

Employment and Earnings

SEPTEMBER 1954

VOL. 1 NO. 3

Seasonally-adjusted

indexes of employment.....

Two new tables showing seasonally-adjusted indexes of current employment have been added to the Employment Trends section. Indexes are shown for total employment in each industry division as well as for the production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group. See story on page ii.

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Announcing ...

SEASONALLY-ADJUSTED

INDEXES OF EMPLOYMENT

Earnings, monthly indexes of employment estimates adjusted for seasonal variation will be published on a current basis in two tables which have been added to the Employment Trends section. Table 4 presents indexes of seasonally-adjusted employment in nonagricultural establishments by industry division and table 5 presents indexes of seasonally-adjusted production-worker employment in manufacturing by major industry group. The base period for the indexes is the average monthly employment for 1947-49. Historical indexes from January 1947 for the industry detail shown in these tables will be available on request in the near future.

The inclusion of these tables now makes conveniently available to users of the comprehensive statistics in the report, this important analytical tool for appraising month-to-month changes in employment. Many employment series reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be measured on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the monthly change in employment which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to clarify the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. Thus, the seasonally-adjusted indexes provide a measurement of the monthly movement arising from factors

other than seasonal change. At the same time, the indexes associate the current seasonally-adjusted employment level with average employment in the base period.

Employment estimates adjusted for seasonal variation have been computed and published for many years by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System based on employment data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The Federal Reserve Board was a pioneer in the development of seasonally-adjusted economic time series, and through the years has been a leading exponent of their utility.

In October, the Bureau of Labor Statistics will assume the function of computing the seasonally-adjusted estimates and the indexes based upon the adjusted data. Beginning with the October issue of Employment and Earnings the data in tables 4 and 5 will be indexes of BLS seasonally-adjusted estimates of employment. Indexes in this issue are derived from Federal Reserve Board estimates. Seasonally-adjusted aggregates will continue to be published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin.

BLS has adopted the policy of the Board of Governors for continuing scrutiny of monthly adjustment factors, modifications being introduced as needed. For the immediate future BLS will use the factors which have been developed by the Board and were in use in September 1954.



Employment Trends

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT UP SLIGHTLY IN AUGUST

The number of nonfarm jobs increased by about 180,000 between July and August 1954, according to employers' reports to the U. S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics. Seasonal increases in nondurable goods manufacturing and construction were largely responsible for the overthe-month employment gain. Employment usually rises between these two months as manufacturing establishments reopen after vacation shutdowns. This year the rise in manufacturing was quite general, with only the automobile industry showing a sharp decline. The overall increase in manufacturing, as in total nonagricultural employment, was slightly less than seasonal.

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, at 48.0 million in August, was about 2 million lower than a year earlier but higher than in any other postwar year, with the exception of 1952.

A seasonal increase of about a third of an hour in the factory workweek brought weekly earnings in manufacturing up to \$71.06.

NONDURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT SHOWS SEASONAL GAINS

Factory employment at 15.9 million in August 1954 was about 240,000 higher than in July. Most of the increase occurred in nondurable manufacturing in line with seasonal expectations. Within nondurable goods manufacturing, more than seasonal gains were recorded in textile mills, which added 27,000 workers to their payrolls, and in apparel plants, where 78,000 workers were added. The pickup in textiles marks a continuation of the improvement in the employment situation in this industry which has been noted since early spring. The upturn in apparel this month contrasts with the downtrend of the past year.

With the exception of printing and petroleum-both of which reported virtually no change in employment--all other nondurable industry groups reported some employment pickup over the month. The largest gain--75,000--was in food, largely as a result of an expansion of payrolls in canning establishments.

Durable goods plants reported an increase of about 26,000 to their payrolls between July and August 1954. In most industries the over-the-month employment change fell short by a small margin of meeting seasonal expectations. However, only the

the transportation equipment industry reported a sizable employment loss--33,000 workers. This was almost entirely a result of reductions in the automobile industry.

On the other hand, the electrical machinery group reported an increase of 32,000 workers, well above its usual rise at this time of year. Almost all of the improvement in this industry group was in plants which produce radios, televisions, and military electronics equipment and components.

The furniture industry, which reported an employment increase of about 9,000 workers, continued to follow the moderate uptrend of the past few months, while the 11,000 decline in machinery employment was less than the drop usual for this time of year.

NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT TOTAL FALLS OFF SLIGHTLY

Nonmanufacturing establishments reduced employment somewhat between July and August 1954. The over-the-month reduction this year was larger than in most postwar years, as employment in retail and wholesale trade establishments fell more than usual and both transportation and mining also declined although an increase is usual in August.

The construction industry added 40,000 workers to its rolls over the month, continuing at the high levels which have characterized the industry thus far in 1954.

Wholesale and retail trade employed 10.3 million workers in August, the highest level recorded for the month with the exception of 1953.

Employment in service and finance, at 5.6 and 2.1 million, respectively, were virtually unchanged from July and continued at record levels.

Employment in the Federal government, at 2.2 million was the lowest for the month in the past four years. However, State and local government employment, at 4.3 million in August, was an all-time peak for the month.

FACTORY WORKWEEK RISES SEASONALLY IN AUGUST

The average workweek in manufacturing plants increased nearly one-third of an hour, to 39.7 hours in August 1954, about the same as usually occurs at this time of year.

Most industry groups reported longer work-weeks. Hours of work rose especially sharply in fabricated metals, electrical machinery, textiles, apparel, and printing. Significant decreases were recorded in only two industry groups--food and tobacco--where the addition of more than usual numbers of part-time workers for the late summer processing season lowered the average workweek.

With the exception of lumber, chemicals, and petroleum, every manufacturing industry group showed some over-the-year reduction in hours of work. The workweek in the lumber industry was three-fifths of an hour higher than a year earlier while hours of work in chemical and petroleum plants were unchanged from year ago levels.

WEEKLY EARNINGS RISE IN AUGUST

Average hourly earnings of factory workers,

including overtime and other premium pay, were \$1.79 in August, about the same as in July and 2 cents higher than a year earlier. However, average hourly earnings in nondurable goods plants dropped 2 cents, primarily as the result of the addition of large numbers of low-wage parttime workers in the food and tobacco industries.

Average weekly earnings of manufacturing workers rose 14 cents over the month to \$71.06 in August, as a result of a longer workweek. At this level, weekly earnings were 63 cents less than a year earlier. Over the month, average weekly earnings in durable goods plants rose 76 cents. On the other hand, weekly earnings in nondurable goods dropped by 45 cents to \$64.29 as a result of decreased hourly earnings and weekly hours in food and tobacco.

Table 1. Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and selected groups

(In thousands) August 1954 Year Current ago net change from: Industry division and group August 1954 July 1954 Year June August Previous 1954 month ago 1953 48,007 47,824 48.137 49,962 183 -1,955 TOTAL 733 735 MINING...... 744 844 2 131 100.0 100.3 99.6 105.2 Metal mining..... 5.2 276.4 207.1 202.0 214.2 69.3 5.1 _ Bituminous-coal..... 105.0 104.5 104.1 Nonmetallic mining and quarrying..... 108.7 4.2 2,834 2,794 CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION..... 2,729 2,825 40 9 15,881 15,638 15,888 MANUFACTURING..... 17,537 243 -1,656 8,899 8,873 **-1,2**93 DURABLE GOODS..... 9,123 10,192 26 163.8 167.0 170.0 252.1 88.3 Ordnance and accessories..... 3.2 Lumber and wood products (except 673.2 663.3 769.4 802.5 129.3 9.9 furniture)..... 328.3 370.3 8.9 4.3 33.1 337.2 329.0 Furniture and fixtures..... 510.8 506.5 510.0 + Stone, clay, and glass products..... 549.6 38.8 Primary metal industries..... 1,159.5 1,163.0 1,179.5 182.9 1,342.4 3.5 Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation 1,023.9 1.014.3 1,037.6 1,154.0 9.6 130.1 equipment)..... 174.3 1,502.1 1,513.3 1,550.7 1,676.4 11.2 Machinery (except electrical)..... 1,074.8 31.6 -1,100.6 1,069.0 1,233.9 133.3 Electrical machinery..... 1,969.0 1,669.9 1,702.7 1,737.9 32.8 -299.1 Transportation equipment..... 297.3 299.6 2.3 -Instruments and related products..... 305.4 332.8 35.5 460.2 446.4 458.9 508.6 13.8 48.4 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries... 6,982 7,345 217 6,765 6,765 363 NONDURABLE GOODS..... 1,664.0 1,721.4 75.0 1,589.0 1,511.3 57.4 Food and kindred products..... 111.6 91.2 90.4 20.4 1.7 Tobacco manufactures..... 1,071.7 1.044.9 1,073.8 117.9 1,189.6 26.8 Textile-mill products..... Apparel and other finished textile 1,175.8 1,098.2 1,110.4 1,249.7 77.6 73.9 9.3 528.3 519.9 525.8 Paper and allied products..... 537.6 8.4 [-Printing, publishing, and allied 9.9 799.5 800.3 804.5 789.6 .8 + industries..... 809.4 2.2 -1.8 -1.2 -775.2 34.8 774.6 772.4 Chemicals and allied products..... ++ Products of petroleum and coal..... 255.1 256.9 255.4 265.6 10.5 226.7 225.5 255.2 278.9 52.2 Rubber products..... 374.3 366.4 363.2 389.9 7.9 15.6 Leather and leather products..... 4,026 4,032 4,274 4,041 15 248 TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES..... 2,701 2,703 247 2,682 2,929 19 TRANSPORTATION..... COMMUNICATION..... 749 747 741 754 2 5 593 588 2 591 Z, OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES...... 595 67 80 10,312 10,379 10,414 10,392 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE..... 2,770 2,757 2,779 2,766 13 WHOLESALE TRADE..... 7,657 76 7,600 7,622 54 7,546 RETAIL TRADE..... 1,325.1 1,339.6 1,262.8 27.2 76.8 1,290.0 General merchandise stores..... 1,421.6 1,375.5 11.2 26.6 1,402.1 1,413.3 Food and liquor stores..... 7.1 811.4 812.1 811.7 825.2 13.8 Automotive and accessories dealers..... 549.8 1.4 551.2 558.3 595.6 Annarel and accessories stores..... 3,531.7 13.2 7.4 3,525.9 3,502.7 3,518.5 Other retail trade..... 2,126 2,104 2,067 1 58 2,125 FINANCE. INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE..... 5,601 5 37 5,601 5,638 5,643 SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS..... 6,458 6,625 6,468 6,422 10 36 2,258 98 .2 2,160 2,164 2,162 4,461 4,164 8 134 4,298 4,306 STATE AND LOCAL....

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 2. Production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

	(in thou	sands)					
Major industry group		Current		Year ago	August 1954 net change from:		
nejor industry group	August 1954 1/	Jul y 1954 <u>1</u> /	June 1954	August 1953	Previous month	Year ago	
MANUFACTUR ING	12,478	12,233	12,480	14,070	/ 245	-1,592	
DURABLE GOODS	6,959	6,933	7,177	8,195	≠ 26	-1,236	
Ordnance and accessoriesLumber and wood products (except	115.0	117.9	120.3	194•4	- 2.9	- 79.4	
furniture) Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products	605.5 282.5 429.2	595.6 274.2 424.1	700.7 274.5 427.2	731.1 315.1 465.6	7 9.9 7 8.3 7 5.1	- 125.6 - 32.6 - 36.4	
Primary metal industries	967.2	971.2	983.0	1,138.4	- 4.0	- 171.2	
ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)	819.8 1,103.0	809.6 1,113.2	831.1 1,150.6	942.1 1,267.5	≠ 10.2 - 10.2	- 122.3 - 164.5	
Electrical machinery Transportation equipment		771.1 1,284.5	775.8 1,324.1	932.2 1,546.9	+ 25.1 - 27.6	- 290.0	
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		208.9 362.2	214.8 375.0	239.8 421.9	- 2.0 / 14.1	- 32.9 - 45.6	
NONOURABLE GOODS	5,519	5,300	5,303	5,875	/ 219	- 356	
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products	1,231.3 102.6 978.5	1,148.2 82.7 952.6	1,078.7 82.4 980.9	1,289.4 105.2 1,092.8	# 83.1 # 19.9 # 25.9	- 58.1 - 2.6 - 114.3	
Apparel and other finished textile products		976 . 9 4 2 9 . 5	987.0 435.6	1,120.7 447.0	≠ 74.3 ≠ 6.4	- 69.5 - 11.1	
Printing, publishing, and allied industries		513.7 513.7	518.5 517.2	509.6 549.8	- 1.4 + 3.0	≠ 2.7 - 33.1	
Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products	179.8 174.3	181.8 173.3	181.1 198.4	190.5 220.7	- 2.0 - 1.0	- 10.7 - 46.4	
Leather and leather products	336.3	327.8	323.6	349.4	≠ 8.5	- 13.1	

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 3. Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

	Av	erage wee earnings	kly	Ave	erage wee	kly	Ave	erage hou earnings	rly
Major industry group	19	954	1953	1954		1953	1954		1953
	August <u>1</u> /	Jul y <u>1</u> /	August	August	Jul y <u>1</u> /	August	August	July <u>1</u> /	August
MANUFACTURING	\$71.06	\$70.92	\$71.69	39.7	39•4	40.5	\$1.79	\$1.80	\$1.77
DURABLE GOODS	76.59	75.83	77.27	40.1	39•7	41.1	1.91	1.91	1.88
Ordnance and accessories	(2/)	79.40	78.12	(2/)	39.9	40.9	(<u>2</u> /)	1.99	1.91
(except furniture) Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass	65.41 63.59	63.34 62.02	66.91 62.99	41.4 40.5	40.6 39.5	40.8 40.9	1.58 1.57	1.56 1.57	1.64 1.54
products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery,	72.39 81.24	71.51 81.24	71.10 85.28	40.9 38.5	40•4 38•5	41.1 41.0	1.77 2.11	1.77 2.11	1.73 2.08
and transportation equip- ment) Machinery (except electrical). Electrical machinery Transportation equipment	77.33 81.41 72.44 84.80	76.00 80.60 71.16 84.38	76.59 82.12 71.63 85.70	40.7 40.3 39.8 40.0	40.0 40.1 39.1 39.8	41.4 41.9 40.7 41.2	1.90 2.02 1.82 2.12	1.90 2.01 1.82 2.12	1.85 1.96 1.76 2.08
Instruments and related products	73.60	72.65	73.16	40.0	39.7	41.1	1.84	1.83	1.78
industries	64.08	62.56	63.74	39.8	39.1	40.6	1.61	1.60	1.57
NONDURABLE GOODS	64.29	64.74	63 . 7 6	39.2	39.0	39.6	1.64	1.66	1.61
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished	67.57 46.86 52.22	69.72 51.79 51.27	65.25 47.46 53.04	41.2 36.9 38.4	41.5 37.8 37.7	41.3 38.9 39.0	1.64 1.27 1.36	1.68 1.37 1.36	1.58 1.22 1.36
textile products Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and	48.24 74.55	47.17 74.20	49.78 73.61	36.0 42.6	35.2 42.4	36.6 43.3	1.34 1.75	1.34 1.75	1.36 1.70
allied industries	87 . 46 79 . 54	86.78 78.94	85.58 76.26	38.7 41.0	38.4 40.9	38.9 41.0	2.26 1.94	2.26 1.93	2.20 1.86
coal Rubber products Leather and leather products	93.30 76.04 51.38	94.12 77.03 51.38	92.06 77.21 51.79	41.1 39.4 37.5	41.1 39.5 37.5	41.1 39.8 37.8	2.27 1.93 1.37	2.29 1.95 1.37	2.24 1.94 1.37

^{1/} Preliminary.
2/ Not available.

Table 4. Index of employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division, seasonally adjusted

(1947-49=100)

Industry division -		Year ago		
industry division	August 1954	July 1954 <u>1</u> !	June 1954	August 1953
TOTAL	109.6	109.8	110.1	114.1
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing	76.6 124.7 105.5	78.3 125.2 105.7	78.1 124.7 107.1	88.2 124.3 116.5
Transportation and public utilities	98.2 111.2 123.5 113.1 118.8	98.6 111.7 123.5 113.2 118.1	98.6 111.4 122.8 112.4 117.9	104.2 112.1 120.0 112.4 118.0

¹ Preliminary.

Table 5. Index of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group, seasonally adjusted

(1947-49=100)

		Year ago		
Major indůstry group	August 1954 1/	July 1954 <u>1</u> /	June 1954	August 1953
MANUFACTURING	99•9	100•2	101.8	112.7
DURABLE GOODS	104.8	105•4	107.6	123.5
Ordnance and accessories	507•3	520.6	529•4	855.9
Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	79.0 97.2 98.2 94.4	79.1 96.5 98.9 95.3	92•7 96•2 97•7 95•5	95.3 108.4 106.7 111.1
ordnance, machinery, and trans- portation equipment) Machinery (except electrical) Electrical machinery Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.	106.3 99.5 126.8 122.9 107.7 98.9	107.2 98.9 124.8 125.7 109.8 100.3	107.7 100.3 122.4 129.5 111.3 100.8	122.2 114.4 148.5 151.3 124.7 111.1
MONDURABLE GOODS	94.2	94.1	94.9	100.2
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished textile	91.7 89.0 81.3	92.0 89.9 80.0	93•4 89•0 80•7	95.5 89.9 90.8
products	98.9 109.3	98.2 109.6	99•3 109•3	105.5 112.1
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	107.6 102.9 94.6 86.4 90.7	108.0 102.7 96.8 87.4 92.1	108.0 102.9 96.8 97.7 90.1	107.1 109.3 100.5 109.5 94.0

^{1/}Preliminary.

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Table A-1: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

			(In	thousands)					
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	Contract con- struction	Manufac turing	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Service and miscel- laneous	Govern- ment
Annual average: 1919	26,829 27,088 24,125 25,569 28,128 27,770 28,505 29,539 29,691 29,710	1,124 1,230 953 920 1,203 1,092 1,080 1,176 1,105 1,041	1,021 848 1,012 1,185 1,229 1,321 1,446 1,555 1,608	10,534 10,534 8,132 8,986 10,155 9,523 9,786 9,997 9,839 9,786	3,711 3,998 3,459 3,505 3,882 3,886 3,824 3,940 3,891 3,822	4,664 4,623 4,754 5,084 5,494 5,626 5,810 6,033 6,165 6,137	1,050 1,110 1,097 1,079 1,123 1,163 1,166 1,235 1,295 1,360	2,054 2,142 2,187 2,268 2,516 2,591 2,755 2,871 2,962	2,671 2,603 2,531 2,542 2,611 2,723 2,802 2,848 2,917 2,996
1929	31,041 29,143 26,383 23,377 23,466 25,699 26,792 28,802 30,718 28,902	1,078 1,000 864 722 735 874 888 937 1,006 882	1,497 1,372 1,214 970 809 862 912 1,145 1,112	10,534 9,401 8,021 6,797 7,258 8,346 8,907 9,653 10,606 9,253	3,907 3,675 3,243 2,804 2,659 2,736 2,771 2,956 3,114 2,840	6,401 6,064 5,531 4,997 4,999 5,552 5,692 6,543 6,453	1,431 1,398 1,333 1,270 1,225 1,247 1,262 1,313 1,355 1,347	3,127 3,084 2,913 2,682 2,614 2,784 2,883 3,060 3,233 3,196	3,066 3,149 3,264 3,225 3,167 3,298 3,477 3,662 3,749 3,876
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	30,287 32,031 36,164 39,697 42,042 41,480 40,069 41,412 43,438 44,382	845 916 947 983 917 883 826 852 943 982	1,150 1,294 1,790 2,170 1,567 1,094 1,132 1,661 1,982 2,169	10,078 10,780 12,974 15,051 17,381 17,111 15,302 14,461 15,290 15,321	2,912 3,013 3,248 3,433 3,619 3,798 3,872 4,023 4,122 4,141	6,612 6,940 7,416 7,333 7,189 7,260 7,522 8,602 9,196 9,519	1,382 1,419 1,462 1,440 1,401 1,374 1,394 1,586 1,641	3,321 3,477 3,705 3,857 3,919 3,934 4,055 4,621 4,807 4,925	3,987 4,192 4,622 5,431 6,049 6,026 5,967 5,456 5,614
1949	43,295 44,696 47,289 48,306 49,660	918 889 916 885 844	2,165 2,333 2,603 2,634 2,644	14,178 14,967 16,104 16,334 17,259	3,949 3,977 4,166 4,185 4,224	9,513 9,645 10,012 10,281 10,533	1,736 1,796 1,862 1,957 2,025	5,000 5,098 5,278 5,423 5,486	5,837 5,992 6,348 6,609 6,645
Monthly data:	49,904	846	2,711	17,416	4,260	10,473	2,037	5,576	6 , 585
July August September October November December	49,716 49,962 50,200 50,180 49,851 50,197	836 844 839 826 829 822	2,768 2,825 2,866 2,889 2,789 2,632	17,336 17,537 17,510 17,301 16,988 16,765	4,283 4,274 4,265 4,257 4,216 4,187	10,414 10,392 10,523 10,669 10,828 11,361	2,067 2,067 2,041 2,040 2,034 2,040	5,607 5,601 5,566 5,506 5,467 5,435	6,405 6,422 6,590 6,692 6,700 6,955
1954: January February March April May June July	48,147 47,880 47,848 48,068 47,935 48,137	805 790 772 749 737 744	2,349 2,356 2,415 2,535 2,634 2,729	16, 434 16, 322 16, 234 16, 000 15, 836 15, 888	4,069 4,039 3,992 4,008 4,008 4,032	10,421 10,310 10,305 10,496 10,375 10,414	2,033 2,044 2,057 2,075 2,081 2,104 2,126	5,377 5,380 5,406 5,506 5,563 5,601	6,659 6,639 6,667 6,699 6,701 6,625
oury.	41,024	735	2 ,794	15,638	4-ب U4-1	10,379	2,120	7,043	0,400

Industry Employment

Table A-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and group

	(In thousands	.)			
		1954		19	53
Industry division and group	July	June	May	July	June
TOTAL	47,824	48,137	47,93 5	4 9,716	49,904
MINING	73 5	744	737	836	846
		20.6	98.8	105.0	106.6
Metal mining	100.3 25.2	99.6 26.5	29.3	105.9 48.6	53.6
Bi tuminous-coal	202.0	214.2	213.3	275.4	284.1
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production	302.3	299.9	292.2	298.4	294.7
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	105.0	104.1	103.2	107.2	107.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	2,794	2,729	2,634	2,768	2,711
NONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	600	582	550	570	553
Highway and street	281.2	270.7	243.6	258.0	246.0
Other nonbuilding construction	318.3	311.7	306.7	311.7	306.8
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	2,194	2,147	2,084	2,198	2 , 1 58
General contractors	941.4	918.4	892.5	997-7	969.8
Special-trade contractors	1,253.0	1,228.4	1,191.7	1,200.0	1,188.1
Plumbing and heating	304. 9	297.4	292.0	291.8	286.8
Painting and decorating	155.9	150.7	139.2	161.0	154.1
Electrical work Other special-trade contractors	172.2 620.0	168.2 612.1	164.2 596.3	162.7 584.5	158.3 588.9
MANUFACTURING	15,638	15,888	15,836	17,336	17,416
DURABLE GOODS	8,873	9,123	9,152	10,190	10,301
	-7-15	/,	,,-,-		20,502
Ordnance and accessories	167.0	170.0	175.6	258.3	253.2
Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	663.3	769.4	747.1	796.3	811.1
Furniture and fixtures	328.3	329.0	330.6	369.7	371.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	506.5	510.0	509.5	541.9	550.7
Primary metal industries	1,163.0	1,179.5	1,172.4	1,348.5	1,356.7
machinery, and transportation equipment)	1,014.3	1,037.6	1,040.4	1,145.7	1,162.7
Machinery (except electrical)	1,513.3	1,550.7	1,567.7	1,705.4	1,736.4
Electrical machinery	1,069.0	1,074.8	1,087.1	1,216.9	1,232.4
Transportation equipment	1,702.7	1,737.9	1,752.5	1,981.3	1,987.0
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	299.6 446.4	305.4 458.9	310.5 458.3	334.4 491.7	336.2 502.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	6 ,7 65	6,7 65	6,684	7,146	7,115
Food and kindred products	1,589.0	1,511.3	1,457.8	1,634.9	1,536.6
Tobacco manufactures	91.2	90.4	89.8	91.6	91.3
Textile-mill products	1,044.9	1,073.8	1,063.2	1,181.5	1,209.6
Apparel and other finished textile products	1,098.2	1,110.4	1,107.3	1,192.5	1,214.4
Paper and allied products	519.9	525.8	522.7	529.5	532.2
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	800.3	804.5	801.7	786.2	790.1
Chemicals and allied products	772.4	775.2	781.3	804.3	804.6
Products of petroleum and coal	256.9	255.4	252.6	265.4	263.5
Rubber products	225.5	255.2	253.7	277.3	284.1
Leather and leather products	366.4	363.2	353.5	382.6	388.5

Table A-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and group - Continued

	(In thousands				_
Industry division and group		1954		19	953
	Ju ly	June	May	Ju l y	June
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,041	4,032	4,008	4,283	4,260
TRANSPORTATION	2,701	2,703	2,685	2,934	2,928
Interstate railroads	1,231.8 1,077.9 122.1 684.0 663.2 48.3 106.0	1,228.9 1,074.7 122.5 684.2 667.3 48.2 105.7	1,215.6 1,061.9 123.5 680.1 665.4 48.6 105.3	1,409.5 1,238.8 128.2 721.3 674.9 53.5 105.9	1,399.9 1,229.2 128.6 723.8 676.0 52.9 105.7
COMMUNICATION	747	741	741	760	7 51
Telephone Telegraph	705.3 41.2	698.8 41. 2	698.6 41.4	715.5 43.9	706.0 44.6
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	5 93	588	582	589	581
Gas and electric utilities	56 7. 9 25 . 5	56 3. 3 2 4. 8	557 .1 2 4.4	564.1 24.7	557-3 2 4.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	10,379	10,414	10,375	10,414	10,473
WHOLESALE TRADE	2 ,7 79	2 ,7 57	2,746	2,773	2,765
RETAIL TRADE	7,600	7,657	7,629	7,641	7,708
General merchandise stores	1,290.0 1,413.3 812.1 558.3 3,525.9	1,325.1 1,421.6 811.7 595.6 3,502.7	1,339.3 1,416.3 808.8 600.0 3,464.6	1,333.9 1,385.6 820.1 560.0 3,541.6	1,385.7 1,390.5 814.5 603.6 3,514.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	2 ,1 26	2,104	2,081	2,067	2,037
Banks and trust companies Security dealers and exchanges	534.7 68.0 785.4 737.6	525.6 66.8 775.7 736.1	521.3 65.8 770.9 723.2	519.3 66.8 751.0 729.6	506.8 66.5 738.4 725.2
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	5,643	5,601	5,563	5,607	5,576
Hotels and lodging places	589. 4 337.1	527.1	501.7 333.6	596.2 347.3	538.9 347.0
Laundries	167.5 236.4	337·3 172·3 236·0	171.3 235.7	167.8 237.3	174.3 237.4
GOVERNMENT	6,468	6,625	6,701	6,405	6,585
FEDERAL	2,162	2 ,16 4	2,160	2,281	2,303
STATE AND LOCAL	4,306	4,461	4,541	4,124	4,282

