

SPECIAL CHARTS ON

THE STEEL INDUSTRY ...

See pages iv and v for

charts showing recent

trends in the steel

manufacturing industry.

Employment and Earnings

SEPTEMBER 1956

B-Labor Turnover

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Vol. 3 No. 3

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A Note Concerning The BLS Response Analysis Survey of

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Employment and Earnings

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The national employment figures shown in this report have been adjusted to first quarter 1955 benchmark levels.

A Note Concerning...

THE BLS RESPONSE ANALYSIS SURVEY OF MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS

In any statistical undertaking as large and complex as that of the Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics' program on employment, hours, and earnings, there are potential sources of error. The monthly estimates of employment, weekly hours and hourly earnings, by industry, for the Nation, the States, and local areas are based on data in monthly reports covering well over 150,000 industrial and commercial establishments. This is the largest monthly reporting sample of establishments in the world. In this large network of reports and estimates, errors could arise from imprecise instructions on the schedule used for the collection of data, mistakes in reporting, and other sources.

Many control procedures have been instituted by BLS over the years to minimize errors in the employment, hours, and earnings series, and these procedures are now being formulized into a system of quality control. The first large unit of new work to be undertaken in this formal program of quality control is a study of the response patterns of manufacturing establishments. A response analysis survey is now being made of almost 450 firms selected to represent the sample of over 40,000 manufacturing establishments who report on employment, hours, and earnings each month. The survey consists of personal interviews conducted by professional staff members of the Bureau's Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics. A questionnaire, respondent's interview guide, and procedures manual were developed for use in the survey.

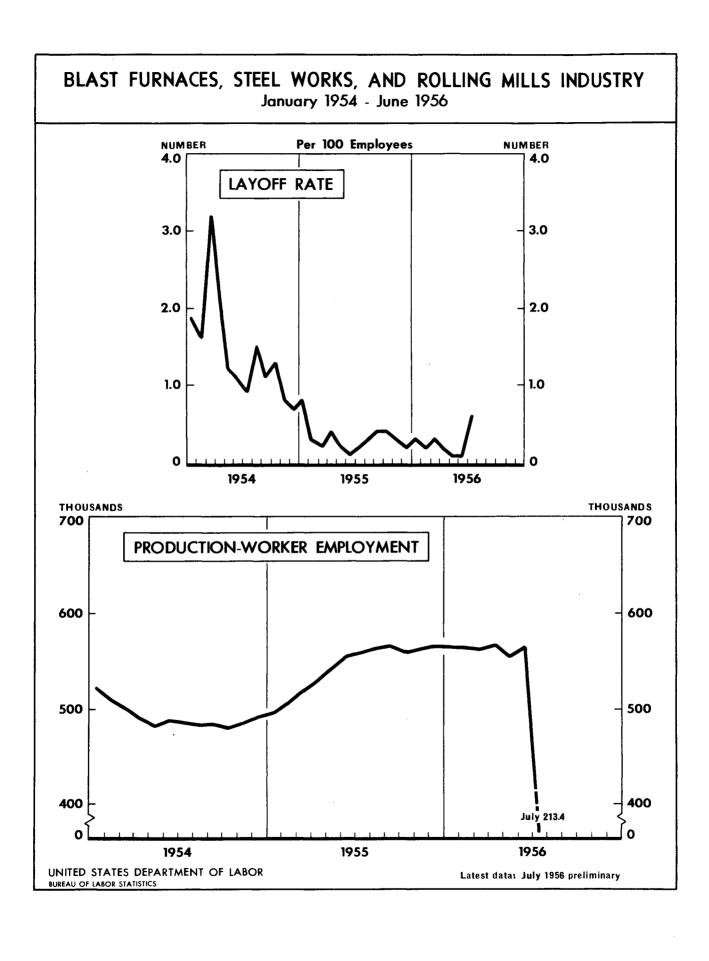
Estimates of employment, hours, and earnings can be no better than the original data upon which they are based. It is obvious that the respondents must have a clear understanding of the definitions used and the precise nature of

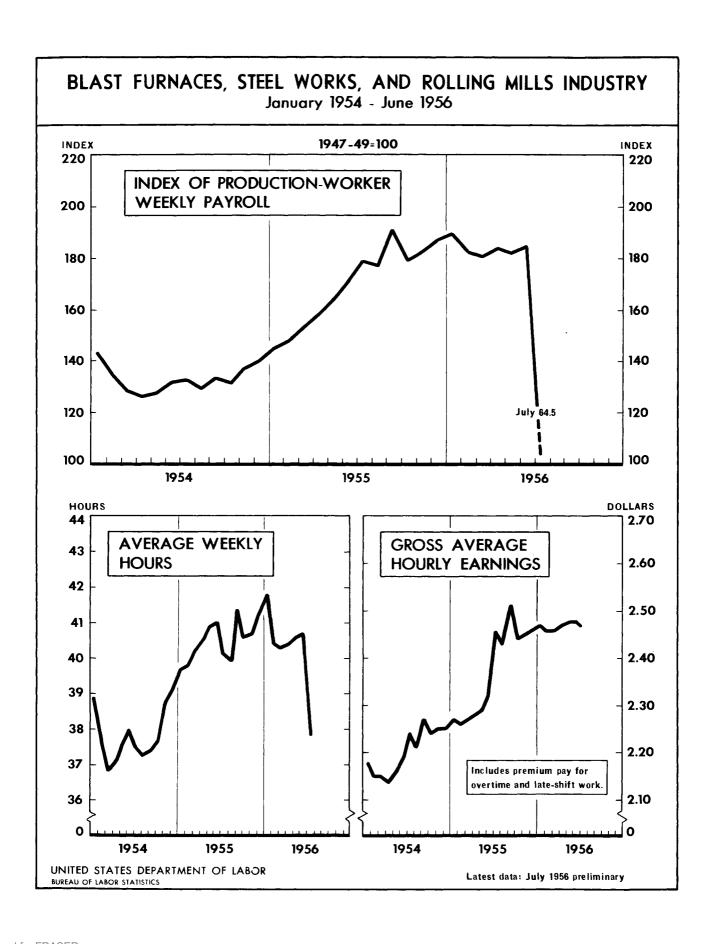
the data requested. Accurate reporting also requires that concepts and definitions used in the program be consistent with the characteristics of industry so that the information requested is readily available from records usually maintained by business establishments. The immediate objectives of the response analysis survey, therefore, are: (1) to determine how well the concepts and definitions on the schedule are understood; (2) to determine quantitatively the extent and importance of deviations in reporting from the instructions on the schedule; and (3) to provide information on the recordkeeping practices of American industry which underlie the data reported to the BLS.

Results of the survey may eventually lead to clarification of the definitions on the BIS manufacturing schedule, and perhaps even to changes in concepts and instructions to bring them into line with the kinds of information that business records can provide.

During December 1955 and January 1956, teams of interviewers conducted almost 50 pretest visits, mainly in New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and Georgia. The pretest indicated that it is possible to collect the kind of information needed on reporting and recordkeeping practices in mamufacturing establishments. Problems encountered by interviewers formed the basis for determining the specific method of approach and for developing an interviewers' mamual.

Interviewing the 450 establishments selected for the response analysis survey began in early April 1956 and was concluded in June. When the data have been tabulated and analyzed, highlights of the findings will be published in Employment and Earnings.







Employment Trends

AUGUST 1956 EMPLOYMENT OF 51.8 MILLION A RECORD FOR MONTH

As workers returned to their jobs after the July steel strike, nonfarm employment rose by 870,000 over the month to a new August record of 51.8 million. Strike-induced employment declines reported in the primary metals, mining, and transportation industries in July were recouped in August as normal operations were quickly resumed. Employment in most other industries held steady at high levels, except for normal seasonal changes.

Hours of work in manufacturing rose by 0.3 hour, the average seasonal increase, to 40.3 hours. The American factory worker's average weekly earnings, at \$79.79, and his average hourly earnings, at \$1.98, were both at an alltime high in August. Pay for overtime work, unchanged from last month's average of 2.6 hours per week, accounted for about \$7.50 of the factory worker's paycheck.

MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT STRONG

Factory employment, at almost 17.0 million, was 150,000 more than a year ago and 670,000 above the July level. Apart from the pickup of 365,000 in primary metals, which reflected the end of the steel strike, changes in manufacturing employment were largely in line with seasonal expectations. However, a better than seasonal gain was registered by the fabricated metals industry where preparation for 1957-model automobile production boosted employment in metal stamping plants. Employment continued to show strength in investment goods industries, with electrical machinery showing a better than seasonal gain. Nonelectrical machinery resisted the usual August decline as a strong increase in general industrial machinery plants balanced out continued declines in the household appliance and farm machinery segments of the industry.

The transportation equipment industry held steady as a slight gain in aircraft plant employment offset the slight losses in automobile plants due to preparation for 1957 model change-overs.

Employment changes in most nondurable manufacturing industries were seasonal, but the apparel and leather industries continued to show less than seasonal gains.

MOST NONMANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES AT RECORD EMPLOYMENT LEVELS

In nonmanufacturing, contract construction at 3.3 million set a new employment high again in this month. Sustained high levels of consumer purchasing resulted in continued high employment in retail trade, in contrast to the usual summer slump. Finance and service industries, at 2.4 and 6.1 million respectively, continued at record employment levels.

HOURS OF WORK RISE SEASONALLY

The factory workweek rose seasonally from 40.0 to 40.3 hours between July and August as manufacturing plants responded to the usual autumn pickup. An exceptionally large gain in weekly hours was reported by the rubber industry, reflecting production buildups of new-type tires intended for 1957 auto models. Greater than seasonal declines in the average workweek were reported in the tobacco industry as many part-time workers were added to payrolls of tobacco stemming and redrying plants. Petroleum products also reported a large decline in hours.

Compared with last August, the average workweek was down by 0.3 hours. Virtually all manufacturing industries reported shorter hours of work. Declines of more than one hour per week occurred in furniture, tobacco, and textiles. The only manufacturing industries reporting longer hours of work were ordnance, nonelectrical machinery, and instruments.

Average overtime hours put in by factory production workers were again unchanged this month at 2.6 hours, with over-the-month increases in some industries balancing out declines in others.

FACTORY EARNINGS AT NEW AUGUST RECORD

The average weekly paycheck of factory production workers rose by almost \$1.00 over the month, from \$78.80 to \$79.79. Particularly large gains in weekly earnings were reported in rubber (\$3.86), furniture (\$2.16), lumber (\$2.07), and apparel (\$1.89), attributable both to longer hours of work and higher average hourly earnings. Durable-goods industries reported an over-the-month gain of \$1.85 in weekly earnings. Nondurable-goods industries posted an over-the-month loss of 22 cents

in the weekly paycheck, as a consequence of declines in tobacco (\$4.22), petroleum (\$3.53) and food (\$1.92), with shorter hours responsible for the drop in weekly pay.

All manufacturing industry groups reported higher weekly earnings this August than last, with the average up \$3.46. The heaviest over—the-year gains in weekly pay occurred in ordnance, machinery (except electrical), petroleum, chemicals, and paper, with the weekly paycheck averaging \$4.00 to nearly \$10.00 more than in

August 1955. On the other hand, textiles and furniture reported gains of less than one dollar in weekly earnings.

Average hourly earnings in manufacturing rose from \$1.97 in July to \$1.98 in August. The increase in durable-goods industries was from \$2.07 to \$2.10 per hour, while in nondurables, hourly earnings declined from \$1.82 to \$1.81. The over-the-year gain for all manufacturing industries was 10 cents per hour.

Table 1. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and selected groups

(In thousands)

		Current		Year	August 1956		
Industry division and group		Current		ago	net chan	ge from:	
	August 1956	July 1956	June 1956	August 1955	Previous month	Year ago	
TOTAL	51,789	50,918	51,709	50,484	+871	+1,305	
MINING	817 112.0 228.6 114.2	741 81.9 181.5 115.0	812 110.5 226.0 115.1	779 97.2 215.9 110.7	+ 47.1	+ 38 + 14.8 + 12.7 + 3.5	
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,345	3,289	3,257	3,088	+ 56	+ 257	
MANUFACTURING	16,973	16,301	16,809	16,820	+672	+ 153	
OURABLE GOODSOrdnance and accessoriesLumber and wood products (except	9,731 131.8	9,291 130.4	9,764 130.5	9,582 138.7	+440 + 1.4	+ 149 - 6.9	
furniture) Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation	767.9 370.0 569.5 1,321.1	760.9 365.1 566.9 957.4	765.0 370.6 577.2 1,334.1	788.0 373.2 564.4 1,301.4	+ 7.0 + 4.9 + 2.6 +363.7	- 3.2 + 5.1	
equipment)	1,086.4 1,711.8 1,221.2 1,715.4 341.4 494.1	1,061.5 1,717.7 1,195.1 1,722.2 335.9 477.9	1,098.1 1,730.7 1,200.3 1,729.8 336.3 491.1	1,111.1 1,587.4 1,130.3 1,774.6 322.7 490.1	+ 26.1	- 59.2 + 18.7	
MONDURABLE GOODS	7,242 1,719.7 107.5 1,041.0	7,010 1,623.6 85.9 1,018.4	7,045 1,575.0 88.5 1,050.9	7,238 1,717.1 117.3 1,079.2	+232 + 96.1 + 21.6 + 22.6	+ 4 + 2.6 - 9.8 - 38.2	
products Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and allied	1,212.7 571.4	1,147.0 565.2	1,180.1 570.6	1,215.3 558.3	+ 65.7 + 6.2	- 2.6 + 13.1	
industries	851.5 834.3 257.8 270.0 376.2	848.4 827.1 255.5 267.6 371.1	850.9 831.3 254.7 269.3 373.7	822.2 808.7 257.5 272.2 390.3	+ 7.2 + 2.3 + 2.4	+ 29.3 + 25.6 + .3 - 2.2 - 14.1	
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES TRANSPORTATION COMMUNICATION OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,191 2,758 823 610	4,146 2,717 820 609	4,181 2,776 805 600	4,136 2,764 774 598	+ 45 + 41 + 3 + 1	+ 55 - 6 + 49 + 12	
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	11,009	11,015	11,091	10,713	- 6	+ 296	
WHOLESALE TRADE	2,976 8,033 1,341.2 1,567.5 797.0 538.8 3,788.8	2,970 8,045 1,345.7 1,575.7 801.6 546.9 3,775.3	2,955 8,136 1,381.6 1,578.2 801.3 585.1 3,789.5	2,864 7,849 1,333.0 1,485.4 816.7 533.0 3,681.1	- 12 - 4.5 - 8.2 - 4.6 - 8.1	+ 112 + 184 + 8.2 + 82.1 - 19.7 + 5.8 + 107.7	
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	2,355	2,351	2,320	2,265	+ 4	+ 90	
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	6,138	6,138	6,089	5,996	0	+ 142	
GOVERNMENT	6,961 2,224 4,737	6,937 2,208 4,729	7,150 2,193 4,957	6,687 2,190 4,497	+ 24 + 16 + 8	+ 274 + 34 + 240	

^{1/} Preliminary.

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Table 2. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

	(In thous	sands)					
Major industry group		Current		Year ago	August 1956 net change from:		
risjoi industry group	August 1956 <u>1</u> /	July 1956 <u>1</u> /	June 1956	August 1955	Previous month	Year ago	
MANUFACTURING	13,208	12,553	13,078	13,264	+655	- 56	
DURABLE GOODS	7,544	7,116	7,602	7,554	+428	- 10	
Ordnance and accessoriesLumber and wood products (except	82.6	81.9	83.2	92.7	+ •7	- 10.1	
furniture) Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products (except	476.2	692.7 304.0 472.9 754.3	696.1 310.5 484.2 1,117.7	719.9 315.7 475.4 1,097.4	+ 9.4 + 5.5 + 3.3 +351.1	- 17.8 - 6.2 + .8 + 8.0	
ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)	1,253.1 879.6 1,247.6 233.1	834.7 1,259.4 853.7 1,252.8 227.8 382.2	870.4 1,278.2 866.4 1,268.5 231.1 395.2	893.4 1,166.4 821.6 1,347.7 224.5 399.3	+ 22.5 - 6.3 + 25.9 - 5.2 + 5.3 + 15.2	- 36.2 + 86.7 + 58.0 -100.1 + 8.6 - 1.9	
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,664	5,437	5,476	5,710	+227	- 46	
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished textile	1,248.8 99.1 950.4	1,152.1 77.3 927.5	1,103.6 79.8 9 5 9.6	1,258.7 109.0 986.1	+ 96.7 + 21.8 + 22.9	- 9.9 - 9.9 - 35.7	
products Paper and allied products	1,082.0 465.1	1,019.6 459.0	1,049.2 465.6	1,087.0 459.8	+ 62.4 + 6.1	- 5.0 + 5.3	
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	549.8 175.5 209.3	543.4 544.7 174.0 207.3 332.4	549.1 552.4 174.5 208.5 333.6	526.5 541.3 177.5 214.7 349.4	+ 3.2 + 5.1 + 1.5 + 2.0 + 4.5	+ 20.1 + 8.5 - 2.0 - 5.4 - 12.5	

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 3. Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

	Av	erage wee earnings	•	Ave	erage wee	kly	Average hourly earnings		
Major industry group	1956		1955	19	756	1955	1956		1955
	August 1/	July	August	Angust	July	August	August	July	August
MANUFACTURING	\$79. 79	\$78.80	\$ 76.33	40.3	40.0	40.6	\$1.98	\$1.97	\$1.88
DURABLE GOODS	85.89	84.04	82.61	40.9	40. 6	41.1	2.10	2.07	2.01
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products	92.13	91.30	82.42	41.5	41.5	40.4	2,22	2.20	2.04
(except furniture) Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass	20.00	71.82 67.13	72.21 68.46	40.6 41.0	39.9 40.2	41.5 42.0	1.82 1.69	1.80 1.67	1.74
products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery,	80.95 (<u>2</u> /)	80.36 90.80	77.93 91.94	41.3 (<u>2</u> /)	41.0 40.0	41.9 40.5	1.96 (<u>2</u> /)	1.96 2.27	1.86
and transportation equip- ment)	1,7000	84.05 91.96 79.20 92.97	82.78 86.94 76.14 92.06	41.1 42.0 40.2 40.7	40.8 41.8 40.0 40.6	41.6 41.6 40.5 41.1	2.07 2.21 1.98 2.30	2.06 2.20 1.98 2.29	1.99 2.09 1.88 2.24
products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 82.61 69.25	81.61 68.73	77-55 66.50	41.1 39.8	40.6 39.5	40.6 40.3	2.01	2.01	1.91
NONDURABLE GOODS		71.53	67.83	39.4	39.3	39.9	1.81	1.82	1.70
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished	74.34 53.68	76.26 57.90 55-73	71.10 49.91 55.48	40.4 37.8 39.1	41.0 38.6 38.7	41.1 39.3 40.2	1.84 1.42 1.44	1.86 1.50 1.44	1.73 1.27 1.38
textile products Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and	/5000	51.91 84.08	49.82 79.92	36.6 42.8	35.8 42.9	36.9 43.2	1.47	1.45 1.96	1.35
allied industries Chemicals and allied products. Products of petroleum and	94.14 87.54	93.41 87.54	91.42 82.81	38.9 41.1	38.6 41.1	38.9 41.2	2.42 2.13	2.42 2.13	2.35
coal Rubber products Leather and leather products	90.23	106.50 86.37 56.47	97.58 86.32 53.24	40.7 41.2 37.4	41.6 39.8 37.9	41.0 41.3 38.3	2.53 2.19 1.49	2.56 2.17 1.49	2.38 2.09 1.39

^{1/} Preliminary.
2/ Not available.

Table 4. Gross average weekly hours and average overtime hours of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

		ust 1956			ly 1956			June 1956	
Main- industry drawn	Gross		ne hours	Gross		e hours	Gross		e hours
Major industry group	average weekly hours	Average	Percent of total	average weekly hours	Average	Percent of total	average weekly hours	Average	Percent of tota
HANUFACTURING	40.3	2.6	6.5	40.0	2.6	6.5	40.2	2.7	6.7
DURABLE GOODS	40.9	2.8	6.8	40.6	2.7	6.7	40.8	2.9	7.1
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products (except	-	-	-	41.5	2.7	6.5	41.6	2.7	6.5
furniture)	-	-) -	39.9	3.2	8.0	40.5	3.5	8.6
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	} -	40.2	2.4	6.0	40.3	2.5	6.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	-	-	-	41.0	3.6	8.8	41.4	3.7	8.9
Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transpor-	-	-	-	40.0	2.9	7.3	40.9	2.9	7.1
tation equipment)	l _	۱ ـ	l _	40.8	2.7	6.6	41.0	2.9	7.1
Machinery (except electrical)		_	! -	41.8	3.4	8.1	42.0	3.6	8.6
Electrical machinery			! -	40.0	2.1	5.3	40.6	2.4	5.9
Transportation equipment		l _	l -	40.6	2.3	5.7	39.9	2.2	5.5
Instruments and related products		-	l <u>-</u>	40.6	2.1	5.2	40.6	2.2	5.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	i	}	İ	1		*			
industries	-	-	-	39.5	2.1	5.3	40.1	2.3	5.7
NONDURABLE GOODS	39.4	2.4	6.1	39.3	2.4	6.1	39.2	2.4	6.1
Food and kindred products		_	l <u>-</u>	41.0	3.5	8.5	41.2	3.5	8.5
Tobacco manufactures	1]	_	_	38.6	<u>ۇ.</u>	2.3	39.2	1.3	3.3
Textile-mill products	1 -	_	<u> </u>	38.7	2.í	5.4	38.7	2.1	5.4
Apparel and other finished textile	_	_) 500,		,,,,	3001		'
products	l _	<u>-</u>	-	35.8	1.0	2.8	35.5	•9	2.5
Paper and allied products	i	l _	۱ ـ	42.9	4.7	11.0	42.7	4.5	10.5
Printing, publishing, and allied	_	_	ŀ	1-1/	, ,		,		
industries	١ _	_	!	38.6	2.8	7.3	38.6	3.0	7.8
Chemicals and allied products	l .	-	l <u>-</u>	41.1	2.2	5.4	41.3	2.3	5.6
Products of petroleum and coal		-	} <u> </u>	41.6	2.4	5.8	41.1	2.2	5.4
Rubber products	I .	l <u> </u>	1 -	39.8	2.5	6.3	39.5	2.3	5.8
•	1	-	l -	37.9	1.2	3.2	37.3	1.1	2.9
Leather and leather products		_	-	31.09		J	5, .5		

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 5. Index of employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

(1947-49=100)

	(104)-40-	Year ago		
Industry division	August 1956 1	July 1956 1	June 1956	August 1955
TOTAL	118.4	116.4	118.2	115.4
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Transportation and public	86.2 158.9 113.7	78.2 156.2 109.2	85.7 154.7 112.6	82.2 146.7 112.7
utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Service and miscellaneous Government	102.9 117.0 136.4 125.4 123.0	101.8 117.1 136.2 125.4 122.6	102.7 117.9 134.4 124.4 126.3	101.6 113.9 131.2 122.5 118.1

¹ Preliminary.

Table 6. Index of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group,

(1947-49=100)

V-1 1-38-4 4		Year ago		
Major indůstry group	August 1956 1/	July 1956 1 [/]	June 1956	August 1955
ANUFACTUR I NG	106.8	101.5	105.7	107.2
DURABLE GOODS	113.0	106.6	113.9	113.2
Ordnance and accessoriesLumber and wood products (except	366.2	361.8	366.2	410.3
furniture)	95.1	93.9	94.3	97.6
Furniture and fixtures	105.0	102.9	105.3	107.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	109.4	108.7	111.3	109.2
Primary metal industries	107.4	73.3	108.6	106.6
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and trans-	·			
portation equipment)	110.0	107.2	111.7	114.6
Machinery (except electrical)	110.2	110.7	112.4	102.6
Electrical machinery	137.4	133.4	135.2	128.4
Transportation equipment	122.0	122.5	124.1	131.8
Instruments and related products	120.1	117.5	119.1	116.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.	104.5	100.5	103.9	105.0
MONDURABLE GOODS	99•5	95•5	96.2	100.3
Food and kindred products	105.5	97.3	93.3	106.4
Tobacco manufactures	93.7	72.9	75.7	103.2
Textile-mill products	77.7	75-9	78.6	80.7
Apparel and other finished textile		., .	•	
products	103.9	98.0	100.7	104.4
Paper and allied products	116.1	114.6	116.3	114.8
Printing, publishing, and allied				1
industries	115.9	113.0	114.2	109.6
Chemicals and allied products	107.8	106.8	108.2	106.0
Products of petroleum and coal	94.6	93.5	94.1	95.7
Rubber products	102.6	161.6	162.6	105.6
Leather and leather products	93.2	91.8	92.3	96.5

^{1/} Preliminary.

Seasonally Adjusted Data

Table 7. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division, seasonally adjusted

Ye dood on district			iex 19=100)		Number (In thousands)				
Industry division	August 1956 1/	July 1956 1/	June 1956	August 1955	August 1956 <u>1</u> /	July 1956 <u>1</u> /	June 1956	August 1955	
TOTAL ^{2/}	118.0	116.6	118.0	115.0	51,621	51,022	51,600	50,315	
Mining ² /	85.3	78.6	85.2	81.3	809	745	808	771	
Contract construction	145.8	146.0	148.8	134.6	კ, ინç	3,074	3,132	2,833	
Manufacturing	112.8	110.3	113.0	111.7	16,840	16,467	16,877	16,677	
Transportation and public utilities	102.2	101.1	102.3	100.8	4,160	4,115	4,164	4,105	
Wholesale and retail trade	118.7	118.5	118.5	115.6	11,173	11,153	11,162	10,873	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	134.4	133.5	133.1	129.3	2,320	2,305	2,297	2,232	
Service and miscellaneous	123.0	123.0	122.6	120.1	6,018	6,018	5,990	5,878	
Government	127.8	126.2	126.5	122.7	7,232	7,145	7,161	6,946	

^{1/} Preliminary. 2/ May 1956 data revised: Total 117.6, 51,454; Mining 83.8, 794.

Table 8. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group, seasonally adjusted

Major industry group			dex 49=100)				mber ousands)	
Major Industry group	August 1956 <u>1</u> /	July 19 5 6 <u>1</u> /	June 1956	August 1955	August 1956 <u>1</u> /	July 1956 <u>1</u> /	June 1956	August 1955
MANUFACTURING	105.8	102.9	106.3	106.2	13,088	12,730	13,149	13, 137
DURABLE GOODS	113.7	108.3	113.8	113.8	7,588	7,230	7,592	7,593
Ordnance and accessories	366.2	361.8	366.2	410.3	83	82	83	93
Lumber and wood products (except			1	_)	
furniture)	91.5	92.0	91.1	94.8	675	679	672	692
Furniture and fixtures	106.7	107.3	108.7	108.7	315	317	321	321
Stone, clay, and glass products	108.3	109.9	110.8	108.0	471	478	482	470
Primary metal industries	107.9	74.0.	108.6	107.2	1,111	762	1,118	1,103
Fabricated metal products (except		l			ł	1	1	_
ordnance, machinery, and transpor-		l	{		-	ţ	:	
tation equipment)	111,2	110.5	112.2	115.8	866	861	874	902
Machinery (except electrical)	113.0	112.4	111.3	105.2	1,285	1,278	1,265	1,196
Electrical machinery	140.2	138.2	136.6	131.0	898	885	875	839
Transportation equipment	122.0	122.5	124.1	131.8	1,248	1,253	1,269	1,348
Instruments and related products	122.2	120.1	119.6	117.5	237	233	232	228
Miscellaneous manufacturing		1	}					
industries	105.0	105.8	105.5	105.5	399	402	401	401
MONDURABLE GOODS	96.5	96.6	47. 6	97.3	5,500	5,500	5,557	5,544
Food and kindred products	93.0	92.8	94.7	93.8	1,101	1,099	1,121	1,110
Tobacco manufactures	85.2	84.2	86.1	93.7	90	89	91	99
Textile-mill products	78.6	78.3	78.6	81.5	Ģ6 <i>0</i>	957	960	996
Apparel and other finished textile		}	1		l l	}		
products	101.9	102.6	105.0	102.4	1,061	1,068	1,093	1,066
Paper and allied products	115.6	115.8	116.3	114.3	463	464	466	458 .
Printing, publishing, and allied		{	[I		{	
industries	115.0	114.0	114.2	110.7	553	548	549	532
Chemicals and allied products	109.3	108.9	109.7	107.6	558	556	560	549
Products of petroleum and coal	93.0	91.9	92.5	94.1	173	171	172	1 7 5
Rubber products	103.6	104.6	102.6	106.5	211	213	209	217
Leather and leather products	91.2	92.6	92.9	94.6	330	335	336	342

^{1/}Preliminary.

