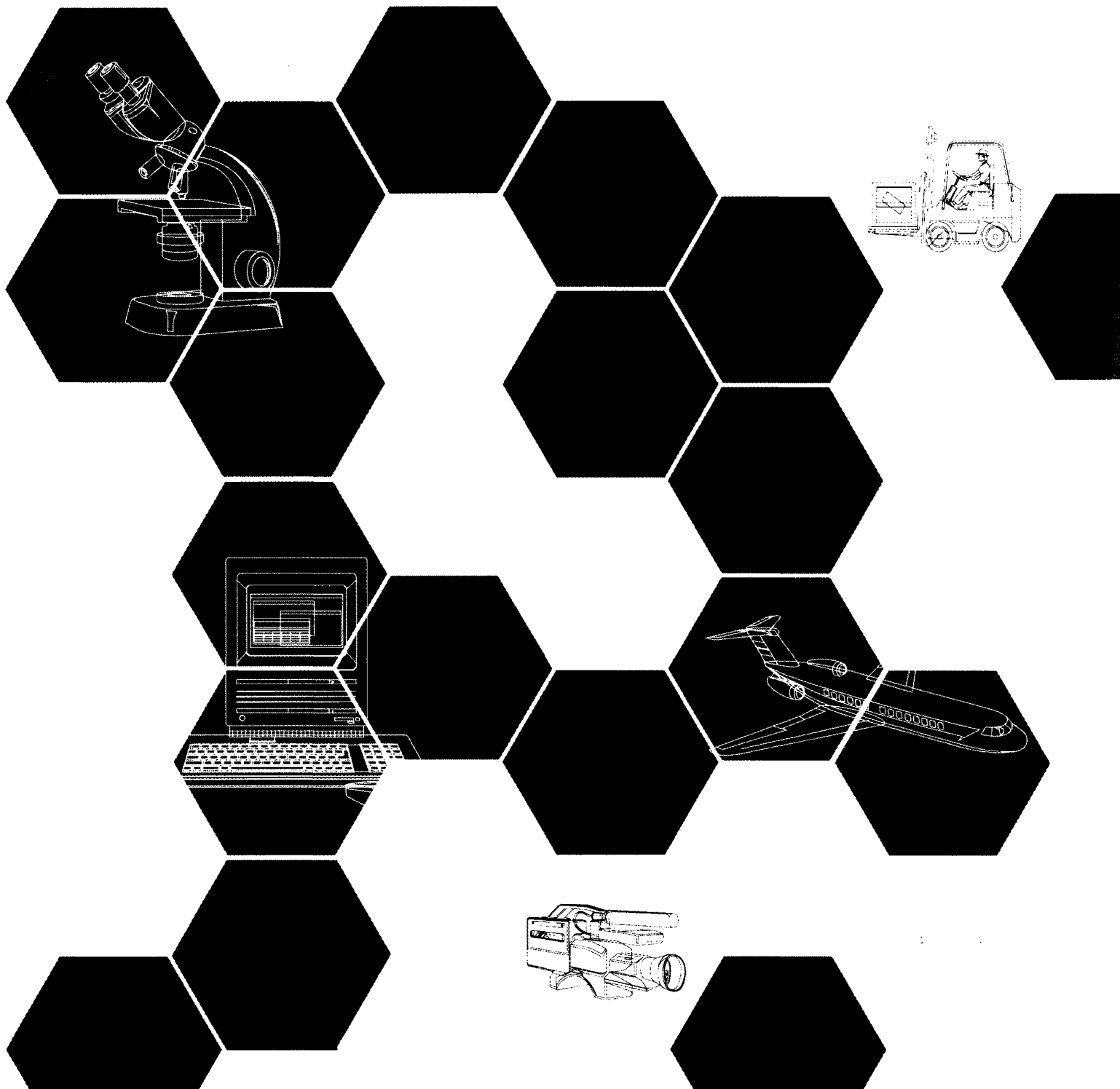


EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Statistics
April 1995

In this issue: First quarter 1995
averages for household
survey data





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Robert B. Reich, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

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April 1995
Vol. 42 No. 4

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages	Jan.
Union affiliation	Jan.
Earnings by detailed occupation	Jan.
Employee absences	Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series	Jan.
Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, and weekly earnings data.	Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

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Industry detail	Mar., June
Women employees	Mar., June
National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors	June
Revised historical national data	Bulletin ¹
State and area annual revisions	March
State and area annual averages	May
Area definitions	May

State and area labor force data

Annual revisions	March
Annual averages	May

¹ The most recent publication was issued in September 1994 as *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-94*, BLS Bulletin 2445, and is available from: New Orders, U.S. Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954, at \$46 a copy, GPO Stock Number 029-001-03197-1.

Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1995

Employment continued to increase and unemployment was essentially unchanged in March. Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 203,000 over the month, with substantial gains in services and construction. Manufacturing employment was flat, following a 5-month period of solid growth. The unemployment rate for March was 5.5 percent.

Unemployment

Both the level and rate of unemployment were virtually unchanged in March at 7.2 million and 5.5 percent, respectively. These measures are about the same as they were at the end of 1994; they had fallen substantially over the course of that year. (See table A-3.)

The jobless rates for adult men (4.7 percent), adult women (4.9 percent), whites (4.7 percent), blacks (9.8 percent), and Hispanics (9.1 percent) also showed little or no change in March. The rate for teenagers (16.1 percent) declined somewhat. (See tables A-3 and A-4.)

The number of persons unemployed for 27 weeks or more increased by 140,000 to 1.3 million in March. This is about the same level as in January, but substantially lower than the 1.8 million figure of a year ago. This group comprises 19 percent of the total unemployed. (See table A-12.)

Total employment and the labor force

Total employment in March, at 125.3 million, was little different than in February (after seasonal adjustment). The number of employed persons has increased by 3.1 million over the past 12 months. The employment-population ratio—the proportion of the working-age population with jobs—was 63.3 percent, 1 full percentage point higher than a year earlier. (See table A-3.)

A total of 7.6 million workers (not seasonally adjusted), or 6.1 percent of all employed persons, held two or more jobs in March. A year earlier, 5.9 percent of the employed held more than one job. (See table A-35.)

At 132.5 million, seasonally adjusted, the civilian labor force was little changed in March. The labor force participation rate remained at 66.9 percent. (See table A-3.)

Persons not in the labor force

The number of persons with a marginal attachment to the labor force—those who wanted and were available for work, but were no longer actively looking for jobs after having searched sometime in the past 12 months—was 1.7 million (not seasonally adjusted) in March. Of that total, those who were not looking because they believed that there

were no jobs available for them—discouraged workers—numbered 454,000, slightly lower than the year-earlier level. (See table A-34.)

Industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment continued to expand, rising by 203,000 in March to 115.8 million. Although most of this increase was again concentrated in the services industry, there also were notable job gains in construction and in finance, insurance, and real estate. (See table B-3.)

Services industry employment rose by 133,000 in March. This followed February's unusually large increase of 217,000. A number of component industries showed strong growth in March, and there were some offsetting declines. Employment in amusements and recreation rose substantially, boosted by warmer-than-normal temperatures. Health services had its largest monthly increase in a year, including a sizable gain in hospitals, where growth had stalled over the past 2 years. In contrast, employment in the personnel supply component of business services, which had been on a steady upward course, fell by 35,000 over the month.

The construction industry added substantially more jobs than normal, resulting in a seasonally adjusted employment gain of 58,000. This reflected unusually warm weather in March. The bulk of this gain was concentrated in industries that are most sensitive to weather conditions—concrete, masonry, and roofing in special trades as well as heavy construction. The construction industry has added a total of 309,000 jobs over the past year.

Finance, insurance, and real estate employment was up by 17,000 in March, recouping most of the job losses incurred since last August. Job growth was about equally distributed among the industry's three components. Employment in insurance showed its first gain in nearly a year, while real estate's modest growth contributed to gains totaling about 100,000 since its recession-related low point 3 years ago.

Factory employment was virtually unchanged over the month after showing strong growth from October through January and a moderate gain in February. The apparel industry had the largest decline, but there also were small losses in several other manufacturing industries. Of the three industries that have exhibited strong growth trends in recent months, only industrial machinery continued this pattern, whereas gains in fabricated metals and electronic equipment were much smaller in March.

Following strong gains in February, employment in both retail and wholesale trade was fairly flat in March. Retail job declines occurred in eating and drinking places and apparel stores; in contrast, auto dealers and furniture stores experienced moderate gains. Wholesale trade employment was little changed over the month, following 3 months of healthy increases.

Government employment overall was little changed over the month, but Federal employment continued on its downward trend. Federal payrolls have fallen by 165,000 since the most recent peak in April 1992.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged over the month at 34.5 hours (seasonally adjusted). The manu-

facturing workweek declined by 0.2 hour to 41.9 hours, still a very high level. Factory overtime also declined by 0.2 hour to 4.7 hours. (See table B-8.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls edged up by 0.2 percent to 131.7 (1982=100) in March. The manufacturing index fell 0.6 percent to 107.0. (See table B-9.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers rose by 3 cents in March to \$11.33 (seasonally adjusted). Average weekly earnings edged up by 0.3 percent to \$390.89. Over the past year, average hourly earnings increased by 2.8 percent and average weekly earnings rose by 2.5 percent. (See table B-11.)

Scheduled Release Dates			
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:			
<i>Reference month</i>	<i>Release date</i>	<i>Reference month</i>	<i>Release date</i>
April	May 5	July	August 4
May	June 2	August	September 1
June	July 7	September	October 6

Summary table A. Major labor force status categories, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
Labor force status														
Civilian noninstitutional population	196,213	196,363	196,510	196,693	196,859	197,043	197,248	197,430	197,607	197,765	197,753	197,886	198,007	
Civilian labor force	130,706	130,787	130,699	130,538	130,774	131,086	131,291	131,646	131,718	131,725	132,136	132,308	132,511	
Percent of population	66.6	66.6	66.5	66.4	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.7	66.7	66.6	66.8	66.9	66.9	
Employed	122,160	122,402	122,703	122,635	122,781	123,197	123,644	124,141	124,403	124,570	124,639	125,125	125,274	
Percent of population	62.3	62.3	62.4	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.7	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.2	63.3	
Unemployed	8,546	8,385	7,996	7,903	7,993	7,889	7,647	7,505	7,315	7,155	7,498	7,183	7,237	
Not in labor force	65,507	65,576	65,811	66,155	66,085	65,957	65,784	65,889	66,040	65,617	65,578	65,496		
Unemployment rates														
All workers	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.5	
Men, 20 years and over	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.6	4.7	
Women, 20 years and over	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.0	19.2	18.1	17.1	17.7	17.5	17.2	17.1	15.8	17.2	16.7	17.6	16.1	
White	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.7	
Black	12.4	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.2	11.3	10.7	11.1	10.5	9.8	10.2	10.1	9.8	
Hispanic origin	10.1	10.7	9.9	10.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	9.4	8.8	9.2	10.2	8.9	9.1	

Summary table B. Employment, hours, and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p	
Employment														
Total	112,298	112,699	112,951	113,334	113,624	113,914	114,186	114,348	114,882	115,113	115,282	115,627	115,830	
Total private	93,357	93,718	93,937	94,316	94,601	94,827	95,035	95,228	95,692	95,962	96,153	96,462	96,675	
Goods-producing industries	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,576	23,590	23,640	23,673	23,715	23,827	23,873	23,958	23,938	23,992	
Mining	609	606	603	605	601	603	605	599	600	597	595	592	592	
Construction	4,806	4,893	4,907	4,927	4,944	4,942	4,972	4,974	5,044	5,050	5,092	5,057	5,115	
Manufacturing	17,980	18,007	18,009	18,044	18,045	18,095	18,096	18,142	18,183	18,226	18,271	18,289	18,285	
Service-producing industries	88,903	89,193	89,432	89,758	90,034	90,274	90,513	90,633	91,055	91,240	91,324	91,689	91,838	
Transportation and public utilities	5,816	5,759	5,843	5,849	5,857	5,866	5,865	5,867	5,888	5,911	5,913	5,930	5,941	
Wholesale trade	6,013	6,028	6,037	6,049	6,053	6,079	6,095	6,106	6,117	6,136	6,160	6,185	6,192	
Retail trade	20,026	20,137	20,153	20,279	20,386	20,405	20,470	20,523	20,655	20,751	20,779	20,850	20,841	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,781	6,791	6,787	6,798	6,797	6,801	6,794	6,786	6,791	6,785	6,779	6,778	6,795	
Services	31,326	31,497	31,598	31,765	31,918	32,036	32,138	32,231	32,414	32,506	32,564	32,781	32,914	
Government	18,941	18,981	19,014	19,018	19,023	19,087	19,151	19,120	19,190	19,151	19,129	19,165	19,155	
Over-the-month change														
Total	379	401	252	383	290	290	272	162	534	231	169	345	203	
Total private	354	361	219	379	285	226	208	193	464	270	191	309	213	
Goods-producing industries	68	111	13	57	14	50	33	42	112	46	85	-20	54	
Mining	-3	-3	-3	2	-4	2	-6	1	-3	-2	-2	-3	0	
Construction	61	87	14	20	17	-2	30	2	70	6	42	-35	58	
Manufacturing	10	27	2	35	1	50	1	46	41	43	45	18	-4	
Service-producing industries	311	290	239	326	276	240	239	120	422	185	84	365	149	
Transportation and public utilities	13	-57	84	6	8	9	-1	2	21	23	2	17	11	
Wholesale trade	10	15	9	12	4	26	16	11	11	19	24	25	7	
Retail trade	61	111	16	126	107	19	65	53	132	96	28	71	-9	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5	10	-4	11	-1	4	-7	-8	5	-6	-6	-1	17	
Services	197	171	101	167	153	118	102	93	183	92	58	217	133	
Government	25	40	33	4	5	64	64	-31	70	-39	-22	36	-10	
Hours of work¹														
Total private	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.6	34.4	34.6	34.9	34.6	34.6	34.8	34.5	34.5	
Manufacturing	42.1	42.2	42.1	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.1	42.1	42.2	42.2	42.1	41.9	
Overtime	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.7	
Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (1982=100)¹														
Total private	127.3	128.2	129.1	128.8	129.3	128.9	129.7	131.1	130.7	131.0	132.3	131.4	131.7	
Manufacturing	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.2	105.7	105.8	106.4	106.9	107.2	107.6	107.6	107.0	
Earnings¹														
Average hourly earnings, total private:														
Current dollars	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.11	\$11.13	\$11.17	\$11.25	\$11.23	\$11.25	\$11.31	\$11.30	\$11.33	
Constant (1982) dollars ²	7.40	7.40	7.42	7.39	7.38	7.37	7.38	7.42	7.39	7.39	7.41	7.38	N.A.	
Average weekly earnings, total private	381.29	383.44	385.93	383.37	384.41	382.87	386.48	392.63	388.56	389.25	393.59	389.85	\$390.89	

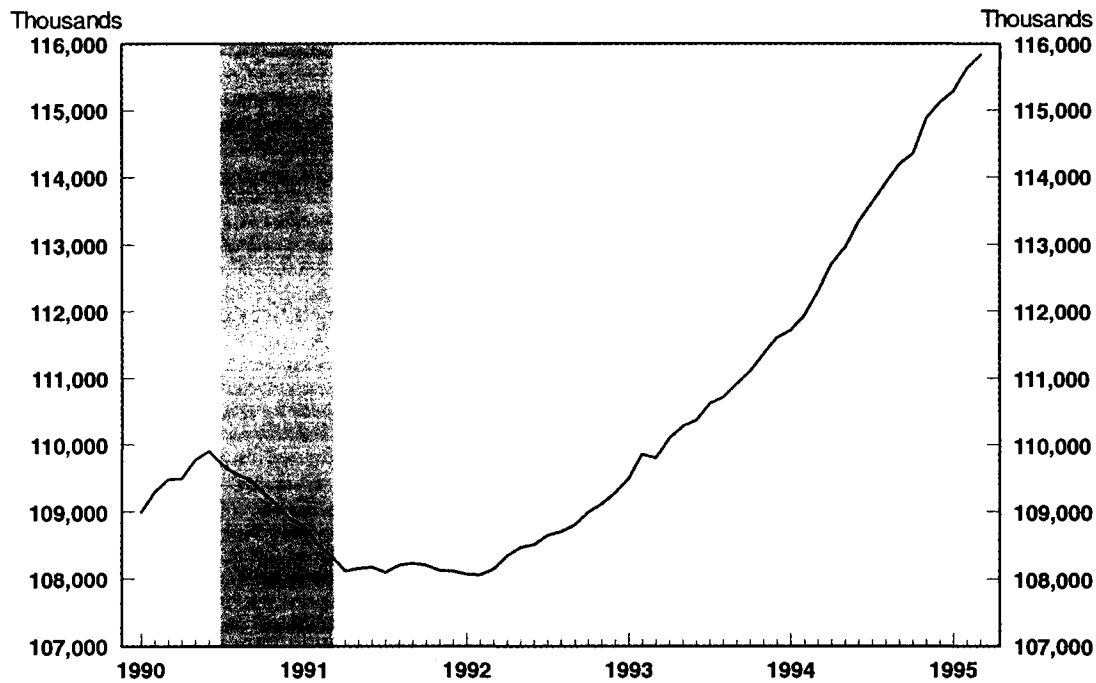
¹ Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.

N.A. = not available.

² The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

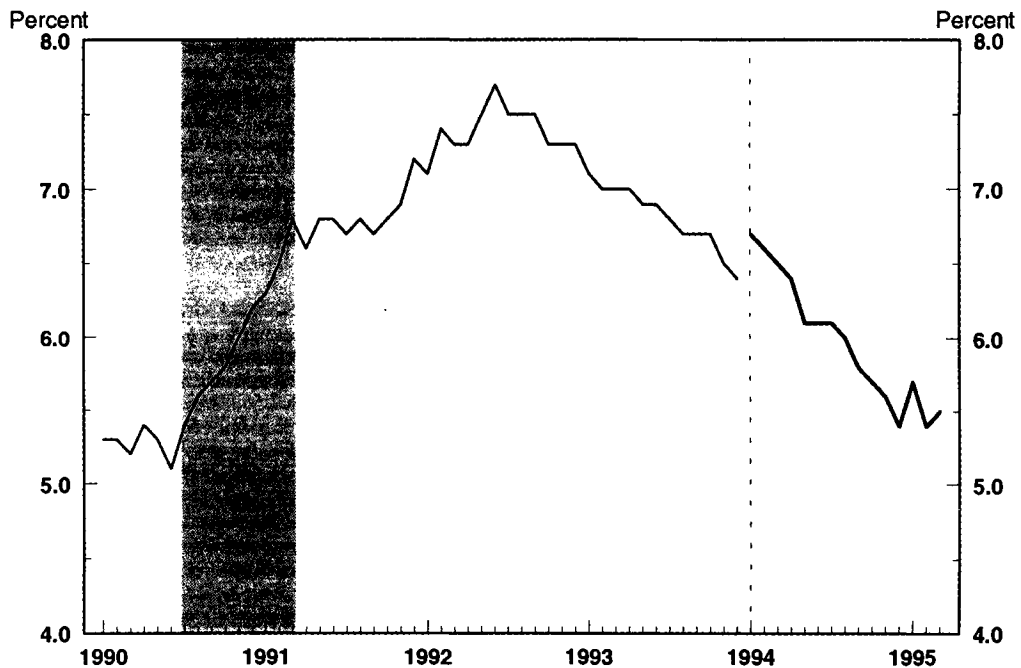
^p = preliminary.

Chart 1. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted, 1990-95



NOTE: Shaded area represents recession.

Chart 2. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, 1990-95



NOTE: Shaded area represents recession. Household data beginning in January 1994 reflect: 1) The introduction of the results of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey questionnaire and collection methodology, and 2) the introduction of population controls based on the 1990 census, adjusted for the estimated population undercount, and are not directly comparable with data for prior years.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
HISTORICAL**

A-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1961 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

Year and month	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								Not in labor force
		Number	Percent of population	Employed				Unemployed		
				Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
Annual averages										
1961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	55.4	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.7	48,312
1962 ¹	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	55.5	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.5	49,539
1963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	55.4	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.7	50,583
1964	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	55.7	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.2	51,394
1965	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	56.2	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.5	52,058
1966	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	56.9	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.8	52,288
1967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	57.3	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.8	52,527
1968	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	57.5	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.6	53,291
1969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	58.0	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.5	53,602
1970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.9	54,315
1971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.9	55,834
1972 ¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.6	57,091
1973 ¹	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.9	57,667
1974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.6	58,171
1975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.5	59,377
1976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.7	59,991
1977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	3,283	88,734	6,991	7.1	60,025
1978 ¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	59.3	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.1	59,659
1979	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	59.9	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.1	60,806
1981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	59.0	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.6	61,460
1982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.7	62,067
1983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.6	62,665
1984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.5	62,839
1985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.2	62,744
1986 ¹	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	3,163	106,434	8,237	7.0	62,752
1987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.2	62,888
1988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.5	62,944
1989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.3	62,523
1990	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	62.7	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.5	63,262
1991	189,765	125,303	66.0	116,877	61.6	3,233	113,644	8,426	6.7	64,462
1992	191,576	126,982	66.3	117,598	61.4	3,207	114,391	9,384	7.4	64,593
1993	193,550	128,040	66.2	119,306	61.6	3,074	116,232	8,734	6.8	65,509
1994 ²	196,814	131,056	66.6	123,060	62.5	3,409	119,651	7,996	6.1	65,758
Monthly data, seasonally adjusted³										
1994:										
March	196,213	130,706	66.6	122,160	62.3	3,396	118,764	8,546	6.5	65,507
April	196,363	130,787	66.6	122,402	62.3	3,438	118,964	8,385	6.4	65,576
May	196,510	130,699	66.5	122,703	62.4	3,413	119,290	7,996	6.1	65,811
June	196,693	130,538	66.4	122,635	62.3	3,294	119,341	7,903	6.1	66,155
July	196,859	130,774	66.4	122,781	62.4	3,333	119,448	7,993	6.1	66,085
August	197,043	131,086	66.5	123,197	62.5	3,436	119,761	7,889	6.0	65,957
September	197,248	131,291	66.6	123,644	62.7	3,411	120,233	7,647	5.8	65,957
October	197,430	131,646	66.7	124,141	62.9	3,494	120,647	7,505	5.7	65,784
November	197,607	131,718	66.7	124,403	63.0	3,500	120,903	7,315	5.6	65,889
December	197,765	131,725	66.6	124,570	63.0	3,532	121,038	7,155	5.4	66,040
1995:										
January	197,753	132,136	66.8	124,639	63.0	3,575	121,064	7,498	5.7	65,617
February	197,886	132,308	66.9	125,125	63.2	3,656	121,469	7,183	5.4	65,578
March	198,007	132,511	66.9	125,274	63.3	3,698	121,576	7,237	5.5	65,496

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

² Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and

collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

³ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1984 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

Sex, year, and month	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								Not in labor force
		Number	Percent of population	Employed				Unemployed		
				Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
Annual averages										
MEN										
1984	83,605	63,835	76.4	59,091	70.7	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.4	19,771
1985	84,469	64,411	76.3	59,891	70.9	2,535	57,356	4,521	7.0	20,058
1986 ¹	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.9	20,376
1987	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.2	20,692
1988	87,857	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.5	20,930
1989	88,762	67,840	76.4	64,315	72.5	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.2	20,923
1990	89,650	68,234	76.1	64,435	71.9	2,507	61,928	3,799	5.6	21,417
1991	90,552	68,411	75.5	63,593	70.2	2,552	61,041	4,817	7.0	22,141
1992	91,541	69,184	75.6	63,805	69.7	2,534	61,270	5,380	7.8	22,356
1993	92,620	69,633	75.2	64,700	69.9	2,438	62,263	4,932	7.1	22,987
1994 ²	94,355	70,817	75.1	66,450	70.4	2,554	63,896	4,367	6.2	23,538
Monthly data, seasonally adjusted³										
1994:										
March	94,042	70,607	75.1	65,981	70.2	2,569	63,412	4,626	6.6	23,435
April	94,119	70,625	75.0	66,058	70.2	2,553	63,505	4,567	6.5	23,494
May	94,196	70,545	74.9	66,197	70.3	2,570	63,627	4,348	6.2	23,651
June	94,294	70,521	74.8	66,255	70.3	2,511	63,744	4,266	6.0	23,773
July	94,377	70,655	74.9	66,226	70.2	2,507	63,719	4,429	6.3	23,722
August	94,469	70,741	74.9	66,458	70.3	2,578	63,880	4,283	6.1	23,728
September	94,576	70,791	74.9	66,682	70.5	2,515	64,167	4,109	5.8	23,785
October	94,671	71,133	75.1	67,059	70.8	2,584	64,475	4,074	5.7	23,538
November	94,768	71,168	75.1	67,244	71.0	2,599	64,645	3,924	5.5	23,600
December	94,851	71,379	75.3	67,483	71.1	2,607	64,876	3,896	5.5	23,472
1995:										
January	94,749	71,476	75.4	67,386	71.1	2,648	64,738	4,090	5.7	23,273
February	94,818	71,558	75.5	67,709	71.4	2,727	64,981	3,849	5.4	23,260
March	94,879	71,873	75.5	67,811	71.5	2,750	65,062	3,862	5.4	23,206
Annual averages										
WOMEN										
1984	92,778	49,709	53.6	45,915	49.5	653	45,262	3,794	7.8	43,068
1985	93,736	51,050	54.5	47,259	50.4	644	46,615	3,791	7.4	42,686
1986 ¹	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,708	51.4	652	48,056	3,707	7.1	42,378
1987	95,853	53,858	56.0	50,334	52.5	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,195
1988	96,758	54,742	56.8	51,898	53.4	678	51,020	3,048	5.8	42,014
1989	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	687	52,341	3,003	5.4	41,601
1990	98,399	56,554	57.5	53,479	54.3	679	52,800	3,075	5.4	41,845
1991	99,214	56,893	57.3	53,284	53.7	682	52,602	3,609	6.3	42,321
1992	100,035	57,798	57.8	53,793	53.8	673	53,121	4,005	6.9	42,237
1993	100,930	58,407	57.9	54,808	54.1	638	53,970	3,801	6.5	42,522
1994 ²	102,460	60,239	58.8	56,810	55.3	655	55,755	3,829	6.0	42,221
Monthly data, seasonally adjusted³										
1994:										
March	102,171	60,099	58.8	56,179	55.0	627	55,352	3,920	6.5	42,072
April	102,244	60,182	58.8	56,344	55.1	665	55,459	3,616	6.3	42,082
May	102,314	60,154	58.8	56,508	55.2	643	55,663	3,648	6.1	42,180
June	102,399	60,017	58.6	56,380	55.1	783	55,597	3,637	6.1	42,382
July	102,482	60,119	58.7	56,555	55.2	828	55,729	3,564	5.9	42,363
August	102,575	60,345	58.8	56,739	55.3	858	55,881	3,608	6.0	42,230
September	102,672	60,500	58.9	56,962	55.5	898	56,066	3,538	5.8	42,172
October	102,758	60,513	58.9	57,082	55.5	910	56,172	3,431	5.7	42,245
November	102,839	60,550	58.9	57,159	55.6	901	56,258	3,391	5.6	42,289
December	102,913	60,346	58.6	57,087	55.5	925	56,162	3,259	5.4	42,567
1995:										
January	103,004	60,660	58.9	57,252	55.6	927	56,325	3,408	5.6	42,344
February	103,068	60,750	58.9	57,416	55.7	929	56,488	3,334	5.5	42,318
March	103,128	60,838	59.0	57,462	55.7	948	56,514	3,375	5.5	42,290

