EMPLOYMENT and **PAY ROLLS**

DETAILED REPORT MARCH 1948

United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Prepared by Division of Employment and Occupational Outlook Branch of Employment Statistics Samuel Weiss, Chief

ESTIMATES OF MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT - NEW SERIES Industries in the Machinery, Except Electrical, Group

In this detailed report the Bureau presents a new series of production-worker estimates for the individual industries comprising the machinery, except electrical, group. The new estimates, adjusted to benchmark data through 1945 from the Bureau of Employment Security of the Social Security Administration, correct the downward bias which has accumulated since 1939 and are, therefore, more representative of the true levels of employment.

In this group, only the following industries required adjustment: machinery and machine-shop products; engines and turbines; agricultural machinery, excluding tractors; machine-tool accessories; pumps and pumping equipment. Despite the lapse of several years without any adjustment to levels other than the 1939 Census of Manufactures, the changes are relatively small.

This report shows the new production-worker employment estimates and indexes of employment and pay rolls for the months currently presented. A set of summary sheets presenting comparable data for the industries in the machinery, except electrical, group from January 1939 to date will be provided upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

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Explanatory notes outlining briefly the concepts, methodology, and sources used in preparing data for this report appear in the appendix. See pages i - viil.

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Data for the 2 most recent months shown are subject to revision. PACE

Table 1. - Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishments, by Industry Division

Industry division	1	1948			1947		
THURS M. A ATAISTON	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.		
TOTAL	48,980	42,680	43,011	42,043	41,849		
Manufacturing	15,875	15,785	15,876	15,510	15,475		
Mining	897	889	896	879	880		
Contract construction	1,627	1,564	1,691	1,534	1,502		
Transportation and public utilities	4,009	3,99 3	: 3,992	4,020	4,011		
Transportation	2,785	: 2,776	2,781	2,856	2,853		
Communication	728	723	719	699	697		
Other public utilities	406	494	492	465	461		
Trade	8,806	8,727	8,821	8,565	8,507		
Finance	1,611	1,605	1,595	1,555	1,546		
Service	4,729	4,730	4,723	4,565	4,561		
Government	3,426	5,387	5,417	5,415	5,367		
Federal	1,758	1,746	1,743	1,945	1,952		
State and local	3,668	3,641	3,674	3,470	3,415		

(In thousands)

See explanatory notes, sections A - H.

Major industry group		1948		191	+7
	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.
ALL MANUFACTURING	15,875	15,785	15,876	15,510	15,475
Durable goods	8,046	7,939	8,036	7,892	7,857
Iron and steel and their products	1,886	1,880	1 ,8 85	1,840	1,832
Electrical machinery	741	748	752	775	777
achinery, except electrical	1,553	1,558	1,551	1,522	1,512
Transportation equipment, except		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
automobiles	577	578	586	596	599
Automobiles	1,033	938	1,018	971	965
Ionferrous metals and their products	473	470	470	496	498
Lumber and timber basic products	742	730	735	673	: 660
Furniture and finished lumber products	539	544	544	524	523
Stone, clay, and glass products	502	493	495	495	491
tono, cady, and Brabb producto)02	-7 5			
Nondurable goods	7,829	7,846	7,840	7,618	7,618
Pextile-mill products and other fiber					
manufactures	1,396	1,390	1,376	1,355	1,362
Apparel and other finished textile	-,	_,_,_	-,51-	-,5//	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
products	1,397	1,399	1,375	1,277	1,274
Leather and leather products	411	417	414	404	405
Food	1,526	1,536	1,565	1,487	1,485
lobacco manufactures	101	102	101	100	103
Paper and allied products	470	469	473	467	467
Printing, publishing, and allied		-09	LIL LI		
industries	707	709	712	687	687
Chemicals and allied products	754	756	757	750	747
Products of petroleum and coal	235	233	234	224	222
Rubber products	269	273	275	293	295
Aiscellaneous industries	563	562	558	574	571
		-			

(In thousands)

See explanatory notes, section A - H.

Table 3. - Federal Employment and Pay Rolls in All Areas and in Continental United States, and Total Government Employment and Pay Rolls in Washington, D. C.

(In thousands)
---------------	---

Anno 1		Employment			ay rolls	
Aroa and branch		first of m 48	<u>1947</u>	194	al for mon	1947
		40 Feb. 1/	Mar.	194 Mar, 1/	Feb. 1/	Mar.
	Med. 1	Feb. 1/	mar.		100. 1/	PROL .
Total (including areas outside United States)						
Total Foderal	2,004.2	1.992.2	2.247.3	\$502,509	\$445,150	\$511,062
Executive	1,964.3		2,205.1		435,894	501.699
Defense agencies	897.9		1,091.2		191,372	240,257
Post Office Dept.	439.5	432.7	427.0			97,001
Other agencies	626.9	624.0	686.9		146.468	164,441
Lecislative	7.2		7.0	2,496	2,404	2,365
Judicial	3.5	3.5	3.1		1,195	1,140
Government corporations	29.2		32.1	5,755	5,657	5,858
Continental United States						
Total Federal	1,778.6	1,766.2	1,964.8	\$459,992	\$408,628	\$466,236
Executive	1,745.9	1,733.7	1,930.7	451,018	399,975	457,664
Derense agencies	708.9		844.8		161,996	202,387
Post Office Dept.	438.0	431.2	425.6		97,703	96,681
Other agencies	599.0	596.7	660.3			158,596
Legislative	7.2		7.0			2,365
Judicial	3.4		3.0			1,105
Government corporations	22.1	22.0	24.1	5,114	5,089	5,102
Washington, D. C.						
Total government	226.1	224.5	245.0	\$ 69,123	\$ 57.981	\$ 64,932
District of Columbia					+ 21,22	1 110-
government	18.6	18.6	18.0	4,627	4,281	4,140
Federal	207.5	205.9	227.0		53,700	60,792
Executive	199.7	198.2	219.4			58,228
Defense agencies	66.0	65.6	75.3	18,396	15,910	19,653
Post Office Dept.	7.4		7.6	2,227	2,165	2,215
Other agencies	126.3		136.5			36 ,36 0
Legislative	7.2		7.0	2,496	2,404	2,365
Judicial	.6	.6	.6	215	197	199

1/ Data for Central Intelligence Agency are excluded starting August 1947 for employment and July 1947 for pay rolls.

4.

Table 4. - Personnel and Pay of the Military Branch of the Federal Government

(In	thous	sands)

Personnel and pay	191	1 8	1947	Average monthly per- sonnel and total annual ray		
	March	February	March	1943	19.9	
Personnel, total as of first of month, including those on active duty and those on terminal leave	1,409	1,407	1,836	8,944	345	
Army and Air Force	<u>i/</u> 909	<u>1</u> / 905	1,199	6,733	192	
Navy	400	402	510	1;744	124	
Marine Corps	80	80	105	311	19	
Coast Guard	20	20	22	156	10	
Men	1,393	1,390	1,812	8,833	<u>2</u> /	
Women	16	17	24	111	<u>2</u> /	
Pay, total	\$285,038	\$281,423	\$569,501	\$11,173,186	\$331,523	
Army and Air Force	175,697	170,209	484,262	8,143,833	155,482	
Navy	90,459	91,172	1.50,284	2,408,736	143,238	
Marine Corps	14,260	15,582	24,252	392,140	16,877	
Coast Guard	4,622	4,460	10,703	228,477	15,926	
Pay rolls	242,969	240,493	302,464	10,140,852	331,523	
Mustering-out pay	13,077	11,838	18,292	-	-	
Family allowances	24,997	23,566	26,548	1,032,334	-	
Leave payments	3,995	5,526	322,197		-	
Cash	905	1,182	22 , 911	-	, –	
Bonds	3,090	4,344	299,286	-	-	
· •	1	:				

1/ Air Force personnel, 353,000 in February and 365,000 in March 1948.

2/ Not available.

