# EMPLIUYMETT and PAY RILLLLS 

## DETAILED REPORT DECEMBER 1948

Prepared by
Division of Employment and Occupational Outlook Branch of Employment Statistics

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Data for the 2 most recont months shown ere subject to ievision * * * * * * * * * * *

Hxplanatory notes outlining briafly the concepts, methodolozy, and sources used in preparing data for this report appear in the appendix. See pages $i-1 x$.
2.

TABLI 1: Estimated Number of Wace and Salary Wcrkers in Nonagricultural Establishments, by Industry Division
(In thousands)

| Industry division | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | November | Dctober | December | Novamber |
| TOTAL | 46,087 | 45,735 | 45,877 | 45,618 | 44,918 |
| Manufacturing | 16,278 | 16,455 | 16,597 | 16,354 | 16,256 |
| Mining | 939 | 938 | 941 | 925 | 923 |
| Contract construction | 2,078 | 2,162 | 2,206 | 1,978 | 2,046 |
| Tranaportation and public utilities | 4,067 | 4,066 | 4,091 | 4,071 | 4,077 |
| Trade | 10,380 | 10,036 | 9,889 | 10,288 | 9,886 |
| Finance | 1,723 | 1,720 | 1,723 | 1,676 | 1,673 |
| Service | 4,628 | 4,644 | 4,641 | 4,688 | 4,670 |
| Government | 5,994 | 5,714 | 5,789 | 5,638 | 5,387 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A-H$, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 2: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers In Manufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Major industry eroup | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | November | October | December | November |
| ALL MAMUPACIURTNG | 16,278 | 16,455 | 16,597 | 16,354 | 16,256 |
| DURABIER GOODS | 8,228 | 8,299 | 8,318 | 8,274 | 8,194 |
| Iron and steel and their products | 1,936 | 1,952 | 1,955 | 1,922 | 1,908 |
| Electrical machinery | 730 | 735 | 731 | 773 | 772 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,561 | 1,563 | 1,569 | 1. 588 | 1,569 |
| Transportation equipment, except automobiles | 585 | 588 | 583 | 591 | 578 |
| Automobiles | 985 | 973 | 982 | 983 | 961 |
| Nonferrous metals and their products | 468 | 474 | 473 | 482 | 479 |
| Lumber and timber basic prolucts | 875 | 908 | 918 | 829 | 828 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products | 549 539 | 562 | 562 | 578 | 573. |
| Stone, clay, and elass products | 539 | 544 | 545 | 527 | 526 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 8,050 | 8,156 | 8,279 | 8,080 | 8,062 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | 1,357 | 1,368 | 1,371 | 1,409 | 1,391 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products | 1,324 | 1,338 | 1,353 | 1,305 | 1,277 |
| Leather and leather products | 409 | + 408 | 421 | 446 | 442 |
| Food | 1,787 | 1,840 | 1,931 | 1,735 | 1,769 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 100 | 103 | 103 | 102 | 104 |
| Paper and allied products | 491 | 493 | 491 | 484 | 479 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 738 | 734 | 735 | 732 | 726 |
| Chomicals and allied products | 188 | 790 | 789 | 778 | 777 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 240 | 242 | 240 | 238 | 239 |
| Rubber products | 246 | 249 | 248 | 261 | 259 |
| Miscellaneous industries | 570 | 591 | 597 | 590 | 599 |

See explanatgry notes, sections A - H, and the glossary for definitions.
4.

TABLE 3: Estimated Mumber of Wage and Salary Warkers in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Major industry eroup | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dacember | November | October | December | November |
| MINING | 939 | 938 | 941 | 925 | 923 |
| Anthracite | 82 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 81 |
| Bituminous coal | 423 | 421 | 422 | 421 | 417 |
| Metal | 101. | 99 | 103 | 100 | 100 |
| Quarrying and nommetallic | 93 | 95 | 96 | 94 | 96 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production 1/ | 240 | 241 | 1. 238 | 229 | 229 |
| TTKANSPORTATION AND PWBLIC UIIIITITRS | 4,067 | 4,066 | 4,091 | 4,071 | 4,077 |
| Transportation | 2,810 | 2,809 | 2,836 | 2,858 | 2,872 |
| Communication | 740 | 740 | 740 | 719 | 713 |
| Other public utilities | 517 | 917 | 515 | 494 | 492 |
| GOVERIMMEITP | 5,994 | 5,714 | 5,789 | 5,638 | 5,387 |
| Federal | 2,156 | 1,855 | 1,875 | 1,985 | 1,751 |
| State and local | 3,838 | 3,898 | 3,914 | 3,653 | 3,636 |

See explanatory notes; sections A - H, and the glossaxy for definitions.
1/ Includes well drilling and rig building.

TABLS 4: Federal Civilian Employment and. Pay Rolis in 111 Areas and in Continental United States, and Total Civilian Govermment Employment and Pay Rolls in Washington, D. C. 1/
(In thousands)

| Area and branch | Employment(as of first of month) |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pay ropls } \\ \text { (total for month) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2948 |  |  | 1947 | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |
|  | December: | November: | Ootober | December | December: | Hovember | October | December |
| A11 Areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL PEDERAL | 2,375.2 | 2,083.6 | 2,076.0 | 2,229.1 | \$622,697 | \$546,167 | \% 533,834 | \$531,452 |
| Executive | 2,336.1 | 2,044.2 | 2,036.9 | 2,189.4 | 612.576 | 536,279 | 523.860 | 521,924 |
| Defense agencies | 937.5 | 939.5 | 931.9 | 894.8 | 231,358 | 231,426 | 225,675 | 214,051 |
| Post office Department | 754.1 | 459.7 | 458.4 | 667.9 | 202,564 | 125,130 | 124,095 | 143.537 |
| Other agencles | 644.5 | 645.0 | 646.6 | 626.7 | 178,654 | 279.723 | 274,090 | 164,336 |
| Legislative | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 2,722 | 2,683 | 2,656 | 2,462 |
| Judicial | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1.468 | 1.419 | 1,454 | 1,336 |
| Government corporations | 28.3 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 29.2 | 5,931 | 5.786 | 5,864 | 5.730 |
| Continental |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL PEDERAL | 2,176.3 | 1,876.5 | 2,868.9 | 2,005.6 | 582,475 | 506,385 | 491,289 | 491,727 |
| Executive | 2,144.0 | 1,843.9 | 2,836.3 | 1,973.1 | 572,998 | 497,155 | 482,046 | 482,884 |
| Defense agencies | 777.5 | 770.3 | 762.7 | 788.1 | 200,401 | 200,689 | 192,530 | 182,109. |
| Post office Department | 751.2 | 458.0 | 456.7 | 665.7 | 201,796 | 124,667 | 123,633 | 143,057 |
| Other agencies | 615.3 | 615.6 | 616.9 | 599.3 | 170,801 | 171,799 | 165,883 | 157,718 |
| Legislative | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 2,722 | 2,683 | 2,656 | 2,462 |
| Jualcial | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1,428 | 1,379 | 1.413 | 1,301 |
| Government corporations | 21.6 | 21.7 | 21.8 | 22.1 | 5.327 | 5,168 | 5,174 | 5,080 |
| Washington, D.C. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENT | 242.4 | 236.5 | 234.6 | 224.4 | 74,374 | 73.235 | 70.755 | 64,111 |
| D. C. government | 18.8 | 29.1 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 4.742 | 4.526 | 4,450 | 4.570 |
| Federal | 222.6 | 217.4 | 216.0 | 206.0 | 69,632 | 68,609 | 66,305 | 59,541 |
| Executive | 214.7 | 209.4 | 208.0 | 198.4 | 66,666 | 65.695 | 63.421 | 56,861 |
| Defense agencies | 72.2 | 71.2 | 70.6 | 64.7 | 21,448 | 21,582 | 20,909 | 17,235 |
| Post Office Department | 10.8 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 10.2 | 3,850 | 2,749 | 2,684 | 3,135 |
| Other agencies | 131.7 | 230.6 | 229.8 | 123.5 | 41.368 | 41,364 | 39,828 | 36,491 |
| Legislative | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 2,722 | 2,683 | 2,656 | 2,462 |
| Judicial | .6 | .6 | .6 | .6 | 244 | 231 | 228 | 218 |

See the glossary for definitions.

