# MONTHLY REVIEW 

## Of Agricultural, Industrial, Trade and Financial

 Conditions in the Sixth Federal Reserve District
## FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF ATLANTA

(Compiled December 15, 1928)

## BUSINESS CONDITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

Industrial activity declined somewhat in November, but continued above the level of a year ago. Wholesale commodity prices declined further, reflecting principally a continued decrease in the prices of farm products. Security loans of member banks declined sharply after the first week of December, while other loans increased.

## Production Total output of manufactures was some-

 what lower in November, reflecting primarily a decrease in production of automobiles and steel, larger than is usual at this season, but total output continued larger than a year ago. Production of pig iron and copper continued to increase in November, textile mills remained active, and meat packing increased, while sugar refining declined seasonally during the month and the production of building materials was smaller. Factory employment and payrolls were seasonally reduced but were larger than in 1927. Mineral production was in about the same volume as in October, according to the Federal Reserve Boards' index which makes allowance for seasonal variations. Increases occurred in the daily average production of copper, zinc, tin, and bituminous coal, while anthracite coal decreased and the output of petroleum was somewhat smaller. The value of building contracts awarded in November and the early part of December receded sharply from the record figures of the two preceding months. The November total was slightly larger than in the corresponding month in 1927, and the volume of contracts for the first two weeks of December was smaller than a year ago. The December forecast of the Department of Agriculture increased the estimated 1928 production of cotton by 240,000 bales to a total of $14,373,000$ bales, which is nearly 11 per cent larger than a year agoThe total value of crops, based on December farm prices, is estimated at $\$ 8,456,052,000$ as compared with $\$ 8,522$,563,000 in 1927.

## Trade

Department store sales showed a seasonal increase in November when allowance is made for the number of business days and approximated those of a year ago, while inventories continued smaller than in 1927. Sales at wholesale declined seasonally, but were larger than in the same month of last year. Railroad freight shipments decreased in volume during November and the early part of December, but continued larger than in 1927. The decrease from October was especially marked in loading of miscellaneous freight.

Prices Wholesale commodity prices decreased further in November and the first two weeks of December. The largest price declines during the six week period were in farm and food products and leather, while several groups of industrial products, notably iron and steel, nonferrous metals and cotton goods were generally higher. Wholesale prices of gasoline and automobile tires declined. Among the agricultural products, prices of raw silk, corn, livestock, and meats were lower during November, while raw cotton and wool, wheat and oats increased somewhat. During the first two weeks of December, however, prices of all these products, with the exception of raw silk, declined. Building materials were generally higher in November, but declined somewhat in the middle of December.

Bank Credit Loans and investments of member banks in leading cities increased $\$ 329,000,000$ during the four week period ending December 19. The advance during the first two weeks reflected chiefly a rapid increase in security loans, which include loans to brokers and dealers in securities. Subsequently, a sharp decline in loans on securities was more than offset by a rapid increase in all other loans and in holdings of investments. The increase in all other loans, which include loans for
(Continued on Page Seven)

Index numbers of production of manufactures and minerals, adjusted
Index numbers of production of manufactures and minerals, adjusted


Index of United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. (1926-100, bave for seasonal variations (1928-25 average-100.) Latest figures, Novem- adopted by bureau). Latest figures November 96.7.


Monthly averages of daily figures for 12 Federal Reserve Banks. Latest figures are averages of first 21 days in December.

## SIXTH DISTRICT SUMMARY

The final estimate by the United States Department of Agriculture indicates that the 1928 cotton crop has amounted to $14,373,000$ bales. Figures for the states included in the sixth district show that the crop has been smaller in Alabama and Georgia, but larger in the other four states, than last year. Production of corn, oats, hay and rice has been smaller than last year, but tobacco, potatoes and sugar were larger. Distribution of merchandise at both wholesale and retail declined slightly in November compared with the preceding month, but was greater than in November last year. Savings deposits at the end of November reported by 83 banks located throughout the district declined slightly in comparison with October, and were 1.8 per cent smaller than a year ago. Debits to individual accounts at twenty-six reporting cities declined 3.5 per cent compared with October, but were 6.3 per cent greater than in November last year. Demand deposits of all member banks in the district increased in November, but were somewhat smaller than a year ago, while time deposits showed a small decrease compared with October but were slightly greater than a year ago. Loans to customers by 31 weekly reporting member banks in selected cities of the district showed a small increase on December 12 compared with four weeks earlier, but discounts by the Federal Reserve Bank during this period declined nearly thirteen millions. Building permits at twenty reporting cities of the district in November were 34.5 per cent smaller than in October, and 30.6 per cent less than in November 1927. Contracts awarded in the district were 48.6 per cent smaller than in October, and 52.6 per cent less than in November last year. Production of cloth and yarn by mills in the sixth district decreased in November compared with October, but was greater than


Cars of revenue freight loaded as reported by the American Railway Association. Index numbers adjusted for seasonal variations, (1923-1925 -100). Latest figures, November Total 103, Miscellaneous 106.
a year ago. Production of coal in Alabama lagged behind last year up to the middle of November, but since then has been greater, and pig iron output in Alabama was more than 5 per cent greater in November this year than last.

## RETAIL TRADE

The distribution of merchandise at retail in the sixth district reflected in sales figures reported confidentially to the Federal Reserve Bank, exhibited a decrease in November as compared with October, and was slightly greater than in November last year. The index number for November this year is higher than for the same month of any recent year except 1926 and 1920. Stocks of merchandise increased slightly in anticipation of the holiday trade, but were somewhat smaller than a year ago. November sales by 45 reporting department stores averaged six-tenths of one per cent greater than in November 1927, increases at Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga and Nashville being nearly offiset by decreases reported from New Orleans and "Other Cities." Stocks averaged 4.3 per cent smaller than a year ago, but increased 1.3 per cent over those at the end of October. Accounts receivable at the end of November were 3.0 per cent greater than a month earlier, and 7.8 per cent greater than a year ago, and November collections increased 9.8 per cent over those in October, and 1.5 per cent over November last year. The ratio of collections during November to accounts receivable and due at the beginning of the month for 33 firms was 33.3 per cent; for October this ratio was 33.1 per cent, and for November last year 35.0 per cent. For November the ratio of collections against regular accounts outstanding and due for 33 firms was 35.7 per cent, and the ratio of collections against installment accounts for 9 firms was 15.9 per cent.

