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# Employment 

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The national employment figures shown
in this report have been adjusted to
first quarter 1955 benahnark levels.

# A 

Note Concerning-..
THE BLS RESPONSE ANALYSIS SURVEY OF MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS

In any statiatical undertaking as large and complex as that of the Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics' program on employment, hours, and earnings, there are potential sources of exror. The monthly estimates of employment, weekly hours and hourly earnings, by industry, for the Nation, the States, and local areas are based on data in monthly reports covering well over 150,000 industrial and commercial establishments. This is the largest monthly reporting sample of establishments in the world. In this large network of reports and estimates, errors could arise from imprecise instructions on the schedule used for the collection of data, mistakes in reporting, and other sources.

Many control procedures have been instituted by BLS over the years to minimize orrors in the employment, hours, and earnings series, and these procedures are new boing formalized into a systom of quality control. The flrst large unit of new work to be undertaiken in this formal program of quality control is a study of the reaponse patterns of mamfacturing establishments. A response analysis survey is now being made of alnost 450 firms selected to represent the sample of over 40,000 mamufacturing establishments who report on amployment, hours, and earnings each month. The survey consists of personal interviews conducted by professional staff mambers of the Burean's Division of Nanporer and Employment Statistics. A questionnaire, respondent's intorview guide, and procedures mamul were developed for use in the survey.

Estimates of employment, houra, and earnings can be no better than the original data upon which they are based. It is obvious that the respondents nust have a clear understanding of the definitions used and the precise nature of
the data requestod. Accurate reporting also requires that conceptes and definitions used in the program be conalatent with the aharacteristios of industry so that the information requested is readily available from records usually maintained by business eatablishmants. The immediate objectives of the reaponse analysis survey, therefore, are: (1) to determine how well the conceptes and definitions on the sohedule are understood; (2) to determine quantitatively the extent and importance of deviations in reporting from the instructions on the sabedule; and (3) to provide information on the recordkeeping practicas of American industry whiah undorlie the data reported to the BLS.

Resulte of the survey may eventually lead to clarification of the definitions on the BLS manufacturing sabedule, and perhaps even to changes in concopts and instructions to bring them into line with the kinds of information that business records can provide.

During Decembar 1955 and Jamuary 1956, teams of interviewers conducted almost 50 pretost visits, mainly in New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and Georgia. The protest indicated that it is possible to colleat the kind of information needed on reporting and recordkeoping praotices in mamufacturing establishwants. Problems encountered by interviewers formad the basis for determining the speciflic method of approach and for developing an intorviewers' manual.

Interviewing the 450 establishments selected for the response analysis aurvey began in early April 1956 and was concluded in June. When the data have been tabulated and analyzed, highlights of the findings will be published in Eroployment and Earnings.




# Employment Trends 

## AUGUST 1956 EMPLOYMENT OF 51.8 MILLION A RECORD FOR MONTH

As workers returned to their jobs after the July steel strike, nonfarm employment rose by 870,000 over the month to a new August record of 51.8 million . Strike-induced employment declines reported in the primary metals, mining, and transportation industries in July were recouped in August as normal operations were quickly resumed. Employment in most other industries held steady at high levels, except for normal seasonal changes.

Hours of work in manufacturing rose by 0.3 hour, the average seasonal increase, to 40.3 hours. The American factory worker's average weekly earnings, at $\$ 79.79$, and his average hourly earnings, at $\$ 1.98$, were both at an alltime high in August. Pay for overtime work, unchanged from last month's average of 2.6 hours per week, accounted for about $\$ 7.50$ of the factory worker's paycheck.

## MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT STRONG

Factory employment, at almost 17.0 million, was 150,000 more than a year ago and 670, 000 above the July level. Apart from the pickup of 365,000 in primary metals, which reflected the end of the steel strike, changes in manufacturing employment were largely in line with seasonal expectations. However, a better than seasonal gain was registered by the fabricated metals industry where preparation for 1957-model automobile production boosted employment in metal stamping plants. Employment continued to show strength in investment goods industries, with electrical machinery showing a better than seasonal gain. Nonelectrical machinery resisted the usual August decline as a strong increase in general industrial machinery plants balanced out continued declines in the household appliance and farm machinery segments of the industry.

The transportation equipment industry held steady as a slight gain in aircraft plant employment offset the slight losses in automobile plants due to preparation for 1957 model changeovers.

Employment changes in most nondurable manufacturing industries were seasonal, but the apparel and leather industries continued to show less than seasonal gains.

## MOST NONMANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES AT RECORD EMP LOYMENT LEVELS

In nonmanufacturing, contract construction at 3.3 million set a new employment high again in this month. Sustained high levels of consumer purchasing resulted in continued high employment in retail trade, in contrast to the usual summer slump. Finance and service industries, at 2.4 and 6.1 million respectively, continued at record employment levels.

## HOURS OF WORK RISE SEASONALLY

The factory workweek rose seasonally from 40.0 to 40.3 hours between July and August as manufacturing plants responded to the usual autumn pickup. An exceptionally large gain in weekly hours was reported by the rubber industry, reflecting production buildups of new-type tires intended for 1957 auto models. Greater than seasonal declines in the average workweek were reported in the tobacco industry as many part-time workers were added to payrolls of tobacco stemming and redrying plants. Petroleum products also reported a large decline in hours.

Compared with last August, the average workweek was down by 0.3 hours. Virtually all manufacturing industries reported shorter hours of work. Declines of more than one hour per week occurred in furniture, tobacco, and textiles. The only manufacturing industries reporting longer hours of work were ordnance, nonelectrical machinery, and instruments.

Average overtime hours put in by factory production workers were again unchanged this month at 2.6 hours, with over-the-month increases in some industries balancing out declines in others.

## FACTORY EARNINGS AT NEW AUGUST RECORD

The average weekly paycheck of factory production workers rose by almost $\$ 1.00$ over the month, from $\$ 78.80$ to $\$ 79.79$. Particularly large gains in weekly earnings were reported in rubber (\$3.86), furniture (\$2.16), lumber ( $\$ 2.07$ ), and apparel (\$1.89), attributable both to longer hours of work and higher average hourly earnings. Durable-goods industries reported an over-the-month gain of $\$ 1.85$ in weekly earnings. Nondurable-goods industries posted an over-the-month loss of 22 cents
in the weekly paycheck, as a consequence of declines in tobacco (\$4.22), petroleum (\$3.53) and food (\$1.92), with shorter hours responsible for the drop in weekly pay.

All manufacturing industry groups reported higher weekly earnings this August than last, with the average up \$3.46. The heaviest over-the-year gains in weekly pay occurred in ordnance, machinery (except electrical), petroleum, chemicals, and paper, with the weekly paycheck averaging $\$ 4.00$ to nearly $\$ 10.00$ more than in

August 1955. On the other hand, textiles and furniture reported gains of less than one dollar in weekly earnings.

Average hourly earnings in manufacturing rose from $\$ 1.97$ in July to $\$ 1.98$ in August. The increase in durable-goods industries was from $\$ 2.07$ to $\$ 2.10$ per hour, while in nondurables, hourly earnings declined from $\$ 1.82$ to $\$ 1.81$. The over-the-year gain for all manufacturing industries was 10 cents per hour.

## Table 1. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and selected groups

| Industry division and group | Current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { ago } \end{aligned}$ | Auguat 1956 <br> net change from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } 1956 \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 1956 \\ \underline{1 / f} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ | Previous month | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { ago } \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL | 51,789 | 50,918 | 51,709 | 50,484 | +871 | +1,305 |
| MINING. | 817 | 741 | 812 | 779 | + 76 | $+38$ |
| Metal mining. | 112.0 | 81.9 | 110.5 | 97.2 | + 30.1 | + 24.8 |
| Bituminous-coal | 228.6 | 181.5 | 226.0 | 215.9 | + 47.1 | + 12.7 |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying | 114.2 | 115.0 | 115.1 | 110.7 | - . 8 | + 3.5 |
| contract construction. | 3,345 | 3,289 | 3,257 | 3,088 | + 56 | + 257 |
| manufacturing. | 16,973 | 16,301 | 16,809 | 16,820 | +672 | $+153$ |
| durable goods......... | 9,731. | 9,291 | 9,764 | 9,582 | $+440$ | + 249 |
| Ordnance and accessories...................... Lumber and wood products (except furniture) $\qquad$ | 131.8 767.9 | 130.4 760.9 | 130.5 765.0 | 138.7 788.0 | +1.4 +7.0 | 1- 6.9 |
| Furniture and fixtures... | 370.0 | 365.1 | 370.6 | 373.2 | + 4.9 | - 3.2 |
| Stone, clay, and Elass product | 569.5 | 566.9 | 577.2 | 564.4 | + 2.6 | + 5.1 |
| Primary metal industries.................. | 1,321.1 | 957.4 | 1,334.1 | 1,301.4 | +363.7 | + 19.7 |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment) $\qquad$ | 1,086.4 | 1,061.5 | 1,098.1 | 1,111.1 | + 24.9 | - 24.7 |
| Machinery (except electrical)............. | 1,731.8 | 1,717.7 | 1,730.7 | 1,587.4 | - 5.9 | + 124.4 |
| Electrical machinery. | 1,221.2 | 1,195.1 | 1,200.3 | 1,130.3 | + 26.1 | + 90.9 |
| Transportation equipment. | 1,715.4 | 1,722.2 | 1,729.8 | 1,774.6 | - 6.8 | - 59.2 |
| Instruments and related products. | 341.4 | 335.9 | 336.3 | 322.7 | + 5.5 | + 18.7 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries... | 494.1 | 477.9 | 491.1 | 490.1 | + 16.2 | $+\quad 4.0$ |
| nondurable goods.. | 7,242 | 7,010 | 7,045 | 7,238 | +232 | + 4 |
| Food and kindred product | 1,719.7 | 1,623.6 | 1,575.0 | 1,717.1 | + 96.1 | + 2.6 |
| Tobacco manufactures.... | 107.5 | 85.9 | 88.5 | 117.3 | + 21.6 | - $\quad 9.8$ |
| Textile-mill products... | 1,041.0 | 1,018.4 | 1,050.9 | 1,079.2 | + 22.6 | 38.2 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | 1,212.7 | 1,147.0 | 1,180.1 | 1,215.3 | $+65.7$ | - 2.6 |
| Paper and allied products.. | 571.4 | 565.2 | 570.6 | 558.3 | + 6.2 | + 13.1 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 851.5 | 848.4 | 850.9 | 822.2 | + 3.1 | + 29.3 |
| Chemtcals and allied products | 834.3 | 827.1 | 831.3 | 808.7 | + 7.2 | + 25.6 |
| Products of petroleum and ccal | 257.8 | 255.5 | 254.7 | 257.5 | + 2.3 | $+\quad .3$ |
| Rubber products... | 270.0 | 267.6 | 269.3 | 272.2 | + 2.4 | - 2.2 |
| Leather and leather products. | 376.2 | 371.1 | 373.7 | 390.3 | + 5.1 | 14.1 |
| transportation and public UTILITIES. | 4,191 | 4,146 | 4,181 | 4,136 | + 45 | + 55 |
| tran sportation.. | 2,758 | 2,717 | 2,776 | 2,764 | $+41$ | - 6 |
| communication. | 823 | 820 | 805 | 774 | $+3$ | + 49 |
| other public utilities. | 610 | 609 | 600 | 598 | + 1 | + 12 |
| wholesale and retail trade. | 11,009 | 11,015 | 11,091 | 10,713 | - 6 | + 296 |
| wholesale trade. | 2,976 | 2,970 | 2,955 | 2,864 | $+6$ | + 112 |
| retail trade.... | 8,033 | 8,045 | 8,136 | 7,849 | - 12 | + 184 |
| General merchandise stores | 1,341.2 | 1,345.7 | 1,381.6 | 1,333.0 | - 4.5 | + 8.2 |
| Food and liquor stores.. | 1,567.5 | 1,575.7 | 1,578.2 | 1,485.4 | - 8.2 | + 82.1 |
| Automotive and accessories dealers. | 797.0 | 801.6 | 801.3 | 816.7 | -8.6 -8.1 |  <br>  <br> $+\quad 5.7$ |
| Apparel and accessories stores. | 538.8 | 546.9 | 585.1 | 533.0 | -8.1 +13.5 | $+\quad 5.8$ $+\quad 107.7$ |
| Other retail trade. | 3,788.8 | 3,775.3 | 3,789.5 | 3,681.1 | + 13.5 | $+107.7$ |
| finance, insurance, and real estate. | 2,355 | 2,351 | 2,320 | 2,265 | $+4$ | + 90 |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS. | 6,138 | 6,138 | 6,089 | 5,996 | 0 | + 142 |
| GOVERNMENT. | 6,961 | 6,937 | 7,150 | 6,687 | + 24 | + 274 |
| FEDERAL. | 2,224 | 2,208 | 2,193 | 2,190 | +16 | + 34 |
| state and local | 4,737 | 4,729 | 4,957 | 4,497 |  | + 240 |

1/ Preliminary.
5111

Table 2. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

| Major industry group | Current |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { ago } \end{gathered}$ | August 1956 <br> net change from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } 1956 \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 1956 \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ | Previous month | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { ago } \end{gathered}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | 13,208 | 12,553 | 13,078 | 13,264 | +655 | - 56 |
| durable goods. | 7,544 | 7,116 | 7,602 | 7,554 | +428 | - 10 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 82.6 | 81.9 | 83.2 | 92.7 | + .7 | - 10.1 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture). | 702.1 | 692.7 | 696.1 | 719.9 | + 9.4 | - 17.8 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 309.5 | 304.0 | 310.5 | 315.7 | $+\quad 5.5$ $+\quad 3$. | - 6.2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 476.2 | 472.9 | + 484.2 | 475.4 1,097 | +3.3 +351.1 | $+\quad .8$ $+\quad 8.0$ |
| Primary metal industries................. Fabricated metal products | 1,105.4 | 754.3 | 1,117.7 | 1,097.4 | +351.1 | + 8.0 |
| Fabricated metal products lexcept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)......................................... | 857.2 | 834.7 | 870.4 | 893.4 | + 22.5 | - 36.2 |
| Machinery (except electrical)............. | 1,253.1 | 1,259.4 | 1,278.2 | 1,166.4 | - 6.3 | + 86.7 |
| Electrical machinery. | 879.6 | 853.7 | 866.4 | 821.6 | + 25.9 | + 58.0 |
| Transportation equipment. | 1,247.6 | 1,252.8 | 1,268.5 | 1,347.7 | - 5.2 | -100.1 |
| Instruments and related products | 233.1 | 227.8 | 231.1 | 224.5 | + 5.3 | + 8.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries... | 397.4 | 382.2 | 395.2 | 399.3 | + 15.2 | - 2.9 |
| nondurable goods. | 5,664 | 5,437 | 5,476 | 5,710 | +227 | - 46 |
| Food and kindred products. | 1,248.8 | 1,152.1 | 1,103.6 | 1,258.7 | +96.7 +218 | - 9.9 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 99.1 | 77.3 | 79.8 | 109.0 | + 21.8 | - 9.9 $-\quad 35.7$ |
| Textile-mill products.... | 950.4 | 927.5 | 959.6 | 986.1 | + 22.9 | - 35.7 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | 1,082.0 | 1,019.6 | 1,049.2 | 1,087.0 | + 62.4 | -5.0 $+\quad 5.3$ |
| Paper and allied products.. | 465.1 | 459.0 | 465.6 | 459.8 | + 6.1 | + 5.3 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries............................ | 546.6 | 543.4 | 549.1 | 526.5 | + 3.2 | + 20.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 549.8 | 544.7 | 552.4 | 541.3 | + 5.1 | $\begin{array}{r}+8.5 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 175.5 | 174.0 | 174.5 | 177.5 | +1.5 $+\quad 20$ | $-\quad 2.0$ $-\quad 5.4$ |
| Rubber products.. | 209.3 | 207.3 | 208.5 | 214.7 349.4 | $+\quad 2.0$ $+\quad 4.5$ | - 5.4 -12.5 |
| Leather and leather products | 336.9 | 332.4 | 333.6 | 349.4 | + 4.5 | - 12.5 |

1/ Preliminary.

Table 3. Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

| Major industry group | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 2955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | Anyuat | July $1 / 1$ | Anguet | Arguat | ${ }^{\text {Joly }} 1$ | Angust | ${ }^{\text {Auguat }}$ | $\xrightarrow{3017}$ | August |
| MANUFACTURING. . | \$79.79 | \$78.80 | \$76.33 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.6 | \$1.98 | \$1.97 | \$1.88 |
| DURABLE G000S. | 85.89 | 84.04 | 82.61 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 2.01 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 92.13 | 92.30 | 82. 42 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 40.4 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.04 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture)..... Furniture and fixtures... | 73.89 69.29 | 71.82 67.13 | 72.21 68.46 | 40.6 41.0 | 39.9 40.2 | 41.5 42.0 | 1.82 1.69 | 1.80 1.67 | 1.74 1.63 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 80.29 | 67.13 80.36 | 60.46 77.93 | 41.0 | 40.2 41.0 | 48.0 | 1.69 1.96 | 1.67 1.96 | 1.63 1.86 |
| Primary metal industries | (2/) | 90.80 | 92.94 | (2/) | 40.0 | 40.5 | (2/) | 2.96 | 2.27 |
| Fabricated metal products lexcept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment) | 85.08 | 84.05 | 82.78 | 42.1 | 40.8 | 42.6 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 1.99 |
| Machinery (except electrical). | 92.82 | 98.96 | 86.94 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 2.21 | 2.20 | 2.09 |
| Electrical machinery. | 79.60 | 79.20 | 76.14 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 1.98 | 2.98 | 1.88 |
| Transportation equipment. | 93.61 | 92.97 | 9e.06 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 2.30 | 2.29 | 2.24 |
| products................... | 82.61 | 81.62 | 77.55 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.91 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries..................... | 69.25 | 68.73 | 66.50 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.65 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS. | 71.31 | 71.53 | 67.83 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 1.82 | 2.82 | 1.70 |
| Food and kindred products. |  | 76.26 | 71.20 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 1.84 | 1.86 | 1.73 |
| Tobacco manu factures....... | 53.68 | 57.90 | 49.98 | 37.8 | 38.6 | 39.3 | 1.42 | 1.50 | 1.27 |
| Textile-mill products......... | 56.30 | 55.73 | 55.48 | 39.1 | 38.7 | 40.2 | 1.44 | 2.44 | 1.38 |
| Apparel and other finished <br> textile products................ | 53.80 | 51.90 | $49.82$ | 36.6 | 35.8 | 36.9 | 1.47 | 1.45 | 2.35 |
| Paper and allied products..... Printing, publishing, and | 84.32 | 84.08 | 79.92 | 42.8 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 1.97 | 1.96 | 1.85 |
| allied industries.............. | 94.14 | 93.41 | 92.42 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.35 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 87.54 | 87.54 | 82.81 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.01 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. | 102.97 | 106.50 | 97.58 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 2.53 | 2.56 | 2.38 |
| Rubber products. | 90.23 | 86.37 | 86.32 | 41.2 | 39.8 | 41.3 | 2.29 | 8.17 | 2.09 |
| Leather and leather products.. | 55.73 | 56.47 | 53.24 | 37.4 | 37.9 | 38.3 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.39 |

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Rot available.

Table 4. Gross average weekly hours and average overtime hours of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

| Major industry group | August 1956 1/ |  |  | July 1956 1/ |  |  | June 1956 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grossaverage weekly hours | Overtime hours |  | Grossaverageweeklyhours | Overtime hours |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Gross } \\ \text { average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { hours } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Overtime hours |  |
|  |  | Average | Percent of total |  | Average | Percent of total |  | Average | Percent of total |
| HANUFACTURING. | 40.3 | 2.6 | 6.5 | 40.0 | 2.6 | 6.5 | 40.2 | 2.7 | 6.7 |
| durable goods. | 40.9 | 2.8 | 6.8 | 40.6 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 40.8 | 2.9 | 7.1 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | - | - | - | 41.5 | 2.7 | 6.5 | 41.6 | 2.7 | 6.5 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | - | - | - | 39.9 | 3.2 | 8.0 | 40.5 | 3.5 | 8.6 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | - | - | - | 40.2 | 2.4 | 6.0 | 40.3 | 2.5 | 6.2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | - | - | - | 41.0 | 3.6 | 8.8 | 41.4 | 3.7 | 8.9 |
| Primary metal industries............... Fabricated metal products (except | - | - | - | 40.0 | 2.9 | 7.3 | 40.9 | 2.9 | 7.1 |
| ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment). | - | - | - | 40.8 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 41.0 | 2.9 | 7.1 |
| Machinery (except electrical)......... | - | - | - | 41.8 | 3.4 | 8.1 | 42.0 | 3.6 | 8.6 |
| Electrical machinery........... | - | - | - | 40.0 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 40.6 | 2.4 | 5.9 |
| Transportation equipment.............. | - | - | - | 40.6 | 2.3 | 5.7 | 39.9 | 2.2 |  |
| Instruments and related products..... | - | - | - | 40.6 | 2.1 | 5.2 | 40.6 | 2.2 | 5.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. | - | - | - | 39.5 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 40.1 | 2.3 | 5.7 |
| momdurable goods.. | 39.4 | 2.4 | 6.1 | 39.3 | 2.4 | 6.1 | 39.2 | 2.4 | 6.1 |
| Food and kindred products. | - | - | - | 41.0 | 3.5 | 8.5 | 41.2 | 3.5 | 8.5 |
| Tobacco manufactures.... | - | - | - | 38.6 | . 9 | 2.3 | 39.2 | 1.3 | 3.3 |
| Textile-mill products.................. | - | - | - | 38.7 | 2.1 | 5.4 | 38.7 | 2.1 | 5.4 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | - | - | - | 35.8 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 35.5 | . 9 | 2.5 |
| Paper and allied products............. | - | - | - | 42.9 | 4.7 | 11.0 | 42.7 | 4.5 | 10.5 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | - | - | - | 38.6 | 2.8 | 7.3 | 38.6 | 3.0 | 7.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products......... | - | - | - | 41.1 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 41.3 | 2.3 | 5.6 5.4 |
| Products of petroleum and coal....... | - | - | - | 41.6 39.8 | 2.4 2.5 | 5.8 6.3 | 41.1 39.5 | 2.2 2.3 | 5.4 5.8 |
| Rubber products....................... | - | - | - | 39.8 37.9 | 2.5 1.2 | 6.3 3.2 | 39.5 37.3 | 2.3 1.1 | 5.8 2.9 |
| Leather and leather products......... | - | - | - | 37.9 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 37.3 | 1.1 | 2.9 |

1 Preliminary.

Table 5. Index of employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

| Industry division | Current |  |  | Year ago |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avgust 1956 <br> 11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JuIy } 1956 \\ \underline{11} \end{gathered}$ | June 1956 | Avgunt 1955 |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 118.4 | 116.4 | 118.2 | 125.4 |
| Mining....... | 86.2 | 78.2 | 85.7 | 82.2 |
| Contract construction. | 158.9 | 156.2 | 154.7 | 146.7 |
| Manufacturing............................ | 213.7 | 109.2 | 112.6 | 112.7 |
| Transportation and public utillties. | 102.9 | 101.8 | 102. 7 | 101.6 |
| Wholesale and retall trade............ | 117.0 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 113.9 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate... | 136.4 | 136.2 | 134.4 | 131.2 |
| Service and miscellaneous............. | 125.4 | 125.4 | 124.4 | 122.5 |
| Government.. | 123.0 | 122.6 | 126.3 | 118.1 |

1/Preliminary.
Table 6. Index of production workers in manufacturing,
by major industry group,

| Major indủstry group | Current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { ago } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\text { Axgust } 1956$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 1956 \\ \underline{1}^{\prime} \end{gathered}$ | June 1956 | August 1955 |
| MANUFACTURING. . . . . | 106. 8 | 101.5 | 105.7 | 107.2 |
| DURABLE GOODS............................. | 113.0 | 106.6 | 113.9 | 113.2 |
| Ordnance and accessories................. | 366.2 | 361.8 | 366.2 | 410.3 |
| Lumber and wood products lexcept furniture). | 95.1 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 97.6 |
| Furniture and fixtures................ | 105.0 | 102.9 | 105.3 | 107.0 |
| Stone, clay, and Elass products....... | 109.4 | 108.7 | 111.3 | 109.2 |
| Primary metal industries............... | 107.4 | 73.3 | 108.6 | 106.6 |
| Fabricated metal products lexcept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)...................... | 110.0 | 107.2 | 111.7 | 124.6 |
| Machinery (except elictrical)......... | 110.2 | 110.7 | 112.4 | 102.6 |
| Electrical machinery................... | 137.4 | 133.4 | 135.2 | 128.4 |
| Transportation equipment............... | 122.0 | 122.5 | 124.1 | 131.8 |
| Instruments and related products...... | 120.1 | 117.5 | 119.1 | 116.0 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. | 104.5 | 100.5 | 103.9 | 105.0 |
| nondurable goods.......................... | 99.5 | 95.5 | 96.2 | 100.3 |
| Food and kindred products.............. | 105.5 | 97.3 | 93.3 | 106.4 |
| Tobacco manufactures.. | 93.7 | 72.9 | 75.7 | $103.2$ |
| Textile-mill products...................... Apparel and other finished textile | 77.7 | 75.9 | 78.6 | 80.7 |
| products. | 103.9 | 98.0 | 100.7 | 104.4 |
| Paper and allied products.............. | 116.1 | 114.6 | 116.3 | 114.8 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries.................................... | 115.9 | 113.0 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.......... | 107.8 | 106.8 | 114.2 | 109.6 106.0 |
| Products of petroleum and coal........ | 97.6 | 93.5 | 94.1 | 95.7 |
| Rubber products........................... | 102.6 | 101.6 | 102.6 | 105.6 |
| Leather and leather products.......... | 93.2 | 91.8 | 92.3 | 96.5 |

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## Seasonally Adjusted Data

## Table 7. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division, seasonally adjusted

| Industry division | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1847-49=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Number <br> (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aupust 1956 1/ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 19561 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | August 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August } \\ & 1956 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1956 \text { 1/ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | August 1955 |
| TOTAL $/$ / | 118.0 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 115.0 | 51,621 | 51,022 | 51,600 | 50,315 |
| Mining2/ | 85.3 | 78.6 | 85.2 | 81.3 | 809 | 745 | 808 | 771 |
| Contract construction | 145.8 | 146.0 | 1.48 .8 | 134.6 | 3,060 | 3,074 | 3,132 | 2,833 |
| Manufacturing......................... | 112.8 | 110.3 | 11.3 .0 | 111.7 | 16,840 | 16,467 | 16,877 | 16,677 |
| Transportation and public utilities.. | 102.2 | 101.1 | 102.3 | 100.8 | 4,160 | 4,115 | 4,164 | 4,105 |
| Wholesale and retall trade.......... | 118.7 | 118.5 | 118.5 | 115.6 | 11,173 | 11,15.3 | 11,162 | 10,873 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.. | 134.4 | 133.5 | 233.1 | 129.3 | 2,320 | 2,305 | 2,297 | 2,232 |
| Service and miscellaneous. | 123.0 | 123.0 | 122.6 | 120.1 | 6,018 | 6,018 | 5,990 | 5,878 |
| Government.............................. | 127.8 | 126.2 | 126.5 | 122.7 | 7,232 | 7,145 | 7,161 | 6,946 |

1/Preliminary. 2/ May 1956 data revised: Total 117.6, 51,454; Mining 83.8, 794.

