# EMPLIUYMENT and PAY RILLL.S 

## DETAILED REPORT APRIL <br> 1949

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## NTE

The July 1949 issue of this report, planned for issuance in September, will contain employment information for a new listing of manufacturing industries based on the new Standard Industrial Classification structure. That classification system, currently being adopted by a number of governmentel agencies, redefines a number of industries and sets up new industrial groupings. The new employment series will also incorporate the reclassification of individual establishments to reflect current product or activity, in contrast to the prewar basis now in use. The revised employment data will, therefore, result in improved comparability with other economic series. At the time that the new series are published, monthly data will be made available for the period from January 1947 to date.

Owing to the extensive revisions now underway, it will be necessary to omit the June 1949 issue of this report presenting statistics in detail for 168 industries. The Preliminary Employment Release containing sumary statistics for major industry divisions and groups will continue to be issued monthly as usual. More detailed information with respect to the forthcoming series will appear next month in the May 1949 report.

# EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS 

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| Data for the 2 most recent months |
| :---: |
| shown are subject to revision |
| $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$ |
| Explanatory notes outlining brielly the |
| concepts, methodology, and sources used |
| in preparing data for this report appear |
| in the appendix. See pages 1 - ix. |

2. 

TABIE 2: Number of Nage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural istablishments, by Industry Division
(In thousands)

| Industry division | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| total | 43,937 | 43,893 | 44,019 | 44,299 | 44,600 |
| Manufacturing | 15,338 | 15,625 | 15,777 | 15,950 | 16,269 |
| Mining | 919 | 914 | 922 | 817 | 924 |
| Contract construction | 1,937 | 1,841 | 1,820 | 1,933 | 1,805 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 3,929 | 3,912 | 3,956 | 3,974 | 4,032 |
| Trade | 9,685 | 9,525 | 9,513 | 9,576 | 9,598 |
| Finance | 1,728 | 1,717 | 1,712 | 1,704 | 1,697 |
| Service | 4,628 | 4,597 | 4,560 | 4,768 | 4,729 |
| Government | 5,773 | 5,762 | 5,759 | 5,577 | 5,546 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

See explanatory notes, sections A - H, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 2: Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Major industry group | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| ALI MANUFACIURING | 15,338 | 15,625 | 15,777 | 15,950 | 16,269 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 7,665 | 7,807 | 7,898 | 8,164 | 8,258 |
| Iron and steel and their products | 1,788 | 1,836 | 1,868 | 1,897 | 1,929 |
| Electrical machinery | 664 | 684 | 699 | 742 | 756 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,442 | 1,487 | 1,515 | 1,562 | 1,587 |
| Transportation equipment, except automobiles | 565 | 575 | 577 | 589 979 | 589 985 |
| Autamobiles | 969 | 960 | 952 | 979 | 985 |
| Nonferrous metals and their products | 424 | 439 | 449 | 475 | 482 |
| Lumber and timber basic products | 805 | 799 | 793 | 833 | 827 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products | 512 | 518 | 527 | 561 | 576 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 496 | 509 | 518 | 526 | 527 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 7,673 | 7,818 | 7,879 | 7,786 | 8,011 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | 1,220 | 1,272 | 1,313 | 1,425 | 1,435 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products | 2,307 | 1,365 | 1,366 | 1,268 | 1,334 |
| Leather and leather products | 402 | 412 | + 412 | 418 1.562 | 442 1,655 |
| Food | 1,707 | 1,694 | 1,694 | 1,562 | 1,655 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 95 | 96 | 96 | 99 | 100 |
| Paper and allied products | 463 | 470 | 476 | 476 | 480 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 725 | 725 | 727 | 718 | 722 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 758 | 774 | 777 | 767 | 773 |
| Products of peiroleum and coal | 237 | 237 | 237 | 238 | 238 |
| Rubber products | 226 | 232 | 235 | 246 | 253 |
| Miscellaneous industries | 533 | 541 | 546 | 569 | 579 |

See explanatory notes, sections $\bar{A}-\bar{H}$, and the glossary for definitions.
4.

TABLE 3: Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Mejor industry group | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| MINING | 919 | 914 | 922 | 817 | 924 |
| Anthracite | 80 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 82 |
| Bituminous coal | 407 | 409 | 417 | 309 | 419 |
| Metal | 106 | 105 | 104 | 103 | 102 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 91 | 87 | 85 | 93 | 90 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production 1/ | 235 | 233 | 235 | 230 | 231 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UHILITIES | 3,929 | 3,912 | 3,956 | 3,974 | 4,032 |
| Transportation | 2,679 | 2,663 | 2,703 | 2,744 | 2,808 |
| Communication | 731 | 732 | 736 | 731 | 728 |
| Other public utilities | 519 | 517 | 517 | 499 | 496 |
| GOVITRMMENT | 5,773 | 5,762 | 5,759 | 5,577 | 5,546 |
| Federal | 1,885 | 1,877 | 1,877 | 1,771 | 1,758 |
| State and local | 3,888 | 3,885 | 3,882 | 3,806 | 3,788 |

See explanatory notes, sections A - H, and the glossary for definitions.
1/ Includes well drilling and rig building.

TABLE 4: Federal Civilian Employment and Pay Rolis in All Areas and in Continental United States, and Total Civilian Government Eaplcyment and Pay Rolls in Washington, D. C. I/
(In thousands)

| Area and branch | Employment(as of first of month) |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pay rolls } \\ \text { (total for month) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  | 1948 |  | - 1949 |  | ! 1948 |  |
|  | April | March | February | April |  |  | February | April |
| All Areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL FEDERAL | 12,095.8 | 2,089.8 | 2,089.0 | 2,010.0 | \$540,481 | \$575,946 | \|\$518,293 | \$488, 293 |
| Executive | 2,056.2 | 2,050.6 | 2,049.8 | 1,970.3 | 530,520 | 565.652 | 508.471 | 478.773 |
| Defense agencles | 935.0 | 934.4 | 935.2 | 903.6 | 229,254 | 250.618 | 220,788 | 215,280 |
| Post Office Department | 476.4 | 475.0 | 475.0 | 438.8 | 125,308 | 124,348 | 119,978 | 100.893 |
| Other agencies | 644.8 | 641.2 | 639.6 | 627.9 | 175,95 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 190,686 | 167,705 | 162,600 |
| Legislative | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 2,720 | 2.763 | 2,650 | 2,482 |
| Judicial | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 1,30\% | 1,455 | 1,306 | 1,322 |
| Oovernment corporations | 28.5 | 28.1 | 28.2 | 29.0 | 5,934 | 6,076 | 5,866 | 5,716 |
| Continental United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL FEDERAL | 12,905.1 | 1,897.2 | 1,897.7 | 1,781.2 | 502.280 | 534033 | 481,197 | 449,295 |
| Executive | 1,872.6 | 1,864.7 | 1,865.2 | 1,748.6 | 493.019 | 524,509 | 472,025 | 440,448 |
| Defense agencies | 784.0 | 780.8 | 782.0 | 711.0 | 200,136 | 218,474 | 192,441 | 184,012 |
| Post Office Department | 474.7 | 473.2 | 473.3 | 437.2 | 124,843 | 123,889 | 219.540 | 100,543 |
| Other agencies | 613.9 | 610.7 | 609.9 | 600.4 | 168,040 | 182,146 | 160,044 | 155.893 |
| Legislative | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 2.720 | 2,763 | 2,650 | 2,482 |
| Judicial | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1,272 | 1,414 | 1,268 | 1,288 |
| Government corporations | 21.5 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 22.0 | 5,269 | 5.347 | 5,254 | 5,077 |
| Washington, D. C. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENT | 241.4 | 239.9 | 238.9 | 227.6 | 71,402 | 77,219 | 68,569 | 63.907 |
| D. C. government | 19.3 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.6 | 4,574 | 4,801 | 4,418 | 4,495 |
| Federal | 222.1 | 220.8 | 219.8 | 209.0 | 66,828 | 72,418 | 64,151 | 59,412 |
| Executive | 214.0 | 212.7 | 211.8 | 201.2 | 63.882 | 69,411 | 61,283 | 56,719 |
| Defense agencies | 72.4 | 72.0 | 71.7 | 66.6 | 20,284 | 22,190 | 19,984 | 17,244 |
| Post Office Department | 7.7 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 2,125 | 2,121 | 2,070 | 2,277 |
| Other agencies | 133.9 | 133.1 | 132.5 | 127.2 | 41,473 | 45,100 | 39,229 | 37,198 |
| Legislative | $7.5$ | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 2,720 | - 2,763 | 2,650 | 2,482 |
| Judicial | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | 226 | 244 | 218 | 211 |

See the glossary for definitions.

1/ Data for Central Intelligence Agency are excluded.
6.

TABIT 5: Personnel and Pay of the M1litary Branch of the Federal Government 1/
(In thousands)

| Designation | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| PERSONNEL (as of first of month) Total | 1,660 | 1,681 | 1,687 | 1,417 | 1,423 |
| By branch: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Army | 689 | 703 | 712 | 538 | 544 |
| Air Force | 417 | 417 | 416 | 368 | 365 |
| Navy | 450 | 451 | 450 | 412 | 413 |
| Marine Corps | 87 | 87 | 87 | 79 | 80 |
| Coast Guard | 23 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 20 |
| By sex: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 1,649 | 1,664 | 1,671 | 1,400 | 1,406 |
| Women | 17 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 |
| PAY (for entire month) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$292,447 | \$289,063 | \$290,041 | \$285,210 | \$285,011 |
| By branch: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Army and Air Force | 185,607 | 188,587 | 187,813 | 172,859 | 175,697 |
| Navy | 87,610 | 81,204 | 84,201 | 193,351 | 90,459 |
| Marine Corps | 14,380 | 14,525 | 13,591 | 14,131 | 14,233 |
| Coast Guard | 4,850 | 4,747 | 4,437 | 4,869 | 4,622 |
| By type of pay: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pay rolls | 258,961 | 255,340 | 257,503 | 247,452 | 242,969 |
| Mustering-out pay | 4,392 | 4,531 | 4,292 | 9,751 | 13,050 |
| Family allowance | 29,037 | 29,108 | 28,163 | 25,414 | 24,997 |
| Leave payments | 57 | 84 | 85 | 2,593 | 3,995 |
| Cash | 14 | 34 | 30 | 639 | 905 |
| Bonds | 43 | 50 | 55 | 1,954 | 3,090 |

See the glossary for definitions.
1/ Because of rounding, the individual figures may not add to group totals.