## CONDITION OF RETAIL TRADE DURING NOVEMBER 1928 AT 45 DEPARTMENT STORES

IN THE SIXTH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT


NOTE: The rate of stock turnover is the ratio of sales during given period to average stocks on hand.

## WHOLESALE TRADE

The volume of wholesale trade in the sixth district dur－ ing November，reflected in sales figures reported confiden－ tially by wholesale firms in eight different lines，declined ompared with October，but was slightly greater than in November a year ago．Total sales in November by all reporting wholesale firms averaged 7.1 per cent smaller than in October，but 0.9 per cent larger than in November 1927．Stocks of all reporting firms averaged 1.9 per cent smaller than a month ago，and were 0.2 per cent smaller than a year ago．Accounts receivable at the end of No－ vember averaged 0.3 per cent less than for October，and were 1.3 per cent greater than at the end of November 1927．Collections during November averaged 2.9 per cent less than in October，and 2.8 per cent less than in Novem－ ber last year．Percentage comparisons of reported figures in the eight reporting lines of wholesale trade are shown in the following paragraphs，and index numbers appear on page 8 ．

## Groceries Sales of groceries at wholesale during No－

 vember were smaller than in October，ex－ cept at Vicksburg，but were 4.0 per cent greater than in November last year．Stocks were larger than a month ago，but accounts receivable and collections declined com－ pared with October，but all three items were larger than for November last year，as indicated by the following percentages．| Sales | Nov． 1928 compared with ： |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Atlanta（3 firms） | 18.6 |  |
| Jacksonville（ 4 firms） | －${ }^{8.3}$ | ＋1．2 |
| New Orieans（ ${ }^{\text {N }}$ firms） | -11.9 +8.4 | +1.6 +3.4 |
| Other Cities（15 firms） |  |  |
| DISTRICT（31 firms） | 8.1 | ＋ 4.0 |
| Stacks on hand |  | ＋14．3 |
| ounts receiva |  |  |
| Collections－ | － 9.4 |  |

Try Goods November sales of dry goods at wholesale declined 8.4 per cent compared with Octo－ ber，but averaged 4.0 per cent greater than November last year．Stocks and accounts receivable show decreases com－ pared with both the preceding month and same month a year ago．Collections increased over October but aver－ aged 8.4 per cent less than in November a year ago．

| Sales： |  | Nov． 1928 compared with： |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oct． 1928 |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{-12.1}^{12.4}$ | 二 ${ }^{9.2}$ |
| New Orleans（4 frms） |  | －12．7 | ＋ 0.5 |
| Other Cities（15 frms） | － | 二 ${ }^{5.4}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text {＋} 9.0 \\ +4.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2． 3 |  |
| Collections | $\square$ | ＋ 5.5 | 二8．4 |

Hardware Sales of hardware at wholesale during No－ vember by 28 reporting firms averaged 5.0 per cent less than in October，but only five－tenths of one per cent less than in November 1927．Stocks and collec－ tions declined slightly compared with both of those peri－ ods，but accounts receivable show increases．

|  | Nov． 1928 compared with： |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales： | Oct． 1928 | Nov． 1927 |
| Nashville（4 firms） | － 7.5 | ＋ 0.1 |
| New Orleans（5 firms） | $-6.2$ | ＋ 7.3 |
| Other Cities（19 firms）－－－ | $-3.3$ | $-4.9$ |
| DISTRICT（28 firms） | － 5.0 | －0．5 |
| Stocks on hand ．．．．．．．． | $-0.9$ | $-0.1$ |
| Accounts receivable | ＋2．5 | ＋ 4.4 |
| Collections | $-0.5$ | $-5.3$ |

Furniture November sales of furniture at wholesale were larger at Atlanta than in October，but for the district averaged 10.2 per cent smaller than in Oc－ tober，and 14.8 per cent smaller than in November last rear．Stocks increased slightly over October，and were 17.4 per cent greater than a year ago．Collections de－ clined 14.0 per cent compared with October，but were less than one per cent smaller than a year ago．
Sales：
Atlanta（ 5 firms）
for FRASER
Nov． 1928 compared with：
$\begin{array}{ll}1028 & \text { Nov．} 1927 \\ +5.4\end{array}$

| Mississippi |  | 47,236 | $280,1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tennessee |  | 29,575 | 300,126 |
| Total six states |  | 55,817 | 4,361,727 |
| United States |  | 61,618 | 11,738,338 |
| NOTE: In connection with this table, and the one preced |  |  |  |
| In |  |  |  |
| Tennessee are situated in other Federal Reserve Districts. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Since August |  |  |  |
|  | 1928 | 1927 | 19 |
| eceipts at all U. S. | 769,461 | 5,295,604 | 6,790,6 |
| Overland across the Mississippi, Ohio |  |  |  |
| and Potomac Rivers to Nor. Mills |  |  |  |
| and Canada | 410,64 | 471,880 | 4,2 |
| Interior stocks in excess of those |  |  |  |
| at close of commercial | 1,253,845 | 1,292,422 | 713,567 |
|  | 1,972,000 | 2,068,000 | 2,089,000 |
|  | 9,405,952 | 9,127,906 |  |
| Foreign Exports |  |  |  |
| *American Mills, North, South andCanada |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| American cotton thus far | 5,775,000 | 6,044,000 |  |
| Of which 619,145 by northern sp $2,225,694$ by southern spinners |  | 764,985 <br> 9 last |  |

and $2,225,694$ by southern spinners against $2,311,119$ last year.
Sugar Cane Low temperatures during recent weeks in and Sugar the Louisiana cane belt have brought about further ripening of cane and with the progress of grinding operations the sugar content has increased. Sugar yields are good but grinding operations are at a slow rate.

