# EMPLIUYMETT and PAY hILLL. 

## DETAILED REPORT SEPTEMBER 1948

United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Prepared by
Division of Employment and Occupational Outlook Branch of Employment Statistics

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In this Detailed Refort the Bureau presenta revised series of production-worker estimates for the individual industries comprising the major industry Eroups iisted below. The new estimatea have beon adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency aata through 1946 and have been carried forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent series. Only data boginning with January 1946 are affected by this latect revision.

Only the industries indicated below were affected; comparison of the remaining industries, in the groups specified, with 1946 benchmark levels indicated that no adjustanent was necessary.

Machinery, oxcept eloctrical:
Machinery and machine-shop products
Pumps and pamping equipment
Textile-mill prauncte and other fibor manuf'actures: Silk and rayon goods Hosiory
Knitted outerwear and knitted gloves
Knitted underwear
Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted Carpets and rugs, wool

Food:
Slaughtering and meat packing
Flour
Baking
Sugar refining, cane
Sugar, beet
Confectionery
Beverages, nonalccholic
Malt liquors
Canning and preserving
This report shows the revised production-worleer employment estimates and indexes of employment and weekly poy rolls for the months currently presented. A set of sumary sheets presenting comparable data from January 1939, to date, for the industries in these groups will be provided upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such requests should specify the series desired. Is 49-1593
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TABOR

## EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS

Detailed Report
September 1948

> Explanatory noteg outlining briefiy the concepte, methodclogy, and sources used in preparing data for this report appear in the appendix. See pages $i$ ix. Ix.Industries, by Major Industry Group3
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TABLE 1: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishmente, by Induatry Diviaion
(In thousands)

| Industry division | 19.5 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sertember | August | July | September | August |
| TOTAL | 45,898 | 45,480 | 45,098 | 44,513 | 44,125 |
| Manufacturing | 16,704 | 16,443 | 16,172 | 16,175 | 15,962 |
| Mining | 948 | 952 | 922 | 921 | 923 |
| Contract construction | 2,240 | 2,253 | 2,219 | 2,107 | 2,096 |
| Transportation and public utilitiea | 4,093 | 4,139 | 4,236 | 4,134 | 4,163 |
| Trade | 9,733 | 9,660 | 9,646 | 9,471 | 9,356 |
| Finance | 1,732 | 1,761 | 1,754 | 1,668 | 1,688 |
| Service | 4,647 | 4,622 | 4,645 | 4,634 | 4,619 |
| Government | 5,801 | 5,650 | 5,604 | 5,403 | 5,318 |

See explanatory notes, sections A-H, and the glossary for deifnitions.

TABLIE 2: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Major industry group | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | JuIy | Sopt. | Aug. |
| ALL MANUFACTURING | 16,704 | 16,443 | 16,172 | 16,175 | 15,962 |
| DURABLE GOCDS | 8,292 | 8,187 | 8,165 | 8,070 | 7,987 |
| Iron and steel and their products | 1,947 | 1,928 | 1,897 | 1,892 | 1,884 |
| Electrical machinery | 726 | 716 | 714 | 752 | 745 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,570 | 1,564 | 1,571 | 1,560 | 1,552 |
| Transportation equipment, except automobiles | 574 | 542 | 56. | 540 | 530 |
| Automobiles | 977 | 952 | 984 | 960 | 926 |
| Nonferrous metals and their products | 469 | 465 | 457 | 468 | 463 |
| Lumber and timber basic products | 930 | 930 | 912 | 821 | 821 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products | 558 | 552 | 54 ? | 557 | 549 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 541 | 538 | 527 | 520 | 517 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 8,412 | 8,256 | 8,007 | 8,105 | 7,975 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | 2,384 | 1,397 | 1,364 | 1,341 | 1,320 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products | 1,354 | 1,332 | 1,235 | 1,251 | 1,222 |
| Leather and leather products | + 424 | 429 | 421 | 435 | 429 |
| Food | 2,076 | 1,957 | 1,903 | 1,964 | 1,922 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 101 | 99 | 96 | 100 | 99 |
| Paper and allied products | 484 | 479 | 476 | 470 | 469 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 725 | 720 | 716 | 713 | 710 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 784 | 775 | 751 | 763 | 750 |
| Products of petroleum and cool | 244 | 246 | 247 | 238 | 238 |
| Rubber products | 247 | 245 | 240 | 252 | 252 |
| Miscellaneous industriea | 589 | 577 | 558 | 578 | 564 |

See explanatory notes, sections A-H, and the glossary for definitione.
4.

TABLE 3: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries, by Major Industry Group
(In thousands)

| Major industry group | 1948. |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | August | July | September | August |
| MININIG | 948 | 952 | 922 | 921 | 923 |
| Anthracite | 82 | 83 | 81 | 81 | 82 |
| Bituminous coal | 426 | 426 | 395 | 412 | 408 |
| Metal | 100 | 99 | 103 | 100 | 102 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 98 | 98 | 97 | 98 | 99 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production 1/ | 242 | 246 | 246 | 230 | 232 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITITES | 4,093 | 4,139 | 4,136 | 4,134 | 4,163 |
| Transportation | 2,833 | 2,869 | 2,873 | 2,929 | 2,946 |
| Communication | 741 | 747 | 745 | 713 | 722 |
| Other public utilities | 519 | 523 | 518 | 492 | 495 |
| GOVERNMENT | 5,801 | 5,650 | 5,604 | 5,403 | 5,318 |
| Federal | 1,873 | 1,855 | 1,837 | 1,761 | 1,795 |
| State and local | 3,928 | 3,795 | 3,767 | 3,642 | 3,523 |

See explanatory notes, sections A - H, and the glossary for definitions. 1/ Includes well drilling and rig building.

TABLE 4: Federal Civilian Employment and Pay Rolis in All Areas and in Continental United States, and Total Civilian Government Employment and Pay Rolls in Washington, D. C. 1/
(In thousands)

| Area and branch | $\begin{gathered} \text { Employment } \\ \text { (as of first of month) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Pay rolls(total for month) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 |  |  | 1947 | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. |
| All Areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL FEDERAL | 2,108.3 | 2,094.6 | 2,084.0 | 2,020.9 | \$546,993 | \$546.551 | \$528,437 | \$470,515 |
| Executive | 2,068.7 | 2,055.4 | 2,044.4 | 1,980.1 | 537.165 | 536,653 | 518,639 | 461.157 |
| Defense agencies | 933.2 | 924.6 | 919.8 | 907.0 | 231,840 | 230,147 | 223,968 | 201,582 |
| Post Office Dept. | 481.6 | 476.4 | 471.2 | 425.5 | 123.040 | 122,320 | 121,677 | 96,485 |
| Other agencies | 653.9 | 654.4 | 653.4 | 647.6 | 182,285 | 184,186 | 172,994 | 163,090 |
| Legislative | 7.4 | 77.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 2,662 | 2,695 | 2,600 | 2,448 |
| Judicial | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1,453 | 1,390 | 1,301 | 1,284 |
| Government corporations | 28.7 | 28.4 | 28.8 | 30.2 | 5.713 | 5,813 | 5,897 | 5,626 |
| Continental |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL FEDERAL | 1,893.3 | 1,875.1 | 1,857.8 | 1,781.7 | 504,399 | 504,040 | 487,057 | 430,555 |
| Executive | 1,860.7 | 1,842.5 | 1,825.2 | 1.748 .5 | 495, 228. | 494,839 | 478,016 | 421,85? |
| Defense agencies | 756.5 | 742.9 | 732.2 | 704.6 | 198,642 | 197,058 | 191,686 | 169,441 |
| Post Office Dept. | 480.0 | 474.8 | 469.6 | 424.0 | 122,606 | 121,906 | 121,263 | 96,138 |
| Other agencies | 624.2 | 624.8 | 623.4 | 619.9 | 173.980 | 175.875 | 165,067 | 156,278 |
| Legislative | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 2,662 | 2,695 | 2,600 | 2,448 |
| Judicial | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 1,414 | 1,351 | 1,263 | 1,248 |
| Govermment corporations | 21.8 | 21.9 | 21.9 | 22.7 | 5,095 | 5.155 | 5.178 | 5,002 |
| Washington, D. C. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL GOVERMMENT | 234.8 | 234.3 | 233.3 | 221.9 | 72.307 | -71,359 | 67,208 | 59.911 |
| D. C. government | 28.5 | 18.9 | 19.3 | 18.1 | 4,576 | 3,480 | 3,461 | 4,382 |
| Federal | 216.3 | 215.4 | 214.0 | 203.8 | 67,731 | 67.879 | 63.747 | 55,529 |
| Executive | 208.3 | 207.5 | 206.1 | 196.0 | 64,840 | 64,956 | 60,931 | 52,876 |
| Defense agencies | 70.8 | 70.2 | 69.0 | 64.6 | 21,070 | 21,114 | 20,235 | 16,651 |
| Post Orfice Dept. | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 2.709 | 2,695 | 2,651 | 2,239 |
| Other agencies | 129.9 | 129.8 | 129.6 | 124.3 | 41,061 | 41,147 | 38,045 | 33.986 |
| Legislative | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 2,662 | 2,695 | 2,600 | 2,448 |
| Judicial | .6 | . 6 | 6 | . 6 | 229 | 228 | 216 | 205 |

See the glossary for definitions.

1/ Data for Central Intelligence Agency are excluded starting August 1947 for employment and July 1947 for pay rolls.

