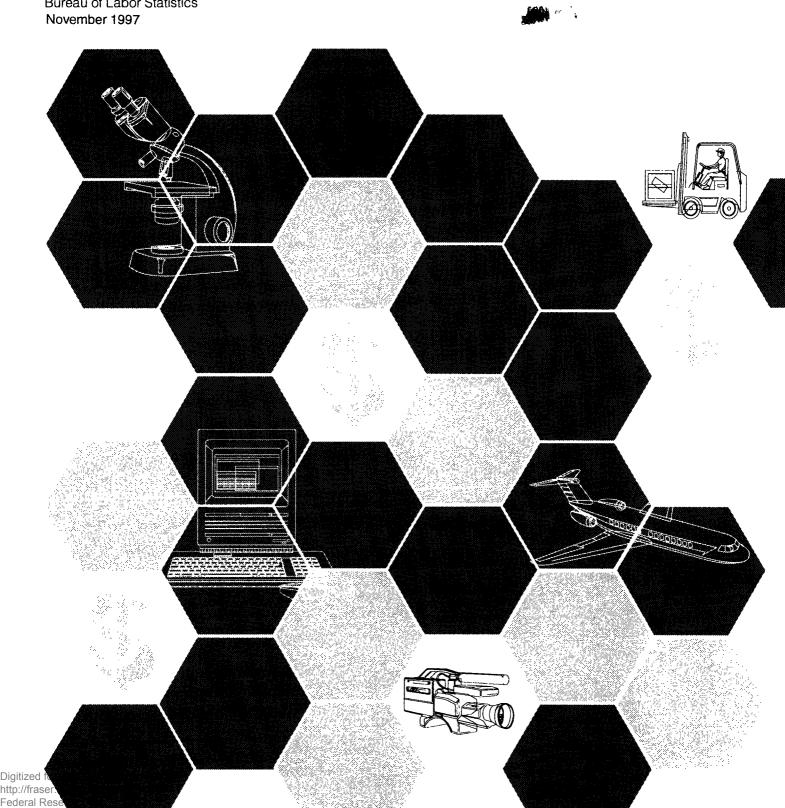




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics November 1997





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Alexis M. Herman, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

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November 1997 Vol. 44 No.11

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.
Earnings by detailed occupation Jan.
Employee absences Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan.
Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data,
persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans
and nonveterans, and weekly earnings data Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail March, June

Women employees March, June

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors

June

May

Revised historical national data Internet

State and area annual revisions March

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

State and area annual averages

Annual revisions March

Annual averages May

¹ They can be accessed from http://stats.bls.gov/cgi-bin/dsrv?ee or through the Current Employment Statistics hor apage at http://stats.bls.gov/ceshome.htm

Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, October 1997

Nonfarm payroll employment rose, and the unemployment rate declined to 4.7 percent in October. The number of payroll jobs increased by 284,000; although gains occurred in many industries, there was a particularly large increase in manufacturing.

Unemployment

Both the number of unemployed persons and the unemployment rate fell in October. The number of persons who were unemployed, at 6.5 million, was 285,000 below September's level, and the unemployment rate declined by 0.2 percentage point to 4.7 percent. From April through September, the rate had ranged from 4.8 to 5.0 percent. In October, the unemployment rate for adult women declined from 4.4 to 4.0 percent. The rates for adult men (4.1 percent), teenagers (15.3 percent), whites (4.1 percent), blacks (9.5 percent), and Hispanics (8.0 percent) showed little or no movement over the month. (See tables A-3 and A-4.)

Total employment and the labor force

Total employment was about unchanged in October at 129.9 million. At 63.7 percent, the proportion of the population with jobs (the employment-population ratio) has shown little movement since March. Over the past year, total employment has increased by 2.0 million (after adjusting for the effect of the revised population controls introduced into the survey in January). (See table A-3.)

About 8.1 million persons (not seasonally adjusted) held more than one job in October. These multiple jobholders comprised 6.2 percent of the total employed. (See table A-35.)

Both the civilian labor force, 136.4 million (seasonally adjusted), and the labor force participation rate, 66.9 percent, were about unchanged from September.

Persons not in the labor force

About 1.3 million persons (not seasonally adjusted) were marginally attached to the labor force in October. These were people who wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months, but were not counted as unemployed because they did not search for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey.

The number of discouraged workers—a subset of the marginally attached who were not currently looking for jobs specifically because they believed no jobs were available for them or there were none for which they would qualify—was 302,000 in October, little changed from a year earlier. (See table A-34.)

Industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 284,000 in October to 123.0 million, after seasonal adjustment. Since December 1996, payroll employment has increased by about 239,000 a month, on average. Job gains were widespread in October and were especially large in manufacturing. (See table B-3.)

Manufacturing employment increased by 54,000 in October. Since the recent trough in September 1996, factory employment has risen by 170,000. In October, half of the increase occurred in just two industries, industrial machinery and transportation equipment. An addition of 13,000 employees in industrial machinery was the second large gain in 3 months. The 16,000 increase in transportation equipment reversed the prior month's decline. Growth continued in the electronic components industry, which has added 36,000 jobs so far this year. Employment gains also occurred over the month in food products (6,000), fabricated metals (4,000), furniture and fixtures (3,000), printing and publishing (3,000), and instruments (3,000).

Construction added 20,000 jobs in October, its largest increase since May. Thus far in 1997, construction employment has increased by only 136,000, compared with 235,000 during the same period in 1996.

Within the service-producing sector, employment in the services industry rose by 100,000 in October, in line with the monthly average for the past year. Strong growth continued in computer services and engineering and management services. Together, these two relatively small industries have accounted for 1 in 9 payroll jobs added in the past year. Employment in health services also continued to grow in October, with a particularly large gain in offices and clinics of medical doctors (12,000).

Employment in the transportation industry increased by 21,000 in October, with the largest gain occurring in air transportation (9,000). Communications added 10,000 jobs, primarily in telephone communications, where employment has grown by 35,000 over the past 12 months. Employment in finance rose by 18,000 in October, with gains in all the component industries, except savings institutions. Security and commodity brokerages added 5,000 jobs over the month. The strong growth trend in this industry has accelerated in recent months, as 19,000 jobs have been added since June.

Wholesale trade employment rose by 22,000 in October. Retail trade gained 37,000 jobs, about in line with the pace of growth for the year. Retail employment growth so far in 1997 has lagged behind that for 1996.

Government employment was virtually unchanged over the month, the result of offsetting movements within State and local governments and a continuation of the long-term downward trend in Federal employment.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged in October at 34.5 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek increased by 0.2 hour to 42.0 hours, and factory overtime edged up by 0.1 hour to 4.8 hours. (See table B-8.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.2 percent to 140.9 (1982=100), seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing index rose by 0.8 percent to 109.0. (See table B-9.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls were up 6 cents in October to \$12.41, seasonally adjusted. This follows increases totaling 11 cents in the prior 2 months. Average weekly earnings rose by 0.5 percent over the month to \$428.15. Over the past year, average hourly earnings have risen by 4.2 percent and average weekly earnings by 4.5 percent. (See table B-11.)

Changes in Establishment-based and Household Data Series

Following usual practice, the 6-month updates to seasonal adjustment factors for the establishment survey data will be introduced with next month's release of November data. These factors will be used for the September 1997 through April 1998 estimates and will be published in the December 1997 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. As a service to users, these factors will be available on November 28, 1 week prior to the release of November estimates, on the Internet (http://stats.bls.gov/ceshome.htm) or by calling (202) 606-6521.

Effective with the release of data for December 1997 in January 1998, improvements will be introduced into the composite estimation procedures used in the household survey. These changes will simplify processing of the monthly labor force data at BLS and will allow users of the survey microdata to replicate more easily the official estimates released by BLS. In addition, there will be a slight decrease in the variance of some major estimates, particularly employment levels and the over-themonth change in those levels. The new procedures are expected to produce somewhat lower estimates of the civilian labor force and employment.

	Scheduled Release Dates											
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:												
Reference month Release date Reference month Release date												
November	December 5	February	March 6									
December	January 9	March	April 3									
January	February 6	April	May 8									

Summary table A. Major labor force status categories, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

		1996						19	97				
Category	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
						Lat	oor force s	tatus					
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Percent of population Unemployed Not in labor force	134,636 66.9 127,617		201,636 135,022 67.0 127,855 63.4 7,167 66,614			136,319 67.3 129,175 63.6 7,144 66,194	202,674 136,098 67.2 129,384 63.6 6,714 66,577	136,173 67.1 129,639 63.9 6,534 66,659	136,200 67.1	203,166 136,290 67.1 129,708 63.8 6,583 66,876	136,480 67.1	136,467 67.0	136,361 66.9
						Uner	mploymen	rates					·
All workers Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White Black Hispanic origin	5.2 4.4 4.7 16.3 4.5 10.7 8.2	5.3 4.4 4.8 16.6 4.6 10.6 8.3	5.3 4.4 4.9 16.5 4.6 10.5 7.7	5.4 4.6 4.6 17.0 4.6 10.8 8.3	5.3 4.4 4.7 17.5 4.5 11.3 8.1	5.2 4.4 4.7 16.4 4.5 10.7 8.6	4.9 4.2 4.4 15.4 4.2 9.8 8.1	4.8 3.8 4.5 15.6 4.0 10.3 7.4	5.0 4.2 4.4 16.8 4.2 10.4 7.6	4.8 4.0 4.2 16.4 4.2 9.4 7.9	4.9 4.1 4.4 16.4 4.2 9.3 7.2	4.9 4.1 4.4 16.7 4.3 9.6 7.6	4.7 4.1 4.0 15.3 4.1 9.5 8.0

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in

the household survey.

Summary table B. Employment, hours, and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

		1996						19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.P
							Employme	nt					
Total	120,248	120,450	120,659	120,909	121,162	121,344	121,671	121,834	122,056	122,440	122,492	122,761	123,045
Total private	100,759	100,956	101,145	101,380	101,615	101,799	102,092	102,269	102,417	102,721	102,688	103,018	103,300
Goods-producing industries	24,479	24,508	24,540	24,581	24,653	24,670	24,667	24,702	24,714	24,713	24,765	24,756	24,827
Mining	570	571	571	574	574	572	573	576	574	574	573	576	573
Construction	5,467	5,495	5,521	5,542	5,604	5,609	5,599	5,628	5,622	5,625	5,637	5,637	5,657
Manufacturing	18,442	18,442	18,448	18,465	18,475	18,489	18,495	18,498	18,518	18,514	18,555	18,543	18,597
Service-producing industries	95,769	95,942	96,119	96,328	96,509	96,674	97,004	97,132	97,342	97,727	97,727	98,005	98,218
Transportation and public utilities	6.293	6.303	6,288	6,351	6,376	6.405	6,421	6,431	6,434	6,443	6,289	6.459	6.488
Wholesale trade		6,549	6,559	6,570	6.593	6.611	6,622	8.630	6.634	6,664	6.675	6,688	6.710
Retail trade	21,791	21.847	21,912	21,917	21,922	21,945	22,029	22,026	22,079	22,159	22,189	22,208	22,245
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.941	6.949	6,962	6.971	6.980	6,992	7.019	7.029	7.034	7.058	7.068	7.079	7.102
Services	34,717	34,800	34,884	34,990	35.091	35,176	35,334	35,451	35,522	35,684	35,702	35,828	35,928
Government	19.489	19,494	19,514	19,529	19,547	19,545	19,579	19,565	19,639	19,719	19,804	19,743	19,745
COVERNITION	13,403	10,454	13,514	10,020	10,011	10,010	10,070	.0,500	10,000	10,710	10,004	10,740	10,740
			 			Over-t	he-month	change					
Total	229	202	209	250	253	182	327	163	222	384	52	269	284
Total private	253	197	189	235	235	184	293	177	148	304	-33	330	282
	40	29	32	41	72	17	-33	35	12	1 -1	52	-9	71
Goods-producing industries	-1	23	32	3	΄δ	-2	1	33	-2	7	-1	3	-3
Mining	26	28	26	21	62	5	-10	29	-6	3	12	0	20
Construction	15	20	6	17	10	14	6	3	20	1 4	41	-12	54
Manufacturing	189	173	177	209	181	165	330	128	210	385	76	278	213
Service-producing industries	3	1/3	-15	63	25	29	16	10	3	9	-154	170	29
Transportation and public utilities	25	11	10	11	23	18	11	8	4	30	11	13	22
Wholesale trade	73	56	65	5	23 5	23	84	-3	53	80	30	19	37
Retail trade	16	90 8	13	9	9	12	27	10	5	24	10	11	23
Finance, insurance, and real estate	96	83	84	106	101	85	158	117	71	162	18		100
Services												126	
Government	-24	5	20	15	18	-2	34	-14	74	80	85	-61	2
	Ĺ					н	ours of wo	rk¹					
Total private	34.4	34.5	34.7	34.4	34.8	34.8	34.5	34.5	34.6	34.4	34.6	34.5	34.5
Manufacturing	41.7	41.7	42.0	41.8	41.9	42.1	42.1	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8	42.0
Overtime	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8
Oyenime	4.5	4.0	4.7	4.7	*./	4.5	4.9	4.0	4.0	4./	4.7	4.7	4,0
					Indexes	of aggrega	ate weekly	hours (19	82=100)1				
				···									
Total private	137.2	137.9	139.1	138.2	140.0	140.2	139.6	140.0	140.6	140.2	140.8	140.6	140.9
Manufacturing	106.9	107.2	107.8	107.4	107.9	108.3	108.5	108.3	107.8	107.8	108.1	108.1	109.0
							Earnings	'					
Average hourly earnings, total private:							1					l	
Current dollars	\$11.91	\$11.98	\$12.03	\$12.05	\$12.10	\$12.14	\$12.14	\$12.19	\$12.23	\$12.24	\$12.31	\$12.35	\$12.41
Constant (1982) dollars ²	7.42	7.44	7.45	7.46	7.47	7.49	7.49	7.52	7.54	7.53	7.56	7.56	N.A.
Average weekly earnings, total private	409.70	413.31	417.44	414.52	421.08	422.47	418.83	420.56	423.16	421.06	425.93	426.08	428.15

Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.
The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

N.A. = not available.

P = preliminary.

Chart 1. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted, 1993-97

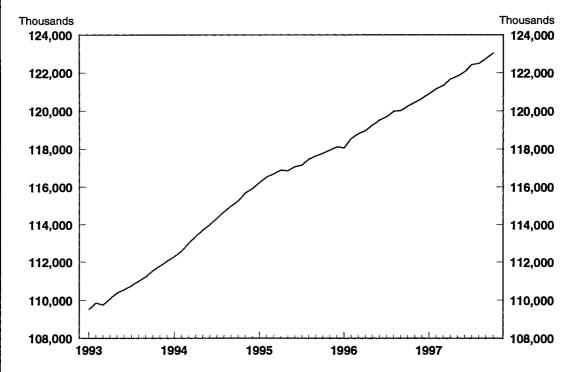
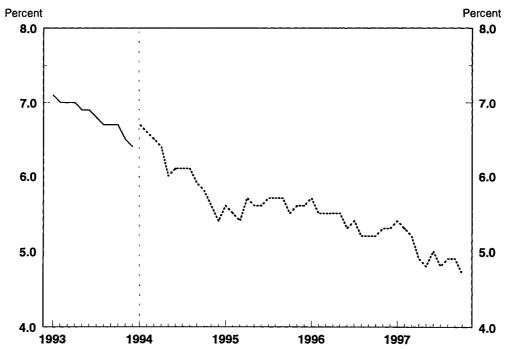


Chart 2. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, 1993-97



NOTE: Beginning in 1990, data reflect 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. Beginning in 1994, data reflect the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey. Beginning in 1997, data incorporate revisions in the population controls used in the survey. These changes affect comparability with data for prior periods.

A-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1963 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

					Civilia	labor force				
Year	Civilian noninsti-				Er	nployed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	iabor force
					Annu	al averages				
963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	55.4	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.7	50,58
964	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	55.7	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.2	51,39
965	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	58.2	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.5	52,05
)66	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	56.9	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.8	52,28
967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	57.3	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.8	52,52
968	132,028	78,737	59.8	75,920	57.5	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.6	53,29
969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	58.0	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.5	53,60
970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.9	54,31
971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.9	55,83
9721		87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.6	57,09
731	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.9	57,66
974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.6	58,17
975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.5 7.7	59,37
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	3,331	85,421 88,734	7,406	7.7 7.1	59,99
977 978 ¹	159,033	99,009	62.3 63.2	92,017 96,048	57.9 59.3	3,283 3,387	92,661	6,991 6,202	6.1	60,02 59,65
978	161,910 164,863	102,251 104,962	63.7	98,824	59.9	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,90
	107.745	100.040	62.0	00 202	59.2	3,364	95,938	7 627	7.1	60.00
980	167,745	106,940	63.8 63.9	99,303	59.2	3,368	97,030	7,637 8,273	7.1	60,80 61,40
81	170,130	108,670 110,204	64.0	100,397 99,526	57.8	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.7	62,0
)82)83	172,271 174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	3,363	97,450	10,575	9.6	62,66
84	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.5	62,83
985		115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.2	62,74
986 ¹	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	3,163	106,434	8,237	7.0	62,7
987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.2	62,8
988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.5	62,94
989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.3	62,52
9901	189,164	125,840	66.5	118,793	62.8	3,223	115,570	7,047	5.6	63,3
91	190,925	126,346	66.2	117,718	61.7	3,269	114,449	8,628	6.8	64,5
92	192,805	128,105	66.4	118,492	61.5	3,247	115,245	9,613	7.5	64,70
93	194,838	129,200	66.3	120,259	61.7	3,115	117,144	8,940	6.9	65,63
941	196,814	131,058	66.6	123,060	62.5	3,409	119,651	7,996	6.1	65,7
95	198,584	132,304	66.6	124,900	62.9	3,440	121,460	7,404	5.6	66,28
996	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	3,443	123,264	7,236	5.4	66,64
					Monthly data,	seasonally ad	justed ²			
996:										
October	201,273	134,636	66.9	127,617	63.4	3,450	124,167	7,019	5.2	66,63
November	201,273	134,831	66.9	127,644	63.4	3,354	124,290	7,187	5.3	66,63
December	201,636	135,022	67.0	127,855	63.4	3,426	124,429	7,167	5.3	66,61
997:										
January ³	202,285	135,848	67.2	128,580	63.6	3,468	125,112	7,268	5.4	66,43
ebruary	202,389	135,634	67.0	128,430	63.5	3,292	125,138	7,205	5.3	66,7
March		136,319	67.3	129,175	63.8	3,386	125,789	7,144	5.2	66,19
Aprii	202,674	136,098	67.2	129,384	63.8	3,497	125,887	6,714	4.9	66,5
иау	202,832	136,173	67.1	129,639	63.9	3,430	126,209	6,534	4.8	66,6
lune	203,000	136,200	67.1	129,364	63.7	3,391	125,973	6,836	5.0	66,86
uly	203,166	136,290	67.1	129,708	63.8	3,482	126,226	6,583	4.8	66,8
August	203,364	136,480	67.1	129,804	63.8	3,383	126,421	6,677	4.9	66,88
September	203,570	136,467	67.0	129,715	63.7	3,450	126,265	6,752	4.9	67,10
October	203,767	136,361	66.9	129,894	63.7	3,303	126,591	6,467	4.7	67,40

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.
2 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
3 Population figures are not effectly comparable with data.

for 1996 and earlier years because of revisions in the population controls used in the household survey. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1997" in the February 1997 issue of this publication.

³ Beginning in January 1997, data are not strictly comparable with data

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1986 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

					Civiliar	labor force				
Sex, year,	Civilian noninsti-				En	nployed		1	Percent	Not it
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	labor force
	1				Annu	al averages				
MEN 36 ¹	85,798	65,422	76.3	60.892	71.0	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.9	20,3
37	86,899	66,207	78.2	62,107	71.5	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.2	20,69
8		66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.5	20,9
9		67,840	78.4	84,315	72.5	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.2	20,9
01	90,377	89,011	78.4	65,104	72.0	2,546	62,559	3,908	5.7	21,3
		69,188	75.8	64,223	70.4	2,589	61,634	4,946	7.2	22,1
2		69,964	75.8	64,440	69.8	2,575	61,886	5,523	7.9	22,3
3		70,404	75.4	65,349	70.0	2,478	62,871	5,055	7.2	22,9
41		70,817	75.1	88,450	70.4	2,554	63,896	4,367	6.2	23,5
5		71,380	75.0	67,377	70.8	2,559	64,818	3,983	5.6	23,8
6		72,087	74.9	68,207	70.9	2,573	65,634	3,880	5.4	24,1
		L	[L	Monthly data	seasonally adju	L			
			1		Michigany Guille,	ocasonally adju				
6:	00.777		-,-	00.0:-		0	00.545		_	
ctober		72,363	74.9	88,647	71.1	2,607	66,040	3,716	5.1	24,1
ovember		72,362	74.9	68,589	71.0	2,525	86,064	3,773	5.2	24,2
ecember	98,742	72,414	74.9	68,707	71.0	2,618	66,089	3,707	5.1	24,3
7:	i									
anuary ³		73,108	75.2	69,164	71.1	2,611	66,553	3,942	5.4	24,1
ebruary		72,987	75.0	69,232	71.1	2,470	66,763	3,755	5.1	24,3
larch		73,288	75.2	69,478	71.3	2,585	66,894	3,790	5.2	24,1
pril		73,232	75.1	69,627	71.4	2,874	66,953	3,604	4.9	24,2
lay		73,200	75.0	69,929	71.7	2,640	67,289	3,271	4.5	24,3
une		73,242	75.0	69,567	71.2	2,599	66,968	3,674	5.0	24,4
uly		73,230	74.9	69,749	71.4	2,591	87,158	3,481	4.8	24,5
ugust		73,315	74.9	69,791	71.3	2,494	67,297	3,524	4.8	24,5
eptember		73,190	74.7	69,639	71.1	2,566	67,073	3,551	4.9	24,7
October	98,050	73,333	74.8	69,790	71.2	2,447	67,343	3,543	4.8	24,7
					Annu	al averages				
		ł				+				
WOMEN	ı	[
WOMEN 6 ¹	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	852	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,3
6 ¹		52,413 53,658	55.3 56.0	48,706 50,334	51.4 52.5	852 666	48,054 49,688	3,707 3,324	7.1 6.2	
6 ¹ 7	. 95,853						49,688			42,1
5 ¹ 7 3	. 95,853 . 96,756	53,658	56.0	50,334	52.5	666		3,324	6.2	42,1 42,0
6 ¹	95,853 96,756 97,630	53,658 54,742 56,030	56.0 56.8 57.4	50,334 51,896 53,027	52.5 53.4 54.3	666 676 687	49,688 51,020 52,341	3,324 3,048 3,003	6.2 5.6 5.4	42,1 42,0 41,8
6 ¹	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787	53,658 54,742	56.0 56.8	50,334 51,896	52.5 53.4	666 676	49,688 51,020	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9
6 ¹	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3	666 676 687 678	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011	3,324 3,048 3,003	6.2 5.6 5.4	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4
6 ¹	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7	666 676 687 678 680	49,688 51,020 52;341 53,011 52,815	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3
6 ¹	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8	666 676 687 678 680 672	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0	42,1' 42,0 41,8' 41,9 42,4' 42,3' 42,7'
51 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,508	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1	666 676 687 678 680 672 637	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2
61 7 8 8 9 1 1 2 3 3	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4
61	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4
61	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4
61	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 80,944 61,857	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.6 58.0 Monthly data,	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4	42,11 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,5
61	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data,	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.0 6.0 5.6 5.4	42,11 42,0 41,81 41,91 42,41 42,31 42,7 42,24 42,41 42,51
51 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 80,944 61,857	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.6 58.0 Monthly data,	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,5
61 7 7 8 8 9 9 11 12 22 33 34 41 55 6 8 5 ctober ovember ecember	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data,	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 8easonally adju	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421 3,356	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,5
61 7 8 8 9 01 1 2 2 3 41 5 6 6 6: ctober ovember ecember 7:	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,273 62,469 62,608	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data,	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421 3,356 3,303 3,414 3,460	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.3 5.5 5.5	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,5
61 7 8 8 9 01 1 2 2 3 41 5 6 6 6: totober lolovember lecember	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.9 58.9 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148	52.5 53.4 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 58.3 56.4	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,127 58,226 58,340	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356 3,303 3,414 3,460	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,11 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,3 42,2 42,2
61 7 8 8 9 01 1 2 2 3 3 41 5 6 6: ctober lovember lecember	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.3	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,418	52.5 53.4 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, . 58.3 56.3 56.4	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356 3,303 3,414 3,460	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.3 5.5 5.5	42,11 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,3 42,3 42,2 42,4 42,2 42,4
61 7 8 8 9 01 1 2 3 3 41 5 6 6 6: ctober lovember lecember 7: anuary³ ebruary larch	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,717 104,809 104,894	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.7 59.6 60.0	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,418 59,418	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 56.3 56.4	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 8easonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356 3,303 3,414 3,460	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,11 42,0 41,8 41,8 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,2 42,4;4 42,2;4
61 7 8 8 9 01 1 2 2 3 41 5 6 6 6: ctober lovember leveember 77: anuary³ ebruary lelarch	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,717 104,809 104,894 105,022 105,022 105,022 105,022 105,022	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608 62,742 62,847 63,051 62,886	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.3 59.5 59.7 59.6 60.0 59.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,197 59,697 59,697 59,756	52.5 53.4 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 58.3 56.3 56.3 56.3 56.8 56.8	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895 58,934	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,825 3,421 3,356 3,414 3,460 3,327 3,450 3,354 3,109	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,1 42,0 41,8 41,9 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,3 42,4 42,4 42,4 42,3 42,4 42,4
61 7 7 8 9 9 01 1 2 2 3 3 41 5 6 6 6: letober ovember eecember 7: anuary³ ebruary aarch pril pril pril pril pril pril pril pril	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,385	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608 62,742 62,847 63,051 62,886 62,973	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.8 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.5 59.7 59.6 60.0 59.8 59.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,197 59,697 59,756 59,756	52.5 53.4 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 58.3 56.3 56.4 58.8 56.3 56.8 56.8	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895 58,934 58,920	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356 3,303 3,414 3,460 3,327 3,450 3,354 3,109 3,263	6.2 5.6 5.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,1 41,9 41,8 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,4 42,5 42,4 42,3 42,2 42,4 42,4 42,3 42,3 42,3
61 7 7 8 8 9 9 01 1 1 2 3 3 41 5 6 6 6: ctober ovember eeember 7: anuary³ elarch prii	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,385 104,717 104,809 104,894 105,022 105,068 105,127 105,200 105,274 105,274	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608 62,742 62,847 63,051 62,866 62,973 62,958	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.5 59.7 59.6 60.0 59.8 59.8 59.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,418 59,418 59,756 59,756 59,750 59,756	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 56.3 56.3 56.4	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895 58,934 58,920 59,005	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421 3,356 3,414 3,460 3,327 3,450 3,354 3,109 3,263 3,162	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.0 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,11 42,0 41,8 41,8 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,4 42,4 42,3 42,3 42,2 42,4 42,4 42,3 42,4 42,3 42,4 42,3 42,3
61 7 8 8 9 9 01 1 2 2 3 3 41 5 6 6 8: ctober loovember leocember 7 7: anuary anuary larch larch larch lay lune luity	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,717 104,809 104,894 105,022 105,068 105,127 105,200 105,274 105,200 105,274 105,433	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608 62,742 62,847 63,051 62,886 62,973 62,973 62,958 63,060	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.3 59.7 59.6 60.0 59.8 59.8 59.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,418 59,418 59,756 59,756 59,756 59,796 59,958	52.5 53.4 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 58.3 56.3 56.3 56.3 56.8 56.8 56.9	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 808 857 622 808 857 622 802 802 802 802 802 802 802 802 802	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895 58,934 58,920 59,005 59,068	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,629 3,421 3,356 3,414 3,460 3,327 3,450 3,354 3,109 3,263 3,109 3,263 3,102	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.6 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,11 42,0 41,8 42,4 42,3 42,7 42,2 42,4 42,5 42,3 42,2 42,4 42,0 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,3 42,3
WOMEN 61 77 88 99 101 11 22 33 44 1 55 66 6: 6: ctclober lovember lovember lovember 77: anuary larch lary lary lary lary lary lary lary lary	95,853 96,756 97,630 98,787 99,646 100,535 101,506 102,460 103,406 104,385 104,385 104,717 104,809 104,894 105,022 105,022 105,068 105,127 105,200 105,274 105,351 105,433 105,527	53,658 54,742 56,030 56,829 57,178 58,141 58,795 60,239 60,944 61,857 62,273 62,469 62,608 62,742 62,847 63,051 62,866 62,973 62,958	56.0 56.8 57.4 57.5 57.4 57.9 56.8 58.9 59.3 59.5 59.7 59.6 60.0 59.8 59.8 59.8	50,334 51,896 53,027 53,889 53,496 54,052 54,910 56,610 57,523 58,501 58,970 59,055 59,148 59,418 59,418 59,418 59,756 59,756 59,750 59,756	52.5 53.4 54.3 54.3 53.7 53.8 54.1 55.3 55.6 58.0 Monthly data, 56.3 56.3 56.4	666 676 687 678 680 672 637 855 881 671 seasonally adju 843 629 808	49,688 51,020 52,341 53,011 52,815 53,380 54,273 55,755 56,642 57,630 sted ² 58,127 58,226 58,340 58,559 58,375 58,895 58,934 58,920 59,005	3,324 3,048 3,003 3,140 3,683 4,090 3,885 3,829 3,421 3,356 3,414 3,460 3,327 3,450 3,354 3,109 3,263 3,162	6.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 6.0 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	42,33 42,11 42,0° 41,86 41,94 42,37 42,27 42,42 42,42 42,42 42,42 42,42 42,42 42,42 42,33 42,33 42,33 42,33 42,33 42,33 42,33 42,33

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.
2 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

³ Beginning in January 1997, data are not strictly comparable with data for 1996 and earlier years because of revisions in the population controls used in the household survey. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1997" in the February 1997 issue of this publication.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1996						19	97				
sex, and age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
TOTAL				!									
Civilian noninstitutional population1	201,273	201,463	201,636	202,285	202,389	202,513	202,674	202,832	203,000	203,166	203,364	203,570	203,767
Civilian labor force		134,831	135,022	135,848	135,634	136,319	136,098	136,173	136,200	136,290	136,480	136,467	136,361
Percent of population	66.9	66.9	67.0	67.2	67.0	67.3	67.2	67.1	67.1 1129,364	67.1	67.1 129,804	67.0	66.9 129,894
Employed Employment-population ratio	63.4	127,644 63.4	127,855 63.4	128,580 63.6	128,430 63.5	129,175 63.8	129,384 63.8	129,639 63.9	63.7	129,708 63.8	63.8	129,715 63.7	63.7
Unemployed	7,019	7,187	7,167	7,268	7,205	7,144	6,714	6,534	6,836	6,583	6,677	6,752	6,467
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.7
Men, 16 years and over	96,556	96,654	96,742	97,264	97,320	97,387	97,474	97.559	97,649	97,733	97,838	97.946	98.050
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force	72,363	72,362	72,414	73,106	72,987	73,268	73,232	73,200	73,242	73,230	73,315	73,190	73,333
Percent of population	74.9	74.9	74.9	75.2	75.0	75.2	75.1	75.0	75.0	74.9	74.9	74.7	74.8
Employed	68,647	68,589	68,707	69,164	69,232	69,478	69,627	69,929	69,567	69,749	69,791	69,639	69,790
Employment-population ratio		71.0	71.0	71.1	71.1	71.3	71.4	71.7	71.2	71.4	71.3	71.1	71.2
Agriculture	2,607 66,040	2,525 66,064	2,618	2,611 66,553	2,470 68,763	2,585 66,894	2,674 66,953	2,640 67,289	2,599 66,968	2,591 67,158	2,494 67,297	2,566 67,073	2,447 67,343
Nonagricultural industries Unemployed		3,773	3,707	3,942	3,755	3,790	3,604	3,271	3,674	3,481	3,524	3,551	3,543
Unemployment rate	1	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.2	4.9	4.5	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8
Not in labor force	24,193	24,292	24,328	24,158	24,333	24,118	24,242	24,359	24,407	24,503	24,522	24,756	24,717
Men, 20 years and over				00.440	00 550	00.004		00.700	00.000	00.000	00.000	00.000	20.110
Civilian noninstitutional population Civillan labor force	88,840 68,273	88,971 68,391	89,040 68,369	89,446	89,556 66,827	89,604 69,111	89,660 69,147	89,766 69,059	89,829 69,167	89,888 69,203	89,982 69,301	90,068	90,140
Percent of population	76.8	76.9	76.8	77.1	76.9	77.1	77.1	76.9	77.0	77.0	77.0	76.8	76.8
Employed	65,299	65,349	65,367	65,813	65,818	68,066	66,243	66,418	66,266	66,414	66,491	66,325	66,331
Employment-population ratio	73.5	73.4	73.4	73.6	73.5	73.7	73.9	74.0	73.8	73.9	73.9	73.6	73.6
Agriculture	2,400	2,355	2,356	2,364	2,276	2,362	2,428	2,421	2,417	2,411	2,300	2,407	2,288
Nonagricultural industries	62,899 2,974	62,994	63,011	63,449	63,542 3,009	63,703	63,815	63,997 2,640	63,849	64,003 2,789	64,191 2,810	63,918 2,846	64,043 2,871
UnemployedUnemployment rate	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1
Not in labor force	20,567	20,580	20,671	20,449	20,729	20,493	20,532	20,707	20,662	20,685	20,681	20,897	20,939
Women, 16 years and over	104 717	104 800	104 904	105,022	105,068	105 107	105,200	105 074	105 051	105,433	105,527	105 622	105,718
Civilian noninstitutional population	104,717	104,809 62,469	104,894 62,608	62,742	62,647	105,127 63.051	62,866	105,274 62,973	105,351	63,060	63,165	105,623	63,027
Percent of population	59.5	59.6	59.7	59.7	59.6	60.0	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.9	59.9	59.6
Employed	58,970	59,055	59,148	59,416	59,197	59,697	59,756	59,710	59,796	59,958	60,013	60,076	60,104
Employment-population ratio	56.3	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.3	56.8	56.8	56.7	56.8	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9
Agriculture	843 58,127	829 56,226	808 58,340	857 58,559	822 58,375	802 58,895	822 58,934	791 58,920	792 59,005	890 59,068	689 59,124	884 59,192	59,248
Nonagricultural industries Unemployed		3,414	3,460	3,327	3,450	3,354	3,109	3,263	3,162	3,102	3,152	3,201	2,923
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	4.6
Not in labor force	42,444	42,340	42,286	42,279	42,421	42,076	42,335	42,300	42,393	42,373	42,361	42,346	42,690
Women, 20 years and over	97,290	97,366	97,457	97,520	97,571	97.638	97,685	97,767	97,834	97,919	98,000	98.082	98,144
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force		58,574	58,728	58,894	58,743	59,130	56,974	59,130	59,207	59,186	59,408	59,483	59,320
Percent of population		60.2	60.3	60.4	60.2	60.6	60.4	60.5	60.5	60.4	60.6	60.6	60.4
Employed	55,681	55,753	55,871	56,165	55,955	56,359	56,392	56,481	56,585	56,685	56,819	56,882	56,926
Employment-population ratio	57.2	57.3	57.3	57.6	57.3 775	57.7 739	57.7 779	57.8 743	57.8 740	57.9 841	58.0 836	58.0 841	58.0 812
Agriculture Nonagricultural industries	800 54,881	786 54,967	772 55,099	797 55,369	55,179	55,620	55,613	55,738	55,845	55,844	55,983	56,041	56,114
Unemployed		2,821	2,857	2,729	2,788	2,771	2,581	2,650	2,621	2,501	2,589	2,601	2,395
Unemployment rate		4.8 38,792	4.9 38,729	4.6 38,626	4.7 38,828	4.7 38,508	4.4 38,712	4.5 38,636	4.4 38,628	4.2 38,733	4.4 38,592	4.4 38,599	4.0 38,824
	55,555	30,702		55,525		55,555			,		,	,000	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,143	15,126	15,139	15,318	15,261	15,271	15,309	15,300	15,336	15,359	15,382	15,420	15,483
Civilian labor force	7,931	7,866	7,925	7,956	8,065	8,078	7,977	7,984	7,826	7,901	7,771	7,813	7,839
Percent of population		52.0	52.3	51.9	52.8	52.9	52.1	52.2	51.0	51.4	50.5	50.7	50.6
Employed	6,637 43.8	6,542 43.3	6,617 43.7	6,601	6,657 43.6	6,750 44.2	6,748	6,740 44.1	6,512 42.5	6,608	6,493	6,508 42.2	6,637 42.9
Employment-population ratio Agriculture		213	298	307	240	285	290	266	234	229	246	202	203
Nonagricultural industries		6,329	6,319	6,294	6,417	6,465	6,458	6,474	6,279	6,379	6,247	6,306	6,434
Unemployed		1,324	1,308	1,354	1,408	1,328	1,229	1,244	1,314	1,293	1,278	1,305	1,201
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		16.8 7,260	16.5 7,214	17.0 7,362	17.5 7,196	16.4 7,193	15.4 7,333	15.6 7,316	16.8 7,510	16.4 7,458	16.4 7,611	16.7 7,607	15.3 7,645

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-3 through A-12 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal

adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left($

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1996		L				19	97				
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	168.788	168,924	169,044	169,436	169,492	169,569	169,675	169,782	169,897	170,010	170,148	170,290	170,427
Civilian labor force		113,816	113,991	114,377	114,333	114,736	114,618	114,630	114,691	114,627	114,649	114,694	114,718
Percent of population	67.3	67.4	67.4	67.5	67.5	67.7	67.6	67.5	67.5	67.4	67.4	67.4	67.3
Employed		108,570	108,734	109,151	109,197	109,630		110,052	109,821	109,853	109,782	109,770	109,985
Employment-population ratio		64.3	64.3	64.4	64.4	64.7	64.7	64.8	64.6	64.6	64.5	64.5	64.5
Unemployed		5,246	5,257	5,226	5,136	5,106	4,786	4,578	4,870	4,774	4,867	4,924	4,734
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1
Men, 20 years and over											ŀ		
Civilian labor force		58,549	58,623	59,042	58,968	59,161	59,196	59,008	59,088	59,096	59,129	59,035	59,070
Percent of population Employed	77.4 56,294	77.3 56,276	77.4 56,356	77.7 56,653	77.5 58,692	77.7 56,923	77.7 57,057	77.4 57,112	77.5 56,981	77.4 57,030	77.4 57,018	77.2 56.901	77.2 56,919
Employed Employed	74.4	74.3	74.4	74.5	74.5	74.6	74.9	74.9	74.7	74.7	74.6	74.4	74.4
Unemployed	2,245	2,273	2,267	2,388	2,275	2,238	2,139	1,895	2,107	2,066	2,111	2,134	2,152
Unemployment rate		3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6
Women, 20 years and over	! 					}							
Civilian labor force	48,380	48,558	48,686	48,831	48,619	48,832	48,662	48,874	48,924	48,756	48,927	48,997	48,961
Percent of population	59.6	59.8	59.9	59.8	59.8	60.0	59.8	60.0	60.1	59.8	60.0	60.0	60.0
Employed	46,439	46,530	46,614	48,750	48,747	46,915	46,902	47,047	47,128	47,055	47,123	47,165	47,275
Employment-population ratio		57.3	57.3	57.5	57.5	57.7	57.6	57.6	57.9	57.7	57.8	57.8	57.9
Unemployed	1,941 4.0	2,028	2,072	1,881	1,872 3.9	1,917	1,759 3.6	1,827	1,795 3.7	1,701 3.5	1,805	1,831	1,686
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	6,706	6.709	6.682	6,704	6.746	6,742	6,760	6,748	6,679	6,775	6,593	6,663	6,687
Percent of population	56.1	56.0	55.6	55.3	55.6	55.6	55.7	55.5	54.9	55.6	54.0	54.5	54.7
Employed	5,794	5,764	5,764	5,747	5,758	5,792	5,872	5,893	5,711	5,768	5,641	5,704	5,791
Employment-population ratio	48.5	48.1	48.0	47.4	47.5	47.7	48.4	48.5	46.9	47.3	46.2	46.7	47.3
Unemployed	912	945	918	957	988	951	888	855	968	1,007	951	959	896
Unemployment rate	13.6	14.1	13.7	14.3	14.6	14.1	13.1	12.7	14.5	14.9	14.4	14.4	13.4
Men	15.4 11.6	15.5 12.6	14.8 12.6	14.9	14.6 14.7	15.0 13.1	14.3	12.7 12.7	16.3 12.6	15.4 14.3	15.5 13.2	14.6 14.1	14.6
Women	''.0	12.0	12.0	13.6	''	13.1	,,,,	12.7	12.0	14.3	13.2	14.1	12.0
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force	23,728 15,276	23,762 15,290	23,794 15,306	23,847 15,372	23,872 15,408	23,895 15,439	23,923	23,950 15,434	23,978 15,398	24,006 15,510	24,043 15,804	24,081 15,746	24,117 15,514
Percent of population	64.4	64.3	64.3	64.5	64.5	84.6	64.2	64.4	64.2	64.6	65.7	65.4	64.3
Employed		13,673	13,693	13,709	13,672	13,784	13,863	13,837	13,793	14,055	14,341	14,236	14,045
Employment-population ratio	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.3	57.7	57.9	57.8	57.5	58.5	59.6	59.1	58.2
Unemployed	1,629	1,617	1,613	1,663	1,736	1,655	1,503	1,597	1,605	1,455	1,463	1,510	1,469
Unemployment rate	10.7	10.6	10.5	10.8	11.3	10.7	9.8	10.3	10.4	9.4	9.3	9.6	9.5
Men, 20 years and over									}				
Civilian labor force	6,838	6,699	6,833	6,829	6,765	6,803	6,805	6,831	6,926	6,957	7,072	7,006	6,940
Percent of population		72.7	72.0	71.8	71.0	71.6	71.4	71.5	72.4	72.6	73.7	72.9	72.2
Employed	6,199	6,264	6,235	6,198	6,159	6,173	6,234	6,255	6,296	6,386	6,541	6,459	6,361
Employment-population ratio	65.6 639	66.0 635	65.7 598	65.2 632	64.7 605	65.0 629	65.4 571	65.5 575	65.8 630	66.6 572	68.1 532	67.2 548	66.2 579
Unemployed Unemployment rate		9.2	8.8	9.2	9.0	9.3	8.4	8.4	9.1	8.2	7.5	7.8	8.3
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	7,487	7,499	7,544	7,574	7,636	7,641	7,841	7,693	7,615	7,689	7,603	7,618	7,647
Percent of population	63.0	63.0	63.3	63.4	63.9	63.9	63.8	64.1	63.5	64.0	64.8	64.8	63.3
Employed	6,822	6,833	6,851	6,880	6,851	6,934	6,997	6,974	6,921	7,053	7,146	7,161	7,020
Employment-population ratio	57.4	57.4	57.5	57.6	57.3	57.9	58.4	58.1	57.7	58.7	59.4	59.4	58.1
Unemployed	685	666	693	694	785	706	644	719	694	636	658	657	627
Unemployment rate	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.2	10.3	9.2	8.4	9.4	9.1	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

A-4. Employment status of the civillan noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1996						19	97				
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
BLACK-Continued Both sexes, 18 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio Unemployed Unemployment rate Men Women	951 39.6 626 26.1 325 34.2 36.5 31.9	892 37.5 576 24.2 316 35.4 41.2 30.0	929 38.9 607 25.4 322 34.7 38.6 31.2	969 40.4 631 26.3 337 34.8 42.7 27.5	1,007 42.0 662 27.6 346 34.3 37.4 31.3	996 41.1 676 27.9 319 32.1 41.4 23.7	920 38.1 632 26.2 287 31.2 37.3 25.3	910 37.9 608 25.3 302 33.2 32.6 33.8	857 35.4 577 23.8 281 32.7 41.1 24.5	864 35.7 616 25.5 247 28.6 32.9 25.1	928 38.5 655 27.2 273 29.4 33.1 26.2	921 38.3 616 25.6 305 33.1 38.7 28.4	927 38.1 664 27.3 263 28.4 27.8 29.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN Civilian noninstitutional population ¹ Civilian labor force	19,398 12,989 67.0 11,928 61.5 1,061 8.2	19,454 13,182 67.8 12,094 62.2 1,088 8.3	19,505 13,150 67.4 12,141 62.2 1,009 7.7	20,013 13,795 68.9 12,653 63.2 1,142 8.3	20,067 13,640 68.0 12,538 62.5 1,102 8.1	20,119 13,662 67.9 12,493 62.1 1,169 6.6	20,180 13,572 67.3 12,470 61.8 1,102 8.1	20,236 13,746 67.9 12,730 62.9 1,016 7.4	20,293 13,807 68.0 12,756 62.9 1,051 7.6	20,351 13,866 68.1 12,768 62.7 1,096 7.9	20,407 13,910 68.2 12,911 63.3 999 7.2	20,464 13,827 67.6 12,780 62.5 1,047 7.6	20,519 13,911 67.6 12,799 62.4 1,112 8.0

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics

are included in both the white and black population groups. Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-5. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex,		1996						19	97				
and age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
EMPLOYED													
ull-time workers	104,598	104,645	104,654	105,089	105,151	105,721	105,936	106,170	106,413	106,591	106,638	107,021	106.66
Men, 16 years and over	61,244	61,346	61,289	61,603	61,867	61,688	62,114	62,277	62,288	62,360	62,359	62,475	62.30
Men, 20 years and over	60,021	60,119	60,056	60,392	60,691	60,432	60,820	60,923	61,025	61,056	61,086	61,186	61.0
Women, 16 years and over	43,342	43,303	43,358	43,365	43,151	43,900	43,737	43,879	44,193	44,381	44,436	44,511	44.2
Women, 20 years and over	42,495	42,450	42,451	42,541	42,287	42,991	42,945	43,100	43,345	43,392	43,499	43,574	43,3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,082	2,076	2,147	2,156	2,173	2,298	2,172	2,147	2,043	2,143	2,054	2,260	2,2
art-time workers	23,037	23,145	23,222	23,530	23,370	23,472	23,433	23,374	22,885	22,937	23,012	22,886	23,1
Men, 16 years and over		7,294	7,411	7,510	7,284	7,695	7,462	7,563	7,292	7,365	7,452	7,292	7,3
Men, 20 years and over	5,292	5,255	5,321	5,418	5,133	5,577	5,411	5,323	5,245	5,332	5,398	5,260	5,2
Women, 16 years and over	15,657	15,816	15,802	16,027	16,064	15,759	15,973	15,847	15,625	15,561	15,561	15,585	15,7
Women, 20 years and over	13,191	13,397	13,427	13,633	13,698	13,365	13,427	13,420	13,212	13,240	13,225	13,342	13,46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,554	4,493	4,474	4,479	4,540	4,531	4,595	4,631	4,428	4,365	4,388	4,284	4,45
UNEMPLOYED			!										
ooking for full-time work	5,664	5,800	5,754	5,809	5,706	5,736	5,329	5,274	5,515	5,309	5,311	5,353	5,18
Men, 16 years and over	3,216	3,240	3,170	3,238	3,088	3,140	2,948	2,791	3,186	2,928	2,987	2,986	3,00
Men, 20 years and over	2,761	2,816	2,762	2,871	2,780	2,782	2,642	2,453	2,680	2,571	2,562	2,563	2,58
Women, 16 years and over	2,489	2,587	2,608	2,495	2,526	2,537	2,378	2,508	2,382	2,335	2,377	2,409	2,23
Women, 20 years and over	2,218	2,305	2,313	2,199	2,219	2,269	2,112	2,176	2,124	2,103	2,140	2,107	1,96
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	685	679	679	738	707	665	575	645	710	634	609	683	63
ooking for part-time work	1,368	1,384	1,425	1,426	1,497	1,428	1,415	1,283	1,271	1,300	1,363	1,340	1,28
Men, 16 years and over	552	570	548	614	588	593	654	503	531	545	585	566	57
Men, 20 years and over	225	227	237	277	249	269	274	185	219	212	233	255	26
Women, 16 years and over	818	830	902	800	918	804	753	786	766	766	748	750	66
Women, 20 years and over	533	513	560	523	558	477	480	497	471	431	454	457	43
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	610	644	628	626	690	682	660	602	582	657	677	628	56
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES ¹													l
ull-time workers	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4
Men, 16 years and over	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.6	4
Men, 20 years and over	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4
Women, 16 years and over	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.1	4
Women, 20 years and over	5.0	5.2	5.2	4.9	5.0	5.1	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.6	4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.8	24.6	24.0	25.5	24.5	22.5	20.9	23.1	25.8	22.8	22.9	23.2	22
art-time workers	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.5	,
Men, 16 years and over	6.9	7.2	6.9	7.6	7.5	7.2	8.1	6.2	6.8	6.9	7.3	7.2	{ 7
Men, 20 years and over	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.8	3.4	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.6	1 5
Women, 16 years and over	5.0	5.0	5.4	4.8	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4
Women, 20 years and over	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	} 3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	11.8	12.5	12.3	12.3	13.2	13.1	12.6	11.5	11.6	13.1	13.4	12.8	{ 1·

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication prior to 1994.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

A-6. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		1996						19	97				
Category	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
MARITAL STATUS												}	
		ł	1	1]	ĺ			1	1	
Total	127,617	127,644	127,855	128,580	128,430	129,175	129,384	129,639	129,364	129,708	129,804	129,715	129,894
Married men, spouse present	42,617	42,631	42,607	42,909	42,513	42,509	42,329	42,273	42,448	42,589	42,697	42,527	42,817
Married women, spouse present	32,537	32,509	32,631	32,826	32,578	32,699	32,473	32,445	32,519	32,866	32,933	32,843	33,021
Women who maintain families	7,392	7,444	7,500	7,501	7,556	7,720	7,838	7,858	7,847	7,901	7,941	7,891	7,866
OCCUPATION				}								1	<u> </u>
Managerial and professional specialty	36,917	37,177	37.234	37,478	37,525	37,723	37,599	37.318	37,493	37.558	37,775	37.869	37.803
Technical, sales, and administrative	'						i '	1]	Į	1		
support	37,951	37,821	37,902	38,163	38,073	38,158	38,150	38,362	38,142	38,193	38,322	38,600	38,591
Service occupations	17,295	17,408	17,271	17,171	17,170	17,292	17,267	17,390	17,412	17,523	17,774	17,809	17,710
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,587	13,508	13,574	13,902	14,140	14,200	14,301	14,380	14,364	14,282	13,972	13,822	13,984
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	18,235	18,259	18,310	18,317	18,144	18,234	18,415	18,647	18,597	18,515	18,473	18,226	18,382
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,565	3,445	3,496	3,528	3,388	3,507	3,605	3,680	3,499	3,554	3,407	3,499	3,384
CLASS OF WORKER								<u> </u>					}
Agriculture:	l		ŀ			}	1	i	<u> </u>		1	İ	
Wage and salary workers	1,813	1.829	1,878	1.988	1,932	1,905	1.989	1,941	1.929	1,913	1.841	1,898	1.787
Self-employed workers	1,560	1,464	1,475	1,448	1,353	1,414	1,424	1,444	1,404	1,492	1,487	1,527	1,463
Unpaid family workers	71	68	66	62	15	59	70	50	40	53	51	40	60
Nonagricultural industries:	1	l							i			j	
Wage and salary workers	115,018	115,133	115,212	115,560	115,987	116,533	116,608	116,969	116,653	117,104	117,323	117,286	117,623
Private industries		96,863	96,946	97,176	97,843	98,539	98,572	99,162	98,554	98,766	99,069	99,253	99,594
Private households	992	956	934	1,002	882	869	922	967	870	910	946	864	865
Other industries	95,894	95,907	96,012	96,174	96,962	97,671	97,650	98,195	97,684	97,856	98,122	98,389	98,729
Government		18,270	18,266	18,385	18,144	17,994	18,036	17,807	18,099	18,338	18,254	18,033	18,029
Self-employed workers	8,967 137	9,023	9,109	9,445	9,124 136	9,292	9,159 130	9,106 148	9,126 128	8,887	8,923 129	8,926 81	8,904 89
Unpaid family workers	137	140	149	1 102	136	1 108	130	148	128	131	1 129	81	89
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME ¹					1								ļ
All industries:		ĺ	1					ł			Į	Ì	1
Part time for economic reasons	4,286	3,983	4.338	4,426	4,262	4,153	4.402	4,019	4,025	4,017	3.992	3,916	3,898
Slack work or business conditions	2,258	2,107	2,353	2,423	2,378	2,344	2,491	2,300	2,375	2,211	2,122	2,159	2,196
Could only find part-time work	1,683	1,559	1,653	1,552	1,550	1,518	1,629	1,391	1,347	1,522	1,519	1,476	1,399
Part time for noneconomic reasons	17,754	17,957	17,868	18,340	18,070	18,120	18,176	18,336	18,322	18,015	18,093	17,690	18,131
Nonagricultural industries:										}]	1	
Part time for economic reasons	4.118	3.815	4,162	4,163	4,098	3,937	4,235	3.806	3,782	3,872	3,854	3,728	3.726
Slack work or business conditions	2,147	2,001	2,214	2,310	2,277	2,210	2,374	2,159	2,220	2,102	2,037	2,040	2,095
Could only find part-time work	1.647	1,543	1,622	1,512	1.523	1,475	1.603	1.347	1,298	1,509	1.485	1.435	1.364
Part time for noneconomic reasons	17,123	17,313	17,237	17,737	17,452	17,565	17,661	17,780	17,663	17,418	17,519	17,180	17,549
Part time for noneconomic reasons	17,123	17,313	17,237	17,737	17,452	17,565	17,661	17,780	17,663	17,418	17,519	17,180	17,549

Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as

holidays, illness, and bad weather.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-7. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

A == == d ====		1996						19	97				
Age and sex	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	127,617	127,644	127,855	128,580	128,430	129,175	129,384	129,639	129,364	129,708	129,804	129,715	129,894
16 to 24 years	18,799	18,722	18,771	18,900	19,024	19,103	19,100	19,258	18,866	19,025	18,775	18,968	18,964
16 to 19 years	6,637	6,542	6,617	6,601	6,657	6,750	6,748	6,740	6,512	6,608	6,493	6,508	6,637
16 to 17 years	2,736	2,702	2,672	2,633	2,674	2,652	2,716	2,596	2,620	2,609	2,536	2,642	2,696
18 to 19 years	3,898	3,835	3,919	3,946	3,976	4,087	4,029	4,150	3,907	3,971	3,944	3,895	3,958
20 to 24 years	12,162	12,180	12,154	12,299	12,367	12,353	12,352	12,518	12,354	12,417	12,282	12,460	12,327
25 years and over	108,811	108,894	109,087	109,651	109,429	110,075	110,254	110,294	110,582	110,647	111,082	110,679	110,876
25 to 54 years	93,285	93,387	93,455	93,852	93,665	93,983	94,248	94,233	94,650	94,766	94,997	94,775	94,676
55 years and over	15,535	15,587	15,657	15,786	15,787	16,076	15,986	16,107	15,875	15,866	16,037	16,042	16,219
Men, 16 years and over	68,647	68,589	68,707	69,164	69,232	69,478	69,627	69,929	69,567	69,749	69,791	69,639	69,790
16 to 24 years	9,792	9,660	9,770	9,913	9.977	9.930	9.973	10,208	9.888	9.924	9.849	9.835	9.874
16 to 19 years	3,348	3,240	3,340	3,351	3,414	3,412	3,384	3,511	3,301	3,335	3,300	3,314	3.459
16 to 17 years	1,375	1,324	1,323	1,310	1,386	1,351	1,356	1,338	1.333	1,310	1,326	1,361	1,416
18 to 19 years	1,983	1,915	1,992	2,033	2,031	2,066	2,022	2,169	1,984	1,991	1,945	1.961	2.073
20 to 24 years	6,444	6,420	6,430	6,562	6,563	6,518	6,589	6,697	6,587	6,589	6,549	6,521	6,414
25 years and over	58,854	58,909	58,927	59,227	59,271	59,505	59,610	59,616	59,690	59,844	60,031	59,769	59,914
25 to 54 years	50,144	50,229	50,268	50,465	50,477	50,552	50,671	50,683	50,814	50,897	50,953	50,846	50,852
55 years and over	8,717	8,722	8,717	8,793	8,779	8,949	8,941	8,987	8,855	8,929	9,014	8,994	9,054
Women, 16 years and over	58,970	59,055	59,148	59,416	59,197	59,697	59,756	59,710	59,796	59,958	60,013	60,076	60,104
16 to 24 years	9.007	9,062	9.001	8,987	9.047	9,173	9,128	9,050	8,978	9,100	8,926	9,133	9.091
16 to 19 years	3,289	3,302	3,277	3,250	3,243	3,338	3,364	3,229	3,211	3,273	3,193	3,194	3.178
16 to 17 years	1,361	1,378	1,349	1,324	1,288	1,301	1,359	1,258	1,288	1,298	1,210	1,281	1,280
18 to 19 years	1,915	1,920	1,927	1,913	1,945	2,021	2,007	1,981	1,924	1,980	2,000	1,934	1.885
20 to 24 years	5,718	5,760	5,724	5,737	5,804	5,835	5,764	5,821	5,767	5,828	5,733	5,939	5,913
25 years and over	49,957	49,985	50,160	50,424	50,158	50,570	50,644	50,678	50,892	50,803	51,050	50,910	50,962
25 to 54 years	43,141	43,158	43,187	43,387	43,188	43,432	43,578	43,550	43,836	43,868	44,044	43,929	43,824
55 years and over	8,818	6,865	6,940	6,992	7,008	7,127	7,045	7,120	7,020	6,937	7,024	7,048	7,165

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

A-8. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		1996						19	97				
Age and sex	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	7,019	7,187	7,167	7,268	7,205	7,144	6,714	6,534	6,836	6,583	6,677	6,752	6,467
16 to 24 years	2,480	2,531	2,526	2,625	2,583	2,554	2,449	2,357	2,442	2,328	2,390	2,410	2.364
16 to 19 years	1,294	1,324	1,308	1,354	1,408	1.328	1,229	1.244	1.314	1,293	1,278	1.305	1,201
16 to 17 years	599	555	641	567	655	637	618	585	548	555	544	640	563
18 to 19 years	706	788	677	787	712	697	617	657	762	748	732	666	649
20 to 24 years	1,186	1,207	1,218	1.270	1,175	1,226	1,220	1,114	1,128	1,036	1,112	1,105	1,162
25 years and over	4,538	4,630	4,696	4,590	4,638	4,591	4,253	4,209	4,382	4,224	4,318	4.342	4,089
25 to 54 years	4,053	4,131	4,147	4,137	4,142	4,016	3,750	3,733	3,857	3,777	3,786	3,830	3,632
55 years and over	507	493	542	501	485	550	487	481	515	489	500	518	465
Men, 16 years and over	3,716	3,773	3,707	3,942	3,755	3,790	3,604	3,271	3,674	3,481	3,524	3,551	3,543
16 to 24 years	1,370	1,378	1,366	1,468	1,361	1,384	1,331	1,175	1,359	1,272	1,340	1,356	1,368
16 to 19 years	742	731	705	757	746	745	701	630	774	692	714	705	672
16 to 17 years	336	309	343	336	338	368	350	290	330	299	282	317	310
18 to 19 years	409	448	364	418	369	386	362	339	440	386	429	387	362
20 to 24 years	628	647	661	711	615	640	631	544	585	580	626	651	696
25 years and over	2,350	2,390	2,337	2.441	2,419	2,390	2,267	2,113	2,311	2,176	2,218	2,177	2,162
25 to 54 years	2,079	2,098	2,032	2,174	2,117	2,058	2,003	1,846	2,018	1,920	1,917	1,922	1,882
55 years and over	268	283	303	293	299	323	272	263	287	272	279	273	271
Women, 16 years and over	3,303	3,414	3,460	3,327	3,450	3,354	3,109	3,263	3,162	3,102	3,152	3,201	2,923
16 to 24 years	1,110	1,153	1,160	1,157	1,222	1,170	1,118	1,183	1,083	1,057	1,050	1,053	996
16 to 19 years	552	593	603	598	662	583	528	614	540	601	564	600	529
16 to 17 years	263	246	298	231	317	269	268	295	217	256	262	323	252
18 to 19 years	297	340	313	369	343	311	255	318	322	361	303	279	287
20 to 24 years	558	560	557	559	560	587	589	569	542	456	486	453	467
25 years and over	2,188	2,240	2,359	2,148	2,219	2,202	1,986	2,096	2,071	2,048	2,100	2,165	1,926
25 to 54 years	1,974	2,033	2,115	1,963	2,025	1,960	1,747	1,887	1,839	1,856	1,869	1,908	1,750
55 years and over	239	210	239	208	186	227	214	218	228	218	221	245	194

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-9. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

		1996						19	97				
Age and sex	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.7
16 to 24 years	11.7	11.9	11.9	12.2	12.0	11.8	11.4	10.9	11.5	10.9	11.3	11.3	11.1
16 to 19 years	16.3	16.8	16.5	17.0	17.5	16.4	15.4	15.6	16.8	16.4	16.4	16.7	15.3
16 to 17 years	18.0	17.0	19.3	17.7	19.7	19.4	18.5	18.4	17.3	17.5	17.7	19.5	17.3
18 to 19 years	15.3	17.0	14.7	16.6	15.2	14.6	13.3	13.7	16.3	15.8	15.6	14.6	14.1
20 to 24 years	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.4	8.7	9.0	9.0	8.2	8.4	7.7	8.3	8.1	8.6
25 years and over	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.6
25 to 54 years	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7
55 years and over	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.8
Men, 16 years and over	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.2	4.9	4.5	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8
16 to 24 years	12.3	12.5	12.3	12.9	12.0	12.2	11.8	10.3	12.1	11.4	12.0	12.1	12.2
16 to 19 years	18.1	18.4	17.4	18.4	17.9	17.9	17.2	15.2	19.0	17.2	17.8	17.5	16.3
16 to 17 years	19.6	18.9	20.6	20.4	19.6	21.4	20.5	17.8	19.9	18.6	17.5	18.9	18.0
18 to 19 years	17.1	19.0	15.4	17.1	15.4	15.7	15.2	13.5	18.2	16.2	18.1	16.5	14.9
20 to 24 years	8.9	9.2	9.3	9.8	8.6	8.9	8.7	7.5	8.2	8.1	8.7	9.1	9.8
25 years and over	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5
25 to 54 years	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
55 years and over	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.0	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9
Women, 16 years and over	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	4.6
16 to 24 years	11.0	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.9	11.3	10.9	11.6	10.8	10.4	10.5	10.3	9.9
16 to 19 years	14.4	15.2	15.5	15.5	16.9	14.9	13.6	16.0	14.4	15.5	15.0	15.8	14.3
16 to 17 years	16.2	15.1	18.1	14.9	19.7	17.1	16.5	19.0	14.4	16.4	17.8	20.1	16.5
18 to 19 years	13.4	15.0	14.0	16.2	15.0	13.3	11.3	13.8	14.3	15.4	13.1	12.6	13.2
20 to 24 years	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.8	9.1	9.3	8.9	8.6	7.3	7.8	7.1	7.3
25 years and over	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.6
25 to 54 years	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.3	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	3.8
55 years and over	3.4	3.0	3.3	2.9	2.6	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.4	2.6

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

A-10. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted (Percent)

		1996						19	97				
Category	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арг.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
CHARACTERISTIC		}											
Total	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.7
Men, 20 years and over	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1
Women, 20 years and over	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.3	16.8	16.5	17.0	17.5	16.4	15.4	15.6	16.8	16.4	16.4	16.7	15.3
White	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1
Black and other	9.3	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.7	9.5	9.0	9.3	9.1	8.2	8.2	8.4	8.1
Black	10.7	10.8	10.5	10.8	11.3	10.7	9.8	10.3	10.4	9.4	9.3	9.6	9.5
Hispanic origin	8.2	8.3	7.7	8.3	8.1	8.6	8.1	7.4	7.6	7.9	7.2	7.6	8.0
Married men, spouse present	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6
Married women, spouse present	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.8
Women who maintain families	8.5	8.8	8.4	9.1	9.0	9.1	7.5	7.6	8.0	7.4	8.1	7.7	7.7
OCCUPATION ¹													}
Managerial and professional specialty	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	3.8	4.3	4.1	4.2	3.9	3.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.3	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.8	5.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.9	8.1	8.1	7.3	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.0	7.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.0	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.5	7.4	6.6	6.2	8.1	6.0	7.4	6.4	7.8
INDUSTRY		<u> </u>											
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	4.8
Goods-producing industries	5.8	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.2	4.9
Mining	5.8	4.9	7.6	6.0	4.2	4.0	2.0	3.0	2.3	3.8	5.3	2.9	6.0
Construction	9.6	10.3	9.4	10.1	9.0	9.6	8.7	6.4	8.5	8.7	9.3	8.6	8.7
Manufacturing	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.2	3.7
Durable goods	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.0
Nondurable goods	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.3	5.2	5.8	5.3	5.0	5.5	4.9	5.5	4.7
Service-producing industries	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.7
Transportation and public utilities	4.4	3.5	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.1	2.8	3.6	2.9	3.4	3.9	3.9	3.2
Wholesale and retail trade	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.5	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.2	2.5	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.9
Services	5.0	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.8	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.3
Government workers	2.9	2.8 10.9	3.0	2.9 8.6	2.9 8.8	2.8	2.4	2.4 7.1	2.9	2.8	2.6 9.5	2.6 8.9	2.4
Agricultural wage and salary workers	10.0	10.9	10.3	0.0	0.0	9.5	9.6	} /·'	10.6	7.5	9.5	0.9	9.8

Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal component, which is small relative to the trend-cycle and irregular components, cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason		1996						19	97				
пеазоп	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Job leavers Roe ntrants New entrants	3,171 957 2,214 797 2,489 577	3,261 994 2,267 825 2,523 586	3,221 987 2,234 845 2,556 626	3,245 953 2,293 890 2,505 600	3,163 944 2,218 787 2,648 647	3,187 1,021 2,167 784 2,535 647	2,979 976 2,003 754 2,420 577	2,902 871 2,031 801 2,306 574	3,145 925 2,220 829 2,359 481	2,903 877 2,026 822 2,244 553	3,064 865 2,199 915 2,144 544	3,017 878 2,140 868 2,259 561	2,906 987 1,920 723 2,245 553
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Job leavers Reentrants New entrants UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	100.0 45.1 13.6 31.5 11.3 35.4 8.2	100.0 45.3 13.8 31.5 11.5 35.1 8.1	100.0 44.4 13.6 30.8 11.7 35.3 8.6	100.0 44.8 13.2 31.7 12.3 34.6 8.3	100.0 43.7 13.0 30.6 10.9 36.6 8.9	100.0 44.6 14.3 30.3 11.0 35.4 9.0	100.0 44.3 14.5 29.8 11.2 36.0 8.6	100.0 44.1 13.2 30.9 12.2 35.0 8.7	100.0 46.2 13.6 32.6 12.2 34.6 7.1	100.0 44.5 13.4 31.1 12.6 34.4 8.5	100.0 46.0 13.0 33.0 13.7 32.2 8.2	100.0 45.0 13.1 31.9 12.9 33.7 8.4	100.0 45.2 15.4 29.9 11.2 34.9 8.6
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers	2.4 .6 1.8 .4	2.4 .6 1.9 .4	2.4 .6 1.9 .5	2.4 .7 1.8 .4	2.3 .6 2.0 .5	2.3 .6 1.9 .5	2.2 .6 1.8 .4	2.1 .6 1.7 .4	2.3 .6 1.7	2.1 .6 1.6 .4	2.2 .7 1.6 .4	2.2 .6 1.7 .4	2.1 .5 1.6 .4

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used

in the household survey.

A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Duradaa		1996						19	97				
Duration	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED		i I											
Less than 5 weeks	2,556 2,265 2,294 1,062 1,232	2,819 2,252 2,184 1,018 1,166	2,671 2,357 2,179 976 1,203	2,801 2,223 2,155 943 1,212	2,591 2,382 2,163 1,025 1,138	2,650 2,380 2,064 1,001 1,063	2,354 2,156 2,092 1,058 1,034	2,523 2,022 2,071 1,078 993	2,538 2,211 2,063 1,045 1,018	2,352 2,071 2,157 1,082 1,074	2,598 2,134 2,012 931 1,082	2,470 2,142 2,127 1,035 1,092	2,639 1,883 1,983 890 1,093
Average (mean) duration, in weeks Median duration, in weeks	16.7 8.3	16.0 7.7	15.8 7.8	16.0 7.7	16.0 8.4	15.3 7.9	15.2 8.3	15.1 7.7	15.1 7.7	16.6 8.5	15.9 7.8	16.0 8.4	16.6 7.6
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0 35.9 31.8 32.2 14.9 17.3	100.0 38.9 31.0 30.1 14.0 16.1	100.0 37.1 32.7 30.2 13.5 16.7	100.0 39.0 31.0 30.0 13.1 16.9	100.0 36.3 33.4 30.3 14.4 15.9	100.0 37.4 33.6 29.1 14.1 15.0	100.0 35.7 32.7 31.7 16.0 15.7	100.0 38.1 30.6 31.3 16.3 15.0	100.0 37.3 32.5 30.3 15.3 14.9	100.0 35.7 31.5 32.8 16.5 16.3	100.0 38.5 31.6 29.8 13.8 16.0	100.0 36.7 31.8 31.6 15.4 16.2	100.0 40.6 28.9 30.5 13.7 16.8

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

					October 1	1997				
					Civi	lian labor for	се			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian			[Emp	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
TOTAL								{		
16 years and over	203,767	136,665	67.1	130,671	64.1	3,372	127,299	5,995	4.4	67,102
16 to 19 years	15,483	7,528	48.6	6,419	41.5	174	6,245	1,108	14.7	7,955
16 to 17 years		3,120 4,408	39.1 58.7	2,640 3,779	33.1 50.3	86 88	2,554 3,691	480 629	15.4 14.3	4,850 3,105
18 to 19 years		13,401	76.7	12,345	70.7	286	12,058	1,057	7.9	4,069
25 to 54 years		98,890	84.5	95,494	81.6	2,091	93,403	3,396	3.4	18,148
25 to 34 years	39,299	33,362	84.9	31,980	61.4	743	31,237	1,382	4.1	5,938
25 to 29 years		15,993 17,369	64.9 64.9	15,206 16,771	80.7 82.0	338 405	14,871 16,366	784 598	4.9 3.4	2,854 3.084
30 to 34 years		37,721	85.7	38,434	82.8	778	35,658	1,286	3.4	8,299
35 to 39 years		19,222	65.2	18,551	82.2	390	18,160	872	3.5	3,336
40 to 44 years	21,462	18,498	86.2	17,884	83.3	386	17,498	615	3.3	2,963
45 to 54 years		27,808	82.5 84.2	27,080 15,222	80.3 82.1	571 308	26,509 14,914	728	2.6 2.5	5,912 2,923
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		15,614 12,194	80.3	11,858	78.1	263	11,595	336	2.5	2,923
55 to 64 years		12,964	59.8	12,646	58.4	463	12,183	318	2.5	8,704
55 to 59 years	11,727	8,255	70.4	8,059	68.7	233	7,828	196	2.4	3,472
80 to 64 years		4,709	47.4	4,587	48.1	230	4,357	122	2.6	5,232
85 years and over		3,882 2,119	12.1 22.2	3,767 2,046	11.7 21.4	357 160	3,409 1,886	115 72	3.0 3.4	28,226 7,433
70 to 74 years		1,062	12.4	1,033	12.1	115	918	28	2.7	7,476
75 years and over		702	5.0	687	4.9	82	604	15	2.1	13,317
Men										
16 years and over		73,345	74.8	70,215	71.6	2,498	67,717	3,130	4.3	24,705
16 to 19 years		3,984 1,653	50.4 40.4	3,361 1,392	42.5 34.0	135 59	3,226 1,334	623 260	15.8 15.7	3,926 2,442
16 to 17 years		2,331	81.1	1,968	51.6	76	1,892	363	15.6	1,483
20 to 24 years		7,051	81.0	8,452	74.1	227	6,225	599	6.5	1,655
25 to 54 years		52,894	91.9	51,236	89.0	1,544	49,692	1,659	3.1	4,642
25 to 34 years		18,034 8,572	93.2 92.7	17,415 8,212	90.0 88.6	563 255	18,851 7,957	619	3.4 4.2	1,321 676
25 to 29 years		9,462	93.6	9.203	91.1	308	8,895	259	2.7	645
35 to 44 years		20,215	93.0	19,604	90.2	579	19,024	611	3.0	1,526
35 to 39 years	11,125	10,383	93.3	10,075	90.6	279	9,796	308	3.0	742
40 to 44 years		9,832	92.6	9,529	89.8 88.5	300 401	9,228 13,816	303 428	3.1 2.9	764 1,795
45 to 49 years45 to 49 years		14,845 8,191	89.1 90.2	14,218 7,954	67.6	219	7,735	238	2.9	886
50 to 54 years		6,454	87.8	6,264	65.1	183	8,081	190	2.9	909
55 to 64 years	10,366	7,059	68.1	8,889	66.3	316	6,553	190	2.7	3,308
55 to 59 years		4,441	78.8	4,342 2,527	77.0 53.4	151 164	4,191	99	2.2 3.5	1,197
80 to 84 years		2,818 2,357	55.4 17.4	2,327	17.0	277	2,362 2,021	59	2.5	2,111 11,174
65 to 89 years		1,255	28.9	1,218	28.0	124	1,095	37	2.9	3,092
70 to 74 years	3,731	835 468	17.0 8.6	617 463	16.5 8.5	83 70	534 393	18	2.8 .8	3,096 4,986
75 years and over	5,453		0.0	400	0.5	/0	383	•	.•	4,900
Women	105.740		500	60.450	570	074	50 500	0.005	4.5	40.007
16 to 19 years	7 570	63,321 3,544	59.9 46.8	60,456 3,059	57.2 40.4	874 40	59,582 3,019	2,885 485	4.5 13.7	42,397 4,030
16 to 17 years		1,467	37.9	1,248	32.2	27	1,220	219	15.0	2,408
18 to 19 years	3,898	2,077	56.2	1,811	49.0	12	1,799	268	12.8	1,621
20 to 24 years		6,351	72.5	5,893	87.2	60	5,833	458	7.2	2,413
25 to 54 years		45,996 15,328	77.3 78.9	44,258 14,565	74.4 73.0	547 180	43,711 14,386	1,738 763	3.8 5.0	13,506 4,617
25 to 29 years		7,421	77.3	8,997	72.9	83	8,914	424	5.7	2,178
30 to 34 years		7,907	76.4	7,568	73.2	97	7,471	339	4.3	2,439
35 to 44 years		17,506	78.6	18,831	75.5	197	18,634	675	3.9	4,773
40 to 44 years		8,839 8,666	77.3 79.9	8,478 8,355	74.1 77.0	112 86	8,364 8,289	363 311	4.1 3.6	2,594 2,179
40 to 44 years45 to 54 years		13,182	76.2	12,862	74.4	170	12,692	300	2.3	4,116
45 to 49 years		7,422	78.5	7,288	76.8	90	7,179	154	2.1	2,037
50 to 54 years	7,619	5,740	73.4	5,594	71.5	80	5,513	146	2.5	2,079
	11,301	5,905	52.3	5,777	51.1	147	5,630	128	2.2	5,396
55 to 64 years	0 000			3,717	61.1	82	3,635	97	2.5	2,275
55 to 64 years		3,814	62.6 40.1							
55 to 64 years	5,213	2,091	40.1	2,060	39.5	65	1,995	31	1.5	3,122
55 to 64 years	5,213 18,577	2,091 1,525 864				65 80 36				
55 to 64 years	5,213 18,577 5,205 4,807	2,091 1,525	40.1 8.2	2,060 1,468	39.5 7.9	65 80	1,995 1,388	31 57	1.5 3.7	3,122 17,052

See footnotes at end of table.

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race — Continued

	<u> </u>				October :	1997				
		1			Civi	lian labor for	Ce .			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Emp	loyed		Unem	ployed	
, go, con, and taco	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
WHITE										
6 years and over	170,427	114,963	67.5	110,653	64.9	3,198	107,456	4,309	3.7	55,46
16 to 19 years		6,393	52.3	5,579	45.6	168	5,411	614	12.7	5,83
16 to 17 years		2,661	42.7	2,301	36.9	85	2,216	360	13.5	3,57
16 to 19 years		3,732	62.3	3,277	54.7	_83	3,195	454	12.2	2,28
20 to 24 years		11,053	78.6	10,336	73.7	259	10,077	717	6.5	2,97
25 to 54 years		82,651 27,309	85.3 85.7	80,203	82.7 82.8	1,975 711	76,227	2,448	3.0	14,29
25 to 34 years		13,051	85.9	28,367 12,542	82.8	330	25,856 12,212	943 510	3.5 3.9	4,54 2,13
30 to 34 years		14,256	85.5	13,825	82.9	381	13,444	433	3.0	2,10
35 to 44 years		31,438	86.3	30,503	83.8	724	29,780	935	3.0	4,98
35 to 39 years		15,909	85.6	15,448	83.1	363	15,085	461	2.9	2,67
40 to 44 years	17,835	15,529	87.1	15,055	64.4	381	14,695	474	3.0	2,30
45 to 54 years		23,904	83.4	23,333	61.4	541	22,792	571	2.4	4,76
45 to 49 years		13,244	84.9	12,954	83.0	297	12,658	290	2.2	2,36
50 to 54 years		10,660	81.6	10,379	79.5	244	10,135	281	2.6	2,40
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years		11,337 7,227	60.7 71.5	11,109 7,090	59.5 70.1	448 227	10,661	228 137	2.0	7,34
60 to 64 years		4,110	48.0	4,019	46.9	227	6,863 3,798	91	1.9 2.2	2,88 4,45
65 years and over		3,528	12.4	3,427	12.0	348	3,079	101	2.2	25.02
65 to 69 years		1,921	23.1	1,660	22.4	157	1,703	61	3.2	6,38
70 to 74 years		981	12.9	954	12.6	116	838	27	2.6	8,60
75 years and over		826	4.9	613	4.8	75	538	13	2.0	12,03
Men				1						
6 years and over	82,818	62,642	75.8	60.315	72.8	2,349	57.966	2,328	3,7	20,17
16 to 19 years		3,429	54.8	2,941	46.8	129	2,812	488	14,2	2,85
16 to 17 years		1,408	43.7	1,202	37.3	57	1,145	205	14.6	1,81
16 to 19 years		2,021	66.1	1,739	56.B	72	1,667	262	14.0	1,03
20 to 24 years		5,906	83.0	5,481	77.1	201	5,281	425	7.2	1,20
25 to 54 years		44,911	93.0	43,701	90.5	1,447	42,255	1,210	2.7	3,40
25 to 34 years		15,034	94.4 93.9	14,614	91.7	544	14,070	421	2.8	89
25 to 29 years		7,132 7,902	94.8	6,888 7,726	90.7 92.6	248 296	6,640 7,430	245 176	3.4 2.2	45 43
35 to 44 years		17,132	94.1	18,680	91.6	529	16,151	452	2.2	1,08
35 to 39 years		8,770	94.3	8,548	91.9	249	8.299	222	2.5	53
40 to 44 years		8,362	93.9	8,132	91.3	279	7,853	231	2.6	54
45 to 54 years		12,745	89.9	12,407	87.8	374	12,033	337	2.6	1,42
45 to 49 years		7,050	91.0	6,872	86.7	208	6,664	178	2.5	69
50 to 54 years		5,695	88.6	5,536	66.2	166	5,370	159	2.8	72
55 to 64 years		8,240	69.2	6,084	67.5	304	5,780	157	2.5	2,77
55 to 59 years		3,927 2,313	79.9 56.4	3,845 2,239	78.2 54.6	146 158	3,899	82 74	2.1	98
65 years and over		2,313	17.8	2,239	17.4	268	2,081 1,839	48	3.2 2.2	1,78 9,94
65 to 69 years		1,139	29.6	1,110	28.9	120	990	29	2.6	2,70
70 to 74 years		594	17.7	577	17.2	84	493	17	2.9	2,75
75 years and over		422	8.6	421	8.6	64	357	2	.4	4,47
Women		{								
6 years and over	87,609	52,320	59.7	50,338	57.5	849	49,489	1,982	3.8	35,28
16 to 19 years	5,951	2,964	49.8	2,838	44.3	38	2,599	326	11.0	2,96
16 to 17 years		1,254	41.6	1,099	36.4	26	1,072	154	12.3	1,78
18 to 19 years		1,711	58.3	1,538	52.4	11	1,528	172	10.1	1,22
20 to 24 years		5,147	74.5	4,855	70.2	58	4,797	292	5.7	1,76
25 to 54 years		37,740	77.6	36,502	75.1	529	35,973	1,236	3.3	10,88
25 to 34 years		12,275 5,919	77.1 77.9	11,753 5,654	73.6 74.5	167 82	11,586 5,572	522 265	4.3	3,65
30 to 34 years		6,356	76.3	6,099	73.2	85	6,014	257	4.5 4.0	1,67 1,97
35 to 44 years		14,306	78.6	13,823	75.9	195	13,628	482	3.4	3,89
35 to 39 years		7,139	78.9	8,900	74.4	113	6,786	240	3.4	2,13
40 to 44 years		7,166	80.3	8,923	77.8	82	6,642	243	3.4	1,76
45 to 54 years	14,496	11,159	77.0	10,926	75.4	167	10,759	234	2.1	3,33
45 to 49 years	7,658	6,194	78.8	6,082	77.4	89	5,993	112	1.8	1,66
50 to 54 years	6,638	4,965	74.8	4,843	73.0	78	4,766	122	2.4	1,87
55 to 64 years	9,665	5,097	52.7	5,025	52.0	144	4,681	72	1.4	4,58
55 to 59 years		3,300	83.5	3,245	62.4	81	3,184	55	1.7	1,89
60 to 84 years		1,797	40.2	1,760	39.8	63	1,717	17	.9	2,67
65 years and over		1,373	8.3	1,320	8.0	80	1,240	53	3.8	15,08
65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years		782 387	17.5 9.1	750 377	16.8 8.9	38 32	713 345	32 10	4.1 2.8	3,67
/V W /7 YGQI3	→,≥33	1 307	2.8	, 3//	2.5	12	1 343	, 10	2.6	3,84

See footnotes at end of table.