## 2/ Data for Central Intelilgence Agency are exciuded.

6. 

TABLE 5: Personnel and Pay of the Military Branch of the Federal Government 1/ (In thousands)

| Desicnation | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decerbor | November | October | December | November |
| PERSOMEL (as:of first of month) <br> Totai | 1,628 | 1,610 | 1,584. | 1,463 | 1,490 |
| By branch: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Army | 662 | 647 | 636 | 2/911 | $\triangle 1920$ |
| Air Force | 410 | 410 | 406 | $2 /$ | - $2 /$ |
| Navy | 449 | 446 | 438 | 445 | 459 |
| Marine Corps | 85 | 85 | 84 | 87 | 92 |
| Coast Guard | 22 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 19 |
| By sex: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 1,613 | 1. 5996 | 1,571 | 1,446 | 1,473 |
| Women | 15 | 14 | 13 | 17 | 18 |
| PAY (for entire month) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$297,037 | \$299,787 | \$294, 843 | \$300,257 | \$309,705 |
| By branch: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Army and Air Force | 189,237 | 191,206 | 183,593 | 183,983 | 186,912 |
| Mavy | 88,592 | 89,234 | 91,927 | 97,645 | 102,562 |
| Marine Corps | 14,317 | 14,555 | 14,667 | 14,427 | 16,046 |
| Coast Guord | 4,891 | 4,792 | 4,657 | 4,202 | 4,184 |
| By type of pay: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pay rolls | 262,975 | 264,953 | 259,175 | 246,532 | 252,112 |
| Mustering-out pay | 5,201 | 5,733. | 5,818 | 13,293 | 9,117 |
| Family allowance | 28,671 | 28,534. | 28,253 | 23,827 | 23,127 |
| Leave payments | 190 | 567 | 1,598 | 16,605 | 25,349 |
| Cash | 133 | 166 | 366 | 2,866 | 3,982 |
| Bonds | 56 | 401 | 1,231 | 13,739 | $21,367$ |

See the glossary for definitions.
1/ Because of rounding, the individual fleures may not add to group totals.
2/ Separate figures for Army and Air Force not available, combined data shown undex Army.
enblir 6: Eetimated Number of Wage and Selary Workera In Momagricultural Rstabliahments for Seloctad States
(In thouaarids)

| State | 1.948 |  |  | 2947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ifcrenber | Catober | September | November | October |
| Arizona | 256 | 156 | 154. | 148 | 146 |
| California | 3,056 | 3,129 | 3,160 | 3,071 | 3,086 |
| Comnecticut | . 774 | 776 | 771 | 782 | 780 |
| Georgia | 747 | 750 | 745 | 742 | 735 |
| Idaho | 132 | 134 | 132 | 185 | 126 |
| Illinois | 3,231 | 3,220 | 3,215 | 3.100 | 3,166 |
| Tndiana | 1,215 | 1,220 | 1,237 | 1,205 | 1,207. |
| Maine | 264 | 209 | 275 | 68 | 268 |
| Maryland | 723 | 719 | 720 | 689 | 681 |
| Massachusetts | 1,726 | 1,732 | 1,735 | 1,739 | 1,724 |
| Mimesota | 083 | 813 | 825 | 792 | 789 |
| Missomri | 1,1,50 | 1.159 | 1,249 | 1,143 | 1,140 |
| Montana | 342 | 143 | 143 | 137 | 138 |
| Hevada 1/ | 48 | 48 | 49 | 48 | 48 |
| Now Jersey | 1.584 | 1,594 | 1,604 | 1,580 | 1,573 |
| Hew Mexico | 128 | 189 | 129 | 119 | 118 |
| How York | 5.50 .04 | 5.313 | 5.500 | 5,500 | 5,502 |
| Oxlaboma | 470 | 479 | 473 | 444 | 441 |
| Penneyltania. | 3,669 | 3. 540 | 3,660 | 3,619 | 3,604 |
| Enode Island. | 288 | 288 | 280 | 294 | 293 |
| Ternessee | 748 | 752 | 756 | 709 | 704 |
| Texas | 1,780 | 3,767 | 1,758 | *1,686 | 1,675 |
| Utah | 186 | 191 | 195 | *179 | *181 |
| Vermont 1/ | . 94 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 96 |
| Weshington | 676 | - 685 | 688 | 667 | 673 |
| Viaconein | 1,000 | 1,003 | 1,018 | 982 | 981 |

See explenatory notes; sections $\bar{H}$ and $I$.
1/ Does not include oontract construction.

- Other manthe have been revised as follows:

Texas - December 1947 through June 1948 to $1,715,1,677,1,664,1,670,1,693$; 1,702, and 1;725.
Utah - Decamber 1947 through Auguet 1948 to 181, 173, 171, 173, 171, 180, 184, 189, and 289.
8.

TABIE 7: Fistimated IJmber of Wage and Satmry Workers in Manufacturing Induetries, by Stuate
(In thousands)

| Region and State | 3948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NCVExibei ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Ocrobor | Soptomber | Nopember | Octaber |
| NEW ENGIAND: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine 1/ | 111.2 | 113.7 | 217.9 | 117.4 | 116.9 |
| New Hampohire | 80.4 | 82.1 | 82.1 | 83.9 | 82.9 |
| Vermont 1/ | 35.7 | 30.9 | 37.3 | *39.5 | 39.3 |
| Massachisetts | 721.4 | 727.9 | 731.3 | 753.2 | 741.6 |
| Rhode Island | 142.1 | 142.8 | 144.7 | 154.3 | 152.9 |
| Connecticut 1/ | 396.5 | 397.0 | 397.1 | * 415.7 | 414.8 |
| MIDDIE ATTANITC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 1,870.8 | 1,888.1 | 1,888.5 | 1,918.6 | 1,923.8 |
| Now Jersey | '140.3 | 747.8 | 750.4 | 757.4 | 751.4 |
| Pernsylvania | 1,503.7 | 1,507.8 | 1,508.1 | 1,523.1 | 1,517.9 |
| RAST MORIH CHITIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 1,223.9 | 1,226.5 | 1,231.8 | 1.247 .3 | 1,244.7 |
| Tndiana | 545.8 | , 55.6 | , 569.4 | 558.7 | 561.0 |
| Hilinols | 1,2i:2.7 | 1,243.3 | 1,243.8 | 1,266.3. | 1,257,0 |
| Michican | 996.8 | 1,002.0 | 1,004.9 | 1,019.0 | 1,021.8 |
| Wisconsin $1 /$ | 430.7 | 431.8 | 445.9 | 433.1 | 433.3 |
| WEST NOFTH CEMTHAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota 1/ | 200.8 | 201.9 | 210.2 | 201.3 | 200.2 |
| Iowa 1/ | 153.8 | 153.8 | 153.9 | 153.9 | 151.3 |
| Missouri 1/. | 347.2 | 349.8 | 347.3 | 352.7 | 351.9 |
| Horth Dakote | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| South Dakota | 12.2 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 12.4 |
| Nebraska, | 44.1 | 43.5 | 42.4 | 45.9 | 45.1 |
| Kansas 1 / | 87.8 | 83.3 | 87.5 | 82.7 | 82.6 |
| SOUTH ATLAFMIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware | 45.3 | 46.3 | 48.9 | 45.8 | 45.8 |
| Maryland | 233.0 | 235.3 | 242.4 | 231.1 | 229.3 |
| District of Columbia | 37.0 | 16.9 | 17.0 | 17:4 | 17.5 |
| Virginia | 215.6 | 218.4 | 21.7 .7 | 217.3 | 227.0 |
| Weat Virginia | 132.7 | 134.1 | 132.9 | 133.0 | 133.4 |
| Horth Carolina | 369.3 | 370.8 | 3.5 .4 | 373.7 | 374.1 |
| South Carolina | 193.6 | 193.8 | 194.3 | 197.6 | 194.8 |
| Gecrgia I/ | 277.8 | 280.2 | 280.1 | 283.5 | 280.3 |
| Florida I/ | 97.3 | 90.7 | 89.9 | 95.0 | 90.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

