DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
OFFICE OF THE SFCRETARY

Total civil nonagricultural employment showed a slight decline from midJanuary to mid-February, Secretary of Labor Frances Ferkins reported today (Tuesday) with the February total of $39,842,000$ being 29,000 less than in the preceding month but 2,394,000 greater than in February a year ago.
"Seasonal decreases in emplcyment from January to February were reported in trade, contract construction, transportation and public utilities, and mining," she said. These declines vere largely offset by increases in manufacturing and Federal, State, and local government employment. The major factor in the rise of $2,394,000$ workers over the year interval was the expansion in the manufacturing labor force of nearly 1,400,000 workers. Gains also occurred in all other groups except contract construction, which showed a decrease of 46,000 workers over the year because of the drop in non-Federal construction.
"The increase in factory employment ( 0.4 percent) from January to February was substantially less than the usual seasonal gain (1.7 percent). Employment in the durable goods industries rose by 7,000 in contrast with the increase of 36,000 workers in the non-durable goods industries. Seasonal gains occurred in such industries as women's clothing, men's clothing, fertilizers, leather boots and shoes, cotton goods, cigars and cigarettes, and dyeing and finishing. Several nondurable goods industries experienced employment decreases because of restrictions on the use of ran materials, notably, woolen and morsted goods, carpets and rugs, hosiery (where employment reached the lovest level since January 1934), and rubber tires and tubes. The slaughtering and meat packing industry reported a marked decrease in employment, which was largely seasonal in character. Employment in cane sugar refining fell to the lovest point since January 1938. The radio and phonograph industry which is converting its facilitios to war production showed a less than seasonal decline over the month.
"The increase in factory employment from January to February carried the index for all manufacturing to 132.9 percent of the 1923-25 average, representing a rise of 12.3 percent over the year. Factory payrolls advanced 2.0 percent over the month to 176.9 percent of the $1: 23-25$ average, and the increase over the year amounted to 39.5 percent. The increase in working hours in many war industries to well above 48 hours per week, as well as the expansion of hours in other industries, overtime payments and wage rate increases account for the greater proportionate gains in payrolls than in employment over the past year.
"Wage rate increases averaging 7.5 percent and affecting 7l, 122 factory wage earners, were reported by 317 cooperating establishments between mid-January and mid-February. This number is less than the number affected by wage increases in any month since March 1941.
"Among the mining industries slightly largse than seasonal decreases in employment occurred in crude petroleum producing ( 1.4 percent), and quarrying and nonmetallic mining (1.l percent). Anthracite mines showed a small loss in employment coupled with a pay-roll increase of 26.3 percent, reflecting increased production in this industry in February. Bituminous coal mines reported a small employment decline and metal mines showed a slight gain in contrast to the usual small recession expected in February.
"Wholesale and retail trade employment declined approximately by the usual seasonal amount, retail dealers in the automotive field, however, reporting a substantial employment decrease. Enployment in telephone and telegraph, and electric light and power industries was lower in February than in the preceding month, while street railway and bus companies reported a slight empiloyment gain, instead of the usual small employment decline.

MMichigan, Florida, and Louisiana were the only States shoving decreases in
 centage increases over this interval occurred in Alabama, (21.2); Arkansas, (19.5); Oregon, (18.6); District of Columbia, (18.0); Utah, (17.1); Washington, (16.3); and California, (16.0).
"During February, 54,300 employees were added to the staff of the Federal executive service. Of these 9,900 were working within the District of Columbia and 44,400 outside the District of Columbia.
"Federal work-relief prograns in February continued the decline started a year ago by dropping 55,400 persons from the rolls. The saving in monthly pay rolls amounted to $5,011,000$. The personnel declines were distributed as follows: NYA student work program 43,700, WYA out-cf-school mork program 7,400, and CCC 9,200. The W.P.A. showed an increase in personnel of 4,900.
"Construction programs financed wholly or partially from Federal funds in February required the services of $1,172,000$ persons and pay rolls of $\$ 199,147,000$. This represented an addition over January of 97,500 workers and of $\$ 21,646,000$ pay rolls. Of the total, defense construction projects accounted for 90 percent of the employees and 91 percent of the pay rolls."
(In thousencia)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1942 \\ (\text { pelim- } \\ \text { inary } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Janary } \\ 1742 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Chenge } \\ \text { Tamary } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { rebuary } \\ 1.942 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | Change February 1941 to Februery 1942 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total civil nonagricultural emoloymeny | 39.542 | 30,871 | -29 | 37,443 | +2,394 |
| Empioyees jin nonagricultural establishments |  |  |  |  |  |
| lishments................... <br> : Aanutacturine | 33,699 3,641 | 3,768 $12,5 \% 8$ | -29 +43 | $\begin{aligned} & 31,305 \\ & 11,273 \end{aligned}$ | $+2,394$ $+1,368$ |
| Mining. . . . . | - 359 | - 3.6 | -17 | -854 | $+1,368$ $+\quad 5$ |
| Contract construetion | 1,632 | -,698 | -26 | 1,678 | - 46 |
| Tratsportation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ pubiic utilities. | 3,346 | 6,255 | -6 | 3,083 | $+\quad 218$ $+\quad 201$ |
| Finance, service \& miseellenecus.. | 4,280 | 4,180 | 0 | 4,075 | + 105 |
| Federal, istate ana local governmens. | 4,449 | 4,404 | $+45$ | 3,906 | $+\quad 553$ |

The estimates of "Total civil nonagriculturel employment", given on the first line of the abovo table, remesent the total number of persons engaged in gainful work in the thited States in ronegroultural industrios, exchuing militery and naval persomel, persons employed on W. .A. or N.Y.i. projects, aru dmoleses in C.C.C. camps. The seriec, acscribed as "Emplofees in nonagricuiturd estabiishments" excludes aso proprietorstand fimmembers, selw-mployed persons, casua workers and persons in comestic service. Thestimetes for "mporees in nonagricultural establishments" are show separetely for oach of sever major industry groups. Data for the manufacturing ad trade grcios nave becn revi.sed to inchude adjustments to proliminery 1939 Census diata.

