# EMPLIUYMENT and PAY HIILL.LS 

## DETAILED REPORT JUNE 1942

United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

# EGMTETES OF MANTPACITPING EMPLOYMENT - NEW SERTES <br> Industries ir the Stone and Printing Groups 

In this detailod report the Bureau presents a now series of productionworker estimates for the individual industrios comprising the stone and printing groups, Ihe nev estimates, adjusted to 1045 bonch-mark data from the Bureau of Employment Security of the Social Security Administration, correct the downward biae which has accumulated since 1939 and are, therefore, more representative of the true levels of employment.

Stone Grovp - Only four of the industries in this group required adjustment: glass and elassware; coment; brick, tile, and terra cotta; and pottery and related products. Becance of the lapse of several years without any ad justment to levels other than the 7939 Census of Manufactures, some of these changes are rather large, gelass and glassware showing tho largest upward adjustment

Printing Goup - The ostimates for all irdustrios in this group, with the exception of the newspapers and periodicals industry, have been adjusted. The changes in these industries, however, wore relatively small.

The prosent report shows tho nev produsticn-worker employment and pay rolls estimates and indexes only for the three current months and June of last year. A set of sumury sheets presenting comparable data from January 1939 to date, by month, wili be providod upon request.

LS 48-491

# U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Employment and Occupational Outlook Branch Division of Labor Statistics <br> EMPLOYMEMT AND PAY ROLIS 

Detailed Report
June 1947

> Explanatory notes outlining briefly the concepts, methodology, and sources used in preparing data for this report apperr in the appendix. See oafes i - vii.

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Data for the current month and the
immediately preceding month are
preliminary and subject to revision.
2.

Table 1. - Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Workers in Nonagricultural Establishments by Industry Division

| Industry division | 1247 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | April | June | May |
| TOTAL | 42,342 | 41,900 | 41,824 | 40,680 | 40,258 |
| Manufacturing | 15,317 | 15,237 | 15,429 | 14,371 | 14,159 |
| Mining | 890 | 884 | 856 | 864 | 753 |
| Contract construction | 1,763 | 1,685 | 1,619 | 1,532 | 1,438 |
| Transportation and pubiic utilities | 4,115 | 3,970 | 3,836 | 3,996 | 3,946 |
| Trade | 8,580 | 8,546 | 8,552 | 8,342 | 8,302 |
| Finance | 1,567 | 1,561 | ]. .554 | 1,531 | 1,517 |
| Service | 4,711 | 4,590 | 4,552 | 4,430 | 4,448 |
| Federal, State, and local government including Federal force-account construction | 5,399 | 5,447 | 5,426 | 5,614 | 5,695 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A-H$

Table 2. - Estimated Number of Wage and Salary Worizers In Manufacturing Industries by Major Industry Group

| Industry group | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 - 1947 |  |  | 1246 |  |
|  | June | May | April | June | May |
| ALT MANUFACTURCNG | 15,317 | 15,237 | 15.429 | 14,371 | 14,159 |
| Durable goods | 7,848 | 7,781 | 7,892 | 7,172 | 7,035 |
| Iron and steel and their products | 1,833 | 1,829 | 1,842 | 1,663 | 1,636 |
| Electrical machinery | 744 | 718 | 732 | 688 | 667 |
| Machinery, excopt eiectrical | 1,520 | 1,532 | 1,536 | 1,362 | 1,330 |
| Transportation equipnent, except automobiles | 583 | . 587 | 601 | 624 | . 638 |
| Automobiles | 969 | 926 | 987 | 853 | 841 |
| Nonferroue metals and their products | 467 | 479 | 1491 | 440 | 421 |
| Lumber and timber basic products | 731 | - 715 | 690 | 612 | 593 |
| Furniture and firisheá Junber products | 509 | 507 | 516 | 467 | 455 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 492 | 488 | 497 | 463 | 454 |
| Nondurebio goods | 7,469 | 7,456 | 7,537 | 7,199 | 7,124 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | 1,292 | 1,310 | 2,336 | 1,296 | 1,283 |
| Apperel and other finished. textile products | 1,197 | 2,192 | 1,222 | 1,152 | 1,131 |
| Leather and leather products | 335 | 385 | 398 | . 399 | 398 |
| Food | 1,565 | 1,516 | 1,505 | 1,435 | 1,431 |
| Iobacco manufactures | 97 | 96 | 95 | 99 | 98 |
| Paper and alliod products | 4.62 | 1461 | 465 | 445 | 440 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 693 | 690 | 689 | 650 | 643 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 724 | 744 | 747 | 689 | 689 |
| Products of petroieum and coal | 231 | 228 | 223 | 218 | 214 |
| Rubior products | 270 | 276 | 289 | 272 | 267 |
| Miscelnamus industries | 553 | 558 | 568 | 544 | 530 | See explanatory notes, sections A. $-E$

4. 

Table 3.--Federal Pmployment and Pay Rolls in All Areas and in Continental United States and Total Government Employment and Pay Rolls
in Washington, $D$. C.
(In thousands)

| Area and branch | Employment |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pay rolls } \\ \text { (total for month) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1946 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1947 |  | June |
|  | June | May |  | June | May | 1946 |
| $\frac{\text { Total (including }}{\text { areas outside } U_{0} S_{0} \text { ) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Federal | 2,168.9 | 2,193.1 | 2,774.2 | \$499,896 | \$516,791 | \$533,860 |
| Executive | 2,127.7 | 2,151.3 | 2,731.6 | 490,672 | 507,481 | 525,485 |
| Defenae agencies | 996.2 | 1,028.1 | 1,651.0 | 214,028 | 232,778 | 306,230 |
| Post Office Department | 437.3 | 435.4 | 418.3 | 96,012 | 95,486 | 82,703 |
| Other agencies | 694.2 | 687.8 | 662.3 | 180,632 | 179,217 | 136,552 |
| Legislative | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 2,425 | 2.439 | 1,828 |
| Juaicial | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1,149 | 1,181 | 950 |
| Government corporations | 30.9 | 31.5 | 32.9 | 5,650 | 5,690 | 5.597 |
| Continental United |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Federal |  | 1.924.6 |  | 457.868 |  |  |
| Executive | ,871.9 | 1,890.9 | 2,293.2 | 449,308 | 463,916 | 489,678 |
| Defenso agencies | 769.3 | 796.1 | 1,238.8 | 179,411 | 196,068 | 275,540 |
| Post Office Department | 435.8 | 434.0 | 416.8 | 95,683 | 95,164 | 82,445 |
| Other agencies | 666.8 | 660.6 | 637.6 | 174,214 | 172,684 | 131,693 |
| Lesislative | 7.2 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 2,425 | 2,439 | 1,828 |
| Judicial | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1,114 | 1,145 | 917 |
| Govornnent corporations | 23.0 | 23.4 | 25.9 | 5,021 | 5 s 037 | 4,930 |
| Wasnington, D. $C_{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totel Eovernment | 237.5 | 241.1 | 259.7 | 64,550 | 69,666 | 57,614 |
| District of Columbia Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government | 18.1 | 18.0 | 16.6 243.1 | 4,181 60,369 | 4,235 65,431 | 3,345 54,269 |
| Federal | 219.4 | 223.1 | 243.1 | 60,369 | 65,431 | 54,269 |
| Executive Defonse arencios | 211.6 | 215.2 | 236.0 | 57,748 | 62,791 | 52,281 |
| Defonse ajencios | 71.2 | 73.3 | 86.7 | 16,577 | 15,651 | 19,750 |
| Post Office Dept. | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 2,075 | 2,255 | 1,972 |
| Other agencios | 133.1 | 134.5 | 139.8 | 38,793 | 41,652 | 30,559 |
| Lesislative | 7,2 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 2,425 | 2,439 | , 1,829 |
| Judicial | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | - 196 | 201 | 159 |

Sec Glossary for definitions.

Table 4. - Personnel and Pay of the Military Branch of the Federal Soverment (In thousands)

| Personnel and pay | 1947 |  | June <br> 1946 | Arerage montily personnel and total annuai pay rolls |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May |  | 1943 | 1939 |
| Personnel, total as of |  |  |  |  |  |
| first of month including |  |  |  |  |  |
| those on active duty and |  |  |  |  |  |
| those on terminal leave. | $1,631$. | 1,703 | 3,446 | 8.914 | 345 |
| Army | 2.027 | 1.082 | 2,009 | 6,733 | 192 |
| Nevy | 495 | 501 | 1.228 | 1.744 | 124 |
| Marine Corps | 94 | 99 | 173 | 31.1 | 19 |
| Coast Guard. | 21 | 21 | 36 | 156 | 10 |
| Men | 1.608 | 1,679 | 3.374 | 8:833 | 1 |
| Womea | 23 | 24 | 72 | 111 | 1 |
| Pay, total | \$322,665 | \$363, 349 | \$736.131 | \$11,173,186 | \$331:523 |
| Army | 191:195 | 226,210 | 433.105 | 8,143,833 | 155,482 |
| Navy | 109,118 | 113,984 | 251, 996 | 2:408,736 | 143.238 |
| Marine Corps | 17.072 | 17.180 | 33.120 | 392,140 | 16,877 |
| Coast Guard | 5,280 | 5,975 | 13:710 | 228.477 | 15,926 |
| Pay rolls | 249,936 | 257,465 | 544, 514 | 10, 1.40,852 | 331,523 |
| Mustering-out pay | 12,265 | 1.4,662 | 143,984 | - | - |
| Family allowances | 24,501 | 25,814 | 47,633 | $11,032,334$ | - |
| Leave payments | 35,963 | 65,410 | - | - | - |
| Cash | 3.697 | 6.293 | - | - | - |
| Bunds | 32,266 | $59.11{ }^{\text {r }}$ | - | - | - |