## SUGAR MOVEMEN'T (Pounds)

Raw Sugar

| Raw Sugar |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts: | November 1928 | October 1928 | November 1927 |
| New Orleans | 93,876,131 | 89,778,237 | 74,764,494 |
| Savannah | 15,470,973 | 26,317,350 | 21,070,689 |
| Meltings : |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 70,623,213 | 123,388,038 | 92,496,934 |
| Savannah | 18,524,063 | 41,312,484 | 2,138,024 |
| Stocks: |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 41,766,125 | 18,531,772 | 23,282,439 |
| Savannah |  | 3,053,090 | 24,116,023 |
| Refined Sugar (Pounds) |  |  |  |
| Shipments: |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 85,389,988 | 104,056,573 | 80,683,591 |
| Savannah | 22,646,822 | 34,373,221 | 19,362,580 |
| Stocks: |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 50,422,320 | 64,136,710 | 67,829,639 |
| Savannah | 5,592,516 | 9,603,392 | 859,239 |



RICE MILLERS ASSOCIATION STATISTICS (Barrels)

| (Barrels) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts of Rough Rice: | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } 1 \text { to } \\ & \text { Nov. } 30 \end{aligned}$ |
| Season 1928-29 | 1,935,761 | 5,585,651 |
| Season 1927-28 | 1,266,278 | 4,945,644 |
| Distribution of Milled Rice: |  |  |
| Season 1928-29 | 1,277,631 | 3,647,004 |
| Season 1927-28 | 1,162,603 | 3,626,244 |
| Stocks of Rough and Milled Rice: |  |  |
| December 1, 1928 | 2,886,600 |  |
| December 1, 1927 ---mon-m | 2,409,940 |  |

## FINANCIAL

Savings
Savings deposits at the end of November
Deposits reported by 83 banks located throughout the sixth district were more than one-half of one per cent smaller than for October, and averaged 1.8 per cent less than at the same time last year. November figures reported from Birmingham and New Orleans show small increases over October, and Birmingham and Atlanta savings were greater than on the same date a year ago. Totals for Atlanta and for Branch Federal Reserve Bank cities are shown in the table, and reports from banks located elsewhere are grouped under "Other Cities."


Nashville (8 banks) -.......- 26,491
New Orleans (7 banks) .---- 47,323
Other Cities ( 52 banks) .-. 110,721
Total (83 banks) $----------\quad 281,294$
Debits to Individual Accounts

The volume of debits to individual accounts by banks in 26 reporting cities of the sixth district declined 3.5 per cent in November, compared with October, but was 6.3 per cent greater than in November last year. Eighteen of these cities show increases over November 1927, and eight show decreases.. The monthly totals are derived from weekly figures by pro-rating figures for those weeks which do not fall entirely within a single calendar month.

| Alabam: (000 omitted) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama: | ov. 1928 | Oct. 1928 | Nov. 1927 |
| Birmingham .-.-.-.-.------------------.--\$ | 153,584 | \$ 173,783 | \$ 152,087 |
| Dothan | 4,097 | 5,711 | 4,210 |
| Mobile | 40,701 | 44,580 | 40,544 |
|  | 33,011 | 31,601 | 30,224 |
| Florida : |  |  |  |
| Jacksonville | 69,071 | 72,989 | 76,642 |
| Miami | 26,342 | 26,026 | 34,267 |
| Pensacola | 7,638 | 8,754 | 7,245 |
|  | 34,829 | 36,813 | 40,418 |
| Georgia : |  |  |  |
|  | 4,988 | 4,936 | 5,053 |
|  | 206,493 | 179,172 | 149,080 |
|  | 26,995 | 33,283 | 26,735 |
| Brunswick | 3,704 | 3,789 | 3,685 |
| Columbus | 17,773 | 19,223 | 14,118 |
| Elberton | 1,605 | 1,827 | 1,377 |
| Macon | 24,872 | 29,452 | 21,918 |
| Newnan | 2,442 | 3,240 | 2,383 |
| Savannah | 41,002 | 53,162 | 48,432 |
| Valdosta | 4,957 | 5,474 | 5,679 |
| Louisiana: |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 362,648 | 366,543 | 352,967 |
| Mississippi: |  |  |  |
| Hattiesburg | 7,456 | 8,866 | 7,111 |
| Jackson | 28,880 | 31,137 | 25,079 |
| Meridian | 17,745 | 19,949 | 17,527 |
| Vicksburg | 8,885 | 10,091 | 8,520 |
| Tennessee: |  |  |  |
| Chattanooga | 48,279 | 52,674 | 48,341 |
| Knoxville --- | 34,998 | 37,460 | 33,064 |
| Nashville | 112,129 | 112,336 | 89,951 |
| TOTAL 26 cities .-.-.... | ,325,124 | \$1,372,871 | \$1,246,657 |

Condition Weekly reports received from 31 member of Member banks located in Atlanta, New Orleans, Banks in Birmingham, Jacksonville, Nashville, ChattaSelected nooga, Knoxville and Savannah indicate that Cities between November 14 and December 12 loans to customers by these banks secured by Government obligations declined, but other classes of loans increased, and total discounts increased by nearly $71 / 4$ millions of dollars. United States securities owned by these banks declined a little more than four millions, and other stocks and bonds increased slightly, and total loans and investments show an increase for this four weeks period of $\$ 3,613,000$. Compared with figures for the corresponding report date a year ago, total loans show an increase of $\$ 7,184,000$, and investments of these banks show an increase of $\$ 6,075,000$. Time deposits reported by these banks on December 12 were $\$ 3,390,000$ greater than four weeks earlier, but were $\$ 6,167,000$ less than a year ago. Demand deposits increased $\$ 15,346,000$ over those held on November 14, but were more than 13 millions less than a year ago. Borrowings from the Federal Reserve Bank declined $\$ 11,890,000$ during the four weeks since November 14, but were $\$ 9,968,000$ greater than on the same report date a year ago. Principal figures in the weekly report are shown for the three report dates under comparison.
(000 omitted)