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race — Continued

					October	1997	<u> </u>			
					Civi	lian labor for	ce			
Ann	Civilian				Emp	loyed		Unem	ployed	
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
BLACK										
8 years and over		15,624	64.8	14,208	58.9	111	14,097	1,416	9.1	8,49
lố to 19 years	2,434	678	36.1	634	26.0	2	632	244	27.8	1,55
16 to 17 years		355	27.5	260	20.2	_ 2	260	95	26.8	93
16 to 19 years		523 1,742	45.7 69.1	374 1,430	32.7 56.7	14	372 1,416	149 312	28.5 17.9	62 77
0 to 24 years5 to 54 years		11,602	61.1	10.626	75.6	85	10,741	776	6.7	2,71
25 to 34 years		4,377	83.4	4,005	76.3	22	3,983	372	6.5	67
25 to 29 years	2,591	2,140	62.6	1,910	73.7	5	1,906	229	10.7	45
30 to 34 years		2,237	84.1	2,094	78.7	17	2,077	143	6.4	42
35 to 44 years		4,454	81.9 83.0	4,153 2,178	76.3 76.9	36 19	4,116 2,159	301 172	6.8 7.3	98 48
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		2,350 2,104	80.6	1,976	75.7	19	1,957	128	8.1	50
45 to 54 years		2,771	78.6	2,668	73.7	25	2,643	103	3.7	84
45 to 49 years	2,129	1,715	80.5	1,646	77.3	9	1,637	69	4.0	41
50 to 54 years	1,490	1,056	70.9	1,021	68.5	16	1,006	35	3.3	43
55 to 64 years		1,139 749	52.1 62.5	1,089 703	48.9 58.6	8 6	1,081 697	69 46	6.1 6.2	1,04 45
55 to 59 years		390	39.5	367	37.1	2	364	23	5.2 5.9	59
55 years and over		264	9.9	249	9.4	1 3	246	14	5.4	2.40
65 to 69 years		137	15.1	126	13.9		127	11	7.9	77
70 to 74 years	726	63	6.7	62	8.5	} -	63	1 1	(1)	66
75 years and over	1,026	63	6.2	61	6.0	5	57	2	(1)	96
Men										
B years and over	10,617	7,427	68.7	6,786	62.7	95	6,690	641	6.6	3,39
16 to 19 years		423	34.9	316	26.2	! -	316	106	25.1	78
16 to 17 years		178	27.4	140	21.5 31.6	-	140	38 68	21.4 27.8	47
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years		245 637	43.7 72.7	177 680	59.1	14	177 666	157	18.7	31
25 to 54 years		5.514	85.3	5,166	80.0	71	5,098	346	6.3	94
25 to 34 years		2,066	66.1	1,909	81.4	13	1,897	157	7.6	27
25 to 29 years		993	86.6	907	61.2	4	904	86	6.7	12
30 to 34 years		1,073	87.5	1,002	61.7	9	993	71	6.6	15
35 to 44 years		2,119 1,124	85.2 87.1	1,987 1,052	79.9 81.8	36 20	1,951 1,032	132 71	6.2 6.4	36
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		995	63.1	935	76.0	16	919	60	6.1	20
45 to 54 years		1,329	61.6	1,272	78.1	22	1,250	57	4.3	30
45 to 49 years	965	616	64.5	777	BO.5	9	768	39	4.7	15
50 to 54 years		513	77.3	495	74.6	38	482	16	3.5	15
55 to 64 years		514 352	54.4 67.2	491 340	52.0 65.0	8 5	484 335	23	4.4 3.3	43 17
55 to 59 years		162	38.4	151	35.8	1 2	149	} iī	6.7	26
65 years and over		140	13.3	130	12.3	3	126	10	7.4	9
65 to 69 years	362	71	19.6	63	17.5	! -	64	6	(!)	29
70 to 74 years	295 393	35 34	11.6 8.6	34 32	11.5 8.3	- 5	35 28	1 2	<u> </u>	26
75 years and over		34	6.0	, se	0.5		20	•		
Women	13,300	6,197	61.6	7,422	55.6	15	7.406	775	9.5	5,10
3 years and over		455	37.2	317	25.9	2	316	138	30.3	3,10
18 to 17 years		177	27.7	120	16.6		120	57	32.1	46
18 to 19 years	585	278	47.8	197	33.7	2	196	81	29.1	30
20 to 24 years		905	66.1	749	54.7		750	155	17.2	46
25 to 34 years		6,089 2,311	77.5 79.5	5,658 2,095	72.1 72.1	14	5,644 2,086	431 215	7.1 9.3	1,76
25 to 29 years		1,146	77.6	1,003	68.1	1 1	1,002	143	12.5	32
30 to 34 years		1,164	81.2	1,092	78.2	6	1,084	72	6.2	27
35 to 44 years	2,954	2,335	79.1	2,166	73.3	2	2,165	169	7.2	61
35 to 39 years	1,541	1,226	79.8	1,125	73.0		1,126	101	6.2	31
40 to 44 years		1,109	78.5 72.5	1,041	73.7 70.1	3	1,038	68 47	6.1	30
45 to 54 years		1,443 699	72.5	1,396 669	74.7	_ 3	1,393 669	30	3.2 3.3	54 26
50 to 54 years		543	65.7	526	63.7	3	524	17	3.1	26
55 to 64 years	1,240	625	50.3	578	46.6	-	577	47	7.5	81
55 to 59 years	675	397	56.6	362	53.7	~	362	35	6.7	27
60 to 64 years		227	40.2	215	36.1	-	215	12	5.3	33
65 years and over		124	7.7 12.1	120	7.4	<u>-</u>	120	4		1,49
65 to 69 years70 to 74 years		67 26	8.6	63 26	11.5 8.5	_	63 26	3 1	{ i}	48 40
10 to 17 jouis	633	29	. 0.0	. 20	, 0.0	_	20			

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in

the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-14. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and	<u> </u>	otal		years and /er) years and /er	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		
race	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	
TOTAL									
Divilian noninstitutional population	201,273	203,767	88,840	90,140	97,290	98,144	15,143	15,483	
Civilian labor force	135,015	136,665	68,495	69,361	58,902	59,777	7,618	7,528	
Percent of population	67.1	67.1	77.1	76.9	60.5	60.9	50.3	48.6	
Employed	128,439	130,671	65,854	66,855	56,179	57,397	6,406	6,419	
Agriculture	3,515	3,372	2,478	2,363	823	834	214	174	
Nonagricultural industries	124,924	127,299	63,376	64,491	55,356	56,562	6,192	6,245	
Unemployed		5,995	2,641	2,506	2,723	2,380	1,212	1,108	
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.4	3.9	3.6	4.6	4.0	15.9	14.7	
Not in labor force	66,258	67,102	20,345	20,780	38,388	38,367	7,525	7,955	
White									
ivilian noninstitutional population	168,788	170,427	75,642	76,537	81.195	81,658	11,951	12,232	
Civilian labor force	113,830	114,963	58,687	59,214	48,734	49,356	6,409	6,393	
Percent of population	67.4	67.5	77.6	77.4	60.0	60.4	53.6	52.3	
Employed	109,162	110,653	56,738	57,374	46.847	47,701	5,576	5,579	
Agriculture	3,345	3,198	2,344	2,219	794	811	208	168	
Nonagricultural industries	105,816	107,456	54,394	55,155	46,054	46,890	5,368	5,411	
Unemployed	4,668	4,309	1,949	1,840	1,886	1,655	833	814	
Unemployment rate	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.1	3.9	3.4	13.0	12.7	
Not in labor force	54,958	55,464	16,955	17,323	32,462	32,302	5,542	5,839	
Black									
ivilian noninstitutional population	23,728	24,117	9,445	9,608	11,882	12,075	2,400	2,434	
Civilian labor force	15,370	15,624	6,888	7,004	7,578	7,742	904	878	
Percent of population	64.8	64.8	72.9	72.9	63.8	64.1	37.6	36.1	
Employed	13,796	14,208	6,294	6,469	6,905	7,105	597	634	
Agriculture	108	111	89	95	16	14	3	2	
Nonagricultural industries	13,689	14,097	6,205	6,374	6,889	7,091	594	632	
Unemployed	1,574	1,416	594	535	673	637	306	244	
Unemployment rate	10.2	9.1	8.6	7.6	8.9	8.2	33.9	27.8	
Not in labor force	8,358	8,493	2,557	2,603	4,304	4,333	1,497	1,556	

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

	T				October	1997				
					Civi	lian labor fo	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Totai	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED								<u> </u>		
Total, 18 to 24 years	18,065	8,773	48.6	7,890	1,616	6,275	883	196	687	10.1
16 to 19 years	12,092 5,974	5,072 3,701	41.9 81.9	4,396 3,494	1,168	3,949 2,326	676 207	127 69	549 137	13.3 5.6
High school		3,465 5,308	39.8 56.8	2,946 4,945	199 1,417	2,747 3,528	520 363	93 103	426 261	15.0 6.8
College	7,852	3,999	50.9	3,685	625	3,060	315	82	233	7.9
Part-time students	1,500	1,308	87.2	1,260	792	468	48	20	28	3.7
Men, 16 to 24 years		4,293	47.5	3,773	840	2,933	520	123	397	12.1
16 to 19 years		2,591 1,701	42.1 59.1	2,217 1,556	252 587	1,965 969	374 145	71 52	304 94	14.4 8.5
High school		1,882	40.9	1,597	122	1,475	285	57	228	15.1
College Full-time students		2,411 1,771	54.4 47.4	2,176 1,572	716 288	1,458 1,285	235 199	65 56	169 143	9.7
Part-time students		640	91.6	803	430	174	36	9	27	5.8
Women, 16 to 24 years		4,481	49.6	4,118	778	3,342	363	73	290	8.1
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years	5,938 3,095	2,481 2,000	41.8 64.6	2,179 1,938	195 581	1,984 1,357	302 61	56 18	246 44	12.2 3.1
High school	4,115	1,583	38.5	1,349	77	1,272	235	36	199	14.8
College		2,897 2,228	58.9 54.1	2,769 2,112	699 337	2,070 1,775	128 118	37 26	91 90	4.4 5.2
Part-time students		669	83.3	857	362	295	12	11	1	1.8
White]									
Total, 18 to 24 years		7,461 4,371	52.0 45.7	6,816 3,867	1,335 367	5,481 3,499	646 504	114 78	532 426	8.7 11.5
20 to 24 years		3,091	64.5	2,949	967	1,982	142	36	106	4.6
Men	7,215	3,678	51.0	3,281	691	2,590	397	77	319	10.8
Women		3,784	53.1	3,535	643	2,892	249	36	213	6.6
High school	6,732	2,940	43.7	2,571	153	2,418	369	50 63	319	12.6
College		4,521 3,407	59.4 53.4	4,245 3,187	1,182 516	3,063 2,651	276 240	51	213 189	6.1 7.0
Part-time students	1,232	1,114	90.4	1,078	665	412	37	12	24	3.3
Black										ļ
Total, 16 to 24 years		914	35.3 28.3	716	209 60	507 327	198	79	120	21.7
18 to 19 years20 to 24 years		525 389	28.3 52.8	387 329	149	180	138 60	44 34	94 26	15.5
Men Women		412 502	33.4 37.0	315 401	108 101	207 300	97 101	43 36	54 66	23.8 20.2
High school	1	411	27.7	287	27	261	124	40	64	30.2
College	1,104	503	45.5	429	182	246	74	39	35	14.8
Full-time students	928 178	376 124	40.8 70.6	314 115	90 92	223 23	64 10	32 7	33 2	17.0 7.9
Hispanic origin	1								1	
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,041	834	40.9	724	205	519	110	27	84	13.2
16 to 19 years	1,497	462 372	30.9 68.3	372 352	62 144	311 208	90 20	19 8	71	19.5 5.4
20 to 24 years			1 1					}	12	
Women		458 378	43.7 37.9	371 353	126 79	245 274	65 25	21 6	84 19	16.6 6.7
High school		318	26.8	243	47	196	76	10	68	23.8
CollegeFull-time students	632	516 334	60.5 52.9	481 308	158 69	323 237	34 29	17 14	16 15	6.7 8.6
Part-time students		181	82.1	176	89	86	5	3	3	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T				October	1007				
						lian labor fo				
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed	nan iabor ic	ACB .	Unemp	nloved	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED									<u> </u>	
Total, 18 to 24 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	3,392	12,156 2,455 9,701	81.7 72.4 84.4	10,874 2,023 8,851	9,045 1,464 7,581	1,829 559 1,270	1,282 432 850	1,185 394 792	97 39 56	10.5 17.6 8.8
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	8,641 3,208	2,435 5,609 2,829 1,283	66.2 84.5 88.2 94.4	1,952 5,006 2,663 1,253	1,512 4,112 2,279 1,142	440 894 384 111	484 603 166 30	461 557 137 31	23 47 28 -	19.9 10.8 5.9 2.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	1,757	6,742 1,393 5,349	88.9 79.3 91.8	6,039 1,144 4,896	5,314 899 4,415	725 244 481	703 249 454	672 237 436	30 12 18	10.4 17.9 8.5
Less than a high school diploma	3,475 1,521	1,574 3,183 1,404 581	79.3 91.6 92.3 96.5	1,296 2,864 1,315 564	1,064 2,526 1,207 518	232 339 109 45	278 319 88 18	271 308 77 18	7 11 12	17.7 10.0 6.3 3.0
Women, 18 to 24 years	7,304 1,635	5,414 1,063 4,351	74.1 65.0 76.8	4,834 879 3,955	3,731 565 3,168	1,103 315 789	580 183 396	513 157 356	87 26 40	10.7 17.3 9.1
Less than a high school diploma	3,188 1,687	861 2,426 1,425 702	50.6 76.6 64.5 92.7	656 2,141 1,348 689	449 1,586 1,072 624	207 555 276 66	206 285 77 12	190 249 61 13	15 36 16 –	23.9 11.7 5.4 1.8
White Total, 16 to 24 years		9,985 2,022	83.8 75.5	9,099 1,712	7,608 1,271	1,491 441 .	886 310	837 297	49 13	8.9 15.3
20 to 24 years	9,236	7,962 5,657	86.2 91.6	7,367 5,141	8,336 4,563	1,050 578	576 516	540 496	35 20	7.2 9.1
Women Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	2,812 5,334 2,620	1,957 4,603 2,336 1,090	75.5 69.6 86.3 89.1 95.0	3,957 1,807 4,194 2,232 1,065	3,044 1,264 3,472 1,899 973	913 343 722 333 92	370 349 409 104 24	341 336 387 90 25	29 13 22 14	8.5 17.8 8.9 4.5 2.2
Black		,,,,,,								
Total, 16 to 24 years	. 579	1,705 353 1,353	72.2 60.9 75.8	1,347 247 1,101	1,094 150 943	254 96 158	358 106 252	311 81 230	47 25 22	21.0 30.0 18.6
Men		847 858	75.2 89.4	682 666	570 523	111 143	166 192	155 156	11 36	19.6 22.4
Less than a high school diploma	1,082 463	372 831 386 117	53.3 76.8 83.4 96.9	247 656 328 118	188 512 311 103	80 143 17 13	124 175 57 1	115 153 42 1	9 22 15 -	33.4 21.1 14.9 .9
Hispanic origin Total, 16 to 24 years		2,046	76.9	1,749	1,472	277	297	294	3	14.5
16 to 19 years	. 2,018	1,604 1,315	68.7 79.5 89.4	354 1,395 1,136	284 1,188 992	70 207 144	68 209 179	205 177	4 2	20.0 13.0 13.6
Women	1,191	731	61.4	612	479 569	133	119	117	1	16.2
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	. 1,029 . 341	822 867 297 60	67.4 84.3 87.1 (1)	676 743 267 61	613 232 56	109 130 35 2	144 124 29 -	144 125 25 -	5	17.6 14.3 9.9 (1)

will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Beginning in January 1977, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups

A-16. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race

(In thousands)

	ļ				Octo	ber 1997				
				Em	ployed ¹				Unem	ployed
		Full-tir	ne workers			Part-time	e workers		1	
Age, sex, and race		A	t work			At w	/ork ²		Looking	Looking
	Total	35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons	Not at work	for full-time work	for part-time work
TOTAL										
Total, 16 years and over	107,146	92.240	11,901	3,005	23,525	2,664	19,662	1,200	4,705	1,290
16 to 19 years		1,586	287	39	4,508	265	4,101	142	520	588
16 to 17 years		142	42	4	2,452	42	2,301	109	103	377
18 to 19 years	1,724	1,444	245	35	2,056	224	1,800	32	417	211
20 years and over		90,654	11,614	2,966	19,017	2,398	15,561	1,058	4,185	701
20 to 24 years		7,751	808	191	3,596	525	2,992	79	861	195
25 years and over		82,903	10,807	2,775	15,422	1,874	12,569	979	3,323	506
25 to 54 years		72,994	9,176	2,243	11,081	1,625	8,823	633	3,012	384
55 years and over	12,072	9,909	1,631	532	4,341	249	3,746	346	311	122
Men, 16 years and over	62,643	55,235	5,831	1,577	7,572	1,161	6,013	399	2,564	565
16 to 19 years	1,152	963	163	26	2,209	141	1,987	81	308	316
20 years and over		54,272	5,668	1,552	5,364	1,020	4,025	318	2,257	249
20 to 24 years		4,521	380	100	1,450	249	1,171	29	487	111
25 years and over		49,751	5,287	1,451	3,914	771	2,854	289	1,769	138
25 to 54 years	49,093	43,523	4,418	1,152	2,143	666	1,360	118	1,575	83
55 years and over	7,396	6,227	870	299	1,771	106	1,494	171	194	55
Women, 16 years and over		37,005	6,070	1,427	15,953	1,503	13,649	801	2,141	724
6 to 19 years		623	123	13	2,299	125	2,114	61	213	272
0 years and over		36,382	5,947	1,414	13,654	1,378	11,535	740	1,928	452
20 to 24 years		3,230	427	90	2,146	276	1,820	50	374	84
25 years and over		33,152	5,520 4,758	1,324	11,508 8,938	1,102 959	9,715 7,463	690	1,554	368
25 to 54 years55 years and over	35,321 4,675	29,471 3,681	761	1,091 233	2,570	143	2,252	515 175	1,437 117	301
White										
Men, 16 years and over	53,828	47,497	5,010	1,322	6,487	873	5,262	351	1,878	450
16 to 19 years		848	137	19	1,937	111	1,753	72	231	256
20 years and over		46,649	4,873	1,303	4,550	762	3,509	279	1,646	193
20 to 24 years		3,869	290	92	1,231	193	1,016	22	342	83
25 years and over	48,574	42,780	4,583	1,211	3,319	569	2,493	257	1,304	111
25 to 54 years	42,015	37,246	3,811	958	1,686	480	1,121	86	1,141	69
55 years and over	6,558	5,534	772	252	1,633	90	1,372	171	163	41
Women, 16 years and over	36,307 635	30,148 520	5,026 107	1,133 8	14,032	1,156 84	12,132	744 53	1,452	530
16 to 19 years20 years and over	35,672	29.628	4,919	1,125	2,003 12.029	1,072	1,866 10,265	691	1,308	183 347
20 to 24 years	3,053	2,666	318	69	1,802	226	1,533	43	234	59
25 years and over	32,619	26,962	4,601	1,056	10,227	846	8,733	648	1,074	289
25 to 54 years	28,563	23,765	3,929	868	7,939	733	6,726	480	997	241
55 years and over	4,056	3,196	672	188	2,288	113	2,007	168	77	48
Black										
Men, 16 years and over	6,069	5,267	585	197	717	216	465	36	557	85
6 to 19 years	120	95	21	4	197	29	161	7	64	42
20 years and over	5,949	5,192	565	192	520	187	303	29	492	43
20 to 24 years		478	75	406	121	42	74	5	134	23
25 years and over	5,390 4,876	4,714 4,310	490 419	186 148	399 292	146 133	229 135	24	359	20
25 to 54 years55 years and over		405	71	38	107	13	95	_24 _	337 22	9 11
Women, 16 years and over	6,074	5,054	773	246	1,348	290	1,017	42	616	159
6 to 19 years		74	1 12	5	226	37	164	5	61	77
0 years and over		4.981	761	241	1,122	253	832	37	554	83
20 to 24 years		427	90	16	217	39	172	5	130	25
25 years and over		4,554	671	225	905	214	660	31	424	58
25 to 54 years	4,973	4,179	605	190	685	188	471	26	388	43
55 years and over		375	66	35	221	26	169	-6	36	15

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work also are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.
NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-17. Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	Тс	otal		М	en			Wo	men	
Occupation		ears over		ears over		ears over		ears over		ears over
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total	128,439	130,671	69,099	70,215	65,854	66,855	59,340	60,456	56,179	57,397
Managerial and professional specialty	37,212	38,080	19,073	19,409	18,961	19,271	18,139	18,671	17,992	18,541
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17,972	18,730	9,981	10,335	9,945	10,279	7,990	8,395	7,939	8,355
Officials and administrators, public administration	683	758	351	400	352	400	332	358	332	358
Other executive, administrative, and managerial	13,042 4,246	13,205 4,767	7,812 1,818	7,901 2,034	7,779 1,814	7,851 2,028	5,231 2,427	5,304 2,733	5,188 2,419	5,269 2,729
Professional specialty		19,350	9,092	9,074	9,016	8,992	10,148	10,276	10,053	10,186
Engineers	1,961	1,990	1,787	1,818	1,786	1,818	175	172	175	172
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,386	1,440	967	1,024	963	1,017	420	415	416	415
Natural scientists	514 975	543	330 726	370 784	329	370 784	183	173	183	173
Health diagnosing occupations Health assessment and treating occupations	2,843	1,045 2,894	428	421	726 427	421	249 2,416	262 2,474	249 2,411	262 2,472
Teachers, college and university	884	933	493	515	489	506	391	417	386	411
Teachers, except college and university	5,035	4,925	1,298	1,222	1,289	1,207	3,737	3,702	3,682	3,657
Lawyers and judges	1,004	976	723	745	723	743	281	231	281	231
Other professional specialty occupations	4,638	4,604	2,340	2,174	2,283	2,126	2,298	2,430	2,270	2,392
Technical, sales, and administrative support	38,004	38,630	13,574	13,902	12,861	13,165	24,430	24,728	22,798	23,170
Technicians and related support	4,085	4,320	1,892	2,073	1,856	2,054	2,193	2,246	2,154	2,222
Health technologists and technicians	1,676 1,226	1,696 1,254	297 935	311 963	294 914	307 955	1,379 290	1,385 291	1,355 285	1,368 286
Engineering and science technicians Technicians, except health, engineering, and science	1,184	1,370	660	799	647	792	523	571	514	568
Sales occupations	15,436	15,870	7.812	7,924	7,352	7,407	7,624	7.947	6,570	6,934
Supervisors and proprietors		4,604	2,803	2,863	2,773	2,844	1,709	1,741	1,684	1,703
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2,593	2,684	1,466	1,476	1,459	1,463	1,128	1,208	1,100	1,186
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1,640	1,622	1,200	1,198	1,189	1,191	440	424	433	414
Sales workers, retail and personal services	6,625 67	6,865 94	2,329 15	2,360 27	1, 9 16 15	1,884 25	4,296 52	4,505 68	3,304 49	3,574 58
Administrative support, including clerical	18,482	18,440	3,869	3,905	3,653	3,704	14,613	14,535	14,074	14,014
Supervisors	668	687	279	255	280	253	388	432	380	426
Computer equipment operators	411	390	178	169	176	167	233	221	223	217
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	3,879	3,726	70	74	68	72	3,808	3,652	3,702	3,571
Financial records processing	2,283 965	2,111 948	206 580	164 611	204 558	156 591	2,077 384	1,947 337	2,063 376	1,934 333
Mail and message distributing Other administrative support, including clerical	10,277	10,579	2,556	2,632	2,367	2,464	7,722	7,946	7,330	7,533
Service occupations	17,208	17,657	6,899	7,259	5,930	6,232	10,309	10,398	9,207	9,358
Private household	856	785	42	44	33	37	814	741	744	688
Protective service	2,156 14,195	2,240 14,632	1,779 5,078	1,836 5,378	1,752 4,146	1,788 4,407	377 9,117	404 9,254	360 8.103	386 8,284
Food service		6,171	2,587	2,729	1,868	1,948	3,446	3,442	2,735	2,759
Health service	2,375	2,554	273	301	268	286	2,103	2,253	2,016	2,165
Cleaning and building service	3,039 2,748	3,092 2,815	1,695 522	1,799 549	1,574 436	1,688 484	1,343 2,225	1,292 2,266	1,274 2,078	1,238 2,123
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,779	14,110	12,502	12,812	12,211	12,532	1,277	1,298	1,244	1,279
Mechanics and repairers	4,558	4,827	4,364	4,652	4,237	4,570	195	175	191	175
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair	5,182 4,039	5,197 4,086	5,058 3,080	5,077 3,083	4,952 3,022	4,947 3,016	124 959	120 1,003	122 931	120 985
	18,552	18,696	14,061	14,026	13,114	13,035	4,491	4,669	4,282	4,394
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		8,104	5,007	5,032	4,849	4,832	2,977	3,072	2,903	2,971
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,462	5,548	4,914	4,979	4,832	4,891	548	569	534	548
Motor vehicle operators	4,204	4,260	3,718	3,746	3,641	3,679	487	514	473	495
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,258	1,288	1,197	1,233	1,191	1,212	61	55	60	53
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5,106 864	5,044 859	4,140	4,015	3,433	3,312	967	1,029	845	875
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,242	4,185	837 3,303	826 3,189	779 2,655	772 2,540	27 939	996	28 817	32 843
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,684	3,499	2,990	2,808	2,777	2,621	694	691	656	654
		1,380	1,058	1,047	1,048	1,043	315	333	314	332
Farm operators and managers Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1,373 2,311	2,119	1,932	1,760	1,729	1,578	379	359	342	321

NOTE: Beginning in January 1977, data reflect population controls used in the

household survey.

A-18. Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	otal	М	en	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		130,671	69,099	70,215	59,340	60,456
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
lanagerial and professional specialty		29.1	27.6	27.6	30.6	30.1 13.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial		14.3 14.8	14.4 13.2	14.7 12.9	13.5 17.1	17.0
Professional specialty		29.6	19.6	19.8	41.2	40.
echnical, sales, and administrative support		3.3	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.
Sales occupations	12.0	12.1	11.3	11.3	12.8	13.
Administrative support, including clerical		14.1	5.6	5.6	24.6	24.0
Service occupations		13.5	10.0	10.3	17.4	17.
Private household		.6	.1	.1	1.4	1.2
Protective service	1.7	1.7	2.6	2.6	.6	
Service, except private household and protective		11.2	7.3	7.7	15.4	15.3
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.7	10.8	18.1	18.2	2.2	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.4	14.3	20.3	20.0	7.6	7.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.2	7.2	7.2	5.0	5.
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.2 3.9	7.1 6.0	7.1 5.7	.9 1.6	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		2.7	4.3	4.0	1.2	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.9	2.7	4.5	1.0	1.2	"
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		110,653 100.0	59,574 100.0	60,315 100.0	49,588 100.0	50,330 100.0
Vanagerial and professional specialty	29.9	30.1	28.4	28.4	31.6	32.
Executive, administrative, and managerial	14.6	15.0	15,1	15.4	14.0	14.
Professional specialty	15.3	15.1	13.4	13.0	17.6	17.0
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support		29.9	19.6	20.0	41.8	41.
Technicians and related support		3.3	2.7	2.9	3.7	3.6
Sales occupations		12.6	11.7	11.8	13.2	13.
Administrative support, including clerical	14.2	14.0	5.2 9.1	5.3 9.3	24.9 16.1	24.4 16.0
Service occupations	12.3 .6	12.3 .6	(1)	1 .1	1.3	10.
Protective service		1.6	2.4	2.5	.5	17
Service, except private household and protective		10.2	6.6	6.8	14.3	14.
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.2	18.7	18.8	2.0	2.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		13.6	19.4	19.2	7.1	6.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		5.9	7.0	7.0	4.6	4.
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.1	6.9	6.8	.9	} .:
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.6	5.5	5.3	1.6	1.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.2	2.9	4.7	4.3	1.3	1.3
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		14,208 100.0	6,586 100.0	6,786 100.0	7,210 100.0	7,422 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty		20.2	16.9	17.7	23.5	22.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9.5	9.6	8.5	8.8	10.4	10.
Professional specialty	10.9	10.6	8.4	8.9	13.1	12.
Technical, sales, and administrative support		28.0	18.6	17.6	37.3	37.
Technicians and related support	2.8	3.0	2.2	2.5	3.2	3.
Sales occupations	9.0	8.9	7.7	7.2	10.2	10.
Administrative support, including clerical		16.2	8.7	7.9	23.9	23.
Service occupations		22.4	17.8	18.3	26.3	26.
Private household		9.9	(¹)		1.9	1.4
Protective service		3.1	4.6	4.7	1.5	1.
Service, except private household and protective		18.3 8.4	13.1 13.6	13.5 14.9	22.9 2.3	22. 2.
Precision production, craft, and repair	20.2	20.0	31.2	29.7	10.2	11.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		8.0	9.9	8.9	6.8	7.
Transportation and material moving occupations		6.1	10.3	11,2	1.5	1.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.2	5.8	10.9	9.6	2.0	2.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.1	1.1	2.0	1.9	.3	

¹ Less than .05 percent. NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-19. Employed persons by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							Octobe	r 1997					
	Managerial and professional specialty		ional	Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations		Preci-				
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,372	123	86	43	19	160	_	41	32	13	37	14	2,805
Mining	655	87	52	27	8	77	-	1	253	16	113	20	1
Construction	8,345	1,313	162	51	67	416	_	27	4,672	117	583	915	20
lanufacturing	20,761	2,794	1,916	698	816	1,999	-	270	3,868	6,482	784	1,018	116
Durable goods	12,350	1,651	1,252	433	323	1,094	-	142	2,736	3,644	450	518	107
Nondurable goods	8,411	1,143	664	265	493	905	-	128	1,132	2,838	335	500	8
ransportation and public							ŀ		1		ł		l
utilities	9,405	1,268	543	366	309	2,361	l –	296	1,272	133	2,319	527	12
Vholesale and retail trade	26,891	2,366	517	200	11259	2,230	- 1	5,172	1,554	389	1,129	1,976	99
Wholesale trade	5,058	542	107	49	2,026	737	-	36	347	158	565	427	64
Retail trade	21,833	1,825	410	151	9,233	1,493	-	5,136	1,207	232	563	1,548	35
inance, insurance, and							ł				}		
real estate	8,288	2,479	300	178	2,108	2,691		323	130	11	9	30	30
Services	47,271	6,939	14,816	2,569	1,259	7,265	785	9,126	2,144	929	541	513	384
Private households	899	7	2	5		3	785	59	2	1		14	21
Other service industries	46,372	6,932	14,814	2,564	1,259	7,262	-	9,067	2,142	928	541	499	363
Professional services	31,637	4,279	13,074	2,132	225	5,272	-	5,615	391	217	283	74	77
Public administration	5,682	1,361	957	188	27	1,240	-	1,615	184	14	32	31	33

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately. NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

A-20. Employed persons in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age, sex, and class of worker

(in thousands)

					Octo	ber 1997				
		Agriculture				Nonag	gricultural ind	ustries		
					Wag	ge and salary v	vorkers			
Age and sex	Wage and	Self-	Unpaid		F	rivate industrie	es		Self-	Unpaid
	salary workers	employed workers	family workers	Total	Total	Private household workers	Other private industries	Government	employed workers	family workers
Total, 16 years and over	1,805	1,506	61	118,260	100,123	893	99,230	18,137	8,948	90
6 to 19 years	150	10	14	6,169	5,902	68	5,834	267	69	-
16 to 17 years	69	5	12	2,516	2,416	24	2,391	101	36	1
18 to 19 years	81	5	2	3,653	3,486	44	3,443	166	33	6
0 to 24 years	261	14	11	11,857	10,925	109	10,816	932	194	7
5 to 34 years	528	209	6	29,679	26,001	123	25,877	3,679	1,542	18
5 to 44 years	416	355	6	32,989	27,630	210	27,420	5,360	2,645	2
5 to 54 years	254	311	6	24,064	18,675	171	18,504	5,389	2,418	2
5 to 64 years	130	324	9	10,784	8,646	132	8,514	2,139	1,391	
5 years and over	66	281	10	2,717	2,345	81	2,264	372	689	ŝ
Men, 16 years and over	1,369	1,109	21	62,258	54,369	87	54,282	7,889	5,441	18
6 to 19 years	118	10	7	3,186	3,084	15	3,069	102	34	_
16 to 17 years	49	5	5	1,314	1,269	5	1,263	46	18	
18 to 19 years	69	5	2	1,871	1,815	10	1,806	56	16	_
0 to 24 years	208	14	5	6,121	5,722	14	5,708	399	104	_
5 to 34 years	396	166	1	15,952	14,339	12	14,328	1,613	898	
5 to 44 years	306	272	2	17,407	15,177	15	15,161	2,231	1,613	
5 to 54 years	187	212	2	12,342	9,992	13	9,979	2,349	1,470	
5 to 64 years	97	217	1	5,688	4,683	3	4,679	1,005	866	_
5 years and over	56	218	3	1,562	1,373	15	1,358	189	457	2
Nomen, 16 years and over	437	397	41	56,002	45,754	806	44,947	10,249	3,507	73
6 to 19 years	32	1	7	2,983	2,818	53	2,765	165	35	-
16 to 17 years	20	-	- :	1,202	1,147	19	1,128	55	19	-
18 to 19 years	12	-	- '	1,781	1,671	34	1,637	110	17	•
o to 24 years	53	_	7	5,736	5,203	95	5,108	533	90	
5 to 34 years	132	43	5	13,727	11,661	112	11,550	2,066	644	14
5 to 44 years	110	83	4	15,582	12,453	195	12,258	3,129	1,032	2
5 to 54 years	67	99	4	11,722	8,683	158	8,525	3,040	948	2
5 to 64 years	32	107	7	5,096	3,963	129	3,835	1,133	525	(
5 years and over	11	63	6	1,155	972	65	907	183	231	-

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-21. Persons at work in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by hours of work

			Octobe	or 1997		
Hours of work		Thousands of pe	ersons		Percent distrib	ution
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries
Total, 16 years and over	126,466	3,254	123,213	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	33,399	995	32,404	26.4	30.6	26.3
1 to 4 hours	1,334	98	1,236	1.1	3.0	1.0
5 to 14 hours	4,970	194	4,776	3.9	6.0	3.9
15 to 29 hours	15,834	427	15,407	12.5	13.1	12.5
30 to 34 hours	11,260	275	10,985	8.9	8.5	8.9
35 hours and over	93,068	2,259	90,809	73.6	69.4	73.7
35 to 39 hours	8,660	140	8,520	6.8	4.3	6.9
40 hours	44,212	715	43,497	35.0	22.0	35.3
41 hours and over	40,196	1,404	38,792	31.8	43.2	31.5
41 to 48 hours	14,496	240	14,256	11.5	7.4	11.6
49 to 59 hours	14,933	345	14,588	11.8	10.6	11.8
60 hours and over	10,767	819	9,948	8.5	25.2	8.1
Average hours, total at work	39.4	43.7	39.2	_	-	
Average hours, persons who usually work full time	43.4	50.9	43.2	_	-	_

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-22. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

			Octobe	er 1997				
Barrier of the form of the same		All industries		Nona	Nonagricultural industries			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time		
Total, 16 years and over	33,399	11,901	21,497	32,404	11,606	20,798		
Economic reasons	3,602	1,106	2,496	3,439	1,033	2,406		
Slack work or business conditions	1,983	854	1,128	1,885	812	1,074		
Could only find part-time work	1,343	! -	1,343	1,312	-	1,312		
Seasonal work	67	43	24	41	20	21		
Job started or ended during week	209	209	-	200	200	-		
Noneconomic reasons	29,796	10,795	19,001	28,965	10,574	18,392		
Child-care problems	857	73	785	852	73	780		
Other family or personal obligations	5,618	707	4,911	5,463	681	4,782		
Health or medical limitations	727	! –	727	673	-	673		
In school or training	6,877	107	6,770	6,743	108	6,635		
Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	1,927	-	1,927	1,770	_	1,770		
Vacation or personal day	3,597	3,597	_	3,514	3,514	_		
Holiday, legal or religious	3,454	3,454	_	3,427	3,427	_		
Weather-related curtailment	211	211	_	170	170	_		
All other reasons	6,529	2,647	3,882	6,353	2,602	3,751		
Average hours:					{			
Economic reasons	23.3	24.5	22.7	23.3	24.5	22.7		
Other reasons	22.1	26.8	19.4	22.2	26.9	19.5		

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

A-23. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Octo	ber 1997			
			Worked 1 t	o 34 hours			Avera	ige hours
Industry and class of worker	Total		,		economic sons	Worked		
	at work	Total	For economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	35 hours or more	Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
	-							
Total, 16 years and over	123,213	32,404	3,439	10,574	18,392	90,809	39.2	43.2
Wage and salary workers	114,652	29,513	3,059	9,937	16,517	85,139	39.2	43.0
Mining	598	41	1	27	13	557	50.5	51.3
Construction	6,668	1,207	242	636	328	5,461	41.4	42.8
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,818 11,815 8,003	2,478 1,345 1,132	260 117 143	1,452 880 572	765 348 417	17,341 10,470 6,871	42.5 42.9 42.0	43.5 43.6 43.3
Transportation and public utilities	8,581 24,430 7,447	1,501 8,240 1,747	229 966 108	777 1,222 914	495 6,052 725	7,080 16,190 5,699	42.5 37.0 39.6	44.2 43.6 41.8
Service Industries Private households All other industries Public administration	41,642 858 40,784 5,467	12,809 487 12,322 1,490	1,214 74 1,140 39	3,728 76 3,652 1,180	7,867 337 7,530 270	28,833 371 28,462 3,978	37.7 29.6 37.8 39.8	42.5 40.4 42.5 40.9
Self-employed workers	8,470 91	2,845 47	371 9	637 -	1,837 38	5,625 44	39.4 31.6	46.5 (¹)

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-24. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by age, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

ļ				Octo	ber 1997			
			Worked 1 t	o 34 hours			Aver	age hours
Age, sex, race, and marital status	Totai at		For		economic sons	Worked 35 hours	Total	Persons who
	work	Total	economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time
TOTAL				 				
Total, 16 years and over	123,213	32,404	3,439	10,574	18,392	90,809	39.2	43.2
6 to 19 years	6,064	4,449	294	226	3,929	1,615	23.8	39.0
16 to 17 years	2,440	2,295	48	35	2,212	144	17.0	33.9
18 to 19 years	3,624	2,153	246	191	1,716	1,471	28.4	39.5
20 years and over	117,149	27,955	3,145	10,348	14,463	89,193	40.0	43.3
20 to 24 years	11,796	4,121	613	657	2,851	7,675	35.7	41.8
25 years and over	105,353	23,835	2,531	9,691	11,612	81,518	40.5	43.4
25 to 54 years	90,599	18,691	2,196	8,241	8,255	71,907	41.1	43.5
55 years and over	14,755	5,143	336	1,450	3,357	9,611	36.9	42.7
Men, 16 years and over	65,808	12,146	1,656	4,996	5,493	53,663	42.3	44.8
6 to 19 years	3,119	2,159	165	112	1,882	960	25.2	39.7
16 to 17 years	1,269	1,183	37	27	1,120	86	17.9	33.8
18 to 19 years	1,849	976	128	85	763	874	30.3	40.4
20 years and over	62,689	9,987	1,492	4,884	3,611	52,703	43.1	44.9
20 to 24 years	6,102	1,681	303	279	1,099	4,421	38.0	43.0
25 years and over	56,588	8,306	1,189	4,605	2,512	48,282	43.7	45.1
25 to 54 years	48,465	6,109	1,029	3,849	1,231	42,355	44.3	45.2
55 years and over	8,123	2,197	160	756	1,281	5,926	39.7	44.0
Women, 16 years and over	57,404	20,258	1,782	5,578	12,898	37,146	35.8	41.0
16 to 19 years	2,945	2,290	130	114	2,046	655	22.4	38.0
16 to 17 years	1,170	1,112	11	8	1,093	58	16.1	(¹)
18 to 19 years	1,774	1,177	118	105	954	597	26.5	38.3
20 years and over	54,460	17,969	1,653	5,464	10,852	36,491	36.5	41.1
20 to 24 years	5,694	2,440	310	378	1,751	3,254	33.3	40.4
25 years and over	48,766	15,529	1,342	5,086	9,101	33,237	36.9	41.1
25 to 54 years	42,134	12,582	1,166	4,392	7,024	29,552	37.4	41.2
55 years and over	6,632	2,947	176	694	2,077	3,685	33.5	40.6
Race					1			
White, 16 years and over	104,012	27,764	2,617	8,936	16,211	76,248	39.3	43.4
Men	56,349	10,358	1,268	4,301	4,789	45,991	42.5	45.0
Women	47,663	17,406	1,349	4,635	11,422	30,257	35.6	41.1
Black, 16 years and over	13,585	3,264	650	1,182	1,432	10,321	38.6	41.5
Men	6,466 7,119	1,226 2,038	295 355	489 693	989 989	5,240 5,081	40.7 36.6	43.0 40.1
	.,	-,555						
Marital status					1	[]		
Men, 16 years and over:	40 10-					,,,,,,		l
Married, spouse present	40,487	5,653	645	3,310	1,698	34,834	44.2	45.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	7,631	1,195	241	578	377	6,436	43.1	44.7
Single (never married)	17,689	5,297	771	1,108	3,419	12,392	37.6	43.0
Women, 16 years and over:	04.040	40.555		0.004	7.000	00.000	05.0	400
Married, spouse present	31,318	10,983	701	3,201	7,080	20,336	35.8	40.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	11,635	3,313	444	1,215	1,655	8,321	38.0	41.5
Single (never married)	14,451	5,962	637	1,162	4,164	8,489	33.9	41.2

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Beginning in 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the

household survey.

A-25. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Octo	ber 1997			
			Worked 11	to 34 hours			Aver	age hours
Occupation and sex	Total at		For		economic sons	Worked 35 hours	Total	Persons who
	work	Total	economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time
Total, 16 years and over ¹	. 123,101	32,394	3,431	10,538	18,425	90,707	39.3	43.2
Managerial and professional specialty	. 36,979	8,010	504	3,773	3,734	28,969	41.7	44.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial	. 18,129	3,078	176	1,763	1,139	15,051	43.5	45.2
Professional specialty		4,933	328 856	2,010	2,595	13,918	39.9 37.4	43.6 42.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support		11,514 945	35	3,241 377	7,418 533	25,851 3,251	37.4 39.4	42.2
Technicians and related support	1'	4,749	426	853	3,470	10,639	38.5	44.8
Administrative support, including clerical		5,820	395	2,010	3,415	11,961	35.9	40.2
Service occupations	1 .	7,054	981	1,121	4,952	9,946	34.3	41.8
Private household	756	445	63	71	311	311	29.0	39.8
Protective service		411	31	181	200	1,736	42.9	45.6
Service, except private household and protective	. 14,096	6,198	887	869	4,442	7,898	33.3	41.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 13,678 . 18,079	2,027 3,789	380 711	1,081 1,322	566 1,756	11,651 14,290	42.4 40.4	43.6 43.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1,218	199	564	455	6,628	40.8	42.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		961	185	350	425	4,400	43.7	46.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1,611	327	408	876	3,262	36.2	40.9
Men, 16 years and over ¹	65,518	12,038	1,639	4,954	5,446	53,479	42.3	44.8
Managerial and professional specialty		2,906 1,253	232 108	1,713 794	961 351	15,990 8,768	44.8 46.0	46.4 47.2
Professional specialty	1 -1-	1,653	124	919	609	7,223	43.3	45.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support		2,705	216	909	1,581	10,851	41.8	45.1
Technicians and related support		314	5	169	140	1,704	41.7	43.5
Sales occupations		1,424	106	361	958	6,325	43.3	47.0
Administrative support, including clerical		967	105	380	482	2,822	38.6	42.2
Service occupations		2,175	354	455 4	1,366 6	4,835 28	37.6 (²)	43.3 (²)
Private household Protective service	- 1	315	21	157	137	1,446	44.0	46.2
Service, except private household and protective		1,844	327	294	1,223	3,361	35.5	42.0
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,721	340	959	423	10,710	42.8	43.8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	. 13,624	2,532	498	918	1,116	11,092	41.5	43.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	. 4,905	584	76	300	208	4,321	42.2	43.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		731 1,217	163 259	295 323	273 635	4,093 2,678	44.7 36.8	46.5 41.2
Women, 16 years and over ¹	. 57,583	20,356	1,792	5,584	12,980	37,228	35.8	41.0
Managerial and professional specialty		5,104	272	2,060	2,773	12,978	38.4	42.2
Executive, administrative, and managerial	. 8,108	1,825	68	969	788	6,283	40.4	42.7
Professional specialty		3,280	203	1,091	1,985	6,695	36.8 34.9	41.7 40.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support		8,809 631	640 30	2,332 208	5,837 393	15,000 1,547	34.9 37.2	40.3
Sales occupations	7,639	3,326	320	493	2,512	4,314	33.7	41.6
Administrative support, including clerical	13,992	4,853	290	1,631	2,932	9,139	35.2	39.5
Service occupations	. 9,990	4,879	627	666	3,586	5,111	32.0	40.5
Private household		429	57	66	305	283	28.5	39.3
Protective service		97	10	24	62	291	37.8	42.6
Service, except private household and protective		4,354 305	560	575 122	3,219	4,537	32.0 38.7	40.4
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1 '	1,258	41 213	404	143 640	941 3,197	38.7 37.1	41.5 40.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		634	123	264	247	2,307	38.6	40.5
Transportation and material moving occupations		230	22	55	152	307	35.2	42.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		394	68	85	242	584	33.7	39.6

Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.
 Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-26. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		М	en			Wor	nen	
Marital status, race, and age		ands of sons		loyment tes	Thousa	ands of sons	Unempi rat	
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total, 16 years and over	3.337	3,130	4.6	4.3	3.240	2,865	5.2	4.5
Married, spouse present	1,148	1,003	2.6	2.3	1,212	975	3.6	2.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	431	361	5.2	4.2	653	621	5.2	4.8
Single (never married)	1,758	1,765	8.8	8.6	1,375	1,268	8.6	7.8
White, 16 years and over	2,447	2,328	3.9	3.7	2,222	1,982	4.3	3.8
Married, spouse present	926	814	2.4	2.1	1,003	815	3.4	2.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	335	282	4.9	4.0	472	424	4.7	4.2
Single (never married)	1,186	1,231	7.3	7.4	747	743	6.2	6.2
Black, 16 years and over	752	641	10.2	8.6	822	775	10.2	9.5
Married, spouse present	173	123	5.1	3.7	121	110	4.7	4.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	87	68	7.6	5.7	156	176	7.0	7.7
Single (never married)	491	450	17.4	15.6	544	490	17.0	14.4
Total, 25 years and over	2,098	1,907	3.4	3.1	2,176	1,922	4.1	3.6
Married, spouse present	1,060	927	2.5	2.2	1,064	868	3.3	2.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	418	344	5.1	4.1	614	572	5.0	4.6
Single (never married)	620	637	5.8	5.7	498	482	6.2	5.8
White, 25 years and over	1,599	1,415	3.0	2.7	1,533	1,363	3.5	3.1
Married, spouse present	853	741	2.3	2.0	875	720	3.1	2.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated	322	265	4.8	3.9	438	390	4.5	4.0
Single (never married)	425	409	5.0	4.7	219	253	3.9	4.5
Black, 25 years and over	419	379	6.9	6.1	505	482	7.6	7.0
Married, spouse present	161	119	4.9	3.7	107	103	4.3	4.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	87	68	7.6	5.8	151	160	6.9	7.2
Single (never married)	171	192	10.3	11.0	248	219	12.5	10.1

NOTE: Beginning in 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in

the household survey.

A-27. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

		ands of sons			Unemploy	ment rates		
Occupation	To	tal	То	tal	M	en	Wor	men
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total, 16 years and over ¹	6,577	5,995	4.9	4.4	4.6	4.3	5.2	4.5
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	772 444 328	637 308 328	2.0 2.4 1.7	1.6 1.6 1.7	2.1 2.6 1.5	1.7 1.7 1.6	2.0 2.2 1.9	1.6 1.5 1.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,746 114 816 816	1,520 83 756 681	4.4 2.7 5.0 4.2	3.8 1.9 4.5 3.6	3.4 2.1 3.4 4.0	3.4 1.2 3.1 4.9	5.0 3.2 6.7 4.3	4.0 2.5 5.9 3.2
Service occupations	1,285 98 61 1,126	1,197 72 97 1,028	6.9 10.2 2.8 7.3	6.3 8.4 4.1 6.6	6.5 (²) 2.5 7.6	5.8 (²) 3.3 6.6	7.3 9.7 3.8 7.2	6.7 8.3 7.7 6.5
Precision production, craft, and repair Mechanics and repairers Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair		669 199 335 135	4.6 2.9 6.7 3.9	4.5 4.0 6.1 3.2	4.6 2.9 6.6 3.6	4.4 3.8 6.1 2.5	5.0 2.7 10.4 4.6	5.7 9.1 3.3 5.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1,216 426 271 519 134 385	6.8 6.6 3.8 10.0 11.9 9.6	6.1 5.0 4.7 9.3 13.5 8.4	6.3 5.3 3.9 10.1 11.6 9.7	5.8 3.9 4.6 9.4 12.7 8.5	8.3 8.7 3.3 9.8 (²) 9.5	7.0 6.7 4.9 9.1 (²) 8.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	236	251	6.0	6.7	6.1	6.2	5.6	8.6
No previous work experience	504 336 54 113	475 313 79 83	1111	- - -	1 1 1	- - -		- - - -

¹ Includes a small number of persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflects revised population controls used in the household survey.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-28. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	_	ands of sons			Unemployr	nent rates		
Industry	To	tal	То	tal	Ме	n	Wor	nen
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total, 16 years and over	6,577	5,995	4.9	4.4	4.6	4.3	5.2	4.
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,109	4,643	5.0	4.4	4.6	4.2	5.4	4.
Mining	24	29	4.1	4.4	3.7	4.8	6.9	1.
Construction	507	477	7.6	6.9	7.9	6.7	5.2	8.
CONSTRUCTION	307	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7.6	0.5	, . 	0.7	5.2	0.
Manufacturing	912	707	4.3	3.4	3.5	2.8	5.9	4.
Durable goods	528	355	4.2	2.8	3.7	2.6	5.3	3.
Lumber and wood products	31	24	4.3	3.2	3.9	3.3	6.0	2.
Furniture and fixtures	33	29	4.9	4.9	3.6	3.6	7.6	8.
Stone, clay, and glass products	12	18	2.0	3.0	1.9	3.4	2.2	1.
Primary metal industries	26	35	3.1	4.7	3.6	4.6	_	5.
Fabricated metal products	73	37	5.2	2.8	5.3	2.8	4.9	2
Machinery and computing equipment	54	58	2.2	2.2	1.6	1.8	4.2	3
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	87	58	4.3	3.0	4.1	2.3	4.8	4
Transportation equipment	119	54	4.8	2.3	4.6	2.2	5.4	2
Automobiles	72	40	5.1	3.0	4.9	3.3	5.8	2
Other transportation equipment	47	14	4.4	1.3	4.2	1.0	4.9	2
Professional and photographic equipment	27	18	3.5	2.6	2.9	1.9	4.4	3.
Other durable goods industries	67	23	9.5	3.1	8.1	3.1	11.8	3.
Nondurable goods	384	352	4.5	4.1	3.1	3.2	6.5	5.
Food and kindred products	145	109	7.8	6.0	6.0	4.5	11.2	8.
Textile mill products	23	36	3.5	5.4	2.8	4.5	4.2	6.
Apparel and other textile products	82	54	8.3	5.4	5.4	4.5	9.6	5.
Paper and allied products		11	.7	1.5	.8	.9	4	3
Printing and publishing	67	58	3.6	3.3	2.4	3.7	5.1	2
Chemicals and allied products	32	40	2.5	3.0	1.8	3.0	4.1	3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	28	31	3.2	3.4	2.1	1.5	5.4	7
Other nondurable goods industries	3	13	1.0	3.7	1.6	1.5	.2	8.
Transportation and public utilities	290	221	4.0	2.9	4.1	2.9	3.9	2
Transportation	199	169	4.5	3.7	4.8	3.7	3.7	3
Communications and other public utilities	91	51	3.3	1.7	2.9	1.6	4.1	2
Wholesale and retail trade	1,603	1,591	6.1	6.0	5.2	5.4	7.0	6
Wholesale trade	156	192	3.2	3.9	2.7	3.4	4.5	4
Retail trade	1,447	1,399	6.7	6.4	6.1	6.1	7.3	6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	215	225	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.8	2
Service industries	1,558	1,394	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.0	5.0	4.
Professional services	615	528	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.4	3.3	2
Other service industries	943	865	7.0	6.3	5.4	5.4	8.6	7
Agricultural wage and salary workers	175	170	8.6	8.6	9.2	8.1	6.8	10
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	789	707	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.6	2
No previous work experience	504	475	-	-	- !	_	_	_

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-29. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	To 16 y and	ears	Me 20 y and	ears	20 y	Women, Both sexes, 20 years 16 to 19 White and over years		Black				
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Permanent job losers Persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	6,577 2,757 649 2,108 1,476 632 848 2,468 504	5,995 2,525 668 1,857 1,252 606 769 2,225 475	2,641 1,648 367 1,281 880 402 320 633 39	2,506 1,502 388 1,114 740 374 325 643 36	2,723 928 221 707 512 195 401 1,266 129	2,380 874 240 634 450 184 334 1,046	1,212 181 61 119 85 35 128 568 336	1,108 149 39 110 62 47 111 535 313	4,668 2,010 515 1,496 1,076 420 649 1,716 293	4,309 1,878 537 1,341 950 391 608 1,529 294	1,574 626 99 526 337 189 157 643 147	1,416 540 103 437 241 197 128 599 149
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff	41.9 9.9 32.1 12.9 37.5 7.7	42.1 11.1 31.0 12.8 37.1 7.9	62.4 13.9 48.5 12.1 24.0 1.5	59.9 15.5 44.4 13.0 25.7	34.1 8.1 26.0 14.7 46.5 4.7	36.7 10.1 26.6 14.0 43.9 5.3	14.9 5.0 9.8 10.5 46.9 27.7	13.4 3.6 9.9 10.0 48.3 28.2	43.1 11.0 32.0 13.9 36.8 6.3	43.6 12.5 31.1 14.1 35.5 6.8	39.8 6.3 33.5 10.0 40.9 9.4	38.2 7.3 30.9 9.0 42.3 10.6
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	1											
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2.0 .6 1.8 .4	1.8 .6 1.6 .3	2.4 .5 .9 .1	2.2 .5 .9 .1	1.6 .7 2.1 .2	1.5 .6 1.7 .2	2.4 1.7 7.5 4.4	2.0 1.5 7.1 4.2	1.8 .6 1.5 .3	1.6 .5 1.3 .3	4.1 1.0 4.2 1.0	3.5 .8 3.8 1.0

NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-30. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

	October 1997											
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment						
Reason, sex, and age	Thermonde		1 1	544	15	weeks and o	ver					
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over					
Total, 16 years and over	5.995	100.0	39.4	30.1	30.5	13.9	16.7					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2,525	100.0	43.0	26.9	30.1	13.4	16.6					
On temporary layoff	668	100.0	68.8	17.9	13.3	8.4	5.0					
Not on temporary layoff	1,857	100.0	33.7	30.2	36.1	15.2	20.8					
Permanent job losers	1,252	100.0	29.0	30.5	40.5	17.9	22.6					
Persons who completed temporary jobs	606	100.0	43.4	29.6	27.0	9.8	17.1					
Job leavers	769	100.0	42.5	30.4	27.0	15.3	11.7					
Reentrants	2,225	100.0	36.1	32.0	31.9	13.2	18.7					
New entrants	475	100.0	30.7	36.9	32.4	17.1	15.3					
Men, 20 years and over	2,506	100.0	36.3	29.1	34.7	14.5	20.2					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,502	100.0	40.5	27.8	31.7	13.2	18.5					
On temporary layoff	388	100.0	67.7	19.6	12.6	9.1	3.5					
Not on temporary layoff	1,114	100.0	31.1	30.6	38.4	14.6	23.7					
Permanent job losers	740	100.0	26.6	30.4	43.0	16.2	26.7					
Persons who completed temporary jobs	374	100.0	39.8	30.9	29.3	11.5	17.8					
Job leavers	325	100.0	35.4	30.3	34.3	17.1	17.2					
Reentrants	643	100.0	28.2	32.1	39.7	14.9	24.7					
New entrants	36	100.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)					
Women, 20 years and over	2,380	100.0	40.1	28.5	31.4	13.7	17.7					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	874	100.0	45.2	26.8	28.0	13.2	14.9					
On temporary layoff	240	100.0	69.1	14.7	16.3	8.5	J 7.8					
Not on temporary layoff	634	100.0	36.1	31.4	32.5	14.9	17.6					
Permanent job losers		100.0	31.5	32.4	36.0	19.3	16.7					
Persons who completed temporary jobs	184	100.0	47.3	28.7	23.9	4.3	19.7					
Job leavers	334	100.0	48.4	26.6	25.1	15.2	9.9					
Reentrants	1,046	100.0	34.2	29.7	36.1	14.0	22.1					
New entrants	127	100.0	32.5	34.8	32.7	11.5	21.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,108	100.0	45.0	35.8	19.3	12.8	6.5					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	149	100.0	55.2	19.6	25.2	17.2	8.0					
On temporary layoff	39	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)_	(1)	(1)					
Not on temporary layoff	110	100.0	47.0	19.6	33.5	23.3	10.1					
Permanent job losers	62	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)					
Persons who completed temporary jobs	47	100.0	(1)	(1)	$\binom{1}{2}$	(1)	(1)					
Job leavers	111	100.0	45.8	42.6	11.6	10.8	.8					
Reentrants	535	100.0	49.2	36.5	14.3	9.4	4.9					
New entrants	313	100.0	32.5	39.9	27.6	17.2	10.4					

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{used}}$ in the household survey.

A-31. Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment

		To	tal			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent d	istribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total, 16 years and over	6,577 2,291 2,174 1,539 635 2,112 982 1,130 491 639	5,995 2,362 1,802 1,257 545 1,830 831 999 373 626	100.0 34.8 33.1 23.4 9.7 32.1 14.9 17.2 7.5	100.0 39.4 30.1 21.0 9.1 30.5 13.9 16.7 6.2	5,179 1,643 1,668 1,129 539 1,868 867 1,001 456 545	4,705 1,765 1,348 899 449 1,591 707 884 332 553	100.0 31.7 32.2 21.8 10.4 36.1 16.7 19.3 8.8 10.5	100.0 37.5 28.7 19.1 9.5 33.8 15.0 18.8 7.0
Average (mean) duration, in weeks Median duration, in weeks	16.7 8.1	16.6 7.5	-	- -	18.1 9.5	18.0 8.5	- -	- -

NOTE: Beginning in 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in

the household survey.

A-32. Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

				Octobe	er 1997			
			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Sex, age, race, and marital status		Less	5 to 14	15	weeks and o	ver	Average	Median
	Total	than 5 weeks	weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	duration
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	5,995	2,362	1,802	1,830	831	999	16.6	7.5
18 to 19 years	1,108	499	396	213	142	72	10.0	5.6
20 to 24 years	1,057	463	330	264	131	133	13.7	6.4
25 to 34 years	1.382	559	404	419	183	236	15.7	7.2
35 to 44 years	1,286	461	375	450	190	260	19.8	8.4
45 to 54 years	728	220	211	297	121	176	21.8	10.9
55 to 64 years	318	122	66	130	48	82	22.8	9.2
65 years and over	115	39	20	56	16	41	31.7	13.8
Men, 16 years and over	3,130	1,202	942	985	448	537	17.2	7.9
16 to 19 years	623	294	214	115	85	30	9.3	5.2
	599	259	187	152	81	71	13.2	6.4
20 to 24 years	619	241	189	190	83	107	15.2	7.7
25 to 34 years								
35 to 44 years	611	198	207	207	81	125	20.1	8.6
45 to 54 years	428	126	100	203	76	127	26.4	13.5
55 to 64 years	190	71	37	82	34	49	24.0	9.7
65 years and over	59	14	9	35	7	28	(¹)	(1)
Women, 16 years and over	2,865	1,160	860	846	383	462	15.9	7.0
16 to 19 years	485	205	182	98	56	[41	10.8	6.2
20 to 24 years	458	203	143	112	50	62	14.3	6.3
25 to 34 years	763	318	215	230	100	130	15.7	6.7
35 to 44 years	675	263	169	244	109	134	19.5	8.2
45 to 54 years	300	94	112	94	45	49	15.2	8.3
55 to 64 years	128	51	28	48	15	33	21.0	7.7
65 years and over	57	25	11	21	8	12	(1)	(¹)
Race						i		
White, 16 years and over	4.309	1,782	1,305	1,222	580	642	15.5	6.8
Men	2,328	937	719	672	303	369	16.4	7.2
Women	1,982	846	586	550	277	273	14.5	6.4
Black, 16 years and over	1,416	480	424	512	210	302	19.3	9.4
Men	641	209	174	258	119	139	20.2	10.8
Women	775	272	250	254	91	163	18.6	8.6
Marital status								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	1,003	338	266	398	158	239	21.4	9.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	361	128	110	124	39	84	23.5	9.2
Single (never married)	1,765	737	565	463	250	213	13.5	6.6
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	975	403	287	286	150	136	14.7	6.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	621	255	164	203	86	117	17.4	7.0
Single (never married)	1,268	502	409	358	148	210	16.1	7.4
	.,			555	i		, , , ,	/· ·

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflects revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-33. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

				Octob	er 1997			
			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Occupation and industry		Less	540.44	15	weeks and o	ver	Average	NA - 49
	Total	than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	Median duration
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	637 1,520 1,197 669 1,216 251	204 582 486 300 500 137	185 476 376 187 341 52	247 462 335 183 375 62	101 221 126 85 179 31	146 241 209 98 196 31	20.9 16.2 17.0 14.7 16.0 12.8	9.4 7.4 7.1 5.7 7.7 4.1
INDUSTRY¹ Agriculture Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Public administration		82 244 258 128 130 73 692 60 630 26	41 148 177 100 78 78 469 90 498 47	47 108 270 127 143 91 435 97 473 45	32 55 123 63 60 32 214 39 221 12	16 53 147 64 83 59 221 58 252 32	13.4 13.3 19.3 19.3 19.4 20.3 14.1 19.9 16.5 25.8	5.3 4.8 9.1 9.0 9.3 10.6 6.1 10.7 7.4 10.9
No previous work experience	475	146	175	154	81	73	17.1	9.1

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.
NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-34. Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	Total Age					Total Age S						
Category	Oct.	Oct.	16 to		25 to		55 y and		М	en	Wor	men
	1996	1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
Total not in the labor force Do not want a job now¹ Want a job¹ Did not search for work in previous year Searched for work in previous year² Not available to work now Available to work now Reason not currently looking: Discouragement over job prospects³ Reasons other than discouragement Family responsibilities In school or training Ill health or disability Other⁴	1,073 152 329	67,102 62,617 4,485 2,677 1,808 524 1,284 302 982 128 234 117 502	9,719	12,024 10,465 1,559 880 679 217 462 92 370 14 192 16	18,048 15,700 2,349 1,319 1,030 314 715 239 477 121 63 50 242	15,995 2,154 1,221 933 269		36,158 772 576 196 38 158		22,967 1,738 989 749 188 561 181 380 19 97 40	39,033	39,650

¹ Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job.

² Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since

the end of that job.

3 Includes believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

⁴ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as child care and transportation problems, as well as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not ascertained. NOTE: Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls

used in the household survey.

A-35. Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

		Both	sexes			М	en			Wo	men	
Characteristic	Nur	nber	Ra	ite ¹	Nur	nber	Ra	te ¹	Nur	nber	Ra	ite ¹
	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997
AGE												
Total, 16 years and over ²	8,369	8,139	6.5	6.2	4,376	4,357	6.3	6.2	3,993	3,781	6.7	6.3
16 to 19 years	292	255	4.6	4.0	106	126	3.3	3.8	186	129	5.9	4.2
20 years and over	8,077	7,884	6.6	6.3	4,270	4,231	6.5	6.3	3,807	3,653	6.8	6.4
20 to 24 years		805	7.3	6.5	420	335	6.5	5.2	467	470	8.2	8.0
25 years and over		7,080	6.5	6.3	3,850	3,897	6.5	6.5	3,340	3,183	6.6	6.2
25 to 54 years		6,282	6.9	6.6	3,445	3,423	6.8	6.7	3,011	2,859	6.9	6.5
55 years and over		797	4.7	4.9	404	473	4.6	5.2	329	324	4.8	4.5
55 to 64 years		666	5.0	5.3	326	388	5.0	5.6	272	278	5.0	4.8
65 years and over	135	132	3.6	3.5	79	86	3.5	3.7	57	46	3.7	3.1
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN								i i				
White	7,338	6,943	6.7	6.3	3,867	3,726	6.5	6.2	3,471	3,217	7.0	6.4
Black	729	831	5.3	5.8	371	420	5.6	6.2	357	411	5.0	5.5
Hispanic origin	449	472	3.7	3.6	253	315	3.5	4.0	196	157	4.1	3.1
MARITAL STATUS			:						<u> </u>	ļ		
Married, spouse present	4,802	4,617	6.3	6.0	2,885	2,796	6.7	6.5	1,916	1,819	5.8	5.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1,397	1,472	7.0	7.2	468	527	5.9	6.4	929	945	7.7	7.7
Single (never married)	2,170	2,050	6.6	6.1	1,022	1,032	5.6	5.5	1,148	1,017	7.9	6.8
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS		<u> </u>]				ļ	
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,532	4,584	_	_	2,603	2,649	_	l <u>-</u>	1,929	1,935	} _	_
Primary and secondary jobs both part time		1,721	l –	-	564	514	[–	l –	1,314	1,207	ļ <u>-</u>	-
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	277	260	l –	l –	193	208	l –	-	84	51	-	-
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,640	1.558	l –	l –	984	972	l –	l –	656	586	_	l -

¹ Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified

totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

group.

2 Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary jobs(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-36. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

		ilian itutional lation				Civillan la	bor force				
Veteran status			То	tal	Emp	loyed	Unemployed				
and age	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997		Oct. Oct.	Oct.	Number		Perce labor			
			1996	1997	1996	1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	Oct. 1996	Oct. 1997	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS								'			
Total, 40 years and over	7,760 6,460 1,175 3,011 2,274 1,300	7,779 6,186 887 2,527 2,772 1,593	6,629 5,841 1,069 2,715 2,057 788	6,571 5,557 782 2,291 2,484 1,014	6,449 5,682 1,046 2,634 2,002 766	6,379 5,389 752 2,222 2,416 990	180 159 23 81 55 22	192 167 30 69 68 24	2.7 2.7 2.1 3.0 2.7 2.8	2.9 3.0 3.9 3.0 2.8 2.4	
NONVETERANS			i								
Total, 40 to 54 years	18,613 8,688 5,909 4,017	19,791 9,113 6,422 4,256	16,909 8,093 5,377 3,438	17,971 8,492 5,784 3,695	16,380 7,848 5,208 3,324	17,436 8,239 5,616 3,581	529 246 169 114	535 253 168 114	3.1 3.0 3.1 3.3	3.0 3.0 2.9 3.1	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Beginning in 1997, data reflect

revised population controls used in the household survey. Beginning in January 1997, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1947 to date

(in thousands)

				Goods-	oroducing					Se	rvice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	Governmen State	Local
	<u>,</u>	i				L	A	nnual avera	iges		bolato	L	L	L.,	
1947	43,857	38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,478	6,477	1,728	5,025	1,892	(1)	(†)
1948	44,866	39,216	18,774	994	2,198	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,612	6,659	1,800	5,181	1,863	(1)	(†)
1949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,610	6,654	1,828	5,239	1,908	(1)	(†)
1950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,643	6,743	1,888	5,356	1,928	(1)	(1)
1951	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,735	7,007	1,956	5,547	2,302	(1)	(1)
1952	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,821	7,184	2,035	5,699	2,420	(1)	(1)
1953	50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,862	7,385	2,111	5,835	2,305	(1)	(1)
1953	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,875	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	(1)	(1)
1954	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,934	7,601	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,558
1955	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,264	4,244	3,027	7,631	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,819
1956	52,855	45,239	20,967	828	2,962	17,176	31,889	4,241	3,037	7,848	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,071
1957	51,322	43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,989	7,761	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4,230
1957	53,270	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,092	8,035	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,366
1960	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,153	8,238	2,628	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,547
	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,142	8,195	2,688	7,619	2,279	1,607	4,708
	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,207	8,359	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,881
	56,653	47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,258	8,520	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,121
	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,856	5,392
	60,763	50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,477	9,239	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,700
	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,608	9,637	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,080
	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,700	9,906	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,371
	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,158	4,318	3,791	10,308	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6,660
	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,919	10,785	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,904
1970	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	4,006	11,034	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,158
	71,211	58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,276	4,476	4,014	11,338	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,437
	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,127	11,622	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7,790
	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,291	12,315	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8,146
	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,447	12,539	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,407
	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	16,323	54,345	4,542	4,430	12,630	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,758
	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,562	13,193	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,865
	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,723	13,792	4,467	15,302	2,727	3,377	9,023
	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,985	14,556	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,446
	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,221	14,972	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,633
1980	90,406 91,152 89,544 90,152 94,408 97,387 99,344 101,958 105,209 107,884	74,166 75,121 73,707 74,282 78,384 80,992 82,651 84,948 87,823 90,105	25,658 25,497 23,812 23,330 24,718 24,842 24,533 24,674 25,125 25,254	1027 1139 1128 952 966 927 777 717 713 692	4,346 4,188 3,904 3,946 4,380 4,668 4,810 4,958 5,098 5,171	20,285 20,170 18,780 18,432 19,372 19,248 18,947 18,999 19,314 19,391	64,748 65,655 65,732 66,821 69,690 72,544 74,811 77,284 80,084 82,630	5,146 5,165 5,081 4,952 5,156 5,233 5,247 5,362 5,512 5,614	5,292 5,375 5,295 5,263 5,568 5,727 5,761 5,848 6,030 6,187	15,018 15,171 15,158 15,587 16,512 17,315 17,880 18,422 19,023 19,475	5,160 5,298 5,340 5,466 5,684 5,948 6,273 6,533 6,630 6,668	17,890 18,615 19,021 19,664 20,746 21,927 22,957 24,110 25,504 26,907	2,866 2,772 2,739 2,774 2,807 2,875 2,899 2,943 2,971 2,988	3,610 3,640 3,662 3,734 3,832 3,893 3,967 4,076 4,182	9,765 9,619 9,458 9,434 9,482 9,687 9,901 10,100 10,339 10,609
1990	109,403	91,098	24,905	709	5,120	19,076	84,497	5,777	6,173	19,601	6,709	27,934	3,085	4,305	10,914
	108,249	89,847	23,745	689	4,650	18,406	84,504	5,755	6,081	19,284	6,646	28,336	2,966	4,355	11,081
	108,601	89,956	23,231	635	4,492	18,104	85,370	5,718	5,997	19,356	6,602	29,052	2,969	4,408	11,267
	110,713	91,872	23,352	610	4,668	18,075	87,361	5,811	5,981	19,773	6,757	30,197	2,915	4,488	11,438
	114,163	95,036	23,908	601	4,986	18,321	90,256	5,984	6,162	20,507	6,896	31,579	2,870	4,576	11,682
	117,191	97,885	24,265	581	5,160	18,524	92,925	6,132	6,378	21,187	6,806	33,117	2,822	4,635	11,849
	119,523	100,076	24,431	574	5,400	18,457	95,092	6,261	6,483	21,625	6,899	34,377	2,757	4,624	12,066
					7	,	Monthly d	ata, season	ally adjuste	d					
1996: October November December 1997:	120,248 120,450 120,659	100,759 100,956 101,145	24,479 24,508 24,540	570 571 571	5,467 5,495 5,521	18,442 18,442 18,448	95,769 95,942 96,119	6,293 6,303 6,288	6,538 6,549 6,559	21,791 21,847 21,912	6,941 6,949 6,962	34,717 34,800 34,884	2,732 2,732 2,728	4,618 4,620 4,621	12,139 12,142 12,165
January February March April May June July August September October	120,909	101,380	24,581	574	5,542	18,465	96,328	6,351	6,570	21,917	6,971	34,990	2,723	4,621	12,185
	121,162	101,615	24,653	574	5,604	18,475	96,509	6,376	6,593	21,922	6,980	35,091	2,716	4,624	12,207
	121,344	101,799	24,670	572	5,609	18,489	96,674	6,405	6,611	21,945	6,992	35,176	2,709	4,622	12,214
	121,671	102,092	24,667	573	5,599	18,495	97,004	6,421	6,622	22,029	7,019	35,334	2,708	4,635	12,236
	121,834	102,269	24,702	576	5,628	18,518	97,132	6,431	6,630	22,026	7,029	35,451	2,703	4,636	12,226
	122,056	102,417	24,714	574	5,622	18,518	97,342	6,434	6,634	22,079	7,034	35,522	2,694	4,640	12,305
	122,440	102,721	24,713	574	5,625	18,555	97,727	6,443	6,664	22,159	7,058	35,684	2,689	4,671	12,359
	122,492	102,688	24,765	573	5,637	18,555	97,727	6,289	6,675	22,189	7,068	35,702	2,690	4,664	12,450
	122,761	103,018	24,756	576	5,637	18,543	98,005	6,459	6,688	22,208	7,079	35,828	2,680	4,676	12,377
	123,045	103,300	24,827	573	5,657	18,597	98,218	6,488	6,710	22,245	7,102	35,928	2,687	4,666	12,392

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1996) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1993) are subject to revision.

Not available. Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

P = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

Year and month 1964	38.7 38.8 38.6 38.0 37.8 37.7	\$2.36 2.46 2.56 2.68	Weekly earnings \$91.33	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
965	38.8 38.6 38.0 37.8	2.46 2.56		,					
965	38.8 38.6 38.0 37.8	2.46 2.56			Annual averag	es			
965	38.8 38.6 38.0 37.8	2.46 2.56		41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 980 980 981 982	38.0 37.8		95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
967	37.8		98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
968	37.8	1 2.00	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154,95
969		2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4,41	164.49
971		3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
971	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
972	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
973	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
974	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201,40	36.8	6.41	235.89
975	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
976		4.53	163.53	41.9	5.23 5.95	249.31	36.4	7,31	266.08
977	36.1								
978	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8 36.5	7.71	283.73
980	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
980 981 982 983	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
981 982 983	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
981 982 983	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
982 983	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
983	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11,94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.B	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.B	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.B	12.71	480.44
		9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
988	34.7 34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.01
991	34.3	10.32	353.98	44.4	14.19	630.04	38.1	14.00	533.40
992	34.4	10.57	363.61	43.9	14.54	638.31	38.0	14.15	537.70
993	34.5	10.83	373.64	44.3	14.60	646.78	38.5	14.38	553.63
994	34.7	11.12	385.86	44.8	14.88	666.62	38.9	14.73	573.00
995	34.5	11.43	394.34	44.7	15.30] 683.91	38.9	15.09	587.00
1996	34.4	11.81	406.26	45.3	15.61	707.13	39.0	15.46	602.94
			·	Monthly da	ta, not seasor	ally adjusted			Ł
1996:									
October	34.5	\$11.95	\$412.28	45.9	\$15.54	\$713.29	39.9	\$15.75	\$628.43
November	34.5	12.00	414.00	45.5	15.67	712.99	38.8	15.62	606.06
December	34.9	12.06	420.89	46.0	15.95	733.70	38.6	15,66	604.48
	34.9	12.00	420.05	40.0	13.33	755.70	36.0	13.50	004.40
997:	22.0	1244	410 52	44.2	16 10	71546	36.4	15 79	572.57
January	33.9	12.11	410.53		16.18	715.16		15.73	
February	34.5	12.14	418.83	45.6 45.7	16.06	732.34	37.5	15.69	588.38
March	34.6	12.17	421.08	45.7	15.98	730.29	38.4	15.67	601.73
April	34.4	12.17	418.65	45.1	16.05	723.86	38.7	15.75	609.53
May	34.5	12.17	419.87	45.8	15,98	731.88	39.7	15.83	628.45
June	34.9	12.17	424.73	45.8	16.11	737.84	39.5	15.88	627,26
July	34.7	12.15	421.61	45.2	16.03	724.56	40.1	16.00	641.60
August	35.0	12.21	427.35	45.6	15.94	726.86	39.7	16.09	638.77
SeptemberP	34.7	1 4220	1 400 00		1 40 00	1		1 4000	1 650.00
Octoberp		12.39	429.93	45.5	16.23	738.47	40.0	16.27	650.80

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarmpayrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

ľ		Manufa	acturing		Trans	portation and utilities	public		Wholesale trad	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	W eekly earnings
					Annual	averages	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.08
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
367	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.66
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.90
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.86
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.42
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69 159.54
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.94
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.19
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.27
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.88
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.68
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.46
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.79
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.88
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.36
986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.72 365.38
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59 9.98	380.24
988	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.2 38.3	12.24 12.57	467.57 481.43	38.1 38.0	10.39	394.82
989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	36.3	12.57	401.40	36.0	10.55	054.02
990	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.4	12.92	496.13	38.1	10.79	411.10
991	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.1	13.20	502.92	38.1	11.15	424.82
992	41.0	11.46	10.95	469.86	38.3	13.43	514.37	38.2	11.39	435.10
993	41.4	11.74	11.18	486.04	39.3	13.55	532.52	38.2	11.74	448.47
994	42.0	12.07	11.43	506.94	39.7	13.78	547.07	38.4	12.06	463.10
995	41.6	12.37	11.74	514.59	39.4	14.13	556.72	38.3	12.43	476.07
996	41.6	12.78	12.12	531.65	39.6	14.44	571.82	38.3	12.87	492.92
				Mon	thly data, not	seasonally ad	justed			
996:										
October	41.9	\$12.83	\$12.15	\$537.58	39.7	\$14.49	\$575.25	38.3	\$12.94	\$495.60
November	42.1	12.93	12.23	544.35	39.8	14.57	579.89	38.3	13.06	500.20
December	42.8	13.07	12.34	559.40	39.9	14.60	582.54	38.7	13.20	510.84
997:		Į.	l	, I		.	{ !		·	
January	41.5	13.04	12.38	541.16	38.8	14.71	570.75	37.9	13.18	499.52
February	41.6	13.02	12.36	541.63	39.5	14.66	579.07	38.5	13.26	510.51
March	42.0	13.08	12.39	549.36	39.5	14.70	580.65	38.5	13.28	511.28
April	41.8	13.09	12.40	547.16	39.2	14.77	578,98	38.3	13.33	510.54
May	41.9	13.09	12.40	548.47	39.3	14.72	578.50	38.5	13.32	512.82
June	42.0	13.10	12.41	550.20	39.8	14.78	588.24	38.7	13.36	517.03
July	41.2	13.11	12.43	540.13	39.4	14.95	589.03	38.3	13.37	512.07
August	42.0	13.15	12.42	552.30	40.5	15.00	607.50	38.5	13.47	518.60
September ^p	42.4	13.24	12.47	561.38	39.6	15.05	595.98	38.4	13.52	519.17
October ^p	42.2	13.29	12.54	560.84	39.4	15.03	592.18	38.5	13.54	521.29

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurar and real estat			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				,	Annual averag	es			-
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4,99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7,59	247.43
1985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
1988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
1989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
1990	28.8	6.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
1991	28.6	6.94	198.48	35.7	10.39	370.92	32.4	10.23	331.45
1992	28.8	7.12	205.06	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.54	342.55
1993	28.8	7.29	209.95	35.8	11.35	406.33	32.5	10.78	350.35
1994	28.9	7.49	216.46	35.8	11.83	423.51	32.5	11.04	358.80
1995	28.8	7.69	221.47	35.9	12.32	442.29	32.4	11.39	369.04
1996	28.8	7.99	230.11	35.9	12.79	459.16	32.4	11.79	382.00
				Monthly da	ta, not seasor	ally adjusted			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1996:]				1			
October	28.7	\$8.12	\$233.04	35.7	\$12.87	\$459.46	32.4	\$11.93	\$386.53
November	28.6	8.13	232.52	35.8	12.97	464.33	32.4	12.04	390.10
December	29.3	8.16	239.09	36.7	13.02	477.83	32.7	12.16	397.63
1997:	23.0] 5.10) 55.7	10.02	1	JE.,	'-:.'0	1 007.00
January	28.0	8.24	230.72	35.7	12.99	463.74	32.0	12.19	390.08
February	28.7	8.24	236.49	36.7	13.15	482.61	32.7	12.19	400.25
March	28.7	8.27	237.35	36.5	13.20	481.80	32.6	12.24	399.02
April	28.6	8.28	236.81	35.9	13.09	469.93	32.4	12.24	395.28
May	28.8	8.27	238.18	35.9	13.18	473.16	32.4		394.31
June	29.4	8.27	243.14	36.6	13.18	484.22	32.4 32.8	12.17	
								12.15	398.52
July	29.6	8.27	244.79	35.8	13.18	471.84	32.8	12.07	395.90
August	29.7	8.29	246.21	36.1	13.35	481.94	32.9	12.12	398.75
0									
SeptemberP OctoberP	29.0 28.8	8.44 8.45	244.76 243.36	35.8 35.8	13.44 13.53	481.15 484.37	32.5 32.5	12.37 12.42	402.03 403.65

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.
p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)	ı												
Industry	}	1996			T		I	19	97	<u> </u>	T		
	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
Total	120,248	120,450	120,659	120,909	121,162	121,344	121,671	121,834	122,056	122,440	122,492	122,761	123,045
Total private	100,759	100,956	101,145	101,380	101,615	101,799	102,092	102,269	102,417	102,721	102,688	103,018	103,300
Goods-producing	24,479	24,508	24,540	24,581	24,653	24,670	24,667	24,702	24,714	24,713	24,765	24,756	24,827
Mining Metal mining		571 54	571 54	574 55	574 54	572 54	573 54	576 54	574 54	574 54	573 54	576 54	573 53
Coal mining	95	94	94	94	93	93	93	93	92	91	91	91	91
Oil and gas extraction		316 107	316 107	317 108	319 108	317 108	319 107	321 108	320 108	321 108	321 107	323 108	322 107
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	106	107	107	108	100	100	107	100	100	'~	'0'	100	107
Construction		5,495	5,521	5,542	5,604	5,609	5,599	5,628	5,622	5,625	5,637	5,637	5,657
General building contractors	1,265 771	1,272 773	1,281 772	1,287 774	1,298 791	1,298 777	1,297 767	1,300 777	1,302 766	1,308 761	1,306 764	1,304 764	1,316 758
Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors		3,450	3,468	3,481	3,515	3,534	3,535	3,551	3,554	3,556	3,567	3,569	3,583
Manufacturing	18,442	18,442	18,448	18,465	18,475	18,489	18,495	18,498	18,518	18,514	18,555	18,543	18,597
Durable goods		10,791	10,803	10,821	10,836	10,848	10,856	10,864	10,891	10,910 796	10,957	10,944 798	10,990
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures		787 504	788 505	789 506	793 507	797 507	799 506	800 508	797 508	796 510	798 506	798 508	798 511
Stone, clay, and glass products		541	543	543	543	542	541	540	538	541	541	541	542
Primary metal industries		708	707	708	708	709	710	708	709	708	711	712	713
Fabricated metal products	1,455	1,457	1,458	1,460	1,462	1,463	1,468	1,468	1,470	1,468	1,475	1,477	1,481
Industrial machinery and equipment		2,115	2,119	2,126	2,132	2,136	2,142	2,146	2,152	2,155	2,165	2,164	2,177
Computer and office equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment		365 1,649	366 1,647	367 1,645	370 1,645	372 1,645	1,643	378 1,644	379 1,651	381 1.658	1,661	384 1,663	385 1,669
Electronic components and			[·	'	1	'			·		'	<u> </u>
accessories	609	609	609	610 1,802	612 1,804	614 1,810	618 1,804	622 1,809	628 1,824	632 1,826	637 1,855	640 1,839	645 1,855
Transportation equipment		1,790 960	1,793 961	966	964	969	957	960	967	965	985	972	978
Aircraft and parts		475	479	483	487	491	495	498	505	510	514	515	518
Instruments and related products	855	854	856	854	854	853	855	854	856	859	858	858	861
Miscellaneous manufacturing	385	386	387	388	388	386	388	387	386	389	387	384	383
Nondurable goods		7,651	7,645	7,644	7,639	7,641	7,639	7,634	7,627	7,604	7,598	7,599	7,607
Food and kindred products		1,688	1,689 42	1,695 41	1,694 42	1,698 42	1,699	1,693	1,692	1,684	1,679 40	1,683 40	1,689 41
Tobacco products Textile mill products		616	615	615	612	612	609	609	607	608	604	605	606
Apparel and other textile products		844	840	835	831	827	822	818	816	810	810	803	802
Paper and allied products	679	679	678	678	678	677	677	677	675	675	675	675	674
Printing and publishing	1,539	1,535	1,534	1,534	1,534	1,535	1,541	1,546	1,550	1,549	1,547	1,548	1,551
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products		1,028	1,028 140	1,028 139	1,028	1,028 140	1,029	1,030	1,027 138	1,023	1,024 138	1,025	1,025 137
Rubber and misc, plastics products		985	985	985	987	988	988	988	989	986	991	993	993
Leather and leather products		93	94	94	94	94	93	93	92	90	90	89	89
Service-producing	1	95,942	96,119	96,328	96,509	96,674	97,004	97,132	1	97,727	97,727	98,005	98,218
Transportation and public utilities	6,293	6,303	6,288	6,351	6,376	6,405	6,421	6,431	6,434	6,443	6,289	6,459	6,488
Transportation	4,072	4,078 229	4,065 228	4,121 228	4,142 227	4,164 226	4,179 225	4,187 226	4,193 230	4,202 229	4,049 225	4,220 226	4,241 227
Local and interurban passenger	200	223	220	220	""			[و ا] ""
transit	445	447	449	452	453	455	460	458	457	461	464	461	462
Trucking and warehousing	1,648	1,649	1,642	1,656	1,664	1,671	1,676	1,687	1,686	1,692	1,703	1,708	1,712
Water transportation	173	173	173	175	175	175	177	176	178	176	179	176	181
Transportation by airPipelines, except natural gas		1,142	1,133	1,168 14	1,178	1,191	1,192	1,192 14	1,192 14	1,193	1,025 14	1,196 14	1,205 14
Transportation services		424	426	428	431	432	435	434	436	437	439	439	440
Communications and public utilities	2,221	2,225	2,223	2,230	2,234	2,241	2,242	2,244	2,241	2,241	2,240	2,239	2,247
Communications	1,343	1,347	1,347	1,354	1,358	1,364	1,369	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,376	1,375	1,385
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	878	878	876	876	876	877	873	872	869	869	864	864	862
Wholesale trade	6,538	6,549	6,559	6,570	6,593	6,611	6,622	6,630	6,634	6,664	6,675	6,688	6,710
Durable goodsNondurable goods	3,837	3,847 2,702	3,855 2,704	3,863 2,707	3,879	3,889 2,722	3,900 2,722	3,909 2,721	3,917 2,717	3,938 2,726	3,957	3,965	3,981
11011001a016 g0005	2,701	2,702	2,704	2,707	2,714	2,122	2,, 22	2,121	2,/ (/	2,120	2,718	2,723	2,729

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted—Continued

lands cabout		1996						19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
Retali trade	21,791	21,847	21,912	21,917	21,922	21,945	22,029	22,026	22,079	22,159	22,189	22,208	22,245
Building materials and garden supplies	905	909	914	914	918	922	931	932	928	930	929	926	922
General merchandise stores	2,756	2,761	2,769	2,757	2,752	2,783	2,799	2,787	2,798	2,803	2,822	2,819	2,822
Department stores	2,416	2,418	2,425	2,420	2,416	2,452	2,446	2,452	2,450	2,458	2,470	2,470	2,477
Food stores	3,458	3,467	3,468	3,474	3,477	3,478	3,480	3,482	3,487	3,502	3,505	3,502	3,521
Automotive dealers and service	0,400	0,407	0,400	0,474	0,477	0,470	0,400	0,402	0,-0,	0,002	0,000	0,002	0,021
stations	2,295	. 2,300	2,304	2,307	2,311	2,315	2,319	2,316	2,315	2,318	2,325	2,330	2,338
New and used car dealers	1,043	1,045	1,048	1,051	1,053	1,055	1,055	1,054	1,056	1,055	1,057	1,057	1,061
Apparel and accessory stores	1,107	1,107	1,106	1,107	1,103	1,104	1,105	1,099	1,097	1,096	1,102	1,102	1,102
Furniture and home furnishings stores	1,003	1,010	1,021	1,020	1,022	1,025	1,026	1,032	1,034	1,042	1,044	1,051	1,051
Eating and drinking places	7,516	7,530	7,551	7,552	7,556	7,525	7,571	7,572	7,595	7,639	7,618	7,624	7,624
Miscellaneous retail establishments	2,751	2,763	2,779	2,786	2,783	2,793	2,798	2,806	2,825	2,829	2,844	2,854	2,865
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,941	6,949	6,962	6,971	6,980	6,992	7,019	7,029	7,034	7,058	7,068	7,079	7,102
Finance	3,330	3,334	3,343	3,351	3,355	3,366	3,381	3,389	3,394	3,405	3,414	3,424	3,442
Depository institutions	2,028	2,029	2,030	2,032	2,034	2,037	2,041	2,043	2,044	2,048	2,048	2,046	2,053
Commercial banks	1,472	1,473	1,475	1,478	1,479	1,482	1,486	1,488	1,487	1,490	1,491	1,490	1,493
Savings institutions	259	257	256	255	255	254	253	253	254	253	252	251	251
Nondepository institutions	528	530	532	533	530	534	539	542	543	545	549	554	558
Mortgage bankers and brokers	236	238	240	239	241	242	243	244	243	243	245	248	250
Security and commodity brokers	562	564	568	572	576	579	583	586	586	592	595	600	605
Holding and other investment offices	212	211	213	214	215	216	218	218	221	220	222	224	226
Insurance	2,219	2,220	2,221	2,218	2,219	2,217	2,221	2,222	2,226	2,230	2,232	2,232	2,233
Insurance carriersInsurance agents, brokers, and	1,508	1,507	1,507	1,505	1,503	1,500	1,502	1,503	1,506	1,509	1,510	1,510	1,512
service	711	713	714	713	716	717	719	719	720	721	722	722	721
Real estate	1,392	1,395	1,398	1,402	1,406	1,409	1,417	1,418	1,414	1,423	1,422	1,423	1,427
Services ¹	34,717	34,800	34,884	34,990	35,091	35,176	35,334	35,451	35,522	35,684	35,702	35,828	35,928
Agricultrual services	635	639	638	647	649	648	664	669	668	673	675	681	685
Hotels and other lodging places	1,726	1,731	1,738	1,743	1,746	1,746	1,756	1,752	1,744	1,747	1,747	1,750	1,763
Personal services	1,193	1,194	1,194	1,195	1,197	1,196	1,193	1,189	1,182	1,182	1,185	1,189	1,190
Business services	7,379	7,398	7,437	7,476	7,521	7,577	7,594	7,618	7,645	7,682	7,657	7,711	7,735
Services to buildings	899	896	895	893	897	896	902	903	903	901	894	904	902
Personnel supply services	2,711	2,706	2,721	2,743	2,758	2,787	2,752	2,744	2,748	2,767	2,732	2,741	2,752
Help supply services	2,398	2,391	2,406	2,427	2,432	2,457	2,419	2,409	2,407	2,425	2,395	2,407	2,407
Computer and data processing												·	
services	1,236	1,246	1,256	1,268	1,278	1,291	1,306	1,322	1,337	1,347	1,360	1,373	1,388
Auto repair, services, and parking	1,104	1,107	1,112	1,117	1,123	1,126	1,132	1,136	1,131	1,137	1,139	1,144	1,151
Miscellaneous repair services	376	380	380	380	379	380	382	384	386	387	388	389	388
Motion pictures	529	528	530	530	532	529	528	532	537	539	550	552	551
Amusement and recreation services	1,478	1,481	1,483	1,490	1,495	1,494	1,503	1,542	1,561	1,576	1,563	1,572	1,559
Health services	9,532	9,552	9,567	9,586	9,600	9,612	9,644	9,673	9,673	9,697	9,712	9,731	9,757
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	1,695	1,700	1,703	1,713	1,720	1,721	1,728	1.740	1,740	1,745	1,745	1,752	1,764
Nursing and personal care facilities	1,742	1,745	1,747	1,750	1,751	1,753	1,760	1,764	1,761	1,762	1,765	1,763	1,765
Hospitals	3,829	3,834	3,839	3,841	3,846	3,852	3,857	3,864	3,869	3,877	3,884	3,891	3,900
Home health care services	670	674	673	677	676	678	684	682	682	685	685	686	686
Legal services	936	939	940	942	943	946	951	952	953	957	957	962	963
Educational services	2,035	2,041	2,040	2,042	2,046	2,047	2,062	2,062	2,074	2,089	2,094	2,095	2,106
Social services	2,422	2,425	2,426	2,432	2,438	2,445	2,458	2,466	2,474	2,494	2,497	2,508	2,511
Child day care services	576	576	575	578	579	580	581	587	590	594	600	593	594
Residential care	679	681	683	684	686	690	694	695	698	702	703	708	711
Museums and botanical and zoological													
gardens	86	86	87	87	87	87	87	88	88	88	88	88	89
Membership organizations	2,189	2,190	2,191	2,192	2,192	2,193	2,199	2,201	2,202	2,209	2,206	2,204	2,208
Engineering and management services	2,882	2,894	2,906	2,916	2,927	2,934	2,965	2,971	2,988	3,010	3,027	3,036	3,055
Engineering and architectural services	848	852	854	857	862	866	869	869	877	878	881	883	891
Management and public relations	892	904	911	913	919	923	936	941	950	959	968	965	973
Government	19,489	19,494	19,514	19,529	19,547	19,545	19,579	19,565	19,639	19,719	19,804	19,743	19,745
Federal	2,732	2,732	2,728	2,723	2,716	2,709	2,708	2,703	2,694	2,689	2,690	2,690	2,687
Federal, except Postal Service	1,879	1,874	1,870	1,862	1,861	1,856	1,856	1,851	1,843	1,839	1,830	1,833	1,832
State	4,618	4,620	4,621	4,621	4,624	4,622	4,635	4,636	4,640	4,671	4,664	4,676	4,666
Education	1,922	1,925	1,927	1,928	1,931	1,929	1,938	1,943	1,950	1,972	1,961	1,974	1,955
Other State government	2,696	2,695	2,694	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,697	2,693	2,690	2,699	2,703	2,702	2,711
Local	12,139	12,142	12,165	12,185	12,207	12,214	12,236	12,226	12,305	12,359	12,450	12,377	12,392
Education	6,797	6,807	6,815	6,831	6,849	6,853	6,858	6,850	6,902	6,954	7,030	6,971	6,961
Other local government	5,342	5,335	5,350	5,354	5,358	5,361	5,378	5,376	5,403	5,405	5,420	5,406	5,431
			-,	_,				_,5.5	-,		-,,	-,	_,,

 1 includes other industries, not shown separately. $^{\rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996

benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-4. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