Industry Employment

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries

		(11	thousands	<u>' </u>					
		All en	ployees			Froduction workers			
Industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	Ju ly 1953	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	Ju ly 1953	
MINING	735	744	737	836	-	-	-	-	
METAL MINING	100.3	99.6	98.8	105.9	86.7	85.3	84.8	91.4	
Iron mining Copper mining Lead and zinc mining	28.4	34.7 28.4 15.2	35.3 27.5 15.1	28.5	30.7 24.4 13.0	30.1 24.3 12.8	30.9 23.4 12.8	36.0 24.5 13.9	
ANTHRACITE	25,2	26.5	29.3	48.6	21.4	21.9	26.0	45.1	
BITUMINOUS-COAL	202.0	214.2	213.3	275.4	181.4	195.1	194.9	254.5	
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION	302.3	299•9	292.2	298.4	-	-	-	-	
Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)	-	-	-	-	136.7	134.2	129.0	136.5	
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	105.0	104.1	103.2	107.2	90.3	89.0	88.6	93-1	
MANUFACTURING	15,638	15,888	15,836	17,336	12,233	12,480	12,437	13,875	
Durable Goods	8,873 6,765	9,123 6,765	9,152 6,68 4	10,190 7,146	6,933 5,300	7,177 5,303	7,208 5,229	8,194 5,681	
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	167.0	170.0	175.6	258.3	117.9	120.3	125.2	198.7	
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,589.0	1,511.3	1,457.8	1,634.9	1,148.2	1,078.7	1,031.1	1,202.2	
Meat products	321.9 130.6 255.5 124.5 287.2 29.7	317.4 130.0 193.7 123.1 282.4 29.1	310.0 124.2 172.6 119.7 280.2 29.1	129.7 296.6 121.3 289.2	251.0 88.0 226.0 92.1 174.7 24.2	246.9 88.2 165.4 91.3 173.5 23.8	238.6 84.0 144.2 87.9 171.9 23.8	251.6 90.2 263.6 89.2 182.9	
Confectionery and related products Beverages Miscellaneous food products	72.2 226.2 141.2	75.2 219.1 141.3	74.5 209.6 137.9	228.7	58.0 133.5 100.7	61.2 127.3 101.1	60.3 121.8 98.6	61.3 133.9 104.8	
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	91.2	90.4	89.8	91.6	82.7	82.4	81.5	83.6	
Cigarettes	31.7 38.0 7.8 13.7	31.6 39.9 7.8 11.1	31.4 39.5 7.9 11.0	39.0 7.6	28.8 36.0 6.7 11.2	28.7 37.9 6.7 9.1	28.3 37.5 6.7 9.0	27.7 37.1 6.5 12.3	
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	1,044.9	1,073.8	1,063.2	1,181.5	952.6	980.9	968.6	1,085.3	
Scouring and combing plants Yarn and thread mills Broad-woven fabric mills Narrow fabrics and smallwares Knitting mills Dyelng and finishing textiles	6.2 119.8 472.2 28.5 210.8 85.1	5.4 124.0 485.5 29.1 217.8 85.7	5.6 122.5 481.1 29.0 213.2 86.0	144.7 537.4 31.2 234.3	5.7 110.5 444.4 24.9 190.0 74.5	5.0 114.7 456.8 25.5 197.0 75.2	5.1 113.1 451.5 25.3 192.2 75.5	6.6 134.5 507.2 27.6 213.6	
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	49.3	50.1	50.1	54.4	40.6	41.1	41.0	45.3	
millinery)	14.4 58.6	14.4 61.8	14.0 61.7		12.7 49.3	13.0 52.6	12.5 52.4	15.0 55.5	

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

		(In	thousands))				
Industry group and industry		All emp	loyees			Producti	on workers	
Industry group and Industry	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	Ju ly 1953
4554551 445 67455 54446455								
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	1,098.2	1,110.4	1,107.3	1,192.5	976.9	987.0	984.9	1,065.5
Men's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings and	119.1	121.5	118.5	127.0	106.5	108.2	105.3	114.2
work clothing	268.9 331.6	283.9 321.5	283.6 324.1	301.8 350.1	247.9 294.0	262.¥ 283.6	261.4 286.8	279.3 309.9
garments	101.6 16.1	107.5 12.9	109.9 15.0	111.3	89.3 13.9	95.1 10.9	97.2 13.1	98.8 17.7
Children's outerwear	75.8	75.8	69.5	71.6	69.0	69.0	63.0	65.1
Fur goods Miscellaneous apparel and	11.5	12.9	10.9	14.2	8.4	9.9	8.2	11.5
accessories	56.9	57-4	55.9	62.6	50.6	50.9	49.4	55.3
products	116.7	117.0	119.9	134.0	97-3	97.0	100.5	113.7
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE)	663.3	769.4	747.1	796.3	595.6	700.7	678.5	726.5
Logging camps and contractors Sawmills and planing mills	90.7 34 2.8	125.6 401.2	116.1 390.5	110.6 428.9	83.0 314.5	117.8 372.0	108.3 361.3	104.0 396.9
Millwork, plywood, and prefabri- cated structural wood products	120.5	128.0	125.9	131.2	99.6	107.4	105.5	111.3
Wooden containers	56.9	61.2	60.9	66.8	52.3	56.4	56.1	62.0
Miscellaneous wood products	52.4	53.4	53.7	58.8	46.2	47.1	47-3	52.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	328.3	329.0	330.6	369.7	274.2	274.5	276.5	314.4
Household furniture Office, public-building, and	228.9	228.3	230.7	261.4	196.9	196.0	198.6	228.0
professional furniture Partitions, shelving, lockers,	39.8	40.3	39•9	4 2.6	31.8	32.1	31.9	34.7
and fixtures Screens, blinds, and miscellane-	33.2	33.3	33.0	36.0	25.1	25.2	24.9	28.0
ous furniture and fixtures	26.4	27.1	27.0	29.7	20.4	21.2	21.1	23.7
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	519.9	525. 8	522.7	529.5	429. 5	435. 6	¥32.5	438.8
Pulp, paper, and paperboard								
mills	256.0 1 4 0.4	259.2 142.5	256.9 142.1	258.5 145.9	215.8 115.4	219.5	217.9 116.3	219.0
Paperboard containers and boxes Other paper and allied products	123.5	124.1	123.7	125.1	98.3	98.9	98.3	100.8
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED						1		
I MDUSTRIES	800.3	804.5	801.7	786.2	513.7	518.5	514.7	506.7
Newspapers	293.4	295.2	293.7	288.0	145.5	147.9	146.6	143.7
Periodicals	60.9 50.7	61.4 50.7	61.9 51.1	60.6 50.3	24.6 30.9	25.5 30.6	25.6 30.6	25.9 29.0
Commercial printing	206.6	207.0	206.1	203.0	167.3	167.9	166.5	165.4
Lithographing	58.6	59.0	59.2	56.0	45.3	45.5	45.6	42.9
Greeting cards Bookbinding and related	20.2	20.3	19.1	20.1	15.1	15.0	14.0	15.4
industries Miscellaneous publishing and	<u>₩</u> 4.0	44.0	4 3.9	44.6	34.8	34.7	34.5	35-2
printing services	65.9	66.9	66.7	63.6	50.2	51.4	51.3	49.2

Industry Employment

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

		(11)	thousands	<u>'</u>					
Industry group and industry		All em	ployees		Production workers				
-radesory group and indusory	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	Ju ly 1953	
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	772.4	775.2	781.3	804.3	513.7	517.2	525.3	546.2	
Industrial inorganic chemicals	95.3	94.6	93.6	94.4	67.4	67.4	67.1	67.3	
Industrial organic chemicals	297.5	297.7	297.0	324.9	201.8	201.3	201.0	226.9	
Drugs and medicines	91.2	90.9	90.8	90.0	56.2	56.0	56.2	55.0	
Soap, cleaning and polishing									
preparations	51.3	51.6	51.4	50.9	31.1	31.6	31.7	31.4	
Paints, pigments, and fillers	72.8	72.8	72.6	76.3	45.6	45.7	45.6	48.6	
Gum and wood chemicals	8.1	8.0	8.3	7.9	6.9	6.8	7.1	6.7	
Fertilizers	30.3	33.0	40.3	32.0	21.9	24.5	31.7	23.8	
Vegetable and animal oils and	36.8	27.1	27 8	37.0	25.5	26.0	26.7	26.0	
fats Miscellaneous chemicals	89.1	37.1 89.5	37.8 89.5	37.0 90.9	25.5 57.3	57.9	58.2	60.5	
miscerianeous chemicals	09.1	09.7	09.7	90.9	71.3	71.9	0.2	00.7	
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	256.9	255.4	252.6	265.4	181.8	181.1	178.6	190.0	
Petroleum refining	206.7	205.2	202.9	209.6	141.0	140.3	138.4	144.2	
Coke and other petroleum and	•		_	_			_		
coal products	50.2	50.2	49.7	55.8	40.8	40.8	40. 2	45.8	
RUBBER PRODUCTS	225.5	255•2	253.7	277.3	173.3	198.4	197.0	219.3	
Tires and inner tubes	90.6	112.8	111.5	120.8	67.0	85.0	83.9	93.7	
Rubber footwear	25.3	25.0	25.0	28.1	20.1	19.8	19.8	22.5	
Other rubber products	109.6	117.4	117.2	128.4	86.2	93.6	93.3	103.1	
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	366.4	363.2	353-5	382.6	327.8	323.6	315.1	342.9	
Leather: tanned, curried, and									
finished Industrial leather belting and	43.4	43.6	43.1	47.2	39.1	39.1	38.6	42.4	
packing	4.4	4.7	4.7	5•3	3.3	3.6	3.6	4.3	
Boot and shoe cut stock and	15.8	16.0	14.9	17.0	14.1	14.2	13.2	15.2	
findings Footwear (except rubber)	242.9	241.3	234.4	247.6	219.1	216.7	210.8	223.3	
Luggage	14.6	14.6	13.9	16.7	12.4	12.4	11.8	14.6	
Handbags and small leather			-3.7						
goods	28.7	26.6	27.0	30.4	25.4	23.3	23.7	27.0	
Gloves and miscellaneous leather		_		- 1			. !	_	
goods	16.6	16.4	15.5	18.4	14.4	14.3	13.4	16.1	
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	506.5	510.0	509.5	541.9	424.1	4 27 . 2	4 26.9	457.9	
Flat glass	28.5	28.1	27.7	31.3	25.4	24.9	24.7	27.8	
Glass and glassware, pressed or	86.5	90.6						82.0	
Glass products made of purchased		90.0	91.0	95.1	73.5	77.6	77.9	UZ.U	
glass	15.1	15.3	15.5	17.8	12.9	13.2	13.3	15.5	
Cement, hydraulic	42.8	39.4	40.5	42.5	36.0	32.7	33.7	35.8	
Structural clay products	79.1	79.2	77.8	81.9	70.2	70.5	69.2	73.5	
Pottery and related products	48.0	51.6	52.6	50.1	42.4	45.6	46.4	43.9	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster	30h C	102.0	101 0	108.5	96 3	امسا	82.3	80 P	
products	104.9	103.2 18.5	101.8 18.7	18.4	86.3	84.2 16.2	83.3 16.3	89.8 16.1	
Cut-stone and stone products Miscellaneous nonmetallic	17.6	10.5	10.7		15.1	٠.٠٠	10.5	10.1	
mineral products	84.0	84.1	83.9	96.3	62.3	62.3	62.1	73-5	
wructar broamces	~ 7. 0	· ~	ا و دود	ا د•بو	1 25.2	ا د	JE	13.7	

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(111	thousands)					
		All er	nployees			Producti	on workers	
Industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	Ju ly 1953
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	1,163.0	1,179.5	1,172.4	1,348.5	971.2	983.0	975.6	1,143.4
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	573.0 214.8	579.0 219.6	573.9 219.1	665.1 250.8	486.4 186.7	488.1 191.0	483.3 190.4	5 70. 5 220.3
nonferrous metals	58.8	58.3	57.8	60.9	47.9	47.6	47.1	50.4
of nonferrous metals	<u></u>	12.4	12.6	13.5	9.1	9.2	9-3	9.9
of nonferrous metals Nonferrous foundries Miscellaneous primary metal	100.9 70.6	102.4 72.8	101.8	92.3	79.5 56.2	81.0 58.2	80.6 57.6	91.5 76.9
industries	132.7	135.0	134.8	152.3	105.4	107.9	107.3	123.9
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANS-PORTATION EQUIPMENT)	1,014.3	1,037.6	1,040.4	1,145.7	809.6	831.1	833.3	933.9
Tin cans and other tinware	57.6	56.9	55-3	59.7	50.9	50.2	48.8	52.5
Cutlery, hand tools, and hard-	137.9	144.6	146.9	160.6	110.6	117.3	119.3	132.1
Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies	116.5	118.0	115.9	134.8	90.7	92.0	89.6	107.2
Fabricated structural metal products	271.2	269.7	266.6	272.1	207.4	205.7	202.8	209.1
engraving	213.5 41.6 51.5	223.9 43.2 53.2	230.4 43.3 53.8	260.0 50.2 64.2	175.7 32.7 42.0	185.2 34.2 43.5	191.1 34.3 44.3	219.1 41.2 53.9
products	124.5	128.1	128.2	144.1	99.6	103.0	103.1	118.8
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	1,513.3	1,550.7	1,567.7	1,705.4	1,113.2	1,150.6	1,165.0	1,294.9
Engines and turbines	74.8	75.4	76.4	89.4	52.9	53-3	54.2	64.8
tractors Construction and mining machinery. Metalworking machinery Special-industry machinery	145.1 122.8 273.5	149.9 123.6 280.4	149.7 123.7 284.7	172.1 134.9 307.5	104.9 89.1 209.6	110.2 89.8 216.1	110.1 89.6 219.5	130.0 100.4 242.0
(except metalworking machinery) General industrial machinery Office and store machines and	171.1 224.5	17 4.1 226.5	175.5 227.9	186.8 246.0	121.6 151.4	124.6 154.1	125.8 155.7	136.6 172.5
devices	101.9	103.5	103.3	108.7	80.6	81.7	81.3	87.7
machines Miscellaneous machinery parts	153.1 246.5	166.0 251.3	175.3 251.2	193.1 266.9	112.1 191.0	124.6 196.2	133.4 195.4	148.7 212.2
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	1,069.0	1,074.8	1,087.1	1,216.9	771.1	775.8	791.2	918.1
Electrical generating, trans- mission, distribution, and industrial apparatus	357.9	363.7	369.0	406.8	246.7	253.0	259•2	293.2
Electrical appliances Insulated wire and cable Electrical equipment for vehicles. Electric lamps	60.5 27.5 68.8 27.0	60.8 28.4 70.9 27.6	62.6 28.6 72.1 27.7	71.3 33.2 82.4 28.6	48.0 21.8 54.5 23.4	48.3 22.7 56.6 23.9	50.4 23.1 57.7 24.2	59.5 27.5 67.5 25.2
Communication equipment Miscellaneous electrical products.		477.9 45.5	481.6 45.5	5 44 .7 49.9	342.7 34.0	337.5 33.8	342.6	406.8 38.4

Industry Employment

Table A-3: All employees and production workers in mining and manufacturing industries - Continued

	,	,	Unous ands)					
To do a do a series and designation		All en	ployees			Producti	on workers	i
Industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	May 1954	July 1953
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	1,702.7	1,737.9	1,752.5	1,981.3	1,284.5	1,324.1	1,342.4	1,558.9
Automobiles	709.4	739.5	744.8	945.0	561.8	593.5	600.9	779.2
Aircraft and parts	803.7	804.0	806.9	793.3	566.4	570.0	575.0	574.9
Aircraft	498.5	493.8	496.2	478.9	349.5	348.6	353.3	344.8
Aircraft engines and parts	162.9	166.3	169.5	179.7	110.5	113.4	116.2	127.2
Aircraft propellers and parts	17.4	17.5	13.1	17.8	12.5	12.6	9.1	13.1
Other aircraft parts and	-100	-'''	-3	-,,,,			/	
equipment	124.9	126.4	128.1	116.9	93.9	95.4	96.4	89.8
Ship and boat building and					'3''	//*	, , , , ,	
repairing	125.2	127.5	132.0	153.4	108.7	1 111.1	115.2	135.1
Ship building and repairing	104.6	105.6	109.1	130.2	90.7	91.8	95.0	114.4
Boat building and repairing	20.6	21.9	22.9	23.2	18.0	19.3	20.2	20.7
Railroad equipment	54.7	57.4	59.8	77.9	39.7	41.7	44.1	59.8
Other transportation equipment	9.7	9.5	9.0	11.7	7.9	7.8	7.2	9.9
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	299.6	305.4	310.5	334.4	208.9	214.8	219.5	241.5
Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments	47.8	49.3	51.4	55.8	27.5	29.1	30.5	34+3
Mechanical measuring and	\			1 0			1	
controlling instruments	76.4	74.7	76.9	80.9	53.4	51.6	54.0	57.5
Optical instruments and lenses	13.4	13.7	13.8	14.9	10.6	10.8	10.8	11.8
Surgical, medical, and dental			l		l			
instruments	39.6	39.8	39.7	43.7	27.4	27.7	27.7	31.2
Ophthalmic goods	24.3	25.5	25.8	26.7	19.1	20.2	20.5	21.4 48.4
Photographic apparatus	67.5	67.0	66.8	69.5	45.7	45.9	45.7	
Watches and clocks	30.6	35.4	36.1	42.9	25.2	29.5	30.3	36.9
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING			ŀ	1 1		!	ì	
INDUSTRIES	446.4	4 58.9	458.3	491.7	362.2	375.0	373.9	405.4
Jewelry, silverware, and plated	E0.2	E3 #	57. 0	50.0	ho =	41.6	h .	41.2
ware	50.3	51.5	51.9	50.8 16.8	40.5	•	41.9	14.6
Musical instruments and parts	15.1	15.2	15.5 81.2		12.8	12.9 68.6	13.2	83.1
Toys and sporting goods	80.9	81.9	01.5	96.9	67.5	00.0	67.9	05.1
Pens, pencils, and other office	-0 -							٠. ١
supplies	28.5	29.2	29.3	29.1	21.3	22.0	22.1	21.8
Costume jewelry, buttons, notions		62.0	59.6	66.1	49.6	51.7	49.1	55.3
Fabricated plastic products	66.8	69.8	70.1	76.7	54.0	56.9	57.3	63.6
Other manufacturing industries	144.9	149.3	150.7	155.3	116.5	121.3	122.4	125.8

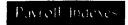


Table A-4: Production workers and indexes of production-worker employment and weekly payroll in manufacturing industries

•		Production-worker	employment	Production-worker
 .	Period	Number (in thousands)	Index (1947-49 aver- age = 100)	payroll index (1947-49 aver- age = 100)
	Annual average:			
1940 1942 1943 1944		8,192 8,811 10,877 12,854 15,014 14,607 12,864	66.2 71.2 87.9 103.9 121.4 118.1 104.0	29.9 31.0 49.3 72.2 99.0 102.8 87.8
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951		12,105 12,795 12,715 11,597 12,317 13,155 13,144 13,850	97.9 103.4 102.8 93.8 99.6 106.4 106.3	81.2 97.7 105.1 97.2 111.7 129.8 136.6 151.6
	Monthly data:			
1953:	June	13,985	113.1	153.9
	July August September October November December	13,875 14,070 14,061 13,852 13,534 13,319	112.2 113.8 113.7 112.0 109.4 107.7	151.1 154.0 153.4 152.6 148.0 147.2
1954:	January February March April May June	13,002 12,906 12,818 12,590 12,437 12,480	105.1 104.3 103.6 101.8 100.5 100.9	140.8 140.5 136.4 135.0 135.1 136.6
	July	12,233	98.9	132.5

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Table A-5: Employees in Government and private shipyards, by region

(In thousands)

Region 1/		1954	1	953	
region T/	July	June	May	July	June
ALL REGIONS	212.6	214.4	219.4	253.6	256.6
PR; VATE YARDS	104.6	105.6	109.1	130.2	131.7
NAVY YARDS	108.0	108.8	110.3	123.4	124.9
ORTH ATLANTIC	89.5	90.6	93.2	114.4	115.2
Private yards	41. 8 47. 7	42.1 48.5	43.9 49.3	59.3 55.1	59.2 56.0
OUTH ATLANTIC	38.0	38.2	38.9	43-3	43.3
Private yards	17.7 20.3	17.8 20.4	18.2 20.7	19.7 23.6	19.5 23.8
ULF:					
Private yards	22.6	22.8	22.0	24.4	24.6
ACIFIC	53.1	52.8	54.8	59.7	61.2
Private ,yards	13.1 40.0	12.9 39.9	14.5 40.3	15.0 44.7	16.1 45.1
REAT LAKES:					
Private yards	5.0	5.5	6.1	6.5	7.0
NLAND:					
Private yards	4.4	4.5	4.4	5-3	5-3

^{1/} The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in the following States: Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia.

The Gulf region includes all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in the following States: Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas.

The Pacific region includes all yards in California, Oregon, and Washington.

The Great Lakes region includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in the following States: Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

The Inland region includes all other yards.

2/ Data include Curtis Bay Coast Guard Yard.

Table A-6: Federal civilian employment

	(In thousan	ds)		<u></u>	
		1954		19	53
Branch and agency	July	June	May	July	June
TOTAL FEDERAL 1/	2,162	2,164	2 ,1 60	2 , 281	2,303
Executive 2/	2,135.9	2,138.1	2,134.2	2,255.0	2,277.2
Department of Defense	1,022.1 507.4 606.4	1,025.2 504.8 608.1	1,028.6 502.4 603.2	1,128.2 498.6 628.2	1,138.1 504.3 634.8
Legislative	22 .1 3.9	21.9 4.0	21.8 4.0	22.2 3.9	22.3 3.9
District of Columbia 3/	228.4	228.7	226.6	239.6	243.2
Executive 2/	207.5	207.8	205.8	218.6	222.1
Department of Defense Post Office Department Other agencies	87.2 8.9 111.4	87.2 8.9 111.7	86.4 9.0 110.4	89.6 9.3 119.7	90.1 9.1 122.9
LegislativeJudicial	20.2 •7	20 .1 .8	20.0 .8	20.3 •7	20 .4 •7

^{1/} Data refer to continental United States only.

^{2/} Includes all executive agencies (except the Central Intelligence Agency), and Government corporations. Civilian employment in navy yards, arsenals, hospitals, and on force-account construction is also included.

 $[\]underline{3}/$ Includes all Federal civilian employment in Washington Standard Metropolitan Area (District of Columbia and \overline{a} djacent Maryland and Virginia counties).

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Contra	ct constr	uction
State	July	54 June	1953 July	July	June	1953 July	July	June	1953 July
AlabamaArizonaArkansasCaliforniaColorado	650.6	661.0	670.3	15.8	15.7	18.0	33.9	32.0	35.9
	199.3	199.3	197.4	13.5	13.6	12.8	17.4	16.5	16.8
	297.4	302.5	313.6	5.9	5.7	6.3	14.3	13.8	19.0
	3,834.1	3,823.8	3,905.1	35.7	35.6	37.2	234.8	233.3	248.6
	401.9	408.4	416.7	12.5	12.7	12.4	19.5	27.0	27.7
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia	841.2 - 488.9 811.3 879.1	850.2 - 489.0 824.9 888.3	878.9 - 507.0 792.8 908.8	(<u>1</u> /) - (<u>2</u> /) 7.3 4.5	(<u>1</u> /) - (<u>2</u> /) 7.3 4.5	(<u>1</u> /) (<u>2</u> /) 7.1 4.5	42.0 16.5 78.1 45.2	40.1 - 16.3 76.7 49.4	43.2 - 19.5 78.0 53.6
Idaho 3/ Illinois Indiana 2/ Iowa Kansas 3/	134.1	131.7	139.8	4.5	4.4	4.9	9.8	8.1	10.3
	3,271.3	3,307.7	3,424.4	31.9	32.3	35.1	177.1	170.3	178.4
	1,290.4	1,303.4	1,432.3	10.3	10.6	11.6	63.5	59.1	68.2
	629.0	632.9	640.1	3.3	3.2	3.3	40.2	37.9	42.3
	541.7	542.8	549.2	18.8	18.8	18.5	41.8	40.2	35.2
Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	686.9 274.7 791.0 1,737.8	692.2 274.2 791.2 1,756.0	697.6 285.2 814.6 1,820.4	42.6 34.7 .6 2.2 (<u>2</u> /)	42.9 33.8 .6 2.2 (<u>2</u> /)	47.4 32.3 .5 2.2 (<u>2</u> /)	53.7 14.4 62.9 71.8	55.3 14.2 62.0 69.7	60.2 13.5 64.3 76.8
Michigen	849.7	833.2	877.1	18.1	18.1	20.9	52.0	43.4	56.4
	334.4	335.3	339.5	2.7	2.6	3.1	19.7	19.0	20.6
	1,227.7	1,234.0	1,277.1	8.3	8.3	8.8	59.9	57.3	52.5
	159.7	158.6	160.1	11.5	11.5	11.1	11.9	11.0	11.2
Nebraska	351.1	353.0	353.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	26.1	25.2	23.4
	76.6	75.7	75.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	9.1	9.0	8.8
	177.7	175.9	179.6	.2	.2	.2	8.1	7.8	7.9
	1,772.0	1,778.1	1,850.5	4.5	4.5	4.8	99.7	100.4	98.6
	178.5	177.6	177.4	14.6	14.1	15.4	14.6	14.2	13.7
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	5,797.4	5,800.9	5,951.8	12.1	11.9	12.1	240.9	234.9	230.2
	971.0	977.1	1,000.3	3.5	3.5	3.8	47.9	47.2	52.9
	113.2	112.7	114.4	2.0	2.0	2.2	9.2	8.9	10.2
	2,876.4	2,920.8	3,079.0	21.1	21.4	23.0	167.5	162.6	161.2
	533.9	534.3	537.0	46.9	47.0	46.5	39.6	38.4	36.5
Oregon	444.5	462.1	488.7	1.3	1.3	1.2	26.9	24.5	28.9
	3,577.9	3,596.4	3,867.1	94.1	99.9	134.5	210.2	202.7	207.5
	279.9	282.0	301.3	(<u>2</u> /)	(<u>2</u> /)	(<u>2</u> /)	15.6	15.9	15.4
	508.4	513.3	533.7	1.2	1.2	1.2	41.7	41.1	53.6
	121.8	121.9	124.0	2.5	2.6	2.6	11.0	10.5	11.1
Tennessee Texas	807.9	817.4	834.4	8.4	8.7	8.9	54.2	60.7	55.5
	2,242.1	2,245.2	2,246.8	127.0	126.0	123.9	173.1	172.9	167.8
	(5/)	205.4	218.9	(5/)	11.8	13.6	(5/)	11.5	13.1
	101.4	102.4	105.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	4.7	4.5	4.7
	856.3	859.6	894.4	15.1	15.4	18.0	55.6	54.0	58.5
Washington	724.8	747.5	758.1	2.6	2.7	2.8	52.7	52.3	51.6
	464.0	469.6	502.4	79.9	80.5	96.7	20.6	19.2	23.1
	1,075.1	1,055.3	1,104.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	55.9	52.4	58.2
	88.5	87.4	94.1	8.9	9.7	10.8	7.3	6.7	7.5

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

(In thousands)