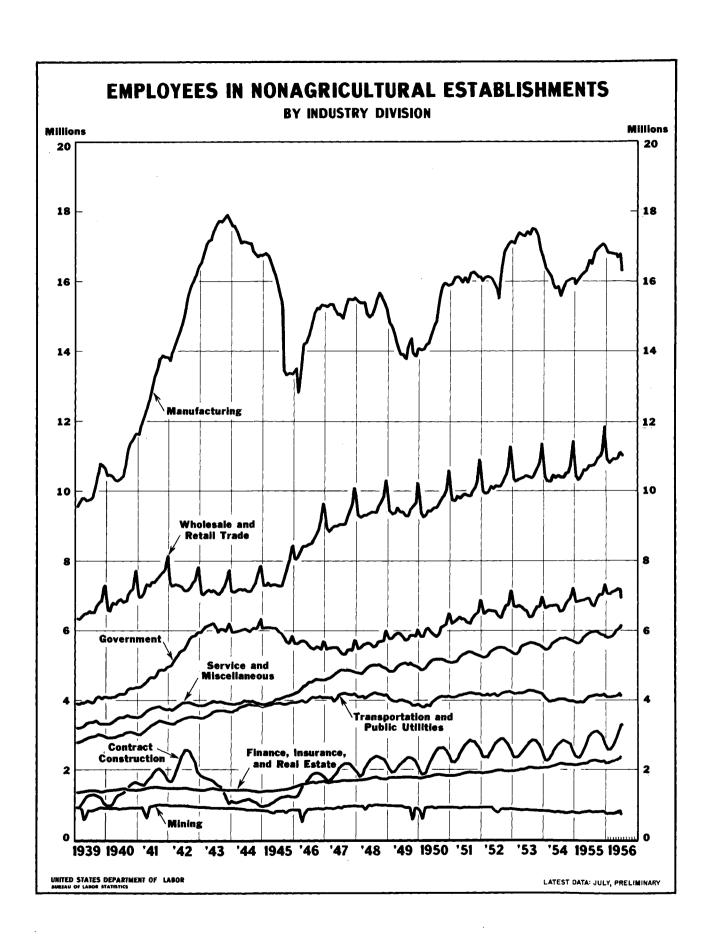




Table A-1: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

					(In thousan	nds)				
						Transpor-		Finance,	Service	
		1		Contract	Manufac-	tation and	Wholesale	insurance,	and	Govern-
Year	and month	TOTAL	Mining	con-	turing	public	and retail	and real	miscel-	ment
				struction		utilities	trade	estate	laneous	
Annual	average:									·
		06 000	3 306	3 003	30			!	•	
		26,829	1,124	1,021	10,534	3,711	4,664	1,050	2,054	2,671
		27,088	1,230	848	10,534	3,998	4, 623	1,110	2,142	2,603
		24,125	953	1,012	8,132	3,459	4,754	1,097	2,187	2,531
		25,569	920	1,185	8,986	3,505	5,084	1,079	2,268	2,542
	••••••	28,128	1,203	1,229	10,155	3,882	5,494	1,123	2,431	2,611
		27,770	1,092	1,321	9,523	3,806	5,626	1,163	2,516	2,723
		28,505	1,080	1,446	9,786	3,824	5,810	1,166	2,591	2,802
-		29,539	1,176	1,555	9,997	3,940	6,033	1,235	2,755	2,848
		29,691	1,105	1,608	9,839	3,891	6,165	1,295	2,871	2,917
1928		29,710	1,041	1,606	9,786	3,822	6,137	1,360	2,962	2,996
			_	_		ł				
		31,041	1,078	1,497	10,534	3,907	6,401	1,431	3,127	3,066
		29,143	1,000	1,372	9,401	3,675	6,064	1,398	3,084	3,149
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	26,383	864	1,214	8,021	3,243	5,531	1,333	2,913	3,264
		23,377	722	970	6,797	2,804	4,907	1,270	2,682	3,225
		23,466	735	809	7,258	2,659	4,999	1,225	2,614	3,167
		25,699	974	862	8,346	2,736	5,552	1,247	2,784	3,298
		26,792	888	912	8,907	2,771	5,692	1,262	2,883	3,477
1936		28,802	937	1,145	9,653	2,956	6,076	1,313	3,060	3,662
1937		30,718	1,006	1,112	10,606	3,114	6,543	1,355	3,233	3,749
1938		28,902	882	1,055	9,253	2,840	6,453	1,347	3,196	3,876
•										
1939		30,311	845	1,150	10,078	2,912	6,612	1,399	3,321	3,995
1940		32,058	916	1,294	10,780	3,013	6,940	1,436	3,477	4,202
1941		36,220	947	1,790	12,974	3,248	7,416	1,480	3,705	4,660
1942		39,779	983	2,170	15,051	3,433	7,333	1,469	3,857	5,483
		42,106	917	1,567	17,381	3,619	7,189	1,435	3,919	6,080
		41,534	883	1,094	17,111	3,798	7,260	1,409	3,934	6,043
		40,037	826	1,132	15,302	3,872	7,522	1,428	4,011	5,944
1946		41,287	852	1,661	14,461	4,023	8,602	1,619	4,474	5,595
1947		43,462	943	1,982	15,290	4,122	9,196	1,672	4,783	5, 474
1948		44,448	982	2,169	15,321	4,141	9,519	1,741	4,925	5,650
		•			1,70	} •]	, ,		
1949		43,315	918	2,165	14,178	3,949	9,513	1,765	4,972	5,8 5 6
1950		44,738	889	2,333	14,967	3,977	9,645	1.824	5,077	6,026
1951		47,347	916	2,603	16,104	4,166	10,012	1,892	5,264	6,389
1952		48,303	885	2,634	16,334	4,185	10,281	1,967	5,411	6,609
1953		49,681	852	2,622	17,238	4,221	10,527	2,038	5,538	6,645
		48,431	777	2,593	15,995	4,009	10,520	2,122	5,664	6,751
1955		49,950	770	2,780	16,557	4,056	10,803	2,215	5,854	6,915
	ļ		[' -	1	1		
1955:	July	50,074	772	3,032	16,477	4,113	10,707	2,263	5,988	6,722
	August	50,484	779	3,088	16,820	4,136	10,713	2,265	5,996	6,687
	September.	50,992	784	3,094	16,919	4,148	10,902	2,248	5,971	6,926
	October	51,125	778	3,031	17,006	4,121	10,990	2,241	5,915	7,043
	November	51,262	783	2,921	17,052	4,139	11,213	2,238	5,883	7,033
	December	51,996	783	2,756	17,027	4,161	11,849	2,243	5,853	7,324
			• •	1		1				=
1956:	January	50,284	7 7 7	2,588	16,842	4,083	10,920	2,238	5,803	7,033
	February	50,246	780	2,588	16,824	4,083	10,819	2,250	5,818	7,084
	March	50,499	783	2,669	16,764	4,106	10,931	2,265	5,859	7,122
	April	50,848	790	2,853	16,769	4,121	10,928	2,278	5,979	7,130
	May	*51,197	*786	3,040	16,715	4,138	10,985	2,289	6,041	7,203
	June	51,709	812	3,257	16,809	4,181	11,091	2,320	6,089	7,150
		72, 109	512	العرد	10,009	7,101	11,091	2,320	0,009	1,1,0
	July	50,918	741	3,289	16,301	4,146	11,015	2.351	6,138	6,937
		70,910	,	3,209	10,301	7,240	, , , , ,	2,351	0,130	10250
			l	1	I	{	1	1	ł	
			L	I		<u> </u>	L	L	l	l

^{*}Revised.

Industry Employment

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry

·	' In	thousands)				
Industry		All employee			duction work	
Industry	July	June	1955 July	July	.956 June	1955 July
TOTAL 1/	50,918	51,709	50,074	_		
	70,920)2,109	70,014			
MINING. 1/	741	812	772	-	-	-
METAL MINING	81.9	110.5	93.9	67.8	94.5	78.6
Iron mining	7.0	36.0	35.8	4.6	31.5	31.3
Copper mining	34.7	34.5	19.3	29.6	29.3	14.5
Lead and zinc mining	17.6	17.5	16.9	15.0	14.9	14.4
ANTHRACITE.1/	31.3	31.5	32.3	28.3	28.8	29.1
BITUMINOUS-COAL	181.5	226.0	216.3	162.6	206.1	198.0
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS		,				
PRODUCTION	331.7	329.1	320.4	-	-	-
Petroleum and natural-gas production				1		ł
(except contract services)	-	-	-	136.6	134.8	134.7
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	115.0	11 5.1	109.1	98.6	98.5	93.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,289	3,257	3,032	_	_	-
NONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	601	59 1	578	_		
Highway and street	275.6	271.9	272.3	_	[]
Other nonbuilding construction	325.1	319.2	305.8	_		_
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	2,688	2,666	2,454	_	_	_
GENERAL CONTRACTORS	1,138.7	1,126.4	1,027.5	-	-	-
SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS	1,549.3	1,539.6	1,426.3	_	_	_
Plumbing and heating	345.0	340.3	328.4	_	_	_
Painting and decorating	209.7	205.0	190.4	-	_	_
Electrical work	193.6	187.6	171.6	-	_	_
Other special-trade contractors	801.0	806.7	735.9	-	-	-
MANUFACTURING	1 6,301	16,809	16,477	12,553	13,078	12,942
DURABLE GOODS	9,291 7,010	9,764 7,045	9,507 6,970	7,116 5,437	7,602 5,476	7,491 5,451
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	130.4	130.5	139.6	81.9	83.2	93.5
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,623.6	1,575.0	1,613.4	1,152.1	1,103.6	1,157.8
Meat products	339.7	337.0	328.1	264.5	262.1	257.4
Dairy products	123.7	121.7	125.5	82.6	81.1	84.9
Canning and preserving	267.4	223.2	268.6	232.5	188.2	235.4
Grain-mill products	123.7	121.9	125.9	88.9	86.8	91.3
Bakery products	290.9	295.2	289.9	172.5	174.7	174.2
Sugar	28.1	28.0	27.4	22.6	22.5	22.0
Confectionery and related products	70.2	71.8	71.2	56.5	57.7	57.7
Beverages Miscellaneous food products	234.8 145.1	229.0 147.2	230.7 146.1	131.8	128.6 101.9	132.3
	_		1		201.9	102.0
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	85.9	88.5	87.9	77.3	79.8	80.0
Cidare	34.1	34.7	33.0	30.7	31.2	30.1
Cigars Tobacco and snuff	32.6 6.9	34.3 7.1	36.5	30.9	32.6	34.8
Tobacco stemming and redrying		12.4	7.1	5.9 9.8	6.0	6.0
	ر.عد	1 42.7	11.3	7.0	10.0	9.1

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

		Mousands/		-	Ju-41	
Industry		All employees	1055		duction work	
Industry	July	June	1955 July	July	956 June	1955 July
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	1,018.4	1,050.9	1,046.0	927.5	959.6	954.0
Scouring and combing plants	6.2	6.3	6.4	5-7	5.7	5.8
Yarn and thread mills	118.7	121.8	127.2	109.4	112.7	117.7
Broad-woven fabric mills	446.1	459-5	456.5	419.8	432.3	429.2
Narrow fabrics and smallwares	28.4	29.2	29.6	24.8	25.5	25.6
Knitting mills	217.3	223.5	214.4	197.3	203.8	194.0
Dyeing and finishing textiles	80.6	85.4	86.4	69.9	74.3	75.2
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	48.1	51.3	50.7	39.6	43.2	42. 6
Hats (except cloth and millinery	12.6	12.7	12.6	10.9	11.1	11.2
Miscellaneous textile goods	60.4	61.2	62.2	50.1	51.0	52.7
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	1.147.0	1,180.1	1,139.5	1,019.6	1,049.2	1,013.4
Men's and boys' suits and coats	115.4	122.3	109.1	103.9	110.2	97.8
Men's and boys' furnishings and work	11).4	ر.عمد	109.1	103.9	110.2	91.0
clothing	301.0	311.4	300.3	277.5	286.6	276.5
Women's outerwear	335.5	339.8	333.3	295.5	299.0	293.1
Women's outerwear	119.6	124.6	114.4	105.8	110.7	101.9
Millinery	15.9	13.5	17.5	13.7	11.5	15.2
Children's outerwear	69.5	71.9	71.1	62.4	64.4	64.5
Fur goods	12.8	12.8	13.3	9.7	9.5	10.5
•	58.2	61.8	54.6	52.3	55.7	48.5
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories	119.1	122.0	125.9	98.8	101.6	105.4
Other fabricated textile products)	1	20,00
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT		}				1
FURNITURE)	760.9	765.0	776.6	692.7	696.1	709.5
Logging camps and contractors	116.7	117.1	120.8	109.5	110.0	114.7
Sawmills and planing mills	396.4	398.4	406.2	368.3	369.1	377.9
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated						
structural wood products	136.2	135.9	141.6	113.9	114.0	119.3
Wooden containers	55.4	56.2	54.4	51.1	52.0	50.1
Miscellaneous wood products	56.2	57.4	53.6	49.9	51.0	47.5
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	365.1	370.6	356.8	304.0	310.5	300.5
Household furniture	251.9	253.9	248.9	217.6		
	2)1.9	2/3.9	240.9	217.0	219.3	215.8
Office, public-building, and professional	47.6	48.0	43.6	38.4	38.7	25.2
furniture	47.0	40.0	+3.0	30.4	30.7	35•3
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and	37.8	40.3	38.3	26.9	30.5	20 =
fixtures	31.0	40.5	50.5	20.9	30.7	29.5
furniture and fixtures	27.8	28.4	26.0	21.1	22.0	19.9
Idraftdie and flatdies	21.0	20.4	20.0	21.1	22.0	19.9
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	565.2	570.6	548.5	459.0	465.6	449.7
Pulp, paper, and paperboards mills	284.2	286.6	274.5	234.1	237.9	229.5
Paperboard containers and boxes	148.8	151.2	144.3	120.7	123.1	117.8
Other paper and allied products	132.2	132.8	129.7	104.2	104.6	102.4
		,				
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED	0.0.1	0-6 -	0500		·	
INDUSTRIES	848.4	850.9	818.8	543.4	549.1	523.9
Newspapers	314.9	315.8	302.6	155.2	157.2	149.2
Periodicals	64.0	64.4	62.7	27.7	28.0	25.9
Books	54.8	53.8	51.6	33.8	33.5	31.3
Commercial printing	220.9	221.3	213.5	178.1	179.7	173.1
Lithographing	61.8	62.5	60.7	46.2	47.1	45.7
Greeting cards	18.7	19.2	18.8	13.5	13.9	14.1
Bookbinding and related industries	46.1	46.4	42.3	37.0	37.5	34.1
Miscellaneous publishing and printing	65.5	\				
services	67.2	67.5	66.6	51.9	52.2	50.5

Industry Employment

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

		housands)	 ,			
		11 employees			duction work	
Industry		56	1955		956	1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	827.1	831.3	806.6	544.7	552.4	540.8
Industrial inorganic chemicals	110.3	110.7	105.1	75.2	76.5	74.3
Industrial organic chemicals	315.3	317.8	312.6	215.4	219.1	218.5
Drugs and medicines	94.6	94.1	93.0	55.5	55-5	56.1
Soap, cleaning and polishing	1		1			
preparations	49.8	5 0. 0	49.3	29.5	29.8	29.6
Paints, pigments, and fillers	75.5	75.3	75.3	47.2	47.2	47.9
Gum and wood chemicals	8.4	8.2	8,2	7.1	6.8	7.0
Fertilizers	31.4	34.3	29.7	22.6	25.4	20.7
Vegetable and animal oils and fats	38.1	37.9	37.9	25.4	25.7	25.3
Miscellaneous chemicals	103.7	103.0	95.5	66.8	66.4	61.4
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	255.5	254.7	257.3	174.0	174.5	178.2
Petroleum refining	204.3	202.5	204.1	133.8	132.4	135.1
Coke, other petroleum and coal products	51.2	52.2	53.2	40.2	42.1	43.1
Coke, other petroleum and coal products	71.2)2.2	73.2	40.2	42.1	43.1
RUBBER PRODUCTS	267.6	269.3	271.2	207.3	208.5	213.5
Tires and inner tubes	117.5	118.6	118.4	89.2	90.1	91.3
Rubber footwear	23.5	23.9	21.8	18.9	19.4	17.4
Other rubber products	126.6	126.8	131.0	99.2	99.0	104.8
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	371.1	373.7	380.9	332.4	333.6	340.1
Leather: tanned, curried, and finished	43.5	44.2	44.6	39.0	39.7	40.1
Industrial leather belting and packing	4.5	4.5	4.9	3.4	3.4	3.7
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings	17.2	17.6	17.3	15.3	15.7	15.5
Footwear (except rubber)	240.9	243.4	249.0	217.5	219.0	224.1
Luggage	16.4	16.5	17.2	14.2	14.2	14.8
Handbags and small leather goods	29.9	28.7	30.2	26.4	25.0	26.5
Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods	18.7	18.8	17.7	16.6	16.6	15.4
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	566.9	577.2	551.2	472.9	484.2	462.9
Flat glass	32.7	33.5	33.1	29.0	29.7	29.6
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	92.4	98.2	91.3	77.6	83.2	77.1
Glass products made of purchased glass	16.8	17.2	16.4	14.1	14.4	13.9
Cement, hydraulic	43.9	44.0	43.4	36.9	37.1	36.4
	88.7	90.0	84.4		80.6	
Structural clay products	53.7	55.1	51.3	79•3 47•2	48.4	75.5 45.4
Pottery and related products	123.0	123.0	115.6	•		
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	- 1	_		100.5	101.4	95.1
Cut-stone and stone products	20.9	21.1	20.2	18.2	18.5	17.7
products	94.8	95.1	95•5	70.1	70.9	72.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	957.4	1,334.1	1,287.2	754.3	1,117.7	1,084.4
mills	299.2	663.2	652.5	213.4	563.8	559.2
Iron and steel foundries	231.7	233.4	229.8	201.6	202.8	
Primary smelting and refining of	-31	-55.4	223.0	201.0	202.0	201.3
nonferrous metals	70.9	69.0	55.1	57.1	55.6	42.9
Secondary smelting and refining of				_	1	
nonferrous metals	13.3	13.3	11.7	9.8	9.8	8.6
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals	116.6	119.5	113.2	91.3	94.8	90.0
Nonferrous foundries	73.7	74.5	74.9	60.5	60.9	61.9

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

		All employee	es	Pr	oduction wor.	kers
Industry		1956	1955		1956	1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORD- NANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION						
EQUIPMENT)	1,061.5	1,098.1	1,095.9	834.7	870.4 53.4	878.7 5 4. 9
Tin cans and other tinware Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	60.6 137. 8	143.7	62.3	53.4 109.3	114.7	121.9
Heating apparatus (except electric) and						
plumbers' supplies	117.9 301.1	122.2 309.1	121.2 283.8	91.1 223.0	94.5	94.4 213.5
Fabricated structural metal products Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	218.2	226.0	236.7	177.1	184.5	197.2
Lighting fixtures	44.8	44.3	48.2	35.5	34.7	38.4
Fabricated wire products	55.2	58.3	58.7	44.9	47.8	48.6
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	125.9	133.9	135.3	100.4	108.0	109.8
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	1,717.7	1,730.7	1,588.5	1,259.4	1,278.2	1,170.7
Engines and turbines	82.2	77.3	75.2	58.7	55.6	53.9
Agricultural machinery and tractors	141.8	146.7	157.9 134.1	100.7	106.3	117.4
Construction and mining machinery Metalworking machinery	155.3 286.3	157.7 289.3	264.6	219.3	222.2	97.1 201.8
Special-industry machinery (except						1
metalworking machinery)	194.2	194.8	179.3	137.5	138.3	126.8
General industrial machinery	269.6	266.9	238.6	180.6	179.4	159.4
Office and store machines and devices Service-industry and household machines	129.6 188.7	127.8	109.0	97.6 142.2	96.5 152.9	84.3 136.5
Miscellaneous machinery parts	270.0	271.4	249.0	209.7	210.9	193.5
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	1,195.1	1,200.3	1,104.3	853.7	866.4	797.5
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus	417.6	418.6	381.7	295.1	300.1	265.5
Electrical appliances	51.2	51.8	44.6	40.3	41.0	35.6
Insulated wire and cable	23.0	23.4	21.3	18.1	18.7	16.8
Electrical equipment for vehicles	66.4	67.8	77.8	51.8	52.9	63.0
Electric lamps	32.3	32.1	28.4	28.6	28.3	24.7
Communication equipment	554.5	555.1	501.4	383.1	387.2	355.2
Miscellaneous electrical products	50.1	51.5	49.1	36.7	3 8.2	36.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		1,729.8	1,814.3	1,252.8	1,268.5	1,388.2
Automobiles	716.8 803.7	732.2 790.4	895.9 729.6	563.3 522.9	574.2 522.5	739.5 492.8
Aircraft	514.7	504.7	470.7	330.9	332.1	318.6
Aircraft engines and parts	163.0	162.4	142.2	101.7	102.1	90.0
Aircraft propellers and parts	16.0	15.6	13.1	10.6	10.6	8.8
Other aircraft parts and equipment	110.0	107.7	103.6	79.7	77-7	75.4
Ship and boat building and repairing	131.7	134.7	125.6	113.1	116.0	108.4
Shipbuilding and repairing Boatbuilding and repairing	109.8 21.9	110.9 23.8	102.5 23.1	94.0 19.1	95.4 20.6	88.3
Railroad equipment	60.1	62.2	54.2	45.3	47.3	40.1
Other transportation equipment	9.9	10.3	9.0	8.2	8.5	7.4
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	335.9	336.3	322.0	227.8	231.1	223.2
Laboratory, scientific, and engineering						
instruments	67.4	66.1	58.0	38.4	38.7	34.0
Mechanical measuring and controlling instruments	83.8	83.7	81.9	57.8	58.3	57.6
Optical instruments and lenses	13.7	13.9	13.9	10.4	10.6	10.7
Surgical, medical, and dental		1 .	1	1	1	
instruments	42.4	42.9	40.6	29.4	29.9	28.0
Ophthalmic goods	28.1	28.5	25.6	22.2	22.6	20.3
Photographic apparatus	67.1	66.7	66.5	42.7 26.9	43.1	43.7
Watches and clocks	33.4	34.5	35.5	26.9	27.9	28.9

Industry Employment

Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

	(In t	housands)				
		ll employees	3	Proc	luction works	rs
Industry		56	1955		56	1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	477.9	491.1	470.6	382.2	395.2	382.2
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	47.8	49.8	48.7	38.1	39.4	38.7
	18.1	18.7	17.5	-		14.8
Musical instruments and parts		96.4	88.5	15.5	15.9	
Toys and sporting goods	93.3		1 5 1	78.2	81.8	74.6
Pens, pencils, other office supplies	31.1	31.6	30.4	23.1	23.5	22.4
Costume jewelry, buttons, notions	59.9	61.3	61.7	48.3	49.0	50.8
Fabricated plastics products	82.6	83.8	77.9	64.8	66.8	62.8
Other manufacturing industries	145.1	149.5	145.9	114.2	118.8	118.1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,146	4,181	4,113	-	-	
TRANSPORTATION	2,717	2,776	2,745	-	_	_
Interstate railroads	1,172.9	1,222.5	1,240.6	-	-	_
Class I railroads	1,032.9	1,074.8	1,091.4		_	_
Local railways and bus lines	109.2	109.7	110.9	_	-	
Trucking and warehousing	789.1	791.1	756.9	_	_	-
Other transportation and services	645.5	652.5	637.0	_	_	_
Bus lines, except local	45.4	44.5	45.8	_	_	_
Air transportation (common carrier)	130.8	129.4	116.2	-	-	
COMMUNICATION	820	805	771			
	776.6	761.4	771	_	_	_
Telephone	42.8	42.6	727.4	_	-	_
Telegraph	42.0	42.0	42.8	_	_	~
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	609	600	597	_	-	-
Gas and electric utilities	585.3	576.8	573.1	_	_	-
Electric light and power utilities	258.7	255.4	254.5	_	_	-
Gas utilities	149.2	147.6	144.4	_	_	~
Electric light and gas utilities						
combined	177.4	173.8	174.2	-	-	-
Local utilities, not elsewhere						
classified	23.5	23.3	23.4	-	~	~
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	11,015	11,091	10,707	-	-	_
WNOLESALE TRADE	2,970	2,955	2,859	-	-	-
function	1,736.7	1,725.1	1,668.9	_	_	_
Automotive	116.4	115.3	113.6	_		_
Groceries, food specialties, beer,	110.4	117.5	113.0	. -	-	_
wines, and liquors	304.3	301.8	298.1	_	-	_
Electrical goods, machinery, hardware,		1	1 1			,
and plumbing equipment	462.8	460.6	436.3	-	-	-
Other full-service and limited-function	953.0	01.00 1	0000	1		
wholesalers	853.2	847.4	820.9	-	-	-
Wholesale distributors, other	1,233.7	1,229.8	1,189.9	_	-	-
RETAIL TRADE	8,045	8,136	7,848	_	_	_
General merchandise stores	1,345.7	1,381.6	1,330.5	~		_
Department stores and general mail-order			-,550.7			
houses	883.4	902.5	852.7	_	<u></u>	_
Other general merchandise stores	462.3	479.1	477.8	_		_
Food and liquor stores	1,575.7	1,578.2	1,492.6			
Grocery, meat, and vegetable markets	1,102.4	1,103.8	1,035.2	_	_	
Dairy-product stores and dealers	242.7	240.4	236.7	_	_	-
	230.6	234.0	220.7	_	_	-
Other food and liquor stores	801.6	801.3	812.1	_	_	-
Automotive and accessories dealers	546.9	585.1	545.3	- '	-	-
Apparel and accessories stores		1		_	-	_
Other retail trade	3,775.3	3,789.5	3,667.6	-	-	-
Furniture and appliance stores	381.3	383.0	378.9	-	-	-
Drug stores	340.6	340.7	328.0	-	L	l -



Table A-2: All employees and production workers in nonagricultural establishments, by industry - Continued

	(In	thousands)						
		All employee	s	Pro	Production workers			
Industry	1	956	1955		-			
	July	June	July					
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	2, 35 1	2,320	2,263	_	_	-		
Banks and trust companies	591.9	580.0	560.7	_	_	_		
Security dealers and exchanges	84.6	83.4	79.4	_	•	_		
Insurance carriers and agents	8 35. 2	822.7	803.6	-	-	_		
Other finance agencies and real estate	839.2	833.8	819.2	-	-	-		
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	6,138	6,089	5,988	_	_	_		
Hotels and lodging places	582.3	520.6	581.4	-	- .	-		
Laundries	340.4	339.3	339.0	1 - 1	_	_		
Cleaning and dyeing plants	167.7	173.4	164.1	_	-	_		
Motion pictures	230.4	229.1	239.1	-	-	-		
GOVERNMENT	6,937	7,150	6,722	-	~	-		
FEDERAL	2,208	2,193	2,187	_	_	_		
STATE AND LOCAL	4,729	4,957	4,535	_	-	-		

1/May 1956 revised data are: Total 51,197; Mining 786; Anthracite all employees 26.5, and production workers 24.2.

Table A-3: Indexes of production-worker employment and weekly payrolls in manufacturing

	Production-wor	rker employment	Production-worker	Year	Production-wor	rker employment	Production-worker
Year	Number	Index	payroll index	and	Number	Index	payroll index
	(in thousands)	(1947-49 = 100)	(1947-49 = 100)	month	(in thousands)	(1947-49 = 100)	(1947-49 = 100)
1939	8,192	66.2	29.9	1955			
1940	8,811	71.2	34.0	July	12,942	104.6	150.9
1941	10,877	87.9	49.3	Aug	13,264	107.2	154.6
1942	12,854	103.9	72.2	Sept		108.1	158.6
1943	15,014	121.4	99.0	Oct		108.7	161.1
1944	14,607	118.1	102.8	Nov	13,487	109.0	163.8
1945	12,864	104.0	87.8	Dec	13,451	108.7	163.7
1946	12,105	97.9	81.2				
1947	12,795	103.4	97.7	1956	_		
1948	12,715	102.8	105.1	Jan	13,260	107.2	159.1
1949	11,597	93.8		Feb		106.8	157.7
1950	12,317	99.6	111.7	Mar		106.1	157.9
1951	13,155	106.4	129.8	Apr		106.0	158.2
1952	13,144	106.3	136.6	May		105.4	157.3
1953	13,833	111.8	151.4	June	13,078	105.7	158.2
1954	12,589	101.8	137.7			303 5	353 3
1955	13,053	105.5	152.5	July	12,553	101.5	151.1



Table A-4: Employees in Government and private shipyards, by region

2.4.2.4/	:	1956	1955	
Region 1/	July	June	July	
LL REGIONS	211.0	211.8	210.3	
PRIVATE YARDS	109.8	110.9	102.5	
NAVY YARDS	101.2	100.9	107.8	
NORTH ATLANTIC. Private yards. Navy yards 2/	87.9 43.6 հե.3	87.7 43.6 44.1	88.2 40.8 47.4	
SOUTH ATLANTICPrivate yards	36.7 16.9 19.8	36.5 16.7 19.8	36.7 15.9 20.8	
GULF: Private yards	24.5	24.7	23.2	
PACIFIC Private yards	51.5 14.4 37.1	52.5 15.5 37.0	53.0 13.4 39.6	
GREAT LAKES: Private yards	4.8	4.8	3.9	
INLAND: Private yards	5 . 6	5.6	5.3	

^{1/} The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia.

The Gulf region includes all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in the following States: Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas.

The Pacific region includes all yards in California, Oregon, and Washington.

The Great Lakes region includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in the following States: Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

The Inland region includes all other yards.

2/ Data include Curtis Bay Coast Guard Yard.

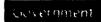


Table A-5: Government civilian employment and Federal military personnel

Unit of Government	July 1 95 6	June 1956	July 1955
TOTAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYMENT 1/	6,937	7,150	6,722
FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT 2/	2,208	2,193	2,187
Executive	2,182.0	2,166.6	2,161.3
Department of Defense	1,046.2	1,040.2	1,036.4
Post Office Department	510.1	506.1	510.6
Other agencies	625.6	620.3	614.3
Legislative	21.9	22.1	21.6
Judicial	4.3	4.3	4.0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 3/	233.6	232.7	232.4
Executive	212.7	211.7	21.9
Department of Defense	90.1	89.8	91.1
Post Office Department	8.6	8.5	8.5
Other agencies	114.1	113.3	112.3
Legislative	20.2	20.3	19.8
Judicial	•7	•7	•7
STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYMENT	4,729	4,957	4,535
State	1,242.7	1,291.1	1,174.1
Local	3,486.2	3,665.4	3,360.7
Education	1,863.5	2,125.3	1,779.7
Other	2,865.4	2,831.2	2,755.1
TOTAL MILITARY PERSONNEL 4/	2,840	2,835	2,969
Army	1,027.3	1,025.8	1,120.5
Air Force	909.5	910.0	956.1
Navy	674.0	669.9	659.9
Marine Corps	200.6	200.8	203.7
Coast Guard	26.7	28.4	28.7

^{1/} Data refer to Continental United States only.
2/ Data are prepared by the Civil Service Commission.

^{3/} Includes all Federal civilian employment in Washington Standard Metropolitan Area (District of Columbia and adjacent Maryland and Virginia counties).

^{4/} Data refer to Continental United States and elsewhere.

