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## REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

DECEMBER, 1840.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT; December 7, 1840.

The undersigned respectfully submits to Congress the following

report on the finances.

He has great pleasure in announcing that during the present year the expenditures have been still further reduced; and, though the revenue has not proved so large as usual, all the public engagements have been met with promptitude.

I. The receipts and means for 1840, exclusive of trusts and the Post

Office, have been as follows:

The data on which this conclusion rests, connected with the actual receipts and expenditures in 1839, and with the unavailable condition of a portion of the public funds, may be seen in the statements annexed, (A and B.)

During the first three quarters of the present year the net receipts from cus-

During the same period the receipts from lands were

lands were 2,630,217 25
Miscellaneous receipts for the same time
Estimated receipts for the fourth quarter
from all these sources 3,800,000 00

These make the aggregate of ordinary receipts for the.

Add the estimated receipts of principal and interest in 1840, out of what was

and interest in 1840, out of what was due from former deposite banks, but not available on the 1st of January last.

Add also the estimated receipts from the fourth bond of the United States Bank.

850,000 00

2,500,000 00

Add also from the issue of Treasury notes, instead of others redeemed 5,440,000 00
Aggregate from these additional sources 8,790,000 00
This will make the total means in 1840, as ascertained and estimated. \$28,234,512 01
It is proper to remark, that about \$700,000 of the sums computed to be received within the year, from the banks above described, have not yet been ascertained to be paid; and if, contrary to expectation, there should be a failure to pay any part of them until next year, it will make a difference to that extent in the preceding results.
II. The expenditures for 1840, exclusive of trusts and the Post Office, have been as follows:
For the first three quarters: civil, diplomatic, and miscel-
laneous. \$4,118,248 64
For the same time, military
For the same time, naval. 4,620,316 35
See particulars of them in statement annexed, (C.) Estimates by this Department (though higher by the
others) for all expenses during the fourth quarter 5,000,000 00
These make the aggregate of current expenses for the
whole year 22,489,349 51
Add for funded debt and interest for that of the cities of the District of Columbia during the year, ascertained
and estimated. 100,000 00  Redemption of Treasury notes, including principal and
interest, ascertained during the first three quarters . 3,629,306 61
Estimate of notes that will be redeemed in the fourth
quarter 425,000 00
This will make the aggregate of payments or expenditures of all kinds
on the 31st December, 1840, computed to be 1,590,855 89
\$28,234,512 01

The funds on hand considered not available for public purposes, at the commencement as well as close of the present year, are described

particularly in the statement annexed, (B.)

Previous to the close of the year, should Congress pass any new appropriations which may be immediately expended, an additional charge to that extent will thus be imposed on 1840; and if amounting to any considerable sum, it might prudently be accompanied by some provision of new means sufficient for its payment.

III. The condition of the public debt next demands consideration.

An exhibit of the particulars of it, whether funded or unfunded, and of the payments made within the year on account of both, is annexed, (D and E.)

Probably none of the former kind of debt exists which is due, except what has been forgotten, or the evidence of it mislaid; as all ever claimed, whether incurred in the Revolution or since, has been promptly discharged. It is fortunate that no new debt of a permanent character has been recently created by the General Government; and the undersigned, for reasons formerly explained, which need not be here repeated, has uniformly considered it sound policy never to incur one in time of peace. But it will be recollected that Congress, by an act passed in May, 1836, engaged, under special conditions, to make payment of a debt due from the cities of the District of Columbia to certain individuals abroad.

The principal amounted to \$1,500,000, and was to be paid in yearly instalments of \$60,000 each, beginning the 1st of January, 1841. But the interest was payable quarterly, and, during the last four years, has

been regularly discharged by the Treasury.

Within the present year, notice has been received from the agent of the creditors that payment of the first and subsequent instalments of the principal is desired to be made, when due, with punctuality. To insure a compliance with that wish, it will be necessary, besides meeting the interest quarterly, to advance \$60,000 of the principal at the commencement of the ensuing year; and the residue must be paid, in like amounts, annually hereafter, till the whole is discharged.

The canal stocks assigned to secure these payments can, by the terms of the agreement, be sold to aid in reimbursing them. But, in the first instance, the money is to be taken from the Treasury, under existing laws, which appropriate sufficient to discharge all outstanding debts; and a sale, if able to be made afterwards, must probably be at a great sacrifice. Congress may therefore, in its wisdom, think further

This is all the funded debt not due, and likewise all of it not paid except, as before explained, the inconsiderable portions never yet

demanded.

In respect to the unfunded debt, such small parts as were created previously to 1837, and still remain unsatisfied, must, it is presumed, be in that condition from some accident, which has prevented a request to be made for payment.

Nor has any of it, which was incurred since, fallen due, without being

discharged whenever claimed.

legislation on the subject expedient.

The whole balance of the four emissions of Treasury notes made since October, 1837, which was outstanding on the 1st instant, amounted only to \$4,433,823. This is but \$1,675,488 more than at the close of 1839, notwithstanding the great decline in our revenue since, and the unexpectedly large expenditures of old appropriations connected with the Florida war and the further adjustment of claims in behalf of Indians.

Had these events not happened, less even than that amount of notes would have been issued, and the Treasury might with ease have redeemed within the year all that were outstanding.

It could have done the same, also, with most of them, had Congress, at the last session, passed the declaratory act concerning the tariff, mod-

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ified the system of drawbacks to correspond with the existing duties, and adopted the propositions made for graduating the price of the public

lands as well as forming new land districts.

It must be gratifying to learn, however, that though incommoded by the failure of those measures, and the unexpected circumstances before enumerated, the Department has been enabled, by other means under its control, to redeem every note presented, and to pay with punctuality all debts that have fallen due.

The credit of the General Government has thus been preserved so high, that, instead of sacrificing its securities at large discounts, as in this and foreign nations some have been compelled to do with public stocks, the Treasury notes have continued at par during the year, though never bearing an interest higher than five and two-fifths per cent., and subject even to the stoppage of that after sixty days' notice.

In fine, on a review of the whole subject, our situation respecting a public debt of any kind will be found a most favored one. Regarded as an indication either of the good state of the national credit, or the ample resources of the General Government, or the discreet legislation relative to its fiscal concerns, it will be difficult to discover many eras more prosperous in these respects, whether in the annals of this or any other country.

IV. The exports and imports within the year ending September 30, 1840, exhibit several striking peculiarities. While the foreign commerce of the country constitutes the chief basis of the revenue of the General Government, and is indicative of the extent of our surplus produce, the statistical returns in relation to the subject must excite constant attention among statesmen and political economists as well as

merchants.

The exports during the year are computed to have been \$131,571,950, (F.) This amount is quite \$10,543,534 more than in 1839, notwithstanding the reduced price of some of our great staples, and is larger than ever existed before in our history.

Of the whole exports, only \$17,809,333 were of foreign origin. This left those of domestic origin at \$113,762,617, being \$6,845,937 more

than in any previous year, (G.)

The imports during 1840 were about \$104,805,891. This shows the great falling off from the previous year of \$57,286,241. It furnishes, likewise, the principal explanation of the extraordinary diminution which has occurred in the revenue from customs—a diminution, however, which has been caused in part by evasions of the laws, new judicial constructions left uncorrected, and the payment of too large sums for bounties and drawbacks, under an omission in the existing tariff to reduce them in a ratio equal to the reduction going on in the duties.

The difference between our exports and imports has usually been in favor of the latter. Several years ago it ranged that way about seven millions of dollars annually; but of late the average has risen to near twenty millions annually; the excess of imports having been, in 1836 even, \$61,316,995, and in 1839 \$41,063,716. But during 1840, the extraordinary occurrence of a reverse in this state of things has taken

place. Such a circumstance as the exports at all exceeding the imports, is believed to have happened previously only six times since the Constitution was adopted; and then never to an extent beyond \$7,916,831, (F.) Now, however, without any inflation, and in some important articles under a contraction of prices, the excess of exports is not only more than ever was known before, but quite three-fold greater, being computed to equal \$26,766,059.

This excess having failed to produce the usual corresponding increase of imports, but, on the contrary, having been accompanied by a diminution never previously equalled in amount, except under the influence of the embargo in 1808, the whole matter furnishes another proof of the hazardous fluctuations in the chief source of our present revenue, which Congress has been requested so repeatedly to guard against by some permanent provision.

It is also a strong illustration of the probability of the conjecture expressed in the last annual report that the country had become alarmingly indebted abroad: in part on ordinary mercantile credit, but chiefly

on stocks of corporations and States.

To meet what would soon be due for interest alone, it was then supposed would require twelve or thirteen millions of the exports; and which, in that event, would of course furnish no returns in imports. The same result must follow yearly, till the old stocks are redeemed, unless new ones can for some time longer be sold; and the difficulty be thus deferred, though merely at the expense of increasing the whole ultimate indebtedness.

But it is a source of great satisfaction to witness the indications which the unprecedented amount of exports during the last four years has

given of the continued prosperity of the country.

Notwithstanding some depressions in particular branches of business, or in particular places, the general prosperity has been such as to create a large surplus of products, and to enable us to send abroad immense and increased values of them, however great the complaints have been

as to low prices.

These official records are some of the most authentic tests of truth, amidst contradictory conjectures on topics like these. They show that we have been able to spare in exports of domestic productions during the last four years quite \$408,894,743 in value; while in no previous term of that length, since the adoption of the Constitution, have they exceeded \$359,447,622. Except in the last two series of four years, they have never gone beyond \$239,576,749; or not two-thirds as high as from 1837 to 1840. (See table for such terms, during twenty years, giving explanatory details, G.) The whole tonnage of the country has also advanced within the four years past more than two hundred thousand tons.

Seldom indeed, if ever, has the navigating interest, one of the great exponents of our wealth and increased commerce, been so prosperous as within the last twelve months.

It is true that a portion of the increase in exports may be attributable to some alteration in the habits of the community, not connected with additional wealth.

The disposition in families to rely less on their own resources, and obtain more by means of mercantile exchanges abroad as well as at home, has, without doubt, grown more rapidly of late years than formerly, and tended to augment both the imports and exports beyond what the real increase in the amount of products would indicate. Yet the great excess of exports during the last few years over those of previous times, cannot all have arisen from these circumstances. Granting, however, that some of it has, the consequences to that extent, and in another view of the subject, are not so well calculated to excite The increased dependence which the change of habits, in selling and buying so much more of what is consumed, has occasioned between different countries and those engaged in different avocations, as well as the increased credit thus demanded through many new ramifications, and the greater subjection thus produced of almost every pursuit to the evils attendant on fluctuations in prices, on bank expansions, and revulsions in commerce, have probably exercised an influence on the events of the last four years not inconsiderable nor salutary. Combined with other causes, they must certainly have tended to effect a wide and unfavorable alteration in public manners; and may, in time, inflict an injury on the morals and character of the nation, which will more than counterbalance all the gains in wealth.

V. The estimates of the receipts and expenditures for 1841 next

demand attention.

The actual receipts and expenditures in that year can, of course, be so regulated by Congress, through new legislation, as to reach nearly any amount it may deem proper. But the undersigned can neither increase nor diminish them; though a duty is devolved on him, in respect to the subject, while at the head of the Treasury, which he now proceeds to perform—of presenting some opinion concerning the amounts to which, under the existing laws, and the calls of the different Departments, they are likely to attain.

He will further suggest any general changes which appear to him expedient, as well as any new means deemed necessary to meet all the

burdens, which, it is apprehended, may be imposed.

The estimates for the ordinary receipts and expenditures in the ensuing year differ some millions from what will be actually received and expended in the present one.

It is calculated, however, that the difference will be what is always most desirable, some increase of the receipts, and a further diminution

of the expenditures.

The estimates for the latter, in the present year, were made less than those of 1839; and the results have corresponded. Indeed, it is a cause of much gratification that the expectations heretofore cherished of materially reducing the public burdens, have been verified to so great an extent. Thus, the expenses of 1838 fell below those of 1837; while the expenses of 1839, notwithstanding the continuance of the Florida war, were nearly eight millions below those of 1838; and it is expected that the expenses of 1840 will be from two to three millions still lower, or quite ten millions less than those of 1838.

They would have been nearly twelve millions less, had not that war

continued, and unusually large payments been made to Indians, under

old appropriations.

It is believed that the ordinary expenses of 1841 ought to fall some millions below those in 1840; as the pensions have diminished by deaths, fewer Indians remain to be removed, several expensive public buildings have been mostly finished, and hostilities with the Seminoles must be nearer to a close.

More details concerning the estimates for the next year will be proper,

and will illustrate the correctness of some of the precedi	ng results.
It may be stated, from the best data in possession of that the receipts, under the existing laws, will probably	be as follows:
From customs.	\$19,000,000 00
From lands	3,500,000 00
From miscellaneous.	80,000 00
Add the expected balance in the Treasury, available on the 1st of January next	1,580,855 00
The aggregate of ordinary means for the next year would	
then be.	24,160,855 00
There will be nothing more, either of principal or interest,	
due from banks, which is likely to be made available, except about	220,000 00
A power will exist, under the act of 31st March, 1840, to	220,000 00
issue Treasury notes till a year from its passage ex-	
pires, but not to make the whole emission outstanding	
at any one time exceed five millions of dollars. This	
will furnish additional means, equal to the computed	
amount which can be issued at the close of the present year, being about	342,618 00
Hence there may be added from these several sources so much as to make the whole means for the next year. On the other hand, the expenditures for 1841, for ordinary purposes, if Congress make no reduction in the appropriations requested by the different Depart-	24,723,473 00 ·
ments, are estimated at	19,250,000 00
This would leave a balance in the Treasury at the close of the year equal to	5,473,473 00
But certain payments must also be made on account of the funded and unfunded debt, unless Congress author- ize contracts to be formed for extending the time of	
their payment. Thus there will be required—	
On account of the funded debt, chiefly for the cities of this District.	149,200 00
For the redemption of Treasury notes, if all the others	\$
be issued which can be under the present law; as ther	ı
the amount returned within A. D. 1841 will probably not exceed.	4,500,000 00
	4,649,200 00
	· <del></del>

Estimated balance in the Treasury at the close of the next year after all payments whatever.....

\$824,273 00

Thus it will be seen that if the whole of these charges, both ordinary and extraordinary, should be required to be extinguished in 1841, the estimated means will be sufficient for that purpose, but may not, besides, leave so large a balance in the Treasury as is convenient and useful. The best mode of obviating any difficulty which might arise from that circumstance will soon be considered by itself.

For some further general view of the grounds of the estimate of the expenditures for 1841, it will be necessary to advert a few moments to the new and old appropriations from which those expenditures are to be

made.

The new ones, proposed by the different Departments for the service of 1841, amount to \$16,621,520 28.

 Viz: Civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous
 \$3,450,740
 13

 Military
 7,725,440
 94

 Naval
 5,445,339
 21

Naval. 5,445,339 21
Besides these, certain permanent appropriations under existing laws will become chargeable on the Treasury during the next year, in sums as follows:

For ordinary purposes.

For other purposes.

Public debt, including interest and first instalment for the
District of Columbia 149,200 00
Redeeming Treasury notes 4,500,000 00

These would make the new charges, for ordinary purposes, under both new and permanent appropriations, amount to \$17,485,520 28. But, including the public debt and the redemption of Treasury notes, these charges would be \$22,134,720 28. See all the particulars of the annual

estimates for these appropriations annexed, (H.)

It will be perceived, therefore, that the aggregate of actual expenditures during 1841 has been computed to be \$1,764,480 higher than the estimated amount of new and permanent appropriations. This is done not only because some small oversights have doubtless occurred in the latter, and unavoidable omissions, as will be seen by the notes, but some new private bills granting money may be passed by Congress, and a greater proportion of the outstanding appropriations at the end of 1840 (though reduced as much as three or four millions less than at the end of 1839) may be expended in 1841, than will be left unexpended of the new charges imposed. These last two items are usually computed to equal each other. The Departments calculate that \$6,661,123 of the old appropriations will be required to complete the purposes originally contemplated by them.

They propose to apply about \$3,749,904 of them to the service of the ensuing year, without reappropriation; and the residue, amounting to \$138,878, it is expected will go to the surplus fund. They estimate the

whole of them at the close of the year to be \$10,549,905.

VI. A few more explanations of other grounds for the estimates of

receipts and expenditures for the next year may be useful.

It will be noticed that the estimates for both are founded principally on the existing laws. Should Congress, therefore, alter the tariff, so as to increase or reduce the duties, the expected amount of receipts must of course be varied in that proportion.

So it must be if Congress makes any essential change in respect to the public lands, and either passes a graduation bill, and creates new land districts in which surveys are ready for large sales, as this would increase the immediate receipts; or if, on the other hand, it should distribute the proceeds of the sales among the States, as that would diminish the revenue applicable to the purposes of the General Government, and render a resort to new taxation, an increased tariff, or a loan, indispensable, to the extent of the distribution.

The estimates of the receipts from customs have been lessened somewhat, because the importation of certain articles paying a duty will, in 1841, be partially postponed to 1842, in consequence of the great reduction in the tariff on them which will take place in the latter year under

the existing laws.

So have they been on account of the greater proportionate bounties and drawbacks which are now returned on several articles, and some beneficial operation anticipated from the Independent Treasury in

checking speculation.

