cheeks sent to the clearinghouse. | Checks received from the clearinghonse. | Balances due the assistcant treasurer. | Balances due the clearing. house. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1883 | \$129,980, 11060 | \$327, 302, 30962 | \$1, 662, 26398 | \$198, 984, 46300 |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |
| July | 9, 074,257 66 | 23, 226, 97895 |  | 14,152,721 29 |
| August | 10,524, 50570 | 22, 462,789 27 | 361, 24242 | 12,299, 52599 |
| September | 10, 096, 81627 | 26, 136, 03146 |  | 16, 039,215 19 |
| October | 10, 324, 68437 | 23, 080, 31417 | 380, 43175 | 13, 136, 06155 |
| November | 9, 110, 77330 | $25,351,26557$ | 7,41790 | 16, 247, 91017 |
| December | 9, 352,506 32 | 26, 605, 05232 |  | 17, 252,546 00 |
| January .............. | 7, 882, 35405 | 29, 348, 10997 | 5,690 67 | 21,471,446 59 |
| February | 9, 235, 03976 | 22, 580, 45521 | 2, 67564 | 13, 348, 09109 |
| March | 9, 461,406 98 | 25, 279, 12634 |  | 15, 817,719 36 |
| April | 8,983, 81258 | 22, 824, 77982 |  | 13, 840, 96724 |
| May | 13, 092, 59863 | 22, 540, 65505 | 574,421 64 | 10, 022, 47806 |
| Jane | 9, 527, 24464 | 26, 106, 39019 |  | 16, 579, 14555 |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1884 | 116, 666, 00026 | 295, 541, 94832 | 1,331, 88002 | 180, 207, 82808 |
| July.................... | 8, 937, 99432 | 36, 376, 99458 |  | 27, 439, 00026 |
| August | 9, 736, 39656 | 23, 387, 93191 | 56,488 31 | 13, 708, 02366 |
| September | 8, 614,439 14 | 19, 525, 52063 |  | 10, 911, 08149 |
| October. | 8,969,306 13 | 26, 791, 47784 |  | 17, 822, 17171 |
| Total for two years and four months | 282, 904, 24701 | 728, 926, 18290 | 3, 050, 63231 | 449, 072, 56820 |

## The kinds of money used in settlement of the balances due the clear-ing-house were as follows:

| Date. | Gold coin. | Gold certificates. | United States notes. notes. | Transfers in silver certificates. | Sundry credits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1883. | \$41, 225, 000 | \$134, 637, 000 | \$3, 692, 46300 | \$14, 741, 000 | \$4, 689, 000 |
| July . ........... |  | 14, 139, 000 | 13,721 29 |  |  |
| August |  | 12, 199, 000 | 100,525 99 |  |  |
| September |  | 15. 966,000 | 73,215 19 |  |  |
| October |  | 12,079,000 | 57, 06155 |  |  |
| November |  | 16, 237,000 | 10,910 17 |  |  |
| December |  | 17, 237, 000 | 15,540 00 |  |  |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. |  | 21, 456,000 | 15,446 59 |  |  |
| February |  | $13,333,000$ $15,777,000$ | 15,09109 40,719 |  |  |
| April. |  | 13, 670,000 | 170, 96784 |  |  |
| May. |  | 9, 865, 000 | 157, 47806 |  |  |
| June |  | 16,370, 000 | 209, 14555 |  |  |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1884. |  | 179, 328, 000 | 879, 82808 |  |  |
| July |  | 27, 215, 000 | 224, 00026 |  |  |
| August |  | 9, 380, 000 | 4, 328, 02366 |  |  |
| September |  | 5, 200,000 | 5, 711, 08149 |  |  |
| October |  | 9, 000, 000 | 8,822, 17171 |  |  |
| Total for two years and four months. ............. | 41, 225, 000 | 364, 760, 000 | 23, 657, 56820 | 14, 741, 000 | 4, 689, 000 |

The kinds of money received in payment of duties on imports at the port of New York are shown in the following table:

| Date. | United States notes. | Gold coin. | Gold certificates. | Silver certificates. | Silver coin. | Total duties on imports, port of New York. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1883 | \$9, 859,000 | \$30,045, 000 | \$67, 124, 000 | \$39, 342, 000 | \$150, 000 | \$146, 520,000 |
| July ............. | 794,000 | 339, 000 | 11, 552,000 | 1,906,000 | 18,000 | 14, 609, 000 |
| Augnst | 791, 000 | 359, 000 | 9, 734, 000 | 2, 395,000 | 11, 000 | 13, 290,000 |
| Suptembe | 609, 000 | 385, 000 | 9, 364, 000 | 1,682,000* | 10, 000 | 12, 050, 000 |
| October | 555, 000 | 347; 000 | 8,802, 000 | 1, 902,000 | 10, 400 | 11, 616,000 |
| November | 593, 000 | 276, 040 | 6, 039, 000 | 2, 011,000 | 9, 000 | 8,928, 000 |
| December | 603, 000 | 260, 000 | 6, 657, 000 | 1, 809, 000 | 9,000 | 9,388, 000 |
| January . 1884. | 884,000 | 287, 000 | 7, 794, 000 | 2,794,000 | 9,000 | 11, 768,000 |
| February | 999, 000 | 253. 000 | 8, 148, 000 | 2, 661, 000 | 8, 000 | 12, 069, 000 |
| March | 1,250,0100 | 204, 000 | 6, 952, 000 | 3,031, 010 | 10, 000 | 11, 447, 000 |
| April | 1,344,000 | 244, 000 | 5, 606, 000 | 2, 643,000 | 13,000 | 9,850, 000 |
| Mav | 1, 364, 000 | 312, 000 | 4, 318, 000 | 3, 282,000 | 13, 000 | 9, 289, 000 |
| June | 2,005,000 | 290, 000 | 3, 784, 000 | 3, 366; 000 | 14.000 | 9,459, 000 |
| Fiscal year ended June 30, 1884 | 11, 791, 000 | 3,556, 000 | $88,750,000$ | 29, 482, 000 | 134, 000 | 133, 713, 000 |
| Tuly . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2, 332,000 | 206, 000 | 6, 313,000 | 4, 247,000 | 13,000 | 13, 111, 000 |
| Augast | 2, 781, 000 | 169, 000 | 5, 702, 000 | 4, 164, 000 | 12, 000 | 12, 828,000 |
| September | 4,125,000 | 193, 000 | 3, 897, 000 | 3, 764, 000 | 13,000 | 11, 992,000 |
| October | 4,390, 000 | 183, 000 | 2, 452, 000 | 3, 331, 000 | 13, 000 | 10,369,000 |
| Total for two years and fourmonths. | $35,278,000$ | 34,352, 000 | 174, 238, 000 | 84,330,000 | 335, 000 | 328, 533, 000 |

DEPOSITARY BANKS.
During the fiscal year the public moneys deposited with national banks desiguated as depositaries amounted to $\$ 129,100,449.35$; making a total of such receipts by them since the establishment of the nationalbanking system of $\$ 4,087,797,294.23$.

The balance remaining at the close of the year to the credit of the Treasurer was $\$ 10,716,144.17$; and to the credit of disbursing officers, $\$ 3,375,161.01$; a total of $\$ 14,091,305.18$, to secure the safe-keeping and prompt payment of which there were held United States bonds amounting to $\$ 17,060,000$. There were 135 national bauks acting as depositaries at the close of the fiscal year.

The utility of these agencies of the Government becomes apparent when it is observed that during the fiscal year $\$ 129,100,449.35$ of the receipts into the Treasury were deposited with them, thus saving to the Government the expense and risk of transportation to Treasury offices of funds in many instances needed at the places of receipt for the accommodation of disbursing officers and public creditors.

The transfers of amounts from the banks, at times when the balances approached the limit fixed by the securities on deposit, have been accomplished without expense to the Treasury and with satisfactory promptness.
$5022 \mathrm{~F}-27$

The following table shows for twenty-one fiscal years the transactions with depositary banks:

| Fiscal year. | Receipts. | Funds transferred to depositary banks. | Funds transferred to Treasury by depositary banks. | Drafts drawn on depositary banks. | Balance at close of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 | \$153, 395, 10871 | \$816, 00000 | \$85, 507, 67408 | \$28, 726, 69588 | \$39, 976, 73875 |
| 1865 | 987, 564,639 14 | 8, 110, 29470 | 583, 697, 91272 | 415, 887, 767.81 | 36, 065, 99206 |
| 1866 | 497, 566, 67642 | 13, 523, 97262 | 363, 085, 56565 | 149, 772, 75611 | 34, 298,319 34 |
| 1867 | 351, 737, 08383 | 8, 405,903 63 | 331, 039, 87257 | 37, 218, 31276 | 26,182, 82147 |
| 1868 | 225, 244, 144 75 | 9, 404,392 00 | 215, 311, 46069 | 22, 218, 18792 | 23, 301, 70961 |
| 1869 | 105, 160, 573 67 | 10, 052, 19944 | 114, 748, 87724 | 14, 890, 46375 | 8, 875, 14173 |
| 1870 | 120, 084, 041 79 | 2,466,521 06 | 111, 123, 92618 | 11, 818, 22861 | 8, 483, 54979 |
| 1871 | 99, 299, 84085 | 2, 633, 12945 | 89, 428,544 04 | 13,790,961 01 | 7, 197, 01.504 |
| 1872 | 106, 104, 85516 | 3, 050, 44405 | $94,938,60376$ | 13, 635, 83749 | 7, 777, 87300 |
| 1873 | 169, 602, 74398 | 9, 004, 84249 | 108, 089, 78676 | 16, 110,519 07 | 62, 185, 15364 |
| 1874 | 91, 108, 84670 | 2,729,958 81 | 134, 869, 11257 | 13, $364,55452^{\prime}$ | 7,790, 29206 |
| 1875 | 98, 228, 24953 | 1, 737, 44560 | $82,184,30405$ | 13, 657, 67825 | 11, 914, 00489 |
| 1876 | 97, 402, 22757 | 2, 445, 45149 | 89, 981, 14699 | 13, 909, 61683 | -7, 870, 92013 |
| 1877 | 106,470,261 22 | 2,353,196 29 | 94, 2;6, 40035 | 14, 862, 20088 | 7, 555, 77641 |
| 1878 | 99, 781, 05348 | 2, 385, 920 38 | $90,177,96335$ | 12,606, 87060 | 6,937, 91632 |
| 1879 | 109, 397, 52567 | 6, 890, 48906 | 100, 498, 46929 | 15, 544, 05834 | 7, 183, 40342 |
| 1880 | 119, 493, 17194 | 6, 489, 63417 | 109, 641, 23264 | 15, 525, 02303 | - 7, 999, 95386 |
| 1881 | 131, 820, 00220 | 5, 646, 09246 | 118, 143, 72491 | 18, 388, 77282 | 8,933, 55079 |
| 1882 | .143, 261, 54141 | $5.256,574 \cdot 29$ | 129, 131, 30507 | 18,709, 92856 | 9,610,432 86 |
| 1883 | 145, 974, 25086 | 5, 292, 84022 | 132, 075, 35880 | 18, 771, 47281 | 10,030,.698 33 |
| 1884 | 129, 100, 44935 | 5,501, 16118 | 116; 227, 72217 | 17, 688, 44252 | 10, 716, 14417 |
| Total. | 4, 087, 797, 29423 | 114, 196, 46339 | 3, 291, 178, 96388. | 897, 098, 64957 | ................... |

SPEAKER'S CERTIFICATES.
The attention of Congress is again respectfully directed, through you, to the mode of paying the certificates issued by the Speaker of the House of Represeutatives to members for their compensation and mileage. The amount of these disbursements is verg large, $\$ 1,805,624$ having been appropriated for these purposes for the ensuing year. The Treasurer is uuable to verify the accounts upon which the certificates are issued, but is nevertheless held responsible, by the accounting officers, for their proper payment. The duty of making these payments should be devolved by law upon a disbursing officer regularly qualified.

## PACIFIC RAILROAD SINKING FUNDS.

At the close of the fiscal year United States bonds were held in this office for account of the Pacific Railroad sinking funds established by the act of May 7, 1878 (20 Statutes; 56), as follows:


TRUS'I FUNDS.

## The Indian Trust Fund.

The bonds and stocks of the Indian trust fund in the custody of this office, under the act of Congress of June 10, 1876 (19 Statutes, 58), at the close of the fiscal year, amounted to $\$ 1,808,016.83 \frac{2}{3}$. Of this amount
$\$ 280,000$ was in bonds issued to the Pacific Railways (currency sixes), and the remainder in State and corporation stocks and bonds, as shown in the table in the appendix.

Interest is due and unpaid on all the bonds of the following-named States, held for account of this fund: Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tenhessee, and Virginia. Interest on the remaining bonds, those of the States of Indiana and Maryland, and bouds issued to the Pacific Railways, is paid to date.

## Miscellaneous Trusts.

United States bonds are held in trust for the following :


One hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in United States three per cent. called bonds, held for account of the Manhattan Savings Institution, have been delivered to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption for account of said Iustitution, leaving $\$ 75,000$ in United States four per cent. bonds on deposit. These bonds are held in trust for that Institution as indemnity for certain stolen bonds, as provided for by the act of December 19, 1878 ( 20 Statutes, 589 ).

The following-described bonds are held in custody in this office for the Secretary of the Treasury, all with the exception of the Louisiana bonds laving become the property of the United States, by payment of the principal and interest to the trustis for which they were originally purchased:


UNITED STATES BONDS HELD FOR NATIONAL BANKS.
At the close of the fiscal year the United States bonds held in trust for the national banks amounted to $\$ 351,207,850$. Of this amount $\$ 334$, 147,850 was held to secure circulation, and $\$ 17,060,000$ to secure public moneys, as follows :

To secure circulation.

| Bonds issued to Pacific Railways, 6 per cents | \$3, 498, 000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Funded loan of 1891, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents............ | 46, 546, 400 |
| Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents. | 111,690,900 |
| Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents | 172, 412, 550 |
|  | 334, 147,850 |
| To secure public moneys. |  |
| 嗗 |  |
| Bonds issued to Pacific Railways, 6 per cents. | \$120,000 |
| Funded loan of 1891, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents | 1,776,500 |
| Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cents | 6,776, 050 |
| Loan of July 12, 1882, 3 per cents | 8,387, 450 |
|  | 17,060, 000 |

The amount of bonds depusited during the year was $\$ 47,196,600$, and of bonds withdrawn, $\$ 69,701,250$.

The total movement of bonds held in trust for national banks was $\$ 116,897,850$, against $\$ 539,006,000$ for the year ended June 30,1883 . The amount of bonds held to secure circulation June 30, 1883, was $\$ 356,596,500$, and the amount held June 30,1884 , was $\$ 334,147,850$, showing a decrease during the year of. $\$ 22,448,650$, compared with $\$ 4,126,200$ in the preceding year.

There was a decrease of $\$ 28,465,300$ in the amount of bouds of the 3 per cent. loan of 1882 , held to secure circulation, malking a total withdrawal of this class of securities since the first issue, of $\$ 37,271,300$. Op to and including June 30,1884 , calls for about $\$ 80,000,0003$ per cents had matured.

During the fiscal year proceeds of called bonds to the amount of $\$ 14,231,740$ were deposited in the Treasury to retire outstanding circulating notes.

## SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY.

The amount of semi-annual duty assessed upon, and collected from the national bauks for the fiscal year, the duty being upon circulation only, was $\$ 3,024,668.24$.

The total amount of semi-annual duty collected by this office from the national banks since the organization of the system is, as shown in the appenclix:


THE. REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.
During the fiscal year $\$ 126,152,572.34$ in national-bank notes, contained in 23,185 remittances, were presented for redemption, being 22.83 per cent. more than in the preceding year. The smallest monthly receipts during the sear were $\$ 7,387,2 \pm 6.93$ in September, and the largest $\$ 17,463,933.43$ in Jauuary ; the average monthly receipts were about $\$ 10,500,000$. Of the amount presented $\$ 86,922,000$, or 68.90 per cent., came from the four cities, New York, Boston, Philadelpbia, and Chicago-New York leading in amount with $\$ 54,327,000$, or 43.07 per cent., followed by Boston with $\$ 19,971,000$, or 15.83 per cent., by Philadelphia with $\$ 6,830,000$, or 5.41 per cent., and by Chicago with $\$ 5,794,000$, or 4.59 per cent. ; the remainder, $\$ 39,230,000$, or 31.1 per cent., represents remittances from all other places, and from every section of the country.

The payments made during the year for bank notes redeemed, amounted to $\$ 125,760,169.18$. Of this amount, $\$ 77,991,916.83$, or 62.02 per cent., was effected by the Treasurer's transfer checks, thus saving the trausportation of lawful money. These checks were drawn on all of the assistant treasurers, with due care for the convenience of the party receiving the check ; $\$ 24,080,304.62$ in United States notes were forwarded by express from $W$ ashington, and $\$ 1,173,646.70$ in standard silver dollars and fractional silver coin from Washington and the mints ; making in all $\$ 25,253,951.32$, or 20.08 per cent. of the returns by shipments by express. The remainder of the redemptions, $\$ 22,514,301.03$, or 17.9 per cent., was effected by payments at the counter and by credits in account.

The receipts of bank notes for redemption from the principal cities.
and the kinds of returns made therefor when compared by percentages are very like those of the preceding year, except that the amounts involved are larger.

The increase of 22.83 per cent. in the amount of bank notes presented for redemption reflects the condition of the mercantile and monetary affairs of the country as shown by reports of increasing business failures and decreasing clearing-house transactions; and it is a continuation in the course that bank-note redemptions have been pursuing year by year since 1881.

The redeemed national-bank notes assorted by banks of issue and disposed of during the year amounted to $\$ 125,379,514 ; \$ 26,255,500$ of which were forwarded by express to the bauks of issue as fit for further' use, $\$ 95,616,064$ were delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency, and $\$ 3,507,950$ were notes of banks which had failed or which had gone into voluntary liquidation before the passage of the act of Congress of July 12, 1882.

The deposits of lawful money made by national banks during the fiscal year for the withdrawal of their circulating notes amounted to $\$ 29,519,570$.

Of these deposits, $\$ 1,301,090$ were made under the provisions of section 5222 of the Revised Statutes, $\$ 3,: 287,410$ under section 6 of the act of Congress approved July 12, 1882, and $\$ 24,931,070$ under section 4 of the act of June 20, 1874, as modified by section 9 of the act of July 12, $188 \%$. Of the latter amount, $\$ 14,231,740$ was deposited from the proceeds of United States bonds called for redemption, that were held by the Treasurer as security for circulation. The largest amount deposited under the act of 1874 , during any calendar month, was $\$ 1,607,630$ in September, falling far below the Jimit of $\$ 3,000,000$ placed upon such deposits by section 9 of the act of July 12, 188:.

The expenditure from the 5 per cent. fund for transporting, redeeming, and assorting national-bank ṇotes during the year was $\$ 160,896.65$ on the following accounts: for charges for transportation incurred on remittances of bank notes for redemption to Washington, and on assorted notes fit for circulation forwarded from Washington to banks of issue, $\$ 68,684.11$; for salaries, $\$ 88,426.79$; for printing and binding, $\$ 1,935.91$; for stationery, $\$ 1,133.84$; and for all other expenses, $\$ 716$. This expenditure is by law required to be assessed on the national baniks in proportion to the circulation of each redeemed. There were assorted during the year $\$ 121,911,764$ in national-bank notes that are assessable under the law. This amount divided in to the expenditure of $\$ 160,896.65$ makes an average rate of assessment of $\$ 1.31978$ per $\$ 1,000$, as against an average rate of $\$ 1.55634$ per $\$ 1,000$ for the preceding fiscal year, a decrease of 23.656 cents in the expense per $\$ 1,000$, and a decrease in the rate of expense of 15.1 per cent.

The fiscal year last ended makes ten years of national-bank note redemptions under the act of June 20, 1874. A brief summary of these redemptious may be of interest:

The aggregate amount of bank notes presented for redemption during the ten years, expressed in round numbers, was 1,404 millions of dollarsa yearly arerage of 140 millions. The actual redemptions varied widely from this average, running up to 242 millions in 1877 and falling off to 59 millions in 1881 ; in the one case exceeding the average by 102 millions aud in the other falling 81 millions below it. To consider these redemptions in periods of five years shows facts equally striking. For instance, the aggregate amount of bank notes presented for redemption during the first five years (1875-1879) was 978 millions of dollars;
while the aggregate amount for the last five years (1880-1884) was but 426 millions-the former amount being more than 129 per cent. greater than the latter. The yearly average of redemptions for the first five years was 195 millions of dollars; the smallest redemptions being 155 millions in 1875, and the largest 242 millions in 1877; for the last five years the yearly average was 85 millions, the actual redemptions varying from 59 millions in 1881, to 126 millions in 1884 . In no year of the last five did the redemptions equal those of any of the first five years. The large redemptions of the years 1875-1879 were to some extent due to the depression in business succeeding the financial and commercial panic of 1873 ; and the comparatively small redemptions in the 'last five years ( $1880-1884$ ) may be attributed to the recovery during those years from the effects of that pauic, the increased activity of business, and the benefits attending the resumptiou of specie payments. The statistics of the ten years show that the redemptions are invariably affected by the business seasons, decreasing in spring and autumn, when trade is active, and increasing iu midwinter and midsummer when trade is dull.

The balauces of funds held for the redemption of notes of national banks that bave failed, gone into liquidation, or are reducing circula. tion, have for some years past exceeded $\$ 30,000,000$.

The following table shows by fiscal years siuce 1877 the amounts deposited and redeemed, and the balances remaining on hand:

| Year. | Failed. |  |  | Liquidating. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deposits. | Rerlemptions. | Balances. | Deposits. | Rederoptions. | Balances. |
| To June 30, 1877. | \$7, 018, 21000 | \$6,098, 28180 | \$919,928 20 | \$18, 110, 84325 | \$14, 106, 00645 | \$4, 004, 83680 |
| Fiscal year 1878 | 598, 10450 | 752, 49750 | 765, $535 \quad 20$ | $2,397,61000$ | 1, 810, 75200 | 4,591, 69480 |
| - 1879 | 814, 87025 | 636, 61350 | 943, 79195 | 2,389,634 00 | 1, 554, 08650 | 5, 427, 24250 |
| 1880. | 217, 00800 | 382, 11650 | 778, 683 45 | 1,056, 18300 | 1, 058, 41450 | 5, 425,010 80 |
| 1881. | 325, 56250 | 426, 88850 | 677, 35745 | 1,281,961 00 | 1, 144, 90640 | 5,562, 06540 |
| 1882. | 975, 72925 | 533, 50450 | 1, 119,582 20 | 7, 939, 99500 | 1, 769, 75600 | 11, 732, 30440 |
| 1883 | 452, 78750 | 722, 80800 | 849, 56170 | 7, 284, 98000 | $4,595,59300$ | 14, 421, 69140 |
| 1884. | 634, 78000 | 625, 21200 | 859, 12970 | 4, 484, 05050 | $5.746,17350$ | 13, 159, 56840 |
| Year. | Reducing. |  |  | Aggregate. |  |  |
|  | Deposits. | Redemptions. | Balances. | Deposits. | Redemptions. | Balances. |
| To June 30, 1877. | \$58, 787, 31500 | \$50,720, 71900 | \$8, 066, 59600 | \$83, 916,368 25 | \$70, 925, 007 25 | 12, 991, $361 \cdot 00$ |
| Fiscal year 1878. | 5, 820, 31300 | 9, 446, 62600 | 4, 440, 28300 | 8, 816, 02750 | 12, 009, 87550 | 9, 797, 51300 |
| , 1879 | 6, 650. 74500 | $5,866,00100$ | 5, 225, 02700 | 9,850, 24925 | 8, 056, 70100 | 11, 596, 06125 |
| 1880. | 12, 870, 285 U0 | 4, 961, 38500 | 13, 133, 92700 | 14, 143, 47600 | 6, 401, 91600 | 19,337, 62125 |
| 1881. | 24, 546, 51300 | 10, 773, 00400 | 26, 907, 43600 | 26, 154, 03650 | 12, 344,798 90 | 33, 146, 85885 |
| 1882. | 11, 802, 75300 | 14, 505, 34600 | 24, 204, 84300 | 20, 718,477 25 | 16, 808, 60650 | 37, 056, 72960 |
| 1883. | 14, 915, 69300 | 18, 233, 87850 | $20,886,65750$ | 22, 653, 46050 | $23,552,27950$ | $36,157,910$ b0 |
| 1884. | 24, 949, 06950 | 20, 486, 30400 | 25, 349, 42300 | 30, 067, 90000 | $26,857,68950$ | 39, 368, 12110 |

The bank notes preseuted for redemption dluring the first three months of the current fiscal year are 31 per cent. in excess of the amount presented during the corresponding period of the last fiscal year. It was in anticipation of this increase that the Treasurer asked and received an appropriation for ten additional clerks for the current year. Of the clerks thus provided, it has been found necessary thus far to appoint but five, and if the work for the remainder of the jear can be performed without any further increase of force, it will be done, as it is proposed, to conduct the business of redemptions with the least possible expense to the banks consistent with safety and the requisite celerity.

The assessments made during the year under section 8 of the act of Congress approved July 12, 1882, on national banks making deposits for the retirement in full of their circulation, amounted to $\$ 6,239.72$. The assessments previously made under that section were in amount $\$ 12,979.34$; making an aggregate fund that bas been placed to the credit of the account "Assessments for Retirement of Circulation" of $\$ 19,219.06$. Against this fund there will be charged $\$ 4,040.87$ for expenses incurred during the year in redeeming the notes of the banks so assessed; and there has been previously charged to the fund, $\$ 3,220.46$; making a total charge of $\$ 7,261.33$.

## WORK OF THE OFFICE.

The tables herein given and appended show the general result of the work of the otfice, which has not decreased on the whole, although in some particulars there have been changes. It has been sufficient to require diligent and faithful service from all employed thereon.

During the fiscal year the Treasurer was authorized and required in two instances to act as the disbursing officer, for brief periods, of two of the Departments at Washington, viz: for the State Department during the vacancy occasioned by the death of R. ©. Morgan, disbursing clerk, and for the Post-Office Department during the vacancy caused by the removal of J. O. P. Burnside, disbursing clerk; the Treasurer making the payments of salaries usually made by those officers, from the dates when they ceased to act until he was relieved by the appointment and qualification of their successors.

The Treasurer is able to commend the management of the offices of the assistant treasurers, and to state that no loss of the public funds has occurred during the year.

## RESTORATION OF SALARIES.

The Treasurer on this occasion renews the recommendation annually made that an amount be appropriated sufficient to restore salaries in his office to the amounts formerly paid. He is constrained to ask this as an act of justice to faithful and competent officers holding highly responsible positions, from whose salaries as fixed by statute deductions ought not to have been made, even of sums so small as were taken therefrom.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
A. U. WYMAN, Treasurer of the United States.

Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIX.

No. 1.-RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES for the FISCAL FEAR 1884 as shown by WARRANTS ISSUED.



No. 2.-COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for the fiscal years 1883 and 1884, as shown by WARRANTS ISSUED.

| Fiscal year. | Customs. | Internal reve. nue. | Lands. | Miscellaneous sources. | Total netreve. nue. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883 | \$214, 706, 49693 | \$144, 720, 36898 | \$7, 955, 86442 | \$30, 904, 85162 | \$398, 287, 58195 |
| 1884 | 195, 067, 48976 | 121, 586,07251 | 9,810, 70501 | 22, 055, 60264 | 348, 519,869 92 |
| Increase in 1884. |  |  | 1,854, 84059 |  |  |
| Decreasein 1884. | 19, 639, 00717 | 23, 134, 29647 |  | 8,849,24898 | 49, 767, 71203 |

No. 3.-COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for the fiscal years 1883 and 1884, as shown by WARRANTS ISSUED.

| Fiscal year. | Interest on the public debt. | Oiviland mis. cellaneous. | War Department. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Navy Depart- } \\ \text { ment. }}}{ }$ | Interior Department. | Total net ex. penditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883 | \$59, 160, 13125 | \$68, 678,022 21 | \$48, 911, 38293 | \$15, 283,437 17 | \$73, 375, 16398 | \$265, 408, 13754 |
| 1884 | 54, 578, 378.48 | 70, 920, 43370 | 39, 429,603 36 | 17, 292, 60144 | 61, 905, 22735 | 244, 126, 24433 |
| Decr. 1884. <br> Incr. 1884 | 4,581, 75277 | $\cdots 242,411$ | 9, 481, 77957 | $\cdots \cdots 009164$ | $\begin{gathered} 11,469,93663 \\ \cdots \cdots \cdots \end{gathered}$ | 21, 281, 89321 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

No. 4.-COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of BALANCES in the TREASURY at the close of the fiscal years 1883 and 1884.


No. 5.-EXPLANATORY STATEMENT of the DIFFERENCE BETWEEN the B.4LANCE in the TREASURF June 30, 1884, as shown by WARRANTS ISSUED, and the CASH, as shown by the PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The :alance in the Treasury June 30, 1884, as shown by Warrants issued
The cash in the Treasary June 30,1884, as shown by the Public Debt
Statement for that date, was
8396, 792,660 51

The lifference amounting to
391, 985, 92818
is cxplained in part by the fact that transcripts of the general account c sntaining reports of receipts into the Treasury prior to July 1, 1884, nere not received by the Treasurer until after that date from the fullowing offices, viz:
Office-of Assistant Treasurer U.S. at:
BaJtimore, Md .................................................................. 16.45273
New York, N. Y................................................................... 531,19475


Cincinnati. Obio
9. 22909

Chicago, Ill. 2447204
Saiat Louis, Mo
13, 04691
Ne Orleans, La
47, 13623
San Francisco, Cal..............................................................................................279, 21720
and fom National Bank Depositaries............................................... 2, 980, 05117

## Total

Silve: Certificates in Treasurer's balance, but not in tbat of Pablic Debt Sta; ement

4, 069, 04725
1, 080, 00000
Certilicates of deposit (act of June 8, 1872) in Treasurer's balance, but notin that of Public Debt Statement

135, 00000
Unavailable cash ipluded in I'reasurer's balance, but not.in that of Pub-
lic Debt Statement
993,776 69


Leaves

No. 6.-BALANCES STANDING to the CREDIT of DISBURSING. OFFICERS and AGENTS of the UNITED STATES, June 30, 1884.

| Office in which deposited. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Treasary U. S., Washington, D. C | \$1, 955, 29224 |
| Sub-T reasury U. S., Baltinore, Md | 311, 288 :71 |
| Sub-Treasury U. S., Boston, Mass | 3, 481, 35504 |
| Sub-Treasury U. S., Chicago, Ill. | 1, 715, 77934 |
| Sub-Treasury U. S., Cincınnati, Ohio | 128, 986603 |
| Sub-Treasury U. S., New Orleans. La | 444,128 59 |
| Sub-Treasury U.S., New York, N.Y | 14, 263,85275 |
| Sul-Treasury U. S., Philadelphia, Pa | 4,311,083 28 |
| Sub-Treasury J. S., Saint Louis, Mo | 952, 84972 |
| Sub-Treasury U. S,, San Francisco, Ca | 1,524, 20406 |
| National Bank Depositaines | 3, 375, 16101 |
| Total | 32, 463, 98077 |

## No. 7.-RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES on $A C C O U N T$ of the POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT for the fiscal year 1884, as shown by WARRANTS PAID.

| Receipts covered into the Treasury <br> Receipts by postmasters. $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 19,585,59189 \\ 24,236,893 \\ \hline 93 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total net receipts. | 43, 822, 48582 |
| Balance due the United States June 30, 1883 | 8,591, 06831 |
| Total | 52, 413, 55413 |
| Expenditures by Treasurer on warrants | 22, 044, 23094 |
| Expenditures by postmasters | 24, 236, 89393 |
| Total expenditnres. <br> Balance due the United States June 30, 1884 | $\begin{array}{r} 46,281,12487 \\ 6,132,42926 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 52,413,554 13 |

No. 8:-UNAVAILABLE FUNDS of the GENERAL TREASURY and of the
POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, June $30,1884$.

| The following On deposit |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maine | \$955, 83825 |
| New Hampshire | 669, 08679 |
| Vermont | 669, 08679. |
| Massachuset | 1, 338. 17358 |
| Connecticut | 764.67060 |
| Rbode Island | 382, 33530 |
| New York | 4, 014, 520 71 |
| Penusylvania | 2, 867, 51478 |
| New Jersey. | 764, 67060 |
| Obio | 2, 007, 26034 |
| Indiana | 860, $25+44$ |
| Ilinois | 477, 91914 |
| Michigan | 286, 75149 |
| Delaware | 286, 75149 |
| Maryland | 955, 83825 |
| Virginia | 2, 198, 42799 |
| North Carolina | 1, 433, 75739 |
| South Carolina | 1, 051, 42209 |
| Georgia | 1, 051, 42209 |
| Alabama | 669, 08679 |
| Louisiana. | 477, 91914 |
| Mississippi | 382, 33530 |
| Tennessee | 1, 433, 75739 |
| Kentucky | 1,433, 75739 |
| Missouri | 382, 33530 |
| Arkansas | 280, 75149 |

Total on deposit with the States.
Deficits and Defaults, Branch Mint U. S. San Francisco, Cal........................................... 1857 to
Default, Branch Mint U. S., Dablonega, Ga., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion
Branch Mint U. S., Charlotte, N. C., 186I, at the outbreak of the Rebellion
Depository U. S., Galveston, Tex., 1861, at the outbreak of the Rebellion
Depository U. S., Baltimore, Md., 1866
Deficit, Depository U.S., Santa Fé, N. Mex., 1866, short in remittance.
Failure, Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa., 1866
First National Bank of Selma, Ala., 1867
$\ldots \ldots \ldots .128,101,64491$ 419, 24384

27, 95003
32,000 00

- 77866
$547 \cdot 50$

First National Bank of Selma, Ala., 1867. ...................................
Sub-Treasury U.S., New Orleans. La., 1867, May and Whitaker
193, 93267
33, 38387
675,32522
5,566 31
Deficit, Sub.Treasury U.S.', New York, 1867, counterfeit 7.30s.................. 4,39291
Deficits, Sub.Treasury U. S., New York, 1867 to 1880 .................................
Default, Depository UU. S., Pittsburgh, Pa., 1867 9, 425 87

Depository U.S., Baltimore, Md., 1867 2, 12611
6,900 77
1, 19687
$1,413,02053$
29, 514, 66544
Total
The Post-Office Department balance is $\$ 6,057,142.07$, of which the following items were unavailable on June 30, 1884, viz:
Default, Sub-Treasury U.S., New Orleans, La., 1861, at the outbreak of the
 Depository U.S., Sarannah, Ga., 1861, at the outbreak of the Re-
bellion.....................................................................................
Depository U.S., Galveston, Tex., 186I, at the outbreak of the Rebellion............................................................... at the outbreak of the Depository

## Total.


N.9. 9.-SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY ASSESSED upon and COLLECTED from NATIONAL BANKS by the TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES for the fiscal yeurs from 1864 to 1884 , inclusive.

|  | Fiscal year. | On circulation. | On deposits. | On capital. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 |  | \$53, 19332 | \$9\%े, 91187 | \$18,432 07 | \$167, 53726 |
| 1865. |  | 733, 24759 | 1,.087, 53086 | 133, 25115 | 1,954, 02960 |
| 1866 |  | 2, 106, 78530 | 2,633, 10277 | 446, 94774 | 5, 146, 83581 |
| 1867 |  | 2, 868,636 78 | 2,650, 18009 | 321, 88136 | 5, 840, 69823 |
| 1868 |  | 2, 946, 34307 | 2,564, 14344 | 306,781 67 | 5, 817, 26818 |
| 1869 |  | 2,957, 41673 | 2,614, 55358 | 312.91868 | 5, 884, 88899 |
| 1870. |  | 2, 949, 74413 | 2, 614, 76761 | 375, 96: 26 | 5, 940, 47400 |
| 1871 |  | 2,987, 02169 | 2, 802, 84085 | 385, 292 !3 | 6, 175, 15467 |
| 1872. |  | 3, 193, 57003 | 3, 120, 984 37 | 389,356 27 | 6, 703, 91067 |
| 1873. |  | 3,353, 18613 | 3, 196, 56929 | 454,89151 | 7,004,646 93 |
| 1874. |  | 3, 404,483 11 | 3,209,967 72 | 469,048 02 | 7, 083, 49885 |
| 1875 |  | 3, 283, 45089 | 3, 514, 26539 | 507, 41776 | 7, 305, 13404 |
| 1876 |  | 3,091,795 76 | 3, 505, 12964 | 632, 29616 | 7, 229, 22156 |
| 1877. |  | 2,900,957 53 | 3,451, 96538. | 660, 78490 | 7, 013, 70781 |
| 1878. |  | 2,948, 04708 | 3, 273, 11174 | 560, 29683 | 6, 781, 455 65 |
| 1879 |  | 3, 009, 64716 | 3, 309,668 90 | 401, 920 61 | 6, 721, 23667 |
| 1880. |  | 3.153; $63563{ }^{\circ}$ | 4, 058, 71061 | 379,424 19 | 7, 591, 77043 |
| 1881. |  | 3, 121, 37433 | 4, 940, 94512 | 431, 23310 | 8, 493, 55255 |
| 1882 |  | 3, 190, 98198 | 5, 521,927 47 | 437, 77490 | $9,150,68435$ |
| 1883 |  | 3, 132, 00673 | 2, 773, 79046 | 269,976 43 | 6, 175, 773 62 |
| 1884 |  | 3, 024,668 24 |  |  | 3, 024, 66824 |
|  |  | 58, 410, 19321 | 60,940, 06716 | 7,855, 88774 | 127, 206, 14811 |

No. 10.-BONDS and STOCKS of the INDİAN TRUST FUND in CUSTODY of the TREASDRER of the UNITED STATES June 30, 1884, under the act of June 10, 1876.


No. 11.-STATEMENT by LOANS of UNITED STATES BONDS'HELD in TRUST for NATTONAL BANKS June 30, 1884, and of CHANGES during the fiscal year 1884 in the CHARACTER of BONDS HELD.


No. 12.-REDEMPTION of NOTES of FAILED, LIQUIDATING, and REDUCING NATIONAL BANISS, to June 30, 1877; and by fiseal yearṣ to 1884.


No. 1.3.-UNITED STATES CURRENCY, of EACH ISSUE, OUTSTANDING at the close of each fiscal year from $1 \$ 62$ to 1884.

| Fiscal year- | Old demand notes. | United States notes. | One and two year notes. | Compound. interest notes. | Fractional currenc. . | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1862 | \$51, 105, 23500 | \$96, 620, 00000 |  |  |  | \$147, 725,23500 |
| 186 | 3, 384, 00000 | 387, 646, 58900 |  |  | \$20, 192, 45600 | 411, 223, 04500 |
| 1864 | 789, 03750 | 447, 300, 20310 | \$172, 620, 55000 | \$6,060, 00000 | 22, 324, 28310 | 649, 094, 07370 |
| 1865 | 472, 60350 | 431, 066, 42799 | $50,625,17000$ | 191, 721, 47000 | 25, 033, 128 76 | 698, 918, 80025 |
| 1866 | 272, 16275 | 400, 780, 305 85 | 8,439, 54050 | 172, 369, 94100 | 27, 008, 87536 | 608,870, 825,46 |
| 1867 | 208, 43250 | 371, 783, 59700 | 1, 325, 88950 | 134, 774, 98100 | 28, 474, 623 02 | 536, 567, 52302 |
| 1868 | 143, 91200 | 356, 000, 00000 | 716, 21200 | 54, 608, 23000 | 32, 727, 90847 | 444, 196, 26247 |
| 1869 | 123,73925 | 356, 000, 00000 | 347, 77200 | 3, 063,41000 | 32, 114, 63736 | 391; 649, 55861 |
| 1870 | 106, 25600 | 356, 000, 00000 | 253, 952.00 | 2, 191, 67000 | 39, 878, 68448. | 398, 430, 56248 |
| 1871 | 96, 50550 | 356, 000, 00000 | 205, 99200 | 814, 28000 | 40, 582, 87456 | 397, 699, 65206 |
| 1872 | 88, 29625 | 357, 500, 00000 | 178, 22200 | 623, 01000 | $\cdot 40,855,83527$ | 399, 245, 36352 |
| 1873 | 79,967 50 | 356, 000,000 00 | 148, 15500 | 499, 78000 | 44, 799, 365.44 | 401, 527, 26794 |
| 1874 | 76, 73250 | 381, 999, 17300 | 130, 80500 | 429,080 00 | 45, 912, 003 34 | 428, 547, 69384 |
| 1875 | 70, 10750 | 375, 771, 58000 | 114, 17500 | 371; 47000 | 42, 129, 424 19 | $418,456,75669$ |
| 1876 | 66, 91750 | 369, 772, 28400 | 105, 40500 | 331, 26000 | 34, 446, 59539 | 404, 722, 46189 |
| 1877 | 63, 96250 | 359, 764, 33200 | 96, 28500 | 300, 26000 | 20, 403, 13734 | 380, 627, 97684 |
| 1878 | 62, 29750 | ,346, 681, 01600 | 90, 47500 | 274, 78000 | 16, 547, 76877 | 363, 656, 33727 |
| 1879 | 61,47000 | 346, 681, 01600 | 86,84500 | 260, 65000 | 15,842, 61011 | 362, 932, 59111 |
| 1880 | 60,97500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 82,81500 | 243, 31000 | 15, 590, 89270 | 362, 659, 00870 |
| 1881 | 60, 53500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 80,71500 | 235, 28000 | 15, 481, 89165 | 362, 539, 43765 |
| 1882 | 59, 69500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 77,12500 | 223, 56000 | 15, 423, 18610 | 362, 464, 58210 |
| '1883 | 58, 98500 | 346, 681, 01600 | 71,915 00 | 214, 77000 | 15, 376, 62914 | 362, 403, 31514 |
| 1884. | 58, 44000 | 346, 681, $01600 \mid$ | 71, 33500 | 211, 79000 | 15, 355, 99964 | 362, 378, 58064 |

Notis. - The difference between this and other statements of the Treasurer's reports and the pub licdebr statements, in the amounts of one and two year notes and compound-interest notes outstanding, is due ;o the fact that the Creasurer's statements are compiled from the reports of destructions, while the delt statements are made up from the reports of redemptions, and the method of settling the accounts of these interest-bearing notes does not permit their destruction until some time after the redemprion. The following will explain the differences on June 30, 1884:

|  | One and two year notes. | Compound-interest notes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reder ptions during fiscal year 1884 | $\$ 2,000$ | \$5,960 |
| Destrc jed during the jear | 580 | 2,980 |
| On haud undestroyed at beginning of year | 160 | 1,150 |
| Destrc yed on account of redemptions of 1884 | 420 | 1,830 |
| On haud undestroyed July 1, 1884 | 1,580 | 4,130 |

The redemptions are correctly reported in statement No. 1, ante.

No. 14.-REDEMPTIONS of ONITED STATES CURRENCY for the fiscal year 1884, and TOTAL REDEMPTIQNS to June 30, 1884.


No. 15.-UNITED STATES CURRENCY of EACH ISSUE and DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING at the close of the fiscal year 1884.

OLD DEMAND NOTES.
[Issue began August 26, 1861, and ended March 5, 1862.」

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding <br> June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 58 | \$21, 800, 00000 | \$21, 776,540 00 | \$185 00 | \$21, 776, 72500 | \$23, 27500 |
| 10 s | 20, 030, 00000 | 20, 008, 39500 | 22000 | 20, 008, 61500 | 21, 38500 |
| 20 s | 18,200, 00000 | 18, 186, 08000 | 14000 | 18, 186, 22000 | 13, 78000 |
| Total | 60, 030, 00000 | 59, 971, 01500 | 54500 | -39, 971, 56000 | 58,440 00 |

UNITED STATES NOTES, NEW ISSUE.
[Issue began April 2, 1862, and ceased April 19, 1869.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstancling <br> June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 s | \$28, 351, 34800 | \$27, 547, 46765 | \$7, 455 00 | \$27, 554, 92265 | \$796, 4-5 35 |
| 2 s | 34, 071, 12800 | 33, 439, 4.5380 | 10, 70800 | 33, 450, 16280 | 620, 96620 |
| 5 | 101,000, 00000 | 100, 002, 97125 | 152, 40000 | 100, 155, 37125 | 844,628 75 |
| 10 s | 118,010,000 00 | 113, 563, 69600 | 304, 64000 | 113, 868, 33600 | 4, 141, 66400 |
| 203 | 102, 920, 00000 | 99, 833, 35900 | 328, 74000 | 100, 162, 09900 | 2, 757, 90100 |
| 50 s | 30, 055. 20000 | 29, 631, 435 00 | 41,500 00 | 29, 672, 985 00 | 382, 26500 |
| 100s | 40, 000, 00000 | 39, 373, 79000 | 54, 20000 | 39, 427, 990000 | 572, 01000 |
| 500 s | 58, 986, 00000 | 58, 588, 00000 | 21, 00000 | 58, 609, 00000 | 377, 00000 |
| 1,000s | 155, 928, 00000 | 155, 416, 50000 | 21, 000.00 | 155, 437, 50000 | 490, 50000 |
| Unknown |  | 135, 00000 |  | 135,000 00 |  |
| Deduct for unknown - denomivations destroyed in Chicago fire |  | , |  |  | 10, 983, 36030 |
|  |  | $'$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 135, 00000 |
| Total | 669,321, 67600 | 657, 531, 67270 | 941, 64300 | 658, 473, 31570 | 10, 848, 36030 |

## UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1869.

[Issue began October 9, 1869, and ceased July 25, 1874.]

| Dinomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Red eemed dur. ing fiscal year. | Redcemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1:$ | \$42, 456, 81200 | \$41, 906, 24425 | \$47,540 00 | \$11, 953, 78425 | . \$503, 02775 |
| 2 | 50, 511, 92000 | 49, 922, 83560 | 67,332 00 | 49, 990, 16760 | 521, 75240 |
| 54 | 50, 581, 76000 | 46, 306, 41125 | 1,375,620 00 | 47, 682, 031 25 | 2,899, 72875 |
| 10. | $85,221,24000$ | 69,223, 94400 | 4, 069,130 00 | 73, 293, 07400 | 11, 928, 16600 |
| $20: 1$ | $73,162,40000$ | 56, 323, 234.00 | 3, 772, 48000 | $60,095,71400$ | 13, 066, 68600 |
| 504 | $30,200,00000$ | 27, 410, 49500 | 538, 35000 | 27, 948, 84500 | 2, 251, 15500 |
| 100: | 37, 104, 00000 | 30, 701, 95000 | 1,243,300 00 | 31, 945, 25000 | 5, 158, 75000 |
| 500:3 | 44, 890, 00000 | 44, 526, 00000 | 32, 00000 | 44, 558, 00000 | 332, 00000 |
| 1,000: | 79, 700, 00000 | 74, 329, 00000 | 1,515, 00000 | $75,844,00000$ | 3,856, 00000 |
| Unkrio |  | 865, 00000 |  | 885, 00000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $40,517,26590$ |
| Deduct for unknown deyominations destroyed in Chicago fire |  |  |  |  | 865, ${ }^{\prime} 00000$ |
| Total | 493, 828,132 00 | $441,515,11410$ | 12,660, $75200^{\circ}$ | 454, 175, 86610 | 39,652, 26590 |

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1874.
[Issue began July 13, 1874, and ceased September 13, 1875.1

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiseal year. | Redebmed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | \$18, 988, 00000 | \$18, 739, 40660 | \$37, 27000 | \$18, 776, 676'60 | \$211, 32340 |
| 2 s | 16,520, 00000 | 16, 284, 66800 | 48,31600 | 16, 332, 98400 | 187, 01600 |
| 50 s | 24, 460, 00000 | 15, 349, 76000 | 1,995,750 00 | ,17, 345, 51000 | 7,114, 49000 |
| 500 s | -28,000,000 00 | 24, 590, 50000 | 801, 50000 | 25, 392, 00000 | 2, 608, 00000 |
| Total | 87, 968, 00000 | 74,964, 38460 | 2,882, 88600 | 77, 847, 17060 | 10,120,829 40 |

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1875.
[Issue began July 20, 1875, and ceased June 20, 1879.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed dur. ing fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 s | \$26, 212, 00000 | \$25,430, 28720 | \$253, 64200 | \$25, 683, 92920 | \$528, 07080 |
| 2s | 23, 036, 00000 | 21, 833, 10060 | 469, 15600 | 22, 302, 25660 | 733, 74340 |
| 58 | 46, 180, 00000 | 35, 903, 64650 | 4, 094,505 00 | 39, 998, 15150 | 6, 181, 84850 |
| 10 s | 23, 660,000 00 | 13, 701, 44100 | $2,929,76000$ | 16, 631, 20100 | $7,028,79900$ |
| 20 s | 25, 000, 00000 | 12, 676, 14600 | 2,918, 28000 | 15, 594, 42600 | 9, 405,57400 |
| -50s | 2, 000,00000 | 844, 78000 | 271, 80000 | 1, 116, 58000 | 883,42600 |
| 100 s | 16, 200, 00000 | $7,225,55000$ | 1,775,200 00 | 9, 000, 75000 | 7, 199,250 00 |
| 5008 | 28, 400, 00000 | 23, 301, 50000 | 1, 078, 00000 | $24,379,50000$ | 4, 020,500 00 |
| Tot | 190, 688, 00000 | 140, 916, 451 30 | 13,790, 34300 | 154, 706, 79430 | 35, 981, 20570 |

## UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1878.

[Issue began February 14. 1878, and ceasod May 12, 1884.]

| I'enomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | \$12, 512, 00000 | \$11, 335, 79630 | \$555, 62100 | \$11, 897, 41730 | \$620,582 70 |
| 2 s | 9,352, 00000 | 8,149, 27680 | 630, 40200 | 8, 779, 67880 | 572,321 20 |
| 58 | 30, 160, 00000 | 18, 209, 21350 | $5,004,70000$ | 23, 213, 91350 | 6,946, 08650 |
| 10 s | -26,000,000 00 | 10,913, 67500 | 4, 429,830 00 | 15, 343, 50500 | 10, 656, 49500 |
| $¢ 0 \mathrm{~s}$ | $34,800,000$. 00 | 11, 434, 63200 | 5, 496, 56000 | 16, 931, 192.00 | 17, 868,808 00 |
| f0s | 10,500, 00000 | 2,575, 785 c0 | 1,610, 00000 | 4, 185, 78500 | 6, 314, 21500 |
| $10^{1}$ | 20, 200, 00000 | 4, 251, 72000 | 2, 658,300 00 | $6,910,02000$ | 13, 289, 98000 |
| 510 s | 12,000,000 00 | 1, 271, 50000 | 1, 152,000 00 | 2, 423,500 00 | 9, 576,500 00 |
| 1,0cos | 24,000,000 00 | $5,554,00000$ | 3,758, 00000 | 4, 312, 00000 | 14, 688, 00000 |
| 5, 0 cos | 20, 000, 00000 | 19,685, 00000 | 185, 00000 | 19,870, 00000 | 130, 00000 |
| 10,0cos | 40,000,000 00 | 39, 840, 00000 | 100,000 00 | 39, 940, 00000 | 60,00000 |
| Total | 239, 524, 00000 | 133, 220, 59860 | 25,580, 41300 | 158, 801, 01160 | 80, 722,988 40 |

$$
5022 \mathrm{~F}-28
$$

## REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

UNITED STATES NOTES, ISSUE OF 1880.
[Issue began March 16, 1880, and still continues.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redetmed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to <br> June 30, 1884. | Outstanding <br> June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 s$ | \$44, 980, 84700 | \$11, 862, 11220 | \$9, ${ }^{\text {j }} 17,98000$ | \$20,980, 09220 | \$24, 000, 75480 |
| 2 s | 37, 144, 00000 | 7, 673, 31900 | 7, 208, 59400 | 14, 881, 91300 | 22, 262, 08700 |
| 5 s | 72, 680, 00000 | 5, 609, 43250 | 8,389, 94500 | 13, 999, 37750 | 58, 680,622 50 |
| 10 s | 42, 240, 00000 | 2, 835,59800 | 3, 632, 51000 | 8, 468, 10800 | 35,771, 89200 |
| 20 s | 16,560,000 00 | 448,120 00 | 1,156, 22000 | 1, 604,340 00 | 14, 955, 66000 |
| 50 s | , 6, 800, 00000 | 117, 05000 | 419,600 00 | 536,650 00 | 6, 263, 35000 |
| 100s | 7,600, 00000 | 11, 60000 | 167,400 00 | 179,000 00 | 7, 421, 00000 |
| Total | 228, 004, 84700 | 28, 557, 23170 | 30, 092, 24900 | 58, 649, 48070 | 169, 355, 36630 |

ONE.YEAR NOTES OF 1863.
[Issue began February 4, 1864, and ceased June 1, 1864.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding <br> June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 s | \$6, 200, 00000 | \$6, 192, 18500 | \$30 00 | \$6, 192, 21500 | \$7.785 00 |
| 20 s | 16, 440, 00000 | 16, 422, 46000 | 30000 | 16, 422, 76000 | 17, 24000 |
| 50 s | 8,240,000 00 | 8,232, 55000 | 5000 | 8, 232, 60000 | 7, 40000 |
| 1003 | 13,640,000 00 | 13,631, 90000 |  | 13,631, 90000 | - 8,10000 |
| Unknown |  | 9000 |  | 9000 |  |
| Deiluct for unknown denominations destroyed .............. | . |  |  | - | 40,52500 9000 |
| Total | 44, 520, $000{ }^{\circ} 00$ | $44,479,18500$ | 38000 | $44,479,56500$ | 40,435 00 |

TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.
[Issue began March 16, 1864, and ceased May 30, 1864.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed dur. ing fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 s | \$6,800,000 00 | \$6, 793, 05000 |  | \$6,793, 05000 | \$6,950 00 |
| 100 s | 9, 680, 00000 | 9, 676, 20000 | \$200 00 | 9,676,400 00 | 3,600 00 |
| Total. | 16,480, 00000 | 16, 469, 25000 | 20000 | 16,469, 45000 | 10,550 00 |

TWO.YEAR COUPON NOTES OF 1863.
[Issue began January 12, 1864, and ceased April 20, 1864.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 s | \$5, 905, 60000 | \$5, 903, 55000 |  | \$5,903, 550 00 | \$2,050 00 |
| 100 s | 14, 484, 40000 | 14, 476, 10000 |  | $14,476,10000$ | 8,300 00 |
| 500 s | 40,302, 00000 | $40,300,50000$ |  | 40,300, 50000 | 1,500 00 |
| 1,000s ................ | 89, 308, 00000 | 89, 289, 00000 |  | 89, 280, 00000 | 10,000 00 |
| Unknown |  | 10,500 00 |  | 10,500 00 |  |
| Deduct for unknown denominations de. |  |  |  |  | 30,850 00 |
| stroyed |  |  |  |  | 10,500 00 |
| Total | 150,000, 00000 | 149,979,650 00 |  | 149, 979, 650 00 | 20,350 00 |

COMPOUND.INTEREST NOTES.
[Issue began June 9, 1864, and ceased July 24, 1866.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to <br> June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding <br> June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 s | \$23, 285, 20000 | \$23, 255, 42000 | \$390 00 | \$23, 255, 81000 | \$29, 39000 |
| 208 | 30, 125, 84000 | 30, 079, 05000 | 74000 | 30, 079, 79000 | 46,050 00 |
| 508 | 60, 824,00000 | $60,745,70000^{\circ}$ | 1,250 00 | 60, 746, 950 00 | 77,050.00 |
| 100s | 45. 094, 40000 | $45,055,00000$ | 60000 | $45,055,60000$ | 38, 80000 |
| 500 s | $67,846,00000$ | $67,832,50000$ |  | 67, 832, 50000 | 13,500 00 |
| 1, 000 s | 39,420, 00000 | $39,413,00000$ |  | 39, 413, 00000 | 7,000 00 |
| Total. | 266, 595, 44000 | 266, 380, 67000 | 2,980 00 | 266,383, 65000 | 211,790 00 |

FRACTIONAL CURRENEY, FIRST ISSUE.
[Issue began August 21, 1862, and ceased May 27, 1863.]

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 cents | \$2, 242, 88900 | \$1, 214, 56186 | \$30 00 | \$1, 214, 59186 | \$1, 022, 29714 |
| 10 cents | 4,115, 37800 | 2,871, 41335 | 4010 | 2, 871, 45345 | 1,243, 92455 |
| 25 cents | $5,225,69600$ | 4, 186, 51764 | 75.26 | 4, 186, 59290 | 1, 039, 10310 |
| 50 cents | 8, 631, 672,00 | 7, 661, 19939 | 100.00 | 7, 661, 29939 | 970, 37261 |
| Total | 20,215, 63500 | 15, 983, 69224 | 24536 | 15, 983,93760 | 4,281,697 40 |

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, SECOND ISSUE.
[Issue began October 10, 1863, and ceased February 23, 1867. ]

| Denomination. | Total issued: | Redeemed to Juue 30, 1883. | Redeemed dur. ing fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 cents | \$2, 794, 82610 | \$2, 096, 12242 | \$4500 | \$2, 096, 16742 | \$698,658 68 |
| 10 cents | 6, 176, 08430 | 5,263,81699 | 6020 | 5, 263, 87719 | 912,207 11 |
| 25 cents | 7, 648, 34125 | 6, 902, 82236 | 7518 | 6, 902, 89749 | 745, 44376 |
| 50 cents | 6, 545,232 00 | 5, 794, 64485 | 5000 | 5, 794, 60485 | 750,537 15 |
| Total | 23, 164,483 65 | 20, 057, 40662 | 23033 | 2f, 057, 636 95 | 3, 106, 84670 |

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, THIRD ISSUE.
[Issue began Docember 5, 1864, and ceased April 16, 1869.]

| : Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemer to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 vents | \$601, 92390 | \$511, 60366 | \$1504 | \$511, 61870 | \$90, 30520 |
| 5 vents | 657, 00275 | 524, 52904 | 2000 | 524, 54904 | 132, 45371 |
| 10 , eents | 16,976, 13450 | 15, 924, 19620 | 18425 | 15, 924, 38045 | 1, 051,75405 |
| 15 , 淮ts | 1,352 40 | 7546 |  | 7546 | 1, 27694 |
| 25 'rents | 31, 143, 18875 | 30, 240; 51467 | 30299 | 30, 240, 81766 | 902, 371. 09 |
| 50 :ents | 36,735, 42650 | 35, 927, 70255 | 50350 | 35, 928, 20605 | 807, 22045 |
| Total. | $86,115,02880$ | 83, 128, 62158 | 1,025 78 | 83, 129,647 36 | 2, 985,381 44 |

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY, FOURTH ISSUE:
[Issue began Jnly 14, 1869, and ceased Februacy 16, 1875.]

| 'Denomination.' | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed dur. ing fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 cents | \$34, 940, 96000 | \$33, 562, 27812 | \$71620 | + $\$ 33,562,99432$ | \$1, 377, $965 \cdot 68$ |
| 15 cents | 5, 304, 21600 | $5,063,37175$ | 25602 | 5, 063, 62777 | 240,58823 |
| 25 cents | 58, 922, 25600 | 57, 889, 48994 | 1,208 94 | 57, 890, 698.88 | 1, 031,557 12 |
| 50 cents | 77, 399, 60000 | 76,316,351 25 | 2,920 75 | 76, 319, 27200 | 1,080,328 00 |
| Unlinown |  | 32, 00000 |  | 32,000 00 | ............. |
|  |  |  | - |  | $3,730,43903$ |
| dunominations dest coyed in Chicago fi)'e |  |  |  |  | 32, 00000 |
| Total.......... | 176, 567, 03200 | 172, 863, 49106 | 5,10191 | 172, 868, 59297 | 3,698,439 03 |

FRACI'IONAL CURPENCY, FIEIH ISSUE.
[Issue began February 26, 1874, and ceased Febiuary 15, 1876.]

| I lenomination. | 'Total issued. | Redeened to June 30, 1883 | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Ontstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.coints | \$19, 989, 90000 | \$19, 491, 30946 | \$4, 16880 | \$19, 495, 47826 | \$494, 42174 |
| 25 ctims | 36, 092, 00000 | 35, 489, 89480 | 6,855 07 | 35, 496, 74987 | 505, 25013 |
| 50 conts | 6,580, 00000 | 6,383, 03455 | 3,002 25 | $6,386,03680$ | 193,963 20 |
| Total. | 62, 661,900 00 | 61, 364, 23881 | 14, $026{ }^{1} 12$ | 61, 378, 26493 | 1,283,685 07 |

RECAPITULATION:

| Issue. | Total issued. | Face value of notes re. deemed to June 30, 1884 (see statement No. 14). | Less deductions for matilations since May 11, 1875, not covered into the Treasury. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884, as shown by cash state. ment. | Ontstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Old demand notes | \$60, 030, 00000 | \$59, 971, 56250 | \$2 50 | \$59,971, 56000 | \$58, 44000 |
| United States notes | 1, 909, 334, 65500 | 1, 562, 727, 04500 | 73,406 00 | 1, 562, 653, 63900 | 346, 681, 01600 |
| One and two year notes. | 211, 000, 00000 | 210, 928, 66500 |  | 210, 928, 66500 | 71, 33500 |
| Compoand-interest notes | 266, 595, 44000 | 266, 383, 65000 |  | 266, 383, 65000 | 211, 79000 |
| Fractional currency..... | 368, 724, 07945 | 353, 384, 75342 | 16,673 61 | 353, 308, 07981 | $15,355,99964$ |
| Total | $\|2,815,684,17445\|$ | 2, 453, 395, 67592 | 90,082 11 | $2,453,305,59381$ | 362, 378, 58064 |

No. 16.-SILTER CERTIFICATES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS.

| Series and denominations. | Issued. |  | Redeemed. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Outstand. } \\ \text { ing } J \text { une } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | During fiscal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { To June } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | During fiscal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { To June 30, } \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Series of 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 s |  | \$2, 274,000 | \$368, 070 | \$1, 656,923 | \$617, 077 |
| 20 s . |  | 2, 746,000 | 436, 000 | 1, 704, 510 | 1,041,490 |
| 50 s |  | 3,250, 000 | 602, 700 | 2, 022,415 | 1, 227, 585 |
| 1008 |  | - 3,540,000 | 595, 200 | 2, 419, 980 | 1,120,020 |
| 5008 |  | 4,650,000 | 560, 000 | 4, 184, 000 | 460, 000 |
| 1,0008 |  | 14, 490, 000 | 1, 560, 000 | 12, 753, 000 | 1,737, 000 |
| Total |  | 30, 950, 000 | 4,130,970 | 24, 740, 828 | 6,209, 172 |
| Series of 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 s | \$19, 000, 000 | 61, 720, 000 | 8,029, 110 | 14, 846,365 | 46, 873, 635 |
| 20 s | 20,080, 000 | 58, 280, 000 | 6, 932, 260 | 11, 456, 966 | 46, 823, 034 |
| 50s | 3, 200, 000 | 5, 600, 000 | 300, 600 | 533, 950 | 5, 066, 050 |
| 100 s | 4, 000, 000 | 8,000, 000 | 512, 700 | 980, 700 | 7, 019, 300 |
| 500 s | 2,500, 000 | 4,000, 000 | 88, 500 | 88,500 | 3, 911,500 |
| 1,000s | 3,500,000 | $5,000,000$ | 11,000 | 11, 000 | 4,989,000 |
| Total. | 52, 280, 000 | $142,600,000$ | 15, 874, 170 | 27, 917, 481 | 114, 682, 519 |
| Aggregate | 52, 280, 000 | 173,550,000 | $20,005,140$ | 52, 658, 309 | 120, 891, 691 |

No. R\%.-GOLD CERTIFICATES, ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING, by SERIES and DENOMINATIONS.