| Bills Discounted: | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. 12, } \\ 1928 \end{gathered}$ | Nov. 14, 1928 | Dec. 14, <br> 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Secured by Govt. Obligations .-. | \$ 2,574 | \$ 3,363 | \$ 5,238 |
| Secured by Stocks and Bonds.... | 136,222 | 134,666 | 118,416 |
| All Other | 374,443 | 367,963 | 382,401 |
| Total Discounts | 513,239 | 505,992 | 506,055 |
| U. S. Securities | 54,576 | 58,631 | 59,333 |
| Other Stocks and Bonds | 75,148 | 74,727 | 64,316 |
| Total Loans and Investm'ts | 642,963 | 639,350 | 629,704 |
| Time Deposits | 237,694 | 234,304 | 243,861 |
| Demand Deposits | 338,895 | 323,549 | 352,050 |
| Borrowings from F. R. Bank .-n...... | 30,315 | 42,205 | 20,347 |

Bank Deposits of All Member Banks

Reports of net demand and time deposits held by all member banks in the district are compiled as of the Wednesday preceding the 14th of each month. After declining each month from January to September, demand deposits increased over ten million dollars in October, and nearly nine millions in November, but are still at a lower level than at the same time a year ago. Time deposits declined somewhat in October but increased slightly in November, and continued greater than at the same time a year ago. Comparative figures are shown below:

|  | 000 omitt <br> De | and |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1927 | 1928 | 1927 |
| October | \$560,961 | \$606,959 | \$468,768 | \$465,342 |
| November | 569,676 | 611,139 | 466,625 | 465,869 |

Operations The weekly statements of the Federal Reof the Fed- serve Bank of Atlanta indicate that since eral Reserve reaching the peak for any report date this Bank year on September 19, discounts for member banks in the sixth district have declined a little more than 31 million dollars. Holdings of bills bought in the open market have increased more than $18^{1 / 2}$ millions since September 12, and since October 3 reserves have increased 28 millions, and the reserve ratio has risen from 48.0 to 59.2 on December 12. Discounts for member banks declined nearly thirteen millions between November 14 and December 12, and on this latter date were more than twenty millions greater than a year ago. Holdings of bills bought in the open market increased during the past four weeks, and were substantially larger than a year ago, and holdings of United States securities increased slightly over those held a month ago, but were about onethird as great as those held on the same report date last year. Reserves increased more than eighteen millions between November 14 and December 12, but were at that time more than $471 / 2$ millions less than a year ago. A comparison of the principal items in the weekly statement of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta for the three report dates is shown in the table.

| (000 omitted) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bills Discounted: | Dec. 12, | Nov. 14, | Dec. 14 |
|  | 1928 | 1928 | 1927 |
| Secured by Govt. Obligations...- | \$16,603 | \$20,239 | \$11,780 |
| All Others | 38,281 | 47,554 | 21,826 |
| Total Discounts | 54,884 | 67,793 | 33,606 |
| Bills Bought in open market | 30,118 | 27,762 | 2,302 |
| U. S. Securities | 5,232 | 4,969 | 15,198 |
| Total Bills and Securities-. | 90,229 | 100,525 | 51,367 |
| Cash Reserves | 121,645 | 103,435 | 169,209 |
| Total Deposits | 72,186 | 68,908 | 67,486 |
| F. R. Notes in actual circulation-- | 133,232 | 129,116 | 146,122 |
| Reserve ratio | 59.2 | 52.2 | 79.2 |

Gold Movement

The export movement of gold in November amounted to $\$ 22,915,000$, compared with only $\$ 992,000$ exported in October, and with $\$ 55,268,000$ in November last year. Imports of gold in November were double those in October, and exceeded exports by $\$ 6,676,000$. November imports amounted to $\$ 29$, 591,000 , compared with $\$ 14,331,000$ in October, and with $\$ 2,082,000$ in November 1927. Imports of gold in November were the largest recorded since January.

Commercial Commercial failures in the United States Failures during November, according to statistics compiled by R. G. Dun \& Co., declined in number, compared with both the preceding month, and the corresponding month last year, but liabilities increased compared with both of those periods. Figures for the United States divided by Federal Reserve Districts are shown in the table for comparison.

| District | Number Liabilities |  | Liabilities <br> Oct. 1928 | Liabilities <br> Nov. 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. 1928 | Nov. 1928 |  |  |
|  | 207 | \$ 3,379,330 | \$ 4,592,407 | \$ 5,589,818 |
| New York | 418 | 9,818,465 | 9,608,814 | 8,367,871 |
| Philadelphia | 97 | 1,793,428 | 2,713,365 | 1,486,840 |
| Cleveland | 134 | 2,613,625 | 2,359,380 | 3,449,315 |
| Richmond | 104 | 4,850,607 | 1,633,885 | 2,555,698 |
| Atlanta | 69 | 1,549,585 | 1,965,866 | 1,204,572 |
| Chicago | 235 | 5,624,820 | 6,113,449 | 3,182.548 |
| St. Louis | 125 | 5,740,158 | 1,074,591 | 3,476,584 |
| Minneapolis | 55 | 710,546 | 677,804 | 1,153,335 |
| Kansas City | 99 | 1,279,717 | 963,129 | 2,193,935 |
| Dallas - | 33 | 756,043 | 857,123 | 818,200 |
| gitize San Franciscos-- | 262 | 2,485,111 | 2,430,661 | 2,667,857 |
| p://fraser.stloutstal | 1,838 | \$40,601,435 | \$34,990,474 | \$36,146,57 |

