EMPLOYMENT and pay rolls

DETAILED REPORT
DECEMBER 1949

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Maurice J. Tobin - Secretary
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
Ewan Clague - Commissioner

NOTICE

The expanded cooperative BLS-State program makes possible the publication for the first time of information on nonagricultural employment for 24 local areas. The new series appears in Table 8 page 17. This information will be published monthly hereafter.

Statistics on hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries in 31 local areas are presented in the Hours and Earnings Industry Report.

Figures on employment in nonagricultural industries in local areas are prepared by State cooperating agencies (see list on p. iv).

Similar data for past periods and in greater industry detail are available on request to the State Agencies. State programs have been inaugurated to provide data for about 100 local areas, selected jointly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Employment Security. As additional information becomes available from State agencies, it will be published.

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Detailed Report

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	(7) DECR. TV	77

Data for the 2 most recent months shown are subject to revision

Explanatory notes cutlining briefly the concepts, methodology, and sources used in preparing data presented in this report appear in the appendix. See pages i - viii.

Prepared by

Division of Employment Statistics

Samuel Weiss, Chief

TABLE 1: Employees In Nonagricultural Establishments, by Industry
Division and Group

(In thousands)

Industry division and group	<u></u>	1949	·	1948		
	December	November !	October '	Dec mber	November	
TOTAL	43.695	42,772	42,601	45,282	44,815	
DUINIM	936	913	59 3	1,002	999	
Metal mining	91.3	82.9	64.7	98.5	97.2	
Anthracite	76.4	76.7	76.2	80.1	80.0	
Bituminous-coal	421.0	403.5	99.8	460.8	458.0	
Crude petroleum and natural gas				l		
production	253.8	254.6	256.2	263.7	263.0	
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	93.3	95.5	95.9	99•3	•	
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	2,091	2,244	2,313	2,200	2,287	
Manufacturing ·	14,054	13,800	13,892	15,174	15,368	
DURABLE GOODS	7.319	7,043	6,986	8,258	8,352	
Ordnance and accessories	21.6	21.8	22.6	27.9	28.2	
Lumber and wood products (except						
furniture)	746	751	750	780	816	
Furniture and fixtures	332	326	327	339	346	
Stone, clay, and glass products	479	477	478	518	524	
Primary metal industries	1,114	887	703	1,267	1,265	
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and						
transportation equipment)	841	820	829	966	980	
Machinery (except electrical)	1,232	1,209	1,223	1,509	1,518	
Electrical machinery	762	750	753	853	860	
Transportation equipment	1,119	1,111	1,208	1,282	1,277	
Instruments and related products.	234	234	2 3 5	258	259	
Miscellaneous manufacturing				1		
industries	438	456	457	458	479	
NONDURABLE GOODS	6,735	6,757	6,906	6,916	7,016	
Food and kindred products	1,491	1,540	1,631	1,513	1,570	
Tobacco manufactures	93	95	99	100	104	
Textile-mill products	1,275	1,272	1,256	1,324	1,333	
Apparel and other finished			1			
textile products	1,159	1,146	1,199	1,155	1,174	
Paper and allied products	45 5	458	456	475	477	
Printing, publishing, and allied			\$ 1		ļ ·	
industries	738	734	735	739	736	
Chemicals and allied products	661	661	665	709	713	
Products of petroleum and coal	243	244	241	249	251	
Rubber products	235	234	234	256	259	
Leather and leather products	38 5	373	390	396	399	

TABLE 1: Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments, by Industry Division and Group (Continued)

(In thousands)

Industry division and group		1949		1948		
industry division and group	December	November	October	December	November	
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	3 .93 5	3,8 91	3,871	4,158	4,166	
	71,757	3,0 ,-	J, 0, -	1,2,0	,,	
Transportation	2,737	2,688	2,664	2,928	2,937	
Interstate railroads	1,328	1,281	1,257	1,504		
Class I railroads	1,149	1,114	1,090	1,306	1,329	
Local railways and bus lines	154	154	156	162	162	
Trucking and warehousing	576	571	568	571	579	
Other transportation and services	679	682	683	691	679	
Communication	660	665	669	702	702	
Telephone	611.7	1	, -		643.0	
Telegraph	47.7			1 -	:	
Other public utilities	538	538	5 3 8	528	527	
Gas and electric utilities	513.7				•	
Local utilities	24.7	3	•		1	
TRADE	10,130	9,605	9,505	10,273	9,807	
Wholesale trade	2,537	2,538	2,554	2,595	2,612	
Retail trade	7,593	7,067	6,951	7,678	7,195	
General merchandise stores	1,973	1,588	1,489	1,990	1,647	
Food and liquor stores	1,217	1,208	1,200	1,208	1,197	
Automotive and accessories	_,,					
dealers	716	704	696	668	654	
Apparel and accessories stores	634	561	557	670	608	
Other retail trade	3,053	3,006	3,009	3,142	3,089	
FINANCE	1,770	1,767	1,767	1,724	1,721	
Banks and trust companies	416	415	415	409	408	
Security dealers and exchanges	55.4	55.1	55.0	56.9	57.0	
Insurance carriers and agents	630	628	6 26	602	600	
Other finance agencies and						
real estate	669	669	671	656	656	
SERVICE	4,738	4,769	4,794	4,757	4,782	
Hotels and lodging places	444	445	451	461	458	
Laundries	346.8	347.8	350.6	349.6	350.5	
Cleaning and dyeing plants	142.5					
Motion pictures	238	238	238	238	238	
GOVERNMENT	6,041	5,783	5,866	5,994	5,685	
Federal	2,101	1,823	1,863	2,161	1,856	
State and local	3,940	3,960	4,003	3,833	3,829	

TABLE 2: All Employees and Production Workers in Mining and Manufacturing Industries
(In thousands)

	41	1 captures	ŧ	Production Workers			
Industry group and industry		1049		1949			
	December	November	October	December	November	October	
MINING.	936	913	593		.		
METAL, MINING	52.3	82.9	64.7	80.6	72.4	54.1	
Iron mining	33.2	27.7	9.2	29•9	24.5	6.0	
Copper mining	21.7	21.2	21.2	19.2	18.8	18.8	
Lead and zinc mining	18.4	17.3	17.1	16.1	15.0	14.7	
ANTHRACITE	76.4	76.7	76.2	71.8	72.1	71.6	
BITUMINGUS-COAL	#21. 0	403.6	99.8	392,0	374.9	77.0	
CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS							
PRODUCTION	253.8	254.6	256.2				
Petroleum and natural gas production				124.0	124.4	126.1	
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	93.3	95•5	95.9	80.4	82.6	83.2	
MANUFACTURIN G	14,054	13,800	13,892	11,513	11,283	11,368	
DURABLE GOODS	7,319	7,043	6,986	5,965	5,713	5,651	
NONDURABLE GOODS	6,735	6,757	6,906	5,548	5,570	5,717	
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	21.6	21.8	22.6	17.1	17.3	18.1	
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,491	1,540	1,631	1,138	1,184	1,273	
Meat products	308.5			1	7	•	
Dairy products	133.0		1	1	:		
Canning and preserving	160.3		:	1	•	232.2	
Grain-mill products	120.3		125.4	95.1	,	100.3	
Bakery products	281.0	286.3	292.4	189.4		199.4	
Sugar	42,2	•	48.0	37.8	•	43.5	
Confectionery and related products	104.8	;	113.6		•	99.2	
Beverages	205.8	:	215.0	141.4	:		
Miscellaneous food products	135.2	139.9	142.9	101.0	105.9	108.9	
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	93	95	99	86	8 9	92	
Cigarettes	26.8	;	:	24.3	:	•	
Cigars	43.0		•	41.2	<u>:</u>	43.4	
Tobacco and snuff	12.9	•	:	11.4	•	11.7	
Tobacco stemming and redrying	10.2	10.2	12.9	9.3	9.2	11.	