State	Me	nufacturin	E		portatio ic utili			nolesale an	
	19	954	1953		54	1953		54	1953
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
Alabama	213.8	224.1	230.5	51.7	51.1	52.0	135.2	135.0	136.3
Arizona	26.2	26.0	28.1	20.9	20.7	21.5	49.4	49.9	49.7
Arkansas	76.0	79.2	82.7	28.0	27.7	30.4	72.0	72.6	75.5
California	1,037.1	1,022.3	1,084.1	335.5	332.8	346.0	880.6	876.8	887.4
Colorado	65.4	64.5	68.6	43.6	43.3	46.7	108.5	107.7	108.8
Connecticut	401.1	414.2	451.2	42.6	42.3	42.5	148.7	149.9	143.3
Delaware	56.3	57.8	63.1	- 1		-	· -	-	-
District of Columbia	16.1	16.3	17.2	29.4	29.4	31.2	87.9	88.6	90.9
Florida	114.7	120.0	114.2	74.7	74.4	74.4	242.1	247.8	234.1 203.3
Georgia	296.1	303.5	317.0	69.4	69.4	72.6	204.9	201.4	203.3
Idaho.3/	25.5 1,184.5	24.6	27.2	15.4 296.2	15.2	17.2 315.8	34.4	34.2 707.2	35·5 705·3
Illinois	555.6	1,211.2 567.5	1,319.8 682.5	99.5	295.5 98.5	108.4	701.9 274.2	275.6	278.2
Indiana	161.7	163.3	171.5	58.4	57.5	61.6	169.1	170.0	169.4
Iowa	131.8	132.7	139.6	64.2	63.9	70.5	127.3	126.7	131.5
Kentucky	146.0	148.2	159.0	57.2	57.3	60.1	125.8	126.1	126.9
Louisiana	154.1	155.2	162.5	80.6	80.9	83.2	160.0	159.9	160.9
Maine	107.5	108.2	119.8	20.5	20.2	20.2	53.6	52.9	53.7
Maryland	251.8	250.8	276.0	73.7	75.3	78.3	162.6	163.1	161.4
Massachusetts	654.3	665.4	731.7	118.4	118.2	120.1	360.7	368.4	364.3
Michigan	1,006.8	1,044.3	1,238.3	-	_	_	_	-	-
Minnesota	215.6	207.8	234.3	88.1	86.6	96.1	205.0	205.3	212.1
Mississippi	92.7	92.9	98.8	26.7	26.2	25.6	82.5	82.2	82.7
Missouri	376.2	377.7	414.1	126.1	126.6	135.1	298.1	298.5	312.5
Montana	19.3	18.7	19.7	22.6	22.6	24.5	40.7	40.6	40.6
Nebraska	58.8	59.8	62.9	42.6	42.0	45.3	91.9	92.2	94.0
Nevada	4.4	4.2	4.4	9.0	8.9	9.3	16.3	16.2	15.8
New Hampshire	78.2	78.7	81.7	10.6	10.6	11.0	32.1	31.8	31.8
New Jersey	762.3	771.2	844.5	145.8	146.1	150.0	320.5	317.8	323.4
New Mexico	16.8	16.5	16.7	19.0	18.9	20.5	42.2	41.7	41.7
New York	1,815.4	1,832.3	1,991.7	505.2	503.9	517.2	1,265.4	1,263.9	1,268.0
North Carolina	422.3	423.5	444.1	59.6	60.2	63.6	195.0	195.6	197.9
North Dakota	6.6	6.6	6.5	14.0	14.0	14.7	37.8	37.5	37.5
OhioOklahoma	1,243.8	1,283.0 82.8	1,430.8	216.4 49.3	216.9 49.1	236.9	558.7 128.3	561.8 127.7	571.2 132.1
Oregon	119.2	139.7	157.2	45.8	45.3	49.4	106.9	105.5	111.5
Pennsylvania	1,422.6	1,428.1	1.625.8	309.1	308.0	338.6	664.5	674.1	686.5
Rhode Island	122.9	124.8	145.4	16.0	16.0	16.6	52.0	52.1	51.6
South Carolina	212.6	215.9	225.7	26.0	25.9	27.8	99.9	99.8	99.5
South Carolina	11.9	11.9	12.4	10.0	9.9	10.5	38.9	38.5	39.5
Tennessee	273.7	272.4	296.8	59.3	59.4	62.2	180.0	180.7	180.9
Texas	426.5	425.0	444.2	224.8	224.1	234.4	600.4	599.7	594.5
Utah	(5/)	30.1	34.5	(5/)	21.8	23.7	(5/)	49.1	50.5
Vermont	35.9	37.5	40.0		8.4	8.8	19.6	19.4	19.2
Virginia	236.6	236.9	255.2	80.8	80.9	86.3	190.5	190.7	196.3
Washington	176.7	200.5	206.3	64.9	64.8	69.3	167.1	165.3	168.9
West Virginia	122.8	125.7	133.8	49.7	49.5	54.3	79.5	80.8	85.1
Wisconsin.	446.5	427.6	479.0	78.0	77.2	81.6	227.2	227.7	226.8
Wyoming. 3/	6.9	6.6	7.2	15.0	14.8	16.6	19.7	18.6	20.8
	L	L	L	1	L	I	1	<u> </u>	1

Table A-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State - Continued

		ce, insur	•		Service ar			Governmen	t
State		54	1953		954	1953	10)54	1953
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
Alabama	22.5	22.4	20.6	57.3	58.1	57.4	120.4	122.6	119.6
Arizona	7.6	7.6	7.0	24.4	24.8	24.0	39.9	40.2	37.5
Arkansas	9.1	9.1	9.0	35.4	35.8	36.0	56.7	58.6	54.7
California	174.7	173.5	174.2	508.7	508.5	501.0	627.0	641.0	626.6
Colorado	18.3	18.2	17.6	55.6	54.7	56.1	78.5	80.3	78.8
Connecticut	44.6	43.9	43.1	87.3	85.9	83.9	74.9	73.9	71.7
Delaware	-		i -	j <u>-</u>	-	l - i	12.9	13.2	12.2
	23.7	23.8	23.1	65.1	64.3	64.9	250.2	250.3	260.2
Florida	42.4	42.1	39.4	116.6	117.3	112.9	135.4	139.3	132.7
Georgia	33.2	33.4	33.0	84.1	83.6	84.7	141.7	143.1	140.1
Idaho.3/	4.2	4.2	4.3	16.1	16.2	16.3	24.2	24.8	24.1
Illinois Indiana	171.2 44.9	169.8	168.8 43.3	374.6 98.5	380.1 99.5	372.9 99.5	333.7 143.9	341.3 148.2.	328.3 140.6
Iowa	28.5	28.4	27.8	70.4	71.4	70.7	97.6	101.3	93.7
Kansas 3/	19.1	18.9	18.1	56.0	56.3	55.2	82.7	85.3	80.6
		1					,		
Kentucky	17.8	17.6	18.2	62.9	62.9	63.9	89.2	91.9	89.1
Louisiana	24.2	24.2	23.2	74.1	74.5	73.1	105.5	108.4	102.2
Maine	7.4	7.4	7.4	30.1 86.0	29.1	30.0	40.6 114.6	41.6	40.1
Massachusetts	37.2 85.9	37.0 85.3	36.1 84.9	220.7	85.8 219.2	83.1 220.4	226.0	115.0 229.8	113.2
	0).9	0).5	0,.,	220.1		220.4	220.0	223.0	
Michigan			-	-	i -	-	230.2	237.7	223.1
Minnesota	41.7	40.9	41.3	100.7	101.2	99.4	128.5	129.8	116.7
Mississippi	9.2	9.2	9.0	34.8	34.9	35.6	66.1	68.3	64.1
Missouri	61.8	60.9	61.5 4.9	150.5 20.6	154.1	149.2 21.1	146.8 28.0	150.6 28.6	143.4 27.0
MODULADA	5.1	5.1	4.9		20.5	21.1			1
Nebraska	19.0	18.9	18.9	45.4	46.1	43.9	65.4	67.1	63.3
Nevada	1.9	1.9	1.6	18.9	18.4	18.7	12.0	12.3	11.8
New Hampshire	5.4 64.3	5.4 63.8	5.2	22.6 186.9	20.4 1 8 3.0	22.1 180.5	20.j 188.0	21.0 191.3	19.7 183.4
New Jersey	5.9	5.9	65.3 5.2	23.9	23.8	24.1	41.5	42.5	40.1
New York	416.8	415.2	417.3	821.9	806.6	813.7	719.6	732.2	701.6
North Carolina	28.1 4.6	27.9	27.4	89.9	90.1	90.0	124.7	129.1	120.6 25.3
Ohio.	93.8	4.6 92.3	4.5 92.2	13.5 265.2	13.2 265.0	13.4 259.5	25.5 309.9	25.9 317.8	304.1
Oklahoma	19.7	19.8	19.2	59.3	59.5	58.9	106.9	110.0	106.6
			_				,		
Oregon	17.5	17.5	17.1	56.8	56.8	56.2	70.1	71.5	67.2
Rhode Island	131.7 11.8	129.8 11.7	129.9 11.6	372.3 28.3	372.1 27.7	375.6 28.3	373.4 33.3	381.8 33.8	368.6 32.4
South Carolina	12.4	12.4	12.2	39.6	39.5	40.0	75.0	77.5	73.7
South Dakota.3/	5.2	5.1	4.9	15.4	15.4	15.6	27.0	28.2	27.5
Mannagar	28.4	28.4		85.8	86.0	86.6	118.1	121.1	115.6
Tennessee	101.3	101.1	27.9 99.1	277.2	275.5	269.3	311.8	320.9	313.6
Utah	(5/)	8.2	7.7	(5/)	22.9	23.3	(5/)	50.0	52.5
Vermont*	3.2	3.1	3.0	(5/) 12.5	12.3	11.9	15.6	15.9	16.0
Virginia.6/	34.5	34.3	35.5	85.4	85.8	85.3	157.8	161.6	159.3
Washington	29.5	29.4	29.2	86.9	84.9	84.9	144.4	147.6	145.1
West Virginia	11.2	11.2	11.2	43.9	43.9	43.5	56.4	58.8	54.7
Wisconsin	38.8	38.3	36.8	103.3	103.1	101.0	121.2	124.9	116.4
Wyoming.3/	2.2	2.1	2.0	12.9	12.8	13.8	15.6	16.1	15.4

^{*} Finance and government do not conform with definitions used for national series as shown in Glossary. 1/ Mining combined with construction. 2/ Mining combined with service. 3/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data. 4/ Total and contract construction revised; not strictly comparable with previously published data. 5/ Not available. 6/ Rederal employment in Maryland and Virginia portions of the Washington, D. C., metropolitan area included in data for District of Columbia.

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division

(In thousands)

Area and industry		er of emplo		Area and industry		r of emplo	
division		254	1953	division	19		1953
	July	June	July		July	June	July
ALABAMA	,			Sacramento			
Birmingham				Manufacturing	9.8	11.3	10.5
Total	187.2	187.6	190.2	Manufacturing	3.º	11.5	10.7
Mining	11.3	11.2	13.1	San Bernardino-			
Contract construction	11.0	10.4	10.6	Riverside-Ontario			
Manufacturing	60.3	61.3	61.8	Manufacturing	25.8	25.9	25.7
Trans. and pub. util	16.9	16.8	17.7				
Trade	42.5	42.6	42.6	San Diego	1		
Finance	10.3	10.3	9.9	Total	180.4	179.9	187.1
Service	19.1	19.1	19.0	Mining	.2	.2	.2
Government	16.0	16.0	15.7	Contract construction	10.9	11.1	13.5
			ļ	Manufacturing	47.8	47.3	49.5
Mobile	45.75		36.6	Trans. and pub. util	10.8	10.5	10.8
Manufacturing	<u>(1</u> /)	16.5	16.6	Trade	40.5	40.5	42.1
ADTECNA			1	Finance *	6.0	5.9	6.0
ARIZONA				Service	24.7	24.3 40.1	25.1
Phoenix Total	95.0	94.7	93.8	Government *	39.5	40.1	39.9
Mining	.2	.2	,2	San Francisco-Oakland	i		
Contract construction	8.5	7.9	8.5	Total.	865.9	855.8	882.2
Manufacturing	15.6	15.3	16.0	Mining	1.4	1.4	1.4
Trans. and pub. util	9.0	9.0	9.1	Contract construction	55.0	54.1	49.6
Trade	27.3	27.4	27.5	Manufacturing	185.2	177.2	195.5
Finance	5.2	5.2	4.7	Trans. and pub. util	98.0	97.2	103.5
Service	11.7	11.9	11.i	Trade	198.3	196.7	199.9
Government	17.5	17.8	16.7	Finance	55.8	55.3	55.6
			ļ .	Service	109.0	109.0	107.5
Tucson	Ì		ĺ	Government	163.2	164.9	169.2
Total	40.0	40.4	42.4	il i			
Mining	1.7	1.8	1.6	San Jose			!
Contract construction	3.4	3.2	4.0	Manufacturing	31.8	23.9	32.0
Manufacturing	4.4	4.5	6.1] }			ŀ
Trans. and pub. util	5.5	5.4	5.6	Stockton		İ	
Trade	9.6	9.8	9.8	Manufacturing	12.3	11.2	14.9
Finance	1.3	1.3	1.3	1			i
Service	6.6	6.6	6.5	16			ł
Government	7.5	7.8	7.5	COLORADO			l
AD			ţ	Denver			١,,
ARKANSAS		j		Mining	1.8 12.4	1.8 19.1	1.5
Little Rock- N. Little Rock				Contract construction Manufacturing	44.0	43.4	45.4
Total	65.6	67.0	69.8	Trans. and pub. util	26.4	26.0	28.0
Contract construction	4.4	4.6	4.9	Trade	63.7	63.5	64.8
Manufacturing	11.4	12.0	13.0	Finance	13.0	12.9	12.8
Trans. and pub. util	7.3	7.4	8.6	Service	31.1	30.9	31.9
Trade	17.1	17.5	17.6		5	30.7	
Finance	4.2	4.2	4.1	CONNECTICUT			
Service 2/	9.5	9.6	9.8	Bridgeport			
Government	11.9	11.9	11.9	Total	115.5	117.6	123.1
		1	ļ .	Contract construction 2/	5.6	5.3	5.9
CALIFORNIA			1	Manufacturing	65.5	67.8	72.9
Fresno			ļ	Trans. and pub. util	5.6	5.7	5.4
Manufacturing	13.7	12.7	j 14.1	Trade	19.2	19.2	19.2
	i		ł	Finance	2.6	2.6	2.5
Los Angeles				Service	9.5	9.7	10.0
Total	1,818.2	1,818.7	1,838.2	Government	7.5	7.4	7.1
Mining	14.6	14.9	15.8	11			ļ
Contract construction	103.7	104.3	121.4	<u>Hartford</u>			,
Manufacturing	623.8	624.8	643.5	Total	194.2	195.0	196.9
Trans. and pub. util	122.3	121.9	124.0	Contract construction 2/	9.4	9.0	9.0
Trade	411.8	410.5	410.8	Manufacturing	75.2	75-3	78.
Finance	83.9	82.9	82.1	Trans. and pub. util	7.4	7.4	7.
Service	257.2	255.7	249.7	Trade	38.2	39.4	39.5
Government	200.9	203.7	190.9	Finance	26.7	26.6	26.1

Area Employment

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

July J		1953	Area and industry	19	954 .]	yees 1953	
	June	July	division -	July	June	July	
					- Vuine		
	Ī		Jacksonville - Continued		1	_	
i			Manufacturing	18.7	19.0	18.1	
19.9	20.0	20.3	Trans. and pub. util	14.4	14.3 j	14.5	
17.5	17.4	16.6		36.0	35.5	34.2	
	ì		Finance	8.3	8.1	7.0	
	i		Service 2/	13.4	13.4	13.1	
41.6	42.3	43.3	Government	15.6	15.6	15.6	
1.3	1.3	1.2	B i		l t		
27.0	27.6	29.4	Miami	_	l f		
2.1	2.1	2.0	Total	198.7	197.9	188.1	
5.4	5.5	5.2	Contract construction	17.4	16.3	19.3	
•7	.7	•7	Manufacturing	22.6	23.7	21.5	
2.8	2.8	2.6	Trans. and pub. util	27.3	26.7	25.5	
2.3	2.3	2.3	Trade	65.0	64.8	58.9	
1	1		Finance	11.5	11.3	10.7	
. 1	l		Service 2/	36.2	36.2	34.2	
118.3	119.0	121.9	Government	18.9	18.9	18.1	
6.1	5.8	5.9	ii l	-	[
45.7	46.5	50.0	<u> </u>				
11.7	11.6	11.6	Tampa-St. Petersburg		!]		
22.5	22.6	22.7	Total	118.2	120.4	114.4	
5.7	5.7	5.7	Contract construction	12.4	12.3	11.7	
18.0	18.2	17.8	Manufacturing	21.4	22.4	22.4	
8.6	8.5	8.2	Trans. and pub. util	10.3	10.4	10.1	
- 1			Trade	38.5	39.7	37.6	
1	j		Finance	6.2	6.2	5.6	
48.3	48.3	51.4	Service 2/	14.7	14.8	14.0	
3.4	3.3	3.5	Government	14.8	14.8	13.2	
20.7	20.9	23.3	1		í I		
2.6	2.7	2.6]		1 1		
9.2	9.2	9.2	<u> </u>	i	i i		
1.5	1.5	1.5	GEORGIA	i i			
7-4	7.4	7.8	Atlanta				
3.4	3.3	3.5	Total	290.2	296.5	300.4	
	[Contract construction	13.8	17.7	16.2	
	j		Manufacturing	75.6	77.6	79.3	
64.7	66.8	72.0	Trans. and pub. util	30.4	30.6	31.9	
2.1	2.1	2.1	Trade	78.6	78.3	80.0	
40.6	42.5	47.9		20.9	21.1	21.4	
2.7	2.7	2.7		37.5	37.7	37-3	
9.1	9.3		Government	33.4	33.5	34.3	
1.3	1.3	1.3][} i		
4.2	4.3	4.3					
4.7	4.7	4.7	Savannah		[
- 1	ļ		Total	48.4	48.6	50.9	
ļ	1		Contract construction	3.3	3.2	4.9	
1	į		Manufacturing	13.4	13.4	14.3	
51.9	52.7	57.0	Trans. and pub. util	6.4	6.5	6.7	
1	ĺ		Trade	12.5	12.5	12.3	
1	1		Finance	1.5	1.5	1.5	
_ 1	_	_	Service 2/	5.8	5.7	5.8	
600.2		621.0	Government	5.5	5.8	5.4	
33.2	32.8	38.0	[[j j		
26.2	26.6]]				
41.2	41.1	43.7	IDAHO				
121.8	122.5	124.9	Boise		}		
31.9	31.9	31.0	Total	20.0	19.6	21.0	
80.4	82.7	82.4	Contract construction	1.7	1.5	2.1	
265.5	265.6	274.4	Manufacturing	1.9	1.9	1.9	
i]		Trans. and pub. util	2.3	2.3	2.5	
ļ	Ì		Trade	5.9	5.7	6.2	
_ {	j		Finance	1.2	1.2	1.2	
115.8	115.0	110.5	Service	2.9	2.9	2.9	
9.5	9.3	8.2	Government	4.1	4.1	3.9	
	17.5 41.6 1.3 27.0 2.1 5.4 2.8 2.3 118.3 6.1 45.7 12.5 5.7 18.0 8.6 48.3 3.4 20.7 2.6 9.2 1.7 2.5 7.4 3.4 4.7 51.9 600.2 33.2 41.2 4.7 51.9 600.2 31.9 80.4 265.5 115.8	17.5 17.4 11.6 42.3 1.3 27.0 27.6 2.1 5.5 .7 2.8 2.8 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.6 5.7 11.6 22.5 22.6 5.7 18.0 18.2 8.6 8.5 48.3 3.4 3.3 20.7 20.9 2.7 9.2 1.5 7.4 3.4 3.3 3.3 4.2 4.3 4.7 4.7 51.9 52.7 9.3 1.3 4.2 4.3 4.7 4.7 51.9 52.7 51.9 52.7 51.9 52.7 600.2 603.2 33.2 32.8 26.2 41.2 121.8 31.9 32.8 26.5 55.5 265.6 115.8 115.0	17.5 17.4 16.6 41.6 42.3 43.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 27.0 27.6 29.4 2.1 5.5 5.2 .7 .7 .7 2.8 2.8 2.6 2.3 2.3 118.3 119.0 121.9 6.1 5.8 2.6 2.3 2.3 45.7 46.5 5.9 45.7 22.6 22.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 11.6 22.5 22.6 22.7 2.6 22.7 2.6 9.2 9.2 1.5 1.5 1.8 2.0 2.3 2.6 9.2 9.2 9.2 1.5 7.4 7.8 3.4 3.3 3.5 20.7 2.6 9.2 9.2 9.2 1.5 7.4 7.8 3.3 3.4 3.3 3.5 2.7 9.2 2.7 <td> 19.9 20.0 17.4 16.6 Trans. and pub. util</td> <td> 19.9 20.0 20.3 17.4 16.6 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 17.4 16.6 17.4 </td> <td> 19.9 20.0 16.6 Trans. and pub. util.</td>	19.9 20.0 17.4 16.6 Trans. and pub. util	19.9 20.0 20.3 17.4 16.6 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 16.6 17.4 17.4 16.6 17.4	19.9 20.0 16.6 Trans. and pub. util.	

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		er of emplo		Area and industry		r of emplo	
division	July	954 June	1953 July	division	July	June	1953 July
	July	June	3413		July	June	5413
ILLINOIS			1	Wichita - Continued		[
Chicago		ł	1	Contract construction	6.8	6.7	7.2
Total	<u>(1/)</u>	2,446.6	2,538.3	Manufacturing	53.1	51.8	54.0
Mining		3.7	4.0	Trans. and pub. util	7.6	7.5	7.9
Contract construction	(1/)	96.7	103.5	Trade	23.9	23.7	24.3
Manufacturing	(1/)	967.1	1,047.2	Finance	4.5	4.5	4.1
Trans. and pub. util	} ≑/;	210.0	223.7	Service	11.4	11.2	11.2 8.9
Trade	} ‡∕;{	506.2	512.0 143.9	Government	9.2	9.2	0.9
Finance	} † //	144.5 295.2	288.9				
Government	} ÷⁄⋌	223.2	200.9	LOUISIANA	i		
Government	(<u>+</u>) /	223.2	21).2	Baton Rouge			
INDIANA]	ļ	Manufacturing	18.7	18.6	19.2
Evansville				Trade	11.8	11.7	11.7
Total	65.7	64.7	77.0	Finance	2.0	2.0	1.9
Manufacturing	30.9	29.9	41.8				,
Nonmanufacturing	34.8	34.8	35.2	New Orleans			
<u> </u>	•		37	Total	263.3	265.5	271.3
Fort Wayne		l		Mining	4.8	4.7	4.5
Total	73.4	73.4	82.9	Contract construction	18.7	19.1	19.5
Manufacturing	34.5	34.7	41.8	Manufacturing	52.7	53.5	57.6
Nonmanufacturing	38.9	38.7	41.1	Trans. and pub. util	42.4	43.4	43.3
_				Trade	65.6	66.0	66.3
Indianapolis		ŀ		Finance	11.8	11.8	11.8
Total	266.9	267.5	280.0	Service	34.9	34.9	35•7
Contract construction	10.3	10.1	11.4	Government	32.6	32.4	32.7
Manufacturing 3/	98.7	100.1	106.3		i		
Trans. and pub. util. 3/	50.1	19.8	24.8				
Trade	63.0	62.9	64.8				
Finance	15.4	15.3	15.5	MAINE			
Other nonmfg. 3/	59.4	59.3	57.2	Leviston			
Court h Bourd				Total	27.5	27.9	29.0 1.2
South Bend	72.0	72.3	مد د	Contract construction	1.4 14.4	1.4 14.8	16.0
Total Manufacturing	73.2	73.3 36.1	96.5 57.0	Manufacturing	1.1	1.1	10.0
Trade	35.9 14.6	14.5	15.6	Trade	5.1	5.1	5.1
Other nonmanufacturing.	22.7	22.7	23.9	Finance	7:7	.7	.7
Ooner normandracouring	EE • 1	==-	23.9	Service 2/	3.8	3.8	3.8
IOWA				Government	1.0	1.0	1.0
Des Moines			ľ				
Total	92.2	91.6	91.9	[]			
Contract construction	4.9	4.5	4.6	Portland			
Manufacturing	22.5	22.2	22.9	Total	53.7	53.5	54.1
Trans. and pub. util	7.9	7.9	7.9	Contract construction	4.5	4.2	4.3
Trade	24.4	24.1	24.6	Manufacturing	13.1	14.0	14.0
Finance	10.0	10.0	9.8	Trans. and pub. util	6.6	6.4	6.3
Service <u>2</u> /	11.8	11.9	11.7	Trade	14.6	14.3	14.7
Government	10.6	11.0	10.3	Finance	3.2	3.1	3.1
				Service <u>2</u> /	8.4	8.2	8.3
KANSAS				Government	3.3	3.3	3.4
Topeka	1. 1.	, !	 .		į		
Total	(<u>1</u> /)	43.7	44.9	<u> </u>			
Mining	(<u>1</u> /,)	.1	.2	L			
Contract construction	(<u>1/)</u>	2.4	2.7	MARYLAND			
Manufacturing	(1/,)	5.9	6.1	Baltimore	cka o	ا وج. و ا	E(0 =
Trans. and pub. util	\ ` ‡/;	7.6	8.1	Total	547.9	551.5	560.7
Trade	} ‡/;	9.0	9.3	11	.8	8.	.8 39.8
Finance		2.3	2.2	Contract construction	39.3	39.0	
Service	\ ‡ /,(5.1	5.0	Manufacturing	187.9	189.3	201.9
GOAGLIMETTO	(1/)	11.5	11.5	Trans. and pub. util	56.1 110.7	57.8 111.2	59.1 109.9
Wichita				Finance	28.6	28.5	28.0
Total.	117.7	115.9	118.7	Service	60.4	60.1	57.6
Mining	1.4	1.4	1.3	Government	64.1	64.8	63.6

Area Employment

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		er of emplo		Area and industry		r of emplo	
division		954	1953	division		754	1953
	July	June	July	 	July	June	July
MASSACHUSETTS				Saginaw		1	
Boston				Manufacturing	26.5	27.6	29.4
Total	940.7	950.8	975.4			-,	
Contract construction	41.2	40.3	47.1	MINNESOTA			
Manufacturing	275.9	279.5	302.2	Duluth			
Trans. and pub. util	79.4	79.2	79.5	Total	43.3	42.7	44.7
Trade	219.3	223.9	225.2	Contract construction	2.4	2.1	2.7
Finance	64.9	63.9	63.5	Manufacturing	10.0	10.0	10.2
Service <u>2</u> /	130.4	131.8	129.5	Trans. and pub. util	7.8	7.6	8.4
Government	129.6	132.2	128.4	Trade	11.1	10.9	11.4
		i		Finance	1.9	1.8	1.8
Fall River	,			Service <u>2</u> /	6.2	6.2	6.1
Total	45.5	47.1	48.6	Government	3.9	4.0	4.1
Manufacturing	26.0	27.2	29.1			1	
Trans. and pub. util	2.4	2.4	2.5				
Trade	7.9	8.2	7.9	Minneapolis	062.0	262.2	060.0
Government	4.7	4.8	4.5	Total	261.8	260.3	268.3
Other nonmanufacturing	4.5	4.5	4.6	Contract construction	14.0	11.2	14.3
W 7- 404				Manufacturing	68.7	69.8	75.3
New Bedford	47.8	48.5	E2 2	Trans. and pub. util	28.6	28.0	29.5
Total	1.1	1.0	53.3 1.4	TradeFinance	72.7	73.2	75.2
Manufacturing	25.4	26.1	30.8		20.2	19.6	20.0 31.0
Trans. and pub. util	2.2	2.2	2.2	Service 2/	33.0	33.2	23.0
Trade	8.4	8.4	8.5	Government	24.6	25.2	23.0
Government	4.8	4.9	4.6	<u> </u>			
Other nonmanufacturing	5.9	5.9	5.8	St. Paul			
	, ,,	, , ,	,,,,	Total	149.9	147.4	151.9
Springfield-Holyoke				Contract construction	9.5	7.0	9.0
Total	152.2	155.6	162.3	Manufacturing	41.8	41.7	44.3
Contract construction	5.5	4.9	4.7	Trans. and pub. util	21.9	21.4	21.9
Manufacturing	65.5	67.8	74.8	Trade	33.0	33.1	33.7
Trans. and pub. util	8.8	8.8	9.0	Finance	10.5	10.5	10.5
Trade	30.4	31.5	31.2	Service 2/	16.9	17.6	16.6
Finance	6.4	6.3	6.4	Government	16.3	16.1	16.0
Service <u>2</u> /	15.3	15.6	15.0	i i			
Government	20.3	20.7	21.2			Į	
				MISSISSIPPI			
Worcester			1000	Jackson .		ا م ا	
Total	99.5	100.9	106.3	Manufacturing	8.8	8.9	9.4
Contract construction	3.6	3.5	4.1			Ì	
Manufacturing	46.0	46.7	52.9	MICCOMPI			
Trans. and pub. util Trade	5.2 20.2	5.2 20.6	5.3 19.9	MISSOURI			
Finance	4.2	4.2	4.2	Kansas City Total	(1/)	364.1	362.8
Service 2/	9.5	9.7	9.5	Mining		8.	.7
Government	10.8	11.0	10.4	Contract construction	冷火	21.1	6.1
Covernmeno	10.0	11.0	20.	Manufacturing	゚゚゚゚゙゙゙゙゚゚゙゙゙゙゙゙゚゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゚゚	111.7	122.0
				Trans. and pub. util	/ †//	45.6	47.4
MICHIGAN				Trade	゚ゔ゚゚゙゙゙゙゙゚゙゙゙゙゚゚゙゙゙゙゙゙゚゚゙゙	94.3	96.0
Detroit			:	Finance	? ī/í	20.7	21.0
Manufacturing	550.9	579.9	733.9	Service	ごバ	39.6	40.1
	,,,,,,	71,70	13317	Government	浸が	30.3	29.5
Flint					12,		
Manufacturing	77.1	79.4	76.2	St. Louis		i	
_				Manufacturing	(<u>1</u> /)	264.4	300.3
Grand Rapids		ĺ		_			
Manufacturing	52.1	53.1	56.3				
				MONTANA		1	
Lansing			- <u>-</u> -	Great Falls) !	
Manufacturing	29.0	30.8	35-3	Manufacturing	2.9	2.8	2.9
				Trans. and pub. util	2.6	2.6	2.9
Muskegon	ا منہ ا	املحا	30 k	Trade	6.0	5.9	5.9
Manufacturing	23.5	24.5	30.4	Service 4/	3.5	3.4	3.4
				· i		i	