N®. 18.-STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS, FRACTIONAL SILVER, and MINOR CCIN RECEIVED and COONTED at the TREASURY of the ONITED STATES at WiSHINGTON during the fiscal year 1884.

| Description. | Amount received. | Amount rejected. | Counterfeit. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars. | \$2,743, 75500 | \$589 00 | + \$3000 |
| Fractional silver coin : |  | . |  |
| 50 cents | 1,756, 98050 |  |  |
| 25 cents | 1, 628, 21300 |  |  |
| $2($ cents | 11120 |  |  |
| 1 ( cents. | 414,388 10 |  |  |
| \% cents. | 1,874 70 |  |  |
| © cents | 11925 |  |  |
| Total. | 3,801, 68675 | 3,177 33 | 7018 |
| Mino: coin : |  | . |  |
| 5 cents | 63. 39375 | ......... |  |
| 3 cents | 11, 61602 |  |  |
| 2 cents. | 55084 |  |  |
| 1 cent, bronze. | 20, 10860 |  |  |
| 1 cent, copper . | 1082 |  |  |
| Total | 95, 68003 | 31034 | 1254 |
| Aggregate | 6, 641, 12178 | - 4,076 67 | 11272 |

No. 19.-SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES ISSUED, REDEEMED, and OUTSTANDING.

| Issue. | Total issued. | Redeemed to June 30, 1883. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Redeemed to June 30, 1884. | Outstanding June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 17, 1861 | \$140, 094, 750 | \$140, 078, 800 | \$100 | \$140, 078, 900 | \$15, 850 |
| August 15, 1864 | 299, 992, 500 | 299, 938, 550 | 850 | 299, 939, 400 | 53,100 |
| Jane 15, 1865 | 331, 000, 000 | 330, 965, 050 | 1,300 | 330, 966, 350 | 33, 650 |
| July 15, 1865. | 199, 000, 000 | 198, 946, 450 | 1,500 | 198, 947, 950 | 52, 050 |
| Total. | 970, 087, 250 | 919, 928, 850 | 3,750. | 969,932, 600 | 154, 650 |

NOTE.-The public debt stateruent shows $\$ 133,8007$-30s of 1864 aud 1865 , outstanding on June 30, 1884, or $\$ 5,000$ less tban the amount given in the above table. The discrepancy arose in deducting $\$ \overline{5}, 000$, redeemed in August, 1868, which was suspended in settlement and again dedneted when suspension was removed.

No. 20.-COUPONS from UNTTED STATES BONDS and INTEREST NOTES, $P A I D$ during the fiscal year 1884, CLASSIFIED by LOANS.


No. 21.-NOMBER and AMOUNT of CHECKS for INTEREST on REGISTERED, $B O N D S$ of the UNITED STATES ISSUED during the fiscal year 1884.


No. 22.-INTEREST on 3.65 PER CENT. BONDS of the DISTRICT of COLUMBIA, $P A I D$ during the fiscal year 1884.

| Where paid. | Coupons. | Checks. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury Unitod States, Washington | \$35, 60618 | \$76, 06050 | \$111, 66668 |
| Sub-Treasury United States, New York | 91,271 90 | 316, 74700 | 408, 01890 |
| Total | 126, 87808 | 392, 80750 | 519,685 58 |

No. 93.-REFONDING CERTIFICATES, ISSOED under act of February 26, 1879, CONTERTED into BONDS of the FUNDED LOAN of 1907.

|  | Issued. | Convierted. |  |  | Outstanding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ToJune 30, } \\ & =1883 . \end{aligned}$ | During fis. cal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { ToJune } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Payable to order | \$58, 500 | \$57, 370 | \$260 | \$57, 630 | \$1,870 |
| Payable to bearer | 39, 954, 250 | 39, 599, 480 | 65,640 | 39, 665, 120 | 288, 130 |
| J'otal. | 40, 012, 750 | 39, 656, 850 | 65,900 | 39, 722, 750 | 290, 000 |

N®. 24.-TOTAL AMOUNT of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED for the SINKING FUND from May, 1869, to June 30, 1884.

| Title of loan. | How retired. | From May, 1869, to June 30, 1883. | During fiscal year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { To June 30, } \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loaí of February, 1861 | Purdased | \$10, 612, 000 |  | \$10,612,000 |
| Oregor War Debt ..... | do | 256, 800 |  | 256, 800 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 | do | 48, 776, 700 |  | 48, 776, 700 |
| 5-20s o: 1862 | Purchased | 24, 029, 150 |  | 24, 029, 150 |
|  | Redeemed | 29, 964, 050 | \$200 | 20, 964, 250 |
|  | Total | 53, 993, 200 | 200 | 53, 993, 400 |
| Loan (fi 1863 | Purchased | 19,854, 250 |  | 19, 854, 250 |
| 10.40 s )f 1864 | Redeenned | 676, 050. |  | 676, 050 |
| 5-20s of March, 1864 | Purchased | 361, 600 |  | 361, 600 |
| 5-20s oî June, 1864. | Purchased <br> Redeenned | $\begin{aligned} & 18,356,100 \\ & 11,067,700 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18,356,100 \\ & 11,067,700 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total | 29, 423, 800 | .............. | 29, 423, 800 |
| 5.208 of 1865 | Parchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 16,866,150 \\ 1,974,150 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,866,150 \\ 1,974,150 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 18,840, 300 |  | 18, 840, 300 |
| Consols of 1865 | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 48,166,150 \\ 31,350 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 48,166,150 \\ 31,350 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 48, 197, 560 |  | 48, 197, 500 |
| Conso.s of 1867 | Purchased <br> Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 32,115,600 \\ 15,750 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 32,115,600 \\ 15,750 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 32, 131, 350 |  | 32, 131,350 |
| Conso.s of 1868 | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 2,213,800 \\ 8,600 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,213,80 \mathrm{~b} \\ 8,600 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 2, 222,400 |  | 2, 222,400 |
| Fundt d Loan of 1881 | Purchased <br> Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 43,599,000 \\ 25,011,600 \end{array}$ | 5,200 | $\begin{aligned} & 43,599,000 \\ & 25,016,800 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total | 68, 610,600 | 5,200 | 68, 615.800 |
| Fundid Loan of 1907 . . . . . . . . . | Purchased | 1,500,000 |  | 1,500,000 |
| Loan of July and Angust, 1861, condinued | Redeemed | 55, 877, 600 | 566, 250 | 56, 443, 850 |
| Loan of 1863, continued........... | do | 36, 766, 000 | 422,550 | 37, 188, 550 |
| Fundid Loan of 1881, continued. | do . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10, 020,400 | 33, 221, 450 | 43, 241 , 850 |
| Loan fi July 12, 1882............ |  |  | 12,553, 950 | 12, 553,950 |
|  | Total purchased ... Total redeemed.... | $\begin{aligned} & 266,707,300 \\ & 171,413,250 \end{aligned}$ | 46, 769, 600 | $\begin{aligned} & 266,707,300 \\ & 218,182,850 \end{aligned}$ |
| , Aggregate.................. |  | 438, 120, 550 | 46, 769; 600 | 484,890, 150 |

No. 25.-TOTAL AMOUNT of UNTTED STATES BONDS RETIRED from May, 1869, to June 30, 1̌84.

| Title of loan. | How retired. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Rate } \\ \text { of inter- } \end{array}\right\|$ | From May, 1869, to Juwe 30, 1883. | During fiscal year. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To Jume } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of February, $1861 . . . . . .$. | Purchased ...... Redeemed ..... | Per ct.$\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,612,000 \\ 7,739,000 \end{array}$ | \$55,000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,612,000 \\ 7,794,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | - Total |  | 18,351, 000 | 55,000 | 18, 406,000 |
| Óregon War Debt............. | $\underset{\text { Purchased ...... }}{\text { Redeemed }}$ | 6 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 256,800 \\ & 680,700 \end{aligned}$ | 650 | $\begin{aligned} & 256,800 \\ & 681,350 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total |  | 937, 500 | 650 | 938, 150 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861. | Purchased <br> Redeemed $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Total <br> ....... | 6 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,776,700 \\ & 12,534,750 \end{aligned}$ | 202,650 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,776,700 \\ & 12,737,400 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $61,311,450$ | 202, 650 | 61, 514, 100 |
| 5-20s of 1862 ..................... | Purchased $\qquad$ Redeemed $\square$ Converted $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | 6 6 | $57,155,850$ $430,165,150$ | 4,350 | $\begin{array}{r} 57,155,850 \\ 430,169,500 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 6 | 27, 091, 000 |  | 27, 091, 000 |
|  |  |  | 514, 412, 000 | 4,350 | 514, 416, 350 |
| Loan of 1863. | Purchused $\qquad$ <br> Redeemed <br> Total | 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 19,854,250 \\ 4,589,750 \end{array}$ | 28,700 | $\begin{array}{r} 19,854,250 \\ 4,618,450 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 24,444, 000 | 28,700 | 24, 472, 700 |
| 5-20s of March, 1864 . . . . . . . . . | Purchased Redeemed $\qquad$ Converted $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | 6 | 1, 119, 800 |  |  |
|  |  | 6 6 | $2,382,200$ 380,500 | .............. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,382,200 \\ 380,500 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 3, 882, 500 |  | 3,882,500 |
| 5-20s of June, 1864. .............. | Purchased $\qquad$ <br> Redeemed $\qquad$ Converted $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | 6 6 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 43,459,750 \\ & 69,832,500 \\ & 12,218,650 \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 43,459,750 \\ & 69,833,500 \\ & 12,218,650 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 125, 510, 900 | 1, 000 | 125, 511, 900 |
| 5-20s of 1865 ..................... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Purchased...... } \\ & \text { Redeemed ...... } \\ & \text { Converted ...... } \end{aligned}$ | 6 6 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 36,023,350 \\ 157,656,150 \\ 9,586,600 \end{array}$ | 1,200 | $\begin{array}{r} 36,023,350 \\ 157,657,350 \\ 9,586,600 \end{array}$ |
| , | Total |  | 208, 266, 100 | 1,200 | 203, 267, 300 |
| Consols of 1865 | Purchased $\qquad$ <br> Redeemed <br> Converted $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | 6 <br> 6 <br> 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 118,950,550 \\ 205,002,800 \\ 8,703,600 \end{array}$ | 65, 400 | $\begin{array}{r} 118,950,550 \\ 205,068,200 \\ 8,703,600 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 332, 656, 950 | 65, 400 | 332, 722, 350 |
| Consols of 1867 | Purchased $\qquad$ Redeemed $\qquad$ Converted $\qquad$ Exchanged <br> Total $\qquad$ | 6 <br> 6 <br> 6 <br> 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 62,846,950 \\ 309,475,400 \\ 5,807,500 \\ 761,100 \end{array}$ | 178,850 | $\begin{array}{r} 62,846,950 \\ 309,654,250 \\ 5,807,500 \\ 761,100 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 378, 890, 950 | 178,850 | 379, 069, 800 |
|  | Purchased $\qquad$ Redeemed $\qquad$ Converted $\qquad$ Exchanged $\qquad$ <br> Total ${ }^{\circ}$ $\qquad$ | . 6 | 4,794, 050 |  | 4, 794, 050 |
|  |  | -6 | 37, 369, 800 | 21, 700 | 37,391,500 |
|  |  | 6 | 211,750 |  | $211,750$ |
|  |  | 6 | , 44,900 |  | 44,900 |
|  |  |  | 42, 420,500 | 21,700 | 42,442, 200 |
|  |  |  | 1, 706, 083, 850 | 559, 500 | 1, 706, 843, 350 |
| Texan Indemnity Stock....... | Redcemed ...... | 5 | 232,000 |  | 232,000 |
| Loan of 1858..................... | Redeemed Converted |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,036,000 \\ 13,057,000 \end{array}$ | 5,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,041,000 \\ 13,957,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total |  | 19, 993, 000 | 5,000 | 19,998, 000 |
|  | Redeemed $\qquad$ <br> Exchanged <br> Tetal $\qquad$ | - $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 192,226,650 \\ 2,089,500 \end{array}$ | 72, 300 | $\begin{array}{r} 194,298,950 \\ 2,089,500 \end{array}$ |
| . |  |  | 194, 316, 150 | 72, 300 | 194, 388, 450 |

No. 25.-TOTAL $A M O U N T$ of UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED from May, 1869, 'to June 30, 1884-Continued.


Nor.L.- $\$ 1,000$ consols of 1867 and $\$ 1,000$ Texan Indemnity Stock redeemed respectively in fiscal years 1880 and 1881, and omitted from the reports for those years are included in the vedemptious brought forward from last year's report.

No. 26.-BONDS of the LOANS GIVEN in STATEMENT No. 25, RETTRED prior to May, 1869.

| Title of loan. | How retired. | Rate of interest. | Amonnt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texas Indemmity Stock. | Redeemed | Per cent. | \$4, 748, 000 |
| Oregon War Debth...... | Rodo..... | 6 | \$4, 145,850 |
| 10.403 of $1864 \ldots$. | Purchased | 5 | 1,551,000 |
| Total. |  |  | 6,444, 850 |

No. 2\%.-MATURED CALLED BONDS REDEEMED and OUTSTANDING June 30, 1884.

| Loan. | Call. | When matured. | Amount called. | Redeemed. | Outstand. jng. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5-20$ s of 1862 . | 1 to 23 | Dec. 3, 1871, and subsequent dates. | \$391,600,100 | \$391,244, 850 | \$355, 250 |
| 5.20 s of March, 1864 | 24 | Nov. 13, 1875 | 946,600 | 946, 600 |  |
| $5-20 \mathrm{~s}$ of June, 1864. | 24 to 31 | Nov. 13, 1875, and subsequent dates. | 58, 046, 200 | 57, 996, 800 | 49,400 |
| 5-20s of 1865....... | 31 to 46 | Feb. 15, 1876, and subsequent dates. | 152, 533, 850 | 152, 473, 900 | 59,950 |
| Consols of 1865 | 47 to 75 | Ang. 21, 1877, and subsequent dates. | 202, 631, 750 | 202, 355, 150 | 276, 600 |
| Consols of 1867 | 76 to 95 | Apr. 1, 1879, and subsequent dates. | 309, 846, $150{ }^{2}$ | 309, 297, 950 | 548, 200 |
| Consols of 1868 | - 96 | July 4, 1879........................... | 37, 420, 300 | 37, 323, 150 | 97, 150 |
| 10.40 s of 1864 | 97 to 99 | July 9, 1879, and subsequent dates. | 192, 476, 800 | 192, 297, 950 | 178, 850 |
| Loan of 1858 | 100 | July 23, 1879........................... | 260, 000 | 260, 000 |  |
| Funded loan of 1881.. | 101 | May 21, 1881 | 25, 030, 150 | 25, 016, 800 | 13, 350 |
|  | 103 | Aug. 12, 1881 | 10, 121, 800 | 10, 023, 650 | 98, 150 |
|  | 104 | Oct. 1, 1881 | 28, 184, 500 | 28, 061, 400 | 123,100 |
| Total |  |  | 63, 336,450 | 63, 101, 850 | 234,600 |
| Loan of 1863 | 102 | July 1, 1881 | 4, 687, 800 | 4,618, 450 | 69,350 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861. | 102 | July 1,1881 | 12, 947, 450 | 12, 737, 400 | 210,050 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at $3 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. | 105 | Dec. 24, 1881 | 20, 031, 550 | 20, 028, 250 | 3; 300 |
|  | 106 | Jan. 29, 1882 | 20, 184, 900 | $20,176,350$ | 8,550 |
|  | 107 | Mar. 13, 1882 | 19, 574, 100 | 19, 547, 250 | 26,850 |
|  | 1.08 | Apr, 8, 1882 | 20, 546, 700 | 20, 508, 900 | 37, 800 |
|  | 109 | May 3,1882 ........................... | 5, 086, 200 | $5,069,300$ | 16,900 |
|  | 11.0 | May 10,1882 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5, 010,200 | 5, 003, 850 | 6,350 |
|  | 111 | May 17, 1882 | 5, 096,550 | 5, 096, 550 |  |
|  | 112 | June 7, 1882 | 15, 109, 950 | 14, 999, 750 | 110,200 |
|  | 113 | July 1,1882 | 11, 217, 500 | 11, 172, 600 | 44,900 |
| Total |  |  | 121, 857, 650 | 121, 602, 800 | 254, 850 |
| Loan of 1863, continu'ed at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. | 114 | Aug. 1, 1882 | 15, 024, 700 | 15, 011, 700 | 13,000 |
|  | 115 | Sept. 13, 1882 | 16, 304, 100 | $16,286,300$ | 17, 800 |
|  | 116 | Oct. 4,1882 | 3,269, 650 | $3,262,700$ | 6,950 |
| Total |  |  | 34, 598, 450 | 34, 560, 700 | 37, 750 |
| Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3is per cent. | 117 | Dec. 23, 1882 | 25, 822, 600 | 25, 700, 100 | 122,500 |
|  | 118 | Jan. 18, 1883 | 16, 119, 850 | 16, 070, 450 | 49,400 |
|  | 119 | Feb. 10, 1883 | 15, 221, 800 | 15, 115, 400 | 106,400 |
|  | 120 | May 1, 1883 | 15, 215, 350 | 15, 185, 600 | 29,750 |
|  | 121 | Nov. 1, 1883 | 30, 753, 350 | 30, 528, 200 | 225, 150 |
| Total |  |  | 103, 132, 950 | 102, 599, 750 | 533, 200 |
| Loan of July 12, 1882. | 122 | Dec. 1, 1883 | 15, 272, 100 | 14, 020, 650 | 1,251, 450 |
|  | 123 | Dec. 15, 1883 | 15,133, 650 | 13, 744, 400 | 1, 389, 250 |
|  | 124 | Feb. 1, 1884 | 10, 208, 850 | 9, 279, 000 | 929,850 |
|  | 125 | Mar. 15, 1884 | 10, 047, 850 | 8, 784, 200 | 1, 263, 650 |
|  | 126 | May 1, 1884 | 10, 093, 100 | 8, 699, 850 | 1, 393, 250 |
|  | 127 | Jane 20, 1884 | 10,010, 250 | 6, 046, 400 | 3,963,850 |
|  | 128 | June 30, 1884 | 10, 151, 050 | 4, 235, 500 | 5,915, 550 |
| Total |  |  | 80, 916, 850 | 64, 810,000 | 16, 106,850 |

No. 28.-EXPENSES INCORRED in the REDEMPTION of NATIONAL-BANK NOTES during the fiscal year 1884.

[^43]No. 2G.-MODE of PAYMENT for NATIONAL-BANK NOTES REDEEMED during the fiscal year 1884.

No. 30.-NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED for REDEMPTION during each MONTH of the FISCAL YEAR 1884, from the PRINCIPAL CITIES and other pLacES.


No. 31. - NUMBER of PACKAGES of NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED and DELIVERED during the fiscal year 1884.


Packarss of assorted National-Bank Notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of 37, 569

No. 32.-CREDITS GIVEN to NATIONAL BANKS in their REDEMPTION ACCOUNTS during the fiscal year 1884.

Deposits in 5 per cent. recount:
Lavful money of the United States deposited by them with Assist-
ant Treasurers of the United States ant Treasurers of the Onited States
$\$ 89,338,2253434$
$3,901,95746$
$5,727,78637$

National-Bank Notes received from them by express.


No. 33.-BALANCED STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DELIVERIES of MONEYS by the NATIONAL BANK REDEMPTION AGENOY for the fiscal year 1884.


No. 34.-BALANCED STATEMENTof RECEIPTS and DELIVERIES of MONEYS by the NATIONAL BANI REDEMPTION AGENCY from July 1, 1874, to June 30 , 1884.


No. 35.-DEPOSITS MADE by NATIONAL BANKS for the RETIREMENT THEIR CIRCULATION during the fiscal year 1884.

| Month. | Under section 4, act of June 20, 1874, as modified by act of Jaly/12, 1882 . |  |  | Under section 5222 of the Revised Statutes. | Under section 6, act July 12, 1882. | Total deposits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lawful money. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Proce eds } \\ \text { of called } \\ \text { bonds. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. |  |  |  |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July --- | \$804, 070 |  | \$804, 070 | \$18, 000 |  | \$822, 070 |
| August | 1,511, 100 | \$634, 500 | $2,145,600$ | 202, 300 |  | 2, 347, 900 |
| September | 1, 607, 650 | 1, 030, 980 | 2, 638, 630 | 45, 000 | \$45, 000 | 2, 728, 630 |
| October | - 576,610 | 207, 890 | 784, 500 | 90, 000 |  | 874,500 |
| Novembir | 312,950 | 1,251, 310 | 1,564, 260 |  |  | 1,564, 260 |
| Decembur | 1, 075, 460 | 3,020,355 | 4, 095, 815 | 308, 500 | 713, 530 | 5, 117, 845 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,257, 250 | 547, 900 | 1, 805. 150 | 344, 250 | 699, 700 | 2, 849, 100 |
| Februar | 839, 030 | 2, 043, 590 | 2, 8882,620 | 61, 300 | 496, 060 | 3, 439, 980 |
| March | 1, 177, 540 | 1,180, 100 | 2, 357, 640 |  | 669, 600 | 3; 027, 240 |
| April | 522,770 | 506, 150 | 1, 028, 920 | 135, 000 | 22, 500 | 1, 186, 420 |
| May | 510,500 | 2, 051, 830 | 2, 562, 330 | 72, 000 | 117, 000 | 2, 751, 330 |
| June | 504, 400 | 1,757, 135 | 2, 261, 535 | 24, 740 | 524,020 | 2, 810, 295 |
| 'Total | 10,699,330 | 14, 231, 740 | 24, 931, 070 | 1,301, 090 | 3,287,410 | 29, 519, 570 |

N'6. 36.-LETTERS, TELEGRAMS, and MONEX PACKAGES RECEIVED and TRANSMITTED during the fiscal year 1884.

| - Received by mail: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Letters containing money, rester | 15,063 |
| Letters containing money, not register | 3,294 |
|  | 18,357 |
| Letters ınot containing money ................................................................... 118, 229 |  |
| Total | 136,586 |
| Trinsmitted by mail: |  |
| Manuscript letters. | 6,782 |
| Register ${ }^{\text {d }}$ letters containing money | 5,789 |
| Printed lorms filled in (inelosing checks) | 24,524 |
| Printed forms filled in (inclosing drafts) | 14,843 |
| Printed jorms filled in (inclosing certificate | 1,342 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Drafts, accompanied by notices. | 68,436 |
| Certifica:es of deposit (without forms) ............................................................................. 372 |  |
| Printed forms, circulars, and notices | 35,568 |
| To aral................................................................................. 617,456 |  |
| Telegrams received. | 305 |
| Telegranıs sent................................................................................ 8. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

No. 3'7.-CHANGES during the fiscal year 1884 in the FORCE EMPLOFED in the TREASURER'S OFFICE.


No. 38.-APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR, and SALARIES PAID TO, the FORCE EMPLOFED in the TREASURER'S OF'FICE during the fiscal year' 1884.

| Roll on which paid. | Appropriated. | Expended. | Balance nuexpeuded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regular roll | \$275,000 00 | \$272, 43680 | \$2,563 20 |
| Force emoployed in redemption of national enrrency.. | 72,060 00 | 71, 859.31 | 20069 |
| Total | 347, 06000 | 344. 29611 | 2, 76389 |

FEPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

## REPORT

# THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY. 

Treasury Department, Register's Office, November 1, 1884.

Sif: I have the honor to submit herewith a report of the work performed in the several divisions of this office during the fiscal year ended on the 30th of June last.
This work of the loan division decreased on account of the cessation of the operation of refunding the national debt, and the clerical force in that division has been reduced from 35 persons to 23 persons in the aggregate.
The: work of the currency division having diminished somewhat, the force there has been reduced also.
The surplus force has been detailed to other divisions and bureaus whero its services were required.
The work of the note and coupon division is nearly two years in arrears, owing to the detail of clerks from that division for the performance of current work in other divisions of pressing importance.
If sufficient room should be furnished, I would be able to bring this work up, but with the present accommodations for that division it will not be possible to do so for a very long time, if at all.

Upon the establishment of the Bureau of Navigation the clerical force, recorcs, and files of the tonnage division of this office were transferred thereto in accordance with the requirements of the sixth section of the act of Congress approved July 5, 1884 (23 Stat. at Large, p. 119).

In the estimates for appropriations for the coming fiscal year the numbir has been reduced to correspond with the actual requirements of the Burean.

## LOAN DIVISION.

| Total number of coupon and registered bouds canceled ................ . 111,831 |
| :---: |
|  |  |

AMOUNT ISSUED.


## AMOUNT CANCELED.

| Actual redemption of coupon and registered bonds | \$65,096, 55000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Coupon bonds converted into registered | 18,092,650 00 |
| Registered bouds transferred | 161, 650, 80875 |
| Total | 244, 840, 00875 |
| Amount of canceled coupon bonds (received for exchange and,redemption) delivered to note and coupon division | 73,059,500 00 |
| A synopsis of the vault account shows that the amount of on hand, of the different loans, July 1, 1883, was: | blank bonds |
| Coupon bonds | \$1, 116,950 |
| Registered bonds | 896, 675, 850 |
| District of Columbia bon | 3,773, 800 |
| Received during the year |  |
| From the Secretary of the Treasury | 123, 650, 000 |
| From the Commissioners of District of Columbia | 805,500 |
|  | 1, 026, 022, 100 |
| Accounted for as follows: |  |
| United States conpon bonds issued................................... | 25,750 |
| United States registered bouds issued, exclusive of Spanish indemnity. | 179, 605, 050 |
| District of Columbia coupon bonds issued | 16,100 |
| District of Columbia registered bonds issued ......................... | 1,502, 000 |
| Delivered to destruction committee: |  |
| United States registered bonds | 303, 949.500 |
| District of Columbia coupou bonds | 26,700 |
| On hand June 30, 1884: |  |
| United States conpon bonds | 1,091,200 |
| United States registered bonds | 536,771, 300 |
| District of Columbia bonds | 3, 034,500 |
|  | 1,026,022,100 |

Owing to a cessation of funding operatious, the issues show a decrease of 78,748 bonds and $\$ 350,368,000$ in amount as compared with the previous year, and represent principally the transfer transactions.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AMOUNT of COUPON and REGISTERED BONDS ISSUED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Loans. | Bonds issued. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Direct issue, amount. | Exchanges, amount. | Transfers, amount. | Bonds issued. | 'Total amount issucd. |
| 3 per cents of 1882 .........R. | \$1, 329, 250 |  | \$43, 413, 85000 | 13, 954 | \$44, 743, 10000 |
| 4 per cent. consols, 1907. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C.. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | 25,750 49,650 |  |  | 186 22,836 | $\begin{array}{r}25,750 \\ 88,543,550 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |
| 4t per cent. funded, 1891...R.. | 49,650 | $\$ 13,517,000$ $4,116,650$ | $74,976,900$ <br> $37,267,500$ | 22,336 0,925 | 88, 543, 55000 $41,384,150$ |
| Pacific railroads ..........R.. |  |  | 4, 984, $0000^{\circ} 00$ | 1, 012 | 4,934, 00000 |
| 5 per cent. fundedinto 3 's's. . R.. |  |  | 25000 | 3 | - 25000 |
| 5 per cent. funded District Columbia..................R.. |  | 76,000 | 40,000 00 | 116 | 116,000 00 |
| 3.65 per cent. funded District | 16, 100 |  |  | 106 | 16,100 00 |
| Columbia $\qquad$ | 10,000 | 383, 000 | 993, 00000 | 522 | 1, 386, 00000 |
| Spanish indemnity.........R.. |  |  | 25,308 75 | 12 | 25,308 75 |
| Total. | 1, 430, 750 | 18, 092,650 | 161, 650, 80875 | 48,172 | 181, 174, 20875 |

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AMOUNT of COUPON and REGISTERED BONDS CANCELED during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884.

| Loans. |  |  | Bonds canceled. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Redemptions, amount. | Exchanges, amount. | Transfers, amount. | Total No. bonds. | Total amount canceled. |
| 3 per cents of 1882 .............. $\mathrm{R}_{\text {m }}$ | \$28, 457, 600 |  | \$43, 413, 85000 | 23,192 | \$71, 871, 45000 |
| 4 per cent. consols of $1907 \ldots$ C. |  | \$13, 517, 000 |  | 33,445 | 13, 517, 00000 |
| 4 per cent. consols of 1907... R R . |  |  | 74, 976, 90000 | 31, 130 | 74, 976, 90000 |
| 4t per cent. funded of $1891 . .\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.$ |  | 4, 116, 650 |  | 5.130 | 4, 116, 65000 |
| Pacific railroads . ............... R . |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}37,267,500 \\ 4,934,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9,261 1,208 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,267,50000 \\ 4,934,00000 \end{array}$ |
| July and August, 1861, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent $\qquad$ | 712, 350 |  |  | 1,254 | 712,350,00 |
| March 3, 1863, $3 \pm$ per cent ...... R | 532, 550 |  |  | 219 | 532, 55000 |
| 5 per cent. funded, $3 \pm$ per cent. R. | 34, 366, 100 |  | 25000 | 5, 048 | 34, 366, 35000 |
| 5 per cent. fanded, District $\{C$. of Columbia |  | 76,000. |  | .85 40 | 76,00000 40,00000 |
| 3.65 per cent. funded, District 4 C. | 19,300 | 383,000 |  | 1,116 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 40, } \\ 4000 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |
| of Columbia $\qquad$ R. |  |  | 993, 00000 | 413 | 993,00000 |
| Spanish indemnity ............ R. |  |  | 25, 30875 | 8 | 25, 30875 |
| 1861-February 8, 6 per cent. $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.$ | 4,000 |  |  | 4 | 4,00000 |
|  | 59,000 96,200 |  | - | $\stackrel{27}{160}$ | 59, 00000 |
| 1861-July and August, 6 per $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.$ <br> cent $\qquad$ | 96,200 117,000 |  |  | 160 | 96,200 117,000 00 |
|  | 22,700 |  |  | 28 | 22, 70000 |
| 1863-March 3, 6 per cent $\cdot . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | 37, 800 |  |  | 26 | 37, 80000 |
| 1881-Funded, 5 per cent.... $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. } \\ \mathbf{R}\end{array}\right.$ | $65,200$ |  |  | 120 | 65, 20000 |
| 1862-February 25, 6 per $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | $102,100$ |  |  | 94 30 | $\text { 102, } 10000$ |
| cent........................ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | 1,000 |  |  | 1 | 1, 00000 |
| 1864-June 30, 6 per cent .... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R} .\end{array}\right.$ | 1, 000 |  |  | 1 | 1,000 00 |
|  | 49,800 |  |  | 81 | 49,80000 |
| 1804-10-40's, 5 per cent ..... R R. | 36, 100 |  |  | 24 | 36, 10000 |
| 1865-March 3,6 per cent ... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \text { R }\end{array}\right.$ | 1, 200 |  |  | 3 | 1, 20000 |
|  | 2,500 67,400 |  |  | 131 | $\begin{array}{r}2,500 \\ \mathbf{6 7}, 400 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1865-Consols, 6 per cent.... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | 2, 000 |  |  | 8 | 2, 00000 |
| 1867-Consols, 6 per cent.... $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { C. }\end{array}\right.$ | 122, 200 |  |  | 288 | 122, 20000 |
| 1807-Consols, 0 per cent.... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.$ | 82, 650 |  |  | 46 | 82, 65000 |
| 1868-Consols, 6 per cent... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ R\end{array}\right.$ | 29,700 |  |  | 76 | 29, 70000 |
| Oregon war debt | 100,000 650 |  |  | 10 | 100,000 00 |
| 1858-5 per cent. . . . . . . . . . . . . C. | 5,000 |  |  | 5 | 5,000 00 |
| To | 65, 096, 550 | 18, 092, 650 | 161, 650,808 75 | 111,831 | 244, 840, 00875 |

## NOTE AND COUPON DIVISION.

STATEMENT of TREASURY NOTES, INTEREST CHECKS, CERTTFICATES, and COUPONS COUNTED, ARRANGED, REGISTERED, and EXAMINED.

| Authorizing act. | No. | Amonet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One and two years 5 per cent. Treasury notes. |  |  |
| March 3, 1863 | 21 | \$580 00 |
| Three years 6 per cent. compound-interest notes. |  |  |
| March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864 | 107 | 2,980 00 |
| Three years $7{ }^{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{3}$ per cent. Treasury notes. |  |  |
| July 17, 1861 <br> June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865 | 30 | $\begin{array}{r} 400 \\ 3,300 \\ 00 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 34 | 3,700 00 |
| Gold certificates. |  |  |
| March 3,1863 | 433 | 473, 84000 |
| Ourrency certificates of deposit. |  |  |
| June 8, 1872 | 3,225 | 27,630,000 00 |
| Interest checks. |  |  |
| July 17, and August 5, 186I ( 6 per cent.) : |  |  |
| Final dividend.............. | 6 | 1,728 00 |
| Continued at 3 䂞 per cent. . | 18 | 1,492 74 |
| March 3, 1863 ( 6 per cent.): Final dividend. | 1 | 3,000 00 |
| Continued at 3 per cent. | 2,995 | 833,627 42 |
| Funded loan of 1881 ( 5 per cent.) | 53 | 1, 99492 |
| Final dividend...... | 16 | 1, 01036 |
| Continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent | 53, 991 | 16,086, 51368 |
| Loan of 1882 (3 per cent.)...... | 19, 164 | 6,350,415 88 |
| Funded loan of 1891 (42 per cent.) | 59,784 | $10,538,25647$ |
| Consols, of 1907 ( (4 per cent.).......) | 229, 161 | 21, 823,93150 |
| District of Columbia (3.65 per cent.) Funded. | ${ }^{547}$ | 198,280 <br> 175 <br> 1750 <br> 00 |
| Pacific railroads. | 4, 345 | 5, 814, 52608 |
| Total. | 370, 152 | 61, 668, 90280 |

## REDEEMED COUPONS DETACHED from BONDS and NOTES.



| Loan. | Number. | Amount. | Number of coupons attached. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 3, 1864 (10.40) | 72,383 | \$49, 648, 950 | 3, 216, 179 |

## NOTE AND FRACTIONAL-CURRENCY DIVISION.

STATEMENT' showing the NUMBER of NOTES and AMO UNTं of UNITED STATES NOTES, DEMAND NOTES, 4 PER CENT. REFUNDING CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, GOLD-COIN CERTIFICATES, and FRACTIONAL CURRENCY EXAMINED, COUNTED, C.4NCELED, and DESTROYED for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.


## DIVISION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

The following statement exhibits the work of this division for the year ended June 30, 1884:
The number of warrants registered during the year for civil, diplomatic, miscellaneous, iuternal-revenue, and public debt expenditures and repayments was


The number of journal pages required for the entry of accounts relating to the civil, diplomatic, internal-reyenue, miscellaneous, and public debt receipts and expenditures was

6,432
The number of certificates furnished for statements of accounts was ......... 15, 150
The number of accounts received from the First and Fifth Auditors and Commissioner of General Land Otfice was

29,726
In the appendix will be found a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Government, as required by the standing order of the House of Representatives of December 30, 1791, and section 237 of the Revised Statutes; also statements of the money expended and the number of persons employed and the occupation and salary of each person at each custom-house, as required by section 258 of the Revised Statutes.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. K. BRUCE, Register.

Hon. Hughi MgCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENIIX.

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.

## FROM CUSTOMS.

| J. | \$77,484 88 |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostook, Me | 18,216 85 |
| D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me | 49, 45360 |
| J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay, | 27161 |
| W. C. Marshall, late collector, Belfast, Me | 1,169 00 |
| I. M. Boardman, collector, Belfast, Me. | 32423 |
| W. M. Haycock, late collector, Passamaquoddy | 8,046 73 |
| N. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me | 40, 59485 |
| F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me | 638, 17682 |
| W. H. Sargent, collector, Castine, Me | 34769 |
| F. A. Kennedy , collector, Waldoborongh. Me | 1,41538 |
| J. L. Pierce, collector, Machias, Me ..... ... | 1, 30226 |
| A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H | 50,762 17 |
| William Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt. | 732, 60478 |
| J. F. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn | 1, 49522 |
| H. N. Trambull, collector, Stonington, Conn | 26760 |
| A. Pntuam, collector, Middletown, Conn | 59, 44733 |
| A. J. Beers, collector, New Haveu, Conn | 244,629 35 |
| J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New London, C | 16, 02974 |
| R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass. | 21, 968, 19545 |
| F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass. | 86749 |
| J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass | 9,125 34 |
| F.J. Babson, collector, Gloncester, Mass | 3,958 81 |
| S. Wodge, late collector, Marblehead, Mass | 1,082 75 |
| F. A. Osgood, collector, Marblehead, Mass. | 50205 |
| S. H. Doten, collector, Plyniouth, Mass | 23,860 68 |
| E. H. Huse, colleetor, Newburyport, Ma | 3,54234 |
| C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass | 16,314 96 |
| J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass | 27, 19667 |
| U. H. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, Mass. | , 57371 |
| C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I | 196,529 51 |
| J.H. Cozzens, collector, Nowport, R. I | 1, 1.8919 |
| W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y | 134,361,872 05 |
| J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y. | 91, 01188 |
| C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y | 752,943 67 |
| G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y | 45, 68300 |
| W. T. Simpson, late collector, Genesee, N. $\mathbf{Y}$ | 20,216 85 |
| C. R. Morris, collector, Genesee, N. Y..... | 227,895 33 |
| P. P. Kidder, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y | 8368 |
| B. Flagler, collector: Niagara, N. Y | 260, 02104 |
| J.J. Lamoree, collector, Oswego, N. Y | 630,373 58 |
| S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y | 298, 93893 |
| W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegratchie, N . $\mathbf{Y}$ | 241, 77873 |
| G.W. Mathis, collector, Little Egg Harbor, N | 1149 |
| W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J | 4, 07055 |
| M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Ambor, N. J | 27,908 48 |
| M. A. Barr, late collector. Erie, Pa........ | 688.64 |
| H. C. Staford, collector, Erie, Pa | 9,817 74 |
| J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa | 12, 900, 07860 |
| J. F. Draro, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa.. | 488, 50829 |
| L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del | 27,576 64 |
| E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md | 2, 306, 28773 |
| C.S. English, late collector, Georgetown | 1,378 95 |
| J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D.C | 21, 23148 |
| J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va . | -989 98 |
| B. C. Cook, collector', Richmond, Va. | 8,583 69 |
| G. I. Bowden, collector, Nortolk, Va | 33, 30135 |
| H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va | 18,359 75 |
| T. A. Henry, collector, Pamlico, N. C | 1,785 18 |
| A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C | 19,361 86 |
| E.J. Pennypacker, collector. Wilmington, N. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 46,112 59 |
| W. P. Canaday, late collector, Wilmington, N. C | 19109 |
| C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarls, N. C | 460 |
| T. B. Jobnston, collector, Charleston, S. C. | 46,374 21 |
| George Holmes, collector, Beanfort, s . C. | 10,662 03 |
| H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C | 30026 |
| T. F. Johnson, collector, Savaunah, Ga | 82, $138 \cdot 13$ |



## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continued.

## FROM CUSTOMS-Continued.

Brought forward .................................................. \$177, 181, 47109
H. P. Fírrow, collector, Brunswich, Ga

18, 87074
$12720^{\circ}$
W. A. Phelps, collcctor, Atlanta, Ga............................................................................ $12720^{20}$
J. Shepard, collector, Saint Mary's, Ga ............................................................................ 2,3381240

R. Alverez, acting collector, Ker West, Fla ............................................. 71,82 64
S. M. Sawyer, collector, A palachicola, Fla ...............................................6,04284

E. Higgins, collector, Saint John's, Fla
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Mark's, Fla 82088

TW Barke colle
3,673 77
72,760 61
J. R Jollerson, Miss

15, 08439
J. R. Jolley, coilector, 'Nech's, La ..........
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans. La

7565
J. L. Harnes collector Brazos, Tex
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex

2, 077, 34740
27,335 38
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, I'ex

28, 14216

T. T. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tenn...................................................
D. Kercheval, collector, Nashville, Teun................................................ 2,302 55
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky

119, 829
119, 82942
J. W. Cobbs, collector, Paducab, Ky

1, 34487
J. R. Leonard, collector Indianapolis Ind........................................... 81,27150
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind ........................................ 53 . 63345
C. Rude, collector, Sandusky, Ohio .....

4, 950 76
D. W. McCling collector, Cincinnati, Ohio................................................................ 815,66685
G.W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio ..................................................... 179, 562 10
 19, 50210
D.V. Bell, late collector, Detroit, Mich 148, 06344
W. Livingstone, ir., collector, Detroit. Mich ................................................... 148, 53531
C. T. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich

16, 53576
J. P. Sanborn, late collector, Hurou, Micl

1489
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich

64, 13775
D. McLaughlin, collector, Michiran, Mich

2,336 11
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, ill
C. Barner, collector, Galena, III
C. M. Whitner, collector, Saint Louis, Mo

3, 850, 34391
ames Hunter collector Saint Josepb,
1, 530, 90252
P C Crowell colle
11, 49488
R. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo

48, 68612
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn .........
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis

1, 41680
73, 98243
William B. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis 4070
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Nebr

George Frazee, collector, Burlington, Iowa
580
R. Armstrong, collector, Dubuque, Mowa.
J. C. Montgomery, collector, Denver, Colo 17
W. I. Hunt, jr., collector, Montana and Idaho

30, 04411
31508
W. G. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alaska

64540
F. N. Shurtifif, collector, Willamette, Oreg 388, 00489
J. D. Merriman, collcetor, Oregon, Oreg 66, 01878
C. Van Clive, collector, Yaqnina, Oreg

26,354 23
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash

55,65043
E. L. Sullivan, late collector. San Francisco, Cal

55, 65043
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal 6, $\begin{array}{r}063,640 \\ 924,428 \\ 73\end{array}$
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal

12, 80618
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington. Cal

58,410 45
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal

Commissioner Geueral Land Ofice
3, 08322
J. C. Murohy, late receiver of public moneys. Dardanelle, yii

78300
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public noneys, Marquette, Mich
J. M. Farland, late receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich
L. G. Wilcox, receiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich

600
60
2, 10949
W. H. C. Mitchell, receiver of public moneys, Reed City, Mich

8, 91955
G. B. Brooks, receiver of public moneys, East Saginaw, Mich

6, 61978
J. F. Nason, receiver of public moneys, Falls Saint Croix, Wis
E. B. Sanders, receiver of public moneys, Wausau, Wis

3,934 57
W. Callon, late receiver of public moneys, Wausan. Wis

114, 93439
J. H. Wing, late receiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis

12, 17311
C. G. Bell, receiver of public moneys, Bay field, Wis

8,157 89
V. W. Bayless, receiver of public moneys, Ean Claire, Wis
J. Ulrich, receiver of public moneys, La Crosse, Wis

35, 03775
5, 44740
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Menasha, Wis

42,780 23
684, 26675

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fc.-Continued.

## FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS-Continued.

Bronght forward
H. W. Stone, receiver of public moneys, Benson, Minn
$\$ 1,172,54982 \$ 195,067,48976$
W. W. Spalding, late receiver of publicenoneys, Duluth, Minn
E. G. Swanstrom, receiver of public moneys, Dulath, Minn
J. Lind, receiver of public moneys, Tracy, Minn
P. C. Sletten, receiver of public moneys, Crookston, Minn

George B. Folsom, receiver of public moneys, Taylor's Fall...............
W. B. Herriots, receiver of puphoners, Redwood Falls, Minn....
J. H. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falls, Minn
C. H. Smith, receiver of public moneys, Worthington, Miun
H. H. Grifiths, receiver of public moneys, Des Moines, Iowa
Z. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys, Dardanelle, Ark
C. E. Kelsey, receirer of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark
A. C. Phillips, receiver of public moneys, Harrison, Ark.
W. A. Tufts, receiver of public moneys, Camden, Ark
J. Dumars, receiver of public moneys, Springfield, Mo

George H. Crumb, reveiver of publie moueys, Lionton, Mo
C. H. MeNulty, receiver of public moneys, Booneville, Mo
H. A. Wilson; receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala
W. H. Tancre, receiver of pablic moneys, Hantsville, Ala
J. F. Rollins, receiver of public moneys, Gainesville, Fla
J. T. Hull, receiver of public moneys, Jackson, Miss
A. E. Lemee, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La
M. Marks, receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, La
W. Burwell, late receiver of public moneys. New Orleans, La
J. L. Ray, late receiver of public moneys, Munoe, Ia
C. E. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Oberlin, Kans
R. P. Hays, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans
E. J. Jackson, late receiver of public moneys, Concordia, Eans
S. Wrong, receiver ot public nonejs, Concordia, Kans.
W. H. Pilkinton, receiver of public moneys, Wa Keeney, 底ans
H. Jooth, receiver of public noneys, Larned, Kans
L. Hanback, late receiver of public moneys, Saliua, Kans.
H.S. Cunningham, receiver of public moveys, Salina, Kans
J. L. Drer, receiver of public moneys, Wichita, Kaus
A. J. Hoisington, receiver of public moneys, Gardeu City, Kaus

George Merrill, late receiver of public moneys, Topeka, Kans.
J. Q. A. Peyton, receiver ot public moneys, Topeka, Kans
H. M. Waters, receiver of public noneys, Independence, Kans
J. Stont, late receirer of pablic moners, Boisé City, Idaho
M. Krebs, receiver of public moneys, Boisé Sity, Idaho.
R. J. Munroe, late receiver of public moneys, Lewiston, Idaho.
A.J. Shaw, receiver of pablic moneys, Lewiston, Idabo
A. W. Eaton, receiver of public moneys, Oxford, Idaloo
J. S. Waters, recoiver of public moneys, Harley, Idaho
S. Parker, receiver of pablic moneys, Niobrara, Nebr.
H. S. Lovejoy, lato rectiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr
C. N. Baird, late receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr
H. D. Root. receiver of public moneys, Lincoln, Nebr
A. W. Montgomery, receiver of public monevs, Bloomingto..............
J. W. Tucker, receiver of public moneys, Valentine, Nebr
W. B. Lambert, receiver of public moneys, Neligh, Nebr
W. Anyan, receiver of public moneys, Graud Islaud, Nebr
C. F. Babcock, receiver of publie moness, McCook. Nebr.
J. Taffe, receiver of public moneps, North Platte, Nebr.
W. H. Somers, receiver of public monejs, Beatrice, Nebr
E. A. Allen, late receiver of public moneys, Omaha, Nebr
F. Shart, receiver of public moneys, Nebraska City, Nebi
A. O. Whipple, receiver of public moneys, Deril's Lake, Dak
E. P. Champlin, receiver of prhlic moneys, Deadwoor, Dak
J. G. Chandlér, recoiver of pablic moneys, Yankton, Dak
H. Barber, jr., receiver of public moneys, Mitohell, Dak.
R. Lowrey, receiver of public moneys, Huron, Dak

George F. Potter, late receiver of public moneys, Pembina, Dak
B. E. Hutcbinson, receiver of public moneys, A berdeen, Dak
W. H. Francis, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak
E. M. Brown, late receiver of public monexs, Bismarck, Dak
W.J. Anderson, receiver of publie moners, Grand Forks, Dak
W. C. Anderson, receiver of pubey, receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak
I. M. Prgh, late receiver of pablic moneys, Fargo, Dak.
H. R. Pease, receiver of public moneys, W atertown, Dak
W. S. Hickox, receiver of public moneys, Durango, Colo
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public monoys, Del Norte, Colo
C. B. Hickman, late receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo
C. D. Peck, recciver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo
F.J. Leonard, receiver of public moneys, Gunnison, Colo.
W. C. Willets, receiver of pablic moneys, Den rer, Colo.
E. W. Henderson, receiver of public moneys, Central City, Colo
M. H. Fitch, receiver of pablic moneys, Pueblo, Colo
…......
iville Colo $\qquad$
W. K. Burchinell, late receiver of public moness, Leadville, Colo.
E. L. Salisbury, receiver of public moneys, Leadville, Colo
M. M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake, Utah
M. Baliou, roceiver of public moness, Helena, Mont

10,99378
90,39455
10,783 30
6, 61613
105,788 63
12, 33487
2,533 80
27, 22069
4,736 78
2,298 68
8,827 92
16, 18188
25,912 56
12,928 50
35, 47812
65, 792 84
6, 27489
142, 27704
22, 49381
476, 62928
115, 41168
4,737 36
420, 58348
5935
1,862 57
21, 40036
40,553 73
11, 18205
6,941 13
7,967 60
30,582 11
57666
16,528 51
11,568 50
14,533 65
1, 70291
2, 57690
3, 85139 190
22, 06694
32,43453
14, 21500
12, 44971
19, 16042
103, 08760
4800
10200
4, 162 37
72, 80418
47, 34992
34, 22723
95, 55797
72, 76 I 87
13, 41937
1,893 26
5,495 10
1, 77377
66,537 96
39, 63972
169, 38471
466,411 16
$1,095,49150$
8,4.24 28
438, 82596
68,881 47
6706
444, 34177
445, 80000
1200
454, 56939
14, 42176
8,402 47
1, 486 20
10,177 56
50,652 67
96,743 81
18, 80807
81, 53608
3, 20000
39, 41785
29, 57739
137,950 28
$\qquad$

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&c.-Continued.

## FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS-Continted.


$\$ 7,713,04067 \$ 195,067,48976$
13,50542
43,60417
32, 23291
28, 57635
2,409 46
2, 71000
14, 48932
101, 69918
36, 03828
21, 93635
60,88913
429,562 92
17, 11969
87,500 00
106, 50833
47, 74369
12, 89173
18, 84364
61000
3, $565 \quad 50$
2,79400
157, 01177
7,943 07
30, 97142
12, 57432
34, 46598
238,30336
74,659 06
60, 244 62
36047
15,04420
61, 23487
6, 26050
54, 88234
258, 48869

FROM IN'TERNAL REVENUE.

|  | 163,051 85 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Treasurer of the United States | 2453 |
| A. L. Morgan, collector lst district, Alabama | 1,739 92 |
| L. H. Mayer, late collector lst district, Alabama | 7500 |
| F. M. Shouse, acting collector 2d district, Alabama | 3,462 37 |
| A. Bingham, collector, Alabaua | 80,454 26 |
| H. M. Cooper, collector, Arkansas | 90,819 19 |
| S. W. Fisber, collector, Arizona.. | 3, 76973 |
| C. Hartson, collector 1st district, Califormia | 3, 098, 09862 |
| A.L. Frost, collector 4 tb district, Califorvia | 283, 23363 |
| J. S. Wolfe, collector, Colorado........ | 195, 99950 |
| J. Selden, collector lst distcict, Connecticut | 387, 85614 |
| D. F. Hollister, collector 2d district, Connect | 40,093 32 |
| J. MeIntyre, collector, Delaware ......... | 210, 32724 |
| J. L. Pennington, collector, Dakota | 9,905 32 |
| D. Eagan, collector, Florida | 174, 88417 |
| W. H. Johnson, collector, Georgia | 378, 58740 |
| L. M. Pleasants, collector 3d district, Georgia | 3,745 25 |
| J. A. Holtzclaw, late collector 4thí district, Georgia. | 13563 |
| R. W. Berry. collector, Idaho . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5, 26298 |
| J. D. Harrey, collector Ist district, Illinois | 8, 446, 07380 |
| L. B. Crooker, collector 2d district, Illinois. | 228, 12174 |
| A. Woodcock, collector 3d district, Illivois | 3,457 45 |
| R. Rowett, collector 4 tb district, Illinois. | 432, 65047 |
| H. Knowles, collector 5 th district, Illinois | 13, 081, 54392 |
| J. W. Fill, collector 7th district, Illinois | 20,260 59 |
| J. Merriam, late collector 8th district, Illi | 134, 13282 |
| J. Wheeler, collector 8th district, Illinois | 557, 69265 |
| D. B. Honse, acting collector 8 th district, Illi | 217,905 87 |
| C. W. Pavey, collectol 13 th district, Illinois | 450, 28720 |
| J. C. Veatch, collector lst district, Indiana. | 15,520 58 |
| W. Cumback, collector 4th district, Indiana | 228, 06058 |
| H. McKay, collector 6th district, Indiana. | 3, 335, 15230 |
| W. W. Carter, collector 7th district, Iudiana | 1, 816,257 00 |
| George Moon, collector 10 th district, Indian | 14,021 07 |
| T. M. Kirkpatrick, collector 11th distriot, India | 212,19942 |
| J. W. Green, collector 2d district, Iow | 2, 313,586 05 |
| J. E. Simpson, collector 3 d district, Iow | 220, 61305 |
| J. Connell, late collector 4tb district, Io wa | 14,568 85 |
| J. W. Burdette, collector 4th district, Iowa | 77,65790 |
| L. P. Sherman, collector 5th district, Iowa | 129,331 05 |
| J. C. Carpenter, cullector, Kansas | 167, 55599 |
| S. R. Crambangh, late collector 2d district, Kentuck | 866,354 15 |

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continued.

## FROM INTERNAL REVENUE-Continued.

Brought forward
E. Farley, collector $2 d$ district, Kentucky
L. Buckner, collector 5th district, Kentucky
J. W. Fennell, collector 6th district, Kentucky
A. M. Swope, collector 7 th district, Kentucky
W.J. Landium, collector 8th district, Kentucky
J. E. Blaine, collector 9th district, Kentucky
G. Drury, collector, Louisiana
F.J. Rollins, collector, Maine
J. H. Sellman, collector, Maryland
W. Bruce, collector 4th district, Maryland
J. Hill, collector, Mississippi
C. W. Slack, collector 3d district, Massachusetts
C. C. Dame, collector 5th district, Massachusetts
E. R. Tinker, collector 10th district, Massachusetts
J. H. Stone, collector 1st district, Michigan.
H. B. Rawlson, collector 3d distriet, Michigan
C. W. Watkins, collector 4 th district, Michigan
H. O. Ripley, collectot 6th district, Michigan
A. C. Wedge, collector 1st district Minnesota
W. Bickel, collector, Minnesota
I. H. Sturgeon, collector 1st district, Missonri
A. B. Carroll, collector 2d district, Missouri.
D. A. Stewart, collector 4th district, Missouri
D. B. Langston, collector 5th district, Missouri
P. Doppler, collector 6th district, Missouri.
T.P. Fuller, collector, Montana
C. A. Smith, late collector, New Mexico
S. W. Fisher, collector, New Mexico
F. C. Lord, collector; Nevada
G. W. Post, collector, Nebraska
H. M. Putney, collector, New Hampshire
W. P. Tatern, collector 1st district, New Jersey
C. Barcalow, collector 3d district, New Jersey .
A. B. Hathorne, collector 5th district, New Jersey
R. C. Ward, collector 1st district, New York.
M. B. Blake, collector 2d district, New York
M. Freidsam, collector 3d district, New York.
M. D. Steven, collector 11 th district, Now York.
J. M. Johnson, collector 12th district, New York
J. W. Bentley, collector lith district, New York.
J.S. Smart, collector 15 th district, New York
J. Armsburg, colleector 21st district, New York
J. N. Knapp, collector 24th district, New York.
B. De Voe, collector 2 fth district, New York.
H. S. Pierce, collector 28th district, New Yock

1F. Buell, collector 30th district, New York.
E. A. White, collector $2 d$ district, North Carolina
I. J. Young, collector 4th district, North Carolina
G. B. Everett, late collector 5 th district, North Carolina.
W. W. Wbeeler, collector 5th district, North Carolina.
T. N. Cooper, collector 6th district, North Carolina
C. B. Montgomery, collector 1st district, Ohio
R. Williams, jr., collector 3d district, Ohio
R.P. Kennedy, collector 4th district, Ohio
G. P. Dunham, collector 6 th district, Ohio
C. B. Walcott, collector 7 th district, Ohio
J. T. Kumler, collector 10th district, Ohio.
M. Boggs, collector 11 th district, Ohio
J. Palmer, collector 15th district, Ohio
W. S. Streeter, collector 18 th district, Ohio
J.C.Cartwright, collector, Oregon
W. J. Pollock, collector lst district, Pennsylvania
J. T. Valentine, collector 8th district, Pennsylvania
A. J. Kauffiman, collector 9th district, Pennsylvania
E. H. Chase, collector 12 th district, Ponnsylvania
C. J. Bruner, collector lith district. Pennsylvania
E. Scull, collector 16 th district, Pennsplvania.
C. M. Lynch, late collector 19th district, Pennsylvania.
J. T. Walker, collector 19th district, Penasplvania
J. C. Brown, collector 20th district, Pennsylvania
F. P. Case, collector 22d district, Pennsylvania
S. M. Jackson; collector 23d district, Pennsylvania
E. H. Rhodes, collector, Rhode Island.
E. W. Ferris, late collector, Sonth Carolina
E. M. Brayton, collector, Sonth Carolina.
J. M. Melton, collector $2 d$ district, Tennessee
A. M. Hughes, jr, collector 5 th district, Tennessee
R. T. Patterson, collector 8 th district, Tennessee
W. H. Sinclair, collector lst district, Texas.
B. C. Ludlow, collector 3d district, Texas.
W. Umbdenstock, collector 4th district, Texas.
O. J. Hollister, colloator, Utah
$\$ 38,114,59055$ \$204, 878, 19477
1, 214, 99399
8, 626,35249
4, 268, 34424
2, 695, 75032
889, 233 67
13,331 95
560, 18489
56, 599.19
3, 135, 09138
11, 62854
50, 82315
2, 037, 07321
65, 72222
293, 79462
1, 202, 42586
15, 14652
180,283.95
19, 75685
12. 78586

478, 17570
4, 995, 42753
4,707 35
268,191 79 8,807 13
1,201, 15739
123, 278.52
4, 74011
63,79820
4, 62644
1,515,802 98 389, 95389
130, 66655
491, 15903
$2,858,37271$
2, 685, 80396
1,576, 68343
4,955, 92746
14, 73548
54, 95352
635, 39206
775, 31099
885,283 72
41, 82121
17, 54032
2, 014, 64798
115,05965
1,717 37
519,769
44,243 16
711, 29915
483, 58024
$9,826,12339$
69, 09755 7,645 67
1, 014,80697
24, 15986
655, 74884
1, 122, 99523
10,50753
785, 32360
128,661 63
2, 948, 976. 02 62, 20409
1, 251, 08357
438, 64966
28, 84950
32, 26438
7,278 51
132, 23753
4,303 47
1, 929, 08533
$1,049,81882$
130, 46811
27595
93,62444
110,66843
$1,135,47685$
4,46926
72,654 53
65,267 52
72,811 90
4,560 49

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continned.

## FROM INTERNAL REVENUE-Continued.

| Brought forward | \$114, 754, 59118 | \$204, 878, 19477 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J. C. Stearns, collector, Vermo | 30, 71331 |  |
| J. D. Brady. collentor, 2d district, Virgi | 1,540, 26965 |  |
| O.H. Russell, collector 3d district, Virginia | 139, 64147 |  |
| J. B. Raulston, collector 4th district, Virginia | 729, 11145 |  |
| J. H. Rives, collector 5th district, Virginia | 100, 2785 |  |
| B. B. Boots, late collector 6th district, Virginia | 23, 84298 |  |
| W. E. Craig, collector 6th district, Virginia | 702,425 57 |  |
| J. R. Hayden, collector, Washington Territory | 7,887 37 |  |
| E. P. Snow, collector, WYoming Territory | 1, 20268 |  |
| I. H. Duvall, collector, West Virginia | 544, 33138 |  |
| F. H. Pierrepont, collector, 2 d district, West $V$ | 15, 23699 |  |
| I. M. Bean, collector, 1st district, Wisconsin | 2. 400,45471 |  |
| H. Harnden, collector, 2d district, Wisco | 155, 46197 |  |
| H. M. Kutchin, collector, 3 district, Wisc | 252, 11493 |  |
| L. Lotrridge, collector, 6th district, Wisconsin | 188, 50834 |  |

## FROM CONSULAR FEES.

H. C. C. Atwood, consul-general, San Domingo.......................... 1,36673
C. C. Andrews, cousul-general, Rio de Janeiro............................. 5 . 75105
L. T. Adams, consul, Geneva

68750

D. Atwater, consul, Termud

55867

H. L. Atherton, cousul; Pernambuco ....................................................... 1, 80639
A. Badea:u, consul.general, London ............................................. 11, 32653
H. D. Bennett, vice-consular agent, Nantes................................. 37000
S. H. M. Byers, consul, Zurich
C. Bartlett, consul, Grudaloupe.......................................................................... 1,330 05
W. C. Burcbard, consul, Ruatan and Truxillo .............................. $\quad 29610$
B. H. Barrows, consul, Dubliu
M. S. Brewer, cousul-general, Berlin...................................................................6, 644 65

H. M. Brant, vice-consul, Callao

1, 273.92
E. L. Baker, ronsul, Buenos Ayres.
C. C. Bancroft, vice-consul, Calcutta

2,84571


H. C. Buffington, consul, Wallacebrarg.
W. S. Bird, consul. La Guayra

7920
S. P. Bayley, consul, Palermo

1, 00643
F. Belli, vice-consul Palermo
H. N. Beach, consul, Puerto Cabello

1, 06880
........................................ 1,929 40

S. S. Blodgett, consul, Prescott

404
T. Canisius, consul, Apia .....

16485
A. J. Cassard, consul, Tampico
$560 \cdot 76$
D. E. Coon, conmmercial agent, Baracon ..................................................................... 9685
G.I.Catlin, consul, Stuttgart........................................................................ 1, 73394
D.J. Crain, consul, Milan

1, 37299
J. G. Crawford, consul, Coaticook
, 53799

| 53796 |
| :--- |
| 24013 |
| 050 |

F. M. Cheney, consul; Zanzibar
R. S. Chilton, consul, Clifton...................................................................... 1,5502
F. D. Cheshire, vice-consul-general, Shanghai .................................. 1,588 1, 41
M. J. Cramer, consul-general, Switzcrland

90725
E. Conroy, consul, San Juau ..............

68574
O. N. Denny; consul.general, Shanglai
A. Destruge, vice-consul, Guayaquil
L. DeR. Du Verge, consul, St. Paul de Loando

4, 89726
43427
J. T. Du Bois, consul, Aix la Chapelle
J. Dittmer, vice-consul, Stcttin.................................................................... 15050
H. P. Dill, consul, Guelph.
A. V. Dockery, consal, Leeds

28500
T. M. Dawson, consul, Apia

1, 89867
56580
S. W. Dabrey, consul, Fayal

44053
B. O. Duncan, consul, Naples ................................................... 41150

C. Ewers, consul, Wiudsor

20250
D. Eckstein, cousul, Amsterdam
, 279
B. F. Farnham, consul, Bombay

2, 27904
66710
31373
35750
23100
A. Francis, consul, Victoria
A.P. Francia, vice-consul, Genoa

1,461 63
58230
1,31563
4000
2,950 71
1, 80924
J. M Cramesy, consul, Demerara
J. Fletcher, consul, Genoa
N. Fish, minister, Belgium
J. J. Flime, consul, Cheronitz. ....

