

## GHANGE IN NET SFENDABLE EARNINGS FORMILA FOR 1955

Beginning with data for Jan-
uary 1955, the net spendable earnings series (table C-3, page 37) are computed to reflect the change in the Social Security tex law which increased the maximum anmual earnings subject to tex from $\$ 3,600$ to $\$ 4,200$. The trend of these series from 1939 to date, for a factory worker with 3 dependents, is shown in a chart on page 28.

ANNUAL AVERAGE
IABOR TURNOVER RATES

Annual average labor turnover rates for manufacturing will appear regularly in table $\mathrm{B}-1$ (page 23) beginning with this issue. These averages are the sum of the monthly rates for the year divided by 12. Similar averages of individual industries will be published in the Annual Supplement Issue of this report for May 1955.

MARCH 1955
Vol. 1 No. 9 <br> \title{
Employment <br> \title{
Employment and Earnings
}
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## Employment

## and Earnings

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## Employment Trends

## RISE IN FACTORY JOBS BRIGHTENS EMPLOYMENT PICTURE

Nonfarm employment, at 47.8 million in February 1955, was unchanged over the month, contrasting with employment declines occurring between January and February in most postwar years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics announced today. A sharp increase in factory employment offset a decline in construction and seasonal cutbacks in retail stores. Metal and metal products industries led the gain in manufacturing. The factory workweek of 40.5 hours was up threetenths of an hour from the seasonally low January level and as a consequence the gross weekly pay of factory production workers rose almost a dollar to $\$ 74.93$ in February, an all-time high.

## FACTORY EMPLOYMENT ROSE SHARPLY

Factory employment, at 16.1 million, was 117, 000 higher than a month earlier--a greater-than-usual January to February rise.

Most of the increase occurred in the metal and metal products industries. The machinery industry group reported the largest gain--28, 000-especially noteworthy because it marks the first time in the past 2 years that employment in this industry group has moved upward, except for minor seasonal gains. The next largest gain--$23,000-$ was in primary metals, where employ-ment--mostly in the iron and steel industry--has now increased for 5 consecutive months. The large gain of 20,000 in transportation equipment reflected continued employment expansion in automobile plants, as well as small rises in shipbuilding and railroad equipment manufacturing. Greater-than-seasonal gains were also reported in electrical machinery, fabricated metals, furniture, and in the stone, clay, and glass industry. The only industries in the durable-goods sector which showed employment declines were ordnance and lumber.

In nondurable-goods manufacturing plants over-the-month employment changes were, for the most part, in line with seasonal expectations. Employment in leather rose more than usual, continuing the employment uptrend of recent months, while the rise in apparel employment was below average for the month.

## NONMANUFACTURING TOTAL LOWERED <br> BY CONSTRUCTION AND RETALL TRADE

Employment changes in most nonmanufacturing industries conformed to the seasonal pattern. Trade establishments reduced their staffs by 86,000 ,
continuing the employment cutback from the Christmas peak. The normal mid-winter building slowdown was heavier than usual due to bad February weather. As a result, the employment loss in contract construction was 89, 000, one of the largest January-to-February employment declines of recent years.

## FEBRUARY 1955 NONFARM JOB TOTAL EQUALED LAST YEAR'S LEVEL

The number of workers on nonfarm payrolls-47.8 million this February--was about the same as in 1954 levels (when employment was still declining). This is the first time since January 1954 that nonfarm employment was up to levels of a year earlier. Employment in finance and in service was at peak levels for the month, continuing the almost uninterrupted upward employment trend of the past 2 years. State and local governments have continued to add workers, while Federal rolls have been reduced. Trade employment has been setting record employment levels for each month since December.

On the other hand, manufacturing and closely allied activities have not entirely recovered from the employment downturn of late 1953 and early 1954. Employment in mining--711,000--was the lowest for the month in the postwar period except for 1950 when there was a strike in bituminous coal mines. Transportation and public utilities employment, at 3.9 million, was down almost to 1946 levels, with most of the loss in transportation activities.

Employment in manufacturing plants was down 240, 000 over the year, with about 90 percent of this employment loss in durable goods industries. Fourteen of the 21 manufacturing industry groups reported some over-the-year loss. Compared with February 1953, however, all industries showed some loss, except paper and printing.

## FACTORY WORKWEEK UP SIGNIFICANTLY IN FEBRUARY

Average weekly hours in the Nation's manufacturing plants rose three-tenths of an hour, to 40.5 in February. In most postwar years hours of work have declined slightly or shown little change between January and February. The workweek in primary metals, machinery, electrical machinery, transportation equipment, and printing increased over the month, although hours of work in these industries generally decline at this time of year. In furniture and textiles average weekly hours rose more sharply than usual. A more-than-
usual decline in rubber represented a reduction from the usually high levels of recent months. In all other industry groups, over-the-month changes were in line with the mid-winter pattern.

Compared with year-ago levels, the factory workweek was up sharply with 16 out of the 21 major industry groups showing some increase. The largest gain--2. 3 hours--was in primary metals, with gains of 2. 1 hours reported in transportation equipment and textiles. Gains of better than an hour were also reported in rubber, furniture, lumber, and tobacco. On the other hand, average weekly hours were below year-ago levels in machinery, instruments and food.

LONGER WORKWEEK AND 1-CENT RISE IN HOURLY PAY BOOST WEEKLY PAY 96 CENTS

Gross average weekly earnings of factory production workers rose 96 cents over the month to
\$74.93 in February as a result of the longer workweek and a l-cent rise in average hourly pay (including overtime and other premium pay). The largest gain in weekly pay-- $\$ 2.57$--was reported in furniture. Other gains of more than a dollar in average weekly earnings were reported in primary metals, lumber, and ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment, and chemicals. A six-tenths of an hour reduction in the workweek and a 2 -cent loss in average hourly pay brought weekly earnings in rubber down by $\$ 2.04$.

Over the year, average weekly pay of factory workers was up $\$ 3.65$, with all 21 manufacturing groups reporting some increase. The largest gains-more than $\$ 8.00$--occurred in primary metals and transportation equipment, with the rubber industry showing an increase of $\$ 6.74$.

Table 1. Employees in nonagricultural establishments,
by industry division and selected groups


1/ Preliminary.

Table 2. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

| Major industry group | Current |  |  | Year ago | February 1955 net change from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 1955 \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } 1955 \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Dec. 1954 | Feb. 1954 | Previous month | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { ago } \end{gathered}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | 12,653 | 12,553 | 12,682 | 12,906 | +100 | $-253$ |
| DURABLE GOODS.. | 7,314 | 7,221 | 7,263 | 7,520 | $+93$ | -206 |
| Ordnance and accessories.................. | 105.7 | 107.7 | 109.1 | 164.5 | - 2.0 | - 58.8 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 655.3 | 657.5 | 687.4 | 627.3 | - 2.2 | $+28.0$ |
| Furnlture and fixtures..................... | 293.4 | 288.9 | 293.9 | 291.7 | + 4.5 | + 1.7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.......... | 434.3 | 429.3 | 436.9 | 427.2 | + 5.0 | + 7.1 |
| Primary metal industries................... | 1,031.8 | 1,011.3 | 1,001.8 | 1,026.7 | + 20.5 | + 5.1 |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment) $\qquad$ | 845.2 | 834.2 | 843.7 | 863.6 | + 11.0 | - 18.4 |
| Machinery (except electrical)............. | 1,136.9 | 1,111.5 | 1,105.5 | 1,219.8 | + 25.4 | - 82.9 |
| Electrical machinery....................... | 818.1 | 814.9 | 827.1 | 838.9 | + 3.2 | - 20.8 |
| Transportation equipment................... | 1,409.1 | 1,388.8 | 1,365.1 | 1,434.6 | + 20.3 | - 25.5 |
| Instruments and related products......... | 212.3 | 212.1 | 213.3 | 232.5 | + . 2 | - 20.2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries... | 372.0 | 364.8 | 378.9 | 393.2 | + 7.2 | - 21.2 |
| MONDURABLE GOODS.............................. | 5,339 | 5,332 | 5,419 | 5,386 | + 7 | - 47 |
| Food and kindred products.................. | 979.9 | 996.6 | 1,054.2 | 1,009.1 | - 16.7 | - 29.2 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 86.8 | 90.7 | 100.1 | 89.8 | - 3.9 | - 3.0 |
| Textile-mill products..................... | 990.9 | 987.2 | 993.1 | 994.6 | + 3.7 | - 3.7 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | 1,078.3 | 1,060.7 | 1,065.2 | 1,087.6 | + 17.6 | $-9.3$ |
| Paper and allied products. | 433.1 | 433.5 | 437.5 | 436.5 | - .4 | - 3.4 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 515.5 | 517.9 | 525.2 | 513.6 | - 2.4 | 1.9 $+\quad 1.9$ |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 528.2 | 528.8 | 528.5 | 536.1 | - .6 | - 7.9 |
| Products of petroleum and coal............ | 170.4 | 169.6 | 171.5 | 177.6 | $+\quad .8$ | - 7.2 |
| Rubber products.............................. | 210.4 | 210.5 | 209.3 | 202.9 | $-\quad .1$ | + 7.5 |
| Leather and leather products.............. | 345.9 | 336.8 | 334.0 | 338.6 | + 9.1 | + 7.3 |

1/ Preliminary.

Table 3. Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

| Major industry group | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 |  | 1954 | 1955 |  | 1954 | 1955 |  | 1951. |
|  | Feb. <br> 1/ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1 / \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Feb. | Feb. $1 /$ | Jen. 1/ | Feb. | Feb. 1/ | Jan. $1 /$ | Feb. |
| MANUFACTURING. | 374.93 | - $\% 73.97$ | \$71.28 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.6 | \$1.85 | \$1. 84 | \$1.80 |
| DURABLE G000S. | 80.75 | 80.16 | 76.38 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 1.96 | 7.96 | 1.90 |
| Ordnance and accessories...... | 82.42 | 81.20 | 78.40 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 2.04 | 2.03 | 1.96 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture)............. | 67.73 | 66.50 | 63.76 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.1 | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.59 |
| Furniture and fixtures.... | 66.56 | 63.99 | 62.16 | 41.6 | 40.5 | 10.1 | 2.60 | 1.58 | 1.55 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products............... | 72.72 | 73.31 | 70.70 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.75 |
| Primary metal industries...... | 87.94 | 86.65 | 79.52 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 38.6 | 2.15 | 2.15 | 2.06 |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment). | 80.3/4 | 80.34 | 76.33 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 40.6 | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.88 |
| Machinery (except electrical). | 84.16 | 83.44 | 82.60 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 2.00 |
| Electrical machinery | 74.74 | 74.56 | 72.22 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.81 |
| Transportation equipment...... <br> Instruments and related | 93.06 | 91.98 | 84.82 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 40.2 | 2.20 | 2.19 | 2.11 |
| products $\qquad$ | 74.40 | 74.77 | 73.12 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.81 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. $\qquad$ | 66.58 | 66.09 | 64.16 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.60 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS. | 66.36 | 66.02 | 64.02 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 38.8 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.65 |
| Food and kindred products. | 69.89 | 70.58 | 67.64 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.67 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 49.58 | 50.52 | 46.31 | 37.0 | 37.7 | 35.9 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 1.29 |
| Textile-mill products......... | 54.04 | 54.25 | 52.06 | 40.1 | 30.6 | 38.0 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.37 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products............... | 49.55 | 48.60 | 49.46 | 36.7 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1.37 |
| Paper and allied products.... | 75.90 | 75.72 | 72.07 | 12.4 | 42.3 | 11.9 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1.72 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries.............. | 89.09 | 88.24 | 85.95 | 38.4 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.25 |
| Chemicals and allied products. Products of petroleum and | 80.15 | 79.13 | 76.86 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 1.95 | 1.93 | 2.87 |
| coal. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.02 | 93.80 | 90.68 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.25 |
| Rubber products | 82.21 | 84.25 | 75.47 | 10.7 | 41.3 | 38.9 | 2.02 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| Leather and leather products.. | 53.13 | 52.44 | 52.44 | 38.5 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.38 |

1/ Preliminary.

Table 4. Index of employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

| Industry division | Current |  |  | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 1955 \\ \underline{11} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } 1955 \\ 11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Dec. 1954 | Feb. 1954 |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 109.4 | 109.4 | 113.3 | 109.6 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75.0 | 75.1 | 75.9 | 83.3 |
| Contract construction. | 107.8 | 112.0 | 121.1 | 111.9 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 107.7 | 106.9 | 107.8 | 109.3 |
| Transportation and public utillties. | 96.7 | 96.6 | 98.2 | 99.2 |
| Wholesale and retail trade............ | 110.5 | 111.4 | 121.2 | 109.6 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate... | 224.1 | 123.6 | 124.4 | 120.5 |
| Service and miscellaneous.............. | 110.5 | 110.4 | 111.6 | 109.6 |
| Goverament. . . | 121.9 | 121.3 | 126.9 | 117.8 |

1) Preliminary.

Table 5. Index of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group,
(1947-49=100)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major industry froup |  |  |  |

1/ Preliminary.
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## Seasonally-Adjusted Data

## Table 6. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division, seasonally adjusted

| Industry division | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { (In thousands) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February 1955 a/ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1955 \quad 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { December } \\ 1954 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1955 \text { 1/ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1955 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { December } \\ 1954 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 111.0 | 110.9 | 110.8 | 111.2 | 48,525 | 48,487 | 48,419 | 48,507 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75.4 | 75.1 | 75.5 | 83.8 | 715 | 712 | 716 | 794 |
| Contract construction | 119.8 | 123.1 | 123.6 | 124.4 | 2,521 | 2,591 | 2,601 | 2,618 |
| Manufacturing.......................... | 107.9 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 109.5 | i6,116 | 16,028 | 16,038 | 16,349 |
| Transportation and public utillties.. | 97.9 | 97.8 | 98.0 | 100.4 | 3,985 | 3,980 | 3,989 | 4,087 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 113.0 | 113.1 | 112.8 | 112.1 | 10,632 | 10,639 | 10,617 | 10,543 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.. | 125.4 | 124.8 | 125.0 | 121.8 | 2,126 | 2,117 | 2,120 | 2,085 |
| Service and miscellaneous. | 112.8 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 111.8 | 5,538 | 5,534 | 5,534 | 5,490 |
| Government. | 122.3 | 121.8 | 120.? | 118.2 | 8,892 | 6,886 | 8,504 | 6,881 |

1/Preliminary.
Table 7. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group, seasonally adiusted

| Major industry group | Index$(1947-49=100)$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { (In thousands) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { February } \\ & 19551 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1955 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Februars } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1955 \text { 1/ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1955 \text { 1/ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1: 954 \end{gathered}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | 102.5 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 104.6 | 12,879 | 12,616 | 12,618 | 12,935 |
| durable goods...................... | 109.4 | 108.3 | 108.2 | 112.5 | 7,303 | 7,231 | 7,223 | 7,509 |
| Ordnance and accessories.............. | 457.6 | 476.5 | 480.9 | 727.9 | 106 | 108 | 109 | 185 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture). | 93.0 | 94.3 | 95.0 | 89.0 | 686 | 696 | 701 | 657 |
| Furniture and fixtures................ | 97.2 | 95.5 | 97.5 | 96.8 | 287 | 285 | 288 | 286 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....... | 100.7 | 99.5 | 100.0 | 99.1 | 438 | 433 | 435 | 4.31 |
| Primary metal industries............... | 99.8 | 97.7 | 96.9 | 99.3 | 1,02? | 1,006 | 997 | 1,022 |
| Fabricated metal products lexcept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment).......................... | 107.4 | 106.0 | $10 \% .3$ | 109.8 | 839 | 826 | 838 | 855 |
| Machinery (except electrical)......... | 98.5 | 96.4 | 96.3 | 105.? | 1,120 | 1,096 | 1,095 | 1,202 |
| Electrical machinery................... | 126.5 | 126.0 | 126.7 | 129.8 | 810 | 807 | 811 | 831 |
| Transportation equipment.............. | 137.8 | 135.8 | 133.5 | 140.3 | 1,409 | 1,389 | 1,365 | 1,435 |
| Instruments and related products...... | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 119.6 | 211 | 211 | 211 | 232 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 97.9 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 103.4 | 372 | 374 | 375 | 393 |
| nondurable goods. | 94.4 | 94.6 | 94.7 | 95.3 | 5,374 | 5,385 | 5,395 | 5,426 |
| Food and kindred products | 90.5 | 90.5 | 91.7 | 93.2 | 1,071 | 1,071 | 1,085 | 1,103 |
| Tobacco manufactures.................... | 86.1 | 85.2 | 88.0 | 89.0 | 91 | 80 | 93 | 94 |
| Textile-mill products.................. | 79.9 | 80.0 | 80.0 | 80.2 | 976 | 977 | 978 | 980 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | 100.1 | 100.8 | 100.7 | 100.9 | 1,042 | 1,050 | 1,049 | 1,051 |
| Paper and allied products............... | 107.6 | 107.8 | 107.8 | 108.6 | 431 | 432 | 432 | 435 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries.................................. | 108.0 | 107.8 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 519 | 518 | 517 | 517 |
| Chemicals and allied products......... | 102.9 | 103.7 | 103.1 | 104.4 | 525 | 529 | 526 | 533 |
| Products of petroleum and coal........ | 92.5 | 92.5 | 93.0 | 96.8 | 172 | 172 | 173 | 180 |
| Rubber products......................... | 102.6 | 102.6 | 101.1 | 99.2 | 209 | 209 | 206 | 202 |
| Leather and leather products........... | 93.5 | 93.2 | 82.9 | 91.5 | 338 | 337 | 336 | 331 |

1 Preliminary.
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## EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION



Table A-1: Employees in nonagricultural establishments,
by industry division

| Year and month | total | Mining | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contract } \\ & \text { con- } \\ & \text { struction } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing | Transportation and public utilities | Wholesale and retall trade | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  | Governnent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919................ | 26,829 | 1,124 | 1,021 | 10,534 | 3,711 | 4,664 | 1,050 | 2,054 | 2,671 |
| $1920 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ $1921 . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 27,088 24,125 | 1,230 953 | 848 1,012 | 10,534 8,132 | 3,998 3,459 | 4,623 4,754 | 1,110 | 2,142 2,187 | 2,603 |
| 1922 | 25,569 | 920 | 1,185 | 8,986 | 3,505 | 5,084 | 1,079 | 2,268 | 2,542 |
| 1923 | 28,128 | 1,203 | 1,229 | 10,155 | 3,882 | 5,494 | 1,123 | 2,431 | 2,611 |
| 1924 | 27,770 | 1,092 | 1,321 | 9,523 | 3,806 | 5,626 | 1,163 | 2,516 | 2,723 |
| 1925 | 28,505 | 1,080 | 1,446 | 9,786 | 3,824 | 5,810 | 1,166 | 2,591 | 2,802 |
| 1926................ | 29,539 | 1,176 | 1,555 | 9,997 | 3,940 | 6,033 | 1,235 | 2,755 | 2,848 |
| 1927................. | 29,691 | 1,105 | 1,608 | 9,839 | 3,891 | 6,165 | 1,295 | 2,871 | 2,917 |
| 1928................ | 29,710 | 1,041 | 1,606 | 9,786 | 3,822 | 6,137 | 1,360 | 2,962 | 2,996 |
| 1929................ | 31,041 | 1,078 | 1,497 | 10,534 | 3,907 | 6,401 | 1,431 | 3,127 | 3,066 |
| 1930 | 29,143 | 1,000 | 1,372 | 9,401 | 3,675 | 6,064 | 1,398 | 3,084 | 3,149 |
| 1931 | 26,383 | 864 | 1,214 | 8,021 | 3,243 | 5,531 | 1,333 | 2,913 | 3,264 |
| 1932................ | 23,377 | 722 | 970 | 6,797 | 2,804 | 4,907 | 1,270 | 2,682 | 3,225 |
| 1933 | 23,466 | 735 | 809 | 7,258 | 2,659 | 4,999 | 1,225 | 2,614 | 3,167 |
| 1934 | 25,699 | 874 | 862 | 8,346 | 2,736 | 5,552 | 1,247 | 2,784 | 3,298 |
| 1935 | 26,792 | 888 | 912 | 8,907 | 2,771 | 5,692 | 1,262 | 2,883 | 3,477 |
| 1936 | 28,802 | 937 | 1,145 | 9,653 | 2,956 | 6,076 | 1,313 | 3,060 | 3,662 |
| 1937 | 30,718 | 1,006 | 1,112 | 10,606 | 3,114 | 6,543 | 1,355 | 3,233 | 3,749 |
| 1938 | 28,902 | 882 | 1,055 | 9,253 | 2,840 | 6,453 | 1,347 | 3,196 | 3,876 |
| 1939 | 30,287 | 845 | 1,150 | 10,078 | 2,912 | 6,612 | 1,382 | 3,321 | 3,987 |
| 1940 | 32,031 | 916 | 1,294 | 10,780 | 3,013 | 6,940 | 1,419 | 3,477 | 4,192 |
| 1941 | 36,164 | 947 | 1,790 | 12,974 | 3,248 | 7,416 | 1,462 | 3,705 | 4,622 |
| 1942 | 39,697 | 983 | 2,170 | 15,051 | 3,433 | 7,333 | 1,440 | 3,857 | 5,431 |
| 1943 | 42,042 | 917 | 1,567 | 17,381 | 3,619 | 7,189 | 1,401 | 3,919 | 6,049 |
| 1944 | 41,480 | 883 | 1,094 | 17,111 | 3,798 | 7,260 | 1,374 | 3,934 | 6,026 |
| 1945 | 40,069 | 826 | 1,132 | 15,302 | 3,872 | 7,522 | 1,394 | 4,055 | 5,967 |
| 1946 | 41,412 | 852 | 1,661 | 14,461 | 4,023 | 8,602 | 1,586 | 4,621 | 5,607 |
| 1947 | 43,438 | 943 | 1,982 | 15,290 | 4,122 | 9,196 | 1,641 | 4,807 | 5,456 |
| 1948 | 44,382 | 982 | 2,169 | 15,321 | 4,141 | 9,519 | 1,721 | 4,925 | 5,614 |
| 1949 | 43,295 | 918 | 2,165 | 14,178 | 3,949 | 9,513 | 1,736 | 5,000 | 5,837 |
| 1950 | 44,696 | 889 | 2,333 | 14,967 | 3,977 | 9,645 | 1,796 | 5,098 | 5,992 |
| 1951 | 47,289 | 916 | 2,603 | 16,104 | 4,166 | 10,012 | 1,862 | 5,278 | 6,348 |
| 1952 | 48,306 | 885 | 2,634 | 16,334 | 4,185 | 10,281 | 1,957 | 5,423 | 6,609 |
| 1953 | 49,660 | 844 | 2,644 | 17,259 | 4,224 | 10,533 | 2,025 | 5,486 | 6,645 |
| Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953: December.... | 50,197 | 822 | 2,632 | 16,765 | 4, 187 | 11,361 | 2,040 | 5,435 | 6,955 |
| 1954: January..... | 48,147 | 805 | 2,349 | 16,434 | 4,069 | 10,421 |  | 5,377 | 6,659 |
| February.... | 47,880 | 790 | 2,356 | 16,322 | 4,039 | 10, 310 | 2,044 | 5,380 | 6,639 |
| March....... | 47,848 | 772 | 2,415 | 16,234 | 3,992 | 10, 305 | 2,057 | 5,406 | 6,667 |
| April....... | 48,068 | 749 | 2,535 | 16,000 | 4,008 | 10,496 | 2,075 | 5,506 | 6,699 |
| May.......... | 47,935 | 737 | 2,634 | 15,836 | 4,008 | 10, 375 | 2,081 | 5,563 | 6,701 |
| June......... | 48,137 | 744 | 2,729 | 15,888 | 4,032 | 10,414 | 2,104 | 5,601 | 6,625 |
| July........ | 47,808 | 735 | 2,795 | 15,627 | 4,043 | 10,377 | 2,126 | 5,638 | 6,467 |
| August...... | 48,045 | 737 | 2,851 | 15,863 | 4,030 | 10,350 | 2,126 | 5,634 | 6,454 |
| September... | 48,526 | 719 | 2,817 | 16,019 | 4,032 | 10,480 | 2,115 | 5,606 | 6, 338 |
| October..... | 48,668 | 716 | 2,777 | 16,058 | 4,012 | 10,581 | 2,110 | 5,549 | 6,865 |
| Kovember. . | 48,827 | 721 | 2,724 | 16,107 | 3,992 | 10, 782 | 2,108 | 5,511 | 6,882 |
| December. | 49,505 | 720 | 2,549 | 16,097 | 3,999 | 11,400 | 2,109 | 5,479 | 7,152 |
| 1955: Jenuary..... | 47,804 | 712 | 2,358 | 15,965 | 3,933 | 10,483 | 2,096 | 5,423 | 6,834 |