TabLE 7: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by State - Continued
(In thousands)

| Region and State | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | October | September | November | October |
| EAST SOUTH CENTRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky | 128.6 | 129.2 | 128.1 | 130.7 | 130.3 |
| Tennessee 1/ | 250.5 | 256.3 | 256.3 | 254.3 | 254.1 |
| Alabama 15 | 228.7 | 229.1 | 227.1 | 230.8 | 227.9 |
| Mississippi. | 87.0 | 87.2 | 87.4 | 95.5 | 94.1 |
| WEST SOUTH CIMTRRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas 1/ | 79.0 | 80.2 | 79.5 | 76.8 | 76.7 |
| Louisiana ${ }^{1 /}$ | 152.6 | 153.6 | 155.9 | 152.8 | 149.2 |
| Oklahoma 17 | 67.4 | 67.9 | 67.2 | 64.9 | 64.3 |
| Texas | 357.4 | 352.8 | 351.4 | 347.7 | 339.8 |
| MOUNTAIN: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana | 18.6 | 18.8 | 18.1 | 18.7 | 19.1 |
| Idaho 1/ | 23.4 | 26.0 | 24.8 | 21.2 | 22.4 |
| Wyoming | 7.2 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| Colorado | 59.3 | 60.2 | 58.3 | 60.3 | 60.6 |
| New Mexico 1/ | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 8.8 |
| Arizona I/ | 15.5 | 15.2 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 14.0 |
| Utah 1/ | 30.7 | 31.6 | 32.8 | 27.2 | 29.4 |
| Nevadà 1/ | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| PACIFIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | 186.0 | 191.6 | 190.5 | 178.2 | 183.9 |
| Oregon | 113.1 | 118.8 | 121.5 | 112.2 | 117.2 |
| California | 735.9 | 768.0 | 801.7 | 717.7 | 736.4 |

See explanatory notes, sections H and I.
1/ Series based on Standerd Industrial Classification. Data for Kansas and Utah may not be strictly comparable with those published prior to the current report.

* Other months have been revised as follows:

Connecticut - December 1947 to 417.8.
Vermont - December 1947 to 40.0.
10.

TABLE 8: Estimated Fumber of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries
(In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Docemer | Hovomber | Ostober | December | November |
| ALL MANUFACITURIMG | 13,055 | 13,233 | 13,375 | 13,263 | 13,176 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 6,735 | 6,807 | 6,822 | 6,816 | 6,746 |
| NONDURABLIT GOODS | 6,320 | 6,426 | 6,553 | 6,447 | 6,430 |
| Durable gocds |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND SIEEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS Id | 1,638 | 1,654 | 1,657 | i,633 | 1,619 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 542.8 | 538.2 | 535.0 | 506.5 | 505.6 |
| Gray-iron and semisteil castings | 113.1 | 115.5 | 115.8 | 119.8 | 118.9 |
| Malleable-iron castinge | 39.0 | 38.6 | 35.5 | 37.6 | 36.7 |
| Steel castings | 74.9 | 75.1 | 75.0 | 70.5 | 69.9 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 30.0 | 29.9 | 29.3 | 28.7 | 28.3 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 46,4 | 47.0 | 48.7 | 47.8 | 47.1 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 28.8 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 31.6 | 31.2 |
| Wirework | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 40.5 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 24.3 | 25.0 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 24.8 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 24.4 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 25.9 | 25.4 |
| Hardware | 54.2 | 54.1 | 53.8 | 55.3 | 53.8 |
| Plumbers' ${ }^{\text {a }}$ supplies | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 40.0 | 39.6 |
| Stoves, oil burners, and heating equipment, not elsowhere classified | 76.4 | 87.6 | 93.3 | 95.6 | 96.2 |
| Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 65.3 | 66.1 | 66.6 | 65.8 | 65.0 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 113.5 | 117.6 | 116.5 | 123.2 | 122.5 |
| Fabricated structural and ornementai metalwork | 65.6 | 65.8 | 66.3 | 63.9 | 63.6 |
| Metai doors, sash, 'frames, molding, and trim | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 10.7 |
| Bolts, nute, washers, and rivets | 28.7 | 28.4 | 28.3 | 28.6 | 28.4 |
| Forgings, iron and steel | 38.4 | 38.2 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 36.8 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavyriveted | 19.5 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 19.6 | 18.9 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 35.3 | 35.5 | 35.5 | 35.8 | 35.5 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| Fireerms | 22.4 | 22.4 | 22.1 | 19.7 | 19.3 |
| BIECIRICAL MACHIMERY 1/ | 552 | 557 | 553 | 596 | 595 |
| Electrical equipment | 363.4 | 367.9 | 367.1 | 393.4 | 391.4 |
| Radios and phonographs | 97.2 | 95.9 | 93.1 | 104.8 | 106.3 |
| Communication equipment | 91.5 | 93.5 | 92.4 | 98.2 | 97.5 |

See explenatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glosaary for definitions.

TABLE 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Cont' (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | November | October | December | November |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL 1/ | 1,202 | 1,204 | 1,209 | 1,235 | 1,218 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products | 506.0 | 505.6 | 506.7 | 517.0 | 515.1 |
| Engines and turbines | 52.6 | 52.5 | 52.1 | 54.5 | 53.0 |
| Tractors | 61.6 | 60.9 | 59.8 | 60.3 | 58.6 |
| Agricultural machinery, excluding tractors | 77.1 | 76.2 | 75.9 | 71.0 | 68.0 |
| Machine tools | 47.3 | 47.5 | 47.6 | 51.3 | 51.1 |
| Machine-tool accessories | 54.4 | 54.5 | 54.7 | 56.3 | 55.8 |
| Textile machinery | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 40.6 | 39.8 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 69.4 | 69.1 | 68.9 | 75.1 | 74.3 |
| Typewriters | 18.4 | 18.9 | 20.6 | 25.9 | 25.2 |
| Cash registers; adding, and calculating machines | 43.8 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 45.2 | 44.1 |
| Washing machines, wringers, and driers, domestic | 12.5 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 16.3 | 15.8 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | 15.0 | 14.9 : | 14.8 | 13.3 | 13.0 |
| Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment | 79.3 | 79.5 | 81.0 | 81.5 | 80.1 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES | 451 | 453 | 449 | 463 | 452 |
| Locomotives | 26.5 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 26.3 | 26.0 |
| Cars, electric- and steam-railroad | 56.1 | 55.9 | 54.5 | 56.9 | 56.8 |
| Aircraft and parts, excluding aircraft engines | 150.5 | 149.8 | 145.3 | 133.2 | 133.4 |
| Aircraft engines | 28.5 | 28.0 | 27.5 | 25.9 | 25.9 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 92.7 | 94.5 | 97.3 | 125.7 | 117.6 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 12.0 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.7 | 14.4 |
| AUTOMOBILES | 782 | 777 | 782 | 785 | 766 |
| nonferrous metais and their PRODUCTS 1/ | 398 | 404 | 403 | 413 | 410 |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 39.7 |
| Alloying; and rolling and drawing of nonferrous metals, except aluminum |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clocks and watches | 27.0 | 28.2 | 28.8 | 53.4 28.6 | 52.9 28.4 |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 26.8 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.7 | 28.1 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 27.7 | 28.3 | 28.1 | 27.1 | 26.5 |
| Lighting equipment | 30.9 | 31.8 | 31.9 | 34.1 | 34.3 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.1 | 44.8 | 43.6 |
| Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere classified | 36.6 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 40.9 | 40.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
12.