## 6.

TABLE 5: Personnel and Pay of the Military Branch of the Federal Goverrment 1/
(In thousands)

| Perscnnel and pay | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Soptomber | Auguat | Јuly | September | August |
| PERSONNEL, TOTAL............. | 1,548 | 1,514 | 1,463 | 1,557 | 1,575 |
| Army. .................... | 608 | 579 | 552 | 2/ 955 | 2/ 972 |
| Air Frice................ | 401 | 400 | 388 | 2/ | 2/ |
| Navy...... | 432 | 430 | 420 | 491 | 492 |
| Marino Corps............ | \&6 | 86 | 84 | 92 | 92 |
| Coast Guard.............. | - ${ }^{\text {cl }}$ | 21. | 20 | 19 | 19 |
| Mon. . . . . . . ............. | 1,535 | 1,501, | 1,449 | 1,539 | 1,556 |
| Women. . . . . .............. | 13 | 24 | 14 | 18 | 19 |
| PAY, TOTAL.................... | \$292,490 | \$278,234 | \$276,590 | \$332,804 | \$334,129 |
| By branch: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Army and Air Force..... | 184, 162 | 171,556 | 167,870 | 194,535 | 192,505 |
| Navy. . . . . . .............. | 88,933. | 87,715 | -90,203 | 116,810 | 117,518 |
| Marine Corps. | 14,682. | 14,404 | 13,819 | 16,218 | 17,884 |
| Coast Guard. | 4,713 | 4,560 | 4,699 | 5,240 | 6,222 |
| By type of pay: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pay rolls | 25 | 24/4 |  | 248,928 | 248,670 |
| Muy rolls.......... | , 14 | 24, 547 | 24, 516 | 4,632 | 10,498 |
| Mustering-out pay...... | 9,365 | - 3,955 | 2,516 | 2,632 | 10,498 |
| Family allowances...... | 28,343 | 27,756 | 26,353 | 24,210 | 24,502 |
| Leave payments.......... | 3,235 | 1,976 | 1,299 | 50,034 | 50,459 |
| Cash. .................. | 620 | - 416: | . 301 | 6,054 | 4,831 |
| Bonus.. | 2,615 | 1,560 | . 998 | 43,980 | 45;628 |

See the glossery for definitions.
1/ Because of rounding, the inairicual figures do not nocessarily add to group totals.
2./ Separate figures for Axmy and Air Force not available, combined data shown under Arruy.

TABIE 6: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishments for Selected Statee
(In thousands)

| State | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aug. | July | June | Aug. | July |
| Arizona | 154 | 154 | 155 | 143 | : 144 |
| Connecticut | 760 | 761 | - 765 | 765 | - 764 |
| Georgia | 743 | 731 | - 736 | 734 | - 718 |
| Illinois | 3,195 | 3,185 | 3,1'74 | 3,122 | 3,112 |
| Indiana | 1,211 | 1,206 | 1,209 | 1,187 | -1,184 |
| Maine | 280 | 276 | - 270 | 273 | - 265 |
| Maryland | 717 | 708 | 707 | 671 | : 6,58 |
| Massechusetts | 1,7a6 | 1,714 | . 1,731 | 1,688 | 11,674 |
| Minnesota | 1, 823 | J. 813 | : 803 | -788 | : 783 |
| Montana | 142 | 141 | : 138 | 136 | 337 |
| Novada $1 /$ | 49 | 50 | - 49 | 49 | - 50 |
| New Jersey | 1,601 | 1,591 | : 1,593 | 1,562 | : 1,543 |
| New Mexico 3/ 3/ | 129 | 1,127 | - 125 | 1119 | - 117 |
| New York 3/ | 5,461 | 5,405 | - 5,416 | 5,405 | : 5,338 |
| Penneylvania 3/ | 3,6a6 | 3,586 | : 3,509 | 3,538 | -3,509 |
| Rhode Island. | $28_{5}$ | 286 | - 287 | 278 | 278 |
| Tennessee | 754 | - 743 | - 743 | 698 | - 689 |
| Texas | 1,749 | : 1,740 | : 1,724 | 1,657 | ' 1,652 |
| Utah | 177 | 179 | : 176 | 175 | - 176 |
| Vermont 1/ | 96 | 95 | - 96 | 96 | : 94 |
| Washington | 6.77 | 674 | - 655 | 668 | - 657 |
| Wisconsin | 1,006 | 1,016 | - 9,3 | 987 | 1, 1,001 |

See explanatory notes, sections E and I.
1/ Does not include centract construction.
2/ Includes contract construction; not comparable with data pubilshed in previous report.
3/ Intorim nonths havo boen reviccd as follcws:
I'cy Mexico - Scptcribor 1c4t7 throuch 1ay 1948 to 120, 118, 119, 121, 118, 117, 119, 120, and 123.

Now Ycrk - Soptcrber 194ti throuch My 1948 to $5,461,5,502,5,508,5,575$, $5,397,-5,375,5,400,5,380$, and 5,385 .

Pennsylvania - September 1947 through May 1948 to $3,573,3,604,3,619,3,662$, $3,566,3,546,3,584,3,522$, and 3,579 .

Additional revisions for earlier months are available upon request.

TABIE 7: Fstimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by State
(In thousands)

| Region and State | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | July | June | August | July |
| NEW FNGGLAND: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine 1/ | 120.2 | 116.5 | 115.2 | 119.4 | 112.9 |
| New Hampshire | 83.6 | 82.1 | 82.7 | 80.7 | 77.6 |
| Vermont 1/ | -3:.8 | 37.0 | . 37.8 | . 39.1 | 37.2 |
| Massachusetts | 725.5 | 710.0 | 726.1 | 720.4 | 707.2 |
| Rhode Island | 144.1 | 144.8 | 146.5 | 143.0 | 141.4 |
| Connecticut 1/ | 392.1 | 393.3 | 396.5 | 406.0 | 403.3 |
| MIDDIE ATLANTIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 1,869.6 | 1,816.5 | 1,831.7 | 1,870.8 | 1,801.9 |
| New Jersey | 743.9 | 732.8 | 741.8 | 735.9 | 719.6 |
| Penngylvania, 2/ | 1,498.0 | 1,481.2 | 1,495.4 | 1,490.7 | 1,471.1 |
| SAST NORTH CENIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 1,224.6 | 1,21.6.4 | 1,2?8.2 | 1,238.1 | 1,232.0 |
| Indiana | 548.6 | 544.1 | 546.4 | 552.3 | 550.0 |
| Illinois | 1,231.0 | 1,227.4 | 1,228.7 | 1,237.8 | 1,228.6 |
| Michigan | 987.5 | 996.8 | 962.7 | 1,004.6 | 997.0 |
| Wisconsin 1/ | 434.4 | 447.9 | 429.7 | 446.6 | 461.5 |
| WEST NORTH CENIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota 1/ | 210.0 | 206.6 | 203.3 | 206.8 | 205.6 |
| Iowa 1/ | 153.0 | 152.1 | 149.8 | 151.3 | 149.8 |
| Missouri 1/ | 349.1 | 345.7 | 343.9 | 348.9 | 343.5 |
| North Dakota 2/ | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
| South Daknta | 13.7 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.8 |
| Nebraska | 43.1 | 43.6 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.4 |
| Kancae | 84.5 | 83.9 | 84.5 | 80.0 | 80.7 |
| SOUPTH ATLANIIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deliaware | 47.9 | 46.6 | 46.6 | 48.4 | 45.2 |
| Maryland | 239.2 | 232.8 | 229.4 | 228.2 | 217.4 |
| District of Columbia | 16.7 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 17.3 | 17.4 |
| Virginia | 214.7 | 211.5 | 211.1 | 211.5 | 208.2 |
| West Virginia | 133.7 | 133.3 | 133.9 | 132.5 | 131.0 |
| North Caroling 2/ | 378.9 | 362.9 | 381.7 | 366.6 | 365.2 |
| South Carolina | 197.0 | 195.8 | 200.5 | 192:0 | 191.5 |
| Georgia $1 /$ | 280.9 | 274.3 | 275.7 | 278.3 | 262.5 |
| Florida I/ | 88.2 | 88.0 | 90.0 | 86.8 | 85.7 |

TABLE 7: Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, his State - Contlnued
(In thousands)

| Region and State | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Augist | July | June | August | July |
| EAST SOUTH CENIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky | 127.4 | 126.8 | 127.0 | 125.8 | 122.4 |
| Tennessee 1/ | 258.9 | 255.6 | 255.7 | 252.0 | 245.6 |
| Alabama 1/ 2/ | 228.3 | 228.9 | 227.4 | 220.3 | 218.5 |
| Mississippi | 90.6 | 91.3 | 89.5 | 95.3 | 91.4 |
| WEST SOUTH CENIRAL: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas 1/ 2/ | 76.8 | 75.6 | 76.6 | 82.9 | 75.6 |
| Louisiana 1/ | 153.6 | 148.2 | 149.4 | 150.3 | 143.3 |
| Oklahoma 17 | 66.9 | 66.7 | 68.9 | 64.0 | 62.9 |
| Texas | 354.1 | 352.9 | 354.8 | 341.3 | 335.1 |
| MOUNTIAIN: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana | 18.0 | 18.1 | 17.7 | 18.2 | 18.4 |
| Idaho 1/ | 20.1 | 20.6 | 18.8 | 23.8 | 22.9 |
| Wyoming | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| Colorado | 56.9 | 56.5 | 56.3 | 56.6 | 55.9 |
| New Mexico 1/ 2/ | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 9.1 |
| Arizona 1/ - | 15.7 | 15.8 | 16.0 | 13.4 | 14.0 |
| Utah | 27.4 | 28.7 | 26.0 | 26.3 | 29.1 |
| Nevada 1/ | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| PACIFIC: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | 183.1 | 179.9 | 163.4 | 185.0 | 176.5 |
| Oregon | 121.2 | 117.3 | 112.8 | 122.4 | 116.6 |
| California $2 /$ | 770.9 | 741.3 | 713.0 | 760.2 | 704.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections $H$ and I.
1/: Series based on Standard Industrial Classification. Data for Tennessee may not be strictly comparable with those published prior to the current report.
2/ Interim months have been reviscd as follows:
Alabrma - September 194\% through May 1948 to 225.4, 227.9, 230.8, 230.9, 232.7, 230.2, 230.9, 226.5, and 227.2.

Arkansas - October and November 1947 to 76.7 and 76.8.
California - September. 1947 through February 1948 to 744.8, 736.4, 717.7; 715.1, 705.0 and 703.5.

Kev Mexico - September 1947 through April 1948 to 9.1, 8.8, 8.6, 8.6, 8.3, 8.2, 8. 2 , and 8.8.

Morth Caroline - September 1947 through January 1948 to 368.1, 374.1, 378.7, 380.8 and 382.7 .

North Dakota - September through November 1947 to 6.7, 6.7 and 6.8.
Pennsylvania - Septermber 1947 through May 1948 to 1,504.5, 1,517.9, 1,523.1, $1,527.3,1,515.6,1,513.1,1,514.3,1,497.5$ and 1,489.4.

Additional revisions for earlier months are available upon request.
10.