State Employment

Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State

(In thousands)

			(In thous	ands)			····		
** **.		TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act const	ruction
State		56	1955		756	1955	19		1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
Alabama	680.5	687.1	684.9	11.9	12.7	15.7	36.8	36.7	35.4
Arizona	231.7	232.6	213.0	15.5	15.5	11.0	19.1	19.0	19.1
Arkansas	316.2	317.6	312.8	6.2	6.0	6.3	14.9	13.9	17.0
California	4,251.4	4,242.9	4,028.3	38.9	38.3	37.9	300.8	305.6	283.0
Colorado	440.8	447.2	436.1	12.7	14.0	14.7	31.0	32.3	30.8
Connecticut	895.7	898.6	857.4	(1/)	(1/)	(1/)	51.0	48.7	49.0
Delaware	- '	- 0,0.0	-	-	-	-			
District of Columbia	501.2	500.0	493.7	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	19.3	19.4	18.0
Florida	940.7	954.5	888.8	7.7	7.6	4.5	95.0	91.3	94.2
Georgia	954.0	958.1	924.1	4.9	5.0	4.7	58.5	58.9	53.8
Idaho	144.3	142.9	137.8	4.6	4.6	4.4	11.2	n.i	10.1
Illinois	3.412.2	3,471.5	3,373.6	31.7	31.9	30.8	204.1	199.6	183.7
Indiana	1,328.8	1,399.6	1,387.2	10.8	10.8	10.6	78.3	80.5	74.2
Iowa	646.6	650.6	635.8	3.2	3.1	3.2	39.1	37.5	36.9
Kansas. 3/	555.8	558.5	549.5	19.3	19.4	19.2	43.8	43.8	43.4
Kentucky		-] -	33.7	37.3	38.0	1	-	-
Louisiana	725.9	724.1	707.0	45.7	44.1	40.7	57.1	56.6	51.7
Maine	286.9	285.7	285.3	.6	.6	1 .7	16.6	15.7	16.0
Maryland	820.7	853.1	824.5	2.1	2.1	2.1	70.8	72.0	69.4
Massachusetts	1,821.6	1,839.6	1,782.4	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	99.2	97.3	86.7
Michigan	2,289.2	2,340.4	2,421.3	10.1	(<u>2</u> /) 16.9	15.3	123.1	119.5	115.7
Minnesota	879.7	895.0	882.1	6.4	21.0	18.9	63.7	63.3	65.5
Mississippi	353.0	351.4	351.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	16.9	16.1	18.0
Missouri		1,290.3	1,286.6	8.7	8.8	8.4	74.3	73.7	85.9
Montana	170.6	169.9	169.1	11.5	11.9	11.9	13.5	13.4	13.8
Mebraska	359.1	361.5	358.9	3.4	3.3] 3.0	28.2	28.1	28.1
	90.7	88.9	89.2	5.4	5.4	3.9	8.5	8.5	10.0
New Hampshire	185.0	184.6	185.1	•3	-3	•3	11.2	11.2	10.7
New Jersey		1,904.3	1,859.0	4.3	4.2	4.4	123.1	121.7	110.4
New Mexico	189.3	189.7	180.4	16.0	16.0	13.3	14.8	14.9	16.0
New York		5,975.3	5,882.7	10.3	11.3	11.1	263.5	258.7	250.9
North Carolina		1,037.8	1,021.8	4.0	4.0	4.0	52.7	52.3	53.8
North Dakota		118.5	116.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	12.3	11.5	10.7
Ohio		3,127.6	3,082.5	22.0	22.1	21.2	174.4	172.4	177.3
Oklahoma	564.3	567.3	562.5	53.9	54.4	53.2	33.5	32.2	34.8
Oregon	498.2	498.9	487.1	1.4	1.2	1.5	27.9	26.6	27.5
Pennsylvania		3,747.1	3,667.4	71.1	95.3	95.1	199.3	199.5	203.4
Rhode Island		297.3	287.9	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	19.1	19.1	17.9
South Carolina	, /	517.5	513.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	27.5	28.0	32.2
South Dakota		125.7	124.9	2.5	2.5	2.5	9.7	9.6	10.3
Tennessee	854.0	853.1	848.1	8.8	8.7	9.2	45.2	43.6	50.0
Texas	2,378.1	2,383.5	2,300.7	132.6	132.1	130.1	171.0	164.7	168.5
Utah		234.1	225.0	14.3	15.6	10.7	16.5	16.0	17.3
Vermont	106.4	106.3	103.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	5.6	5.3	5.4
Virginia		955.8	916.8	19.0	19.0	16.2	72.3	71.7	65.6
Washington		780.9	770.2	2.0	2.2	2.4	51.6	49.5	52.7
West Virginia		487.2	469.8	73.0	78.2	75.3	23.3	22.7	20.4
Wisconsin	, ,	1,139.3	1,133.6	3.7	4.6	4.3	72.3	70.4	65.9
Wyoming	92.9	91.3	92.7	8.7	8.3	8.9	8.7	8.1	9.0
	<u></u>	<u></u>			Ь	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

(In thousands)

	N	anufacturi	ng	•	portatio		Wholesale and retail trade		
State	19	756	1955	19	56	1955	19	56	1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
Alabama	223.9	228.4	235.6	48.9	49.1	49.8	143.6	143.8	140.0
Arizona	35.9	35.7	31.4	21.4	21.5	21.0	55.0	55.3	54.2
Arkansas	88.5	88.5	85.0	28.5	28.2	29.2	75.4	75.8	74.9
California	1.156.6	1,140.6	1,099.1	362.3	356.9	339.1	957.8	952.3	909.3
Colorado	63.0	70.5	67.1	46.3	46.0	45.7	119.7	117.2	116.8
Connecticut	426.7	432.7	409.1	44.1	43.9	37.3	151.1	152.7	144.4
Delaware	56.9	59.1	59.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	16.2	16.3	16.4	29.4	29.3	26.5	87.9	88.2	87.9
Florida	131.7	136.4	126.9	84.2	83.6	79.4	272.2	278.8	260.9
Georgia	329.1	331.5	329.8	73.8	73.9	71.4	207.8	208.6	199.0
Idaho	29.3	27.9	26.9	15.8	15.6	15.9	35.7	35.3	34.4
Illinois	1,241.4	1,283.0	1,245.9	310.8	312.0	310.5	713.3	720.6	715.2
Indiana	540.9	166.6	613.6	103.2	105.2	102.5	288.7	289.8	284.7
Iowa	166.2	100.0	164.9	58.4	58.1	59.6	176.2	177.3	174.6
Kansas. 3/	123.8	123.6	124.7	65.1	64.9	66.6	133.6	133.7	132.6
Kentucky	158.4	164.2	160.6	57.0	56.3	56.7	129.2	128.4	127.4
Louisiana	147.5	146.6	150.2	83.5	83.3	84.2	168.9	167.9	166.5
Maine	111.9	112.4	113.3	21.8	21.4	20.5	56.3	55.5	56.3
Maryland	248.9	272.8	263.3	73.4	76.1	72.7	171.0	171.5	169.0
Massachusetts	677.6	695.9	669.4	118.8	118.5	113.4	377.5	381.4	373.7
MICHIGAN	987.1	1,019.9	1,139.4	153.5	153.1	150.3	465.3	473.6	470.9
Minnesota	221.7	218.8	214.0	88.7	92.9	91.6	220.3	218.4	218.0
Mississippi	103.6	103.1	104.3	24.5	24.2	25.0	84.6	84.4	84.7
Missouri	382.7	385.6	382.1	127.4	127.8	127.7	315.8	317.8	318.2
	22.0	21.4	21.6	22.4	22.3	22.9	41.4	41.3	41.6
Nebraska	58.4 6.0	58.2 5.9	58.7 5.2	41.3 9.6	41.4 9.5	43.2 9.8	96.6 19.6	96.8 19.1	96.5 19.2
New Hampshire	81.0	82.5	81.1	10.9	10.8	10.9	33.7	33.3	33.4
New Jersey	798.2	804.8	790.8	150.9	152.8	148.5	344.6	343.7	341.4
New Mexico	19.2	19.1	17.8	20.1	19.9	19.0	42.9	42.6	41.4
New York	1.820.9	1.883.1	1.864.9	493.9	496.8	492.3	1,294.2	1,309.1	1,281.3
North Carolina	450.6	453.9	445.2	61.7	61.9	59.8	206.1	206.1	204.8
North Dakota	7.0	6.9	6.8	14.6	14.5	14.6	37.2	37.0	37.3
Ohio	1,250.2	1,350.9	1,342.2	225,2	228.4	222.0	607.9	605.5	600.3
Oklahoma	89.6	90.1	89.6	50.9	51.3	50.8	135.4	136.1	137.0
Oregon	158.3	159.5	156.0	49.4	48.8	48.0	112.5	112.4	110.9
Pennsylvania	1,324.0	1,493.4	1,457.9	303.3	317.8	316.9	691.5	698.1	683.2
Rhode Island	127.0	129.1	125.0	15.7	15.7	14.6	54.9	56.0	53.7
South Carolina	222.2	227.0	225.7	25.6	25.6	25.0	100.8	100.8	99.1
South Dakota		12.6	11.9	10.5	10.3	10.3	38.1	38.5	39.6
Tennessee	293.1 464.8	292.0 473.6	293.2 446.8	59.9 228.1	59.5 227.5	59.2 226.1	196.8 642.3	196.2 639.5	191.2 61 8. 4
		}		Ì]			
Utah	33.3	35.3	35.3	23.3	23.1	23.5	55.8	55.6	53.2
Vermont	37.6	38.7	36.1	8.4	8.3	8.1	20.3	20.0	20.1
Washington	250.3	251.8	246.7	89.3	88.8	84.8	214.2	214.2	203.8
West Virginia	213.9	211.5	210.7	69.6	69.0	65.7	177.5	176.3	175.4
Wisconsin	123.0 468.5	132.4 458.3	127.3 4 68.9	51.2 78.9	52.2 78.4	50.2 78.4	85.9 238.5	86.5	85.5 238.5
Wyoming	6.5	6.5	6.5	15.1	15.1	15.7	20.5	19.8	20.2
<u> </u>	1 0.5	""	1					19.0	20.2

State Employment

Table A-6: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

			(In thou	sands)					
		nce, insu			Service a	nd	1	Governmen	,
State	and	l real es	tate		iscellane		<u> </u>		
State)56	1955		956	1955		956	1955
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
41-1	25.6	25)	24.6	62.2	60.1	61.0	107 6	100 0	101.0
Alabama	9.1	25.4 9.0	8.4	28.4	62.1	61.9 26.6	127.6	128.9	121.9
Arizona	9.1	9.0	9.7		28.5	34.6	47.3	48.1	41.3 56.1
California	202.9	200.6	186.7	35.3 550.1	35.5 547.9	522.0	57.5 682.0	59.8 700.7	651.2
Colorado	20.5	20.5	19.3	64.1	61.5	60.5	83.5	85.2	81.2
Connecticut	47.6	46.8	45.6	93.2	92.4	90.8	82.1	81.5	81.2
Delaware	-	-		'-	-	-	14.6	14.9	13.6
		ł		Į	I	1]		
District of Columbia 4	25.2	25.0	24.8	66.7	67.3	66.4	256.5	254.5	253.7
Florida	49.8	49.5	47.3	139.4	138.4	129.4	160.7	168.9	146.2
Georgia	37.7	37.6	35.5	91.8	91.8	90.2	150.4	150.8	139.7
Idaho	4.7	4.6	4.5	17.2	17.1	16.6	25.8	26.7	25.0
Illinois	178.2	176.4	175.3	399.2	401.6	385.7	333.5	346.4	326.7
Indiana	50.4	49.8	48.5	107.2	107.9	106.0	149.3	153.5	147.0
Iowa	30.2	30.1	29.1	74.6	75.5	72.1	98.7	102.6	95.5
Kansas 3/	20.2	20.0	19.8	58.2	58.7	57.1	91.8	94.4	86.1
Kentucky	19.5	19.4	18.9	67.5	67.6	65.0	96.0	98.5	92.9
Louisiana	26.1	25.9	24.8	81.4	80.7	78.7	115.7	119.0	110.2
Maine	8.5	8.4	8.1	30.1	29.6	30.i	41.1	42.1	40.3
Maine Maryland 4/	40.6	40.9	38.6	96.8	96.4	92.5	117.1	121.3	116.9
Massachusetts	93.4	91.3	90.4	226.3	224.2	224.6	228.8	231.0	224.2
Michigan	76.9	75.7	72.8	226.5	226.7	217.6	246.6	254.9	239.2
***	42.8	42.0	100	1	1200				i
Minnesota	10.3	10.3	42.0 10.0	102.5	102.6	102.3	133.5	135.9	129.9
Missouri	64.1	63.7	64.5	37.8 155.5	37.9 156.6	36.8	72.1	72.1	68.9
Montana	5.7	5.8	5.3	21.6	21.3	151.5 21.6	152.5 32.5	156.3	148.3
Nebraska	20.3	20.3	19.8	44.9	45.8	44.6	65.9	32.5 67.6	30.4 65.0
Nevada 3/	2.5	2.5	2.3	24.0	22.9	25.1	15.1	15.1	13.7
New Hampshire	5.9	5.9	5.6	22.5	20.6	23.7	19.5	20.0	19.4
-				i .			1	j	
New Jorsey	80.2	78.8	79.4	201.3	198.9	192.6	196.3	199.4	191.5
New Mexico	6.3	6.3	6.3	23.5	23.5	22.5	46.5	47.4	44.1
New York	443.8 33.8	439.6	433.6	848.0	835.0	837.1	733.1	741.7	711.5
North Carolina	5.0	33.5	31.8 4.9	92.9	93.0	92.5	129.1	133.1	129.9
Ohio	105.5	5.0 103.7	103.5	15.2 301.9	15.2 302.1	15.1	25.9	26.5	25.4
Oklahoma	22.9	22.8	21.8	62.1	61.6	291.1 60.8	334.5 116.0	3կ2.5 118.8	324.9
OBJETOES	,			02.1	01.0	00.0	110.0	110.0	114.5
Oregon	18.0	17.9	17.5	58.4	58.2	55.6	72.3	74.3	70.1
Pennsylvania	138.6	136.8	134.2	412.2	411.7	396.6	385.3	394.5	380.1
Rhode Island	12.9	12.7	12.7	29.4	29.5	28.9	35.4	35.2	35.1
South Carolina	14.6	14.7	13.8	40.4	40.6	40.0	79.3	79.5	76.8
South Dakota	4.9	4.9	5.1	16.7	16.6	16.5	29.5	30.9	29.0
Tennessee	29.2	29.1	28.5	94.3	94.3	93.8	126.7	129.7	123.0
Texas	111.1	110.7	105.9	283.8	282.1	276.5	344.4	353.3	328.4
Utah	9.7	9.6	9.4	26.5	26.2	25.4	51.7	52.7	50.0
Vermont	3.5	3.4	3.3	14.3	13.4	13.7	15.4	15.8	50.2 15.4
Virginia 4	44.3	44.2	41.6	99.8	99.9	97.8	162.7	166.2	160.3
Washington	34.7	34.8	34.2	89.1	87.3	87.4	148.5	150.3	141.7
West Virginia	12.1	12.1	11.8	42.1	41.8	42.5	58.8	61.3	56.8
Wisconsin	41.1	40.4	39-3	118.2	116.2	114.8	127.6	131.1	123.5
Wyoming	2.2	2.2	2.3	13.5	13.2	13.4	17.7	18.1	16.7
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>

^{1/} Mining combined with construction. 2/ Mining combined with service. 3/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data. 4/ Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia portions of Washington, D. C., Metropolitan area included in data for District of Columbia.

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division

(In thousands)

				ousands)				
Area and industry		er of empl 956		Area and industry		er of empl	1955	
division	July	June	1955 July	division	July	June	July	
	V.V.				V			
ALABAMA			İ	CALIFORNIA		ļ		
Birmingham Total	182.0	183.9	195.0	Fresno Manufacturing	16.0	15.2	13.1	
Mining	7.2	8.0	11.0	Manutacouring	10.0	1,.5	13.1	
Contract construction	12.3	12.2	12.1	Los Angeles-Long Beach		1	Į	
Manufacturing	51.9	52.9	63.8	Total	2,034.4	2,030.1	1,948.9	
Trans. and pub. util	16.4	16.3	16.4	Mining	15.0	14.7	14.9	
Trade	45.2	45.3	44.4	Contract construction	138.6	138.7	130.4	
Finance	11.6	11.6	11.0	Manufacturing	706.9	704.9		
Service	20.9 16.7	20.9 16.8	20.4 16.2	Trans. and pub. util	133.9	132.0	125.1 428.6	
Government	10.7	10.0	10.2	Trade	446.3 99.1	443.8 97.1	92.2	
	1	}		Service	275.6	273.4	266.4	
Mobile		1		Government	219.0	225.5		
Total	85.4	85.C	81.9	00101111011011011011011		,,,	1 20/12	
Contract construction	4.7	4.7	4.6	Sacramento 2/		1	Į	
Manufacturing	19.4	18.8	17.4	Manufacturing	14.4	15.5	11.0	
Trans. and pub. util	9.5	9.9	10.4	1		ļ	ł	
Trade	18.0	18.0	17.3	San Bernardino-		ļ		
Finance	3.3	3.2	3.3	Riverside-Ontario	07.0			
Service 1/	8.8 21.8	8.9 21.8	8.7	Manufacturing	27.9	27.3	27.7	
Government	51.0	21.0	20.3			1		
		1]	San Diego		1	ł	
ARIZONA				Total	203.2	198.5	183.5	
<u>Fhoenix</u>		1		Mining	.2	.2	.2	
Total	112.4	113.3	105.6	Contract construction	14.0	13.8	13.3	
Mining	.2 10.0	10.0	.2 10.2	Manufacturing	58.2	55.3	45.4	
Contract construction	19.7	19.8	18.1	Trans. and pub. util	11.1 42.9	10.8	10.9	
Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util	9.8	9.8	9.7	Finance	8.3	8.1	7.2	
Trade	31.6	31.7	30.9	Service	24.8	24.2	23.8	
Finance	6.3	6.2	5.8	Government	43.7	43.9	41.5	
Serwice	13.4	13.6	12.9		•	, ,	{,	
Government	21.4	22.0	17.8				1	
		1	·	San Francisco-Oakland		1	1	
_				Total	903.0	909.7	884.9	
Tucson	50.9	51.5	45.4	Mining	1.5	1.4	1.4	
Total	2.1	2.1	2.0	Contract construction Manufacturing	58.7 187.9	189.9	184.5	
Contract construction	5.7	5.7	4.3	Trans. and pub. util	104.4	102.5	100.8	
Manufacturing	9.1	9.1	7.3	Trade	206.6	206.0	200.2	
Trans. and pub. util	5.2	5.3	5.1	Finance	58.9	58.6	56.6	
Trade	10.6	10.9	10.3	Service	114.4	113.8	111.3	
Finance	1.6	1.6	1.5	Government	170.6	174.1	167.0	
Service	7.5	7.6	6.8 8.1			ļ	Į	
Government	9.1	9.2	0.1	San Toga		1		
				San Jose Total	126.6	119.4	113.9	
ARKANSAS]		Mining	.1	.1	.1	
Little Rock-				Contract construction	10.9	11.6	10.8	
N. Little Rock				Manufacturing	43.2	33.2	35.2	
Total	70.2	70.1	69.4	Trans. and pub. util	8.5	8.5	7.5	
Contract construction	5.6	5.5	6.6	Trade	24.7	25.3	23.7	
Manufacturing	12.3	12.4	11.9	Finance	5.5	5.7	5.5	
Trans. and pub. util	7.7	7.6	7.8	Service	16.2	16.7	15.2	
Trade	17.5	17.5	17.2	Government	17.5	18.3	15.9	
Finance Service 1/	4.7 10.0	4.6 10.0	4.6 9.7	Stockton			l	
Government	12.7	12.7	11.8	Manufacturing	12.6	12.2	12.1	
		,			!	1	i	

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

	Number of employees			Amen and dudust	Number of employees			
Area and industry division	19		1955	Area and industry division	19		1955	
division_	July	June	July	division	July	June	July	
nt on the		<u> </u>	İ	Stamford - Continued			1	
COLORADO	1	ļ	1	Service	8.0	8.0	7.9	
Denver	~~ <i>(</i>	050	053 5	Government	3.7	3.7	7.8 3.7	
Total	260.6	258.9	251.5	GOVETIME!	2-1	3.1	3.1	
Mining	2.3	2.3	2.3	Waterbury		1	i	
Contract construction	20.7	21.5	19.8	Total	60 0	60.3	(0	
Manufacturing	46.1	45.9	43.2	Contract construction 1/	68.0	69.1	65.8	
Trans. and pub. util	28.9	28.7	26.7		2.2	2.1	2.2	
Trade	71.1	70.3	70.2	Manufacturing	43.0	43.9	41.8	
Finance	14.6	14.5	13.6	Trans. and pub. util	2.6	2.7	2.1	
Service	36.3	35.4	34.7	Trade	9.6	9.6	9.3	
Government	40.6	40.3	39.0	Finance	1.4	1.4	1.3	
		ł		Service	4.4	4.4	4.2	
CONNECTICUT		ł	ŀ	Government	4.8	5.0	4.9	
Bridgeport		{		11			1	
Total	125.0	125.0	118.9	DELAWARE			1	
Contract construction 1/	6.3	6.0	6.3	Wilmington		ļ	1	
Manufacturing	73.5	73-7	69.0	Manufacturing	53.9	55.4	58.2	
Trans. and pub. util	5.8	5.8	4.9		75.7	1 //•4	, , , , ,	
Trade	19.0	19.3	18.8	<i>i</i>)	
Finance	2.8	2.8	2.7	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		ł	}	
Service		9.6		Washington		1	1	
	9•5 8•1		9.6	Total	646.3	645.6	(2)	
Government	0.1	7.9	7.7	Contract construction			634.9	
		1	ł		46.7	46.7	45.2	
Hartford		1	ł .	Manufacturing	_,,,_	27.3	26.4	
Total	204.9	205.2	195.6	Trans. and pub. util	43.6	43.6	40.3	
Contract construction 1/	10.8	10.7	9.7	Trade	126.3	128.9	128.7	
Manufacturing	79.5	79-2	74.5	Finance		36.0	35.7	
Trans. and pub. util	7.8	7.8	6.5	Service 1/	90.2	91.0	88.8	
Trade	39-5	40.3	38.7	Government	274.1	272.1	269.8	
Finance	28.1	27.8	27.7	! !	•	1		
Service	20.8	21.2	20.6	FIORIDA		1		
Government	18.5	18.4	17.8	Jacksonville		1		
GOAGLITHETT CO	10.7	10.4	11.00	Total	125.8	125.4	119.5	
Wasan Wand days days		1	i	Contract construction		9.4	9.1	
New Britain	3.0 7	44.3	1 30 3	Manufacturing		20.2	20.2	
Total	43.7		40.4	Trans. and pub. util		14.3	1	
Contract construction 1/	1.5	1.4	1.3	Trade			13.5	
Manufacturing		29.4	26.1			36.6	35.0	
Trans. and pub. util	2.1	2.1	1.8	Finance		10.5	10.2	
Trade	5•3	5•7	5•3	Service 1/		15.2	14.3	
Finance	•7	•7	•7	Government	18.6	19.3	17.4	
Service	2.7	2.7	2.6	il I		l	1	
Government	2.3	2.4	2.5	Miami		1	1	
	_	j	1	Total		240.8	224.8	
New Haven		•	1	Contract construction		23.7	25.0	
Total	123.2	123.8	117.6	Manufacturing	28.7	29.3	26.9	
Contract construction 1/	6.9	6.8	6.5	Trans. and pub. util		31.3	28.6	
Manufacturing	46.2	46.9	44.8	Trade		73.1	68.2	
Trans. and pub. util	12.6	12.5	11.2	Finance		14.6	13.5	
		1 -1 -		Service 1/	45.9	45.2		
Trade	23.9	24.0	22.6	Government	77.7		41.2	
Finance	6.7	6.6	6.4		23.5	23.7	21.6	
Service	17.8	17.9	17.3	Tampa-St. Petersburg		1	1	
Government	9.1	9.1	8.9		300 0	1		
		1	1	Total	137.8	139.6	128.1	
Stanford			1	Contract construction	14.5	14.3	13.3	
Total	50.8	50.4	49.2	Manufacturing		24.5	22.5	
Contract construction 1/	4.1	3.9	4.0	Trans. and pub. util	11.8	11.6	10.5	
Manufacturing	20.5	20.4	19.8	Trade	44.9	46.2	42.0	
Trans. and pub. util		2.8		Finance		7.1	6.5	
	2.9		2.5	Service 1/	–	17.9	16.8	
Trade	9.9	9.8	9.7	Government	17.6	18.1		
Finance	1.7	1.7	1.8	1) CO TO A COMMON VOICE OF THE CO. 1	-100	1	16.6	



Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

	Number of employees 1956 1955			Area and industry	Number of employees		
Area and industry division	July 19	June	1955 July	division	July 19	56 June	1955 July
						 	<u> </u>
GEORGIA]	Evansville - Continued			-1 1
Atlanta	_			Manufacturing	30.1	29.4	34.4
Total	327.9	329.3	319.4	Trans. and pub. util	4.9	4.9	5.0
Contract construction	21.2	21.8	19.7	Trade	14.7	14.8	15.0
Manufacturing	85.9	87.0	88.0	Finance	2.2	2.2	2.2
Trans. and pub. util	34.6	34.6	33.0	Service 4/	12.3	12.3	12.2
Trade	86.0	86.2	82.9			ļ .	
Finance	23.0	23.0	22.0	Fort Wayne	80.3	80.0	70.0
Service 1/	40.7	40.1	38.9	Total	80.3	80.9	79.9
Government	36.5	36.6	34.9	Contract construction		3.4	3.1
		1		Manufacturing	36.9	37.6	37.4
Savannah				Trans. and pub. util		7.3	7.3
Total	53.5	54.2	51.6	Trade		17.6	17.3
Contract construction	3.6	3.7	3.4	Finance	3.7	3.7	3.5
Manufacturing		14.8	14.2	Service 5/	11.3	11.3	11.3
Trans. and pub. util	6.9	7.0	6.5	ll		i	
Trade	13.1	13.2	12.6	Indianapolis	-00 .		
Finance	1.6	1.6	1.6	Total	288.4	291.0	288.9
Service 1/	6.9	6.9	7.0	Contract construction	14.5	14.0	14.7
Government	7.0	7.0	6.3	Manufacturing		109.3	108.7
		l	l i	Trans. and pub. util		23.3	22.4
IDARO		Ī	<u> </u>	Trade		64.2	64.4
Boise		1		Finance		17.3	17.2
Total	21.6	21.2	20.4	Service 4/	61.5	62.9	61.5
Contract construction	1.9	1.7	1.6	1		1	
Manufacturing	1.8	1.8	1.8	l.		1	
Trans. and pub. util	2.5	2.5	2.3	South Bend			
Trade		6.4	6.3	Total		81.0	84.3
Finance	1.4	1.4	1.3	Contract construction		3.6	4.0
Service	3.1	3.1	2.9	Manufacturing	38.8	39.6	43.0
Government	4.3	4.3	4.2	Trans. and pub. util	4.7	4.8	5.0
		t	1	Trade	15.4	15.3	15.5
				Finance		3.5	3.5
ILLIMOIS		1		Service 5/	13.6	14.2	13.3
Chicago						1	
Total	2,514.0	2,611.8	2,533.5	1		1	
Mining	3.8	3.8	3.6	IOWA	•		
Contract construction	138.7	138.3	124.4	Des Moines			
Manufacturing	941.9	1,027.3	989.1	Total	97.8	98.3	95.8
Trans. and pub. util	224.9	228.1	227.0	Contract construction		6.2	5.6
Trade	527.1	531.1	525.9	Manufacturing		23.4	22.7
Finance	148.6	147.4	144.8	Trans. and pub. util		8.2	8.0
Service	309.2	310.5	302.6	Trade		26.3	26.0
Government	219.9	225.3	216.2	Finance	10.5	10.5	10.2
		1]	Service 1/	12.3	12.5	12.5
Rockford				Government	11.4	11.4	11.0
Total	(3/)	75.2	71.5	1			
Contract construction 1/) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	4.6	4.3	[1	1	1
Manufacturing	(3/,)	43.4	41.0		1	Į.	
Trans. and pub. util	(<u>3/</u>)	2.7	2.7	KANSAS	l	1	
Trade	<u>(3/,)</u>	11.2	10.8	Topeka	٠,, ١	1	l ,_,
Finance	(3/)	2.5	2.5	Total	48.8	48.4	47.4
Service	(3/) (3/)	6.6	6.7	Mining	.2	.2	.2
Government	(3/)	4.2	3.6	Contract construction		4.2	3.9
		ł	l i	Manufacturing	6.3	6.4	6.1
INDIANA	1	l	j i	Trans. and pub. util		7.7	7.7
Evansville		l]	Trade	9.6	9.6	9.5
Total	70.3	69.5	75.0	Finance	2.5	2.4	2.4
Mining	1.7	1.7	1.8	Service	6.0	5.9	5.9
Contract construction	4.4	4.2	4.4	Government	12.2	12.2	12.0
- 1	Ī	I		μ	1	ı	1