Table A-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and group

|  | in thousand |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry division and group | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | $\square$ <br> December |
|  | January | December | November | January |  |
| TOTAL.................................................... | 4,7,804 | 49,505 | 48,827 | 48,147 | 50,197 |
| mining. | 72 | 720 | 721 | 805 | 822 |
| Metal mining. | 92.9 | 92.1 | 93.1 | 104.3 | 105.5 |
| Anthracite. | 31.4 | 31.9 | 32.1 | 46.4 | 48.5 |
| Bituminous-coal. | 202.7 | 203.9 | 204.2 | 260.5 | 266.4 |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production. | 287.0 | 290.3 | 288.8 | 295.3 | 298.0 |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying............... | 97.7 | 101.5 | 103.0 | 98.8 | 104.0 |
| COntract construction. | 2,358 | 2,549 | 2,724 | 2,349 | 2,632 |
| nonbuilding construction. | 423 | 478 | 554 | 415 | 490 |
| Highway and street. | 167.5 | 203.0 | 251.1 | 149.9 | 195.9 |
| Other nonbuilding construction................. | 255.4 | 274.7 | 302.7 | 264.6 | 293.7 |
| building construction.............................. | 1,935 | 2,071 | 2,170 | 1,934 | 2,142 |
| General contractors. | 780.0 | 850.2 | 912.6 | 811.5 | 924.6 |
| Special-trade contractors | 1,154.5 | 1,220.4 | 1,257.8 | 1,122.6 | 1,217.6 |
| Plumbing and heating. | 296.1 | 307.8 | 311.9 | 292.2 | 305.5 |
| painting and decorating | 123.0 | 136.7 | 145.4 | 124.1 | 142.9 |
| Electrical work.... | 162.8 | 168.4 | 169.5 | 169.1 | 170.5 |
| Other special-trade contractors | 572.6 | 607.5 | 631.0 | 537.2 | 598.7 |
| manufacturing. | 15,965 | 16,097 | 16,107 | 16,434 | 16,765 |
| durable goods.. | 9,166 | 9,201 | 9,182 | 9,591 | 9,773 |
| Ordnance and accessories.. | 157.0 | 158.2 | 159.2 | 231.4 | 240.6 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture)...: | 727.1 | 755.4 | 781.6 | 684.5 | 722.5 |
| Purniture and fixtures........................... | 344.2 | 348.6 | 353.0 | 347.7 | 356.0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 512.7 | 520.2 | 522.0 | 511.0 | 531.0 |
| Primary metal industries......................... | 1,199.4 | 1,190.6 | 1,176.8 | 1,249.0 | 1,273.7 |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment).. | 1,041.3 | 1,050.3 | 1,050.2 | 1,083.4 | 1,086.6 |
| Machinery (except electrical)......... | 1,505.8 | 1,499.7 | 1,485.0 | 1,636.6 | 1,643.4 |
| Electrical machinery.. | 1,116.4 | 1,127.0 | 1,128.2 | 1,157.6 | 1,187.5 |
| Transportation equipment.. | 1,809.4 | 1,783.2 | 1,741.6 | 1,886.0 | 1,904.3 |
| Instruments and related products............... | 302.6 | 303.4 | 302.9 | 329.7 | 332.9 |
| Miscelianeous manufacturing industries......... | 450.4 | 464.6 | 481.1 | 473.8 | 494.7 |
| nondurable goods.. | 6,799 | 6,896 | 6,925 | 6,843 | 6,992 |
| Food and kindred products. | 1,419.0 | 1,480.5 | 1,527.9 | 1,444.7 | 1,505.3 |
| Tobacco manufactures.... | 99.1 | 109.4 | 111.5 | 105.6 | 112.9 |
| Textile-mill products.. | 1,079.9 | 1,086.2 | 1,085.9 | 1,091.1 | 1,123.1 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products.... | 1,189.6 | 1,194.3 | 1,180.2 | 1,188.2 | 1,212.6 |
| Paper and allied products..................... | 527.4 | 531.1 | 532.8 | 525.7 | 530.7 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries.... | 807.6 | 817.9 | 816.6 | 802.8 | 814.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products.. | 785.0 | 785.9 | 786.2 | 798.1 | 800.2 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. | 247.3 268.5 | 249.5 267.9 | 251.3 262.4 | 253.1 | 255.4 |
| Rubber products............. Leather and leather product | 375.5 | 373.5 | 370.5 | 371.0 | 372.0 |

## Table A-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and group - Continued

| Industry division and group | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | $\qquad$ <br> December |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | December | Norember | January |  |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES................. | 3,933 | 3,999 | 3,992 | 4, 069 | 4,187 |
| transportation....................................... | 2,617 | 2,680 | 2,672 | 2,747 | 2,861 |
| Interstate rallroads................................. | 1,162.1 | 1,189.2 | 1,189.0 | 1,266.4 | 1,328.6 |
| Class I rallroads. | 1,009.7 | 1,027.3 | 1,035.4 | 1,107.6 | 1,155.1 |
| Local railways and bus lines | 117.2 | 118.2 | 118.7 | 126.5 | 127.1 |
| Trucking and warehousing........................ | 686.0 | 713.1 | 707.8 | 698.5 | 729.5 |
| Other transportation and services................ | 651.9 | 659.7 | 656.3 | 655.5 | 676.0 |
| Bus lines, except local........................ | 46.3 | 46.5 | 46.6 | 50.8 | 51.2 |
| air transportation (common carrier)............. | 106.4 | 105.5 | 104.8 | 104.8 | 105.7 |
| communication........................................ | 735 | 736 | 736 | 744 | 747 |
| Telephone. ....................................... | 693.2 | 694.2 | 694.3 | 701.3 | 704.0 |
| тelegraph........................................... | 41.1 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 42.1 | 42.7 |
| other public utilities................................ | 581 | 583 | 584 | 578 | 579 |
| Gas and electric utilities...................... | 556.7 | 558.3 | 559.0 | 554.5 | 555.5 |
| Local utilities, not elsewhere classified....... | 24.4 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 23.6 | 23.7 |
| WhOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE........................... | 10,483 | 11,400 | 10,782 | 10,421 | 11,361 |
| wholesale trade...................................... | 2,815 | 2,855 | 2,844 | 2,794 | 2,830 |
| retail trade............................................. | 7,668 | 8,545 | 7,938 | 7,627 | 8,531 |
| General mercnandise stores....................... | 1,355.6 | 1,920.8 | 1,531.1 | 1,368.8 | 1,960.4 |
| Food and liquor stores............................ | 1,424.2 | 1,457.6 | 1,437.7 | 1,401.1 | 1,428.7 |
| Automotive and accessories dealers............... | 805.6 | 822.8 | 808.1 | 824.9 | 839.3 |
| Apparel and accessories stores.................. | 598.9 | 743.0 | 630.8 | 583.7 | 720.7 |
| Other retall trade................................. | 3,483.8 | 3,600.4 | 3,529.8 | 3,448.9 | 3,582.2 |
| finance, insurance, and real estate.. | 2,096 | 2,109 | 2,108 | 2,033 | 2,040 |
| Banks and trust companies........................ | 528.2 | 528.8 | 526.6 | 516.1 | 515.8 |
| Securlty deaiers and exchanges................... | 72.3 | 70.8 | 70.0 | 63.9 | 64.1 |
| Insurance carriers and agents.................... | 782.7 | 784.4 | 783.1 | 759.4 | 761.4 |
| Other finance agencies and real estate.......... | 712.5 | 725.4 | 728.3 | 693.3 | 699.0 |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS.. | 5,423 | 5,479 | 5,511 | 5,377 | 5,435 |
| Hotels and lodging places........................ | 460.4 | 467.6 | 470.1 | 466.7 | 474.7 |
| Personal services: Laundries......... | 326.3 | 327.1 | 328.3 | 332.6 | 334.8 |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants | 160.2 | 162.2 | 165.3 | 164.5 | 167.2 |
| Motion plctures......... | 223.0 | 224.1 | 228.2 | 223.8 | 225.2 |
| government. .............................................. . | 6,834 | 7,152 | 6,882 | 6,659 | 6,955 |
| federal. | 2,139 | 2,457 | 2,165 | 2,184 | 2,480 |
| state and local. | 4,695 | 4,695 | 4,717 | 4,475 | 4,475 |

## Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries

(In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | All employees |  |  |  | Production workers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1954$ | Nov. $1954$ | Jan. $1954$ | Jan. <br> 1955 | Dec. 1954 | Nov. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| MINING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 712 | 720 | 721 | 805 | - | - | - | - |
| METAL MINING. | 92.9 | 92.1 | 93.1 | 104.3 | 79.2 | 78.3 | 79.4 | 90.0 |
| Iron mining. ....................... | 29.4 | 29.0 | 30.5 | 38.2 | 25.1 | 24.6 | 26.2 | 33.5 |
| Copper mining..................... | 27.8 | 27.6 | 26.9 | 29.3 | 23.8 | 23.5 | 22.8 | 25.1 |
| Lead and zinc mining............. | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.8 | 15.9 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 13.5 |
| ANTHRACITE. | 31.4 | 31.9 | 32.1 | 46.4 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.1 | 42.8 |
| BITTUMINOUS-COAL. | 202.7 | 203.9 | 204.2 | 260.5 | 184.9 | 185.7 | 186.0 | 241.2 |
| CRUDE-PETROLELN AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION. | 287.0 | 290.3 | 288.8 | 295.3 | - | - | - | - |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)................................ | - | - | - | - | 124.8 | 125.2 | 126.1 | 128.4 |
| NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING.. | 97.7 | 101.5 | 103.0 | 98.8 | 83.2 | 86.7 | 87.9 | 84.3 |
| MAMUFACTURING. ....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15,965 | 16.,097 | 16,107 | 16,434 | 12,553 | 12,682 | 12,697 | 13,002 |
| Durable Goods. | 9,166 | 9,201 | 9,182 | 9,591 | 7,221 | 7,263 | 7,247 | 7,616 |
| Mondurable Goods | 6,799 | 6,896 | 6,925 | 6,843 | 5,332 | 5,419 | 5,450 | 5,386 |
| ORDMANCE AHD ACCESSORIES | 157.0 | 158.2 | 159.2 | 231.4 | 107.7 | 109.1 | 109.8 | 276.5 |
| FOOD AND KIMDRED PRODUCTS. . . . . . . . | 1,419.0 | 1,480.5 | 1,527.9 | 1,444.7 | 996.6 | 1,054.2 | 1,101.8 | 1,024.2 |
| Meat products. | 325.2 | 333.4 | 331.8 | 326.0 | 255.7 | 264.2 | 263.5 | 256.4 |
| Dairy products..................... | 111.2 | 113.0 | 115.1 | 110.8 | 71.6 | 72.5 | 75.7 | 73.4 |
| Canning and preserving........... | 153.4 | 172.4 | 199.6 | 159.7 | 126.3 | 144.6 | 171.3 | 132.0 |
| Grain-mill products................ | 116.3 | 117.2 | 118.2 | 117.1 | 84.0 | 84.9 | 85.7 | 85.7 |
| Bakery products.................... | 278.8 | 283.3 | 285.3 | 281.5 | 168.1 | 172.6 | 174.5 | 173.1 |
| Sugar............................... . . | 29.9 | 43.6 | 50.0 | 30.2 | 24.8 | 38.0 | 43.8 | 24.7 |
| Confectionery and related products................................... | 81.7 | 85.2 | 88.4 | 83.6 | 66.9 | 70.6 | 74.1 | 69.0 |
| Beverages............................ | 191.5 | 200.7 | 204.9 | 200.8 | 106.7 | 113.7 | 117.5 | 115.1 |
| Miscellaneous food products...... | 131.0 | 131.7 | 134.6 | 135.0 | 92.5 | 93.1 | 95.7 | 94.8 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.1 | 109.4 | 111.5 | 105.6 | 90.7 | 100.1 | 102.7 | 97.2 |
| Cigarettes........................... | 32.4 | 32.9 | 33.0 | 31.8 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 28.9 |
| Cigars............................. | 35.4 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 39.4 | 33.6 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 37.5 |
| Tobacco and snuff................ | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Tobacco stemming and redrying | 23.8 | 28.5 | 29.9 | 26.6 | 21.2 | 25.6 | 27.2 | 24.2 |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,079.9 | 1,086.2 | 1,085.9 | 1,091.1 | 987.2 | 993.1 | 991.7 | 996.5 |
| Scouring and combing plants...... | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| Yarn and thread mills............ | 126.2 | 125.4 | 125.4 | 128.3 | 116.9 | 116.2 | 116.1 | 118.7 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills......... | 488.0 | 486.1 | 483.0 | 494.8 | 459.8 | 457.5 | 454.1 | 466.0 |
| Narrow fabrics and smallwares.... | 29.8 | 29.7 | 29.4 | 29.2 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 25.6 | 25.5 |
| Knitting mills.................... | 213.5 | 221.1 | 225.8 | 211.1 | 192.9 | 200.1 | 204.0 | 190.0 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles.... Carpets, rugs, other floor | 90.1 | 90.3 | 89.4 | 88.1 | 78.8 | 79.3 | 78.5 | 77.5 |
| coverings | 50.2 | 50.1 | 50.7 | 54.1 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 44.9 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery).............................. | 13.17 | 14.2 | 14.0 | 15.5 | 11.6 | 12.6 | 12.4 | 13.9 |

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | All employees |  |  |  | Production workers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. $1955$ | Dec. $1954$ | Nov. <br> 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1954$ | Nov. 1954 | Jan. <br> 1354 |
| apparel anc other finished TEXTILE PRDDUCTS. | 1,139.6 | 1,194.3 | 1,180.2 | 1,188.2 | 1,060.7 | 1,065.\% | 1,053.1 | 1,061.6 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats.. | 124.ć | 123.7 | 117.0 | 133.0 | 111.9 | 111.2 | 104.1 | 119.2 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing.......................... | 298.2 | 293.8 | 298.5 | 290.9 | 268.9 | 270.9 | 275.9 | 268.1 |
| Women's outerwear................ | 376 | 374.1 | 355.1 | 372.7 | 333.9 | 332.2 | 314.7 | 332.9 |
| Women's, children's under garments. | 110.8 | 112.6 | 115.0 | 108.6 | 98.4 | 99.9 | 102.5 | 96.2 |
| millinery.................. | 22.1 | 19.6 | 10.2 | 22.5 | 19.7 | 17.6 | 16.1 | 20.2 |
| Chlldren's outerwear. | 76.0 | 74.1 | 74.3 | 71.2 | 69.0 | 65.7 | 67.4 | 65.0 |
| Fur goods............ | 9.8 | 12.4 | 13.2 | 10.2 | 7.0 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 7.5 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories. | 53.6 | 61.1 | 63.4 | 5 ¢ 5 | 52.2 | 54.5 | 50.7 | 49.8 |
| Other fabricated textile products. | 119.4 | 122.7 | 125.5 | 122.6 | 99.7 | 102.9 | 105.7 | $10 \sim .7$ |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURM ITURE). | 727.1 | 75.4 | 781. | C64. 5 | 67.5 | 687.4 | 713.1 | Elc.9 |
| Logsing camps and contractors.... | 87.3 | 114.9 | $130 . \overline{2}$ | 74.8 | 89.3 | 107.0 | 122.5 | 67.6 |
| Sawnills and planing mills....... | 386.7 | 395.9 | 405.1 | 372.5 | 357.1 | 366.7 | 375.5 | 343.7 |
| Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products.. Wooden containers................... | 130.8 | ${ }^{132} 88.8$ | 134.7 38.4 | 120.7 | 109.9 54 | 112.6 54.2 | 114.4 54.0 | 100.6 56.3 |
| Miscellaneous wood products...... | 53.1 | 53.1 | 53.2 | 52.0 | 45.9 | $4 E .9$ | 46.7 | 48.2 |
| FURMITURE AND FIXTURES.. | 344.2 | 348.6 | 353.0 | 347.7 | 288.9 | 293.9 | 238.5 | 293.2 |
| Household furniture................ office, public-building, and | 243.7 | 248.1 | 251.4 | 241.7 | 10.6 | 215.0 | 219.0 | 208.5 |
| professional furniture.......... | 41.7 | 42.5 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 33.6 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 33.9 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and firtures. | 32.6 | 32.5 | 33.5 | 35.6 | 24.0 | 24.6 | 25.5 | 27.8 |
| Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furniture and fixtures...... | $2 € .2$ | 26.5 | 26.6 | 28.9 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 23.0 |
| Paper and allied products. | 597.4 | 531.1 | 532.8 | 525.7 | 433.5 | 437.5 | 440.0 | 437.5 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills. | 98.8 | 259.5 | 258.7 | 257.5 | 217.1 | 218.3 | 217.6 | 218.7 |
| Paperboard contalners and boxes.. | 145.0 | 147.7 | 149.9 | 145. | 118.9 | 121.7 | 124.1 | 119.7 |
| Other paper and allied products.. | 123.6 | 123.9 | 124.2 | 122.6 | 97.5 | 97.5 | 98.3 | 98.9 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED IMDUSTRIES. | 807.6 | 817.9 | 81¢.6 | 802.8 | 517.9 | 525.2 | 523.6 | 514.ĉ |
| Newsp ap ers. | 294.0 | 2978 | 297.0 | 290.6 | 146.4 | 148.9 | 147.9 | 142.4 |
| Perlodicals. | 62.9 | 64.0 | C4. 2 | 63.7 | 26.0 | 25.5 | 26.0 | 26.4 |
| Books. . . | 50.1 | 51.2 | 51.6 | 51.0 | 30.6 | 31.2 | 31.5 | 30.3 |
| Commercial printing. | 210.5 | 211.3 | 209.2 | 209.6 | 170.3 | $171 . E$ | 169.2 | 170.9 |
| Lithographing..................... | 58.5 | 60.5 | 61.0 | 58.7 | 43.9 | 46.0 | 40.6 | 44.7 |
| Greeting cards.................... | 19.7 | 21.0 | 22.1 | 18.5 | 14.2 | 15.4 | 16.4 | 13.4 |
| Bookbinding and related industries. | 42.4 | 43.0 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 33.3 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 33.8 |
| Miscellaneous publishing and printing services.............. | 69.5 | 69.1 | 68.2 | 67.3 | 53.2 | 52.7 | 51.9 | 52.3 |

## Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued <br> (In thousands)

| Industry group and industry | All employees |  |  |  | Production workers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | Nov. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Hov. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Chemicals and allied products..... | 785.0 | 785.9 | 786.2 | 798.1 | 528.8 | 528.5 | 528.2 | 539.5 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals.... | 97.2 | 96.9 | 96.6 | 93.8 | 68.8 | 68.5 | 68.2 | 67.0 |
| Industrial organic chemicals...... | 298.9 | 298.7 | 297.7 | 311.2 | 207.1 | 206.3 | 204.6 | 214.1 |
| Drugs and medicines................ | 92.8 | 92.4 | 92.8 | 92.2 | 56.8 | 56.8 | 57.6 | 57.5 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishing preparations........................... | 52.3 | 51.5 | 51.7 | 51.6 | 32.0 | 31.2 | 31.4 | 31.8 |
| Paints, pligments, and fillers..... | 71.8 | 72.0 | 72.0 | 73.4 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 45.8 |
| Gum and wood chemicals.... | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Fertilizers................ | 35.6 | 34.5 | 33.7 | 34.9 | 26.9 | 25.6 | 24.8 | 26.6 |
| Vegetable and animal oils and fats. | 40.6 | 42.8 | 44.5 | 44.5 | 28.6 | 30.4 | 31.8 | 32.6 |
| Miscellaneous chemicals........... | 87.4 | 88.8 | 88.9 | 88.2 | 56.0 | 57.1 | 57.2 | 57.0 |
| PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL..... | 247.3 | 249.5 | 251.3 | 253.1 | 169.6 | 171.5 | 173.3 | 177.8 |
| Petroleum refining................ | 200.9 | 201.2 | 202.4 | 203.1 | 133.0 | 132.8 | 134.0 | 137.7 |
| coal products........... | 46.4 | 48.3 | 48.9 | 50.0 | 36.6 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 40.1 |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS...................... | 268.5 | 267.9 | 262.4 | 262.3 | 210.5 | 209.3 | 204.6 | 205.7 |
| tires and inner tubes | 116.2 | 115.8 | 111.9 | 113.0 | 87.6 | 87.0 | 83.7 | 86.4 |
| Rubber footwear. | 27.4 | 27.6 | 27.5 | 27.0 | 22.1 | 22.3 | 22.3 | 21.5 |
| Other rubber products. | 124.9 | 124.5 | 123.0 | 122.3 | 100.8 | 100.0 | 98.6 | 97.8 |
| leather and leather products....... | 375.5 | 373.5 | 370.5 | 371.0 | 336.8 | 334.0 | 331.2 | 331.9 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished. | 43.2 | 43.3 | 42.7 | 44.6 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 40.0 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.9 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings. | 16.9 | 16.2 | 15.6 | 16.9 | 15.1 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 15.2 |
| Footwear (except rubber)........... | 249.9 | 245.8 | 240.5 | 246.6 | 226.2 | 221.5 | 216.2 | 222.4 |
| Luв̧́аяе............................. | 13.6 | 14.1 | 14.9 | 13.6 | 11.4 | 13.9 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| Handbags and small leather goods. | 33.7 | 33.6 | 34.8 | 31.1 | 30.2 | 30.0 | 31.4 | 27.8 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods. | 13.6 | 15.9 | 17.4 | 13.2 | 11.6 | 13.7 | 15.1 | 11.0 |
| STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS.... | 512.7 | 520.2 | 522.0 | 511.0 | 429.3 | 436.9 | 438.8 | 428.4 |
| Flat flass........................ | 32.1 | 32.2 | 31.7 | 31.0 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 28.6 | 27.6 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown. | 87.5 | 87.8 | 88.6 | 90.6 | 74.0 | 74.7 | 75.5 | 77.4 |
| Glass products made of purchased glass. |  |  |  | 16.8 |  | 14.6 | 14.5 |  |
| Cement, hydraulic................. | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 35.7 | 34.6 |
| Structural clay products.......... | 75.9 | 78.2 | 78.7 | 75.0 | 67.4 | 69.7 | 70.2 | 66.4 |
| Pottery and related products...... | 53.8 | 54.7 | 55.2 | 52.2 | 47.5 | 48.6 | 49.0 | 45.8 |
| Concrete, ǵypsum, and plaster products. | 99.8 | 102.1 | 103.8 | 96.2 | 81.2 | 83.3 | 84.8 | 78.1 |
| cut-stone and stone products...... | 17.8 | 18.9 | 18.8 | 18.0 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 15.8 |
| M1scellaneous nonmetallic mineral products...................... | 86.7 | 86.9 | 86.0 | 90.0 | 64.5 | 64.9 | 64.0 | 68.1 |

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

|  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing indusiries - Continued

|  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Table A-4: Production workers and indexes of production-worker employment and weekly payroll in manufacturing industries

| Period | Production-worker employment |  | ```Production-worker payroll index (1947-48 aver- age = 100)``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number <br> (in thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49 \text { aver- } \\ \text { age }=100) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Annual <br> average: |  |  |  |
| 1939..................... | 8,292 | 66.2 | 29.9 |
| 1940..................... | 8,811 | 71.2 | 34.0 |
| 194.1..................... | 10,877 | 87.9 | 49.3 |
| 1942..................... | 12,854 | 103.9 | 72.2 |
| 1943...................... | 15,014 | 121.4 | 99.0 |
| 1944.................... | 14,607 | 178.1 | 102.8 |
| 1945..................... | 12,864 | 104.0 | 87.8 |
| 1946...................... | 12,105 | 97.9 | 81.2 |
| 1947...................... | 12,795 | 103.4 | 97.7 |
| 1948..................... | 12,715 | 102.8 | 105.1 |
| 1949...................... | 11,597 | 93.8 | 97.2 |
| 1950...................... | 12,317 | 99.6 | 111.7 |
| 1951................... | 13,155 | 106.4 | 129.8 |
| 1952....................... | 13,144 | 106.3 | 136.6 |
| 1953................... | 13,850 | 112.0 | 151.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monthly } \\ & \text { data: } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 1953: December......... | 13,319 | 107.7 | 147.2 |
| 1954: January......... | 13,002 | 105.1 | 140.8 |
| February........ | 12,906 | 104.3 | 140.5 |
| March. .......... | 12,818 | 103.6 | 138.4 |
| April............ | 12,590 | 101.8 | 135.0 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . . | 12,437 | 100.5 | 135.1 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . | 12,480 | 100.9 | 136.6 |
| July............. | 12,212 | 98.7 | 132.3 |
| August.......... | 12,449 | 100.6 | 135.1 |
| September....... | 12,611 | 102.0 | 138.4 |
| October.......... | 12,652 | 102.3 | 139.5 |
| November........ | 12,697 | 102.7 | 142.7 |
| December........ | 12,682 | 102.5 | 143.6 |
| 1955: Januery......... | 12,553 | 101.5 | 141.8 |

## Shipyards

Table A-5: Employees in Government and private shipyards, by region

| Region $1 /$ | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1953 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | December | November | January | December |
| ALL REGIONS............................... | 203.5 | 205.8 | 204.3 | 236.5 | 238.6 |
| private yards......................... | 95.6 | 98.6 | 97.0 | 121.7 | 123.2 |
| nayy yards............................ | 107.9 | 107.2 | 107.3 | 114.8 | 115.4 |
| NORTH ATLANTIC........................... | 86.6 | 86.1 | 85.4 | 102.3 | 105.6 |
| Private yards........................ | 39.4 47.2 | 39.3 46.8 | 38.3 47.1 | 50.4 51.9 | 53.2 52.4 |
| SOUTH ATLANTIC............................ | 36.9 | 36.9 | 37.0 | 41.5 | 41.8 |
| Private yards......................... | 16.5 20.4 | 16.7 20.2 | 16.8 20.2 | 19.8 | 20.0 |
| GULF : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private yards....................... | 18.3 | 21.2 | 21.8 | 22.7 | 22.0 |
| PACIFIC................................. | 53.9 | 54.0 | 52.7 | 57.0 | 56.9 |
| Navy yards............................. | 40.3 |  |  | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| GREAT LaKES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private yards........................ | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 8.0 | 7.1 |
| INLAND: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private yards........................ | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 |

1/ The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and vermont.

The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virínia.

The Gulf region includes all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in the following States: Alabama, Florida, Loulsiana, Mississippi, and Texas.

The Pacific region includes all yards in California, Oregon, and Washington.
The Great Lakes region includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in the following states: Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

The Inland region includes all other yards.
2/ Data include Curtis Bay Coast Guard Yard.