See Glossary for definitions.
(In thousanos)

| Region and Stato | ATl industry aivisions |  |  | Manufacturins |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1947 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr } \\ & 1947 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1046 \end{aligned}$ | May 1947 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1047 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vaj } \\ & 1916 \end{aligned}$ |
| New Bngland | 2,916 | 2,918 | 2,900 | 1.,525 | 1,553 | 1,491 |
| Maino | 224 | 223 | 228 | 108 | 1.09 | . 111 |
| New Tampshire | 143 | 143 | 14.1 | 78.7 | 81.1 | 78.9 |
| Vermont | 87.5 | 88.7 | 85.8 | 39.4 | 42.0 | 40.1 |
| Massachusetts | 1,478 | 1. 479 | 1,513 | 734 | 750 | 738 |
| Phode Lsland | 268 | 269 | 259 | 148 | 151. | 144 |
| Connocticut | 715 | 715 | 673 | 417 | 420 | 379 |
| Midale AtIantic | 8,907 | 8,830 | 8,629 | 4,056 | 4,117 | 3,877 |
| New York | 4,465 | 4,403 | 4,372 | 1,835 | 1,871. | 1,803 |
| New Jorsey | 1,327 | 1,229 | 1,347 | 727 | 738 | 720 |
| Pennsylvania * | 3,3.15 | 3,098 | 2,910 | 1,494 | 1,508 | 1,346 |
| East North Central | 8,589 | 8,537 | 8,241 | 4,482 | 4,523 | 4,094 |
| Onio | 2,336 | 2,335 | 2,244 | 1,238 | 1,2.55 | 1., 148 |
| Indiana | 987 | 982 | 925 | 548 | 554 | 495 |
| Itlinois | 2,821 | 2,795 | 2,706 | 1,235 | 1.,248 | 1.,131 |
| Michigan | 1,651 | 1.,645 | 1,615 | 1,035 | 1,036 | 939 |
| Wisconsin | 794 | 779 | . 751 | 426 | - 430 | 381 |
| West North Central | 2,791 | 2,753 | 2,734 | 829 | 837 | 781. |
| Minnesota | 659 | 650 | 645 | 193 | 195 | 185 |
| Iowa | 463 | 460 | 444 | 145 | 147 | 1.35 |
| Missouri | 934 | 898 | 902 | 352 | 356 | 326 |
| North Dakota | 83.6 | 81.3 | 77.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| South Dakota | 92.6 | 83.7 | 87.1 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 10.2 |
| Nebraska | 246 | 242 | 242 | 42.3 | 41.8 | 42.4 |
| Kansas | 343 | 333 | 336 | 79.1 | 79.3 | 76.2 |
| South Atlantic | 4,361 | 4,329 | 4,321 | 1,513 | 1,533 | 1,462 |
| Delaware | 94, 8 | 93.0 | 87.6 | 1,54.4 | 1,44.9 | - 43.3 |
| Maryland | 614 | 603 | 599 | 229 | 231 | $224$ |
| District of Columbia | 448 | 445 | 466 | 17.1 | 17.2 | 1.6 .2 |
| Virginia | 642 | 633 | 626 | 209 | 209 | 193 |
| West Virginia | 424 | 416 | 4.01 | 131 | 133 | 129 |
| North Carolina | 728 | 729 | 708 | 366 | 372 | 358 |
| South Carolina | 366 | 362 | 357 | 139 | 190 | 178 |
| Georgia | 609 | 604 | 600 | 250 | 24 | 243 |
| Florida | 435 | 444 | 476 | 76.6 | 81.9 | 77.9 |

Table 5. - Estinatod Jumber of Emoloyeos in Nonarisoultari. Pstablishments, by Stato - Conṭinued (In thousands)

| Region and State | All industry divisions |  |  | Manufacturine |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1947 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1947 | May $1946$ | May 1947 | Apr. $3.947$ | May <br> 1946 |
| East South Central | 1,737 | 1,719 | 1,655 | 682 | 693 | 635 |
| Kontucky | 424 | 420 | 412 | 124 | 130 | 121 |
| Tornessee | 553 | 547 | 532 | 246 | 249 | 232 |
| Alabama | 518 | 509 | 479 | 223 | 224 | 201 |
| Mississippi | 242 | 243 | 232 | 88.5 | 90.4 | 81. 4 |
| West South Central | 2,335 | 2,311 | 2,390 | 585 | 588 | 551 |
| Arkansas | 232 | 230 | 232 | 71.0 | 72.7 | 66.0 |
| Louisiana | 441 | 437 | 441 | 137 | 135 | 133 |
| Oklahoma | 340 | 335 | 344 | 53.0 | 54.1 | 51.8 |
| Toxas | 1,322 | 1,309 | 1,373 | 324 | 326 | 300 |
| Mountain | 929 | 917 | 893 | 147 | 145 | 131 |
| Montana | 118 | 116 | 11.2 | 17.1 | 16.6 | 15.4 |
| Idaho | 99.0 | 96.1 | 97.7 | 29.2 | 18.4 | 19.5 |
| Wyoming | 61.2 | 59.8 | 58.5 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.3 |
| Colorado | 271 | 271 | 264 | 53.9 | 54.1 | 49.2 |
| New Mexico | 85.9 | 84.2 | 84.5 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.9 |
| Arizona | 108. | 107 | 98.8 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 11.1 |
| Utah | 141 | 139 | 134 | 23.6 | 22.7 | 17.3 |
| Nevada | 44.4 | 43.4 | 42.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| Pacific | 3,175 | 3,181 |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | 518 | 516 | 528 | 165 | 161 | 163 |
| Orogon | 304 | 303 | 302 | 117 | 115 | 112 |
| California | 2,353 | 2,362 | 2,371 | 692 | 699 | 655 |

* Estimates for manufacturing are revised becauso of adjustment to morc rocont benchmark data made available undor tho Federal Security Agency program.

See explanatory notes, section I.

Wable 6. - Estimated Number of Production Norkers in Manufacturing Industries (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | Apri | June | May |
| ALI MANUFACTURING | 12,397 | 12,341 | 12,524 | 11,623 | 11,433 |
| Durable goods | 6,483 | 6,426 | 6,528 | 5,865 | 5,740 |
| Nondurable goods | 5,914 | 5,915 | 5,996 | 5,758 | 5,693 |
| Durable Goods IRON AND STEEL AND THEIR PRODUCTS | 1,557 | 1,555 | 1,567 | 1,403 | 1,380 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 497.0 | 491.1 | 486.5 | 453.1 | 445.4 |
| Gray-iron and semi-steel castings | 85.3 | 85.7 | 86.5 | 78.2 | 77.1 |
| Malleable-iron castings | 26.5 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 23.7 | 22.6 |
| Steel castings | 4.8 .6 | 49.5 | 49.4 | 50.8 | 50.8 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 20.4 | 20.5 | 19.9 | 1.6.2 | 17.1 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 42,4 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 39.8 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 26.4 | 26.3 | 30.7 | 28.6 | 27.1 |
| Wirework | 39.6 | 39.2 | 43.4 | 34.3 | 34.9 |
| Cutlery and edge tools | 23.3 | 25.6 | 27.0 | 25.5 | 25.2 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 25.2 | 24.7 | 26.6 | 25.3 | 24.9 |
| Hardware | 49.5 | 50.1 | 50.4 | 45.1 | 44.4 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 29.2 | 30.0 | 30.8 | 25.6 | 24.4 |
| Stoves, oil burners, and heating equipment not elsewhere classified | 62.8 | 63.0 | 62.8 | 51.9 | 50, 1 |
| Stcam and hot-water heating |  |  |  |  |  |
| apparatus and steam fittings | 48.1 | 48.9 | 50.5 | 46.2 | 45.4 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 82.7 | 83.8 | 84.9 | 73.0 | 72.1 |
| Fabricated structural and ornamental metalwork | 58.7 | 59.0 | 58.9 | 50.9 | 49.8 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 7.3 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets | 21.2 | 21.3 | 21.7 | 17.4 | 17.4 |
| Forgings, iron and steel | 27.2 | 26.8 | 27.3 | 25.9 | 26.1 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavyriveted | 12.7 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 11.2 | 11.9 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 27.7 | 28,0 | 29.1 | 27.2 | 26.9 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 5.4 |
| Firearms | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 12.6 | 13.3 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY | 574 | 554 | 567 | 521 | 503 |
| Electrical equipment | 314.7 | 307.8 | 312.1 | 276.9 | 267.7 |
| Radios and phonographs | 81.8 | 85.7 | 39.4 | 76.8 | 73.8 |
| Communication equipment | 80.9 | 67.7 | 70.8 | 85.7 | 84.6 |

See explanatory notes, section A, C, and G.