TABLE 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industriea
(In thousathds)

| Industiry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Alls. | JuIV | Sept. | Auge |
| AIL MANUFACTURINTG | 13,478 | 13,245 | 12,987 | 13,125 | 12,928 |
| DURABIF GOODS | 6,793 | 6,709 | 6,681 | 6,630 | 6,555 |
| NONDURABIE GOODS | 6,685 | 6,536 | 6,306 | 6,495 | 6,373 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND STEEL AND THETR PRODUCTS | 1,649 | 1,631 | 1,601 | 1,604 | 1,597 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 534.0 | 534.9 | 526.5 | 505.1 | 508.6 |
| Groy-iron ani semisteel castings | 109.8 | 106.4 | 104.7 | 112.4 | 113.6 |
| Malleable-iron castings | 38.5 | 37.3 | 36.1 | 35.6 | 35.4 |
| Steel castinigs | 70.9 | 69.4 | 68.2 | 66.2 | 65.5 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 29.3 | 29.5 | 28.9 | 27.8 | 27.5 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 50.0 | 49.0 | 47.3 | 48.4 | 47.6 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 28.6 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 30.5 | 30.8 |
| Wirework | 42.7 | 42.3 | 41.8 | 41.1 | 40.3 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 23.8 | 22.5 | 21.8 | 23.9 | 23.3 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 24.7 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 24.6 | 24.4 |
| Hardware | 50.8 | 50.1 40.3 | 49.3 38.8 | 49.3 38.4 | 48.3 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 41.2 | 40.3 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 38.5 |
| Stoves, oil burners, and heating equipment, not elsewhere classified | 87.3 | 84.0 | 77.6 | 90.3 | 86.4 |
| Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 61.7 | 60.4 | 57.0 | 61.2 | 61.3 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 108.4 | 109.0 | 110.1 | 114.7 | 111.9 |
| Fabricated structural and ornamental metalwork | 61.7 | 60.9 | 59.3 | 60.3 | 60.3 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim | 10.9 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.1 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets | 28.1 | 27.9 | 28.1 | 28.3 | 28.4 |
| Forgings, fron and steel | 36.8 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 36.3 | 36.2 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavyriveted | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.8 | 17.8 | 17.7 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 34.8 | 34.8 | 35.2 | 35.3 | 35.4 |
| Steel barrels, iregs, end drums | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Firearms | 21.6 | 21.3 | 21.5 | 18.5 | 18.3 |
| FLECTIRICAL MACHINERY $1 /$ | 548 | 538 | 535 | 578 | 569 |
| Electrical equipment | 368.7 | 363.9 | 362.3 | 384.7 | 379.0 |
| Radios and phonographe | 89.7 | 86.9 | 85.9 | 99.6 | 96.8 |
| Communication equipment | 89.7 | 87.5 | 87.0 | 93.6 | 93.3 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions. (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sopt. | ATS. | JW7y | Sept. | Aug. |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPI ELECIRICAL 1/ | 1,208 | 1,292 | 1,209 | 1,209 | 1,198 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products | 509.0 | 502.2 | 505.9 | 516.5 | 512.6 |
| Enginod and.turbines | 50.5 | 51.5 | 52.4 | 53.5 | 53.5 |
| Tractors | 59.2 | 60.0 | 61.1 | 57.1 | 55.7 |
| Agricultural machinery, excluding: tractors | 72.8 | 72.6 | 74.9 | 67.6 | 66.4 |
| Machine tools | 48.0 | 47.8 | 46.8 | 52.3 | 52.5 |
| Nachine-tool accessories | -55.5 | 55.1 | 51.8 | 56.0 | 56.4 |
| Textile mackinery | 42.1 | 42.2 | 41.4 | 37.3 | 36.4 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 69.1 | 67.9 | 68.5 | 75.7 | 74.9 |
| Typewriters | 21.0 | 22.1 | 22.9 | 24.2 | 23.6 |
| Cash registers; adding, and calculating machines | 44.9 | 44.6 | 45.2 | 42.1 | 41.0 |
| Washing machines, wringers, and difiers, domestic | 15.7 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 14.9 | 15.1 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | .14.6 | 14.3 | 14.0 | 12,1. | 12.1 |
| Refrigerators and refrigeration equipzent | 81.3 | 82.3 | 84.3 | 79.1 | 78.6 |
| TRAISPORTATION EQUIPMEITI, EXCEFT AƯTOMOBIIES | 439 | 414 | 430 | 414 | 405 |
| Lócomotives | 2t. 8 | 17.2 | 26.4 | 25.1 | 24.4 |
| Cirs, electric- and steam-railroed | 54.7 | 54.6 | 54.5 | 55.4 | 54.6 |
| Aircraft and parts, excluding alrcraft engines | 138.5 | 133.5 | 130.3 | 129.7 | 130.7 |
| Aircraf't engines | 26.7 | 21.6 | 25.6 | 26.6 | 26.7 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 97.5 | 99.5 | 103.4 | 93.0 | 87.1 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 13.3 | 11.6 | 10.8 | 13.9 | 13.6 |
| AUTOMOBIIES | 777 | 763 | 787 | 767 | 741 |
| NONFETRROUS METALS AND THEIR PRODUCIS | 399 | 395 | 388 | 400 | 396 |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous 'metals | 40.2 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 39.8 | 39.9 |
| Alloying; and rolling and drawing of nonferrous metals; except |  |  |  |  |  |
| aluminum | 54.3 | 52.9 | 51.9 | 53.2 | 53.4 |
| Clocks and watches | 28.6 | 27.5 | 25.9 | 27.8 | 27.2 |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 27.1 | 26.3 | 25.8 | 26.4 | 25.6 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 27.9 | 27.7 | 26.5 | 25.5 | 25.0 |
| Lighting equipment | 32.2 | 31.6 | 30.2 | 35.2 | 35.3 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 38.5 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 42.4 | 41.0 |
| Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere classified | 37.0 | 37.3 | 36.8 | 38.7 | 38.7 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and.G, and the glossary for definitions.
12.

TABLE 8: Estilmated Number of Production Vorkers in Manufacturing Industries - Contid (In thaisands)

| Industry group and industry. | 1948 |  |  | 1247 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Xept. | Alug. | July | Sept. | Aug. |
| EUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC FRODUCTS 1/ | 843. | 844 | 829 | 745 | 745 |
| Sawnills and logeing camps | 59 | 692.1 | 681.1 | 613.3 | 614.6 |
| Planine and plywood mills | 151.9 | 152.5 | 148.3 | 132.0 | 130.8 |
| FIURIITURE AKD FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS $1 /$ | 466 | 461 | 452 | 466 | 460 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings | 36.8 | 35.2 | 33.2 | 35.4 | 33.4 |
| Fiurniture | 252.5 | 249.7 | 244.4 | 247.7 | 244.4 |
| Wooden boxes, other than cigar. | 34.7 | 35.0 | 35.6 | 38.0 | 37.8 |
| Cäskets and other morticians ${ }^{\text {goods }}$ | 19.4 | 19.3 | 18.9: | 20.8 | 20.5 |
| Wood preserving | 17.3 | 17.6 | 17.2 | 19.4 | 20.1 |
| Wood, turned and shaped | 34.2 | 34.6 | 33.6: | 33.4 | 33.4 |
| STONE, CLAY, ${ }^{\text {AND }}$ GLASS PRODUCIS | 464 | 461 | 450 | 447 | 444 |
| Glass and glassware | 318.6 | 115.6 | 111.0 | 118.9 | 118.2 |
| Glass products ziede from purchased glass | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Cement | 37.2 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 37.0 | 36.8 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta | 81.5 | 81.3 | 79.8 | 75.4 | 75.1 |
| Pottery and related products | 58.8 | 58.4 | 55.6 | 55.9 | 56.1 |
| Gypsum | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wood | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 11.8 |
| Lime | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| Marble, granite, slate, and other products | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 18.4 |
| Abrasives | 17.7 | 17.9 | 18.3 | 16.9 | 16.2 |
| Asbestos products | 22.0 | 21.7 | 20.9 | 21.0 | 20.6 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEXIIIIE-MIIL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTURES 1/ | 1,261 | 1,274 | 1,243. | 1,223 | 1,202 |
| Cotton manuiactures, except smallwares | 516.9 | 521.5 | 509.9 | 498.9 | 494.1 |
| Cotton smallwares | 13.4 | 23.5 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.1 |
| Silk and rayon goods | 122.1 | 121.5 | 116.5 | 110.8 | 108.8 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing | 155 | 169.8 | 167.5 | 168.7 | 162.9 |
| Hosiery | 141.8 | 143.7 | 135.3 | 139.6 | 137.5 |
| Knitted cloth | 11.0 | 11.2 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 10.9 |
| Knitted outerwear and linitted gloves | 31.7 | 31.7 | 30.3 | 31.7 | 29.9 |
| Knitted underwear - | 49.1 | 50.1 | 50.2 | 48.9 | 48.2 |
| Dy:ing and finishing textiles, incluaing woolen end worsted | 91.1 | 91.7 | 91.0 | 89:1 | 87.0 |
| Carpets and rugs, wool | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 35.3 | 34.7 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 12.6 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 13.2 | 13.3 |
| Jute goods, except felts | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Cordage and twine | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 14.7 | 14.9 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and ©; and tho gloseary for dafínitions.