## Table 8. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group, seasonally adjusted

| Major industry group | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Number <br> (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } \\ 1356 \text { 1/ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iune } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | August 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August } \\ & 1953 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1956 \text { 1/ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | August 1955 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 105.8 | 102.9 | 106.3 | 106.2 | 13,088 | 12,730 | 13,149 | 13,137 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 113.7 | 108.3 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 7,588 | 7,230 | 7,592 | 7,59.3 |
| Ordnance and accessorles.............. | 366.2 | 361.8 | 366.2 | $410 \cdot 3$ | 83 | 82 | 83 | 93 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 91.5 | ¢2.0 | 91.1 | 97.8 | 675 | 679 | 672 | 692 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 106.7 | 107.3 | 108.7 | 108.7 | 315 | 317 | 321 | 321 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....... | 108.3 | 109.9 | 110.8 | 108.0 | 471 | 478 | 482 | 470 |
| Primary metal industries............... | 107.9 | 74.0. | 108.6 | 107.2 | 1,111 | 762 | 1,118 | 1,103 |
| Fabricated metal products lexcept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment).......................... | 111.2 | 110.5 | 112.2 | 115.8 | 866 | 861 | 874 | 902 |
| Machinery (except electrical).......... | 11.3 .0 | 112.4 | 111.3 | 105.2 | 1,285 | 1,278 | 1,265 |  |
| Electrical machinery.................... | 1.40 .2 | 138.2 | 1.36 .6 | 131.0 | 898 | 885 | 875 | 839 |
| Transportation equipment.............. | 122.0 | 122.5 | 124.1 | 1.31 .8 | 1,248 | 1,253 | 1,269 | 1,348 |
| Instruments and related products...... | 122.2 | 120.1 | 119.6 | 117.5 | 237 | 233 | 232 | 228 |
| ```Miscellaneous manufacturing industries...............................``` | 10.9.0 | 105. \% | 105.6 | 1:5.5 | 399 | 402 | 401 | 401 |
| MONDURABLE GOODS. | 96.5 | 96.6 | 47.6 | 97.3 | 5,500 | 5,500 | 5.557 | 5,544 |
| Food and kindred products | 93.0 | 02.8 | $94 \cdot 7$ | 03.8 | 1,101 | 1,009 | 1,121 | 1,110 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | \$5.2 | 84.2 | 86.1 | 93.7 | 90 | 89 | 91 |  |
| Textile-mill products................... | 78.6 | 78.3 | 78.6 | 81.5 | 960 | 957 | 960 | 996 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products...................................... | 101.9 | 102.6 | 105.0 | 102.4 | 1,061 | 1,068 |  | $1,056$ |
| Paper and allied products.............. | 115.6 | 115.8 | 116.3 | 114.3 | 463 | 464 | 466 | 458 |
| ```Printing, publishing, and allied industries............................``` | 115.0 | 114.0 | 114.2 | 110.7 | 553 | 548 | 549 | 532 |
| Chemicals and allied products......... | 109.3 | 108.9 | 109.7 | 107.6 | 558 | 556 | 560 | 549 |
| Products of petroleum and coal........ | 93.0 | 91.9 | 92.5 | 94.1 | 173 | 171 | 172 | ${ }^{175}$ |
| Rubber products......................... | 103.6 | 104.6 | 102.6 | 106.5 | 211 | 21.3 | 209 | 217 |
| Leather and leather products.......... | 91.2 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 94.6 | 3.30 | 335 | $33^{6}$ | 342 |

Preliminary.


Table A-1: Employees in nonagriculiural establishments,
by industry division

| Year and month | total | Mining | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contract } \\ & \text { con- } \\ & \text { struction } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing | Transportation and public utilities | Wholesale and retail trade | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  | Government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919............. | 26,829 | 1,124 | 1,021 | 10,534 | 3,711 | 4,664 | 1,050 | 2,054 | 2,671 |
| 1920.............. | 27,088 | 1,230 | 848 | 10,534 | 3,998 | 4,623 | 1,110 | 2,142 | 2,603 |
| 1921............. | 24,125 | 953 | 1,012 | 8,132 | 3,459 | 4,754 | 1,097 | 2,187 | 2,531 |
| 1922.............. | 25,569 | 920 | 1,185 | 8,986 | 3,505 | 5,084 | 1,079 | 2,268 | 2,542 |
| 1923............. | 28,128 | 1,203 | 1,229 | 10,155 | 3,882 | 5,494 | 1,123 | 2,431 | 2,611 |
| 1924............. | 27,770 | 1,092 | 1,321 | 9,523 | 3,806 | 5,626 | 1,163 | 2,516 | 2,723 |
| 1925............. | 28,505 | 1,080 | 1,446 | 9,786 | 3,824 | 5,810 | 1,166 | 2,591 | 2,802 |
| 1926. | 29,539 | 1,176 | 1,555 | 9,997 | 3,940 | 6,033 | 1,235 | 2,755 | 2,848 |
| 1927. | 29,691 | 1,105 | 1,608 | 9,839 | 3,891 | 6,165 | 1,295 | 2,871 | 2,917 |
| 1928.............. | 29,710 | 1,041 | 1,606 | 9,786 | 3,822 | 6,137 | 1,360 | 2,962 | 2,996 |
| 1929.............. | 31,041 | 1,078 | 1,497 | 10,534 | 3,907 | 6,401 | 1,431 | 3,127 | 3,066 |
| 1930.............. | 29,143 | 1,000 | 1,372 | 9,401 | 3,675 | 6,064 | 1,398 | 3,084 | 3,149 |
| 1931. | 26,383 | 864 | 1,214 | 8,001 | 3,243 | 5,531 | 1,333 | 2,913 | 3,264 |
| 1932............. | 23,377 | 722 | 970 | 6,797 | 2,804 | 4,907 | 1,270 | 2,682 | 3,225 |
| 1933............. | 23,466 | 735 | 809 | 7,258 | 2,659 | 4,999 | 1,225 | 2,614 | 3,167 |
| 1934............. | 25,699 | 974 | 862 | 8,346 | 2,736 | 5,552 | 1,247 | 2,784 | 3,298 |
| 1935............. | 26,792 | 888 | 912 | 8,907 | 2,771 | 5,692 | 1,262 | 2,883 | 3,477 |
| 1936............ | 28,802 | 937 | 1,145 | 9,653 | 2,956 | 6,076 | 1,313 | 3,060 | 3,662 |
| 1937. | 30,718 | 1,006 | 1,112 | 10,606 | 3,114 | 6,543 | 1,355 | 3,233 | 3,749 |
| 1938............. | 28,902 | 882 | 1,055 | 9,253 | 2,840 | 6,453 | 1,347 | 3,196 | 3,876 |
| 1939............. | 30,311 | 845 | 1,150 | 10,078 | 2,912 | 6,612 | 1,399 | 3,321 | 3,999 |
| 1940. | 32,058 | 916 | 1,294 | 10,780 | 3,013 | 6,940 | 1,436 | 3,477 | 4,202 |
| 1941. | 36,220 | 947 | 1,790 | 12,974 | 3,248 | 7,416 | 1,480 | 3,705 | 4,660 |
| 19h2.............. | 39,779 | 983 | 2,170 | 15,051 | 3,433 | 7,333 | 1,469 | 3,857 | 5,483 |
| 1943. | 42,106 | 917 | 1,567 | 17,381 | 3,619 | 7,189 | 1,435 | 3,919 | 6,080 |
| 1944 | 41,534 | 883 | 1,094 | 17,111 | 3,798 | 7,260 | 1,409 | 3,934 | 6,043 |
| 1945. | 40,037 | 826 | 1,132 | 15,302 | 3,872 | 7,522 | 1,428 | 4,011 | 5,944 |
| 1946.............. | 41,287 | 852 | 1,661 | 14,461 | 4,023 | 8,600 | 1,619 | 4,474 | 5,595 |
| 1947.............. | 43,462 | 943 | 1,982 | 15,290 | 4,122 | 9,196 | 1,672 | 4,783 | 5,474 |
| 1948. . . . . . . . . . . | 44,448 | 982 | 2,169 | 15,321 | 4,141 | 9,519 | 1,741 | 4,925 | 5,650 |
| 1949............. | 43,315 | 918 | 2,165 | 14, 178 | 3,949 | 9,513 | 1,765 | 4,972 | 5,856 |
| 1950. | 44,738 | 889 | 2,333 | 14,967 | 3,977 | 9,645 | 1,824 | 5,077 | 6,026 |
| 1951 | 47,347 | 916 | 2,603 | 16,104 | 4,166 | 10,012 | 1,892 | 5,264 | 6,389 |
| 1952............... | 48,303 | 885 | 2,634 | 16,334 | 4,185 | 10,281 | 1,967 | 5,411 | 6,609 |
| 1953 | 49,681 | 852 | 2,622 | 17,238 | 4,221 | 10,527 | 2,038 | 5,538 | 6,645 |
| 1954. | 48,431 | 777 | 2,593 | 15,995 | 4,009 | 10,520 | 2,122 | 5,664 | 6,751 |
| 1955. | 49,950 | 770 | 2,780 | 16,557 | 4,056 | 10,803 | 2,215 | 5,854 | 6,915 |
| 1955: July...... | 50,074 | 772 | 3,032 | 16,477 | 4,113 | 10,707 | 2,263 | 5,988 | 6,722 |
| August.... | 50,484 | 779 | 3,088 | 16,820 | 4,136 | 10,713 | 2,265 | 5,996 | 6,687 |
| September. | 50,992 | 784 | 3,094 | 16,919 | 4,148 | 10,902 | 2,248 | 5,971 | 6,926 |
| October... | 51, 125 | 778 | 3,031 | 17,006 | 4,121 | 10,990 | 2,241 | 5,915 | 7,043 |
| November. . | 51,262 | 783 | 2,921 | 17,052 | 4,139 | 11,213 | 2,238 | 5,883 | 7,033 |
| December. . | 51,996 | 783 | 2,756 | 17,027 | 4,161 | 11,849 | 2,243 | 5,853 | 7,324 |
| 1956: January... | 50,284 | 777 |  |  |  | 10,920 | 2,238 |  |  |
| February.. | 50,246 | 780 | 2,588 | 16,824 | 4,083 | 10,819 | 2,250 | 5,818 | 7,084 |
| March..... | 50,499 50,848 | 783 790 | 2,669 2,853 | 16,764 16,769 | 4,106 4,121 | 10,931 | 2,265 | 5,859 | 7,122 |
| April...... | 50,848 $* 51,197$ | 790 $* 786$ | 2,853 | 16,769 16,715 | 4,121 4,138 | 10,928 10,985 | 2,278 2,289 | 5,979 6,041 | 7,130 7,203 |
| June...... | 51,709 | 812 | 3,257 | 16,809 | 4,181 | 11,091 | 2,320 | 6,089 | 7,150 |
| July...... | 50,918 | 741 | 3,289 | 16,301 | 4,146 | 11,015 | 2,351 | 6,138 | 6,937 |

*Reviseã.

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers 1955 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| TOTAL. 1 /. | 50,918 | 51,709 | 50,074 | - | - | - |
| MINING. 1 /. | 741 | 812 | 772 | - | - | - |
| metal mining. | 81.9 | 110.5 | 93.9 | 67.8 | 94.5 | 78.6 |
| Iron mining. | 7.0 | 36.0 | 35.8 | 4.6 | 31.5 | 31.3 |
| Copper mining. | 34.7 | 34.5 | 19.3 | 29.6 | 29.3 | 14.5 |
| Lead and zinc mining | 17.6 | 17.5 | 16.9 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 14.4 |
| ANTHRACITE. $1 /$. | 31.3 | 31.5 | 32.3 | 28.3 | 28.8 | 29.1 |
| BITUMINOUS-COAL. | 181.5 | 226.0 | 216.3 | 162.6 | 206.1 | 198.0 |
| CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION. | 331.7 | 329.1 | 320.4 | - | - | - |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services).............. | - | - | - | 136.6 | 134.8 | 134.7 |
| nonmetallic mining and quarrying....... | 115.0 | 115.1 | 109.1 | 98.6 | 98.5 | 93.2 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 3,289 | 3,257 | 3,032 | - | - | - |
| nonbuilding construction. | 601 | 591 | 578 | - | - | - |
| Hightway and street..................... | 275.6 | 271.9 | 272.3 | - | - | - |
| Other nonbuilding construction........ | 325.1 | 319.2 | 305.8 | - | - | - |
| building construction. | 2,688 | 2,666 | 2,454 | - | - | - |
| general contractors. | 1,138.7 | 1,126.4 | 1,027.5 | - | - | - |
| SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS. | 1,549.3 | 1,539.6 | 1,426.3 | - | - | - |
| Plumbing and heating.. | 345.0 | 340.3 | 328.4 | - | - | - |
| Painting and decorating | 209.7 | 205.0 | 190.4 | - | - | - |
| Electrical work. | 193.6 | 187.6 | 171.6 | - | - | - |
| Other special-trade contractors....... | 801.0 | 806.7 | 735.9 | - | - | - |
| manufacturing. | 16,301 | 16,809 | 16,477 | 12,553 | 13,078 | 12,942 |
| durable goods.. | 9,291 | 9,764 | 9,507 | 7,116 | 7,602 | 7,491 |
| nondurable goods. | 7,010 | 7,045 | 6,970 | 5,437 | 5,476 | 5,451 |
| ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | 130.4 | 130.5 | 139.6 | 81.9 | 83.2 | 93.5 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS............... | 1,623.6 | 1,575.0 | 1,613.4 | 1,152.1 | 1,103.6 | 1,157.8 |
| Meat products... | 339.7 | 337.0 | 328.1 | 264.5 | 262.1 | 257.4 |
| Dairy products......................... | 123.7 | 121.7 | 125.5 | 82.6 | 81.1 | 84.9 |
| Canning and preserving................ | 267.4 | 223.2 | 268.6 | 232.5 | 188.2 | 235.4 |
| Grain-mill products.................... | 123.7 | 121.9 | 125.9 | 88.9 | 86.8 | 91.3 |
| Bakery products........................ | 290.9 | 295.2 | 289.9 | 172.5 | 174.7 | 174.2 |
| Sugar. ................................ | 28.1 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 22.6 | 22.5 | 22.0 |
| Confectionery and related products.... | 70.2 | 71.8 | 71.2 | 56.5 | 57.7 | 57.7 |
| Beverages......... | 234.8 | 229.0 | 230.7 | 131.8 | 128.6 | 132.3 |
| Miscellaneous food products.. | 145.1 | 147.2 | 146.1 | 100.2 | 101.9 | 102.6 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES..................... | 85.9 | 88.5 | 87.9 | 77.3 | 79.8 | 80.0 |
| Cigarettes. | 34.1 | 34.7 | 33.0 | 30.7 | 31.2 | 30.1 |
| Cigars.................................. | 32.6 | 34.3 | 36.5 | 30.9 | 32.6 | 34.8 |
| Tobacco and snuff...................... | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Tobacco stemming and redrying......... | 12.3 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 9.1 |

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | Juno | July |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. | 1,018.4 | 1,050.9 | 1,046.0 | 927.5 | 959.6 | 954.0 |
| Scouring and combing plants | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 |
| Yarn and thread mills.. | 218.7 | 121.8 | 127.2 | 109.4 | 112.7 | 117.7 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills | 446.1 | 459.5 | 456.5 | 419.8 | 432.3 | 429.2 |
| Narrow fabrics and smallwares | 28.4 | 29.2 | 29.6 | 24.8 | 25.5 | 25.6 |
| Knitting mills. | 217.3 | 223.5 | 214.4 | 197.3 | 203.8 | 194.0 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles. | 80.6 | 85.4 | 86.4 | 69.9 | 74.3 | 75.2 |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings | 48.1 | 51.3 | 50.7 | 39.6 | 43.2 | 42.6 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery. | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.2 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods.. | 60.4 | 61.2 | 62.2 | 50.1 | 51.0 | 52.7 |
| apparel and other finished textile PRODUCTS. | 1,147.0 | 1,180.1 | 1,139.5 | 1,019.6 | 1,049.2 | 1,013.4 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats. | 115.4 | 122.3 | 109.1 | 103.9 | 110.2 | 97.8 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing. | 301.0 | 311.4 | 300.3 | 277.5 | 286.6 | 276.5 |
| Women's outerwear.. | 335.5 | 339.8 | 333.3 | 295.5 | 299.0 | 293.1 |
| Women's, children's under garment | 119.6 | 124.6 | 114.4 | 105.8 | 110.7 | 101.9 |
| Millinery.............. | 15.9 | 13.5 | 17.5 | 13.7 | 11.5 | 15.2 |
| Children's outerwear | 69.5 | 71.9 | 71.1 | 62.4 | 64.4 | 64.5 |
| Fur goods. | 12.8 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 10.5 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessorie | 58.2 | 61.8 | 54.6 | 52.3 | 55.7 | 48.5 |
| Other fabricated textile products.. | 119.1 | 122.0 | 125.9 | 98.8 | 101.6 | 105.4 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FURNITURE).. | 760.9 | 765.0 | 776.6 | 692.7 | 696.1 | 709.5 |
| Lobgine camps and contractors | 116.7 | 117.1 | 120.8 | 109.5 | 110.0 | 114.7 |
| Sawmills and planing mills.... | 396.4 | 398.4 | 406.2 | 368.3 | 369.1 | 377.9 |
| Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products............. | 136.2 | 135.9 | 141.6 | 113.9 | 114.0 | 119.3 |
| Wooden containers... | 55.4 | 56.2 | 54.4 | 51.1 | 52.0 | 50.1 |
| Miscellaneous wood products | 56.2 | 57.4 | 53.6 | 49.9 | 51.0 | 47.5 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. | 365.1 | 370.6 | 356.8 | 304.0 |  |  |
| Household furniture... | 251.9 | 253.9 | 248.9 | 217.6 | 219.3 | $215.8$ |
| office, public-building, and professi furniture $\qquad$ | 47.6 | 48.0 | 43.6 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 35.3 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures. | 37.8 | 40.3 | 38.3 | 26.9 | 30.5 | 29.5 |
| Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furniture and fixtures............. | 27.8 | 28.4 | 26.0 | 21.1 | 22.0 | 19.9 |
| Paper and allied products.. | 565.2 | 570.6 | 548.5 | 459.0 | 465.6 | 449.7 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboards mills | 284.2 | 286.6 | 274.5 | 234.1 | 237.9 | 229.5 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes. | 148.8 | 151.2 | 144.3 | 120.7 | 123.1 | 117.8 |
| Other paper and allied products. | 132.2 | 132.8 | 129.7 | 104.2 | 104.6 | 102.4 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES. | 848.4 | 850.9 | 818.8 | 5*3.4 | 5*9.1 | 523.9 |
| Newspapers.... | 314.9 | 315.8 | 302.6 | 155.2 | 157.2 | 149.2 |
| Periodicals. | 64.0 | 64.4 | 62.7 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 25.9 |
| Books....... | 54.8 | 53.8 | 51.6 | 33.8 | 33.5 | 31.3 |
| Commercial printing | 220.9 | 221.3 | 213.5 | 178.1 | 179.7 | 173.1 |
| Lithographing.. | 61.8 | 62.5 | 60.7 | 46.2 | 47.1 | 45.7 |
| Greeting cards. | 18.7 | 19.2 | 18.8 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 14.1 |
| Bookbinding and related industries. | 46.1 | 46.4 | 42.3 | 37.0 | 37.5 | 34.1 |
| Miscellaneous publishing and printing services. | 67.2 | 67.5 | 66.6 | 51.9 | 52.2 | 50.5 |

## Industry Fmplayment

## Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 827.1 | 831.3 | 806.6 | 544.7 | 552.4 | 540.8 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals. | 110.3 | 110.7 | 105.1 | 75.2 | 76.5 | 74.3 |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 315.3 | 317.8 | 312.6 | 215.4 | 219.1 | 218.5 |
| Drugs and medicines.. | 94.6 | 94.1 | 93.0 | 55.5 | 55.5 | 56.1 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishing preparations. | 49.8 | 50.0 | 49.3 | 29.5 | 29.8 | 29.6 |
| Paints, pigments, and fillers | 75.5 | 75.3 | 75.3 | 47.2 | 47.2 | 47.9 |
| Gum and wood chemicals. | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| Fertilizers............. | 31.4 | 34.3 | 29.7 | 22.6 | 25.4 | 20.7 |
| Vegetable and animal oils and fat | 38.1 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 25.4 | 25.7 | 25.3 |
| Miscellaneous chemicals........... | 103.7 | 103.0 | 95.5 | 66.8 | 66.4 | 61.4 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL. | 255.5 | 254.7 | 257.3 | 174.0 | 174.5 | 178.2 |
| Petroleum refining. | 204.3 | 202.5 | 204.1 | 133.8 | 132.4 | 135.1 |
| Coke, other petroleum and coal products.. | 51.2 | 52.2 | 53.2 | 40.2 | 42.1 | 43.1 |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS. | 267.6 | 269.3 | 271.2 | 207.3 | 208.5 | 213.5 |
| Tires and inner tube | 117.5 | 118.6 | 118.4 | 89.2 | 90.1 | 91.3 |
| Rubber footwear. | 23.5 | 23.9 | 21.8 | 18.9 | 19.4 | 17.4 |
| Other rubber products | 126.6 | 126.8 | 131.0 | 99.2 | 99.0 | 104.8 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS.. | 371.1 | 373.7 | 380.9 | 332.4 | 333.6 | 340.1 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished... | 43.5 | 44.2 | 44.6 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 40.1 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing... | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings..... | 17.2 | 17.6 | 17.3 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 15.5 |
| Footwear (except rubber). | 240.9 | 243.4 | 249.0 | 217.5 | 219.0 | 224.1 |
| Luģage..................................... | 16.4 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.8 |
| Handbags and small leather goods......... | 29.9 | 28.7 | 30.2 | 26.4 | 25.0 | 26.5 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods... | 18.7 | 18.8 | 17.7 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 15.4 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS........... | 566.9 | 577.2 | 551.2 | 472.9 | 484.2 | 462.9 |
| Flat glass.......... | 32.7 | 33.5 | 33.1 | 29.0 | 29.7 | 29.6 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown.... | 92.4 | 98.2 | 91.3 | 77.6 | 83.2 | 77.1 |
| Glass products made of purchased glass... | 16.8 | 17.2 | 16.4 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 13.9 |
| Cement, hydraulic...... | 43.9 | 44.0 | 43.4 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 36.4 |
| Structural clay products. | 88.7 | 90.0 | 84.4 | 79.3 | 80.6 | 75.5 |
| Pottery and related products | 53.7 | 55.1 | 51.3 | 47.2 | 48.4 | 45.4 |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products... | 123.0 | 123.0 | 115.6 | 100.5 | 101.4 | 95.1 |
| Cut-stone and stone products............. | 20.9 | 21.1 | 20.2 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 17.7 |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products. | 94.8 | 95.1 | 95.5 | 70.1 | 70.9 | 72.2 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES.................. | 957.4 | 1,334.1 | 1,287.2 | 754.3 | 1,117.7 | 1,084.4 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills. | 299.2 | 663.2 | 652.5 | 213.4 | 563.8 | 559.2 |
| Iron and steel foundries......... | 231.7 | 233.4 | 229.8 | 201.6 | 202.8 | 201.3 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals. | 70.9 | 69.0 | 55.1 | 57.1 | 55.6 | 42.9 |
| Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals............................ | 13.3 | 13.3 | 11.7 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 8.6 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals. | 116.6 | 119.5 | 113.2 | 91.3 | 94.8 | 90.0 |
| Nonferrous foundries. | 73.7 | 74.5 | 74.9 | 60.5 | 60.9 | 61.9 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal industries... | 152.0 | 161.2 | 150.0 | 120.6 | 130.0 | 120.5 |

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT) $\qquad$ Tin cans and other tinware............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,061.5 | 1,098.1 | 1,095.9 | 834.7 | 870.4 | 878.7 |
|  | 60.6 | 60.6 | 62.3 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 54.9 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware........ | 137.8 | 143.7 | 149.7 | 109.3 | 114.7 | 121.9 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies.............................. | 117.9 | 122.2 | 121.2 | 91.1 | 94.5 | 94.4 |
| Fabricated structural metal products.... | 301.1 | 309.1 | 283.8 | 223.0 | 232.8 | 213.5 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving... | 218.2 | 226.0 | 236.7 | 177.1 | 184.5 | 197.2 |
| Lighting fixtures....... | 44.8 | 44.3 | 48.2 | 35.5 | 34.7 | 38.4 |
| Fabricated wire products. | 55.2 | 58.3 | 58.7 | 44.9 | 47.8 | 48.6 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products.. | 125.9 | 133.9 | 135.3 | 100.4 | 108.0 | 109.8 |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL). | 1,717.7 | 1,730.7 | 1,588.5 | 1,259.4 | 1,278.2 | 1,170.7 |
| Engines and turbines......... | 82.2 | 77.3 | 75.2 | 58.7 | 55.6 | 53.9 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractor | 141.8 | 146.7 | 157.9 | 100.7 | 106.3 | 117.4 |
| Construction and mining machinery. | 155.3 | 157.7 | 134.1 | 113.1 | 116.1 | 97.1 |
| Metalworking machinery. | 286.3 | 289.3 | 264.6 | 219.3 | 222.2 | 201.8 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworkins machinery) | 194.2 | 194.8 | 179.3 | 137.5 | 138.3 | 126.8 |
| General industrial machinery. | 269.6 | 266.9 | 238.6 | 180.6 | 179.4 | 159.4 |
| Office and store machines and devices.. | 129.6 | 127.8 | 109.0 | 97.6 | 96.5 | 84.3 |
| Service-industry and household machines. | 188.7 | 198.8 | 180.8 | 142.2 | 152.9 | 136.5 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts. | 270.0 | 271.4 | 249.0 | 209.7 | 210.9 | 193.5 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY. | 1,195.1 | 1,200.3 | 1,104.3 | 853.7 | 866.4 | 797.5 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.. | 417.6 | 418.6 | 381.7 | 295.1 | 300.1 | 265.5 |
| Electrical appliances.. | 51.2 | 51.8 | 44.6 | 40.3 | 41.0 | 35.6 |
| Insulated wire and cable | 23.0 | 23.4 | 21.3 | 18.1 | 18.7 | 16.8 |
| Electrical equipment for vehicle | 66.4 | 67.8 | 77.8 | 51.8 | 52.9 | 63.0 |
| Electric lamps. | 32.3 | 32.1 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 28.3 | 24.7 |
| Communication equipment. | 554.5 | 555.1 | 501.4 | 383.1 | 387.2 | 355.2 |
| Miscellaneous electrical products | 50.1 | 51.5 | 49.1 | 36.7 | 38.2 | 36.7 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT. | 1,722.2 | 1,729.8 | 1,814.3 | 1,252.8 | 1,268.5 | 1,388.2 |
| Automotiles. | 716.8 | 732.2 | 895.9 | 563.3 | 574.2 | 739.5 |
| Aircraft and parts | 803.7 | 790.4 | 729.6 | 522.9 | 522.5 | 492.8 |
| Aircraft. | 514.7 | 504.7 | 470.7 | 330.9 | 332.1 | 318.6 |
| Aircraft engines and parts. | 163.0 | 162.4 | 142.2 | 101.7 | 102.1 | 90.0 |
| Aircraft propellers and parts | 16.0 | 15.6 | 13.1 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 8.8 |
| Other aircraft parts and equipment | 110.0 | 107.7 | 103.6 | 79.7 | 77.7 | 75.4 |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 131.7 | 134.7 | 125.6 | 113.1 | 116.0 | 108.4 |
| Shipbuilding and repairing. | 109.8 | 110.9 | 102.5 | 94.0 | 95.4 | 88.3 |
| Boatbuilding and repairing. | 21.9 | 23.8 | 23.1 | 19.1 | 20.6 | 20.1 |
| Railroad equipment.. | 60.1 | 62.2 | 54.2 | 45.3 | 47.3 | 40.1 |
| Other transportation equipment | 9.9 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 7.4 |
| instruments and related products.. | 335.9 | 336.3 | 322.0 | 227.8 | 231.1 | 223.2 |
| Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments. | 67.4 | 66.1 | 58.0 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 34.0 |
| Mechanical measuring and controlling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| instruments.. | 83.8 | 83.7 | 81.9 | 57.8 | 58.3 | 57.6 |
| Optical instruments and lenses........... | 13.7 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.7 |
| Surgical, medical, and dental instruments | 42.4 | 42.9 | 40.6 | 29.4 | 29.9 | 28.0 |
| Ophthalmic goods. | 28.1 | 28.5 | 25.6 | 22.2 | 22.6 | 20.3 |
| Photographic apparat | 67.1 | 66.7 | 66.5 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 43.7 |
| Watches and clocks........................ | 33.4 | 34.5 | 35.5 | 26.9 | 27.9 | 28.9 |

## Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries... | 477.9 | 491.1 | 470.6 | 382.2 | 395.2 | 382.2 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware.... | 47.8 | 49.8 | 48.7 | 38.1 | 39.4 | 38.7 |
| Musical instruments and parts........... | 18.1 | 18.7 | 17.5 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 14.8 |
| Toys and sporting goods.. | 93.3 | 96.4 | 88.5 | 78.2 | 81.8 | 74.6 |
| Pens, pencils, other office supplies.... | 31.1 | 31.6 | 30.4 | 23.1 | 23.5 | 22.4 |
| Costume jewelry, buttons, notions....... | 59.9 | 61.3 | 61.7 | 48.3 | 49.0 | 50.8 |
| Prabricated plastics products............. | 82.6 | 83.8 | 77.9 | 64.8 | 66.8 | 62.8 |
| Other manufacturing industries.......... | 145.1 | 149.5 | 145.9 | 114.2 | 118.8 | 118.1 |
| transportation and public utilities........ | 4,146 | 4,281 | 4,113 | - | - | - |
| transportation. | 2,717 | 2,776 | 2,745 | - | - | - |
| Interstate rallroads. | 1,172.9 | 1,222.5 | 1,240.6 | - | - | - |
| Class I rallroads. | 1,032.9 | 1,074.8 | 1,091.4 | - | - | - |
| Local railways and bus lines............. | 109.2 | 109.7 | 110.9 | - | - | - . |
| Trucking and warehousing................. | 789.1 | 791.1 | 756.9 | - | - | - |
| Other transportation and services........ | 645.5 | 652.5 | 637.0 | - | - | - |
| Bus lines, except local.................. | 45.4 | 44.5 | 45.8 | - | - | - |
| Air transportation (common carrier)..... | 130.8 | 129.4 | 116.2 | - | - | - - |
| сомmйication............................... | 820 | 805 | 771 | - | - | - |
| Telephone. ............................... | 776.6 | 761.4 | 727.4 | - | - | - |
| Telegraph................................. | 42.8 | 42.6 | 42.8 | - | - | - |
| other public utilities...................... | 609 | 600 | 597 | - | - | - |
| Gas and electric utilities................ | 585.3 | 576.8 | 573.1 | - | - | - |
| Electric light and power utilities...... | 258.7 | 255.4 | 254.5 | - | - | - |
| Gas utilities.... | 149.2 | 147.6 | 144.4 | - | - | - |
| Electric light and gas utilities combined. | 177.4 | 173.8 | 174.2 | - | - | - |
| Local utilities, not elsewhere classified. $\qquad$ | 23.5 | 23.3 | 23.4 | - | - | - |
| Wholesale and retail trade.................. | 11,015 | 11,091 | 10,707 | - | - | - |
| wholesale trade.............................. | 2,970 | 2,955 | 2,859 | - | - | - |
| Wholesalers, full-service and limitedfunction. | 1,736.7 | 1,725.1 | 1,668.9 | - | - | - |
| Automotive............................... | 116.4 | 115.3 | 113.6 | - | - | - |
| Groceries, food specialties, beer, wines, and liquors. | 304.3 | 301.8 | 298.1 | - | - | - |
| Electrical goods, machinery, hardware, and plumbing equipment. | 462.8 | 460.6 | 436.3 | - | - | - |
| Other full-service and limited-function wholesalers. | 853.2 | 847.4 | 820.9 | - | - |  |
| Wholesale distributors, other............. | 1,233.7 | 1,229.8 | 1,189.9 | - | - | - |
| retail trade.. | 8,045 | 8,136 | 7,848 | - | - | - |
| General merchandise stores................ | 1,345.7 | 1,381.6 | 1,330.5 | - | - | - |
| Department stores and general mall-order houses. $\qquad$ | 883.4 | 902.5 | 852.7 | - | .. | _ |
| Other general merchandise stores......... | 462.3 | 479.1 | 477.8 | - | - | - |
| Food and 11 quor stores.................... | 1,575.7 | 1,578.2 | 1,492.6 | - | - | - |
| Grocery, meat, and vegetable markets.... | 1,102.4 | 1,103.8 | 1,035.2 | - | - | - |
| Dairy-product stores and dealers......... | 242.7 | 240.4 | 236.7 | - | - | - |
| Other food and liquor stores............. | 230.6 | 234.0 | 220.7 | - | - | - |
| Automotive and accessories dealers....... | 801.6 | 801.3 | 812.1 | - | - | - |
| Apparel and accessories stores........... | 546.9 | 585.1 | 545.3 | - | - | - |
| Other retall trade......................... | 3,775.3 | 3,789.5 | 3,667.6 | - | - | - |
| Furniture and appliance stores.......... | 381.3 | 383.0 | 378.9 | - | - | - |
| prus stores................................ | 340.6 | 340.7 | 328.0 | - | - | - |

## 1'n:

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 |  |  |  |
|  | July | June | July |  |  |  |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE....... | 2,351 | 2,320 | 2,263 | - | - | - |
| Banks and trust companies............... | 591.9 | 580.0 | 560.7 | - | - | - |
| Security dealers and exchanges.......... | 84.6 | 83.4 | 79.4 | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers and agents........... | 835.2 | 822.7 | 803.6 | - | - | - |
| Other finance agencies and real estate.. | 839.2 | 833.8 | 819.2 | $-$ | - | - |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS.. | 6,138 | 6,089 | 5,988 | - | - | - |
| Hotels and lodging places................ | 582.3 | 520.6 | 581.4 | - | - | - |
| Personal services: <br> Laundries. | 340.4 | 339.3 |  | - | - | - |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants.............. | 167.7 | 173.4 | 164.1 | - | - | - |
| Motion pictures.......................... | 230.4 | 229.1 | 239.1 | - | - | - |
| GOVERMMENT.. | 6,937 | 7,150 | 6,722 | - | - | - |
| federal. | 2,208 | 2,193 | 2,187 | - | - | - |
| state and local. | 4,729 | 4,957 | 4,535 | - | - | - |

1/May 1956 revised data are: Total 51,197; Mining 786; Anthracite all employees 26.5, and production workers 24.2.

Table A-3: Indexes of production-worker employment and weekly payrolls in manufacturing

| Year | Production-worker employment |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Production-worker } \\ \text { payroll index } \\ (1947-46=100) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Year and month | Production-worker employment |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Production-worker } \\ \text { payroll index } \\ (1947-49=100) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number <br> (in thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Number <br> (in thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939.... | 8,192 | 66.2 | 29.9 | 1955 |  |  |  |
| 1940.... | 8,811 | 71.2 | 34.0 | July... | 12,942 | 104.6 | 150.9 |
| 1941.... | 10,877 | 87.9 | 49.3 | Aug.... | 13,264 | 107.2 | 154.6 |
| 1942.... | 12,854 | 103.9 | 72.2 | Sept. . . | 13,365 | 108.1 | 158.6 |
| 1943.... | 15,014 | 121.4 | 99.0 | Oct.... | 13,440 | 108.7 | 161.1 |
| 1944.... | 14,607 | 118.1 | 102.8 | Nor. . . . | 13,487 | 109.0 | 163.8 |
| 1945... . | 12,864 | 104.0 | 87.8 | Dec.... | 13,451 | 108.7 | 163.7 |
| 1946.... | 12,105 | 97.9 | 81.2 |  |  |  |  |
| 1947.... | 12,795 | 103.4 | 97.7 | 1956 |  |  |  |
| 1948. . . | 12,715 | 102.8 | 105.1 | Jan. . . | 13,260 | 107.2 | 159.1 |
| 1949.... | 11,597 | 93.8 | 97.2 | Feb.... | 13, 212 | 106.8 | 157.7 |
| 1950.... | 12,317 | 99.6 | 111.7 | Mar. . . . | 13,125 | 106.1 | 157.9 |
| 1951.... | 13,155 | 106.4 | 129.8 | Apr.... | 13,114 | 106.0 | 158.2 |
| 1952.... | 13,144 | 106.3 | 136.6 | May . . . | 13,036 | 105.4 | 157.3 |
| 1953.... | 13,833 | 111.8 | 151.4 | June... | 13,078 | 105.7 | 158.2 |
| 1954.... | 12,589 13,053 | 101.8 105.5 | 137.7 152.5 |  | 12,553 | 101.5 | 151.1 |
| 1955.... | 13,053 | 105.5 | 152.5 | July... | 12,55 | 101.5 | 151.1 |

## Shipyards

Table A-4: Employees in Government and private shipyards, by region
(In thousands)

| Region 1/ | 1956 |  | 1955 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | July |
| ALL REGIONS............................................................ . | 211.0 | 211.8 | 210.3 |
| Private yards...................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 109.8 | 110.9 | 102.5 |
| navy yards......................................................... | 101.2 | 100.9 | 107.8 |
| NORTH ATLANTIC. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 87.9 | 87.7 | 88.2 |
| Private yards............................................ | 43.6 | 43.6 | 40.8 |
|  | 44.3 | 44.1 | 47.4 |
| SONTH ATLANTIC................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 36.7 | 36.5 | 36.7 |
| Private yards | 16.9 | 16.7 | 15.9 |
| Navy yards................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 19.8 | 19.8 |  |
| GULF: |  |  |  |
| Private yards................................................... | 24.5 | 24.7 | 23.2 |
| PACIFIC..................................................... | 51.5 | 52.5 |  |
|  | 14.4 | 15.5 | $13.4$ |
| Navy yards. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 37.1 | 37.0 | 39.6 |
| GREAT LAKES: <br> Private yards. | 4.8 | 4.8 | 3.9 |
| IMLAND: |  |  |  |
| Private yards............................................. | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.3 |

1/ The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Athantic in the following States: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia.

The Gulf region includes all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in the following states: Alabama, Florida, Loulsiana, Mississippi, and Texas.

The Pacific region includes all yards in California, Oregon, and Washington.
The Great Lakes resion includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in the following states: Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

The Inland region includes all other yards.
2/ Data Include Curtis Bay Coast Guard Yard.

Table A-5: Government civilian employment and Federal military personnel

| Unit of Government | July 1956 | June 1956 | July 1955 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYMENT $1 /$. | 6,937 | 7,150 | 6,722 |
|  | 2,208 | 2,193 | 2,187 |
| Executive. | 2,182.0 | 2,166.6 | 2,161.3 |
| Department of Defense......................... | 1,046.2 | 1,040.2 | 1,036.4 |
| Post office Department.............................. Other agencies. | 510.1 625.6 | 506.1 620.3 | 510.6 614.3 |
| Legislative. | 21.9 | 22.1 | 22.6 |
| Judicial............................................. | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| district of columbia $3 / \ldots .$. ......................... | 233.6 | 232.7 | 232.4 |
| Executive........................................... | 212.7 | 211.7 | 21.9 |
| Department of Defense......................... | 90.1 | 89.8 | 91.1 |
| Post office Department........................ | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Other agencies.. | 114.1 | 113.3 | 112.3 |
| Legislative. | 20.2 | 20.3 | 19.8 |
| Judicial. | . 7 | - 7 | - 7 |
| State and local employment.............................. . | 4,729 | 4,957 | 4,535 |
| State. |  |  | 1,174.1 |
| Local. | 3,486.2 | 3,665.4 | 3,360.7 |
| Education. | 1,863.5 | 2,125.3 |  |
| Other. | 2,865.4 | 2,831.2 | $2,755.1$ |
|  | 2,840 | 2,835 | 2,969 |
| Army. . | 1,027.3 | 1,025.8 | 1,120.5 |
| Air forc | 999.5 | 920.0 | 956.1 |
| Navy....... | 674.0 | 669.9 | 659.9 |
| Marine Corps. | 200.6 | 200.8 | 203.7 |
| Coast Guard............................................ | 28.7 | 28.4 | 28.7 |
| ```1/ Data refer to Continental United States only.``` |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 3/ Includes all Federal civilian employment in Washingto adjacent Maryland and Virginia counties). |  |  |  |

Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State


See footnoter at end of table.

## Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

| State | Manuracturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retall trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19\%6 |  | 1985 | 1986 |  | 1965 | 1986 |  | 3985 |
|  | July | Sman | T117 | Ju15 | Jume | July | Jul\% | Juma | July |
| Alabama. | 223.9 | 228.4 | 235.6 | 48.9 | 49.1 | 49.8 | 143.6 | 143.8 | 140.0 |
| Arizona. | 35.9 | 35.7 | 31.4 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 55.0 | 55.3 | 54.2 |
| Arkansas | 88.5 | 88.5 | 85.0 | 28.3 | 28.2 | 29.2 | 75.4 | 75.8 | 74.9 |
| California | 1,156.6 | 1,140.6 | 1,099.1 | 362.3 | 356.9 | 339.1 | 957.8 | 952.3 | 909.3 |
| Colorado. | 63.0 | 70.5 | 67.1 | 46.3 | 46.0 | 45.7 | 119.7 | 117.2 | 116.8 |
| Connecticut | 426.7 | 432.7 | 409.1 | 44.1 | 43.9 | 37.3 | 151.1 | 152.7 | 144.4 |
| Delaware | 56.9 | 59.1 | 59.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| District of Columb | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 26.5 | 87.9 | 88.2 | 87.9 |
| Florida. | 131.7 | 136.4 | 126.9 | 84.2 | 83.6 | 79.4 | 272.2 | 278.8 | 260.9 |
| Georgia | 329.1 | 331.5 | 329.8 | 73.8 | 73.9 | 71.4 | 207.8 | 208.6 | 199.0 |
| Idaho. | 29.3 | 27.9 | 26.9 | 15.8 | 15.6 | 15.9 | 35.7 | 35.3 | 34.4 |
| Illinois | 1,241.4 | 1,283.0 | 1,245.9 | 310.8 | 312.0 | 310.5 | 713.3 | 720.6 | 715.2 |
| Indiand | 540.9 | 602.0 | 613.6 | 103.2 | 105.2 | 102.5 | 288.7 | 289.8 | 284.7 |
| Iowe. | 166.2 | 166.6 | 164.9 | 58.4 | 58.1 | 59.6 | 176.2 | 177.3 | 174.6 |
| Kanaas. 3/. | 123.8 | 123.6 | 124.7 | 65.1 | 64.9 | 66.6 | 133.6 | 133.7 | 132.6 |
| Kentueky | 158.4 | 164.2 | 160.6 | 57.0 | 56.3 | 56.7 | 129.2 | 128.4 | 127.4 |
| Louisians | 147.5 | 146.6 | 150.2 | 83.5 | 83.3 | 84.2 | 168.9 | 167.9 | 166.5 |
| Maine. | 111.9 | 112.4 | 113.3 | 21.8 | 21.4 | 20.5 | 56.3 | 55.5 | 56.3 |
| Maryland. | 248.9 | 272.8 | 263.3 | 73.4 | 76.1 | 72.7 | 171.0 | 171.5 | 169.0 |
| Massachuset | 677.6 | 695.9 | 669.4 | 118.8 | 118.5 | 113.4 | 377.5 | 381.4 | 373.7 |
| Michigan. | 987.1 | 1,019.9 | 1,139.4 | 153.5 | 153.1 | 150.3 | 465.3 | 473.6 | 470.9 |
| Minnesota | 221.7 | 218.8 | 214.0 | 88.7 | 92.9 | 91.6 | 220.3 | 218.4 | 218.0 |
| Miseiseipp | 103.6 | 103.1 | 104.3 | 24.5 | 24.2 | 25.0 | 84.6 | 84.4 | 84.7 |
| Missouri | 382.7 | 385.6 | 382.1 | 127.4 | 127.8 | 127.7 | 315.8 | 317.8 | 318.2 |
| Montana | 22.0 | 21.4 | 21.6 | 22.4 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.6 |
|  | 58.4 | 58.2 | 58.7 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 43.2 | 96.6 | 96.8 | 96.5 |
| Nevada. . 3. | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 19.2 |
| Hev Hamphire | 81.0 | 82.5 | 81.1 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 20.9 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 33.4 |
| New Jersey | 798.2 | 804.8 | 790.8 | 150.9 | 152.8 | 148.5 | 344.6 | 343.7 | 341.4 |
| New Mexico. | 19.2 | 19.1 | 17.8 | 20.1 | 19.9 | 19.0 | 42.9 | 42.6 | 41.4 |
| New York | 1,820.9 | 1,883.1 | 1,864.9 | 493.9 | 496.8 | 492.3 | 1,294.2 | 1,309.1 | 1,281.3 |
| North Carolina | 450.6 | 453.9 | 445.2 | 61.7 | 61.9 | 59.8 | 206.1 | 206.1 | 204.8 |
| North Dakota. | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 37.2 | 37.0 | 37.3 |
| Ohio. | 1,250.2 | 1,350.9 | 1,342.2 | 225.2 | 228.4 | 222.0 | 607.9 | 605.5 | 600.3 |
| Oklahoma | 89.6 | 90.1 | 89.6 | 50.9 | 31.3 | 50.8 | 135.4 | 136.1 | 137.0 |
| Oregon....... | 158.3 | 159.5 | 156.0 | 49.4 | 48.8 | 48.0 | 112.5 | 112.4 | 110.9 |
| Pennaylvania. | 1,324.0 | 1,493.4 | 1,457.9 | 303.3 | 317.8 | 316.9 | 691.5 | 698.1 | 683.2 |
| Rhode Island. | 127.0 | 129.1 | 125.0 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 14.6 | 54.9 | 56.0 | 53.7 |
| South Cerolina | 222.2 | 227.0 | 225.7 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 25.0 | 100.8 | 100.8 | 99.1 |
| South Dakot | 12.6 | 12.6 | 11.9 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 38.1 | 38.5 | 39.6 |
| Tennesse | 293.1 | 292.0 | 293.2 | 59.9 | 59.5 | 59.2 | 196.8 | 196.2 | 191.2 |
| Texas. | 464.8 | 473.6 | 446.8 | 228.1 | 227.5 | 226.1 | 642.3 | 639.5 | 618.4 |
| Utah. | 33.3 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 23.3 | 23.1 | 23.5 | 55.8 | 55.6 | 53.2 |
| Vermont. | 37.6 | 38.7 | 36.1 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 20.1 |
| Virginia. | 250.3 | 251.8 | 246.7 | 89.3 | 88.8 | 84.8 | 214.2 | 214.2 | 203.8 |
| Washington... | 213.9 | 211.5 | 210.7 | 69.6 | 69.0 | 65.7 | 177.5 | 176.3 | 175.4 |
| West Virginia.. | 123.0 | 132.4 | 127.3 | 51.2 | 52.2 | 50.2 | 85.9 | 86.5 | 85.5 |
| Wisconsin. | 468.5 | 458.3 | 468.9 | 78.9 | 78.4 | 78.4 | 238.3 | 240.0 | 238.5 |
| Wyoming.......... | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 20.5 | 19.8 | 20.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

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Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

| State | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and niscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| Alabana. | 25.6 | 25.4 | 24.6 | 62.2 | 62.1 | 61.9 | 127.6 | 128.9 | 121.9 |
| Arizone. | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 28.4 | 28.5 | 26.6 | 47.3 | 48.1 | 41.3 |
| Arkaneas | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 35.3 | 35.5 | 34.6 | 57.5 | 59.8 | 56.1 |
| California | 202.9 | 200.6 | 186.7 | 550.1 | 547.9 | 522.0 | 682.0 | 700.7 | 651.2 |
| Colorado. | 20.5 | 20.5 | 19.3 | 64.1 | 61.5 | 60.5 | 83.5 | 85.2 | 81.2 |
| Connectic | 47.6 | 46.8 | 45.6 | 93.2 | 92.4 | 90.8 | 82.1 | 81.5 | 81.2 |
| Delavare | - | - |  |  | - | - | 14.6 | 14.9 | 13.6 |
| District of Columbia | 25.2 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 66.7 | 67.3 | 66.4 | 256.5 | 254.5 | 253.7 |
| Florida............ | 49.8 | 49.5 | 47.3 | 139.4 | 138.4 | 129.4 | 160.7 | 168.9 | 146.2 |
| Georgia. | 37.7 | 37.6 | 35.5 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 90.2 | 150.4 | 150.8 | 139.7 |
| Idaho... | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 16.6 | 25.8 | 26.7 | 25.0 |
| Illinoi | 178.2 | 176.4 | 175.3 | 399.2 | 401.6 | 385.7 | 333.5 | 346.4 | 326.7 |
| Indiena | 50.4 | 49.8 | 48.5 | 107.2 | 107.9 | 106.0 | 149.3 | 153.5 | 147.0 |
| Iowa. | 30.2 | 30.1 | 29.1 | 74.6 | 75.5 | 72.1 | 98.7 | 102.6 | 95.5 |
| Kansas 3/. | 20.2 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 58.2 | 58.7 | 57.1 | 91.8 | 94.4 | 86.1 |
| Kentucky. | 19.5 | 19.4 | 18.9 | 67.5 | 67.6 | 65.0 | 96.0 | 98.5 | 92.9 |
| Louisiana | 26.1 | 25.9 | 24.8 | 81.4 | 80.7 | 78.7 | 115.7 | 119.0 | 110.2 |
| Maine.... | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 30.1 | 29.6 | 30.1 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 40.3 |
| Maryland 4\%. | 40.6 | 40.9 | 38.6 | 96.8 | 96.4 | 92.5 | 117.1 | 121.3 | 116.9 |
| Massachusett | 93.4 | 91.3 | 90.4 | 226.3 | 224.2 | 224.6 | 228.8 | 231.0 | 224.2 |
| Michigan.. | 76.9 | 75.7 | 72.8 | 226.5 | 226.7 | 217.6 | 246.6 | 254.9 | 239.2 |
| Minnesota. | 42.8 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 102.5 | 102.6 | 102.3 | 133.5 | 135.9 | 129.9 |
| M1saiesippi | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 72.1 | 72.1 | 68.9 |
| Missouri | 64.1 | 63.7 | 64.5 | 155.5 | 156.6 | 151.5 | 152.5 | 156.3 | 148.3 |
| Montana. | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 21.6 | 21.3 | 21.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 30.4 |
| Nebraska. | 20.3 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 44.9 | 45.8 | 44.6 | 65.9 | 67.6 | 65.0 |
| Nevada 3/. | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 24.0 | 22.9 | 25.1 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 13.7 |
| New Hampshire | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 22.5 | 20.6 | 23.7 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 19.4 |
| New Joraey | 80.2 | 78.8 | 79.4 | 201.3 | 198.9 | 192.6 | 196.3 | 199.4 |  |
| New Mexico | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 22.5 | 46.5 | 47.4 | 44.1 |
| New York. | 443.8 | 439.6 | 433.6 | 848.0 | 835.0 | 837.1 | 733.1 | 741.7 | 711.5 |
| North Carolin | 33.8 | 33.5 | 31.8 | 92.9 | 93.0 | 92.5 | 129.1 | 133.1 | 129.9 |
| North Dakota | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 25.9 | 26.5 | 25.4 |
| Ohio.. | 105.5 | 103.7 | 103.5 | 301.9 | 302.1 | 291.1 | 334.5 | 342.5 |  |
| Oklahoma. | 22.9 | 22.8 | 21.8 | 62.1 | 61.6 | 60.8 | 116.0 | 118.8 | 114.5 |
| Oregon..... | 18.0 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 58.4 | 58.2 | 55.6 | 72.3 | 74.3 | 70.1 |
| Pennaylvania. | 138.6 | 236.8 | 134.2 | 412.2 | 411.7 | 396.6 | 385.3 | 394.5 | 380.1 |
| Rhode Island. | 12.9 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 29.4 | 29.5 | 28.9 | 35.4 | 35.2 | 35.1 |
| South Carolina | 14.6 | 14.7 | 13.8 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 79.3 | 79.5 | 76.8 |
| South Dako | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 29.5 | 30.9 | 29.0 |
| Tennesae | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.5 | 94.3 | 94.3 | 93.8 | 126.7 | 129.7 | 123.0 |
| Texas. | 111.1 | 110.7 | 105.9 | 283.8 | 282.1 | 276.5 | 344.4 | 353.3 | 328.4 |
| Utah. | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 26.5 | 26.2 | 25.4 | 51.7 | 52.7 | 50.2 |
| Vermont.....) |  |  | 3.3 | 14.3 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 15.4 |
| Virginia 4/. | 44.3 | 44.2 | 41.6 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 97.8 | 162.7 | 166.2 | 160.3 |
| Washington... | 34.7 | 34.8 | 34.2 | 89.1 | 87.3 | 87.4 | 148.5 | 150.3 | 141.7 |
| West Virginis | 12.1 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 42.5 | 58.8 | 61.3 | 56.8 |
| Wisconsin. | 41.1 2.2 | 40.4 2.2 | 39.3 | 118.2 | 116.2 | 114.8 | 127.6 | 131.1 | 123.5 |
| Hyoming. | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 16.7 |

1/ Mining combined with construction. 2/ Hining ocmbined with service. 3/Revised series; not strictly couparable With previously published data. 4/ Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia portione of Waahington, D. C., Netropolitan area included in datia for Dietrict of Columbia.

## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division

See footnotes at end of table.

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## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establistments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

[^1]
## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments. for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

| Area and industry division | Hupber of employeen |  |  | Ares and industrydivieion | Number of employee: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | Juy | June | Juny |  | $\mathrm{Jug}^{3}$ | June | July |
| aromata |  |  |  | Evanaville - Continued |  |  |  |
| Atienta |  |  |  | Manufacturing............ | 30.1 | 29.4 | 34.4 |
| Fotal..................... | 327.9 | 329.3 | 319.4 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Contruct construction... | 21.2 | 21.8 | 19.7 | Trade..................... | 14.7 | 14.8 | 15.0 |
| Nanufacturing............ | 85.9 | 87.0 | 88.0 | Finance................... | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 34.6 | 34.6 | 33.0 | Service 4/............... | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.2 |
| Trade..................... | 86.0 | 86.2 | 82.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance................... | 23.0 | 23.0 | 22.0 | Fort Wayne |  |  |  |
| Service 1/............... | 40.7 | 40.1 | 38.9 | Tbtal..................... | 80.3 | 80.9 3.4 | 79.9 |
| Oovernment............... | 36.5 | 36.6 | 34.9 | Contract construction... | 3.6 36.9 | 3.4 37.6 | 3.1 37.4 |
| Savannah |  |  |  | Trans. and pub, util.... | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Tbtal.................... | 53.5 | 54.2 | 51.6 | Trade...................... | 17.5 | 17.6 | 17.3 |
| Contract construction. | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.4 | Finance.................. | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Mmufacturing............ | 14.4 | 14.8 | 14.2 | Service 5/............... | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| Trans. and pub, util.... | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Trade..................... | 13.1 | 13.2 | 12.6 | Indianapolis |  |  |  |
| Finance................... | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | Total..................... | 288.4 | 291.0 | 288.9 |
| Service 1/................ | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | Contract construction... | 14.5 | 14.0 | 14.7 |
| Oovermment................ | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.3 | Nanufacturing............ | 109.1 | 109.3 | 108.7 |
|  |  |  |  | Trans. and pub, util.... | 21.9 | 23.3 | 22.4 |
| IDABO |  |  |  | Trade..................... | 64.0 | 64.2 | 64.4 |
| Boise |  |  |  | Finance | 17.4 | 17.3 | 17.2 |
| Total..................... | 21.6 | 21.2 | 20.4 | Serrvice 4/................ | 61.5 | 62.9 | 61.5 |
| Contract construction... | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Mnufacturing............ | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub, util.... | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | South Bond |  |  |  |
| Trade..................... | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.3 | Total.................... | 79.7 | 81.0 | 84.3 |
| Frnance................... | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | Contract construction... | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| Service................... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 | Nanufacturing............ | 38.8 | 39.6 | 43.0 |
| Covermment. .............. | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | Trans. and pub, util.... | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
|  |  |  |  | Trade...................... | 15.4 | 15.3 | 15.5 |
|  |  |  |  | Finance..................... | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Indmois |  |  |  | Service 5/................ | 13.6 | 14.2 | 13.3 |
| Chicago | 2,514.0 | 2,611.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hining...................... | 3.8 | 2,611.8 | $3.6$ | IONA |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 138.7 | 138.3 | 124.4 | Des Moines |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing............ | 941.9 | 1,027.3 | 989.1 | Total....... | 97.8 | 98.3 | 95.8 |
| Trans. and pub, util.... | 224.9 | 228.1 | 227.0 | Contrect construction... | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.6 |
| Trade...................... | 527.1 | 531.1 | 525.9 | Manufacturing........... | 23.5 | 23.4 | 22.7 |
| Finance................... | 148.6 | 147.4 | 144.8 | Trans, and pub, util.... | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| 8ervice................... | 309.2 | 310.5 | 302.6 | Trade. | 26.1 | 26.3 | 26.0 |
| Coverment. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 219.9 | 225.3 | 216.2 | Finance. | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.2 |
|  |  |  |  | Service 1/................ | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| Rockford |  |  |  | Goverrment................ | 11.4 | 11.4 | 11.0 |
| Tbtal...................... |  | 75.2 | 71.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction $1 /$ | (3/) | 4.6 | 4.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Nanufacturing............ | (3/) | 43.4 | 41.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | (3/) | 2.7 | 2.7 | Kansas |  |  |  |
| Trade..................... | (3/) | 11.2 | 10.8 2.5 | Topeka |  |  |  |
| France....................... | (3/) | 2.5 6.6 | 2.5 6.7 | Hetining........................ | 48.8 .2 | 48.4 .2 | 47.4 .2 |
| Service....................... | (3/) | 6.6 | 6.7 3.6 | Contract construction... | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| Goverrment................. | (3/) | 4.2 |  | Nanufantuming............ | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 |
| Indiama |  |  |  | trans. and pub, util.... | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
| Evenevilie |  |  |  | Trade...................... | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.5 |
| Total.................... | 70.3 | 69.5 | 75.0 | Finance................... | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Mining.-.................... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | Service.................... | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Contract construction... | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.4 | Coverment................ | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.0 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Area Employment

## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

| Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -1956 |  | 1955 |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July |  | July | June | July |
|  | 123.4 | 122.8 | 121.0 | Portland |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total. | 55.3 | 54.9 | 53.5 |
| $\frac{\text { Wichita }}{\text { Total. }}$ |  |  |  | Contract construction. | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| Mining. | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | Manufacturing. | 14.3 | 14.5 | 13.1 |
| Contract construction | 7.9 | 7.8 | 8.6 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.1 |
| Manufacturing. | 52.0 | 51.6 | 50.3 | Trade. | 14.9 | 14.9 | 15.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util | $\begin{array}{r} 7.6 \\ 26.0 \end{array}$ | 7.6 | 7.5 | Finance... | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| Trade................ |  | 26.0 | 26.4 | Service 1/. | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.3 |
| Finance. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | Govermment . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Service. | 12.4 | 12.3 | 11.9 | MARYLARD |  |  |  |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 11.3 | 11.5 | 10.0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total... | 564.7 | 595.9 | 568.9 |
| TENTUCKY |  |  |  | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Loulsville |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 45.4 | 47.1 | 43.3 |
| Total.... | 246.2 | 245.7 | 238.4 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . | 182.8 | 207.0 | 195.4 |
| Contract construction | 14.4 | 14.2 | 15.0 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 55.4 | 57.2 | 54.7 |
| Manufacturing... | 98.7 | 98.5 | 93.0 | Trade... | 111.4 | 112.5 | 111.4 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 23.2 | 23.1 | 22.3 | Finance | 30.3 | 30.7 | 29.4 |
| Trade... | 53.0 | 52.8 | 52.1 | Service | 65.3 | 65.0 | 62.9 |
| Finance... | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 | Goverment . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 13.3 | 75.6 | 71.0 |
| Service 1/. | 24.7 | 24.6 | 23.8 | Gorermeat |  |  |  |
| Government. | 22.2 | 22.5 | 22.3 | MASSACHUSEHTS |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOUISIANA |  |  |  | Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 978.2 | 987.3 | 950.1 |
| Baton Rouge |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 58.5 | 57.2 | 51.2 |
| Total...... | 62.8 | 62.2 | 60.3 | Manufacturing. | 283.3 | 288.2 | 274.7 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 4 | 6.4 | . 4 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 79.2 | 79.0 | 76.5 |
| Contract construction | 6.9 | 6.6 | 5.5 | Trade. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 222.4 | 227.5 | 218.3 |
| Manufacturing......... | $\begin{array}{r} 19.3 \\ 4.2 \end{array}$ | 19.2 | 19.6 | Finance. . ................. | 68.2 | 66.9 | 66.5 |
| Trans. and pub. util. |  | 4.212.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.0 \\ 12.4 \end{array}$ | Service 1/................ | 132.8 | 133.6 | 130.6 |
| Trade. . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r} 4.2 \\ 12.6 \end{array}$ |  |  | Govermment. . . . . . . . . . . . | 133.8 | 134.9 | 132.3 |
| Finance.. | $\begin{array}{r} 2.1 \\ 6.0 \\ 11.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.1 \\ 6.0 \\ 11.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.1 \\ 5.7 \\ 10.7 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Service................ |  |  |  | Fall River |  |  |  |
| Govermnent. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | Total........ . . . . . . . . . . | 45.5 | $46.8$ | $42.7$ |
|  |  |  | $10.7$ | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 25.7 | 26.7 2.8 | 23.1 |
| Hew Orleans | $11.3$ | $11.3$ |  | Trade. | 7.6 | 7.9 | 7.6 |
| Total..... | 269.0 | 267.6 | 269.7 | Govermment | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Mining. . . . . . | 5.5 | 5.5 | $5.9$ | Other nonmanufacturing.. | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Contract construction | 14.3 | 13.3 | $17.4$ | Nen Redford |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing. | $51.0$ | 50.8 | 50.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util | $46.6$ | 46.2 | 44.9 | Total. . ................. . . . . | 48.5 | 49.9 | 47.8 |
| Trade................. | 68.7 | 68.7 | 67.8 | Contract construction... Manufacturing............. | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Finance. | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.3 |  | 25.7 | 27.0 | 25.5 |
| Service................ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 38.4 \\ & 31.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.3 \\ & 32.6 \end{aligned}$ | Trans. and pub. util.... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Government . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | Trade. . . . .................. Govermment. Other nonmanufacturing. | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| MAINE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total......... | 28.6 | 28.8 | 28.5 | Total.............. | 153.6 | 155.7 | 153.6 |
| Contract construction | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | Contract construction... | 6.9 | 6.9 | 5.9 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.1 | Menufacturing. . . . . . . . . . | 66.3 | 67.6 | 67.7 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | $1.1$ | 1.1 | 1.1 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.6 |
| Trade.................. | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | Trade. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 30.9 | 31.2 | 30.3 |
| Finance.... | $\begin{array}{r} .8 \\ 3.7 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .8 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 1.1 \end{aligned}$ | . 7 | Finance................... | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.7 |
| Service 1/. |  |  | 3.7 | Service 1/............... | 15.0 | 15.4 | 15.2 |
| Government. |  |  | 1.1 | Government.... . . . . . . . . . | 18.4 | 18.7 | 19.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Ar: faraberment

Table A-7: Emplovees in nonagricultural establishments,
for selected areas, by industry division - Continued


Arca lmphyinent

## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

| Area and induetry division | Number of esployees |  |  | Area and industry division | Ihuber of explovees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976 |  | 1955 |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June. | July |  | su1\% | Juna | July |
| livaba |  |  |  | Imenton |  |  |  |
| 2ano |  |  |  | Thtal...................... | 98. 5 | 95.9 | 93.6 |
| 20tal. ....................... | 27.1 | 26.5 | 26.3 | Mning.................... | . 1 | .1 | . 1 |
| Contract construction... | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | Contrect construction... | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| Nanufacturing 1/......... | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | Manufacturing............. | 37.9 | 41.6 | 40.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.7 |
| Trade........................ | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.3 | Trade........................ | 15.2 | 15.4 | 15.6 |
| Finance.................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | Finance.................... | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Survice..................... | 7.9 | 7.2 | $7 \cdot 5$ | Bervice.................... | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.3 |
| Covernment................. | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | Covermment. | 15.3 | 15.0 | 15.1 |
| LIN EAMPPGIMES |  |  |  | N-W MEXICO |  |  |  |
| Nonchenter |  |  |  | Alburuergue |  |  |  |
| 20tal. ..... | 4.1 .3 | 41.3 | 40.7 | H6tal.e.t.e................. | 61.2 | 61.2 | 58.9 |
| Contract construction. . . | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 | Contract construction... | 5.5 | 5.4 | 6.3 |
| Manufacturing............. | 18.6 | 18.9 | 19.3 | Nanufacturing............ | 10.5 | 10.4 | 9.8 |
| Frens. and pub. util.... | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| trade...................... | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.6 | Trude....................... | 15.4 | 25.4 | 15.2 |
| Pinance................... | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | Finance..................... | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Service..................... | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | Service 1/................. | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.5 |
| Govermment................. | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | Government................. | 18.6 | 12.7 | 11.1 |
| TEN JWRSET |  |  |  | LW Y Yink |  |  |  |
| $\text { Fowark-Jersoy city } 3 / 7 /$ |  |  |  | Albany-Schenectady-Troy |  |  |  |
| Tbtal.......................... | 820.4 | 838.6 | 80h. 9 | lotal....................... | 207.2 | 209.7 | 20608 |
| zuning..................... | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | Contreat construction... | 8.0 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Contract construction... | 31.7 | 31.2 | 31.7 | Mmufacturing............. | 75.2 | 78.2 | 75.0 |
| Nanufacturing............. | 360.4 | 365.6 | 363.9 | Trans. and prb. util.... | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 86.3 | 87.7 | 84.4 | Trade....................... | 39.8 | 40.1 | 39.3 |
| Trade...................... | 140.1 | 142.8 | 140.7 | Finance..................... | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.2 |
| Finance..... | 47.3 | 46.9 | 46.8 | Service I/.................. | 22.5 | 2 E .3 | 29.2 |
| Serrice.. | 83.4 | 83.3 | 80.9 | Coverrment................. | 38.1 | 38.2 | 38.5 |
| Covermment................. | 79.0 | 80.9 | 76.3 | Binghamton |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Thtal...................... | 78.0 | 77.4 | 76.8 |
|  |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Paterson 7 |  |  |  | Manufacturing............. | 41.5 | 41.1 | 40.4 |
| Thtel. | 380.5 | 379.0 | 366.3 | Trans. and pub, util.... | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Mining...................... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.7 | Trade...................... | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.9 |
| Contract construction... | 27.4 | 26.4 | 22.8 | France....e.............. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| Manutacturing............. | 177.4 | 176.8 | 17.2 | Service 1/................. | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 82.0 | 22.1 | 20.9 | Coverment.e............... | 7.4 | 7.6 | 7.0 |
| Trade... | 62.8 | 63.4 | 62.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance ..................... | 12.8 | 12.4 | 12.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Serrice.................... | 37.6 | 37.4 | 35.2 | Burfalo |  |  |  |
| Govermment................. | 38.4 | 38.4 | 38.8 | Thtal.......................... |  | 453.1 | 445.9 |
|  |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 84.0 | 23.4 | 23.2 |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacturing............. | 180.6 | 206.5 | 203.9 |
|  |  |  |  | Trans. and pub, util.... | 36.0 | 37.7 | 37.1 |
| Perth Amboy 7/ |  |  |  | Trade....................... | 86.1 | 86.8 | 85.6 |
| Intal...................... | 257.9 | 158.6 | 145.3 | Finance..................... | 14.1 | 13.9 | 14.1 |
| Mining...................... | . 8 | . 7 | . 6 | Sarrice 1/.................. | 46.3 | 46.8 | 46.2 |
| Contruct construction... | 8.7 | 7.9 | 6.9 | Covermment................. | 37.8 | 38.0 | 35.7 |
| Manufactuxing. . . . . ........ | 84.1 | 84.9 | 75.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Trang. and pub. util.... | 9.4 | 9.3 | 8.7 | Kimire |  |  |  |
| Trade....................... | 21.7 | 22.0 | 21.6 | Thtal. . . . .................... | 34.2 | 34.3 | 33.6 |
| Finance..................... | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | Yanufacturing. . . . . . . . . . . | 17.3 | 17.6 | 17.1 |
| Serrice..................... | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.4 | Trade. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Covermment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 20.7 | 21.3 | 19.9 | Other nomanufacturing.. | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.1 |

sea footnotes at end of table.

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

| Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | $\frac{1955}{\text { JuTY }}$ |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June |  |  | July | June | July |
| NIEW YORK - Continued |  |  |  | Utica-Rome - Continued |  |  |  |
| Nassau and Suffolk |  |  |  | Trade................... | 16.1 | 15.8 | 16.0 |
| Counties 7/ |  |  |  | Finance................... | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Tbtal.................... | 328.6 | 323.6 | 316.2 | Service 1/............... | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.9 |
| Contract construction. | 31.8 | 31.4 | 32.8 | Government............... | 20.2 | 19.6 | 18.5 |
| Manufacturing......... | 97.1 | 96.1 | 95.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans, and pub. util.... | 20.9 | 20.7 | 21.1 | Westchester County 7/ |  |  |  |
| Trade. . | 70.8 | 69.0 | 66.6 | Total............. | 190.2 | 191.1 | 186.3 |
| Finance. | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.5 | Contract co | 17.0 | 16.9 | 18.3 |
| Service 1/.. | 46.8 | 45.2 | 43.4 | Manufacturing............ | 47.8 | 47.7 | 49.1 |
| Government................ | 50.7 | 50.8 | 46.4 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 14.1 | 14.4 | 13.4 |
|  |  |  |  | Trade... | 44.0 | 46.3 | 43.1 |
| New York-Kortheastern |  |  |  | Finance. | 11.4 | 11.0 | 9.9 |
| Rew Jersey |  |  |  | Service 1/.............. | 33.0 | 31.3 | 30.7 |
| Frotal.................... | 5,372.6 | 5,420.2 | 5,330.9 | Goverment............... | 22.9 | 23.5 | 21.8 |
| Mining................... | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 266.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 237.9 $1,670.4$ | 1,695.6 | 1,691.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing............ | 1,670.4 | $1,696.6$ 479.0 | $\begin{array}{r}1,691.8 \\ \hline 14.4\end{array}$ | NORTIC CAROITNA |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 1,144.3 | 1,162.0 | 1,138.3 | Charlotte | 86.7 | 86.7 | 83.7 |
| Finsnce. | 444.3 | 440.2 | 435.2 | Contract construction.. | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| Service..... | 781.4 | 782.1 | 763.0 | Manufacturing............ | 22.4 | 22.7 | 21.7 |
| Goverrment................ | 611.6 | 618.7 | 595.4 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.6 |
|  |  |  |  | Trade.................... | 25.9 | 25.9 | 25.3 |
| New York City 7/ |  |  |  | Finance................... | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| Tbtal.................... | 3,457.0 | 3,501.7 | 3,463.2 | Service 1/............... | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.5 |
| Mining.................... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | Government............... | 6.6 | 6.5 | 5.9 |
| Contract construction... | 118.6 | 118.9 | 111.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing............ | 892.5 | 914.1 | 925.6 | Greensboro-High Point |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 321.8 | 323.3 | 323.3 | Manufacturing........... | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.1 |
| Trade................. | 801.2 | 815.0 | 800.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance..................... | 358.6 | 355.9 | 352.3 | Winston-Salem |  |  |  |
| Service.............. | 568.9 393.6 | 575.4 397.4 | 561.8 386.1 | Manufacturing............ | 34.0 | 34.3 | 32.1 |
| Coverment................ | 393.6 | 397.4 | 386.1 | NORTH DAKOTA |  |  |  |
| Rochester |  |  |  | Fargo |  |  |  |
| Trital.................... | 221.4 | 220.2 | 218.7 | Tbtal. | 21.6 | 21.5 | 20.9 |
| Contract construction... | 11.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | Contract construction... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Manufacturing............ | 112.6 | 111.8 | 111.9 | Manufacturing............ | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 10.1 | 9.9 | 10.0 | Trans. and pub, util.... | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Trade..................... | 38.3 | 38.7 | 38.1 | Trade..................... | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| Finance................... | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | Finance. | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Service 1/.............. | 23.3 | 23.4 | 22.3 | Service 1/................ | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| Government................ | 19.0 | 18.7 | 18.5 | Government............... | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| Syraouse |  |  |  | OHIO |  |  |  |
| Total..................... | 143.8 | 147.2 | 138.5 | Akron |  |  |  |
| Contract constructi | 8.1 | 7.6 | 6.7 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . | 92.7 | 92.8 | 90.6 |
| Manufacturing............ | 57.0 | 60.5 | 54.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans, and pub. util.... | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.8 | $\frac{\text { Canton }}{\text { Menufacturing }}$. . . . |  |  |  |
| Trade.... | 31.0 | 31.6 | 30.7 | Menufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 50.9 | 64.7 | 61.4 |
| Finance....... | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Service 1/............... | 16.0 | 16.1 | 15.9 | Cincinnati |  |  |  |
| Qoverment................ | 14.3 | 14.2 | 13.3 | Manufacturing............ | 163.0 | 163.1 | 160.7 |
| Utica-Rome |  |  |  | Cleveland |  |  |  |
| Total..................... | 102.0 | 201.0 | 95.3 | Manufacturing........... | 294.4 | 313.3 | 313.3 |
| Contract construction... | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing............ | 43.4 | 44.2 | 40.4 | Columbus |  |  |  |
| Trans, and pub. util.... | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.0 | Manufacturing............ | 77.5 | 78.6 | 74.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-7: Employees in nonagriculfural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued


## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

| Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | $\frac{1955}{\mathrm{Julr}}$ |  | Number of |  | $\frac{1955}{\mathrm{July}}$ |
|  | July | June |  |  | July | June |  |
| SOUTH DAKOTA <br> SLoux Falls | 24.9 | 24.8 | 24.7 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Contract conatruction... | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.8 |
| Total..... |  |  |  | Manufacturing........... | 18.3 | 17.9 | 17.5 |
| Contract constructio | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 13.0 | 13.2 | 13.0 |
| Manufacturing. . . . | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | Trade... | 34.0 | 34.2 | 32.5 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | Finance | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Trade..... | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.2 | Service | 15.3 | 15.3 | 15.0 |
| Finance | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | Government | 14.3 | 15.2 | 13.9 |
| Service 1/ | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Government. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | VERMOMT |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Burlington }}{\text { Total..... }}$ | 17.2 | 16.8 | 16.5 |
| THNNESSEET Chattanooga |  |  |  | Manufacturing............. | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Total..... | 93.3 | 93.4 | 94.7 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Mining....... | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | Trade................... | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| Contract construction. | 3.7 | 3.5 | 5.1 | Service.................. | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing........ | 43.9 | 44.4 | 44.9 | Other nonmanufacturing.. | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Trans, and pub, util.. | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Trade............... | 18.2 | 18.1 | 17.8 | $\frac{\text { Springrield }}{\text { Total.................. }}$ |  |  |  |
| Finance............ | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | Total.................... | 88.6 | 88.6 | 12.7 7.8 |
| Service.. | 9.4 8.4 | 9.4 8.4 | 9.4 8.2 | Manufacturingo......... Trans. and pub. util... | 8.6 | 8.6 | . 6 |
| Government |  |  |  | Trade...... | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Knoxville |  |  |  | Service................. | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Total... | 116.6 | 116.1 | 115.8 | Other nonmanufacturing.. | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Mining..... | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction. | 6.5 | 6.1 | 9.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing......... | 46.2 7.4 | 46.1 | 44.4 7.1 | Norfolk-Port amouth |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util. Trade................ | 7.4 25.6 | 7.5 25.5 | 7.1 23.5 | $\frac{\text { Nortolk-Portamouth }}{\text { Total. . ................ }}$ | 157.5 | 157.9 | 151.8 |
| Trade................ | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | Mining. .................. | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Service.. | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.3 | Contract construction... | 12.4 | 12.3 | 11.2 |
| Government. | 15.4 | 15.4 | 16.1 | Manufacturing........... | 15.5 | 15.6 | 15.7 |
| Govormont. |  |  |  | Trans. and pub. util.... | 17.7 | 17.8 | 17.3 |
| Mernhis |  |  |  | Trade.................... | 41.2 | 41.2 | 37.4 |
| Total.. | 185.8 | 184.5 | 179.4 | Finance.................. | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Mining................ | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | Service. | 17.8 | 17.8 | 16.8 |
| Contract construction | 11.7 | 11.8 | 12.0 | Gover | 45.7 | 46.1 | 46.7 |
| Manufacturing....... | 47.7 | 47.5 | 45.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans, and pub. uti | 16.6 | 16.3 53.4 | 15.7 | $\frac{\text { R1chmond }}{\text { Total.. }}$ | 158.8 | 159.7 | 151.7 |
| Trade.. | 54.0 8.3 | 53.4 8.2 | 52.1 8.0 | Mining. | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Finance... | 8.3 | 8.2 24.0 | 8.0 23.4 | Contract construction... | 13.0 | 13.0 | 11.5 |
| Service. | 24.0 23.1 | 24.0 23.0 | 23.4 22.6 | Manufacturing. | 38.6 | 38.7 | 37.6 |
| Government |  |  |  | Trans. and pub. util.... | 15.9 | 15.9 | 15.5 |
| Kashville |  |  |  | Trade. | 39.7 | 39.8 | 37.5 |
| Total... | 229.9 | 130.4 | 130.1 | Finance.................. | 12.9 | 12.8 | 12.6 |
| Mining.. | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | Service.................. | 17.7 |  |  |
| Contract construction. | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.8 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 20.7 | 21.4 | 19.5 |
| Manufacturing. ...... | 36.7 | 36.8 | 38.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.4 | WASHINGTON |  |  |  |
| Trade... | 30.6 | 30.6 | 29.5 | Seattle |  |  |  |
| Finance. | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.2 | Total................... | 307.4 | 306.0 | 299.0 |
| Service. | 19.3 | 19.2 | 19.0 | Contract construction... | 16.2 | 15.7 | 15.7 |
| Government | 14.9 | 15.1 | 14.9 | Manufacturing........... | 88.1 | 87.1 | 83.6 |
|  |  |  |  | Trans . and pub. util.... | 28.9 | 28.5 | 28.3 |
| UTAH |  |  |  | Trade.. | 74.5 | 74.0 | 73.6 |
| Salt Lake City |  |  |  | Finance................... | 19.2 | 19.0 | 18.7 |
| Total......... | 119.5 | 120.3 | 122.1 | Service 1/............... | 38.2 | 37.8 | 37.8 |
| Mining. ............. | 7.6 | 7.5 | 3.1 | Government............... | 42.3 | 43.9 | 41.3 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Ares \{mployment

## Table A-7: Emplovees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued



1/ Includes mining.
$\frac{2}{3} /$ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
3/ Not available.
4/ Includes government.
5/ Includes mining and government.
6/ Includes mining and finance.
I/ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

Table B-h Monthly labor turnover rates in manufacturing, by class of turnover


Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries
(Per 100 employees)