On the contrary, the revulsions in business which have occurred since the middle of 1839, and deeply affected the revenue of some other countries as well as our own, and the protracted suspension of specie payments by many of the banks, which has continued over a large part of the United States since October in that year, will probably terminate soon, by the salutary reaction of great commercial principles; and that event must be accompanied by a considerable increase of imports and duties. The amount of the latter, therefore, has been estimated higher than the actual receipts in the present year, but not so high as they were in 1839 by about two millions, nor so high as many anticipate they will be. But if the banks do not speedily resume, it is to be feared that the estimate will prove larger, instead of smaller, than events will verify.

The revenue from lands must continue to be lower under the present laws than might otherwise be expected, because that portion of the wast sales in 1835 and 1836 which were made to speculators, must for some years longer come into the market in competition with the Government; and the emigration to Texas, as well as the continuance of the suspension of specie payments by the banks over much of the West and Southwest, is likely to operate injuriously somewhat longer, though probably

with a force much diminished.

In respect to the estimates for expenditures, it need only be observed here, that any considerable addition made by Congress to the new appropriations called for, would require a provision of further means to meet them, corresponding in amount; and any diminution in those appropriations would also reduce, in a similar manner, the amount of means otherwise necessary.

VII. It is proper to advert next to the best mode of avoiding any inequality between the anticipated receipts and expenditures, either in 1841 or 1842.

It has already been shown that the whole amount of receipts in 1841 will probably be sufficient to discharge all ordinary expenditures, and those parts of the outstanding debt, funded or unfunded, which may become due. But the preservation of a suitable balance in the Treasury may require more than what will probably be left after satisfying other purposes. The raising of any sum for that object in 1841 could, however, be obviated by authorizing a contract to be made, under proper restrictions, extending the period of payment for a portion of the temporary liabilities falling due in that year. Yet, in the opinion of the undersigned, the best mode of providing for this case would be, without either an extension of this kind, or a loan, or a further issue of Treasury notes, or a change in the tariff; but merely by lessening the appropriations for the service of 1841 below the estimates, or by passing such declaratory clauses as to the present tariff, and such acts as to the public lands, as have heretofore been urged on the consideration of Congress.

The arguments in favor of some further diminution in our expenditures, and the general items in which the reduction is considered most compatible with the public interests, were so fully exhibited in the last two annual reports as to render a repetition of them unnecessary.

It was then believed that the laws could be altered so as to admit of safely curtailing the appropriations at once to such an extent that the expenditures need not exceed, in the aggregate, seventeen or eighteen millions yearly. After more of the pensions terminate, and the removal of the Indians is completed, they could be beneficially contracted to even less than that amount. Such a reduction as is first adverted to seems, therefore, proper to be adopted now, since it could be effected without the probability of injury to any useful national establishment, would promote public frugality, and supersede the necessity either of higher tariffs, direct taxes, or permanent debts.

If that be not done, the secondary measures before suggested, such as a declaratory act to enforce the present tariff, a suitable modification of the drawbacks and bounties, and the passage of bills graduating the price of public lands, as well as creating some new districts for the sale of them, would be likely, if taking effect early, to yield a suitable supply

in the course of the year.

It will be observed, however, that though, under either of these arrangements, enough might be obtained within the whole of 1841 for the objects contemplated, yet not a due or sufficient proportion in the first quarter; because by that time all the measures are not likely to go into full operation, nor much of the anticipated increase to happen in the actual receipts of duties under existing laws. Unusually heavy expenses will also fall on that quarter in the next year. In addition to a full portion of most of the current expenses, and the whole pension payments for the first half of the year, and one-third of a million, or more, for all the annual fishing bounties, there will be imposed on it most of the charges for the whole year connected with the session of Congress and private bills, as well as large payments for taking the census, and for the first

instalment of the debt of this District; several of them as early even as

the first day of January.

From these circumstances, and the considerations that all which is due from the banks may not be then paid, and that the balance in the Treasury, under the policy adopted by Congress of late years, will of necessity be small, while the fluctuations and inequalities are very great between the receipts and expenditures in different portions of the year, to which we are constantly exposed from causes that have on former occasions been explained at length, it must be obvious that entire safety requires a conditional power to be seasonably conferred on the Executive to obtain at any time within 1841 such subsidiary means as may be needed for a few months, and as may be sufficient to enable the Treasury punctually to discharge, during that year, all the liabilities imposed by Congress.

There is another contingency under the existing laws as to duties, which requires attention with a view to be properly prepared for it, though legislation concerning the subject is not necessary so early as in the other case, because the event on which it depends cannot actually

happen till the year 1842.

Thus the progressive reduction of the present tariff, which has been going on since 1833, will, after December, 1841, take effect to a much larger extent than heretofore. Nearly two millions and a half of dollars

will then be deducted at once.

On the 1st of July afterwards, at least two millions and a half more of duties will be removed, making an aggregate in six months of quite five millions. If the imports then should not differ much from those in 1838, this would leave an income from them not probably exceeding ten or eleven millions of dollars yearly. It will, therefore, be necessary to make corresponding reductions in the expenditures of 1842, or seasonably provide otherwise, in some permanent manner, to supply any wants likely to happen from this cause.

Should Congress conclude that such reduction in the expenditures cannot properly be made, and that the imports for 1842 will not increase beyond those in 1838, the amount of the deficiency would in those events probably differ but little from five millions. Such a deficiency would, under these circumstances, be likely to become permanent, and may be considered the first of that character which will occur under the tariff

act of 1833.

The idea that such a deficiency in time of peace ought to be supplied by issues of Treasury notes, or by a loan, has never been entertained by the undersigned. Nor can it be countenanced by any sound principles either of finance or political economy. The inquiry then recurs, what other mode would be more eligible? When we possessed an extraordinary surplus it was considered prudent by Congress to make deposites with the States, with a view to be returned in an exigency, rather than to invest a portion of it safely and productively, so as to be realized in such an event. It would, therefore, be consistent with that arrangement to recall in 1842 such part of the surplus as may be then needed.

That course, however, appears not very likely to be adopted, since the former power given to this Department to recall these deposites has

been taken away by Congress.

Another practicable mode would be to resort to direct taxes. But this is so unsuited to the general habits, and so uncongenial to the opinions, of most of our population, that its adoption is not to be anticipated. Some other permanent resource must then be looked to. The choice will probably rest between the large reduction of expenditures, with the other accompanying measures before specified, and some extensive modification of the present tariff. Explanations have heretofore been given by the undersigned in favor of the former course. And it would probably prove sufficient to meet the emergency if the reduction be pushed vigorously, and especially if the imports after 1841 shall exceed those in 1838, which is regarded as probable.

But Congress may not coincide with him in opinion on these points, and for covering the contingency may consider the adoption of some permanent change in the tariff as preferable, and as not too early at the present session to give full notice of its character before going into operation, in order that the different interests most affected by it shall have

time to become gradually adjusted to its provisions.

In that event it might be supposed that the undersigned had avoided due responsibility and a timely discharge of duty if he were not prepared to offer some views concerning the details, as well as general principles, which he deems applicable to such a change. He has, therefore, examined the subject, and is ready to present the results at any moment either House of Congress shall express a wish to that effect. But he refrains from submitting them without a special request, because some doubt exists, under circumstances which can be properly appreciated, as to the delicacy of his discussing a measure at this time which the Legislature may not consider it necessary to act on till a new Congress assembles.

VIII. The mode of keeping the public money recently established by Congress, has thus far answered the expectations of this Department.

The numerous labors, perplexities, and delays of putting a new system into operation have been mostly overcome, and no losses whatever are known to have occurred under it.

Some of the provisions in the law are deemed objectionable in their details, and are respectfully recommended to Congress for revision. But they are not supposed to affect in the slightest degree any principle involved in the measure.

Thus the ordinary clerks authorized are numerous enough, yet a principal one is needed at New York city with such compensation as is usual

at a place of so large and important business.

On full inquiry it has been found also that no site could probably be purchased for the erection of an office at St. Louis, which would be more suitable than a lot now owned by the United States, and it may be, under a further examination which is in progress, that no new building could be erected on that site which would prove more economical and convenient than one which can be purchased already erected. A suitable change in the appropriation on that subject is therefore respectfully recommended.

A provision is needed likewise in case of vacancies, from any cause whatever, in the offices of receivers general and treasurers. One has

formerly been asked in relation to collectors of the customs, in cases of removals and expirations of the terms of office, to prevent an interregnum in the discharge of the duties. This might properly be adopted as to them, and extended to receivers general and the Treasurer of the United States, as well as of the Mint and its branches, in all instances whatever of vacancy or temporary inability of the principal. Perhaps the least objectionable mode to effect the object would be, to direct that the chief clerk of all these officers should, in such cases, and where no other legal provision now exists, be authorized and required to discharge those duties, at the risk and under the responsibility of the principal and his securities, till the vacancy is filled or the disability removed.

In consequence of some defects in the phraseology of the penal parts of the act, a new clause extending them to all disbursing officers of every character under the General Government would be judicious. A further provision, also, respecting the places of deposite, by disbursing officers, of money not in the Treasury, but drawn out and put into their hands

for making payments, appears necessary.

The keeping of such money is now regulated by the act of 3d of March, 1809; and if it is intended to bring it within the operation of the late law as to money in the Treasury, it seems proper to do so by an

explicit enactment.

The section requiring disbursing officers to sell their drafts for specie alone, though certain proportions of paper are allowed to be received for all public dues, appears not to be in symmetry with those other provisions. The general influence of the present system is believed to have been thus far salutary. The true standard of value has been rendered more familiar, confidence has been increased in its stability, prices have gradually risen, business improved, and exchanges altered greatly for the better.

If something has been or may be lost in convenience (which is not unlikely) by the increasing disuse of a paper currency for public payments, much more will probably be gained by the circumstances before enumerated, as well as by the greater security in the use of specie, the more stable value imparted by the present system to property and labor, and the strong check established by it, not only against defalcations, but against bank expansions, excessive speculations, and commercial fluctuations.

Even any inconvenience attending this change in the currency used, if found particularly embarrassing, can be overcome hereafter, and the system still maintained, should Congress feel disposed to adopt the measure which was suggested for that purpose by the undersigned in

September, 1837.

Such a measure would often furnish every advantage of a circulating medium, easy of transportation, of the highest possible credit, and at the same time requiring an equal amount of specie to be employed, though in deposite, and without subjecting any of the fiscal affairs of the Government to that legal dependence on corporations for their management which is so objectionable in many respects as never to have been attempted in the management of any of its other affairs, civil or military.

The topics of the condition of the banks of the Union; the state of the

currency; the proper places of deposite for the public funds, and other matters immediately connected with them, have engrossed a considerable portion of the annual reports from this Department for several years.

But the keeping of the money in the Treasury being now separated from the banks, and the kind of money to be received and paid out fixed by new legal provisions, it is not considered material at this time further to discuss these matters than to submit the general remarks which will be found at the close of this communication.

IX. Some miscellaneous topics connected with the finances deserve a brief notice.

The various measures heretofore recommended to Congress by the undersigned, and which have not yet been finally acted on, are again

respectfully recalled to its attention.

Without recapitulating them, it will be found, on a reference to former reports, that many of the subjects possess much importance in a fiscal view, and every year's experience has strengthened the conviction of the usefulness of early action upon them.

It affords me pleasure to state that, since the last session, the Neapolitan Government, under its treaty of indemnity, has paid promptly another instalment, which this Department has been enabled to have

remitted home early and distributed among the claimants.

The situation of the General Land Office, and its operations within the

year, will be submitted separately in a few days.

Six old land districts have been recently discontinued under the act of June 12, 1840. It is believed that some others might economically and usefully be abolished by Congress, though not coming within the provisions of that law. Such is the office at Greensburgh, Louisiana. One district in Indiana, including the capital of the State, is thought, from its peculiar position, to require special legislation to exempt it from the

operation of the late act.

This occasion is taken, also, to renew the recommendations before presented by this Department to Congress and the appropriate committees for the discontinuance of certain officers now employed in the collection of duties, whose further services, it has been believed, could be safely dispensed with, in consequence of the reduction in business of late years at the different places where they are stationed. They include some collectors and naval officers, and several surveyors, amounting in all to eighteen, but whose offices cannot be abolished without new legislation.

All the subordinate custom-house officers which it is competent for this Department, without such legislation, to dispense with, and whose situation was in other respects similar, have already been discontinued, including within two years, more than fifty officers, and, besides those, five vessels and boats, with nearly one hundred men, in the cutter service. In about forty other cases the compensation of officers and light-house

keepers has been reduced.

X. In closing this last annual report of the undersigned, it may be expected that he would advert for a moment to the general character of some of our financial operations during the period of his connection with the Treasury Department.

Though employed in different executive offices nearly ten years, he has been connected with the Treasury only from six to seven of them.

During this term there has occurred much to evince the great fiscal power as well as prosperity of the Union. Some reverses have, at times, overtaken the rashness displayed by parts of the community in certain branches of business, and have extended their adverse influences to the revenue dependent on them. But the period and the country, as a whole, have been almost unexampled in prosperous developments.

Thus, in respect to our receipts. Notwithstanding the unusual revulsions in imports on two occasions, so sensibly lessening the revenue; notwithstanding any losses sustained in those crises by the Government through officers, banks, or merchants; and notwithstanding the biennial reduction in the duties which has by law been constantly going on, as well as the remission of several millions to railroad corporations, and under new judicial constructions, yet our condition has been so flourishing as to yield a revenue during that time sufficient, after all those deductions, to accomplish the following important results. It has enabled the Treasury to meet the current expenditures of the Government, as well as the extraordinary ones by Indian wars, treaties, and other costly measures, and, without imposing any new taxes, or higher tariff, and without any new funded debt whatever, but extinguishing considerable remains of the old one, and paying the interest on that assumed for this District, to save the unprecedented surplus of more than twenty-eight millions of dollars and deposite the same with the States for safe-keeping till needed by the General Government.

The only permanent aid in effecting this, beyond the receipts from ordinary sources, has been the debt due from the United States Bank, of about eight millions, and the Treasury notes now outstanding, equal to nearly four and a half millions. But during that period, a sum not far from the first amount has been applied to the discharge of the principal and interest of the old funded debt; so that, towards the payment of all other expenses only between four and five millions, beyond what was temporary, and what has already been refunded or adjusted, have been

received from any extraneous source whatever.

It follows, therefore, that the current revenue, notwithstanding all reductions, has been adequate to defray both the ordinary and extraordinary demands, and after taking from what is deposited with the States sufficient to extinguish every kind of indebtedness created on account of the General Government during the same period, to leave on hand the large balance of nearly twenty-four millions.

It is true that the available sums in the Treasury at the commencement and close of the period in question will probably prove different in amount; but if made equal, a surplus would still be left, which is likely

to exceed seventeen or eighteen millions of dollars.

Beside this recorded evidence of the prosperity of the country and the fiscal ability of the General Government in those years, it is gratifying, amidst many misapprehensions concerning the subject, to reflect on another circumstance connected with our financial operations, which has also become matter of history. It is this: Though destitute of the aid of a United States Bank as a fiscal agent during that period, and baffled

by various unremedied imperfections in the laws connected with the finances, as well as embarrassed by two suspensions of specie payments by many of the State banks—one still continuing,—yet the Treasury has been able to make its vast collections, transfers, and payments, with

promptitude, and in most cases, with specie or its equivalent.

Some correct judgment can be formed of the extent and difficulty of these operations, when it is recollected that the whole sums which have thus been collected, without deducting fractions, added to those sums which have been paid over chiefly by another class of officers, have exceeded the extraordinary aggregate of \$360,000,000, and been dispersed over a territory of nearly two million square miles in extent. It is, moreover, ascertained that the whole losses within the same time by defaults, large and small, and in all kinds of offices, will probably not equal half of one per cent. on that amount; and however official delinquencies may in some cases, have inevitably been aggravated by the unprecedented speculations of the times, and by great revulsions and failures among banks and individuals, those losses will not be one-fourth so large, in proportion to the amounts collected and paid, as in some previous terms, when the system under a United States Bank was in full operation.

A few words may be proper as to the expenditures during the same period. Though they were of necessity augmented by some of the circumstances before mentioned, two Indian treaties only, out of a large number, having already involved us in the expense of nearly twenty-three millions of dollars, yet the aggregate of all has been much reduced since the influences of those causes and the impulses of an overflowing Treasury have diminished. The expenditures have fallen yearly since 1837, till they are now only twenty-two and a half millions, independent of any debt and trusts, and are supposed to be in progress to a still

lower amount.

The undersigned has earnestly urged a more rapid reduction. He has considered it the great safeguard against a too splendid central government, which would constantly threaten to overshadow all State independence, and attract the ambition of most of the friends of State rights from humbler paths of frugality and principle into the dazzling vortex of higher patronage, honors, and emoluments. While the stimulants to excesses shall continue to lessen, nothing will be necessary to insure the further success of an economical policy, but perseverance in retrenchments, wherever they are practicable without injury to the public interests. The removals of Indians being mostly finished, and the chief causes of frontier wars extinguished, unless new objects of expenditure be selected, or a great enlargement given to some already existing, the whole amount must, of necessity, contract hereafter very rapidly. same result will be further promoted by the deaths of pensioners, increasing through advanced age, and the completion of many public works, as well as by persisting in a firm policy to avoid the wasteful expense of unnecessary foreign collisions, and to refrain from those lavish expenditures for certain domestic objects over which the jurisdiction of the General Government is often questionable, and which always open the widest door to extravagance, favoritism, and corruption.