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		r of emplo		Area and industry		er of emplo	
division		954	1953	division		954	1953
	July	June	July		July	June	July
NEBRASKA				Binghamton		:	•
Omaha	l			Total	76.2	75.8	77.7
Total	141.8	141.1	143.6	Contract construction	3.6	3.5	3.1
Contract construction	8.2	8.0	7.9	Manufacturing	41.3	41.1	42.8
Manufacturing	32.2	32.2	31.8	Trans. and pub. util	3.9	3.9	4.1
Trans. and pub. util	23.2	22.8	25.6	Trade	13.0	12.9	13.3
Trade	34.4	34.3	35.5	Other nonmanufacturing	14.5	14.5	14.3
Finance	10.6	10.5	10.8	_		1	
Service 2/	18.0	18.2	17.9	Buffalo		1	
Government	15.3	15.2	14.4	Total	429.8	432.7	455.8
		•		Contract construction	22.2	20.3	21.2
NEVADA	ì	,		Manufacturing	197.0	200.9	219.3
Reno		,		Trans. and pub. util	38.6	39.3	40.7
Contract construction	2.2	2.0	1.7	Trade	81.2	81.3	83.6
Manufacturing 2/	1.9	1.9	1.9	Finance	13.5	13.3	13.1
Trans. and pub. util	3.0 l	3.0	2.9	Service 2/	45.1	45.5	45.2
Trade	6.0	5.9	5.9	Government	32.1	32.1	32.7
Finance	.9	.8	.8	-	3		
Service	6.0	5.4	6.0	Elmira			
		•		Total	33.2	32.8	33.6
NEW HAMPSHIRE				Manufacturing	17.2	16.8	17.2
Manchester	1		i	Trade	6.3	6.3	6.4
Total	39-3	39.4	40.7	Other nonmanufacturing	9.8	9.8	9.9
Contract construction	1.4	1.3	1.5				1
Manufacturing	19.2	19.1	20.5	Nassau and Suffolk		1	1
Trans. and pub. util	2.6	2.6	2.5	Counties 5/			
Trade	7.3	7.5	7.5	Contract construction	28.6	29.1	25.2
Finance	1.9	i.9	1.8	Manufacturing	103.7	102.7	97.9
Service	4.2	4.2	4.3	Trans. and pub. util	20.2	20.0	20.2
Government	2.7	2.7	2.6	Trade	59.4	58.9	54.1
	· I			Service 4/	38.6	40.5	39.0
NEW JERSEY			1	1	_		,
Newark-Jersey City 5/			ĺ	New York-Northeastern			1
Manufacturing	348.1	354.2	388.9	New Jersey		ļ	ŀ
- 1	-		1	Manufacturing	1,638.8	1,655.0	1,792.2
Paterson 5/							
Manufacturing	167.1	168.3	181.5	New York City 5/			
_				Total	3,445.7	3,477.0	3,525.8
Perth Amboy 5/	j		}	Mining	1.9	1.9	2.0
Manufacturing	79.0	79.5	85.1	Contract construction	110.9	110.5	87.8
_	i			Manufacturing	884.6	893.4	975.9
Trenton				Trans. and pub. util	336.4	336.0	341.9
Manufacturing	38.4	38.9	44.2	Trade	795.7	807.5	813.1
	_	-	!	Finance	343.6	342.5	345.1
NEW MEXICO	ļ		ļ '	Service	552.7	558.5	548.4
Albuquerque	ì		l	Government	420.0	426.7	411.6
Total	52.8	52.3	53.0			1	
Contract construction	4.2	4.2	4.2		ł	1	İ
Manufacturing	9.0	8.8	9.0	Rochester		[
Trans. and pub. util	5.2	5.2	5.3	Total	212.1	212.5	217.0
Trade	13.9	13.5	14.3	Contract construction	10.3	10.0	9.2
Finance	2.6	2.7	2.5	Manufacturing	110.5	110.8	118.1
Service <u>2</u> /	7.3	7.3	7.1	Trans. and pub. util	11.2	11.0	11.1
Government	10.6	10.6	10.6	Trade	37.7	38.2	37.1
ļ			}	Finance	6.6	6.5	6.3
NEW YORK	1		l	Other nonmanufacturing	35.8	36.0	35.1
Albany-Schenectady-Troy					1	Ī -	1
Total	206.8	206.3	225.6	Syracuse	l	1	1
Contract construction	7.0	6.4	8.1	Total	134.7	138.1	145.2
Manufacturing	78.2	78.5	91.7	Contract construction	7.1	5.8	7.2
Trans. and pub. util	16.7	16.5	18.0	Manufacturing	53.9	57.7	63.8
Trade	39.6	39.6	40.2	Trans. and pub. util	11.4	11.5	11.6
Government	36.9	37.1	39.5	Trade	29.0	29.7	29.4
Other nonmanufacturing	28.4	28.2	28.1	Other nonmanufacturing	33.4	33.5	33.2

Area Employment

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		er of emplo		Area and industry	Number of employees 1954 1953				
division	July	954 June	1953 July	division			1953 July		
	July	Suite	July	 	July	June	JULY		
NEW YORK - Continued		1 1		Tulsa - Continued		} }			
Utica-Rome]		Manufacturing	29.0	28.9	30.9		
Total	94.7	95.3	102.2	Trans. and pub. util	12.4	12.5	12.		
Contract construction	2.8	2.8	4.4	Trade	27.7	27.8	28.		
Manufacturing	43.2	43.9	49.0	Finance	5.2	5.2	5.0		
Trans. and pub. util	6.0	6.1	6.4	Service	13.8	13.8	14.		
Trade	14.8	15.0	15.1	Government	5.1	5.1	5.8		
Finance	3.1	3.0	3.0		<i>J</i> . <u>-</u>)	,		
Service 2/	7.4	7.3	7.7	OREGON		[
Government	17.4	17.3	16.5	Portland		1			
				Total	237.0	239.5	250.3		
Westchester County 5/		1		Contract construction	13.1	12.3	14.		
Manufacturing	45.6	46.4	52.7	Manufacturing	56.8	59.7	64.		
•	,		, ,	Trans. and pub. util	29.3	29.2	31.5		
1				Trade	61.2	60.4	63.2		
NORTH CAROLINA				Finance	12.6	12.6	12.9		
Charlotte				Service 2/	33.9	33.7	33.3		
Total	82.7	82.7	83.9	Government	30.1	31.6	30.2		
Contract construction	6.1	6.0	6.0		3	J	•		
Manufacturing	21.1	21.2	21.9	PENNSYLVANIA		i i			
Trans. and pub. util	9.6	9.6	9.9	Allentown-Bethlehem-		}			
Trade	24.4	24.4	24.5	Easton					
Finance	5.3	5.3	5.4	Manufacturing	92.5	91.5	104.		
Service 2/	10.0	10.0	10.1		,,	,,			
Government	6.2	6.2	6.1	Erie					
	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Manufacturing	38.7	40.3	46.		
Greensboro-High Point		l i			3				
Manufacturing	39.9	39.4	40.0	Harrisburg		1			
		" }		Manufacturing	31.5	31.5	37.1		
j					32	J /	•		
NORTH DAKOTA				Lancaster	1	1			
Fargo		l i		Manufacturing	42.3	42.7	45.3		
Manufacturing	2.2	2.2	2.1	-	•	·			
Trans. and pub. util	2.3	2.3	2.4	Philadelphia					
Trade	7.4	7.4	7.5	Manufacturing	547.9	544.9	611.		
Finance	1.4	1.4	1.3	li .					
Service	2.8	2.8	2.7	Pittsburgh		ļ			
Government	<u>(1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)	2.8	Mining	21.3	22.1	27.		
İ		_		Manufacturing	321.0	324.3	375•		
,		1		Trans. and pub. util	67.6	67.6	74.		
OHIO				Finance	28.5	28.3	28.		
<u>Cincinnati</u>						ľ			
Manufacturing	155.4	156.2	170.7	Reading					
	i			Manufacturing	47.7	47.9	52.		
Cleveland) [1					
Manufacturing	298.1	304.0	339.0	Scranton					
i				Manufacturing	29.4	29.7	31.		
				i i		1			
OKLAHOMA				Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton					
Oklahoma City				Manufacturing	(<u>1</u> /)	<u>(1</u> /)	38.		
Total	134.7	134.5	138.7	ĮĮ					
Mining	6.6	6.6	6.6	York	_				
Contract construction	9.0	9.0	9.7	Manufacturing	43.2	44.8	48.		
Manufacturing	16.6	16.3	16.4			1			
Trans. and pub. util	10.7	10.6	11.5	RHODE ISLAND					
Trade	36.2	36.1	36.5	Providence					
Finance	7.7	7.7	7.7	Total	272.5	276.0	295.		
Service	16.5	16.6	16.8	Contract construction	13.8	14.1	13.		
Government	31.4	31.5	33.5	Manufacturing	128.3	131.6	151.		
				Trans. and pub. util	14.2	14.2	14.		
Tulsa				Trade	49.4	49.5	49.		
Total	113.9	113.8	115.8	Finance	11.6	11.5	11.		
	11.2	11.3	11.0	Service 2/	26.1	25.6	26.		
Mining Contract construction	9.5	9.3	8.6	Government					

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

(In thousands)

Area and industry		r of emplo		Area and industry		or of emplo		
division		54	1953	division	July	June	1953 July	
	July	June	July		July	June	July	
SOUTH CAROLINA	ł			Nashville - Continued				
Charleston				Manufacturing	34.3	33.8	38.1	
Total	49.1	48.9	51.8	Trans. and pub. util	12.1	12.0	12.3	
Contract construction	3.6	3.6	4.0	Trade	26.1	26.2	26.1	
Manufacturing	8.1	8.4	8.9	Finance	7.2	7.1	7.1	
Trans. and pub. util	4.4	4.0	4.8	Service	17.3	17.3	17.1	
Trade	11.5	11.5	12.3	Government	14.4	14.4	14.3	
Finance	1.6	1.6	1.5	<u> </u>				
Service <u>2</u> /	4.7	4.5	4.5	UTAH				
Government	15.4	15.4	16.0	Salt Lake City				
				Total	(1/)	106.9	106.8	
Greenville	_ 1			Mining	333333333	6.0	6.4	
Manufacturing	27.6	27.7	29.8	Contract construction	(1/)	6.5	7.3	
l	1			Manufacturing	<u>(ī/)</u>	16.4	16.7	
				Trans. and pub. util	$(\overline{1}/)$	12.6	12.9	
SOUTH DAKOTA			1	Trade	(1/)	31.0	30.9	
Sioux Falls				Finance	<u>(ī/)</u>	6.4	5.9	
Manufacturing	5.6	5.5	5.4	Service	(1/)	13.5	13.3	
Trans. and pub. util	2.0	2.0	2.1	Government	(1/)	14.5	13.4	
Trade	7.1	7.2	7.5	il i				
Finance	1.4	1.3	1.3					
Service 6/	4.7	4.7	4.8	VERMONT				
			i i	Burlington				
				Total	17.1	17.2	17.9	
			į.	Manufacturing	5.1	5.3	6.3	
Tennessee	- 1		ŀ	Trans. and pub. util	1.3	1.2	1.2	
Chattanooga				Trade	4.7	4.7	4.6	
Total	87.2	88.3	94.9	Service	2.9	2.8	2.4	
Mining	-1	.1	.1	Other nonmanufacturing	3.1	3.2	3.4	
Contract construction	3.6	3.5	5.0					
Manufacturing	40.4	41.5	46.6	Springfield				
Trans. and pub. util	5.3	5.2	5.4	Total	11.5	12.4	13.2	
Trade	17.1	17.3	17.4	Manufacturing	7.0	7.8	8.9	
Finance	3.9	3.8] 3.7	Trans. and pub. util	.6	.6	.6	
Service	9.2	9.2	9.0	Trade	1.6	1.6	1.5	
Government #	7.8	7.8	7.8	Service	.8	.8	.8	
			1	Other nonmanufacturing	1.6	1.6	1.5	
]		1	 	' 			
Knoxville				VIRGINIA				
Total	107.4	115.5	117.0	Norfolk-Portsmouth		_, _		
Mining	1.9	1.8	2.1	Manufacturing	14.7	14.9	16.0	
Contract construction	,5.9	14.9	11.8	l i				
Manufacturing	43.7	42.5	45.7	Richmond		_,	-100	
Trans. and pub. util	7.0	7.2	7.6	Total	145.4	145.1	148.8	
Trade	22.1	22.2	21.5	Mining	.4	.4	.3	
Finance	2.2	2.2	2.2	Contract construction	10.7	10.2	10.5	
Service	11.3	11.3	11.6	Manufacturing	35.8	35.3	37.6	
Government *	13.5	13.6	14.7	Trans. and pub. util	14.8	14.9	15.4	
			1	Trade	35.9	36.2	36.5	
				Finance	11.9	11.8	11.6	
<u>Memphis</u>			l	Service	16.7	16.7	17.2	
Total	163.6	164.4	170.9	Government	19.2	19.6	19.7	
Mining	.3	3	.4	(i				
Contract construction	10.8	10.7	11.1					
Manufacturing	40.9	41.5	44.8	WASHINGTON				
Trans. and pub. util	14.5	14.6	15.1	Seattle				
Trade	48.7	48.8	50.1	Total	279.4	282.1	282.6	
Finance	7.5	7.5	7.5	Contract construction	13.7	13.3	14.1	
Service	18.4	18.7	19.1	Manufacturing	76.4	80.1	78.6	
Government	22.5	22.5	23.0	Trans. and pub. util	26.7	26.3	27.8	
	j		l	Trade	70.5	70.5	70.3	
i								
Nashville	_	-		Finance	16.2	16.1		
Nashville Total Contract construction 2/	121.6 10.4	120.6 9.9	125.3 10.5	Finance	16.2 36.6 39.3	16.1 36.5 39.3	16.0 36.4 39.4	

Table A-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division - Continued

Area and industry	Numbe	or of emplo	увев	Area and industry	Number of employees				
division	_ 19	954	1953	division	10	954	1953		
417101011	July	June	July	division	July	June	July		
WASHINGTON - Continued				Charleston - Continued					
Spokane		1		Service	8.7	8.8	8.7		
Total	69.5	68.8	71.3	Government *	8.8	8.8	8.9		
Contract construction	5.2	5.2	5.3	·		!!!			
Manufacturing	14.4	14.2	15.0	Wheeling-Steubenville					
Trans. and pub. util	8.3	8.3	9.1	Total	109.4	110.2	113.1		
Trade	18.3	17.9	18.9	Mining	5.6	5.8	6.8		
Finance	3.5	3.4	3.3	Contract construction	4.0	4.0	4.4		
Service 2/	10.6	10.7	10.7	Manufacturing	53.0	53.5	53.8		
Government	9.2	9.1	9.0	Trans. and pub. util	9.1	9.0	10.0		
				Trade	18.8	18.9	19.4		
Tacoma				Finance	2.8	2.8	2.6		
Total	66.6	69.6	72.0	Service	9.4	9.7	9.5		
Contract construction	3.8	3.7	4.6	Government	6.8	6.7	6.7		
Manufacturing	14.4	17.0	17.5	[.]		[
Trans. and pub. util	6.4	6.7	7.3	WISCONSIN		1			
Trade	14.4	14.8	15.0	Milwaukee					
Finance	2.6	2.5	2.6	Manufacturing	181.4	182.3	190.8		
Service <u>2</u> /	7.8	7.5	7.9						
Government	17.2	17.4	17.1	Racine		1			
1	,		,	Manufacturing	21.1	21.6	24.1		
WEST VIRGINIA				WYOMING					
Charleston	1			Casper]			
Total	89.6	90.0	99.3	Mining	2.9	2.8	2.9		
Mining.	11.2	11.4	15.9	Contract construction	1.1	.9	1.0		
Contract construction	4.5	4.5	5.9	Manufacturing	1.9	2.0	1.9		
Manufacturing	25.9	26.0	28.9	Trans. and pub. util	1.8	1.7	1.7		
Trans. and pub. util	10.4	10.4	10.5	Trade	3.6	3.5	3.5		
Trade	17.5	17.5	17.9	Finance	.4	1 .4	.4		
Finance	2.7	2.7	2.8	Service	2.0	2.0	1.8		
]					l			

Does not conform with definition used for national series as shown in Glossary.

^{*} Does not conform with definition used for national series as shown in G. 1/2 Not available.

2/ Includes mining.

3/ Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.

4/ Includes mining and finance.

5/ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

6/ Includes mining and government.

Table B-1: Monthly labor turnover rates in manufacturing industries, by class of turnover

	(Per 100 employees)												
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
					To	tal ser	paration)					
1939	3.2	2.6	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.5	
1947	4.9	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.4	4.7	4.6	5.3	5.9	5.0	4.0	3.7	
1948	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.4	5.1	5.4	4.5	4.1	4.3	
1949	4.6	4.1	4.8	4.8 2.8	5.2 3.1	4.3	3.8 2.9	4.0	4.2 4.9	4.1 4.3	4.0 3.8	3.2 3.6	
1950 1951	3.1 4.1	3.0 3.8	4.1	4.6	4.8	3.0 4.3	4.4	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.3	3.5	
1952	4.0	3.9	3.7	4.1	3.9	3.9	5.0	4.6	4.9	4.2	3.5	3.4	
1953	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.8	5.2	4.5	4.2	4.0	
1954	4.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.3	3.1	3.3	4.0	7.2	44.0	4.2	4.0	
ľ	Quit												
1939	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	
1947	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.1	3.1	4.0	4.5	3.6	2.7	2.3	
1948	2.6	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.9	2.8	2.2	1.7	
1949 1950	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6 1.6	1.5	1.4	1.8 2.9	2.1 3.4	1.5 2.7	2.1	.9 1.7	
1951	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.4	3.1	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	
1952	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.5	2.8	2.1	1.7	
1953	2.1	2.2		2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.1	1.5	1.1	
1954.	1.1	1.0	2.5 1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	207		2.1	1.0	1.1	
1						Discl	arge						
1939	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	
1947	.4	.4	.4	-4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	
1948	.4	.4	.4	.4	-3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	•3	
1949	-3	-3	-3	.2	.2	.2	.2	-3	.2	.2	.2	.2	
1950	.2	.2	•5	.£	•3 •4	.3	•3	.4	.4	. 4 . 4	-3	•3 •3	
1951	•3	•3 •3	•3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•3	.3	•3	.3	.4	.4	•3 •4	•3	
1953	•3	.14	•4	.1	• <u>1</u> 4	.14	•4	٠,	.4	.4	.3	•3	
1954	.2	.2	•2	.2	.2	.2	.2	•4	•4	•4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• 2	
1774				<u>*</u>			roff	·					
1939	2.2	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.7	
1947	.9	.8	.9	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.0	.8	.9	.9	.8	•9	
1948	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.2	
1949	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.8	3.3	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.5	2.0	
1950	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.1	.9	.6	.6	.7	.8	1.1	1.3	
1951	1.0	.8	.8	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	
1952	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.1	2.2	1.0	•7	•7	.7	1.0	
1953	.9 2.8	.8 2.2	.8 2.3	.9 2.4	1.0	.9 1.7	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.5	
,,,,,					cellan		ncluding	milite	ry		L	·	
1947	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	
1948	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	
1949	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	
1950	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	•3	-4	-4	-3	-3	
1951	•7	.6	•5	•5	•4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	•3	
1952	-4	.4 1.	.3	•3	-3	•3	-3	•3	.3	•3	•3	•3	
1954	•4	•4	•3	•3	•3	•3	•3	-3	•3	•3	•3	•2	
							ccessio	nn	·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1939	4.1	3.1	3.3	2.9	3-3	3.9	4.2	5.1	6.2	5.9	4.1	2.8	
1947	6.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.8	5.5	4.9	5.3	5.9	5.5	4.8	3.6	
1948	4.6	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	5.7	4.7	5.0	5.1	4.5	3.9	2.7	
1949	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.5	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.2	
1950	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.5	4.4	4.8	4.7	6.6	5.7	5.2	4.0	3.0	
1951	5.2	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.4	3.9	3.0	
1952	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.9	4.4	5.9	5.6	5.2	4.0	3.3	
1953	й•Й	4.2	4.4	4-3	4.1	5.1	4.1	4.3	4.0	3•3	2.7	2.1	
1954	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.7	3.5	3.0					ŀ	

Labor Turnover

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups and industries

(Per 100 employees)

					Separ	ation					Total	
Industry group and industry	Tot	tal	Qu	it	Disch	narge	Lay	off		incl.		ssion
	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954		June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	Ju ly 1954	June 1954
MANUFACTURING	3•3	3.1	1.1	1.1	0.2	0.2	1.7	1.7	0.2	0.2	3.0	3•5
Durable Goods	3.5 2.8	3.5 2.6	1.0	1.0 1.1	•2 •2	•2 •2	2.1 1.1	2.0 1.1	•2 •1	.2 .1	2.9 3.1	3.3 3.8
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	(1/)	2.7	(1/)	•9	(1/)	•2	(1/)	1.4	(1/)	•2	(1/)	2.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS Meat products	3.7 4.1 3.1 3.3	3.4 4.3 2.1 3.3	1.2 .8 1.3 2.0	1.2 .8 1.1 2.0	.3 .4 .5	•3 •4 •4	2.0 3.0 1.3	1.7 2.9 .4 .8	.1 .1 .1	.1 .2 .1	4.1 4.6 4.5 3.5	5.9 6.1 5.1 4.9
Beverages: Malt liquors	(1/)	1.7	(1/)	•5	(1/)	•1	(<u>1</u> /)	•9	(1/)	•1	(1/)	7.0
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	1.8 1.7 2.0 1.7	2.0 1.4 2.6 1.5	1.4 1.3 1.6	1.1 .8 1.5	.2 .2 .2	.2 .3 .2	.1 .1 .1	.5 .1 .8	.1 .1 .1	.2 .3 .1	3.3 3.9 2.9 2.9	2.8 3.3 2.6 1.5
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	2.9	2.8 2.9 3.1 2.3 2.5 1.8 2.1 2.5 1.8 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1	1.3 1.5 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 2.2	1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 .9 1.3 1.1 1.5 1.5		.2 .2 .2 .4 .1 .1	1.3 1.4 1.1 1.0 2.2 .6 .3 .7 .8 1.7 3.1	1.4 1.5 1.4 1.3 2.8 1.2 1.8 .3 .9	.3 .3 .3 .4 .1 .1 .3 (2/)	.2 .1 .3 .3 .1 .1 .3 .1	3.0 4.4 3.1 3.0 4.2 3.3 1.4 2.6 5.3 1.6 2.2	3.2 3.0 3.3 3.0 7.0 3.6 2.2 5.1 3.5 2.5 2.6
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS Men's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	3.3 3.6 3.3	3.2 2.4 3.6	2.3 1.7 2.6	1.9 .9 1.9	.1 .1	.1 .1	.6 1.4 .5	1.2 1.2 1.6	•1 •4 •1	.1 .1 (<u>2</u> /)	4.1 3.5 5.0	4.1 5.1 4.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT FURNITURE)	3.8 4.6 3.8	3.7 4.4 3.7	2.0 3.8 1.6	2.2 3.0 2.4	•2 (<u>2/)</u> •3	•3	1.3 .5 1.7	1.0	•3	•2	4.3 4.4 3.5	5.5 8.8 4.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	2.5	3.5 4.1	1.5	1.3	•1 •2 •2	•1 •2 •3	•3	1.8 2.3	.1	.2 .2 .1	5.3 5.0 5.4 4.2	5.9 6.3 5.0
Other furniture and fixtures PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills Paperboard containers and boxes	1.6	2.2 2.4 2.3	1.0 1.0 .7 1.6	1.1 .7 1.4	.2 .1 .3	.1	•3 1•1 •5 •4	.8 .3	•3 •1 •2 •1	•1 •2 •3 •2	2.3 2.1 3.4	3.5 3.2 3.7

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups and industries - Continued

(Per 100 employees)