Table 5. - Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries, by State

(In thousands)

Region and State		48		1947			
	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Feb.	Jan.		
New England:							
Maine	112.2	112.5	113.8	118.0	117.9		
New Hampshire	85.5	85.7	85.3	83.5	82.4		
Vermont 1/	38.8	39.1	40.6	42.7	42.9		
Massachusetts	746.0	747.3	757.2	765.5	761.6		
Rhode Island	154.5	153.5	154.6	154.0	153.6		
Connecticut 1/	412.1	413.2	415.5	421.5	424.2		
connecticut 1/	426.2	413.6	4419.9	.421.)	464.6		
Middle Atlantic:			1				
New York	1,906.4	1,905.8	1,924.6	1,939.1	1,922.9		
New Jersey	757.8	757.3	764.0	768.4	770.3		
Pennsylvania	1,512.3	1,514.6	1,528.3	1,513.2	1,518.9		
East North Central:							
Ohio	1,243.9	1,246.0	1,250.9	1,251.3	1,242.7		
Indiana	552.8	556.3	559.0	556.2	549.6		
Illinois	1,267.0	1,271.0	1,273.6	1,251.1	1,244.4		
Michigan	970.0	1,019.6	1,024.2	1,038.5	1,027.8		
Wisconsin <u>1</u> /	434.2	433.9	436.1	423.4	419.1		
West North Central:							
Minnesota	198.3	199.3	200.3	198.6	199.0		
Iowa	150.5	150.8	151.8	149.4	148.8		
Missouri	363.5	364.5	367.6	359.8	355.3		
North Dakota	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.3	6.4		
South Dakota	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.5	11.4		
Nebraska	43.0	43.8	46.3	42.8	44.1		
Kansas	78.3	80.5	81.9	78.1	78.9		
1 ± 3							
South Atlantic:		1	1/				
Delaware 2/	45.9	45.7	46.1	44.6	45.3		
Maryland	228.5	226.9	229.6	237.3	237.9		
District of Columbia	16.8	17.3	17.5	16.9	16.9		
Virginia	213.6	213.6	215.3	210.1	211.4		
West Virginia	130.3	132.4	132.5	132.0	131.9		
North Carolina	379.9	382.2	. 380.3	375.7	373.9		
South Carolina	196.9	198.3	198.9	189.5	188.5		
Georgia	258.5	259.4	257.4	255.9	257.9		
Florida	86.2	87.2	86.0	88.1	90.6		
ast South Central:							
Kentucky	129.4	129.5	130.4	129.9	129.1		
Tennessee	252.8	252.1	252.4	250.9			
Alabama	232.5	233.6	• •		250.0		
Alapama Mississippi	T		232.0	225.0	224.7		
нтертертррт	90.5	95.5	95•7	93.5	92.7		

Table 5. - Estimated Number of Mage and Salary Workers in Manufacturing Industries by State - Continued

	19	48	1947			
Region and State	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Feb.	Jan.	
West South Central:		;				
Arkansas	75.4	75.6	76.0	67.6	67.4	
Louisiana	137.2	140.2	142.1	132.4	132.7	
Oklahoma	55.0	56.4	57.0	54.6	54.6	
Texas	340.2	342.9	346.8	326.0	324.8	
Mountain:						
Montana	17.3	17.7	18.5	16.4	16.6	
Idaho	18.2	18.6	19.2	17.7	17.9	
Wyoming	6.1	6.1	7.0	5.8	5.8	
Colorado	55.1	57.2	61.0	53.5	56.0	
New Mexico	10.1	10.1	10.4	9.9	10.0	
Arizona 1/	14.7	14.3	14.3	13.6	14.0	
Utah	23.9	25.1	26.8	22.5	23 .Q	
Nevada	- 3-5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	
Pacific:						
Washington	173.0	173.0	174.6	166.1	162.3	
Oregon	109.2	109.8	111.4	115.2	116.1	
California	702.9	704.8	714.8	693.6	697.1	

(In thousands)

See explanatory notes, Sections H and I.

- 1/ New series are based on 1945 Standard Industrial Classification. For the states of Connecticut, Vermont, and Wisconsin these series are not strictly comparable with data published prior to the February 1948 issue. In the case of Arizona the figures are not comparable with those previously published.
- 2/ Data have been revised as follows: Delaware - October and November 1947 to 45.8 and 45.8.

8.

Table 5a. - Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishments for Selected States

State	19	48		1947	
	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Feb.	Jan.
Connecticut	765	769	787	762	763
Illinois	3,151	3,172	3,225	3,081	3,078
Indiena	1,175	1,185	1,223	1,168	1,160
Maryland	675	682	699	655	660
Massachusetts	1,706	1,711	1,768	1,696	1,696
Minnesota	764	773	794	741	748
Montana	132	134	138	130	130
Nevada 1/	49	50	51	49	50
New Jersey	1,554	1,561	1,604	1,559	1,562
New York	5,375	5,397	5,559	5,364	5,363
Pennsylvania	3,547	3,566	3,663	3,483	3,496
Rhode Island	289	289	299	287	288
Texas	1,659	1,671	1,708	1,605	1,603
Utah	168	171	177	163	164
Vermont 1/	95	95	98	96	96
Washington	646	648	665	635	630
Wisconsin	971	971	996	936	937
	1				
		•			

(In thousands)

See explanatory notes, sections H and I.

1/ Does not include contract construction.

Table 6. - Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries

Industry group and industry		1948		1947		
	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	blar.	Feb.	
ALL MANUFACTURING	12,829	12,756	12,846	12,614	12,593	
Durable goods	6,614	6,524	6,615	6,532	6,502	
Nondurable goods	6,215	6,232	6 231	6,082	6,091	
Durable goods						
TRON AND STFEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS 1	1,599	1.594	1,600	1,567	1,562	
Blast furnaces, steel works, and		:	a Ţ			
rolling mills	516.1	508.5	508.8	484.4	484.7	
Gray-iron and semisteel castings	113.9			117.1	116.4	
Malleable-iron castings	37.9		37.9	34.3	34.0	
Steel castings	69.3		67.7	66.2	66.5	
Cast-ircn pipe and fittings	28.3	28.0	28.7	27.0	26.8	
Tin cans and other tinware	44.5		47.4	41.3	1 .	
Wire drawn from purchased rods	30.6		31.4	30.3	30.4	
Wirework	43.4			42.5		
Cutlory and edge tools	24.8	24.6	24.7	28.0	27.9	
Tools (except edge tools, machine	1.4.0		£. + ,]	20.0		
tools, files, and sews)	25.6	25.7	25.9	27.1	26.8	
Hardware	54.3		53.2	51.1	1	
Plumbers' supplies	40.2		40.0	40.8	50.7 41.1	
Stoves, oil burners, and heating	40.0	40.0	· 49.0	40.0		
equipment not elsewhere		•			ţ	
classified	83.1	86.3	82.5	95 0	91.0	
Steam and hot-water heating	03.1	00.9	1 00.2	85.8	84.9	
apparatus and steam fittings	62.7	63.2	62.6			
Stamped and enameled ware and	02.1	03.4	02.0	70.2	70.2	
		:				
galvanizing Fabricated structural and	114.1	115.1	115.5	115.2	114.3	
ornamontal metalwork	,					
	60.7	60.2	60.5	59.1	58.0	
Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim			1			
	10.5	10.2	10.8	10.1	10.1	
Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets	28.9	; 28.7	28.7	28.8	29.0	
Forgings, iron and steel Wrought pipe, welded and heavy-	37.5	37.6	37.8	36.7	36.5	
riveted Screw-machine products and wood	19.2	19.1	19.8	17.8	18.5	
SCIOWS	36.8	36.6	36.1	39.4	39.5	
Steel barrels, kegs, and drums	7.9		8.4	8.2	8.1	
Firearms	20.3		20.0	19.0	, 19.1	
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY 1/	566	57 3	577	599	601	
Electrical equipment	271.7	376.5	278 h	270 1	280 =	
Radios and phonographs	371.7		378.4	379.4	380.5	
Communication equipment	93.0	••	100.3	110.1	110.6	
commentation and additional	96.5	97.2	98.2	109.7	110.2	

(In thousands)

10. Table 6. - Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries-Cont'd.

(In thousands)