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { accession } \\ \text { rate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Separation rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Misc, incl. } \\ & \text { military } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { June } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | 3:3 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| durable goods. | 3.3 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 3 | $\cdot 3$ | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 |
| nondurable goods. | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 4 |
| FOOd AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. | 4.5 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 | $\cdot 3$ | - 3 | 2.3 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Meat products. | 4.7 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 2 | . 3 | 2.2 | 1.6 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Grain-mill produc | 3.5 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 3 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Bakery products.......................... | 3.8 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 2.5 | . 4 | . 4 | 1.3 | . 4 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Beverages: Malt liquors | 4.4 | 8.6 | 5.3 | 3.0 | . 5 | . 7 | . 2 | . 2 | 4.4 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES. | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 9 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Cigarettes. | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Cigars. | 2.6 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 1.6 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.9 | . 1 | (1/) |
| Tobacco and snuf | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 2 | . 5 | . 2 | . 4 | . 6 |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Yarn and thread mills. | 3.1 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills. | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Cotton, silk, synthetic | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | . 2 | - 3 | . 9 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Woolen and worsted. | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | . 4 | . 3 | 2.0 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Knitting mills. | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | .1 | . 1 |
| Full-fashioned hosier | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 1 | . 5 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Seamless hosiery. |  | 3.4 |  | 5.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | (1/) | . 1 |
| Knit underwear........................... | (2/) | 3.8 | (2/) | 4.0 | (2/) | 2.1 | (2/) | . 1 | (2/) | 1.7 | ( ${ }^{2} /{ }^{2}$ | . 1 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles............. | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 6.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings 3/. | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | ( $2 /$ ) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 8 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats........ | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 6 | . 4 | . 3 | . 1 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 2.6 | 2.3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 6 | 1.7 | . 1 | . 1 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE). | 5.4 | 6.9 |  | 5.1 |  |  | 4 | . 5 | 1.2 | 1.3 | $\cdot 1$ |  |
| Logsing camps and contractors........... | (2/) | 13.0 | (2/) | 7.9 | (2.9) | 6.2 | (2/) | . 7 | (2) | 1.3 .7 | (3) | . 3 |
| Sawmills and planing mills............ | 5.0 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | $\cdot 5$ | . 4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | $\cdot 1$ | . 2 |
| Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products. | 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 2.1 | . 3 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 1 | . 1 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.3 |  | 2.0 | 1.7 |  |  |  | - 7 | - 3 | . 2 |
| Household furniture. | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.7 | . 4 | . 3 | . 6 | . 7 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Other furniture and fixtur | 4.6 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 3 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| PAPER AMD ALLIED PRODUCTS. | 2.3 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mil | 1.9 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 9 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes | 2.8 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 2.4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 8 | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 8 | . 9 | . 2 | . 1 | . 4 | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Industrial inorǵanic chemicals | 1.6 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | . 8 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Industrial organic chemicals. | 1.5 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 6 | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1}$ | . 3 | . 5 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Synthetic fibers. | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | . 4 | . 4 | (1/) | (1/) | . 5 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Drugs and medicines.. | 1.7 | 2.9 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.9 | . 7 | 1.2 | $\stackrel{-1}{ }$ | $\stackrel{-1}{ }$ | . 2 | . 3 | .1 | . 2 |
| Paints, pigments, and fillers | 2.3 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | . 9 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 |

[^2]Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries-Continued

| Industry | Trotalaccession <br> rate |  | Separation rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Misc.in incI. } \\ \text { military } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 1.5 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Petroleum refin | 1.0 | 2.6 | . 6 | $\cdot 7$ | . 3 | . 3 | (1/) | (1/) | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS. | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 1.1 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 2 | . 5 | 1.9 | . 2 | - 3 |
| Tires and inner tub | 1.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 2 | . 1 | .1 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Rubber footwear | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.8 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.1 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Other rubber product | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.0 | 2.3 | . 1 | . 2 |
| leather and leather products. | 4.2 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 8 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished.. | 2.1 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 1 | . 3 | 2.7 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Footwear (except rubber)................. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 2.7 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Glass and glass products | 3.9 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 2 | . 1 | . 7 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Cement, hydraulic. | 1.7 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 7 | . 7 | . 2 | . 3 | (1/) | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Structural clay products | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Pottery and related products | 3.6 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES. | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 |
|  | 1.1 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 9 | . 1 | . 2 | . 6 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Iron and steel foundries................. | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | .3 | . 4 | 1.6 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Gray-iron foundries.. | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 4 | 1.1 | 1.6 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Malleable-iron foundrie | 2.1 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 5 | 4.2 | 1.9 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Steel foundries. | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | :4 | . 5 | . 7 | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals: <br> Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc.. | 3.1 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 | . 3 | $\cdot 3$ | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals: <br> Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper. | . 8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 3.6 | . 5 | . 6 | . 1 | . 2 | . 7 | 2.6 | . 4 |  |
| Nonferrous foundries............. | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | . 4 | . 4 | 1.9 | 2.4 | . 3 | . 4 |
| Other primary metal industries: <br> Iron and steel forgings........ | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.0 | 1.6 | . 1 | - 3 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDMANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRAMSPORTATIOH EQUIPMENT). | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardwar | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 2 | .3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | $\stackrel{3}{ } \cdot 3$ | . 2 |
| Cutlery and edge tools. | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.4 | 1.1 | (1/) | . 2 |
| Hand tools | 1.8 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 3.5 | . 8 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | 1.6 | $\stackrel{1}{.}$ | . 2 |
| Hardware................................. | 2.3 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | . 4 | . 2 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies. | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies... | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 | 3.0 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classifled. | 3.5 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Fabricated structural metal products.... | 3.2 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 4 | . 4 | 1.8 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.. | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | . 4 | . 5 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-2: Monthly labor furnover rates in selected industries-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { accession } \\ & \text { rate } \end{aligned}$ |  | Separation rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Misc., incl. } \\ \text { military } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{July} \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}\right.$ | July $1956$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { July } \\ 1956 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL) | 2.4 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Engines and turbines | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 8 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Agricultural machinery and trac | (2/) | 3.7 | (2/) | 5.9 | (2/) | 1.3 | (2/) | . 3 | (2/) | 3.7 | (2/) | . 6 |
| Construction and mining machiner | 2.3 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 | - 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 | $\cdot 3$ | . 2 |
| Metalworking machinery | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | .4 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Machine tools......................... | 1.9 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | .1 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Metalworking machinery (except machine tools) $\qquad$ | 1.6 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 2.0 | $\cdot 9$ | 1.2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Machine-tool accessories................. | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 6 | 1.3 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery). | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 |
| General industrial machinery............. | 2.4 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 6 | . 2 | . 3 |
| office and store machines and devi | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Service-industry and household machine | 3.5 | 3.1 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 3 | 5.3 | 3.5 | . 4 | . 3 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts. | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 9 | . 8 | . 2 | . 3 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHIMERY. | 3.0 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 3 | . 8 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.. | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 | 7 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Communication equipment.................. | (2/) | 5.1 | (2/) | 3.5 | (2/) | 2.3 | (2/) | . 4 | (2/) | . 6 | (2/) | . 2 |
| Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment. | 4.6 | 6.2 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 2.3 | . 3 | . 4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment. | (2/) | 4.2 | (2/) | 2.3 | (2/) | 1.7 | (2/) | . 3 | (2/) | . 1 | (2/) | . 2 |
| Electrical appliances, lamps, and miscel laneous products. | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 3 |
| TRAMSPORTATION EQUIPMEI | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Automobiles. | 4.3 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 1 | . 1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Aircraft and | 3.2 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Aircraft.... | 3.4 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 1 | . 1 | .$^{1}$ | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Aircraft engines and parts | 2.7 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 |  |  |  | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Aircraft propellers and parts.... | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | ( $2 /$ ) | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) |
| Other alrcraft parts and equipment. | 3.8 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 |  | - 5 |  | . 7 |  |  |
| Ship and boat bullding and repairing | (2/) | 13.7 | (2/) | 10.6 | (2/) | 2.9 | ( $2 /$ ) | . 6 | (2/) | 6.7 | (2/) | . 4 |
| Railroad equipment.... $4 / 4$, ....... | (2/) | 4.2 | (2/) | 6.8 | (2/) | . 8 | (2/) | . 2 | (2/2) | 5.3 | (2/) | . 5 |
| Locomotives and parts5. | (2/) | 4.3 | (2/) | 4.4 | (2/) | . 6 | (2/) | . 3 | (2/) | 2.6 | (2/) | . 9 |
| Railroad and street cars. | (2/) | 4.1 | (2/) | 8.4 | (2/) | . 9 | (2/) | . 2 | (2/) | 7.0 | (2/) | . 3 |
| Other transportation equipmen | 6.6 | 5.2 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 2.6 | . 3 | . 7 | $\ldots$ | . 2 | $\stackrel{-1}{ }$ | . 2 |
| I MSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS. | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 2. | . 4 | . 7 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Photographic apparatus. | 3.3 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | $\cdot 7$ | . 8 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Watches and clocks....................... Professional and scientific instruments. | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & (2 /) \end{aligned}$ | 3.2 | (2) ${ }^{1.9}$ | 4.7 (2) | (2) ${ }^{9}$ | 1.3 $(2 /)$ | (2) ${ }^{1}$ | (2/) | (2/) | 2.9 | (3) | (2) |
| Professional and scientific instruments.. |  |  |  |  | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2/) | (2) | (2/) | (2/) |
| MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES. | 3.6 | 5.4 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | . 3 | . 4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware. | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 3 | . 2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { accession } \\ \text { rate } \end{gathered}$ |  | Separation rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Misc. }{ }^{\text {incl }} \\ \text { mllitary } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| NOMMANUFACTURING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| metal mining. | 2.9 | 5.6 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| Iron mining. | . 5 | 3.6 | . 5 | . 9 | . 3 | . 6 | (1/) | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | . 1 | . 2 |
| Copper mining. | 2.4 | 6.0 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 3.3 | $\stackrel{-}{2}$ | . 4 | (1/) | . 1 | 1.0 | . 3 |
| Lead and zinc mining. | 3.1 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 3.1 | . 9 | 2.3 | . 3 | . 4 | $\stackrel{-3}{ }$ | . 4 | . 2 | . 1 |
| anthracite mining. | 1.7 | . 8 | 2.5 | 1.4 | . 7 | . 8 | . 1 | (1/) | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 |
| BITUMIMOUS-COAL MIMING. | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.2 | . 7 | . 4 | . 1 | (1/) | . 7 | .7 | . 1 | . 2 |
| COMAUNICATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 1 |
| Telephone. ${ }^{\text {Telegraph. }}$ | (2/) | 3.9 3.0 | (2/) | 2.0 1.8 | ( $\frac{2}{2} /{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1.7 1.2 | (2/) | .1 | (2) ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 2 | (2/) | . 3 |

1/ Less than 0.05 .
2) Not available.

3 / May 1956 data are: $2.0,5.5,1.5,0.4,3.5$, and 0.2 respectively.
4/ May 1956 data are: $4.3,4.6,0.7,0.2,3.0$, and 0.7 respectively.
5/ May 1956 data are: $3.6,6.3,0.5,0.2,4.4$, and 1.3 reapectively.
Data relate to domestic employess except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis.

## Hours and fammes

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average weekly } \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averaǵe hourly } \\ \text { earnings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| MINING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| metal mining. | \$96.22 | \$97.36 | \$91.46 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 41.2 | \$2.28 | \$2.28 | \$2.22 |
| Iron mining. | 85.75 | 98.23 | 94.24 | 35.0 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 2.45 | 2.39 | 2.35 |
| Copper mining. | 100.54 | 100.32 | 94.81 | 42.6 | 44.0 | 42.9 | 2.36 | 2.28 | 2.21 |
| Lead and zinc minin | 90.09 | 88.17 | 82.01 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 40.6 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.02 |
| ANTHRACITE..* | 92.62 | 88.63 | 86.27 | 35.9 | 33.7 | 35.5 | 2.58 | 2.63 | 2.43 |
| BITUMINOUS-COAL. | 101.03 | 107.82 | 95.50 | 35.7 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 2.83 | 2.83 | 2.50 |
| CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural-sas prcduction (except contract services).......... | 106.01 | 99.60 | 96.29 | 42.9 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 2.53 | 2.49 | 2.36 |
| NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING. | 87.82 | 88.59 | 83.99 | 45.5 | 45.9 | 45.4 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.85 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 103.09 | 103.25 | 98.68 | 37.9 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.59 |
| nonbuilding construction | 104.83 | 104.90 | 99.36 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.36 |
| Highway and stre | 102.93 | 102.49 | 97.22 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.4 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.24 |
| Other nonbuilding construc | 106.37 | 106.75 | 101.18 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 2.62 | 2.61 | 2.48 |
| building construction. | 102.95 | 103.42 | 98.95 | 36.9 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 2.79 | 2.78 | 2.66 |
| GENERAL CONTRACTORS. | 96.26 | 96.42 | 92.00 | 36.6 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.50 |
| SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS. | 107.88 | 108.38 | 103.60 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.77 |
| Plumbing and heating. | 113.58 | 113.00 | 108.39 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.3 | 2.95 | 2.92 | 2.83 |
| Painting and decoratin | 100.61 | 101.24 | 97.02 | 35.3 | 35.9 | 35.8 | 2.85 | 2.82 | 2.71 |
| Electrical work. | 124.03 | 124.66 | 118.31 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 3.14 | 3.14 | 2.98 |
| Other special-trade co | 104.23 | 104.80 | 100.64 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 37.0 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.72 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 78.80 | 79.19 | 76.36 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.89 |
| durable goods. | 84.04 | 85.27 | 82.21 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 2.07 | 2.09 | 2.01 |
| nonourable goods | 71.53 | 70.95 | 68.06 | 39.3 | $39: 2$ | 39.8 | 1.8? | 1.81 | 1.71 |
| ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | 91.30 | 91.52 | 82.62 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 40.3 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.05 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. | 76.26 | 76.22 | 72.07 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.9 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.72 |
| Meat products... | 86.32 | 86.94 | 80.48 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 1.93 |
| Meat packing, wholesale | 89.23 | 90.07 | 82.98 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 2.15 | 2.16 | 1.99 |
| Sausages and casings | 86.72 | 88.37 | 81.98 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 1.92 |
| Dairy products..... | 75.78 | 75.86 | 75.26 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 44.8 | 1.75 | 1.74 | 1.68 |
| Condensed and evaporated | 77.26 | 78.82 | 77.39 | 44.4 | 45.3 | 46.9 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.65 |
| Ice cream and ices. | 79.06 | 78.87 | 78.50 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 44.6 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1.76 |
| Canning and preserving. | 60.45 | 60.06 | 54.79 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 1.57 | 1.54 | 1.38 |
| Sea jood, canned and cured. | 51.02 | 49.59 | 45.90 | 31.3 | 32.2 | 30.6 | 1.63 | 1.54 | 1.50 |
| Canned fruits, vegetables, and soup | 62.88 | 62.88 | 56.58 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 41.3 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.37 |
| Grain-mill products... | 81.40 | 79.79 | 79.98 | 44.0 | 43.6 | 45.7 | 1.85 | 1.83 | 1.75 |
| Flour and other grain-mill product | 82.80 | 82.40 | 85.46 | 42.9 | 43.6 | 45.7 | 1.93 | 1.89 | 1.87 |
| Prepared feeds. | 79.28 | 77.33 | 77.10 | 45.3 | 44.7 | 47.3 | 1.75 | 1.73 | 1.63 |
| Bakery products. | 74.07 | 74.03 | 70.79 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.71 |
| Bread and other bakery prod | 76.07 | 76.04 | 72.98 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.7 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.75 |
| Biscuits, crackers, and pretzels. | 66.17 | 65.84 | 62.87 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 1.65 | 1.65 | 1.56 |

## Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average houriy earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar................. | \$83.95 | \$81.14 | \$84.29 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 44.6 | \$1.98 | \$1.96 | \$1.89 |
| Cane-sugar refining | 90.90 | 87.35 | 93.80 | 43.7 | 42.2 | 46.9 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.00 |
| Beet sugar | 79.54 | 76.33 | 74.40 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.86 |
| Confectionery and related | 61.54 | 61.86 | 57.48 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.47 |
| Confectione | 59.67 | 60.13 | 54.00 | 39.0 | 39.3 | 38.3 | 1.53 | 1.53 | 1.41 |
| Beverages | 89.84 | 87.72 | 87.35 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 42.2 | 2.17 | 2.15 | 2.07 |
| Bottled soft | 68.00 | 66.14 | 69.13 | 42.5 | 41.6 | 44.6 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.55 |
| Malt liquors. | 109.98 | 106.34 | 104.67 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 2.65 | 2.60 | 2.51 |
| Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors. | 82.08 | 79.66 | 77.77 | 38.9 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 2.02 |
| Miscellaneous food produ | 72.34 | 72.21 | 69.17 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 42.7 | 1.76 | 1.74 | 1.62 |
| Corn sirup, sugar, oil, | 82.21 | 85.49 | 85.17 | 40.1 | 41.7 | 42.8 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 1.99 |
| Manufactured ice. | 70.94 | 71.84 | 68.73 | 44.9 | 44.9 | 47.4 | 1.58 | 1.60 | 1.45 |
| tobacco manufactures. | 57.90 | 59.19 | 53.62 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 38.3 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.40 |
| Cigaret | 71.40 | 73.81 | 67.06 | 40.8 | 41.7 | 40.4 | 1.75 | 1.77 | 1.66 |
| Cigar | 47.24 | 47.74 | 43.79 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 36.8 | 1.27 | 1.28 | 1.19 |
| Tobacco and s | 55.44 | 56.52 | 54.02 | 36.0 | 36.7 | 36.5 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.48 |
| Tobacco stemming and r | 51.05 | 53.18 | 48.26 | 38.1 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 1.34 | 1.36 | 1.26 |
| TEXtile-mill Products. | 55.73 | 55.73 | 54.25 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 39.6 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.37 |
| Sçouring and combing | 70.84 | 66.17 | 68.48 | 44.0 | 41.1 | 43.9 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.56 |
| Yarn and thread mills. | 50.67 | 50.54 | 49.27 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 39.1 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.26 |
| Yarn mills | 50.67 | 50.41 | 49.52 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 39.3 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.26 |
| Thread mills | 52.79 | 52.13 | 50.44 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 1.35 | 1.34 | 1.29 |
| Broad-woven fabric mill | 53.68 | 53.96 | 53.20 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 40.3 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.32 |
| Cotton, silk, syntbetic | 51.98 | 52.11 | 51.73 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 40.1 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1.29 |
| North. | 58.71 | 56.92 | 56.80 | 39.4 | 38.2 | 40.0 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.42 |
| South | 50.69 | 51.08 | 50.93 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 40.1 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.27 |
| Woolen and worsted | 64.21 | 66.36 | 62.78 | 40.9 | 42.0 | 41.3 | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.52 |
| Narrow fabrics and | 58.21 | 58.25 | 54.77 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1.39 |
| Knitting mills. | 52.73 | 52.88 | 49.01 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 37.7 | 1.41 | 1.41 | 1.30 |
| Full-fashioned | 56.76 | 57.13 | 52.78 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 36.4 | 1.53 | 1.54 | 1.45 |
| Nort | 56.92 | 57.91 | 49.68 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 36.0 | 1.49 | 1.52 | 1.38 |
| Sout | 56.89 | 56.89 | 54.17 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 36.6 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.48 |
| Seamless | 45.31 | 45.57 | 41.15 | 35.4 | 35.6 | 36.1 | 1.28 | 1.28 | 1.14 |
| Nor | 50.05 | 49.79 | 46.68 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 38.9 | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.20 |
| Sout | 44.80 | 45.06 | 40.34 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 1.28 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Knit out | 57.28 | 56.21 | 53.96 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 39.1 | 1.48 | 1.46 | 1.38 |
| Knit underwe | 48.86 | 49.91 | 47.07 | 37.3 | 38.1 | 38.9 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.21 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles | 64.31 | 64.78 | 61.05 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.50 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles (exce wool). | 63.74 | 64.21 | 60.49 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.49 |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor covering | 72.32 | 67.06 | 72.16 | 40.4 | 38.1 | 41.0 | 1.79 | 1.76 | 1.76 |
| Wool carpets, rugs, and carpet | 72.25 | 67.97 | 66.91 | 39.7 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 1.82 | 1.77 | 1.72 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery) | 58.91 | 60.09 | 57.67 | 35.7 | 36.2 | 36.5 | 1.65 | 1.66 | 1.58 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods. | 65.57 | 65.51 | 65.28 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1.60 |
| Felt goods (except woven felts and hats). | 69.13 | 68.08 | 73.16 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 40.2 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.82 |
| Lace goods. | 67.20 | 66.05 | 62.70 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 1.75 | 1.72 | 1.65 |
| Paddings and upholstery filling. | 67.89 | 66.53 | 73.19 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 42.8 | 1.71 | 1.68 | 1.71 |
| Fronessed waste and recovered fiber | 52.00 | 54.13 | 49.65 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 1.30 | 1.33 | 1.22 |
| Artificial leather, oilcloth, and other coated fabrics.............. | 85.50 | 82.26 | 85.76 | 43.4 | 42.4 | 44.9 | 1.97 | 1.94 | 1.91 |
| Cordage and twine | 55.73 | 56.26 | 55.16 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 39.4 | 1.44 | 1.45 | 1.40 |

## Hours and tamma

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued



## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju17 } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 2956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Juno } \\ 1956 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| PAPER AND Allied Products. | \$84.08 | \$82.41 | \$79.74 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 43.1 | \$1.96 | \$1.93 | \$1.85 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills. | 92.80 | 90.61 | 86.78 | 4.4 | 44.2 | 44.5 | 2.09 | 2.05 | 1.95 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes.. | 75.62 | 74.98 | 73.57 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.76 |
| Paperboard boxes.......... | 75.58 | 74.75 | 73.33 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 1.83 | 1.81 | 1.75 |
| Fiber cans, tubes, and | 73.92 | 77.97 | 78.31 | 38.3 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.91 |
| Other paper and allied product | 74.05 | 72.57 | 69.97 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 1.78 | 1.77 | 1.69 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES. | 93.41 | 93.80 | 90.95 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.35 |
| Newspapers | 97.82 | 101.00 | 95.76 | 35.7 | 36.2 | 36.0 | 2.74 | 2.79 | 2.66 |
| Periodica | 95.60 | 96.80 | 93.50 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 2.39 | 2.42 | 2.32 |
| Books | 85.28 | 84.45 | 78.41 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 39.4 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 1.99 |
| Commercial print | 92.73 | 91.25 | 90.17 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.9 | 2.33 | 2.31 | 2.26 |
| Lithographing | 95.36 | 94.80 | 94.42 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.32 |
| Greeting card | 61.60 | 60.48 | 54.60 | 38.5 | 37.8 | 37.4 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.46 |
| Bookbinding and related indust | 72.29 | 71.16 | 69.70 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 1.83 | 1.82 | 1.76 |
| Miscellaneous publishing and printing services. | 108.58 | 108.03 | 107.96 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.4 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.74 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 87.54 | 87.14 | 83.22 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 2.13 | 2.11 | 2.02 |
| Industrial inorganic chemic | 94.42 | 94.71 | 90.80 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.22 |
| Alkalies and chlor | 92.92 | 92.84 | 88.07 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 2.30 | 2.27 | 2.18 |
| Industrial organic chemical | 93.48 | 93.34 | 87.94 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 2.28 | 2.26 | 2.15 |
| Plastics, except synthetic r | 95.63 | 95.02 | 86.53 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 41.4 | 2.25 | 2.22 | 2.09 |
| Synthetic rubber | 104.75 | 103.41 | 97.53 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 2.50 | 2.51 | 2.35 |
| Synthetic fiber | 79.20 | 80.40 | 76.57 | 39.6 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 2.00 | 1.99 | 1.90 |
| Explosives.... | 86.37 | 87.74 | 80.39 | 39.8 | 42.0 | 39.6 | 2.17 | 2.14 | 2.03 |
| Drugs and medicines. | 78.57 | 78.34 | 74.56 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.85 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishin preparations. | 90.86 | 91.52 | 85.28 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.08 |
| Soap and flycerin.. | 99.95 | 100.43 | 92.11 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.4 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.28 |
| Paints, pigments, and fill | 88.20 | 86.53 | 85.60 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 42.8 | 2.10 | 2.08 | 2.00 |
| Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and enamels. | 83.83 | 83.21 | 83.69 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 42.7 | 2.08 | 2.01 | 1.96 |
| Gum and wood chemicals | 79.21 | 77.51 | 72.87 | 42.5 | 43.3 | 43.9 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.66 |
| Fertilizers. | 67.82 | 70.13 | 63.50 | 41.1 | 42.5 | 41.5 | 1.65 | 1.65 | 1.53 |
| Vegetable and animal oils and far | 77.51 | 76.65 | 74.20 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 44.7 | 1.79 | 1.75 | 1.66 |
| Vegetable oils............ | 70.73 | 69.37 | 69.05 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 1.68 | 1.64 | 1.58 |
| Animal oils and fat | 85.76 | 85.27 | 80.96 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 46.0 | 1.91 | 1.87 | 1.76 |
| Miscellaneors chemicals | 77.99 | 77.38 | 74.15 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.84 |
| Essential oils, perfumes, cos | 64.94 | 64.39 | 61.02 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.61 |
| Compressed and inquified gases. | 90.31 | 90.95 | 88.74 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 43.5 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.04 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL | 106.50 | 104.81 | 99.53 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 2.56 | 2.55 | 2.41 |
| Petroleum refining. | 110.68 | 108.67 | 102.41 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 2.68 | 2.67 | 2.51 |
| Coke, other petroleum and coal prod | 92.66 | 92.00 | 91.16 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 43.0 | 2.17 | 2.18 | 2.12 |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS. | 86.37 | 84.93 | 86.32 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 41.3 | 2.17 | 2.15 | 2.09 |
| Tires and inner | 98.39 | 98.25 | 103.33 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 42.7 | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.42 |
| Rubber footwear. | 71.28 | 70.53 | 70.99 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 40.8 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.74 |
| Other rubber products | 78.38 | 76.02 | 74.37 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 1.94 | 1.91 | 1.85 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS. | 56.47 | 55.95 | 52.40 | 37.9 | 37.3 | 37.7 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.39 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished | 73.30 | 73.87 | 69.84 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.80 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing. | 71.20 | 70.71 | 67.82 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.73 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings. | 54.43 | 54.58 | 51.99 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 38.8 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.34 |
| Footwear (except rubber) | 54.43 | 53.22 | 49.74 | 37.8 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 1.44 | 1.45 | 1.33 |