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

² Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey

(household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

³ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
TOTAL														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	198,213	196,383	196,510	196,693	196,859	197,043	197,248	197,430	197,607	197,765	197,753	197,866	198,007	
Civilian labor force	130,708	130,787	130,899	130,538	130,774	131,088	131,291	131,848	131,718	131,725	132,138	132,306	132,511	
Percent of population	66.6	66.8	66.5	66.4	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.7	66.7	66.6	66.8	66.9	66.9	
Employed	122,160	122,402	122,703	122,635	122,781	123,197	123,644	124,141	124,403	124,570	124,639	125,125	125,274	
Employment-population ratio	62.3	62.3	62.4	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.7	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.2	63.3	
Unemployed	8,548	6,385	7,996	7,903	7,993	7,889	7,647	7,505	7,315	7,155	7,498	7,183	7,237	
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.5	
Men, 16 years and over														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	94,042	94,119	94,196	94,294	94,377	94,469	94,576	94,671	94,768	94,851	94,749	94,818	94,879	
Civilian labor force	70,607	70,625	70,545	70,521	70,655	70,741	70,791	71,133	71,168	71,379	71,476	71,558	71,673	
Percent of population	75.1	75.0	74.9	74.8	74.9	74.9	74.9	75.1	75.1	75.3	75.4	75.5	75.5	
Employed	65,981	66,058	66,197	66,255	66,226	66,458	66,682	67,059	67,244	67,483	67,386	67,709	67,811	
Employment-population ratio	70.2	70.2	70.3	70.3	70.2	70.3	70.5	70.8	71.0	71.1	71.1	71.4	71.5	
Agriculture	2,569	2,553	2,570	2,511	2,507	2,578	2,515	2,584	2,599	2,607	2,648	2,727	2,750	
Nonagricultural industries	63,412	63,505	63,627	63,744	63,719	63,880	64,167	64,475	64,645	64,876	64,738	64,981	65,062	
Unemployed	4,626	4,567	4,348	4,266	4,429	4,283	4,109	4,074	3,924	3,896	4,090	3,849	3,862	
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.4	
Not in labor force	23,435	23,494	23,651	23,773	23,722	23,728	23,785	23,538	23,600	23,472	23,273	23,260	23,206	
Men, 20 years and over														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	86,901	86,946	87,000	87,095	87,123	87,248	87,321	87,439	87,529	87,617	87,528	87,572	87,622	
Civilian labor force	66,748	66,741	66,652	66,602	66,747	66,817	66,909	67,177	67,345	67,450	67,539	67,552	67,643	
Percent of population	76.8	76.8	76.6	76.5	76.6	76.6	76.6	76.8	76.9	77.0	77.2	77.1	77.2	
Employed	62,877	62,959	63,080	63,043	63,076	63,271	63,517	63,820	64,051	64,281	64,133	64,478	64,465	
Employment-population ratio	72.4	72.4	72.5	72.4	72.4	72.5	72.7	73.0	73.2	73.4	73.3	73.6	73.6	
Agriculture	2,357	2,362	2,384	2,334	2,314	2,377	2,293	2,329	2,377	2,410	2,390	2,512	2,519	
Nonagricultural industries	60,520	60,597	60,696	60,709	60,762	60,894	61,224	61,491	61,674	61,871	61,743	61,965	61,946	
Unemployed	3,871	3,782	3,572	3,559	3,671	3,546	3,392	3,357	3,294	3,169	3,406	3,074	3,178	
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.6	4.7	
Not in labor force	20,153	20,205	20,348	20,493	20,376	20,431	20,412	20,262	20,184	20,167	19,990	20,020	19,979	
Women, 16 years and over														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	102,171	102,244	102,314	102,399	102,482	102,575	102,672	102,758	102,839	102,913	103,004	103,068	103,128	
Civilian labor force	60,099	60,162	60,154	60,017	60,119	60,345	60,500	60,513	60,550	60,346	60,660	60,750	60,838	
Percent of population	58.8	58.8	58.8	58.6	58.7	58.8	58.9	58.9	58.9	58.6	58.9	58.9	59.0	
Employed	56,179	56,344	56,506	56,380	56,555	56,739	56,962	57,082	57,159	57,087	57,252	57,416	57,462	
Employment-population ratio	55.0	55.1	55.2	55.1	55.2	55.3	55.5	55.5	55.6	55.5	55.6	55.7	55.7	
Agriculture	827	885	843	783	826	858	896	910	901	925	927	929	948	
Nonagricultural industries	55,352	55,459	55,663	55,597	55,729	55,881	56,066	56,172	56,258	56,162	56,325	56,488	56,514	
Unemployed	3,920	3,818	3,648	3,637	3,564	3,606	3,538	3,431	3,391	3,259	3,408	3,334	3,375	
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.5	
Not in labor force	42,072	42,082	42,160	42,382	42,363	42,230	42,172	42,245	42,289	42,567	42,344	42,318	42,290	
Women, 20 years and over														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	95,225	95,282	95,329	95,407	95,469	95,544	95,658	95,729	95,821	95,873	95,961	96,020	96,037	
Civilian labor force	56,511	56,466	56,545	56,384	56,536	56,747	57,031	56,951	56,984	56,725	56,951	57,096	57,042	
Percent of population	59.3	59.3	59.3	59.1	59.2	59.4	59.6	59.5	59.5	59.2	59.3	59.5	59.4	
Employed	53,176	53,318	53,481	53,328	53,541	53,722	54,044	54,090	54,129	54,037	54,134	54,334	54,242	
Employment-population ratio	55.8	56.0	56.1	55.9	56.1	56.2	56.5	56.5	56.5	56.4	56.4	56.6	56.5	
Agriculture	775	833	789	739	790	815	847	863	850	882	877	898	913	
Nonagricultural industries	52,401	52,485	52,692	52,589	52,751	52,907	53,197	53,227	53,279	53,155	53,257	53,436	53,329	
Unemployed	3,335	3,148	3,064	3,056	2,995	3,025	2,987	2,861	2,855	2,688	2,817	2,763	2,800	
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9	
Not in labor force	38,714	38,816	38,784	39,023	38,933	38,797	38,627	38,778	38,837	39,148	39,010	38,924	38,996	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14,087	14,135	14,181	14,191	14,267	14,251	14,269	14,261	14,257	14,274	14,263	14,294	14,348	
Civilian labor force	7,447	7,580	7,502	7,552	7,491	7,522	7,351	7,518	7,389	7,550	7,646	7,660	7,826	
Percent of population	52.9	53.6	52.9	53.2	52.5	52.8	51.5	52.7	51.8	52.9	53.6	53.6	54.5	
Employed	6,107	6,125	6,142	6,264	6,164	6,204	6,083	6,231	6,223	6,252	6,372	6,313	6,567	
Employment-population ratio	43.4	43.3	43.3	44.1	43.2	43.5	42.6	43.7	43.6	43.8	44.7	44.2	45.8	
Agriculture	264	243	240	221	229	244	271	302	273	240	308	245	266	
Nonagricultural industries	5,843	5,882	5,902	6,043	5,935	5,960	5,812	5,929	5,950	6,012	6,064	6,068	6,300	
Unemployed	1,340	1,455	1,360	1,288	1,327	1,318	1,268	1,287	1,166	1,298	1,274	1,347	1,260	
Unemployment rate	18.0	19.2	18.1	17.1	17.2	17.5	17.2	17.1	15.8	17.2	16.7	17.6	16.1	
Not in labor force	6,640	6,555	6,679	6,639	6,776	6,729	6,918	6,743	6,868	6,724	6,617	6,634	6,522	

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-3

through A-12 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	165,168	165,259	165,351	165,472	165,576	165,696	165,832	165,954	166,072	166,175	166,361	166,444	166,521
Civilian labor force	110,841	110,809	110,829	110,523	110,911	111,186	111,361	111,555	111,637	111,715	111,876	111,830	111,999
Percent of population	67.0	67.1	67.0	66.8	67.0	67.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.3
Employed	104,412	104,591	104,978	104,687	105,006	105,401	105,740	106,010	106,242	106,352	106,366	106,604	106,698
Employment-population ratio	63.2	63.3	63.5	63.3	63.4	63.6	63.8	63.9	64.0	64.0	63.9	64.0	64.1
Unemployed	6,229	6,218	5,851	5,836	5,905	5,785	5,841	5,545	5,395	5,363	5,510	5,226	5,301
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.7
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	57,227	57,228	57,124	57,156	57,326	57,387	57,478	57,615	57,726	57,836	57,848	57,841	57,868
Percent of population	77.2	77.2	77.0	77.0	77.1	77.2	77.2	77.3	77.4	77.5	77.5	77.5	77.5
Employed	54,301	54,356	54,448	54,463	54,566	54,734	54,926	55,061	55,242	55,384	55,289	55,508	55,448
Employment-population ratio	73.3	73.3	73.4	73.3	73.4	73.6	73.8	73.9	74.1	74.2	74.1	74.3	74.2
Unemployed	2,926	2,872	2,676	2,693	2,760	2,653	2,552	2,554	2,484	2,452	2,559	2,333	2,420
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.2
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	47,073	47,067	47,286	46,973	47,227	47,403	47,737	47,614	47,631	47,440	47,443	47,525	47,494
Percent of population	59.0	58.9	59.2	58.8	59.0	59.2	59.6	59.4	59.1	59.1	59.0	59.1	59.1
Employed	44,756	44,837	45,103	44,747	45,016	45,204	45,560	45,535	45,569	45,475	45,419	45,581	45,515
Employment-population ratio	56.1	56.1	56.5	56.0	56.3	56.5	56.9	56.8	56.8	56.7	56.5	56.7	56.6
Unemployed	2,317	2,230	2,183	2,226	2,211	2,199	2,177	2,079	2,062	1,965	2,024	1,944	1,978
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	6,341	6,514	6,419	6,394	6,358	6,396	6,166	6,326	6,280	6,439	6,586	6,464	6,637
Percent of population	56.5	58.0	57.1	56.8	56.3	56.6	54.6	56.0	55.5	56.9	58.1	56.9	58.3
Employed	5,355	5,398	5,427	5,477	5,424	5,463	5,254	5,414	5,431	5,493	5,658	5,515	5,734
Employment-population ratio	47.7	48.0	48.3	48.6	48.1	48.4	46.5	47.9	48.0	48.5	49.9	48.5	50.4
Unemployed	986	1,116	992	917	934	933	912	912	849	946	928	949	903
Unemployment rate	15.5	17.1	15.5	14.3	14.7	14.6	14.8	14.4	13.5	14.7	14.1	14.7	13.6
Men	16.8	18.3	17.0	15.1	16.1	15.4	16.2	15.2	14.3	16.0	15.0	16.1	14.7
Women	14.2	15.9	13.7	13.6	13.1	13.7	13.3	13.5	12.6	13.2	13.1	13.1	12.4
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	22,774	22,799	22,824	22,855	22,883	22,917	22,955	22,990	23,023	23,052	23,089	23,117	23,142
Civilian labor force	14,525	14,507	14,510	14,481	14,380	14,429	14,477	14,649	14,578	14,541	14,697	14,868	14,818
Percent of population	63.8	63.6	63.6	63.4	62.8	63.0	63.1	63.7	63.3	63.1	63.7	64.3	64.0
Employed	12,718	12,775	12,810	12,838	12,767	12,795	12,927	13,022	13,054	13,119	13,192	13,362	13,370
Employment-population ratio	55.8	56.0	56.1	56.2	55.8	55.8	56.3	56.6	56.7	56.9	57.1	57.8	57.8
Unemployed	1,807	1,732	1,700	1,643	1,613	1,634	1,550	1,627	1,524	1,422	1,505	1,505	1,448
Unemployment rate	12.4	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.2	11.3	10.7	11.1	10.5	9.8	10.2	10.1	9.8
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,612	6,631	6,709	6,600	6,561	6,570	6,637	6,706	6,702	6,722	6,796	6,812	6,828
Percent of population	72.4	72.6	73.3	72.0	71.7	71.5	72.1	72.7	72.6	72.7	73.6	73.7	73.8
Employed	5,922	5,936	6,017	5,939	5,880	5,898	5,989	6,069	6,085	6,165	6,172	6,272	6,297
Employment-population ratio	64.9	65.0	65.8	64.8	64.2	64.2	65.1	65.8	65.9	66.7	66.8	67.8	68.0
Unemployed	690	695	692	661	681	672	648	637	617	557	624	540	531
Unemployment rate	10.4	10.5	10.3	10.0	10.4	10.2	9.8	9.5	9.2	8.3	9.2	7.9	7.8
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	7,077	7,030	6,997	7,017	6,954	7,012	7,001	7,033	7,012	7,002	7,127	7,169	7,131
Percent of population	61.8	61.3	61.0	61.1	60.5	60.9	60.7	60.9	60.7	60.5	61.4	61.7	61.3
Employed	6,249	6,293	6,296	6,347	6,345	6,356	6,368	6,384	6,390	6,420	6,521	6,520	6,482
Employment-population ratio	54.6	54.9	54.9	55.3	55.2	55.2	55.3	55.3	55.3	55.5	56.2	56.1	55.7
Unemployed	828	737	701	670	609	656	633	649	622	582	606	648	649
Unemployment rate	11.7	10.5	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.4	9.0	9.2	8.9	8.3	8.5	9.0	9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
BLACK—Continued													
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	836	846	804	864	865	847	839	910	864	817	773	887	859
Percent of population	38.1	38.5	36.5	39.2	38.7	38.3	37.8	40.9	38.8	36.6	34.6	39.5	38.2
Employed	547	546	497	552	542	541	570	569	579	534	499	570	591
Employment-population ratio	24.9	24.8	22.6	25.0	24.3	24.5	25.7	25.6	26.0	23.9	22.3	25.4	26.3
Unemployed	289	300	307	312	323	306	269	341	285	283	275	317	268
Unemployment rate	34.6	35.5	38.2	36.1	37.3	36.1	32.1	37.5	33.0	34.6	35.5	35.7	31.2
Men	38.6	39.7	40.9	39.3	41.4	39.9	30.8	35.9	32.0	34.3	34.0	38.7	31.7
Women	30.3	31.0	35.0	32.6	32.7	31.9	33.4	39.1	34.1	35.0	37.1	32.4	30.7
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	17,942	17,993	18,041	18,092	18,143	18,193	18,244	18,291	18,339	18,385	18,368	18,413	18,458
Civilian labor force	11,811	11,873	11,916	11,896	11,956	12,002	11,997	12,222	12,324	12,224	12,036	12,017	12,001
Percent of population	65.8	66.0	66.0	65.8	65.9	66.0	65.8	66.8	67.2	66.5	65.5	65.3	65.0
Employed	10,614	10,601	10,735	10,682	10,760	10,786	10,806	11,074	11,236	11,105	10,811	10,943	10,903
Employment-population ratio	59.2	58.9	59.5	59.0	59.3	59.3	59.2	60.5	61.3	60.4	58.9	59.4	59.1
Unemployed	1,197	1,272	1,181	1,214	1,196	1,216	1,191	1,148	1,088	1,119	1,224	1,073	1,098
Unemployment rate	10.1	10.7	9.9	10.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	9.4	8.8	9.2	10.2	8.9	9.1

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum

to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-5. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex, and age	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	98,488	99,208	99,576	99,389	99,781	100,240	100,703	100,913	101,030	101,213	101,099	101,321	101,735
Men, 16 years and over	58,271	58,455	58,580	58,696	58,808	59,054	59,175	59,501	59,677	60,032	59,833	60,065	60,103
Men, 20 years and over	57,224	57,446	57,476	57,508	57,600	57,864	58,061	58,332	58,524	58,841	58,632	58,832	58,898
Women, 16 years and over	40,182	40,681	40,994	40,727	41,035	41,236	41,566	41,425	41,355	41,152	41,281	41,227	41,486
Women, 20 years and over	39,442	39,903	40,241	39,920	40,300	40,484	40,822	40,687	40,593	40,409	40,538	40,528	40,760
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,822	1,859	1,859	1,961	1,881	1,892	1,820	1,894	1,913	1,963	1,929	1,961	2,077
Part-time workers	23,555	23,093	23,167	23,135	22,967	22,957	23,106	23,243	23,495	23,447	23,544	23,553	23,518
Men, 16 years and over	7,558	7,526	7,566	7,488	7,396	7,431	7,560	7,617	7,677	7,592	7,604	7,527	7,521
Men, 20 years and over	5,565	5,446	5,557	5,494	5,432	5,421	5,542	5,534	5,620	5,579	5,538	5,499	5,486
Women, 16 years and over	15,940	15,638	15,594	15,634	15,538	15,532	15,461	15,683	15,830	15,878	15,937	16,068	15,933
Women, 20 years and over	13,716	13,397	13,326	13,350	13,241	13,247	13,289	13,421	13,575	13,583	13,566	13,670	13,480
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,274	4,250	4,284	4,291	4,294	4,289	4,275	4,288	4,300	4,285	4,440	4,384	4,552
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	6,971	6,824	6,438	6,466	6,521	6,378	6,257	6,168	5,987	5,677	5,938	5,658	5,805
Men, 16 years and over	3,927	3,910	3,744	3,734	3,776	3,701	3,613	3,562	3,458	3,311	3,270	3,035	3,236
Men, 20 years and over	3,568	3,519	3,303	3,298	3,392	3,269	3,150	3,146	3,031	2,933	3,066	2,845	2,952
Women, 16 years and over	3,000	2,885	2,756	2,772	2,730	2,718	2,744	2,642	2,591	2,417	2,538	2,416	2,443
Women, 20 years and over	2,785	2,578	2,501	2,493	2,456	2,463	2,474	2,391	2,345	2,103	2,290	2,175	2,252
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	618	727	634	675	673	646	633	631	611	641	582	638	601
Looking for part-time work	1,594	1,535	1,527	1,446	1,477	1,519	1,411	1,380	1,342	1,478	1,548	1,507	1,443
Men, 16 years and over	676	630	644	611	621	628	593	590	563	608	649	585	512
Men, 20 years and over	310	245	266	269	285	283	254	221	271	273	298	214	225
Women, 16 years and over	892	904	868	855	845	909	814	823	828	836	878	903	902
Women, 20 years and over	560	563	548	562	541	562	523	499	509	540	553	587	557
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	724	727	713	615	651	674	634	660	562	665	697	706	661
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES¹													
Full-time workers	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.4
Men, 16 years and over	6.3	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.2	4.8	5.1
Men, 20 years and over	5.9	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.6	4.8
Women, 16 years and over	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.6
Women, 20 years and over	6.6	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	4.9	5.3	5.1	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.3	28.1	25.4	25.6	26.4	25.5	25.8	25.0	24.2	24.6	23.2	24.5	22.4
Part-time workers	6.3	6.2	6.2	5.9	6.0	6.2	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.9	6.2	6.0	5.8
Men, 16 years and over	8.2	7.7	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.3	7.2	6.8	7.4	7.9	7.2	6.4
Men, 20 years and over	5.3	4.3	4.6	4.7	5.0	5.0	4.4	3.8	4.6	4.7	5.1	3.8	3.9
Women, 16 years and over	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.4
Women, 20 years and over	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	14.5	14.6	14.3	12.5	13.2	13.6	12.9	13.3	11.6	13.4	13.6	13.9	12.7

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication prior to 1994.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-6. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Category	1994											1995	
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
MARITAL STATUS													
Total	122,160	122,402	122,703	122,635	122,781	123,197	123,644	124,141	124,403	124,570	124,639	125,125	125,274
Married men, spouse present	41,329	41,357	41,330	41,313	41,281	41,487	41,557	41,511	41,530	41,608	41,601	42,190	42,132
Married women, spouse present	31,331	31,382	31,372	31,193	31,462	31,593	31,905	31,764	31,775	31,723	31,705	31,893	32,135
Women who maintain families	7,274	7,096	7,061	7,008	7,016	6,974	7,029	7,098	7,141	7,074	7,199	7,067	7,071
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty	33,225	33,477	34,063	33,854	33,893	33,975	34,242	34,275	34,382	34,576	34,423	34,905	34,846
Technical, sales, and administrative support	37,083	36,972	36,843	36,985	37,239	37,373	37,635	37,669	37,767	37,797	37,267	37,313	37,297
Service occupations	17,015	17,000	16,920	16,964	16,924	16,866	16,749	17,062	16,893	16,704	17,012	16,991	16,997
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,561	13,264	13,525	13,375	13,408	13,454	13,452	13,467	13,615	13,677	13,784	13,638	13,910
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,547	17,817	17,901	17,892	17,839	17,975	18,023	18,122	18,056	18,030	18,212	18,333	18,280
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,619	3,649	3,615	3,474	3,535	3,642	3,632	3,655	3,727	3,839	3,881	3,845	3,849
CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,713	1,695	1,736	1,675	1,669	1,728	1,712	1,764	1,767	1,738	1,866	1,970	1,987
Self-employed workers	1,644	1,707	1,637	1,584	1,619	1,654	1,630	1,652	1,677	1,714	1,663	1,684	1,674
Unpaid family workers	43	45	43	46	50	50	63	43	48	49	35	27	57
Nonagricultural industries:													
Wage and salary workers	109,491	109,828	110,164	110,215	110,345	110,576	111,100	111,686	111,770	111,960	111,987	112,461	112,649
Private industries	91,069	91,485	91,786	91,921	92,064	92,351	92,794	93,485	93,413	93,620	93,692	93,957	93,964
Private households	1,000	1,003	978	966	940	881	903	935	999	1,023	1,075	1,075	1,039
Other industries	90,069	90,482	90,808	90,955	91,124	91,470	91,891	92,550	92,414	92,597	92,617	92,882	92,925
Government	18,422	18,343	18,378	18,294	18,281	18,225	18,306	18,201	18,357	18,340	18,295	18,504	18,685
Self-employed workers	9,093	9,010	9,049	8,964	8,962	9,021	8,989	8,878	8,915	8,959	9,039	8,904	8,865
Unpaid family workers	125	133	129	148	140	131	134	131	120	121	95	118	129
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME¹													
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	4,951	4,779	4,792	4,766	4,467	4,348	4,333	4,411	4,411	4,422	4,693	4,460	4,530
Slack work or business conditions	2,516	2,418	2,503	2,464	2,431	2,396	2,404	2,394	2,394	2,384	2,504	2,372	2,333
Could only find part-time work	2,097	2,043	1,981	1,927	1,698	1,618	1,697	1,791	1,736	1,734	1,777	1,739	1,902
Part time for noneconomic reasons	17,527	17,417	17,441	17,452	17,922	17,955	17,609	17,644	17,756	17,576	17,940	18,041	17,627
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	4,706	4,583	4,583	4,510	4,273	4,173	4,154	4,226	4,246	4,254	4,430	4,187	4,347
Slack work or business conditions	2,392	2,298	2,386	2,349	2,318	2,272	2,290	2,257	2,282	2,272	2,359	2,216	2,226
Could only find part-time work	2,043	2,007	1,942	1,883	1,661	1,583	1,646	1,756	1,689	1,690	1,737	1,687	1,854
Part time for noneconomic reasons	16,952	16,620	16,841	16,909	17,308	17,314	16,982	16,992	17,101	16,917	17,307	17,381	16,991

¹Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who

usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad weather.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-7. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Age and sex	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	122,160	122,402	122,703	122,635	122,781	123,197	123,644	124,141	124,403	124,570	124,639	125,125	125,274
16 to 24 years	18,777	18,808	18,924	19,074	18,842	18,951	18,872	19,102	19,053	19,157	19,174	19,062	19,226
16 to 19 years	6,107	6,125	6,142	6,264	6,164	6,204	6,083	6,231	6,223	6,252	6,372	6,313	6,567
16 to 17 years	2,410	2,438	2,489	2,518	2,514	2,566	2,550	2,636	2,601	2,588	2,533	2,532	2,595
18 to 19 years	3,677	3,690	3,655	3,730	3,656	3,657	3,551	3,569	3,612	3,653	3,809	3,769	3,955
20 to 24 years	12,670	12,683	12,782	12,810	12,678	12,747	12,789	12,871	12,830	12,905	12,803	12,749	12,660
25 years and over	103,392	103,549	103,792	103,511	103,908	104,262	104,814	105,031	105,340	105,434	105,471	106,039	106,123
25 to 54 years	88,667	88,695	88,929	88,685	89,041	89,408	89,869	90,029	90,348	90,380	90,331	90,850	90,964
55 years and over	14,721	14,741	14,923	14,822	14,808	14,912	14,956	15,020	15,111	15,083	15,109	15,084	15,102
Men, 16 years and over	65,981	66,058	66,197	66,255	66,226	66,458	66,682	67,059	67,244	67,483	67,386	67,709	67,811
16 to 24 years	9,791	9,820	9,905	9,975	9,857	9,955	9,985	10,110	10,052	10,115	10,024	10,113	10,172
16 to 19 years	3,104	3,099	3,117	3,212	3,150	3,187	3,165	3,239	3,193	3,202	3,254	3,231	3,346
16 to 17 years	1,212	1,246	1,259	1,270	1,294	1,301	1,335	1,390	1,369	1,350	1,283	1,287	1,315
18 to 19 years	1,878	1,858	1,861	1,923	1,867	1,903	1,837	1,834	1,821	1,845	1,946	1,934	2,017
20 to 24 years	6,687	6,721	6,788	6,763	6,707	6,768	6,820	6,871	6,859	6,913	6,771	6,881	6,826
25 years and over	56,177	56,209	56,291	56,270	56,348	56,526	56,691	56,969	57,187	57,388	57,339	57,661	57,662
25 to 54 years	48,101	48,052	48,153	48,105	48,108	48,268	48,468	48,647	48,857	48,945	48,926	49,238	49,270
55 years and over	8,105	8,106	8,142	8,152	8,162	8,249	8,278	8,332	8,402	8,435	8,429	8,352	8,411
Women, 16 years and over	56,179	56,344	56,506	56,380	56,555	56,739	56,962	57,082	57,159	57,087	57,252	57,416	57,462
16 to 24 years	8,986	8,988	9,019	9,099	8,985	8,996	8,887	8,992	9,001	9,042	9,150	8,950	9,054
16 to 19 years	3,003	3,026	3,025	3,052	3,014	3,017	2,918	2,992	3,030	3,050	3,118	3,082	3,220
16 to 17 years	1,198	1,192	1,230	1,248	1,220	1,265	1,215	1,246	1,232	1,238	1,250	1,246	1,281
18 to 19 years	1,799	1,832	1,804	1,807	1,789	1,754	1,714	1,735	1,791	1,808	1,863	1,836	1,937
20 to 24 years	5,983	5,962	5,994	6,047	5,971	5,979	5,969	6,000	5,971	5,992	6,032	5,868	5,833
25 years and over	47,215	47,340	47,501	47,241	47,560	47,736	48,123	48,062	48,153	48,046	48,131	48,378	48,461
25 to 54 years	40,566	40,643	40,776	40,580	40,933	41,140	41,401	41,382	41,491	41,435	41,405	41,613	41,694
55 years and over	6,616	6,635	6,781	6,670	6,646	6,663	6,678	6,688	6,709	6,648	6,680	6,732	6,691