One of the greatest evils to the public service, as well as to the security of private business, during a part of the above period, has con-

sisted in the fluctuations to which both have been subjected.

With only a single year intervening, and without any material change in the tariff, or any whatever in the price of the public lands, we have seen the revenue from ordinary sources suddenly vary from nearly fifty millions annually to eighteen; and, on two occasions since, vibrate to the extraordinary extent of nearly eight and eleven millions yearly.

The transactions of individuals upon which our revenue depends, must of course, have undergone an unusual change at the same time.

The imports fell within two years in the case first referred to, from near one hundred and ninety millions to one hundred and fourteen; and in the single year just past, fell almost sixty millions. Such inflations and contractions must be destructive of all confidence in calculations for the future, while the causes of them shall continue to operate unremedied.

What were those causes?

They will be found to have been chiefly connected with the abuses of banking. On the occasion first referred to, they were the superabundance of a fictitious medium of circulation, with the attendant overtrading and speculations in 1836, and the consequent suspensions of specie payments in 1837, as well as the disasters and scarcity of any medium till the latter part of A. D. 1838. Then another expansion commenced, extending into 1839, and accompanied by another increase in imports of nearly fifty millions; which ended again in the contractions by banks, suspensions, and commercial reverses, which have suddenly reduced the imports of 1840 more than one-third, and in many places augmented seriously the embarrassments before existing from similar vacillations in the paper currency.

How far some imprudences abroad, at the same time, similar to these, though in a country enjoying any advantages which can result from a national bank, may have augmented the evils here, by means of the intimate moneyed relations between us, need not now be discussed,

though probably their influence was large and unfavorable.

The causes first named were, likewise, in full operation here in 1816 and 1817, and were succeeded by many of the same deplorable consequences in 1819 and 1820. One followed the other as inevitably as the ebb of the tide succeeds its flood.

The great principles of trade can never be long violated with impunity. And any fictitious or unnatural excess of credit soon ends in revulsions; as the essence of legitimate commerce consists in an exchange of values for each other, or of values for what truly represents

values, and can be readily converted into them.

All business otherwise becomes a mere game of hazard; speculation must enter into every affair of life; riches and poverty will be dependent on the merest bubbles; prices will change oftener than the wind; regularity in receipts and expenditures be impossible; estimates for the future, whether in public or private matters, become mere conjectures; tariffs require yearly alteration to meet the fluctuations of business; and

the community be kept under the constant excitement and depression

of the hot and cold fits of a violent fever.

The first remedy sought in 1816, by the establishment of a national bank, was supposed, during a few ensuing years, to have aggravated those evils; and the next remedy, adopted in 1824 by a high tariff, did not prevent the low prices and bankruptcies of 1825; which covered the country with wrecks and ruin.

Undoubtedly, the best relief on such occasions is to be found in removing the cause of the disease. So far as regards the General Government, this was attempted in 1836, and since, by gradually withdrawing from the use of banks and their paper in its fiscal operations, so as neither to stimulate nor contract their issues by other influences than ordinary business; and by urging on those who might find their employment sometimes useful, a closer regard in doing it to the safe and sober influences of the universal laws of trade, as well as an inflexible adherence to the constitutional standard of value.

While the General Government shall continue to pursue such a course, it will mitigate and check the evils which others produce, and which they alone, under the limitations in the Constitution, are able entirely to remove. At all events, it will faithfully perform a moment-

ous duty, and exhibit a useful example for imitation.

In a period of peace and comparative exemption from public debt, as well as from serious difficulty in financial operations, it would hardly seem proper to attempt more by assumptions of doubtful powers, and by forced constructions in favor of measures by no means certain, if adopted, not to aggravate rather than diminish existing evils, and not to produce others of a character still more dangerous. Much less can it be considered respectful either to State rights or the people, and certainly not competent, in the opinion of the undersigned, to exercise such powers by creating moneyed corporations among them, which many of their number have repeatedly denounced as unconstitutional, and the authority to establish which was originally refused rather than confided to the General Government by the people and the States that formed it. But some other powers expressly conferred can, without question, be exercised further than has yet been done by Congress, and in such a manner as to produce very beneficial consequences upon the currency. Still, it is hoped they will never be pushed so as to trespass on ground really doubtful under the Constitution, and prevent the States from continuing to exercise all the legitimate authority they now possess as to banks and debts, however much it may be regretted that public opinion has not yet run with more strength against the abuses of both, and led to their prompt correction. It is not proposed at this time to go into the consideration of further details on these points. But the danger to be guarded against now, seems to be rather of an opposite character from that of overaction by the General Government in the exercise of its express powers. On the contrary, apprehensions exist that it may not continue firm in the support of all which has already been accomplished in connection with the currency. If it should not, and should thus not aid to correct in any degree the rashness of many to force something like a formidable steam-power into all kinds of business, without due guards to prevent constant and fatal explosions, myriads of individuals, as well as some corporations and States, are likely to be overwhelmed in still wider ruin, and will ere long probably look to no escape except the application of the sponge of a general bankrupt law to all private liabilities, and the unconstitutional assumption of the public ones by the General Government, so as to tax oppressively those portions of the community who have anything left to pay for the losses and follies of the rest.

A remedy which has been adverted to by some, and which consists in the creation of more credit, to cure the mischief of an existing excess of credit, or the formation of larger banks with like power of abuses, in order to correct smaller ones, must usually aggravate the evil; and therefore, where it is free from constitutional objections, may, in point

of expediency alone, well be discountenanced.

A plan of free banking, adopted by the States, properly guarded and secured by provisions similar to those recommended by the undersigned as long ago as 1836, with such others as reflection and experience may sanction, appears far preferable. But, independent of that, no changes in the present system, as to banks, seem worthy of strenuous exertions, except those whose direct object shall be to make safer, to restrict, control, and regulate better, the institutions that already exist, rather than to incorporate more. Above all, should public efforts be directed to strengthen the certainty of prompt specie payments as to all notes out, and of a nearer approach to uniformity in the amount of issues in similar states of trade, and of specie on hand, instead of multiplying them for speculation or cupidity, and thus keeping up a succession of expansions and contractions, which will only inflame the existing disorders, and render the continuance of great fluctuations in all public as well as private affairs unavoidable, endless, and ruinous.

With much respect,

LEVI WOODBURY, Secretary of the Treasury.

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States.

## LIST OF DOCUMENTS

#### ANNEXED TO THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

- A. Receipts and expenditures in the year 1839.
- B. Funds in the Treasury, (January 1st, 1840,) whether available or unavailable.
- C. Expenditures in detail during the first three quarters of the year 1840.
- D. Payments on account of the funded debt in 1840, and an exhibit of the remains of it.
- E. A statement of the issue and redemption of Treasury notes in 1840.
- F. Amount of exports and imports in each year since 1789, with a detail of the excesses of the former in seven separate years.
- G. A comparative statement of the exports and imports in every four years during the last twenty, distinguishing the amounts of the former which were of domestic origin.

Annual estimates of expenditures for 1841.

#### Α

Receipts and Expenditures of the United States for the year 1839.

Balance in the Treasury on the 1st of January, 1839...\$36,891,196 94

#### RECEIPTS.

Customs\$2 Lands Miscellaneous items	247,509 10	30,461,881	വര		
Treasury notes Trust funds	3,857,276 21	4,878,144			<i>''.</i>
Deduct unavailable funds credit of the late Treasu debit of sundry banks,	rer, and to the per act of 3d	35,340,025	82		
March, 1837		1,458,782		33,881,242 8 70,772,439 8	<u>-</u> -
	EXPENDITURI	ss.			
course Military Naval	\$4,918,187 58 14,266,860 34 6,225,002 75		67		
Military	foreign inter- \$4,918,187 58 14,266,860 34 6,225,002 75		67		

Balance in the Treasury on 31st December, 1839....\$33,157,503 68

12,204,885 48

37,614,936 15

1,010,523 29

Treasury notes redeemed,

Trust funds...

including interest.... 11,101,111 02

В.

## Exhibit of Funds in the Treasury, January 1, 1840.

General balance, as appears by the Regi Office funds and unavailable funds before		
Of this sum was deposited with the States, under the act of 23d June, 1836, and is not available for public service but by order of Congress	28,101,644 9	
&c.  Principal due from banks which failed in 1837, and included in cash in Treasury, but not then available as such.	496,781 9 895,993 1	
		3,663,083 60
Aggregate of outstanding warrants on 1st J per Treasurer's account rendered to Firs not yet settled.	t Auditor, bu	, t . 1,416,334 28
Effective balance		.\$2,246,749 32

This includes about \$500,000 deposited in the Mint and its branches, under previous acts of Congress, to facilitate the coinage, and which could be withdrawn in an exigency, though not without some public inconvenience. The available funds at the close of the present year, due from the banks above alluded to, will probably be reduced to about \$150,000 principal.

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Statement of Expenditures of the United States, exclusive of the Trust Funds, from January 1, to September 30, 1840.

# CIVIL, MISCELLANEOUS, AND FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.

Legislature	\$958,495	60
Executive Departments	583,339	
Officers and clerks of the Mint and branches.	18,450	
Surveyors and their clerks	55,977	
Secretary to sign patents for public lands.		
Commissioner of Public Buildings, Wash-	1,120	,
ington	1,725	00
ington	1,720	<b>V</b> V
Ctatas	106,433	מימ
States		
Judiciary	344,987	
Payment of sundry annuities	~50	<del></del> \$2,070,532 68
Payment of sundry annumes	750	
	52,383	
Support and maintenance of light-houses. Building light-houses	321,288	
Building light-houses	92,852	
Surveying the public lands		
Surveying the coast of the United States	83,147	
Registers and receivers of land offices	2,658	96
Keepers of the public archives in Florida.	750	00
Repayment for lands erroneously sold	14,138	80
Marine hospital establishment	93,913	91
Marine hospital at New Orleans	10,020	00
Marine hospital at Mobile	9,744	
Roads and canals within State of Indiana	23,709	
Roads and canals within the State of Ohio.	14,352	
Roads and canals within the State of		
Michigan	14,107	53
Roads and canals within State of Arkansas.	129	
Roads and levees within State of Louisiana	55,455	
Encouragement of learning within the State	00,100	• •
A 77111 4	57,289	37
of Illinois. Public buildings in Washington.	288,970	
Penitentiary in the District of Columbia.	8,000	
	0,000	ŲŲ.
Relief of the several corporate cities in the	577 500	94
District of Columbia		
Building custom-houses.	202,325	
Documentary History of the Revolution.	20,000	
Relief of individuals	22,181	
Payment for norses, &c.	7,469	
Relief of certain inhabitants of East Florida.	30,397	
Additional compensation to collectors, &c	6,961	
Patent fund		
Sixth census	17,000	0.0

5/4 ILEI OILID OF THE	Liozo
Refunding duties	
Miscellaneous 21,281	74
Exploration and survey of the northeastern	
boundary of the United States 10,010 1	12
Public buildings in the Territories 48,348 (	
	<b>\$1,851,404</b> 81
Salaries of Ministers of the United States. 48,750 (	00
Salaries of Secretaries of Legation 12,557	98
Salaries of Charges d'Affaires 45,486	
Salary of a Minister Resident to Turkey . 3,483	
Salary of dragoman to Turkey, and contin-	
gent expenses of legation	75
Outfit of a Minister to Russia 9,000 (	
Outfits of Chargés d'Affaires to Sardinia	
and Texas	0 <b>0</b> λ
Contingent expenses of missions abroad 18,733	
Compensation for certain diplomatic ser-	
vices 21,942	18
Contingent expenses of foreign intercourse. 15,774	
Salaries of consuls at London and Paris . 4,000 (	
Relief and protection of American seamen. 38,556	
	±*±
Allowance for clerk-hire, &c., American	60
consul at London 2,192 (Intercourse with Barbary Powers 11,656 S	
Intercourse with Barbary Powers. 11,656	<b>29</b> .
Interpreters, guards, &c., incidental to the	0.0
consulates in the Turkish dominions 5,000	00
Expenses of the commission under the con-	
vention with Mexico	17
Expenses of the commission under the con-	
vention with the Queen of Spain 64	00
Expenses of the commission under the con-	
vention with Denmark	15
	<b>—</b> 253,831 49

#### MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

Pay of the Army	31,189,765 34
Subsistence of officers	147,561 63
Subsistence department	590,715 74
Quartermaster's department	148,138 15
Incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's	
department.	47,845 81
Transportation of officers' baggage	31,005 44
Transportation of officers of the Army	77,336 16
Forage	68,783 55
Purchasing department.	289,934 00
Payments in lieu of clothing for discharged	
soldiers	53,179 65
Clothing for officers' servants	288 25

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Two months' extra pay to reënlisted sol-		
diers, and expenses of recruiting	\$40,917	14
Medical and hospital department	14,143	
Contingencies of the Army	1,449	
Arrearages prior to July, 1815	1,667	
Invalid and half-pay pensions	162,394	
Pensions to widows and orphans, (payable		
through the Third Auditor's office)	4,817	00
Pensions to widows and orphans, per act	•	
CA1 T1 4000	465,746	64
Revolutionary pensions, per act of 18th		•
March, 1818	338,011	13
March, 1818 Revolutionary claims, per act of 15th May,		
1828	60,664	46
Revolutionary pensions, per act of 7th June,		.:
1832	797,424	35
Five years' pensions to widows and orphans,		
per act of 7th July, 1838	610,602	65
Virginia claims, per act of 5th of July,	1,251	
1832	**	
Unclaimed pensions, 6th April, 1838	51,750	65
Pay of officers, cadets, and musicians at	•	
West Point	47,840	00
Subsistence of officers and cadets at West		
Point	18,700	00
Forage for officers' horses at West Point	1,000	00
Clothing for officers' servants at West Point	360	
Expenses of the board of visiters at West	<u>-</u> *	
Point	2,000	00
Miscellaneous and incidental expenses, at		
West Point	48	39
Reconstruction of buildings for library, &c.,		
destroyed by fire at West Point	21,649	50
Fuel, forage, stationery, printing, &c., at		
West Point.	6,581	45
Department of philosophy at West Point	600	
Arsenals	45,216	51
Repairs of the arsenals	5,865	$00^{\circ}$
Arming and equipping the militia	111,016	05
Accourrements and arms for infantry, cay-		
alry, and militia, &c.	15,360	75
Ordnance service.	48,681	
Ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies	63,385	. 99
Purchase of saltpetre and brimstone	10,673	
Expenses of preparing drawings for a		
uniform system of artillery	2,300	00
National armories	185,674	
New machinery at Springfield armory	10,000	
New machinery at Harper's Ferry armory.	4,298	
Barracks, quarters, &c.	70,026	

or indicate of i	:EE
Barracks and quarters at Fort Leaven-	
worth.	\$10,000 00
Barracks, quarters, &c., at Fort Smith	10,000 00
Armament of fortifications.	39,733 06
Repairs and contingencies of fortifications	2,000 00
Incidental expenses of fortifications, &c.,	2,000 00
purchase of lands, &c	891 95
Fort Adams	12,440 61
Fort Colhoun	5,675 00
Fort Calhoun	
Fort Nagara	7,140 00
Fort Delaware	700 00
Fort Warren, Massachusetts	2,500 00
Fort Pulaski, Georgia	3,650 00
Fort McHenry, Redoubt Wood, and Cov-	
ington Battery, Maryland	1,725 92
Fort Monroe, Virginia	<b>- 15,390 00</b>
Repairing and rebuilding the old fort at	
Oswego, and construction of barrack.	7,602 41
Preservation of Castle Island, and repairs	
of Fort Independence	70.00
Fortifications at Charleston, and preserva-	
tion of the site of Fort Moultrie	25,690 48
Repairs of Fort Marion, and sea-wall at St.	
Augustine	5,694 00
Augustine Repairs' of the old fort at the Barancas,	
Pensacola	16,119 00
Fortifications at New London harbor, Con-	
necticut	8,000 00
Fort at Grande Terre, Louisiana, (Fort	
Livingston)	13,797 00
Livingston). Works at Fort Smith.	1,080 00
Protection of the northern frontier	171,043 80
Preventing and suppressing Indian hostili-	1,1,010
ties.	284,880 01
Freight or transportation into Florida and	20,5000 01
Cherokee country	85,144 55
Wagons and carts, &c	43,584 09
Transportation of four thousand volun-	40,004 05
	7/1// 10
teers.	7,144 18
Hire of corps of mechanics.	18,915 34
Transportation of supplies, &c.	186,892 96
Miscellaneous and contingent charges	295,886 17
Drafts lying over, and arrearages for ser-	
vices in Florida and Cherokee country.	25,710 02
Pay of four thousand volunteers for 1838,	
including arrearages for 1837	45,467,63
Purchase of powder and other materials for	grander in the second
cartridges, &c	263 19
Purchase, &c., of three small vessels to	
cruise along coast of Florida in 1839	857 00
	:

	,
Designating the boundary line between	<b>#</b> 0.000.00
Michigan and Wisconsin	\$3,000 00
Breakwater at the mouth of Delaware	3,495 25
Breakwater at Church's Cove harbor, in	
the town of Little Compton	491 00
	491 00
Breakwater and pier at the harbor of Bur-	
lington, Vermont	480 00
Breakwater at Hyannis harbor, Massachu-	
setts	940 00
	210 00
Constructing ten piers and improving the	
navigation at the mouth of Vermilion	•
river, Ohio	603 57
Improving the harbor at Saybrook, Con-	
noctions	9,250 00
necticut.  Improving the harbor of Presque Isle,	3,200 00
Improving the harbor of Presque Isle,	
Pennsylvania	100 00
Improving the harbor at the mouth of Bass	
river, Massachusetts, 1839	735 00
Improving the harbor of Westport	1,726 00
	1,720 00
Improving the harbor at the mouth of Cat-	
taraugus creek, on Lake Erie	1,641 00
Improving the harbor of New Castle, Del-	
aware	84 82
	01.00
Improving the harbor of Wilmington, Dela-	0.000 80
ware	2,683 78
Improving the harbor of Mobile	52,184.00
Improving the harbor of Cleveland	500 00
A sea-wall to preserve Fairweather Island,	
near Black Rock harbor	9 000 00
	2,000 00
Works at Buffalo harbor	1,647 25
Protection and improvement of Little Egg	
harbor	484 00
Mound or sea-wall between Lake Erie and	
Buffalo creek.	8,444 00
Tamana di CTT 1	
Improving the navigation of Hudson river	138 83
Improving the navigation of Cumberland	
river	500 00
Improving the navigation of the Ohio be-	
tween Pittsburg and the falls	500 00
Transparence the manifesting of the Ohio and	300 00
Improving the navigation of the Ohio and	
Mississippi rivers from Louisville to New	
Mississippi rivers from Louisville to New Orleans	10,000 00
Improving the navigation of the Arkansas	
river	8,000 00
river	
Improving the inland channel between the	
St. Mary's and St. John's, Florida	9,904 00
Removing obstructions from the Savannah	
river	2,747 19
Removing obstructions from Ashtabula	~,0
acomoving obstructions from Ashtabula.	20 25
creek	60 75

•	
Removing obstructions at the mouth of Su-	#5 410 00
wanee river.  Cumberland road in Ohio, west of Zanes-	\$5,412 00
ville	11,752 02
Cumberland road in Indiana	7,400 00
Cumberland road in Illinois	79,127 34
Repairing road from Jacksonville to Talla-	وأنجه وأنج عيساني عابر
hassee	4,500 00
Road from Fort Howard to northern boun-	
dary of Illinois	4,404 30
Military road from the Mississippi river	11,561 30
Repairing road from Jacksonville to New-	
nansville, Florida	1,257 00 ~
Construction of a road from Jacksonville	Carrier Contraction
to St. Mary's, Florida.  Civilization of Indians	7,500 00
Civilization of Indians	. 11,317. 50
Pay of superintendents of Indian affairs and	
Indian agents	7,900 09
Pay of sub-agents	5,779 45
Pay of sub-agents. Pay of interpreters.	4,100 29
Presents to Indians	2,491 51
Provisions to Indians	5,986 01
Buildings and repairs	400 00
Contingencies of Indian department	15,455 56
Fulfilling treaties with the—	
Pottawatomies	20,484 08
Pottawatomies of Huron	400 00
Pottawatomies of the Prairie	10,855 01
Pottawatomies of the Wabash	12,000 00
Six Nations, New YorkOttoes and Missourias	500 00
	4,430 00
Omahas Iowas	3,980.00
Iowas	7,875 00
Choctaws	18,998 86
Sacs and Foxes, Iowas, Sioux, Omahas,	
Ottoes, and Missourias	$613\ 50$
Wyandots	1,324 35
Ottowas	5,234 12
Miamies.	4,318 86
Chippewas, Ottowas, and Pottawato-	
mies.	27,566 00
Menomonies Winnebagoes	30,256 46
Winnebagoes	19,939 62
Christian Indians Chippewas of Mississippi	400 00
Chippewas of Mississippi.	35,000 00
Chippewas of Saganaw	4,010 00
Chippewas and Menomonies, Winneba-	
goes, and New York Indians	1,500 00
Osages	3,200 16
Delawares	7,680 00

Fulfilling treaties with the—	* • ;
Chickasaws.	\$3,593 00
Quapaws.	1,154 50
Cherokees.	3,280 00
Ottowas and Chippewas	58,315 00
Sioux of Mississippi	11,920 00
Yancton and Santee Sioux	3,980 00
Sacs and Foxes of the Missouri	8,818 00
Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi	54,552 00
Kickapoos	5,250 00
Kaskaskias	3,000 00
Piankeshaws	800 00
Weas	3,000 00
Shawnees	6,340 00
Senecas and Shawnees	679 00
	720 00
Senecas Pawnees	8,100 00
Expenses of Indian medals	475 69
Holding treaties with Wyandots of Ohio	239 00
Expenses of a delegation of Seneca In-	
dians	394 61
Temporary subsistence of Indians west,	
and expenses attending distribution of the	
same under the direction of the Secretary	
of War.	47,323 68
Payment of claims of Alabama Emigrating	
Company	38,646 00
Examination of claims under the second	
article of the treaty with Osages	800 06
Holding a treaty with Seminole Indians	1,127 90
Carrying into effect treaty with the Chippe-	
was of Saganaw, 1837, 1838	37,876 18
Carrying into effect treaty with the Chippe-	
was of Mississippi, 1837	12,861 25
was of Mississippi, 1837	
of Mississippi, 1837	720 00
Carrying into effect treaty with the Sacs	
and Foxes of Mississippi, 1837	10,275 46
Carrying into effect treaty with the Winne-	* * *
bagoes	152,233 .06 .
Carrying into effect treaty with the Chero-	
kees, per act of July 2, 1836	315,950 99
Carrying into effect treaty with the Ottowas	
and Chippewas	2,115 97
Objects specified in third article of treaty	
with the Cherokees, per act June 12, 1838.	82,753 45
Removal and subsistence of Indians	15,087 65
Payment of claims provided for in fourth	
and fifth articles of Miami treaty of No-	,
vember 6, 1838	92,956 73

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	\$510 380 1,140 1,659 50,000 10,000 1,528 3,373 960 666 131 1,830 644 98 75 100

	· .		-
Relief of Ebenezer Lobbell, per	act of May	7 "	•
2, 1840		\$1,075	39
Relief of heirs of Captain Jesse	· Copeland	,	•
per act of March 2, 1839	_	307	69
Extra services of Lieut. Col. Al	exander R	• * * * *	
Thompson		2,194	77
Payment of balances due for m	nilitary and		
geographical surveys west of	the Missis	ا و ۱	
sippi		. 14,857	80
New dies to renew the meda			-
honor of Brig. General Daniel	l Morgan	. 133	22
Payment of account of Hart &	Bosworth	2,311	
Kanzas schools	DOSWOTER	740	
Interest on stocks in mills for (	Chinnewas		•
Ottowas, and Pottawatomies			0.0
Interest on stocks under Cheroke	no trootstio		90.
1835	e ireary o		50
Interest on stocks for education	of Chinno	$. \qquad 1{,}353$	90
			00
was, Ottoes, and Pottawatom			
Interest on stocks for Creek orp			
Interest on stocks for Menomor	nes	. 3,827	50
Interest on stocks for Chippewa	s and Otto		
was	i ka yidha a ar	5,767	50
Interest on stocks for Choctaw	orphan res		
ervations		. 2,579	69
ervations	• • • • • • • •	. <del></del>	
		\$8,871,543	
From which deduct the follow	wing repay	\$8,871,543	
From which deduct the followments, viz:		\$8,871,543 '-	
From which deduct the follow	\$10,930 1	\$8,871,543 '- 8	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c.		\$8,871,543 '- 8	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence	\$10,930 1	\$8,871,543 '- 8	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c.	\$10,930 1	\$8,871,543 '- 8	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of	\$10,930 1 760 0	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5 4	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5 4	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5 4	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5 4 3 7 3	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence Bounties, &c. Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1	\$8,871,543 '- 8 5 4 3 7 3	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14,	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836.	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Har-	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry.	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses.	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses.	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses. One month's pay to volunteers and militia of Kentucky,	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses. One month's pay to volunteers and militia of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6 9	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses. One month's pay to volunteers and militia of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississispi.	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 7- 8 5 4 3 7 3 6 9	
From which deduct the followments, viz: Pay and subsistence. Bounties, &c Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown. Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston. Construction of furnaces. Barracks at Mackinac. Barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Brady. Hospital, per act of May 14, 1836. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry. Erection of storehouses. One month's pay to volunteers and militia of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and	\$10,930 1 760 0 1,270 9 10,006 0 3,156 1 83 9 2,025 7 10 2 137 0 2,825 0	\$8,871,543 55 4 3 7 3 6 9 6 2	

•	102			[1010
	Subsistence of militia, volun-	•		
	teers, and friendly Indians.	\$4,501	08	
	Improving harbor of Portland,		•	
٠	on Lake Erie	95	00	
	Works at Green Bay	123		
	Deepening the channel at	120	.~~	
	Bridgeport harbor	43	60	
		, 40	.00	
	Clearing out the Ochlawaha	1 07/	10	
		1,074	TO.	
	Survey of the southern de-		٠.	
	bouche of the Dismal Swamp	00	00	
	canal to Winyaw bay	38		
	Roads and canals.	. 73	86	
	Road from Fort Howard to Fort		. :	
	Crawford	232	00	
	Road from Line creek to Chat-			
	tahoochee	30	00	
	Road from Green Bay to Fort		• • •	
	Winnebago	1,768	00	
•	Fulfilling treaties with the			
	Fulfilling treaties with the Creeks	14,985	37	$\mathcal{C}^{\bullet}$
	Fulfilling treaties with Florida		-	
	Indians	13,711	54	
	Fulfilling treaties with Wyan-	20,.22	7,-	
	dots, Munsees, and Dela-			
	wares	775	50	
	Indian annuities	184		
	Pay of gun and blacksmiths.	370		•
		.010	92	
•	Payment of purchase money	0 6770	റെ	
	for Osage reservations	8,670	92	
	Pay and subsistence of mount-	1 000	0.1	
	ed rangers	1,228	O.T.	
	Repressing hostilities of Semi-	4.045	, ,	
	nole Indians.	1,245	18	
	Volunteers and additional regi-			
	ment of dragoons Suppressing hostilities of Creek	1,848	33	
	Suppressing hostilities of Creek		<i>:</i> .	
	Indians	$4,\!566$	26	
	More perfect defence of the		• •	And the second of the second of the second
	frontier		90	
	Pay of Illinois militia	19,086	09	والمراكزة والمراكزة والمراكزة والمراكزة
	Holding treaties with Creeks		•	
	and Seminoles	418	75	
	Fort, &c., upon the Arkansas			
	frontier	10,936	35	
	Transportation and incidental			
	expenses of Indian depart-		٠.	
	ment.		16	
		:	<del></del>	\$120,758 51
				\$8,750,784 52
	· <b>5</b>	•		

### NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

	•	
Pay and subsistence of the Navy\$1	1,880,886	40
Pay of superintendents	44,728.	20
Increase, repair, armament, and equipment		
of the Navy, &c	714,592	
Provisions	431,194	
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c	35,518	
Navy-yard at Portsmouth	5,480	00
Navy-yard at Boston	6,756	
Navy-yard at New York	3,866	40
Navy-yard at Philadelphia	13,589	79
Navy-yard at Washington	4,020	94
Navy-yard at Norfolk	11,682	20
Navy-yard at Pensacola	30,480	20
Purchase of a tract of land belonging to the		
heirs of John Harris deceased, within the	•	
limits of the navy-yard at Charlestown.	45,218	59
Powder magazine at Pensacola	3,000	
Magazine on Ellis's Island, in the harbor of	-,	
New York	385	90
Magazines at Norfolk	750	
Hospital at Boston	358	
Hospital at Norfolk.	500	
Conveying Schuylkill water to naval asy-		
lum, Philadelphia	2,870	28
Ordnance and ordnance stores	43,293	
Gradual increase of the Navy	10,161	
Gradual improvement of the Navy	487,820	
Repair of vessels in ordinary, and wear and	±01,020	.0.0
tear of vessels in commission	287,241	16
Contingent expenses of the Navy	286,792	
Contingent expenses of the Navy	438	
Rebuilding frigate Congress	26,266	
Prize money for officers and crew of the	20,200	00
nrivete armed brig General Armetrong	606	06
private armed brig General Armstrong.	136,393	
Pay and subsistence of marine corps	130,333	90
Subsistence of non-commissioned officers,	01 005	ິດ1
&c., marine corps.	31,605	
Medicines and hospital stores	3,524	
Fuel	11,298	
Military stores.	4,707	
Contingent expenses	10,379	
Transportation and recruiting	3,293	
Repairs of barracks.	2,257	
Clothing.	37,938	
Relief of Charles Blake		00
Relief of John Downes	723	.60
<del>-</del>		

304	·	froza.
From which deduct the following repay ments, viz:	r <del>-</del>	
Wharves, &c., at the navy-yard, Pensa	1-	
cola\$0.2	7	
Arrearages of pay, &c., to officers of ma	•	
rine corps	3	
imo corporativa, a caracteria de la cara	<b>\$485 80</b>	
		,620,316 35
PUBLIC DEBT.	,	,
Interest on the funded debt	. \$2,020 86	
Interest on the funded debt		
(loan of sixteen millions)	5,500 00	\$ 12.5
Redemption of 3 per cent. stock	901 38	
Redemption of 6 per cent. stock of 1813		
(loan of seven and one half millions)	3,080 00	
Redemption of 6 per cent. stock of 1814		
(loan of ten millions)	420 00	
Paying certain parts of the domestic debt	. 29 71	
Reimbursement of Treasury notes issued	d	
per act 12th October, 1837	. 128,297 65	
Reimbursement of Treasury notes issued	d	
per act 21st May, 1838	. 2,938,995 93	
Reimbursement of Treasury notes issued	d	
per act 21st May, 1838  Reimbursement of Treasury notes issued per act of 31st March, 1840	. 398,372 00	
Interest on Treasury notes issued per ac	et	
12th October, 1837	4,364 16	
Interest on Treasury notes issued per ac	t	
21st May, 1838	. 152,875 89	
Interest on Treasury notes per act of 31s	st	.,
March, 1840	6,400 98	
The state of the s	\$3	,641,258 56
and the second of the second o	\$21	,188,128 41
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.	``	<del></del>

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

REGISTER'S OFFICE, November 30, 1840.

T. L. SMITH, Register.

D.

# of the Public Deet. The payments on account of the (old) funded and unfunded debt,

					2,000 0
		en e			11,953 0
eaving und	claimed and	undischarg	ed		.\$299,554 9
Vrèz •					
Principal	· · · · · · · · · ·	la la la praca legació	Na projeka akada a	.\$52,988 93 .246,566 02	
nterest				.246,566 02	freign eigh
2. On acc	count of the i	unfunded d	lebt		\$29 7

#### VIZ:

Certificates issued for claims during the revolutionary war,
and registered prior to 1798\$26,622' 44'
Treasury notes issued during the late war 5,295 00
Certificates of Mississippi stock
al all to the track of the Associate as the Associate and the Asso

3. Debts of the corporate cities of the District of Columbia, assumed by the United States, viz:

Of the city of Washington.	1,000,000 00
Alexandria	
Georgetown	250,000 00

\$1,500,000 00

The payments during the year 1840, on account of the		
interest and absence of the difference of account of the	AMO 145	64
interest and charges of this debt, amounted to	\$78,145	<u> </u>

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

REGISTER'S OFFICE, November 30, 1840.

T. L. SMITH, Register.

Vol. iv.-25.

Ε.

Statement of the issue and redemption of Treasury Notes from the 1st of January to the 30th November, 1840.

The Treasury notes issued during the period above mentioned under the act of the 31st of March, 1840, amounted to....\$5,169,387 67

The notes redeemed during the same period, amounted to......\$3,986,182.77

nd there are at present under examination by the accounting officers of the Treasury, notes which had been received in payment for duties and lands, amounting to

6,600 00

2. Of notes issued under the acts of the 21st of May, 1838, and 2d of March, 1839, there have been entered in the books of this office

And there are at present under examination by the accounting officers of the Department.

25,958 82

2,952,415 93

3. Of notes issued under the act of the 31st of March, 1840, there have been entered.

And there are at present under examina-

731,317 40

128,792 97

860,110 37

2,978,374 75

\$147,697 65

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, REGISTER'S OFFICE, December 1, 1840.