Table A-6: Federal personnel, civilian and military

| Branch and agency | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1953 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | December | November | January | December |
| TOTAL FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYMENT 1 ¹/. | 2,139 | 2,457 | 2,165 | 2,184 | 2,480 |
| Executive $2 /$. | 2,113.2 | 2,431.1 | 2,138.8 | 2,157.9 | 2,454.6 |
| Department of Defense . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,014.6 | 1,011.9 | 1,011.7 | 1,058.0 | 1,063.5 |
| Post Office Department..................... | 504.8 | 808.4 | 506.2 | 504.4 | 792.8 |
| Other agencies............................... | 593.8 | 610.8 | 620.9 | 595.5 | 598.3 |
| Legislative.................................... . . | 21.7 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 21.7 | 21.7 |
| Judicial......................................... | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{\prime}$ '. | 226.8 | 230.7 | 226.8 | 228.4 | 233.7 |
|  | 206.2 | 209.9 | 205.9 | 207.7 | 213.0 |
| Department of Defense..................... | 87.4 | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.8 | 88.2 |
| Post Office Department.................... | 8.8 | 13.0 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 13.3 |
| Other asencies............................ | 110.0 | 109.9 | 110.2 | 110.9 | 111.5 |
| Legislative...................................... | 19.9 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 19.9 | 19.9 |
| Judicial. | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 |
| TOTAL MILITARY PERSONNEL 4/ | 3,229 | 3,209 | 3,261 | 3,412 | 3,436 |
|  | 1,334.2 | 1,326.1 | 1,351.9 | 1,462.2 | 1,481.2 |
| Air Force....................................... | 949.7 | 947.2 | 966.4 | 917.5 | 912.5 |
| Navy. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 699.3 | 686.7 | 692.7 | 761.4 | 765.3 |
| Marine Corps.................................... | 217.4 | 220.6 | 221.8 | 239.5 | 243.8 |
| Coast Guard................................... . | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.5 | 31.4 | 33.0 |

1/ Data refer to Continental United States only.
2/ Includes all executive agencies (except the Central Intelligence Agency), and Government corporations. Civilian employment in navy yards, arsenals, hospitals, and on force-account construction is also included.

3/ Includes all Federal civilian employment in Washington Standard Metropolitan Area (District of Columbia and adjacent Maryland and Virginia counties).

4/ Data refer to Continental United States and elsewhere.
NOTE: Beginning with July 1954, approximately 1,200 Howard University and Gallaudet College employees located in the District of Columbia are excluded from Federal Goverment figures and included in the Service Division. In addition, beginning with November 1954, approximately 700 employees formerly classified as District of Columbia government employees are included in Federal civilian employment, and 400 Federal employees formerly classified outside the Washington metropolitan area are now in the area.

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State
(In thousande)

| State | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract conetruction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| Alabama. | 659.9 | 675.3 | 665.6 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 17.3 | 29.2 | 31.6 | 27.7 |
| Arizona. | 205.6 | 208.9 | 202.3 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 16.0 | 17.8 |
| Arkaneas .1. | 304.2 | 314.1 | 301.1 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 16.5 | 15.6 | 13.3 |
| Callfornie | 3,815.0 | 3,951.2 | 3,812.0 | 35.5 | 35.1 | 36.4 | 217.1 | 230.5 | 232.2 |
| Colorado | 392.8 | 410.3 | 391.4 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 12.7 | 21.8 | 23.8 | 21.8 |
| Connecticut | 843.9 | 866.2 | 862.8 | (2/) | (2/) | (2/) | 38.2 | 40.0 | 35.3 |
| Dolavare. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| District of Colum | 486.3 | 501.5 | 489.0 | (3/) | (3/) | (3/) | 17.0 | 18.0 | 15.2 |
| Florida. | 903.4 | 911.0 | 893.5 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 78.7 | 82.9 | 84.8 |
| Georgia. | 901.8 | 923.7 | 885.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 49.5 | 49.2 | 45.4 |
| Idaho. | 125.5 | 131.1 | 123.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 5.4 |
| Illinois | 3,265.2 | 3,368.7 | 3,319.0 | 31.4 | 32.4 | 34.7 | 145.7 | 158.9 | 142.4 |
| Indiane | 1,316.7 | 1,343.2 | 1,356.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 11.1 | 56.5 | 59.8 | 50.0 |
| Iove | 611.8 | 630.9 | 605.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 25.4 | 30.2 | 24.1 |
| Kanses | 535.7 | 552.6 | 526.2 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 32.5 | 35.5 | 29.1 |
| Kentucky. |  | 709 |  | 38.6 | 38.7 | 41.8 | - | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Louleiaga.1) | 678.0 | 709.0 | 686.4 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 33.7 | 44.0 | 49.4 | 48.8 |
| Maine 1 /. | 260.2 | 268.3 | 261.5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 3 | 10.7 | 12.7 | 11.3 |
| Maryland. | 775.4 | 800.1 | 779.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 53.6 | 56.3 | 51.4 |
| Massachusette | 1,714.8 | 1,773.5 | 1,752.5 | (3/) | (3/) | (3/) | 59.5 | 66.1 | 58.6 |
| Michigan. | 2,334.2 | 2,376.0 | 2,346.9 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 101.8 | 111.4 | 99.6 |
| Minnesota..1/. | 823.5 | 858.4 | 825.3 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 17.7 | 45.2 | 50.3 | 36.3 |
| Mieaieaippi | 339.3 | 349.2 | 328.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 14.5 |
| Miseouri. - | 1,234.6 | 1,276.3 | 1,258.8 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 60.1 | 65.2 | 55.9 |
| Montana . | 146.8 | 154.3 | 146.9 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 12.2 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 6.5 |
| Nebrabka. | 335.6 | 351.3 | 335.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 15.8 | 18.8 | 15.7 |
| Nevada | 71.6 | 73.9 | 69.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 7.2 |
| Now Hampehire | 171.2 | 175.5 | 170.1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 6.4 | 7.8 | 6.2 |
| New Jersey | 1,736.2 | 1,785.8 | 1,773.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 87.2 | 94.9 | 85.5 |
| New Mexico. | 174.0 | 179.7 | 170.1 | 13.6 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.1 | 14.0 | 12.3 |
| New York. $1 /$. | 5,749.7 | 5,970.7 | 5,802.5 | 10.0 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 202.9 | 220.8 | 194.4 |
| North Carolina 1 | 995.1 | 1,023.1 | 986.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 44.0 | 45.3 | 45.0 |
| North Sakota .1. | 107.7 | 114.6 | 106.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 6.3 | 8.4 | 5.7 |
| Ohio.1.. | 2,909.1 | 2,999.8 | 2,998.5 | 20.7 | 20.9 | 21.5 | 125.2 | 143.4 | 135.9 |
| Oklahoma | 529.9 | 546.4 | 526.3 | 48.5 | 48.6 | 49.8 | 27.5 | 29.8 | 27.3 |
| Oregon. | 437.2 | 460.2 | 426.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 19.5 | 20.9 | 18.1 |
| Pommeylvania | 3,543.4 | 3,658.7 | 3,689.0 | 98.1 | 98.9 | 129.6 | 176.2 | 191.1 | 158.2 |
| Rhode Ieland. 1 . | 292.8 | 302.0 | 284.9 | (3/) | (3/) | (3/) | 15.0 | 16.5 | 12.5 |
| South Carolina. | 509.2 | 520.4 | 511.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 33.1 | 34.7 | 39.9 |
| South Dakota. | 117.3 | 121.4 | 116.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.9 |
| Tennessge.1/. | 819.1 | 843.0 | 811.6 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 53.5 | 56.4 | 46.8 |
| Texas.1/. | 2,187.4 | 2,253.9 | 2,165.0 | 119.9 | 121.2 | 119.5 | 148.1 | 151.1 | 139.1 |
| Utah | 205.1 | 217.5 | 203.7 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.8 | 8.9 | 11.7 | 8.1 |
| Vermont.1) | 97.4 | 101.0 | 100.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| Virginia. | 876.3 | 909.1 | 874.4 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 16.8 | 54.4 | 56.7 | 49.8 |
| Waehington. | 704.2 | 736.1 | 687.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 41.2 | 44.4 | 36.4 |
| Weat Virginia. $1 \%$. | 447.1 | 465.8 | 480.7 | 70.1 | 70.5 | 88.0 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 17.2 |
| Wibconsin.1). | 1,037.5 | 1,065.2 | 1,049.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 48.1 | 52.2 | 43.5 |
| Wyoming. | 79.4 | 82.8 | 81.2 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.1 |

See footnotes at ond of table.

## Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

(In thousande)

| State | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and rotail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| Alabame. | 223.7 | 225.8 | 229.4 | 47.6 | 48.5 | 50.7 | 136.8 | 144.1 | 137.2 |
| Arizona. | 27.9 | 28.2 | 25.2 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 51.4 | 54.0 | 51.3 |
| Arkances. | 79.4 | 79.7 | 79.7 | 28.4 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 71.5 | 78.1 | 71.5 |
| California | 1,018.7 | 1,031.9 | 1,022.6 | 330.0 | 336.0 | 335.0 | 875.3 | 951.2 | 873.6 |
| colorado. | 60.8 | 63.9 | 62.7 | 40.8 | 42.2 | 42.9 | 105.3 | 112.6 | 103.7 |
| Connecticut. | 409.2 | 411.6 | 445.0 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 147.8 | 160.1 | 142.7 |
| Delavare. | 53.8 | 54.1 | 57.7 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| District of Columbia. | 15.7 | 16.0 | 16.8 | 28.9 | 29.4 | 30.2 | 89.2 | 97.7 | 90.0 |
| Florida. | 138.8 | 138.6 | 134.3 | 77.9 | 77.4 | 77.1 | 274.8 | 281.2 | 271.6 |
| Georgia. | 313.6 | 315.0 | 309.6 | 68.2 | 68.4 | 69.4 | 199.7 | 213.9 | 199.8 |
| Idaho. | 21.5 | 22.4 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 15.8 | 33.8 | 36.4 | 33.1 |
| Illinoie | 1,207.4 | 1,216.2 | 1,253.6 | 288.5 | 291.6 | 298.2 | 699.7 | 752.2 | 712.6 |
| Indiana | 581.7 | 579.1 | 621.3 | 96.7 | 97.8 | 103.7 | 276.7 | 293.4 | 277.1 |
| Iova. | 162.4 | 162.3 | 160.6 | 55.7 | 56.5 | 56.9 | 167.8 | 175.6 | 168.3 |
| Kansas | 132.5 | 134.6 | 130.2 | 62.7 | 63.5 | 65.3 | 126.3 | 133.8 | 125.6 |
| Kentucky. | 159.3 | 157.5 | 157.2 | 56.0 | 56.6 | 57.9 | 125.2 | 136.4 | 128.7 |
| Loulsiana. 16 | 143.6 | 152.9 | 153.8 | 78.9 | 80.0 | 83.9 | 164.0 | 174.9 | 161.3 |
| Maine. 1. | 103.1 | 103.3 | 105.4 | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 51.6 | 55.7 | 51.5 |
| Maryland. | 243.6 | 244.2 | 254.9 | 71.4 | 73.5 | 76.4 | 167.2 | 180.8 | 162.8 |
| Massachusetts | 658.8 | 663.4 | 696.5 | 116.4 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 355.6 | 385.6 | 361.0 |
| Michigan. . | 1,114.3 | 1,098.3 | 1,129.4 | 139.4 | 142.2 | 143.6 | 447.3 | 480.0 | 450.0 |
| Minnesota.th | 200.2 | 204.3 | 213.9 | 80.4 | 83.4 | 85.2 | 215.2 | 226.0 | 212.9 |
| Mississippi. | 96.4 | 96.2 | 93.1 | 26.1 | 26.7 | 25.5 | 81.2 | 88.1 | 81.1 |
| Missouri. 1 [ | 378.2 | 375.7 | 401.7 | 122.2 | 125.1 | 127.5 | 306.9 | 331.6 | 311.9 |
| Montana. | 16.5 | 18.1 | 16.6 | 20.2 | 20.7 | 22.0 | 38.4 | 40.0 | 37.4 |
| Nebraska | 55.7 | 57.8 | 57.9 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 92.4 | 97.5 | 92.5 |
| Nerade.. | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 13.9 |
| Mov Hampshir | 80.1 | 79.5 | 80.6 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 30.4 | 32.9 | 30.1 |
| Nev Jersey. | 757.8 | 762.8 | 806.3 | 141.5 | 145.0 | 143.6 | 313.9 | 336.5 | 309.7 |
| New Mexico. | 16.5 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 19.0 | 40.4 | 43.5 | 39.3 |
| Nev York. 1 . | 1,864.2 | 1,899.7 | 1,941.7 | 475.5 | 483.0 | 485.8 | 1,260.0 | 1,365.5 | 1,263.9 |
| Morth Carolina | 438.2 | 442.4 | 433.9 | 60.3 | 60.2 | 61.0 | 197.4 | 214.4 | 197.0 |
| Morth Dakota. 1 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 6.0 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 35.3 | 38.4 | 35.4 |
| Ohio. 12. | 1,282.0 | 1,281.6 | 1,351.3 | 211.5 | 214.5 | 222.6 | 571.8 | 621.8 | 579.5 |
| Oklahoma | -84.3 | 84.1 | 82.0 | 48.1 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 131.2 | 140.1 | 129.3 |
| Oregon. | 127.1 | 234.7 | 220.3 | 44.9 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 102.9 | 111.6 | 103.8 |
| Penneylvania | 1,413.8 | 1,427.0 | 1,529.5 | 301.0 | 304.9 | 319.6 | 668.7 | 729.2 | 676.8 |
| Phode Island. 1 | 132.9 | 134.1 | 131.3 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 54.6 | 59.6 | 53.0 |
| South Carolins | 221.9 | 222.7 | 219.4 | 25.5 | 25.4 | 26.2 | 97.5 | 103.9 | 97.1 |
| South Dakota. | 11.5 | 12.1 | 11.3 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 38.4 | 40.0 | 37.1 |
| Tennessec. 1 / | 273.8 | 274.7 | 278.1 | 57.1 | 57.8 | 60.1 | 183.6 | 196.2 | 183.3 |
| Texas. 17. | 423.3 | 426.0 | 425.1 | 220.8 | 222.7 | 229.6 | 586.0 | 625.4 | 578.3 |
| Utah. | 29.2 | 31.5 | 29.5 | 21.2 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 49.1 | 54.6 | 47.6 |
| Vermont. $1 /$ | 34.8 | 35.5 | 38.0 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 18.8 | 19.8 | 18.7 |
| Virginia.... | 241.1 | 244.9 | 245.2 | 79.7 | 80.3 | 82.0 | 198.0 | 217.1 | 196.7 |
| Washington. | 185.1 | 190.3 | 177.5 | 59.1 | 60.6 | 61.1 | 160.0 | 174.5 | 158.7 |
| West Virginja. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 123.1 | 124.7 | 130.8 | 47.5 | 48.5 | 50.4 | 78.5 | 89.7 | 83.5 |
| Wisconsin. 2 . | 421.2 | 421.3 | 443.4 | 73.2 | 75.0 | 73.8 | 221.3 | 237.6 | 224.1 |
| Wyoming. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 15.1 | 16.8 | 17.5 | 17.1 |

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued
(In thousands)

| State | Finance, insurance, and roal entate |  |  | Service and miecellaneous |  |  | Governmont |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec, | Jan. | Jan. | Dec | Jan. |
| Alabama. | 22.9 | 22.7 | 21.3 | 58.9 | 59.2 | 58.4 | 126.2 | 128.8 | 123.6 |
| Arizona. | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 26.6 | 26.1 | 26.0 | 42.6 | 43.0 | 40.0 |
| Arkansas 1 / | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 35.0 | 34.9 | 35.1 | 57.9 | 61.0 | 56.5 |
| Callfornia | 176.1 | 176.5 | 171.3 | 502.3 | 506.1 | 494.9 | 660.0 | 683.9 | 646.0 |
| Colorado | 17.8 | 17.7 | 16.7 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 51.2 | 82.1 | 85.2 | 79.7 |
| Connecticut. | 44.9 | 45.0 | 43.5 | 84.8 | 84.6 | 82.5 | 76.4 | 82.3 | 71.7 |
| Delaware. | - |  |  | - | - | - | 13.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 |
| District of Columbia.46.56.... | 22.9 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 65.1 | 65.4 | 64.3 | 247.5 | 252.1 | 249.6 |
| Florida. | 44.1 | 43.8 | 41.9 | 139.5 | 133.8 | 139.0 | 142.4 | 146.1 | 137.7 |
| Georgia. | 32.6 | 32.7 | 32.3 | 85.2 | 85.5 | 84.2 | 148.5 | 154.5 | 140.1 |
| Idaho. | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 15.6 | 25.6 | 26.8 | 25.1 |
| Illinota | 166.4 | 166.4 | 164.3 | 375.5 | 376.1 | 369.9 | 350.7 | 374.9 | 343.3 |
| Indiana | 44.2 | 44.4 | 43.6 | 97.1 | 98.3 | 98.9 | 153.7 | 160.3 | 150.5 |
| Iowe | 26.3 | 26.4 | 26.2 | 69.5 | 69.8 | 69.7 | 102.0 | 107.4 | 97.6 |
| Kansas. | 18.9 | 19.1 | 17.6 | 54.7 | 54.7 | 54.2 | 89.6 | 92.9 | 86.3 |
| Kentucky...................... | 18.2 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 60.7 | 61.0 | 60.9 | 93.9 | 98.3 | 91.0 |
| Louisiana.il................... | 24.4 | 24.2 | 23.0 | 76.1 | 76.0 | 73.5 | 110.7 | 115.2 | 108.4 |
|  | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 25.7 | 25.5 | 25.8 | 41.7 | 43.6 | 40.7 |
| Maryland. 4 | 35.4 | 36.2 | 35.6 | 83.1 | 83.6 | 79.4 | 118.9 | 123.3 | 116.9 |
| Massachusetts | 85.0 | 85.4 | 83.3 | 207.0 | 209.3 | 206.8 | 232.5 | 247.1 | 228.3 |
| Michigan. | 67.0 | 67.2 | 66.2 | 202.5 | 204.1 | 204.3 | 246.2 | 256.7 | 236.8 |
| Minnesota. | 40.4 | 40.3 | 39.2 | 106.9 | 108.4 | 98.0 | 122.9 | 132.3 | 122.2 |
| Mississippi | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 36.1 | 36.4 | 34.9 | 71.0 | 73.9 | 67.2 |
| Missouri. | 60.0 | 60.0 | 59.5 | 147.9 | 147.7 | 148.7 | 150.5 | 162.0 | 144.7 |
| Montana | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 18.6 | 19.4 | 18.4 | 29.7 | 31.3 | 28.8 |
| Nebramka | 18.9 | 18.8 | 18.4 | 43.9 | 44.2 | 43.3 | 66.5 | 70.6 | 64.4 |
| Nevada. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 12.8 |
| Now Hampshir | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.7 | 20.3 | 21.4 | 19.5 |
| Nev Jersey. | 61.8 | 62.7 | 62.3 | 172.9 | 175.4 | 170.0 | 197.1 | 204.4 | 191.7 |
| Hew Mexico | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 22.1 | 44.7 | 46.4 | 42.9 |
| New York. 1 l. | 421.2 | 421.7 | 416.1 | 782.0 | 790.4 | 775.0 | 733.9 | 778.9 | 714.7 |
| North Carolina. il | 29.4 | 29.2 | 28.0 | 90.5 | 90.8 | 89.9 | 131.5 | 136.9 |  |
| North Dakota. 1 .. | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 13.7 | 25.8 | 26.5 | 25.6 |
| Ohio. 1 l. | 94.0 | 93.8 | 92.3 | 269.6 | 271.8 | 269.5 | 334.3 | 352.1 | 325.8 |
| Oklahome | 20.1 | 19.6 | 19.5 | 55.5 | 57.2 | 56.9 | 114.7 | 118.3 | 112.1 |
| Oregon.. | 17.0 | 17.3 | 16.8 | 50.4 | 51.2 | 49.7 | 74.3 | 77.3 | 71.2 |
| Penneylvania. | 129.1 | 129.7 | 126.8 | 364.4 | 365.2 | 364.7 | 392.1 | 412.8 | 383.9 |
| Rhode Island.t. | 12.1 | 12.2 | 11.5 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 27.1 | 34.7 | 36.1 | 33.6 |
| South Carolina. | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 77.9 | 80.3 | 75.2 |
| South Dakota. | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 14.7 | 29.4 | 29.8 | 29.7 |
| Tennessge.1/ | 28.5 | 28.6 | 27.8 | 86.9 | 86.8 | 85.1 | 126.3 | 133.1 | 121.5 |
| Texas. 1 . | 98.3 | 98.7 | 96.2 | 258.7 | 262.0 | 254.6 | 332.3 | 346.8 | 322.6 |
| Utah.. | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 22.5 | 22.7 | 21.7 | 52.8 | 53.9 | 53.6 |
| Vermont. 1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 16.2 | 17.1 | 15.8 |
| Virginia. 4. | 34.7 | 35.1 | 33.6 | 88.5 | 88.4 | 86.4 | 165.5 | 172.3 | 163.9 |
| Washington.. | 29.5 | 29.7 | 28.5 | 78.8 | 80.9 | 77.6 | 148.3 | 153.5 | 145.2 |
| Weat virginip.il | 12.4 | 11.4 | 11.2 | 41.2 | 42.2 | 41.3 | 61.0 | 64.1 | 58.3 |
| Wisconsin. 1 . | 37.7 | 37.6 | 36.3 | 106.8 | 105.9 | 104.5 | 125.6 | 131.9 | 120.3 |
| Wyoming. | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 10.2 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 16.8 | 17.6 | 16.1 |

1/Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data. 2/Mining combined with construction.
$\overline{3} /$ Mining combined with service. 4/Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia portions of the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area included in data for District of Columbia. 5/ Beginning with July 1954, approximately 1, 200 Howard University and Gallaudet College employees are excluded from Federal Government employment and included in service.

## Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division

(In thousands)

| Area and industry division | Fumber of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| ALABAMA |  |  |  | Los Angeles |  |  |  |
| Birmingham |  |  |  | Total................... . | (3/) | 1,896.5 | 1,835.9 |
| Total... | 186.3 | 190.0 | 191.7 | Mining. | (3/) | 14.7 | 15.6 |
| Mining. | 10.3 | 10.3 | 12.5 | Contract construction | (3/) | 107.3 | 111.1 |
| Contract construction... | 10.7 | 11.1 | 9.1 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 645.4 | 635.7 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 59.8 | 59.5 | 64.8 | Trans, and pub. util.... | (3/) | 123.1 | 123.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.7 | Trade. | (3/) | 447.4 | 411.3 |
| Trade................... | 43.1 | 46.0 | 43.1 | Finance | (3/) | 84.5 | 81.9 |
| Finance | 11.1 | 11.1 | 10.3 | Service | (3/) | 256.7 | 252.0 |
| Service | 18.5 | 18.7 | 18.9 | Government. | (3/) | 217.4 | 204.5 |
| Government............... | 16.7 | 17.3 | 16.3 | Sacramento |  |  |  |
| Mobile |  |  |  | Manufacturing. | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.7 |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 77.9 | 80.5 | 78.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | San Bernardino- |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing........... | 15.7 | 17.0 | 16.1 | Riverside-Ontario |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 10.7 | 10.8 | 11.0 | Manufacturing.......... | 25.4 | 25.0 | 26.8 |
| Trade.................... | 17.2 | 18.3 | 17.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | San Diego |  |  |  |
| Service 1/............... | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.3 | Total.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 180.5 | 182.9 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 20.0 | 20.0 | 19.4 | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | . 2 | . 2 |
|  |  |  |  | Contract construction... | (3/) | 9.4 | 11.0 |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 45.6 | 48.6 |
| ARIZONA |  |  |  | Trans. and pub. util.... | (3/) | 10.5 | 10.7 |
| Phoenix |  |  |  | Trade... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 43.9 | 41.6 |
| Total. | 102.1 | 103.1 | 98.2 | Finance | (3/) | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| Mining. | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | Service. | (3/) | 23.0 | 24.1 |
| Contract construction... | 8.9 | 9.1 | 8.9 | Government * | (3/) | 41.8 | 40.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 16.3 | 16.2 | 14.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | San Francisco-Oakland |  |  |  |
| Trade...................... | 29.4 | 30.5 | 28.8 | Total. | (3/) | 877.5 | 860.9 |
| Finance | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.9 | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Service | 13.8 | 13.5 | 13.4 | Contract construction. . . | (3/) | 56.1 | 51.2 |
| Government. | 18.9 | 19.2 | 18.0 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 175.1 | 179.7 |
|  |  |  |  | Trans, and pub. util.... | (3/) | 97.1 | 99.8 |
|  |  |  |  | Trade. | (3/) | 213.1 | 200.5 |
| Tucson |  |  |  | Finance | (3/) | 55.0 | 54.2 |
| Total. | 42.1 | 42.5 | 42.2 | Service | (3/) | 110.1 | 106.4 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | Government | (3/) | 169.5 | 167.7 |
| Contract construction... | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing. | 5.8 | 5.8 | 4.8 | San Jose |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . | 22.8 | 23.6 | 22.8 |
| Trade.. | 10.2 | 10.6 | 10.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | Stockton |  |  |  |
| Service | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.8 | Manufacturing. | 9.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 |
| Government. | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.3 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | COLORADO |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Denver |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 227.3 | 235.6 | 227.0 |
| ARKANSAS |  |  |  | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Iittle Rock- |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 13.7 | 14.7 | 14.2 |
| N. Little Rock 2/ |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.5 |
| Total.......... | 67.1 | 69.1 | 67.1 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 25.5 | 26.1 | 26.2 |
| Contract construction... | 6.2 | 5.2 | 4.0 | Trade..................... | 64.3 | 68.8 | 63.4 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 11.3 | 11.8 | 12.8 | Finance.................. | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 7.6 | 7.9 | 8.1 | Service. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 30.7 | 30.6 | 30.8 37 |
| Trede... | 16.8 | 18.7 | 17.0 | Government. .............. | 38.7 | 40.4 | 37.3 |
| Finance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Service 1/............... | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.4 | CONNECTICUT |  |  |  |
| Government............... | 12.0 | 12.3 | 11.8 | $\frac{\text { Bridgeport }}{\text { Total... }}$ |  |  |  |
| CALIFORNIA |  |  |  | Contract construction 1 / | 112.5 4.4 | 117.2 5.0 | 118.8 4.3 |
| Fresno |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . | 64.0 | 64.6 | 70.6 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . | 12.6 | 13.6 | 11.8 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