Table 6.-Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries-Cont'd

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | April | June | May |
| MACEINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 1,185 | 1,194 | -1,197 | 1,049 | 1,025 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products | 381.8 | 383.6 | 386.0 | 347.6 | 345.1 |
| Engines and turbines | 43.1 | 44.4 | 44.9 | 40.8 | 36.9 |
| Tractors | 56.4 | 55.1 | 55.0 | 49.3 | 47.0 |
| Agricultural machinery, excluding tractors | 51.4 | 50.2 | 49.5 | 40.6 | 41.0 |
| Machine tools | 53.4 | 55.1 | 57.2 | 59.3 | 59.0 |
| Machine-tool accessories | 44.9 | 46.2 | 47.8 | 47.4 | 45.9 |
| Textile machinery | 38.6 | 38.4 | 37.8 | 32.1 | 31.9 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 58.6 | 59.0 | 59.6 | 54.7 | 52.9 |
| Typewriters | 18.1 | 23.8 | 23.4 | 18.4 | 17.8 |
| Cash registers, adding and calculating machines | 37.7 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 33.0 | 32.1 |
| Washing machines, wringers and driers, domestic | 14.8 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 10.7 | 10.0 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 9.5 | 9.2 |
| Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment | 78.3 | 74.3 | 72.9 | 57.4 | 54.0 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES | 463 | 466 | 477 | 479 | 491. |
| Locomotives | 24.3 | 23.8 | 25.1 | 26.5 | 27.1 |
| Cars, electric- and steamrailroad | 54.9 | 55.2 | 55.6 | 42.8 | 44.5 |
| Aircraft and parts, excluding aircraft engines | 133.9 | 138.2 | 241.9 | 125.5 | 123.5 |
| Aircraft engines | 26.9 | 27.0 | 28.1 | 26.0 | 26.1 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 140.9 | 140.3 | 143.9 | 183.2 | 193.2 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 13.3 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 10.3 | 10.0 |
| AUTOMOBILES | 789 | 751 | 807 | 693 | 675 |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR PRODUCTS | 401 | 41.2 | 424 | 378 | 360 |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals | 39.8 | 39.6 | 40.8 | 29.7 | 28.1 |
| Alloying and roliing and drawing of nonferrous metals except aluminum | 57.1 | 59.8 | 61.7 | 57.2 | 52.4 |
| Clocks and watches | 27.3 | 27.6 | 28.0 | 26.7 | 26.0 |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 16.5 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 17.0 |
| Silverware and plated ware. | 15.9 : | 15.8 | 15.8 | 13.9 | 13.6 |
| Lighting equipment | 31.1 | 31.7: | 32.4 | 28.1 | 25.5 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 42.8 | 46.2 | 48.9 | 47.6 | 46.3 |
| Sheet metal work, not elsewhere classified | 25.4 | 25.4 | 25.9 | 24.8 | 24.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections A, C, and G.
10.

Table 5.-Estimated Number of Production Womers in Manuractreng Irdugtries Gonta (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | April | Junc | Mav |
| LUMEIR AID TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS | 665 | 651 | 627 | 553 | 537 |
| Sawmills and logging camps $\frac{1}{7}$ | 536.3 | 525.3 | 502.8 | 447.2 | 1,34. 1 |
| Planing and plywood mills 17 | 128.6 | 126.1 | 124.7 | 106.2 | 103.2 |
| FURNITURE AND PINISHED LUMBER PRODUCTS | 426 | 425 | 433 | 391 | 381 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings 1/ | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 26.4 | 24.5 |
| Furniture 1/ . | 227.0 | 225.9 | 229.2 | 209.8 | 20): 7 |
| Wooden boxes, other than cigar 1/ | 36.2 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 32.3 | 32.6 |
| Caskets and other morticians' goods | 19.2 | 19.3 | - 19.6 | 17.5 | 17.1 |
| Wood preserving 1/ | 18.6 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 15.4 | 15.4 |
| Wood, turned and shaped I/ | 30.1 | 30.5 | 33.5 | 29.9 | 29.5 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND OLASS PRODUCTS | 423 | 418 | 429 | 398 | 388 |
| Glass and glassware 1/ | 120.3 | 122.1 | 122.8 | 119.3 | 119.6 |
| Glass products faade from purchased glass I/ | 12.4 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 11.9 | 11.5 |
| Cement I/ - | 35.2 | 29.5 | 35.4 | 32.7 | 31.0 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta 1/ | 73.0 | 72.1 | 72.3 | 65.5 | 64.2 |
| Pottery and related products I/ | 55.5 | 56.0 | 56.2 | 50.5 | 48.5 |
| Gypsum 1/ | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and mineral wool 1/ | 11.1 | J. 1.0 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 9.9 |
| Lime 1/ : | 7.3 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| Marble, cranite, slate, and other products 1/ | 16.3 | 16.4 | 17.8 | 16.6 | 16.0 |
| Abrasives $\overline{\underline{I} /}$ | 18.7 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 18.6 | 18.3 |
| Asbestos products 1/ | 21.1 | 20.9 | 21.0 | 19.2 | 17.9 |
| Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEXIILE-MIIL PRODUCTS AND OTHER FIBER MANUFACTURES | 1,179 | 1,197 | ],223 | 1,191 | 1,1.78 |
| Cotton manufactures, except small wares | 453.3 | 460.2 | 467.7 | 447.7 | 443.1 |
| Cotton small wares | 12.4 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| Silk and rayon goods | 90.8 | 91.9 | 94.0 | 91.8 | 90.7 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing | 146.7 | 148.1 | 153.3 | 160.1 | 159.3 |
| Hosiery . | 108.0 | 111.9 | 117.0 | 114.3 | 112.7 |
| Knitted cloth | 9.1 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 11.2 | 11.0 |
| Knitted outerwear and knitted gloves | 24.2 | 25.7 | 27.4 | 31.3 | 31.3 |
| Knitted underwear . | 38.0 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 35.3 | 34.5 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted | 64.0 | 64.6 | 65.4 | 6.3 .7 | 63.1 |
| Carpets and rugs, wool. | 28.5 | 28.3 | 23.0 | 24.0 | 23.5 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 11.2 | 11.0 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| Jute goods, excopt felts | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| Coriage and twine | 13.8 | 14.1 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 15.2 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A, C$, and $G$.

Table 6.-Estimated Number of Production Workers in Menufacturing Industries Cont'd (In thousends)

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1046 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | April | June | May |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED IEXXTCIE PRODUCTS I/ | 1,040 | 1,037 | 1,066 | 1,013 | 995 |
| Men's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 284.5 | 280.5 | 283.5 | 260.8 | 255.0 |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 74.4 | 73.2 | 73.3 | 64.2 | 62.6 |
| Underwear and neckwear, men's | 16.8 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 16.6 | 16.6 |
| Work shirts | 14.1 | 14.8 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 14.7 |
| Women's clothing, not elsewhere classified | 389.1 | 389.3 | 407.5 | 399.1 | 396.4 |
| Corsets and o.llied garments | 17.5 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 16.2 | 15.9 |
| Millinery | 20.1 | 20.1 | 22.0 | 19.8 | 20.8 |
| Handkerchiefs | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Curtains, draperies, and bedspreads | 22.5 | 22.2 | 22.3 | 27.0 | 25.4 |
| Housefurnishings, other than curtains, etc. | 28.6 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 27.8 | 27.5 |
| Textila bags | 27.1 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 26.9 | 24.5 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 346 | 345 | 358 | 360 | 359 |
| Leather 1/ | 45.5 | 45.9 | 46.3 | 45.5 | 46.0 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings $1 /$ | 18.0 | 18.3 | 19.4 | 20.5 | 20.6 |
| Boots and shoes I/ | 214.4 | 212.6 | 220.7 | 220.4 | 218.7 |
| Leather gloves and mittens 1/ | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| Trunks and suitcases 1/ | 12.2 | 12.1 | 13.2 | 14.0 | 13.9 |
| FOOD | 1,114 | 1,077 | 1,068 | 1,033 | 1,024 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 145.9 | 143.3 | 239.4 | 128.3 | 136.1 |
| Butter | 25.6 | 25.0 | 23.8 | 26:1 | 25.3 |
| Condensed and evaporated milis | 15.7 | 15.0 | 24.4 | 15.7 | 14.7 |
| Ice cream | 22.1 | 20.1 | 18.5 | 19.8 | 18.5 |
| Flour | 29.5 | 28.3 | 30.0 | 26.9 | 27.2 |
| Feeds, prepared | 22.5 | 21.4 | 21.9 | 20.8 | 20.8 |
| Cereal proparations | 9.5 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 10.0 |
| Baking | 247.4 | 245.8 | 247.3 | 234.2 | 238.9 |
| Sugar refining, cane | 16.3 | 15.8 | 15.3 | 14.2 | 13.6 |
| Sugar, beet | 5.8 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Confectionery | 53.0 | 54.6 | 56.7 | 47.2 | 48.9 |
| Beverages, nonalcoholic | 26.8 | 25.0 | 23.8 | 24.9 | 24.0 |
| Malt liquors | 58.6 | 55.6 | 54.1 | 50.9 | 50.1 |
| Canning and proserving | 91.3 | 79.9 | 79.9 | 111.4 | 94.7 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES | 84 | 83 | 82 | 86 | 85 |
| Cigarettes | 33.3 | 32.9 | 32.8 | 33.6 | 33.3 |
| Cigars | 38.0 | 37.9 | 36.5 | 39.2 | 38.9 |
| Tobacco (chewing and smoking) and snuff | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 7.1 |

TSo expilamatory notes, sections $A, C$, and $G$.