TABLE 2: All Employees and Production Workers in Mining and Manufacturing Industries (Continued)

(In thousands)

	A1	l employee	s :	Product on workers			
Industry group and industry		1949		1:49			
	December	November	October	December	No ember	October	
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	1,275	1,272	1,256	1,187	1,184	1,168	
Yarn and thread mills	157.9	156,0	153.3	148.8	147.0	144.4	
Broad-woven fabric mills	604.0	601.8	594.8	573.8	571.7	564.5	
Knitting mills	245.0	247.9	244.8	226.7	229.8	226.7	
Dyeing and finishing textiles	90.0	89.4	87.3	80.6	80.0	78.0	
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	59.2	58.2	57.5	51.3	50.4	49.7	
Other textile-mill products	118.9	118.6	118.4	105.6	105.2	105.1	
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE							
PRODUCTS	1,159	1,146	1,199	1,045	1,030	1,083	
Men's and boys; suits and coats	142.1	132.8	141.5	128.8	119.6	128.6	
Men's and boys' furnishings and work	1		Ì	1			
clothing	263.8	269.1		1			
Women's outerwear	330.1	312.9		296.1			
Women's, children's under garments	104.5			94.9			
Millinery	22.6	18,4	; •	19.9		•	
Children's outerwear	64.9	66.1	•	59.0	•	:	
Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel	91.1	96.1	98.4	79.1	84.1	86.1	
Other fabricated textile products	140.1	142.2	146.8	118.8	121.6	126.1	
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT							
FURNITURE)	746	751	750	684	692	689	
Logging camps and contractors	62.6	64.0	64.0	58.2	59.8	59.8	
Sawmills and planing mills	435.1	441.3	444.0	403.8	412.4	413.8	
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated	ļ						
structural wood products	117.6	116.3	113.4	102.0	100.7	98.	
Wooden containers	73.6	72.9	72.2	68.2	67.3	66.8	
Miscellaneous wood products	57.1	56.9	56.7	51.5	51.3	50.9	
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	332	326	327	289	283	284	
Household furniture	237.1	232.4	231.2	211.3	206.6	205.	
Other furniture and fixtures	95.0	93.9	95.7	78.0	76.5	78.	

6.
TABLE 2: All Employees and Production Workers in Mining and Manufacturing Industries (Continued)

(In thousands)

	A1	1 employee	s	Prod	uc in wor	kers
Industry group and industry		1940		. 349		
	December	November	October	December	N ember	October
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	455	458	456	390	39 3	392
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	228.8	229.4	228.1	200.2	200.7	199.6
Paperboard containers and boxes	122.7	125.6	124.2	105.1	107.7	106.4
Other paper and allied products	103.0	102.9	103.8	84.9	84.8	85.8
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED		6 6 7 7 7 8				
INDUSTRIES	738	734	735	502	499	500
Newspapers	288.4	287.6	288.2	146.8	145.0	144.4
Periodicals	52.9	52.9	53.2	34.8	35.0	35.7
Books	45.4	45.7	45.5	35.9	36.5	36.5
Commercial printing	201.6	198.1	199.2	167.5	165.0	166.1
Lithographing	41.8	41.9	41.6	32.4	32.6	32.5
Other printing and publishing	107.8	108.1	107.7	85.0	85.3	85.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	661	661	665	484	485	488
Industrial inorganic chemicals	67.3	66.5	67.1	51.7	51.2	51.5
Industrial organic chemicals	187.9	187.0	185.6	143.7	142.9	141.4
Drugs and medicines	94.3	93.6	93•7	62.1	61.5	61.6
Paints, pigments, and fillers	67.5	67.7	67.9	43.6	43.8	43.9
Fertilizers	30.8	30.3	31.8	24.9	24.6	26.1
Vegetable and animal oils and fats	62.2	63.4	64.9	51.9	53.1	54.6
Other chemicals and allied products	151.2	152.6	153.6	106.0	108.2	109.2
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	243	244	241	185	187	185
Petroleum refining	195.9	197.3	197.6	145.7	147.5	148.4
Coke and byproducts	20.0	18.2	13.5	17.2	15.5	10.9
Other petroleum and coal products	27.1	28.9	30.1	22.3	24.0	25.3
RUBBER PRODUCTS	235	234	234	187	187	187
Tires and inner tubes	104.5	103.7	103.5	82.1	81.3	81.1
Rubber footwear	27.1	27.0	26.4	22.2	22.2	21.5
Other rubber products	102.9	103.0	104.1	83.0	83.2	84.4
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	3 85	373	390	344	332	349
Leather	49.5	49.7	49.4	45.0	45.2	1 44.9
Footwear (except rubber)	249.7	232.9	249.2	225.0	208.7	224.3
Other leather products	85.6	90.2	91.2	74.2	78.5	79.4

TABLE 2: All Employees and Production Workers in Mining and Manufacturing Industries (Continued)

(In thousands)

	A1	l employee	s	Production vorkers			
Industry group and industry		1949		19kg			
	December	November	October	Dacember	November	Cctober	
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	479	477	478	413	411	411	
Glass and glass products	122.8	123.2	123.2	107.1	107.7	1.07.5	
Cement, hydraulic	42.3	40.6	40.5	36.4	34.8	34.8	
Structural clay products	77.7	76.6	78.2	70.7	69.7	71.0	
Pottery and related products	57.1	•	57.2	51.8	52.2	51,7	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		86,2	•	73.2	74.1	74.6	
Other stone, clay, glass products	94.2	93.1	92.0	73.7	72.6	71,1	
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	1,114	887	703	95 3	7 37	559	
Blast furnaces, steel works, and		} !					
rolling mills	581.8	388.8	191.3	505.0	319.6	130.	
Iron and steel foundries	199.2	195.9	198.5	172,3	169.4	171.9	
Primary smelting and refining of		1					
nonferrous metals	49.2	46.2	47.9	40.9	38.3	39.4	
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of		1				į	
nonferrous metals	88.1	75.9		72.8	62.6	70.0	
Nonferrous foundries	78.2	74.0	76.3	66.0	62,4	64.	
Other primary metal industries	117.0	105.3	103.5	96.0	85.0	83.	
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT							
ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AMD		•					
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT)	841	820	829 1	688	666	677	
Tin cans and other tinware	42.1	43.8	46.4	36.6		40.0	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware Heating apparatus (except electric)	142.7	139.1	140.2	119.3	1 15.6	116.	
and plumbers' supplies	137.0	138.3	141.3	111.5	113.0	116.	
Fabricated structural metal products	186.4	179.3	173.0	142.4	133.8	129.	
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	146.5	141.5	148.4	124.5	119.7	127.	
Other fabricated metal products	186.1	178.3	179.4	153.9	145.8	148.	
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	1,232	1,209	1,223	931	908	922	
Engines and turbines	65.9		•	48.0	•	46.	
Agricultural machinery and tractors	168.8	:	:	131.5	1	127.	
Construction and mining machinery	90.2	;	90.5	63.6	:	63.	
Metalworking machinery	196.4	195.4	197.9	146.5	146.0	148.	
Special-industry machinery (except							
metalworking machinery)	156.8	156.8	158.8	117.2	7	119.	
General industrial machinery	172.5	173.1		121.1	121.2	123.	
Office and store machines and devices	86.4	87.6	8.83	71.1	72.2	73.	
Service-industry and household		<u> </u>		1	Ī		
machines	149.9		i			107.	
Miscellaneous machinery parts	144.6	138.8	143.7	112.2	106.8	112.	