1, 40942
W. E. Goldsborougb, consul, Amoy

4, 53366

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, foc.-Continued.

FROM CONSULAR FEES-Continued.

Brought forward
W. F. Gunnell, consul, Bremen
T. D. Golding, vice consul, La Guayra
S. Goutier, consul, Cape Haytien
G. W. Griffin, cunsul, Auckland
W. H. Garfield, consul, Martinique
J. A. Halderman, consul-general, Bangkok
F. W. Hyndman, vice-consul, Charlottetown
G. H. Horstmann, consul, Nurémberg
O. Hatfield, consul, Bataria
C. C. Hirschfelder, cousul, Toronto
J. W. Harper, consul, Mnnich.
D. K. Hobart, consul, Windsor
S. P. Habbell, consul, St. John's
R. Y. Holley, consul, Barbadoes
G. H. Heap, consul-general, Constantinople
F. G. Hanghwout, cousul, Naples
B. Harte, consul, Glasgovv
J. F. Hazelton, consul, Genoa
J. Hutchinson, vice-consul, Funchal.
W. C. Howells, consul, Toronto.
G. H. Holt, consul, Gaspé Basin
W. H. Hunt, minister, Russia
G. E. Hoskinson, consul, Kingston.
W. E. Howard, consul, Toronto
H. O. Heffter, vice-consul, Leipsic
J. F. Hartranft, collector customs, Philadelphia, Pa
E. Johnson, consul, Pictou
E. R. Jones, consul, Newcastle
C. E. Jackson, consul, Antigua
A. C. Jones, consul, Nagasaki
A. Jourdan, consul, Algiers
C. Kahlo, consul, Sydney
W. King, consul, Birmingham
C. Klinck, late acting consul, Manila
H. Keifer, consul, Stettin
W. Koster vice-consul, Mannbeim
P. Large, consul, St. Stephen
J. C. Landreau, consul, Santiago de Cuha.................................
J. Low, consul, Clifton
F. Leland, consul, Hamilton
R. Locke, consul, Newcastle
L. A. Lathrop. censul, Bristol
E. E. Lane, consul, Tanstall
L. D. Lyle, consul, Funchal.
J. A. Leonard, consul, Loith
J. A. Lewis, consul, Sierra Leone
J. M. Langston, minister, Hayti
H. S. Laser, consul, Port Stanley
G. F. Lincoln, consul, Stettio.
W. B. Lovie, vice-consul. Cardiff
H. S. Loring, vice consui, Hong-Kong
A. Moller, ir., vice-consul, Valparaiso
E. A. Merritt, consul.general, London
H. Matson, Consul, Calcutta
J. T. Mason, consul, Dresden
J. A. Mack, consul, Dresden Hol.
D. A. McKinley, consin, Honolulu
H. C. Marston, consal, Malaga.
G. F. Mosher, consul, Nice
J. H. Moore, consnl, Callao
P. H. More, consin, minister, Mexico
L. P. Morton, minister; France
W. Morey, consul, Ceylon
W. E. M Yer, acting-consul, Para
S. Merrill, consul, Jerusalem
T. J. MeLane, jr., Nassau.
H. M. Moore, vice-consul, Callao

Morton, Rose \& Co., bankers, London
B. Mackey, consul, Rio Grande do Sul
F. H. Mason, consul, Basle
J. S. Martin, jr., consul, Marseilles
F. A. Matthews, consul, Tangiers.
J. S. Mosby, consul, Hong-Kong
H. C. Miller, consul, Guayaquil
A. M. Mothershead, late consul, Leipsic
L. H. Mitchell, vice-consul, London.
M. W. B. Noyes, consul, Venice
J. A. Nunez, commercial agent, Cardenas
E. L. Oppenheim, consnl, Cadiz
T. A. Osborn, minister, Brazil
G. H. Owen, consul, Messina.
W. A. Puller, vice-consul, Rio Grande do Sul
$\$ 102,35076 \$ 326,464,26728$
4, 713 06 3668
1, 03777
' 93 L 31
99639
1630
20000
2, 72482
1, 13210
84550
1, 35625


1, 69383
1, 21149
67600
85150
4, 24693
1, 25950
4150
97865
3700
8500
1, 51410
1, 91306
78350
100
12950
1, 10825
, 35822
22117
11198
3, 26367
3,576 90
42367
16250
9782
34578
1, 05662
76375
80116
23750
70471
3,394 20
9711
1, 75363
24892
1,351 69
' 14986
93947
26247
1, 75460
90183
10, 65734
3,687 65
2,502 50
41154
6, 74303
1, 15026
3, 26248
, 11726
17000
53261
51409
49557
4275
1, 32451
1717
175, 03638
14191
2,317. 27
2,55640
1755
1, 60250
44400

| 32608 |
| :--- |

67850
77996
1, 39065
4500
1,986 60
38383

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fe.-Continued.

## FROM CONSULAR FEES-Continued.

Brought forward
\$376, 11496 \$326, 464, 26728
1,41350
14, 16710
10487
1, 56515
1, 15450
4,897 49
44287
18550
7, 48336
2, 21020
2,728 01
1, 81621
11445
1,598 05
28500
1, 49588
6006
38375
2,709 47
5,058 78
65000
5000
5000
99731
4333
96805
3, 68308
2. 79424

5450
12900
4, 16883
1, 59415
1,59415
2,41198
49239
57591
3,595 60
3,491 36
1,650 50
1, 91241
51429
3,537 85
84020
1, 16922
3,434 76
3500
1, 14500
1, 88536
6600
5, 25926
60450
25864
91568
35304
1,48150
.6414
22419
56813
6058
30085
50006
4581
5, 29520
8488
1,28750
22619
47000
1, 74696
1, 5721.1
15500
26850
62909
I, 23950
97129
9005
62766
2, 75948
5, 16919
9, 34463
1, 80659
1871

Carried forward

STATEMENT of the RECETPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&c.-Continued.

## FROM CONSULAR FEES-Continucd.

## Brought forward

J. G. Voigt, commercial agent, Manila
A. Vial, vice-consul, Nice
J. N. Wason, cousul, Quebec
J. M. Wilson, consul, Bremen
A.B. Wood, consul, Belfast.
J. R. Weaver, socretary legation, Vienna
W. L. Welsh, cousul, Florence
J. B. Weaver, consnl, Bahia
C. B. Webster, consul, Sheflield
T. Wilson, commercial agent, ${ }^{\text {W }}$ Nantos
W. B. Wells, consul, Dundee
J. Wilson, consul, Brussels
J. F. Winter, consul, leotterdam
D. B. Warreri, consul, St. John
J. C. A. Wingate, consul, Swatow
G. Walker, consul-general, Paris
A. Willard, consul, Guaymas
R. M. Whitney, consul, Tamatare
W. A. Warden, consal, Charlottetown
J. Worthington, consul, Malta
C. M. Wood, consul.general. Rome
J. G. Wright, commercial agent, Manila
E. A. Youngs, late vice-cousul, Manila.
J. C. Zuck, consul, 'Fien-Tsin..................
F. C. Zimnerman, acting cousul, Chemuitz
\$512, $38659 \$ 326464,26728$
37500
28900
45767
3, 77864
4,574 76
4,57466
5,99668
1, 998.75
99765
3, 58940
26350
3,491 98
2, 66631
2, 30735
2, 85976
44446
12,195 78
94930
8031
37607
6150
11550
29566
26495
20229
375\%00

## FROM STEAMBOAT FEES

R. Almstrong, collector, Dubuque, Iowa............................................ 80415
J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass..................................................... 42925
R. Alverez, deputy collector, Key West, Fla .................................................................. 2500
W. L. Aslimore. collector, Burlington, N. J............................................................. 16435
I. S. Adams, collector, Frenchman's Bay, Me.................................................... 7620
M. R. Barr', collector, Erie, Pa ............................................................ 5000
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal......................................... . 15535
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La................................................ 7,198 05
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala ................................................................ 1, 43365

A•W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash................................... 2,62415
A H. Beach, collector, Wheeling, W. Va......................................... . 4, 24595
J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, Va ............................................ 5000

A J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn................................................................. 84875
J. Brady, ir., collector, Fall River, Mass .......................................................... 1, 02515

D V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich..................................................... 1, 27805
J. Bookwalter, collector, Minnesota, Minn ..................................... 1,35355

W . A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N. J .......................................... 59115

J. B. Batelle, collector, Miami, Ohio .......................................................................... 1,00720
C. Borer collector Galena, Ill

73795
George Bliss, acting collector, Waldoborough, Me
5110
17850
2500
J. M. Boardman, collector, Belfast, Me.
T. F. Cassels, collector, Memphis, Tend

2,41780
R. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo

21055
J. Campbell, collector, Omaha, Nobr

40460
J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R. I............................................................................... 44444
J. Coins, collector, Bristol, R. I.

44444
170
B. C. Cook, collpctor, Kichmond, Fa

36355
J. W. Cobbs, collector, Paducah, Ky .......................................... . . . . 25050
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatclie, N. Y................................................... 35860
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me

35860
25735
J. F. Dravo collector' Pittsburgh 'P

1,550 87
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C

4,614 05
S. H. Doten, collector, Plymouth, Mass

7500
T $J$................................ 2500
J . H. Elmer, collector' Bridgeton N.J.
60710
G M Ener, collector, Bridgeton, N.
15690
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y

85010
3335
27500
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga

2, 39740
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky

75760
G. Frazee collector Burliugton N J

93110
J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va

32980

F. B. Goss, collector, Jarnstable, Mass

2500
E. Higgins, collector, Saint Jobus, Fla

1, 665.91
50235
12500
Carried forward

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, $\& \& c$ - Continued.

## FROM STEAMBOAT FEES-Continued.

Brought forward
J. Hirst, collector, Saint Mark's, Fla
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa
W.P. Hiller, collertor, Nantucket, Mass
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman's Bay: Me
J. S. Hanover, collcetor, Fairfield, Conn
W. F. Muse, collector, Newburyport, Mass
W. Hartsuff, collector, Huron, Mich
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyalıga, Ohio
C. Harris, coilector, Providence, R. I
A. W. Hall, collector, Milwaukee, Wis
A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth, N. H
H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgetown, S. C
W. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex
J. W. Howell. collector; Fernandina, Fla
J. Hunter, collector, Saint Josephs, Mo
T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis, Md
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannab, Ga
J. C. Jewell, collector, Evansville, Ind
T. B. Johnston. collector, Charleston, S. C
J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche, La
G. A.Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal
F. A. Kennedy, collector, Waldoborongh, Me
J. M. Kirchwal, collector, Nashville, Tenn.
I. Lord, collector, Saco, Me
W. Lowen, collector, Sag Harbor, N. Y
J. J. Lamaroo, collector, Oswego, N. Y
J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y
H. Lawson, collector, Easton, Md
W. Livingstone, collector, Detroit, Mich
D. W. McClung, collector, Ciucinnati, Ohio
G. W. Mathis, collector, Little Egg Harbor, N.
D. MeLanghlin, collector, Michigan, Mich
J. D. Merryman, collector, Oregon, Oreg
C. E. Morris, collector, Genesee, N. Y
W. G. Morris, collector, Alaskei, Alaska
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex
S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me
A. Newburger, collector, Natchez, Miss
N. B. Nutt, acting collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
C. F. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich
W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal
E.J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N:C
J. L. Pierce, collector, Machias, Me
A. Putnam, collector, Middletown, Conn
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. $\bar{Y}$
C. E. Robinson, collector, Albemarle, N. $C$
C. Rude. collector, Sandusky, Obio
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal
J. W. Short, collector, Vicksburg, Miss
S. M. Sawyer, collector, Apalachicola, Fla
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago, Ill
F. N. Sburtleff, collector, Willamette, Oreg
W. H. Sears, collector, San Fraucisco Cal.
W. T. Simson, collector, Genesee, N. Y.
H. C. Stafford, collector, Erie, Pa.
V. Smith, collector, Dultutb, Minn
\$53, 88772 \$327, 025, $661{ }^{*} 14$ 20430
8,69 : 50
2500
20000
64625
40392
4, 54475
4,54470
4,19670
4, $582 \quad 45$
4, 78085
15000
26725
10040
20150
11065
5000
7680
2500
1, 67330
1, 54385
1, 11105
97950
7500
5000
6231.5
: 5910
21875
08179
4, 95235
7500
3, 81815
3,601 05
7500
5, 11185
81110
2500
17500
97065
13000
2500
5000
16090
5455
1,807 25
22500
41425
20000
64200
28,27955
64800
85300
5,85840
1, 00450
42170
5,79760
3, 37980
1,458 85
17500
71030
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me

7175
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, M

2500
71745
2, 18260
J. A. Tibletts, collector New London Conn
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware. Del

1, 21825
6120
A. Tibbetts, collector, Paso del Norte, N. Mex
G. Fos, collector' Cherrystone, Va
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla
B. Upton, jr., collector, Tappahannock, Va

10000
C. Van Clive, colloctor; Yaquina, Oreg

2500
C. B. Watson, collector, Southern Oreg

2500
7500
22500
1.5000

91070
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C
C. M. Whitney, colloctor, Saint Lonis, Mo
E. B. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md

5, 49187
G. W. Warren, collector, Cape Vincent, N. $\mathbf{Y}$

6,92375
87955
R. Worthington, eollector, Boston, Mass

4, 16790
67835
W. Wells, collector, Vermont Vt

45725
17745

N

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED. STATES, \&e.-Continued. FROM REGISTERS' AND RECEIVERS' FEES.

Brought forward
J. H. Allen, receiver of public moneys, Fergus Falle, Minn............
W. J. Anderson, receiver of public noneys, Graud Forks, Dak
$\$ 8.2077$
J. M. Alams, rectiver of public moneys, Yakima, Wash
J. E. Bogart, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont
H. Barber, jr., receiver of public moneys, Mitchell, Dak.
H. O. Beatty, receiver of public moцеуs, Sacramento, Cal
H. Booth, receiver of public moveys, Larned, Kans
C. A. Brastow, receiver of public moneys, Del Norte, Colo
G. B. Brooks, receiver of public monors, East Saginaw, Mich
E. Ballou, receiver of public moneys, Helena, Mont
C. F. Babcock, receiver of public moneys, MeCook, Nebr
W. it Bailhache, receiver of public monejs, Santa Fe, N. Mex
V.W. Bayless, receiver of public, moneys, Eau Clare, W is
M. M. Bane, receiver of public moneys, Salt Lake, Utah
Z. L. Burton, receiver of public moneys, Helena, Mont
C. G. Bell, receiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis

James Braden, receirer of public moneys, Walla Walla, Wash
E. P. Champliu, receiver of public moneys, Deadwood, Dak
G. H. Crumb, receiver of public moneys, lronton, Mo
S. Cooper, receiver of public ruoneys, Humboldt, Cal
C. H. Chamberlain, receiver of public moneys, San Francisco, Cal......
J. G. Chandler. receiver of public moneys, Xankton, Dak
H. S. Cunningham, receiver of public moneys, Salina, Kans.................
C. E. Chandler, receiver of public moneys, Oberlin, Kans
G. B. Curry, receiver of public mosers, La Grande, Oreg
E. S. Crocker, receiver of public moneys, Evanston, Wyo
J. T. Carlin, receiver of public moneys, Bozeman, Mont
B. Cameron, receiver of public moneys, Tucson, Ariz
H. Car penter, receiver of public moneys, Eureka, Nev
C. E. Dails, receiver of public moneys, Tucson, Ariz.
J. Dumars, receiver of public moneys, Springfield, Mo
A. Dobrowsky, receiver of public moneys, Shasta, Cal
A. W. De Long recriver of public monevs, Prescott, Ariz
J. L. Dyer, receiver of public moness, Wichita, Kans
A. W. Eaton, receiver of public moneys, Ox ford, Idabo
G. B. Folsom, receiver of public noneys, Taylor's Falls, Min
M. H. Fitch, receiver of public moness, Pueblo, Colo
J. C. Fullorton, receiver of public moneys, Rosebarg; Oreg
W. H. Francis, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, Dak
E. G. Gearey, receiver of public moneys, Fargo, Dak
W. M. Garvey, receiver of public moneys Cheyenne W yo
C. H. Gould, receiver of public moneys, Miles City, Mout
C. F. Gardner, receiver of public moneys, Sacraneento, Cal
H. H. Grittiths, receiver of public moneys. Des Moines, Lowa
J. T. Hall, receiver of public moneys, Juckson, Miss
J. W. Haverstick, receiver of public monevs, Los anyeles, Cal
E. W. Henderson, receiver of public moneys, Central City, Colo.......
W.S. Hickox, receiver of public moneys, Durango, Colo
R. R. Hays, receiver of public moneys, Kirwin, Kans
B. E. Hutchinson, receiver of public moneys, A berdeen. Dak
W. B. Herviott, receiver of public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn
W.S. Hurlbut, receiver of prblic moneys, Cheyenne, Wyo
A. J. Hoisington, receiver of public moness, GardenCity, Kans.
E. J. Jenkins, receiver of public moucys. Concordia, Kans
J. H. Jones, receiver of public moneys, Merasha, Wis
J. Knox, receíver of public moneys, Lake View, Ore
M. Krebs, receiver of public moneys, Boise City, Idahn
C. E. Kelsey, receiver of public moneya, Little Rock, Ark.
A. E. Lemee, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, La
T. Lindsey, receiver of public moneys, Visalia, Cal
T. J. Leonard, receiver of public moners, Gunnisou, Colo
R. Lowry, receiver of public moners, Huron, Dak
W. B. Lambert, receiver of public noneys, Neligh, Nebr
J. Lind. receiver of public moneys, Tracy, Minn
W. B. Nutchell, receiver of public moness, Saint Clond. Minn
P. H. McNulty, receiver of pnblic moners, Boonville, Mo
M. Marks, receiver of public moneys, New Orleans, Lia.
W. H. C. Mitchell, receiver of public noneys, Reed City, Mich
R. W. Montgomery, receiver of public moneys. Bloomington, Nebr
R.J. Monroe, receiver of public noneys, Lewiston, Idaho
A. O. Marsh, receiver of public moness. Vancouver, Wash
J. F. Mason, receiver of public moners, Falls Saint Croix, W..........
F. J. Oshon, rer
O. Perina receiver ot public moneys, Stockton, Cal
A. C. Phillips. receiver of public moneys, Harrison, Ark
C.D. Peck, receiver of public moneys, Lake City, Colo.
H. R. Pease, receiver of public mouess Watertown, Dak
S. Parker, receiver of public moneys, Niobrara, Nebr
W. H. Pilkenton, recerver of public moneys Wa Keney, Kans
J. G. Pillsbury, receiver of public noneys, Oregon City, Oreg
J. Q. A. Peyton, receiver of public moneys, Topeka, Kans
J. F. Rollins, receiver of public moneys, Gainesvilie, Fla

38, 21450
50, 91865
8 8,995 50
2200
38, 26634
1,518 56
30, 97463
5, 62806
1, 69732
13, 59700
24. 44712

8,465 50
3, 48496
12. 67350

2, 24950
2,735 19
11, 00000
11, 69900
8 8,302 67
9,983 56
22, 91778
15, 64551
15,577 81
8, 81580
1.5, 72878

1,466 07
3, 91950
7900
64000
2,698 25
21 12700
10, 26966
1, 50490
11,530 79
6,103 50
1, 54567
13, 81648
7,436 95
50, 83896
79,61120
35600
7, 58478
9, 68663
1, 13015
14,932 40
15, 17100
5, 365-50
3, 47824
28, 45318
60, 04505
5, 30923
10,56210
6,947 81
4,978 25
1, 10415
3, 29732
4,953 00
6, 69882
11, 36668
9, 52199
1, 53550
110,01550
19, 13324
4,724 7
12, 21691
4,325 66
19, 45297
2,506 01
25,683 64
3, 96884
7, 80608
2,521 49
73750

- 7,455 74

14, 08396
1,581 00
40, 27828
39, 75546
16,322 40
10, 73654
72993
30n280 01

# STATEMEST of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&.C.-Continued. 

## FROM REGISTERS' AND RECTIVERS' FEES-Continued.

Brought forwatd
H. D. Root, reveiver of public moneys, Liucoln, Nebr.
T. H. Romney, recuiver of public monevs, Walla Walla, Wash
A.J. Shaw, receiver of public moneys, Lewiston, Idaho
R. G. Strart, receiri of public moneys, Olympia, Wash
\$1, 171, $14659 \$ 327,209,41624$
1, 8126
H. W. Stone, receiver of public moness, Benson, Minn..
P. C. Slettin. receiver of public monejs, Crookston, Min
W. W. Spalding, receiver of puhlic moneys, Duluth. Minn
T.J. Sherwnod, receiver of public moneys, Marysville, Cal
C. H. Smith, weiver of pollic monejs, Wasbington, Minn
W.H. Somers, receiver of pulblic moners, Beatrice. Nebr
S. W. Sherfes, receiver of public moneys, Las Cruces, N. Mex
E. L. Salisbury, receiver of public moners, Leadville, Colo
E. G. Swanstrom, receiver of public noneys, Duluth, Minn.
E. B. Sanders, leceiver of prblic moners, Wausau, Wis.
W. H. Tanere, receiver of public monés, Huntsville, Ala
A. A. Tufts, rectiver of mablic moneys, Camded, Ayk
J. Tafte, receirer of public moneys, Nortb Platte, Nebr.
J. W. Tucker, receiver of pullic moneys, Valentine. Nebr.
C. N. Thomlnury, receiver of public moneys, The Dalles, Oreg
J. Ulrich, ueceirer of pablic moners, La Crosse, Wis
J. Varnum, receivar of public moneis, Gainesville, Fla
Z. L. Wise, receirer of public noneya, Dardanelle, Ark
I. F. Wing, rectiver of public moneys, Bayfield, Wis.
S.C. Wright, receiver of public moners, Carson, Ner.
F. G. Ward, receiver of public moneys, Susanville; Cal
J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moners, Marquette, Mich
T. Wrong, receirer of public moners, Concordia, Kans.
H. A. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.
1....

H Ni. Waters, receiver of publicmoneys, Independence, Kans
L. G. Wilcox, rectiver of public moneys, Detroit, Mich

- W.C. Willets, receifer of public moneys. Dedver, Colo
J. S. Waters, recuiver of public moneys, Farley, Idabo
A. O. Whipple, rectiver of public moneys, Devil's Lake, Dak
J.L. Wilson, receiver of public moneys, Spokane Falls, Wash
6.487 81

1, 90000
3904902
7. 51742

32, 16633
5, 62597
6. 14006

3, 85181
55532
8,16781
4,85500
46232
5,38333
11, 23900
5, 82500
27, 78489
57, 92036
20, 18350
-3, 08075
1,013 00
6, 89650
55139
71500
2, 67610
4, 60931
2, $158 \quad 87$
18, 71490
4, 12542
74866
22,36680
5, 55950
17,586 25
30,594 22

FROM MARIṄE HOSPITAL FEES.
W. L: Asbmore, collector, Burlingtou. N. J

52576
R. Armstrong, collcetor. Dubuque. Iowa

1, 20301
I. S. Adams, collector, French'man's Bay, Me

1, 2061.5
J. A. P. Allen, collector, New Bedford, Mass

1, 14221
, 23477
2213
R. Alrerez, deputy collector, Key West, Fla

3, 29634
A. T. Berra; collector, New Haven, Conn

5,24535
J. Brads, jr, collector, Fall River, Mass
D. V, Bell, collector. Detroit. Mich...

1, 10414
J. Bookwalter; coll+ctor, Minnesota, Minn

1,56023
W. A. Baldwin, collector, Newark, N.J

1. 11345
G. E Bowden, collector, Norfolk, Fa
A. W. Bash, collector, Puget Sound, Wash.
J. W. Buike, collector, Mobile, Ala.

5, 88542
9, 06541
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloncester, Mass

3,804 43
J. D. Bowie, collector, Petersburg, Va
A. H. Beach, collector, Wheeling, W. Va
A. S. Badger, collector. New Orleans, La

72594
15414
4,845 95
17,327 85
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal

69255
W. F. Brown, collector, Erie, Pa

269
Georce Bliss, acting collector, Waldoborougb, Me........................................................................... $7758: 8$
96991
C. Borner, collector, Galena, Ill

70095
E. A. Bragdrn, collector, York, Me
J. M. Boardman, collector; Beltast, Me
J. Camplell, collector, Omaha, Nebr.

2344
J. H. Cozzens, collector, New port, R. I

55569
J. .i. Cozzens, colector, Now port, R.I

360
T. F. Cassels collector, Memphis, Tend
15.9
T. F. Cassels. collector, Memphis, Ten
B. C. Conls, collector, Richmond. $V$ a

4,351 31
R. C. Crowell, collector, Kansas City, Mo
J. W. Cobbs, collector, Paducah, Ky

1,272 26
H. De B. Clay collector Yorktown $\underset{\nabla}{ }$

22216
43656
D. F, Davis, callector, Bangor Me 1, 67139
D. F. Davis, collector, Bangor, Me.

1,525 60
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.

3,545 23
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort N. C
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N . $\overline{\mathrm{Y}}$

5,871 73
S. Dodge, collcctor, Marblehead. Mass.......

60518
S. H. Ioten, collector, Plymoutb. Mass

36137

J. A. Nagar, collector, Perth Amboy, N. X

12766
J. H. Eliner, collector, Bridgeton, N. J
C. S. English, collector, Georgetown. D. C

3, 14674
W. R. Finch, collector, La Crosse, Wis.
H. P. Farrow, collector, Brunswick, Ga
J. K. Faulkner, collector, Louisville, Ky

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the ONITED STATES, \&e.-Continued.

## FROM MARINE HOSPITAL FEES-Continued.

| Brought forward | \$95, 46808 | \$328, 748, 93710 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. Flacler, collector, Niagara, N. Y | 18618 |  |
| G. Fisher, coliector, Cairo. 111 | 1, 08100 |  |
| G. Frazee, collector, Burlington, N.J | 1,15385 |  |
| C. A. Gould, collectur, Buffalo, N. Y | 4, 60497 |  |
| J. L. Gasten, erilector, Chatranooga, Tenn | 66290 |  |
| J. H. Gray, collector, Alexandria, Va | 94830 |  |
| J. Gilchrist, collector, Wheeling, W. Va | 33949 |  |
| F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass | 1,71729 |  |
| A. A. Gardner, collector, Nantucket, Mass | 17763 |  |
| A. V. Hall, collector, Milwankee, Wis | 5, 65409 |  |
| J. S. Hanover, collector, Fairfiel.l, Conn | 1, 72036 |  |
| C. H. Houghton. collector, Perth Ambor, N.J | 56912 |  |
| W. H. Huse, collector, Newbur yort, Mass | 37040 |  |
| W. Hartsutf, collector, Huron, Mich | 5,783 23 |  |
| A. F. Howard, collector, Portsmouth. N. H | 59416 |  |
| G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio | 3, fi78 69 |  |
| C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I | 2,472 51 |  |
| E. Higeins, collector. St. Johu's, Fla | 2,402 97 |  |
| J. W. Howell, collector, Fernandina. Fla | 34668 |  |
| W. P. Filler, collector, Nantucket, Mass | 1560 |  |
| J. Hirst, collector, St Mark's. Fla. | ${ }^{672} 17$ |  |
| G Holmes, collector, Beanfort, S. C | 53715 |  |
| J.F. Hartranft, collector. Philadelpbia. Pa | 18,480 56 |  |
| J. D. Hopkins colletor, Frenchmau's Bay, M | 1,24381 |  |
| J. M. Haycock, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me | 53790 |  |
| T. A. Henty, collertor, Pamico. N. C | i, 50144 |  |
| T. S. Hodson, collector, Eastern Maryland | 292 |  |
| G. W Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Mi | 2, 08105 | .. |
| J. L. Haynes, collpetor, Brazos, Tex | 27805 |  |
| J. Hunter. collector, St. - riseph. Mo $^{\text {a }}$ | 11033 |  |
| H. F. Heriot, collector, Georgatorn, | 48365 |  |
| T. Ireland, collector, Annapolis. Md | 89680 |  |
| T. F. Jobuson, collector, Savanuab, Ga | 3,549 04 |  |
| J. C. Jewell, collector, Evausville, Ind | 2, 88733 |  |
| T. B. Johnston collector, Charleston, S | 3,335 84 |  |
| J. R. Jolles, collector. Teche. La | 1,450 92 |  |
| G. A. Johuson, collector, San Diego, Cal | 11154 |  |
| J. M. İercheval, collector. Nashville, Tenn | 1, 34912 |  |
| H. A. Keon dy, collector, Waldoborough, Me | 1,730.61. |  |
| I. Lord collerter, Saro, Me | 1 13625 |  |
| W. Lower, collecror, Sag Harbor, N. Y | 63112 |  |
| J. J. Lamore, collector, Oswego, N. Y | 92264 |  |
| J. A. Luby, collector, Albany, N. Y | 4,657 36 |  |
| H. Lawson, collector, Eastern Maryland | 6,915 97 |  |
| D. E. Lyon, collector, Dubugua, Iowa | 5000. |  |
| W. Livingstome, ir., collector, Detroit, Mic | 5,565 63 |  |
| J. B. Mitchell colleco, York town, Va | 465 |  |
| C. E. Morris, collector. Genesee, N. Y | 10609 |  |
| D. M. McLaughlin, collector, Michigan, Micb | 4, 51343 | ! |
| J. D. Merryman. collector, Oregon. Oreg. | 1,423 33 | , |
| A. G. Mallor, collector, Galveston, Tex | 2,942 67 |  |
| E. T. Moore, collector, Patchogne, N. Y | 69015 |  |
| G. W. Mathis collector, Litlle Egg Harbor, N. | 61109 |  |
| W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast. Me | 70733 |  |
| W. G. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alask | 21453 |  |
| D. W. MeClung, collector, Cincinriati, Ob | 9,794 60 |  |
| S. Moffett, collector, Champlain, N. Y | 24306 |  |
| C. B. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, Ma | 47879 |  |
| A. Newburger, collector, Natehez, Miss | 19319 |  |
| N. B. Nutt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me | 1, 85778 |  |
| C. $\overline{\text { I }}$. Osborn, collector. Superior, Mich | 1, 25922. |  |
| C. H. Odell, collector, Salem. Mass | 15217 |  |
| F. A. Osyood, collector Marblehead, Mass | 12222 |  |
| A. Putbam, collector, Middletown, Conn | 1,619 78 |  |
| E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington. N.C | 1,57775 |  |
| J. L. Pierce. collector, Machias. Me | ], 11094 |  |
| N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi. Te | 43180 |  |
| W. H. Pratt, collector, Humboldt, Cal | 90607 |  |
| C. Rude, collactor, Sandusky. Ohio | 1,235 60 |  |
| C. E. Rolinson, collector, Albemarle, N. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 839.94 |  |
| W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. | 70,08868 |  |
| S. H. Ritch, collector, Port J fferson, N. Y | $629{ }^{26}$ |  |
| W. T. Simpsou, collector, Genesee, N. X | 3013 |  |
| F. N. Shurtlift, collector, Willamette, Oreg | 3, 69766 |  |
| W. P. Sargent, collector, Castine. Me. | ${ }^{970}{ }^{26}$ |  |
| W. S. Smith, collector, Memphis, Teun | 16500 |  |
| G. B. sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me. | 54311 |  |
| J Spalding, collector, Clicago, 111 | 6,986 36 |  |
| N. Smith, collector. Doluth, Minn | 24102 |  |
| S. M. Sawyer, collector, A palachicola, Fla | 59141 |  |
| Carried forward | 307, 54290 | 328, 748, 93710 |

B. Flacler, cullector, Niagara, N.

18618
1, 08100
1, 15385
$\begin{array}{r}4,60497 \\ 66290 \\ \hline\end{array}$
94830
33949
1,71729
5, $054 \cup 9$
1, 72036
56912
37040
5,59416
3, 67869
2,472 51
2,40297
34668
1560
$537 \quad 15$
18, 48056
$\begin{array}{r}1 \\ +53790 \\ \hline\end{array}$
i, 50144
08105
27805
11033
8365
3, 54904
2, 88733
3, 33584
45082
1, 04912
1, $730 \cdot 61$
13625
63112
4,65736
6, 91597
50 00.

- 465

10609
4, 42333
2,94ㄴ 67
69015
70733
21453
9,79460
47879
19319
1, 85778
1, 25922
12222
1,619 78
1,577 75
43180
90607
1,23560
$839 \cdot 94$
62926
3013
69766
213
650
54311
98636
24102
59141
-

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.

## FROM MARINE HOSPITAL FEES-Continued.



## LABOR, DRAYAGE, AND STORAGE.

J. Bookwalter, oollector, Minnesnta, Minn

13315
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala ......

40647
A.S. Badser, collector, New Orleans, La

75928
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich:
J. B. Xattello, collector, Miami, Ohio
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me
W.H. Daviels, collector, Oswegatchie, N.

3,54267
7400
A.C. Davis, collectur, Beanfort, N. C
778.94

J. F. Faulkner. collector, Louisville, Ky

13972
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y

20625
G. W. Howe, collector, Cuyaboga, Ohio

17900
C. Harris, collector, Provilence, R. I

17900
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa
J. L. Harnes, collector, Brazos, Tcs

6,561 83
58170
3733
95418
....................

W. Livingstone, jr., collector, Detroit Mich

1,38858
D. W. MClung, collector, Cincinnati, Ohio

2, 05375
A.G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex

2, 43869
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex

20331
E. J. Penaypacker, collector, Wilmington, N.C

20331
A. Putuam, collector, Middletown, Conin

32314
100 '00
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y

24,495 29
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, N. Y

6300
E. L. Snlívan, eolector, San Francisco, Cal

1,095 05
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal

16760
L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Del

2240
J. H. Wilsmu, collector, Georgetown, D. C

6275
E. H. Webster, cullector, Baltimore, Md
R. Worthingtou, collector, Boston, Mass
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me

19050
C. M. Whitney, colloctor, Saidt Louis, Mo

72000

## SERVICES OF OFFICERS.

R. Alvarez, deputy collector, Key West, Fla

24400
28500
J. R. Brierly, collector, Walmington, Cal
.
A. S. Badger, collector, New Ollpans. La

7,530 14
87600
1, 11926
$\begin{array}{r}3330 \\ 7.705 \\ \hline\end{array}$
D. V. Bell, collector. Detroit. Mich....

Batiman, collector, Beliast, M1
7, 70550
48393
21600
19310
A. J. Beers, collector, New London, Conn.
G. E. Bowdeu, collector. Norfolk, Va

2, 40900
H. De B. Clay, collector, York town. Va
, 278
W. H. Daniels, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y

1,278 28
A. C. Davis, collector, Beaufort, N. C

8930
E. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.

SERVICES OF OFFICERS-Continued.

## Brought forward

M. A. Edgar, collector, Perth Amboy, N.J
\$25, 16131 \$329, 237, 81030
95600
B. Flagler, collector, Niagara, N. Y.

5,533 36
40833
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass

4,04888
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y.

300
A. A. Gardner, collector, Nantucket, Mass

6900
J. F. Hartranft. collector. Philadelphia, Pa

11, 91686
W. Harteuffi, collector, Huron, Mich:

4, 44505
J.D. Eoplins, collector, Freuchman's Bay, Me

49400
C. Harris, collector, Providence, R. I

73000
J. L. Haynes, collector, Brazos, Tex
G. A. Johnson, collector, San Diego, Cal................................................................. 21600
T. F. Johbson, collector, Savannah, Ga.

26700
T. B. Johnston, collector. Cianleston, S. C

600
P. P. Kidder, collector, Durikirk, N. Y

1, 0980
W. Livingstone, ir., collector, Detroit, Mich .......................................... . 948 . 95
S. Moffett. collector, CLamplain, N. Y'
A. G. Malloy, collector, Galveston, Tex......................................................... 76203
W. C. Marshall, collector, Belfast, Me ......................................... $\quad$. 44
J.D. Merriman, collector, Ortgon; Oreg ....................................... . 5200
C. H. Odell, collector, Salem, Mass..... 900
W. H. Pratt, collector. Eumboldt, Cal

1800
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Christi, T'өx .................................................................. 29822
E. J. Pennypacker, collector, Wilmington, N. C...................................... ${ }_{439} 00$
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. Y..................................................... 128,405 00
or, San Hrancisco
17,88951
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me....

17, 88951
72
93
88
88
$\nabla$. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn
93
844
81
W. H. Sears, collector, Sau Francisco, Cal
J. Spalding, collector, Chicago. Ill 4, 41842
H. C. Stafford, collector, Erie. Pa
J. A. Tibbetts, collector, New Loudon, Conn

950
L. Thompson, collector, Delariare, Del

4375
F. A. Vanghan, collector, Sajuria, Tex

500
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla

5200
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore. Md

1,220 00
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass

15,156505
W. Wells, collector, Vermont, Vt.

37, 33413
4, 93680

FROM WंEIGHING FEES.
A.S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La ................................... 3 . 20
J. W. Burke, collector, Mobile, Ala

1575
F. J. Babson, collector, Gloucester, Mass

10353
H. De B. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va

3; 59230
R. C. Crowell, collector', Bansas City, Mo........................................................... 503

F. N. Dor, collector, Portland, Me

31065
J. F. Dravo, collector, Pittsburgh, Pa

3614
C. A. Gould, collector, Buffalo, N. Y ... .......................................................... 11


C. Hartis, collector, Profidence, R. I
T. B. Johbston, collector, Cbarleston, S. C ..................................... 6425
A. G. Malloy, collector', Galveston, Tex ........................................ 6850
S. Moffett, collector', Champlain, N. Y

27278
N. Plato, collectol; Corpus Christi, Tex................................................................ 27278
W. H. Robertson, collector, New Xork, N. Y ${ }^{-}$.............................. 50,86933
E. L. Sulliran, late collettor, San Francisco, Cal ............................. 7,19819
W. H. Sears, collector, San Fruncisco, Cal ..................................... . 99340
J. Spalding, collec:tor, Chicago; Ill .....
-L. Thompson, collector, Delaware, Dei
656
F. A. Vaughad, collector, Saluria, Tex

9009
1239
E. H. Webster, collector;' Baltimore. Md
1.245 09
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.

6,572 15

## FROM CUSTOMS OFFICERS' FEES.

A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La
J. R. Brierly, collector, Wilmington, Cal

12, 36956
14000
11, $155 \quad 50$
10855
21, 928.98 37730
W. R. Finch collector, Lib Crosse, W is
J. F. Fartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa

J. Spalding, collector, Chicagn, Ill............

22,359 40
E. L. Sullivan, collector, San Francisco, Cal

20, $135 \quad 15$
W. H. Sears, collector, San Francisco, Cal

2,41365

# STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo. -Continued. 

## FROM CUSTOMS OFFICERS' EEES—Continued



FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FOREEITURES-CUSTOMS.


## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the GNITED STATES: \&c.-Contiuned.

- FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FOREEITURES-CUSTOMS-Continued.

Brought forward
F. N. Shurtleff, collector, Willamette, Oreg
J. Shepard collector, Saint Mary's, Ga....
J. A. Tibbetts, eollector, New London. Conn -...................................................... 2000

...................... 28082
J. M. Tarble, collector, Pensacola, Fla

47172
F. A. Vaughau, collector, Saluria, Tex

40302

E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md
498.77
J. H. Wilson, collector, Georgetown, D. C

4000
G. W. Warren, collector, Ca pe Vincent, N. Y

38515
R. Worthivgton, collector, Boston, Mass..................................................................... 81303
F. N. Wicker, collector, K $\theta$ y West, Fla

81303
59566

## FROM EMOLUMENT FEES-CUSTOMS.



50993
96350 62061
1, 30049
2,466 74
89106
1., 40456

1, 24248
4, 80075
44228
4, 24740
$\begin{array}{r}13679 \\ \hline\end{array}$
044
14047
73691
, 72095
15776
4, 58142
1, 68090
, 05038
26,06: 16
20,1545!
7, 08954
94090
67412
2, 13126
1, 89434
1, 47659
1, 34645
17, 751 20
4,10390
1, 76664
45305
24879
125
3, 84363

78,49090

## FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—JUDICIARY.

W. A. Allen, clerk, eastern district Texas....................................... 17.30
T. C. Acton, assistant treasprer, New York .................................. 5382

Andrews \& Thornbirg
13445

E. Bill. clerk, northern district Ohio.
619.45
A. E. Buck, clerk, Dorthern district Georgia ...................................... 38040
N. C. Butler, clerk, soutbers district lindiana................................. . . . 94970
W. H. Bradley, clerk, northern district Illinois:............................. 57645
L. T. Baxter, clerk, middle district Tennessee ................................................... 61965

1. Beall, clerk, district Texas ........

35245
C. T. Barry, clerk, uastern district Virginia

7000
E. F. Bishop, clerk, - district Colorado

3, 21798
A. G. Boone, Indian agent

3, 21798
B. I. Bencilict, clerk, eastern district New York
M. B. Converse, clerk, southern district Illinois

2, 03784
600

## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continued.

## FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES—JUDICIARY—Continued.



## STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, go.-Continued.

## FROM EMOLOMENT FEES-JUDICXARY.

Brought forward.

| C. C. Allen, marshal western Misso | \$1,959 79 |
| :---: | :---: |
| N.P. Banks, marshal, Massachusetts | 1,871 39 |
| S. Bell, clerk, oastern Pennsplvania | 1, 13089 |
| J. W. Shapman, marshal, southern Iowa | 36045 |
| V'. Dell, marshal, wester'n Arkansas | 1,834 70 |
| J. M. Denel, cleris, southern Now York | 1,455 76 |
| T. Griffith, clerk, nouthern New York | 78762 |
| H. D. Gamble, clerk, western Pennsylvania | 338-74 |
| R. L. Goodrich, clerk, eastern Arkansas | 18638 |
| O. B. Hillis, clerk, Minnesota............ | 25898 |
| C. S. Liucoin, clerk, eastetn Pennsylvania. | 1,045 41 |
| S. H. Lyman, clerk, southern New York. | 95457 |
| R. N. MeLarin, marshal, Mimnesota.... | 41133 |
| C. D. MacDougall, warshal, northern New Y | 1,458 97 |
| E. Speers, attorney, northern Georgia. | 29270 |
| J. H. Sloss, marshal, nortbern Alabama | 1, 54569 |
| J. R. 'Tanner, marshal, southern Illinois | 719 |

FROM TMMIGRANT FUND.
J. A.P. Allen, collector, New Bedford. Mass................................. 18750

A. J. Beers, collector, New Haven, Conn............................................ 500
D. V. Bell, collector, Detroit, Mich ..................................................... 2650
A. S. Badger, collector, New Orleans, La........................................... . . 2,05800
F. J. liabson, collector, Gloucester, Mass................................................ 74 . 50

H. DeB. Clay, collector, Yorktown, Va............................................................... 11.50
F. N. Dow, collector, Portlaud, Me ............................................... . . 85800

J.S. Hanover, collector, Fairfield, Conn................................................................. 500
T. A. Hen'y, collector, Pramlico, N. C.................................................................... 150
J. F. Hartranft, collector, Philadelphia, Pa ................................................................. 9, 49550
C. Harris, collector, Providenct, R. I ..................................................... 100
W. G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss.......................................... 1400

-T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga..................................................................... 50
J. J. Lamoree, collector, Oswero, N X.... ............................................... 50
W. Livingstone, jr:, collector, Detroit. Mich ..................................... 2550
C. E. Morris, collector, Alaska, Alaska ....................................................... 1250
A. G. Malloy, collector, Gaiveston, Tex........................................................................................... 986
C.. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich....................................................................... 29200
C. H. Odell, collectur, Salem, Mass ............................................... 350 . 30
N. Plato, collector, Corpus Uhristi, Tex
W. H. Robertson, collector, New York, N. $\bar{Y}$
W. I. Simpsou, collector, Genesee, N. Y
V. Smith, collector, Duluth, Minn
J. Spalding, collector, Chicauo, Ill ................................................................................ 2750
W. H. Zears, collector, San Francisco, Cal.......................................................... 13750
E.L. Sullivan, late collector, San Francisco, Cal ................................. 72500
J. M. Parble, collector, Pensaribla, Fla....................................................... 1300
F. N. Wicker, collector, Key West, Fla.......................................................................... 1,15100
E. H. Webster, collector, Baltimore, Md
G. W. Warreu, Cape Vincent, N. Y....
R. Worthington, collector, Boston, Mass.
$\qquad$ 00

50

50 50 50

50
172,31200
650
20800

17, 74850



0
$\qquad$

2500
1300
50

17, 52650
$\$ 330,282,25451$
79
, 130.89
36045
83470
78762
33874
38
8
95457
41133
70
54569
19

FROM PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.


## STATEMENT of the RECELPTS of the UNITED STATES, fo.-Continued.

## FROM PROCEEDS OF SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY-Continued.

## Brought forward

Miscellaveous:
Lenislatice
District of Columbia
Pnblic 1'rinter
Miscellaneous
Department of State
Pepartment of Agricuiture
Department of Justice
Department of the Interior.
$\$ 524,19698 \$ 330,522,441 \cdot 57$

1. 73688

62775
11, 14440
9438
2, 077.15
1, 70177
14575
4,909 68

546, 63474
70, 72075
From direct tax $-\ldots .$.
Mileage of examiners..
From Paclic Railways:
Reimbursement of interest on boads, Union Pacific
971, 89561
Reimbarsement of anterest on bonds, Central Pacific 192,358 69
Sinking fund, Union Pacific
Sinking fund, Central Pacific
Section 5260, Revisel Statutes, Kansas Pacific
Section 5260, Reviserl Statutes, Sioux City and Pacific 1,802, 87875 242,89630

Sectiou 5:60, Revised Statutes, Jnion Pacific 86, 06201 9,782 93
section 5.60 , Revised Statites, Vnion Pracific
100,91931
Section 5260, Revised Statutes, Contral Pacitic 10049 10,24417

1, 49060

Section 5260, Revised Statutes, Central Branch Central Pacific...

Revenues, District of Columbia:
General fund
$85,948,23600$ 41, 470,000 00

- States notes

Gold certificates
Silver certificates 51, 200, 00000
Certificates of deposits
$26,855,00000$ 75,40000
Funder loau of 1907. j, 329, 25000
Rejief of sick and disabled seamen
Proceed of Loans :

1, 821, 70634

Water fund
138,452 55
Redemption fand
72619
Washington special tax fund
7, 59996
Rerlcmption tax-liel certificates
Assessment eurtificates
Surplus fiund
05406

Interest on Indjan trust-fund stocks......................................... -- 17,5853
Proceeds Osage Jands, act July 15, 1876, \&c........................................... 460,901 28
Proceeds Osave ceded lands, act August 11, 1876, \&c..................................... 2,5445
Proceeds ( hacrokee school lands....
$2,5,456$
1,12430
Proceeds Otoe apd Missourias Indian lands 185,552 47
Proceeds Miamí Indian lands, March 3, 187 15, 65296
Proceeds Kansas Indian lands, May 8, 1872
39,361 17
Proceeds Sacs and Foxes of Missouti Indian lands, August 15, 1876 .
Proceeds Pawnee Indian lands
1,855 35
.................................................. 88,6876
Proceeds sloux Indian Reservation in Minnesota aud Dakota
6,414 28
Proceeds Cherokee lands
89,00412
Interest on deferred paýments sale of Indian lands
8, 07186
Reimbursement to United States on inccount of appropriations to meet
intercst on noppaying Indian trust fund stocks
Reimbursement to United States on acconnt of appropriations for sur-
veying Parnee lands, \&c.
56,92225

Indian trust funds.
310, 40695
1, 60804
Sale of ordnance materials, War Department . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Sale of ordnance materials, Navy Department
96, 38055
Sale of powder and projectiles
2,799 24
3,084 00
Small-arms, Navy Department
2, 68098
Sale of contemned naval ressels
200,000 00
Deposits by individuals for expenses of surveying
Fees on letters-patent
Tax on tirculation of national banks
Rent of public buildings and lots.
Interest on debts due the United States
Miscellaneons items

Profits on coinage
Profits on coivage standara silver dollar 56,037 62
Deduction otr ballion deposits 3,560 65

Hot Springs, Arkansas, reservation lauds

304, 94477
664,111 78
$1,970,726 \cdot 13$
$1,285,68259$
, 148, 022, 85
3, 108, 73013
$13 ; 74654$
13,36665
1, 05732
1, 05000

$$
4,250,60930
$$

30,944 07

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS of the UNITED STATES, \&o.-Continued. FROM PROUEEDS OF SALES OF GQVERNMENT PROPERTY—Continmed.

## Brought forward

\$ $\mathbf{\$ 5 4}, 235,128.89$


Total receipts

STATEMENT exhibiling the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883 , and of the APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES, and the AMOUNTS GARLIED to the SDRPLUS FUND during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884 , together with the UNEXPLNDED $B A L A N C E S$ on June 30, 1884, which are to be acoounted for in the next annual statement.

|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- |  | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | Balances of appropriations July 1, 1883. | tions for the fiscal year ending J゙tune 30 , 1884. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Repayments } \\ \text { made dur- } \\ \text { ing the fiscal } \\ \text { year } 1884 \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | available for the fisual year ending June 30, 1.884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 188: | ried to the surplus fund Juve 30, 1884. $\leftrightarrows$ | appropria. tions Jnne 30, 1884. |
| treasury. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and mileage of Senator | 1884 | 22 | 531-2 |  | \$413, 00000 | \$46, 98620 | \$459, 986 20 | \$456, 64470 |  | \$3, 34150 |
| Do ...................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 1,627 94 | 1,627 94 |  |  | 1,627 94 |
| - Do ......... ....... ............... | 1882 |  |  | \$2, 67434 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,674 \\ \hline 764\end{array}$ |  | \$2, 67434 |  |
| - Salaries of officers and employes of Senate: | 1884 | --22 | ---532 | 4, 12978 | - 276,-044-60 | --.. . 42234 | 276,46694 4,12978 | - 271, 914.80 |  |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 3,351 68 |  |  | 3,351 68 |  | 3,351 68 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, clerks to committees, and pages | 1883 |  |  | 3, 19540 |  |  | 3,195 40 |  |  | 3,195 40 |
| Do.......-. . . . . . - . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1882 |  |  | 49800 |  |  | 49800 |  | 49800 | - |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, stationers and newspapers | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 15,500 00 |  | 15,500 00 | 15:500 00 |  |  |
| Do....................... . ....... | 1883 |  |  | 21510 |  | 10472 | 31982 | 31982 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, horses and wagons | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 3,500 00 | 20823 | 3,708 23 | 3,708 23 |  |  |
| Do................................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 76629 | 76629 |  |  | 76629 |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, fuel for heat- <br>  | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 7,000 00 |  | 7,000 00 | 7,000 00 |  |  |
| Do....................................... | 1883 |  |  |  | , | 1768 | - 1768 | 7, 000 |  | 1768 |
| Contingentexpenses of Senate, furniture and repairs. $\qquad$ | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 10,000 00 | 54725 | 10,547 25 | 10,547 25 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  | 10,000 | 14143 | 10, 14143 | 450 |  | 13693 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 05 |  |  | 05 |  | 05 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, packing boxes: | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 77000 |  | 77000 | 67000 |  | 10000 |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, folding docin- ments.......................................$~$ | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 2,500 00 |  | 2,500 00 | 2,500 00 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, pay of fulders. | 1883 |  |  | 1,040 35 |  |  | 1,040 35 |  |  | 1, 04035 |
| Do................................... | 1882 |  |  | 9000 |  |  | 9000 |  | 9000 | ........... |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, material for folding. | 1884 | 22 | 533 |  | 4,500 00 | 12120 | 4,621 20 | 4,621 20 |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{r}\text { Contingent ispenses of Senate, expenses of } \\ \text { special and seleet committeos ........... }\end{array}\right\}$ | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | 533 269 |  | 50,00000 | 10,873 41 | 60,873 41 | 60,870 08 |  | 333 |
| Do.......................................... | 1883 |  |  | 24,000 00 |  | 840 | 24, 00840 | 21850 |  | 23,789 90 |
| Do...................................... . | 1882 |  |  | 24,631 93 |  |  | 24,63193 |  | 24, 63193 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Senate, miscellaneous items | 188 | 22 | 533 |  | 10,00000 | 6151 | 10,061 51 | 10,06151 |  |  |



| $\bigcirc$ |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| jects of appropriatio | Yea | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July $1,1883$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal year end- } \\ & \text { ing June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June $-30,1884$. | lug the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884 | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | tions June 30, 1884. |
| Treasurx-Continned. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward. |  |  |  | \$258, 40942. | \$3, 072, 28245 | \$73,357 30 | \$3, 404, 04917 | \$3, 190,103 19 | \$37, 78982 | \$176,156 16 |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, pages | 1882 |  |  | 27499 |  |  | 27499 |  | - 27499 |  |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, pay of folders | 1882 |  |  | 3601 |  |  | 3601 |  | 3601 |  |
| Contingent expenses House of Representa-- tives, materials for folding. | 1884 | 22 | 536 |  | 16, 00000 | 1800 | 16,018 00 | 16,018 00 |  |  |
| Do................................ | 1883 | 22 |  |  | 16,000 | 29133 | 10, 29133 | 10,018 00 |  | 29133 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 348 |  |  | 348 |  | 348 |  |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, miscellaneons items. | 1884 | 22 | $\left.\begin{array}{r}536,633 \\ 270\end{array}\right\}$ |  | 52, 92000 | 1,022 69 | 53,942 69 | 53, 63468 |  | 30801 |
| Do................ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1883 |  |  | ........... |  | 379.73 | 37973 | - 34019 |  | 3954 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 6,764 89 |  |  | 6,764 89 |  |  | 6,764 89 |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, packing boxes | 1884 | 22 | 536 |  | 2,987 00 |  | 2,987 00. | 2,987 00 |  |  |
| Contingent expeuses House of Representatives, cartage | . 1884 | 22 | 536 |  | 60000 |  | $600 \text { 00 }$ | 60000 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, salaries Capitol police | 1884 | 22 | 534 |  | 18,300 00 |  | 18,300 00 | - 18,29976 |  | 24 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 1817 |  |  | 18, 18 | . 18,209 76 |  | 1817 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | - 22 |  |  | 18 |  | 22 |  |
| Contingent expenses $H$ use of Representatives, Capitol police contingent fund. | 1884 | 22 | 534 |  | 5000 |  | 5000 |  |  | 5000 |
| Do............................... | 1882 |  |  | 50.00 |  |  | 5000 |  | 5000 |  |
| Contingent expenses House of Representatives, uniforms for Capitol police | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 100 | $1 ` 00$ |  |  | 100 |
| Postage, House of Representatives ......... |  | 22 | 536 |  | 55000 |  | 55000 | 55000 |  |  |
| Investigation of epidemic diseases, House of Representatives |  |  |  | 17,006 93 |  |  | 17, 00693 |  |  | 17,006. 93 |
| Payment to widow of Hon. J. W. Shackel. ford |  |  |  | 73029 |  |  | 73029 |  |  | $17,000.88$ 73029 |
| One month's extra pay to oflicers and employés, House of Representatives |  |  |  | 10833 |  |  | $10833^{\circ}$ |  |  | 10833 |
| Digest of contester, election cases, House of Representatives |  |  |  | 1,000 00 |  |  | - , 00000 | 1,000 00 |  |  |
| Payount Henry H. Smith, Journal clerk, House of Representatives |  |  |  |  |  | 50000 | $50000$ |  |  | :- $50 . \ldots$ |

Payment J. J. McElbone, official reporter,
Payment Frank Galt, assistant Journal clerk, House of Representatices..........
Payment widow of Hon. E. W. M. Mackey.. Payment widow of Hon. E. W. M. Mack
Payment mother of Hon. W. F. Pool... Payment widow of Hou. T. H. Herndon.... Payment Alexander B. Thomas and Wilson Grice, House of Representatives
Payment widow of Hon. D. C. Haskell
Salary of the President
Salary of the Vice-President
Do.
Salary of the Execative Office
Do
Contingentexpenses Executive Office.......... Do.
Promoting the efficiency of the Civil Service Preventing the spresd of epidemic diseases Salaries Civil Serviee Commission
Traveling expenses Civil Service Commission
Salaries office of Pablic Printer
Contingent expenses office of Public Printer Do.
Repairs Government Printing Office
Publication of the Tenth Census reports.
Printing Annual Report (1881) of Commis. printing Annual Report
Printing Annual Report (1883) of Commis Publication of in formation in aid of societies of the Red Cross
Printing report of Colnwittee on Sransportation Roates to the Seaboard
Printing and binding first and socond volumes Catalogue of Library of SurgeonGeneral's Office
Printing and binding third volume Catalogue of Library of Surgeon-General's Office Removal and storage of certain material,
Government Priutine Offiee........ Public printing and bivaing