Table 6.-Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries Contid (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Junc | May | April | June | May |
| PAPER AND ALIIED PRODUCTS | 381. | 381 | 385 | 368 | 363 |
| Paper and pulp | 172.9 | 171.8 | 171.2 | 167.6 | I65.0. |
| Paper goods, other | 47.1 | 47.1 | 47.4 | 46.4 | 46:3 |
| Envelopes | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 10.3 |
| Paper bags | 14.5 | 14.9 | 15.5 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| Paper boxes | 85.3 | 86.5 | 89.7 | 86.6 | 85.2 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES | 423 | 422 | 421 | 393 | 389 |
| Newspapers and periodicals I/ | 142.0 | 141.2 | 139.9 | 129.9 | 129.3 |
| Printing, book and job 1/ | 175.8 | 175.1 | 176.3 | 166.0 | 163.4 |
| Lithographing 1/ | 32.4 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 30.6 | 30.2 |
| Bookbinding 17 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 33.9 | 33.6 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALIIED PRODUCTS | 542 | 561 | 565 | 522 | 527 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors Drugs, medicines, and | 37.0 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 35.3 | 35.1 |
| insecticides | 52.3 | 53.3 | 53.9 | 51.4 | 51.4 |
| Perfumes and cosmetics | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 12.1 | 12.2 |
| Soap | 15.6 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 14.1 | 14.0 |
| Rayon and allied products | 50.0 | 58.5 | 58.3 | 58.4 | 58.4 |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 126.7 | 125.4 | 125.3 | 117.5 | 116.5 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 12.2 | 12.7 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 7.6 | : 7.6 |
| Fireworks | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Cottonseed oil | 9.9 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 9.0 | 9.9 |
| Fertilizers | 21.5 | 25.6 | 27.4 | 20.1 | 24.6 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 160 | 158 | 154 | 153 | 149 |
| Petroleum refining | 101.4 | 100.4 | 97.6 | 99.1 | 97.9 |
| Coke and by-products | 26.7 | 26.3 | 25.9 | 24.7 | 22.7 |
| Paving materials | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Roofing materials | 12.7 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 11.8 | 11.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections A, C, and G.

Table 6.-Estimated Number of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries Cont'd (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | April | June | May |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS | 218 | 223 | 234 | 221 | 217 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 100.6 | 102.2 | 105.6 | 106.0 | 104.7 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 18.0 | 19.2 | 20.0 | 18.1 | 17.8 |
| Rubber goods, other | 67.3 | 68.8 | 74.2 | 68.5 | 67.0 |
| MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES | 427 | 431 | 440 | 418 | 407 |
| Instruments (professional and scientific), and fire-controi |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment | 19.7 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 21.7 | 21.8 |
| Photographịc apparatus | 26.1 | 25.8 | 25.5 | 24.5 | 24.0 |
| Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods | 20.2 | 20.6 | 20.9 | 21.3 | 21.2 |
| Pianos, organs, and parts | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 8.7 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 24.4 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 20.9 | 20.6 |
| Buttons | 8.2 | 8.6 | 9.1 | . 10.3 | 10.1 |
| Fire extinguishers | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A, C$, and $G$.
1/ Estimates for the individual industries comprising the major industry group or industry noted have been adjusted to levels indicated by final 1945 data made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Comparable series from Jenuary 1939 are available upon request. More recently adjusted data for the individual industries comprising the major industry group indicated below supersede data shown in releases dated prior to:

| Group | Mimeographed releases | Monthly Labobr Revièw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Furniture and finished lumber products | June 194'7 | July 1947 |
| Lumber and timber basic products | July 1947 | August 1947 |
| Leather and leather products | July 1947 | August 1947 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | August 1947 | Sept. 1947 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | August 1947 | Sept. 1947 |

Table 7. - Estimated Emplojment in
Selocted Nonmanufacturing Industries
(In thousands)

| Industry group and industry I! | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Junc | May | April | Juno | May |
| MINING: $2 /$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cool: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 66.5 | 67.1 | 66.4 | 65.5 | 67.0 |
| Bituminous coal | 329 | 326 | 308 | 332 | 248 |
| Motal | 80.0 | 78.9 | 79.0 | 65.6 | 59.7 |
| Iron | 29.6 | 29.0 | 28.4 | 26.8 | 20.2 |
| Copper | 24.5 | 23.9 | 24.2 | 14.7 | 15.5 |
| Lead and zinc | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 14.6 |
| Gold and silver | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Miscellancous | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| TRANSPORTATION. AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class . I stoam railways 3/ | 1,376 | 1, 365 | 1,345 | 1,330 | 1,307 |
| Streot railways and bussos 4/ | 253 | 253 | 254 | 249 | 247 |
| Telephono | 605 | 506 | 404 | 545 | 532 |
| Tolograph 5/ | 38.5 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 42.2 | 42.7 |
| Electric light and power | 263 | 258 | 256 | 244 | 241 |
| SERVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year-round) | 385 | 382 | 379 | 387 | 387 |
| Powor laundries $2 /$ | 61 | $6 /$ | 61 | 6/ | $6 /$ |
| Clcaning and dyoing 2/ | 6/ | 6/ | 6/ | - 6 | 6/ |

Seo explanatory notes, section $G$.
1/ Includes all cmployees unless otherwise notod.
2/ Includes production and related workers only.
3/ Includes all employees at middlo of month. Excludes employoos of switching and terminal compantos. Class I steam railways include those with over $\$ 1 ; 000,000$ annual revonue. Sourco: Intorstate Commorco Cormission.

4/ Includes private and municipal stroet railway companies and affiliated, subsidiary, or successor trolley-bus and motor-bus companies.

5/ Includes all land line omployecs oxcept those compensated on a commission basis. Excludes general and divisional headquarters personncl, trainces in school, and messengers.

6/ The change in definition from "wage earner" to "production worker" in the power laundrios and cleaning and dyeing industrios rosults in the omission of driver-salesmen. This causes a significant difforence in the data. Now sories are being preparod.

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries
(1939 Average $=100$ )

| Industry group and industry | Employment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |  | Pay-roll in |  | 1946 |
|  | June: | May | Apr. | June | June | May | Apr. | June |
| ALL MANUFACTURING | 151.3 | 150.6 | 152.9 | 141.9 | 319.4 | 312.2 | 310.7 | 262.8 |
| Durable goods | 179.5 | 178.0 | 180.8 | 162.4 | 365.4 | 353.8 | 349.9 | 289.1 |
| Nondurable goods | 129.1 | 129.1 | 130.9 | 125.7 | 274.4 | 271.6 | 272.3 | 237.0 |
| IRON AND SIEEL $\frac{\text { Durable Goods }}{\text { AND THEIR PRODUCTS }}$ | 157.1 | 156.8 | 158.0 | 141.5 | 315.0 | 305.7 | 297.5 | 240.3 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 128.0 | 126.4 | 125.3 | 115.5 | 247.0 | 236.2 | 219.8 | 182.0 |
| Gray-iron and semisteel cast | 146.0 | 146.7 | 148.1 | 133.9 | 326.3 | 325.8 | 317.6 | 264.2 |
| Malleable-iron castings | 146.9 | 143.2 | 142.1 | 131.4 | 329.2 | 3247 | 313.4 | 260.9 |
| Steel castings | 161.6 | 164.4 | 164.3 | 169.0 | 319.5 | 316.6 | 308.9 | 292.3 |
| Cast-iron pipe and fittings | 123.7 | 124.2 | 120.5 | 97.8 | 310.7 | 309.7 | 281.7 | 194.2 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 133.4 | 131.7 | 132.0 | 132.0 | 263.7 | 250.4 | 248.5 | 234.7 |
| Wire drawn from purchased rods | 120.1 | 119.6 | 139.5 | 130.1 | 220.7 | 219.3 | 247.6 | 209.1 |
| Wirework | 130.3 | 129.0 | 136.4 | 112.7 | 279.3 | 255.5 | 270.5 | 210.7 |
| Cutiery and edge tools | 151.4 ! | 165.8 | 115.2 | 1105.5 | 350.0 | 370.4 | 383.2 | 351.8 |
| Tools (except edge tools, machine tools, files, and saws) | 164.6 | 161.6 | 174. | 165.0 | 347.7 | 340.0 | 361.4 | 316.9 |
| Hardware | 138.9 | 1405 | 141.3 | 126.6 | 304.8 | 306.3 | 301.2 | 241.5 |
| Plumbers' supplies | 118.5 | 121.8 | 124.9 | 104.1 | 232.7 | 230.1 | 238.3 | 175.5 |
| Stoves, oil burners, and heating equipment not elsewhere classified | 136.2 | 136.6 | 136.1 | 112.6 | 283.1 | 279.4 | 276.8 | 206.3 |
| Steam and kot-water heating apparatus and steam fittings | 158.6 | 161.4 | 166.5 | 152.4 | 324.0 | 315.6 | 327.0 | 271.2 |
| Stamped and enameled ware and galvanizing | 148.9 | 150.9 | 152. | 31.4 | 325.8 | 329.1 | :323.5 | 252.1 |
| Fabricated structural and ornamental inetalwork | 165.3 | 166.1 | 165. | 43.4 | 325.5 | 315.2 | 307.2 | 241.0 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim | 120.3 | 117.1 | 126.8 | 99.9 | 249.0 | 247.9 | 254.3 | 175.3 |
| Bolt's, nuts, washers, and rivets | 148.1 | 150.0 | 151.4 | 121.9 | 303.7 | 302.3 | 209.5 | 202.3 |
| Forgings, iron and steel | 176.7 | 174.0 | 177.7 | 168.6 | 359.9 | 346.2 | 350.3 | 284.9 |
| Wrought pipe, welded and heavy-riveted | 151.5 | 160.3 | 162.4 | 134.0 | 300.5 | 302.7 | 290.5 | 229.0 |
| Screw-machine products and wood screws | 163.7 | 165.6 | 171.9 | 160.5 | 345.5 | 346.1 | 355.5 | 305.1 |
| Steel barrels, kegs, and drums | 100.7 | 104.1 | 104.6 | 90.4 | 251.2 | 251.4 | 249.8 | 190.3 |
| Firearms | 283.3 | 282.8 | 287.0 | 252.7 | 616.9 | 604.5 | 594.6 | 494.3 |
| CECTRICAL MACHINERY | 221.5 | 213.8 | 218.7 | 201.2 | 432.6 | 407.1 | 396.6 | 347.9 |
| Electrical equipment | 174.1 | 170.3 | 172.7 | 153.2 | 343.8 | 327.8 | 317.0 | 257.5 |
| Radios and phonographs | 188.1 | 196.9 | 205.4 | 176.6 | 390.1 | 413.0 | 409.1 | 329.0 |
| Communication equipment | 251.9 | 210.7 | 220.3 | 266.9 | 445.0 | 349.3 | 350.0 | 476.0 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A, C, F$, and $G$.