TABLE 8: Estimated Number of Jroduction Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Cont 4
(in thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | Fovember | October | December | iTovember |
| LUMBER ARD TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS 1/ | 788 | 821 | 831 | 750 | 751 |
| Sawmills and logeing comps | 635.2 | 667.2 | 678.2 | 610.7 | 612.8 |
| Planing and piywood mills | 152.9 | 154.1 | 152.8 | 139.4 | 137.7 |
| FURNIIURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS 1/ | 462 | 470 | 470 | 487 | 483 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings | 33.4 | 35.7 | 37.1 | 38.4 | 38.2 |
| Furniture | 254.1 | 256.5 | 255.6 | 262.9 | 259.3 |
| Wooden boxes, other than cigar | 34.8 | 35.4 | 34.9 | 37.0 | 37.6 |
| Caskets and other morticians' goodn | 18.8 | 19.5 | 19.2 | 21.1 | 20.9 |
| Wood preserving | 16.6 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 18.0 | 18.6 |
| Wood, turned end shaped. | 33.4 | 33.9 | 34.5 | 34.9 | 34.5 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND CLASS PRODUCIS I/ | 462 | 467 | 468 | 454 | 452 |
| Glass and Elassware | 118.8 | 121.8 | 123.2 | 123.5 | 123.4 |
| Glass products mede from purchased glass | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| Cement | 37.0 ! | 37.2 | 36.9 | 35.5 | 35.5 |
| Brick, tile, and torra cotta | 83.1 | 83.5 | 83.5 | 77.9 | 77.2 |
| Pottery and related products | 61.6 | 61.5 | 61.0 | 58.9 | 58.3 |
| Gypsum | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool | 14.8 | 1/4.9 | 14.8 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| Lime | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Marble, granite, slato, and other products | 19.2 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 18.3 | 18.5 |
| Abrasives | 20.7 | 20.5 | 20.6 | 19.3 | 19.1 |
| Asbestos products | 25.1 | 25.6 | 25.7 | 24.9 | 24.7 |
| Nondurahle gonds |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEXTILTO-MILL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTUPES 1/ | 11,236 | 1,245 | 1,249 | 1,290 | 1,271 |
| Cotton manufactures, except smallwares | 507.5 | 508.9 | 511.4 | 523.2 | 516.9 |
| Cotton smallwares | 13.1 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 14.3 | 13.9 |
| Silk and ravon goods | 120.8 | 122.0 | 122.4 | 116.2 | 114.8 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing | 156.5 | 158.2 | 159.6 | 177.3 | 174.2 |
| Hosiery | 140.5 | 142.3 | 141.7 | 148.7 | 146.3 |
| Knitted cloth | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| Knj.tted outerwear and knitted gloves | - 33.2 | 33.9 | 32.8 | 33.7 | 33.7 |
| Knitied underwear | 43.6 | 46.1 | 47.9 | 52.5 | 51.4 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted | 92.5 | 91.9 | 91.5 | 94.0 | 92.2 |
| Carpets and ruge, wool | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 38.0 | 36.9 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 11.7 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 13.8 | 13.6 |
| Jute goods, except felts | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Cordage and twine | 14.9 | 15.1 | 14.9 | 16.5 | 16.1 |

See explanatory notea, sections C, $D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
maBLE 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Cont'd (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | Novomber | October | Lecember | November |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FIMTSHED TEXIIIE PRODUCTS | 1,145 | 1,159 | 1,175 | 1,143 | 1,117 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 303.2 | 307.8 | 319.2 | 310.5 | 309.2 |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 73.7 ; | 77.7 | 78.1 | 82.4 | 81.1 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 19.1 | 19.5 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.1 |
| Work shirts | 18.1 | 18.8 ! | 18.9 | 15.5 | 15.5 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 485.3 | 488.3 | 488.8 | 470.5 | 452.1 |
| Corsets and allied garments | 19.3 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 19.6 | 19.4 |
| Millinery | 23.8 | 22.1 | 25.8 | 23.5 | 22.6 |
| Handicerchiefe | 5.51 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| Curtains, draperies, and bedspreada | 25.6 ; | 27.1 ! | 27.4 | 32.2 | 32.1 |
| Housefurnishings, other then curtains, etc. | 32.2 : | 33.2 | 32.2 | 30.6 | 30.0 |
| Textile bags | 30.3 | 29.8 : | 29.6 | 28.6 | 28.4 |
| LEATHER AND Lfmather Prodicis i/ | 364 | 363 | 376 | 400 | 396 |
| Leather | 47.3 : | 46.4 | 47.7 | 50.31 | 50.2 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 19.8 | 19.8 |
| Boots and shoes | 232.7 | 229.5 | 238.5 | 255.4 | 251.1 |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 10.6 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.2 |
| Trunks and suitcases | 12.8 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.2! | 14.8 |
| FOOD 1/ | 1,253 | 1,306 | 1,400 | 1,255 | 1,288 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 218.2 | 205.3 : | 197.7 | 217.1 | 203.9 |
| Butter | 35.0 | 34.6 | 35.5 | 32.9 | 33.9 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 18.7 | 19.5 ; | 20.3 | 18.6 | 19.5 |
| Ioe cream | 23.9 | 24.3: | 26.2 | 24.9: | 26.3 |
| Flour | 41.5 | 41.7 : | 40.1 | 41.9: | 42.1 |
| Feeds, prepared | 28.9 : | 28.9 ; | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.5 |
| Cereal preparations | 12.5 | 13.1: | 13.2 | 12.1 | 12.8 |
| Baking | 251.7 | 255.7 . | 258.0 | 242.2 | 246.1 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 24.2 | 22.4 | 22.4 | 24.0 ! | 24.8 |
| Sugar, beet | 10.8 | 25.2 \% | 25.0 | 21.7 , | 27.4 |
| Confectionory | 82.4 | 89.8 : | 88.9 | 86.2 i | 87.0 |
| Beverages, nonalcobolic | 39.5 | 40.4 | 43.0 | 37.3 | 38.2 |
| Malt liquors | 77.9. | 80.7 | 81.3 | 77.0 | 80.6 |
| Canning and preserving | 163.1 | 195.2 | 289.1 | 165.7 : | 290.1 |
| TOBACOO MANUFACTURES 1/ | 87 | 90 | 90 | 88 | 90 |
| Cigarettes | 34.1 | 35.1: | 35.1 |  | 34.0 |
| Cigars | 45.2 | 47.2 | 46.5 | 45.6 | 47.8 |
| Tobacco (cherring and smoking) and smuff | $7.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.8: | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.2 |

Seer explanatory noted, sections. $C_{\text {, }}$ D and G, and the glosaary for definitiona
14.