Carried forwàrd

| 266 | ................ | 1, 00000 |  | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89 |  | 49200 |  | 49200 | 49200 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 5,586 67 |  | 5,586 67 | 5,586 67 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 7,737 66 |  | 7,737 66 | 7,737 66 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 8,875 00 |  | 8,875 00 | 8,875 00 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 1, 08000 |  | 1,080 00 | 1,080 00 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 6,715 97 |  | 6,715 97 | 6,715 97 |  |  |
| 18 |  | 7,652 38 |  | 7,652 38 |  |  | 7,652 38 |
| 537 |  | 50, 00000 |  | 50, 00000 | 50, 00000 |  |  |
| 537 |  | 8, 00000 |  | 8,40000 | 3,000 00 |  | 5, 00000 |
|  | 5,991 63 |  |  | 5,991 63 | 99163 |  | 5,00000 |
| 537 | 4,062 51 | 30,064 00 |  | $4,062.51$ 36,06400 | 36,064 00 | 4,062 51 |  |
|  |  |  | 1,10296 | 1,10296 | 30,064 0 |  | i, 102 96 |
| 537 |  | 8,000 00 | +...... | 1,1000 400 406 | 8,000 00 |  | 406 |
|  | 686 |  |  | 4 686 |  | 686 |  |
|  | 30, 00000 |  |  | 30,000 00 | 79530 |  | 29,204 70 |
|  | 143,393 57 |  | 7900 | 143,47257 | 55, 04654 |  | 88, 42603 |
| 537 |  | 17,300 00 | ¢ | 17, 30000 | 17, 30000 |  |  |
|  | 1,31480 |  | 6360 | 1,378 40 |  |  | 1,378 40 |
| 587 | 3,50000 | 5, 00000 | 2,025 50 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5}, 00000 \\ & \mathbf{5}, 525 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | 5,000 00 |  | 5,525 50 |
| 536 |  | 15,300 00 |  | 15,300 00 | 15,300 00 |  |  |
| 536 |  | 3, 00000 |  | 3, 00000 | 2,000 00 |  | 1, 00000 |
|  | 20000 |  |  | 20000 | 19795 |  | 1, 205 |
| 630 | 2345 | 12,50000 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2345 \\ 12,500 \quad 00 \end{array}$ | 12,360 17 | 2345 | 13983 |
|  | 54i, 44851 | 12,500 0 |  | 541, 44851 | 295, 85924 |  | 245, 58927 |
|  | 67,756 47 |  | 80452 | 68,560 99 | 28,490 09 |  | 40,070 90 |
|  | 220,000 00 |  |  | 220,000 00 | 92, 22715 |  | 127, 77285 |
|  | 95057 |  | - 4379 | 99436 | 95057 |  | 4379 |
|  | 1, 12078 |  |  | 1,120 78 | ......... |  | 1,12078 |
|  | 2,628 05 |  |  | 2,628 95 |  |  | 2, 62885 |
|  | 1,585 50 |  |  | 1,585 50 | 1,504 85 |  | 8065 |
|  | 4,00000 |  |  | - 4,000 00 | 2, 00000 |  | 2, 00000 |
| 29 |  | 2, 500,000 00 | 120, 06237 | 2, 620, 062 37 | 2, 293, 18569 |  | 326, 87675 |
|  | 232, 20549 |  | 51, 84374 | 284, 04923 | 249,658 53 |  | 34,390 70 |
|  | 1, 544, 59182 | 5, 857, 99313 | 251, 599.59 | $7,654,18454$ | 6, 484, 95176 | 42,24734 | 1,126, 98544 |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria. | Repayinents | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car. | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Yea. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations Júly 1, 1883. | fiscal year ending Jane 3C, 1884. | ing the fiscal јеат 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the sur plus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884 . |
| Treasury-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Brought forward |  |  |  | \$1, 544, 59182 | \$5, 857, 99313 | \$251, 59959 | \$7, 654, 18454 | \$6, 484, 951, 76 | \$42, 24734 | \$1, 126, 98544 |
| Public printing and bioding | ${ }^{1882}$ |  |  | 69,937 46 |  |  | 69,937 46 | 8,083 30 |  | 61,854 16 |
| Do. | ${ }_{1878}^{1881^{*}}$ |  |  | 1933 |  | 4407 | 4407 1933 |  | 4407 | 1933 |
| Salaries Library of Congress | 1884 | 22 | 537 |  | 36,640 00 |  | 36,640 00 | 36,64000 |  |  |
| Do................... | 1882 |  |  | 4000 | 30,640 0 |  | - 4000 | 3, 640 | 4000 |  |
| Increase, Library of Congress | 1884 | 22 | 537 |  | 13, 00000 |  | 13,000 00 | 13,000 00 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses .... | 1884 | 22 | 537 |  | 1, 50000 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Works of art for the Capitol. |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 8,00000 |  | 2, 00000 |
| Publishing bistorical documents relating to early French discoveries in North west and on the Mississippi. |  | 17 | 513 |  | 1,418 00 |  | 1,418 00 | 1,418 00 |  |  |
| Purchase of military papers, maps, \&c., of the Count de Rochambeau. |  |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 000 | 20,000 00 |  |  |
| Purchase of Matthew H. Carpenter's pecords and briefs in Supreme Court cases......... |  |  |  | 8,000 00 |  |  | 8,000 00 | 8,000 00 |  |  |
| Salaries Botanic Garren......................... | 1884 | 22 | 537 |  | 11,700 00 |  | 11,700 00 | 11,700 00 |  |  |
| Improving Botanic Garden | 1884 | 22 | 632 |  | 10, 00000 |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Salaries judges, \&e., Court of Claims | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 29,840 00 |  | 29, 84000 | 29,436 49 |  | 40351 |
| Do.................. | 1883 |  |  | 2,115 49 |  |  | 2,115 49 |  |  | 2,115 49 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 2,250 00 |  |  | 2,250 00 |  | 2,250 00 |  |
| Contingent expenses Court of Claims | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 3, 00000 |  | 3, 00000 | 3,00000 |  |  |
| Do...... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 8078 | 18078 |  |  | 8078 |
| Reporting decisions, \&c., Court of Claims | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 1,000 00 |  | 1, 00000 | 1, 00000 |  |  |
| Payment of judgments, Ceart of Claims... |  |  |  | 38,452 77 |  |  | 38,45277 | 33, 99955 |  | 4,453 22 |
| Salaries office of Secretary of the Treasury | 1884 | 22 | 538-9 |  | 494, 12125 | 66919 | 494, 121219 | 494, 12125 | 689 |  |
| Salaries office Supervising Architect | 1884 | 22 | 539 |  | 19,42000 | 66919 | 19,420 00. | 19,420 00 | 66919 |  |
| Do ....................... | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 3695 | 3695 | 10, 20 | 3695 |  |
| Salaries office of Secret Service Division | 1884 | 22 | 542 |  | 12,980 06 |  | 12,980 00 | 12,980 00 |  |  |
| Do ..................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 24787 | 24787 |  |  | 24787 |
| Salaries uffice of Supervising Surgeon-General, Marine Hospital Service. | 1884 | .-. |  | $\dagger 28,84000$ |  |  | 28, 84000 | 28,840 00 |  |  |
| Salaries office of Supervising Inspector-General, Steamboat Inspection Service | 1884 |  |  | 10,34000 |  |  | 10, 14000 | 10,140 00 |  |  |
| Salaries office of Standard Weights and | 1883 |  |  | 16767 |  |  | 16767 |  |  | 16767 |
| Measures........ | 1884 | 22 | 543 |  | 5,978 50 |  | 5, 978 50 |  |  | 5,978 50 |




| Contingent expensen Treasury Department, horses and wagons. Do. | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1882 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 544 |  | 5, 00000 | 19360 | 5,00000 19360 | 5,000 00 | 19360 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contingent expenses Treasury Department, ice | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 4,000 00 |  | 4,000 00 | 4,000 00 |  |  |
| ! Do....................................... | 1882 |  |  | 5886 |  |  | 5886 |  | 5886 |  |
| Contingent expenses Treasury Department, fuel, \&c. | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 14,000 00 |  | 14,000 00 | 14, 000.00 |  |  |
| Do......................................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 700 | 700 | 14,000 |  | 700 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 2241 | 2241 |  | 2241 |  |
| Contingent expenses Treasury Department, gas, sce: Do | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 14, 00000 | 252 | 14,00000 252 | 14, 00000 |  | 252 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 22813 |  | 252 | 22813 |  | 22813 | 252 |
| Contingert expenses Treasury Department, carpers and repairs. | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 8,000 00 |  | 8,00000 | 8,00000 |  |  |
| Do .......................................... | 1882 | 2 | 54 | 796 | 8,000 0 |  | 8,796 | 8,000 | 796 |  |
| Contingent expenses Treasury Department, ${ }^{\circ}$ furuiture, \&c. | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 20,000 00 |  | 20, 000.00 | 20,000 00 |  |  |
| Do.................. . . . . . . | 1883 |  |  |  | 20,000 00 | 25055 | 25055 | 20,000 0 |  | 25055 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 13898 | 13898 |  | 13898 |  |
| Contingent expenses Treasury Department, miscellaneous items $\qquad$ | 1884 | 23 | 544 |  | 10,000 00 | 6812 | 10,008 12 | 10,068 12 |  |  |
| Do....................... | 1883 |  | 54 |  | 10,000 00 | 6214 | 10,62 14 | 10, 2875 |  | 3339 |
| Do........ | 1882 |  |  | 7909 |  |  | 7909 |  | 7909 |  |
| Postage, Treasary Dupartmen | 1884 1883 1882 | 22 | 543, 563 |  | 21,500 00 |  | 21, 50000 | 20,188 23 |  | 1. 31177 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 21, 24586 21,174 |  |  | $\begin{array}{llll}21,245 & 86 \\ 21,174 & 08\end{array}$ |  | 8 | 21, 15435 |
| Postage to Fostal Union countries, Treasary Departinent | 1884 | 22 |  |  | 2,000 00 |  | 2, 00000 | 50000 | 174 |  |
| Do. | 1883 | 22 | 543 | 1,380 00 | 2,000 00 |  | 2, 1,380000 | 50000 |  | 1,380 00 |
| Do. | $18 \times 2$ |  |  | 1, $\because 2000$ |  |  | 1,200 00 |  | 1,220 00 |  |
| Expenses of the national currencs | 1884 | 22 | 611 |  | 20, 00000 | 7500 | 20, 07500 | 20,058 25 |  | 1875 |
| - Dı. | ${ }_{188}^{188}$ |  |  | 3. 63610 |  | 5,35000 | 8, 91610 | 8,986 10 |  |  |
| Do......... | 1882 |  |  | 13941 |  |  | 13041 |  | 13941 |  |
| Distinctive paper for United States securities. | 1884 | 22 | 611 |  | 35, 00000 | 66037 | 35, 68\% 47 | 35,660 37 |  |  |
|  | 1882 |  |  | 8351 |  |  | 8351 |  | 8351 |  |
| Redemption of worn and mutilated United States notes | 1883 |  |  | 13, 80546 |  |  | 13,805 46 | 12,583 12 |  | 1,222 34 |
| D., | 1882 |  |  | 99677 |  | 220 | 99897 | 127100 | 2797 |  |
| Transportation of silrer coin .... |  | 23 | 15 | 16. 54840 | 5,00000 |  | 21. 54840 | 13,28: 53 |  | 8, 26587 |
| Recoingge of gold and silver coins | 188.3 |  |  | 1, 09948 |  |  | 1.09948 | 1,048 52 |  | . 4990 |
| Loss on recoinatge of uninor coins . . . . . . . . . . | 1884 | 22 | 611 | $\cdots 7694{ }^{\circ}$ | 1,000 00 | ........... | 1, 010000 |  |  | 1, 00000 |
| Examination of national banks and bank | 1883 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 76241 |
| plat $\sim 8$ | 1884 | 22 | 542 |  | 2,000 00 |  | 2,000 00 | 50000 |  | 1,500.00 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 1. 50000 |  | 20835 | 1.70835 |  |  | ],708 35 |
| Solloeti ${ }^{170}$ a | 1842 | 22 | $\mathrm{S}_{5} \mathrm{~S}^{2}$ | 1,470 00 | 5,00000 |  | 1,47000 $5.001)$ 4, l | 2,010 90 | 1,470 00 | 3,00000 |
| Do................ | 1883 |  | S | 3,67504 | 2, 000 | 344 3: | 4,019 36 | 3,675 04 |  | 3, 34432 |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 1,880, 88728 | 9,131,380 88 | 350,671 92 | 362,940 08 | 9,946,901 47 | 96,313 50 | 1,319,685 11 |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate available for | Payments dar. | Armounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or sec. tion. | gropriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| Treasury-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronght forward |  |  |  | \$1, 880, 88728 | \$9, 131, 38088 | \$350, 67192 | \$11, 362, 94008 | \$9,946, 961 47 | \$96, 31350 | \$1, 319, 66511 |
| Collecting statistics rolatiug to commerce | 1882 |  |  | 30.01 |  |  | - 3001 |  | 3001 |  |
| Plans for public buildings | 1884 | 22 | 612 |  | 2,500 00 | 1, 99860 | 4,49860 | 3, 00000 |  | 1,49860 |
| Do.. | 1883 |  |  | 64950 |  | 22653 | 87603 | 87578 |  | 25 |
| Do. ........................ | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 5075 | 5075 60,00000 |  | 5075 |  |
| Vaults, safes, and locks for pablic buildings. | 1884 1883 | 22 | 612 |  | 60, 00000 |  | 60,00000 28,92052 | 50,000 25,000 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r}10,000 \\ 3,920 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Do. | 1883 <br> 1882 |  |  | 28,920 4,824 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}28,920 \\ 4,824 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 25,000 00 | 4,824 02 | 3,920 52 |
| Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes | 1884 | 22 | 612 |  | 67,000 00 |  | 67, 00000 | 60,123 05 | 4,824 02 | 6,876 95 |
| - Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 1,682 26 |  | 53881 | 2,221 07 | -1,682 26 |  | 538 \&1 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 69035 |  |  | 69035 |  | 69035 | .............. |
| Examination of rebel archives and records of captured property | 1882 |  |  | 249 |  |  | 249 |  | 249 |  |
| Lands and other property of the United States | 1884 | 22 | 612 |  | 1,000 00 |  | 1,000 00 | 71500 |  | 28500 |
| Do.. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 6712 | 6712 | 6712 |  |  |
| Pr Do:- | 1882 |  |  | 1665 |  |  | 1665 | 500 | 1165 |  |
| Propagation of food | 1884 | 22 | 628 |  | 197, 00000 |  | 197, 00000 | 181, 17833 |  | 15, 82167 |
| Do. Do. | 1883 |  |  | 29926 <br> 344 <br> 1 |  | 830 | 30756 34481 | 181 307 |  | ....... |
| Illustration for Report on Food Fishes | 1884 | 22 | 628 |  | 1,00000 |  | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  | 34481 |
| Steam vessel, food fishes................ |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Fish-hatching establishment .. | 1881 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 19 |
| Fish Commission buildings, Wood's Holl, Mass |  | 22 | 628 |  | 25, 000 |  | 25, 00000 | 25,000 00 | - |  |
| Expenses of inquiry respecting food fishes | 1884 | 22 | 628 |  | 3,500 00 |  | 3,500 00 | 3,500 00 |  |  |
| Salaries and expenses of members of National Board of Health | 1884 | 22 | 613 |  | 10,000) 00 | 2,455 86 | 12,455 86 | 11,610 96 |  | 84490 |
| Salaries and expenses of National Board of Health |  |  |  | 296, 83345 |  | 26, 37529 | 323, 20874 | 1, 01182 |  | 322,196 92 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 3, 07044 | 3, 07044. |  |  | 3, 07044 |
| Salaries Bureau Engraving and Printing | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 26, 13000 | 2,168 00 | 28, 29800 | 28, 21385 |  | 8415 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 1,230 80 | 1,230 80 |  |  | 1,230 80 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 1645 | 1645 |  | 1645 |  |
| Labor and expenses of engraving and printing | 1884 | 22. | 606 |  | 485, 70000 | 459,460 90 | 945, 16099 | 933, 23378 |  | 11,927 21 |
| - Do.......................................... | 1883 |  |  | 1, 38588 | 485,700 | 33, 3539 | 34, 73983 | 34,607 3 |  | 13210 |
| Do.... | 1882 |  | ...... | 1,574 59 |  | 3, | 1,574 59 |  | 1,574 59 |  |

Purchase, \&c., Louisville and Portland Canal: Expenses Smithsonian Institution.
Outstanding liabilities.
Contingent expenses national currency, reimbursable, standard silver dollars
Coscriptive catalogue of Government publications
Salaries and expenses of special inspectors of foreign steam vessels
Statue of Chief-Justice Marshal . .............. Payment of surplus
To promote tbe edncation of the blind.
Books and serials for Government actuary North American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution
Polaris Report, Smithsonian Institution Smithsonict institution Institution Library, Treasury Department.

Do.
Refunding national debt, 4 per cent Refunding national debt, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent Refynding national debt, 5 per cent
Monument to cominemorate the battle of Monument to Baron Dek
Monument to Baron DeKalb, at Annapolis, Monu Monument to mark the birthplace of George Washington
Monument at Washington's headquarters, Newburg, N.
Monument to commemorate the Revolutionary battle of Bennington
Monument to Thomas Jefferson, at Monti cello, Va..
Erection of a monnmental column at York town, Va
a
Portrait of the late Beniamin H . Hi
Portrait of the late William M. Lowe
Portrait of the late Godlove S. Orth .
Portrait of the late J. T. Updegraff.
Portrait of the late Robert M. A. Hawk
Portrait of the late John W. Shackleford.
Sinking fund, Union Pacific Railroad Company

Carried forward

47, 16569



| Specifio objects of appropriations． | Year． | Statutes． |  | Balances of ap． propiations July 1， 1883. | Appropria－ tions for the fiscal year end－ ing Jimo 30， 1884. | Repaymentos made dur． iug the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregatios available for the fiscal year euding June 3u， 1884. | Parmenta dinr－ ing the fiscal rear enting June 30， 1884. | A monnts car ried to the surplus fund June 30， 1884. | Balancers of appropria－－ tions June 30， 1884. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol． | Page or sec tion． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trbabury－Continued． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forwam． |  |  |  | \＄4，817， 22839 | \＄12，110，057 40 | \＄930，472 43 | \＄17，0663， 75822 | \＄13，513，375 67 | \＄103， 64584 | \＄1，046， 78071 |  |
| Sinking fund Central Pacitic Railroad Com pany |  | 20 | 56，58－59 | 846， 20348 | 242， 89630 | 541，800 00 | 1，630， 95978 |  |  | 1，630，959 78 | P |
| Trust－find interest for support of free schools in Sourh Carolina |  | 17 | 600 | 45481 | 1，823 48 |  | 2，278 29 | 1， 74800 |  | 53029 |  |
| Memorial cards to accompany address on life of President Gartipld |  |  |  | 69000 |  |  | 69000 |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| Drapiug public buildiugs at time of death of President Gartiold |  |  |  | 2， 15855 |  |  | 2， 15855 |  |  | 2，158 55 | 世 |
| Awarils for services and expronses in enouec－ tion with illuess and death of President Garfuld |  |  |  | 17，706 99 |  |  | 17．706 99 |  |  | 17，700 99 | $\bigcirc$ |
| Expenses incurred nuder act relating to Chinese |  |  |  | 2，325 50 |  |  | 2，325 50 | 1， 38280 |  | 04270 | － |
| Contiol and protection of property acquired uuderdirest－tax lass | 1884 | 22 | 613 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 |  | $\therefore$ ：．．．．．．．．．．． | 50000 | 区 |
| Canceling and redeeming stamps，office Coun－ misgioner of Interual Reveute． |  | 23 | 2 |  | 20，000 00 |  | 20，000 00 | 20，000 00 |  |  | 困 |
| Mail transportation，Pacifie Railroads | 1882 | 20 | 420 |  | 13807 |  | 15807 | 15807 |  |  | $z$ |
| Do $\quad . . . \cdots$－ | 1883 | 20 | 420 |  | 915， 71022 |  | 915， 71022 | 915， 71022 |  |  | B |
| Refundiug to national banking associations exceas of duty |  | 14 | 572 |  | 15625 |  | 1.5625 | 15625 |  |  | 2 <br>  |
| Relief of E 11．George and H．W．Walker ．． |  | 23 | $=80$ |  | 37500 |  | 37500 | 37500 |  |  | ＋8080 |
| Payment of recret in case of Spanish ferty－ boat Nuestra Señora di Regla． |  | 23 | 15 |  | 148， 20300 |  | 148， 20300 | 148， 20300 |  |  | $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ |
| Sa aribs office assistant Duited States treas－ urer，Baltimore，Md | 1884. | 22 | 544 |  | 21，600 00 |  | 21， 60000 | 21，600 00 |  |  |  |
| Do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 45762 |  | 2699 | 48461 |  |  | 48461 |  |
| Salaries office assistant United States treas－ arer，Boston，Mass | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 36， 06000 |  | 36， 06000 | 36， 06000 |  |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 7671 |  |  | 7671 |  |  | 7671 |  |
| Do． | 1882 |  |  | 44170 |  |  | 44170 |  | 44170 |  |  |
| Salaries office assistant United States treas－ urer，Chicago，Itl | 1884 | 22 | 544 |  | 21， 40000 |  | 21， 40000 | 21，364 78 |  | 3522 |  |
| Jo．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 18779 |  |  | 18779 |  |  | 18779 |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 08 |  |  | 08 |  | 08 |  |  |
| Salaries office assistant United States treas－ urer，Cincinaati，Obio． | 1884 | 22 | ¢ 545 |  | 15，980 00 |  | 15，980 00 | 15，060 00 |  |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 8713 |  |  | 87 13 |  |  | － 8718 |  |



|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria. | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amonnts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects oí appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or sec. tion. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiseal year eud- } \\ & \text { ing June } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | jear ending <br> June 30, 1884. | sarplus fand June 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tions June } \\ & 30,1884 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Treasury-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.. |  |  |  | 85, 552, 64389 |  | \$1, 483, 38101 | \$21, 081, 98462 | \$15, 196, 35263 | \$138, 52473 |  |
| Contingent expenses, mint at Denver, Colo | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 6, 00000 | .............. | 6,000 4,16151 | 5,41762 <br> 1,23928 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 58238 \\ 2.92223 \end{array}$ |
| Do........................................ | 1883 |  |  | 3,90659 <br> 1,712 |  | 25492 | 4,16151 | 1,239 28 |  |  |
| Sularies, mint at New Orleans, I | 1882 | 22 | 547 | 1,712 75 | 31, 95000 |  | 1,71275 | 31, 95000 | 1,712 76 |  |
| Do........................ | 1883 | 22 |  |  | 31, 050 | 1,45494 | 1,454 94 |  |  | 1,454 94 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 1,425 86 |  |  | 1,425 86 |  | 1,425 86 |  |
| Wages of workmen, mint at New Orleans, La | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 74,000 00- |  | 74, 00000 | 74,000 00 |  |  |
| Do......................... ............ | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 72 505 |  |  | 72 |
| Do........................ | 1882 | 22 |  | 505 |  |  | 505 35,00000 | 35, 00000 | 505 |  |
| Contingent expenses, mint atN: | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 35, 00000 | 6637 | 35,00000 6637 | 35, 00000 |  | 6637 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 34093 |  |  | 34093 |  | 34093 |  |
| Salaries, mint at Philadelphia, | 1884 | 22 | 546 |  | 41,550 00 |  | 41, 55000 | 41,550 00 |  | 7689 |
| Do. | 1883 1882 |  |  | 1,425 28 |  | 7689 | 7689 1,42528 |  | 1,425 28 | 7689 |
| Wages of workmen, mint at Philadelphia, Pa | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 293,00000 |  | 293,000 00 | 293,000 00 |  |  |
| Do........................................ | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 8,062 87 | 8, 06287 |  |  | 8,062 87 |
| Do. ${ }^{\text {D }}$, ............................ | 1882 |  |  | 73 |  |  | 100, 00073 |  | 73 |  |
| Contingent expenses of mint at Philadelphia. | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 100,000 00 | 75 | 100,00000 75 | 99, 92592 |  | 7408 75 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 62 |  |  | 62 |  | 62 |  |
| Salaries, mint at San Francisco, | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 43,400 00 |  | 45,400 00 | 43,400 00 |  |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 62843 |  | 11 1483 | 253 64326 |  |  | 64326 |
| Wages of workmen, mint at San Francisco.. | 1884 | 22 | 547 | 3884. | 242, 00000 | 11,30000 6266 | 253, 30000 | 234, 00000 |  | 19,30000 10150 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 10358 |  | 626 | 10358 |  | 10358 | 1015 |
| Contingentexpenses, mint at San Francisco, Cal. | 1884 | 22 | 547 |  | 70,000 00 | 6, 20000 | 76,200 00 | 61,582 42 |  | 14,61758. |
| Do................................................. | 1883 |  |  | 51153 |  | 12,909 05 | 13,420 58 | ,950 18 |  | 12,470 40 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 5,833 81 |  |  | 5,833 81 |  | 5, 83381 |  |
| Salaries, assay office, Boise City, Idaho | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 3,00000 |  | 3, 00000 | 3,000 00 |  | 270 |
| Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Boisé City, Idaho | 1883 | 22 | 548 | 270 |  |  |  |  |  | 270 226 |
| Do | 18883 | 22 | 548 | 4472 | 5,000 00 |  | . 5,00042 | 4,99774 3155 |  | 1317 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 55004 |  |  | 55064 |  | 55004 |  |
| Salaries, assay office, Charlotte, N. C | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 2,750 00 |  | 2,750 00 | 2,750 00 |  |  |


| Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Charlotte, N. C <br> Do. | ${ }_{1883}^{1884}$ | 22 | 548 |  | 2, 00000 | 54920 | 2, 00000 | 2,000 00 |  | 54920 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 49670 |  |  | 49670 |  | 49670 |  |
| Salaries, assay office, New York, N. Y Do | 1888 | 22 | 547 |  | 39, 25000 | 14830 | $\begin{array}{r}39,25000 \\ 425 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | 39, 25000 |  | 42560 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 7641 |  |  | 7641 |  | 7641 |  |
| Wages of workmen, assay office, New York, N, $\mathbf{Y}$ | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 25, 00000 |  | 25,000 00 | 23,100 00 |  | 90000 |
| D, Do................. | 1883 |  |  | 1,768 25 | 25,000 | 39750 | 2,165 75 | 23, 100 |  | 2,165 75 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 16975 |  |  | 16975 |  | 16975 |  |
| Contingent expenses, assay office, Now York, N. Y | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 1000000 |  | 10,000 00 | 9,496 13 |  | 50387 |
| Do.... | 1883 |  |  |  | 10 | 20382 | 10, 20382 | 9, 10 |  | 20382 |
| Salaries, ass | 1888 | 22 | 548 | 1168 | 3,500 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1168 \\ 3,50000 \end{array}$ | 3,500 00 | 1168 |  |
| Do mo. | 1883 |  |  | 2,00000 | $3{ }^{3} 500$ |  | 2, 00000 | , 00 |  | 2,00000 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 2,500 20 |  |  | 2,500 20 |  | 2,500 20 |  |
| Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, Saint Louis, Mo | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 4,800 00 |  | 4, 80000 | 1,886 10 |  | 2, 91390 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 4, 09028 |  | 3769 | 4,19797 |  |  | 4,127 97 |
| Fixtures and apparatus, assay office, Saint | 1882 |  |  | 4,015 <br> 2,937 <br> 81 |  | 166 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,01527 \\ & \mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1 0 3} 88 \end{aligned}$ |  | 4,015 27 | 3, 10388 |
| Pouis, Mo................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parting aud refining bullion |  |  |  | 169, 86024 |  | 274, 08310 | 443, 94334 | $261,45851$ |  | 182,484 4 4988 |
| Storage of siver. |  |  |  | 89,336 40 |  | 17265 | 89, 33640 |  |  | 4, 179820 |
| Contingent expenses, assay office, Helena, Mont | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 8,000 00 |  | 8, 00000 | 8, 00000 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 64128 |  | 1, 86297 | 2,504 ${ }^{25}$ |  |  | 2,504 25 |
| Salaries, assay office, Helena, Mon | 1882 1884 | 22 | 548 | 2, 85232 | 7,950 00 |  | 2,85232 <br> 7,950 | $\begin{array}{r} 969 \\ 7,95000 \end{array}$ | 2,842 63 |  |
| Wages of workmen, assay office, Helena, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mont ...................................... | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 12,000 00 |  | 12,000 00 | 12,000 00 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 9831 | -9831 |  |  | 9831 |
| Freight on | 1882 |  |  | 2, 25521 |  |  | 2, 25521 |  | 2,255 21 |  |
| offices.... | 1884 | 22 | 611 |  | 30,000 00 |  | 30, 00000 | 8, 02628 |  | 21, 97372 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 28,743 27 |  |  | 28,743 27 |  |  | 28,015 52 |
| Collecting mining statistics | 1882 |  |  | 13, 54272 |  |  | 13, 54275 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 62025 \\ & 54275 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Salaries, governor, \&c., Territory of Arizona. | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 13,90000 |  | 13,900 00 | 11, 41209 |  | 2,487 91 |
| Do ${ }_{\text {Do }}$ | 1883 |  |  | 2,469 478 |  |  | 2,469 47 | 1,981 86 |  | 48761 |
| Legislative expenses, Ter | 1888 | 22 | 548 | 73679 | 2, 25000 |  | $\begin{array}{r}73679 \\ 2,250 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7912 \\ 2,20000 \end{array}$ | 65767 | 500 |
| Do.............. | 1883 |  |  | 4,080 00 |  |  | 4, 08000 |  |  | 4, 08000 |
| ${ }_{\text {Do }}$ | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 7912 |  |  | 7912 |  |
| Contiugent expenses, Territory of Arizona.. | 18884 | ${ }_{22}^{22}$ | 548 |  | 16,400 00 |  | 16, 40000 | 12,268 14 |  |  |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | $2,130 \sim 21$ | 16,400 |  | 2, 13021 | 2, 08900 |  | 4121 |
| Carr |  |  |  | 787 |  | , 583.74 | 22, 875, 530 | 21, 42021 | 177, 191 0 | 076, 91942 |


|  |  |  | tatutes． |  | Appropria－ | Repaymenta | Aggregato | Payments din． | Amounts car | Balances of |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifle objects of appropriatious． | Year． | Fol． | Page or sec－ tion． | propriations <br> July L， 1883. | $\begin{gathered} \text { fiscal vear end } \\ \text { ing June } 30 \text {, } 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the tisual year euding Jine 30， 1883. | year ending J゙une 30， 1884. | ried to the aurplus fund June 30，1884． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tions June } \\ & 30,1884 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Theasury－Continued． |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \＄5，904， 78719 | \＄15，169， 15972 | \＄1，801， 58374 | \＄22，875， 53065 | \＄16，621， 42021 | \＄177， 19102 | \＄6，076， 91942 |  |
| Legis！atife expenses of Territory of Dakota． | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 2， 99000. |  | 2， 99000 | 2，800 00 |  | ． 19000 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Te．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 | 22 | 548 | 13514 |  | 6538 | 20052 |  |  | 20052 | 1 |
| Contingent expenses of Territory of Dakota Do | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 548 | 25000 | 50000 |  | 500 <br> 250 <br> 200 | 25000 |  | 50000 | T |
| Salaries of governor，\＆c．，of Territory of | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 13，400 00 |  | 13，400 00 | 10，908 25 |  | 2，491 75 | $\bigcirc$ |
| Idaho．${ }_{\text {Do }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％ |
| Do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1881 |  |  | 1，176 75 |  | 0000 | 1， 17675 | 1,05175 90 |  | 12500 | H |
| Legislative expeases of Territory of Idaho．． | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 2，085 00 |  | 2，08500 | 2，085 00 |  |  |  |
| Do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 1，226 25 | 1，226 25 | 60677 |  | 61948 | 2 |
| Do | 1881＊ |  |  |  |  | 15370 | 15370 |  | 15370 |  |  |
| Printing ravised laws of Territory of Idaho． | 1883 |  |  | 3， 00000 |  |  | 3， 00000 |  |  |  |  |
| Contingent exponses of Territory of Idaho ．－ | 1884 $18 \times 3$ | 22 | 549 | 8975 | 50000 |  | $\begin{array}{r}500 \\ 89 \\ \hline 90\end{array}$ | 25000 |  | $\begin{array}{r}25000 \\ \hline 89 \%\end{array}$ | 崮 |
| Do． | 1882 |  |  | 3625 |  |  | 3625 | 1450 | 2175 |  | 0 |
| Salaries of governor，\＆．．，of Territoryof Mon－ tana． | 1884 | 22 | 548 |  | 13，400 00 |  | 13，400 00 | 11， 78572 |  | 1， 81428 | 累 |
| Do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 1，437 24 |  |  | 1，437 24 | 1，336 17 |  | 10107. | 2 |
| Legislative expeuses of Territory of Montana | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 2，000 00 | 42962 | 2， 42962 | 2，000 00 |  | 42962 | P |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 | ．．．． |  | 3， 03000 |  | 1，913 29 | 4，943 29 | 3，500 00 |  | 1，443 29 | 2 |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1882 |  |  | 38700 |  |  | 38700 |  | 38700 |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| Do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．（transfer account）．． | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 2，271 36 | 2，271 36 | 2， 27136 |  |  | Nㅏㄴ |
| Contingent expenses of Territory of Montana | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 | 50000 |  |  | $\mathscr{\square}$ |
| Salaries of governor，\＆e．，of Territory of New Mexico． | 1883 | 22 | 549 |  | 13，900 00 |  | 13，900 00 | 11，933 25 |  | 1，960 75 |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 1，966 75 |  |  | 1，966 75 | 1，966 75 |  |  |  |
| Legislative expenses of Territory of New－ Mexico． | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | 549 $2\}$ |  | 23，46500 |  | 23，465 00 | 16，500 00 |  | 6，965 00 |  |
| Do． | 1883 |  |  | 65000 |  |  | 65000 | 65000 |  |  |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 30924 | 30924 |  | 30924 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses of Territory of New Mexico． | ． 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 | 50000 |  |  |  |
| Salaries of governor，\＆c．，of Territory of Utah | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 13，400 00 |  | 13，400 00 | 12，658 25 |  | $74175^{\circ}$ |  |
| Dn．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1883 |  |  | 1，391 75 |  |  | 1，391 75 | 1，391 75 |  |  |  |
| Legislative expenses of Territory of Utah | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 22，490 00 |  | 22，490 00 | 18，000 00 |  | 4，4．90 00 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 15489 | 15489 |  |  | 15489 | 0 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 6， 078 |  |  | 0， 07399 | 2，000 00 | 4，073 98 |  |  |
| Contingent expensen of Territory of Utah． | 1884 | 22 | \＄49 |  | $\$ 8000$ |  | 60000 | 160000 |  |  |  |


| Salaries of governor, deo., of Territory of Wakhington. <br> Do | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 82 | 060 | ............... | 18,400 00 |  | 18,400 1,191 75 | 12,20895 1,19175 |  | $\dot{1}, 181$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legislative expenses of Territory of Washington. | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 22,730 00 |  | 22, 73000 | 22, 50000 |  | 23000 |
|  | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 2,158.86 | 2,158 86 |  | 2,158 86 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Territory of Washing. ton. | 1884 | 22 | 550 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 | 50000 |  |  |
| Salaries of governor, \&c., of Territory of $W y$. oming. | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 13,400 00 |  | 13,40000 | 11, 96583 |  | 1,434 07 |
|  | 1883 |  | 550 | 49450 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 49450 \\ -24.59000 \end{array}$ | 49450 24,59000 |  |  |
| Cegislative expenses of Territory of W yoming | 1884 | 22 | 550 |  | 24,590 00 | 37783 | $\begin{array}{r} 24,59000 \\ 37783 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 24,590 00 |  | 37783 |
| ${ }^{\text {Do }}$ | 1882 |  |  | 3, 05397 |  |  | 3, 05397 |  | 3, 05397 |  |
| Contingent expenses of Territory of W yoming | 1884 | 22 | 550 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 <br> 593 <br> 86 | 50000 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses of Utah Commission | ${ }_{1884}^{1881}{ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 22 | 549 |  | 15, 00000 | 59886 | ¢ 159386 15000 | 15, 00000 | 59380 |  |
| Don........................ | 1883 | 2 | 549 | 8,700 00 | 15, 000 | 1,584 56 | 10, 28450 | 7,000 00 |  | 3,284 56 |
| Compensation and expenses of officers of elec. tions, Utah. | 1884 | 22 | 549 |  | 25,000 00 |  | 25, 00000 | 18,000 00 |  | 7, 00000 |
| Do........................................ | 1883 |  |  | C, 00000 |  | 2,430 72 | 8,430 72 |  |  | 8,430 72 |
| Compensation of Utah Commissio | 1884 | 22 | 549 | 40763 | 25,000 00 |  | 25, 000000 | 25,000 00 |  | 40763 |
| Improvement and repairs, District of Col | 1884 | 22 | 464 |  | 530,00000 | 1,055 18 | 531, 05518 | 5,0,00000 |  | 40763 1,05518 |
| bia. Do | 1883 |  |  | 00000 |  |  | 65,000 00 |  |  | 65,000 00 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 1544 |  | 63410 | 64954 |  | 649,54 | , |
| Do | 1880 | \} |  | 53319 |  | 70400 | 1,237 19 |  | 70400 | 53319 |
| Constructing, repairing and maintaining bridges, District of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 464 |  | 3,500 00 |  | 3, 50000 | 3, 50000 |  |  |
| 110. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 2514 | 2514 511 |  |  | 2514 511 |
| Wasbington A sylum, District | 1884 | 22 | 404 | 511 | 46,32000 |  | 46,320 00 | 46,32000 |  | 511 |
| $\mathrm{Do}_{0}$....................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 2, 09455 | 2, 09455 |  |  | 2,0945 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 5414 |  |  | 5414 |  |  | 5414 |
| Baildings and grounds, Washington Asylam, District of Columbia. : | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 749 | 749 |  |  | 749 |
| Georgetown Almshouse, District of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 464 |  | 1,800 00 |  | 1,800 00 | 1,800 00 |  |  |
| Do . . . . . . . . . .-. . . . | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 1310 | 1310 |  |  | 1310 |
| Do .................................. | 1882 |  |  | 100 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}100 \\ 40 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |  | 100 |  |
| Hospital for the Insane, District of Columbia. Do ................................. | 1884 | 22 | 464 |  | 46,700 00 |  | 46, 70000 | 48,700 |  |  |
| Columbia Hospital for Women | 1884 |  |  |  | 15,00000 |  | 15, 00000 | 15,00000 | \% |  |
| Asylura, District of Columbia. Do | 1882 | 22 | 465 | 799 | 15,000 |  | - 799 | 15,000 00 | 799 |  |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 009,974 03 | 002, 22972 | 1,810,876 80 | 892,080 61 | 17, 509, 24016 | 189, 40342 | 6, 103,437 03 |


|  |  |  | tatates. |  | Appropria. | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | A mounts car. | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or sec tion. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | fiscal vear end ing june 1884. 1884. | ing the fiscal уеar 1884. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { the fiscal year } \\ \text { ending June } \\ 30,1884 . \end{array}$ | year ending June 30, 1884. | surplas fund Junc 30, 1884. | $\begin{gathered} \text { tions Juae } \\ \mathbf{3 0 , 1 8 8 4 .} \end{gathered}$ |
| Treasurx-Contipued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward................ |  |  |  | \$6, 009, 97403 | \$16, 062, 22972 | \$1, 819, 87686 | \$23, 892, 08061 | \$17, 509, 24016 | \$189,403 42 | \$6, 193,437 03 |
| Transportation of paupers and prisoners, Dis. trict of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 464 |  | 3,000 00 |  | 3,000 00 | 3,000 00 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 200 |  | 24483 | 24683 |  |  | 24683 |
| Do... | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 5512 | 5512 |  | 5512 |  |
| Reform School, District of Columb | 1884 | 22 | 465-5 | 795 | 32, 95000 |  | 32,950 00 | 2995000 |  | 3,000 00 |
| Do........ | 1882 |  |  | 333 67 |  |  | 333367 |  |  |  |
| Children's Hospital, District of Columbia ... | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 3.00000 |  | 5,000 00 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| Saint Ann's Infant isylum, District of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 00 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Industrial Home School, District of Columbia Do | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1882 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 465 |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 | 46 |  |
| National Association for Colored women and Children, District of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 7,00000 |  | 7, 00000 | 7,00000 |  |  |
| Building Association for Colored Women and - Children, District of Columbia. | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 20,000 00 |  | 20, 00000 | 20,000 00 |  |  |
| Women's Christian Association, District of Columbra | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 00 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Relief of the poor, District of Columbia | 1884 | 22 | 465 |  | 15,000 00 |  | 15,000 00 | 15,000 00 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 33092 | 33092 |  |  | 33092 |
| Salaries and contingent expenses, offices, Dis | 1882 | 22 | 462 | 2, 48520 | 144.26350 | 13800 | 2,485 20 | 144 262950 | 2, 19230 | 13800 |
| trict of Columbia. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  | 144; 263 | 138 | 144,40150 | 144, 2635 |  |  |
| Do....................................... | 1883 |  |  | 1389 |  |  | 1389 |  |  | 1389 |
|  | ${ }_{1881}^{1882}$ |  |  | 2,900 88 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1048 \\ & 7200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,91136 \\ 72 \\ \hline 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | 7200 | 2,911 36 |
| Public schools, District of Colum | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ |  |  | 460, 07500 | 6653 | 46014153 | 460, 07500 |  | 6653 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 8454 | 8454 |  |  | 8454 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do } \\ & \text { Do } \end{aligned}$ | 1882 |  |  | 4, 875004 |  |  | 4, 87504 | 3,994 11 |  | 88093 |
| Buildings and grounds, public schools, Dis- ${ }^{\text {g }}$ | 1883 |  |  | 70,000 00 |  |  | 108 |  |  |  |
| trict of Columbia. | 1884 |  |  | 70,000 00 |  |  | 70,000 00 | 70,000 00 |  |  |
|  |  | 22 |  | 1,480 90 |  | 71653 | 2,197 43 | 49601 |  | 1,701 42 |
| Do.... | 1883 |  |  |  | 301,560 0 | 144 |  | 301, 56000 |  | 14416 |

Do.


Do.
Courts, District of Columbia
Do.
Do
Do
Markets, District of Columbia
Streets, District of Columbia................................
Do.
Do.
Health department, District of Columbia. Do. Do.
Interest and sinking fund, District of Co
Miscellaneous expenses, Districtof Columbia. Do.
Do..
Do.
Miscellaneous and contingent expenses, Dis trict of Columbia
Contingent expenses, District of Columbia Do.
W ater fund, District of Columbia..............................................
Refunding taxes, District of Columbia
Refunding taxes, District of Columbia
Telegraph and telephone service,-District of Columbia.
Washington aqueduct, District of Columbia
Do. aqueduct
Employraent of the poor in filling up grounds, District of Columbia
Bridge across Potomues, near Georgetown,
District of Columbia.
Increasing water supply of Washington, District of Columbia.
Furniture and fixtures, buildings Columbia Buildings Reform School, District of Colam bia


|  |  |  | tatates. |  | Appropriations for the | Repaymants | Ageregate availabl. for | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific olyjects of appropriations. | Year: | Vol. | Page or sectiou. | propriations July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal yar end- } \\ & \text { ing dune } 30, \\ & -\quad 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal rear ending Jung 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund $J$ une 30, 1884. | арргортіations June $30,1884$. |
| Treasuny-Continned. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronght forward ................. |  |  |  | \$7, 802,919 75 | \$18, 988, 02897 | \$1, 870, 38716 | \$28,751, 33588 | \$20, 752, 93382 | \$200, 41404 | \$7, 797, 88802 |
| Washington redeuption fund, District of Culumbia. |  | 20 | 102 | 5170 | 72619 | 3477 | 81266 | 75734 |  | 5532 |
| Washingtou special tax fund, District of Colunbia. |  | 20 | 102 | 2,829 44 | 7,599 96 | 20789 | 10,63729 | 8,382 63 |  | 2, 25466 |
| Redemption of tax-lieu cortificates, District of Colnmbia |  | 20 | 102 | 2,829 12491 | 975 14 |  | 1, 10005 | 8, 54268 |  | 2,25486 557 |
| Redemption of assessment certificates, District of Gilambia $^{2}$ |  | 20 | 102 | 75511 | 1,054 06 |  | 1,809 17 | 1,61888 |  | $190-29$ |
| Building Germin Orphan Asylum Association, Distict of Colimbia | 1884 |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000 00 | 1,618 88 |  | 5,000 00 |
| Payment of legal obligatious, District of $S$ Culanubia | 1879 |  |  | 60,509 52 |  | 2,642 63 | 63, 15215 | 3,40198 |  | 50,690 17 |
| Judgments, District of Columbia ........... $\{$ | 1881 |  |  | 36539 |  |  | 36539 |  |  | 38539 |
| Redemption of Pennsylsauia avenue paving scrip. District of Columbia. act of July 8. 1870 |  |  |  | 74326 |  |  | 74326 | 20789 |  | 53537 |
| Rodempt:on of Pansylvania aranue paving scrip, District of Columbia, aet of. July 19, 1876 |  | 20 | 102 | 61106 | 20789 | 25 | 81920 |  |  | 81920 |
| Reconstruction of Jefferson school building, District of Columbia. |  |  |  | 184 |  |  | 184 |  |  | 184 |
| New engine-hunse for Engide No. 5, District $\}$ of Columbia |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 767 \\ 38 \end{array}$ | $\} \quad 2,10500$ | 44250 |  | 2, 54750 | 2,105 00 |  | 44250 |
| Generat oxpenses, District of Columbia...... |  |  |  | 2,51183 |  |  | 2,51183 |  |  | 2,51183 |
| St. John's Charch Urphanage, District of Columbia. |  | 22 | 465 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Redemption of certain funded indebtedness, District of Columbia. |  |  |  |  |  | 281,500 00 | 281,500 00 |  |  | 281, 500 00 |
| Interest on 3.65 bonds, District of Columbia.. |  | 21 | 465 |  | 6,899 17 |  | 6,899 17 | 6,899 17 |  | 281, 600 |
| Surplus tund, District of Colnmbia ..... |  | 20 | 102 |  | 400 |  | 400 |  |  | 400 |
| Policestation houses, Washington, D. C.... |  |  |  |  |  | 662 | 662 |  |  | 662 |
| Water-mains for protection of Government Printing Office, District of Colunbia. | 1884 | 22 | 470 |  | 1,750 00 |  | 1,750 00 | 1,750 00 |  |  |
| Salaries Coast and Geodetic Survey ........... | 1884 | 22 | 609 |  | 253,45000 |  | 253,450 00 | 253, 45000 |  |  |
| Coust and Geoderic Survey, easteru division.. | 1883 |  |  | 10000 |  | 81979 | 91979 | ${ }^{263} 97$ |  | 27882 |
| עo.......................................... | 1882 |  |  | 32119 |  |  | 32118 |  | 32119 |  |
| Do..................................... . | ${ }_{1882}^{1881}$ |  |  | 19094 |  |  | 19094 |  | 19094 |  |
| Coant and Geodetic Survey, western division. | 1883 |  |  | 44365 |  |  | 44365 | 872.60 |  | 7108 |
| Do....................................... | 1882 |  |  | 3891 |  |  | 8831 | 985 | 3008 |  |

Do... ...................................... Perty expenses, Coast and Geodetic Surver.
Trauscontinental works, Coast and Geudetic Survey.................................................... Points for State surveys, Coast and Geodetic
Survey............................................ Publishin
Repairs of vessels, Coast Sarvey
General expenses, Cuast Survey
Steamer for Pacific Coast, (;oast Survey
Observations edipse of the sum.
Salaries oftice Secretary of War Do.
Contivgent expenses oftice Scoretary of War Salaries office Adjutant-General.

Do.
Salaries office Adjutant-General, old Navy Department Buildios
Salaries office Inspector General
Salaries office Quartermaster-Genera
Do.
Compensation and expenses of agents, Quar termaster's Department
Do.
Salaries office Commiseary-General.
Do.
Salaries office Surgeon-General
Do
Do.
Do
Do
Salaties oflice Pagmaster-General Do
Salaries oftice Military Justice
Salaries oftice Chief of Engineers
Salaries oflice Cuite of Ordnanco
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Salaries Sigual Office
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STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883, gc.-Continued.



|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- |  | Aggrèate | Payments dur | r. | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or sec- tion. | propriations, | Giscal year end. <br> ing J̈nne 30, <br> .1884. | the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | year ending June 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { surplus fund } \\ & \text { June } 30,1884 . \end{aligned}$ | tious June. 30, 1884. |
| Treasury - Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronght forward |  |  |  | \$9,328,455 88 | \$22, 127,402 88 | \$2, 163, 73335 | \$33, 619,592 11 | \$24, 554, 35264 | \$204, 255 64 | \$8,860,983 76 |
| Salarics, Burean of Navigation | 1884 | ${ }^{22}$ | 554 |  | 11,340 00 |  | 11,340 00 | 11,340 00 |  |  |
| Salaries, Bureau of Ordnance | 1884 |  | 555 | 80 | 7,980 00 |  | 7,980 3 3 80 | 7,980 00 |  |  |
| Salaries, Burean of Constraction and Repair | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 12,380 00 |  | 12,380 00 | 12,159 12 |  | 2308888 |
| Salaries, Bureau of Steam Engineering ... | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 12, 29000 |  | 12, 29000 | 12, 29000 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 2219 |  |  | 2219 |  |  | 2219 |
| Salaries, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing. | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 17,580 00 |  | 17,580 00 | 17,449 24. |  | ${ }^{130} 76$ |
| Salaries, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery... Salaries, Nautical Almanac Office | 1884 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | 555 |  | 9,460 23,000 200 |  | 9,460 000. | $\begin{array}{r}9,37045 \\ 23,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 8955 |
| Salaries, office Judge-Advocate-General United States Nary | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 5,660 00 |  | 5,66000 | 5,649 13 |  | 1087 |
| Salaries, office Judge-Advocate-General UrS. Navy | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 41 | 41 |  |  |  |
| Salaries, Hydrographic Office | 1884 | 22 | 554 |  | 39,000 00 |  | 39, 00000 | 38,716 05. |  | 28395 |
| Salaries, Naval | 1883 | 22 | 554 | 2219 | 17,420 00 |  | 17, 422190 | 17,384 13 |  | 2219 35 |
| Do................ | 1883 |  |  | 15045 | 1,420 |  | 150.45 |  |  | 15045 |
| Salaries, superintendent, \&c., Navy Departmeut building | 1.883 |  |  |  |  | 55 | 55 |  |  |  |
| Contingent expenses, Navy Department | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 11, 00000 |  | 11, 00000 | 11,000 00 |  |  |
| Miscellaueous expenses, Hydrographic Oftice | 1884 | 22 | 554 |  | 20,000 00 | 2,751 01 | 22,75101 | 12,000 00 |  | 10,751 01 |
| Contingent and wiscellaneons expeuses, Hydrographic Ottice | 1883 |  |  | 5,027 51 |  | 3661 | 5,064 12 | 5,064 12 | -. |  |
| Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Observatory |  |  | 554 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Library, Navy Department....... | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | 2,500 00 |  | 2,50000 | 1,50000 |  | 1,00000 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 50000 |  | 33690 | 83690 |  |  | 83690 |
| Postage, Nary Department | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 2,00000 |  | ${ }^{2}, 000000$ |  |  | 2,00000 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 2,00000 |  |  | 2,000 <br> 1,320 <br> 1 | 4500 |  | 1,95500 |
| 110 | 1.882 |  |  | 1,320 00 |  |  | 1,320 00 |  |  | 1,320 00 |
| Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Nautical Almanac Offico. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 8284 |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, Post-Office Department | 1884 | 22 | 560 |  | 681, 98000 | 43,79210 4 4 | 725, 7721.0 | 707,616 34 |  | 18,155 76 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 4, 336880 | 4, 33680 |  |  | 4,33680 |
| Contingent expenses, Post.o..................... | 1882 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90150 |  |
| ment, stationery ........................ | 1884 | 22 | 561 |  | 9,000 00 |  | 9,000.00 | 9, 00000 |  |  |
| Coutingent expenses, Post-Office Department, fuel | 1884 | 22 | 561 |  | 7, 20000 |  |  | 7,200 00 |  |  |



| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | , Statutes. |  | Balances of approptiations, July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30 , 1884. | Reparments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate a vailable for the fiscal year ending June $30,1884$. | Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropria. tions, June $30,1884$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or sec tion. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 'Ineasury-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brough |  |  |  | \$13, 392, 90722 | \$23, 124, 81106 | \$2, 395, 55568 | ,\$39, 251, 27396 | \$25, 078, 99202 | \$2, 357, 67968 | \$10, 814, 60226 |
| Investigating bistory of insects injurious to agricultare $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1882 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 35515 |  |  | 35515 | 35316 |  | 199 |
| DO | $\begin{aligned} & 1883 \\ & 1882 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 106 |  |  | 106 |  | 106 |  |
| Investigating diseases of domesticated animals. | 1884 | 22 | 411 |  | 25,00000 |  | 25,000 00 | 24,298.41 |  | 70159 |
| Investigating diseares of swine and other domesticated animals | 1833 |  |  | 7,000 00 |  |  | 7. 00000 | 3,584 28 |  | 3,415 72 |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  | 2,556 11 |  |  | 2,556 11 |  | 2,556 11 |  |
| Reclamation of arid and waste lands | 1884 | 22 | 411 | 7,296 58 | 10, 00000 |  | 17, 29658 | 15,963 25 |  | 1,333 33 |
| Report on forestry | 1884 | 22 | 411. |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 30 |  |  |
| Do..... | 1883 |  |  | 3,20000 59 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}3,200 \\ 59 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | 1,877 03 | 5900 | 1,322 97 |
| Contingent expenses, Department of Agriculture | 1884 | 22 | 411 |  | 14, 00000 |  | 14, 00000 | 13, 50000 |  | 50000 |
| Postage, Department of Agriculture |  | 22 | 411 |  | 4, 00000 |  | 4, 00000 | 3, 80000 |  | 20000 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | $200 \quad 30$ |  |  | 20000 | 17749 |  |  |
| Improvement of grounds, Department of Agriculture. | 1884 | 22 | 409 |  | 8,000 00 |  | 8, 00000 | 8, 00000 |  |  |
| Experiments in the manufacture of sugar... |  |  |  | 5,454 60 |  |  | 5, 45460 | 5, 45460 |  |  |
| Building, Department of Agriculture |  | 22 | 631 |  | 2,500 00 |  | 2,50000 | 2, 50000 |  |  |
| Experiments in the culture of tea.. | 1883 |  |  | 1,600 00 |  |  | 1,600 0 | 50566 |  | 1, 09434 |
| Do..... | 1881 1882 |  |  | 1, 25663 |  |  | 1,256 63 |  | 1,256 63 |  |
| Data respecting the agricultural needs of the arid regions of the United States ...... Examination of wools and animal fibers. | 1832 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 82245 \\ 2,50000 \end{array}$ |  |  | 82245 2,50000 | 26404 | 82245 | 2,235 96 |
| Examination of wools and animal fibers. <br> Transporting for permanent exhihition certain agricultural and mineral specimens exbibited at Atlanta, Ga. |  |  |  | 2,50000 60000 |  |  | 2,50000 60000 | 66407 60000 |  | 2,235 96 |
| Salaries, justices, \&c., Supreme Court United States | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 93,500 00 |  | 93, 50000 | 93, 50000 |  |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 6,26420 |  |  | 6, 26420 |  | 6,264 20 |  |
| Salaries and expeoses office clerk Supreme Court United States ..................... | 1883 1884 |  |  | 8, 00000 |  |  | 8,000 00 | 8,000 00 |  |  |
| Salaries of circuit judges | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 54, 00000 |  | 54,000 00 | 52,368 12 |  | 1,631 88 |
| Do.............. | 1882 |  |  | 34560 |  |  | 44560 |  | 34560 |  |
| Salaries, retired United States judges. | 1884 | 22 | 254 |  | 42, 71120 |  | 42,711 20 | 42, 71120 |  |  |


| Salaries, district judges Do.............. | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 563 | 6,642 56 | 203,500 00 | 29810 | 203,79810 6,64256 | 200,058 51927 |  | 3,74009 6,12329 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 1,74683 |  |  | 1, 74683 |  |  | 1,746 83 |
| Salaries, justices, \&c., supreme court, Dis trict of Colnmbia. | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 24, 50000 |  | 24,500 00 | 24,500 00 |  |  |
| Salaries, district attorneys | 1884 | 22 | 563 |  | 20, 10000 | 770 | 20, 10770 | 20, 02378 |  | 8392 |
| Do......... | 1883 |  |  | 50122 |  |  | 50122 | 26914 |  | 232. 08 |
| Do ${ }_{\text {Salaries, }}$ district marshals | 1882 |  |  | 19298 |  |  | 19298 12.70000 | 4000 12,65710 |  | 15298 4290 |
| Salaries, district marshals Do................ | 1884 1883 | 22 | 563 | 61673 | 12, 70000 |  | 12, 70000 | 12, 657710 |  | $\begin{array}{r}4290 \\ 180 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 34353 |  |  | 61673 34353 |  |  | 18047 343 53 |
| Do.......... . | 1880* |  |  | 2278 |  |  | 2278 |  |  | 2278. |
| Salaries and expenses reporter Uuited States Supreme Court |  | 22 | 254 |  | 8,700 00 |  | 8,700 00 | 88,70000 |  |  |
| Salaries, Department of State | 1884 | 22 | 538 |  | 112, 35000 | 10,097 00 | 122, 44750 | 121, 49899 |  | 94851 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 75540 |  | 4945 | 80485 |  |  | 80485 |
| Do.................................... | 1882 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 17 |  | 17 |  |
| Contingent expeuses, Department of State, proof-reading | 1884 | 22 | 538 |  | 1,280 00 | 2000 | 1, 30000 | 1,100 00 |  | 20000 |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 34904 |  | 50637 | 85541 |  |  | 85541 |
| Do.......................... | 1882 |  |  | 21795 |  |  | 21795 |  | 21795 |  |
| Contingent expenses, Department of State, lithographing. | 1884 | 22 | 538 |  | 1,200 00 | 51392 | 1,713 92 | 1,670 39 |  |  |
| Do......................................... | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,200 | 128.11 | 1, 12811 | 1,670 |  | 12811 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 3880 |  |  | 3880 |  | 3880 |  |
| Contingent expenses, Departiment of State. furniture, \&e | 1884 | ©: 22 | 538 |  | 5, 00000 | 24673 | 5,246 71 | 5,246 71 |  |  |
| Stationery, furniture, \&c., Department of State | 1883 |  |  | 50000 |  |  |  | 20658 |  | 29342 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 58884 |  |  | 58884 |  | 58884 |  |
| Postage, Department of State | 1884 | 32 | 563 |  | 3, 00000 |  | 3,000 00 | 2, 44000 |  | 56000 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 67000 |  |  | 67000 | 67000 |  |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 46000 |  |  | 46000 |  | 46000 |  |
| Editing, publishing. and distributing Revised and Annual Statutes | 1884 | 22 | 538 |  | 4,000 00 |  | 4, 00000 | 4, 00000 |  |  |
| Do. |  |  |  | 80000 |  |  | 80000 | 30877 |  | 49123 |
| Do....... | 1882 |  |  | 8033 |  |  | 8033 |  | 8033 |  |
| Removal and rearrangement of records, Department of State | 1883 1884 188 |  |  |  |  | 8096 | 8096 |  |  | 8096 |
| Contivgent expenses, Department of State, $\{$ | 1883 | $\} 22$ | 538 |  | 3, 00000 | 27681 |  |  |  |  |
| books and maps....................................... <br> Do | 1884 | $\}$ | 538 | 3218 | 3,000 | 27681 51688 | 3,27681 54886 | 3,2681 54886 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses, Departinent of State .. | 1884 | 22 | 538 | 3218 | 4,800 00 | 51668 2077 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 828877 \\ \hline 808\end{array}$ | 4,820 77. |  |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 3200 | 3200 |  |  | 3200 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 20000. | 20000 |  | 20000 |  |
| Observance of the centennial anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, Va |  |  |  | 32892 |  | 66967 | 99859 | 99859 | 200 | - |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 13, 455, 30686 | 24, 130,652. 26 | 2,409,220 43 | 39, 995, 17955. | 26, 780, 43929 | $2,370,57082$ | $10,844,16944$ |
|  |  |  |  | * And pr | rior jears. |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropriations for the | Reparyments | Aggregate arailable for | Payments dur. | Amonntscar- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year.! | Vol. | Page orsec- tion. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { the fiscal year } \\ & \text { ending June } \\ & 30,1884 . \end{aligned}$ | year ending <br> June 30, 1884. | surplas fund Juve 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tions June } \\ & 30,1884 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Treasury-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$13, 455, 30686 | \$24, 130,652 26 | \$2, 409, 22043 | \$39, 995, 17955 | \$26, 780, 43929. | \$2, 370,570 82 | \$10, 844, 16944 |
| Purchase of the Franklin collection of books and papers. |  |  |  | 21429 |  | 8889 | 30118 |  |  | 30118 |
| Transmission of certain books and mementoes to the National Lincoln Monument Absociation, Spriugfield, Ill |  | 21 | 519 |  | 2415 |  | 2415 | 2415 |  |  |
| Salaries, Steamboat Inspection Service |  | R. S. | 3,689 | 243, 47610 | 100, 00000 |  | 343, 47610 | 199,000 00 |  | 144, 47610 |
| Contingent, Steamboat Inspection Service |  | R.S. | 3,689 | 385, 62983 | 83,755 10 | 1000 | 469, 39493 | 42,904 73 |  | 426, 49020 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Abiugdon, Va |  |  |  | 24,993 07 |  |  | 24, 39307 | -150 50 |  | 24, 842 57 |
| Court-bouse, post office, \&c., A tlanta, Ga: |  |  |  | 1, 27436 |  |  | 1, 27436 | 1,140 79 |  | 13357 |
| Court-house, post-oftice, \&c., Austin, Tex |  |  |  | 11844 |  | 08 | 11852 |  |  | 11852 |
| Post-office and subtreasury, Boston, Mass |  | - |  | 241, 06794 |  |  | 241, 06794 | 191, 79890 |  | 49, 26904 |
| Post-office, court-house, \&c. ${ }^{\text {P }}$, Baltimore, Md |  |  |  | 397, 50518 |  |  | 397, 50518 | 149, 448875 |  | 248, 05643 |
| -Pust-office, \&c., Brooklyn, N. Y |  |  |  | 499,981 07 |  |  | 499,981 07 | 408, 56540 |  | 91,415 67 |
| Post-office, courthouse, \&cc., Charleston, W. Va. |  |  |  | 14,261 66 |  |  | 14, 26166 | 13,001 75 |  | 1, 25991 |
| Post-office, court-bouse, \&c., Columbus, Ohio |  |  |  | 40,540 66 |  |  | 40, 54066 | 29, 15246 |  | 11, 38820 |
| Post-office, \&c., Conncil Bluffs, Iowa ........ |  |  |  | 84, 70544 |  |  | 84.70544 | 6,508 65 |  | 78, 19679 |
| Court-bouse and post-office, Covington, $\bar{K} y . .$. |  |  |  | 9,333 41 |  | 16204 | 9,495 45 | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ 58 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 9,44770 4190362 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c ${ }_{\text {c }}$, Concord, N . $\mathrm{H} .$. |  |  |  | 100,000 00 |  |  | 100, 00000 | 58,096 38 |  | $41,903 \quad 62$ |
| -Court-honse and postrofice, Des Moines, Lowa. |  |  |  | 83, 13090 |  |  | 83,130 90 | 12,412 39 |  | 70,718 51 |
| Court-house, Dover. Del ................ |  |  |  | 161,056 08 |  |  | 161, 05608 | 12, 70413 |  | 148, 26195 |
| Court-house and post-office, Danville, Va |  |  |  | -17000 |  |  | 17000 | 12, 3584 |  | 13416 |
| Court-house, post-ottice, \&c., Devver, Col |  |  |  |  |  | 2442 | 2442 |  | . . . | 2442 |
| Conrt-house, post-office, \&c., Dallas, Tex |  |  |  | 124, 27083 |  |  | 124, 27083 | 65, 51000 |  | 58,760 83 |
| Court-house, pest-ottice, \&c., Erie, Pa |  |  |  | 74, 90755 |  | 5,000 00 | 79,907 55 | 19,562 50 | - | 60,34505 |
| Court-Louse, post-office, \&c., Fort Wayne, Ind. |  |  |  | 63, 82250 |  |  | 63,822 50 | 5, 79915 |  | 58, 02335 |
| Conrt-bouse and post-office, Frankfort, Ky .. |  |  |  | 49,932 83 |  |  | 49,932 83 | 25,261 95 |  | 24, 67088 |
| Court-house and post-oftice, Grand Rapids, Micl |  |  |  | 81, 947708 |  |  | 81, 974708 | 27,21830 46400 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 54,72878 \\ 11396 \end{array}$ |
| Court-bouse, post-office, \&c., Greensborough, N. C |  |  |  | 50,000 00 |  |  | 50,000 00 | 13, 40000 |  | 36,600 00 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&e., Harrisonburg, ra. |  |  |  | 24, 99200 |  |  | 24,99200 | 12, 00300 |  | 12,989 0 |
| Post-office, \&c., Hannibal, Mo |  |  |  | 37, 50000 |  |  | 37, 50000 | 13, 61550 |  | 23,884 50 |
| Court-house and post-office, Harrisburg, Pa. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}7,933 \\ 83 \\ 83 \\ \hline 69\end{array}$ |  | 1,396 13 | 9,32986 8369 | 31418 4500 |  | 9,01568 3869 |


| Court-house and post-office, Jackson; Miss |  |  | 81,482 11 |  |  | 81,482 11 | 42,355 83 |  | 39,126 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Court-bouse, post-office, \&c., Jackson, Tenn. |  |  | 49,993 33 |  |  | 49,993 33 | 6,842 00 |  | 43,151 38 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&o., Jefferson City, Mo |  |  | 100, 00000 |  |  | 100, 00000 | 15,602 55 |  | 84, 39745 |
| Post-office, \&c., Jersey City, N. J |  |  | 3, 92500 |  |  | 3,925 00 | 1,758 20 |  | 2, 16680 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Lynchburg, Va |  |  | 49,961 05 |  |  | 49,961 05 | 13,761 75 |  | 36, 19930 |
| Court house, post-office, \&c., Little Rock, Ark |  |  | 87082 |  | 23678 | 1,10760 | 49639, |  | $61121$ |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Learenworth, Kans $\qquad$ |  |  | 54, 588880 |  |  | 54,588 80 | 10,031 50 |  | $44,55730$ |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c:, Lincoln, Nebr. |  |  | -9908 |  | 12678 | , 22586 | - 4182 |  | 18404 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Louis ville, Ky. |  |  | 198, 99825 |  |  | 198, 99825. | 32910 |  | 198, 66915 |
| Post-oftice, \&c., Minneapolis, Minn.......... |  |  | 119,77194 |  |  | 119, 77194 | 64, 45578 |  | 55, 31616 |
| Court-house and post-office, Montgomory, A la |  |  | 59,619 78 |  | 7, 22661 | 66, 84639 | 41, 77728 |  | 25, 06911 |
| Court-house and post-office, Marquette, Mich- |  |  | 50,00000 <br> 15,579 <br> 19 |  | 80493 | 50,00000 16,38442 | 7,45900 15500 |  | 42,54100 <br> 16,229 <br> 12 |
| Subtreasury building, New York, N. Y |  |  | 2,573 98 |  |  | 2,573 98 |  |  | 2,573 98 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Oxford, Miss |  |  | 50,000 00 |  |  | 50,000 00 | 6, 12690 |  | 43,87310 |
| Court-bouse, post-office, \&c., Philadelphia, Pa . | 23 | 16 | 360, 12711 | 61, 00000 |  | 421, 12711 | 381, 84068 |  | 39, 28643 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Pittsburgh, Pa. |  |  | 347, 34024 |  |  | 347, 34024 | 84, 15932 |  | 263, 18092 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Pensacola, Fla. |  |  | 182, 00000 |  |  | 182, 00000 | 8,923 60 |  | 173, 07640 |
| Court-house, post-office, \&c., Peoria, Ill. |  |  | 62, 82500 |  |  | 62, 82500 | 26,99995 |  | 35, 82505 |
| Post-office, \&c., Poughkeepsie, N. Y |  |  | 74, 86433 |  |  | 74, 86433 | 37, 29520 |  | 37,569 13 |
| Court-house and post-ofice, Parkersburg, W. Va. |  |  | 2,498 67 |  |  | 2,49867 |  |  | 2,414 32 |
| Court-house and post-office, Paducah, K |  |  | 3,778 48 |  | 40151 | 4,179 99 | 4,062 32 |  | 11767 |
| Court-bouse and post-oftice, Quincy, Ill |  |  | 71,968 05 |  |  | 71,968 05 | 15, 31194 |  | 56, 65611 |
| Court-house and post-office, laleigh, N. C.. |  |  | 7916 |  |  | 7916 | 3375 |  | 4541 |
| Court-house and post-office, Rochester, N. Y. |  |  | 153,403 66 |  |  | 153, 40366 | 17, 10247 |  | 136,301 19 |
| Court-house and post-office, Syracuse, N. Y |  |  | 99,91855 2695 |  |  | 99,91855 2695 | 13,136 174 |  | 86,782 31 |
| Post-office, \&c., Seranton, Pa......... |  |  | 2,447 38 |  |  | 2,447 88 | 42205 |  | 2, 02533 |
| Post-office, \&c., Saint Joseph, Mo. |  |  | 38,250 00 |  |  | 38,250 00 | 91550 |  | 37, 33450 |
| Post-office, court-house, \&c., Shreveport, La. |  |  | 99, 99300 |  |  | 99,993 00 | 10, 00000 |  | 89, 29300 |
| Post-office, court-honse, \&cc., Topeka, Kans |  |  | 52, 54056 |  |  | 52,540 56 | 52, 32385 |  | 21671 |
| Post-office, court-house, \&c., 'Irenton, N. J. |  |  | -9344 |  |  | -93 44 | 3160 |  | 6184 |
| Post-oftice, Terre Hante, Ind |  |  | 74,944 82 |  |  | 74,944 82 | 26, 643.15 |  | 48,301 67 |
| Post-office, court-house, \&c., Utica, N. Y |  |  | 345 |  |  | 345 | 300 |  | 45 |
| Post-office, court-house, \&c., Williamsport, Pa. $\qquad$ |  |  | 50,000 00 |  |  | 50,000 00 | 8124 |  | 49,91876 |
| Treasary building, Washington, D: C ....... |  |  | j, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| Building for Bureau of Engraving and Printing, D. C |  |  | 7, 86635 |  | 94188 | 8, 80823 | 94188 |  | 7, 86635 |
| Fire-proof building for the National Musenm. |  |  | 13.27 |  |  | 1327 |  |  | 1327 |
| Assay-office building at Helena, Mont....... |  |  | 17462 |  |  | 17462 |  |  | 17462 |
| Total |  |  | 18, 786, 35418 | 24, 375, 43151 | 2, 425,638 48 | 45, 587, 42417 | 28, 985, 23838 | 2, 370,570 82 | 14, 231, 61497 |


| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1883. | Appropria. tions for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | Repapments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Amounts carried to the surplus fund Jnue 30, 188 | Balances of appropria. tions June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or sec tion. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIPLomatic. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of ministers | 1884 | 22 | 424 |  | \$315, 50000 | \$1, 63005 | \$317, 130.05 | \$187, 00841 |  | $\$ 130,12164$ |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | \$02, 40566 |  | 4,127 44 | 66.53310 | 55, 89717 |  | $10,63593$ |
| Do ....................... | 1882 |  |  | 40671 |  |  | 37, 40671 |  | \$406 71 |  |
| Salaries, secretaries of legation Do | 1884 | 22 | 424-5, 603 |  | 37, 10000 |  | 37,100 9,520 86 | 23,09274 4,44195 |  | 14,00726 5,07891 |
| Do ... | 1883 |  |  | 8,93347 7,69469 |  | 58739 | 9,52086 <br> 7,694 <br> 9 | 4,441 95 | 7,694 69 | 5,078 91 |
| Extending diplomatic relations with Governments of Easterr Asia |  | 22 | 431 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 00 | 3,750 00 | , 094 | 1,250.90 |
| Contingent expenses of foreign missions. | 1884 | 22 | 425 |  | 85,00000 | 9,978 67 | 94, 97867 | 85,27307 |  | 9. 70560 |
| Do.......................... | 1883 |  |  | 20, 10721 |  | 2, 35841 | 22, 46562 | 17,200 82 |  | 5,264 80 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 10,853 39 |  | 1237 | 10, 86576 | 1,275 00 |  | 9,590 76 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 72095 | 72095 |  | 72095 |  |
| Salaries, consular services | 1884 | 22 | 425 |  | 416, 10000 | 5, 95848 | 422,058 48 | 287, 03703 |  | 135,021 45 |
| Do................... | 1.883 |  |  | 113,572 74 |  | 5, 48611 | 119,058 85 | 118, 56854 |  | 49031 |
| Do. | 1882 | ... |  | 72389 |  | 18606 | 90995 | 59645 |  | 31350 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 40603 | 40603 |  | 40603 |  |
| Allowance for consular clerk | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 66,500 00 |  | 66, 50000 | 36, 38691 |  | 30, 11309 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 27, 05711 |  | 35791 | 27, 41502 | 23, 64691 |  | 3,768 11 |
|  | 1882 |  |  | 2,165 42 |  | 91 | 2, 16633 | 37999 | 1,786 34 |  |
| Salaries, interpreters to consulates in China, Japan, and Siam. | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 16,000 00 |  | 16, 000 c0 | 9,54398 |  | 6,456 02 |
| Do......................................... | 1883 |  |  | 8, 32063 |  | 7277 | 8,393 40 | 6, 85249 |  | 1,540 91 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 3,361 31 |  |  | 3,36131 |  | 3,361 31 |  |
| Salaries, consular officers not citizens | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10, 00000 | 6, 03332 |  | 3,966 68 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 4,046 28 |  |  | 4, 04628 | 2, 53831 |  | 1,507 97 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 27236 |  |  | 27236 | 27236 |  |  |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  | 44200 |  |  | 44200 |  |  | 44200 |
| Salaries, marsbals for consular courts | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 9,000 00 |  | 9, 00000 | 5, 63627 |  | $\checkmark 3,36373$ |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 4, 19980 |  | 29280 | 4,492 60 | 1,692 60 |  | 2,800 00 |
| Do.............................. | 1882 |  |  | 1, 05074 |  |  | 1, 05074 |  | 1, 05074 |  |
| Boat and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo. | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 50000 | -...-. | 50000 | 7912 |  | 42088 |
| Do..................................... | 1883 |  |  | 50000 |  |  | 50000 | 24737 |  | 25263 |
| Steam launch for legation and consulate at Conslantinople | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 1,000 00 |  | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |  |
| Do............... | 1883 |  |  | 45000 |  |  | 45000 |  |  | 45000 |
| Expenses of interpreters, gaards, \&c., Turkish dominions. | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 3,000 00 |  | 3,000 00 | 2, 50914 |  | 49086 |


| Do | 1883 |  |  | 13642 |  | 68123 | S17 65 | 33725 |  | 48040 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 31705 |  |  | 31705 |  | 31705 |  |
| Loss on bills of exchange, consular service. Do.................................... | 1884 | 22 | 429 | 7,852 42 | S, 00000 |  | 8,00000 7,85242 | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 6343 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $7,9811.8$ 1,50915 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 5, 71823 |  |  | 5,718 23 |  | 5,718 23 |  |
| Contingent expenses, United States consulates | 1884 | 22 | 429 | 5 ,718 | 110, 0¢0 00 | 22, 93037 | 132, 93037 | 123, 09280 |  | 9,837 57 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 10,077 43 |  | 7,475 13 | 17,552 56 | 17,076 36 |  | 47620 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 26676 |  |  | -266 76 | ${ }^{25272}$ |  | 1404 |
| Do | 1881.* |  |  |  |  | 2,428 27 | 2, 42827 |  | 2,428 27 |  |
| Do | 1881 |  |  | 67410 |  |  |  |  |  | 67410 |
| Rent of prisons, wages of keepers, \&c., for American convicts in Siam and Turkey... | 1884 | 22 | 429 |  | 2,000 00 |  | 2,000 00 | 75943 |  | 1,240 57 |
| Do............................ . . . . . . | 1883 |  |  | 85876 |  | 39953 | 1,258 29 | 75741 |  | 50088 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 10692 |  |  | 10692 |  | 10692 |  |
| Rent of prisons for American convicts in China | 1884. | 22 | 429 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 65660 |  | 84340 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 38334 |  |  | 38334 | 37222 |  | 1112 |
| Do............................ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1882 |  |  | 1112 |  |  | 1112 |  | 1112 |  |
| Rent of prisons for American conviets in Japan | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 75000 |  | 75000 | 30000 |  | 45000 |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 30000 |  |  | 30000 | 15000 |  | 15000 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 15000 |  |  | 15000 |  | 150.00 |  |
| Wages of keepers of prisons for American convicts in Chma | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 9,500 00 | 1,357 59 | 10,85759 | 6,314 66 |  | 4,54293 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 3,608 58 |  | 89166 | 4,500 24 | 2, 40581 . |  | 2,094 43 |
| Do.............................. | 1882 |  |  | 2,567 81 |  |  | 2,56781 | 48960 | 2,078 21 |  |
| Wages of keepers for American convicts in Japan | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 5, 00000 |  | 5,000 00 | 1,202 24 |  | 3,797 76 |
| Do......... | 1883 |  |  | 3, 05323 |  |  | 3,053 23 | , 63483 |  | 2,418 40 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 1, 53640 |  |  | 1, 53640 |  | 1,536 40 |  |
| Rent of court-house and jail in Japan | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 3,850 00 |  | 3,850 00 | 3,400 00 | 1,536 | 45000 |
| Do............... ........... | 1883 |  |  | 45000 |  |  | 45000 |  |  | 45000 |
| Do............................... | 1882 | 22 | 430 | 45000 | 3,100 00 |  | 45000 3,10000 | 1,500 00 | 45000 | 1,600 00 |
| Do............... ..................... | 1883 |  |  | 85000 | 3, 100 |  | - 850 90 | 1,569 93 |  | 1, 280007 |
| $\checkmark$ Do. | 1882 |  |  | 42579 |  |  | 42579 |  | 42579 |  |
| Bringing home criminals | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 5,000 00 | 26462 | 5, 26462 | 26462 |  | 5, 00000 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 4,90316 |  | 58027 | 5, 48343 | 1,608 22 |  | 3,875 21 |
| Do.... ................................ | 1882 |  |  | , 1,129 37 |  |  | 1, 12937 | - 25000 | 87937 |  |
| Relief and protection of American semmen.. | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 50, 00000 | 6. 31447 | 56, 31447 | 18,014 24 |  | 38,300 23 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 47, 18813 |  | 30, 25802 | 77, 44615 | 10, 86851 |  | 66,577 64 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 37, 72496 |  | 32357 | 38, 04853 | 1,528 04 | 36,520 49. |  |
| Do .................................. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 2,264 51 | 2, 26451 | 1, | 2, 26451 |  |
| Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 4, 500 00 |  | 4, 500000 | 1, 80863 |  | 2, 69137 |
| Do. Do. | 1883 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,39590 \\ 1,871 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 93116 | 2,32706 1,87164 |  | 1,871 64 | 1,439 24 |
| Shipping and discharging seamen. | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 6,000 00 |  | 6,000 00 | 2, 12810 |  | 3,87190 |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 410, 57093 | 1,173, 90000 | 109, 27675 | 1,693, 74768 | 1, 084, 95208 | 70, 18477 | 538,610 83 |
|  |  |  |  | *And p | prior years. |  |  |  |  |  |

STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883, f.c.-Continued.

| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of ap. proptiations July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Repayments made dur. ing the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Amounts car ried to the surplus find June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or section. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Diplomatic-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$410, 57093 | \$1, 193, 90000 | \$109, 27675 | \$1, 693, 74768 | \$1, 084, 95208 | \$70, 18477 | \$538,610 83 |
| Shipping and discharging seamen | 1883 |  |  | 3,396 00 |  |  | 3,396 00 | 1,58100 |  | 1,81500 |
| D Do.............. | 1882 |  |  | 1,43400 |  |  | 1,434 00 |  | 1,434 00 |  |
| Expenses under the neutrality act | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 10,000 00 | 32656 | 10, 32656 | 10,326 56 |  |  |
| Do............. | 1883 |  |  | 23, 71693 |  | 10620. | 23, 82313 | 18, 00000 |  | 5, 82313 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 6, 45950 |  |  | 6,459 50 |  | 6,459 59 |  |
| Do....... | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 1,900 00 | 1,900 90 |  | 1,900 00 |  |
| Annual repairs of Cape Spartel light-house.. | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 28500 |  | 28500 | 28500 |  |  |
| Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic oflicers who die abroad | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,00000 | 3,008 56 |  | 1,99144 |
| Do................. | 1883 |  |  | 3,939 99 |  |  | 3, 93999 |  |  | 3,939 99 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 2,165 93 |  |  | 2,165 93 |  | 2,165 93 |  |
| Transporting remains of winisters and consuls to their homes for interment. |  | 22 | 430 |  | $10,000^{\circ} 00$ |  | 10,000 00 | 2,415 78 | 2,165 | 7,584 22 |
| Publication of consular and other commercial reports. | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 20,000 00 | 6,637 39 | 26, 63739 | 26,637 39 |  |  |
| Do..... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | , 293 | - 293 |  |  | 293 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 3,000 00 |  | 1,561 65 | 4,561 65 |  | 1,561 65 | 3,000 00 |
| International Bureau of Weights and Meas- ures . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .-............. | 1883 1884 |  |  | 3, 62000 |  |  | 3,620 00 | 3,53763 |  | 8237 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 3873 |  |  | 3873 |  |  | 3873 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 470 |  |  | 476 |  |  | 476 |
| Expenses of International Sanitary Congress |  |  |  | 3,778 05 |  |  | 3,778 05 |  |  | 3,778 05 |
| Interuational Prisou Commission | 1884 | 22 | 430 |  | 25000 |  | 25000 |  |  | 25000 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 25000 |  |  | 25000 |  | 25000 | 25000 |
| International Exposition at Paris of 1878.... |  |  |  | 2,539 33 |  |  | 2,539 33 |  | 20. | 2,539 33 |
| International Remonetization of Silver..... |  |  |  | $9,151^{\circ} 05$ |  | 2,496 39 | 11, 64744 |  |  | 11,647 44 |
| $J$ oint comnission for settlement of claims between the Onited States and French Republic |  |  |  | 49,158 68 |  | 13,845 62 | 63, 00430 | 60,000 00 |  | 3,004 30 |
| International Fishery Exhibition of 1883 at London |  |  |  | 10, 00000 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Berlin Fishery Exhibition |  |  |  | 595 |  |  | 595 |  |  | 595 |
| International Commission for the Establish. ment of Electrical Units |  |  |  | 13,250 00 |  |  | 13, 25000 | 8,500 00 |  | 4,750 00 |
| International Congress of Electricians held in 1881 at Paris |  |  |  | 4225 |  |  | 4225 |  |  | 4225 |
| Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva. |  |  |  | 83159 |  |  | 83159 |  |  | 83159 |

Payment for certain lands ceded by the of Washington
International Bimetallic Commission ........ Commission to negotiate a commercial treaty
with Mexico ..................................... Fith Mexico Ex................................... tution
Salary, burial expenses, de , Geo. P. Marsh, Reimbursidg legal representatives of Francis P. Van WYck

International Exhibition at Sydney and Melbourne.
Relief of J.J. Coffey and Rebecoa S. Lewis. Salaries and expenses, Court of Commissioners Alabama Claims
Saluries and expenses, United States and Spanish Claims Conmission.


Contingent expenses United States and Epamish Claims commission.
Relief of claimants for clestruction of private armed brig General Armstrong
Expenses Universal Exhibition at Paris....

## Total diplomatic.

 JUDICLARY.


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria. | s | Aggregate | dur- | r- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal year end- } \\ & \text { ing June } 30 \text { - } \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year: ending J́nne 30, 1884. | surplas find June 30, 1884. | appropria30, 1884. |
| Judictary--Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward ................. |  |  |  | \$5,584 15 | \$151, 31000 |  | \$156, 89415 | \$149, 95802 | \$5, 58415 | \$2, 25198 |
| Salarics employes, court-house, Washivgton. Do......................... | 1884 1883 | 22 | 562 | 22267 | 9,840 00 |  | 9,84000 22267 | 9,810 00 |  | 3000 22267 |
| Salary warden of the jail ............................ | 1884 | 22 | 562 | 22.67 | 1, 80000 |  | 1,800 00 | 1,800 00 |  | 22267 |
| Repairs of court-house, Washington, D. C | 1884 | 22 | 604 |  | 1,000 00 |  | 1,000 00 | 95000 |  | 5085 |
| Expenses of Territorial comrts in Utah | 1884 | 22 | 630 |  | 26,000 00 |  | 26,000 00 | 24, 07215 |  | 1,927 85 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 3, 90755 |  |  | 3,907 55 | 1, 07245 |  | 2,835 10 |
| Do | 1882 |  | - | 3, 57515 |  |  | 3,575 15 | 81495 | 2, 76020 |  |
| Do | 1881 |  | ............. | 1, 07732 |  |  | 1,077 32 |  |  | 1,077 32 |
| Do | $18880 \times$ |  |  | 1, $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 12 \\ 06 \\ 61\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1200 \\ 1,51761 \end{array}$ | 1200 | 1,517 61 |  |
| Defendingsuits in claims against the United |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| States ....................................... | 1884 | 22 | 630 |  | 9,000 00 |  | 9,000 00 | 6,422 30 |  | 2,577 70 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 5,770 01 |  |  | 5,770 01 |  |  | 5,770 01 |
| Prosecution and colleetion of clat. | 1882 | 22 | 630 | 5,967 24 | 1,500 00 |  | 5, 96724 1,500 00 |  | 5,967 24 | 1,500 00 |
| Do............................. | 1883 |  |  | 63925 |  |  | 1,639 25 | 1500 |  | 62425 |
| Punishing violations of iutercourse acts and frauds | 1884 | 22 | 630 |  | 5, 00000 |  | 5,000 00 | 4,085 65 |  | 91435 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 2, 64085 |  | \$18745 | 2,828 30 | 4, 72168 |  | 2,106 62 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 1,804 81 |  |  | 1, 80481 |  | 1,804 81 |  |
| Prosecution of crime | 1884 | 25 | 630 |  | 25, 00000 |  | 25,00000 | 21, 66590 |  | 3,334 10 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 1,904 73 |  |  | 1,904 73 | 1,904 73 |  |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 1, 98133 |  |  | 1, 98133 |  | 1, 08133 |  |
| Support of conviets | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 10, 00000 |  | 10, 00000 | 1, 43925 |  | 8,560 75 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 10,201 24 |  |  | 10,201 24 | 71314 |  | 9,488 10 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 21, 19876 |  |  | 21,198 76 | 14600 | 21, 05276 | .......... |
| Preservation of records United States courts. | 1882 |  |  | 14400 |  |  | 14400 | .............. | - 14400 |  |
| Rent of building Department of Justico .... | 1882 |  |  | 98900 |  |  | 98900 |  | - 98900 |  |
| Publishing supreme court reports Territory of Wyoming. | 1882 |  |  | 1, 00000 |  |  | 1,000 00 | 81917 | 18083 |  |
| Law library of W yoming. ..................... | 1882 |  |  | 2400 |  |  | 2400 |  |  | 2400 |
| Payment to Heury Fink, United States marshal |  |  |  | 10880 |  |  | 10880 | 10880 |  |  |
| Fees of supervisors of elections.............. |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 18, 10942 | 40000 | 18,509 42 | 18,5942 |  |  |
| Fees of supervisors of elections prior to July 1, 1880 |  |  |  | 5000 |  |  | 5000 |  |  | 5000 |


| Expenses of United States courts 1879 and prior. $\qquad$ Fees of jurors United States courts. | 1884 | 22 | 631 | 41,56187 | 450, 00000 | 6,36636 6,702 6 | 47,92823 456,70225 | 7,40220 456,690 |  | 40,52603 1295 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fees of jurors | 1883 |  |  | 2,867 55 | 450,000 0 | 47, 64333 | 450,51088 | 477,832 15 |  | 32, 67873 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 67, 08527 |  | 52857 | 67, 61384 | 60400 |  | 67, 00984 |
| Do | 1880 |  |  | 74235 |  |  | 74235 | 30000 |  | 44235 |
| Fees of witnesses United Stat | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 600,00000 | 9, 87433 | 609,87433 | 609, 599 65 |  | 27468 |
| Do. | 1873 |  |  | 4,145 02 |  | 47, 35519 | 51, 50021 | 39, 760 83 |  | 11, 73338 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 58,937 45 |  | 4, 22904 | 63, 16649 | 1,427 01 |  | 61,739 48 |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 19425 | 19425 |  | 19425 |  |
| Do. | 1880 |  |  | 37110 |  |  | 37110 |  |  | 37110 |
| Support of prisoners United States cour | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 300,00000 | 6,541 03 | 306,541 08 | 232, 25569 |  | 74, 28534 |
| Do.............................. | 1883 |  |  | 89, 222956 |  | 21, 13493 | 110, 36449 | 33, 07221 |  | 77, 29228 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 62, 24424 |  | 3, 42431 | 65, 66855 | 4,454 88 | 61,213 67 |  |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 1,697 00 | 1,697 ט0 |  | 1,697 00 |  |
| Do. | 1880 |  |  | 1, 09300 |  |  | 1, 09300 |  |  | 1, 09300 |
| Miscellaneous expenses United States courts: | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 310, 00000 | 2,312 79 | 312, 31279 | 294, 60548 |  | 17,707 31 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 7,710 01 |  | 13, 07427. | 20,784 28 | 18,884 64 |  | 1, 89964 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 10, 25424 |  | 1,57197 | 11, 82621 | 2, 73149 | 9, 09472 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ | 1881* |  |  | 61599 |  | 7725 | 7725 61599 | 15791 |  | 45808 |
| Fees and expenses of marshals United States courts. | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 600, 00000 | 2, 06222 | 602, 06222 | 601, 43567 |  | 62655 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 60,472 85 |  | 22,308 77 | 82,781 62 | 43, 827.24 |  | 38, 95438 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 31, 14745 |  | 6,867 71 | 38,015 16 | 12, 94770 |  | 25, 06746 |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  | 13, 28086 |  |  | 13, 28086 | 1, 51252 |  | 11,768 34 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 64582 | $\begin{array}{r}645 \\ 82 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 64582 |  |
| Do. | 1880 |  |  | 14,274 00 |  |  | 14, 27400 | 38397 |  | 13, 89003 |
| Fees of attorneys United States | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 325, 00000 |  | 325,00000 | 311, 24249 |  | 13, 75751 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 15959 5 |  |  | 15959 | 14738 |  | 1221. |
| Fees of clerks United States courts | 1880 |  |  | 5,395 27 |  |  | 5,395 27 |  |  | 5, 39527 |
| Fees of clerks United States courts | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 160, 00000 |  | 160,00000 | 127, 20712 |  | 32, 79288 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 14,860 <br> 20,535 |  | 2130 | $14,882-14$ <br> 20,535 <br> 00 | 14, 87685 |  | 529 20,16260 |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  | 7, 814 50 |  |  | 7, 81450 |  |  | re, 71450 |
| Do. | 1880 |  |  | 7, 78873 |  |  | 7,788 73 |  |  | 7,788 73 |
| Rent of court rooms United States cou | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 50, 00000 |  | 50, 00000 | 37, 14920 |  | 12, 85080 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 32, 22132 |  |  | 32, 22132 | 16, 47243 |  | 15,74889 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 20, 80340 |  |  | 20, 80340 | 1, 40400 | 19.399 40 |  |
| Fees of commissioners Uniled States courts | 1880 |  |  | 36000 |  |  | 36000 | -6000 |  | 30000 |
| Fees of commissioners Uniled States courts. | 1884 | 22 | 631 |  | 130, 00000 |  | 130, 00000 | 92, 04906 |  | 37,950 94 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 27,951 28 |  |  | 27, 95128 | 27, 950.93 |  | 35 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 34,901 57 |  |  | 34,96157 | 86495 |  | 34, 09662 |
| Do................................ | 1880 |  |  | 975 |  |  | 975 |  |  | 975 |
| Payment of special deputy marshals at Con. gressional elections. | 1881* |  |  | 2,145 50 |  | 4,658 00 | 6,803 50 | 9000 |  | 6,713 50 |
| Judgment and costs in suit of L. P. Milligen. |  |  |  | 80216 |  |  | 80216 |  |  | 80216 |
| Total Judiciary.. |  |  |  | 712,162 19 | 3183,55942 | 209, 87814 | 4, 105, 59975 | 3, 253, 91866 | 134, 30404 | 717,377 05 |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- |  | Aggregate |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscalyearend } \\ & \text { ing June } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal. year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | year ending June 30, 1884. | surplus fund $J$ une 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { appropria. } \\ & \text { tions June } \\ & 30,1884 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| CUSTOMS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collecting levenue from customs. |  | R. S. | 3687 | \$589, 73736 | \$6,574, 665 46 | \$47, 25007 | \$7, 211, 65289 | \$6, 756, 73585 | \$293, 75293 | \$161, 16413 |
| Collecting revenue from costoms prior to July 1, 1879 |  |  |  | $12550$ |  |  |  |  | $12 \overline{50}$ |  |
| Expenses Revenue Cuttor Service ............. | 1882 |  |  | 3,471 01 |  | 25,004 92 | 28,475 93 | 16331 | 28, 31262 |  |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 32009 | 32009 |  | 32009 |  |
| $f$ Do | 1883 |  |  | 3,353 09 |  | 80, 81027 | 84, 16336 | 83,611 62 |  | 55174 |
| Supplo. | 1884 | 22 | 606 |  | 875,000 00 | 6,974 04 | 881, 97404 | 880, 64625 |  | 1,327 79 |
| Supplies of light-honses | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 3161 | 3161 |  | 3161 |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 16, 95396 |  |  | 16,953 96 | 5568 | 16,898 28 |  |
| Do | 1883 | 22 | 607 | 18,320 51 |  | 22,43035 <br> 28,266 <br> 5 | 40,75086 403,26085 | 5,00053 394 |  | 35,750 33 |
| Repairs and incidental expenses of light- | 1889 | 22 | 607 |  | 375, 000 | 28, 26685 | 403, 26085 | 394, 25844 |  | 9,008 41 |
| houses. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 1166 | 1166 |  | 1166 |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 23, 58193 |  | 68817 | 24, 27010 |  | 24, 27010 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 25,715 14 |  | 6, 04120 | 31,756 34 | 10,862 93 |  | 11, 89341 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 310, 00000 | 30,405 32 | 340,40532 | 330, 16436 |  | 10, 24096 |
| Salaries of keepers of light-houses | 1882 |  |  | 44, 06854 |  |  | $4+06854$ | 1050 | 44, 05804 |  |
| Do............. | 1883 |  |  | 8,559 58 |  | 9,25393 10797 | $\begin{array}{r}17,81351 \\ 595 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 575 $\begin{array}{r}1081 \\ 886\end{array}$ |  | 17,802 70 |
| Inspecting ligh | 1884 1882 | 22 | 606 |  | 585, 00000 | 10,797 68 | 595,79768 1,19897 | 575,816 ชิ6 | 1,19897 | 19,980 82 |
| Inspecting ligh | 1.883 |  |  | 1,198 858 |  | 47575 | 1,19897 <br> 1,334 |  | 1,198 97 | 1. 33439 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 4,00000 | 475 | 4, 000000 | 3,00000 |  | 1, 1,00000 |
| Expenses of light-vessels | 1882 |  |  | 12,70766 |  |  | 12,70766 |  | 12,707 66 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 11,633 53 |  | 10,30798 | 21, 94151 | 18, 10948 |  | 3, 83203 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 1214,360 09 | 3,792 06 | 218,152 06 | 202, 621 38 |  | 15, 53068 |
| Expenses of fog-eiguals | 1882 | ..... |  | 15, 91180 |  | - 9249 | 16,004 29 |  | 16,004 29 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 3,73144 |  | 3,846 82 | 7,578 26 | 1,785 70 |  | 5, 79256 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 60,000 00 | 3,709 22 | 63, 70922 | 54, 69702 |  | 9,012 20 |
| Espenses of buojage | 1882 |  |  | 16,48765 12,05025 |  |  | 16,487 21,13205 | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 9,003 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 16,433 97 |  |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 607 | 12,050 25 | 325, 00000 | 16,423 15 | 341, 42315 | 324, 84921 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12,12884 \\ & 16,57394 \end{aligned}$ |
| Repairs and proservation of public buildings | 1882 |  |  | 5, 86497 |  |  | 5,864 97 | 59605 | 5,268 92 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 3,999 86 |  |  | 3,999 86 | 3,999 86 |  |  |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 604 |  | '50, 00000 | 654 | 150,006 54 | 145, 08394 |  | 4,922 60 |
| Furniture, and repairs of same, for public buildings | 1882 |  |  | 2,409 80 |  |  | 2,409 80 | 10460 | 2,305 20 |  |
| Do... | 1883 | ...- | .-.-a.e..... | 19,989 77 |  | --............ | 19,989 77 | 18,536 74 |  | 1,453 03 |



|  |  |  | atutes. |  | Appropria. | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year | Vol. | Page or sec. tion. | propriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | made dur. ing the fiscal јear 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending Jnne 30, 1884. | ried to the surplas fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| Customs-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$1, 322, 23386 | \$12,100, 22405 | \$345, 98617 | \$13, 768, 44408 | \$12, 483, 38350 | \$507, 781 19 | \$777, 27939 |
| Protection of sea-otter hunting-grounds and seal fisheries in Alaska. | 1882 |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25,00000 | 25, 00000 |  |  |
| Do..... | 1883 |  |  | 25,00000 |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25,000 00 |
| Do................... Custom-honse, Boston, Mass | 1884 | 22 | 612 |  | 25,000 00 |  | 25,000 00 |  |  | 25, 00000 |
| Custom-house, Boston, Mass ...................... Custom-house and post-office, Fall River, |  |  |  | 19033 |  |  | 19033 |  |  | 19033 |
| Mass ...................................... |  |  |  | 40,007 81 |  |  | 40,007 81 | 30,905 06 |  | 9, 10275 |
| Custom-house, Hartford, Conn |  |  |  | 9, 16032 |  | 5502 | 9, 21534 | 9, $017{ }^{55}$ |  | 19779 |
| Custom-house and post-office, Albany, N. Y |  | 23 | 15 | 34, 73971 | 55, 00000 |  | 89, 73971 | 49, 73971 |  | 40,000 00 |
| Custom-house and post-office, Buffalo, N. Y |  |  |  | 129, 45810 |  |  | 129, 458.10 | 35,49421 |  | 93, 96389 |
| Barge-office building, New York |  |  |  | 9760 |  | 37782 | 475, 42 | 475 |  | 47067 |
| Marine hospital at Pittsburgh, $P$ |  |  |  | 7,015 24 |  |  | 7,015 24 |  |  | 7,015 24 |
| Marine hospital at Baltionore, Md |  |  |  | 100, 00000 |  |  | 100, 10000 |  |  | 100, 00000 |
| Marine hospital at Wilmington, N |  |  |  | 25090 |  |  | 25000 |  |  | 25000 |
| Marine hospital at Key West, Fla |  |  |  | 326 |  |  | 326 |  |  | 326 |
| Marine hospital, New Orleans, La |  |  |  | 82, 49590 |  |  | 82, 49590 | 57, 28231 |  | 25, 21359 |
| Custom-honse, New Orleans, La |  |  |  | 31, 40416 |  |  | 31, 40416 | 23, 46099 |  | 7,943 17 |
|  |  | 23 | 15 | 472, 61671 | 100, 00000 |  | 62,500 579,61671 | $\begin{array}{r}20,620 \\ 370,675 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 41, 87940 |
| Custom-bouse and post-office, Cleveland, Ohio |  |  |  | 61, 69260 | 100,00 0 |  | 61, 69260 | 56, 72834 |  | 208,96426 |
| Custom-house, court-house, \&c., Toledo, Ohio |  |  |  | 160̃, 25929 |  |  | 165, 25929 | 67, 54694 |  | 97, 71235 |
| Marine hospital, Cincinnati, Ohio............ |  |  |  | 48, 50000 |  |  | 48,500 00 | 21,337 65 |  | 27, 16235 |
| Custom-house, court-house, and post-office, Evansville, Ind |  |  |  | 4,236 33 |  |  | 4,236 33 | 9260 |  | 4,143 73 |
| Custom-house, subtreasury, \&c., Chicago, 刀l |  |  |  | 4, 7643 |  | 11741 | 19384 | 16803 |  | 2581 |
| Marine hospital, Chicago, Ill |  |  |  | 9897 |  |  | 9897 |  |  | 9897 |
| Bridewell dock property, Chicago, |  |  |  | 1,583 .00 |  |  | 1,583 00 | 82529 |  | 75771 |
| Marine hospital, Memphis, Tenn |  | 23 | 15 | 29, 08430 | 30, 00000 | 2600 | 59, 11030 | 32.07964 |  | 27, 03066 |
| Marine hospital, Cairo, III ................... |  |  |  | 60,00000 |  |  | 60,00000 | 20,76790 |  | 30, 23210 |
| Custom-houseand post-office, Memphis, Tenn- |  |  |  | 95, 10500 |  |  | 95, 10500 | 60,085 92 |  | 35, 01908 |
| Custom-house, post-office, and conrt-house, Nash ville, Tenn.... |  |  |  | 81556 |  | 11229 | 92785 | 30000 |  | 62785 |
| Costom-house, Saint Louis, Mo |  | 23 | 15 | 72, 32749 | 25,700 00 |  | 98,027 49 | 71,943 79 |  | 26, 08370 |
| Custom-house, Kansas City, Mo |  |  |  | 102, 19252 |  |  | 102, 19252 | 83, 91770 |  | 18, 27482 |
| Appraisers' stores, San Francisco, Cal |  |  |  | 49799 |  |  | - 49799 | 35617 |  | 14182 |
| Marine hospital, San Francisco, Cal. |  |  |  | 18425 |  |  | 18425 |  |  | 18425 |
| Ram Island light-station, Maine. |  |  |  | 11,317 13 |  | 3,219 47 | 14,536 60 | 5,00000 |  | 9,536 60 |

Beacon lights, Lake Memphremagog, VerDay beacons, Maine, New Hampshire, and Masaachosetts.
Stage Harbor light-station, Massachnsetts. on, Rhode Island
Castle Hill fog-signal, Rhode Island .................
Wickford Harborlight-station, Rhode Island.
Conimiont light-station, Rhole Island...... Commiont light-station, Rhode Island. 0 Danskammer Point fog.bell, New Yor $\rightarrow$ Hell Gate electric lights, New York. Cumberland Head light-station, New York. Cold Spring Harbor light-station, New York Thirty-Mile Point light-station, New York. Prince's Bay light-station, New York Staten Island Depot, New Yorls.
Barnegat light-station, New Jersey Absecom light-station, New Jorsey: Great Beds limht-station Great Beds light-station, New Jereey Lewes light station, Delaware Ship John Shoal light-station, Delaware Reedy Island light-station, Delaware
Foarteen-Foot Bank light-station, Delaware
Five-Fathom Bank light-ship, Delaware Bay Lazaretto depot, Maryland
Janes Island light-station, Maryland
Hooper's Strait light-station, Maryland
Great Shoals light-station, Maryland.
Sandy Point Shoal light-station, Maryland Pataxent River range-lights, Maryland Portsmouth depot, Virginia
Bell's Rock light-station, Virginia
Laurel Point Iight-station, Nortl) Carolina Hilton Head and Bay Point light-station, Sonth Carolina
Sampit River light-station, South Carolina................................. Paris Island light-station, South Carolina Fog Island the Savannah River, Georgia.
A merican Shoal light-station Florid
Dry Tortacas light-station, Florida
Repairs of iron light-houses, Florids

[^44]| $\cdots .$ | $\text { ....... } \mid \text {................ } \mid$ |
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|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances or |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. |  | Page or sec tion. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{gathered} \text { fiscal year end } \\ \text { ing Jine } 30, \\ 1884 . \end{gathered}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending Jnne 30, 1884. | year ending <br> June 30, 1884. | surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June $30,1884$. |
| Customs-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$3, 477, 30900 | \$12,335, 92405 | \$368, 31169 | \$16, 181, 54474 | \$13, 659, 11725 | \$591, 19257 | \$1,981, 23492 |
| Florida Reef beacons, Flurida |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  | 23942 | 10, 23942 |  |  | 10,2,942 |
| Sanibal Island light-station, Florida |  |  |  | 49, 00000 |  | 9, 06228 | 58, 06228 | 44,000 00 |  | 14,062 28 |
| Mosquito Inlet light-station, Florida |  |  |  | 55, 00000 | ............... | 4,369 53 | 59, 36953 | 30, 00000 |  | 29,369 53 |
| Cape San Blas light-station, Florida |  |  |  | 35, 00000 | .-............. | 10, 01012 | 45,010 12 | 35,000 00 |  | 10, 01012 |
| Dog River Bar and Choctaw Pass Channel, Alaibama |  |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25,000 00 | 50000 |  | 24,500 00 |
| Re-estahlishment of light-bouses. Texas.. |  |  |  | 20, 00000 |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 |
| South Pass pier lights, Mississippi River, Louisiana. |  |  |  | 9,189 25 |  |  | 9, 18925 |  |  | 9, 18925 |
| Trinity Shoal light-ship, Lonisiana. |  |  |  | 3, 02056 |  |  | 3, 02056 |  | 3, 02056 | , |
| South Pass light-station, Louisiana |  |  |  | 17, 08192 |  |  | 17, 081.92 |  | 17,081 92 |  |
| Calcasieu range-light-station, Louisiana |  |  |  | 1, 50000 |  |  | 1, 50000 |  |  | 1, 50000 |
| Red River lights, Louisiana...... |  |  |  | 1,305 09 |  |  | 1,305 09 |  |  | 1, 30509 |
| Amite River liglot-station, Louisiana |  |  |  | 11,214 52 |  |  | 1, 21452 |  |  | 1,214 52 |
| Maumee range-beacons, Ohio - .-. |  |  |  | 19, 00000 |  |  | 19,000 00 | 19, 00000 |  |  |
| Sandusky Bay light-station, Ohio* |  |  |  | 94 52 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}9452 \\ \hline 895 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1215 | 8237 4 |  |
| Maumee Bay light-station, Obio* .... |  |  |  | 4,825 78 | ........... |  | 4,825 78 |  | 4,825 78 |  |
| Waugoshance light-station, Michigan. |  |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25,000 <br> 15,000 <br> 1,000 | $25,00000$ |  |  |
| Little Traverse liyht-station, Michigan...... |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}15,000 \\ 1,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}15,000 \\ 1,000 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,000 \\ 1,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 5, 00000 |
| Pier-head beacon lights on the lakes, Michigan $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 1,00000 1,44474 |  |  | 1,00000 1,44474 | 1,00000 1, 44474 |  |  |
| Grabam Shoals bell buoy, Michigan |  |  |  | , 38432 |  |  | 1, 38434 | J. 44474 | 38432 |  |
| Stannard's Rock light-station, Michigan |  |  |  | 13, 00000 |  |  | 13, 00000 |  |  |  |
| Detroit River light-station, Michigan......... |  |  |  | 57, 50000 |  |  | 57, 50000 | 20,000 00 |  | 37,50000 |
| Point No Point light-station, Washington Territory |  |  |  | 6,421 66 |  |  | 6,421 66 |  | 6,421 66 |  |
| Point Robinson fog-sigaal, Washington Territory |  |  |  | 6,500 00 |  |  | 6,50000 | 6, 50000 |  |  |
| West Point fog-signal, Washington Territory |  |  |  | 605 |  |  | 605 |  | 605 |  |
| Lights, heacons, and buoys, Willamette and Columbia Rivers, Oregon |  |  |  |  |  | 50000 | 50000 | 50000 |  |  |
| Tillamook Head light-station, Oregon |  |  |  | 1,729 32 |  |  | 1, 72932 | 500 |  | 1, 72832 |
| Racine Point light-station, Wisconsin |  |  |  | 5, 01864 |  |  | 5,018 64 |  | 5, 01864 |  |
| Re-establishment of lights, Mississippi River. |  |  |  | 4, 83957 |  |  | 4,839 57 |  | 4,839 57 |  |
| Lime-Point fog-signal, California...... |  |  | . | 10,000 00 |  | 10 | 10,000 10 | 10,000 00 | 19 |  |

NorthwestSeal Rock light-station, California. pakland Garbor hight-station, Californ Piaras Blauce Cipht station Califor Point Pinos light-station California Farallon fog- bigual, California.
Steam tender for the Atlantic coa
Surrey of light-house sites.
urvey of light-house sites*
Steam tender for W estern river lights*......... Fog-signal on light-ship
Establisbment and maintenance.of lights and buoys
Laboratory of the Light-House Board
Duplicate fog-signals for the coasts of the United State:
Depot for the twelfth district
Mhting and buoyage of the Mississippi, ssoari, and Ohio Rivers.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Completing tbe lighting and buoyage of the Ohio River
Repayment to importers excess of deposits, act A ngust 5, 1882
Repaynnelt to importers excess of deposits, charges and commission cases
Repayment to importers excess of deposits,
Reparment to import
ers excess of deposits
bers or allow.
Debentures, drambacks, bounties or allowances
Debentures and other charges..................
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the etection and prev customs revenue
Expenses of regulating immigration
Inspection of neat cattle shipped to fore... poits.

## Unclaimed mercbandise

Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury

## Total

|  |  |  | 70,000 00 |  |  | 70,000 00 | 70,000 00 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5,000 00 |
|  |  |  | 30000 |  |  | 30000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 49994 1,36785 |  |  | 49994 1,36785 |  | 49984 | -....- 1,3678 |
|  |  |  | 1, 4440 |  |  |  |  | 440 |  |
|  |  |  | 6, 69675 |  | 1330 | 6, 71005 | 2080 | 6, 68925 |  |
|  |  |  | 15, 53843 |  | 24847 | 15,786 90 |  | 15,786 90 |  |
| 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 10, 00000 | 98625 | 10,986 25 | 3,286 25 |  | 7;700 00 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32447 \\ & 52169 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32447 \\ & 5 \because 169 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32447 \\ & 52169 \end{aligned}$ | . |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 25,00000 \\ 3,00000 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 25,00000 \\ 3,00000 \end{array}$ | 8,500 00 |  | \} $\begin{array} { r } { 1 6 , 5 0 0 } \\ { 3 , 0 0 0 } \\ { 0 0 } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 2543 209 |  |  | 2543 209 |  | 2543 -209 |  |
| 1882 |  |  | 15948 |  |  | 15948 | 4077 | 11871 |  |
| 1883 |  |  | 74820 |  | 26, 14113 | 26, 88933 | 26, 86285 |  | 2648 |
| 1884 | 22 | 607 |  | 175,000 00 | - 24360 | 175, 24360 | 161,500 00 |  | 13,743 60 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3,104 07 | 3,194 07 |  |  | 3, 19407 |
|  |  |  | 284,952 64 |  |  | 284,952 64 | 11, 90743 |  | 273, 04521 |
|  |  |  | 97,923 09 |  |  | 97, 92309 | 17770 |  | 97, 74539 |
|  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 5, 056, 14730 | 4,78326 266,28111 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,78326 \\ 5,322,42841 \end{array}$ | $5,322,42841$ | 4, 78326 |  |
|  |  |  | 17,439 86 |  |  | 17,439 86 |  |  | 17,439 86 |
|  | R.S. | 3689 3689 |  | 3, 650, 95949 | 205,599 69 | 3, 856,559 18 | 3, 856,559 18 |  |  |
| 1883 |  |  | 64904 |  | 1,44150 | 2,090 54 | 2, 09054 |  |  |
| 1884 | 22 | 214 | 65,83361 104,13053 | 4, 28650 |  | 65,833 328,417 | $\begin{array}{r}65, \\ 23533 \\ 2343 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 2,973 17 |
| 1884 | 22 | 613 | 1,371 25 | 50,000 00 | 8,350 06 | 59,721 31 | 55, 01245 |  | 4,70886 |
| 1883 |  |  | 91231 |  |  | 91231 | 91231 |  |  |
|  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 31989 |  | 31989 | 31989 |  |  |
|  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 3731 |  | 3731 | 3731 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4,578, 78600 | 21, 502, 72879 | 909,775 67 | 26, 991, 29046 | 23,696, 06175 | 661, 62977 | 2,633; 59894 |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fand June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| INTERIOR CIVIL. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, office of Secretary of the Interior .. | 1884 | 22 | 555 |  | \$159, 81000 |  | \$159, 81000 | \$159, 51000 |  | \$300 00 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | \$308 34 | 30834 |  |  | 30834 |
| Do................................. | 1882 |  |  | \$14 36 |  |  | 1436 |  | \$14 36 |  |
| Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior. | 1884 | 22 | 558 |  | 101, 00000 | 4932 | 101, 04932 | 87, 00000 |  | 14, 04932 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 76892 | 101, 00 | 2000 | 10178892 | ${ }^{87} 714$ |  | 14,0478 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 221 |  |  | 221 |  | 221 |  |
| Fuel, light, \&c., Department of the Interior. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 13333 | 13333 | 13333 |  |  |
| Publishing the Bionnial Register .................. | 1882 |  |  | 16163 |  |  | 16163 |  | 16163 |  |
| Publishing the Bionnial Register ............ Rent of buildings, Department of the Interior. |  | 22 | 627 |  | 2, 50000 | 20 | 2,500 20 | 2, 50000 |  | 20 |
| Rent of buildings, Department of the Interior. | 1884 | 22 | 559 | 84000 | 48,760 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r}48,76000 \\ 840 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 48, 76000 | 4000 |  |
| Do.................................... $\{$ | 1881 |  |  | 41000 |  |  | 41000 |  | 41000 |  |
| Do..................................... | 1882 |  |  | 4100 |  |  | 410 |  |  |  |
| Library, Department of the Interior......... | 1884 | 22 | 558 |  | 50000 |  | 50000 | 50000 |  |  |
| Stationery, Department of the Interior | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | 558 |  | 65,39318 | 3,885 35 | 69, 278 5\% 53 | 62, 00000 |  | 7,278 53 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 4,405 60 |  | 1,344 52 | 5,750 12 | 5,292 27 |  | 45785 |
| Do.. | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 16696 | 16696 | 5920 | 12776 |  |
| Postage, Department of the Interior | 1884 | 22 | 559, 563 | 14014 | 28, 00000 |  | 28, 00000 | 28, 000000 |  | 129 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 50300 |  |  | 50300 |  | 50300 | 129 |
| Postage to postal union countries | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 00 | 2,500 00 |  | 2,50000 |
| Do................ | 1883 |  |  | 3,000 00 |  | 8076 | 3,080 76 | 2, 84000 |  | 24076 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 1,720 99 |  |  | 1, 72099 |  | 1, 72099 |  |
| Rent of rooms for Court of Claims | 1882 |  |  | 29671 |  |  | 29671 |  | 29671 |  |
| Salaries, General Land Office | 1884 | 22 | 558 |  | 417, 65000 |  | 417, 65000 | 416,650 00 |  | 1,000 00 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 18247 |  | 6, 55230 | 6, 73477 |  |  | 6, 73477 |
| Do.. | 1882 |  |  | 1, 33474 |  |  | 1, 33474 |  | 1,334 74 |  |
| Contingent exponses, General Land Office... | 1883 |  |  | 5281 |  | 3, 71919 | 3,772 00 | 3, 59402 |  | 17798 |
| Expenses of inspectors, General Land Office. | 1882 |  |  | 32510 |  | 600 | 33110 | 1236 | 31874 |  |
| Expenses of inspectors, General Land Office. | 1884 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | 556 556 |  | 10,000 1,000 0 |  | 10, 00000 | 7, 86631 |  | 2,133 69 |
| Maps of tbe United States.. | 1884 | 22 | 556 |  | 6,00000 | 37375 | 6,373.75 | 1, 37375 |  |  |
| General expenses, Civil Service Commission | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 5,00000 |  | 5, 00000 | 3, 50000 |  | 1,500 00 |
| Do....................................... | 1883 |  |  | 2,000 00 |  |  | 2,000 00 | 1, 74033 |  | 25967 |
| Reproducing plats of surveys, General Land Office | 1884 | . 22. | 623 |  | 20,000 00 | 37375 | 20,373 75 | 20,373 75 |  |  |



|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Reparments | Aggregato | Payments dur. | Amonnts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of apppropriations: | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | made during tbe fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending Juve 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations.June 30, 1884. |
| Interior civillcontinued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ditional $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brought forward.............. }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | \$317, 11856 | \$3,216, 562. 30 | \$20,499 38 | \$3, 554, 18024 | \$3, 304, 36883 | \$43, 03337 | \$206, 77804 |
| Pensions ..... .... ......... ...... | 1882 |  |  | 58389 |  |  | 58389 |  | 58389 |  |
| Salaries, office Commissioner of Patents | 1884 | 22 | 557 |  | 537, 23000 |  | 537, 23000 | 535, 73000 |  | 1,500 00 |
| Do .-............ | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 3,224 73 | 3, 22473 |  |  | 3,224 73 |
| To | 1882 |  |  | 31489 |  |  | 31489 |  | 31489 |  |
| Contingent expense, office Commissioner of Patents | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 431 | 431 | 50 |  | 381 |
| Do......................... | 1882 |  |  | 137 |  | 431 | 137 | 50 | 137 | 1 |
| Scientific library, office Commissioner of Patents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Patents <br> 10. | 1884 | 22 | 557 | 209 | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 200 209 | 5,000 00 | 209 |  |
| Plates for Patent Office Official Gazett | 1884 | 22 | 557 |  | 35,000 00 |  | 35,00000 | 35, 00000 |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 60 | $\bigcirc 60$ | 35,000 |  | 60 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 6750 |  |  | 6750 |  | 6750 |  |
| Photolithographing, office Commissioner of Patents | 1884 | 22 | 557 |  | 80,000 00 |  | 80,000 00 | 67,000 00 |  | 13,000 00 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 08 | 808 |  |  | 13,00008 08 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 133 |  |  | 133 |  | 133 |  |
| Copies of drawings, office Commissioner of Patents. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 20121 | 20121 | 20094 |  |  |
| Do................................ | 1882 |  |  | 970 |  | 20121 | 970 | 20094 | 970 | ${ }_{2}^{27}$ |
| Ilustrations for Patent Office Report for | 1870 |  |  | 6,000 00 |  |  | 6, 00000 | 189 25 |  | 5,81075 |
| Salaries, oftice of Architect of the Capitol | 1884 | 22 | 558 |  | 17,644 00 |  | 17,64400 | 17, 64400 |  |  |
| Do ...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 59980 |  | 44303 | 1,04283 | 1,034 90 |  | 793 |
| Salaries, of employes under Architect of the Capitol | 1882 |  |  | 200 |  |  | 200 | 200 |  |  |
| Salaries, office of Geological Survey. | 1884 | 22 | 558 |  | 34,94000 |  | 34,940 00 | 34, 92332 |  | 1668 |
| Do............................. | 1883 |  |  | 1,211 54 |  | 4950 | 1,26104 |  |  | 1,261 04 |
| Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Arizona. | 1884 | 22 | 560 |  | 5,500 00 | 1,353 50 | 6,853 50 | 6, 24921 |  | 60429 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 9021 | 9021 |  |  | 9021 |
| Do. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1882 |  |  | 2447 |  |  | 2447 |  | 2447 |  |
| Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Arizona $\qquad$ | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 | 16825 | 1,668 25 | 1,668 25 |  |  |
| Do...... | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,500 | 219 | 1, 219 | 1,668 25 |  | 219 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 2275 |  |  | 2275 |  | 2275 |  |



| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statates. |  | Balances of appropriations July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Repayments madeduring the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending Juде 30, 1884. | Amounts oarried to the sarplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriations June $30,1884$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or section. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interior civilmContinued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$327, 12331 | \$4, 047, 87630 | \$26, 29232 | \$4, 401, 29193 | \$4, 123, 65897 | \$44, 61651 | \$233, 01645 |
| Salaries, oftice of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa. | 1884 | 22 | 560 |  | 6,000 00 |  | 6, 00000 | 6,000 00 |  |  |
| Do........................................ | 1883 |  |  | 6044 |  | 3218 | 9262 | 1456 |  | 7806 |
| Do.................................... | 1882 |  |  | 11680 |  |  | 11680 |  | 11680 |  |
| Contingent expenses, oftuice of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa. | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Do..................................... | 1883 |  |  |  | 1,500 00 | 4268 | 1,50068 | 1, 4268 |  |  |
| Salaries, office of surveyer-general of Nevada. | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 5,500 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,50000 \\ 259 \\ \hline 20\end{array}$ | 5,500 00 |  |  |
| Do............................................................................. | 1883 |  |  | 25117 36940 |  | 863 | 25980 36940 |  | 36940 | 25980 |
| Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-gen. eral of Nevada. | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Do........................................... | 1882 |  |  | 643 | 1,500 00 |  | 1, 643 | 1,500 00 | 643 |  |
| Salaries, office of survegor general of New Mexico | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 8,500 00 |  | 8,500 00 | 8,500 00 | - |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 428 | 8,500 |  | 8, 428 | 8,500 00 | 428 |  |
| Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of New Mexico. | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 2,500 00 |  | 2,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  | 1, 00000 |
| Salaries, office of survejor-general of Oregon. | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 7,000 00 |  | 7,000 00 | 7,000 00 |  |  |
| Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Oregon | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Do............................................... | 1883 | 22 | 02 | 4595 | 1,500 00 | 25535 | 1,30130 | 1,500 00 |  | 30130 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 2178 |  |  | 2178 |  | 2178 |  |
| Salaries, office of surveyor-genoral of Utah... | 1884 | 22 | 560 |  | 5,500 00 |  | 5,500 00 | 5,500 00 |  |  |
| Do ...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 33 |  |  | 33 |  |  | 33 |
| Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Utah | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Do............................................. | 1882 |  |  |  | 1, | 3223 | 1, 3223 | 1,500 00 | 3223 |  |
| Salaries, office of surveyor-general of Wyoming. | 1884 | 22 | 560 |  | 6,000 00 |  | 6, 00000 | 6,000 00 |  |  |
| - Do................................................. | 1882 |  | 560 |  | 0,000 | 241 | - $\quad 241$ | 6,000 00 | 241 |  |
| Do....................................... | $1881 \times$ |  |  |  |  | 83 | 83 |  | 83 |  |
| Contingent expenses, office of survejor-general of W yoming | 1884 | 22 | 622 |  | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 | 1,500 00 |  |  |
| Salaries, office of surveyor.general of Wash. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ington ......................................... | 1884 | 22 | 559 |  | 8,00000 |  | 8,000 00 | 8,000 00 |  |  |



|  |  |  | tatates. |  | Appropria. | Repayments | Aggregate | Papments du | Amounts car. | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page orsec. tion. | propriations July .1, 1883. | fiscal yerrend ing June 30, 1884. | made during the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| Interion civil-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward............... |  |  |  | \$592, 56624 | \$4, 831, 447763 | \$33, 15857 | \$5, 457, 17244 | \$5, 026, 85333 | \$48,139 98 | \$382, 17913 |
| Preservation of collcctions, National Museum Do | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 629 | 711282 | 90,000 00 |  | 96,000 00 | 95,000 00 |  | 1,000 00 |
| Preservation of collections, National Musenm, |  |  |  | 7, 11282 |  |  | 7,112 82 | 7,112 82 |  |  |
| Armory Buildiug ..... | 1884 | 22 | 629 |  | 2,500 00 |  | 2,500 00 | 2,500 00 |  |  |
| Do.......... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 12017 | 12017 | , 12017 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures, National Museam... Do | 1884 1883 | 22 | 628 |  | 60, 00000 |  | 60,000 100 100 | 58,000 00 |  | 2, 00000 |
| Heating apparatus, building for the Pension Ofice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Otice ................................ | 1884 | 22 | 627 |  | 40, 00000 |  | 40, 00000 | 2,500 00 |  | 37, 50000 |
| Repairs of adobe palace, New Mo | 1884 | - 22 | 629 627 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses of the Tenth Census |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}23 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | $15\}$ | 9, 92500 | 125, 00000 |  | 134,925 00 | 130, 11.725 |  | 4,807 75 |
| Protection and improvement of Yellowstone National Park | 1884 | 22 | 626 |  | 40,000 00 | - | 40,000 00 | 40, 00000 |  |  |
| Do... | 1883 |  |  | $95 \quad 38$ |  |  | -95 28 | - 9528 |  |  |
| Do.................................... | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 9528 | 9528 |  | 9528 |  |
| Expenses of the Tenth Census, printing and engraving | 1883 | .... |  | 3,812 80 |  |  | 3, 81280 | 3,810 08 |  | 272 |
|  | 1882 |  |  | , 812 |  | 13353 | ${ }^{133} 53$ | 3,810 08 | 13353 | 2 |
| Settlement of claims for swamp lands and swamp-land indemnity. | $18{ }^{\circ} 4$ | 22 | 623 |  | 15,000 00 |  | 15, 00000 | 14. 98327 |  | 1673 |
| D0 .......... ................. | 1883 |  |  | 32027 | 15,000 | 2,17275 | 2, 49302 | 1,925 68 |  | 56734 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 14484 |  |  | 14484 |  | 14484 |  |
| Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Arkansas |  | 19 | 380 | 44, 29118 | 30, 94407 |  | 75, 23525 | 57, 96084 |  | 17, 27441 |
| Improvement of Hot Splings Reservation, Arkansas | 1883 |  |  | 31, 52960 | 30, 94 | 1,648 72 | 33, 17832 | 33, 17832 |  | 17, 2744 |
| Surveping the public lands | 1882 |  |  | 23, 49442 |  | 1, | 23, 49442 | 22,481 56 | $1,0128{ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| Do........ | 1883 |  |  | 315, 16503 |  | 5725 | 315, 22228 | 246, 22103 |  | 69, 00125 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 623 |  | 425,000 00 |  | 425, 00000 | 255, 89808 |  | 169, 10192 |
| Survering prirate land claims in Arizona... | 1884 | 22 | 623 |  | 8, 00000 | 1, 20653 | 9,20653 | 8,131 53 |  | 1, 07500 |
| Do.. | 1883 |  |  | 2,750 00 |  | 2198 | 2,77198 |  |  | 2, 77198 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 3,312 02 |  |  | 3,312 02 |  | 3,312 02 |  |
| Surveying private land claims in California.. | 1884 | 22 | 623 |  | 10,000 00 | 73050 1,09280 | 10, 73050 | 0, 00049 |  | 4, 73001 |
| Do …… | 1883 |  |  | 4,580 40 |  | 1,092 80 | 5,673 20 | 57480 |  | 5, 09840 |
| Do ................................ Surveying privateland claimsin | 1882 |  |  | 2,01746 | $\cdots 8,00000$ | 21700 | $2,23440$ |  | 2, 23446 |  |
| Surveying private land claimsin New Mexico | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 623 | 6,650 | 8,000 00 | , | 8,000 6,650 6,00 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 4, } 50000 \\ \mathbf{2}, 69083 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,50000 \\ & 3,959 \quad 17 \end{aligned}$ |



|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments du | Amounts car. | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal year end- } \\ & \text { ing June } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { year ending } \\ & \text { June 30, } 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | surplus fund June 30, 1884. |  |
| Interior civil-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$2,443,575 49 | \$7, 564, 02534 | \$75, 069 18 | \$10,082, 67001 | \$8,439, 97594 | \$65, 08579 | \$1, 577, 60828 |
| Relief of Ellen Call Long and Mary K. Bre- vard ............................................. |  | 23 | 6 |  | 8,563 37 |  | 8,563 37 | 8,563 37 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Arkansas |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 3,365 85 |  | 3,365 85 | 3,365 85 |  |  |
| Five per cent fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Michigan |  |  | 3689 |  | 26, 11540 |  | 2,365 26,11540 | 3,36585 26,11540 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fand of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Minnesota. |  |  | 3689 |  | 31, 50706 |  | 31, 50706 | 31,507 06 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceedslof sales of public lands in Oregon |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 5,277 21 |  | 5,27721 | 5,277 21 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands iu Nebraska |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 29, 24262 |  | - 29,24262 | -29,242 62 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceods of sales of public lands in Wisconsin |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 25,748 16 |  | 25,748 16 | 29,24262 25,74816 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of pablic lands in Kansas |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 26,636 22 |  | 26,636 22 | 26,636 22 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of pablic lands in Florida |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 11, 23128 |  | 11,23128 | 11, 23128 |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Louisiana.... |  |  | 3689 |  |  |  | 22,773 51 |  |  |  |
| Five per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of agricultural lands in Colorado |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 22,77351 4,95251 |  | 22,7751 4,95251 | 22,77351 4,95251 |  |  |
| Two per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Mississippi |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 14, 07161 |  | - 14,071 61 | 14,071 61 |  |  |
| Two per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of poblic lands in Missouri |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 3, 06755 |  | 3, 86755 | 3,06755 |  |  |
| Two per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Alabama |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 3,91743 |  | 3,917 43 | 3,917 43 |  |  |
| Three por cent. find of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Mississippi. |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 21, 10741 |  | 21, 1074 | 21, 10741 |  |  |
| Three per cent. fand of net procoeds of sales of public lands in Missouri. |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 4,601 32 |  | 4,601 32 | 4, 60132 |  |  |
| Three per cent. fund of net proceeds of sales of public lands in Alabama |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 5,876 14 |  | 5,876 14 | 5,876 14 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  | 2,443, 57549 | 7,812,079 99 | 75, 06918 | 10,330, 72466 | 8, 688,030 59 | 65, 88579 | 1,577,608 28 |

INTERNAL REVENUE.



| Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865 |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 54515 |  | 54515 | 54515 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of 1858 ................... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 2,750 00 | …................... | 2,750 00 | 2,750. 00 |  |  |
| Loan of February, 1861 (1881s) |  | R.S. | 3089 |  | 1,860 00 |  | 1,860 00 | 1,860 00 |  |  |
| Oregon war debt.............. |  | R. S. | 3689 | .............. | 4800 | 34500 | , 39300 | 4800 | 34500 |  |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881s) ....... |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 15,616 50 |  | 15, 61650 | 15, 61650 |  |  |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881s), continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 8,372 73 |  | 8,379 73 | 8, 37273 |  | ................ |
|  |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 79625 | 5100 | 84725 | 84725 |  |  |
| Loan of 1863 (1881s) .- |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 4,659 00 |  | 4,65900 | 4,659 00 |  |  |
| Loan of 1863 (1881s) continued at 31 per cent.. |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 3,394 41 |  | 3, 39441 | 3, 39441 |  |  |
| Teu-forties of 1864.................... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 6,808 47 | 11750 | 6,925 97 | 6, 92597 |  |  |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864 |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 697 |  | 697 | 697 |  |  |
| Five-twenties of $1865 . .$. |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 2,893 94 |  | 2, 89394 | 2, 89394 |  |  |
| Consols of 1865....... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 12, 60086 | 6450 | 12, 66536 | 12, 66536 |  |  |
| Consols of 1867. |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 22, 49463 | 4500 | 22, 53963 | 22, 53963 |  |  |
| Consols of 1808 |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 57920 |  | 57920 | 57920 |  |  |
| Central Pacific stock |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 1,552,33720 |  | 1,552,32720 | 1, 552, 32720 |  |  |
| Kansas Pacific stock (U. P. E. D.) |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 378, 15000 |  | 378, 15000 | 378,150 00 |  |  |
| Union Pacific stock.... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 1, 631, 49072 |  | 1, 631, 49072 | 1,631, 49072 |  |  |
| Central Branch Union Paeific stock (A. \& P. P.) |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 95, 64000 |  | 95, 64000 | 95, 64000 |  |  |
| Western Pacific stock ........................... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 118, $23 ; 60$ |  | 118.233 60 | 118,233 60 |  |  |
| Sioux City and Pacific stock |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 97, 63920 |  | 97, 63920 | 97, 63920 |  |  |
| Funderl loan of 1881.... |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 9, 44410 |  | 9, 44410 | 9, 44410 |  |  |
| Funded loan of 1881 continued at $3 \frac{7}{}$ per cent. |  | R. S. | 3689 |  | 570, 14927 |  | 570, 14927 | 570, 14927 |  |  |
| Fuuded loan of 1891 |  | R.S. | 3639 |  | 11, 196, 26973 | 7449 | 11, 196,344 22 | 11, 196, 34422 |  |  |
| Funded luan of 1907........ . . . . |  | R S. | 3689 |  | $29,518,37531$ | 4,160 69 | $29,522,53600$ | 29, 522, 53600 |  |  |
| Loan of 1882 (three per cents), act of July 12, $1882 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 8,683, 96181 | 2, 06300 | 8, 686, 02481 | 8, 686, 02481 |  |  |
| Tetal interest |  |  |  |  | 54, 578, 72348 | 6,921 18 | 54, 585, 64466 | 54, 585, 29966 | 34500 |  |
| Total redemption and interest. |  |  |  |  | 315, 099, 41388 | 6,921 18 | 315, 106, 335.16 | 315, 105, 99016 | 34500 |  |
| Interior-mindians. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pay of Indian agents | 1884 | 22 | 433-434 |  | 89, 40000 | 61960 | 90, 01960 | 82, 35373 |  | 7,665 87 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 8, 46495 | ..... . ......... | 49370 | 8,958 65 | 2,736 38 |  | 6,222 27 |
|  | 1882 |  |  | 8,513 53 |  |  | 8,513 53 | 1,856 74 | 6, 65679 |  |
| Pay of Indian agents.... (transfer account).. | 1881** | 22 | 418 |  | 12917 | 4, 09564 | 4, 22481 | 4,224 81 |  |  |
| Pay of Indian agents........................... | 1881** |  |  |  |  | 1,112 58 | 1,11258 |  | 1,112 58 |  |
| Do of Indian pol | 1879* |  |  | 97010 |  |  | 87010 | 17649 |  | 79361 |
| Pay of Indian police | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 70,000 00 | 43642 | '70,436 42 | 60, 87091 |  | 9, 565.51 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 9,218 80 |  | 97691 | 10,195 71 | 4, 64217 |  | 5,553 54 |
| Do............. Pay of lndiau police | ${ }_{1882} 188$ |  |  | 44 |  | 02 | 44 02 | 02 | 44 |  |
| Pay of Indian police............................. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 6800 | 6800 |  | 6800 |  |
| Carried forward. |  |  |  | 27, 16782 | 150,529 17 | 7,802 87 | 194,49986 | 156,861 25 | 7,837 81 | 29,800 80 |




STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS ONEXPENDED June 30,1883, \& 0 .-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \& \& tatutes. \& \& Appropria- \& ayments \& Aggregate \& Payments dur \& Amounts ear- \& Balances of \\
\hline Specific objects of appropriations. \& Year. \& Vol. \& Page or section. \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { propriations } \\
\& \text { July } 1,1883 .
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { fiscal year end } \\
\text { ing June } 30, \\
1884 .
\end{gathered}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
made dnr- \\
ing the fiscal јеаг 1884.
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { the fiscal year } \\
\& \text { ending June } \\
\& 30,1884 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& ing the fiscal yeariending
June \(30,1884\). \& ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. \& appropria30, 1884. \\
\hline Interior-Lndians-Continued. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Brought forward. \& \& \& \& \$241, 89418 \& \$830, 64743 \& \$42,49682 \& \$1, 115, 03843 \& \$891,229 99 \& \$13, 08941 \& \$210, 71903 \\
\hline Omalkas............ \& \& 22 \& 439 \& 7,814 96 \& 10,000 00 \& 11031 \& 17,925 27 \& 9,239 83 \& \& 8,685 44 \\
\hline Osages. \& \& 22 \& 439 \& 3,851 25 \& 18,456 00 \& 14357 \& 22,450 82 \& 22,186 50 \& \& 26432 \\
\hline Otoes and Misso \& \& 22 \& 440 \& \& 5,000 00 \& - 2170 \& 5, 22220 \& 4,675 23 - \& \& 34497 \\
\hline Pawnees \& \& \({ }_{22}^{22}\) \& 440 \& 4,57683
\(+1,81769\) \& \({ }^{30,000} 000\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ -\quad 69136 \\ \hline 43\end{array}\) \& 35, 26819 \& 30,49085
6,587

20, \& \& 4,777
3
3 <br>
\hline Poncas ....... \& \& 28 \& 440-1 \& 1,817 89 \& $\begin{array}{r}8,000 \\ 20,647 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 4
109 \& 21,514 51 \& -6, 213 \& \& 1, $000117^{\sim}$ <br>
\hline Pottawatomies of Huro \& \& 22 \& 441 \& \& 40000 \& \& 40000 \& 40000 \& \& <br>
\hline Quapaws. \& \& 22 \& 441 \& 22844 \& 1,000 00 \& \& 1,228 44 \& 1, 06362 \& \& 16482 <br>
\hline Sacs and Foxes of the Mississipp \& \& $\stackrel{22}{22}$ \& ${ }_{441}^{441}$ \& 4,922 72 \& 51,000
7,870
00 \& 3,95991
370 \& $\begin{array}{r}59,88263 \\ 7,873 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 48,447
7,873
70 \& \& 11, 43538 <br>
\hline Seminolea \& \& 22 \& 441-2 \& \& 28,500 00 \& \& 28, 50000 \& 28,500 00 \& \& <br>
\hline Senecas. \& \& $\stackrel{22}{22}$ \& 442 \& \& 3, 69000 \& 1,580 00 \& 5, 27000 \& 3,640 00 \& \& 1,630 00 <br>
\hline Senecas of New York \& \& 22 \& 442 \& \& ,11,902 50 \& 33309 \& 12, 23559 \& 11, 90250 \& \& 33309 <br>
\hline Shawnees \& \& $\stackrel{22}{22}$ \& 442 \& 27296
300
52 \& 5,000000 \& 5081 \& 5, 2729.96 \& 5,000 00 \& \& 27296
1,70810 <br>
\hline Shoshones. \& \& 22 \& 443 \& 1,025 86 \& 11,000 00 \& 40538 \& 12, 43124 \& $9,00152^{+}$ \& \& 3, 42972 <br>
\hline Sioux of Dakota \& \& \& \& 24883 \& \& \& 24883 \& \& \& 24883 <br>
\hline Sioux of Yankton tribe . ${ }_{\text {Sisseton, }}$ Wahpeton and Santee Siou \& \& 22 \& 444 \& 6,78458 \& 25, 00000. \& 19888 \& 31, 98346 \& 18,839 09 \& \& 13, 14437. <br>
\hline of Lake Traver§e and Devil's Lake. \& \& \& \& 2, 56251 \& \& 3, 80358 \& 6, 36609 \& 6,047 80 \& \& 31829 <br>
\hline Six Nations of New York \& \& 22 \& 443 \& 20486 \& 4,500 00 \& 1,182 86 \& 5,887 72 \& 5,675 53 \& \& 21219 <br>
\hline Snakes, Wa-pah \& \& \& \& 58451 \& \& \& ${ }_{536} 58$ \& \& \& +58475 <br>
\hline Winnebagoes.... \& \& 22 \& 445 \& 201, 15857 \& 44, 162 47 \& 47960 \& 245, 79564 \& 74, 06837 \& \& 171, 727.27 <br>
\hline W yandottes. \& \& \& \& 28880 \& \& \& 28880 \& \& \& 28880 <br>
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of \& \& \& \& 13,090 26 \& \& \& 13, 09026 \& 5,243 48 \& \& 7, 84678 <br>
\hline serve lands in Kansas.. \& \& \& \& 724, 13741 \& \& \& 724, 13741 \& \& \& 724, 13741. <br>
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of school \& \& S \& 2093-6 \& 86034 \& 4000000 \& \& 86034
40,00000 \& 40,000 00 \& \& 86034 <br>
\hline Kansas, proceeds of lands... \& \& \& \& 32,203 18 \& \& \& 32, 20318. \& \& \& -32, 20318 <br>
\hline Menomonees. proceeds of land \& \& \& \& 6, 255969 \& \& \& 6, 25569 \& 5, 90953 \& \& 346.18 <br>

\hline Miamies of Kansas, proceeds of la Omabas, proceeds of lands. \& \& R.S. \& -2093-6 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
57924 \\
-71226
\end{array}
$$ \& 14,302 17 \& \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline 14,971 & 41 \\
712 & 26
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 1,757. 57 \& \& 13,21384

712
7126 <br>
\hline Otoes and Missourias, proceeds of lands. \& \& \& \& 219,503 45 \& \& \& 219,503 45 \& \& \& 219,503 45 <br>
\hline Pawnees, proceeds of lands............... \& \& \& \& 471, 855.68 \& \& \& 471, 855 -68 \& 302, 62622 \& \& 169,229 46 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRIATIONS UNEXPENDED.June 30, 1883, fe.-Continued.

| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year | Statates. |  | Balances of appropriations July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | Repayments made dul: ing the fiscal уear 1884 | Aggregate arailable for the fiscalyear ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dut ing the fiscal year endingJune $30,1884$. | Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriatious June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or sec tion. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interior-Indians-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$5,335, 71821 | \$1, 471, 74031 | \$73, 18174 | \$6,880, 64026 | \$1, 967, 64110 | \$13,089 41 | \$4, 899, 90975 |
| Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw fund |  |  |  | 2,700 92 |  |  | 2,700 92 |  |  | 2,700 02 |
| Interest on Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw fund |  | R.S. | 93-6 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do ............................... | 1884 | 22 | 450 |  | 4,801 00 |  | 4,801 00 | 4,801 00 |  |  |
| Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw school fund |  |  |  | 20,71197 |  |  | 20,711 97 |  |  | 20, 71197 |
| Interest on Kaskaskia, Peoria, Wea, and Piankeshaw school fund |  |  |  | 55577 |  | 21596 |  | 34720 |  |  |
| Do... | 1884 | 22 | 450 |  | 1,44900 |  | 1, 44900 |  |  | 1,460 1,449 200 205 |
| Do |  |  |  | 954.00 |  |  | 954 00 | 95125 |  |  |
| Kickapoo g | 1882 |  |  | 128,57175 |  |  | 128,571 ${ }^{383} 78$ |  |  | 128, 57178 |
| Interest on Kickapoo gen |  | R.S. | 2093-6 | 2, 41655 | 6,428 58 | 3824 | 8, 88337 | 6,735 42 |  | 2,147 95 |
| L'Anse and Vieux de Sert Chippew |  |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 |
| Interest on L'Anse and Vienx de Sert Chip pewa fund |  | S. | 2093-6 | 1,022 54 | 1,000 00 | 77 | 2, 03029 |  |  | 2,030 29 |
| Menomonee fund |  |  |  | 134, 03938 |  |  | 134,039 38 |  |  | 134, 03938 |
| Interest on Menomon | 1884 | R. S. | 2093-6 | 4,477 97 | 6,70196 | 15550 | 11,335 350 | 7, 375 |  | 3, 96014 |
| Interest on Osage f |  | R:S. | 2093-6 | - 373,19997 | 162',429 66 | 68793 | - 536,31756 | 166,500 |  | 369, 81676. |
| Osage school fund |  |  |  | 119, 911 ¢3 |  |  | 119,911 53 |  |  | 119,911 53 |
| Interest on Osage school fund |  | R. S. | 2093-6 | 3, 08821 | 5,995 58 | 40860 | 9,492 39 | 3,778 81 |  | 5,713 58 |
| Interest on Otoe and Missouria |  | R.S. | 2093-6 | 7, 8441.0 | 10,979 50 | 1,177 16 | 20, 00076 | 13,116 58 |  | 6, 88418 |
| Ottawa and Chippewa fund. |  |  |  | 16,956 25 |  |  | 16,956 25 |  |  | 16,956 25 |
| Interest on Ottawa and Chip |  | R.S. | $2093-6$ 450 | 37,084 51 | $\begin{aligned} & 83792 \\ & 230 \end{aligned}$ |  | 37, 9323038 |  |  | 37, 93233 |
|  | 1882 |  |  | ${ }_{230}^{230} 00$ |  |  | 23000 |  |  | 2300 |
| Ponca fund |  |  |  | 70,000 00 |  |  | 70,00000 |  | 230 |  |
| Interest on Ponca fund |  | R.S. | 2093-6 | -34 78 | 3,500 00 | 2966 | 3,564 44 | 3,50000 |  | 6444 |
| Pottawatomie education fund |  |  |  | 72, 993 93 |  |  | 72, 99393 |  |  | 72,993 93 |
| Interest on Pottawatomie educati |  | R.S. | 2093-6 | 1,785 52 | 3, 84970 | 49365 | 6,128 87 | 3,480 94 |  | 2,647 93 |
| Pottawatomie general |  |  |  | 89,618 31 318 89 87 | 48092 |  | $\begin{array}{r}89,61857 \\ 36304 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 89, 61857 |
| Pottawatomie mills fund... |  |  |  | 17,482 07 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}36,304 \\ 17 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,130 00 |  |  |
| Interest on Pottawatomie |  | R.S. | 2093 | 332 | 874 |  | 1 | -39844 |  | 17, ${ }_{807} 71$ |



STATEMENT exhibiting the BALANCES of APPROPRLATIONS UNEXPENDED June 30, 1883, \&e.-Continued.

| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of appropriation July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal yeariend. ing June 30 , 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year;1884. | Aggregate available for the Hscal year ending June $30,1884$. | Payments dur ing the fiscal y ear ending June 30, 1884. | Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or section. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interior-Indians-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$12, 150, 61520 | \$2, 191, 83919 | \$89, 70493 | \$14, 432, 15932 | \$2, 318,853 39 | \$23, 05106 | \$12, 090, 254.87 |
| Incidental-expenses Indian service inMontana | 1884 | 22 | 447 |  | 5,000 00 | 10000 | 5, 10000 | 5,100 00 |  |  |
| Do........... | 1883 |  |  | 1,145 65 |  | 1,347 75 | 2,493 40 | 55320 |  | 1,940 20 |
| Do. | 1882 |  | ........... | 1, 07653 |  | 19410 | 1,270 63 |  | 1,270 63 | 1,340 |
| Do | 1881 |  |  |  |  | - 398 | 398 |  | 398 |  |
| Do .-.................. (transf | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 398 | 3 98: | - 398 |  |  |
| Nevada............................... | 1884 | 22 | 447 |  | 13,000 00 |  | 13,000 00 | 12,600 73 |  | 39927 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 7780 |  | 22581 | - 30361 | 9000 |  | 21361 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 368 |  |  | 368 |  | 368 |  |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 413 | $4 \% 13$ |  | 413 |  |
| New Mexico, | 1884 | 22 | 447 |  | 5,000 00 | 16732 | 5, 16732 | 5, 08953 |  | 7779 |
| Do.... | 1883 |  |  | 2500 |  | 42470 | 44970 |  |  | 44970. |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 43606 |  | $\bigcirc 50$ | 44156 | 27350 | 16806 |  |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 279 | 279. |  | 279 |  |
| Oregon ${ }^{\text {Do. }}$ | 18794* | 22 | 448 | 9296 | 22,000 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9296 \\ 22,000 \quad 00 \end{array}$ | 16, 55559 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9296 \\ 5,44441 \end{array}$ |
| Oregon ${ }_{\text {Do }}$ | 1883 | 22 |  | 1,81370 | 2,000 0 | 65029 | 2,46399 | 1,275 20 |  | 1,188 79 |
| Do | 1832 |  |  | 1, 925 |  | 7955 | 8880 |  | 8880 |  |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 700 81 | $\begin{array}{r}700 \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline 130\end{array}$ |  | 700 |  |
| Do | 1881 t |  |  |  |  | 23130 | 1023130 | $\begin{array}{r} 23130 \\ -590 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Utab | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | . 10,000 00 | 8915 47938 | 10, 08915 | $9,53913$ |  | 55002 53691 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 11803 |  | 47938 29940 | $59741$ | 6050 |  | 53691 |
| W ashington | 1888 |  |  |  |  | 29940 | 15, 29940 |  | 29940 |  |
| W ashington | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 15,000 00. | 336 687 68 | 15, 33602 | 14,03127 50 50 |  | 1,30475 65547 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 1816 20070 |  | 68781 | 70597 .$\quad 20070$ | 5050 1950 | 18120 | 65547 |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 23 | - 23 |  | 23 |  |
| Do...................... (transf | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 20036 | 20036 | 20036 |  |  |
| W yoming | $1884^{-}$ | 22 | 448 |  | 1, 50000 | 5224 | 1,552 24 | 60000 |  | 95224 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 1,79165 |  | 1470 | 1, 80635 |  |  | 1,806 35 |
| Support of Apaches, K-...................... | 1882 | 22 | 435 | 89373 | 22,70000 | 242 | 89615 22,70000 | 22, 70000 | 80615 |  |
| Do............................ | 1883 |  |  | 11950 |  | 44559 | + 56509 | 22, 100 |  | 56509 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 10618 |  | 291 | 10909 | 150 | 10759 |  |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 34975 | 34975 |  | 34975 |  |



| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | $\frac{\text { St }}{\text { Vol }}$ | tatutes. <br> Page or section. | Balances of ap propriations July 3, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscalyear ending June 30, 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending Jnne 30, 1884. | Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Amonnts car ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of approṕriations June $30,1884$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interior-Indians-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$12,189, 26943 | \$2,861, 13919 | \$104,002 72 | \$15, 154, 41134 | \$2,960,367 08 | \$45, 14809 | \$12, 14889617 |
| Support of Chippewas on White Earth Reservation | 1883 |  |  | 3306 |  | 8589 | 11895 | 11600 |  | 295 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 53030 |  |  | 53030 |  | 53030 |  |
| Support of confederated tribes and bands in Middle Oregon | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 7,000 00 | 3259 | 7,032 59 | 7,002 08 |  | 3051 |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 9367 |  | 42671 | 52038 | 13500 |  | 38538 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 8764 |  |  | 8764 |  | 8764 |  |
| Support of Crows | 1884 | 22 | 437 |  | 75,000 00 | 71567 | 75,715 67 | 74,659 26 |  | 1, 05241 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 43287 | 184387 |  |  | 43287 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 18,537 35 |  | 2282 307 | 18,560 17 |  | 18,560 17 |  |
| Support of D'Wamish and other allied tribes | 1881* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| in Washington................-............... | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 8, 00000 | 50 | 8,00050 | 7,022 62 |  | 97788 |
| Do........................ | 1883 |  | ...-........ | 3, 07216 |  | 46214 | 3, 53430 | 3,422 84 |  | 11146 |
| Do. | ${ }_{1882}{ }^{1882}$ | .... |  | 42840 | ............. | 1000 | 42840 1000 |  | 42840 1000 |  |
| Support of Flatheads and otherconfederated tribes | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 13,000 00 | 1000 | 13, 00000 | 1294793 |  | 5207 |
| $\cdots$ Do | 1883 | 22 |  | 1,64646 |  | 12317 | 1, 76963 | 12.3 |  | 1,769 63 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 151 |  |  | 151 |  | 151 |  |
| Support of Gros Ventres in Montan | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 18, 00000 | 26847 | 18, 26847 | 18,243 98 |  | 2449 |
| Do......... | 1883 |  |  | 1, 55343 |  | 15130 | 1,704 73 | 1,546 77 | 78027 | 15796 |
| Do..................................... | 1882 |  |  | 78027 |  |  | 78027 |  | 78027 |  |
| Sco ............................................... | 1884 | 22 | 445 |  | 300, 00000 | 23973 | 300, 23973 | 273, 03997 |  | 27, 19976 |
| Support of Indians of Central Superintendency | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 18,000 00 | 18509 | 18, 18509 | 13,696 33 |  | 4,488 76 |
| Do.......................................... | 1883 |  |  | 9555 |  | 16522 | 26077 | 12375 |  | 13702 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 75879 |  |  | 75879 |  | 75879 |  |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 17474 | 17474 | 17474 |  |  |
| Support of Indians of Fort Hall Reservation.. | 1884 | 23 | 446 |  | 20,000 00 | 2, 23064 | 22, 23064 | 19,943 42 |  | 2,287 22 |
| Sopport of Indians of Fort Peck Ageucy............................. | 1883 1884 |  | 446 | 2,995 20 | 70,00000 | 18805 76234 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,18325 \\ -\quad 70.76234 \end{array}$ | 1,36626 69,23406 3, | --.......... | $\begin{aligned} & 1,81699 \\ & 1,600 \end{aligned}$ |
| Support of Indians of Fort Peck Ageucy Do | 1884 1883 | 22 | 446 | 3,783 00 | 70,000 00 | 76234 18843 | 70,76234 3,971 43 | 69,23406 3,58604 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,52828 \\ 38539 \end{array}$ |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 1,380 92 |  |  | 1, 38092 |  | 1,380 92 |  |
| Support of Indians in Idabo | 1882 |  |  | 95929 |  | 4150 | 1, 00079 |  | 1,000 79 | - |


| Support of Indians of Klamath Agency | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 6,000 00 |  | 6,000 00 | 5, $83481{ }^{\circ}$ |  | 16519 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do................................ | 1883 |  |  | 56502 | 0,000 | 99 | 56601 | , 831 |  | 56601 |
| Support of Indians of Lemhi Agency | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 19,000 00 | 17954 | 19,17954 | 17,828 40 |  | 1,351 14 |
| Do ...................... | 1883 |  |  | 1, 07080 |  | 22074 | 1,29154 | 1,037 97 |  | 25357 |
| Support of Indians of San Carlos Reservation | 1883 |  |  | 32, 54015 |  | 96749 | 33,507 64 | 31, 61640 |  | 1,891 24 |
| Support of Indiaus in Southeastern Oregon.. | 1882 |  |  | 2500 |  |  | 2500 |  | 2500 |  |
| Support of Iudian schools...................... | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 400,000 00 | 1,908 27 | 401, 90827 | 302,12003 |  | 92, 78824 |
| Support of Indian school near Arkansas City. | 1884 | 22 | 449 |  | 20, 00000 |  | 20, 00000 | 20, 00000 |  |  |
| Support of Indian school at Carlisle, Pa...... | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 68, 500 (00 | 10,986 40 | 79, 48640 | 79, 48640 |  |  |
| Do …...................... | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 8000 | 8000. | 8000 |  |  |
| Support of Indian schools at Forest Grove, Oreg | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 30, 00000 | 27000 | 30, 27000 | 30, 00000 |  | 27000 |
| Do. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 1883 | 22 | 448 | 11,288 56 | 30,000 00 | 1, 60272 | 12, 89128 | 6, 41114 |  | 6, 47980 |
| Support of Indian school at Genoa, Nebr | 1884 | 22 | 449 |  | 20,000 00 |  | 20,000 00 | 14,300 26 |  | 5,609 74 |
| Support of Indian children at Hampton School, Va | 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 16,700 00 |  | 16, 70000 | 14,972 48 |  | 1,727 52 |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 2,162 24 |  |  | 2, 16224 | 1,369 40 |  | 79284 |
| Support of Indian children at schools and in private families. |  |  |  | 100,501 04 |  | 7,670 54 | 108,17158 | 42,796 96 |  | 65, 37462 |
| Support of Indian children at schools in States | 1884 | 22 | 449 |  | 75, 00000 |  | 75, 000.00 | 35,939 88 |  | 39, 06012 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 12,872 63 |  |  | 12, 87263 | 4,451 87 |  | 8, 42076 |
| Support of Jicarilla and Mescalero Apaches, including Mescaleros | 1883 |  |  | 5,240 96 |  | 26027 | 5,50123 | 12495 |  | 5,376 28 |
| Support of Kansas Indians ..................... | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 5, 00000 |  | 5,00000 | 4,999 96 |  | 04 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 12231 | 12231 |  |  | 12231 |
| Do Do | 1882 |  |  | 10526 |  |  | 10526 |  | 10526 |  |
| - Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 347 | 347 |  | 347 |  |
| Support of Kickapo | 1884 | 22 | 438 |  | 6,000 00 | 1329 | 6, 01329 | 5,065 71 |  | 94758 |
| Do. | 1883 1882 |  |  | 2,66195 1165 |  | 380 | 2,665 75 | 55640 | 1165 | 2,109 35 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  | 116 |  | 83827 | 83827 | 83827 |  |  |
| Support of Klamaths and Modo | 1884 | 22 | 438 |  | 6, 10000 |  | 6, 10000 | 6, 08378 |  | 1622 |
| Do........................... | 1883 |  |  | 2300 |  | 359 | 2659 |  |  | 2659 |
| Dupport of Mak | ${ }_{1884} 188$ | 22 |  |  |  | 73 68799 | ( <br> $\mathbf{7 3}$ <br> 5,687 <br> $\mathbf{9 9}$ |  | 73 |  |
| Support of Makah | 1884 | 22 | 446 | 88838 | 5, 00000 | 68799 4500 | $\begin{array}{r}5,687 \\ 933 \\ \hline 988\end{array}$ | 3, 4954 |  | 2,192 679 |
| Do. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 6718 | 6718 |  | 6718 |  |
| Support of Menomonees | 1884 | 22 | 446 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5,00000 | 4,993 51 |  | 649 |
| Do................ | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 79820 | 79820 |  |  | 79820 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 42241 |  |  | 42241 |  | 42241 |  |
| Support of mixed Shoshones, Bannocks, and Sheepeaters. | 1882 |  |  | 29537 | - |  | 29537 |  | 29537 |  |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 2428 | 428 |  | 428 |  |
| Do.............. (transfer account) .. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 125 | 2125 | 2185 |  |  |
| Support of Modocs in Indian Terzitory ...... Do | 1884 | 22 | 447 |  | 5,000 00 | 492 | 5,00492 1860 | 4,525 94 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 47898 \\ 1860 \end{array}$ |
| Carried forward. |  |  |  | 12, 396, 69945 | 4, 077,439 19 | 137, 97980 | 16, 612, 11844 | 4,112, 83419 | 69,930 20 | 12,429, 35405 |
|  |  |  |  | *And p | prior years. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | $\frac{S}{\text { Vol. }}$ | $\qquad$ <br> Page or section. | Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregato available for the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1884. | Payments during the fiseal year ending June 30, 1884. | Ameunts carried to the surplus furd June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropria. tions June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interior-Indiang-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronght forward |  |  |  | \$12, 396, 69945 | \$4, 077, 43919 | \$137, 97980 | \$16,612, 11844 | \$4, 112, 83419 | \$69,930 20 | \$12, 429, 35405 |
| Support of Modocs in Indian Territory | 1882 |  |  | 3264 |  |  | - 3264 |  | -3264 |  |
| Support of Molels ...................... | 1884 | 22 | 439 |  | 3, 00000 |  | 3,00000 1,57646 | 2,906 60 |  | $9340$ |
| Do............. | $1882$ |  |  | 1,57646 |  |  | 1,576 46 |  | 1,57646 |  |
| Support of Moquis Pueblos Snpport of Navajoes | 1883 1884 | 22 | 447 | 4684 | 30,00000 | 21018 | $\begin{array}{r} 25702 \\ 30,00000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17938 \\ 30,000 \quad 00 \end{array}$ |  | 7764 |
| Do........ | 1883 |  |  | 1848 |  | 21081 | -229 29 |  |  | 22929 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 80085 |  |  | 80085 |  | 80085 |  |
| Support of Nez Perces | 1884 | 22 | 439 |  | 3,500 00 |  | 3,500 00 | 3, 39500 |  | 10500 |
| Do.............. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 995 | 995 |  |  | 995 |
| Support of Ne\% Perces of Joseph's ban | 1882 | 22 | 447 | 1,049 74 | 20, 00000 | 27109 | 1,04974 20,27109 | 18, 72324 | 1, 04974 | 1,54785 |
| Do. 2 .... | 1883 |  |  | 16758 |  | 6090 | 22848 |  |  | 1,228 48 |
| Do ......... ..................... | 1882 |  |  | 21479 | -............. |  | 21479 | 18342 | 3137 |  |
| Support of Northern Cheyennes and A hoes | 1884 | 22 | 439 |  | 53, 00000 | 58931 | 53, 58931 | 52,849 81 |  | 73950 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 15;892 77 |  | 18451 | 1607728 | 10,348 05 |  | 5,729 23 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 8,168 80 |  |  | 8, 16880 | 14468 | 8,024 12 |  |
| Do | 1879* |  |  | 6000 |  |  | -6000 |  |  | 6000 |
| Support of Pawnees | 1884 | 22 | 440 | -31501 | 17, 10000 | 48791 | 17,58791 | 17, 07406 |  | 51385 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 1, 31591 |  | 22079 | 1,536 70 | 46483 |  | 1, 07187 |
| Support ${ }^{\text {Do }}$ | 1882 | 22 | 440 | 2,370 69 | 29,500 00 | 21044 | 1,37069 29,71044 | 27, 88499 | 2,37069 |  |
| Supporto | 1883 |  |  | 3,035 87 | 29,500 | 36615 | 29, 40202 | 27,884 3,035 87 |  | 1, 36615 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 33720 | 33720 |  | 33720 |  |
| Support gf Pueblos of New Mexico | 1883 |  |  | 5641 |  | 1,569 45 | 1,625 86 | 5909 |  | 1,566 77 |
| Support of Quapaws | 1884 | 22 | $441^{-}$ |  | 1,060 00 |  | 1,060 00 | 25342 |  | 80658 |
| Do......................... | 1883 |  |  | 88857 |  |  | 88885 |  |  | 88857 |
| Support of Qui-nai-elts and Qui-leh | 1884 | 22 | 447 | 57335 | . 5,00000 | 18000 | $\begin{array}{r}5,00000 \\ 753 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,558 78 |  | 1, 44122 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do } \\ & \text { Do } \end{aligned}$ | 1888 |  |  | 569 <br> 56 |  | 180 200 100 | 75335 57162 |  | 57162 | 753.35 |
| Do | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 150 | 150 |  | 150 |  |
| Support of Sacs and Foxes of Missour | 1884 | 22 | 441 |  | 20000 |  | 20000 | 16600 |  | 3400 |
| Support of Shoshones and Bannocks | 1884 | 22 | 443 | 842513 | 29,437 00 | 5500 27809 | 29,492 00 | 28, 75289 |  | 73911 |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 8,425 10,17 |  | 27809 | 8,70322 10,19047 | 5.58018 11311 | 10,07736 | 3,123 04 |
| Support of schools not otherwise provi for | 1883 |  |  | 4,840 05 |  | 6,88160 | 11., 72165 | 10, 70247 |  | 1,019 18 |




Relief of Louisa Boddy...........................
Relief of Indians at Crow, Fort Belknap, Relief of Indians at Crow, Fort Be
Fort Peck, and Blackfeet Agencies
Fort Peck, and Blackeet Agencies
Removal of Pawnees (reimbursable)
Removal and support of confed. band Utes Deservir of Otoes and Missourias.
Reservoir atheadwaters of the Mississipp School builing and support of scbool fo Stock cattle for Indian industrial sehools. Stock cattle or sheep for Indian Territory.Survey and appraisement of Omaha lands $\dagger$
Survey and appraisement of Umatilla lands $\dagger$ Survey and appraisement of Umatilla lands Survey of Indian reservations.

Total

## INTEHIOR-PENSIONS.

Aṛmy pensions.
Do.
Do.
Pay and allowances, Army surgeons.............................................
Do.
Do....................................................................
Fees of examining surgeons, Army pensions. Do.
Fees for examining surgeons, Army pensions. Do.
Contingent expenses of agents, Army pensions

Do.
Dears of army pensions
Fees for vouchers, arrears of Army pensions Arrears of Navy pensions
Fees for vouchers, arrears of Navy pensions. Nary pensions

Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.
Carried forward

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 23 | 267 |  | 100, 00000 |  | 100, 00000 | 71,022 11 |  | 28,977 89 |
|  |  |  | 7,135 79 |  |  | 7, 13579 | 7, 13579 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 91, 60281 |  | 6,696 63 | 98, 29944 | 74, 34205 |  | 23, 95739 |
|  |  |  | 60,272 14 |  |  | 60, 27214 | 17136 |  | 60, 10078 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 15, 66400 | 15,664 00 |  |  | 15,664 00 |
|  |  |  | 24,480 50 |  |  | 24, 48050 | 24, 19484 |  | 28566 |
| 1884 | 22 | 448 | 24,480 50 | 20,000 00 |  | 20, 00000 | 4,510 00 |  | 15,490 00 |
| 1884 | 22 | 448 |  | 50,00000 |  | 50,00000 | 21, 05944 |  | 28,940 56 |
|  |  |  | 2,500 00 |  | 1,671 06 | 4, 17106 | 4,17106 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3, 50000 |  |  | 3, 50000 | 3,500 00 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 2,50000 |  | 2,500 00 |
|  |  |  | 13, 076, 73593 | 6, 409, 65870 | 211, 884.74 | 19, 698, 27937 | 6,686, 45985 | 106, 95495 | 12,904, 86457 |
| 1884 | 22 | 431 | 24, 584, 00317 | $85,000,00000$ | 15, 397, 94604 | 124, 981, 94921 | 69, 499, 03054 |  | $55,482,91867$ |
| 1883 |  |  |  |  | 6,749 41 | $6,74941$ | $6,74941$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11, 213, 39994 |  | 3,01716 120,421 | 11, 216, $417100^{\circ}$ | 58100 | 11, 215, 83610 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1882 \\ & 1881^{\star} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | L20, 42102 | 120, 42102 |  | $120,42102$ |  |
| 1884 | 22 | 431 | 5, 00272 | 287, 00000 | 30, 50834 | 317, 50834 | 289, 70000 |  | 27,80834 10,16096 |
| $1882{ }^{1881}$ |  |  | 16,055 86 |  | 5824 | 16,055 86 |  | 1605586 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,19673 | 1,196 73 |  | 16, 19673 |  |
| 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | $151\}$ |  | 712,090 00 | 44,533 06 | 756,533 06 | 752, 83260 |  | 3,700 46 |
| 1883 |  |  | 100 |  |  | 100 |  |  | 100 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1884 \\ & 1883 \end{aligned}$ | 23 | 15 |  | 253,538 17 | 75950 | 254, 29767 | 248, 17476 |  | 6,122 91 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1882 \\ & 1881^{*} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 23,37413 | 25, 538 | 1200 | 23, 38613 | 28, 1600 | 23, 370 13 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 86600 | 86600 |  | 86600 |  |
| 1884 | 22 | 431 |  | 5,000 00 | 32960 | 5,329 60 | 5,323 19 |  | 641 |
| , 1888 |  |  | 4,889 45 |  | 43950 | 5,328 95 | 1,177 11 |  | 4,151 84 |
| 1883 |  |  | 4,889 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 362,588 46 |  | 82, 163 | 444, 752 21 | 73,530 74 |  | 371, 22147 |
|  |  |  | -911 60 |  | -115 80 | 1, 02740 | . 4500 |  | ${ }^{982} 40$ |
| ,- |  |  | 36,521 09 |  | 24,781 53 | 61, 30262 | 10,000 00 |  | 51, 30262 |
|  |  |  | -7680 |  | -3650 | - 11330 | 1000 |  | - 111130 |
| -1884 | 22 | 431 | 921,812 17 | 429, 81300 | 719,574 62 | 2, 071, 19979 | - 967, 27222 |  | 1,103, 92757 |
| 1882 |  |  |  |  | 25496 | -25496 | 25496 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 373, 83992 |  |  | 373, 83992 |  | 373, 83992 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1881^{*} \\ & 1880^{*} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 13265 |  | 1, 25510 | 1,25510 13265 |  | 1, 25510 |  |
|  |  |  | 13265 |  |  | 13265 | 13265 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 37, 542, 62467 | 86, 687, 35117 | 16, 440, 11886 | 140,670, 09470 | 71, 854, 82218 | 11, 752, 84086 | 57, 062, 43166 |
|  | $\mathrm{dd} \mathrm{p}$ | or years. |  |  | $\dagger$ Reimbur | rsable. |  |  |  |

$\dagger$ Reimbursable.

|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- |  | Aggregate |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| app |  | Vol. | Page or'sec. tion. | July 1, 1883. | $\text { ing June } 30 \text {, }$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | ending June 30, 1884. | year ending June 30, 1884. | plus fund | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tions Jane } \\ & 30,1884 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Interiol-Pensions--Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$37, 542, 62467 | \$86, 687, 35117 | \$16,440,118 86 | \$140 670,094 70 | \$71, 854, 82218 | \$11,752,840 86 | \$57, 062, 43166 |
| Pay and allowance, Nary pensions | 1884 | 22 | 431 |  | 3, 00000 |  | 3, 00000 | 2,900 00 |  | 710000 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 6,512 26 |  | 91744 | 7,429 70 |  |  | 7, 42970 |
| Do..................................... | 1882 |  |  | 1, 04318 |  |  | 1, 04318 |  | 1,043 18 |  |
| Fees of examining surgeons, Navy pensions. | 1884 | 23 | 15 |  | 13,000 00 | 41632 | 13,00000 1,37632 | 11, 10000 |  | 1,900 00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1883 \\ & 1882 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 1, ${ }^{951} 50$ |  | 41632 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,37632 \\ 1,35150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 1,351 50 | 1,376 32 |
| Navy pension fund |  |  |  | 32, 92871 |  |  | 32, 92871. |  | 1,351 50 | 32, 92871 |
| Total |  |  |  | 37, 585, 42032 | 86, 703, 35117 | 16, 441,452 62 | 140,730,224 11 | 71, 868, 82218 | 11, 755, 23554 | 57, 106, 16639 |
| militany establishment. |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Pay of the Army................................. | 1880* |  |  | 120, 82643 |  |  | 120,826 43 |  |  |  |
| Do........................................ | 1881+ |  |  | 400, 00000 |  | 90, 908 288 | 490, 90828 | $169,20968$ | 90,908 28 | 237, 79032 |
| Do.................. (transfer account).. | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 4,10982 28,95751 | $\begin{array}{r}4,10982 \\ 264,397 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,10982 4295685 |  |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 235, 43955 |  | 28,957 51 | 264,397 06 | 42,956 85 | 221, 44021 |  |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 457 | 154, 45752 | 11, 900, 00000 | 127, 51498 | 12, 027, 51498 | 11, 972, 75071 |  | 51,764 27 |
| Mileage of the Army | 1882 |  |  | 98478 |  | 2,267 49 | 3,252 27 | 11, 74088 | 2,511 39 |  |
| General expenses of the Army ................ | 1882 |  |  | 35, $297 \cdot 39$ |  | 8,720 23 | 44,017 62 | 183.57 | 43,834 05 |  |
| Collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers.................... (transfer account) | 1871* |  |  |  |  | 3021. | 3021 | 3021 |  |  |
| Do...-....................................... | $1871+$ |  |  |  |  | 9979 | 9979 |  | 0979 |  |
| Secret service fund ..... (transfer account).. | 1871* |  |  |  |  | 4,955 78 | 4,955 78 | 4,955 78 |  |  |
| Draft and substitute fund....................... | 1871+ |  |  |  |  | 2493 | , 2493 |  | 2493 |  |
| Pay of the Military Academy | 1882 |  |  | 49,461 15 |  |  | 49,461 15 |  | 49,461 15 |  |
| Do............ | 1883 |  |  | 14,882 50 |  | 11, 41270 | 26, 24510 |  |  | 26, 24520 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 416 |  | 217, 43250 | - 8123 | 217,513 73 | 207, 00000 |  | 10,513 73 |
| Collection and payment of bounty, prize? | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 2142 | 2142 |  | 2142 |  |
| money, \&c., colored soldiers and sailors.. $\}$ | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 2142 | 2142 |  | 2142 | .............. |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 1,010 52 | 1,010 52 |  |  | 1,010 52 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 618 |  | 2,900 00 |  | 2,900 00 | 1,500 00 |  | 1,400 00 |
| Bounty to Fifteenth and Sixteenth Missouri Cavalry Volunteers. |  | 21 | 283 |  | 26,000 00 |  | '26, 00000 | 26,000 00 |  |  |
| Bouaty to volunteers and regulars on enlistment | 1871* |  |  |  |  | 5194 | 5194 |  | 5194 |  |


| Bounty to volunteers, their widows and legal heirs. | 1871* |  |  | 150,000 00 |  | 2,694 37 | 152, 69437 | 150, 000 00 | 2,694 37 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation of officers and their baggage. | 1871 |  |  |  |  | 19414 |  |  | 19414 |  |  |
| Pay of two and three year volunteers (transfer account) | 1871* |  |  |  |  | 95991 | 95991 | 95991 |  |  |  |
|  | 1871* |  |  | 150, 00000 |  | 5,995 49 | 155, 99549 | 123, 09856 | 5,995 49 | 26, 90144 |  |
| Subsistence of the Army | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 10120 | 10120 |  | 10120 |  |  |
| Do............... (transfer account). | ${ }_{1882}{ }^{188}$ |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc 8520$ | 8520 | 1880 | 6640 |  |  |
| Do........................................ ${ }^{\text {Dranar }}$ | 1882 |  |  | 26,617 30 |  | 1, 22754 | 27, 84484 | 4,50722 | 23, 33762 |  |  |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 75, 92588 |  | 24, 78885 | 100, 714.73 | 1, 06049 |  | 99,654 24 |  |
| Do................ (transfer acconnt).. | ${ }_{1884}^{1883}$ | 22 | 457 |  | 1,900, 00000 | 785 44,09809 | 1,944, $\begin{array}{r}788 \\ 09\end{array}$ | 1,485 39500 | 785 | 458, 703 09 |  |
| Regular snpplies of the Qaartermastor's Dopartment | 1879 |  |  |  |  |  | 26775 |  |  | - 26775 |  |
| Do.a....................................... | 1880 |  |  | 2,630 25 |  |  | 2,630 25 |  |  | 2,630 25 |  |
| Do............................... | ${ }^{1881 *}{ }^{*}$ |  |  |  |  | 5,431 60 | 5,431 60 |  | 5,431 60 |  |  |
| Do...................................... | ${ }_{1882}{ }^{1881}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 509 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 3969 88,8351 | 3969 60897 | 88,224 54 |  |  |
| Do....................................... | 1883 |  |  | 61, 90668 |  | 35, 76787 | 97, 67455 | 77, 37039 |  | 20, 30416 |  |
|  | 18888 | 22 | 457 |  | 2, 940, 00000 |  | 3, 032,961 ${ }^{3} 56$ | 2,890, 30854 | 336 | 142,65302 |  |
| Incidental expenses ......................... | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline 1878 \\ 1881 * \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | 1, 45987 |  |  | 1,459 ${ }_{35}^{87}$ |  |  | 1,459 87 | 0 |
| Do................(transfer acconnt)........................ | ${ }_{1881+}^{1881}$ |  |  |  |  | 3531 587 73 | 35 587 73 | 3531 | 58773 |  | 0 |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 13,894 98 |  | 2, 02820 | 15,923 18 | 4,670 08 | 11, 25310 |  | \$ |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 59, 28627 |  | 5,775 78 | 65, 06205 | 37, 12658 |  | 27, 93547 | 9 |
| Do................(transfer account).. | 1883 | 22 | 458 |  | 650, 00000 | 150 324 57 | 650, $\begin{array}{r}15450 \\ 67\end{array}$ |  | 150 | 14656 | 囫 |
| Barracks and quarters ... (transfer account) | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 5,192 73 | 5, 19273 | 5, 19273 |  |  |  |
| Do. | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 85828 | 85828 |  | 85828 |  |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 1,396 76 |  | 56860 | 1,965 36 | 30813 | 1,657 23 |  |  |
| Barracks and quarters. | 1884 | 22 |  | 1,459 84 |  | 3,54930 735 | 5,00914 700,00735 | 1,27463 698,35508 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,734 \\ & 1,652 \\ & 1.67 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Do <br> Fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation due certain land-grant railroads. | 1884 1881 188 | 22 | 459 | 8,325 61 | 700, 00000 |  | 700,00735 8,32561 | $\begin{array}{r}698,35508 \\ 8,325 \\ \hline 101\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| P Do....................................... | 1882 |  |  | 10,486 08 |  |  | 10,48608 | 10,48608 |  |  |  |
| Do. | 1883 | 2 |  | 76, 27652 |  |  | 76, 27652 | 50,379 36 |  | 25, 89716 |  |
| Transportation of the Army and its'supplies (transfer account) | 1884 $1881 \times$ |  | 458 |  | 125, 00000 | $\begin{array}{r}1860 \\ \$ 4.88958 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 125,01860 4,88958 | 20,22639 1,52500 | 3,36458 |  |  |
| Do.... | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 2, 30543 | 2,305 43 |  | 2,305 43 |  |  |
| Do. | 1882 |  |  | 342, 54251 |  | 26, 32792 | 368, 87043 | 12, 39972 | 17.30 | 356,470 71 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 29,478 27 |  | 182, 99364 | 212, 47191 | 116, 69500 |  |  |  |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 458 |  | 3, 475, 00000 | 3,810 17 | 3, 478, 81017 | 3,389, 25592 |  | 89, 55425 |  |
| Do. | 1881 t | 20 | 390 |  | 563, 66644 |  | 563,666 44 | 563, 66644 |  |  |  |
| Carried farward |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2111,58231 \\ * \text { And } p \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,490,99894 \\ & \text { rior years } \end{aligned}$ | 936, 3378 | 25, 547, 91909 | 22,768,886 49 | 554, 47336 | 2, 224, 55924 |  |


|  |  | mik S | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repasments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations., | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing J゙une 30, 1884. | made during the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30,1884 . | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| Military establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$2, 11158231 | \$22, 499, 99894 | \$936,337 84 | \$25, 547, 41909 | \$22, 768, 88649 | \$554,473 36 | \$2, 224, 55924 |
| Transportation of the Army and its supplies | 1882t | 20 | 390 |  | 509, 49081 |  | 509,49081 | 509,490 81 |  |  |
| Do........................................ | $1883+$ | 20 | 390 |  | 411, 55064 |  | 411,550 64 | 411,550 64 |  |  |
| Do...................................... | 1884 | 20 | 390 |  | - 101,327 83 |  | 101, 32783 | 101, 32783 |  |  |
| Horses for cavalry and artillery............... | 1882 |  |  | 4,67064 12,08780 |  | ${ }_{2} 12750$ | 4,79814 |  | 4,798 14 |  |
|  | 1883 | 22 | 457 | 12, 08780 |  | 2, 08366 | 14, 12146 | 9, 00000 |  | 5, 12146 |
| Cavalry, camp and garrison equipage ........ | 1881 | 22 | 457 |  | 200,000 00 | 3,119 <br> 1,494 <br> 1 | 203, 11953 | 184, 62000 | 49471 | 18,499 53 |
| Do ................. (transfer account) .- | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 2489 | 1, 2489 | 2039 | , 450 |  |
| Do ................. (transfer account).. | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 647 | 647 |  | 647 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 123, 83322 |  | 1., 32048 | 125, 15370 |  | 125, 15370 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 34, 87798 |  | 145, 41180 | 180, 28978 | 180,164 58 |  | 12520 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 459 |  | 1, 400, 00000 | 136, 77186 | 1, 536, 77186 | 1, 490,089 88 |  | 46, 68198 |
| National cemeteries | 1882 |  |  | 100 |  | ${ }_{7}^{2} 01$ | 301 5017 |  | 301 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 3,021 70 |  | 2,71147 | 5,733 17 | 4,680 79 |  | 1, 05238 |
| Pay of superintendents | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 100, 00000 | 42000 | 100,42000 273634 | 88,497 98 |  | 11,922 02 |
| Pay of superintendents | 1883 |  |  | 2,736 34 |  | 6120 | 2,736 724 |  | 2,736 34 | 72569 |
| Do..................................... | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 60,440 00 | 61 | 60, $440 \cup 0$ | 59,944 00 |  | 49600 |
| Headstones for graves in private cemeteries. |  |  |  | 68, 32014 |  |  | 68,320 14 | 30,356 14 |  | 37, 96400 |
| Medical and hospital department (transfer account) | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 10000 | - 10000 | 10000 |  |  |
| Do.......................................... | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 22005 | 22005 |  | 22005 |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 12369 |  |  | 12369 | 12369 |  |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 5,993 18 |  | 2,324 64 | 8,317 82 | 7,664 99 |  | 65983 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 459 |  | 190,000 00 | 10,549 64 | 200,599 64 | 185, 30303 |  | 15, 29661. |
| Medical Museum and library | 1884 | 22 | 459 |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10,000 00 | 10, 00000 |  |  |
| Artificial limbs. | 1884 | 22 | 618 | 81, 41958 | 110,000 00 | 9, 08859 | 200, 50817 | 19], 54214 |  | 8,966 03 |
| Appliances for disabled soldiers | 1882 |  |  | 2,000 00 |  | 64400 | 2,644 00 |  | 2,644 00 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 1,500 00 |  | 17375 | 1, 67375 |  |  | 1,673 75 |
| Do......................... Construction and repair of hospita | $1884{ }^{+}$ | 22 | 618 |  | 2,000 00 |  | 2, 000000 | 1,016 00 |  | 98400 |
| Construction and repair of hospit | $1881{ }^{188}$ |  |  | 2,036 36 |  | 53289 15665 | 532 2,19301 | 50114 | 53289 1.69187 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | - 3222 |  | 86194 | 2, 89416 | 50114 | 1,691 87 | 89416 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 459 |  | 100, 00000 |  | 100,000 00 | 99,992 48 |  | 752 |
| Testing-machine | 1882 |  |  | 62176 |  |  | 62176 |  | 62176 |  |
| Do. | 1883 | 22 | 460 |  | 10.00000 | 389 | 389 10,00000 | --10,000... |  | 389 |



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \& \& tatutes． \& \& Appropria． \& nents \& Aggregate \& ments dur \& Amounts \& alances of \& <br>
\hline \& \& Vol． \& Page or sec tions． \& July 1， 1883. \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { nscal year end } \\
\text { ing June }, \\
30,1884 .
\end{gathered}
$$ \& ing the fiscal уear 1884. \& ending June 30， 1884. \& jear ending June 30， 1884. \& surplus fund June 30， 1884. \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { tions June } \\
& 30,1884 .
\end{aligned}
$$ \& <br>
\hline Military establighment－Continued． \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Brought forward \& \& \& \& \＄3，536， 29344 \& \＄27，868， 00257 \& \＄1，316， 12920 \& \＄32，720， 42521 \& \＄28，518， 37532 \& \＄945，528 17 \& 256，521 72 \& <br>
\hline Fort Scammel，Maine \& \& \& \& 18130 \& \& \& 18130 \& \& \& 18130 \& <br>
\hline Fort Lazaretto Point，Maryland．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \& \& \& \& 13， 000000 \& \& \& 13,00000
983 \& \& \& 13， 000000 \& <br>
\hline Fort Saint Philip，Mississippi River，Louisiana \& \& \& \& 25， $000{ }^{9} 33$ \& \& \& 9

25,000

00 \& \& \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
9 \\
25,000 \\
00
\end{array}
$$ \& 종 <br>

\hline Fort Dnncan，Texas \& \& \& \& 10， 00000 \& \& \& 10， 00000 \& \& \& 10， 00000 \& $\bigcirc$ <br>
\hline Fort Jackson，Mississippi River，Louisiana \& \& \& \& 2， 52750 \& \& \& 2， 52750 \& 2，527 50 \& \& \& \％ <br>
\hline Fort Palaski，Savannah River，Georgia \& \& \& \& 34
9 \& \& \& 3443 \& \& \& ${ }^{34} 43$ \& <br>
\hline Ringgold Barracks．．． \& 2 \& \& \& 9，700 ${ }^{9} 0$ \& \& \& 9，700 $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 60\end{array}$ \& \& 9，700 62 \& \& <br>
\hline Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \& 1883 \& \& \& 10， 23092 \& \& 7,64452 \& 17， 87544 \& 6，961 44 \& 9, \& 10，914000 \& \％ <br>
\hline Do \& 1884 \& 22 \& 471 \& \& 175，000 00 \& 2， 60246 \& 177， 60246 \& 171，298 77 \& \& 6，303 69 \& <br>
\hline Engineer depotat Willets Point，N．Y \& 1884 \& 22 \& 459 \& \& 7，000 00 \& 7， 00000 \& 14， 00000 \& 14，000 00 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Steam launch or tug at harbor of refuge， Lake Huron，Michigan． \& \& \& \& 10， 00000 \& \& \& 10，000 00 \& \& \& 10，000 00 \& 式 <br>
\hline Improving harbor a Belfast， $\mathbf{M} \theta$ \& \& \& \& 3，000 00 \& \& \& \& \& \& 2，800 00 \& <br>
\hline Portland，Me． \& \& \& \& 10，000 00 \& \& \& $10,000-00$ \& 10，000 00 \& \& 2，800 00 \& － <br>
\hline Portsmouth，N．H \& \& \& \& 10，000 00 \& \& \& 10， 00000 \& 5,00000 \& \& 5，000 00 \& 夋 <br>
\hline Burlington，Vt． \& \& \& \& 3， 00000 \& \& \& 3，000 00 \& 3， 00000 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Hyannis，Mass \& \& \& \& ${ }^{278} \mathbf{2 7 3}$ \& \& \& ${ }^{21} 27863$ \& ${ }_{66} 1781$ \& \&  \& 咢 <br>
\hline Nostucket，Mass \& \& \& \& 25， 17210 \& \& \& 25， 17210 \& 20， 17210 \& \& \& （ <br>
\hline Newburyport，Mass \& \& \& \& 35， 00000 \& \& \& 35， 00000 \& 35， 00000 \& \& \& <br>
\hline LJnn，Mass．． \& \& \& \& 58， 18112 \& \& \& 58， 18112 \& 3， 18112 \& \& 55， 00000 \& <br>
\hline Provincetown， \& \& \& \& 956． 71 \& \& \& 2293
956
71 \& ${ }_{956}^{22} 91$ \& \& \& <br>
\hline Scituate，Mass \& \& \& \& 1， 67228 \& \& \& 1， 67228 \& 1，672 28 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wareham，Mass \& \& \& \& 2， 37932 \& \& \& 2，379 32 \& 2，379 32 \& \& \& <br>

\hline Of refuge，Wood＇s Holl，Mass \& \& \& \& | 40,000 |
| :--- |
| 14,305 | \& \& \& 40， 00000 \& 40， 00000 \& \& \& <br>

\hline At Newport，R．I． \& \& \& \& 14， 30550 \& \& 16320 \& 14， 30550 \& 14， $305{ }_{163} 50$ \& \& \& <br>
\hline New Haven，Coon \& \& \& \& 15，00000 \& \& \& 15，000 00 \& 15，000 00 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Improving breakwater，New Haven，Conn \& \& \& \& 35， 00000 \& \& \& 35， 00000 \& 35， 00000 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Improviog harbor，Buffalo，N．Y ．．．．．．． \& \& \& \& 125， 00000 \& \& \& 1225，000 00 \& 65,00000 \& \& 6000000 \& <br>
\hline Improving channel in Gowanus Bay，N．York \& \& \& \& 20， 00000 \& \& \& 20， 00000 \& 20， 00000 \& \& \& － <br>

\hline Improving harbor，Port Chester，N．${ }^{\text {Improving }}$ harbor，Charlotte N ． X ． \& \& \& \& | 16,950 |
| :--- |
| 32,000 |
| 00 | \& \& \& | $1.6,950$ |
| :--- |
| 32,000 | \& | 1,600 |
| :--- |
| 30 |
| 1000 |
| 000 | \& \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
15,35000 \\
2,00000
\end{array}
$$
\] \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of ap propriations July 1, $1883^{\circ}$. | Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggrecate avallable for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Pajments dur ing the fiscal year endingJune 30,1884 June 30, 1884 : | Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Page orsec- } \\ & \text { tion. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Military mstablishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.... |  |  |  | \$5, 858, 14323 | \$28, 050,002 57 | \$1, 376, 42235 | \$35, 284, 56815 | \$30,531,464 21 | \$955, 22879 | \$3,797, 87515 |
| Improving harbor of refuge near Cincinnati, Ohio |  |  |  | 16,000 00 |  |  | 16,000 00 | 40000 |  | 15,600.00 |
| Improving harbor atBlack River, Ohio |  |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000 00 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Frairport, ohio..... |  |  |  | 2,500 00 |  |  | 2,500 00 | 2,200 00 |  | 30000 |
| Improving ice harlor, mouth of Muskingum River, Ohio. |  |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000 00 |
| Improving harbor at-: Sandusky City, Ohio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50000 |
| Toledo Ohio........ |  |  |  | 24, 00000 |  |  | 24,000 00 | 17,00000 |  | 7,000 00 |
| Vermillion O Ohio |  |  |  | 2,00000 | , |  | 2,000 00 | 2,000 00 |  |  |
| Michigan City ${ }^{\text {Rock }}$ Island, |  |  |  | 18,000 6,000 00 |  |  | 18,00000 6.000 00 | 18,000 00 |  | 00000 |
| Chicago, 11. |  |  |  | 75, 00000 |  |  | 75,00000 | 75,00000 |  | ,00 |
| Calomet, InI. |  |  |  | 10, 00000 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10, 00000 |  |  |
| Wankegan, Cheboyran, |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 000000 | 5, 000000 |  |  |
| Au Sable, Mich. |  |  |  | 2,000 00 |  | 2,900 55 | 4,900 55 |  |  | 4,90055 |
| Mouth of Cedar River, Michigan |  |  |  | 14,000 00 |  |  | 14, 00000 | 14,000 00 |  |  |
| Charlevoix, Mich |  |  |  | 1,000 00 |  |  | 1,000 00 | 1, 00000 |  |  |
| Frankfort, Mich Grand Haven, Mich |  |  |  | 2, 00000 8,15480 |  | 1,845 |  |  |  |  |
| Improving harbor of refuge, Lake Huron, |  |  |  |  |  | 1,845 | 10,000 00. | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Michigan ................... |  |  |  | 40,000 00 |  | 11,381 58 | 51, 38158 | 51, 38158 |  |  |
| Improving harbor at- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ludington, Mich. |  |  |  | 3,000 2,000 200 |  | ..... | 3,000 2,000 2,00 | 3,000 <br> 2,000 <br> 100 |  |  |
| Marquette, Mich |  |  |  | 9, 00000 |  |  | 9, 00000 | 3, 00000 |  | 6,000 00 |
| Muskegon, Mich |  |  |  | 5,00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| New Buffalu, Mich |  |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5, 000000 | 5,00000 |  |  |
| Ontonagon, Mich . |  |  |  | 15, ${ }^{1} \mathbf{0} 000000$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}15,000 \\ 3,000 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 15, 00000 |  |  |
| Pentwater, Mich Ma................... Improving Portage Lake harbor of refuge, |  |  |  | 3,000 00 |  |  | 3, 00000 | 3, 00000 |  |  |
| Mich ................................ |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Mich |  |  |  | 61,500 00 |  |  | 61,500 00 | 57,500 00 |  | 4,000 00 |



| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of appropriations July 1, 1883: | Appropriations for the fiscal year end ing June 30, 1884. | Repayments mado dur. ing the fiscal у уаг 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal yeal ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dur ing the fiscal year endingJune $30,1884$. June 30, 1884 | Amonnts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropria. tions June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or sec tion. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Military establibhment-Contiuued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward. |  |  |  | \$6, 777, 57600 | \$28, 050, 00257 | \$1, 396, 08024 | \$36, 223, 65881 | \$31, 328, 78097 | \$955, 22879 | \$3,939,649 05 |
| Improving Providence River and Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island |  |  |  | $\text { 107, } 02625$ |  | 8880 | 107, 11505 | 107, 11505 |  |  |
| Improving Pawtucket River, Rhode Island. |  |  |  | [ 52958 |  |  | - 52958 | - 8880 |  | 44078 |
| Improving Connecticut River, Connecticat. |  |  |  | 44,56015 <br> 20,000 <br> 00 |  |  | 44,560 15 | 28, 30597 |  | 16,254 18 |
| Improving Connecticut River between Hart. |  |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 | 20,000 00 |  |  |
| ford and Holyoke, Conn.... |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 |
| Removing obstructions in East River and Hell Gate Now York |  |  |  | 30, 00000 |  |  | 30,000 00 | 22,000 00 |  | $8,00000^{\circ}$ |
| Improving Grass River at Massena, N. Y |  |  |  | 2,500 00 |  |  | 2,500 00 | 22,000 |  | 2, 50000 |
| Improving Hudson River, New York |  |  |  | 45,00000 |  |  | 45, 00000 | 37, 00000 |  | 8,00000 |
| Improving Newtown Creek, New Yor |  |  |  | 5,000 1 1500 |  |  | 5,00000 | 5,00000 |  | 0 |
| Improviug Buttermilk Chavuel, New York |  |  |  | 1,50000 |  |  | 50,000 00 | 50,000000 |  | 50000 |
| Improving Harlem River, New York |  |  |  | 400,00000 |  |  | 400, 00000 |  |  | 400, 00000 |
|  |  |  |  | 7, 00000 |  |  | 7, 000000 | 7, 000000 |  |  |
| Improving Cobansey Creek, New Jersey .... |  |  |  |  |  | 51507 | 51567 | 51567 |  |  |
| Improving Cheesequakes Creek, Now Jersey |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14,00000 \\ 5,000 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}14,000 \\ 5,000 \\ \hline 1,00\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14,00000 \\ 5,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Improving Manasquan River, New Jersey... |  |  |  | 1,00000 |  |  | 1,000 00 |  |  | 1, 00000 |
| Improviug Mantau Creek, New Jersey |  |  |  | 3, 00000 |  |  | 3,000 00 |  |  | 3, 00000 |
| Improving Manrice River, New Jersey |  |  |  | 3,00000 |  |  | 3, 00000 |  |  | 3;000 00 |
| Inproving Passaic River, New Jersey ...... |  |  |  | 8,932 62 |  |  | 8,932 62 | 8,932 62 |  |  |
| Improving Passaic River from Pennsylvauia Railroad bridge to moutin. New Jersey |  |  |  | $28,00000$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improving Rahway River, New Jersey... |  |  |  | 5 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,00000 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Salem River, New Jorsey |  |  |  | 5. |  | 1,490 66 | 1,490.66 |  |  | 1, 49068 |
| Improving Raritan River, Newr Jersey |  |  |  | 15, 200000 |  |  | 15,000 00 | 15,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Racoon River, New Jersey....... |  |  |  | 2,250 15,000 00 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,250 \\ 15,000 \\ \hline 1800\end{array}$ |  |  | 2,242 77 |
| Improving Shrewsbury River, New dersey.. |  |  |  | 15,000 00 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}15,000 \\ 471 \\ 400 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15,000 47100 |  |  |
| 1mproving Woodbury Creek, New Jersey |  |  |  | 4,50000 |  | 4969 | 4,549 69 |  |  | 4,549 69 |
| Improving Delaware River below Bridesburg, Pa |  |  |  | 84, 00000 |  | 7,44589 | 91,445 89 | 91, 44589 |  |  |
| Improving Delaware River between Trenton and Bridesburg, Pa |  |  |  |  |  | 23277 | ' 23277 | 23277 |  |  |

Improving Delaware River at Schooner Ledge, Pennsylvania and Delaware Island Flats, Pennsylvania and Delaware Improving Frankfort Creek, Pennsylvania. Improving North Branch of Susquehanna River, Pennsglrania
mproving Schuylkill River, Pennsylrania mproving Broadkiln River, Delaware Improving Indian River, Delaware.. Improving Saint Jones River, Delaware Improving Corsica Creek, Maryland Improving Eik River Maryland
Improving water passage between Deal's Island and the mainland, Maryland mproving Wicomico River, Maryland Improving Potomac River, Distriet of Columbia.
 Improving Appomattox River, Virginia Improving Archer's Hope River, Virginia Improving James River, Virginia.
mproving Nomini Creek, Virginia................ mproving North Landing River, Virginia mproving Now Rive
Virginia $o w$ River, Virginia and Wost Improving Pamunkey River, Virginia
Improving Monongahela River, West-Virginia.
mproving Staunton River, Virginia Improving Totuskr River, Virginia
mproving Pagan Creek, Virginia................... Improving Monocgahela River, W:est Virginia and Pennsylvania.
Improving Elk River; West-Virginia
mproving Shenandoan River, W.est Virginia Improving Guyandotte River, West Virginia ginia..... ginia.
proving Little Kanawha River, West Vir mproving Cape Fear River from ocean to Wilmington, N.C.
Improving Cape Fear River from Wilming ton to Fayetteville, N.C
Improving French Broad River, North Carolina
Carried forward