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS - Continued Luǵgage. | \$60.67 | \$62.17 | \$56.62 | 38.4 | 39.6 | 38.0 | \$1.58 | \$1.57 | \$1.49 |
| Handbags and small leather good | 49.95 | 50.73 | 48.01 | 37.0 | 37.3 | 38.1 | 1.35 | 1.36 | 1.26 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather good | 47.82 | 48.10 | 45.13 | 36.5 | 37.0 | 36.1 | 1.31 | 1.30 | 1.25 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS. | 80.36 | 80.73 | 77.23 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.87 |
| Flat glass.................. | 113.84 | 110.16 | 111.10 | 41.7 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 2.73 | 2.70 | 2.69 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blow | 81.61 | 80.40 | 73.91 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 38.9 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.90 |
| Glass containers................... | 85.08 | 82.82 | 76.21 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 1.91 |
| Pressed and blown glass. | 75.66 | 76.44 | 70.12 | 38.6 | 39.4 | 37.3 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.88 |
| Glass products made of purchased glass... | 66.02 | 67.80 | 63.60 | 39.3 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 1.68 | 1.67 | 1.59 |
| Cement, hydraulic......................... | 87.99 | 85.49 | 81.93 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 1.96 |
| Structural clay product | 73.80 | 73.93 | 70.30 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.69 |
| Brick and hollow til | 71.49 | 71.40 | 69.76 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 43.6 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.60 |
| Floor and wall tile | 74.89 | 72.80 | 70.41 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.73 |
| Sewer pipe. | 76.86 | 75.48 | 69.66 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 1.87 | 1.85 | 1.72 |
| Clay refrac | 75.35 | 80.19 | 72.96 | 37.3 | 39.5 | 38.0 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 1.92 |
| Pottery and related product | 66.72 | 69.75 | 62.84 | 35.3 | 37.1 | 35.5 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.77 |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products | 82.35 | 83.90 | 81.35 | 45.0 | 45.6 | 45.7 | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.78 |
| Concrete products. | 80.89 | 81.42 | 78.88 | 45.7 | 46.0 | 46.4 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.70 |
| Cut-stone and stone product | 69.80 | 70.21 | 69.23 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 43.0 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1.61 |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products................................ | 80.40 | 82.01 | 79.15 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 1.94 |
| Abrasive produ | 87.74 | 86.63 | 80.50 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.08 |
| Asbestos prod | 83.82 | 83.63 | 86.48 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 43.9 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 1.97 |
| Nonclay refracto | 76.27 | 89.55 | 81.48 | 34.2 | 39.8 | 38.8 | 2.23 | 2.25 | 2.10 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 90.80 | 95.71 | 92.75 | 40.0 | 40.9 | 40.5 | 2.27 | 2.34 | 2.29 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling <br>  | 93.37 | 100.94 | 98.65 | 37.8 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 2.47 | 2.48 | 2.46 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills, except electrometallurgical products. | 93.74 | 101.34 | 99.05 | 37.8 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.47 |
| Electrometallurgical products | 85.25 | 88.91 | 88.18 | 38.4 | 40.6 | 41.4 | 2.22 | 2.19 | 2.13 |
| Iron and steel foundrie | 85.26 | 85.27 | 83.43 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.02 |
| Gray-iron foundries | 82.41 | 82.42 | 83.42 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 41.5 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 2.01 |
| Malleable-ircn foundries | 80.99 | 78.38 | 80.39 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 40.6 | 2.04 | 2.02 | 1.98 |
| Steel foundries. | 93.66 | 95.87 | 84.87 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 41.0 | 2.23 | 2.24 | 2.07 |
| Frimary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals.................. | 92.51 | 90.45 | 85.05 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 2.24 | 2.19 | 2.10 |
| Frimary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc...................... | 91.32 94.47 | 87.14 94.83 | 80.60 87.45 | 41.7 40.2 | 41.3 | 39.9 40.3 | 2.19 2.35 | 2.11 2.33 | 2.02 |
| Frimary refining of aluminum............ | 94.47 | 94.83 | 87.45 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.17 |
| Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals.................. | 82.21 | 82.78 | 79.57 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 42.1 | 2.02 | 1.99 | 1.89 |
| Rollitp, drawing and alloying of nonferrous metals................... Rolinig, drawing, and alloying of | 91.65 | 91.21 | 85.05 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.5 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.10 |
|  | 90.32 | 91.02 | 86.92 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.12 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of a!uminum. | 92.77 | 89.65 | 83.18 | 41.6 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.09 |
| Nonterrous foundries | 89.13 | 87.05 | 82.81 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 2.19 | 2.16 | 2.06 |
| Miscelianeous primary metal industries... | 95.94 | 98.47 | 93.98 | 41.0 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.27 |
| Irorl and steel forgings | 101.76 | 101.68 | 97.23 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.36 |
| Wire drawing..... | 92.51 | 95.76 | 94.08 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 2.24 | 2.28 | 2.24 |
| Welded and heavy-riveted pipe | 94.71 | 97.63 | 86.94 | 41.0 | 41.9 | 39.7 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.19 |

## Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average houriy earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July $1956$ | June $1956$ | July | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT). | \$84.05 | \$84.46 | \$82.19 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.3 | \$2.06 | \$2.06 | \$1.99 |
| Tin cans and other tinware. | 93.74 | 92.01 | 89.59 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 43.7 | 2.18 | 2.17 | 2.05 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and ha | 78.60 | 79.00 | 77.95 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.92 |
| Cutlery and edge tool | 72.09 | 70.58 | 67.23 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 1.78 | 1.76 | 1.66 |
| Hand tools | 80.00 | 81.00 | 75.22 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 39.8 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.89 |
| Ha | 80.39 | 80.60 | 82.41 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 2.03 | 2.02 | 2.01 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| plumbers' supplies. | 78.01 | 78.80 | 74.84 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.89 |
| Sanitary ware and plumbers' suppiies | 82.68 | 80.01 | 77.62 | 39.0 | 38.1 | 39.6 | 2.12 | 2.10 | 1.96 |
| Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classified. | 76.24 | 78.40 | 73.66 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 1.94 | 1.96 | 1.86 |
| Fabricated structural metal products. | 86.52 | 87.99 | 83.64 | 41.2 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.03 |
| Structural steel and ornamental metal work. | 86.53 | 87.57 | 85.46 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.03 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim. | 82.01 | 88.20 | 82.82 | 40.4 | 41.8 | 40.6 | 2.03 | 2.11 | 2.04 |
| Botler-shop | 85.46 | 87.35 | 77.97 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 38.6 | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2.02 |
| Sheet-metal work | 88.83 | 90.31 | 86.88 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 42.8 | 2.12 | 2.12 | 2.03 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and | 87.12 | 87.12 | 86.74 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.08 |
| Vitreous-enameled product | 68.11 | 65.62 | 66.58 | 40.3 | 38.6 | 41.1 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1.62 |
| Stamped and pressed metal | 91.05 | 90.86 | 90.95 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 2.21 | 2.20 | 2.15 |
| Lighting fixtures | 75.01 | 74.86 | 73.88 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 1.88 | 1.90 | 1.88 |
| Fabricated wire products. | 77.36 | 79.93 | 75.55 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 1.91 | 1.94 | 1.87 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products.. | 84.04 | 84.45 | 82.88 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 42.5 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 1.95 |
| Metal shipping barrels, drums, kegs, and pails. | 109.28 | 105.34 | 95.26 | 46.5 | 45.8 | 44.1 | 2.35 | 2.30 | 2.16 |
| Steel springs.................... | 87.82 | 88.73 | 85.48 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.09 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and | 82.82 | 84.05 | 86.20 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 43.1 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 2.00 |
| Screw-machine products. | 82.60 | 82.37 | 79.95 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 42.3 | 2.00 | 1.98 | 1.89 |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL) | 91.96 | 91.98 | 86.32 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 2.20 | 2.19 | 2.08 |
| Engines and turbines. | 93.71 | 94.62 | 88.73 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 40.7 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.18 |
| Steam engines, turbines, and water wheels. | 96.64 | 96.88 | 87.55 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 38.4 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.28 |
| Diesel and other internal-combustion engines, not elsewhere classified.. | 92.66 | 94.21 | 89.23 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 2.26 | 2.27 | 2.15 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors. | 86.58 | 85.60 | 81.20 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 2.17 | 2.14 | 2.03 |
| Tractors. | 90.45 | 88.62 | 83.41 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 2.25 | 2.21 | 2.08 |
| Agricultural machinery (except tractors). $\qquad$ | 82.76 | 82.40 | 78.41 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 1.97 |
| Construction and mining machinery | 89.66 | 92.66 | 86.50 | 41.7 | 42.7 | 42.4 | 2.15 | 2.17 | 2.04 |
| Construction and mining machinery, except for oil fields............... | 88.78 | 92.43 | 86.93 | 41.1 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.06 |
| Oil-field machinery and tools. | 92.02 | 92.23 | 85.40 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 42.7 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.00 |
| Metalworkind machinery. | 106.56 | 107.76 | 98.76 | 44.4 | 44.9 | 43.7 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.26 |
| Machine tools.......... | 103.05 | 104.42 | 94.40 | 45.0 | 45.4 | 43.5 | 2.29 | 2.30 | 2.17 |
| Metalworking machinery (except machine tools) | 96.73 | 96.32 | 90.94 | 42.8 | 43.0 | 42.1 | 2.26 | 2.24 | 2.16 |
| Machine-tool accessories. | 113.60 | 115.37 | 104.58 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 44.5 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.35 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery) $\qquad$ | 88.41 | 88.82 | 81.97 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 1.98 |
| Food-products machinery | 90.95 | 87.99 | 83.43 | 42.3 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 2.15 | 2.11 | 2.03 |
| Textile machinery. | 75.67 | 75.62 | 73.57 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 1.85 | 1.84 | 1.79 |
| Paper-industries machinery. | 96.77 | 98.37 | 87.60 | 46.3 | 46.4 | 43.8 | 2.09 | 2.12 | 2.00 |
| Printing-trades machinery and equipment. | 104.99 | 102.93 | 90.64 | 44.3 | 43.8 | 41.2 | 2.37 | 2.35 | 2.20 |

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average weekiy } \\ \text { hours } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average hourly } \\ \text { earnings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL) - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General industrial machinery.............. | \$91.34 | \$92.87 | \$84.46 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 41.4 | \$2.18 | \$2.18 | \$2.04 |
| Pumps, air and gas compressor | 88.83 | 90.31 | 80.59 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 40.7 | 2.12 | 2.12 | 1.98 |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment. | 95.63 | 98.76 | 86.94 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 41.4 | 2.25 | 2.26 | 2.10 |
| Blowers, exhaust and ventilating fans | 87.78 | 86.94 | 80.38 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 40.8 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 1.97 |
| Industrial trucks, tractors, etc | 83.56 | 87.33 | 81.40 | 39.6 | 41.0 | 40.1 | 2.11 | 2.13 | 2.03 |
| Hechanical power-transmission equipment. | 92.20 | 93.29 | 88.61 | 42.1 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.08 |
| Mechanical stokers and industrial <br> furnaces and ovens. | 86.86 | 91.56 | 84.44 | 40.4 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 2.15 | 2.18 | 2.02 |
| Office and store machines and devices.... | 88.78 | 87.48 | 82.80 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.07 |
| Computing machines and cash registers | 99.03 | 94.42 | 92.93 | 42.5 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 2.33 | 2.32 | 2.25 |
| Typewriters................................. | 77.62 | 79.19 | 73.71 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.89 |
| Service-industry and household machines.. | 85.86 | 84.59 | 80.79 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 2.12 | 2.12 | 2.03 |
| Domestic laundry equipment.............. | 88.37 | 83.67 | 78.28 | 41.1 | 39.1 | 38.0 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.06 |
| Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and pressing machines. | 80.75 | 79.79 | 78.66 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.90 |
| Sewing machines........................... | 91.02 | 88.13 | 82.21 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.1 | 2.22 | 2.16 | 2.05 |
| Refrigerators and air-conditioning units........................................ | 85.44 | 84.56 | 81.40 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.04 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts............. | 87.12 | 87.76 | 84.45 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.03 |
| Fabricated pipe, fititings, and valves... | 87.31 | 87.74 | 80.20 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 39.9 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.01 |
| Ball and roller bearings.................. | 85.63 | 85.44 | 91.54 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 43.8 | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.09 |
| Machine shops (job and repair).......... | 89.03 | 89.67 | 83.18 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 1.99 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY | 79.20 | 79.98 | 74.82 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 39.8 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.88 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.. | 86.72 | 87.36 | 79.99 | 41.1 | 41.6 | 40.4 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 1.98 |
| Wiring devices and supplies............. | 75.95 | 75.14 | 69.38 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 39.2 | 1.88 | 1.86 | 1.77 |
| Carbon and graphite products (electrical)..................................... | 84.66 | 83.44 | 77.59 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 1.93 |
| Blectrical indicating, measuring, and recording instruments........................ | 81.36 | 82.74 | 72.40 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 40.0 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.81 |
| Motors, generators, and motor-generator sets. | 89.35 | 90.25 | 84.23 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 40.3 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.09 |
| Power and distribution transformers..... | 90.49 | 92.20 | 84.04 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 41.4 | 2.17 | 2.19 | 2.03 |
| Switchgear, switchboard, and industrial controls. $\qquad$ | 90.49 | 90.73 | 80.39 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 40.6 | 2.17 | 2.15 | 1.98 |
| Electrical welding app | 103.26 | 103.73 | 93.29 | 44.7 | 45.1 | 43.8 | 2.31 | 2.30 | 2.13 |
| Electrical appliances.. | 80.78 | 78.79 | 77.62 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 2.04 | 2.01 | 1.96 |
| Insulated wire and cable | 81.93 | 82.45 | 73.85 | 41.8 | 42.5 | 40.8 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.81 |
| Electrical equipment for vehicles......... | 81.54 | 80.55 | 82.42 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 40.4 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.04 |
| Electric lamps. | 71.31 | 73.75 | 66.81 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 1.81 | 1.83 | 1.70 |
| Communication equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 73.30 | 74.59 | 69.78 | 39.2 | 40.1 | 39.2 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.78 |
| Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment | 72.65 | 72.40 | 68.60 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.2 | 1.83 | 1.81 | 1.75 |
| Radio tubes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 62.93 | 65.40 | 62.21 | 36.8 | 38.7 | 37.7 | 1.71 | 1.69 | 1.65 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment. ....................................... | 86.00 | 92.62 | 84.46 | 40.0 | 42.1 | 41.2 | 2.15 | 2.20 | 2.05 |
| Miscellaneous electrical products........ | $76.19$ | 76.57 | 72.83 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.83 |
| Storage batteries. | 84.59 | 83.77 | 82.00 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.05 |
| Primary batteries (dry and wet).......... | 62.65 | 64.16 | 60.19 | 39.4 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.52 |
| X-ray and non-radio electronic tubes.... | 87.29 | 87.56 | 84.87 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.05 |

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average weekly } \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average hourly } \\ \text { earnings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jay} \\ & 198 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jmen } \\ & \hline 956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{July} \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jadr } \\ \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jaly } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5427 \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7017 \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | \$92.97 | \$92.37 | \$92.99 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 4 kl .7 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.23 |
| Automobiles....... | 92.64 | 88.47 | 97.75 | 39.5 | 38.3 | 42.5 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.30 |
| Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and accessories. $\qquad$ | 92.43 | 88.77 | 98,83 | 39.5 | 38.1 | 42.6 | 2.34 | 2.33 | 2.32 |
| Truck and bus bodies | 80.20 | 82:22 | 80:77 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 41.0 | $2: 01$ | 2.03 | 1.97 |
| Trailers (truck and automobile) | 80:98 | 82.19 | 83:01 | 39:5 | 39.9 | 41.3 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.01 |
| Aircraft and parts. | 95:76 | 94.66 | 89:40 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 2.28 | 2.27 | 2.17 |
| Aircraft. | 95.08 | 93.75 | 89.19 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 2.28 | $2 \cdot 27$ | 2.17 |
| Aircraft engines and parts | 96:02 | 94.89 | 89.62 | 42.3 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 2.27 | 2.27 | 2.17 |
| Aircraft propellers and part | 97.36 | 94.90 | 88.70 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 40.5 | 2.28 | 2.26 | 2.19 |
| Other aircraft parts and equipment | 97.98 | 99.36 | 90.06 | 42.6 | 43.2 | 41.5 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.17 |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 88.40 | 89.02 | 82.72 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.1 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.09 |
| Shipbuilding and repairing. | 9 c .83 | 92.40 | 84.63 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.0 | 2.29 | 2.31 | 2.17 |
| Boatbullding and repairing | 72.10 | 73.31 | 68.38 | 39.4 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 1.83 | 1.81 | 1.74 |
| Railroad equipment. | 96.22 | 95.27 | 90.32 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.23 |
| Locomotives and parts. | 102.48 | 102.82 | 95.60 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 42.3 | 2.36 | 2.38 | 2.26 |
| Railroad and street ca | 90.72 | 89.30 | 86.85 | 38.7 | 38.0 | 39.3 | 2.37 | 2.35 | 2.21 |
| Other transportation equip | 77.42 | 80.20 | 75.39 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 1.95 | 1.99 | 1.88 |
| INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS. | 81.61 | 80.79 | 76.38 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 2.01 | 1.99 | 1.90 |
| Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments. $\qquad$ | 96.08 | 92.99 | 88.29 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 40.5 | 2.25 | 2.23 - | 2.18 |
| Mechanical measuring and controlling instruments. | 81.80 | 82.62 | 77.20 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 1.93 |
| Optical instruments and lenses. | 83.02 | 82.00 | 77.78 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 1.93 |
| Surgical, medical, anc dental instruments. | 70.93 | 70.00 | 67:60 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 1.76 | 1.75 | 1.69 |
| Ophthalinic soods. | 64.56 | 66.26 | 60.89 | 40.1 | 40.9 | 39.8 | 1.61 | 1.62 | 1.53 |
| Photographic appar | 92.62 | 89.84 | 85.28 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 2.24 | 2.17 | 2.08 |
| Watches and clocks | 70.41 | 69.87 | 66.64 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.70 |
| MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries. | 68.73 | 69.77 | 65.51 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.65 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated | 69.48 | 71.40 | 67.66 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 39.8 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.70 |
| Jewelry and findings. | 65.01 | 68.39 | 62.88 | 39.4 | 41.2 | 39.3 | 1.65 | 1.66 | 1.60 |
| Silverware and plated ware. | 81.20 | 77.39 | 77.30 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.9 | 2.00 | 1.93 | 1.89 |
| Musical instruments and par | 79.15 | 77.76 | 72.00 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.80 |
| Toys and sporting goods. | 61.53 | 61.78 | 59.22 | 38.7 | 39.1 | 38.7 | 1.59 | 1.58 | 1.53 |
| Games, toys, dolls, and children's vehicles. | 61.07 | 61.86 | 58.67 | 38.9 | 39.4 | 38.6 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.59 |
| Sporting and athletic goods | 61.82 | 61.76 | 60.14 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 1.61 | 1.60 | 1.55 |
| Pens, pencils, other office supplie | 66.17 | 67.24 | 61.41 | 40.1 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 1.52 |
| Costume jewelry, buttons, notions | 59.82 | 61.62 | 56.60 | 38.1 | 39.0 | 38.5 | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.47 |
| Fabricated plastics products.. | 74.39 | 74.27 | 72.04 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.74 |
| Other manufacturing industries | 73.28 | 74.77 | 69.48 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.75 |

## Table C-t: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{July}_{1} \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Itansportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION: |  | \$87.78 | \$81.14 |  | 41.6 | 41.4 | (1/) | \$2.11 | \$1.96 |
| Local railways and bus lines. | \$85.30 | 85.85 | 81.22 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 43.2 | \$1.97 | 1.96 | 1.88 |
| communication: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone... | 74.03 | 73.10 | 72.00 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.80 |
| Switchboard orerating employees $2 / \ldots$ | 61.18 | 60.75 | 60.06 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 38.5 | 1.61 | 1.62 | 1.56 |
| Line construction, installation, and maintenance employees $3 / . . . . . . .$. | 101.85 | 100.46 | 101.87 | 43.9 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 2.32 | 2.32 | 2.31 |
| Telegraph 4/............................. | 85.24 | 85.87 | 79.34 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 1.88 |
| other public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities....... | 92.32 | 91.69 | 86.94 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.10 |
| Electric light and power utilitie | 94.69 | 93.18 | 89.66 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 2.26 | 2.24 | 2.15 |
| Gas utilities.. | 86.48 | 86.28 | 81.81 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.01 |
| Electric light and gas utilities combined. $\qquad$ | 93.56 | 93.56 | 87.78 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.11 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| wholesale trade. | 82.62 | 81.41 | 78.12 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 2.03 | 2.02 | 1.91 |
| retail trade (except fatimg and drimking |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General merchandise store | 44.98 | 44.10 | 43.08 | 35.7 | 35.0 | 35.9 | 1.26 | 1.26 | 1.20 |
| Department stores and general mailorder houses. | 50.04 | 49.84 | 48.28 | 36.0 | 35.6 | 36.3 | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.33 |
| Food and liquor stores. | 65.96 | 64.39 | 63.73 | 38.8 | 38.1 | 39.1 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.63 |
| Automotive and ascessories deal | 82.97 | 83.03 | 81.14 | 43.9 | 43.7 | 44.1 | 1.89 | 1.90 | 1.84 |
| Apparel and accessories stores. | 48.50 | 48.16 | 47.61 | 35.4 | 34.9 | 35.8 | 1.37 | 1.38 | 1.33 |
| Other retail trade: <br> Furniture and appliance stores. |  |  | 67.46 |  |  |  | 1.67 | 1.66 | 1.61 |
| Furniture and appliance stores... Lumber and hardware supply stores | 69.64 74.30 | 69.89 74.13 | 67.36 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.8 | 1.72 | 1.72 | 1.63 |
| finance, insurance, and real estate: Banks and trust companies.......... | 62.04 | 61.53 | 58.77 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Security dealers and exchange | 93.24 | 98.19 | 101.69 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers. | 78.04 | 77.39 | 74.13 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round 5/... | 42.13 | 42.43 | 40.89 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 1.03 | 1.04 | . 99 |
| Personal services: Laundries. | 42.33 | 42.95 | 41.01 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 1.04 | 1.05 | 1.01 |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants. | 49.77 | 51.69 | 47.04 | 39.5 | 40.7 | 39.2 | 1.26 | 1.27 | 1.20 |
| Motion pictures: <br> Motion-picture production and distribution. | 90.04 | 89.50 | 95.95 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

1/ Not available.
2/ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as ewitchboard operators; service assistants: operating room instructors: and pay-station attendants. During 1955 such employees made up 41 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

3/ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen: line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. During la5j such employees made up 26 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

4/ Data relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basia.
ㅍ/ Money payments oniy; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

* Anthracite - May 1956 revised data are: $\$ 70.66,29.2$, and $\$ 2.42$ reapectively.


## Adpusted Eammes

## Table C-2: Gross average weekly earnings of production workers in selected industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

| Year | Manufacturing |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bituminous-coal } \\ \text { mining } \end{gathered}$ |  | Laundries |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Bituminous-coal } \\ \text { mining } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | Laundries |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current | 1947-49 | Current | 1947-49 | Current | 1947-49 |  | Current | 1947-48 | Current | 1947-49 | Current | 1947-49 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual } \\ \text { average: } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$23.86 | \$40.17 | \$23.88 | \$40.20 | \$17.64 | \$29.70 | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 25.20 | 42.07 | 24.71 | 41.25 | 17.93 | 29.93 | Thlly.... | \$76.36 | \$66.57 | \$95.50 | \$83.26 | \$41.01 | \$35.75 |
| 1941. | 29.58 | 47.03 | 30.86 | 49.06 | 18.69 | 29.71 | Aug..... | 76.33 | 66,66 | 94. 50 | 82.53 | 40.40 | 35.28 |
| 1942. | 36.65 | 52.58 | 35.02 | 50.24 | 20.34 | 29.18 | sept. ... | 77.71 | 67.63 | 96.73 | 84.19 | 40.70 | 35.42 |
| 1943. | 43.14 | 58.30 | 41.62 | 56.24 | 23.08 | 32.19 | oct..... | 78.50 | 68.32 | 99.86 | 86.91 | 41.01 | 35.69 |
| 1944 | 46.08 | 61.28 | 51.27 | 68.18 | 25.95 | 34.51 | Wov. | 79.52 | 69.15 | 96.03 | 83.50 | 41.11 | 35.75 |
| 1945 | 44.39 | 57.72 | 52.25 | 67.95 | 27.73 | 36.06 | Dec. | 79.71 | 69.49 | 105.73 | 92.18 | 41.31 | 36.02 |
| 1946 | 43.82 | 52.54 | 58.03 | 69.58 | 30.20 | 36.21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19k7. | 49.97 | 52.32 | 66.59 | 69.73 | 32.71 | 34.25 | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 | 54.14 | 52.67 | 72.12 | 70.16 | 34. 23 | 33.30 | Jan..... | 78.55 | 68.54 | 104.22 | 90.94 | 41.51 | 36.22 |
| 1949. | 54.92 | 53.95 | 63.28 | 62.16 | 34.98 | 34.36 | Peb...... | 78.17 | 68.27 | 103.18 | 90.03 | 40.90 | 35.69 |
| 1950. | 59.33 | 57.71 | 70.35 | 68.43 | 35.47 | 34.50 | 阿...... | 78.78 78.99 | 68.68 | 102.38 | 89.26 91.78 | 41.70 | 36.36 36.66 |
| 1951. | 64.71 | 58.30 | 77.79 | 70.08 | 37.81 | 34.06 | Apr..... | 78.99 79.00 | 68.75 | 105.46 106.02 | 91.78 91.87 | 42.12 42.54 | 36.66 36.86 |
| 1952. | 67.97 | 59.89 | 78.09 | 68.80 | 38.63 | 34.04 | Wey...... | 79.00 | 68.46 | 106.02 107.82 | 98.87 | 42.54 42.95 | 36.86 36.96 |
| 1953. | 71.69 | 62.67 | 85.31 | 74.57 | 39.69 | 34. 69 | rune. | 79.19 | 68.15 | 107.82 | 92.79 | 42.95 | 36.96 |
| 19955. | 71.86 76.52 | 62.60 66.83 | 80.85 96.00 | 70.43 83.84 | 40.10 40.70 | 34.93 35.55 | Thly.... | 78.80 | 67.35 | 101.03 | 86.35 | 42.33 | 36.18 |