TABLE 2: All Employees and Production Workers in Mining and Manufacturing Industries (Continued)

(In thousands)

	A1	l employee	S	Pred	uction wor	kers
Industry group and industry.		1049		19"! 3		
	December	November	Cctober	December	November	October
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	762	750	753 _:	556	546	548
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial						
apparatus	294.4	289.5	289.7	206.1	202,4	202.8
Electrical equipment for vehicles	64.9	59.0	65.9	48,0	43.7	50.5
Communication equipment	275.7	275.6	270.1	200.4	200.4	193.4
Electrical appliances, lamps, and	1	1		ļ		
miscellaneous products	127.4	125.6	127.0	101.3	99.4	101.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	1,119	1,111	1,208	898	898	986
Automobiles	708.5	697.0	789.2	585.3	582.0	666.1
Aircraft and parts	253.2	252.1	255.4	184,9	183.6	187.9
Aircraft	167.9	166,6	166.8	123.4	122.2	125.4
Aircraft engines and parts	50.4	51.2	52.1	36.3	36.7	37.6
Aircraft propellers and parts	8.0	8.1	8.2	5,4	5.4	5.5
Other aircraft parts and equipment	26.9	26.2	26.3	19.8	19.3	19.4
Ship and boat building and repairing	83.2	85.5	82.7	69.4	71.5	68.5
Ship building and repairing	72.6	75.0	72.4	60.8	63.0	60.2
Railroad equipment	64.0	65.0	68.2	49.7	50.4	53.2
Other transportation equipment	9.7	11.6	12.0	8.2	10.1	10.5
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	234	234	235	173	174	174
Ophthalmic goods	25.8	25.8	25.8	20.8	21.0	20.8
Photographic apparatus	48.8	49.2	49.7	35.2	35.3	35.8
Watches and clocks	31.3	31. 9	32.2	26.5	27.2	27.6
Professional and scientific						
instruments	128.0	127.5	126.9	90.9	90.3	89.4
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	438	456	457	363	381	383
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	56.6	57.4	57.2	45.7	46.8	46.8
Toys and sporting goods	67.8	76.5		58.6	67.3	67.8
Costume jewelry, buttons, notions	59•5	63.5	64.5	49.2	53.1	53.8
Other miscellaneous manufacturing industries	254.5	258.3	258.1	209.7	213.8	214.5

TABLE 3: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries

(1939 Average = 100)

Period	:	Production-worker	4	Production-worker
16:10d		employment index	:	pay-roll index
Annual average:				
3670		•••		300.0
1939		100.0		100.0
1940		107.5		113.6
1941		152.8		164.9
1942		156.9		241.5
1943		183.3		331.1
1944		178.3		343.7
1945		157.0		293.5
1946		147.8		271.7
1947		156.2		326.9
1948		155.2		351.4
1948				7/0.0
November		155.9		362.8
December		153.5		360.7
<u> 1949</u>				
January		143.9		345. 9
February		147.4		340.4
March		145.3		352.8
Apri l		141.8		319.2
May		133.2		312.8
J une		138.4		315.7
July		136.9		312.8
August		141.1		323.0
September		143.7		335.1
October		138.8		320.9
November		137.7		315.5
MOACHIDET		140.5		331.7

TABLE 4: Employees in Private and U. S. Navy Shipyards, by Region 1/
(In thousands)

December	November	1	1	
	MOACHIDEL	October	December	November
142.8	145.8	146.0	201.6	202.7
72.6	75.0	72.4	109.0	110.1
70.2	70.8	73.6	92.6	92.6
68.2	71.4	73.1	94.1	97.1
38.9	41.8	41.4	54.3	57.3
29.3	29.6	31.7	39.8	39.8
22.9	23.4	24.3	31.6	31. 5
9,1	9.6	10.4	14.0	13,8
13.8	13.8	13.9	17.6	17.7
11.0	11.0	9.3	17.8	18.0
34.4	34.2	34.4	49.8	48.9
7.3	6.8	6.4	14.6	13.8
27.3	27.4	28.0	35.2	35.1
2.8	2.5	2.6	4.2	3.0
. 3.5	3.3	2.3	4.1	4.2
	72.6 70.2 68.2 38.9 29.3 22.9 9.1 13.8 11.0 34.4 7.3 27.1	72.6 70.2 70.8 68.2 71.4 38.9 41.8 29.3 29.6 22.9 23.4 9.1 9.6 13.8 11.0 11.0 34.4 34.2 7.3 27.1 2.8 2.5	72.6 75.0 72.4 70.2 70.8 73.6 68.2 71.4 73.1 38.9 41.8 41.4 29.3 29.6 31.7 22.9 23.4 24.3 9.1 9.6 10.4 13.8 13.9 11.0 11.0 9.3 34.4 34.2 34.4 7.3 6.8 6.4 27.1 27.4 28.0	72.6 75.0 72.4 109.0 70.2 70.8 73.6 92.6 68.2 71.4 73.1 94.1 38.9 41.8 41.4 54.3 29.3 29.6 31.7 39.8 22.9 23.4 24.3 31.6 9.1 9.6 10.4 14.0 13.8 13.9 17.6 11.0 11.0 9.3 17.8 34.4 34.2 34.4 49.8 7.3 6.8 6.4 14.6 27.1 27.4 28.0 35.2 2.8 2.5 2.6 4.2

^{1/} The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following states: Georgia, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.

The Gulf region includes all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in the following states: Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas.

The Pacific region includes all yards in California, Oregon, and Washington.

The Great Lakes region includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in the following states: Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

The Inland region includes all other yards.