T. L. SMITH, Register.

# Statement exhibiting the value of Imports and Exports, annually, from 1791 to 1840.

Year ending 30th of Sep- tember.	Value of Imports.	Value of Ex- ports.	Excess of Imports over Exports.	Excess of Ex- ports over Im- ports.	Year ending 30th of Sep- tember.	Value of Imports.	Value of Exports.	Excess of Imports over Exports.	Excess of Exports over Imports.
1791 1792 1793	\$52,000,000 31,500,000 31,100,000	\$19,012,041 20,753,098 26,109,572	\$32,987,959 10,746,902 4,990,428		1816 1817 1818	99,250,000 121,750,000	\$81,920,452 87,671,569 93,281,133	\$65,182,548 11,578,431 28,468,867	
1794 1795 1796 1797	34,600,000 69,756,268 81,436,164 75,379,406	33,026,233 47,989,472 67,064,097 56,850,206	1,573,767 21,766,796 14,372,067 18,529,200		1819 1820 1821	74,450,000 62,585,724 83,241,541	70,142,521 69,691,669 64,974,382 72,160,377	16,982,479 4,758,331 11,081,260	\$2,388,658
1798 1799 1800 1801	68,551,700 79,068,148 91,252,768 111,363,511	61,527,097 78,665,522 70,971,780 94,115,925	7,024,603 402,626 280,988 17,247,586		1823 1824 1825 1826		74,699,030 75,986,657 99,535,388 77,595,322	2,880,237 4,562,350 - 7,379,155	3,195,313
1802 1803 1804	76,333,333 64,666,666 85,000,000 120,000,000	72,483,160 55,800,033 77,699,074 95,566,021	3,850,173 8,866,633 7,300,926 24,433,979		1827 1828 1829 1830	79,484,068 88,509,824	82,324,827 72,264,686 72,358,671	16,245,138 2,133,856	2,840,759
1806 1807 1808	129,000,000 138,000,000 56,990,000	101,536,963 108,343,150 22,430,960	27,463,037 29,656,850 34,559,040		1831 1832 1833	103,191,124 101,029,266 108,118,311	73,849,508. 81,310,583. 87,176,943. 90,140,433	21,880,541 13,852,323 17,977,878	2,972,588
1809	59,400,000 85,400,000 53,400,000 77,030,000	52,203,231 66,757,974 61,316,831 38,527,236	7,196,769 18,642,026 38,502,764	\$7,916,831	1834 1835 1836 1837	149,895,742 189,980,035 140,989,217	104,336,973 121,693,577 128,663,040 117,419,376	22,184,359 28,202,165 61,316,995 23,560,801	
1813 1814 1815	22,005,000 12,965,000 113,041,274	27,855,997 6,927,441 52,557,753	6,037,559 60,483,521	5,850,997	1838 1839 1840	113,717,404 162,092,132 104,805,891	108,486,616 121,028,416 131,571,950	5,230,788 41,063,716	26,766,059

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, REGISTER'S OFFICE, December 2, 1840.

Value of Exports and Imports during each Presidency, from Mr. Monroe's second term to Mr. Van Buren's inclusive.

AD TOLD WAY	. 77	Value of Exports.		Value of Im-	Excess of Imports over Ex-	Excess of Exports over Im-	Excess of Im- ports during	
PRESIDENCY.	Years.	Domestic pro- duce.	Foreign pro- duce, &c.	Total.	ports.	ports.	ports.	each presi- dency.
Mr. Monroe's second.	1821 1822 1823 1824	\$43,671,894 49,874,079 47,155,408 50,649,500	\$21,302;488 22,286,202 27,543,622 25;337,157	\$64,974,382 72,160,281 74,699,030 75,986,657	\$62,585,724 83,241,541 77,579,267 80,549,007	\$11,081,260 2,880,237 4,562,350	\$2,388,658	
		191,350,881	96,469,469	287,820,350	303,955,539	18,523,847	2,388,658	\$16,135,189
Mr. Adams's	$\begin{cases} 1825 \\ 1826 \\ 1827 \\ 1828 \end{cases}$	66,944,745 53,055,710 58,921,691 50,669,669	32,590,643 24,539,612 23,403,136 21,595,017	99,535,388 77,595,322 82,324,827 72,264,686	96,340,075 84,974,477 79,484,068 88,509,824	7,379,155 16,245,138	3,195,313 2,840,759	
		229,591,815	102,128,408	331,720,223	349,308,444	23,624,293	6,036,072	17,588,221
General Jackson's first	$\begin{cases} 1829 \\ 1830 \\ 1831 \\ 1832 \end{cases}$	55,700,193 59,462,029 61,277,057 63,137,470	16,658,478 14,387,479 20,033,526 24,039,473	72,358,671 73,849,508 81,310,583 87,176,943	74,492,527 70,876,920 103,191,124 101,029,266	2,133,856 21,880,541 13,852,323	2,972,588	
		239,576,749	75,118,956	314,695,705	349,589,837	37,866,720	2,972,588	34,894,132

CRETARY
J.
THE
TREASURY.

General Jackson's second	$\begin{cases} 1833 \\ 1834 \\ 1835 \\ 1836 \end{cases}$	70,317,698 81,024,162 101,189,082 106,916,680	23,312,811 20,504,495	90,140,433 104,336,973 121,693,577 128,663,040	108,118,311 126,521;332 149,895,742 189,980,035	17,917,878 22,184,359 28,202,165 61,316,995			 
		359,447,622	85,386,401	444,834,023	574,515,420	129,681,397	•	129,681,397	
Mr. Van Buren's	$\begin{cases} 1837 \\ 1838 \\ 1839 \\ 1840 \end{cases}$	95,564,414 96,033,821 103,533,891 113,762,617	21,854,962 12,452,795 17,494,525 17,809,333	117,419,376 108,486,616 121,028,416 131,571,950	140,980,177 113,717,404 162,092,132 104,805,891	23,560,801 5,230,788 41,063,716	26,766,059		• (
		408,894,743	69,611,615	478,506,358	521,595,604	69,855,305	26,766,059	16,323,187	,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
REGISTER'S OFFICE, December 2, 1840.

T. L. SMITH, Register.

#### H.

### . TREASURY DEPARTMENT, December 7, 1840.

Sir: I have the honor to transmit, for the information of the House of
Representatives, an estimate of the appropriations proposed to be made
for the service of the year 1841, amounting to\$16,621,520 28

de the solving of the John 2011, which the solvent in the	
$V_{1Z}$ :	
Civil list, foreign intercourse, and miscellaneous	\$3,450,740 13
Military service, including fortifications, armories, arse-	
nals, ordnance, Indian affairs, revolutionary and other	
	P POE 440 04
pensions.	7,725,440 94
Naval service, including the marine corps	5,445,339 21
m. A	
To the estimates are added statements showing—	
1. The appropriations for the service of the year 1841,	P
made by former acts of Congress, including arming	
and equipping the militia, civilization of Indians, rev-	
olutionary claims, revolutionary pensions under the act	
of June 7, 1832, claims of the State of Virginia, relief	and the second of the
of the corporate cities in the District of Columbia, and	
of the corporate cities in the District of Columbia, and	#1 010 000 00
public debt	\$1,013,200 00
2. The existing appropriations which will not be required	
for the year 1840, and which it is proposed to apply in	
aid of the service of the year 1841, amounting to	3,749,904 02
3. The existing appropriations which will be required to	
complete the service of the year 1840, and former	
years, but which will be expended in 1841, amount-	
	C CC1 100 50
ing to	6,661,123 52
4. There is also added to the estimates a statement of	
the several appropriations which will probably be car-	
ried to the surplus fund at the close of the present	
year, either because these sums will not be required	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
for, or will no longer be applicable to them, amount-	
ing to	138,877 99
5. In a note is separately specified the amount which it	
is estimated will be needed in 1841 for the redemption	
of Treasury notes	4,500,000 00

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

LEVI WOODBURY,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CIVIL LIST.	,"			Appropriations made in 1840.
LEGISLATURE.	*			
For compensation and mileage of the Senators and members	Address of the first and commendates			
of the House of Representatives, their officers and clerks,				
and for the contingent expenses of both Houses of Con-				•
gress, viz:		. 4		
Fifty-two Senators, at \$8 per day, estimating 87 days	\$36,192 00	•		•
Speaker of the House of Representatives, at \$16 per day.	1,392 00		٠,	
Two hundred and forty-one members, at \$8 per day	167,736 00			
Delegates from the Territories of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Flor-		, .		
ida, at \$8 per day each	2,088 00			
Travelling expenses to and from the seat of Government	154,000 00		,	
		\$361,408 00	•	\$668,944 00
Secretary of the Senate  Principal clerk	3,000 00	].		
Principal clerk			·	
Five engrossing clerks, at \$1,500 each.	7,500 00		,	
Messenger.	700 00			•
Chaplain to the Senate. Sergeant-at-Arms to the Senaté.	500 00			٠.
Assistant Doorkeeper to the Senate.	1,500 00 $1,450 00$		-	
Clark of the House of Representatives	3,000 00			
Principal Clerk	1,800 00			•
Clerk of the House of Representatives. Principal Clerk. Ten clerks, at \$1,500 each	15,000 00			
Messenger	700 00			
Chaplain to the House of Representatives	500 00			
Chaplain to the House of Representatives Sergeant-at-Arms to the House.	1,500 00			•
e	1,500 00	1		

# ESTIMATE—Continued.

oorkeeper to the House	\$1,500 00			Appropriations made in 1840.
ssistant Doorkeeper to the House	1,450 00			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ontrop at the state of Thomas of	1,500 00			
raughtsman of the House	1,500 00			
		\$44,900 00		\$43,400 00
ICIDENTAL AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF BOTH HOUSES OF				
CONGRESS, INCLUDING STATIONERY, FUEL, PRINTING, &C.				
or the Senate, as estimated by the Secretary	75,000 00			75,000 00
or preparing, printing, and binding documents, ordered				
by the resolutions of the Senate of 2d July, 1836, and	gradence village in the			
2d March, 1837, relating to the establishment of the seat				
of Government; reports, plans, and surveys for improve-				
ment of harbors and rivers, roads and canals; to be dis-		e N		
bursed under the direction of the committee to audit and	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	•		
control the contingent expenses of the Senate	20,000 00	•		
ote.—This sum includes \$12,250 for printing and engraving already done in pursuance of the said resolutions.		a	ļ· ,	
			*	
or the House of Representatives, as estimated by the	150 000 00			
Clerk	150,000 00	045 000 00		200 000 00
	<del>~~~</del>	245,000 00	•	200,000 00
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.				
alary of the principal and assistant librarians	2,650 00			$\mathfrak{h} \mapsto \mathbb{R}_{0} \cup \mathbb{R}_{0}$
or an assistant during the session of Congress, and term				A 252 - 6
of the Supreme Court, say 90 days, at \$1 50 per day.	135 00			3,787 50
alary of messenger			I .	

		•		•	
Contingent expenses	5,000 00	0.005.00	, i•	600 00 5,000 00	1840.]
Executive.		9,085 00	\$660,393 00		٠
Compensation to the President of the United States Compensation to the Vice President of the United States		25,000 00 5,000 00		25,000 00 5,000 00	SE
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.			30,000 00		CRETARY
Secretary of State Clerks and messengers	6,000 00 20,300 00	100 <b>20</b> 100	•	6,000 00	1 -
Incidental and contingent expenses of the Department of State, including publishing and distributing the laws Compiling, printing, &c., the Biennial Register			•	20,300 00 25,000 00	OF THE
Compiling, printing, &c., the Biennial Register FOR THE GENERAL PURPOSES OF THE NORTHEAST EXECUTIVE		52,300 00		a. 1,1 •€1. 124 •32	1.
BUILDING.  Salaries of superintendent and watchmen				1,500 00	TREAS
Contingent expenses of said building, including fuel, labor, oil, and repairs				3,350 00	ASURY.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.		4,850 00	57,150 00		
Secretary of the Treasury  Clerks and messengers	6,000 00 16,450 00	•	•	6,000 00 16,450 00	393

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				Appropriations made in 1840.
Clerks, per act of 23d June, 1836	\$3,600 00	\$26,050 00		\$3,600 00
First Comptroller	3,500 00	#20,000 00	•	3,500 00
Clerks and messengers	19,300 00	22,800 00	•	19,300 00
Second Comptroller	3,000 00	-	<u>.</u>	3,000 00
Clerks and messenger	12,250 00	15,250 00	•	12,250 00
First Auditor	3,000 00	3.5 (19 <b>6</b> ) (19	·	3,000 00
Clerks and messenger	15,900 00	18,900 00		15,900 00
Second Auditor	3,000 00	10,500 00	• •	3,000 00
Clerks and messenger	17,900 00	20,900 00	•	17,900 00
Third Auditor	3,000 00	20,900 00 -		3,000 00
Clerks and messengers	29,650 00	•	•	}
Two clerks employed on claims, per act of 18th January, 1837	2,400 00	a Composito and agreement and a		32,050 00
		35,050 00		
Fourth Auditor Clerks and Messenger	3,000 00 $16,950 00$		2	3,000 00 16,950 00
		19,950 00		
Fifth Auditor Clerks and messenger	3,000 00 9,800 00			3,000 00
Two additional clerks, per act of 7th July, 1838	2,000 00		•	<b>{</b> 11,800 00
		14,800 00		
	<b>.</b>	•		

ESTIMATE—Continued.

Treasurer of the United States	3,000 00 10,750 00	\$13,750 00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,000 00 10,750 00	1840.]
The Treasurer submits the propriety of giving authority to employ in his office three clerks on permanent establish- ment, in lieu of that number who are now, and have been		***************************************			
for some time, employed under the temporary act of 12th October, 1837, authorizing the issue of Treasury notes;	energenengete gan a	and the state of			SEC
the services of that number being now, as they have been heretofore, necessary for carrying on the general business of the office, and cannot be dispensed with. Should this				•	CRETARY
submission be acceded to, he recommends the salaries to be fixed at \$1,600, \$1,200, and \$1,000. Submitted, \$3,800.					
Register of the Treasury Clerks and messengers	3,000 00 24,200 00	27,200 00	•	3,000 00 24,200 00	OF THE
Commissioner of the General Land Office	3,000 00	21,200 00		3,000 00	
clerks, messengers, and packers.  Solicitor of the Treasury.	95,500 00 3,500 00	98,500 00	•	95,500 00 3,500 00	TREASURY
Clerks and messenger.	3,950 00	7,450 00	•	3,950 00	RY.
INCIDENTAL AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.					. 8
Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, nothing required.  Balance deemed sufficient.		2			395

	Appropriations made in 1840.
For translating foreign languages, and for transmitting pass.	
For translating foreign languages, and for transmitting pass- ports and sea letters in the office of the Secretary of the	
Treasury	\$300 00
For stating and printing the public accounts, including a	<b>#300 00</b>
deficiency in former appropriations	1,400 00
Office of the First Comptroller 2,000 00	2,000 00
Second Comptroller 1,500 00	1,500 00
First Auditor 1,000 00	
Second Auditor	1,000 00
Third Auditor	2,000 00
Fourth Auditor	1,200 00 EPO 1,000 00 R 2,000 00 R 500 00 R
Fifth Auditor 1,000 00	1.000.00
Treasurer of the United States. 2,000 00	2,000 00
Register of the Treasury	1 2 000 00
Solicitor of the Treasury 1,500 00	1,000 00
Commissioner of the General Land Office, in-	
cluding 83,000 pieces of parchment and	
printing, patents, &c	18,417 00
\$41,770 00	1 20,221
FOR THE GENERAL PURPOSES OF THE SOUTHEAST EXECUTIVE	
BUILDING:	
Superintendent and watchmen 2,100 00	2,100 00
Contingent expenses of the building, including fuel, labor, oil,	
carrying the Department mails, and sealing ship's regis-	<b>11</b>
ters, &c. 12,000 00	12,000 00 5

		14,10000	\$376,470 00		1840
WAR DEPARTMENT.					-
Granden of Wor	6,000 00			6,000 00	
Secretary of War. Clerks and messengers, including the clerkship under act of	0,000 00	•	•	0,000 00	l
April 20, 1818, transferred back from Pension Office on					Ω
April 20, 1818, transferred back from Pension Office on the 1st of March, 1840	13,186 10		•	13,350 00	·[ <del>[</del> ]
Contingent expenses.	3,000 00		_	3,000 00	CR
Books, maps, and plans for the War Department	1,000 00	• • •		1,000 00	田
Compensation of extra clerks, when employed in said office	3,000 00	00.400.40	•	3,000 00	TARY
The state of the s	0.000.00	26,186 10		0.000,00	Ħ
Commissioner of Indian Affairs	$3,000 00 \\ 16,400 00$	•••	•	3,000 \ 00 16,400 00	
Clerks and messenger	2,000 00	•	* .	2,000 00	OF
Contingent expenses	2,000 00	21,400 00	. •	2,000 00	Н
Commissioner of Pensions	2,500 00		•	2,584 57	THE
Clerks and messengers	12,400 00			} 18,250 00	
Clerks transferred from the office of the Secretary of War	2,793 40		•	} 10,230 00	TRE
Salary of one clerk transferred from the Navy Department,					नि
per act March 4, 1840	1,600 00	•		1,600 00	AS
Contingent expenses.	1,500 00	20,793 40	•	3,000 00	SURY
Clerk and messenger in the office of the Commanding	amarka sa kabasa da	20,795 40			X
O1	1,500 00			1,500 00	•
	300 00			300 00	
Contingent expenses.		1,800 00	. "		
Clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant General.	7,650 00		•	7,650 00	
Contingent expenses	1,600 00		•	1,600 00	.39
for FRASER		9,250 00		-	97