······································		1948	1947		
Industry group and industry	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mor.	Feb.
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL 1/	2,206	1,211	1,206	1,189	1, 1 81
Machinery and machine-shop products	- 500.1	502.8	500.2	504.3	502.9
Engines and turbines	54.7		54.6		
Tractors	62.2			54.9	
Agricultural machinery, excluding					
tractors	75.9	74.6	72.3	61.3	61.2
Machine tools	49.1			58.2	3
Machine-tool accessories	55.9		56.4	64.1	
Textile machinery	41.0		40.7	37.8	
Pumps and pumping equipment	71.3		73.1	78.2	
Typewriters	24.9		25.8	23.4	
Cash registers; adding, and	2419			-J++	
calculating machines	46.1	45.9	45.3	40.0	38.8
Washing machines, wringers, and		47.9	+2+3	-+0.0	1 30 .0
driers domestic	16.3	16.5	16.2	13.8	13.4
Sewing machines, domestic and	10.5	روناد	10.2	13.0	
industrial	10 7	10 5	13.4	11.4	11.2
Refrigerators and refrigeration	13.7	13.5	13.4	4	2•44
equipment	01.0	07 6	00 (67.2
edurbmente	81.2	81.6	82.6	71.0	67.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT	ļ	-		}	
AUTOMOBILES	455	455	462	471	472
Locomotives	26.6	26.5	26.3	26.0	26.9
Cars, electric- and steam-railroad	54.4		55.9	54.0	53.5
Aircraft and parts, excluding					
aircraft engines	136.1	135.3	134.7	141.2	141.9
Aircraft engines	24.6	24.9	25.3	28.0	28.6
Shipbuilding and boatbuilding	125.9	127.8	132.9	¥	140.7
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	14.8	14.6	14.5	12.8	12.5
AUTOMOBILES		•			;
AUTOMOBILES	826	747	820	798	79 1
NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR FRODUCTS 1/	405	402	402	430	432
Smelting and refining, primary, of					
nonferrous metals	40.8	40.2	39.9	41.1	41.1
Alloying; and rolling and drawing			:		
of nonferrous metals, except		•			
aluminum	54.6	53.1	53.6	62.6	63.8
Clocks and watches	28.8	28.6		28.2	
Jewelry (precious metals) and	- <u></u>	20.U	20.0	sul .c	<u>~</u> ∪.∪
jewelers' findings	27.6	27.5	27.3	277.1	27.2
Silverware and plated ware			26.8	27.1	
Lighting equipment	27.5		1	24.2	24.0
Aluminum manufactures	33.1		33.6	38.5	-
Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere	45.2	45.2	45.3	50.8	50. 9
classified	26.0	26.0	0.07	20 -	30 P
CT383TTTCA	36.8	36.9	37.3	39.5	39.5

(In	thousands)

Ten Durachaman and a state of the Data	1	1948		1	947
Industry group and industry	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.
LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS $1/$	672	661	665	6 1 1	598
Sawmills and logging camps Planing and plywood mills	536.6 135.3		531.3 134.6	488.5 122.7	477.0 121.1
FURNITURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS 1/	· 4 54	459	4 5 9	1+4O	441
Mattresses and bedsprings Furniture Wooden boxes, other than cigar Caskets and other morticians' goods Wood preserving Wood, turned and shaped	34.6 246.9 34.6 19.4 15.6 33.5	249.4 35.2 19.4 15.7	19.7 16.5	31.6 233.6 35.9 20.1 17.8 33.8	235.1 35.2 19.9 17.6
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS 1/	431	422	424	427	424
Glass and glassware Glass products made from	117.8	115.1	117.2	121.8	119.7
purchased glass Cement Brick, tile, and terra cotta Pottery and related products Gypsum	12.5 36.4 75.5 57.6 6.6	36.6 73.7 56. 5		13.4 34.9 71.1 56.2 5.9	70.5
Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool Lime Marble, granite, slate, and other	12.4 9.4		12.6 9.3	10.8 9.0	11.1 9.0
products Abrasives Asbestos products	18.4 17.5 22.1		18.0 13.8 21.9	17.7 20.1 21.4	17.4 20.1 21.4
Nondurable goods		-			
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTURES $\underline{1}$	1,277	1,271	1,258	1,242	1,247
Cotton manufactures, except smallwares Cotton smallwares Silk and rayon goods Woolen and worsted manufactures,	529.4 14.9 111.6	14.9	14.6	519.0 15.6 106.7	
except dyeing and finishing Hosiery Knitted cloth	141.2	179.5 140.2 11.7	139.1 11.6	175.1 138.2 11.9 33.8	138.0
Knitted outerwear and knitted gloves Knitted underwear Dyeing and finishing textiles,	31.5 50.3			33.8 43.5	
including woolen and worsted Carpets and rugs, wool Hats, fur-felt Jute goods, except felts Cordage and twine	88.5 36.6 13.7 4.1 17.1	36.2 13.7 4.2	35.7 13.7 4.0	86.2 31.2 13.8 4.3 16.5	30.5 13.9 4.3

12. Table 6. - Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries-Cont*d.

Industry group and industry		1948		74.1 18.1 16.5 442.3 17.5 26.2 4.9 23.5 28.7 29.4 363 46.0 20.2 224.4 12.7 13.6 1,055 172.5 34.0	the second s
THURSDAY BLORD SHE THURSDAY	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS 1/	1,221	1,223	1,203	1,120	1,119
Men's clothing, not elsewhere classified Shirts, collars, and nightwear Underwear and neckwear, men's Work shirts Women's clothing, not elsewhere	314.5 82.3 19.0 17.5	311.3 81.4 18.7 16.8	81.6 18.1	287.5 74.1 18.1 16.5	73.7 18.5
classified Corsets and allied garments Millinery Handkerchiefs Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads Housefurnishings, other than curtains, etc.	481.7 19.9 27.6 5.1 30.6	27.9 5.0 33.8	19.7 26.4 4.9 31.6	442.3 17.5 26.2 4.9 23.5	17.0 26.0 4.8 24.8
Textile bags	30.4 27.3	1		29.4	29.7
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS 1/	368	374	371	363	- 364
Leather Boot and shoe cut stock and findings Boots and shoes Leather gloves and mittens Trunks and suitcases	45.8 18.9 229.5 12.6	19.5 233.1 12.5	19.7 231.8 12.2	46.0 20.2 224.4 12.7	20.1 224.2 12.8
FOOD $1/$	13.9	14.0 1,074			13.7 1,059
Slaughtering and meat packing Butter Condensed and evaporated milk Ice cream Flour Feeds, prepared Cereal preparations Baking Sugar refining, cane Sugar, beet Confectionery Beverages, nonalcoholic Malt liquors Canning and preserving	180.9 32.8 19.3 24.4 37.8 26.3 12.1 219.4 19.2 5.6 65.9 34.2 67.6 122.1	187.0 32.0 18.8 23.6 38.2 27.4 12.4 216.9 20.2 6.5 70.3 32.1 66.9 123.4	196.7 32.6 18.4 23.6 39.2 29.3 12.1 215.4 18.4 10.6 74.7 33.4	172.5 34.0 20.3 25.4 38.8 28.5 12.6 209.8 17.8 5.4 63.7 27.2 63.3 129.4	178.2 33.3 19.9 24.4 38.7 27.5
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	87	88	87	86	89
Cigarettes Cigars Tobacco (chewing and smoking	33.2 40.7	33.5 40.8		32.9 40.1	33.4 42.1
and snuff	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.2

(In thousands)

13.