TABLE 5: Federal Civilian Employment and Pay Rolls in All Areas and in Continental United States, and Total Civilian Government Employment and Pay Rolls in Washington, D. C. 1/

(In thousands)

	E	mployment			y rolls		
	(as of first of month) 1949			(total for month)			
Area and branch					1949		
	December	November	October	December.	November	October	
All Areas							
TOTAL FEDERAL	2,274.6	1,999.7	2,047.3	\$641,017	\$567,296	\$539,248	
Executive	2,262.8	1,988.1	2,035.8	636,237	562.539	534,992	
Defense agencies	799.9	814.9	860.3	227,847	230,206	2 22, 2 21	
Post Office Department	2/ 790.3	497.8	496.1	208,453	131.577	125,164	
Other agencies	672.6	675.4	679.4	199,937	200,756	187,607	
Legislati v e	0.8	8.0	7.9	3,160	3,137	2,936	
Judicial	3.8	3.6	3.6	1,620	1,620	1,320	
Continental United States		and a substantial party of the substantial par			-		
TOTAL FEDERAL	2,121.0	1,843.2	1,882.8	602,952	529,283	501,648	
Executive	2,109.3	1,831.7	1,871.4	598,214	524,568	497,431	
Defense agencies	688.6		738.2	201,653	203,434	195,446	
Post Office Department	2/ 787.5	495.9	494.2	207,707	131,088	124,700	
Other agencies	633.2	635.4	639.0	188,854	190,046	177,285	
Legislative	ε.ο	8.0	7.9	3,160	3,137	2,936	
Judicial	3.7	3. 5	3.5	1,578	1,578	1,281	
Washington, D. C.							
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	243.8	240.1	240.8	81,366	79,279	73,815	
D. C. government	20.0	20.4	19.5	5,489	5,526	5,187	
Federal	223.8	219.7	221.3	75,877	73,753	68,628	
Executive	215.2	211.1	212,8	72,444	70,348	65,458	
Defense agencies	65.9	66.1	68.1	22,253	21,577	20,137	
Post Office Department	2/ 12.2	7.9	7.7	4,393	2,809	2,68	
Other agencies	137.1	137.1	137.0	45,800	45,962	42,63	
Legislative	8.0		7.9	3,160	3,137	2,93	
Judicial	.6	.6	-6	273	268	234	

See the glossary for definitions.

^{1/} Data for central Intelligence Agency are excluded.

^{2/} Includes temporary employees necessitated by the Christmas season.

TABLE 6: Personnel and Pay of the Military Branch of the Federal Government 1/
(In thousands)

Designation		1949		1948		
Designation	December	November	October	December	November	
PERSONNEL (as of first of month)						
TOTAL	1,600	1,605	1,614	1,629	1,611	
By branch:						
Army	658	557	656	662	647	
Air Force	416	417	418	410	410	
Navy	420	425	432	449	446	
Marine Corps	82	83	84	87	87	
Coast Guard	24	23	24	22	21	
By sex:						
Men	1,580	1,585	1,595	1,615	1,597	
Women	20	20	20	15	14	
PAY (for entire month)					·	
TOTAL	\$333,542	\$328,637	\$331,512	\$294,061	\$298,271	
By branchs						
Army	124,985	123,380	123,001	2/189,237	2/191,206	
Air Force	92,455	88,346	89,342	2/	<u>2</u> /	
Navy	93,935	96,381	98,239		88,418	
Marine Corps	16,630		:	1		
Coast Guard	5,536	5,338	5.355	4,891	4,792	
By type of pay:						
Pay rolls	<u>3</u> /305,280	303,682	305,301	260,046	264,137	
Mustering-out and leave pay	8,317		2,290	5,411	6,300	
Family allowance	4/19,945	23,153	23,921	28,605	28,534	

See the clossary for definitions.

^{1/} Because of rounding, the individual figures may not add to group totals.

^{2/} Separate figures for Army and Air Force are not available. Combined data are shown under Army.

^{3/} Includes Navy family allowance-not reported separately.

^{4/} Does not include Navy family allowance (see note 3).

TABLE 74 Employees in Nonegricultural Establishments by Industry Division, by State (In thousands)

	To	tal			Mining			Contract construction		
State	1949		1948		9	1948	1.949		1948	
	Dace	Nov.	Dec:	Dec	Nov.	Dec.	Dec-	Nov.	Lec-	
Alabama					3.7.0	77. 6				
Arizona Arizona	354.0	150.0	150.3	25,8	17.8	31.6		0.0	11,8	
Arkansas	154.6	152.2	159.1	12,4	12.6	13:9	9.2	9.9	1	
California *	289.0	285.0	301.7	6.6	6.7	7.9	14,4	15.7	16,4	
Colorado	3,060.5	3,014.7	3,131.1	32.1	32.4	34.9	176,1	174,3	10000	
Connecticut	728.7	719.9	701 7	1 2/	1	2/	2/ 30.8	2/ 32.8	2/ 33,5	
Delawars *	120.1	719.9	781.3	2/	<u>2</u> /	2/	30.0	= 32.0	- 330	
Dist. of Columbia			1	!					į	
Florida	ļ	1	!			- 4	i			
Georgia 1/	762.7	762.6	780.8	6.2	6.2	5.4	34.2	37:8	32,8	
georgia I	10201	102.0	780.6	4.4	4.5	4.6	34.2	37:0	3656	
Idaho	126.5	126.3	126.1	5.4	4.2	5₃8	9,0	9,3	7.7	
Illinois *	N.A.	3,030,8	3,256,1	N.A.	45.9	48,9	106.0	117,4	113.2	
Indiana	1,159.6	1,117.8	1,236.0	14,1	14.2	15,5	44.4	49.7	48.	
Iowa		-,		2,7	2.8	3,5				
Kansas	454.3	453.8	459, 9	17,0	17.3	17.9	24.7	29.3	28.1	
Kentucky			1 255	1	1	-,,,,		1		
Louisiana 1/	İ		!		ł	1				
Maine	250.5	249.3	263.5	.6	.6	.6	9.4	10.2	10.4	
Maryland *	680.3	678.3	722.9	2.6	2.6	3,4	47.5	50.7	54,2	
Wassachusetts *	1,671.5	1,639.4	1,762.7	3/	3/	3/	52.6	57.8	65,	
	1,012.0	1,0004	10051	1 2/	্ৰ	2/	3200)	005	
Michigan		<u> </u>		Ì				Ì		
Minnesote.	778.1	779.1	799.4	15.0	15.7	15.0	33.4	38.8	34.6	
Mississippi 1/	†							i	· ·	
Missouri	1,130,2	1,109.1	1,157,1	9.4	9.4	10,6	39,3	43,1	42,8	
Montara	147.2	148.9	147.7	9.5	9.5	10.6	8.8	10,4	8.9	
Nebraska			1			İ		-	!	
Nevada.	İ		i	2.4	2.4	3,5		1	1	
New Pampshire	163.0	162.2	167.5	.2	.2	.3	7.5	8.0	7.0	
New Jersey *	1,511.2	1,489.6	1,585,9	3.5	3.5	4.1	63.4	67.2	72.6	
New Mexico	134.4	135.2	133.0	9,1	10, 5	12.5	15.8	16.1	13.0	
M		İ								
New York North Carolina	5,598.9	5,505.5	5,699.4	10.6	10.5	11.5	216.4	228.3	217.9	
		!						!		
North Dakota Ohio		i		•8	8.	.8	İ		}	
Oklahora 1/	464.3	461.2	476.3	44.0	47.7	44.2	24.5	26.8	25.9	
Oregon	704.5	401.2	7/003	44.0	43.7	44.6	24.5	20.0	230.	
Pennsylvania	3,474.2	3,357.0	3,736.8	202.9	500°5	204,8	135.7	150.7	153.	
Rhode Island	283.6	1	•	1 .	1 .		i i	•	12.	
South Carolina	203.0	281.2	294.7	3/	3/	3/	10.4	11.2	120	
	1		1	1.2	1.2	1.1			1	
South Dakota	-		Ì	2.6	2.6	2.3			1	
Tennessee	726.4	713.6	750.9	13.8	13,5	14.9	47.2	49.8	48.	
Texas *	N.A.	N.A.	1,807.9	102,3	101,9	100.8	NoA.	N.A.	119.0	
Utah	183.0	181.0	183.0	13.0	13,0	10.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	
Vermont	94.7	94.1	98.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	4.1	4.6	4.	
Virginia			1							
Washington	642.9	645.4	680.9	3, 4	3.6	3.4	33.8	38.3	46.	
West Virginia										
Wisconsin	963,9	957.5	1,005.6	3.4	3,0	3.6	37.7	41.2	39.	
Wyoning	80,7	82,4	79.0	10.3	10.3	10.7	5.0	6.5	7.	