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

United Preliminary figures compiled by the United States States Department of Commerce indicate that both exports and imports declined in November compared with October. Exports were greater than in November a year ago, however, but imports were smaller. Exports in November exceeded imports by 219 millions. For the eleven months of the year exports have exceeded imports by 903 millions, while for the same period a year ago exports exceeded imports by 604 millions. Preliminary figures for November, with comparisons, are shown in the table.

| Exports: |  | 1928 |  | 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| November | -----..... \$ | 546,000,000 | \$ | 460,940,000 |
| October |  | 550,866,000 |  | 488,675,000 |
| 11 months | ending with November---- | 4,655,459,000 |  | 4,457,735,000 |
| imports: |  |  |  |  |
| October |  | 855,433,000 | \$ | $344,269,000$ 855,738000 |
| 11 months | ending with November ------ | 3,752,451,000 |  | 3,858,509,000 |

New
Orleans
Merchandise to the valve of $\$ 15,343,452$ was imported in 'o the United States through the port of New Orleans during the month of September 1928, compared with $\$ 21,277,697$ in August, and with $\$ 12,695,080$ in September 1927.
Exports through the port of New Orleans during September totaled $\$ 24,515,695$, compared with $\$ 24,694,657$ in August, and with $\$ 23,528,503$ in September a year ago.

## Grain Exports-New Orleans

Wheat, oats and rye were exported in November in smaller quantities than a year ago, but corn and barley were shipped in larger volume, resulting in a net increase for the month and for the season to date, as indicated in the table:

| Wheat, bu. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } 1928 \\ & \mathbf{6 6 6 , 0 8 5} \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1927 681,903 | Season July 1 to November 30 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1928 $4,279,857$ | 1827 |
| Corn, bu. | 473,653 | 114,679 | 1,081,799 | -974,270 |
| Oats, bu. | 44,959 | 92,985 | 212,683 | 455,782 |
| Barley, bu. | 1,079,999 |  | 2,677,866 |  |
| Rye, bu. | 40,316 | 66,249 | 256,031 | 289,106 |
| Total, bu. | 2,304,962 | 955,766 | 8,508,176 | 6,980,415 |

## BUILDING

Prospective building in the sixth district as reflected in building permit statistics received from twenty regularly reporting cities, declined in November to a point lower than for any month in six years. The total value of buildings for which permits were issued during November at these twenty reporting cities was $\$ 5,697,964$, smaller by 34.5 per cent than total permits issued in October, and 30.6 per cent less than the total for November 1927, This is the smallest total, for these cities, shown for any month since November 1922. Of the twenty regularly reporting cities whose figures are used in computing the monthly index numbers, only three reported increases over November last year. The Novembe: index number is 50.6 , compared with 77.3 for October, and with 73.0 for November 1927. For the eleven months of 1928, total permits issued at these twenty cities have amounted to $\$ 95,670,693$, a decrease of 11.7 per cent compared with the total of $\$ 108,-$ 296,945 for the same period last year.

Contracts awarded during November in the 37 states east of the Rocky Mountains totaled $\$ 471,482,200$, a decrease of 21.0 per cent compared with October, but 1.1 per cent greater than for November 1927. Of the November total, 42 per cent was for residential building, 20 per cent for public works and utilities, and 14 per cent for commercial buildings. Contracts awarded in the sixth district during November amounted to $\$ 18,549,718$, a decline of 48.6 per cent compared with October, and smaller by 52.6 per cent than in November a year ago. Building permit statistics for reporting cities are shown in the table.

| Alabama : | November 1928 |  | November 1927 |  | Percentage change in value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Value | Number | Value |  |
| Anniston | 7 | \$10,600 | 15 | \$22,900 | -53.7 |
| Birmingham | 460 | 909,357 | 590 | 1,898,621 | - 52.1 |
| Mobile | 58 | 359,056 | 63 | 193,357 | $+85.7$ |
| Montgomery | 187 | 117,534 | 217 | 274,409 | - 57.2 |


| Florida: <br> Jacksonville $\qquad$ | 335 | 453,273 | 406 | 666,429 | - 32.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miami | 251 | 105,374 | 339 | 256,783 | - 59.0 |
| Orlando | 102 | 79,910 | 122 | 183,943 | - 58.8 |
| Pensacola | 83 | 50,347 | 58 | 143,618 | --64.9 |
| Tampa | 238 | 211,939 | 381 | 250,000 | - 15.2 |
| *Lakeland | 6 | 1,900 | 18 | 21,125 | - 91.0 |
| *Miami Beach | 55 | 277,340 | 44 | 100,501 | +176.0 |
| Georgia : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta | 347 | 1,791,029 | 338 | 909,571 | + 96.9 |
| Augusta | 154 | 48,739 | 285 | 81,080 | - 39.9 |
| Columbus | 41 | 59,158 | 44 | 72,393 | - 18.3 |
| Macon | 78 | 40,795 | 132 | 110,114 | - 63.0 |
| Savannah | 33 | 130,275 | 65 | 146,147 | $-10.9$ |
| Louisiana : |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 148 | 562,015 | 223 | 1,692,139 | - 66.8 |
| Alexandria | 54 | 23,769 | 73 | 40,876 | $-41.9$ |
| Tennessee: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chattanooga | 232 | 122,446 | 234 | 340,613 | - 64.1 |
| Johnson City | 28 | 75,650 | 22 | 41,250 | + 83.4 |
| Knoxville | 111 | 332,324 | 193 | 582,364 | - 42.9 |
| Nashville | 187 | 214,374 | 122 | 305,173 | 29.8 |
| Total 20 Cities _-....... | 3134 | \$5,697,964 | 3912 | \$8,211,780 | $-30.6$ |
| Index Number |  | 50.6 |  | 73.0 |  |
| *Not included in totals | or in | ex numbe |  |  |  |

## LUMBER

Preliminary figures for the month if November reported to the Southern Pine Association up to the middle of December by 100 subscribing mills indicate that orders slightly exceeded output for the month, and that shipments were greater than either orders or production. November production by these reporting mills was 10.9 per cent below their three-year average production. Stocks on hand at the end of November were 13.7 per cent smaller than the three-year relative stocks of the same mills, and unfilled orders on hand at the end of the month amounted to 83.1 per cent of a month's production at the rate which prevailed during November. Preliminary figures for November, with comparisons, are shown in the table.