A-8. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Age and sex	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	8,546	8,385	7,996	7,903	7,993	7,889	7,647	7,505	7,315	7,155	7,498	7,183	7,237
16 to 24 years	2,823	2,864	2,718	2,640	2,696	2,720	2,598	2,564	2,450	2,513	2,464	2,525	2,531
16 to 19 years	1,340	1,455	1,360	1,288	1,327	1,318	1,268	1,287	1,166	1,298	1,274	1,347	1,260
16 to 17 years	602	751	639	633	642	636	592	572	539	573	633	662	649
18 to 19 years	718	730	716	681	679	678	674	721	624	728	629	680	591
20 to 24 years	1,483	1,409	1,358	1,352	1,369	1,402	1,330	1,277	1,284	1,215	1,190	1,178	1,272
25 years and over	5,669	5,488	5,272	5,261	5,278	5,197	5,084	4,992	4,926	4,717	4,971	4,603	4,653
25 to 54 years	4,974	4,848	4,624	4,598	4,629	4,538	4,528	4,435	4,297	4,130	4,365	4,082	4,101
55 years and over	702	655	647	619	646	646	583	610	615	539	606	532	555
Men, 16 years and over	4,626	4,567	4,348	4,266	4,429	4,283	4,109	4,074	3,924	3,896	4,090	3,849	3,862
16 to 24 years	1,579	1,574	1,540	1,450	1,529	1,529	1,437	1,431	1,346	1,411	1,366	1,391	1,350
16 to 19 years	755	785	776	707	758	737	717	717	630	727	684	775	684
16 to 17 years	351	413	364	350	342	340	322	309	271	313	338	376	334
18 to 19 years	397	408	408	383	409	392	390	406	361	411	329	388	344
20 to 24 years	824	789	764	743	771	792	720	714	716	684	682	616	665
25 years and over	3,016	2,969	2,797	2,810	2,880	2,782	2,696	2,682	2,626	2,551	2,672	2,420	2,480
25 to 54 years	2,654	2,581	2,414	2,424	2,488	2,408	2,359	2,343	2,249	2,217	2,352	2,136	2,187
55 years and over	387	382	375	355	389	363	336	352	349	306	347	309	319
Women, 16 years and over	3,920	3,818	3,648	3,637	3,564	3,606	3,538	3,431	3,391	3,259	3,408	3,334	3,375
16 to 24 years	1,244	1,290	1,178	1,190	1,167	1,191	1,161	1,133	1,104	1,102	1,098	1,133	1,182
16 to 19 years	585	670	584	581	569	581	551	570	536	571	591	571	575
16 to 17 years	251	338	275	283	300	296	270	263	268	260	294	286	315
18 to 19 years	321	322	308	298	270	286	284	315	263	317	300	292	247
20 to 24 years	659	620	594	609	598	610	610	563	568	531	508	562	606
25 years and over	2,653	2,519	2,475	2,451	2,398	2,415	2,388	2,310	2,300	2,166	2,299	2,183	2,174
25 to 54 years	2,320	2,267	2,210	2,174	2,141	2,130	2,169	2,092	2,048	1,913	2,014	1,946	1,914
55 years and over	315	273	272	264	257	283	247	258	266	233	259	223	236

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-9. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Age and sex	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.5
16 to 24 years	13.1	13.2	12.6	12.2	12.5	12.6	12.1	11.8	11.4	11.6	11.4	11.7	11.6
16 to 19 years	18.0	19.2	18.1	17.1	17.7	17.5	17.2	17.1	15.8	17.2	16.7	17.6	16.1
16 to 17 years	20.0	23.5	20.4	20.1	20.3	19.9	18.8	17.8	17.2	18.1	20.0	20.7	20.0
18 to 19 years	16.3	16.5	16.3	15.4	15.7	15.6	16.0	16.8	14.7	16.6	14.2	15.3	13.0
20 to 24 years	10.5	10.0	9.6	9.5	9.7	9.9	9.4	9.0	9.1	8.6	8.5	8.5	9.1
25 years and over	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.2
25 to 54 years	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.3
55 years and over	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.2	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.9	3.4	3.5
Men, 16 years and over	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.4
16 to 24 years	13.9	13.8	13.5	12.7	13.4	13.3	12.6	12.4	11.8	12.2	12.0	12.1	11.7
16 to 19 years	19.6	20.2	19.9	18.0	19.4	18.8	18.5	18.1	16.5	18.5	17.4	19.4	17.0
16 to 17 years	22.5	24.9	22.4	21.6	20.9	20.7	19.4	18.2	16.5	18.8	20.9	22.6	20.2
18 to 19 years	17.5	18.0	18.0	16.6	18.0	17.1	17.5	18.1	16.5	18.2	14.5	16.7	14.6
20 to 24 years	11.0	10.5	10.1	9.9	10.3	10.5	9.5	9.4	9.5	9.0	9.1	8.2	8.9
25 years and over	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.0	4.1
25 to 54 years	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.2
55 years and over	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.5	4.0	3.6	3.7
Women, 16 years and over	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.5
16 to 24 years	12.2	12.6	11.6	11.6	11.5	11.7	11.6	11.2	10.9	10.9	10.7	11.2	11.5
16 to 19 years	16.3	18.1	16.2	16.0	15.9	16.1	15.9	16.0	15.0	15.8	15.9	15.6	15.2
16 to 17 years	17.3	22.1	18.3	18.5	19.7	19.0	18.2	17.4	17.9	17.4	19.1	18.7	19.8
18 to 19 years	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.2	13.1	14.0	14.2	15.4	12.8	14.9	13.9	13.7	11.3
20 to 24 years	9.9	9.4	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.3	9.3	8.6	8.7	8.1	7.8	8.7	9.4
25 years and over	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.3	4.3
25 to 54 years	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.4
55 years and over	4.5	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.1	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.4	3.7	3.2	3.4

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-10. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

Category	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.5
Men, 20 years and over	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.6	4.7
Women, 20 years and over	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.0	19.2	18.1	17.1	17.7	17.5	17.2	17.1	15.8	17.2	16.7	17.6	16.1
White	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.7
Black and other	11.3	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.3	10.6	10.2	10.4	9.8	9.2	9.5	9.4	9.2
Black	12.4	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.2	11.3	10.7	11.1	10.5	9.8	10.2	10.1	9.8
Hispanic origin	10.1	10.7	9.9	10.2	10.0	10.1	9.9	9.4	8.8	9.2	10.2	8.9	9.1
Married men, spouse present	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.0	3.2
Married women, spouse present	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.9
Women who maintain families	9.4	9.1	8.9	8.8	7.9	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.1	7.6
OCCUPATION¹													
Managerial and professional specialty	2.7	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	5.6	5.3	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.4	4.3
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.2	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.4	5.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	9.1	9.8	8.9	8.6	9.3	8.8	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.2	7.6	7.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	10.1	8.2	7.7	7.1	9.4	8.6	8.2	8.4	7.5	7.8	7.8	7.2	8.0
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.5
Goods-producing industries	7.6	7.3	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.4	5.8	6.0
Mining	6.3	6.6	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.0	5.1	4.7	4.5	3.9	5.1	5.2	6.1
Construction	13.0	12.4	11.7	11.7	11.1	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.9	11.7	10.5	10.8
Manufacturing	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.5
Durable goods	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.2	3.9	4.2
Nondurable goods	6.7	6.3	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.6	6.0	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.9
Service-producing industries	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
Transportation and public utilities	4.9	5.3	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.7	4.5	4.5
Wholesale and retail trade	7.8	7.8	7.4	7.2	7.5	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.3	3.4	3.6	2.9	2.9	3.5	3.3
Services	6.3	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3
Government workers	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.2	2.7	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.7
Agricultural wage and salary workers	13.5	10.8	8.8	8.8	12.1	11.1	11.1	10.3	10.4	11.1	10.7	9.1	10.5

¹ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal component, which is small relative to the trend-cycle and irregular components, cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Reasons for unemployment	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4,068	3,880	3,640	3,734	3,863	3,706	3,574	3,513	3,495	3,442	3,658	3,339	3,352
On temporary layoff	1,011	979	811	931	1,031	1,012	824	848	881	930	1,081	1,025	1,032
Not on temporary layoff	3,057	2,901	2,829	2,803	2,832	2,694	2,750	2,665	2,614	2,512	2,598	2,314	2,320
Job leavers	823	810	796	788	770	786	874	755	710	704	694	773	811
Reentrants	2,989	3,164	2,863	2,785	2,766	2,758	2,620	2,626	2,575	2,525	2,488	2,474	2,430
New entrants	630	679	611	498	594	621	800	614	578	555	597	582	604
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	47.8	45.5	46.0	47.8	48.3	47.1	46.6	46.8	47.5	47.6	49.2	46.6	46.6
On temporary layoff	11.9	11.5	10.3	11.9	12.9	12.9	10.7	11.3	12.0	12.9	14.3	14.3	14.3
Not on temporary layoff	35.9	34.0	35.8	35.9	35.4	34.2	35.9	35.5	35.5	34.8	34.9	32.3	32.2
Job leavers	9.7	9.5	10.1	10.1	9.6	10.0	11.4	10.1	9.6	9.7	9.3	10.8	11.3
Reentrants	35.1	37.1	36.2	35.7	34.6	35.0	34.2	35.0	35.0	34.9	33.4	34.5	33.8
New entrants	7.4	8.0	7.7	6.4	7.4	7.9	7.8	8.2	7.9	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.4
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.5
Job leavers .....	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6
Reentrants	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8
New entrants .....	.5	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4	.5

A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	2,749	2,772	2,651	2,754	2,768	2,655	2,675	2,434	2,599	2,587	2,937	2,600	2,523
5 to 14 weeks	2,574	2,482	2,461	2,452	2,365	2,572	2,294	2,256	2,163	2,149	2,122	2,165	2,319
15 weeks and over	3,056	2,972	2,853	2,740	2,823	2,773	2,768	2,934	2,661	2,456	2,386	2,298	2,266
15 to 26 weeks	1,264	1,237	1,160	1,193	1,234	1,198	1,213	1,344	1,187	1,088	1,033	1,090	920
27 weeks and over	1,792	1,735	1,693	1,547	1,589	1,575	1,555	1,590	1,474	1,368	1,353	1,207	1,347
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	19.2	19.1	19.4	18.4	19.0	18.9	18.8	19.3	18.2	17.8	16.7	16.9	17.5
Median duration, in weeks	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.5	10.1	9.1	8.7	7.9	7.8	7.9
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	32.8	33.7	33.3	34.7	34.8	33.2	34.6	31.9	35.0	36.0	39.4	36.8	35.5
5 to 14 weeks	30.7	30.2	30.9	30.9	29.7	32.1	29.6	29.6	29.1	29.9	28.5	30.7	32.6
15 weeks and over	36.5	36.1	35.8	34.5	35.5	34.7	35.8	38.5	35.8	34.1	32.0	32.5	31.9
15 to 26 weeks	15.1	15.0	14.6	15.0	15.5	15.0	15.7	17.6	16.0	15.1	13.9	15.4	12.9
27 weeks and over	21.4	21.1	21.3	19.5	20.0	19.7	20.1	20.9	19.9	19.0	18.2	17.1	18.9

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Age, sex, and race	March 1995									
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								Not in labor force
		Total	Percent of population	Employed				Unemployed		
Total	Percent of population			Agri-culture	Nonagri-cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force			
TOTAL										
16 years and over	196,007	131,423	66.4	123,943	62.8	3,366	120,577	7,480	5.7	66,584
16 to 19 years	14,348	7,140	49.8	5,959	41.5	214	5,744	1,162	16.5	7,208
18 to 17 years	7,350	2,839	38.8	2,240	30.5	112	2,128	599	21.1	4,511
18 to 19 years	6,996	4,301	61.5	3,719	53.1	102	3,617	583	13.5	2,897
20 to 24 years	17,980	13,640	75.9	12,361	88.7	311	12,049	1,280	9.4	4,339
25 to 54 years	113,888	95,028	83.6	90,590	79.7	2,109	88,482	4,438	4.7	18,660
25 to 34 years	41,008	34,292	83.6	32,395	79.0	782	31,613	1,897	5.5	6,716
25 to 29 years	19,160	15,919	83.1	14,968	78.1	361	14,607	951	6.0	3,240
30 to 34 years	21,849	18,373	84.1	17,427	79.8	421	17,006	946	5.1	3,476
35 to 44 years	42,031	35,594	84.7	34,001	80.9	808	33,193	1,593	4.5	6,437
35 to 39 years	22,048	18,629	84.5	17,702	80.3	430	17,273	927	5.0	3,419
40 to 44 years	19,983	18,964	84.9	16,298	81.6	379	15,920	666	3.9	3,018
45 to 54 years	30,650	25,143	82.0	24,195	78.9	519	23,676	948	3.8	5,507
45 to 49 years	17,288	14,605	84.5	14,045	81.2	280	13,765	560	3.8	2,683
50 to 54 years	13,362	10,538	78.9	10,149	76.0	238	9,911	388	3.7	2,824
55 to 64 years	20,673	11,816	57.2	11,373	55.0	396	10,977	444	3.8	8,857
55 to 59 years	10,861	7,429	68.4	7,132	65.7	203	6,929	297	4.0	3,432
60 to 64 years	9,812	4,387	44.7	4,240	43.2	192	4,048	147	3.3	5,425
65 years and over	31,317	3,798	12.1	3,661	11.7	336	3,325	137	3.6	27,519
65 to 69 years	9,660	2,135	22.1	2,047	21.2	139	1,907	88	4.1	7,525
70 to 74 years	8,578	1,030	12.0	1,000	11.7	113	886	31	3.0	7,548
75 years and over	13,079	633	4.8	614	4.7	83	531	19	2.9	12,446
Men										
16 years and over	94,879	70,961	74.8	66,758	70.4	2,499	64,259	4,204	5.9	23,918
16 to 19 years	7,258	3,649	50.3	2,995	41.3	186	2,809	654	17.9	3,609
16 to 17 years	3,751	1,435	38.3	1,115	29.7	99	1,016	321	22.3	2,316
18 to 19 years	3,506	2,214	63.1	1,880	53.6	88	1,793	334	15.1	1,292
20 to 24 years	8,877	7,296	82.2	8,581	74.1	260	6,321	715	9.8	1,581
25 to 54 years	55,879	51,325	91.8	48,841	87.4	1,508	47,333	2,484	4.8	4,555
25 to 34 years	20,214	18,805	93.0	17,781	88.0	599	17,182	1,024	5.4	1,409
25 to 29 years	9,450	8,741	92.5	8,217	87.0	274	7,943	524	6.0	709
30 to 34 years	10,765	10,065	93.5	9,564	88.9	326	9,239	500	5.0	700
35 to 44 years	20,700	19,149	92.5	18,270	88.3	555	17,715	879	4.6	1,551
35 to 39 years	10,873	10,098	92.9	9,573	88.0	288	9,285	525	5.2	775
40 to 44 years	9,827	9,051	92.1	8,697	88.5	267	8,430	353	3.9	776
45 to 54 years	14,965	13,371	89.3	12,790	85.5	354	12,436	580	4.3	1,595
45 to 49 years	8,471	7,735	91.3	7,409	87.5	196	7,213	326	4.2	736
50 to 54 years	6,494	5,635	86.8	5,381	82.8	158	5,223	255	4.5	859
55 to 64 years	9,801	6,478	66.1	6,209	63.4	285	5,924	268	4.1	3,323
55 to 59 years	5,186	4,068	78.4	3,893	75.1	151	3,742	175	4.3	1,118
60 to 64 years	4,614	2,409	52.2	2,316	50.2	133	2,183	93	3.9	2,205
65 years and over	13,064	2,213	16.9	2,131	16.3	260	1,872	82	3.7	10,851
65 to 69 years	4,398	1,207	27.4	1,153	26.2	114	1,039	54	4.5	3,191
70 to 74 years	3,734	623	16.7	609	16.3	91	518	14	2.3	3,110
75 years and over	4,932	383	7.8	369	7.5	55	314	14	3.6	4,549
Women										
16 years and over	103,128	60,462	58.6	57,185	55.5	867	56,318	3,277	5.4	42,666
16 to 19 years	7,090	3,491	49.2	2,964	41.8	28	2,936	527	15.1	3,599
16 to 17 years	3,598	1,404	39.0	1,126	31.3	14	1,112	278	19.8	2,195
18 to 19 years	3,492	2,087	59.8	1,838	52.6	14	1,824	249	11.9	1,405
20 to 24 years	9,102	6,344	69.7	5,779	63.5	51	5,728	565	8.9	2,758
25 to 54 years	57,809	43,703	75.6	41,749	72.2	600	41,149	1,954	4.5	14,106
25 to 34 years	20,794	15,487	74.5	14,614	70.3	183	14,431	873	5.6	5,307
25 to 29 years	9,710	7,178	73.9	6,751	69.5	88	6,664	427	6.0	2,531
30 to 34 years	11,084	8,308	75.0	7,862	70.9	95	7,767	446	5.4	2,776
35 to 44 years	21,331	16,445	77.1	15,731	73.7	253	15,478	714	4.3	4,886
35 to 39 years	11,175	8,531	76.3	8,130	72.7	142	7,988	401	4.7	2,644
40 to 44 years	10,156	7,914	77.9	7,601	74.8	111	7,490	313	3.9	2,242
45 to 54 years	15,684	11,772	75.1	11,405	72.7	165	11,240	367	3.1	3,912
45 to 49 years	8,817	6,870	77.9	6,636	75.3	84	6,552	234	3.4	1,947
50 to 54 years	6,867	4,902	71.4	4,769	69.4	81	4,688	133	2.7	1,965
55 to 64 years	10,873	5,339	49.1	5,163	47.5	111	5,052	175	3.3	5,534
55 to 59 years	5,675	3,361	59.2	3,239	57.1	52	3,187	122	3.6	2,314
60 to 64 years	5,198	1,978	38.0	1,924	37.0	59	1,865	54	2.7	3,220
65 years and over	18,253	1,585	8.7	1,530	8.4	76	1,453	55	3.5	16,668
65 to 69 years	5,262	927	17.6	893	17.0	25	868	34	3.7	4,334
70 to 74 years	4,845	407	8.4	391	8.1	23	368	16	4.0	4,438
75 years and over	8,147	250	3.1	246	3.0	28	217	5	1.9	7,897

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Age, sex, and race	March 1995									
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								
		Total	Percent of population	Employed				Unemployed		Not in labor force
				Total	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
WHITE										
16 years and over	166,521	111,250	66.8	105,609	63.4	3,145	102,464	5,641	5.1	55,271
16 to 19 years	11,387	6,129	53.8	5,255	46.2	209	5,046	874	14.3	5,258
18 to 17 years	5,794	2,443	42.2	1,978	34.1	110	1,868	465	19.0	3,351
18 to 19 years	5,593	3,686	65.9	3,277	58.6	99	3,178	409	11.1	1,907
20 to 24 years	14,456	11,231	77.7	10,321	71.4	275	10,046	910	8.1	3,225
25 to 54 years	94,651	80,092	84.6	78,740	81.1	1,971	74,769	3,352	4.2	14,559
25 to 34 years	33,502	28,385	84.7	27,022	80.7	729	26,293	1,363	4.8	5,117
25 to 29 years	15,496	13,066	84.3	12,416	80.1	341	12,075	649	5.0	2,430
30 to 34 years	18,006	15,319	85.1	14,606	81.1	388	14,218	713	4.7	2,687
35 to 44 years	35,026	30,019	85.7	28,781	82.2	759	28,022	1,238	4.1	5,006
35 to 39 years	18,272	15,596	85.4	14,868	81.4	404	14,464	729	4.7	2,676
40 to 44 years	16,753	14,423	86.1	13,914	83.0	356	13,558	510	3.5	2,330
45 to 54 years	26,123	21,688	83.0	20,937	80.1	482	20,454	751	3.5	4,436
45 to 49 years	14,627	12,500	85.5	12,075	82.6	261	11,814	425	3.4	2,126
50 to 54 years	11,497	9,187	79.9	8,862	77.1	222	8,640	325	3.5	2,310
55 to 64 years	17,959	10,369	57.7	9,988	55.6	375	9,613	381	3.7	7,590
55 to 59 years	9,361	6,488	69.3	6,238	66.6	193	6,045	250	3.9	2,873
60 to 64 years	8,598	3,880	45.1	3,750	43.6	182	3,568	131	3.4	4,717
65 years and over	28,068	3,430	12.2	3,305	11.8	315	2,990	124	3.6	24,639
65 to 69 years	8,560	1,915	22.4	1,831	21.4	132	1,699	83	4.4	6,646
70 to 74 years	7,686	934	12.2	911	11.9	104	807	23	2.5	6,752
75 years and over	11,822	581	4.9	563	4.8	80	483	18	3.0	11,241
Men										
16 years and over	80,519	60,802	75.5	57,506	71.4	2,303	55,203	3,296	5.4	19,717
16 to 19 years	5,810	3,171	54.6	2,667	45.9	181	2,486	504	15.9	2,640
18 to 17 years	2,980	1,254	42.1	995	33.4	96	899	259	20.7	1,726
18 to 19 years	2,830	1,917	67.7	1,873	59.1	85	1,588	244	12.7	913
20 to 24 years	7,233	6,053	83.7	5,510	76.2	228	5,284	543	9.0	1,180
25 to 54 years	47,073	43,779	93.0	41,845	88.9	1,390	40,455	1,934	4.4	3,295
25 to 34 years	16,727	15,727	94.0	14,957	89.4	550	14,407	770	4.9	1,001
25 to 29 years	7,729	7,232	93.6	6,851	88.8	255	6,596	382	5.3	497
30 to 34 years	8,998	8,494	94.4	8,108	90.1	295	7,811	388	4.6	503
35 to 44 years	17,468	16,399	93.9	15,704	89.9	519	15,185	695	4.2	1,087
35 to 39 years	9,125	8,604	94.3	8,169	89.5	285	7,904	434	5.0	521
40 to 44 years	8,341	7,795	93.5	7,535	90.3	254	7,281	280	3.3	546
45 to 54 years	12,980	11,653	90.5	11,184	86.8	321	10,862	489	4.0	1,227
45 to 49 years	7,240	6,880	92.3	6,425	88.7	180	6,245	265	3.8	580
50 to 54 years	5,640	4,973	88.2	4,759	84.4	142	4,617	214	4.3	667
55 to 64 years	8,838	5,792	67.1	5,548	64.2	285	5,263	244	4.2	2,844
55 to 59 years	4,540	3,822	79.8	3,486	76.3	141	3,325	166	4.3	918
60 to 64 years	4,098	2,170	53.0	2,082	50.8	124	1,958	87	4.0	1,828
65 years and over	11,788	2,008	17.1	1,938	16.5	241	1,694	72	3.8	9,758
65 to 69 years	3,919	1,093	27.9	1,043	26.8	109	934	50	4.6	2,828
70 to 74 years	3,375	588	18.6	558	18.5	81	477	9	1.6	2,808
75 years and over	4,472	347	7.8	334	7.5	51	283	13	3.7	4,125
Women										
16 years and over	88,002	50,448	58.7	48,103	55.9	842	47,261	2,345	4.8	35,554
16 to 19 years	5,578	2,958	53.1	2,588	46.4	28	2,560	370	12.5	2,818
18 to 17 years	2,813	1,189	42.3	983	34.9	14	969	206	17.3	1,824
18 to 19 years	2,783	1,769	64.0	1,605	58.1	14	1,591	164	9.3	993
20 to 24 years	7,223	5,178	71.7	4,811	66.8	49	4,762	367	7.1	2,045
25 to 54 years	47,578	36,313	78.3	34,895	73.3	581	34,314	1,418	3.9	11,265
25 to 34 years	16,775	12,858	75.5	12,065	71.9	180	11,888	593	4.7	4,117
25 to 29 years	7,787	5,834	75.1	5,568	71.7	87	5,479	268	4.6	1,933
30 to 34 years	9,008	6,825	75.8	6,500	72.2	93	6,406	325	4.8	2,183
35 to 44 years	17,560	13,820	77.6	13,077	74.5	240	12,837	544	4.0	3,939
35 to 39 years	9,148	6,992	76.4	6,698	73.2	138	6,560	294	4.2	2,155
40 to 44 years	8,412	6,628	78.8	6,379	75.8	102	6,277	249	3.8	1,784
45 to 54 years	13,243	10,034	75.8	9,753	73.6	161	9,592	281	2.8	3,209
45 to 49 years	7,386	5,820	78.8	5,650	76.5	81	5,569	170	2.9	1,566
50 to 54 years	5,857	4,214	72.0	4,103	70.1	80	4,023	111	2.6	1,642
55 to 64 years	9,323	4,577	49.1	4,440	47.6	110	4,330	137	3.0	4,746
55 to 59 years	4,821	2,866	59.4	2,772	57.5	52	2,720	94	3.3	1,955
60 to 64 years	4,502	1,711	38.0	1,668	37.0	58	1,609	43	2.5	2,791
65 years and over	18,302	1,422	8.7	1,369	9.4	74	1,296	52	3.7	14,880
65 to 69 years	4,642	821	17.7	788	17.0	23	765	33	4.0	3,820
70 to 74 years	4,311	367	8.5	353	8.2	23	330	14	3.9	3,944
75 years and over	7,349	234	3.2	229	3.1	28	200	5	2.0	7,116