See footnotes at end of table and explanatory notes, sections G and H.

TABLE 7: Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments by Industry Division, by State (In thousands)

	Manufacturing			Transp	& public	util <u>ities</u>	1	Trac	ie	
State	1949		1948	19		1948	15	1949 1948		
	Dec.	Nov.	Doc.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec	Deco	Nov,	Pac.	
Alabama	209.2	193, 3	221.8			!			i	
rizora	15.1	15.2	15.3	21.4	21.3	21.5	39.7	37.4	40.6	
Arkansas	68.1	69.7	76.1	31.3	31.4	32.7	74,7	70.0	75.1	
alifornia	703.2	711.7	727.1	311.8	312.5	315.8	784.6	752.2	809.5	
Colorado	54.5	55.Q	54.8	011.0	012.0	515.0	104.0	102.5	000,0	
Connecticut	349, 3	347.5	394.2	41.4	41.8	43.4	128.5	122,6	131.4	
Delaware	42.3	41.4	44.8							
Dist. of Columbia	į.	17.5	16.8							
lorida	93,1	88.0	99.2	67.2	66.0	69.7				
eorgia	266.9	268.9	274.3	65.0	65.4	70,9	172,7	169.7	178.8	
daho	19,4	21.6	20.0	16,3	16.2	16.1	35, 4	34.,5	35.5	
llinois	N.A.	1,107.5	1,234.5	N.A.	282.3	306.7	N.A.	646.7	704.3	
ndiana	502.0	473.2	557.6	99.6	96.9	165.4	245.0	234,4	255,1	
OWB	146.9	144.7	154.5	, 5 8, 8	59,5	60,6				
ansas	86.4	87.0	87.8	59.7	60.2	63,2	124,8	121.9	122,6	
entucky	N.A.	121.1	132.1							
ouisiana	129.1	140.6	154,4			1		1		
aine	100.1	101.1	109,9	18.3	18.5	19,4	51.3	48.9	52.1	
aryland	202,0	207.5	227.6	70.7	68.1	77.8	129.6	123, 8	135,1	
assachusetts	647.4	642.6	715.5	135.1	135.4	138.4	345.6	326.1	364.6	
ichigan	N.A.	905.4	1,062.9							
innesota	184,5	185.7	193.5	84.3	84,8	85.1	217.7	212,2	231.0	
lississippi	78.9	78.5	85.6	i				!		
lissouri	329.8	324.6	346.0	121.6	120.5	126.3	303,9	294,7	307.1	
lontana	17.6	19.1	18.3	21.3	21.7	21,6	39.2	38,2	39,6	
lebraska	49.1	49,4	49.2			}				
levada.	3,0	3,0	3, 3	8.1	8,0	8,5	11.2	11.0	11.2	
lew Pampshire	74.4	74.0	78.9	10.3	10,3	11,2	29.0	28.1	29.0	
ew Jersey	654.1	651.9	724.7	136.9	133,2	143,2	264.1	251.2	263.7	
New Mexico	9.9	10.4	8.9	14.2	14.5	15.1	34.1	32, 7	32.9	
lew York	1,769,3	1,763.3	1,853.1	518.2	514.2	539.9	1,282.5	1,232.2	1,303.5	
orth Carolina	400, 4	399.6	402.9	1				1		
lorth Dakota	5,8	6.0	6.1				3P.3	36,9	37.7	
)hio	1,078.3	1,010.4	1,219.3	45 -	45.	50.0		1	,	
klahoma	63,9	64,4	67.1	48.7	48.7	50.8	123.7	120.0	127.5	
regen	136.1	141.9	137,1			g	000 0	000 0	719-8	
ennsylvania	1,316,4	1,252,2	1,519.1	313.9	299.9	337.9	698,9	662.9	719 . 8	
bode Island	135.1	136.3	1,42.9	16,3	16.5	17.4	54,9	51.6	246	
outh Carolina South Dakota	200.8	200.5	208.1	10.8	10.8	11.4	38.5	38.0	39.2	
lennessee lexas	231.2	228.9	246, 6 353, 3	56.9 236.8	57.8 232.9	62 . 4 233 . 3	174.7	164.6 411.6	177.0 429.7	
Jtah	28.2	27.5	27.7	20.0	20.0	21.0	45.9	43.7	45.3	
Vermont	33.4	33.7	36.3	9.3	9.4	10.1	18.2	17.5	17.8	
Virginia	218.5	219.4	230.6	3.3	3.3	10.1	100 2	1,100	1,,,,	
eshington	161.2	165,5	169.1	62.7	63,9	65.3	158.9	154.4	170.5	
Mest Virginia	N.A.	120.8	139.5	02.1	0343	05.0	1,000,0	1044	1.0.0	
Wisconsin	380, 3	384.5	426, 5	72.8	72.7	79.5	203.6	196.1	206.3	
Wyoming	6.7	7.3	6.1	13.8	14.3	13.1	19.6	18.9	17.0	

See footnotes at end of table and explanatory notes, sections G and H.

TABLE 7: Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments by Industry Division, by State (In thousands)