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|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- |  | Aggregate | Payments dur- | A | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Fear. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal уеаг 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { the fiscal year } \\ & \text { ending June } \\ & 30,1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year ending <br> June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations Jane $30,1884$. |
| Military mbtablishment-Contioued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$8, 681, 55197 | \$28, 050, 002 57 | \$1, 418, 843 98 | \$38, 150, 39850 | \$32, 510, 38814 | \$955, 22879 | \$4, 684, 78157 |
| Improving Meherrin River, North Carolina |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Neuse River, North Carolina.... |  |  |  | 20, 00000 |  |  | 20,000 00 | 11, 00000 |  | 9, 000.00 |
| Improving New River, North Carolina........ |  |  |  | 5,00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5,00000 |
| Improving Pamlico and Tar Rivers, North Carolina. |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Roanoke River, North Carolina |  |  |  | 2, 00000 |  |  | 2, 00000 | 2,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Trent River, North Carolina |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Yadkin River, North Carolina.... |  |  |  | 31,00000 |  |  | 31,00000 | 8,500 00 |  | 22,500 00 |
| Inproving Santee River, South Carolina ... |  |  |  | 40, 00000 |  |  | 40,00000 | 25, 00000 |  | 15,000 00 |
| Improving salkabatchio River, south Carolina |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Wateree River, South Carolina. |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Altamaha River, Sonth Carolina |  |  |  | 14,000 00 |  |  | 14,000 00 | 14,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Chattahoochee River, Georgia. |  |  |  | 15, 00000 |  |  | 15,00000 | 15,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Coosa River, Georgia and Alabama |  |  |  | 41, 30000 |  |  | 41,300 00 | 23, 00000 |  | 18, 30000 |
| Improving Flint River, Georgia. |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5, 00000 | 5,00000 |  |  |
| Improving Oemulgee River, Georg |  |  |  | 1, 000000 |  |  | 1, 00000 | 1, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Oconee River, Georgia............. |  |  |  | 3,500 00 |  |  | 3,500 00 | 3,500 00 |  |  |
| Improving Oostenaula and Coosawattee Rivers, Georgia |  |  |  | ], 00000 |  | - | 1,000 00 |  |  | 1,000 00 |
| Improving Romley Marsh, Georgia |  |  |  | - 9, 93837 |  |  | 9,938 37 | 9, 93837 |  |  |
| Improving Etowa River, Georgia............. |  |  |  | 8,70000 |  |  | 8,700 00 |  |  | 8,700 00 |
| Improving Saint Angustine Creek, Georgia. |  |  |  | 3,41766 |  |  | 3,417 66 |  |  | 3,41766 |
| Improving Apalachicola River, Florida.... Improving Choctawhatchie River, Florida. |  |  |  | 2, 00000 |  |  | 2, 00000 | 2,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Choctawhatchie River, Florida... |  |  |  | 2, 5,000000000 | ........... |  | 2, 00000 | 2, 00000 |  |  |
| Improving Caloosahatche: River, Florids.... |  |  |  | 5, 00000 |  |  | 5,000 00 | 5,00000 |  |  |
| Improving Escambia and Conecut Rivers, Florida and Alabama |  |  |  | 6,000 00 |  |  | 6,000 00 | 6,00000 |  |  |
| Improving Peas Creek, Florida. |  |  |  | 4, 00000 |  |  | 4,000 00 | 4,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Saint John's River, Florida |  |  |  | 65,00000 |  |  | 65,00000 | 65,00000 |  |  |
| Improving inside passage between Fermandina and Saint Jobn's, Florida |  |  |  | 4,000 00 |  |  | 4,000 00 |  |  | 4,000 00 |
| Improving Alabana River, Alabama |  |  |  | 10,000 00 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Cahaba River, Alabama.. |  |  |  | 10,00000 15,00000 |  |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Improving Tallapoosa River, Alabama |  |  |  | 15,00000 3,000 |  |  | 15,000 3,000 3,00 | 15,000 3,000 3,00 |  |  |

Improving Peari River, Mississippi .......... Improving roadstead into back bay of Bi Mississippi
mproving Tombigbee River, Mississippi. mproving Bayou Black, Louisiana.
Improving Calcasieu Pass, Louisiana
Improving Calcasieu River, Louisiana mproving Red River, Louisiana
mproving Tickfaw River Iouisiana
mproving Bayou L Fourche Lonisiana
Improving Bayou Courtableau, Louisiana.
Improving Bayou Teche, Louisiana.
Improving Tangipahoa River, Louisia
Improving Amite River, Louisiana.
Improving mouth of Mississippi River Louisiana,
Connecting Bayou Teche with Grand Lake Charenton, Louisiana
Improving mouth of Red River, Louisiana. Improving Aransas Pass and Bay, Texas
mproving month of Brazos River
mproving month of Brazos River, Texas. Improving Pass Cavallo, Texas
Improving ship channel in Gaiveston Bay, Protection of river bank at Fort Brown, Tex.
Improving Sabine River, Texas
Improving Trinity River, Texas
Improving Arkansas River, Arkansas and Kansas somri.
Improving Saline River, Arkansas
Improving White River, Arkansas Arkansas
mproving White River between Buffalo mproving White and Saint Erancis Rivers Arkansas.
Improving L'Angnille River, Arkansas Improving Sabine Pass, Texa
Improving Caney Fork River, Tennessee. Improving Clinch River, Tennessee
Carried forward




| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1883. | Appropria. tions for the fiscal year end. ing June 30 , 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal sear 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Payments dr.r. ing the fiscal year endingJune $30,1884$. Jun 3, 1884 | Amounts car. ried to the surplus fandJune 30,1884 June 30, 1884 | Balances of appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Page or see } \\ \text { tion. } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Military establibhmeat-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broaght forw |  |  |  | \$9,689, 23355 | \$28, 050, 00257 | \$1,419,415 22 | \$39,158, 65134 | \$33, 175, 41351 | \$955, 22879 | \$5, 028,009 04 |
| Improving Camberland River above Nashville, Tenn |  |  |  | 000 |  |  | - 9,000 00 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Improving Cumberland River above mouth of Jelico, Kentacky |  |  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000.00 |  | 0 |  |
| Improring Keituacky River, Kentucky. |  |  |  | 112, 67038 |  |  | 112, 67038 | 40, 584 |  | 72, 08570 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improving Treadwater River, Kentucky .... |  |  |  | 3,500 00 |  |  | 3,500 00 | 3,50000 |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | -270,000 00 |  |  | 270,00000 | 200, 00000 |  | 70,000 00 |
| Improving Mississippi River . ..... |  | 23 | 1 | 1,353, 00000 | 1, 000, 00000 | 2000 | $2,353,02000$ | 1,946, 50549 |  | 406,462 51 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improving Mississippi River above Falls of Saint Authony, Minnesota |  |  |  | 18,000 4,000 |  |  | 18,0000 | 4,000 00 |  |  |
| Improring MississippiRiver from Saint Paul <br> to Des Moines Rapids, Minneseta, Iowa,$\quad$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11, $500 \cdot 00$ |  |  | 11,500 00 | 11,500 00 |  |  |
| Improving Mississippi, Missouri, and Arkansas Rivers |  |  |  | 129,000 00 |  |  | 11,50000 129,00000 |  |  | 81, 00000 |
| Improving Mississippi River at Quincy; Ill. |  |  |  | 7,000:00 |  |  | 7,000 00 | 7,000 00 |  |  |

Removing bar in Mississippi River opposite Dubuque, lowa …................................... Improving Rock Island Rapids, Mississippi River, Missouri and Mlinois
Improving Mississippi River opposite Saint Improving Missouri River from its month to Sioux City, Io wa
Improving Missouri River from Sioux City, Iowa, to Fort Benton, Mont
Survey of Missouni River from its mouth to Fort Benton, Mont
Improving Gasconade River, Missouri.
Improving Clinton River, Michigain
Improving Detroit River, Michigaú
Improving Grand River, Michigañ
Improving Hay Lake Channel, Sault Sainte Improving Saginiw Sirer
Improving Chippewa River at Yeilow Bank
Wis …................................................
Improving Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, Wis-
Constructing dam at Goose Rapids, Fed River of the North, Minnesota and Da
Improving Red River ot the North, Minnesota and Dakota
Improving Saint Croix River below Taylor's
Improving Yellowstone River, Montana and
Improving Lower Clearwater River, Idaho Improving Sacramento and Feather Rivers, California
Improving San Joaquin River, California. Improving Petaluma Creek, California Improving Umpqua River, California.
Breakwater and Harbor of Refage between Straits of Fuca, San Francisco, Cal
Constructing canal around Cascades of Corumbia R
Improving Upper columbia River, Oregon Rivers, Orecon.
Improving Chehalis River We........................... ritory

Carried forward. $\qquad$


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July 1., 1883. | fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund Jone 30, 1884. | appropriations Jane $30,1884$. |
| Milimary establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward Improving Skagit. Stielequamish, Nooksack, |  |  |  | \$13, 479, 36501 | \$29, 050, 00257 | \$1, 477,353 56 | \$44, 006, 72114 | \$36, 672, 96530 | \$955, 22879 | \$6 378, 52705 |
| Suohomish, aud Snoqualmick Rivers, Washington Territory |  |  |  | 6,500 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Testing flume invented by M.J. Adams |  |  |  | 4,000 00 |  |  | 4,00000 | 4,00000 |  |  |
| Examination and surveys at South Pass, Mississippi River. |  | 23 | 4 | 5,859 67 | 6, 00000 |  | 11,859 67 | 9,35967 |  | 2,500 00 |
| Constructing lock and dam on Mississippi River at Meekers Falls, Minnesota |  |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25,000 00 | 9,8596 |  | 25,000 00 |
| Gauging the waters of the Lower Mississippi River and its tributaries |  | 23 | 4 |  | 2, 10000 |  | 2,100 00 | 2, 10000 |  | 25,000 |
| Sea-wall Governor's Island, New York ...... |  |  |  | 33, 00000 |  |  | 33,000 00 | 33, 00000 |  |  |
| Mississippi River Commission................ |  | 22 | 620 |  | 150, 00000 |  | 150, 00000 | 150,000 00 |  |  |
| Examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors. |  |  |  | 98,911 41 |  | 18102 | 99.092 43 | 78, 56538 |  | 20,527 05 |
| Operating and care Saint Mary's Falls Canal, Michigan |  | 21 | 478 |  | 34, 68163 | 2,318 37 | 37, 00000 | 37, 00000 |  | 20,527 05 |
| Improving Saint Mary's River and Saint Mary's Falls Canal, Michigan |  |  |  |  | 3, | 3,307 47 | 3,30747 | 3,307 47 |  |  |
| Operating and care Louisville and Portland Canal |  | 21 | 478 |  | 47,500 00 | 3,307 4 | 47, 50000 | 47, 50000 |  |  |
| Operating and care Saint Clair Flats Canal, Micbigan |  | 21 | 478 |  | 3,495 49 | 50451 | 4,000 00 | 4,000 00 |  |  |
| Operating and care Des Moines Rapids Canal, Iowa and Illinois. |  | 21 | 478 |  | 47, 00000 |  | 47, 00000 | 47, 00000 |  |  |
| Army depot building, Saint Paul, Minn...... |  |  |  | 48,500 00 | 47, 0 |  | 48,500 00 | 23, 50000 |  | 25,000 00 |
| Purchase of the Arlington estate, act March $\text { 3, } 1883$ |  |  |  | 25, 00000 |  |  | 25, 00000 | 25,000 00 |  |  |
| Buildings for military headquarters, Fort Snelling, Minn |  |  |  |  |  | 43 | 43 | 25, 0000 | 43 |  |
| Buildings for military quarters, Fort Leavenworth, Kans |  |  |  |  |  | 105 | 105 |  |  | 105 |
| Survers of northern and northwestern lakes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 105 |
| lakes <br> Do. | 1883 | 22 | 617 | 5,296 02 | 3,000 00 | 2976 | 5, 32578 | 3,229 76 |  | 2,096 02 |
| Survey for Henuepin Canal |  |  | 617 | 9, 00000 | 3, 0000 |  | 3,000 9,000 00 | 3, 1 , 0000000 |  | 8,000 00 |
| Survey of Gettysburg battle-field |  |  |  | 25,000 00 |  |  | 25,000 00 | 8, 00000 |  | 17,000 00 |


| Geographical survey of the territory of the <br> United States west 100th meridian ......... |  |  |  | 2,000 00 |  | 30 | 2,000 30 | 2,000 00 |  | . 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Constructing jetties and other works at Sonth Pass, Misgissippi River |  | 21 | 4 |  | 150,000 00 |  | .150, 00000 | 150,000 00 |  |  |
| Removing sunken vessels or crafts obstructing or endangering navigation |  | 28 | 197 |  | 28,857 50 |  | 28,857 50 | 28,857 50 |  |  |
| Contingencies of the Army (transfer account). |  |  |  |  | 28, 857 | 6880 | 28, 6680 | 28680 |  |  |
| Do....................................... | 1882 |  |  | 10,501 03 |  |  | 10,501 03 |  | 10,501 03 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 18, 20383 |  | 10566 | 18, 30949 | 3,254 00 |  | 15, 05549 |
|  | 1884 | 22 | 459 |  | 40,000 00 | 10500 | 40, 10500 | 16,255 00 |  | 23,850 00 |
| Publication of the official records of the war of the rehellion | 1882 |  |  | 332 |  | 100 | 432 |  | 432 |  |
| Do............... | 1883 |  |  | 27,417 51 |  |  | 27,417 51 | 27,417 51 |  |  |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 618 |  | 36,000 00 |  | 36, 00000 | 10,000 00 |  | 26,000 00 |
| -Expenses of recruiting | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 1, 12154 | 1, i21 54 |  | 1,121 54 |  |
| ( Do.................. | 1882 |  |  | 982 2. 2,64 |  | 3410 285549 | 1,01637 4,99013 | $400$ | 1,012 37 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do.. } \\ & \text { Do.. } \end{aligned}$ | 1883 |  |  | 2,134 64 |  | 2, 85549 | 4,99013 110,12634 | 41625 9954949 |  | 4, 57388 |
| Expenses of Commanding General's Of. | 1884 | 22 | 456 |  | 110,000 00 | 126134 1611 | 110,126 34 | 99,549 49 |  | 10,57685 16111 |
| Do.........-................... | 1884 | 22 | 456 |  | 1,75000 |  | 1,750 00 | 1,75000 |  |  |
| Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Oflice | 1882 |  |  | 8327 |  | 125 | 8452 |  | 8452 |  |
| Do.................................................. | 1883 |  |  | 20000 |  | 180 | 20180 |  | 84 | 20180 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 456 |  | 2,500 00 | 4540 | 2,545 40 | 2,545 40 |  |  |
| Signal Service, pay | 1884 | 22 | 616 |  | 235, 10000 | 6808 | 235, 16808 | 208, 00000 |  | 27, 16808 |
| Signal Service, subsistence. | 1884 | 22 | 616 |  | 164, 77972 |  | 164,779 72 | 160, 00478 |  | 4, 77494 |
| Signal Service, regular supplies. | 1884 | 22 | 616 |  | 57, 65175 | 74423 | 58,395 98 | 57,78675 |  | 60923 |
| Signal Service, incidental expenses | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 1,475 00 |  | 1, 47500 | 1,475 00 |  |  |
| Signal Service, transportation ...... | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 35, 27500 |  | 35, 27500 | 18,342 59 |  | 16,932 41 |
| Signal Service, barracks and quarters ....... | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 85,908 00 |  | 85, 90800 | 85,908 00 |  |  |
| Signal Service, clothing and camp and garrison equipage | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 23,485 10 | 1838 | 23,503 48 | 8, 16018 |  | 15,343 30 |
| Signal Service, Medical Department | 1884 | 22 | 617 |  | 5,700 00 |  | 5,700 00 | 3,449 21 |  | 2,250 79 |
| Signal Service ........... | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 16522 | 16522 |  | 16522 |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  |  |  | $120 \bigcirc 31$ | 12031 |  | 1.2031 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 248 | 248 |  |  | 248 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 456 |  | 5,000 00 |  | 5, 00000 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| Observation and report of storms | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 22, 28777 | 22, 28777 |  | 22, 28777 |  |
| Do............ | 1882 |  |  |  |  | 4320 | 4320 | 4000 | 320 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 10750 | 10750 | 10750 |  |  |
| Do .................................. | 1884 | 22 | 615 |  | 242,500 00 | 250 | 242, 50250 | 240,773 76 |  | 1,728 74 |
| Observation and exploration in the Arctic Seas |  |  |  | 13,000 00 |  | 250 | 13,002 50 | 13,002 50 |  |  |
| Expenses of military convicts | 1882 |  |  | 9,368 45 |  |  | 9,368 45 |  | 9,368 45 |  |
|  | 1883 |  |  | 6,051 18 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}6,051 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,325 87 |  | 4,72531 |
|  | 1884 | 22 | 618 | 170 | 12, 00000 |  | 12,00000 160 | 5,892 66 | 160 | 6,107 34 |
| Dó.. | 1884 | 22 | 618 | 1 | 3,000 00 |  | 3,000 00 | 3,00000 | 1.6 |  |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 13, 855, 37921 | 30,584, 76176 | 1, 511, 88413 | 45, 952, 02510 | 38, 313,412 33 | 999,899 55 | 6, 638,713 22 |



Reimbarsing State and oitizens of California for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian
Rations for relief of persons rendered destitute by overflow of Mississippi River..... Removal of remains of Gen. George Sykes.
laims for quartermaster stores and commis
sary supplies ....................................... Road from Chattanooga to the national cemetery, Tennessee
Road from Mound City to the national ceme tery, Illinois
Kansas Fort Scott to national cemetery, Services and sapplies, Montana volunteers, \&o …........................................... tor
Claims of loyal citizens, \&xc.................... Commutation of rations to prisoners of war
in rebel prisons, prior to July $1,1879 \ldots . .$.
A wards for quartermaster's steres, \&c., taken by the Army in Tennessee
Horses and other property lost in military Reliof of
Relief of T. J. Boyles, administrator estate.................... of M. Radish deceased....
Relief of sufferers from overflow of Ohio River and its tributaries
Relief of sufferers from overflow of Missis sippi River and its tributaries
Relief of Sallie A. Spence
Relief of M. J. Kelly, late chaplain U. S. A. and others, of Company B, Twentieth U.S. lifan

## Total

## NAVAL EGTABLISHMENT.

Pay of tbe Navy, prior to Jaly 1, 1879 Pay of the Navy, prior to July 1, 1880 Pay of the Navy, prior to Jaly 1,1878 Pay of the Navy, prior to Jaly 1, 1878.
Pay, miscellaneous, prior to July 1, 1879 Pay, miscellapeous, prior to July 1, 1879....

Carried forward



| Specific oljjects of appropriations. | Year. | Statutes. |  | Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1883. | Appropria. tions for the fiscal year end jng June 30, 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending Juine 30, 1884. | Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Amount car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropriations June $30,1884$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vol. | Page or section. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Naval establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$2, 053,169 10 | \$7, 133,980 00 | \$48 23068 | \$9, 235, 37978 | \$7, 052, 20967 |  | \$2, 183, 17011 |
| Pay, miscellaneous .......... | 1881* |  |  |  |  | 11, 81377 | $11,81377$ | .............. | \$11, $813^{\circ} 77$ |  |
| Do............ | 1882 |  |  | 96, 38728 |  | 6, 34917 | 102, 73645 | $\begin{array}{r}859 \\ 790 \\ \hline 109\end{array}$ | 101,876 95 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 63346 |  | 8,300 77 | 8,934 23 | 7,993 24 |  | 94099 |
| Contingent, Navy | 1884 $188{ }^{*}$ | 22 | 473 |  | 300,00000 | 5,10864 | 305, 10864 | 285, 09247 |  | 20,016 17 |
| Contingent, Navy | $1881{ }^{*}$ 1882 |  |  | 21313 |  | 3600 712 | 3600 22025 | 22025 | 3600 |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 15, 86997 |  | 2,760 24 | 18, 63021 | 18, 55801 |  | 7220 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 473 |  | 100,000 00 | 2, 92370 | 102,923 70 | 100, 75372 |  | 2,169 98 |
| Accrued mileage, Navy and Marine Corps |  |  |  | 21478 |  | 8,165 24 | 8,380 02 | 8,380 02 |  |  |
| Pay of Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1878. |  |  |  | 6672 |  |  | 6672 | 6672 |  |  |
| Pay of Marine Corps, prior to July 1, 1879 |  |  |  |  |  | 2320 | 2320 |  |  | 2320 |
| Pay of Marine Corps..... |  | 22 | 479-80 | 215, 66823 | 642,98500 | 2,380 23 | 861, 03346 | 636, 09286 |  | 224, 94060 |
| Provisions, Marine Corpe | 1882 |  |  | 14, 58474 |  |  | 14, 58474 | 2880 | 14, 55594 |  |
| Do Do | 1883 | 22 | 480 | 2,137 99 | 60,000 00 | 9022 | 2,228 21 | 2,22821 59,983 59 |  |  |
| Clothing, Marine Corp | 1882 | 22 | 480 | 2,153 27 | 60,000 00 | 1,43908 | 60,00000 3,59235 | 59, 98859 | 3,292 42 | 41 |
| Do..... | 1883 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 4417$ |  | 3,601 44 | 3, 64561 | 400 | 3,20242 | 3,641 61 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 480 |  | 77,000 00 | 2,163 37 | $79,163 \quad 37$ | 78, 70000 |  | 46337 |
| Fuel, Marine Corps | 1882 |  |  | 1, 71990 |  |  | 1,719.90 | 1, 2880 | 1,691 10 |  |
| Do.......... | 1883 |  |  | 1,138 69 |  | 97096 | 2, 10965 | 1,164 94 |  | 94471 |
| Do.................... | 1884 | 22 | 480 |  | 18, 00000 | 2,823 59 | 20,823 59 | 20,800 00 |  | 2359 |
| Military stores, Marine Corps | 1882 | .... |  | 93661 26 |  |  | 93661 | ............. | 93661 |  |
| $\mathrm{D}_{0}$ | 1883 | 22 | 480 | 2636 | 9,786 50 | 31021 79 | 33657 9,86625 | 9,502 43 |  | 33657 36382 |
| Transportation and recrniting, Marine Co | 1882 |  |  | 59252 | 9,780 |  | 9, 59252 | 9,542 77 | 34975 | 36382 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 2, 20074 | 2, 20074 | 1,703 65 |  | 49709 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 480 |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Repairs of barracks, Marine Corps | 1882 |  |  | 90 |  |  | 90 |  | 90 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  |  |  | 15405 | 15405 |  |  | 15405 |
| Do ..................... | 1884 | 22 | 480 |  | 10,000 00 |  | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |  |
| Forage for horses, Marine Cor | 1882 |  |  | 1,844 <br> 1,400 <br> 1 |  | 57245 | 1, 84428 |  | 1,844 28 |  |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 480 |  | 5,40000 | 5724 | 5, 40000 | 3,550 00 |  | 1,972 45 |
| Contingent, Marine Corps | 1882 | ..... |  | 8719 |  |  | 8719 |  |  | 8719 |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 1050 |  | 88092 | 90042 | 22789 |  | 67253 |
| Morine Barracks, W | 1884 | 22 | 480 | 929 | 25,000 00 | 6612 | 25,06612 | 25,065 80 |  | - 32 |



|  |  |  | tatates. |  | Appropria | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dar- | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal jear end- } \\ & \text { ing June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ing the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { year ending } \\ & \text { June 30, } 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { appropria. } \\ & \text { tions June } \end{aligned}$ $-30,1884 .$ |
| Naval establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  | \} |  | - |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$2, 475, 53021 | \$8,692,434 23 | \$115,409 00 | \$11, 283, 37344 | \$8,659, 02525 | \$140, 67046 | \$2, 483, 67773 |
| Nary-yard Commission.............. |  |  |  | 1, 23000 |  |  | 1, 23000 | 1,22520 |  | - 4850 |
| Observation of the transit of Venus |  |  |  | 16,540 29 | .............. | 7,823 70 | 24, 36399 | 21,813 03 | 8565 | 2,550 96 |
| Nantical Almanac (.............. | 1882 |  |  | 8565 1.56970 |  | 20 | 8565 | 56500 | 8565 |  |
| Ordinance, ordnance stores | 1882 |  |  | 30, 37609 |  | 3783 | $\begin{array}{r}1,56990 \\ 30,413 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | 23, 19261 | 7,221 31 | 1,004 90 |
| Do.............. | 1883 |  |  | 10,605 00 |  | 1,013 50 | 11, 61850 | 6,471 34 |  | 5, 147.16 |
| Do.. | 1884 | 22 | 474 | 10, | 150,000 00 | 9,294 32 | 159, 29432 | 152, 38444 |  | 6,909 88 |
| Ordnance material, proceeds |  | 18 | 388 | 1000 | 2,799 24 |  | 2,809 24 |  |  | 2,809 24 |
| Contingent, ordnance | 1882 |  |  | 81171 |  |  | 81171 |  | 81171 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 1,365 23 |  | 2742 | 1,39265 | 89041 |  | 50224 |
| Civil establisbment, Burean of Ord | 1884 | 22 | 474 |  | 3, 00000 | 1832 | 3,018 32 | 3,017 72 |  | 60 |
| Civil establishment, Burean of Ord Do.......................... | 1882 |  |  | 905 |  |  | 905 436 |  | 905 | 436 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Do. } \\ \text { Do. } \end{gathered}$ | 1883 | 22 | 474 | 03 | 5,000 00 | 433 804 | 5,008 $\begin{array}{r}464 \\ \hline 04\end{array}$ | 5,003 04 |  | 400 500 |
| Repairs, Bureau of Ordnan | 1883 |  |  | 5,643 36 |  | 24855 | 5, 89191 | 4,18300 |  | 1,70891 |
| Do.................... | 1884 | 22 | 474 | 5, | 15,00000 | 48066 | 15; 48066 | 14, 04600 |  | 1, 43466 |
| Torpedo Corp | 1882 |  |  | 8, 30488 |  | 306 | 8,30794 | 4, 10865 | 4,199 29 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 28,124 26 |  | 15368 | 28,277 94 | 28, 27794 |  |  |
| Do.................. | 1884 | 22 | 474 |  | 50,000 00 | 385 | 50,003 85 | 45,693 34 |  | 4,31051 |
| Torpedoes, Bureau of Ordnance............... | 1884 | -22 | 475 |  | 100,000 00 |  | 100, 00000 | ............... |  | 100,000 00 |
| Propeller for United States steamer Alarm.. Sale of small-arms |  |  |  | 60751 |  | 65240 | 1,259 91 |  | -- - . . . . . | 1, 25991 |
| Sale of small-arms ................ |  | 20 | 242 | 8,798 22 | 2,680 98 | 634 | 11, 48554 | 8. 80000 |  | 2, 68554 |
| Testing Clark's deflective turrets |  |  |  | 19, 85000 |  | 6150 | 19,.911 50 | 10,373 00 |  | 9,538 50 |
| Steel rifled breeck-loading guns | 1883 |  |  | 67410 |  | 1522 | 68932 | 68932 |  |  |
| Steel cruisers | 1884 |  |  | 83, 26500 |  | 560 | 83, 27060 | 30,689 00 |  | 52,58160 |
| Steel cruisers Equipment of vessels |  |  |  | 1, 291, 99400 |  | 6,777 52 | 1, 298,771 52 | 1, 285, 12456 |  | 13,646 96 |
| Equipment of vessel | 1882 |  |  | 1, 48523 |  | 40 | 1, 48563 | 1,485 63 |  |  |
| Do. Do. | 1883 |  |  | 9,267 67 |  | 3,532 35 | 12,800 02 | 11, 90585 |  | 89417 |
| Do................................- | 1884 | 22 | 475 |  | 800,000 00 | 6,662 61 | 806,662 61 | 799, 50702 |  | 7,155.59 |
| Transportation and recruiting, Bureau of $\}$ Equipment and Recruiting | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | 475 |  | 40,000 00 | 21418 | 40, 21418 | 34, 53150 |  | 5,682 68 |
| Contingent, Burean of Equipment and Recruiting | 1879* |  |  |  |  | 264 | 264 |  |  | 264 |
| . Do...-........................................ | 1882 |  |  | 13263 |  |  | 13263 |  | 13263 |  |
| Do. | . 1883 |  |  | 2,982 66 |  | 59130 | 3,573 96 | 3,573 56 |  | 40 |
| Do. | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right\}$ | 475 17 | \}............... | 15,000 00 | 2731 | 15, 02731 | 14,896 76 |  | 13055 |

Transportation of enlisted mén, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting .........................
Civil establishment, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting

Do
Recruiting, Bureau of Equipment and ReTruition of two naval cadets, Royal Naval College, Greeuwich

Contingent, yards and docks.
1 Do
 Do.
Naval station and coal depot, Isthmus of Panama.............................................. Naval station and coal depot, Port Royal, Site for naval station and coal depot, Port Royal, S. C...........................................
Naval training station, Coaster's Island IarNaval training station, Coaster island Har bor, R.I.
Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. $\mathbf{Y}$..
Navy Ho......................... Washington,
Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal

## Do.

Navy-Yard, Pensacola, Fla
Nary-yard, Portsmouth, N. . .
Navy-yard, New London, Conn
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va
Navy-yard, Boston, repairs of rope-walks ..
Naval wharf, Key West, Fla
Closed navy- Jards and stations.
Carried forward


|  |  | 7,957 28 |  | 3,031, 83 | 10,989 11 | 5,172 94 |  | 5,816 17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 04 $\cdot 946$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 04 \\ 5585 \end{array}$ |  | 04 |  |
| $\cdots$ | …........- | 946 | - 9,000 00 | $\begin{array}{r} 4639 \\ 789 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5585 \\ 9,00789 \end{array}$ | - 8, 89133 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5585 \\ 11656 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 7,304 24 |  | $\therefore 10323$ | 7,407 47 | 14785 |  | 7,259.62 |
|  |  | 90000 $\times 4660$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90000 \\ & 64660 \end{aligned}$ | 90000 25824 | .38836 |  |
|  |  | 7,627 14 |  | 12930 | 7, 75644 | 7, 45199 | . 388 | 30445 |
| \} |  | 62 |  | -1478 | 1540 | 835 |  | 705 |
| 22 | 475 |  | 200, 00000 | 1,454 60 | 201, 45460 | 197, 35065 |  | 4,103 95 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 321 \\ 7,88288 \end{array}$ |  | $77952$ | $\begin{array}{r} 321 \\ 9,66240 \end{array}$ | 9, 65800 | 321 | 440 |
| 22 | 475 |  | 20,000 00 | - 8143 | 20,081 43 | 11,318 66 |  | 8,762 77 |
|  |  | 584 250 |  |  | 584 2186 |  | 584 |  |
| 24 | 476 | 250 | - 24,00000 | 1936 15936 | [ 21886 | 24, 15814 |  | 2186 $1 \quad 22$ |
|  |  | 200, 00000 |  |  | 200, 00000 |  |  | 200, 00000 |
|  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 | 50000 |  | 19,50000 |
|  |  | 5,000 00 |  |  | 5,000 00 | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| 22 | 620 | 1995 | - 45,00000 | 28656 | 45, 28656 | 39,03600 19500 |  | 6,25056 453 |
|  |  | 50,773 67 |  | 4103 | 50,814 70 | 50,81200 |  | 270 |
| 22 | 620 |  | 100,000 00 | 297 027 | 100,002 97 | 52,640 97 |  | 47, 36200 |
|  | 620 | 7,940 00 |  | 92789 | 8,867 89 | 6, 28200 |  | 2, 58589 |
| . 22 | 620 | ........ 63 | 15, 00000 |  | 15, 00000 | 9, 58400 | 63 | 5,416 00 |
|  |  | 45, 70897 |  | 96143 | 46, 67040 | 46,66950 | 63 | 90 |
| 22 | 620 |  | 275, 00000 | 748 | 275, 00748 | 214, 93362 |  | 60,073 86 |
|  |  |  |  | 9464 | 9464 |  | . 9464 |  |
|  |  | 15, 14130 |  | 1, 02558 | 16, 16688 | 72100 | 15,44588 07 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11270 | 11270 |  | 11270 |  |
|  |  | 100 |  |  | 100 |  | 100 | - |
|  | ............. | 169 |  |  | 169 |  |  | 169 |
|  |  | - 2186 |  |  | 2186 |  | 2186 |  |
|  |  | 3, 01317 |  | 57 | 3, 01374 | -3,012 00 | 174 |  |
| 22 | 475, 620 |  | 50,000 00 | 44932 | 50, 44932 | 50,348 71 |  | 10061 |
|  | -........... | 776 |  |  | 77661 |  | 77661 |  |
| - |  | $4,380,18079$ | 10,613, 91445 | 163, 81369 | 15, 157, 908-93 | 11, 916, 52412 | 169,982 68 | 3, 071, 40213 |


|  |  |  | tatutes. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur. | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or section. | propriations July 1, 1883. | fiscal year end ing Juve 30, 1884. | made during the fiscal year 1884. | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884: |
| Naval establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronght forward |  |  |  | \$4, 380, 18079 | \$10, 613, $914 \cdot 45$ | \$163, 81369 | \$15, 157, 90893 | \$11, 916, 52412 | \$169, 98268 | \$3, 071,402 13 |
| Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, | 1883 |  |  | 13,282 62 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1689 \\ \hline 837\end{array}$ | 13,299 51 | 12, 27500 |  | 1,024 51 |
| Do... ........................ | 1884 |  |  |  |  | 59,837 08 | 59, 83708 | 46, 97900 | 1,613 01 | 12,858 08 |
| Repairs and preservation of navy-yards | 1882 |  |  | 1,613 16,353 01 |  |  | 1,61301 1639900 |  | 1,613 01 |  |
| Do.................... | 1883 |  | 620 | 16, 35309 |  | 4591 45818 | 16,39900 150,45818 | 5,29800 143,30200 |  | 11,10100 7,15618 |
| Headstones national cemeteries, Philadel. phia | 1884 1882 | 22 | 620 | 35650 | 150, 00000 | 45818 | 150,45818 35650 | 143, 30200 | 35650 | 7,156 18 |
| Enlistment bounties to seamen ................ | $1877 \dagger$ |  |  | 3335 |  |  | 3335 |  | 356 | $33 * 3$ |
| Do | 18781 |  |  | 10000 |  |  | 10000 |  |  | 10000 |
| Do | $1879 \dagger$ |  |  | 884 |  | 6616 | 7500 | 6667 |  | 833 |
| Do | $1880 ¢$ |  |  | 663 |  | 3334 | 39.97 | 3334 |  | 663 |
| Medical Department | 1882 |  |  | 22480 |  | 10557 | 33037 | 33037 |  |  |
| Do......... | 1883 |  |  | 7,975 52 |  | 6,73192 | 14.70744 | 10,757 81 |  | 3,949-63 |
| Do........................ | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 40,000 00 | 6,918 96 | 46,918 96 | 31, 78277 |  | 15, 13619 |
| Museum of hygiene, medicine and surgery | 1883 |  |  | 2,228 03 |  | 1, 69771 | 3, 92574 | 3,91660 |  | 914 |
| Naval hospital fund.......................... | 1882 |  |  | 1779 |  | , 11015 | 12794 |  | 12794 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do... } \\ & \text { To . } \end{aligned}$ | 1883 | -7 |  | 762 |  | 653 1.45798 | 31 14149 |  |  | $1415$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To . } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 30;000 00 | 1,45728 45,97097 | 31,45728 189,12501 | 31,44200 93,68206 |  | 1528 $95 ; 44294$ |
| Repairs, Bureau of Medicine and Surger | 1882 |  |  | 143, 15403 |  | $\begin{array}{r}15,97097 \\ \hline 33513\end{array}$ | 189,12501 52415 | 93, 68206 | 52415 | 95,442 94 |
| Do................................... | 1883 |  |  | 5,049 73 |  | 39579 | 5, 445 | 4, 88600 |  | $\bigcirc 55952$ |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 15, 00000 | 1,14614 | 16, 14614 | 15, 59262 |  | 55352 |
| Contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery. | 1882 |  |  | 66568 |  | 24807 | 91375 | 8951 | 82424 |  |
| Do...................................... | 1883 |  |  | 3,550 08 |  | 13951 | 3, 68959 | 2, 07697 |  | 1,61262 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 25, 00000 | 73579 | 25,735 79 | 15, 14510 |  | 10,590 69 |
| Civil establishment, Bureau of Medicine aud Surgery | 1882 |  |  | 38135 |  |  | 38135 |  | 38135 |  |
| - Do......................................... | 1883 |  |  | 72397 |  | 57718 | 1,301 15 | 61010 |  | 69105 |
| Do. | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 20,000 00 | 30472 | 20,304 72 | 20, 11232 |  | 19240 |
| Provisions, Navy | $1879{ }^{*}$ |  |  |  |  | 5430 | - 5430 | + 27.00 |  | 2730 |
| Do........ | 1882 |  |  | 1, 01868 |  | 8090 | 1,099 58 | 1, 09958 |  |  |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 56, 12498 |  | 3, 16660 | - 59,291 58 | 59, 29158 |  |  |
| Do..... | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 1, 100,000 00 | 5, 40802 | 1, 105, 40802 | 1, 005, $494-43$ |  | 90, 91359 |
| Clothing, Navy |  |  |  | 344, 58590 |  | 300,982 91 | 645, 56881 | 182, 87978 |  | 462, 68903 |
| Small stores, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing |  |  |  | 127, 04994 |  | 92,82617 | 219,876 11 | 59, 16698 |  | 160, 709 13 |
| Contiugent, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing | 1882 |  |  | 24,019 68 |  | $60$ | 24,020 28 | 2600 | 23, 99428 |  |


| Do | 1883 |  |  | 32, 29368 |  | 61087 | 32,904 55 | 94949 |  | 31, 95606 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 40,000,00 | 76289 | 40,762 89 | - 31,202 27 |  | 9,560 62 |
| Civil establishment, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing $\qquad$ | 1882 |  |  |  |  |  | $221$ | - | 221 |  |
| - Do. | 1883 |  |  | 59581 |  | 2006 | 61587 |  |  | 61587 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 6,000 00 |  | 6,000 00 | 0,000 00 |  |  |
| Constraction and Repai | 1881 |  |  |  |  | 25 | 25 |  | 25 |  |
| Do........................................ | 1881 |  |  | 78 |  |  | 78 |  | 78 |  |
| Do | 1882 |  |  | 51, 09041 |  | 110 | 51, 69151 |  |  | 51, 09151 |
| Do | 1883 |  |  | 109, 81796 |  | 7,882 48 | 117, 70044 | 75, 21398 |  | 42, 48646 |
| Do. | 1884 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}22 \\ 23\end{array}\right.$ | 476 17 |  | 1, 334, 00000 | 28,746 57 | 1, 362, 74657 | 1, 314, 71988 |  | 48,026 69 |
| Construction and Repair, act June 14, 1878 (timber) |  |  |  | 58, 29139 |  |  | 58, 29139 |  |  | 58, 29139 |
| Civil establishment, construction and repair. | 1882 |  |  | 27078 |  |  | 27078 |  | 27078 |  |
| Do. | 1883 |  |  | 2, 09758 |  | 149 | 2,099 07 |  |  | 2,099 07 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 476 |  | 20, 00000 | 15 | 20,000 15 | 17, 02400 |  | 2,976 15 |
| Burean of Steam Engineering, act June 1878. |  |  |  | 21,731 68 |  |  | 21,73168 |  |  | 21,731 68 |
| Steam machinery | 1882 |  |  | 7,931 91. |  | 1:385 76 | 9,317 67 | 35076 |  | 8,960 91 |
| - Do | 1883 |  |  | 117, 06232 |  | 12,997 30 | 120,05962 1,059 | 117,990 45 |  | 2,069 17 |
| Do | 1884 | 22 | 477 |  | 1, 000, 00000 | 59, 15448 | $1,059,15448$ | 1, 008, 94052 |  | 50,213 96 |
| Do................................. $\frac{1}{}$ \{ | 1881 |  |  | 1,212 16 |  |  | 1,212 16 |  | 1,212 16 |  |
| Contingent, steam engineering................ | 1884 | 22 | 477 |  | 1,00000 |  | 1,000 00 | 50575 |  | 49425 |
| Civil establishment, steam engineering | 1882 1883 |  |  | 577 08 |  |  | 08 16 |  | 08 |  |
| Do | 1883 | . 22 | 477 | 577.72 | 10,000 00 | 644 804 | 58416 10,00804 | 9, 04004 |  | 58416 96809 |
| Prize-money to captors |  |  |  | - 556,908 43 |  | 3, 17181 | 560, 08024 | 10, 27545 |  | 549, 80479 |
| Double-turreted monitors |  |  |  | - 323,509 96 |  | 35748 | 323, 86744 | 121. 98718 |  | 201, 88026 |
| Machinery, double-turreted monitors........ |  |  |  | 1, 000, 00000 |  | 83 | 1, 000, 00083 | 394, 62184 |  | 605,378 99 |
| Prcservation of Chevalier de Ternay monument at Newport, R. I. |  |  |  | 80000 |  |  | 80000 |  |  | 800.00 |
| Preservation of cemeteries in foreign countries | 1882 |  |  | 2,738 76 |  |  | 2,738 76 | 1,089 44 | 1,649 32 |  |
| Navy pension fnnd........................ |  |  |  |  |  | 630, 00000 | 630,00000 | 630,000 00 |  |  |
| Payment of officers and crew of the Kearsarge for destruction of the Alabama |  |  |  | 1,639 30 |  |  | 1,639 30 |  |  | 1.63930 |
| Extra pay of officers and men who served in the Mexican war |  | 20 | 316 |  | 1,028 00 | 1,680 00 | 2,708 00 | 2,708 00 |  |  |
| Indemnity for lost clothing. | 18784 |  |  | 4000 |  |  | 4000 |  |  | 4000 |
| Do. | 1877 t |  |  | 11875 |  |  | 11875 | 5875 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6000 \\ \end{array}$ |
| Do. | 1876t |  |  | 12000 |  |  | 12000 849 |  |  | 12000 |
| Do <br> Gratuity to machinists in lieu of re-enlistment |  | R.S. | 3689 |  | 1,429 | $81150$ | $81150$ | 1,849 93 | 81150 |  |
| Carried forward |  |  |  | 7,417,753 30 | 14, 407, 37238 | 69167 | 23, 256, 81735 | 17, 407, 41544 | 201, 75123 | 5,647,650 68. |
|  |  |  | * And prior | y years. |  | ior to Jnly 1. |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | tatates. |  | Appropria- | Repayments | Aggregate | Payments dur | Amounts car- | Balances of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific objects of appropriations. | Year. | Vol. | Page or sec. tion. | propriations <br> July 1, 1883. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fiscal year end } \\ & \text { ing June } 30, \\ & 1884 . \end{aligned}$ | made dur- ing the fiscal year 1884: | the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884 | ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | appropriations June 30, 1884. |
| Naval establishment-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward |  |  |  | \$7, 417, 75330 | \$14, 407, 37238 | \$1,431,691 67 | \$23, 256, 817 35 | \$17, 407, 41544 | \$201, 75123 | \$5,647,650 68 |
| ounty for destruction of enemies' vessels | ${ }_{1877^{*}}^{187 *}$ |  |  | 4920 |  |  | ${ }^{49} 20$ |  |  | - 4920 |
| Do................................. | ${ }_{1879} 1878$ |  |  |  |  | 7111 <br> 55 <br> 16 | 7111 |  |  | 7111 55 |
| Do. | 1880* |  |  |  |  | 1745 | 1745 |  |  | ${ }_{17} 45$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 57110 | 2,571 10 |  | 2,571 10 |  |
| earch for steamer Jeannette, Arctic Expedition. |  |  |  | 18, 27171 |  | 1, 17277 | 19,444 48 |  |  | 19,444 48 |
| Remoral and burial of remains of Lientenant De Long and companions |  |  |  | 25, 00000 |  | 55 | 25, 00055 | 1,804 76 |  | 23, 19579 |
| Payment of Japanese award, act February <br> 22, 1883 |  |  |  | 51,524 44 |  | 4,322 92 |  | 16, 02392 |  | 39, 82344 |
| Payment to T. C. Bashor \& Co. |  |  |  | 9, 73471 |  |  | 9,734 71 |  | 9,734 71 |  |
| Payment to captain and owners of North Star for rescue of United States steamer Rod. gers |  |  |  | 20,000 00 |  |  | 20,000 00 | 20,000 00 |  | -.... |
| Relief of the children of Otway H. Berryman and others |  |  |  | 12,367 84 |  |  | 12,367 84 |  |  | 12,367 84 |
| Relief of ofticers and crew of United States steanier Rodgers |  | 22 | 620 |  | 10332 | 39168 | 49500 | 49500 |  |  |
| Reward for services to officers and crew of United States steamer Rodgers. |  |  |  | 1,200 00 |  |  | 1,200 00 |  |  | 1, $200{ }^{\circ} 00$ |
| Relief of sufferers by wreck of United States steamer Huron |  | 20 | 497 |  | 31800 |  | 31800 | 31800 |  | 1,200 |
| Expenses in connection with the Arctic Exploring Expedition |  |  |  | 12, 50464 |  |  | 12,504 64 | 91376 |  | 11, 59088 |
| Relief of Lady Franklin Bay Expedition to the Arctic regions |  | 23 | 267 |  | 696,640 55 | 13, 65227 |  | 710,29282 $5.547,71355$ |  |  |
| General account of advances <br> Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}+818,66831 \\ 1,27359 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $4,959,10899$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,140,44068 \\ 1,27359 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,547,71355 \\ 68006 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} +1,407,27287 \\ 59353 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  |  |  | 6, 751, 01112 | 15, 104, 43425 | 6,413, 05587 | 28,268 50124 | 23,705, 65731 | 214, 05704 | 4, 348,78689 |

[^45]
## RECAPITULATION

|  | - |  | Balances of appropriations July 1, 1883. | Appropriations for the fiscal yearending June 30, 1884. | Repayments made during the fiscal year 1884. | Aggregate available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884. | Payments during the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1884. | Amonnts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1884. | Balances of appropria. tions June 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury |  |  | \$18, 786, 35418 | \$24, 375, 43151 | \$2, 425, 63848 | \$45, 587, 42417 | \$28, 985, 23838 | \$2, 370,570 82 | \$14, 231, 61497 |
| Judiciary |  |  | 712,162 19 | 3, 183, 55942 | 209,878 14 | 4, 105, 59975 | 3,253, 91866 | 134,304 04 | 717.377 05 |
| Diplomati |  |  | 675, 03086 | 1, 408, 33500 | 173, 58386 | 2, 256, 94972 | 1, 434, 35023 | 83,96729 | 738, 63220 |
| Customs |  |  | -4, 578, 78600 | 21, 502, 72879 | 909, 77567 | 26, 991, 29046 | 23, 696, 06175. | 661, 62977 | 2, 633,598 94 |
| Interior civil |  |  | 2, 443, 57549 | 7, 812,079 99 | 75, 06918 | 10, 330, 72466 | $8,688,03059$ | 65,08579 | 1,577,60828 |
| Internal revenue |  |  | 285,865 54 | 8, 975, 83692 | 22, 22007 | 9,283, 92253 | 8,678, 99949 | 70, 03449 | 534, 88855 |
| Public debt |  |  |  | 315, 099, 41398 | 6, 92118 | 315, 106, 33516 | 315, 105, 99016 | 34500 |  |
| Interior-Indians |  |  | 13, 076, 73593 | 6, 409,658 70 | 211, 88474 | 19, 698, 27937 | 6, 686, 45985 | 106,95495 | 12, 904, 86457 |
| Interior-Pensions. |  |  | 37, 585, 42032 | $86,703,35117$ | 16, 441, 45262 | 140, 730, 22411 | 71, 868, 82218 | 11, 755, 235.54 | 57, 106, 16639 |
| Military establishment |  |  | 14,261, 69489 | 33, 271, 60156 | l, 547, 53674 | $49,080,83319$ | 40, 980, 422 78 | 1, 004, 88785 | 7, 095, 52256 |
| Naval establishment |  |  | 6,751, 01112 | 15, 104, 43425 | 6,413, 05587 | 28,268, 50124 | 23, 705, 65731 | 214, 057.04 | 4,348,78689 |
| Total. |  |  | 99, 156, 63652 | 523, 846, 43129 | 28, 437, 01655 | 651, 440, 08436 | 535,083, 95138 | 16, 467, 07258 | 101, 889, 06040 |

STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL of the POBLIC DEBT of the UNITED STATES on the 1st of January of each year from 1791 to 1842, inclusive; and on the 1 st of July of each year from 1843 to 1884 , inclusive.

*The amount outstanding July 1, 1880, according to the books of the Register's Office,
 to the payment of arrears of pensions, act June 21, 1879.
$\$ 2,128,791,05463$
8,375,934 00
$2,120,415,12063$

## STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REFENOE from CUSTOMS, by DISTRICTS, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.



## STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENUE from CUSTOMS by DISTRICTS, so.-Continued.



## STATEMENT of EXPENSES for COLLECTING the REVENOE from CDSTOMS by DISTRICTS, foc.-Continued.


STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the IN-
TERNAL REVENUE for the FISCAL FEAR


STATEMENT of EXPENDITURES for ASSESSING and COLLECTING the INTERNAL REVENUE, fo.-Continued.

| Brought forward. |  | \$2, 809,573 26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tennessee, second district | \$33, 25144 |  |
| - fifth ristrict | 89,511 83 | 123,907 28 |
| eighth district. | 1,144 01 |  |
| Texas, first district | 13,349 25 |  |
| third district | 15, 04277 |  |
| fourth district | 17, 31490 |  |
|  |  | 45,706 92 |
| Utab |  | 85631 |
| Vermont |  | 6,55836 |
| Virginia, second district | 41, 74010 ' |  |
| third district | 2,884 78 |  |
| fourth district | 31,183 14 |  |
| fifth district | 3,368 04 |  |
| sixth district | 51, 08442 |  |
| West Virginia, first district | 24,212 87 | , 26048 |
| - second district | 1,59781 |  |
| Wisconsin, first district | 30,921 43 | , |
| second district | 8,462 83 |  |
| third district | 13,188 37 |  |
| sixth district | 8,202 10 |  |
|  |  | 60,774 73 |
| Washington Territory |  | 1,250 16 |
| Wyoming ........... |  | 55280 |
| amount to T. J. Hobbs, disburs \&c. (unclassified) | upervisors, | 908,656 23 |
| Amount paid for salaries of age classified by districts). | rs, \&c. (un- | 48,250 36 |
| Amount paid for transportation |  | 6,954 15 |
| Amount paid for telegraphing.. |  | 1,054 62 |
| Amount paid for miscellaneous |  | 46,680 92 |
| Total....fi. |  | 216,84726 |

## STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT of the UNITED STATES for the COLLECTION of CUSTOMS for the fiseal year ending June 30, 1884, with their OCCUPATIONS and COMPENSATION.

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AROOSTOOK, ME. |  | Ba'th, Me.-Continued. |  |
| 1 collector | \$1,500 00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | \$1, 09800 |
| 1 spocial deputy collect | 1, 46400 | 2 inspectors, weighers, \&c..... | 2, 19600 |
| 5 depaty collectors and inspectors | 5,490 00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector <br> 2 inspectors. | $\begin{aligned} & 80520 \\ & 60390 \end{aligned}$ |
| PASSAMAQUODDY, ME. |  | PORTIAND AND FALMOUTH, ME. |  |
| 1 collector | 2,244 57 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,692 39 | 1 collector | 6, 00000 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,464 00 | 2 deputy collectors (at $\$ 3,000$ ) | 6, 00000 |
| 4 inspectors................... | 4,392 00 | 5 clerks (at $\$ 1,200$ ) . . . . . . . . . | 6, 00000 |
| 1 inspector. | 44400 | 2 crerks (at \$1,100) | 2,200 00 |
| 1 inspector | 88300 | 2 clerks (at \$1,000) | 1, 66840 |
| 4 inspectors | 3,660 00 | 1 messenger.. | 65000 |
| 2 inspectors | 1, 46400 | 1 watchman. | 73000 |
| 1 watchman | 91500 | 3 weighers and gaugers (at \$2,000) | 6, 00000 |
| 2 watchmon | 1,464 00 | 1 marker | 73000 |
| 1 clerk. | 1,098 00 | 15 inspectors | 16,830 00 |
|  |  | 9 inspectors. | 11, 60400 |
| FRENCHMAN'S BAY, ME. |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 53910 |
|  |  | 3 storekeepers | 3,18000 |
| 1 collector | 1,267 35 | 1 superintendent of warehouses | 30000 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1,200 00 | 2 boatmen | 1,46400 |
| 1 'deputy collector and inspector | 1, 09800 | 1 surveyor | 4,500 00 |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspectors | 1,217 80 | 1 deputy survey | 2,500 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector.. | 1830 | 1 appraiser | 3,000 00 |
|  |  | 1 assistant appra | 2,500 00 |
| machias, me. |  | 1 examiner. | 1, 00000 |
| 1 collector | 1,964 51 | 1 | 2000 |
| 1 depaty collector and inspector | 1, 09800 | SaCO, ME. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 82350 | SACO, ME. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector . | 82125 | 1 collector ....... <br> 1 deputy collector | $\begin{aligned} & 34634 \\ & 450 \quad 00 \end{aligned}$ |
| bangor, me. |  |  |  |
| 1 collector | 3,000 00 | KENNEBUNK, ME. |  |
| 1 special deputy collec | 1,600 00 | 1 collector | 12310 |
| 1 deputy collector......... | 1,460 00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector. | 58560 |
| 3 deputy collectors and inspeotors | 3,285 00 |  |  |
| 1 clerk andinspector | 1, 09500 | YORK, ME. |  |
| 2 inspectors. | 2, 19000 | 1 collector | $281 \cdot 65$ |
| 1 inspector. | 13500 | 1 collector | 281 |
| 1 watchman | 73000 | PORTSMOUTH, N. H. |  |
| Castine, me. |  | 1 collector | 1,379 87 |
| 1 collector | 80314 | 3 deputy collectors and insp | 3, 07440 |
| 2 depaty collectors and inspectors | 2, 19000 | 1 special inspector | 1, 46400 |
| 3 deputy collectors and inspectors | 2,463 75 | 3 inspectors. | 3, 84300 |
| BELFAST, ME. |  | 1 boatman | 40000 |
| 1 collector | 55 | VERMONT; VT. |  |
| 2 deputy collecto | 2,19600 | 1 collector | 3,377 50 |
| 1 depaty collector | 40000 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&o. | 2,500 00 |
| 1 depaty collector | 27280 | 3 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c | 3,333 02 |
| 1 deputs collector | 20130 | 3 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c. | 3, 20000 |
| 1 deputy collecto | 10980 | 2 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c. | 3, 00000 |
| 3 storekeepers | 11574 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c. | 1, 40000 |
|  |  | 1-deputy collector, inspector, \&c. | 1, 20000 |
| WISCASSET, ME. |  | 2 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c | 2,78160 |
| 1 collector | 78812 | 3 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c | 2,51400 |
| 1 special deputy collector, \&c. | 1, 28100 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c. | $\begin{array}{r}83500 \\ \hline 98100\end{array}$ |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c | 1, 09800 | 12 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c 2 deputy collactors, inspectors, \&c. | 12,98100 2,013 |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, \&c | 85500 | 2 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c | 1,052 00 |
|  |  | 4 deputy collectors, inspectors, \&c | 2,362 80 |
| WALDOBOROUGH, ME. |  | 1 deputy collector............... | 60000 |
| 1 collector | 2, $068 \cdot 68$ | 2 inspectors.. | 2,928 00 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1,464 00 | 22 inspectors. | 21,58500 |
| 1 deputy coitector. | 1, 46400 | . 1 inspector | 1. 050000 |
| 4 deputy collectors. | 3,410 40 | - 1 clerk | 1, $\begin{array}{r}53260\end{array}$ |
| BatH, ME. |  | 1 cl | 17000 |
|  |  | 4 tally clerks | 67900 |
| 1 collector | 3, 15600 | 2 night watchmen | 82000 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1, 46400 | 1 boatmall. | 12400 |

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, s.c.Continued.

| Districts, number of persons, and ocoupation. | Compensation. | Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensa tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| newburyport, mass. |  | Boston and Charlegtown-Cont'd. |  |
| 1 collector | \$688 25 | 1 deputy naval officer | \$2,500 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspe | 1,095 00 | 1 chiel clerk and assistant deputy. | 2, 00000 |
| 2 inspectors, weighers, \&c. . | 1,20780 | 5 clerks. | 9,000 00 |
| 1 janitor. | 54000 | 5 clerks | 8,00000 |
|  |  | 3 clerks | 4,200.00 |
| GLOUCESTER, MASS. |  | 3 clerks | 3, 60000 |
|  |  | 1 clerk. | 1,000 00 |
| ${ }^{1}$ collector | 3,876 00 | 1 clerk (public stores) | 2, 00000 |
| 1 deputy collector | 1,500 00 | 1 clerk and storekeeper | 2, 00000 |
| 1 clerk ........ | 1,300 00 | 1 clerk and assistant storekeeper | , 80000 |
| 1 inspector | 1, 27750 | 1 clerk and storekeeper. | 1, 60000 |
| 4 inspectors | $4,380.00$ | 1 gauger. | 2, 00000 |
| 1 inspector. | 29200 | 2 assistant gaugers | 2, 92800 |
| 1 boatman | 75000 | 2 foremen and laborers | 2, 00000 |
| 4 storekeepers | 87600 | 3 weighers. | 6, 00000 |
|  |  | 3 assistant weighers | $4,3920_{0}$ |
| Salem and beverly, Mabs. |  | 15 assistant weighers | 19,215 00 |
|  |  | 13 assistant weighers | 14, 27400 |
| 1 collector | 1,262 84 | 3 weighers' clerks | 3, 00000 |
| 1 special deputy cullect | 1,460 00 | 4 boatmen | 3, 29400 |
| 1 weigher, ganger, \&c | 1, 09500 | 8 vight watchmen | 5,856 00 |
| 1 inspector | 1, 09500. | 87 inspectors | 127, 36800 |
| 3 inspectors | 2, 90970 | 15 storekeepers | 21, 96000 |
| 1 janitor | 54000 | 10 assistant storekeepers | 8, 00000 |
|  |  | 1 watchman . | 1, 098800 |
| MARDLEHEAD, MASE. |  | 1 carpenter ........ 1 measurer of marb | 82350 20650 |
| 1 collector | 37427 | 1 measurer of marb <br> 1 female inspector | 20650 20100 |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspect | 2,196 00 | 25 night inspectors | 27,450 00 |
| 'boston and charlestown, mass. |  | 40 laborers. | 23, 16200 |
| 1 collector | 8,000 00 | , |  |
| 1 comptroller | 4,500 00 | 1 collector | 1,441 42 |
| 3 deputy collector | 9,000 00 | 1 deputy collector | 1, 00000 |
| 1 anditor.. | 3, 00000 | 2 inspectors. | 20260 |
| 1 cashier | 3,000 00 |  |  |
| 1 assistant cashier | 2, 20000 | barnstable, Mass. |  |
| 1 secretary. | 2,500 00 |  |  |
| 4 chief clerk | 8,00000 | 1 collector | 1,49833 |
| 8 clerks | 14,400 00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,095 00 |
| 17 clerks. | 27, 20000 | 7 deputy collectors and inspectoris... | 4,580 75 |
| 32 clerks. | 44, 80000 | 1 olerk... | 30000 |
| 15 clarks | 18, 00000 | 1 boatman | 6000 |
| 21 clerks | 21, 00000 | 8 storekeepers | 40000 |
| 3 clerks. | 2,400 00 |  |  |
| 1 copyist. | 60000 | FALL RIVER, MASS. |  |
| 7 niessengers | 5,88000 |  |  |
| 7 mcssengers | 5,040 00. | 1 collector | 1,526 19 |
| 1 surrejor. | 5,00000 | 1 deputy colleotor and inspenctor | 1,464 00 |
| 1 deputy surveyor | 2,500 00 | 1 inspector, weigher, \&c. | 1, 09800 |
| 1 assistant to surveyor | 2,000 00 | 1 clerk.... | 35702 |
| 1 clerk | 1, 60000 | 1 boatman | 30000 |
| 2 clerks | 2,800 00 |  |  |
| 1 clerk | 1,300 00 | NEW BEDFORD, MASS. |  |
| 1 clerk | 1,100 00 |  |  |
| 1 messenger | 84000 | 1 collector | 1,906 15 |
| 1 messenger | 72000 | 1 deputy collector | 1,500 00 |
| 1 general apprais | 3,000 00 | 1 clerk. | ], 00000 |
| 2 appraisers | 6, 00000 | 1 inspector, weig | 1,095 00 |
| 2 assistant appraise | 5,00000 | 1 inspector | 1,095 00 |
| 1 examiuer .. | 2,000.00 | 1 janitor . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $600 \cdot 0$ |
| 10. examiners | 18, 00000 |  |  |
| 4 examiners ........................... | 6,40000 | LDGARTOWN, MASS. |  |
| 1 examiner of drugs | 2, 50000 |  |  |
| 2 examiners | 2,800 00 | 1 collector | 63289 |
| 1 clerk | 1,40000 | 1 special deputy collector, \&c. . . . . . . | 1,095 00 |
| 1 clerk to general appraise | 1,400 00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector . . . . | 80520 |
| 1 examiner of wool. | 1,200 00 | 3 inspectors ..... | 78375 |
| 4 examiners of sugar | 4,800 00 | 1 night watchman ..................... | 17120 |
| 3 samplers of sugar | 3, 60000 | 1 boatman ............. ................ | 30000 |
| 2 clerks ...... | 2,400 00 |  |  |
| 7 samplers. | 8,40000 | nantucket; mags. |  |
| 1 assistant sampler | 84000 |  |  |
| 11 openers and paokers | 9,900 00 | 1 collector | 32628 |
| 2 mossengers | 1,680 00 | 1 deputy collector | 30000 |
| 1 naval officer | 5,00000 | 1 inspector....... | 6900 |

STATEAENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOTED in each DISTRICT, fc.Continued.
Districts, number of porsons, and
occupation.

PRovigence, r. 1 .
1 collector
1 depaty collector and cashier
1 deputy collector, inspector, \&e.
1 deputy collcetor
6 inspectors, weighers, \&e
2 inspectors
1 inspector and boarding officer.
1 inspector
1 boatman
1 messenger and storekecper
1 storekeeper
1 watchmau
1 appraiser
1 clerk, sampler, \&c.