MABLF 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufecturing Industries - Contid. (In thotyende)

| Industry sroup and induatry | 1978 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | Juiv | Sept. | Aug. |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTIITE PRODUCTS | 1,176 | 1,160. | 1,070 | 1,096 | 1,071 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere clabsifled | 319.3 | 318.2 | 296.5 | 299.4 | 294.7 |
| Shirte, collare, and niehtwear | '99.5 | 78.6 | 75.8 | 77.2 | 75.1 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 18.1 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 17.1 | 16.6 |
| Work shirte | 18.0 | 18.6 | 10.5 | 15.9 | 15.6 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhore classified | 492.3 | 480.7 | 437.0 | 452.1 | 440.4 |
| Corsets and allied gmrments | 29.0 | 18.5 | 17.3 | 18.1 | 17.7 |
| Millinery | 25.0 | 25.1 | 22.2 | 23.8 | 23.6 |
| Handkerchiefs | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 4.6 |
| Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads | 28.4 | 29.2 | 25.1 | 28.7 | 27.3 |
| Housefurnichings, other than curtains, etc. <br> Textile bages | 32.1 29.2 | 30.2 28.9 | 28.1 28.1 | 30.6 27.8 | 29.4 27.3 |
| LTHALHER AND LEATHER IRODUCTS I/ | 379 | 383 | 375 | 390 | 385 |
| Leather | 148.0 | 47.7 | 47.2 | 49.8 | 49.1 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and firdings | 17.9 | 28.1 | 17.7 | 19.3 | 19.2 |
| Boots and shoes | 241.0 | 244.8 | 239.5 | 247.6 | 24.7 |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 13.0 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.7 |
| Truaks and suitcases | 14.3 | 13.8 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 12.7 |
| rood I/ | 1,537 | 1,418 | 1,364 | 1,483 | 1.,4420 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 195.2 | 196.8 | 201.3 | 192.7 | 193.3 |
| Butter | 36.6 | 38.2 | 39.6 | 35.8 | 37.8 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 21.1 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 21.2 | 22.7 |
| Ice cream | 29.6 | 31.8 | 32.8 | 31.1 | 32.8 |
| Flour | 41.5 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 40.9 | 41.1 |
| Feeds, prepared | 29.3 | 29.5 | 29.3 | 29.6 | 29.9 |
| Cereal preparations | 13.2 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 14.2 |
| Baking | 253.2 | 251.0 | 250.0 | 239.9 | 237.5 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 24.9 | 25.3 | 25.8 | 24.7 | 24.6 |
| Sugar, beot | 10.3 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 12.6 | 11.1 |
| Confectionery | 80.2 | 70.4 | 61.8 | 74.5 | 68.4 |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | 46.7 | 49.6 | 50.3 | 43.3 | 43.5 |
| Malt liquors | 86.5 | 87.8 | 88.2 | 83.1 | 82.6 |
| Canning and preserving | 443.9 | 326.2 | 274.3 | 424.1 | 385.6 |
| TOBACCO MARUFACTURES 1/ | 88 | 86 | 83 | 86 | 85 |
| Cigarettes | 34.9 | 34.5 | 33.6 | 32.6 | 32.9 |
| Cigars <br> Tobacco (chewing and amoking) | 44.9 | 44.1 | 41.7 | 45.5 | 44.5 |
| Tobacco (chering and smoking and smuff | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABIE. 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries - Contid

## (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. | Aug. |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCIS 1/. | 395 | 391 | 388 | 383 | 387 |
| Paper and pulp | 206.7 | 206.7 | 205.8 | 200.0 | 199.8 |
| Paper goods, other | 59.5 | 58.7 | 60.5 | 61.4 | 60.6 |
| Envelopes | 12.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 11.8 |
| Paper bags | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 18.0 |
| Paper boxes | 97.0 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 96.0 | 95.6 |
| PRINIING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES 1/ | 436 | 432 | 430 | 437 | 434 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 149.4 | 147.7 | 146.8 | 144.4 | 143.0 |
| Printing; book and job | 185.4 | 183.1 | 183.0 | 185.9 | 184.3 |
| Lithographing | 31.1 | 31.2 | 31.2 | 32.4 | 32.6 |
| Bookbinding | 34.4 | 34.8 | 33.3 | 38.2 | 38.3 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALITED PRODUCTS $1 /$ | 597 | 586 | 567 | 576 | 563 |
| Paintis, varnishes, and colors | 49.1 | 49.7 | $\cdots 49.1$ | 47.3 | 46.7 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides | 64.2 | 63.9 | 63.4 | 67.1 | 66.2 |
| Perfumes and cosmetics | 12.3 | 12.3 | 10.8 | 12.6 | 12.1 |
| Soap | 27.1 | 25.2 | - 24.0 | 24.7 | 23.9 . |
| Rayon and allied products | 63.7 | 64.9 | . 64.4 | 62.1 | 61.1 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 210.9 | 211.2 | 202.0 | 204.3 | 205.7 |
| Explosives and safety fuises | 27.6 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 23.7 | 23.3 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 10.1 |
| Anmunition, small-arms | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 4.4 |
| Fireworks | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| Cottonseed oil | 23.4 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 18.3 | 13.1 |
| Fertilizers | 28.9 | 26.9 | 25.5 | 29.3 | 27.5 |
| TRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AID COAL $1 /$ | i68 | 170 | 170 | 166 | 166 |
| Petroleum refining | 114.0 | 115.9 | 117.0 | 113.4 | 114.5 |
| Coke and byproducts | 32.4 | 32.4 | 31.8 | 29.3 | 29.2 |
| Paving materials | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| Roofing materials | 18.0 | 17.8 | 17.4 | 18.4 | 18.2 |

See-explanatory notes, sections C, D, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABIR 8: Estimated Number of Production Workers In Manufacturing Industries - Contid
(In thousands)

| Industry group end industry | 1248 |  |  | 1947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Seut. | Aug. |
| RUBBER FRODUCCIS I/ | 197 | 195 | 191 | 203 | 203 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 91.4 | 01.5 | 90.9 | 100.5 | 104.7 |
| Pubber boots and shoes | 22.5 | 22.0 | 20.7 | 21.0 | 18.9 |
| Rubber goods, other, | 83.0 | 80.8 | 79.2 | 81.9 | 79.6 |
| MISCELLATEOUS ITDUSTRIES 1/ | 451 | 441 | 425 | 447 | 435 |
| Instruments (professional and scientific), and fire-control equipment | 29.1 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 27.7 | 27.5 |
| Fhotographic apparatus | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 38.3 |
| Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods | 24.8 | 24.8 | 23.9 | 27.5 | 27.6 |
| Planos, organs, and parts | 13.5 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 16.5 | 14.6 |
| Games, toys, and dolis | 48.6 | 45.3 | 42.4 | 40.9 | 38.2 |
| Buttons | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 11.4 |
| Fire extinguishers | c2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossary for definitions.
I/ Estimates for the individual Industries comprising the major industry groups have been adjusted to levels indicated by Federal Security Agency data through 1946 and have been cerried forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent series. Comparable data from January 1939 are available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such requests should specffy the serles desired.

More recently adjusted data for the individual industries comprising the major industry groups listed below supersede data shown in publications dated prior to:

| Major industry group | Mimeorraphed release | : Monthiy Labor Review |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrical machinery | October 1948 | November 1948 |
| Nonferrous metals and their products | October 1948 | November 1948 |
| Furniture and finished limber products | October 1948 | November 1948 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | October 1948 | November 1948 |
| Miscellaneous industries | October 1948 | November 1948 |
| Machinery, except eloctrical | November 1948 | December 1948 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | November 1948 | Decermber 1948 |
| Food. | November 1948 | December 1948 |

TABLE 9: Estimated Number of Hmployoes in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries 1 /

> (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1948 |  |  | 3.947 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sopt. | Aug. |
| MINING: 2/ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 77.5 | 77.7 | 76.2 | 76.0 | 76.7 |
| Bituminous coal | 408 | 408 | 378 | 394 | 390 |
| Metal. | 89.7 | 88.4 | 91.7 | 89.6 | 91.0 |
| Iron | 33.6 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 32.4 | 32.7 |
| Copper | 27.0 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 25.7 | 25.7 |
| Lead and zinc | 13.0 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 16.5 |
| Gold and silver | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Miscellaneous | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 87.8 | 87.8 | 87.1 | 88.1 | 88.9 |
| Crude petroleum and naturad gas production 3/ | 133.2 | 137.1 | 136.6 | 128.7 | 131.0 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UPIIITIIES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I steam railroeds 4/ | 1,350 | 1,356 | 1,361 | 1,354 | 1,381 |
| Street rallways and busses 5/ | 247 | 247 | 246 | 251 | 253 |
| Telephone | 642 | 647 | 644 | 613 | 616. |
| Telegraph 6/ <br> Electric light and power | 34.7 284 | $\underset{-86.1}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.0 \\ & 283 \end{aligned}$ | 37.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 37.8 \\ & 269 \end{aligned}$ |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 373 | 369 | 375 | 379 | 379 |
| Power laundries $2 /$ | 232 | 233 | 239 | 243 | $245$ |
| Clearing and dyeing $2 /{ }^{\prime}$ | 88.7 | 89.7 | 92.6 | .94.3 | 93.1 |

See explanatory notes, sections $C, D$, and $G$, and the glossany for definitions.
1/ Unless otherwise noted, data include all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors.
2) Includes production and relatod worlers only.

3/ Does not include well drilling or rig building.
4/ Includes all employees at middle of month. Exciudes employees of switching and Terminal companies. Class I steam railroads include those with over $\$ 1,000,000$ annual revenue. Source: Interistate Commerce Commission.
2/ Includes private and municipal street-railway coripanies and affiliated, subsidiary, or successor trolley-bus and motor-bus companies.
6/ Incluaes all land-line employees except those compensated on a comission basis. Excludes general and divisional headquarters personnel, trainees in school, ania' messengers.