The figures represent the nmbor of persons working at diy time during the week ending nearest the midde of eech montin. The totals tor the united utates heve been adjusted to conform to the ficurus whown by the 1930 Cenmus of ocupations br the number of nonagricultural "eajufin workers" less the mmber shown to have been unemployed for one weok or more ac the time of tít consus. Separate estimates for "Employees in nonagricultura establistments" are shown in the following table for each of the 40 States and the District of Columis for Jumury and February 1942 and Febuury 1947. Tables showing the estimates for each utete from July 1937 to dete ara available on requast. Beceuse the state figuras do not include ompoyees on
motchant vescelis, and beause of ervein adustnerts in the unitea btetes estimates which heve not been made on a state desis, the totel of the state estimetes will not agree exactly with the figures for the united btates as a wrole.

These estimetes are ussen in lere pry or inductriai censuses end on regular reports of employers to the bited statee Eurean a Labon btatiotics and to other Government agencies, auch as the Interstate Conmeres Comission. Dete derived from employers' querterly reports in conection win "old are end survivors' incurerce," and employerst monthly rerorts in conecior with unemraymont compensation heve been used extonsively as a check on estimetes dorivad from other gourees, and in some industries they have provided the most reliable information aveilable.

(In thouscnds)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hobruay } \\ 2942 \end{gathered}$ | January 190? | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Chenge } \\ \text { Jomery to } \\ \text { Gemery } 1945 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fobrary } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | Februar Februa | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ange } \\ & y 1941 \text { to } \\ & \text { cy } 1942 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Iumber PGreant |  | Number | Percent |
| New England | 2,941 | , 935 | $+6+.2$ | 2,606 | $+255$ | $+9.5$ |
| Maine | 214 | 210 | $+4{ }^{+1}+1$ | 187 | $+27$ | +14.7 |
| New Hempshire | -42 | 145 | $-3 \quad-2.4$ | 133 | + 9 | $+6.7$ |
| Vermont | 79 | 7 | +1 +1. | 71 | + 8 | $+10.0$ |
| Messechusetts | 1,531 | 1,531 | 0 0 | 1.422 | $+119$ | $+8.4$ |
| Rhode Ishand | 262 | 601 | $+i+.7$ | 230 | + 12 | + 5.0 |
| Connecticut | 713 | 710 | + + +.4 | 633 | $+30$ | +12.5 |
| Midale htlantic | 3,503 | 3,669 | $+34+.4$ | 7,389 | +614 | + 7.8 |
| New Iork | 4,133 | 4,164 | +1\% + - 5 | 3,914 | $+269$ | $+6.9$ |
| New Jersey | -, 324 | 1,320 | $+\therefore \quad \div .3$ | 1,207 | $+117$ | + 9.7 |
| Pennsylvanis | 2,996 | 2,35 | +11 +.4 | 2,768 | $+228$ | $+8.3$ |
| East North Central | 7,506 | 7,592 | $-86 \quad-1.1$ | ', 210 | $+356$ | $+5.6$ |
| Ohio | 2,029 | 2,037 | $-3-2$ | 1,357 | $+172$ | $+9.3$ |
| Indiuna | 869 | 85. | $+2+0$ | 222 | $+47$ | $+5.6$ |
| Illinois | 2,507 | $2,50 \%$ | $+1+$. | 2, 206 | $+201$ | +8.7 |
| michigen | $1,391$ | 1,476 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} -85 & -5.7 \end{array}$ | 1, 777 | - 86 | $-5.8$ |
| Wiccorsin | 710 | 706 | $+4+.6$ | $6_{48} 8$ | $+62$ | $+9.6$ |
| West Nortir Gertral | 2,513 | 2,534 | $-21-8$ | 2,3,3 | $+180$ | $+7.7$ |
| Minesot | 533 | $54+2$ | -3 -. -6 | 508 | $+30$ | +6.0 |
| I owe | 421 | 437 | $-10-2.2$ | 395 | $+26$ | $+6.8$ |
| Missouri | 863 | 870 | -7 -. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 788 | + 75 | $+9.5$ |
| North Deketa. | 75 | 76 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} -1 & -.7 \end{array}$ | 72 | +3 | $+4.6$ |
| South Deikatia | $34$ | 34 | $0 \quad-$ | 79 | + 5 | + 5.7 |
| Nebraska | $209$ | 21\% | $\begin{array}{l:l} -3 & -2.2 \end{array}$ | 191 | + 18 | $+9.5$ |
| Kensak | 323 | $32 \%$ | $+3 \quad+1.2$ | 300 | +23 | $+7.6$ |