			1996						19	97			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total	58,057	58,118	58,242	58,340	58,464	58,539	58,618	58,740	58,904	58,987	59,125	59,332	59,378
Total private	47,268	47,338	47,473	47,564	47,661	47,729	47,791	47,907	48,048	48,130	48,215	48,370	48,343
Goods-producing	6,613	6,604	6,612	6,613	6,619	6,621	6,618	6,622	6,632	6,634	6,651	6,650	6,649
Mining	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	79	79	79	79
Construction	608	607	610	613	615	616	618	619	624	628	629	631	631
Manufacturing	5,927	5,919	5,924	5,922	5,926	5,927	5,922	5,925	5,930	5,927	5,943	5,940	5,939
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Totale mill products Apparel and other textile products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc, plastics products	135 158 101 101 319 457 683 366 (1) 172 3,086 553 12 289 635 164 695 327 24	2,838 135 158 101 101 320 456 682 365 (1) 171 3,081 553 13 287 634 693 326 693 326 5335	2,842 136 157 102 101 321 458 680 (1) 171 3,082 554 13 288 632 164 694 327 24 335	2,845 136 158 101 101 321 459 680 369 (1) 171 3,077 555 13 287 628 164 693 326 2335	2,849 136 158 102 101 322 461 679 370 (1) 171 3,077 13 288 625 165 692 326 225 335	2,856 137 158 102 323 463 678 373 (1) 172 3,071 558 13 287 621 164 691 326 235	2,857 137 158 102 322 465 677 374 (1) 172 3,065 557 13 286 617 164 691 326 25 336	2,861 137 159 102 103 322 467 376 (1) 171 3,064 558 13 286 614 164 690 327 255 336	2,867 138 159 102 324 469 677 377 (1) 171 3,063 558 12 285 611 164 694 327 255 337	2,868 138 160 101 101 324 471 677 378 (1) 171 3,059 557 13 285 605 164 696 327 25 337	2,884 138 160 101 103 326 473 681 384 (1) 171 3,059 558 12 285 603 164 700 327 24 337	2,890 139 160 102 325 475 683 383 (1) 172 3,050 554 13 285 603 699 325 335	2,899 139 160 101 103 327 477 682 392 (1) 170 3,040 551 12 282 599 163 698 325 24 338
Leather and leather products	52	51	51	51	51	51	50	51	50	50 52,353	49 52 474	48 52,682	48 52 720
Service-producing Transportation and public utilities		51,514 1,920	1,916	1,921	1,905	1,927	1,931	1,936	1,941	1,944	1,943	1,940	1,893
Wholesale trade		2,013	2,019	2,023	2,025	2,033	2,036	2,043	2,045	2,049	2,050	2,054	2,056
Retail trade	11,420	11,436	11,485	11,513	11,550	11,536	11,523	11,562	11,603	11,609	11,633	11,679	11,687
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,362	4,368	4,377	4,383	4,392	4,395	4,400	4,406	4,418	4,429	4,437	4,445	4,454
Services	20,948	20,997	21,064	21,111	21,170	21,217	21,283	21,338	21,409	21,465	21,501	21,602	21,604
Government Federal State Local	1,158	10,780 1,156 2,340 7,284	10,769 1,155 2,340 7,274	10,776 1,157 2,342 7,277	10,803 1,165 2,342 7,296	10,810 1,155 2,341 7,314	10,827 1,151 2,348 7,328	10,833 1,149 2,350 7,334	10,856 1,147 2,354 7,355	10,857 1,147 2,364 7,346	10,910 1,144 2,368 7,398	10,962 1,141 2,391 7,430	11,035 1,142 2,390 7,503

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component, which is small relative to the trend-cycle and irregular components, cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from

March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-5. Production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		1996						19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
Total private	82,586	82,726	82,892	83,043	83,318	83,476	83,664	83,865	83,965	84,243	84,097	84,392	84,628
Goods-producing	17,385	17,420	17,451	17,495	17,578	17,561	17,542	17,592	17,573	17,577	17,610	17,604	17,676
Mining	425	427	427	430	432	432	432	437	435	435	434	435	435
Construction	4,229	4,256	4,281	4,307	4,384	4,358	4,336	4,365	4,347	4,350	4,361	4,358	4,373
Manufacturing	12,731	12,737	12,743	12,758	12,762	12,771	12,774	12,790	12,791	12,792	12,815	12,811	12,868
Durable goods	7,379	7,390	7,398	7,417	7,427	7,437	7,440	7,454	7,466	7,482	7,525	7,512	7,556
Lumber and wood products	646	648	650	652	652	656	658	659	656	655	656	656	657
Furniture and fixtures	397	398	399	400	401	402	402	403	404	405	403	404	407
Stone, clay, and glass products	423	422	423	423	424	422	420	420	419	422	422	421	423
Primary metal industries	552	552	552	553	553	553	553	553	555	554	558	557	560
Fabricated metal products	1,094	1,096	1,097	1,099	1,101	1,103	1,107	1,107	1,109	1,106	1,116	1,115	1,119
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,319	1,320	1,324	1,331	1,336	1,342	1,349	1,350	1,354	1,356	1,361	1,360	1,371
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,046	1,045	1,043	1,042	1,043	1,043	1,041	1,040	1,043	1,048	1,054	1,053	1,059
Transportation equipment	1,209	1,216	1,216	1,222	1,222	1,225	1,220	1,231	1,234	1,243	1,265	1,257	1,272
Motor vehicles and equipment	757	758	759	762	759	761	752	758	766	768	784	774	779
Instruments and related products	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	271	`271	`272	`273	`273	271	`271	`272	`271	272	`271	`269	`268
Nondurable goods	5,352	5,347	5,345	5,341	5,335	5,334	5,334	5,336	5,325	5,310	5,290	5,299	5,312
Food and kindred products	1,249	1,252	1,256	1,260	1,257	1,261	1,263	1,257	1,256	1,248	1,242	1,249	1,254
Tobacco products	32	33	32	32	32	32	31	31	31	32	31	31	32
Textile mill products	525	522	522	522	519	519	517	516	515	516	512	514	514
Apparel and other textile products	694	690	686	683	680	675	671	670	667	665	658	654	653
Paper and allied products		517	517	517	517	516	516	517	515	514	513	514	515
Printing and publishing		837	836	834	834	834	839	846	847	846	842	839	844
Chemicals and allied products		569	568	567	567	567	567	568	566	565	566	570	572
Petroleum and coal products	92	92	92	91	92	92	92	92	91	91	91	91	91
Rubber and misc. plastics products	763	764	763	763	765	766	767	768	767	764	767	770	769
Leather and leather products	72	71	73	72	72	72	71	71	70	69	68	67	68
Service-producing	65,201	65,306	65,441	65,548	65,740	65,915	66,122	66,273	66,392	66,666	66,487	66,788	66,952
Transportation and public utilities	5,302	5,308	5,298	5,349	5,372	5,397	5,412	5,420	5,421	5,419	5,226	5,428	5,443
Wholesale trade	5,284	5,292	5,298	5,307	5,323	5,340	5,339	5,348	5,347	5,368	5,374	5,379	5,388
Retail trade	19,180	19,216	19,277	19,282	19,298	19,338	19,384	19,398	19,434	19,497	19,513	19,522	19,575
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5,066	5,069	5,077	5,088	5,099	5,103	5,124	5,135	5,137	5,154	5,161	5,167	5,183
Services	30,369	30,421	30,491	30,522	30,648	30,737	30,863	30,972	31,053	31,228	31,213	31,292	31,363
		l	L	L	İ		i	<u> </u>	L			İ	<u> </u>

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

2 This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component, which is small relative to the trend-cycle and irregular components,

cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-6. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private no	onfarm pay	yrolis, 356	industries	1			
Over 1-month span: 1993	59.7 57.6 62.4 51.7 59.3	61.0 61.9 60.1 64.3 59.1	49.6 67.1 54.5 60.1 59.0	57.6 64.5 55.6 54.9 61.1	61.5 57.7 48.0 62.9 57.4	56.2 63.9 53.9 60.5 50.7	55.5 62.5 54.1 56.5 58.8	58.3 62.6 59.8 59.3 58.7	62.2 61.4 57.0 54.4 P 55.5	59.6 60.3 54.9 62.6 P 62.6	61.7 63.8 57.2 58.1	59.3 62.4 57.9 61.0
Over 3-month span; 1993	64.7 65.3 65.4 62.6 64.6	60.8 69.5 62.5 63.6 62.2	60.5 70.4 58.7 62.6 64.2	58.6 68.7 53.2 61.2 65.6	62.9 67.1 54.6 62.1 59.7	63.6 67.0 52.4 63.1 58.7	59.6 69.1 57.9 62.6 59.1	62.9 69.7 59.6 58.8 P 63.6	64.7 65.7 59.7 62.8 P 63.6	66.9 65.6 59.0 60.4	64.3 67.0 57.0 64.7	63.6 66.2 56.3 65.0
Over 6-month span: 1993	62.9 71.1 66.9 62.2 67.6	64.6 69.8 61.4 63.5 66.6	64.3 69.8 58.1 63.5 64.5	64.3 70.9 56.6 63.5 64.6	62.2 70.1 58.1 62.6 64.3	65.6 69.8 58.1 61.2 P 64.5	66.0 69.7 56.7 65.3 P 66.9	64.9 69.4 59.8 63.6	66.3 69.4 60.3 62.6	66.7 67.4 59.1 64.5	69.4 67.7 61.5 64.2	69.2 66.2 63.3 67.4
Over 12-month span: 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	64.9 70.2 63.6 63.5 67.3	63.9 71.6 62.4 64.7 66.2	64.0 71.8 62.6 62.4 P69.8	65.4 71.8 63.3 62.9 P 69.8	67.0 72.1 61.7 64.7	67.6 71.8 61.9 64.2	67.6 71.5 58.7 65.0	67.0 72.1 62.2 63.1	70.2 70.1 62.2 63.8	69.5 69.5 61.1 66.7	69.2 66.6 62.2 65.7	70.1 65.0 63.3 65.0
					Manufac	turing pay	rolls, 139	industries				
Over 1-month span: 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	52.2 55.8 54.3 45.7 54.0	56.8 59.0 56.1 54.3 50.4	49.6 60.4 44.2 47.8 52.9	44.2 58.6 51.4 39.2 52.9	53.2 52.9 42.1 52.2 51.4	46.4 58.6 42.8 52.2 49.3	49.3 59.4 43.5 44.2 51.8	51.8 56.1 52.2 52.9 49.6	57.9 52.9 47.1 44.2 P 54.3	52.2 55.0 50.0 50.7 P 57.6	54.0 58.6 47.5 49.6	55.8 58.3 50.7 52.2
Over 3-month span: 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	61.5 61.9 59.7 47.5 53.2	59.0 64.7 50.4 47.8 51.4	54.0 65.5 47.5 42.1 50.7	46.8 59.7 40.3 38.5 52.5	48.6 57.6 42.4 43.2 48.6	54.3 60.1 36.3 45.0 48.9	51.1 62.2 38.5 48.9 48.6	58.3 57.9 43.9 43.2 P 53.2	57.2 55.0 49.3 50.4 P 54.7	59.4 55.4 46.4 46.4	54.7 60.1 45.3 52.5	58.3 59.4 43.9 52.5
Over 6-month span: 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	55.8 62.2 55.8 41.4 53.2	58.6 62.2 48.6 41.7 53.2	58.6 62.6 43.9 41.0 50.4	55.8 63.3 38.8 38.1 49.3	51.8 59.4 39.2 39.6 48.6	57.2 56.5 39.6 40.6 P 51.4	59.7 56.5 38.8 47.5 P 57.2	57.2 58.6 39.6 46.8	57.6 58.6 43.9 45.3	58.3 55.0 45.0 50.4	62.6 58.3 44.2 48.2	60.8 55.0 44.6 53.2
Over 12-month span: 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	56.8 57.9 46.0 39.6 51.4	57.9 58.6 44.2 42.8 47.8	55.8 60.8 46.0 39.2 P 52.5	58.6 60.8 47.8 39.6 P 55.4	57.2 60.8 41.0 42.4	57.6 63.3 41.7 40.3	58.6 59.4 38.5 43.5	59.0 60.1 38.8 40.3	61.2 57.2 36.3 43.5	59.7 56.5 37.4 46.8	60.1 50.4 38.1 46.4	57.6 49.6 39.9 47.1

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within

where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1996) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1993) are subject to revision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment,

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		199	6						1997				
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
							Total ¹						
labama	1,829.8	1,831.0	1,834.8	1,836.5	1,837.3	1,839.6	1,847.3	1,844.0	1,847.5	1,841.8	1,845.2	1,846.4	1,844
laska	262.8	262.9	262.8	263.0	262.6	262.6	263.2	264.4	265.4	265.1	267.0	266.7	26
rizona	1,922.6	1,926.3	1,936.8	1,937.1	1,934.5	1,950.2	1,956.9	1,960.4	1,972.1	1,974.7	1,980.5	1,982.2	1,99
rkansas	1,087.7	1,089.0	1,090.6	1,092.7	1,090.0	1,092.5	1,094.6	1,095.7	1,097.9	1,099.1	1,095.6	1,096.0	1,09
alifornia	12,840.1	12,888.3	12,931.2	12,944.5	12,960.1	13,004.1	13,052.6	13,070.3	13,107.3	13,128.5	13,143.0	13,150.2	13,20
olorado	1,911.5	1,913.2	1,919,1	1,921.5	1,922.0	1,933.3	1.938.6	1,933.5	1.935.8	1.938.9	1.940.3	1.938.9	1.94
onnecticut	1,590.9	1,592.5	1,595.3	1,596.5	1,593.6	1,597.4	1,598.6	1,602.6	1,607.0	1,613.2	1,620.5	1,620.5	1,62
elaware	378.6	379.3	380.3	382.1	381.5	383.9	385.0	386.1	387.6	388.1	388.5	389.5	39
istrict of Columbia	620.7	619.7	619.0	620.7	618.0	621.3	619.6	615.8	813.2	614.9	618.1	614.1	61
lorida	6,228.7	6,237.6	6,268.2	6,283.3	6,297.4	8,316.7	6,330.6	6,358.5	6,384.0	6,399.1	6,404.6	6,414.9	6,45
eorgia	3,527,7	3.546.4	3.558.8	3.571.0	3,555.0	3.558.1	3.567.7	3.573.9	3,584.4	3,588.9	3,609.4	3.622.8	3.64
lawaii	528.4	529.2	526.8	528.2	532.3	530.9	528.8	529.0	528.1	528.1	527.1	529.0	53
	494.1	497.7	497.7	498.0	497.2	499.0	500.5	501.3	503.5	501.2	502.9	502.1	49
laho	5,700.5	5,694.9	5,704.5	5,714,4	5,699.8	5,708.8	5,721.7	5,733.2	5,743.3	5,752.1	5,752.9	5,753.4	5.76
linois	2,828.6	2,826.9	2,827.5	2,825.7	2,814.9	2,823.2	2,833.8	2,839.1	2,852.2	2,855.1	2,842.9	2,850.6	2,8
ndiana	2,020.0	2,020.9	2,027.5	2,023.7	2,014.9	2,023.2	2,000.0	2,009.1	2,002.2	2,033.1	2,042.9	2,030.0	2,0
wa	1,375.6	1,383.6	1,386.9	1,392.1	1,391.4	1,393.3	1,395.5	1,400.7	1,403.2	1,407.2	1,404.4	1,403.0	1,4
ansas	1,230.1	1,242.4	1,251.0	1,247.4	1,247.6	1,250.5	1,258.8	1,257.8	1,263.2	1,263.4	1,266.7	1,263.7	1,20
entucky	1,674.0	1,679.6	1,680.9	1,688.6	1,689.2	1,691.9	1,701.6	1,704.3	1,709.7	1,708.7	1,711.2	1,706.4	1,7
ouisiana	1,819.4	1,624.2	1,827.6	1,829.6	1,828.2	1,831.0	1,833.1	1,837.9	1,835.8	1,839.2	1,838.9	1,837.0	1,8
aine	542.1	541.0	541.2	540.8	545.2	545.7	546.5	546.3	548.4	548.0	549.8	551.2	5
aryland	2.214.5	2.215.7	2,220.3	2,223.1	2,225.6	2,238.1	2,243.5	2,238.5	2,244.7	2,254.2	2,253.8	2,246.7	2,2
lassachusetts	3,058.9	3,064.7	3,071.7	3,075.9	3,071.4	3,075.7	3,083.3	3,090.7	3,103.1	3,107.3	3,115.0	3,117.6	3,1
lichigan	4,367.5	4,369.8	4,371.0	4,376.2	4,377.9	4,398.1	4,401.4	4,398.6	4,409.8	4,406.2	4,401.1	4,402.0	4,4
finnesota	2,442.6	2,441.6	2.448.5	2,453.7	2,455.6	2,465.5	2,474.1	2.468.4	2,478.7	2.487.7	2,489.4	2,489.4	2.4
fississippi	1,095.3	1,094.8	1,096.2	1,096.5	1,093.2	1,093.8	1,097.2	1,099.1	1,101.7	1,097.7	1,099.9	1,104.6	1,10
fissouri	2,558.5	2.579.5	2.584.3	2,592.8	2.584.1	2.599.8	2,599.6	2,597.9	2.609.0	2.611.9	2.601.5	2.610.5	2.6
Nontana	357.4	360.8	362.9	360.6	359.6	361.5	362.3	383.1	365.1	364.4	364.4	364.4	30
lebraska	835.3	839.2	843.0	843.4	848.6	848.6	852.5	848.7	847.5	848.7	853.2	847.4	8
levada	856.9	859.3	869.4	l 869.9	874.1	879.4	882.8	886.8	890.6	898.3	898.8	896.9	9
lew Hampshire	563.3	565.9	565.6	566.6	566.1	566.4	568.0	568.0	572.8	574.4	579.5	576.2	5
lew Jersey	3.658.6	3.660.8	3.665.9	3.668.7	3.678.2	3.686.1	3.691.0	3.692.0	3.694.5	3,701.0	3.706.1	3.697.7	3.7
lew Mexico	695.0	696.4	698.2	700.6	699.0	700.1	701.1	701.6	702.8	707.8	708.2	707.1	7
lew York	7,939.9	7,952.0	7,959.1	7,963.4	7,942.0	7,958.0	7,977.3	7,984.4	7.994.4	8,001.4	8,015.0	8.016.1	8.0
lorth Carolina	3,571.2	3,599.5	3,608.6		3,619.8	3,617.1	3,628.4	3,629.9	3,636.8	3,634.0	3,628.0	3,631.4	3,6
orth Dakota	310.4	310.3	312.0		312.6	314.3	314.0	312.6	315.3	318.0	318.0	318.4	3
Ohio	5,310,1	5.316.5	5.317.5	5.329.7	5.326.9	5.335.6	5.339.0	5,335.3	5,347.7	5.357.9	5,351.6	5,360.1	5.3
Oklahoma	1,359.1	1,368.6	1,373.1	1,376.6		1,380.3	1,384.2	1,378.9	1,386.4	1,387.8	1,391.8	1,402.1	1.4
Pregon	1,488.0	1,491.7	1,500.9			1,512.6	1,510.8		1,523.5	1,526.1	1,529.6	1,527.3	
ennsylvania	5,339.7	5,345.0	5,350.6		5,367.8	5,388.2	5,393.0		5,422.2	5,420.4	5,421.7	5,414.6	
thode Island	445.1	444.2	445.8			442.5	444.1	444.9	445.1	444.3	443.9	445.9	
outh Carolina	1.681.9	1,678.6	1,691.4	1,684.1	1.680.2	1,685.1	1.691.0	1.696.7	1.703.3	1,706.5	1.707.9	1.708.3	1.7
outh Dakota	350.0	350.2	351.1	351.4	350.1	351.8			354.4	352.4	353.9	353.2	з
ennessee	2.543.4	2,542.1	2,551.4			2,558.6			2,550.1	2.555.5		2,550.5	
exas	8,280.4	8,319.0	8,335.2			8.374.7	8.391.5		6,442.2	8,447.0	8,465.2	8,486.1	8.5
tah	962.7	985.3	969.5	973.6	974.9	979.0	980.3		989.2	994.7	996.8	997.8	
ermont	274.6	278.2	276.2	275.9	277.1	277.6	277.2	278.0	278.5	279.3	279.0	278.2	2
irginia	3,144.9	3,159.3	3,165.0			3,193.9			3,200.9	3,200.8		3,219.5	
Vashington	2,423.7	2,434.9	2,440.0			2,456.6			2,485.0			2,512.9	
Vest Virginia	699.2	700.7	702.6		701.5	703.7	708.2		707.9	709.9		711.2	
Visconsin	2,615.1	2.620.8	2.628.5	2.629.0	2,624.4	2.627.8			2,645.1	2,651.1	2,647.6	2,651.8	
Vyoming	222.1	222.7	221.7	221.7	221.0	221.4	222.1	221.0	221.7	220.2	221.7	221.2	
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B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

2		199	6						1997				
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P
						Co	nstruction						
Alabama	95.0	95.0	96.5	96.5	97.8	98.2	99.9	98.9	100.3	98.8	98.8	98.5	98.
Alaska	12.3	12.4	12.6	12.8	12.6	12.1	11.8	12.2	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.
Arizona	127.4	128.4	129.0	129.2	126.4	127.0	127.8	129.3	132.0	132.6	133.9	133.0	133.
Arkansas	48.2	48.2	48.1	48.3	47.4	48.1	49.1	49.4	49.5	49.7	49.7	50.0	50
California	516.7	522.9	528.8	527.4	537.8	548.1	549.5	548.5	552.4	553.3	559.7	564.6	567
Colorado	112.9	112.9	114.6	114.7	111.7	115.8	115.9	116.4	116.7	116.2	116.3	116.5	118
Connecticut	52.8	52.3	51.9	51.7	51.9	52.6	53.1	53.7	54.7	55.7	55.7	55.9	56
Delaware	21.2	21.4	21.5	21.9	21.6	22.1	22.1	22.1	22.3	22.8	22.6	22.8	23
District of Columbia	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	9.1	9.0	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.4	8
Florida	323.7	323.1	324.0	324.9	325.9	329.2	328.9	329.7	331.4	335.1	335.6	335.9	337
Georgia	163.3	163.9	164.8	165.8	164.1	165.2	164.0	165.5	164.8	164.7	165.4	166.8	168
ławaii ²	23.2	23.1	20.7	22.7	22.4	22.4	21.8	21.5	21.3	21.4	21.1	20.9	21
daho	30.3	30.9	30.5	30.4	30.2	30.7	31.5	32.2	33.0	33.0	33.1	33.4	33
linois	221.7	221.4	222.1	223.2	220.5	219.1	220.0	225.8	222.3	224.2	225.0	225.4	225
ndiana	132.5	131.7	131.1	132.9	131.0	132.9	133.9	137.6	138.5	137.3	135.4	135.0	134
owa	57.9	58.6	58.8	61.3	59.1	60.7	60.9	63.0	62.5	62.0	61.9	61.2	61
(ansas	56.6	57.1	57.5	58.2	56.7	58.1	60.2	60.0	60.6	60.3	60.6	60.7	61
Kentucky	78.3	78.1	78.3	77.8	79.8	78.7	79.0	78.6	78.9	77.0	78.0	77.7	77
ouisiana	112.1	113.0	113.7	113.6	112.8	114.1	111.6	114.2	113.6	114.1	114.3	115.8	114
Maine	23.5	23.8	23.7	23.6	23.8	23.5	23.7	23.4	23.6	24.0	24.2	24.5	24
Maryland	131.0	131.8	132.8	133.3	137.6	139.2	140.7	139.0	138.5	138.9	138.1	138.3	137
Massachusetts	95.2	95.4	95.9	97.0	97.2	98.3	98.2	98.4	99.9	98.7	98.9	98.9	98
Michigan	170.0	170.5	171.0	172.9	173.3	179.7	180.5	183.4	184.8	186.6	187.0	188.8	187
/linnesota	89.4	89.0	89.0	89.7	92.3	92.3	92.3	91.3	92.6	93.1	92.5	92.9	93
Mississippi	48.4	48.3	49.3	49.6	48.5	48.1	48.0	48.7	49.1	48.4	48.9	50.2	50
Missouri	115.7	117.7	118.4	120.5	117.7	121.7	118.5	116.0	117.8	117,1	116.8	118.7	121
Montana	16.9	17.8	17.8	17.5	16.8	17.4	17.3	17.2	18.4	18.0	18.4	19.0	18
lebraska	37.1	36.8	37.0	37.1	38.3	38.6	39.0	38.0	38.2	37.8	37.8	37.5	37
levada	78.9	79.3	80.4	80.0	80.2	81.5	81.4	83.2	83,4	84.5	84.5	84.5	85
New Hampshire	21.3	21.5	21.5	21.6	21.2	21.1	21.2	21.0	22.1	21.6	21.0	21.3	2.
lew Jersey	125.7	124.4	124.2	124.0	125.0	125.4	126.3	125.7	126.6	126.5	126.3	127.6	128
lew Mexico	42.3	41.8	41.3	41.5	41.4	41.9	42.0	41.3	41.7	41.8	42.2	42.3	42
New York	260.9	260.5	260.2	261.4	251.2	253.9	257.9	259.4	260.8	262.0	263.8	267.3	269
North Carolina	191.2	193.1	194.1	194.6	198.2	200.3	200.5	199.7	199.2	197.8	198.2	199.4	201
North Dakota	15.1	14.9	15.2	15.5	15.6	15.9	15.8	14.8	15.7	18.9	16.9	16.8	16
Ohio	214.1	215.6	214.6	217.2	215.4	217.7	217.7	219.9	220.8	222.4	219.6	218.7	219
Oklahoma	50.4	50.8	50.8	51.5	51.0	51.7	52.2	51.5	51.7	51.7	51.6	52.1	52
Oregon	80.2	81.3	81.3	81.5	81.8	81.9	79.5	81.7	83.5	85.6	85.6	86.2	87
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	204.6 13.3	205.4 13.5	204.6 13.4	205.8 13.3	211.6 13.9	214.2 14.3	213.0 14.8	214.4 15.1	214.2 14.8	218.2 14.2	215.5 14.5	215.5 14.9	216
	04.5]			ŀ	1				
South Carolina	94.5	94.6	94.7	95.2	95.8	96.3	96.6	96.1	97.3	98.9	98.5	98.9	98
South Dakota	14.8	14.7	14.6	14.8	14.8	14.7	14.3	14.1	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	15
ennessee	113.5	114.2	114.9	114.7	115.1	115.8	114.5	114.5	118.0	117.8	118.7	119.2	119
fexasltah	437.4 60.8	444.0 61.2	444.5 61.6	445.1 61.9	437.1 62.0	447.3 62.1	449.2 61.5	451.1 61.4	456.0 63.9	458.8 65.1	457.7 66.3	460.5 66.2	461 67
/ermont	13.1	13.2	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.6	12.2	12.3	12.2	12.1	12.2	12.3	12
/irginia	177.0	176.6	177.1	178.2	183.1	184.5	184.5	183.0	183.0	182.5	182.4	182.8	181
Vashington	128.4	129.4	129.7	130.1	130.6	130.6	131.1	132.4	132.5	133.0	133.3	134.3	134
Vest Virginia	35.4	35.2	35.1	35.2	35.4	35.7	36.8	36.2	35.0	35.5	36.0	36.5	35
Visconsin	109.1	108.7	108.9	108.9	107.8	106.8	109.0	110.0	111.4	113.0	112.9	112.7	110
Vyoming	14.6	14.6	14.4	14.6	14.6	14.3	14.2	13.9	14.2	13.7	14.0	14.5	14
· , · B · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17.0	17.0	17.7	17.0	17.0	17.5	(7.2	13.9	14.2	19.7	14.0	14.5	. 1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

(In thousands)

20.1		199	6						1997				
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p
						Mar	nufacturing	9					
Alabama	380.6	380.7	381.4	381.5	382.5	382.1	383.1	380.9	380.4	378.2	378.4	378.8	375.5
Alaska	15.3	16.1	16.2	16.0	16.2	15.9	16.6	16.8	16.6	15.3	15.0	14.9	15.1
Arizona	200.4	200.8	200.9	200.7	201.6	202.6	203.2	203.4	203.9	204.6	206.0	207.0	208.4
ArkansasCalifornia	252.2 1,861.6	252.7 1,867.0	252.3 1,870.0	252.3 1,871.5	251.5 1,870.4	252.9 1,875.5	251.9 1,882.7	252.7 1,888.0	253.0 1,891.0	252.8 1,895.8	250.6 1,897.8	250.4 1,897.4	251.4 1,902.8
California	,		· ·		·				1,691.0	1,095.0	1,097.0	1,097.4	1,902.0
Colorado	196.3	196.3	196.4	197.0	196.8	197.5	197.6	197.6	197.3	197.1	198.4	199.6	200.4
Connecticut	274.2	274.7	275.0	275.2	274.1	274.4	273.6	274.4	273.9	274.5	275.5	276.2	273.7
Delaware	56.1	56.3	56.5	56.8	57.6	57.9	58.1	58.2	58.4	58.7	58.4	58.8	59.5
District of Columbia	13.0 492.1	13.0 492.2	13.1 492.0	13.3 493.0	13.0 492.4	13.1 492.4	13.2 492.4	13.2 491.8	13.5 493.0	13.6 493.9	13.6 494.0	13.6 493.0	13.7 493.1
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Georgia	585.3	588.7	588.1	587.9	587.6	588.6	588.8	587.6	588.9	587.7	587.0	586.6	586.4
Hawaii	16.4 72.5	16.6 72.8	16.4 72.9	16.5 73.0	16.5 73.3	16.5	16.4 73.1	16.5	16.4	16.4	18.3	16.2	15.9
Idaho	973.5	974.7	975.8	976.5	977.0	73.2 980.8	979.2	73.8 978.8	73.7 978.3	72.8 978.7	72.9 979.0	73.7 979.2	74.3 977.0
IllinoisIndiana	973.5 672.8	671.7	671.6	671.6	671.9	673.3	673.6	672.4	672.9	978.7 670.6	979.0 670.4	979.2 673.5	977.0 671.2
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lowa	246.4	247.6	247.9	248.1	248.7	247.1	247.0	248.9	249.0	248.9	248.7	249.2	249.1
Kansas	197.4	198.5	198.9	199.3	199.3	199.7	200.9	201.8	202.1	203.8	204.4	205.3	206.0
Kentucky	310.8	312.8	312.7	310.8	313.4	312.5	315.6	314.4	312.9	315.1	315.2	315.5	316.7
Louisiana	188.7 87.7	187.9	188.2 87.6	188.4 87.4	188.0	188.6	187.6	189.2	187.9	190.0	190.1	189.3	188.6
Maine	87.7	87.5	87.6	87.4	87.8	87.7	87.9	87.7	88.0	87.7	87.0	88.3	88.1
Maryland	173.9	173.5	173.4	173.3	173.6	174.1	174.1	173.7	173.2	173.6	172.9	173.2	171.5
Massachusetts	442.5	443.0	442.8	443.4	445.0	445.1	445.5	445.5	446.4	447.1	448.5	448.8	448.5
Michigan	971.9	966.7	964.6	962.0	964.3	963.9	962.8	956.6	957.7	952.4	952.1	957.1	950.8
Minnesota	429.3	427.3	428.5	429.7	432.4	433.0	433.9	435.6	436.8	436.7	436.5	435.7	435.5
Mississippi	244.3	242.8	241.8	241.6	242.0	242.0	243.0	242.4	243.3	242.2	243.2	240.1	238.9
Missouri	408.1	412.5	412.0	410.6	411.0	412.9	411.8	408.7	410.8	409.7	404.4	413.0	408.8
Montana	23.8	23.8	23.9	23.7	23.7	23.9	23.9	24.0	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.3	24.2
Nebraska	113.6	114.3	114.7	114.8	114.1	114.5	114.9	114.6	114.9	115.0	116.6	114.6	114.7
Nevada	38.9	39.1	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.7	39.7	39.9	39.9	39.9	39.9	40.3
New Hampshire	105.0	105.0	104.8	105.0	105.3	106.1	106.5	106.4	106.9	107.0	107.9	106.9	107.0
New Jersey	483.8	482.6	483.2	483.3	487.1	485.3	484.4	485.5	482.8	482.5	481.9	481.4	479.3
New Mexico	45.7	45.6	45.8	45.8	45.9	46.1	46.1	46.2	46.2	46.7	46.8	46.6	46.6
New York	919.2	917.1	916.1	916.3	915.3	913.7	915.2	915.4	916.0	917.3	919.8	920.0	919.2
North Carolina	843.1	845.4	844.8	844.4	844.1	841.5	842.6	840.6	841.4	842.6	842.7	839.4	840.2
North Dakota	21.7	21.8	21.9	22.1	22.1	22.2	22.2	22.5	22.9	23.0	23.0	23.3	22.7
Ohio	1,093.7	1,093.4	1,085.3	1,088.2	1,086.5	1,085.1	1,090.4	1,085.6	1,084.3	1,083.5	1,073.4	1,084.7	1,082.5
Oklahoma	175.1	176.0	176.0	176.7	176.9	177.0	177.0	173.7	174.4	177.9	178.4	179.6	180.1
Oregon	236.4	236.7	237.9	238.6	240.3	240.8	242.0	243.5	245.5	245.0	245.3	243.5	244.5
Pennsylvania	929.0	929.0	930.1	930.4	931.3	932.6	932.8	934.1	933.9	933.7	932.0	932.7	934.9
Rhode Island	82.0	81.7	81.6	81.5	81.2	80.5	80.3	80.7	81.5	81.1	80.0	80.5	80.6
South Carolina	362.7	361.6	359.7	359.3	359.7	360.7	361.5	360.3	360.8	360.3	359.5	358.2	357.2
South Dakota	47.8	48.2	48.3	48.5	48.6	49.0	49.0	49.1	49.6	49.7	50.3	49.0	48.7
Tennessee	522.4 1.057.3	521.5 1,059.7	520.6 1,060.5	520.5 1,061.6	520.0 1.058.9	520.9 1.061.9	516.9 1.063.5	518.1 1.067.2	514.8 1.069.0	514.9 1.069.3	512.8	513.7	512.0
Texas Utah	1,057.3	1,059.7	1,060.5	1,061.6	1,058.9	1,061.9	1,063.5	1,067.2	1,069.0	1,069.3	1,069.5 131.4	1,071.8 131.9	1,073.9 131.7
Vermont	46.0	45.8	46.1	46.0	46.1	46.3	46.2	46,0	46.6	46.5	46.8	46.6	46.9
Virginia	397.4	397.0	397.8	399.1	396.0	398.5	398.4	397.8	397.4	397.0	395.6	395.3	393.7
Washington	347.3	351.1	352.9	356.5	357.6	359.0	360.8	361.4	364.4	367.0	370.2	372.2	373.2
West Virginia	81.6	81.4	81.4	81.2	81.7	81.1	81.7	81.8	82.3	82.0	82.0	82.0	82.7
Wisconsin	601.2	602.0	600.8	599.5	599.4	600.5	600.1	602.6	603.4	603.5	602.2	605.4	604.2
Wyoming	10.7	10.7	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.8	10.7	10.8	11.1	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.6
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B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

_		199	16						1997		_		
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арг.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept
					Tra	nsportatio	n and put	olic utilities			,		
Nabama	90.1	90.2	90.1	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.5	90.5	90.3	90.0	90.3	88.7	90
laska	22.5	22.6	22.5	22.6	22.7	22.9	22.9	23.3	23.8	23.5	23.4	23.3	2:
rizona	93.8	94.3	94.4	94.9	94.8	95.0	95.1	95.4	95.7	95.2	96.0	93.3	9
Arkansas	64.6	64.5	64.7	64.8	65.4	65.3	65.8	65.9	66.1	65.8	65.5	64.0	6
alifornia	645.1	645.2	646.3	645.4	651.6	654.1	654.4	655.8	659.7	660.5	659.7	635.6	66
olorado	119.9	119.2	119.2	117.8	118.0	117.9	117.1	117.2	115.7	116.6	115.3	112.4	11
Connecticut	73.0	73.2	73.5	73.0	73.4	73.7	74.0	74.7	75.5	76.0	76.1	73.4	7
elaware	15.8	15.8	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.9	15.7	15.8	15.8	15.9	16.4	16.0	1 1
District of Columbia	18.7	18.9	19.0	19.3	19.2	19.2	19.0	18.7	18.6	18.5	18.2	18.2	1 1
lorida	315.3	316.6	318.3	322.1	321.9	322.0	323.5	323.3	322.8	324.0	324.1	316.9	32
Seorgia	221.6	222.2	222.6	223.3	223.6	223.8	225.2	225.4	226.6	228.1	230.7	225.9	23
lawaii	40.9	41.1	41.2	41.1	41.2	41.0	41.4	41.2	41.0	40.8	41.2	40.7	4
daho	23.2	23.6	23.6	23.5	23.4	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.5	23.7	23.7	23.4	2
llinois	330.1	333.0	333.3	334.9	338.5	338.6	339.1	340.5	341.0	342.3	341.4	327.2	34
ndiana	138.5	139.1	139.1	139.7	138.6	139.2	139.8	140.4	140.4	140.1	138.7	136.4	14
owa	63.3	64.0	64.2	64.2	64.9	64.9	65.1	65.3	65.3	65.0	65.6	63.1	6
(ansas	70.1	70.2	70.3	70.4	70.9	71.5	71.9	72.5	72.4	72.7	71.9	70.4	7
Centucky	93.5	93.9	93.4	95.9	95.7	95.9	96.0	96.4	96.5	96.4	97.5	88.5	9
ouislana	109.0	108.9	108.7	108.5	109.1	108.6	109.1	109.6	109.9	109.5	110.2	108.7	11
Maine	22.3	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.8	22.7	22.6	22.6	22.7	22.5	22.6	21.8	2
Maryland	106.6	106.6	106.4	105.8	107.6	108.6	108.6	107.1	108.0	108.2	108.2	104.2	10
Aassachusetts	129.7	132.1	131.6	131.8	131.3	131.9	132.2	131.5	132.0	132.0	131.9	127.5	13
vichigan	168.8	168.6	167.8	168.7	168.2	169.8	169.9	168.4	168.8	169.2	169.6	165.0	17
Vinnesota	120.1	120.7	120.3	120.4	121.4	121.9	122.3	122.4	122.8	123.2	122,8	119.5	12
Mississippi	52.9	52.5	52.6	52.5	52.8	52.7	52.5	52.2	52.5	51.7	52.0	50.2	5
Missouri	159.4	161.4	161.9	162.1	161.9	162.1	162.2	162.4	162.5	162.6	161.5	158.9	15
Montana	20.6	20.4	20.7	20.3	20.5	20.5	20.7	20.3	20.6	20.3	20.1	19.8	2
Nebraska	50.1	50.6	50.7	50.4	50.9	51.3	52.1	52.4	53.0	52.9	52.9	50.8) 5
Nevada	42.6	42.7	43.0	43.2	43.3	43.5	43.8	44.0	44.2	44,4	44.7	43.4	4
New Hampshire	19.5	19.6	19.7	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.5	19.4	19.8	20.2	20.1	1
New Jersey	255.9	256.0	256.0	256.4	255.8	256.9	257.5	257.4	257.5	257.6	257.1	247.2	25
New Mexico	31.0	30.9	30.7	30.6	30.7	30.8	30.8	30.9	31.1	31.3	31.3	30.4	3
New York	401.6	403.0	402.7	401.9	407.2	407.2	407.9	408.0	406.2	406.4	406.9	393.8	40
North Carolina	167.7 18.3	169.2 18.4	170.0 18.4	170.0 18.3	170.7 18.5	171.7 18.5	172.8 18.4	173.3 18.6	172.9 18.4	173.1 18.5	173.2 18.5	167.2 18.5	17
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Ohio	232.1	231.9	232.6	232.3	234.8	235.2	235.3	234.6	234.5	233.6	233.4	225.9	23
Oklahoma	76.8	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.8	77.5	77.4	77.8	78.2	78.7	79.0	78.4	7
Oregon	73.5	73.9	73.6	72.5	73.7	74.3	73.8	74.3	73.8	73.3	73.0	70.2	7
Pennsylvania	272.7 15.1	271.6 15.0	272.0 15.2	271.3 15.1	271.5 14.9	271.9 14.6	271.9 15.0	272.2 15.0	273.3 14.9	272.0 15.0	272.5 15.2	261.7 14.5	27
	730	73.0	72.0	74.0	74.0	72 5	74.0	75,1	75.0	74.4	74.7	729	7
South Carolina	73.9	73.8	73.9	74.0	16.5	73.5	74.0		75.0	74.4	74.7	72.8	
South Dakota	16.4 142.6	16.6 142.4	16.5 143.0	16.6 143.3	142.7	16.4 143.1	16.2 143.1	15.9 143.1	16.1 142.5	15.9 141.1	15.9 141.3	15.2 136.3	14
ennessee	489.2	489.9	490.5	492.8	492.0	492.8	493.3	493.6	496.4	496.8	500.4	490.3	50
exastah	469.2 54.7	489.9 54.5	490.5 54.9	492.8 55.0	55.1	55.4	55.4	56.1	496.4 56.4	496.8 56.5	56.8	490.3 54.9	5
/ermont	12.1	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.4	11.8	1
/irginia	162.4	164.1	164.8	164.3	165.2	165.2	165.7	165.5	166.4	166.8	167.7	164.3	16
Vashington	123.4	123.7	123.9	124.2	124.7	124.7	125.7	125.6	125.8	125.5	125.6	122.7	12
West Virginia	38.8	39.0	39.2	39.1	38.3	38.5	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.7	38.4	37.7	ءَ ا ق
Visconsin	121.5	121.2	121.5	121.4	121.2	120.6	121.0	121.4	122.5	122.3	122.2	118.1	12
Nyoming	13.9	13.8	13.9	13.6	13.6	13.5	13.8	13.6	13.8	13.7	13.8	13.8	'1
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ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

(In thousands)

State		199	6						1997	<u></u>			
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P
							Trade						,
Alabama	421.2	420.4	420.8	421.4	421.3	421.7	424.0	422.6	423.9	422.8	423.7	423.5	423.
Alaska	54.9	54.3	54.1	54.3	54.1	54.2	54.2	54.2	55.2	55.7	56.2	56.3	55.8
Arizona	470.1	470.3	473.3	473.4	476.1	481.1	483.6	482.0	484.7	484.8	486.9	487.3	488.
Arkansas	248.3	248.3	249.1	249.5	248.0	248.0	249.2	249.2	250.1	250.4	250.9	250.8	250.
California	2,981.5	2,983.9	2,998.0	2,999.9	2,983.8	2,998.2	3,007.9	3,015.5	3,022.8	3,025.1	3,026.7	3,026.5	3,030.
Colorado	468.8	469.3	470.5	470.5	467.6	470.5	471.6	472.5	471.4	474.3	474.8	477.1	476.
Connecticut	347.4	347.6	349.1	349.9	350.0	349.0	349.7	347.9	349.3	352.4	353.4	355.5	355.
Delaware	84.5	84.9	85.3	85.5	84.8	85.4	86.0	86.1	86.0	85.6	85.6	85.4	86.
District of Columbia	49.9	50.2	50.1	50.3	50.1	50.4	50.2	49.6	48.6	48.8	49.1	49.0	49.
Florida	1,619.6	1,624.6	1,631.4	1,635.1	1,633.9	1,640.7	1,644.6	1,652.1	1,656.8	1,660.1	1,659.8	1,666.9	1,676.
Georgia	896.9	902.1	907.9	915.1	903.9	902.3	905.8	908.0	909.9	912.0	916.4	923.6	925.
Hawaii	135.0	135.2	135.3	135.0	135.3	135.9	135.4	135.1	135.0	134.5	133.8	133.9	134.
daho	125.9	126.2	126.3	126.9	127.4	127.9	128.7	128.4	128.5	127.5	126.5	125.6	123.
Illinois	1,307.8	1,306.8	1,308.9	1,312.0	1,297.0	1,299.9	1,304.0	1,301.9	1,304.7	1,304.1	1,300.9	1,300.4	1,304.
ndiana	683.9	683.6	684.0	683.5	678.2	679.4	681.3	685.0	687.6	689.5	688.9	688.3	688.
owa	339.8	339.4	340.6	340.7	340.5	339.5	339.9	340.4	341.3	342.1	342.3	343.4	342.
Kansas	304.0	306.2	306.4	306.9	309.1	308.4	309.2	308.2	309.2	310.6	312.0	312.8	311.
Kentucky	402.1	399.8	401.5	405.2	404.5	405.2	408.5	410.8	413.3	412.9	409.7	411.3	411.
Louisiana	423.5	426.1	427.4	428.7	427.4	427.5	432.4	432.6	431.4	431.4	432.0	431.1	431.
Maine	136.9	135.8	135.5	134.1	137.1	137.3	137.7	137.6	138.2	138.1	139.2	139.3	140.
Maryland	530.4	531.5	532.4	533.7	531.6	534.9	535.5	533.9	536.4	537.1	537.6	537.1	537.
Massachusetts	702.2	703.7	706.0	706.3	705.0	702.5	702.6	700.9	703.6	707.3	708.6	711.5	710.
Michigan	1,028.8	1,034.7	1,033.5	1,037.1	1,033.4	1,040.2	1,042.4	1,038.9	1,043.1	1,043.3	1,045.9	1,044.6	1,049.
Minnesota	592.7	596.2	597.5	600.0	600.4	602.1	604.2	599.1	601.3	601.9	601.3	602.5	602.
Mississippi	232.9	233.4	233.8	233.4	233.5	232.8	233.7	233.1	233.1	230.4	231.3	232.5	232.
Missouri	612.6	616.2	617.4	618.9	616.1	614.0	615.5	615.5	615.7	615.7	613.8	613.1	614.
Montana	96.8	97.3	97.5	97.3	97.2	97.5	97.5	98.1	98.4	98.6	98.6	98.9	99.
Nebraska	207.6	208.6	209.3	209.6	210.2	210.5	210.1	208.1	207.7	208.3	208.7	209.2	210.
Nevada	172.8	174.1	175.1	176.4	176.6	178.2	178.3	179.6	180.4	181.1	182.2	181.9	183.
New Hampshire	144.9	146.5	146.9	147.9	147.2	147.8	147.8	147.5	149.0	149.3	151.9	150.4	149.
New Jersey	858.9	859.7	861.1	860.9	860.9	867.1	868.0	869.9	869.1	872.7	873.2	873.7	873.
New Mexico	164.2	165.0	166.1	166.6	165.8	165.7	166.0	166.6	167.1	168.2	168.2	168.1	168.
New York	1,627.4	1,630.6	1,637.5	1,635.4	1,627.9	1,628.2	1,631.3	1,632.0	1,632.7	1,635.7	1,639.2	1,642.2	1,643.
North Carolina	810.2 80.3	817.0 80.0	817.8 80.8	820.3 80.8	822.2 80.9	821.1 80.9	823.0 80.8	823.0 80.4	824.1 80.7	818.9 81.4	817.0 80.9	813.8 81.1	814. 81.
North Dakota		-	80.8						80.7				
Ohio	1,302.5	1,306.9	1,313.2	1,315.7	1,315.9	1,317.5	1,317.8	1,316.5	1,317.7	1,320.6	1,318.4	1,319.2	1,322.
Oklahoma	318.9	321.4	323.4	323.9	324.6	324.9	326.7	325.1	325.8	324.8	324.6	326.6	326.
Oregon	367.2	368.1	368.9	371.7	372.2	372.0	373.5	374.3	375.0	376.0	377.5	377.3	377.
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,216.1 99.6	1,217.7 99.3	1,217.8 99.7	1,221.4 99.8	1,220.0 98.7	1,222.5 99.2	1,227.0 99.6	1,230.0 99.4	1,235.8 99.7	1,232.2 99.3	1,233.2 100.2	1,234.5 100.2	1,241. 99.
	400.1	398.9	400.8	402.1	400.3	401.4	403.6	405.6	407.5	407.3	407.9	409.5	409.
South Carolina	87.7	87.8	87.8	87.9	400.3 86.9	87.4	87.6	87.1	407.5 88.5	88.2	87.6	88.5	409. 87.
Tennessee	600.1	598.8	602.8	605.9	604.0	604.7	606.8	605.2	604.5	603.7	602.9	604.9	606.
Texas	1,997.3	2,005.7	2,009.5	2,014.7	2,014.2	2,019.1	2,023.8	2,030.8	2,032.7	2,034.6	2,040.5	2,042.1	2,046.
Utah	232.3	232.4	233.5	234.6	235.0	235.7	237.0	237.7	239.5	240.2	241.1	240.7	240.
Vermont	64.1	65.0	64.6	64.3	65.0	65.3	65.6	66.3	66.2	66.9	66.6	66.1	66.
Virginia	717.6	723.7	724.4	726.1	724.2	725.5	726.5	725.1	726.0	729.5	733.8	736.7	737.
Washington	593.8	595.7	596.4	596.6	596.3	596.7	598.9	600.0	602.9	605.1	607.2	609.4	608.
West Virginia	160.9	161.9	162.1	161.3	160.6	160.7	162.5	163.0	163.6	163.9	164.0	163.3	164.
Wisconsin	596.3	597.6	599.4	600.7	600.5	601.6	602.9	601.5	602.2	603.6	603.0	604.3	606.
Wyoming	52.0	52.3	51.8	52.3	51.7	52.1	52.1	52.2	51.7	51.5	52.5	52.7	52.

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

State		199	6						1997	,			
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p
					Fina	ınce, insur	ance, and	real estat	9				
Alabama	81.9	82.3	82.6	82.7	82.9	83.1	83.5	83.3	83.5	83.9	84.0	84.3	84.
Alaska	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.9	11.9	11.
Arizona	116.8	116.8	117.1	117.6	119.0	120.2	121.3	121.6	122.1	123.0	123.8	124.2	124.
Arkansas	43.4 733.1	43.5 734.0	43.6 734.0	43.6 733.8	43.6 732.3	43.6 732.6	43.8 732.2	43.7 732.3	44.0 732.8	44.1 734.3	43.9 735.8	43.9 735.6	44. 736.
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Colorado	118.8	118.1	118.5	118.8	119.9	120.3	120.7	121.0	120.3	120.7	121.2	121.9	121.
Connecticut	130.5	130.5	130.6	130.4	129.7	129.3	129.0	129.4	129.7	129.9	130.1	130.3	130.
Delaware	44.3	44.3	44.2	44.6	44.3	44.9	45.2	46.2	46.6	46.9	47.0	47.4	47.
District of Columbia	28.0 397.4	27.7 398.1	28.0 399.4	28.0 401.0	28.0 401.7	28.1 401.8	28.2 402.5	27.7 405.1	27.6 406.0	27.7 407.2	27.7 408.5	27.8 410.1	27. 411.
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Georgia	181.1	182.1	182.4	182.6	183.5	183.3	184.1	185.4	186.5	187.6	188.4	189.5	189.
Hawaii	36.6	36.8	36.6	36.6	36.4	38.3	35.9	35.9	35.7	35.8	35.7	35.8	35.
daho	25.3	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.5	25.5	25.4	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.7	25.6	25.
IllinoisIndiana	386.2 135.8	387.5 136.3	387.9 136.4	387.9 136.4	387.0 137.1	387.9 137.7	389.2 138.0	390.0 138.5	390.1 138.2	390.7 138.1	390.8 138.6	391.4 138.6	391. 137.
						' I							
owa	77.3	77.6	77.6	77.8	77.5	77.9	78.2	78.5	78.8	78.6	78.7	79.0	79.
Kansas	58.4	58.9	58.8	59.0	59.5	59.5	59.8	59.9	60.0	60.2	60.3	60.5	60.
Kentucky	67.7	68.3	68.3	68.6	68.4	68.6	68.7	68.8	69.0	69.2	69.4	69.5	69.
Louisiana	83.4 26.7	83.4	83.5 26.9	83.4 27.1	83.5 27.4	83.6 27.2	83.5 27.2	83.5 27.1	83.5	83.7	83.8	84.1	84.
Maine	20.7	26.8	20.9	27.1	27.4	21.2	21.2	27.1	27.1	26.9	27.4	27.5	27.
Maryland	128.6	128.6	128.7	128.6	127.7	127.3	127.7	127.3	127.7	127.9	127.2	128.0	128.
Massachusetts	210.8	211.7	212.5	213.1	211.9	213.0	213.9	214.0	215.1	216.5	217.4	218.2	218.
Michigan	201.5	202.2	202.4	203.2	201.9	202.7	202.5	203.8	203.5	202.8	202.7	202.1	202.
Minnesota	142.8 40.9	142.7 41.0	143.1 41.1	143.5 41.2	143.2 41.1	143.9 41.0	144.7 41.3	145.0 41,4	145.0 41.4	145.1 41.6	145.4 41.4	145.8 40.5	146. 40.
Mississippi	40.5	41.0	*1.1	41.2	41.1	41.0	41.3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	41.4	41.6	41.4	40.5	40.
Missouri	150.6	151.0	151.3	151.9	153.6	154.6	155.2	155.0	155.7	156.5	157.8	157.0	157.:
Montana	15.9	16.1	16.1	16.2	16.1	16.4	16.5	16.6	16.6	16.7	16.6	16.8	16.
Nebraska	52.9	53.2	53.3	53.6	54.2	54.0	54.2	54.6	55.0	55.0	55.2	55.2	55.
Nevada	37.9	38.1	38.2	38.4	38.3	38.6	38.9	39.0	39.2	39.2	39.5	39.7	39.
New Hampshire	28.2	28.1	28.1	28.3	28.5	28.3	28.5	28.4	28.3	28.4	28.6	28.4	28.
New Jersey	232.8	233.5	234.1	234.5	235.0	234.1	234.4	234.3	234.7	235.5	236.0	236.0	236.
New Mexico	31.7	31.8	31.8	31.9	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.0	32.0	31.9	31.
New York	722.1	723.0	723.0	723.5	725.4	725.8	728.1	725.3	725.0	725.0	724.7	724.9	725.
North Carolina North Dakota	154.8 14.6	156.9 14.8	157.7 14.8	158.4 14.8	159.2 14.7	159.5 14.7	159.9 14.6	159.5 14.9	160.0 15.0	160.2 15.1	161.1 15.2	161.5 15.3	162.
NOITH DAKOLA	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.7	14.7	14.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.
Ohio	278.3	279.0	279.5	279.8	279.5	280.7	280.0	280.1	280.8	281.4	281.2	281.9	281.
Oklahoma	87.5	67.9	68.2	68.4	68.3	88.6	68.7	68.8	69.1	69.2	69.2	69.3	69.
Oregon	91.1	91.8	92.4	92.8	93.3	93.8	93.8	94.0	94.2	94.6	94.8	94.8	94.
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	310.9 25.5	310.9 25.3	311.6 25.4	312.4 25.6	311.5 25.5	311.8 25.5	311.5 25.5	312.3 25.8	312.5 25.8	312.5 25.9	312.5	312.1	313.
Anoos Island	25.5	25.3	25.4	25.6	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.6	25.8	25.9	26.0	26.0	26.
South Carolina	73.0	72.9	73.0	73.1	73.2	73.2	73.5	73.6	74.2	74.2	74.0	74.3	74.
South Dakota	20.0	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.2	20.6	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.0	21.1	21.
Tennessee	118.1 446.0	118.2 447.5	118.6 447.5	118.9 448.3	119.3 448.7	119.1 448.4	119.8 448.7	119.6 449.8	119.7	119.5	119.7	119.9	120.
TexasUtah	50.5	50.8	51.3	51.4	51.1	51.4	448.7 51.5	449.8 51.6	451.2 51.8	453.4 52.0	454.1 52.3	455.5 52.2	456. 52.
Vermont	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.7	12.
Virginia	162.3	163.1	163.5	163.8	164.1	164.1	164.8	164.6	165.4	166.7	166.5	167.0	166.
Washington	124.4	124.1	124.4	124.6	125.4	125.7	126.0	126.0	126.3	126.2	126.2	126.6	126.
West Virginia	27.1	27.4	27.4	27.5	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.6	27.7	27.4	27.4	27.6	27.
Wisconsin	138.4	138.9	139.3	139.6	139.8	140.4	140.5	140.9	141.2	142.1	142.2	142.5	142.
Wyoming	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.
,			5.0	-10				'''				5.0	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

(In thousands)

		199	6						1997				
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P
						5	Services						
Nabama	409.5	410.2	410.9	411.8	409.7	411.1	413.0	414.2	415.5	415.3	418.6	419.1	419.
Naska	62.8	62.3	62.5	62.8	62.6	63.0	63.8	63.8	64.5	64.5		64.8	64.
rizona	574.6	575.5	577.9	580.2	579.3	583.1	584.3	586.1	590.4	594.4	598.8	597.2	602
rkansas	247.7	248.5	249.7	250.7	250.4	250.8	250.9	250.6	251.6	250.9		250.9	252
alifornia	3,946.9	3,973.8	3,991.2	4,004.2	4,015.6	4,025.9	4,048.9	4,052.9	4,068.0	4,082.1	4,097.9	4,114.5	4,117
olorado	571.3	573.8	576.2	579.1	581.5	587.4	592.5	565.8	589.1	588.0	587.5	587.1	589
connecticut	486.9	486.1	487.7	488.5	489.0	490.8	493.1	493.2	496.0	497.7	499.8	501.0	502
elaware	103.5	103.5	104.0	104.4	104.3	104.6	104.9	104.2	105.1	105.0		105.7	106
istrict of Columbia	263.9	262.6	262.3	263.7	263.9	267.0	267.8	266.5	264.8	266.8		266.8	267
lorida	2,145.4	2,147.7	2,153.7	2,164.0	2,166.8	2,181.5	2,191.3	2,206.9	2,223.0	2,228.2		2,247.5	2,280
Beorgia	904.2	911.7	915.5	918.5	918.2	920.9	924.6	927.3	931.3	931.4	940.0	949.9	958
lawaii	166.5	166.8	167.0	167.0	168.1	168.6	168.6	168.8	168.6	167.9	168.5	168.6	169
daho	115.7	116.3	116.2	116.0	115.9	116.9	117.4	116.9	118.1	117.4	118.8	118.4	118
linois	1,653.0	1,653.0	1,655.3	1,659.8	1,662.1	1,664.5	1,669.3	1,676.0	1,685.8	1,686.5		1.700.2	1,700
ndiana	662.6	662.4	661.5	661.4	665.3	664.1	671.4	669.5	675.0	673.8	675.6	676.9	674
owa	358.2	363.3	365.4	367.6	367.5	369.6	371.7	371.9	372.8	375.2	374.0	374.4	373
(ansas	302.3	304.4	305.0	305.7	307.1	308.4	308.8	310.8	311.7	311.8		312.0	312
Centucky	411.5	413.8	413.7	416.8	413.7	415.8	419.6	419.9	422.1	422.5		427.8	428
ouisiana	490.3	493.8	494.6	495.4	496.8	495.2	494.5	493.3	493.1	492.5	495.2	493.8	498
Maine	150.8	151.2	151.7	152.4	152.9	154.0	153.9	154.7	154.5	155.3	156.2	156.6	156
Mai 19	130.0	131.2	131.7	132.4	132.9	134.0	155.5	134.7	134.5	155.5	130.2	156.6	136.
Maryland	720.6	722.3	725.3	727.9	723.7	730.4	733.5	734.3	738.7	741.4	742.2	743.0	742
Massachusetts	1,072.5	1,075.3	1,078.6	1,079.9	1,078.6	1,083.1	1,088.4	1,098.8	1,102.7	1,102.0		1,108.8	1,111
dichigan	1,174.3	1,174.4	1,177.5	1,180.9	1,182.8	1,189.6	1,194.3	1,196.8	1,198.1	1,200.2		1,205.4	1,206
Minnesota	677.4	876.5	678.5	679.4	677.9	683.7	687.2	687.5	689.9	694.9	694.4	696.6	697
Aississippi	251.2	252.0	252.8	253.0	250.4	251.5	252.9	254.2	253.8	251.1	250.0	256.0	255.
Aissouri	708.7	711.0	713.6	719.0	714.1	722.2	723.2	725.9	729.7	729.3	725.9	727.7	730
Montana	101.6	102.2	102.6	102.9	101.7	102.5	103.3	103.7	103.9	105.0	104.6	104.5	103
Nebraska	220.8	222.3	223.5	224.2	224.9	226.3	228.5	227.4	227.1	227.3	228.4	228.8	230
levada	368.1	368.0	371.4	373.5	376.5	378.6	380.8	381.0	382.8	385.1	385.5	386.2	388
lew Hampshire	164.7	165.5	164.2	164.1	163.6	163.3	164.0	163.1	165.0	166.5	166.6	166.0	165
lew Jersey	1,130.4	1,134.1	1,137.5	1,140.8	1,143.9	1,147.8	1,151.8	1,150.7	1,155.2	1,158.1	1,164.5	1,166.7	1,170
New Mexico	193.2	193.8	194.2	195.2	194.9	195.3	196.7	195.9	196.2	196.4	196.7	197.8	198
lew York	2,626.7	2,632.8	2,639.0	2,645.8	2,639.3	2,652.5	2,661.2	2,667.6	2,674.6	2,675.2	2,680.9	2,690.5	2,698
lorth Carolina	832.6	846.0	850.1	852.0	845.4	842.0	848.3	849.2	854.1	858.4	861.3	865.8	874
North Dakota	85.1	85.8	86.1	86.1	86.0	86.9	86.8	87.1	87.5	87.7	88.3	88.2	88
Ohio	1,425.7	1,425.6	1,426.3	1,429.5	1,429.4	1,431.8	1,431.0	1,434.1	1,441.4	1,443.9	1,446.7	1,447.8	1,448
)klahoma	368.1	370.0	372.5	374.1	376.3	377.8	379.4	379.1	381.9	381.0	381.7	386.3	387
Oregon	391.2	391.8	393.7	395.0	392.0	397.9	397.0	400.5	401.1	400.6	404.5	405.2	404
ennsylvania	1,663.5	1,668.2	1.672.8	1,677.4	1.679.3	1.689.1	1,693.9	1,700.5	1,705.8	1,711.1	1,708.9	1,715.9	1.717
Rhode island	147.6	147.2	148.1	148.0	146.1	145.8	146.4	146.4	145.7	147.1	147.3	148.5	148
South Carolina	376.4	375.5	376.6	378.1	375.0	377.2	378.5	382.3	384.6	386.4	387.4	389.0	389
South Dakota	90.5	91.0	91.1	91.0	90.1	90.9	89.8	90.1	91.2	90.9	91.5	91.8	92
ennessee	660.1	659.3	662.8	664.8	664.8	666.6	665.8	665.0	664.0	663.4	665.9	669.5	670
exas	2.243.9	2.255.3	2.261.5	2.266.8	2,255.9	2,275.2	2.280.7	2.286.1	2,296.6	2.298.6	2.308.3	2.326.0	2,332
Jiah	259.9	260.9	261.5	263.1	264.3	266.8	267.7	268.5	269.4	271.7	273.0	274.6	275
/ermont	81.1	81.8	82.1	82.0	83.0	82.5	82.6	82.5	83.1	82.6	82.8	82.9	82
/irginia	919.6	924.3	926.1	932.6	936.1	943.4	947.2	947.2	951.3	947.1	953.8	957.4	962
Vashington	652.3	656.2	657.6	659.1	659.4	664.2	666.6	670.0	674.7	677.3	680.2	684.7	687
Vest Virginia	191.7	192.5	193.8	193.9	194.9	195.4	195.7	195.7	195.5	196.5	198.2	198.7	198
Visconsin	661.9	666.7	669.2	672.0	668.6	670.2	674.1	673.7	675.7	677.0	680.5	682.7	885
Wyoming	46.3	48.6	48.1	48.0	47.9	48.1	48.4	48.0	48.2	48.0		48.7	48
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B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted — Continued

State		199	6						1997				
State	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p
	 					Go	vernment		,				
Alabama	340.9	341.6	341.9	342.1	342.6	343.3	343.4	343.7	343.7	342.8	341.3	343.4	343.7
Alaska	73.4	73.3	73.3	73.0	73.2	73.5	73.2	73.3	71.8	72.5	73.4	73.1	72.8
Arizona	325.0	325.7	329.6	326.5	322.7	326.5	326.9	327.9	328.5	325.2	319.9	325.0	324.4
Arkansas	179.8 2,126.2	179.9	179.7	180.1	180.2	180.3 2,139.9	180.4 2,147.5	180.7	180.2	161.9	181.6	182.6	181.9
California	-	2,132.4	2,133.7	2,133.1	2,139.0	2,139.9		2,147.9	2,151.2	2,148.2	2,136.0	2,146.8	2,157.4
Colorado	310.2	310.4	310.6	310.5	313.3	310.5	309.9	309.7	312.0	312.7	313.5	311.1	313.2
Connecticut	225.4	227.3	226.7	227.0	224.7	226.8	225.3	228.5	227.1	226.3	229.1	227.4	228.1
Delaware District of Columbia	53.1 238.6	53.0 238.7	53.0 237.9	53.1 237.5	53.1 235.2	53.0 234.3	52.9 232.1	53.4 231.4	53.3 231.3	53.1 230.6	53.1 232.2	53.3 230.2	53.5 228.2
Florida	928.3	928.4	942.5	936.2	947.8	942.1	940.4	942.6	943.8	943.4	937.6	937.3	947.3
Georgia	567.4	567.9	569.7	570.0	566.3	566.2	567.4	566.9	568.5	569.5	573.6	572.5	574.3
Hawaii	109.8	109.6	109.6	109.3	112.4	110.2	109.3	110.0	110.1	111.3	110.5	112.9	113.7
ldaho	98.1	99.3	99.6	99.6	98.3	98.4	98.0	97.9	98.1	98.1	99.1	99.0	96.7
Illinois	815.8	806.2	808.9	808.0	805.3	805.2	808.6	807.8	809.1	813.9	812.4	818.0	811.8
Indiana	396.1	395.7	397.3	393.7	386.5	390.1	389.3	389.2	393.0	399.2	388.9	395.4	390.8
lowa	230.6	230.9	230.2	230.2	231.1	231.6	230.6	230.6	231.4	233.3	231.0	230.5	229.7
Kansas	233.6	239.6	248.5	240.2	237.3	237.2	240.1	236.8	239.4	236.2	237.1	234.3	234.2
Kentucky	287.5 362.1	290.1	290.4 360.9	290.9 361.3	290.8	292.4 363.1	291.7 364.0	292.8	294.7	293.5	294.7	294.3	293.5
Louisiana Maine	94.1	380.7 93.5	93.3	93.6	360.8 93.3	93.2	93.4	364.6 93.1	365.1 92.2	365.9 93.4	360.8 93.1	361.4 93.1	363.1 93.8
Maryland	422.3	420.3	420.2	419.4	422.6	422.4	422.2	422.0	421.0	425.9	426.4	421.8	428.3
Massachusetts	404.8	402.2	403.0	403.1	401.1	400.6	401.2	402.4	402.1	402.5	402.3	402.7	406.9
Michigan	644.7	645.0	648.5	643.6	646.3	644.6	641.6	643.4	646.5	644.4	635.4	632.0	642.4
Minnesota	383.0	381.1	383.5	383.0	380.0	380.8	381.5	379.6	382.4	384.8	388.5	388.6	387.3
Mississippi	219.5	219.7	219.5	220.3	220.0	220.6	220.9	222.2	223.4	226.9	227.8	229.9	228.8
Missouri	398.6	404.8	404.9	405.0	405.0	407.4	408.4	409.6	412.1	416.2	416.6	417.4	419.7
Montana	76.4	77.6	78.7	77.2	78.0	77.9	77.6	78.0	77.6	76.3	76.3	75.6	75.4
Nebraska	152.0 102.8	152.2 103.1	153.3 106.8	152.5 103.9	152.9 104.6	152.2 104.4	152.6 104.8	152.5 105.2	150.6	151.3	152.5	150.2	152.9
New Hampshire	79.1	79.1	79.8	79.4	80.3	79.8	79.9	81.6	105.6 81.6	109.1 81.3	107.3 82.8	106.2 82.6	106.8 80.3
New Jersey	569.2	568.6	567.9	566.9	568.7	567.5	568.5	566.4	566.5	566.1	565.1	563.1	568.6
New Mexico	171.8	172.3	173.1	173.6	172.9	172.8	172.2	173.4	173.1	176.2	175.8	174.7	174.2
New York	1,377.3	1,380.3	1,375.9	1,374.4	1,371.3	1,372.3	1,372.8	1,371.8	1,374.1	1,374.9	1,374.8	1,374.6	1,373.6
North Carolina	567.9	588.1	570.3	572.3	576.1	577.0	577.4	580.7	581.1	579.0	570.5	580.3	579.9
North Dakota	71.3	70.5	70.7	70.8	70.7	71.1	71.2	70.1	70.8	71.0	70.9	70.9	72.1
Ohio	749.8	750.3	752.1	753.2	751.7	753.8	753.0	750.8	754.5	758.9	765.3	768.3	757.8
Oklahoma	270.9	273.2	273.3	273.1	271.8	271.4	271.6	271.6	273.6	273.2	275.6	278.3	274.5
Oregon	246.5	246.2	251.2	247.8	248.9	249.9	249.3	249.5	248.6	249.2	247.1	248.2	247.3
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	723.2 61.8	722.5 62.0	722.2 62.2	723.1 62.1	723.2 62.2	726.5 62.3	723.2 82.3	724.3 62.3	726.8 62.5	720.8 61.5	726.9 60.5	722.2 61.1	733.2 63.5
South Carolina	299.5	200 5		300 E									
South Carolina	70.5	299.5 69.6	310.9 70.4	300.5 70.1	300.4 70.6	301.0 70.9	301.5 70.0	301.9 70.2	302.1 70.8	303.2 69.4	304.1 70.1	303.8 70.0	304.0 70.3
Tennessee	381.9	383.1	384.2	383.5	382.8	383.8	383.5	382.0	382.1	390.5	381.3	382.3	385.3
Texas	1,452.5	1,459.9	1,463.5	1,466.0	1,463.1	1,468.9	1,471.4	1.475.3	1.478.3	1.472.5	1.471.0	1.476.8	1.477.9
Utah	166.8	167.9	168.4	168.8	168.4	168.9	166.8	168.7	168.9	169.5	167.9	169.1	171.2
Vermont	45.5	45.3	45.5	45.7	45.0	45.6	45.1	45.5	44.8	45.5	45.1	45.3	45.4
Virginia	597.9	599.8	600.7	601.1	603.6	602.0	601.4	600.9	600.4	600.1	602.1	605.1	604.3
Washington	450.7	451.2	451.6	453.8	455.3	452.2	454.8	454.8	454.9	461.9	462.5	459.4	458.7
West Virginia	138.0 384.2	137.9 383.2	138.6 388.9	138.4 384.3	138.5 384.6	140.3 385.2	140.7 384.9	140.9	140.4	141.1	139.1	141.1	139.9
Wisconsin	59.0	583.2	59.0	384.3 58.8	384.6 59.1	385.2 59.0	384.9 59.1	384.7 58.8	386.1 59.0	387.1 59.0	382.1 58.0	383.4 56.9	383.4 57.9
44 J.A.:	55.0	30.9	55.0	50.0	39.1	35.0	35.1	50.0	55.0	39.0	36.0	30.9	57.9

Includes mining, not shown separately.
 Mining is combined with construction.
 P = preliminary.

NOTE: All data have been adjusted to March 1996 benchmarks and incorporate updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

		1996						19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
Total private	34.4	34.5	34.7	34.4	34.8	34.8	34.5	34.5	34.6	34.4	34.6	34.5	34.5
Goods-producing	41.1	41.1	41.3	41,1	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.4	41.1	41.2	41.1	41.2	41.3
	45.4	45.3	45.7	44.7	45.8	45.9	45.3	46.0	45.4	45.4	45.5	44.9	44.9
Mining						1							
Construction	38.9	38.8	38.9	38.6	38.8	38.9	38.9	39.4	38.7	39.0	38.6	39.0	38.7
Manufacturing Overtime hours	41.7 4.5	41.7 4.6	42.0 4.7	41.8 4.7	41.9 4.7	42.1 4.9	42.1 4.9	42.0 4.8	41.8 4.6	41.8 4.7	41.8 4.7	41.8 4.7	42.0 4.8
Durable goods Overtime hours	42.4 4.7	42.5 4.8	42.7 4.9	42.5 5.0	42.7 5.0	42.9 5.2	43.0 5.3	42.8 5.2	42.6 5.0	42.6 5.0	42.7 5.0	42.6 5.0	42.8 5.1
Lumber and wood products	40.8	40.9	41.0	40.7	40.8	41.0	41.2	41.0	41.0	41.1	40.8	40.9	41.0
Furniture and fixtures	39.6	39.8 43.2	40.1 43.4	39.8 42.6	39.9 43.3	40.3 43.1	40.1 43.0	40.4 43.4	39.9 42.9	40.0 43.1	40.0 43.0	40.3 43.2	39.8 43.1
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	43.3 44.4	44.3	44.6	44.4	44.6	44.8	45.1	44.8	44.7	44.4	45.0 45.0	44.9	45.1
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	44.6	44.6	44.6	44.7	44.6	44.8	45.2	44.7	44.5	44,3	45.2	44.9	45.5
Fabricated metal products	42.3	42.3	42.4	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.9	42.6	42.4	42.4	42.3	42.3	42.4
Industrial machinery and equipment	43.0	43.1	43.3	43.2	43.4	43.5	43.9	43.6	43.3	43.4	43.4	43.6	43.5
Electronic and other electrical equipment	41.5	41.5	41.8	41.3	41.9	42.1	42.3	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.7	41.7	42.2
Transportation equipment	44.0	44.3	44.6	44.7	44.6	45.0	44.8	44.5	44.2	43.7	44.3	43.7	44.4
Motor vehicles and equipment	44.8 41.8	44.9 41.9	45.2 42.0	45.6 41.6	45.3 42.1	45.7 42.0	45.3 41.9	45.2 41.9	44.8 41.8	44.0 41.7	44.7 42.3	43.9 42.0	45.1 42.1
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manfacturing	39.8	39.9	40.4	39.9	40.5	40.2	40.5	40.3	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.3
Nondurable goods	40.6	40.7	40.9	40.7	40.8	40.9	40.9	40.8	40.6	40.6	40.7	40.8	40.9
Overtime hours	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.4
Food and kindred products	41.1 39.8	41.1 40.6	41.3	41.2 39.9	41.3 40.8	41.3 40.2	41.1 39.0	41.4 38.4	40.9 37.6	41.1 36.1	41.0 37.5	41.0 37.7	41.3 38.0
Tobacco products Textile mill products		41.2	41.1 41.5	41.2	40.8	41.2	41.7	41.4	41.2	41.3	41.2	41.5	36.0 41.4
Apparel and other textile products	37.3	37.3	37.4	37.2	37.2	37.5	37.5	37.1	37.4	36.9	37.1	37.3	37.2
Paper and allied products	43.4	43.6	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.8	43.9	43.8	43.4	43.5	43.4	43.5	43.8
Printing and publishing	38.2	38.2	38.4	38.3	38.5	38.6	38.5	38.3	38.3	38.4	38.3	38.7	38.6
Chemicals and allied products	43.1	43.3	43.5	43.2	43.3	43.3	43.1	43.3	43.1	43.0	43.3	43.3	43.B
Petroleum and coal products	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.5 38.6	41.3 38.9	41.8	41.4 38.4	41.7 38.9	41.8 38.7	42.0 38.5	41.6 38.2	41.5 38.1	41.7 38.4	41.7 38.0	41.4 38.5	41.8 37.6
Leather and leather products		[38.8					[[1	
Service-producing	32.6	32.7	33.0	32.7	33.0	33.0	32.7	32.7	32.9	32.7	32.9	32.7	32.7
Transportation and public utilities	39.6	39.8	39.9	39.5	39.7	39.8	39.3	39.5	39.6	39.0	40.1	39.1	39.3
Wholesale trade	38.2	38.3	38.5	38.2	38.6	38.6	38.4	38.4	38.5	38.3	38.4	38.3	38.4
Retail trade	28.8	28.9	29.0	28.8	29.1	29.1	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.8	29.1	28.8	28.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Services	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

² These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal

components, which are small relative to the trend-cycle and irregular

components, cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982=100)

		1996					.,	19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
Total private	137.2	137.9	139.1	138.2	140.0	140.2	139.6	140.0	140.6	140.2	140.8	140.6	140.9
Goods-producing	111.4	111.7	112.4	112.0	113.1	113.3	113.3	113.7	112.7	112.9	113.0	113.2	113.8
Mining	55.0	55.2	55.7	54.8	56.4	56.6	55.8	57.3	56.3	56.3	56.3	55.7	55.7
Construction	149.4	150.0	151.2	151.0	154.5	154.0	153.2	156.2	152.8	154.1	152.9	154.4	153.7
Manufacturing	106.9	107.2	107.8	107.4	107.9	108.3	108.5	108.3	107.8	107.8	108.1	108.1	109.0
Durable goods	139.4	109.6 140.1	110.3 140.9	110.0 140.3	110.7 140.7	111.3 142.2	111.7 143.3	111.4 142.9	111.0 142.2	111.1 142.3	112.0 141.5	111.7 141.9	112.8 142.4
Furniture and fixturesStone, clay, and glass productsPrimary metal industries	110.7	124.5 110.2 92.7	125.7 111.0 93.3	125.1 108.9 93.1	125.7 111.0 93.5	127.3 110.0 93.9	126.7 109.2 94.5	128.0 110.2 93.9	126.7 108.7 94.0	127.3 110.0 93.2	126.7 109.7 95.2	128.0 109.9 94.8	127.3 110.2 95.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products	72.9	72.9 115.1	72.9 115.5	73.4 115.7	72.9 116.2	73.2 116.7	73.8 118.0	72.6 117.1	72.3 116.8	72.0 116.5	73.4 117.2	73.4 117.1	73.9 117.8
Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment	104.6 107.5	104.9 107.4	105.7 108.0	106.0 106.6	106.9 108.3	107.7 108.8	109.2 109.1	108.5 108.2	108.1 108.5	108.5 109.1	108.9 108.9	109.3 108.8	110.0 110.7
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products	123.1 163.7 75.4	124.7 164.3 75.6	125.5 165.6 75.8	126.4 167.7 75.1	126.1 165.9 76.0	127.6 167.9 75.4	126.5 164.4 75.1	126.8 165.4 75.1	126.2 165.6 75.2	125.7 163.1 75.1	129.7 169.1 75.8	127.1 164.0 75.4	130.7 169.6 75.6
Miscellaneous manfacturing	101.5	101.8	103.4	102.5	104.1	102.5	103.3	103.2	102.3	103.4	102.5	102.0	101.6
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	115.7 63.1 89.2 76.0 109.4 123.6	103.9 116.0 66.4 89.4 75.5 109.9 123.4 100.7	104.5 116.9 65.1 90.0 75.3 110.2 123.9 101.0	104.0 117.0 63.2 89.4 74.6 110.2 123.3 100.1	104.0 117.0 64.7 88.2 74.2 110.2 123.9 100.3	104.3 117.4 63.7 88.8 74.3 110.2 124.3 100.3	104.2 117.0 59.9 89.6 73.9 110.4 124.7 99.9	104.0 117.3 58.9 88.8 73.0 110.4 125.1 100.5	103.4 115.8 57.8 88.2 73.2 109.0 125.2 99.7	103.1 115.6 57.2 88.5 72.0 109.0 125.4 99.3	102.8 114.8 57.6 87.6 71.7 108.5 124.5 100.1	103.2 115.4 57.9 88.6 71.6 109.0 125.3 100.8	103.8 116.7 60.2 88.4 71.3 110.0 125.8 102.4
Petroleum and coal products	75.0 143.4 42.7	76.6 142.9 42.4	77.0 144.5 43.5	78.0 143.1 42.5	76.3 144.5 43.0	76.1 145.0 42.8	73.6 145.9 42.0	75.0 144.7 41.7	74.2 144.2 41.0	73.5 144.3 40.7	74.9 144.9 39.7	74.2 144.4 39.6	73.2 145.6 39.3
Service-producing	148.7	149.7	151.0	150.0	152.1	152.3	151.3	151.8	153.1	152.5	153.2	152.9	153.1
Transportation and public utilities	128.5	129.2	129.3	129.3	130.5	131.4	130.1	131.0	131.3	129.3	128.2	129.8	130.9
Wholesale trade	123.7	124.2	125.0	124.3	125.9	126.3	125.7	125.9	126.2	126.0	126.5	126.3	126.8
Retail trade	135.9	136.7	137.6	136.7	138.2	138.5	137.9	138.0	138.2	138.2	139.7	138.4	139.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	123.8	126.0	128.3	124.7	128.9	129.0	126.7	127.3	130.5	127.4	129.4	128.5	127.1
Services	178.2	179.1	181.1	180.2	182.6	182.6	181.7	182.3	184.5	184.4	184.9	184.8	184.6

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March
 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all
 seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-10. Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Millions	of hours (annual ra	ate) ¹	ļ	Percent change	
Industry	Aug. 1997 ^r	Sept. 1997 ^r	Oct. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1996 to Oct. 1997 ^p	Aug. 1997 to Sept. 1997 ^r	Sept. 1997 to Oct. 1997 ^p
Total	226,003	224,587	224,492	2.0	-0.6	0.0
Private sector	187,824	187,451	187,829	2.8	2	.2
Mining	1,355	1,347	1,335	8	6	9
Construction	11,315	11,432	11,384	2.9	1.0	4
Manufacturing	40,243	40,222	40,455	1.5	1	.6
Durable goods	24,141	24,093	24,267	2.6	2	.7
Nondurable goods	16,102	16,129	16,188	2	.2	.4
Transportation and public utilities	13,242	13,237	13,260	2.2	.0	.2
Wholesale trade	13,329	13,320	13,399	3.2	1	.6
Retail trade	33,576	33,259	33,430	2.4	9	.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	13,314	13,248	13,156	2.7	5	7
Services	61,450	61,387	61,410	4.0	1	.0
Sovemment	38,180	37,135	36,663	-1.8	-2.7	-1.3

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based

largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2490, chapter 10, "Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors".

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202—606-5606). Historical data for this series also are available on the Internet at the following address: http://stats.bls.gov/special.requests/opt/tableb10

^p = preliminary.

r = revised.

B-11. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

		1996						19	97				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.P	Oct.P
						Averag	e hourly	earnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$11.91	\$11.98	\$ 12.03	\$12.05	\$ 12.10	\$ 12.14	\$12.14	\$12.19	\$ 12.23	\$12.24	\$12.31	\$ 12.35	\$12.41
Goods-producing	13.57	13.62	13.69	13.73	13.76	13.79	13.80	13.85	13.86	13.86	13.94	13.98	14.07
Mining Construction Manufacturing Excluding overtime ²	15.67 15.58 12.87 12.21	15.77 15.58 12.93 12.26	15.88 15.69 12.99 12.29	15.98 15.73 13.02 12.34	15.96 15.79 13.03 12.35	15.94 15.80 13.07 12.37	15.96 15.86 13.07 12.38	16.05 15.91 13.11 12.38	16.12 15.95 13.12 12.42	16.10 15.96 13.11 12.41	16.07 16.03 13.20 12.50	16.20 16.10 13.22 12.50	16.30 16.13 13.35 12.61
Service-producing Transportation and public utilities	12.93 8.10 12.86	11.43 14.53 13.08 8.13 12.98	11.47 14.56 13.17 8.16 13.00	11.49 14.74 13.12 8.19 12.95	11.54 14.64 13.23 8.21 13.08	11.59 14.73 13.30 8.25 13.12	11.58 14.76 13.27 8.26 13.00	11.63 14.80 13.33 8.28 13.18	11.69 14.85 13.42 8.30 13.29	11.70 14.95 13.38 8.32 13.30 12.26	11.77 15.01 13.54 8.36 13.49 12.33	11.81 14.99 13.52 8.42 13.46	11.85 14.99 13.53 8.44 13.59 12.42
Services Total private (in constant (1982) dollars) ³ Goods-producing Service-producing	8.45	7.44 8.46 7.10	7.45 8.48 7.11	7.46 8.50 7.11	7.47 8.50 7.13	7.49 8.51 7.15	7.49 8.52 7.15	7.52 8.55 7.18	7.54 8.55 7.21	7.53 8.53 7.20	7.56 8.56 7.23	7.56 8.56 7.23	(4) (4) (4) (4)
						Averag	e weekly	earnings	·				· · · · · ·
Total private (in current dollars)	409.70	413.31	417.44	414.52	421.08	422.47	418.83	420.56	423.16	421.06	425.93	426.08	428.15
Goods-producing	557.73	559.78	565.40	564.30	566.91	570.91	571.32	573.39	569.65	571.03	572.93	575.98	581.09
Mining Construction Manufacturing	711.42 606.06 536.68	714.38 604.50 539.18		607.18	730.97 612.65 545.96	731.65 614.62 550.25	722.99 616.95 550.25		731.85 617.27 548.42	730.94 622.44 548.00	731.19 618.76 551.76	627.90	624.23
Service-producing	370.01	373.76	378.51	375.72	380.82	382.47	378.67	380.30	384.60	382.59	387.23	386.19	387.50
Transportation and public utilities		578.29 500.96 234.96 (5) (5)	580.94 507.05 236.64 (5) (5)		581.21 510.68 238.91 (5) (5)	586.25 513.38 240.08 (5) (5)	580.07 509.57 238.71 (5) (5)	584.60 511.87 239.29 (5) (5)	588.06 516.67 239.87 (5) (5)	583.05 512.45 239.62 (5) (5)	601.90 519.94 243.28 (5) (5)	586.11 517.82 242.50 (5) (5)	
Total private (in constant (1982) dollars) ³	255.26 347.50 230.54	256.71 347.69 232.15	258.64 350.31 234.52	256.51 349.20 232.50	260.09 350.16 235.22	260.78 352.41 236.09	258.54 352.67 233.75	259.60 353.94 234.75	260.89 351.20 237.11	259.11 351.40 235.44	261.63 351.92 237.86	260.92 352.71 236.49	(4) (4) (4)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance

and real estate; and services.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and

one-half. 3 The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wager Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

⁴ Not available.

⁵ These series are not computed because the average weekly hours' components are not available on a seasonally adjusted basis.

P = preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1993 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	l employe	es			Prod	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Total		120,454	121,157	122,248	123,204	124,074	-	-	-	- ;	_
Total private		101,187	101,384	103,747	103,709	104,043	82,999	83,200	85,081	85,050	85,328
Mining		577	576	584	581	580	432	431	443	442	441
Metal mining	10	54.6	54.1	55.0	54.1	53.4	42.6	42.1	42.1	41.7	_
Iron ores	101	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.3	_	6.9	7.0	7.1	6.9	-
Copper ores		16.3	16.2	16.6	16.3	-	12.7	12.6	12.4	12.4	-
Coal mining	12	95.3	94.7	91.6	91.0	90.5	77.8	77.3	74.7	74.4	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	88.6	88.1	85.8	85.2	-	72.3	71.8	69.8	69.5	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	317.2	317.7	325.0	324.3	326.1	226.8	228.2	240.8	240.7	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	140.2	139.4	133.0	130.8	ł –	78.6	78.5	77.2	75.5	-
Oil and gas field services	138	172.9	174.4	187.7	189.3	_	145.2	146.7	160.1	161.8	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	110.2	109.4	112.1	111.5	110.3	84.4	83.5	85.4	85.0	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	41.8	41.6	42.2	41.9	-	32.9	32.7	33.2	33.0	_
Sand and gravel	144	37.6	37.2	39.0	38.8	_	-	-	-	-	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	12.5	12.5	12.1	12.1	-	-	-	_	-	-
Construction		5,725	5,717	5,980	5,933	5,921	4,494	4,484	4,691	4,647	4,634
General building contractors	15	1,302.7	1,297.7	1,369.0	1,350.3	1,350.1	930.9	926.7	979.9	959.6	_
Residential building construction	152	662.7	658.5	700.6	690.1	\	455.3	452.1	484.9	472.5	-
Operative builders	153	26.6	26.5	28.3	27.5	-	11.3	11.2	11.6	11.3	-
Nonresidential building construction		613.4	612.7	640.1	632.7	-	464.3	463.4	483.4	475.8	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	851.7	847.3	837.0	844.5	841.3	723.6	719.0	706.4	714.7	_
Highway and street construction	161	281.4	274.3	287.9	288.0	-	235.3	228.3	242.0	242.4	_
Heavy construction, except highway		570.3	573.0	549.1	556.5	-	488.3	490.7	464.4	472.3	-
Special trade contractors	17	3,570.8	3,571.7	3,774.2	3,738.2	3,729.8	2,839.3	2,838.5	3.005.1	2,973.1	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	777.6	781.9	816.3	810.6	_	577.4	580.4	606.9	603.9	_
Painting and paper hanging		206.8	205.0	223.4	216.2] -	172.8	170.8	188.2	181.1	-
Electrical work		656.9	656.1	701.7	701.3	-	519.5	518.7	556.6	555.6	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		469.6	471.3	499.2	496.0	-	408.3	409.5	431.8	428.0	-
Carpentry and floor work	175	249.1	247.9	268.6	263.9	-	191.0	190.1	208.3	203.9	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		246.6	248.3	254.8	252.2	-	201.5	202.8	206.3	203.2	-
Manufacturing		18,550	18,523	18,672	18,661	18,664	12,840	12,811	12,912	12,925	12,924
Durable goods		10,805	10,806	10,974	10,976	11,006	7,402	7,402	7,527	7,541	7,565
Lumber and wood products	24	794.8	794.0	814.8	810.9	808.1	654.9	654.8	671.5	669.5	666.9
Logging	241	82.3	81.4	83.8	84.6	-	66.1	65.5	67.4	68.1	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	183.3	183.0	190.2	189.3	-	159.4	159.2	165.8	165.1	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	146.1	1	151.2	150.1	-	126.5	126.3	131.4	130.4	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	35.4	35.4	37.0	37.2	-	31.3	31.4	32.7	33.0	i -
	243	294.0	294.2	301.7	298.3	-	237.1	237.3	242.4	240.3	i -
Millwork	2431	117.5	117.8	120.2	118.1		91.3 64.1	91.6 64.2	92.3 67.2	91.2	I =
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	79.8 27.8	80.0 27.7	83.0 28.3	82.6 28.0		23.6	23.5	24.0	23.7	I
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	30.5	30.4	30.6	30.3	1 -	28.4	28.3	28.3	28.0	1 _
Softwood veneer and plywood	244	52.9	52.8	54.5	54.4	-	45.0	45.0	46.7	46.7	1 _
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	92.9	92.6	94.1	93.1	ł <u>-</u>	74.6	74.5	75.6	74.7	I _
Mobile homes	2451	70.6	70.5	70.6	69.9	-	59.2	59.1	59.5	58.7	_
Miscellaneous wood products		89.4	90.0	90.5	91.2	-	72.7	73.3	73.6	74.6	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	504.5	504.7	507.0	509.0	513.9	399.5	399.2	402.4	405.0	409.3
Household furniture	251	273.4	274.4	270.2	271.9	-	229.6	230.3	227.3	229.5	-
		123.7	124.0	121.2	121.2	_	106.5	106.8	105.1	105.4	-
Wood household lurniture											1
Wood household furniture		85.1	85.7	85.4	85.3	₹ -	71.6	72.0	71.9	71.8	t –
Uphoistered household furniture	2512	85.1 19.4	85.7 20.1	85.4 17.7	85.3 19.0	-	71.6 15.6	72.0 16.3	71.9	71.8	_

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	l employe	es			Prod	uction wor	kers ¹	r
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures—Continued	1	1				ì '		۱			
Office furniture	252	61.8	61.3	62.9	62.3	-	45.8	45.1	46.5	46.1	-
Public building and related furniture	253	44.1	44.0	45.2 89.1	46.4 89.1	-	34.9 64.1	34.8 63.9	35.7 66.8	36.5 67.0	_
Partitions and fixtures		86.5 38.7	86.3 38.7	39.6	39.3	_	25.1	25.1	26.1	25.9	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	551.5	551.1	552.4	551.2	549.3	431.2	431.0	432.5	431.6	430
Flat glass	321	15.8	15.7	15.4	15.9	340.0	12.6	12.5	12.4	12.8	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		72.7	72.3	71.3	71.8	_	61.1	61.0	59.2	59.5	-
Glass containers	3221	27.7	27.3	25.3	25.3	_	24.9	24.5	22.7	22.6	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	45.0	45.0	46.0	46.5	_	36.2	36.5	36.5	36,9	l –
Products of purchased glass	323	60.4	60.6	59.7	60.0	_	47.0	47.1	46.8	47.0	l –
Cement, hydraulic	324	17.3	17.3	17.8	17.3	- 1	13.2	13.1	13.7	13.2	l –
Structural clay products	325	33.4	33.3	33.2	32.8	-	26.2	26.1	25.8	25.6	-
Pottery and related products	326	39.9	40.4	39.1	38.8	-	31.9	32.3	31.0	30.6	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	. 327	221.1	220.4	224.6	223,9	-	170.5	170.0	173.7	173.3	-
Concrete block and brick	3271	18.1	18.1	18.8	18.5	-	11.5	11.4	12.1	12.1	-
Concrete products, nec		72.6	72.5	74.6	74.6	_	55.2	55.1	56.8	57.0	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	112.6	112.1	113.6	113.1	-	90.0	89.7	90.8	90.2	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	76.2	76.5	76.4	75.8	- 1	58.0	58.3	58.8	58.5	-
Abrasive products	13291	19.9	20.0	19.6	19.5	-	15.6	15.7 2.2	15.6 2.2	15.6	-
Asbestos products		2.7 23.8	2.6 23.9	2.6 23.9	2.6 23.6	<u>-</u>	2.2 -		- 2.2	2.2 	_
Primary metal industries	33	712.2	708.0	711.4	712.6	711.8	555.2	552.6	556.6	557.5	55
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	240.9	236.6	235.7	236.3	235.9	185.7	182.1	181.8	181.8	18
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	169.5	165.3	162.7	163.6		131.4	128.0	126.5	126.8	"_
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	26.4	26.5	26.9	26.9	_ :	20.0	19.9	20.3	20.3	l –
Iron and steel foundries		129.4	129.1	132.0	132.8	_	105.8	105.9	108.5	109.0	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	82.0	81.7	83.1	83.4	-	67.9	67.9	69.2	69.2	- 1
Malleable iron foundries	3322	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	- 1	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	l –
Steel foundries, nec	3325	27.0	27.0	26.8	27.2	! - i	21.9	21.9	21.9	22.3	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	39.4	39.2	39.2	39.0	- 1	30.3	30.2	30.2	30.1	-
Primary aluminum	3334	22.8	22.7	22.3	22.1	- 1	18.2	18.2	17.9	17.9	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	168.2	168.0	168.2	167.5	- 1	127.6	128.0	128.8	128.8	-
Copper rolling and drawing		22.5	22.6	22.4	22.5	-	17.4	17.5	17.5	17.8	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	21.7	21.3	21.1	21.0	-	15.8	15.9	15.6	15.5	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	72.6	72.4	72.4	71.8	-	54.9	54.8	55.2	55.0	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		89.6	90.1	90.9	91.1	-	73.1	73.5	73.9	73.9	-
Aluminum foundries	i	24.4	24.7	24.6	24.8	_	20.1	20.3	20.2	20.4	_
Fabricated metal products	34	1,455.9	1,458.9	1,476.2	1,479.7	1,483.3	1,096.4	1,098.7	1,114.8	1,118.5	1,120
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	39.2	38.4	38.2	38.2	-	33.7	33.0	32.6	32.6	l –
Metal cans		31.8 125.3	31.1 126.2	30.8 126.4	30.8 126.6	_	27.7 94.9	27.0 95.3	26.6 96.4	26.6 96.7	_
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		43.6	43.7	43.0	43.0	-	33.8	33.8	33.3	33.1	I =
Hardware, nec		69.6	70.2	70.7	70.9		53.1	53.5	53.7	54.2	_
Plumbing and heating, except electric		58.7	59.1	58.4	58.8	l _	42.2	42.8	41.6	42.1	l _
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		23.0	23.2	22.9	22.9	_	16.8	16.9	16.5	16.6	l –
Heating equipment, except electric		21.5	21.6	21.5	21.7	_	14.7	15.1	14.6	14.8	_
Fabricated structural metal products		445.2	446.2	451.1	450.7	-	326.9	328.0	331.3	331.2	_
Fabricated structural metal	3441	75.1	74.7	77.1	77.0	-	55.5	54.8	56.6	56.7	l –
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	78.5	78.9	77.5	77.4	- 1	58.8	58.9	57.6	57.6	- ا
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	101.6	101.8	100.3	100.2	-	72.8	73.5	72.2	72.1	-
Sheet metal work		118.1	118.9	122.7	122.5	_	91.1	91.9	94.3	94.2	-
Architectural metal work		30.1	29.8	30.1	30.3	-	21.5	21.3	21.8	22.0	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		100.6	101.2	103.7	104.6	-	79.0	79.3	81.2	82.1	i -
Screw machine products	3451	51.8	52.2	53.9	54.4	-	42.3	42.4	43.7	44.1	_
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		48.8	49.0	49.8	50.2	-	36.7	36.9	37.5	38.0	-
Metal forgings and stampings		251.9	252.0	253.9	255.2	-	202.0	202.1	203.0	203.6	-
			30.5	32.1	32.4	_	23.4	23.4	24.6	24.9	. –
Iron and steel forgings		30.5							1		
	3465	117.4 92.9	116.9 93.5	113.1 97.3	113.9 97.5	-	98.7 71.7	98.3 72.1	93.9 76.0	94.5 75.9	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	l employe	98			Prod	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued											
Metal services, nec	347	134.5	136.2	143.2	143.7	_	106.3	107.9	115.6	115.9	_
Plating and polishing	3471	81.9	83.0	88.7	89.0	_	64.8	65.8	72.5	72.6	_
Metal coating and allied services	3479	52.6	53.2	54.5	54.7	- 1	41.5	42.1	43.1	43.3	l –
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	47.4	46.5	42.6	42.6	- 1	26.1	24.9	23.0	23.8	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		24.4	23.8	22.4	22.3	-	10.5	9.7	9.7	10.2	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	253.1	253.1	258.7	259.3	- :	185.3	185.4	190.1	190.5	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		24.9	24.9	25.3	25.6	_	18.6	18.6	18.9	19.1	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	54.8	54.8	55.6	55.5	-	41.4	41.4	41.8	41.8	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	2,103.5	2,106.5	2,158.3	2,159.0	2,167.4	1,310.1	1,312.1	1,352.4	1,355.8	1,362.0
Engines and turbines		83.3	82.8	81.7	82.0	-	52.0	52.0	51.5	52.2	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	25.0	24.7	24.4	24.2	-	14.0	14.0	13.5	13.5	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		58.3	58.1	57.3	57.8	-	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.7	-
Farm and garden machinery		95.4	96.8	102.9	102.4	-	68.0	69.3	74.2	73.3	-
Farm machinery and equipment		72.8	73.6	77.4	77.4	-	52.1	52.9	55.8	56.0	-
Construction and related machinery		232.4	231.6	241.0	242.9	-	150.7	150.1	156.8	157.9	-
Construction machinery		86.4	85.8	86.6	87.6	-	58.5	58.2	59.1	59.6	I -
Mining machinery		16.3	16.3	16.7	16.7	-	9.4	9.5	9.9	9.9	-
Oil and gas field machinery		41.3 40.3	41.3	46.0	46.8 42.3	_	28.1 22.9	27.8 22.9	31.2 23.9	32.1 23.6	_
Conveyors and conveying equipmentIndustrial trucks and tractors		30.0	40.2 29.9	42.4 30.7	30.8	_	20.6	20.4	21.3	21.2	l
Metalworking machinery		344.6	344.7	348.8	350.5	_	244.1	244.5	248.8	250.5	I
Machine tools, metal cutting types		41.3	41.4	41.3	41.5		25.2	25.5	25.9	26.2] _
Machine tools, metal forming types		17.3	17.2	17.3	17.4	_	11.2	11.1	10.9	11.0	_
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	164.7	164.4	167.4	168.6	_	125.2	124.8	128.1	129.0	
Machine tool accessories		52.2	52.6	53.3	53.5	_	36.2	36.7	37.6	38.0	l –
Power driven handtools		22.9	22.8	21.7	21.5	_	15.7	15.8	15.2	14.8	l _
Special industry machinery		176.3	174.0	178.0	178.8	-	98.5	97.6	98.2	99.1	_
Textile machinery		14.7	14.8	14.8	14.9	-	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	-
Printing trades machinery		22.5	21.7	21.7	21.7	-	12.7	12.3	12.3	12.4	
Food products machinery	3556	25.3	25.3	25.0	25.3	- 1	15.2	15.3	14.7	15.1	-
General industrial machinery		256.6	256.4	258.7	258.4	- 1	163.9	163.8	164.9	165.6	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	30.1	30.1	30.8	30.1	-	17.1	17.1	17.6	17.5	-
Ball and roller bearings		39.7	39.8	39.7	39.9	-	31.4	31.5	30.9	31.0	-
Air and gas compressors		25.9	25.6	25.8	25.8	- 1	15.2	15.0	15.0	15.2	-
Blowers and fans		35.1	35.2	35.7	35.6	_	23.2	23.3	24.0	24.1	l –
Speed changers, drives, and gears		17.4 21.3	17.3 21.4	18.0 21.6	18.0 21.7	_	12.2 14.9	12.2 15.0	12.9 15.0	13.0	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		362.6	364.0	385.4	382.5	384.6	126.6	127.4	144.8	15.1 143.9	l
Electronic computers		188.8	190.4	198.4	196.9		54.1	55.4	65.8	65.8	_
Computer terminals, calculators, and	'	1	.50.4	. 55.4	.50.0		**.'	30.4	30.0	30.5	
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	58.2	58.3	61.7	61.6	_	23.1	23.3	25.3	25.5	–
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	204.5	206.9	201.3	200.5	-	147.1	147.8	143.3	142.6	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	141.8	144.1	136.9	136.1	-	107.8	108.5	102.9	102.2	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	347.8	349.3	360.5	361.0	-	259.2	259.6	269.9	270.7	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		23.0 278.9	23.0 280.4	23.1 288.7	22.9 289.2	_	17.9 213.1	18.0 213.5	18.3 221.4	18.3 222.0	-
•		2/0.9	200.4	200./	209.2		210.1	210.0	221.4	222.0	i -
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	1,652.1	1,652.1	1,660.3	1,663.9	1,670.9	1,048.1	1,047.8	1,049.9	1,052.4	1,060.3
Electric distribution equipment		81.5	81.2	79.9	79.6	-	55.5	55.2	54.4	53.9	-
Transformers, except electronic		39.9	39.7	37.2	37.4	-	28.3	28.2	25.9	25.9	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	41.6	41.5	42.7	42.2	-	27.2	27.0	28.5	28.0	-
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	155.8	155.8	151.4	153.2	-	108.6	108.5	104.8	106.6	-
Motors and generators	3621	75.3	74.8	72.9	74.9	-	58.4	57.9	56.5	58.4	ļ -
Relays and industrial controls		60.2	60.6	58.1	57.8	-	35.5	35.8	33.5	33.5	-
Household appliances		122.0	121.9	115.1	115.7	-	97.6	96.9	89.7	90.5	-
Household refrigerators and freezers		30.8	30.0	24.9 17.6	24.6	_	25.4	24.4 13.2	18.9	18.7	ı -
Household laundry equipment Electric housewares and fans	3634	16.4 28.1	16.6 28.2	26.5	17.6 27.2	_	13.1 21.6	21.7	13.9 20.2	13.9 21.0	I -
		ا الانعار	. 20.2	, <u>2</u> 0.0	21.2		ن.نه ز	_ E1./	, 20.2	21.0	

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987	<u> </u>	AI	l employe	98	Production workers ¹						
	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997	
Durable goods—Continued												
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued	ł .	1	l .	1		}	')	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		177.5	178.0	178.0	178.7	l -	126.9	127.3	127.3	128.0	-	
Electric lamps		22.4	22.3	22.3	22.4	_	17.3	17,3	17.3	17,3	-	
Current-carrying wiring devices		61.9	62.1	61.7	61.6	_	40.0	40.2	40.6	40.6	i –	
Nanaumant appring wining devices	2644	17.1	17.2	17.7	17.7	_	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	_	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	2044				20.7		15.1	15.3	15.1	15.4	_	
Residential ing fixtures		20.0	20.3	20.4						49.9	_	
Household audio and video equipment		83.5	84.2	77.0	77.6	- :	56.1	56.5	49.3			
Household audio and video equipment	3651	55.6	56.1	52.6	53.0	-	34.5	34.5	30.7	31.1	_	
Communications equipment	366	269.6	269.8	273.9	271.9	-	128.1	128.2	129.5	128.2	-	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	113.0	113.2	114.2	114.0	l –	57.2	56.9	55.9	55.7	-	
Electronic components and accessories	367	609.0	607.9	636.9	638.7	644.7	363.4	363.3	388.2	388.1	- 1	
Electron tubes		23.3	23.3	22.6	22.6		16.4	16.4	16.5	16.6	l –	
Semiconductors and related devices		257.8	256.2	272.0	272.5	i –	114.7	114.0	126.1	124.3	l –	
Electronic components, nec		135.5	135.8	140.8	141.0	_	90.3	90.6	96.0	96.6	_	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	360	153.2	153.3	148.1	148.5	_	111.9	111.9	106.7	107.2	_	
Cterese betteries	2604	27.6	27.7	27.2	27.2		21.8	21.8	20.9	21.0	_	
Storage batteries	3091					i				52.2		
Engine electrical equipment	3094	68.5	68.7	66.0	66.3	_	54.6	54.9	51.9	32.2	-	
Transportation equipment	37	1.788.0	1.784.4	1,846.4	1.844.0	1,850.8	1,211.2	1,207.4	1,255.1	1,258.3	1.263	
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	969.7	958.9	983.6	977.3	978.6	763.4	755.5	779.6	775.9	777	
Motor vehicles and car bodies		344.7	338.2	348.6	342.4	-	261.8	257.3	271.5	267.2	l '-'	
				41.5	40.8		31.6	30.9	33.1	32.4	_	
Truck and bus bodies	0710	39.3	38.6			-						
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		533.3	530.7	537.6	537.8	- 1	427.8	425.9	429.5	430.5		
Truck trailers		33.8	32.9	36.9	37.1		26.9	26.0	29.9	30.0	-	
Aircraft and parts		461.3	470.7	511.6	514.9	519.4	221.3	227.7	257.8	262.5	_	
Aircraft	3721	242.9	250.1	269.7	271.5	i – '	96.1	100.4	113.9	116.8	-	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		95.5	96.0	100.8	100.9		49.8	50.7	54.2	54.8	_	
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		122.9	124.6	141.1	142.5	_	75.4	76.6	89.7	90.9	_	
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	155.1	153.2	147.4	147.9	_ :	119.4	117.7	110.7	112.1	_	
Ship building and repairing		99.6	97.9	92.4	92.7	_ :	73.1	71.5	64.8	66.2	_	
Boat building and repairing	2722	55.5	55.3	55.0	55.2	[_ [46.3	46.2	45.9	45.9	_	
			35.9	34.7	34.8		27.2	27.1	25.8	26.0	_	
Railroad equipment		36.2									l	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		90.3	90.1	91.0	91.0	- 1	24.6	24.2	24.3	24.4	-	
Guided missiles and space vehicles	{3761	63.1	62.9	63.3	63.1	-	15.7	15.3	15.4	15.5	-	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	53.2	52.8	53.3	53.2	1 -	38.6	38.4	38.6	38.8	-	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	22.1	21.8	22.1	22.1	i –	18.7	18.4	18.5	18.5	-	
Instruments and related products	38	854.4	854.6	859.1	858.2	860.7	421.5	422.5	419.5	420.4	420	
Search and navigation equipment		160.5	161.0	162.4	161.7	_	45.6	45.4	42.5	42.1	-	
Measuring and controlling devices		297.6	298.0	301.6	301.5	-	150.5	151.3	153.5	153.6	_	
Environmental controls		42.2	42.3	41.6	41.4		27.4	27.5	28.1	28.0	_	
Process control instruments		66.2	66.0	66.0	65.8	-	33.2	33.2	33.7	33.5	_	
						_		33.1		32.7	-	
Instruments to measure electricity		75.8	75.7	78.2	78.1		33.1		32.8			
Medical instruments and supplies		268.5	267.9	268.7	268.6	_	157.3	157.6	155.5	156.0	-	
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	105.3	104.7	104.4	103.6	-	67.5	67.4	65.8	65.4	-	
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	92.5	92.7	91.9	92.3	-	57.0	57.2	56.2	56.9	1 -	
Ophthalmic goods	385	35.4	35.3	35.2	35.5	-	22.9	22.9	21.8	22.8	. –	
Photographic equipment and supplies		84.5	84.6	83.5	83.3	1 -	38.8	38.9	39.8	39.6	-	
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.6	-	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3	-	
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	388.3	391.2	388.2	387.6	389.7	274.2	276.3	272.4	271.9	273	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	49.4	49.9	47.7	48.1	- "	34.1	34.6	32.9	33.3	I	
Jewelry, precious metal		37.0	37.6	35.6	36.0		25.1	25.6	24.2	24.6	-	
Musical instruments		15.9	15.8	15.9	16.0	i -	12.5	12.4	12.6	12.6	I -	
Toys and energing goods	204					I -						
Toys and sporting goods		112.0	113.1	108.0	107.2	-	78.0	79.0	73.9	73.5	-	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		41.4	41.7	39.3	39.6	-	27.9	28.2	26.0	26.3	-	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		70.6	71.4	68.7	67.6	[-	50.1	50.8	47.9	47.2	-	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		31.1	31.5	31.4	30.9	-	20.9	21.2	21.2	20.8	_	
Costume jewelry and notions	396	24.7	25.1	24.5	24.5	_ :	17.6	17.9	17.1	17.0	_	
Costume jewelry	3961	14.4	14.8	14.1	14.3	ì - i	10.3	10.6	9.8	9.8	_	
Afficially and an analysis analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an analysis and an ana	100	155.2	155.8	160.7	160.9	l <u>-</u>	111.1	111.2	114.7	114.7	_	
Miscellaneous manufactures								1 1 1 6	7.7	,,,,,,	_	
Miscellaneous manufactures		65.9	66.3	68.4	68.6	l	43.8	44.0	44.9	44.8		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987	All employees					Production workers ¹				
	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997
Nondurable goods		7,745	7,717	7,698	7,685	7.658	5,438	5,409	5,385	5,384	5,35
Food and kindred products	. 20	1.754.0	1,724.6	1,758.3	1,754.0	1,726.1	1,313.8	1,287.2	1,317.0	1,316.2	1,288.
Meat products		479.4	483.2	484.9	484.8	_	408.7	411.4	410.9	411.9	
Meat packing plants		146.5	148.1	147.5	148.5		123.1	124.2	122.9	124.5	_
Sausages and other prepared meats	. 2013	95.6	96.6	96.9	96.7	_	74.5	75.0	74.9	75.0	_
Poultry slaughtering and processing	. 2015	237.3	238.5	240.5	239.6	_	211.1	212.2	213.1	212.4	-
Dairy products		142.9	141.0	144.5	142.5	-	94.2	93.3	96.3	94.6	_
Cheese, natural and processed		41.0	40.7	41.0	40.3	-	33.4	33.3	33.7	33.0	-
_Fluid milk		61.3	61.5	62.1	62.0	-	34.4	34.6	35.3	35.1	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables		288.1	252.8	281.2	272.5	-	247.4	214.0	244.1	235.8	_
Canned specialties		21.9	21.0	19.8	20.8	-	17.8	16.9	16.0	17.0	_
Canned fruits and vegetables		114.6	82.7	112.6	103.0	-	100.5	69.7	99.7	90.7	_
Frozen fruits and vegetables	. 2037	54.8	53.7	55.8	54.3	l - 1	48.5	47.7	49.7	48.0	_
Grain mill products		127.5	127.1	126.1	127.0	-	91.0	90.8	90.0	91.5	-
Flour and other grain mill products		19.3	19.5	19.5	19.5	 -	12.2	12.6	12.0	12.0	_
Prepared feeds, nec	. 2048	40.7	41.0	40.3	40.3	-	25.7	26.0	26.0	26.3	_
Bakery products		210.4	211.6	208.7	210.9	-	142.0	142.8	140.7	142.3	-
Bread, cake, and related products	. 2051	148.7	149.7	148.8	150.4	-	90.9	91.4	90.6	91.5	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	00500	64.7	ا میما	50.0	60 E			-4.4	50.4		
except bread		61.7	61.9	59.9	60.5	-	51.1	51.4	50.1	50.8	_
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	101.0	110.5	95.2	101.3	-	80.5	89.2	75.1	81.0	_
Raw cane sugar	. 2001	4.2	5.2	4.4	5.0	-	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.7	_
Cane sugar refining		4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	-	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	_
Beet sugar		8.9	13.3	7.0	9.0	-	7.8	12.1	6.0	7.9	_
Candy and other confectionery products		55.9	59.5	53.8	55.4	-	45.5	48.9	43.5	45.1	_
Fats and oils		32.1	32.3	33.2	33.3	-	22.2	22.5	22.8	23.0	_
Beverages		181.8	179.2	184.4	184.3	-	86.3	85.3	89.8	90.8	_
Malt beverages Bottled and canned soft drinks		36.2 94.2	36.0 92.8	35.2	34.8 95.3	-	23.1	22.9	22.5	22.1	-
Misc. food and kindred products		190.8	186.9	96.6 200.1	197.4	_	38.5 141.5	37.9 137.9	40.1 147.3	39.4 145.3	_
Tobacco products		43.5 28.2	44.1 28.3	40.7 27.8	42.4 27.8	43.7 -	34.4 20.8	35.0 21.0	31.0 20.5	34.0 21.1	35 -
Textile mill products	22	620.4	620.8	607.7	607.1	604.7	525.8	526.7	515.1	515.3	512
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		73.8	73.7	70.6	70.7	004./	65.2	65.1	62.9	63.1	312
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	1222	66.5	66.5	64.9	65.3	_	56.1	55.9	54.3	54.7	_
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		12.7	14.2	14.1	14.3		10.8	12.1	12.0	12.1	_
Narrow fabric mills		21.0	20.9	21.1	21.0	_	17.4	17.4	17.5	17.4	_
Knitting mills		177.2	177.1	172.4	171.5	_	152.3	152.5	147.8	146.8	_
Women's hosiery, except socks		20.8	20.9	20.1	20.0		18.1	18.3	17.7	17.6	_
Hosiery, nec	2252	39.3	39.2	38.9	38.6	_	34.4	34.3	33.9	33.6	_
Knit outerwear mills		53.7	54.4	51.9	51.6	_	46.3	47.0	44.4	44.0	_
Knit underwear mills		18.4	18.2	16.6	16.3	_	16.4	16.1	14.5	14.3	_
Weft knit fabric mills		23.8	23.3	23.5	23.5	_	19.5	19.2	19.7	19.7	_
Textile finishing, except wool		68.3	68.3	64.2	63.6	_	55.7	55.8	52.1	51.9	_
Finishing plants, cotton		32.1	32.1	30.1	29.7	-	26.1	26.2	24.3	24.3	_
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	21.8	21.7	20.6	20.3	_ :	17.5	17.4	16.4	16.2	_
Carpets and rugs		61.2	61.1	62.1	62.4	_	49.9	50.0	51.4	51.8	_
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	87.9	87.3	87.0	87.2	_	78.1	77.6	76.9	77.4	_
Yarn spinning mills	2281	64.5	64.2	63.6	63.8	-	57.7	57.6	56.5	57.0	_
Throwing and winding mills	2282	16.5	16.2	16.2	16.2	_	14.3	13.9	13.9	13.9	_
Miscellaneous textile goods	. 229	51.8	51.7	51.3	51.1	-	40.3	40.3	40.2	40.1	_
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	861.1	857.2	812.2	811.0	810.0	705.7	702.4	660.8	661.1	66
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	32.0	32.0	29.7	30.0	-	25.9	26.0	24.0	24.1	_
Men's and boys' furnishings		221.3	221.3	210.1	206.9	-	187.3	187.5	177.1	174.5	-
Men's and boys' shirts		45.2	45.0	44.3	43.3	-	38.2	37.9	37.8	37.2	_
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	75.3	75.8	71.2	70.1	-	64.6	65.3	61.1	60.1	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		33.0	33.0	30.8	29.5	-	28.4	28.5	26.4	25.3	_
Women's and misses' outerwear		254.9	252.4	237.3	238.3	-	207.9	205.6	191.5	193.3	_
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		26.1	25.9	25.3	25.1	- 1	20.4	20.4	19.6	19.6	_
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		40.1	39.0	37.4	38.1	- 1	31.9	30.9	29.4	30.0	_
Women's and misses' suits and coats	. 12337	25.4	25.7	27.2	27.2	- 1	19.8	20.4	21.2	21.5	_
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		163.3	161.8	147.4	147.9	_	135.8	133.9	121.3	122.2	

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Ai	i employe	es			Produ	uction worl	kers ¹	
industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997
londurable goods—Continued											İ
Apparel and other textile products—Continued	j										
Women's and children's undergarments	234	41.3	40.9	36.9	36.5	_	32.9	32.4	29.2	28.6	i -
Women's and children's underwear		30.3	30.1	26.7	26,4		25.3	25.1	21.7	21.3	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		11.0	10.8	10.2	10.1	-	7.6	7.3	7.5	7.3	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	236	35.3	34.5	30.2	31.0	-	29.3	28.5	24.7	25.5	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses	2361	13,1	13.0	11.6	11.9	-	11.2	11.0	9.8	10.2	I -
Misc. apparel and accessories		34.7	34.7	33.5	33.5	-	28.3	28.4	26.9	26.8	l –
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	222.1	222.3	216.3	216.8	_	178.8	178.9	173.1	174.1	l –
Curtains and draperies	2391	20.3	20.1	19.3	18,4	_ '	16.0	15.9	15.1	14.5	1 -
House furnishings, nec	2392	56.0	56.2	55.1	55.6	-	47.7	47.9	46.9	47.3	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	62.4	62.5	59.0	59.6	_	49.9	49.8	46.4	47.6	-
Paper and allied products	26	680.9	678.5	679.7	677.3	674.4	519.2	517.9	518.3	516.9	51
Paper mills	262	160.2	158.8	161.2	158,8	- 1	124.3	124.0	125.7	123.9	1 -
Paperboard mills	263	49.7	49.4	49.4	48.9	-	38.0	37.7	38.1	37.9	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	218.1	218.2	218.5	218.1	_	169.3	169.5	169.2	169.1	l -
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	129.3	129.6	130.6	130.3	_	96.8	97.1	97.7	97.5	l -
Sanitary food containers	2656	17.6	17.1	17.1	17.0	-	15.6	15.1	15.3	15.2	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	48.4	48.7	48.3	48.4	-	39.3	39.7	38.9	39.1	-
Misc. converted paper products	267	240.4	239.7	239.1	240.1	-	177.7	176.9	176.1	176.9	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		46.4	46.1	47.1	46.6	- 1	24.8	24.4	24.3	23.7	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	38.5	38.5	39.0	39.0	_	29.8	29.8	30.6	30.7	- ا
Envelopes	2677	23.7	23.8	24.3	24.5	-	18.5	18.6	19.0	19.2	-
Printing and publishing	27	1,531.2	1,537.3	1,546.4	1,543.0	1,549.6	834.5	836.1	841.7	836.7	84
Newspapers	271	441.5	443.8	448.1	447.6	_	149.2	149.9	149.4	149.4	١ -
Periodicals	272	131.5	131.2	133.9	132.8	_	43.8	43.3	46.2	45.4	-
Books	273	121.9	121.4	122.5	122.4		63.1	62.4	63.5	62.6	
Book publishing	2731	83.8	83.3	84.1	84,3	_	32.8	32.3	33.2	32.8	- ا
Book printing	2732	38.1	38.1	38.4	38.1	_	30.3	30.1	30.3	29.8	ـ ا
Miscellaneous publishing		85.7	86.0	90.0	89.4	_	40.3	39.9	41.4	41.2	-
Commercial printing		563.2	565.9	565.6	566.2		402.6	404.2	405.1	404.5	l -
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	364.8	366.0	367.9	368.6	_	260.4	261.0	262.8	262.3	-
Commercial printing, nec	2750	177.6	179.0	178.3	177.5	_	125.8	126.7	126.8	126.2	۱ ـ
Manifold business forms	276	43.8	44.1	44.1	44.2		30.5	30.7	31.0	31.0	_ ا
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	65.3	66.5	65.9	64.6	_	50.4	51.2	50,8	49.3	١.
Printing trade services	279	50.9	50.9	49.0	48.9	-	35.5	35.3	33.2	33.0	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,029.8	1,028.6	1,029.6	1,025.8	1,024.5	572.1	570.1	569.7	571.1	57
Industrial inorganic chemicals		118.4	118.1	116.0	115.6	1,024.3	54.5	54.4	57.2	58.3	٠,
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2010	72.6	72.5	70.6	70.3	_ :	36.0	35.9	35.3	35.8	_
Plastics materials and synthetics	2019	158.8	158.6	156.0	155.2	_ '	105.0	104.7	104.4	104.1	١.
Plastics materials and resins	202	76.3	76.1	77.6	77.1		47.4	47.2	48.5	48.2	1]
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2021	48.9	48.8	47.0	46.9	_]	37.6	37.5	36.5	36.6] -
Drugs	283	257.1	256.8	261.2	260.1	-	120.5	119.5	115.6	115.8] -
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	204.6	204.4	206.6	205.7		98.9	98.0	93.3	93.3	1 -
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	155.1	155.7	155.8	156.8		96.2	96.2	96.0	97.3	
Soap and other detergents	2841	40.4	40.3	40.1	39.9		22.4	22.4	21.5	21.5	1 -
	2842,3	41.3	41.7	41.0	41.7	_ '	23.4	23.6	22.7	23.2	
	2844	73.4	73.7	74.7	75.2	_	50.4	50.2	51.8	52.6	1 .
Toilet preparations		52.8	53.1	54.4	53.7	_	28.2	28.3	29.1	28.7	
	286	143.4	142.1	142.1	141.2	_	81.5	80.7	80.2	80.1	1]
Industrial organic chemicals	2865	24.8	25.5	25.7	25.7	_	15.0	15.4	15.5	15.5	
	2869	115.8	113.8	113.7	112.9	-	64.4	63.2	62.7	62.6	1 -
	287	51.8	51.6	49.8	49.6	_	30.6	30.6	30.1	30.0	}]
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	92.4	92.6	94.3	93.6	_	55.6	55.7	57.1	56.8	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	143.7	142.9	141.4	140.4	139.2	94.0	93.7	94.0	92.9	
Petroleum and coat products	29 291	99.6	99.0	97.2	96.3	100.2	63.7	63.5	63.8	62.9	۱ ^۳
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	29.7	29.6	29.6	29.6	~	22.7	22.5	22.4	22.3	
		005 7			004 6	905.7					, ,
Rubber and misc. plastics products	201	985.7	987.9	991,9	994.6	995.7	765.1	766.8	768.9	771.9	77
Tires and inner tubes		79.4	78.8	77.3	77.2	-	57.7	57.3	57.5	57.2	-
	302	6.6	6.6	6.3	7.7	-	5.4	5.4	4.7	6.2	-
Hose, beiting, gaskets, and packing		67.9	68.2	70.4	70.3	- 1	52.0	52.0	53.9	53.8	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		27.6	27.8	28.0	28.0	-	21.4	21.5	21.8	21.7	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec	1306	113.9	114.3	114,4	114.5	~	87.6	88.0	87.3	87.6	- ا
	308	717.9	720.0	723.5	724.9		562.4	564.1	565.5	567.1	Ι-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Nondumble goods—Continued Leather products Section		1987	L	Al	l employe	98			Produ	uction work	rers ¹	
Leather and leather products	Industry											Oct. 1997P
Leather and leather products	Nondurable goods—Continued											
Footwear, except furbier	Leather and leather products	31										68.6
Memis Soolwear, cacepit athletic	Leather tanning and finishing	311					1					-
Water transportation	Footwear, except rubber	314										
Luggage 316 10.6 10.5 9.0 9.0 9.0 - 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 5.3 5.4 - 7	Men's tootwear, except athletic	13143					1					
Harribags and personal leather goods 317 10.6 10.5 9.0 9.0 - 6.7 6.7 5.3 5.4 - Transportation and public utilities 6.334 6.338 6.234 6.504 6.505 6.502 5.338 5.347 5.211 5.470 5.44 Transportation 6.34 4.115 4.018 4.257 4.265 6.504 6.592 5.338 5.347 5.211 5.470 5.44 Transportation 7.4 4.10 20.9 20.6 20.1 4.10 20.9 20.6 20.1 6.7 20.1 6.20 20.1 6.2 20.1 20.1 6.2 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20	Luggage	316										
Transportation	Handbags and personal leather goods	317					-					-
Railroad transportation	ransportation and public utilities		6,334	6,338	6,274	6,504	6,532	5,338	5,347	5,211	5,470	5,489
Class railroads plus Amtrak2	Transportation		4,103	4,115	4,018	4,257	4,285	-	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	Railroad transportation	40					229.6	-	-	_ '	_	_
Local and suburban transportation	•						484.0	410.1	424 5	250.2	422.5	
Taxicabs Intercity and rural bus transportation	Local and interurban passenger transit	41										<u>-</u>
Intercity and rural bus transportation								200.7	200.0	- 200.2		_
School buses								24.3	24.1	24.7	25.4	_
Trucking and courier services, except air 421 1,512.0 1,509.1 1,559.1 1,594.1							-	-	=	=	-	-
Trucking and courier services, except air 421 1,512.0 1,500.1 1,550.5 1,560.1 - 1,324.7 1,321.1 1,375.3 1,376.3 - Public warehousing and storage 422 155.4 156.4 - 180.2 179.9 - 1	Trucking and warehousing	42	1,672.1				1,733.1					-
Water transportation 44 177.5 173.3 186.6 180.2 179.9 -	Trucking and courier services, except air	421					l i					-
Water transportation of freight, nec 444 11.3 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 10.9 - 104.0 100.1 111.6 106.9 - <td>Public warehousing and storage</td> <td>422</td> <td>155.4</td> <td>159.4</td> <td>162.1</td> <td>165.4</td> <td>_</td> <td>130.1</td> <td>133.5</td> <td>135.0</td> <td>138.3</td> <td>_</td>	Public warehousing and storage	422	155.4	159.4	162.1	165.4	_	130.1	133.5	135.0	138.3	_
Water transportation of freight, nec 444 11.3 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 10.9 - 104.0 100.1 111.6 106.9 - <td>Water transportation</td> <td>44</td> <td>177.5</td> <td>173.3</td> <td>186.6</td> <td>180.2</td> <td>179.9</td> <td>_ </td> <td>-</td> <td>- </td> <td>- (</td> <td>_</td>	Water transportation	44	177.5	173.3	186.6	180.2	179.9	_	-	-	- (_
Water transportation services	Water transportation of freight, nec	444	14.3	14.3	14.7		-	-	- :	- 1	-	_
Air transportation, scheduled 451 970.4 977.0 977.0 977.0 970.4 1, 0222.2	Water transportation services	449	117.3	114.0	126.0	120.9	-	104.0	100.1	111.6	106.9	_
Air transportation, scheduled 4512 506.9 508.2 535.0 532.5	Transportation by air	45						-	-	-		-
Airports, flying fields, and services	Air transportation, scheduled	451							_	_		_
Transportation services								_	_	_		_
Transportation services	Pipelines, except natural gas	46	14.5	14.3	14.6	14.2	14.2	11.7	11.7	12.0	11.6	_
Passenger transportation arrangement 472 214.4 215.6 220.9 1 - 178.1 179.8 185.7 185.7 - 185.7 185.7 - 185.8 185.7 - 185.8			420.9	423.1	440.9	439.3	442.0	340.7	343.6	359.2	357.3	_
Travel agencies	Passenger transportation arrangement	472			220.9	219.1	_	178.1	179.8	185.2	183.7	-
Freight transportation arrangement	Travel agencies	4724		171.0	174.1	172.9	_	141.1	142.7	146.4	145.4	_
Communications	Freight transportation arrangement	473	161.1	161.3	169.3	169.5	-	125.1	125.5	131.4	131.2	-
Telephone communications	Communications and public utilities		2,231	2,223	2,256	2,247	2,247	-	-	-	-	-
Telephone communications 481 906.8 898.7 933.5 930.9 — 697.8 694.3 694.9 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 575.6 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 581.8 575.6 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 575.6 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 581.8 575.8 593.8 581.8 581.8 575.6 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 581.8 575.6 — 598.7 593.8 581.8 581.8 575.6 —	Communications	48	1,350.5	1,345.9	1,384.3	1,381.0	1,385.0	1,063.0	1,061.9	1,067.5	1,059.6	-
Telephone communications, except radio	Telephone communications	. 481			933.5	930.9	 	697.8		699.9		
Radio and television broadcasting 483 244.8 246.5 248.3 249.9 — 204.7 205.7 206.4 207.8 — Radio broadcasting stations 4832 115.2 116.5 118.1 119.4 — <t< td=""><td>Telephone communications, except radio</td><td>4813</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Telephone communications, except radio	4813					_					-
Television broadcasting stations 4833 129.6 130.0 130.2 130.5 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - Cable and other pay television services 484 174.3 176.9 179.2 177.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 147.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9 147.3 - 149.6 149.9	Radio and television broadcasting	483					1			1	1	-
Cable and other pay television services 484 174.3 176.9 179.2 177.3 - 147.6 149.6 149.9 147.3 - Electric, gas, and sanitary services 49 880.0 876.7 871.8 865.6 861.8 696.4 696.3 694.7 688.0 - Gas production and distribution 492 145.4 145.4 143.1 140.7 - 112.8 110.9 108.7 - Combination utility services 493 162.6 162.7 159.9 159.5 - 125.4 127.3 124.4 123.8 - Sanitary services 495 156.4 155.2 155.3 155.7 - 129.8 128.6 128.7 128.7 - Wholesale trade 6,527 6,556 6,710 6,701 6,731 5,280 5,304 5,410 5,397 5,4 Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies 501 503.3 503.1 515.1 511.3 - 411.5 410.6 420.6 415.3 - - - - - - <td>Radio broadcasting stations</td> <td>4832</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>l -</td> <td> -</td> <td>l –</td> <td>-</td> <td>- </td> <td>-</td>	Radio broadcasting stations	4832					l -	-	l –	-	-	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	Television broadcasting stations	4833					_	147.6	149.6	149.9	147.3	_
Electric services			880.0	876.7	871.8	865.6	861.8	696.4	696.3	694.7	688.0	_
Gas production and distribution 492 145.4 145.4 143.1 140.7 - 112.8 110.9 108.7 - Combination utility services 493 162.6 162.7 159.9 159.5 - 125.4 127.3 124.4 123.8 - Sanitary services 495 156.4 155.2 155.3 155.7 - 129.8 128.6 128.7 128.7 - Wholesale trade 6,527 6,556 6,710 6,701 6,731 5,280 5,304 5,410 5,397 5,4 Durable goods 50 3,821 3,833 3,972 3,959 3,980 3,054 3,063 3,161 3,142 - Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies 501 503.3 503.1 515.1 511.3 - 411.5 410.6 420.6 415.3 - Automobiles and other motor vehicles 5012 136.8 137.4 144.7 143.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Electric services	. 491					-					l –
Combination utility services	Gas production and distribution	492		145.4	143.1	140.7	-	112.8		110.9	108.7	- 1
Sanitary services 495 156.4 155.2 155.3 155.7 — 129.8 128.6 128.7 128.7 — Vholesale trade 6,527 6,556 6,710 6,701 6,731 5,280 5,304 5,410 5,397 5,4 Durable goods 50 3,821 3,833 3,972 3,959 3,980 3,054 3,063 3,161 3,142 — Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies 501 503.3 503.1 515.1 511.3 — 411.5 410.6 420.6 415.3 — Automobiles and other motor vehicles 5012 136.8 137.4 144.7 143.3 —	Combination utility services	. 493	162.6	162.7	159.9	159.5	_	125.4	127.3	124.4	123.8	-
Durable goods 50 3,821 3,833 3,972 3,959 3,980 3,054 3,063 3,161 3,142 — Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies 501 503.3 503.1 515.1 511.3 — 411.5 410.6 420.6 415.3 — Automobiles and other motor vehicles 5012 136.8 137.4 144.7 143.3 — <t< td=""><td>Sanitary services</td><td>495</td><td>156.4</td><td>155.2</td><td>155.3</td><td>155.7</td><td>-</td><td>129.8</td><td>128.6</td><td>128.7</td><td>128.7</td><td>-</td></t<>	Sanitary services	495	156.4	155.2	155.3	155.7	-	129.8	128.6	128.7	128.7	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies 501 503.3 503.1 515.1 511.3 - 411.5 410.6 420.6 415.3 - Automobiles and other motor vehicles 5012 136.8 137.4 144.7 143.3 - <td>Wholesale trade</td> <td>. </td> <td>6,527</td> <td>6,556</td> <td>6,710</td> <td>6,701</td> <td>6,731</td> <td>5,280</td> <td>5,304</td> <td>5,410</td> <td>5,397</td> <td>5,41</td>	Wholesale trade	.	6,527	6,556	6,710	6,701	6,731	5,280	5,304	5,410	5,397	5,41
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	Durable goods	50					3,980	· ·				-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts 5013 290.5 289.6 293.0 290.3 -							-	411.5	410.6	420.6	415.3	-
Furniture and home furnishings					1		i .	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture	Motor vehicle supplies and new parts	. 5013						122.6	124.4	120.2	120 7	
	rumiture and nome turnishings	5021					1	122.0	124.4	129.3	120./	ΙĪ
	Cultifull #							1 ~	I -	I -	I -	I

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	l employe	98			Prod	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P
Wholesale trade—Continued)										
Durable goods—Continued		040.0	040.5	057.0	054.4	ŀ	006.4	2000.0	214.0	209.8	
Lumber and other construction materials	503	249.3	249.5	257.0	254.4	-	206.4	206.3	211.9	209.0	_
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	125.9 38.8	126.1 38.7	129.8 39.0	128.8 38.5	_	_	_	_		
Construction materials, nec Professional and commercial equipment	5039	828.6	830.5	862.9	859.3	_	658.9	661.5	680.1	673.9	_
Office equipment	5044	193.5	193.9	204.8	204.4	_	-	-	-	-	_
Computers, peripherals and software	5045	319.9	321.5	335.4	333.0	-	-	_	- 1	- 1	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	175.3	176.4	181.4	180.9	-	143.3	144.4	147.1	146.1	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	144.2	144.1	145.8	145.6	-	116.6	116.3	117.8	117,6	-
Electrical goods	506	516.6	521.7	546.5	546.7	-	392.0	394.9	407.6	405.7	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	217.9	219.3	232.5	232.6	-	_	_	_	-	_
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets	5064	48.5 250.2	49.0 253.4	49.1 264.9	49.4 264.7	_	_	_	_	_] _
Electronic parts and equipmentHardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	296.2	296.9	305.3	304.5	_	239.9	240.7	248.0	247.9	_
HardwareHardware hardware	5072	105.2	105.5	106.7	106.6	_	-	-	-		-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies	5074	116.8	116.9	120.5	120.5	-	_	_	-	_	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	799.8	801.1	838.8	836.6	-	638.7	640.1	671.6	668.2	-
Construction and mining machinery	5082	83.8	84.2	89.2	89.9	-	-	-	- :	-	-
Farm and garden machinery	5083	119.4	118.8	126.3	123.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	323.0	324.1	340.4	339.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial supplies		150.1	150.2	154.3	154.5 338.7	_	_ 267.1	268.6	274.5	274.9	_
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods Scrap and waste materials	509 5093	329.4 130.9	329.9 · 130.1	338.0 134.8	134.7	_	207.1		-	- 214.9	} _
	1	1	0 =00		0.740	0.754	0.000	0.044	0.040	0.055	
Nondurable goods	51	2,706	2,723 260.9	2,738 263.4	2,742 262.9	2,751	2,226 218.6	2,241 218.7	2,249 221.9	2,255 221.1	-
Paper and paper products	5112	260.7 147.8	147.9	151.2	150.9	_	210.0	210.7	221.9	- 221.1	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	204.9	205.8	211.6	212.8	_	170.6	171.4	175.9	177.1	_
Apparei, piece goods, and notions	513	224.1	226.2	224.9	225.0		179.8	181.9	182.2	182.2	_
Groceries and related products	514	906.9	910.8	920.9	923.1	- 1	764.4	767.7	775.0	778.0	-
Groceries, general line	5141	281.6	282.5	290.0	290.0	J - 1	_	-	- 1	-	-
Meats and meat products	5147	56.3	56.3	56.4	56.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fresh fruits and vegetables		112.0	113.8	105.8	109.7	-		-	-		-
Farm-product raw materials	515	109.0	113.6	107.0	109.4	-	88.6 107.7	93.1 108.2	86.2 107.8	89.0 107.3	-
Chemicals and allied products	510	146.1	146.5 158.2	147.3 162.3	146.8 161.2	_	129.9	130.7	134.4	133.3	l <u> </u>
Petroleum and petroleum products Petroleum bulk stations and terminals	5171	157.4 64.1	64.7	66.7	66.4	_	- 125.5	100.7	- 104.4	155.5	_
Petroleum products, nec	5172	93.3	93.5	95.6	94.8	\ i		-	-	_	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	154.5	154.9	158.8	157.1	-	125.2	125.3	129.0	127.0	-
Beer and ale		100.4	100.5	104.6	102.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wine and distilled beverages	5182	54.1	54.4	54.2	54.6	-	-	-	- 1	_	-
Misc, wholesale trade nondurable goods		542.4	546.4	541.6	544.1	-	440.7	444.0	436.6	439.6	-
Farm supplies	5191	165.5	168.0	172.5	172.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		21,797	21,829	22,366	22,283	22,336	19,169	19,209	19,689	19,598	19,651
Building materials and garden supplies	52	907.1	906.9	950.6	932.6	927.7	758.6	757.6	792.8	775.1	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	550.8	549.5	585.6	573.8	-	469.5	467.7	495.9	484.9	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	523	66.6	66.4	68.3	68.5	-	51.9	51.5	53.4	53.1	i -
Hardware storesRetail nurseries and garden stores		163.6 87.4	165.1 86.9	165.2 89.5	163.2 85.8	-	134.4 71.7	136.0 71.3	136.1 74.3	133.9 70.6	-
General merchandise stores	53	2,712.4	2,807.0	2.782.7	2.789.4	2.882.5	2,523.7	2,618.0	2,583.4	2.586.8	l _
Department stores	531	2.381.7	2,465.3	2,438.6	2,446.5	2,535.2	2,238.6	2,323.1	2,287.9	2,292.9	\ <u> </u>
Variety stores	533	136.4	142.6	140.3	139.3	-,	117.2	122.7	118.9	118.1	_
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores		194.3	199.1	203.8	203.6	-	167,9	172.2	176.6	175.8	-
Food stores	54	3,446.2	3,463.6	3,522.2	3,502.4	3,519.8	3,120.6	3,137.1	3,191.8	3,179.2	_
Grocery stores	541	3,034.9	3,047.1	3,073.6	3,059.8	-	2,769.2	2,781.3	2,807.8	2,800.7	_
Meat and fish markets	542	47.8	48.5	48.9	49.2	-	_	_		-	_
		15.1	14.6	18.7	17.6	-	-	-	-	-	_
Dairy products stores				1 000 4)	4707	4750		400 -	1
Dairy products stores	546	197.5	199.4	209,1	208.7	-	173.7	175.6	182.1	182.5	_
Dairy products stores Retail bakeries Automotive dealers and service stations	546	197.5	2,300.8	2,352.1	2,345.6	2,344.0	1,928.3	1,925.1	1,966.4	1,956.8	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	i employe	es			Prodi	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1 99 6	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Retall trade—Continued						·					
Automotive dealers and service stations—Continued						!					
Auto and home supply stores	553	390.6	391.0	406.0	405.9	-	312.8	312.7	321.4	318.8	_
Gasoline service stations	554	681.4	676.3	684.4	682.2	-	590.2	586.2	594.5	592.1	_
Automotive dealers, nec	559	9.3	9.2	10.4	10.2] -	7.6	7.6	8.6	8.4	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	1,083.7	1,101.5	1,100.5	1,083.8	1,098.1	893.8	913.1	916.3	899.3	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	79.3	79.7	75.7	74.6	-	63.3	63.8	59.6	58.5	-
Women's clothing stores	562	294.5	300.0	288.5	286.6	-	242.6	248.5	239.3	237.1	_
Family clothing stores	565	331.9	339.9	350.9	341.0	-	288.3	296.9	310.8	300.7	_
Shoe stores	566	200.6	202.1	202.8	200.8	_	156.3	159.0	160.0	158.6	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	987.9	1,004.1	1,035.5	1,040.6	1,055.0	805.0	821.1	848.6	853.0	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	516.9	523.3	535,4	537.8	-	419.3	424.9	435.6	437.7	_
Furniture stores	5712	305.8	309.0	317.7	320.0	-			-		_
Household appliance stores	572	71.5	72.4	70.3	69.4	-	57.8	58.8	57.0	56.1	_
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	399.5	408.4	429.8	433.4	-	327.9	337.4	356.0	359.2	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores		180.5	186.1	194.2	194.4 82.8	-	149.8	155.8 66.1	161.5 66.5	161.1 68.3	_
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5/35	81.6	82.6	81.5	82.8	-	64.5	00.1	6.00	00.3	_
Eating and drinking places	58	7,642.2	7,479.3	7,822.8	7,758.7	7,619.0	6,885.1	6,731.6	7,055.8	6,989.4	_
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	2,711.8	2,765.4	2,799.8	2,829.5	2,889.4	2,254.1	2,305.1	2,333.8	2,358.7	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		608.2	612.5	626.8	627.0	-	501.8	505.6	520.5	521.2	_
Liquor stores		111.4	113.4	113.3	113.6	-		-	-		_
Used merchandise stores	593	106.5	107.7	116.5	116.3) -	88.3	89.7	97.3	96.9	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	962.2	983.9	993.2	1,010.8	_	803.3	824.7	831.4	845.8	_
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	189.7	192.4	200.2	200.7	-	-	-	_	-	-
Book stores		128.9 85.3	123.7 ° 85.2	116.6 89.1	133,1 88,9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Stationery stores	5044	136.1	139.5	144.1	144.7	-				_	_
Jewelry stores		220.2	222.9	224.0	218.9	-	_	_	_	_	
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	5040	51.1	53.3	50.4	50.7	-	_		_	_	_
Nonstore retailers	596	336.5	353.1	337.1	350.9	_	284.9	301,1	284.7	297.6	_
Catalog and mail-order houses	5961	213.1	229.3	215.8	229.1	_	_	_	_	-	_
Merchandising machine operators	5962	68.8	68.5	66.1	66.4	l –	l – I		_	- 1	-
Fuel dealers		96.8	100.1	98.0	98.5	_	80.1	83.2	80.7	81.2	-
Retail stores, nec	599	490.2	494.7	514.9	512.4	-	404.6	408.2	426.4	422.8	-
Florists, tobacco stores, and newsstands	5992,3,4	141.6	144.9	149.0	149.4	-					-
Optical goods stores	5995	68.8	69.2	72.3	72.8	-	56.9	57.3	60.6	60.9	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	279.8	280.6	293.6	290.2	-	226.8	227.0	239.3	235.6	_
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,936	6,922	7,152	7,089	7,090	5,060	5,048	5,240	5,173	5,170
Finance		3,314	3,316	3,439	3,420	3,428	-	-	-	-	-
Depository institutions	60	2,022.0	2,021.0	2,064.7	2,044.9	2,045.9	1,456.3	1,455.0	1,487.7	1,468.2	\ -
Commercial banks	602	1,467.3	1,466.5	1,504.0	1,488.8	1,489.4	1,042.2	1,040.9	1,070.1	1,055.5	-
State commercial banks	6022	587.0	587.4	612.7	606.5	-	420.2	420.1	439.0	433.0	-
National and commercial banks, nec	6021,9	880.3	879.1	891.3	882.3		622.0	620.8	631.1	622.5	-
Savings institutions	603	258.4	257.5	253.5	250.1	249.7	-	-	-	-	-
Federal savings institutions	6035	146.1	145.9	143.4	141.4	i -	1 -	i -	-	i -	_
Savings institutions, except federal	6036	112.3	111.6	110.1	108.7	-	4000	1	4000		-
Credit unions	606	164.6	165.5	172.6	172.1	-	130.9	131.6	136.8	136.4	_
Nondepository institutions	61	523.7	524.6	550.5	552.9	553.2	376.9	376.2	390.1	389.8	-
Personal credit institutions		162.0	163.1	167.2	168.5	\ -	114.2	114.7	115.1	113.2	-
Business credit institutions		105.8	106.2	115.5	115.8	247.4	į -	-	-	~	-
Mortgage bankers and brokers		235.0	234.5	246.3	247.4	247.1	_	_	_	-	_
Security and commodity brokers	62	557.9	559.6	600.4	599.2	603.9	-	-	-	-	-
Security brokers and dealers	621	421.9	422.9	454.8	452.8	-	ļ -	-	<u> </u>	ļ -	l -
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and	•	ĺ			_	1	ļ	1	1	1	i .
exhanges		24.4	24.3	25.3	25.6	-	-	l <u>-</u> .			-
Security and commodity services		111.6	112.4	120.3	120.8	-	73.6	73.9	80.2	80.1	_
Holding and other investment offices	67	209.9	210.8	223.0	223.2	224.7	l -	l –	l –	l -	ļ -
Holding offices		107.1	106.9	111.6	111.4			I		-	1

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		A	I employe	es	,	ļ	Prod	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued			_								
Insurance	63,64	2,218	2,215	2,239	2,230	2,233	- 1	-	- 1	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	1,509.2	1,504.9	1,515.6	1,508.7	1,511.7	1,078.0	1,075.8	1,105.2	1,101.8	-
Life insurance	631	515.5	513.1	510.2	506.3	-	341.3	340.2	331.7	329.5	-
Medical service and health insurance	632	325.2	326.2	333.6	333.7	-	266.3	267.1	271.6	271.3 225.3	_
Hospital and medical service plans	6324	264.0 532.3	265.1 530.7	272.0 531.4	272.6 528.4	_	219.1 361.1	219.8 360.2	225.1 388.8	388.1	_
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance Title insurance	636	69.4	68.8	71.3	71.1	-	-	-		-	-
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	708.7	710.0	723.5	720.9	720.9	_	_	-	-	-
Real estate	65	1,404	1,391	1,474	1,439	1,429	_	-	-	-	_
Real estate operators and lessors	651	584.0	580.7	601.9	586.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers	653	668.1	661.1	714.3	697.0	-	\ -	-	-	[-	-
Subdividers and developers	655	118.8	116.4	124.2	121.1	-	_	_	-	-	_
Services		34,741	34,923	36,009	35,957	36,189	30,386	30,566	31,485	31,398	31,60
Agricultural services	07	665.0	658.5	738.6	717.9	712.3	563.3	557.8	629.3	609.1	-
Veterinary services	074	174.8	174.4	186.3	182.9	-	146.3	146.1	157.1	153.5	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	441.6	435.6	498.6	484.6	-	377.2	371.7	427.8	413.8	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,772.1	1,726.7	1,892.3	1,801.1	1,759.1	-	-	-	-	-
Hotels and motels	701	1,715.7	1,675.6	1,807.3	1,746.1	-	1,510.7	1,472.5	1,599.6	1,538.1	-
Personal services	72	1,156.9	1,164.2	1,143.4	1,156.8	1,163.1					-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	434.5	437.1	436.5	438.2	-	382.9	384.5	383.9	385.3	_
Photographic studios, portrait	722	78.2	83.8 401.9	74.9 400.0	80.7 405.3	-	356.9	357.0	355.1	359.3	_
Beauty shops Funeral service and crematories	726	401.5 96.0	95.3	97.6	97.7	[350.9	357.0	355.1	359.5	_
Miscellaneous personal services	729	129.8	129.1	118.7	119.1	-	107.8	107.6	97.6	98.2	-
Business services	73	7,464.9	7,537.2	7,757.6	7,829.5	7,923.7	6,647.3	6,715.2	6,879.4	6,945.2	-
Advertising	731	243.4	244.7	254.2	252.1	-	177.3	177.9	184.6	183.7	-
Advertising agencies	7311	162.8	163.7	170.3	169.3	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection	732	127.5 301.4	126.8 305.5	131.5 315.8	130.6 318.7	-	_		_	i -	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	74.3	75.0	78.3	79.3		62.2	63.1	66.3	67.2	\ _
Services to buildings	734	899.7	900.1	903.3	906.3	905.2	807.4	807.4	806.8	809.6	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	86.8	85.9	88.7	87.9	-	69.6	68.7	71.4	70.4	-
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	812.9	814.2	814.6	818.4	-	737.8	738.7	735.4	739.2	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		243.3	241.8	254.8	252.3	-	196.7	194.8	205.2	202.9	-
Medical equipment rental	7352	37.8	38.2	40.9	40.5 44.3	-	29.9 37.8	29.9 38.1	31.2 37.6	30.7	-
Heavy construction equipment rental Equipment rental and leasing, nec	7350	44.4 161.1	44.6 159.0	44.2 169.7	167.5	I -	129.0	126.8	136.4	37.6 134.6	_
Personnel supply services	736	2,822.6	2.853.3	2.809.6	2.862.4	2,917.9	- 129.0	-	- 130.4	1 -	1 -
Employment agencies	. 7361	315.0	318.9	340.6	342.6	-	1 -	1 -	I –	~	l –
Help supply services	7363	2,507.6			2,519.8	2,570.2		2,468.1		2,449.2	-
Computer and data processing services	. 737	1,222.2	1,232.5	1,359.5	1,368.4	1,386.8	972.2	982.0	1,084.1	1,090.4	-
Computer programming services	7371	275.9	279.0	314.4	315.5	-	229.2	232.7	267.1	267.9	-
Prepackaged software Computer integrated systems design		202.0 144.2	203.9 145.2	224.5 160.1	228.3 160.7	_	102.4	103.1	113.6	114.1	-
Data processing and preparation	7374	230.1	232.9	252.2	253.1] _	'	'-	-	'-".'	1 <u>-</u>
Information retrieval services	7375	69.6	70.3	76.3	76.3	-	51.8	51.9	55.3	54.9] –
Computer maintenance and repair		53.2	53.2	55.4	55.6	l –	38.9	38.7	38.3	38.1] -
Miscellaneous business services	738	1,604.8	1,632.5	1,728.9	1,738.7	-	1,399.1	1,423.4	1,505.1	1,511.5	-
Detective and armored car services		551.0	549.1	578.2	583.4	-	512.2	509.6	535.2	539.2	-
Security systems services Photofinishing laboratories	7382 7384	53.0 76.3	53.6 76.8	57.5 77.2	57.0 79.5	-	44.9	45.4 -	49.3 -	48.5 ~	_
Auto repair, services, and parking	ł	1,099.3	1,104.4	1,146.9	1,147.0	1,152.2	905.8	909.3	944.0	942.9	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	199.7	200.0	212.3	211.4	-	165.4	165.5	174.7	173.9	l –
Passenger car rental	7514	128.9	129.5	141.1	140.7	-	108.5	109.0	117.8	117.1	! -
Automobile parking	. 752	68.1	68.7	69.8	70.0	-	60.0	60.3	61.2	61.2	-
Automotive repair shops		610.9	612.5	629.9	627.5	-	492.0	493.0	507.1	503.5	-
Automotive and tire repair shops General automotive repair shops	7532,4	211.6	212.7	218.6	217.8	-	173.7	174.6	179.5	178.6	-
	1/538	256.8	257.7	265.2	264.7	-	206.4	206.9	213.2	211.3	I –

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Į.	1987		Al	l employee	es		 	Produ	action work	cers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p
Services—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking—Continued											
Automotive services, except repair	754	220.6	223.2	234.9	238.1	_	188.4	190.5	201.0	204.3	_
Carwashes	7542	118.7	120.8	124.0	126.6	_	104.0	106.1	109.2	112.2	
Carwasties	1342	110.7	120.0	124.0	120.0	_	104.0	100.1	103.2	1,,5	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	378.7	378.1	391.8	390.1	390.0	310.3	308.7	320.2	318.2	_
Electrical repair shops	762	115.8	115.0	120.0	119.3	-	-	-	-	-	_
Motion pictures	78	520.6	517.7	560.0	542.5	542.8	433.9	431.7	475.9	452.9	_
Motion picture production and services	791	226.5	228.9	245.5	242.5		189.5	191.9	211.5	203.0	_
Motion picture theaters	701	115.4	110.9	129.9	116.0		103.5	- 101.5			_
Wide the sentel	704			162.1			126.3	125.0	130.8	130.6	
Video tape rental	/84	155.3	153.0	102.1	161.7	-	120.3	125.0	130.8	130.0	_
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,537.4	1,427.3	1,827.2	1,641.7	1,517.4	1,345.1	1,242.3	1,629.3	1,439.0	-
Bowling centers	793	B3.2	83.4	67.9	78.6	- 1	74.9	75.2	59.6	69.4	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	1,147.2	1,050.9	1,409.6	1,239.0	-	1,006.2	914.4	1,263.2	1,089.1	_
Physical fitness facilities	7991	154.9	156.9	167.6	166.6	-	137.8	139.8	149.4	147.8	_
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	344.9	323.3	452.4	382.2	-	303.4	282.4	406.5	337.5	_
Harliff and the	00	0.500.0	0.500.0	0.704.4	0.740.0	0.757.0	D 424 D	0.455.5	0 627 7	B 607 1	
Health services		9,503.8	9,529.8	9,734.4	9,719.9	9,757.9	8,424.8	8,455.5	8,627.7	8,607.1	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	1,691.5	1,694.4	1,753.4	1,752.5	1,763.5	1,387.0	1,391.8	1,439.3	1,435.5	_
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	611.7	613.4	625.6	623.6	- 1	535.9	538.5	546.5	544.9	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	415.9	420.5	432.6	433.2	-	344.6	350.0	361.5	360.3	-
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists		162.0	163.5	168.4	167.6		.		·		_
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,740.1	1,743.7	1,771.8	1,764.1	1,765.4	1,566.1	1,569.5	1,593.6	1,585.0	-
Skilled nursing care facilities	8051	1,295.1	1,298.8	1,319.2	1,314.9	1 - 1	_	- 1		-	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	211.7	212.0	214.3	213.0	l – !	190.9	191.3	192.3	190.9	-
Nursing and personal care, nec	8059	233.3	232.9	238.3	236.2	_	-	- 1	- 1	_	-
Hospitals	806	3,817.4	3,826.1	3,889.3	3,885.2	3,896.5	3,495.8	3,505.4	3,564.8	3,560.1	-
General medical and surgical hospitals	8062	3,521.5	3,529.7	3,589.0	3,585.5	-	_	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	8063	86.6	87.1	85.7	84.8	- '	- '	- 1		- 1	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	8069	209.3	209.3	214.6	214.9	! – i	_	-		_	-
Medical and dental laboratories		198.3	199.0	207.9	206.0	-	_	_	- '	-	-
Home health care services	808	669.2	671.5	683.8	687.2	692.8	619.0	622.0	629.5	632.3	-
Legal services	81	925.7	931.5	964.6	954.3	959.5	736.7	741.3	771.6	760.4	-
Educational services	B2	1.979.0	2.168.4	1.800.4	2,049.5	2,243.6	_	_	_	_	_
Elementory and cocordary cohools	921	589.7	607.6	550.4	602.4		:	_	_	_	_
Elementary and secondary schools Colleges and universities	822	1,148.1	1,313.5	981.9	1,185.1	l _ '		l _ '	_	_	۱ _
Vocational schools	824	79.8	81.9	83.6	85.3	l –	- 1	-	-	_	-
		l									}
Social services	83	2,401.7	2,428.1	2,455.9	2,488.2	2,516.8	2,087.4	2,110.2	2,134.3	2,160.6	1 -
Individual and family services	632	646.8	651.0	671.3	666.2	! -	562.6	565.5	582.1	577.2	1 -
Job training and related services	833	308.2	310.4	328.9	321.4		264.0	266.0	284.7	276.0	-
Child day care services		574.5	592.3	547.3	595.0	610.2	507.9	525.1	480.8	525.8	-
Residential care		674.5	676.2	709.2	704.1	708.4	583.9	585.2	616.2	610.8	-
Social services, nec	839	197.7	198.2	199.2	201.5	-	169.0	168.4	170.5	170.8	(-
00000 00171000; 1100			DC 5	94.6	89.9	90.3	-	-	-	-	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	84	86.3	86.5		1	1					1
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	1		2.179.0	2,244.3	2,186.5	2,198.1	-	_	_	-	- 1
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations	86	2,171.0	2,179.0		2,186.5 109.2	2,198.1		<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>] =
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations	86 861	2,171.0 107.6	2,179.0 106.4	2,244.3		2,198.1 - -	- - 41.6	- - 42.1	- - 42.5	- - 42.8	<u>-</u>
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations	86 861 862	2,171.0 107.6 58.4	2,179.0 106.4 58.8	2,244.3 109.6 59.1	109.2 59.2	-	-	- - 42.1 -	- - 42.5 -	- - 42.8 -	=
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations	86 861 862 863	2,171.0 107.6	2,179.0 106.4	2,244.3 109.6	109.2	- -	-	- - 42.1 - -	- - 42.5 - -	- - 42.8 - -	- - - -
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations	86 861 862 863 864	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7	- - -	41.6 - -	-	- -	- -	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations Engineering and management services	86 861 862 863 864	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0 3,040.3	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7 3,026.0	- - - - 3,044.8	41.6 - - 2,191.9	- - 2,194.7	_ _ 2,330.1	- - 2,313.3	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations Engineering and management services Engineering and architectural services	86 861 862 863 864 87	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3 2,862.9 849.9	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9 2,870.7 850.5	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0 3,040.3 895.5	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7 3,026.0 888.5	3,044.8 893.0	41.6 - 2,191.9 698.8	2,194.7 697.7	2,330.1 737.5	2,313.3 730.6	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations Engineering and management services Engineering and architectural services Engineering services	86 861 862 863 864 87 871	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3 2,862.9 849.9 653.6	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9 2,870.7 850.5 654.3	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0 3,040.3 895.5 685.1	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7 3,026.0 888.5 680.9	3,044.8 893.0	41.6 - 2,191.9 698.8 542.6	2,194.7 697.7 542.2	2,330.1 737.5 570.4	2,313.3 730.6 566.2	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations Engineering and management services Engineering and architectural services Engineering services Architectural services	86 861 862 863 864 87 871 8711	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3 2,862.9 849.9 653.6 139.9	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9 2,870.7 850.5 654.3 139.7	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0 3,040.3 895.5 685.1 150.4	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7 3,026.0 888.5 680.9 148.9	3,044.8 893.0	2,191.9 698.8 542.6 109.6	2,194.7 697.7 542.2 109.2	2,330.1 737.5 570.4 117.9	2,313.3 730.6 566.2 116.6	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Business associations Professional organizations Labor organizations Civic and social associations Engineering and management services Engineering and architectural services Engineering services	86 861 862 863 864 87 871 8711 8712 8713	2,171.0 107.6 58.4 144.3 420.3 2,862.9 849.9 653.6	2,179.0 106.4 58.8 144.9 427.9 2,870.7 850.5 654.3	2,244.3 109.6 59.1 138.7 491.0 3,040.3 895.5 685.1	109.2 59.2 141.8 438.7 3,026.0 888.5 680.9	3,044.8 893.0	41.6 - 2,191.9 698.8 542.6	2,194.7 697.7 542.2	2,330.1 737.5 570.4	2,313.3 730.6 566.2	-

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(in thousands)

	1987		Al	l employe	es			Produ	uction wor	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management services—Continued											l
Research and testing services	873	568.1	565.3	582.8	575.5	l – i	436.4	431.3	445.7	440.1	-
Commercial physical research	8731	217.2	210.6	214.1	212.9		154.2	145.9	148.8	147.3	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	122.4	125.6	132.5	130.6	-	100.6	103.7	109.4	108.3	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	137.9	138.6	146.0	143.0	. – !	107.4	107.8	114.1	112.2	-
Management and public relations	874	888.4	892.8	973.0	967.0	976.2	663.0	666.9	733.0	724.8	-
Management services	8741	308.5	311.3	334.6	330.5	l – i	224.1	227.6	248.7	243.4	-
Management consulting services	8742	310.2	312.8	347.1	346.9		234.7	236.3	263.3	262.5) ~
Public relations services	8743	36.2	36.3	40.8	40.4	-	23.4	23.4	27.2	26.8	-
Services, nec	89	47.9	46.8	49.2	48.7	49.6	38.3	37.3	39.0	38.5	-
Sovernment		19,267	19,773	18,501	19,495	20,031	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government ⁴		2,739	2,716	2,705	2,689	2,669	-	-		-	-
Executive, by agency4	j	2,678.0	2,655.4	2,643.8	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Department of Defense	ł	733.7	718.6	699.4	-		-	_	-	l - i	-
Postal Service ⁵	.\$	848.3	848.9	853.3	_	-	- 1	_	-	-	-
Other executive agencies		1,096.0	1,087.9	1,091.1	_	-	- 1		-	-	-
Legislative		31.5	31.3	31.3	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Judicial		29.2	29.0	29.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government, except Postal Service		1,890.4	1,866.8	1,851.7	1,839.3	1,818.6	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government, by industry:		ĺ									
Manufacturing activities	ł	51.8	51.4	47.7	47.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	22.9	22.8	21.8	21.7] -	. – 1	-	~	-	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal		1				1	1			l '	ľ
Service	.}	23.0	22.3	21.1	21.0	-	\ - 1	-	-	\ - :	-
Services		371.7	366.6	361.2	360.3	1 -	- 1	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	229.0	227.9	221.1	220.7	-		-	-	-	-
State government		4,577	4,733	4,411	4,613	4,785	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals		372.1	371.4	370.9	371.5	l	-	-	-	- 1	-
Education	82	1,873.9	2,050.5	1,674.6	1,906.4	2,087.6	-	_	-	-	-
General administration, including executive,	ł	Į.	1	ŀ						}	
legislative, and judicial functions		1,834.3	1,818.8	1,857.1	1.836.8	-	-	-	_] -	-
State government, except education	4	2,703.3	2,682.8	2,736.0	2,706.8	2,697.5	-	-	-	_	-
Local government	Į.	11,951	12,324	11,385	12,193	12,577	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities	.]	453.3	451.3	455.2	452.5	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	662.1	664.0	679.1	679.4	1 -	-	-	-	i –	-
Education	82	6,621.1	7,052.0	5,763.1	6,794.0	7,223.9	i - I	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive,			l	l		1	}			1	l
legislative, and judicial functions		3,728.0	3,681.6	3,944.9	3,757.9	\ _ _ _	} -	-	-	-	-
Local government, except education	·I	5,329.6	5,272.2	5,622.2	5,398.7	5,353.5	} -	- 1	-	-	I -

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$253.7 million

employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National

or more in 1993 and to Amtrak.

³ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

⁴ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian

Security Agency.

⁵ Includes rural mail carriers.

Data not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March

1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all

unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-13. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	July 1996	Aug. 1996	June 1997	July 1997	Aug. 1997
Total	57,060	57,210	59,367	58,445	58,506
Total private	47,229	47,421	48,449	48,403	48,497
oods-producing	6,599	6,677	6,681	6,630	6,712
Aining	81	79	80	81	80
Construction	621	622	637	646	646
Manufacturing	5,897	5,976	5,964	5,903	5,986
Durable goods	2.815	2,843	2.897	2,866	2,900
Lumber and wood products	135	136	140	140	141
Furniture and fixtures	154	157	161	157	159
Stone, clay, and glass products	101	103	102	101	102
	100	102	104	102	104
Primary metal industries	315	319	327	321	327
Fabricated metal products	455	455	476	473	475
Industrial machinery and equipment					681
Electronic and other electrical equipment	680	682	682	678	391
Transportation equipment	358	366	385	378	
Instruments and related products	348	350	349	348	348
Miscellaneous manfacturing	168	173	172	168	172
Nondurable goods	3.082	3,133	3,067	3,037	3,086
Food and kindred products	565	592	551	568	590
Tobacco products	11	13	11	11	13
Textile mill products	287	291	287	283	284
Apparel and other textile products	627	636	609	583	600
Apparei and other textile products	166	166	166	165	166
Paper and allied products	693	694	700	699	696
Printing and publishing		329	329	327	327
Chemicals and allied products	329				25
Petroleum and coal products	25	25	25	25	337
Rubber and misc. plastics products	329	335	340	330	
Leather and leather products	50	53	49	46	48
ervice-producing	50,461	50,533	52,686	51,815	51,794
Fransportation and public utilities	1,893	1,894	1,946	1,915	1,868
Wholesale trade	1,998	2,004	2,055	2,055	2,055
Retail trade	11,428	11,486	11,709	11,699	11,755
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,398	4,400	4,467	4,485	4,492
Services	20,913	20,960	21,591	21,619	21,615
Government	9,831	9,789	10,918	10,042	10,009
Federal	1,171	1,165	1.154	1,151	1,149
	2,200	2,200	2,292	2,252	2,248
State	6,460	6,424	7,472	6.639	6,612
Local	0,400	0,424	1,4/6	J 7,009	1 0,012

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Nabama	1,828.5	1,835.6	1,843.9	10.6	10.1	10.1	96.3	100.1	99.7
Birmingham	449.9	455.2	456.2	3.4	3.3	3.4	26.2	28.3	28.3
Huntsville	168.4	170.3	171.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.0	6.1	6.0
Mobile	214.8	220.1	219.8	{1}	(1)	\15	16.0	16.9	16.9
	154.3	154.6	155.1	{1}	1 (1)	\tag{1}	9.0	9.2	9.0
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	75.0	75.3	77.1	2.7	2.7	2.7	5.1	5.9	6.0
Naska	275.5	284.8	278.6	10.4	10.3	10.3	15.4	16.0	15.5
Anchorage	124.5	127.4	126.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	7.8	8.4	8.1
Arizona	1,919.0	1,947.5	1,992.0	14.5	15.2	15.1	128.7	134.7	134.2
Phoenix-Mesa	1,325.9 309.3	1,368.3 306.8	1,401.7 314.6	6.7 2.3	8.2 2.4	8.1 2.3	91.7 19.4	97.5 19.4	97.1 19.3
Arkansas	1,099.5	1,092.4	1,108.9	3.6	3.5	3.5	50.4	52.0	52.2
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	137.2	136.3	138.7	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	8.1	6.2	6.2
Fort Smith	95.5	93.6	93.8	.9	.9	.9	3.7	3.7	3.7
Little Rock-North Little Rock	299.7	296.2	299.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.8	14.8	14.9
Pine Bluff	36.1	35.2	35.9	(1)	(1)	(1) (1)	1.2	1.0	1.0
alifornia	12,901.9	13,111.6	13,231.5	29.5	29.6	29.6	541.9	585.4	587.9
Bakersfield	175.8	176.6	179.8	10.8	11.1	11.1	8.7 13.4	9.5 13.9	9.9 13.9
Fresno	275.8	277.7	278.1	.5	.5 (.5			
Los Angeles-Long Beach	3,826.3	3,846.3	3,887.4	, 5.7	, 5.9	, 5.9	112.1	110.5	111.
Modesto	134.0	139.0	137.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.7	6.6	6.
Oakland	923.9	928.8	939.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	49.4	51.4	52.9
Orange County	1,189.1	1,212.9	1,224.5	.8	.9	.9	55.0	57.0	57.
Riverside-San Bernardino	810.5	825.4	835.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	49.5	52.3	52.9
Sacramento	610.7	622.4	621.9	.2	.2	.2	32.1	34.4	34.3
Salinas	114.6	118.5	119.0	.1	.1	.1	4.3	4.6	4.0
San Diego	999.7	1,018.3	1,023.7	.3	.3	.3	46.0	50.8	51.3
San Francisco	960.8	972.3	977.6	.6	.6	.6	33.0	36.2	36.5
San Jose	882.9	921.4	918.0	.1		.1	34.6	38.0	38.1
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	146.3	149.4	148.9	1.1	1.1	1,1	6.1	6.4	6.6
Santa Rosa	160.7	159.9	163.4	.5	.5	.5	9.0	9.5	9.4
	170.2	172,1	174.3	.1		.1	7.4	8.0	8.1
Stockton-Lodi	146.0	147.0	148.5	.5	.5	.5	9.1	9.2	9.1
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa Ventura	239.3	243.5	244.2	1.7	1.4	1.4	11.0	11.5	11.5
Colorado	1,910.7	1,936.2	1,947.1	13.4	13.5	13.5	116.8	122.3	121.9
Boulder-Longmont	153.0	152.8	155.7	(!)	(!)	(1)	6.7	6.2	6.1
Colorado Springs	207.6	212.8	214.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	12.6	13.0	13.2
Denver	1,015.6	1,026.9	1,035.6	6.6	6.2	6.2	59.5	62.1	62.5
Connecticut	1,597.2	1,608.0	1,629.1	.8	9	.8.	56.0	60.5	59.8
Bridgeport	180.5	179.8	181.3	(2)	(4)	(4)	5.8	5.8	5.9
Danbury	83.3	83.6	84.3	[(1)	(!) 1	(' ')	3.1	3.2	3.2
Hartford	588.0	580.5	596.5	(!)	(!)	(1)	20.5	20.0	19.8
New Haven-Meriden	245.8	244.4	248.3	(!)	(!) {	(1)	9.2	10.1	10.0
New London-Norwich	132.9	139.3	138.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.1	4.5	4.5
Stamford-Norwalk	197.3	200.5	200.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.0	6.3	6.2
Waterbury	84.5	66.2	87.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.1	3.6	3.5
Delaware	379.9	392.8	393.6	.1	.1	.1	21.9	23.8	23.7
Dover Wilmington-Newark	52.3 290.5	53.3 298.1	53.3 299.3	.1 .2	.1 .3	.1 .3	2.5 16.9	2.5 17.8	2.4 17.7
District of Columbia	620.6	609.4	612.7	.1	.1	.1	8.7	8.7	8.5
Washington PMSA	2,433.1	2,453.8	2,476.6	.9	.9	.9	122.5	127.6	127.3
Florida	6,189.2	6,305.0	6,417.7	6.9	7.3	7.2	325.8	337.2	339.0
Daytona Beach	148.5	149.4	152.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.3	7.5	7.4
Fort Lauderdale	606.4	619.8	630.1	1	.1	.1	33.8	36.2	36.6
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	147.1	147.3	150.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	12.4	12.6	12.7
Gainesville	111.0	111,1	114.4	(2)	(2)	(²)	4.3	3.9	3.8
Jacksonville	498.1	510.1	518.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	27.2	27.3	27.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	165.0	167.7	171.5	` ′3.1	` ′3.1	3.1	8.7	8.7	9.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	169.3	173.9	173.6	(²)	(2)	(²)	9.3	9.0	9.0
Miami	942.3	950.0	960.5	.4	` ′ .4	` ′ .4	34.0	33.5	33.
	756.9	785.8	799.9	(2)	(2) 4	(2).4	40.5	42.4	
Orlando				(2)	(2)				42.
Pensacola	147.1	149.1	152.4	(2)	(2)	(2) (2)	10.4	10.8	10.0
					141 (141	12.4	14.1 /	14.
Sarasota-Bradenton	224.4	236.2	240.7	101		1.4	1		
Sarasota-Bradenton	146.0	146.1	148.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	6.3	6.4	6.3
Sarasota-Bradenton		1		(2) .4 (2)		(2) .4 (2)	1		

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

9 00000 1		Manufacturing			ansportation ar public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retail	trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Alabama	382.2	379.1	377.2	90.4	88.9	91.1	421.5	423.8	423
Birmingham	51.2	51.0	50.7	30.0	29.4	30.0	110.3	110.5	110
Huntsville	39.0	39.5	40.1	3.5	3.4	3.5	33.3	33.6	33
Mobile	27.3	27.5	27.5	13.0	13.3	13.3	57.3	60.1	59
Montgomery	17.4	17.6	17.7	6.4	6.0	8.5	37.0	37.6	37
Tuscaloosa	10.7	10.8	10.8	2.5	2.5	2.6	17.2	17,1	17
Naska	17.4	21.3	17.1	24.2	25.4	25.3	57.3	59.9	57
Anchorage	2.1	2.1	2.0	12.2	12.9	12.8	30.4	31.1	30
Arizona	201.1	207 9	209.1	93.6	93.5	97.1	464.3	480.8	484
Phoenix-Mesa Tucson	154.3 29.0	161.1 29.7	162.2 29.8	67.5 13.3	68.1 13.2	70.8 13.5	321.5 65.8	340.3 68.3	344 68
Arkansas	253.4	251.6	252.1	65.4	64.3	66.1	250.4	252.4	25 ⁻
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	34.0	33.5	34.0	9.3	9.4	9.4	37.9	38.2	31
Fort Smith	27.8	27.1	26.7	6.4	6.4	6.5	19.7	19.8	19
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.9	33.2	33.0	20.7	19.9	20.5	69.8	69.8	6
Pine Bluff	8.2	7.9	8.1	1.8	1.7	1.8	7.5	7.3	•
California		1,928.2	1,926.8	651.7	641.3	669.3	2,992.4	3,026.5	3,03
Bakersfield	10.0	10.1	10.0	9.3	9.3	9.4	42.7	43.3	4:
Fresno	32.9	33.8	32.7	14.2	14.6	14.7	66.3	66.7	6
Los Angeles-Long Beach	649.4	658.0	660.8	206.8	201.7	210.1	843.7	847.3	84
Modesto	31.5	35.0	32.6	6.1	6.0	6.2	32.4	32.8	3:
Oakland	115.4	117.4	117.7	59.7	58.8	61.8	209.4	211.7	21
Orange County	213.4	219.7	220.3	42.5	42.6	44.7	296.6	303.8	30
Riverside-San Bernardino	101.0	103.5	104.0	42.9	41.1	43.9	209.2	215.8	21
Sacramento	44.0	45.8	45.3	25.6	25.2	26.0	134.1	135.8	13
Salinas	9.7	9.1	9.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	30.5	31.8	3
San Diego	116.3	119.9	119.4	38.6	37.3	38.3	234.9	238.2	23
San Francisco	76.3	77.0	76.8	76.2	75.5	77.6	200.6	200.4	20
San Jose	249.5	260.0	258.7	25.3	25.6	26.3	174.3	180.6	18
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	16.4	17.0	17.0	5.4	5.5	5.5	35.2	36.2	3
Santa Rosa	24.5	25.0	25.3	6.1	5.8	6.2	41.0	41.8	4
Stockton-Lodi	27.3 18.2	28.6 18.7	27.8 19.0	12.4 6.0	12.6 6.1	12.7 6.3	40.0 38.4	39.7 38.2	4 3
Ventura	30.2	31.4	31.4	9.5	9.8	10.0	59.3	59.8	5
Colorado		200.1	200.9	120.2	113.1	115.5	467.4	478.3	47
Boulder-Longmont	29.9	30.5	30.6	3.6	3.5	3.7	35.0	34.6	3
Colorado Springs	24.9	25.8	26.2	11.5	11.3	11.7	47.3	48.4	4
Denver	89.6	91.1	91.2	84.2	78.8	80.6	247.4	253.5	25
Connecticut	275.6 39.9	273.5 39.9	275.0 40.0	73.8 7.3	71.6 7.4	75.9 7.3	348.4 40.7	356.0 40.7	35 4
Danbury	19.0	18.7	18.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	22.0	22.1	2
Hartford	91.0	91.9	92.7	26.0	25.0	28.3	122.7	120.6	12
New Haven-Meriden	39.3	37.2	37.8	16.2	16.0	16.2	50.8	53.4	5
New London-Norwich	25.8	24.1	24.0	6.3	6.4	6.5	28.8	30.0	2
Stamford-Norwalk	28.1	28.1	28.1	10.0	9.5	9.5	44.1	44.8	4
Waterbury		18.6	18.8	3.4	3.4	3.5	17.1	17.5	1
elaware	56.4	59.2	59.8	15.8	15.6	16.3	85.7	88.3	8
DoverWilmington-Newark	6.6 40.5	6.6 43.1	6.7 43.7	1.7 13.7	1.6 13.7	1.7 13.9	13.4 60.2	13.1 61.2	1
_		1	_		1				
District of Columbia		13.6 98.9	13.7 99.1	18.8 111.7	18.5 109.9	18.4 112.9	49.8 468.8	48.6 476.8	4 47
iorida	491.2	490.6	492.2	314.1	315.9	324.0	1,593,1	1.642.7	1,64
Daytona Beach		14.2	14.2	3.5	3.1	3.2	42.7	44.2	1,54
Fort Lauderdale	1	43.4	43.6	30.6	31.5	32.3	168.3	173.2	17
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		6.9	7.1	6.4	6.2	6.3	41.2	42.2	
Gainesville		5.6	5.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	24.7	25.4	2
Jacksonville		37.9	37.5	35.1	34.9	36.6	124.0	129.0	12
Lakeland-Winter Haven		21.1	21.2	8.9	8.6	8.5	45.9	47,4	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		26.3	26.4	4.6	4.7	4.9	40.6	42.2	
Miami		76.6	76.4	80.0	81.6	83.0	246.6	248.2	24
Orlando		52.7	52.8	39.5	39.4	40.6	186.8	194.6	19
Pensacola		11.6	11,6	6.6	6.6	6.6	37.6	39.9	
Sarasota-Bradenton		20.5	20.7	5.2	5.1	5.1	56.1	58.9	
	5.2	5.3	5.2	3.9	3.8	3.9	30.4	30.5	}
Tallahassee	J. 2./								
Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		87.6	88.4	44.9	45.0	45.9	255.4	263.1	26