Area Employment

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		ber of empl 1956	loyees 1955	Area and industry		er of emp	
division	July	June	July	division	July	June	1955 July
KANSAS - Continued		1	ĺ	Portland	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5 1.0	
<u>Wichita</u>	1			Total	55.3	54.9	53.5
Total	123.4	122.8	121.0	Contract construction	4.3	4.1	4.2
Mining	1.7	1.7	1.7	Manufacturing	14.3	14.5	13.1
Contract construction	7.9	7.8	8.6	Trans. and pub. util	6.5	6.4	
Manufacturing	52.0	51.6	50.3	Trade	14.9	14.9	15.0
Trans. and pub. util	7.6	7.6	7.5	Finance	3.5	3.5	3.4
Trade	26.0	26.0	26.4	Service 1/	8.4	8.1	8.3
Finance	4.6	4.6	4.7	Government	3.4	3.4	3.4
Service	12.4	12.3	11.9	11		Į	
Government	11.3	11.5	10.0	MARYLAND		ŀ	i
		į.		Baltimore			
		l		Total	564.7	595.9	568.9
ENTUCKY		ì		Mining	8	8	.8
Louisville		l		Contract construction	45.4	47.1	43.3
Total	246.2	245.7	238.4	Manufacturing	182.8	207.0	195.4
Contract construction	14.4	14.2	15.0	Trans. and pub. util	55-4	57.2	54.7
Manufacturing	98.7	98.5	93.0	Trade	111.4	112.5	111.4
Trans. and pub. util	23.2	23.1	22.3	Finance	30.3	30.7	29.4
Trade	53.0	52.8	52.1	Service	65.3	65.0	62.9
Finance	10.0	10.0	9.9	Government	73.3	75.6	71.0
Service 1/	24.7	24.6	23.8	{{		1	1
Government	22.2	22.5	22.3	[] ·		1	}
		1		MASSACHUSETTS		Į.	i
1		İ		Boston	_		1
OUISIANA		1		Total	978.2	987.3	950.1
Baton Rouge		ļ		Contract construction	58.5	57.2	51.2
Total	62.8	62.2	60.3	Manufacturing	283.3	288.2	274.7
Mining	.4	.4	.4	Trans. and pub. util	79.2	79.0	76.5
Contract construction	6.9	6.6	5.5	Trade	222.4	227.5	218.3
Manufacturing	19.3	19.2	19.6	Finance	68.2	66.9	66.5
Trans. and pub. util	4.2	4.2	4.0	Service 1/	132.8	133.6	130.6
Trade	12.6	12.6	12.4	Government	133.8	134.9	132.3
Finance	2.1	2.1	2.1	11		ì	
Service	6.0	6.0	5.7	Fall River]
Government	11.3	11.3	10.7	Total	45.5	46.8	42.7
	•	1		Manufacturing	25.7	26.7	23.1
		ł		Trans. and pub. util	2.7	2.8	2.6
New Orleans				Trade	7.6	7.9	7.6
Total	269.0	267.6	269.7	Government	3.1	3.1	3.1
Mining	5.5	5.5	5.9	Other nonmanufacturing	6.4	6.3	6.3
Contract construction	14.3	13.3	17.4	11		1	1
Manufacturing	51.0	50.8	50.6	New Redford		1	ł
Trans. and pub. util	46.6	46.2	44.9	Total	48.5	49.9	47.8
Trade	68.7	68.7	67.8	Contract construction	1.8	1.9	1.7
Finance	13.2	13.2	13.3	Manufacturing	25.7	27.0	25.5
Service	38.2	38.4	37.3	Trans. and pub. util	2.3	2.3	1.9
Government	31.6	31.7	32.6	Trade	8.6	8.7	8.6
				Government	3.6	3.5	3.6
ì		1		Other nonmanufacturing	6.5	6.5	6.5
AINE		1]]			
Testeton		1		Springfield-Holyoke		i]
Total	28.6	28.8	28.5	Total	153.6	155.7	153.6
Contract construction	1.6	1.5	1.5	Contract construction	6.9	155.7	5.9
Manufacturing	14.9	15.1	15.1	Manufacturing	66.3	67.6	67.7
Trans. and pub. util	1.1	1.1	1.1	Trans. and pub. util	9.0	9.0	8.6
Trade	5.4	5.4	5.3	Trade	30.9	31.2	30.3
Finance	.8	8.	.7	Finance	7.1	6.9	6.7
Service 1/	3.7	3.8	3.7	Service 1/	15.0	15.4	15.2
Government	1.1	1.1	1.1	Government	18.4	18.7	19.2
GCV CLUMENTO COLOR OF COLOR				II		,,	· +7•5

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

	Number of employees				Number of employees			
Area and industry	19	956	1955	Area and industry		956	1955	
division	July	June	July	division	July	June	July	
				MISSISSIPPI			•	
ASSACHUSETTS - Continued		1		11				
forcester	~ 7	104.7	101.2	Jackson Total	53.3	53.2	52.3	
Total	99.7			11			.6	
Contract construction	3.7	3.6	2.9 49.2	Mining	•7 4.5	•7 4•3	5.1	
Manufacturing	45.6	50.1 5.4	4.8	Contract construction	10.2	10.2	9.6	
Trans. and pub. util	5.3	20.1	19.6	Manufacturing	4.6	4.5	4.4	
Trade	19.8 4.5	4.4	4.1	Trans. and pub. util	14.0	14.1	13.9	
Finance	-	9.6	9.5	Trade	3.6	3.6	3.4	
Service 1/	9.5 11.3		11.1	Service	6.6	6.7	6.5	
Government	11.3	11.5	11.1	Government	9.3	9.3	8.9	
CHIGAN				Government	9.3	9.3	0.9	
		}		MISSOURI				
Detroit Total	1,226.6	1,254.5	1,317.6	Kansas City				
	.9	.9	.8	Total	347.4	347.4	355.5	
Mining	63.2	61.5	61.0	Mining	.8	9.	.8	
Contract construction	531.3	556.9	641.3	Contract construction	20.5	20.4	21.7	
Manufacturing	81.0	80.9	79.5	Manufacturing	95.0	95.2	101.8	
Trans. and pub. util	251.3	256.9	251.3	Trans. and pub. util	44.2	44.2	44.9	
	49.4	48.5	47.0	Trans. and pub. util	93.4	93.3	93.9	
Finance	138.6	134.2	128.6	Finance	21.1	21.2	21.4	
Service	111.0	114.7	108.1	Service	40.7	40.6	40.6	
Government	111.0	114.1	100.1	Government	31.7	31.6	30.4	
77.44		Ī		GOVERNMENT	31.1	32.0	, ,,,,,	
Flint	72.0	73.0	88.0	!		1		
Manufacturing	12.0	13.0	00.0	04 7-114-				
				St. Louis	12/1	696.8	698.1	
Grand Rapids		l		Total	(3/)			
Manufacturing	52.2	53.5	53.5	Mining	(3/)	3.1	3.0	
				Contract construction	(3/)	35.4	38.6	
ansing			١	Manufacturing	(3/)	264.9	265.5	
Manufacturing	26.0	26.4	32.4	Trans. and pub. util	(<u>3</u> /)	68.2	68.4	
i		1		Trade	(3/)	146.2	148.2	
iuskegon				Finance	(3/)	34.3	35.0	
Manufacturing	26.4	27.2	29.0	Service	3) 3) 3) 3) 3) 3)	83.4	79.4	
				Government	(<u>3</u> /)	61.3	60.0	
Baginaw	_		_			i :		
Manufacturing	23.8	23.7	28.0				i	
				1				
 				MONTANA				
INNESOTA		ļ i		Great Falls		<u></u> -		
Duluth				Total	19.3	19.5	19.1	
Total	37.7	42.6	42.2	Contract construction	1.8	1.9	1.9	
Contract construction	2.7	2.5	2.2	Manufacturing	3.0	3.0	3.1	
Manufacturing	7.3	10.2	9.6	Trans. and pub. util	2.4	2.3	2.5	
Trans. and pub. util	4.7	7.0	7.6	Trade	6.0	5.9	5.7	
Trade	10.6	10.6	10.9	Service 6/	3.7	3.7	3.5	
Finance	1.8	1.8	1.7	Government	2.4	2.7	2.4	
Service 1/	6.5	6.5	6.1	[]		1	1	
Government	4.1	4.1	4.1]				
į]		
	:			NEBRASKA]		
inneapolis-St. Paul				Omeha				
Total	494.3	493.4	475.6	Total	148.9	149.7	148.0	
Contract construction	33.1	31.7	30.4	Contract construction	8.1	8.0	7.9	
Manufacturing	143.8	143.5	135.6	Manufacturing	32.7	32.4	32.0	
Trans. and pub. util	51.0	50.6	51.1	Trans. and pub. util	23.8	23.8	24.8	
Trade	122.1	121.2	117.9	Trade	36.9	37.0	37.0	
Finance	31.6	30.8	31.0	Finance	12.2	12.2	11.9	
				II C	00.0			
Service 1/	57.3	57.4	55.7	Service 1/	20.2	21.0	19.9	

Area Employment

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)										
Area and industry	Number of empl		oyees Area and industry		Number of employees					
division	July	June	July	division	July	June	July			
NEVADA			[Trenton Total.		1 ~ ~	93.6			
Neno Total	27.1	26.5	26.3	Mining	92.5	95.9	.1			
Contract construction	2.1	2.3	2.4	Contract construction	4.5	4.1	3.8			
Manufacturing 1/	2.0	2.0	1.9	Manufacturing	37.9	41.6	40.2			
Trans. and pub. util	3.7	3.6	3.6	Trans. and pub. util	6.9	7.0	6.7			
Trade	6.5	6.4	6.3	Trade	15.2	15.4	15.6			
Finance	1.0	1.0	1.0	Finance	2.9	2.8	2.8			
Service	7.9	7.2	7.5	Service	9.7	9.9	9.3			
Government	3.9	4.0	3.6	Government	15.3	15.0	15.1			
NEV BANPSHIRE				RUSN MEXICO						
Manchester			l	Albuquerque		l	Į			
Total	41.3	41.3	40.7	Total	61.2	61.2	58.9			
Contract construction	2.6	2.3	2.2	Contract construction	5.5	5.4	6.3			
Manufacturing	18.6	18.9	19.3	Manufacturing	10.5	10.4	9.8			
Trans. and pub. util	2.9	2.8	2.6	Trans. and pub. util	5-3	5.3	5-3			
Trade	7-9	8.0	7.6	Trade	15.4	15.4	15.2			
Finance	2.0	2.0	2.0	Finance	3.7	3.8	3.7			
Service	4.4	4.3	4.2	Service 1/	8.2	8.2	7.5			
Government	2.9	2.9	2.7	Government	12.6	12.7	11.1			
			1			Į.	İ			
NEW JERSEY				NEW YORK		1				
Newark-Jersey City 2/7/	0-0.	0-0	0-1	Albany-Schenectady-Troy			1 000			
Total	826.4	838.6	824.9	Total	207.2	209.7	206.2			
Mining	.2	.2	.2	Contract construction	8.0	7.3	7-3			
Contract construction	31.7	31.2	31.7	Manufacturing	75.2	78.2	75.0 16.8			
Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util	360.4	365.6	363.9 84.4	Trans. and pub. util	16.5 39.8	16.5	39.3			
Trade	86.3 140.1	87.7 142.8	140.7	Finance	7.1	7.1	7.2			
Finance	47.3	46.9	46.8	Service 1/	22.5	22.3	22.2			
Service	83.4	83.3	80.9	Government	38.1	38.2	38.5			
Government	79.0	80.9	76.3	1	3002	3502				
				Binghamton						
			į	Total	78.0	77.4	76.2			
Paterson 7/			1	Manufacturing	3.1 41.5	3.1	3.0			
Total.	380.5	270 6	366.3	Trans. and pub. util	3.9	3.9	4.0			
Mining	2.1	379.0 2.1	1.7	Trade	13.9	13.8	13.9			
Contract construction	27.4	26.4	22.8	Finance	2.0	2.0	1.9			
Manufacturing	177.4	176.8	171.2	Service 1/	6.1	5.9	6.6			
Trans. and pub. util	22.0	22.1	21.9	Government	7.4	7.6	7.0			
Trade	62.8	63.4	62.3	11	! ·					
Finance	12.8	12.4	12.4	11	l	ŀ	ł			
Service	37.6	37.4	35.2	Buffalo		į	1			
Government	38.4	38.4	38.8	Total	424. 9	453.1	445.9			
			l .	Contract construction	24.0	23.4	23.2			
				Manufacturing	180.6	206.5	203.9			
_ ,]	Trans. and pub. util	36.0	37.7	37.1			
Perth Amboy 7/			1	Trade	86.1	86.8	85.6			
Total	157.9	158.6	145.3	Finance	14.1	13.9	14.1			
Mining	,. <u>8</u>	_•7	.6	Service 1/	46.3	46.8	46.2			
Contract construction	8.7	7.9	6.9	Government	37.8	38.0	35.7			
Manufacturing	84.1	84.9	75.7	Window	1	}	I			
Trans. and pub. util	9.4	9.3	8.7	Klmira	21.0	24.2	22.6			
Trade	21.7	22.0	21.6	Total	34.2	34.3	33.6			
Service	2.7	2.7	2.5	Trade	17.3	17.6	17.1			
Government	9.8	9.8	9.4	Other normanufacturing.	6.5 10.4	10.3	6.4			
ACAGTIMOTION	20.7	21.3	19.9	II am manustration of the	1004	1 70.0	10.1			

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands) Number of employees Number of employees										
Area and industry	195		1955	Area and industry	19		1955			
division	July	June	July	division	July	June	July			
NEW YORK - Continued				<u>Utica-Rome</u> - Continued						
Nassau and Suffolk				Trade	16.1	15.8	16.0			
Counties 7/				Finance	3•3	3.2	3.2			
Total	328.6	323.6		Service 1/	9.1	8.6	8.9			
Contract construction	31.8	31.4		Government	20.2	19.6	18.5			
Manufacturing	97.1 20.9	96.1 20.7	95.3 21.1	Wastshaston Country 7/		,				
Trans. and pub. util Trade	70.8	69.0	66.6	Westchester County 7/	190.2	191.1	186.3			
Finance	10.5	10.4	10.5	Contract construction	17.0	16.9	18.3			
Service 1/	46.8	45.2	43.4	Manufacturing		47.7	49.1			
Government	50.7	50.8		Trans. and pub. util	14.1	14.4	13.4			
		•	, i	Trade	44.0	46.3	43.1			
New York-Northeastern				Finance	11.4	11.0	9.9			
New Jersey		_ ,	5 220 C	Service 1/	33.0	31.3	30.7			
Total	5,372.6	5,420.2		Government	22.9	23.5	21.8			
Mining	6.5	6.5		1						
Contract construction	237.9	235.1				1				
Manufacturing	1,670.4 476.2	1,696.6 479.0		NORTH CAROLINA			l			
Trans. and pub. util	1,144.3	1,162.0	<u>-</u> -	Charlotte	86.7	06.7	00.7			
Trade	444.3	440.2		Total	5.4	86.7	83.7 5.2			
Finance	781.4	782.1		Contract construction	22.4	5.4 22.7	21.7			
Service	611.6	618.7		Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util	10.1	10.0	9.6			
Government	011.0	020.	,,,,,	Trade	25.9	25.9	25.3			
New York City 7/	'			Finance	5.6	5.6	5.5			
Total	3,457.0	3,501.7	3,463.2	Service 1/	10.7	10.6	10.5			
Mining	1.8	1.8	1.8	Government	6.6	6.5	5.9			
Contract construction	118.6	118.9	111.7			1				
Manufacturing	892.5	914.1	925.6	Greensboro-High Point			1			
Trans. and pub. util	321.8	323.3	323.3	Manufacturing	41.7	41.7	41.1			
Trade	801.2	815.0	800.7	_]]			
Finance	358.6	355.9	352.3	Winston-Salem						
Service	568.9	575.4	561.8	Manufacturing	34.0	34.3	32.1			
Government	393.6	397 • 4	386.1	l		ł	1			
				NORTH DAKOTA		}	}			
Rochester	007.1	200 0	010.7	Fargo	03.6	03.5	000			
Total	221.4	220.2 10.8	218.7 11.0	Total	21.6 2.3	21.5	20.9			
Contract construction Manufacturing	11.3 112.6	111.8	111.9	Manufacturing	2.2	2.2	2.1			
Trans. and pub. util	10.1	9.9	10.0	Trans. and pub. util	2.4	2.4	2.3			
Trade	38.3	38.7	38.1	Trade		7.2	7.1			
Finance	7.0	6.8	6.8	Finance	1.6	1.6	1.5			
Service 1/	23.3	23.4	22.3	Service 1/		3.0	2.8			
Government	19.0	18.7	18.5	Government	3.0	3.0	2.8			
j				<u> </u>						
Syracuse	21:00	,1	330	OHIO						
Total	143.8	147.2	138.5	Akron	~ ~	000	l ~ <			
Contract construction	8.1	7.6 60.5	6.7 54.9	Manufacturing	92.7	92.8	90.6			
Manufacturing	57.0 10.8	11.0	10.8	Centon		i				
Trans. and pub. util	31.0	31.6	30.7	Canton Manufacturing	50.9	64.7	61.4			
Finance	6.6	6.4	6.2	wanter on tife	70.7	, ~*•'				
Service 1/	16.0	16.1	15.9	Cincinnati		Ì	ł			
Government	14.3	14.2	13.3	Manufacturing	163.0	163.1	160.7			
40.011mon 01111111111	-:-5	- · , -	_5.5			5	1			
Utica-Rome			`	Cleveland		1	1			
Total	102.0	101.0	95•3	Manufacturing	294.4	313.3	313.3			
Contract construction	4.6	4.2	3.3			1	j			
Manufacturing	43.4	44.2	40.4	Columbus			l .			
Trans. and pub. util	5•3	5.3	5.0	Manufacturing	77.5	78.6	74.7			
	· _ •	ı	1	,•	•	•	•			

See footnotes at end of table.

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Area Employment

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry 1956 1955 Area and industry 1956 1955 division July June July		W-1-2	er of em	mlovees II		Number of employees		
Manufacturing	Area and industry				Area and industry			
OBITO - Continued Dayton Manufacturing 98.4 100.1 100.1 100.1 Trade 23.8 23.9 22.4 25.6	division				division		23.9 5.9 12.6 39.6 45.4 542.5 833.9 18.2 47.9 346.3 71.9 157.5 27.9 92.7 71.5 49.9 31.9 33.4 45.2 290.6 16.9 137.2 14.0 53.2 12.5 27.6 51.1 3.1 9.9	
Payton								
Manufacturing	OHIO - Continued		[i]	l .
Toledo Manufacturing 98.6 59.4 63.8	Dayton	-0.1		1				
Tooledo Manufacturing. 58.6 59.4 63.8	Manufacturing	98.4	100.1	100.1				
Manufacturing. 59.6 59.4 63.8			}		Service			
Value Valu		-0.6		(0.0	Government	39.7	39.6	39.1
Namufacturing. 71.2 117.3 115.5	Manufacturing	50.0	59.4	03.0	ll <u> </u>		ł	
Manufacturing.			İ			1.5 5	1	1 1 1.
DRIAHOMA Chiahoma City Total. 143.7 143.7 141.7 Total. 15.8 15.8 15.1 12.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 15.8 15.1 17.8 1		77. 0	1177.2	115 5	Manufacturing	45.7	45.4	45.4
Manufacturing	Manufacturing	11.2	111.03	115.5	Phd lod - lobd -		ŀ	ţ
Display	OPT A HOMA]	1		525 1	5):0 5	50.3.0
Total				ļ	Mandracturing	223.1	242.5	741.2
Mining		143.7	143.7	1417	Pittshurch		Į.	
Contract construction 11.2 11.0 11.2 11.0 11.2 11.0 11.2 11.0 11.2 11.0 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.5 11.5 11.7 11.5		7.				712 2	822 0	BOL II
Manufacturing. 15.8 15.8 16.1 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.6 17.3 17.4 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.6 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.5					Mining			
Trans. and pub. util. 11.4 11.5 11.7 11.6 11.7								
Trade								
Finance	-			1 '				
Service								
Service		17.5	17.6		Finance			
Total		34.7	34.6		Service	,		
Total					Government			67.9
Mining	Tulsa		1	l	i		1 ' '	1
Contract construction	Total	127.6	128.1	124.5			1	l
Manufacturing. 33.6 34.3 33.4 33.5 12.6 Scranton Manufacturing. 31.8 31.9 30.1 Trans. and pub. util. 13.5 30.4 30.6 30.2 4 30.6 30.2 4 4 4.7 4 4 4.7 6.6 4 4 4 4.7 6.6 4 4 4 4.7 6.6 4 4 4 4.7 6.6 4	Mining	12.4	12.7	12.2	Manufacturing	48.5	49.9	48.9
Trans. and pub. util 13.5 13.5 13.5 30.6 30.2	Contract construction	9.5	8.7	8.9			į	
Trade	Manufacturing						l	
Finance					Manufacturing	31.8	31.9	30.1
Namufacturing 14.7 14.8 14.7 7.4 6.6							j	ł
Contract construction 15.1 14.5 15.3 14.7 137.2 133.5 140.7 135.6 145.2 15.0 14.6 135.6 15.1 14.5 15.3 14.7 137.2 13.1 14.7 13.1 14.0 14.0 13.0							1	-0 -
OREGON Portland Total					Manufacturing	32.9	33.4	38.2
Namufacturing. 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 256.9 248.3 255.1 255	Government	7.4	7.4	6.6	want.	1	1	1
CREGON Portland Total							1,	1
Portland Total	ODDGOW.		1		Manufacturing	45.1	45.2	44.6
Total	-				[]		1	
Contract construction		255 1	256.0	21/8 2	BHODE TSTAND		1	ļ
Manufacturing						l	1	1
Trans. and pub. util 30.6 65.8 66.3 63.8 Finance 65.8 66.3 63.8 Finance 12.7 12.7 12.5 Service 1/ 33.9 33.7 32.7 Government 33.9 33.1 30.1 Finance 12.7 12.5 Service 1/ 27.1 27.2 25.9 Government 29.7 29.6 29.0 PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem- Eastom Manufacturing 82.5 100.9 96.4 South Carolina Contract construction 31. 3.1 2.7 Manufacturing 10.0 9.9 9.9 Manufacturing 135.5 140.7 135.6 Mining 5. 5. 5. 4 Contract construction 9.2 8.9 8.4 Manufacturing 30.1 34.5 32.8 Greenville Contract construction 16.9 16.9 15.7 Manufacturing 16.9 134.7 137.2 133.5 Trans. and pub. util 14.0 14.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 134.5 132.7 Manufacturing 150.0 52.1 53.2 52.0 600 12.2 11.6 14.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 134.5 132.8 Greenville						287.2	200 6	287 5
Trade					Contract construction			
Trans. and pub. util. 14.0 14.0 13.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 13.0 13.0 12.7 12.5 12.4 12.7 12.5 12.4 12.7 12.5 12.4 12.7 12.5 12.4 12.7 12.5 12.4 12.0 12.2 12.5 12.4 12.0 12.2 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 14.0 13.0 12.0								
Service 1/					Trans. and pub. util	- '		
Solution Solution	Service 1 /	33.9	33.7	32.7				1
PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem- 82.5 100.9 96.4 South Carolina 27.1 27.2 29.6 29.0 South Carolina Charlestom Total		31.9	33.1	30.1				
Covernment PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem- Easton Manufacturing B2.5 100.9 96.4 SOUTH CAROLINA Charleston Total Tot			l			27.1		
## PENNSYLVANIA ### Allentown-Bethlehem- Easton Manufacturing				l	Government			
Easton Manufacturing. 82.5 100.9 96.4 Charleston 51.0 51.1 49.7 Erie Manufacturing. 10.0 9.9 9.9 Manufacturing. 10.0 9.9 9.9 Trans. and pub. util. 3.8 3.8 3.7 Trade. 12.0 12.2 11.6 Finance. 1.7 1.7 1.6 Service 1/. 4.7 4.7 4.7 Mining. 5 5 4 6 Contract construction. 9.2 8.9 8.4 Manufacturing. 30.1 34.5 32.8 Greenville			i	{	H	'	1	1
Manufacturing. 82.5 100.9 96.4 Total. 51.0 51.1 49.7 Erie Manufacturing. 10.0 9.9 9.9 Manufacturing. 10.0 9.9 9.9 Trans. and pub. util. 3.8 3.8 3.7 Trade. 12.0 12.2 11.6 Finance. 1.7 1.7 1.6 Service 1/. 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 5.6 Contract construction. 9.2 8.9 8.4 Manufacturing. 30.1 34.5 32.8 Greenville				1		1	1	
Erie Manufacturing		0	1	1		l	1	1.
Erie Manufacturing	Manufacturing	82.5	100.9	96.4	Total			
Manufacturing			ł	}				
Harrisburg 135.5 140.7 135.6 Finance		hh 1.	1.1.	1		1 .		
Harrisburg Total	Manufacturing	44.4	44.2	40.0			-	
Total	Tarend above		1	Į	11			
Mining		125.5	1,10 -	1,05 (1
Contract construction 9.2 8.9 8.4			i .					'-
Manufacturing 30.1 34.5 32.8 Greenville			ڏيو ا		II.	1,1,9	15.0	12.0
Manufacture					Greenville	1	1	1
120.5 am par attraction 130.1 14.0		_				20.1	20.2	1 00 -
	Trouge and have actives	1 20.1	1 -4.0	1 44.7	11	30.1	1 20.2	29.5

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry	Number of empl			Area and industry		ber of emp		
division	July	June	1955 Ju l y	division	July	.956 June	1955 July	
	bury	oune	04.1	1	DULY	- June	JULY	
SOUTH DAKOTA				Salt Lake City - Continued		!		
Sioux Falls				Contract construction	9.6	9.5	9.8	
Total	24.9	24.8	24.7	Manufacturing	18.3	17.9	17.5	
Contract construction	2.1	2.0	2.3	Trans. and pub. util	13.0	13.2	13.0	
Manufacturing	5.5	5.4	5.4	Trade	34.0	34.2	32.5	
Trans. and pub. util	2.3	2.3	2.2	Finance	7.4	7.5	7.3	
Trade	8.0	8.1	8.2	Service	15.3	15.3	15.0	
Finance	1.5	1.5	1.5	Government	14.3	15.2	13.9	
Service 1/	3.5	3.5	3.2	1		,		
Government	2.1	2.1	1.9	VERMONT				
		1		Burlington		16.0	36.5	
TENNESSEE				Total	17.2	16.8	16.5	
Chattanooga				Manufacturing	3.9	3.8	3.5	
Total	93.3	93.4	94.7	Trans. and pub. util	1.5	1.4	1.3 4.6	
Mining	.1	.1	1	Trade	4.6	4.5		
Contract construction	3.7	3.5	5.1	Service	3.3	3.2	3.2	
Manufacturing	43.9	44.4	44.9	Other nonmanufacturing	3.9	3.9	3.9	
Trans. and pub. util	5.5	5.6	5.3	Springetold		1		
Trade	18.2	18.1	17.8	Springfield	12 =	13.4	12.7	
Finance	4.3	4.2	4.0	Total	13.5 8.6	8.6	7.8	
Service	9.4	9.4	9.4	Trans. and pub. util	_	.6	1.6	
Government	8.4	8,4	8.2	Trade	.6 1.6	1.5	1.6	
				Service	1.0	1.1	1.1	
Knoxville	//	-26	115 0	Other nonmanufacturing.	1.7	1.6	1.6	
Total	116.6	116.1	115.8	Citer nonmanaraccaring	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Mining	1.9	1.9	2.0	1			İ	
Contract construction	6.5	6.1	9.2 44.4	VIRGINIA		j		
Manufacturing	46.2	46.1		Norfolk-Portsmouth		İ]	
Trans. and pub. util	7.4	7.5	7.1 23.5	Total	157.5	157.9	151.8	
Trade	25.6	25.5 2.4		Mining	.2	.2	.2	
Finance	2.5	11.3	2.3 11.3	Contract construction	12.4	12.3	11.2	
Service	11.3 15.4	15.4	16.1	Manufacturing	15.5	15.6	15.7	
Government	17.4	19.4	10.1	Trans. and pub. util	17.7	17.8	17.3	
W				Trade	41.2	41.2	37.4	
Memphis	10= B	184.5	179.4	Finance	7.0	6.9	6.5	
Total	185.8 .4	.4	.4	Service	17.8	17.8	16.8	
Mining		11.8	12.0	Government	45.7	46.1	46.7	
Contract construction	11.7 47.7	47.5	45.3			1	l	
Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util	16.6	16.3	15.7	Richmond		l	1	
Trans. and pub. ucii	54.0	53.4	52.1	Total	158.8	159.7	151.7	
Finance	8.3	8.2	8.0	Mining	-3	•3	•3	
Service	24.0	24.0	23.4	Contract construction	13.0	13.0	11.5	
Government	23.1	23.0	22.6	Manufacturing	38.6	38.7	37.6	
50.01mm0m0	_J. _	=3.5		Trans. and pub. util	15.9	15.9	15.5	
Nashville		[l	Trade	39.7	39.8	37.5	
Total	129.9	130.4	130.1	Finance	12.9	12.8	12.6	
Mining	.3	.3	.4	Service	17.7	17.8	17.2	
Contract construction	6.9	7.4	7.8	Government	20.7	21.4	19.5	
Manufacturing	36.7	3 6.8	38.1	11		!	1	
Trans. and pub. util	12.7	12.7	12.4	WASHINGTON		1	ł	
Trade	30.6	30.6	29.5	Seattle		I		
Finance	8.6	8.4	8,2	Total	307.4	306.0	299.0	
Service	19.3	19.2	19.0	Contract construction	16.2	15.7	15.7	
Government	14.9	15.1	14.9	Manufacturing	88.1	87.1	83.6	
	-		l -	Trans. and pub. util	28.9	28.5	28.3	
UTAH				Trade	74.5	74.0	73.6	
		1		Finance	19.2	19.0	18.7	
Salt Lake City						1 -2.0		
Salt Lake City Total	119.5	120.3	112.1	Service 1/	38.2 42.3	37.8	37.8	

Area Imployment

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

	Number of employees			1	Number of employees			
Area and industry		956	1 955	Area and industry	1	956	1 955	
division	July	June	July	division	July	June	July	
WASHINGTON - Continued Spokane Total Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Finance Service 1/	76.1 5.8 15.3 9.1 20.5 3.6	76.0 5.5 15.5 8.9 20.5 3.7 11.5	74.8 5.8 15.5 8.5 19.8 3.9	Wheeling- Steubenville - Continued Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service Government	(3/) (3/) (3/) (3/)	9.7 20.3 3.0 10.0 6.4	9.8 19.7 2.8 9.5 6.6	
Tacoma Total. Contract construction Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service 1/ Government.	75.7 4.3 17.8 7.2 16.0 3.1 8.5	75.1 4.0 17.3 7.2 16.0 3.0 8.5 19.1	73.9 4.6 16.9 7.3 15.3 2.8 8.5 18.5	WISCONSIN Milwaukee Total Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service 1/ Government Racine Total Contract construction	427.4 24.9 191.1 29.4 83.4 20.2 43.9 34.6	429.1 24.8 193.0 29.0 83.7 19.7 43.9 35.0	418.5 23.1 186.6 29.0 82.8 19.6 43.2 34.4	
WEST VIRGINIA Charleston Total	90.6 10.6 3.9 25.1 11.0 18.7 3.3	90.8 10.4 3.9 25.7 10.8 18.7	89.9 10.5 4.0 25.3 10.6 19.1	Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service 1_/ Government	21.4 1.7 7.7 .8 4.1 3.4	22.2 1.8 7.8 .8 4.1 3.4	21.7 1.8 7.2 .8 3.9 3.4	
Service. Government. Wheeling-Steubenville Total. Mining. Contract construction Manufacturing.	8.5 9.6 (3/) (3/) (3/)	8.5 9.6 114.6 5.4 4.7 55.3	8.3 9.0 113.3 5.5 4.7 54.8	Casper Mining. Contract construction Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service.	3.3 1.3 1.9 1.8 4.0 .7 2.0	3.0 1.3 1.9 1.7 3.9 .7 2.1	3.2 1.2 1.8 1.5 3.8 .5	