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Age, sex, and race	March 1995									
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								Not in labor force
		Total	Percent of population	Employed				Unemployed		
				Total	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
BLACK										
16 years and over	23,142	14,660	63.3	13,219	57.1	104	13,115	1,440	9.8	8,482
16 to 19 years	2,250	744	33.1	497	22.1	2	496	247	33.2	1,506
16 to 17 years	1,175	284	24.2	183	15.5	2	180	102	35.8	890
18 to 19 years	1,076	460	42.8	315	29.3	-	316	145	31.6	616
20 to 24 years	2,575	1,787	69.4	1,474	57.2	10	1,463	313	17.5	788
25 to 54 years	13,688	10,752	78.6	9,928	72.5	69	9,859	824	7.7	2,936
25 to 34 years	5,352	4,275	79.9	3,851	72.0	24	3,828	424	9.9	1,077
25 to 29 years	2,577	2,051	79.6	1,799	69.8	8	1,791	252	12.3	526
30 to 34 years	2,775	2,224	80.2	2,052	74.0	16	2,036	172	7.7	551
35 to 44 years	5,142	4,071	79.2	3,798	73.9	21	3,777	273	6.7	1,071
35 to 39 years	2,756	2,232	81.0	2,084	75.6	12	2,072	148	6.6	524
40 to 44 years	2,386	1,840	77.1	1,715	71.9	10	1,705	125	6.8	546
45 to 54 years	3,194	2,405	75.3	2,279	71.3	24	2,255	126	5.3	789
45 to 49 years	1,849	1,449	78.4	1,364	73.8	14	1,350	85	5.9	400
50 to 54 years	1,345	956	71.1	915	68.0	10	905	41	4.3	389
55 to 64 years	2,071	1,084	52.3	1,038	50.1	13	1,025	46	4.2	987
55 to 59 years	1,126	702	62.3	664	59.0	7	657	38	5.4	424
60 to 64 years	945	382	40.4	374	39.6	6	368	8	2.0	583
65 years and over	2,558	293	11.5	282	11.0	10	272	11	3.8	2,265
65 to 69 years	857	174	20.3	171	19.9	3	168	3	1.8	683
70 to 74 years	687	83	12.1	76	11.0	7	69	7	8.7	604
75 years and over	1,014	36	3.5	35	3.5	1	34	1	(¹)	978
Men										
16 years and over	10,361	7,151	69.0	6,467	62.4	97	6,370	684	9.6	3,211
16 to 19 years	1,105	351	31.7	233	21.1	2	232	117	33.5	754
16 to 17 years	587	137	23.4	94	16.0	2	92	43	31.6	450
18 to 19 years	518	213	41.2	139	26.9	-	140	74	34.7	304
20 to 24 years	1,176	911	77.5	765	65.1	10	755	146	16.0	265
25 to 54 years	6,182	5,231	84.6	4,838	78.3	62	4,776	393	7.5	951
25 to 34 years	2,397	2,120	88.4	1,931	80.6	24	1,908	189	8.9	277
25 to 29 years	1,156	1,018	88.1	907	78.5	8	899	112	11.0	137
30 to 34 years	1,241	1,101	88.8	1,024	82.6	16	1,009	77	7.0	139
35 to 44 years	2,346	1,956	83.4	1,823	77.7	18	1,807	133	6.8	390
35 to 39 years	1,257	1,058	84.2	997	79.3	12	985	62	5.8	199
40 to 44 years	1,088	898	82.5	826	75.9	4	822	71	7.9	191
45 to 54 years	1,440	1,155	80.2	1,084	75.3	22	1,062	72	6.2	284
45 to 49 years	839	702	83.6	655	78.1	12	644	46	6.6	138
50 to 54 years	600	454	75.6	428	71.3	16	418	25	5.6	147
55 to 64 years	897	500	55.7	480	53.5	13	467	20	3.9	397
55 to 59 years	484	319	66.0	304	62.8	7	297	15	4.8	165
60 to 64 years	413	181	43.7	177	42.7	6	170	4	2.3	233
65 years and over	1,001	158	15.8	150	15.0	10	140	8	5.0	843
65 to 69 years	364	87	24.0	85	23.5	3	83	2	2.2	277
70 to 74 years	286	47	16.3	41	14.5	7	35	5	(¹)	239
75 years and over	351	24	6.8	23	6.6	1	22	1	(¹)	327
Women										
16 years and over	12,781	7,509	58.8	6,752	52.8	7	6,745	757	10.1	5,272
16 to 19 years	1,145	394	34.4	264	23.1	-	264	130	32.9	752
16 to 17 years	587	147	25.0	89	15.1	-	89	58	39.7	440
18 to 19 years	558	247	44.2	175	31.4	-	175	71	28.9	311
20 to 24 years	1,399	875	62.6	708	50.6	-	708	167	19.1	524
25 to 54 years	7,505	5,521	73.6	5,090	67.8	7	5,083	431	7.8	1,985
25 to 34 years	2,955	2,155	72.9	1,920	65.0	-	1,920	235	10.9	800
25 to 29 years	1,421	1,033	72.7	892	62.8	-	892	140	13.6	389
30 to 34 years	1,534	1,123	73.2	1,028	67.0	-	1,028	95	8.5	411
35 to 44 years	2,796	2,115	75.7	1,975	70.6	5	1,970	140	6.6	681
35 to 39 years	1,499	1,173	78.3	1,087	72.5	-	1,087	86	7.4	325
40 to 44 years	1,297	942	72.6	888	68.5	5	883	54	5.7	355
45 to 54 years	1,754	1,250	71.3	1,195	68.1	2	1,193	55	4.4	504
45 to 49 years	1,010	748	74.1	708	70.2	2	706	39	5.3	262
50 to 54 years	745	502	67.5	487	65.4	-	487	16	3.1	242
55 to 64 years	1,174	584	49.8	558	47.5	-	558	26	4.5	590
55 to 59 years	642	383	59.6	360	56.1	-	360	23	5.9	259
60 to 64 years	532	201	37.9	198	37.2	-	198	4	1.8	330
65 years and over	1,558	135	8.7	132	8.5	-	132	3	2.4	1,423
65 to 69 years	493	87	17.6	85	17.3	-	85	1	1.4	407
70 to 74 years	402	37	9.1	35	8.6	-	35	2	(¹)	365
75 years and over	663	12	1.8	12	1.8	-	12	-	-	651

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-14. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and race	Total		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	196,213	198,007	86,901	87,622	95,225	96,037	14,087	14,348
Civilian labor force	129,718	131,423	66,513	67,312	56,440	56,971	6,765	7,140
Percent of population	66.1	66.4	76.5	76.8	59.3	59.3	48.0	49.8
Employed	120,844	123,943	62,180	63,763	53,165	54,221	5,499	5,959
Agriculture	3,086	3,366	2,165	2,313	712	839	209	214
Nonagricultural industries	117,758	120,577	60,015	61,450	52,453	53,383	5,290	5,744
Unemployed	8,874	7,480	4,333	3,550	3,275	2,749	1,266	1,182
Unemployment rate	6.8	5.7	6.5	5.3	5.8	4.8	18.7	16.5
Not in labor force	66,495	66,584	20,387	20,309	38,785	39,067	7,322	7,208
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	165,168	166,521	74,129	74,709	79,825	80,426	11,215	11,387
Civilian labor force	109,985	111,250	57,060	57,631	47,084	47,490	5,840	6,129
Percent of population	66.6	66.8	77.0	77.1	59.0	59.0	52.1	53.8
Employed	103,335	105,609	53,686	54,838	44,769	45,515	4,880	5,255
Agriculture	2,884	3,145	2,003	2,122	682	814	200	209
Nonagricultural industries	100,451	102,464	51,683	52,716	44,087	44,702	4,681	5,046
Unemployed	6,649	5,641	3,374	2,793	2,316	1,974	960	874
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.1	5.9	4.8	4.9	4.2	16.4	14.3
Not in labor force	55,184	55,271	17,069	17,077	32,740	32,936	5,375	5,258
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	22,774	23,142	9,128	9,256	11,450	11,636	2,196	2,250
Civilian labor force	14,363	14,660	6,595	6,800	7,045	7,115	723	744
Percent of population	63.1	63.3	72.3	73.5	61.5	61.2	32.9	33.1
Employed	12,560	13,219	5,852	6,234	6,253	6,488	455	497
Agriculture	109	104	86	96	16	7	7	2
Nonagricultural industries	12,451	13,115	5,766	6,138	6,237	6,481	448	496
Unemployed	1,803	1,440	743	566	792	627	268	247
Unemployment rate	12.6	9.8	11.3	8.3	11.2	8.8	37.0	33.2
Not in labor force	8,411	8,482	2,533	2,456	4,405	4,520	1,473	1,506

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Enrollment status, educational attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	March 1995									
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								
		Total	Percent of population	Employed			Unemployed			Percent of labor force
				Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	16,873	8,250	48.9	7,346	1,282	6,065	903	174	729	11.0
16 to 19 years	11,349	4,925	43.4	4,214	332	3,882	711	103	608	14.4
20 to 24 years	5,525	3,325	60.2	3,132	950	2,182	193	71	122	5.8
High school	9,191	3,705	40.3	3,048	181	2,867	657	109	548	17.7
College	7,683	4,545	59.2	4,298	1,101	3,197	247	65	181	5.4
Full-time students	6,347	3,387	53.4	3,190	443	2,746	197	38	160	5.8
Part-time students	1,335	1,158	86.7	1,108	657	451	49	28	22	4.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	8,368	3,996	47.8	3,514	724	2,790	482	109	372	12.1
16 to 19 years	5,701	2,389	41.9	2,005	197	1,808	384	68	316	16.1
20 to 24 years	2,668	1,607	60.2	1,509	527	982	98	41	57	6.1
High school	4,760	1,877	39.4	1,519	107	1,412	358	76	282	19.1
College	3,608	2,119	58.7	1,995	617	1,378	124	34	90	5.8
Full-time students	2,983	1,560	52.3	1,462	268	1,194	98	21	77	6.3
Part-time students	625	558	89.3	533	349	184	25	12	13	4.6
Women, 16 to 24 years	8,505	4,254	50.0	3,832	558	3,274	422	65	357	9.9
16 to 19 years	5,648	2,536	44.9	2,209	135	2,074	327	35	292	12.9
20 to 24 years	2,857	1,718	60.1	1,623	423	1,200	95	30	65	5.5
High school	4,431	1,828	41.3	1,529	74	1,455	299	33	265	16.3
College	4,074	2,426	59.5	2,303	483	1,819	123	32	91	5.1
Full-time students	3,364	1,827	54.3	1,727	175	1,552	99	16	83	5.4
Part-time students	710	599	84.4	575	308	267	24	16	8	4.0
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years	13,471	7,049	52.3	6,373	1,105	5,268	676	127	549	9.6
16 to 19 years	9,016	4,270	47.4	3,722	291	3,430	548	85	464	12.8
20 to 24 years	4,455	2,779	62.4	2,651	814	1,837	128	42	86	4.6
Men	6,769	3,467	51.2	3,091	626	2,465	376	85	291	10.9
Women	6,702	3,581	53.4	3,282	479	2,803	300	41	258	8.4
High school	7,172	3,170	44.2	2,673	154	2,518	497	82	415	15.7
College	6,299	3,879	61.6	3,700	951	2,749	179	44	134	4.6
Full-time students	5,209	2,920	56.1	2,777	394	2,383	143	21	122	4.9
Part-time students	1,091	959	87.9	923	557	366	36	23	12	3.7
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,409	820	34.1	641	115	526	179	34	146	21.9
16 to 19 years	1,748	478	27.4	347	30	317	131	12	119	27.4
20 to 24 years	661	342	51.7	293	84	209	49	21	27	14.2
Men	1,108	352	31.8	271	59	212	82	13	68	23.2
Women	1,301	468	36.0	370	56	314	98	21	77	20.9
High school	1,528	388	25.4	260	16	245	128	19	109	32.9
College	881	432	49.1	380	99	281	52	15	37	12.0
Full-time students	706	290	41.0	251	33	217	39	12	28	13.6
Part-time students	175	143	81.4	130	66	64	13	4	9	8.9
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years	1,734	711	41.0	572	167	405	139	30	109	19.6
16 to 19 years	1,234	391	31.7	278	44	233	114	23	90	29.0
20 to 24 years	499	320	64.1	294	122	172	26	7	19	8.0
Men	852	349	41.0	272	81	190	78	19	59	22.2
Women	881	362	41.1	300	85	215	62	11	50	17.0
High school	1,100	314	28.5	213	31	182	101	21	80	32.1
College	634	398	62.7	359	135	224	39	9	29	9.7
Full-time students	456	250	54.8	224	53	171	26	2	24	10.3
Part-time students	178	148	83.2	135	82	53	13	8	5	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Enrollment status, educational attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	March 1995									
	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force								
		Total	Percent of population	Employed			Unemployed			Percent of labor force
				Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	15,454	12,531	81.1	10,973	9,023	1,950	1,558	1,358	200	12.4
16 to 19 years	2,999	2,215	73.9	1,744	1,162	583	471	363	108	21.3
20 to 24 years	12,455	10,316	82.8	9,229	7,862	1,367	1,087	996	91	10.5
Less than a high school diploma	3,810	2,479	65.1	1,914	1,495	419	564	473	91	22.8
High school graduates, no college	6,558	5,408	82.5	4,700	3,795	905	707	637	70	13.1
Less than a bachelor's degree	3,622	3,250	89.7	3,015	2,509	506	235	201	35	7.2
College graduates	1,464	1,395	95.2	1,343	1,224	119	51	47	4	3.7
Men, 16 to 24 years	7,767	6,949	89.5	6,062	5,283	779	888	821	67	12.8
16 to 19 years	1,557	1,260	80.9	989	732	257	270	227	43	21.5
20 to 24 years	6,210	5,690	91.6	5,072	4,551	522	617	594	24	10.9
Less than a high school diploma	2,076	1,669	80.4	1,317	1,112	205	352	313	39	21.1
High school graduates, no college	3,426	3,131	91.4	2,735	2,357	378	396	375	21	12.6
Less than a bachelor's degree	1,664	1,570	94.3	1,456	1,299	157	114	107	7	7.3
College graduates	600	579	96.5	554	515	39	26	26	-	4.4
Women, 16 to 24 years	7,688	5,582	72.6	4,911	3,741	1,171	670	537	133	12.0
16 to 19 years	1,442	956	66.3	755	430	325	201	135	65	21.0
20 to 24 years	6,245	4,626	74.1	4,156	3,311	845	470	402	68	10.2
Less than a high school diploma	1,734	810	46.7	598	383	214	212	160	52	26.2
High school graduates, no college	3,132	2,277	72.7	1,965	1,439	527	311	262	49	13.7
Less than a bachelor's degree	1,958	1,680	85.8	1,559	1,210	349	121	94	27	7.2
College graduates	864	815	94.4	790	709	80	26	21	4	3.2
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years	12,372	10,311	83.3	9,203	7,651	1,553	1,108	986	122	10.7
16 to 19 years	2,371	1,859	78.4	1,533	1,043	490	326	264	62	17.5
20 to 24 years	10,001	8,452	84.5	7,670	6,607	1,063	782	722	60	9.3
Men	6,275	5,756	91.7	5,086	4,495	592	670	626	44	11.6
Women	6,097	4,555	74.7	4,117	3,156	961	438	360	78	9.6
Less than a high school diploma	2,885	1,968	68.2	1,605	1,256	349	364	311	53	18.5
High school graduates, no college	5,272	4,445	84.3	3,920	3,193	727	525	480	46	11.8
Less than a bachelor's degree	2,920	2,655	90.9	2,485	2,117	368	171	152	19	6.4
College graduates	1,294	1,242	96.1	1,194	1,085	109	48	44	4	3.9
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,416	1,711	70.8	1,330	1,007	323	381	320	61	22.2
16 to 19 years	502	266	53.0	150	76	73	116	80	36	43.6
20 to 24 years	1,914	1,445	75.5	1,180	930	250	265	239	25	18.3
Men	1,173	910	77.5	728	566	162	182	165	17	20.0
Women	1,243	801	64.4	602	441	161	199	155	44	24.8
Less than a high school diploma	679	348	51.3	193	136	57	155	129	26	44.5
High school graduates, no college	1,074	790	73.5	622	491	131	168	146	23	21.3
Less than a bachelor's degree	559	475	84.9	419	292	127	56	44	12	11.8
College graduates	104	98	94.4	96	89	8	1	1	-	1.4
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,589	1,902	73.5	1,615	1,367	248	287	245	42	15.1
16 to 19 years	634	432	68.2	339	246	93	93	71	22	21.6
20 to 24 years	1,955	1,469	75.2	1,276	1,121	155	194	174	20	13.2
Men	1,416	1,249	88.2	1,074	953	121	175	163	12	14.0
Women	1,173	653	55.7	541	414	127	112	82	30	17.2
Less than a high school diploma	1,349	881	65.3	723	631	92	158	133	25	18.0
High school graduates, no college	811	636	78.4	543	424	119	93	82	10	14.6
Less than a bachelor's degree	376	335	89.1	305	268	36	31	25	6	9.2
College graduates	52	49	(¹)	44	43	1	5	5	1	(¹)

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic origin

groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-16. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race

(In thousands)

Age, sex, and race	March 1995									
	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
35 hours or more		1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons			Part time for noneconomic reasons				
TOTAL										
Total, 16 years and over	99,919	87,592	9,181	3,146	24,024	3,437	19,080	1,507	6,008	1,472
16 to 19 years	1,494	1,223	226	45	4,465	283	3,930	252	466	716
16 to 17 years	166	118	43	5	2,074	38	1,947	89	122	477
18 to 19 years	1,327	1,105	183	40	2,391	246	1,982	163	344	239
20 years and over	98,426	86,369	8,955	3,101	19,559	3,154	15,151	1,254	5,543	756
20 to 24 years	8,811	7,760	822	229	3,549	650	2,613	286	1,067	213
25 years and over	89,614	78,609	8,133	2,872	16,009	2,504	12,537	968	4,476	543
25 to 54 years	78,837	69,432	7,027	2,378	11,754	2,237	8,867	650	4,022	416
55 years and over	10,778	9,178	1,106	494	4,256	267	3,670	319	453	128
Men, 16 years and over	59,002	52,599	4,796	1,608	7,755	1,554	5,714	487	3,620	584
16 to 19 years	929	776	128	25	2,066	141	1,818	107	295	359
16 to 17 years	58,073	51,823	4,668	1,583	5,689	1,413	3,896	381	3,324	225
18 to 19 years	5,078	4,557	410	111	1,504	330	1,052	122	635	80
20 to 24 years	52,996	47,266	4,257	1,472	4,186	1,083	2,844	258	2,689	145
25 years and over	46,413	41,616	3,604	1,193	2,428	945	1,354	129	2,397	87
25 to 54 years	6,583	5,650	654	279	1,758	138	1,490	130	293	58
55 years and over	40,917	34,993	4,385	1,539	16,268	1,883	13,366	1,019	2,388	888
16 to 19 years	565	447	97	20	2,399	142	2,111	146	170	357
20 years and over	40,352	34,546	4,287	1,519	13,869	1,741	11,255	874	2,218	531
20 to 24 years	3,734	3,203	412	118	2,046	320	1,562	164	432	133
25 years and over	36,619	31,343	3,876	1,400	11,823	1,421	9,693	710	1,786	398
25 to 54 years	32,424	27,816	3,423	1,185	9,326	1,292	7,513	521	1,626	329
55 years and over	4,195	3,527	453	215	2,498	129	2,180	189	161	70
White										
Men, 16 years and over	50,917	45,425	4,125	1,368	6,588	1,190	4,971	428	2,833	463
16 to 19 years	828	684	118	24	1,842	117	1,630	95	231	272
16 to 17 years	50,091	44,741	4,007	1,344	4,747	1,073	3,341	333	2,602	190
18 to 19 years	4,295	3,848	366	82	1,215	220	892	104	480	63
20 to 24 years	45,797	40,895	3,640	1,262	3,532	854	2,449	229	2,122	128
25 years and over	39,928	35,846	3,052	1,029	1,919	733	1,077	109	1,861	73
25 to 54 years	5,870	5,049	589	233	1,613	121	1,372	120	261	55
55 years and over	33,862	28,874	3,704	1,284	14,241	1,427	11,877	937	1,659	685
16 to 19 years	509	402	88	19	2,079	118	1,823	137	117	253
20 years and over	33,353	28,472	3,616	1,265	12,163	1,309	10,054	800	1,542	432
20 to 24 years	3,126	2,692	329	105	1,685	239	1,311	136	284	83
25 years and over	30,227	25,780	3,287	1,160	10,478	1,071	8,743	664	1,258	349
25 to 54 years	26,654	22,790	2,884	980	8,242	963	6,789	489	1,130	288
55 years and over	3,573	2,990	403	180	2,236	107	1,954	175	128	61
Black										
Men, 16 years and over	5,638	4,953	507	177	829	284	500	45	586	98
16 to 19 years	64	58	7	1	169	21	140	8	47	70
16 to 17 years	5,574	4,897	501	175	660	264	359	37	539	28
18 to 19 years	560	500	34	26	205	98	93	15	131	15
20 to 24 years	5,014	4,397	467	149	455	166	266	22	408	12
25 years and over	4,480	3,962	412	116	348	155	179	13	383	10
25 to 54 years	523	435	54	33	107	11	87	9	25	2
55 years and over	5,320	4,560	551	209	1,432	359	1,020	53	600	157
16 to 19 years	43	34	9	-	221	18	201	2	45	84
20 years and over	5,277	4,526	542	209	1,211	341	819	51	554	73
20 to 24 years	454	373	68	12	254	71	165	18	130	37
25 years and over	4,823	4,153	473	197	957	270	654	33	424	36
25 to 54 years	4,343	3,748	431	164	747	256	469	22	404	26
55 years and over	480	404	43	33	210	14	185	11	20	9

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are also classified according to their usual

status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-17. Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

Occupation	Total		Men				Women			
	16 years and over		16 years and over		20 years and over		16 years and over		20 years and over	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
Total	120,844	123,943	64,936	66,758	62,180	63,763	55,907	57,185	53,165	54,221
Managerial and professional specialty	33,354	34,985	17,265	18,068	17,154	17,950	16,089	16,917	15,965	16,761
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15,840	16,792	8,971	9,607	8,931	9,555	6,869	7,185	6,829	7,128
Officials and administrators, public administration	649	715	367	376	367	376	282	339	281	339
Other executive, administrative, and managerial	10,960	11,718	6,658	7,174	6,619	7,127	4,302	4,545	4,272	4,492
Management-related occupations	4,230	4,360	1,946	2,058	1,946	2,052	2,285	2,302	2,276	2,297
Professional specialty	17,514	18,193	8,294	8,461	8,223	8,395	9,220	9,731	9,137	9,633
Engineers	1,827	1,817	1,708	1,668	1,706	1,668	119	149	119	149
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,169	1,216	798	852	796	844	371	364	369	364
Natural scientists	560	501	390	360	390	360	171	141	169	141
Health diagnosing occupations	902	981	721	765	721	765	181	216	181	216
Health assessment and treating occupations	2,671	2,755	373	377	373	377	2,298	2,378	2,293	2,371
Teachers, college and university	853	983	491	555	484	546	363	428	356	428
Teachers, except college and university	4,607	4,740	1,212	1,194	1,195	1,182	3,396	3,546	3,356	3,488
Lawyers and judges	823	872	624	640	624	640	199	232	199	232
Other professional specialty occupations	4,101	4,328	1,979	2,051	1,935	2,014	2,123	2,277	2,094	2,244
Technical, sales, and administrative support	37,060	37,259	13,230	13,417	12,649	12,757	23,830	23,843	22,378	22,351
Technicians and related support	3,890	3,898	1,834	1,851	1,811	1,830	2,056	2,047	2,035	2,031
Health technologists and technicians	1,658	1,655	309	324	303	320	1,350	1,331	1,337	1,324
Engineering and science technicians	1,178	1,138	884	861	871	849	293	277	290	273
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science	1,054	1,105	641	667	637	662	413	439	409	434
Sales occupations	14,518	14,931	7,493	7,767	7,123	7,302	7,025	7,165	6,136	6,170
Supervisors and proprietors	4,404	4,444	2,826	2,763	2,801	2,749	1,578	1,681	1,547	1,651
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2,322	2,474	1,418	1,487	1,403	1,479	903	987	883	976
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1,404	1,518	1,074	1,224	1,071	1,222	330	294	319	289
Sales workers, retail and personal services	6,317	6,408	2,146	2,273	1,819	1,833	4,171	4,135	3,346	3,192
Sales-related occupations	71	87	28	18	28	18	43	68	42	62
Administrative support, including clerical	18,651	18,430	3,903	3,799	3,715	3,625	14,748	14,631	14,206	14,150
Supervisors	704	733	280	303	278	299	424	431	422	424
Computer equipment operators	600	533	242	201	231	187	359	332	350	327
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	4,050	4,172	82	86	82	83	3,969	4,087	3,838	3,995
Financial records processing	2,308	2,299	186	170	181	166	2,122	2,129	2,106	2,103
Mail and message distributing	997	948	602	567	585	552	395	381	384	372
Other administrative support, including clerical	9,991	9,744	2,511	2,472	2,358	2,338	7,480	7,272	7,106	6,929
Service occupations	17,059	17,048	6,936	6,813	6,010	5,869	10,124	10,235	9,161	9,159
Private household	850	846	43	21	34	17	807	825	725	713
Protective service	2,254	2,194	1,873	1,867	1,849	1,835	381	327	373	310
Service, except private household and protective	13,956	14,008	5,020	4,925	4,127	4,016	8,936	9,083	8,063	8,136
Food service	6,013	5,828	2,528	2,514	1,827	1,807	3,485	3,314	2,892	2,668
Health service	2,161	2,394	275	268	267	251	1,887	2,126	1,816	2,032
Cleaning and building service	3,009	2,961	1,653	1,622	1,532	1,498	1,356	1,339	1,307	1,270
Personal service	2,772	2,825	564	522	502	461	2,208	2,303	2,049	2,166
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,023	13,382	11,790	12,187	11,624	11,954	1,232	1,195	1,193	1,161
Mechanics and repairers	4,331	4,409	4,139	4,213	4,087	4,148	192	196	190	193
Construction trades	4,572	4,948	4,478	4,837	4,399	4,731	94	111	89	104
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,120	4,025	3,173	3,136	3,138	3,075	946	888	914	864
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,183	17,901	13,118	13,568	12,322	12,733	4,065	4,333	3,921	4,154
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,355	7,930	4,630	5,002	4,495	4,831	2,725	2,928	2,664	2,851
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,069	5,099	4,573	4,576	4,489	4,490	496	523	493	514
Motor vehicle operators	3,874	3,879	3,430	3,411	3,360	3,336	444	468	441	459
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,195	1,220	1,143	1,165	1,129	1,153	52	55	52	55
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,758	4,872	3,915	3,990	3,339	3,412	843	883	764	789
Construction laborers	585	716	562	688	526	650	23	27	23	27
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,173	4,157	3,353	3,301	2,812	2,763	820	855	741	762
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,165	3,368	2,598	2,705	2,421	2,500	568	663	546	634
Farm operators and managers	1,393	1,514	1,047	1,134	1,010	1,091	346	380	337	377
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1,772	1,854	1,551	1,571	1,411	1,409	222	283	209	257

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-18. Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

Occupation and race	Total		Men		Women	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	120,844	123,943	64,936	66,758	55,907	57,185
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	27.6	28.2	26.6	27.1	28.8	29.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13.1	13.5	13.8	14.4	12.3	12.6
Professional specialty	14.5	14.7	12.8	12.7	16.5	17.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	30.7	30.1	20.4	20.1	42.6	41.7
Technicians and related support	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.8	3.7	3.6
Sales occupations	12.0	12.0	11.5	11.6	12.6	12.5
Administrative support, including clerical	15.4	14.9	6.0	5.7	26.4	25.6
Service occupations	14.1	13.8	10.7	10.2	18.1	17.9
Private household .....	.7	.7	.1	(¹)	1.4	1.4
Protective service	1.9	1.8	2.9	2.8	.7	.6
Service, except private household and protective	11.5	11.3	7.7	7.4	16.0	15.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.8	10.8	18.2	18.3	2.2	2.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.2	14.4	20.2	20.3	7.3	7.6
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.1	6.4	7.1	7.5	4.9	5.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.2	4.1	7.0	6.9	.9	.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.9	3.9	6.0	6.0	1.5	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.6	2.7	4.0	4.1	1.0	1.2
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	103,335	105,609	56,151	57,506	47,184	48,103
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	28.7	29.5	27.7	28.4	29.9	31.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13.8	14.4	14.5	15.3	12.8	13.2
Professional specialty	14.9	15.2	13.1	13.0	17.1	17.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	31.0	30.3	20.6	20.3	43.3	42.2
Technicians and related support	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.8	3.6	3.5
Sales occupations	12.5	12.5	12.1	12.2	13.0	12.9
Administrative support, including clerical	15.3	14.7	5.7	5.3	26.6	25.9
Service occupations	12.9	12.5	9.6	9.1	16.8	16.5
Private household .....	.6	.6	.1	(¹)	1.3	1.3
Protective service	1.7	1.6	2.7	2.6	.5	.4
Service, except private household and protective	10.6	10.2	6.9	6.4	15.0	14.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	11.1	11.2	18.7	18.9	2.1	2.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13.4	13.6	19.1	19.1	6.7	7.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5.7	6.0	6.8	7.1	4.4	4.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.0	3.9	6.6	6.5	.9	.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.8	3.7	5.7	5.5	1.4	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.9	2.9	4.3	4.3	1.2	1.3
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	12,560	13,219	6,078	6,467	6,482	6,752
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	17.8	18.3	15.3	15.7	20.1	20.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial	7.9	8.4	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.7
Professional specialty	9.8	9.9	7.5	7.6	12.0	12.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	29.1	29.1	18.0	18.7	39.5	39.1
Technicians and related support	3.5	3.2	2.9	2.5	4.1	3.8
Sales occupations	8.4	9.1	7.3	7.9	9.5	10.2
Administrative support, including clerical	17.1	16.9	7.8	8.4	25.9	25.1
Service occupations	23.3	22.7	19.5	18.2	26.9	26.9
Private household	1.2	1.1	.1	.1	2.2	2.1
Protective service	3.5	3.2	5.1	4.7	2.0	1.7
Service, except private household and protective	18.6	18.4	14.2	13.5	22.7	23.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.5	7.9	14.7	13.6	2.7	2.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	20.4	20.9	30.7	31.5	10.7	10.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.4	9.2	9.2	10.7	7.6	7.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.3	6.0	11.9	11.1	1.0	1.1
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.7	5.6	9.6	9.8	2.0	1.7
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.0	1.2	1.8	2.2	.2	.2