## BRISTOL AND WARREN, R. I.

1 collector
1 deputy collector, iaspector, s.c
1 deputy collector and inspector.
1 boatman
NEWPOAT, R. 1.
1 collector
1 deputy collector
4 inspectors
1 boatman

## stonington, CONN.

1 collector
1 deputy oollector
1 inspector.
1 inspector
NEW LONDON, CONN.
1 collcetor
1 dcputy colloctor and clerk
3 inspectors
1 janitor
MIDDLETOWN, CONN.
3 collector
1 special deputy collector.
1 depnty collector and inspector
1 clerk.
1 storekeeper
NRW HAVEN, CONN.
1 collector
1 deputy collector and clerk
1 deputy collector and clerk
$z$ clerks.
2 weighers and gangers
4 inspectors
1 night inspector
1 messenger
1 boatman and watehman.
1 janitor
1 fireman
FAIRFIELD, CONN
1 collector
1 depnty collector, inspector; \&c....
SAG HARBOR, N. Y.
1 collector
3 deputy collector
GREENYORT, N. Y.
1 survejor.
1 deputy collector and inspector.
5022 F -37

$\$ 4,29703$ 2,000 00 2, 00000 2,000 00 7,686 00
2,196 10
1, 09800 494.10 60000
1,098 00 73000 60600
3,000 00
1, 200 . 0
(i7) 02
1,095.00 25550 21600

86277
1,000 00 2,354 70 40000
0604.7 50500 40000 30000

2,088 56
1, 60000
3, 28500 60000

2, 69806
1, 40000 80520 60000 10000

3,483 33
1, 60000
1, 20000
2, 19000
2,19000
4,38000
91250
50000
40000
$500 \cdot 00$

1, 31585 1, 20000

44242
30000

38139
37850


STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLO YED iu each DISTRICT, \&c.Continued.

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensatiou. | Districts, uumber of persons, and occapation. | Compensib tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yone, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$.-Continued. |  | cale vincent, n. y. |  |
| 1 clerk | \$2. 20000 | 1 collect | \$2, 50000 |
| 1 clerk | 2, 00000 | 1 special deputy collector | 1,500 00 |
| 3 clerks | 5, 40000 | 1 depaty coflector | 1, 20000 |
| 9 clerks | 14.40000 | 6 deputy collectors and inspe | 3,15900 |
| 1 clerk and verifie | 1,500 00 | 6 deputy collectors and inspectors | 2,613 73 |
| 13 clerks and verifi | 18,20000 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 10000 |
| 1 clerk and verifier | 1,300 00 | 2 inspectors. | 2,19600 |
| 19 clerks and rerifie | 22,800 00 |  |  |
| 33 samplers. | 39, 60000 |  |  |
| 1 stenographer. | 2, 000000 | OSWLGO, N. Y. |  |
| 1 stenographer to general appraiser | 1,700 00 |  |  |
| 1 clerk to geueral appraiser <br> 4 clerbs to general appraiser | $\begin{aligned} & 1,60000 \\ & 4,80000 \end{aligned}$ | 1 collector | 4,500 00 |
|  |  | 1. special deputy collector | 1,800 00 |
| praiser | 93900 | 1 deputy collector and casbier | 1, 60000 |
| ${ }_{5} \frac{1}{\text { nuessenger to general appraiser }}$ | 84000 | 2 daputy collectors. | 2,80000 2,000 |
| 5 foremen to opevers and packers | 5, 868875 | i deputy collectors. | 2, 9000000 |
| 91 openers and packers. | 85, 44900 | 1 deputy collector. | 80000 |
| 17 openers and packers | 14, 63275 | 7 deputy collectors and inspectors ${ }^{\text {a }}$.. | 4,056 00 |
| 1 opener and packer. | 1,252 00 | 19 inspectors................... | 4,05600 $11 ; 35100$ |
| 27 messengers | $\begin{array}{r}22,080 \\ 8,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 superintendent of public stores. | 1, 09800 |
| 1 deputy naval offic | 2,500 00 | 1 storekeeper. | 1,098 00 |
| 5 cleriks. | 12, 50000 | 6 storekeepers | 1,005 00 |
| 8 clerts | 17,600 00 |  |  |
| 19 clerks | 38, 00000 | cramese, n. x. |  |
| 6 clerks |  |  |  |
| 17 cleribs | 27,200 00 |  |  |
| $\lambda$ clerk 10 clerk | 1,550 00 <br> 14, 00000 | 4 deputy collectors and clerks | 5, 4388 |
| i3 clerks | 15, 60000 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,78477 |
| 1 clerk | 1,000 00 | 6 depaty collectors and inspectors | 5,484 00 |
| 8 messengers | 6,720 00 | 13 inspectors | 9,472 00 |
| 1 messenger | 50000 |  |  |
| 1 surreyor | 8,00000 | ningaba, n. y. |  |
| 1 auditor | 5, 00000 |  |  |
| 1. deputy | 2,500 <br> 3,600 <br> 100 | 1 collector | 4,500 00 |
| 9 clerks | 14, 40000 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 2,500 00 |
| 5 clerks | 7,000 00 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1, 80000 |
| 2 clerts | 2, 40000 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1,50000 |
| 2 messengers | 1,68000 | 1 deputy collector and clerk... | 1. 40000 |
| 5 messengers | 3,600 00 |  | $1,40000$ |
| 1 messenger.. | 500 10 10 | 1 deputy collector <br> 1 deputy collector and inspector | $\begin{aligned} & 1,20000 \\ & 1,22000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7 admeasurers | 10, 22000 | 1 deputy collector and inspector.... 18 depaty collectors and inspectors. | $\begin{array}{rl} 1,2000 \\ 19,76 & 00 \end{array}$ |
| albany, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$. |  | 5 deputy collectors and inspectors... | 3,14100 |
| ALbant, N. Y. |  | 2 storekeepers | 2,92800 |
| 1 surveyor | 5,000 00 | 1 special inspector | 1,46400 |
| 1 special deputy sarvey | 1,464 00 | 9 inspectors. | 7, 67300 |
| 2 deputy surreyors | 2,19600 | 1 inspectress | 73200 |
| 4 inspectors champtain, n. y. | 4, 39200 | 1 messenger <br> Note- $\$ 5,533.36$ of abore paid by railroad companies. | 60000 |
| i collector | 2,563 61 |  |  |
| i deputy collector and inspector | 1,79990 | blfato creek, n. y. |  |
| If deputy collector and clerk.... | 1,368 55 |  |  |
| $I$ deputy collector and inspector. | 1,16620 17.034 | 1 collector. <br> 1 appraiser | $\begin{aligned} & 3,82300 \\ & 3.00000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 22 deputy collectors and inspecto 2 inspectors | $\begin{array}{r} 17.03425 \\ 9 \Downarrow 120 \end{array}$ | 1 appraiser ....... | 3,000 <br> 2,500 |
| 6 tempory inspectors | 26395 | 1 entry cler't | 1,600 00 |
| 1 janitor ....................... | 48000 | 1 warehouse clerk | 1,400 00 |
|  |  | 1 cashier. | 1,40000 |
| OSWEGATCHIE, N. |  | 1 mmpost clerk | 1.20000 |
| 3 collector |  | 1 narixe cier |  |
| 1 special deputy | 1,60000 | 2 deputy collectors | 2,92800 |
| 1 depaty collector. | 1, 50000 | 2 dejuty collectors | 2,196 00 |
| 3 depaty collectors | 3,60000 | 1 deputy collector | 1,28100 |
| 3 deputy collectors | 3, 29400 | 1 special inspector | 1,46400 |
| 2 deputy collectors | 1,610 40 | 4 inspectors | 5,12400 |
| 3 depaty collectors | 1,811 70 | 2 clerks and inspectors | 75300 |
| 1 deputy collector | 36800 | 2 inspectors... | 75300 |
| 1 inspector. | 1, 4640400 | 4 storekeepers |  |
| 6 inspecturs. | 6, 98800 | 2 inspectors. | 1,83000 18,66000 |
| - $\frac{1}{1}$ inspector | 91500 36600 | l 17 messectors | 18,66000 800 |

## STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, fe:Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and

DUNKIRK, N. Y.
1 collector
1 deputy collector and inspector
1 inspector
1 inspector
NEWABK, N. J.
1 collector:
1 deputy collector and inspector 1 inspector

PEHTH AMBOY, N. J.
1 collector
2 inspectors
1 depaty collector
3 inspectors
1 clerk
1 inspector and clerk
1 storekeeper
1 boatman
LITTLE EGG HARBOR, N. J.
1 collector
1 deputy collectos
1 inspector.
great ego harbor, N. J.
1 collector
1 deputy collector
2 inspectors
brideleton, N. J.
1 collector
2 deputy collectors
butilington, N. J.
1 collector
philadelphia, pa.
1 collector
1 special deputy collector and auditor
1 deputy collector
1 assistant auditor
2 clerks
1 assistant collector (at Camden)
1 cashier.
1 assistant cashier
5 clerks (at $\$ 1,800$ per annum)
13 clerks (at $\$ 1,600$ per annum)
12 clerks (at $\$ 1,400$ per annum)
6 clerks (at $\$ 1,200$ per annum)
4 messengers (at $\$ 720$ per anaum)
2 watchmen (at $\$ 915$ per annum)
1 watchman (at $\$ 840$ per annum).
1.naval officer

1 depnty naval officer
1 clerk
2 clerks (at $\$ 1,800$ per annum)
2 clerks (at $\$ 1,400$ per annum)
1 clerk (at $\$ 1,200$ per annum)
1 messenger
1 surveyor
1 deputy surveyor
2 clerks
1 clerk.
1 messenger
1 general appraiser
1 clerk
1 appraiser $\therefore$
2 assistant appraisers
1 examiner

## Compénsation.

$\$ 1,00000$ 1, 46400
1, 09800 230

1, $171 \quad 18$
1, 20000
1,098 00
-3,131 54
2, 19600
1, 20000 45705 4431 60000 48000

36882
60000
73200

74372
60000
1,024 80

84809 17390

31660

8, 00000
3, 00000
3, 00000
2, 00000
4, 00000
1, 50000
2, 50000
2, 00000 9, 00000 19, 24680
15, 87011
5, 50057
2, 46703
1, 45250
30227
4, 99999
2, 12635
1,902 22
3, 599.94
1, 60913
1, 12501
72000
4, 98640
2,500 00
2, 80000
1, 20000
84000
3, 00000
1,300 00
3, 00000
5, 00000
2,000 00

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Philadeleria, Pa.-Continued. |  |
| 6 examiners (at ${ }^{\text {d }} 1,700$ per annum)... | \$9,793 48 |
| 1 examiner. | $1_{15} 20000$ |
| 1 examiner of drugs | 1, 00000 |
| 1 clerk.... | 1,500 00 |
| 2 clerks (at \$1,300 per anuum) | 2,600 00 |
| 1 clerk | 1, 20000 |
| 1. clerk (at \$900 per annum) | 52370 |
| 14 packers (at \$900 per annum) | 12,600 00 |
| 1 messenger. | 688.47 |
| 2 watchnen (at \$915 per annum) | 1,830 00 |
| 2 watchmen (at $\$ 720$ per annum) ....- | 1,314 13 |
| 1 watelman. | 69997 |
| 1iforeman of laburers | 90000 |
| 13 laborers to appraisers (at $\$ 700$ per annum) | 8,107 66 |
| 1 marker | 72000 |
| ]. Weigher | 2,000 00 |
| 18 assistant weighers (at $\$ \mathbf{i}, 100$ per annum) | 18,428 29 |
| 1 clerk. | 1,200 00 |
| 2 foremen (at \$915 per annum) | 1,830 00 |
| 1 gauger. | 2,000 00 |
| 1 assistant gauger | 1, 200.00 |
| 1 measurer (at \$1,281 per annum) ... | 1,176 00 |
| 1 measurer (at \$1,100 per annum) .... | 9070 |
| 6 special inspectors (at $\$ 1,464$ per annum) | 8,784 00 |
| 74 day inspectors | 92, 834100 |
| 1 day inspector. | 60000 |
| 1 inspectress. | 1,098 00 |
| 36 night inspectors (at $\$ 1,098$ per annum) | 39, 42000 |
| 1 night inspector (at $\$ 915$ per annum) . | 59700 |
| 2 boatmen (at \$720 per annam). | 1,430 15 |
| 1 carpenter | 80000 |
| 1 superintendent of warehouses...... | 1,000 00 |
| 17 laborers (at $\$ 700$ per annum) ...... | 11,871 15 |
| 1 laborer to measurer ................ | 91500 |
| 1 foreman to weigher's laborers | 43350 |
| 1 foreman to weigher's laborers...... | 34850 |
| 2 laborers to gangers | 1,830 00 |
| 1 stenciler | 88250 |
| 1 watcbman | 91500 |
| ERIE, PA. |  |
| 1 collector | 1,801 00 |
| 1 deputy collector". | 1,600 00 |
| 1 inspector. | 1, 03500 |
| 1 janitor. | 60000 |
| PITTSBURGH, Pa. |  |
| 1 surveyor | 5,000 00 |
| 1 deputy surveyor | 1, 80000 |
| 1 deputy surreyor and clerk | 1, 10000 |
| 1 inspector and examiner | 1, 46400 |
| 1 clerk | 1,100 00 |
| 4 inspectors | 4,39200 |
| 1 storekseper | 54000 |
| 1 messenger . | 60000 |
| DELAFAlE. |  |
| 1 collector | 2,59154 |
| 1 special deputy collecto | 1, 60000 |
| 1 deputy collector. | 50000 |
| 2 inspectors.. | 2,013 00 |
| 1 iuspector. | 60390 |
| 5 boatmen | 1,500 00 |
| BALTIMORE, MD. |  |
| 1 collector | 7,000 00 |
| 2 deputy collectors | 5,662 09 |
| 1 deputy collector | 80000 |
| 1 cashier. | 2,500 00 |

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, fo.-

| Districts, number of persons, and ocoupstion. | Compensation. | Districts, numbor of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bsltimore, Md.-Continued. |  | AnNAPOLIS, MD.-Continued. |  |
| 1 assistant cashier | \$1,800 00 | 1 inspecto | \$1,005 00 |
| 1 auditor. | 2,500 00 | 1 deputy collecto | 29200 |
| 1 assist int anditor | 1,800 00 | 1 boatman | 18000 |
| 8 clurks (at \$1,800 por annum) | 14, 340 (j1 |  |  |
| 7 clerks (at, \$1,000 per annum) | 11, 09011 | bagtern maizyland. |  |
| 9 clerts (at \$1,400 perannum) | 12,592 43 |  |  |
| 5 clorks (at \$1,200 per anumm) | 5,999 98 | 1 collector | 3,000 00 |
| 1 clerk (at \$1,000 por annam). | 1,000 00 | 1 deputy collecto | 1,095 00 |
| 1 messenger and copyist .... | 99907 |  |  |
| 2 messengers and copyists (at $\$ 900$ per anman) | 1,787 56 | grohgerown, D. C. |  |
| 1 captain of wateh . . . . . . . . | 1,000 00 | 1 collector | 1,868 44 |
| 4 watchmen (at $\$ 8.10$ per annura) | 3,360 00 | 1 special depaty collector | 1,600 00 |
| 5 mersaugers (at \$720 per annam).... | 3, 60000 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,095 00 |
| 2 laborers (at $\$ 720$ per annum) ....... | 1,440 00 | 1 inspector ..................... | 1,095 00 |
| 1 inspector (at \$1 per day) | 1,464 00 |  |  |
| 4.1 inspectors (at 43.50 per day) | 52, 12200 | alexandria, va. |  |
| 1 inspector (tempormry) | 21000 |  |  |
| Night service of inspectors | 6,20200 | 1 collector | 72808 |
| 1 captain of vight inspectors | 1,281 00 | 1 deputy oollector | 1,200 00 |
| 1 liontenant of night iuspectors. | 1,098 00 | 1 inspector | 1. 09500 |
| 32 night inspectors (at \$3 per day) ... | 35, 13600 | 1 janitor | 50000 |
| 2 debenture markers (at \$840 per an131m) | 1,680 00 | 1 night watebman | 36000 |
| 1 inspectress......... | 60000 | TAPPAHANNOCK, VA. |  |
| 1 firemin | 54000 |  |  |
| 1 boatiman | 54000 | 1 collector | 57968 |
| 1 boatman | 48000 | 1 depaty collecto | 60000 |
| 1 piloi | 72000 |  |  |
| 1 weigher | 2,000 00 | YORKTOWN, VA. |  |
| 3 clerks (at \$1,200 per annum) | 3,60000 |  |  |
| 1 assistant weigher. | 1,300 00 | 1 collector | 4,010 59 |
| 11 assistant weighers (at \$1,200 per |  | 1 deputy collect | 60900 |
| anuom) ...... ..................... | 13, 21888 | 7 inspectors, weighers, \& | 6, 98900 |
| 1 foreman of laborers | 50221 | 1 storekeeper | 98600 |
| 1 messeuger. | 72000 | 2 boatmen | 50288 |
| 1 keeper of scale-rom | 660 c0 | 8 laborers | 23400 |
| 4 assistant gnugers (temporary) ...... | 85750 |  |  |
| 1 general appraiser (at $\$ 3,000$ per annum) | 12228 | Chrreystone, ya. |  |
| 2 local appraisers (at $\$ 3,000$ per an- |  | 1 collector | $500 \cdot 00$ |
| numı) | 6,000 00 | 2 deputy collectors | 1,800 60 |
| 3 examinors (at $\$ 1,800$ per annum) | 5,40000 | 1 deputy collector | 48000 |
| 3 examiners (at, $\$ 1,60$ per anuum) | 4,79999 |  |  |
| 2 clerks (at \$1,800 per aunum) | 3,200 00 | miCrMOND, VA. |  |
| 1 foreman (at $\$ 840$ per annum) | 84000 |  |  |
| 6 laborers (ati\$840 per annum) | 5,02382 | 1 collector | 1,86351 |
| 5 laborers (at $\$ 720$ per annum) | 3,610 00 | 1 special depnty collecto | 1,600 00 |
| 1 messtuger | 72000 | 1 depuity collector. | 60390 |
| 1 clurk and storekeepo | 1,800 00 | 1 clerk and inspector | 1,300 00 |
| 1 clerk | 1,600 00 | 3 inspectors ... | 3,204 00 |
| 1 elnginear | 1,20000 | 1 boatman | 42000 |
| 1 fireman | 1,095 00 | 1 engineor | 1, 00000 |
| 4 porters (at \$820 per annilu). | 3,280 00 | 1 assistant engineer | 30400 |
| 4 laborers (at $\$ 720$ per annum) | 2,879 92 | 1 janitor | 70000 |
| 7 storekeepers (at $\$ 3.50$ per diem) | 8,074 50 | 1 watchman | 720 |
| Storekeepers, night service... | 63700 | 1 watchroan | 400 On |
| 1 naval officer................ | 5,000 00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy mяval officer | 2,500 00 | petbrsmurg, Va. |  |
| 2 clerks (at \$1,600 per annum) | 3,20000 |  |  |
| 3 clerks (at \$1,400 per annum) | 4, 20000 | 1 collector .... | 31951 |
| 1 clerk. | 1,000 00 | 1 doputy colloctor and clerk..... | 1,200 0 Ot |
| 1 messenger | 72000 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1, 09800 |
| 1 surveyor | 4,500 00 | 1 messenger and watchman. | 73200 |
| 1 deputy sarfeyor | 2,500 00 | 1 bọtman ........ | 20000 |
| 1 clork | 1,800 00 |  |  |
| 1 clerk | 53803 | NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, YA. |  |
| 1 messenger | 72000 |  |  |
| Labsrers on scales (at 25 cents per |  | 1 collector | 3,00000 |
| hour) . . ................... . | 7,517 58 | 1 depaty colle | 1,600 00 |
| Notes- $\$ 14,913$ of abovo paid by |  | 2 clerks. | 2,600 00 |
| eonsigneos and proprietors of privato |  | 1 inspector. | 1,46000 |
| boudud warebousee. |  | 4 inspectors | 4,380 00 |
|  |  | 1 inspector | 90000 |
| ANNAPOLIS, MD. |  | 1 cleric | 90000 |
|  |  | 1 watchman | 72000 |
| 1 oollector | 00436 | 1 boatman | 60000 |

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, \& $\operatorname{s}$.Contiuned.


## STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, \&c. Continued.

Districts, number of persons, and
occupation.

## Pengacola, Fla.-Continued.

6 inspectors (at $\$ 1,095$ per annum)
6 inspectors (temporary)
2 night watchmen (at $\$ 730$ per annum)

## 1 messenger

4 boatmen (at $\$ 420$ per ancum).......
2 boatmen (at $\$ 477.70$ per annam)...
1 janitor

## mobile, ala.

1 collecter
1 special depnty collector and cashier
1 depaty collector and clerk
1 clerk........................................
1 inspector (acting appraiser)
6 inspectors (at $\$ 3$ per diem).
2 night inspectors (at $\$ 2$ per diem)
1 night watchman
1 mesisenger
5 boatmen (at, $\$ 480$ per annum)
5 crew of launch
2 janitors (at $\$ 500$ per annum)
1 assistant janitor.
PEARL RIVER, MISS.
1 collector
2 deputy collectors (at $\$ 1,095$ per an num)
2 inspectors (at $\$ 1,095$ per annum)
2 boatmen (at $\$ 360$ per annum)
VICKsBURG, MISg.
1 collector

## NATCHEZ, MISG.

1 collector
NEW ORLEAN LA.
1 collector
2 deputy collectors
1 depaty collector.
1 cashier.
1 auditor.
1 chief clerk
1 entry clerk.
1 clerk.
6 clerks (at $\$ 1,600$ per annum)
8 clerks (at \$1,400 per anvum)
9 clerks (at \$1,200 per annum)
3 clerks (at $\$ 1,000$ per annum)
2 clerks (at $\$ 800$ per annum)
2 clerks (at $\$ 600$ per annum).
6 messengers (at $\$ 600$ per annnin) 1 messenger
1 warehonse superintendent
1 clerk and storekeeper
4 storekeepers (at $\$ 1,460$ per annum).
17 laborers (at $\$ 600$ per annurn)
1 appraiser
2 assistant appraisers (at $\$ 2,500$ per annum)
4 examiners (at $\$ 1,800$ per annaw).
1 special examiner of drugs
2 openers and packers (at $\$ 700$ per annum).
1 chief faborer
1 sampler
1 weigher
1 assistant weighers
7 gaugers (at $\$ 1,500$ perannam)
2.marker.

1 special inspector
1 inspector.
10-inspectors (at $\$ 3$ per diem)

\$6, 57000 1, 02000
1, 46000 60000 1, 68000 95540 50000

3,56953
1, 80000
1, 60000
1, 40000
1, 46000
6,570 00
1, 460 co .73000 73000
1,80000 , 62500
1,000 00 36000

2,493 21
2,190 00
2, 19000 72000

68680

51623

7,000 00
6, 00000 44040
2,500 00
2, 50000
2, 20000
1, 80000
1, 80000
9,591 29
8, 72899
10,731 48
2, 37496
1,120 78
1, 20010
3, 60000
75000
2, 00000
1, 80000
5,840 00
10, $023 \quad 5.3$
2,000 00
5, 00000
6,967 59
82057
1, 44000
80000
75000
1,651 70
8, 40000
3, 00000
59996
86000

1. 46400

2813400
 Continued.


* Refunded by Mexican National Construction Company.


## STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED in each DISTRICT, $\oint c .-$ Continued.

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dethoit, Mich.-Continued |  | Chicago, Ill.-Contimued. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | \$549 00 | 1 deputy collector aud clerk | \$2, 20000 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 9415 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 2,126 23 |
| 4 deputy collectors and inspectors |  | 1 deputy colleetor and clerk. ... | 1,600 00 |
| (at 30 cents per diem).............. | 43920 | 5 deputy collectors and inspectors | 1, 07200 |
| 1 deputy collector and examiner | 16480 | 1 surveyor (at Michigan City) | 35000 |
| 3 deputy collectors and clerks (a,t |  | 1 auditor | 2, 20000 |
| \$2.50 per diem).... | 2,74500 | 1 assistaut audit | 1, 80000 |
| 2 depuly collectors and clerks (at \$1 |  | 1 cashier | 2,200 00 |
| per diem) ....................... | 73200 | 1 assistant cashier | 了, 40000 |
| 2 deputy collectors and cleriss (at 65 |  | 1 correspoudeuce clerk | 2,200 00 |
| cents per diem) | 47580 | 1 chief entry clerk.... | 1,800 00 |
| 2 depaty collectors aud clerks (at 30 |  | 1 assistant entry clerk | 1, 60000 |
| cents per diem)........... | 21960 1098.00 | 1 liguidating clerk. | 1,70000 3,20000 |
| 1 deprity collector, g | 1,09800 1,09800 | $2{ }^{2}$ clerks (at $\$ 1,600$ per annum) | $\begin{aligned} & 3,20000 \\ & 3,00000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 laborer.... | , 41600 | 3 clerks (at \$1,400 per ammum) | 4, 20000 |
| 2 inspectors (at \$4 per diem) | 2, 26000 | 1 clerk | 1,300 00 |
| 5 inspectors (at \$2.50 per diem) | 4,575 00 | 1 cierk | 1,299 91 |
| 1 inspector | 54900 | 4 clerks (at \$1,200 per annum) | 4, 80000 |
| 1 appraiser | 3, 00000 | 4 clerks | 2,929 63 |
|  |  | 1 chief weioher | 1,500 00 |
| railroad companies, \&c. |  | 1 assistant weifher | $\begin{aligned} & 1,464 \quad 0 \quad \\ & 1,039 \quad 50 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 1 ganger ...... | 1, 464 00 |
| HURON, MICH. |  | 1 assistant ganger | 1,039 50 |
|  |  | 2 inspectors (at \$1,464 per annum) | 2,928 00 |
| 1 collector | 2,50000 | 7 inspectors (at \$1,281 per annum) | 8,96700 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 2,000 00 | 1. inspeotor | 1,223 50 |
| 1 deputy colloctor, cashier, and chiof |  | 1 inspector. | 1,156 00 |
|  | 1,500 00 | 13 inspectors (at \$1,098 per anuum) | 14, 27400 |
| 1 deputy collector... | 1,50000 | 17 inspectors | 14,536 50 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1,500 00 | 3 messengers | 2,259 30 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1,300 00 | 2 watchuen (at $\$ 900$ per annmm) | 1,800 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 91200 | 5 labotrers. | 4,036 00 |
| 1 deputy colleotor and clerk | 80000 | 7 storekeepers | 4,64150 |
| 2 deputy collectors | 2, 0c0 00 | 1 appraiser | 3,000 00 |
| 1 depaty collector | 91200 | 1 examiuer | 2,000 00 |
| 3 deputy collectors (at $\$ 900$ per annuas) | 2,74000 | 1 txaminer | 1, 80000 |
| 1 deputy collector and messenger.... | , 67644 | 1 examiner | 1, 60000 |
| 1 watchman | 73000 | 1 examiuer | 1,01199 |
| 28 deputy collectors and inspector | 20, 16072 | 1 examiner | 1,54891 |
| 10 inspectors. | 8,13244 | 1 examuiner | 81385 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector | 5000 | 1 clerk | 1,199 99 |
|  |  | 1 nessenger | 91500 |
| BUPESIOR, MICH. |  | 1 messenger | 52800 |
|  |  | 2 openers and packers | 1,880 00 |
| 1 collector | 2,500 00 | 1 opener and packer | 51600 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1,200 00 | 3 laborors | 1,886 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector... | 1,010000 |  |  |
| 10 deputy collectors and inspectors. | 3,17685 | GALENA, ILL. |  |
| 2 inspectots.......................... | 2,190 00 |  |  |
| Michigan, mich. |  | 1 deputy surveyor and cleck | 50000 |
| 1 collector | 2,500 00 | cairo, ill. |  |
| 1 depaty collector | 1, 200110 | 1 survejor | 90252 |
| 18 deputy collector | 5,51790 | 1 dopaty surveyor | 60000 |
| 1 inspector | 3000 |  |  |
| 1 clerk. | 17400 | malwaukee, wis. |  |
| IndIanapolis, ind. |  | 1 collector | 2;899 38 |
|  |  | 1 special deputy collector | 1,800 00 |
| 1 survejor | 3,690 00 | 1 deputy collector and cleris | 1,600 00 |
| 1 inspector | 1,09.500 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | ].,464 00 |
| 1 clerk | 72000 | 1 doputy collector and inspector | 1,09800 |
| 1 opener and packor | 60000 | . 1 deputy collector and clerk | 554,37 |
|  |  | 1 opener and packer | 503' 41 |
| EVANSVILLE, IND. |  | 5 deputy collectors | 1,775 10 |
| 1 surveyor | 605.25 | La crosge, wis. |  |
| I special deputy surveyor. | 80000 |  |  |
| Chicago, ild. |  | 1 survoyor | 1,200 00 |
| i collactor |  | DULUTH, MINe. |  |
| 1 collector | 7, 00000 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 3,00000 | 1 colloctor | 2, 23412 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 2,300 50 | 1 special deputy collector. | 1,400 00 |

Districts, number of persons, and
occupation.

Compeusa
tion.

Duf, Lth, Mink.-Continued.
1 deputy collector:
1 deputy collector
1 inspector
1 inspector aud clerk

## MNNESUTA, MNN.

1 collector
1 special deputy collector.
2 depnty collectors (at $\$ 2,000$ per annum)
2 deputy collectors (at $\$ 1,460$ per annum)
5 deputy collectors (at $\$ 1,277.50$ per anuum).
3 deputy collectors (at $\$ 1,095$ per an. nump
1 clerk
1 mounted inspector
1 inspector
(at $\$ 1,095$ per annum)
DUBUQUE', IOWA.
1.surreyor
deputy surveyor and janitor
1 assistant janitor
BURLINGTON, IOWA.
1 surveyor
SALNT LOULB, MO.
1 surveyor
1 appraiser
1 special deputy surveyor.
1 deputy surveyor and cashier
1 deputy surveyor

1. deputy surveyor

1 deputy surveyor
1 deputy surveyor
1 deputy surveyor
1 deputy surveyor
i. clerk
examiner.
1 examiner
1 examiner of drags
a clerk
1 clerk
1 clerk
1 clerk .................
1 clerk.
1 inspector
1 inspector
2 inspectors (at $\$ 3.50$ per diom)
3 inspectors (at $\$ 3.50$ per diem)
3 inspectors (at $\$ 3$ per diem)
1 storekeeper
1 sampler
3 opener and packer
1 messanger.
1 watchman
3 laborers (at $\$ 40$ per month
Kangas city, mo.
1 surveyor
I depaty surveyor and inspector
saint Joseph, mo.
1 surveyor
OMAHA, NEBR.
1 surveyor
I depaty surveyou

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| DHMVER, COLO. |  |
| 1 surreyor. | \$2,108 |

1, 01985
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3, 00000
1,500 00
1,20000
5,840 00
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13, 80000
4. 50000

4,80000

STATEMENT of the NOMBER of PERSONS EMPLOFED in each DISTRICT, \&o.Continued.

| Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Districts, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| San Francisco, Cal.-Continued. |  | San Francisco, Cal.-Continued. |  |
| 1 messenger | \$1, 20000 | 2 clerks (at \$1,200 per annuın) | \$2,400 00 |
| 3 messengers (at $\$ 900$ per aunuts). | 2, 70000 | 1 messenger | 1,000 00 |
| 1 messenger | 60000 | 1 surveyor | 5,000 00 |
| 6 watchmen (at \$900 per annum) | 5, 40000 | 1 depaty surveyor | 3,625 00 |
| 1 doorkeeper | 1; 20000 | 2 clerks (at \$1,800 per annum) | 3,600 00 |
| 1 storekeeper (at \$4 per diem) | 1,65700 | 1 messenger | 90000 |
| 8 storekeepers (at $\$ 4$ per diem) | 11, 71200. | Temporary laborers | 42,53500 |
| 1 superintendent of laborers. | 1,200 00 |  |  |
| 13 laborers (at \$900 per annum) .-...- | 11, 70000 | wilmington, cal. |  |
| 52 inspectors (at \$4 per diem)........ | 76,128 00 |  |  |
| 1 inspectress (at \$3 per diem) | 1,098 00 | 1 collector | 3, 00000 |
| 31 night inspectors (at $\$ 3$ per diem) .- | 34, 03800 | 1 deputy collector | 1,500 00 |
| 2 boaimen (at $\$ 900$ per annum) . .-...- | 1, 80000 | 2 inspectors | 2,000 00 |
| 3 weighers (at \$2,000 per annum) | 6,000 00 | 2 inspectors. | 2,19600 |
| 1 ganger .............................. | 2, 00000 | 35 inspectors (temporary) | 2,21100 |
| 16 assistant weighers (at $\$ 1,200$ per annum) | 19, 20000 | SAN DIEGO, CAL. |  |
| 1 assistant gauger | 90000 |  |  |
| 2 appraisers (at \$3,625 per aunum) ... | 7, 25000 | 1 collector | 3, 00000 |
| 2 assistant appraisers (at, \$2,500 per aunum) | 5,000 00 | 18 deputy collector | $\begin{array}{ll} 1,175 & 00 \\ 2,196 & 00 \end{array}$ |
| 6 examiners (at \$2,000 per annum) | 12,000 00 | 1 inspector. | 22200 |
| 1 examiner . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ]., 60000 |  |  |
| 1 clerk. | 1, 80000 | ALASKA. |  |
| 4 samplers, (at \$1,200 per annum) | 4,800 00 |  |  |
| 1 messenger | 90000 | 1 collector | 2,665 85 |
| 1 superintendent of laborers. | 1,200 00 | 1 special depaty collector. | 1,200 00 |
| 12 laborers (at \$900 per andum) | 10, 80000 | 3 depaty collectors (at \$1,500 per an- |  |
| 1 naval officer. | 5,000 00 | num) | 4, 50000 |
| 1 deputy navial oflicer | 3, 12500 | 2 inspectors (at $\$ 3$ por diem) | 1,50300 |
| 6 clerss (at \$1,800 per annuus) ....... | 10,800 00 | 2 watchmen (at $\$ 3$ per diem) | 15400 |
| 1 clerk.... | 1, 60000 | 。 |  |

# LIABILITIES 0F, THE UNITED STATES TO INDIAN TRIBES UNDER TREATY STIPULATIONS. 

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http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

## LIABILITIES

of the

## UNITED STATES TO INDIAN TRIBES UNDER TREATY STIPULATIONS.

## Department of the Interior, <br> Washington, September 18, 1884.

SIR : I have the honor to transmit herewith a statement of liabilitios of the United States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, together with letter of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, dated 17th instant, forwarding the same.

Very respectfally,

H. M. TELLER, Secretary.

Hon. Secretary of the Treasury.

> Departhent of the Interior, Office of Indian AFFairs, Washington, D. G., September $17,1884$.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose herewith, for transmittal to the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury, a statement showing the present liabilities of the United States to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, the same being required for his report on finances for the year 1884.

Very respectfully,
H. PRICE, Commissioner.
Hon. Secretary of the Interior.

| Names of treaties． | Description of annuities，\＆c． | Number of installments yet unap． propriated，explanations，\＆c． | Reference to laws，Statutes at Large． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apaches，Kiowas， and Comanches． | Thirty installments，provided to be expended under the tenth article treaty of October 21， 1887. | Thirteen installments，unappro－ priated，at \＄30，000 each． | Vol．15，p．584，§ 10 |  | \＄390， 00000 |  |  |
| Do． | Purchase of clothing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Tenth article treaty of October 21， 1867. | do | \＄15，000 00 |  |  |  |
| Do． | Pay of carpenter；farmer，blacksmith，miller， and engiveer． | Fourteenth article treaty of Oc－ tober 21， 1867. | Vol．15，p．585，§14 | 5，200 00 |  |  |  |
|  | Pay of physician and teacher ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．do | 2，500 00 |  |  |  |
| Arickarees，Gros Ventres，and Mandans． | A mount to be expended in such goods，\＆c．，as the President may from time to time deter－ mine． | Seventh article treaty of July 27， 1866. | Treaty not pub－ lished． | 50， 00000 |  |  |  |
| Assinaboines | ．．．．．．do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ， | do | 30，000 00 |  |  |  |
| Blackfeet，Bloorls， and Piegans． | do | Eighth article treaty of Septem－ ber 1， 1868. | ．．．do | 40，000 00 |  |  |  |
| Cheyennes and Arapahoes． <br> Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Thirty installments，provided to be expended under tenth article treaty of October 28， 1867. Purchase of clothing，same article． | Thirteen installments，unappro－ priated，at $\$ 20 ; 000$ each． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Vol．15，p．596．§ } 10 \\ & \ldots . . \text { do ．．．．．．．．．}\end{aligned}\right.$ | 14， 00000 | 260， 00000 | ．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| Do．．． | Pay of physician，carponter，farmer，black． smith，miller，engineer，and teacher． |  | Vol．15，p．597，§ 13 | 7，700 00 |  |  |  |
| Chickasaw ．．．．．．．． | Permanent annuity in goods ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | Vol．1，p． $619 . .$. |  |  | \＄3， 00000 |  |
| Chippewas，Boise F＇orte band． | Twenty installinents，for blacksmith，assist－ ants，iron．tools，\＆ec． | One installment，at $\$ 1,500$ ，unap－ propriated． | Vol．14，p．766，§ 3. |  | 1，500 00 |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Twenty installments，for schools，instructing Indians in farmiug，and for the purchase of seeds，tools，\＆c． | One installment，at \＄1，600，unap． propriated． | ．．．do |  | 1，600 00 |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Twenty installments of annuity，in money， goods，or other articles，provisions，ammu－ nition，and tobacco． | Annuity，$\$ 3,500$ ，goods，sc．，$\$ 6$ ， 500 ；provisions，\＆c．，$\$ 1,000$ ；one installment，unappropriated． | ．．do |  | 11，000 00 | ．．．．．．．．．．． |  |

Chippewas of the
Mississippi. Chippewas, PillaWer, and Lake bands. Choctaws..........

Forty six iustallments to be paid to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians. Forty installments: in money, $\$ 10,666.66$; goods, $\$ 8,000$; and for purposes of utility,

Permanent anuaities

Provisions for smiths, \&e.

Interest on $\$ 390,257.92$, articles ten and thirteen, treaty of January 22,1855.
Permanent annuities
.10
do
Smiths, shops, \&c
Wheel wright, permanent
Allowance, during the ploasure of the President, for blacksmiths, assistants, shops and tools, iron and steel, wagon-maker, education, aud assistance in agricaltmal operittions, \& c
Interest on $\$ 200,000$ lield in trust, sisth article
treaty A ugust 7,1856 treaty August 7, 1856.
Interest on $\$ 675,168$ hela in trust, third article
treaty $J$ une 14,1866 , to be expended under treaty June 14, 1866 , to be expended under For supplying male persons over fourteen years of age witb a suit of good, substantial woolen clothing; females over twelve years of age a flannel skirt or goods to make the same, a pair of woolen hose, calico, aud domestic; and boys and girls under the ages named such flamel and cotton goods as their For pav of physician
neer farmer, aud blacksiuith, miller, engiTwenty instalments for pay of
for books and stationery teacher and Blacksmith, iron and steel aglicultural implements.
O the $P$ resident.

Eightinstallments, of $\$ 1,000$ each due.
Ten installments, of $\$ 2,666.66$ each, lue.

Secoud article treaty of November $16,1805, \$ 3,000$; thirteenth article treaty of October 18, $1820, \$ 600$; secoud article treaty of Jannaly 20, 1825. $\$ 6,000$.
Sixth article treaty of October 18,
1820; ninth article treaty of January 20, 1825.

Treaty of August 7, 1790
Treaty of June 16, 1802.
Treaty of January 24, 1826
Treaty of January 24, 1826, and August 7, 1856.
Treaty of February 14, 1833, and treaty of August 7, 1850.

Treaty of August 7, 1856
Expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Treaty ot May 7, 1868; fourteon installments of $\$ 19,000$ each, due, estimated.

Treaty of May 7, 1868
Five
Estimated at
wenty.two installinents of $\$ 30,000$ each, due.


| Names of treaties． | Description of annuities，\＆o． | Number of installménts yet unap． propriated，explanations，\＆c． | Reference to laws，Statuter at Large． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gros Ventres | Amonnts to be expended in such goods，pro－ visions，\＆c．，as the President may from time to time determine as uccessart | Treaty not published（eightb ar． tiole，July 13，1868）． |  | \＄35， 00000 |  |  |  |
| Iowas．．．．．．．．． | to time determine as uocessary． <br> Interest on $\$ 57,500$ ，beiug the balance on \＄157，500． |  | Vol．10，p．1071，§9 |  |  | \＄2， 87500 | \＄57， 50000 |
| Kansas ．．． | Interestio on $\$ 200,000$ ，at 5 per cent．． |  | Vol．9，p．842，${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  |  | 10,000 4 4 679 | 200， 00000 |
| Klamaths and Mo． docs． | Twenty installments for repairing saw－mill， and buildings for blacksmith，carpenter， wagon and plowmaker，manual－laber school， and hospital． | Two installmente，of $\$ 1,000$ each， due． | Vol．16，p．708，\％ 2 |  | \＄2，000 00 | 4，679 05 |  |
| Do． | For tools and matorials for saw and flour mills， carpenter＇s，blackemith＇s，wagon and plow maker＇s shops，books，and stationery for manual－labor schonl． | Oue installment，of $\$ 1,500$ ，due． | ．${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 1，500 00 |  |  |
| D | Pay of physician，miller＇，und two teachers，for twenty years． | One installment，of \＄3，600，duo． | Vol．16，p．709，§5． |  | 3，600 00 |  |  |
| Miamies of Kansas． | Permanent provision for smith＇s shops and miller，\＆c． | Say $\$ 411.43$ for shop and $\$ 262.62$ for uiller． | Vol．7，p．191，§5．． |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}674 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13，48100 |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Interest on $\$ 21,884.81$ ，at the rate of 5 per cent．， as per third article treaty of June 5， 1854. |  | Vol．10，p．1094，§3 |  |  | I， 09424 | 21， 88481 |
| Miamies of Eel River． | Permanent annuities．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Fourth article treaty of 1795； third article treaty of 1805； third article treaty of 1809. | $\text { vol. } 7, \text { p. } 116 .$ |  |  | 1， 10000 | 22，000 00 |
| Molels | Pay of teacher to manual－labor school，and subsistence of pupils．\＆c． | Treaty of Decemher 21， 1855 | Vol．12，p．982，§2 | 3， 00000 |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| Nez Perces． | Salary of two matrons fur schools，two assist－ ant teachers，farmer，carpenter，and two millers． | ＇Treaty of June 9．1803．．．．．． | Vol．14，p．650，§5． | 3， 50000 |  |  |  |


| Nortbern Cborennesand Arapa- | Thirty installments, for purchase of clothing, as per sisth article of treaty May $10,1868$. | Fourteen installments, of $\$ 12,000$ each, due. | Vol. 15, p. 657; §6. |  | 188, 00000 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dres. | T'en installments, to be expended by the Secretary of the Interior, for Indiaus engaged | Fourinstallments, of $\$ 37,500$ each, due. | do |  | 150,000 00 |  |  |
|  | in agriculture. <br> Pay of teacber, farmer, carponter, miller, blacksmith, engineer, and physician. | Estimated at | Vol. 15, p. 658, § 7. | 6,000 00 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {it }}$ Omahas .......... | Twelve iustallments, fourth series, in money or otherwise. | Ten installments, fourth series; of $\$ 10,000$ each due. | Vol. 10, p. 1044, §4 |  | 100,000 00 |  |  |
| Osages. | Interest on $\$ 69,120$, at 5 per cent., for elucational purposes. | Resolution of the Senate to treaty; Jauuary 2, $182 \overline{5}$. | Vol. 7, p. 242, §6.. |  |  | 3,456 00 | 69, 12000 |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\infty} \mathrm{D}_{0} .$ | Interest on $\$ 300,000$, at 5 per cent., to be paid semi-aunually, in money or such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct. | Treaty of September 29. 1865.... | Vol. 14, p. 687, §1. |  |  | 15,000 00 | 300,00000 |
| Otors and Missourias. | Twelve installments, last series, in money or otherwise. | Ten installments, of $\$ 5,400$ each, due. | Vol. 10, p. 1039, §4 |  | 50,000 00 |  |  |
| Pawnees.... | Annuity goods, and such articlos as may be necessary. | Treaty of September 24, 1857 | Vol. 11, p. 729, § 2. |  |  | 30, 000.00 |  |
| Do. | Support of two manual-labor schools and pay of teachers. | ...do............................. | Vol. 11, p. 729, §3. | 10,000 00 |  |  |  |
| Do. | For iron and steel and other necessary artivles for shops, and pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom is to be tin and gun suith, and compensation of two strikers and apprentices. | Estimated, foriron and steel, $\$ 500$; two blacksmiths, $\$ 1,200$, and two strikers, $\$ 180$. | Vol. 11, p. 729, §4. | 2,18000 |  | . |  |
| Do. | Farming utensils and stock, pay of farmer, miller, and engineer, and compensation of apprentices, to assist in working in the mill and keeping in repair grist and saw mill. | Estimated. | Vol. 11, p. 730, §4. | 4,400 00 |  |  |  |
| Poncas ........... | Fifteen installments, last series, to be paid to them or expended for their benefit. | Four installments, of $\$ 8,000$ each, due. | Vol. 12, p. 997, §2. |  | 32, 00000 |  |  |
| Do........ | A mount to be expended during the pleasure of the President for purposes of civilization. | Treaty of March 12, 1868 | Vol. 12, p. 998, § 2 | 10,000 00 |  |  |  |
| Pottinatomies | Permanent annuity in money ................. | August 3, 1795 | Vol. 7, p. |  |  | 35780 | 7, 15600 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lo. } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ | ...do ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | September ${ }^{\text {Sol }}$ - 1818 | Vol. 7, p. 185, 3 3. |  |  | 17890 894 50 | $\begin{array}{r}3,57800 \\ 17 \\ \hline 1890 \\ \hline 1800\end{array}$ |
|  |  | September 20,1 |  |  |  | 715 780 787 | 14, 31200 |
|  | For edlueational purposes, during the pleasure of the President. | September $20,1828$. | Vol. 7, p. 318, \% ${ }^{\text {\% }}$.. | 5,000 00 |  | 5, 72477 | 114, 49540 |
| Do | Permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, iron and steol. | October 16, 1826; September 20, 1828; July 29, 1829. | Vol. 7, p. 296, §3; vol. 7, p. 318, vol. 7, p. 321, 2 ; |  |  | 1,008 99 | 20,179 80 |
| Do. | Permanent provision for furnisbing salt ...... | July 29, 1829........ ......... | Vol. 7, p. 320, \%2.. |  |  | 15654 |  |
| Do | Permanent provision for payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel. | September 20, 1828; June 5 and 17, 1846. | Vol. 7, p. 318, 2 , vol. 9, p. 855, \& 10. |  |  | 10734 | 2, 14680 |
| Do.......... | For interest on $\$ 230,064.20$, at 5 per cent | June 5 and 17, 1846 | Fol. , p, p55, |  |  | 11,503 21 | 230, 06420 |
| Pottowatomies of Huron. | Permanent annuities.e. ...t...\%\%. ..... |  | Vol. 7, p. 106, §2. |  |  | +400 00 | 8,000 00 |
| Quapaws | For education, smith, farmer, and smith-shop during the pleasure of the President. | $\$ 1,000$ for education, $\$ 1,060$ for smith, \&c. | Vol. 7; p. 425, §3.. | 2,060 00 |  |  |  |


| Names of treaties． | Description of annuities，\＆c． | Number of installments jet unap－ propriated，explanations，\＆c． | Reference to laws，Statutes at Large． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi． Do Do． | Permanent annuity ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Interest on $\$ 200,000$, at 5 per cent ．．．．．．．． | Treaty of November 3， 1804 <br> Treaty of October 21，1837．． <br> Treaty of Octoler 21， 1842 | Vol．7，p．85，§3．． <br> Vol．7，p．541，$\delta 2$. <br> Vol．7；p．596， 2. |  |  | $\$ 1,00000$ <br> 10,00000 <br> 40，000 00 | $\$ 20,00000$ 200,00000 800,00000 |
| Sacs and Foxes of Missouri． <br> Do． $\qquad$ | Interest on $\$ 157,400$ ，at 5 per cent For support of sohool．．．．．．．． | Treaty of October 21， $1842 \ldots$ Treaty of October $21,1837$. Treaty of March 6，1861．．．． | Vol．7，p．596， Vol． p .543, Vol． 2. Vo．p．1172，§ 5 | \＄200 00 |  | 40,00000 7,870 | 800,000 <br> 157,400 <br> 00 |
| Seminoles．．．． | Interest on $\$ 500.000$ ，eighth article of treaty of August 7， 1856. | \＄25，000 annual annuity． | Vol．11，p．702，§ 8 |  |  | 25，000 00 | 500， 00000 |
| Do． | Intereston \＄70，000，at 5 per cent．．．．．．．．．．．． | Snpport of schools，\＆c | Vol．14，p．757．§ 3 |  |  | 3，500 00 | 70，000 00 |
| Senecas． | Permanent annuity．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | September 9 and 17， 1817 | Vol．7，p．161，§4； vol．7，p．179，§4． |  |  | 1，000 00 | 20，000 00 |
| －Do．．．．． | Smith and smith－shop and miller，permanent．． | February 28，1821．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Vol．7，p．349，${ }^{\text {\％}} 4$. |  |  | 1，660 00 | 33，200 00 |
| Senecas of New York． | Permanent annuities． |  | V．ol．4，p． $442 . .$. |  |  | 6， 00000 | 120，000 00 |
| Do．．．．． | Interest on \＄75，000．nt 5 per cent．．．．．．．．．．． | Act of June 27， 1846 | Vol．9，p．35，§2．．． |  |  | 3，750 00 | 75，000 00 |
| Do． | Interest on $\$ 43,050$ ，transferred from the On － tario Bank to the United States Treasury． | ．．．．．do ． | Vol．9，p．35；§3． |  |  | 2，152 50 | 43,05000 |
| Șenecas antl Shaw． nees． | Permanent annuity ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Treaty of September 17， $1818 \ldots$. | Vol．7，p．179，§4．． Vol．7，p． 352 § 4. |  |  | 1，000 00 | 20,00000 |
| Do．．．．．．． | Support of smith and smith＇s shops | Treaty of July 20， 1831 ．．．．．． | Vol．7，p．352，§4 | 1，060 00 |  |  |  |
|  | Permasent annuity for education | August 3，1795；Matember ${ }^{\text {Ang }}$（1795； | Vol．10，p．1056，§3 |  |  | 3，000 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 60,000.00 \\ & 40,000 \quad 00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Shoshones and Ban－ nacks： |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |
| Shoshones．．．．．．．．． | For the purchase of clothing for men，women， and children，thirty iustallments． | Fifteen installments due，esti－ mated at $\$ 11,500$ each． | Vol．15，p．676，§9． |  | \＄172， 50000 |  |  |
| Do．．．． | For pay of physician，carpenter，teacher，en－ giveer，farmer，and blacksmith． | Estimated．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Vol．15，p．676，§ 10 | 5，000，00 |  |  |  |
| Do | Blacksmith，and for iron and steel for shops ．．． | ．do | Vol．15，p．676，§3 | 1，000 00 |  |  |  |



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[^0]:    * Part of which had matured previous to November 1, 1883.

[^1]:    "Members of the House of Commons and others are constantly crying out that there is very great danger threatening this country from Russia, and they neglect to observe that the great danger to the supremacy of the country is not in Russia, but in the competition of the United States of America."

[^2]:    *See Appendix, page 61.

[^3]:    * Decrease caused by reduction from gross to net tonnage.

[^4]:    1,970,726 13

[^5]:    * In the amount hare stated as the outstanding principal of the public debt are included the certificates of deposit outstanding on the 30th of June, issued under act of June 8, 1872, for whicb a like amount in Uniled States notes was on special deposit in tho Treasury for their redemption, and added to the cash balance in the Treasury. These certificates, as a matter of accounts, are treated as a part of the public debt, but, being offset by notes held on deposit for their redemption, should properly be deducted from the principal of the public deht in making comparison with former years.

[^6]:    * Includinge reiasuaa
    s.

[^7]:    *This item includes $\$ 58,000$ for accounts of storekeepers and gaugers for last half of June, 1884, that were not paid owing to the appropriation being exhausted, and for which a deficiency appropriation will be needed.

[^8]:    Whole number of offers received
    454
    
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    Amount of specific penalties in lieu of fines, forfeitures, and penalties...................................... 18, 32581
    

[^9]:    * Chairs exported during the years 1804, 1865, 1866, and 1867 under the provisions of section 171, ant

[^10]:    * Exclusive of the Metropolitan National Bank, of New York City, which was placed in voluntary liquidatiou November 18, 1884.

[^11]:    *The reserve cities, in addition to New York, Bostou, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, are Albany, Pittsburgh, Washington, New Orleans, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago, Detroit, Milwaukee.
    Saint Louis, and San Fraucisco.

[^12]:    * In the last table of the series the returns are giveu for the six months onding May 31; 1882, and also for the six months ending November 30, of the same year.

[^13]:    * Of these bonds $\$ 9,586,200$ have been called for payment on which ipterest ceased on November 1, 1884. If these bonds are not replaced by others bearing interest, there will be au immediate further reduction in circulation of 90 per cent. of their amount.

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[^14]:    * While considering the question of refunding the high-rate bonds forming the principal part of the public debt into bonds bearing a lower rate of interest, and paying a preminm to the holders of the former to compensate them for any disadvantage in the exchange, it is interesting to note that the Eaglish Government, by an act passed at the last session of Parliament, provided for the conversion of a large portion of its national debt bearing interest at 3 per cent. into two classes of stock, bearing intérest, one at $2 \frac{8}{4}$ and the other at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, on the basis of a difference of 2 per cent. between the threes and the $2 \frac{9}{4}$ per cent. stock, and of 8 per cent. between the threes and the $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. stock, this difference or bonus to accrue to the holders of the thrées.

    As the English Government does not appear to have a surplus revenne available to par the difference in cash, it is added to the face of the lower rate stocks given in exchange. The act, which anthorizes this exchange is not compulsory, and if the conversion takes place, it will be through the voluntary action of the holders of the higher-rate stock. The chancellor of the Exchequer, however, claims that under an old law or regulation he has compulsory power and can call some'six hundred and twelve millions sterling of 3 per cent. stocks upon giving a jear's notice. Although this view is disputed,' it has had the effect to depreciate the 3 'per cent. stock, and will no donbt have an effect in inducing holders of threes to convert on the terms offered into the new stocks.

    The editor of the London Bankers' Magazine; in commenting upon the action of the Government, remarks that "the mass of threes (which it is claimed can be called) is so large, that it may very probably prove a difficult matter to deal with the whole if paid off compulsorily.". Another comment is tbat, "had the debt of the British Government been divider into separate funds of moderate amonnt, the operation (of funding) would have been comparatively an éasy one. As matters stand, there will probably be great dificulty in carrying the operation throogh."

    From the foregoing it appears quite evident that the successful funding, of the debt of the United States from time to time iato bonds bearing lower rates of interest has attracted the favorable attention of the English Government. It is particularly to be noted that the proposed $\because \frac{8}{4}$ and $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. stocks are to matare in 1905, that is, they are to become payable at the option of the Government at a fixed date twenty years

[^15]:    after the date of their issue, and cannot be called before that date. This is a new departure in the management of the public debt of Great Britain. The attitude of the Chancellor of the Exchequer seems to iodicate tbat he has particularly in view the funding of our 5 s and 68 into $3 t$ per ceats in 1881. His proposed method of carrying out the act of Parliament referred to is very similar in principle to that adopted by Secretary Windonı in 1881.
    On October 17, 1884, being the expiration of tbe period under which proposals were received by the Chancellor for the conversion of the 3 per cents, the total amount of stock of private holders that had been converted was but $£ 9,686,000$, or less than 18 per cent. of the entire 3 per cent. stock held by the public. It wonld appear, therefore, that the conversion of 3 per cent. Euglish consols into stock of a lower rate of interest is not popular, although the lower-rate stocks have a minimun of twenty years to run, and notwithstanding the preminm offered by the Government.

    * A computation based upon the realized rate to the Government or any investor in four per cent. bonds having twenty-two years to run from July. 1, 1895, at a marlitet rate of $1 \mathscr{2} 0$ indicates that the average difference in present value between three per cent. bonds maturing at the dates mentioned and a four per cent. bond maturiug in 1907 is about sixteen per cent. It is believed that the desirability of the long time bouds for banking and trust purposes would iuduce the bankers aud the public to make the exchange tor a less difference than sixteen per cent., which is simply the mathematical differeace. The history of securities put ont by Governments whose credit is unquestioned shows that the long-time securities are invariably considered the most valuable, and that the premium paid for such securities is wore in proportion than would naturally be indicated by a computation based upon any present realized rate of interest.

    The following table has been prepared by E. B. Elliott, esq., Goverument actuary, in order to show the difference in value between three and four per cent. bonds ma-

[^16]:    *Mr. S. Dada Horton.

[^17]:    * From information derived from the Treasurer of the United States, it is found that silver certificatrs issued at the subtreasuries in the west and sonth, on deposits of gold coin with the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York from September 18, 1880, to October 31, 1884, amonnted to $\$ 69,625,500$
    *Considering the strong ground taken aganst bimetallism by the British Government, apparently for the reason that it is difficult to ascertain the intrinsic valne of silver as compared with gold, it is interesting to note that the Chancellor of the Exehequer, Mr. Childers, iu his budget speech of the 24th of April, proposed, in order

[^18]:    to restore the gold coinage of England to its nominal value, to issue a depreciated half sovereign. In other words Mr. Childers's plan is that the Government shall issue to the people a half sovereigu containing only nine-tenths of the amount of gold at present contained in that coin, rather than have the Government bear the loss of the recoinage of the outstandiug sovereigns and balf sovereigns which are known to be light. . This new half-sovereign is to be legal tender to the amount of $£ 5$ only, but it seems a noticeable fact that the Chancellor of the Exchequer should submit in his annal budget a proposition to debase one of the gold coins of the United Kingdom, a country which has heretofore been so particular as to its money standards. Although it is not proposed to change the intrinsic value of the sovereigu, this alteration of the value of the half-sovereign would no doubt have the effect of discrediting the gold coinage of England, which has for many years been recognized throughout the world as an almost infallible standard of value.

    * These figures have been obtained from the honorable Director of the Mint,

[^19]:    * London Economist, November 8, 1879.
    $\dagger$ Loudon Baukers' Magazine, October, 1880, 1881, and 1882.
    $\ddagger$ London Economist, November 1, $18 \triangleleft 4$.
    § The Bulletin de Statistique, as quoted in the Bankers' Magazine, New York, vol. xiii, page 740 ; except the items for 1879-80 and '81, which were obtained from the London Bankers'. Magazine for August, 1880, page 661, Septémber, 1881, page 716, and September, 1882, page 739, and the three last items froun L'Économiste Français, November 3, 1883, and November 1, 1884.

[^20]:    * The United States bonds held in the Pacific States are not included in the above table, as the re turns for 1884 did not separate United States bonds from other bonds held. It is estimaced that the aggregate amount held is $\$ 18,000,000$, the estimate being based upon the proportion of United States bonds to the total amomt of bonds held in these States in 1883.

[^21]:    Resolved, That, in view of the present crisis, the banks in this association, for the purpose of sustaining each other and the business community, resolve:
    That a commitree of five be appointed by the chair, to receive from banks members of the association bills receivable and other securities to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor to such depositing banks certificates of deposit bearing interest at six per cent. per aunum not in excess of 75 per cent, of the securities or bills receivable so depositell, except in case of United States bonds, and said certificates shall he received in settlement of balances at the clearing house.

[^22]:    * These resolutions were firsteprinted in the Comptroller's report ${ }_{\text {d }}^{\text {T }}$ for the year 1873.

[^23]:    * The Comptroller is indebted to Mr. W. A. Camp, manager, and Mr. E. D. Tappen, chairman of the loan committee of the New Yorkelearing-house, for valuable,information regarding the issne of loan certificates.

[^24]:    * And interest.

[^25]:    * It is submitted that the compensation allowed national-bank examiners by section 5240, Revised Statutes, is often insufficient. The assessments upon the banks', by which the law provides that the examiners' fees shall be paid, are based upou the capital of the national banks examined, and vary, according to capital, from $\$ 20$ to $\$ 75$. In many instancus the capital is not the proper basis upon which to coupute the compensation of national-bank examiners, as many banks with a comparatively small capital have large lines of deposits, and consequently do a much larger business and require more time and labor from the examiner than other associations with the same rapital. The Comptroller is of the opinion that the fees paid to nationalbank examiners should be based upon the capital and average deposits of the national: banking association.

[^26]:    *The capital is for various dates, the amounts at a uniform date in each year not being obtainable.
    $\dagger$ Yearly averages for thirty-one years.
    $\ddagger$ Totals for thirty one years.

[^27]:    * From the Financial Cbronicle only. tFrom the London Bankers' Magazine.

[^28]:    *For information relating to cnstoms of London bankers, in regard to paying interest on deposits, the Comptroller is indebted to Mr. W. 'Talbot Agar, secretary of the Institute of Baukers, London, England.

[^29]:    *Includes $\$ 534,079$ notes of gold banks, and omits $\$ 552,041$ mutilated currency.

[^30]:    * Lawful money has been deposited during the year to retire $\$ 5,872,172$ additional circulation which has not yet been presented for redemption. Therefore the actual reduction of circulation during the year has been $\$ 24,170,676$, as shown on page 14.
    $\dagger$ Oruits $\$ 534,079$ gold notes and includes $\$ 552,041$ mutilated cuirenes.

[^31]:    " London Bankers' Magazine, August, 1884, page 829.

[^32]:    * The appendix, which is omitted for want of space, will be found in the bound volumes of the Comptroller's report.

[^33]:    * Includes $\$ 229.91$ expended from reimbursements by Hawaiian Government for coinage dies.

[^34]:    *This matter is omitted for want of space, but it may be found in the separate volumes of the Director's report.
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[^35]:    Imports:
    Gold
    Silver:
    \$1, 288, 752
    880,000
    Exports: Gold
    476, 192
    
    In treasury December 31, 1882 (gold coin) .............................................. 2, 471,148
    ${ }^{〔}$ In banks Decomber 31, 1882 (gold coin).............................................. 6, 551, 761
    In circulation:
    Government notes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16, 115, 084
    Bank notes ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $36,501,695$

[^36]:    

[^37]:    1 For salary see Table A, Hayti.
    ${ }^{2}$ For salary see Table A, Persia.
    ${ }^{3}$ Although in schedalo $B$, Anckland exempt from the prohibition as to trading.
    ${ }^{4}$ Made a consulate May 11, 1883. See Schedule D.

[^38]:    Expense account from April 26 to June 30, 1884, not received.
    ${ }^{2}$ Salary and fee account for the June quarter, 1884, not received.
    ${ }^{3}$ Accounts incomplete.
    No accounts for salary and fees received.
    ${ }_{5}^{5}$ For fees, \&c., see Table D.

[^39]:    ${ }^{*}$ Much of the matter here referred to is omitted for want of space, but it may all be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's report.

[^40]:    * The public debt statementreports outstanding $\$ 119,811,6 \xi 1$; a difference of $\$ 1,080,000$. This amount; orwarded to an assistant trensurer on June 30, was entered as issued on that day after the report for he debt statement had been made up.

[^41]:    Notr.-The amounts ontstanding differ from those shown by the Public Debt Statements, for the reason that the reports of issues and redemptions of the last days of the fiscal year at the several offices do not reach the Department until after the statements of the debt are made up.

[^42]:    In gold coin and gold certificates
    $\$ 208,590,000$
    In United States notes.
    35, 278, 000
    In silver coin 335, 000
    In silver certificates.
    84,330, 000

[^43]:    Charges for transportation.......................................................................... \$68, 684 11
    Costs for assorting:
    
    92, 21254
    'Iotal
    160,89665

[^44]:    Carried forward

[^45]:    * Prior to July 1.
    $\dagger$ Debit balances.