^{1/} Includes mining.
2/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
3/ Not available.
4/ Includes government.
5/ Includes mining and government.
6/ Includes mining and finance.
7/ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

Table B-1: Monthly labor turnover rates in manufacturing, by class of turnover

					(Per	100 em	lovees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Anmual aver- age	Year
1948	4.6	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	5.7	4.7	5.0	5.1	4.5	3.9	2.7	4.4	1948
1949	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.5	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.5	1949
1950	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.5	4.4	4.8	4.7	6.6	5.7	5.2	4.0	3.0	4.4	1950
1951	5.2	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.4	3.9	3.0	4.4	1951
1952 1953	4.4 4.4	3.9 4.2	3.9 4.4	3.7 4.3	3.9 4.1	4.9 5.1	4.4 4.1	5.9 4.3	5.6 4.0	5.2 3.3	4.0	3.3 2.1	4.4	1952 1953
1954	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.7	3.5	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.3	2.5	3.0	1954
1955	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.8	4.3	3.4	4.5	4.4	4.1	3.3	2.5	3.7	1955
1956	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.3	L	L		L		L	
1948	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.7	Tota	4.5	ation 4.4	5.1	5.4	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.6	1948
1949	4.6	4.1	4.8	4.8	5.2	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.2	4.3	1949
1950	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.9	4.2	4.9	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.5	1950
1951	4.1	3.8	4.1	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.4	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.3	3.5	4.4	1951
1952	4.0	3.9	3.7	4.1	3.9	3.9	5.0	4.6	4.9	4.2	3.5	3.4	4.1	1952
1953 1954	3.8 4.3	3.6 3.5	4.1 3.7	4.3 3.8	4.4 3.3	4.2 3.1	4.3 3.1	4.8	5.2 3.9	4.5 3.3	4.2 3.0	4.0 3.0	4.3 3.5	1953 1954
1955	2.9	2.5	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.5 4.0	3.9	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.3	1955
1956	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.2							
30/6	- 0.2	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		2.0	2.8	Quit	2.0	2 }	2.0	2.8	2 2	1 2 7	2.8	70/8
1948 1949	2.6	2.5 1.4	2.8 1.6	3.0 1.7	1.6	2.9 1.5	2.9 1.4	3.4 1.8	3.9	1.5	2.2	1.7	1.5	1948 1949
1950	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.9	3.4	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.9	1950
1951	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.4	3.1	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.4	1951
1952	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.5	2.8	2.1	1.7	2.3	1952
1953 1954	2.1 1.1	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5 1.1	2.9	3.1 1.8	2.1	1.5	1.1	2.3	1953
1934	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.2	2.8	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.6	1954 1955
1955 1956	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5							-///
				<u> </u>		Dischar			- A-1	- A-T-		- 	· · · · · ·	
1948	0.4	0.4 •3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	1948
1949 1950	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	1 .4	.4	.4	:5	.3	.3	1949 19 5 0
1951	•3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	•3	.4	-3	.4	-3	i ⋅3	.3	1951
1952	•3	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3	.4	.4	.4	-3	.3	1952
1953	•3	.4 .2	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	-4	.4	.3	.2	.4	1953
1954	.2 .2	.2	.2 .2	.2 .3	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2 .3	.2	.2	.2	1954 1955
1955 1956	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	, ,	.,	.,	.,	٠٠ ا	ا د.	1900
						Layof								
1948	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.2	1.3	1948
1949 1950	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.8	3.3	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.8	2.3 .8	2.5	2.0	2.4	1949 1950
1951	1.0	1.8	8.	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.2	1951
1952	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.1	2.2	1.0	.7	.7	.7	1.0	1.1	1952
1953	.9	.8	.8	.9	1.0	.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.5	1.3	1953
1954 1955	2.8 1.5	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.9 1.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	1954
1956	1.7	1.8	2.3 1.3 1.6	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	1,	-:-		***	*.•		1955
					llaneou	us. incl	uding 1	militar			•	·		
1948	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1948
1949 1950	.1	.1	.1 .1	.1 .1	.1 .1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1 .4	.1	1 .1	.1	1949 1950
1951	•7	:6	.5	.5	:4	.4	.4	.4	1 :4	.4	.3	.3	.5	1950
1952	.4	.4] :ís	.3	3	.3	•3	.3	-3	-3	.3	.3	l •3	1952
1953	.4	.4	-3	•3	-3	.3	•3	.3	.3	•3	-3	.2	.3	1953
1954	•3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	-3	.2	.1	.2	.2	1954
1955 1956	.3	.2	.2	.2 .2	.2 .2	.2 .2	.2 .2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	1955
		''	'-	٠- ا	٠- ا	ا '' ا	ے. ا	ł	ł	}	ł	ł		

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Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries

(Per 100 employees)

	To	tal				8	eparat	ion ra	te			
Industry	1	ssion ate	To	tal		ait		harge		off	Misc., mili	incl.
	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956			June 1956	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956		June 1956
MANUFACTURING	3;3	4.2	3.2	3.4	1.5	1.6	0.2	0.3	1.3	1.3	0.2	0.2
DURABLE GOODS	3.3 3.1	4.3 4.0	3.3 3.0	3.5 3.1	1.4 1.5	1.6	.3 .2	.3	1.4	1.4	.3	.3
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	3.8	4.3	4.1	3.6	1.2	1.6	.2	.2	2.4	1.4	.3	.4
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	4.5 4.7 3.5 3.8	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.3	3.9	3.4 2.9 2.9 3.4	1.3 .9 1.5 1.9	1.6 .9 1.4 2.5	.3 .2 .6	.3 .3 .4	2.3 2.2 1.6 1.3	1.4 1.6 1.1	.1 .1 .2 .1	.2 .2 .1
Malt liquors	4.4	8.6	5-3	3.0	.5	.7	.2	.2	4.4	1.8	.2	.2
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES. Cigarettes. Cigars. Tobacco and snuff.	2.0 1.5 2.6 1.5	2.3 2.5 1.9 2.4	1.1 2.4	2.5 1.3 3.7 2.0	1.4 .9 2.0 1.1	1.3 1.0 1.6 1.0	.1 .1 .1	.2 .2 .2	.1 .1 .1	.9 .1 1.9	.1 .1 .1	.1 .1 (<u>1/)</u> .6
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. Yarn and thread mills. Broad-woven fabric mills. Cotton, silk, synthetic fiber. Woolen and worsted. Knitting mills. Full-fashioned hosiery. Seamless hosiery. Knit underwear. Dyeing and finishing textiles. Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings 3/.	3.1 2.8 2.7 3.4 3.6 2.2 3.4 (2/) 2.0 (2/)	3.2 3.0 3.9 3.7 2.1 3.4 3.8 2.8 (<u>2</u> /)	2.6	3.7 3.8 3.2 3.1 3.8 3.9 2.1 5.1 4.0 6.1 (<u>2</u> /)	1.9 2.2 2.0 2.0 2.1 2.0 1.6 1.7 (<u>2</u> /) 1.0 (<u>2</u> /)	1.8 1.9 1.8 1.7 2.0 2.0 1.5 2.0 2.1 1.1 (<u>2</u> /)	.2 .2 .3 .2 .4 .2 .2 .2 .2 (<u>2</u> /)	.3 .3 .3 .3 .2 .1 .2 .1	1.2 1.5 1.1 .9 2.0 1.4 .5 1.9 (<u>2</u> /) 1.2 (<u>2</u> /)	1.5 1.6 1.0 .9 1.4 1.6 .3 2.9 1.7 4.7 (<u>2</u> /)	.2 .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 (1/) (2/) .2 (2/)	.2 .1 .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1 .2 (2/)
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS Men's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	3.5 3.2 3.3	3.0 2.7 3.1	3.6 3.1 3.5	3.9 2.2	2.5 2.0 2.6	2.2	.2	.3	.8 .6	1.4	.2	.1 .1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE)	5.4 (<u>2/</u>) 5.0	6.9 13.0 6.3	4.6 (<u>2</u> /) 4.6	5.1 7.9 4.5	2.9 (<u>2</u> /) 2.6	3.1 6.2 2.6	.¼ (<u>2/</u>) .5	.5	1.2 (<u>2</u> /) 1.3	1.3 .7 1.2	.1 (<u>2/</u>) .1	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	3.2 4.3 4.2 4.6	3.7 3.3 4.6	3.3 3.4 3.0	3.9 2.8 2.8 2.8	2.0 2.1 1.8	1.7 1.7 1.7	.4	.3	.8 .6 .6	1.2 .7 .7 .6	.1	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	2.3	4.4 4.1	2.1	2.7 1.6 3.5	1.2 .8 1.7	1.6 .9 2.4	.3	.3 .2 .5	.5	.6 .2 .4	.2 .2 .2	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Industrial inorganic chemicals Industrial organic chemicals Synthetic fibers Drugs and medicines Paints, pigments, and fillers	1.6 1.5 1.9 1.7	3.0 2.0 2.9	1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.1	1.7 1.5 1.4 2.0 1.9	.8 .6 .4 .7	.9 .9 .6 .4 1.2	.2 .2 .1 (<u>1</u> /) .1	.1 .2 .1 (<u>1</u> /) .1	.4 .2 .3 .5 .2	.5 .1 .5 1.4 .3	.2 .3 .1 .1 .1	.2 .3 .2 .1 .2 .1

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries-Continued

(Per 100 employees)

		tal	o empi	nyees)		S	eparat	lon rat	e e			
T.	1	ssion te	To	tal	Qu	it	Disc	harge	Lay	off	Misc. mili	, incl.
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956		June 1956	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	1.5	2.8	1.1	1.1	0.5 •3	0.6 •3	0.1 (<u>1</u> /)	0.1 (<u>1</u> /)	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
RUBBER PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes Rubber footwear Other rubber products	2.5 1.3 2.3 3.7	3.1 2.7 2.9 3.5	2.0 1.3 2.2 2.7	4.0 3.0 4.3 5.0	1.1 .8 1.4 1.4	1.6 .8 2.8 2.2	.2	.2 .1 .2 .3	.5 .1 .3 1.0		.2 .2 .3	.3 .4 .3
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather: tanned, curried, and finished Footwear (except rubber)	4.2 2.1 4.6	4.4 3.4 4.6	3.6 4.3 3.5	3.5 3.5 3.4	2.2 1.1 2.5	2.2 1.2 2.4	.2 .1 .3	.3 .3	.8 2.7 .5	.8 1.8 .6	.2 .3 .2	.2 .3 .2
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS Glass and glass products Cement, hydraulic Structural clay products Pottery and related products	2.7 3.9 1.7 2.5 3.6	3.7 4.3 3.2 4.0 2.2	2.7 2.2 1.2 3.7 3.7	2.6 3.0 1.3 2.8 3.4	1.1 1.0 .7 1.5 1.6	1.2 1.0 .7 1.7	.2 .2 .3 .3	2 .1 .3 .3	1.1 .7 (<u>1</u> /) 1.7 1.6	.6	.2 .3 .2	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	2.1	3.0	2.4	2.5	1.0	1.1	.2	.2	1.0	.9	.2	.2
mills	1.1 2.4 2.4 2.1 2.7	2.9 3.2 2.9 2.6 3.7	1.4 3.5 2.8 6.2 3.1	1.4 3.5 3.6 4.4 3.0	.6 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.7	.9 1.6 1.5 1.7 1.8	.1 .3 .3 .3 :4	.2 .4 .4 .5 .5	.6 1.6 1.1 4.2	.1 1.2 1.6 1.9	.2 .2 .1 .3 .3	.2 .2 .2
Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc	3.1	4.0	2.0	2.7	1.3	2.0	-3	•3	.2	.1	.2	.3
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper	.8 4.6	1.5 4.4	1.6	3.6 4.8	.5 1.7	.6 1.6	.1	.2 .4	.7 1.9	2.6 2.4	.4 •3	.3
Iron and steel forgings	3.0	3.7	2.4	3.3	1.1	1.2	-3	.3	1.0	1.6	.1	-3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORD- NANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT)	3.4 2.0 1.4 1.8 2.3 3.0	4.4 2.5 1.9 3.2 2.3 3.1 1.4	4.0 3.6 3.2 1.8 4.5 2.7 2.5	4.4 3.9 3.0 3.5 4.5 3.6 4.8	1.4 1.3 1.7 .8 1.4 1.4	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.6	.3 .2 .1 .2 .2	.4 .3 .2 .2 .3 .5 .3	2.0 1.8 1.4 2.5	2.1 1.9 1.1 1.6 2.4 1.5 3.0	.3 .3 (<u>1/)</u> .4 .4	.3
Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classified	3.5 3.2 4.7	4.0 5.5 4.5	2.7 3.7 5.7	3.0 3.8 6.4	1.4 1.4 1.3	1.6 1.8 1.4	.5 .4 .3	.5 .4 .3	.7 1.8 3.7	.6 1.5 4.2	.2 .2 .4	.2 .2 .5

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Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries-Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	To		0 empl	oyees)			eparat	ion ra	te			
Industry	ra	ssion te	То	tal	Qu	iit		narge	Lay	off		, incl.
		June 1956	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956	July 1956		July 1956	June 1956	Jul y 1956	June 1956
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	2.4	3.5	2.9	3.1	1.2	1.4	0.2	0.3	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.3
Engines and turbines	2.7	3.2	2.9	2.2	1.4	1.4	.4	.3	.8	.3	.2	.1
Agricultural machinery and tractors	(2/)	3.7	(2/)	5.9	(2/)	1.3	(2/)	.3	(2/)	3.7	(2/)	.6
Construction and mining machinery	2.3	3.9	2.1	2.7	1.3	1.7	-3	.4	-3	.4	-3	.2
Metalworking machinery	2.0	3.3	1.8	2.2	1.0	1.2	-3	.3	-3] .4	.2	.3
Machine tools	1.9	3.3	1.6	1.8	1.0	1.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.3
Metalworking machinery (except machine		۱ ـ ـ	l	١		l				_		ł
tools)	1.6	2.9	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.2	.3	.3	.4	.1	.2	-3
Machine-tool accessories	2.5	3.6	2.3	3.3	1.1	1.4	1 .3	.4	.6	1.3	.2	.2
Special-industry machinery (except metal-	2.2	3.4	1	1	1.1	١, ,		١.		١,	1	
working machinery)	2.4	4.1	2.0	2.3		1.3	1.3	.4	.4	1 .4	.2	.2
Office and store machines and devices	2.0	3.3	2.3	2.7	1.3	1.5	1 .3	.3 .2	1 .5	.6	.2	.3
Service-industry and household machines	3.5	3.1	7.1	5.5	1.0	1.4	.1	.3	3	1.5	.2 .4	.2
Miscellaneous machinery parts	2.5	3.2	2.5	2.7	1.1	1.3	.2	.3	5.3	3.5	.2	.3
miscellaneous machinery parts	2.,	ĺ	,	[]	1.1	1.5	٠- ا	.3	.9	.6	٠. ا	.3
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	3.0	4.4	2.9	3.2	1.6	1.8	.2	-3	8.	.8	.2	.2
Electrical generating, transmission,	2.2	3.7	2.3	2.7	1.3	1.5	.2	.2	7	.8	.2	1
distribution, and industrial apparatus Communication equipment	(2/)	5.1	(2/)	3.5	(2/)	2.3	(2/)	.4	(<u>2</u> /)	.6	(<u>2</u> /)	.2
- ·	י פין	1 7.*	15/	3.7	(5)	2.3	(5)	. •	(4/		(2)	٠٠
Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment	4.6	6.2	3.7	4.2	2.0	2.3	.3	.4	1.2	1.2	.2	.2
Telephone, telegraph, and related	'''] ,,,	1		1	1 .,	••	1 *	1	٠. ا	٠٠
equipment	(2/)	4.2	(2/)	2.3	(2/)	1.7	(2/)	-3	(2/)	.1	(2/)	.2
Electrical appliances, lamps, and miscel-	'-'		,3/		\=/ /	'	(5)	'	(5)	'-	(5)	'-
laneous products	3.9	3.7	3.3	3.8	1.2	1.7	.2	.3	1.6	1.5	.3	-3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	4.2	5.0	4.0	4.3	1.2	1.4	.2	.2	2.2	2.2	.4	.4
Automobiles	4.3	3.8	4.9	4.9	.9	.9	.1	i .ī	3.1	3.0	.7	8.
Aircraft and parts	3.Ž	4.8	1.8	2.4	1.4	1.7	.2	.2	.2	.4	l i	.2
Aircraft	3.4	4.8	1.8	2.5	1.4	1.8	.1	.1	.1	.4	.1	.2
Aircraft engines and parts	2.7	4.0	1.6	1.8	1.2	1.2	.2	.2	(1/)	.2	.2	.2
Aircraft propellers and parts	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	$(\overline{2}/)$	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)
Other aircraft parts and equipment	3.8	6.7	4.0	3.4	1.6	2.0	-3	1 .5	2.0	.7	.2	1.1
Ship and boat building and repairing	(2/)	13.7	(2/)	10.6	(<u>2</u> /) (<u>2</u> /)	2.9	(2/)	.6	(2/)	6.7	(2/)	.4
Railroad equipment	(2/)	4.2	(2/)	6.8	(2/)	.8	(2/)	.2	1 (2/)	5.3	(2/)	.5
Locomotives and parts 2/	(2/)	4.3	(2/)	4.4	<u>(2/)</u>	.6	(2/)	-3	(2/)	2.6	(2/)	.9
Railroad and street cars		4.1	(2/)	8.4	(2/)	1.9	$(\underline{2}/)$.2	(<u>2</u> /)	7.0	(2/)	-3
Other transportation equipment	6.6	5.2	1.8	3.8	1.4	2.6	.3	.7	.1	.2	.1	.2
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	2.8	3.7	2.0	2.5	1.2	1.4	.3	.2.	.4	.7	.1	.2
Photographic apparatus	3.3	2.4	1.1	1.3	.7	.8] .i	1.1	.2	.ż	.2	1.2
Watches and clocks	2.3	3.2	1.9	4.7	9	1.3	.1	.2	.6	2.9	.3	1.2
Professional and scientific instruments	(<u>2</u> /)	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)	(<u>2</u> /)	(2/)	(2/)	(<u>2</u> /)	<u>(2/)</u>	(2/)	(2/)	(2/)
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	3.6	5.4	3.5	4.3	1.7	2.3	.3	.4	1.4	1.4	.2	.2
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		1.6	2.8	2.4	1.3	1.2	.2	1.2	1.0	1.8	.3	.2
· · ·	ı	1	ı	1 .	, -	1	1	1	1	1	1 -	1

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected industries-Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	Ţc	tal				Se	parati	on rat	e			
Industry	1	ssion ate	To	tal	Q	uit	Disc	harge	La	yoff		, incl.
Industry	July 1956	June 1956		June 1956	July 1956		July 1956	June 1956	Jul y 1956	June 1956	July 1956	June 1956
NONMANUFACTURING:												
METAL MINING. Iron mining. Copper mining. Lead and zinc mining.	.5 2.4	5.6 3.6 6.0 5.1	2.4 .5 2.5 1.7	3.4 .9 4.2 3.1	1.2 .3 1.2	2.7 .6 3.3 2.3	0.5 (<u>1</u> /) .2 .3	0.4 (<u>1/)</u> .4	0.1 .1 (<u>1</u> /) .3	0.2 (<u>1</u> /) .1 .4	0.6	0.3 .2 .3 .1
ANTHRACITE MINING	1.7	.8	2.5	1.4	.7	.8	.1	(<u>1</u> /)	1.4	.3	.3	.2
BITUMINOUS-COAL MINING	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.2	.7	.4	.1	(1/)	.7	.7	.1	.2
COMMUNICATION: Telephone Telegraph. 6/	(<u>2</u> /)	3.9 3.0	(S/)	2.0 1.8	(<u>2</u> /)	1.7 1.2	(<u>s</u> /)	.1 .1	(<u>2</u> /)	.1 .2	(<u>2</u> /)	.1

^{1/} Less than 0.05.
2/ Not available.
3/ May 1956 data are: 2.0, 5.5, 1.5, 0.4, 3.5, and 0.2 respectively.
4/ May 1956 data are: 4.3, 4.6, 0.7, 0.2, 3.0, and 0.7 respectively.
5/ May 1956 data are: 3.6, 6.3, 0.5, 0.2, 4.4, and 1.3 respectively.
6/ Data relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis.

Hours and Earnings

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees

Industry	Av	erage wee earnings	-	Ave	rage we	ekly		rage hour earnings	·ly
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
MINING:									
METAL MINING. Iron mining Copper mining. Lead and zinc mining.	\$96.22 85.75 100.54 90.09	\$97.36 98.23 100.32 88.17	\$91.46 94.24 94.81 82.01	\$2.2 35.0 \$2.6 \$1.9	42.7 41.1 44.0 41.2	41.2 40.1 42.9 40.6	\$2.28 2.45 2.36 2.15	\$2.28 2.39 2.28 2.14	\$2.22 2.35 2.21 2.02
ANTHRACITE*	92.62	88.63	86.27	35.9	33.7	35.5	2.58	2.63	2.43
BITUMINOUS-COAL	101.03	107.82	95.50	35.7	38.1	38.2	2.83	2.83	2.50
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION:			,,,,,	350,	50.2	Je.2		2.03	2.,0
Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)	106.01	99.60	96.29	41.9	40.0	40.8	2.53	2.49	2.36
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	87.82	88.59	83.99	45.5	45.9	45.4	1.93	1.93	1.85
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	103.09	103.25	98.68	37.9	38.1	38.1	2.72	2.71	2.59
MONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	104.83 102.93 106.37	104.90 102.49 106.75	99.36 97.22 101.18	42.1 43.8 40.6	42.3 43.8 40.9	42.1 43.4 40.8	2.49 2.35 2.62	2.48 2.34 2.61	2.36 2.24 2.48
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	102.95	103.42	98.95	36.9	37.2	37.2	2.79	2.78	2.66
GENERAL CONTRACTORS	96.26	96.42	92.00	36.6	36.8	36.8	2.63	2.62	2.50
SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS. Plumbing and heating Painting and decorating Electrical work Other special-trade contractors	107.88 113.58 100.61 124.03 104.23	108.38 113.00 101.24 124.66 104.80	103.60 108.39 97.02 118.31 100.64	37.2 38.5 35.3 39.5 36.7	37.5 38.7 35.9 39.7 36.9	37.4 38.3 35.8 39.7 37.0	2.90 2.95 2.85 3.14 2.84	2.89 2.92 2.82 3.14 2.84	2.77 2.83 2.71 2.98 2.72
MANUFACTURING	78.80	79.19	76.36	40.0	40.2	40.4	1.97	1.97	1.89
DURABLE GOODS	84.04 71.53	85.27 70.95	82.21 68.06	40.6 39·3	40.8 39.2	40.9 39.8	2. 07 1. 8 2	2.09	2.01 1.71
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	91.30	91.52	82.62	41.5	41.6	40.3	2.20	2.20	2.05
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. Meat products. Meat packing, wholesale. Sausages and casings. Dairy products. Condensed and evaporated milk. Ice cream and ices. Canning and preserving. Sea lood, canned and cured. Canned fruits, vegetables, and soups. Grain-mill products. Flour and other grain-mill products. Prepared feeds.	81.40 82.80 79.28	76.22 86.94 90.07 88.37 75.86 78.82 78.87 60.06 49.59 62.88 79.79 82.40	72.07 80.48 82.98 81.98 75.26 77.39 78.50 54.79 45.90 56.58 79.98 85.46 77.10	41.0 41.5 42.3 44.2 38.5 31.3 44.2 39.0 42.3 45.7	41.2 41.8 41.7 42.96 43.6 43.1 39.0 32.2 39.8 43.6 43.6 44.7	41.9 41.7 41.7 42.7 44.8 46.9 44.6 39.7 30.6 41.3 45.7 47.3	1.86 2.08 2.15 2.05 1.75 1.74 1.83 1.57 1.63 1.58 1.93	1.85 2.08 2.06 2.06 1.74 1.74 1.54 1.54 1.58 1.89	1.72 1.93 1.99 1.68 1.65 1.76 1.38 1.50 1.37 1.87
Bakery products Bread and other bakery products Biscuits, crackers, and pretzels		74.03 76.04 65.84	70.79 72.98 62.87	40.7 40.9 40.1	40.9 41.1 39.9	41.4 41.7 40.3	1.82 1.86 1.65	1.81 1.85 1.65	1.71 1.75 1.56

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

	Áv	erage wee	kly	Ave	rage we	ekly	Ave	rage hou	-
Industry	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS - Continued	1956	1956	1955	1956	1956	195 5	1956	1956	1955
Sugar	\$83.95	\$81.14	\$84.29	42.4	41.4	44.6	\$1.98	\$1.96	\$1.89
Cane-sugar refining	90.90	87.35	93.80	43.7	42.2	46.9	2.08	2.07	2.00
Beet sugar	79.54	76.33	74.40	41.0	40.6	40.0	1.94	1.88	1.86
Confectionery and related products	61.54	61.86	57.48	39.2	39.4	39.1	1.57	1.57	1.47
Confectionery	59.67	60.13	54.00	39.0	39.3	38.3	1.53	1.53	1.41
Beverages	89.84	87.72	87.35	41.4	40.8	42.2	2.17	2.15	2.07
Bottled soft drinks	68.00	66.14	69.13	42.5	41.6	44.6	1.60	1.59	1.55
Malt liquors	109.98	106.34	104.67	41.5	40.9	41.7	2.65	2.60	2.51
Distilled, rectified, and blended			•		1				
liquors	82.08	79.66	77.77	38.9	38.3	38.5	2.11	2.08	2.02
Miscellaneous food products	72.34	72.21	69.17	41.1	41.5	42.7	1.76	1.74	1.62
Corn sirup, sugar, oil, and starch	82.21	85.49	85.17	40.1	41.7	42.8	2.05	2.05	1.99
Manufactured ice	70.94	71.84	68.73	44.9	44.9	47.4	1.58	1.60	1.45
TARAGO MANUFACTURES	5 7. 90	59 .1 9	53.62	38.6	20.2	38.3	1.50	1 53	1.40
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	71.40	73.81	67.06	40.8	39.2 41.7	40.4	1.75	1.51	1.66
Cigarettes	47.24	47.74	43.79	37.2	37.3	36.8	1.27	1.28	1.19
Cigars	55.44	56.52	54.02	36.0	36.7	36.5	1.54	1.54	1.48
Tobacco and snuff	i	53.18	48.26	38.1	39.1	38.3	1.34	1.36	1.26
		}						1	}
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS		55.73	54.25	38.7	38.7	39.6	1.44	1.44	1.37
Scouring and combing plants	70.84	66.17	68.48	44.0	41.1	43.9	1.61	1.61	1.56
Yarn and thread mills	50.67	50.54	49.27	38.1	38.0	39.1	1.33	1.33	1.26
Yarn mills	50.67	50.41	49.52	38.1	37.9	39.3	1.33	1.33	1.26
Thread mills	52.79	52.13	50.44	39.1	38.9	39.1	1.35	1.34	1.29
Broad-woven fabric mills	53.68	53.96	53.20	38.9	39.1	40.3	1.38	1.38	1.32
Cotton, silk, synthetic fiber	51.98	52.11	51.73	38.5	38.6	40.1	1.35	1.35	1.29
North	58.71	56.92	56.80	39.4	38.2	40.0	1.49	1.49	1.42
South	50.69	51.08	50.93	38.4	38.7	40.1	1.32	1.32	1.27
Woolen and worsted	64.21	66.36	62.78	40.9	42.0	41.3	1.57	1.58	1.52
Narrow fabrics and smallwares	58.21	58.25	54.77	39.6	39.9	39.4	1.47	1.46	1.39
Knitting mills	52.73	52.88	49.01	37.4	37.5	37.7	1.41	1.41	1.30
Full-fashioned hosiery	56.76	57.13	52.78	37.1	37.1	36.4	1.53	1.54	1.45
North	56.92	57.91	49.68	38.2	38.1	36.0	1.49	1.52	1.38
South	56.89	56.89	54.17	36.7	36.7	36.6	1.55	1.55	1.48
Seamless hosiery	45.31	45.57	41.15	35.4	35.6	36.1	1.28	1.28	1.14
North	50.05 44.80	49.79	46.68	38.8	38.3	38.9	1.29	1.30	1.20
South		45.06 56.21	40.34	35.0	35.2	35.7	1.28	1.28	1.13
Knit outerwear	5 7. 28 48.86	49.91	53.96	38.7	38.5	39.1	1.48	1.46	1.38
Knit underwear	64.31	64.78	47.07	37.3	38.1	38.9	1.31	1.31	1.21
Dyeing and finishing textiles Dyeing and finishing textiles (except	04.31	04.10	61.05	40.7	41.0	40.7	1.58	1.58	1.50
wool)	63.74	64.21	60.49	40.6	40.9	40.6	1.57	1 57	1.49
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	72.32	67.06	72.16	40.4	38.1	41.0	1.79	1.57	
Wool carpets, rugs, and carpet yarn	72.25	67.97	66.91	39.7	38.4	38.9	1.82	1.77	1.76
Hats (except cloth and millinery)	58.91	60.09	57.67	35.7	36.2	36.5	1.65	1.66	1.58
Miscellaneous textile goods	65.57	65.51	65.28	39.5	39.7	40.8	1.66	1.65	1.60
Felt goods (except woven felts and] -/-/-	1 -7.7-	-,	1	","		100	1.07	1.00
hats)	69.13	68.08	73.16	39.5	38.9	40.2	1.75	1.75	1.82
Lace goods	67.20	66.05	62.70	38.4	38.4	38.0	1.75	1.72	1.65
Paddings and upholstery filling	67.89	66.53	73.19	39.7	39.6	42.8	1.71	1.68	1.71
Processed waste and recovered fibers	52.00	54.13	49.65	40.0	40.7	40.7	1.30	1.33	1.22
Artificial leather, oilcloth, and	7		',''			1 *** '	1.30	1.33	1
		T	1	r		1	1		1
other coated fabrics	85.50	82.26	85.76	43.4	42.4	44.9	1.97	1.94	1.91