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-19. Employed persons by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

Industry	March 1995												
	Total employed	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations		Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical	Private household	Other service ¹		Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Agriculture	3,366	99	118	40	13	153	-	12	40	22	61	21	2,789
Mining	646	96	84	33	2	52	-	5	228	24	101	20	-
Construction	7,304	1,030	141	53	54	400	-	29	4,239	97	455	787	18
Manufacturing	20,367	2,750	1,768	608	851	2,083	-	294	3,826	6,340	722	1,034	90
Durable goods	11,776	1,651	1,104	381	333	1,088	-	156	2,687	3,387	382	531	76
Nondurable goods	8,591	1,100	664	227	518	995	-	138	1,139	2,954	340	504	14
Transportation and public utilities	8,593	1,093	472	304	289	2,316	-	240	1,202	110	2,084	477	5
Wholesale and retail trade	25,438	2,317	467	170	10,603	2,182	-	4,752	1,403	440	1,045	1,976	83
Wholesale trade	4,768	572	89	44	1,837	745	-	37	324	185	475	399	60
Retail trade	20,670	1,745	378	125	8,766	1,437	-	4,715	1,079	255	569	1,577	23
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,961	2,126	253	160	2,020	2,853	-	254	189	10	12	20	63
Services	44,151	5,892	13,917	2,274	1,077	6,943	846	8,982	2,006	846	569	496	303
Private households	1,032	6	10	1	-	12	846	104	14	-	2	19	18
Other service industries	43,119	5,886	13,907	2,273	1,077	6,931	-	8,877	1,992	846	568	477	285
Professional services	30,340	3,770	12,499	1,960	214	5,231	-	5,533	470	207	311	75	70
Public administration	6,117	1,388	972	256	23	1,449	-	1,635	248	39	50	41	17

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-20. Employed persons in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

Age and sex	March 1995									
	Agriculture			Nonagricultural industries						
	Wage and salary workers	Self-employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed workers	Unpaid family workers
				Total	Private industries			Government		
Total	Private household workers	Other private industries								
Total, 16 years and over	1,762	1,553	50	111,666	92,738	1,017	91,721	18,928	8,777	135
16 to 19 years	144	53	18	5,607	5,351	132	5,220	256	118	19
16 to 17 years	72	29	11	2,057	1,981	92	1,889	76	64	7
18 to 19 years	72	23	7	3,550	3,371	40	3,331	179	55	12
20 to 24 years	277	28	7	11,811	10,796	118	10,678	1,015	229	9
25 to 34 years	508	265	9	29,946	25,781	175	25,607	4,164	1,652	15
35 to 44 years	420	379	9	30,477	24,632	213	24,419	5,845	2,687	28
45 to 54 years	220	294	4	21,405	16,304	179	16,126	5,101	2,234	37
55 to 64 years	125	271	-	9,736	7,689	136	7,553	2,047	1,220	21
65 years and over	69	265	2	2,684	2,184	66	2,118	500	636	6
Men, 16 years and over	1,362	1,105	32	58,875	50,369	80	50,288	8,506	5,353	31
16 to 19 years	122	50	14	2,736	2,630	13	2,618	106	68	-
16 to 17 years	63	28	7	981	958	12	945	23	33	2
18 to 19 years	59	22	7	1,755	1,672	-	1,672	83	35	-
20 to 24 years	232	21	7	6,182	5,772	23	5,749	410	138	2
25 to 34 years	401	195	3	16,242	14,338	7	14,331	1,904	937	3
35 to 44 years	294	255	-	16,059	13,508	16	13,492	2,551	1,652	4
45 to 54 years	166	188	-	11,089	8,762	10	8,752	2,327	1,341	6
55 to 64 years	93	192	-	5,128	4,168	11	4,158	960	786	10
65 years and over	54	203	2	1,439	1,190	1	1,189	249	430	3
Women, 16 years and over	400	449	18	52,791	42,369	937	41,432	10,422	3,424	103
16 to 19 years	22	3	3	2,871	2,721	119	2,602	150	50	15
16 to 17 years	9	2	-	1,076	1,023	79	944	53	31	5
18 to 19 years	13	2	-	1,795	1,698	40	1,658	97	19	10
20 to 24 years	44	7	-	5,629	5,024	95	4,929	606	92	7
25 to 34 years	106	69	7	13,704	11,443	167	11,276	2,261	715	12
35 to 44 years	126	124	3	14,418	11,125	197	10,928	3,294	1,034	25
45 to 54 years	54	106	4	10,316	7,542	169	7,373	2,774	893	31
55 to 64 years	32	78	-	4,608	3,521	125	3,396	1,087	434	11
65 years and over	15	61	-	1,244	993	64	929	251	206	3

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-21. Persons at work in agriculture and nonagriculture industries by hours of work

Hours of work	March 1995					
	Thousands of persons			Percent distribution		
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries
Total, 16 years and over	119,290	3,119	116,171	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	30,756	1,013	29,743	25.8	32.5	25.6
1 to 4 hours	1,398	68	1,330	1.2	2.2	1.1
5 to 14 hours	5,184	234	4,950	4.3	7.5	4.3
15 to 29 hours	15,385	471	14,915	12.9	15.1	12.8
30 to 34 hours	8,789	240	8,549	7.4	7.7	7.4
35 hours and over	88,534	2,106	86,428	74.2	67.5	74.4
35 to 39 hours	8,883	182	8,701	7.4	5.8	7.5
40 hours	42,063	670	41,392	35.3	21.5	35.6
41 hours and over	37,588	1,254	36,335	31.5	40.2	31.3
41 to 48 hours	14,029	232	13,797	11.8	7.4	11.9
49 to 59 hours	13,700	385	13,314	11.5	12.4	11.5
60 hours and over	9,860	637	9,223	8.3	20.4	7.9
Average hours, total at work	39.1	41.3	39.0	-	-	-
Average hours, persons who usually work full time	43.4	48.9	43.3	-	-	-

NOTE: Detail on persons at work in tables A-21 through A-25 may not sum to the totals shown because of minor editing problems associated with the redesign survey.

A-22. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason for working less than 35 hours	March 1995					
	All industries			Nonagricultural industries		
	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	30,756	9,181	21,575	29,743	8,925	20,818
Economic reasons	4,566	1,394	3,173	4,417	1,338	3,079
Slack work or business conditions	2,478	1,196	1,282	2,373	1,153	1,220
Could only find part-time work	1,862	-	1,862	1,831	-	1,831
Seasonal work	88	59	29	74	46	28
Job started or ended during week	138	138	-	138	138	-
Noneconomic reasons	26,190	7,787	18,403	25,326	7,588	17,739
Child-care problems	839	97	743	830	97	733
Other family or personal obligations	6,163	769	5,394	5,951	761	5,190
Health or medical limitations	736	-	736	698	-	698
In school or training	6,393	56	6,336	6,252	54	6,197
Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	1,857	-	1,857	1,719	-	1,719
Vacation or personal day	3,257	3,257	-	3,223	3,223	-
Holiday, legal or religious	86	86	-	84	84	-
Weather-related curtailment	402	402	-	317	317	-
All other reasons	6,456	3,120	3,336	6,252	3,051	3,201
Average hours:						
Economic reasons	23.1	24.6	22.5	23.2	24.6	22.6
Other reasons	20.9	25.3	19.1	21.0	25.3	19.2

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-23. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry and class of worker	March 1995							
	Total at work	Worked 1 to 34 hours				Worked 35 hours or more	Average hours	
		Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons			Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
				Usually work full time	Usually work part time			
Total 16 years and over	116,171	29,743	4,417	7,588	17,739	86,428	39.0	43.3
Wage and salary workers	107,807	26,762	3,901	7,035	15,826	81,045	39.1	43.1
Mining	599	51	12	30	8	548	46.9	47.4
Construction	5,656	1,098	376	473	249	4,559	40.2	41.7
Manufacturing	19,362	2,425	435	1,282	707	16,937	42.4	43.4
Durable goods	11,244	1,243	195	759	289	10,001	43.0	43.8
Nondurable goods	8,118	1,182	240	524	418	6,936	41.5	43.0
Transportation and public utilities	7,926	1,294	203	568	523	6,632	42.1	44.1
Wholesale and retail trade	22,962	7,953	1,208	1,067	5,678	15,010	37.0	43.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,130	1,264	95	467	701	5,867	39.9	42.3
Service industries	38,249	11,627	1,493	2,444	7,691	26,621	37.4	42.7
Private households	987	611	103	28	481	375	27.2	43.1
All other industries	37,262	11,016	1,390	2,416	7,210	26,246	37.6	42.7
Public administration	5,922	1,051	79	704	268	4,871	40.3	41.5
Self-employed workers	8,230	2,901	513	537	1,851	5,329	38.8	46.7
Unpaid family workers	135	80	3	16	62	54	33.6	(¹)

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-24. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by age, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry and class of worker	March 1995							
	Total at work	Worked 1 to 34 hours				Worked 35 hours or more	Average hours	
		Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons			Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
				Usually work full time	Usually work part time			
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	116,171	29,743	4,417	7,588	17,739	86,428	39.0	43.3
16 to 19 years	5,457	4,185	335	137	3,713	1,272	23.2	40.0
16 to 17 years	2,036	1,912	58	17	1,837	125	16.8	38.9
18 to 19 years	3,421	2,274	278	120	1,876	1,147	27.1	40.1
20 years and over	110,714	25,558	4,082	7,451	14,025	85,156	39.8	43.3
20 to 24 years	11,543	3,850	709	654	2,487	7,693	35.8	41.6
25 years and over	99,171	21,708	3,372	6,797	11,538	77,464	40.3	43.5
25 to 54 years	85,601	17,128	3,014	5,864	8,250	68,473	40.9	43.6
55 years and over	13,570	4,580	358	933	3,288	8,990	36.5	42.8
Men, 16 years and over	62,315	11,087	2,188	3,755	5,143	51,228	42.1	44.8
16 to 19 years	2,686	1,898	167	76	1,654	788	25.3	41.4
16 to 17 years	979	897	25	4	868	81	18.4	44.7
18 to 19 years	1,707	1,001	142	73	786	706	29.2	41.1
20 years and over	59,629	9,189	2,020	3,679	3,489	50,440	42.9	44.8
20 to 24 years	6,092	1,654	384	280	989	4,438	37.9	42.5
25 years and over	53,537	7,535	1,636	3,399	2,500	46,002	43.5	45.1
25 to 54 years	46,098	5,526	1,451	2,855	1,220	40,572	44.2	45.2
55 years and over	7,439	2,009	185	544	1,280	5,430	39.0	43.9
Women, 16 years and over	53,857	18,656	2,229	3,832	12,595	35,200	35.4	41.1
16 to 19 years	2,771	2,287	168	60	2,059	484	21.3	37.9
16 to 17 years	1,058	1,014	32	13	969	43	15.3	(¹)
18 to 19 years	1,714	1,273	136	47	1,090	441	25.0	38.7
20 years and over	51,085	16,369	2,061	3,772	10,536	34,716	36.2	41.2
20 to 24 years	5,451	2,197	325	373	1,498	3,254	33.5	40.3
25 years and over	45,634	14,173	1,736	3,399	9,038	31,462	36.5	41.3
25 to 54 years	39,504	11,602	1,563	3,009	7,030	27,902	37.0	41.3
55 years and over	6,131	2,571	173	390	2,008	3,560	33.5	41.2
Race								
White, 16 years and over	98,676	25,523	3,396	6,516	15,611	73,153	39.2	43.5
Men	53,542	9,393	1,699	3,254	4,440	44,149	42.4	45.1
Women	45,134	16,130	1,697	3,262	11,171	29,004	35.3	41.2
Black, 16 years and over	12,636	3,113	800	848	1,465	9,523	38.1	41.4
Men	6,153	1,238	378	382	478	4,915	39.8	42.4
Women	6,483	1,875	423	466	986	4,608	36.4	40.4
Marital status								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	39,158	5,096	948	2,497	1,651	34,062	44.0	45.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	6,849	1,072	283	454	334	5,777	42.4	44.3
Single (never married)	16,307	4,919	956	804	3,158	11,388	37.5	43.2
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	30,144	10,404	977	2,117	7,311	19,740	35.4	40.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	10,789	3,017	566	911	1,541	7,772	37.8	41.6
Single (never married)	12,923	5,235	687	805	3,743	7,689	33.7	41.4

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-25. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation and sex	March 1995							
	Total at work	Worked 1 to 34 hours				Worked 35 hours or more	Average hours	
		Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons			Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
				Usually work full time	Usually work part time			
Total, 16 years and over ¹	116,153	29,748	4,422	7,552	17,774	86,405	39.0	43.3
Managerial and professional specialty	33,703	6,458	564	2,347	3,547	27,245	42.1	45.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16,332	2,417	207	1,113	1,096	13,915	44.0	45.9
Professional specialty	17,372	4,042	357	1,234	2,450	13,330	40.3	44.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	35,957	10,522	1,101	2,356	7,065	25,434	37.4	42.4
Technicians and related support	3,767	856	66	289	501	2,911	39.0	41.9
Sales occupations	14,389	4,392	578	691	3,123	9,997	38.9	45.4
Administrative support, including clerical	17,801	5,274	457	1,376	3,442	12,527	35.8	40.3
Service occupations	16,311	7,000	1,208	779	5,014	9,311	33.7	42.0
Private household	822	531	80	26	425	291	26.4	42.8
Protective service	2,101	380	46	133	202	1,721	41.6	44.4
Service, except private household and protective	13,388	6,089	1,082	620	4,387	7,299	32.9	41.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,898	1,963	560	924	479	10,935	41.5	42.8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,284	3,804	989	1,146	1,668	13,480	39.8	42.6
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,660	1,278	342	539	397	6,382	40.6	42.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,916	1,018	258	287	473	3,898	42.1	45.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,708	1,508	389	320	799	3,201	36.1	40.8
Men, 16 years and over ¹	62,114	10,996	2,191	3,712	5,093	51,118	42.2	44.8
Managerial and professional specialty	17,558	2,232	241	1,077	914	15,326	45.5	47.2
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9,383	1,004	116	552	336	8,380	46.7	47.9
Professional specialty	8,174	1,228	125	525	578	6,946	44.1	46.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support	13,075	2,375	292	689	1,395	10,699	42.2	45.5
Technicians and related support	1,810	252	27	121	104	1,559	41.5	43.0
Sales occupations	7,587	1,352	183	310	859	6,235	43.9	47.7
Administrative support, including clerical	3,678	772	82	258	432	2,906	39.1	42.5
Service occupations	6,558	2,076	420	320	1,336	4,482	36.8	42.8
Private household	21	16	3	-	12	5	(²)	(²)
Protective service	1,799	281	35	111	135	1,518	42.5	44.8
Service, except private household and protective	4,738	1,779	381	208	1,189	2,959	34.6	41.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	11,772	1,701	515	827	358	10,071	41.9	43.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,152	2,612	723	799	1,090	10,540	40.8	43.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,862	641	178	287	175	4,222	42.1	43.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,430	797	224	262	311	3,632	43.0	45.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,860	1,174	320	250	604	2,686	36.7	41.1
Women, 16 years and over ¹	54,039	18,752	2,231	3,841	12,680	35,287	35.4	41.1
Managerial and professional specialty	16,145	4,226	323	1,270	2,633	11,919	38.4	42.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6,948	1,413	92	561	760	5,536	40.4	42.8
Professional specialty	9,197	2,813	232	709	1,873	6,384	36.9	42.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	22,882	8,147	809	1,668	5,671	14,735	34.6	40.3
Technicians and related support	1,957	604	39	169	397	1,352	36.6	40.7
Sales occupations	6,802	3,040	395	382	2,264	3,762	33.2	41.7
Administrative support, including clerical	14,123	4,502	375	1,117	3,010	9,621	35.0	39.7
Service occupations	9,754	4,925	788	459	3,678	4,829	31.6	41.3
Private household	802	515	76	26	413	286	26.6	42.9
Protective service	302	99	10	21	67	203	35.7	41.5
Service, except private household and protective	8,650	4,310	701	412	3,198	4,340	31.9	41.2
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,126	262	45	97	120	863	38.1	41.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	4,132	1,191	266	347	578	2,941	36.7	40.1
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,797	637	164	252	221	2,160	38.1	39.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	486	221	34	26	162	265	33.9	42.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	848	333	69	69	195	515	33.6	39.5

¹ Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-26. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

Marital status, race, and age	Men				Women			
	Thousands of persons		Unemployment rates		Thousands of persons		Unemployment rates	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
Total, 16 years and over	5,064	4,204	7.2	5.9	3,811	3,277	6.4	5.4
Married, spouse present	2,040	1,611	4.7	3.7	1,441	1,302	4.4	3.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	685	601	9.0	7.5	885	679	7.4	5.7
Single (never married)	2,339	1,992	12.1	10.2	1,484	1,295	10.0	8.7
White, 16 years and over	3,924	3,296	6.5	5.4	2,726	2,345	5.5	4.6
Married, spouse present	1,704	1,324	4.5	3.5	1,187	1,076	4.1	3.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	559	472	8.8	7.1	642	502	6.8	5.3
Single (never married)	1,661	1,500	10.6	9.5	897	767	7.8	6.7
Black, 16 years and over	899	684	12.9	9.6	904	757	12.2	10.1
Married, spouse present	225	172	6.9	5.2	168	146	6.9	5.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	104	105	10.3	9.7	204	148	9.8	7.1
Single (never married)	570	406	20.9	14.8	532	463	18.6	16.4
Total, 25 years and over	3,450	2,834	5.8	4.7	2,672	2,185	5.4	4.3
Married, spouse present	1,883	1,478	4.5	3.5	1,282	1,151	4.1	3.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	650	579	8.8	7.5	796	614	6.9	5.3
Single (never married)	917	777	9.0	7.6	594	420	8.1	5.8
White, 25 years and over	2,716	2,250	5.3	4.4	1,923	1,607	4.6	3.8
Married, spouse present	1,564	1,215	4.3	3.3	1,050	951	3.8	3.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	532	452	8.7	7.0	579	455	6.4	5.0
Single (never married)	620	583	7.7	7.2	294	202	5.6	3.9
Black, 25 years and over	558	420	9.8	7.1	608	460	9.9	7.4
Married, spouse present	212	158	6.8	4.9	154	129	6.6	5.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	95	103	9.6	9.8	179	133	8.9	6.5
Single (never married)	251	159	15.7	10.0	274	198	15.4	11.5

A-27. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

Occupation	Thousands of persons		Unemployment rates					
	Total		Total		Men		Women	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
Total, 16 years and over ¹	8,874	7,480	6.8	5.7	7.2	5.9	6.4	5.4
Managerial and professional specialty	904	868	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial	543	456	3.3	2.6	3.0	2.6	3.8	2.7
Professional specialty	361	411	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,242	1,724	5.7	4.4	4.8	4.0	6.2	4.7
Technicians and related support	153	105	3.8	2.6	4.2	2.8	3.4	2.5
Sales occupations	1,089	844	7.0	5.3	4.6	4.0	9.4	6.7
Administrative support, including clerical	1,000	776	5.1	4.0	5.6	4.4	5.0	3.9
Service occupations	1,483	1,313	8.0	7.2	8.9	6.8	7.4	7.4
Private household	113	71	11.7	7.8	(²)	(²)	11.4	7.6
Protective service	104	90	4.4	3.9	4.4	3.8	4.4	4.6
Service, except private household and protective	1,267	1,152	8.3	7.6	10.4	7.8	7.1	7.5
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,235	953	8.7	6.6	8.8	6.8	7.7	5.5
Mechanics and repairers	237	209	5.2	4.5	5.1	4.6	6.8	2.6
Construction trades	768	560	14.4	10.2	14.4	10.0	13.0	15.8
Other precision production, craft, and repair	231	184	5.3	4.4	4.7	4.3	7.3	4.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,978	1,693	10.3	8.6	10.0	8.4	11.2	9.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	741	600	9.2	7.0	7.9	6.0	11.3	8.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	428	389	7.8	7.1	8.0	7.4	6.2	3.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	809	705	14.5	12.6	14.7	12.3	13.9	14.0
Construction laborers	195	196	25.0	21.5	25.1	21.1	(²)	(²)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	614	509	12.8	10.9	12.6	10.2	13.6	13.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	455	385	12.6	10.3	12.6	10.3	12.4	10.0
No previous work experience	528	509	-	-	-	-	-	-
16 to 19 years	360	361	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 years	76	71	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 years and over	91	78	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Includes a small number of persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-28. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

Industry	Thousands of persons		Unemployment rates					
	Total		Total		Men		Women	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
Total, 16 years and over	8,874	7,480	6.8	5.7	7.2	5.9	6.4	5.4
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7,038	5,916	7.3	6.0	7.6	6.2	6.8	5.7
Mining	43	40	6.3	6.0	6.4	5.0	5.2	11.7
Construction	997	924	17.5	14.6	18.3	15.2	8.9	9.0
Manufacturing	1,348	1,005	6.5	4.8	5.9	4.1	7.8	6.4
Durable goods	726	537	6.0	4.5	6.0	4.3	6.2	5.0
Lumber and wood products	41	60	6.9	8.3	7.6	9.4	2.6	2.1
Furniture and fixtures	42	32	6.0	4.8	6.0	4.6	5.9	5.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	48	27	8.1	4.4	7.2	4.1	11.7	5.2
Primary metal industries	47	20	6.0	2.6	5.9	1.7	6.8	7.6
Fabricated metal products	103	62	7.5	4.7	7.6	4.4	7.1	6.3
Machinery and computing equipment	116	85	4.7	3.4	4.7	3.2	4.6	4.3
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	101	68	5.4	3.7	4.3	3.2	7.3	4.4
Transportation equipment	140	101	6.0	4.6	6.2	4.7	5.0	4.0
Automobiles	47	53	3.9	4.3	4.0	4.2	3.2	4.5
Other transportation equipment	93	48	8.2	5.0	8.5	5.4	7.1	3.1
Professional and photographic equipment	35	22	5.1	3.1	5.7	2.9	4.0	3.4
Other durable goods industries	54	60	7.8	9.2	7.4	8.6	8.4	10.0
Nondurable goods	622	468	7.2	5.3	5.8	3.8	9.3	7.7
Food and kindred products	128	110	7.0	6.3	5.9	4.3	9.4	10.8
Textile mill products	55	38	8.1	5.1	5.7	2.9	10.9	7.6
Apparel and other textile products	156	124	14.2	10.9	12.0	7.3	15.2	12.4
Paper and allied products	30	24	4.4	3.2	1.9	1.1	10.1	9.5
Printing and publishing	105	69	5.6	3.6	6.3	3.8	4.7	3.4
Chemicals and allied products	55	56	4.3	4.1	4.1	3.4	4.6	5.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	48	35	6.1	4.4	5.0	4.2	8.2	5.0
Other nondurable goods industries	45	11	11.6	3.1	10.9	3.6	12.6	2.1
Transportation and public utilities	366	341	5.3	4.9	5.9	5.0	3.9	4.5
Transportation	304	263	7.1	6.2	7.9	6.3	4.8	5.7
Communications and other public utilities	61	78	2.3	2.9	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	2,117	1,701	8.4	6.7	7.4	6.3	9.6	7.3
Wholesale trade	253	254	5.9	5.4	4.8	5.0	8.4	6.3
Retail trade	1,864	1,447	9.0	7.0	8.1	6.7	9.8	7.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	227	237	3.1	3.2	2.4	2.9	3.5	3.5
Service industries	1,940	1,669	6.4	5.3	7.3	5.7	5.8	5.1
Professional services	726	618	4.0	3.3	4.6	3.6	3.7	3.1
Other service industries	1,214	1,051	10.0	8.6	9.7	7.7	10.3	9.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	309	275	16.9	13.5	16.6	14.1	17.8	11.5
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	999	780	3.3	2.6	3.6	2.8	3.0	2.4
No previous work experience	528	509	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table A-29. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	Total, 16 years and over		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed	8,874	7,480	4,333	3,550	3,275	2,749	1,266	1,182	6,649	5,641	1,803	1,440
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4,522	3,718	2,883	2,306	1,416	1,232	223	180	3,660	2,969	682	541
On temporary layoff	1,249	1,267	836	817	320	365	92	85	1,082	1,061	128	120
Not on temporary layoff	3,273	2,451	2,047	1,489	1,095	867	131	95	2,578	1,908	554	421
Permanent job losers	2,491	1,765	1,541	1,069	871	642	79	54	1,963	1,403	418	275
Persons who completed temporary jobs	782	686	506	420	224	225	52	41	614	505	136	146
Job leavers	832	819	388	381	371	331	72	106	688	672	106	106
Reentrants	2,993	2,435	991	811	1,392	1,089	611	535	1,960	1,695	869	620
New entrants	528	509	71	51	96	98	360	361	342	305	146	173
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	51.0	49.7	66.5	65.0	43.2	44.8	17.6	15.2	55.0	52.6	37.8	37.6
On temporary layoff	14.1	16.9	19.3	23.0	9.8	13.3	7.3	7.2	16.3	18.8	7.1	8.3
Not on temporary layoff	36.9	32.8	47.2	42.0	33.4	31.5	10.3	8.0	38.8	33.8	30.7	29.3
Job leavers	9.4	10.9	9.0	10.7	11.3	12.0	5.7	9.0	10.3	11.9	5.9	7.3
Reentrants	33.7	32.6	22.9	22.9	42.5	39.6	48.2	45.2	29.5	30.0	48.2	43.1
New entrants	5.9	6.8	1.6	1.4	2.9	3.6	28.5	30.5	5.1	5.4	8.1	12.0
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.5	2.8	4.3	3.4	2.5	2.2	3.3	2.5	3.3	2.7	4.7	3.7
Job leavers .....	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	1.1	1.5	.6	.6	.7	.7
Reentrants	2.3	1.9	1.5	1.2	2.5	1.9	9.0	7.5	1.8	1.5	6.0	4.2
New entrants .....	.4	.4	.1	.1	.2	.2	5.3	5.1	.3	.3	1.0	1.2

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-30. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