# ESTIMATE—Continued.

Clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster				Appropriations made in 1840.	•
Goneral	\$7,300 00	•		\$7,300 00	
Contingent expenses	1,000 00	•		1,000 00	
	ļ	\$8,300 00			. '>
Clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster					•
General	7,100 00			7,100 00	
General. Contingent expenses	800 00	÷ 8,	. •	800 00	
		7,900 00	•		Ħ
Clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary		•			
General of Purchases	4,200 00	•		4,200 00	REPORT
Contingent expenses	800 00	•	•	800 00	Ę
		5,000 00			
Clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary					
General of Subsistence	4,300 00		•	4,300 00	AO.
Contingent expenses	3,200 00		•	3,200 00	17
		7,500 00			THE
Clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer	5,650 00	•	•	5,650 00	(7)
Contingent expenses	1,500 00		•	1,500 00	
		7,150 00	,		
Clerk and messenger in the office of the Surgeon General. Salary of a clerk at \$1,000, under the act of April 20, 1818,	1,650 00		•	1,650 00	
Salary of a clerk at \$1,000, under the act of April 20, 1818,					
transferred from the office of the Secretary of War	1,000 00	-	٠,		
Contingent expenses	550 00		• •	500 00	
		3,200 00			
Clerks and messenger in the Ordnance Office	8,650 00	ا مداندان ریور	• • •	8,650 00	, r
Contingent expenses	1,550 00	• . <i>/</i>		800 00	[1840,
		10,200 00		) l·	0

Clerks and messenger in the office of the Topographical Bureau	2,500 00			2,500 00	1840.
Salary of a clerk at \$1,400, transferred from the office of the Secretary of War to the Pension Office, to be trans-			<u> </u>		Ë
ferred from that office on the 1st March, 1841	1,170 50	o' •			ľ
Contingent expenses	1,735 00			. 1,735 00	1
Contingent expenses	1,700.00	5,405 50	•	1,7.55.00	
FOR THE GENERAL PURPOSES OF THE NORTHWEST EXECUTIVE BUILDING.		0,200			SECI
					RET
Salaries of the superintendent and watchmen	2,250 00	-	•	2,250 00	H
Contingent expenses of said building, including repairs, labor, fuel, oil, engine, and also rent of the bounty land					ARY
office	4,700 00	•		4,700 00	Y
	2,	6,950 00		2,000 00	HO.
NAVY DEPARTMENT.	-		\$141,035 00	٠, ٠, ٠	_
					THE
Secretary of the Navy	6,000 00	. •	· · · · · ·	6,000 00	Œ
Clerks and messengers, after deducting one clerk transferred			•		T
to Pension Office per act March 4, 1840, at \$1,600	11,250 00	•		12,850 00	TREASURY
Contingent expenses	3,000 00		•	3,000 00	A
OF CALLS IN THE TOTAL TO	70.500.00	20,250 00		10,500,00	$\mathbf{S}$
Commissioners of the Navy Board	10,500 00	•	•	10,500 00	Æ
Secretary. Clerks and messenger	2,000 00 8,450 00	•	•	2,000 00	Y
Contingent expenses	2,500 00	· · · ·	•	8,450 00 1,800 00	
Contingent expenses	2,000 00	23,450 00	•	1,000 00	
FOR THE GENERAL PURPOSES OF THE SOUTHWEST EXECUTIVE	4	29,190 00	·		
BUILDING.					
Salaries of superintendent and watchmen	1,250 00	• .	. ]	1,250 00	399

ESTIMATE-	-Continued.			4 4 5
				Appropriations made in 1840.
Contingent expenses of said building, including fuel, labor, oil, repairs of building, engine, and improvement of the	g in see the see seeming g see seeding to see the seeding of			
grounds	\$3,350 00	\$4,600 00	· •••	\$3,350 00
		# 19 % A	\$48,300 00	
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.				
Postmaster General.  Three Assistant Postmasters General.	6,000 00 7,500 00		• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,000 00 7,500 00 48,600 00
Clerks and messengers. Two watchmen, at \$300 each	48,600 00 600 00	المارية المعاون الأمرية المداوي المارية المعاون الأمرية المداوي	in grant or or	48,600 00
Topographer and additional clerks, per acts March 3, 1839,	10,200 00		•	<b>,</b>
Clerk to keep appropriation accounts, per acts of March 3, 1839, and May 8, 1840	1,400 00			11,600 00
For contingent expenses, including fuel for the Auditor's office, and \$4,000 for rent of the building occupied by the				
Department	10,500 00	84,800 00	•	8,000 00
Auditor for the Post Office Department.  Clerks and messengers	3,000 00 <sup>7</sup> 55,500 00			3,000 00
Eleven additional clerks, per act of July 7, 1838	13,200 00 4,700 00	•	•	$\left.\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	2,,,,,,	76,400 00	161,200 00	

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			•		•
SURVEYORS AND THEIR CLERKS.		the same of the sa			1840.]
Surveyor General northwest of the Ohio	2,000 00 6,300 00	8,300-00	•	2,000 00 6,300 00	0.
Surveyor General of Illinois and Missouri Clerks, per act of May 9, 1836.	2,000 00 3,820 00	5,820 00		2,000 00 3,820 00	SE
Surveyor General of Arkansas.  Clerks, per act of May 9, 1836	2,000 00 2,800 00	4,800 00	•	2,000 00 2,800 00	CRE
Surveyor General of Louisiana Clerks, per act of May 9, 1836	2,000 00 2,500 00	4,500 00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,000 00 2,500 00	TARY C
Surveyor General of Mississippi Clerks, per act of May 9, 1836	2,000 00 1,000 00	e este fina		2,000 00 5,000 00	OF THE
Surveyor General of Alabama.  Clerks, per act of May 9, 1836	2,000 00 2,200 00	4,200 00	•	2,000 00 2,200 00	E TRE
Surveyor General of Florida	2,000 00 500 00	2,500 00	•	2,000 00 3,500 00	ASU
Surveyor General of Wisconsin and Iowa, per act of June 12, 1838, with a proposed increase of \$500.  Clerks, per act of June 12, 1838, with a proposed increase	2,000 00	<b>2,000,00</b>	•	1,500 00	RY.
of \$400.  For extra clerks and draughtsmen in the offices of the Surveyors	2,000 00	4,000 00	•	1,600 00	
General, in addition to the unexpended balances of former					401

	,				Appropriations made in 1840.	
appropriations, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the service	•	\$7,200	0		\$9,000 00	
'or extra clerks in the offices of the Surveyors General, to transcribe field notes of survey, for the purpose of pre-			.			
serving them at the seat of Government, in addition to the		-				
unexpended balances of former appropriations, viz:  Office of the Surveyor General northwest of the Ohio	\$4,500 00	•		,	4,500 00	
Office of the Surveyor General of Illinois and Missouri.	3,000 00	1 .		•	2,200 00	
Office of the Surveyor General of Arkansas Office of the Surveyor General of Louisiana	1,500 00 1,000 00		,	•	1,000 00	
Office of the burveyor General of Louisiana	1,000 00	10,000 0	0			
			-  ;	\$54,320 00	1 500 00	
ecretary to sign patents for public lands	-•	•		1,500 00	1,500 00	
act of the 21st of July, 1840.	3,000 00		.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,300 00	
ommissioner, from the 21st of July to the 31st of Decem-			į			
ber, 1840.	311 96	3,311 9	c			1.
hree assistants to the Commissioner, as superintendent of		5,511 9	0			1
the Potomac bridge, at \$1 50 per day, including oil for			.		1. 1.25	
lamps, and fuel	•	1,807 8	50	5,119 46	2,950 00	
				5,119 40	2,950 00	
MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS BRANCHES.				•		
compensation to the director of the Mint at Philadelphia	3,500 00	1		•		1

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

•									
50 K.	treasurer	2,000		1	1		Ì		1840.]
	chief coiner	2,000			- 1				40
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	assayer	2,000	00	-		,			· ت
	melter and refiner	2,000	00		-				ľ
	engraver	2,000	00.		ŀ	•			
	assistant assayer	1,300	00			•			
	one clerk at \$1,200, two at \$1,100, and								70.
	one at \$700	4,100	00		- 1				H
•		2,200		18,900 (	100		20,400	00	
Compensation to wo	rkmen			24,000		• .	23,000		SECRETARY
	ontingent expenses, including the wast-			22,000	"	. •	20,000	00	l H
For incidental and c	silver, fuel, materials, stationery, water-			4	- 1.	. `			
rent, and taxes, in	addition to the unexpended balance of	800	00				1.6 000	òο	1 .
the appropriation	91 104U		1		1 .	•	16,000	0.0	- OF
For specimens of ore	s and coins, to be reserved at the Mint.	1,000	UU	1 000 0			1,000	UU	
				1,800 0	ן טי	44 800 00			THE
~				· ·	_	44,700 00			
Compensation to the	superintendent of the Branch Mint at								
Charlotte, North C	arolina	2,000			1		•	٠	TREASURY
Compensation to the	assayer	1,500		:	- 1				<b>E</b>
	coiner	1,500		-	· 1	1 1 2 2			A
	coinerone clerk	1,000	00			· ·	Q.,		l ë
				6,000 0		•	6,000		R
	workmen			3,500 0	00	2	3,500	00	!
For incidental and c	ontingent expenses, including fuel, ma-		~				• •		١.
terials, taxes, and	wastage of gold	4		2,500 0	0	•	2,500	Ő0	1
		,	.			12,000 00		.	ĺ
Compensation to the	superintendent of the Branch Mint at			, ,				]	
Dahlonega		2,000	00			,	•	- 1	خد
	assayer	1,500							403
for FRASER	,				•	•		,	w

Compensation to the coiner	\$1,500 00 1,000 00		t in the state of the	Appropriations made in 1840.
For compensation to workmen		\$6,000 00 2,880 00		\$6,000 00 3,500 00
For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, ma-				
terials, taxes, and wastage of gold		1,000 00	\$9,880 00	2,000 00
Compensation to the superintendent of the Branch Mint at			#0,000	
New Orleans	2,500 00 2,000 00			
coiner	2,000 00			
assayer melter and refiner	2,000 00 2,000 00	,		
two clerks at \$1,200 each	2,400 00	12,900 00	,	12,900 00
For compensation to workmen	-	22,000 00		22,000 00
For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, taxes, and wastage of gold and silver		17,100 00		17,100 00
		17,200 00	52,000 00	1.,200
GOVERNMENTS IN THE TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES.				
Wisconsin Territory.		,		
Governor	2,500 00		•	,
Three Judges, at \$1,800 each.	5,400 00	•	•	9,100 00
Governor Three Judges, at \$1,800 each Secretary Contingent expenses	1,200 00 350 00	•		350 00

Compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, pay of officers of the Assembly, printing, stationery, fuel, newspapers, furniture, and all other incidental and miscellaneous objects.	34,075 00	43,525 00		34,075 00	1840.]
Iowa Territory.		±0,020 00			70
Governor Three Judges, at \$1,800 each Secretary Contingent expenses	2,500 00 5,400 00 1,200 00 350 00	•		9,100 00	SECRETARY
Compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, pay of officers of the Assembly, printing, stationery, fuel, postage, newspapers, furniture, rent, and all other incidental and miscellaneous objects, and including \$6,729 for arrearages due above the amount appropriated	\$				RY OF THE
by Congress	34,904 00	44,354 00	•	34,050 00	
Florida Territory.					TREA
Governor Four Judges at \$1,800 each, and one at \$2,300.	2,500 00 9,500 00	•	-	} 13,500 00	ASURY
Secretary Contingent expenses Compensation and mileage of the members of the Legisla-	1,500 00 350 00	•	- * ·	950 00	• •
tive Council, pay of officers, stationery, fuel, printing, rent, furniture, and all other incidental and contingent objects	29,425 00	43,275 00	•	29,325 00	_
for FRASER		40,210 00	131,154 00		405

Judiciary.			•				<u>-</u>	App mad	ropriation le in 1840	ns ).
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court	\$5,000 00	•								
Eight Associate Judges, at \$4,500 each	36,000 00				:		÷ .	1	٠.	
District Judge of Maine.	1,800 00		٠.,	.•				1		
New Hamnshire	1,000 00									
New Hampshire	2,500 00	,				•		1		
Vermont	1,200 00	-						1		
Rhode Island.	1,500 00							1	•	
					-					
Connecticut. New York, northern district	2,000 00									٠.
New York, southern district	3,500 00		•							
New Jersey	1,500 00							1 .		
Pennsylvania, eastern district						-		ļ		
Pennsylvania, western district	1,800 00		,					ŀ		
Deleggivania, western district										
Delaware Maryland	2,000 00					-		1	4.	
waryland	2,000 00.									
Virginia, eastern district	1,800 00						-		· · · · · ·	
Virginia, western district	1,600 00					•	•			
Kentucky Tennessee	1,500 00				1			1		
Tennessee	1,500 00	•			İ					
Umo	1,000 00				}		•			
North Carolina	2,000 00		٠.					1.		
South Carolina.	2,500 00				Ì		. '	İ		
Georgia	2,500 00			٠,			-			
Louisiana	3,000 00			*	1	•				
Mississippi	2,000 00				1		, .	1	•	

Missouri 1,200 00 1,500 00 1,500 00 2,000 00 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	<u>~</u>
Missouri 1,200 00 1,500 00 1,500 00 2,000 00 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	40
Missouri 1,200 00 1,500 00 2,000 00 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	_
Chief Justice of the District of Columbia. 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	
Chief Justice of the District of Columbia. 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	
Chief Justice of the District of Columbia. 93,900 00 93,900 00 93,900 00	
	ΣΏ
Two Associate Judges, at \$2,500 each. 5,000 00	ESE C
	<del>,</del>
Two Associate Judges, at \$2,500 each       5,000 00         Judge of the Criminal Court       2,000 00	RE
Judge of the Orphans' Court, Washington county 1,000 00	ΤÀ
Additional Judge of the Orphans' Court, Washington county. 1,000 00	RY
Judge of the Orphans' Court, Alexandria county	≺
12.700 00   12.700 00	OF .
Attorney General of the United States	
Clerk 1,000 00 1,000 00 1,000 00	<u>.</u>
Messenger 500 00 500 00	THE
Contingent expenses.	
6,000 00	TRÉ
Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court	<u> </u>
District Attorney Maine 200 00	<b>∠</b> ″
New Hampshire 200 00	SURY
Vermont 200 00	골
tthode Island	.~4
Connecticut. 200 00	
New York, northern district 200 00	
New Jersey	
Pennsylvania, western district 200 00	
Delaware	4
Virginia, eastern district	407

District Attorney,	Virginia, western district	\$2	00 00					i.		Appropr made in	iations 1840.
,	Tennessee, eastern district		00 00					• . •			<u> </u>
•	Tennessee, western district		00 00	')							
	Tennessee, Jackson district	2	00 00	1		:					
	Kentucky		00 00	4				•	,		
	Kentucky Ohio	2	00 00		•						
- C	North Carolina		00 00		;		1		:		
Birth San San San San San San San San San San	Georgia		00 00			55.5		٠.	- ' '		
	Louisiana, eastern district		00 00					•			
	Louisiana western district	2	00 00				1	٠.			in a
أروا فعيرين والعرا	Mississippi	2	00 00								
	Mississippi Indiana	2	00 00		٠.	*	1	. · ``.			
Significant Commence	Illinois		00 00								وجرآ مجانت
	Alabama, northern district.		00 00		jara ja			. 7.	2.		
والأرواع والمراجي أأمال أأنك أسروا	Alabama, southern district		00 00						:		
But a set on Selver	Missouri	2	00 00	ł							
	Missouri Michigan Arkansas	2	00 00		•	٠.			-		
	Arkansas	2	00 00	1			- 1				
	Florida, eastern district	2	00 00	4	•						
	Do. middle district	2	00 00								
	Do. western district		00 00		4.2	·	1.	7			er er ar ju
	Do. southern district		00 00					,	. ]	` ' '	
	Do. Appalachicola district		00 00			11,00	· ·		:	٠,	
	Wisconsin		50 00	1	٠			٠			
	Lowa		00 00								
Marshal for the dis	strict of Maine	2	00.00	-1						,	
	New Hampshire	9	00 00					•			

Vermont: Lacarda Lacada Lacada (200°00)	5
Rhode Island	1840
Connecticut 200 00	ت ا
New York, northern district 200 00	
New Jersey. 200 00	
New Jersey	
Delaware	ζΩ.
Virginia, eastern district 200 00	SEC
Do., western district 200 00	H
North Carolina 400 00	H
Kentucky 200 00	CRETARY
Ohio	
Tennessee, eastern district 200 00	
Do. western district 200 00	OF OF
Do. Jackson district 200 00	
Louisiana, eastern district 200 00	THE
Do. western district 200 00	
Mississippi 200 00	
Indiana 200 00	
Illinois 200 00	1
Alabama, northern district. 200 00	As
Do. southern district 200 00	Ü
Missouri 200 00	TREASURY
Michigan 200 00	
Arkansas 200 00	30 de 1
Florida, eastern district 200 00	
Do. middle district 200 00	
Do, western district 200 00	
Do. southern district 200 00	44
Do. Appalachicola district. 200 00	1 8