(In thousands)

Paper and pulp Paper goods, other Envelopes Paper bags Paper boxes RINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES 1/ Newspapers and periodicals Printing; book and job Lithographing Bookbinding HEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 1/ Paints, varnishes, and colors Drugs, medicines, and insecticides Perfumes and cosmetics Soap Rayon and allied products Chemicals, not elsewhere classified Explosives and safety fuses Compressed and liquefied gases Ammunition, small-arms Fireworks Cottonseed oil		1948		1	1947		
industry group and industry	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.		
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS $\underline{1}/$	385	384	387	387	387		
Paper and pulp Paper goods, other Envelopes Paper bags Paper boxes	200.4 57.3 12.7 18.2 95.2	199.7 57.3 12.5 18.0 96.5	18.1	193.5 58.0 12.0 19.5 102.7	12.0		
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES <u>1</u> /	1,27	429	1+31	421	420		
Newspapers and periodicals Printing; book and job Lithographing Bookbinding	144.8 177.5 31.4 37.2	144.1 179.7 31.8 37.4	143.6 181.7 32.0 37.6	138.7 176.7 32.8 37.0	137.3 177.9 32.8 36.7		
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 1/	573	575	575	569	568		
Paints, varnishes, and colors Drugs, medicines, and insecticides Perfumes and cosmetics Soap Rayon and allied products Chemicals, not elsewhere	50.7 65.2 11.6 24.9 63.7	51.5 65.6 12.1 25.4 63.7	12.0 25.5	49.9 70.0 13.2 23.8 60.9	13.7		
•	22.4 10.0 6.4 2.4 17.5	6.4 2.6	22.0 9.9 6.2 2.5	194.3 21.0 9.2 6.7 2.7 17.9 33.3	193.4 20.7 9.3 6.7 2.7 19.5 32.3		
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL 1/	162	160	161	155	155		
Petroloum refining Coke and byproducts Paving materials Roofing materials	110.8 30.6 1.8 1.7.4	109.4 30.3 1.8 17.6	109.7 30.5 2.0 18.0	106.7 27.9 2.4 16.8	106.5 28.1 2.3 , 17.0		

14.

Table 6	- Estimated Number	of	Production	Workers	in	Manufacturing	Industries-Cont'd.
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Rubber tires and inner tubes Rubber boots and shoes Rubber goods, other		1948	دونون بدروردی و بر بارگری د	191	+7
Industry group and industry	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.
RUEBER PRODUCTS 1/	217	221	223	238	240
Rubber tires and inner tubes Rubber boots and shoes Rubber goods, other	108.8 22.6 85.7	111.6 22.8 86.5	113.5 22.5 86.8	125.5 23.8 88.3	126.6 23.8 89.5
MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES 1/	434	433	431	446	443.
Instruments (professional and scientific), and fire-control equipment Photographic apparatus Optical instruments and ophthalmic	27.7 38.8	27.7 39.0	27.7 38.9	28.3 35.9	28.3 35.6
goods Pianos, organs, and parts Games, toys, and dolls Buttons Fire extinguishers	27.2 14.6 38.8 13.7 2.6	27.4 15.7 36.3 13.4 2.5	27.8 16.8 33.5 13.3 2.6	30.1 15.3 32.6 13.3 3.2	30.5 14.9 30.9 13.5 3.2

(In thousands)

See explanatory notes, sections A, C, and G.

1/ Estimates for the individual industries comprising the major industry group have been adjusted to levels indicated by data through 1945 made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Comparable series from January 1939 are available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. More recently adjusted data for the individual industries comprising the major industry group indicated below supersede data shown in publications dated prior to:

Major industry group	Mimeographed release	Monthly Labor Review
Nonferrous metals and their products	March 1948	April 1948
Iron and steel and their products	April 1948	May 1948
Machinery, except electrical	May 1948	June 1948

Table 7. - Estimated Number of Employees in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries 1/ (In thousands)

		1948		19	+7
Industry group and industry	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.
MININC: 2/					
Coal:	77 1	76.6	i co	55.0	50.0
Anthracite	77.4	76.6	76.2	77.2	78.2
Bituminous coal	376	373	380	369	372
Metal	90.4	90.2	89.7	90.2	89.1
Iron	31.5	31.0 27.0	30.9 26.9	29.8 25.6	29.0 25.6
Copper Lond and size	15.7	15.7	15.7	18.4	18.5
Lead and zinc	8:7	8.7	8.6	8.4	8.3
Gold and silver Miscellaneous	7.8	7.8	1	7.8	7.6
Quarrying and nonmetallic	80.9	77.8		82.6	81.3
Crude petroleum and natural gas	00.7	11.0	12.2	02.0	01.3
production 3/	127.1	127.1	126.4	123.9	123.5
-		,,			
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:					
Class I steam railways 4/	1,317	1,312	1,318	1,325	1,324
Street railways and busses 5/	249			254	254
Telephone	627	249 623	250 620	599	594
Telegraph 6/	36.9	36.8	36.6	37.9	38.3
Elecuric light and power	271	269	268	254	252
SERVICE:					
Hotels (year-round)	375	377	378	278	200
Power laundrics 2/	231	230	235	378 241	380 243
Cleaning and dyeing 2/	90.0	86.8	88.9	93.1	243 91.4
					71.4

See explanatory notes, section G.

1/ Includes all employees unless otherwise noted.

2/ Estimates, which include production and related workers only, have been adjusted to levels indicated by data through 1945 made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Comparable data from January 1939 are available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The figures presented here supersede data shown in publications dated prior to:

Industry	Mimoographed release	Monthly Labor Review
Mining industries	April 1948	May 1948
Power laundries	February 1948	March 1948
Cleaning and dyeing	February 1948	March 1948

3/ Does not include well drilling or rig building.

4/ Includes all employees at middle of month. Excludes employees of switching and terminal companies. Class I steam railways include those with over \$1,000,000 annual revenue. Source: Interstate Commerce Commission.

- 5/ Includes private and municipal street-railway companies and affiliated,
- subsidiary, or successor trolley-bus and motor-bus companies.
- 6/ Includes all land-line employees except those compensated on a commission basis. Excludes general and divisional headquarters personnel, trainees in school, and messengers.

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries (1939 Average = 100)

	Emr	lovmen	t inde:	(es	Per	v-roll	index	es
Industry group and industry		1948	5 1110.52	1947	<u> </u>	1948		1947
mand or y group and mand or y	Mar.		Jan.	Mar.	Mar.			Mar.
ALL MANUFACTURING	156.6	155.7	156.8	154.0	3 48.9	344.7	349.2	314.1
Durable goods Nondurable goods			183.2 136.0		389.5 309.1	380.7 309.6	390.4 308.9	349.9 279.2
Durable goods								
IRON AND STEEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS 1	161.3	160.8	161.4	158.1	333.5	330,5	334.8	294.2
Blast furnaccs, steel works, and rolling mills Gray-iron and semisteel castings Malleable-iron castings	18 3. 0 197.0	184.0 196.7	131.0 183.9 197.2	188.2 178.6	421.7	414.9 467.6	416.4 480.1	213.8 401.9 388.9
Steel castings Cast-iron pipe and fittings Tin cans and other tinware	160.8	159.1	211.3 162.9 149.1	206.6 153.5	457.2	432.0 375.4	442.1 394.4	383.3 362.0 244.3
Wire drawn from purchased rods Wirework Cutlery and edge tools	139.4 1 42.9	140.5 139.9	142.7 143.0 160.3	137.9 139.9	267 .5 316.4	268.7 309.0	271.6	244.5 241.4 281.0 409.7
Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) Hardware Plumbers' supplies	152.5	151.7	169.2 149.4 152.5	143.4	355.1	353.5	352.5	364.3 301.4 294.3
Stoves, oil burners, and heating equipment not elsewhere classified Steam and hot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings			180.0 194.0				1	353.5
Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing Fabricated structural and			195.2			_		408.5
orgamental metalwork Metal doors, sash, frames,	170.9	169.4	170.3	166.3	343.4	335.4	339•7	307.1
molding, and trim Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets Forgings, iron and steel Wrought pipe, welded and	190.0	188.2	139.3 188.4 231.0	189.2	292.2 422.4 487.5	406.0	393.1	357.2
heavy-riveted Screw-machine products and	215.5	214.6	222.5	199.5	455.3	443.2	457.2	363.0
wood screws Steel barrels, kegs, and drums Firearms	203.9 122.1 390.0	125.0	130.3	218.6 127.4 357.3	456.5 300.8 911.3	297.9	333.7	301.8
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY 1/	218.5	221.1	222.7	231.3	450.1	456.2	462.0	429.6
Electrical equipment Radios and phonographs Communication equipment	20 3. 5 222 . 7	206.1 225.6	207.2	207.7 250.2 338.0	419.6 487.2	424.0 493.1	430.6 507.3	382.0