TABIE 6: Humber of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishments for Selected States, March 1949
(In thousands)

| State | 1249 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March | February | Jenuary | March | February |
| Arizona | 153 | 154 | 154 | * 156 | 155 |
| Arkansas | 291 | 289 | 295 | 283 | 276 |
| California | 2,963 | 2,970 | 2,996 | 3,029 | 3,024 |
| Connecticut | 729 | 739 | 751 | * 778 | * 772 |
| Georgia | 726 | 727 | 730 | 740 | 731 |
| Idaho | 119 | 118 | 123 | 115 | 115 |
| Illinois | 3,086 | 3,112 | 3,157 | 3,144 | 3,151 |
| Indiana | 1,154 | 1,165 | 1,176 | *1,194 | 1,180 |
| Kansas | 431 | 428 | 434 | 415 | 411 |
| Maine * | 243 | 248 | 251 | 256 | 259 |
| Maryland | 688 | 690 | 699 | 685 | 676 |
| Massachusetts | 1,645 | 1,662 | 1,680 | 1,720 | 1,715 |
| Minnesota | 763 | 767 | 775 | 762 | 764 |
| Missouri | 1,098 | 1,099 | 1,112 | 1,120 | 1,114 |
| Montana | 137 | 135 | 137 | 133 | 133 |
| Nevada 1/ | 45 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 47 |
| New Jersey | 1,517 | 1,523 | 1,538 | 1,563 | 1,553 |
| New Mexico * | 130 | 130 | 130 | 122 | 120 |
| New York | 5,429 | 5,454 | 5,481 | 5,538 | 5,508 |
| Oklahoma | 464 | 459 | 462 | 436 | 432 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,541 | 3,549 | 3,581 | *3,584 | 3,546 |
| Rhode Island | 267 | 273 | 276 | 292 | 290 |
| Tennessee * | 715 | 715 | 72 | 734 | 721 |
| Texas * | 1,746 | 1,744 | 1,752 | 1,670 | 1,664 |
| Utah | 174 | 169 | 168 | 173 | 171 |
| Vermont 1/ | 90 | 91 | 92 | 94 | 94 |
| Vashington | 653 | 641 | 646 | 654 | 642 |
| Wisconsin | 957 | 961 | 971 | 974 | 972 |
| Wyoming | 73 | 73 | 74 | 70 | 69 |

See explanatory notes, sections H and I.
I/ Does not include contract construction.

* Revised. Data for other monthe revised as follows:

Arizona - May, June, August, and October 1948 to 155, 155, 154, and 155, respectively.
Connecticut - April through December 1948 to 779, 777, 778, $772,774,780,780,778$, and 781.
Indiana - April and June 1848 to 1,183 and 1,207, respectively. Maine - October and December 1948 to 268 and 264, respectively. New Mexico - October through December 1948 to 130, 130, and 132.

Pennsylvania - April, May, and July 1948 to 3,522, 3,579, and 3,586, respectively.
Tennessee - June through December 1948 to $744,745,756,757$, 754, 749, and 751.
Texas - October and November 1948 to 1,767 and 1,778.

TABIP 7: Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by State, March 1949
(In thousands)

| Region and State | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March | February | : January | March | :February |
| NEW ENGIAND: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine 1/* | 102.0 | 106.3 | 107.8 | 111.2 | 114.3 |
| New Hampshire | 74.9 | 77.9 | 77.7 | 84.4 | 85.6 |
| Vermont 1/ | 33.4 | 35.0 | 35.4 | 38.7 | 38.8 |
| Massachusetts | 675.8 | 690.8 | 696.7 | 745.7 | 746.0 |
| Rhode Island | 128.2 | 134.3 | 136.1 | 153.6 | 154.5 |
| Connecticut 1/ | 367.4 | 379.0 | 387.6 | *418.1 | *417.5 |
| MIDDLE ATLANTIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 1,790.0 | 1,809.0 | 1,807.8 | 1,904.0 | 1,912.1 |
| New Jersey | 695.0 | 702.3 | 707.2 | *754.2 | 757.8 |
| Pernsylvania | 1,429.8 | 1,447.0 | 1,461.7 | 1,514.3 | 1,513.1 |
| EAST NORTH CENIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 1,163.7 | 1,180.5 | 1,190.6 | 1,244.0 | 1,243.9 |
| Indiana | 519.4 | 528.0 | 533.5 | 552.8 | 553.4 |
| Illinois | 1,171.1 | 1,191.7 | 1,211.5 | 1,253.5 | 1,267.0 |
| Michigan | 941.6 | 947.4 | 972.9 | 1,010.9 | 970.7 |
| Wisconsin 1/ | 407.8 | 411.4 | 415.5 | 432.5 | 434.2 |
| WEST NORTH CENTRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota 1/ | 189.0 | 189.7 | 191.7 | 198.0 | 199.0 |
| Iowa 1/ | 149.9 | 152.3 | 153.9 | 153.7 | 154.7 |
| Missouri I/ | 337.8 | 339.3 | 342.0 | 346.6 | 349.2 |
| North Dakota | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| South Dakota | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 11.1 |
| Nebraska | 40.9 | 41.6 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 43.0 |
| Kansas 1/ | 86.0 | 86.0 | 86.6 | 79.8 | 79.8 |
| SOUTH ATLANTIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware | 44.4 | 44.8 | 44.5 | 46.5 | 45.9 |
| Maryland | 215.6 | 218.0 | 219.1 | 228.9 | 228.5 |
| District of Columbia | 17.1 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 17.1 | 16.8 |
| Virginia | 204.1 | 205.9 | 206.3 | 213.7 | 213.5 |
| West Virginia | 126.6 | 128.4 | 129.6 | 130.9 | 130.3 |
| North Carolina | 351.2 | 358.5 | 360.1 | 385.8 | 380.4 |
| South Carolina. | 188.0 | 190.9 | 188.8 | 200.5 | 196.9 |
| Georgia $1 /$ | 263.5 | 265.7 | 266.6 | 281.1 | 280.1 |
| Florida I/ | 96.6 | 99.5 | 99.3 | 99.4 | 98.9 |

TABIE 7: Number of Wage and Salery Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by State, March 1949 - Continued
(In thousands)


See explanatory notes, sections H and I.
If Series based on Standard Industrial Classification.
Arkansas - April through August 1948 to 74.9; 77.4; 79.0; 78.8 ; and 79.6.

California - May through November 1948 to 696.5; 714.1; 742.1; 772.8; 802.9; 769.2; and 738.3.

Connecticut - April through December 1948 to 411.5; 405.8; 402.5; 394.7; 396.3; 399.9; 400.6; 399.8; and 394.2

Maine - October through December 1948 to 113.3; 110.6; and 109.9.

New Mexico - October through December 1948 to 9.5; 9.3; and 8.9.

Tennessee - April through December 1948 to 257.9; 258.5; 256.9; 256.9; 260.4; 258.1; 258.0; 252.1; and 246.6.

LABLE 8: Number of Production Forkers in Manufacturing Industries

> (In thousands)