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

•		ance, insurance and real estate	æ, 		Services			Government	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Alabama	82.0	84.8	84.4	411.1	419.5	420.8	334.4	329.3	337.
Birmingham	33.1	34.5	34.4	129.4	131.8	132.1	66.3	66.4	66.
Huntsville	4.6	4.8	4.7	43.9	46.2	46.4	38.1	36.7	37.
Mobile	9.7	9.7	9.6	58.6	59.8	59.6	32.9	32.8	33.
Montgomery	9.0	9.3	9.4	40.1	40.5	41.0	35.4	34,4	34.
Tuscaloosa	2.4	2.5	2.5	13.0	13.5	13.6	21.4	20.3	21.0
Alaska	11.9 7.2	12.3 7.3	12.1 7.1	65.1 34.5	69.1 35.9	67.2 35.5	73.8 27.8	70.5 27.3	73. 28.
Anchorage		1			}			ļ	
Arizona	116.5	124.3	124.4	571.5	590.6	597.3 431.8	328.8	300.5	330. 182.
Phoenix-Mesa Tucson	96.9 12,1	103.9 12.7	104.7 12.8	410.1 98.5	427.6 98.2	100.2	177.2 68.9	161.6 62.9	68.
Arkansas	43.6	44.3	44.1	251.3	253.9	255.8	181.4	170.4	183.
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	4.9	4.7	4.7	26.5	26.7	27.0	18.5	17.6	19
Fort Smith	3.1	3.1	3.1	24.0	23.6	23.4	9.9	9.0	9.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	17.2	17.4	17.4	86.0	86.2	86.2	57.3	54.9	58
Pine Bluff	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.4	8.7	8.6	7.7	7.3	7
California	733.5	738.1	736.2	3,969.9	4,122.7	4,125.5	2,093.1	2,039.8	2,122.
Bakersfield	6.0	6.6	6.6	41.9	42.4	42.2	46.4	44.3	47
Fresno	13.9	13.6	13.6	69.6	72.0	71.7	65.0	62.6	65
Los Angeles-Long Beach	216.4	216.9	216.6	1,262.4	1,291.1	1,299.0	529.8	514.9	534
Modesto	4.2	4.5	4.5	30.7	31.3	31.3	22.4	22.8	23
Oakland	51.9	51.6	51.3	268.9	274.4	275.2	167.0	161.4	167
Orange County	85.4	86.0	86.0	367.1	379.6	379.6	128.3	123.3	131
Riverside-San Bernardino	29.2	30.0	30.0	211.3	218.2	219.8	166.2	163.2	166
Sacramento	39.1	40.2	40.1	169.5	177.9	174.2	166.1	162.9	166
Salinas	5.9	6.1	6.0	31.6	33.4	33.3	27.1	27.9	28
San Diego	56.3	57.1	56.9	321.2	335.3	331.1	186.1	179.4	188
San Francisco	98.3	99.3	99.0	353.6	361.5	363.3	122.2	121.8	122
San Jose	1 1 1	30.7	30.4	284.2	301.2	298.4	84.9	85.2	85
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		7.1	7.1	46.9	47.4	46.8	28.1	28.7	29
Santa Rosa		9.4	9.4	45.0	45.9	45.6	25.3	22.0	25
	8.4	8.4	8.4	41.3	42.0	43.1	33.3	32.7	34
Stockton-Lodi	5.7	5.7	5.7	37.9	39.3	39.3	30.2	29.3	30
Ventura	11.8	12.3	12.3	73.6	77.1	76.8	42.2	40.2	41
Colorado		122.4	121.1	569.0	594.1	587.4	308.7	292.4	311
Boulder-Longmont		5.6	5.5	47.2	49.7	49.0	25.1	22.7	25
Colorado Springs Denver	10.5 78.5	10.5 82.3	10.4 82.2	67.9 308.0	71.4 318.0	71.5 317.7	32.9 141.8	32.4 134.9	33 143
Connecticut	130.4	131.2	130.3	489.3	503.0	504.7	222.9	211.3	225
Bridgeport		10,4	10.4	56.4	57.1	57.4	20.0	18.5	19
Danbury	4.0	4.3	4.3	23.8	24.5	24.5	8.6	8.0	1
Hartford	68.8	67.2	67.1	166.7	168.7	169.8	92.3	87.1	99
New Haven-Meriden	13.7	13.7	13.7	86.0	84.7	87.6	30.6	29.3	29
New London-Norwich	3.6	3.7	3.7	33.7	34.5	34.5	30.6	36.1	39
Stamford-Norwalk	22.9	23.8	24.0	68.8	71.4	70.4	17.4	16.6	1
Waterbury	4.4	4.7	4.6	25.6	26.0	26.0	12.6	12.4	1:
Delaware	44.2	47.7	47.5	104.1	106.6	106.6	51.7	51.5	52
Dover	2.4 38.3	2.6 41.3	2.6 40.9	11.3 84.5	12.3 85.1	12.8 85.4	14.3 36.2	14.6 35.6	14 36
District of Columbia	28.0	27.8	27.6	264.7	263.3	267.9	237.5	228.8	227
Washington PMSA	130.4	130.0	129.3	910.6	942.2	947.9	591.6	567.5	583
Florida		410.5	410.9	2,127.5	2,229.5	2,242.4	933.8	871.3	95
Daytona Beach	6.7	6.7	6.7	51.0	52.7	52.7	23.3	21.0	2
Fort Lauderdale	43.5	44.3	44.4	203.4	214.3	214.8	83.2	76.8	84
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	8.1	8.2	8.4	48.2	49.0	49.0	23.9	22.1	24
Gainesville	4.9	5.2	5.1	31.2	31.8	32.2	38.1	36.9	3
Jacksonville		52.6	52,3	157.6	164.6	165.4	66.2	63.3	7
Lakeland-Winter Haven		7.7	7.8	45.0	47.9	48.2	24.7	23.2	2
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		5.8	5.8	59.2	61.3	61.2	23,9	24.6	2
Miami		69.0	68.4	304.4	312.5	314.1	132.3	128.2	13
Orlando		46.5	46.6	310.0	334.3	336.1	82.7	75.4	8
					49.2				
Pensacola	5.9	5.8	6.0	47.3		49.7	27.5	24.9	2
	11.5	11.6	11.7	96.6	104.5	105.3	22.3	21.4	2
Sarasota-Bradenton									
Tallahassee	5.6	5.7	5.7	37.3	39.2	39.3	57.1	55.0	5
	5.6 71.8	5.7 76.4 29.9	5.7 76.3 29.9	37.3 383.3	39.2 402.5	39.3 405.7	57.1 131.6	55.0 123.2	5 13

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
						_			
eorgia	3,533.8	3,619.2	3,642.5	7.9	8.0	7.9	166.1	170.0	170
Albany	59.6	60.0	61.1	(2)	(²)	(²)	4.1	3.9	4
Athens	68.5	70.2	68.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.6	2.5	2
Atlanta	1,910.3	1,965.3	1,978.4	1.6	` 1.6	` ´1.5	93.6	95.3	96
						_			
Augusta-Aiken	194.0	194.2	195.4	4	4	4	10.7	10.6	10
Columbus	110.8	113.0	113.5	(1)	(¹)	(1)	5.1	5.1	
Macon	146.1 131.7	147,7 132.0	148.9 132.9	1.2	(¹)	(¹)	6.5 7.6	6.4 7.4	(
awaii	516.9	523.6	519.4	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	23.9	21.2	2.
Honolulu	394.7	396.8	394.1	[(1)	(1)	(1)	18.1	16.1	10
laho	504.7	503.5	507.5	3.3 (¹)	3.2	3.1	33.4	35.7	3
Boise City	188.9	194.7	196.8		(1)	(1)	13.8	15.0	14
inois	5,733.5	5,759.2	5,797.9	12.7	12.0	12.0	239.5	243.2	24
Bloomington-Normal	77.8	76.9	78.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.6	2.8	
Champaign-Urbana	95.9	94.3	95.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.6	3.7	
	4,012.3	4,047.3		1.7	1.7	1.7	163.9		16
Chicago			4,063.7			. 4 . 1.7		167.2	
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	176.1	176.5	177.8	(';)	(1)	(')	9.3	9.7	
Decatur	58.1	57.3	57.5	[(1)]	ן (י)	(1)	3.9	3.9	
Kankakee	43.7	44.0	43.9	(1)	715	715	2.6	2.5	
Peoria-Pekin	168.1	167.4	169.2	}15	1 11	71(8.1	8.4	
				{1}	>1	}1(
Rockford Springfield	175.9 112.5	175.8 118.6	177.0 113.7	[[i]	{i}	(i)	7.2 5.3	7.4 5.5	
diana	2,857.3	2,826.0	2,872.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	140.3	145.3	14
Bloomington	66.0	61.0	65.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.5	3.6	
Elkhart-Goshen	117.0	116.4	117.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.6	4.7	
						٠,,			
Evansville-Henderson	151.2	151.2	152.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	9.4	9.7	
Fort Wayne	267.1	265.4	268.6	(!)	(1)	(!)	13.0	13.7	1
Gary	282.0	259.7	284.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	17.9	17.5	1
Indianapolis	824.0	822.9	835.2	8. `	` .7	.7	44.5	48.2	4
	52.9	51.8	52.8	(1)	715	/1\ "	1.8	2.2	•
Kokomo				} }:	(1)	}1(
Lafayette	92.3	86.2	94.0		(;)	(;)	3.9	4.5	
Muncie	59.3	56.4	80.5	(¹)	(1)	(1)	2.7	2.8	
South Bend	133.3	135.0	135.7	l (1)	(1)	(1)	7.4	8.0	
Terre Haute	70.4	67.1	70.3	` ´.2	2	` ´ .2	3.3	3.5	1
wa	1,382.7	1,393.1	1,409.7	2.3	2.3	2.2	63.6	68.6	6
Cedar Rapids	109.2	109.2	110.6	{ (!)	(!)	(')	5.8	5.7	
Des Moines	266.2	289.3	270.7	(¹)	(1)	(1)	12.7	12.5	1
Dubuque	50.1	49.2	50.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.2	2.2	
lowa City	62.6	60.8	62.6	\ \ita\	715	715	2.3	2.5	
Sioux City	84.4	63.7	64.4) }15)1 ()1(3.9	3.9	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	69.1	67.3	69.3	(1)	\1\frac{1\frac{1}{3}}{3}	(1)	2.8	2.9	
ansas	1,238.6	1,249.7	1,270.1	7.8	7.8	7.7	59.5	64.2	6
Lawrence	44.5	41.3	44.0	/11 /	(!)	/15	2.1	2.0	
))1()1(
Topeka	99.8 288.0	98.6 270.3	98.8 274.4	1.4	(1) 1.4	(1) 1.4	4.8 14.0	4.7 14.8	1
į.								1	
entucky	1,690.7	1,706.0	1,729.0	22.8	22.0	21.8	82.3	82.2	8
Lexington	263.3	263.9	270.2	.2	.3	.2	13.0	13.7	1
Louisville	541.9	543.5	552.8	.6	.6	.6	27.7	28.4	2
Owensboro	42.3	43.1	43.5	.3	.3	.3	3.1	3.3	
ouisiana	1,829.1	1,825.5	1,848.5	50.3	52.8	53.2	115.1	116.0	11
Alexandria	53.5	52.6	52.8	[1.	.1	.1	3.1	3.3	
Baton Rouge	281.6	288.4	292.6	.8	1.0	1.0	31.5	32.4	3
Houma	70.0	73.1	74.0	6.7	7.4	7.6	3.2	3.5	
	154.8	159.2	158.8	13.9	15.0	15.0	8.6	8.9	
Lafayette									
Lake Charles	84.4	83.1	83.5	1.4	1.4	1,4	9.4	8.5	
Monroe	67.1	66.8	68.0	.2	.2	.2	3.7	3.7	
New Orleans	609.7	606.7	611.4	14.3	14.8	14.7	28.2	28.4	2
Shreveport-Bossier City	169.2	168.4	169.1	2.5	2.5	2.5	10.1	10.4	1
aine	554.1	560.0	565.6	1	1	.1	26.2	26.9	2
Lewiston-Auburn	41.1	40.7	42.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	2,0	
				(2)	(2)	(2)			
Portland	138,1	139.0	139.2	(4)	(4)	(-1	6.5	6.9	

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

		Manufacturing			ansportation ar public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retail	trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
	500 5	587.7	587.5	222.1	227.2	233.8	899.0	922.6	924
eorgia	586.5		8.5		2.8		14.3	14.7	15
Albany	8.6	8.4		2.7		2.8			
Athens	11.9	12.0	11.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	18.7	18.8	18
Atlanta	217.3	219.9	219.3	158.6	159.3	164.5	512.9	527.0	528
Augusta-Aiken	41.4	41.0	40.9	6.4	6.5	6.6	43.3	44.5	44
Columbus	20.9	20.6	20.8	3.6	3.7	3.8	25.7	25.8	25
Savannah	20.8 17.3	21.1 17.5	21.1 17.7	5.2 9.5	5.3 9.5	5.3 9.3	33.8 34.1	34.1 34.6	34 34
awali	16.4	16.4	15.9	40.9	40.5	40.7	134.4	133.9	133
Honolulu	12.7	12.5	12.3	33.1	32.9	33.0	100.7	98.7	98
laho	74.0	74.6	75.4	24.0	23.5	24.0	127.5	127.1	125
Boise City	33.8	35.1	35.5	9.2	9.2	9.5	45.1	47.4	47
linois	976.1	980.8	979.6	331.9	324.6	343.8	1,311.2	1,306.7	1,30
Bloomington-Normal	8.8	8.9	9.0	2.9	2.7	2.8	17.7	17.5	1
Champaign-Urbana	12.0	12.2	12.1	2.5	2.4	2.5	21.6	21.2	2
Chicago	659.1	662.1	661.9	245.2	238.8	253.5	909.1	904.4	90
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	29.6	30.3	30.1	9.1	8.6	9.1	47.8	48.2	4
Decatur	13.9	13,6	13.6	5.1	5.0	5.2	12.4	12.5	. 1
Kankakee	8.5	8.7	8.6	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.7	10.8	. 1
Peoria-Pekin	32.0	32.2	32.3	9.2	9.2	9.3	40.4	41.0	. 4
Rockford	53.2	54.2	53.9	8.3	7.0	8.3	36.5	37.3	3
Springfield	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.9	24.4	26.6	2
diana	675.9	675.5	674.3	139.6	137.8	141.5	684.3	690.0	68
Bloomington	9.9	10.6	10.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	15.1	14.1	1
Elkhart-Goshen	58.7	59.0	58.7	3.4	3.0	3.3	22.3	22.3	2
Evansville-Henderson]	31.8	31.0	31.1	7.3	7.2	7.4	36.2	35.8	3
Fort Wayne	73.4	74.0	73.7	12.7	12.2	12.6	63.5	64.0	6
Gary	51.1	50.2	50.0	15.1	15.0	15.2	63.5	63.5	- 6
Indianapolis	127.2	126.0	125.9	48.9	47.2	48.9	217.3	218.9	21
Kokomo	21.1	20.3	20.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	11.7	11.8	1
Lafayette	21.9	22.3	22.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	19.4	18.7	
Muncie	10.9	10.6	10.5	4.0	4.1	4.2	13.5	13.5	
South Bend	21.9	22.4	22.1	5.8	5.9	6.0	34.0	34.5	3
Terre Haute	11.9	11.6	11.6	3.5	3.2	3.2	20.5	20.0	i 1
wa	247.5	250.2	249.8	63.7	63.4	66.1	342.5	346.7	34
Cedar Rapids	20.6	21.6	21.8	7.9	7.4	7.5	24.5	24.7	3
Des Moines	24.6	24.8	24.9	13.1	12.8	13.9	70.4	71.0	1
Dubuque	11.6	12.0	12.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	11.9	12.1	
lowa City	4.8	4.6	4.6	2.1	1.8 (1.8	12.6	12.3	
Sioux City	12.9 14.2	12.5 14.2	12.8 14.2	3.8 2.1	3.7 2.1	3.8 2.2	15.9 16.4	15.7 16.3	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls					1				
inses	197.5 5.2	205.3 5.2	205.7 5.2	70.3 1.2	70.1 1.1	72.9 1.1	305.5 11.8	312.6 11.5	3
Lawrence	9.8	9.6	9.6	6.5	6.7	6.7	21.6	21.4	
Wichita	63.7	69.6	70.1	10.4	9.9	10.2	61.9	63.0	ē
entucky	312.9	318.1	316.9	93.9	88.7	96.9	404.4	414.0	4
Lexington	44.2	45.6	45.5	10.5	9.9	10.7	60.3	60.9	
Louisville	88.7 6.8	88.8 7.0	89.1 7.1	38.4 2.1	30.9 2.3	38.9 2.3	133.8 10.9	137.4 11.3	1:
oulsiana	190.5	189.7	190.0	109.2	109.0	110.6	424.8	431.4	4:
Alexandria	3.4	3.4	3.5	2.8	2.6	2.7	11.7	12.0	7
Baton Rouge	24.4	24.8	24.9	12.6	12.4	12.6	64.5	67.9	
Houma	6.3	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.5	16.7	17.1	
Lafavette	15.5	16.0	16.1	9.4	9.5	9.5	40.1	41.1	
Lake Charles	11.6	11.9	11.9	4.2	4.2	4.3	17.9	18.2	
Monroe	8.4	8.0	8.0	3.8	3.6	3.8	16.6	16.9	
New Orleans	47.9	47.8	47.7	42.2	41.3	42.3	151.5	152.6	1:
Shreveport-Bossier City	20.1	19.8	19.7	8.3	7.9	8.1	38.4	39.4	;
aine	88.8	90.3	89.2	22.6	22.2	23.1	141.8	147.9	1
Lewiston-Auburn	7.6	8.0	8.0	1.8	1.6	1.8	10.5	10.6	
Portland	14.1	15.2	15.2	6.3	6.5	6.3	40.5	40.5	4

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		ance, insuranc and real estate			Services		···	Government	- <u></u>
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept.
Georgia	182.0	190.4	189.9	913.6	960.3	964.2	556.6	553.0	56
	2.2		2.4						
Albany		2.3		15.0	15.3	15.5	12.7	12.6	13
Athens	2.1	2.3	2.2	14.9	15.5	15.7	16.3	17.1	_1!
Atlanta	122.8	128.6	128.8	559.1	588.4	589.6	244.4	245.2	25
Augusta-Aiken	6.4	6.2	8.2	45.7	46.1	46.1	39.7	38.9	4
Columbus	7.3	8.0	7.9	28.5	30.2	30.2	19.7	19.6	1
Macon	8.3 4.3	8.2 4.4	8.2 4.4	37.5 38.2	39.5 38.3	39.2 38.6	32.8 20.7	32.0 20.3	3 2
awaii	36.9	35.9	35.7	168.2	167.9	168.6	100.2	108.0	10
Honolulu	29.8	28.9	28.8	120.5	121.7	122.6	79.8	86.0	8
Jaho	25.4	25.7	25.7	118.0	121.2	120.8	99.1	92.5	9
Boise City	11.6	11.8	11.8	46.7	47.8	48.4	28.7	28.4	2
linois	386.1	394.9	391.9	1,866.2	1,724.0	1,714.4	809.8	773.0	80
Bloomington-Normal	13.6	14.0	14.0	18.6	18.7	18.8	13.4	12.3	- 1
Champaign-Urbana	3.5	3.8	3.4	20.2	20.4	20.4	32.5	30.8	:
Chicago	301.2	308.4	306.1	1,243.3	1,287.1	1,279.7	488.8	477.6	4
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	8.0	8.3	8.3	45.8	46.9	46.3	26.5	24.5	7
	1.9	2.0	1.9	14.1	14.1	14.0	6.8	6.2	•
Decatur	1.9				11.9				
		1.7	1.7	11.5		11.7	6.8	6.5	
Peoria-Pekin	8.1	8.1	8.0	51.8	52.1	51.7	18.5	16.4	
Rockford	7.5 7.8	7.5 8.0	7.4 7.9	45.7 32.7	45.9 35.6	45.6 32.9	17.5 33.0	16.5 33.6	
diana	135.9	140.3	137.9	669.2	675.5	681.0	405.5	355.1	4
Bloomington	2.2	2.0	2.0	12.3	12.5	12.3	21.2	16.2	
Elkhart-Goshen	2.8	2.8	2.8	18.0	18.1	18.6	7.2	6.5	
Evansville-Henderson	7.3	7.4	7.4	42.4	44.0	43.6	15.4	14.6	
Fort Wayne	14.7	14.7	14.7	61.9	62.2	62.4	27.9	24.6	
Gary	9.4	9.8	9.5	68.6	71.8	72.3	36.4	31.9	
Indianapolis	60.2	61.9	61.8	213.5	218.4	221.6	111.8	103.6	1
Kokomo	1.5	1.5	1.5	8.3	8.2	8.3	7.2	6.5	
Lafayette	3.7	3.6	3.6	16.7	16.2	17.0	24.4	18.7	
Muncie	1.8	1.7	1.7	15.1	15.4	15.3	11.3	8.3	
South Bend Terre Haute	6.7 2.3	6.6 2.4	6.6 2.4	44.0 16.4	45.2 16.7	45.7 i 17.2	13.5 12.3	12.4 9.5	
)Wa	77.3	79.8	79.0	359.9	370.9	374.6	225.9	211.2	2
Cedar Rapids	5.7	5.9	5.9	34.0	34.9	35.0	10.7	9.0	
Des Moines	36.4	38.5	38.2	75.7	76.9	77.8	33.3	32.8	
Dubuque	1.6	1.6	1.6	17.1	16.2	16.7	3.6	3.1]	
lowa City	1.7	1.9	1.9	13.4	13.0	13.2	25.7	24.7	
Sioux City	2.6	2.6	2.6	18.0	18.5	18.3	7.3	6.8	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	3.2	3.3	3.2	17.9	18.1	18.6	12.5	10.4	
ansas	58.7 2.0	61.0 1.9	60.8	305.1 10.5	313.2 9.9	313.5 10.2	234.2	215.5 9.7	2
Lawrence	2.0 6.6	7.0	1.9 8.9	27.0	26.9	26.7	11.7 23.5	22.3	
Wichita	11.2	11.1	11.1	70.9	71.0	71.7	32.5	29.5	
entucky	68.1	70.0	69.5	416.8	431.6	432.0	289.5	281.4	2
Lexington	10.0	10.6	10.4	70.3	72.5	72.9	54.8	50.4	
Louisville	28.8 1.9	29.6 1.9	29.5 1.9	155.7 10.6	160.3 10.7	160.5 10.7	68.2 6.6	67.7 6.3	
ouisiana	83.5	84.3	84.3	494.6	492.8	498.2	361.1	349.5	3
Alexandria	2.3	2.3	2.3	16.9	16.2	16.1	13.2	12.7	
Baton Rouge	16.9	17.5	17.5	72.6	74.5	75.0	58.3	55.9	
Houma	2.3	2.3	2.3	14.8	15.4	15.2	12.7	12.7	
Lafayette	5.8	5.8	5.7	38.7	40.0	39.8	22.8	22.9	
Lake Charles	2.6	2.7	2.6	24.1	23.3	23.4	13.2	12.9	
Monroe	4.5	4.8	4.8	17.6	17.5	17.6	12.3	11.9	
New Orleans	31.0	31.1	31.0	190.0	186.3	189.6	104.6	104.4	1
Shreveport-Bossier City	6.7	6.5	6.4	51.0	51.0	50.9	32.1	31.1	'
aine	26.8	27.9	27.6	154.6	164.2	160.3	93.2	80.5	
Lewiston-Auburn	2.0	2.1	2.0	12.9	12.8	13.1	4.6	3.6	
Portland ,	12.3	12.4	12.4	40.5	41.0	40.9	17.9	16.5	

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept 1997
aryland	2,225.8	2,244.7	2,266.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	136.3	144.1	14
Baltimore PMSA	1,145.5	1,147.9	1,157.1	.2	.2	.2	64.5	67.9	6
Baltimore City	406.2	402.8	403.7	{}}	(1)	(1)	12.6	13.6	1
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	820.6	823.6	831.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	59.0	62.4	6
assachusetts	3,069.3	3,108.5	3,138.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	102.4	107.5	10
Barnstable-Yarmouth	59.8	64.5	59.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.4	2.6	_
Boston	1,866.4	1,895.0	1,904.8	(²) .4	(2).4	(2) .4	57.2	58.7	5
Brockton	91.9	90.6	92.0	(2)	\2\		3.5	3.4	
Fitchburg-Leominster	50.8	49.8	51.4	(2)	(2)	(2) (2)	1.7	1.7	
Lawrence	146.5	147.8	149.1		17		5.9	5.9	
Lowell	109.6	108.9	112.0	(1) (2)	(2)	(1) (2)	5.1	5.3	
New Bedford	62.2	62.9	63.4	` ` ' . [` ' .	2.2	2.3	
Pittsfield	41.8	43.2	42.1	.1]	.1	.!	1.7	1.9	
Springfield	247.7	242.5	248.9	.1]	.1	.1	8.0	8.8	
Worcester	218.2	220.7	222.6	.2	.2	.2	7.4	8.3	
chigan	4,391.3	4,379.0	4,441.0	7.7	7.5	7.3	184.2	204.4	20
Ann Arbor	262.7	258.2	268.3	(1)	{i} {i}	(1)	10.1	11.0	
Benton Harbor	71.7	72.3	72.6				2.4	2.7	
Detroit	2,076.2	2,087.7	2,109.8	.1 .8	/1、7	.8	78.6	88.1	
Flint	183.3	179.0	183.4	53 4	1 132	532	7.2	7.7	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	542.8	548.7	556.9	(1)	(1)	(;)	25.8	27.5	
Jackson	80.8	61.0	61.4	Ω	(Ω)	Ω	2.4	2.6	
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	208.2	205.4	210.3	(;)	(!)	(1)	8.1	8.6	
Lansing-East Lansing	230.9	224.8	232.1	: (2) I	(!)	(1)	8.7	9.4	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	177.4	177.8	180.5	(')	(')	(')	9.3	10.3	
nnesota	2,452.8	2,488.6	2,504.0	8.4	8.4	8.2	101.0	107.6	1
Duluth-Superior	109.6	110.8	111.5	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.4	4.7	
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,586.1	1,611.7	1,618.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	62.5	66.5	
Rochester	71.8	73.6	73.7	(1)		(1)	2.8	3.1	
St. Cloud	83.9	82.6	85.2	(')	(')	(1)	4.2	4.4	
ssissippi	1,099.9 218.1	1,100.6 219.0	1,107.5 218.8	5.3 (²)	5.3 (²)	5.1 (²)	49.5 10.6	51.5 11.4	
ssouri	2,582.8	2,596.5	2,625.3	4.9	4.8	4.8	120.6	125.4	1:
Kansas City	888.7	900.6	909.5	· (¹) }	' (¹)	(1)	46.4	50.2	
St. Louis	1,278.9	1,283.6	1,291.6	(1)	' (1)	(1)	67.0	68.9	
Springfield	156.1	154.0	157.0		(1)	(1)	6.8	6.6	
ontena	366.1	369.1	370.8	5.6	5.7	5.5	19.2	21.4	
braska	837.2	846.7	856.2	, 1.3	1.2	. 1.1	38.8	40.5	:
Lincoln	144.4	144.5	143.7	- {}}	(1)	(¹) (¹)	8.4	6.5	
Omaha	384.2	392.9	395.4	(')	(')	(,)	18.8	19.7	
vada	860.5	897.5	907.7	15.0	15.4	15.1	80.6	86.5	
Las Vegas	602.9	633.2	640.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	61.8	65.8	
Reno	175.7	178.5	181.6	.6	.6	.5	12.9	14.2	
w Hampshire	567.7	575.8	576.8	.8	.5	.6	22.4	22.9	
Manchester	94.3	93.9	95.0	(!)	(!)	(!)	4.2	4.7	
Nashua	88.5	90.2	91.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.7	2.5	
Portsmouth-Rochester	114.0	113.7	112.7	(')	(1)	(')	3.5	3.4	
w Jersey	3,666.5	3,718.4	3,726.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	132.2	135.6	1
Atlantic-Cape May	187.3	199.8	190.5	(1)	G(x)	(:)	7.4	8.7	
Bergen-Passaic	629.2	631.0	633.3	(1)	- <u>;;</u> ;	(1)	22.5	22.7	
Camden	459.7	467.7	473.5	- (1)	(;)	(1)	21.1	21.7	:
Jersey City	241.6	242.0	247.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.1	4.8	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	584.9	592.2	597.8	.5 }	.1 .6	.6	20.0	20.3	
Monmouth-Ocean	359.0	373.7	361.3	(1)	(1)	(¹) _	18.0	18.1	
Newark	931.1	938.6	945.6	7	.17	7	31.5	31.5	;
Trenton	192.0 58.1	192.4 58.1	194.0 59.1	(¹) .3	(¹) .3	(¹) .3	4.3 2.0	4.4 2.2	
•		1	1					ļ	
W Mexico	700.6 329.2	705.5 333.0	712.1 336.2	15.3 (1)	15.5 (1)	15.5 (1)	43.3 22.7	43.5 22.5	4
				:•:	345 1				
Las Cruces	50.9	49.7	51.0		(1)	- {}}	3.3	3.4	

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

.	<u> </u>	Manufacturing			insportation ar public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retail	trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997P	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept 1997
aryland	175.0	174.3	172.6	107.2	103.9	108.5	532.7	543.5	53
Baltimore PMSA	101.8	100.6	98.7	57.2	55.1	57.7	264.5	268.4	26
Baltimore City	32.7	32.5	30.3	19.6	18.0	19.5	66.1	65.4	-6
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	36.6	37.2	37.1	34.4	31.8	33.5	197.9	200.6	20
assachusetts	443.6	448.7	449.4	131.0	124.8	133.4	704.5	717.5	71
Barnstable-Yarmouth	2.1	1.9	1.9	3.1	3.1	3.0	20.8	23.6	2
Boston	219.6	221.4	221.0	81.7	79.3	82.7	403.9	405.1	40
Brockton	11.0	10.3	10.6	5.1	4.7	5.1	30.8	31.8	3
Fitchburg-Leominster	13.3	13.5	13.4	2.0	1.8	2.1	12.2	12.1	1
Lawrence	37.3	38.1	38.1	5.0	4.7	5.1	34.7	35.9	3
Lowell	28.3	28.7	28.9	6.4	5.4	6.8	23.4	23.6	2
New Bedford	13.7	14.2	14.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	16.4	16.6	
Pittsfield	7.6	7.5	7.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	10.2	10.5	
Springfield	39.1 41.4	39.2 43.1	39.4 42.9	9.5 9.2	8.4 8.3	9.1 d 9.1	57.8 47.8	57.6 48.1	
		i	ŀ	i	ì				
Ichigan	976.2	956.4	955.2	170.2	167.1	172.4	1,029.2	1,052.3	1,0
Ann Arbor	53.8 20.9	52.9	53.4	5.6	5.7	5.9	51.9	52.9	:
	453.0	21.1	21.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	16.2	16.7	
Detroit		437.4	439.1	93.4	92.6	95.2	491.1	506.3	5
Flint	44.8	40.9	40.8	5.1	5.0	5.2	45.8	47.5	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	152.6	157.1	155.5	19.0	18.8	19.6	134.9	139.8	1
Jackson	12.9	13.1	12.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	15.5	15.9	
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	50.0	49.9	49.8	6.9	6.7	7.1	46.6	47.3	
Lansing-East Lansing	30.2 40.0	30.2 39.6	30.2 39.6	6.1 7.1	5.6 7.1	6.1 7.3	51.3 45.2	51.3 46.5	
	435.9	444.8	442.0	121.2	117.9	124.9	595.5	607.6	6
Innesota	8.2	8.2	8.2	7.1					
Duluth-Superior	275.0	280.0	278.0		7.5 83.0	7.6	28.4	28.6 392.9	3
Minneapolis-St. Paul				87.0		87.9	381.2		3
Rochester	10.8 15.4	12.0 15.8	11.8 15.7	2.0 2.9	2.0 2.9	2.1 2.9	14.4 25.8	14.6 25.8	
ississippi	244.7 21.2	240.2 22.0	239.3 21.6	53.3	50.8 13.7	52.6	233.4	233.7 51.6	2
	<u> </u>			15.4	l	14.8	51.5	1	
issouri		412.8	409.2	161.0	157.9	157.4	617.1	617.5	8
Kansas City	107.0	107.9	105.6	70.1	67.8	70.1	220.2	225.9	2
St. Louis	192.7 23.8	196.2 23.5	194.2 23.6	80.4 10.6	79.0 11.6	81.7 11.7	306.2 44.8	313.1 44.2	3
ontana	24.4	24.7	24.6	20.9	19.9	20.7	99.2	102.1	1
ebraska	113.9	115.1	114.9	50.3	50.7	50.9	206.1	209.8	2
Lincoln	16.7	17.3	17.4	9.1	9.1	9.1	30.8	30.0	2
Отаћа	39.6	39.0	38.8	26.1	25.8	26.2	91.4	93.6	
evada	39.0	40.3	40.5	42.7	43.6	45.0	172.8	182.6	1
Las Vegas	21.4	22.6	22.6	30.3	31.2	31.7	122.3	130.2	1
Reno	13.0	13.4	13.5	10.7	10.5	11.2	39.8	41.1	
ew Hampshire		107.1	107.2	19.8	19.4	19.8	145.5	154.5	1
Manchester	13.2	13.4	13.2	5.5	5.6	5.4	23.0	23.4	
Nashua	27.1 16.6	28.1 19.1	28.2 19.3	2.2 4.0	2.1 4.4	2.2 4.4	21.4 30.0	22.7 31.1	
ew Jersey	469.5	483.7	484.7	257.5	242.7	260.2	863.7	882.0	ε
Atlantic-Cape May	6.5	6.4	6.3	7.3	7.3	7.5	41.0	47.6	
Bergen-Passaic		105.0	105.2	34.7	32.4	34.4	173,6	173.9	1
Camden		55.3	55.4	22.3	20.4	22.7	124.2	128.3	i
Jersey City	30.2	29.8	30.3	29.4	25.4	29.1	57.5	56.8	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		91.7	92.0	47.1	44.2	46.9	135.3	136.6	1
Monmouth-Ocean	21.4	22.6	21.1	21.4	20.6	21.4	96.9	104.4	i
Newark	136.5	136.0	136.9	81.4	76.5	82.9	186.5	187.9	i
Trenton	20.2	19.5	19.6	7.5	7.2	7.2	32.0	31.5	
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	13.3	13.6	13.8	3.0	2.9	3.3	11.1	11.5	
•									
	47.2 29.8	47.6 30.6	46.0 30.5	31.1 14.7	29.6	31.6	165.7 79.4	170.2 81.2	
ew Mexico Albuquerque Las Cruces	1	47.6 30.6 3.0	46.0 30.5 3.0	31.1 14.7 1.8	29.6 14.3 1.6	31.6 14.9 1.8	165.7 79.4 10.7	170.2 81.2 10.9	1

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(in thousands)

- · ·		ance, insurance and real estate	ce,		Services			Government	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Maryland	128.6	129.0	128.6	725.8	750.4	747.3	419.0	398.3	425
Baltimore PMSA	71.4	70.5	69.8	376.7	384.6	386.7	209.2	200.6	209
Baltimore City	33.3	33.2	32.7	153.2	153.2	153.7	88.7	88.9	89
Suburban Maryland-D.C	48.4	48.3	48.3	277.9	283.1	281.8	166.4	160.2	168
Massachusetts	210.8	220.2	218.6	1,076.8	1,111.7	1,116.2	398.9	376.8	401
Barnstable-Yarmouth	3.4	3.9	3.7	20.1	21.4	19.9	7.9	7.8 210.0	8 219
Boston	156.4	162.8	161.6	729.0	757.3 22.9	757.9	218.2 15.4	14.6	15
Brockton	3.1	3.1	3.0	23.2	12.8	23.2	7.4	6.4	7
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.5	1.5 4.4	1.6	12.7 42.5	43.1	12.8 43.3	16.5	15.7	16
Lawrence	4.6	3.8	4.4 3.9	29.0	29.6	30.0	13.6	12.5	13
Lowell		2.0	2.0	15.9	16.1		9.6	9.4	9
New Bedford	2.0			14.4		16.1	4.7	4.4	2
Pittsfield	1.9	2.0	1.9	76.6	15.6 75.9	14.7	44.2	40.5	4
Springfield		12.0	11.9	65.6	65.5	77.2 67.0	31.7	31.8	34
Worcester	14.9	15.4	15.4	65.6	65.5	67.0		31.0	34
Alchigan Ann Arbor	201.6 9.6	205.6 10.2	203.0 10.2	1,180.5 62.3	1,216.2 64.1	1,212.1 64.5	641.8 69.2	569.4 61.4	639 70
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.8	2.8	18.3	18.5	18.5	6.4	7.7	
Detroit	110.7	112.8	111.9	623.4	648.4	647.2	225.2	201.0	22
Flint	6.7	6.9	6.8	49.2	50.8	50.7	24.4	20.3	2
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	21.3	22.3	22.4	136.7	137.5	140.1	52.5	45.9	5
Jackson	1.8	1.8	1.8	14.3	14.6	14.7	10.2	9.4	1
		10.9	10.8	52.2	52.4	52.8	33.8	29.5	3
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek		13.5	13.4	54.8	55.9	55.9	66.8	58.9	6
Lansing-East Lansing		6.8	6.7	46.5	47.3	47.5	22.5	20.2	2
	}								
finnesota		147.1	146.7	682.3	702.2	702.8	365.2	353.2	36
Duluth-Superior	3.4	3.5	3.5	31.4	31.6	31.6	21.7	21.6	2:
Minneapolis-St. Paul		115.3	114.8	457.4	473.1	473.8	208.8	200.3	20
Rochester		2.4 3.0	2.4	32.1	33.1 19.9	32.8	7.4 12.3	6.4 10.8	1:
St. Cloud	2.9	l i	3.0	20.4	l	20.8	1		
Alssissippi	40.9 15.3	41.0 15.8	40.8 15.8	252.1 55.9	253.7 57.6	256.1 56.7	220.7 45.5	224.4 46.0	229 46
Aissouri	150.6	158.8	157.4	721.2	735.7	737.3	398.3	383.6	41
Kansas City	62.6	64.2	64.0	255.2	261.0	259.5	127.2	123.6	13
St. Louis	77.9	78.3	77.4	398.6	405.7	405.1	156.1	142.4	15
Springfield	6.8	6.8	6.8	45.1	44.9	45.3	18.4	16.4	1
fontana	16.0	17.0	16.8	103.9	107.9	105.7	76.9	70.4	7
lebraska	53.0	55.5	55.5	221.2	229.7	231.3	150.6	144.2	15
Lincoln	9.3	9.9	9.9	36.1	36.2	36.9	36.0	35.5	3
Omaha	32.6	34.1	34.1	127.3	134.2	133.9	48.6	46.5	4
levada		39.8	39.8	369.7	389.3	390.3	102.8	100.0	10
Las Vegas		30.3	30.3	273.0	290.0 69.5	291.1	63.0 22.7	60.9 21.2	6 2
Reno	7.8	8.0	8.0	68.4	09.5	69.4	22.1	21.2	
lew Hampshire		28.7	27.9	166.2	169.8	167.4	79.9	72.9	8
Manchester		6.7	6.6	31.1	30.9	31.0	10.2	9.2	1
Nashua		3.1	3.0	24.1	24.6	24.9	7.9	7.1	_
Portsmouth-Rochester	5.8	5.9	5.8	29.8	30.6	29.8	22.3	19.2	2
lew Jersey		238.9	236.6	1,137.4	1,188.9	1,177.6	551.4	544.5	55
Atlantic-Cape May		6.4	6.3	90.0	94.9	90.9	29.1	28.5	2
Bergen-Passaic		35.0	34.6	188.6	194.9	195.7	67.5	67.1	6
Camden		22.8	23.0	139.1	146.9	146.6	74.7	72.3	7
Jersey City		25.4 44.6	25.4	57.7	60.4	61.5	38.7	39.4	3
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon			43.6	170.6	183.5	182.6	75.0	70.5	
Monmouth-Ocean		18.6	16.6	119.3	127.8	121.1	62.0	61.6	12
Newark		70.3	69.7	266.6	295.4	294.2	135.8	138.5	13
Trenton	11.0 3.3	11.5 3.3	11.2 3.3	65.8 12.4	67.7 12.2	68.0 12.3	51.2 12.7	50.6 12.1	5
•		32.3	31.9	194.0	199.4	198.1	172.3	167.4	
Albuquerque		17.5	17.3	194.0	105.2	198.1	63.5	61.7	17 6
							ايمدا	1	
Las Cruces	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.2	11.0	11.0	19.1	17.9	1

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
lew York	7,943.1	8,005.1	8,044.8	5.1	5.2	5.2	279.8	287.9	287.9
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	425.1	424.1	427.7	.6	.6	.6	15.8	16.2	16.0
Binghamton	111.8	111.9	115.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.3	4.4	4.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	542.9	537.2	542.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	23.6	23.5	23.5
Dutchess County	106.1	105.6	107.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.3	4.8	4.7
Elmira	41,7	42.5	42.8	- (1) l	1 715	(1)	1.7	1.9	1.8
Giens Fails	50.2	52.9	50.3	(1)	l (15 l	- ¿15	2.1	2.2	2.
Nassau-Suffolk	1,103.5	1,115.8	1,126.0	(1)	1 715 [- 715	47.9	49.7	50.5
New York PMSA	3,866.4	3,897.8	3,918.6	(1)	1 715	- 715	123.4	123.3	124.9
New York City	3.364.4	3,391.1	3,412.2	`′.3	` .a l	`´.3 l	97.9	97.5	99.3
Newburgh	118.9	118.8	119.2	(¹) ~	(1)	(1)	4.7	4.6	4.0
Rochester	530.1	528.7	532.6	` ´ .5 ˈ	.4]	` ′ .4	18.6	19.6	19.
Rockland County	99.3	99.1	100.1	(1)	(1) [(1)	4.4	4.2	4.
Syracuse	337.5	330.0	338.2	(1)	\ \tag{15}	(1)	13.9	14.1	13.
Utica-Rome	127.6	127.0	127.8	(1)	\	(1)	3.8	3.8	3.
Westchester County	383.0	386.9	386.2	\1\frac{1}{2}	! }+{	- {1}	19.1	19.4	19,
**estcriester County	303.0	300.9	300.2	(.)	(1)	(')	19.1	19.4	19,
rth Carolina	3,589.2	3,602.5	3,657.3	3.8	4.0	4.0	194.9	203.8	204.
Asheville	103.8	103.4	105.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.9	6.1	6.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	733.4	735.4	739.4	(!)	[(1)	(!)	44.1	45.4	45.
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	615.4	606.5	608.7	(1)	(!)	(!)	29.6	30.6	30.
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	577.8	582.0	591.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	31.5	33.7	33.
orth Dakota	313.3	318.5	321.8	4.2	4.5	4.4	17.3	20.1	19.
Bismarck	47.7	48.9	48.9	(1)	(1) (1)	(¹)	2.8	2.9	2.
Fargo-Moorhead	91.5	94.8	96.4	(1)	{1}	(1)	6.4	7.6	7.
Grand Forks	49.3	49.6	51.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.6	3.4	3.
110	5,336.2	5,349.9	5,385.6	14.1	13.9	13.9	230.3	237.2	235.
Akron	322.0	318.4	323.8	.4	· <u>4</u> }	. <u>4</u>	13.8	14.5	14.
Canton-Massillon	179.7	180.9	182.1	.7	.7 (.7	8.8	9.4	9.
Cincinnati	830.3	834.3	838.2	.7	.7	.7	39.6	42.7	42.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,125.7	1,139.0	1,144.0	.9	1.0	1.0	45.1	48.4	47.
Columbus	800.3	812.8	811.9	.6	.6)	.6	34.9	36.1	35.
Dayton-Springfield	470.6	467.3	470.2	.5	.4	.4	17.9	18.5	18.
Hamilton-Middletown	110.9	111.1	111.4	(!)	(1)	(1)	6.9	7.3	7.
Lima	77.2	77.8	77.8	(1)		(1)	3.9	4.0	3.
Mansfield	80.1	81.1	80.9	(')	(') {	(1)	2.9	2.7	2.
Steubenville-Weirton	50.5	47.0	48.8	.4	.4	.4	1.8	1.7	1.
Toledo	313.4	307.3	314.0	.2	.3	.2	18.0	15.8	15.
Youngstown-Warren	243.4	242.1	243.6	.6	.5	.5	10.6	10.8	10.0
klahoma	1,365.4	1,393.8	1,403.5	31.6	31.8	31.5	51.2	53.6	53.
Enid	23.8	23.9	24.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	9.9	1.2	1.
Lawton	37.5	38.2	38.4	.1	1.1	.1	1.4	1.6	1.4
Oklahoma City	495.5	497.3	505.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	19.4	19.7	19.
Tulsa	367.0	378.0	378.6	7.7	7.8	7.7	14.4	15.2	14.
	4 500 4	4 500 7	4.540.0		ا م				••
regon	1,503.1	1,530.7	1,546.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	85.5	91.5	92.
Eugene-Springfield	132.4	135.2	137.6	.2	.2	.2	7.1	7.3	7.
Medford-Ashland	67.1	67.0	68.9	.1	.1	.1 ,	3.2	3.1	3.
Portland-Vancouver	889.1	912.4	922.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	54.5	58.3	59.
Salem	133.5	135.1	135.6	.3	.3	.3	7.3	7.5	7.
ennsylvania	5,353.4	5,395.0	5,463.1	20.1	20.4	20.2	219.2	233.6	231.
Allentown Bethlehem-Easton	260.0	259.9	263.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.8	10.9	10.
Altoona	57.5	57.8	57.7	(1)	715	715	2.8	2.7	2.
Erie	129.2	128.6	130.5	115	1 715 1	715	4.9	4.9	4.
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	347.3	349.3	351.5	: (1)	}15	715	14.1	13.8	13.
Johnstown	86.3	87.9	87.9	: (1)	{1}	715	4.5	4.8	4.
Lancaster	209.0	209.3	211.9	.4	.4	.4	12.1	12.3	12.
Philadelphia PMSA	2.220.1	2,232.3	2.252.9		(1)	(!)	84.6	86.9	85.
Philadelphia City	679.0	669.1	679.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.9	10.7	11.
Pittsburgh	1,063.8	1,055.6	1,064.6	4.3	4.4	4.4	52.5	49.7	50.
Reading	161.7	163.1	164.6	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	7.2	7.8	7.
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazleton	271.9	271.8	273.3	.5		.5	10.7	- 1	
				111.00	/1 .5	/11.3		11.1	10.
Sharon	47.5	47.4	48.5	};{	};{ }	\;\{\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1.7	1.8	1.
State College	68.4	65.8	70.0	(1) (1)	(3)	$\binom{1}{1}$	2.9	2.6	2.
Williamsport	53.8	54.7 160.2	54.9 163.5	(')	.4	(¹) .4	2.5 8.2	2.6 8.5	2. 8.
York	162.0								

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(in thousands)

Onto an i		Manufacturing			ansportation ar public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retai	l trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
		2012						4 5 4 7 4	
lew York	927.3	924.6	927.2	405.5	388.5	411.3	1,631.6	1,647.0	1,647.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	39.4	39.0	38.8	16.0	16.1	17.0	93.0	94.5	94.
Binghamton	25.1	25.5	25.8	4.6	4.6	4.7	23.2	23.5	23.
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	89.2	89.3	89.5	26.6	24.2	25.7	129.4	130.2	130.
Dutchess County	17.5	17.6	17.8	4.1	3.8	3.9	20.6	20.9	20.
Elmira	9.2	9.3	9.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	10.6	11.0	11.
Glens Falls	8.4	8.2	8.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	11.8	12.6	11
Nassau-Suffolk	110.8	110.4	111.4	49.0	45.6	50.0	288.9	294.5	294
New York PMSA	322.6	318.1	320.2	233.1	221.5	232.3	674.9	677.9	686
New York City	269.3	265.0	266.9	206.9	197.3	206.6	562.8	565.4	574
Newburgh	12.1	11.7	11.7	6.7	6.2	6.6	33.0	33.7	33
Rochester	127.9	127.0	127.0	18.1	16.9	18.0	110.9	114.8	113
	11.8	-	-	5.9	5.5	5.9		22.9	23
Rockland County		11.9	12.1				22.8		
Syracuse	50.2	49.8	49.7	18.1	17.2	18.4	79.8	80.0	79
Utica-Rome	19.9	18.9	18.9	4.0	3.9	4.1	27.6	27.6	27
Westchester County	39.6	39.4	39.5	19.6	17.9	19.1	85.0	85.3	85
lorth Carolina	848.3	842.0	843.8	169.7	168.0	170.9	814.8	815.8	814
Asheville	19.9	19.7	19.6	4.8	4.8	4.8	25.2	25.8	25
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	147.5	146.0	146.8	52.6	50.0	50.0	175.7	177.1	177
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	165.9	164.9	184.6	33.3	32.7	32.8	143.1	140.6	141
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	83.4	82.5	82.8	25.4	26.3	26.3	121.1	122.4	122
iorth Dakota	21.9	23.1	23.0	18.3	18.4	18.5	80.3	82.0	81
Bismarck	2.6	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	11.8	12.2	12
Fargo-Moorhead	7.8	8.2	8.4	5.4	5.3	5.4	26.6	26.7	27
Grand Forks	4.0	3.7	4.0	2.3	2.1	2.3	13.6	13.7	13
Phio	1,098.5	1,085.4	1,086.9	233.9	227.8	236.3	1,306.3	1,329.6	1,325
Akron	64.7	63.0	63.3	14.8	14.7	14.8	79.9	81.1	61
Canton-Massillon	46.9	46.5	46.5	5.5	5.5	5.6	44.1	44.9	45
Cincinnati	141.6	141,2	141.4	43.4	42.8	44.0	215.3	217.8	217
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	224.7	224.7	224.0	45.9	43.6	45.5	266.7	274.1	273
Columbus	91.8	91.7	91.7	36.2	34.7	36.9	217.1	216.5	215
Dayton-Springfield	101,3	99.2	99.4	19.1	18.4	18.2	109.0	109.6	109
Hamilton-Middletown	21.0	21.1	21.0	4.5	4.7	4.8	30.6	30.5	30
Lima	20.1	19.7	19.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	18.3	19.0	19
Mansfield	22.6	22.7	22.8	4.2	3.9	4.0	16.0	18.7	18
Steubenville-Weirton	14.3	10.9	12.5	2.8	2.7	2.7	11,1	10.8	10
	60.8	61.9							
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	59.3	59.4	61.6 59.2	14.3 9.9	12.5 10.1	14.0 10.3	78.2 61.7	78.5 62.9	79 62
okiahoma	175.5	179.8	179.9	76.9	78.9	79.5	320.8	328.7	327
Enid	1.9			2.1				1	
		1.9	1.9		2.1	2.0	5.9	6.1	6
Lawton	3.8	3.7	3.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	9.0	9.0	9
Oklahoma City	52.1 56.4	53.7 58.2	53.8 58.2	23.6 27.8	23.9 29.7	24.7 30.2	119.3 86.7	121.3 90.7	121 90
	244.0	054.4	050.0	-40	70.0	I	1		
regon	244.0	254.4	252.3	74.0	70.3	73.9	371.7	383.1	382
Eugene-Springfield	20.3	21.9	22.1	4.6	4.4	4.5	34.2	35.8	35
Medford-Ashland	9.3	9.5	9.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	20.3	20.1	21
Portland-Vancouver	143.4 21.1	149.3 21.5	150.1 20.5	50.7 3.4	49.7 j 3.2	51.7 3.3	222.2 28.4	232.0 28.3	232
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		}	1		- 1	I			
ennsylvania	931.8	938.5	937.4	274.3	255.2	274.9	1,212.5	1,237.7	1,237
Allentown Bethlehem-Easton	56.7	57.1	57.0	14.5	14.0	15.1	54.0	54.8	55
Altoona	10.4	10.2	10.1	4.3	4.2	4.2	15.1	15.4	15
Erie	33.9	34.1	34.0	4.8	4.5	4.6	28.8	29.4	29
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	45.5	46.1	45.7	23.3	22.6	24.4	76.6	78.9	77
Johnstown	12.4	13.0	12.8	5.1	4.6	5.0	20.8	21.2	21
Lancaster	56.3	56.6	56.3	8.2	7.4	8.7	52.1	53.9	53
Philadelphia PMSA	307.2	308.7	308.8	104.6	99.6	106.9	492.6	496.4	498
Philadelphia City	60.8	60.6	60.6	32.9	29.8	32.9	114.1	113.9	114
Pittsburgh	134.1	135.1	134.6	65.5	61.9	65.2	257.9	257.0	256
Reading	43.3	44.1	43.7	7.4	7.1	7.6	37.6	38.7	38
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazleton	55.2	54.0	54.1	14.7					
					13.9	14.7	65.1	65.1	64
Sharon	11.0	11.3	11.2	2.0	2.1	2.2	12.2	12.8	12
State College	8.9	8.9	8.9	2.0	1.9	2.1	12.9	12.4	13
Williamsport	13.0	13.4	13.3	1.9	1.8	2.0	12.7	13.0	13
York	48.1	49.2	49.2	7.5	6.0	7.4	39.3	39.5	39

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

Charles		ance, insuranc and real estate	;e,		Services			Government	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
lew York	724.6	733.0	728.2	2,630.6	2,688.2	2.702.3	1,338.5	1,330.6	1.335
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	25.9	26.1	25.8	128.0	128.9	128.2	106.5	102.6	107
Binghamton	3.9	4.1	4.0	29.3	30.7	30.8	21.5	19.2	22.
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	28.2	29.1	29.1	159.7	158.3	158.9	86.2	82.6	85.
Dutchess County	4.3	4.4	4.3	33.2	33.1	33.1	22.1	20.9	22
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	6.9	7.1	7
Glens Falls	2.3	2.5	2.5	14.8	17.4	15.2	9.3	8.6	9
Nassau-Suffolk	79.1	79.4	78.8	356.3	368.4	366.2	171.4	167.9	175
New York PMSA	507.1	512.4	509.3	1,405.0	1,434.9	1,450.1	600.4	609.6	595
New York City	475.1	479.7	477.0	1,230.4	1,254.7	1,272.0	521.7	531.1	516
Newburgh	5.4	5.6	5.4	31.6	32.6	31.3	25.4	24.4	26
Rochester	23.0	23.9	23.2	157.3	156.6	157.1	73.7	69.6	74
Rockland County	5.0	5.1	5.0	30.3	31.3	30.8	19.1	18.1	19
Syracuse	18.2	18.2	18.0	99.7	94.5	99.3	57.6	56.2	59
Utica-Rome	7.7	7.8	7.7	37.5	38.9	39.2	27.2	26.0	2
Westchester County	25.8	26.5	26.1	138.2	141.9	141.1	55.6	56.4	5
orth Carolina	155.8	163.3	162.7	835.8	873.6	876.8	566.1	532.0	57
Asheville	3.1	3.2	3.2	30.4	31.0	31.6	14.5	12.8	1.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	48.7	49.8	49.8	178.5	181.3	181.3	86.3	85.8	8
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	31.1 27.2	32.2 27.9	32.2 28.2	147.7 172.8	148.3 175.8	148.6 174.8	64.7 116.4	57.2 113.4	5 12
lorth Dakota	14.6	15.4	15.4	85.7	88.5	88.1	71.0	66.5	7
Bismarck	2.3	2.4	2.4	15.3	15.6	15.5	9.7	9.8	1
Fargo-Moorhead	5.8 1.5	6.4 1.5	6.4 1,4	26.6 13.1	28.0 14.6	27.7 14.6	12.9 12.2	12.6 10.6	1
Phio	278.5	284.5	282.0	1,439.6	1,461.6	1,462.3	735.0	709.9	74
Akron	12.6	12.6	12.6	88.2	90.4	89.4	47.8	41.7	4
Canton-Massillon	5.8	5.9	5.9	48.5	50.0	49.6	19.4	18.0	19
Cincinnati	52.4	53.4	53.3	236.2	239.9	238.6	101.1	95.8	99
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	72.4	74.8	73.5	329.1	335.4	336.5	140.9	137.0	14:
Columbus	68.3	69.4	69.0	223.4	230.6	230.0	128.0	133.2	13
Dayton-Springfield	17.9	18.0	18.2	134.0	135.9	136.3	70.9	67.3	6
Hamilton-Middletown	4.4	4.3	4.2	25.6	25.6	25.7	17.9	17.6	1
Lima	2.1	2.2	2.3	20.0	20.1	19.8	9.9	9.9	11
Mansfield	2.9	2.7	2.7	19.4	20.1	20.5	10.1	10.3	1
Steubenville-Weirton	1.4	1.5	1.5	12.7	13.0	12.8	6.0	6.0	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	10.9 9.3	11.0 9.4	10.9 9.3	88.0 62.6	87.2 61.5	87.1 61.7	45.0 29.4	40.1 27.5	4: 30
_	07.0			ĺ					
Oklahoma	67.6	69.9	69.4	371.9	387.6	389.3	269.9	263.5	27
Enid	1.0	1.0 1.8	1.0	6.7	6.5	6.8	4.3 11.4	4.1 11.4	1
Lawton Oklahoma City	1.8 27.8	28.5	1.8 28.5	8.2 145.8	8.8 148.1	8.7 148.9	100.6	95.0	10
Tulsa	20.0	20.7	20.5	112.9	114.6	115.3	41.1	41.1	4
Pregon	91.7	95.7	94.9	396.7	407.6	410.4	237.5	226.1	23
Eugene-Springfield	7.0	7.2	7.2	36.0	37.3	37.6	237.5	21.1	23
Medford-Ashland	3.1	3.1	3.1	18.0	18.6	18,8	9.9	9.3	1
Portland-Vancouver	64.4	67.0	66.5	244.0	252.3	252.9	108.7	102.6	10
Salem	6.4	6.5	6.4	31.9	32.5	33.5	34.7	35.3	3
0.00	5.7	5.5	5.4	55	52.5	00.0]	00.0	•
ennsylvania	311.8	316.5	313.9	1,670.7	1,714.2	1,724.8	713.0	678.9	72
Allentown Bethlehem-Easton	13.3	13.3	13.1	81.0	81.9	82.6	29.7	27.9	2
Altoona	2.1	2.0	2.0	15.4	15.8	15.8	7.4	7.5	
Erie	5.6	5.6	5.5	36.1	36.6	37.3	15.1	13.5	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	25.4	24.8	24.7	92.3	99.0	99.3	70.1	64.1	6
Johnstown	4.5	4.7	4.7	25.6	26.6	26.3	13.4	13.0	1
Lancaster	9.0	9.4	9.2	52.6	53.0	53.3	18.3	16.3	1
Philadelphia PMSA	154.6	157.0	154.9	779.7	797.2	803.9	296.8	286.5	29
Philadelphia City	54.2	54.0	53.5	279.8	274.5	282.7	128.3	125.6	12
Pittsburgh	62.3	62.3	61.9	367.5	371.4	373.3	119.7	113.8	11
Reading	9.1	9.3	9.2	38.8	40.3	39.8	18.3	15.8	1
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazleton	13.7	14.4	14.2	77.7	79.9	80.3	34.3	32.9	3
Sharon	1.4	1.4	1.4	13.9	13.0	14.2	5.3	5.0	
State College	2.2	2.3	2.3	13.9	14.3	14.4	25.6	23.4	2
Williamsport	2.3	2.3	2.3	14.4	14.8	14.7	7.0	6.8	
	4.9	5.1	5.2	37.3	37.0	37.7	16.2	14.5	1

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Rhode Island	448.9	446.8	452.1	.2	.2	.2	14.3	16.4	15.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	500.1	497.0	504.5	.2	.2	.2	16.5	17.5	17.4
South Carolina	1,688.0 212.9	1,704.0 217.1	1,717.9 218.5	1.8	1.8	(1)	95.3 13.9	100.0 14.6	99.7 14.6
Columbia Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	273.3 453.3	277.0 454.9	280.1 461.6]:{	<u>}</u> ;}	14.6 29.0	15.6 30.0	15.6 29.9
South Dakota	352.4	355.6	355.1	2.4	2.6	2.5	16.1	17.4	16.7
Rapid CitySioux Falls	46.8 99.4	49.2 101.9	48.3 102.2	8	{1}	$\binom{1}{1}$	3.1 5.0	3.5 5.3	3.5 5.1
Tennessee	2,563.5	2,549.3	2,581.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	116.7	122.9	122.9
Chattanooga	217.5	213.4	215.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.6	9.7	9.8
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	195.6	193.1	195.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.4	9.9	9.9
Knoxville	320.5	313.8	316.6	.5	.1 .5	.5	20.2	18.8	18.8
Memphis Nashville	549.1 812.6	544.5 610.3	550.3 619.8	8	(1)	$\binom{1}{1}$	24.3 30.3	24.3 31.1	24.4 31.1
Texas	8,306.9	8,470.9	8,524.1	157.5	163.6	163.7	444.4	465.1	465.4
Abilene	54.1	54.0	55.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Amarillo	92.4	95.5	96.0	.6	.6	.6	4.3	4.9	4.8
Austin-San Marcos	543.8	543.6	551.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	28.0	27.6	27.6
Beaumont-Port Arthur	151.5	152.1	153.8	.7	.7	.7	12.7	13.2	13.3
Brazoria	72.6 94.0	72.9	74.0	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	8.8	8.5	8.2
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	65.9	97.2	97.6 67.6	.7			3.0	3.4	3.3
Bryan-College Station	152.9	64.4		2.4	.8	.8 2.5	2.8	3.1	3.0 13.8
Corpus Christi	1.680.4	155.8 1,737.1	156.9 1,747.8	11.5	2.5 12.4	12.2	13.3 75.3	13.8 82.7	82.4
El Paso	237.8	239.3	240.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.0	11.5	11.5
Ft. Worth-Arlington	887.0	704.0	711.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	33.4	36.3	35.8
Galveston-Texas City	86.8	89.8	89.5	.8	.8	.8	4.7	4.6	4.6
Houston	1.813.9	1.858.2	1,873.2	65.3	68.0	68.0	129.3	134.2	135.6
Killeen Temple	94.7	96.6	97.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.8	4.5	4.4
Laredo	56.8	59.6	60.4	3.1	` ′3.5	` ′3.4	2.1	2.1	2.1
Longview-Marshall	86.0	85.0	85.7	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.9	3.9
Lubbock	110.0	111.9	113.4	1	.1 (.1	4.1	4.3	4.2
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	125.2	130.2	132.5	1.0	1.1	1,1	6.5	6.9	6.9
Odessa Midland	98.6	96.8	99.6	12.1	12.2	12.4	5.7	5.7	5.9
San Angelo	42.6	42.1	42,1	.7	.7]	.7	1.8	2.0	1.9
San Antonio	636.9	648.7	656.3	1.9	1.9	2.0	32.5	34.5	34.3
Sherman-Denison	42.3	42.0	42.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.8	2.1	2.1
Texarkana	50.6	49.7	50.3	(1)	(1)	(¹)	2.4	2.3	2.3
Tyler	73.9	75.6	76.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.9	2.8	2.7
Victoria	33.5	34.3	34.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.2
Waco	94.2 58.2	93.8 58.0	95.9 58.6	(¹) 1.1	(1)	(¹) 1.1	4.1 2.2	4.7 2.3	4.5 2.2
Utah	971.5	996.9	1,012.1	8.1	8.1	8.3	64.4	70.8	71.3
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Ogden	133.4 652.8	133.4 673.2	139.1 679.2	(¹) 3.0	(1) 3.0	(¹) 3.0	9.5 42.2	10.1 47.0	10.0 46.3
Vermont	278.5	274.5	281.7	.6	.8	.7	14.8	13.7	13.5
Barre-Montpelier	31.1 98.3	28.4 97.1	29.8 100.0	{ } }	[]	(1) (1)	1.6 5.1	1.3 5.1	1.4 4.9
Virginia	3,159.8	3,208.0	3,233.5	10.7	10.9	10.9	182.1	189.7	187.4
Bristol	37.1	36.4	37.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.7	1.6	1.5
Charlottesville	78.9	79.4	80.5	- 92	(;) [(;)	4.3	4.7	4.6
Danville	45.0	44.6	45.4	- <u>53</u> 2 - 1	<u> </u>	- 53	2.3	2.5	2.5
Lynchburg Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	96.6 655.5	97.8 658.7	97.7 663.1	- };{	B	(1)	5.6	6.3	6.2 42.4
Northern Virginia	964.6	998.1	1,004.9	.,,	., 7	.7	41.1 54.7	42.9 58.8	42.4 58.7
Richmond-Petersburg	506.7	513.4	517.2	.8	.7	.7	32.0	33.2	32.9
Roanoke	140.8	141.7	144.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	8.2	8.9	8.9
Washington	2,456.7	2,507.7	2,545.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	139.1	144.0	144.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,246.0	1,292.2	1,314.9	.8	.18	.18	65.6	67.8	69.9
	183.8	183.7	186.8	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	12.1 (12.1	12.0
Spokane Tacoma	223.8	227.8	231.2	` ´.2	` .2		13.4	13.4	13.2

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry --- Continued

(In thousands)

State and		Manufacturing			ansportation ar public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retail	trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Rhode Island	83.1	81.0	81.7	15.3	14.3	15.3	101.1	102.6	101.
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	105.1	103.0	103.7	17.6	16.1	17.6	115.0	115.3	116
South Carolina	362.5	358.1	357.1	74.1	73.4	75.3	403.6	415.2	413
Charleston-North Charleston	20.6 25.5	20.6 25.2	20.6 25.2	10.9 12.5	11.0 11.7	11.1 12.4	54.4 63.8	56.2 66.4	55 66
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	125.0	123.6	123.4	19.6	19.9	20.3	113.9	117.5	117
South Dakota	47.9	49.5	48.7	16.5	15.1	15.8	88.1	90.7	88
Rapid CitySioux Falls	4.1 13.3	4.7 13.9	4.7 13.9	2.0 6.3	1.9 5.9	2.1 6.1	14.2 25.4	15.8 25.8	14 25
ennessee	523.4	513.1	513.0	143.5	137.1	143.3	604.4	609.1	611
Chattanooga	43.6	43.4	43.5	8.3	8.0	8.4	52.1	51.5	51
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	53.5	52.2	51.5	8.0	7.7	7.7	43.7	43.8	43
Knoxville	48.4	47.8	47.8	14.3	12.7	13.9	81.9	82.7	82
Memphis Nashville	63.5 96.7	62.4 94.3	63.2 § 94.3 §	61.6 31.4	59.3 28.6	60.5 31.7	140.4 148.2	143.9 149.7	144 150
Texas	1,061.9	1,074.4	1,075.8	490.7	490.8	502.5	2,000.9	2,050.4	2,048
Abilene	3.2	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.5	14.2	14.5	14
Amarillo	9.4	9.7	9.7	5.6	5.1	5.2	26.0	27.5	27
Austin-San Marcos	73.2	72.9	73.1	18.0	17.7	18.2	116.6	119.3	119
Beaumont-Port Arthur Brazoria	24.4 16.6	24.8 16.7	24.8 16.7	8.0 2.8	7.9 2.9	7.9 2.9	35.6 14.1	36.0 14.6	36 14
Brownsville-Hartingen-San Benito	12.6	12.6	12.7	4.2	4.1	4.2	23.2	24.2	24
Bryan-College Station	3.6	3.7	3.8	1.3	1.3	1.4	14.7	14.6	15
Corpus Christi	13.6	13.6	13.6	6.3	6.2	6.4	35.5	36.2	35
Dallas	238.6	242.4	242.5	112.7	118.2	122.7	418.5	434.9	435
El Paso	45.5	43.7	43.6	13.1	12.8	12.7	56.6	57.1	57
Ft. Worth-Arlington	107.9	109.8	110.1	62.4	63.5	65.8	173.8	180.6	180
Galveston-Texas City	8.0 199.0	8.1 203.9	8.2 204.1	4.1 125.9	4.3 126.8	4.4 130.0	18.3 421.2	19.5 434.5	19 435
Killeen Temple	9.8	9.2	9.1	3.5	3.4	3.5	22.5	23.0	22
Laredo	1,4	1.5	1.6	8.8	9.8	9.9	15.4	16.4	16
Longview-Marshall	18.7	18.3	18.2	3.9	3.9	3.8	21.7	21.7	21
Lubbock	7.4	7.6	7.8	5.7	5.5	5.6	31.7	32.8	33
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	12.8	12.6	12.7	4.4	4.5	4.6	34.0	36.1	36
Odessa Midland	8.8 5.4	7.0	7.1	3.9	4.1	4.0	26.8	26.5	26
San Angelo	49.5	5.4 50.0	5.3 50.1	2.2 30.5	2.1 31.0	2.2 31.9	10.3 157.2	9.9 162.5	162
Sherman-Denison	10.6	10.3	10.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	9.5	9.3	9
Texarkana	6.1	6.0	6.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	13,1	13.1	13
Tyler	11.1	11.1	11.1	3.5	3.6	3.7	18.9	19.3	19
Victoria	3.0	3.3	3.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	9.2	9.4	_9
Waco	16.7 8.1	16.3 8.1	16.3 8.1	3.7 2.8	3.6 2.8	3.7 2.9	21.3 13.5	21.6 13.8	21 13
Jtah	130.4	132.7	132.5	54.9	55.1	57.1	233.6	242.8	241
Provo-Orem	18.9	19.9	20.1	2.3	2.3	2.4	29.4	30.7	31
Salt Lake City-Ogden	82.1	83.0	83.0	42.7	42.2	44.0	159.7	165.9	165
Vermont	46.3 3.5	47.0 3.2	47.2 3.3	12.2 1.1	11.9 .9	12.2 1.1	65.1 8.8	67.2 6.9	66 6
Burlington	17.9	18.5	18.5	4.7	4.8	4.6	22.1	22.0	21
/irginia	398.9	396.3	395.3	163.0	164.9	169.3	718.7	736.1	736
Bristol	10.1	10.1	10.1	1.3	1.0	1.2	9.9	9.9	٤
Charlottesville	8.2	8.3	8.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	16.1	16.4	16
Danville	16.3 25.8	15.7 25.3	15.5 24.9	1.1 3.6	1.0 3.7	1.0 3.7	9.5 21.5	9.7 21.6	21
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	67.4	65.9	66.1	31.9	32.7	33.3	157.8	158.3	158
Northern Virginia	41.0	42.2	42.2	58.1	80.2	60.6	211.7	219.5	217
Richmond-Petersburg	59.7 19.6	59.6 19.0	59.7 19.2	26.5 8.5	25.8 8.1	26.8 8.5	120.7 37.9	123.1 36.9	122
	354.2	376.7	379.3	125.5	124,1	127.9	602.7	616.0	617
WashingtonSeattle-Bellevue-Everett	199.0	222.9	225.4	125.5 75.6	75.3	76.1	902.7 299.1	309.3	310
		22.4	22.2	8.2	8.0		46.1		
Spokane	22.6	22.4	22.2 1	0.4		8.4	40.11	48.3	48

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

		ance, insuranc and real estate	e,		Services			Government	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^P
Rhode Island	25.6	26.1	26.1	148.6	148.5	149.5	60.7	57.7	62.
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	27.7	28.5	28.5	155.6	157.0	157.3	62.4	59.4	63.
South Carolina	73.2	75.4	74.9	379.2	392.9	392.9	298.3	287.2	302.
Charleston-North Charleston	8.5 19.8	8.7 20.1	8.6 20.0	56.4 67.1	58.4 70.6	58.5 70.7	48.2 70.0	47.6 67.4	49. 69.
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	15.4	15.6	15.5	96.2	99.1	100.2	54.2	49.2	54.
South Dakota	20.0	21.3	21.4	92.1	94.1	92.8	69.3	64.9	69
Rapid CitySioux Falls	1.7 10.7	1.8 11.9	1.8 12.1	14.6 29.0	14.9 30.4	14.4 30.1	7.1 9.7	6.6 8.7	7. 9.
fennessee	118.5	120.7	120.4	668.9	678.0	677.2	385.4	365.7	388
Chattanooga	14.3	14.8	14.7	54.1	53.5	53.4	35.5	32.5	34
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.8	5.7	5.7	45.4	46.3	46.9	28.8	27.5	29.
Knoxville	13.6	13.5	13.5	86.3	84.7	84.5	55.3	52.9	55.
Memphis Nashville	28.5 36.9	29.0 38.0	28.8 j 38.0 j	152.8 191.5	153.1 194.8	153.1 195.2	78.0 77.6	72.5 73.8	76. 79.
exas	447.3	457.8	456.8	2,258.8	2.340.0	2,339.6	1,445.4	1,428.6	1,471.
Abilene	2.0	2.2	2.2	18.6	18.2	19.1	9.8	9.7	10
Amarillo	4.7	4.9	4.8	25.3	26.6	26.4	16.5	16.2	17
Austin-San Marcos	28.9	29.8	29.6	152.4	155.3	155.8	125.1	119.8	126
Beaumont-Port Arthur	4.9	5.0	5.0	39.5	39.9	39.7	25.7	24.6	26
Brazoria	1.8	1.8	1.8	13.6	14.1	14.3	13.7	12.9	14.
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	3.8 2.4	3.7 2.4	3.6 2.4	25.2 13.8	27.0 14.2	26.2 14.2	22.2 26.6	22.2 24.3	23 26
Bryan-College Station	8.5	6.6	6.5	43.5	47.3	47.4	31.8	29.4	30
Dallas	131.7	133.9	133.8	499.3	523.8	524.1	192.8	188.8	194
El Paso	8.7	8.8	8.8	52.1	55.1	54.8	50.4	50.3	51
Ft. Worth-Arlington	30.9	32.6	32.7	183.5	188.9	189.1	90.5	87.7	93
Galveston-Texas City	5.4	5.5	5.5	17.5	18.3	18.2	28.0	28.7	28
Houston	96.4	98.2	98.2	535.7	555.3	553.9	241.1	237.3	248
Killeen Temple	3.9	4.1	4.1	24.8	26.6	26.7	26.4	25.8	. 26
Laredo	2.0 3.0	2.2 3.1	2.2	9.9	10.5 20.1	10.6	14.1	13.6 10.8	14
Longview-Marshall Lubbock	5.3	5.5	3.1 (5.5 (20.1 31.9	32.7	20.1 32.8	11.5 23.8	23.4	11
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	4.5	4.8	4.8	27.4	29.8	30.0	34.6	34.4	35
Odessa Midland	3.5	3.5	3.5	22.4	23.8	23.4	17.4	16.0	16
San Angelo	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.8	12.0	11.9	8.7	8.3	8
San Antonio	42.4	44.3	44.5	191.2	199.1	199.3	131.7	125.4	132
Sherman-Denison	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.3	11.3	11.7	5.5	5.4	5
Texarkana	1.7	1.7	1.7	13.4	13.7	13.7	11.7	10.8	11
Tyler Victoria	3.8 (1.7	3.9 1.6	3.9 1.7	21.4 8.5	22.7 9.0	22.7 8.9	10.9	10.6 5.8	11
Waco	5.8	5.8	5.7	27.8	27.2	28.7	6.1 15.0	14.6	15
Wichita Falls	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.7	16.0	15.9	12.6	11.7	12
Itah	50.8	52.2	52.1	284.3	277.3	279.8	165.0	157.9	169
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Ogden	3.7 41.8	4.0 43.2	4.0 43.3	51.8 176.0	50.4 185.4	53.3 186.1	17.8	16.0	18
		·		ì			105.3	103.5	107
Pare Manager	12.2	12.9	12.5	81.5	83.8	83.1	45.8	37.4	45
Barre-Montpelier	2.5 4.6	2.6 5.0	2.5 5.0	8.0 28.9	7.7 30.2	7.8 30.4	7.6 15.0	5.8 11.5	7 15
/irginia	163.2	168.7	166.9	931.9	967.0	970.9	591.3	572.4	F04
Bristol	1.1	1.2	1.2	7.6	7.6	7.9	5.4	5/2.4	596 5
Charlottesville	3.8	4.1	4.1	19.4	19.9	20.0	24.8	23.8	24
Danville	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.7	9.1	9.4	5.7	5.2	
Lynchburg	4.1	4.5	4.4	23.7	23.5	24.4	12.3	12.7	12
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	29.8	31.9	31.4	192.1	197.2	195.9	135.4	129.8	138
Northern Virginia	52.9	52.8	52.2	369.8	393.2	395.7	175.7	170.7	177
Richmond-Petersburg	43.0 9.0	44.2 8.9	43.9 8.8	128.9 40.6	132.7 41.3	134.5 42.7	95.1 17.0	94.1 16.6	95 17
Vashington	124.9	127.8	127.4	864.9	689.5	696.1	441.8	425.9	449
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	75.8	78.1	78.1	356.0	370.6	375.8	174.1	167.4	178
Spokane	10.6	11.0	10.8	55.1	54.9	55.7	29.1	27.0	29

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
West Virginia	705.3	711.3	714.4	26.0	24.6	24.6	39.3	39.8	39.2
Charleston	129.3	128.4	128.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	7.6	7.5	7.5
Huntington-Ashland	119.0	118.8	120.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	6.5	6.0	7.3 5.9
Parkersburg-Marietta		68.3	69.4	.4		.4	4.7	5.0	4.9
Wheeling		64.7	63.9	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.7	3.0	3.1
Milesenie		0.004.0	2 224 4						
Wisconsin	2,638.3	2,661.9	2,681.1	2.8	2.9	2.8	117.6	121.7	119.5
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	191.7	193.0	194.6	{;}	532	(3)	12.0	12.7	13.0
Eau Claire	69.7	70.8	71.7	;;;	[\ \\ \\ \]	(;)	3.2	3.4	3.4
Green Bay	132.6	132.9	133.3	53	1 532 1	133	7.2	7.7	7.6
Janesville-Beloit	66.5 49.3	66.5	67.0	;;}	{;}	(;)	2.8	2.7	2.7
Kenosha		48.6	49.1	{;}	555	553	2.3	2.2	2.2
La Crosse	68.2	68.4	69.9	🔀	1 (1)	(;)	2.9	3.3	3.3
Madison	265.1	268.6	271.8	<u>{}</u> }	{;}	Ω	12.8	14.2	13.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha	819.0	826.3	834.3	(1)	(;)	(;)	30.9	32.2	31.8
Racine	80.9	62.7	82.9	(1)	(1)	$\langle \Omega \rangle$	3.3	3.5	3.5
Sheboygan	58.3	60.2	60.1	(1)	[(;)]	(1)	2.4	2.7	2.6
Wausau	62,5	64.4	64.2	(1)	(,)	(¹)	2.9	2.8	2.6
Wyoming	230.3	226.7	230.0	16.4	16.3	16.3	16.4	16.4	16.4
Casper	30.2	30.4	30.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	2,1	2.0
Puerto Rico	943.9	946.6	950.8	1,0	1.0	1.0	52.3	56.8	57.5
Caguas	60.9	63.6	64.2		(1)'''	(1)	2.9	4.3	4.3
Mayaguez	65.4	67.0	68.5	}1{	}i{	\ \i\	3.6	3.8	4.0
Ponce	72.2	73.0	73.8		}1{	11	4.3	4.3	4.3
San Juan-Bayamon	597.7	595.2	595.6	.5	.5	.5	36.4	38.2	38.3
			350.5				55.4		30.0
Virgin Islands	40.6	42.5	41.5	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	2.7	2.3	2.3

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(in thousands)

		Manufacturing	ı		ansportation a public utilities	nd	Whole	sale and retail	trade
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
West Virginia	82.4	82.4	83.1	39.1	38.0	38.5	162.9	165.0	165.3
Charleston	9.8	10.0	10.0	9.1	8.9	9.1	32.1	31.2	31.0
Huntington-Ashland	17.3	17.0	16.9	6.9	6.8	6.9	31.5	31.9	31.9
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.4	12.8	12.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	17.4	17.6	17.6
Wheeling	6.5	6.0	6.1	3.0	2.8	2.8	16.6	16.4	16.1
-									
Wisconsin	607.5	616.8	610.4	123.0	115.8	123.6	599.2	613.6	609.7
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	59.4	59.7	59.1	7.2	7.1	7.4	40.7	41.0	41.6
Eau Claire	11.2	12.2	12.1	3.6	3.3	3.5	19.0	19.3	19.0
Green Bay	28.1	28.9	28.5	9.3	9.4	9.7	30.9	31.8	31.6
Janesville-Beloit	21.3	21.6	21.8	2.3	2.3	2.4	15.1	14.9	14.6
Kenosha	11.2	11.3	11.5	1.7	1.4	1.6	12.9	13.1	12.9
La Crosse	11.6	11.9	11.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	19.6	19.7	20.0
Madison	28.8	29.4	28.9	8.8	8.6	9.0	58.1	57.9	58.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha	175.2	176.4	175.9	38.8	35.3	38.5	176.4	179.9	177.8
Racine	25.1	25.1	25.1	3.1	3.1	3.3	16.5	17.0	16.6
Sheboygan	23.7	24.8	24.3	1.7	1.5	1.7	10.7	11.2	11.1
Wausau	17.7	18.6	18.3	3.3	3.1	3.4	15.0	15.8	15.6
Whomas -	40.0	40.0	40.0		440	440	-4.0		-4-
Wyoming	10.9	10.9	10.8	14.1	14.0	14.0	54.2	55.8 6.7	54.5
Casper	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	6.7	6.7	8.8
Puerto Rico	145.7	149.2	149.2	23.5	22.6	23.9	189.3	192.9	193.5
Caguas	15,1	16.0	16.2	.7	.7	.7	13.3	14.0	14.3
Mayaguez	16.4	17.8	18.3	.7	.8	.8	10.9	11.4	11.4
Ponce	10.4	10.7	10.6	2.1	2.7	2.9	12.5	12.4	12.4
San Juan-Bayamon	69.0	67.9	87.7	18.1	17.2	17.9	126.6	127.9	128.4
Missis Islanda					ا ، ا				0.5
Virgin Islands	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	6.9	9.5	9.5

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry — Continued

(In thousands)

Class and area		ance, insuran and real estate			Services			Government	
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
	,								
West Virginia	27.4	27.7	27.7	193.4	198.9	199.6	134.8	134.9	136.4
Charleston	7.0	7.3	7.4	39.0	39.0	38.9	22.7	22.5	22.3
Huntington-Ashland	3.8	3.7	3.8	31.4	33.2	33.4	20.2	18.8	20.1
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.5	2.6	2.6	17.7	18.4	18.8	10.5	8.7	9.4
Wheeling	2.7	2.8	2.7	22.2	21.9	22.0	10.0	10.1	9.4
Wilconnin	138.5	143.7	140.6	668.7	600.0	600.7	200.0	0540	070.0
Wisconsin			142.6		692.9	692.7	380.9	354.6	379.9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	9.2	9.4	9.4	41.5	42.4	42.3	21.6	20.6	21.8
Eau Claire	2.5	2.5	2.5	18.3	19.8	19.7	11.9	10.3	11.6
Green Bay	9.9	9.3	9.1	31.9	31.7	32.2	15.3	14.1	14.6
Janesville-Beloit	1.8	1.8	1.7	14.9	14.6	15.0	8.4	8.3	8.8
Kenosha	1.6	1.6	1.5	12.2	12.3	12.4	7.5	6.8	7.1
La Crosse	2.7	2.9	2.8	19.0	19.0	19.3	9.3	8.6	9.5
Madison	19.9	20.2	19.9	66.1	69.0	68.9	70.6	69.2	73.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha	57.1	59.1	58.8	252.1	261.8	263.6	88.6	81.8	87.9
Racine	2.3	2.4	2.3	21.3	22.5	22.6	9.3	9.1	9.3
Sheboygan	2.2	2.4	2.4	11.3	11.9	11.7	6.2	5.7	6.3
Wausau	4.7	4.9	4.9	11.8	12.6	12.2	7.0	6.7	7.0
Wyoming	8.0	8.1	8.0	51.2	54.1	51.3	59,1	51.1	58.7
Casper	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.3	8.8	8.6	5.2	4.7	5.3
Buerto Dice	44.0	45.4	45.1	178.0	177.2	179.4	310,1	301.5	301.2
Puerto Rico	1.6	1.8		178.0	177.2	179.4	16.9	16.6	16.8
Caguas	2.1	2.0	1.8 1.9	10.4	10.2	11.6	21.2	20.4	20.5
Mayaguez	2.1	2.0		10.5	10.8	11.6	21,2 25,9		20.5
Ponce	2.3 34.4		2.2					28.0	
San Juan-Bayamon	34.4	35.7	35.4	123.5	122.0	122.8	189.0	185.8	184.6
Virgin Islands	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.7	9.8	9.7	13.9	14.5	13.6