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

	Erveloyment indexes				Foy-roll indexes				
Industry group and industry		L948		1947		1948		1947	
	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL 1/	228.3	229.2	228.3	225.1	465.3	462.2	464.1	416.6	
Machinery and machine-shop					hor h	1. A.m		1000	
products						495.5			
Ingines and turbines	293.3	291.0	292.9	299.8	632.3	622.1	625.5	580.0	
Tractors	198.3	197.9	195.4	175.5	353.8	351.9	354.3	2(8.4	
Agricultural machinery,						,			
excluding tractors	266.1	261.6	253.5	214.9	576.8	550.5	534.9	398.4	
Machine tools	134.1	137.6	137.6	159.0	248.6	254.4	250.1	276.8	
Machino-tool accessories	210.0	218.0	218.6	240.2	388.9	398.0	398.6	1410.2	
Textile machinery	187.4	186.0	185.8	172.4	439.9	422.9	417.9	354.7	
Pumps and pumping equipment	286.8	293.5	293.9	314.3	617.7	627.0 357.6	622.0	624.0	
Typewriters	153.5	154.9	158.8	144.6	347.5	357.6	366.1	288.9	
Cash registers; adding, and	1							I	
calculating machines	234.2	233.4	230,2	203.3	499.9	489.0	491.9	402.8	
Washing machines, wringers,			•		, ,			ł	
and driers, domestic	217.8	221.1	216.8	1.85.3	447.8	470.4	464.3	357.3	
Sewing machines, domestic							-		
and industrial	174.9	172.6	171.0	145.1	408.6	398.2	397.9	297.2	
Refrigerators and refrigeration			. .			•			
equipment	230.9	232.2	234.9	201.8	456.8	433.7	479.2	360.9	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT,								0	
EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES	286.6	286.6	201.2	206.7	585.9	579.1	598.8	556.0	
PROPERT TOTOHODITHO	200.0	200.0	~			////	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	//////	
Locomotives	411.3	409.1	406.7	402.3	908.6	869.2	883.0	723.7	
Cars, electric- and steam-									
railroad	221.8	220.2	228.0	220.3	490.3	479.5	500.6	446.0	
Aircraft and parts, excluding							-		
aircraft engines	342.0	341.1	339.5	355.8	675.9	667.3	657.4	662.2	
Aircraft engines	276.9	280.1	284.0	314.9	473.9	469.4	482.9	479.0	
Shipbuilding and boatbuilding	181.8	184.5	101.0	202.8	380.0	381.6	416.7	386.0	
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	211.7	209.4	207 6	184.0	426.6	420.6	414.5	340.5	
	1	1					-	i i	
AUTOMOBILES	205.3	185.6	203.7	198.2	390.3	350.0	397.1	347.7	
NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR	1	•	: :				1		
PRODUCTS 1/	176.7	175.3	175.3	187.5	370.3	366.2	366.1	359.0	
	1 ···								
Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals	1147.8	145.4	144.5	148.8	307.2	303.7	303.1	283.1	
					5-11-	5-5-1	5-5		
Alloying; and rolling and									
drawing of nonforrous	1106	126 0	128 2	167 1	282 5	273.2	273 h	300.7	
motals, except aluminum						333.4			
Clocks and watches	1 1 1 1	****	140.0	1.09.1	222.1	22214	JEU. 2		
Jewelry (procious metals)	101.0	100-1-	180 2	187 =	201 0	396.2	282 1	255 6	
and jewelers' findings									
Silverware and plated ware						525.6			
Lighting equipment						333.7			
Aluminum manufactures	1735.1	192.0	192.2	572.0	302.0	366.8	317.3	304.2	
Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere	1				1.00 0	429.7	1	1.00	
classified	1 106 11	106 0.	:100 C	いついち	122 0		1176 A	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

	Employment indexes						index	ndexes	
Industry group and industry	1948		1947		1.948		1947		
	Mar.	Feb.	Jen.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS 1/	154.6	154.9	1.52.4	141.9	359.7	362.0	353.4	317.7	
Mon's clothing, not elsewhere									
classified	137.0	135.5	134.2	125.2	324.8	316.4	313.4	281.3	
Shirts, collars, and nightwoar						270.2			
Underwoar and nackwoar, men's	112.0	110.3	106.6	107.0	313.7	300.0	292.0	275.0	
Work shirts	123.7	119.0	115.0	116.9	302.5	284.6	247.5	274.	
Women's clothing, not elsewhere						- 0			
classified	168.3	1.69.5	166.4	154.5	376.4	387.1	374.8	340.0	
Corsets and allied garments	105.1	107.0	104.9	93 . 1	241.6	237.7	234.5	196.6	
Millinery						238.5			
Hendkerchiefs	99.6	97.9	95.7	96.4	259.4	243.4	222,5	228.0	
Cirtains, drapories, and	170 1	100 5	1000	100 0	0.017 0	1.07	1.71. 0	-0-	
bedspreads Housefurnishings, other than	715.7	190.9	T10.0	135.2	391:0	431.4	414.9	205.2	
curtains, etc.	0700	267 8	060 C	0477 0	600 0	570 0	F07 9		
Textile bags	016.0	201.7	200.0	227.0	1009.2	572.9	291.0	1212.0	
torotte Base	210.9	220.2	223.1	233.4	449.3	461.7	401.1	429.7	
EATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS 1/	105.9	107.7	106.9	104.7	233.7	244.0	240.7	222.2	
Leather	91.6	93.6	93.5	92.0	192.1	201.6	200.3	185.2	
Boot and shoe cut stock and		07.0	~ ~ ~	101 0	100 0	100 0			
findings	94.1	91.0	90.0	101.3	101.9	198.6	201.4	190.5	
Boots and shoes	1 99.4	101.0	100.4	91.2	223.0	235.9	233.0	573.1	
Leather gloves and mittens	166.8	169 6	150 2	160.0	273.3	252.6	245.3	236.2	
Trunks and suitcases	100.0		-29.3	103.9	304.4	366.9	351.0	320.9	
100D 1./		:				267.3			
Slaughtoring and most packing	134.0	138.5	145.7	127.7	276.6	263.3	304.2	232.6	
Butter	162.8	158.8	162.0	169.1	330.3	332.7	330.3	323.5	
Condensed and evaporated milk	177.2	172.5	169.3	199.5	403.0	388.1	369.8	380.2	
Ice cream	138.5	133.8	133.7	144.3	261.3	250.9	248.0	251.7	
Flour	1136.0	137.5	141.3	139.8	275.8	208.3	305 O	208 0	
Foeds, propared	1 192.0	150.7	159.4	164.8	329.6	314.7	379.0	349.3	
Cereal proparations	1 144.7	147.0	145.0	1.50.3	297.8	322.2	307.81	294.7	
Baking	115.2	113.9	113.1	110.2	226.6	233.5	221.5	200.7	
Sugar refining, cane	120.8	127.2	116.2	112.3	245.2	232.3	216.0	208.1	
Sugar, beet	48.4	56.3	91.5	46.4	98.9	126.7	188.0	84.7	
Confuctionery	110.3	126.2	134.1	114.3	260.1	303.1	295.3	222.6	
Beverages, nonalcoholic	1143.6	134.9	140.1	113.91	241 0	226.7	277 1	176 c	
Malt liquors	167,0	165.5	168.2	156.5	293.0	289.9	289.41	256.2	
Canning and preserving	81.2	82.1	85.5	86.1	204.6	216.5	216.2	197.4	
OBACCO MANUFACTURES	-93-5	94.0	93.7	92.2	205.5	196.7	210.8	193.1	
Cigarettus	121.0		1	1			1		
Cigars	80.1"	80.1	79.1	78 0	181 6	184.3	181 7	220.0	
Tobacco (chewing and smoking)	1		1	!			1		
and snuff	74.7		1	1					

See explanatory notes, sections A, C, F, and G.

18.