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Pay Rolls in Manufacturing Industries - Continued

| Industry group and Industry | Employment Indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 |  |  | 1946 | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |
|  | June | May | Apr. | June | June | May | Apr. | Juna |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 224.2 | 225.9 | 226.6 | 198.6 | 434.6 | 429.5 | 423.0 | 342.0 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products | 188.7 | 189.6 | 190.8 | 171.8 | 367.9 | 362 | 357.6 |  |
| Engines and turbines | 231.3 | 238.3 | 240.6 | 218.5 | 502.7 | 502.2 | 495.4 | 4.5 .5 |
| Tractors | 180.4 | 176.1 | 176.0 | 157.6 | 309.4 | 302.0 | 288.3 | 236.4 |
| Agricultural machinery, excluding tractors | 184.9 | 180.6 | 177.9 | 146.1 | 371.9 | 344.3 | 333.2 | 248.1 |
| Machine tools | 145.9 | 150.5 | 156.1 | 161.9 | 262.6 | 263.6 | 269.7 | 270.4 |
| Machine-tool accessories | 178.4 | 183.4 | 190.0 | 188.5 | 305.4 | 311.6 | 320.4 | 304.8 |
| Textile machinery | 176.1 | 175.3 | 172.6 | 146.5 | 367.1 | 363.7 | 351.8 | 265.5 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 242.0 | 243.3 | 245.8 | 225.5 | 494.4 | 490.7 | 485.2 | 416.1 |
| Typewriters | 111.7 | 146.7 | 144.4 | 113.7 | 233.5 | 309.1 | 295.4 | 212.7 |
| Cash registers, adding and calculating machines | 191.6 | 206.9 | 205.7 | 167.9 | 394.2 | 417. |  |  |
| Washing machines, wringers and driers, domestic | 198.6 | 193.9 | 190.1 | 144.0 | 404.2 | 392. | 377.5 | 238.7 |
| Sewing machines, domestic and industrial | 149.5 | 147.6 | 14 | 121.2 | 319.4 | 300 | 296.0 | 226.1 |
| Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment | 222.6 | 211.4 | 207.4 | 163.3 | 427.5 | 394.5 | 387.9 | 263.2 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT AUTOMOBILES | 291.8 | 293.7 | 300.8 | 301.6 | 560.3 | 561.3 | 565.3 | 57. |
| Locomotives | 376.0 | 367.4 | 388.0 | 409.1 | 774.7 | 757.0 | 705.4 | 840.2 |
| Cars, electric- and steamrailroad | 223.9 | 224.9 | 226.6 | 174.3 | 471.1 | 465. | 457. | 325 |
| Aircraft and parts, excluding alrcraft engines | 337.4 | 348.4 | 357.6 | 316.3 | 621.5 | 639.2 | 657.2 | 325 |
| Alrcraf't engines | 302.5 | 303.4 | 315.8 | 292.3 | 481.5 | 477.0 | 487.6 | :469.4 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding | 203.5 | 202.7 | 207.8 | 264.6 | 396.4 | 395.6 | 399.1 | 483.4 |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 190.5 | 183.6 | 184.0 | 147.1 | 381.8 | 363.1 | 349.0 | 250.2 |
| AUTOMOBIIES | 196.2 | 186.5 | 200.5 | 172.3 | 355.9 | 329.0 | 343.4 | 259.9 |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR PRODUCIS | 175.1 | 179.6 | 184.8 | 164.9 | 346.2 | 349.0 | 354.0 |  |
| Smelting and refining, primary, of nonferrous metals | 143.9 | 143.2 | 147.6 | 107.5 | 292.4 | 285.4 | 282.7 |  |
| Alloying and rolling and drawing of nonferrous' metals except aluminum | 147.2 | 154.0 | 158.8 | 147.3 | 279.7 |  |  |  |
| Clocks and watches | 134.6 | 135.9 | 138.0 | 131.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Jewelry (precious metals) and jewelers' findings | 114.1 | 115.8 | 118.9 | 131.6 118.7 | 299.5 | 296.0 215.4 | 299.1 | 18.9 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 1330.8 | 130.6 | 130.2 | 114.3 | 290.4 | 287.4 | 284.1 | 221.9 |
| Lighting equipment | 152.0 | 154.7 | 158.0 | 137.0 | 289.4 | 295.5 | 283.6 | 233.3 |
| Aluminum manufactures | 181.6 | 196.1 | 207.8 | 202.4 | 327.0 | 348.1 | 369.1 | 335.9 |
| Sheet-metal work, not elsewhere classified <br> See explanatory notes, sections | $135.5$ |  | $8.2$ | 132.1 | 282.0 | 278.7 | 274.6 | 335.9 249.5 |

Table 8. - Indexes of Productifon-Worker Employment and Pay Rolls in Manuiactoring Induetrier - Cantinwod

| Industry group and industry | Employmont indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexas |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1947 |  | 1946 | 1947 |  |  | 1946 |
|  | June | May | Apr. | June | June | May | Apr. | June |
| LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC PRODUCTS | 158.2 | 154.8 | 149.1 | 131.6 | 374.9 | 351.4 | 323.4 | 261.9 |
| Sawmils and logging camps 2/ | 171.0 | 167.5 | 160.3 | 142.6 | 411.9 | 384.5 | 350.5 | 286.3 |
| Planing and plywood nills 27 | 162.6 | 159.4 | 157.7 | 134.2 | 366.5 | 350.5 | 333.9 | 254.5 |
| FURNITURE AND FINISHED LIUMBER PRODUCIS | 129.8 | 129.5 | 131.8 | 119.1 | 290.4 | 285.1 | 286.8 | 233.3 |
| Mattress | 14 | 145. | 144.8 | 128.9 | 291.6 | 282.0 | 281.7 | 233.5 |
| Furniture ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 127.6 | 127.0 | 128.9 | 117.9 | 284.7 | 278.9 | 282.2 | 229.9 |
| Wooden boxes, other than cligar | 127.7 | 128.3 | 128.9 | 113.9 | 315.8 | 304.0 | 298.4 | 237.9 |
| Caskets and other morticians' goods ?/ | 138.1 | 138.8 | 140.6 | 125.8 | 275.8 | 278.0 | 273.5 | 226.2 |
| Wood preserving ?/ | 148.0 | 144.7 | 144.6 | 122.4 | 389.1 | 385.9 | 370.3 | 275.2 |
| Wood, turned and shaped | 122.6 | 124.0 | 136.2 | 121.5 | 271.9 | 274.5 | 289.6 | 243.9 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GİASS PRODUCTS | 144.0 | 142.6 | 146.0 | 135.6 | 298.2 | 286.9 | 288.8 | 241.4 |
|  | 168.6 | 171.1 | 172.2 | 167.2 | 341.1 | 333.0 | 334.7 | 279.1 |
| Glass products made from purchased glass 2/ | 124.3 | 127.6 | 132.8 | 118.8 | 259.5 | 259.4 | 262.5 | 217.6 |
| Cement 2/ - | 144.4 | 121.3 | 145.5 | 134.4 | 276.9 | 201.0 | 248.1 | 215.5 |
| Brick, Eile, and terra cotta 2/ | 125.8 | 124.3 | 124.5 | 112.9 | 278.9 | 276.4 | 257.0 | 213.0 |
| Pottery and related products $\frac{2}{2}$ | 164.1 | 165.6 | 166.0 | 149.3 | 322.4 | 323.8 | 317.1 | 260.4 |
| Gypsum 2/ | 123.6 | 115.2 | 119.6 | 104.2 | 244.8 | 228.4 | 230.6 | 191.3 |
| Wallboard, plaster (except gypsum), and minoral wool 2/ | 137.3 | 135.9 | 132.8 | 128.9 | 332.5 | 320.0 | 310.4 | 255.5 |
| Lime 2/ | 98.6 | 99.3 | 97.6 | 91.5 | 237.8 | 232.5 | 231.5 | 196.9 |
| Marble, granite, slate, and other products a/ | 87.8 | 88.6 | 96.2 | 89.6 | 152.9 | 155.8 | 166.7 | 144.6 |
| Abrasives ?/ | 242.2 | 250.4 | 253.7 | 241.0 | 413.8 | 440.6 | 442.6 | 399.1 |
| Asbectos products $2 /$ | 132.7 | 131.3 | 132.5 | 120.6 | 314.2 | 299.8 | 301.4 | 250.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Hfondurable Goods }}{\text { TEXTIIE }} \begin{array}{l} \text {-MIII PRODUCTS AND OTHER } \\ \text { FIBER MANOFACTURES } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 103.1 | 104.6 | 106.9 | 104.1 | 242.5 | 248.3 | 255.4 | 217.2 |
| Cotton manufactures, exce smallwares | 114.5 | 116.2 | 118.1 | 113.0 | 293.5 | 303.2 | 314. | 348.2 |
| Cotton smallwares | 92.8 | 98.8 | 102.8 | 105.9 | 195.8 | 212.6 | 221. | 207.0 |
| Silk and rayon goods | 75.8 | 76.7 | 78.4 | 76.6 | 194.3 | 200.4 | 200. | 166.8 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures, except dyeing and finishing | 98.3 | 99.2 | 102.7 | 107.3 | 240.2 | 240.5 | 248.3 | 238.5 |
| Hosiery | 67.9 | 70.4 | 73.6 | 71.9 | 130.8 | 139.6 | 145. | 133.0 |
| Knitted cloth | 83.5 | 85.4 | 89.9 | 102.5 | 176.5 | 180.4 | 188. | 213.2 |
| Knitted outerwear and knitted gloves | 86.2 | 91.3 | 97.5 | 111.2 | 182.8 | 195.6 | 209.7 | 235.5 |
| Knitted underwear | 98.5 | 97.4 | 98.4 | 91.6 | 232.4 | 232.1 | 228.3 | 189.7 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles, including woolen and worsted | 95.7 | 96.7 | 97.8 | 95.2 | 211.4 | 211.2 | 215.2 | 184.5 |
| Carpets and ruigs, wool | 111.2 | 110.4 | 109.5 | 93.7 | 236.3 | 231.3 | 226. | 169.5 |
| Hats, fur-felt | 76.9 | 75.3 | 70.7 | 75.7 | 163.3 | 153.3 | 145. | 160.0 |
| Jute goods, except felts | 104.6 | 106.8 | 106.1 | 108.1 | 244.7 | 256.0 | 247. | 224.5 |
| Cordage and twine | 113.9 | 116.4 | 119.8 | 126.5 | 244.4 | 255.4 | 270. | 246.1 |