ESTPAMED NURER OF EMPLOELS TM MOMAGICULCMAL ESTAELISMEMS, EY STAMIS
(In thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1912 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | ChangeJanuery toFekruary $10 / 2$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1.942 \end{gathered}$ | ChargeFebruary 1941 to <br> February 1942 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | Fercent, |  | Humber | Porcent |
| South AtIantic | 4,128 | 4,206 | +22 | $+.5$ | 3,828 | $+300$ | $+7.9$ |
| Delaware | 4, 72 | 4,74 | ( | +. 4 | 70 | + 4 | $+5.4$ |
| Marylend | 642 | 626 | $+36$ | $+2.5$ | 556. | + 86 | $+15.4$ |
| District of Col. | 455 | 447 | +8 | +1.8 | 366 | + 89 | $+24.4$ |
| Virginia | 621 | 6, 3 | -2 | -. 3 | 552 | + 59 | +10.5 |
| West Vircinia | 359 | 103 | - 4 | $-1.0$ | 378 | +21 | + 5.7 |
| North Carolina | 644 | 642 | +2 | +. 3 | 63.3 | + 12 | +1.7 |
| South Carolina | 339 | 333 | +6 | +1.7 | 315 | + 24 | + 7.7 |
| Georgia | 529 | 532 | - 3 | -. 5 | 575 | + 10 | +1.9 |
| Florida | 425 | 126 | - 7 | -. 3 | 429 | - 4 | - . 9 |
| East South Central | 1,578 | 7,57] | $+7$ | $\pm .4$ | 1, 424 | +154 | $+10.7$ |
| Kentucky | 390 | 302 | -2 | -. ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 375 | + 15 | + 3.7 |
| Tennessee | 488 | 494 | + 4 | +. 9 | 463 | $+35$ | + 7.6 |
| Alabama | 487 | 483 | $+4$ | +. 8 | 402 | + 85 | $+21.2$ |
| Mississirpi | 203 | 202 | $+1$ | +.3 | 184 | + 19 | $+10.2$ |
| West South Central | 2,040 | 2,046 | - 6 | -. 3 | 1,086 | + 54 | $+2.7$ |
| Arkansas. | 220 | 219 | $+1$ | $+.2$ | 184 | + 36 | $+19.5$ |
| Louisiana | 1204 | 103 | + $]$ | $+.3$ | 405 | - 1 | - . 1 |
| OkIahoma | 305 | 309 | - 4 | $-1.3$ | 2 l | + $1 \%$ | +4.9 |
| Texas | 1,271 | 1,115 | $-4$ | $-3$ | 1, 106 | + 5 | + .4 |
| nountain | \$2 | 616 | +2 | 0 | $7 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ | + 70 | +9.3 |
| Rontara | 111 | 113 | -2 | $-1.6$ | 207 | + 2 | + 3.9 |
| İdaho | 55 | 45 | 0 | -. 3 | EO | + 5 | + 5.8 |
| Wyomine | 5 | 53 | 0 | -. | 19 | + 4 | + 7.4 |
| Colorado | 234 | 233 | $+1$ | +. 1 | 21.4 | + 20 | $+9.1$ |
| Ner Vexico | 71 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 67 | + 4 | +6.5 |
| Arizona | 105 | 103 | $+2$ | $+7.3$ | 94 | + 11 | +17.8 |
| Utah | 1.23 | 121 | +2 | $+1.3$ | 105 | + 2 | $+17.1$ |
| Nevada | 36 | 37 | - 1 | -2.7 | 32 | + 4 | $+12.2$ |
| Pacific | 2,925 | 2,010 | $+15$ | $+.5$ | 2,15 | +470 | $+16.3$ |
| Washincton | 514 | 570 | $+2$ | $+.7$ | 4,42 | + 72 | $+16.3$ |
| Oregon | 280 | 275 | $+5$ | +1. 6 | 236 | + 44 | $+18.6$ |
| California | 2,231 | 2,125 | +6 | $+.3$ | 1,837 | $+2 \mathrm{C}$ | $+16.0$ |

Indexes of employment and pay rolls for all manufacturing industries combined, Class I stear. railroads, and for those nonmanufacturing industries for which information is available, are shown below for February 1942, with percentage changes from January 1942 and February 1941. The 3-year average 1923-25 is used as a base in computing the indexes for the manufocturing industries and the 5 -year average $1935-39$ as a base for Class I steam railroads. For the other nonmanufacturing industries information for years prior to 1929 is not available from the Bureau's records, and the l2-month average for 1929 is used $a s$ a base in computing the index numbers. These indexes are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

The data for manufacturing, mining, building construction, laundries, and dyeing and cleaning cover wage earners only; those for railroads cover all employees while the data for water transportation cover employces on vessels of 1,000 gross tons or over in deep-sea trades only. The data for other industries exclude proprietors and firm members, corporation officers, executives, and others whose work is mainly supervisory.