					Separ	ation					To	tal
Industry group and industry	To	tal	Qu	iit	Disc	harge	Lay	off		,incl.	_	ssion
	Jul y 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Industrial inorganic chemicals Industrial organic chemicals Synthetic fibers Drugs and medicines Paints, pigments, and fillers	1.7 1.8 1.6 (1/) (1/) 1.1	1.3 1.5 1.5 2.0 1.2 1.1	0.7 .9 .5 (1/) (1/)	0.6 -7 -4 -4 -8 -5	0.2 .1 .1 (1/) (1/)	0.1 .2 .1 (2/) .1	0.6 .6 (1/) (1/)	0.5 .4 .9 1.4 .2 .3	0.2 .3 .2 (1/) (1/)	0.1 .1 .1 .2 .2	1.9 1.9 1.1 (1/) (1/)	2.7 3.0 2.7 3.7 1.9 2.9
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL Petroleum refining	1.1 .6	•8 •7	.lı .2	•3	.1 (<u>2</u> /)	(<u>2</u> /)	•4 •2	•3	•2	•2 •2	1.0 .7	2.0 1.8
RUBBER PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes Rubber footwear Other rubber products	2.3 .8 1.5 3.7	2.6 1.3 1.7 4.0	•7 •3 •9	.8 .7 .9 1.0	.1 .1 .1	•1 •1 •1	1.4 .2 .4 2.5	1.4 .4 .6 2.6	.2 .2 .1	.2 .3 .1	2.0 1.3 1.7 2.6	2.8 2.5 3.0 3.0
Leather AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather Footwear (except rubber)	3.1 3.3 3.0	2.4 2.0 2.5	1.9 .8 2.1	1.6 .9 1.7	•2 •1 •3	•2 •1 •2	.7 2.1 .4	•5 •8 •4	•2 •3 •2	.1 .2 .1	4.0 4.0	4.2 3.7 4.3
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS Glass and glass products Cement, hydraulic Structural clay products Pottery and related products	3.2 5.7 1.1 2.2 1.2	2.7 3.6 1.0 2.7 3.4	.9 .7 .6 1.0	.8 .7 .7 1.0 1.3	•1 •1 •1 •1	•1 •2 •2 •3	2.1 4.6 (2/) .8 .3	1.6 2.6 .1 1.3 1.7	.2 .3 .5 .2	.2 .1 .1	3.0 3.7 1.5 3.2 1.4	3.2 3.9 4.0 3.2 2.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES Blast furnaces, steel works, and	2.2	2.5	•6	.6	•1	.1	1.2	1.5	•2	•3	2.3	2.4
rolling mills	1.8 2.8 3.0 2.7 2.6	1.9 3.8 4.3 2.5 3.7	58 1.0 1.1 5	no 0 0 0	.1 .2 .3 .1 .2	(<u>2</u> /) •2 •3 •3	1.6 1.5 1.4 1.7	1.1 2.5 3.0 1.1 2.5	.2 .1 .1 .2 .2	•3 •3 •2	2.3 2.2 2.6 2.2 1.7	2.2 2.9 3.2 2.2 2.8
Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc	1.3	1.1	•5	•5	•2	•1	•4	•2	•2	•2	2.1	2.կ
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper	1.0 5.0	1.4 4.5	•4 •7	.4 1.0	•1 •2	•1 •4	3.6	2.8	•1 •5	•14 •3	1.0 3.8	1.8 3.7
Iron and steel forgings FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT	2.2	5.4	.8	•6	•1	•1	1.2	4.5	•1	•2	2.8	1.7
ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT) Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware Cutlery and edge tools Hand tools Hardware	4.2 3.2 3.7 1.9 3.7	4.0 3.7 2.0 3.0 4.6	1.0 .9 .6 .5	1.0 .9 .6 .6	.2 .1 .2 .1	•3 •2 •2 •1	2.7 1.8 2.7 1.1 2.0	2.5 2.5 1.1 2.2 3.1	•2 •3 •2 •2	.2 .1 .1	2.9 2.0 1.0 1.2 2.8	3.9 2.4 2.2 2.2 2.6

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups and industries - Continued

(Per 100 employees)

				mbrohe	Separ	ation					m-	
Industry group and industry	То	tal	Qu	it	Disch	narge	Layo	off	Misc., incl. military		Tot	ssion
	July 1954	June 1954	Ju ly 1954	June 1954	Jul y 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	Jun e 1954	July 1954	June 1954
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT)-Continued												
Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies	3.4	3.7	1.0	1.3	0.5	0.6	1.5	1.6	0.4	0•2	4.5	6.4
suppliesOilburners, nonelectric heating	3.1	3•3	1.0	1.0	•7	•5	1.3	1.6	•1	•1	5.6	6.6
and cooking apparatus, not else- where classified	3.7	4.0	1.1	1.5	•4	•6	1.6	1.5	•6	•3	3.7	6.2
products Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	7.8	7.2	1.0	1.0	•2 •1	•1	1.4 6.3	•8 5•8	•2 •5	•1	2.1 4.4	3.9 4.0
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	3.1	3.1	.8	.8	•1	.2	2.0	1.9	•3	•2	1.7	2.2
Engines and turbines	3.4 (1/) 2.5 3.1 2.4	2.9 3.5 2.6 3.0 2.6	.7 (1/) 1.0 .7	.6 .7 .9 .8	1 1 1 1 1	.1 .2 .1	2.4 (1/) 1.1 2.0 1.6	2.0 2.3 1.3 1.9 1.7	(<u>1</u> /) •2 •2 •3	.2 .2 .2	1.8 (1/) 2.5 .9	2.2 2.3 2.5 1.6 1.4
Metalworking machinery (except machine tools)	3.3 4.0	2.9 3.9	1.1	•9 1•0	•1 •2	•2 •2	2.0 2.7	1.6 2.6	.1 .3	•1 •2	.8 1.2	1.3 2.3
Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery)	2.6	2.7 2.7	•9 •6	•9 •8	•2 •1	•2 •2	1.3 1.1	1.5 1.5	•2 •2	•2 •2	1.2 1.3	2.2 2.5
devices Service-industry and household	4.1	1.8	1.2	1.0	•2	•1 ~	2.5	•6	٠3	•1	2.0	2.8
machines Miscellaneous machinery parts	5.9 1.8	6.5 1.9	.8 .7	.8 .6	.3 .1	•5 •1	4.3 .8	4.8 •9	•5 •2	•4 •2	3.2 1.5	2.6 2.1
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and	2.8	3•3	1.2	1.0	•2	•2	1.2	1.8	•1	•2	3•2	2.7
industrial apparatus	2.7 (<u>1</u> /)	2.9 3.1	.8 (<u>1</u> /)	.9 1.2	(<u>1</u> /)	•1 •2	1.5 (<u>1</u> /)	1.4	(<u>1</u> /)	•2 •3	(1/)	1.6 3.1
sets, and equipment	3.0 (<u>1</u> /)	3.4 2.3	1.6 (<u>1</u> /)	1.1 •9	(<u>1</u> /)	.2 .1	1.1 (<u>1</u> /)	1.7 1.0	(2/) <u>I</u> /)	•3 •3	5.0 (<u>1</u> /)	3.8 1.1
miscellaneous products	2.6	4.0	1.0	•9	•3	•2	1.2	2.8	.1	•2	4.2	3•7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	5.4 7.1 2.6 2.2 4.4 2.7 4.7	4.6 4.6 2.8 2.4 4.5 3.1 2.3	1.0 .5 1.3 1.4 1.0 1.2	1.1 .6 1.4 1.5 1.1	.2 .2 .2 .2	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2	3.7 5.8 .9 .5 2.8 1.1	3.0 3.3 1.0 .5 3.1 1.3	.3 .6 .2 .1 .4 .2	.4 .5 .2 .2 .2 .1 (2/)	3.6 3.5 2.5 2.7 1.4 2.1 3.5	3.7 3.1 2.8 3.0 1.8 3.3 3.5

Table B-2: Monthly labor turnover rates in selected groups and industries - Continued

(Per 100 employees)

					Separ	ation					Total	
Industry group and industry	То	Total		Quit		Discharge		off	Mise., incl. military		acces	
	Jul y 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	Jul y 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954	July 1954	June 1954
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-Continued Ship and boat building and repairing	12.1 8.6 (1/) 9.1 3.2	13.2 11.8 11.6 11.9 1.6	1.9 .7 (1/) .8 2.8	1.8 .8 .4 1.1	0.8 .2 (<u>1</u> /) .2 (<u>2</u> /)	0.5 .2 .1 .3 (<u>2</u> /)	9.2 7.2 (1/) 7.6 .4	10.6 9.9 9.9 9.9 1.1	0.3 .5 (1/) .5 (2/)	0.3 .9 1.2 .6	10.6 3.4 (1/) 4.2 7.3	11.2 5.0 1.9 6.9 1.9
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Photographic apparatus	2.0 (1/) 2.2 1.7	2.3 1.9 5.0 2.0	(<u>1/</u>) •7 •7	•6 •5 •7	(1/) 1	(2/) -1	.9 (1/) 1.3 .6	1.4 1.2 4.0	.2 (<u>1/)</u> .2	•1 •1 •1	1.6 (1/) 3.0 1.2	2.0 1.7 2.1
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	4.0	3.6 3.0	1.3	1.3	•2	•2 •1	2 . 2	1.8 1.5	•3 •1	•2 •1	2•5 1•2	4.1
NONMANUFACTURING:								,				
METAL MiNING	(1/) (1/) 3.5 2.2	3.6 3.0 3.4 2.6	(1/) (1/) 3.1 1.3	2.1 .4 2.6 1.7	(1/) (1/) •2 •2	(2/) •3 •1	(1/) (1/) (2/) •1	1.0 2.4 .1	(1/) (1/) •3 •6	•3 •1 •4 •6	(1/) (1/) 2.8 2.2	3.5 1.2 4.5 3.6
ANTHRACITE MINING	1.0	9.8	•5	•5	(<u>2</u> /)	(<u>2</u> /)	•3	9.1	•2	.1	1.2	•7
BITUMINOUS-COAL MINING	3.7	2.2	•5	-4	•1	(<u>2</u> /)	3.0	1.6	•1	.1	1.6	•9
COMMUNICATION: Telephone Telegraph.	(<u>1</u> /)	1.6 1.5	(1/) (1/)	1.3	(<u>1</u> /)	•1 (<u>2</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)	•1 •2	(<u>1</u> \)	•1 •3	(1/) (1/)	2.3 2.3

^{1/} Not available.

^{2/} Less than 0.05.

^{3/} Data for May are: 3.1, 0.9, 0.1, 1.9, 0.2, and 0.7.

<u>U</u> Data relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis.

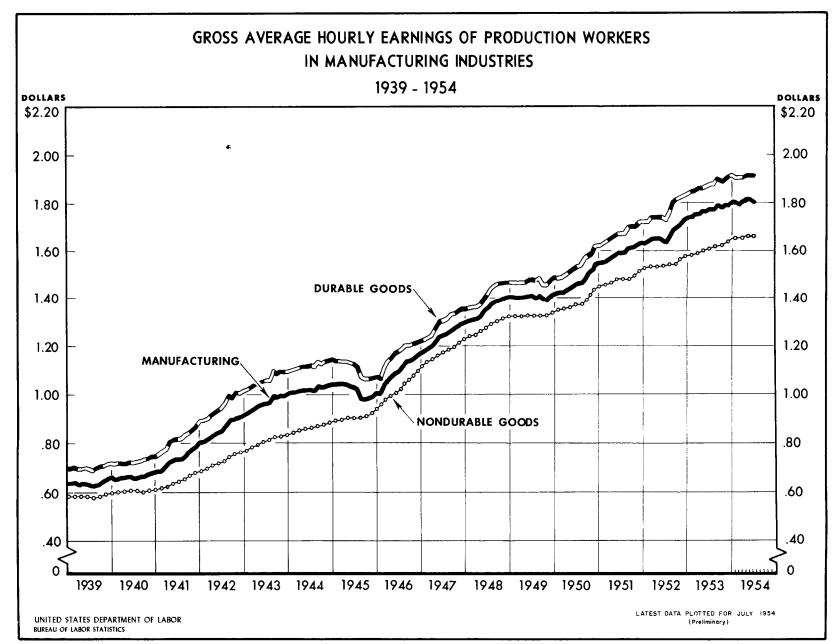


Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees

Industry group and industry	Av	erage wee	-	Ave	rage we	ekly	Average hourly earnings			
industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	
HINING:										
METAL MINING	\$83.21 82.34 86.32 74.40	\$83.84 81.32 87.34 74.07	\$88.82 95.82 86.33 79.52	40.2 37.6 41.7 40.0	40.7 38.0 42.4 39.4	42.7 42.4 43.6 41.2	\$2.07 2.19 2.07 1.86	\$2.06 2.14 2.06 1.88	\$2.08 2.26 1.98 1.93	
ANTHRACITE	74.09	96.20	83.89	29.4	36.3	34.1	2.52	2.65	2.46	
BITUMINOUS-COAL	7 5•39	83.00	84.97	30.4	33.2	34.4	2.48	2.50	2.47	
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION: Petroleum and natural-gas production				i - -						
(except contract services)	92.80	90.63	92.74	40.7	40.1	41.4	2.28	2.26	2.24	
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	79•47	78.58	77.63	44.9	44. 9	45.4	1.77	1.75	1.71	
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	95.88	95.63	91.82	38.2	38.1	38.1	2.51	2.51	2.41	
NOMBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	97.52 95.05 100.12	96.14 91.81 100.28	92.57 88.37 95.65	42.4 43.8 41.2	41.8 42.7 41.1	41.7 42.9 40.7	2.30 2.17 2.43	2.30 2.15 2.44	2.22 2.06 2.35	
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	95.09	95•72	91.64	37.0	37.1	37.1	2.57	2.58	2.47	
GENERAL CONTRACTORS. SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS. Plumbing and heating. Painting and decorating. Electrical work. Other special-trade contractors.	89.67 99.43 103.03 92.66 112.31 96.15	90.04 99.70 103.41 92.04 113.39 95.89	87.14 95.20 97.01 88.35 109.48 92.46	36.9 37.1 38.3 35.5 38.2 36.7	36.9 37.2 38.3 35.4 39.1 36.6	37.4 36.9 37.6 35.2 39.1 36.4	2.43 2.68 2.69 2.61 2.94 2.62	2.44 2.68 2.70 2.60 2.90 2.62	2.33 2.58 2.58 2.51 2.80 2.54	
MANUFACTURING	70.92	71.68	71.33	39.4	39.6	40.3	1.80	1.81	1.77	
DURABLE GOODS	75.83 64.74	76.40 64.57	76.70 63.76	39 . 7 39 . 0	40.0 38.9	40.8 39.6	1.91 1.66	1.91 1.66	1.88 1.61	
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	79.40	79.40	77.87	39. 9	40.1	41.2	1.99	1.98	1.89	
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. Meat products. Meat packing, wholesale. Sausages and casings. Condensed and evaporated milk. Ice cream and ices. Canning and preserving. Sea food, canned and cured. Canned fruits, vegetables, and soups. Grain-mill products. Flour and other grain-mill products. Prepared feeds. Bakery products. Bread and other bakery products. Biscuits, crackers, and pretzels. Sugar. Canne-sugar refining. Beet sugar. Confectionery and related products. Confectionery. Beverages. Bottled soft drinks. Malt liquors.	69.72 78.17 81.06 77.65 71.93 73.92 73.92 54.63 56.02 55.20 77.06 82.34 70.21 62.31 72.92 77.28 70.98 55.58 52.44 81.76 63.64 97.00	69.55 75.85 78.50 76.41 71.36 75.05 72.14 53.27 44.87 56.70 76.32 74.10 68.31 69.72 63.24 72.63 76.86 70.88 57.04 80.56 63.62 95.30	66.72 72.85 75.52 74.55 69.73 72.22 70.68 54.00 56.92 54.74 69.77 69.77 67.46 58.18 73.79 79.56 67.83 53.10 50.60 64.08 97.45	41.5 41.8 42.0 42.2 46.2 44.2 44.0 39.3 37.0 46.6 41.1 38.0 41.5 41.5 41.1	41.4 41.0 41.1 44.6 47.2 43.6 31.6 540.5 44.5 44.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.	41.7 40.7 40.6 42.6 47.2 43.9 40.3 44.9 45.9 45.9 41.9 42.9 44.9 42.9 44.9	1.68 1.87 1.93 1.84 1.60 1.68 1.39 1.51 1.57 1.57 1.57 1.77 1.84 1.77 1.48 2.36	1.68 1.85 1.91 1.85 1.60 1.59 1.67 1.38 1.42 1.40 1.75 1.56 1.65 1.75 1.83 1.75 1.83 1.75 1.49 1.96 1.49 2.33	1.60 1.79 1.86 1.75 1.56 1.53 1.61 1.39 1.52 1.58 1.61 1.72 1.80 1.72 1.80 1.79 1.34 1.87 1.87	
Beverages Bottled soft drinks	81.76 63.64	80.56 63.62	80.60 64.08	41.5 43.0	41.1 42.7	43.1 44.5	1.97 1.48	1.96 1.49		

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry	A	rerage wee	-	Ave	erage we	_	Av	erage ho	
industry group and industry	July 195 4	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS-Continued									1
Miscellaneous food products	\$65.78	\$65.31	\$63.57	41.9	41.6	42.1	\$1.57	\$1.57	\$1.51
Corn sirup, sugar, oil, and starch	85.93	80.90	81.78	43.4	41.7	43.5	1.98	1.94	1.88
Manufactured ice	66.13	64.18	65.00	46.9	45.2	47.1	1.41	1.42	1.38
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	51.79	51.71	47.87	37.8	38.3	37.4	1.37	1.35	1.28
Cigarettes	67.57	65.53	58.89	41.2	40.7	39.0	1.64	1.61	1.51
Cigars	42.11	42.21	41.22	36.3	36.7	36.8	1.16	1.15	1.12
Tobacco and snuff	52.20	53.02	50.63	36.5	37.6	37-5	1.43	1.41	1.35
Tobacco stemming and redrying	42.33	47.00	41.65	34.7	37.9	35.6	1.22	1.24	1.17
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	51.27	51.41	53.18	37-7	37.8	39.1	1.36	1.36	1.36
Scouring and combing plants	65.51	65.03	66.14	43.1	40.9	41.6	1.52	1.59	1.59
Yarn and thread mills	45.76	45.50	49.15	36.9	36.4	38.7	1.24	1.25	1.27
Yarn mills	45.51	45.13	49.15	36.7	36.1	38.7	1.24	1.25	1.27
Thread mills	47.75	47.63	49.39	37.6	37.5	39.2	1.27	1.27	1.26
Broad-woven fabric mills	49.26	49.63	52.93	37.6	37.6	39.5	1.31	1.32	1.34
Cotton, silk, synthetic fiber	47.62	47.49	50.70	37.2	37.1	39.3	1.28	1.28	1.29
North	54.14	54.53	55.86	38.4	38.4	39.9	1.41	1.42	1.40
South	46.25	46.13	49.27	37.0	36.9	39.1	1.25	1.25	1.26
Woolen and worsted	60.19	62.68	64.06	39.6	40.7	40.8	1.52	1.54	1.57
Narrow fabrics and smallwares	53.41 47.58	54.23 48.34	53.96 47.99	38.7 36.6	39.3 36.9	39.1 37.2	1.38	1.38	1.38
Knitting mills	52.33	54.09	54.66	35.6	36.3	36.2	1.47	1.49	1.51
North	53.25	54.96	55.72	35.5	36.4	36.9	1.50	1.51	1.51
South.	52.12	53.58	53.40	35.7	36.2	35.6	1.46	1.48	1.50
Seamless hosiery	39.85	40.63	39.79	35.9	36.6	36.5	1.11	1.11	1.09
North	42.71	44.25	44.01	36.5	37.5	37.3	1.17	1.18	1.18
South	39.38	40.15	38.84	35.8	36.5	36.3	1.10	1.10	1.07
Knit outerwear	52.03	52.13	50.25	37.7	37.5	37.5	1.38	1.39	1.34
Knit underwear	44.90	45.02	44.96	36.8	36.9	38.1	1.22	1.22	1.18
Dyeing and finishing textiles	59.55	59.90	60.64	39.7	40.2	40.7	1.50	1.49	1.49
Dyeing and finishing textiles (except		,			 	l			
wool)	59.15	59.64	60.09	39.7	40.3	40.6	1.49	1.48	1.48
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	68.60	68.38	69.20	39.2	39.3	40.0	1.75	1.74	1.73
Wool carpets, rugs, and carpet yarn	65.39 53.40	65.02 54.96	66 .3 9	37.8	37.8 36.4	38.6	1.73	1.72	1.72
Hats (except cloth and millinery)	61.39	61.69	62.73	35.6 39.1	39.8	35.0 41.0	1.57	1.55	1.53
Miscellaneous textile goods	01.39	01.09	02.13	37.1	139.0	71.0	1.7	1.,,,	1.73
hats)	68.73	71.40	69.19	39.5	40.8	40.7	1.74	1.75	1.70
Lace goods	60.39	60.31	62.37	36.6	37.0	38.5	1.65	1.63	1.62
Paddings and upholstery filling	65.80	64.71	65.94	39.4	39.7	42.0	1.67	1.63	1.57
Processed waste and recovered fibers	50.87	51.29	50.88	41.7	41.7	42.4	1.22	1.23	1.20
Artificial leather, oilcloth, and				1.	1.	1			
other coated fabrics	74.03	79.61	80.64	40.9	43.5	44.8	1.81	1.83	1.80
Cordage and twine	52.88	52.06	53.72	38.6	38.0	39.5	1.37	1.37	1.36
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE									
PRODUCTS	47.17	46.55	47.88	35.2	35.0	36.0	1.34	1.33	1.33
Men's and boys' suits and coats	56.83	55.08	57.41	35.3	34.0	36.8	1.61	1.62	1.56
Men's and boys' furnishings and work			1 .			1	ŀ	ŀ	Ì
clothing	39.76	40.00	40.96	35.5	35.4	36.9	1.12	1.13	1.11
Shirts, collars, and nightwear	39.78	39.67	41.13	35.2	34.8	36.4	1.13	1.14	1.13
Separate trousers	41.77	40.83	43.66	35.7	34.6	37.0	1.17	1.18	1.18
Work shirts	33.37	34.04	34.22	35.5	36.6	37.2	- 94	.93	.92
Women's outerwear	50.66	48.53	52.59	34.0	33.7	34.6	1.49	1.44	1.52
Women's dresses	48.72	47.91	48.76	33.6	33.5	34.1	1.45	1.43	1.43
Household apparel	37.77 66.44	38.86	38.45	35.3	34.7	35.6	1.07	1.12	1.08
, ,	42.24	60.59	68.34 41.54	33.9	32.4	34.0	1.96	1.87	2.01
Women's, children's under garments Underwear and nightwear, except	76.67	43.91	71.74	35.2	35.7	35.5	1.20	1.23	1.17
corsets	39.55	40.24	39.29	35.0	35-3	35.4	1.13	1.14	1.11
	46.28	48.51	44.50	35.6	36.2	35.6	1.30	1.34	1.25
Corsets and allied darments									
Corsets and allied garments Millinery	5 4.5 4	52.33	58.55	34.3	32.5	35.7	1.59	1.61	1.64

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry PPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued Miscellaneous apparel and accessories Other fabricated textile products Curtains, draperies, and other housefurnishings Textile bags Canvas products	July 1954 \$41.88 46.61 41.29	June 1954 \$42.59 47.23	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July	July	June	July
PRODUCTS-Continued Miscellaneous apparel and accessories Other fabricated textile products Curtains, draperies, and other housefurnishings Textile bags	46.61 41.29	1 '		1		1953	1954	1954	1953
Other fabricated textile products Curtains, draperies, and other housefurnishings Textile bags	46.61 41.29	1 '	1						
Curtains, draperies, and other housefurnishings	41.29	1 47.23	\$43.07	34.9	35.2	36.5	\$1.20	\$1.21	\$1.18
housefurnishings		1 .14-2	47.37	36.7	36.9	37.3	1.27	1.28	1.27
Textile bags		1	10.10	25.0		000			
	E 3 20	41.41	40.18	35.9	35.7	36.2	1.15	1.16	1.11
Canvas produces	51.30 52.80	49.95 53.19	49.52 52.66	38.0 40.0	37.0	37.8 40.2	1.35	1.35	1.31
_					3,500				
JMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS (EXCEPT Furniture)	63.34	68.71	67.16	40.6	40.9	40.7	1.56	1.68	1.65
	66.70	79.18	83.84	37.9	39.2	40.5	1.76	2.02	2.07
Logging camps and contractors	64.17	68.80	65.85	41.4	41.2	40.4	1.55	1.67	1.63
Sawmills and planing mills	64.74	69.38	66.66	41.5	41.3	40.4	1.56	1.68	1.65
Sawmills and planing mills, general	45.05	44.20	43.98	42.9	42.5	42.7	1.05	1.04	1.03
South	85.47	86.76	83.11	38.5	39.8	38.3	2.22	2.18	2.17
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated			3	3	3,11]			
structural wood products	68.97	71.90	68.31	41.3	41.8	41.4	1.67	1.72	1.65
Millwork	70.90	71.99	68.72	42.2	42.6	41.9	1.68	1.69	1.64
Plywood	64.80	71.81	69.89	40.0	40.8	41.6	1.62	1.76	1.68
Wooden containers	49.23	51.16	51.28	39.7	40.6	40.7	1.24	1.26	1.26
Wooden boxes, other than cigar	49.08	51.56	51.25	39.9	40.6	41.0	1.23	1.27	1.25
discellaneous wood products	53-33	55.08	55.06	39.8	40.8	41.4	1.34	1.35	1.33
JRNITURE AND FIXTURES	62.02	62.17	61.05	39.5	39.6	39.9	1.57	1.57	1.53
Household furniture	59.04	59.19	58.21	39.1	39.2	39.6	1.51	1.51	1.47
Wood household furniture, except	}] ****			5, 1-	1 3		,-	
upholstered	52.92	54.26	54.40	39.2	39.9	40.9	1.35	1.36	1.33
Wood household furniture, upholstered	62.05	61.13	61.56	38.3	37.5	38.0	1.62	1.63	1.62
Mattresses and bedsprings	67.20	65.63	64.68	40.0	39.3	39.2	1.68	1.67	1.65
Office, public-building, and]			[•			`	-
professional furniture	69.32	69.32	69.19	40.3	40.3	40.7	1.72	1.72	1.70
Wood office furniture	58.84	58.80	59.28	40.3	39.2	39.0	1.46	1.50	1.52
Metal office furniture	74.29	77.14	72.71	39.1	40.6	39.3	1.90	1.90	1.85
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and				1.	l	1		١	_
fixtures	74.80	75.14	70.56	40.0	40.4	39.2	1.87	1.86	1.80
Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous	Ch 15	Ch. st.	(2.10	1, , ,					1
furniture and fixtures	64.17	64.74	61.42	41.4	41.5	41.5	1.55	1.56	1.48
APER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	74.20	74.20	73.44	42.4	42.4	43.2	1.75	1.75	1.70
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	81.03	79.79	80.10	43.8	43.6	44.5	1.85	1.83	1.80
Paperboard containers and boxes	68.47	69.14	67.36	41.0	41.4	42.1	1.67	1.67	1.60
Paperboard boxes	67.82	69.06	66.94	41.1	41.6	42.1	1.65	1.66	1.59
Fiber cans, tubes, and drums	74.00	72.47	71.72	40.0	39.6	41.7	1.85	1.83	1.72
Other paper and allied products	66.67	66.83	65.31	40.9	41.0	41.6	1.63	1.63	1.57
RINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED				1	1			}	
INDUSTRIES	86.78	86.94	84.75	38.4	38.3	38.7	2.26	2.27	2.19
Newspapers	92.26	93.50	90.36	35.9	36.1	36.0	2.57	2.59	2.51
Periodicals	88.03	85.63	85.84	39•3	38.4	40.3	2.24	2.23	2.13
Books	75.85	75.66	72.35	39.1	39.2	38.9	1.94	1.93	1.86
Commercial printing	85.93	85.02	83.60	39.6	39.0	40.0	2.17	2.18	2.09
Lithographing	89.35	88.91	87.34	40.8	40.6	41.2	2.19	2.19	2.12
Greeting cards		51.65	45.23	37.2	37.7	35.9	1.40	1.37	1.26
Bookbinding and related industries	67.77	68.34	65.86	39.4	39-5	39•2	1.72	1.73	1.68
Miscellaneous publishing and printing services	103.18	103.60	103.23	38.5	38.8	39.4	2.68	2.67	2.62
		1		-]		•	
NEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	78.94	79.10	76.63	40.9	41.2	41.2	1.93	1.92	1.86
Industrial inorganic chemicals	86.48	85.89	83.21	40.6	40.9	41.4	2.13	2.10	2.01
Alkalies and chlorine	83.10	81.58	84.64	39.2	39.6	41.9	2.12	2.06	2.02
Industrial organic chemicals	84.24	84.05	81.59	40.5	41.0	41.0	2.08	2.05	1.99
Plastics, except synthetic rubber	82.81	83.60	82.68	41.2	41.8	42.4	2.01	2.00	1.95
Synthetic rubber	91.39	90.76	87.91	40.8 40.6	40.7 40.7	40.7 40.1	1.85	2.23 1.82	1.78
Synthetic fibers	75.11	74.07	71.38	38.8	40.0	39.8	1.96	1.96	1.91
Explosivesee footnotes at end of table.	10.07	10.40	10.02	150.0	1 40.0	135.0	1 30	1 30	1 -• >-