|  | Nov. 1928 | Oct. 1928 | Nov. 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Feet) | 100 mills | 110 mills | 116 mills |
| Orders | 244,469,624 | 298,379,790 | 286,750,105 |
| Shipments | 257,217,464 | 315,210,725 | 294,519,226 |
| Production | 243,522,566 | 288,420,968 | 292,966,812 |
| 3-Year Average Production -- | 273,317,464 | 295,063,305 | 815,732,967 |
| Stocks, end of month -------... | 594,000,935 | 648,215,968 | 799,963,570 |
| 3-Year Relative Stocks | 688,022,052 | 742,762,858 | 827,937,535 |
| Unfilled orders, end of month | 202,382,800 | 222,657,050 | 198,389,322 |

## TEXTILES

Cotton Statistics compiled by the United States CenConsumption sus Bureau show a decrease of 1.3 per cent in the consumption of cotton in the United states during November compared with the previous month, and a decrease of 2.5 pe- cent compared with the same month a year ago. Stocks in consuming establishments at the end of November increased seasonally over those a month earlier, and were also slightly greater than a year ago. Stocks of cotton in public storage and at compresses increased over October but were somewhat smaller than a year ago. Exports during November increased 15.1 per cent over October, and were 45.1 per cent sreater than during November 1927. The number of spindles active in Novemper was greater by 281,754 than in October, but smaller by $1,717,274$ than in November last year.

Statistics for the cotton-growing states indicate that November consumption in these states declined slightly compared with October and was about the same as in November last year. The number of active spindles increased 79,136 in November over October, and was greater by 29,396 than in November last year.


Stocks in Consuming Establishm'ts
Stocks in Public Storage and at
Comppresses
Active Spindles $\qquad$
1,224,407
5,148,598 17,906,874

905,910
1,131,609

Cotton
Cloth
Reports for November were received from cotton mills in the sixth district which manufactured approximately 28 million yards of cloth, an output less than one per cent smaller than in October, and greater by 11.1 per cent than their output in November last year. Volume of orders declined, however, compared with both of those months. Shipments were smaller than in October, but greater than in November last year. Unfilled orders on hand at the end of November were larger than a month earlier or a year ago. Stocks increased slightly compared with October but were somewhat smaller than a year ago. Number of workers increased over both comparative periods.

November 1928 compared with :

|  | ember 1928 compared with |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oct. 1928 | Nov. 1927 |
| Production | 0.7 | +11.1 |
| Shipments | -10.9 | +20.7 |
| Orders booked | -33.5 | -9.5 |
| Unfilled orders | + 4.8 | +38.2 |
| Stocks on hand | + 1.2 | $-2.2$ |
| Number on payroll | + 1.6 | +6.2 |

Cotton Confidential reports were also received from Yarn mills in the district which during November manufactured $71 / 2$ million pounds of yarn, an output slightly smaller than in October, but greater than in November a year ago. Shipments, unfilled orders and number of workers show increases over both comparative periods, but stocks were smaller than a month or a year ago. Orders declined compared with October, but were materially larger than a year ago.

November 1928 compared with :

|  | November 1928 compared with |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Production | - 0.9 | + 7.0 |
| Shipments | + 0.4 | +14.4 |
| Orders booked | -6.0 | +49.2 |
| Unfilled orders | +11.4 | +28.4 |
| Stocks on hand | - 3.3 | -18.7 |
|  | - +0.2 | + 7.9 |

Hosiery Figures reported to the United States Census Bureau by 38 identical establishments manufacturing hosiery in the sixth district indicate that in November production, stocks and orders declined somewhat compared with October, but there was a small increase in unfilled orders on hand at the end of the month. Comparative figures for the two months are shown in the table.


Cotton Seed and Cotton Seed Products

| Cotton Seed, Tons: | (1) Sixth District |  | United States |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1927 | 1928 | 1927 |
| Received at mills | 1,074,722 | 1,091,515 | 3,569,103 | 3,436,265 |
| Crushed | 675,249 | 785,012 | 2,267,308 | 2,407,884 |
| On hand end of mo.-.- | 404,176 | 332,967 | 1,323,367 | 1,118,165 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |
| Crude Oil, lbs. | 18,158,413 | 253,103,400 | 700,723,223 | 746,108.476 |
| Cake and Meal, tons...- | 288,919 | 389,865 | 1,012,793 | 1,069,875 |
| Hulls, tons | 188,626 | 225,703 | 615,603 | 683,588 |
|  | 137,702 | 135,735 | 463,654 | 432,904 |
| Stocks: |  |  | (2) | (2) |
| Crude Oil, lb | 19,723,478 | 31,402,558 | 82,779,633 | 117,129.884 |
| Cake and Meal, tons.... | 56,689 | 73,557 | 160,899 | 206,162 |
| Hulls, tons .-.-...-...------ | 37,080 | 60,313 | 149,496 | 260,702 |
| Linters, bales | 57,291 | 42,456 | 186,166 | 152,084 |

(1) Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi.
(2) Not including stocks held by refining and manufacturing establishments, and in transit to refiners and consumers.