| Industry | Employment |  |  | Pay Roll |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ \text { February } \\ 1942 \\ 1 / \end{gathered}$ | Percentage change from- |  | Index Febrmary 1942 1/ |  | Percentage change from- |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { February } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Februar } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | (1923-25-100) |  |  | (1923 | 25-100) |  |  |
| MANUFACTURING. | $\binom{2 / 132.9}{(1035-39=100}$ | $+0.4$ | $+12.8$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 175.9 \\ -39=100) \end{array}$ | $+2.0$ | $+39.5$ |
| CIASS I STIAM RAILROADS 3/.......... | $\begin{gathered} 114.5 \\ (1929=100) \end{gathered}$ | + 4/ | $+13.5$ |  | $29=1 \frac{5}{0} /$ | $5 /$ | 5/ |
| TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 94.3 |  | $+3.1$ |  | 93.2 | $+1.5$ | +14.5 |
| Focd products....................... | $5 /$ | - 1.2 | $5 /$ |  | 5 | - . 2 | $5 /$ |
| Groceries and food specialties... | $5 /$ | $+1.0$ | 5 |  | 5 | + 3.0 | 5 |
| Dry goods and apparel............ | $5 /$ | $+.6$ | 5 |  | 5 | $+3.0$ | 5 |
| Mechinery, equipment \& supplies.. | 5 | - . 6 | 5 |  | 5 | + 2.7 | 5 |
| Farm products....................... | 5 | + . 8 | 5 |  | 5 | - . 2 | 5 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products (includes bulk tank stations)... | $5 /$ | - . 1 | $5 /$ |  | $5 /$ | + . 4 | 5 |
| Automotivc........................ | $5 /$ | - 3.1. | $5 /$ |  | 5 | + . 4 | 5/ |
| Retail. | 6) 9 ¢ ${ }^{\text {. }} 3$ | - 1.3 | + 4.0 | 61 | 93.5 | - 2.3 | +10. |
| Ford. | -113.2 | $+1.4$ | $+7.2$ |  | 113.5 | +2.3 | $+15.5$ |
| General merchandising............. | 6/ 105.4 | - . 1 | +13.5 | 6 | 105.0 | - 1.4 | +21.2 |
| Apparel. | - 84.3 | - 1.2 | $+8.2$ |  | 85.9 | - 1.3 | $+16.7$ |
| Furniture | 72.7 | - 2.2 | - 3.1 |  | 73.1 | + 7.5 | $+10.3$ |
| Automotive. | 67.5 | $-10.4$ | -22.1 |  | 68.8 | - 9.9 | -18.4 |
| Lumber and building materials.... | 73.1 | - 3.8 | + 2.1 |  | 77.0 | $-2.5$ | +13.1 |
| PUEIIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone and telegraph............. | 689.7 | - . 8 | +10.9 |  | 120.8 | - . 1 | $+15.5$ |
| Wiectric light and power............ | $6 / 90.6$ | - 1.5 | + . 6 | 6 | 113.0 | - 1.2 | $+7.3$ |
| Street railways and busses 7/...... | 6/ 70.5 | + . 2 | $+3.8$ | 6/ | 83.5 | $+3.8$ | +17. |
| MTITING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lnthracite............................ | 48.8 |  | - 3.5 |  | 49.7 | +26.3 | +10.1 |
| Bithminous-coal..................... | 94.4 | - . 7 | + 4.2 |  | 118.2 | $+1.0$ | $+30.2$ |
| Metalliferous........................ | 80.7 | + . 11 | $+10.0$ |  | 98.5 | $+4.4$ | +37.3 |
| Guarrying and nonmetallic.......... | 46.3 | - 1.1 | $+9.3$ |  | 51.7 | $+5.7$ | +35. |
| Crude-petroleum production......... | 60.5 | - 1.4 | + . 1 |  | 63.9 | - 1.5 | $+11.5$ |
| SERVICES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (yearmround)................. | 94.2 | $+.1$ | $+.4$ | 8/ | 92.1 | + . 7 | $+7.0$ |
| Laundries............................. | 107.4 | - 1.2 | + 6.3 |  | 102.2 | $-1.5$ | +14.0 |
| Dyeing and cleaning................ | 109.6 | - . 2 | +8.1 |  | 85.8 | - . 8 | $+15.4$ |
| biokersge............................. | 5 | - 1.5 | - 6.4 |  | 51 | - 2.6 | $-1.8$ |
| Insazance............................. | 5 | $+\quad .2$ | + 2.2 |  | 5 | -4/ | +8.9 |
| BTT EnS COMSTRUCTION................. | $5 /$ | - 3.6 | - 3.8 |  | 5 | - 3.1 | $+10.2$ |
| Wh it | 9 96.3 | + 2.7 | - 1.4 |  | $20 /$ | + 2.6 | +17. |

I. ProAminary, Not available.
Bet $4 /$ Less than $1 / 10$ of one percent.
Retail-trade indexes adjusted to 1935 Census, public utility indexes to 1937 Census.
Covers street railways and trolley and motor-bus operations of subsidiary, affiliated and successcr companies.
2/ Cash payments only; value of board, room, and tips cannot be computed.
5 Based on estimates prepared by the United States Maritime Commission.
$10 /$ Fay Roll index on 1929 base not available. Includes war bonuses and value of subsistence srat 7ndrimer