Combined with construction.
 Not available.
 p = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1996 benchmarks.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Total private		34.9	34.5	35.0	34.7	34.6	_	_	_	_	_
·	1										<u> </u>
Goods-producing		41.8	41.5	41.5	41.9	41.6	-	-	_	-	_
Mining	.	45.9	45.9	45.6	45.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-
Metal mining	10	44.9	43.6	43.8 44.6	44.7 45.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Iron ores	101	44.8 46.8	45.6 44.3	44.9	45.4 46.4		_	_	_	_	_
		70.0	44.0	44.5			'	·	1	1	1
Coal mining	12	46.1	45.8	45.0	45.5		-	-	-	- :	1 -
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	46.1	45.8	45.0	45.6	-	- 1	i -	-	_	_
Oil and gas extraction	13	45.1	45.4	45.1	44.5	-	-	-	-	_	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	42.3	40.7	40.6	41.5	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services	138	46.6	47.9	47.3	46.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	48.9	48.6	48.4	48.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	50.4	49.9	50.6	51.0	-	[-	-	-	-	-
Construction		39.7	39.9	39.7	40.0	39.6	-	-	-	- ,	-
General building contractors	15	38.5	38.6	38.5	38.9	_	_	! _	 _	_	_
Residential building construction	152	36.9	37.1	37.2	37.6		l –	! –	-	-	-
Operative builders	153	40.7	40.8	38.7	38.1	-	l –	-	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	40.0	40.0	39.9	40.3	-,	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	44.5	44.5	44.1	44.8	-	-	-	} -	! –	-
Highway and street construction	161	46.4	46.3	46.1	47.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	43.6	43.6	43.0	43.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special trade contractors	17	38.9	39.2	39.0	39.2	_	-	_	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	1171	39.6	39.8	40.0	39.9	i -	-	-	-	-	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	37.1	38.0	38.6	38.3	-	\ -	-	-	-	-
Electrical work	173	40.5	40.2	40.4	40.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	36.2	36.6	36.4	36.6 36.3	_	l <u>-</u>	_	-	_	
Carpentry and floor work	1175 1176	36.1 35.8	35.9 36.5	36.1 35.9	36.2	_	l -] [-	-	-
•	1		i		1			١			
Manufacturing	1	42.3 43.1	41.9 42.7	42.0 42.7	42.4 43.2	42.2 43.0	5.1 5.3	4.7 4.9	4.9 5.2	5.2 5.5	5.0 5.3
Lumber and wood products	24	41.6	41.4	41.3	41.6	41.4	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	-
Logging	241	42.1	42.1	41.6	41.5	-	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.2	l –
Sawmills and planing mills	242	42.6	42.3	42.6	42.8	-	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.3	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	42.9	42.6	43.1	43.3	-	5.6	5.4	6.0	5.9	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	41.8	41.4	40.9	40.8	-	4.1	3.8	3.2	3.2	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	42.0	41.6	41.5 40.8	41.8	-	4.6	4.5 4.0	4.3 3.4	4.5 3.9	1 -
Millwork	2431	42.1 40.6	41.6 40.3	40.8	41.7 40.5	I =	4.0	4.5	4.2	4.1	_
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2434	42.3	42.3	41.5	41.6	-	5.3	5.3	4.3	4.5] _
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	44.9	44.0	43.8	44.4	_	6.1	5.5	5.9	6.1	l -
Wood containers	244	39.3	39.3	39.4	39.7	-	3,8	3.6	3.7	3.8	l –
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	39.3	39.7	39.2	39.9	-	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.2	-
Mobile homes	2451	39.2	39.9	39.3	40.1	-	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.0	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	41.5	41.4	40.5	40.9	-	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	~
Furniture and fixtures	25	40.4	40.3	40.5	41.1	40.6	3,6	3.5	3.8	4.0	-
Household furniture	251	39.0	39.3	39.4	40.0	-	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3	-
Housellow intillate	12511	39.2	39.6	40.2	40.4	-	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	-
Wood household furniture	1 =	38.1	38.6	37.9	39.0	-	2.0 3.8	2.5 4.6	2.1 3.5	2.6 3.3	-
Wood household furniture	2512										
Wood household furniture	2512 2514	40.7	42.0	38.7	39.1	-					1
Wood household furniture	2512 2514 2515	40.7 40.1	42.0 38.0	40.7	41.6	-	3.3	2.4	4.9	5.4	=
Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	2512 2514 2515 252	40.7 40.1 41.4	42.0 38.0 40.4	40.7 41.9	41.6 43.0	-	3.3 3.6	2.4 3.0	4.9 4.6	5.4 4.8	-
Wood household furniture	2512 2514 2515 252 253	40.7 40.1	42.0 38.0	40.7	41.6	-	3.3	2.4	4.9	5.4	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	,
Industry	SIC	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p
Total private		\$11.95	\$ 11.95	\$12.21	\$12.39	\$12.43	\$417.06	\$412.28	\$ 427.35	\$429.93	\$430.08
Goods-producing	.	13.66	13.62	13.96	14.07	14.10	570.99	565.23	579.34	589.53	586.56
Mining	1	15.73	15.54	15.94	16.23	16.18	722.01	713.29	726.86	738.47	732.95
Metal mining	. 10	17.57	17.46	17.69	17.84	_	788.89	761.26	774.82	797.45	-
Iron ores	. 101	18.85	18.77	18.93	19.25	-	844.48	855.91	844.28	873.95	-
Copper ores	. 102	15.98	16.14	16.41	16.47		747.86	715.00	736.81	764.21	-
Coal miningBituminous coal and lignite mining	. 12 . 122	18.76 19.08	18.59 18.90	18.89 19.20	18.98 19.28	- -	864.84 879.59	851.42 865.62	850.05 864.00	863.59 879.17	<u>-</u>
Oil and gas extraction	13	15.01	14.79	15.35	15.74	_	676.95	671.47	692.29	700.43	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas	. 131	19.79	19.68	20.85	21.55	-	837.12	800.98	846.51	894.33	-
Oil and gas field services		12.62	12.51	13.02	13.25	-	588.09	599.23	615.85	609.50	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuelsCrushed and broken stone	. 14	14.04 13.48	13.94 13.31	14.33 13.72	14.52 13.87	_	686.56 679.39	677.48 664.17	693.57 694.23	710.03 707.37	-
Construction		15.75	15.75	16.09	16.27	16.30	625.28	628.43	638.77	650.80	645.48
General building contractors	. 15	14.85	14.76	15.10	15.33	_	571.73	569.74	581.35	596.34	_
Residential building construction	. 152	13.60	13.50	13.97	14.32	-	501.84	500.85	519.68	538.43	-
Operative builders	. 153	14.10	14.18	14.94	15.47	- '	573.87	578.54	578.18	589.41	-
Nonresidential building construction	. 154	15.99	15.92	16.16	16.26	-	639.60	636.80	644.78	655.28	-
Heavy construction, except building	. 16	15.69	15.70	15.83	16.12	-	698.21	698.65	698.10	722.18	-
Highway and street construction	.∤161	16.05	15.99	16.18	16.40	-	744.72	740.34	745.90	770.80	-
Heavy construction, except highway	. 162	15.51	15.56	15.63	15.97		676.24	678.42	672.09	696.29	-
Special trade contractors	. 17	16.06	16.08	16.48	16.62	-	624.73	630.34	642.72	651.50	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	. 171	16.35	16.33	16.84	17.00	- 1	647.46	649.93	673.60	678.30	-
Painting and paper hanging	. 172	14.41	14.51	14.66	14.83 18.02	-	534.61	551.38 697.87	565.88 721.54	567,99 729,81	-
Electrical work	. 173	17.44 15.95	17.36 15.88	17.86 16.42	16.46	_	706.32 577.39	581.21	597.69	602.44	_
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work		15.83	16.00	16.30	16.33	_	571.46	574.40	588.43	592.78	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		13.68	13.69	14.25	14.36	-	489.74	499.69	511.58	519.83	-
Manufacturing		12.90	12.83	13.15	13.24	13.29	545.67	537.58	552.30	561.38	560.84
Durable goods		13.52	13.42	13.71	13.81	13.89	582.71	573.03	585.42	596.59	597.27
Lumber and wood products	. 24	10.57	10.56	10.80	10.87	10.86	439.71	437.18	446.04	452.19	449.60
Logging	. 241	11.94	11.91	12.35	12.40	-	502.67	501.41	513.76	514.60	-
Sawmills and planing mills	. 242	10.69	10.67	10.84	10.90	-	455.39	451.34	461.78	466.52	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	. 2421	11.08	11.07 9.08	11.28 9.07	11.33 9.13	_	475.33	471.58	486.17	490.59 372.50	_
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		9.13 10.65	10.63	10.91	11.02		381.63 447.30	375.91 442.21	370.96 452.77	460.64	_
Millwork		10.74	10.73	11.00	11.15	- :	452.15	446.37	448.80	464.96	_
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	10.14	10.23	10.57	10.65	- 1	411.68	412.27	432.31	431.33	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	. 2435	9.34	9.32	9.54	9.56	-	395.08	394.24	395.91	397.70	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	. 2436	13.06	12.94	13.26	13.24	-	586.39	569.36	580.79	587.86	-
Wood containers	. 244	8.14	8.09	8.36	8.44	-	319.90	317.94	329.38	335.07	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	. 245	10.69 10.87	10.87 11.08	10.95 11.13	10.99 11.17	-	420.12 426.10	431.54 442.09	429.24 437.41	438.50 447.92	_
Miscellaneous wood products	. 249	10.05	9.98	10.22	10.24		417.08	413.17	413.91	418.82	_
Furniture and fixtures	25	10.27	10.28	10.59	10.71	10.69	414.91	414.28	428.90	440.18	434.01
Household furniture	. 251	9.70	9.71	9,99	10.71	- 0.03	378.30	381.60	393.61	404.00	
Wood household furniture		9.28	9.25	9.54	9.68	-	363.78	366.30	383.51	391.07	_
Upholstered household furniture	. 2512	10.42	10.51	10.58	10.67	-	397.00	405.69	400.98	416.13	_
Metal household furniture		9.32	9.29	9.61	9.63	-	379.32	390.18	371.91	376.53	_
Mattresses and bedsprings		10.28	10.16	10.73	10.73		412.23	386.08	436.71	446.37	-
Office furniture		11.11	11.17	11.70	11.81	-	459.95	451.27	490.23	507.83	-
Public building and related furniture		10.86	10.96	11.31	11.60	_	462.64	459.22	476.15	473.28	_
Partitions and fixtures		11.19 10.26	11.22 10.35	11.38 10.55	11.45 10.62	_	486.77 421.69	477.97 416.07	485.93 426.22	498.08 436.48	_
THE STATE OF THE PRINCIPLE OF THE PRINCI	.]	'0.20	, 5,55	,5.55	10,02		721.03	7,0.07	720.22	700,40	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1 99 6	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct 1997
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	44.3	44.0	43.8	44.3	43.9	6.8	6.4	6.5	6.7	۱ ـ
Flat glass		47.5	47.4	46,8	45.3	_	10.2	8.7	8.1	7.9	i –
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		43.0	42.8	42.2	42.4	_	5.3	4.8	4.9	4.8	_ ا
Glass containers	3221	44.5	44.5	45.0	44.1	~	6.3	6.2	7.0	6.2	۱ –
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	42.0	41.6	40.4	41.4	_	4.6	3.8	3.6	4.0	-
Products of purchased glass		42.9	42.0	41.7	43.5	_	5.0	4.4	4.4	5.9	-
Cement, hydraulic		44.4	44.2	44.3	44.5		5.2	4.9	5.2	5.5	-
Structural day products		42.1	41.9	42.4	42.7	_	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.1	-
Pottery and related products	326	41.7	41.8	40,2	41.2	-	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.8	l –
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	46.5	46.1	46.0	46.3	-	9.1	8,6	8.6	8.7	~
Concrete block and brick	3271	47.6	47.3	47.7	47.9	- 1	8.9	8.9	10.0	9.3	i -
Concrete products, nec	3272	45.2	44.6	44.6	45.2	- :	7.5	6.9	7.2	7.4	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	46.8	46.6	46.3	46.5		10.0	9.6	9.2	9.4	l –
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	42.9	42.5	42.5	43.1	- 1	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.4	-
Abrasive products	3291	42.4	42.2	42.6	43.4	-	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.1	i -
Asbestos products	3292	46.0	45.8	45.6	48.0	-	5.4	5.3	7.8	8.3	~
Primary metal industries	122	44.8	44.4	44.7	45.3	45.1	7.0	6.5	6.9	7.2	l _
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	334	44.6	44.4	44.8	45.1	45.1	7.0	6.5	7.1	7.1	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		44.8	44.7	45.5	45.6	-5.1	7.2	6.8	7.6	7.6	
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	44.5	44.8	44.4	44.9	_	7.0	6.4	6.6	6.6	
Iron and steel foundries	332	46.2	45.2	45.5	46.4	_	7.1	6.3	6.8	7.5	
Gray and ductile iron foundries		47.4	46.1	46.1	46.8	_	B.2	7.2	7.8	8.3	_
Malleable iron foundries		46.8	46.2	54.9	53.2	_	7.2	6.5	9.8	8.8	-
Steel foundries, nec	3325	42.6	42.8	43.6	45.7	_	4.8	4.7	4.7	6.3	_ ا
Primary nonferrous metals	333	43.4	42.9	43.B	45.0	_	6.3	5.9	6.3	6.5	l _
Primary aluminum		42.9	42.4	43.9	45.0		6.5	6.2	6.3	6.5	١ ـ
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		45.5	44.8	45.1	45.6		7.9	7.5	7.9	8.1	۔ ا
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	46.6	45.8	43.2	43.6	_	8.7	8.3	7.1	7.6	۱ ـ
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		47.2	45.7	45.8	46.9	- :	9.0	8.0	9.6	9.7	۱ -
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	44.7	44.2	45.8	45.9	_	7.4	7.0	8.0	8.1	۱ _
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		43.5	43.2	43.3	44.4	_	5.7	5.3	5.2	5.8	ـ ا
Aluminum foundries		43.9	43.B	43.6	44.3	_ `	6.4	5.8	5.3	5.5	-
Cohrigated metal products	24	43.1	42.7	42.5	43.0	42.8	5.3	4.9	5.1	5.5	l
Fabricated metal products	244	43.5	42.7	44.2	43.8	42.0				6.9	-
Metal cans and shipping containers		43.5	42.1	44.2 44.5	43.8 44.3		7.4	6.2	7.2	7.0	-
Metal cans Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	43.7	42.8	42.3	43.1		7.3 4.8	6.1 4.3	7.2 4.6	5.1	-
	3423.5	42.7	43.1	42.3	43.0	_ :	4.3	4.3	4.9	5.2	
	3429	43.1	42.1	42.3	43.3		5.0	4.1	4.5	5.2	1 -
Plumbing and heating, except electric		42.3	42.7	41.1	41.9	_	4.B	4.8	4.3	4.6	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	41.6	42.7	40.5	41.6	_	4.1	4.1	3.2	3.8	
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	43.1	43.6	41.9	42.7		5.2	5.8	4.8	4.9	} _
Fabricated structural metal products	344	42.7	42.5	42.5	42.8	_	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.3	١ ـ
Fabricated structural metal		43.5	43.7	42.5	43.1	_	6.2	6.3	5.6	6.1	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	42.2	41.9	41.6	42.1	_	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.3	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	43.4	42.8	43.4	43.6	_	5.5	5.0	5.6	5.7	١.
Sheet metal work	3444	42.0	41.9	42.0	41.9	_	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.6	١ _
Architectural metal work		41.7	41.3	42.2	42.5	_	4.0	3.7	4.9	4.7	l _
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		43.6	43.7	43.9	43.9	_	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.2	1 _
Solett macrime products, cons, etc		42.6	42.9	42.5	42.8	_	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.5	
Screw machine products		44.7	44.7	45.6	45.3	_	6.8	6.5	7.1	7.0	
Screw machine products	3452		, TT.,	43.1	44.0	_	6.5	5.5	5.6	6.2]
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452 346		438		, TT.U					7.0	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	346	44.5	43.8 44.1				. 67				
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	346 3462	44.5 44.4	44.1	43.9	45.3	_	6.0 7.5	5.7 5.0	6.4 6.0		
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings	346 3462 3465	44.5 44.4 45.8	44.1 44.4	43.9 43.8	45.3 44.6	-	7.5	5.9	6.0	6.5	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec	346 3462 3465 3469	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5	44.1 44.4 42.5	43.9 43.8 41.4	45.3 44.6 42.5	-	7.5 4.8	5.9 4.6	6.0 4.4	6.5 5.0	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec	3462 3465 3469 347	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9	1 1	7.5 4.8 5.0	5.9 4.6 4.9	6.0 4.4 4.9	6.5 5.0 5.5	- - -
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec Plating and polishing	346 3462 3465 3469 347 3471	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4 41.8	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3 41.9	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4 40.4	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9 40.9	1 1 1	7.5 4.8 5.0 4.6	5.9 4.6 4.9 4.5	6.0 4.4 4.9 4.5	6.5 5.0 5.5 4.9	- - -
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services	346 3462 3465 3469 347 3471 3479	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4 41.8 43.3	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3 41.9 42.9	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4 40.4 43.0	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9 40.9 43.5	1 1	7.5 4.8 5.0 4.6 5.6	5.9 4.6 4.9 4.5 5.5	6.0 4.4 4.9 4.5 5.7	6.5 5.0 5.5 4.9 6.4	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services Ordnance and accessories, nec	346 3462 3465 3469 347 3471 3479 348	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4 41.8 43.3 41.9	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3 41.9 42.9 41.8	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4 40.4 43.0 40.3	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9 40.9 43.5 40.1	11111	7.5 4.8 5.0 4.6 5.6 3.6	5.9 4.6 4.9 4.5 5.5 3.3	6.0 4.4 4.9 4.5 5.7 3.7	6.5 5.0 5.5 4.9 6.4 3.6	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services Ordnance and accessories, nec Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	346 3462 3465 3469 347 3471 3479 348 3483	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4 41.8 43.3 41.9 42.1	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3 41.9 42.9 41.8 43.6	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4 40.4 43.0 40.3 41.1	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9 40.9 43.5 40.1 40.7	1 1 1 1 1 1	7.5 4.8 5.0 4.6 5.6 3.6 3.4	5.9 4.6 4.9 4.5 5.5 3.3 3.4	6.0 4.4 4.9 4.5 5.7 3.7 3.4	6.5 5.0 5.5 4.9 6.4 3.6 3.6	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services Ordnance and accessories, nec	346 3462 3465 3469 347 3471 3479 348 3483	44.5 44.4 45.8 42.5 42.4 41.8 43.3 41.9	44.1 44.4 42.5 42.3 41.9 42.9 41.8	43.9 43.8 41.4 41.4 40.4 43.0 40.3	45.3 44.6 42.5 41.9 40.9 43.5 40.1	11111	7.5 4.8 5.0 4.6 5.6 3.6	5.9 4.6 4.9 4.5 5.5 3.3	6.0 4.4 4.9 4.5 5.7 3.7	6.5 5.0 5.5 4.9 6.4 3.6	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	L	Averag	e hourly e	amings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	\$12.99	\$12.91	\$13.21	\$13.28	\$13.31	\$575.46	\$568.04	\$578.60	\$588.30	\$584.3
Flat glass	321	19.50	18.62	19.03	18.86	-	926.25	882.59	890.60	854.36	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	14.65	14.58	15.06	15.21	-	629.95	624.02	635.53	644.90	-
Glass containers	3221	15.34	15.36	15.75	15.81	-	682.63	683.52	708.75	697.22	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	14.15	14.02	14.59	14.81	-	594.30	583.23	589.44	613.13	! -
Products of purchased glass	323	11.47	11.53	11.77	11.78	-	492.06	484.26	490.81	512.43	-
Cement, hydraulic	324	17.01	17.06	17.32	17.57	-	755.24	754.05	767.28	781.87	-
Structural clay products		11.43	11.39	11.52	11.48	-	481.20	477.24	488.45	490.20	-
Pottery and related products	326	11.14	11.03	11.55	11.62	- 1	464.54	461.05	464.31	478.74	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	12.52	12.46	12.72	12.83	-	582.18	574.41	585.12	594.03	I -
Concrete block and brick	3271	11.90	11.98	12.44	12.42	-	566.44	566.65	593.39	594.92	-
Concrete products, nec	3272	11.09	11.00	11.30	11.40	-	501.27	490.60	503.98	515.28	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	13.34	13.26	13.48	13.63	-	624.31	617.92	624.12	633.80	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	13.39	13.36	13.54	13.55	-	574.43	567.80	575.45	584.01	i –
Abrasive products	3291	11.51	11.41	11.75	11.81	-	488.02	481.50	500.55	512.55	- 1
Asbestos products	3292	15.75	15.62	15.75	15.40	-	724.50	715.40	718.20	739.20	_
Primary metal industries	33	15.18	15.09	15.17	15.26	15.33	680.06	670.00	678.10	691.28	691
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	18.10	17.94	17.97	18.28	18.34	807.26	796.54	805.06	824.43	827
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	19.76	19.62	19.60	19.98	-	885.25	877.01	891.80	911.09	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	13.95	13.87	13.81	14.16	-	620.78	621.38	613.16	635.78	~
iron and steel foundries	332	13.78	13.61	13.81	13.87		636.64	615.17	628.36	643.57	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	14.65	14.43	14.71	14.80	-	694.41	665.22	678.13	692.64	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	16.76	16.54	15.07	14.82	-	784.37	764.15	827.34	788.42	~
Steel foundries, nec	3325	12.50	12.45	12.62	12.73	-	532.50	532.86	550.23	581.76	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	16.60	16.57	16.71	16.61	-	720.44	710.85	731.90	747.45	i -
Primary aluminum	3334	16.98	16.93	16.70	16.54	-	728.44	717.83	733.13	744.30	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	14.23	14.25	14.41	14.34	-	647.47	638.40	649.89	653.90	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	14.28	14.27	14.52	14.61	-	665.45	653.57	627.26	637.00	- 1
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	16.16	16.42	16.70	16.64	-	762.75	750.39	764.86	780.42	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	14.45	14.39	14.43	14.35	-	645.92	636.04	660.89	658.67	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)	336 3365	11.98 11.53	11.97 11.32	11.85 11.49	11.91 11.64	-	521.13 506.17	517.10 495.82	513.11 500.96	528.80 515.65]
Aluminum foundries		11.55	11.52	11.45	11.04	_	300.17	493.02			_
Fabricated metal products	34	12.67	12.55	12.79	12.86	12.88	546.08	535.89	543.58	552.98	551
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	16.29	15.81	16.58	16.43	-	708.62	665.60	732.84	719.63	-
Metal cans	3411	17.25	16.71	17.65	17.47	-	753.83	708.50	785.43	773.92	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	12.66	12.62	12.36	12.34	-	545.65	540.14	522.83	531.85	ł –
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		11.62	11.73	12.02	12.06	~	496.17	505.56	508.45	518.58	i -
Hardware, nec		12.81	12.61	12.47	12.45	-	552.11	530.88	527.48	539.09	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		11.47	11.44	11.79	11.78	-	485.18	488.49	484.57	493.58	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	11.27	11.09	11.41	11.45	-	468.83	473.54	462.11	476,32	-
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	11.55	11.69	12.07	11.93	- 1	497.81	509.68	505.73	509.41	-
Fabricated structural metal products		11.84	11.82	12.11	12.21	-	505.57	502.35	514.68	522.59	-
Fabricated structural metal		11.96	11.91	12.20	12.25	_	520.26	520.47	518.50	527.98	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim		9.99	10.04	10.38	10.41	- !	421.58	420.68	431.81	438.26	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		13.17	13.10	13.45	13.58	-	571.58	560.68	583.73	592.09	-
Sheet metal work		12.09	12.09	12.35	12.51	-	507.78	506.57	518.70	524.17	-
Architectural metal work		11.13	11.08	11.52	11.64	-	464.12	457.60	486.14	494.70	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	12.60	12.60	12.86	13.02	-	549.36	550.62	564.55	571.58	-
Screw machine products		11.91	11.97	12.24	12.34	-	507.37	513.51	520.20	528.15	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		13.37	13.30	13.53	13.76		597.64	594.51	616.97	623.33	-
Metal forgings and stampings	346	15.10	14.70	14.99	15.02	-	671.95	643.86	646.07	660.88	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	14.13	14.05	14.34	14.43	~	627.37	619.61	629.53	653.68	-
Automotive stampings	3405	17.49	16.81	17.26	17.25	-	801.04	746.36	755.99	769.35	-
Metal stampings, nec		11.96	11.94	12.24	12.32	-	508.30	507.45	506.74	523.60	
Metal services, nec		10.52	10.54	10.80	10.94		446.05	445.84	447.12	458.39	-
Plating and polishing	3471	10.38	10.37	10.62	10.77	-	433.88	434.50	429.05	440.49	-
Metal coating and allied services		10.72	10.81	11.09	11.21	- 1	464.18	463.75	476.87	487.64	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		14.62	14.46	15.32	15.17	-	612.58	604.43	617.40	608.32	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		15.69	15.54	16.08	15.83	-	660.55	677.54	660,89	644.28	-
	12140	11.98	11.96	12.22	12.31	-	509.15	503.52	518.13	528.10	-
Misc. fabricated metal products											ĺ
Misc. fabricated metal products	3494	12.24 10.56	12.20 10.47	12.46 10.88	12.42 10.87	-	520.20 437.18	516.06 432.41	528.30 441.73	532.82 445.67	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct 1997
Ourable goods—Continued										!	
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	43.3	42.9	43.1	43.8	43.4	5.1	4.8	5.4	5.8	١ _
Engines and turbines		43.6	44.0	43.4	45.2		5.4	5.3	5.7	6.9	_
Turbines and turbine generator sets		43.2	42.3	41.7	42.9	_	5.8	5.1	4.3	5.4	_
Internal combustion engines, nec		43.7	44.6	44.0	46.0	_	5.2	5.4	6.2	7.4	l _
Farm and garden machinery		42.5	42.3	42.1	42.5	_	4.5	4.4	5.0	4.8	l _
Farm machinery and equipment		43.1	42.7	42.7	43.3	-	5.2	5.0	5.8	5.5	- 1
Construction and related machinery		44.1	43.4	44.4	45.1	-	5.6	5.2	6.1	6.3	! -
Construction machinery		43.2	42.2	42.9	44.4	-	4.8	4.4	5.2	5.4	-
Mining machinery	3532	42.0	43.1	42.3	42.2	- 1	4.2	4.7	4.6	5.0	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	49.9	48.4	50.1	50.2	-	10.2	9.2	9.7	10.0	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		42.4	42.3	42.5	42.9	-	4.6	4.7	5.3	5.3	1 -
Industrial trucks and tractors		41.1	40.7	41.6	42.4	- 1	3.6	3.1	4.3	4.8	-
Metalworking machinery		43.7	43.7	43.5	44.2	- 1	6.0	5.9	6.1	6.6	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		44.7	44.4	44.2	44.4	- 1	6.2	5.8	6.1	6.5	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		43.3	43.4	44.5	45.8	- 1	5.8	5.5	5.8	6.6	} -
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	44.2	44.0	43.7	44.2	-	6.7	6.7	6.6	7.1	1 -
Machine tool accessories		43.0	43.0	42.7	43.0	-	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.0	1 -
Power driven handtools		40.6	40.6	41.7	42.5	-	3.8	3.6	3.9	4.6	-
Special industry machinery		42.5	42.7	42.9	43.4	-	4.7	4.6	5.2	5.8] -
Textile machinery		42.5	42.4	41.8	41.6	-	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2	-
Printing trades machinery		40.3	41.0	41.6	42.5	-	4.1	3.6	4.9	5.3	-
Food products machinery		43.0	42.9	42.3	42.6	-	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.2	1 .
General industrial machinery		43.3	42.6	42.9	43.6	-	5.0	4.7	5.0	5.5	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	42.9	42.1	42.4	41.8	-	5.1	4.7	4.9	4.6	l -
Ball and roller bearings	3562	45.0	43.4	44.1	44.9	-	6.6	5.7	6.3	6.6	١ ٠
Air and gas compressors		43.2	43.4	42.4	43.8	-	5.2	5.4	4.7	5.3	-
Blowers and fans	3564	44.2	43.2	43.6	43.7	-	4.7	3.9	4.6	4.7	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		41.4	42.1	44.4	45,1	-	4.5	4.8	6.1	6.6	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		42.6 42.4	41.3 41.5	41.4 41.3	42.6 41.9	-	4.8 3.1	4.4 2.7	4.4 3.8	5.7	-
Computer and office equipment	3571	43.8	42.2	41.3	41.9	~	2.5	1.7	3.6	3.8 3.3]
Computer terminals, calculators, and	337	40.0	42.2	41.0	41.5	_	2.5	1.7	3.0	3.3	1 -
office machines, nec	3575 8 0	41.5	40.5	41.6	41.9	_	4.6	3.8	4.6	4.9] _
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	44.1	43.0	43.7	43.8		5.3	4.3	5.3	5.3	l _
Refrigeration and heating equipment		44.9	43.4	43.9	44.4		5.7	4.4	5.8	5.7	Ι.
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		43.0	42.8	43.1	43.8	_	5.4	5.2	5.9	6.2	l _
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	44.1	42.3	40.1	41.1	_	6.0	4.9	4.4	4.9	١.
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	1 1	42.8	42.7	43.1	43.9	-	5.4	5.2	5.9	6.3	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment		42.0	41.7	41.7	42.2	42.2	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.6	-
Electric distribution equipment		41.6	41.4	41.0	42.5	-	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.6	-
Transformers, except electronic	3612	41.0	41.3	42.0	43.1	-	3.7	3.5	4.4	4.6	1 -
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		42.2	41.6	40.1	41.9	-	5.0	4.9	3.9	4.6	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.3	41.3	41.3	41.7	-	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.8	-
Motors and generators	3621	41.9	41.4	41.4	41.5	-	3.9	3.4	3.6	3.6] -
Relays and industrial controls	3625	40.0	40.5	40.6	41.2		3.8	3.5	3.2	3.6	1 -
Household appliances	3632	42.8 40.1	41.7 40.0	38.8 38.7	41.1 40.7		3.6 1.6	2.9 0.9	2.7 2.2	3.0 3.1	-
Household refrigerators and freezers	1	46.0	44.0	34.1	40.7	_		3.0	1.2	2.3]
Household laundry equipment Electric housewares and fans		43.0	42.7	41.2	41.3		4.1 4.7	4.6	3.4	3.7	1 -
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	42.4	42.6	41.9	42.0		4.7	4.5	4.5	4.9	1 -
Electric lamps		43.9	44.4	42.4	42.1	_	4.6	4.9	4.9	5.3	~
Current-carrying wiring devices		41.9	41.6	41.1	41.7		4.2	4.0	4.4	4.9	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		42.7	42.0	42.2	42.2	_	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.9	
Residential lighting fixtures		40.6	41.6	39.5	39.6	_	3.9	4.4	2.9	3.3	
Household audio and video equipment		41.3	41.0	42.0	41.7	_	5.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	
Household audio and video equipment		41.1	40.8	41.2	40.8	_	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.4]
Communications equipment		42.9	42.6	42.0	43.3	_	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.6	Ι.
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		44.2	43.7	43.6	45.6	_	4.5	4.3	4.6	5.4	۱.
Electronic components and accessories		41.4	40.9	42.0	42.1	_	4.5	4.1	4.5	4.7	١.
Electron tubes		39.4	40.1	39.5	39.8	_	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.4	1 .
Semiconductors and related devices		41.3	40.2	43.4	43.8	_	4.9	4.4	5.3	5.2	١.
		41.3	41.2	41.2	40.3	_	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.9	Ι.
Electronic components, nec										1	
Electronic components, nec		43.3	43.0	43.0	43.1	-	5.4	5.1	4.8	5.3	٠ -
	369		43.0 44.0	43.0 43.0	43.1 43.7	_	5.4 5.6	5.1 6.1	4.8 4.7	5.3 5.8	:

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Durable goods	0ct. Aug. 1997 87.73 \$604.2 23.80 720.8 86.28 811.0 95.76 688.6 86.28 583.0 28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 637.15 645.3 60.98 674.1 651.69 558.6 659.41 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6 674.1 662.6	7 760.26 77 840.41 732.32 99 595.00 635.64 66 608.85 4 613.16 23 661.13 0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 698.36 698.36 12 646.23 12 646.23 12 646.23 13 608.19 14 658.23	\$615.4
Industrial machinery and equipment 35 \$13.77 \$13.70 \$14.02 \$14.18 \$596.24 \$500.00 \$1	23.80 720.8 98.62 811.0 98.62 881.6 686.68 583.0 28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 669.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 001.22 631.9 01.22 631.9 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	7 760.26 77 840.41 732.32 99 595.00 635.64 66 608.85 4 613.16 23 661.13 0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 698.36 698.36 12 646.23 12 646.23 12 646.23 13 608.19 14 658.23	
Industrial machinery and equipment 35 \$13.77 \$13.70 \$14.02 \$14.18 \$596.24 \$73.29 \$77.	23.80 720.8 98.62 811.0 98.62 881.6 686.68 583.0 28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 669.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 001.22 631.9 01.22 631.9 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	7 760.26 77 840.41 732.32 99 595.00 635.64 66 608.85 4 613.16 23 661.13 0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 698.36 698.36 12 646.23 12 646.23 12 646.23 13 608.19 14 658.23	
Turbines and turbine generator sets 3511 18.94 18.88 19.45 19.59 - 818.21 75 Internal combustion engines, nec 3519 16.03 15.60 15.65 15.92 - 700.51 65 Farm and garden machinery 352 13.95 13.86 13.95 14.00 - 592.88 55 Farm machinery and equipment 3523 14.78 14.71 14.65 14.68 - 637.02 65 Construction and related machinery 353 13.23 13.12 13.49 13.50 - 583.44 55 Construction machinery 3531 13.60 13.36 13.84 13.81 - 587.52 56 Mining machinery 3532 14.28 14.28 14.71 14.64 - 599.76 61 Oil and gas field machinery 3533 12.93 12.88 13.19 13.17 - 645.21 65 Conveyors and conveying equipment 3535 13.22 13.17 13.68 13.69 - 560.53 55 Industrial trucks and tractors 3537 12.23 12.21 12.30 12.48 - 502.65 45 Metalworking machinery 354 44.58 44.58 44.83 15.00 - 637.15 65 Machine tools, metal forming types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 - 645.47 65 Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 - 655.65 65 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 - 551.69 59 59 50 50 50 50 50 5	98.62 811.0 95.76 688.6 682.8 583.0 28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 66.98 674.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 93.234 651.3 615.24 665.3	77 840.41 732.32 595.00 96 635.64 96 608.85 94 613.16 93 661.13 90 587.30 91 663.00 92 652.24 93 698.36 94 646.23 95 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 677.88 96 608.19 96 608.19 96 68.23	
Internal combustion engines, nec	95.76 688.6 86.28 583.0 86.28 583.0 695.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 69.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.9 64.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 32.34 651.3 31.107 615.2	732.32 9 595.00 6 635.64 6 608.85 4 613.16 3 617.81 2 661.13 0 587.30 529.15 1 663.00 2 663.00 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 525.55 7 524.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 646.23 13 608.19 14 658.23	
Farm and garden machinery	86.28 583.0 28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 60.98 674.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 588.5 588.5 588.5 588.5 15.41 662.6	9 595.00 66 635.64 608.85 64 613.16 63 617.81 2 661.13 0 587.30 2 663.00 1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 7 524.45 7 524.45 7 524.45 7 646.23 8 677.88 8 625.79 601.24 8 698.36 625.93 668.19 668.19 668.23	
Farm machinery and equipment	28.12 625.5 69.41 598.9 69.41 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 669.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 001.22 631.9 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	66 635.64 66 608.85 43 613.16 22 661.13 00 587.30 88 529.15 1 663.00 22 652.24 8697.08 00 698.36 522 565.45 7524.45 7524.45 77.88 9677.88 9677.88 9677.88 9677.88 9677.88 9677.88	
Construction and related machinery 353 13.23 13.12 13.49 13.50 - 583.44 56 Construction machinery 3531 13.60 13.36 13.36 13.81 13.81 - 587.52 56 Mirring machinery 3532 14.28 14.28 14.28 14.71 14.64 - 599.76 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	69.41 598.9 63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 669.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 694.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.3 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	6 608.85 4 613.16 3 617.81 2 661.13 0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.04 2 697.08 0 698.36 52 565.45 7 524.45 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	
Construction machinery 3531 13.60 13.36 13.84 13.81 - 587.52 58 Mining machinery 3532 14.28 14.28 14.27 14.64 - 599.76 56 101 and gas field machinery 3533 12.93 12.88 13.19 13.17 - 645.21 66 Conveyors and conveying equipment 3535 13.22 13.17 13.68 13.69 - 560.53 56 Industrial trucks and tractors 3537 12.23 12.21 12.30 12.48 - 502.65 48 Machine tools, metal cutting types 354 14.58 14.58 14.83 15.00 - 637.15 66 Machine tools, metal cutting types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 - 645.47 66 Machine tools, metal forming types 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 - 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 - 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.88 13.15 - 551.69 56 Machine tool accessories 3546 12.83 12.83 13.88 13.15 - 551.69 56 Machine tool accessories 3546 12.83 12.83 13.86 13.15 - 551.69 56 Machine tool accessories 3555 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 - 601.38 60 Machine tool accessories 3555 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 - 601.38 60 Machine tool accessories 3556 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 - 521.48 56 Minimal for machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 - 624.65 61 Minimal for machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 - 589.96 55 61 Minimal for machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 - 583.68 56 Minimal for machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 - 583.68 56 Minimal for machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 - 583.68 56 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery 356 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 63 Minimal for machinery	63.79 593.7 15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 92.86 631.9 92.87 631.9 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 11.07 615.2	4 613.16 617.81 661.7.81 661.7.81 661.7.80 681.7.80 682.9.15 1 663.00 652.24 697.08 0 698.36 12 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 12 640.38 13 625.79 14 608.19 16 608.19 16 608.19 16 658.23	
Mining machinery	15.47 622.2 23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 66.98 674.1 551.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3	3 617.81 2 661.13 0 587.30 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 2 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 68.23	
Oil and gas field machinery 3533 12.93 12.88 13.19 13.17 - 645.21 625.33 55 Conveyors and conveying equipment 3535 13.22 13.17 13.68 13.69 - 560.53 55 Industrial trucks and tractors 3537 12.23 12.21 12.30 12.48 - 502.65 54 Metalworking machinery 354 14.58 14.58 14.83 15.00 - 637.15 63 Machine tools, metal forming types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 - 645.47 63 Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 - 655.56 66 Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 - 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 - 551.69 551.69 15.22	23.39 660.8 57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 96.95 645.1 37.58 645.3 60.98 674.1 69.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	2 661.13 0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 12 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 19 677.88 10 625.79 10 601.24 10 608.19 10 658.23	
Conveyors and conveying equipment 3535 13.22 13.17 13.68 13.69 - 560.53 55 Industrial trucks and tractors 3537 12.23 12.21 12.30 12.48 - 502.65 45 Metalworking machinery 354 14.58 14.58 14.83 15.00 - 637.15 63 Machine tools, metal cutting types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 - 645.47 65 Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 - 655.56 65 Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 - 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 - 551.69 55 Power driven handtools 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 - 492.88 45 Special industry machinery 3555 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 - 601.38 45 Special industry machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 - 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 - 684.65 61 Food products machinery 3566 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 - 583.68 57 Seneral industrial machinery 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 - 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 - 655.65 65 Biowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.52 11.53 - 608.99 60 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.52 11.53 - 608.99 60 Speed changers, drives, and gears 3366 14.71 14.44 14.69 - 608.99 60 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.24 - 595.72 57 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 55 55 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Refrigeration and heating equipment 358 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3590 13.03 13.00 13.01 13.03 - 557.68 55 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery 3590 13.03 13.00 13.01 13.05 - 557.68 55	57.09 581.4 96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.15 645.3 60.98 674.1 69.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 92.82 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.3 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	0 587.30 8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 12 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 19 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	
Industrial trucks and tractors	96.95 511.6 37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 57.58 645.3 57.58 674.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 92.32 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 94.17 615.2 32.34 651.3	8 529.15 1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 2 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 68.23	
Metalworking machinery 354 14.58 14.58 14.83 15.00 — 637.15 63 Machine tools, metal cutting types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 — 645.47 63 Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 — 655.56 655.56 Special dides, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 — 670.51 665.56 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 551.69 55 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 670.51 60 Machine tool accessories 3555 15.50 15.01 12.34 12.79 292.88 4 Special industrial machinery 3556 14.21 14.27 </td <td>37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 669.24 679.1 551.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 588.5 588.5 15.34 651.3 32.34 651.3</td> <td>1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 0 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23</td> <td>-</td>	37.15 645.1 37.58 645.3 37.58 645.3 669.24 679.1 551.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 588.5 588.5 15.34 651.3 32.34 651.3	1 663.00 2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 0 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types 3541 14.44 14.36 14.60 14.69 — 645.47 63 Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 — 655.56 66 Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 — 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 551.69 55 Power driven handtools 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 492.88 48 Special industry machinery 355 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 <th< td=""><td>37.58 645.3 60.98 674.1 69.24 679.1 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 74.25 588.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2</td><td>2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 58.23</td><td></td></th<>	37.58 645.3 60.98 674.1 69.24 679.1 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 74.25 588.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	2 652.24 8 697.08 0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 58.23	
Machine tools, metal forming types 3542 15.14 15.23 15.15 15.22 — 655.56 66 Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 — 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 551.69 55 Power driven handtools 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 492.88 45 Special industry machinery 355 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 60 Textile machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 — 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 356 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48	60.98 674.1 69.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.3 11.07 615.2	8 697.08 0 698.36 12 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 19 677.88 3 625.79 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures 3544 15.17 15.21 15.54 15.80 — 670.51 66 Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 551.69 55 Special industry machinery 3556 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 492.88 49 Special industry machinery 355 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 60 Textile machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 — 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 3566 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58 General industrial machinery 356 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58 Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47	69.24 679.1 51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	0 698.36 2 565.45 7 524.45 2 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	-
Machine tool accessories 3545 12.83 12.83 13.08 13.15 — 551.69 55 Power driven handtools 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 492.88 45 Special industry machinery 3555 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 60 Textile machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 — 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 59 General industrial machinery 3561 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 583.68 57 Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 <td>51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 588.5 10.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2</td> <td>2 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 9 677.88 9 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23</td> <td>-</td>	51.69 558.5 92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 588.5 10.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	2 565.45 7 524.45 12 646.23 12 540.38 9 677.88 9 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	-
Power driven handtools 3546 12.14 12.14 12.10 12.34 — 492.88 45 Special industry machinery 355 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 60 Textile machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 521.48 55 Food products machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 583.68 57 Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.57 14.57 14.57 14.55 — 609.18 60 Bilowers and fans 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.2	92.88 504.5 01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	7 524.45 2 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	- - -
Special industry machinery 355 14.15 14.08 14.73 14.89 — 601.38 60 Textile machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 — 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 3566 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 55 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 589.96 55 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 589.96 55 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 589.96 55 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.77 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3561 14.20 14.	01.22 631.9 23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	2 646.23 2 540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	- - -
Textile machinery 3552 12.27 12.34 12.79 12.99 — 521.48 52 Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58 General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 583.68 57 Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 — 655.65 63 Air and gas compressors 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.53 — 496.37 48 Speed changers, drives, and gears 3568 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29	23.22 534.6 15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	540.38 9 677.88 3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	- - -
Printing trades machinery 3555 15.50 15.01 15.93 15.95 — 624.65 61 Food products machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 — 589.96 58	15.41 662.6 94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	9 677.88 3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	- - -
Food products machinery 3556 13.72 13.85 14.58 14.69 - 589.96 590	94.17 616.7 74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	3 625.79 9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	- -
General industrial machinery 356 13.48 13.72 13.79 — 583.68 57 Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 — 655.65 63 Air and gas compressors 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.52 11.53 — 496.37 48 Speed changers, drives, and gears 3566 14.71 14.44 14.64 14.69 — 608.99 60 Power transmission equipment, nec 3568 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29 — 555.50 54 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 — 595.72 57 Electronic computers 357 15.52 15.30 15.64	74.25 588.5 00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	9 601.24 3 608.19 6 658.23	-
Pumps and pumping equipment 3561 14.20 14.27 14.47 14.55 — 609.18 60 Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 — 655.65 63 Air and gas compressors 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.52 11.53 — 496.37 48 Speed changers, drives, and gears 3566 14.71 14.44 14.64 14.69 — 608.99 60 Power transmission equipment, nec 3568 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29 — 555.50 54 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 — 595.72 57 Electronic computers 3571 15.52 15.30 15.64 15.89 — 679.78 64 Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575.8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 — 558.59 54 <	00.77 613.5 32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	3 608.19 6 658.23	l
Ball and roller bearings 3562 14.57 14.57 14.77 14.66 — 655.65 65 Air and gas compressors 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 810wers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.53 — 496.37 48 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	32.34 651.3 11.07 615.2	6 658.23	. –
Air and gas compressors 3563 14.15 14.08 14.51 14.59 — 611.28 61 Blowers and fans 3564 11.23 11.20 11.52 11.53 — 496.37 48 Speed changers, drives, and gears 3568 14.71 14.44 14.64 14.69 — 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 608.99 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29 — 555.50 54 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 — 595.72 57 Electronic computers 3571 15.52 15.30 15.64 15.89 — 679.78 64 Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575.8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 — 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 — 552.57 53 Refrigeration and h	11.07 615.2		l
Blowers and fans			_
Speed changers, drives, and gears 3566 14.71 14.44 14.64 14.69 - 608.99 60 Power transmission equipment, nec 3568 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29 - 555.50 54 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 - 595.72 57 Electronic computers 3571 15.52 15.30 15.64 15.89 - 679.78 64 Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575.8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 - 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 -			-
Power transmission equipment, nec 3568 13.04 13.10 13.02 13.29 – 555.50 54 Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 – 595.72 57 Electronic computers 3571 15.52 15.30 15.64 15.89 – 679.78 64 Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575.8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 – 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 – 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 – 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 – 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 – 625.34 58 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53	1		_
Computer and office equipment 357 14.05 13.94 14.23 14.42 - 595.72 57 Electronic computers 3571 15.52 15.30 15.64 15.89 - 679.78 64 Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575.8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 - 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 - 625.34 58 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55	07.92 650.0		-
Electronic computers	41.03 539.0		-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec 3575,8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 - 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 - 625.34 58 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55	78.51 587.7		-
office machines, nec 3575,8,9 13.46 13.47 13.27 13.38 - 558.59 54 Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 359 13.27 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 - 625.34 58 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55	45.66 645.9	3 665.79	-
Refrigeration and service machinery 358 12.53 12.38 12.77 12.92 - 552.57 53 Refrigeration and heating equipment 3585 12.77 12.62 13.12 13.32 - 573.37 54 Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 - 625.34 58 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55			1
Refrigeration and heating equipment	45.54 552.0		-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery 359 13.27 13.24 13.61 13.74 - 570.61 56 Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves 3592 14.18 14.04 14.22 14.42 - 625.34 55 Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55	32.34 558.0		-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	47.71 575.9		-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec 3596,9 13.03 13.02 13.41 13.53 - 557.68 55	56.67 586.5		[-
	93.89 570.2		-
Flectronic and other electrical equipment	55.95 577.9	7 593.97	-
	14.16 531.6		544.
	02.18 522.7		-
110010000000000000000000000000000000000	63.80 501.9		-
	43.30 541.3		-
Electrical industrial apparatus	83.62 499.3		-
	54.99 465.7		-
	25.29 552.1		-
	07.07 468.7		-
	53.60 507.7		-
	15.56 472.2		-
	20.60 438.3		-
	28.24 530.4		-
	63.34 671.6		-
	18.34 531.4		-
	76.70 476.4		- 1
	66.50 358.2		-
	21.48 482.1		i -
	24.73 445.7		-
	69.14 585.4		-
	39.77 664.03		_
	96.12 529.6		-
	47.37 595.2	7 600.98	-
	31.94 699.1	7 725.33	-
Electronic components, nec	16.12 429.3		_
	10.12 723.0		-
	81.36 586.9		_
Engine electrical equipment 3694 14.00 13.72 13.75 13.83 - 617.40 59		0 602.99	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	. 37	45.1	44.2	44.3	44.4	44.5	6.9	6.0	6.2	6.5	l _
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	46.2	45.0	44.7	44.8	45.1	7.6	6.4	6.4	6.8	- 1
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	46.8	45.9	45.1	45.0		7.8	6.8	6.4	6.6	_
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	43.0	42.8	43.5	43.2	-	5.6	4.6	5.2	6.3	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	. 3714	46.7	45.0	44.9	45.1	-	8.1	6.7	6.8	7.3	-
Truck trailers	. 3715	40.8	39.7	43.1	43.0	-	3.0	2.8	3.8	4.1	-
Aircraft and parts	. 372	44.2	43.9	44.4	45.1	-	7.3	6.1	7.0	7.4	-
Aircraft		43.6	43.2	44.4	44.6	-	8.1	5.4	7.1	7.4	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		45.0	44.7	44.2	45.4	-	7.0	7.1	6.3	7.2	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	. 3728	44.5	44.3	44.7	45.5	-	6.5	6.4	7.3	7.4	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	. [373	42.4	42.5	42.3	42.2	-	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	-
Ship building and repairing	. 3731	43.9	44.1	44.4	43.9	-	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	-
Boat building and repairing	. 3732	40.1	40.0	39.5	39.8	ا -	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.0	-
Railroad equipment	. 374	45.7	45.2	45.5	45.2	-	6.3	5.8	5.2	5.2	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		43.7	43.5	43.3	43.5	-	3.9	4.0	4.8	4.8	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	. 3761	44.7	44.2	43.5	43.7	-	4.1	4.1	5.0	4.7	-
Misc. transportation equipment	. 379	38.5	38.3	40.1	40.3	-	2.7	2.7	3.7	3.5	-
Travel trailers and campers		38.0	37.8	38.5	38.5	-	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.3	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	42.0	41.7	42.1	42.1	42.0	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.2	-
Search and navigation equipment	.]381	43.6	43.3	43.2	43.5	-	4.1	3.7	3.8	4.1	-
Measuring and controlling devices	. 382	42.1	41.7	41.6	41.8	-	3.6	3.3	3.4	3.6	-
Environmental controls	. 3822	41.8	41.3	40.8	41.1	-	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.4	۱ -
Process control instruments	. 3823	42.7	42.3	42.2	42.5	-	4.1	3.6	3.3	3.5	_
Instruments to measure electricity		41.1	40.8	41.3	41.5	-	2.4	2.5	2.9	3.1	-
Medical instruments and supplies		41.3	41.1	42.1	42.0	-	3.5	3.2	3.8	4.0	-
Surgical and medical instrument	. 3841	41.0	40.9	42.9	41.9	_	3.7	3.1	4.2	3.9	l –
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	41.1	40.9	41.3	41.6	_	3.5	3.4	3.8	4.0	l –
Ophthalmic goods		40.0	39.8	41.1	39.9	-	2.4	2.1	3.2	2.6	l
Photographic equipment and supplies		43.6	43.2	43.1	43.9	-	9.3	8.6	7.5	8.2	\ -
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		42.0	41.7	41.1	41.7	-	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.5	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.8	40.9	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.7	_
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	. 391	40.1	40.4	40.0	40.9	-	3.4	3.8	2.3	3.2	-
Jewelry, precious metal	. 3911	39.5	40.0	39.6	40.7	-	3.2	4.0	2.0	3.1	- 1
Musical instruments	. 393	40.0	39.9	40.8	40.8	-	3.1	2.6	2.9	3.1	
Toys and sporting goods		40.3	39.8	39.9	40.6	-	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.1	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	. 3942,4	38.7	38.5	39.8	40.8	-	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.1	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	. 3949	41.1	40.5	40.0	40.5	-	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	. 395	40.8	40.1	39.8	40.1	-	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.2	-
Costume jewelry and notions	. 396	42.0	41.2	38.7	39.9	-	3.7	4.0	2.9	3.5	-
Costume jewelry	. 3961	43.0	42.1	38.4	39.9	-	3.8	4.6	3.1	3.7	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	. 399	40.3	40.4	40.8	41.2	-	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.3	- ا
Signs and advertising specialties	. 3993	41.3	41.2	41.5	42.1	-	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	-
londurable goods		41.3	40.9	40.9	41.4	41.2	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.9	4
Food and kindred products	. 20	42.2	41.7	41.7	42.2	41.9	5.8	5.2	5.7	5.9	-
Meat products	. 201	41.3	40.9	40.6	41.3	-	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.9	-
Meat packing plants		43.6	43.1	41.9	42.5	-	6.0	5.5	5.0	5.7	\
Sausages and other prepared meats		42.3	42.4	42.2	43.5	-	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.6	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	. 2015	39.5	39.0	39.3	39.8	-	3.9	3.3	3.7	3.9	-
Dairy products	. 202	42.2	41.4	42.2	42.7	-	5.3	4.7	5.3	5.3	-
Cheese, natural and processed	. 2022	41.6	41.2	41.9	42.4	-	5.2	4.6	4.8	5.2	i -
Fluid milk	. 2026	42.9	42.2	42.5	43.7	-	5.4	4.9	5.1	5.8	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		43.4	42.2	42.9	43.6	-	7.2	5.9	7.6	7.5	- ا
Canned specialties	. 2032	46.4	44.8	42.6	47.7	-	10.1	7.6	7.2	10.8	۱ -
Canned fruits and vegetables	. 2033	45.2	42.7	44.9	44.7	-	9.0	6.9	9.7	9.2	۱ -
Frozen fruits and vegetables	. 2037	41.6	41.6	41.0	41.4	-	5.2	5.0	6.4	5.5	- ا
Grain mill products	. 204	46.8	46.5	45.6	46.2	-	8.1	8.6	7.4	8.3	۱ -
Flour and other grain mill products	. 2041	47.3	45.1	46.0	45.9	-	9.0	8.2	7.5	7.8	۱ -
Prepared feeds, nec	10040	45.3	45.6	43.7	43.4	l	7.4	7.5	6.3	6.4	1

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Averag	e weekly ea	arnings	
Industry	SIC	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	\$17.45	\$17.25	\$17.47	\$17.62	\$17.93	\$787.00	\$762.45	\$773.92	\$782.33	\$797.89
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	18.04	17.73	17.86	18.07	18.50	833.45	797.85	798.34	809.54	834.35
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	21.39	21.12	21.14	21.49		1,001.05	969.41	953.41	967.05	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	15.21	14.89	14.67	15.45	-	654.03	637.29	638.15	667.44	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	16.78	16.40	16.65	16.82	-	783.63	738.00	747.59	758.58	-
Truck trailers	3715	10.97	10.94	11.17	11.23	-	447.58	434.32	481.43	482.89	_
Aircraft and parts	372	18.75	18.71	18.86	18.92	-	828.75	821.37	837.38	853.29	_
Aircraft	3721	(2)	(2) 18.59	(2) 18.64	(2) 18.85	-	828.00	830.97	823.89	855.79	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	18.40 16.49	16.55	16.76	16.61		733.81	733.17	749.17	755.76	_
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	12.91	13.01	13.15	13.08	_	547.38	552.93	556.25	551.98	_
Ship building and repairing	3731	14.33	14.39	14.50	14.41	_	629.09	634.60	643.80	632.60	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	10.45	10.64	11.00	10.97	_	419.05	425.60	434.50	436.61	_
Railroad equipment	374	17.04	17.02	16.94	16.87	-	778.73	769.30	770.77	762.52	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	18.73	18.88	19.68	19.55	-	818.50	821.28	852.14	850.43	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	-	400.00	400.00	460.75	460.07	-
Misc. transportation equipment	13/9	11.40	11.20	11.54	11.58	_	438.90 431.68	428.96 413.15	462.75 442.37	466.67 445.45	-
Travel trailers and campers	3792	11.36	10.93	11.49	11.57	_	431.08	413.15	442.37	445.45	_
Instruments and related products	38	13.31	13.27	13.52	13.67	13.68	559.02	553.36	569.19	575.51	574.56
Search and navigation equipment	381	16.81	16.80	17.03	17.03	-	732.92	727.44	735.70	740.81	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	13.27	13.21	13.54	13.67	-	558.67	550.86	563.26	571.41	-
Environmental controls	3822	11.81	11.63	11.63	11.65	-	493.66	480.32	474.50	478.82	-
Process control instruments	3823	12.88 15.11	12.77	13.13 15.68	13.33 15.75	-	549.98 621.02	540.17 617.30	554.09 647.58	566.53 653.63	_
Instruments to measure electricity	384	12.17	15.13 12.12	12.52	12.74	-	502.62	498.13	527.09	535.08	_
Surgical and medical instrument	3841	11.68	11.48	11.81	12.14	_	478.88	469.53	506.65	508.67	_
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	11.14	11.22	11.60	11.71	_	457.85	458.90	479.08	487.14	_
Ophthalmic goods	385	10.23	10.09	10.00	10.26	_	409.20	401.58	411.00	409.37	_
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	16.04	16.09	15.93	16.04	- 1	699.34	695.09	686.58	704.16	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	9.59	9.47	9.95	9.88	-	402.78	394.90	408.95	412.00	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	10.48	10.47	10.57	10.65	10.63	423.39	420.89	425.97	434.52	434.77
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	10.85	10.86	10.96	11.04	-	435.09	438.74	438.40	451.54	_
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	10.96	11.00	11.05	11.16 10.88	-	432.92 432.40	440.00 428.93	437.58 435.34	454.21 443.90	_
Musical instruments	304	10.81 10.05	10.75 9.94	10.67 10.10	10.88	-	405.02	395.61	402.99	414.93	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	30424	9.49	9.42	9.61	9.55	_	367.26	362.67	382.48	389.64	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	10.34	10.21	10.37	10.60	_	424.97	413.51	414.80	429.30	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	10.95	10.87	11.14	11.09	_	446.76	435.89	443.37	444.71	_
Costume jewelry and notions	396	8.79	8.91	9.38	9.44	-	369.18	367.09	363.01	376.66	_
Costume jewelry	3961	7.62	7.81	8.31	8.38	-	327.66	328.80	319.10	334.36	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	10.82	10.88	10.82	10.88	-	436.05	439.55	441.46	448.26	-
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	11.50	11.47	11.48	11.43	-	474.95	472.56	476.42	481.20	-
Nondurable goods		12.01	12.00	12.33	12.40	12.41	496.01	490.80	504.30	513.36	511.29
Food and kindred products	20	11.19	11.16	11.51	11.51	11.47	472.22	465.37	479.97	485.72	480.5 9
Meat products	201	9.26	9.23	9.35	9.44	-	382.44	377.51	379.61	389.87	-
Meat packing plants Sausages and other prepared meats	2011	10.05 10.49	9.99 10.53	9.95 10.71	10.10 10.79	_	438.18 443.73	430.57 446.47	416.91 451.96	429.25 469.37	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	8.29	8.24	8.47	8.50	_	327.46	321.36	332.87	338.30	_
Dairy products	202	12.96	12.90	13.28	13.31	_ _	546.91	534.06	560.42	568.34	_
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	11.75	11.57	12.06	12.23	- 1	488.80	476.68	505.31	518.55	-
Fluid milk	2026	13.72	13.63	13.88	13.99	-	588.59	575.19	589.90	611.36	
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	10.55	10.43	11.00	10.83	- 1	457.87	440.15	471.90	472.19	-
Canned specialties	2032	14.09	13.79	14.52	13.92	-	653.78	617.79	618.55	663.98	-
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	10.67	10.53	11.56	11.25	-	482.28	449.63	519.04	502.88	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	203/	10.04 14.14	10.09 14.32	10.33 14.37	10.23 14.63	-	417.66	419.74	423.53	423.52	-
Flour and other grain mill products	204	12.38	12.24	12.74	13.04	_	661.75 585.57	665.88 552.02	655.27 586.04	675.91 598.54	_
Prepared feeds, nec		11.16	11.14	11.35	11.38		505.55	507.98	496.00	493.89	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct 1997
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued	1		1		}						
Bakery products	. 205	41.0	40.7	40.6	40.8	_	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.2	! -
Bread, cake, and related products		40.6	40.5	40.1	40.3	-	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.0	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	1		1		1	1					
except bread		41.8	41.1	41.5	41.8	-	5.3	5.1	4.8	5.5	-
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	40.8	41.9	40.7	40.7	-	4.6	5.2	4.2	4.7	-
Raw cane sugar	. 2061	43.0	45.2	41.1	43.7	-	6.0	9.0	3.9	5.4	-
Cane sugar refining		49.6	49.2	48.6	48.9	-	14.5	13.5	10.8	11.8	-
Beet sugarCandy and other confectionery products		40.9 39.2	45.1	42.9 39.7	38.5 39.4	_	4.7 3.7	8.3	3.9 3.8	4.8 3.9	
Fats and oils		45.6	39.7 44.6	42.2	42.3	_	7.3	3.3 6.5	6.7	6.7	
Beverages		43.0	41.5	44.2	43.4	-	5.5	4.7	6.5	5.8]
Malt beverages		45.2	44.4	47.3	46.1	_	6.6	6.3	8.2	7.9	١.
Bottled and canned soft drinks		41.8	40.2	43.7	42.3	-	4.8	3.9	6.6	4.6	١ -
Misc. food and kindred products		41.0	40.8	40.4	41.5	_	5.6	4.7	5.7	6.0	-
Tobacco products	21	42.0	41.2	37.8	39.1	39.0	5.6	3.7	3.0	3.2	
Cigarettes		42.0	40.2	38.5	37.6	-	7.0	4.1	3.5	3.2	
	1					<u>-</u>				Į.	
Textile mill products	. 22	41.4	41.1	41.6	42.0	41.5	4.7	4.5	4.8	5.0	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		43.0	42.8	42.5	42.9	-	6.3	5.8	5.9	6.6	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		41.1	41.1	41.5	42.5	-	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.9	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		41.1 40.0	39.0	42.2	42.3 40.4	-	5.2 3.2	3.7	6.0	5.6	-
Knitting mills		40.0	39.5 39.9	40.1 40.4	40.4	_	3.8	2.8 3.8	2.6 3.7	2.9 4.0	-
Women's hosiery, except socks		40.2	40.6	39.2	39.7	_	3.9	4.4	2.8	3.0	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	37.8	38.2	38.3	38.5	_	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	
Knit outerwear mills		41.1	40.2	40.9	41.2	_	3.6	3.3	3.6	3.7	
Knit underwear mills		38.4	38.9	39.0	39.3	_	3.0	4.1	2.5	3.0]
Weft knit fabric mills		40.9	41.0	41.2	42.5	_	5.4	4.8	5.3	6.0	
Textile finishing, except wool		42.8	42.5	42.4	42.8	_	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.6	_
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	43.9	43.3	42.9	43.0	_	5.9	5.3	6.2	6.0	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	41.5	41.4	42.4	42.6	_	4.8	4.5	5.0	5.3	-
Carpets and rugs		43.2	41.5	42.0	41.9	_	5.8	4.7	5.2	5.3	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	41.2	41.3	42.3	42.3	-	4.5	4.2	5.0	5.0	-
Yam spinning mills	2281	41.8	41.8	42.9	42.8		4.8	4.4	5.4	5.3	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	38.1	38.0	39.3	39.7	-	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.5	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	41.6	41.3	42.6	43.1	-	4.5	4.3	5.0	5.2	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.6	37.6	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	۱ -
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	37.1	36.7	36.8	37.5	-	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.4	! -
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	37.0	37.0	37.0	36.8	-	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	-
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	36.4	36.2	36.4	36.1	-	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.4	-
Men's and boys' trousers and stacks	2325	36.4	36.0	36.3	36.0	-	1.4	1.3	1.5	1,4	-
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.0	36.9	37.4	36.9	-	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	-
Women's and misses' outerwear		36.1	36.3	36.1	36.1	-	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2225	36.1 37.7	35.2 38.3	36.3 37.9	36.1 37.0	_	1.6 2.0	1.1 2.1	1.7 2.9	1.7 2.4	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats		35.6	34.7	38.8	38.5		1.9	1.7	2.5	2.3	·
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		35.8	36.3	35.2	35.4	_	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.5	-
Women's and children's undergarments		37.1	38.3	37.6	37.7	_	2.3	2.7	2.0	2.4	
Women's and children's underwear		36.8	38.3	37.4	38.2	_	2.3	2.5	1.7	2.5]
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		38.2	38.4	38.1	36.1	-	2.4	3.3	2.6	2.2	_
Girls' and children's outerwear		37.2	37.1	37.2	38.6	-	2.5	2.2	3.4	4.1	١.
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		36.8	36.4	37.7	38.0	-	2.1	2.1	3.2	3.7	_
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	37.9	38.2	37.7	38.5	-	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.1	- ا
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	40.3	39.8	39.3	39.8	_	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.9	۱ -
Curtains and draperies	2391	37.4	38.2	35.1	36.3	-	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.0	۱ -
House furnishings, nec	2392	41.3	40.2	40.0	40.7	-	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.8	١ -
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	41.1	40.0	40.5	41.5	-	4.3	3.4	3.9	4.5	-
Paper and allied products	26	44.0	43.6	43.4	44.0	43.8	6.1	5.8	5.8	6.2	١.
Paper mills	262	45.9	45.9	44.2	45.3	-	7.0	7.1	6.3	7.0	-
Paperboard mills		44.3	44.3	43.3	44.0	_	7.3	7.3	7.0	7.3	i

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	amings			Averag	je weekly e	ernings	
industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred productsContinued	1				ł						
Bakery products		\$12.15	\$12.18	\$12.67	\$12.64	- 1	\$498.15	\$495.73	\$514.40	\$515.71	-
Bread, cake, and related products	. 2051	12.32	12.27	12.77	12.77	-	500.19	496.94	512.08	514.63	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,				40.54	40.40		400 47	40.4.00	540.47	540.40	l
except bread	. 2052,3	11.87	12.02	12.51	12.42	-	496.17 498.58	494.02 493.16	519.17 530.32	519.16 524.22	-
Sugar and confectionery products	. 200	12.22 11.72	11.77 11.78	13.03 11.92	12.88 12.22	_	503.96	532.46	489.91	534.01	1 -
Raw cane sugar	2062	18.26	18.21	17.86	17.92		905.70	895.93	868.00	876.29	_
Beet sugar	2063	13.92	11.97	14.39	14.29	_	569.33	539.85	617.33	550.17	
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	11.03	10.76	12.04	11.88	_ !	432.38	427.17	477.99	468.07	-
Fats and oils		12.08	11.87	12.65	12.75	- :	550.85	529.40	533.83	539.33	-
Beverages	208	15.67	15.69	15.93	15.95	-	673.81	651.14	704.11	692.23	-
Mait beverages	. 2082	21.31	21.01	22.01	22.29	-	963.21	932.84	1,041.07	1,027.57	_
Bottled and canned soft drinks	. 2086	12.90	13.01	13.31	13.22	-	539.22	523.00	581.65	559.21	- 1
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	10.08	10.08	10.26	10.20	-	413.28	411.26	414.50	423.30	-
Tobacco products	. 21	18.37	17.73	19.78	18.12	\$17.74	771.54	730.48	747.68	708.49	\$691.8
Cigarettes	211	24.98	24.47	24.83	24.57	-	1,049.16	983.69	955.96	923.83	-
Textile mill products	. 22	9.7B	9.73	10.01	10.09	10.08	404.89	399.90	416.42	423.78	418.3
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	. 221	10.17	10.04	10.46	10.60	~	437.31	429.71	444.55	454.74	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	. 222	10.71	10.72	10.96	11.08	-	440.18	440.59	454.84	470.90	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	. 223	10.38	10.02	10.53	10.49	-	426.62	390.78	444.37	443.73	-
Narrow fabric mills	. 224	9.12	9.12	9.12	9.20	-	364.80	360.24	365.71	371.68	-
Knitting mills	. 225	8.93	8.90	9.09	9.15	-	358.09	355.11	367.24	373.32	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	. 2251	8.32	8.47	8.48	8.62	-	334.46	343.88	332.42	342.21	i -
Hosiery, nec	. 2252	8.86	8.78	9.12	9.14	-	334.91	335.40	349.30	351.89	_
Knit outerwear mills	. 2253	8.34	8.35	8.54 9.18	8.63 9.45	-	342.77 345.60	335.67 344.65	349.29 358.02	355.56 371.39	-
Knit underwear mills		9.00 9.76	8.86 9.71	9.18	9.45	_	399.18	398.11	404.17	417.35	
Textile finishing, except wool		10.00	9.93	10.30	10.43	-	428.00	422.03	436.72	446.40	_
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	9.88	9.92	10.21	10.30	-	433.73	429.54	438,01	442.90	_
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	10.49	10.27	10.84	11.15	-	435.34	425.18	459.62	474.99	_
Carpets and rugs	. 227	9.90	9.80	10.06	10.03	-	427.68	406.70	422.52	420.26	-
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	9.52	9.51	9.78	9.81	-	392.22	392.76	413.69	414.96	-
Yam spinning mills	. 2281	9.49	9.46	9.80	9.84	-	396.68	395.43	420.42	421.15	-
Throwing and winding mills	. 2282	9.78	9.85	9.92	9.92	-	372.62	374.30	389.86	393.82	~
Miscellaneous textile goods	. 229	11.05	11.05	11.51	11.60	_	459.68	456.37	490.33	499.96	-
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	8.00	8.03	8.23	8.34	8.36	300.80	301.93	307.80	313.58	314.3
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	8.19	8.27	8.33	B.35	- '	303.85	303.51	306.54	313.13	i -
Men's and boys' furnishings		7.41	7.51	7.73	7.83	-	274.17	277.87	286.01	288.14	-
Men's and boys' shirts		7.32	7.36	7.58	7.66	-	266.45	266.43	275.91 286.77	276.53	-
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	7.46 7.35	7.60 7.44	7.90 7.54	8.05 7.66	_	271.54 271.95	273.60 274.54	282.00	289.80 282.65	
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	7.46	7.53	7.91	7.97	_	269.31	274.34	285.55	287.72	_
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	. 2331	6.63	6.65	7.02	7.19		239.34	234.0B	254.83	259.56	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	. 2335	8.35	8.37	8.84	9.09	_	314.80	320.57	335.04	336.33	l –
Women's and misses' suits and coats	. 2337	7.87	7.86	8.02	8.03	-	280.17	272.74	311.18	309.16	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	. 2339	7.31	7.41	7.79	7.79	-	261.70	268.98	274.21	275.77	-
Women's and children's undergarments		7.57	7.64	7.79	7.97	-	280.85	292.61	292.90	300.47	- 1
Women's and children's underwear	. 2341	7.45	7.54	7.59	7.81	-	274.16	288.78	283.87	298.34	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	. 2342	7.96	7.99	8.36	8.46	-	304.07	306.82	318.52	305.41	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	2361	7.11 7.04	7.20 7.04	7.57	7.69	-	264.49	267.12	281.60	296.83	-
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	7.43	7.04	7.15 7.77	7.23 7.85	_	259.07 281.60	256.26 289.17	269.56 292.93	274.74 302.23	
Misc. fabricated textile products		9.33	9.23	9.19	9.36	_	376.00	367.35	361,17	372.53	-
Curtains and draperies	2391	7.43	7.58	8.16	8.21	_	277.88	289.56	286.42	298.02	l -
House furnishings, nec		8.47	8.44	8.79	8.92		349.81	339.29	351.60	363.04	_
Automotive and apparel trimmings		11.90	11.60	10.70	11.05	-	489.09	464.00	433.35	458.58	-
Paper and allied products	26	14.74	14.74	15.13	15.19	15.21	648.56	642.66	656.64	668.36	666.2
Paper mills	.] 262	18.64	18.65	19.20	19.40	-	855.58	856.04	848.64	878.82	_
Paperboard mills	. 1263	18.69	18.78	18.77	18.88	_	827.97	831.95	812.74	830.72	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued		1					l	1			1
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	44.3	43.6	43.8	44.6		6.3	5.8	6.2	6.6	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		44.6	44.1	44.2	45.5	_	6.6	6.2	6.6	7.2	_
Sanitary food containers		42.6	41.2	42.6	41.4	_ :	4.6	4.2	4.9	4.4	l –
Folding paperboard boxes		44.8	43.6	43.6	44.3	-	6.9	5.9	6.2	6.6	- 1
Misc. converted paper products	267	42.1	41.9	42.4	42.6	_	5.0	4.6	4.9	5.2	i –
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		44.3	43.8	43.8	43.3	-	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.5	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	41.9	42.3	42.1	42.1	-	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.9	1 -
Envelopes	2677	41.9	41.9	41.5	41.9	~	4.7	4.1	4.3	4.4	-
Printing and publishing	27	38.8	38.4	38.6	39.2	38.8	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.9	-
Newspapers	271	33.3	33.1	33.2	33.4	-	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	-
Periodicals		37.4	36.8	36.8	37.9	-	3.6	3.4	3.0	3.1	-
Books		40.0	39.3	40.7	40.6	-	3.6	3.4	4.6	4.6	-
Book publishing	2731	37.6	37.4	37.3	37.6	-	1.8	1.7	2.7	2.8	-
Book printing	2732	42.6	41.3	44.4	44.0	-	5.6	5.1	6.7	6.5	- 1
Miscellaneous publishing		35.2	34.7	36.9	36.6	-	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.5	-
Commercial printing	275	40.6	40.3	40.1	41.1	-	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.8	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	40.3	39.9	40.0	41.0	-	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.7	-
Commercial printing, nec		40.5	40.1	39.8	40.9	-	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.7	-
Manifold business forms		42.2	41.4	41.7	42.3	-	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.6	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding		40.3	39.6	39.6	40.0	-	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.3	-
Printing trade services	279	39.1	39.2	39.5	39.5	_	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.4	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	43.3	43.2	43.0	43.5	43.6	5.2	5.0	5.2	5.4	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	46.7	46.4	46.3	47.1	_	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.0	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	46.9	46.4	45.7	46.1	-	6.2	5.7	5.6	5.9	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	44.3	44.2	43.4	43.7	-	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.5	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	45.3	45.0	44.6	44.8	-	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.6	- ا
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	44.9	44.8	42.4	42.8	-	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.2	-
Drugs		41.7	41.5	41.1	41.3	-	4.5	4.3	4.6	5.0	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	41.8	41.6	41.4	41.6	~	4.5	4.1	4.4	5.0	- 1
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	41.4	40.4	41.5	42.2	_	4.1	3.6	4.2	4.4	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	42.6	41.8	43.1	43.1	-	5.0	4.2	4.7	5.4	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.6	40.9	41.8	41.9	-	3.6	3.6	4.3	3.9	-
Toilet preparations		41.3	39.6	40.7	41.9	-	4.0	3.3	3.9	4.1	-
Paints and allied products		42.6	42.6	43.4	43.8	-	4.6	4.4	5.1	5.3	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	44.1	44.7	44.0	44.7	-	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.5	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	45.2	45.1	44.5	44.7	~	6.5	6.2	6.3	6.0	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	43.8	44.5	43.8	44.7	-	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.6	-
Agricultural chemicals	287	45.1	45.3	43.9	44.8	-	6.2	6.4	5.8	6.4	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	43.2	43.2	43.2	43.4	~	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.5	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	44.2	43.6	43.0	43.2	43.0	6.4	6.4	6.9	6.4	-
Petroleum refining	291	43.5	42.8	42.2	42.4	-	4.8	4.9	5.9	5.2	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	46.6	46.1	45.6	45.9	~	11.2	10.8	10.1	10.0	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	42.1	41.6	41.7	41.9	41.8	4.7	4.3	4.6	4.8	-
Tires and inner tubes	301	43.7	43.3	43.5	43.9	-	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.6	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		39.8	39.6	39.4	41.8	-	0.4	0.6	2.8	4.2	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		42.9	42.4	42.4	42.2	-	4.8	4.7	5.0	4.9	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		43.8	43.2	43.2	42.9	-	5.0	5.3	6.1	5.5	l -
Fabricated rubber products, nec		42.8	42.4	42.2	42.6	-	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.7	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	41.7	41.3	41.4	41.6	-	4.6	4.2	4.4	4.7	-
Leather and leather products	31	39.2	39.0	38.4	39.0	37.9	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.6	-
Leather tanning and finishing	311	44.5	43.4	42.4	44.7	-	6.7	6.3	4.4	6.3	۱ -
Footwear, except rubber		37.6	38.4	37.4	37.5	-	1.5	1.9	1.6	2.0	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	36.5	38.1	37.7	37.7	-	1.3	2.1	1.5	2.3	1 -
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	39.2	39.2	36.5	37.3	-	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.0	- ا
Luggage	316	41.1	37.9	38.8	40.0	-	3.2	2.8	2.1	3.0	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	38.5	39.1	38.5	38.5	~	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	-
			1			l	l	l	!	ł	l l
vice-producing		33.0	32.6	33.3	32.8	32.7	-	-	-	1 -	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	amings	,		Averaç	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued				·	1		i				
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	\$12.48	\$12.48	\$12.95	\$12.94] -	\$552.86	\$544.13	\$567.21	\$577.12] -
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	12.52	12.51	12.95	12.94	-	558.39	551.69	572.39	588.77	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	12.36	12.50	12.81	12.83	-	526.54	515.00	545.71	531.16	-
Folding paperboard boxes		13.11	13.10	13.80	13.72	-	587.33	571.16	601.68	607.80	-
Misc. converted paper products		12.84	12.77	13.20	13.21	-	540.56	535.06	559.68	562.75	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	14.80	14.82	14.96	15.19	_	655.64 491.49	649.12 492.37	655.25 501.83	657.73 490.47	
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes	2677	11.73 11.93	11.64 11.78	11.92 12.03	11.65 12.00	_	499.87	493.58	499.25	502.80	-
Printing and publishing	27	12.82	12.81	13.07	13.21	\$13,19	497.42	491.90	504.50	517.83	\$511.7°
Newspapers	271	12.64	12.62	12.87	12.95	Ψ13.13	420.91	417.72	427.28	432.53	
Periodicals		14.08	14.14	14.43	14.55	_	526.59	520.35	531.02	551.45	_
Books		12.30	12.38	12.37	12.61	l _	492.00	486.53	503.46	511.97	_
Book publishing		11.71	11.85	11.60	11.82		440.30	443.19	432.68	444.43	_
Book printing		12.85	12.90	13.07	13.36		547.41	532.77	580.31	587.84	_
Miscellaneous publishing		12.27	12.22	12.78	12.75		431.90	424.03	471.58	466.65	
Commercial printing	275	13.05	13.04	13.32	13.47	-	529.83	525.51	534.13	553.62	l –
Commercial printing, lithographic		13.31	13.25	13.56	13.70	-	536.39	528.68	542.40	561.70	-
Commercial printing, nec	2759	12.37	12.44	12.62	12.76	l –	500.99	498.84	502.28	521.88	- 1
Manifold business forms		13.63	13.60	13.83	13.96	-	575.19	563.04	576.71	590.51	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding		10.16	10.06	10.16	10.42	-	409.45	398.38	402.34	416.80	-
Printing trade services		15.64	15.61	16.41	16.44	-	611.52	611.91	648.20	649.38	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	16.25	16.28	16.57	16.62	16.67	703.63	703.30	712.51	722.97	726.8
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	18.10	18.10	18.61	18.66	-	845.27	839.84	861.64	878.89	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	18.45	18.44	18.97	18.97	-	865.31	855.62	866.93	874.52	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	17.15	17.21	17.36	17.39	-	759.75	760.68	753.42	759.94	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	18.72	18.97	19.37	19.51	-	848.02	853.65	863.90	874.05	l –
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	14.82	15.04	14.90	14.88	-	665.42	673.79	631.76	636.86	-
Drugs	283	15.99	16.00	16.51	16.59	-	666.78	664.00	678.56	685.17	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	15.84	15.89	16.37	16.50	-	662.11	661.02	677.72	686.40	_
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		12.74	12.88	13.16	13.05	-	527,44	520.35	546.14	550.71	
Soap and other detergents	2841	16.64	16.44	16.50 12.85	16.60 12.84	-	708.86 504.25	687.19 498.16	711.15 537.13	715.46 538.00	_
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2042,3	12.42	12.18	11.83	11.64	_	458.43	456.98	481.48	487.72	_
Toilet preparations	285	11.10 13.50	11.54 13.63	14.13	14.12	_	575.10	580.64	613.24	618.46	-
Industrial organic chemicals		19.73	19.65	19.70	20.03	_	870.09	878.36	866.80	895.34	_
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		19.42	19.53	19.99	20.16	_	877.78	880.80	889.56	901.15	l _
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		19.95	19.81	19.75	20.13	_	873.81	881.55	865.05	899.81	l _
Agricultural chemicals	287	16.52	16.42	16.89	16.79	_	745.05	743,83	741.47	752.19	-
Miscellaneous chemical products		14.96	14.90	15.16	15.16	-	646.27	643.68	654.91	657.94	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	19.35	19.35	19.99	20.28	20.30	855.27	843.66	859.57	876.10	872.90
Petroleum refining	291	21.49	21.41	22.46	22.81	-	934.82	916.35	947.81	967.14	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	15.20	15.40	14.99	15.22	-	708.32	709.94	683.54	698.60	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	11.31	11.28	11.57	11.64	11.65	476.15	469.25	482.47	487.72	486.97
Tires and inner tubes	301	17.97	18.20	18.59	18.62		785.29	788.06	808.67	817.42	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	9.27	9.18	9.90	9.90	-	368.95	363.53	390.06	413.82	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		11.55	11.54	11.73	11.74	-	495.50	489.30	497.35	495.43	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		11.66	11.81	11.89	11.77	-	510.71	510.19	513.65	504.93	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		10.83	10.83	11.26	11.37	-	463.52	459.19	475.17	484.36	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	10.66	10.61	.10.87	10.95	-	444.52	438.19	450.02	455.52	-
Leather and leather products	31	8.69	8.71	8.87	9.07	9.09	340.65	339.69	340.61	353.73	344.5 ⁻
Leather tanning and finishing		11.78	11.52	11.64	11.78	-	524.21	499.97	493.54	526.57	-
Footwear, except rubber		8.20	8.29	8.36	8.61	-	308.32	318.34	312.66	322.88	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		9.08	9.21	8.99	9.30	-	331.42	350.90	338.92	350.61	-
Women's footwear, except athletic Luggage		7.16 8.51	7.15 8.62	7.43 8.83	7.55 8.82	-	280.67	280.28	271.20	281.62	-
Handbags and personal leather goods		7.56	7.67	7.86	8.06	-	349.76 291.06	326.70 299.90	342.60 302.61	352.80 310.31	_
ervice-producing		11.36	11.37	11.62	11.82	11.86	374.88	370.66	386.95	387.70	387.82
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Fransportation and public utilities		14.57	14.49	15.00	15.05	15.03	587.17	575.25	607.50	595.98	592.18

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct 199
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads plus Amtrak ³	4011	48.4	47.8	48.8	50.2	_	_	_	_	_	-
	1										1
Local and interurban passenger transit	411	34.7 39.0	34.7 38.5	35.1 38.4	34.3 38.5	_ [_	_	_		
Local and suburban transportation	413	38.3	39.4	38.5	38.1	_	_	_	_	_	 _
	l	30.0	03.4	00.0	50.1						ŀ
Trucking and warehousing	42	40.4	40.3	41.2	40.9	- '	~	-	-	_ '	-
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	40.4	40.4	41.2	40.8	-	-	-	-	-	l ∼
Public warehousing and storage	422	39.8	39.6	40.3	41.4	-	~	-	_	~	~
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	37.6	37.8	37.8	37.8	-	-] -	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	45.9	43.7	42.7	43.6	-	-] -] –	-] -
Transportation services	1	38.7	37.7	37.9	37.3	_		_		l _	_ ا
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	37.8	36.9	36.9	37.0	_	_	_	_	-	۱ -
Travel agencies	4724	37.5	36.5	36.9	37.2	l _	_	-	l –	-	! -
Freight transportation arrangement	473	40.0	38.8	38.9	36.9	-	-	-	-] -	-
Communications	i	41.4	40,2	40.4	40.4	l _	_		l _		_ ا
Telephone communications	40	43.3	42.0	42.2	42.2	_		_	_	_	١ ـ
Telephone communications, except radio	4813	43.6	42.6	42.7	42.5	l _	l _	_	l _	_	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	36.0	34.9	35.4	35.2	-	_	_	_	_	١ -
Cable and other pay television services	484	40.4	39.6	39.3	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ł	42.5	42.2	42.1	42.1		_	_	ا	_	١.
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	491	42.6	41.7	41.9	42.0	_	_	_	_	_	١.
Gas production and distribution	492	42.8	43.3	42.6	42.7	_	l _	-	-	_	١ -
Combination utility services	493	42.2	42.4	42.6	42.4	_	l –	l –	<u> </u>	_	Ι-
Sanitary services	495	42.7	42.5	41.9	41.9	-	-	-	l -	-	-
Vholesale trade		38.6	38.3	38.5	38.4	38.5	-	_	-	-	-
Durable goods	50	39.4	39.0	39.2	39.1	_	_	_	_		_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	38.2	37.9	38.0	37.9	_	l ~	-	- 1	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	37.7	37.4	37.9	37.6	-	-	-	~	-	-
Lumber and other construction materials	.}503	40.9	40.6	40.4	40.4	-	- 1	\ -	1 -	} -	} -
Professional and commercial equipment	504	39.8	39.0	39.7	39.7	-	-	-	-	-	١ .
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	39.4	39.1	39.6	39.4	-	-	-	-	-	١ ٠
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	41.6	41.4	41.9	41.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods	506	39.6	39.1	38.8	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	39.4	38.9	39.3	39.2	-	-	-	[]	-	1 -
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	. 508 . 509	39.7 38.1	39.2 38.0	39.4 38.0	39.5 37.8	-	_	_	=] =]]
	1		1		ł	1	1		1		
Nondurable goods	. 51	37.4	37.4	37.5	37.4	j -	-	-	1 -	-	1
Paper and paper products	. 511	36.0 36.3	35.7 36.1	36.4 35.9	36.0 36.0	_	1 <u>-</u>	-	[-	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	37.6	37.6	37.4	38.0	_	-	_	1 _	1 -	
Groceries and related products		38.4	38.3	38.5	38.6	_	-	_	1 -	_	١.
Farm-product raw materials	515	35.5	37.7	35.2	35.2	l _	_	_	_	1 -	1.
	516	40.5	40.2	40.2	40.1	_	_	_	l –	l –	Ι.
Chemicals and allied products	517	37.8	37.4	37.9	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	١.
Chemicals and allied products		37.7	37.3	37.9	37.6	-	-	-	l -	-	.
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products	,[518			36.3	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Chemicals and allied products	, 518	36.3	36.5	ì						1	1
Chemicals and allied products	518 519	36.3 29.1	28.7	29.7	29.0	28.8	-	-	-	-	1
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Misc, wholesale trade nondurable goods	. 518 . 519)		29.7 35.5	29.0 35.2	28.8	- -	-	-	-	
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Misc, wholesale trade nondurable goods Retall trade Building materials and garden supplies	. 518 . 519 . 52	29.1	28.7	1	ŀ	28.8	- - -	-	-		
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Misc, wholesale trade nondurable goods Retail trade Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	. 518 . 519 . 52 . 521 . 523	29.1 35.2	28.7	35.5	35.2	_	_	_	_	_	
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Misc, wholesale trade nondurable goods Retall trade Building materials and garden supplies	. 518 . 519 . 52 . 521 . 523	29.1 35.2 36.7	28.7 34.9 36.2	35.5 37.0	35.2 36.8	-		-	-	 - 	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	L	Averag	e hourl y e	arnings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997P
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads plus Amtrak ³	4011	\$17.82	\$17.82	\$18.06	\$18.06	-	\$862.49	\$851.80	\$881.33	\$906.61	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	10.75	10.83	11.11	10.99	_	373.03	375.80	389.96	376.96	l _
Local and suburban transportation	411	11.37	11.48	11.36	11.33	_	443.43	441.98	436.22	436.21	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	13.34	13.58	14.18	14.06	-	510.92	535.05	545.93	535.69	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	13.08	13,11	13.27	13.30		528.43	528.33	546.72	543.97	_
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	13.29	13.33	13.50	13.55		536.92	538.53	556.20	552.84	_
Public warehousing and storage	422	10.83	10.70	10.76	10.74	-	431.03	423.72	433.63	444.64	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	18.37	18.20	18.98	20.27	- '	690.71	687.96	717.44	766.21	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	20.52	20.50	20.44	20.63	-	941.87	895.85	872.79	899.47	-
Transportation services	47	12.74	12.69	13.27	13.33	_	493.04	478.41	502.93	497.21	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	12.70	12.53	13.63	13.63	-	480.06	462.36	502.95	504,31	-
Travel agencies	4724	13.00	12.79	13.85	13.85	-	487.50	466.84	511.07	515.22	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	13.26	13.33	13.23	13.31	-	530.40	517.20	514.65	491.14	-
Communications	48	16.22	16.14	17.10	17,16	'	671.51	648.83	690.84	693.26	_
Telephone communications	481	16.90	16.76	17.84	17.84	- 1	731.77	703.92	752.85	752,85	-
Telephone communications, except radio		17.37	17.19	18.41	18.40		757.33	732.29	786.11	782.00	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	16.07	16.19	16.82	17.14		578.52	565.03	595.43	603.33	-
Cable and other pay television services		12.79	12.85	13.56	13.61	-	516.72	508.86	532.91	538.96	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	18.56	18.57	19.14	19.33		788.80	783.65	805.79	813.79	_
Electric services	491	19.63	19.49	20.03	20.21	-	836.24	812.73	839.26	848.82	-
Gas production and distribution	492	17.78	17.83	17.70	18.19		760.98	772.04	754.02	776.71	-
Combination utility services	493 495	22.47 13.67	22.62 13.73	23.30 15.00	23.26 15.22	-	948.23 583.71	959.09 583.53	992.58 628.50	986.22 637.72	=
Wholesale trade		13.03	12.94	13.47	13.52	\$ 13.54	502.96	495.60	518.60	519.17	\$521.29
		13.00	12.54	10.47		ψ10.5 4		433.00			Ψ021.23
Durable goods	50	13.58	13.53	14.03	14.09	-	535.05	527.67	549.98	550.92	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	11.85	11.78	12.13	12.33	-	452.67	446.46	460.94	467.31	-
Furniture and home furnishings		11.98	11.96	12.45	12.57	~	451.65	447.30	471.86	472.63	_
Lumber and other construction materials		12.22 16.30	12.26 16.25	12.86 16.62	12.90 16.57		499.80 648.74	497.76 633.75	519.54 659.81	521.16 657.83	
Professional and commercial equipment Medical and hospital equipment	504	14.97	15.13	16.37	16.25	_	589.82	591.58	648.25	640.25	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	13.18	13.12	13.40	13.51	_	548.29	543.17	561.46	560.67	_
Electrical goods		14.63	14.55	15.25	15.34	_	579.35	568.91	591.70	598.26	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	12.77	12.71	13.43	13.44	_ `	503.14	494.42	527.80	526.85	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		13.54	13.52	14.07	14.14	-	537.54	529.98	554.36	558.53	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	10.56	10.52	10.87	10.95	-	402.34	399.76	413.06	413.91	-
Nondurable goods	51	12.23	12.10	12.63	12.67	-	457.40	452.54	473.63	473.86	-
Paper and paper products	511	12.66	12.48	12.91	12.95	- '	455.76	445.54	469.92	466.20	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	15.90	15.53	16.70	16.70	-	577.17	560.63	599.53	601.20	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		11.75 12.58	11.59 12.49	12.46 12.93	12.50 12.97	-	441.80 483.07	435.78 478.37	466.00	475.00	-
Groceries and related productsFarm-product raw materials		9.09	9.13	9.39	9.34	_	322.70	344.20	497.81 330.53	500.64 328.77	
Chemicals and allied products		13.86	13.82	14.25	14.33	_	561.33	555.56	572.85	574.63] -
Petroleum and petroleum products		11,38	11.44	11.46	11.57	_	430.16	427.86	434.33	437.35	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	13.94	13.80	14.68	14.65	-	525.54	514.74	556.37	550,84	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	10.11	10.01	10.28	10.39	-	366.99	365.37	373.16	375.08	-
Retail trade		8.06	8.12	8.29	8.44	8.45	234.55	233.04	246.21	244.76	243.36
Building materials and garden supplies	52	9.60	9.66	9.86	10.00	-	337.92	337.13	350.03	352.00	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	9.99	10.08	10.26	10.38	~	366.63	364.90	379.62	381.98	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	523	10.08	10.12	10.34	10.53	-	366.91	364.32	372.24	380.13	-
Hardware stores		8.04 8.65	7.97 8.70	8.19 8.83	8.35 9.11	-	254.06 270.75	249.46 280.14	259.62 279.03	258.02 284.23	_
Retail nurseries and garden stores											