Hours and Earnings

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Inductny	Av	erage wee	-	Ave	rage wee	ekly	Ave	erage hou earnings	-
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE									
PRODUCTS	\$51.91	\$51.12	\$48.24	35.8	35-5	36.0	\$1.45	\$1.44	\$1.34
Men's and boys' suits and coats	62.63	63.18	58.48	36.2	36.1	36.1	1.73	1.75	1.62
Men's and boys' furnishings and work	52.05	03020	,00	,,,,,,	3001	3002	2013		
clothing	44.75	44.76	40.52	35.8	36.1	36.5	1.25	1.24	1.13
Shirts, collars, and nightwear	44.52	44.39	40.45	35.9	35.8	35.8	1.24	1.24	1.13
Separate trousers	46.99	47.10	41.70	37.0	36.8	36.9	1.27	1.28	1.1
Work shirts	40.40	39.93	35.34	36.4	36.3	37.6	1.11	1.10	9
Women's outerwear	54.98	53.04	51.80	34.8	34.0	35.0	1.58	1.56	1.4
Women's dresses	52.98	51.46	50.26	34.4	33.2	34.9	1.54	1.55	1.4
Household apparel	43.88	43.72	38.17	35.1	34.7	34.7	1.25	1.26	1.1
Women's suits, coats, and skirts	72.57	66.92	67.71	35.4	33.8	34.9	2.05	1.98	1.9
Women's, children's under garments	47.48	46.95	42.12	35-7	35.3	35.1	1.33	1.33	1.2
Underwear and nightwear, except corsets.	44.98	43-75	39-55	35-7	35.0	35.0	1.26	1.25	1.1
Corsets and allied garments	51.19	51.55	46.46	35.8	35.8	35.2	1.43	1.44	1.3
Millinery	61.03	53.94	54,60	35.9	32.3	35.0	1.70	1.67	1.5
Children's outerwear	48.58	48.71	46.49	36.8	36.9	37.8	1.32	1.32	1.2
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories	49.45	48.68	44.64	36.9	36.6	36.0	1.34	1.33	1.2
Other fabricated textile products	52.31	52.03	49.24	37.1	36.9	37.3	1.41	1.41	1.3
Curtains, draperies, and other house-				1					
furnishings	45-57	45.44	44.27	35.6	35-5	37.2	1.28	1.28	1.1
Textile bags	58.16	56.60	55.30	39-3	38.5	39-5	1.48	1.47	1.4
Canvas products	57.02	57.20	53.06	39.6	40.0	39.6	1.44	1.43	1.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT	1					ţ		Ì	
FURNITURE)	71.82	73.71	69.66	39.9	40.5	40.5	1.80	1.82	1.72
Logging camps and contractors	72.72	80.39	77.34	36.0	38.1	38.1	2.02	2.11	2.0
Sawmills and planing mills	74.30	75.62	70.35	40.6	41.1	40.9	1.83	1.84	1.7
Sawmills and planing mills, general	74.70	76.04	70.76	40.6	41.1	40.9	1.84	1.85	1.7
South	49.68	49.68	46.44	41.4	41.4	43.4	1.20	1.20	1.0
West	91.96	95-99	88.24	39-3	40.5	38.7	2.34	2.37	2.2
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated				1	}	}	}		
structural wood products		75.07	73-99	40.7	40.8	41.8	1.85	1.84	1.7
Millwork	74.44	74.75	73-43	40.9	41.3	42.2	1.82	1.81	1.7
Plywood	74.12	75.52	73.63	40.5	40.6	41.6	1.83	1.86	1.7
Wooden containers	57-79	57-53	51.35	40.7	40.8	39-5	1.42	1.41	1.30
Wooden boxes, other than cigar	57.67	57.26	53.46	40.9	40.9	40.5	1.41	1.40	1.3
Miscellaneous wood products	59.98	60.30	58.38	40.8	41.3	41.7	1.47	1.46	1.40
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	67.13	67.70	64.96	40.2	40.3	40.6	1.67	1.68	1.60
Household furniture	62.88	63.68	61.71	39.8	39.8	40.6	1.58	1.60	1.5
Wood household furniture, except		_		1		1			
upholstered	57-79	57.63	56.44	40.7	40.3	41.5	1.42	1.43	1.30
Wood household furniture, upholstered	66.18	68.74	64.46	37.6	38.4	38.6	1.76	1.79	1.67
Mattresses and bedsprings	71.46	72.62	70-35	39-7	39.9	40.9	1.80	1.82	1.72
Office, public-building, and professional	1	1					1	I	1
furniture	77.90	78.96	73-39	41.0	42.0	41.0	1.90	1.88	1.79
Wood office furniture		71.28	63.14	41.4	43.2	41.0	1.62	1.65	1.5
Metal office furniture	85.89	86.32	84.02	40.9	41.7	41.8	2.10	2.07	2.00
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and	_, .		l .	1.					1
fixtures		85.28	79.60	41.1	41.6	40.2	2.05	2.05	1.98
Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furni-					١.	١.	1	_	
ture and fixtures	66.42	66.02	64.62	41.0	40.5	40.9	1.62	1.63	1.58

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

	Av	erage wee	-	Ave	rage we	ekly	Ave	rage hou	-
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	73.92	\$82.41 90.61 74.98 74.75 77.97	\$79.74 86.78 73.57 73.33 78.31	42.9 44.4 41.1 41.3 38.3	42.7 44.2 41.2 41.3 40.4	43.1 44.5 41.8 41.9 41.0	\$1.96 2.09 1.84 1.83 1.93	\$1.93 2.05 1.82 1.81 1.93	\$1.85 1.95 1.76 1.75 1.91
Other paper and allied products	74.05	72.57	69.97	41.6	41.0	41.4	1.78	1.77	1.69
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	93.41 97.82 95.60 85.28 92.73 95.36	93.80 101.00 96.80 84.45 91.25 94.80 60.48	90.95 95.76 93.50 78.41 90.17 94.42 54.60	38.6 35.7 40.0 41.0 39.8 39.9	38.6 36.2 40.0 40.6 39.5 40.0		2.42 2.74 2.39 2.08 2.33 2.39 1.60	2.43 2.79 2.42 2.08 2.31 2.37 1.60	2.35 2.66 2.32 1.99 2.26 2.32 1.46
Greeting cards Bookbinding and related industries	61.60 72.29	71.16	69.70	38.5 39.5	37.8 39.1	37.4 39.6	1.83	1.82	1.76
Miscellaneous publishing and printing services	108.58	108.03	107.96	39.2	39.0	39.4	2.77	2.77	2.74
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	87.54 94.42 92.92 93.48 95.63 104.75 79.20 86.37 78.57	87.14 94.71 92.84 93.34 95.02 103.41 80.40 87.74 78.34	83.22 90.80 88.07 87.94 86.53 97.53 76.57 80.39 74.56	41.1 40.7 40.4 41.0 42.5 41.9 39.6 39.8 40.5	41.3 41.0 40.9 41.3 42.8 41.2 40.4 41.0 40.8	40.9 40.4 40.9	2.13 2.32 2.30 2.28 2.25 2.50 2.00 2.17 1.94	2.11 2.31 2.27 2.26 2.22 2.51 1.99 2.14 1.92	2.02 2.22 2.18 2.15 2.09 2.35 1.90 2.03 1.85
Soap, cleaning and polishing preparations	90.86 99.95 88.20	91.52 100.43 86.53	85.28 92.11 85.60	41.3 41.3 42.0	41.6 41.5 41.6		2.20 2.42 2.10	2.20 2.42 2.08	2.08 2.28 2.00
Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and enamels	83.83 79.21 67.82 77.51 70.73 85.76 77.99 64.94 90.31	83.21 77.51 70.13 76.65 69.37 85.27 77.38 64.39 90.95	83.69 72.87 63.50 74.20 69.05 80.96 74.15 61.02 88.74	41.5 44.5 41.1 43.3 42.1 44.9 40.2 38.2 42.2	41.4 43.3 42.5 43.8 42.3 45.6 40.3 38.1 42.5	41.5	2.02 1.78 1.65 1.79 1.68 1.91 1.94 1.70	2.01 1.79 1.65 1.75 1.64 1.87 1.92 1.69 2.14	1.96 1.66 1.53 1.66 1.58 1.76 1.84 1.61 2.04
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	106.50 110.68 92.66	104.81 108.67 92.00	99.53 102.41 91.16	41.6 41.3 42.7	41.1 40.7 42.2	41.3 40.8 43.0	2.56 2.68 2.17	2.55 2.67 2.18	2.41 2.51 2.12
RUBBER PRODUCTS. Tires and inner tubes. Rubber footwear. Other rubber products.	98.39 71.28	84.93 98.25 70.53 76.02	86.32 103.33 70.99 74.37	39.8 39.2 39.6 40.4	39.5 39.3 39.4 39.8	41.3 42.7 40.8 40.2	2.17 2.51 1.80 1.94	2.15 2.50 1.79 1.91	2.09 2.42 1.74 1.85
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather: tanned, curried, and finished Industrial leather belting and packing Boot and shoe cut stock and findings Footwear (except rubber)	73.30 71.20 54.43	55.95 73.87 70.71 54.58 53.22	52.40 69.84 67.82 51.99 49.74	37.9 39.2 40.0 37.8 37.8	37.3 39.5 39.5 37.9 36.7		1.49 1.87 1.78 1.44 1.44	1.50 1.87 1.79 1.44 1.45	1.39 1.80 1.73 1.34 1.33

Hours and Earnings

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

T	Av	erage weel earnings	kly	Ave	rage we	ekly	Ave	erage how	
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	Jul y 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS - Continued				-22-		-222	-222		-//
Luggage	\$60.67	\$62.17	\$56.62	38.4	39.6	38.0	\$1.58	\$1.57	\$1.49
Handbags and small leather goods	49.95	50.73	48.01	37.0	37.3	38.1	1.35	1.36	1.26
Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods	47.82	48.10	45.13	36.5	37.0	36.1	1.31	1.30	1.25
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	80.36	80.73	77.23	41.0	41.4	41.3	1.96	1.95	1.87
Flat glass	113.84	110.16	111.10	41.7	40.8	41.3	2.73	2.70	2.69
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	81.61	80.40	73.91	40.2	40.0	38.9	2.03	2.01	1.90
Glass containers	85.08	82.82	76.21	41.1	40.4	39.9	2.07	2.05	1.91
Pressed and blown glass	75.66	76.44	70.12	38.6	39.4	37.3	1.96	1.94	1.88
Glass products made of purchased glass	66.02	67.80	63.60	39-3	40.6	40.0	1.68	1.67	1.59
Cement, hydraulic	87.99	85.49	81.93	41.7	41.1	41.8	2.11	2.08	1.96
Structural clay products	73.80	73.93	70.30	41.0	41.3	41.6	1.80	1.79	1.69
Brick and hollow tile	71.49	71.40	69.76	42.3	42.5	43.6	1.69	1.68	1.60
Floor and wall tile	74.89	72.80	70.41	40.7	40.0	40.7	1.84	1.82	1.73
Sewer pipe	76.86	75.48 80.19	69.66	41.1	40.8	40.5 38.0	2.02	2.03	1.72
Clay refractories	75.35 66.72	69.75	72.96 62.84	37.3	39.5	35.5	1.89	1.88	1.92
Pottery and related products	82.35	83.90	81.35	35·3 45.0	45.6	45.7	1.83	1.84	1.77
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	80.89	81.42	78.88	45.7	46.0	46.4	1.77	1.77	1.70
Concrete products	69.80	70.21	69.23	41.3	41.3	43.0	1.69	1.70	1.61
Cut-stone and stone products	09.00	10.21	09.23	74.5	74.5	45.0	1.09	1.10	1.01
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products	80.40	82.01	79.15	40.0	40.6	40.8	2.01	2.02	1.94
Abrasive products	87.74	86.63	80.50	39.7	39.2	38.7	2.21	2.21	2.08
Asbestos products	83.82	83.63	86.48	41.7	41.4	43.9	2.01	2.02	1.97
Nonclay refractories	76.27	89.55	81.48	34.2	39.8	38.8	2.23	2.25	2.10
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	90.80	95.71	92.75	40.0	40.9	40.5	2.27	0.31	0.00
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling	90.00	97.11	92.17	40.0	40.9	40.5	2.21	2.34	2.29
mills	93.37	100.94	98.65	37.8	40.7	40.1	2.47	2.48	2.46
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling)))))		, , , ,]	,				
mills, except electrometallurgical]		ļ			1		1	
products	93.74	101.34	99.05	37.8	40.7	40.1	2.48	2.49	2.47
Electrometallurgical products	85.25	88.91	88.18	38.4	40.6	41.4	2.22	2.19	2.13
Iron and steel foundries	85.26	85.27	83.43	40.6	40.8	41.3	2.10	2.09	2.02
Gray-iron foundries	82.41	82.42	83.42	40.2	40.4	41.5	2.05	2.04	2.01
Malleable-iron foundries	80.99	78.38	80.39	39.7	38.8	40.6	2.04	2.02	1.98
Steel foundries	93.66	95.87	84.87	42.0	42.8	41.0	2.23	2.24	2.07
Frimary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	92.51	90.45	85.05	41.3	41.3	40.5	2.24	2.19	2.10
Primary smelting and refining of),.) , , ,	0,.0,	1.20	,1.5	10.5	2.24	2.19	1 2.10
copper, lead, and zinc	91.32	87.14	80.60	41.7	41.3	39.9	2.19	2.11	2.02
Primary refining of aluminum	94.47	94.83	87.45	40.2	40.7	40.3	2.35	2.33	2.17
Secondary smelting and refining of					1	1			
nonferrous metals	82.21	82.78	79.57	40.7	41.6	42.1	2.02	1.99	1.89
Rolling, drawing and alloying of		l .	1		1	j	1	1	
nonferrous metals	91.65	91.21	85.05	41.1	40.9	40.5	2.23	2.23	2.10
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of			1 00		1.	1.			1
copper	90.32	91.02	86.92	40.5	41.0	41.0	2.23	2.22	2.12
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of	02 77	89.65	83.18	ha 6	1000	20.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
aluminum	92.77	1	1	41.6	40.2	39.8	2.23	2.23	2.09
Nonferrous foundries	89.13 95.94	87.05 98.47	82.81	40.7	40.3	40.2	2.19	2.16	2.06
Iron and steel forgings	101.76	101.68	93.98	41.0	41.9	41.4	2.34	2.35	2.27
Wire drawing		95.76	94.08	41.3	41.5 42.0	41.2 42.0	2.47	2.45	2.36

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

	Av	erage wee	kly	Ave	rage wee	ekly	ı	rage hou	rly
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE,									
MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT).	\$84.05	\$84.46	\$82.19	40.8	41.0	41.3	\$2.06	\$2.06	\$1.99
Tin cans and other tinware	93.74	92.01	89.59	43.0	42.4	43.7	2.18	2.17	2.05
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	78.60	79.00 70.58	77.95 67.23	39.9	40.1	40.6 40.5	1.78	1.97	1.66
Cutlery and edge tools	80.00	81.00	75.22	40.2	40.5	39.8	1.99	2.00	1.89
Hardware	80.39	80.60	82.41	39.6	39.9	41.0	2.03	2.02	2.01
Heating apparatus (except electric) and	1	30.00	J	37.0	33.3	72.0	05		02
plumbers' supplies	78.01	78.80	74.84	39.2	39.4	39.6	1.99	2.00	1.89
Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies	82.68	80.01	77.62	39.0	38.1	39.6	2.12	2.10	1.96
Oil burners, nonelectric heating and			,,,,			-		•	
cooking apparatus, not elsewhere	!	ļ		Į.	ļ				ł
classified	76.24	78.40	73.66	39.3	40.0	39.6	1.94	1.96	1.86
Fabricated structural metal products	86.52	87.99	83 . 64	41.2	41.9	41.2	2.10	2.10	2.03
Structural steel and ornamental metal		_		1	1 : !				
work	86.53	87.57	85.46	41.4	41.9	42.1	2.09	2.09	2.03
Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and				1					
trim	82.01	88.20	82.82	40.4	41.8	40.6	2.03	2.11	2.04
Boiler-shop products	85.46	87.35	77.97	40.5	41.4	38.6	2.11	2.11	2.02
Sheet-metal work	88.83	90.31	86.88	41.9	42.6	42.8	2.12	2.12	2.03
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	87.12	87.12	86.74	40.9	40.9	41.7	2.13	2.13	2.08
Vitreous-enameled products	68.11	65.62 90.86	66.58	40.3 41.2	38.6 41.3	41.1	1.69 2.21	1.70 2.20	1.62 2.15
Stamped and pressed metal products	91.05	74.86	90.95 73.88	39.9	39.4	42.3 39.3	1.88	1.90	1.88
Lighting fixtures	77.36	79.93	75.55	40.5	41.2	40.4	1.91	1.94	1.87
Fabricated wire products	84.04	84.45	82.88	41.4	41.6	42.5	2.03	2.03	1.95
Metal shipping barrels, drums, kegs,	07.07	, 07.47	02.00	12.	72.0	72.7	05		1.77
and pails	109.28	105.34	95.26	46.5	45.8	44.1	2.35	2.30	2.16
Steel springs	87.82	88.73	85.48	40.1	40.7	40.9	2.19	2.18	2.09
Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets	82.82	84.05	86.20	40.8	41.0	43.1	2.03	2.05	2.00
Screw-machine products	82.60	82.37	79-95	41.3	41.6	42.3	2.00	1.98	1.89
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	91.96	91.98	86.32	41.8	42.0	41.5	2.20	2.19	2.08
Engines and turbines		94.62	88.73	41.1	41.5	40.7	2.28	2.28	2.18
Steam engines, turbines, and water	33.12	77.02	00.13	71.1	72.0	70.1	2.20	0	2.10
wheels	96.64	96.88	87.55	41.3	41.4	38.4	2.34	2.34	2.28
Diesel and other internal-combustion	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	9,000	1-13	,	3000			
engines, not elsewhere classified	92.66	94.21	89.23	41.0	41.5	41.5	2.26	2.27	2.15
Agricultural machinery and tractors	86.58	85.60	81.20	39.9	40.0	40.0	2.17	2.14	2.03
Tractors	90.45	88.62	83.41	40.2	40.1	40.1	2.25	2.21	2.08
Agricultural machinery (except								_	
tractors)	82.76	82.40	78.41	39.6	40.0	39.8	2.09	2.06	1.97
Construction and mining machinery	89.66	92.66	86.50	41.7	42.7	42.4	2.15	2.17	2.04
Construction and mining machinery,	00 -0	l	00	١	l . ₋ .				
except for oil fields	88.78	92.43	86.93	41.1	42.4	42.2	2.16	2.18	2.06
Oil-field machinery and tools	92.02	92.23	85.40	43.2	43.3	42.7	2.13	2.13	2.00
Metalworking machinery		107.76	98.76	44.4	44.9	43.7	2.40	2.40	2.26
Machine tools	103.05	104.42	94.40	45.0	45.4	4 3. 5	2.29	2.30	2.17
Metalworking machinery (except machine	96.73	96.32	90.94	42.8	43.0	42.1	2.26	2.24	2.16
tools)	113.60		104.58	44.9	45.6	44.5	2.53	2.53	2.35
Machine-tool accessories		115.37	104.50	74.7	۰۰۰۰ ا	77.7	2.73	در٠٠ ا	رد٠٠ ا
working machinery)	88.41	88.82	81.97	42.3	42.7	41.4	2.09	2.08	1.98
Food-products machinery	_	87.99	83.43	42.3	41.7	41.1	2.15	2.11	2.03
Textile machinery		75.62	73.57	40.9	41.1	41.1	1.85	1.84	1.79
						1		-	
Paper-industries machinery	96.77	98.37	87.60	46.3	46.4	43.8	2.09	2.12	2.00

Hem and Lames

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

	Āv	erage wee	-	Ave	rage we	ekly	Äve	rage hou	
Industry	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
	1956	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL) - Continued		1	 	1	<u> </u>	 			<u> </u>
General industrial machinery	\$91.34	\$92.87	\$84.46	41.9	42.6	41.4	\$2.18	\$2.18	\$2.04
Pumps, air and gas compressors	88.83	90.31	80.59	41.9	42.6	40.7	2.12	2.12	1.98
Conveyors and conveying equipment	95.63	98.76	86.94	42.5	43.7	41.4	2.25	2.26	2.10
Blowers, exhaust and ventilating fans	87.78	86.94	80.38	42.0	41.8	40.8	2.09	2.08	1.97
Industrial trucks, tractors, etc	83.56	87.33	81.40	39.6	41.0	40.1	2.11	2.13	2.03
Mechanical power-transmission equipment.	92.20	93.29	88.61	42.1	42.6	42.6	2.19	2.19	2.08
Mechanical stokers and industrial	1								
furnaces and ovens	86.86	91.56	84.44	40.4	42.0	41.8	2.15	2.18	2.02
Office and store machines and devices	88.78	87.48	82.80	41.1	40.5	40.0	2.16	2.16	2.07
Computing machines and cash registers	99.03	94.42	92.93	42.5	40.7	41.3	2.33	2.32	2.25
Typewriters	77.62	79.19	73.71	39.6	40.2	39.0	1.96	1.97	1.89
Service-industry and household machines	85.86	84.59	80.79	40.5	39.9	39.8	2.12	2.12	2.03
Domestic laundry equipment	88.37	83.67	78.28	41.1	39.1	38.0	2.15	2.14	2.06
Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and		-		١.	1.	·	_	ì	
pressing machines	80.75	79.79	78.66	41.2	40.5	41.4	1.96	1.97	1.90
Sewing machines	91.02	88.13	82.21	41.0	40.8	40.1	2.22	2.16	2.05
Refrigerators and air-conditioning	0- 11	01 -	0-1-	1	l				
units	85.44	84.56	81.40	40.3	39.7	39.9	2.12	2.13	2.04
Miscellaneous machinery parts	87.12	87.76	84.45	40.9	41.2	41.6	2.13	2.13	2.03
Fabricated pipe, fittings, and valves	87.31	87.74	80.20	40.8	41.0	39.9	2.14	2.14	2.01
Ball and roller bearings	85.63	85.44	91.54	40.2	40.3	43.8	2.13	2.12	2.09
Machine shops (job and repair)	89.03	89.67	83.18	41.8	42.1	41.8	2.13	2.13	1.99
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	79.20	79.98	74.82	40.0	40.6	39.8	1.98	1.97	1.88
Electrical generating, transmission,	1	1		1.	1			ļ	
distribution, and industrial apparatus	86.72	87.36	79.99	41.1	41.6	40.4	2.11	2.10	1.98
Wiring devices and supplies	75.95	75.14	69.38	40.4	40.4	39.2	1.88	1.86	1.77
Carbon and graphite products	01.00	1 0- 11	l	1	1	1			
(electrical)	84.66	83.44	77.59	40.7	40.9	40.2	2.08	2.04	1.93
Electrical indicating, measuring, and	03.56	90 75		1	1.00			l	
recording instruments	81.36	82.74	72.40	41.3	42.0	40.0	1.97	1.97	1.81
Motors, generators, and motor-generator	89.35	90.25	84.23	40.8	41.4	ha 2	0.30	0.10	
sets	90.49	92,20	84.04	1	1 .	40.3	2.19	2.18	2.09
Power and distribution transformers	30.49	92.20	04.04	41.7	42.1	41.4	2.17	2.19	2.03
Switchgear, switchboard, and industrial	90.49	90.73	80.39	41.7	42.2	40.6	2.17	2 15	1.98
controls	103.26	103.73	93.29	44.7	45.1	43.8	2.31	2.15	2.13
Electrical welding apparatus	80.78	78.79	77.62	39.6	39.2	39.6	2.04	2.01	1.96
Electrical appliances	81.93	82.45	73.85	41.8	42.5	40.8	1.96	1.94	1.81
Insulated wire and cable	81.54	80.55	82.42	39.2	39.1	40.4	2.08	2.06	2.04
Electrical equipment for vehicles Electric lamps	71.31	73.75	66.81	39.4	40.3	39.3	1.81	1.83	1.70
Communication equipment	73.30	74.59	69.78	39.2	40.1	39.2	1.87	1.86	1.78
Radios, phonographs, television sets,	13.3	'''	1 -201-	3,74-	1.5.2	3,000	7.01	1.00	1.10
and equipment	72.65	72,40	68.60	39.7	40.0	39.2	1.83	1.81	1.75
Radio tubes	62.93	65.40	62.21	36.8	38.7	37.7	1.71	1.69	1.65
Telephone, telegraph, and related		1		, , , , ,	"	3,,,,			1.00
equipment	86.00	92.62	84.46	40.0	42.1	41.2	2.15	2.20	2.05
Miscellaneous electrical products	76.19	76.57	72.83	40.1	40.3	39.8	1.90	1.90	1.83
Storage batteries	84.59	83.77	82.00	39.9	39.7	40.0	2.12	2.11	2.05
	62.65	64.16	60.19	39.4			1		_
Primary batteries (dry and wet)	102.07	1 0	1 00.13	137.7	40.1	39.6	1.59	1.60	1.52

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

T-A	Av	erage wee earnings	kly	Ave	rage wee	kly	Ave	erage how	-
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	\$92.97	\$91.37	\$92.99	40.6	39-9	41.7	\$2.29	\$2.29	\$2.23
Automobiles	90.64	88.47	97.75	39.5	38.3	42.5	2.32	2.31	2.30
Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and			7						
accessories	92.43	88.77	98.83	39-5	38.1	42.6	2.34	2.33	2.32
Truck and bus bodies	80.20	82.22	80.77	39.9	40.5	41.0	2.01	2.03	1.97
Trailers (truck and automobile)	80.98	82.19	83.01	39.5	39.9	41.3	2.05	2.06	2.01
Aircraft and parts		94.66	89.40	42.0	41.7	41.2	2.26	2.27	2.17
Aircraft		93.75	89.19	41.7	11.3	41.1	2.28	2.27	2.17
Aircraft engines and parts	,,,,,,,	94.89	89.62	42.3	41.8	41.3	2.27	2.27	2.17
Aircraft propellers and parts	7000	94.92	88.70	42.7	42.0	40.5	2.28	2.26	2,19
Other aircraft parts and equipment	71-4-	99.36	90.06	42.6	43.2	41.5	2.30	2.30	2.17
Ship and boat building and repairing	1 51.55	89.02	81.72	40.0	40.1	39.1	2.21	2.22	2.09
Shipbuilding and repairing		92.40	84.63	40.1	40.0	39.0	2.29	2.31	2.17
Boatbuilding and repairing	, ,	73.31	68.38	39.4	40.5	39.3	1.83	1.81	1.74
Railroad equipment	1	95.27	90.32	40.6	40.2	40.5	2.37	2.37	2.23
Locomotives and parts		102.82	95.60	43.0	43.2	42.3	2,36	2.38	2.26
Railroad and street cars	91.72	89.30	86.85	38.7	38.0	39.3	2.37	2.35	2.21
Other transportation equipment		80.20	75-39	39.7	40.3	40.1	1.95	1.99	1.88
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Laboratory, scientific, and engineering	81.61	80.79	76.38	40.6	40.6	40.2	2.01	1.99	1.90
instruments Mechanical measuring and controlling	96.08	92.99	88.29	42.7	41.7	40.5	2.25	2.23	2.18
instruments	81.80	82.62	77.20	40.1	40.5	40.0	2.04	2.04	1.93
Optical instruments and lenses	83.02	82.00	77.78	40.3	40.0	40.3	2.06	2.05	1.93
Surgical, medical, and dental instru-]						
ments	70.93	70.00	67.60	40.3	40.0	40.0	1.76	1.75	1.69
Ophthalmic goods	64.56	66.26	60.89	40.1	40.9	39.8	1.61	1.62	1.53
Photographic apparatus	91.62	89.84	85.28	40.9	41.4	41.0	2.24	2.17	2.08
Watches and clocks	70.41	69.87	66.64	38.9	38.6	39.2	1.81	1.81	1.70
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	68.73	69.77	65.51	39-5	40.1	39-7	1.74	1.74	1.65
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	69.48	71.40	67.66	39-7	40.8	39.8	1.75	1.75	1,70
Jewelry and findings	65.01	68.39	62.88	39.4	41.2	39•3	1.65	1.66	1.60
Silverware and plated ware	81.20	77-39	77-30	40.6	40.1	40.9	2.00	1.93	1.89
Musical instruments and parts	79.15	77.76	72.00	40.8	40.5	40.0	1.94	1.92	1.80
Toys and sporting goods	61.53	61.78	59.21	38.7	39.1	38.7	1.59	1.58	1.53
vehicles	61.07	61.86	58.67	38.9	39.4	38.6	1.57	1.57	1.52
Sporting and athletic goods		61.76	60.14	38.4	38.6	38.8	1.61	1.60	1.55
Pens, pencils, other office supplies		67.24	61.41	40.1	41.0	40.4	1.65	1.64	1.52
Costume jewelry, buttons, notions		61.62	56.60	38.1	39.0	38.5	1.57	1.58	1.47
Fabricated plastics products		74.21	72.04	41.1	41.0	41.4	1.81	1.81	1.74
Other manufacturing industries		74.77	69.48	39.4	40.2		1.86	1.86	1.75

Hours and Lammes

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry	Av	erage weel	kly	Ave	rage we	ekly	Average hourly earnings		
Industry	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955	Jul y 1956	June 1956	July 1955	July 1956	June 1956	July 1955
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:									
TRANSPORTATION:				}					
Class I railroads Local railways and bus lines	(<u>1</u> /) \$85.30	\$87.78 85.85	\$81.14 81.22	(1/) 43.3	41.6 43.8	41.4 43.2	(<u>1</u> /) \$1.97	\$2.11 1.96	\$1.96 1.88
COMMUNICATION:					1				
Telephone	74.03 61.18	73.10 60.75	72.00 60.06	39.8 38.0	39·3 37·5	40.0 38.5	1.86	1.86 1.62	1.80 1.56
maintenance employees 3/ Telegraph 4/	101.85 85.24	100.46 85.87	101.87 79.34	43.9 42.2	43.3 42.3	44.1 42.2	2.32	2.32 2.03	2.31 1.88
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES:									
Gas and electric utilities Electric light and power utilities Gas utilities	92.32 94.69 86.48	91.69 93.18 86.28	86.94 89.66 81.81	41.4 41.9 40.6	41.3 41.6 40.7	41.4 41.7 40.7	2.23 2.26 2.13	2.22 2.24 2.12	2.10 2.15 2.01
Electric light and gas utilities com- bined	93.56	93.56	87.78	41.4	41.4	41.6	2.26	2.26	2.11
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE:								1	
WHOLESALE TRADE	82.62	81.41	78.12	40.7	40.3	40.9	2.03	2.02	1.91
PLACES)	61.94 44.98	61.15 44.10	60.34 43.08	39.2 35.7	38.7 35.0	39.7 35.9	1.58 1.26	1.58 1.26	1.52 1.20
Department stores and general mail- order houses Food and liquor stores Automotive and accessories dealers	50.04 65.96 82.97	49.84 64.39 83.03	48.28 63.73 81.14	36.0 38.8 43.9	35.6 38.1 43.7	36.3 39.1 44.1	1.39 1.70 1.89	1.40 1.69 1.90	1.33 1.63 1.84
Apparel and accessories stores Other retail trade:	48.50	48.16	47.61	35.4	34.9	35.8	1.37	1.38	1.33
Furniture and appliance stores Lumber and hardware supply stores	69.64 74.30	69.89 74.13	67.46 71.39	41.7 43.2	42.1 43.1	41.9 43.8	1.67 1.72	1.66 1.72	1.61
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE:			}	}					
Banks and trust companies Security dealers and exchanges Insurance carriers	62.04 93.24 78.04	61.53 98.19 77.39	58.77 101.69 74.13	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS:			<u> </u>	!		1		i	
Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round 5/	42.13	42.43	40.89	40.9	40.8	41.3	1.03	1.04	.99
Personal services: Laundries Cleaning and dyeing plants Motion pictures:	42.33 49.77	42.95 51.69	41.01 47.04	40.7 39.5	40.9 40.7	40.6 39.2	1.04 1.26	1.05 1.27	1.01
Motion-picture production and distri- bution	90.04	89.50	95.95	_	_	_	_	_	_

^{2/} Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. During 1955 such employees made up 41 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

^{3/} Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen: line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. During 1955 such employees made up 26 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ bata relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis. $\frac{1}{2}$ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

^{*} Anthracite - May 1956 revised data are: \$70.66, 29.2, and \$2.42 respectively.