Reason, sex, and age	March 1995						
	Total unemployed		Duration of unemployment				
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over		
					Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	7,480	100.0	30.5	34.3	35.2	16.0	19.2
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,718	100.0	30.6	35.3	34.1	17.7	16.3
On temporary layoff	1,267	100.0	34.7	43.4	21.8	16.1	5.7
Not on temporary layoff	2,451	100.0	28.4	31.1	40.4	18.6	21.8
Permanent job losers	1,765	100.0	24.9	31.5	43.6	19.0	24.6
Persons who completed temporary jobs	686	100.0	37.6	30.1	32.3	17.5	14.8
Job leavers	819	100.0	40.4	35.1	24.5	10.8	13.7
Reentrants	2,435	100.0	28.7	32.6	38.7	14.0	24.6
New entrants	509	100.0	21.7	34.3	44.0	21.5	22.5
Men, 20 years and over	3,550	100.0	26.3	35.7	38.0	16.4	21.6
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2,306	100.0	27.3	36.8	35.9	17.8	18.0
On temporary layoff	817	100.0	29.1	47.6	23.3	16.8	6.5
Not on temporary layoff	1,489	100.0	26.3	30.9	42.8	18.4	24.4
Permanent job losers	1,069	100.0	22.7	30.6	46.7	19.1	27.6
Persons who completed temporary jobs	420	100.0	35.5	31.7	32.7	16.6	16.2
Job leavers	381	100.0	36.2	38.6	25.3	9.5	15.8
Reentrants	811	100.0	20.3	32.0	47.7	15.3	32.3
New entrants	51	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Women, 20 years and over	2,749	100.0	32.5	33.3	34.2	15.7	18.5
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,232	100.0	33.8	31.9	34.3	19.4	14.9
On temporary layoff	365	100.0	42.9	35.1	21.9	17.7	4.2
Not on temporary layoff	867	100.0	29.9	30.6	39.6	20.1	19.4
Permanent job losers	642	100.0	26.7	31.8	41.5	20.5	21.0
Persons who completed temporary jobs	225	100.0	39.0	27.0	34.0	19.0	15.0
Job leavers	331	100.0	39.1	35.6	25.3	13.1	12.2
Reentrants	1,089	100.0	30.0	33.8	36.2	12.2	24.0
New entrants	98	100.0	21.8	37.8	40.4	17.1	23.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,182	100.0	38.1	32.9	29.1	15.8	13.3
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	180	100.0	51.0	39.5	9.4	5.0	4.5
On temporary layoff	85	100.0	53.8	39.0	7.3	2.6	4.7
Not on temporary layoff	95	100.0	48.6	40.0	11.4	7.1	4.3
Permanent job losers	54	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Persons who completed temporary jobs	41	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Job leavers	106	100.0	59.5	21.5	19.0	8.4	-
Reentrants	535	100.0	38.9	31.0	30.1	15.9	14.2
New entrants	361	100.0	24.1	35.7	40.3	23.2	17.1

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-31. Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment

Duration of unemployment	Total				Full-time workers			
	Thousands of persons		Percent distribution		Thousands of persons		Percent distribution	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
Total, 16 years and over	8,874	7,480	100.0	100.0	7,259	6,008	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	2,477	2,278	27.9	30.5	1,770	1,660	24.4	27.6
5 to 14 weeks	2,855	2,569	32.2	34.3	2,344	2,093	32.3	34.8
5 to 10 weeks	1,761	1,674	19.8	22.4	1,406	1,329	19.4	22.1
11 to 14 weeks	1,094	895	12.3	12.0	938	764	12.9	12.7
15 weeks and over	3,543	2,633	39.9	35.2	3,146	2,255	43.3	37.5
15 to 26 weeks	1,645	1,199	18.5	16.0	1,451	998	20.0	16.6
27 weeks and over	1,898	1,434	21.4	19.2	1,695	1,257	23.3	20.9
27 to 51 weeks	800	618	9.0	8.3	698	523	9.6	8.7
52 weeks and over	1,099	816	12.4	10.9	996	733	13.7	12.2
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	20.0	18.2	-	-	21.5	19.4	-	-
Median duration, in weeks	11.2	9.8	-	-	12.4	10.6	-	-

A-32. Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

Sex, age, race, and marital status	March 1995								
	Thousands of persons						Weeks		
	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over			Average (mean) duration	Median duration	
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over			
TOTAL									
Total, 16 years and over	7,480	2,278	2,569	2,633	1,199	1,434	18.2	9.8	
16 to 19 years	1,182	450	388	344	186	157	13.4	7.6	
20 to 24 years	1,280	465	492	323	152	171	14.0	7.8	
25 to 34 years	1,897	568	678	651	299	352	18.8	9.8	
35 to 44 years	1,593	450	541	601	293	308	18.2	10.8	
45 to 54 years	948	196	319	432	173	259	24.1	13.0	
55 to 64 years	444	102	112	229	78	152	26.8	15.7	
65 years and over	137	47	38	52	17	35	23.3	9.4	
Men, 16 years and over									
16 to 19 years	4,204	1,198	1,484	1,522	673	849	19.3	10.4	
20 to 24 years	654	263	219	172	92	80	12.4	7.2	
25 to 34 years	715	270	262	183	76	107	14.2	7.5	
35 to 44 years	1,024	264	382	378	173	205	20.5	11.2	
45 to 54 years	879	223	320	335	157	178	19.0	11.0	
55 to 64 years	580	118	202	260	117	143	24.2	12.9	
65 years and over	268	36	72	160	48	112	32.9	20.9	
65 years and over	82	23	27	33	9	24	29.7	12.1	
Women, 16 years and over									
16 to 19 years	3,277	1,080	1,085	1,111	526	586	16.8	9.0	
20 to 24 years	527	187	170	171	94	77	14.6	8.0	
25 to 34 years	565	194	230	140	76	65	13.8	8.1	
35 to 44 years	873	304	295	273	126	147	16.7	8.3	
45 to 54 years	714	227	221	266	136	130	17.3	10.6	
55 to 64 years	367	78	117	172	56	116	23.8	13.3	
65 years and over	175	66	40	69	29	40	17.5	10.2	
65 years and over	55	24	12	19	9	11	(¹)	(¹)	
Race									
White, 16 years and over	5,641	1,792	1,968	1,682	887	995	17.4	9.4	
Men	3,296	961	1,181	1,154	532	622	18.8	10.1	
Women	2,345	831	786	728	355	373	15.3	8.3	
Black, 16 years and over	1,440	365	474	602	236	365	21.7	11.7	
Men	684	160	235	289	98	191	23.1	12.1	
Women	757	205	239	313	139	174	20.5	11.1	
Marital status									
Men, 16 years and over:									
Married, spouse present	1,611	385	595	631	272	360	20.9	11.5	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	601	158	201	242	106	136	22.1	11.6	
Single (never married)	1,992	655	688	648	296	352	17.3	9.1	
Women, 16 years and over:									
Married, spouse present	1,302	442	416	444	208	236	16.1	9.2	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	679	207	221	251	128	123	18.3	9.7	
Single (never married)	1,295	431	448	416	190	226	16.7	8.5	

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-33. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

Occupation and industry	March 1995							
	Thousands of persons						Weeks	
	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over			Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	868	277	232	359	123	236	22.8	11.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,724	599	584	542	222	320	16.9	8.7
Service occupations	1,313	440	401	472	181	292	19.3	9.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	953	245	381	327	174	153	16.9	9.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,693	490	658	546	272	275	16.5	9.9
Farming, forestry, and fishing	385	103	133	149	107	42	16.9	11.1
INDUSTRY¹								
Agriculture	275	81	82	112	85	27	16.3	11.4
Construction	932	231	421	280	151	129	15.7	9.7
Manufacturing	1,013	282	355	376	186	191	18.8	10.0
Durable goods	543	159	176	208	105	103	19.3	10.1
Nondurable goods	470	123	179	168	80	88	18.2	9.8
Transportation and public utilities	391	101	131	159	50	109	22.6	11.8
Wholesale and retail trade	1,720	608	593	519	211	308	16.5	8.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	247	53	98	96	41	56	19.4	10.5
Services	1,909	654	584	672	279	393	18.5	9.7
Public administration	128	31	33	64	32	32	19.2	14.3
No previous work experience	509	110	175	224	109	115	21.2	12.0

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-34. Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex

(In thousands)

Category	Total		Age						Sex			
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	16 to 24 years		25 to 54 years		55 years and over		Men		Women	
			Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
	Total not in the labor force	66,495	66,584	11,826	11,547	18,576	18,660	36,093	36,376	24,042	23,918	42,453	42,666
Do not want a job now ¹	60,237	60,869	9,498	9,393	15,642	16,068	35,097	35,408	21,600	21,555	38,638	39,314
Want a job ²	6,257	5,715	2,328	2,154	2,934	2,592	996	969	2,443	2,362	3,815	3,352
Did not search for work in previous year	3,566	3,133	1,255	1,092	1,600	1,369	711	672	1,270	1,181	2,297	1,952
Searched for work in previous year ²	2,691	2,582	1,073	1,062	1,333	1,223	284	297	1,173	1,181	1,518	1,401
Not available to work now	859	849	432	452	366	354	60	43	340	360	519	489
Available to work now	1,832	1,732	641	610	967	868	224	254	833	821	999	911
Reason not currently looking:												
Discouragement over job prospects ³	533	454	144	99	301	265	88	90	303	245	230	209
Reasons other than discouragement	1,299	1,278	496	511	666	603	136	164	529	576	769	702
Family responsibilities	197	186	46	40	141	129	10	16	23	42	174	144
In school or training	351	338	277	280	72	57	2	-	187	171	164	167
Ill health or disability	131	149	14	21	88	89	29	39	58	58	73	91
Other ⁴	619	605	159	169	365	328	95	109	262	305	357	300

¹ Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job.

² Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job.

³ Includes believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of

discrimination.

⁴ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as child care and transportation problems, as well as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not ascertained.

A-35. Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Both sexes				Men				Women			
	Number		Rate ¹		Number		Rate ¹		Number		Rate ¹	
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
AGE												
Total, 16 years and over ²	7,176	7,610	5.9	6.1	3,889	3,999	6.0	6.0	3,287	3,611	5.9	6.3
16 to 19 years	219	259	4.0	4.3	71	93	2.6	3.1	149	166	5.4	5.6
20 years and over	6,956	7,351	6.0	6.2	3,818	3,906	6.1	6.1	3,138	3,445	5.9	6.4
20 to 24 years	856	789	6.9	6.4	434	374	6.7	5.7	423	415	7.1	7.2
25 years and over	6,100	6,562	5.9	6.2	3,385	3,533	6.1	6.2	2,716	3,029	5.7	6.3
25 to 54 years	5,575	5,912	6.3	6.5	3,094	3,169	6.5	6.5	2,481	2,743	6.1	6.6
55 years and over	525	650	3.6	4.3	291	364	3.6	4.4	234	286	3.5	4.3
55 to 64 years	463	541	4.2	4.8	247	305	4.1	4.9	216	236	4.3	4.6
65 years and over	62	109	1.7	3.0	43	59	2.1	2.8	19	50	1.2	3.3
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN												
White	6,309	6,595	6.1	6.2	3,416	3,467	6.1	6.0	2,893	3,129	6.1	6.5
Black	660	714	5.3	5.4	354	376	5.8	5.8	305	338	4.7	5.0
Hispanic origin	438	461	4.1	4.2	274	268	4.3	4.1	164	193	3.9	4.5
MARITAL STATUS												
Married, spouse present	4,083	4,479	5.6	6.0	2,470	2,635	6.0	6.3	1,612	1,844	5.1	5.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1,143	1,225	6.4	6.6	414	396	6.0	5.4	730	829	6.6	7.3
Single (never married)	1,950	1,906	6.4	6.1	1,005	968	5.9	5.5	945	938	7.0	6.9
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS												
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,261	4,405	-	-	2,562	2,577	-	-	1,699	1,828	-	-
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,642	1,767	-	-	518	516	-	-	1,123	1,251	-	-
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	222	234	-	-	171	175	-	-	51	59	-	-
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,021	1,161	-	-	628	709	-	-	394	452	-	-

¹ Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified group.

² Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary jobs(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-36. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

Veteran status and age	Civilian noninstitutional population		Civilian labor force							
	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Total		Employed		Unemployed			
			Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Number		Percent of labor force	
							Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1995
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS										
Total, 40 years and over	7,440	7,517	6,538	6,545	6,238	6,264	300	281	4.6	4.3
40 to 54 years	6,570	6,515	6,054	5,986	5,770	5,720	285	266	4.7	4.4
40 to 44 years	2,039	1,587	1,879	1,456	1,746	1,379	133	77	7.1	5.3
45 to 49 years	3,173	3,213	2,950	2,968	2,845	2,842	105	126	3.6	4.2
50 to 54 years	1,358	1,716	1,226	1,562	1,179	1,499	47	63	3.8	4.0
55 years and over	870	1,001	483	559	468	544	15	15	3.1	2.6
NONVETERANS										
Total, 40 to 54 years	15,822	16,937	14,281	15,266	13,576	14,648	705	617	4.9	4.0
40 to 44 years	7,217	7,864	6,715	7,269	6,373	7,012	342	256	5.1	3.5
45 to 49 years	4,688	5,060	4,200	4,590	3,999	4,404	201	186	4.8	4.0
50 to 54 years	3,918	4,013	3,366	3,407	3,204	3,232	162	175	4.8	5.1

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans

are men who have never served in the Armed Forces.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS**

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

Year and month	Total private ¹			Mining			Construction		
	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
Annual averages									
1964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
1965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
1966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
1967	38.0	2.66	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
1968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
1969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
1970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
1971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
1972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
1973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
1974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
1975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
1976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
1977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
1978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
1979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
1980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
1981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
1982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
1983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
1984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
1985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
1986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
1987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
1988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
1989	34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
1990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.01
1991	34.3	10.32	353.98	44.4	14.19	630.04	38.1	14.00	533.40
1992	34.4	10.57	363.61	43.9	14.54	638.31	38.0	14.15	537.70
1993	34.5	10.83	373.64	44.3	14.60	646.78	38.4	14.37	551.81
1994	34.6	11.12	384.75	44.7	14.89	665.58	38.8	14.69	569.97
Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted									
1994:									
March	34.4	\$11.04	\$379.78	44.0	\$14.84	\$652.96	38.1	\$14.44	\$550.16
April	34.5	11.07	381.92	44.5	14.96	665.72	38.3	14.49	554.97
May	34.8	11.09	385.93	44.4	14.83	658.45	39.7	14.59	579.22
June	34.8	11.03	383.84	44.8	14.73	659.90	39.6	14.57	576.97
July	34.9	11.04	385.30	44.9	14.73	661.38	39.7	14.72	584.38
August	34.9	11.04	385.30	45.1	14.69	662.52	39.7	14.76	585.97
September	34.7	11.21	388.99	45.4	14.93	677.82	39.9	14.94	596.11
October	34.9	11.26	392.97	45.2	14.91	673.93	39.5	15.03	593.69
November	34.5	11.26	388.47	45.4	14.97	679.64	38.4	14.85	570.24
December	34.7	11.27	391.07	45.1	15.10	681.01	38.6	14.81	571.67
1995:									
January	34.4	11.35	390.44	44.9	15.25	684.73	37.6	14.65	550.84
February ^p	34.2	11.34	387.83	44.5	15.27	679.52	36.8	14.80	544.64
March ^p	34.2	11.35	388.17	44.1	15.41	679.58	38.1	14.79	563.50

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS**

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and month	Manufacturing				Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale trade		
	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
Annual averages										
1964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
1965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.08
1966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
1967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.66
1968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.90
1969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
1970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.86
1971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.42
1972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69
1973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.54
1974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.94
1975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.19
1976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.27
1977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
1978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
1979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
1980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.88
1981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.68
1982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.46
1983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.79
1984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.88
1985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.36
1986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.72
1987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.38
1988	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.24
1989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.82
1990	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.97	504.53	38.1	10.79	411.10
1991	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.7	13.22	511.61	38.1	11.15	424.82
1992	41.0	11.46	10.95	469.86	38.9	13.45	523.21	38.2	11.39	435.10
1993	41.4	11.74	11.18	486.04	39.6	13.63	539.75	38.2	11.73	448.09
1994	42.0	12.06	11.42	508.52	39.9	13.88	553.81	38.3	12.01	459.98
Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted										
1994:										
March	41.9	\$11.99	\$11.38	\$502.38	39.5	\$13.80	\$545.10	38.1	\$11.87	\$452.25
April	42.0	12.01	11.39	504.42	39.9	13.78	549.82	38.3	11.99	459.22
May	42.0	12.01	11.39	504.42	40.0	13.78	550.40	38.6	11.98	462.43
June	42.2	12.03	11.39	507.67	40.1	13.72	550.17	38.5	11.94	459.89
July	41.6	12.04	11.42	500.86	40.3	13.84	557.75	38.4	12.00	460.80
August	42.0	12.01	11.35	504.42	40.2	13.86	557.17	38.3	11.96	458.07
September	42.4	12.14	11.45	514.74	40.1	13.93	558.59	38.4	12.05	462.72
October	42.3	12.10	11.44	511.83	40.2	14.03	564.01	38.7	12.15	470.21
November	42.5	12.17	11.50	517.23	39.8	14.09	560.78	38.3	12.11	463.81
December	42.9	12.26	11.57	525.95	39.6	14.07	557.17	38.4	12.17	467.33
1995:										
January	42.0	12.24	11.60	514.08	39.4	14.11	555.93	38.2	12.26	468.33
February ^a	41.7	12.25	11.63	510.83	39.3	14.04	551.77	38.0	12.24	465.12
March ^b	41.7	12.28	11.66	512.08	39.4	14.04	553.18	38.0	12.19	463.22

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS**

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and month	Retail trade			Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services		
	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
Annual averages									
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
1985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
1988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
1989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
1990	28.8	6.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
1991	28.6	6.94	198.48	35.7	10.39	370.92	32.4	10.23	331.45
1992	28.8	7.12	205.06	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.54	342.55
1993	28.8	7.29	209.95	35.8	11.35	406.33	32.5	10.79	350.68
1994	28.9	7.49	216.46	35.8	11.83	423.51	32.5	11.07	359.78
Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted									
1994:									
March	28.5	\$7.45	\$212.33	35.6	\$11.75	\$418.30	32.3	\$11.02	\$355.95
April	28.7	7.47	214.39	35.7	11.81	421.62	32.4	11.01	356.72
May	28.9	7.47	215.88	36.1	11.84	427.42	32.7	11.03	360.68
June	29.3	7.45	218.29	35.5	11.67	414.29	32.5	10.92	354.90
July	29.7	7.44	220.97	35.7	11.72	418.40	32.8	10.92	358.18
August	29.7	7.43	220.67	35.5	11.73	416.42	32.7	10.92	357.08
September	28.9	7.54	217.91	35.4	11.85	419.49	32.4	11.13	360.61
October	29.1	7.57	220.29	36.2	12.02	435.12	32.8	11.22	368.02
November	28.7	7.57	217.26	35.5	11.97	424.94	32.4	11.23	363.85
December	29.3	7.58	222.09	35.7	12.04	429.83	32.4	11.31	366.44
1995:									
January	28.2	7.64	215.45	36.3	12.17	441.77	32.5	11.41	370.83
February ^p	28.1	7.64	214.68	35.7	12.17	434.47	32.3	11.39	367.90
March ^p	28.2	7.63	215.17	35.6	12.19	433.96	32.3	11.37	367.25

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^p = preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P	Mar. ^P	
Total	112,298	112,699	112,951	113,334	113,624	113,914	114,186	114,348	114,882	115,113	115,282	115,627	115,830	
Total private	93,357	93,718	93,937	94,316	94,601	94,827	95,035	95,228	95,692	95,962	96,153	96,462	96,675	
Goods-producing	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,576	23,590	23,640	23,673	23,715	23,827	23,873	23,958	23,938	23,992	
Mining¹	609	606	603	605	601	603	605	599	600	597	595	592	592	
Metal mining	50	50	50	50	51	52	51	51	52	52	52	52	53	
Oil and gas extraction	344	342	338	339	335	336	341	335	332	329	328	325	325	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	100	100	101	101	101	101	101	101	102	102	103	103	103	
Construction	4,806	4,893	4,907	4,927	4,944	4,942	4,972	4,974	5,044	5,050	5,092	5,057	5,115	
General building contractors	1,152	1,163	1,161	1,165	1,161	1,166	1,172	1,180	1,194	1,198	1,207	1,202	1,205	
Heavy construction, except building	710	725	723	725	733	725	727	716	727	722	728	723	732	
Special trade contractors	2,944	3,005	3,023	3,037	3,050	3,051	3,073	3,078	3,123	3,130	3,157	3,132	3,178	
Manufacturing	17,980	18,007	18,009	18,044	18,045	18,095	18,096	18,142	18,183	18,226	18,271	18,289	18,285	
Durable goods	10,190	10,216	10,217	10,253	10,249	10,290	10,306	10,335	10,371	10,403	10,435	10,461	10,466	
Lumber and wood products	723	726	726	730	732	734	735	737	743	744	749	746	744	
Furniture and fixtures	493	493	495	496	500	496	496	497	500	501	502	503	502	
Stone, clay, and glass products	523	529	528	529	530	531	531	533	535	536	539	541	543	
Primary metal industries	680	678	679	684	686	686	690	695	699	701	703	704	704	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	235	231	230	234	234	232	233	235	235	235	234	235	235	
Fabricated metal products	1,348	1,353	1,357	1,365	1,368	1,373	1,373	1,381	1,388	1,398	1,407	1,414	1,416	
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,927	1,938	1,940	1,947	1,942	1,952	1,956	1,957	1,963	1,967	1,977	1,983	1,989	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,535	1,542	1,540	1,550	1,551	1,561	1,567	1,567	1,574	1,584	1,588	1,595	1,596	
Transportation equipment	1,723	1,719	1,718	1,724	1,712	1,727	1,731	1,741	1,741	1,744	1,745	1,750	1,750	
Motor vehicles and equipment	867	870	868	876	875	893	898	909	911	914	927	925	929	
Aircraft and parts	491	486	484	480	475	472	468	467	464	462	458	457	454	
Instruments and related products	864	861	858	853	849	850	848	845	846	845	842	841	840	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	374	377	376	375	379	380	379	382	382	383	383	384	382	
Nondurable goods	7,790	7,791	7,792	7,791	7,796	7,805	7,790	7,807	7,812	7,823	7,836	7,828	7,819	
Food and kindred products	1,670	1,667	1,665	1,666	1,668	1,666	1,661	1,662	1,670	1,669	1,679	1,677	1,680	
Tobacco products	41	41	40	39	38	40	38	39	38	38	38	38	36	
Textile mill products	674	673	671	671	672	672	669	672	674	673	671	671	668	
Apparel and other textile products	956	955	958	957	954	958	957	956	948	946	943	936	929	
Paper and allied products	684	684	684	683	684	683	680	684	685	685	686	685	684	
Printing and publishing	1,521	1,523	1,524	1,528	1,531	1,535	1,533	1,537	1,538	1,545	1,545	1,548	1,551	
Chemicals and allied products	1,059	1,057	1,056	1,054	1,053	1,050	1,049	1,049	1,046	1,047	1,048	1,047	1,048	
Petroleum and coal products	147	148	148	147	147	149	149	149	149	149	146	146	147	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	922	927	931	932	935	938	941	946	951	957	966	967	964	
Leather and leather products	116	116	115	114	114	114	113	113	113	114	114	113	112	
Service-producing	88,903	89,193	89,432	89,758	90,034	90,274	90,513	90,633	91,055	91,240	91,324	91,689	91,838	
Transportation and public utilities	5,816	5,759	5,843	5,849	5,857	5,866	5,865	5,867	5,888	5,911	5,913	5,930	5,941	
Transportation	3,638	3,582	3,664	3,677	3,687	3,691	3,694	3,694	3,712	3,734	3,747	3,757	3,766	
Railroad transportation	248	246	243	246	245	241	245	245	248	246	246	248	246	
Local and interurban passenger transit	382	386	383	389	391	397	390	390	393	396	399	400	400	
Trucking and warehousing	1,721	1,665	1,753	1,764	1,768	1,772	1,775	1,773	1,782	1,794	1,798	1,804	1,812	
Water transportation	168	166	169	166	169	165	167	166	165	165	169	168	166	
Transportation by air	739	738	733	729	728	729	729	730	732	739	737	739	744	
Pipelines, except natural gas	18	18	18	18	17	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	
Transportation services	362	363	365	365	369	369	370	372	374	377	381	381	381	
Communications and public utilities	2,178	2,177	2,179	2,172	2,170	2,175	2,171	2,173	2,176	2,177	2,166	2,173	2,175	
Communications	1,248	1,250	1,254	1,253	1,254	1,261	1,257	1,260	1,261	1,264	1,257	1,268	1,272	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	930	927	925	919	916	914	914	913	915	913	909	905	903	

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P	Mar. ^P
Wholesale trade	6,013	6,028	6,037	6,049	6,053	6,079	6,095	6,106	6,117	6,136	6,160	6,185	6,192
Durable goods	3,434	3,445	3,449	3,457	3,461	3,471	3,476	3,484	3,493	3,504	3,520	3,534	3,544
Nondurable goods	2,579	2,583	2,588	2,592	2,592	2,608	2,619	2,622	2,624	2,632	2,640	2,651	2,648
Retail trade	20,026	20,137	20,153	20,279	20,386	20,405	20,470	20,523	20,655	20,751	20,779	20,850	20,841
Building materials and garden supplies	818	829	833	838	842	844	848	852	859	863	872	873	873
General merchandise stores	2,432	2,442	2,438	2,443	2,457	2,476	2,484	2,506	2,557	2,555	2,545	2,543	2,542
Food stores	3,232	3,229	3,240	3,234	3,247	3,254	3,248	3,252	3,267	3,289	3,296	3,294	3,298
Automotive dealers and service stations	2,117	2,132	2,139	2,143	2,145	2,159	2,171	2,180	2,194	2,204	2,215	2,222	2,232
Apparel and accessory stores	1,154	1,146	1,144	1,145	1,149	1,148	1,154	1,158	1,152	1,147	1,148	1,144	1,138
Furniture and home furnishings stores	866	876	879	885	897	905	914	925	936	937	947	950	959
Eating and drinking places	6,928	6,995	6,993	7,084	7,129	7,105	7,111	7,115	7,148	7,212	7,213	7,271	7,256
Miscellaneous retail establishments	2,479	2,488	2,487	2,507	2,520	2,514	2,540	2,535	2,542	2,544	2,543	2,553	2,543
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,781	6,791	6,787	6,798	6,797	6,801	6,794	6,786	6,791	6,785	6,779	6,778	6,795
Finance	3,256	3,259	3,257	3,263	3,261	3,259	3,251	3,246	3,246	3,245	3,239	3,237	3,243
Depository institutions	2,044	2,042	2,039	2,041	2,042	2,040	2,036	2,037	2,036	2,034	2,030	2,028	2,032
Nondepository institutions	486	487	486	484	480	476	472	466	462	459	456	451	453
Security and commodity brokers	496	499	501	505	506	508	508	507	511	513	513	515	515
Holding and other investment offices	230	231	231	233	233	235	235	236	237	239	240	243	243
Insurance	2,185	2,189	2,185	2,184	2,182	2,180	2,178	2,177	2,175	2,167	2,167	2,165	2,170
Insurance carriers	1,524	1,527	1,522	1,521	1,517	1,515	1,512	1,509	1,506	1,498	1,495	1,492	1,495
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	661	662	663	663	665	665	666	668	669	669	672	673	675
Real estate	1,340	1,343	1,345	1,351	1,354	1,362	1,365	1,363	1,370	1,373	1,373	1,376	1,382
Services¹	31,326	31,497	31,598	31,765	31,918	32,036	32,138	32,231	32,414	32,506	32,564	32,781	32,914
Agricultural services	528	537	548	551	554	559	561	564	569	569	555	553	556
Hotels and other lodging places	1,608	1,608	1,609	1,626	1,627	1,619	1,609	1,594	1,588	1,595	1,599	1,598	1,602
Personal services	1,138	1,137	1,129	1,133	1,134	1,139	1,138	1,138	1,135	1,131	1,141	1,148	1,137
Business services	6,244	6,318	6,341	6,416	6,488	6,538	6,593	6,626	6,733	6,770	6,795	6,872	6,883
Personnel supply services	2,230	2,282	2,286	2,334	2,375	2,388	2,418	2,425	2,498	2,515	2,549	2,583	2,548
Auto repair, services, and parking	1,017	1,026	1,029	1,041	1,045	1,058	1,065	1,073	1,083	1,093	1,101	1,106	1,114
Miscellaneous repair services	375	377	379	380	381	382	382	384	387	388	391	395	396
Motion pictures	450	465	472	474	482	493	502	515	530	536	549	566	576
Amusement and recreation services	1,271	1,275	1,282	1,287	1,278	1,266	1,254	1,272	1,272	1,265	1,233	1,258	1,300
Health services	8,959	8,985	8,998	9,025	9,043	9,076	9,084	9,106	9,118	9,147	9,167	9,193	9,229
Hospitals	3,791	3,794	3,794	3,787	3,787	3,790	3,791	3,790	3,790	3,796	3,794	3,792	3,801
Legal services	940	941	942	938	941	942	946	945	949	950	950	952	954
Educational services	1,730	1,733	1,744	1,741	1,747	1,747	1,761	1,761	1,770	1,772	1,760	1,786	1,794
Social services	2,190	2,205	2,224	2,242	2,267	2,285	2,296	2,300	2,313	2,322	2,333	2,342	2,355
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	78	79	79	79	80	80	79	79	80	80	80	81	81
Membership organizations	2,044	2,047	2,051	2,055	2,056	2,056	2,062	2,064	2,065	2,059	2,061	2,061	2,061
Engineering and management services	2,580	2,590	2,597	2,603	2,620	2,621	2,632	2,635	2,647	2,654	2,674	2,695	2,700
Government	18,941	18,981	19,014	19,018	19,023	19,087	19,151	19,120	19,190	19,151	19,129	19,165	19,155
Federal	2,884	2,882	2,870	2,859	2,859	2,858	2,863	2,858	2,854	2,869	2,834	2,828	2,818
State	4,520	4,534	4,533	4,539	4,568	4,585	4,593	4,581	4,586	4,585	4,579	4,602	4,604
Education	1,846	1,850	1,849	1,850	1,876	1,886	1,890	1,875	1,878	1,874	1,864	1,890	1,894
Other State government	2,674	2,684	2,684	2,689	2,692	2,699	2,703	2,706	2,708	2,711	2,715	2,712	2,710
Local	11,537	11,565	11,611	11,620	11,596	11,644	11,695	11,681	11,750	11,697	11,716	11,735	11,733
Education	6,410	6,436	6,445	6,461	6,478	6,536	6,547	6,532	6,531	6,536	6,563	6,580	6,577
Other local government	5,127	5,129	5,166	5,159	5,118	5,108	5,148	5,149	5,219	5,161	5,153	5,155	5,156