| Industry group and industry | Emplormejt indexes |  |  |  | Pay-rol 1 indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square \frac{1045}{19} 4$ |  |  |  | 1948 |  |  | $\frac{1947}{\text { sept. }}$ |
|  |  | Av3. | J | Sep | 82pt. | ug. | July |  |
| AT工 MAMTEOTTIRITG | 164.5 | 161.7 | 253.5 | 160.2 | 381.7 | 374.0 | 360.0 | 345.3 |
| DURABLIE GCCDS | 188.1 | 185.8 | 185.0 | 183.6 | 422.6 | 418.9 | 403.0 | 382.2 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 13.45 .9 | 142.7 | 137.7 | 141.8 | 341.7 | 331.6 | 318.0 | 309.2 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IRON AND STMURL AID THEIR PRODUCTS 166.3 |  | 164.5 | 161.4 | 161.7 | 366.1 | 361.1 | 336.9 | 327.7 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 137.5 | 137.7 | 135.5 | 130.0 | 299.7 | 295.3 | 269.9 | 254.5 |
| Gray-iron and semisteel castings | 176.5 | 171.0 | 168.3 | 180.6 | 414.8 | 394.3 | 377:8 | 403.0 |
| Malleable-iron caetings | 200.4 | 194.3 | 188.0 | 185.1 | 492.2 | 478.0 | 1448.8 | 425.9 |
| Steel costings | 221.1 | 216.4 | 212.6 | 206.7 | 478.5 | 473.0 | 440.5 | 414.2 |
| Cast-iron pipo and fittings | 166.7 | 167.5 | 164.5 | 157.8 | 436.2 | 432.0 | 414.3 | 366.6 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 157.4 | 154.1 | 148.8 | 152.3 | 390.9 | 364.3 | 353.2 | 349.2 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 130.0 | 128.9 | 127.5 | 138.8 | 263.3 | 262.1 | 242.8 | 259.5 |
| Wirevork | 140.5 | 139.3 | 137.6 | 135.3 | 321.9 | 326.0 | 315.1 | 290.1 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 154.6 | 145.3 | 141.2 | 154.7 | 374.2 | 358.7 | 335.7 | 359.1 |
| Tools (except dige tools, machis tools, files, and saws) | $161.3$ | 160.3 | 160.8 | 160.9 | 365.6 | 372.8 | 358.7 | 347.9 |
| Hardware | 142.5 | 140.5 | 133.3 | 138.4 | 334.0 | 326.0 | 303.8 | 308.4 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 256.9 | 153.7 | 147.8 | 146.2 | 338.0 | 338.1 | 316.7 | 291.6 |
| Stoves, oil burners, and heating equinment, not elsewhere clascified | 177.7 | 170.8 | 157.9 | 183.7 | 406.6 | 395.5 | 352.0 | 399.3 |
| Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 191.1 | 187.1 | 176.4 | 189.7 |  | . 2 | 397.2 | 394.1 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 191.1 | 184.2 | 186.1 | 193.9 |  |  |  | 437.1 |
| Fabricated structural and ornemental metalwork | 173.6 | 171.6 | 167.1 | 193.1 | 352.7 | 364.8 | 329.0 | 439.4 |
| Metal doors, oesh, frames, molding, and trim | 140.4 | 139.5 | 134.2 | 132.8 | 336.4 | 324. | 292.9 | 280.3 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivet | 184.3 | 182.8 | 284.5 | 185.6 | 414.7 | 423.9 | 401.0 | 369.4 |
| Forgings, fron and steel | 224.9 | 215.2 | 214.5 | 221.6 | 504.7 | 475.0 | 1449.6 | 456.3 |
| Wrought pipe, velded add heary-riveted: | 220.8 | 220.7 | 222.1 | 200.9 | 490.0 |  | 473.0 | 396.6 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws |  | 19 |  |  | 430.5 |  | 426.8 | 413.4 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums | 123.9 | 125.6 | 122.4 | 127.3 | 306.3 | 337.4 | 301.4 | 325.6 |
| Firearms | 405.6 | 400.3 | 403.0 | 347.6 | 961.2 | 626.1 | 952.7 | 766.9 |
| ELECIRICAL MACEINERY $1 /$ | 211.5 | 207.7 | 206.6 | 223.0 | 466. | 454.8 | 436.3 | 450.5 |
| Electrical equipment | 201.8 | 199.2 | 298.3 | 210.6 | 444.4 | 434 | 418.3 | 423.1 |
| Radios and phonographs | 203.8 | 197.6 | 195.3 | 226.3 | 489.4 | 468 | 456.9 | 501.9 |
| Communication equipment | 276.2 | 269.5 | 268.1 | 288.3 | 567.3 | 550. | 513.4 | 551.1 |

18. 

TABLE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Induatries - Continued


| Industry group and industry | Employnent indexos |  |  |  | Pay-roli indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 |  |  | 1947 | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |
|  | Sept | AinE. | $5{ }^{3}$ | Sept. | Sopt. | Atg. | July | Sopt. |
| LUMBER AID TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS $1 / 200.6$ |  | 1200. | 197.3 | 177.3 | 523. |  | 502.9 | 427.4 |
| Sawmills and logeing camps | 220.4 | 220.7 | 217.2 | 135.5 | 584.4 | 604.6 | 563.3 | 480.4 |
| Planing and plywood mills | 292.1 | 192.8 | 187.5 | 166.9 | 480.6 | 485.4 | 455.3 | 379.5 |
| FURNITURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS 1/. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14 |  | 339.7 | 320.4 | 3 |
| Mattimesses and bedsprings Furniture | 179 | 171.7 | 161.9 | 172.5 | 411.5 | 385. | 354.1 | 378.3 |
|  |  | 140.3 | 127 | 139.2 |  |  | 317.5 | 316.6 |
| Wooden boxos, other than ciear Cackets and other morticians' goods | 122.5 | 123.6 | -22. 2 | 134.2 | 322.0 | 334.1 | 318.6 | 324.1 |
|  |  | 139.0 | 135.6 | 149.5 | 290.2 | 287.8 | 273.4 | 301.2 |
| Wocd preservingWocd, turned and shapod | 137.3 | 1240.1 | 137.1 | 154.2 | 381.4 | 381.5 | 378.0 | 418.4 |
|  | 139.3 | 140.9 | 136.7 | 136.0 | 322.2 | 332.1 | 313.9 | 298.9 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRCDUCTS | 158.1 | 157.0 | 153.2 | 152.3 | 361.4 | 359.4 | 334.2 | 320.2 |
|  | 166.3 | 126.1 | 155.6 | 166.7 | 369.9 | 356.6 | 316.8 | 342.8 |
| Olass and glascware <br> Glass products made fron purchased glass Cement | 120. | 120.1 | 12.2 | 120.1 | 270.4 | 268.2 | 254.5 | 251.5 |
|  | 252.7 | 156.1 | 1156.4 | 152.1 | 319.3 | 331.9 | 328.7 | 258.3 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta Pottery and related products Gypsut: | 140.4 | 140.7 | 137.5 | 129.8 | 345.7 | 349.5 |  | 294.1 |
|  | 173.7 | 172.8 | 164.15 | 165.2 | 364.3 | 373.6 | 336.6 | 326.5 |
|  | 136.1 | 1.56 .3 | 136.6 | 124.2 | 333.7 | 329.6 | 306.4 | 258.3 |
| Wallboorọ, plaster (except Bypsum); and mineral wocl Lime | 157.1 | 156.8 | 156.7 | 149.4 | 439.4 |  | 426.5 | 357.8 |
|  | 98.7 | 09.3 . | 99.4 | 97.0 | 279.6 | 281.3 | 268.9 | 245.5 |
| Marble, granite, slate, and other products Abrasives | 101.5 | 101.7 | 101.0 | 99.9 | 190.6 | 192.0 | 184.9 | 180.9 |
|  | 229.3 | 231.9 | 1236.5 | 217.9 | 510.0 | 499.7 | 495.9 | 418.2 |
| ```Asbestos products Nondurable goods TEXITLS-MILL PRODUCTS AND OIHER FIBER MANUFACTURES 1/``` | 138.2 | 136.9 | 131.6 | 132.0 | 346.5 | 343.0 | 327.5 | 299.2 |
|  | 110.3 | 111.4 | 08.7 | 106.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton manufacturos, except sma.llwares | 123. | 124.7 |  | 119.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton smallwares | 95. | 96.2 | 95.3 | 95.2 | 228.7 | 227.3 | 226.5 | 210.6 |
| Slilk and rayon goods | 96.5 | 95.9 | 92.0 | 87.6 | 301.3 | 295.2 | 276:9 | 236.2 |
| Woolen and vorsted manufactures, except dyeing and finiohing | 105.2 | 107.7 | 106.3 | 107.0 | 286.1 | 297.8 | 295.5 | 268.5 |
| Hosiery | 84.4 | 85.5 | 80.5 | 83.1 | 202.4 | 202.8 | 184.2 | 178.5 |
| Knitted cloth | 95.6 | 97.2 | 96.7 | 95.2 | 220.3 | 229.6 | 224.4 | 207.8 |
| Knitted outerweer and knitted gloves | 106 | 106.6 | 101.8 | 106.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Knitted underwoar | 120.6 | 123.0 | 123.2 | 120.0 | 297.3 | 313.2 | 305.2 | 29.2 |
| Dyoing and finishing textiles, including wooion and worsted | 129.0 | 129.8 | 1128.8 | 126.1 | 310.7 | 309.2 | 299.8 | 289.1 |
| Carpetis and rugs, wool | 150.6 | 148.1 | 148.0 | 130.5 | 387.5 | 381.5 | 368.4 | 296:6 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 82.3 | 86.6 | 80.1 | 85.8 | 182.8 | 200.3 | 174.7 | 177.2 |
| Jute goods, except felts | 104.5 | 114.3 | 112.6 | 76.6 | 248.4 | 282.2 | 273.0 | 163.7 |
| Cordage and twine | 119.5 | 120.7 | 124.0 | 115.3 | 283.7 | 286. | 288.2 | 258.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABIE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continucd