Table C-2: Gross average weekly earnings of production workers in selected industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

Year	Manufa	cturing	Bitumino min	ous-coal ing	Laund	iries	Year and	Manufa	cturing		ous-coal ing	Laund	lries
	Current	1947~49	Current	1947-49	Current	1947-49	month	Current	1947-49	Current	1947-49	Current	1947-49
Annual average: 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1945 1946 1948 1949	\$23.86 25.20 29.58 36.65 43.14 46.08 44.39 43.82	\$40.17 42.07 47.03 52.58 58.30 61.28 57.72 52.54 52.32 52.67	\$23.88 24.71 30.86 35.02 41.62 51.27 52.25 58.03 66.59 72.12	\$40.20 \$1.25 \$9.06 50.24 56.24 68.18 67.95 69.73 70.16	\$17.64 17.93 18.69 20.34 23.08 25.95 27.73 30.20 32.71 34.23	\$29.70 29.93 29.71 29.18 31.19 34.51 36.06 36.21 34.25 33.30	Monthly data: 1955 July Aug Sept Dec 1956 Jan Feb	\$76.36 76.33 77.71 78.50 79.52 79.71 78.55 78.17	\$66.57 66.66 67.63 68.32 69.15 69.49 68.54 68.21	\$95.50 94.50 96.73 99.86 96.03 105.73	\$83.26 82.53 84.19 86.91 83.50 92.18	\$41.01 40.40 40.70 41.01 41.11 41.31	\$35.75 35.28 35.42 35.69 35.75 36.02
1950 1951 1952 1953 1955	59.33 64.71 67.97 71.69 71.86 76.52	57.71 58.30 59.89 62.67 62.60 66.83	70.35 77.79 78.09 85.31 80.85 96.00	68.43 70.08 68.80 74.57 70.43 83.84	35.47 37.81 38.63 39.69 40.10 40.70	34.06 34.04 34.69	MarApr May July	78.78 78.99 79.00 79.19 78.80	68.68 68.75 68.46 68.15 67.35	102.38 105.46 106.02 107.82	89.26 91.78 91.87 92.79 86.35	41.70 42.12 42.54 42.95 42.33	36.36 36.66 36.86 36.96 36.18

Table C-3: Average weekly earnings, gross and net spendable, of production workers in manufacturing, in current and 1947-49 dollars

	Gross	average		Net sp	endable			Gross	average		Net spe	ndable	
	weekly	earnings	ave	rage wee	kly earn	ings	Year	weekly	earnings	aver	age week	ly earni	ngs
Year		Index	Worker	r with	Worker	r with	and		Index	Worke	r with	Worke	r with
	Amount	(1947-49	no depe		3 depe		month	Amount	(1947-49	no dep	endents	3 depe	ndents
		= 100)	Current	1947-49	Current	1947-49	L		= 100)	Current	1947-49	Current	1947-49
Annual							Monthly						
average:				İ			data:			1	1	1	
	400 00	h = 3	400 E0	420.70	402 60	420.76				ł			
1939	\$23.86		\$23.58	\$39.70	\$23.62	\$39.76	1955	ام ما	- • •		l	l.	l
1940		47.6	24.69	41.22	24.95	41.65	July	\$76.36		\$63.02		\$ 70.32	\$61.31
1941	29.58	55.9	28.05	44.59	29.28	46.55	Aug	76.33	144.2	63.00	55.02	70.29	61.39
1942		69.2	31.77	45.58	36.28	72.07	Sept	77.71	146.8	64.08	55.77	71.40	62.14
1943	43.14	81.5	36.01	48.66	41.39	55.93	Oct	78.50	148.3	64.70	56.31	72.03	62.69
1944		87.0	38.29	50.92	44.06	58.59	Nov	79.52		65.49	56.95	72.85	63.35
1945		83.8	36.97	48.08	42.74	55.58	Dec	79.71	150.5	65.64	57.23	73.00	63.64
1946		82.8	37.72	45.23	¥3.20	51.80					-		
1947		94.4	42.76	14.77	48.24		1956			١	١		l
1948	54.14	102.2	47.43	46.14	53.17	51.72	Jan	78.55		64.74	56.49	72.07	62.89
2010	-1. 00	300 5	L	100 OL			Feb	78.17	147.6	64.44	56.23	71.77	62.63
1949		103.7	48.09	47.24	53.83	52.88	Mar	78.78	148.8	64.92	56.60	72.25	62.99
1950		112.0	51.09	49.70	57.21	55.65	Apr	78.99		65.08	56.64	72.42	63.03
1951		122.2	54.0h	48.68	61.28	55.21	May	79.00	149.2	65.09	56.40	72.43	62.76
1952		128.4	55.66	49.04	63.62	56.05	June	79-19	149.6	65.24	56.14	72.58	62.46
1953		135.4	58.54	51.17	66.58	58.20	ļ	']	-		
1954		135.7	59-55	51.87	66.78	58.17	July	78.80	148.8	64.93	55.50	72.27	61.77
1955	76.52	144.5	63.15	55.15	70.45	61.53	1						1
	L		<u> </u>	L					L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L

Adjusted Farnings

Table C-4: Average hourly earnings, gross and excluding overtime, and average weekly hours of production workers in manufacturing

	L	1	Manufacturing			able goods			ırable goods	
Year	Ave	rage ho	urly earnings	Average	Average hour	ly earnings	Average	Average hour	ly earnings	Averag
and		Exclu	iding overtime	weekly	_	Excluding	weekly	1 _	Excluding	weekl
month	Gross	Amount	Index	hours	Gross	overtime	hours	Gross	overtime	hours
<u></u>	ļ . — —	Billoutte	(1947-49 = 100)				ļ			
Annual										1
verage:					ļ				į	
941	tn 720	\$0.702	54.5	40.6	\$0.808	\$0.770	42.1	\$0.640	\$0.625	38.9
942	.853	.805	62.5	42.9	.947	.881	45.1	.723	.698	40.3
.943	.961	.894	69.4	44.9	1.059	.976	46.6	.803	.763	42.5
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,02	10).	37.	44.5	1.0,9	.,,,	10.0		.,03	+2.)
944	1.019	.947	73.5	45.2	1.117	1.029	46.6	.861	.814	43.1
.945	1.023	1/.963	<u>1</u> /74.8	43.4	1.111	1/1.042	44.1	.904	<u>1</u> /.8 5 8	42.3
.946	1.086	1.051	81.6	40.4	1.156	1.122	40.2	1.015	.981	40.5
.947	1.237	1.198	93.0	40.4	1.292	1.250	40.6	1.171	1.133	40.1
948	1.350	1.310	101.7	40.1	1.410	1.366	40.5	1.278	1.241	39.6
.949	1.401	1.367	106.1	39.2	1.469	1.434	39.5	1.325	1.292	38.8
.950	1.465	1.415	109.9	40.5	1.537	1.480	41.2	1.378	1.337	39.7
951	1.59	1.53	118.8	40.7	1.67	1.60	41.6	1.48	1.43	39.5
952	1.67	1.61	125.0	40.7	1.77	1.70	41.5	1.54	1.49	39.6
.953	1.77	1.71	132.8	40.5	1.87	1.80	41.3	1.61	1.56	39.5
954					1.92	1.86	40.2	1.66	1.61	39.0
955	1.81	1.76 1.82	136.6 141.3	39.7 40.7	2.01	1.93	41.4	1.71	1.66	39.8
.955: July	1.89	1.83	142.1	40.4	2.01	1.94	40.9	1.71	1.66	39.8
Aug	1.88	1.82	141.3	40.6	2.01	1.94	41.1	1.70	1.65	39.9
Sept	1.90	1.83	142.1	40.9	2.04	1.96	41.5	1.72	1.67	40.1
Oct	1.91	1.84	142.9	41.1	2.04	1.96	41.7	1.72	1.67	40.3
Nov	1.93	1.85	143.6	41.2	2.05	1.97	41.8	1.74	1.68	40.3
Dec	1.93	1.85	143.6	41.3	2.06	1.97	42.0	1.74	1.68	40.4
.956: Jan	1.93	1.87	145.2	40.7	2.06	1.98	41.2	1.75	1.70	39.9
Feb	1.93	1.86	144.4	40.5	2.05	1.98	41.0	1.75	1.70	39.8
Mar	1.95	1.88	146.0	40.4	2.06	1.99	40.9	1.78	1.73	39.6
Apr	1.96	1.90	147.5	40.3	2.08	2.00	41.1	1.79	1.74	39.2
May	1.97	1.90	147.5	40.1	2.08	2.01	40.8	1.80	1.75	39.1
June	1.97	1.91	148.3	40.2	2.09	2.02	40.8	1.81	1.76	39.2
July	1.97	1.90	147.5	40.0	2.07	2.01	40.6	1.82	1.77	39.3

^{1/ 11-}month average; August 1945 excluded because of VJ-day holiday period.

Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity $\underline{\mathcal{Y}}$

(1947-49 = 100)Manufacturing - Durable goods Manufac-Year Contract Total: Total: Lumber and Mining TOTAL 2/ construction turing Durable Ordnance and wood products and Nondurable division division accessories month division goods goods (except furniture) 1947: Average.. 103.6 94.6 104.8 105.1 106.1 103.1 101.2 107.0 1948: Average.. 103.4 105.4 103.4 103.2 104.1 102.1 107.6 102.7 94.7 1949: Average.. 93.0 89.5 102.0 92.0 89.7 91.1 90.3 101.5 1950: Average.. 91.0 109.1 101.1 102.7 99.2 107.4 99.6 99.7 98.6 95.0 1951: Average.. 109.5 124.1 108.4 115.7 102.7 290.4 1952: Average.. 109.7 90.9 127.5 108.4 116.6 625.0 96.9 87.5 1953: Average.. 113.3 123.1 113.6 125.2 93.0 84.7 99.7 798.5 1954: Average.. 101.9 77.4 118.9 101.1 107.5 93.5 509.7 90.5 108.4 80.3 126.7 1955: Average.. 107.7 116.2 97.5 413.2 1955: July..... 109.1 81.1 144.1 105.9 114.1 96.2 407.8 94.2 145.1 111.8 81.3 109.1 115.7 101.2 405.3 97.8 Aug..... 148.5 81.5 110.7 117.6 102.5 405.1 Sept.... 113.6 96.0 94.9 Oct.... 113.7 81.6 140.8 111.9 120.0 102.3 393.2 112.6 80.3 128.2 112.5 122.0 101.2 396.4 90.7 Nov 124.3 **87.9** 82.9 112.6 100.8 Dec..... 112.3 122.5 389.3 1956: Jan..... 82.0 389.3 108.1 112.0 109.3 119.0 97.6 83.6 80.9 108.4 117.4 97.6 385.8 Feb..... 107.4 113.0 83.3 106.6 80.4 114.0 107.3 116.2 96.7 374.1 80.1 83.9 108.2 81.8 128.1 107.1 117.5 94.7 381.0 Apr *81.7 140.0 105.8 94.1 87.6 May.... 108.5 115.6 377.3 110.9 84.7 154.4 106.4 115.6 95.4 374.6 92.4 June.... 155.4 101.8 107.6 94.9 July.... 106.7 75.3 367.9 90.5 Manufacturing - Durable goods - Continued Year Stone, clay, Fabricated Machinery Transportaand Furniture Primary metal Electrical and glass tion metal (except month and fixtures industries machinery products products electrical) equipment

103.3 104.6 92.1 111.5 105.9 106.2 108.5 108.5 109.7 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	103.9 93.3 102.9 111.4 104.3 106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2	105.4 106.6 88.0 104.1 115.7 104.6 113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1	106.7 103.8 89,4 106.5 115.8 112.1 123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0 123.6	108.3 106.6 85.1 94.0 116.9 118.4 119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7	111.1 102.9 86.0 107.6 123.7 131.2 147.1 123.1 130.8	102.9 100.9 96.3 106.1 124.5 138.0 158.6 134.3 146.3
92.1 111.5 105.9 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2 106.2	93.3 102.9 111.4 104.3 106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	88.0 104.1 115.7 104.6 113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1	89.4 106.5 115.8 112.1 123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	85.1 94.0 116.9 118.4 119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7	86.0 107.6 123.7 131.2 147.1 123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	96.3 106.1 124.5 138.0 158.6 134.3 146.3
111.5 105.9 106.2 108.5 108.5 106.2 106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	102.9 111.4 104.3 106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2	104.1 115.7 104.6 113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1	106.5 115.8 112.1 123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	94.0 116.9 118.4 119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7	107.6 123.7 131.2 147.1 123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	106.1 124.5 138.0 158.6 134.3 146.3
105.9 106.2 108.5 108.5 108.5 106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	111.4 104.3 106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	115.7 104.6 113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	115.8 112.1 123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	116.9 118.4 119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	123.7 131.2 147.1 123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	124.5 138.0 158.6 134.3 146.3 144.5 136.3
106.2 108.5 108.5 108.5 106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	104.3 106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	104.6 113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	112.1 123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 116.2 121.0	118.4 119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	131.2 147.1 123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	138.0 158.6 134.3 146.3 144.5 138.3 136.3
108.5 96.7 106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	106.6 99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	113.9 94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	123.4 108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	119.0 100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	147.1 123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	158.6 134.3 146.3 144.5 138.3 136.3
96.7 106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	99.2 108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	94.2 110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	108.8 118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	100.9 106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	123.1 130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	134.3 146.3 144.5 138.3 136.3
106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	146.3 144.5 138.3 136.3
106.2 101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	108.6 108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	110.0 108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	118.0 115.3 118.2 121.0	106.4 104.7 104.7 105.6	130.8 123.6 129.7 133.6	146.3 144.5 138.3 136.3
101.0 109.7 113.0 114.7	108.2 112.8 114.2 114.3	108.3 109.4 115.1 114.5	115.3 118.2 121.0	104.7 104.7 105.6	123.6 129.7 133.6	144.5 138.3 136.3
109.7 113.0 114.7	112.8 114.2 114.3	109.4 115.1 114.5	118.2 121.0	104.7 105.6	129.7 133.6	138.3 136.3
109.7 113.0 114.7	112.8 114.2 114.3	115.1 114.5	118.2 121.0	104.7 105.6	129.7 133.6	138.3 136.3
113.0	114.2 114.3	115.1 114.5	121.0	105.6	133.6	136.3
114.7	114.3	114.5				
				110.0	142.7	139.3
113.7	112.9	116.0	124.1	112.0	140.3	154.3
113.8		117.9	123.7	116.4	140.6	154.0
22300						1,74.0
108.8	108.2	117.8	118.8	116.3	136.3	146.9
1		115.4	117.4	117.2		138.7
						136.6
						135.1
						128.1
						126.5
2,550.	5./				-5,12	
	109.9	74.3	108.2	113.6	133.1	127.2
	108.0 104.9 102.6 103.4	108.0 109.6 104.9 111.4 102.6 112.8 103.4 113.5	108.0 109.6 114.3 104.9 111.4 115.2 102.6 112.8 112.8 103.4 113.5 112.6	108.0 109.6 114.3 116.3 104.9 111.4 115.2 117.0 102.6 112.8 112.8 114.1 103.4 113.5 112.6 113.6	108.0 109.6 114.3 116.3 117.3 118.6 119.6 112.8 112.8 112.6 113.6 116.0	108.0 109.6 114.3 116.3 117.3 133.4 104.9 111.4 115.2 117.0 118.6 139.8 102.6 112.8 112.8 114.1 116.5 138.5 103.4 113.5 112.6 113.6 116.0 137.1



Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity 1 Continued

 $(1947-49 \pm 100)$ Manufacturing - Durable goods-Con. Manufacturing - Nondurable goods Year Instruments Miscellaneous Food and Apparel and other Textile-mill and Tobacco finished textile and related manufacturing kindred month manufactures products products industries products products 1947: Average.. 107.5 104.6 103.9 105.9 104.5 99.6 104.2 103.0 100.0 101.0 105.7 1948: Average.. 101.6 93.1 89.2 1949: Average.. 89.5 91.2 96.1 89.9 98.8 101.3 97.4 95.2 100.1 103.0 1950: Average... 95.9 94.7 1951: Average.. 117.5 103.1 91.2 96.0 101.9 100.5 122.7 92.2 90.7 1952: Average... 104.5 1953: Average... 129.9 109.5 93.7 90.1 89.8 106.9 115.9 98.8 88.5 78.7 98.8 1954: Average.. 90.5 104.1 83.0 1955: Average.. 117.9 91.0 91.5 104.9 1955: July..... 98.4 115.5 97.0 76.1 79.6 97.0 103.5 Aug..... 117.3 104:4 106.3 83.6 106.7 Sept.... 120.8 109.2 119.2 84.3 104.6 107.7 85.2 99.9 Oct..... 122.3 112.5 120.7 109.8 122.7 111.5 Nov.... 94.6 86.7 99.0 110.3 123.1 109.0 86.8 Dec.... 90.3 97.8 110.6 84.9 1956: Jan..... 103.0 84.3 121.2 89.9 107.4 82.6 84.3 Feb..... 121.6 105.3 81.6 112.4 82.5 Mar.... 121.2 104.2 82.9 76.5 109.1 Apr..... 122.6 103.4 82.3 74.6 80.3 102.9 121.5 102.9 85.4 76.6 79.0 Мау.... 99.5 78.3 102.7 120.8 June.... 91.0 77.7 99.2 July.... 75.6 119.1 97.9 94.4 74.2 97.0 Manufacturing - Nondurable goods - Continued Year Products of Chemicals Printing, puband Rubber Leather and Paper and petroleum lishing, and and allied month allied products products leather products allied industries products and coal 103.3 105.8 99.0 109.8 1947: Average.. 102.6 101.4 100.5 100.8 102.3 102.7 102.0 1948: Average.. 98.3 88.1 94.1 93.4 1949: Average.. 95.1 98.0 99.5 97.2 97.8 105.4 97.3 101.9 1950: Average... 109.9 101.6 102.1 108.5 92.1 1951: Average... 105.5 96.9 108.4 104.7 98.2 1952: Average ... 105.9 102.7 96.5 111.6 1953: Average... 111.6 105.4 108.1 100.9 104.7 108.6 89.9 103.5 95.8 96.4 1954: Average... 109.3 1955: Average... 94.5 114.4 107.0 113.3 95.0 94.4 1955: July..... 107.2 105.4 97.6 110.9 113.8 108.1 105.6 96.4 111.5 98.6 Aug..... 116.7 94.3 94.6 118.5 96.0 Sept.... 111.7 108.2 115.1 108.9 Oct..... 118.9 112.2 95.2 118.2 Nov.... 113.0 109.4 121.7 92.0 119.2 93.1 114.0 110.1 119.9 99.5 Dec.... 119.0 93.0 1956: Jan..... 109.9 117.5 115.8 109.1 93.3 99.1 Feb..... 114.1 109.0 101.7 110.3 91.5 113.1 112.2 110.4 97.0 93.7 Mar.... 115.5 109.6 89.4 Apr 115.6 112.2 111.0 93.5 109.7 May.... 115.1 111.7 109.3 92.5 108.3 87.5 111.9 108.1 94.9 91.7 June.... 116.8 103.6 110.9 105.9 96.0

103.7

92.8

115.6

July....

^{1/} Aggregate man-hours are for the weekly pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month and do not represent totals for the month. For mining and manufacturing industries, data refer to production and related workers. For contract construction, the data relate to construction workers.

^{2/} Includes only the divisions shown. Revised.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas

		ge weekly e	7000		e weekly			e hourly e	
State and area		956	1955		756	1955		956	1955
	July	June	July	1/17A	June	July	July	June	July
		10-10	1.00	1 -0.1		0	a/	4	4
TABAMA	\$59.90	\$61.46	\$60.50	38.4	38.9	39.8	\$1.56	\$1.58	\$1.52
Birmingham	74.45	76.00	81.60	39.6	40.0	40.8	1.88	1.90	2,00
Mobile	79.52	77-99	69.30	41.2	40.2	39.6	1.93	1.94	1.75
	•			1.	1.	ا م ا	_	1	
RIZONA	90.53	91.38	80.39	42.5	12.5	40.6	2,13	2.15	1.98
Phoenix	90.10	89.89	78.20	42.3	42.2	40.1	2.13	2.13	1.95
				1.				1.	١ .
rkansas	56.54	56.56	52.74	40.1	40.4	41.2	1.41	1.40	1.28
Little Rock-]	ì	1 .		_	_	1	1
.N. Little Rock	54.81	55.49	52.07	40.3	40.8	41.0	1.36	1.36	1.27
	_			1				[1
ALIFORNIA	89.69	90.26	84.93	40.4	40.5	40.1	2.22	2.23	2,12
Fresno	77.17	80.25	74.51	38.7	39-3	38.4	2.00	2.04	1.94
Los Angeles-Long Beach	89.64	89.64	85.44	40.8	40.8	40.9	2.20	2,20	2.09
Sacramento	93.57	87.45	80.01	40.4	39.0	38.2	2.32	2.24	2.09
San Bernardino-	,,,,,,		*****						1
Riverside-Ontario	87.37	87.25	80.98	40.6	40.1	40.3	2.15	2.17	2.01
San Diego	93.02	95.08	86.59	41.6	42.4	40.5	2.24	2.25	2.14
San Francisco-Oakland			88.13	39.4	40.0	39.6	2.33	2.33	2.23
	91.56	93.03							
San Jose	86.73	88.52	76.89	41.9	40.3	37.4	2.07	2.19	2.06
Stockton	87.48	81.37	79-90	41.7	38.8	40.2	2.10	2.10	1.99
				1	1 ,				- 00
OLORADO	79-97	83.22	78.44	40.8	41.2	41.5	1.96	2.02	1.89
Denver	84.25	80.60	79-49	40.9	39-9	41.4	2.06	2.92	1.92
		0					0	مہ ۔ ا	- 00
COMMECTICUT		80.56 84.46	76.26	41.0	41.1	41.0	1.98	1.96	1.86
Bridgeport	84.46	84.46	81.29	41.2	41.4	41.9	2.05	2.04	1.94
Hertford	87.54	86.29	79.54	42.7	42.3	41.0	2.05	2.04	1.94
New Britain	78.60	79.17	79-10	40.1	40.6	42.3	1.96	1.95	1.87
New Haven	77.74	78.34	70.40	40.7	40.8	40.0	1.91	1.92	1.76
Stanford	83.16	83.16	78.79	39.6	39.6	39.2	2.10	2.10	2.01
Waterbury	81.19	80.18	80.32	40.8	40.7	42.5	1.99	1.97	1.89
was october y	٠	00.10	30030	1	,,,,,	,		1 -071	
ælaware	79,77	82.32	76,53	40.7	42.0	39.9	1.96	1.96	1.92
Wilmington	79•77 94•40	95.30	76.53 91.48	40.0	40.9	41.3	2.36	2.33	2.22
))	1 /20.0	1	1				
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:				1	1			1	ł
Washington	82.32	85.03	81.41	39.2	40.3	40.3	2.10	2.11	2.02
•				1	1			l	1
TORIDA	63.29	62.88	57.25	41.1	41.1	40.6	1.54	1.53	1.41
Jacksonville	67.43	69.05	1 7675	39.9	41.1	(1/)	1.69	1.68	6/
Mismi	64.31	63.90	\ ₹/{	40.7	40.7	1356 J	1.58	1.57	<i>P</i> /K
Tampa-St. Petersburg	61.91	61.71	(1/) (1/) 56.28	40.2	40.6	(1/) (1/) 40.2	1.54	1.52	(1/)
Tampa-Sc. recersours	01.91	01.11	70.20	40.2	40.0	40.2	1.54	1.75	1.070
ECRGIA	56.12	56.20	54.41	38.7	39-3	40.3	1.45	1.43	1.35
									1.72
Atlanta	69.65	69.48	71.72	39.8	39-7	41.7	1.75	1.75	
Sevannah	77.15	75•23	72.50	42.7	42.5	42.9	1.85	1.77	1.69
	00 -1	00.01	0- 0-	1	1	10 m	o ok	0.00	
CDAHO	88.74	89.24	81.81	43.5	42.7	40.7	2.04	2.09	2.01
	00	00		1			0		
ILLINOIS	83.98	85.38	81.09	40.3	40.8	40.7	2 .6 8	2.09	1.99
Chicago	86.96	89.21	84.66	40.4	40.8	40.6	2.15	2.19	2.09
Rockford	85.48	88.42	85.73	41.6	42.9	43.8	2.05	2.06	1.96
	١			1.	, I			1	1 .
INDIANA	82.52	85.81	82.01	40.0	40.5	40.4	2.06	2.12	2.03
	i	l	i	ł				1	
	1	l	1	t	1		1	1	1
i	i		1	1				1	I
CWA Des Moines	75.21	76.77 81.45	73•79 78•48	39.1 36.1	40.1 39.1	40.3 39.2	1.93 2.08	1.92	1.83

State and Area Hours and Farnings

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

State and area		e weekly ea			ge weekly		Averag	e hourly	
State and area	July	June	1955 July	July	June	1955 July	July 19	56 June	1955 July
KANSAS	\$83.60	\$82.84	\$79.58	41.8	41.9	41.9	\$2.00	\$1.98	\$1.90
Topeka	80.61	78.86	78.42	41.5	41.0	43.2	1.94	1.92	1.82
Wichita	86.84	84.40	83.52	41.8	41.4	41.7	2.08	2.04	2.00
KENTUCKY	(<u>1</u> /}	75.64 81.64	71.31 78.92	₹/}	40.7 40.6	40.9 41.2	(₹⁄}	1.86 2.01	1.75
LOUISIANABeton Rouge New Orleans	76.86 105.21 74.99	74.89 103.00 72.83	70.40 97.34 69.95	41.1 41.1 40.1	40.7 41.2 39.8	41.7 40.9 40.2	1.87 2.56 1.87	1.84 2.50 1.83	1.69 2.38 1.74
MAINE	63.08	62.25	57.67	40.2	40.1	40.2	1.57	1.55	1.44
Lewiston	56.11	54.29	51.54	38.5	37.2	37.9	1.46	1.46	1.36
Portland	72.48	67.01	64.21	43.2	41.7	42.1	1.68	1.61	1.53
MARYIANDBaltimore	77.19 82.18	79 . 38 83 . 70	75•37 80•80	40.7 41.2	41.0 41.1	41.1 41.5	1.90 2.00	1.94 2.04	1.84
MASSACHUSETTSBoston Fall River New Bedford Springfield-Holyoke Worcester	70.88	70.71	68.23	39.6	39.5	39.9	1.79	1.79	1.71
	74.26	74.05	70.13	39.5	39.6	39.4	1.88	1.87	1.78
	51.77	49.98	53.68	35.7	34.0	37.8	1.45	1.47	1.42
	57.07	55.33	58.46	37.3	36.4	39.5	1.53	1.52	1.48
	77.93	76.57	73.93	40.8	40.3	40.4	1.91	1.90	1.83
	78.76	82.41	77.87	40.6	41.0	41.2	1.94	2.01	1.89
MICHIGAN Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Lansing Muskegon Saginaw	93.56	91.20	93.72	40.5	39.6	41.8	2.31	2.30	2.24
	100.25	96.32	95.62	40.9	39.3	40.9	2.45	2.45	2.34
	95.88	92.08	111.97	40.2	39.1	46.5	2.39	2.36	2.41
	85.82	84.82	82.95	40.5	40.2	40.7	2.12	2.11	2.04
	94.96	91.56	107.96	40.1	39.5	45.4	2.39	2.32	2.38
	88.09	86.11	84.73	39.5	39.3	39.8	2.23	2.19	2.13
	88.82	88.19	93.81	40.5	40.4	42.7	2.19	2.18	2.20
MINNESOTA Duluth Minneapolis-St. Paul	79.48	79•79	77.26	40.4	40.5	41.2	1.97	1.97	1.87
	76.46	83•94	78.38	38.1	39.9	39.3	2.01	2.10	1.99
	83.30	81•94	80.11	40.6	40.2	40.9	2.05	2.04	1.96
MISSISSIPPIJackson	54•14 59•71	52.93 61.19	49.92 54.26	40.1 40.9	39•5 42•2	41.6 40.8	1.35 1.46	1.34	1.20
MISSOURI	74.90	74.58	70.93	39.7	39•5	40.0	1.89	1.89	1.77
Kansas City	79.43	80.71	81.28	39.4	39•9	41.0	2.01	2.01	1.97
St. Louis	83.27	82.15	78.43	40.2	40•0	40.3	2.07	2.06	1.95
MONTANA	92.71	92.42	86.57	41.8	41.8	41.5	2.22	2.21	2.09
NEBRASKA	73.56	75.04	71.31	41.8	42.4	43.0	1.76	1.77	1.66
	(<u>1</u> /)	79.41	74.22	(<u>1</u> /)	42.0	42.2	(1/)	1.89	1.76
NEVADA	95.00	9 2.5 8	91.20	37•7	38.1	40.0	2.52	2.43	2.28
NEW HAMPSHIRE Manchester See footnotes at end of tab	63.80	62.47	58.29	40.9	40.3	40.2	1.56	1.55	1.45
	57.30	56.25	53.96	38.2	37.5	38.0	1.50	1.50	1.42