| Industry eroup ani industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | Prebruary | April | March |
| ALL MANUFACIURING | 12,131 | 12,404 | 12,561 | 12,791 | 13,131 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 6,189 | 6,325 | 6,420 | 6,683 | 6,791 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 5,942 | 6,079 | 6,241 | 6,108 | 6,340 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND STEEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS | 1,498 | 1,545 | 1,574 | 1,603 | 1,634 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 542.8 | 547.3 | 547.6 | 511.8 | 516.1 |
| Gray-iron and semisteel castings | 95.1 | 101.6 | 105.8 | 116.6 | 119.9 |
| Malleable-1ron castinge | 31.1 | 33.6 | 34.8 | 37.? | 37.9 |
| Stoel castings | 65.4 | 70.5 | 72.3 | 72.3 | 73.0 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 26.8 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 27.6 | 28.3 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 42.0 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 42.1 | 44.5 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 25.6 | 26.9 | 27.7 | 30.1 | 30.6 |
| Wireworis | 39.2 : | 39.9 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 43.4 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 21.2 : | 21.9 | 22.7 | 23.7 | 24.0 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 22.1 | 23.2 | 23.3 | 25.5 | 25.7 |
| Herdware | 47.2 | 49.3 | 50.8 | 55.9 | 57.2 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 35.7 | 37.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 40.2 |
| Stoves, oll burners, and heating equipment, not elsewhere classified | 57.5 | 50.0 | 61.8 | 81.9 | 87.5 |
| Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 53.5 | 57.4 | 60.0 | 63.0 | 66.0 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 95.1 | 99.9 | 105.7 | 118.1 | 120.1 |
| Fabricated structural and ornamental metalwork | 63.5 | 62.9 | 64.11 | 63.8 | 63.9 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, moiding, and trim | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.5 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets | 26.5 | 27.4 | 28.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 |
| Forgings, iron and steel | 35.8 | 37.0 | 37.6 | 36.7 | 37.5 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavy:riveted | 18.8 | 19.3 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 19.2 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 31.6 | 32.9 | 33.8 | 36.8 | 36.8 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums | 6.3 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| Furearms | 23.0 | 22.9 | 22.4 | 21.0 | 20.8 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY | 486 | 505 | 521 | 563 | 577 |
| Electrical equipment | 326.4 | 339.8 | 347.4 | 376.0 | 382.5 |
| Radios and phonographs | 80.7 | 83.8 | 88.6 | 93.4 | 97.6 |
| Communication equipment | 78.7 | 81.3 | 85.3 | 93.9 | 96.5 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 8: Number of Production Vorkers in Manufacturing Industries-Contid (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 1,092 | 1,133 | 1,158 | 1,202 | 1,232 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products. | 458.1 | 476.6 | 489.9 | 514.4 | 518.6 |
| Engines and turbines | 49.2 . | 50.6 | 51.5 | 53.9 | 54.7 |
| Tractors | 59.8 | 60.7 | 61.4 | 44.8 | 62.2 |
| Agricultural machinery, excluding tractors | 75.8 | 76.2 | 76.0 | 76.2 | 75.9 |
| Machine tools | 41.7 : | 42.5 | 43.3 | 47.7 | 49.2 |
| Machine-tool accessories | 49.8 | 50.9 | 52.0 | 55.5 | 55.9 |
| Textile machinery | 38.2 : | 40.2 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.1 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 63.9 . | 66.4 | 67.7 | 72.2 | 73.7 |
| Typewriters | 15.0 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 24.1 | 24.9 |
| Cash registers; adding, and calculating machines | 38.5 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 46.3 | 46.1 |
| Washing machines, wringers, and driers, domestic | 8.4 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 16.2 | 16.3 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | 15.2 | 1.5 .2 | 15.0 | 13.8 | 13.7 |
| Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment | 66.6 | 72.9 | 73 , 8 | 79.7 | 81.0 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES | 431 | 439 | 442 | 462 | 465 |
| Locomotives | 25.2 | 25.9 | 25.9 | 26.6 | 26.6 |
| Cars, electric- and steam-railroad | 53.2 | 55.4 | 56.7 | 53.9 | 54.4 |
| Aircraft and parts, excluding aircraft engines | 152.0 | 151.9 | 150.9 | 137.3 | 136.1 |
| Aircraft engines | 28.2 | 28.7 | 28.5 | 24.8 | 24.6 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 79.8 | 83.8 | 85.9 | 122.5 | 125.8 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 8.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 14.4 | 14.8 |
| AUTOMOBIIES | 764 | 759 | 760 | 772 | 784 |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR FRODUCTS | 354 | 368 | 378 | 406 | 413 |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 40.8 |
| Alloying; and rolling and drawing of nonferrous metals, except | 43. |  |  |  |  |
| aluminum | 43.0 | 48.9 | 52.6 | 53.7 28.5 | 54.6 28.8 |
| Clocks and watches | 22.4 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 28.5 | 28.8 |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 25.1 | 25.5 | 26.0 | 27.1 | 27.6 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 25.4 | 26.0 | 26.7 | 27.5 | 27.5 |
| Lighting equipment | 27.6 | 29.1 | 30.4 | 31.3 | 33.1 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 37.7 | - 38.7 | 38.7 | 44.2 | 45.2 |
| Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere classified | 31.3 | 32.1 | 32.9 | 37.5 | 38.3 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions.
12.

TABIE 8: Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Cont'd (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| LUMEER AND TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS | 719 | 714 | 710 | 754 | 749 |
| Sawuills and logging camps | 581.4 | 576.9 | 569.4 | 611.0 | 606.9 |
| Planing and plywood mills | 137.2 : | 137.3 | 140.5 | 142.7 | 142.3 |
| FURNITURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS | 423 | 429 | 437 | 470 | 485 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings | 31.8 | 32.1 | 31.9 | 34.9 | 37.0 |
| Furniture | 229.8 | 234.8 | 240.5 | 256.2 | 263.7 |
| Wooden boxes, other than ciger | 30.9 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 36.0 | 37.0 |
| Caskets and other morticians' goods | 16.7 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 20.3 | 20.9 |
| Wood preaerving | 17.3 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 16.2 | 16.7 |
| Wood, turned and shaped | 31.8 | 32.1 | 32.1 | 35.0 | 35.7 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 422 | 433 | 440 | 451 | 452 |
| Glass and glassware | 107.9: | 109.4 | 111.2 | 121.8 | 121.7 |
| purchased glase | 12.5 | 13.2 | 24.0 | 14.2 | 14.4 |
| Cement | 36.5 | 36.2 | 36.4 | 35.5 | 35.3 |
| 3 rick , tile, and terra cotta | 76.9 | 77.3 | 78.5 | 77.9 | 77.3 |
| Pottery and related products | 58.6 | 59.7 | 60.4 | 57.9 | 58.9 |
| Gypsum | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.6 |
| Wallboard, glaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool | 8.9 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 14.5 | 14.3 |
| Lime | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 10.9 |
| Marble, granite, slate, and other products | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.9 | 17.9 | 18.4 |
| Abrasives | 18.4 | 19.8 | 20.2 | 20.1 | 20.1 |
| Asbestos products | 21.0 | 22.4 | 23.2 | 25.2 | 25.3 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEXIITE-MIIL PRODUCTS AND OIHER FIBER MANUPACTURES | 1,099 | 1,149 | 1,190 | 1,301 | 1,312 |
| Cotion manufactures, except smallwares | 465.4 | 479.3 | 490.6 | 526.4 | 529.4 |
| Cotton smallwares | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 14.6 | 14.9 |
| silk and rayon goods | 100.6 | 108.5 | 114.9 | 120.1 | 120.0 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing | 111.0 | 128.8 | 144.2 | 175.0 | 178.3 |
| Hosiery | 134.3 | 136.9 | 139.0 | 149.7 | 151.9 |
| Knitted cloth | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| Knitited outerwear and knitted gioves | 30.1 | 31.3 | 32.0 | 33.4 | 34.0 |
| Knitted underwear | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 53.8 | 54.1 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted | 89.8 | 90.3 | 91.1 | 95.0 | 95.1 |
| Carpets and rugs, wool | 37.5 | 38.8 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.4 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 8.6 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 13.7 |
| Jute goods, except felts | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| Cordage and twine | 14.1 | 14.3 | 24.6 | 16.7 | 17.1 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 8: Number of Production Norkers in Manufacturing Induatries - Cont'd.

> (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | ebruary! | April : | March |
| APPAREI ARD OTHER FINISHED THEXTILZ PRODUCIS | 1,124 | 2,178 | 1,180 | 1,103 | 1,165 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 284.0 | 289.5 | 290.7 | 287.1 | 291.3 |
| Shirte, collers, and nightwear | 69.2 | 68.6 | 67.4 | 74,2 | 74.4 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 18.5: | 19.0 | 18.8 | 18.7: | 19.0 |
| Work shirts | 16.4 | 15.9 | 16.1 | 15.7 : | 15.4 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 460.5 | 498.5 | 502.9 | 440.0 | 481.7 |
| Corsets and allied garments | 17.4 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 19.2: | 19.9 |
| Millinery | 22.5 | 24.9 | 24.3 | 20.6 | 24.2 |
| Fandkerchiefs | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads | 20.1 | 20.2 | 20.1 | 21.1 | 23.2 |
| Housefurnishings, other than curtains, etc. | 27.6 | 27.1 | 25.1 | 22.9 | 24.0 |
| Textile bags | 22.9 | 23.6 | 24.0 | 21.2 | 21.7 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 358 | 368 | 368 | 372 | 396 |
| Leather | 44.0 | 45.2 | 46.0 | 47.6 | 49.2 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 16.2 | 17.3 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 18.9 |
| Boots and shoes | 232.8 | 239.4 | 239.3 | 235.9 | 254.1 |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 9.6 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 12.2 | 12.5 |
| Trunks and suitcases | 13.3 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 13.3 | 13.9 |
| FOOD | 1,164 | 1,155 | 1,153 | 1,047 | 1,149 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 192.1 | 199.9 | 205.1 | 104.0 | 193.6 |
| Butter | 35.5 | 33.8 | 33.1 | 36.9 | 34.3 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 20.7 | 20.0 | 19.2 | 20.5 | 19.3 |
| Ice cream | 27.8 | 25.5 | 24.4 | 27.1 | 24.4 |
| Flour | 38.6 | 39.7 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.3 |
| Feeds, prepared | 29.4: | 28.9 | 28.9 | 26.6 | 26.3 |
| Cereal preparations | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 |
| Baking | 246.7 | 244.8 | 243.7 | 239.5 | 241.7 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 25.1 | 25.2 | 24.7 | 20.8 | 23.5 |
| Sugar, beet | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 5.9 |
| Confectionery | 67.5 | 68.7 | 71.1 | 67.1 | 72.5 |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | 39.7 | 38.8 | 37.81 | 40.5 | 38.4 |
| Malt liquors | 74.4 | 77.7 | 73.3 | 77.3 | 74.8 |
| Canning and preserving | 138.7 | 121.8 | 120.4 | 140.7 | 135.5 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES | 81 | 82 | 83 | 86 | 87 |
| Cigarettes | $33.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 33.0 | 32.8 | 33.2 | 33.2 |
| Clgars | 40.2 | 42.2 | 42.31 | 45.2 | 46.2 |
| Tobacco (chewing and amoking) and snuff | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
14.