	Emo	loymen	t inde	Xea	Pay-roll		index	38	
Industry group and industry	19	48		1947		1948		1947	
	Mar.	Feb.	Jun.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar,	
LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS 1/	159.8	157.3	158.3	145.4	383.4	375,1	372.7	310.1	
Sawmills and logging camps Planing and plywood mills	171.1 171.1	167.9 170.1	169.4 170.2	155.7 155.1	412.4 403.8	401,1 402.5	400.3 398.7	334.5 323.3	
FURNITURE AND FINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS 1/	138.3	139.8	13 9.8	134.2	326.9	328.1	330.3	292.0	
Mattresses and bedsprings Furniture Wooden boxes, other than cigar Caskets and other morticians'	138.8 122.2	140.2 124.3	139.8 125.3	131.3 126.6	330.9 300.1	385.0 333.6 292.2	333.4 304.2	288.8 284.7	
goods Wood preserving Wood, turned and shaped	124.1	124.8	131.1	142.1	315.2	291,0 292.1 307.3	330.4	355.6	
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS 1/	146.7	143.9	144.6	145.3	320.8	306.4	308.1	285.7	
Glass and glassware Glass products made from			-			340.0			
purchased glass Cement Brick, tile, and terra cotta Pottery and related products Gypsum	149.3 130.1 170.2	150.3 126.9 166.9	149.1 131.4 166.0	143.3 122.5 166.1	290.7 297.1 352.9	267.0 286.1 279.0 337.4 278.4	284.7 296.9 337.8	240.3 253.0 315.2	
Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool Lime						375.5 243,2			
Marble, granite, slate, and other products Abrasives Asbestos products Nondurable goods	226.4	221.0	178.0	200.0	487.0	169.5 457.4 323.9	363.2	462.4	
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTURES 1/	111.6	111.2	110,0	108.6	307.1	30 2 .3	295.0	265,0	
Cotton manufactures, except smallwares Cotton smallwares Silk and rayon goods	105.8	105.8	103.8	111.2	249.1	377.0 249.3 262.4	243.8	243.7	
Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dysing and finishing Nosicry Knitted cloth Knitted outerwaar and knitted	84.1	83.5	82.8	82.2	197.6	321.1 190.5 242.6	133.8	172.7	
gloves Knitted underwear Dycing and finishing textiles,						249.8 311.0			
including woolen and worsted Carpets and rugs, wool Mate, fur-felt Jute goods, except felts Cordage and twine	135.5 89.3 109.3	134.0 89.0 110.3	132.2 89.1 105.1	115.4 89.8 114.4	327.9 197.5 264.2	310.0 321.8 202.2 265.7 337.6	316.8 195.8 250.1	235.8 192.3 270.7	

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Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries Continued

	Employment inde	108	Pay-roll indexes			
Industry group and industry		1947	1948	1947		
	Mar. Feb. Jan.	Mar.	Mer. Feb. Jan.	Mar.		
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 1/	145.0 144.8 145.7	145.9	324.0 322.3 321.5	290.9		
Paper and pulp Paper goods, other Envelopes Paper bags Paper boxes	152.0 151.9 153.6 145.7 143.9 142.0 164.1 162.0 163.2	153.7 138.0 1 75.8	330.0 328.3 325.0 327.8 326.6 328.8 283.7 282.8 278.0 373.7 357.8 368.1 305.4 307.1 309.1	302.2 260.6 354.2		
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES 1/	130.1. 130.8 131.3	128.2	253.3 249.6 250.2	227.7		
Newspapers and periodicals Printing; book and job Lithographing Bookbinding	139.1 140.8 142.3 119.5 121.2 121.7	138.4 124.7	229.2 224.6 218.9 280.0 278.6 283.4 227.2 219.0 224.0 313.4 307.7 315.3	253.5		
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 1/	199.0 199.6 199.6	197.5	415.5 416.2 417.3	377.5		
Paints, varnishes, and colors Drugs, medicines, and insecticides Perfumes and cosmetics Soap Rayon and allied products Chemicals, not elsewhere	236.9 238.3 238.5 111.0 116.2 115.4 163.1 166.3 167.0	254.2 127.0 156.2	332.9338.5332.6487.6489.2490.7220.4231.2230.9359.0376.4379.3271.9270.2268.6	465.4 235.7 296.4		
classified Explosives and safety fuses Compressed and liquefied gases Ammunition, small-arms Fireworks Cottonseed oil Fertilizers	306.8 303.3 301.3 250.3 246.5 249.9 148.6 148.7 144.1 203.9 221.8 213.4 114.4 127.0 142.1 185.4 171.5 161.3	288.5 232.1 156.1 229.2 117.3 176.9	558.6559.2561.3580.8587.8580.2480.9479.9465.0344.3342.0333.7625.8610.2591.6315.0335.7397.4497.3439.6433.4	476.9 393.4 333.6 630.5 300.6 443.8		
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL 1/	152.8 151.3 152.4	145.9	314.6 310.2 312.8	262.1		
Petroleum refining Ocke and byproducts Paving materials Roofing materials	141.1 139.6 140.6	128.4 99.9	299.3295.0296.8321.1316.0319.8163.4151.9168.2502.7500.7508.3	247.3		

Employment indexes Pay-roll indexes 1948 Industry group and industry 1948 1947 1947 Mar. Fob. Jan. Mar. Feb. Jan. Mar. Mar. RUBBER PRODUCTS 1/ 179.6 102.7 104.2 196.5 340.8 358.3 376.8 374.3

 200.7
 205.8
 209.2
 231.4
 330.2
 355.9
 388.4
 397.3

 152.4
 153.8
 151.5
 160.1
 347.0
 345.0
 342.8
 321.7

 165.3
 166.9
 167.4
 170.2
 356.2
 366.2
 368.3
 348.7

Rubber tires and inner tubes Rubber boots and shoes Rubber goods, other MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES 1/ M71.5 177.0 176.1 182.1 383.0 383.2 377.9 367.6 Instruments (professional and scientific), and fire-control 244.6 245.2 245.3 249.9 489.3 487.1 507.5 452.3 equipment 219.8 220.9 220.4 203.2 422.3 424.2 418.1 375.0 Photographic apparatus Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods 229.1 230.0 233.6 253.2 444.8 446.3 452.3 461.8 188.0 201.5 215.2 196.2 393.1 421.1 455.5 412.3 203.2 189.9 175.0 170.6 472.2 450.1 399.7 372.1 Pianos, organs, and parts Games, toys, and dolls Buttons 122.0 119.0 118.7 118.5 283.5 285.4 275.7 261.2 258.4 249.3 253.5 310.6 556.8 523.2 546.8 565.7 Fire extinguishers

Table 8. - Indexes of Freduction-Worker Employment and Weekly Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

See explanatory notes, sections A, C, F, and G.

1/ Indexes for the individual industries comprising the major industry group have been adjusted to levels indicated by data through 1945 made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Comparable series from January 1939 are available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. More recently adjusted data for the individual industries comprising the major industry group indicated below supersede data shown in publications dated prior to:

Major industry group	Mimeographed release	Monthly Labor Review
Nonferrous metals and their products	March 1948	April 1948
Iron and steel and their products	April 1948	May 1948
Machinery, except electrical	May 1948	June 1948