Index Numbers of Employment and Pay Rolls of Wage Earners in MANUFACTURING Industries Adjusted to 1937 Census of Manufactures, Except as Indicated in Notes 2 and 4 ( $3-$ Year Average $1923-25=100.0$ )

| MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES | Employment |  |  | Pay rolls |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1 / \mathrm{Feb} . \\ 2942 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 / \mathrm{Feb} \\ 1942 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jani} \\ & 1942 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Feb} \\ & -124 \mathrm{I} \end{aligned}$ |
| ALI | 132.9 | 132.4 | 117.8 | 176.9 | 173.5 | 126.8 |
| Eurable goods | 143.6 | 143.4 | 121.0 | 208.5 | 204.7 | 139.3 |
| Nondurable goods | 122.7 | 121.8 | 114.7 | 142.5 | 128.7 | 112.9 |
| Durable foods <br> Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery........... | 136.4 | 137.0 | 125.0 | 179.0 | 174.8 | 137.0 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling millis. | 149.3 | 1488.7 | 133.3 | 191.1 | 185.0 | 145.4 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets. | 168.9 | 170.4 | 146.0 | 269.3 | 261.1 | 192.7 |
| Ceist-iron pipe. | 96.4 | 97.4 | 89.3 | 117.7 | 117.4 | 97.4 |
| Cutlery (not including silver and piated cutlery), and edge tools.. | 134.4 | 132.9 | 109.4 | 181.5 | 170.9 | 114.7 |
| Forgings, iron and steel............... | 123.0 | 120.6 | 94.5 | 217.1 | 208.6 | 130.2 |
| Hardvare. | 103.3 | 110.1 | 114.9 | 142.9 | 148.2 | 134.8 |
| Plumbers' suppl | 92.2 | 95.1 | 99.1 | 102.7 | 99.3 | 96.7 |
| Stamped and enareled wa | 207.2 | 213.4 | 201.6 | 298.5 | 294.2 | 232.6 |
| Steam and hot-weter heating apparatus and steam fittings........... | 123.1 | 122.4 | 105.9 | 168.1 | 168.5 | 109.8 |
| Stoves. | 93.2 | 91.7 | 99.2 | 103.7 | 94.0 | 94.1 |
| Structural and onnmental metal | 106.3 | 105.7 | 95.9 | 130.5 | 125.0 | 93.8 |
| Tin cans and other tinware. | 130.3 | 136.6 | 104.1 | 161.6 | 130.9 | 115.7 |
| Tools (not inoluding edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws)... | 152.6 | 151.7 | 126.2 | 225.5 | 217.7 | 153.3 |
| Machinery, not including transportation equipment $\qquad$ | 179.6 189.5 | 184.2 185.2 | 207.8 143.4 | 256.0 294.8 | 265.0 285.0 | 252. 176.9 |
| Agricultural implenents (including tractors). | 165.7 | 164.1 | 144.2 | 240.5 | 228.8 | 174.2 |
| Cash registers, adding machines, and calculating machines.......... | 173.0 | 175.0 | 140.3 | 244.6 | 249.9 | 166.3 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplins..................................... | $3 /$ | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ | $3 /$ |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels and vindmills. | , | 2/ | 3/ ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | $\frac{3}{7} /$ |  |
| Foundry and riamine-shop produc | 154.4 | 152.1 | 120.0 | $21 \frac{{ }^{\prime}}{8} .7$ | $21 \overline{1} .2$ | $136.1$ |
| Machine tools.. | 3/ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ |
| Redios and phonograshs. | 204.3 | 21.0 .9 | 144.8 | 276.5 | 278.8 | 146.4 |
| Textile machinery ard par | 110.1 | 110.2 | 92.9 | 153.9 | 154.0 | 105.2 |
| Typewriters and parts. | 155.4 | 156.7 | 108.5 | 225.6 | 225.7 | 122.0 |
| Transportation equipment | 206.8 | 209.9 | 157.2 | 324.4 | 328.6 | 191.0 |
| Lircraft............... | 3/ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | 3. |
| Automobiles. | 79.8 | 100.2 | 130.1 | 123.4 | 153.6 | 159.5 |
| Sars, electric- and steam-railroad | $\frac{3}{3}$ | $3 /$ | $\frac{3}{3}$ | 3/ | $\frac{3}{3}$ | $\frac{3}{3}$ |
| Locomotives. | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | 3 |
| 3h.ipbuilairig. | 3/ | 3/ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | 31 |

See footnote at end of table.

Index Numbers of Employment and Pay Folis of Wage Earners in MANUFACTURING Industries Adjusted to 1937 Census of Manufactures, Except as Indicated in Notes 2 and 4
(3-Year Averace $1023=100.0)$