Marshal for the district of Wisconsin	\$200 00				Appropriati made in 18	ons 40.
Iowa ·	200 00	\$14,450	ሰሰ		\$14,450	00
For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of		φ1±,±00		•	φ14,400	00
Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred		•				
in the year 1841, and preceding years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed			٠,			
against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners		325,000	വ		300,000	00
Oncis	•	020,000	-	\$453,050 00		0.0
Total civil list		•		\$2,238,271 46		
			٠		<b>,</b>	
MISCELLANEOUS.						
ANNUITIES AND GRANTS.						
Josiah H. Webb, per act of December 12, 1811		\$50 300		•	\$50	00
Elizabeth C. Perry, per act 2d March, 1821		400 150		0000	0.54	
Survey of the coast of the United States, including compensa	tion to super-		<del></del>	\$900 00	900	00

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intendent and assistants.  Salaries of the two keepers of the public archives in Florida.  Salaries of registers and receivers of land offices where there are no sales.	100,000 00 1,000 00 3,500 00	100,000 00 1,000 00 3,500 00	1840.]
Expenses in relation to the relief of certain insolvent debtors of the United States	3,000 00		
Allowance to the law agent, assistant counsel, and district attorney, under the acts providing for the settlement of private land claims in Florida  For payments to Luigi Persico and Horatio Greenough for statues to adorn	5,000 00	5,000 00	SE
the two blockings, east front of the Capitol.  For payments to the artists engaged in executing four historical paintings	8,000 00	8,000 00	CRE
for the vacant panels of the rotundo of the Capitol.  For the support and maintenance of the penitentiary of the District of	8,000 00	8,000 00	TA
Columbia  For bringing the votes for President and Vice President of the United	8,381 00	14,503 00	RY (
States to the seat of Government.	12,000 00	·	)F ]
To make good a deficiency in the years 1839 and 1840 in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, as established by the act of the 3d May, 1802.	97,000 00	,	T TH
Note.—See as to marine hospitals, submitted at the last session.		-	TREA
For balance due the commissioner for ascertaining and marking the southern boundary of Iowa Territory, under the act of 18th June, 1838  For carrying on the work of the new custom-house building at Boston	414 86 121,000 00	121,000 00	ASURY.
For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims, not otherwise provided for, as shall be omitted in due course of settlement. (Nothing required—balance of appropriation deemed sufficient.)			•
LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.			42
For supplying light-houses, containing 2,598 lamps, with oil, tube glasses,	} `		111

wicks, buff skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, transporting oil, and keeping the apparatus in repair.  For repairs, refitting, and improvements, of light-houses, connected therewith.  For salaries of 236 keepers of light-houses, (seventeen of them being charged with two light-houses, and one with three).  For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights.  For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies to thirty floating lights.  For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers.  For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually.  For superintendents' commissions.  *115,844 86  112,359 46  15,800 00  104,440 30  25,514 92  4,000 00  12,074 94	propriations ade in 1840.	
keeping the apparatus in repair.  For repairs, refitting, and improvements, of light-houses, connected therewith.  For salaries of 236 keepers of light-houses, (seventeen of them being charged with two light-houses, and one with three).  For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights.  For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies to thirty floating lights.  For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers.  For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually.  For superintendents' commissions.  \$115,844 86  112,359 46  15,800 00  104,440 30  25,514 92  25,514 92  4,000 00  12,074 94		
with.  For salaries of 236 keepers of light-houses, (seventeen of them being charged with two light-houses, and one with three).  For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights.  For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies to thirty floating lights.  For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers.  For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually.  For superintendents' commissions.  112,359 46  94,038 33  15,800 00  104,440 30  25,514 92  4,000 00  12,074 94		
For salaries of 236 keepers of light-houses, (seventeen of them being charged with two light-houses, and one with three)  For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights  For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies to thirty floating lights  For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers  For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually  For superintendents' commissions  4,000 00  12,074 94		
with two light-houses, and one with three)  For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights  For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies to thirty floating lights  For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers  For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually  For superintendents' commissions  4,000 00  12,074 94		
For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights		
For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers		-
For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually 4,000 00  For superintendents' commissions 12,074 94		-
For expenses of examining and reporting the condition of light-houses annually 4,000 00 For superintendents' commissions 12,074 94		-
annually 4,000 00 For superintendents' commissions 12,074 94		
0.000 01 04		
	01 00% 06:	
Note.—The number of lamps has been reduced at some of the light-houses in Massachusetts, and Roanoke marshes and Natchez lights discontinued, since last year's estimate was made.	31,987 26	
PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS IN WASHINGTON.		
Note.—By the 10th section of the act of 21st July, 1840, it is enacted "That all the estimates of		1.
the public buildings and grounds shall hereafter be submitted by the Commissioner of the Public Buildings to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, to be examined and approved by	A	1.
them before they are reported to the House." No estimates for those objects are, therefore, submitted by this Department.		
SURVEYING THE PUBLIC LANDS.		
For surveying the public lands, in addition to the unexpended balances of		
former appropriations, to be apportioned to the several surveying districts, according to the exigencies of the service, including office rent and		1 '
fuel, for the year 1841.	15,000 00	'

	• •					
	For retracing certain old surveys in the State of Alabama, at a price not exceeding \$4 a mile.  For surveys in Missouri, in the towns named in the act of 26th May, 1824, in addition to the sum of \$6,000 appropriated for the same object by the act of 8th April, 1838.  For surveying five hundred miles of detached and unfinished lines in Illinois and Missouri, principally in the military district, Illinois, at a price not exceeding \$6 a mile.	15,000 00 2,000 00 3,000 00	WE 000 00			, 1840.] SECRE
			75,000 00		[	RF
,						H
	INTERCOURSE WITH FOREIGN NATIONS.					TARY
						· 14
	The Secretary of State estimates, viz:	100	· . " .		.	TO
	For salaries of Ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France,					_
	Russia, Prussia, Austria, and Mexico	54,000 00	-	63,000		THE
	For salaries of Secretaries of Legation to the same places	12,000 00	•	14,000		Œ
	For salary of a Minister Resident to Turkey.  For salaries of the Charges d'Affaires to Portugal, Spain, Denmark, Sweden,	6,000 00	•	6,000	00	H
	Holland, Belgium, Brazil, Chili, Peru, New Granada, Venezuela,					TRE
	Texas, Naples, and Sardinia	63,000.00		58,500	Ó0	· A
	For salary of a Dragoman to the Legation to Turkey	2,500 00				ASURY
	For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad	30,000 00		30,000	00	, <b>2</b>
	For outfits of a Minister to Austria, and a Charge d'Affaires to Venezuela.	13,500 00				14
		* 000 00	181,000 00	4.000		
	For salaries of the consuls at London and Paris.	4,000 00		4,000		٠.
	For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the consul at	50,000 00	*	40,000	טט	-
	London, per act of 18th January, 1836	2,800 00		2,800	oó.	
	For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary Powers.	17,400 00	•	<b>~</b> ,000		415
	The state of the s	, ,	1	•		. 🕠

For the contingent expenses of foreign intercourse	\$30,000 00			. [	
		\$104,200 00	3		
Total foreign intercourse		\$285,200 00			
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.					
Estimate of the Secretary of War of the sums required to be appropriated for the service of the War Department for the year 1841:		·			ro fra
PAY DEPARTMENT.		•			7
Pay of the Army	1,172,028 00		1,172,028	00	Ö
Pay of the Army Subsistence of officers	514,489 00		514,489	00	, 5
Forage of officers' horses.	114,571 00	•	114,571	00	
Payments in lieu of clothing.	80,030 00	•	80,030	00.	Ė
Pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, at the Military Academy,					Ŀ
and for forage of the officers' horses, and clothing for their servants	106,205 00		103,558	00	
		1,987,323 00		.].	٠,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.				٠. ا	
	5' 0.40 '00	la de la companya de La companya de la co		.	
Extra pay to reënlisted soldiers  Expenses of recruiting	8,640 00	•	47,163	27	
Expenses of recruiting	40,109 05	40 840 05	)		
	N //	48,749 05			
PURCHASING DEPARTMENT.				. 1	
Army clothing and equipage	505,737 73		425,635	67	. <del>(</del>
Army clothing and equipage	000,707 70	•	420,000	01. 1	•
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/					
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis					

Faxes on Passyunk arsenal, the clothing depôt near Philadelphia, for 1839 and 1840, and for a small balance due in 1838	1,530	50	507,268	23			1840.
SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.		•					
For subsistence in kind			648,899	00	515,492	0.0	
QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.							SECRETARY
	001-000				071 000		K
For regular supplies	261;000 160,000		•	1	271,000 173,000		-
For transportation of officers' haggage	65,000		•		65,000		AI
For transportation of officers' baggage For transportation of troops and supplies For incidental expenses	242,000				287,000		13
For incidental expenses	130,000			•	121,000		, of
For contingencies of the Army	9,000		, 1		7,000		) · E
For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c., at Fort Leavenworth	25,000				30,000		<u> </u>
For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c., at Fort Smith	50,000		· • ·	1	50,000		THE
For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c., at Fort Wayne	50,000		•	. }	20,000	00	1.
For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c., at Sackett's Harbor	1,000		-			<i>'</i>	
For continuing the military road on the western frontier	30,000	00		}			E
For barracks, quarters, &c., at Turkey river	30,000	00		1	. :		A
		<u> </u>	1,053,000	00	•		IREASURY
MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT.				•	•		1. 2.
Tou modical and Laurical d			90,000	200			٠
For medical and hospital department	•	- 1	28,000	UU	38,000	UU	
ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.			-	,			ĺ
Military Academy.				.		. ;	1
For defraying the expenses of the board of visiters, and the other various					,		415

		s ,	Appropriations made in 1840.	Ī.
current and ordinary expenses of the academy, other than pay, sub-	\$26,387 53.			f
sistence, &c. For increase and expense of the library, &c.	1,300 00		\$27,493 95 1,000 00	
For completing the buildings of the library and philosophical apparatus	1,500 00		1,000 00	
and chemical department.	7,581 37			
and chemical department.	1,001.01	\$35,268 90		
Fortifications.		φυσ <sub>3</sub> 200 30		
				5
For repairs of Fort Independence and sea-wall of Castle Island	35,000 00		100,000 00	
For Fort Warren	45,000.00		150,000 00	
For Fort Adams	35,000 00	•	80,000 00	[
For fortifications at New London harbor.	15,000 00	•	25,000 00	٤
For Fort Schuyler	30,000 00	•	80,000.00	ح ا
For permanent wharves for Fort Columbus, Castle William, and South				1
Battery, Governor's Island	10,000 00	8	5,162 00	1
For repairs of sea-wall of Castle William, and other parts of Governor's				K. T. T.
Island	10,000 00		5,735 00	
For repairs of Fort Gibson, New York harbor	5,000 00			
For Fort Delaware, being the balance which will go to the surplus fund at			2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
the end of the present year.				1 3
For repairs of Fort Washington. For Fort Monroe	15,000 00			
For Fort Monroe	35,000 00	esta Maria (1944)	50,000 00	
For Fort Calboun	10,000 00		50,000 00	1.
For repairs of Fort Macon	15,000 00			.[
For Fort Sumter For repairs of Castle Pinckney For Fort Pulaski	60,000 00		25,000 00	·
For repairs of Castle Pinckney.	2,000 00	Mar de de la		] .5
For Fort Pulaski	15,000 00		44,000 00	

For Fort Pickens	10,000 00		8,000 0	1840.]
For Fort Barancas	30,000 00	•	15,000 0	<b>3</b>   00
For Fort Livingston			15,000 (	oo   ご
Tow continuous of fortifications	5.000.00		10,000 0	
For incidental expenses attending the repairs of fortifications.	10,000 00	•	50,000 0	
For repairs of sea-wall on Deer Island, Boston harbor	1,500 00			- 1
For repairs of sea-wall on Rainsford Island, Boston harbor	1,000 00			70
For continuing sea-wall at St. Augustine.	15,000 00			SE
For fortifications at the outlet of Lake Champlain, New York	40,000 00	• •		CRETARY
For fort on Sollers' Point flats, harbor of Baltimore, Maryland	25,000 00		<i>:</i>	E
For construction of a sea-wall on Lovell's Island, Boston harbor	12,000 00		4.	
		516,500 00		AF
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.				
		j.	*	ا م
For the current expenses of the ordnance service.	85,000 00	•	100,000	
For armament of forting ations	100,000 00	•	150,000 (	00
For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies	80,000 00	•	100,000	
For national armories	300,000 00	. •	360,000 (	
For arsenals	120,000 00	•	150,000 0	00   1
For repairs, improvements, and new machinery at Springfield armory	20,000 00	•	10,500 0	00   🛱
For repairs, improvements, and new machinery at Harper's Ferry armory.	38,000 00	•	50,000 0	TREASURY
For expenses of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery, and				
for other supplies in the Ordnance department.  For purchase of saltpetre and brimstone	3,600 00	•	3,000 (	00   🚍
For purchase of saltpetre and brimstone.	20,000 \00		40,000 (	00   🛱
For purchase of a site, and rebuilding the arsenal at Charleston, South				. '
Carolina.	25,000 00	•		
		791,600 00		
2. Surveys.	,			• .
To complete the surveys of the Des Moines and Iowa rivers	2,000 00			
For surveys and examinations of a military character	30,000 00			417
The same same same same same same same sam	, 00,000 00	•	1	, ~2

	<del> </del>			<del>-</del> ' '
For completing the surveys of the boundary between Michigan and Wis-	***		Appropriations made in 1840.	-
consin.  For continuing military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi	\$5,000 00 20,000 00			٠.
For completing the maps showing the position of the lands of each Indian tribe in amity with the United States, per act of 3d March, 1839	1,000 00			
3. Light-Houses.		\$58,000 00		∤.
For the removal of the light-house on Goat Island	13,000 00			
former appropriation carried to the surplus fund	138,909 26	151,909 26		
4. Pensions.		101,303 20		1
For revolutionary pensions under the act of 18th March, 1818, in addition to the probable balance at the end of 1840, of \$70,000	314,000 00	•	\$112,132 00	
year 1840, of \$90,000.  For pensions to widows and orphans per act of 4th July, 1836, in addition	107,000 00			
to the probable balance at the end of 1840, of \$739	448,241 00	•	23,676 00	
For five years' pensions to widows per act of 7th July, 1838, in addition to the probable balance at the end of the year 1840, of \$401,023 50	168,314 50	•	863,540 00	ŀ
For half-pay pensions, payable through the Second and Third Auditor's offices	5,000 00	1 040 555 50	10,000 00	
5. Arrearages.,		1,042,555 50		_
For arrearages payable through the Third Auditor's office	1,000 00	•	1,500 00	

	•	•	•	
balance that will go to the surplus fund at the end of 1840	600 00	<u> </u>		18
6. Indian Department.		1,600 00	)	[840.]
For the fulfilment of the treaties with the various Indian tribes	757,668 00		932,454 40	
For the current expenses of the Indian department, including transportation and incidental expenses.	97,100 00		97,100 00	
tion and more or possession		854,768 00		20
Total military.		\$7,725,440 94		ECRI
Note. For views as to the various topics and estimates connected with roads, harbors, &c.,				ET.
reference may be had to a special report by the Secretary of War on the subject, to the Senate, at the last session.				ARY
NAMES TO THE TOTAL				0
NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.		The second second		Ŧ
There will be required for the general service of the Navy, during the year				
1841, in addition to the balances which may remain on hand on the 1st of January, 1841, viz:				THE
For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen	2,335,000 00		2,250,000 00	1
For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establish-				TRE
ments at the several yards	40,000 00	•	74,620 00	AS
For provisions.  For increase, repair, armament, and equipment of the Navy, and wear and	500,000 00	÷,	620,000 00	SUR
tear of vessels in commission	1,425,000 00		1,000,000 00	X
For medicines and surgical instruments, hospital stores, and other expen-				
ses on account of the sick.	30,000 00	•	75,000 00	
For the improvement and necessary repairs of navy-yards, viz:				
Portsmouth, New Hampshire	25,000 00	٠	20,000 00	
Portsmouth, New Hampshire Charlestown, Massachusetts	42,000 00	• ,	17,000 00	4
Brooklyn, New York	78,000 00		18,000-00	19

REPORTS
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THE

				Appropriation and in 18	ons	
For the improvement and necessary re	pairs of navy-yards, viz:	~				
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	\$9,000 a			\$5,000		
Washington, District of Columbi	ia		•	20,000		
Compant Winding	1 49 000			17,250		٠.
Pensacola, Florida	20,000			13,000		
Pensacola, Florida.  For contingent expenses  For contingent expenses not enumerate	450,000			450,000		٠.
For contingent expenses not enumerate	d	,00	-	3,000	00	
		· .				ž
At Charlestown, Massachusetts	1.500	00				į
At Brooklyn, New York	3,000	00.				ć
At Norfolk, Virginia	3,000 2,000 1,500	00				ì
At Pensacola, Florida	1,500					۴
		\$5,025	5,000 00			, ,
MARINE C	corps.		1			5
				•	4	
For the pay of officers, non-commission	ed officers, musicians, privates, and		1	.*		)-  -
servants serving on shore, and subsist		60		175,050	40	ŀ
For provisions for the non-commissione	d officers, musicians, privates, ser-		•			
vants, and washerwomen, serving on	shore 45,054	99		45,054	99	
For clothing				43,662		
For clothing	16,274			16,274		
For the purchase of a site, and to con			•	10,011	~	•
Charlestown, Massachusetts	30,000	00	.	*		
For the purchase of a site, and to con	mmence the erection of harracks at			е. <del>.</del>		
Brooklyn, New York	30,000	00	· , , .			
For the purchase of a site, and to con		.00	÷			Ţ
Green Virginia	30,000	oá		•		H
Gosport, Virginia	30,000	00 1	,		ı	۶
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/		•	•	i		
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis						