(1939	Average	=	100))
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	Employment indexes			Pey-roll indexes				
Industry group and industry		1948		1947	1948			1947
	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Jen.	Feb.
MINING: 1/			*		ł	1	1	
Coal:		:				· ·		
Anthracite	92.6	91.6	, 91.1	92.3	255.9	232.8	242.4	232
Bituminous coal		100.4						271.9
Metal	97.6		96.9	97.4	199.4	201.7	198.9	176.1
Iron	149.4	146.8	146.5	141.2	313.8	310.3	302.7	256.8
Copper	106.6	108.2	107.5	102.7	234.8	241.7	238.0	198.7
Lead and zinc	96.5	96.2	96.2	113.1	222.9	225.1	228.1	
Gold and silver	33.3	33.4	33.1	32.4	56.7	58.4	56.4	
Miscellaneous	186.7	187.0	183.0	187.2	340.3	347.4		
Quarrying and nonmetallic	119.8	113.7	i ll0. 7	120.6	287.3	262.0	270.0	261.
Crude petroleum and natural gas		1	1			1		_
production	[111.1	212.1	110.5	108.3	213.2	219.9	215.5	180.7
TRANSPORTATION AND FUBLIC UTILITIES			÷ ÷					
Class I steam railways 2/	122 2	120 8	inon h	124 0	2/	5/	3/	21
Street railways and busses	128.8	132.8	120 0	121 0	222 6	3/234.6	3/ 230.1	2/
Telephone		106 2	105 0	1188	232.0	216 2	1215 8	210.0
Telegraph	08 2	196.2 97.8	07 0	100 7	012 0	010 6	1000 B	108 0
Electric light and power	110.9	110.3	109.8	104.0	184.4	183.2	4187 O	150.6
TTOO OT TO TERILO COM DOBOT				1.0.1.0	20104	1.00.2		100.0
TRADE: $\frac{1}{4}$								
Wholesele	115.3	116.1	116 3	111 7	210 8	ອນເດ	211.7	101 6
Retail	113.5	111.8	114.4	111.2	200.0	208 1	209.4	
Food	116.7	113.9	114.4	112.8	226.1	221.5	209.4 510 L	100 0
General merchandise	124.5	122.9	129.4	122.5	225.5	221.4	233.0	205 6
Apparel	116.8	108.2	111.5	113.4	208.8	1.94.3	108.8	104.6
Furniture and housefurnishings	91.9	91.0	93.6	84.4	173.7	177.8	174.5	146.6
Automotive	105.9	105.9	106.5	97.8	197.1		193.9	
Lumber and building materials	119.4	118.8	122.5	115.5	228.6		228.0	
SERVICE:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					7
The state of the second st	11161							
Hotels (year round) 5/		116.8	11(.2	117.3	229.0	233.2	230.4	1216.8
Power laundries 1/	117.7	117.0	120.1	123.1	227.5	225.4	232.9	223.2
Cleaning and dyoing 1/	154.8	149.3	152.8	T00.0	291.2	271.9	285.6	289.3

See footnotes, table 7, and explanatory notes, sections F and G.

- 1/ See footnote 2, table 7. 2/ Source: Interstate Commerce Commission. 3/ Not available. 4/ Includes all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors. 5/ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included included.

Sec. A. <u>Revisions of Employment Estimates</u> - The employment estimates shown in this report for the industry divisions (e.g., manufacturing, mining, etc.) and industry groups (e.g., iron and steel, electrical machinery, etc.) have been adjusted to levels indicated by bench-mark data through 1945 and supersede data shown in mimeographed releases dated prior to April 1947 and in the Monthly Labor Review dated prior to May 1947.

Sec. B. <u>Sources of Bonch-Mark Data</u> - The chief purpose of recent revisions published in the February 1947 DETAILED REPORT, was to adjust the levels of employment estimates to bench-mark data through 1945. In preparing estimates for private employment prior to 1939, the various industrial censuses taken by the Bureau of the Census were used as sources of bench-mark data. Data obtained from unemployment compensation agencies and the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance are the main bases for 1945 bench marks. Bench marks for State and local government are based on data compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while most of the data on Federal Government employment is made available by the U. S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Commerce Commission is the source for railroads, and the U. S. Maritime Commission for water transportation.

Sec. C. <u>Scope of Employment Revisions</u> - Recent revisions also include a new type of estimate for employment in construction based upon establishment reports. This estimate is more consistent with the estimating procedure used for other industry divisions. In addition, federal force-account construction employment has been transferred from the construction segment to government.

Each of the industry divisions was affected by the recent revisions. Adjustments have also been made in each of the 20 major groups comprising the manufacturing industry division. To be consistent with the estimates for these major industry groups, and more representative of the true level of employment, estimates for the individual manufacturing industries, formerly based on the 1939 Census of Manufactures, are now being revised. As these revisions are completed, they are published in this report and indicated by appropriate footnotes. Since the revised employment estimates shown in this report cover only the current months, a set of summary sheets presenting comparable figures from January 1939 to date, by month, for each industry will be provided upon request.

Sec. D. <u>How Employment Estimates Are Made</u> - Estimates of changes in the level of employment are based on reports from a sample group of establishments, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costly and time-consuming. In using a sample, it is essential that an accurate base be established from which estimates may be carried forward. This base or "bench mark" is either a complete count or an estimate with a satisfactory degree of accuracy. When a new bench mark becomes available, estimates prepared since the last bench mark are reviewed to determine if any adjustment of level is required. This is the basic principle of employment estimating used by the BLS. It yields a satisfactory compromise between a slow but highly accurate complete count on the one hand, and a rapid but less accurate sample count on the other.

Briefly, the Bureau of Labor Statistics computes employment estimates as follows: first, a bench mark or level of employment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third, changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the bench mark to determine the monthly estimates of employment between bench-mark periods. For exemple,

- i -

if the latest complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in September 1945, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 13 establishments employing 23,200 workers in September and 23,800 in October, the October estimate would be prepared as follows:

40,200 x
$$\frac{23,800}{23,200}$$
 = 41,240

In general, data showing month to-month changes in employment reflect the fluctuations shown by establishments reporting to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. However, the usual estimating method is inadequate in the finance and service industries, which have a preponderance of small establishments. A special sampling procedure has been introduced, involving the scientific selection of a sample of cities and of a representative list of blocks in these cities. Data obtained from the establishments in these blocks yield substantially better estimates of month-to-month changes in employment in the finance and service industries than would be obtained by the use of the sampling procedure employed for other industries. For railroads and the Federal Government, complete reports of employment are available.

Why Revisions Are Necessary - Because reports are not immediately available from new firms, they are frequently introduced into the Bureau of Labor Statistics sample after they have been in operation for some time. This lapse of time produces a rather consistent understatement which becomes larger from year to year. It is important, therefore, that estimates not be allowed to go uncorrected for too long a period. During the war period adjustment of many of the nonmanufacturing industry divisions was unavoidably postponed for several years. Consequently, the most recent revision corrects for the downward bias that had accumulated in the nonmanufacturing series since 1941. Revisions in some industry divisions have been carried back to 1939 in order to incorporate greater refinements in methodology and new source materials that have become available. For example, improved data on the small firm component of the trade and service industries, supplied by the Burcau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance, made possible refinements in these series back to 1939.

Sec. E. Comparability With Other Types of Employment Data - The Bureau of Labor Statistics employment estimates are based upon reports submitted by cooperating establishments and therefore differ from employment information obtained by household interviews, such as the Monthly Report of the Labor Force. The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates of employment in nonagricultural establishments differ from the Monthly Report of the Labor Force total nonagricultural employment estimates in several important respects. For example: (1) The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates cover all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in private nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month; in Federal establishments during the pay period ending just before the first of the month; and in State and local government during the pay period ending on or just before the last of the month. Persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period would be counted more than once; (2) Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Sec. F. <u>Pay-Roll Indexes</u> - Cooperating establishments are instructed to report pay rolls of production or nonsupervisory workers prior to deduction for old age and unemployment insurance, withholding taxes, bonds, and union dues. Pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken is included. Respondents are instructed to exclude pay for vacations not taken as well as cash estimates of any payments in kind. Bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period, are also excluded.

The methodology for obtaining pay-roll estimates is similar to that for employment estimates. Sample changes showing monthly movements are used in projecting established bench marks to secure current pay-roll estimates. These pay-roll estimates are converted into indexes, using the 1939 average as a base.

Sec. G. <u>Source of Data</u> - Employment and pay-roll estimates are based on reports from cooperating establishments. Excluding about 9,000 blocksample returns, the approximate number of establishments, and workers covered, for each of the industry divisions are shown below.

	: Number of :	Employees	or production workers
Industry division	:Sestablishments:	Number	: Percent of total
			-0
Manufacturing	33,200	7,438,000	58
Mining	2,700	396.000	61
Contract construction	12,500	335,000	18
Public utilities	7,200	877,000	76
Trade:			
Wholesale	11,800	333,000	20
Retail	38,600	1,069,000	25
Service:	,		-
Hotels(year-round)	1,200	142,000	37
Power laundries and	· y =		51
cleaning and dyeing	1,600	71,000	20

Approximate Coverage of BLS Employment and Pay-Roll Sample

Sec. H. <u>Coverage of Employment Estimates</u> - The employment estimates shown in tables 1, 2, 5, and 5a cover all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. The estimates and indexes shown in tables 6 and 8 refer to production and related workers as defined in the Glossary, page vi.