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Area tmplosment
Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued
(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments. for selected areas, by industry division - Continued
(In thousands)

| Area and industry division | Number of exployoes |  |  | Area and industry diviaion | Hunber of elroloyeen |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| IDAHO |  |  |  | Topeke - Continued |  |  |  |
| Boise |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Total. | 18.8 | 19.6 | 19.0 | Manufacturing. | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| Contract construction. | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.8 |
| Manufacturing. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | Trade. | 9.1 | 9.8 | 9.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | Finance | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Trade.................... | 5.9 | 6.4 | 5.9 | Service | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Finance | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| Service | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Government. | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | Wichita |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total.................... | 118.8 | 122.0 | 112.7 |
| ILLINOIS |  |  |  | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Chicago |  |  |  | Contract construction... | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.5 |
| Total. | (3/) | 2,508.3 | 2,487.5 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 54.8 | 55.5 | 50.5 |
| Mining. | (3/) | 3.9 | 4.0 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Contract construction... | (3/) | 103.1 | 95.8 | Trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 24.0 | 25.7 | 23.9 |
| Manufacturing........... | (3/) | 975.9 | 1,018.3 | Finance | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | (3/) | 213.8 | 215.4 | Service | 11.2 | 11.2 | 10.9 |
| Trade.................... | (3/) | 545.6 | 517.6 | Government............... | 9.0 | 9.6 | 9.0 |
| Finance. | (3/) | 136.1 | 134.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Service. | (3/) | 282.3 | 277.7 | LOUISIANA |  |  |  |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 247.6 | 224.5 | Baton Rouge |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 18.4 | 19.6 |
| INDIANA |  |  |  | Trade. | (3/) | 12.9 | 11.6 |
| Evansville |  |  |  | Finance | (3/) | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| Total........ . . . . . . . . . . | 64.9 | 68.0 | 70.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 30.6 | 32.5 | 35.8 | New Orleans |  |  |  |
| Nonmanufacturing. . . . . . | 34.3 | 35.5 | 34.5 | Total..................... | (3/) | 266.4 | 268.5 |
|  |  |  |  | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| Fort Wayne |  |  |  | Contrect construction... | (3/) | 16.9 | 18.8 |
| Total. | 71.5 | 72.3 | 75.9 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 50.7 | 55.6 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 33.7 | 33.4 | 37.0 | Trans. and pub. util.... | (3/) | 42.8 | 43.9 |
| Nonmanufacturing. . . . . . . | 37.8 | 38.9 | 38.9 | Trade. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 69.8 | 66.1 |
|  |  |  |  | Finance | (3/) | 11.8 | 11.6 |
| Indianapolis |  |  |  | Service | (3/) | 35.1 | 34.8 |
| Total...... | 266.9 | 272.3 | 276.6 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | (3/) | 34.6 | 33.3 |
| Contract construction... | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing........... | 102.3 | 102.0 | 105.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 20.1 | 20.3 | 23.6 | MAINE |  |  |  |
| Trade..................... | 63.2 | 66.5 | 66.2 | Lewiston 2/ |  |  |  |
| Finance... | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.1 | Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 27.3 | 27.8 | 27.3 |
| Other nonmanufacturing.. | 57.8 | 59.7 | 57.9 | Contract construction... | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
|  |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 15.1 | 14.9 | 15.3 |
| South Bend |  |  |  | Trans. and pub. util.... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Total... | 84.4 | 84.8 | 87.9 | Trade............ . . . . . . . | 5.0 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 44.9 | 43.7 | 49.8 | Finance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Trade.................... | 15.4 | 16.6 | 15.4 | Service 1/............... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Other nonmanufacturing.. | 24.1 | 24.5 | 22.7 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| IOWA |  |  |  | Portland 2/ |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  | Total..................... | 50.2 | 52.5 | 50.3 |
| Total.... | 90.6 | 93.0 | 88.8 | Contract construction... | 3.2 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| Contract construction... | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.7 | Manufacturing........... | 12.3 | 13.1 | 13.3 |
| Manufacturing........... | 22.8 | 22.5 | 21.3 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.9 |
| Trans, and pub. util.... | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 | Trade.................... | 14.4 | 15.1 | 14.3 |
| Trade.............. | 24.6 | 25.8 | 24.6 | Finance.................. | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| Finance... | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.5 | Service 1/............... | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
|  | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.2 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 11.1 | 11.7 | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | MARYLAND |  |  |  |
| KANSAS |  |  |  | Baltimore |  |  |  |
| Topeka |  |  |  | Total.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 539.5 | 558.3 | 551.0 |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.5 | 44.9 | 43.8 | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | Contract construction... | 33.6 | 35.1 | 33.9 |

Arca Lmployment
Table A-8: Emplovees in nonagricultural establishments
for selected areas, by industry division - Continued
(In thousands)

| Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1955 |  |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| MARYland - Continued |  |  |  | Grand Rapids |  |  |  |
| Baltimore - Continued |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 55.0 | 55.4 | 57.1 |
| Manufacturing. ....... | 183.8 | 184.0 | 194.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 54.5 | 56.1 | 58.7 | Lensing |  |  |  |
| Trade................... | 113.1 | 123.2 | 112.9 | Kanufacturing. .......... | 31.0 | 29.9 | 31.4 |
| Finance. | 27.3 | 28.0 | 27.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Service. | 59.5 | 60.0 | 57.0 | Muskegon |  |  |  |
| Government | 66.9 | 71.1 | 65.6 | Manufacturing. .......... | 26.4 | 25.7 | 25.8 |
|  |  |  |  | Saginaw |  |  |  |
| MABSACHUSETTS |  |  |  | Manufacturing........... | 27.2 | 27.2 | 28.5 |
| Boston |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total...... | 933.8 | 974.9 | 950.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 36.4 | 39.9 | 35.5 | minesota |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing.......... | 274.3 | 278.0 | 291.8 | Duluth |  |  |  |
| Trans, and pub, util.... | 78.4 | 78.2 | 79.1 |  | 39.3 | 40.7 | 40.8 |
| Trade................... | 220.2 | 239.7 | 224.2 | Contract construction... | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Finance................. | 64.3 | 64.6 | 63.0 | Manufacturing. ......... | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.5 |
| Service 1/.............. | 126.7 | 127.7 | 125.5 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 5.6 | 5.8 | 6.2 |
| Government.............. | 133.5 | 146.8 | 131.4 | Trade................... |  | 11.2 | 11.1 |
|  |  |  |  | Finance... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Fall River |  |  |  | Service $1 / . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| Total................... | 46.9 | 47.8 | 49.0 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 27.4 | 26.8 | 29.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | Minneapolis |  |  |  |
| Trade.................. | 7.8 | 8.7 | 8.3 | Total.................. | 261.7 | 273.4 | 264.5 |
| Government. | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.7 | Contract construction... | 11.5 | 13.4 | 11.7 |
| Other nonmanufacturing.. | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 | Manufacturing. . . . . . | 67.1 | 68.5 | 73.1 |
|  |  |  |  | Trans. and pub. util.... | 27.6 | 28.2 | 28.7 |
| New Bedford |  |  |  | Trade... | 75.9 | 81.1 | 74.1 |
| Total....... | 48.5 | 49.9 | 50.2 | Finance. | 20.8 | 20.7 | 19.6 |
| Contract construction... | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.1 | Service 1/............. | 33.0 | 33.1 | 33.1 |
| Manufacturing........... | 26.7 | 26.4 | 28.5 | Government | 25.7 | 28.4 | 24.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Trade...... | 8.3 | 9.1 | 8.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 5.0 | 5.5 | 4.8 | St. Paul |  |  |  |
| Other nonmanufacturing.. | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.3 | Total...................... Contract construction.. | $\begin{array}{r} 146.9 \\ 7.2 \end{array}$ | 151.3 7.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 149.7 \\ 7.1 \end{array}$ |
| Springfield-Holyoke |  |  |  | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 41.0 | 41.8 | 42.7 |
| Total.................. | 150.8 | 155.6 | 157.1 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 20.8 | 21.1 | 21.5 |
| Contract construction... | 4.5 | 5.0 | 3.8 | Trade. . | 33.5 | 35.1 | 34.5 |
| Manufacturing........... | 66.9 | 67.3 | 71.3 | Finance. | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 | Service 1/ | 17.9 | 17.9 | 17.4 |
| Trade..................... | 29.8 | 32.1 | 31.2 | Gove rnmen | 16.3 | 17.4 | 16.2 |
| Pinance ................ Service $1 / . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Service $1 / . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 14.8 | 15.2 | 14.9 | MISSISSIPPI |  |  |  |
| Government.............. | 20.0 | 21.0 | 21.1 | Jackson <br> Manufacturing | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.7 |
| Worcester |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................... | 98.4 | 100.9 | 103.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.2 | missouri |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing........ | 45.0 | 45.1 | 49.1 | Kansas City |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | Total.................. | (3/) | 364.9 | 369.9 |
| Trade.................... | 20.7 | 21.9 | 21.1 | Mining................... | (3/) | . 9 | . 7 |
| Finance. | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | Contract construction... | (3/) | 18.9 | 20.0 |
| Service 1/............. | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | Manufacturing........... | (3/) | 108.1 | 115.6 |
| Government. ............. | 11.2 | 12.0 | 10.8 | Trans. and pub. util.... | (3/) | 45.2 | 46.6 |
|  |  |  |  | Trade................... | (3/) | 99.2 | 96.1 |
| michigan |  |  |  | Finance. | (3/) | 20.2 | 20.6 |
| $\frac{\text { Detroit }}{\text { Manufacturing }}$ |  |  |  | Service. | (3/) | 39.6 | 40.0 |
| Manufacturing........... | 638.4 | 625.7 | 643.2 | Government | (3/) | 32.8 | 30.3 |
| Flint |  |  |  | St. Louis |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing........... | 84.0 | 82.8 | 78.6 | Manufacturing........... | 260.6 | 258.9 | 286.4 |

See footnotes at end of table.

# Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued <br> (In thousands) 



## Table A-8: Employees in nonagriculitural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued <br> (In thougands)



See footnoter at ond of table.

# Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued <br> (In thousande) 



Area Emplowment
Table A-8: Emplovees in nonagricultural establishments
for selected areas, by industry division - Continued
(In thoueands)

| Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  | Area and industry division | Number of employees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  | 1955 |  |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| VIRGINIA - Continued |  |  |  | Tacona - Continued |  |  |  |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth - Con. |  |  |  | Finance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| Finance.................. | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.8 | Service 1/............... | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.4 |
| Service. | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.5 | Government............... | 17.9 | 18.5 | 17.4 |
| Government. . | 46.6 | 47.2 | 48.6 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | WEST VIRGINIA |  |  |  |
| R1chmond |  |  |  | Charleston |  |  |  |
| Total. | 146.1 | 151.0 | 146.0 | Total. | 86.9 | 89.3 | 94.4 |
| Mining. | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10.8 | 10.9 | 14.8 |
| Contract construction... | 10.8 | 11.1 | 8.8 | Contract construction... | 3.5 | 3.4 | 4.5 |
| Manufacturing........... | 36.7 | 36.7 | 38.1 | Manufacturing......... | 24.3 | 24.4 | 27.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 14.9 | 15.0 | 14.9 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.3 |
| Trade. | 35.6 | 39.1 | 36.8 | Trade.................... | 17.5 | 19.2 | 17.7 |
| Pinance. | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.2 | Finance | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| Service. | 16.1 | 16.1 | 16.2 | Service | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.8 |
| Government. | 19.8 | 20.8 | 19.6 | Government * | 9.4 | 9.8 | 8.9 |
| WASHINGTON |  |  |  | Wheeling-Steubenville |  |  |  |
| Seattle |  |  |  | Total................... | 108.8 | 110.3 | 108.8 |
| Total.................... | 275.9 | 286.0 | 268.6 | Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.5 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
| Contract construction... | 12.3 | 12.7 | 10.2 | Contract construction... | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| Manufacturing........... | 77.1 | 77.2 | 75.6 | Manufacturing. .......... | 52.5 | 52.7 | 52.9 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 25.8 | 26.0 | 25.2 | Trans. and pub. util.... | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.3 |
| Trade..................... | 68.2 | 74.3 | 67.6 | Trade..................... | 19.4 | 20.4 | 19.2 |
| Finance. | 16.6 | 16.7 | 16.0 | Finance................... | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Service 1/................ | 33.9 | 34.8 | 33.8 | Service.................. | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.2 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 42.0 | 44.3 | 40.2 | Government. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.8 | 7.3 | 6.6 |
| Spokane |  |  |  | WISCONSIN |  |  |  |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 67.5 | 70.3 | 64.8 | Milwaukee 2/ |  |  |  |
| Contract construction... | 3.2 | 3.9 | 2.9 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 174.7 | 174.2 | 186.4 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 13.5 | 13.8 | 12.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 7.5 | 7.6 | 8.0 | Racine 2 / |  |  |  |
| Trade. | 19.1 | 20.5 | 18.3 | Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 22.5 | 22.4 | 22.6 |
| Pinance. | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Service 1/............... | 11.1 | 11.1 | 10.6 | WYOMING |  |  |  |
| Government. | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.2 | $\frac{\text { Casper }}{\text { Mining. }}$ | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| Tacoma |  |  |  | Contract construction... | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 69.0 | 71.2 | 67.7 | Manufacturing........... | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Contract construction... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | Trans, and pub. util.... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . | 16.8 | 16.8 | 16.0 | Trade..................... | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Trans. and pub. util.... | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | Finance.................. | . 4 | . 5 | . 4 |
| Trade..................... | 14.6 | 15.7 | 14.5 | Service................... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 |

* Does not conform with definition used for national series as shown in Glossary.

1/ Includes mining.
2/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
3 / Not available.
4/ Beginning with July 1954, approximately l, 200 Howard University and Gallaudet College employees are excluded from Federal Government employment and included in service.
5/ Includes mining and finance.
6/ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.
$\overline{\text { I/ }}$ Includes mining and goverment.

## Labor Immeser

Table B-l: Monthly labor furnover rates in manufacturing, by class of furnover


## laber himen

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups and industries
(Per 100 employees)

| Industry group and industry | Separation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total accession |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Misc., incl. } \\ \text { mllitary } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. <br> 1955 | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1954$ | Jan. $1955$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1954$ | Jan. <br> 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jen. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1954$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 2.5 |
| Durable Goods. | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | $\cdot 3$ | $\cdot 2$ | 3.9 | 2.8 |
| Mondurable Good | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.1 | . 9 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 1 | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | (2/) | 2.4 | (1/) | .6 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | 1.5 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | 1.6 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. | 4.5 | 4.8 | . 9 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | - 3 | . 1 | 3.3 | 2.1 |
| Meat products. | 5.6 | 5.2 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 | 4.4 | 4.2 | . 3 | . 1 | 4.1 | 3.4 |
| Grain-mill products | 1.9 | 2.6 | . 8 | .7 | .1 | . 5 | . 9 | 1.2 | .1 | . 1 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Bakery products.......................... | 4.2 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | .2 | . 2 | 2.5 | 1.8 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Beverages: <br> Malt 11 quors | 4.4 | 2.9 | .4 | . 3 | (2/) | (2/) | 3.7 | 2.5 | . 2 | . 1 | 4.0 | 1.4 |
| TOBACCO MANUFACTURES. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 | . 9 | .1 | . 1 | 2.2 | .$^{6}$ | . 2 | . 1 | 1.4 | .6 |
| Cigarettes................................ | 3.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.9 | (2/) | (2/) | . 1 | 1.5 | . 7 |
| Cigars..................................... | 4.7 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 1 | 2.6 | 7.2 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.4 | . 6 |
| Tobacco and snuff....................... | 1.7 | . | .4 | . 3 | .2 | . 1 | . 8 | (2/) | . 3 | . 2 | 1.2 | . 4 |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. | 3.1 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 1 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Yarn and thread mills | 3.6 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | .2 | . 2 | 2.0 | . 7 | . 1 | . 1 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills. | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 2 | .2 | . 9 | -9 | . 3 | . 1 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Cotton, silk, synthetic flber........ | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 2 | . 6 | . 7 | . 2 | .1 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| woolen and worsted...................... | 5.5 | 5.0 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 2 | . 2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | . 4 | . 1 | 4.9 | 4.2 |
| Knitting mills... | 3.9 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | . 1 | .1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | . 5 | . 1 | 2.7 | 1.7 |
| Full-fashloned hosiery | 3.2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | . 1 | .1 | 1.6 | . 9 | . 1 | . 1 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| Seamless hoslery... | 4.2 | 2.8 | . 9 | 1.3 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.8 | . 2 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Kalt underwear. | 4.3 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 1 | 2.5 | 1.7 | . 1 | (2/) | 3.2 | 1.2 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles. | 3.2 | 3.3 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 6 | . 4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| Carpets, russ, other floor coverings.. | 2.6 | 2.5 | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 3 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS. | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | . 1 | . 1 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 1 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats....... | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.1 | $\cdot 1$ | . 1 | . 6 | . 7 | . 2 | . 2 | 4.1 | 7.1 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing............................. | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.8 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 1 | (2/) | 3.8 | 1.7 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE) | 4.2 | 6.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 | 2.4 | 4.1 | . 3 | - 3 | 4.1 | 2.3 |
| Logging camps and contractors.......... | 9.9 | 15.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 5 | 7.7 | 13.1 | . 3 | . 2 | 5.3 | 2.8 |
| Sawmills and planing mills............ | 3.3 | 4.6 | 1.2 | 1.5 | . 4 | .2 | 1.5 | 2.8 | . 2 | . 2 | 3.9 | 2.1 |
| Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products............... | 2.0 | 1.7 | .7 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 8 | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 | 2.6 | 1.6 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 3.8 | 3.0 | 1.3 | . 9 | . 3 | . 3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | . 2 | .1 | 3.4 | 2.4 |
| Household furniture. | 4.2 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 3 | 2.3 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 1 | 3.4 | 2.4 |
| Other furniture and fixtures. | 2.9 | 2.4 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 4 | . 2 | 3.3 | 2.3 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS. | 2.3 | 2.3 | . 9 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 | . 9 | 1.0 | - 3 | . 2 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills..... | 1.6 | 1.5 | .6 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | .6 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes....... | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.7 | . 9 | . 3 | . 2 | 2.0 | 1.3 |

See footrotes at end of table.

## Labor I minorer

## Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups

 and industries - Continued(Per 100 employees)


Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups
and industries - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Separation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total accession |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Quit |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | Misc., incl. m111tary |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Dec. } \\ 1954 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| fabricated metal products (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT)-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies.................. | 3.9 | 4.8 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 4.1 | 2.0 |
| Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies. | 2.5 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 5 | . 6 | . 5 | . 9 | . 2 | .1 | 2.9 | 2.2 |
| Oilburners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classified........................ | 5.0 | 6.4 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 1 | . 3 | 3.7 | 4.8 | .1 | . 5 | 5.1 | 1.9 |
| Fabricated structural metal |  |  | 1.0 | . 9 | . 1 | . 3 | 3.7 |  | . 1 | . 5 | 5.1 | 1.9 |
| products. | 3.1 | 3.8 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 1 | 2.1 | 2.9 | . 3 | .1 | 2.7 | 1.7 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving......................................... | 4.1 | 4.1 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 2 | . 1 | 2.6 | 2.7 | . 3 | .4 | 5.3 | 4.3 |
| MACHIMERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL).......... | 2.3 | 2.2 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.9 | 2.1 |
| Engines and turbines................. | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 1 | . 1 | . 9 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors.. | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 | . 1 | . 4 | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| Construction and mining machinery.. | 2.2 | 1.8 | . 8 | . 6 | . 2 | . 1 | . 9 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | 4.2 | 2.0 |
| Metalworking machinery................ | 2.6 | 2.2 | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 3 | . 3 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| Machine tools............................. <br> Metalworking machinery (except | 2.6 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 5 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.8 | . 7 | . 3 | . 4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| machine tools)....................... | 2.2 | 2.1 | . 6 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 9 | . 3 | . 1 | 1.7 | 1.2 |
| Machine-tool accessories............ | 3.0 | 3.4 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | . 2 | . 1 | 4.3 | 2.3 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery)................ | 2.0 | 1.5 | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 8 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| General industrial machinery.......... | 2.7 | 2.5 | . 6 | .7 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.8 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Office and store machines and devices. | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | .1 | 3.2 | 2.1 |
| Service-industry and household machines........................... |  |  |  | . 6 | . 2 |  | . 9 |  | . 2 | . 3 | 4.4 | 2.4 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts.. | 2.9 | 1.8 | .7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.7 | . 7 | . 4 | . 3 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY..................... | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.................... | 2.3 | 1.7 | -7 | . 6 |  | . 1 |  | . 8 | . 2 | . 3 |  | 1.7 |
| Communication equipment............... | (1/) | 2.8 | (1/) | 1.1 | (1/) | . 2 | (1/) | 1.3 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | 2.1 |
| Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment.................. |  | 3.1 |  | 1.2 |  | . 3 |  | 1.5 | 2 | . 1 |  | 2.3 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment. | (1/) | 1.2 | (1/) | . 6 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | . 3 | (1/) | . 2 | (1/) | 1.6 |
| Electrical appliances, lamps, and miscellaneous products................. | 3.1 | 4.4 | . 7 | . 7 | . 1 | . 2 | 2.2 | 3.2 | .1 | . 3 | 4.0 | 2.4 |
| transportation equipment. | 3.7 | 3.4 | 1.2 | . 9 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | . 5 | 4 | 5.4 | 4.6 |
| Automobiles.......... | 3.9 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | (3) | . 2 | 1.5 | 1.2 | . 7 | . 5 | 6.8 | 6.1 |
| Aircraft and parts. | (1/) | 1.7 | (1/) | . 8 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | . 6 | (1/) | . 2 | (1/) | 1.9 |
| Alrcraft....... | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1 | . 1 | . 6 | . 5 | 1 | .1 | 2.8 | 2.0 |
| Alrcraft englines and parts........... | 2.3 | 1.8 | (9) | . 6 | ( 1 | . 1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | ${ }^{2}$ | . 2 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Alrcraft propellers and parts....... | (1/) | 3.6 | (1/) | . 5 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | 2.5 | (1/) | . 5 | (1/) | . 7 |
| Other alrcraft parts and equipment.. | 4.9 | 2.1 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | 3.5 | 1.0 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.8 | 1.9 |

See footnotes at and of table.

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups
and industries - Continued

| Industry droup and Industry | Separation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total <br> accession |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Qult |  | Discharge |  | Layoff |  | Mise., Incl. milltary |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | Jan. <br> 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | Jan. <br> 1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| TRAMSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-Continued <br> Ship and boat building and repairing. | 11.5 | 14.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 9.7 | 12.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 12.2 | 9.7 |
| Railroad equipment.................... | (1/) | 8.5 | (2/) | . 8 | (1/) | . 3 | (1/) | 6.8 | (1/) | . 5 | (1/) | 10.6 |
| Locomotives and parts................ | (1/) | 3.3 | (1/) | . 3 | (1/) | . 1 | (1/) | 2.0 | (1/) | . 8 | (1/) | 7.2 |
| Rallroad and street cars............. | (1/) | 10.5 | (1/) | 1.0 | (1/) | .$^{4}$ | (1/) | 8.6 | (1/) | .4 | (1/) | 11.9 |
| Other transportation equipment....... | 2.6 | 13.6 | . 7 | . 3 | . 1 | (2/) | 1.5 | 13.2 | . 4 | . 1 | 17.8 | . 7 |
| InSTRUMENTS AMD RELATED PRODUCTS...... | 2.8 | 1.5 | . 7 | . 5 | .$^{1}$ | (2/) | 1.8 | . 7 | . 2 | . 1 | 2.5 | 1.5 |
| Photographic apparatus................ | (1/) | . 5 | (1/) | . 2 | (1/) | (1/) | (1/) | . 2 | (1/) | .1 | (1/) | . 9 |
| Watches and clocks..................... | 1.6 | 3.6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 1 | (2/) | - 7 | 2.7 | . 2 | . 3 | 3.8 | 1.7 |
| Professional and scientific instruments................................... | 2.9 | 1.4 | . 7 | . 6 | . 1 | .1 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| miscellaneous manufacturing INDUSTRIES. | 3.9 | 5.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.9 | 3.6 | . 2 | . 3 | 6.0 | 2.5 |
| ware... | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 1 | 1.2 | . 7 | . 1 | . 2 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| NONMANUFACTURING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| metal mining............................ | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.4 | . 2 |  | . 5 | . 8 | . 3 | . 2 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Iron mining. ........................... | 1.2 | 2.5 | . 4 | . 2 | . 1 | (2/) | . 4 | 2.0 | . 4 | :2 | 1.1 | . 6 |
| Copper mining........................... | 4.3 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 1.7 |  | . 2 | . 6 | . 1 | . 5 | $\cdot 3$ | 4.6 | 5.9 |
| Lead and zinc mining.................. | 1.1 | 1.9 | . 7 | 1.0 | (2/) | .1 | . 1 | . 4 | . 2 | . 4 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| ANTHRACITE MINING....................... | 1.7 | 1.2 | . 5 | . 6 | (2/) | (2/) | . 8 | . 5 | . 3 | . 1 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| BITUMINOUS-COAL MIMING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.6 | . 9 | . 4 | . 3 | . 1 | (2/) | 1.0 | . 4 | . 2 | .1 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| COMMUNICATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 1 | (1/) | 1.0 |
|  | (1/) | 1.2 | (1/) | . 8 | (1/) | (2/2) | (1/) | .3 | (1/) | .1 | (1/) | 1.1 |

1/ Not available.
2/ Less than 0.05 .
3/ Data relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a cormission basis.