TABLE 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Contrd
(In thousands)

| Industry group and industiry | 1943 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December | November | October | December | Novom: ${ }^{\text {ar }}$ |
| PAPER AND ALIIED PROLUCTS 1/ | 401 | 403 | 401 | 398 | 394 |
| Paper and pulp | 207.0 | 206.6 | 206.0 | 202.8 | 200,7 |
| Paper goods, other | 63.5 | 63.6 | 63.5 | 63,8 | 63 3 |
| Envelopes | 13.2 ; | 13.2 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 20.4 |
| Paper bags | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 17.9 |
| Paper boxes | 09.9 | 101.5 | 99.8 | 99.6 | 99.0. |
| PRINIING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLJEKD INDUSTRIES $1 /$ | 443 | 442 | 442 | 445 | 444 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 152.3 | 151.0 | 150.7 | 145.6 | 14.501 |
| Printing; book and job | 188.7 | 187.8 | -183.8 | 195. 4 | 19\% |
| Lithographing | 31.3 | 31.4 | 31.4 | $3 \times .9$ | 33.6 |
| Bookbinding | 34.5 ; | 35.1 | 34.9 | 38.3 | .30.7 |
| GHEMICAIS AND ALLIED PRODUCIS 1/ | 597 | 599 | 600 | 592 | 589 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 47.6 | 48.1 | 43.7 | 48.4 | 48.0 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides | 64.4 | 64.8 | 64.4 | 65.9 | 66.4 |
| Pexfumes and cosmetics | 12.3 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.9 |
| Soap | 26.5 | 26.5 | 27.2 | 25.5 | 25.8 |
| Rayon and allied products | 64.8 | 63.9 | 63.9 | 63.5 | 63.1 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 211.2 : | 210.7 | 210.0 | 207.0 | 205.5 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 27.4 | 87.4 | 27.7 | 25.3 | 24.8 |
| Compressed and liquefled gases | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.7 |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 |
| Fireworks | 2,4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Cottonseed oil | 25.7 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 24.4 | 24.5 |
| Fertilizers | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 30.7 | 29.2 |
| ERODUOMS OF PEIROLEUM AND COAL $1 /$ | 165 | 167 | 162 | 165 | 165 |
| Petroleum refining | 113.3 | 113.7 | 107.6 | 112.5 | 112.3 |
| Coke and byproducts | 32.3 | 32.2 | 32.1 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Paving materials. | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.4 |
| Roofing materials | 15.2 | 17.2 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 18.5 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions. (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1048 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decembor | Yovember | October | December | Noveriber |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS 1/ | 196 | 199 | 198 | 212 | 210 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 89.6 | 91.2 : | 90.0 | 101.9 | 102.4 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 23.5 | 23.? | 22.9 | 22.5 | 22.0 |
| Rubber goods, other | 82.6 | 84.5 | 84.7 | 87.7 | 86.1 |
| MISCELIANHOUS INDUSTRIFS 1/ | 433 | 453 | 460 | 459 | 466 |
| Instruments (professional and ecientific), and fire-control equipment | 29.9 | 30.0 | 29.5 | 28.1 | 27.8 |
| Photographic apparatus | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 38.8 |
| Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods | 26.3 | 26.0 | 26.4 | 28.0 | 27.6 |
| Planos, organs, and parts | 13.3 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 17.6 | 17.8 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 37.8 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 38.5 | 43.4 |
| Buttons | 23.2 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 12.7 |
| Fire extinguishers | 2.8 | 2.91 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
If Estimates for the individual induatries compriaing the major industry croups have been adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency dita through 1946 and have been carried forward from 1046 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent series. Comparable data frcm January 1939 are available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such requests should specify the series desired.
16.

TABLE 9: Estimated Number of Employees in Selected Fommanufacturinc. Industries i/f
(In thousande)

| Industry group and Industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dacember | November | Octoher | Decermber | Iforember |
| MINING: $2 /$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 77.0 | 77.0 | 76.6 | 76.5 | $76 . ?$ |
| Bituminous coal | 405 | 403 | 404 | 402 | 399. |
| Metal | 90.4 | 88.7 | 92.0 | 89.8 | 39.4 |
| Iron | 32.3 | 32.1 | 32.8 | 33.3 | 32.0 |
| Copper | 24.5 | 23.9 | 27.0 | 26.6 | 26.1 |
| Lead and zinc | 16.9 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 15.0 | 15.4 |
| Gold and silver | 8.6 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.1 |
| Miscellaneous | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.8 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 83.4 | 85.3 | 86.6 | 83.9 | 86.4 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production 3/ | 129.6 | 130.4 | 129.9 | 126.3 | J. 26.4 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I steam railroads 4/ | 1,307 | 1,329 | 1,345 | 1,331 | 1,340 |
| Street railways and busses 5/ | - 244 | - 245 | - 246 | - 249 | - 249 |
| Telephone | 642 | 642 | 642 | 620 | 614 |
| Telegraph 6/ | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.5 | 36.7 | 36.6 |
| Electric light and power | 282 | 282 | 281 | 269 | 2068 |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 370 | 372 | 375 | 381 | 378 |
| Power laundries $2 /$ |  | 225 : | 229 |  | 238 |
| Cleaning and dyeing 2/ | 86.3 ; | 87.5: | 89.4 | 91.0 | 92.7 |

See explanatory notes, aections C, 1), and G, and the glossary for aefinitions.
1/ Unless otherwise noted, datil include all emplojees.
2/ Includes production and related workers only.
$3 /$ Does not include woll drilling or rig bia!laing.
I/ Includes all employees at midd.e of month. Excludes employees of switching and terminal companies. Class I steam railrosds include thoue with over $\$ 1,000,000$ annual revenue. Source: Interstate Cormorco Commission.
5/ Includes private and municipal street-railway companies and affiliated, subsidiary, or successor trellej-bus and motor-bus companies.
6/ Includes all land-ine employees except those compensated on a conmission basis, Excludes general and divisionsl headquorters personnel, trainees in achool, and messengers.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weerey ray nowse as .mmafacturing Industries (1939 Average $=100$ )


See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.
18.

TABLE 10: Indoxes of Produotion-Wdrker thmplogment and Weokiy Pay Rolis in Manufactroinc: Industries - Continued


See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.