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry	Av	erage wee earnings	kly	Ave	rage we	ekly	Ave	erage how earnings	-
industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued	\$70.25	ф г л 91	\$ 49.69	100	100	lio h	43.55	43.50	41 (2
Drugs and medicines	\$70.35	\$71.81	\$68.28	40.2	40.8	40.4	\$1.75	\$1.76	\$1.69
preparations	81.19	81.97	76.52	40.8	41.4	40.7	1.99	1.98	1.88
Soap and glycerin	88.94	89.19	83.43	40.8	41.1	40.5	2.18	2.17	2.06
Paints, pigments, and fillers	79.46	79.04	76. 31	41.6	41.6	41.7	1.91	1.90	1.83
Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and	77.00	77.00	74.70	41.4	41.4	h. =	1 06	1.06	1 00
enamels	69.17	67.73	66.50	43.5	42.6	41.5 42.9	1.86 1.59	1.86 1.59	1.80
Fertilizers	62.31	61.90	59.92	42.1	42.4	42.2	1.48	1.46	1.42
Vegetable and animal oils and fats	70.49	69.89	67.18	44.9	44.8	44.2	1.57	1.56	1.52
Vegetable oils	64.82	64.53	61.92	43.8	44.2	42.7	1.48	1.46	1.45
Animal oils and fats	78.88	77.98	73.92	46.4	45.6	46.2	1.70	1.71	1.60
Miscellaneous chemicals	70 .8 0 58 . 90	71.10 60.68	69.60 56.17	40.0	40.4	40.7	1.77	1.76	1.71
Essential oils, perfumes, cosmetics Compressed and liquified gases	82.52	81.71	81.18	38.0	38.9 41.9	37•7 42•5	1.55 1.96	1.56 1.95	1.49
Compressed and riquirred gases	02.02	01.11	01.10	72.1	71.9	72.7	1.90	1090	1.91
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	94.12	93.98	92.32	41.1	41.4	41.4	2.29	2.27	2.23
Petroleum refining	97.27	97.17	96.00	40.7	41.0	41.2	2.39	2.37	2.33
Coke and other petroleum and coal	00.10	0	00.60	l	l	١			_
products	83.10	83.27	80.60	42.4	42.7	42.2	1.96	1.95	1.91
RUBBER PRODUCTS	77.03	79.60	78. 98	39•5	40.2	40.5	1.95	1.98	1.95
Tires and inner tubes	87.46	92.06	90.45	38.7	40.2	40.2	2.26	2.29	2.25
Rubber footwear	68.45 70.45	67.30	68.64 70.64	40.5	40.3	41.1	1.69	1.67	1.67
Other rubber products	10.47	70.98	70.04	39.8	40.1	40.6	1.77	1.77	1.74
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	51.38	51.01	51.82	37.5	36.7	38.1	1.37	1.39	1.36
Leather: tanned, curried, and finished	68.43	69.70	68.46	39.1	39.6	39.8	1.75	1.76	1.72
Industrial leather belting and packing	62 . 59	65.01 50.12	63.68 50.95	38.4 3 7. 6	39.4 37.4	39.8 38.6	1.63 1.33	1.65 1.34	1.60 1.32
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings Footwear (except rubber)	48.73	47.75	49.65	37.2	35.9	37.9	1.31	1.33	1.31
Luggage	57.72	58.11	56.26	39.0	39.0	38.8	1.48	1.49	1.45
Handbags and small leather goods	46.62	47.13	45.99	37.9	37.7	37.7	1.23	1.25	1.22
Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods	43.67	43.65	42.83	35•5	35.2	35.4	1.23	1.24	1.21
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	71.51	70.70	7 0.58	40.4	40.4	40.8	1.77	1.75	1.73
Flat glass	96.71	96.64	96.46	39.8	40.1	40.7	2.43	2.41	2.37
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	69.48	69.45	67.08	38.6	38.8	39.0	1.80	1.79	1.72
Glass containers	71.16 67.11	72.83 65.25	67 .7 3 65 . 80	39.1	39.8	38.7	1.82	1.83	1.75
Pressed and blown glass	60.10	58.29	57.28	37.7 39.8	37.5 38.6	39.4 39.5	1.78 1.51	1.74 1.51	1.67 1.45
Cement, hydraulic	78.44	77.10	76.26	41.5	41.9	41.9	1.89	1.84	1.82
Structural clay products	66.01	66.33	65.41	41.0	41.2	41.4	1.61	1.61	1.58
Brick and hollow tile	64.48	65.23	62.35	42.7	43.2	43.0	1.51	1.51	1.45
Floor and wall tile	68.85	70.18	68.64	40.5	40.8	41.1	1.70	1.72	1.67
Sewer pipe	68.80 66.06	67.57 64.98	66.91 68.20	41.2	41.2	41.3	1.67	1.64	1.62
Clay refractories Pottery and related products	58.14	59.95	60.92	36.7 34.4	36.1 35.9	38.1 36.7	1.80 1.69	1.80 1.67	1.79 1.66
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	76.33	73.54	73.37	44.9	44.3	44.2	1.70	1.66	1.66
Concrete products	73.68	72.45	71.72	45.2	45.0	44.0	1.63	1.61	1.63
Cut-stone and stone products	63.99	63.18	64.02	40.5	40.5	41.3	1.58	1.56	1.55
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral	72 ((go 1.g	50 05				- 06	- 04	- 0-
products	73.66 76.44	73•47 75•27	73•35 78•01	39.6 38.8	39.5	40.3	1.86	1.86	1.82
Abrasive products	79.38	79.71	77.51	42.0	38.8 42.4	39.6 43.3	1.97 1.89	1.94 1.88	1.97 1.79
Asbestos products Nonclay refractories	63.24	60.28	70.72	32.1	30.6	35.9	1.97	1.97	1.97
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	81.24	80 .7 0	85 .07	38.5	38.8	40.9	2.11	2.08	2.08
Blast furnaces, steel works, and	84.67	82 00	80.76		_				
rolling mills	04.01	83.22	8 9 .7 6	37.8	38.0	40.8	2.24	2.19	2.20
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills, except electrometal-									
lurgical products	84.67	83.22	89.76	37.8	38.0	40.8	2.24	2.19	2.20
	80.20	79.00	83.82	39.9	39.7	41.7	2.01	1.99	2.01

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry		erage wee		Ave	hours	ekly	Av	urly s	
industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES-Continued	<u> </u>		4	-0				1.	1.
lron and steel foundries	\$72.77	\$73.53	\$77.33	38.5	38.7	40.7	\$1.89	\$1.90	\$1.90
Gray-iron foundries	72.73	73.30	75.89	39.1	39.2	40.8	1.86	1.87	1.86
Malleable-iron foundries	69.36	71.25	78.09	36.7	37.7	41.1	1.89	1.89	1.90
Steel foundries	74.84	74.45	79.19	37.8	37.6	40.2	1.98	1.98	1.97
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	80.00	79.39	80.34	40.0	40.3	41.2	2.00	1.97	1.95
Primary smelting and refining of]	_				
copper, lead, and zinc	76.62	76.21 84.45	79.84	39.7	39.9	41.8	1.93	1.91	1.91
Primary refining of aluminum	85.24	04.45	80.00	40.4	40.6	40.0	2.11	5.08	2.00
Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	73.49	75.12	71.69	40.6	41.5	40.5	1.81	1.81	1.77
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of		_		.				1	
nonferrous metals	79.60	81.19	82.29	40.0	40.8	42.2	1.99	1.99	1.95
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of	81.40	82.01	86 27	40.7	40.8	ho h	200	2.01	1 200
Copper	01.40	02.01	86.37	40.7	40.0	43.4	2.00	2.01	1.99
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of aluminum.	75.85	79.77	75.60	38.5	40.7	40.0	1.97	1.96	1.89
Nonferrous foundries	76.17	79.19	80.59	38.7	39.4	40.7	2.02	2.01	1.98
Miscellaneous primary metal industries	84.10	85.39	85.89	39.3	39.9	40.9	2.14	2.14	2.10
Iron and steel forgings	84.64	84.42	88.99	38.3	38.2	41.2	2.21	2.21	2.16
Wire drawing	84.38	86.92	84.45	39.8	41.0	40.6	2.12	2.12	2.08
Welded and heavy-riveted pipe	85.0 3	86.09	82.18	40.3	40.8	39•7	2.11	2.11	2.07
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT									
ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION		6							
EQUIPMENT)	76.00	76.92	76.41	40.0	40.7	41.3	1.90	1.89	1.85
Tin cans and other tinware	82.54	83.13	78.32	41.9	42.2	42.8	1.97	1.97	1.83
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	72.31	72.65	73.21	39•3	39.7	40.9	1.84	1.83	1.79
Cutlery and edge tools	64.68	65.74	65.29	39.2	39.6	40.3	1.65	1.66	1.62
Hand tools	71.23	72.13	74.34	38.5	39.2	41.3	1.85	1.84	1.80
Hardware	75.03	75.01	75.03	39-7	39•9	41.0	1.89	1.88	1.83
Heating apparatus (except electric) and	72.34	74.59	72.98	39.1	40.1	40.1	1.85	1.86	1.82
plumbers supplies	75.83	77.79	74.09	39.7	40.1	39.2	1.91	1.94	1.89
Oil burners, nonelectric heating and	170-5	11417	''''	37.1		3702		-•/	
cooking apparatus, not elsewhere								1	
classified	70.80	73.38	72.50	38.9	40.1	40.5	1.82	1.83	1.79
Fabricated structural metal products	79.32	80.06	79.00	41.1	41.7	41.8	1.93	1.92	1.89
Structural steel and ornamental metal	01	2		,					
work	7 9.84	81.75	79.71	41.8	42.8	42.4	1.91	1.91	1.88
Metal doors, sash, frames, molding,	70.00	70.10	g0 1.1.	1	1.1.0	1.3.5	, ,,	1,	1 00
and trim	79.93	79.10 78.74	78.44 80.98	41.2	41.2 40.8	41.5 42.4	1.94	1.92	1.89
Boiler-shop products	77•79 79•54	79.93	75.79	41.0	41.2	40.1	1.94	1.93	1.89
Sheet-metal work	76.83	79.58	78.88	39.2	40.6	41.3	1.96	1.96	1.91
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.	56.29	59.01	63.45	35.4	36.2	41.2	1.59	1.63	1.54
Vitreous-enameled products	79.19	82.21	82.15	39.4	40.9	41.7	2.01	2.01	1.97
Stamped and pressed metal products	71.28	71.10	71.42	39.6	39.5	39.9	1.80	1.80	1.79
Lighting fixtures	73.12	72.80	72.22	40.4	40.0	39.9	1.81	1.82	1.81
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products.	73.84	74.56	77.78	39.7	40.3	42.5	1.86	1.85	1.83
Metal shipping barrels, drums, kegs,			1					1	
and pails	83.62	84.84	82.52	41.6	42.0	42.1	2.01	2.02	1.96
Steel springs	75.83	77.81	82.12	38.3	39.1	41.9	1.98	1.99	1.96
Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets	72.95	73.68	78.26	38.6	39.4	42.3	1.89	1.87	1.85
Screw-machine products	72.47	73-93	79.97	39.6	40.4	43 .7	1.83	1.83	1.83
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	80.60	81.41	81.73	40.1	40.5	41.7	2.01	2.01	1.96
Engines and turbines	85.22	83.81	83.43	40.2	40.1	40.5	2.12	2.09	2.06
Steam engines, turbines, and water								1	1
wheels	92 . 57	86.14	83.98	40.6	38.8	38.0	2.28	2.22	2.21
Diesel and other internal-combustion	00.6	00	00 10	,, ,	100		0.00		1
engines, not elsewhere classified	82.61	83.23	83.43	40.1	40.6	41.3	2.06	2.05	2.02
Agricultural machinery and tractors	77.03	78.41	75.85	39.3	39.8	39.3	1.96	1.97	1.93
Tractors	78.78	78.78	77.22	39.0	39.0	39.0	2.02	2.02	1.98
Apricultural machinery (except		l	1 -1 1-	l 50 -	1.0.1	20 6	1 2 22	1	1,00
tractors)	75•45	77.97	74.45	39.5	40.4	39.6	1.91	1.93	1.88

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry	Av	erage wee		Ave	rage we	ekly	Avo	erage ho	-
industry group and industry	July 1954	Ju ne 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	Ju ne 1954	July 1953
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)-Continued				ļ <u>-</u>					
Construction and mining machinery	\$76.6 2	\$7 9.95	\$78.47	39.7	41.0	41.3	\$1.93	\$1.95	\$1.90
Construction and mining machinery,	75.84	78.98	77.90	39.5	40.5	41.0	1 00	1.05	1.00
except for oil fields	78.79	82.52	80.22	40.2	42.1	42.0	1.92 1.96	1.95	1.90 1.91
Metalworking machinery	92.40	92.64	93.18	42.0	42.3	44.8	2.20	2.19	2.08
Machine tools	85.07	87.36	91.15	40.9	41.8	44.9	2.08	2.09	2.03
Metalworking machinery (except	_								
machine tools)	85.90	84.87	89.93	41.1	41.0	44.3	2.09	2.07	2.03
Machine-tool accessories	99•79	99.36	96.30	43.2	43.2	45.0	2.31	2.30	2.14
Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery)	77.78	78.55	80.37	40.3	40.7	42.3	1.93	1.93	1.90
Food-products machinery	79.18	79.97	82.75	40.4	40.8	43.1	1.96	1.96	1.92
Textile machinery	67.16	69.65	69.60	38.6	39.8	40.0	1.74	1.75	1.74
Paper-industries machinery	81.56	83.28	81.97	42.7	43.6	43.6	1.91	1.91	1.88
Printing-trades machinery and	01 00	\ n=				١ ,, ا			
equipment	91.80	87.53	93.93	42.5	40.9	44.1	2.16	2.14	2.13
General industrial machinery	79.40 77.60	80.19 77.60	82.60 80.83	40.1	40.5 40.0	42.8 42.1	1.98 1.94	1.98	1.93
Pumps, air and gas compressors	85.67	82.61	85.36	42.2	41.1	44.0	2.03	2.01	1.92 1.94
Blowers, exhaust and ventilating fans.	74.05	74.93	75.58	39.6	40.5	42.7	1.87	1.85	1.77
Industrial trucks, tractors, etc	75.45	78.78	83.50	38.3	40.4	42.6	1.97	1.95	1.96
Mechanical power-transmission		1		}			- ' }		
equipment	78.61	80.00	85.50	39•5	40.2	43.4	1.99	1.99	1.97
Mechanical stokers and industrial	78.21	80.00	77 16	20.2	20.0	3.3	1 00		. 00
furnaces and ovens Office and store machines and devices	80.00	78.41	77.46	39.3 39.8	39.8 39.6	41.2 39.9	1.99 2.01	2.01 1.98	1.88 1.93
Computing machines and cash registers	88.07	84.10	83.01	40.4	39.3	40.1	2.18	2.14	2.07
Typewriters	71.74	73.63	70.98	39.2	39.8	40.1	1.83	1.85	1.77
Service-industry and household machines.	74.88	75.85	78.96	38.6	39.1	40.7	1.94	1.94	1.94
Domestic laundry equipment	80.15	75.27	74.88	41.1	38.6	38.6	1.95	1.95	1.94
Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and	71.89	74.56	76.74	20.5	100.0	ha 1	1 00	, 0-	1 01
pressing machines	80.19	79.80	77.99	39•5 39•7	40.3 40.1	42.4 40.2	1.82 2.02	1.85	1.81 1.94
Refrigerators and air-conditioning	000-)	17.00	''''	37.1	70.1	40.2	2.02	1.22	1.74
units	73.14	75.86	80.16	37.7	38.9	40.9	1.94	1.95	1.96
Miscellaneous machinery parts	77.21	77.79	76.17	39.8	40.1	40.3	1.94	1.94	1.89
Fabricated pipe, fittings, and valves	76.83	78.20	73.13	39.4	40.1	38.9	1.95	1.95	1.88
Ball and roller bearings	75•27 78•94	75.46	76.95	39.0 40.9	39.1 41.1	40.5	1.93	1.93	1.90
Machine shops (job and repair)	10.94	79•32	78.77	40.9	41.1	41.9	1.93	1.93	1.88
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	71.16	72.07	70.58	39.1	39.6	40.1	1.82	1.82	1.76
Electrical generating, transmission,		-6.6-			ł				_
distribution, and industrial apparatus	75.84	76.61	77.11	39.5	39.9	40.8	1.92	1.92	1.89
Wiring devices and supplies	66.18	66.47	67.37	38.7	39.1	40.1	1.71	1.70	1.68
Carbon and graphite products (electrical)	73.49	74.07	78.44	39.3	39.4	41.5	1.87	1.88	1.89
Electrical indicating, measuring, and		• • •		3,13	5,41				
recording instruments	72.98	7 2.98	72.90	40.1	40.1	40.5	1.82	1.82	1.80
Motors, generators, and motor-generator	00.50	00.00	00.00	(
sets	80.78	80.99	82.62	39.6	39.7	40.9	2.04	2.04	2.02
Power and distribution transformers	76.63	78.59	75.58	39•5	40.3	40.2	1.94	1.95	1.88
Switchgear, switchboard, and industrial controls	74.43	75.36	75.12	39.8	40.3	41.5	1.87	1.87	1.81
Electrical welding apparatus	82.00	83.42	84.82	40.0	41.5	42.2	2.05	2.01	2.01
Electrical appliances	75.65	74.68	75.36	39.4	39.1	40.3	1.92	1.91	1.87
Insulated wire and cable	70.24	69.77	70.86	40.6	40.1	41.2	1.73	1.74	1.72
Electrical equipment for vehicles	72.39	75.26	75.20	37.9	39.2	40.0	1.91	1.92	1.88
Electric lamps	60.42 67.47	63.69 68.51	61.78	36.4	38.6	39.1	1.66	1.65	1.58
Communication equipment	01.41	68.51	65.34	39.0	39.6	39.6	1.73	1.73	1.65
Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment	67.03	67.32	63.50	39.2	39.6	39.2	1.71	1.70	1.62
Radio tubes	61.99	63.27	62.22	38.5	39.3	40.4	1.61	1.61	1.54
Telephone, telegraph, and related						, 1			
equipment	77.81	79.40	77.59	39•3	39.9	40.2	1.98	1.99	1.93

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

	Av	erage wee earnings	•	Ave	rage we		Average hourly earnings		
Industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY-Continued									
Miscellaneous electrical products	\$68.60	\$69.52	\$67.70	39.2	39.5	40.3	\$1.75	\$1.76	\$1.68
Storage batteries	76.64	79.00	79.76	39.3	40.1	42.2	1.95	1.97	1.89
Primary batteries (dry and wet)	58.35	59.19	57.17	38.9	39.2	39.7	1.50	1.51	1.44
X-ray and non-radio electronic tubes	80.40	76.62	68.11	40.4	39.7	38.7	1.99	1.93	1.76
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	84.38	84.59	84.86	39.8	39.9	40.8	2.12	2.12	2.08
Automobiles	85.06	85.28	87.91	39.2	39.3	40.7	2.17	2.17	2.16
Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and			, , , , _		37.3				
accessories	85.85	85.85	88.32	39.2	39.2	40.7	2.19	2.19	2.17
Truck and bus bodies	72.58	77.71	73.12	38.4	40.9	40.4	1.89	1.90	1.81
Trailers (truck and automobile)	74.87	78.91	71.74	39.2	41.1	39.2	1.91	1.92	1.83
Aircraft and parts	84.86	84.86	82.59	40.8	40.8	41.5	2.08	2.08	1.99
Aircraft	85.07	84.86	80.57	40.9	40.8	40.9	2.08	2.08	1.97
Aircraft engines and parts	86.51	84.65	86.68	41.0	40.5	42.7	2.11	2.09	2.03
Aircraft propellers and parts	79.87	80.26	84.66	38.4	38.4	41.5	2.08	2.09	2.04
Other aircraft parts and equipment	83.84	84.87	84.38	40.5	41.2	42.4	2.07	2.06	1.99
Ship and boat building and repairing	80.32 82.43	80.55 82.64	80.98	38.8	39.1	39.5	2.07	2.06	2.05
Ship building and repairing	68.99	71.23	82.53 70.93	38.7 39.2	38.8 40.7	39.3 40.3	2.13	2.13	2.10 1.76
Boat building and repairing	80.81	81.45	77.99	38.3	38.6	38.8	2.11	2.11	2.01
Railroad equipment	84.16	85.22	78.16	39.7	40.2	38.5	2.12	2.12	2.03
Railroad and street cars	78.49	78.33	78.00	37.2	37.3	39.0	2.11	2.10	2.00
Other transportation equipment	71.19	77.27	70.31	38.9	41.1	39.5	1.83	1.88	1.78
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	72.65	72.83	71.86	39.7	39.8	40.6	1.83	1.83	1.77
Laboratory, scientific, and		_							
engineering instruments	82.80	82.59	82.40	40.0	39.9	40.0	2.07	2.07	2.06
Mechanical measuring and controlling					l .		- 0-	- 04	
instruments	74.05	74.77	71.96	39.6	40.2	40.2	1.87	1.86	1.79
Optical instruments and lenses	74.64	75.41	78.26	39.7	39.9	42.3	1.88	1.89	1.85
Surgical, medical, and dental	66.07	67.13	67.65	39.8	40.2	41.5	1.66	1.67	1.63
instruments	58.35	58.50	57.67	38.9	39.0	39.5	1.50	1.50	1.46
Ophthalmic goods	79.59	80.98	75.36	40.4	40.9	40.3	1.97	1.98	1.87
Watches and clocks	64.57	61.66	66.98	38.9	37.6	41.6	1.66	1.64	1.61
1000000					J.,				
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	62.56	63.36	61.93	39.1	39.6	39.7	1.60	1.60	1.56
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	64.06	65.85	65.28	39.3	40.4	40.8	1.63	1.63	1.60
Jewelry and findings	60.30	62.93	60.70	38.9	40.6	40.2	1.55	1.55	1.51
Silverware and plated ware	71.20	70.62	73.50	40.0	39.9	42.0	1.78	1.77	1.75
Musical instruments and parts	69.63	71.06	68.78	38.9	39.7	39.3	1.79	1.79	1.75
Toys and sporting goods	56.92	57.66	58.20	38.2	38.7	38.8	1.49	1.49	1.50
Games, toys, dolls, and children's									
vehicles	56.39	57.28	57.45	38.1	38.7	38.3	1.48	1.48	1.50
Sporting and athletic goods	57.98	58.20	59.00	38.4	38.8	39.6	1.51	1.50	1.49
Pens, pencils, and other office									_
supplies	59.20	61.05	57.38	40.0	40.7	39.3	1.48	1.50	1.46
Costume jewelry, buttons, notions	56.21	57.77	55•39 66•91	38.5	39.3	38.2	1.46	1.47	1.45
Fabricated plastics products	67.94	67.20	66.91	40.2	40.0	41.3	1.69	1.68	1.62
Other manufacturing industries	65.46	66.30	64.24	39.2	39.7	39.9	1.67	1.67	1.61

Table C-1: Hours and gross earnings of production workers or nonsupervisory employees - Continued

Industry group and industry	Av	erage wee earnings	•	Ave	rage we hours	ekly	Average hourly earnings		
industry group and industry	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953	July 1954	June 1954	July 1953
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION:									
Class I railroads Local railways and bus lines COMMUNICATION:	(<u>1</u> /) \$78.14	\$79.84 79.10	\$78.31 77.92	(<u>1</u> /) 42.7	41.8 43. 7	42.1 45.3	(<u>1</u> /) \$1.83	\$1.91 1.81	\$1.86 1.72
Telephone	68.60 57.30	67.34 56.39	6 4.3 5 5 4.3 8	39.2 37.7	38.7 37.1	39.0 37.5	1.75 1.52	1.74 1.52	1.65 1.45
maintenance employees 3/	97.18 77.15	9 4. 75 77 .1 5	90.95 7 4. 76	43.0 41.7	42.3 41.7	42.3 42.0	2.26 1.85	2.24 1.85	2.15 1.78
Gas and electric utilities	81գ. երե	82.40	81.32	41.8	41.2	41.7	2.02	2.00	1.95
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE:									
WHOLESALE TRADERETAIL TRADE (EXCEPT EATING AND	74.52	73.93	72.09	40.5	40.4	40.5	1.84	1.83	1.78
DRINKING PLACES)	58.51 42.24	57.38 41.30	56.26 40.07	39.8 36.1	39.3 35.3	39.9 36.1	1.47	1.46	1.41
mail-order houses	47.84 62.57 76.37	47.06 60.92 76.37	45.86 60.25 74.98	36.8 39.6 44.4	36.2 38.8 44.4	36.4 39.9 44.9	1.30 1.58 1.72	1.30 1.57 1.72	1.26 1.51 1.67
Apparel and accessories stores Other retail trade: Furniture and appliance stores	63.30	46.51 63.30	45.61 62.31	36.2 42.2	35.5 42.2	36.2 42.1	1.31	1.31	1.26 1.48
Lumber and hardware supply stores	67.86	67.70	65.10	43.5	43.4	43.4	1.56	1.56	1.50
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE: Banks and trust companies Security dealers and exchanges Insurance carriers	57.35 94.20 70.24	57.09 92.97 69.78	54.90 81.72 68.73	(1/) (1/) (1/)	(1/) (1/) (1/)	(1/) (1/)	(1/) (1/) (1/)	(1/) (1/) (1/)	(1/) (1/) (1/)
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round 5/	40.22	39.81	38.40	41.9	41. 9	42.2	.96	•95	.91
Personal services: Laundries	40.00 46.02	40.50 49.20	39.30	40.0	40.5 41.0	40.1	1.00	1.00	.98
Cleaning and dyeing plants Motion pictures: Motion-picture production and								}	
distribution	103.27	101.81	91.13	(<u>1</u> /)	(1/)	(<u>1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)	(<u>1</u> /)

^{1/} Not available.

^{2/}Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. During 1953 such employees made up 45 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

^{3/} Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. During 1953 such employees made up 24 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in telephone establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

^{4/} Data relate to domestic employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis.