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from

March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
WOMEN EMPLOYEES
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-4. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry	1994												1995
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	53,981	54,097	54,246	54,477	54,653	54,808	54,887	55,066	55,205	55,281	55,560	55,618	55,677
Total private	43,730	43,828	43,959	44,160	44,280	44,464	44,573	44,689	44,788	44,869	45,073	45,176	45,240
Goods-producing	6,475	6,482	6,490	6,506	6,515	6,530	6,527	6,558	6,561	6,576	6,586	6,595	6,608
Mining	87	86	87	86	86	86	85	86	86	85	84	84	83
Construction	526	528	532	539	539	543	544	547	553	555	560	560	566
Manufacturing	5,862	5,868	5,871	5,881	5,890	5,901	5,898	5,925	5,922	5,936	5,942	5,951	5,959
Durable goods	2,685	2,688	2,691	2,700	2,705	2,713	2,708	2,728	2,731	2,740	2,749	2,758	2,758
Lumber and wood products	117	118	117	119	119	120	121	122	122	124	124	125	125
Furniture and fixtures	149	150	150	150	151	152	154	153	154	155	156	156	156
Stone, clay, and glass products	103	103	103	104	103	102	103	103	103	104	103	103	104
Primary metal industries	93	93	94	93	95	95	95	96	97	97	99	98	98
Fabricated metal products	296	296	297	298	299	301	301	303	303	305	307	309	310
Industrial machinery and equipment	413	414	416	418	420	424	421	426	426	426	426	426	425
Electronic and other electrical equipment	642	644	645	649	649	652	650	656	657	659	660	666	666
Transportation equipment	348	349	349	348	348	349	343	351	351	352	355	357	355
Instruments and related products	355	354	353	352	352	350	349	347	347	346	347	346	346
Miscellaneous manufacturing	169	167	167	169	169	168	171	171	171	172	172	172	173
Nondurable goods	3,177	3,180	3,180	3,181	3,185	3,188	3,190	3,197	3,191	3,196	3,193	3,193	3,201
Food and kindred products	538	541	543	541	541	542	544	544	538	541	545	543	550
Tobacco products	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	13	12	12	12	12	12
Textile mill products	319	319	319	318	317	317	317	318	316	317	317	317	316
Apparel and other textile products	733	732	732	732	733	732	729	732	732	730	723	720	717
Paper and allied products	167	166	165	165	164	165	165	164	164	165	165	164	165
Printing and publishing	673	674	676	677	678	682	683	686	685	688	687	690	691
Chemicals and allied products	335	334	332	332	334	333	333	332	331	331	331	331	333
Petroleum and coal products	24	24	24	24	25	24	25	25	26	25	25	25	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	310	312	312	315	316	317	318	320	323	324	325	327	330
Leather and leather products	65	65	64	64	64	64	64	63	64	63	63	64	63
Service-producing	47,506	47,615	47,756	47,971	48,138	48,278	48,360	48,508	48,644	48,705	48,974	49,023	49,069
Transportation and public utilities	1,697	1,698	1,700	1,699	1,709	1,708	1,713	1,720	1,718	1,723	1,731	1,740	1,736
Wholesale trade	1,831	1,834	1,839	1,846	1,850	1,852	1,853	1,862	1,870	1,872	1,876	1,885	1,888
Retail trade	10,513	10,533	10,554	10,601	10,635	10,691	10,755	10,766	10,797	10,815	10,879	10,922	10,965
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,281	4,284	4,288	4,293	4,291	4,299	4,295	4,291	4,280	4,276	4,279	4,280	4,276
Services	18,933	18,997	19,088	19,215	19,280	19,384	19,430	19,492	19,562	19,607	19,722	19,754	19,767
Government	10,251	10,269	10,287	10,317	10,373	10,344	10,314	10,377	10,417	10,412	10,487	10,442	10,437
Federal	1,203	1,205	1,203	1,203	1,198	1,192	1,190	1,193	1,196	1,194	1,191	1,200	1,186
State	2,246	2,259	2,267	2,273	2,277	2,258	2,282	2,289	2,299	2,298	2,298	2,298	2,297
Local	6,802	6,805	6,817	6,841	6,898	6,894	6,842	6,895	6,922	6,920	6,998	6,944	6,954

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-5. Production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	76,129	76,487	76,690	77,028	77,233	77,439	77,625	77,793	78,183	78,399	78,574	78,827	79,031
Goods-producing	16,507	16,615	16,615	16,674	16,689	16,729	16,759	16,802	16,907	16,947	17,026	17,012	17,063
Mining	430	428	427	431	430	433	434	433	430	429	432	431	431
Construction	3,719	3,796	3,796	3,814	3,828	3,818	3,840	3,842	3,902	3,911	3,949	3,914	3,969
Manufacturing	12,358	12,391	12,392	12,429	12,431	12,478	12,485	12,527	12,575	12,607	12,645	12,667	12,663
Durable goods	6,892	6,924	6,930	6,966	6,969	7,007	7,021	7,054	7,094	7,120	7,142	7,176	7,186
Lumber and wood products	597	600	601	603	604	606	606	609	614	615	617	615	613
Furniture and fixtures	391	390	392	393	395	394	394	394	397	397	398	400	398
Stone, clay, and glass products	404	409	408	409	410	410	409	411	414	415	418	419	421
Primary metal industries	521	520	521	526	528	529	533	538	541	543	543	546	547
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	179	175	175	177	178	177	178	179	180	179	179	179	179
Fabricated metal products	1,004	1,009	1,012	1,020	1,021	1,026	1,026	1,035	1,042	1,048	1,057	1,064	1,066
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,187	1,197	1,200	1,207	1,209	1,216	1,221	1,226	1,230	1,232	1,238	1,243	1,248
Electronic and other electrical equipment	982	991	990	998	997	1,007	1,012	1,011	1,019	1,030	1,031	1,038	1,037
Transportation equipment	1,115	1,117	1,118	1,124	1,117	1,132	1,136	1,146	1,151	1,153	1,153	1,165	1,170
Motor vehicles and equipment	667	672	669	677	675	693	697	706	709	711	719	726	731
Instruments and related products	424	423	421	418	417	415	415	413	414	416	414	414	415
Miscellaneous manufacturing	267	268	267	268	271	272	269	271	272	271	273	272	271
Nondurable goods	5,466	5,467	5,462	5,463	5,462	5,471	5,464	5,473	5,481	5,487	5,503	5,491	5,477
Food and kindred products	1,229	1,224	1,222	1,219	1,221	1,221	1,217	1,215	1,225	1,225	1,235	1,232	1,235
Tobacco products	31	31	31	30	29	31	30	30	29	30	29	29	28
Textile mill products	574	572	571	571	569	570	567	569	571	570	569	568	565
Apparel and other textile products	801	801	801	800	797	800	800	801	793	791	790	782	772
Paper and allied products	517	518	518	518	518	518	516	518	520	519	521	519	520
Printing and publishing	837	838	835	839	841	843	842	844	843	846	845	847	850
Chemicals and allied products	573	574	573	574	573	570	573	574	574	575	576	575	575
Petroleum and coal products	95	96	96	96	96	97	96	97	97	96	95	95	94
Rubber and misc. plastics products	717	720	724	725	728	730	733	736	740	745	753	755	750
Leather and leather products	92	93	91	91	90	91	90	89	89	90	90	89	88
Service-producing	59,622	59,872	60,075	60,354	60,544	60,710	60,866	60,991	61,276	61,452	61,548	61,815	61,968
Transportation and public utilities	4,670	4,816	4,897	4,899	4,899	4,902	4,906	4,911	4,923	4,951	4,949	4,952	4,974
Wholesale trade	4,853	4,864	4,867	4,883	4,882	4,911	4,921	4,927	4,938	4,959	4,980	5,003	5,008
Retail trade	17,632	17,714	17,737	17,836	17,933	17,947	17,996	18,044	18,151	18,203	18,264	18,312	18,312
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,943	4,949	4,945	4,955	4,952	4,953	4,946	4,937	4,940	4,935	4,933	4,937	4,950
Services	27,324	27,529	27,629	27,781	27,878	27,997	28,097	28,172	28,324	28,404	28,422	28,611	28,724

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
DIFFUSION INDEXES
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-6. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Private nonfarm payrolls, 356 industries ¹												
Over 1-month span:												
1991	39.6	39.6	38.5	38.2	48.5	45.4	48.3	52.0	48.9	46.8	46.5	46.1
1992	42.1	46.1	48.3	57.7	53.1	50.4	52.8	46.5	53.4	56.9	52.5	57.3
1993	57.9	61.7	49.0	56.0	57.0	51.1	56.6	50.0	56.7	57.4	61.0	57.4
1994	56.6	58.3	62.9	62.5	56.3	63.2	59.3	59.8	56.9	59.8	64.6	61.7
1995	61.0	^P 58.6	^P 55.6									
Over 3-month span:												
1991	34.3	32.0	31.6	38.2	39.3	44.2	49.4	50.7	50.8	44.9	43.7	40.9
1992	39.7	42.3	51.0	56.2	57.6	54.1	50.4	49.9	51.7	56.2	58.6	59.8
1993	64.0	61.4	59.7	55.8	54.9	57.7	54.6	55.9	55.8	62.4	61.5	60.8
1994	62.1	64.5	65.2	65.0	65.4	64.6	66.7	64.0	65.4	65.3	70.1	68.4
1995	^P 65.4	^P 64.5										
Over 6-month span:												
1991	30.2	32.4	31.2	33.7	39.2	44.7	46.5	45.6	47.8	44.5	41.4	39.9
1992	43.5	46.3	47.2	52.0	54.2	56.6	52.8	53.1	55.8	56.3	64.2	62.2
1993	61.4	60.8	59.0	59.8	54.4	54.5	57.9	58.8	59.7	60.8	62.8	63.6
1994	67.0	65.9	68.8	66.0	67.8	66.3	68.1	70.1	68.1	69.4	^P 67.1	^U 69.7
1995												
Over 12-month span:												
1991	31.0	31.0	31.7	31.9	31.7	33.8	35.8	37.5	40.0	45.2	45.6	45.4
1992	47.2	42.3	42.7	44.1	48.0	52.5	55.8	60.7	59.7	60.4	60.1	60.7
1993	60.0	61.1	60.7	62.2	63.2	62.1	62.4	60.8	63.5	62.8	63.1	63.5
1994	64.2	65.7	66.0	66.4	68.1	69.0	69.5	^P 71.2	^P 69.9			
1995												
Manufacturing payrolls, 139 industries ¹												
Over 1-month span:												
1991	32.7	35.6	31.3	37.4	45.7	43.5	46.4	49.3	42.8	47.8	41.4	39.6
1992	38.1	40.6	45.0	57.9	47.8	50.0	53.2	41.7	49.3	47.8	52.5	51.8
1993	52.5	57.6	47.8	41.7	46.0	40.3	49.3	42.8	46.8	50.0	55.4	51.1
1994	54.3	53.6	51.1	56.1	50.0	58.6	52.9	56.8	48.9	60.8	60.1	60.8
1995	58.3	^P 50.7	^P 46.4									
Over 3-month span:												
1991	24.5	21.9	20.5	32.7	36.3	39.6	47.1	46.0	48.2	39.9	36.7	33.5
1992	30.9	36.3	45.3	50.7	55.4	53.6	47.1	47.1	42.4	50.0	51.1	55.0
1993	60.1	58.3	51.4	40.6	37.1	43.5	40.3	41.0	43.2	52.9	54.7	56.1
1994	56.1	57.6	56.5	53.2	57.2	55.8	61.5	55.0	60.4	60.1	69.1	65.5
1995	^P 60.1	^P 52.5										
Over 6-month span:												
1991	15.8	20.9	21.2	26.3	34.9	39.2	42.1	40.3	40.3	37.1	32.4	32.7
1992	34.2	37.1	41.0	48.6	52.2	54.7	46.4	49.3	50.4	48.9	57.9	56.8
1993	54.0	51.8	48.6	47.1	37.1	34.2	39.6	45.7	47.8	50.4	54.3	55.8
1994	58.3	56.1	59.4	54.3	58.3	56.8	60.1	62.6	62.2	66.5	^P 61.9	^P 64.0
1995												
Over 12-month span:												
1991	16.5	16.2	17.3	18.0	20.9	24.1	26.3	30.6	32.7	38.1	38.8	37.4
1992	42.4	36.7	36.3	36.0	39.6	45.7	50.0	55.8	57.9	55.4	52.9	52.9
1993	50.0	52.5	48.6	49.3	50.7	48.9	50.0	48.9	50.0	50.7	51.4	51.4
1994	50.7	54.3	54.0	56.8	59.0	60.4	62.2	^P 63.3	^P 60.4			
1995												