## COAL

November production of bituminous coal, according to the preliminary statement of the United States Bureau of Mines, amounted to $45,762,000$ tons, a decrease of 9.1 per cent compared with the output in October, but with this exception larger than for any month since March 1927. November output this year was 13.1 per cent greater than
in November a year ago. The number of working days in November was 24.3, compared with 27 in October, and with 24.8 in November last year. Average daily production was $1,883,000$ tons, an increase of one per cent ovèr that of October, and of 15.4 per cent over the daily average in November last year. Weekly production figures for the United States, and for Alabama and Tennessee, the coal producing states of this district, are shown in the table. In comparing these figures, attention is called to the fact that Thanksgiving Day this year is included in the week ending December 1, while last year it was included in the last week of November.

| Week Ended | (000 omitted) |  |  |  | Tennessee |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United | States | Alabama |  |  |  |
|  | 1928 | 1927 | 1928 | 1927 | 1928 | 1927 |
| November 3 --... | 11,140 | 9,027 | 329 | 330 | 108 | 85 |
| November 10 | 10,546 | 9,454 | 331 | 341 | 107 | 91 |
| November 17 | 10,924 | 9,998 | 332 | 335 | 115 | 88 |
| November 24 | 10,982 | 8,880 | 329 | 310 | 109 | 82 |
| December 1 ..- | 9,906 | 9,053 | 321 | 309 | 121 | 85 |
| December 8 | 11,211 | 9,687 | 353 | 320 | 131 | 96 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Statistics compiled and published by the Iron Age indicate a slightly higher average daily production of pig iron during November than in October, but total production was lower because of the shorter month. The number of furnaces active declined, but production and furnace activity were considerably greater than a year ago.

Total production of pig iron in the United States during November amounted to $3,302,523$ tons, a decline of 2.1 per cent compared with the output in October, but nearly 25 per cent greater than in November 1927. Daily average output, however, amounting to 110,084 tons, was 1.2 per cent greater than in October. During November, there were three furnaces blown in, and six were shut down, a net loss of three for the month. On December 1, there were 194 furnaces active compared with 170 active at the same time a year ago.

Stctistics for Alabama indicate that November production of pig iron was the largest reported in a year and a half, totaling 231,266 tons, an increase of 4.2 per cent over October output, and 5.4 per cent greater than for November last year. The daily average in Alabama, however, due to the shorter month, increased 7.6 per cent over October. Press reports indicate that quotations on No. 2 foundry iron were advanced from $\$ 16.25$ to $\$ 16.50$ on November 15, when books were opened for the first quarter of the new year. There was a heavy buying movement during the last week of November and early December, an 1 practically all of the larger melters are reported to have covered their first quarter requirements. On producer has quoted $\$ 17.00$ per ton since the last week of November. Shipments are holding up well and no iron was added to stock during the month.
The following production statistics are shown in tabular form for convenience of comparison:

| United States: | Nov. 1928 | Oct. 1928 | Nov. 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total production (tons) | 8,302,523 | 8,873,806 | 2,648,376 |
| Daily average | 110,084 | 108,832 | 88,279 |
| *Active furnaces | 194 | 197 | 170 |
| Alabama : |  |  |  |
| Total production (tons) | 281,366 | 222,142 | 219,478 |
| Daily average | 7,712 | 7,166 | 7,816 |
| *Active furnaces | 18 | 17 | 18 |

## Unfilled Orders-U. S. Steel Corp'n

Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation at the end of November amounted to $3,673,000$ tons, a decrease of 78,030 tons compared with October, but greater by 218,556 tons than at the same time a year ago.

## NAVAL STORES

Receipts of turpentine at the three principal naval stores markets of the district declined somewhat in November compared with October, but receipts of rosin increased slightly. November receipts of both commodities were smaller this year than last, but with the exception of last year, were greater than for the same month of any other recent year. Receipts for the season, April through November, were also smaller than for that period of 1927 , but larger than for the same period in any other recent season. Stocks of turpentine at the end of November were greater than at the same time of any year since 1918. Supplies of rosin were slightly smaller than a year ago, but larger than at the same time of 1924,1925 and 1926. Press reports indicate that following the rise in prices during the week ending November 10, the price of turpentine has ranged between 54 cents and 57 cents, and there have been increases in the prices of most of the grades of rosin. Receipts and stocks at the three principal markets are shown in the table.

| Receipts-Turpentine | Nov. 1928 | Oct. 1928 | Nov. 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Savannah ------ | 18,720 | 16,998 | 17,801 |
| Jacksonville | 9,874 | 12,058 | 12,398 |
| Pensacola | 4,656 | 4,878 | 5,696 |
| ```Total``` | 28,160 | 83,924 | 35,795 |
| Savannah | 54,638 | 58,189 | 72,886 |
| Jacksonville | 46,137 | 42,127 | 52,879 |
| Pensacola | 16,398 | 14,919 | 19,627 |
| Total | 117,168 | 115,235 | 144,892 |
| Stocks-Turpentine |  |  |  |
| Savannah | 21,987 | 23,658 | 27,977 |
| Jacksonville | 84,737 | 82,054 | 81,508 |
| Pensacola | 26,798 | 28,797 | 18,196 |
| Total <br> Stocks-Rosin | 83,472 | 79,509 | 77,676 |
| Savannah | 118,585 | 108,132 | 125,636 |
|  | 105,012 | 86,896 | 102,868 |
|  | 27,581 | 21,889 | 19,450 |
| Total | 246,178 | 216,917 | 247,954 |

## (Continued from Page One)

commercial purposes, was contrary to the usual movement at this season and carried the total to the highest figure in eight years. Seasonal growth in the demand for currency in November and December, together with increases in member bank reserve requirements, consequent upon an increase in their deposits, have been reflected in larger borrowings by the member banks from the reserve banks. This recent growth, following upon demand caused by the loss of gold in earlier months, has carried the total volume of reserve bank credit to the highest level in seven years. The rates on call and time loans on security collateral increased during the last week in November and the first part of December, while rates for commercial paper were generally steady. Rates on certain maturities of bankers bills increased somewhat.