^{5/} Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

Table C-2: Gross average weekly earnings of production workers in selected industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

	Manufa	cturing	i .	ous-coal	Laun	dries		Manufa	cturing		ous-coal	Laun	dries
Period			Current dollars		1	1947-49 dollars						Current dollars	
Annual average:					:		Monthly data: 1953						
1939 1940	\$23.86 25.20	\$40.17 42.07	\$23.88 24.71	\$40.20 41.25	\$17.64 17.93	\$29.70 29.93	June	\$72.04	\$62.92	\$91.25	\$79. 69	\$40.08	\$35.00
1941	29.58	47.03	30.86	49.06	18.69	29.71	July	71.33 71.69	62.19 62.34	84.97 92.88	74.08 80.77	39.30 39.10	34.26 34.00
1942 1943	36.65 43.14	52.58 58.30	35.02 41.62	50.24 56.24	20.34 23.08	29.18 31.19	Sept	71.42	62.00 62.51	86.15 89.78	74.78 77.80	39.80 39.70	34.40
1944	46.08	61.28	51.27	68.18	25.95	34.51	Nov Dec	71.60 72.36	62.26 62.98	81 .17 82 . 25	70.58 71.58	40.00 40.60	34.78 35.34
1945 1946	44.39 43.82	57.72 52.54	52.25 58.03	67.95 69.58	27.73 30.20	36.06 36.21	1954		6 6	01	10	*0.70	al lic
1947	49.97	52.32	66.59	69.73	32.71	34.25	Jan Feb	70.92	61.56 61.98	82.34 79.04	71.48 68.73	39.70 39.80	34.46 34.61
1948 1949	54.14 54.92	52.67 53.95	72.12 63.28	70.16 62.16	34.23 34.98	33.30 34.36	Mar	70.71	61.59	73.06 71.67	63.64	39.60 40.80	34.49 35.60 35.04
1950	59.33	57.71	70.35	68.43	35.47	34.50	May June	71.13	61.85 62.28	76.32 83.00	66.37 72.11	40.30 40.50	35.19
1951 1952 1953	64.71 67.97 71.69	58.30 59.89 62.67	77.79 78.09 85.31	70.08 68.80 74.57	37.81 38.63 39.69	34.06 34.04 34.69	July	70.92	61.56	75•39	65.44	40.00	34.72

Table C-3: Average weekly earnings, gross and net spendable, of production workers in manufacturing industries, in current and 1947-49 dollars

Period Amount Index (1947-49 194	I .
Amount (1947-49	I .
Annual average: 1939 \$23.86	
Annual average: 1939 \$23.86	7-49 Current 1947-49
average: 1939	lars dollars dollars
average: 423.86 45.1 \$23.58 \$39.70 \$23.62 \$39.76 \$1.05 \$72.04 \$136.1 \$58.81 \$51 1940	
1939 \$23.86	1 1
1940 25.20 47.6 24.69 41.22 24.95 41.65 July 71.33 134.7 58.26 50 1941 29.58 55.9 28.05 44.59 29.28 46.55 July 71.33 134.7 58.26 50 1942 36.65 69.2 31.77 45.58 36.28 52.05 Sept 71.42 134.9 56.33 50 1943 43.14 81.5 36.01 48.66 41.39 55.93 Oct 72.14 136.2 58.89 51 1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 58.47 50 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1945 44.39 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
1941 29.58 55.9 28.05 44.59 29.28 46.55 July 71.33 134.7 58.26 50 1942 36.65 69.2 31.77 45.58 36.28 52.05 Sept 71.42 134.9 58.33 50 1943 43.14 81.5 36.01 48.66 41.39 55.93 Oct 72.14 136.2 58.89 51 1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 58.47 50 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1945 44.39 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 136.2 133.9 58.80 51 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	.36 \$66.86 \$58.39
1942 36.65 69.2 31.77 45.58 36.28 52.05 Sept 71.42 134.9 58.33 50 1943 43.14 81.5 36.01 48.66 41.39 55.93 Oct 72.14 136.2 58.89 51 1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 58.47 50 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	.79 66.29 57.79
1942 36.65 69.2 31.77 45.58 36.28 52.05 Sept 71.42 134.9 58.33 50 1943 43.14 81.5 36.01 48.66 41.39 55.93 Oct 72.14 136.2 58.89 51 1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 56.47 50 Dec 72.36 136.7 59.06 51 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 70.92 133.9 58.80 51 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
1943 43.14 81.5 36.01 48.66 41.39 55.93 Oct 72.14 136.2 58.89 51 1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 58.47 50 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
1944 46.08 87.0 38.29 50.92 44.06 58.59 Nov 71.60 135.2 58.47 50 1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	.84 66.50 57.83
1945 44.39 83.8 36.97 48.08 42.74 55.58 1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	.40 67.11 58.41
1946 43.82 82.8 37.72 45.23 43.20 51.80 1954 1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
1947 49.97 94.4 42.76 44.77 48.24 50.51 Jan 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	
	.04 66.00 57.29
	.38 66.30 57.65
1540 54.14 140.1 41.43 40.14 53.17 51.16 1-1.11 1-1.1 1-1	.07 65.83 57.34
1949 14.92 2001 40.09 41.24 20.03 22.00 14.24	.80 65.41 57.08 .28 66.18 57.55
	.28 66.18 57.55 .62 66.63 57.89
	.02 00.03 71.09
1951 64.71 122.2 54.04 48.68 61.28 55.21 July 70.92 133.9 58.80 51	04 66.00 57.29
1902 07.97 120.4 00.00 49.04 03.02 00.00 00.00 10.00 10.00	
1953 71.69 135.4 58.54 51.17 66.58 58.20	1

Adjusted Earnings

Table C-4: Average hourly earnings, gross and excluding overtime, of production workers in manufacturing industries

		Manufact	uring	Durab	le goods	Nondurable goods		
Period	Gross	Exclud	ing overtime	Gross	Excluding overtime	Gross	Excluding overtime	
	Amount	Amount	Index (1947-49 = 100)	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	
Annual average:								
1941 1942 1943	. 853	\$0.702 .805 .894	54.5 62.5 69.4	\$0.808 .947 1.059	\$0.770 .881 .976	\$0.640 .723 .803	\$0.625 .698 .763	
1944 1945 1946	1.023	.947 1/.963 1.051	73.5 1/74.8 81.6	1.117 1.111 1.156	1.029 1/1.042 1.122	.861 .904 1.015	.814 <u>1</u> /.858 .981	
1947 1948 1949	1.350	1.198 1.310 1.367	93.0 101.7 1 06 .1	1.292 1.410 1.469	1.250 1.366 1.434	1.171 1.278 1.325	1.133 1.241 1.292	
1950 1951 1952 1953	1.59 1. 67	1.415 1.53 1.61 1.71	109.9 118.8 125.0 132.8	1.537 1.67 1.77 1.87	1.480 1.60 1.70 1.80	1.378 1.48 1.54 1.61	1.337 1.43 1.49 1.56	
Monthly data:								
1953: June	1.77	1.70	132.0	1.87	1.80	1.60	1.56	
July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	1.77 1.77 1.79 1.79 1.79 1.80	1.71 1.71 1.73 1.73 1.74	132.8 132.8 134.3 134.3 135.1 135.1	1.88 1.88 1.90 1.90 1.89	1.82 1.81 1.84 1.83 1.83 1.84	1.61 1.61 1.63 1.62 1.63 1.64	1.56 1.56 1.58 1.58 1.59	
1954: Jan Feb Mar Apr May June	1.80 1.80 1.79 1.80 1.81 1.81	1.76 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.76 1.76	136.6 135.9 135.9 135.9 136.6 136.6	1.91 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.91	1.86 1.85 1.85 1.86 1.86	1.65 1.65 1.65 1.65 1.66	1.61 1.61 1.61 1.61 1.62 1.62	
July	1.80	1.76	136.6	1.91	1.86	1.66	1.62	

^{1/11-}month average; August 1945 excluded because of VJ-day holiday period.

Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity 1

		_			(1947-49 =	100)			
				"				Manufacturing.	- Durable goods
F	eriod	TOTAL 2/	Mining division	Contract construction division	Manufac- turing division	Total: Durable goods	Total: Nondurable goods	Ordnance and accessories	Lumber and wood products (except furniture)
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	average:	103.6 ,103.4 93.0 101.5	105.1 105.4 89.5 91.0 95.0	94.6 103.4 102.0 109.1 124.1 127.5	104.8 103.2 92.0 101.1 108.4 108.4	106.1 104.1 89.7 102.7 115.7 116.6	103.1 102.1 94.7 99.2 99.7 98.6	101.2 107.6 91.1 107.4 290.4 625.0	107.0 102.7 90.3 99.6 102.7 96.9
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	109.7 113.5	86.6	124.2	113.7	125.5	99.7	826.7	94.0
Monthl 1953:	y data: June	115.8	90.0	130.9	115.4	128.5	99.7	866.7	100.3
	July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	114.1 116.5 114.5 114.8 110.6 108.4	86.9 89.4 86.5 86.5 83.2 82.9	132.0 137.1 133.2 140.2 130.1 120.6	113.4 115.4 113.7 113.0 109.6 108.4	124.7 125.6 123.4 123.6 119.6 118.4	99.9 103.3 102.2 100.5 97.6 96.4	885.9 860.5 862.1 854.3 809.2 812.7	96.7 97.6 94.7 95.2 91.2 86.1
1954:	Jan Feb Mar Apr May June	101.9 102.4 101.8 99.9 100.4 102.1	80.3 78.0 73.9 71.5 72.3 75.4	98.3 106.0 109.8 115.9 122.5 129.4	103.8 103.5 102.5 99.5 99.1 100.0	113.7 112.5 110.6 108.1 107.2 107.0	92.1 92.8 92.9 89.2 89.4 91.6	764.1 712.1 654.3 587.8 542.0 522.1	79.6 82.3 84.1 85.3 88.5 93.8
	July	100.4	72.3	133.3	97.6	102.5	91.7	· 5 09.1	79.2

			Manufact	uring - Durable	goods - Cont	inued		
1	Period	Furniture and fixtures	Stone, clay, and glass products	Primary metal industries	Fabricated metal products	Machinery (except electrical)	Electrical machinery	Transporta- tion equipment
Annual	average:							
1947	•••••	103.3	102.8	105.4	106.7	108.3	111.1	102.9
1948		104.6	103.9	106.6	103.8	106.6	102.9	100.9
		92.1	93.3	88.0	89.4	85.1	86.0	96.3
		111.5	102.9	104.1	106.5	94.0	107.6	106.1
		105.9	111.4	115.7	115.8	116.9	123.7	124.5
		106.2	104.3	104.6	112.1	118.4	131 .2	138.0
	•••••	108.2	106.6	114.0	123.7	118.9	148.0	158.7
Monthl	y data:	1						262.5
1953:	June	107.6	108.6	117.4	127.3	121.3	149.2	161.7
	Tu-3	103.7	105.8	115.2	122.7	116.5	143.6	158.9
	July	106.8	108.3	114.9	123.9	114.5	148.0	159.2
	Sept	105.8	106.9	111.7	121.5	113.5	148.4	153.1
	Oct	106.3	108.3	110.4	121.4	113.8	146.9	153.9
	Nov	103.8	105.4	106.7	117.8	111.4	143.3	146.3
	Dec	101.4	103.2	105.4	115.4	112.3	138.3	151.1
			_	101.4	112.9	109.4	131.1	148.6
1954:	Jan	96.1	96.2		111.5	108.6	130.6	144.0
	Feb	96.7	97.8	97.5 94.4	109.4	106.6	127.9	141.0
	Mar	96.2	98.2	92.8	106.9	103.7	123.8	138.6
	Apr	91.6	97.3	92.4	107.8	102.0	122.0	136.0
	May	88.8	97.6	94.0	107.5	100.6	119.8	131.9
	June	90.0	97.8	74. 0				
	July	89.6	97.0	92.1	103.0	96.4	117.6	127.8



Table C-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activity \underline{y} Continued

(1947-49 = 100)

		(101	/=10 2 100;			
	Manufacturing - I	Ourable goods-Con.	Ma	nufacturing - N	ondurable good	is
Period	Instruments	Miscellaneous	Food and	M-1	W	Apparel and other
-01104	and related	manufacturing	kindred	Tobacco	Textile-mill	finished textile
	products	industries	products	manufactures	products	products
Ammun 2 amama da t						
Annual average:						
1947	107.5	104.6	103.9	105.9	104.5	99.6
1948	103.0	104.2	100.0	101.0	105.7	101.6
1949	89.5	91.2	96.1	93.1	89.9	98.8
1950	97.4	101.3	95.2	89.2	100.1	103.0
1951	117.5	103.1	95.9	91.2	96.0	101.9
1952	122.7	100.5	94.7	92.2	90.7	104.5
1953	129.1	109.8	93.5	90.1	90.0	106.8
17/3	129.1	103.0	23.7	/0.2	,,,,	100.0
Monthly data:						
1953: June	131. 3	110.4	9 2. 2	76.4	92.7	105.0
July	126.3	104.4	100.3	77.6	89.3	102.2
	126.8	111.0	106.6	101.6	89.8	
Aug	128.6					109.2
Sept		111.9	111.2	108.9	86.3	102.0
Oct	128.7	115.3	101.6	106.8	86.0	106.0
Nov	129.1	112.1	95.1	96.1	84.2	102.8
Dec	128.1	107.5	89.4	101.7	83.2	103.5
1954: Jan	121.9	98.7	83.8	87.3	78.5	98.2
Feb	120.9	102.1	81.8	80.1	79.5	104.3
Mar	118.9	101.0	81.5	,		106.1
				75.0	79.2	· -
Apr	114.3	96.6	81.3	73.5	76.5	93.8
May	112.0	95.6	84.2	75.5	76.0	91.5
June	110.2	96.4	89.4	78.4	78.0	91.9
July	106.9	91.9	95.3	77.7	7 5•5	91.4
				ble goods - Con	tinued	
.	Paper and	Printing, pub-	Chemicals	Products of	Rubber	Leather and
Period	allied products	lishing, and	and allied	petroleum	products	leather products
	arried products	allied industries	products	and coal	products	icamer products
Annual average:						
1947	102.6	101.4	102.2	99.0	109.8	105.8
	Ī.		103.3			100.8
1948	102.3	100.5	102.6	102.7	102.0	
1949	95.1	98.0	94.1	98.3	88.1	93.4
1950	105.4	99.5	97.2	97.3	101.9	97.8
1951	109.9	101.6	105.5	102.1	108.5	92.1
1952	105.9	102.7	104.7	98.2	108.4	96.9
1953	111.4	105.5	107.8	100.9	111.7	96.4
Monthly data:						
1953: June	112.0	105.1	107.7	102.4	115.8	98.3
		· .	106.6	104.3	111.6	96.3
July	111.3	103.6				97.4 97.4
Aug	113.7	104.7	106.7	103.8	110.5	
Sept	112.9	106.9	108.8	102.5	108.0	89.1
Oct	113.2	108.1	107.5	100.2	106.0	88.7
Nov	112.3	107.2	107.2	99•3	104.0	88.7
Dec	111.1	109.0	106.1	97-3	102.8	92.3
1954: Jan	107.6	104.3	105.0	95.3	100.1	91.9
Feb	107.5	103.7	104.4	94.9	99.1	94.9
Mar	107.8	105.4	104.9	94.0	96.4	93.8
Apr	105.7	104.0	103.8	94.0	95.0	85.3
Nay	106.9	104.0	101.8	97.4	98.3	82.2
	108.5	104.9	101.0	99.3	100.1	87.4
June	. *	l			_	l
July	106.9	104.3	99.4	99.0	85.9	90.6

^{1/} Aggregate man-hours are for the weekly pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month and do not represent totals for the month. For mining and manufacturing industries, data refer to production and related workers. For contract construction, the data relate to construction workers.

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^{2/} Includes only the divisions shown.

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas

		e weekly			e weekly			hourly e	
State and area	July	June	1953 Tuly	July	71110	1953		54	1953
			July		June	July	July	June	July
ALABAMABirmingham	\$55.63 72.50	\$ 55.06 70.71	\$55.32 70.80	38.9 39.4	38.5	39.8 40.0	\$1.43	\$1.43	\$1.39
Mobile	72.50 (<u>1</u> /)	66.26	66.26	(1/)	39.5 40.9	40.0	1.84 (<u>1</u> /)	1.79 1.62	1.77
	(3)		00.20	(2)	40.9	10.9	(±/)	1.02	1 🚾
ARIZONA	77.79	81.83	78.81	40.1	42.4	41.7	1.94	1.93	1.89
Phoenix	72.58	79.10	76.82	37.8	41.2	41.3	1.92	1.92	1.86
ARKANSAS	51.79	51.38	50.09	41.1	41.1	41.4	1.26	1.25	1.21
Little Rock-	72.19	71.30	70.09	71.1	71.1	71.7	1.20	1.27	1.21
N. Little Rock	49.53	48.96	48.56	40.6	40.8	41.5	1.22	1.20	1.17
	0.4	0- 11	-0.65						
CALIFORNIA	80.63 70.32	81.44 70.86	78.60 66.26	39.7	39.9 38.1	40.0 36.7	2.03 1.87	2.04 1.86	1.97
Los Angeles	80.48	81.17	79.08	37.7 40.0	40.3	40.6	2.01	2.01	1.95
Sacramento	77.36	77.10	76.33	37.7	38.7	39.7	2.05	1.99	1.92
San Bernardino-									
Riverside-Ontario	79.43	79.43	79.44	40.3	40.3	41.2	1.97	1.97	1.93
San Diego San Francisco-Oakland	81.77 82.79	80.79 83.33	76.14 79.56	39.9 39.1	39.6 39.3	39.3 38.8	2.05 2.12	2.04	1.94 2.05
San Jose	72.53	78.94	71.57	38.9	39.2	39.5	1.86	2.01	1.81
Stockton	75.03	77.79	72.02	38.7	40.0	40.0	1.94	1.94	1.80
G 07 07 17 0	BE 66		5 0.1-				- ^.		
COLORADO	75.26 72.80	74.75 74.30	72.45 71.80	40.9 40.0	41.3 40.6	41.4 41.5	1.84	1.81 1.83	1.75
benver	12.00	14.30	12.00	40.0	40.0	71.7	1.02	1.05	1.13
			Ì				_	_	İ .
CONNECTICUT	72.00	72.40	73.57	40.0	40.0	41.8	1.80	1.81	1.76
Bridgeport Hartford	74.40 77.68	75.17 76.26	73.67 80.34	40.0 41.1	40.2 41.0	40.7 43.9	1.86 1.89	1.87	1.81
New Britain	70.53	70.31	73.01	39.4	39.5	42.2	1.79	1.78	1.73
New Haven	70.64	68.85	68.88	40.6	39.8	41.0	1.74	1.73	1.68
Stamford	75.84	78.39	76.19	39.5	40.2	40.1	1.92	1.95	1.90
Waterbury	73.30	72.58	78.04	40.5	40.1	43.6	1.81	1.81	1.79
			Ì			1	}		
DELAWARE	72.04	71.21	69.69	39.8	40.6	40.4	1.81	1.75	1.73
Wilmington	84.26	85.32	85.52	40.2	40.9	41.9	2.10	2.09	2.04
PT (P) Th	55.35	55.62	55.11	40.4	40.9	41.5	1 27	1.36	1 22
FLORIDA Tampa-St. Petersburg	55.20	54.80	53.81	40.0	41.2	41.3	1.37 1.38	1.33	1.33
)).LI	,	/5.02		1		1 2130	55	1 3
GEORGIA		48.51	50.27	38.7	38.5	39.9	1.26	1.26	1.26
Atlanta	63.60	62.25	63.40	40.0	39.4	40.9 42.8	1.59	1.58	1.55
Savannah	65.94	64.74	65.48	42.0	41.5	42.0	1.57	1.56	1.53
			1			1	}		1
IDAHO	82.84	80.12	78.81	42.7	41.3	41.7	1.94	1.94	1.89
ILLINOIS	75.62	76.21	75.58	39.7	40.1	40.7	1.90	1.90	1.86
Chicago	(<u>1</u> /)	79.27	79.53	(1/)	40.0	40.9	(<u>i</u> /)	1.98	1.94
-	1	Ì	l	1	}	}			•
INDIANA	75.18	75.70	77.21	39.1	39.5	40.1	1.92	1.92	1.92
	[ļ	j						
IOWA	70.87	71.26	66.66	40.1	40.5	39.6	1.77	1.76	1.68
Des Moines	73.82	77.50	69.71	38.2	40.1	37.6	1.93	1.94	1.86
]	ł	1	1	ł	l	1		Į
KANSAS	78.17	76.90	73.78	42.1	41.6	41.3	1.86	1.85	1.79
Topeka	63.49	72.88	63.40	39-3	42.5	40.3	1.61	1.72	1.58
Wichita	82.40	80.12	73.51	42.4	41.0	39.8	1.94	1.96	1.84
KENTUCKY	67.71	67.57	68.01	40.4	40.3	41.4	1 47	1.68	1.64
MBHIUCKI	01.11	67.57	00.01	40.4	+0.3	1 **.*	1.67	1.00	1.04
LOUISIANA	66.01	66.46	64.58	41.0	41.8	41.4	1.61	1.59	1.56
Baton Rouge	93.66	93.41	92.45	40.9	41.7	43.2	2.29	2.24	2.14
New Orleans	65.84	67.06	61.62	39.9	40.4	39.5	1.65	1.66	1.56
See footnotes at and of t	-1-7-								•

State and Area Hours and Farnings

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

	Averag	e weekly e	arnings	Average weekly hours		Average hourly earnings			
State and area)5 <u>1</u> 4	1953	19	54	1953	19	54	1953
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
MAINE Portland	\$56.70 61.37	\$56.17 60.68	\$56.60 60.62	40.3 41.2	40.2 41.1	40.3 42.5	\$1.41 1.49	\$1.40 1.48	\$1.41 1.43
MARYLAND Baltimore	69.12 73.75	68.62 72.49	67.24 72.70	39.8 40.3	40.2 40.2	40.4 40.9	1.74 1.83	1.71 1.80	1.66 1.78
MASSACHUSETTSBoston Fall River New Bedford Springfield-Holyoke Worcester	65.07 68.21 51.99 55.83 72.14 70.20	65.24 68.16 51.34 55.54 71.96 71.28	66.90 67.89 52.33 56.52 71.10 72.57	39.2 39.2 37.4 38.5 40.3 39.0	39.4 39.4 37.2 38.3 40.2 39.6	40.3 39.7 38.2 39.8 41.1 41.0	1.66 1.74 1.39 1.45 1.79 1.80	1.66 1.73 1.38 1.45 1.79 1.80	1.66 1.71 1.37 1.42 1.73
MICHIGAN Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Lansing Muskegon Saginaw	85.44 90.17 89.17 79.79 87.72 81.18 81.20	85.47 88.44 89.20 80.40 94.01 77.74 84.81	85.84 87.20 105.82 79.37 93.56 81.61 90.27	40.0 39.9 40.7 40.5 40.2 38.4 39.9	39.9 39.2 40.6 41.0 42.1 37.5 40.6	40.8 40.0 45.3 41.6 42.8 39.5 44.1	2.14 2.26 2.19 1.97 2.18 2.11 2.04	2.14 2.26 2.20 1.96 2.23 2.07 2.05	2.10 2.18 2.34 1.92 2.19 2.07 2.05
MINNESOTA Duluth Minneapolis St. Paul	73.58 76.07 74.03 74.68	74.22 71.59 75.03 75.81	72.09 72.07 73.88 74.43	41.1 40.0 40.1 38.6	40.7 39.0 40.6 39.5	41.4 39.1 41.6 40.0	1.79 1.90 1.85 1.93	1.83 1.84 1.85 1.92	1.74 1.84 1.78 1.86
MISSISSIPPIJackson	48.08 52.86	47.56 50.70	46.33 47.84	40.4 41.3	41.0 39.3	41.0 40.2	1.19 1.28	1.16 1.29	1.13 1.19
MISSOURI	67.12 (<u>1</u> /) (<u>1</u> /)	67.33 75.46 73.63	68.51 76.83 72.59	38.7 (<u>1</u> /) (<u>1</u> /)	38.8 39.3 39.3	40.1 41.0 40.1	1.73 (<u>1</u> /) (<u>1</u> /)	1.73 1.92 1.88	1.71 1.88 1.81
MONTANA	79.26	78.09	78.23	40.1	39.7	40.5	1.98	1.97	1.93
NEBRASKA	68.23	68.00	64.51	42.7	42.7	41.9	1.60	1.59	1.54
NEVADA	87.85	85.32	83.84	40.3	39.5	41.1	2.18	2.16	2.04
NEW RAMPSHIRE	57•74 54•57	57.86 54.05	57 -37 54 -43	40.1 38.7	39.9 37.8	40.4 38.6	1.44 1.41	1.45 1.43	1.42 1.41
NEW JERSEY Newark-Jersey City Paterson Perth Amboy Trenton	74.58 76.33 75.52 75.93 71.01	74.85 76.13 75.99 75.91 72.38	74.95 76.01 74.05 77.16 75.50	39.6 39.9 40.6 40.3 39.1	39.9 39.9 40.9 40.4 39.9	40.8 40.8 40.6 41.8 41.1	1.88 1.91 1.86 1.88 1.82	1.88 1.91 1.86 1.88 1.81	1.84 1.86 1.82 1.85 1.84
NEW MEXICOAlbuquerque	78.17 75.90	77.19 73.22	72.75 69.43	41.8 42.4	41.5 41.6	41.1 40.6	1.87 1.79	1.86 1.76	1.77
NEW YORKAlbany-Schene ctady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira	71.20 74.86 65.94 82.56 73.05	71.11 75.02 65.13 82.42 73.53	71.25 76.13 67.04 85.20 68.93	38.7 39.1 38.1 39.8 40.5	38.7 39.3 37.5 40.1 40.6	39.5 40.0 39.4 42.1 39.3	1.84 1.91 1.73 2.08 1.80	1.84 1.91 1.74 2.06 1.81	1.80 1.90 1.70 2.02 1.76
Nassau and Suffolk Counties New York City Rochester Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County	84.18 68.13 76.76 73.64 68.37 70.18	84.89 67.77 76.86 72.88 68.72 71.37	82.96 67.29 76.49 76.25 68.50 69.31	41.2 37.2 39.9 39.9 39.2 38.5	41.5 37.3 40.0 39.7 39.4 38.9	41.8 37.5 41.4 41.7 40.5 39.2	2.04 1.83 1.92 1.84 1.75 1.82	2.05 1.82 1.92 1.83 1.75 1.84	1.99 1.79 1.85 1.83 1.69

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

		e weekly	arnings		e veekly			hourly e	
State and area	July	June	1953 July		June	1953		54	1953
····	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
NORTH CAROLINA	\$47.00	\$47.25	\$48.34	37.6	37.8	39.3	\$1.25	\$1.25	\$1.23
Charlotte	50.83	52.40	51.58	39.1	40.0	40.3	1.30	1.31	1.28
Greensboro-High Point	47.23	46.59	(<u>1</u> /)	36.9	36.4	<u>(1</u> /)	1.28	1.28	(<u>1</u> /)
NORTH DAKOTA	70.86	69.92	69.00	46.3	45.8	46.4	1.53	1.53	1.49
Fargo	(<u>1</u> /)	$(\underline{1}/\overline{)}$	67.28	<u>(1/)</u>	(1/)	43.7	(<u>i</u> /)	(<u>i</u> /)	1.54
		_	0-1-			.	_	_	
OHIO	78.32 73.14	78.09 73.45	80.41 72.38	39.3	39.4	41.1 40.4	1.99	1.98 1.84	1.96
Cleveland	80.42	81.12	85.17	39.6 39.1	39.9 39.5	41.8	1.85 2.06	2.05	1.79 2.04
		V	5,121	37.2	3,1,7	''		,	,
OKLAHOMA	72.45	72.21	70.30	41.4	41.5	41.6	1.75	1.74	1.69
Oklahoma City	71.50	71.01	66.94	43.6	43.3	42.1	1.64	1.64	1.59
Tulsa	78.17	78.14	75.58	40.5	40.7	41.3	1.93	1.92	1.83
OREGON	81.41	82.96	83.05	37.9	38.3	39.1	2.15	2.17	2.12
Portland	77.01	77.45	75.33	38.2	37.8	38.2	2.02	2.05	1.97
1]					j
PENNSYLVANIA	69.44	69.41	70.71	38.3	38.2	39.5	1.82	1.82	1.79
Allentown-Bethlehem-	-7	-,		,,,,]]	1			
Easton	62.76	62.22	66.24	35.8	35.8	38.2	1.75	1.74	1.73
Erie	73.43	73.28	70.80	39.5	39.4	39.2	1.86	1.86	1.81
Harrisburg Lancaster	61.37 62.91	60.40 63.90	63.30 63.65	38.6 40.2	37.7 40.7	39.1 41.6	1.59 1.57	1.60 1.57	1.62 1.53
Philadelphia	73.71	73.37	73.28	39.0	38.9	40.0	1.89	1.89	1.83
Pittsburgh	80.92	79.33	82.21	38.7	38.4	40.4	2.09	2.07	2.04
Reading	63.81	63.83	67.10	38.3	38.2	40.4	1.67	1.67	1.66
Scranton	54.17	53.65	54.83	38.2	37.7	39.5	1.42	1.42	1.39
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	47.98	49.75	49.79	35.7	37.1	37.1	1.34	1.34	1.34
York	60.45	62.23	62.18	39.9	40.7	41.1	1.52	1.53	1.51
RHODE ISLAND	59.87	60.60	60.26	39.1	39.7	40.0	,	1.53	1.51
Providence	60.34	61.10	60.60	39.7	40.2	40.4	1.53 1.52	1.52	1.50
							† 1		_
SOUTH CAROLINA	49.01	48.89	49.48	38.9	38.8	39.9	1.26	1.26	1.24
Charleston	52.93	51.08	50.67	39.5	38.7	39.9	1.34	1.32	1.27
SOUTH DAKOTA	67.74	64.37	63.27	44.9	42.5	42.6	1.51	1.51	1.49
Sioux Falls	71.37	69.81	68.87	44.2	43.3	43.7	1.61	1.61	1.58
TENNESSEE	57.02	57.60	56.84	39.6	40.0	40.6	1.44	1.44	1.40
Chattanooga	56.98	56.84	57.49	39.3	39.2	40.2	1.45	1.45	1.43
Knoxville	65.79	66.86	63.99	38.7	39.1	40.5	1.70	1.71	1.58
Memphis	61.41	66.57	64.45	40.4	42.4	42.4	1.52	1.57	1.52
Nashville	59.15	60.49	58.03	39.7	40.6	40.3	1.49	1.49	1.44
TEXAS	72.86	72.04	70.89	41.4	41.4	41.7	1.76	1.74	1.70
UTAE	(1/)	74.40	72.76	1 00	40.0	42.3	(1/)	1.86	1.72
Salt Lake City	(<u>1</u> /)	75.44	72.98	(1/)	41.0	42.3	(1/3)	1.84	1.75
ì	1					_	1		
VERMONT	59.06	59.14	62.20	40.3	40.1	42.6	1.46	1.47	1.46
Burlington	57.23	58.00	56.93	38.5	39.4	38.6	1.49	1.47 1.76	1.47
Springfield	66.97	68.71	81.24	38.3	39.0	45.9	1.75	1.10	1.77
VIRGINIA	56.23	56.66	54.74	39.6	39.9	39.1	1.42	1.42	1.40
Norfolk-Portamouth	61.00	61.61	62.13	40.4	40.8	41.7	1.51	1.51	1.49
Richmond	62.73	60.55	58.31	41.0	40.1	39.4	1.53	1.51	1.48
j]]]		
** A CTT TWO CON		90 00 1	79.75	39.0	39.2	39.6	2.04	2.10	2.01
	79.66	82.22	13.13						
Seattle	76.45	78.31	75.68	37.9	38.4	38.3	2.02	2.04	1.98
WASHINGTON Seattle Spokane Tacoma			75.68 80.04 79.73						

State and Area Hours and Earnings

Table C-6: Hours and gross earnings of production workers in manufacturing industries for selected States and areas - Continued

	Average weekly earnings			Average weekly hours			Average hourly earnings		
State and area	19	<i>7</i> 54	1953	1954		1953	1954		1953
	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
WEST VIRGINIA	\$70.31 89.20	\$70.66 88.58	\$71.68 88.18	37.2 40.0	38.4 39.9	39.6 41.4	\$1.89 2.23	\$1.84 2.22	\$1.81 2.13
WISCONSIN	72.95 76.92 74.68 76.80 81.56 77.40	75.31 77.50 76.79 78.40 81.48 79.49	72.05 73.28 71.53 72.13 79.76 75.61	40.8 38.7 40.3 39.9 40.0 39.4	40.9 39.1 40.8 40.3 40.2 39.9	41.9 38.5 38.8 39.4 41.2 40.3	1.79 1.99 1.85 1.93 2.04 1.96	1.84 1.98 1.88 1.94 2.03	1.72 1.90 1.84 1.83 1.94 1.88
WYOMING	82.74 97.58	84.80 97.52	84.67 94.25	39.4 41.7	40.0 41.5	41.1 40.8	2.10 2.34	2.12 2.35	2.06

^{1/} Not available.