# GROSS AND NET SPENDABLE WEEKLY EARNINGS COMPARED WITH REAL NET SPENDABLE EARNINGS EXPRESSED IN 1947-49 DOLLARS 



Table C-I: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| MINING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| METAL MINING. | \$90.73 | \$87.78 | \$92.00 | 43.0 | 41.8 | 43.6 | \$2.11 | \$2.10 | \$2.11 |
| Iron mining | 85.75 | 81.92 | 90.45 | 38.8 | 36.9 | 41.3 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.19 |
| Copper mining | 97.02 | 91.10 | 99.22 | 46.2 | 43.8 | 46.8 | 2.10 | 2.08 | 2.12 |
| Lead and zinc m | 82.88 | 83.96 | 84.32 | 42.5 | 43.5 | 42.8 | 1.95 | 1.93 | 1.97 |
| anthracite. | 76.56 | 89.86 | 70.93 | 31.9 | 35.1 | 28.6 | 2.40 | 2.56 | 2.48 |
| BITUMINOUS-COAL | 92.26 | 92.01 | 82.34 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 33.2 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.48 |
| CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)............ | 96.60 | 90.68 | 92.80 | 42.0 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 2.30 | 2.25 | 2.28 |
| nommetallic mining and quarrying. | 74.45 | 76.38 | 70.93 | 42.3 | 43.4 | 41.0 | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1.73 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 91.95 | 94.54 | 87.12 | 35.5 | 36.5 | 34.3 | 2.59 | 2.59 | 2.54 |
| NONBUILDING COMSTRUCTION. | 86.16 | 89.47 | 83.88 | 37.3 | 38.4 | 36.0 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.33 |
| Highway and street. | 77.28 | 80.51 | 71.69 | 36.8 | 37.8 | 34.3 | 2.10 | 2.13 | 2.09 |
| Other nonbuilding construct | 91.74 | 96.08 | 91.02 | 37.6 | 38.9 | 37.0 | 2.44 | 2.47 | 2.46 |
| BUILDING CONSTRUCTION | 93.28 | 95.40 | 87.46 | 35.2 | 36.0 | 33.9 | 2.65 | 2.65 | 2.58 |
| general contractors. | 88.30 | 90.83 | 82.13 | 34.9 | 35.9 | 33.8 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.43 |
| SPEC IAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS. | 96.37 | 98.55 | 91.80 | 35.3 | 36.1 | 34.0 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.70 |
| Plumbing and heating.. | 104.98 | 107.20 | 99.96 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 37.3 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.68 |
| Painting and decorating. | 86.98 | 91.12 | 82.36 | 32.7 | 34.0 | 31.8 | 2.66 | 2.68 | 2.59 |
| Electrical work. | 113.00 | 113.30 | 111.07 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.90 |
| Other special-trade contracto | 89.38 | 91.77 | 83.21 | 33.6 | 34.5 | 31.4 | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.65 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 73.97 | 74.12 | 70.92 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.80 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 80.16 | 80.15 | 76.59 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.91 |
| MONOURABLE GOODS. | 66.02 | 66.30 | 63.53 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 38.5 | 1.68 | 1.67 | 1.65 |
| ORDYANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | 81.20 | 82.21 | 77.60 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 2.03 | 2.02 | 1.94 |
| FOOd AND Kindred Products. | 70.58 | 70.79 | 68.71 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 1.73 | 1.71 | 1.68 |
| Meat products...... | 79.84 | 81.75 | 76.78 | 41.8 | 42.8 | 41.5 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.85 |
| Meat packing, wholesale | 83.30 | 85.10 | 80.60 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 42.2 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.91 |
| Sausages and casings. | 78.28 | 79.00 | 73.98 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 41.1 | 1.90 | 1.89 | 1.80 |
| Dairy products... | 70.58 | 69.34 | 69.39 | 43.3 | 42.8 | 43.1 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1.61 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | 72.61 | 70.44 | 70.84 | 45.1 | 44.3 | 45.7 | 1.61 | 1.59 | 1.55 |
| Ice cream and ices. | 70.89 | 71.40 | 69.64 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.67 |
| Canning and preserving. | 54.98 | 55.39 | 55.04 | 37.4 | 38.2 | 37.7 | 1.47 | 1.45 | 1.46 |
| Sea food, canned and cured. | 44.62 | 54.28 | 50.33 | 28.6 | 32.7 | 30.5 | 1.56 | 1.66 | 1.65 |
| Canned fruits, vegetables, and soups. | 58.21 | 56.91 | 57.57 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 1.47 | 1.43 | 1.45 |
| Grain-mill products................... | 75.26 | 74.48 | 73.81 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 44.2 | 1.73 | 1.72 | 1.67 |
| Flour and other grain-mill products.. | 82.63 | 80.55 | 79.73 | 45.4 | 44.5 | 45.3 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.76 |
| Prepared feeds..... | 70.47 | 71.72 | 71.10 | 43.5 | 44.0 | 45.0 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1.58 |
| Bakery products. | 68.11 | 69.12 | 66.10 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.62 |
| Bread and other bakery products. | 69.83 | 70.62 | 67.49 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.65 |
| Biscuits, crackers, and pretzels | 61.54 | 61.39 | 60.20 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 40.4 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.49 |
| Sugar................. | 74.03 | 73.78 | 73.44 | 42.3 | 47.6 | 42.7 | 1.75 | 1.55 | 1.72 |
| Cane-sugar refining. | 73.10 | 74.96 | 73.78 | 39.3 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.84 |
| Beet sugar.................... | 81.27 | 75.14 | 78.85 | 44.9 | 46.1 | 44.8 | 1.81 | 1.63 | 1.76 |
| Confectionery and related products. | 57.31 | 56.26 | 54.60 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.0 | 1.44 | 1.41 | 1.40 |
| Confectionery. | 55.18 | 54.26 | 52.65 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.0 | 1.39 | 1.36 | 1.35 |
| Beverages. | 77.42 | 78.21 | 75.06 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 1.97 | 1.98 | 1.91 |
| Bottled soft drinks | 59.09 | 60.75 | 58.51 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 39.8 | 1.47 | 1.50 | 1.47 |
| Malt ilquors......... | 91.73 | 93.53 | 88.20 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.25 |
| Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors........................... | 76.36 | 72.64 | 73.34 | 37.8 | 36.5 | 38.4 | 2.02 | 1.99 | 1.91 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Hours and Earnmgs

## Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jen. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | Jan. 1954 | Jen. 1955 | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| FOOD AND KIMDRED PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous food products. | \$66.82 | \$66.98 | \$66.20 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.9 | \$1.61 | \$1.61 | \$1.58 |
| Corn sirup, sugar, oil, and sta | 81.87 | 82.06 | 81.95 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 41.6 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.97 |
| Manufactured ice | 65.12 | 66.28 | 65.04 | 44.6 | 45.4 | 45.8 | 1.46 | 1.46 | 1.42 |
| tobacco manuf | 50.52 | 49.92 | 45.97 | 37.7 | 38.4 | 36.2 | 1.34 | 1.30 | 1.27 |
| Cigarett | 66.33 | 67.73 | 58.40 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 37.2 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 1.57 |
| cigar | 42.24 | 42.57 | 40.57 | 36.1 | 36.7 | 35.9 | 1.17 | 1.16 | 1.13 |
| Tobacco and | 53.28 | 54.20 | 50.18 | 37.0 | 37.9 | 36.1 | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.39 |
| Tobacco stemming and | 39.85 | 39.59 | 37.63 | 36.9 | 37.7 | 35.5 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 1.06 |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. | 54.25 | 55.07 | 50.86 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 37.4 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.36 |
| Scouring and combing p | 63.29 | 60.28 | 58.78 | 41.1 | 39.4 | 37.2 | 1.54 | 1.53 | 1.58 |
| Yarn and thread mills. | 49.01 | 49.00 | 44.13 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 35.3 | 2.26 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Yarn mills........... | 48.38 | 48.63 | 43.25 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 34.6 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Thread mills. | 51.21 | 50.82 | 46.61 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 36.7 | 1.29 | 1.28 | 1.27 |
| Broad-woven fabric mill | 52.80 | 53.59 | 49.13 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 37.5 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.31 |
| Cotton, silk, synthetic | 51.47 | 52.52 | 47.87 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 37.4 | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.28 |
| North | 57.37 | 58.06 | 53.86 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 38.2 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.41 |
| South | 50.55 | 51.31 | 46.50 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 37.2 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.25 |
| Woolen and worsted | 61.31 | 62.67 | 59.14 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 38.4 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.54 |
| Narrow fabrics and sma | 55.32 | 55.74 | 54.21 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 39.0 | 1.39 | 1.39 | 1.39 |
| Knitting mills. | 49.24 | 50.56 | 47.65 | 37.3 | 38.3 | 36.1 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 |
| Full-fashioned | 56.98 | 57.92 | 55.95 | 38.5 | 39.4 | 37.3 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.50 |
| North............. | 55.06 | 57.18 | 56.78 | 37.2 | 38.9 | 37.6 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.51 |
| Sout | 57.87 | 58.36 | 55.65 | 39.1 | 39.7 | 37.1 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.50 |
| Seamless | 42.22 | 43.09 | 39.18 | 36.4 | 37.8 | 35.3 | 1.16 | 1.14 | 1.11 |
| Nor | 43.20 | 43.44 | 40.80 | 36.0 | 36.5 | 34.0 | 1.20 | 1.19 | 1.20 |
| south | 41.86 | 42.83 | 39.05 | 36.4 | 37.9 | 35.5 | 1.15 | 1.13 | 1.10 |
| Knit out | 50.74 | 52.36 | 49.07 | 36.5 | 37.4 | 35.3 | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.39 |
| Knit unde | 44.53 | 45.13 | 42.33 | 36.5 | 37.3 | 34.7 | 1.22 | 1.21 | 1.22 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles. | 64.14 | 66.22 | 59.49 | 42.2 | 43.0 | 39.4 | 1.52 | 1.54 | 1.51 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles (except wool: | 64.02 | 66.10 | 59.40 | 42.4 | 43.2 | 39.6 | 1.51 | 1.53 | 1.50 |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor coverin | 72.51 | 71.86 | 68.68 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 39.7 | 1.76 | 1.74 | 1.73 |
| Wool carpets, rugs, and carpet yarn | 69.77 | 69.20 | 66.95 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 38.7 | 1.74 | 1.73 | 1.73 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery) | 55.80 | 60.76 | 54.53 | 37.2 | 39.2 | 36.6 | 1.50 | 1.55 | 1.49 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods. | 64.94 | 65.89 | 61.75 | 41.1 | 41.7 | 40.1 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.54 |
| Felt goods (except woven felts and hats). | 70.70 | 72.16 | 67.94 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 39.5 | 1.75 | 1.76 | 1.72 |
| Lace goods. | 62.54 | 64.62 | 57.24 | 37.9 | 39.4 | 36.0 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 1.59 |
| Paddings and upholstery filling | 72.76 | 75.41 | 69.55 | 42.8 | 4.1 | 41.9 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.66 |
| Processed waste and recovered f | 52.20 | 53.20 | 50.82 | 42.1 | 42.9 | 42.0 | 1.24 | 1.24 | 1.21 |
| Artificial leather, oilcloth, and other coated fabrics.................. | 85.43 | 86.10 | 76.68 | 45.2 | 45.8 | 42.6 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.80 |
| Cordage and twin | 53.96 | 53.70 | 52.25 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 1.35 |
| apparel and other finished textile PRODUCTS. | 48.60 | 49.01 | 47.68 | 36.0 | 36.3 | 34.8 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1.37 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coat | 58.03 | 58.32 | 55.84 | 35.6 | 36.0 | 34.9 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1.60 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| clothing. | 40.91 | 40.91 | 39.56 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 34.4 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.15 |
| Shirts, collars, and nig | 41.61 | 42.41 | 39.45 | 36.5 | 37.2 | 34. 3 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1.15 |
| Separate trouser | 44.15 | 43.55 | 44.16 | 37.1 | 36.6 | 36.2 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.22 |
| Work shirt | 34.03 | 33.12 | 31.39 | 36.2 | 34.5 | 32.7 | . 94 | . 96 | . 96 |
| Women's outerwe | 53.61 | 53.55 | 52.44 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 34.5 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.52 |
| Women's dresse | 53.19 | 53.70 | 50.96 | 35.7 | 35.8 | 34.2 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.49 |
| Household apparel. | 39.38 | 40.70 | 38.26 | 35.8 | 37.0 | 35.1 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.09 |
| Women's suits, coats, and skirts. | 67.97 | 66.25 | 66.80 | 34.5 | 33.8 | 33.4 | 1.97 | 1.96 | 2.00 |
| Women's, children's under garments | 43.80 | 43.92 | 42.33 | 35.9 | 36.3 | 34.7 | 1.22 | 1.21 | 1.22 |
| Underwear and nightwear, except corsets. | 40.68 | 41.08 | 39.79 | 36.0 | 36.3 | 34.9 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.14 |
| Corsets and allied garn | 48.33 | 48.78 | 45.89 | 35.8 | 36.4 | 34.5 | 1.35 | 1.34 | 1.33 |
| Millinery | 56.52 | 53.50 | 59.29 | 36.7 | 35.2 | 36.6 | 1.54 | 1.52 | 1.62 |
| Children's | 45.38 | 43.92 | 45.59 | 37.2 | 36.3 | 35.9 | 1.22 | 1.21 | 1.27 |

See foounotes at end of table.
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## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | Jan. <br> 1954 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued Miscellaneous apparel and accessories. | \$43.43 | \$45.13 | \$42.83 | 35.6 |  | 35.4 | \$1.22 | \$1.21 | \$1.21 |
| Other fabricated textile products. | 48.62 | 50.18 | 45.92 | 37.4 | 38.6 | 35.6 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.29 |
| Curtains, draperies, and other housefurnishings............... | 42.83 | 45.31 | 39.56 | 36.3 | 38.4 | 34.1 | 1.18 | 1.18 | 1.16 |
| Textile bags. | 51.27 | 52.22 | 50.41 | 37.7 | 38.4 | 37.9 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.33 |
| Canvas product | 50.05 | 52.67 | 50.01 | 38.5 | 39.6 | 37.6 | 1.30 | 1.33 | 1.33 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE) | 66.50 | 66.91 | 62.65 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 1.63 | 1.64 | 1.59 |
| Logging camps and contract | (1/) | 73.53 | 72.74 | (1/) | 38.7 | 38.9 | (1) | 1.90 | 1.87 |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 66.91 | 66.67 | 62.72 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.2 | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.60 |
| Sawmills and planing mills, | 67.32 | 67.08 | 63.11 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.2 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 1.61 |
| South. | 43.68 | 45.47 | 41.61 | 42.0 | 43.3 | 40.4 | 1.04 | 1.05 | 1.03 |
| West. | 85.41 | 83.81 | 80.35 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 37.9 | 2.19 | 2.16 | 2.12 |
| Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products. | 72.63 | 73.78 | 68.28 | 41.5 | 42.4 | 40.4 | 1.75 | 1.74 | 1.69 |
| Millwork................ | 70.21 | 72.50 | 67.80 | 41.3 | 42.4 | 40.6 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.67 |
| Plywood. | 79.90 | 78.68 | 72.83 | 43.9 | 44.2 | 42.1 | 1.82 | 1.78 | 1.73 |
| Wooden con | 49.63 | 50.53 | 47.72 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 38.8 | 1.25 | 1.26 | 1.23 |
| Wooden boxes, other than c | 49.60 | 50.38 | 47.46 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 38.9 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.22 |
| Miscellaneous wood products. | 56.85 | 57.13 | 53.07 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 39.9 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.33 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. | 63.99 | 65.83 | 61.78 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 39.6 | 1.58 | 1.59 | 1.56 |
| Household furniture.. | 61.00 | 63.19 | 58.41 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 39.2 | 1.51 | 1.53 | 1.49 |
| Wood household furniture, except upholstered. | 56.30 | 57.27 | 53.60 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 40.0 | 1.36 | 1.37 | 1.34 |
| Wood household furniture, upholstered.. | 62.92 | 70.98 | 60.10 | 38.6 | 42.0 | 37.1 | 1.63 | 1.69 | 1.62 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings.. | 68.80 | 66.70 | 64.08 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 38.6 | 1.72 | 1.68 | 1.66 |
| Office, public-building, and professional furniture...... | 72.69 | 74.27 | 70.86 | 41.3 | 42.2 | 41.2 | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1.72 |
| Wood office furniture | 59.90 | 60.90 | 59.60 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 1.49 | 1.50 | 1.49 |
| Metal office furniture. | 81.12 | 80.70 | 77.11 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.89 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures. | 76.57 | 76.78 | 75.14 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 1.90 | 1.91 | 1.86 |
| Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furniture and fixtures............. | 65.44 | 68.16 | 62.47 | 40.9 | 42.6 | 40.3 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.55 |
| paper and allied products. | 75.72 | 76.01 | 72.07 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 41.9 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.72 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills | 82.16 | 82.34 | 78.55 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.4 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.81 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes. | 69.87 | 70.22 | 65.36 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 40.1 | 1.70 | 1.68 | 1.63 |
| Paperboard boxes............ | 69.46 | 69.97 | 65.12 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 40.2 | 1.69 | 1.67 | 1.62 |
| fiber cans, tubes, and drums. | 75.95 | 75.52 | 69.60 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 39.1 | 1.88 | 1.86 | 1.78 |
| Other paper and allied products. | 67.56 | 68.39 | 65.53 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 1.66 | 1.66 | 1.61 |
| PRINTIHG, PUBLISHIHG, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES. | 88.24 | 90.09 | 86.02 | 38.2 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 2.31 | 2.31 | 2.24 |
| Newspapers. | 91.78 | 97.52 | 90.07 | 35.3 | 36.8 | 35.6 | 2.60 | 2.65 | 2.53 |
| Periodical | 88.98 | 87.12 | 89.87 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 40.3 | 2.27 | 2.20 | 2.23 |
| Books. | 78.41 | 78.41 | 74.49 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.91 |
| Commercial printing | 87.96 | 88.84 | 85.79 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.15 |
| Lithographing. | 86.75 | 87.16 | 83.07 | 38.9 | 39.8 | 39.0 | 2.23 | 2.19 | 2.13 |
| Greeting cards... | 55.86 | 54.34 69.87 | 51.61 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.4 | 1.47 | 1.43 | 1.38 |
| Bookbinding and related industries. | 68.50 | 69.87 | 67.16 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 38.6 | 1.77 | 1.76 | 1.74 |
| Miscellaneous publishing and printing services. | 106.77 | 106.77 | 104.41 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.65 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 79.13 | 79.90 | 76.86 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.87 |
| Industrial inorganic chemical | 87.08 | 87.53 | 84.87 | 40.5 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.07 |
| Alkalies and chlorine.. | 83.95 | 84.61 | 83.23 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 41.0 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.03 |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 83.43 | 84.46 | 81.41 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.01 |
| Plastics, except synthetic rubber | 83.83 | 85.45 | 81.32 | 41.5 | 42.3 | 41.7 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.95 |
| Synthetic rubber. | 93.25 72.76 | 92.80 | 88.29 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.18 |
| Synthatic fibers. | 72.76 | 73.31 | 71.60 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.79 |
| Explqsives. | 79.99 | 79.00 | 77.78 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.93 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | Jan. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | Jan. <br> 1954 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued Drugs and medicines. | \$73.21 | \$73.39 | \$72.28 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.3 | \$1.79 | \$1.79 | \$1.75 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishing preparations.................... | 83.84 | 84.25 | 79.93 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 2.03 | 2.03 |  |
| Soap and glycer | 90.83 | 91.91 | 86.07 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.12 |
| Faints, pigments, and fillers. | 78.31 | 79.68 | 76.67 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 1.91 | 1.92 | 1.87 |
| Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and enamels. | 76.70 | 77.87 | 75.26 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.84 |
| Gum and wood chem | 69.21 | 67.84 | 64.58 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 1.64 | 1.60 | 1.56 |
| Fertilizers. | 61.01 | 61.86 | 59.35 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 1.47 | 1.48 | 1.43 |
| Vegetable and animal oils | 69.16 | 68.36 | 66.17 | 45.8 | 46.5 | 46.6 | 1.51 | 1.47 | 1.42 |
| Vegetable oils. | 63.20 | 63.32 | 61.36 | 45.8 | 46.9 | 47.2 | 1.38 | 1.35 | 1.30 |
| Animal oils and | 79.87 | 78.32 | 76.39 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 45.2 | 1.74 | 1.71 | 1.69 |
| Miscellaneous chemical | 73.53 | 73.49 | 70.35 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.75 |
| Essential oils, perfumes, cosm | 61.06 | 62.09 | 59.44 | 38.4 | 39.3 | 38.1 | 1.59 | 1.58 | 1.56 |
| Compressed and liquified gases | 83.80 | 84.60 | 81.67 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.94 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 93.89 | 92.57 | 91.53 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 2.29 | 2.28 | 2.26 |
| Petroleum refin | 97.88 | 96.22 | 95.58 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.36 |
| Coke and other petroleum and coal products. | 79.00 | 79.58 | 77.57 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 1.97 | 1.96 | 1.92 |
| RUBBER PRODUCTS. | 84.25 | 85.07 | 75.08 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 38.7 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| Tires and inner | 97.41 | 98.18 | 82.88 | 41.1 | 41.6 | 37.5 | 2.37 | 2.36 | 2.21 |
| Rubber footwear | 68.97 | 71.69 | 62.98 | ${ }^{4} 0.1$ | 41.2 | 38.4 | 1.72 | 1.74 | 1.64 |
| Other rubber P | 76.08 | 76.44 | 70.62 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 39.9 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.77 |
| Leather and leather product | 52.44 | 52.16 | 51.89 | 38.0 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.38 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finis | 71.78 | 72.18 | 68.68 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 1.79 | 1.80 | 1.73 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing | 67.49 | 69.02 | 69.22 | 39.7 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.68 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and finding | 52.26 | 52.52 | 50.65 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 1.34 | 1.35 | 1.34 |
| Footwear lexcept rubbe | 49.88 | 49.10 | 49.37 | 37.5 | 37.2 | 37.4 | 1.33 | 1.32 | 1.32 |
| Luģage............ | 56.10 | 54.66 | 53.10 | 37.4 | 36.2 | 35.4 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.50 |
| Handbags and small leather goods | 47.58 | 49.88 | 46.38 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 37.1 | 1.22 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather | 45.51 | 45.00 | 43.54 | 36.7 | 36.0 | 35.4 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.23 |
| STOME, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS. | 73.31 | 73.98 | 69.48 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 39.7 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.75 |
| Flat glass............. | 108.97 | 109.04 | 99.31 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 40.7 | 2.54 | 2.53 | 2.44 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or | 72.52 | 73.08 | 68.64 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.76 |
| Glass container | 72.91 | 73.84 | 70.35 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.79 |
| Pressed and blown | 72.31 | 71.92 | 66.61 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 38.5 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.73 |
| Glass products made of purchased g | 62.12 | 64.30 | 57.57 | 40.6 | 42.3 | 38.9 | 1.53 | 1.52 | 1.48 |
| Cement, hydraulic. | 76.59 | 75.53 | 73.51 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 1.85 | 1.82 | 1.78 |
| Structural clay prod | 65.69 | 67.57 | 62.81 | 40.3 | 41.2 | 39.5 | 1.63 | 1.64 | 1.59 |
| Brick and hollow | 63.08 | 65.79 | 59.13 | 41.5 | 43.0 | 40.5 | 1.52 | 1.53 | 1.46 |
| Floor and wall | 68.06 | 68.74 | 66.36 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.68 |
| Sewer pipe.... | 64.45 | 66.23 | 63.20 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 1.64 | 1.66 | 1.60 |
| Clay refractories. | 71.98 | 72.00 | 67.11 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 37.7 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.78 |
| Pottery and related products | 61.56 | 63.10 | 60.14 | 36.0 | 36.9 | 35.8 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.68 |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plas | 72.67 | 74.12 | 70.31 | 43.0 | 43.6 | 42.1 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1.67 |
| Concrete products. | 68.85 | 70.58 | 68.30 | 42.5 | 43.3 | 41.9 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1.63 |
| Cut-stone and stone products | 64.37 | 66.56 | 61.29 | 41.0 | 41.6 | 39.8 | 1.57 | 2.60 | 1.54 |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mine products. | 77.90 | 77.30 | 73.08 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 39.5 | 1.90 | 1.89 | 1.85 |
| Abrasive produc | 83.03 | 83.84 | 76.44 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.0 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 1.96 |
| Asbestos products | 80.98 | 79.99 | 75.07 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 40.8 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.84 |
| Nonclay refractori | 76.26 | 75.89 | 71.64 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 36.0 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.99 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES. | 86.65 | 85.60 | 81.74 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 39.3 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.08 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills....................... | 89.67 | 87.98 | 84.80 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 2.27 | 2.25 | 2.18 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills, except electrometallurgical products........................ | 89.67 83.44 | 87.98 82.42 | 84.80 77.41 | 39.5 40.9 | 39.1 40.6 | 38.9 39.9 | 2.27 2.04 | 2.25 2.03 | 2.18 1.94 |

## Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. 1955 | Dec. 1954 | Jan. 1954 | Jan. 1955 | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jen. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES-Continued <br> Iron and steel foundries. | \$78.78 | \$77.99 | \$74.30 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 38.9 | \$1.95 | \$1.94 | \$1.91 |
| Gray-iron foundries. | 78.55 | 77.76 | 73.51 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.1 | 1.93 | 1.92 | 1.88 |
| Malleable-iron foundr | 79.79 | 79.17 | 72.77 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 38.1 | 1.97 | 1.95 | 1.91 |
| Steel foundries | 79.59 | 78.38 | 76.43 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 38.6 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.98 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals................. | 82.21 | 81.00 | 83.40 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 41.7 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc. Primary refining of aluminum............ | 80.16 86.24 | 77.97 86.46 | 82.49 84.66 | 40.9 40.3 | 40.4 40.4 | 42.3 40.9 | 1.96 2.14 | 1.93 2.14 | 1.95 2.07 |
| Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals............................ | 77.79 | 78.31 | 73.62 | 41.6 | 42.1 | 40.9 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.80 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals............................ | 87.35 | 86.11 | 78.21 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 39.7 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 1.97 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper. | 89.03 | 87.56 | 77.21 | 42.6 | 42.3 | 38.8 | 2.09 | 2.07 | 1.99 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of aluminum. | 85.07 | 82.82 | 77.99 | 41.7 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 2.04 | 2.03 | 1.94 |
| Nonferrous foundries............... | 83.82 | 84.66 | 80.40 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 40.0 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.01 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal | 91.72 | 90.45 | 83.95 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 39.6 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.12 |
| Iron and steel forgings... | 93.84 | 91.88 | 88.40 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 2.30 | 2.28 | 2.21 |
| Wire drawing. | 90.72 | 91.15 | 81.14 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 39.2 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.07 |
| Welded and heavy-riveted p | 89.82 | 87.53 | 83.37 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 39.7 | 2.18 | 2.14 | 2.10 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHIMERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT) <br> ...................................... | 80.34 | 80.70 | 76.92 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 40.7 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.89 |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 81.41 | 83.21 | 77.79 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 40.1 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.94 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware....... | 79.23 | 78.62 | 73.16 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 40.2 | 1.90 | 1.89 | 1.82 |
| Cutlery and edge tools................... | 68.34 | 70.04 | 64.12 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 39.1 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.64 |
| Hand tools.......... | 75.33 | 74.59 | 73.57 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.83 |
| Hardware | 84.55 | 83.10 | 76.33 | 42.7 | 42.4 | 40.6 | 1.98 | 1.96 | 1.88 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers supplies. | 75.25 | 76.78 | 71.80 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 38.6 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.86 |
| Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies... | 80.00 | 81.00 | 74,69 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 38.9 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.92 |
| Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classified. $\qquad$ | 72.93 | 74.80 | 70.46 | 39.0 | 40.0 | 38.5 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.83 |
| Fabricated structural metal products... | 78.18 | 80.15 | 80.26 | 40.3 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.92 |
| Structural steel and ornamental metal work. | 77.57 | 79.52 | 82.18 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 42.8 | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.92 |
| Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim. | 79.79 | 83.40 | 75.39 | 40.3 | 41.7 | 40.1 | 1.98 | 2.00 | 1.88 |
| Boiler-shop products | 79.18 | 79.77 | 80.87 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 41.9 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.93 |
| Sheet-metal work.... | 77.61 | 80.57 | 77.95 | 39.8 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 1.95 | 1.97 | 1.92 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.. | 85.67 | 85.43 | 81.16 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| Vitreous-enameled products.............. | 63.99 | 63.43 | 61.88 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 38.2 | 1.62 | 2.61 | 1.62 |
| Stamped and pressed metal products..... | 89.45 | 88.18 | 83.63 | 42.8 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 2.09 | 2.07 | 2.02 |
| Lighting firtures............................ | 79.15 | 80.51 | 72.58 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.81 |
| Fabricated wire products................. | 75.48 | 77.93 | 73.02 | 40.8 | 41.9 | 39.9 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.83 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products. | 80.79 | 80.75 | 74.70 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 40.6 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.84 |
| ```Metal shipping barrels, drums, kegs, and pails.``` | 85.07 | 84.86 | 81.41 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2.02 |
| Steel springs.............................. | 89.25 | 85.08 | 81.40 | 42.3 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 2.11 | 2.07 | 2.00 |
| Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets....... | 85.06 | 83.42 | 74.00 | 43.4 | 43.0 | 40.0 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.85 |
| Screw-machine products.................. . | 78.35 | 80.22 | 75.76 | 41.9 | 42.9 | 41.4 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.83 |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)............. | 83.44 | 83.44 | 82.40 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 2.00 |
| Engines and turbines...................... | 88.99 | 90.03 | 86.51 | 4.2 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.11 |
| Steam engines, turbines, and water wheels. | 94.30 | 97.75 | 97.02 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 42.0 | 2.34 | 2.39 | 2.31 |
| Diesel and other internal-combustion engines, not elsewhere classified..... | 86.74 | 86.94 | 82.42 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.03 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors..... | 82.01 | 80.40 | 77.03 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.95 |
| Tractors | 86.31 | 84.03 | 80.19 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 2.10 | 2.08 | 2.02 |
| Agricultural machinery lexcept tractors)...................................... | 77.81 | 77.02 | 74.47 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.89 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table C-l: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnines |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)-Continued <br> Construction and mininǵ machinery....... | \$80.59 | \$80.78 | \$79.76 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.9 | \$1.98 | \$1.98 | \$1.95 |
| Construction and mining machinery, except for oil fields.............. | 80.18 | 79.98 | 77.59 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.93 |
| Oil-field machinery and tools. | 80.79 | 81.79 | 84.77 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 42.6 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.99 |
| Metalworking machinery. | 91.78 | 91.76 | 94.60 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 44.0 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.15 |
| Machine toois. | 88.20 | 88.20 | 93.66 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 44.6 | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2.10 |
| Metalworking machinery (except machine tools).................. | 85.90 | 85.06 | 85.27 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 41.8 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.04 |
| Machine-tool accessories....... | 96.28 | 97.55 | 99.23 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 44.7 | 2.26 | 2.29 | 2.22 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery)............ | 80.16 | 80.93 | 80.51 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.94 |
| Food-products machinery... | 80.99 | 81.79 | 84.15 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 42.5 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.98 |
| Textile machinery. | 72.22 | 72.86 | 70.09 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 39.6 | 1.77 | 1.76 | 1.77 |
| Paper-industries machiner | 83.50 | 86.53 | 83.03 | 42.6 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 1.96 | 1.98 | 1.90 |
| Printing-trades machinery and equipment. | 87.05 | 88.34 | 89.24 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.14 |
| General industrial machinery... | 80.60 | 81.61 | 81.16 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| Pumps, air and gas compressors. | 79.59 | 79.98 | 80.56 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.96 |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment. | 80.36 | 81.81 | 81.76 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 41.5 | 2.05 | 2.03 | 1.97 |
| Blowers, exhaust and ventilating fans.. | 74.24 | 75.43 | 75.07 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 1.87 | 1.90 | 1.84 |
| Industrial trucks, tractors, etc.. Mechanical power-transmission | 79.60 | 79.40 | 73.15 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 38.1 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.92 |
| Mechanical power-transmission equipment......................... | 83.44 | 83.44 | 83.82 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 2.01 |
| office and store machines and devices. | 80.80 | 80.60 | 78.60 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| Computing machines and cash regist | 87.89 | 87.64 | 84.40 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 2.17 | 2.18 | 2.11 |
| Typewriters................ | 75.41 | 76.52 | 71.31 | 39.9 | 40.7 | 39.4 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.81 |
| Service-industry and household machines. | 79.40 | 80.00 | 77.62 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.96 |
| Domestic laundry equipment...... | 80.40 | 81.81 | 73.91 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 38.1 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.94 |
| Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and pressing machines.......................... | 72.50 | 74.93 | 73.93 | 39.4 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.83 |
| Sewing machines............... | 79.80 | 81.81 | 77.60 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 38.8 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.00 |
| Refrigerators and air-conditioning units. | 80.40 | 80.40 | 79.40 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 1.99 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts. | 81.79 | 80.99 | 78.57 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.94 |
| Fabricated pipe, fittings, and | 80.20 | 80.60 | 78.78 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.95 |
| Ball and roller bearings. | 83.42 | 80.60 | 77.42 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 39.5 | 2.01 | 1.99 | 1.96 |
| Machine shops (job and repair) | 82.96 | 81.95 | 79.68 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.92 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY. | 74.56 | 74.52 | 70.74 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 1.85 | 1.84 | 1.80 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.. | 78.78 | 79.56 | 76.99 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.1 | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.92 |
| Wiring devices and supplies............. | 69.43 | 71.17 | 67.20 | 39.9 | 40.9 | 39.3 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.71 |
| Carbon and graphite products (electrical). | 76.67 | 76.07 | 75.39 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.1 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.88 |
| Electrical indicating, measuring, and recording instruments...................... | 73.20 | 71.89 | 71.92 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 1.83 | 1.82 | 1.83 |
| Motors, generators, and motor-generator sets. | 84.25 | 83.84 | 82.62 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.04 |
| Power and distribution transformers. | 81.95 | 84.58 | 75.85 | 41.6 | 42.5 | 39.1 | 1.97 | 1.99 | 1.94 |
| Switchgear, switchboard, and industrial controls. | 76.21 | 79.13 | 75.11 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.85 |
| Electrical welding appar | 83.83 | 84.84 | 78.21 | 41.5 | 42.0 | 39.7 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.97 |
| Electrical appliances | 77.42 | 78.38 | 74.87 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 39.2 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.91 |
| Insulated wire and cable | 73.51 | 73.69 | 67.20 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 39.3 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.71 |
| Electrical equipment for vehicle | 80.59 | 79.38 | 75.06 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 1.98 | 1.96 | 1.91 |
| Electric lamps.. | 68.17 | 68.51 | 64.12 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.1 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.64 |
| communication equipment. | 70.93 | 70.53 | 65.96 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 38.8 | 1.76 | 1.75 | 1.70 |
| Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment. | 69.14 | 69.32 | 65.02 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 38.7 | 1.72 | 1.72 | 1.68 |
| Radio tubes...................... | 64.62 | 64.94 | 59.72 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 37.8 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.58 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment. | 86.32 | 83.64 | 77.78 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 2.07 | 2.03 | 1.93 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. $1955$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Jen. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | Jan. <br> 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| ELECTRICAL MACHINERY-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous electrical products. | \$70.35 | \$70.53 | \$68.43 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.1 | \$1.79 | \$1.79 | \$1.75 |
| Storage batteries. | 76.44 | 77.62 | 76.22 | 39.0 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.92 |
| Primary batteries (dry and wet). | 59.74 | 59.13 | 59.13 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 |
| X -ray and non-radio electronic tube | 78.41 | 81.16 | 74.64 | 39.8 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.88 |
| transportation equipment | 91.98 | 93.08 | 85.86 | 42.0 | 42.5 | 40.5 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.12 |
| Automobile | 96.10 | 99.44 | 89.79 | 42.9 | 44.0 | 41.0 | 2.24 | 2.26 | 2.19 |
| Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and accessories. | 96.75 | 100.11 | 90.42 | 43.0 | 44.1 | 41.1 | 2.25 | 2.27 | 2.20 |
| Truck and bus bodies............... | 76.63 | 78.38 | 75.58 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.88 |
| Trailers (truck and automobil | 77.97 | 82.88 | 72.56 | 40.4 | 42.5 | 38.8 | 1.93 | 1.95 | 1.87 |
| Aircraft and parts. | 88.60 | 87.77 | 83.23 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 2.14 | 2.12 | 2.05 |
| Aircraft. | 89.23 | 87.56 | 82.21 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 40.1 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.05 |
| Aircraft engines and part | 87.95 | 87.34 | 84.67 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 2.14 | 2.12 | 2.05 |
| Aircraft propellers and parts | 83.41 | 84.21 | 78.28 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 38.0 | 2.08 | 2.10 | 2.06 |
| Other aircraft parts and equipmen | 87.98 | 90.09 | 85.07 | 41.5 | 42.1 | 41.7 38.0 | 2.12 | 2.14 2.12 | 2.04 |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 82.35 85.46 | 83.10 85.36 | 78.66 80.14 | 39.4 39.2 | 39.2 38.8 | 38.0 37.8 | 2.09 2.18 | 2.12 2.20 | 2.07 2.12 |
| Ship building and repairing. | 85.46 70.12 | 85.36 71.51 | 80.14 70.53 | 39.2 40.3 | 38.8 41.1 | 37.8 39.4 | 2.18 1.74 | 2.20 1.74 | 2.12 1.79 |
| Railroad equipment. | 87.38 | 88.88 | 82.32 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 39.2 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.10 |
| Locomotives and parts | 88.29 | 89.38 | 82.89 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 39.1 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.12 |
| Railroad and street cars | 87.12 | 88.40 | 81.54 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 39.2 | 2.20 | 2.21 | 2.08 |
| Other transportation equipment. | 75.14 | 71.19 | 68.78 | 40.4 | 38.9 | 38.0 | 1.86 | 1.83 | 1.81 |
| INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 74.77 | 75.33 | 72.22 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.81 |
| Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments.................. | 86.09 | 87.97 | 80.50 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 38.7 | 2.11 | 2.13 | 2.08 |
| Mechanical measuring and controlling instruments. | 75.39 | 77.49 | 72.83 | 40.1 | 41.0 | 39.8 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.83 |
| Optical instruments and lenses. | 76.38 | 78.09 | 75.21 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.85 |
| Surgical, medical, and dental instruments. $\qquad$ | 67.30 | 67.13 | 66.00 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 1.67 | 1.67 | 1.65 |
| Ophthalmic goods. | 58.65 | 59.10 | 58.76 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.48 |
| Photographic appara | 83.23 | 82.01 | 81.16 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| Watches and clocks | 66.08 | 65.63 | 64.62 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 1.69 | 1.67 | 1.64 |
| MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURIMG Industries... | 66.09 | 66.18 | 63.43 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 39.4 | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.61 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 67.98 | 71.48 | 66.58 | 41.2 | 42.8 | 40.6 | 1.65 | 1.67 | 1.64 |
| Jewelry and findings. | 64.68 | 67.58 | 63.65 | 41.2 | 42.5 | 40.8 | 1.57 | 1.59 | 1.56 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 74.57 | 79.67 | 71.33 | 41.2 | 43.3 | 40.3 | 1.81 | 1.84 | 1.77 |
| Musical instruments and p | 73.85 | 76.49 | 70.75 | 40.8 | 41.8 | 40.2 | 1.81 | 1.83 | 1.76 |
| Toys and sporting goods.. | 59.82 | 58.74 | 60.22 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 1.53 | 1.51 | 1.56 |
| Games, toys, dolls, and children's vehicles. | 60.06 | 57.68 | 59.63 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 37.5 | 1.54 | 1.51 | 1.59 |
| Sporting and athletic goods. | 59.58 | 59.80 | 60.65 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 1.52 | 1.51 | 1.52 |
| Pens, pencils, and other office supplies.. | 61.46 | 61.50 | 59.30 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 39.8 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.49 |
| costume jewelry, buttons, notion | 59.13 | 58.58 | 57.42 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 38.8 | 1.46 | 1.45 | 1.48 |
| Fabricated plastics products. | 70.76 | 71.04 | 66.23 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.9 | 1.73 | 1.72 | 1.66 |
| Other manufacturing industries.......... | 68.63 | 68.51 | 65.46 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 39.2 | 1.72 | 1.70 | 1.67 |

## Hours and Eanmes

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers
or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

| Industry group and industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1954 | Jen. 1954 | Jan. 1955 | Dec. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| transportation and public utilities: TRANSPORTATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I railroads. | (1/) | \$81. 64 | \$75.08 | (1/) | 42.3 | 38.7 | (1/) | \$1.93 | \$1.94 |
| Local railways and bus lines........... COMMUNICATION: | \$78.38 | 79.49 | 78.59 | 42.6 | 43.2 | 44.4 | \$1.84 | 1.84 | 1.77 |
| Telephone. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 69.27 | 70.74 | 65.70 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 38.2 | 1.79 | 1.80 | 1.72 |
| Switchboard operatinǵ employees $2 / . .$. | 57.04 | 56.83 | 54.30 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 36.2 | 1.55 | 1.54 | 1.50 |
| Line construction, installation, and maintenance employees $3 / . . . . . .$. | 96.87 | 103.66 | 91.94 | 42.3 | 44.3 | 41.6 | 2.29 | 2.34 | 2.21 |
| Telegraph 4/.......................... | 76.82 | 77.00 | 72.80 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.78 |
| other public utilities: <br> Gas and electric utilities.............. | 84.25 | 84.87 | 81.77 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 1.98 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WHOLESALE TRADE. RETAIL TRADE (EXCEPT EATING AND | 75.74 | 75.89 | 72.76 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.81 |
| DRINKING PLACES)........................... | 57.87 | 56.88 | 55.77 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 1.48 | 1.44 | 1.43 |
| General merchandise stores............. | 42.01 | 41.92 | 40.14 | 35.6 | 37.1 | 34.9 | 1.18 | 1.13 | 1.15 |
| Department stores and general mail-order houses......................... | 47.42 | 49.15 | 45.31 | 36.2 | 38.4 | 35.4 | 1.31 | 1.28 | 1.28 |
| Food and liquor stores................ | 61.18 | 61.44 | 59.75 | 38.0 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 1.61 | 1.60 | 1.56 |
| Automotive and accessories dealers.... | 76.81 | 76.37 | 71.60 | 44.4 | 44.4 | 44.2 | 1.73 | 1.72 | 1.62 |
| Apparel and accessories stores........ | 47.08 | 48.28 | 46.11 | 35.4 | 36.3 | 35.2 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.31 |
| Other retail trade: <br> Furniture and appliance stores........ | 64.68 | 66.81 | 63.00 | 42.0 | 43.1 | 42.0 | 1.54 | 1.55 | 1.50 |
| Lumber and hardware supply stores.... | 66.57 | 67.78 | 64.14 | 42.4 | 42.9 | 42.2 | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.52 |
| finance, insurance, amd real estate: | 58.85 | 58.51 | 56.51 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Security dealers and exchanges.......... | 107.70 | 111.75 | 86.83 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers. | 71.76 | 71.29 | 68.74 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SERVICE AND HISCELLANEOUS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round 5/.................. | 41.26 | 41.38 | 39.71 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.8 | . 98 | . 99 | . 95 |
| Personal services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 9 |  |
| Laundries. | 40.50 | 40.70 | 39.70 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.00 |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants............ | 46.89 | 47.01 | 45.08 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 38.2 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.18 |
| Motion pictures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motion-picture production and distribution................... | 203.04 | 102.80 | 92.18 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

## 1/ Not available.

2/ Data relate to omployees in auch ocoupations in the tolephone industry as awitohboard oporatore; aservice assiatanta; operating room instructors; and pay-atation attondants. Daring 1953 anoh arployees made up 45 parcont of the total mumber of nonsupervisocy employees in tolephone establishments reporting houra and earnings deta.

3/Data relate to employees in such oocupationa in the tolephone industry as central office araftamen; inatailation and eccohange repair craftamen; line, cable, and oonduit craftamen; and laboreres. Durring 1953 such omployees made up 24 percont of the total nurber of nomapervisory anployees in tolephome establishments roportm ing hours and carninge data.

4/ Data relate to domestic anplogees excopt maseongers and those ocompensatod ontirely on a commisaion basis.
5/ Money payments aniy; additional value of board, room, uniforma, and tipa, not inolvded.

Table C-2: Gross average weekly earnings of production workers in selected industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

| Period | Manufacturing |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Bituminous-coal } \\ \text { mining } \end{array}$ |  | Laundries |  | Period | Manufacturing |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bituminous-coal } \\ \text { mining } \end{gathered}$ |  | Laundries |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right\|$ | Current <br> dollars | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right\|$ | Current dollars | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right\|$ | Current dollars | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right\|$ | Current dollars | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1947-49 } \\ & \text { doljars } \end{aligned}$ |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  | Monthly <br> data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939... | \$23.86 | \$40.17 | \$23.88 | \$40.20 | \$17.64 | \$29.70 | Dec.... | \$72.36 | \$62.98 | \$82.25 | \$71.58 | \$40.60 | \$35.34 |
| 1940... | 25.20 | 42.07 | 24.71 | 41.25 | 17.93 | 29.93 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941... | 29.58 | 47.03 | 30.86 | 49.06 | 18.69 | 29.71 | Jan.... | 70.92 | 61.56 | 82.34 | 71.48 | 39.70 | 34.46 |
| 1942 | 36.65 | 52.58 | 35.02 | 50.24 | 20.34 | 29.18 | Feb.... | 71.28 | 61.98 61.59 | 79.04 73.06 | 68.73 63.64 | 39.80 39.60 | 34.61 34.49 |
| 1943.. | 43.14 | 58.30 | 41.62 | 56.24 | 23.08 | 31.19 | Apr.... | 70.20 | 61.26 | 71.67 | 62.54 | 40.80 | 35.60 |
| 1944... | 46.08 | 61.28 | 51.27 | 68.18 | 25.95 | 34.51 | May.... | 71.13 | 61.85 | 76.32 | 66.37 | 40.30 | 35.04 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | June... | 71.68 | 62.28 | 83.00 | 72.11 | 40.50 | 35.19 |
| 1945... | 44.39 | 57.72 | 52.25 | 67.95 | 27.73 | 36.06 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946... | 43.82 | 52.54 | 58.03 | 69.58 | 30.20 | 36.21 | July... | 70.92 | 61.56 | 75.39 | 65.44 | 40.00 | 34.72 |
| 1947... | 49.97 | 52.32 | 66.59 | 69.73 | 32.71 | 34.25 | Aug.... | 71.06 | 61.79 | 82.09 | 71.38 | 39.40 | 34.26 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sept... | 71.86 | 62.65 | 81.17 | 70.77 | 40.50 | 35.31 |
| 1948... | 54.14 | 52.67 | 72.12 | 70.16 | 34.23 | 33.30 | Oct.... | 72.22 | 63.07 | 87.54 | 76.45 | 40.50 | 35.37 |
| 1949... | 54.92 59.33 | 53.95 | 63.28 | 62.16 | 34.98 | 34.36 | Nov.... | 73.57 | 64.20 | 88.29 | 77.04 | 40.40 | 35.25 |
| 1950... | 59.33 | 57.71 | 70.35 | 68.43 | 35.47 | 34. 50 | Dec.... | 74.12 | 64.85 | 92.01 | 80.50 | 40.70 | 35.61 |
| 1951... | $64.71$ $67.97$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58.30 \\ & 59.89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77.79 \\ & 78.09 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70.08 \\ & 68.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.81 \\ & 38.63 \end{aligned}$ | 34.06 <br> 34.04 <br> 34.69 | $\frac{1955}{J \operatorname{sen} . . . .}$ | 73.97 | 64.72 | 92.26 | 80.72 | 40.50 | 35.43 |
| :953... | 71.69 | 62.67 | 85.31 | 74.57 | 39.69 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table C-3: Average weekly earnings, gross and net spendable, of production workers in manufacturing industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

| Period | Gross average weekly earnings |  | Net spendable average weekly earnings |  |  |  | Period | Gross average weekly earnings |  | Net spendableaverage weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49 \\ =100) \end{gathered}$ | Worker with no dependents |  | Worker with 3 dependents |  |  | Amount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Index } \\ (1947-49 \\ =100) \end{gathered}$ | Worker with no dependents |  | Worker with 3 dependents |  |
|  |  |  | Current dollars | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1947-49 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1947-49 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1947-49 \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monthly } \\ & \text { data: } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | \$23.86 | 45.1 | \$23.58 | \$ 39.70 | \$23.62 | \$ $\$ 39.76$ | Dec.... | \$72.36 | 136.7 | \$59.06 | \$51.40 | \$67.11 | \$58.41 |
| 1940. | 25.20 | 47.6 | 24.69 | 41.22 | 24.95 | 41.65 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941.... | 29.58 | 55.9 | 28.05 | 44.59 | 29.28 | 46.55 | Jan. ... | 70.92 | 133.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 58.80 \\ & 59.09 \end{aligned}$ | 51.04 51.38 | 66.00 66.30 | $\begin{aligned} & 57.29 \\ & 57.65 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Feb.... | 71.28 | 134.6 | $59.09$ | 51.38 | 66.30 | $57.65$ |
| 1942. | 36.65 | 69.2 | 31.77 | 45.58 | 36.28 | 52.05 | Mar.... | 70.71 | 133.5 | 58.63 | 51.07 | 65.83 | 57.34 |
| 1943... | 43.14 | 81.5 | 36.01 | 48.66 | 41.39 | 55.93 | Apr.... | 70.20 | 132.6 | 58.22 | 50.80 | 65.41 | 57.08 |
| 1944.... | 46.08 | 87.0 | 38.29 | 50.92 | 44.06 | 58.89 | May.... | 71.13 | 134.3 | 58.97 | 51.28 | 66.18 | 57.55 |
| 1945 | 44. | 83.8 |  | 48.08 | 42.74 | 55 | June... | 71.68 | 135.4 | 59.41 | 51.62 | 66.63 | 57.89 |
| 1946. | 43.82 | 82.8 | 37.72 | 45.23 | 43.20 | 51.80 | July... | 70.92 | 133.9 | 58.80 | 51.04 | 66.00 | 57.29 |
| 1947. | 49.97 | 94.4 | 42.76 | 44.77 | 48.24 | 50.51 | Aug.... | 71.06 | 134.2 | 58.91 | 51.23 | 66.12 | 57.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sept... | 71.86 | 135.7 | 59.55 | 51.92 | 66.78 | 58.22 |
| 1948.... | 54.14 | 102.2 | 47.43 | 46.14 | 53.17 | 51.72 | Oct.... | 72.22 | 136.4 | 59.84 | 52.26 | 67.07 | 58.58 |
| 1949.... | 54.92 | 103.7 | 48.09 | 47.24 | 53.83 | 52.88 | Nov.... | 73.57 | 138.9 | 60.92 | 53.16 53.68 | 68.18 | 59.49 |
| 1950.... | 59.33 | 112.0 | 51.09 | 49.70 | 57.21 | 55.65 | Dec.... | 74.12 | 140.0 | 61.36 | 53.68 | 68.63 | 60.04 |
| 1951.... | 64.71 | 122.2 | 54.04 | 48.68 | 61.28 | 55.21 | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1952.... | 67.97 | 128.4 | 55.66 | 49.04 | 63.62 | 56.05 | Jan.... | 73.97 | 139.7 | 61.15 | 53.50 | 68.41 | 59.85 |
| 1953... | 71.69 | 135.4 | 58.54 | 51.17 | 66.58 | 58.20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Adpusted Earmings

Table C-4: Average hourly earnings, gross and excluding overtime, of production workers in manufacturing industries


1/ 21-month average; Auguat 1945 axcluded becauge of VJ-day holiday period.

Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours
in industrial and construction activity $y$ in industrial and construction activity $\sqrt{ } \sqrt{ }$

| Period | TOTAL 2 / | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mining } \\ \text { division } \end{gathered}$ | Contract construction division |  | Manufacturing division | Total: Durable goods | Total: Nondurable goods | Manufacturing - Durable goods |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Ordnance and accessories |  |  | Lumber and wood products (except furniture) |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947............ | 103.6 | 105.1 | 94.6 |  |  | 104.8 | 106.1 | 103.1 | 101.2 | 107.0 |
| 1948............ | 103.4 | 105.4 | 103.4 |  | 103.2 | 104.1 | 102.1 | 107.6 | 102.7 |
| 1949............. | 93.0 | 89.5 | 102.0 |  | 92.0 | 89.7 | 94.7 | 91.1 | 90.3 |
| 1950. | 101.5 | 91.0 | 109.1 |  | 101.1 | 102.7 | 99.2 | 107.4 | 99.6 |
| 1951. | 109.5 | 95.0 | 124.1 |  | 108.4 | 115.7 | 99.7 | 290.4 | 102.7 |
| 195?............ | 109.7 | 90.9 | 127.5 |  | 108.4 | 116.6 | 98.6 | 625.0 | 96.9 |
| 1953............ | 113.5 | 86.6 | 124.2 |  | 113.7 | 125.5 | 99.7 | 826.7 | 94.0 |
| Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953: Dec...... | 108.4 | 82.9 | 120.6 |  | 106.4 | 118.4 | 96.4 | 812.7 | 86.1 |
| 1954: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { May. } \\ & \text { June. }\end{aligned}$ | 101.9 | 80.3 | 98.3 |  | 103.8 | 113.7 | 92.1 | 764.1 | 79.6 |
|  | 102.4 | 78.0 | 106.0 |  | 103.5 | 112.5 | 92.8 | 712.1 | 82.3 |
|  | 101.8 | 73.9 | 109.8 |  | 102.5 | 110.6 | 92.9 | 6,4.3 | 84.1 |
|  | 99.9 | 71.5 | 115.9 |  | 99.5 | 108.1 | 89.2 | 587.8 | 85.3 |
|  | 100.4 | 72.3 | 122.5 |  | 99.1 | 107.2 | 89.4 | 542.0 | 88.5 |
|  | 102.1 | 75.4 | 129.4 |  | 100.0 | 107.0 | 91.6 | 522.1 | 93.8 |
| July..... | 100.2 | 72.5 | 132.7 |  | 97.4 | 102.2 | 91.7 | 306.1 | 80.6 |
| Aug...... | 102.5 | 74.8 | 135. |  | 100.1 | 103.5 | 96.1 | 489.9 | 83.2 |
| Sept..... | 103.1 | 71.3 | 129.4 |  | 101.4 | 104.7 | 97.6 | 494.7 | 92.3 |
| Oct....... | 103.8 | 73.0 | 129.3 |  | 102.2 | 107.3 | 96.1 | 490.5 | 97.7 |
| Nov...... | 104.3 | 73.7 | 124. |  | 103.5 | 110.1 | 95.6 | 483.7 | 95.9 |
| Dec...... | 103.7 | 74.5 | 114.5 |  | 104.1 | 111.2 | 95.6 | 480.5 | 91.8 |
| 1955: Jan. | 100.6 | 73.8 | 101.6 |  | 102.2 | 109.9 | 93.1 | 466.2 | 87.8 |
|  | Manufacturing - Durable goods - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Period | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Furnitur } \\ & \text { and fixtu } \end{aligned}$ | Stone <br> and <br> prod | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e, clay, } \\ & \text { iglass } \\ & \text { oducts } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Prima } \\ \text { ind } \end{array}$ | ary metal dustries | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fabricated } \\ \text { metal } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinery } \\ & \text { (except } \end{aligned}$ electrical | $\text { L) } \begin{aligned} & \text { Electrical } \\ & \text { machinery } \end{aligned}$ | Transportam tion equipment |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947.......... | 103.3 |  | 02.8 |  | 105.4 | 106.7 | 108.3 | 111.1 | 102.9 |
| 1948............. | 104.6 |  | 3.9 |  | 106.6 | 103.8 | 106.6 | 102.9 | 100.9 |
| 1949............. | 92.1 |  | 93.3 |  | 88.0 | 89.4 | 85.1 | 86.0 | 96.3 |
| 1950............. | 111.5 |  | 102.9 |  | 104.1 | 106.5 | 94.0 | 107.6 | 106.1 |
| 1951............. | 105.9 |  | 11.4 |  | 115.7 | 115.8 | 116.9 | 123.7 | 124.5 |
| 1952............. | 106.2 |  | 24.3 |  | 104.6 | 112.1 | 118.4 | 131.2 | 138.0 |
| 1953............ | 108.2 |  | 06.6 |  | 114.0 | 123.7 | 118.9 | 148.0 | 158.7 |
| Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953: Dec...... | 101.4 |  | 03.2 |  | 105.4 | 115.4 | 112.3 | 138.3 | 151.1 |
| 1954: Jan...... | 96.1 |  | 96.2 |  | 101.4 | 112.9 | 109.4 | 131.1 | 148.6 |
| Feb...... | 96.7 |  | 97.8 |  | 97.5 | 111.5 | 108.6 | 130.6 | 144.0 |
| Mar....... | 96.2 |  | 98.2 |  | 94.4 | 109.4 | 106.6 | 127.9 | 141.0 |
| Apr....... | 91.6 |  | 9.3 |  | 92.8 | 106.9 | 103.7 | 123.8 | 138.6 |
| May. . . . . | 88.8 |  | 97.6 |  | 92.4 | 107.8 | 102.0 | 122.0 | 136.0 |
| June. | 90.0 |  | 97.8 |  | 94.0 | 107.5 | 100.6 | 119.8 | 131.9 |
| July...... | 88.9 |  | 96.7 |  | 91.5 | 102.8 | 95.9 | 117.2 | 127.0 |
| Aug...... | 96.6 |  | 99.9 |  | 91.6 | 105.5 | 94.9 | 121.5 | 124.2 |
| Sept..... | 99.7 |  | 00.7 |  | 91.5 | 106.0 | 95.3 | 125.5 | 118.3 |
| Oct...... | 101.7 |  | 2. 2 |  | 92.7 | 108.0 | 94.8 | 128.7 | 125.6 |
| Nov...... | 101.0 |  | 02.2 |  | 96.2 | 110.8 | 95.1 | 131.5 | 138.2 |
| Dec...... | 100.7 |  | 1.5 |  | 98.7 | 111.7 | 97.5 | 130.6 | 144.8 |
| 1955: Jan...... | 96.9 |  | 88.5 |  | 100.3 | 109.2 | 98.0 | 128.1 | 145.5 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity ${ }^{1 /}$ Continued

| Period | Manufacturing - Durable goods-Con. |  | Manufacturing - Nondurable goods |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Instruments and related products | Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | Food and kindred products | Tobacco manufactures | Textile-mili products | Apparel and other finished textile products |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947. | 107.5 | 104.6 | 103.9 | 105.9 | 104.5 | 99.6 |
| 1948............ | 103.0 | 104.2 | 100.0 | 101.0 | 105.7 | 101.6 |
| 1949............. | 89.5 | 91.2 | 96.1 | 93.1 | 89.9 | 98.8 |
| 1950............ | 97.4 | 101.3 | 95.2 | 89.2 | 100.1 | 103.0 |
| 1951............ | 117.5 | 103.1 | 95.9 | 91.2 | 96.0 | 101.9 |
| 1952............. | 122.7 | 100.5 | 94.7 | 92.2 | 90.7 | 104.5 |
| 1953............ | 129.1 | 109.8 | 93.5 | 90.1 | 90.0 | 106.8 |
| Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953: Dec...... | 128.1 | 107.5 | 89.4 | 101.7 | 83.2 | 103.5 |
| 1954: Jan...... | 121.9 | 88.7 | 83.8 | 87.3 | 78.5 | 00.2 |
| 下eb...... | 120.9 | 102.1 | 81.8 | 80.1 | 79.5 | 104.3 |
| Mar...... | 118.9 | 101.0 | 81.5 | 75.0 | 79.2 | 106.1 |
| Apr...... | 114.3 | 96.6 | 81.3 | 73.5 | 76.5 | 93.8 |
| May...... | 112.0 | 95.6 | 84.2 | 75.5 | 76.0 | 91.5 |
| June..... | 110.2 | 96.4 | 89.4 | 78.4 | 78.0 | 81.9 |
| July,.... | 106.8 | 91.6 | 94.8 | 78.1 | 75.8 | 91.8 |
| Aug...... | 106.6 | 97.8 | 101.0 | 97.4 | 79.6 | 101.0 |
| Sept..... | 109.8 | 101.6 | 103.9 | 107.9 | 80.2 | 100.6 |
| Oct...... | 110.0 | 104.6 | 95.8 | 111.0 | 81.6 | 99.6 |
| Nov...... | 110.7 | 103.3 | 91.0 | 94.0 | 83.2 | 101.0 |
| Dec...... | 111.4 | 99.9 | 87.3 | 95.4 | 84.1 | 102.8 |
| 1955: Jen...... | 109.8 | 75.3 | 81.4 | 84.9 | 82.3 | 101.7 |
| Period | Manufacturing - Nondurable goods - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Printing, pub- | Chemicals | Products of |  |  |
|  | allied products | 11shing, and allied industries | and allled products | petroleum and coal | products | leather products |
| Annual average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947............ | 102.6 | 101.4 | 103.3 | 99.0 | 109.8 | 105.8 |
| 1948. | 102.3 | 100.5 | 102.6 | 102.7 | 102.0 | 100.8 |
| 1949............. | 95.1 | 98.0 | 94.1 | 98.3 | 88.1 | 93. 4 |
| 1950............. | 105.4 | 99.5 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 101.9 | 97.8 |
| 1951. ........... | 109.9 | 101.6 | 105.5 | 102.1 | 108.5 | 921 |
| 1952............ | 105.9 | 102.7 | 104.7 | 98.2 | 108.4 | 96.9 |
| 1953............. | 111.4 | 105.5 | 107.8 | 100.9 | 111.7 | 96.4 |
| Monthly data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953: Dec...... | 111.1 | 109.0 | 106.1 | 97.3 | 102.8 | 92.3 |
| 1954: Jan...... | 107.6 | 104.3 | 105.0 | 95.3 | 100.1 | 91.9 |
| Feb...... | 107.5 | 103.7 | 104.4 | 94.9 | 99.1 | 94.9 |
| Mer...... | 107.8 | 105.4 | 104.9 | 94.0 | 96.4 | 93.8 |
| Apr...... | 105.7 | 104.0 | 103.8 | 94.0 | 95.0 | 85.3 |
| May...... | 106.9 | 104.0 | 101.8 | 97.4 | 98.3 | 82.2 |
| June..... | 108.5 | 104.9 | 101.0 | 99.3 | 100.1 | 87.4 |
| July..... | 107.2 | 103.9 | 99.4 | 98.6 | 85.8 | 90.3 |
| Aug...... | 109.0 | 104.5 | 99.9 | 97.5 | 87.0 | 92.9 |
| Sept..... | 110.2 | 106.7 | 102.3 | 96.7 | 98.2 | 88.1 |
| Oct....... | 110.4 | 106.5 | 103.1 | 94.0 | 103.6 | 86.6 |
| Nov...... | 110.7 | 106.5 | 103.3 | 93.8 | 105.6 | 90.3 |
| Dec...... | 109.6 | 108.1 | 103.6 | 92.2 | 109.8 | 93.1 |
| 1955: Jon...... | 107.7 | 104.7 | 102.6 | 92.2 | 109.3 | 94.3 |

1/ Aggregate man-hours are for the weekly pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month and do notrepresent totals for the month. For mining and manufacturing industries, data refer to production and related workers. For contract construction, the data relate to construction workers.

2/ Includes only the divisions shown.
40

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas

| State and area | Average weekiy earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average houriy earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | pec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| Alabama. | \$57.42 | \$58.29 | \$54.95 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 38.7 | \$1.45 | \$1.45 | \$1.42 |
| Birmingham | 72.68 | 72.47 | 73.56 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.78 |
| Mobile | 67.43 | 72.28 | 64.08 | 39.9 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 1.69 | 1.75 | 1.61 |
| ARIZONA. | 81.18 | 80.77 | 82.06 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 42.3 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.94 |
| Phoenix | 81.39 | 79.79 | 81.34 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 41.5 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.96 |
| ARKANSAS. | 51.46 | 52.48 | 48.64 | 40.2 | 41.0 | 38.6 | 1.28 | 1.28 | 1.26 |
| Little Rock- <br> N. Little Rock | 50.96 | 51.34 | 46.17 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 38.8 | 1.24 | 1.24 | 1.19 |
| California. | (1/) | 83.27 | 80.23 | (1/) | 40.3 | 39.6 | (1/) | 2.06 | 2.02 |
| Fresno | (1/) | 72.93 | 68.11 | (1/) | 38.1 | 36.5 | (1/) | 1.91 | 1.86 |
| Los Angeles | (1/) | 83.78 | 80.44 | (1/) | 41.1 | 40.2 | (1/) | 2.04 | 2.00 |
| Sacramento | (1/) | 79.14 | 76.52 | (1/) | 38.4 | 37.9 | (1/) | 2.06 | 2.02 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario | (1/) | 78.22 | 78.40 | (1/) | 39.2 | 40.1 | (1/) | 1.99 | 1.95 |
| San Diego | (1/) | 85.16 | 81.92 | (1/) | 40.7 | 40.8 | (1) | 2.09 | 2.01 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | (1/) | 84.89 | 82.14 | (1/) | 39.4 | 38.9 | (2) | 2.16 | 2.11 |
| San Jose | (1/) | 79.32 | 76.25 | (1/) | 39.1 | 38.4 | ( $1 /$ ) | 2.03 | 1.99 |
| Stockton | (1/) | 76.85 | 77.67 | (1/) | 38.8 | 38.8 | (1/) | 1.98 | 2.00 |
| COLORADO. | 75.39 | 73.23 | 71.02 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.78 |
| Denver | 73.60 | 73.45 | 70.62 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.77 |
| CONEECTICUT. | 75.67 | 75.38 | 72.14 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 1.85 | 1.83 | 1.79 |
| Bridgeport | 77.55 | 77.90 | 74.03 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 39.8 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.86 |
| Hartford | 76.26 | 79.80 | 77.70 | 41.0 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 1.86 | 1.90 | 1.85 |
| New Britain | 72.00 | 71.42 | 71.20 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.78 |
| New Haven | 70.75 | 71.63 | 65.66 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 38.4 | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1.71 |
| Stamford | 79.99 | 81.40 | 77.39 | 39.6 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 1.93 |
| Waterbury | 75.11 | 74.30 | 69.91 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 39.5 | 1.85 | 1.83 | 1.77 |
| DELAWARE.. | 72.95 | 74.44 | 71.71 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 39.4 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1.82 |
| Wilmington | 85.60 | 88.86 | 83.29 | 40.3 | 41.6 | 40.2 | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.07 |
| FLORIDA. . | 57.95 | 58.23 | 56.53 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.33 |
| Tampa-St. Fetersburg | 58.10 | 59.50 | 55.73 | 41.5 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.33 |
| georgia. | 52.14 | 52.53 | 49.79 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 38.6 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.29 |
| Atlanta | 65.45 | 65.93 | 65.69 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.61 |
| Savennah | 68.53 | 69.93 | 64.27 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 41.2 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1.56 |
| IDAEO. | 79.49 | 79.15 | 77.30 | 41.4 | 42.1 | 40.9 | 1.92 | 1.88 | 1.89 |
| Illinois. | 79.10 | 78.82 | 75.90 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.90 |
| Chicago | 82.02 | 81.96 | 78.64 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 39.9 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.97 |
| Indiana. | 79.97 | 80.43 | 76.07 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.93 |
| IOWA. | 74.47 | 74.99 | 69.83 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 40.4 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.73 |
| Des Moines | 78.80 | 78.52 | 73.11 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.87 |
| Karsas. . | 81.66 | 81.48 | 75.86 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 40.7 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.86 |
| Topeks | 84.54 | 83.31 | 68.08 | 44.4 | 45.0 | 41.2 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 1.65 |
| Wichita | 85.27 | 86.28 | 75.44 | 42.6 | 43.1 | 38.9 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.94 |
| KENTUCKY. | 67.55 | 67.66 | 2/64.53 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 2/40.0 | 1.66 | 1.67 | 2/1.62 |
| Louisiana 3/. | 66.75 | 65.72 | 64.15 | 40.7 | 42.4 | 40.6 | 1.64 | 1.55 | 1.58 |
| Baton Rouge | 92.57 | 90.54 | 89.79 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 2.28 | 2.23 | 2.19 |
| New Orleans | 65.07 | 65.24 | 63.50 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 1.66 | 1.66 | 1.62 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earning |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| MAIRE $\qquad$ | \$59.26 | \$59.06 | \$56.64 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.5 | \$1.44 | \$1.45 | \$1.40 |
| Portland 3/ | 63.02 | 61.10 | 59.18 | 41.3 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 1.53 | 1.52 | 1.46 |
| MARYIAND. | 71.80 | 72.30 | 66.15 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 38.5 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.72 |
| Baltimore | 75.54 | 76.26 | 69.61 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 38.9 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.79 |
| MASSACHUSETIS. | 66.80 | 67.20 | 66.19 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 1.67 | 1.68 | 1.68 |
| Boston | 68.73 | 69.87 | 67.86 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.0 | 1.74 | 1.76 | 1.74 |
| Fall River | (1/) | 54.32 | 51.80 | (1/) | 38.8 | 37.0 | (1/) | 1.40 | 1.40 |
| New Beaford | (1/) | 57.42 | 53.68 | (1/) | 39.6 | 37.8 | (1/) | 1.45 | 1.42 |
| Springfield-Holyoke | ( $\overline{1} /$ ) | 72.85 | 71.51 | ( $\overline{1} /$ ) | 40.7 | 40.4 | (1) | 1.79 | 1.77 |
| Worcester | (1/) | 74.34 | 69.92 | (1/) | 40.4 | 39.5 | (1/) | 1.84 | 1.77 |
| MICHIGAN | 93.15 | 95.26 | 88.46 | 42.4 | 43.2 | 41.3 | 2.20 | 2.21 | 2.14 |
| Detroit | 94.50 | 101.30 | 91.58 | 41.5 | 43.7 | 40.9 | 2.28 | 2.32 | 2.24 |
| Flint | 106.40 | 98.73 | 99.36 | 46.1 | 43.8 | 44.3 | 2.31 | 2.25 | 2.24 |
| Grand Rapids | 82.72 | 84.34 | 83.01 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 1.99 |
| Lansing | 101.22 | 94.55 | 92.30 | 44.2 | 42.4 | 41.5 | 2.29 | 2.23 | 2.22 |
| Muskegon | 86.72 | 84.96 | 81.07 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 38.9 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.08 |
| Saginaw | 88.37 | 87.19 | 83.19 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 2.11 | 2.09 | 2.02 |
| MINEESOTA. | 76.44 | 76.38 | 73.04 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.80 |
| Duluth | 75.60 | 75.66 | 71.92 | 39.0 | 39.4 | 38.2 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.88 |
| Minneapolis | 74.50 | 75.03 | 73.36 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.81 |
| St. Paul | 79.95 | 79.69 | 76.72 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.92 |
| MISSISSIPPI | 47.52 | 48.96 | 46.98 | 39.6 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.16 |
| Jackson | 50.83 | 51.18 | 48.19 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 1.29 | 1.27 | 1.22 |
| MISSOURI... | 69.28 | 69.50 | 67.87 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1.73 |
| Kansas City | (1/) | 78.26 | 75.79 | (1/) | 40.5 | 40.2 | (1/) | 1.93 | 1.89 |
| St. Louis | (1/) | 75.56 | 72.66 | (1/) | 40.1 | 39.5 | (1/) | 1.89 | 1.84 |
| MONTANA. | 83.54 | 79.82 | 80.42 | 41.6 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 1.99 |
| REBRASKA. | (1/) | 70.60 | 66.31 | (1/) | 42.3 | 40.7 | (1) | 1.67 | 1.63 |
| NEVADA. | 87.42 | 87.02 | 91.37 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 42.5 | 2.18 | 2.17 | 2.15 |
| NEW EAMPSHIRE | 59.60 | 59.62 | 56.68 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 40.2 | 1.45 | 1.44 | 1.41 |
| Manchester | 56.63 | 56.77 | 54.81 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 38.6 | 1.43 | 1.43 | 1.42 |
| NEW JERSEY... | 76.46 | 76.95 | 72.79 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.86 |
| Newark-Jersey City | 77.28 | 77.51 | 74.52 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 39.2 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.90 |
| Paterson | 76.86 | 78.31 | 72.51 | 41.1 | 41.7 | 39.3 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.84 |
| Perth Amboy | 77.14 | 78.07 | 73.89 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 39.2 | 1.92 | 1.92 | 1.88 |
| Trenton | 76.08 | 76.01 | 69.89 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 38.7 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.81 |
| NEW MEXICO. . | 84.61 | 82.20 | 79.35 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 2.11 | 2.00 | 1.94 |
| Albuquerque | 76.48 | 78.02 | 72.09 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.78 |
| NEW YORK. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 73.52 | 73.61 | 70.76 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 38.5 | 1.88 | 1.87 | 1.84 |
| Albany-Schene ctady-Troy | 77.47 | 78.50 | 75.50 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 39.1 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.93 |
| Binghamton | 65.77 | 68.14 | 65.91 | 37.5 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.73 |
| Butfalo | 86.98 | 88.36 | 82.70 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 40.8 | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2.03 |
| Elmira | 74.59 | 75.43 | 72.10 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.82 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties | 84.04 | 85.56 | 75.91 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 38.1 | 2.05 | 2.07 | 1.99 |
| New York City | 70.63 | 70.23 | 68.11 | 37.5 | 38.0 | 36.9 | 1.88 | 1.85 | 1.85 |
| Rochester | 77.54 | 77.23 | 77.10 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.90 |
| Syracuse | 76.80 | 76.92 | 73.80 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.83 |
| Utica-Rone | 71.75 | 70.88 | 68.17 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.2 | 1.79 | 1.77 | 1.74 |
| Weatchester County | 71.52 | 75.21 | 68.30 | 39.0 | 40.5 | 38.1 | 1.83 | 1.86 | 1.79 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hourts |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \text { Average hourly earnings } \\ 1955 & 1954 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | $1954$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| NORTH CAROLIMA. | \$49.78 | \$50.93 | \$45.63 | 39.2 | 40.1 | 36.8 | \$1.27 | \$1.27 | \$1.24 |
| Charlotte | 53.06 | 54.10 | 50.70 | 40.5 | 41.3 | 39.0 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.30 |
| Greensboro-High Point | 49.66 | 50.96 | 46.46 | 38.2 | 39.2 | 36.3 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.28 |
| NORTH DAKOTA. | 64.34 | 66.94 | 66.04 | 41.6 | 43.9 | 43.2 | 1.55 | 1.53 | 1.53 |
| Fargo | 74.93 | 74.67 | 65.70 | 45.4 | 43.7 | 40.1 | 1.65 | 1.71 | 1.64 |
| OHIO. | 83.15 | 82.72 | 78.60 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 2.05 | 2.03 | 1.97 |
| Cincinnati | 75.98 | 78.67 | 73.21 | 39.9 | 41.4 | 40.0 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.83 |
| Cleveland | 87.37 | 86.12 | 83.58 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 2.06 |
| OKIAHOMA. | 72.21 | 71.86 | 71.10 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.73 |
| Oklahoma City | 68.36 | 69.17 | 70.85 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 43.2 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.64 |
| Tulsa | 78.69 | 78.12 | 76.19 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.1 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.90 |
| OREGON. | 88.92 | 86.76 | 81.99 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 38.6 | 2.22 | 2.19 | 2.12 |
| Portland | 82.36 | 80.23 | 76.95 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 38.4 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 2.00 |
| PENESYLVANIA. | 72.26 | 72.16 | 70.20 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.83 |
| Allentown-BethlehemEaston | 65.87 | 63.68 | 64.51 | 37.3 | 36.6 | 36.8 | 1.77 | 1.74 | 1.75 |
| Erie | 78.47 | 76.44 | 75.91 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.88 |
| Harrisburg | 59.62 | 58.73 | 62.26 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 38.1 | 1.61 | 1.58 | 1.63 |
| Lancaster | 64.16 | 63.55 | 60.26 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 38.8 | 1.59 | 1.57 | 1.55 |
| Philadelphia | 75.52 | 76.97 | 71.28 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 38.3 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.86 |
| Pittsburgh | 84.42 | 84.21 | 82.26 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.07 |
| Reading | 65.64 | 65.03 | 62.94 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 37.8 | 1.70 | 1.68 | 1.67 |
| Scranton | 54.89 | 53.78 | 53.84 | 38.2 | 37.4 | 37.7 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.43 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton | 50.73 | 51.85 | 50.20 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 36.3 | 1.36 | 1.37 | 1.38 |
| York | 62.15 | 62.85 | 62.53 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 39.8 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.57 |
| RHODE ISLART 3/. | 61.29 | 61.84 | 58.86 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 38.7 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 |
| Providence | 64.14 | 62.78 | 59.89 | 42.2 | 41.3 | 39.4 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 |
| SOUTH CAROLIMA | 52.22 | 51.94 | 48.88 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.1 | 1.28 | 1.27 | 1.25 |
| Charleston | 54.40 | 52.78 | 50.96 | 40.0 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 1.36 | 1.35 | 1.29 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA. | 73.26 | $70.47$ | 68.78 | 47.0 | 45.0 | 44.4 | 1.56 | 1.57 | 1.55 |
| Sioux Falls | 82.15 | 81.17 | 77.25 | 50.2 | 49.4 | 47.4 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.63 |
| TENNESSEAE. | 59.20 | 59.54 | 56.98 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.45 |
| Chattanooga | 60.34 | 60.25 | 57.57 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 38.9 | 1.52 | 1.51 | 1.48 |
| Knoxville | 68.21 | 68.85 | 65.24 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 1.74 | 1.73 | 1.66 |
| Memphis | 68.16 | 69.01 | 62.99 | 42.6 | 43.4 | 40.9 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.54 |
| Nashville | 58.86 | 60.09 | 57.62 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 39.2 | 1.49 | 1.48 | 1.47 |
| TEXAS. | 72.80 | 73.33 | 70.86 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.72 |
|  | 76.61 | 76.73 | 76.33 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 1.92 | 1.89 | 1.88 |
| Salt Lake City | 75.55 | 76.31 | 75.99 | 40.4 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 1.87 | 1.83 | 1.84 |
| VERMONT. | 59.86 | 59.26 | 61.35 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1.49 |
| Burlington | 59.40 | 59.51 | 60.94 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.52 |
| Springfield | 70.73 | 70.25 | 78.04 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 43.1 | 1.73 | 1.75 | 1.81 |
| VIRGINIA.. | 57.46 | 57.92 | 55.63 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 38.9 | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.43 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth | 65.60 | 65.57 | 60.52 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 39.3 | 1.60 | 1.58 | 1.54 |
| Richmond | 61.10 | 64.06 | 57.57 | 40.2 | 41.6 | 38.9 | 1.52 | 1.54 | 1.48 |
| WASETHGTON. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 85.01 | 83.45 | 81.22 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 2.14 | 2.12 | 2.07 |
| Seattle | 81.70 | 80.42 | 79.51 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 2.03 |
| Spokane | 87.65 | 82.62 | 78.48 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 1.97 |
| Tacoma | 80.82 | 81.22 | 79.34 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 2.08 | 2.10 | 2.06 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Siate and drea Hous amd i ammes:

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

| State and area | Average weekly carning |  |  | Avarage weekiy hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. | Jan. | Dec. | Jan. |
| WEST VIRGINIA............. | \$70.87 | \$72.52 | \$69.72 | 38.1 | 39.2 | 38.1 | \$1.86 | \$1.85 | \$1.83 |
| Charleston | 86.94 | 90.85 | 85.24 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 2.19 | 2.26 | 2.18 |
| WISCONSIN. | 77.29 | 77.36 | 74.74 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 1.88 | 1.87 | 1.84 |
| Kenosha | 88.63 | 82.91 | 77.92 | 41.8 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 2.12 | 2.05 | 1.98 |
| La Crosse | 79.56 | 83.10 | 71.00 | 40.8 | 42.1 | 38.0 | 1.95 | 1.97 | 1.87 |
| Madison | 77.44 | 79.82 | 82.66 | 38.8 | 40.0 | 41.3 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Milwaukee | 82.18 | 82.50 | 81.14 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 2.02 |
| Racine | 82.71 | 81.72 | 78.27 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 2.03 | 2.02 | 1.95 |
| WYOMIng. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 81.87 | 85.90 | 83.81 | 38.8 | 41.9 | 40.1 | 2.11 | 2.05 | 2.09 |
| Casper | 93.24 | 94.80 | 96.88 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 41.4 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.34 |

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## Explanatory Notes

## INTRODUCTION

The statistics for nonfarm industries presented in this monthly report are part of the brosd program of the Bureau of Labor Statistics to provide timely, comprehensive, accurate, and detailed information for the use of businessmen, government officials, legislators, labor unions, research workers, and the general public, and are an integral part of the Federal statistical system. Current statistics on employment, labor turnover, hours, and earnings are basic indicators of economic change. They are widely used in following business developments and in making decisions in such fields as marketing, personnel, plant location, and government policy. The BLS employment statistics program also provides data used in making official indexes of production, productivity, and national income.