TABLE 8: Number of Production Voriers in Manufacturing Industries - Contid,
(In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | ebruar | April | March |
| PAPER AND ALIIED PRODUCTS | 375 | 381 | 386 | 389 | 393 |
| Paper and pulp | 197.8 | 200.3 | 202.4 | 203.7 | 203.8 |
| Paper goode, other | 60.2 | 61.0 | 61.5 | 61.4 | 62.0 |
| Envelopes | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 |
| Paper bags | 15.4 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 18.2 |
| Paper boxes | 88.6 | 90.2 | 91.9 | 92.7 | 95.2 |
| PRINIING, PUBLISHING, AND AL工ITHD INDUSTRIES | 432 | 432 | 433 | 432 | 435 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 152.8 | 152.2 | 150.4 | 145.0 | 144.8 |
| Printing; book and job | 180.0 | 181.0 | 184.2 | 183.2 | 185.4 |
| Lithographing | 30.9 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 31.3 | 31.4 |
| Bookbinding | 33.2 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 35.9 | 37.2 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 570 | 586 | 588 | 580 | 587 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 45.0 | 45.3 | 46.0 | 48.0 | 48.6 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides | 66.3 | 65.8 | 66.5 | 64.2 | 65.2 |
| Perfumes and cosmetics | 10.9 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 11.6 |
| Soap | 25.8 | 26.4 | 26.3 | 21.8 | 24.9 |
| Rayon and allied products | 57.6 | 63.6 | 65.2 | 63.5 | 63.7 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 198.4 | 202.7 | 204.7 | 207.2 | 205.4 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 25.9 | 26.5 | 26.7 | 25.6 | 25.8 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 7.8 |
| Fireworks | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Cottonseed oil | 18.5 | 20.6 | 21.4 | 15.2 | 17.6 |
| Fertilizeis | 38.1 | 38.8 | 34.1 | 36.7 | 38.1 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 162 | 162 | 162 | 164 | 165 |
| Petroleum refining | 112.2 | 112.8 | 113.1 | 113.6 | 113.5 |
| Coke and byproducts | 32.0 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 29.7 | 30.7 |
| Paving materials | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| Roofing materials | 13.8 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 17.4 | 17.4 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.

PABLE 8: Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Cont'd. (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | : Februar | April | March |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS | 179 | 183 | 187 | 198 | 204 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 85.7 | 85.8 | 86.5 | 92.6 | 96.4 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 19.4 | 19.9 | $\cdots 20.6$ | 22.1 | 22.6 |
| Rubber goods, other | 73.6 | 77.1 | - 79.8 | 84.0 | 85.7 |
| MISCELLANEOUS INDUSIRIES | 398 | 403 | 411 | 436 | 447 |
| Instruments (professional and scientific), and fire-control equipment | 31.1 |  | 30.8 | 27.6 | 27.7 |
| Photographic apparatus | 37.2 | 31.1 37.2 | 37.6 | 38.4 | 38.8 |
| Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods | 25.9 | 26.1 | 26.3 | 27.0 | 27.2 |
| Planos, organs, and parts | 11.3 | 11.5 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 14.8 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 34.6 | 33.6 | 33.8 | 40.3 | 38.5 |
| Buttons | 11.8 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 13.8 |
| Fire extinguishers | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
16.

TABLE 9: Number of Pmployees in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries $1 /$ (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | March | February | April | March |
| MINIMG: $2 /$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 74.9 | 75.3 | 76.2 | 76.9 | 77.4 |
| Bituminous-coal | 389 | 392 | 399 | 296 | 401 |
| Metal | 94.8 | 94.1 | 92,8 | 91.7 | 91.4 |
| Tron | 33.3 | 32.1 | 32.0 | 32.5 | 31.5 |
| Copper | 27.6 | 27.8 | 26.7 | 26.8 | 26.9 |
| Load and zinc | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 15.3 | 16.3 |
| Gold and silver | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 8.7 |
| Miscelianecus | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | E1. 4 | 78.2 | 76.6 | 83.9 | 80.0 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production 3/ | 128.9 | 129.2 | 129.6 | 127.2 | 127.1 |
| mRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UIIIITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I railroads 4/ | 1,215 | 1,198 | 1,231 | 11,258 | 1,316 |
| Street railways and busses 5/ | 241 | 242 | 242 | 249 | - 249 |
| Telephone | 637 | 637 | 640 | 630 | 627 |
| Telegraph 6/ | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.8 | 36.9 | 36.9 |
| Electric light and power | 283 | 282 | 282 | 273 | 271 |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eotels (year-round) | 360 | 361 | 364 | 377 | 375 |
| Power laundries 2/ | 216 | 216 | 217 | 232 | 231 |
| Cleaning and dyeing 2/ | 88.0 | 84.1 | 83.3 | 92.5 | 90.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the giossary for definitions.

1) Unless otherwise noted, data include all employees.

2/ Includes production and related workers only.
3 Does not include well drilling or rig building.
4/ Includes all employees at middle of month. Excludes exployees of switching and
terminal companies. Class I railroads include those with over $\$ 1,000,000$ annual revenue. Source: Interstate Comerce Commission.
5/ Includes private and municipal street-railway companies and affiliated, subsldiary, or successor trolley-bus and motor-bus companies.
$6 /$ Includes all land-line employees except those compensated on a commission basis. Excludes general and divisional headquartars personnel, trainees in school, and messengers.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries
(1939 Average $=$ J.00)

| Industry group and indiastry | Employment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll Indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| ALI MANUFACTURING | 148.1 | 151.4 | 153.3 | 156.1 | 336.5 | 349.7 | 357.8 | 347.1 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 171.4 | 175.2 | 177.8 | 1.85 .1 | 380.2 | 390.9 | 02.7 | 393.4 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 129.7 | 132.7 | 134.1 | 133.3 | 293.8 | 309.4 | 314.0 | 301.9 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND STEEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS | 151.1 | 155.9 | 158.8 | 161.7 | 320.1 | 336.7 | 348.4 | 329.6 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 139.7 | 140.9 | 141.0 | 131.8 | 295.4 | 299.8 | 303.7 | 253.0 |
| Gray-iron and semisteel castings | 152.9 | 153.3 | 170.0 | 187.3 | 309.4 | 345.1 | 376.2 | 415.6 |
| Malleable-iron castings | 161.8 | 174.6 | 180.9 | 193.6 | 346.5 | 384.8 | 424.9 | 453.0 |
| Steel castings | 204.1 | 220.1 | 225.6 | 225.5 | 417.0 | 470.6 | 496.7 | 477.3 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 152.3 | 162.8 | 162.4 | 157.0 | 355.3 | 423.4 | 453.8 | 370.0 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 132.3 | 134.4 | 135.8 | 132.4 | 295.2 | 306.1 | 306.5 | 274.9 |
| Wire drawn from purchesed rods | 116.6 | 122.6 | 126.2 | 137.1 | 215.2 | 243.0 | 260.0 | 255.3 |
| Wirework | 129.0 | 131.2 | 135.3 | 137.9 | 296.4 | 312.1 | 323.0 | 302.0 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 137.5 | 142.3 | 147.5 | 153.8 | 318.7 | 338.8 | 353.8 | 364.6 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 144.4 | 151.6 | 152.5 | 166.7 | 315.4 | 341.6 | 348.5 | 372.4 |
| Hardware | 132.4 | 138.3 | 142.4 | 156.8 | 298.5 | 324.0 | 335.0 | 362.4 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 135.9 | 142.6 | 151.0 | 150.3 | 283.0 | 306.3 | 321.8 | 322.2 |
| Stoves, oll burners, and heating equipment, not elsewhere classified | 217.0 | 122.2 | 125.7 | 166.7 | 250.0 | 260.8 | 261.7 | 363.8 |
| Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 165.6 | 177.9 | 185.8 | 195.0 | 328.2 | 379.5 | 400.6 | 414.7 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 160.7 | 168.9 | 178.7 | 199.6 | 380.1 | 403.5 | 429.3 | 463.2 |
| Fabricated structural and ornamental metalwork | 178.7 | 177.2 | 180.6 | 179.8 | 378.7 | 385.2 | 394.8 | 358.7 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim | 120.1 | 124.5 | 128.4 | 130.6 | 272.3 | 281.2 | 297.4 | 283.9 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets | 173.8 | 180.2 | 185.0 | 189.8 | 381.8 | 402.8 | 413.8 | 416.7 |
| Forgings, iron and steel | 218.7 | 225.9 | 229.4 | 223.9 | 455.8 | 490.2 | 529.4 | 467.6 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavy-riveted | 211.4 | 216.6 | 219.9 | 210.8 | 464.3 | 476.2 | 501.4 | 437.7 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 175.3 | 182.6 | 187.6 | 204.4 | 370.4 | $398.0$ | 421.3 | 452.0 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drume | 97.1 | 107.0 | 113.2 | 119.5 | 260.1 | 269.5 | 301.9 | 298.1 |
| Firearms | 430.9 | 429.0 | 421.3 | 395.1 | 980.91 | 1016.1 | 1011.1 | 906.0 |
| ELECTRICAL MACEINERY | 187.5 | 194.9 | 201.2 | 217.4 | 401.7 | 424.1 | 442.2 | 444.3 |
| Electrical equipment | 178.7 | 186.0 | 190.2 | 205.8 | 383.6 | 403.3 | 420.3 | 420.5 |
| Radios and phonographs | 183.5 | 190.4 | 201.3 | 212.2 | 423.7 | 454.0 | 478.3 | 468.5 |
| Communication equipment | 242.4 | 250.5 | 262.8 | 289.3 | 489. | 506.4 | 524 | 551.2 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Imployment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECIRTCAL | 206.7 | 214.4 | 219.1 | 227.4 | 423.4 | 448.5 | 463.0 | 463.8 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products | 220.6 | 229.5 | 236.0 | 247.7 | 457.6 | 484.7 | 501.9 |  |
| mingines and turbines | 263.7 | 271.4 | 275.9 | 289.1 | 549.9 | 579.2 | 601.9 | 611.7 |
| Tractors | 191.2 | 194.0 | 196.3 | 143.4 | 342.7 | 358.0 | 366.8 | 248.9 |
| Agricultural machiner excluding tractors | 265.7 | 267.0 | 266.5 | 267.0 | 591.6 | 601.2 | 607.6 | 571.9 |
| Machine tools | 113.8 | 116.1 | 118.2 | 130.4 | 205.4 | 211.8 | 218.6 | 240.2 |
| Machine-tool accessories | 192.7 | 297.3 | 201.2 | 214.8 | 341.1 | 359.7 | 367.4 | 392.6 |
| Textile machinery | 174.6 | 183.5 | 187.0 | 189.2 | 399.1 | 423.7 | 429.2 | 441.3 |
| Fumps and pumping equipment | 256.8 | 266.8 | 272.3 | 290.2 | 564.1 | 594.0 | 619.9 | 630.2 |
| Typewriters | 92.3 | 93.3 | 99.6 | 148.7 | 190.4 | 201.6 | 220.4 | 336.8 |
| Cash registers; adding, and calculating machines | 195.6 | 207.3 | 210.9 | 235.2 | 428.0 | 456.3 | 461.8 | 504.7 |
| Washing machines, wringers, and driers, domestic | 112.5 | 114.8 | 128.5 | 217.0 | 238.2 | 236.4 | 259.4 | 465.3 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | 193.6 | 193.4 | 191.8 | 176.7 | 451.1 | 479 | 481.5 | 399.9 |
| Befrigerators and refrigeration equipment | 189.5 | 207.4 | 210.0 | 226.7 | 369.4 | 430.1 | 449.8 | 450.4 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENN, EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES | 271.3 | 276.6 | 278.3 | 290.9 | 573.9 | 599.4 | 607.5 | 601.4 |
| Locomotives | 390,2 | 400.1 | 399.8 | 410.5 | 90 | 930.5 | 891.4 | 928.1 |
| Cars, electric- and steamratiroad | 217.0 | 225.8 | 031.2 | 219.7 | 478.9 | 533.9 | 563.4 | 483.8 |
| Aircraft and parts, exclud aircraft engines | 383.0 | 382.8 | 380.3 | 346.0 | 796.2 | 819.2 | 829.8 | 695.2 |
| Alrcraft engines | 317.4 | 322.4 | 321.1 | 278.4 | 582.9 | 587.0 | 604.9 | 481.0 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 115.2 | 121.0 | 124.0 | 176.8 | 245.5 | 259.5 | 261.7 | 373.6 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 125.2 | 128.2 | 128.3 | 206.0 | 258.6 | 264.1 | 260.7 | 418.2 |
| AUHOMOBILES | 190.0 | 188.7 | 188.8 | 191.9 | 43 | 415.7 | 5 | 386.2 |
| NONPERROUS METALS AND THEIR FRODUCTS | 154.3 | 160.7 | 164.9 | 176.9 | 327.0 | 345.3 | 363.6 | 368.3 |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals | 149.9 | 148.8 | 147.1 | 1248.4 | 347.9 | 343.8 | 339.2 | 314.1 |
| Alloying; and rolling and drawing of nonferrous metals, except aluminum | 110. | 126.0 | 135.6 | 138.3 | 200.2 | 242.3 | 27.9 |  |
| clocks and watches | 110. | 112.4 | 113.9 | 140.7 | 273.5 | 279.4 | 282.8 | 336.8 |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 173.6 | 176.9 | 180.3 | 187.6 | 342.5 | 368.2 | 375.7 | 377.7 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 209.2 | 214.5 | 219.8 | 226.8 | 448.5 | 459.0 | 506.4 | 529.4 |
| Lishting equipment | 134.6 | 142.2 | 148.6 | 152.7 | 309.1 | 317.3 | 347.2 | 308.3 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 160.0 | 164.4 | 164.2 | 187.7 | 320.2 | 332.6 | 341.0 | 356.8 |
| Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere classified | 166.8 | 171.0 | 175.4 | 199.9 | 372.3 | 387.6 | 7 | 434.8 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.
Industry group and industry

LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS
Sawmills and logging camps Planing and plywood mills

FURNITURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS

Mattresses and bedsprings Furniture
Wooden boxes, other than cigar Caskets and other morticians' goods
Wood preserving
Wood, turned and shaped
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS
Glass and glassware
Gless products made from purchased glass

## Cement

Brick, tile, and terra cotta
Pottery and related producta
Gypsum
Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool
Lime
Marble, granite, slate, and other products
Abrasives
Asbestos products

## Nondurable goods

TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTURES

Cotton manufactures, except smallwares
Cotton smallwares
Silk and rayon goode
Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing
Hosiery
Knitted cloth
Knitted outerwear and knitted gloves
Knitted underwear
Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted Carpets and rugs, wool
Hats, fur-felt
Jute goods, except felts
Seerdage and twine notes, sections $C$,

| Employment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  | 1948 |  | 1949 |  | 1948 |
| Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| 170.9 | 169.9 | 168.9 | 179.4 | 427.8 | 413.9 | 395.7 | 433.4 |
| 185.4 | 183.9 | 181.5 | 194.8 | 469.3 | 451.8 | 423.1 | 471.0 |
| 173.4 | 173.5 | 177.7 | 280.4 | 420.5 | 414.4 | 425.6 | 435.4 |
| 128.8 | 130.8 | 133.2 | 143.4 | 299.2 | 310.7 | 315.7 | 333.0 |
| 154.9 | 156.6 | 155.6 | 170.4 | 330.5 | 346.9 | 343.6 | 359.5 |
| 129.1 | 132.0 | 135.2 | 144.0 | 299.7 | 313.8 | 320.5 | 336.3 |
| 109.0 | 108.1 | 108.8 | 127.2 | 262.5 | 258.9 | 263.7 | 304.8 |
| 120.0 | 125.6 | 129.2 | 145.8 | 234.2 | 256.5 | 269.6 | 300.3 |
| 138.0 | 133.7 | 131.0 | 128.7 | 388.6 | -366.7 | 350.6 | 334.2 |
| 129.5 | 130.6 | 130.7 | 142.6 | 303.7 | 313.8 | 315.2 | 331.8 |
| 143.9 | 147.6 | 150.0 | 153.7 | 323.5 | :335.9 | 344.5 | 337.9 |
| 151.2 | 153.4 | 155.8 | 170.7 | 342.7 | 356.1 | 366.8 | 367.1 |
| 124.9 | 131.8 | 140.0 | 142.1 | 279.8 | 289.2 | 313.9 | 299.1 |
| 149.9 | 148.6 | 149.5 | 145.9 | 312.2 | 306.5 | 303.6 | 288.2 |
| 132.4 | 133.2 | 135.2 | 134.3 | 320.7 | 322.6 | 329.0 | 312.9 |
| 173.1 | 176.5 | 178.5 | 171.2 | 367.3 | 384.6 | 392.1 | 357.0 |
| 147.3 | 148.9 | 148.8 | 152.8 | 310.7 | 328.5 | 342.3 | 343.7 |
| 210.1 | 149.3 | 155.9 | 178.7 | 266.2 | -363.4 | 359.1 | 467.9 |
| 211.6 | 109.0 | 110.2 | 116.9 | 304.8 | 303.5 | 296.8 | 314.5 |
| 103.3 | 103.0 | 102.2 | 96.6 | 201.5 | 198.9 | 197.1 | 176.6 |
| 238.4 | 256.2 | 261.3 | 260.4 | 485.6 | 537.1 | 556.4 | 546.6 |
| 132.2 | 240.8 | 146.1 | 158.3 | 302.8 | 334.4 | 351.9 | 378.5 |
| 96.1 | 100.4 | 104.0 | 113.7 | 237.6 | 250.3 | 274.8 | 307.1 |
| 111.2 | 114.6 | 117.3 | 125.8 | 294.3 | 319.6 | 332.9 | 374.7 |
| 88.4 | 90.2 | 89.9 | 103.6 | 206.6 | 211.8 | 214.4 | 243.0 |
| 79.5 | 85.7 | 90.8 | 94.9 | 218.9 | 239.5 | 267.3 | 287.6 |
| 70.4 | 81.7 | 91.5 | 111.0 | 172.6 | 208.3 | 245.6 | 308.6 |
| 79.9 | 81.5 | 82.8 | 89.1 | 182.8 | 190.5 | 193.6 | 203.5 |
| 92.9 | 94.2 | 94.9 | 101.9 | 222.9 | 229.1 | 225.4 | 237.1 |
| 101.1 | 105.2 | 107.7 | 212.3 | 229.5 | 256.8 | 260.7 | 261.2 |
| 99.3 | 99.1 | 99.9 | 132.0 | 224.0 | 240.2 | 235.9 | 344.5 |
| 127.1 | 127.8 | 129.0 | 134.4 | 306.2 | 320.1 | 321.3 | 328.7 |
| 138.6 | 143.6 | 146.8 | 145.7 | 322.4 | 362.8 | 370.0 | 348.8 |
| 55.9 | 72.3 | 75.3 | 82.7 | 103.6 | 160.6 | 175.6 | 176.4 |
| 113.1 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 264.8 | 262.9 | 269.5 | 275.9 |
| 110.1 | 112, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 114. |  | ${ }^{257}{ }^{2} 8{ }^{8}$ | 1n 1 |  |  |