| MANUPACTURING IRDUSTPIES | Employment |  |  | Pay rolis |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1 / \mathrm{F} \circ \mathrm{~b}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Feb} \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / \mathrm{Feb}$ | $\begin{aligned} & J a n . \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 194 I \end{aligned}$ |
| Durakle goods-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonferrous metals and their products | 145.4 | 144.3 | 134.7 | 201.1 | 197.6 | 151.2 |
| Auminum manufactures................... | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | 31 | $3 /$ |
| Evass, bronze, and copper products | $3 /$ | $3 /$ | 3/ | 3/ | E/ | $3 /$ |
| C-ocks and vatches and timerecording devices. | 108.5 | 109.7 | 109.1 | 153.4 | 148.7 | 124.8 |
| Tewelry | 108.5 | 109.0 | 102.2 | 105.3 | 102.0 | 89.5 |
| Lighting equipment | 10,3.8 | 108.0 | 111.4 | 114.9 | 122.6 | 104.9 |
| S:-vervare and plated ware | 77.0 | 79.4 | 78.4 | 90.2 | 86.9 | 77.0 |
| Smelting and refining-ocpper, lead, and zinc. | 201.6 | 201.9 | 99.8 | 127.0 | 125.6 | 104.5 |
| Lumicer and allied rod | 73.6 | 74.0 | 72.0 | 8/4.8 | 81. 6 | 70.6 |
| Furniture | ;101.1 | 1.01 .8 | 95.8 | 114.7 | 110.9 | 90.0 |
| Lumber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Villwork | 70.4 | 71.4 | 70.0 | 66.8 | 66.0 | 58.2 |
| Sawmills. | 63.5 | 63.6 | 62.9 | 70.7 | 67.5 | 60.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass produ | 93.1 | 95.1 | 86.9 | 103.6 | 99.5 | 82.0 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cot | 66.1 | 63.7 | 64.1 | 66.1 | 65.1 | 54.8 |
| Cemen | r6. | \%. 5 | 65.8 | 84.8 | 84.1 | 62.3 |
| class. | 125.6 | $12 \% \cdot 7$ | 115.3 | 170.6 | 166.1 | 135.3 |
| Warble, Eranite, slate, and other <br>  | 37.9 | 40.0 | 41.8 | 29.4 | 30.1 | 30.0 |
| Pottery. | 120.1 | 120.6 | 107.8 | 138.8 | 120.3 | 99.7 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tsxtiles and their produc | i12.8 | 110.8 | 110.1 | 127.1 | 119.8 | 103.8 |
| Fabrics | 104.3 | 104.8 | 101.7 | 124.2 | 122.0 | 93.5 |
| Sarpets and | 80.5 | 82.0 | 83.9 | 85.2 | 82.2 | 79.2 |
| Cotton goods. | 113.2 | 112.3 | 102.6 | 14.5 .2 | 141.6 | 101.7 |
| Cotton small wares. | 109.0 | 105.9 | 95.1 | 142.5 | 129.4 | 100.6 |
| Dyeing and finish | 136.9 | 133.5 | 139.7 | 149.7 | 141.9 | 128.8 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 73.3 | 72.6 | 34.3 | 78.4 | 79.9 | 89.4 |
| Hosiery.. | 126.7 | 127.5 | 142.8 | 158.3 | 152.9 | 156.2 |
| Knitted outerwea | 78.3 | 74.6 | 68.4 | r8.6 | 72.5 | 59.9 |
| Knittea underwe | 86.3 | 85.4 | 78.3 | 102.0 | 99.4 | 76.6 |
| Knit cloth. | 149.9 | 144.4 | 141.9 | 157.2 | 143.4 | 128.5 |
| Silk and raycn goods | 62.6 | 60.2 | 66.5 | 66.1 | 61.9 | 55.9 |
| Woolen and worsted good | 104.0 | 109.0 | 102.6 | 122.9 | 129.5 | 99.9 |
| Wearing apparel.. | 126.1 | 119.5 | 124.2 | 125.2 | 108.3 | 107.9 |
| Olothing, men's. | 121.5 | 117.1 | 114.3 | 117.4 | 108.5 | 96.2 |
| Olothing, women's | 168.1 | 150.3 | 172.6 | 158.5 | 128.2 | 142.8 |
| Oorsets and aliied | 121.3 | 110.0 | 114.5 | 153.5 | 136.1 | 126.8 |
| Men's furnishings | 113.3 | 106.7 | 118.7 | 139.3 | 118.7 | 123.0 |
| Millinery.. | 83.6 | 70.8 | 88.7 | 75.5 | 51.0 | 76.1 |
| Shirts and collars | 132.9 | 130.6 | 126.0 | 147.8 | 142.3 | 117.8 |

[^0]Index Numbers of Employment and Pay Rolls of Wage Earners in ManuFacruring Industries Adjusted to 1937 Census of Manufactures, Except as Indicated in Yotes 2 and 4
$(3$-Year Average $1923=100.0)$