| Industry eroup and Industry | Employment Indexes |  |  |  | Pay. roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 |  |  | 1947 | 1948 |  |  | 11947 |
|  | Sopt. | Aug. | July | Sept. | Sopt. | Aug. | July | Sept. |
| APPAREL AND OITHER FTNISHED TTXIIIII PRODUCTS | 149.0 | 146.9 | 135.6 | 138.9 | 349.4 | 343.4 | 303.6 | 303.8 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere ciassitied | 139.1 | 138.6 | 129.1 | 130.4 | 324.4 | 323.5 | 4.1 | 284.9 |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 107.5 | 106.3 | 102.5 | 104.4 | 262.4 | 256.2 | 246.6 | 243.2 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 106.6 | 105.1 | 98.5 | 101.1 | 300.9 | 293.8 | 269.6 | 261.3 |
| Work shirts | 127.6 | 131.4 | 131.3 | 112.4 | 337.2 | 334.8 | 326.4 | 266.9 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 172.0 | 167.9 | 152.7 | 158.0 | 391.6 | 381.7 | 326.6 |  |
| Corsets and allied garments | 101.3 | 98.8 | 92.4 | 96.5 | 225.7 | 216.6 | 201.1 | 205.4 |
| Millinery | 98.0 | 98.3 | 87.0 | 93.4 | 204.0 | 199.5 | 165.3 | 173.1 |
| Handiorchiefs | 96.2 | 93.6 | 77.7 | 98.3 | 254.2 | 236.2 | 181.3 | 239.4 |
| Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads | 9.6 | 164.4 | 141.6 | 161.4 | 356.3 | 392.0 | 317.6 | 371.9 |
| Housefurnishings, other the curtains, etc. | 278.1 | 270.9 | 251.4 | 274.0 | 632.8 | 632.3 |  | 604.6 |
| Textile bags | 231.7 | 229.2 | 222.9 | 220.1 | 549.5 | 521.9 | 498.3 | 458.8 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS 1/ | 109.3 | 110.4 | 108.1 | 112.2 | 246.9 | 248.3 | . 5 | 248.1 |
| Leather | 96.0 | 95.3 | 94.3 | 99.6 | 206.5 | 207.3 | 203.6 | 212.0 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock findings | 89.8 | 90.7 | 88.6 | 96.9 | 185.2 | 189 | 178.6 | 191.4 |
| Boots and shoes | 124.4 | 106.0 | 103.7 | 107.2 | 241.4 | 242 | '230.6 | 243.7 |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 129.7 | 132.1 | 127.8 | 128.1 | 272.1 | a 88. | 267. | 253.5 |
| Trunks and suitcases | 171.8 | 166.0 | 159.6 | 162.6 | 393.3 | 376 | 339.5 | 335.9 |
| FOOD 1/ | 179.9 | 166.0 | 159.7 | 173.6 | 389.8 | 351. | 352. | 356.1 |
| Slaughtering and meat | 1244.5 | 145.7 | 149.1 | 142.7 | 303.5 | 296.0 | 318. | 288.0 |
| Butter | 181.7 | 189.8 | 196.8 | 178.0 | 397.8 | 418.5 | 432. | 364.8 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 194.3 | 201.4 | 207.4 | 194.5 | 473.7 | 492. | 509 | 419.8 |
| Ice cream | 167.9 | 180.7 | 186.3 | 176.8 | 333.5 | 348. | . 6.8 | 326.2 |
| Flour | 1249.4 | 152.2 | 153.7 | 147.5 | 360.7 | 368.6 | 368.3 | 351.5 |
| Feeds, prepared | 169.8 | 170.8 | 169.7 | 171.2 | 412.7 | 405.0 | 400.0 | 382.9 |
| Cereal preparation | 157.6 | 165.6 | 165.7 | 168.0 | 326.0 | 349.5 | 377. | 337.5 |
| Baking | 733.0 | 131:8 | 131.3 | 126.0 | 282.6 | 273. | 27.5 | 243.6 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 157.1 | 159.1 | 162.4 | 155.4 | 347.3 | 369. | 378.5 | 329.9 |
| Sugar, beet | 89.1 | 77.0 | 65.0 | 108.8 | 200.3 | 154.2 | 134. | 226.6 |
| Confectionory | 143.9 | 126:3 | 110:9 | 133.7 | 347.3 | 296.2 | 252. | 295.8 |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | 196.1 | 207:9 | 210.9 | 181.9 | 342.1 | 3.49 .0 | 387.1 | 326.0 |
| Malt liquors | 213.7 | 217.0 | 218.0 | 205.5 | 420.4 | 419.6 | 435.7 | 403.9 |
| Canning and proserving | 295.3 | 217.0 | 182.5 | 282.2 | 833.4 | 525 | 469.2 | 754.6 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACIUTEES 1/ | 93.9. | 92.5 | 88.8 | 92.3 | 214.8 | 218.3 | 205. | 205.3 |
| Cigarettes |  | $125.8$ | 122.4 | $118.7$ |  | $288.3$ |  |  |
| Cigars | 80.5 | $78^{\circ}$ | $74.7$ | 81.5 | 187.4 | 180.9 | $171.1$ | 185 |
| Tobacco (chewing and smoking) and snuff | 77.7 | 77.2 | 75.6 | 79.8 | 176.1 | 173.3 | 164. | 177.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.

TABLE 10: Indexes of Productin-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manuracturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Employment indexas |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1948 |  | 1947 |  | 1948 |  | 1947 |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. | Sspt. | Aus. | July | Sopt. |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 1/ | 148.7 | 14.7 .4 | 146.1 | 146.2 | 352.5 | 349.6 | 341.7 | 315.5 |
| Paper and pulp | 150.0 | 150.0 | 149.4 | 145.2 | 362.9 | 363.6 | 357.7 | 322.0 |
| Paper goods, other | 157.6 | 155.5 | 160.2 | 162.9 | 354.2 | 347.4 | 355.3 | 334.2 |
| Envelopes | 145.8 | 141.9 | 140.9 | 137.4 | 296.0 | 288.2 | c72.9 | 273.7 |
| Paner bags | 160.8 | 159.2 | 156.3 | 159.2 | 391.0 | 392.7 | 380.0 | 333.9 |
| Pager bowes | 139.9 | 136.7 | 131.0 | 238.5 | 323.0 | 318.6 | 294.9 | 291.5 |
| PRIITIITG, PUBLISHING, AND ALJIIED INDUSIRIES 1/ | 133.0 | 131.8 | 131.1 | 133.2 | 273.6 | 264.8 | 260.1 | 249.7 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 125.9 | 124.4 | 123.7 | 121.7 | 253.6 | 240.6 | 235.5 | 221.6 |
| Printing; book and job | 145.3 | 243.5 | 143.4 | 145.7 | 304.8 | 297.6 | 296.0 | 279.3 |
| Lithographine | 118.4 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 123.4 | 232.4 | 231.8 | \%23. 5 | 225.9 |
| Bookbinding | 133.7 | 134.8 | 129.1 | 3.43 .1 | 307. 8 | 310.2 | 291.8 | 322.1 |
| CHmMICALS AND ATLIED IRODUCTS I/ | 207.1 | 203.3 | 196.6 | 199.9 | 462.5 | 450.6 | 432.7 | 403.1 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 173.5 | 175.7 | 173.6 | 167.2 | 341.6 | 345.1 | 343.0 | 300.3 |
| insecticides | 233.2 | 232.1 | 230.2 | 243.6 | 491.1 | 485. | 480.6 | 484.7 |
| Perfumes and cosmetics | 118.5 | 118.1 | 104.1 | 121.3 | 240.4 | 237.4 | 204.3 | 2:28. 2 |
| Soap | 177.8 | 165.3 | 157.6 | 161.7 | 403.7 | 368.5 | 344.3 | 351.6 |
| Rayon and allied products | 131.8 | 134.3 | 133.2 | 128.4 | 297.5 | 302.7 | 289.6 | 259.9 |
| Chemicals, not slsewhero classified | 301.6 | 302.1 | 288.9 | 292.3 | 641.6 | 629.1 | 600.4 | 552.3 |
| Explosives and caroty fuses | 379.2 | 380.7 | 376.1 | 1324.8 | 1796.0 | 798.3 | 760.2 | 608.2 |
| Compressed and liquetied gases | 247.0 | C53.1 | 252.1 | 249.0 | 513.9 | 512.0 | S78. 2 | +55.3 |
| Armunttion, small-arme | 174.2 | 173.9 | 180.2 | 163.5 | 411.2 | 403.1 | +20.8 | 381.4 |
| Fireworks | 249.8 | 1238.0 | 190.2 | 214.0 | 630.8 | 640.1 | 507.0 | 577.7 |
| Coitonseed oil | 153.3 | 93.8 | 82.0 | 119.8 | 459.3 | 261.7 | 230.1 | 215.8 |
| Fertilizers | 153.6 | 142.7 | 135.6 | 155.5 | 441.5 | 410.1 | 396.7 | 1288.1 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL $1 /$ | 159.1 | 160,3 | 160.7 | 156.4 | 345.6 | 358.2 | 353.4 | 307.5 |
| Petroleura refining | 155.7 | 159.3 | 159.8 | 254.9 | 326.1 | 345.5 | 334.9 | E94.4 |
| Coke and byproducts | 1249.2 | 129.3 | 146.7 | 135.1 | 333.2 | 350.8 | 329.5 | 880.0 |
| Paving materiale | 120.5 | 113.5 | 108.8 | 140.0 | \|286.1 | 264.3 | 248.1 | 297.9 |
| Roofing materials | 222.7 | 219.4 | 215.5 | 226.8 | 1558.3 | 548.7 | 531.9 | F10.5 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G, and the glossary for definitions.
22.

TABIE 10: Indexes of Production-Worker Frinloyment and. Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industrios - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Finlorment indexer |  | Fav-rpil iniexos |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 794 |  | 1945 |  | 1947 |
|  | Sent fug. ung | Sept. | Sert. | Acs 2 | Jti, | Sopt. |
| RUBEEET PRODUCTS 1/ | 162.8. 160.9 157.7 | 168.1 | 344.9 | 347.2 | 329.7 | 348.3 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | $168.6: 168.7 .167 .6$ | 1.185 .2 | 326.2 | 341.0 | 329.8 | 355.3 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 151.2148 .3139 .4 | 141.6 | 355.9 | 344.1 | 321.7 | 314.4 |
| Rubber goods, other | 160.1 155.8 152.7 | 157.8 | $37 \times .1$ | 356.3 | 32 T 9 | 338.3 |
| MISCILTANEOITS INDIJSTRIES 1/ | 184.2 180.1 173.9 | 182.8 | 411.8 | 397.4 | 375.0 | 378.2 |
| Instruments (professional and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ecientific), and fire-contr |  |  | 532 | 505.9 | 487.2 | 469.3 |
|  | $\begin{array}{l:llll}257.2 & 248.8 & 247.4 \\ 224.6 & 224.5 & 220.9\end{array}$ | 245.0 216.1 | 532.0 456.6 | 444.1 | 443.8 | 394.3 |
| Optionl inetruments and ophthalmic goods | 224.6 224.2 20.9 <br> 208.7 208.8 201.0 | 216.1 231.6 | 456.6 419.9 | 415.2 | 4.3 .8 393.1 | 342.3 |
| Piancs, organs, and parits |  | 211.4 | 369.1 | 367.7 | 327.9 | 460.2 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 254.2 236.9221 .8 | 213.9 | 624.4 | 566.8 | 521.2 | 432.3 |
| Buttons | 116.1 115.2 111.2 | 103.4 | 271.9 | 275.3 | 254.0 | 230.2 |
| Firo extinguishers | 271.3 269.1 271.8 | 277.6 | 605.1 | 566.7 | 573.0 | 558.9 |

See explanatory notes, sections C, $F$, and $G$, and the glossaxir for definitions.
1/See footnote 1, table. 8.
2/ Sowing machineg domestic and Industrial - April ani June 2948 pay roll reviaed to 399.9 and 439.5 , respectively'.