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Employment Indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISEED TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 142.3 | 249.2 | 149.5 | 139.8 | 297.3 | 344.7 | 348.2 | 306.5 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 123.7 | 126.1 | 126.6 | 125.0 | 263.0 | 288.7 | 286.0 |  |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 93.5 | 92.7 | 91.2 | 100.3 | 225.1 | 230.5 | 218.7 | 248.4 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 109.2 | 111.8 | 111.0 | 110.1 | 287.8 | 322.5 | 312.8 | 297.0 |
| Work shirts | 116.1 | 112.7 | 114.2 | 111.4 | 288.2 | 288.5 | 289.7 | 278.5 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 160.9 | 174.2 | 175.7 | 153.7 | 307.9 | 380.0 | 394.4 | 307.1 |
| Corsets and allied garments | 92.8 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 102.4 | 204.4 | 226.1 | 224.4 | 229.1 |
| Millinery | 88.3 | 97.4 | 95.3 | 80.8 | 268.4 | 22.6 .3 | 213.4 | 149.9 |
| Handikerchiefs | 103.0 | 105.1 | 103.0 | 99.8 | 245.0 | 279.1 | 286.0 | 251.5 |
| Curtaina, draperies, and bedapreads | 112.9 | 113.9 | 112.9 | 118.8 | 275.5 | 296.7 | 289.3 | 265.3 |
| Housefurnishings, other than curtains, etc. | 247.2 | 243.1 | 224.4 | 205.5 | 569.5 | 576.6 | 533.6 | 462.2 |
| Textile bags | 181.9 | 187.4 | 190.5 | 168.2 | 402.4 | 414.8 | 432.7 | 353.5 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 103.3 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 107.1 | 222.0 | 238.7 | 240.1 | 227.1 |
| Leather | 87.9 | 90.3 | 91.9 | 95.1 | 186.2 | 195.3 | 202.2 | 197.9 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 81.3 | 86.8 | 87.1 | 88.7 | 160.7 | 180.6 | 184.4 | 173.4 |
| Boots and shoes | 100.8 | 103.7 | 103.6 | 102.2 | 220.1 | 239.6 | 239.6 | 219.5 |
| Leather groves and mittens | 95.7 | 100.3 | 97.0 | 121.9 | 185.1 | 203.6 | 201.1 | 241.3 |
| Trunks and suitcases | 160.3 | 143.5 | 241.9 | 260.1 | 342.5 | 313.0 | 301.2 | 347.2 |
| FOOD | 136.3 | 135.2 | 134.9 | 122.6 | 302.8 | 302.7 | 302.9 | 267.4 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 142.2 | 148.0 | 151.9 | 77.0 | 284.9 | 297.9 | 307.8 | 192.5 |
| Butter | 176.4 | 168.1 | 164.5 | 183.3 | 390.1 | 376.1 | 367.6 | 381.0 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 189.8 | 183.5 | 176.7 | 188.3 | 466.6 | 446.5 | 428.0 | 438.1 |
| Ice cream | 157.7 | 144.9 | 138.4 | 153.9 | 316.5 | 292.1 | c80.0 | 286.4 |
| Flour | 139.0 | 142.9 | 146.3 | 144.3 | 296.0 | 309.1 | 330.8 | 304.7 |
| Feeds, prepared | 170.1 | 167.4 | 167.4 | 153.9 | 424.6 | 408.5 | 385.0 | 337.1 |
| Cereal preparations | 155.1 | 159.7 | 156.8 | 146.4 | 345.7 | 367.6 | 356.0 | 313.0 |
| Baking | 129.6 | 128.6 | 128.0 | 125.8 | 276.2 | 269.7 | 271.7 | 250.7 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 158.4 | 159.0 | 155.6 | 131.3 | 324.7 | 340.1 | 346.4 | 275.8 |
| Sugar, beet | 37.0 | 37.2 | 41.7 | 49.3 | 84.3 | 85.7 | 98.5 | 100.6 |
| Confectionery | 121.2 | 123.3 | 127.6 | 120.5 | 270.1 | 285.7 | 290.9 | 265.2 |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | 166.4 | 162.8 | 158.5 | 170.1 | 293.5 | 283.9 | 277.0 | 289.9 |
| Malt liquors | 183.8 | 192.1 | 181.3 | 191.2 | 345.8 | 363.1 | 333.8 | 350.3 |
| Canning and preserving | 92.3 | 81.0 | 80.1 | 93.6 | 242.8 | 213.3 | [215.6 | 240.8 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES | 86.5 | 88.4 | 88.6 | 92.4 | 188.9 | 198.8 | 193.5 | 205.7 |
| Cigarettes | 121.9 | 120.2 | 119.8 | 121.1 | 255.3 | 257.7 | 239.8 | 2.54.3 |
| Cigars | 71.9 | 75.6 | 75.8 | 81.0 | 152.2 | 167.7 | 169.2 | 182.7 |
| Tobacco (chewing and smoking) and onuff | 71.2 | 72.6 | 74.7 | 77.0 | 151.7 | 159.8 | 161.4 | 161.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLI 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weokly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Ermoloyment Indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1949 |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| PAPER AND ALIIED PRODUCTS | 141.4 | 143.6 | 145.4 | 146.8 | 317.0 | 327.6 | 335.3 | 325.7 |
| Paper and pulp | 143.6 | 145.4 | 146.9 | 147.8 | 322.5 | 332.2 | 341.0 | 333.3 |
| Paper goods, other | 159.5 | 161.6 | 163.0 | 162.6 | 360.3 | 368.1 | 380.5 | 350.7 |
| Envelopes | 142.0 | 144.1 | 145.9 | 145.6 | 286.5 | 292.4 | 297.8 | 282.1 |
| Paper bags | 139.0 | 144.9 | 147.5 | 162.3 | 334.9 | 358.1 | 358.7 | 365.3 |
| Paper boxes | 127.8 | 130.1 | 132.5 | 233.7 | 279.6 | 292.5 | 296.5 | 292.5 |
| PRINITNG, PUBLISEING, AND ALIIED INDUSTRIES | 131.8 | 131.6 | 132.1 | 131.8 | 274.4 | 273.9 | 269.7 | 259.5 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 128.8 | 128.3 | 126.8 | 122.2 | 260.0 | 255.3 | 247.8 | 234.6 |
| Printing; book and job | 141.1 | 141.8 | 144.3 | 143.5 | 301.8 | 307.5 | 307.0 | 291.0 |
| Lithographing | 117.5 | 112.4 | 112.3 | 119.0 | 226.3 | 218.9 | 216.3 | 221.4 |
| Bookbinding | 128.3 | 129.7 | 129.5 | 139.2 | 302.6 | 305.7 | 300.0 | 304.0 |
| CHEMTCALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 197.7 | 203.3 | 203.9 | 201.4 | 434.9 | 449.0 | 454.2 | 422.1 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 159.1 | 160.2 | 162.7 | 169.8 | 315.1 | 311.4 | 315.5 | 315.9 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides | 240.7 | 238.9 | 241.6 | 233.3 | 525.7 | 529.9 | 535.7 | 479.9 |
| perfumes and cosmetics | 104.5 | 104.1 | 105.5 | 107.6 | 220.0 | 221.4 | 223.2 | 215.1 |
| Soap | 169.2 | 173.0 | 172.3 | 142.9 | 370.3 | 384.5 | 385.5 | 321.8 |
| Rayon and allied products | 119.2 | 131.6 | 134.9 | 131.4 | 260.9 | 294.7 | 304.0 | 274.6 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 283.9 | 290.0 | 292.7 | 296.3 | 597.2 | 609.3 | 621.6 | 591.1 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 355.8 | 363.6 | 366.6 | 350.7 | 694.8 | 714.4 | 729.7 | 648.3 |
| Compressed and liquefled gases | 223.2 | 224.3 | 225.1 | 252.4 | 481.3 | 489.1 | 490.9 | 483.7 |
| Armunition, small-arms | 144.9 | 159.2 | 164.0 | 182.5 | 280.8 | 346.9 | 385.3 | 398.8 |
| Fireworks | 238.6 | 212.4 | 227.3 | 210.1 | 588.6 | 537.9 | 559.9 | 572.5 |
| Cottonseed oil | 121.0 | 135.2 | 140.0 | 99.5 | 348.3 | 401.7 | 409.9 | 270.2 |
| Fertilizers | 202.3 | 206.0 | 180.9 | 194.7 | 593.7 | 591.0 | 506.8 | 530.1 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 153.2 | 152.6 | 152.8 | 154.9 | 340.6 | 339.4 | 339.2 | 316.7 |
| Petroleum refining | 153.3 | 154.1 | 154.4 | 155.2 | 332.0 | 334.7 | 334.2 | 310.9 |
| Coke and byproducts | 147.6 | 146.9 | 147.4 | 136.8 | 349.8 | 346.6 | 351.0 | 287.3 |
| Paving materials | 125.5 | 92.8 | 87.8 | 92.7 | 277.8 | 207.6 | 191.3 | 206.5 |
| Roofing materials | 171.0 | 167.3 | 167.2 | 214.6 | 406.3 | 379.7 | 373.1 | 495.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Emptayment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1242 |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| RUPBERR PRODUCTS | 147.8 | 151.0 | 154.5 | 163.8 | 291.4 | 298.4 | 309.8 | 312.8 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 158.1 | 158.2 | 159.5 | 170.7 | 285.2 | 287.8 | 288.8 | 286.4 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 130.9 | 133.9 | 138.8 | 149.0 | 276.1 | 251.6 | 301.5 | 333.9 |
| Rubber goods, other | 142.0 | 148.7 | 153.9 | 161.9 | 306.2 | 330.1 | 348.3 | 347.1 |
| MLSCEITANEOUS INDUSIRIES | 162.7 | 164.8 | 167.9 | 178.4 | 359.5 | 378.2 | 381.4 | 382.6 |
| Instruments (profeseional and scientific), and fire-control equipment | 274.9 | 274.6 | 272.2 | 244.1 | 589.6 | 598.1 | 596.3 | 494.2 |
| Photographic apparatus | 210.7 | 210.4 | 212.8 | 217.1 | 415.4 | 426.6 | 432.1 | 416.2 |
| Optical instruments and ophthaimic goods | 217.6 | 219.6 | 221.5 | 226.9 | 439.1 | 447.2 | 452.5 | 438.1 |
| Planos, organs, and parts | 145.0 | 147.7 | 156.3 | 170.5 | 306.5 | 311.7 | 329.1 | 357.9 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 181.2 | 175.9 | 177.1 | 210.7 | 410.3 | 434.3 | 429.4 | 487.6 |
| Buttons | 205.3 | 110.0 | 112.0 | 116.3 | 242.9 | 258.4 | 263.0 | 269.4 |
| Fire extinguishers | $202.8$ | 202.7 | 204.5 | 266.8 | 503.7 | 512.6 | 515.5 | 575.5 |