| MANUFACTURIING INDUSTRIES | Employment |  |  | Pay roils |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 / \mathrm{Fe} \\ 122.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Jan}, \\ & 1042 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / \mathrm{Feb} \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \operatorname{Jan} \\ 1942 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Feb} \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable roods-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leather and its manufactures | 101.4 | 98.8 | 96.9 | 114.7 | 107.2 | 91.5 |
| Boots and shoes | 98.1 | 95.3 | 95.0 | 109.4 | 100.9 | 88.9 |
| Leather. | 97.4 | 96.1 | 88.1 | 122.5 | 119.2 | 92.3 |
| Food and kindred | 132.8 | 135.2 | 119.1 | 149.6 | 154.6 | 119.6 |
| Baking. | 149.6 | 149.5 | 142.9 | 159.6 | 150.2 | 137.8 |
| Beverage | 282.9 | 281.7 | 255.4 | 355.9 | 340.5 | 294.6 |
| Butter. | 96.5 | 98.1 | 91.4 | 96.8 | 93.9 | 81.3 |
| Canning and preservin | 110.9 | 110.3 | 85.1 | 125.7 | 121.0 | 76.4 |
| Confectionery. | 89.9 | 91.9 | 86.1 | 102.2 | 105.1 | 89.2 |
| Flour | 80.0 | 79.3 | 76.6 | 91.4 | 80.7 | 73.0 |
| Ice cream | 69.3 | 69.8 | 68.2 | 66.3 | 64.7 | 59.9 |
| Slaughtering and meat packin | 136.8 | 143.8 | 110.6 | 160.1 | 182.4 | 113.5 |
| Sugar, beet.. | 42.7 | 72.1 | 53.4 | 53.5 | 75.8 | 57.1 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 86.3 | 92.5 | 88.6 | 79.5 | 90.6 | 73.0 |
| Tokacco manufactures. | 65.6 | 63.4 | 63.7 | 72.4 | 72.7 | 61.7 |
| Chewing and smoking tobacco \& snuff | 55.0 | 55.4 | 56.5 | 71.5 | 73.1 | 63.5 |
| Cigars and cigareties.................... | 66.9 | 64.4. | 64.6 | 72.4 | 72.5 | 61.3 |
| Paper and printing | 123.7 | 124.7 | 117.1 | 135.5 | 136.5 | 117.1 |
| Bcxes, paper. | 134.8 | 137.0 | 118.8 | 175.8 | 178.6 | 136.2 |
| Paper and pulp. | 130.0 | 129.5 | 117.3 | 174.2 | 171.9 | 132.5 |
| Printing and publishing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book and job.. | 105.7 | 107.9 | 102.5 | 100.4 | 105.2 | 93.2 |
| Newspapers and periodicals | 115.0 | 125.3 | 115.9 | 114.1 | 113.1 | 109.7 |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products | 152.9 | 149.4 | 128.5 | 208.0 | 202.0 | 144.8 |
| Petroleum refining | 130.3 | 129.1 | 119.2 | 179.6 | 171.1 | 132.1 |
| Other than petroleum refi | 153.4. | 154.3 | 130.8 | 216.8 | 211.5 | 148.7 |
| Chemicals. | 187.8 | 185.9 | 155.1 | 277.1 | 275.7 | 193.9 |
| Cottonseed--ail, cake, and meal | 106.1 | 103.9 | 112.0 | 121.8 | 107.0 | 104.9 |
| Drugeists' preparations............ | 154. 5 | 151.6 | 119.3 | 1.36 .4 | 187.4 | 136.4 |
| Explosives. | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ | $3 /$ | 3/ | $3 /$ |
| Fortilizers. | 163.9 | 124.8 | 113.2 | 15 S .5 | 120.9 | 92.8 |
| Paints and varnish | 141.6 | 140.9 | 120.6 | 176.9 | 172.5 | 141.7 |
| Rayon and allied prod | 312.5 | 315.9 | 311.0 | 391.7 | 392.4 | 327.6 |
| Soap ....... | 91.4 | 91.5 | 89.8 | 135.6 | 132.8 | 112.6 |
| Rubber products | 93.9 | 99.7 | 100.7 | 123.5 | 126.0 | 115.3 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 75.2 | 74.1 | 68.0 | 95.8 | 97.1 | 78.9 |
| Rubber tires and inner tube | 74.5 | 75.5 | 78.6 | 102.4 | 103.7 | 99.7 |
| Rubber goods, other.. | 171.4 | 173.2 | 174.9 | 202.8 | 209.6 | 185.2 |

February 1942 indexes preliminary; subject to revision.
Adjusted to preliminary 1939 Census figures.
Included in total and group indexes, but not available for publication separately. Adjusted on basis of a complete employment survey of the aircraft industry for August 1940. Not comparable to indexes appearing in press releases dated carlier than November 1940. Revised figures available in mimeographed form.
(Preliminary)
(12-month average $1939=100.0$ )