Table C-3: Average weekly earnings, gross and net spendable, of production workers
in manufacturing, in current and 1947-49 dollars

| Year | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Gross averaǵe } \\ \text { weekly earninǵs } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Net spendable average weekly earnings |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | Gross averaǵe weekly earnings |  | Net spendable average weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Index } \\ & (1947-49 \\ & =100) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Worker with no dependents |  | Worker with 3 dependents |  |  | Amount | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Index } \\ (1847-49 \\ =100) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Worker with no dependents |  | Worker with 3 dependents |  |
|  |  |  | Current | 1947-49 | Current | 1947-49 |  |  |  | Current | 1947-49 | current | 1947-49 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual } \\ \text { average: } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | \$23.86 | 45.1 | \$23.58 | \$39.70 | \$23.62 | \$39.76 | 2955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 25.20 | 47.6 | 24.69 | 41.22 | 24.95 | 41.65 | गwhy.... | \$76.36 | 144.2 | \$63.02 | \$54.94 | \$70.32 | \$61.31 |
| 1941. | 29.58 | 55.9 | 28.05 | 44.59 | 29.28 | 46.55 | Aug. .... | 76.33 | 244.2 | 63.00 | 55.02 | 70.29 | 61.39 |
| 1942. | 36.65 | 69.2 | 31.77 | 45.58 | 36.28 | 52.05 | sept.... | 77.72 | 246.8 | 64.08 | 55.77 | 71.40 | 62.14 |
| 1943 | 43.14 | 81.5 | 36.01 | 48.66 | 41.39 | 55.93 | oct..... | 78.50 | 148.3 | 64.70 | 56.31 | 72.03 | 62.69 |
| 1944 | 46.08 | 87.0 | 38.29 | 50.98 | 44.06 | 58.59 | Hоv..... | 79.52 | 150.2 | 65.49 | 56.95 | 72.85 | 63.35 |
| 1945 | 44.39 | 83.8 | 36.97 | 48.08 | 42.74 | 55.58 | Dec. | 79.71 | 150.5 | 65.64 | 57.23 | 73.00 | 63.64 |
| 1946. | 43.82 | 82.8 | 37.72 | 45.23 | 43.20 | 51.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947. | 49.97 | 94.4 | 42.76 | 44.77 | 48.24 | 50.51 | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 54.14 | 202.2 | 47.43 | 46.14 | 53.17 | 51.72 | Jan. | 78.55 | 148.3 | 64.74 | 56.49 | 72.07 | 62.89 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Peb..... | 78.17 | 147.6 | 64.44 | 56.23 | 71.77 | 62.63 |
| 1949. | 54.92 | 103.7 | 46.09 | 47.24 | 53.83 | 52.88 | amar...... | 78.78 | 148.8 | 64.92 | 56.60 | 72.25 | 62.99 |
| 1950. | 59.33 | 112.0 | 51.09 | 49.70 | 57.21 | 55.65 | Apr..... | 78.99 | 149.2 | 65.08 | 56.64 | 72.42 | 63.03 |
| 1951.. | 64.71 | 122.2 | 54.04 | 48.68 | 61.28 | 55.21 | Hay..... | 79.00 | 149.2 | 65.09 | 56.40 | 72.43 | 62.76 |
| 1952. | 67.97 | 128.4 | 55.66 | 49.04 | 63.62 | 56.05 | June | 79.19 | 149.6 | 65.24 | 56.14 | 72.58 | 62.46 |
| 1953. | 71.69 | 135.4 | 58.54 | 51.17 | 66.58 | 58.20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954..... | 71.86 | 135.7 | 59.55 | 51.87 | 66.78 | 58.17 | Julyr.... | 78.80 | 148.8 | 64.93 | 55.50 | 72.27 | 61.77 |
| 1955..... | 76.59 | 244.5 | 63.15 | 55.15 | 70.45 | 61.53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 

Table C-4: Average hourly earnings, gross and excluding overtime, and average weekly hours of production workers in manufacturing

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { month } \end{gathered}$ | Manufacturing |  |  |  | Durable goods |  |  | Nondurable goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Averake hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours | Average hourly earnings |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { hours } \end{array}$ | Average hourly earnings |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { weekly } \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Gross | Excludins overtime |  |  |  | Excluding |  |  | Exciuding |  |
|  |  | Amount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-48=100) \end{gathered}$ |  | Gross | overtime |  | Gross | overtime |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual } \\ \text { average: } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | \$0.729 | \$0.702 | 54.5 | 40.6 | \$0.808 | \$0.770 | 42.1 | \$0.640 | \$0.625 | 38.9 |
| 1942........ | . 853 | . 805 | 62.5 | 42.9 | . 947 | . 881 | 45.1 | . 723 | . 698 | 40.3 |
| 1943........ | . 961 | . 894 | 69.4 | 44.9 | 1.059 | . 976 | 46.6 | . 803 | . 763 | 42.5 |
| 1944. . . . . . . | 1.019 | . 947 | 73.5 | 45.2 | 1.117 | 1.029 | 46.6 | . 861 | . 814 | 43.1 |
| 1945. | 1.023 | 1/.963 | 1/74.8 | 43.4 | 1.111 | 1/1.042 | 44.1 | . 904 | 1/.858 | 42.3 |
| 1946......... | 1.086 | 1.051 | -81.6 | 40.4 | 1.156 | 1.122 | 40.2 | 1.015 | . 981 | 40.5 |
| 1947. | 1.237 | 1.198 | 93.0 | 40.4 | 1.292 | 1.250 | 40.6 | 1.171 | 1.133 | 40.1 |
| 1948. | 1.350 | 1.310 | 101.7 | 40.1 | 1.410 | 1.366 | 40.5 | 1.278 | 1.241 | 39.6 |
| 1949........ | 1.401 | 1.367 | 106.1 | 39.2 | 1.469 | 1.434 | 39.5 | 1.325 | 1.292 | 38.8 |
| 1950........ | 1.465 | 1.415 | 109.9 | 40.5 | 1.537 | 1.480 | 41.2 | 1.378 | 1.337 | 39.7 |
| 1951. | 1.59 | 1.53 | 118.8 | 40.7 | 1.67 | 1.60 | 41.6 | 1.48 | 1.43 | 39.5 |
| 1952........ | 1.67 | 1.61 | 125.0 | 40.7 | 1.77 | 1.70 | 41.5 | 1.54 | 1.49 | 39.6 |
| 1953. | 1.77 | 1.71 | 132.8 | 40.5 | 1.87 | 1.80 | 41.3 | 1.61 | 1.56 | 39.5 |
| 1954........ | 1.81 | 1.76 | 136.6 | 39.7 | 1.92 | 1.86 | 40.2 | 1.66 | 1.61 | 39.0 |
| 1955......... | 1.88 | 1.82 | 141.3 | 40.7 | 2.01 | 1.93 | 41.4 | 1.71 | 1.66 | 39.8 |
| 1955: July.. | 1.89 | 1.83 | 142.1 | 40.4 | 2.01 | 1.94 | 40.9 | 1.71 | 1.66 | 39.8 |
| Aug... | 1.88 | 1.82 | 141.3 | 40.6 | 2.01 | 1.94 | 41.1 | 1.70 | 1.65 | 39.9 |
| Sopt.. | 1.90 | 1.83 | 242.1 | 40.9 | 2.04 | 1.96 | 41.5 | 1.72 | 1.67 | 40.1 |
| Oct... | 1.91 | 1.84 | 142.9 | 41.1 | 2.04 | 1.96 | 41.7 | 1.72 | 1.67 | 40.3 |
| Hov... | 1.93 | 1.85 | 143.6 | 41.2 | 2.05 | 1.97 | 41.8 | 1.74 | 1.68 | 40.3 |
| Dac... | 1.93 | 1.85 | 143.6 | 41.3 | 2.06 | 1.97 | 42.0 | 1.74 | 1.68 | 40.4 |
| 1956: Jan... | 1.93 | 1.87 | 245.2 | 40.7 | 2.06 | 1.98 | 41.2 | 1.75 | 1.70 | 39.9 |
| 1986. rab .. | 1.93 | 1.86 | 144.4 | 40.5 | 2.05 | 1.98 | 41.0 | 1.75 | 1.70 | 39.8 |
| Mar... | 1.95 | 1.88 | 146.0 | 40.4 | 2.06 | 1.99 | 40.9 | 1.78 | 1.73 | 39.6 |
| Apr... | 1.96 | 1.90 | 147.5 | 40.3 | 2.08 | 2.00 | 41.1 | 1.79 | 1.74 | 39.2 |
| May... | 1.97 | 1.90 | 247.5 | 40.1 | 2.08 | 2.01 | 40.8 | 1.80 | 1.75 | 39.1 |
| June.. | 1.97 | 1.91 | 148.3 | 40.2 | 2.09 | 2.02 | 40.8 | 1.81 | 1.76 | 39.2 |
| July.. | 1.97 | 1.90 | 147.5 | 40.0 | 2.07 | 2.01 | 40.6 | 1.82 | 1.77 | 39.3 |

1/ 11-month average; August 1945 excluded because of VJ-day holiday period.

Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours
in industrial and construction activity ${ }^{1 /}$


See footnotes at end of table.

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Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity ${ }^{\boldsymbol{L}}$ Continued

| Year and month | Manufacturiné - Durable goods-Con. |  | Manufacturing - Nondurable goods |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Instruments and related products | Miscelianeous manufacturing industries | Food and kindred products | Tobacco manufactures | $\begin{gathered} \text { Textile-mill } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Apparel and other finished textile products |
| 1947: Average. . | 107.5 | 104.6 | 103.9 | 105.9 | 104.5 | 99.6 |
| 1948: Average. . | 103.0 | 104.2 | 100.0 | 101.0 | 105.7 | 101.6 |
| 1949: Average.. | 89.5 | 91.2 | 96.1 | 93.1 | 89.9 | 98.8 |
| 1950: Avorage.. | 97.4 | 101.3 | 95.2 | 89.2 | 100.1 | 103.0 |
| 1951: Avorage.. | 127.5 | 103.1 | 95.9 | 91.2 | 96.0 | 101.9 |
| 1952: Avorage.. | 222.7 | 100.5 | 94.7 | 92.2 | 90.7 | 104.5 |
| 1953: Average.. | 129.9 | 109.5 | 93.7 | 90.1 | 89.8 | 106.9 |
| 1954: Average.. | 115.9 | 98.8 | 90.5 | 88.5 | 78.7 | 98.8 |
| 1955: Average.. | 117.9 | 104.1 | 91.0 | 91.5 | 83.0 | 104.9 |
| 1955: July..... | 125.5 | 98.4 | 97.0 | 76.1 | 79.6 | 97.0 |
| Aug...... | 117.3 | 104:4 | 103.5 | 106.3 | 83.6 | 106.7 |
| Sopt...... | 120.8 | 109.2 | 104.6 | 119.2 | 84.3 | 107.7 |
| Oct....... | 122.3 | 112.5 | 99.9 | 120.7 | 85.2 | 109.8 |
| Nov...... | 122.7 | 111.5 | 94.6 | 99.0 | 86.7 | 110.3 |
| Dec....... | 123.1 | 109.0 | 90.3 | 97.8 | 86.8 | 110.6 |
| 1956: Jan...... | 121.2 | 103.0 | 84.9 | 89.9 | 84.3 | 107.4 |
| Feb...... | 121.6 | 105.3 | 82.6 | 81.6 | 84.3 | 112.4 |
| Mar...... | 121.2 | 104.2 | 82.9 | 76.5 | 82.5 | 109.1 |
| Apr...... | 122.6 | 103.4 | 82.3 | 74.6 | 80.3 | 102.9 |
| May...... | 121.5 | 102.9 | 85.4 | 76.6 | 79.0 | 99.5 |
| June..... | 120.8 | 102.7 | 91.0 | 77.7 | 78.3 | 99.2 |
| July..... | 119.1 | 97.9 | 94.4 | 74.2 | 75.6 | 97.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing - Nondurable goods - Cointinued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper and allied products | Printing, pub- <br> lishing, and <br> allied industries | Chemicals and allied products | Products of petroleum and coal | Rubber products | Leather and leather products |
| 1947: Average.. | 102.6 | 101.4 | 103.3 | 99.0 | 109.8 | 105.8 |
| 1948: Average.. | 108.3 | 100.5 | 102.6 | 102.7 | 102.0 | 100.8 |
| 1949: Average.. | 95.1 | 98.0 | 94.1 | 98.3 | 88.1 | 93.4 |
| 1950: Averace.. | 105.4 | 99.5 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 101.9 | 97.8 |
| 1951: Average.. | 109.9 | 101.6 | 105.5 | 102.1 | 108.5 | 92.1 |
| 1952: Avorage.. | 105.9 | 102.7 | 104.7 | 98.2 | 108.4 | 96.9 |
| 1953: Average.. | 111.6 | 105.4 | 108.1 | 100.9 | 111.6 | 96.5 |
| 1954: Average.. | 109.3 | 104.7 108.6 | 103.5 107.0 | 95.8 94.5 | 96.4 113.3 | 89.9 95.0 |
| 1955: July..... | 113.8 | 107.2 | 109.4 | 97.6 | 110.9 | 94.4 |
| Aug....... | 116.7 | 108.1 | 105.6 | 96.4 | 111.5 | 98.6 |
| Sopt..... | 118.5 | 111.7 | 108.2 | 96.0 | 115.1 | 94.3 |
| Oct...... | 118.9 | 112.2 | 108.9 | 95.2 | 118.2 | 94.6 |
| Nov....... | 119.2 | 113.0 | 109.4 | 93.1 | 121.7 | 92.0 |
| Dec....... | 219.0 | 114.0 | 110.1 | 93.0 | 119.9 | 99.5 |
| 1956: Jan...... | 115.8 | 109.9 | 109.1 | 93.3 | 117.5 | 99.1 |
| Fob....... | 114.1 | 110.3 | 109.0 | 91.5 | 113.1 | 101.7 |
| Mar...... | 115.5 | 112.2 | 110.4 | 93.7 | 109.6 | 97.0 |
| Apr....... | 215.6 | 122.2 | 111.0 | 93.5 | 109.7 | 89.4 |
| May...... | 215.1 | 111.7 | 109.3 | 92.5 | 108.3 | 87.5 |
| June...... | 116.8 | 131.9 | 108.1 | 94.9 | 103.6 | 91.7 |
| July...... | 115.6 | 110.9 | 105.9 | 96.0 | 103.7 | 92.8 |

1/ Aggregate man-hours are for the weekly pay period ending nearest the $15 t h$ of the month and do not represent totals for the month. For mining and manufacturing industries, data refer to production and related workers. For contract construction, the data relate to construction workers.
(2/ Includes only the divisions shown. *Rerised.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas

| State and area | Average weekly carnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | $\frac{1955}{5 u 2 y}$ | 1956 |  | $\frac{\frac{\text { rnings }}{1955}}{\frac{125 y}{3}}$ |
|  | July | June | July | July | June |  | Juy | June |  |
| ALABAMA..................... | \$59.90 | \$61.46 | \$60.50 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 39.8 | \$1.56 | \$1.58 | \$ 4.52 |
| Birmingham | 74.45 | 76.00 | 81.60 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 1.88 | 1.90 | 2.00 |
| Mobile | 79.52 | 77.99 | 69.30 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 1.93 | 1.94 | 1.75 |
| ARIZOİA...................... | 90.53 | 92.38 | 80.39 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 40.6 | 2.13 | 2.15 | 1.98 |
| Phoenix | 90.10 | 89.89 | 78.20 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 40.1 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 1.95 |
| ARKARSAS.................... | 56.54 | 56.56 | 52.74 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 1.41 | 1.40 | 1.88 |
| . M. Little Rock | 54.81 | 55.49 | 52.07 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 2.27 |
| CAITPORITA.................. | 89.69 | 90.28 | 84.93 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.12 |
| Fresmo | 77.17 | 80.25 | 74.51 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 38.4 | 2.00 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| Los Angeles-Iong Beach | 89.64 | 89.64 | 85.44 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.09 |
| Sacrumento | 93.57 | 87.45 | 80.01 | 40.4 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 2.32 | 2.24 | 2.09 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario | 87.37 | 87.25 | 80.98 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 2.15 | 2.17 | 2.01 |
| San Diego | 93.02 | 95.08 | 86.59 | 41.6 | 42.4 | 40.5 | 2.24 | 2.25 | 2.14 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | 91.56 | 93.03 | 88.13 | 39.4 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.23 |
| San Jose | 86.73 | 88.52 | 76.89 | 41.9 | 40.3 | 37.4 | 2.07 | 2.19 | 2.66 |
| Stockton | 87.48 | 81.37 | 79.90 | 42.7 | 38.8 | 40.2 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 1.99 |
| COLORADO. . | 79.97 | 83.22 | 78.44 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 1.96 | 2.02 | 1.89 |
| Denver | 84.25 | 80.60 | 79.49 | 40.9 | 39.9 | 41.4 | 2.06 | 2.02 | 1.92 |
| conitciticut............... | 81.18 | 80.56 | 76.36 | 42.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 1.98 | 1.96 | 1.86 |
| Hridgeport | 84.46 | 84.46 | 81.29 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| Hartford | 87.54 | 86.29 | 79.54 | 42.7 | 42.3 | 41.0 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| Fevr Mritain | 78.60 | 79.17 | 79.10 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 42.3 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.87 |
| 耳ow Haven | 77.74 | 78.34 | 70.40 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 1.97 | 1.92 | 1.76 |
| Stamford | 83.16 | 83.16 | 78.79 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.01 |
| Waterbury | 81.19 | 80.18 | 80.32 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 42.5 | 1.99 | 1.97 | 1.89 |
| DELAMARE.................... | 79.77 | 82.32 | 76.53 | 40.7 | 42.0 | 39.9 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.98 |
| Wilmington | 94.40 | 95.30 | 92.48 | 40.0 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 2.36 | 2.33 | 2.22 |
| DISTRICT OF COLLMBTA: Washington | 82.32 | 85.03 | 81.41 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.02 |
| FICRIDA.................... | 63.29 | 62.88 | 57.25 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 1.54 | 1.53 | 1.41 |
| Jeckenville | 67.43 | 69.05 | (1) | 39.9 | 42.1 | (1) | 1.69 | 1.68 | (1) |
| Miemi | 64.31 | 63.90 | (1) | 40.7 | 40.7 | (17) | 1.58 | 1.57 | (1) |
| Trampa-St. Petersburg | 61.91 | 61.71 | 56.26 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 1.54 | 1.52 | 1.40 |
| GEORGIA. ................... | 56.12 | 56.20 | 54.41 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 40.3 | 1.45 | 2.43 | 1.35 |
| Atlanta | 69.65 | 69.48 | 71.72 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 41.7 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.72 |
| Sevannah | 77.15 | 75.23 | 72.50 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.9 | 2.85 | 1.77 | 2.69 |
| IDARO........... | 88.74 | 89.24 | 81.81 | 43.5 | 42.7 | 40.7 | 2.04 | 2.09 | 2.01 |
| Inmmois.... | 83.98 | 85.38 | 81.09 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 1.99 |
| Chicago | 86.96 | 89.21 | 84.66 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 2.15 | 2.19 | 2.09 |
| Rockford | 85.48 | 88.42 | 85.73 | 41.6 | 42.9 | 43.8 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 1.96 |
| ITIDAMA..................... | 82.52 | 85.82 | 82.01 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 2.06 | 2.12 | 2.03 |

See footnotes at end of table.
siate and Area Hours and tamimes
Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | JuIy | June | JuIy | July | June | July | JuIy | June | July |
| KANSAS...................... | \$83.60 | \$82.84 | \$79.58 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | \$2.00 | \$1.98 | \$1.90 |
| Topeka | 80.61 | 78.86 | 78.42 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 43.2 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.82 |
| Wichita | 86.84 | 84.40 | 83.52 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 42.7 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2.00 |
| KENTUCKY. ................... | (1/) | 75.64 | 71.31 | (1/) | 40.7 | 40.9 | (1) | 1.86 | 1.75 |
| Louisville | (I) | 81.64 | 78.92 | (1) | 40.6 | 41.2 | (1) | 2.01 | 1.92 |
| IOUISIANA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 76.86 | 74.89 | 70.40 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 41.7 | 1.87 | 1.84 | 1.69 |
| Baton Rouge | 105.21 | 103.00 | 97.34 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 2.56 | 2.50 | 2.38 |
| New Orleans | 74.99 | 72.83 | 69.95 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 1.87 | 1.83 | 1.74 |
| MAINE. . | 63.08 | 62.25 | 57.67 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 1.57 | 1.55 | 1.44 |
| Lewiston | 56.11 | 54.29 | 51.54 | 38.5 | 37.2 | 37.9 | 1.46 | 1.46 | 1.36 |
| Portland | 72.48 | 67.01 | 64.21 | 43.2 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 1.68 | 1.61 | 1.53 |
| MARYIAND.................... | 77.19 | 79.38 | 75.37 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 1.90 | 1.94 | 1.84 |
| Beltimore | 82.18 | 83.70 | 80.80 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 2.00 | 2.04 | 1.95 |
| MASSACHUSETPIS.............. | 70.88 | 70.71 | 68.23 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.9 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1.71 |
| Boston | 74.26 | 74.05 | 70.13 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 1.88 | 1.87 | 1.78 |
| Fall River | 51.77 | 49.98 | 53.68 | 35.7 | 34.0 | 37.8 | 1.45 | 1.47 | 1.42 |
| New Bedford | 57.07 | 55.33 | 58.46 | 37.3 | 36.4 | 39.5 | 1.53 | 1.52 | 1.48 |
| Springfield-Holyoke | 77.93 | 76.57 | 73.93 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.83 |
| Worcester | 78.76 | 82.41 | 77.87 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 1.94 | 2.01 | 1.89 |
| michican. | 93.56 | 97.20 | 93.72 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 41.8 | 2.31 | 2.30 | 2.24 |
| Detroit | 100.25 | 96.32 | 95.62 | 40.9 | 39.3 | 40.9 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.34 |
| Flint | 95.88 | 92.08 | 111.97 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 46.5 | 2.39 | 2.36 | 2.41 |
| Grand Rapids | 85.82 | 84.82 | 82.95 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.04 |
| Lansing | 94.96 | 91.56 | 107.96 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 45.4 | 2.39 | 2.32 | 2.38 |
| Muskegon | 88.09 | 86.11 | 84.73 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 2.23 | 2.19 | 2.13 |
| Saginaw | 88.82 | 88.19 | 93.81 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 42.7 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.30 |
| MLNNESOTA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 79.48 | 79.79 | 77.26 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.87 |
| Duluth | 76.46 | 83.94 | 78.38 | 38.1 | 39.9 | 39.3 | 2.01 | 2.10 | 1.99 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 83.30 | 81.94 | 80.11 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.96 |
| MISSISSIPPI................. | 54.14 | 52.93 | 49.92 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 41.6 | 1.35 |  | 1.20 |
| Jackson | 59.71 | 61.19 | 54.26 | 40.9 | 42.2 | 40.8 | 1.46 | 1.45 | 1.33 |
| MISSOURI................... | 74.90 | 74.58 | 70.93 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.0 | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.77 |
| Kansas City | 79.43 | 80.71 | 81.28 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| St. Louis | 83.27 | 82.15 | 76.43 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 1.95 |
| MONTANA...................... | 92.73 | 92.42 | 86.57 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.09 |
| NEERASKA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 73.56 | 75.04 | 71.31 | 41.8 | 42.4 | 43.0 | 1.76 | 1.77 | 1.66 |
| Omaha | (1) | 79.41 | 74.22 | (1) | 42.0 | 42.2 | (1) | 1.89 | 1.76 |
| NEVADA...................... | 95.00 | 92.58 | 91.20 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 40.0 | 2.52 | 2.43 | 2.28 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE.............. | 63.80 | 62.47 | 58.29 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 1.56 | 1.55 | 1.45 |
| Manchester | 57.30 | 56.25 | 53.96 | 38.2 | 37.5 | 38.0 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.42 |

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average veekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | Ju1\% | June | July | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| NEW JERSEY................. | \$82.61 | \$82. 46 | \$79.14 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.5 | \$2.05 | \$2.04 | \$1.95 |
| Newark-Jersey City 2 / | 82.43 | 83.30 | 79.83 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 1.98 |
| Paterson 2/ | 82.46 | 82.42 | 77.91 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.91 |
| Perth Amboy $2 /$ | 86.16 | 83.46 | 82.43 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 41.3 | 2.12 | 2.07 | 2.00 |
| Trenton | 80.04 | 79.32 | 78.98 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 40.9 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 1.93 |
| InEw MEXICO................. | $\begin{aligned} & 86.10 \\ & 81.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.05 \\ & 81.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80.40 \\ & 75.95 \end{aligned}$ | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.0 | 2.10 | 2.05 | 2.011.88 |
|  |  |  |  | 40.3 | 41.4 | 40.4 | 2.01 | 1.97 |  |
| NIEN YORK.................... | $\begin{aligned} & 78.99 \\ & 86.22 \end{aligned}$ | 77.9186.94 | $\begin{aligned} & 74.87 \\ & 80.57 \end{aligned}$ | 39.5 |  | 39.1 | 2.00 | 1.98 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.91 \\ & 2.01 \end{aligned}$ |
| Albainy-Schenectady-Troy |  |  |  | 40.6 |  | 40.2 | 2.12 | 2.14 |  |
| Binghamton | 73.97 | 72.87 | 69.71 | 39.4 | 40.6 39.3 | 39.2 | 1.88 | 1.85 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.01 \\ & 1.78 \end{aligned}$ |
| Butfalo | 92.46 | 93.13 | 89.40 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.27 | 2.27 | 2.18 |
| Elmira | 76.91 | 76.55 | 76.54 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.88 |
| Nassau and <br> Suffolk Counties 2/ <br> New York-1Fortheastern | 90.70 | 87.09 | 81.55 | 41.8 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 2.17 | 2.17 | 2.04 |
| Hew Jersey | 79.37 | 77.80 | 75.08 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 2.03 | 2.00 | 1.93 |
| How York City 2/ | 75.56 | 73.53 | 71.47 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 1.99 | 1.95 | 1.90 |
| Rochester | 86.15 | 84.64 | 81.25 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 2.12 | 2.08 | 2.01 |
| Syracuse | 82.56 | 81.83 | 79.26 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.93 |
| Utica-Rame | 78.55 | 77.27 | 73.34 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.80 |
| Westchester County 2/ | 78.65 | 78.62 | 76.04 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 1.98 | 1.95 | 1.89 |
| HoRtt carolima............. | $\begin{aligned} & 53.18 \\ & 56.06 \\ & 52.16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53.70 \\ & 57.89 \\ & 52.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.82 \\ & 54.68 \\ & 49.26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.1 \\ & 39.2 \\ & 37.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.2 \\ & 40.2 \\ & 38.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.7 \\ & 40.5 \\ & 37.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.36 \\ & 1.43 \\ & 1.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.37 \\ & 1.44 \\ & 1.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.28 \\ & 1.35 \\ & 1.31 \end{aligned}$ |
| Charlotte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Greensboro-High Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTH DAKOTA.................. <br> Fargo | $\left(\frac{1}{1} /\right\}$ | $\left(\frac{1}{1} /\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71.42 \\ & 75.36 \end{aligned}$ | $(1 /)$ | $\left(\frac{1}{1} /\right)$ | 45.744.3 | $\left(\frac{1}{1} /\right\}$ | $\left(\frac{1}{1} /\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.56 \\ & 1.70 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| оНІО........................ | 88.39 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 86.40 \\ & 85.44 \end{aligned}$ | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 2.18 | 2.20 | 2.13 |
| Akron | 91.3886.46 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 38.7 \\ & 39.8 \end{aligned}$ | 38.940.7 | $37 \cdot 7$ | 2.36 | $2.33$ | 2.27 |
| Canton |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90.46 \\ & 91.16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85.44 \\ \text { (1) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 2.17 |  | (1/9) |
| Cincinnati | $\begin{aligned} & 86.46 \\ & 82.84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.07 \\ & 93.16 \end{aligned}$ | 78.91 | $\begin{aligned} & 39.8 \\ & 40.9 \end{aligned}$ | 41.3 | (1/) | 2.03 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.04 \\ & 2.27 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Cleveland | 90.384.6 |  | 90.41 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 41.6 | 2.24 |  | 2.17 |
| Columbus |  | $\begin{aligned} & 85.24 \\ & 96.25 \end{aligned}$ | (1) | 40.4 | 41.0 | (1) | 2.10 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.27 \\ & 2.08 \end{aligned}$ | (1/) |
| Dayton | 97.66 |  | 95.17 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.2 \\ & 40.1 \\ & 41.2 \end{aligned}$ | 41.040.0 | (1/8) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.37 \\ & 2.28 \end{aligned}$ | 2.352.28 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.20 \\ & (1 /) \\ & 1 / 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Toledo | $\begin{aligned} & 91.58 \\ & 95.44 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91.38 \\ 101.89 \end{array}$ | (1/) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Youngstown |  |  |  |  | 41.0 | (1) | 2.32 | 2.49 |  |
| ОКТАНОМА. $\qquad$ <br> OkJahoma City <br> Tulsa | $\begin{aligned} & 78.66 \\ & 75.58 \\ & 83.85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79.65 \\ & 74.62 \\ & 83.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.93 \\ & 69.63 \\ & 81.12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.4 \\ & 42.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.7 \\ & 42.4 \end{aligned}$ | 41.342.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.90 \\ & 1.77 \end{aligned}$ | 1.911.76 | 1.791.65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 40.9 | 40.6 | 41.6 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.95 |
| ORECON. ....................... | $\begin{aligned} & 91.02 \\ & 86.33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90.72 \\ & 85.77 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88.23 \\ & 80.31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} 39.1 \\ 38.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.2 \\ & 38.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38.8 \\ & 38.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.33 \\ & 2.23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.31 \\ & 2.21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.27 \\ & 2.09 \end{aligned}$ |
| Portland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pmarisylvaikia. .............. | 76.80 | 81.07 | 76.32 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 1.95 | 2.05 | 1.94 |
| Faston | 73.58 | 76.7385.91 | $\begin{aligned} & 71.52 \\ & 79.23 \end{aligned}$ | 39.942.3 | 38.542.3 | 38.041.7 | 1.84 | 1.99 | 1.88 |
| Erie | 86.00 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.03 | 2.03 | 1.90 |
| Harrisburg | 68.42 | 71.75 | 64.50 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 38.3 | 1.70 | 1.82 | 1.68 |
| Lancaster | 67.68 | 68.65 | 66.22 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.62 |
| Philadelphia | 82.53 | 82.90 | 77.57 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 1.95 |
| Ptttsburgh | 91.52 | 96.45 | 91.85 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 2.29 | 2.36 | 2.27 |
| Reading | 75.15 | 72.50 | 68.50 | 40.8 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.72 |
| Scranton Son | 59.09 | 60.25 | 54.00 | 38.1 | 38.4 | 37.5 | 1.55 | 1.57 | 1.44 |
| Wilkes-Darrem-Bazleton | 56.06 | 55.09 | 51.15 | 37.7 | 36.7 | 37.2 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.38 |
| York | 67.35 | 69.46 | 63.39 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 1.67 | 1.69 | 1.57 |