To commence the erection of barracks at Pensacola, Florida. For keeping barracks in repair, and for rent of temporary barracks at New	7.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	1840.]
York	6,000	00		6,000	00	÷
For transportation of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, and expenses of recruiting	.   8,000	00		8,000	00	
For medicines, hospital supplies, surgical instruments, and pay of matror		\				
and hospital steward	4,140	00		4,140	00	SE
For military stores, pay of armorers, keeping arms in repair, accoutre	-					
ments, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and other instruments	. 2,300		•	2,300		R
For contingent expenses.	. 17,980	00		17,980	00	F
	-		420,339 2	<u>.</u>	•	ΓA
Total naval			5,445,339 2			CRETARY
				- ·	,	Y
Aggregate		\$	16,621,520 28	3 .		9
		1		-	-	Ŧ
TATO A DIMITITAL MITONO		***		<b>.</b>		THE
RECAPITULATIONS.						E
CIVIL LIST.		:				Н
Legislature President and Vice President of the United States Department of State	\$660,393	00		٠.		TRE
President and Vice President of the United States	30,000					➣
Denartment of State	57,150			- "		$\mathbf{g}$
Department of State. Treasury Department.	376,470			·		URY
War Department.	141,035			-		×.
Navy Department	48,300					
Post Office Department.	161,200					
Surveyors and their clerks.	54,320					
Secretary to sign patents for public lands	1,500					
Commissioner of the Public Buildings, and assistants, &c.	5,119					
Mint of the United States and its branches	118,580			ł	- 1	421

## ESTIMATE—Continued.

Governments in the Territories of the United States.	\$131,154 00		Ĭ
Judiciary	453,050 00	#0 000 0W1 AC	
		\$2,238,271 46	
MISCELLANEOUS:			
Annuities and grants	900 00		
Survey of the coast of the United States.	100,000 00		
Salaries of the two keepers of the public archives in Florida	1,000 00		<b>:</b>
Salaries of the registers and receivers of land offices where there are no			
sales	3,500 00		
Expenses in relation to the relief of certain insolvent debtors	3,000 00	,	
Allowance to law agent, &c., in relation to private land claims in Florida.	5,000 00		
Statues for the Capitol.	8,000 00		
Historical paintings for the Capitol	8,000 00		. 7
Support and maintenance of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia.	8,381 00		
Bringing the votes for President and Vice President to the seat of Govern-			è
ment	12,000 00		
Marine hospital establishment.	97,000 00		
	414 86		
Custom-house at Boston Light-house establishment Surveying the public lands	121,000 00		
Light-house establishment.	484,072 81	,	
Surveying the public lands.	75,000 00		,
그렇게 한 이에 어떤 것이 하는데 하는 생각 사람들이 하는 하는 생생님이 불편하면 불편하는 생생들은 학생들은 사람들이다.		927,268 67	
INTERCOURSE WITH FOREIGN NATIONS.			
Salaries of Ministers	54,000 00		
Salaries of Secretaries of Legation	12,000 00		
Salary of a Minister Resident to Turkey.	6,000 00		
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			. •		•		
	Salaries of Chargés d'Affaires	63,000					• [
	Salary of a dragoman to the legation to Turkey	2,500					-
	Contingent expenses of all the missions abroad	30,000					ĺ
	Outfits of a Minister to Austria and a Chargé d'Affaires to Venezuela	13,500					1
	Salaries of consuls at London and Paris	4,000	.00				-
	Relief and protection of American seamen	50,000	00				.
	Clerk hire, office rent, &c., to American consul at London.	2,800	00			p	-  -
	Intercourse with Barbary Powers.	17,400	00	100 . 100 .	4 °		
	Contingent expenses of foreign intercourse	30,000	00				- 1
				285,200 00			١.
	MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.	- 3	5117				- 1
					•		1
	Pay department	1,987,323	00	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		•	
•	Adjutant General's department	48,749					
	Pay department Adjutant General's department Purchasing department.	507,268					
	Subsistence department.	648,899			1		1
	Subsistence department. Quartermaster's department. Medical and Hospital department.	1,053,000					
	Medical and Hospital department	28,000					
	Military Academy	35,268					1.
	Military Academy Fortifications Ordnance department	516,500			٠.		ŀ
	Ordnance départment	791,600			• .	•	
	Surveys:	58,000					
	Light-houses	151,909		1	•		· .
	Pensions	1,042,555				-`	
	Arrearages	1,600					į.
	Indian department						
				7,725,440 94			-
	NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.		•	1,120,220			ĺ
	ATSAT SAME MICHAELIMANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIANIA			7 1			
	General service of the Navy	5.025.000	00	1.			
1 60	TO DO DO DO DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMP	10,000,000		1			,

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### ESTIMATE—Continued.

Marine corps.	\$\$420,339	21			Appropriations made in 1840	s).
Total estimates.		** * * *	\$5,445,339	21	16,621,520	28
	7,					==
				,		
C. A					•	
Statement of Appropriations made for the service of the year 1841 by former acts of Congress.			,	٠,		
Arming and equipping militia, per act of 23d April, 1808	\$200,000					
Civilization of Indians, per act 3d March, 1819	10,000 50,000			-		
	600,000	00		-		
Claims of the State of Virginia, per act 5th July, 1832.	4,000	00	\$864,000	Ó0	*	
Relief of the several corporate cities in the District of Columbia, per act of 26th May, 1836—interest \$79,200, principal \$60,000	139,200	00				
For public debt, payable at the Treasury, per act 3d March, 1817	10,000 (	00	140.000	00		
the first of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of			149,200		\$1,013,200 (	00
Note.—Treasury notes amounting to \$4,500,000, it is probable, will be redeemed in the year 841.						

HEADS OF APPROPRIATIONS:	Amounts required to complete the service of the present and former years, though they may not be called for until after the close of the year 1840.	not be required for the service of the	Amounts which may be carried to the surplus fund at the close of the present year, either because the objects for which it was appropriated are completed, or because these moneys will not be required for, or will no longer be applicable to them.
	8		#4.000 OW
Officers and clerks of both Houses of Congress	100 200 100 100		\$4,080 37
Arrears of printing, lithographing, engraving, &c., for House of Representatives		* * *	5,666 83
Purchase of books for the library of Congress:	\$4,954 41	•	, 0,000 60
Compensation to the President and Vice President, &c.	7,500 00		
Clerks and messengers in the office of the Secretary of State.		\$1 28	
Contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of State	19,495 40		
Biennial Register	1 23,233 23	607 76	
Clerks and messengers in the several offices of the Treasury			
Department.			8,734.72
Contingent expenses in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury	7,887 21	12,000 00	
Contingent expenses in the office of the Second Comptroller	2,000.00		
Contingent expenses in the office of the First Auditor.	200 00		·
Contingent expenses in the office of the Third Auditor.	500 00	κ'	м.
Contingent expenses in the office of the Fifth Auditor	600 00	·	·
Contingent expenses of the office of the Treasurer of the United			<u>.</u>
States	400 00		ļ ·
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Clerks and messengers in the several offices of the Secretary of					. /
War			E*	\$554	28
Contingent expenses of the several offices of the War Department	\$2,985.00				
Clerks and messengers, office Secretary of the Navy			<u>.</u>	44	77
Commissioners of the Navy Board				392 (	)3
Contingent expenses of southwest executive building	1,350 00	ŕ	·		
Clerks and messengers, office Postmaster General			ľ	501	14
Clerks and messengers, office Auditor Post Office Department				602 1	13
Contingent expenses of office Postmaster General	5,000 00				-
Surveyors General and their clerks.	29,228 22	•		330	11
Expenses necessary to a correct location of private land claims.		•	`	1,221 7	/8
Secretary to sign patents for public lands	375 00				
Commissioner of the Public Buildings	575 00	· · · .			
Commissioner of the Public Buildings Officers and clerks of the Mints	10,163 55	•		3,750	00
Governor, Judges, and Secretary of Florida Territory	6,076 66		l		
Expenses of the Legislative Council of Florida Territory	3,000 00				
Governor, Judges, and Secretary of Wisconsin Territory	2,275 00				
Governor, Judges, and Secretary of Iowa Territory	2,275 00			4,950	28
Chief Justice and Associate Judges of the United States, &c	23,475 00			4,806	
Chief Justice and Associate Judges of the District of Columbia, &c.	3,175 00				
Attorney General of the United States.				294 (	38
Contingent expenses of office Attorney General	500 00			'	
Compensation to district attorneys and marshals	3,612 50			472 3	36
Expenses of courts of the United States, &c.	40,000 00				
Expenses of courts of the United States, &c.  Payment of sundry annuities	475 00				
Incidental and contingent expenses of the Mint	13,849 05				
tized for Pay of laborers, &c., at the Mint	4,387 40		•.		
tized for FRASER.  ://fraser.stlouisfed.org/	,		, et		
deral Reserve Bank of St. Louis					
ACIAL FLOOD, FO DAILLY OF DE LOUIS					

:	New machinery for the Mint	3,000	00			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,000 00	1840.]
	Buildings and machinery, Branch Mint, New Orleans	214	97	•	-	ં ગ	,000 00	ļ ,ē.
	Wastage of gold and contingent expenses, Branch Mint, New	. 214	.07					_
	Orleans	5,600	00				* . *	
	Compensation to laborers, Branch Mint, New Orleans	21,664			•		•	
	Wastage of gold and contingent expenses, Branch Mint, Dahlonega	24,004 3,550				•		700
٠,	Compensation to laborers	2,884			,			SE
	Compensation to laborers; do. do. do Buildings and machinery, do	10.275		300				Ω .
	Support and maintenance of light-houses, &c	80,000						RE
	Building light-houses &c.	100,000		•				ij
. ,	Building light-houses, &c, Survey of public lands	238,509				•	•	TAR
	Keepers of public archives in Florida Territory	250			• •			X
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Survey of the coast of the United States.	20,000			;			0
	Procuring books and papers relating to Spanish grants of land, &c.	20,000						OF
•	Fire-proof building for the General Post Office	100,000						1-3
, '	Furnishing 156 rooms in the new Treasury building	2,097					,	THE
	Two groups of statues for the Capitol	4,000					•	F
	Support and maintenance of the penitentiary	10,000						
	Expenses incurred by Collector of New York under act of July			, ,	•	. •		TREASURY
,	$ ilde{7},1838\dots$					•	94 39	À
	Repairs of the custom-house, Philadelphia	3,200	00					
-	Custom-house in Boston	54,000	00			,	•	R
•	Allowance to law agent; &c., in relation to private land claims in		<b>~</b>					Y
	Florida	2,000	00					
	Printing and publishing the Madison Papers	1,000	00	, •				
	Diplomatic Correspondence, State Papers, &c.			, ,		1	,968 28	-
	Expenses in relation to relief of certain insolvent debtors	1,000	00		:			
	Compensation to a person to classify, &c., papers	,		· ·			800 00	44
	Expenses incident to issuing Treasury notes	7,000	00			•	•	427
0	or FRASER			•				
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Payment for horses turned over to Government in Florida	\$22,000	00					,	
Miscellaneous claims not otherwise provided for	16,000	00.						
Preserving in the War and Navy Departments specimens of								
natural history	500	00	e i					
Patent fund.	6,050	00	\$156,806	85		* .		
Expenses of the survey of the boundary line between the United	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
States and Texas.	4,881	14						
Salary of commissioner for running do	625	00	826	35			- '	ļ.
Salary of surveyor do	500	00	766	68				
Salary of clerk do	300	00	693	34				1.
Exploration and survey of the northeastern boundary line of the	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
United States Sixth census Salaries of Ministers	3,000	00	4,489	88	ľ			
Sixth census	721,000	00.		•		•		ŀ
Salaries of Ministers	16,947	17		•		•		
Salaries of Secretaries of Legation	2,440	80	10,000	00			٠.	1
Salaries of Chargés d'Affaires	18,475	75	•				•	
Salaries of Chargés d'Affaires Salary of a Minister Resident to Turkey	1,521	53	• •					
Contingent expenses of missions abroad.	19,773	01			., '		٠.,	
Salary of dragoman, and for contingent expenses of legation to				•		•	1	-
Turkey	1,000	00	3,042	09		· .		ľ
Contingent expenses of foreign intercourse	12,011	65		` .		•		1
Intercourse with Barbary Powers	9,927	94		•	· ·			1
Diplomatic agents attending to the tobacco interests in Europe:			9,000	0.0	l : ·			
Certain diplomatic services.		. ]	•	,		\$19	94 88	
Relief and protection of American seamen.	3,956	33		• •			,	1
Office rent &c to American consul at London	708	32				5		1
Interpreters, guards, and other expenses incident to the consulates	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	- 1	•					1
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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

in the Turkish dominions.  Expenses under the 4th article of the treaty with Spain.  Claims on France (old).  Claims on Spain (old)  Prosecution of the claim to the legacy of James Smithson.	6,000 00			1,675 60 11,731 02 2,427 31 1,133 84	
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.					SEC
Pay and subsistence of the Army	10,930 18		,		CRE
Pay of the Army Subsistence of officers Subsistence department Quartermaster's department	427,036 19	500,000 00			E
Subsistence of officers	308,588, 18			:	ΓA
Subsistence department	123,000 00	200,000 00			RY
Quartermaster's department	51,580 22	100,000 00			1
Incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's department	13,808 79	50,000 00			l Of
Transportation of officers' baggage	20,840 92	50 000 00	. •		1 -
riansportation of the rarmy	72,239 39	50,000 00			THE
Forage	94,011 72				
	77,328 07		-		⊢
Payments in lieu of clothing for discharged soldiers	20,617 44			•	TRE
Two months' extra pay to reënlisted soldiers, and expenses of		19,422 95	ľ. ·	•	EA
recruiting  Bounties and premiums  Medical and Hospital department	. •	13,422 30		760 05	ASURY
Modical and Hagnital defautment		20,000 00		100 00	
Contingencies of the Army	3,500 00	3,914 44			3
Contingencies of the Army Arrearages prior to July, 1815 Arrearages prior to 1817 Invalid and half-pay pensions	5,500 00	622 87	· .		.   . *
Arrearages prior to 1817		1,200 00			- [
Invalid and half-nay nancions	•	90,000 00		<b>4</b>	1
Pensions to widows and orphans.	•	9,652 36			1
Denging to residence non-out of 4th Tules 1996	· ·	787 19	1		
Revolutionary pensions, per act of 18th March 1818				•	122
ligitized for FRASER	•		1		. 🕥
Revolutionary pensions, per act of 18th March, 1818		70,000 00		• •	429

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### STATEMENT—Continued.

			[	
Five years' pensions to widows and orphans		\$481,023 52		
Military Academy at West Point.	\$10,293 95			\$300 00
Military Academy at West Point.  Blacksmith's shop, &c., at Watertown, Massachusetts	•/			1,270 94
	12,000 00	96,815 59		
Arsenals	4,000 00	6,400 00		
Repairs and improvement of the arsenal at Charleston			. ,	10,006 03
Construction of furnaces				3,156 17
Barracks, quarters, &c., Plattsburg	18,500 00			
Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Jesup.		10,000 00		
Barracks at Michilimackinac	÷ -	2		83 93
Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Brady		2,025 76		•
Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Brady. Completing machinery at Harper's Ferry.				137 06
Erection of storehouses				2,825 02
Arming and equipping the militia.	22,786 85	57,851 41	- :	
One month's pay to volunteers of Kentucky, Tennessee, &c		1,706 21		
Ordnance service	3,000 00	37,596 52		
Ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies Purchase of saltpetre and brimstone		74,048 08		
Purchase of saltpetre and brimstone		29,326 67		,
Expenses of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery.		3,000 00		-
National armories	16,000 00	50,686 56		•
Repairs and improvements at Harper's Ferry armory	8,000 00	34,000 00		
Barracks, quarters, &c.	67,210 28			•
Barracks, quarters, &c., at Fort Leavenworth	15,000 00			
tepairs and improvements at optingue armory	5,000 00	5,500 00		
Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Wayne	8,000 00		:	
Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Wayne Barracks, quarters, &c., Fort Smith	10,000 00			
Elevating machinery for barbette and casemate carriages	•	1,285 54		•
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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

		1		· Symptotical	1			
	Fort Sumter		\$6,500 00	\$18,500 '00	1		,	
	Fort Sumter. Fort on Foster's bank, Florida. Fort Pickens. Fort Morgan. Fort Pike. Fort Wood.	1	4,500 00		ľ			- 1
•	Fort Pickens		8,000 00				•	
	Fort Morgan	1	2,500 00	7,500 00				-
	Fort Pike.	1.	1,500 00	3,500 00	.,		٠	
	Fort Wood.		980 00	2,600 00	j .			
	Repairs of battery Bienvenue.	1 .	600 00	1,900 00				
	Repairs of tower Dupré			400 00				
	Fort Jackson.	1	5,000 00	15,000 00				
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7	Road from Green Bay to Fort Winnebago					1,768	00					
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REGISTER'S OFFICE, December 7, 1840.

T. L. SMITH, Register.

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