| Industry group and industry | Employment indexes | PEy-roll indexes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ¢10 -1947 | 1948 - | 1947 |
|  | OY, Oct. Dec. | Dec. Nov. Oct. | Deci |
| APPAREL, ARD OIETE FINTEEDD TEXTIIE EFOINGLS | 245.0 146.9.248.8 144.8 | 327.4 335.4 325.0 | 327.3 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere classiiled | 132.1134.1 139.0135.2 | 293.0 297.5302 .4 | 309.5 |
| Shitits; collers, and nightwear | 99.7105 .1105 .6111 .4 | 233.4258 .8256 .0 | 281.3 |
| Underweary and neckwear, men's | 112.4 .114 .8111 .3108 .8 | 322.2 335.6 309.9 | 304.0 |
| Work setirts | :128.4:133.2 133.5 109.8 | 319.6339 .5352 .4 | 248,2 |
| Women: s olctinine, not elsewhere classified | 169.5170 .6170 .8164 .4 | 369.8 379.8: 351.0 | 355.9 |
| Correts and allied garments | 102.7102 .5102 .0104 .4 | 231.9235 .8233 .1 | 230.5 |
| Minilnery | 93.1 86.7.100.9 92.0 | 167.5138 .8 193.1 | 157.4 |
| Hand kenchieis | 207.8 108.2 1014.4:101. | 295.1303 .2 289.3 | 251.2 |
| Curtains', draperien; and "bedsoreads c/ | $144.3152 .4154 .1,18$ | 343.5 | 424.7 |
| Housefurnishings, other than curtaing, osc. | 238.4297 .5286 .71274 .3 | 705.9727 .7698 .6 | 653.1 |
| Textilo bags | $240.6,236.1$. 234.91226 .8 | 572.1553 .3556 .3 | 492.9 |
| LEATHER AND THATHER PRODUCTS 3/ | 104.3104 .5108 .3115 .3 | 234.3223 .3 2 | 259.6 |
| Leather | $\begin{array}{llllll}94.5 & 92.8 & 95.4 & 109.4\end{array}$ | 210.9 202.0 206 | 21 |
| Boot aind shoe cut stock and - findings | 35.1 85.1 38.1 99.4 | 178.1 166.5.175.3 | 202.6 |
| Boots end shoes | 1100.8 99.4 103.3110 .6 | 227.4 21.1.3 227.6 | 256.0 |
| Leather gloves end mittens | 106.0124 .1128 .2130 .1 | 209.9259 .4266 | - |
| Trunis and suitcases | 1153.5170.8 175.2170 .1 | 339.8:410.5:401 | 369.3 |
| FOOD 1/. | ${ }_{1} 146.6 .152 .9163 .8 \mid 146.9$ | $333.5 \quad 340.735$ | 32゙̇̇9 |
| Slaughtoring and meat packing |  | $355.6 \div 336.230$ | 361.2 |
| Butter | 174.0172 .1 .176 .21163 .6 | 382.6 379.0 38 | 342.6 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 1272.1179 .6186 .3 1170.6 | 407.41424 .4 435 | 36 |
| Ite cream | 135.7137 .8 ¢ 148.6141 .4 | 270.4273 .91291 | 258.5 |
| Flour | 149.4150 .2 144.5 151.1 | 346.6.351.9:355.2 | $340 . C$ |
| Feade, prepared | :167.5 167.3:169.1 168.4 | 396.0:405.91405.8 | 381. 4 |
| Cereal preparations | : 1.49 .8 1.56. 61.58 .0 1.44.3 | 326.8 342.3 341.6 | 306.3 |
| Baking | . 132.2134 .3135 .5127 .2 | 279.51280 .8 : 286.6 | 251.3 |
| Sugar refining, cane | - 152.7141 .4142 .0151 .1 | 318.4.285.3 285.4 | 298\% |
| Sugar, beet | - 93.0 217.0 215.2 187.0 | 194.2528 .9455 .8 | 408.9 |
| Confectionery | 147.9161 .2159 .5154 .7 | 347.0388 .7376 .4 | 357.$\}$ |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | :165.7 169.7 1 180.5 156.4 | 284.7 287.1. 298.6 | 264 |
| Malt ilquors | $192.51 .99 .5200 .9 \mid 190.3$ | 359. 51377.4371 | 339.7 |
| Canning and proserving | 1.08. 5 129,9 192,3 110.3 | 280.9:313.7 537.1 | 278.2 |
| TOBACCO MANUPACIURES If | 93.3 \% 96.595 .984 .4 | 217.9223 .5224 .3 | 219.8 |
| Cluarettes | 124.2127 .9 128.2 124.5 | 269.2264 .4279 | 267.9 |
| Cijars | $\begin{array}{lllllll}80.9 & 84.5 & 83.2 & 81.7\end{array}$ | 192.1.207.4, 197 | 10.7 |
| Tobecco (chewing and smoking) and snuff | 78.0: 77.2 78.6: 82.1 | $178.5 \cdot 173.118$ | . |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Wcrker PmpJoyment and Weakly Fay Rolla in Tam:acturinf Inciustries - Continued

| Industry group and industry. | Rrap Loyment indexes | Pay-roll indexes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 - 1947 | 1.948 | 2947 |
|  | Dec. Nor. Oct. Dec. | Doc. Nov. Dct. | Dec. |
| PAPER AND ALITED FRODUCTS I/ | 151.1151 .7151 .0149 .9 | 356.5362 .2357 .4 | 334.0 |
| Paper end puip | 150.2150 .0149 .5147 .2 | 357.9364 .7359 .1 | 332.5 |
| Paper goods, other | 168.2 168.6 168.4 169.1 | 394.7392 .8381 .2 | 362.4 |
| Envelopes | 151.0151 .2148 .0142 .6 | 31.6 .6318 .4307 .0 | 284.1 |
| Paper bags | 151.0 152.8160.1:163.9 | $362.5,362.4$ : 391.4 | 370.2 |
| Paper boxes | 124.0146 .31144 .0143 .7 | 335.3 344.5 342.1 | 321.9 |
| PRINITNG, PUBLISHING, ARD ALLIEDD INDUSTRIES 1/ | 135.2 134.7 134.3 135.7 | 280.6275 .4 | 263.1 |
| Hewspapers and periodicals | 128.3 127.2 127.0.122.7 | 258.9253 .3 252.2 | 230.0 |
| Printing; book and job | 147.8 147.1.147.9150.0 | 316.0 307.9 305.4 | 297.8 |
| Ifthographing | 119.3 119.7119 .7125 .3 | 233.3234 .5235 .5 | 237.1 |
| Bookbinding | 1133.8.136.0:135.3! 148.8 | 310.6315 .1309 .7 | 326.6 |
| CHHMICAIS AND ALLIED PRODUCTSS I/ | 207.0:207.8:208.1:205.4 | 462.3.461.9 | 4.1 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 168.2170.2172.1171.3 | 325.5 329.9 338 | 15.8 |
| Druga, medicines, and insecticides |  |  |  |
| Perfumes and cormetics | 118.0124 .1122 .7123 .6 | 249.0261 .9252. | 240.5 |
| Soap | 173.5173 .9176 .4167 .4 | 404.1405 .3 412.2 | 381.3 |
| Rayon and allied products | 134.0 .132 .3132 .3131 .4 | 305.3 300.1:296.7 | 265.9 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 302.2:301.4:300.3 296.1 | 639.7637 .5628 .6 | 580.8 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | $375.2 \cdot 375.4$ 379.3:346.7 | 746.9749 .1763 .8 | 651.5 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases | 239.6:239.2 247.9, 248.8 | 483.8491.0488.5 | 459.6 |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 167.7171 .5173 .7172 .7 | 395.2403 .7409 .4 | 411.9 |
| Fireworks | 1208.0 220.6:227.4243.5 | 541.4544 .2552 .7 | 633.8 |
| Cottonseed oil | 168.3.178.0 179.01159.5 | 539.9:555.4:559.8 | 448.4 |
| Fertilizers | 152.1152 .4 .152.9 163.1 | 427.5415 .3 430.8 | 430.8 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL 1/ | 155.4 157.7152 .7155 .5 | 346.4354 .9344 .8 | 313.3 |
| Petroleum refining |  | 338.2 343.9 324.7 | 300.4 |
| Coke and byproducts | 148.7148 .2147 .8138 .3 | 353.3 : 346.7 : 349.5 | 294.8 |
| Paving materials | 108.8, 113.6:117.2 109.4 | 259.6253 .3 276.3 | 224.8 |
| Roofing materials | 187.5:212.8 223.3 225,2 | 412.8:51.7.5:577.7 | 535.7 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, F$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
22.

TABLE 10:
Indezes of Production-Wcrker timployment and Weekly Pay Rolla in Manuiacturing Industries - Contimued


See explanatory notes, sectiono C, F, and G, and the giosnary for dofinitions.
i/ See footnote l., table 8.
2/ Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads - September 1948 pay roli revised to 379.9.

TABLE 11: Indexes of Hmployment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Selected Monmanufacturing Industries

$$
\text { (1939 Average }=100 \text { ) }
$$



[^0]Sec. A. Scope of Hmploymant Adjustments - The employment estimates shown in this report for the industry divisions (e.G., manufacturing, minine, etc.) and industry groups (e.g., iron and steel, electrical machinery, etc.) have been adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency data through 1946 and have been carried forward frcm 1945 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent series.

Sec. B. Sources of Bench-Mark Deta - In preparing estimates for private emplcyment prior to 1939, the various industrial censuses taken by the Bureau of the Census were used as sources of bench-mark data. Data obtained from the Federal Security Agency are the main bases for 1946 bench marks. Bench marks for state and local government are based on data compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while most of the data on Federal Government employment is mede available by the U. S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Commerce Comnission is the source for railrcads, and the U. S. Maritime Commission for water transportation.

Sec. C. Ad.justmants of Production-Worker Eatimates Data for the manufacturinc major sndustry groups have been adjusted to levels indicatod by Federal Securlty Agency data through 1946 and have been carlied forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby providinc consistant series. Estimates for the individual manufacturing induatries, formenjy adjusted to data through 1945, are now being adjusted to 1946 bench-inerk. levels. As these adjustments are completed, they are published in this report and indicated by appropriate footnotes. In the nonmanufacturing industries; the entire series of mining industries have been adjusted to 2946 bench-mark levels.