See footnotes at end or table.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average veekiy hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | Juy | July | June | July |
| RHODE ISLALD. | \$65.57 | \$65.31 | \$62.01 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.8 | \$1.67 | \$1.65 | \$1.56 |
| Providence | 66.33 | 64.71 | 62.31 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 1.55 |
| SOUTH CAROLTIA. | 54.51 | 53.72 | 52.37 | 39.5 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 1.38 | 1.36 | 1.29 |
| Charleston | 59.49 | 60.05 | 56.30 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 1.51 | 1.49 | 1.39 |
| SOUTH DAROIA. | 74.42 | 76.42 | 70:09 | 44.1 | 45.4 | 44.7 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.57 |
| Stoux Paile | 81.44 | 83.26 | 75.34 | 46.0 | 46.9 | 45.9 | 1.77 | 1.78 | 1.64 |
| Temarssics. | 62.81 | 63.12 | 60.94 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 40.9 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.49 |
| Chattanooga | 63.30 | 64.38 | 61.41 | 38.6 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.52 |
| Khoxville | 70.66 | 71.89 | 68.74 | 38.4 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.71 |
| Maumhis | 70.52 | 68.85 | 69.76 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 42.8 | 1.72 | 1.70 | 1.63 |
| Rashoille | 65.85 | 65.60 | 61.46 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 1.63 | 1.60 | 1.51 |
| twexas. | 80.73 | 80.12 | 76.38 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 42.2 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.81 |
| UTAR. . | 77.21 | 84.03 | 73.33 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 38.8 | 1.94 | 2.08 | 1.89 |
| Sail Lake City | 83.62 | 83.63 | 77.49 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 1.89 |
| Veramorit. | 67.68 | 68.10 | 64.06 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 1.60 | 1.61 | 1.52 |
| Burlington | 61.14 | 59.94 | 57.34 | 41.1 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.45 |
| Springrield | 85.65 | 84.34 | 79.55 | 44.4 | 43.4 | 44.1 | 1.93 | 1.94 | 1.81 |
| VIROIMIA. | 62.22 | 61.91 | 60.01 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 2.54 | 1.54 | 1.46 |
| Horfolk-Portamouth | 65.50 | 65.84 | 67.84 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 42.4 | 1.65 | 1.65 | 1.60 |
| Richnond | 68.88 | 68.88 | 66.30 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.7 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.59 |
| WASHIEMON. | 89.63 | 90.03 | 84.71 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.18 |
| Seattle | 89.45 | 86.24 | 82.51 | 39.4 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 2.27 | 2.22 | 2.13 |
| Spokcane | 93.39 | 91.97 | 89.36 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.18 |
| Tacoma | 85.18 | 87.49 | 84.03 | 37.9 | 38.8 | 39.1 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.15 |
| WEST VIratilia. | 79.52 | 80.39 | 75.85 | 38.6 | 39.6 | 3.85 | 2.06 | 2.03 | 1.97 |
| Charleston | 98.74 | 98.70 | 95.06 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 2.42 | 2.39 | 2.33 |
| WIBCOMBSII. | 82.43 | 83.64 | 79.48 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 42.8 | 1.98 | 2.01 | 1.86 |
| Kenosha | 81.95 | 84.40 | 81.67 | 38.0 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 2.15 | 2.15 | 2.06 |
| La crome | 81.68 | 81.30 | 78.83 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 2.00 | 1.99 | 1.95 |
| Madison | 86.29 | 88.39 | 82.29 | 40.0 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.05 |
| Milvaukee | 93.51 | 91.97 | 87.77 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 2.25 | 2.24 | 2.13 |
| Racine | 82.86 | 82.14 | 80.12 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.02 |
|  | 93.32 | 87.91 | 84.67 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 41.3 | 2.31 | 2.22 | 2.05 |
| Casper | 123.44 | 107.06 | 103.49 | 41.4 | 40.4 | 41.9 | 2.74 | 2.65 | 2.47 |

1/ Hot available.
5) Subarea of Now York-Northeastern Mew Jersey.

# Explanatory Notes 

## INTRODUCTION

The statistics for nonfarm industries presented in this monthly report are part of the broad program of the Bureau of Labor Statistics to provide timely, comprehensive, accurate, and detailed information for the use of businessinen, government officials, legislators, labor unions, research workers, and the general public. The statistics are an integral part of the Federal statistical system, and are considered besic indicators of the state of the Nation's economy. They are widely used in following and interpreting business developments and in maicing decisions in such fields as labor-management negotiations, marketing, personnel, plant location, and government policy. In addition, Government agencies use the data in this report to compile official indexes of production, labor productivity, and national income.

## ESTABLISHMENT REPORTS:

## a. Collection

The employment statistics program, which is based on establishment payroll reports, provides current data for both full- and part-time workers on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments (see glossary for definition, p. 7-E) during a specified period each month. The BLS uses two "shuttle" schedules for this program, the BLS Form 790 (for employment, payroll, and manhours data) and the Form 1219 (for labor turnover data). The shuttie schedule, used by BLS for more than 25 years, is designed to assist flrms to report consistently, accurately, and with a minimum of cost. The questionnaire provides space for the establishment to report for each month of the current calendar year; in this way, the employer uses the same schedule for the entire year.

Under a cooperative arrangement with the BLS, State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics for use in preparing the national series.

## b. Industrial Classiflcation

Establishmenta are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on anmual sales volune. This information is collected each year. For manufacturing establishments, a product supplement to the monthly 790 report is used. The supplement provides for reporting the percentage of total seles represented by each product. Information for nonmanufacturing establishments is collected on the 790 form itself. In the case of an establishment making more than one product
or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the unit is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity. The titles and descriptions of industries presented in the Standard Industrial Classifical Namul, (U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C.) are used for classifying reports from manufacturing and government establishments; the 1942 Industrial Classification Code, (J. S. Social Security Board) for reports from all other establishments.

## c. Coverage

Monthly reports on employment and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours are obtained from approximately 155,000 establishments. (See table belon.) The table also shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coversge for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS
employment and payrolls sample $\sqrt[1]{ }$

| Division |  | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| or industry | ments in sample | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number in } \\ & \text { sample } \end{aligned}$ | Percent of total |
| Mining | 3,100 | 350,000 | 45 |
| Contract construction.. | 20,900 | 735,000 | 2 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 40,400 | 10,980,000 | 65 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |
| Interstate railroads. (ICC)..................... | --- | 1,128,000 | 95 |
| Other transportation and public utilities. | 14,600 | 1,581,000 | 57 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 58,300 | 1,928,000 | 18 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate............ | 12,000 | 693,000 | 31 |
| Service and miscellaneous: |  |  |  |
| Hotels and lodging <br> places. . . . . . . . ....... . | 1,200 | 144,000 | 37 |
| Parsonal services: |  |  |  |
| Laundries and cleaning and dyeing plants.............. | 2,300 | 94,000 | 19 |
| Government: |  |  |  |
| Federal (Givil Service Comanssion). . . . . . . . . |  | 2,162,000 | 100 |
| State and local....... | 4,400 | 2,033,000 | 41 |

$1 /$ Some firms do not report payroll and man-hour information. Therefore, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estinates.

> Labor turnover reports are received from approximately lo, ooo cooperating establishments in the manufacturing, mining, and commication industries (see table below). The definition of manufacturing used in the turnover series is not as extensive as in the BLS series on employment and hours and earnings because of the exclusion of the following major industries from the labor turnover sample: printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 19.'3); csnrine and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses outerwear; and fertilizer.

## Approximate size and coverage of

BLS labor turnover sample

| Group and industry | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Number of } \\ \text { establish } \\ \text { ments in } \\ \text { sample }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Number in } \\ \text { Nample } \\ \text { samees }\end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing........... | 10,200 | $5,994,000$ | 39 |
| of total |  |  |  |$]$

## 1. Does not apply.

## DEFINITIONS AND ESTIMATING METHODS:

## A. EMPLOYMENT

## Definition

Employment data for all except Federal Government establishments refer to persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the l5th of the month. Foi Federal Government establishments current data generally refer to persons who worked on, or received pay for, the last day of the month.

Persons on an establishment bayroll who are on paid sick leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the specified nay period and are unemployed or on strike during the other part of the period are counted as employed. Persons are not considered emoloyed who are laid off or are on leave without nay, who are on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households are also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are shown separately, but their number is excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

With respect to employment in educational institutions (private and governmental), BLS considers regular full-time teachers to be employed during the summer vacation period whether or not they are specifically paid in those months.

## Benchmark Data

Employment estimates are periodically compared with complete counts of employment in the various nonagri-
cultural industries, and appropriate adjustments made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks. The comparison made for the first 3 months of 1955 resulted in changes amounting to 0.8 percent of all nonagricultural employment. Among the eight major industry divisions changes ranged from 0.2 to 2.3 percent, with the exception of contract construction which required an adjustment of 6.2 percent. As a result, the estimating techniques for contract construction were reviewed in detail and certain refinements have been introduced. Manufacturing industries as a whole were changed by 0.2 percent, a slightly smaller amount than necessary in 1954. Within manufacturing, 43 of the 132 individual industries required no adjustment because the estimate and benchmark differed by less than 1.0 percent or less than 500 and 78 were adjusted by $1.0-4.9$ percent. One significant cause of differences between the benchmark and estimate is the change in industrial classification of individual firms, which cannot be reflected in BLS estimates until they are adjusted to new benchmarks. Other causes are sampling and response errors.

The basic sources of benchmark information are the quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, complled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the U. S. Bureau of 01d Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their small size. Benchmarks for industries wholly or partly excluded from the unemployment insurance laws are derived from a variety of other sources.

The BLS estimates which are prepared for the benchmark quarter are corpared with the new benchmark levels, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the monthly estinates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one. Following revision for these intermediate periods, the industry data from the most recent benchmark are projected to the current inonth by use of the sample trends. Under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment while the sarmle is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

## Estimating Mathod

The estimating procedure for industries for which data on both "all employees" and "production and related workers" are published (manufacturing and selected mining industries) is outlined below; the first step under this method is also used for industries for which only figures on "all employees" are published.

The first step is to corrute total employment (all employees) in the industry for the month following the benchmark period. The allmemployee total for the last benchmark month (e.g., March) is multiplied by the percent change of total employment over the month for the group of establishments reporting for both March and April. Thus, if firms in the BLS sample for an industry report 30,000 employees in March and 31,200 in April, April employment is 104 percent ( 31,200 divided by 30,000 ) of March employment. If the allemployee benchmark in March is 40,000 , the all-mmployee total in April would be 104 percent of 40,000 or 41,600.

The second step is to compute the productionworker total for the industry. The all-employee total for the month is multiplied by the ratio of production
workers to all employees. This ratio is computed from establishment reports in the monthly sample. Thus, if these firms in April report 24,960 production workers and a total of 31,200 employees, the ratio of production workers to all employees would be . 80 (24,960 divided by 31,200). The production-worker total in April would be 33,280 ( $41,600 \mathrm{multiplied}$ by . 80 ).

Figures for subsequent months are computed by carrying forward the totals for the previous month according to the method described above.

The number of women employees in manufacturing, published quarterly, is computed by multiplying the all-employee estimate for the industry by the ratio of women to all employees as reported in the industry sample.

## Employment Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

Employment series for many industries reflect a regulariy recurring seasonal movement which can be measured on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change in employment which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to clarify the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. Adjusted employment aggregates are show and also indexes (1947-49 = 100) derived from these aggregates. The indexes have the additional advantage of comparing the current seasonally adjusted employment level with average employment in the base period.

## Comparability with Other Employment Estimates

Eraployment data published by other government and private agencies may differ from BLS employment statistics because of differences in definition, sources of information, methods of collection, classification, and estimation. BLS monthly figures are not directiy comparable, for examnle, with the estimates of the Census Monthly Report on the Labor Force (MRLF). Census data are obtained by personal interviews with individual members of a small sample of households and are designed to provide information on the work status of the whole population, classified by their demographic characteristics. The BLS, on the other hand, obtains data by mail questionnaire which are based on the payroll records of business units, and prepares detailed statistics on the industrial and geographic distribution of employment and on hours of work and earnings.

Since BLS employment figures are derived from establishment payroll records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period will be counted more than once in the BIS series. By definition, proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded from the BLS but not the MRLF series.

Employment estimates compiled by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses and/or anmual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments also differ from BLS employment statistics. Among the important reasons for lack of comparability are differences in industries covered, in the business units considered parts of an establishment, and in the industrial classification of establishments. Similar differences exist between the BLS data and those in County Business Patterns published jointly by the U.S. Department of Comerce and the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Helfare.

## B. IABOR TURNOVER

## Definition

"Labor turnover," as used in the BLS program, refers to the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employment status with respect to individual firms during a calendar month. This movement is subdivided into two broad types: accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumalated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. All employees, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers are covered by both the turnover movements and the employment base used in computing labor turnover rates. All groups of employees-full- and part-time, permanent, and temporary-are included. Transfers from one establishment to another within a company are not considered to be turnover items.

## Mathod of Computation

To compute turnover rates for individual industries, the total number of each type of action (accessions, quits, etc.) reported for a calendar month by the sample establishments in each industry is first divided by the total number of employees reported by these establishments, who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of that month. The result is multiplied by 100 to obtain the turnover rate.

For example, in an industry sample, the total number of employees who worked during, or received pay for, the weak of January 12-18 was reported as 25,498. During the period January 1-31 a total of 284 employees in all reporting firms quit. The quit rate for the industry is:

$$
\frac{284}{25,498} \times 100=1.1
$$

To compute turnover rates for broader industrial categories, the rates for the component industries are weighted by the estimated employment.

Separate turnover rates for men and women are published quarterly for 1 month in each quarter. Only accessions, quits, and total separations are published. These rates are computed in the same manner as the all-employee rates; for example, the quit rate for women is obtained from an industry sample by dividing the number of women who quit during the month by the number of women employees reported.

Average monthly turnover rates for the year for all employees are computed by dividing the sum of the monthly rates by 12.

## Comparability with Earlier Data

Labor turnover rates are available on a comparable basis from January 1930 for manufacturing as a whole and from 1943 for two coal mining and two communication industries. Rates for many individual industries and industry groups for the period prior to January 1950 are not comparable with those for the subsequent period because of a revision which involved (1) the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure for manufacturing industries, and (2) the introduction of weighting
in the computation of industry-group rates.

## Comoarability with Emloyment Series

Nonth-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor tumover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons:
(1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar-month; the enployment reports, for the most part, refer to a l-week pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month.
(2) The turnover sample excludes certain industries (see under coverage, p. 2-E).
(3) Plants on strike are not included in the turnover computations beginning with the month the strike starts through the month the workers return; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

## C. HOURS AND EARNINSS

Definitions of production workers, nonsupervisory employees, payrolls, and man-hours from which hours and earnings data are derived are included in the glossary, page 7-E. Methods used to compute hours and earnings averages are described in summary of methods for computing, national statistics, page 6-E.

## Gross Averafe Hourly and Neekly Eornings

Average hourly earnings for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries are on a "gross" basis, i.e., they reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premiun pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis. Employment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and chanfes in workers' carnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Avertiges for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings refer to the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. However, the average earnings series does not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer, since the following are excluded: irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the productionworker or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the lencth of the workweel, parttime work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnbver, and absenteeism.

## Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to average hours worked or paid for, and is somewhat different from standard or scheduled hours. Normally, such factors
as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishments. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average Overtime Hours
The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee works on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, the gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, promiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends on the industrygroup level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

## Gross Aversee Weekly Eargings in Current and 1947-49 Do11ars

These series indicate changes in the level of weekly earnings before and after adjustment for changes in purchasing power as determined from the BLS Consumer Price Index.

## Net Spendable Average Weekly Harmings

Net spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of incone tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, net spendable earnings have been computed for two types of income receivers: (1) a worker with no dependents; and (2) a worker with three dependents.

The computations of net spendable earnings for both the factory worker with no dependents and the factory worker with three dependents are based upon the gross average weekly earnings for all production workers in manufacturing industries without regard to marital status, family composition, and total fanily income.

Het spendable weelly earnings in 1947-49 dollars represent an approximate maasure of chances in "real" net spendable weekly earnings. "Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the spendable earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of spendable earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since that base period.

Averace Hourly Earnings, Excluding Overtime, of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries

These data are based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Nonthly Labor Review, Nay 1950, pp. 537540; reprint available, Serial No. R. 2020). This method eliminates only the earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one-half times the straight-time rates after 40 hours a week. Thus, no adjustment is made for other premium-payment provisions-for example, holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

## Indexes of Aggregate Heekly Map-Hours

The indexes of aggrogate weekly man-hours are propared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1947-49 period. These aggregates represent the product of average weekly hours and omployment.

The aggregate man-hours are defined as total manhours for which pay was received by full- and parttime production or construction workers, including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. The man-hours are for 1 week of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, and may not be typical of the entire month.

## Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based upon monthIy data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except exacutives,
officials, and staff assistents (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weakly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Because hours and earnings data for manufacturing and other nonmanufacturing industries are based upon reports to the BLS which generally represent 1 weokly pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, the data for railroad employees are not strictly conparable with other industry information shom in this publication.

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings statistics are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with the BLS. These statistics are based on the same establishuent reports used by the BLS for preparing national estimates. State employment series are adjusted to benchmark data from State unemployment insurunce agencies and the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance. Because some States have more recent benchraarks than others and use slightly varying methods of computation, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the official U. S. totals prepared by the BLS.

Additional industry detail may be obtainable from the cooperating State agencies listed on the inside back cover of this report.


#### Abstract

NOTE: Additional information concerning the preparation of the employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series---concepts and scope, survey methods, and reliability and limitations---is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from BLS free of charge. For all of this information as well as similar material for other BLS statistics, see Techniques of Preparing Major BLS Statistical Series, BLS Bull. 1168, December 1954. Copies are on file in many public and university libraries, or may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. at 65 cents each.


SUMMARY OF METHODS FOR COMPUTING NATIONAL STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT, HOURS, AND EARNINGS

| Item | Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturinf industries | Total nonagricultural divisions, major groups, and groups |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MONTHLYDATA |  |
| All employees | All-employee estimate for previous month maltiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month for sample establishments which reported for both months. | Sun of all-employee estimates for component industries. |
| Production workers | All-employee estimate for current month multinlied by ratio of production vorkers to all employees in sample establishments for current month. | Sum of production-worker estimates for component industries. |
| Average weekly hours | Total mroduction or nonsupervisory man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. | Average, weichted by employment, of the average weekly hours for comnonent industries. |
| Average hourly earnings | Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate manhours, of the average hourly earnings for component industries. |
| Average weekly earnings | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |
|  | ANMUAL AVERACEDATA |  |
| Al1 employees and production workers | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12 . | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. |
| Avergge weekly hours | Annual total of aggregate manhours (emoloyment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual surn of employment. | Average, weighted by employment, of the annual averages of weekly hours for component industries. |
| Average hourlv earnings | Annual total of aggregate payrolls (weekly earnings maltiplied by employment) divided by annual aggregate man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate manhours, of the annual averages of hourly earnings for component industries. |
| Average weekly earnings | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |

## $6-5$

## GLOSSARY

ALL EMPLOFEES - The total number of persons on establishment payrolls who worked full- or part-time or received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the l5th of the month. Includes salaried officers of corporations as well as employees on the establishment payroll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (forceaccount construction workers). Proprietors, selfemployed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.

CONSTRTICTION WORKERS - Includes working foremen, journegmen, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, and similar workers engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, and other actual construction work, at the site of construction or working in shop or yard at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades; includes all such workers regardless of skill, engaged in any way in contract construction activities.

CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the payroll of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded from contract construction and included in the employment for such establishments.

DURABLE GOODS - The durable-goods subdivision includes the following major manufacturing industry groups: ordnance and accessories; lumber and wood products; furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products; machinery; electrical machinery; transportation equipment; instruments and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries as defined. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

ESTABLISHNENT - "A single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed; for example, a factory, mfll, store, mine, or farm. Where a single physical location comprises two or more units which maintain separate payroll and inventory records and which are engaged in distinct or separate activities for which different industry classifications are provided in the Standard Industrial Classification, each unit shall be treated as a separate establishment. An establishment is not necessarily identical with the business concern or firm which may consist of one or more establishments. It is also to be distinguished from organizational subunits, departments, or divisions within an establishment." (Standard Industrial Classiflcation Manual, U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Vol. I, Part I, p. 1, November 1945.)

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE - Covers private establishments operating in the fields of finance (banks, security dealers, loan agencies, holding companies, and other finance agencies); insurance (insurance carriers and independent agents and brokers) ; and real estate (real estate owners, including
speculative builders, subdividers, and developers; and agents and brokers).

GOVERNMENT - Covers Federal, State, and local government establishmenta performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, including Govermment corporations, Government force-account construction, and such units as arsenals, navy yards, and hospitals. Federal government employment excludes employees of the Central Intelligence Agency. State and local government employment includes teachers, but excludes, as nominal employees, paid volunteer firemen and elected officials of small local units.

## LABOR TURNOVER:

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: quits, discharges, layoffs, and miscellaneous separations (including military), as defined below.

Quits are terminations of employment during the calendar month initiated by employees for such reasons as: acceptance of a job in another company, dissatisfaction, return to school, marriage, maternity, ill health, or voluntary retirement where no company pension is provided. Failure to report after being hired and unauthorized absences of more than 7 consecutive calendar days are also classified as quits. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were also included in this category.

Discharges are terminations of emoloyment during the calendar month inititated by the employer for such reasons as employees' incompetence, violation of rules, dishonesty, insubordination, laziness, habitual absenteeism, or inability to meet physical standards.

Layoffs are terminations of employment during the calendar month lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days without pay, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker, for such reasons as lack of orders or materials, release of temporary help, conversion of plant, introduction of labor-saving machinery or processes, or suspensions of operations without pay during inventory periods.

쇼scellaneous separations (including military) are terminations of employment during the calendar month because of permanent disability, death, retirement on company pension, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were included with quits. Beginning September 1940, military separations were included here.

Persons on leave of absence (paid or unpaid) with the approval of the employer are not counted as separations until such tine as it is definitely determined that such persons will not return to work. At that tine, a separation is reported as one of the above types, depending on the circumstances.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll during the calendar month, including both new and rehired employees. Persons returning to work after a layoff, military separations, or other absences who have been counted as separations are considered accessions.

MAN-HOURS - Covers man-hours worked or paid for of specified groups of workers, during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Tine specified group of workers in manufacturing and mining industries, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants is production and related workers; in the contract construction industry, it is construction woricers; and in the other industries, it is nonsumervisory employees. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken; if the employee elects to work during a vacation period, the vacation pay and the hours it represents are omitted.

IANUFACTURING - Covers private establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of inorganic or organic substances into new products and usually described as plants, factories, or mills, which characteristically use power-driven machines and materials-handling equipment. Establishments engaged in assembling component parts of manufactured oroducts are also considered manufacturing if the new product is neither a structure nor other fixed improvement. Government manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded from manufacturing and are included under Government.

MIMING - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals wich occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunneling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

NOND:JRABLE GOODS - The nondurable-goods subdivision includes the following major manufacturing industry croups: food and kindred products; tobacco mamufactures; textile-mill nroducts; apparel and other finished textile rroducts; paper and allied products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and allied nroducts; products of netroleum and coal; rubber products; and leather and leather products. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES - Includes employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

OVERTINE HOURS - Covers premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive or other similar types of preniums were paid are excluded.

PAYROLL - The weekly payroll for the specified groups
of full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. The specified group of employees in the manufacturing and mining industries, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants is production and related workers; in the contract construction industry, it is construction workers; and in the other industries, it is nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors. The payroll is reported before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bomses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.

PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handing, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintensnce, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

REGIONS:
North - Includes all States except the 17 listed as South.

South - Includes the following 17 States: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Colurbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virgiria, and West Virginia.
(In the case of sawmills and planning mills, general, a third region is identified - the West - and includes California, Oregon, and Washington.)

SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms, including automotive repair services. Excludes domestic service workers. Nongovernment schools, hospitals, maseums, etc., are included under service and miscellaneous; similar Government establishments are included under Government.

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES - Covers only private establishments encaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other comunication services or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, 1.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering service incidental to the seles of goods. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.

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[^0]:    1/Preliminary.

[^1]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^2]:    See footnotes at end of table.