1	· I	irance			ervice		Ge	vernment	
State	1949 194			1949		1948	1949		1948
	Dece	Nova	Dece	Dec	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nove	Dace
Alabama							97.6	94.8	97.6
Arizona	4.6	4.5	4.4	19.3	19,4	19,3	32.9	31.9	32.1
Arkansas	7.4	7.4	7.2	34.8	34.6	34.4	51.7	49.5	51.5
California	143.4	143.4	143.6	374.6	376.6	372.4	534.7	511.6	541.0
Colorado		2.00.1	1.000	0.20	3.010	0.20	00101	02270	3320
Connecticut	36.5	36.4	36.1	73.9	74.1	74,7	68.3	64.7	67.
Delaware			0001	1005	1202		00.0		
Dist. of Columbia	1						1	•	
Florida	30.9	30.8	28.1			1	115.5	111.9	114.
Georgia	24.0	23.9	23.3	77.7	78.4	80.4	117.8	114.0	115.
	2.50	1000	~~~				11.10	11780	,,,,,
Idaho	3.5	3,5	3.3	13.5	13.5	13.6	24.0	23.5	24.
Illinois	N,A.	155.1	152.0	N,A.	353,3	356.3	N.A.	322,5	340.
Indiana	33.1	33-1	33.3	88.8	89.6	91.0	132.7	126.8	129.9
Iowa.	1		1				97.5	92.7	95.
Kansas	15.2	15.3	14.7	46.7	46.7	47.1	79.8	76.1	78.1
Kentucky	i								
Louisiara	1			į	1			İ	
Maine	6.7	6.7	6.8	23,9	24, 2	23.0	40.2	39.1	41.
Maryland	29.8	30-0	29,6	104,9	105,5	103.4	93.2	90.1	91.
Massachusetts	76.2	76.8	76.7	3/199.4	3/198.9	3/192.1	215.2	201.7	208.0
Michigan									
Minnesota.	34.9	34.9	33,6	94.7	95,4	94.9	113.8	111.6	111.
Minsissippi									
Missouri	50.6	50.6	51.1	129.7	130.3	129.6	145,9	135.9	143.
Montana	3.7	3.7	3,6	19.2	19.3	17.7	27.9	27.0	27,
Nebreska									
Nevada	1.1	1.1	1.0	10.6	10.8	10.7	10.2	10.2	9,
New Hampshire	4.4	4.4	4.4	16.7	17.8	16.1	20, 5	19.5	20.
New Jersey	61.8	62.0	63.0	161.2	162.2	153.2	166.2	158.4	161.
New Mexico	3.7	3.7	3.6	17.9	18.3	18.0	29.8	29.1	29.
New York	382.8	382.9	380.5	709.7	714.1	707.5	709.4	659.8	685.
North Carolina	00200	00040	00000	1000	1	.00	1000	000,0	000
North Dakota	3.4	3.4	3.2				29.4	28.4	28.
Cnio	1			!	-		200.		
Oklahoma	16.3	16.5	16.2	50.3	51.3	51.9	92.9	89.8	92.
Oregon					1	1			
Pennsylvania	114.3	114.0	112.5	343.6	344.5	341.7	348.6	332.6	347.
Rhode Island	10.2	10.2	9.8	3/ 25.5	3/ 26.0	3/ 26.2	31.0	29.3	31.
South Carolina							61.8	61.2	63.
South Dakota	4.0	4.0	3.8	14.0	13.9	14.0	31.2	30.1	30.
Tenne szes	24.0	24.0	25.1	73,6	73.7	73.3	105.0	101.3	102.
Texas	73.7	73,9	71.6	242.4	242,8	233, 2	275.9	265.0	267.0
Utah	6.0	6,0	6,0	18.0	18,0	18.0	44.0	43.0	45.
Vermont	2.8	2.8	2.7	11,0	10.7	10.5	15.0	14,5	15.
Virginia	2.50			1	2021		-340		
Washington .	23.5	23.6	23.7	74,0	75.0	76.4	125.5	121.3	126.
West Virginia	20.0		200	, 250	15.0	100-4	12040		1200
Wisconsin	36.1	36.1	33.2	105.9	106.3	96.8	124.0	117.6	120.
Wyoming	1,5	1.5	1.6	9,1	9.4	8.9	14.7	14.2	14.

See footnotes at end of table and explanatory notes, sections G and H.

TABLE 7: Employees in Monagricultural Establishments, by Ludustry Division, by State (cont.d.)

See explanatory notes, sections G and H.

- The manufacturing series for these States are based on the 1942 Social Security Board Claffification (others are on the 1945 Standard Industrial Classification).
- 1/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
- 2/ The mining series have been combined with the contract construction division.
- 3/ The mining series have been combined with the service division.

N.A. - Not available.

(In thousands) Mumber of Employees Number of Employees 1948 1949 1948 1949 Dec. Nov. Dec. Nov. Dec. Dec. ARIZONA CONNECTICUT (cont.d.) Phoenix (Maricopa County) New Haven Mining Cont. Const. 5.4 5. 5. 5.3 .1 .1 Manufacturing 开开开 43.4 9.0 Memifacturing. 38,9 39.1 9.0 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 2/ 7.3 7.3 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 13.1 13.2 13.6 Trade 20,5 19.6 Trade 20.4 19,7 20.6 Finance 4.6 3.0 2.9 Firance 4.6 4,5 Service 1/ Service 8.0 8.1 8.0 9.5 9.6 Tucson (Pime County) Waterbury 1.7 1.9 Mining Cont. Const. 1.7 1.4 1.4 アアアアアアアア Manufacturing Manufacturing 1.8 1.8 38.1 37.8 42.8 2.6 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 2 2.0 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 2.6 2.5 2.0 Trade 7.9 Trade 8.9 9.3 8.7 9.1 Finence .9 Firance 1.1 1.1 •9 1.1 Service 4.9 Service 2.3 2.3 2.3 5.0 ARKANSAS MINNESOTA Little Rock Duluth Manufacturing 10.8 10.9 Total 39.3 38.8 42-9 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 2/ 3.9 Cont. Const. 1.9 2.0 1.9 4.0 Trade . 17.9 17.0 Manufacturing 10.7 10.3 13.2 1/ Finance 3.3 3.2 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 5.8 5.9 5.9 Service 3/ Trade 5.8 5,9 10.6 10.2 11.4 Firance 1.4 1.4 1.5 CONNECTICUT Service 4.9. 5.0 5.1 Government Bridgeport 4.1 4.1 4.0 Cont. Const. 3.8 4.0 4.0 Manufacturing 53, 5 53.9 67.4 Minneapolis Trans. & Put. Ut. Total 251.7 247.7 260.9 4,9 4,9 5.Ö Trade 17.6 17.3 18.5 Cont. Const. 12.7 13. 13.2 Finance 2.1 Manufacturing 62.1 63.0 65.2 2.0 2.1 Service 5.3 5,4 5.5 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 25.4 25.2 26.2 Trade 80.6 77.8 85.0 Eartford Finance 15.7 15.7 14.6 Cont. Const. 6.6 6.6 7.0 Service 28.4 26.6 28.5 Manufacturing 58.0 57.5 65.4 Government 26.7 24.0 28.1 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 7.1 7.1 7.2 Trade 39.4 37.4 38.5 St. Paul Finance 23,4 23.4 23.0 Total 139.1 138.1 144.4 Service 9.7 9.7 Cont. Const. 9.8 6,6 7.0 6.4 38.0 37.9 42,4 Manufacturing New Britain Trans. & Pub. Ut. 19.9 19.6 20, 2 .9 Cont. Const. Trade 37.8 •9 36.5 35,5 1.0 Manufacturing 22,5 22.0 27.3 Finance 8.2 8.2 8.0 .7 Service 13.9 14.1 Trans. & Pub. Ut. 14.0 .7 •6 Trade Government 16.1 4.6 4.3 4.9 15,9 15.5

See footnotes at end of table and explanatory notes, sections G. H. and I.