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Refail trads—Continued Section		1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
General merchandics stores	Industry										Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
General merchandics stores	Continued											
Department stores		53	30.6	29.0	30.3	30.9	_	_	l –	l –	-	-
Variety stores S33 27,8 27.2 28,6 27.9							t –	-		ـ ا	l _	l –
Misc, general merchandise stores	e	533					1 _	l _	i _		١ ـ	l _
Grocery stores							1	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries		54	29.9	29.4	30.5	29.8	_	-	_	_	_	_
Automotive dealers and service stations	es	541	30.0	29.6	30.7	29.9	-	-	-	l –	-	-
New and used car dealers	es	546	28.4	28.4	29.7	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto and home supply stores				1			-	-	-	-	-	-
Gasoline service stations			1			1	ļ ~	-	-		-	-
Automotive dealers, nec	me supply stores	553	37.8	37.7	38.5		-	-	-	-	i -	-
Apperel and accessory stores	vice stations	554	32.1	31.7	33.1	31.9	l –	-	- 1	i –	1 -	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	Jealers, nec	559	35.5	36.2	35.3	35.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women's clothing stores	ccessory stores	56					_	-	-	-	-	-
Family dothing stores	bys' clothing stores	561			1		-	-	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores	thing stores	562	24.8	25.2	26.0		I -	i -	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	ng stores	565	28.5	27.5	28.8	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		566	26.3	26.0	27.4	26.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	home furnishings stores	57	33.3	32.8	33.4	33.2	_	_	l –	_	_	l –
Household appliance stores 572 34.6 34.1 34.7 34.9	d home furnishings stores	571					l _			l _	1 -	
Radio, television, and computer stores							1 –	_	-	l _	_	۱ -
Radio, television, and electronic stores 5731 33.1 32.4 33.8 33.4 -							l _	-	t .	1	l _	l _
Record and prerecorded tape stores				1						l _	١ ـ	l _
Miscellaneous retail establishments 59 29.8 29.5 30.0 29.5							-	_	-	-	-	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	nking places ⁴	58	25.3	25.1	26.3	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	s retail establishments	59	29.8	29.5	30.0	29.5	_	_	l -	_	-	_
Used merchandise stores	and proprietary stores	591		28.8	29.2	28.6	1 -	l –	-	l –	- 1	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores 594 28.3 27.7 29.0 28.0 - - - - - - - - -	andise stores	593		31.0	30.7	30.3	-	-	-	l –	- 1	-
Nonstore retailers	is shopping goods stores	594	28.3		29.0	28.0	-	_	_		_	-
Fuel dealers	ailers	596					l –	_	_	-	_	l –
Retail stores, nec				38.6		37.2	l –	l _	_		l –	l –
Optical goods stores 5995 33.6 33.4 33.4 33.5 —						30.4	l _	_	l _	l _	-	
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec 5999 31.1 30.8 31.2 30.7 - <	ds stores	5995					-	_	-	_		l –
Depository institutions 60 36.1 34.8 35.3 34.9 -	ous retail stores, nec	5999					-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial banks 602 36.1 34.6 34.9 34.6 - <	rance, and real estate ⁵		36.5	35.7	36.1	35.8	35.8	-	-	-	-	_
Commercial banks 602 36.1 34.6 34.9 34.6 - <	rtitutione	60	36.1	34.8	35.3	34 0		ا _		l _	_	l _
State commercial banks 6022 36.3 35.0 35.4 35.0 —				1			1	l	1	۱ _	_	۱ ـ
National and commercial banks, nec 6021,9 35.9 34.3 34.6 34.3 -	persial banks						Į.	l .	i	t	_	i _
Credit unions 606 36.2 35.6 36.0 35.8 -	d commercial banks nee	6021 0	,				1	1	l .			l _
Personal credit institutions 614 39.3 38.4 38.2 37.7 -<			i				1	-	_	-	-	_
Personal credit institutions 614 39.3 38.4 38.2 37.7 -<		\	00.4	27.0	0	07-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Security and commodity services							-	-	-	_	-	-
Security and commodity services	mmodity brokers:		1	ļ								
Life insurance	commodity services	628	38.3	36.6	38.0	37.5	-	-	-	-	~	-
Life insurance	riers	63	38.6	38.1	38.5	38.3		_	-	-	-	-
			38.4	37.7	37.7		-	-	-	l –	-	-
	ice and health insurance		39.3	39.3	38.7		-	! -	-	۱ –	{ -	۱ -
			39.3	39.4	39.0	38.8	-	- 1	-	l -	i -	-
			38.3	37.8	39.2		-	-	-	-	-	-
Services			32.6	32.4	32.9	32.5	32.5	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural services	ervices		34.9	34.6	35.2	35.0	_	_	_	_	_	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
Retail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores	53	\$7.94	\$7.94	\$8.11	\$8.25	- 1	\$242.96	\$230.26	\$245.73	\$254.93	-
Department stores		8.00	7.99	8.15	8.28	i –	246.40	232.51	246.95	257.51	-
Variety stores		7.21	7.24	7.51	7.72	l	200.44	196.93	214.79	215.39	_
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	7.64	7.70	7.96	8.19	-	229.96	229.46	244.37	248.98	-
Food stores	54	8.44	8.51	8.59	8.75	-	252.36	250.19	262.00	260.75	_
Grocery stores		8.54	8.62	8.71	8.87	-	256.20	255.15	267.40	265.21	_
Retail bakeries		7.57	7.50	7.57	7.71	-	214.99	213.00	224.83	219.74	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	11.07	11.01	11.54	11.57	-	392.99	388.65	417.75	409.58	l _
New and used car dealers	551	14.03	13.86	14.71	14.59	l _	519.11	510.05	548.68	536.91	l –
Auto and home supply stores	563	9.12	9.12	9.51	9.55	l _	344.74	343.82	366.14	361.95	-
Cooling services stations	550	7.20	7.27	7.41	7.62	_	231.12	230.46	245.27	243.08	l _
Gasoline service stations		11.86	12.07	13.78	13.27		421.03	436.93	486.43	464.45	_
Automotive dealers, nec						_					
Apparel and accessory stores	56	7.76	7.79	7.93	8.17	-	208.74	206.44	221.25	219.77	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	9.20	9.32	9.60	9.75	-	261.28	262.82	287.04	279.83	-
Women's clothing stores	562	7.65	7.63	7.92	8.15	-	189.72	192.28	205.92	207.01	-
Family clothing stores	565	7.70	7.63	7.64	7.87	-	219.45	209.83	220.03	218.79	-
Shoe stores	566	7.53	7.70	7.79	8.07	-	198.04	200.20	213.45	210.63	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	10.84	10.76	11.32	11.41	-	360.97	352.93	378.09	378.81	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	10.26	10.31	10.62	10.71	l –	341.66	339.20	352.58	354.50	-
Household appliance stores	572	10.65	10.37	10.74	10.76	- 1	368.49	353.62	372.68	375.52	l _
Radio, television, and computer stores	572	11.62	11,40	12.26	12.37	_	384.62	369.36	408.26	408.21	_
Radio, television, and computer stores	5734	11.03	10.50	11.36	11.29	_	365.09	340.20	383.97	377.09	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores Record and prerecorded tape stores		6.67	6.68	6.86	6.91	-	180.09	175.68	182.48	175.51	_
Eating and drinking places ⁴	58	5.82	5.91	6.04	6.14	-	147.25	148.34	158.85	153.50	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	50	8.82	8.83	9.05	9.16	-	262.84	260.49	271.50	270.22	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores	501	9.41	9.44	9.62	9.76	_	272.89	271.87	280.90	279.14	l _
Used marchanding stores	502	7.38	7.35	7.53	7.64	_	227.30	227.85	231.17	231.49	_
Used merchandise stores	504	8.05	8.04	8.36	8.49	_	227.82	222.71	242.44	237.72	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores					9.67	_			310.73	313.31	
Nonstore retailers		9.33	9.28	9.68			304.16	303.46			1
Fuel dealers	598	11.79	12.11	12.26	12.22	-	443.30	467.45	449.94	454.58	-
Retail stores, nec		9.08	9.02	9.20	9.29	-	277.85	276.01	282.44	282.42	-
Optical goods stores		11.03	10.98	11.44	11.20	-	370.61	366.73	382.10	375.20	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	9.34	9.29	9.39	9.59	~	290.47	286.13	292.97	294.41	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		12.89	12.87	13.35	13.44	\$13.53	470.49	459.46	481.94	481.15	\$484.37
Depository institutions	60	10.01	9.98	10.29	10.29		361.36	347.30	363.24	359.12	_
Commercial banks		9.54	9.51	9.80	9.81		344.39	329.05	342.02	339.43	l _
State commercial banks		9.35	9.37	9.63	9.74	_	339.41	327.95	340.90	340.90	۱ _
National and commercial banks, nec		9.67	9.61	9.92	9.86	_	347.15	329.62	343.23	338.20	_
Credit unions		9.91	9.86	10.12	10.19	-	358.74	351.02	364.32	364.80	-
Nondenesitory institutions	61	13.21	12.98	13.93	14.08	_	516.51	491.94	525.16	528.00	
Nondepository institutions	614	11.16	11.19	11.78	11.86	_	438.59	491.94	450.00	447.12	_
Security and commodity brokers:										1	
Security and commodity services	628	18.09	18.05	19.20	19.32	-	692.85	660.63	729.60	724.50	-
Insurance carriers	63	15.45	15.46	16.03	16.03	_	596.37	589.03	617.16	613.95	
Life insurance		14.34	14.64	14.47	14.43	_	550.66	551.93	545.52	541.13	l
Medical service and health insurance			14.29	14.47	14.43		567.89	561.60	545.52 574.70	575.19	-
		14.45				-					_
Hospital and medical service plans Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		14.75 17.02	14.53 16.93	15.15 17.79	15,25 17.74	_	579.68 651.87	572.48 639.95	590.85 697.37	591.70 688.31	_
•		1									400.0=
Services		11.89	11.93	12.12	12.37	12.42	387.61	386.53	398.75	402.03	403.65
Agricultural services	07	9.26	9.31	9.39	9.66	-	323.17	322.13	330.53	338.10	-
	L			<u></u>		L	<u> </u>				L

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	<u> </u>	Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P
ervices—Continued											
Agricultural servicesContinued							:				
Veterinary services	074	28.8	28.7	29.8	28.7	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	37.3	37.0	37.5	37.7	-	-	-	~	-	-
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels and motels4	701	31.3	31.0	31.8	30.8	_	- '	-	-	-	-
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	J/21	33.9	34.3	34.4	34.1	_	_	_	_	- :	-
Beauty shops ⁴	723	27.7	27.7	27.9	27.5	-	_	-	-		-
Miscellaneous personal services	/29	26.2	26.2	27.8	27.1	-	-	-	-	_	_
Business services	73	33.4	33.3	33.7	33.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advertising	.]731	36.6	35.9	36.4	36.2	-	-	-	-	_	_
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:			20.0	00.4	000		ŀ		1		
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	37.1	36.8	36.1	36.3	~	-	-	-	_	-
Services to buildings	/34	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.4	-	-	_			-
Disinfecting and pest control services	/342	38.1	37.2	37.3	36.4	-	-	_			-
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	27.8	27.9	27.9	27.6	-	–	-	_	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	/35	39.5	39.1	39.2	39.0	-	-	_	-		-
Medical equipment rental	7352	37.0	36.8	36.4	35.7	-	-	-] _		-
Heavy construction equipment rental	/353	40.9	40.9	41.2	40.5	-	-	-	i .		_
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	/359	39.7	39.1	39.3	39.4	_	-	~	-	-	-
Personnel supply services:		20.4							ŀ	l	ŀ
Help supply services	7363	32.1	32.3	32.9	32.3	-	-	-	_	-	-
Computer and data processing services	737	38.3	37.7	38.3	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer programming services	7371	38.2	38.1	38.6	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	_
Computer integrated systems design	7373	39.4	38.0	38.6	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	_
Information retrieval services	7375	39.3	38.4	38.6	38.1	-	-	-	l –	ļ -	[-
Computer maintenance and repair	. 7378	39.4	39.3	38.3	38.8	-	-	_	_	1 =	-
Miscellaneous business services		33.5	33.3	33.1	33.0	-	_	_	_	1 -	_
Detective and armored car services Security systems services	7381	34.5 36.8	34.5 36.2	34.3 36.6	34.2 36.4	_	-] -	-] -	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	1	36.3	36.3	36.7	36.2	_	_		_	_	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	36.5	36.4	36.7	36.1	_	_	۱ ـ		١ _	١ _
Automotive rentals, without drivers	7514	36.8	36.5	36.9	36.5		1 -	_	_	_	_
Passenger car rental	. 7514	34.0	33.2	33.8	33.7				_	l _	۱ ـ
Automobile parking	. / 52	38.6	38.3	38.6	38.3	_		l _	_		l _
Automotive repair shops	75224	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.1	_	_	l _	i _		l _
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	38.3	38.0	38.2	37.7	_	_	_	l _	l _	l _
Automotive services, except repair	754	31.0	32.2	32.9	31.8	-	_	-	۱ ـ	۱ ـ	۱ _
Carwashes		28.8	30.5	30.7	29.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
		38.2	38.2	38.9	38.4		_		_	_	_
Miscellaneous repair services		36.2		ł	l	_	_		_		
Motion pictures	. 78	30.1	30.5	30.9	29.7	-	-	1 -	i -	-	- 1
Motion picture production and services	. [781].	39.2	40.0	39.3	38.9	-	-	1 -	-	1 -	-
Video tape rental	. 784	23.8	23.2	24.5	23.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	26.3	26.4	28.1	26.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bowling centers	. 793	24.7	24.3	25.1	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Misc, amusement and recreation services	. 799	26.3	26.2	28.3	25.5	-	-	-	-	1 -	-
Physical fitness facilities	. 7991	18.3	18.0	19.4	19.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	. 7997	28.6	28.0	29.0	28.0	-	-	_	-	-	-
Health services	. 80	33.0	32.6	33.1	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	. [801	33.4	33.0	33.2	33.1	-	-	-	-	i -	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	. [802	28.5	28.3	28.0	28.2	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	. 804	30.3	29.8	30.2	30.1	-	-	-	j -	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	. 805	33.0	32.0	32.5	32.5	-	-	-	-	1 -	-
Intermediate care facilities	. 8052	32.6	31.7	32.1	32.1	-	-	-	1 -	-	-
Hospitals	. 806	34.3	34.3	35.0	34.9	-	-	-	I -	-	I -

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997
services—Continued											
Agricultural services—Continued		l [ŀ
Veterinary services		\$9.25	\$9.25	\$9.50	\$9.70	-	\$266.40	\$265.48	\$283.10	\$278.39	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	9.32	9.38	9.40	9.70	-	347.64	347.06	352.50	365.69	-
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels ⁴	704	8.25	8.35	8.35	8.60	_	258.23	258.85	265.53	264.88	_
Hotels and motels*	701	0.25	6.33	6.33	8.60	_	230.23	230.03	203.33	204.00	_
Personal services:	701	7.76	7.79	8.06	8.16		263.06	267.20	277.26	278,26	_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services Beauty shops ⁴	722	8.90	8.80	9.23	9.09	_	246.53	243.76	257.52	249.98	l _
Miscellaneous personal services	729	8.91	8.86	8.55	8.73	_	233.44	232.13	237.69	236.58	-
Business services	73	11.30	11.25	11.77	11.87	_	377.42	374.63	396.65	396.46	_
Advertising	731	16.72	16.34	16.84	16.94	_	611.95	586.61	612.98	613.23	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:	• •	, , , , ,									
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	10.61	10.78	11.05	11.04	_	393.63	396.70	398.91	400.75	-
Services to buildings	734	7.78	7.71	7.91	8.03	_	223.29	221.28	227.02	228.05	- 1
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	10.29	9.98	10.74	10.84	-	392.05	371.26	400.60	394.58	_
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	7,45	7,43	7,55	7.67	_	207.11	207.30	210.65	211.69	l -
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		11.77	11.73	11.93	12.12	_	464.92	458.64	467.66	472.68	-
Medical equipment rental		10.72	10,77	11.53	11.61	_	396.64	396.34	419.69	414.48	l –
Heavy construction equipment rental		15.51	15.62	15.94	16.09	_	634.36	638.86	656.73	651.65	l –
Equipment rental and leasing, nec		10.87	10.71	10.85	11.09	-	431.54	418.76	426.41	436.95	-
Personnel supply services:		امرا	0.05	0.04	0.05		205.00	200 70	040.47	044.70	l
Help supply services		9.19	9.25	9.61	9.65	-	295.00	298.78	316.17	311.70	-
Computer and data processing services		19.08	19.05	19.94	20.10	-	730.76	718.19	763.70	767.82	
Computer programming services	7371	22.27	21.86	22.92	23.22	-	850.71	832.87	884.71	893.97	t .
Computer integrated systems design	/3/3	19.51	19.95	20.52	20.62	-	768.69	758.10	792.07	793.87	-
Information retrieval services		14.74	14.86	15.24	15.34	-	579.28	570.62	588.26	584.45	-
Computer maintenance and repair		13.99	14.32	15.00	15.06	-	551.21	562.78	574.50	584.33	-
Miscellaneous business services		9.62	9.55	9.71	9.82	-	322.27	318.02	321.40	324.06	-
Detective and armored car services		7.46 11.86	7.49 11.92	7.83 12.25	7.93 12.20	-	257.37 436.45	258.41 431.50	268.57 448.35	271.21 444.08	_
, ,			1						1		
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	10.26	10.29	10.58	10.65	-	372.44	373.53	388.29	385.53	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	9.72	9.77	10.08	10.10	-	354.78	355. 63	369.94	364.61	-
Passenger car rental	7514	8.77	8.77	9.06	9.08	-	322.74	320.11	334.31	331.42	-
Automobile parking	752	7.52	7.51	7.88	8.07	-	255.68	249.33	266.34	271.96	-
Automotive repair shops		11.52	11.57	11.91	11.97	-	444.67	443.13	459.73	458.45	- 1
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	12.07	12.12	12.52	12.61	-	461.07	462.98	478.26	480.44	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	11.52	11.55	11.90	11.93	-	441.22	438.90	454.58	449.76	- 1
Automotive services, except repair	754	7.72	7.77	8.00	8.12	-	239.32	250.19	263.20	258.22	-
Carwashes	7542	6.65	6.85	6.97	7.06	~	191.52	208.93	213.98	208.98	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	12.28	12.36	12.70	12.88	-	469.10	472.15	494.03	494.59	-
Motion pictures	7B	14.19	14.41	14.15	14.94	-	427.12	439.51	437.24	443.72	_
Motion picture production and services	781	19.88	19.75	19.62	20.26	_	779.30	790.00	771.07	788.11	_
Video tape rental	784	6.03	6.15	6.43	6.66	-	143.51	142.68	157.54	155.18	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	8.88	9.06	8.60	9.29	-	233.54	239.18	241.66	241.54	_
Bowling centers	793	7.00	7.03	7.43	7.42	~	172.90	170.83	186.49	183.27	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		8.40	8.58	8.09	8.74	~	220.92	224.80	228.95	222.87	- 1
Physical fitness facilities	7991	8.11	8.28	8.29	8.54	-	148.41	149.04	160.83	163.11	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	8.66	8.81	8.43	8.98	-	247.68	246.68	244.47	251.44	-
Health services	80	12.94	12.96	13.25	13.36	-	427.02	422.50	438.58	440.88	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	13.32	13.34	13.78	13.93	_	444.89	440.22	457.50	461.08	_
Offices and clinics of dentists		12.99	13.05	13,58	13.66	- :	370.22	369,32	380.24	385.21	_
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		12.12	12.16	12.48	12.64	-	367.24	362.37	376.90	380.46	_
		9.05	9.09	9.35	9.46	-	298.65	290.88	303.88	307.45	_
Nursing and personal care facilities											
Nursing and personal care facilities		8.47	8.48	8.83	8.97	-	276.12	268.82	283.44	287.94	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997P	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p
Services—Continued											1
Health services—Continued	1 !				1	ŀ	l	Į.	•		ļ
Home health care services	808	28.7	28.1	29.1	29.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	35.4	34.5	34.9	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	83	31.5	30.9	31.4	31.3	_	_		-	_	_
Individual and family services	832	31.7	30.8	31.3	31.3	-	l ~	-	-	-	-
Job training and related services	833	31.7	31.1	31.3	31.4	-	-	-	_	-	i –
Child day care services	835	29.8	29.8	30.5	29.9	-	-	-	_	-	-
Residential care	836	32.6	31.8	32.2	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services, nec	839	32.1	31.9	31.5	32.1	-	_	-	-] -	-
Membership organizations:											1
Professional organizations	862	35.1	34.6	35.1	34.9	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Engineering and management services	87	37.5	36.9	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and architectural services	871	39.7	39.3	39.5	39.4	-	-	-	-	-	l –
Engineering services	8711	40.1	39.6	39.7	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Architectural services	8712	38.3	37.9	38.7	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	l –
Surveying services		38.2	38.1	38.9	38.8	l –	-	l –	-	-	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	36.0	35.3	35.8	35.5	-	l –	-	-	- 1	l –
Research and testing services	873	37.3	36.6	37.0	36.8	l –	l –	l –	-	- 1	l –
Commercial physical research	8731	41.1	40.3	40.2	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	30.8	30.3	31.5	31.0	l –	-	l –	-	-	-
Noncommercial research organizations		36.7	36.2	37.0	36.5	l -	-	-	-	_	-
Management and public relations	874	36.4	35.7	36.2	36.1	_		- 1	-	-	-
Management services	8741	36.0	35.4	35.3	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	l –
Management consulting services	8742	36.1	35.6	36.6	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public relations services	8743	35.7	34.3	34.6	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services, nec	89	36.1	35.0	35.1	34.6	_	-	-	_	_	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e hourly e	amings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Oct. 1997 ^p
Services—Continued											
Health services—Continued	1										
Home health care services	808	\$11.24	\$11.20	\$11.2B	\$11.36	-	\$322.59	\$314.72	\$328.25	\$330.58	-
Legal services	81	16.84	16.77	17.20	17.38	-	596.14	578.57	600.28	601.35	-
Social services	83	8.67	8.63	8.77	8.91	_	273.11	266.67	275.38	278.88	_
Individual and family services	832	9.21	9.15	9.29	9.43	_	291.96	281.82	290.78	295.16	-
Job training and related services	833	8.40	8.37	8.57	8.63	-	266.28	260.31	268.24	270.98	_
Child day care services	835	7.46	7.44	7.30	7.67	-	222.31	221.71	222.65	229.33	_
Residential care	836	8.76	8.77	8.94	9.01	-	285.58	278.89	287.87	291.02	-
Social services, nec	839	10.42	10.32	10.75	10.81	-	334.48	329.21	338.63	347.00	~
Membership organizations:											
Professional organizations	862	16.88	16.80	17.70	17.91	-	592.49	581.28	621.27	625.06	-
Engineering and management services	87	16.68	16.53	16.97	17.19	_	625.50	609.96	632.98	639.47	_
Engineering and architectural services	871	18.23	18.12	18.67	18.89	-	723.73	712.12	737.47	744.27	_
Engineering services	8711	18.96	18.84	19.54	19.74	-	760.30	746.06	775.74	781.70	_
Architectural services	8712	16.54	16.36	16.61	16.85	-	633.48	620.04	642.81	643.67	_
Surveying services	8713	13.28	13.37	13.25	13.48	-	507.30	509.40	515.43	523.02	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	14.48	14.34	14.63	14.87	_	521,28	506.20	523.75	527.89	_
Research and testing services	873	17.60	17.39	17.52	17.77	-	656.48	636.47	648.24	653.94	_
Commercial physical research	8731	19.87	19.62	19.59	19.70		816.66	790.69	787.52	789.97	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	13.63	13.56	13.54	14.00	_	419.80	410.87	426.51	434.00	_
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	20.30	20.22	20.54	20.81	-	745.01	731.96	759.98	759.57	-
Management and public relations	874	15.57	15.43	16.09	16.30	-	566.75	550.85	582.46	588.43	_
Management services	8741	13.92	13.93	14.67	14.86	-	501.12	493.12	517.85	526.04	_
Management consulting services	8742	17.74	17.35	17.95	18.28	-	640.41	617.66	656.97	663.56	-
Public relations services	8743	14.81	14.61	14.88	15.01	-	528.72	501.12	514.85	519.35	-
Services, nec	89	16.62	16.56	16.76	16.97	-	599.98	579.60	588.28	587.16	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

² See table B-15a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$253.7 million or

more in 1993 and to Amtrak.

Money payments only; tips, not included.
 Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.
 Data not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March

When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earnings series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table B-15a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

B-15a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (S	SIC 3721)		Guided r	missiles and sp	ace vehicles (S	IC 3761)
Series	Aug. 1996	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P	Aug. 1996	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997P
Average hourly earnings excluding lump-sum payments	\$20.65	\$2 0.75	\$20.62	\$20.79	\$ 19.48	\$19.56	\$20.93	\$20.70
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	20.93	21.02	20.92	21.09	19.48	19.56	20.93	20.70

P = preliminary.

B-16. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, 1 of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Sept. 1996	Oct. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Oct. 1997 ^p
fanufacturing	\$12.17	\$12.15	\$12.42	\$12.47	\$12.54
Durable goods	12.73	12.69	12.92	12,99	13.08
Lumber and wood products	10.01	10.01	10.23	10.30	(2)
Furniture and fixtures	9.83	9.86	10.12	10.21	(2)
Stone, clay, and glass products	12.06	12.04	12.30	12.34	(2) (2)
Primary metal industries	14,09	14.06	14.09	14.14	(2)
Fabricated metal products	11.94	11.87	12.07	12.09	(2)
Industrial machinery and equipment	13.00	12.97	13.18	13.28	(2)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	11.74	11.76	12.13	12.21	(2)
Transportation equipment	16.21	16.16	16.33	16.42	(2) (2) (2) (2)
Instruments and related products	12.70	12.69	12.91	13.03	(2)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	10.04	10.02	10.16	10.19	(2)
Nondurable goods	11.37	11.39	11.68	11.72	\$11.75
Food and kindred products	10.48	10.50	10.78	10.76	(2)
Tobacco products	17.22	16.97	19.03	17.42	(2)
Textile mill products	9.25	9.23	9.47	9.52	(2)
Apparel and other textile products	7.77	7.80	7.99	8.08	(2)
Paper and allied products	13.78	13.82	14.18	14,19	(2)
Printing and publishing	12.25	12.26	12.50	12.59	(2)
Chemicals and allied products	15.33	15.39	15.63	15.64	(2) (2)
Petroleum and coal products	18.05	18.03	18.51	18.87	(2)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	10.71	10.72	10.97	11.01	(2)
Leather and leather products	8.4 4	8.45	8.66	8.78	(2)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

Not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

p = preliminary.

B-17. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	amings			Averag	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	Sept.	Oct.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
	1996	1996	1997	1997P	1997P	1996	1996	1997	1997P	1997P
Total private: Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars	\$11.95	\$11.95	\$12.21	\$12.39	\$12.43	\$417.06	\$412.28	\$427.35	\$429.93	\$430.08
	7.46	7.45	7.50	7.58	(2)	260.50	256.87	262.50	263.12	(2)
Mining: Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars	15.73	15.54	15.94	16.23	\$16.18	722.01	713.29	726.86	738.47	\$732.95
	9.83	9.68	9.79	9.93	(2)	450.97	444.42	446.47	451.94	(2)
Construction: Current dollars		15.75 9.81	16.09 9.88	16.27 9.96	\$16.30 (2)	625.28 390.56	628.43 391.55	638.77 392.36	650.80 398.29	\$645.48 (2)
Manufacturing: Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars	12.90	12.83	13.15	13.24	\$13.29	545.67	537.58	552.30	561.38	\$560.84
	8.06	7.99	8.08	8.10	(2)	340.83	334.94	339.25	343.56	(2)
Transportation and public utilities: Current dollars	14.57	14.49	15.00	15.05	\$15.03	587.17	575.25	607.50	595.98	\$592.18
	9.10	9.03	9.21	9.21	(2)	366.75	358.41	373.16	364.74	(2)
Wholesale trade: Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars	13.03	12.94	13.47	13.52	\$13.54	502.96	495.60	518.60	519.17	\$521.29
	8.14	8.06	8.27	8.27	(2)	314.15	308.79	318.55	317.73	(2)
Retail trade Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars	8.06	8.12	8.29	8.44	\$8.45	234.55	233.04	246.21	244.76	\$243.36
	5.03	5.06	5.09	5.17	(2)	146.50	145.20	151.23	149.79	(2)
Finance, Insurance, and real estate: Current dollars	12.89	12.87	13.35	13.44	\$13.53	470.49	459.46	481.94	481.15	\$484.37
	8.05	8.02	8.20	B.23	(2)	293.87	286.27	296.03	294.46	(2)
Services: Current dollars	11.89	11.93	12.12	12.37	\$12.42	387.61	386.53	398.75	402.03	\$403.65
	7.43	7.43	7.44	7.57	(2)	242.10	240.83	244.93	246.04	(2)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

Not available.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to dellate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1996 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1996 forward are subject to revision.

p = preliminary.

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected area

	Aver	age weekly h	ours	Avera	age hourly ean	nings	Avera	ge weekly ear	nings
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997F
t-hama	42.1	41.7	42.2	\$11.54	\$11.72	\$11.82	\$485.83	\$488.72	\$498.
labama	43.0	44.1	44.4	12.36	12.70	12.70	531.48	560.07	563.
Birmingham									
Mobile	44.1	43.3	42.7	13.66	13.98	14.07	602.41	605.33	600.
jaska	53.5	48.5	52.1	11.41	11.42	12.56	610.43	553.87	654.
rizona	42.7	40.9	41.1	11.62	11.74	11.74	496.17	480.17	482.
rkansas	42.3	41.9	42.2	10.49	10.81	10.83	443.73	452.94	457.
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	41.3	41.4	41.9	9.69	10.47	10.35	400.20	433.46	433.
Fort Smith	42.8	40.6	42.0	10.24	10.62	10.78	438.27	431.17	452
Little Rock-North Little Rock	42.9	42.5	42.1	11.27	11.57	11.50	483.48	491.73	484.
Pine Bluff	42.6	44.3	42.7	12.03	12.34	12.67	512.48	546.66	541.
alifornia	42.0	42.2	42.2	12.94	13.23	13.31	543.48	558.31	561
alifornia	41.2	41.6	41.6	13.53	13.64	13.85	557.44	567,42	576
Bakersfield			41.6	10.99	11.64	11.71	462.68	483.06	487
Fresno	42.1	41.5					511.52	524.49	533
Los Angeles-Long Beach	42.1	42.4	42.9	12.15	12.37	12.44	529.57		
Modesto	41.6	40.3	40.2	12.73	13.07	13.15		528.72	528
Oakland	42.3	42.3	42.3	15.48	15.65	15.73	654.80	662.00	665
Orange County	42.1	42.9	42.8	12.67	12.97	12.95	533.41	556.41	554
Riverside-San Bernardino	41.8	42.2	42.4	11.64	11.93	11.99	486.55	503.45	508
Sacramento	41.5	41.3	41.7	13.93	14.32	14.59	578.10	591.42	608
Salinas	39.9	37.8	38.8	13.40	13.95	13.79	534.66	527.31	535
San Diego	39.8	40.1	40.0	12.91	13.36	13.45	513.82	535.74	538
San Francisco	41.1	41.0	41.1	14.06	14.38	14.43	577.87	589.58	593
San Jose	41.2	42.1	41.8	15.89	16.59	16.76	654.67	698.44	700
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	41.6	40.6	40.6	13.20	13.59	13.77	549.12	551.75	559
	40.5	40.2	40.0	14.45	14.96	15.04	585.23	601.39	601
Santa Rosa		44.4	44.7	12.70	13.09	13.15	568.96	581.20	587
Stockton-Lodi	44.8								
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	43.5	40.8	42.6	14.60	14.93	15.08	635.10	609.14	642
Ventura	41.8	41.8	42.0	12.48	12.45	12.43	521.66	520.41	522
olorado	42.5	42.0	42.5	12.89	13.52	13.48	547.83	567.84	572
Denver	42.2	41.8	42.3	12.89	13.36	13.41	543.96	558.45	567
onnecticut	43.1	42.2	43.0	14.06	14.52	14.62	605.99	612.74	628
Bridgeport	43.1	41.7	42.7	14.70	15.07	15.15	633.57	628.42	646
Danbury	45.2	45.2	45.3	14.72	14.69	14.78	665.34	663.99	669
Hartford	43.9	42.1	44.0	14.71	15.33	15.34	645.77	645.39	674
New Haven-Meriden	42.9	41.6	42.6	13.65	14.49	14.45	585.59	602.78	615
			42.9	14.66			630.38	639.33	652
New London-Norwich	43.0	42.2			15.15	15.21			
Stamford-Norwalk	41.6 44.7	40.2 43.1	41.1 43.4	14.43 13.15	13.76 13.74	13.71 13.64	600.29 587.81	553.15 592.19	563 591
Tracelous American	77.7	10.1	10.7	100	19.7	.0.04			
elaware	40.8	41.9	42.6	13.67	14.85	14.82	557.74	622.22	631
Dover	39.5	39.4 43.1	39.6 43.8	12.67	13.66 17.84	13.60	500.47 713.15	538.20 768.90	538 799
Wilmington-Newark	42.5	43.1	43.6	16.78	17.04	18.25	713.13	766.90	799
latrict of Columbia: Washington PMSA	39.0	39.1	39.6	13.68	14.28	14.09	533.52	558.35	557
lorida	41.5	41.7	41.7	10.61	10.82	10.84	440.32	451.19	452
eorgia	43.0	42.3	42.6	11.26	11.60	11.59	484.18	490.68	493
Atlanta	42.8	42.7	42.8	12,13	12.51	12.50	519.16	534.18	535
Savannah	49.5	48.7	49.4	13.93	14.26	14.17	689.54	694.46	700
awaii	39.3	36.9	37.2	13.07	12.88	13.40	513.65	475.27	498
Honolulu	39.7	38.2	38.0	13.21	13.04	13.17	524.44	498.13	500
laho	39.7	40.0	41.1	12.24	12.64	13.54	471.58	505.60	556
inois	41.8	42.3	42.5	13.12	13.44	13.45	548.42	568.51	571
Bloomington-Normal	45.7	41.8	41.6	18.57	17.66	17.42	848.65	738.19	724
Champaign-Urbana	41.0	40.5	40.6	10.80	11.31	11.41	442.80	458.06	463
Chicago	41.9	42.4	42.5	13.07	13.35	13.40	547.63	586.04	569
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	41.7	42.5	43.7	14.94	15.29	15.30	623.00	649.83	668
Decatur	41.7	42.9	42.9	16.13	16.58	16.56	672.62	711.28	711
		41.9	42.9						
Kankakee	40.8	41.9 42.5	42.0 42.5	14.15	14.61	14.63	577.32	612.16	614
Peoria-Pekin	42.6 41.9	42.5 42.2	42.5 42.4	16.28	16.43 15.25	16.43	693.53 621.38	698.28	698
	419	46.6	42.4	14.83	10.20	15.23	1021.35	643.55	645
Rockford	40.5	41.2	41.5	11.64	12.13	12.01	471.42	499.76	498

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected area --- Continued

	AVe	age weekly h	ours	Avera	age hourly ear	nings	Avera	ge weekly ear	nings
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
odiana	43.2	43.1	43.6	\$14.46	\$14.61	61470	6004.07	F000 00	60444
Bloomington	40.5	41.9				\$14.78	\$624.67	\$629.69	\$644.4
			44.1	11.97	12.41	12.61	484.79	519.98	556.1
Elkhart-Goshen	39.8	39.7	39.6	12.20	12.24	12.28	485.56	485.93	486.2
Evansville-Henderson	42.2	43.7	43.6	14.03	15.09	15.00	592.07	659.43	654.0
Fort Wayne	42.0	41.1	41.2	14.35	14.48	14.43	602.70	595.13	594.5
Gary	42.1	42.1	42.2	18.74	18.35	18.29	788.95	772.54	771.8
	44.9	44.1							
Indianapolis			44.1	15.85	15.76	15.75	711.67	695.02	694.5
Kokomo	51.5	49.8	50.2	19.03	19.81	19.53	980.05	986.54	980.4
Lafayette	43.0	42.5	42.9	15.03	15.81	15.54	646.29	671.93	666.6
Muncie	43.2	43.5	43.2	14.56	14.54	14.47	628.99	632.49	625.1
South Bend	42.8	40.7	42.3	12.60	12.95	12.92	539.28	527.07	546.5
Terre Haute	44.0	43.3	44.0	14.02	14.82	14.56	616.88	641.71	640.6
Dwa	42.8	42.3	43.5	13.20	13.60	13.64	564.96	575.28	593.3
Cedar Rapids	42.6	41.9	43.8	15.75	16.71	17.19	670.95	700.15	752.9
Des Moines	41.5	41.6	44.3	13.59	14.01	13.58	563.99	582.82	601.5
Dubuque	42.3	42.5	42.9	14.37	14.71	14.76	607.85	625.18	633.2
Sioux City	41.5	40.0	39.1	10.66	11.48	11.41	442.39	459.20	446.1
Cansas	42.7	42.2	42.1	13.06	13.47	13.64	557.66	568.43	574.2
Topeka	41.0	39.5	38.8	14.18	15.37	14.97	581.38	607.12	580.8
Wichita	45.4	43.4	43.9	15.11	15.93	15.95	685.99	691.36	700.2
Centucky	42.0	41.5	41.6	12.87	13.13	13.23	540.54	544.90	550.3
Lexington	42.6	42.9	43.3	13.73	14.40	14.53	584.90	617.76	629.
Louisville	42.5	40.9	42.2	14.15	14.68	14.82	601.38	600.41	625.4
			i						
ouislana	44.8	44.2	44.2	13.69	14.16	14.03	613.31	625.87	620.
Baton Rouge	42.9	42.8	43.1	15.66	16.44	16.47	671.81	703.63	709.8
New Orleans	44.5	45.3	45.3	14.52	14.28	14.40	646.14	646.88	652.3
Shreveport-Bossier City	43.3	45.0	45.0	13.86	14.14	14.35	600.14	636.30	645.7
laine	40.6	40.6	41.1	12.87	12.86	13.00	522.52	522.12	534.3
Lewiston-Auburn	40.5	41.6	42.8	11.50	11.33	11.56	465.75	471.33	494.7
Portland	40.0	37.1	38.0	11.35	11.00	11.09	454.00	408.10	421.4
faryland	41.7	41.8	41.2	13.88	14.33	14.17	578.80	596.13	583.8
Baltimore PMSA	42.4	41.8	41.1	14.81	15.12	14.88	627.94	632.02	611.5
lassachusetts	42.3	42.2	42.6	13.09	13.38	13.47	553.71	564.64	573.8
	42.2	41.7							
Boston			42.2	14.20	14.57	14.59	599.24	607.57	615.7
Springfield	43.1	41.8	43.7	12.56	12.87	12.93	541.34	537.97	565.0
Worcester	42.6	43.3	43.6	12.95	13.45	13.44	551.67	582.39	585.9
lichigan	45.2	44.3	44.8	16.96	17.00	17.18	767.50	753.10	769.6
Ann Arbor	47.8	45.8	46.8	17.19	17.83	17.96	821.68	816.61	840.5
Detroit	46.0	45.3	45.8	18.55	18.43	18.70	853.30	834.88	856.4
Flint	48.7	46.3	45.4	22.27	21.94	21.89	1,084.55	1,015.82	993.8
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	42.8	42.5	43.1	14.50	14.53	14.56	620.60	617.52	627.5
Jackson	42.2	42.1	42.2	12.75	13.12	13.16	538.05	552.35	555.3
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	43.8	44.7	44.7	15.39	14.78	15.03	674.08	660.67	671.8
Lansing East Lansing	46.7	43.6	44.5	18.62	18.36	17.91	869.55	800.50	796.9
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	48.8	47.9	47.7	19.90	20.22	20.30	971.12	968.54	968.3
innesota	42.4	41.9	42.3	13.24	13.58	13.70	561.38	569.00	579.5
Duluth-Superior	40.6	39.4	39.2	11.54	12.19	12.42	468.52	480.29	486.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul	42.2	42.0	42.1	14,15	14.46	14.66	597.13	607.32	617.
St. Cloud	40.6	43.9	44.1	12.31	12.47	12.64	499.79	547.43	557.4
lississippi	41.8	41.2	42.0	10.28	10.44	10.47	429.70	430.13	439.7
Jackson	43.6	41.0	41.5	11.84	11.78	11.75	507.50	482.98	487.6
issouri	42.0	41.4	41.6	12.70	12.86	12.75	533.40	532.40	530.
Kansas City	44.2	44.5	44.3	14.42	13.92	13.84	637.36	619.44	613.
St. Louis	42.6	42.0	42.2	15.15	15.03	15.02	645.39	631.26	633.8
Springfield	41.6	40.0	39.9	10.87	11.06	10.93	452.19	442.40	436.
ontana	39.7	40.1	40.7	13.09	13.36	13.48	519.67	535.74	548.
ebraska	42.3	42.0	42.7	11.64	12.12	12.03	492.37	509.04	513.0
lineals	44.6	46.6	47.9	13.25	13.65	13.64	590.95	636.09	653.3
Lincoln									
Omaha	42.0	41.1	42.3	12.82	13.44	13.81	538.44	552.38	584.
	42.0 42.8	41.1	42.3	12.82	13.44	13.91	573.95	552.38 576.58	584. 606.

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected area — Continued

	Aver	age weekly h	ours	Avera	ige hourly ear	nings	Avera	ge weekly ea	mings
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
New Hampshire	42.6	41.4	41.7	\$12.35	\$12.46	\$12.51	\$526.11	\$515.84	\$521.67
Manchester	42.2	39.2	40.7	13.33	13.59	13.65	562.53	532.73	555.56
Nashua	42.3	41.0	41.0	14.86	14.63	14.75	628.58	599.83	604.75
Portsmouth-Rochester	41.7	42.4	41.6	11.70	11.59	11.62	487.89	491.42	483.39
New Jersey	42.2	41.8	42.2	13.84	14.15	14.26	584.05	591.47	601.77
•	İ		ł	1			1		
New Mexico	40.7 40.5	41.0 41.5	42.0 42.1	10.70 11.71	11.18 13. 3 0	10.95 13.13	435.49 474.26	457.56 551.95	459.90 552.7
New York	41.8	41,2	41.7	12.88	13.21	13.30	535.81	544.25	554.6
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	41.5	42.0	42.3	14.25	14,71	14.85	591.38	617.82	628.1
	1	38.8	41.4	10.23	10.56	10.83	434.78	409.73	448.3
Binghamton									
Buffalo-Niagara Falls		42.6	43.1	16.46	18.68	17.08	722.59	710.57	736.1
Dutchess County	37.2	38.9	39.6	11.71	12.17	12.27	435.61	473.41	485.8
Elmira	42.4	42.2	43.0	11.93	12.16	12.28	505.83	513.15	528.0
Nassau-Suffolk	40.5	40.5	41.0	11.68	12.10	12,11	473.04	490.05	496.5
New York PMSA	38.9	38.8	39.2	11.53	12.00	12.06	448.52	465.60	472.7
New York City		38.5	38.9	11.33	11.78	11.83	437.34	453.53	460.1
Newburgh	40.1	41.9	42.1	11.19	11.20	11.44	448.72	469.28	481.6
Rochester	44.9	43.2	43.6	14.38	14.98	14.87	645.66	647.14	648.3
Rockland County		42.1	42.6	15.13	15.69	15.71	644.54	660.55	669.2
Syracuse		42.6	43.4	13.89	14.12	14.26	612.55	601.51	618.8
Utica-Rome	40.1	39.8	40.3	11.88	11.50	11.55	468.37	457.70	465.4
Westchester County	41.1	40.6	41.2	11.93	12.54	12.57	490.32	509.12	517.8
forth Carolina		41.2	41.6	11.06	11.40	11.43	454.57	469.68	475.4
Asheville	41.4	42.2	42.3	10.66	11.20	11.31	441.32	472.64	478.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	41.1	41,4	41.5	12.02	12.34	12.35	494.02	510.88	512.5
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	40.3	40.8	40.8	11.37	11.87	11.85	458.21	484.30	483.4
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill		41.4	42.4	12.09	12.57	12.59	500.53	520.40	533.8
North Dakota Fargo-Moorhead		40.6 42.7	40.9 42.5	11.16 10.98	11.24 11.50	11.40 11.67	476.53 475.43	456.34 491.05	466.2 495.9
DN1-	١	40.4	400	14.04	15 15	15.22	CEO OE	CE7 E1	672.9
Dhio		43.4	43.9	14.94	15.15	15.33	658.85	657.51	
Akron		42.1	42.6	12.35	12.57	12.68	519.94	529.20	540.1
Canton-Massillon		42.0	41.8	13.52	13.68	14.01	557.02	574.56	585.6
Cincinnati	44.0	43.4	44.1	14.54	14.56	14.62	639.76	631.90	644.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	43.7	43.8	43.6	15.04	15.22	15.10	657.25	666.64	658.3
Columbus		42.5	43.1	13.80	14.56	14.72	583.74	618.80	634.4
		45.0	45.6	16.04	16.04	16.35	721.80	721.60	745.5
Dayton-Springfield									
Hamilton-Middletown		45.7	47.2	16.58	16.89	17.01	764.34	771.87	802.8
Lima	43.5	43.3	44.2	15.74	16.26	16.33	684.69	704.06	721.7
Mansfield	44.3	42.8	43.3	15.70	16.05	16.34	695.51	686.94	707.5
Steubenville-Weirton	42.9	41.9	42.1	16.52	15.93	16.54	708.71	667.47	696.3
		42.7	45.4	16.73	16.19	16.73	751.18	691.31	759.5
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	44.1	43.4	43.0	16.25	16.72	17.08	716.63	725.65	734.4
Okiahoma	42.1	42.0	42.1	11.88	12.13	12.45	500.15	509.46	524.1
Oklahoma City	43.6	42.5	42.5	13.23	12.74	12,77	576.83	541.45	542.7
Tulsa	42.2	42.3	42.3	12.76	12.77	12.74	538.47	540.17	538.9
Oregon	40.8	41,2	40.9	13.06	13.25	13.39	532.85	545.90	547.6
Eugene-Springfield		39.1	39.3	12.97	12.63	12.70	517.50	493.83	499.1
		39.1	40.2						
Medford-Ashland				12.20	12.67	12.58	505.08	495.40	505.7
Portland-Vancouver	41.2 39.2	41.9 41.0	41.8 39.7	13.40 11.42	13.41 11.67	13.66 11.87	552.08 447.66	561.88 478.47	570.9 471.2
Pennsylvania	42.2	42.1	42.7	13.45		13.82	567.59		[
					13.74			578.45 501.71	590.1
Allentown-Bethlem-Easton		42.6	42.5	13.36	13.89	14.04	566.46	591.71	596.7
Altoona	40.6	40.7	41.6	11.22	11.57	11.72	455.53	470.90	487.5
Erie	45.0	45.1	45.6	14.08	14.45	14.47	633.60	651.70	659.8
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		39.8	40.8	12.95	13.33	13.36	520.59	530.53	545.0
Johnstown		39.5	39.2	10.03	10.17	10.24	398.19	401.72	401.4
Lancaster		40.6	41.2	13.02	13.01				
						13.06	531.22	528.21	538.0
Philadelphia PMSA		41.3	41.6	14.43	14.74	14.66	597.40	608.76	618.1
Pittsburgh	43.4	43.0	43.3	14.55	14.71	14.84	631.47	632.53	642.5
Reading		42.2	42.5	14.50	14.91	14.97	616.25	629.20	636.2
			41.6	11.96	12.40	12.36	487.97	508.40	
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazleton		41.0							514.1
		41.9	44.0	14.26	14.52	14.93	636.00	608.39	656.9
	, ,,,,								
State College		41.9	41.5	11.24	11.64	11.82	483.32	496.10	490.5
	41.6	41.9 41.6 42.6	41.5 41.2 44.2	11.24 11.06	11.64 10.51	11.82	483.32 460.10	496.10 437.22	490.5

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected area --- Continued

	Aver	age weekly h	ours	Avera	age hourly ear	nings	Avera	ge weekly ea	nings
State and area	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	August 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	40.7 41.3	40.5 41.3	41.7 42.5	\$10.96 10.98	\$11.33 11.50	\$11.29 11.35	\$446.07 453.47	\$458.87 474.95	\$470.79 482.38
South Carolina	42.0	42.3	42.5	10.28	10.38	10.40	431.76	439.07	442.00
South Dakota	41.6	41.9	42.0	9.89	10.00	10.01	411,42	419.00	420.42
Rapid City	40.4	41.1	41.4	9.57	9.89	9.95	386.63	406.48	411.93
Sioux Falls	41.6	42.0	42.2	10.00	10.39	10.40	416.00	436.38	438.88
Tennessee	41.4	41.8	41.9	11.32	11.80	11.76	468.65	493.24	492.74
Chattanooga	41.5	41.8	41.7	10.75	10.94	10.80	446.13	457.29	450.36
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	40.6	41.0	41.0	12.38	12.67	12.64	502.63	519.47	518.24
Knoxville	41.2	41.9	41.8	11.02	11.23	11.36	454.02	470.54	474.85
Memphis	42.2	41.6	41.2	11.71	12.17	12.16	494.16	506.27	500.99
Nashville	41.7	41.0	41.1	12.06	12.68	12.67	502.90	519.88	520.74
Texas	43.4	43.5	43.9	11.85	12.08	12.12	514.29	525.48	532.07
Dallas	44.1	43.5	44,1	11.65	12.10	12.07	513.77	526.35	532.29
Ft. Worth-Arlington	42.5	44.2	44.3	12.56	12.94	13.08	533.80	571.95	579.44
Houston	45.3	45.7	46.3	13.93	14.04	14.05	631.03	641.63	650,52
San Antonio	41.4	40.9	41.7	9.48	9.61	9.66	392.47	393.05	402.82
th-L				40.40	40.00	40.00			
Salt Lake City-Ogden	41.1 40.8	40.4 40.4	40.7 40.7	12.48 12.41	12.75 12.85	12.87 12.78	512.93 506.33	515.10 519.14	523.81 520.15
			ļ			1	1 1		
Vermont	41.0 43.7	41.2 44.8	42.1 46.1	12.55 12.67	12.89 13.79	12.87 13.16	514.55 553.68	531.07 617.79	541.83 606.68
Domington	70.7	44.0	1 -0.1	12.01	10.73	10.10	330.00	017.73	000.00
Virginia	42.6	42.5	42.4	12.23	12.57	12.60	521.00	534.23	534.24
Bristol	42.4	38.7	40.1	10.09	10.50	10.50	427.82	406.35	421.05
Charlottesville	41.8	45.3	44.3	10.01	10.25	10.38	418.42	464.33	459.83
Danville	43.4	44.2	44.4	11.61	12.52	12.52	503.87	553.38	555.69
Lynchburg	42.0	42.9	43.0	11.86	12.29	12.18	498.12	527.24	523.74
Northern Virginia	40.6	41.6	40.9	12.65	12.77	12.73	513.59	531.23	520.66
Richmond-Petersburg	43.4	42.8	42.5	15.96	15.91	16.03	692.68	680.95	681.28
Roanoke	39.6	40.1	40.8	13.30	13.81	13.86	529.34	553.78	565.49
Washington	41.7	40.7	41.6	14.67	15.07	15.31	611.74	613.35	636.90
West Virginia	41.7	41.4	42.1	12.97	13.15	13.13	540.85	544.41	552.77
Charleston	47.2	46.5	46.8	14.12	14.66	14.83	666.46	681.69	694.04
Huntington-Ashland	42.1	44.3	44.2	14.21	15.34	14.69	598.24	679.56	649.30
Parkersburg-Marietta	43.8	45.0	44.5	16.63	16.50	16.64	728.39	742.50	740.48
Wheeling	41.4	40.1	37.7	16.35	15.06	15.28	676.89	603.91	576.06
Wisconsin	42.9	42.4	43.2	13.21	13.57	13.67	566.71	575.37	590.54
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	44.1	44.0	44.5	14.51	14.76	14.80	639.89	649.44	658.60
Eau Claire	45.2	41.3	41.2	12.64	12.61	12.26	571.33	520.79	505.11
Green Bay	42.8	41.7	42.3	14.34	15.06	14.64	613.75	628.00	619.27
Janesville-Beloit	46.3	44.8	45.9	16.54	17.21	17.23	765.80	771.01	790.86
Kenosha	40.4	39.1	40.3	14.26	14.31	14.81	576.10	559.52	596.84
La Crosse	40.0	40.3	41.9	11.16	11.52	11.37	446,40	464.26	476,40
	42.7	42.5	43.3	12.43	12.59	12.97	530.76	535.08	561.60
Madison	42.7	42.5 41.9	43.3	14.44	14.99	15.04	609.37	628.08	636.19
Milwaukee-Waukesha	42.2 42.1	41.7	42.3	13.84	14.99	14.13	582.66	587.55	603.35
Racine	44.5	42.1	43.5	12.92	12.79	13.03	574.94	538.46	566.81
Sheboygan	44.5 44.4	43.4	44.4	12.92	13.10	13.25	572.76	568.54	588.30
Wyoming	40.7	41.0	41.0	13.98	14.80	15.25	568.99	606.80	625.25
Puerto Rico	29.8	39.7	39.9	8.15	8.13	8.26	242.87	322.76	329.57
Virgin Islands	38.0	42.4	43.3	17.68	17.94	18.32	671.84	760.66	793.26

Not available.
P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1996 benchmarks.

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted1

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and		1996						19	97				
division	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
NORTHEAST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²					39,788	39,783	39,784	39,784		39,791	39,799	39,811	
Civilian labor force		25,859	25,844	26,120	26,155	26,046	26,137	26,279	26,243	26,258	26,118	26,141	26,03
Employed						24,610 1.436		24,820	24,755 1,488	24,812 1,446	24,745 1,373	24,745 1,396	24,65 1,37
Unemployment rate		1,417 5.5	1,431 5.5	1,510 5.8	1,458 5.6	5.5	1,417 5.4	1,459 5.6	1,466 5.7	5.5	5.3	5.3	
,] 3.4	5.5	5.5	5.0	3.0	0.0	5.4	5.0	0.7	5.5	5.0	0.0	.
New England	1												1
Civilian noninstitutional population2	10,329	10,333		10,342		10,343		10,348	10,353	10,355	10,361	10,367	10,37
Civilian labor force	7,059	7,077	7,047	7,113	7,056	7,111	7,225	7,203	7,246	7,210	7,148	7,136	
Employed	6,727	6,753		6,774	6,758	6,780	6,875	6,824	6,907	6,904	6,843	6,867	6,83
Unemployed	333	324	342	339	298	331	349	379	338	306	304	269	30
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.6	4.9	4.8	4.2	4.7	4.8	5.3	4.7	4.2	4.3	3.8	4
Middle Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		29,455	29,455	29,456	29,447	29,440	29,438	29,436			29,438		
Civilian labor force							18,912	19,076		19,048	18,970		
Employed		17,690	17,709		17,939	17,830	17,844	17,996	17,848	17,908	17,902	17,878	17,82
Unemployed	1,062	1,093	1,089	1,171	1,160	1,105	1,068	1,080	1,150	1,140	1,068	1,127	1,07
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.7	6.1	6.0	5.6	5.9	5
SOUTH													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²					71,187					71,561	71,652		
Civilian labor force	47,040	46,960		47,096	47,108	47,450	47,082	47,311	47,253	47,067	47,187	47,192	47,04
Employed					44,522	44,900	44,871	44,965	44,835	44,731	44,816		
Unemployed		2,513		2,371	2,586	2,550	2,211	2,346		2,336	2,372	2,297	2,1
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.5	5.4	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	4
South Atlantic										,			
Civilian noninstitutional population ²					36,759	36,790	36,829	36,867	36,905	36,946		37,037	37,08
Civilian labor force					24,157	24,451	24,346		24,568	24,343	24,503	24,366	
Employed				23,155	22,889	23,266		23,384		23,343	23,359	23,326	
Unemployed		1,155	1,197	1,181	1,268	1,185	1,129	1,125	1,166	1,000	1,144	1,040	9:
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.7	4.3	3
East South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	12,453	12,466	12,478	12,492	12,501	12,509	12,522	12,533	12,546	12,557	12,571	12,586	
Civilian labor force	8,123	8,103	8,133	8,051	8,135	8,177	8,134	8,004	8,000	8,016	7,934	8,076	8,00
Employed		7,582	7,673	7,590	7,686	7,713	7,745	7,622	7,566	7,563	7,477	7,588	7,5
Unemployed		520	460	461	448	464	389	382	433	452	457	488	4
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.4	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.7	4.8	4.8	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	5
West South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	21,821	21,850		21,907	21,928	21,952		22,003	22,031	22,058	22,089	22,120	
Civilian labor force	14,742	14,716		14,710		14,822	14,603	14,798	14,665		14,750	14,750	14,8
Employed	13,971	13,878			13,947	13,921	13,909	13,959	13,846	13,825	13,979	13,981	
Unemployed		838 5.7	779 5.3	729 5.0	869 5.9	901 6.1	694 4.8	839 5.7	82 0 5.6	884 6.0	770 5.2	769 5.2	

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted 1 — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and		1996						19	97				
division	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
MIDWEST													
		l			1	ł					l		
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	46,992	47,025	47,054	47,085	47,098	47,115		47,164	47,190	47,218	47,252	47,289	47,323
Civilian labor force		32,778	32,723	32,588			32,730	32,701	32,871	32,824	32,993	33,102	33,140
Employed		31,267	31,245	31,157				31,506	31,607	31,640		31,716	31,745
Unemployed		1,512	1,478	1,431		1,310		1,195	1,264	1,185		1,387	1,394
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.2
East North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	33.086	33,107	33.126	33,145	33,152	33,162	33,177	33,192	33,208	33,226	33,247	33.271	33.293
Civilian labor force		22,634	22.613	22,576	22,588		22,659	22,579	22,733	22,649		22,910	22,942
Employed		21,579		21,557		21,742		21,726	21,832	21,749		21,908	21,935
Unemployed		1.055	1,083	1,019	1,028	996	988	853	901	899	927	1.001	1,007
Unemployment rate			4.8	4.5	4.6		4.4	3.8	4.0	4.0		4.4	4.4
West North Central													
Obdies sesimala deserva	13,906	10.010	10 000	10.040	40.046	10.050	40,000	10.070	10 000	10.000	44.004	44.040	44.000
Civilian noninstitutional population ² Civilian labor force	10,129	13,918	13,928	13,940	13,946		13,962	13,972	13,982			14,018	14,030
		10,144	10,110						10,137	10,176		10,193	10,198
Employed		9,687	9,715	9,600			9,704	9,780	9,775	9,890	9,821	9,807	9,810
Unemployed Unemployment rate		456 4.5	395 3.9	412 4.1	363 3.6	315 3.1	367 3.6	341 3.4	363 3.6	285 2.8	368 3.6	385	387 3.8
Chemployment rate	4.0	4.5	3.5	**.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.8	3.6
WEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	44,087	44,151	44,213	44,274	44,316	44,366	44,424	44,481	44,539	44,597	44,661	44,728	44,794
Civilian labor force			29,680	29,848			30,031	29,833	29,868	30,000	30,258	30,191	30,252
Employed	27,691	27,791	27,800	28,050			28,311	28,236	28,205	28,425	28,568	28,484	28,624
Unemployed	1,853	1,894	1,880	1,798	1,699	1,794	1,720	1,597	1,663	1,576	1,690	1,707	1,628
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.4
Mountain													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	12,199	12,229	12,258	12,287	12.309	12,334	12,362	12,390	12,418	12,446	12,474	12.505	12,535
Civilian labor force		8,391	8,439	8,430			8,406	8,411	8.439	8,578		8,540	8.643
Employed		7,983	8,022	8,034		8,005	8,041	8.033	8.064	8,250		8,232	8.308
Unemployed		408	417	395	393	393	365	378	375	328	360	308	335
Unemployment rate		4.9	4.9	4.7	4.7		4.3	4.5	4.4	3.8	4.2	3.6	3.9
Pacific													
					_								
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	31,888	31,922	31,955			32,032	32,062	32,091	32,121	32,150		32,223	32,259
Civilian labor force		21,293	21,241	21,418			21,625	21,422	21,430	21,423		21,651	21,610
Employed		19,808	19,778					20,203	20,141	20,175		20,252	20,316
Unemployed		1,486	1,463	1,403	1,306		1,355	1,219	1,288	1,248		1,399	1,294
Unemployment rate	6.7	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.1	6.5	6.3	5.7	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.0

¹ These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Mane, Ma

Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

State		19	96	,		т	,	,	1997		,	т	,
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
Alabama						 						 	
Civilian labor force	2,091.6	2,095.1	2.097.3	2,096.7	2,088.3	2,096.1	2,105.8	2,098.9	2,099.9	2,095.7	2,108.6	2,109.2	2,11
Employed	1,989.7	1,995.2	2,000.0	2,002.6	1,996.6	2,003.4	2,010.2	2,006.1	2,002.0	2,000.9	2,009.2	2,009.0	2,012
Unemployed	101.9	99.9	97.3	94.1	91.8	92.7	95.6	92.8	97.9	94.9	99.4	100.2	104
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.8	, , ,
Onemployment rate	7.5	-4.0	4.0	7.5	7.7	1 7.7	4.5	4.4	ļ " "	4.5	4.7	1.0	
Alaska									 				
Civilian labor force	318.5	319.2	319.9	320.9	320.6	322.1	323.4	323.8	322.0	321.4	322.9	324.0	32
Employed	293.8	294.2	294.8	295.4	296.5	297.8	298.1	298.1	299.9	299.2	299.5	299.4	30
Unemployed	24.7	25.0	25.1	25.5	24.1	24.5	25.3	25.7	22.1	22.2	23.4	24.6	2
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.5	7.6	7.8	7.9	6.9	6.9	7.3	7.6	i .
Arizona												}	
Sivilian labor force	2,256.8	2,257.6	2,262.3	2,262.5	2,293.9	2,278.5	2,273.8	2,272.6	2,281.6	2,268.2	2,282.9	2,291.8	2,29
Employed	2,126.5	2,129.4	2,136.6	2,139.6	2,173.9	2,161.8	2,163.5	2,164.6	2,174.2	2,169.3	2,186.2	2,190.5	2,19
Unemployed	130.3	128.2	125.7	122.9	120.0	116.8	110.3	108.0	107.4	98.9	96.6	101.3	9
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.4	١
Onemployment rate	3.0	3.7	0.0	5.4	J.2	J 5.1	4.5	7.0	7	1	7.2	7.7	
Arkansas													
Divilian labor force	1,239.1	1,239.4	1,239.6	1,239.7	1,242.5	1,245.2	1,250.2	1,241.3	1,238.6	1,244.6	1,247.8	1,246.4	1,24
Employed	1,169.1	1,170.3	1,171.4	1,173.2	1,175.8	1,177.7	1,182.1	1,183.7	1,181.7	1,180.1	1,179.1	1,179.7	1,17
Unemployed	70.0	69.1	68.2	66.5	66.7	67.5	68.1	57.6	56.9	64.4	68.7	66.7	6
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	4.6	4.6	5.2	5.5	5.3	
California										,			
Civilian labor force	15.664.1	15,669.0	15,684.6	15,665.0	15,770.7	15,785.3	15,839.2	15,874.2	15,848.5	15,833.8	15,874.2	15,918.6	15.91
Employed		14,573.6	14,594.8	14,598.4	14,687.0	14,745.9	14,792,5	14,836.0	14,842.0	14,840.1	14,887.3	14,924.7	14,91
Unemployed	1,106.8	1,095.3	1,089.8	1,066.6	1,083.7	1,039.4	1,046.7	1,038.3	1,006.4	993.7	987.0	993.8	1,00
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.2	
Colorado									 				
Civilian labor force	2,097.8	2,099.5	2,101.6	2,100.4	2,129.0	2,131.8	2,144.4	2,149.8	2,140.2	2,151.7	2,168.6	2,167.0	2,170
Employed	2,009.5	2,012.5	2,015.8	2,015.9	2,050.0	2,064.6	2,075.3	2,078.4	2,065.7	2,076.9	2,101.3	2,097.8	2,10
Unemployed	88.3	87.0	85.8	84.5	79.0	67.3	69.1	71.4	74.5	74.8	67.3	69.2	7:
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.2	:
Connecticut													
Civilian labor force	1,721.5	1,724.1	1,723.3	1,722.0	1.735.6	1,731,4	1,732.6	1.741.5	1,741.7	1,749.2	1,746.6	1,741.5	1,74
Employed	1,622.9	1,624.4	1,624.0	1,623.0	1,645.9	1,646.0	1,646.9	1,651.7	1,651.2	1,657.7	1,663.1	1,661.7	1,66
Unemployed	98.5	99.6	99.3	99.0	89.7	85.4	85.7	89.8	90.5	91.5	83.5	79.8	7
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	4.8	4.6	
Delaware													
ivilian labor force	382.4	383.4	383.9	384.4	393.1	393.2	393.6	390.7	389.4	390.9	391.2	390.8	39
Employed	361.9	362.9	363.5	364.2	373.6	374.5	375.2	374.4	373.5	374.0	374.3	374.4	37
Unemployed	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.2	19.4	18.6	18.4	16.3	15.8	16.9	16.9	16.3	1
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.2	
District of Columbia									,		!		
ivilian labor force	270.5	270.1	269.5	270.0	267.6	266.1	269.2	266.7	266.8	256.6	257.2	262.0	26
Employed	247.4	247.3	247.5	247.3	246.7	246.4	248.1	247.5	248.6	239.4	238.3	241.0	24
Unemployed	23.1	22.7	22.0	22.7	20.9	19.7	21.1	19.3	18.2	17.2	19.0	21.0	2
Unemployment rate	8.5	8.4	8.2	8.4	7.8	7.4	7.8	7.2	6.8	6.7	7.4	8.0	
Florida													
civilian labor force	6,959.4	6,974.0	6,982.6	6,997.1	7,100.2	7,094.6	7,098.3	7,099.6	7,144.3	7,144.3	7,143.9	7,177.5	7,18
Employed	6,610.4	6,628.6	6,639.0	6,656.1	6,752.6	6,748.1	6,741.8	6,742.5	6,785.0	6,789.8	6,813.2	6,837.4	6,84
Unemployed	349.0	345.3	343.6	340.9	347.6	346.5	356.5	357.1	359.2	354.5	330.7	340.1	33
Unemployment rate	5.0												

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		19	96 					·	1997				
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p
Georgia													
Civilian labor force	3,777.9	3,787.9	3,798.0	3,803.6	3,826.3	3,835.0	3,842.1	3,846.9	3,853.6	3,870.3	3,870.1	3,901.4	3,905.2
Employed	3,601.9	3,613.7	3,621.3	3,625.3	3,648.8	3,655.3	3,663.2	3,680.1	3,680.5	3,699.9	3,701.1	3,730.7	3,729.5
Unemployed		174.3	176.8	178.2	177.7	179.7	178.9	166.7	173.1	170.4	169.0	170.7	175.6
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5
Hawail							:						
Civilian labor force	593.8	594.2	596.6	596.0	594.6	593.9	593.1	593.6	590.2	593.4	597.5	598.8	598.2
Employed	555.9	556.7	556.7	557.1	560.8	560.9	558.8	558.3	555.6	558.9	560.0	562.5	562.7
Unemployed		37.4	39.9	38.9	33.8	33.0	34.3	35.3	34.6	36.5	37.5	36.3	35.5
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.3	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.9
Idaho												•	
Civilian labor force		625.5	628.5	631.1	636.3	631.6	632.0	634.6	636.7	639.5	641.1	638.9	640.1
Employed		593.4	595.1	598.1	602.8	599.1	598.4	602.5	605.9	608.6	609.6	605.6	608.2
Unemployed		32.1	33.5	35.0	33.5	32.5	33.6 5.3	32.1 5.1	30.8 4.8	30.9 4.8	31.4 4.9	33.3 5.2	31.9 5.0
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.1	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.0
Minois													
Civilian labor force		6,110.3	6,114.2	6,126.8	6,130.2	6,131.8	6,149.6	6,139.5	6,117.6	6,121.1	6,145.0	6,146.2	6,129.0
Employed		5,788.9	5,795.0	5,806.7	5,821.7	5,827.6	5,841.9	5,844.1	5,849.3	5,849.4	5,856.9	5,872.2	5,851.8
Unemployed		321.4	319.2	320.1	308.5	304.2	307.7	295.4	268.3	271.7	288.1	274.0	277.2
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.5
Indiana													
Civilian labor force		3,058.5	3,058.5	3,048.1	3,076.8	3,062.7	3,083.6 2.985.2	3,098.2	3,106.0	3,108.5	3,121.4 3.021.6	3,120.6	3,120.2
Employed	2,938.1 123.4	2,941.5 117.0	2,945.8 112.7	2,938.3 109.8	2,982.8 94.3	2,975.3 87.4	2,985.2 98.4	2,997.9 100.3	3,006.8 99.1	3,006.7 101.8	99.8	3,010.8 109.8	3,009.4 110.9
Unemployed Unemployment rate	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.6
lowa													
Civilian labor force	1,604,0	1,601.3	1,605,1	1,610.0	1,603.6	1,615.0	1,627.0	1.619.2	1.615.3	1,610.8	1,599.6	1,583.0	1,592.4
Employed	1	1,539.4	1,543.1	1,548.3	1,545.9	1,558.0	1,574.2	1,565.6	1,566.6	1,561.9	1,557.9	1,539.6	1,549.3
Unemployed		61.8	61.9	61.6	57.7	57.0	52.8	53.6	48.8	48.9	41.7	43.4	43.1
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.7
Kansas													
Civilian labor force	1,341.1	1,346.0	1,348.3	1,347.2	1,385.2	1,383.6	1,382.0	1,384.0	1,383.1	1,380.5	1,392.5	1,392.3	1,396.7
Employed		1,283.8	1,285.8	1,285.4	1,329.6	1,329.2	1,328.8	1,328.9	1,327.6	1,328.2	1,338.4	1,340.5	1,343.2
Unemployed		62.2	82.5	61.8	55.6	54.5 3.9	53.2 3.8	55.1 4.0	55.5 4.0	52.4 3.8	54.2 3.9	51.8 3.7	53.5 3.6
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.0	3.9	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	5.5	3.7	3.0
Kentucky													
Civilian labor force		1,874.5	1,876.1	1,880.1	1,913.8	1,911.3	1,916.0	1,924.0	1,920.6	1,920.1	1,928.7	1,924.2	1,926.5
Employed		1,768.4	1,769.0	1,770.6 109.6	1,808.4 105.4	1,805.9 105.5	1,813.5 102.5	1,824.4 99.6	1,821.1 99.5	1,820.9 99.3	1,826.5 102.2	1,821.9 102.3	1,826.9 99.7
Unemployed		106.1 5.7	107.2 5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.2
Louisiana													
Civilian labor force	2,014.2	2,017.2	2,016.8	2,023.7	2,011.9	2,012.0	2,030.6	2,022.0	2,019.4	2,004.9	2,005.7	2,013.1	2,004.8
Employed		1,860.6	1,886.6	1,890.8	1,896.9	1,906.8	1,912.4	1,909.6	1,892.8	1,879.0	1,878.2	1,891.8	1,890.1
Unemployed	137.6	136.6	130.2	132.9	115.0	105.2	118.2	112.4	126.5	125.9	127.5	121.3	114.8
Unemployment rate	6.8	6.8	6.5	6.6	5.7	5.2	5.8	5.6	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.0	5.7
Maine													
Civilian labor force		673.8	674.0	674.7	667.8	666.8	672.6	669.1	668.7	670.0	668.4	669.1	666.9
Employed		640.8	641.9	643.1	638.1	637.9	643.3	637.3	636.3	637.8	634.3	637.3	635.3
Unemployed		33.0	32.0	31.6 4.7	29.7 4.4	29.0 4.3	29.3 4.4	31.8 4.7	32.4 4.8	32.1 4.8	34.1 5.1	31.7 4.7	31.6 4.7
Unemployment rate	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.3	7.4	4./	4.0	4.0	9.1	7./	4.7

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		19	96				,		1997				
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
Maryland													
Civilian labor force	2,802.2	2,806.0	2,807.8	2,806.5	2,759.1	2,760.2	2,764.3	2,772.3	2,779.8	2,776.0	2,775.8	2,762.2	2,766
Employed	2,668.3	2,675.0	2,677.7	2,679.4	2,632.8	2,634.8	2,639.6	2,640.3	2,648.5	2,644.7	2,644.7	2,637.7	2,636
Unemployed		131.0	130.1	127.2	126.5	125.5	124.7	132.1	131.3	131.3	131.1	124.5	129
Unemployment rate		4.7	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	4
Massachusetts													
Civilian labor force	3,193.7	3,200.4	3,202.5	3,200.6	3,216.6	3,213.8	3,217.0	3,234.1	3,236.6	3,226.3	3,235.1	3,244.5	3,242
Employed		3,072.7	3,076.7	3,075.2	3.085.8	3,092.6	3,089.7	3,101.4	3,099.6	3,098.5	3,110.0	3,105.8	3,112
Unemployed		127.7	125.7	125.4	130.9	121.2	127.3	132.7	137.0	127.8	125.2	138.8	129
Unemployment rate		4.0	3.9	3.9	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.3	4
Michigan													
Oi: dies takes fares	4 004 0	4 840 0	4 045 0	4 945 2	4,887.8	4,891.4	4,880.3	4,874.0	4,875.5	4,866.3	4,863.3	4,846.4	4.861
Civilian labor force		4,640.9	4,845.3	4,845.3				4,661.4	4,678.3	4,669.6	4,673.5	4,665.5	4,665
Employed		4,608.8	4,614.4	4,812.9	4,647.9	4,671.6	4,671.9			196.7		180.9	195
Unemployed		232.2	230.9	232.4	239.9	219.8	208.4	212.6	197.2		189.8		
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.7	4
Minnesota													
Civilian labor force	2,613.7	2,613.1	2,613.2	2,613.8	2,648.4	2,650.3	2,652.3	2,656.2	2,659.0	2,657.5	2,668.1	2,675.7	2,675
Employed	2,507.1	2,508.3	2,509.6	2,511.2	2,555.8	2,570.7	2,571.4	2,566.3	2,571.2	2,573.0	2,586.2	2,589.2	2,589
Unemployed		104,9	103.6	102.6	92.6	79.6	80.9	89.9	87.7	84.5	81.9	86.5	85
Unemployment rate		4.0	4.0	3.9	3.5	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3
Mississippi													
Chillian Jahar faran	1,258.4	1,262.3	1,262.9	1,262.7	1,269.4	1,277.8	1,279.8	1,273.1	1,272.1	1,265.9	1,273.5	1,274.9	1,280
Civilian labor force Employed		1,186.7	1,188.2	1,189.3	1,199.1	1,205.9	1,205.2	1,209.2	1,209.1	1,202.9	1,210.0	1,204.9	1,204
			74.8	73.4	70.4	71.9	74.6	64.0	63.1	63.0	63.8	70.0	75
UnemployedUnemployment rate		75.6 6.0	74.8 5.9	73.4 5.8	5.5	71.9 5.6	74.8 5.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.5	5
Missouri		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		5.5	U.		
						0.070.0		0.000 5	0.004.5				0.007
Civilian labor force		2,917.2 2,781.0	2,923.1 2,782.5	2,925.5 2,784.1	2,865.6 2,739.1	2,873.8 2,747.6	2,857.0 2,737.8	2,863.5 2,736.5	2,861.5 2,745.5	2,857.2 2,746.9	2,852.7 2,750.4	2,853.9 2,752.3	2,867 2,753
Employed								127.1	116.0	110.3	102.4	101.6	114
Unemployed		136.2 4.7	140.6 4.8	141.4 4.8	128.5 4.4	126.1 4.4	119.2 4.2	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.6	3.6	4
Montana		-,,,											
	4470	450.4	454.0	440.0	454.4	450.0	450.0	456.7	459.0	450.4	460.8	465.7	462
Civilian labor force		450.4	451.0	449.3 427.7	454.4 432.5	453.0 432.4	456.0 433.5	456.7 432.4	459.0 436.5	458.4 435.5	460.8	465.7 442.1	440
Employed		428.4	429.3					24.3	22.5		23.5	23.6	22
Unemployed		22.0	21.7	21.6 4.8	21.9	20.7 4.8	22.5	5.3	4.9	23.0 5.0	23.5 5.1	23.0 5.1	4
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.0	4.8	4.0	4.9	3.3	4.0	5.0	3.1	3.1	'
Nebraska													
Civilian labor force		916.5	918.3	916.5	921.1	918.7	919.8	917.3	919.9	919.0	922.8	922.8	926
Employed		889.7	890.9	890.6	898.4	896.3	898.0	899.2	898.6	897.0	900.8	899.7	902
Unemployed		26.8	27.4	26.0	22.7	22.3	21.7	18.1	21.3	22.0	22.2	23.2	24
Unemployment rate	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2
Nevada													
Civilian labor force		857.9	860.8	864.8	881.7	883.9	884.4	887.6	889.3	896.8	901.9	903.8	909
Employed		810.3	814.7	817.5	841.1	844.3	844.9	847.7	850.5	856.4	861.8	863.7	869
Unemployed Unemployment rate		47.6 5.5	48.2 5.4	47.3 5.5	40.8 4.6	39.6 4.5	39.5 4.5	39.9 4.5	38.8 4.4	40.4 4.5	40.1 4.4	40.2 4.4	39 4
New Hampshire	5.7	0.5	5.4	5.5	5	·	7.5		7.7	٠.٠	3.3	- 7∙*	
•	600.0	600 1	601.0	620.4	647.0	040 5	640.0	643.9	848.9	0E4 0	ger e	ern +	050
Civilian labor force Employed		622.1 595.9	621.0 595.7	620.1 595.9	647.3 626.7	848.5 826.7	640.9 627.5	643.9 626.8	630.9	851.3 632.3	655.8 836.2	653.1 635.3	852 633
Unemployed		26.2	25.3	24.2	20.6	21.8	13.4	17.1	18.1	19.0	19.6	17.8	18
Unemployment rate								2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.7	2
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.2	3.4	2.1	4./	0	2.9	3.0	2./	. 2

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		19	30						1997				
0.2.0	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
New Jersey													
ivilian labor force	4,143.5	4,150.6	4,153.5	4,152.1	4,145.0	4,142.7	4,132.6	4,139.1	4,135.8	4,141.9	4,158.1	4,143.2	4,146
Employed	3,887.2	3,894.6	3,899.3	3,900.6	3,898.7	3,912.7	3,905.5	3,924.1	3,914.5	3,915.2	3,934.9	3,928.1	3,924
Unemployed	256.3	256.0	254.2	251.6	246.4	230.0	227.0	215.0	221.3	226.7	223.2	215.1	22
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.2	!
New Mexico													
ivilian labor force	799.5	801.9	802.4	802.3	818.7	816.3	814.2	817.4	820.3	822.1	825.3	826.4	82
Employed	733.7	735.0	735.5	736.8	765.0	763.0	760.9	765.0	768.8	789.2	772.7	776.0	77
Unemployed	65.7	66.9	66.9	85.5	53.7	53.2	53.3	52.4	51.5	52.9	52.6	50.4	5
Unemployment rate	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.2	6.6	6.5	8.5	8.4	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.1	
New York													
ivilian labor force	8,654.8	8,687.8	8,680.8	8,686.6	8,677.2	8,691.9	8,705.9	8,715.9	8,750.5	8,759.9	8,774.8	8,779.3	8,79
Employed	8,126.1	8,137.0	8,143.3	8,147.1	8,129.5	8,144.7	8,157.1	8,185.0	8,195.8	8,208.8	8,213.8	8,217.8	8,24
Unemployed	528.7	530.8	537.4	539.5	547.8	547.2	548.8	550.8	554.7	551.0	560.9	561.7	55
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.1	8.2	8.2	6.3	6.3	8.3	6.3	6.3	8.3	6.4	6.4	
North Carolina													
civilian labor force	3,824.7	3,848.8	3,853.3	3,860.4	3,821.4	3,794.0	3,818.0	3,817.3	3,819.8	3,796.9	3,807.3	3,806.6	3,80
Employed	3,662.3	3,685.3	3,688.9	3,897.4	3,874.6	3,654.9	3,684.5	3,695.5	3,887.0	3,657.8	3,664.9	3,660.5	3,68
Unemployed	162.4	163.4	164.4	163.0	146.8	139.1	133.5	121.9	132.8	139.1	142.4	146.1	14
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.8	
North Dakota													
ivilian labor force	345.5	345.2	346.3	346.9	347.0	347.2	347.1	347.6	350.9	349.5	347.9	346.4	34
Employed	334.8	335.2	335.6	335.9	336.4	338.1	337.6	337.5	339.4	339.8	338.8	338.0	33
Unemployed	10.7	10.0	10.8	11.0	10.7	9.0	9.6	10.0	11.5	9.6	9.1	8.4	
Unemployment rate	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.4	
Ohio													
Civilian labor force	5,646.1	5,857.5	5,670.9	5,672.2	5,769.4	5,792.0	5,753.7	5,755.2	5,744.4	5,734.2	5,730.8	5,747.8	5,75
Employed	5,370.3	5,379.3	5,383.6	5,389.0	5,478.3	5,474.5	5,482.1	5,480.6	5,482.0	5,494.4	5,490.2	5,503.1	5,49
Unemployed	275.8	278.1	287.3	283.2	291.1	317.5	271.5	274.8	282.4	239.8	240.5	244.7	25
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.5	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.3	
Oklahoma													
ivilian labor force	1,583.2	1,587.5	1,588.7	1,590.1	1,602.1	1,606.0	1,601.1	1,598.1	1,601.2	1,598.3	1,803.7	1,601.9	1,60
Employed	1,520.0	1,524.9	1,526.4	1,528.8	1,540.8	1,551.8	1,544.3	1,543.3	1,545.2	1,539.4	1,542.6	1,539.9	1,54
Unemployed	63.2	62.6	62.3	61.3	61.4	54.2	56.8	54.8	56.0	59.0	61.1	62.0	6
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	
Oregon													
civilian labor force	1,724.9	1,729.8	1,738.7	1,743.1	1,731.0	1,704.1	1,713.6	1,730.3	1,708.0	1,696.8	1,706.0	1,738.0	1,75
Employed	1,621.2	1,624.4	1,630.3	1,633.3	1,636.2	1,608.7	1,614.2	1,633.0	1,622.6	1,610.3	1,615.8	1,642.4	1,66
Unemployed	103.7	105.4	108.4	109.8	94.8	95.4	99.5	97.3	85.4	86.5	90.1	95.7	9
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	
Pennsylvania													
Civilian labor force	5,915.5	5,922.3	5,926.3	5,934.7	5,959.2	5,980.9	5,980.6	5,978.0	6,004.3	5,993.0	6,008.4	6,002.3	5,99
Employed	5,615.8	5,627.8	5,637.4	5,647.4	5,681.5	5,686.8	5,678.3	5,864.6	5,694.3	5,670.4	5,890.2	5,688.0 316.3	5,68
Unemployed Unemployment rate	299.7 5.1	294.5 5.0	289.0 4.9	287.2 4.8	277.6 4.7	294.2 4.9	302.2 5.1	313.4 5.2	309.9 5.2	322.5 5.4	318.2 5.3	5.3	31
Rhode Island													
Civilian labor force	498.9	499.5	500.9	500.7	497.9	495.3	498.2	500.7	501.3	503.1	504.3	506.6	50
Employed	474.7	475.4	475.9	475.9	473.4	472.2	473.9	474.8	472.8	473.5	476.5	481.5	48
													2
Unemployed	24.2	24.1	25.0	24.9	24.5	23.1	24.3	25.8	28.5	29.6	27.9	25.0	, -

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		19	96				······	r	1997		1		
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
South Carolina													
Divilian labor force	1,845.1	1,845.2	1,848.7	1,846.0	1,886.4	1,885.8	1,893.7	1,886.2	1,892.0	1,904.8	1,904.7	1,911.6	1,90
Employed	1,730.4	1,730.2	1,732.3	1,733.7	1,782.0	1,782.1	1,794.1	1,798.8	1,801.0	1,807.8	1,817.2 87.5	1,821.0 90.6	1,814
Unemployed	114.7	115.0	114.4	112.3	104.5	103.7	99.6	87.4	91.1	96.9		4.7	, °.
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.1	5.5	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.8	5.1	4.6	4.7	
South Dakota	į.												
ivilian labor force	390.6 378.1	391.1 378.7	392.0 379.2	392.3 379.3	391.4 379.2	390.1 379.3	390.7 379.5	389.7 379.1	391.3 380.9	391.5 380.5	391.4 380.6	391.6 381.1	39
Unemployed	4	12.4	12.8	13.0	12.2	10.7	11.2	10.6	10.4	10.9	10.8	10.5	1
Unemployment rate		3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	
Tennessee													
Civilian labor force	2,757.1	2,766.2	2,771.8	2,769.8	2,758.9	2,758.7	2,755.8	2,761.7	2,753.0	2,758.9	2,771.1	2,758.8	2,76
Employed	2,619.0	2,825.0	2,627.9	2,629.0	2,619.5	2,621.7	2,613.6	2,622.1	2,617.6	2,613.5	2,619.1	2,617.3	2,81
Unemployed		141.1	143.8	140.8	139.4	137.0	142.2	139.6	135.4	145.4	152.0	141.5	14
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.1	
Texas													
Civilian labor force		9,785.9	9,804.0	9,806.5	9,883.4	9,918.4	9,935.6	9,907.1	9,931.8	9,932.8	9,941.2	9,941.2	9,96
Employed	9,235.7	9,260.1	9,274.6	9,286.9	9,348.2	9,357.7	9,354.0	9,361.7	9,394.0	9,395.4	9,394.4	9,405.0	9,44
Unemployed Unemployment rate	532.5 5.5	525.7 5.4	529.4 5.4	519.6 5.3	535.3 5.4	560.6 5.7	581.6 5.9	545.4 5.5	537.8 5.4	537.4 5.4	546.8 5.5	536.2 5.4	52
Utah													
Civilian labor force	1,005.1	1,007.9	1,010.7	1,013.0	1,034.5	1,037.2	1,041.1	1,046.7	1,048.8	1,047.6	1,050.3	1,054.3	1,05
Employed		973.0	976.0	979.0	1,001.7	1,004.1	1,011.6	1,014.9	1,017.0	1,014.6	1,018.8	1,021.5	1,02
Unemployed	35.1	35.0	34.7	33.9	32.8	33.1	29.6	31.8	31.8	33.0	31.6	32.8	2
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	
Vermont													
Divilian labor force	324.8	325.4	325.9	325.8	328.0	329.0	328.5	328.0	328.4	328.9	329.3	331.1	33 31
Employed	309.8	310.4	310.8	310.9	315.0	316.1	315.6	315.3	315.8	316.5	316.8	318.4	1
Unemployed Unemployment rate	14.9 4.6	15.0 4.6	15.2 4.7	14.9 4.6	12.9 3.9	12.9 3.9	12.9 3.9	12.7 3.9	12.6 3.8	12.4 3.8	12.5 3.8	12.7 3.8	'
Virginia													
Civilian labor force	3,368.6	3,369.5	3,368.4	3,370.6	3,518.2	3,514.8	3,521.0	3,525.3	3,525.2	3,521.2	3,534.0	3,538.0	3,53
Employed	3,220.7	3,223.1	3,223.4	3,227.4	3,375.1	3,366.2	3,373.4	3,371.5	3,374.4	3,370.5	3,385.5	3,389.4	3,39
Unemployed	147.9	148.4	145.0	143.2	143.1	148.6	147.8	153.8	150.9	150.7	148.5	148.6	14
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	
Washington													
Divilian labor force	2,891.4 2,703.0	2,903.8 2,718.6	2,906.7 2,722.0	2,908.3 2,725.2	2,918.8 2,753.1	2,917.7 2,771.4	2,931.2 2,788.4	2,946.5 2,795.9	2,943.5 2,802.7	2,950.9 2,607.2	2,978.9 2.836.8	2,989.9 2,839.0	2,99 2,83
Unemployed	188.3	187.2	184.7	183.1	165.7	148.2	142.8	150.8	140.9	143.8	142.1	150.9	2,03
Unemployment rate	8.5	6.4	6.4	6.3	5.7	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.8	5.0	
West Virginia													
Divilian labor force	811.2	813.9	814.7	814.1	803.3	807.8	804.8	809.5	796.1	802.3	806.6	803.4	79
Employed	750.8	753.0	753.9	753.5	745.9	747.0	748.5	749.1	748.3	750.9	752.9	749.3	74
Unemployed	60.4	60.9	60.8	60.6	57.4	60.8	56.3	60.4	47.9	51.3	53.7	54.1	5
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.1	7.5	7.0	7.5	6.0	6.4	6.7	6.7	
Wisconsin													
Civilian labor force Employed	2,926.8 2,826.6	2,934.3 2,835.8	2,941.6 2,841.8	2,944.3 2,842.6	2,928.9 2,822.5	2,926.7 2,824.7	2,918.2 2,816.9	2,919.5 2,819.3	2,914.7 2,815.8	2,921.4 2,816.7	2,931.6 2,820.9	2,935.2 2,829.3	2,93
Unemployed	1 '	98.5	99.8	101.7	106.4	102.1	101.4	100.2	98.9	104.7	110.7	105.9	10
Unemployment rate		3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.6	ĺ
Wyoming							,						
Divilian labor force	257.9	257.8	257.9	258.1	256.7	256.1	256.2	257.6	257.0	257.5	258.1	256.6	25
Employed	244.9	244.9	245.0	245.1	245.0	244.8	244.8	244.9	244.8	244.8	245.5	244.9	24
Unemployed Unemployment rate	13.0 5.0	12.9 5.0	12.9 5.0	13.1 5.1	11.8 4.6	11.3 4.4	11.5 4.5	12.7 4.9	12.3 4.8	12.7 4.9	12.6 4.9	11.7 4.6	1