See explenatory notes, sections $A, C, F$, and $G$.

Table 8. - Indexes of Production-Worker Employment and Pay Rolls in Manufacturine Industries - Continued



| Industry group and industry | Bmployment indexes | Pay-rolt indexes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1947 \quad 1946$ | $1947 \quad 1946$ |
|  | Tune May Apr. Tune | Tane Mar : ipr. June |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 143.6143.7 215.0138 .8 | $299.6,292.6: 290.9247 .0$ |
| Paper anç puip | $125.7125 .012{ }^{4} .6121 .9$ | 270.01259 .0254 .8216 .7 |
| Paper goods, other | 125.1125 .2126 .1123 .4 | $244.9250 .1: 2+7.61018 .1$ |
| Envelopes | 124.5125 .8125 .9120 .4 | 247.9240 .2338 .8210 .4 |
| Papor bags | 130.8134 .3139 .5128 .9 | 271.9270 .4274 .923 .9 |
| Eaper boxes | 123.4125 .1129 .7125 .2 | 250.3249 .9 .26 .9225 .5 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSUR ITS | 129.1128 .6128 .5119 .9 | $235.9234 .2 \leq 30.7191 .3$ |
| Newspapers and periodicals $\underline{2} /$ | 119.7119.0117.9109.4 | 210.0209.3 002.1 162.0 |
| Erinting, book and job $2 /$ | 137.8137 .2138 .1130 .1 | 258.1255 .4255 .2215 .0 |
| Lithographing $2 /$ | 123.3124 .6124 .5116 .4 | 216.6 216.1.219.9186.2 |
| Boonbinding $2 /$ | 145.6145 .3144 .7131 .4 | 324.7320 .2312 .5867 .1 |
| CHEMICALS AHD ALLIED PRODUCIS | 187.9194.8.196.2.186.3 | 373.3381 .5378 .3313 .0 |
| Paints, varnishes, and colors | 131.6132 .9132 .7125 .3 | 233.9234 .1231 .7199 .7 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides | 190.9194 .4196 .7187 .5 | 354.63358 .7359 .8305 .8 |
| Perfunes and cosmetios | $83.989 .3 \quad 93.5116 .8$ | 168.9166 .117 .3186 .5 |
| Soar | 115.1112 .2112 .4103 .5 | 229.5217 .2215 .9172 .8 |
| Fayon and allied products | 103.6121 .3120 .8121 .0 | $205.3 .239 .0: 299.2198 .3$ |
| Chemicals, not elsewhere classified | 182.1180.3 180.1169 .0 | 338.9334 .9329 .5283 .0 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 190.9191 .8192 .1168 .7 | 341.2333 .0310 .626 .9 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases | 157.1 .153 .9152 .6146 .2 | $23.0: 269.4255 .9239 .4$ |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 163.4161 .7157 .6178 .0 | 358.9351 .7386 .4331 .3 |
| Fireworks | 247.6253 .5243 .8282 .9 | 685.3636 .61 .5 .6708 .5 |
| Cottonsted oil | $65.2: 72.3: 85.3 \quad 37.4$ | 169.0184 .7208 .8125 .8 |
| Fertilizers | 114.4136 .3146 .2107 .2 | 301.8 .365 .0391 .0 -149.7 |
| PRODUCSS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 150.8149 .3145 .414 .5 | 286.2275 .7265 .2242 .5 |
| Petroleum refining | 139.2137 .9134 .0130 .1 | 253.824 .8236 .8223 .3 |
| Coke and byproducts | 123.2121 .4119 .2113 .9 | 256.2248 .01230 .6194 .7 |
| Paving materials | $73.8: 77.1: 76.3: 85.4$ | 159.0114 .6144 .2168 .3 |
| Roofing materials | 157.9150 .31 .52 .7146 .7 | 339.5336 .3323 .4277 .0 |

See explanatory notes, sections $A, C, F$, and $G$.

| Industry group and industry | Employment indexes |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1947 |  | 19+6 |  | 1947 |  | 1946 |
|  | June | May | Apr | Junc | Juno | Mav | Apr. | June |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS | 180.4 | 184.2 | 93 | 182.9 | 363.4 | 371.2 | 383.9 | 331.4 |
| Rubber tiros and inner tubes | 185.8 | 188.7 | 195.0 | 195.8 | 341.3 | 349.0 | 357.2 | 318.3 |
| Rubber boots and shoes | 121.3 | 129.7 | 134.8 | 12.2 | 269.5 | 282.0 | 283.7 | 244.8 |
| Rubber goods, other | 130.0 | 132.9 | 143.4 | 132.3 | 271.5 | 276.6 | 296.6 | 255.2 |
| MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES | 174.4 | 176.3 | 179.8 | 170.8 | 355.4 | 356.6 | 361.0 | 318.4 |
| Instruments (profossional and sciontific), and fire-control equipment | 178.1 | 175.6 | 180.3 | 196.7 | 337.2 | 317.0 | 327.5 | 339.4 |
| Photographic apparatus | 151.3 | 149.2 | 147.6 | 14.2 .6 | 280.7 | 275.2 | 211.4 | 233.3 |
| Optical instruments and ophthalmic goods | 173.7 | 177.6 | 179.9 | 183.0 | 331.2 | 331.2 | 324.2 | 314.2 |
| Pianos, organs, and parts | 139.8 | 139.1 | 139.7 | 118.0 | 298.3 | 300.2 | 293.8 | 220.4 |
| Games, toys, and dolls | 130.9 | 127.5 | 127.4 | 112.0 | 281.1 | 277.6 | 275.0 | 222.7 |
| Buttons | 74.7 | 78.2 | 82.8 | 93.5 | 1.62 .4 | 167.7 | 178.4 | 203.0 |
| Fire extinguishers | 206.7 | 203.6 | 210.7 | 200.0 | 420.0 | :396.9 | 330.5 | 406.4 |

Seo explanatory notos, sections A, C, F, and G.
1/ Revisions have boen made as follows in the indoxes for earlior months: Firearms - January and February 1947 pay roll to 573.5 and 584.2.