See explanatory notes, bections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABIE 11: Indexes of Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries

$$
\text { (1939 Average }=100)
$$

| Industry group and industry | Employment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roil indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -1949 - |  |  | 1948 | 1949 |  |  | 1948 |
|  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. | Apr. |
| MINING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 89.6 | 90.1 | 91.1 | 91.9 | 195.7 | 160.1 | 168.3 | 195.4 |
| Bituminous-coal. | 104.7 | 105.4 | 107.3 | 79.7 | 326.1 | 309.0 | 341.0 | 167.4 |
| Metal | 102.4 | 101.6 | 100.2 | 99.0 | 235.2 | 237.4 | 228.6 | 201.7 |
| Iron | 157.7 | 152.1 | 151.7 | 153.7 | 374.3 | 368.2 | 364.7 | 319.7 |
| Copper | 110.5 | 111.4 | 106.8 | 107.2 | 277.1 | 277.3 | 252.9 | 232.6 |
| Lead and zinc | 104.4 | 104.8 | 104.3 | 100.4 | 265.6 | 285.7 | 276.1 | 235.8 |
| Gold and silver | 34.9 | 35.0 | 35.1 | 32.5 | 64.3 | 63.9 | 66.2 | 55.2 |
| Miscellaneous | 187.6 | 188.5 | 191.7 | 182.8 | 388.4 | 1396.0 | 396.2 | 343.1 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 118.9 | 114.2 | 111.9 | 122.5 | 309.6 | 286.8 | 281.2 | 295.4 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production | 112.6 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 111.2 | 235.8 | 233.1 | 236.7 | 213.4 |
| transportation and public UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I railroads $1 /$ | 123.0 | 121.3 | 124.6 | 127.3 | $1 /$ |  | 1/ | 1/ |
| Street railways and busses | 124.3 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 128.3 | $2 \overline{2} 6.5$ | $2 \overline{2} 8.7$ | 230.6 | 227.1 |
| Telephone | 200.4 | 200.5 | 201.6 | 198.3 | 342.0 | 344.9 | 346.2 | 317.7 |
| Telegraph | 86.1 | 86.0 | 87.1 | 97.9 | 210.6 | 206.8 | 208.6 | 224.8 |
| Electric light and power | 116.0 | 115.6 | 115.5 | 111.7 | 208.1 | 206.1 | 206.3 | 188.6 |
| TRADE: 3/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 114.0 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 114.8 | 218.7 | 217.4 | 219.3 | 211.0 |
| Retail | 113.0 | 109.3 | 109.1 | 112.8 | 223.4 | :214.5 | 214.4 | 211.1 |
| Food | 112.6 | 112.0 | 111.8 | 116.1 | 234.4 | 231.7 | 232.4 | 225.5 |
| General merchandise | 128.2 | 119.0 | 118.7 | 123.4 | 244.0 | 227.5 | 225.0 | 225.8 |
| Apparel | 123.9 | 108.8 | 106.3 | 114.6 | 238.1 | 200.0 | 198.7 | 209.2 |
| Furniture and housefurnishings | 89.2 | 89.8 | 90.1 | 91.6 | 176.1 | 177.1 | 180.3 | 175.6 |
| Automotive | 108.2 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 107.1 | 220.3 | 212.7 | 210.4 | 204.7 |
| Lumber and building materials | 116.0 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 121.9 | 237.7 | 232.1 | 234.4 | 234.9 |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) 3/ | 111.6 | 112.0 | 112.9 | 116.9 | 232.0 | 233.1 | 236.3 | 233.4 |
| Power laundries | 110.3 | 110.2 | 110.8 | 118.3 | 221.2 | 219.2 | 219.8 | 231.5 |
| Cleaning and dyeing | 151.2 | 144.5 | 143.3 | 159.0 | 308.9 | 278.9 | 271.1 | 308.0 |

See footnotes, table 9, and explanatory notes, sections $C, F$, and $G$.
1/ Source: Interstate Commerce Comiseion. Pay-roll data are not available.
$\overline{2} /$ Data include all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors.
3/ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

Sec. A. Scope of Employment Ad,justmenta - The employment data shown in this report for the industry divisions (e.g., manufacturing, mining, etc.) and industry groups (e.g., iron and steel, electrical machinery, etc.) have been adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency data through 1946 and have been carried forward from 1946 bench-mark leve.ls, thereby providing consistent series.

Sec. B. Sources of Bench-Mark Data - In preparing data for private employment prior to 1939, the various industrial censuses taken by the Bureau of the Census were used as sources of bench-mark data. Data obtained from the Federal Secuxity Agency are the main bases for 1946 bench marks. Bench mariss for State and local government are baeed on reports compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while information on Federal Government employment is made available by the U. S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Commerce Comission is the source for Class I railroads, and the U. S. Maritime Commission for water transportation.

Sec. C. Adjustments of Production-Worker Series Data for the manufacturing major industry groups have been adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency data through 1946 and have been carried forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent series. Data for the individual manufacturing industries, with the exception of the industries in the transportation equipment except automobiles group, have been adjusted to 1946 bench-mark levels. In the nonmanufacturing industries, the entire seriea of mining induetries have been adjusted to 1946 bench-mark levels.

Since the data shown in this report cover only the current months, a set of summary sheets for each industry presenting comparable figures from January 1939 to date, by months, will be provided upon request to the Bureall of Labor Statistics. Such requests should specify the series desired.

Sec. D. Employment Methodology : Changes in the level of employment are based on reports from a sample group of establishments, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costly and time-consuming. In using a sample, it is essential that an accurate base be established from which the seriee may be carried forward. This base or "bench mark" is either a complote count or a figure with a satisfactory degree of accuracy. When a new bench mark becomes available, data prepared since the last
bench mark are reviewed to determine if any adjustment of level is required. This is the basic principle of the employment series prepared by the BLS. It yields a satisfactory compromise between a slow but highly accurate complete count on the one hend, and a rapid but less accurate sample count on the other.

Briefly, the BLS computes employment data as follows: first, a bench mark or level of employment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third, changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the bench mark to determine the monthly employment between benchmark periods. For example, if the latest complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in September, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 13 establishments employing 23,200 workers in September and 23,800 in October, the October figure would be prepared as follows:

$$
40,200 \times \frac{23,800}{23,200}=41,240
$$

In general, then, the month-to-month changes in employment reflect the fluctuations shown by establishments reporting to the BLS.

Why Adjustments Are Necessary - Because reports are not immediately available from new firms, they are frequently introduced into the BLS sample after they have been in operation for some time. This lapse of time produces a rather consistent understatement which becomes larger from year to year. It is important, therefore, that data not be allowed to go uncorrected for too long a period. The most recent adjustments correct for the downward bias that had accumulated in the nonmanufacturing series beginning January 1945 and in the manufacturing series beginning January 1946. Adjustments in some industry divisions were made in order to incorporate greater refinements in methodology and new source materials that have become available.

Sec. E. Comparability With Other Types of Employment Data - The Bureau of Labor Statistics employment series are based upon reports submitted by cooperating establishments and therefore differ from employment information obtained by household interviews, such as the Monthly Report of the Labor Force. The BLS series of employment in nonagricultural setablishments differ from the Monthly Report of the Labor Force total nonagricultural employment figures in several important respects.

For example: (1) The BLS information covers all full- and parttime wage and salary workers in private nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month; in Federal establishments during the pay period ending just before the first of the month; and in State and local government during the pay period snding on or just before the last of the month. Persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period would be counted more than once; (2) Proprietors, selfemployed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Sec. F. Pay-Roll Indexes - Cooperating establishments are instructed to report pay rolls of production or nonsupervisory workers prior to deduction for old age and unemployment insurance, withholding taxes, bonds, and union dues. Pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken is included. Respondents are instructed to exclude pay for vacations not taken as well as cash estimates of any payments in kind. Bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period, are also excluded.

The methodology for obtaining pay-roll indexes is similar to that for amployment. Sample changes showing ronthly movements are used in projecting established bench marks to secure current pay-roll figures. These paymroll figures are converted into indexes, using the 1939 average as a base.