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	arnings
State and area		56	1955)56	1955	19		1955
51010 0 2100	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
NEW JERSEY	\$82.61	\$82.46	\$79.14	40.2	40.4	40.5	\$2.05	\$2.04	\$1.95
Newark-Jersey City 2/	82.43	83.30	79.83	39.8	40.3	40.3		, ,	
Paterson 2/	82.46	82.42				1 40.3	2.07	2.07	1.98
Perth Amboy 2/	86.16	02.46	77.91	40.8	40.8	40.9	2.02	2.02	1.91
	80.04	83.46	82.43	40.7	40.3	41.3	2.12	2.07	2.00
Trenton	00.04	79-32	78.98	40.0	39-5	40.9	2.00	2.01	1.93
NEW MEXICO	86.10	84.05	On he	1	1	1		1	
*****			80.40	41.0	41.0	40.0	2.10	2.05	2.01
Albuquerque	81.00	81.56	75•95	40.3	41.4	40.4	2.01	1.97	1.88
			_1		1	1	_	1 _	ţ
NEW YORK	78.99	77.91	74.87	39-5	39-3	39.1	2.00	1.98	1.91
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	86,22	86.94	80.57	40.6	40.6	40.2	2.12	2.14	2.01
Ringhamton	73.97	72.87	69.71	39.4	39-3	39.2	1.88	1.85	1.78
Buffalo	92.46	93.13	89.40	40.8	41.0	41.0	2.27	2.27	2.18
Elmira	76.91	76.55	76.54	39.9	40.0	40.6	1.93	1.91	1.88
Nassau and	Į			1	1	1	1		
Suffolk Counties 2/	90.70	87.09	81.55	41.8	40.2	39-9	2.17	2.17	2.04
New York-Mortheastern	, , , , ,				1	3,00]		1
New Jersey	79•37	77.80	75.08	39.1	38.9	38.9	2.03	2.00	1.93
New York City 2/	75.56	73.53	71.47	37.9	37.7	37.7	1.99	1.95	
Rochester	86.15	84.64	81.25	40.7	40.7	40.4	2.12		1.90
Syracuse	82.56	81.83	79.26	41.6	41.0	41.0		2.08	2.01
•	78.55			141.0			1.99	2.00	1.93
Utica-Rome	1 10.55	77.27	73.34	41.1	41.0	40.7	1.91	1.89	1.80
Westchester County 2/	78.65	78.62	76.04	39.8	40.2	40.2	1.98	1.95	1.89
NORTH CAROLINA	E2 10	F2 70	F0 00	1	1				
	53.18	53.70	50.82	39.1	39.2	39.7	1.36	1.37	1.28
Charlotte	56.06	57.89	54.68	39.2	40.2	40.5	1.43	1.44	1.35
Greensboro-High Point	52.16	52.58	49.26	37.8	38.1	37.6	1.38	1.38	1.31
MONTHS DAYOURA	60	60	- Lo	6-1	100	1	6-13	6-13	
NORTH DAKOTA	{₹}}	 {£ ∕}}	71.42	{ } }}	₹ }}	45.7	 {£ ∕}}	 ₹ }}	1.56
Fargo	(<u>+</u> /)	(1/)	75-36	(1 7/)	((1)	44.3	(1/)	(<u>I</u> /)	1.70
	00 20	00.00	00.10	1	1	1.0			
ОНТО	88.39	89.93	86.40	40.5	40.8	40.6	2.18	2.20	2.13
Akron	91.38	90.46	85.44	38.7	38.9	37.7	2.36	2.33	2.27
Canton	86.46	91.16	(1/)	39.8	40.7	(1/) 40.6	2.17	2.24	(<u>1</u> /) 1.94
Cincinnati	82.84	84.07	78 - 9i	40.9	41.3	40.6	2.03	2.04	1.94
Cleveland	90.32	93.16	90.41	40.4	41.1	41.6	2.24	2.27	2.17
Columbus	84.69	85.24	(1/)	40.4	41.0	(1/)	2.10	2.08	(1/)
Dayton	97.66	96.25	(<u>1</u> /) 95•11	41.2	41.0	(1/) 41.8	2.37	2.35	(1/) 2.28
Toledo	91.58	91.38	(1/)	40.1	40.0	(1/)	2.28	2.28	(1/)
Youngstown	95.44	101.89	(1/)	41.2	41.0	₹ }}	2.32	2.49	₹ }}
		1	1			/ ت		1	• '
OKTAHOMA	78.66	79.65	73-93	41.4	41.7	41.3	1.90	1.91	1.79
Oklahoma City	75.58	74.62	69.63	42.7	42.4	42.2	1.77	1.76	1.65
Tulsa	83.85	83.64	81.12	40.9	40.6	41.6	2.05	2.06	1.95
	i	1		-		1			
OREGON	91.02	90.71	88.23	39.1	39.2	38.8	2.33	2.31	2.27
Portland	86.33	85.77	80.31	38.8	38.9	38.5	2.23	2.21	2.09
			•			1			1 -000
PENNSYLVANIA	76.80	81.07	76.32	39.4	39.6	39.4	1.95	2.05	1.94
Allentown-Bethlehem-	'		13-	1	13700	350.	1	1	1.07
Easton	73.58	76.73	71.52	39.9	38.5	38.0	1.84	1.99	1.88
Erie	86.00	85.91	79.23	42.3	42.3	41.7	2.03		
Harrisburg	68.42	71.75	64.50	40.2	39.4			2.03	1.90
Iancaster	67.68	68.65	66.22			38.3	1.70	1.82	1.68
				40.0	40.6	41.0	1.69	1.69	1.62
Philadelphia	82.53	82.90	77.57	40.3	40.4	39.8	2.05	2.05	1.95
Pittsburgh	91.52	96.45	91.85	140.0	40.8	40.5	2.29	2.36	2.27
Reading	75.15	72.50	68.50	40.8	39.9	39.8	1.84	1.82	1.72
Scranton	59.09	60.25	54.00	38.1	38.4	37-5	1.55	1.57	1.44
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	56.06	55.09	51.15	37.7	36.7	37-2	11.49	1.50	1.38
York	67.35	69.46	63.39	40.4	41.2	40.4	1.67	1.69	1.57
	•	•		•	-	•	•		

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

State and area	Averag	e weekly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours				
State and area	19	56	1955	19	56	1955		56	1955	
	July	June	July	July	June	19 5 5 July	July	June	July	
RHODE ISLAND	+6# #7	♦ 6≅ 21	\$62.01	20.0	20.6	20.6	4. 6	4. 6.	42 -6	
	\$65.57	\$65.31		39.3	39.6	39.8	\$1.67	\$1.65	\$1.56	
Providence	66.33	64.71	62.31	40.2	39•7	40.2	1.65	1.64	1.55	
SOUTH CAROLINA	54.51	53.72	52.37	39.5	39.5	40.6	1.38	1.36	1.29	
Charleston	59.49	60.05	56.30	39.4	40.3	40.5	1.51	1.49	1.39	
SOUTH DAKOTA	74.42	76.42	70:09	44.1	45.4	44.7	1.69	1.68	1.57	
Sioux Falls	81.44	83.26	75.34	46.0	46.9	45.9	1.77	1.78	1.64	
	Co. 00		(0.1)							
TERRESSEE	62.81	63.12	60.94	39.5	39.7	40.9	1.59	1.59	1.49	
Chattanooga	63.30	64.38	61.41	38.6	39.5	40.4	1.64	1.63	1.52	
Knoxville	70.66	71.89	68.74	38.4	39.5	40.2	1.84	1.82	1.71	
Mesmohis	70.52	68.85	69.76	41.0	40.5	42.8	1.72	1.70	1.63	
Nashville	65.85	65.60	61.46	40.4	41.0	40.7	1.63	1.60	1.51	
THE TAXABLE PARTY OF THE PARTY	0).0)	0,.00	02.70	40.4	72.0		1.05	1.00	/-	
TEXAS	80.73	80.12	76.38	41.4	41.3	42.2	1.95	1.94	1.81	
TWMA W	77.21	84.03	72 22	20.8	40-4	38.8	1.94	2.08	1.89	
UTAH			73.33	39.8	• .					
Salt Lake City	83.62	83.63	77.49	41.6	41.4	41.0	2.01	2.02	1.89	
VERMONT	67.68	68.10	64.06	42.3	42.4	42.2	1.60	1.61	1.52	
Burlington	61.14	59.94	57.34	41.1	40.3	39.6	1.49	1.49	1.45	
Springfield	85.65	84.34	79-55	44.4	43.4	44.1	1.93	1.94	1.81	
			4						- 10	
VIRGINIA	62.22	61.91	60.01	40.4	40.2	41.1	1.54	1.54	1.46	
Morfolk-Portsmouth	65.50	65.84	67.84	39.7	39.9	42.4	1.65	1.65	1.60	
Richmond	68.88	68.88	66.30	41.0	41.0	41.7	1.68	1.68	1.59	
WashingTon	89.63	90.03	84.71	39.3	39.5	38.9	2.28	2.28	2.18	
Seattle	89.45	86.24	82.51	39.4	38.9	38.8	2.27	2.22	2.13	
Spokane	93.39	91.97	89.36	40.2	39.9	41.0	2.32	2.31	2.18	
Tacoma.	85.18	87.49	84.03	37.9	38.8	39.1	2.25	2,25	2.15	
WEST VIRGINIA	79.52	80.39	75.85	38.6	39.6	3.85	2.06	2.03	1.97	
Charleston	98.74	98.70	95.06	40.8	41.3	40.8	2.42	2.39	2.33	
WISCONSIN	82.43	83.64	79.48	41.6	41.6	42.8	1.98	2.01	1.86	
Kenosha.	81.95	84.40	81.67	38.0	39.3	39.6	2.15	2.15	2.06	
Ia Crosse	81.68	81.30	78.83	40.9	40.9	40.4	2.00	1.99	1.95	
Medison	86.29	88.39	82.29	40.0	41.0	40.2	2.16	2.16	2.05	
Milvaukee		91.97	87.77	41.6	41.1	41.2	2.25	2.24	2.13	
	93.51							2.10	2.02	
Racine	82.86	82.14	80.12	39.3	39.2	39.7	2.11	2.10	E.UE	
		0	01. (-	101	30.	h2 0		0.00	0.0=	
WYOMIING	93.32	87.91	84.67	40.4	39.6	41.3	2.31	2.22	2.05	
Casper	113.44	107.06	103.49	41.4	40.4	41.9	2.74	2.65	2.47	

^{1/} Not available. 2/ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

Explanatory Notes

INTRODUCTION

The statistics for nonfarm industries presented in this monthly report are part of the broad program of the Bureau of Labor Statistics to provide timely, comprehensive, accurate, and detailed information for the use of businessmen, government officials, legislators, labor unions, research workers, and the general public. The statistics are an integral part of the Federal statistical system, and are considered basic indicators of the state of the Nation's economy. They are widely used in following and interpreting business developments and in making decisions in such fields as labor-management negotiations, marketing, personnel, plant location, and government policy. In addition, Government agencies use the data in this report to compile official indexes of production, labor productivity, and national income.

ESTABLISHMENT REPORTS:

a. Collection

The employment statistics program, which is based on establishment payroll reports, provides current data for both full- and part-time workers on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments (see glossary for definition, p. 7-E) during a specified period each month. The BLS uses two "shuttle" schedules for this program, the BLS Form 790 (for employment, payroll, and manhours data) and the Form 1219 (for labor turnover data). The shuttle schedule, used by BLS for more than 25 years, is designed to assist firms to report consistently, accurately, and with a minimum of cost. The questionnaire provides space for the establishment to report for each month of the current calendar year; in this way, the employer uses the same schedule for the entire year.

Under a cooperative arrangement with the BLS, State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics for use in preparing the national series.

b. Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year. For manufacturing establishments, a product supplement to the monthly 790 report is used. The supplement provides for reporting the percentage of total sales represented by each product. Information for nonmanufacturing establishments is collected on the 790 form itself. In the case of an establishment making more than one product

or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the unit is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity. The titles and descriptions of industries presented in the Standard Industrial Classifical Manuel, (U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C.) are used for classifying reports from manufacturing and government establishments; the 1942 Industrial Classification Code, (U. S. Social Security Board) for reports from all other establishments.

c. Coverage

Monthly reports on employment and, for most industries, payroll and men-hours are obtained from approximately 155,000 establishments. (See table below.) The table also shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample 1

Division	Number of	Emplo	yees
or industry	establish- ments in sample	Number in sample	Percent of total
Mining	3,100 20,900 40,400	350,000 735,000 10,980,000	24
Înterstate railroads. (ICC)		1,128,000	95
Other transportation and public utilities.	14,600	1,581,000	57
Wholesale and retail trade	58,300	1,928,000	18
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,000	693,000	31
miscellaneous: Hotels and lodging places Personal services:	1,200	144,000	37
Laundries and clean- ing and dyeing plants Government:	2,300	94,000	19
Federal (Civil Service Commission) State and local	4,400	2,162,000 2,033,000	100 41

1/ Some firms do not report payroll and man-hour information. Therefore, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

Labor turnover reports are received from approximately 10,000 cooperating establishments in the manufacturing, mining, and communication industries (see table below). The definition of manufacturing used in the turnover series is not as extensive as in the BLS series on employment and hours and earnings because of the exclusion of the following major industries from the labor turnover sample: printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 1943); canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses' outerwear; and fertilizer.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample

	Number of establish-	Emplo	yees
Group and industry	ments in sample	Number in sample	Percent of total
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Metal mining	10,200	5,994,000	39
	6,400	4,199,000	43
	3,800	1,795,000	32
	120	57,000	53
Coal mining: Anthracite Bituminous	20	6,000	19
	200	71,000	32
Communication: Telephone Telegraph	(1/)	661,000	8 8
	(1/)	28,000	6 5

1/ Does not apply.

DEFINITIONS AND ESTIMATING METHODS:

A. EMPLOYMENT

Definition

Employment data for all except Federal Government establishments refer to persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. For Federal Government establishments current data generally refer to persons who worked on, or received pay for, the last day of the month.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the specified pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the other part of the period are counted as employed. Persons are not considered employed who are laid off or are on leave without pay, who are on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households are also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are shown separately, but their number is excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

With respect to employment in educational institutions (private and governmental), BLS considers regular full-time teachers to be employed during the summer vacation period whether or not they are specifically paid in those months.

Benchmark Data

Employment estimates are periodically compared with complete counts of employment in the various nonagri-

cultural industries, and appropriate adjustments made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks. The comparison made for the first 3 months of 1955 resulted in changes amounting to 0.8 percent of all nonagricultural employment. Among the eight major industry divisions changes ranged from 0.2 to 2.3 percent, with the exception of contract construction which required an adjustment of 6.2 percent. As a result, the estimating techniques for contract construction were reviewed in detail and certain refinements have been introduced. Manufacturing industries as a whole were changed by 0.2 percent, a slightly smaller amount than necessary in 1954. Within manufacturing, 43 of the 132 individual industries required no adjustment because the estimate and benchmark differed by less than 1.0 percent or less than 500 and 78 were adjusted by 1.0-4.9 percent. One significant cause of differences between the benchmark and estimate is the change in industrial classification of individual firms, which cannot be reflected in BLS estimates until they are adjusted to new benchmarks. Other causes are sampling and response errors.

The basic sources of benchmark information are the quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, compiled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the U. S. Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their small size. Benchmarks for industries wholly or partly excluded from the unemployment insurance laws are derived from a variety of other sources.

The BLS estimates which are prepared for the benchmark quarter are compared with the new benchmark levels, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the monthly estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one. Following revision for these intermediate periods, the industry data from the most recent benchmark are projected to the current month by use of the sample trends. Under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Estimating Method

The estimating procedure for industries for which data on both "all employees" and "production and related workers" are published (manufacturing and selected mining industries) is outlined below; the first step under this method is also used for industries for which only figures on "all employees" are published.

The first step is to compute total employment (all employees) in the industry for the month following the benchmark period. The all-employee total for the last benchmark month (e.g., March) is multiplied by the percent change of total employment over the month for the group of establishments reporting for both March and April. Thus, if firms in the BLS sample for an industry report 30,000 employees in March and 31,200 in April, April employment is 104 percent (31,200 divided by 30,000) of March employment. If the all-employee benchmark in March is 40,000, the all-employee total in April would be 104 percent of 40,000 or 41,600.

The second step is to compute the production-worker total for the industry. The all-employee total for the month is multiplied by the ratio of production

workers to all employees. This ratio is computed from establishment reports in the monthly sample. Thus, if these firms in April report 24,960 production workers and a total of 31,200 employees, the ratio of production workers to all employees would be .80 (24,960 divided by 31,200). The production-worker total in April would be 33,280 (41,600 multiplied by .80).

Figures for subsequent months are computed by carrying forward the totals for the previous month according to the method described above.

The number of women employees in manufacturing, published quarterly, is computed by multiplying the all-employee estimate for the industry by the ratio of women to all employees as reported in the industry sample.

Employment Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

Employment series for many industries reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be measured on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change in employment which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to clarify the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. Adjusted employment aggregates are shown and also indexes (1947-49 = 100) derived from these aggregates. The indexes have the additional advantage of comparing the current seasonally adjusted employment level with average employment in the base period.

Comparability with Other Employment Estimates

Employment data published by other government and private agencies may differ from BLS employment statistics because of differences in definition, sources of information, methods of collection, classification, and estimation. BLS monthly figures are not directly comparable, for example, with the estimates of the Census Monthly Report on the Labor Force (MRLF). Census data are obtained by personal interviews with individual members of a small sample of households and are designed to provide information on the work status of the whole population, classified by their demographic characteristics. The BLS, on the other hand, obtains data by mail questionnaire which are based on the payroll records of business units, and prepares detailed statistics on the industrial and geographic distribution of employment and on hours of work and earnings.

Since BLS employment figures are derived from establishment payroll records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period will be counted more than once in the BLS series. By definition, proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded from the BLS but not the MRLF series.

Employment estimates compiled by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses and/or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments also differ from ELS employment statistics. Among the important reasons for lack of comparability are differences in industries covered, in the business units considered parts of an establishment, and in the industrial classification of establishments. Similar differences exist between the BLS data and those in County Business Patterns published jointly by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

R. LABOR TURNOVER

Definition

"Labor turnover," as used in the BLS program, refers to the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employment status with respect to individual firms during a calendar month. This movement is subdivided into two broad types: <u>accessions</u> (new hires and rehires) and <u>separations</u> (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. All employees, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers are covered by both the turnover movements and the employment base used in computing labor turnover rates. All groups of employees -- full - and part-time, permanent, and temporary-are included. Transfers from one establishment to another within a company are not considered to be turnover items.

Method of Computation

To compute turnover rates for individual industries, the total number of each type of action (accessions, quits, etc.) reported for a calendar month by the sample establishments in each industry is first divided by the total number of employees reported by these establishments, who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of that month. The result is multiplied by 100 to obtain the turnover rate.

For example, in an industry sample, the total number of employees who worked during, or received pay for, the week of January 12-18 was reported as 25,498. During the period January 1-31 a total of 284 employees in all reporting firms quit. The quit rate for the industry is:

$$\frac{284}{25,498} \times 100 = 1.1$$

To compute turnover rates for broader industrial categories, the rates for the component industries are weighted by the estimated employment.

Separate turnover rates for men and women are published quarterly for 1 month in each quarter. Only accessions, quits, and total separations are published. These rates are computed in the same manner as the all-employee rates; for example, the quit rate for women is obtained from an industry sample by dividing the number of women who quit during the month by the number of women employees reported.

Average monthly turnover rates for the year for all employees are computed by dividing the sum of the monthly rates by 12.

Comparability with Earlier Data

Labor turnover rates are available on a comparable basis from January 1930 for manufacturing as a whole and from 1943 for two coal mining and two communication industries. Rates for many individual industries and industry groups for the period prior to January 1950 are not comparable with those for the subsequent period because of a revision which involved (1) the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure for manufacturing industries, and (2) the introduction of weighting

in the computation of industry-group rates.

Comparability with Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons:

- Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar-month; the employment reports, for the most part, refer to a 1-week pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month.
- (2) The turnover sample excludes certain industries (see under coverage, p. 2-E).
- (3) Plants on strike are not included in the turnover computations beginning with the month the strike starts through the month the workers return; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

C. HOURS AND EARNINGS

Definitions of production workers, nonsupervisory employees, payrolls, and man-hours from which hours and earnings data are derived are included in the glossary, page 7-E. Nethods used to compute hours and earnings averages are described in summary of methods for computing national statistics, page 6-E.

Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings for manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries are on a "gross" basis, i.e., they reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis. Employment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings refer to the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. However, the average earnings series does not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer, since the following are excluded: irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, parttime work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turn-bver, and absenteeism.

Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to average hours worked or paid for, and is somewhat different from standard or scheduled hours. Normally, such factors

as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishments. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee works on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, the gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends on the industry-group level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

Gross Average Weekly Earnings in Current and 1947-49 Dollars

These series indicate changes in the level of weekly earnings before and after adjustment for changes in purchasing power as determined from the BLS Consumer Price Index.

Net Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Net spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, net spendable earnings have been computed for two types of income receivers: (1) a worker with no dependents; and (2) a worker with three dependents.

The computations of net spendable earnings for both the factory worker with no dependents and the factory worker with three dependents are based upon the gross average weekly earnings for all production workers in manufacturing industries without regard to marital status, family composition, and total family income.

Net spendable weekly earnings in 1947-49 dollars represent an approximate measure of changes in "real" net spendable weekly earnings. "Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the spendable earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of spendable earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since that base period.

Average Hourly Earnings. Excluding Overtime. of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries

These data are based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540; reprint available, Serial No. R. 2020). This method eliminates only the earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one-half times the straight-time rates after 40 hours a week. Thus, no adjustment is made for other premium-payment provisions—for example, holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1947-49 period. These aggregates represent the product of average weekly hours and employment.

The aggregate man-hours are defined as total manhours for which pay was received by full- and parttime production or construction workers, including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. The man-hours are for 1 week of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, and may not be typical of the entire month.

Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based upon monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives,

officials, and staff assistants (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Because hours and earnings data for manufacturing and other nonmanufacturing industries are based upon reports to the BLS which generally represent 1 weekly pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, the data for railroad employees are not strictly comparable with other industry information shown in this publication.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings statistics are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with the BLS. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by the BLS for preparing national estimates. State employment series are adjusted to benchmark data from State unemployment insurance agencies and the Bureau of Cld Age and Survivors Insurance. Because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and use slightly varying methods of computation, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the official U.S. totals prepared by the BLS.

Additional industry detail may be obtainable from the cooperating State agencies listed on the inside back cover of this report.

NOTE: Additional information concerning the preparation of the employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series---concepts and scope, survey methods, and reliability and limitations---is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from BLS free of charge. For all of this information as well as similar material for other BLS statistics, see Techniques of Preparing Major BLS Statistical Series, BLS Bull. 1168, December 195h. Copies are on file in many public and university libraries, or may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. at 65 cents each.

SUMMARY OF METHODS FOR COMPUTING NATIONAL STATISTICS EMPLOYMENT, HOURS, AND EARNINGS

Item	Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries	Total nonagricultural divisions, major groups, and groups	
	MONTHLY DATA		
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month for sample establishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component industries.	
Production workers	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by ratio of production workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month.	Sum of production-worker estimates for component industries.	
Average weekly hours	Total production or nonsupervisory man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.	Average, weighted by employment, of the average weekly hours for com- ponent industries.	
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man- hours, of the average hourly earn- ings for component industries.	
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	
	ANNUAL AVERAGE DATA		
All employees and pro- duction workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate man- hours (employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Average, weighted by employment, of the annual averages of weekly hours for component industries.	
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate pay- rolls (weekly earnings multiplied by employment) divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man- hours, of the annual averages of hourly earnings for component in- dustries.	
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	

GLOSSARY

ALL EMPLOYEES - The total number of persons on establishment payrolls who worked full- or part-time or received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Includes salaried officers of corporations as well as employees on the establishment payroll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers). Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.

CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - Includes working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, and similar workers engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, and other actual construction work, at the site of construction or working in shop or yard at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades; includes all such workers regardless of skill, engaged in any way in contract construction activities.

CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the payroll of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded from contract construction and included in the employment for such establishments.

DURABLE GOODS - The durable-goods subdivision includes the following major manufacturing industry groups: ordnance and accessories; lumber and wood products; furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products; machinery; electrical machinery; transportation equipment; instruments and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries as defined. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

ESTABLISHMENT - "A single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed; for example, a factory, mill, store, mine, or farm. Where a single physical location comprises two or more units which maintain separate payroll and inventory records and which are engaged in distinct or separate activities for which different industry classifications are provided in the Standard Industrial Classification, each unit shall be treated as a separate establishment. An establishment is not necessarily identical with the business concern or firm which may consist of one or more establishments. It is also to be distinguished from organizational subunits, departments, or divisions within an establishment." (Standard Industrial Classification Manual, U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Vol. I, Part I, p. 1, November 1945.)

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE - Covers private establishments operating in the fields of finance (banks, security dealers, loan agencies, holding companies, and other finance agencies); insurance (insurance carriers and independent agents and brokers); and real estate (real estate owners, including

speculative builders, subdividers, and developers; and agents and brokers).

GOVERNMENT - Covers Federal, State, and local government establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, including Government corporations, Government force-account construction, and such units as arsenals, navy yards, and hospitals. Federal government employment excludes employees of the Central Intelligence Agency. State and local government employment includes teachers, but excludes, as nominal employees, paid volunteer firemen and elected officials of small local units.

LABOR TURNOVER:

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: quits, discharges, layoffs, and miscellaneous separations (including military), as defined below.

Quits are terminations of employment during the calendar month initiated by employees for such reasons as: acceptance of a job in another company, dissatisfaction, return to school, marriage, maternity, ill health, or voluntary retirement where no company pension is provided. Failure to report after being hired and unauthorized absences of more than 7 consecutive calendar days are also classified as quits. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were also included in this category.

<u>Discharges</u> are terminations of employment during the calendar month inititated by the employer for such reasons as employees' incompetence, violation of rules, dishonesty, insubordination, laziness, habitual absenteeism, or inability to meet physical standards.

Layoffs are terminations of employment during the calendar month lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days without pay, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker, for such reasons as lack of orders or materials, release of temporary help, conversion of plant, introduction of labor-saving machinery or processes, or suspensions of operations without pay during inventory periods.

Miscellaneous separations (including military) are terminations of employment during the calendar month because of permanent disability, death, retirement on company pension, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were included with quits. Beginning September 1940, military separations were included here.

Persons on leave of absence (paid or unpaid) with the approval of the employer are not counted as separations until such time as it is definitely determined that such persons will not return to work. At that time, a separation is reported as one of the above types, depending on the circumstances.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll during the calendar month, including both new and rehired employees. Persons returning to work after a layoff, military separations, or other absences who have been counted as separations are considered accessions.

- MAN-HOURS Covers man-hours worked or paid for of specified groups of workers, during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. The specified group of workers in manufacturing and mining industries, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants is production and related workers; in the contract construction industry, it is construction workers; and in the other industries, it is nonsupervisory employees. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken; if the employee elects to work during a vacation period, the vacation pay and the hours it represents are omitted.
- in the mechanical or chemical transformation of inorganic or organic substances into new products and
 usually described as plants, factories, or mills,
 which characteristically use power-driven machines
 and materials-handling equipment. Establishments
 engaged in assembling component parts of manufactured products are also considered manufacturing if
 the new product is neither a structure nor other
 fixed improvement. Government manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded
 from manufacturing and are included under Government.
- MINING Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunneling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.
- NONDURABLE GOODS The nondurable-goods subdivision includes the following major manufacturing industry groups: food and kindred products; tobacco manufactures; textile-mill products; apparel and other finished textile products; paper and allied products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and allied products; products of petroleum and coal; rubber products; and leather and leather products. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.
- NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Includes employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.
- OVERTIME HOURS Covers premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

PAYROLL - The weekly payroll for the specified groups

- of full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. The specified group of employees in the manufacturing and mining industries, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants is production and related workers; in the contract construction industry, it is construction workers; and in the other industries, it is nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors. The payroll is reported before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bomuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.
- PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

REGIONS:

North - Includes all States except the 17 listed as South.

South - Includes the following 17 States: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

(In the case of sawmills and planning mills, general, a third region is identified - the West - and includes California, Oregon, and Washington.)

- SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms, including automotive repair services. Excludes domestic service workers. Nongovernment schools, hospitals, museums, etc., are included under service and miscellaneous; similar Government establishments are included under Government.
- TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES Covers only private establishments engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other communication services or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.
- WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering service incidental to the sales of goods. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.

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