2/ Indexcs for tho individual industries comprising tho major industry group of industry notod have been adjustod to lovols indicated by $f$ inal 1945 data made availablo by the Bureau of Employment Socurity of the Foderal Socurity Agency. Comparablo series from January 1939 are available upon request. More recently adjusted data for tho individual industrios comprising the major inaustry group indicated below suporsedo data shown in releases datod prior to:

| Group | Mimoographod rel.cases | Monthly Labor Revie |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Furniture and finished lumber products | Junc 1947 | July 1947 |
| Lumber and timber basic products | July 1947 | August 1947 |
| Leather and leathor products | July 194 ? | August 1947 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | August 1947 | Septomber 194 |
| Pxinting, publishing, and allicd industries | August 1947 | Septomber 1947 |

Tabie 9. - Indexes of Pmployment and Pay Rolls in Selected Nonmanufacturing Industries

$$
(1939 \text { Average }=100)
$$

| Industry group and industry | Erployment indexes |  |  |  |  | Pay-roll indexes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - 1947 |  |  | 1946 | June | 1947 |  | $\frac{1946}{\mathrm{Jun} 0}$ |
|  | June | May | Apr: | June |  |  | Apr. |  |
| MINIING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite | 80.3 | 81.1 | 80.1 | 79.0 | 194.6 | 186.3 | 155.5 | 182.7 |
| Bituminouscoal | 88.7 | 88.1 | 83.0 | 89.6 | 252.3 | 24.4 .6 | 189.8 | 243.8 |
| Metal | 90,7 | 89.4 | 89.6 | 74.4 | 181.5 | 172.1 | 164.7 | 126.9 |
| Iron | 147.2 | 143.8 | 141.3 | 132.8 | 309.4 | 284.7 | 254.1 | 239.5 |
| Copper | 102.8 | 100.2 | 101.5 | 61.8 | 213.0 | 201. 8 | 197.3 | 106.8 |
| Lead and zine | 1102.9 | 102.9 | 104.4 | 54.7 | 228.1 | 223.3 | 224.7 | 180.5 |
| Gold and silver | 30.6 | 31.4 | 31.9 | 28.8 | 49.5 | 49.3 | 50.5 | 41.6 |
| Miscellancous | 58.0 | 56.5 | 57.0 | 58.4 | 100.3 | 95.8 | 92.1 | 95.5 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic | 105.7 | 104.3 | 203.1 | 98.9 | 251.3 | 241.7 | 233.2 | 207.7 |
| Crude petroleura production 1/ | 95.5 | 93.3 | 92.6 | 94.2 | 175.3 | 163.4 | 162.3 | 147.1 |
| Transporration and public umilittes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I steam railways 2/ | 139.3 | 138.2 | 136.1 | 134.7 | 3/ | 3/ | $3 /$ | $3 /$ |
| Street railways and busses | 1330.4 | 130.7 | 130.9 | 128.7 | 222.1 | 220.0 | $218.8$ | $199.5$ |
| Telephone | 290.4 | 159.2 | 127.2 | 171.7 | 292.5 | 202.9 | 136.1 | 259.9 |
| Telegraph | 1102.3 | 102.8 | 104.5 | 112.1 | 218.8 | 226.9 | 239.3 | 174.9 |
| Electric light and power | 207.5 | 105.7 | 104.8 | 99.9 | 177.5 | 168.2 | 166.5 | 148.4 |
| TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale | 120.5 | 109.7 | 110.5 | 106.9 | 198.0 | 191.4 | 190.8 | 172.6 |
| Retail | 111.4 | 111.3 | 111.5 | 107.2 | 201.2 | 195.1 | 192.9 | 171.3 |
| Food | 113.7 | 113.9 | 123.7 | 103.5 | 212.1 | 206.0 | 202.8 | 170.0 |
| General merchandise | 120.5 | 121.2 | 122.9 | 121.0 | 217.4 | 212.3 | 210.4 | 188.8 |
| Apparel | 114.9 | 114.3 | 114.7 | 114.3 | 207.2 | 200.8 | 200.7 | 185.9 |
| Furnitwe and housefurnishings | 85.1 | 84.6 | 84.6 | 77.6 | 256.6 | 151.1 | 148.1 | 126.6 |
| Automotive | 200.6 | 99.4 | 98.7 | 91.3 | 184.3 | 177.7 | 175.2 | 152.9 |
| Lumber and building materials | [129.5 | 117.6 | 116.3 | 109.4 | 219.7 | 210.2 | 204.0 | 177.2 |
| SRPVICE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels (year--round) 4/ | 129.4 | 118.4 | 117.5 | 120.0 | 226.4 | 221.1 | 21.9 | 205.4 |
| Power laundries | -12.2 | 110.2 | 109.1 | 112.3 | 211.1 | 203.8 | 200.5 | 190.9 |
| cloaning and dyeing | 127.7 | 123.7 | 121.5 | 131.6 | 241.9 | 231.5 | 221.7 | 236.6 |

See explanatory notes, sections $F$ and $G$.
1/ Does not include well drilling or rig building.
2/ Source: Interstate Commerce Commission.
3/ Not available.
4/ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

Sec. A. Revisions of Employmont Estimntes - The employment estimates shown in this report for the industry divisions (e.g. mining, manufacturing, ctc.) and industry groups (e.g. iron and steel, electrical machinery, etc.) have been adjuster to levels indicated by final 1945 benchmark data and supersede data shown in mimeographed releases dated prior to April 1947 and in the Monthly Labor Reviev dated prior to May 1947.

Sec. B. Sources of Benchmark Data - The chief purpose of recent revisions, published in the February 1947 DETAILED REPORT, is to adjust the levels of employment estimates to 1945 benchmark data. In preparing estimates for employment prior to 1939 , the various industrial censuses taken by the Bureau of the Census, were used as sources of benchmark data. Data obtained from unemployment compensation agencies and the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance are the main bases for 1945 benchmarks, although there are some important exceptions. Benchmarks for State and local government, for example, are based on data compiled by the Bureau of the Census, while data on Federal Government employment are made available by the U. S. Civil Service Commission. The Interstate Commerce Commission is the source for railroads, and the U. S. Maritime Commission for water transportation.

Sec. C, Scope of Employmert Revisions - Recent revisions also include a new type of estimate for employment in construction based upon establishment reports. This estimate is more consistent with the estimating procedure used for other industry divisions. In addition, federal force account construction employment has been transferred from the construction segment to government.

Each of the industry divisions was affected by the recent revisions. Adjustments have also been made in each of the 20 major groups comprising the manufacturing industry division. To be consistent with the estimates for these major industry groups, and more representative of the true level of employment, estimates for the individual manufacturing industries, formerly based on the 1039 Cersus of Manufactures, are now being rovised. As these revisions are completed, they are published in this Report and indicated by appropriate footnotes. Since the revised employment estimates shown in this Report cover only the current months. a set of summary sheets presenting comparable figures from January 1939 to date, by month, for each industry will be provided upon request.

Sec. D. How Employment Estimates Are Made - Estimates of changes in the level of employment are based on renorts from a sample group of establishments, inasmuch as full coverage is prohibitively costly and time-consuming, In using a sample, it is essential that an accurate base be established from which estimates may be curried forward. This base or "benchmark" is either a complete count or on estimate with a satisfactory degree of accuracy. When a new benchmark becomes available, estimates prepared since the last benchmark are reviewed to determine if any adjustment of level is required. This is the basic principle of employment estimating used by the BLS., It yjelds a satisfactory compromise between a slow but highly accurate complete count on the one hand, and a rapid but less acçurate sample count on the other.

Briefly, the Bureau of Labor Statistics corputcs employment estimates as follows: first, a benchmark or level of employment is determined; second, a sample of establishments is selected; and third, changes in employment indicated by this reporting sample are applied to the benchmark to determine the monthly cstimates of
employment between benchmark periods. For example, if the latest complete data on employment for an industry were 40,200 in September 1945, and if the industry has a reporting sample of 13 establishments employing 23,200 workers in September and 23,800 in October, the October estimate would be prepared as follows:

$$
40,200 \times \frac{23,800}{23,200}=41,240
$$

In general data showing month-to-month changes in employment reflect the fluctuations shown by establishments reporting to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. However, the usual estimating method is inadequate in the finance and service industries, which have a preponderance of small establishments. A special sampling procedure has been introduced, involving the scientific selection of a sample of cities and of a representative list of blocks in these cities. Data obtained from the establishments in these blocks yield substantially better estimates of month-to month changes in employment in the service and finance industries. For railroads, complete reports of employment are available.

Why Revisions are Necessary - Because reports are not immediately available from new firms, they are frequently introduced into the Bureau of Labor Statistics sample after they have been in operation for some time. This lapse of time produce a rather consistent understatement which becomes larger from year to year. It is important, therefore, that estimates nct be allowed to go uncorrected for too long a period. During the war period adjustment of many of the nonmanufacturing industr divisions was unavoidably postponed for several years. Consequently, the most recent revision corrects for the downward bias that had accumulated in the nonmanufacturing series since 1941. Revisions in some industry divisions have been carried back to 1939 in order to incorporate greater refinements in methodology and new source materials that have become aveilable. For example, improved data on the small firm component of the trade and service industries, supplied by the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance, made possible refinements in these series beck to 1939.

Sec. E. Comparability With Other Types of Employment Data - The Bureau of Labor Statistics employment estimates are based upon reports submitted by cooperati, establishments and therefore differ from employment information obtained by household interviews, such as the Monthly Revort of the Labor Force. The Bureau of Labo Statistics estimates of employment in nonagricultural establishments differ from th Monthly Report of the Labor Force total nonagricultural employment estimetes in several important respects. For example: (1) The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates cover all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period would be counted more than once; (2) Proprietors, self-employed fersons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Sec. F. Pay Roll Indexes - Cooperating establishments are instructed to report pay rolls of production or nonsupervisory workers prior to deduction for old age and unemployment insurance, withholding taxes, bonds, and union dues. Pay for sjck leave, holidays, and vacations taken is included. Respondents are instructed to exclude pay for vacations not taken as well as cesh estimates of any payments in kind. Bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period, are also excluded

The methodology for obtaining pay roll estimates is similar to that for employment estimates. Sample changes showing monthly movements are used in projecting established benchmarks to secure current pay roll estimates. These pay roll estimates are converted into indexes, using the 1939 average as a base.