The Bureau publishes monthly statistics on employment, and hours and earnings for the Nation, for all states, and for selected metropolitan areas. For employment, the total of employees in nonagricultural establishments is shown; for hours and earnings, data are available for production workers in mamfacturing and selected groups in nonmanufacturing industries. Within these broad activities data are published in varying industry detail. Labor turnover rates are presented for both total manufacturing and component groups, as well as for selected mining and commaications industries.

Statistics on the number and proportion of women employees in mamufacturing induatries and turnover rates for men and women separately are published quarterly. In addition, earnings adjusted for price changes, Federal taxes, and overtime for selected industries appear monthly, as well as indexes of pro-duction-worker aggregate weekly man-hours for major manufacturing groups.

These data are reprinted regularly in the yonthly Labor Royter. Each of the series, from the earliest period to date, may be obtained by writing to the BIS Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics. Such requests should specify the industry series desired.

More detailed descriptions of these series are available through reprints of Technical Notes which may be obtained upon request:
"Technical Note on the Measurement of
Industrial Employment"
"Technical Note on Measurement of Labor
Turnover"
"Technical Note on Hours and Earnings
in Nonagricultural Industries"

## Section A - EMPLOYMENT

## Definition of Employment

BLS employment statistics represent the total number of full- and part-time nonagricultural vorkers on establishment payrolls during a specified period each month.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick-leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the specified pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the other part of the period are counted as employed. Persons are not considered employed who are laid off or are on leave without pay, who are on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households are also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees.

Employment data for nongovernmental establishments refer to persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Current data for Federal Government establishments generally refer to persons who worked on, or received pay for, the last day of the month; for State and local government, persons who received pay for any nart of the pay period ending on, or immediately prior to, the last day of the month.

Beginning with January 1952, the data for Federal employment are not strictly comparable with those for prior years, primarily as a result of changes in definition. For the national series and except for a few states and areas as noted the following changes were made starting with that month: (1) data refer to the last day of the month rather than the first of the month; (2) employment of the Federal Reserve Banks and of the mixed ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration was transferred from the Federal total to the "Benks and Trust Companies" group of the "Finance, Insurance, and Real Estatelt division; (3) fourth-class postmasters, formarly included only in the table showing Federal civilian employment, are now included in all tables showing government series.

## Collection of Establishment Reports

The employment program is based on establishment payroll reports. An establishment is defined as a single physical location, such as a factory, mine, or store where business is conducted. In the case of a company with several plants or establishments, the BLS endeavors to obtain separate reports from each business unit which maintains separate payroll records, since each may be classified in a different industry.

The BLS, with the cooparation of State agencies, collects current employment, payroll, and man-hour information by means of "shuttle" schedules (BLS 790 Forms) mailed monthly to individual establishments. This shuttle schedule, which has been used by BLS for more than 20 years, is designed to assist firms to report consistently, accurately, and with a minimm of cost. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The states use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the schedules to the ELS Division of Manpower and Employment Statiatics for use in preparing the national series. Each questionnaire provides a line for the State agency to enter data for December of the previous year, as well as lines for the cooperating establishments to report for each month of the current calendar year. The December data, copied from the completed previous year's form, give the reporter a means for comparison when reporting for Jamuary as
an aid to collection of consistent data. The same form is returned each month to the reporting establish ment to be completed. Definitions of terms are described in detail in the instructions on each form.

## Coverage of Establishment Reports

The Bureau of Labor Statistics obtains monthly reports from approximately 155,000 establishments, distributed by industry as shown by the following table. The table also shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of monthly sample used in BLS employment and payroll statistics $1 /$

| Division or industry | Number of establishments in sample | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number in sample | Percent of total |
| Mining. | 3,300 | 440,000 | 50 |
| Contract construction.. | 19,700 | 783,000 | 28 |
| Manufacturing. | 44,100 | 11,207,000 | 68 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |
| Interstate railroads (ICC).......... | - | 1,357,000 | 96 |
| Other transportation and public utilities (BIS)................. | 13,600 | 1,430,000 | 51 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. $\qquad$ | 60,300 | 1,889,000 | 19 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 10,600 | 486,000 | 25 |
| Service and miscellaneous: |  |  |  |
| Hotels and lodging places. $\qquad$ | 1,300 | 145,000 | 31 |
| Personal services: |  |  |  |
| Laundries and cleaning and dyeing plants...... | 2,300 | 99,000 | 19 |
| Government: |  |  |  |
| Federal (Civil Service Commission) | - | 2,368,000 | 100 |
| State and local (Bureau of the Census) | -- | 2,760,000 | 67 |

information. Therefore, hours and earnings estimates are based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

## Classification of Establishment Reports

To present meaningful tabulations of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data, establishments are classified into industries on the basis of the principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected anmually on a product supplement to the monthly report. The supplement provides for reporting the percentage of total sales represented by each product. In the case of an establishment making more than one product, the entire employment of the plant is included under the industry indicated by the most important product. The titles and descriptions of industries presented in the 1945 Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Vol. I (U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C.) are used for classifying reports from manufacturing establishments; the 1942

Industrial Classification Code, (U. S. Social Security Board) for reports from nonmanufacturing establishments.

## Benchmark Data

Experience with employment statistics has shown that without adjustment to new benchmarks, the employment estimate tends toward understatement which becomes larger as the distance from the earlier benchmark increases. To adjust for this, the estimates must be periodically compared with actual counts of employment in the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate revisions made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks.

Basic sources of benchmark information are quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, compiled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State memployment insurance laws. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the J. S. Bureau of $01 d$ Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their small size. For industries not covered by either of the two progrems, benchmarks are compiled from special establishment censuses: for example, for interstate railroads, from establishment data reported to the ICC; for State and local government, from data reported to the Bureau of the Census; for the Federal government, from agency data compiled by the Civil Service Commission. Establishments are classified into the same industrial groupings for benchmark purposes as they are for monthly reporting.

At the time new benchmark data become available, the BLS estimates which had been prepared for the benchmark quarter are compared with the levels of the benchmarks, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the levels are adjusted between the new benchmark and the last previous one. Following revision for these intermediate periods, the industry data from the most recent benchmark are projected to the current month by application of the sample trends used prior to the revision. The benchmark establishes the level, while the sample determines the trend.

## Estimating Mothod

The estimating procedure for industries for which data on both "all employees" and "production and related workers" are published (i.e., manufacturing and selected mining industries) is outlined below; the first step of this method is also used for industries for which only figures on "all employees" are published.

The first step is to compute total employment (all employees) in the industry for the month following the benchmark period. The all-amployee total for the last benchmark month (e.g., March) is miltiplied by the percent change of total employment over the month for a group of establishments reporting for both March and April. Thus, if firms in the BLS sample for an industry report 30,000 employees in March and 31,200 in April, April employment is 104 percent (31,200 divided by 30,000 ) of March employment. If the all-employee benchmark in March is 40,000, the all-employee total in April would be 104 percent of 40,000 or 41,600 .

The second step is to compute the production-worker total for the industry. The all-employee total for the month is multiplied by the ratio of production workers to all employees. This ratio is computed from those establishment reports which show data for both items. Thus, if these firms in April report 24,400 production
workers and a total of 30,500 employees, the ratio of production workers to all employees would be . 80 ( 24,400 divided by 30,500 ). The production-worker total in April would be 33,280 (41,600 multiplied by .80).

Figures for subsequent months are comprated by carrying forward the totals for the previous month according to the method described abcve.

## Comparability With Other Employment Estimates

Data published by other government and private agencies differ from BLS employment statistics because of differences in definition, sources of information, methods of collection, classification, and estimation. BLS monthly figures are not directly comparable, for example, with the estimates of the Bureau of the Census Monthly Report on the Iabor Force (MRIF). Census data are obtained by personal interviews with individual members of a small sample of households and are designed to provide information on the work status of the whole population, classified by their demographic characteristics. The BLS, on the other hand, obtains data by mail questionnaire which are based on the payroll records of business units, and prepares detailed statistics on the industrial and geographic distribution of employment and on hours of work and earnings.

Since BLS employment figures are based on establishment payroll records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period will be counted more than once in the BLS series. By definition, proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic
servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded from the BLS but not the MRLF series. The two series also differ in date of reference, BLS collecting data for the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month (except for government), while the MRLF relates to the calendar week containing the 8 th day of the month.

Employment estimates derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses and/or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments also differ from BLS employment statistics. Among the important reasons for lack of comparability are differences in industries covered, in the business units considered parts of an establishment, and in the industrial classification of establishments.

## Erroloyment Statistics for States and Areas

State and area employment statistics are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These statistics are based on the same reports used for preparing national estimates. State series are adjusted to benchmark data from State unemployment insurance agencies and the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance. Because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and use slightly varying methods of computation, the sum of the State figures may differ slightily from the offlcial U. S. totals prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. State and area data in greater industry detail and for earlier periods may be secured directly upon request to the appropriate State agency or to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The names and addresses of these agencies are listed on the inside back cover of this report.

## - EMPLOYMENT -

## SUMMARY OF METHODS OF こOMPUTATION

| Item | Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries | Total nonagricultural, divisions, major groups and groups |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MONTHLY DATA |  |
| All employees | All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month for sample establishments which reported for both months. | Sum of all-employee estimates for component industries. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Production workers } \\ & \text { (for mining and manu- } \\ & \text { facturing ) } \end{aligned}$ | All-ermployee estimate for current month maltiplied by ratio of production workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month. | Sum of production-worker estimates for component industries. |
| All employees and production workers | ANNUAL DATA <br> Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. |

## Section B - LABOR TURNOVER

## Definition of Labor Turnover

"Labor turnover," as used in this series, refers to the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employment status with respect to individual firms. This movement is subdivided into two broad types: accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment inftiated by either the employer or the employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. Rates of accession and separation are shown separately. All employees, including executive, office, sales, and other salaried personnel as well as production workers are covered by both the turnover movements and the employment base used in computing labor turnover rates. All groups of employees - full- and part-time, permanent and temporary - are included. Transfers from one establishment to another within a company are not considered to be turnover items.

The terms used in labor turnover statistics are defined in the glossary under "Labor Turnover."

## Source of Data and Sample Coverage

Labor turnover data are obtained each month from a sample of establishments by means of a mail questiomaire. Schedules are received from approximately 7,100 cooperating establishments in the mamufacturing, mining, and commanication industries (see below). The definition of manufacturing used in the turnover series is more restricted than in the BLS series on employment and hours and earnings because of the exclusion of certain mamufacturing industries from the labor turnover sample. The major industries excluded are: printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 1943); canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses' outerwear; and fertilizer.

Approximate coverage of BLS labor turnover sample

| Group and industry | Number of establishments in sample | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number in sample | Percent <br> of total |
| Manufacturing. | 6,600 | 4,800,000 | 34 |
| Durable goods.. .......... | 4,000 | 3,400,000 | 38 |
| Nondurable goods. . . . . . . | 2,600 | 1,400,000 | 27 |
| Metal mining............... | 130 | 63,000 | 60 |
| Coal mining: |  |  |  |
| Anthracite............... | 40 | 30,000 | 45 |
| Bituminous. | 275 | 120,000 | 33 |
| Communication: |  |  |  |
| Telephone................ | (1/) | 582,000 | 89 |
| Telegraph................ | (2) | 28,000 | 60 |

1 Data are not available.

## Method of Comoutation

To compute turnover rates for individual industries, the total number of each type of action (accessions, quits, etc.) reported for a calender month by the sample establishments in each industry is first divided by the total number of employees (both wage and salary workers), reported by these establishments, who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of that month. The result is moltiplied by 100 to obtain the turnover rate.

For example, in an industry sample, the total number of employees who worked during, or received pay for, the week of Jamuery 12-18 was reported as 25,498. During the period Jamary 1-31 a total of 284 eruployees in all reporting firms quit. The quit rate for the industry is:

$$
\frac{284}{25,498} \times 100=1.1
$$

To compute turnover rates for industry groups, the rates for the component industries are weighted by the estimated employment. Rates for the durable and nondurable goods subdivisions and mamufacturing division are computed by weighting the rates of major industry groups by the estimated employment.

## Classification of Establishmant Reportas

Beginning with data for Jamary 1950, mamufacturing establishments revorting labor turnover are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure. Definitions of nonmamufacturing industries are based on the Social Security Board Classification Code (1942).

For additional details, see Section A-Employment.

## Comarability With Earifer Data

Labor turnover rates are available on a comparable basis from Jamuary 1930 for manufacturing as a whole and from 1943 for two coal mining and two comminication industries. Labor turnover rates for many individual industries and industry groups for the period prior to January 1950 are not comparable with the rates for the subsequent period because of a revision which involved (1) the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure for manufacturing industries, and (2) the introduction of weighting in the computation of industry-group rates.

## Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in mamufacturing industries reflected by labor tumover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons:
(1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar-month; the employment reports, for the most part, refer to a l-week pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month.
(2) The turnover sample is not as large as the employment sample and includes proportionately fewer small plants; certain industries are not covered (see paragraph on source of data and sample coverage).
(3) Plants are not included in the turnover collputations in months when work stoppages are in progress; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

## Section C - HOURS AND EARNINGS

Production-and Nonsupervisorr-Woricer Emplopment, Payroll, and Nan-Hours

The monthly employment and payroll schedule provides the following information required to compute averages
of hours and earnings:
(1) The number of full- and part-time productionvoricers or nonsuperyisory employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Data cover production and related workers in manufacturing, mining, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants. Employees covered in the contract construction industries are those engaged in actual construction work. For the remaining industries, unless otherwise noted, data refer to all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors. (See glossary.)
(2) Total aross paprolls for such workers before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, withholding tax, bonds, union dues, and special clothing allowances. The payroll figures also include pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excluded are: cash payments for vacations not taken; retroactive pay not earned during the period reported; value of pasments in kind; contributions to welfare funds, and insurance or pension plans; and comissions and bomases, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.
(3) Total man-hours, whether worked or paid for, of full- and part-time production or nonsupervisory workers including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. If employees elect to work during a vacation period, only actual hours worked by such employees are included.

The period reported generally represents the weekly pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Some establishments, however, use a 2-week or longer pay period. Such schedules are edited to reduce the payroll and man-hour aggregates to their proper equivalents for a weekly period.

## Collection of Establishmant Reports

## See Section A-Employment.

Coverage of Establishment Reports

## See Section A-Employment.

## Clasaification of Establishnont Reports

## See Section A-Euployment.

Descrintion of Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings Series

The average hourly earnings information for manufacturing and nonmamfacturing industries are on a "gross" basis; i.e., they reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis. Mmployment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers ' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average houriy earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings should not be confused with wage rates. Earnings rafer to the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. However, the average earnings series should not be interpreted as representing total labor costs on the part of the employer, since the following are excluded: irregular bomuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and
earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

In addition to the factors mentioned, which exert varying influences upon gross average hourly earnings, gross average weekly earnings are affected by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism. Gross weekly earnings are not the amount actually available to workers for-spending because no deduction has been made for income and social security taxes, group insurance, occupational supplies, and union dues. For weekly earnings after deduction for Federal taxes see table C-3. For approximations of "real" gross weekly earnings, i.e., after adjustment for price changes, see table $\mathrm{C}-2$.

## Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to average hours worked or paid for, and is somewhat different from standard or scheduled hours. Normally, such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than the hours of workers who are on the payroll during the whole workweek. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Gross Average Weekly Earnings in Curcent and 1947-49 Dollars

Table C-2 shows gross average weekly earnings in both current and 1947-49 dollars for selected industries. These series indicate changes in the level of weekly earinings before and after adjustment for changes in purchasing power as determined from the Bureau's Consumer Price Index. The 3-year average-1947, 1948, and 1949-was selected as the base in conformity with the Bureau of the Budget recomendations that Federal statistics have a common 1947-49 base period.

## Net Spendable Average Weakly Earnings

Net spendable average weekly earnings are obtained by deducting appropriate amounts for social security and Federal income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, net spendable earnings have been computed for two types of income-receivers: (1) a worker with no dependents; (2) a worker with three dependents.

The computations of net spendable earnings for both the factory worker with no dependents and the factory worker with three dependents are based upon the gross average weekly earnings for all production workers in manufacturing industries without regard to marital status, family composition, and total family income. The spendable series measures relative changes in the average disposable earnings for two types of incomereceivers.

Net spendable weekly earnings in 1947-49 dollars represent an approximate measure of changes in "real" net spendable weekly earnings as indicated by the changes in the Bureau's Consumer Price Index. "Real" net spendable weekly earnings are conputed by applying the current CPI to the spendable earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of spendable earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since that base period.

A detailed technical note on net spendable weekly earnings may be obtained upon request.

Average Hourly Earnings, Excluding Overtime, of
Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries
The Bureau publishes average hourly earnings exclusive of overtime premium payments for manufacturing as a whole and the durable- and nondurable-goods subdivisions. These data are based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Revieu, May 1950, pp. 537 540; reprint available, Serial No. R. 2020). This method eliminates only the additional earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one-half time the straight time rates after 40 hours a week. Thus, no adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions-for example, holiday work, late shift work, and penalty rates other than time and one-half.

The set of adjustment factors can be used to eliminate premium overtime payments from average hourly earnings in any mamufacturing industry where overtime for individual workers consists typically of hours in excess of 40 per week paid for at the rate of time and one-half. As these factors field results which are only approximate, they may not be appropriate when exact figures are required.

## Indexes of Production-Worker Aggregate Weekly Man-hours

The indexes of production-worker aggregate weekly man-hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the $1947-49$ period. These aggregates represent the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment.

The aggregate man-hours are defined as total manhours for which pay was received by full- and part-time production workers, including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. The man-hours are for

I week of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, and may not be typical of the entire month. Aggregate man-hours differ from scheduled man-hours due to such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, parttime work, and stoppages.

## Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based upon monthly data summari zed in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are comprated by dividing total compense tion by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by maltiplying average weekly hours by averrage hourly earnings, Because hours and earnings date for mamufacturing and other nonmamufacturing industries are based upon reports to the Bureau of Labor Statistics which generally represent 1 veekly pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, the data for railroad enployees are not strictly comparable with other industry information shown in this publication.

## Bours and Gross Earnings for Selected States and Areas

The State and area hours and earnings data for mannfacturing are prepared by cooperating State agencies. These estimates are based on the sams reports used in preparing national estimates. Inasmach as the estimates presented in this report relate only to manufacturing as a whole, variations in earnings among the States and areas are, to a large degree, caused by differences in industrial composition. For additional details on State and area statistics see Section A-Employment.

- HOURS AND EARNINGS - SUMMARY OF METHODS OF COMPUTATION

| Item | Individual mamefacturing and nonmanufacturing industries | Manufacturing division, groups, subgroups, and nonmamufacturing groups |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average voekly homrs | MONTHLY DATA <br> Total production or nonsupervisory man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. | Average, weighted by employment, of the average weakly hours for component industriea. |
| $\frac{\text { Average hourly earnings }}{(1 \mathrm{n} \text { dol } \mathrm{ar} \mathrm{~s})}$ | Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate manhours, of the average hourly earnings for component industries. |
| $\frac{\text { Average weekly earnings }}{(1 \mathrm{n} \text { do11ars) }}$ | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weakly hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Average veek 17 hours | ANNUAL DATA <br> Annual total of aggregate man-hours (employment maltiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Average, weighted by employment, of the anmual averagea of weekly hours for component industries. |
| $\frac{\text { Average hourly earninge }}{(1 \mathrm{~d} o l \mathrm{ar} \text { a }}$ | Anmual total of aggregate payrolls (weekly earnings maltiplied by employment) divided by annual aggregate man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate manhours, of the anmal averages of hourly earnings for component industries. |
| $\frac{\text { Average weekly eagnings }}{(1 \mathrm{n} \circ 11 \mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{s})}$ | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |

## Section D - GLOSSARY

ALL EMPLOYEES - Includes production and related workers as defined below and workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, sales-delivery, advertising, credit collection, and installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, flactory supervision (above the working foreman level). Also includes ermloyees on the establishment payroll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers). Proprietors, self-omployed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.

CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - Includes working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, and similar workers, engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, and other actual construction work, at the site of construction ar working in shop or yard at jobs (such as precutting and preassembiing) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades; includes all such workers, regardless of skill, engaged in any way in contract construction activities.

CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the payroll of Federal, State, and local government, prblic utilities, and private estabilshments, are excluded from contract construction and included in the employment for such establishments

DURABLE GOODS - The durable goods subdivision includes the following major industry groups: ordnance and accessories; lumber and wood products; furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products; machinery; electrical machinery; transportation equipment; instruments and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries as defined. This definition is cansistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE - Covers establishmerts operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate, and beginning Jamiary 1952, also includes the Federal Reserve Banics and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration for national and most State and area estimates. However, in a fow State and area estimates the latter two agencies are included under Government until revisions can be made by the cooperating State agencies concerned. These exceptions are appropriately noted.

GOVERNMERT - Covers Federal, State, and local government establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, including Government corporations, Government force-account construction, and such units as arsenals, navy yards, and hospitals. Fourth-class postmasters are included in the national series and most State and area series. Exceptions are noted. State and local government employment includes teachers, but excludes, as nominal employees, paid volunteer firemen and elected officials of small local units.

## LABOR TURNOVER:

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: quits, discharges, layoffs, and miscellaneous
separations (including military), as defined below.
Quits are terminations of employment during the calendar month initiated by employees for such reasons as: acceptance of a job in another company, dissatisfaction, return to school, marriage, maternity, $i 11$ health, or voluntary retirement where no company pension is provided. Failure to report after being hired and unauthorized absences of more than aeven consecutive calendar days are also classified as quits. Prior to 1940 , miscellaneous separations were also included in this category.

Discharges are terminations of ermployment during the calendar month initiated by the employer for such reasons as employees' incompetence, Fiolation of rules, dishonesty, insubordination, laziness, habitual absenteeism, or inability to meet physical standerds.

Layoffs are terminations of employment during the calendar month lasting or expected to last more than seven consecutive calendar days without pay, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker, for such reasons as lack of orders or materials, release of temporary help, conversion of plant, introduction of labor-saving machinery or processes, or suspensions of operations without pay during inventory periods.

Miscellanoous separations (including milttary) are terminations of exployment during the calendar month because of permanent disability, death, retirement on company pension, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than thirty consecutive calendar days. Prior to 1940, IIIscellaneous separations were included with quits. Beginning September 1940, military separations were included here.

Persons on leave of absence (paid or unpaid) with the approval of the erployer are not counted as separations until such time as it is definitely determined that such persons will not retum to work. At that time, a separation is reported as one of the above types, depending on the circumstances.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll during the calendar month, including both new and rehired employees. Persons returning to work after a layoff, military separation, or other absences who have been counted as separations are considered accessions.

MANUPACTURING - Covers only private establishments. Government manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded from mamufacturing and included under Government.

MINING - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tumneling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; alao includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

FONDURABLE GOODS - The nondurable goods subdivision includes the following major industry groups: food and kindred products; tobacco manufactures; textile-mill products; apparel and other finished textile products; paper and aliled products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and aliied products; products of petroleum and coal; rubber products; and leather and leather products. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

NORSUFARVISORY EMFLOKEES - Includes employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendents, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

PAYROLL - Private payroll represents the weekly payroll of both full- and part-time production and related workers who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, before deduction for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bomuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.

PRODOCTION AND RELATED WORKFRS - Includes working foremon and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead mon and trainees) ongaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above prodnction operations.

## REGIONS:

North - Includes all States except the 17 listed as South.

> South - Includes the following 17 States : Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Eentucky, Louisiana, Naryland, Mssissippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.
(In the case of sammills and planing mills, general, a third region is identified - the West - and includes Callfornia, Oregon, and Washington.)

SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firma, including automotive repair services. Encludes domestic service workers. Nongovernment schools, hospitals, museums, etc., are included under service and miscellaneous; similar Government establishments are included under Government.

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC OTHITTES - Covers only private establishments engaged in providing all types of transportation and related serrices; telephone, telegraph, and other commanication services; or providing electricity, gas, stean, water, or sanitary service. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.

WHOLESALE AND RETAII TRADE - Covers establishments ongaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling morchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sales of goods. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.


[^0]:    $\frac{1}{2}$ Not available.
    $\frac{1}{2} /$ Not comparable uith current data shown.
    3/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.