Sec. G. Source of Data - Employment and pay-roll data are based on reports from cooperating establishments. The approximate number of establishments, and workers covered, for each industry division is as follows:

Approximate Coverage of BLS Employmerit and Pay-Roll Sample

| Industry division $:$ | : Number :of estabm: :11shments: | Employees or production workers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | : Percent of total |
| Manufacturing | 34,300 | 7,54?,000 | 56 |
| Mining | 2,700 | 407,000 | 52 |
| Contract conotruction | 12,500 | 480,000 | 22 |
| Public utilities | 7,500 | 933,000 | 78 |
| Trade: |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 12,800 | 360,000 | 20 |
| Retail | 37,900 | 1,097,000 | 25 |
| Service: |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 1,200 | 131,000 | 35 |
| Power laundries and cleaning and dyeing | g 1,600 | 67.000 | 21 |

Sec. H. Coverage of Employment Data - The employment series shown in tables $1,2,3,6$, and 7 cover all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persous, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed Forces are oxcluded. The figures and indexes shown in tables 8 and 10 refer to production and related workers as defined in the glossary.

Sec. I. State Employment - State data ase prepared in cooperation with various State Agencies as indicated below. The series for manufacturing have been adjusted to recent data made available under the Federal Social Security program. Since some States have adjusted to more recent bench marks than others, and because varying methods of computation are used, the total of the State series differs from the national total (see tables 1 and 2). Because of these recent revisions the State data for manufacturing are not consistent with the unrevised data shown prior to June 1947 for total employment in nonagricultural establishments, by State. A number of States also make available more detailed industry data and information for earlier periods which may be secured directly upon request to the appropriate State Agency. Nonagricultural employment, by State, for those States which are now publishing such series are shown in table 6 and are consistent with the manufacturing data in table 7. As nonagricultural data for additional States become available, they will be shown in table 6 .

The following publications are available upon request from the BLS Regional Offices or the Bureau's Washington Office:

Nonagricultural Employment, by State, 1943-1947.
Employment in Manufacturing Industries, by State, 1943-1946.

Total Employment in Manufacturing Industriee by State, 1947.

## COOPERATING STATE AGENCIES

Alabama - Dept. of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 5.<br>Arizona - Unemployment Compensation Div., Employment Security Commission, Phoenix.<br>Arkansas - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor, Little Rock. California - Div. of Labor Statistics and Research, Dept. of Industrial Relations, San Francisco 3.<br>Connecticut - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor and Factory Inspection, Hartford 15.

Delaware - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1, Pa.
Florida - Unemployment Compensation Div., Industrial Commission, Tallahassee.
Georgia - Employment Security Agency, Dept. of Labor, Atlanta 3. Idaho - Employment Security Agency, Induatrial Accident Board, Boise. Illinois - Div. of Placement and Unemployment Compensation, Chicago 54. Indiana . Employment Security Div., Indianapolis 4.
Iowa - Employment Security Commission, Des Moines 9.
Kansas - Employment Security Div., State Labor Dept., Topekz. Kentucky - Dept. of Economic Security, Frankfort.
Iouisiana - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor, Baton Rouge 4.
Maine - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Augusta.
Maryland - Dept. of Enployment Security, Baltimore 2.
Massachusette - Div. of Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industries, Boston 10.
Michigan - Dept. of Labor and Induatry, Lansing 13.
Minnesota - Div. of Employnent and Security, Dept. of Social Security, St. Paul 1.
Missouri - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor and Industrial Relations, Jefferson City.
Montana - Unemployment Compensation Comaiseion, Helena.
Nebraska - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor, Lincoln 1.
Nevada - Employment Security Dept., Carson City.
New Hempshire - Unemployment Compensation Div., Bureau of Labor, Concord.
New Tersey - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Trenton 8.
Now Mexico - Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque.
New York - Div. of Placement and tmemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, New Tork 17.
North Carolina - Dept. of Labor, Raleigh.
North Dakota - Unemployment Compensation Division and Employment Service, Bismarck.
Oklahoma - Employment Security Commisaion, Oklahoma City 2.
Pennaylvania - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1 (mfg.): Bureau of Research and Information, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg (nonmfg.)
Hhode Island - Div. of Census and Information, Dept. of Labor, Providence 2.
South Dakota - Employment Security Dept., Aberdeen.
Tennessee - Dept. of Employment Security, Nashville 3.
Texas - Bureau of Business Research, University of Texas, Austin 12.
Utah - Dept, of Employment Security, Industrial Comission, Salt Lake City 13.
Vermont - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier. Virginia - Div, of Fesearch and Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Richmond 21.
Waehington - Ermployment Security Dept., Olympia. Wisconsin - Statistical Dept., Industrial Comission, Madison 3. Wyoming - Employment Security Comission, Casper.

## BLS REGIONAL OFFICES

New England: Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Old South Bldg., 294 Washington St., Boston 33, Massachusetts (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont).
North Atlantic: Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statisícs, Room 1000, 341 Ninth Avenue, New York 1, New York (Delaware, Diatrict of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Fennsylvania).
Southern: Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistice, 1020 Grant Bldg., Forsyth and Walton Streets, Atlanta 3, Georgia (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennossee, Texas, Virginia).
North Central: Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 312, 226 W. Jeckson Blvd., Chicago 6, Illinois (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, West Virginia, Wisconsin).
Pacific-Rocky Mountain: Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 550 Federal Office Bldg., Fulton and Leavenworth Streets, San Francisco 2, California (Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Uteh, Washington, Wyoming).

## GLOSSARY

Continental United States-Covers only the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Contract Construction - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the pay rolls of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded.

Defense Agencie日 - Covers civilian employees of the National Military Establishment, Maritime Commission, National Advisory Coumittee for Aeronautics, The Panama Canal, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Philippine War Damage Commission, Selective Service System, War Assets Administration, Office of Defense Tranoportation, National Security Resources Board, National Security Council.

Family Allowances - Represents the Government's contribution; the amount contributed by the personnel is included under pay rolls.

Federal Government-Executive Branch - Includes U. S. Navy Yards, Federal arsenals, and force-account construction. Fourth-class postmasters are included under the executive branch in table 4, but are excluded from the government data shown in tables 1 and 3.

Employment shown here for the executive branch differs from data published by the U. S. Civil Service Commisaion in the following respects: (1) Employment collected and published by the Civil Service Commission as of the last day of the monch, is here presented as of the first day of the next month; (2) substitute rural mall carriers are excluded; (3) employment in December of each year includes the additional postal employees necessitated by the Christmas season, excluded from published Civil Service Comission figures starting 1942; (4) seamen and trainees who are hired and paid by private steamship companies having contracts with the Maritime Commission are excluded; (5) the Panama Railroad Company is shown here under Government corporations but is included under the executive branch by the Civil Service Commission.

Finance - Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate; excludes the Federal Reserve District Banks and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration.

Government - Covers Federal, State, and local goverrmental establishments performing legislative, executive: and judicial functions, as well as all government-owned and operated establishments and institutions (arsenals, navy yards, hospitals, etc.), government corporations, and government force-account construction. The data shown in tables 1 and 3 exclude fourthclass postmasters because they presumably have other major jobs.

Government Corporations - Covers only three corporations: The Panama Railroad Company, the Federal Reserve Banks, and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration. All other corporations are included under the executive branch.

Indexes of Production-Worker Employment - Number of production workers expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939.

Indexes of Production-Worker Weekly Pay Rolls - Production-worker weekly pay rolls expressed as a percentage of the average weekly pay roll for 1939.

Leave Payments - Payments were authorized by Public Law 704 of the 79th Congress and were continued by Public Law 254 of the 80th Congress to enlisted personnel who were discharged prior to September 1, 1946 for accrued and unused leave and to officers and enlisted personnel then on active duty for leave accrued in excess of 60 days. Value of bonds represents face value; interest is paid in addition when bonds are cashed. Lump-sum payments for terminal leave, which were authorized by Fublic Law 350 of the 80th Congress, and were started October 1947, are excluded here and included under pay rolls.

Manufacturing - Covers only privately owned establishments; governmental manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded.

Military Personnel - Represents persons on active duty as of the first of the month. Reserve personnel are excluded if on inactive duty of if on active duty for a brief training or emergency period.

Military Pay Rolls - Represent pay roll obligations based on an average monthly personnel count, plus luxp-sum payments for terminal leave. Pay rolls for the Navy and Coast Guard include cash payments for clothing-silowance balances in January, April, July, and October.

Mining - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunnelling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil "ells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

Nonagricultural Establishments - Governmental or private business establishments; (1) that are physically located within continental United States; and (2) whose principal activity can be classified under one of the following industry divieions manufacturing, mining, contract construction, transportation and public utilities, trade, finance, service, or government.

Pay Rolls - Private pay rolls represent weekly pay rolls of both full- and part-time production and related warkers (or nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors) who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the l5th of the month, before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues, but after deductions for damaged work. Includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reportied, value of payments in kind, and bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period. In coal mining portal-to-portal pay is included.

Federal civilian pay rolls are for all employses before deductions for income tax, retirement, and bonds, and cover the working daye in the calendar year.

Production and related workers - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations. Exc.ludes supervisory employees (above the working foreman level) and their clerical staffs, routemen, salesmen, and other groups of nonproduction workers defined below under wage and salary workers.

Service - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms. Excludes automobile repair services, government-owned and operated hospitals, museums, etc., and domestic service.

Trade - Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling mexchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household coneumption, and rendering services incidental to the sales of goods. Includes auto sepair services.

Trensportation and public utilities - Covers only privately owned and cperated enterprises engaged in providing all types of trensportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other commanication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Govern-ment-owned and operated estabilishments are included under government.

Wage and salary workers - In addiftion to production and related workers as defined above, includes workers ongaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, ete.), professional and technical activities, sales, salesdelivery, advertising, credit, collection, and in installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above ths working foreman level), and other workers not included as production workers. Also includes employees on the establishment pay roll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (forceaccount construction workers).

Wage earner - See production workers.
Washington, D. C. - Data for the executive branch of the Pederal Government also include areas in Maryland and Virginia which are within the metropolitan area, as defined by the Bureau of the Census.