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1.2

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1.1

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1.2

MISSOURI

St. Louis

Manufacturing

189.2

189.8

¥

Finance

Service

TABLE 8: Exployees in Novagricultural Establishments by Industry Division. Selected Areas

			ands)				
	Number of Employees				Number of Employe		
	194	Nov.	1948		Dec.		1948 Dec
NEW YORK	Dec	aids.	Dece		1000	INOV	1001
			1	SPANISSEE (contide)	j		
Albeny-Schenectady-Troy				Chattenoora (cont'd.)			
Manufacturing	76.3	75.7	83.5	Manufacturing	37.0	37.3	37.1
		1		Trans. & Pub. Ut.	4.9	4.9	5.2
Bincheston Endicott Johnson	<u> </u>	1		Trade	16.0	15.3	15.4
City	}	·		Elzanos	2.4	2.4	2.6
V enufacturing	35.5	35.4	. 38.3	Service	9.3	,	9.2
		1		Government	7.4	7.4	7.0
<u>Puffalo</u>					1		1
Kanufacturing	168.9	166,5	183.6	Enozville			
_				Total	66,9	65.1	76.1
Elmira				Mining	1.1	1,2	.1.2
Manufacturing	128	13.4	13.3	Cont. Const.	2,8	2,8	3.1
				Manufacturing	20,3	20.6	28.3
Kingston-Newburgh-		1		Trans. & Pub. Ut.	6.5	6.6	6.9
Poughkeepsie			}	Trade	16.7	14.6	17.2
Manufacturing	34.2	34.6	35.3	Finance	1.8	1.8	1.8
		}	}	Service	8.2	8,1	7.9
Rochaster				Government	9.6	9.6	9.9
Manufacturing	93.7	92.7	105.8				
•			i	Memphis	1	1	
Syracuse	ĺ		1	Total	152.2	150,9	154.1
Manufacturing	48.3	46.1	53.1	Mining	.4	.4	.3
,				Cont, Const.	10.3	10.6	8.9
Utica-Ross-Herkinsz-			!	Manufacturing	38.6	39.4	42.4
Little Talls			i	Trans. & Pub. Ut.	16.6	16.7	16.9
Manufacturing	43,9	44.1	47.1	Trade	46.1	43.5	45.8
-	}		1	Finence	5, 3	5.3	4.9
TANKESSYE	İ		i	Service	22.2	22, 3	22,5
Chattanooga		1		Government	12.9	12.9	12.5
Total	79.6	79.6	80.0		: 1	1	
Mining	.1	.1	.3	Mashville		1	1
Cent. Cenet.	2.7	3.2	3.4	Manufacturing	32.6	32.5	32.9
) 		1				
	i	i	1	1	1	1	1 .

See explanatory notes, sections G, H, and I.

^{1/} Not available.

^{2/} Excludes interstate milroads.

^{3/} Includes mining and excludes professional corrices.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Sec. A. Scope of the BLS Employment Series The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes each month the number of employees in all nonagricultural establishments and in the 8 major industry divisions: mining, contract construction, manufacturing, transportation and public utilities, trade finance service, and government. Both all-employee and production-worker employment series are also presented for 21 major manufacturing groups, 108 separate manufacturing industries and the durable and nondurable goods subdivisions. Within nonmanufacturing, total employment information is published for 34 series. Production-worker employment is also presented for most of the industry components of the mining division.

Hours and earnings information for manufacturing and selected nonmanufacturing industries are published monthly in the <u>Hours and</u> Earnings Industry Report and in the Monthly Labor Review.

- Sec. B. <u>Definition of Employment</u> For privately operated establishments in the nonagricultural industries the BLS employment information covers all full- and part-time employees who were on the pay roll, i.e., who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. For Federal establishments the employment period relates to the pay period ending prior to the first of the month; in State and local governments, during the pay period ending on or just before the last of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded from the employment information.
- Sec. C. Comparability With Other Employment Data The Bureau of Labor Statistics employment series differ from the Monthly Report on the Labor Force in the following respects: (1) The BLS series are based on reports from cooperating establishments, while the MRLF is based on employment information obtained from household interviews; (2) persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period would be counted more than once in the BLS series, but not in the MRLF: (3) the BLS information covers all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in private nonagricultural establishments who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month; in Federal establishments during the pay period ending just before the first of the month; and in State and local government during the pay period ending on or just before the last of the month, while the MRLF series relates to the calendar week which contains the 8th day of the month; (4) proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded from the BLS but not the MRLF series.
- Sec. D. Methodology Changes in the level of employment are based on reports from a sample group of establishments, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costly and time-consuming. In using a sample, it is essential that a complete count or "bench mark" be established from which the series may be carried forward. Briefly, the BLS computes employment data as follows: first, a bench mark or level of employment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third,

changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the bench mark to determine the monthly employment between bench-mark periods. For example, if the latest complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in September, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 67 establishments employing 23,200 workers in September and 23,800 in October, the October figure would be prepared as follows:

$$40,200 \times \frac{23,800}{23,200} = 41,200$$

When a new bench mark becomes available, employment data prepared since the last bench mark are reviewed to determine if any adjustment of level is required. In general, the month-to-month changes in employment reflect the fluctuations shown by establishments reporting to the BLS, while the level of employment is determined by the bench mark.

The pay-roll index is obtained by dividing the total weekly pay roll for a given month by the average weekly pay roll in 1939. Aggregate weekly pay rolls for all manufacturing industries combined are derived by multiplying gross average weekly earnings by production-worker employment.

Sec. E. Sources of Sample Rata - Approximately 120,000 cooperating establishments furnish monthly employment and pay-roll schedules, by mail, to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. In addition, the Bureau makes use of data collected by the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Civil Service Commission and the Bureau of the Census.

APPROXIMATE COVERAGE OF MONTHLY SAMPLE USED IN BLS EMPLOYMENT AND PAY-ROLL STATISTICS

Division or	Number of	: Employees			
	establishments	: Number in	: Percent		
industry :	es (white interior	: sample	: of total		
Mining	2,700	460 ,0 00	47		
Contract construction	15,000	450,000	23		
Manufacturing	35,200	8,845,000	62		
Transportation and public utilities:					
Interstate railroads (ICC)		1,359,000	98		
Rest of division (BLS)	10,500	1,056,000	41		
Trade	46,300	1,379,000	1 5		
Finance	6,000	281,000	16		
Service:	•	ŕ			
Hotels	1,200	115,000	25		
Laundries and cleaning and		·			
dyeing plants	1,700	86 ,00 0	17		
Government:	• .				
Federal (Civil Service Commissio	n)	1,885,000	100		
State and local (Bureau of Census			_		
quarterly)		2,400,000	62		

Sec. F. Sources of Bench-Mark Data - Reports from Unemployment Insurance Agencies presenting (1) employment in firms liable for contributions to State unemployment compensation funds, and (2) tabulations from the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance on employment in firms exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their small size comprise the basic sources of bench-mark data for nonfarm employment. Most of the employment data in this report have been adjusted to levels indicated by these sources for 1947. Special bench marks are used for industries not covered by the Social Security program. Bench marks for State and local government are based on data compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while information on Federal Government employment is made available by the U.S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Commerce Commission is the source for railroads.

Bench marks for production-worker employment are not available on a regular basis. The production-worker series are, therefore, derived by applying to all-employee bench marks the ratio of production-worker employment to total employment, as determined from the Bureau's industry samples.

- Sec. G. Industrial Classification In the BLS employment and hours and earnings series, reporting establishments are classified into significant economic groups on the basis of major postwar product or activity as determined from annual sales data. The following references present the industry classification structures currently used in the employment statistics program.
 - (1) For manufacturing industries Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Vol. I, Manufacturing Industries, Bureau of the Budget, November 1945;
 - (2) For nonmanufacturing industries Inquistrial Classification Code, Federal Security Agency, Social Security Board, 1942.