 $^{\rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates are provisional and will be

revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	C	ilian labor fo		Unemployed							
State and area	Civ				Number		Percent of labor force				
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Se _l 199		
Uaha	0.004.4	0.407.0	0.406.4	00.0	407.0	100.1	4.0		١.		
Nabama	2,081.1	2,107.3	2,106.4	99.0	107.0	102.1	4.8	5.1	4		
Birmingham	448.6	457.8	457.2	13.8	16.3	15.4	3.1	3.6	3		
Huntsville	163.0	165.2	185.9	4.9	4.7	4.5	3.0	2.8	2		
Mobile	258.3	266.3	264.5	12.5	13.2	12.3	4.9	5.0	4		
Montgomery	156.3 77.8	157.9 78.8	157.6 80.2	6.1 2.5	6.7 2.8	6.5 2.6	3.9 3.2	4.3 3.5			
laska	318.6	331.5	324.8	19.9	18.7	19.4	6.2	5.6			
Anchorage	137.7	140.7	140.4	6.7	6.5	7.0	4.8	4.6			
rizona	2.269.7	2,299.3	2,304.0	145,1	113.2	112.5	6.4	4.9			
Phoenix-Mesa	1,468.5	1,507.4	1,514.7	63.7	45.2	47.0	4.3	3.0	1 :		
Tucson	380.5	375.5	378.3	16.0	12.5	13.3	4.2	3.3	3		
rkansas	1,241.6	1,280.2	1,247.0	64.3	67.9	59.6	5.2	5.4			
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	140.2	143.4	142.5	3.8	4.8	4.0	2.7	3.3] :		
Fort Smith	96.4	97.3	95.4	4.6	5.0	4.5	4.7	5.2	4		
Little Rock-North Little Rock	299.7	305.1	301.1	12.0	12.9	11.5	4.0	4.2	} ;		
Pine Bluff	37.7	37.8	37.5	3.0	3.2	2.8	8.0	8.4			
alifornia	15,715.1 283.2	16,081.3 294.6	15,958.8 293.5	1,069.6 31.7	986.5	960.2	6.8	6.1	1		
Bakersfield					28.8	30.3	11.2	9.8			
Fresno	447.4	441.3	440.1	45.6	44.4	46.1	10.2	10.1	1		
Los Angeles-Long Beach	4,480.9	4,573.9	4,540.5	360.1	319.2	295.5	8.0	7.0			
Modesto	201.0	207.4	203.7	21.7	20.0	20.5	10.8	9.6	10		
Oakland	1,149.7	1,168.3	1,162.4	57.1	53.5	52.1	5.0	4.6	1 .		
Orange County	1,343.4	1,380.1	1,374.8	54.8	47.8	47.6	4.1	3.4	:		
Riverside-San Bernardino	1,312.9	1,355.4	1,349.9	103.2	104.2	102.6	7.9	7.7	1		
Sacramento	725.4	746.9	737.4	40.6	39.2	39.3	5.6	5.3			
Salinas	177.5	185.6	182.9	12.1	12.0	11.6	6.8	6.5	(
San Diego	1,233.5	1,260.7	1,249.7	65.4	57.5	55.8	5.3	4.6			
San Francisco	911.7	937.3	926.1	35.2	34.0	32.7	3.9	3.6	1 :		
San Jose	898.9	943.8	929.9	33.0	28.8	28.7	3.7	3.0	1 :		
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	191.6	193.9	189.6	10.4	8.4	8.5	5.4	4.3			
Santa Rosa	233.8	235.8	237.1	9.0	9.3	8.5	3.8	3.9	;		
Stockton-Lodi	245.0	251.4	250.3	21.1	21.4	21.3	8.6	8.5			
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	235.4	237.7	237.4	15.7	14.2	13.4	6.7	6.0	1		
Ventura	380.9	388.1	383.4	31.1	29.1	29.1	8.2	7.5			
colorado	2,123.5	2,200.5	2,200.0	81.0	69.4	66.9	3.8	3.2			
Boulder-Longmont	165.5	168.0	170.5	6.0	4.8	4.7	3.6	2.9			
Colorado Springs Denver	240.5 1,062.5	250.8 1,104.2	251.7 1,105.2	10.4 37.3	9.1 30.6	8.8 30.2	4.3 3.5	3.6 2.8			
onnecticut		1,776.4	1,728.2	87.7	84.8	69.7	5.1	4.8			
Bridgeport	218.5	225.9	218.1	13.5	12.7	10.6	6.2	5.6	1 :		
Danbury	106.3	111.6	107.5	3.6	3.9	2.9	3.4	3.5	:		
Hartford	584.8	599.2	590.5	32.1	30.1	24.7	5.5	5.0			
New Haven-Meriden	271.1	279.8	272.7	14.2	13.9	11.3	5.2	5.0	1		
New London-Norwich	151.4	165.0	157.8	7.9	8.3	7.2	5.2	5.1			
Stamford-Newark	189.9 116.4	200.4 123.6	193.0 120.0	6.2 6.5	6.0 6.5	5.1 5.2	3.3 5.6	3.0 5.2			
elaware	379.2	394.5	386.0	20.5	17.1	14.6	5.4	4.3			
Dover Wilmington-Newark	67.3 284.2	70.6 289.7	69.4 285.7	3.2 19.3	3.4 13.9	2.9 12.1	4.8 8.8	4.6 4.8			
-											
Vashington	269.1 2,537.8	262.6 2,589.4	260.5 2,562.7	21.7 99.1	20.7 90.1	20.0 90.3	8.1 3.9	7.9 3.5			
lorida	6,992.2	7,229.0	7,211.1	379.4	357.4	366.2	5.4	4.9			
Daytona Beach	189.9	193.0	193.4	7.9	7.1	7.4	4.1	3.7			
Fort Lauderdale	740.2	766.2	764.4	39.6	36.9	38.5	5.4	4.8			
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	169.2	171.3	171.2	6.5	5.9	6.1	3.8	3.5			
Gainesville		104.6	105.4	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7			
Jacksonville	1	540.6	538.1	19.4	18.8	19.3	3.7	3.5			
Lakeland-Winter Haven	196.2	201.9	201.3	17.0	16.9	15.9	8.7	6.4			
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		205.3	201.4	10.3	8.9	9.4	5.2	4.4			
Miami		1,061,9	1,054.0	76.1	73.6	76.2	7.5	6.9			
Orlando	789.0	831.8	829.1	30.2	29.6	28.9	3.8	3.6			
_ · · · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		173.0	173.5	6.0	6.3	6.3	3.6	3.8	1		
Pensacola					٠.٠)	0.0 }	5.0	0.0			
Pensacola				9.0	7.5	85	37	29			
Sarasota-Bradenton	243.8	258.0	258.3	9.0 4.5	7.5 4.4	6.5 4.6	3.7 3.1	2.9 3.0			
				9.0 4.5 44.0	7.5 4.4 39.8	6.5 4.6 41.3	3.7 3.1 4.0	2.9 3.0 3.5			

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

						Onemi	ployed				
State and area	Civi	ilian labor fo	ce		Number		Percent of labor force				
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sep 1997		
				400.4	4700	400.0	4.0				
ieorgia	3,766.7	3,892.4	3,894.6	180.4	172.8	180.0	4.8	4.4	4.		
Albany	56.6	58.0	58.7	3.5	3.8	4.1	6.2	6.5	7		
Athens	68.6	70.9	68.9	2.3	2.3	2.2	3.3	3.2	3		
Atlanta	1,984.9	2,063.6	2,064.7	79.6	73.9	77.9	4.0	3.6	3		
Augusta-Aiken	203.5	208.3	207.9	13.7	13.4	13.7	6.7	6.4	i 6		
Columbus	116.6	119.8	120.0	5.9	5.9	6.2	5.1	4.9	5		
		1	152.0	7.4	7.2	7.5	5.0	4.8	5		
Macon	148.6	151.4			6.0	6.3	4.8	4.5	4		
Savannah	132.1	133.3	133.6	6.4	6.0	0.3	4.0	4.5	1		
awali	585.5	600.7	590.0	37.8	38.8	35.7	6.5	6.5	€		
Honolulu	422.4	430.6	425.1	23.2	23.0	21.9	5.5	5.4	5		
iaho	623.0	644.8	639.9	26.0	30.0	25.8	4.2	4.7			
Boise City	205.5	214.7	212.3	6.9	7.4	6.7	3.4	3.4	3		
inale	6,064.4	6,187.0	6,111.5	295.4	273.7	253.9	4.9	4.4	4		
Inois	79.7	80.0	80.6	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.5	2.5	1		
Champaign-Urbana	91.9	91.5	90.9	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.8			
				191.4	174.9	165.7	4.7	4.2			
Chicago	4,044.3	4,138.2	4,085.7					1			
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	183.7	185.4	183.5	7.2	5.9	5.3	3.9	3.2	1 3		
Decatur	60.4	60.0	58.7	4.9	4.2	3.6	8.0	7.0			
Kankakee	51.7	52.8	51.8	2.5	2.6	2.4	4.9	4.9	1 4		
Peoria-Pekin	179.6	179.6	178.1	9.5	7.5	6.7	5.3	4.2	١ :		
Rockford	192.4	196.8	193.1	7.3	8.1	7.0	3.8	4.1	١ :		
Springfield	105.8	112.7	106.4	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.1	4.1	:		
	0.000.0	0.407.0	0.400.7	140.5	400.0	98.4	0.6	3.3	١,		
diana	3,066.2	3,127.9	3,123.7 82.9	110.5 1.3	102.8 1.6	1.2	3.6 2.1	2.7	:		
Bloomington	62.4	59.7				. –	_				
Elkhart-Goshen	93.7	95.4	95.1	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.0	3		
Evansville-Henderson	153.7	158.1	156.4	6.3	6.3	5.9	4.1	4.0	1		
Fort Wayne	262.1	287.0	266.1	7.9	7.5	7.3	3.0	2.8			
Gary	299.4	303.1	302.4	15.4	11.9	10.8	5.2	3.9			
Indianapolis	612.1	835.6	635.0	23.1	22.0	21.8	2.8	2.6	1 2		
Kokomo	51.9	52.5	52.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.3	3.3	:		
Lafayette	88.6	85.3	91.5	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	1 2		
		ı .	63.4	2.5	2.8	2.0	4.0	4.5	3		
Muncie	61.7	60.9	1						1		
South Bend	136.3 73.9	140.7 72.2	138.8 74.5	4.8 4.0	4.5 3.9	4.3 3.9	3.5 5.4	3.2 5.3			
Terre naute		72.2	/4.5	7.5	5.5	0.5	J.4	0.0	•		
wa	1,601.3	1,591.7	1,590.7	55.0	39.8	38.7	3.4	2.5	2		
Cedar Rapids	108.7	109.5	108.9	3.0	2.1	2.0	2.8	1.9			
Des Moines	256.0	260.2	257.1	7.9	5.2	5.1	3.1	2.0	1		
Dubuque	50.6	49.3	49.2	2.5	1.4	1.5	5.0	2.9			
lowa City	63.9	62.4	63.3	2.0	1.5	1.5	3.1	2.4	1 2		
Sioux City	66.2	85.9	65.4	2.2	1.8	1.8	3.3	2.7			
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	68.4	86.7	66.1	3.0	2.1	2.0	4.4	3.2			
-	1,329.0	1,388.7	1,379.8	57.9	50.9	50.0	4.4	3.7	١ :		
ANSAS				2.4	2.1	2.1	4.9	4.4			
Lawrence	50.3	48.8	50.4								
Topeka	88.5	90.9	89.1	5.1	4.5	4.6	5.8	5.0			
Wichita	264.0	279.7	276.7	11.2	9.4	9.7	4.2	3.4	;		
entucky	1,866.7	1,936.9	1,923.8	100.2	93.7	95.7	5.4	4.8	,		
Lexington	243.2	255.0	255.6	6.9	6.9	7.4	2.9	2.7			
Louisville	529.0	552.4	550.6	22.4	20.9	20.6	4.2	3.8			
Owensboro	47.7	50.7	50.2	2.8	2.6	2.8	5.8	5.2			
oulsiana	2,017.1	2,027.5	2,007.1	134.0	125.4	113.3	6.6 8.7	6.2	:		
Alexandria	59.0	58.3	57.5	4.0	3.7	3.3	6.7	6.4			
Baton Rouge	291.3	298.4	299.5	17.2	16.3	14.7	5.9	5.5	1		
Houma	84.8	88.8	88.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	3.9	3.4	`		
Lafayette	169.4	174.9	171.8	9.7	9.1	6.5	5.7	5.2			
Lake Charles	89.4	88.9	88.3	5.5	5.3	5.1	6.2	6.0			
Monroe	69.2	69.7	69.6	4.5	4.8	4.1	6.6	6.6			
New Orleans	617.6	617.8	612.6	41.5	34.8	32.8	6.7	5.6			
Shreveport-Bossier City	184.0	187.5	182.8	13.1	14.7	11.4	7.1	7.8			
•	0746	!	600 E	07.4	00.4	25.5		20			
t eviston Auhum	874.6 52.3	685.8 51.9	668.5 52.2	27.4 2.8	26.1 2.2	25.5 2.2	4.1 5.3	3.8 4.3			
Lewiston-Aubum								2.3			
Portland	133.2	134.8	130.9	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.4	. Z.J			

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<u> </u>	llian lat *		Unemployed							
State and area	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force			
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept 1997		
laryland	2,817.4 1,329.2	2,798.4	2,783.7	134.9	122.5	131.1	4.8	4.4	4.7		
Datatiole	1,329.2	1,314.0	1,313.3	71.7	66.1	73.9	5.4	5.0	5.0		
lassachusetts	3,179.7	3,291.1	3,228.2	128.4	132.5	128.0	4.0	4.0	4.		
Barnstable-Yarmouth	75.1	82.4	75.2	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.4	3.4	3.		
Boston	1,758.5	1,828.1	1,792.9	63.3	64.6	63.3	3.6	3.5	3.		
Brockton	127.8	128.8	127.3	6.4	6.4	6.1	5.0	5.0	4.		
Fitchburg-Leominster	68.0	68.8	68.8	3.5	3.8	3.4	5.1	5.5	5.		
Lawrence	191.0	199.2	196.1	11.6	10.2	10.2	6.1	5.1	5.		
New Bedford	153.8 79.7	158.8	157.7 80.8	6.5 5.9	7.1	6.6	4.2	4.5	4.		
Pittsfield	39.9	82.2 42.0	40.3	1.8	5.8 1.9	5.5 1.9	7.4 4.6	7.0 4.5	6. 4.		
Springfield	277.7	279.8	279.1	11.4	12.2	11.4	4.1	4.4	4.		
Worcester	243.1	252.4	247.6	9.1	9.4	9.1	3.8	3.7	3.		
lichigan	4,820.8	4,907.0	4,859.0	209.8	166.9	174.7	4.4	3.4	3.		
Ann Arbor	277.6	278.8	282.3	7.4	5.9	8.2	2.7	2.1	2.		
Benton Harbor	82.3	83.5	81.7	5.0	3.4	3.5	6.1	4.1	4.		
Detroit	2,160.0 202.2	2,204.9 200.0	2,177.9 199.9	69.4 12.6	73.1 9.6	77.3 9.8	4.1 6.2	3.3 4.8	3.		
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	559.8	574.4	568.1	21.2	16.6	17.0	3.8	2.9	4. 3.		
Jackson	74.3	75.8	74.7	3.6	2.9	3.2	4.9	3.8	4.		
Kalamazoo-Battle-Creek	222.8	225.3	223.3	9.4	7.1	7.6	4.2	3.1	3.		
Lansing-East Lansing	234.4	232.9	234.0	7.8	6.1	6.3	3.3	2.6	2.		
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	191.9	195.6	194.0	8.3	6.5	7.0	4.3	3.3	3.		
linnesota	2,618.3	2,697.2	2,678.0	107.2	77.5	87.4	4.1	2.9	3.		
Duluth-Superior	122.7	126.3	124.6	6.8	5.6	5.8	5.5	4.4	4.		
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,617.3	1,680.1	1.658.7	56.8	39.9	46.7	3.5	2.4	2.		
Rochester	65.2 92.9	68.4 92.8	67.2 94.0	2.0 4.4	1.3 3.1	1.5 3.4	3.1 4.7	1.9 3.3	2. 3.		
									_		
Jackson	1,250.9 217.6	1,277.5 227.5	1,271.6 224.7	71.1 7.5	76.5 8.2	73.0 6.3	5.7 3.5	6.0 3.6	5. 3.		
Aissouri	2.882.7	2.864.5	2,850.4	120.2	107.6	102.7	4.2	3.8	3.		
Kansas City	936.3	963.1	952.7	37.7	32.9	34.1	4.0	3.4	3.		
St. Louis LMA	1,359.5	1,356.9	1,342.4	57.3	52.5	50.1	4.2	3.9	3.		
Springfield	169.4	164.9	164.1	5.2	5.0	4.2	3.1	3.0	2.		
Iontana	445.6	472.8	461.3	18.7	20.0	19.0	4.2	4.2	4.		
lebraska	907.4	929.0	919.6	23.4	21.0	21.2	2.6	2.3	2.		
Lincoln	138.5	143.4	140.0	3.3	2.5	2.5	2.4	1.7	1.		
Omaha	370.1	390.4	385.7	10.2	9.9	10.0	2.7	2.5	2.		
			1								
levada	858.6	910.1	912.5	48.5	41.0	40.4	5.7	4.5	4.		
Las Vegas	645.7	688.6	690.7	38.6	31.1	31.9	6.0	4.5	4.		
Reno	168.6	176.2	176.6	7.7	6.7	6.1	4.6	3.8	3.		
lew Hampshire	614.5	663.0	644.6	24.8	17.6	16.9	4.0	2.6	2.		
Manchester	94.4	100.7	98.8	3.5	2.5	2.4	3.7	2.4	2.		
Nashua	94.7	102.3	100.3	4.2	2.8	2.5	4.5	2.7	2.		
Portsmouth-Rochester	118.7	125.5	120.4	4.0	2.9	2.7	3.4	2.3	2.		
lew Jersey	4,118.7	4,173.5	4,124.5	244.3	211.1	211.5	5.9	5.1	5.		
Atlantic-Cape May	179.9	189.5	180.1	13.5	11.6	12.2	7.5	6.1	6.		
Bergen-Passaic	667.6	669.1	663.5	40.6	35.0	34.6	6.1	5.2	5.		
Jersey City	287.5	288.9	289.1	25.9	21.6	22.4	9.0	7.5	7.		
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	613.1	623.6	620.0	27.3	24.5	23.3	4.5	3.9	3.		
Monmouth-Ocean	516.1	535.3	513.1	26.8	24.2	24.4	5.2	4.5	4.		
Newark	1,002.9	1,011.8	1,006.6	60.8	53.0	53.5	6.1	5.2	5.		
Trenton	168.7 65.2	166.4 64.4	165.6 64.9	9.3 5.7	8.0 4.6	7.9 4.6	5.6 6.8	4.6 7.2	4. 7.		
_	794.8	827.6	822.3	63.6							
New Mexico	342.9	360.2	358.5	19.3	51.8 17.3	48.6 16.1	6.0 5.6	6.3 4.8	5. 4.		
Las Cruces	67.0	67.8	68.5	6.1	5.1	5.0	9.1	7.5	7.		
						5.0	9.1	/.5			

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

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State and area	Civilian labor force			Number			Percent of labor force				
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997°	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sep 199		
New York	8,590.1	8,895.7	6,736.4	503.4	551.2	533.0	5.9	6.2	6		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	441.9	454.9	447.3	19.0	17.3	18.3	4.3	3.8	4		
	121.4	126.5	126.3	4.8	4.5	4.8	3.9	3.6	3		
Binghamton	568.9	590.0	576.7	25.9	30.4	29.5	4.6	5.2	5		
Buffalo-Niagara Falls Dutchess County	116.9	120.5	119.1	4.9	4.4	4.8	4.2	3.6	4		
			44.3	1.7		!	4.1	4.1	4		
Elmira	42.8 60.8	45.2		3.0	1.9 2.9	1.9	5.0	4.4	4		
Glens Falls		66.5	61.5			2.8		4.1	4		
Nassau-Suffolk	1,357.1	1,427.4	1,393.8	54.3	58.9	55.9	4.0 7.7	8.5	8		
New York	3,904.8	4,009.6	3,955.4	301.9 276.1	342.7 317.3	321.7	7.7 8.4	9.5	8		
New York City	3,277.5	3,354.5	3,321.3			296.8		1			
Newburgh	168.9	175.8	171.0	6.7	7.5	7.2	4.0 3.7	4.2	4		
Rochester	565.5	588.0	576.2	21.1	21.6	22.8		3.7	1		
Syracuse	363.3	369.2	367.7	15.7	14.7	16.3	4.3	4.0	4		
Utica-Rome	141.0	146.3	142.7	6.3	6.6	6.6	4.5	4.5	4		
orth Carolina	3,824.5 108.8	3,849.9 109.4	3,812.4 109.1	147.9 3.0	145.5 3.0	128.4 2.6	3.9 2.7	3.8 2.8	2		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	741.1	749.5	740.3	26.0	25.0	21.9	3.5	3.3	3		
	635.4	630.2	622.2	16.5	19.5	17.3	2.9	3.1			
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	584.7		590.8	13.3	12.7	11.3	2.3	2.2	:		
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	384.7	590.8	590.6	13.3	12.7	11.3	2,3	2.2			
orth Dakota	348.4	358.1	349.9	8.9	8.1	6.2	2.5	2.3			
Bismarck	52.7	54.7	52.9	1.3	1.1	.9	2.4	2.1	1 .		
Fargo-Moorhead	97.4	102.3	100.9	2.0	1.6	1.4	2.0	1.5			
Grand Forks	55.4	57.2	57.4	1.5	2.0	1.7	2.6	3.6	1 :		
hio	5,646.2	5,818.5	5,747.7	260.9	221.8	237.0	4.6	3.8	1 :		
Akron	361.5	368.1	367.7	15.4	12.6	13.8	4.2	3.4	:		
Canton-Massillon	200.8	207.8	205.1	9.7	8.0	8.5	4.8	3.8			
Cincinnati	823.2	851.3	839.0	34.0	28.2	29.3	4.1	3.3	:		
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,108.7	1,144.1	1,131.2	57.4	44.3	49.4	5.2	3.9			
Columbus	793.5	828.8	814.0	24.2	20.5	22.4	3.1	2.5	:		
Dayton-Springfield	475.0	484.1	478.0	20.8	17.3	18.1	4.4	3.6			
Hamilton-Middletown	164.4	169.1	166.3	6.7	5.1	5.6	4.1	3.0	;		
Lima	76.5	77.9	76.5	4.8	3.5	3.6	6.3	4.5	1 :		
Mansfield	84.1	87.6	86.3	4.7	4.5	5.2	5.6	5.2	!		
Steubenville-Weirton	57.1	56.5	57.2	3.3	5.3	4.9	5.8	9.4	1		
Toledo	312.3	317.1	316.8	13.8	13.2	13.7	4.4	4.2			
Youngstown-Warren	281.5	289.2	285.4	15.9	14.7	15.4	5.6	5.1	'		
dahoma	1,580.3	1,603.6	1,599.5	60.1	54.4	58.8	3.8	3.4			
Enid	26.7	27.4	27.2	.8	.8	.9	3.2	2.8	} ;		
Lawton	40.5	41.7	41.3	1.8	1.7	1.8	4.5	4.1			
Oklahoma City	517.5	523.6	523.1	16.6	15.1	16.2	3.2	2.9			
Tulsa	369.6	404.6	398.5	12.4	11.7	12.5	3.2	2.9			
regon	1,732.3	1,761.2	1,765.2	92.7	86.7	84.6	5.4	4.9			
Eugene-Springfield	157.3	160.8	161.2	8.4	7.8	7.6	5.3	4.8	1		
Medford-Ashland	88.0	86.8	88.0	6.3	5.8	5.1	7.2	6.7	1 :		
Portland-Vancouver	999.5 167.6	1,034.8 168.5	1,031.3 167.9	44.2 7.9	40.8 7.9	40.7 7.7	4.4 4.7	3.9 4.7			
		j	1		1						
Allesteurs Pothlehors Factor	5,913.0	6,077.0	5,993.1	283.3	307.7	300.9	4.8	5.1			
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	304.9	311.5	308.0	15.0	15.8	15.3	4.9	5.1			
Altoona	62.3	64.3	62.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	4.8	5.0	:		
Harrishura I obenon-Carliela	139.8 346.5	143.4 360.1	141.9 352.8	6.9 9.8	7.8 12.0	7.5 11.2	5.0 2.8	5.4 3.3			
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	104.5	109.2	106.4	7.2	7.4	7.0	6.9	6.8			
Lancaster	240.1	247.2	244.6	6.5	7.9	7.8	2.7	3.2			
Philadelphia	2.457.2	2,523.1	2,493.7	130.5	125.0	127.1	5.3	5.0			
Pittsburgh	1,142.1	1,169.8	1,149.5	50.2	56.2	53.6	4.4	4.8			
Reading	181.2	187.9	185.7	6.7	7.6	7.8	3.7	4.1	2		
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton	308.1	318.8	312.6	19.1	22.1	21.4	6.2	6.9			
Sharon	55.8	58.2	57.8	1.9	2.9	2.5	3.4	4.9			
State College	67.1	66.6	68.9	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.4	2.8	;		
Williamsport	58.2	60.8	60.0	3.1	3.2	3.4	5.4	5.2			
York	193.4	196.2	195.5	7.6	7.8	7.5	3.9	4.0			
	500.5	E40.4									
hode IslandProvidence-Fall River-Warwick	500.5 571.7	513.4 583.2	511.1 581.4	24.2 29.6	24.1 29.4	25.2 30.0	4.8 5.2	4.7 5.0			

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			į.	Unemployed							
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number		Percent of labor force				
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sep 1997		
outh Carolina	1.850.7	1,931.4	1,908.3	115.7	93.1	89.1	8.3	4.8	4.		
Charleston-North Charleston	241.2	257.6	252.1	14.2	11.8	10.3	5.9	4.6	4.		
Columbia	258.8	276.0	271.9	9.8	8.0	8.0	3.8	2.9	2.		
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	471.8	496.3	491.4	20.8	17.1	15.8	4.4	3.5	3.		
·	471.0	730.5	701.7	20.0	17.1	15.6	7.7	3.5	٠,		
outh Dakota	391.8	401.1	391.9	11.1	10.9	8.7	2.8	2.7	2		
Rapid City	45.7	48.5	46.8	1.3	1.1	1.0	2.9	2.3	2.		
Sioux Falls	94.0	96.9	95.7	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.1	1.6	1.		
		0.700.0		100.0	447.5				_ ا		
ennessee	2,785.1	2,788.6	2,792.7	132.6	147.5	144.0	4.8	5.3	5.		
Chattanooga	223.2	222.8	223.1	9.5	11.5	10.7	4.2	5.1	4.		
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	229.5	231.2	231,2	10.0	12.2	11.6	4.3	5.3	5.		
Knoxville	350.5	346.8	346.5	11.8	13.0	11.9	3.4	3.8	3.		
Memphis	544.2	545.6	547.1	23.4	28.6	26.2	4.3	4.9	4.		
Nashville	630.8	633.6	638.1	20.8	24.1	23.4	3.3	3.8	3.		
exas	9,756.4	9,997.1	9,954.9	523.4	535.7	512.0	5.4	5.4	5.		
Abilene	60.1	60.3	60.8	2.7	2.4	2.2	4.4	4.0	3		
Amarillo	111.8	118.4	115.4	4.2	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.8	3		
Austin-San Marcos	638.4	642.8	644.9	19.4	20.7	20.0	3.0	3.2	3		
Beaumont-Port Arthur	160.5	180.0	160.3	16.0	13.9	14.0	8.9	7.7	7		
Brazoria	105.8	108.0	107.7	7.0	8.2	7.5	6.6	7.8	7		
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	122.5	128.8	126.7	14.0	15.6	14.7	11.5	12.1	11		
Bryan-College Station	70.6	69.1	71.4	1.5	1.6	1.4	2.2	2.3	2		
Corpus Christi	181,4	183.3	182.3	14.7	13.8	13.0	8.1	7.5	7		
Dailas	1,768.8	1,839.6	1,828.1	88.1	70.7	88.2	3.9	3.8	3		
El Paso	291.6	295.7	292.0	34.1	34.2	32.4	11.7	11.6	11.		
Fort Worth-Arlington	844.6	867.6	866.0	30.6	31.9	30.6	3.6	3.7	3.		
Galveston-Texas City	126.7	130.6	128.4	10.2	10.5	9.8	8.1	8.1	7.		
Houston	2.011.2	2,073.7	2,060.8	103.1	104.5	100.0	5.1	5.0	4.		
Killeen-Temple	113.2	116.2	115.6	5.3	6.0	5.8	4.7	5.2	5		
Laredo	68.4	70.5	70.7	7.7	6.8	6.7	11.3	9.6	9.		
Longview-Marshall	103.7	102.7	102.2	7.7	7,8	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.		
Lubbock	121.7	125.0	124.2	4.3	4.9	4.4	3.5	3.9	3.		
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	181.9	188.0	187.6	33.1	31.9	32.0	18.2	17.1	17.		
Odessa-Midland	120.8	121,5	120.5	6.5	6.2	5.8	5.3	5.1	4.		
San Angelo	51,2	51.0	50.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	3.4	3.5	3.		
San Antonio	729.6	750.1	747.6	30.4	32.7	30.5	4.2	4.4	4		
Sherman-Denison	49.5	49.5	49.4	2.0	2.4	2.2	4.1	4.6	4.		
Texarkana	57.9	57.3	56.9	4.3	4.2	4.0	7,4	7.3	7		
Tyler	87.0	89.5	89.0	5.7	5.7	5.5	6.5	8.3	6		
Victoria	41.8	43.0	42.5	2.0	2.2	1,9	4.9	5.0	4.		
Waco	100.9	101.6	102.6	4.0	5.1	4.7	4.0	5.0	4.		
Wichita Falls	68.0	65.6	65.4	2.8	2.9	2.7	4.3	4.4	4.		
			I					Į			
tah	1,015.3	1,069.2	1,065.1	34.5	35.4	29.5	3.4	3.3	2.		
Provo-Orem	152.0	155.4	159.2	4.6	4.2	3.6	3.0	2.7	2		
Salt Lake City-Odgen	851.8	692.5	685.0	21.0	22.3	16.8	3.2	3.2	2.		
ermont	327.7	332.2	333.2	13.2	11.6	11.0	4.0	3.5	3.		
Burlington	97.3	99.1	100.3	2.9	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.5	2.		
						1					
irginia	3,359.3	3,575.0	3,523.2	150.3	148.3	143.6	4.5	4.1	4.		
Charlottesville	71.1	75.2	74.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.5	2.3	2.		
Danville	56.1	58.6	58.3	3.9	3.9	3.9	8.9	6.8	6.		
Lynchburg	100.7	107.7	105.5	3.5	4.4	4.1	3.5	4.1	3.		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		759.7	746.8	35.9	40.1	38.2	5.0	5.3	5.		
Richmond-Petersburg	482.4 126.1	515.8 134.9	507.8 133.9	19.9 3.7	19.5 4.8	19.6 4.7	4.1 2.9	3.8 3.6	3. 3.		
	,20.1	,04.8	,55.5	3.7	7.0	~.,	2.0	3.0	3.		
Yashington	2,871.5	2,994.3	2,971.3	156.9	128.5	126.7	5.5	4.3	4.		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,260.9	1,350.4	1,332.7	55.9	41.9	42.8	4.4	3.1	3.		
				9.5					4,		
Spokane	197.4	205.0	202.8	a.5 i	6.1	8.1	4.8	4.0	~.		

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas---Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			}	Unemployed					
State and area	Civi	lian labor fo	rce		Number		Percent of labor force		
	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept. 1997 ^p	Sept. 1996	Aug. 1997	Sept 1997
/est Virginia	811.4	811.4	800.1	54.0	50.8	44.3	6.7	6.3	5.5
Charleston	131.7	132.6	130.1	6.4	8.1	5.5	4.8	4.6	4.2
Huntington-Ashland	135.4	138.5	137.9	8.7	8.2	8.7	8.4	5.9	6.
Parkersburg-Marietta	77.8	77.8	77.6	4.3	3.7	3.6	5.5	4.8	4.
Wheeling	72.5	74.5	71.9	3.1	3.8	3.4	4.3	5.1	4.1
/isconsin	2,926.4	2,967.5	2,941.9	82.2	95.8	91.5	2.8	3.2	3.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	221.4	223.0	221.5	5.0	5.9	5.8	2.3	2.6	2.
Eau Claire	79.7	81.2	80.7	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.9	2.
Green Bay	130.8	131.3	129.8	3.2	3.8	3.8	2.5	2.9	2.
Janesville-Beloit	77.7	77.7	76.9	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.7	3.
Kenosha	76.1	75.4	74.9	2.3	2.6	2.4	3.0	3.5	3.
La Crosse	71.2	71.7	71.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.
Madison	258.3	260.8	260.2	3.6	4.0	3.9	1.4	1.5	1.
Milwaukee-Waukesha	800.7	811.6	805.3	26.0	29.6	28.3	3.3	3.6	3.
Racine	94.0	96.7	95.1	3.2	4.0	3.6	3.5	4.2	3.
Sheboygan	61,4	83,1	62.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.5	2.4	2.
Wausau	71.0	73.2	71.5	1.8	2.2	1.9	2.6	3.0	2.
/yoming	259.1	260.2	257.5	11.1	10.1	9.0	4.3	3.9	3.
Casper	32.7	32.9	32.7	1.9	1.6	1.4	5.9	4.9	4.4
uerto Rico	1,270.9	1,315.1	1,320.0	176.0	179.9	178.3	13.8	13.7	13.
Caguas	109.0	115.6	118,2	14.5	14.8	14.3	13.3	12.8	12.
Mayaquez	91.4	93.3	94.2	17.7	15.5	14.7	19.4	16.6	15.
Ponce	107.1	110.3	111.6	20.1	19.7	19.4	18.8	17.9	17.
San Juan-Bayamon	689.8	712.8	714.4	72.8	78.2	78.2	10.5	11.0	10.

 $^{^{\}rm p}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates are provisional and will

be revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available.

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Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, classified by such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 50,000 households (beginning with January 1996 data) located in 754 sample areas. These areas are chosen to represent all counties and independent cities in the U.S., with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires and telephone interviews by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of about 390,000 establishments employing about 48 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data complement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications are much more reliably derived from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of variations in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two data series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the reference week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the reference week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, vacation, bad weather, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period are not.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours worked for all workers whereas the payroll survey measures hours for private production and nonsupervisory workers paid for by employers. In the household survey, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours at work. In the pay-

roll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures the earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the various earnings series available from the household and establishment surveys, see *BLS Measures of Compensation*, BLS Bulletin 2239 (1986).

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job during the reference week, were currently available for a job, and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, exclude, in addition to otherwise ineligible persons who do not file claims for benefits, persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the National Agricultural Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and data collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufacturers and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units; the industrial classification of establishments; and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP) differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and most of government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit agencies.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, some employees, such as those working in parochial schools and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance, whereas they are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data ("A" tables, monthly; "D" tables, quarterly)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population and related data are compiled by BLS using data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). This monthly survey of households is conducted for BLS by the Bureau of the Census through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the "reference week." Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week, referred to as the "survey week."

Each month about 50,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. Some 3,200 of these households are contacted but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey that ranges between 6 and 7 percent. In addition to the 50,000 occupied units, there are about 9,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not eligible for enumeration. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as will be explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, child-care problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons,

whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. For purposes of occupation and industry classification, multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week-period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) Job losers, comprised of (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) permanent job losers, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) Job leavers, persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) Persons who completed temporary jobs, who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) Reentrants, persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) New entrants, persons who never worked. Each of these five categories of the unemployed can be expressed as a proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers. (For statistical presentation purposes, "job losers" and "persons who completed temporary jobs" are combined into a single category until seasonal adjustments can be developed for the separate categories.)

Jobseekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week are classified as jobseekers. Jobseekers do not include persons classified as on temporary layoff, who although often looking for work, are not required to do so to be classified as unemployed. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work. Only active methods—which have the potential to result in a job offer without further action on the part of the jobseeker-qualify as job search. Examples include going to an employer directly or to a public or private employment agency, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other active method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point. Passive methods, which do not qualify as job search, include reading (as opposed to answering or placing) "help wanted" ads and taking a job training course.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4-week period prior to the survey week. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify.

Persons classified as not in the labor force who are in the sample for either their fourth or eighth month are asked additional questions relating to job history and workseeking intentions. These latter data are available on a quarterly basis.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class of worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Multiple jobholders. These are employed persons who, during the reference week, had either two or more jobs as a wage and salary worker, were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job, or worked as an unpaid family worker and also held a wage and salary job. A person employed only in private households (cleaner, gardener, babysitter, etc.) who worked for two or more employers during the reference week is not counted as a multiple jobholder, since working for several employers is considered an inherent characteristic of private household work. Also excluded are self-employed persons with multiple businesses and persons with multiple jobs as unpaid family workers.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the published figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job. Unpublished data are available for the hours worked in each job and for usual hours.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for ex-

ample: Illness or other medical limitations, child-care problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work. The full-time labor force includes all employed persons who usually work full time and unemployed persons who are either looking for full-time work or are on layoff from full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of employed persons who usually work part time and unemployed persons who are seeking or are on layoff from part-time jobs. Unemployment rates for fulland part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full-and part-time labor force.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans. These are persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Published data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are persons who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (e.g., annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding self-employed persons who respond that their business's were incorporated) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings. These figures indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls. Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status. These are the terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

Household. A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit and have no other usual address. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person

maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Changes in concepts and methods

While current survey concepts and methods are very similar to those introduced at the inception of the survey in 1940, a number of changes have been made over the years to improve the accuracy and usefulness of the data. Some of the most important changes include:

- In 1945, the questionnaire was radically changed with the introduction of four basic employment questions. Prior to that time, the survey did not contain specific question wording, but rather relied on a complicated scheme of activity prioritization.
- In 1953, the current 4-8-4 rotation system was adopted, whereby households are interviewed for 4 consecutive months, leave the sample for 8 months, and then return to the sample for the same 4 months of the following year. Before this system was introduced, households were interviewed for 6 consecutive months and then replaced. The new system provided some year-to-year overlap in the sample, thereby improving measurement over time.
- In 1955, the survey reference week was changed to the calendar week including the 12th day of the month, for greater consistency with the reference period used for other labor-related statistics. Previously, the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month had been used as the reference week.
- In 1957, the employment definition was modified slightly as a result of a comprehensive interagency review of labor force concepts and methods. Two relatively small groups of persons classified as employed, under "with a job but not at work," were assigned to different classifications. Persons on layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the layoff date, and persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new wage and salary job within 30 days of interview, were, for the most part, reassigned to the unemployed classification. The only exception was the small subgroup in school during the reference week but waiting to start new jobs, which was transferred to not in the labor force.
- In 1967, more substantive changes were made as a result of the recommendations of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics (the Gordon Committee). The principal improvements were as follows:
- a) A 4-week job search period and specific questions on jobseeking activity were introduced. Previously, the questionnaire was ambiguous as to the time period for jobseeking and there were no specific questions concerning job search methods.

- b) An availability test was introduced whereby a person must be currently available for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, there was no such requirement. This revision to the concept mainly affected students, who, for example, may begin to look for summer jobs in the spring although they will not be available until June or July. Such persons, until 1967, had been classified as unemployed but since have been assigned to the "not in the labor force" category.
- c) Persons "with a job but not at work" because of strikes, bad weather, etc., who volunteered that they were looking for work, were shifted from unemployed status to employed.
- d) The lower age limit for official statistics on employment, unemployment, and other labor force concepts was raised from 14 to 16 years. Historical data for most major series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the new minimum age limit.
- e) New questions were added to obtain additional information on persons not in the labor force, including those referred to as "discouraged workers," defined as persons who indicate that they want a job but are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or none for which they would qualify.
- f) New "probing" questions were added to the questionnaire in order to increase the reliability of information on hours of work, duration of unemployment, and self-employment.
- In 1994, major changes to the Current Population Survey (CPS) were introduced, which included a complete redesign of the questionnaire and the use of computer-assisted interviewing for the entire survey. In addition, there were revisions to some of the labor force concepts and definitions, including the implementation of some changes recommended in 1979 by the National Commission on Employment and Unemployment Statistics (NCEUS, also known as the Levitan Commission). Some of the major changes to the survey were:
- a) The introduction of a redesigned and automated questionnaire. The CPS questionnaire was totally redesigned in order to obtain more accurate, comprehensive, and relevant information, and to take advantage of state-of-the-art computer interviewing techniques.
- b) The addition of two, more objective, criteria to the definition of discouraged workers. Prior to 1994, to be classified as a discouraged worker, a person must have wanted a job and be reported as not currently looking because of a belief that no jobs were available or that there were none for which he or she would qualify. Beginning in 1994, persons classified as discouraged must also have looked for a job within the past year (or since their last job, if they worked during the year), and must have been available for work

during the reference week (a direct question on availability was added in 1994; prior to 1994, availability had been inferred from responses to other questions). These changes were made because the NCEUS and others felt that the previous definition of discouraged workers was too subjective, relying mainly on an individual's stated desire for a job and not on prior testing of the labor market.

- c) Similarly, the identification of persons employed part time for economic reasons (working less than 35 hours in the reference week because of poor business conditions or because of an inability to find full-time work) was tightened by adding two new criteria for persons who usually work part time: They must want and be available for full-time work. Previously, such information was inferred. (Persons who usually work full time but worked part time for an economic reason during the reference week are assumed to meet these criteria.)
- d) Specific questions were added about the expectation of recall for persons who indicate that they are on layoff. To be classified as "on temporary layoff," persons must expect to be recalled to their jobs. Previously, the questionnaire did not include explicit questions about the expectation of recall.
- e) Persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new job within 30 days must have looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to the survey in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, such persons did not have to meet the job search requirement in order to be included among the unemployed.

For additional information on changes in CPS concepts and methods, see Concepts and Methods used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463, October 1976 and "Overhauling the Current Population Survey—Why is it Necessary to Change?," "Redesigning the Questionnaire," and "Evaluating Changes in the Estimates," Monthly Labor Review, September 1993, and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the refinements in concepts, definitions, and methods made over the years, other changes have also affected the comparability of the labor force data.

• Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.

- Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.
- Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.
- Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.
- In March 1973, a subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.
- Beginning in January 1974, the method used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an "inflation-deflation" approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of this publication.
- Effective in July 1975, as a result of the large inflow of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000 (30,000 men and 46,000 women). The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, with all of the changes being confined to the "other" component of the population.
- Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences

appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of this publication.

- Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.
- Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment method was changed. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of this publication. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in the total population and in the estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used also is described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 (described above), and data users should consider them when comparing estimates from different periods.
- Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was updated to incorporate data from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.
 - Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the

- CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first- and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.
- Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreignborn residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and Hispanic employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.
- Beginning in January 1994, 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount, were introduced into the second stage estimation procedure. This change resulted in substantial increases in total population and in all major labor force categories. Effective February 1996, these controls were introduced into the estimates for 1990-93. Under the new population controls, the civilian noninstitutional population for 1990 increased by about 1.1 million, employment by about 880,000, and unemployment by approximately 175,000. The overall unemployment rate rose by about 0.1 percentage point. For further information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," and "Revisions in Household Survey Data Effective February 1996" in the February 1994 and March 1996 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Additionally, for the period January through May 1994, the composite estimation procedure was suspended due to technical and logistical reasons.

• Beginning in January 1997, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect updated information on the demographic characteristics of immigrants to, and emigrants from, the United States. As a result, the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over was raised by about 470,000. The labor force and employment levels were increased by about 320,000, and 290,000, respectively. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 450,000 and 250,000 respectively, and Hispanic employment by 325,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment rates and other percentages of labor market participation were not affected. An explanation of the changes and their effect on national labor force estimates appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1997" in the February 1997 issue of this publication.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and was so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "whole-

sale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) systems, respectively.) There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The most notable changes in industry classification were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are changed occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design, increase the reliability of the sample estimates, or control cost.

Changes in this regard since 1960 are as follows: When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood in 1959 and 1960, respectively, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's), which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new Statebased CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989. A redesigned CPS sample based on the 1990 decennial census was selected for use during the 1990's. Households from this new sample were phased into the CPS between April 1994 and July 1995. The July 1995 sample was the first monthly sample based

entirely on the 1990 census. For further information on the 1990 sample redesign, see "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey" in the May 1994 issue of this publication.

The original 1990 census-based sample design included about 66,000 housing units per month located in 792 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected to meet specific reliability criteria for the Nation, for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. In 1996, the original sample design reliability criteria were modified to reduce costs. The current criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment level, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

The current sample design, introduced in January 1996, includes about 59,000 households from 754 sample areas and maintains a 1.9-percent CV on national monthly estimates of unemployment level. This translates into a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate being significant at a 90-percent confidence level. For each of the fifty States and for the District of Columbia, the design maintains a CV of at most 8-percent on the annual average estimate of unemployment level, assuming a 6-percent unemployment rate. Due to the national reliability criterion, estimates for several large States are substantially more reliable than the State design criterion requires. Annual average unemployment estimates for California, Florida, New York, and Texas, for example, carry a CV of less than 4 percent.

In the first stage of sampling, the 754 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 59,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 50,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 50,000 housing units, about 6.5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 94,000 persons 16 years of age or older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,141 counties and independent cities, is divided into 2,007 sample units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties normally are combined except when the geographic area of an individual county is too large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is that the PSU be sufficiently compact so that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 2,007 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. Nationally, there are a total of 428 PSU's in strata by themselves. These strata are self-representing and are generally the most populous PSU's in each State. The 326 remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as unemployment, proportion of housing units with three or more persons, number of persons employed in various industries, and average monthly wages for various industries. The single PSU randomly selected from each of these strata is non-self-representing because it represents not only itself but the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1990 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on State population size as well as both national and State reliability requirements. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 100 households to 1 in every 3,000 households. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 and a State sampling ratio of 3,000, a within-PSU sampling ratio of 1 in 300 achieves the desired ratio of 1 in 3,000 for the stratum.

The 1990 within-PSU sample design was developed using block-level data from the 1990 census. (The 1990 census was the first decennial census that produced data at the block level for the entire country.) Normally, census blocks are bounded by streets and other prominent physical features such as rivers or railroad tracks. County, Minor Civil Division, and census place limits also serve as block boundaries. In cities, blocks can be bounded by four streets and be quite small in land area. In rural areas, blocks can be several square miles in size.

For the purpose of sample selection, census blocks were grouped into three strata: Unit, group quarters, and area.

(Occasionally, units within a block were split between the unit and group quarters strata.) The unit stratum contained regular housing units with addresses that were easy to locate (e.g. most single family homes, townhouses, condominiums, apartment units, and mobil homes). The group quarters stratum contained housing units where residents shared common facilities or received formal or authorized care or custody. Unit and group quarters blocks exist primarily in urban areas. The area stratum contains blocks with addresses that are more difficult to locate. Area blocks exist primarily in rural areas.

To reduce the variability of the survey estimates and to ensure that the within-PSU sample would reflect the demographic and socioeconomic characteristics of the PSU, blocks within the unit, group quarters, and area strata were sorted using geographic and block-level data from the census. Examples of the census variables used for sorting include proportion of minority renter-occupied housing units, proportion of housing units with female householders, and proportion of owner-occupied housing units. The specific sorting variables used differed by type of PSU (urban or rural) and stratum.

Within each block, housing units were sorted geographically and grouped into clusters of approximately four units. A systematic sample of these clusters was then selected independently from each stratum using the appropriate within-PSU sampling ratio. The geographic clustering of the sample units reduces field representative travel costs. Prior to interviewing, special listing procedures are used to locate the particular sample addresses in the group quarters and area blocks.

Units in the three strata described above all existed at the time of the 1990 decennial census. Through a series of additional procedures, a sample of building permits is included in the CPS to represent housing units built after the decen-

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

nial census. Adding these newly built units keeps the sample up-to-date and representative of the population. It also helps to keep the sample size stable: over the life of the sample, the addition of newly built housing units compensates for the loss of "old" units which may be abandoned, demolished, or converted to nonresidential use.

Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. Each monthly sample is divided into eight representative subsamples or rotation groups. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In each monthly sample, one of the eight rotation groups is in the first month of enumeration, another rotation group is in the second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample is common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year for the same month. This procedure provides a substantial amount of month-to-month and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus providing better estimates of change and reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

CPS sample, 1947 to present. Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample designs in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1990 census-based sample design appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1994 issue of this publication.

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	Households visited	
Time period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	² 333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988	729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	729	53,200	2,600	11,500
April 1989 to Oct. 1994 3	729	57,400	2,600	11,800
Nov. 1994 to Aug. 1995 4	792	54,500	3,500	10,000
Sept. 1995 to Dec. 1995	792	52,900	3,400	9,700
Jan. 1996 to present	754	46,800	3,200	9,000

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

³ The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

Includes 2,000 additional assigned housing units from Georgia and Virginia that were gradually phased in during the 10-month period, October 1994-August 1995.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, most sample persons within the same State have had the same probability of selection. Some selection probabilities may differ within a State due to the sample design or for operational reasons. Field subsampling, for example, which is carried out when areas selected for the sample are found to contain many more households than expected, may cause probabilities of selection to differ for some sample areas within a State. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 6 to 7 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimation. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSU's rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's

that are not self-representing and for those States that have a substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1990 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and 2) the race distribution of all PSU's (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSU's).

- b. Second-stage ratio estimation. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:
- 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older,
- 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories,
- 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories.

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," appearing in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

3. Composite estimation procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS being generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals of time.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided indicate primarily the magnitude of the sampling error. They also incorporate the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not account for any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., the inability to obtain information about all persons in the sample; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collecting and processing the data; errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in *The Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966*, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. The CPS covers about 92 percent of the decennial census population (adjusted for census undercount). It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races than for whites. Ratio adjustment to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey, by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.
 - 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two

standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Since it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect contributions from sampling errors and some kinds of nonsampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1996. Standard errors for years prior to 1996 may be roughly approximated by adjusting, as follows, the standard errors presented here.

- 1. For the years 1967 through 1995, multiply the standard errors by 0.96.
- 2. For the years 1956 through 1966, multiply the standard errors by 1.17.
- 3. For years prior to 1956, multiply the standard errors by 1.44.

More accurate standard error estimates for historical CPS data may be found in previous issues of this publication.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. These tables are briefly summarized here; details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, since the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Category	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	293 312 145	216 235 161
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	194 206 97	164 174 113
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	219 224 91	165 171 105
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	97 96 62	95 95 81
Black, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	138 140 66	101 105 76
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	78 71 43	69 72 50
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	98 97 44	73 74 51
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	40 35 32	42 37 37
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	130 134 63	91 107 73

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Table 1-C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Table 40 man and area	0.11	0.10
Total, 16 years and over	0.11	0.13
Men, 16 years and over	.15	.18
Men, 20 years and over	.14	.17
Women, 16 years and over	.16	.19
Women, 20 years and over	.16	.19
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.74	.97
White workers	.11	.13
Black workers	.45	.53
Hispanic-origin workers	.50	.59
Married men, spouse present	.15	.18
Married women, spouse present	.18	.22
Women who maintain families	.54	.64
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.20	.24
Professional specialty	.20	.23
Technicians and related support	.45	.54
Sales	.30	.36
Administrative support, including clerical	.25	.30
Private household	1.75	2.08
Protective service	.67	.80
Service, except private household and		
protective service	.38	.45
Precision production, craft, and repair	.34	.40
Machine operators, assemblers, and		
inspectors	.49	.58
Transportation and material moving	.55	.66
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers,		
and laborers	.73	.87
Farming, forestry, and fishing	.73	.87
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wage and salary		
workers	.13	.15
Goods-producing industries	.25	.30
Mining	1.39	1.65
Construction	.68	.81
Manufacturing	.26	.31
Durable goods	.32	.38
Nondurable goods	.42	.50
Service-producing industries	.15	.18
Transportation, communications, and		
public utilities	.42	.50
Wholesale and retail trade	.27	.32
Finance and services	.19	.23
Government workers	.13	.25
Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.18	1.40
Agricultura: wage and salary workers	1.10	1.40

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These table provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive month-to-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

Illustration. Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approximate standard error of 219,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "Total, 16 years and over: Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval, as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,650,000 to 54,350,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and 1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this monthto-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, Total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 274,000, and the standard error corresponding to 120,000,000 is given as 246,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$246,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000 - 116,150,000}{120,000,000 - 100,0000,000}\right) (274,000 - 246,000) \stackrel{.}{=} 251,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be approximately the interval from 698,000 to 1,502,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly levels (In thousands)

Characteristic											
Agricultural employment		Ur	Unemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				al		
								Hispa	nic origin		
Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labo force or not in labor force		
12 18 41 62 96 157 216 273 330	13 18 39 55 76	12 17 38 54 76 107 131 150 167 201 228	13 18 39 54 74 96 106 108 101	13 19 42 59 82 113	12 17 39 54 77 108 131 151 168 202 229 271 302 324 340 350 354 349 322	12 17 39 54 77 108 131 150 167 201 227 267 296 315 327 333 333 313 264	13 18 39 55 76 103 120 131 137 137 113	14 20 44 61 83 111 126 134 135 110	14 20 44 61 83 111 126 134 135 110		
	Total or white 12 18 41 62 96 157 216 273 330	Total or white Black 12 13 18 18 41 39 62 55 96 76 157 216 273 330	Total or white Black Total or white 12 13 12 18 18 17 41 39 38 62 55 54 96 76 76 157 107 216 131 273 330 150 330 167 228	Total or white Black Total or white Black 12 13 12 13 18 18 17 18 41 39 38 39 62 55 54 54 96 76 76 76 74 157 107 96 157 107 96 216 131 106 273 150 108 330 167 101 228	Agricultural employment Unemployment Total or white Black Total or white Black Hispanic origin 12 13 12 13 13 18 18 17 18 19 41 39 38 39 42 62 55 54 54 59 96 76 76 74 82 157 107 96 113 216 131 106 13 273 150 108 330 167 101 228 228	Agricultural employment Unemployment La Total or white Black Total or white Black Hispanic origin Total or origin 12 13 12 13 13 12 18 18 17 18 19 17 41 39 38 39 42 39 62 55 54 54 59 54 96 76 76 74 82 77 157 107 96 113 108 216 131 106 131 108 273 150 108 151 330 167 101 168 201 202 229 271 302 324 340 340 350 354 349	Agricultural employment Unemployment Labor force da employment Total or white Black Hispanic origin Total White 12 13 12 13 12 12 18 18 17 18 19 17 17 41 39 38 39 42 39 39 62 55 54 54 59 54 54 96 76 76 74 82 77 77 157 107 96 113 108 108 216 131 106 131 131 131 273 150 108 151 150 330 167 101 168 167 201 228 227 271 267 302 296 324 315 340 327 350 333 354 333 354 333	Total or white	Agricultural employment		

Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels (in thousands)

	Characteristic										
Estimated employme monthly level	Agricultural employment		Ur	Jnemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				al	
								Hispa	inic origin		
	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force		
50	14 19 43 59 78 95 94 73	12 17 37 52 72	14 20 46 64 89 124 148 166 180 204 215	15 21 46 63 84 104 106 92 47	16 22 50 69 95 127	10 14 32 45 63 88 108 123 137 165 187 221 245 262 274 281 283 274 246 188	10 14 32 45 63 88 108 123 137 165 187 221 245 262 274 281 283 274 246 188	10 15 33 45 62 84 97 104 108 100 58	12 17 37 51 70 93 105 110 110 79	10 14 31 43 59 78 89 94 95 76	

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from one month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of part-time employment, by contrast, have low correlation, since these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in table 1-G should be selected from the rows labeled "Most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error, s_X , of an estimated monthly level, x, can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

Illustration. Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force (x = 6,000,000). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("Unemployment: Total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

$$a = -0.000017962$$
 $b = 2957.13$

$$S_x = \sqrt{(-0.000017962)(6,000,000)^2 + (2957.13)(6,000,000)} = 131,000$$

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is x = 6,100,000. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("Unemployment: Total or white, Total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

$$a = -0.000093662$$
 $b = 4191.84$

$$s_x = \sqrt{-(0.000093662)(6,100,000)^2 + (4191.84)(6,100,000)} = 149,000$$

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from

-38,000 to 438,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated percentage or rate, p, can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y} p(100-p)}$$

Illustration. For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter b = 2529.99 from table 1-F ("Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total, Women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2529.99}{5,600,000}(32)(100-32)} \doteq 1.0 \text{ percent}$$

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get p = 33 percent and y = 5,650,000. Next, obtain the parameter b = 2690.59 from table 1-G ("Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total or white, Women: Low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2690.59}{5,650,000}} (33)(100-33) = 1.0 \text{ percent}$$

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation.

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	а	b
Labor force and not-in-labor- force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total ¹	-0.000017682 000032770 000029553 000171805	2985.26 2764.05 2529.99 2544.62
White1 Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000020028 000036840 000033710 000204195	2984.72 2766.67 2526.82 2549.88
Black Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000125300 000302096 000182509 001294516	3139.26 2930.79 2637.41 2949.48
Hispanic origin	000206380	3895.71
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16-to-19 year olds	.000005931	828.79
Total or white	.000782035 .000858136 000024885	3048.57 2825.09 2582.39
Black	000134884	3154.76
Hispanic origin: Total or women Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.011857446 .015736341	2894.85 1702.50
Unemployment:		
Total or white	000017962 000212109 000101820	2957.13 3149.77 3576.47

¹ Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "Women, Most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("Women: Low correlation characteristics" or "Both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly

or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors that can be used to convert standard errors for monthly levels into standard errors for other time periods and changes over time. Follow these three basic steps:

- Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.
- Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.
- Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H.

Illustration. Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

- Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.
- Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Black"). Use the formula for $s_{\rm X}$ to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

$$a = -0.000125300$$
 $b = 3139.26$

$$S_X = \sqrt{(-0.000125300)(11,600,000)^2 + (3139.26)(11,600,000)} \doteq 140,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "Quarterly averages" and row labeled "Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, Black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 122,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000.

Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

Characteristic	a	b
abor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total or white:	0.000040400	0004.40
Most characteristicsHigh correlation characteristics ¹	-0.000012482 000009288	2001.12 1564.84
Low correlation characteristics Low characteristics Low characteri	000016162	2550.56
Men: Most characteristics	000022599	1921.13
High correlation characteristics	000016814	1500.99
Low correlation characteristics	000058387	2668.56
Women:		
Most characteristics	000021229	1689.99
Low correlation characteristics	000059785	2690.59
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000186555	2616.54
Black:		
Most characteristics	000098960	2147.36
Low correlation characteristics	001928030	6513.82
Men:	200004407	0000.00
Most characteristics	000234427 002881467	2280.03 5829.60
	.002001407	5020.00
Women: Most characteristics	000156363	1860.78
Low correlation characteristics	002311407	5420.13
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	001288452	3131.77
	100.200.02	
Hispanic origin: Total	000157201	2774.53
Civilian labor force and not in labor force	000102898	1930.51
Low correlation characteristics	002624078	8620.43
Men, civilian labor force and not in labor force	000248038	2347.42
Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over; and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000398909	3615.62
Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	000338741	2569.69
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white:]	
Total	000395757	3838.04
Men	000672985	3959.25
Women or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.000130289	2367.00
Black:	200400055	2004 70
Total or women	000122355 019110769	2861.72 5876.77
	010110703	30/0.//
Hispanic origin: Total or women	.002872129	4640.81
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.002884390	4028.10
Self-employed	000245791	2091.57
Inemployment: ²		
Total or white: Total, men, women	000093662	4191.84
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	00093662	5121.75
		· -
Black: Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000414217	4361,16
High correlation characteristics	.000048170	3088.91
Hispanic origin:		
Total, men, women	000252897	5054.25
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	000996431	7037.75

¹ High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, service workers, and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

² High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

$$S_X = \sqrt{(-0.000125300)(11,400,000)^2 + (3139.26)(11,400,000)} = 140,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table

1-H (column labeled "Change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, Black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 118,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from one quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

		Factor						
Characteristic	Year-to year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages			
Agricultural employment:								
Total or men	1.30	0.92	0.70	0.79	0.70			
	1.30	.82	.84	.57	.70			
	1.30	.78	.88	.49	.70			
	1.40	.80	.80	.59	.70			
Total	1.40	.74	.88	.46	.65			
	1.40	.67	.88	.42	.54			
Total or white Black Hispanic origin Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30	.87	.85	.65	.70			
	1.30	.87	.84	.65	.70			
	1.30	.87	.80	.65	.70			
	1.30	.79	.88	.54	.70			
	1.40	.82	.90	.51	.70			

Establishment Data ("B" tables)

COLLECTION

BLS cooperates with State employment security agencies in the Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey to collect data each month on employment, hours, and earnings from a sample of nonfarm establishments (including government). This sample includes about 390,000 reporting units. From these data, a large number of employment, hours, and earnings series in considerable industry and geographic detail are prepared and published each month. Historical statistics are available on the Internet at: http:\\stats.bls.gov

Each month, the State agencies collect data on employment, payrolls, and paid hours from a sample of establishments. Data are collected by mail from most respondents; phone collection is used to obtain higher response rates from selected respondents through computer-assisted interviews, touch-tone self-response, and voice recognition technology.

The respondents extract the requested data from their payroll records, which must be maintained for a variety of tax and accounting purposes. All firms with 250 employees or more are asked to participate in the survey, as well as a sample of smaller firms.

A "shuttle" schedule (BLS form 790 series) is used for mail respondents. It is submitted each month by the respondents, edited by the State agency, and returned to the respondent for use again the following month.

The technical characteristics of the shuttle schedule are particularly important in maintaining continuity and consistency in reporting from month to month. The shuttle design automatically exhibits the trends of the reported data covered by the schedule during the year; therefore, the relationship of the current data to the data for the previous months is shown. The schedule also has operational advantages. For example, accuracy and economy are achieved by entering the identification codes and the address of the reporter only once a year.

All schedules are edited by the State agencies each month to make sure that the data are correctly reported and that they are consistent with the data reported by the establishment in earlier months and with the data reported by other establishments in the industry. The State agencies forward the data, either on the schedules themselves or in machine-readable form, to BLS-Washington. They also use the information provided on the forms to develop State and area estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. At BLS, the data are edited again by computer to detect processing and reporting errors which may have been missed in the initial State editing; the edited data are used to prepare national estimates.

It should be noted that for employment, the sum of the State figures will differ from the official U.S. national totals because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification and differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), Office of Management and Budget.

industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-6). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span.

Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment (65-(100-65) = 30). However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers. This category includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers. This group includes the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed

by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees. These are employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll. This refers to the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. Employee benefits (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours. These are the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours. These are hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly fig-

ures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Because overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761

covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads plus Amtrak (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings. These earnings are in constant dollars and are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). The reference year for these series is 1982.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,698 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

Benchmarks

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 98 percent of in-scope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 2 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the 11 months following the March benchmark are also recalculated each year. These post-benchmark estimates reflect the application of sample-based monthly changes to new benchmark levels for March, and the recomputation of bias adjustment factors for each month. Bias factors are updated to take into account the most recent experience of the estimates generated by the monthly

sample versus the full universe counts derived from the UI.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and all data series, usually for the previous 5 years, are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 390,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,698 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit SIC level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Sub-industry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly between establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the basic cell level, as part of the standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)				
	Monthly data					
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.				
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	Ali-employee estimate for current month multi- plied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establish- ments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.				
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours di- vided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.				
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.				
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker pay- roll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.				
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.				
	Annual avo	erage data				
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.				
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.				
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.				
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.				
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.				

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustments factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

ings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

²The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly eam-

establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a portion of employment growth each month of the year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial under estimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year. The undercount errors were measured as the difference between sample-based estimate results and benchmark levels.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and the bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements were strongly correlated with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated the sample data on employment growth over the most recent two quarters, and a regression-derived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This change in methodology provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model. The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983, for the production of national estimates.

The current model still has limitations in its ability to react to changing economic conditions or changing error structure relationships between the sample-based estimates and the UI universe counts. A principal limitation is the inability to incorporate UI universe counts as they become available on an ongoing basis, with a 6- to 9-month lag from the reference period. Thus, the current quarterly outputs from the model are subject to intervention analysis, and adjustments can be made to its results, prior to the establishment of final bias levels for a quarter. Review is done primarily in terms of detection of outlier (i.e. abnormally high or low) values, and by comparison of CES sample and bias trends with the most recent quarterly observations of UI universe counts. The BLS currently has under study improved bias models utilizing a Kalman filter technique, which would allow a more formal, structured incorporation of each quarter's UI universe counts in the bias modeling process.

Although the primary function of bias adjustment is to account for employment resulting from new business formations, it also adjusts for other elements of nonsampling error in the survey, because the primary input to the modeling procedure is total estimation error. Significant among these nonsampling error sources is a business death bias. When a sampled firm closes down, most often it simply does not respond to the survey that month, rather than reporting zero employment. Followup with nonrespondents may reveal an out-of-business firm, but this information is often received too late to incorporate into monthly esti-

mates, and the firm is simply treated as a nonrespondent for that month.

Because the bias adjustments incorporated into the estimates represent a composite of a birth bias, death bias, and a number of other differences between the sample-based estimates and the population counts, the monthly bias adjustment levels have no specific economic meaning in and of themselves.

Table 2-B summarizes bias adjustments for the 1986-96 period. The table displays the average monthly "bias added" and the average monthly "bias required" with the benchmark revisions for each year. Bias added shows the average amount of bias which was added each month over the course of an interbenchmark period. For example, the bias added for 1996 is listed as 129,000; this represents the average of bias adjustments made each month over the period April 1995 through March 1996. Bias required is computed retrospectively, after the March benchmark for a given year is known. Bias required figures are calculated by taking the difference between a March estimate derived purely from the sample (i.e. a series calculated without bias adjustment) and the March benchmark. Dividing this figure by 12 gives the average monthly bias required figure. The bias required is thus defined as the amount of bias adjustment which would have achieved a zero benchmark error. The difference between the total bias required and the total bias added is then, by definition, approximately the benchmark revision amount, for any given year. Also provided in the table for illustration, are the March-to-March changes. As discussed above, the over-the-year changes indicate correlation with the bias added and bias required figures.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period, and data in considerably more detail with an additional 1-month lag.

The CES survey, which began over 50 years age, predates the introduction of probability sampling methods and has operated as a quota sample since its inception.

The sampling plan used is a form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment". This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because vari-

ance on a population total estimate is a function of percentage universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the survey design, large establishments fall into a certainty strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to have a sample design for these industries with a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-C shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling error. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2-D through 2-G.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. While the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it actually represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.3 percent, with a range from zero to 0.7 percent. Table 2-D shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the

Table 2-B. March employment benchmarks and bias adjustments for total private industries, March 1986-96 (In thousands)

Year	Bench	mark	Average m	Over-the-year	
	Employment ¹	Revision ²	Added ³	Required⁴	employment change⁵
1986	81,204	-400	149	116	1,758
1987	83,173	21	98	99	1,969
1988	86,180	-310	114	88	3,007
1989	89,015	-93	131	123	2,835
1990	90,546	-261	85	63	1,531
1991	88,790	-583	61	12	-1.756
1992	88,347	-130	33	22	-443
1993	89,790	288	83	107	1,443
1994	92,730	688	115	171	2,940
1995	96,175	511	144	187	3,445
1996	98,158	72	129	135	1.983

¹ Universe counts for March of each year are used to make annual benchmark adjustments to the employment estimates. About 98 percent of the benchmark employment is from unemployment insurance administrative records, and the remaining 2 percent is from alternate sources. Data represent benchmark levels as originally computed.

course of an inter-benchmark period, i.e., from April of the prior year through March of the given year.

² Difference between the final March sample-based estimate and the benchmark level for total private employment.

³ The average amount of bias adjustment each month over the

⁴ The difference between the March benchmark and the March estimate derived solely from the sample without bias adjustment, converted to a monthly amount by dividing by 12.

March-to-March changes in the benchmark employment level. NOTE: Data in this table exclude government employment because there is no bias adjustment for this sector.

estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

Estimated standard errors for employment, hours, and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. Like the employment estimates, the hours and earnings estimates are also subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Estimates of the sampling error for employment, hours, and earnings were computed using the method of random groups and are expressed as relative standard errors (standard error divided by the estimate). Relative standard errors for individual industries with the specified number of employees are presented in table 2-E and for major industries in table 2-F. Multiplying the relative standard error by its estimated value gives the estimate of the standard error. The errors presented here are based on averages observed from sample data over the March 1994 through March 1995 period.

Standard errors for differences between industries and times. The standard error of a difference is required to test for significant differences between estimates from two different industries. Since the estimates for the two industries are independent, the standard error of a difference is the square root of the sum of the estimated variance of each estimate, S_1^2 and S_2^2 .

S difference =
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2}$$

The CES sample overlaps almost entirely from month to month, so monthly estimates are not independent. The covariance between these estimates must be accounted for when testing the significance of the change in estimates over time. The standard error of the change can be estimated as follows.

S change =
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2 - 2ps_1s_2}$$

If
$$S_1 = S_2$$
, then:
 $\sqrt{2s_1^2(1-p)}$
S change =

Conservative estimates of p after one month are 0.8 for employment, 0.6 for average weekly hours, and 0.8 for average hourly earnings.

If the bias is small, then the standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals or range of values that include the true population value. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments' SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial

Table 2-C. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1996

		Sample coverage ¹					
Industry	Bench- marks		Emple	oyees			
	(thou- sands)	Number of establish- ments	Number (thou- sands)	Percent of bench- marks			
Total	117,952	327,799	44,496	38			
Mining	566	3,172	237	42			
Construction	4.952	26,429	978	20			
Manufacturing	18,366	58,259	8,968	49			
Transportation and							
public utilities	6,159	216,432	2,358	38			
Wholesale trade	6,396	25,768	1,153	18			
Retail trade	21,023	63,150	4,959	24			
Finance, insurance,				į			
and real estate	6,815	24,268	2,200	32			
Services	33,881	78,057	8,286	24			
Government:							
Federal	2,770	³ 5,335	2,770	100			
State	4,750	7,098	3,987	84			
Local	12,274	19,831	8,600	70			
Local	12,274	19,831	8,600	70			

Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads plus Amtrak. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of reports covering about 62 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1996) and historical benchmark revisions (Numbers in thousands)

Industry		h 1996 ark revision	10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
industry	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute	
Total	57	(2)	(²)	0.3	
Total private	72	.1	(²)	.3	
Roods-producing	189	.8	-0.1	.8	
}	3	.5	-1.2	1.7	
Mining Metal mining	3	5.7	-1.6	3.1	
Coal mining	- 3	-3.1	-1.1	2.2	
	7	2.2	-1.4	2.6	
Oil and gas extraction Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-1	-1.0	4	1.6	
Construction	8	.2	7	1.4	
	21	1.8	4	2.6	
General building contractors	7	1.0	.2	1.8	
Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	-1 9	6	-1.0	1.5	
Manufacturing	178	1.0	.1	.7	
-	92	.9	.1	.7	
Durable goods				1.7	
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	16 3	2.1 .6	.2 .3	1.7	
Stone, clay, and glass products	5	.9	.3	.7	
Primary metal industries	5	.7	1	.9	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	3	1.2	.4	1.3	
Fabricated metal products	-3	-,2	(²)	.9	
Industrial machinery and equipment	26	1.2	1	1.3	
Computer and office equipment	4	1.1	(²)	2.4	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1	.1	5	.9	
Electronic components and accessories	-3	5	4	1.7	
Transportation equipment	17	1.0	1.0	1.1	
Motor vehicles and equipment	9	1.0	1.4	1.4	
Aircraft and parts	5	1.1	1.0	1.5	
Instruments and related products	21	2.5	.2	1.9	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1	.3	2.0	1.4	
Nondurable goods	86	1.1	(²)	.7	
Food and kindred products	37	2.2	.1	1.0	
Tobacco products	Ö	0	2	4.5	
Textile mill products	-10	-1.6	1	.9	
Apparel and other textile products	17	1.9	.1	1.3	
Paper and allied products	4	.6	.4	.6	
Printing and publishing	10	.6	3	.8	
Chemicals and allied products	11	1.1	1	.9	
Petroleum and coal products	3	2.1	5	1.6	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	13	1.3	.5	1.5	
Leather and leather products	0	0	6	2.5	
Service-producing	-132	1	.1	.3	
Transportation and public utilities	-74	-1.2	3	1.0	
Transportation	-14	4	4	1.3	
Railroad transportation	0	0	9	1.1	
Local and interurban passenger transit	-13	-2.9	1 .1	2.4	
Trucking and warehousing	-242	-15.2	-1.6	2.9	
Water transportation	0	0	.5	3.6	
Transportation by air	261	23.9	2.7	5.2	
Pipelines, except natural gas	1	6.7	.6	5.1	
Transportation services	-21	-5.1	-1.6	3.3	
Communications and public utilities	-60	-2.7	2	1.1	
Communications	-50	-3.8	2	1.7	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	-11	-1.2	2	.8	
Wholesale trade	-108	-1.7 -1.8	4 5	1.3 1.5	
Durable goods	-66 -42	-1.8 -1.6	5 3	1.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1996) and historical benchmark revisions—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

Industry		h 1996 ark revision	10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute	
Retail trade	111	.5	.5	.7	
Building materials and garden supplies	-11	-1.3	.2	1.6	
	9	.3	2.2	2.7	
General merchandise stores	-6	3	2.8	3.5	
Department stores		.2	2	.8	
Food stores	7	.2			
Automotive dealers and service stations	-1	(²)	-1. <u>1</u>	1.1	
New and used car dealers	1	.1	5	1.0	
Apparel and accessory stores	-4	4	1.1	1.6	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	9	.9	4	1.1	
Eating and drinking places	79	1.1	.8	1.3	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	20	.8	.3	.9	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	-78	-1.1	4	1.2	
Finance	-25	8	8	1.3	
Depository institutions	-2	1	-1.0	1.3	
Commercial banks	- 5	3	4	.7	
Savings institutions 3	š	1.1	-4.2	6.4	
Nondepository institutions	2	.4	.8	2.0	
Mortgage bankers and brokers	Õ	.4	9.9	4.9	
	9	1.7	.1	1.3	
Security and commodity brokers	-33	-15.9	-4.1	5.3	
Holding and other investment offices			1	5.3 1.3	
Insurance	-44	-2.0	.2		
Insurance carriers	-40	-2.7	.2	1.5	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	-4	6	.1	1.5	
Real estate	-9	7	6	1.6	
Services4	32	.1] .1	.5	
Agricultural services	10	1.8	2.3	2.5	
Hotels and other lodging places	35	2.1	.7	1.5	
Personal services	-1	1	.6	1.4	
Business services	84	1.2	.4	1.8	
Services to buildings	2	.2	1.2	1.6	
Personnel supply services	ī	(²)	1.3	3.6	
Help supply services 3	-2	1	1.4	2.7	
Computer and data processing convices	30	2.5	8	2.9	
Computer and data processing services		.1	-1.0	1.4	
Auto repair, services, and parking	1			4.7	
Miscellaneous repair services	10	2.7	7		
Motion pictures	-4	8	-2	4.3	
Amusement and recreation services	-59	-4.4	2	3.3	
Health services	-84	9	8	.9	
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	11	.7	-1.2	1.8	
Nursing and personal care facilities	-5	3	7	.9	
Hospitals	-38	-1.0	8	.8	
Home health care services 3	8	1.2	1.0	2.6	
Legal services	-3	3	4	1.2	
Educational services	19	.9	1.1	2.8	
Social services	10	.4	7	1.7	
Child day care services	-4	7	-2.6	4.7	
Residential care	8	1.2	0	1.6	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	Ŏ	0	1.2	2.5	
Membership organizations	45	2.1	2.6	3.3	
Engineering and management services 3	-52	-1.8	.2	1.6	
Engineering and architectural services	2	.2	5	1.4	
Management and public relations 3	-38	-4.5	1.3	3.7	
Services, nec	1	2.2	.6	.8	
	45	4	/21		
Government	-15 0	1	(²) 0	.2 0	
Federal	_	1 -	0	ŏ	
Federal, except Postal Service	0	0	_		
State	-23	5	.4	.5	
Education	-39	-1.9	.5	1.0	
Other State government	15	.6	.3	.5	
Local	8	.1	1	.3	
Education	8	.1	1	.4	
Other local government	-1	(²)	.4	1	

Data relate to the 1987-96 benchmarks, as originally published, unless otherwise noted.

²Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>Data relate to 1989-96.
Includes other industries, not shown separately.</sup>

Table 2-E. Relative standard errors¹ for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings

(In percent)

Size of employment estimate	Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
50,000	1.4 1.1 .8 .6 .4	1.9 1.5 1.2 .9 .7	3.2 2.6 2.2 1.7 1.3 1.1

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1994-March 1995.

Table 2-F. Relative standard errors¹ for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings by industry

(in percent)

Industry	Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total private	0.1	0.1	0.2
Mining	.8	.6	1.1
Construction	.4	.1	.3
Manufacturing	.1	.1	.4
Durable goods	.1	.1	.5
Nondurable goods	.1	.1	.5
Transportation and			
public utilities	.3	.5	1.0
Wholesale trade	.2	.2	.4
Retail trade	.1	.1	.3
Finance, insurance,			
and real estate	.2	.2	.7
Services	.2	.2	.4

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1994-March 1995.

amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

Revisions between preliminary and final data. First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised samplebased estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-G presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates.

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total private nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

(Tables B-7, B-14, and B-18)

As explained earlier, State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS, however, BLS uses the full CES sample to produce monthly national employment estimates, while each State agency uses its portion of the sample to independently develop a State employment estimate.

The CES area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue.

Caution in aggregating State data. The national estimation procedures used by BLS are designed to produce accurate national data by detailed industry; correspondingly the State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate data for each individual State. State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals nor vice versa. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause distortions at an aggregate level. This has been a particular problem at turning points in the U.S. economy, when the majority of the individual State errors tend to be in the same direction. Due to these statistical limitations, the Bureau does not compile or publish a "sum-of-States" employment series. Additionally, BLS cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure, particularly at turning points.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

Industry	Root-mean-square error	Mean percent revision		
	of monthly level ¹	Actual	Absolute	
Total	61,300	0	0	
Total private	52,300	0	o	
Goods-producing	14,200	0	0	
· -	· [-0,1	.3	
Mining	2,300 300	0.1	.4	
Metal mining	900	1	.6	
Coal mining	2,200	1	.5	
Oil and gas extraction	300	0	.3	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels			į	
Construction	9,000	.1	.1	
General building contractors	4,400	.1	.3	
Heavy construction, except building	3,700	.1	.4	
Special trade contractors	5,700	.1	.1	
Manufacturing	10,200	0	0	
Durable goods	6,700	0	.1	
Lumber and wood products	1,300	.1	.1	
Furniture and fixtures	1,300	0	.2	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,100	0	.2	
Primary metal industries	1,400	0	.1	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,300	0	.4	
Fabricated metal products	1,800	0	.1	
industrial machinery and equipment	2,600	0	.1	
Computer and office equipment	1,400	.1	.3	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	2,400	.1	.1	
Electronic components and accessories	1,300	.1	.2	
Transportation equipment	4,300	0	.2	
Motor vehicles and equipment	3,700	.1	.3	
Aircraft and parts	1,800	1	.2	
instruments and related products	1,700	Ö	.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,200	Ö	.2	
Nondurable goods	5,500	0	.1	
Food and kindred products	3,300	1	.2	
Tabases products	500	.3	.8	
Tobacco products Textile mill products	1,100	0	.1	
Apparel and other textile products		.1	.2	
		 0	.1	
Paper and allied products	1,700	.1	i .i	
Printing and publishingChemicals and allied products	1,800	1	.;	
Petroleum and coal products	1,000	1	.5	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	1,600	Ö	.1	
Leather and leather products		1	.4	
Service-producing		0	0	
Transportation and public utilities	1	1	.1	
Transportation	8,100	1	.2	
Railroad transportation		3	.7	
Local and interurban passenger transit	3,500	2	.5	
Trucking and warehousing	1 1	1	.2	
Water transportation	1	3	.7	
Transportation by air		1	.3	
Pipelines, except natural gas		4	.8	
Transportation services	l I	1	.3	
Communications and public utilities		0 .	.1	
Communications and public utilities	4,500	ŏ	.2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		Ö	.1	
Wholesale trade		.1	.1	
AALIDIESGIA HAGE	4,400	. i	.1	
Durable goods				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates-Continued

Industry	Root-mean-square error	Mean percent revision		
	of monthly level	Actual	Absolute	
Retail trade	33,100	.1	.1	
Building materials and garden supplies	2,800	0	.3	
General merchandise stores	17,600	.2	.5	
Department stores	16,200	.2	.5	
Food stores	6,300	.1 \	.1	
Automotive dealers and service stations	2,700	0	.1	
New and used car dealers	1,200	1	.1	
Apparel and accessory stores	5,800	.2	.4	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	3,600	.1	.3	
Eating and drinking places	12,400	.1	.1	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	8,500	.2	.3	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.100	o	.1	
Finance	3,800	o l	.1	
Depository institutions	2,800	1	.1	
Commercial banks	2,300	1	.1	
Savings institutions	1,100	1	.3	
Nondepository institutions	1	.1	.2	
Mortgage bankers and brokers	1,000	0	.3	
Security and commodity brokers	900	0	.1	
Holding and other investment offices	1,600	1	.5	
Insurance	2,800	0	.1	
Insurance carriers	2,400	0	.1	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	1,000	0	.1	
Real estate	2,700	0	.2	
Services ²	29,100	0	.1	
Agricultural services	3,200	.2	.4	
Hotels and other lodging places	5,900	.2	.3	
Personal services	8,100	1	.4	
Business services	13,900	.1	.2	
Services to buildings	2,800	0	.3 .4	
Personnel supply services	11,800	.2	.4 .4	
Help supply services	11,400	.2 0	. 4 .2	
Computer and data processing services	2,400	0	1	
Auto repair, services, and parking	1,900	0	.2	
Miscellaneous repair services	1,100	0 1	.8	
Motion pictures	5,500	.3	.6 .6	
Amusement and recreation services	9,700 5,300	.5	.0	
Health services	2,700	o l	.1	
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	1 -1	Ŏ		
Nursing and personal care facilities	1	0		
Hospitals Home health care services	1	.1	.3	
Legal services		 0	.1	
Educational services	13,200	0	.6	
Social services	7,900	.ĭ	.3	
Child day care services	4,800	 .3	.7	
Residential care	1,300	 0	.2	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	700	.2	.2 .7	
Membership organizations	3,800	<u>-</u>	.2	
Engineering and management services	4,900	Ŏ	.2 .2 .3 .3	
Engineering and architectural services	2,400	0	.3	
Management and public relations	3,100	.1		
Services, nec	400	.1	.8	
Government	23,900	0	.1	
Federal	10,400	Ŏ	.3	
Federal, except Postal Service		Ö	.3	
State		Õ	.2	
Education	10,900	0	.5	
Other State government		0	.1	
Local		0	.1	
Education	1	.1	.2	
Other local government	12,100	0	.2	

¹The root-mean-square error is the square root of the mean squared error. The mean squared error is the square of the difference between the final and preliminary estimates averaged across a series of monthly observations.

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1992 through December 1996.

² Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data ("C" tables)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act.

Annual average data for the States and over 270 areas shown in table C-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 6,500 areas, including nearly 2,400 LMA's, counties, and cities with a population of 25,000 or more. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. At the sub-LMA (county and city) level, estimates are prepared using disaggregation techniques based on decennial and annual population estimates and current unemployment insurance data. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, *Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics*.

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. Effective January 1996, civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for all States and the District of Columbia are produced using models based on a "signal-plus-noise" approach. The model of the signal is a time series model of the true labor force which consists of three components: A variable coefficient

regression, a flexible trend, and a flexible seasonal component. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the Current Population Survey (CPS), the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. The noise component of the models explicitly accounts for auto correlation in the CPS sampling error and changes in the average magnitude of the error. In addition, the models can identify and remove the effects of outliers in the historical CPS series. While all the State models have important components in common, they differ somewhat from one another to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for the employment-to-population ratio and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The employment-to-population ratio, rather than the employment level, and the unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, are estimated primarily because these ratios are usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment-to-population ratio models use the relationship between the State's monthly employment from the CES and the CPS. The models also include trend and seasonal components to account for movements in the CPS not captured by the CES series. The seasonal component accounts for the seasonality in the CPS not explained by the CES, while the trend component adjusts for long-run systematic differences between the two series.

The unemployment rate models use the relationship between the State's monthly unemployment insurance (UI) claims data and the CPS unemployment rate, along with trend and seasonal components.

In both the employment-to-population ratio and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The regression portion of the model includes a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, levels are calculated for employment, unemployment, and labor force.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for all States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual aver-

age, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates for two large sub-State areas —New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained using the same modeling approach as for states. Estimates for the nearly 2,400 remaining LMA's, are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based largely on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1990 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month,

the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of two categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; and (2) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and all LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-State preliminary LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment. For California and New York, the proportional adjustment is applied to all LMA's other than the two modeled areas, to ensure that the LMA estimates sum to an independent model-based estimate for the balance of State.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in UI claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The updated estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Household data

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

BLS uses an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data, usually for the most recent 5 years, are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970. In 1994, data were revised only for that year because of the major redesign and

1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount, introduced into the Current Population Survey. In 1996, 1990-93 data also were revised to incorporate these 1990 census-based population controls and seasonally adjusted series were revised back to 1990. Subsequent revisions are only carried back to 1994.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components. The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue (March issue in 1996), Employment and Earnings publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure.

Establishment data

In June 1997, with the release of the March 1996 benchmark revisions, BLS utilizes an updated version of the X-12 ARIMA software developed by the Bureau of the Census to seasonally adjust national establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings series. The X-12 ARIMA (first introduced in June 1996) replaces the X-11 ARIMA, which had been used to adjust these series since the early 1980's. All national establishment-based series were revised back to 1988.

The conversion to X-12 ARIMA allows BLS to refine its seasonal adjustment procedures to control for survey interval variations, sometime referred to as the 4-vs. 5-week effect. While the CES survey is referenced to a consistent concept, the pay period including the 12th day of the month, inconsistencies arise because there are variations of 4 or 5 weeks between the week of the 12th in any given pair of months. In highly seasonal months and industries, this varia-

tion can be an important determinant of the magnitude of seasonal hires or layoffs that have occurred at the time the survey is taken, thereby complicating seasonal adjustment. The interval effect adjustment is accomplished through the REGARIMA (regression with auto-correlated errors) option in the X-12 software. This process combines standard regression analysis, which measures correlations between two or more variables, with ARIMA modeling, which describes and predicts the behavior of a data series based on its own past history. In this application, the correlations of interest are those between employment levels in individual calendar months and the length of the survey intervals for those months. The REGARIMA models estimate and remove the variation in employment levels attributable to 11 separate survey intervals, one specified for each month, except March. March is excluded because there are always 4 weeks between the February and March surveys.

Projected seasonal factors for the establishment-based series are calculated and published twice a year, paralleling the procedure used for the household series. Revisions to historical data are made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions. All series are seasonally adjusted using multiplicative models in X-12; additive models are not considered. Seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied at component levels. For employment series, these are generally the 2-digit SIC levels. Seasonally adjusted totals are arithmetic aggregations for employment series and weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted data for hours and earnings series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS also makes special adjustments for floating holidays for the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours. From 1988 forward, these adjustments are now accomplished as part of the X-12 ARIMA/REGARIMA modeling process rather than through the previously used moving-holiday extension of X-11 ARIMA. The special adjustment made in November each year to adjust for the effect of poll workers in the local government employment series also is incorporated into the X-12 process from 1988 forward; this replaces the X-11 ARIMA-based procedure previously used to account for this effect.

Revised seasonally adjusted national establishment-based series based on the experience through March 1997, new seasonal adjustment factors for March-October 1997, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1997 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised factors for the September 1997-April 1998 period will appear in the December issue.

Beginning in 1993, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment data by major industry for all States and the District of Columbia (table B-7). Seasonal adjustment factors are applied directly to the employment estimates at the division level (component series for manufacturing and trade) and then aggregated to the State totals. The recomputation of seasonal factors and historical revisions are made coincident with the annual benchmark adjustments. State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate (unadjusted and seasonally adjusted) data for each individual State. BLS independently develops a national employment series; State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause significant distortions at an aggregate level. Due to these statistical limitations, BLS does not compile a "sum-of-States" employment series, and cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure.

Region and State labor force data

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia (tables C-1 and C-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions usually are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation, as a whole, differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

TABLE KEY: A: Monthly household data; B: Monthly national and State and area establishment data; C: Monthly regional, State, and area labor force data; D: Quarterly, household data only, in the January, April, July, and October Issues. Annual averages: Household data in the January Issue; national establishment data in the January, March, and June Issues; State and area establishment and labor force data in the May Issue. For additional information see the listing on the inside front cover of this publication.

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