## MONTHLY INDEX NUMBERS

The following index numbers, except as indicated otherwise, are computed by the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta monthly. The index numbers of retail and wholesale trade are based upon sales figures reported con:fidentially by representative firms in the lines of trade indicated, and the other series of index numbers are based upon figures reported to the bank or currently available through the daily or trade press. These index numbers, except as indicated in the foot-notes, are based upon the monthly averages for the three year period 1923-25 as represented by 100.

| RETAIL TRADE 6th DISTRICT <br> (Department Stores.) | Sept. $1928$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } \\ 1928 \end{gathered}$ | November $1928$ | Sept. $1927$ | October 1927 | November 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atlanta | 138.2 | 169.6 | 153.7 | 127.0 | 173.3 | 143.0 |
| Birmingham | 100.2 | 131.3 | 122.6 | 102.6 | 129.2 | 121.5 |
| Chattanooga | 85.6 | 111.8 | 97.7 | 84.9 | 123.8 | 95.9 |
| Nashville - | 101.2 | 124.4 | 121.7 | 87.4 | 118.5 | 116.8 |
| New Orleans | 84.3 | 110.2 | 112.6 | 88.9 | 115.1 | 117.2 |
| Other Cities | 89.7 | 112.9 | 114.7 | 92.7 | 122.1 | 114.9 |
|  | 98.0 | 123.0 | 120.0 | 97.0 | 128.0 | 119.0 |
| RETAIL TRADE U. S. (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department Stores | 106.5 | 123.1 | 121.6 | 100.0 | 119.0 | 122.0 |
| Mail Order Houses | 142.6 | 183.5 | 175.8 | 118.0 | 147.0 | 149.0 |
| Chain Stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grocery | 199.6 | 228.1 | 217.8 | 171.0 | 190.0 | 189.0 |
| 5 \& 10 Cent | 143.7 | 163.4 | 157.7 | 128.0 | 153.0 | 146.0 |
| Drug | 164.2 | 169.4 | 168.6 | 137.0 | 151.0 | 144.0 |
| Cigar | 105.0 | 107.1 | 107.1 | 106.0 | 111.0 | 105.0 |
| Shoe | 130.4 | 126.5 | 130.4 | 108.0 | 121.0 | 118.0 |
| Wearing Apparel | 246.4 | 289.1 | 288.9 | 198.0 | 250.0 | 250.0 |
|  | 122.4 | 134.1 | 129.8 | 119.0 | 124.0 | 125.0 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE 6th DISTRICT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groceries Dry Goods | 88.2 111.4 | 93.8 105.4 | 91.4 96.0 | 94.1 157.4 | 88.8 129.0 | 87.6 93.9 |
| Hardware | 95.0 | 107.5 | 100.7 | 104.9 | 112.3 | 101.3 |
|  | 116.5 | 114.8 | 102.8 | 118.1 | 120.0 | 114.3 |
| Electrical Supplies | 88.4 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 86.1 | 95.9 | 83.9 |
|  | 106.4 | 113.3 | 103.7 | 131.7 | 133.5 | 100.5 |
|  | 87.1 | 105.4 | 75.5 | 157.6 | 131.7 | 90.9 |
|  | 96.3 | 119.5 | 108.7 | 125.6 | 119.3 | 115.2 |
| TOTAL | 109.9 | 102.9 | 96.8 | 109.9 | 106.7 | 95.2 |
| WHOLESALE PRICES U. S. (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 108.8 | 103.5 | 101.6 | 105.9 | 105.0 | 104.3 |
| Foods | 106.9 | 102.3 | 100.1 | 96.5 | 100.0 | 101.5 |
| Hides and leather products | 120.7 | 117.5 | 115.5 | 112.5 | 113.0 - | 114.3 |
|  | 95.6 | 96.1 | 96.1 | 98.5 | 98.4 | 97.5 |
| Fuel and lighting | 85.1 | 84.9 | 84.4 | 84.2 | 83.8 | 82.9 |
| Metals and Metal products | $100 \cdot 0$ | 101.0 | 101.7 | 97.6 | 97.1 | 97.0 |
| Building materials | 94.7 | 95.0 | 96.0 | 92.1 | 91.6 | 90.2 |
| Chemicals and drugs | 95.1 | 95.6 | 96.0 | 96.4 | 97.1 | 97.4 |
| Housefurnishing goods | 97.2 | 96.5 | 96.4 | 98.6 | 98.5 | 98.9 |
| Miscellaneous | 79.7 | 80.3 | 80.0 | 89.2 | 88.3 | 88.3 |
| ALL COMMODITIES | 100.1 | 97.8 | 96.7 | 96.5 | 97.0 | 96.7 |
| BUILDING PERMITS 6th DISTRICT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 135.6 | 113.5 | 115.8 | 156.6 | 150.3 | 128.1 |
|  | 74.2 70.5 | 81.7 | 55.1 | 146.8 | 121.7 | 81.0 |
| Nashville --- | 48.3 | 43.3 | 33.8 | 135.2 | 82.5 | 48.1 |
| New Orleans | 164.3 | 135.2 | 43.7 | 94.7 | 99.8 | 131.4 |
| Other Cities | $43 \cdot 2$ | 58.2 | 32.3 | 77.5 | 59.0 | 50.0 |
| DISTRICT ( 20 Cities) | 76.1 | 77.3 | 50.6 | 98.6 | 80.9 | 73.0 |
| CONTRACTS AWARDED 6th DISTRICT | 74.0 | 102.8 | 52.9 | 88.1 | 74.1 | 111.5 |
| COTTON CONSUMED: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 96.8 | 121.7 | 120.2 | 123.4 | 120.6 | 123.1 |
| Cotton-Growing States _-_ _-_ | 109.1 | 135.8 | 134.3 | 132.3 | 128.5 | 134.1 |
| All Other States | 70.0 | 90.9 201.9 | 89.1 | 103.9 102.7 | 103.1 | 98.8 162.6 |
|  | 132.5 | 201.9 | 232.3 | 102.7 | 183.3 | 162.6 |
| PIG IRON PRODUCTION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 102.5 | 112.9 | 110.5 | 92.9 | 93.2 | 88.7 |
|  | 85.0 | 95.7 | 99.6 | 89.3 | 96.7 | 94.5 |
| UNFILLED ORDERS-U. S. STEEL CORPORATION $\qquad$ | 77.5 | 78.6 | 76.9 | 65.9 | 70.0 | 72.3 |

(2) Compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Base 1926-100.