Since the data shown in this report cover only the current months, a set of summary sheets for each industry presenting comparable figures from January 1939 to date, by months, will be provided upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such requests should spocify the series desired.

Sec. D. How Employment Estimates Are Made - Estimatea of changes in the level of employment are based on reports from a sample group of establishments, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costly and time-consuming. In using a sample, it is essential that: an accurate base be established from which estimates may be carried forward. This base or "bench mark" is either a complete cotint or an estimate with a satiafactory degree of accuracy. When a new bench mark becomes available, estimates
prepared since the last bench mank are reviawed to detemnine if any adjuatment of level is required. This is the basic principle of employment estimating ueed by the BLS. It yields a satisfactory comproaisé between a slow but highly accurate complote count on the one hand, and a rapid but less accurate sample count on the ofiner.

Briefly, tha Bureau of Labor Statistics computes employment estimates as follows: first, a bench maris or level of exployment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third, changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the bench mark to determine the monthly estimates of employment between bench-marls periode. For example, if the latest complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in September 1945, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 13 establishments employing 23,200 workers In September and 23.800 in October; the October estimates would be prepared as follows:

$$
40,200 \times \frac{23,800}{23,200}=41,240
$$

In gene:cal, then, the menth-to-month changes in employment. neflect the fluctuations shown by establishnents reporting to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Why Ad ingtments Are Necesary - Because reports are nct fmediately E ailable from new firme, they are frequentiy introduced intr ti:e BLS sample arter they have been in operation for same time. This lapse of tise produces a rather consistent understatement, which becomos laryor from year to jear. It is important, therefore, that estinates not be allowed to go uncorrected fo: too long a perio. The mosi recent adjustments. correct for the cownward bias that had accimulated in the nonmanufecturi ag series beginning January 1945 and in the manufacturing :series beginning Jamuary 1946. Adsustmenta in some industry divisions were made in order to incorparate greater refinemencs in methogology and new scurce materials that have become arailable.

Sec. E. Comparability With Other Types of Employment Data - The Bureau of Labor Statistics employment: estimates are based upon reports submitted by cooperating establishments and there fore differ from employment information obtained by household interviews, such as the Monthiy: Report of the Labor Force. The BLS estimates of enployment in nonagricultural establishmen'ia differ from the Monthly Report of the Labor Force total now acricultural employment estimates in several importent ref.peots.

For example: (1) The BIS estimates cover all full- and parttime wage and aalary workers in private nonagricultural estabitshinentes who worked or redeived pay during the pay period onding nearest the 15 th of the month; in Foderel establishments during the pay period ending just before the first of the month; and in state and local government during the pay period onding on or just before the last of the month. Fersons who worked in more than one establishroent during the reporting period would be counted more than once; (2) Proprietors, selfemploycd persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workors are excluded.

Sec. F. Pay-Roll Indexes - Cooperating establishments are instructed to report pay rolls of production or nonaupervisory woikens prior to deduction for old age and unemplofnont Insuraice, withholding takes, bonds, and union duss. Psy for sick ieeve, holicajs, and vacations talen is included. Reoponm dente are instructed to exclude pay for vacations not taken as well as cash estimates of any paymonta in kind. Bonuses, unless earned anf paid regularily each pay period, are also excluded.

The methodology for obtalning pay-roll estimates in simil ${ }^{3}$ c to that for employmant estinates. Sample changes showing monthly mevements are used in projocting established bench marks to secure current pay-roll estiaties. These pay-roll estimates are converted into indexes, using the 1939 average as a base.

Sec. G. Sowrce of Date - Employment and pay-roll estimates are basod on reports from cooperating establishments. The approximate number of establishments, and workers covered, for each industry division is as follors:

Approxinate Coverage of BIS Employment and Pay-Roll Sample

| Industry division: | Tumber of estab. | : Employo | workers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 shaents | : Nrumber | : Percent of totel |
| Manufacturing | 34,300 | 7,542,000 | 56 |
| Mining | 2,700 | 407,000 | 52 |
| Contract construction | 12,500 | 480,000 | 22 |
| Public utilities | 7,500 | 933,000 | 78 |
| Trade: |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 22,800 | 360,000 | 20 |
| Retail | 37,900 | 1,097,000 | 25 |
| Service: |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 1,200 | 131,000 | 35 |
| Power laundries and cleaning and dyeing | 1,600 | 67,000 | 21 |

Sec. H. Coverage of Empioyment Estimates: - The employment estimates shown in taliler $2,2,3,6$, and 7 cover all fulland part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Propriotors, self-employed persons, domestic eervants, and. personnel of the armed forces are oxcludod. The estimates and indexes shown in tables 8 and 20 refer to production and related worisers as defined in the clocsary, pace ix.

Sec. I. State Estimates.- State estimates are prepared in cooperation with various State Agencies as indicated onipage v. The estinates for manufacturing have been adjusted to recent data made avallable under the Feceral Social Security program. Since some Statas have adjusted to noxe recent bench-marls data than others, and because varying methods of computation are used, the tatal of the State estinates diffors Iron the retional total (cee tables 1 and 2). Because of these recent revisions the State estimates for manvfacturing are not consistent with the unrevised data shown prior to June 1947 for total employment in nonagricultural establishments, by State. A namber of States also make arailable more cetalled industey data and information for earlier periods which mey be secured directly upon request to the appropriato Sta'te Ageacy. Sstinates of nonacricultural employment, by State, icr those States which are now publishing such estimetes are shown in table 6 and are consistent with the manufacturing estinetes in table 7. As nonagricultural estimates for additional States become available, they will be shown in table 6.

The following publications are avallable upon request from the BLS Regional Offices or the Bireaurs Washington Office:

Nonagricultural Employment, by Sțate, 1943-1947; Employment in Manufacturins Industries, by State, 1943-1946; Estimatos of Total Enployment. In Manufacturing Incustries by State, 1947.

## COOPERATING STATE AGENCIES

Alabama - Dept. of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 5.
Arizona - Unemployment Compensation Div., Employment Security Cormission, Phoenix.
Arkansas - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor, Little Rock:
California - Diva of Labor Statistics and Research, Dept. of Industrial Relations, San Francisco 3.
Connecticut - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor and Factory Inspection, Hartford 15.
Delaware - Federal Reserve Bunk of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1, Pa.
Florida - Unemployment Compensation Div.; Industrial Commission, Tallahassee.
Georgia - Employment Security Agency, Dept. of Labor, Atlanta 3. Idaho - Employment Security Agency, Industrial Accident Board, Boise. Illinois - Dept. of Labor, Chicago 1.
Indiana - Employment Security Div.; Indianapolis 4.
Iowa - Employment Security Cormission, Des Moines 8.
Kansas - State Labor Dept., Topeka.
Kentucky - Dept. of Economic. Security, Frankfort.
Louisiana - Div. of Employment Security; Dept. of Labor, Baton Rouge 4.
Maine - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Augusta.
Maryland - Dept. of Employment Security, Baltimore 2.
Massachusetts - Div. of Statistice, Dept. of Labor and Industries, Boston 10.
Michigan - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Lansing 13.
Minnesota - Div. of Employment and Sectirity, Dept. of Social Security, St. Paul 1.
Missouri - Div. of Employment Security, Dept. of Labor and Industrial Relations, Jefferson City.
Montanan- Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena.
Nebraska - Div. of Placement and Unemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, Lincoln 1.
Nevada - Erployment Security Dept.., Carson City.
New Hampshire - Unemployment Compensation Div., Bureau of Labor Concord.
New Jersey - Dept. of Labor, Trenton 8.
New Mexico - Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque.
New York - Div. of Placement and Unemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, New York 17.
North Carolina - Dept. of Labor, Raleigh.
Oklahoma - Employment Security Comission, Oklahoma City 2.
Pennsylvania - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1 (mfg.); Bureau of Research and Information, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Herrisburg (nonmfg.)
Rhode Island - Div. of Census and Informa'tion, Dept. of Labor, Providence 2.
Tennessee --Dept. of Employment Security, Nashville 3.
Texas - Bureau of Business Research, University of Texas, Austin 12.
Utah - Dept. of Employment Security, Industrial Commission, Salt Lake City 13.
Vermont - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier.
Virginia - Div. of Research and Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Richmond 21.
Washington - Employment Security Dept., Olympia,
Wisconsin - Statistical Dept., Industrial Commission, Madison 3.
Wyoming - Employment Security Commission, Casper.