Sec. G. Source of Data - Employment and pay roll estimates are based on reports from cooperating establishments. The approximate number of establishments, and workers covered, for each of the industry divisions are shown below.

```
Approximate Caverage of BLS Employment and Pay Rolls Sample
```

| Industry Division | Number of Establishments | mployees or production workers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | nt |
| Manufacturing | 33,000 | 7,500,000 | 60 |
| Mining | 2,700 | 354,000 | 40 |
| Fublic Utilities | 7,000 | 832,000 | 75 |
| Wholesale Trade | 11,400 | 326,000 | 20 |
| Retail Trade | 45,000 | 1,300,000 | 25 |
| Hotcls (year-round) | 1,300 | 137,000 | 35 |
| Power laundries and |  |  |  |
| cleaning and dyeing | 1,700 | 7.4,000 | 20 |

Sec. H. Coverage of Employment Estimates - The employment estimates shown in Tables 1, 2, 3, and 5 cover all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Froprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Production worker estimates as shown in Tables 6 and 8 are limited to working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers except administrative, office, and sales personnel.

Sec. I. State Estimates - State estimates are prepared in cooperation with various State Agencies, as indicated below. The estimates for manufacturing have been adjusted to recent data made available under the Federal Social Security program. Since some states have adjusted to more recent benchmark data than others and because varying methods of computation are used, the total of the state estimates differs from the national total (sce Table l). Because of these recent revisions the state estimates for manufacturing are not consistent with the unrevised data shown for total employment in nonagricultural establishments, by state. Comparable series of manufacturing estimates for each state, January 1943 to date, and also for nonagricultural employment by state, are available upon request to the cooperating state agency or the appropriate Burcau of Labor Statistics regional office.

## Cooperating State Agencies

Arizona - Employment Security Commission, P. O. Box 111, Phoenix.
California - Division of Labor Statistics and Research, San Francisco 2.
Connecticut - Employment Security Division, Hartford 15.
Delaware - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, 925 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia 1.
Florida - Florida Industrial Commission, Tallahassee.
Illinois - Dept. of Labor, Division of Statistics and Research, Chicago 6.
Indiana - Employment Security Division, Indianapolis 12.
Kansas - Kansas State Labor Department, Topeka.
Louisiana - Bureau of Business Research, College of Commerce, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge 3.
Maryland - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Baltimore 2.
Massachusetts - Dept. of Labor and Industries, State House, Boston 33.
Michigan - Dept. of Labor and Industry, Lansing 13.
Minnesota - Division of Enployment and Security, St. Faul 1.
Montana - Unemployment Compensation Commission of Montana, Helena.
Nevada - Employment Security Department, Carson City.
New Jersey - Dept. of Labor, Trenton 8.
New York - Division of Research, Statistics and Publications, New York State Dept. of Labor, Albany 1.
North Carolina - North Carolina Dept. of Labor, Raleigh.
Oklahoma - Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, American National Bldg., Oklahoma City 2.
Pennsylvania - Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, 925 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia 1.
Rhode Island - Dept. of Labor, Division of Census and Statistics, Providence 2.
Texas - Bureau of Business Research, University of Texas, Austin 12.
Utah - Dept. of Employment Security, Salt Lake City 13.
Virginia - Division of Research and Statistics, State Dept, of Labor and Industry, Richmond 21.
Washington - Office of Unemployment Compensation and Placement, P.0. Box 367, Olympia, Wicsonsin - Industrial Commission of Wisconsin, Madison 3.

BLS Regional Offices
Region I - Regional Director, U.S. Burcau of Labor Statistics, Old South Bldg., . 294 Washington St., Boston 8, Massachusetts (Connecticut, Massachusetts; Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont.)
Region II - Regional Director, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1000 Parcel Post Bldg., 341 Ninth Avenue, New York 1, New York (Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey.)
Region V - Regional Director, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 6th Floor Silvey Bldg., 114 Marietta St., N.W., Atlanta 3, Georgia (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia.)
Region IX - Regional Director, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 312 National War Agencies Bldg., 226 W. Jackson Blvid., Chicago 6, Illinois (Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Nichigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, West Virginia, Wisconsin.)
Region XIII - Regional Director, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 546 Federal Office Bldg., San Francisco 2, California (Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.)

Continental United States - Covers only the 48 States and the District of Columbia.
Contract construction - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the pay rolls of Federal, State, and local governments, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded.

Defense Agencies - Covers the National military establishment, Maritime Commission, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, The Panama Canal, Office of Temporary Controls, Philippine Alien Property Administration, Philipoine War Damage Commission, Price Decontrol Board, Office of Selective Service Records, War Assets Administration, Office of Defense Transportation, Office of Scientific Research and Development.

Family Allowances - Represents the Government's contribution; the amount contributed by the personnel is included under pay rolls.

Federal Government-Executive branch - Includes U. S. Navy Yards: Federal arsenals: and force-account construction. Employment shown here for the executive branch differs from data publi shed by the U. S. Civil Service Commission in the following respects: ( 1 ) Substitute rural mail carriers are excluded here; (2) Seamen and trainees who are hired and paid by private steamship companies having contracts with the Maritime Commission are excluded here; (3) The Panama Railroad Company is shown here under Goverment corporations but is included under the executive branch by the Civil Service Commission; (4) Employment collected and published by the Civil Service Commission as of the last day of the month, is here presented as of the lst day of the next month.

Finance - Covers establishment s operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate; excludes the Federal Reserve District Banks and the mixed ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration.

Government - Covers Federal, State, and local governmental establishments performing legislative, administraitive, and judicial functions, as well as all government owned and operated establishments and institutions (arsenals, navy yards, hospitals, Federal Reserve District Banks, etc.) and government force account construction.

Government corporations - Covers only three corporations: The Panama Railroad Company, the Federal Reserve banks, and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration. All other corporations are included under the executive branch.

Indexes of production worker employment - Estimates of production worker employment expressed as a percentage of the average employment in 1939,

Indexes of production worker pay rolls - Estimates of production worker pay rolls expressed as a percentage of the average pay roll for 1939.

Leave payments - Payments authorized by Public Law 704 of the 79th Corgress to enlisted personncl who were discharged prior to September 1546 for accrued and unused leave and to present officers and eniisted personel for leave accrued in excess of 60 days. Value of bonds represents face vaiue; interest will be paid in addition to the face value at the time the bonds are cashed. The payment of present personnel while on torminal leave is included in the pay rolls.

Manufacturing - Covers only privately owned establishments; governmental manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded.

Military pay rolls - For the Navy and Marine Corps and for the current montis for the Army, pay rolls are computed on the basis of the average personnel count fer the month, including enlisted persons on terminal leeve beginnine September 1946, and excluding the retired ond the inactive reserves, Pay rolls for the Coast Guard and for earlier years for the Army represcnt actual expenditures.

Mining - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the onth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases, including various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overturden, tunnelling and sheftine, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing beneficiating: and concentration.

Nonagricultural establishments - Governmental or private business establishments:
(1) that are physically located within continental United States; and (2) whose principal activity can be classified under one of the following industry divisions--mining, contract construction, manufacturing; transportation and public utilities, wholesale and retail trade, finance, service, or government.

Pay rolls - Represent pay rolls of production ard releted workers beture deductions for old-age and unemployment insurarice, group insurance, with-holding tax. bonds, end union dues, but after deductiors for damaged work. Inciudes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Eycludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported value of payments ir kind, and bonuses: unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.

Preduction workers - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engesed in fabricating, processing: assembling, inspection, receivinf, storage, handling, packing, warchousing shipping, maintenance, repairs janitorial, watchman servises, product development, auxilliary producticn for plant's ow use (e.g., power plant, and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations. Excludes supervisory employees (above the working foremen level) and their clerical steffs, routemen, salesmen, and other groups of nonproduction workers defined below undor wage and salery workers.

Service - Covers eatablishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals ard business firms. \#zcludes automobilo repair services, Ecverument owns and cocrated hespitals, musoums, etc., and domestic service.

Trade - Covers esbablishments engemd in wholesele trade: i.e., selifing merchendise to retailers, and in retail trades iro. roline merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering aervices inciaontal to the sale of goods. Includes auto repair services.

Transportation and public utilitioa - Covers only privately ovned and operated enterprisos ongeged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telearaph and other commanication services; or providing electricity, gas. steem, wters or senitary sorvices. Government omed and nperoted esteblishments are excluded.

Wase and satary workers - In addibion to production and related workers as defined above, includes workess engaged in the following activities: executive, parchasing, finence, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, modical, eton), professional end tochnicel activities, soles, salesdelivery: advertising: credit, collection, and in installation and servicing of own products: routine office functions, factory supervisior (above the workime foremen level), and other workors not included as production workers. Also includes employees on the esteblishment pay roll engaged in new construction and major aditions or alterations to the plant who are utilised as a soparato work foroe (forco-account construction workers).

Wase carner - See production worlers.
Washington, D. C. - Data for the exeoutive branch of the federal Government also include areas in Margana and Virginia which aro within the metropolitan area, as defined by tine Eureau of the Consus.