| Industry | Employment |  |  | Pay Rolls |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F} \oplus \mathrm{~b} \\ & 194 \mathrm{l} \end{aligned}$ |
| Iron and Steel Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal doors and shuttors | 138.1 | 140.4 | 121.5 | 197.0 | 200.0 | 131.5 |
| Firearms | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ |
| Screw-machine produ | 239.8 | 230.5 | 167.6 | 373.5 | 350.1 | 214.4 |
| Wire drawing. | 139.4 | 139.6 | 130.6 | 182.0 | 185.8 | 146.9 |
| Wrought pipe not made in rolling mills | 159.5 | 155.8 | 141.8 | 229.7 | 217.4 | 161.0 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums... | 140.7 | 141.7 | 111.7 | 201.5 | 195.6 | 127.7 |
| Machinery Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machine tool accessories......... | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | I/ | I/ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refrigerators and refrigerating apparatus. | 113.5 | 111.3 | 141.1 | 146.6 | 137.2 | 160.6 |
| S.ewing machines................... | 137.9 | 138.0 | 113.3 | 235.6 | 218.4 | 138.9 |
| Washing machines, wringers, and driers................................. | 115.3 | 107.2 | 118.0 | 161.5 | 140.0 | 136.6 |
| Transportation Equipnent Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonferrous Metals Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheet-metal work. | 148.1 | 14.5 .3 | 137.6 | 213.1 | 194.1 | 151.5 |
| Smelting and refining of scrap metal. | 158.1 | 155.0 | 132.0 | 202.0 | 190.1 | 146.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Caskets and morticians goods..... | 102.7 | 103.7 | 102.3 | 125.6 | 122.0 | 110.7 |
| Wood preserving................... | 111.8 | 115.5 | 114.2 | 156.3 | 151.4 | 134.0 |
| Wood turned and shaped. | 112.2 | 108.2 | 114.0 | 149.6 | 139.7 | 127.1 |
| Wooden boxes, other than ciga | 127.1 | 126.0 | 115.7 | 174.6 | 160.7 | 124.1 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings........ | 114.8 | 115.6 | 110.9 | 139.2 | 141.8 | 119.1 |
| Stone, Clay \& Glass Products Group. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abrasive wheels | 195.2 | 195.9 | 156.1 | 266.4 | 268.1 | 171.0 |
| Asbestos produc | 135.1 | 137.1 | 109.8 | 187.9 | 183.2 | 130.1 |
| Lime | 116.4 | 114.4 | 108.9 ' | 160.4 | 149.0 | 116.9 |
| Gypsum........................ | 112.9 | 11.7 .1 | 107.4 | 131.7 | 134.6 | 114.4 |
| Glass procucts made from purchased glass | 134.9 | 130.1 | 134.1 | 162.6 | 149.3 | 135.9 |
| Wallboard and plaster, except gypsum. | 129.9 | 128.0 | 120.9 | 157.0 | 153.5 | 131.6 |
| Textiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Textile bags. | 134.0 | 129.0 | 102.2 | 160.2 | 161.6 | 110.4 |
| Cordage and twine | 140.2 | 140.6 | 117.3 | 191.4 | 193.2 | 129.7 |
| Curtains, draperies \& bedspreads. | 95.6 | 86.5 | 103.9 | 130.0 | 107.6 | 116.9 |
| House furnishings, other......... | 108.0 | 113.6 | 123.6 | 125.0 | 143.5 | 136.4 |
| Jute goods, except felt.......... | 128.0 | 126.3 | 108.3 | 184.4 | 184.5 | 122.3 |
| Handkerchiefs... | 94.4 | 93.9 | 97.4 | 120.7 | 104.9 | 108.4 |
| Leather Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boot \& shoe cut stock \& findings. | 105:1 | 101.4 | 103.7 | 136.2 | 138.4 | 114.4 |
| Leather gloves and mittens. | 137.8 | 129.1 | 125.3 | 177.4 | 143.2 | 146.4 |
| Trunks and suitcases | 163.8 | 167.8 | 130.9 | 175.4 | 159.6 | 132.7 |

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INDEXES OF EMPLOYEENT AND PAY ROLLS IN FIFTY-FIVE ADDITIONAL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
(Freliminary)
(12-month average $1939=100.0$ )

| Industry | Employment |  |  | Pay Rolls |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1942 | Jan. 1942 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1942 | Jan. 1942 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ |
| Food Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cereal preparations | 117.8 | 113.3 | 94.6 | 141.6 | 147.0 | 99.2 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk..... | 132.0 | 127.8 | 99.9 | 156.9 | 150.6 | 104.5 |
| Feeds, prepared..................... | 119.9 | 115.1 | 100.9 | 147.5 | 145.3 | 102.8 |
| Paper and Frinting Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper bags. | 131.5 | 130.3 | 103.5 | 172.9 | 169.3 | 114.3 |
| Envelopes. | 120.2 | 120.8 | 107.5 | 135.4 | 135.7 | 113.0 |
| Paper goods, not elsewhere classificd................ | 123.9 | 125.3 | 112.9 | 149.1 | 149.3 | 118.2 |
| Bookbinding | 108.8 | 110.4 | 104.3 | 140.3 | 143.7 | 117.5 |
| Lithographing....................... | 98.2 | 102.6 | 96.4 | 107.5 | 109.1 | 98.4 |
| Chemical, Petroloum, \& Coal Products Ammunition............................. Compressect and liquefied gases.... | 151.1/ | $\frac{1 / 1 / 9}{}$ | 128.0 | 203.3 | $194.4$ |  |
| Perfumes and cosmetics............ | 151.1 101.0 | 14.9 99.9 | 128.0 96.5 | 116.4 | 194.4 112.3 | 143.9 94.1 |
| Coke-oven products................ | 122.2 | 123.7 | 119.0 | 155.8 | 155.3 | 122.1 |
| Faving matiorials | 84.9 | 79.7 | 83.8 | 108.0 | 100.6 | 87.8 |
| Roofing materials................. | 117.4 | 114.2 | 105.9 | 146.5 | 135.8 | 112.1 |
| Miscellanoous Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chemical Fire extinguishers....... | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | 1/ | $1 /$ | $1 /$ | 1/ |
| Buttons. | 121.7 | 118.9 | 111.2 | 162.8 | 159.0 | 125.5 |
| Instruments, professional, scientific, and commercial....... Optical roods. | $1 /$ | 1/1/ | $\frac{1}{1 /}$ | $\frac{1 /}{1 /}$ | $\frac{1}{1 /}$ | 1/1 |
| Optical goods......................................... | 130.5 | 128.3 | 109.0 | 180.3 | 275.4 | 115.8 |
| Fianos, organs, and parts......... | 114.0 | 116.6 | 122.0 | 136.9 | 133.8 | 125.7 |
| Toys, games, and playground equipment............................ | 109.2 | 97.7 | 102.6 | 135.2 | 112.7 | 104.2 |

1/ Not availabla for publication.

PLOYMENT ATD PAY RODILS OS CONSTRUCTION PROJRCTS FITAMCED HOLAY OR FARTIALLY FRON FEDERAL FUNDS AND ON STATE ROADS FIHANCDD MHOLLY FROM STATE OR LOCAL FUUDS, February 1941 and January and February 1542 (In thousands)

(In thousands)



[^0]:    See foctnote at end of table.