Sec. I. <u>State Estimates</u> - State estimates are prepared in cooperation with various State Agencies as indicated below. The estimates for manufacturing have been adjusted to recent data made available under the Federal Social Security program. Since some states have adjusted to more recent bench-mark data than others, and because varying methods of computation are used, the total of the state estimates differs from the national total (see tables 1 and 2). Because of these recent revisions the state estimates for manufacturing are not consistent with the unrevised data shown prior to June 1947 for total employment in nonagricultural establishments, by state. Comparable series of manufacturing estimates for each state, January 1943 to date, and also for nonagricultural employment for selected states, through December 1946, are available upon request to the cooperating State agency or the appropriate Bureau of Labor Statistics regional office. Estimates of nonagricultural employment, by state, for these States which are now publishing such estimates are shown in table 5a. These totals are consistent with the manufacturing estimates in table 5. As nonagricultural estimates for additional States become available, they will be shown in table 5a.

Cooperating State Agencies

Alabama - Dept. of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 5. Arizona - Employment Security Commission, Phoenix. Arkansas - Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor, Little Rock. California - Div. of Labor Statistics and Research, San Francisco 2. Connecticut - Employment Security Div., Hartford 15. Delaware - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1, Pa. Florida - Industrial Commission, Tallahassee. Georgia Employment Security Administration, Atlanta 3. Illinois - Dept. of Labor, Chicago 1. Indiana - Employment Security Div., Indianapolis 12. Iowa - Employment Security Cormission, Des Moines: 8. Kansas - State Labor Dept., Topeka. Louisiana - Louisiana State University, Bureau of Business Research, Baton Rouge 3. Maine - Unemployment Compensation Cormission, Augusta. Maryland - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Baltimore 2. Massachusetts - Dept. of Labor and Industries, Boston 33. Michigan - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Lonsing 13. Minnesota - Div. of Employment and Security, St. Paul 1. Missouri - Div. of Employment Security, Jefferson City. Montana - Unemployment Compensation Commission of Montana, Helena. Nevada - Employment Security Dept., Carson City. New Jersey - Dept. of Labor, Trenton 8. New Mexico - Employment Security Commission, Alburquerque. New York - Dept. of Labor, Div. of Placement and Unemployment Insurance, New York 17. North Carolina - Dept. of Labor, Raleigh. Oklahoma - Employment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 2. Pennsylvania - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Philadelphia 1 (Mfg.); Dept. of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg (Nonmfg.). Rhode Island - Dept. of Labor, Div. of Census and Statistics, Providence 2. Tennessee - Dept. of Employment Security, Nashville 3. Texas - University of Texas, Bureau of Business Research, Austin 12. Utah - Dept. of Employment Security, Salt Lake City 13. Vermont - Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier. Virginia - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Div. of Research and Statistics, Richmond 21. Washington - Employment Security Dept., Olympia. Wisconsin - Industrial Commission of Wisconsin, Medison 3.

BLS REGIONAL OFFICES

<u>New England</u> - Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Old South Bldg., 294 Washington St., Boston 8, Massachusetts (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hompshire Rhode Island, Vermont).

- North Atlantic Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1000 Parcel Post Bldg., 341 Ninth Avenue, New York 1, New York (Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York).
- <u>North Contral</u> Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics,
 312 National War Agencies Bldg., 226 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago 6, Ill.
 (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kensas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin).
- Southern Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 6th Floor Silvey Bldg., 114 Marietta Street, N. W., Atlanta 3, Georgia (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas).
- Pacific-Rocky Mountain Regional Director, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 546 Federal Office Bldg., Son Francisco 2, California (Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming).

Technical advice and assistance on employment statistics in the states of Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia will be given by the Bureau's Washington Office.

GLOSSARY

- Continental United States Covers only the 48 States and the District of Columbia.
- <u>Contract construction</u> Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the pay rolls of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded.
- Defense Agencies Covers civilian employees of the National Military Establishment, Maritime Commission, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, The Panama Canal, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Philippine War Damage Commission, Office of Selective Service Records, War Assets Administration, Office of Defense Transportation, Office of Scientific Research and Development, National Security Resources Board.
- Family Allowances Represents the Government's contribution; the amount contributed by the personnel is included under pay rolls.
- Federal Government-Executive branch Includes U. S. Navy Yards, Federal arsenals, and force-account construction. Fourth-class postmasters are included under the executive branch in table 3, but are excluded from the government data shown in table 1. Employment shown here for the executive branch differs from data published by the U. S. Civil Service Commission in the following respects: (1) Substitute rural mail carriers are excluded; (2) seemen and trainees who are hired and paid

by private steamship companies having contracts with the Maritime Commission are excluded; (3) the Panama Railroad Company is shown here under Government corporations but is included under the executive branch by the Civil Service Commission; (4) employment collected and published by the Civil Service.Commission as of the last day of the month, is here presented as of the first day of the next month.

- Finance Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate; excludes the Federal Reserve District Banks and the mixed ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration.
- <u>Government</u> Covers Federal, State, and local governmental establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, as well as all government-owned and operated establishments and institutions (arsenals, navy yards, hospitals, Federal Reserve banks, etc.) and government force-account construction. The data shown in table 1 exclude fourth-class postmasters because they presumably have other major jobs.
- <u>Government corporations</u> Covers only three corporations: The Panama Railroad Company, the Federal Reserve banks, and the mixed-cwnership banks of the Farm Credit Administration. All other corporations are included under the executive branch.
- Indexes of production-worker employment Estimates of production-worker employment expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939.
- Indexes of production-worker weekly pay rolls Estimates of productionworker weekly pay rolls expressed as a percentage of the average weekly pay roll for 1939.
- Leave payments Payments were authorized by Public Law 704 of the 79th Congress and Public Law 254 of the 80th Congress to enlisted personnel who were discharged prior to September 1, 1946 for accrued and unused leave and to officers and enlisted personnel them on active duty for leave accrued in excess of 60 days. Value of bonds represents face value; interest will be paid in addition to the face value at the time the bonds are cashed. Terminal leave payments to persons discharged after September 1, 1946 are excluded from leave payments shown but are included in pay rolls.
- <u>Manufacturing</u> Covers only privately owned establishments; governmental manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded.
- Military pay rolls Covers personnel on active duty or on terminal leave. Coast Guard pay rolls and Army pay rolls for 1943 represent actual expenditures. Other data represent estimated obligations based on an average monthly personnel count. Pay rolls for the Navy proper and Coast Guard include cash payments for clothing-allowance balances in January, April, July, and October. Starting October 1946 pay rolls include lump sum payments for terminal leave authorized by Public Law 350 of the 80th Congress.
- Mining Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which cocur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunnelling and shafting, and the drilling of acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

- Nonagricultural establishments Governmental or private business establishments; (1) that are physically located within continental United States; and (2) whose principal activity can be classified under one of the following industry divisions -- manufacturing, mining, contract construction, transportation and public utilities, wholesale and retail trade, finance, service, or government.
- Pay rolls Private pay rolls represent pay rolls of production and related workers (or nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors) before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues, but after deductions for damaged work. Includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations token. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period. In mining industries further deductions are made for explosives or other supplies furnished by the company. In coal mining portal-to-portal pay is included. Federal civilian pay rolls are for all employees before deductions for income tax, retirement, and bonds.
- <u>Production and related workers</u> Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxilliary production for plant's cwn use (e.g., power plant) and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations. Excludes supervisory employees (above the working foreman level) and their clerical staffs, routemen, salesmen, and other groups of nonproduction workers defined below under wage and salary workers.
- Service Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms. Excludes automobile repair services, government owned and operated hospitals, museums, etc., and domestic service.
- <u>Trade</u> Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., solling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sale of goods. Includes auto repair services.
- Transportation and public utilities Covers only privately owned and operated enterprises engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph and other communication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary services. Government owned and operated establishments are included under government.
- <u>Wage and salary workers</u> In addition to production and related workers as defined above, includes workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, sales-delivery, advertising, credit, collection, and in installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above the working foreman level) and other workers not included as production workers. Also includes employees on the establishment pay roll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers).

Wage earner - See production workers.

Washington, D. C. Data for the executive branch of the Federal Government also include areas in Maryland and Virginia which are within the metropolitan area, as defined by the Bureau of the Census.