Explanatory Notes

INTRODUCTION

The statistics for nonfarm industries presented in this monthly report are part of the broad program of the Bureau of Labor Statistics to provide timely, comprehensive, accurate, and detailed information for the use of businessmen, government officials, legislators, labor unions, research workers, and the general public, and are an integral part of the Federal statistical system. Current statistics on employment, labor turnover, hours, and earnings are basic indicators of economic change. They are widely used in following business developments and in making decisions in such fields as marketing, personnel, plant location, and government policy. The BLS employment statistics program also provides data used in making official indexes of production, productivity, and national income.

The Bureau publishes monthly statistics on employment, and hours and earnings for the Nation, for all states, and for selected metropolitan areas. For employment, the total of employees in nonagricultural establishments is shown; for hours and earnings, data are available for production workers in manufacturing and selected groups in nonmanufacturing industries. Within these broad activities data are published in varying industry detail. Labor turnover rates are presented for both total manufacturing and component groups, as well as for selected mining and communications industries.

Statistics on the number and proportion of women employees in manufacturing industries and turnover rates for men and women separately are published quarterly. In addition, earnings adjusted for price changes, Federal taxes, and overtime for selected industries appear monthly, as well as indexes of production-worker aggregate weekly man-hours for major manufacturing groups.

These data are reprinted regularly in the <u>Monthly Labor Review</u>. Each of the series, from the earliest period to date, may be obtained by writing to the BLS Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics. Such requests should specify the industry series desired.

More detailed descriptions of these series are available through reprints of Technical Notes which may be obtained upon request:

> "Technical Note on the Measurement of Industrial Employment"

"Technical Note on Measurement of Labor Turnover"

"Technical Note on Hours and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries"

Section A - EMPLOYMENT

Definition of Employment

ELS employment statistics represent the total number of full- and part-time nonagricultural workers on establishment payrolls during a specified period each month. Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick-leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the specified pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the other part of the period are counted as employed. Persons are not considered employed who are laid off or are on leave without pay, who are on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households are also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees.

Employment data for nongovernmental establishments refer to persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Current data for Federal Government establishments generally refer to persons who worked on, or received pay for, the last day of the month; for State and local government, persons who received pay for any part of the pay period ending on, or immediately prior to, the last day of the month.

Beginning with January 1952, the data for Federal employment are not strictly comparable with those for prior years, primarily as a result of changes in definition. For the national series and except for a few states and areas as noted the following changes were made starting with that month: (1) data refer to the last day of the month rather than the first of the month; (2) employment of the Federal Reserve Banks and of the mixed ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration was transferred from the Federal total to the "Banks and Trust Companies" group of the "Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate" division; (3) fourth-class postmasters, formerly included only in the table showing Federal civilian employment, are now included in all tables showing government series.

Collection of Establishment Reports

The employment program is based on establishment payroll reports. An establishment is defined as a single physical location, such as a factory, mine, or store where business is conducted. In the case of a company with several plants or establishments, the BLS endeavors to obtain separate reports from each business unit which maintains separate payroll records, since each may be classified in a different industry.

The BLS, with the cooperation of State agencies, collects current employment, payroll, and man-hour information by means of "shuttle" schedules (BLS 790 Forms) mailed monthly to individual establishments. This shuttle schedule, which has been used by BLS for more than 20 years, is designed to assist firms to report consistently, accurately, and with a minimum of cost. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The states use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the schedules to the ELS Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics for use in preparing the national series. Each questionnaire provides a line for the State agency to enter data for December of the previous year, as well as lines for the cooperating establishments to report for each month of the current calendar year. The December data, copied from the completed previous year's form, give the reporter a means for comparison when reporting for January as

an aid to collection of consistent data. The same form is returned each month to the reporting establishment to be completed. Definitions of terms are described in detail in the instructions on each form.

Coverage of Establishment Reports

The Bureau of Labor Statistics obtains monthly reports from approximately 155,000 establishments, distributed by industry as shown by the following table. The table also shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of monthly sample used in BLS employment and payroll statistics 1/

	Number of		
Di v ision	establish-	Emplo	yees
or	ments in	Number in	Percent
industry	sample	sample	of total
Mining	3,300	440,000	50
Contract construction	19,700	783,000	28
Manufacturing	44,100	11,207,000	68
Transportation and	1		
public utilities:			
Interstate rail-			ł
roads (ICC)		1,357,000	96
Other transportation			
and public utilities			
(BLS)	13,600	1,430,000	51
Wholesale and retail			
trade	60,300	1,889,000	19
Finance, insurance,			
and real estate	10,600	486,000	25
Service and			
miscellaneous:			
Hotels and lodging			
places	1,300	145,000	31
Personal services:			
Laundries and			
cleaning and			
dyeing plants	2 ,3 00	99,000	19
Government:			
Federal (Civil Service			
Commission)		2,368,000	100
State and local			
(Bureau of the Census)		2,760,000	67
			l

1/ Some firms do not report payroll and man-hour information. Therefore, hours and earnings estimates are based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

Classification of Establishment Reports

To present meaningful tabulations of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover date, establishments are classified into industries on the basis of the principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected annually on a product supplement to the monthly report. The supplement provides for reporting the percentage of total sales represented by each product. In the case of an establishment making more than one product, the entire employment of the plant is included under the industry indicated by the most important product. The titles and descriptions of industries presented in the 1945 Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Vol. I (U. S. Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C.) are used for classifying reports from manufacturing establishments; the 1942

Industrial Classification Code, (U. S. Social Security Board) for reports from nonmanufacturing establishments.

Benchmark Data

Experience with employment statistics has shown that without adjustment to new benchmarks, the employment estimate tends toward understatement which becomes larger as the distance from the earlier benchmark increases. To adjust for this, the estimates must be periodically compared with actual counts of employment in the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate revisions made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks.

Basic sources of benchmark information are quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, compiled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the U. S. Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their small size. For industries not covered by either of the two programs, benchmarks are compiled from special establishment censuses: for example, for interstate railroads, from establishment data reported to the ICC; for State and local government, from data reported to the Bureau of the Census; for the Federal government, from agency data compiled by the Civil Service Commission. Establishments are classified into the same industrial groupings for benchmark purposes as they are for monthly reporting.

At the time new benchmark data become available, the BLS estimates which had been prepared for the benchmark quarter are compared with the levels of the benchmarks, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the levels are adjusted between the new benchmark and the last previous one. Following revision for these intermediate periods, the industry data from the most recent benchmark are projected to the current month by application of the sample trends used prior to the revision. The benchmark establishes the level, while the sample determines the trend.

Estimating Method

The estimating procedure for industries for which data on both "all employees" and "production and related workers" are published (i.e., mamufacturing and selected mining industries) is outlined below; the first step of this method is also used for industries for which only figures on "all employees" are published.

The first step is to compute total employment (all employees) in the industry for the month following the benchmark period. The all-employee total for the last benchmark month (e.g., March) is multiplied by the percent change of total employment over the month for a group of establishments reporting for both March and April. Thus, if firms in the BLS sample for an industry report 30,000 employees in March and 31,200 in April, April employment is 104 percent (31,200 divided by 30,000) of March employment. If the all-employee benchmark in March is 40,000, the all-employee total in April would be 104 percent of 40,000 or 41,600.

The second step is to compute the production-worker total for the industry. The all-employee total for the month is multiplied by the ratio of production workers to all employees. This ratio is computed from those establishment reports which show data for both items. Thus, if these firms in April report 24,400 production

workers and a total of 30,500 employees, the ratio of production workers to all employees would be .80 (24,400 divided by 30,500). The production-worker total in April would be 33,280 (41,600 multiplied by .80).

Figures for subsequent months are computed by carrying forward the totals for the previous month according to the method described above.

Comparability With Other Employment Estimates

Data published by other government and private agencies differ from BLS employment statistics because of differences in definition, sources of information, methods of collection, classification, and estimation. BLS monthly figures are not directly comparable, for example, with the estimates of the Bureau of the Census Monthly Report on the Labor Force (MRIF). Census data are obtained by personal interviews with individual members of a small sample of households and are designed to provide information on the work status of the whole population, classified by their demographic characteristics. The BLS, on the other hand, obtains data by mail questionnaire which are based on the payroll records of business units, and prepares detailed statistics on the industrial and geographic distribution of employment and on hours of work and earnings.

Since BLS employment figures are based on establishment payroll records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period will be counted more than once in the BLS series. By definition, proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic

servants, and unpaid family workers are excluded from the BLS but not the MRIF series. The two series also differ in date of reference, BLS collecting data for the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month (except for government), while the MRIF relates to the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month.

Employment estimates derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses and/or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments also differ from BLS employment statistics. Among the important reasons for lack of comparability are differences in industries covered, in the business units considered parts of an establishment, and in the industrial classification of establishments.

Employment Statistics for States and Areas

State and area employment statistics are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These statistics are based on the same reports used for preparing national estimates. State series are adjusted to benchmark data from State unemployment insurance agencies and the Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance. Because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and use slightly varying methods of computation, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the official U. S. totals prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. State and area data in greater industry detail and for earlier periods may be secured directly upon request to the appropriate State agency or to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The names and addresses of these agencies are listed on the inside back cover of this report.

- EMPLOYMENT SUMMARY OF METHODS OF COMPUTATION

Item	Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries	Total nonagricultural, divisions, major groups and groups
	MONTHLY DATA	
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month for sample establishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component industries.
<u>Production workers</u> (for mining and manufacturing)	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by ratio of production workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month. ANNUAL DATA	Sum of production-worker estimates for component industries.
	ANNUAL DATA	
All employees and production workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.

Section B - LABOR TURNOVER

Definition of Labor Turnover

"Labor turnover," as used in this series, refers to the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employment status with respect to individual firms. This movement is subdivided into two broad types: accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either the employer or the employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. Rates of accession and separation are shown separately. All employees, including executive, office, sales, and other salaried personnel as well as production workers are covered by both the turnover movements and the employment base used in computing labor turnover rates. All groups of employees - full- and part-time, permanent and temporary - are included. Transfers from one establishment to another within a company are not considered to be turnover items.

The terms used in labor turnover statistics are defined in the glossary under "Labor Turnover."

Source of Data and Sample Coverage

Labor turnover data are obtained each month from a sample of establishments by means of a mail questionnaire. Schedules are received from approximately 7,100 cooperating establishments in the manufacturing, mining, and communication industries (see below). The definition of manufacturing used in the turnover series is more restricted than in the BLS series on employment and hours and earnings because of the exclusion of certain manufacturing industries from the labor turnover sample. The major industries excluded are: printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 1943); canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses' outerwear; and fertilizer.

Approximate coverage of BLS labor turnover sample

Group	Number of establish-	Empl:	уеев
and industry	ments in sample	Number in sample	Percent of total
Manufacturing	6,600	4,800,000	34
Durable goods	4,000	3,400,000	
Nondurable goods	2,600	1,400,000	27
Metal mining	130	63,000	60
Coal mining:	1	1	l
Anthracite	40	30,000	45
Bituminous	275	120,000	33
Communication:	1	'	l
Telephone	(1/)	582,000	89
Telegraph	(1/)	28,000	60
		1	1

1/ Data are not available.

Method of Computation

To compute turnover rates for individual industries, the total number of each type of action (accessions, quits, etc.) reported for a calendar month by the sample establishments in each industry is first divided by the total number of employees (both wage and salary workers), reported by these establishments, who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of that month. The result is multiplied by 100 to obtain the turnover rate.

For example, in an industry sample, the total number of employees who worked during, or received pay for, the week of January 12-18 was reported as 25,498. During the period January 1-31 a total of 284 employees in all reporting firms quit. The quit rate for the industry is:

$$\frac{284 \times 100 = 1.1}{25,498}$$

To compute turnover rates for industry groups, the rates for the component industries are weighted by the estimated employment. Rates for the durable and non-durable goods subdivisions and manufacturing division are computed by weighting the rates of major industry groups by the estimated employment.

Classification of Establishment Reports

Beginning with data for January 1950, manufacturing establishments reporting labor turnover are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure. Definitions of nonmanufacturing industries are based on the Social Security Board Classification Code (1942).

For additional details, see Section A-Employment.

Comparability With Earlier Data

Labor turnover rates are available on a comparable basis from January 1930 for manufacturing as a whole and from 1943 for two coal mining and two communication industries. Labor turnover rates for many individual industries and industry groups for the period prior to January 1950 are not comparable with the rates for the subsequent period because of a revision which involved (1) the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification (1945) code structure for manufacturing industries, and (2) the introduction of weighting in the computation of industry-group rates.

Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons:

- Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar-month; the employment reports, for the most part, refer to a l-week pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month.
- (2) The turnover sample is not as large as the employment sample and includes proportionately fewer small plants; certain industries are not covered (see paragraph on source of data and sample coverage).
- (3) Plants are not included in the turnover computations in months when work stoppages are in progress; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

Section C - HOURS AND EARNINGS

Production and Nonsupervisory-Worker Employment, Payroll, and Man-Hours

The monthly employment and payroll schedule provides the following information required to compute averages of hours and earnings:

- (1) The number of full- and part-time production-workers or nonsupervisory employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Data cover production and related workers in manufacturing, mining, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants. Employees covered in the contract construction industries are those engaged in actual construction work. For the remaining industries, unless otherwise noted, data refer to all nonsupervisory employees and working supervisors. (See glossary.)
- (2) Total gross payrolls for such workers before deductions for old-age and unemployment insurance, withholding tax, bonds, union dues, and special clothing allowances. The payroll figures also include pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excluded are: cash payments for vacations not taken; retroactive pay not earned during the period reported; value of payments in kind; contributions to welfare funds, and insurance or pension plans; and commissions and bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.
- (3) Total man-hours, whether worked or paid for, of full- and part-time production or nonsupervisory workers including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. If employees elect to work during a vacation period, only actual hours worked by such employees are included.

The period reported generally represents the weekly pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Some establishments, however, use a 2-week or longer pay period. Such schedules are edited to reduce the payroll and man-hour aggregates to their proper equivalents for a weekly period.

Collection of Establishment Reports

See Section A-Employment.

Coverage of Establishment Reports

See Section A-Employment.

Classification of Establishment Reports

See Section A-Employment.

Description of Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings Series

The average hourly earnings information for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries are on a "gross" basis; i.e., they reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis. Employment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings should not be confused with wage rates. Earnings refer to the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. However, the average earnings series should not be interpreted as representing total labor costs on the part of the employer, since the following are excluded: irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and

earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

In addition to the factors mentioned, which exert varying influences upon gross average hourly earnings, gross average weekly earnings are affected by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absentesism. Gross weekly earnings are not the amount actually available to workers for spending because no deduction has been made for income and social security taxes, group insurance, occupational supplies, and union dues. For weekly earnings after deduction for Federal taxes see table C-3. For approximations of "real" gross weekly earnings, i.e., after adjustment for price changes, see table C-2.

Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to average hours worked or paid for, and is somewhat different from standard or scheduled hours. Normally, such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than the hours of workers who are on the payroll during the whole workweek, Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

<u>Gross Average Weekly Earnings in Current and 1947-49 Dollars</u>

Table C-2 shows gross average weekly earnings in both current and 1947-49 dollars for selected industries. These series indicate changes in the level of weekly earnings before and after adjustment for changes in purchasing power as determined from the Bureau's Consumer Price Index. The 3-year average—1947, 1948, and 1949—was selected as the base in conformity with the Bureau of the Budget recommendations that Federal statistics have a common 1947-49 base period.

Nec Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Net spendable average weekly earnings are obtained by deducting appropriate amounts for social security and Federal income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, net spendable earnings have been computed for two types of income-receivers: (1) a worker with no dependents; (2) a worker with three dependents.

The computations of net spendable earnings for both the factory worker with no dependents and the factory worker with three dependents are based upon the gross average weekly earnings for all production workers in manufacturing industries without regard to marital status, family composition, and total family income. The spendable series measures relative changes in the average disposable earnings for two types of incomerceivers.

Net spendable weekly earnings in 1947-49 dollars represent an approximate measure of changes in "real" net spendable weekly earnings as indicated by the changes in the Bureau's Consumer Price Index. "Real" net spendable weekly earnings are computed by applying the current CPI to the spendable earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of spendable earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since that base period.

A detailed technical note on net spendable weekly earnings may be obtained upon request.

Average Hourly Earnings, Excluding Overtime, of Production Workers in Manufacturing Industries

The Bureau publishes average hourly earnings exclusive of overtime premium payments for manufacturing as a whole and the durable—and nondurable—goods subdivisions. These data are based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp.537-540; reprint available, Serial No. R. 2020). This method eliminates only the additional earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one—half time the straight-time rates after 40 hours a week. Thus, no adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions—for example, holiday work, late shift work, and penalty rates other than time and one—half.

The set of adjustment factors can be used to eliminate premium overtime payments from average hourly earnings in any manufacturing industry where overtime for individual workers consists typically of hours in excess of 40 per week paid for at the rate of time and one-half. As these factors yield results which are only approximate, they may not be appropriate when exact figures are required.

Indexes of Production-Worker Aggregate Weekly Man-hours

The indexes of production-worker aggregate weekly man-hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1947-49 period. These aggregates represent the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment.

The aggregate man-hours are defined as total manhours for which pay was received by full- and part-time production workers, including hours paid for holidays, sick leave, and vacations taken. The man-hours are for I week of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, and may not be typical of the entire month. Aggregate man-hours differ from scheduled man-hours due to such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages.

Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based upon monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Because hours and earnings data for manufacturing and other nonmanufacturing industries are based upon reports to the Bureau of Labor Statistics which generally represent I weekly pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, the data for railroad employees are not strictly comparable with other industry information shown in this publication.

Hours and Gross Earnings for Selected States and Areas

The State and area hours and earnings data for manufacturing are prepared by cooperating State agencies. These estimates are based on the same reports used in preparing national estimates. Inasmuch as the estimates presented in this report relate only to manufacturing as a whole, variations in earnings among the States and areas are, to a large degree, caused by differences in industrial composition. For additional details on State and area statistics see Section A-Employment.

- HOURS AND EARNINGS - SUMMARY OF METHODS OF COMPUTATION

Item	Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries	Manufacturing division, groups, sub- groups, and nonmanufacturing groups
	MONTHLY DATA	
Average weekly hours	Total production or nonsupervisory man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.	Average, weighted by employment, of the average weekly hours for compo- nent industries.
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man- hours, of the average hourly earnings for component industries.
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	ANNUAL DATA	
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate man-hours (employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Average, weighted by employment, of the annual averages of weekly hours for component industries.
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (weekly earnings multiplied by employment) divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man- hours, of the annual averages of hourly earnings for component in- dustries.
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

Section D - GLOSSARY

ALL EMPLOYEES - Includes production and related workers as defined below and workers engaged in the following activities: executive, purchasing, finance, accounting, legal, personnel (including cafeterias, medical, etc.), professional and technical activities, sales, sales-delivery, advertising, credit collection, and installation and servicing of own products, routine office functions, factory supervision (above the working foreman level). Also includes employees on the establishment payroll engaged in new construction and major additions or alterations to the plant who are utilized as a separate work force (force-account construction workers). Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.

CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - Includes working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, and similar workers, engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, and other actual construction work, at the site of construction or working in shop or yard at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades; includes all such workers, regardless of skill, engaged in any way in contract construction activities.

CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION - Covers only firms engaged in the construction business on a contract basis for others. Force-account construction workers, i.e., hired directly by and on the payroll of Federal, State, and local government, public utilities, and private establishments, are excluded from contract construction and included in the employment for such establishments

DURABLE GOODS - The durable goods subdivision includes the following major industry groups: ordnance and accessories; lumber and wood products; furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products; machinery; electrical machinery; transportation equipment; instruments and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries as defined. This definition is commission with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board.

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE - Covers establishments operating in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate, and beginning January 1952, also includes the Federal Reserve Banks and the mixed-ownership banks of the Farm Credit Administration for national and most State and area estimates. However, in a few State and area estimates the latter two agencies are included under Government until revisions can be made by the cooperating State agencies concerned. These exceptions are appropriately noted.

GOVERNMENT - Covers Federal, State, and local government establishments performing legislative, executive, and judicial functions, including Government corporations, Government force-account construction, and such units as arscals, navy yards, and hospitals. Fourth-class postmasters are included in the national series and most State and area series. Exceptions are noted. State and local government employment includes teachers, but excludes, as nominal employees, paid volunteer firemen and elected officials of small local units.

LABOR TURNOVER:

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: quits, discharges, layoffs, and miscellaneous

separations (including military), as defined below.

Quits are terminations of employment during the calendar month initiated by employees for such reasons as: acceptance of a job in another company, dissatisfaction, return to school, marriage, maternity, ill health, or voluntary retirement where no company pension is provided. Failure to report after being hired and unauthorized absences of more than seven consecutive calendar days are also classified as quits. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were also included in this category.

<u>Discharges</u> are terminations of employment during the calendar month initiated by the employer for such reasons as employees' incompetence, violation of rules, dishonesty, insubordination, laziness, habitual absenteeism, or inability to meet physical standards.

Layoffs are terminations of employment during the calendar month lasting or expected to last more than seven consecutive calendar days without pay, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker, for such reasons as lack of orders or materials, release of temporary help, conversion of plant, introduction of labor-saving machinery or processes, or suspensions of operations without pay during inventory periods.

Miscellaneous separations (including military) are terminations of employment during the calendar month because of permanent disability, death, retirement on company pension, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than thirty consecutive calendar days. Prior to 1940, miscellaneous separations were included with quits. Beginning September 1940, military separations were included here.

Persons on leave of absence (paid or unpaid) with the approval of the employer are not counted as separations until such time as it is definitely determined that such persons will not return to work. At that time, a separation is reported as one of the above types, depending on the circumstances.

<u>Accessions</u> are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll during the calendar month, including both new and rehired employees. Persons returning to work after a layoff, military separation, or other absences who have been counted as separations are considered accessions.

MANUFACTURING - Covers only private establishments.

Government manufacturing operations such as arsenals and navy yards are excluded from manufacturing and included under Government.

MINING - Covers establishments engaged in the extraction from the earth of organic and inorganic minerals which occur in nature as solids, liquids, or gases; includes various contract services required in mining operations, such as removal of overburden, tunneling and shafting, and the drilling or acidizing of oil wells; also includes ore dressing, beneficiating, and concentration.

MONDURABLE GOODS - The nondurable goods subdivision includes the following major industry groups: food and kindred products; tobacco manufactures; textile-mill products; apparel and other finished textile products; paper and allied products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and allied products; products of petroleum and coal; rubber products; and leather and leather products. This definition is consistent with that used by other Federal agencies, e.g., Federal Reserve Board. NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES - Includes employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

PAYROLL - Private payroll represents the weekly payroll of both full- and part-time production and related workers who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, before deduction for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for sick leave, holidays, and vacations taken. Excludes cash payments for vacations not taken, retroactive pay not earned during period reported, value of payments in kind, and bonuses, unless earned and paid regularly each pay period.

PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS - Includes working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including lead men and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, watchman services, products development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and record-keeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

REGIONS:

North - Includes all States except the 17 listed as South.

South - Includes the following 17 States: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Cklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

(In the case of sawmills and planing mills, general, a third region is identified - the West - and includes California, Oregon, and Washington.)

SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS - Covers establishments primarily engaged in rendering services to individuals and business firms, including automotive repair services. Excludes domestic service workers. Nongovernment schools, hospitals, museums, etc., are included under service and miscellaneous; similar Government establishments are included under Government.

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES - Covers only private establishments engaged in providing all types of transportation and related services; telephone, telegraph, and other communication services; or providing electricity, gas, steam, water, or sanitary service. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - Covers establishments engaged in wholesale trade, i.e., selling merchandise to retailers, and in retail trade, i.e., selling merchandise for personal or household consumption, and rendering services incidental to the sales of goods. Similar Government establishments are included under Government.