TABIE 1l: Indexes of Imployment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries
(1939 Average $=100$ )

| Industry group and industry | Fmployment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 |  |  | 11947 | 1948 |  |  | 1947 |
|  | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. | Sept. | Aug. | July | Sept. |
| MINING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 92.7 | 92.9 | 91.1 | 91.0 | 247.3 | 260.3 | 193.3 | 237.9 |
| Bituminous coal | 109.7 | 109.7 | 101.8 | 106.0 | 352.9 | 365.8 | 293.0 | 321.6 |
| Metal | 96.9 | 95.5 | 99.1 | 96.8 | 212.6 | 210.4 | 202.2 | 193.6 |
| Iron | 159.2 | 159.6 | 159.5 | 153.6 | 366.8 | 355.8 | 331.5 | 311.0 |
| Copper | 108.2 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 103.0 | 248.1 | 255.3 | 242.4 | 225.3 |
| Lead and zinc | 79.8 | 74.0 | 92.2 | 95.5 | 199.2 | 189.1 | 193.2 | 216.0 |
| Gold and silver | 31.4 | 31.1 | 32.2 | 31.5 | 54.1 | 56.1 | 57.1 | 52.1 |
| Miscellaneous | 188.9 | 190.0 | 191.3 | 184.6 | 406.7 | 387.5 | 383.0 | 339.6 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic $1 /$ | 128.3 | 128.2 | 127.3 | 128.7 | 342.4 | 348.5 | 329.7 | 315.9 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production | 116.4 | 119.8 | 119.4 | 112.5 | 235.6 | 251.0 | 240.8 | 206.5 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I steam railroads 2/ | 136.7 | 137.3 | 137.9 | 138.1 | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ |
| Street railways and busses | 127.3 | 127.5 | 127.2 | 129.6 | 2333.4 | 235.2 | 232.2 | 224.1 |
| Telephone | 202.2 | 203.7 | 202.8 | 192.9 | 335.3 | 331.7 | 336.1 | 312.3 |
| Telegraph | 92.3 | 93.3 | 95.7 | 99.8 | 220.4 | 225.5 | 233.2 | 211.8 |
| Electric light and power | 116.3 | 117.1 | 115.8 | 109.9 | 205.1 | 204.9 | 202.8 | 183.1 |
| TRADE: 4/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 217.1 | 117.0 | 116.2 | 113.3 | 220.8 | 220.6 | 215.3 | 203.3 |
| Retail | 113.4 | 111.2 | 112.0 | 112.4 | 219.4 | 218.1 | 218.6 | 202.5 |
| Food | 112.0 | 112.3 | 113.8 | 112.6 | 226.0 | 229.0 | 232.9 | 209.2 |
| General merchandise | 127.2 | 120.8 | 121.3 | 122.8 | 238.3 | 231.8 | 233.6 | 220.4 |
| Apparel | 113.9 | 105.1 | 108.0 | 113.5 | 210.8 | 195.5 | 202.1 | 203.5 |
| Furniture and housefurnishings | 91.6 | 90.1 | 90.5 | 87.5 | 179.9 | 178.5 | 176.7 | 159.8 |
| Automotive | 110.1 | 111.1 | 109.8 | 104.8 | 217.0 | 219.6 | 213.4 | 188.5 |
| Lumber and building materials | 128.0 | 129.6 | 128.2 | 124.5 | 258.3 | 264.6 | 257.3 | 231.8 |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) 5/ | 115.7 | 114.6 | 116.2 | 117.4 | 235.0 | 233.7 | 234.4 | 222.4 |
| Power laundries | 118.4 | 119.0 | 122.1 | 124.3 | 232.9 | 228,1 | 240.6 | 236.2 |
| Cleaning and dyeing | 152.5 | 154.2 | 159.2 | 162.1 | 296.8 | 286.9 | 308.0 | 301.7 |

See footnotes, table 9, and explanatory notes, sections C, F, and G.
1/ June 1948 pay roll revised to 329.1.
2/ Source: Interstate Commerce Commiseion
3/ Not available.
4/ Data include all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors.
${ }_{2} /$ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

## EXPLANATORY MOTES

Sec. A. Scope of Employment Revisions - The employment estimates shown in this report for the industry divisions (e.g., manufacturing, mining, etc.) and industry groups (e.g., iron and ateel, electrical machinery, etc.) have boen adjusted to levels Indicated by Federal Security Agency data through 1946 and have been carried forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby mroviding consistent series.

Sec. B. Sources of Bench-Mark Data - In preparing estimates for private employment prior to 1939, the various industrial censuses taken by the Bureau of the Census were used as sources of bench-mark data. Data obtained from the Federal Security Agency are the main bases for 2946 bench marise. Bench marks for State and local government are based on data compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while most of the data on Federal Government employment is made available by the U. S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Comerce Commission is the scluroo: for railroads, and the U. S. Maritime Comiseion for water transportation.

Sec. C. Revisions of Production-Worker Estimatos - Data for the manuiacturing major industry groups have boen adjusted to levels indicated by Federgl Security Agency data through 1946 and have been caricied forward from 1946 bench-mark levels, thereby providing consistent seriea. Estimates for the individual manufacturing induatries, formerly adjusted to data through 1945, are now being ad justed to 1946 bench-mark levels. As these revisions are completed, they are published in this report and indicated by appropriate footnotes. In the nonmanufactioring industries, the entire series of mining industries have been adjusted to 1946 bench-mark levels.

Since the data shown in this report cover only the current months, e set of summary sheets for each industry presenting comparable figures from January 1939 to date, by monthe, will be provided upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such requests should specify the serles desired.

Sec. D. How Employment Estimates Are Made - Estimates of changes in the level of employment are based on reports from a sample group of establishreents, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costiy and tine-consuming. In using a sample, it is essential that an accurate base be establishei from which estimates may be carried forward. This base or "bench mark" is either a complete count or an estimate with a satisfactory degree of accuracy.

When a new bench mark becomes available, estimates prepared since the last bench mark are reviewed to determine if any adjustment of level is required. This is the basic principal of employment estimating used by the BLS. It yields a satisfactory compromise between a slow but highly accurate complete count on the one hand, and a rapid but less accurate sample count on the other.

Briefly, the Bureau of Labor Statistics computes employment estimates as follows: first, a bench mark or level of employment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third, changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the bench mark to determine the monthly eatimates of employment between bench-mark periods. For example, if the latest, complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in Septomber 1945, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 13 establishments employing 23,200 workers in September and 23,800 in October, the October estimate would be prepared as follows:

$$
40,200 \times \frac{23,800}{23,200}=41,240
$$

In general, data showing month-to-month changes in employment reflect the fluctuations shown by establishments reporting to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. However, the usual estimating method is inadequate in the finance and service industries, which have a preponderance of amall establishments. A special sampling procedure has been introduced, involving the scientific selection of a sample of cities and of a representative list of blocks in these cities. Data obtained from the establishments in these bjocks yield substantially better estimates of month-tomorth changes in employment in the finance and service industries than would be obtained by the use of the sampling procedure employed for other industries. For railroads and the Federal Government, complete reports of employment are available.

Why Revisions Are Necessary - Because reports are not imediately available from new firms, they are frequently introduced into the BLS sample after they have been in operation for some time. This lapse of time produces a rather consistent understatement which becomes larger from year to year. It is important, therefore, that estimates not be allowed to go uncorrected for too long a period. The most recent revisions correct for the downward bias that had accumulated in the nonmanufacturing series beginning January 1945 and in the manufacturing series beginning January 1946. Revisions in some induatry divisions were made in order to incorporate greater refinements in methodology and new source materials that have become available.

Sec. E. Ccyparabilety Mith Other Types of Employment Data - The Bureau of Labnr Statistics emplojment estimates aro based upon reports submitted by cocperating establishments and therefore differ from empogment inforation obtained by household inioferew, such as the Monthly Report of the Labor Force. The BLS ostinates of empioyinent in nonagriciultural establishments differ from the Monthly Report of the Labor Force total nonagricultural employment estimates in several important respecti. For example: (1) The BIS estimates cover all fulland catt-time wage and aelary vorkers in private nonagricultural esteblishments who worked ox received pay during the pay perind" ending nearest the 15 th of the month; in Feceral establishmencs during the pay period ending just before the first of the moning; and in State and local goverrment during the pay period ending on or fust before the lest of the month. Persons who worked in more then one establishmont during the reporting period woutd be counted more than once; (2) Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid fomily workers ane excluded.

Sec. F. Pay-Roll Indexes - Cooperating esteblishments are instructed to report pay rolls of production or nonsupervisory workers prior to deduction for old age and unemployment insurance, withholding taxes, bonds, and union dues. Pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations teken. is included. Respondents are instructed to exclude pay for vacations not taken as well as cash estimates of amy payments in kind. Bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period, are also excluded.

The methodologz for obtaining pay-roll estimates is similar to that for employment entimates. Sample chonges showing monthly movements: are used in projecting established bench marks to secure current pay-roll estimatea. These payroll estimates are converted into indexes, using the 1939 everage as a base.

Sec..G. Source of Data - Enployment and pay-roll estimates are based on reports from cooperating establishments. Excluding about 9,000 block-sample returns, the approximate number of establishments, and workers covered, for each of the industry divisions are as: follows:

Approximate Coverage of BLS Hmployment and Pay-Roll Sample

| Industry division: of estab. : Enplojees or production |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 11shmonts | Number | : Percont of total |
| Manufacturing | 34,200 | 7,503,000 | 59 |
| Mining | 2,800 | 361,000 | 53 |
| Contract construction | 14,000 | 492,000 | 25 |
| Public utilities | 7,200 | 912,000 | 77 |
| Trade: |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 12,400 | 343,000 | 19 |
| Retail | 35,000 | 935,000 | 2 |
| Service: |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 1,200 | 133,000 | 35 |
| Power laundries and |  |  | 21 |
| cleaning and dyeing | 1,600 | 68,000 | 21 |

Sec. H. Coveraze of Frmployment Estimates - The employmott enthates ohotin In tables 1,2, 3; 6; and 7 cover all fulland part-timo wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Proprietors, self-omployed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. The estimates and indexes shown in tables 8 and 10 refer to production and related Yorkers as defined in the glossary, page viii.