New England - Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 01. ${ }^{\text {South Bid3.; } 294}$. wrashington st., Boston 33, Massachusetta. (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusette, New Hampsinire, Rhode Island, Vermont).
North Atlantic - Regional Director, U. S. Eureau of Labor Statistics, Room 100C, 341 Ninth Avonve, New York 1, Hew Ycrk (Delaware, Eistrict of Columbia, Furyiand, New Jersej, Hew York, Penncylvania).
Southern - Regional Directcr, U. S. Bureau of Lebor Statistics, 1020 Grant Bldg., Forsyti \& Walton Streets, Atlanta 3, Georgia (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia. Loutaiana, Missimelppi, Morth Carolina, Oklahema, South Cerolina, Tennessee, Texas, Tirizinie).
North Central - Rerioncl Director, U. S. Eurean cf Labcir Statistice, Room 312, ? 26 W . Jachson Biva., Chicago 6, Illinois (Illinols, Indiana, Iowa, Kaneas, Kentuciy, Michigen, Mirnesota, Misecuri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Chio, South Dakota, West Virginia; Wisconsin).
PacificiRocky Monntein- Regioni Director, U. S. Buroau of Labor Statistics, $5 \bar{x}$ Eederal Oraica Bjae. , Fulton and Learenworth Streete, San Tyoncisco 2, Celiforria (Arizona; Calixcrnia Colorado, ILaho, Montana; Nevada, Now Moviec, Crogen, Utah, Weehsngton, Wyoming).

## G. OSCARY

Continental United States - Covers only the 48 states and the Djotrict of Coluabia.

Contract construction - Covers only firms engeged in the construction business on a contract basis for cthers. Force-cccount construction workers, i.e., hired directiy by and on the pay rolls of Fedoral, State, and local government, public utilities, and mrivate establishments, axe exc?udod.

Defense Agencies - Covers civilien employees of the National Military Establishment, Naritime Comiseion, Nationcl Advisory Committee fcr Aeronautics, The Zenama Canal, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Fhilimpine Var Damaze Conmiseion, Selective Service System, War Assets Administration, Ofifice of Defense Transportation, Nailonal Secur:ty Resources Board, Natinnal Scourity Council.

Family Allowances - Represente the Government's contributicn; the amount contribited by the personnel is included under pay rolls.

Federal Government-Bxecutive Branch - Includes U. S. Hevy Yerds, Federal arsenale, and force-account construction. Fourth-class postmasters are included under the executive branch in table 4, but are excluded from the goverment data shown in tablea 1 and 3.

Imployment shown here for the executivo branch differs from data published by the U. S: Civil Service Coumisaion in the fcllowing reapecta: (1) Muployment collooted and published by the Civil Service Cumission as of the last day of the munth, is here presented as of the first day of the next month; (2) substitute rural mall carriers are excluded; (3) employment in December of Gach ycar includes the additional postal employees neceositated by the Chrintmas season, excluded from puibished Civil Service Commession figuros starting 1942; (4) seamen and trainees who are hirod and paid by private steamship companies havine contricts with the Marftime Commission are excluded; (5) the Panama Rallroad Company is shown here under Government corporations but is included under the executive branch by tion Civill Sexvice Comicelon.

Finance - Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and razl estato; emclucien the Federal Reserve District Banks and the mixed ownership baniks of the Farm Credit Administration.

Government - Covers Federal, gtate, and local governmental establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, as woil as, all eovernment-owned and operated establisiments and institutions (arsenais, navy yarde, hospitals, otc.), government corporations, and government force-account construction, The data shown in tables 1 and 3 exclude fourthclass postmastera bocause thoy presumably have other major jobs.

Goverment corporations - Covers only three corporations: The Penama Railroad Compeny, the Federal Reserve banks, and the nixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Adminiatration. All other corpcrations are included under the executive branch.

Indexes of production-worker employment - Estimates of pro-duction-woriker employment expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939.

Inderes of production-worker woekly pay roile - Estimates of proanction-worier woekly pay rolle expreosed as a percentage of the average weekly pay roll for 1939.

Leave payments - Payments were authorized by Public Law 704 of the 79 th Ccngress and were continued by Public Lew 254 of the 80 th Congress to enlisted personnel who were discharged prior to September 1, 1946 for accrued and unused leave and to officers and enlisted persannel then on active duty for leave accrued in excese of 60 days. Value of bonds represents face value; interest is paid in addition when bonds are cashed. Lump-aum payments for terminel leave, which were authorized by Public Law 350 of the 80th Congress, and were started October 1947, are excluded here and included under pay rolle.

Manufacturing - Covers only privately owned eatablishments; botornmental manufacturing orerations suoh as arsenals and navy yards are excluded.

Military personnel - Represents persons on active duty as of the firet of the month. Reserve personnel are excluded if on inactive duty or if on active duty for a irief. truining or emergency perioú.

Militar; pay rolls - Represent estimated pay roll obligations based on an average monthly personnel count, plus lump-sum payments for terminal leave. Pay rolls for the Navy and Coast Guard include cash payments for clothing-allowance balances in January; April, July, and October.

Mining - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solide, liquids, cr gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunnelling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

Monapricultural establishments - Governmental or private business estajlishments; (1) that are physically located within con.tinental United States; and (2) whose principal activity can be classified under one of the following industry divisions manufacturing, mining, contract construction, triansportation and public utilities, trade, finance, service, or government.

Pay roils - Private pay rolls represent weekly pay rolls of both full- and part-time prcduction and rolated workers (or nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors) who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 1.5 th of the month, before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, sroup insurance, withhoiding tax, bonds, and union dues, but after deductions for damaged work. Includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Exciludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period. reported, value of payments in kind, and bonuses, unless ecrned and paid regularly each pay period. In coal mining portal-to-portal pay is included.

Federal civilian pay rolls are for all employees before deductions for income tax, retirement, and bends, and cover the working days in the calendar month.

Production and related workers - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handing, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, fenitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations. Excludes supervisory employees (above the working foremen level) and their clerical staifs, routemen, salesmen, and other groups of norproduction workers defined below under wage and salary workers.

Servioe - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms. Excludes automobile repair services, government owned and operated hospitals, museums, etc., and dcmestic service.

Irade - Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sales of goods. Includes anto repair services.

Transportation and public utilities - Covers only privately owned and operated enterprises engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other communication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Government owned and operated establishments are included under government.

Wage and salary workers - In addition to production and related worisers as defined above, includes workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, salesdelivery, advertising, credit, collection, and in installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above the working foreman level) and other workers not included as production workers. Also includes employees on the establishment pay roll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (forceaccount construction workers).

Wage earner - See production workers.
Washington, D. C. - Data for the executive branch of the Federal Government also include areas in Maryland and Virginia which are within the metropolitan area, as defined by the Bureau of the Census.


[^0]:    See footnotes, table 9, and explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G.
    1/ Source: Interstate Comerce Cormission.
    2/ Not available.
    3 Auguat and September 1948 pay roll revised to 235.2 and 233.4.
    If Includes all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors.
    $\overline{5} /$ Monoy payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tipa, not included.