Sec. H. State Employment - State data are collected and prepared in cooperation with various State Agencies as indicated below. The series have been adjusted to recent data made available by State Unemployment Insurance Agencies and the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Since some States have adjusted to more recent bench marks than others, and because varying methods of computation are used, the total of the State series differs from the national total. A number of States also make available more detailed industry data and information for earlier periods which may be secured directly upon request to the appropriate State Agency.

The following publications are available upon request from the BIS Regional Offices or the Bureau's Washington Office:

Nonagricultural Employment, by State, 1943-1947; 1948.

Employment in Manufacturing Industries, by State, 1943-1946; 1947; 1948.

COOFERATING STATE AGENCIES

Alabama - Dept. of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 5.

Arizona - Unemployment Compensation Div., Employment Security Commission, Phoenix.

Arkansas - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor, Little Rock.

California - Div. of Labor Statistics and Research, Dept. of Industrial Relations, San Francisco 1.

Colorado - Dept. of Employment Security, Denver 2.

Connecticut - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor and Factory Inspection, Hartford 5.

Delaware - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1, Fa.

District of Columbia - U. S. Employment Service for D. C., Washington 25.

Florida - Unemployment Compensation Div., Industrial Commission, Tallahassee.

Georgia - Employment Security Agency, Dept. of Labor, Atlanta 3.

Idaho - Employment Security Agency, Boise.

Illinois - Div. of Placement and Unemployment Compensation, Dept. of Labor, Chicago 54.

Indiana - Employment Security Div., Indianapolis 9.

Iowa - Employment Security Commission, Des Moines 9.

Kansas - Employment Security Div., Topeka.

Kentucky - Bureau of Employment Security, Dept. of Economic Security, Frankfort.

Louisiana - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor, Baton Rouge 4. Maine - Employment Security Commission, Augusta.

Maryland - Employment Security Board, Dept. of Employment Security, Baltimore 1.

Massachusetts - Div. of Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industries, Boston 10.

Michigan - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Detroit 2.

Minnesota - Div. of Employment and Security, St. Paul 1.

Mississippi - Employment Security Commission, Jackson.

Missouri - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor and Industrial Relations, Jefferson City.

Montana - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena.

Nebraska - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor, Lincoln 1.

Nevada - Employment Security Dept., Carson City.

New Hampshire - Employment Service and Unemployment Compensation Div., Concord.

New Jersey - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Trenton 8.

New Mexico - Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque.

New York - Research and Statistics, Div. of Placement and Unemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, New York 17.

North Carolina - Dept. of Labor, Raleigh.

North Dakota - Unemployment Compensation Division, Bismarck.

Ohio - Bureau of Unemployment Compensation, Columbus 16. Oklahoma - Employment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 2.

Oregon - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Salem.

Pennsylvania - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1 (mfg.); Bureau of Research and Information, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg (nonmfg.).

Rhode Island - Dept. of Labor, Providence 2.

South Carolina - Employment Security Commission, Columbia 10.

South Dakota - Employment Security Depti, Aberdeen.

Tennessee - Dept. of Employment Security, Nashville 3.

Texas - Employment Commission, Austin 19.

Utah - Dept. of Employment Security, Industrial Commission, Salt Lake City 13.

Vermont - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier.

Virginia - Div. of Research and Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Richmond.

Washington - Employment Security Dept., Olympia.

West Virginia - Dept. of Employment Security, Charleston.

Wisconsin - Industrial Commission, Madison 3.

Wyoming - Employment Security Commission, Casper.

Sec. I. Area Employment - Figures on area employment are prepared by cooperating State agencies. The methods of adjusting to bench marks and of making computations used to prepare State employment are also applied in preparing area information. Hence, the appropriate qualifications should also be observed. For a number of areas, data in greater industry detail and for earlier periods can be obtained by writing directly to the appropriate State agency.

GLOSSARY

All Employees or Wage and Salary Workers - In addition to production and related workers as defined elsewhere, includes workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, sales-delivery, advertising, credit collection, and in installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above the working foremen level). Also includes employees on the establishment pay roll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers).

Continental United States - Covers only the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Contract Construction - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the pay rolls of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded from contract construction and included in the employment for such establishments.

- Defense Agencies Covers civilian employees of the National Military Establishment, Maritime Commission, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, The Panama Canal, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Philippine War Damage Commission, Selective Service System, War Assets Administration, Office of Defense Transportation, National Security Resources Board, National Security Council.
- Durable Goods The durable goods subdivision includes the following major groups: ordnance and accessories; lumber and wood products (except furniture); furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment); machinery (except electrical); electrical machinery; transportation equipment; instruments and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
- Federal Government Executive Branch Includes Government corporations (including Federal Reserve Banks and mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration) and other activities performed by Government personnel in establishments such as navy yards, arsenals, hospitals, and on force-account construction. Data, which are based mainly on reports to the Civil Service Commission, are adjusted to maintain continuity of coverage and definition with information for former periods.
- Finance Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate; excludes the Federal Reserve Banks and the mixed ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration which are included under Government.
- Government Covers Federal, State, and local governmental establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, as well as all government-operated establishments and institutions (arsenals, navy yards, hospitals, etc.), government corporations, and government force-account construction. Fourth-class postmasters are excluded from table 1, because they presumably have other major jobs; they are included, however, in table 5.
- Indexes of Manufacturing Production-Worker Employment Number of production workers expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939.
- Indexes of Manufacturing Production-Worker Weekly Pay Rolls Productionworker weekly pay rolls expressed as a percentage of the average weekly pay roll for 1939.
- Manufacturing Covers only privately operated establishments; governmental manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded from manufacturing and included with government.
- Military Personnel Represents persons on active duty as of the first of the month. Reserve personnel are excluded if on inactive duty or if on active duty for a brief training or emergency period.
- Military Pay Rolls Pay rolls represent obligations based on personnel count, plus terminal leave payments to currently discharged personnel. Leave payments to former or active personnel are included under mustering-out and leave payments. Cash payments for clothing-allowance balances are included under pay rolls in January, April, July, and October for Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, and at time of discharge for Army and Air Force. Family allowances represent Government's contribution.

- Mining Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunnelling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.
- Nondurable Goods The nondurable goods subdivision includes the following major groups: food and kindred products; tobacco manufactures; textile-mill products; apparel and other finished textile products; paper and allied products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and allied products; products of petroleum and coal; rubber products; and leather and leather products.
- Pay Rolls Private pay rolls represent weekly pay rolls of both fulland part-time production and related workers who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also, includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period. Federal civilian pay rolls cover the working days in the calendar month.
- Production and Related Workers Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.
- <u>Service</u> Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms, including automobile repair services. Excludes all government-operated services such as hospitals, museums, etc., and all domestic service employees.
- Trade Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sales of goods.
- Transportation and Public Utilities Covers only privately-owned and operated enterprises engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other communication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Government operated establishments are included under government.
- Washington, D. C. Data for the executive branch of the Federal Government also include areas in Maryland and Virginia which are within the metropolitan area, as defined by the Bureau of the Census.