Sec. I. State Estimates - State estimates are prepared in cooperation with valious State Agencies as indicated on page V. The estimates for memufacturing have been ad justed to recent data made available under the Federal Social Security program. Since some States have edjusted to more recent benchmark data than others, and because varying methods of computation are used, the total of the State estimates differs from the national total (see tables 1 and 2). Because of these recent revisions the State estimates for manufacturing are not consistent with the unrevtised data shown prior to June 1947 for total omployment in nonagricuiturel establishments, by Stete. A number of States also make available more detailed industry data and information for earlier periods which may be secured directly upon request to the appropriate State Agency. Fstimates of nonagricultural employment, by State, for those States which are now publishing such estimates are shown in table 6. These totals are consistent with the manufacturing estimates in table 7. As nonagricultural estimates for additional states become available, they will be shown in table 6.

The following publications are available upon request from the BLS Regional Offices or the Bureau's Washington Office:

Nonagricultural Employment, by State, 1943-1947;
Employment in Manufacturing Industries, by State, 1943-1946.

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Ajabema - Dept. of Industrial Relations, Mongomery 5.
Arizona - Unemployment Compensation Div., Employment Security Comnission, Phoenix.
Arkansas - Employment, Security Div., Dept. of Labor, Littie Rock.
California - Div. of Labor Statistics and Research, Dept. of Industrial Relations, San Francisco 3.
Connecticut - Emplojment Security Div., Dept. of Labor and Factory Inspection, Hartford 15.
Delaware - Federal Reeerve Bank of Philadelphia, Philacelphia 1, Pa.
Florida - Unomployment Compensation Div., Industrial Comission, Tallahassee.
Georgia - Employment Security Agency, Dept. of Labor, Atlanta: 3.

Illinois - Dept of Labor, Chicago 1.
Indiana - Tmployment Security Div., Indianepolis 4.
Iowa - Employment Security Cormigsion, Des Moines 8.
Kansas - State Iabor Dept., Topelra.
Kentucky - Dept. of Economic Security, Frankfort.
Louisiana - Div. of Employment Security; Dept; of Lebor, Baton Rouge 4.
Maine - Unomployment Compensation Commisaion, Aususta.
Maryland - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Baltimore 2.
Massachusetts - Div, of Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industries, Boston 10.
MJ.chigan - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Lansing 13.
Minnesota - Div. of Employment and Security, Dept. of Social Security, St. Paul 1.
Missourl - Div. of Enployment Security, Dept. of Labor and Industrial Relations, Jefferson City.
Montana - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena.
Nebreska - Div, of Placeinent and Unemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, Lincoln 1.
Nevada - Employment Security Dept., Carson City.
New Jersey - Dept, of Labor, Irentón 8.
New Mexico - Bmployment Security Commission, Albuquerque.
New York - Div. of PJ.acement and Unemployment Insurance, Dept. of Labor, New York 17.
North Carolina - Dept. of Labor, Raleigh.
Oklahoma - Employment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 2.
Pennsylvania - Federal Reserve Benk of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1 (Manufacturing); Bureau of Research and Information, Dept. of Labor and Inductry, Harrisburg (Nonmanufacturing).
Rhode Island - Div. of Census and Information, Dept. of Labor, Providence 2.,
Tennessee - Dopt. of Employment Security, Nashville 3.
Texas - Bureau of Business Research, University of Texas, Austin 12.
Utah - Dept. of Employment Security, Industrial Conmission, Salt Lake City 13.
Vermont - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier. Virginia - Div. of Fesearch and Statistics, Dept. of Labor and Industry, Richmond 21.
Weshington - Employment Security Dept., Olympia.
Wisconsin - Statistical Dept., Induetrial Commission, Madison 3.
Wyoming - Employment Security Comission, Casper.

BLS REGIONAL OFFICES
New Frgland - Regional Director, IJ. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 01d South Bldg., 294 Washington.St., Boston 33, Massachusetts (Conilecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Verment).
North AtIantic - Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1000 Farcel Post Bldg., 341 Ninth Avenue; New York l; New York (Delaware, Pennisylvania, New Jersey, New York).
North Central - Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 312 National War Agencies Bldg., 226 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago 6, Ililinois (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnescta, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin).
Southarn - Regional Director; U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 6th Floor Silvey Blde., 114 Marletta Street, N. W., Atlanta 3; Georgia (Alabama, Arkensas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas).
Pacific-Rocky Mountain - Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 546 Federal Office Blds., San Francisco 2, California. (Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming).

Technical advice and assistance on employment statistics in the states of Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia will be given by the Bureau's Washington Office.

## GLOSSARY

Continental United States - Covers only the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Contract construction - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contrect basis for others. Force-account construction workers," 1.e., hired directly by and on the pay rolls of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded.

Defense Agencies - Covers civilian employees of the National Military Establishment, Maritime Cormission, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, The Panama Canal, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Philippine War Damage Commission, Office of Selective Service Records, War Asisets Administration, Office of Defense Transportation, Office of Scientific Research and Development, National. Security Résources Board.

Family Allowances - Represente the Government's contribution; the amount contributed by the personnel is included under pay rolls.

Federal Government-Executive Branch - Includes U. S. Navy Yards, Federal arsenals, and force-account construction. Fourth-class postmasters are included under the executive branch in table 4, but are excluded from the government data shown in tables 1 and 3.

Employment shown here for the oxecutive branch differs from data published by the U. S. Civil Service Comaisaion in the following respects: (I) maployment collected and pubiished by the Civil Service Comissicn as of the last day of the munth, is here precented as of the first day of the next month; (2) substitute rural mail carriers ane cxcluded; (3) ennloyment in December of each year includes the sudition postal emplorees necessitated by the Christmas seeson, excluded fron published Civil Servico Commission figures starting 1942; (4) seamen and trainees who are hired and paid by private steauship compenies havine contrects with the Maritime Commission are excluded; (5) the Paname Railroad Company is shown here undor Government corporations but is included under the executive brench by the Civil Servico Comiesion.

Finance - Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate; excludes the Fedcral Reserve District Banks and the mixed ownership banks of tho Farm Credit Administration.

Government - Covers Federal, State, and local governmental establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, as well as all government-owned and operated establishments and institutions (arsenels, nevy yards, hospitals, etc.), government corporations, and gevernment force-account construction. The data shown in tables 1 and 3 exclude fourth-class postmasters because they presumably have other major jobs.

Government corporations - Covers only three corporations: The Panama Railroad Company, the Federal Reserve banks, and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration. All other corporations are included under the executive branch.

Indexes of production-worker employment - Eatimates of productionWorker employment expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939.

Indexes of production-worker weekly pay rolls - Estinates of pro-duction-worker weelely pay rolls expressed as a percentage of the average weekly pay roll for 1939.

Leave payments - Payments were authorized by Public Law 704 of the 79th Congress and were continued by Public Law 254 of the 80 th Congress to enlisted personnel who were discharged prior to September 1, 1946 for accrued and unused leave and to officers and enlisted personnel then on active duty for leave accrued in excess of 60 days. Value of bonds represents face value; interest is paid in addition when bonds are cashed. Lump-sum payments for torminal leave, which were authorized by Public Law 350 of the 80th Congress, and were started October 1947, are excluded here and included under pay rolls.

Manufacturing - Covers only privately owned eetabliabhente; : governmental manufacturing operations such as arsenala and navy yardist are excluded.

Military personnel and pay rolls - Data are for personnel on active duty. Reserve personnel are excluded if on inactive duty or if. on active duty for a brief training or emergency perlod. Personnel are as of the first of the month and pay rolls are for the entire month. Through October 1, 1947, diecherged of iticer personnel vere included until the end of their terminal-leave perici; diciohareed: enlisted personnel were included from October 1, 1946 through 0*tober 1, 1947 only . After October 1, 2947, lump-suia terminai=leave payments at time of discharge (autiorized by Fublic Law 350 of the 80 th Congreas) were made.

Coast Guard pay rolls for all pailous and Aruy pay rolls through April 1947 represent actual expenditures. Other pay rolls ropresent estimated obligations based on an average nonthly personnel count. Pay rolls for the Navy and Coast Guard inciude cash payments for ciothing-allowance balances in January, April, July, and October.

Mining - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which cocur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunnelling and shofting, and the deilling or acidizing of ofi wells; also includes ore dressing, benoficiating, and concentration.

Nonagricultural establishments-Governmental or private business establishments; (1) that are phyeically located within continental United States; and (2) whose principal activity can be clessified under one of the following industry divisions - manufacturing, mining, contract construction, transportation and public utilities, trade, finance, service, or government.

Pay rolls - Private pay rolle represent weekly pay rolls or both full- and part-time production and related workers (or nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors) who worked or recelved pay for any part of the pay pericd ending nearest the 15 th of the month, before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues, but after deductions for damaced work. Includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bonusee, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period. In mining industries further deductions are made for explosives or other supplies furnished by the company. In coal mining portal-to-portal pay is included. Federal civilian pay rolls are for all employees before deductions for income tax, retirement, and bonds.

Froduction and related workers - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory worieers (including lead men and traineos) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage,
hending, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchnan services, products development, auxilliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations. Excludes supervisory employees (above the working foreman level) and their cierical staffs, routemen, solesmen, and other groups of nonproduction workers defined below under wage and salary workers.

Service - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms. Excludes automobile repair services, government owned and operated hospitals, museums, etc., and domestic service.

Trade - Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., solling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sale of goods. Includes auto repair services.

Transportation and public utilities - Covers only privately owned and operated enterprises engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other commuication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Government owned and operated establishments aro included under government.

Wage and salary workers - In addition to production and related workers as defined above, includes workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, sales-delivery, advertising, credit, collection, and in installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above the working foreman level) and other workers not included as production workers. Also incluades employees on the establishment pay roll engag. in new construction and major additions or alterations to the zlont who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers).

Wage earner - See production workers.
Weshinaton, D. C. - Data for the executive branch of the Federal Government also include areas in Maryland and Virginia which are within the metropolitan area, as defined by the Bureau of the Census.