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1993) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1990) are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
	Total ¹												
Alabama	1,736.6	1,743.6	1,745.9	1,746.5	1,756.2	1,750.4	1,755.6	1,784.7	1,763.4	1,778.7	1,789.9	1,772.4	1,773.1
Alaska	259.2	258.8	257.2	258.2	259.4	259.7	261.8	263.2	262.4	262.2	260.8	262.7	264.0
Arizona	1,649.6	1,657.3	1,668.5	1,674.2	1,667.9	1,676.4	1,700.1	1,713.8	1,715.7	1,723.2	1,731.1	1,734.5	1,748.3
Arkansas	1,012.5	1,018.3	1,023.8	1,027.4	1,031.6	1,039.9	1,045.8	1,047.5	1,052.9	1,058.7	1,058.8	1,061.3	1,064.9
California	12,083.4	12,121.6	12,116.9	12,135.5	12,143.8	12,148.4	12,162.1	12,176.9	12,177.3	12,185.9	12,195.2	12,150.1	12,232.3
Colorado	1,720.3	1,726.8	1,736.4	1,742.3	1,750.3	1,762.0	1,783.3	1,765.1	1,787.3	1,771.3	1,780.1	1,791.8	1,794.0
Connecticut	1,527.5	1,530.7	1,542.2	1,542.5	1,544.8	1,548.1	1,548.4	1,550.8	1,553.2	1,551.2	1,551.0	1,542.2	1,541.4
Delaware	351.3	352.0	352.8	353.8	354.9	354.9	358.6	358.7	357.8	358.5	358.1	357.7	359.7
District of Columbia	859.5	859.3	860.3	858.9	858.9	856.4	855.0	856.0	856.1	854.0	853.5	848.2	847.8
Florida	5,705.8	5,726.4	5,751.3	5,765.6	5,765.0	5,805.3	5,813.9	5,849.8	5,865.0	5,919.6	5,900.6	5,912.4	5,940.7
Georgia	3,210.6	3,223.8	3,234.9	3,242.7	3,256.6	3,262.6	3,281.9	3,292.4	3,310.5	3,334.7	3,346.9	3,351.1	3,365.5
Hawaii	535.3	536.2	536.4	534.0	536.7	534.9	535.0	536.8	536.9	538.2	538.6	536.3	535.9
Idaho	451.5	454.8	457.8	460.2	462.5	464.4	465.6	467.8	471.1	472.5	474.2	476.4	476.8
Illinois	5,403.9	5,429.4	5,438.4	5,443.0	5,474.7	5,486.4	5,489.9	5,494.2	5,509.8	5,519.5	5,522.5	5,520.9	5,535.0
Indiana	2,683.9	2,700.3	2,701.7	2,707.5	2,707.4	2,705.9	2,709.7	2,723.4	2,733.3	2,747.2	2,757.7	2,753.1	2,769.4
Iowa	1,296.9	1,305.9	1,311.0	1,313.7	1,322.2	1,329.0	1,327.3	1,330.3	1,330.5	1,336.9	1,338.3	1,337.2	1,340.0
Kansas	1,150.1	1,156.2	1,153.7	1,159.9	1,166.0	1,160.1	1,168.9	1,173.6	1,181.7	1,192.4	1,184.3	1,185.9	1,189.9
Kentucky	1,571.2	1,583.2	1,587.2	1,592.2	1,597.0	1,605.8	1,607.8	1,620.1	1,619.0	1,624.0	1,624.3	1,611.3	1,618.2
Louisiana	1,698.0	1,709.0	1,703.8	1,705.2	1,713.8	1,727.8	1,734.9	1,744.6	1,759.0	1,769.3	1,779.1	1,784.3	1,784.0
Maine	528.2	529.3	529.8	530.7	530.7	533.9	534.2	534.8	535.4	535.3	537.3	539.0	540.8
Maryland	2,116.3	2,131.8	2,140.5	2,142.7	2,148.0	2,153.0	2,150.2	2,156.8	2,159.2	2,160.4	2,162.9	2,159.1	2,155.8
Massachusetts	2,876.0	2,882.1	2,887.9	2,888.0	2,895.7	2,914.9	2,924.9	2,936.1	2,939.4	2,942.3	2,943.2	2,937.2	2,942.6
Michigan	4,096.7	4,116.2	4,117.4	4,125.7	4,137.4	4,149.9	4,157.9	4,170.5	4,179.4	4,197.3	4,200.8	4,223.3	4,237.4
Minnesota	2,283.4	2,290.8	2,298.1	2,304.7	2,315.7	2,319.9	2,320.2	2,321.6	2,330.6	2,335.6	2,339.6	2,343.9	2,351.7
Mississippi	1,037.2	1,043.9	1,045.1	1,051.0	1,058.4	1,065.9	1,068.1	1,059.1	1,058.2	1,060.3	1,061.2	1,057.7	1,060.0
Missouri	2,439.9	2,448.7	2,451.8	2,456.1	2,465.8	2,478.4	2,481.7	2,494.2	2,505.3	2,511.4	2,517.7	2,515.9	2,534.3
Montana	333.3	334.5	336.6	337.8	338.6	341.8	345.4	345.6	345.9	347.6	345.8	347.4	348.1
Nebraska	785.1	787.1	789.3	791.6	793.8	796.7	796.7	798.4	802.0	809.2	806.5	806.7	811.6
Nevada	714.7	719.9	726.8	730.7	734.5	740.5	748.5	752.7	753.0	757.5	759.6	759.3	763.4
New Hampshire	515.9	517.5	520.4	520.0	522.1	528.6	526.2	526.9	527.6	530.1	529.2	530.3	531.8
New Jersey	3,497.5	3,519.4	3,540.9	3,548.6	3,556.9	3,560.3	3,569.7	3,572.4	3,576.4	3,578.2	3,582.9	3,582.5	3,593.2
New Mexico	646.4	647.8	648.6	651.6	655.8	658.5	659.8	664.6	669.8	675.9	676.1	679.5	680.1
New York	7,777.2	7,789.8	7,798.8	7,804.0	7,809.7	7,826.1	7,828.2	7,821.7	7,822.1	7,823.4	7,817.2	7,829.0	7,829.6
North Carolina	3,308.7	3,328.2	3,341.9	3,347.3	3,359.0	3,370.5	3,383.4	3,389.7	3,399.9	3,407.6	3,413.9	3,417.7	3,420.0
North Dakota	290.1	291.0	292.7	293.3	294.0	295.3	296.8	297.8	298.2	299.4	299.9	298.7	299.3
Ohio	5,026.7	5,050.4	5,051.7	5,067.1	5,077.1	5,073.7	5,088.0	5,100.0	5,113.3	5,121.0	5,132.0	5,138.9	5,157.5
Oklahoma	1,263.6	1,266.7	1,270.6	1,272.7	1,277.3	1,282.8	1,282.6	1,284.9	1,292.0	1,298.8	1,305.3	1,298.6	1,295.6
Oregon	1,343.1	1,346.9	1,351.3	1,356.3	1,359.9	1,367.1	1,371.7	1,374.7	1,382.5	1,391.3	1,395.7	1,395.9	1,398.4
Pennsylvania	5,138.3	5,161.9	5,173.9	5,184.1	5,197.1	5,199.4	5,206.0	5,214.8	5,223.7	5,228.4	5,231.9	5,228.7	5,226.6
Rhode Island	432.7	433.6	434.8	433.2	435.1	434.4	435.9	433.8	435.1	436.0	436.0	436.2	434.8
South Carolina	1,592.9	1,597.6	1,599.0	1,600.6	1,608.2	1,615.9	1,615.3	1,616.6	1,614.7	1,631.9	1,618.6	1,614.3	1,616.6
South Dakota	327.2	328.7	329.9	330.6	332.4	334.0	333.1	335.2	337.0	339.2	339.3	341.1	342.9
Tennessee	2,383.9	2,399.0	2,401.6	2,411.4	2,421.5	2,429.5	2,428.4	2,436.9	2,442.4	2,469.5	2,458.6	2,464.2	2,471.7
Texas	7,615.6	7,644.5	7,690.3	7,698.7	7,727.9	7,784.1	7,818.4	7,824.7	7,833.9	7,853.7	7,883.3	7,867.2	7,892.3
Utah	840.6	845.3	849.1	853.3	858.8	863.5	867.4	873.4	876.4	880.4	883.6	886.2	888.3
Vermont	261.3	263.2	262.9	264.2	264.2	263.6	263.8	264.7	266.4	266.0	266.5	264.9	265.9
Virginia	2,961.3	2,979.3	2,988.8	2,992.1	3,001.7	3,008.5	3,015.9	3,022.2	3,042.4	3,050.4	3,053.9	3,060.5	3,062.3
Washington	2,286.7	2,285.4	2,290.6	2,293.2	2,300.9	2,301.5	2,312.9	2,319.4	2,338.6	2,345.4	2,350.6	2,347.4	2,352.4
West Virginia	661.1	665.7	669.7	682.9	672.9	670.9	677.0	678.2	682.0	695.2	685.7	683.7	685.3
Wisconsin	2,452.5	2,463.9	2,467.0	2,471.4	2,478.1	2,492.2	2,493.6	2,498.3	2,505.1	2,516.9	2,520.3	2,526.4	2,524.1
Wyoming	214.8	215.1	215.5	216.0	216.1	217.1	218.4	217.6	218.3	218.7	218.7	219.9	220.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
	Construction												
Alabama	81.0	81.6	82.0	81.6	82.1	82.5	82.4	83.7	82.4	83.2	83.6	85.3	84.7
Alaska	12.9	13.0	12.6	12.2	11.9	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.7	13.3	13.1	13.3	13.2
Arizona	104.1	104.6	106.0	106.2	107.4	108.5	109.5	111.0	114.0	115.0	115.8	116.6	116.8
Arkansas	39.9	40.9	41.4	41.5	41.5	42.1	42.6	43.2	43.9	44.3	44.9	44.4	44.4
California	457.7	459.5	461.1	460.6	463.5	466.1	468.3	472.7	474.1	474.3	476.5	453.8	488.9
Colorado	93.6	94.5	95.3	95.8	97.6	97.0	97.7	98.1	98.3	99.4	100.5	101.5	100.8
Connecticut	47.9	47.9	50.0	49.6	49.2	48.9	49.3	49.4	49.8	49.8	50.4	52.6	52.3
Delaware	16.6	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.9	17.5	17.4	17.6	17.6	17.8	17.9	17.6	17.5
District of Columbia	8.6	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.3	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.3
Florida	291.2	293.5	293.5	294.3	295.7	300.6	302.0	303.4	303.5	304.9	304.9	308.5	307.4
Georgia	135.4	137.8	138.6	138.9	139.7	137.4	141.9	144.2	142.9	147.4	148.2	150.7	147.8
Hawaii ²	29.7	29.7	29.6	29.4	29.2	29.0	29.2	29.2	29.1	29.1	28.7	27.8	27.2
Idaho	27.3	28.1	28.9	29.1	29.7	30.0	30.1	30.4	30.3	30.5	30.0	32.6	31.1
Illinois	202.5	209.2	211.7	213.2	215.5	217.5	217.1	217.7	218.4	218.5	216.3	212.1	208.4
Indiana	121.0	124.0	126.5	127.0	128.3	129.5	129.2	130.9	131.2	132.2	132.8	131.5	133.6
Iowa	50.3	52.4	53.9	53.6	53.4	53.8	53.5	53.8	53.7	54.7	54.4	57.0	57.7
Kansas	47.7	49.2	48.8	49.1	49.4	50.3	49.8	49.5	50.3	50.7	50.2	51.1	51.1
Kentucky	72.3	74.5	74.9	74.7	74.8	76.7	76.7	77.2	77.8	78.5	76.9	72.5	70.7
Louisiana	105.2	106.6	102.7	100.4	102.7	104.1	105.9	107.3	106.8	107.6	108.5	110.6	108.5
Maine	21.0	20.9	21.3	20.8	20.5	21.2	21.3	21.5	22.0	21.9	22.0	21.8	21.6
Maryland	120.5	123.4	125.4	126.3	126.8	126.4	126.5	126.9	127.4	128.5	128.8	127.3	125.1
Massachusetts	83.9	83.1	86.7	86.1	87.2	89.0	89.5	89.2	89.4	89.7	90.3	92.3	91.4
Michigan	136.3	140.5	141.9	141.2	141.4	143.9	143.5	145.4	147.7	149.5	150.8	153.4	154.2
Minnesota	79.0	80.4	80.8	80.7	81.6	81.8	81.1	80.7	80.9	80.2	80.7	81.0	80.6
Mississippi	42.5	43.6	43.7	44.0	44.6	45.1	45.4	44.5	44.7	45.0	45.5	48.4	47.7
Missouri	107.0	109.6	110.8	112.2	112.9	113.3	112.8	113.5	112.5	112.1	112.7	115.6	116.2
Montana	13.9	14.3	14.5	14.9	15.0	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.7	15.6	15.2	16.1	15.7
Nebraska	31.9	32.9	33.8	33.5	33.6	33.6	33.6	33.8	33.6	33.8	33.2	32.8	33.1
Nevada	52.2	53.2	54.1	54.9	55.5	56.6	57.2	56.6	56.4	56.8	57.4	56.1	56.6
New Hampshire	17.5	17.6	18.0	17.9	18.1	18.2	17.8	18.2	18.6	19.3	19.9	20.4	21.1
New Jersey	112.9	115.9	122.1	123.1	123.9	124.3	125.1	124.7	124.6	125.5	125.1	126.9	126.2
New Mexico	40.5	40.5	40.8	40.3	40.6	41.7	42.0	42.7	43.0	43.9	44.3	45.3	46.1
New York	241.8	243.1	246.8	249.3	249.6	251.1	252.4	254.6	256.6	257.5	256.8	257.3	257.3
North Carolina	161.2	163.7	165.0	165.4	166.4	167.5	167.9	168.7	169.5	170.6	171.6	171.7	170.6
North Dakota	12.3	12.6	12.7	12.6	12.9	12.9	13.0	13.2	13.4	13.5	13.2	13.2	13.0
Ohio	196.5	200.8	203.3	206.7	207.5	206.3	206.5	206.9	208.1	210.1	211.2	213.9	214.2
Oklahoma	45.9	45.9	46.4	46.6	46.8	47.4	47.5	48.2	49.0	49.3	49.4	49.7	48.6
Oregon	58.6	59.1	60.0	60.7	61.0	61.9	62.5	64.1	64.9	65.0	65.9	65.3	66.1
Pennsylvania	195.5	197.6	201.6	203.3	203.8	204.7	204.7	205.4	205.4	206.4	206.9	206.9	206.0
Rhode Island	12.7	12.6	13.4	13.2	13.4	13.1	13.2	13.0	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.7	13.2
South Carolina	84.2	84.9	84.4	83.9	83.6	85.1	84.4	84.4	84.2	84.4	84.9	84.9	83.6
South Dakota	13.3	13.7	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.8	14.3
Tennessee	98.1	101.2	101.4	101.1	101.4	101.3	100.8	101.1	101.8	103.5	103.2	105.5	105.1
Texas	371.9	373.4	376.2	374.0	376.3	381.9	383.7	386.9	389.6	392.8	396.5	403.2	402.1
Utah	44.9	45.8	46.4	47.1	48.4	48.4	49.1	50.1	50.5	50.6	50.3	50.9	51.4
Vermont	11.9	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.8	11.8	11.6	11.7	12.2	12.1	11.8	11.7	12.0
Virginia	157.9	160.8	162.7	163.2	164.0	164.4	164.9	165.4	166.1	166.8	168.1	170.1	168.9
Washington	122.7	122.7	123.5	123.5	124.0	123.9	124.4	124.9	126.2	125.7	125.8	125.4	124.6
West Virginia	32.5	33.7	35.6	35.4	35.4	34.5	34.7	35.4	35.4	36.2	36.3	35.5	35.3
Wisconsin	94.1	97.1	98.1	98.4	99.0	98.8	98.3	99.2	101.2	100.7	100.7	99.3	96.3
Wyoming	13.3	13.5	13.9	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.8	13.9	13.9	14.2	14.6	14.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
	Manufacturing												
Alabama	382.8	384.4	383.5	384.6	385.0	384.5	387.5	388.1	389.2	389.5	390.0	390.4	390.1
Alaska	17.9	16.7	14.8	15.8	16.8	16.5	17.1	17.4	16.9	16.0	15.4	16.9	18.4
Arizona	187.2	188.1	191.1	191.8	193.3	193.4	194.4	195.3	196.5	196.6	196.3	197.7	198.8
Arkansas	249.0	248.9	251.0	252.1	253.2	254.6	256.5	258.3	259.4	260.4	261.0	262.6	263.4
California	1,765.1	1,771.2	1,773.1	1,773.4	1,773.4	1,776.4	1,775.0	1,775.1	1,771.6	1,769.2	1,770.5	1,767.2	1,774.1
Colorado	188.0	188.4	189.1	189.9	190.5	191.8	191.6	192.1	193.1	194.0	194.8	193.9	194.9
Connecticut	286.7	286.7	285.4	285.9	285.3	285.5	284.7	283.8	284.1	283.2	282.7	282.6	282.1
Delaware	64.4	64.5	64.3	64.1	63.6	61.2	63.7	63.7	63.7	63.2	63.2	63.0	63.2
District of Columbia	13.3	13.4	13.1	13.1	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.2
Florida	484.0	483.8	483.1	482.7	483.6	484.6	484.0	484.1	484.7	484.7	485.2	485.8	486.4
Georgia	570.7	571.0	572.5	573.1	574.8	574.0	580.3	580.3	582.7	584.5	586.4	586.3	588.1
Hawaii	18.0	18.0	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.6	17.6	17.6	17.5	17.3	17.3	17.1	17.1
Idaho	70.7	71.4	71.6	71.9	71.9	72.0	72.2	72.6	73.8	73.7	74.3	75.0	74.5
Illinois	947.2	951.0	953.8	956.0	959.9	952.3	952.3	953.2	954.2	953.8	953.8	956.1	957.0
Indiana	656.1	658.2	659.1	660.6	661.3	656.8	664.1	665.4	671.9	671.9	675.7	678.6	682.1
Iowa	241.4	242.4	243.5	243.9	245.5	247.0	245.6	247.0	247.0	247.9	248.9	249.1	250.7
Kansas	185.3	186.0	187.2	188.0	189.4	188.1	187.7	189.8	191.5	191.7	191.8	191.9	192.8
Kentucky	299.2	300.9	302.8	303.5	305.3	305.6	305.6	306.7	307.3	308.7	309.5	310.7	312.3
Louisiana	185.2	185.8	185.9	186.5	187.0	187.9	188.3	188.6	190.1	190.7	191.5	191.6	191.1
Maine	91.5	91.5	91.5	91.4	91.4	91.7	91.7	91.8	92.1	92.4	92.8	93.2	92.9
Maryland	179.2	179.3	179.1	179.2	179.3	179.5	178.0	178.8	178.9	179.0	178.6	178.7	178.7
Massachusetts	449.2	449.2	449.0	448.6	448.4	450.9	450.2	448.7	447.8	447.6	447.8	447.9	449.1
Michigan	940.3	945.0	943.9	942.1	950.0	949.8	955.2	957.5	963.1	964.4	964.9	977.4	977.3
Minnesota	411.8	412.8	413.2	414.2	415.5	417.7	417.8	417.5	418.6	420.3	420.6	422.6	423.5
Mississippi	259.3	259.8	259.3	260.1	261.0	261.8	262.4	261.3	261.5	261.6	261.2	258.6	258.6
Missouri	411.8	412.4	412.7	411.8	411.7	413.8	419.4	419.9	421.7	421.9	421.8	422.8	423.6
Montana	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9	23.0	23.2	23.2	23.3	23.4	23.5	23.6	23.7	23.7
Nebraska	107.2	107.5	108.1	108.1	108.8	109.1	109.2	109.3	109.9	111.3	111.8	111.9	112.3
Nevada	31.6	32.0	33.0	33.2	33.4	33.8	34.3	34.7	35.0	35.0	35.2	34.8	35.0
New Hampshire	99.9	100.6	100.5	100.5	100.8	101.5	100.8	100.7	100.8	101.3	101.3	101.1	100.9
New Jersey	510.6	510.4	511.4	510.4	509.6	510.8	512.2	509.5	508.5	508.6	507.3	507.2	507.6
New Mexico	44.2	44.4	44.7	44.7	44.8	45.3	46.0	46.1	45.8	45.8	46.0	46.4	46.3
New York	962.4	960.3	958.3	955.9	953.5	957.6	954.8	950.4	948.6	946.4	944.3	949.7	948.6
North Carolina	856.0	858.1	856.2	857.3	857.4	860.2	861.3	861.0	862.5	863.0	864.4	868.2	870.4
North Dakota	20.6	20.7	21.0	21.1	21.4	21.1	21.6	21.7	21.6	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.8
Ohio	1,061.8	1,063.9	1,063.3	1,064.6	1,066.5	1,063.9	1,073.6	1,073.7	1,080.5	1,080.0	1,086.5	1,088.3	1,093.9
Oklahoma	170.6	171.1	170.7	171.0	171.3	171.8	170.3	170.8	171.7	171.8	172.2	173.4	173.3
Oregon	218.0	219.0	219.9	220.0	221.4	221.4	220.1	220.2	221.7	223.3	224.5	225.7	225.4
Pennsylvania	938.9	940.9	940.4	940.6	942.6	944.8	944.3	942.0	945.5	946.6	948.1	947.1	946.3
Rhode Island	87.7	87.9	87.8	87.5	87.4	87.4	87.2	86.8	86.5	86.6	86.7	87.2	86.4
South Carolina	377.3	376.9	375.5	375.5	376.6	377.7	376.4	376.5	376.4	375.9	375.1	374.2	375.3
South Dakota	42.1	42.5	42.7	43.1	43.5	43.9	44.1	44.6	45.0	45.3	45.6	45.8	46.3
Tennessee	536.4	536.5	536.6	537.3	539.1	540.6	539.8	540.1	539.7	540.2	541.3	542.4	540.7
Texas	997.9	999.5	1,002.7	1,005.1	1,007.1	1,011.5	1,012.0	1,013.1	1,014.7	1,015.9	1,017.2	1,018.8	1,022.9
Utah	113.7	114.3	115.1	115.7	116.1	117.1	117.2	117.7	118.8	119.3	119.7	120.1	119.7
Vermont	43.5	43.9	43.9	43.9	43.8	44.0	44.0	44.3	44.3	44.2	44.2	44.3	44.3
Virginia	404.7	405.4	404.5	404.8	404.1	404.6	403.1	403.9	406.3	406.6	406.1	404.7	405.2
Washington	336.6	336.2	336.8	336.0	336.3	336.1	336.9	337.1	338.5	339.8	340.2	341.9	342.6
West Virginia	81.6	81.4	81.6	81.5	81.5	81.5	81.5	81.8	82.4	82.7	82.9	82.6	83.0
Wisconsin	574.7	577.0	578.3	579.1	583.4	583.7	584.3	584.9	588.0	591.9	593.2	595.1	596.7
Wyoming	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.9	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994												1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^a	
	Transportation and public utilities													
Alabama	85.8	86.3	86.3	86.5	86.8	86.7	86.7	86.8	86.5	86.7	86.7	86.3	86.4	
Alaska	23.1	23.1	23.3	23.2	23.4	23.5	23.5	23.6	23.8	23.8	23.6	23.8	23.7	
Arizona	82.4	83.1	83.5	84.4	84.9	86.0	86.8	87.2	86.3	86.7	87.0	89.0	90.7	
Arkansas	57.9	58.4	58.0	58.9	59.4	59.8	60.0	60.2	60.5	60.7	61.5	61.0	61.4	
California	615.5	615.8	609.1	612.9	613.3	616.6	616.0	615.8	614.8	613.7	610.9	608.4	610.8	
Colorado	107.4	107.7	106.3	107.7	107.8	108.3	107.8	107.2	106.9	106.7	106.8	106.9	107.1	
Connecticut	70.3	69.8	70.1	70.0	70.0	70.5	70.5	70.4	70.5	70.6	70.6	70.6	71.1	
Delaware	15.2	15.2	15.1	15.2	15.1	15.2	15.5	15.4	15.7	15.6	15.8	15.3	15.8	
District of Columbia	21.1	21.1	21.1	21.0	21.2	20.9	21.1	21.0	20.9	21.0	21.0	20.4	20.5	
Florida	293.3	293.9	295.0	296.2	295.2	294.4	295.9	296.5	296.8	297.5	299.0	299.4	299.5	
Georgia	209.2	210.1	209.3	212.1	212.5	212.3	212.8	210.2	210.1	210.0	209.8	208.3	208.6	
Hawaii	41.9	42.2	42.1	42.1	42.0	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.6	41.7	
Idaho	21.4	21.5	21.4	21.7	22.0	22.0	22.1	22.3	22.5	22.5	22.5	23.0	22.8	
Illinois	315.4	316.1	315.9	315.1	317.7	316.9	316.7	317.3	318.2	318.9	319.1	319.4	319.6	
Indiana	136.9	137.5	136.3	137.7	137.9	138.6	138.4	138.2	138.0	138.2	137.3	136.1	136.4	
Iowa	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.7	58.7	59.1	58.8	59.2	60.0	60.0	59.7	59.6	59.6	
Kansas	67.5	67.4	67.4	67.8	67.8	68.1	68.3	68.5	69.2	69.4	69.3	69.7	70.2	
Kentucky	86.9	87.3	87.6	88.3	88.6	89.6	89.5	89.5	89.9	90.5	90.6	88.7	89.8	
Louisiana	110.0	110.3	110.9	110.4	110.5	111.2	111.7	111.5	113.1	113.2	114.0	115.9	114.5	
Maine	22.6	22.6	22.7	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.5	22.8	23.3	22.9	22.9	22.7	22.7	
Maryland	102.0	102.7	102.6	103.4	103.6	104.4	104.5	104.3	104.0	103.4	103.1	104.2	105.0	
Massachusetts	126.4	126.5	125.4	126.8	126.7	127.9	127.7	127.5	127.8	127.2	127.1	126.5	126.0	
Michigan	161.2	161.7	157.4	163.6	163.3	162.8	162.8	163.7	164.1	164.4	164.6	166.3	165.9	
Minnesota	112.5	112.3	111.9	113.4	113.8	114.5	113.1	115.2	115.3	115.5	115.9	116.7	116.4	
Mississippi	47.6	47.8	47.5	48.4	48.7	48.4	48.5	48.2	48.0	48.8	47.9	48.3	48.4	
Missouri	154.3	154.7	153.2	155.1	156.1	156.3	157.2	156.7	157.0	157.1	157.4	158.2	157.7	
Montana	20.4	20.5	20.5	20.8	20.9	20.8	20.8	20.9	21.0	21.0	21.1	20.8	20.9	
Nebraska	47.8	48.0	47.3	47.9	48.2	48.0	48.3	48.5	49.0	49.1	49.5	49.4	49.2	
Nevada	36.8	37.1	37.1	37.3	37.7	38.1	38.5	38.6	38.9	39.1	38.9	39.1	39.0	
New Hampshire	18.8	18.8	19.0	19.0	18.9	18.8	18.7	18.7	18.8	18.9	18.8	19.0	19.1	
New Jersey	240.3	241.6	239.9	243.0	243.5	244.3	245.1	244.8	245.1	245.1	244.7	245.4	248.0	
New Mexico	29.5	29.3	28.7	30.2	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.1	30.1	30.6	30.6	30.6	30.8	
New York	404.1	404.2	400.0	403.9	403.2	399.7	399.2	399.5	398.4	397.6	397.3	395.4	395.5	
North Carolina	161.3	161.7	160.1	161.4	161.7	162.4	161.8	161.1	160.9	161.1	160.6	160.3	159.7	
North Dakota	18.4	18.5	18.3	18.4	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.8	19.1	19.1	19.2	19.0	19.2	
Ohio	220.1	220.9	214.8	223.8	224.1	224.3	223.7	224.0	224.7	224.9	225.3	225.2	226.7	
Oklahoma	72.6	72.7	72.7	73.1	73.1	73.3	73.1	73.1	72.9	73.5	74.1	73.5	73.3	
Oregon	68.0	68.3	67.7	68.6	68.9	68.8	69.2	69.1	69.2	69.1	70.3	69.9	69.5	
Pennsylvania	270.7	271.6	268.9	272.9	274.1	273.6	273.1	273.4	274.2	274.0	273.0	270.9	271.8	
Rhode Island	14.7	14.7	14.9	14.5	14.8	14.8	14.9	14.8	14.8	14.6	14.6	14.5	14.6	
South Carolina	68.1	69.1	68.9	70.3	70.6	70.4	70.4	70.2	70.4	70.3	70.4	70.4	71.0	
South Dakota	15.1	15.4	15.5	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.6	15.8	15.9	15.9	15.9	16.1	
Tennessee	130.5	131.5	127.2	130.5	135.8	136.0	136.1	136.0	135.9	135.9	135.9	137.0	137.2	
Texas	451.7	452.9	451.5	454.9	456.6	458.1	460.0	461.9	465.0	468.8	471.9	468.9	470.1	
Utah	48.7	48.9	48.1	49.0	49.4	49.4	49.9	50.0	50.1	50.6	50.8	51.1	51.2	
Vermont	11.4	11.6	11.4	11.5	11.4	11.5	11.4	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.5	11.6	
Virginia	151.3	152.0	150.4	151.3	151.0	153.1	152.9	153.0	155.3	155.6	155.4	155.7	156.6	
Washington	114.7	115.3	114.5	115.5	118.0	116.5	117.5	117.7	118.8	119.1	119.3	118.6	119.0	
West Virginia	39.3	39.5	39.6	39.6	39.8	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.2	40.3	40.5	40.9	41.2	
Wisconsin	115.2	115.3	111.9	114.9	114.8	115.9	115.6	116.6	116.8	116.8	117.3	117.5	117.6	
Wyoming	14.0	14.1	13.8	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.2	

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
	Wholesale and retail trade												
Alabama	387.2	388.9	389.2	389.6	391.2	394.3	394.7	395.9	397.2	397.3	400.9	402.5	402.5
Alaska	51.6	52.2	52.5	52.9	53.1	53.1	53.6	53.7	53.7	54.0	54.2	54.1	54.0
Arizona	400.1	404.0	405.7	407.5	408.5	412.9	415.3	416.1	420.2	422.8	425.3	420.6	424.2
Arkansas	226.6	228.6	229.3	230.5	231.8	234.3	235.4	236.4	237.5	239.1	239.3	240.3	241.2
California	2,818.4	2,828.1	2,824.0	2,827.5	2,828.0	2,822.1	2,823.1	2,823.6	2,822.0	2,826.1	2,831.9	2,818.0	2,830.6
Colorado	417.5	419.4	422.6	423.2	426.0	429.2	429.6	431.6	433.1	435.6	436.7	444.9	445.0
Connecticut	330.8	331.8	335.2	335.3	336.7	336.3	336.8	336.9	337.6	336.2	335.3	332.9	331.6
Delaware	77.3	77.9	77.6	78.2	78.5	79.1	79.1	79.1	78.8	78.6	78.7	79.0	78.6
District of Columbia	52.3	52.5	53.0	52.7	52.7	52.9	52.5	52.7	52.9	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1
Florida	1,486.0	1,491.4	1,495.0	1,498.4	1,502.6	1,505.0	1,511.9	1,516.5	1,523.9	1,528.4	1,536.8	1,532.9	1,542.5
Georgia	800.8	804.1	806.1	808.3	812.4	815.9	817.8	821.9	825.4	829.4	834.2	838.6	847.6
Hawaii	132.4	132.3	132.4	132.0	132.1	132.3	132.9	133.5	133.3	135.0	135.6	135.3	134.6
Idaho	114.0	114.9	115.5	116.1	117.1	117.2	117.6	118.0	118.8	119.8	119.5	123.5	119.8
Illinois	1,264.0	1,268.3	1,268.1	1,265.9	1,279.6	1,277.3	1,276.0	1,279.1	1,287.6	1,293.8	1,298.3	1,299.8	1,298.3
Indiana	631.7	635.8	637.1	640.2	645.2	646.7	648.0	650.0	653.7	660.0	664.4	663.6	666.2
Iowa	325.6	326.9	328.2	328.5	329.2	335.7	334.8	335.0	333.0	333.9	335.6	332.0	332.3
Kansas	279.6	281.8	280.2	280.9	282.6	282.6	283.9	284.6	285.5	285.8	286.4	287.0	288.8
Kentucky	373.2	376.5	375.4	376.5	378.0	380.8	382.1	383.2	384.5	385.8	386.9	382.2	384.4
Louisiana	394.1	396.0	395.6	395.6	397.0	399.8	402.3	405.4	407.9	410.9	415.1	411.2	414.8
Maine	133.5	133.4	133.5	133.5	134.0	136.6	137.0	136.6	135.4	135.4	136.2	136.7	137.5
Maryland	505.9	509.3	513.1	512.1	513.1	515.3	515.4	516.1	518.2	518.6	521.8	516.6	516.5
Massachusetts	658.8	661.0	661.8	662.1	664.6	671.1	674.9	676.6	677.6	677.4	674.3	675.6	676.6
Michigan	961.5	965.2	968.8	969.4	971.7	970.7	969.8	972.5	971.1	978.1	979.7	985.2	990.1
Minnesota	552.3	553.7	555.8	557.9	559.5	560.2	560.9	561.8	563.9	565.5	566.9	568.6	570.7
Mississippi	215.7	217.3	217.4	218.3	219.5	219.3	219.8	219.5	218.7	220.2	220.4	221.6	220.2
Missouri	580.0	582.2	583.7	584.9	586.1	587.6	587.1	593.2	598.7	600.9	604.3	605.3	610.3
Montana	90.6	90.8	91.9	91.8	92.2	93.4	93.9	94.3	94.4	94.4	95.0	94.7	95.1
Nebraska	196.6	196.6	196.9	197.3	197.8	200.8	198.2	199.3	201.4	201.9	202.3	201.2	203.7
Nevada	139.8	141.0	142.7	143.4	143.8	144.6	145.8	146.4	146.6	148.0	148.9	150.1	150.3
New Hampshire	132.4	132.9	134.1	133.8	134.4	135.7	134.4	135.6	135.5	136.0	135.5	136.8	137.1
New Jersey	818.1	825.1	829.3	833.1	835.1	835.6	837.9	840.7	844.3	846.6	850.2	846.2	851.5
New Mexico	153.1	153.5	154.0	154.7	155.5	156.4	156.7	157.8	159.1	160.2	160.5	161.0	162.0
New York	1,565.1	1,569.7	1,577.4	1,574.4	1,578.7	1,579.5	1,583.4	1,584.1	1,585.8	1,585.1	1,585.1	1,592.0	1,588.5
North Carolina	753.4	756.2	757.1	757.1	760.8	767.9	769.6	771.3	773.3	775.6	778.5	777.0	779.6
North Dakota	75.4	75.6	76.4	76.5	76.6	76.8	77.2	77.1	77.1	77.6	77.8	77.5	77.5
Ohio	1,214.8	1,221.7	1,222.6	1,224.0	1,226.1	1,228.6	1,228.7	1,229.0	1,231.5	1,232.1	1,232.2	1,236.2	1,240.7
Oklahoma	297.5	297.8	299.2	299.5	299.5	301.8	302.2	302.3	304.2	306.7	308.1	306.5	306.2
Oregon	338.3	338.7	339.9	340.8	341.5	343.0	344.3	344.4	346.2	350.1	350.0	352.4	353.5
Pennsylvania	1,156.2	1,161.7	1,163.1	1,166.3	1,167.4	1,165.6	1,169.3	1,169.4	1,174.7	1,175.0	1,177.9	1,176.3	1,171.5
Rhode Island	93.6	94.3	94.8	94.9	95.0	94.4	95.2	95.0	97.0	97.0	97.3	96.7	96.7
South Carolina	361.7	363.2	363.8	362.9	365.2	367.2	367.8	368.5	369.3	370.7	372.3	370.6	371.0
South Dakota	83.5	83.9	84.0	84.1	84.2	85.2	84.8	84.9	86.0	86.3	86.6	87.2	88.0
Tennessee	552.7	555.6	556.8	559.3	563.1	566.7	567.7	569.2	572.0	574.8	579.0	579.6	583.5
Texas	1,844.3	1,851.4	1,864.4	1,868.5	1,874.2	1,879.3	1,887.8	1,893.4	1,896.6	1,902.8	1,914.2	1,903.5	1,909.9
Utah	200.7	201.4	203.0	204.0	205.1	206.8	207.9	209.1	210.2	211.5	212.4	212.4	212.8
Vermont	62.0	62.2	62.1	62.7	62.9	62.6	62.8	62.9	63.2	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.4
Virginia	662.6	667.4	671.4	671.6	674.7	676.9	679.3	683.1	688.4	689.3	692.0	695.5	694.0
Washington	558.8	558.4	559.4	561.0	563.1	563.8	567.0	569.4	574.2	576.7	578.9	578.2	580.0
West Virginia	151.1	152.4	153.1	153.7	154.1	153.8	154.8	156.0	157.6	158.0	158.8	158.9	159.6
Wisconsin	563.2	564.8	566.2	566.5	567.7	570.9	570.7	574.2	575.6	579.6	581.7	582.2	583.1
Wyoming	49.5	49.5	49.6	49.8	49.9	50.2	50.5	50.7	50.9	50.9	51.1	51.4	51.3

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
	Finance, insurance, and real estate												
Alabama	76.7	77.0	77.0	77.1	77.2	76.9	77.0	76.9	77.0	77.3	77.5	77.3	77.3
Alaska	11.8	11.8	12.0	12.0	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.2	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.8	11.8
Arizona	109.1	109.4	110.0	110.5	111.0	111.5	111.9	112.1	111.7	111.5	112.6	112.7	111.3
Arkansas	41.4	41.6	41.6	41.7	41.8	41.9	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.2	42.3	42.3	42.4
California	802.6	803.0	798.0	794.9	790.4	788.9	786.4	783.3	780.6	778.9	776.5	774.3	775.0
Colorado	110.3	110.6	110.5	110.6	110.7	110.6	110.5	110.4	110.4	110.6	111.0	110.8	110.4
Connecticut	137.2	136.7	137.5	137.1	136.4	134.6	134.6	134.6	135.0	135.2	135.2	134.3	134.6
Delaware	38.2	38.3	38.5	38.7	39.1	39.2	39.3	39.6	39.8	40.1	40.2	40.3	40.5
District of Columbia	31.0	31.0	31.5	31.3	31.3	31.4	31.4	31.3	31.0	31.1	31.1	30.9	31.3
Florida	373.6	374.7	374.4	374.2	374.7	377.0	377.2	378.3	379.5	379.1	379.2	380.3	380.5
Georgia	171.1	171.6	172.5	172.9	173.5	173.2	173.2	173.7	173.9	175.0	175.1	175.4	175.4
Hawaii	39.0	39.0	38.8	38.7	38.7	38.4	38.2	38.4	38.3	38.3	38.2	38.0	37.7
Idaho	23.7	23.9	24.0	24.3	24.2	24.2	24.2	24.3	24.3	24.4	24.5	24.7	24.4
Illinois	392.5	393.6	394.6	394.0	395.0	395.5	395.0	394.6	394.9	395.1	395.3	395.3	396.1
Indiana	131.2	131.6	131.9	131.8	132.2	131.6	131.4	130.5	130.9	129.9	129.1	128.4	129.0
Iowa	75.9	76.1	76.2	76.4	76.5	76.7	76.7	77.0	77.3	77.4	77.7	77.9	77.9
Kansas	58.7	58.8	58.8	58.7	58.7	58.8	58.8	58.8	58.7	58.7	58.6	58.4	58.3
Kentucky	63.3	63.4	63.9	64.1	64.5	65.2	65.3	65.2	65.0	64.9	64.7	63.6	63.5
Louisiana	79.4	79.7	79.8	79.9	80.0	80.3	80.5	80.6	80.7	80.8	80.8	81.0	81.1
Maine	26.2	26.4	26.4	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.7	26.8	26.8	26.9	26.8	26.7
Maryland	135.3	135.7	135.4	135.6	134.8	134.4	133.7	133.4	133.3	132.9	132.7	132.3	132.2
Massachusetts	207.0	207.6	207.8	208.0	208.4	209.6	209.8	209.8	209.7	209.7	209.6	209.8	209.6
Michigan	197.5	197.7	197.5	197.4	198.0	198.2	197.0	196.4	195.9	195.5	195.2	195.7	194.6
Minnesota	140.3	140.4	141.5	141.1	140.2	139.9	139.9	139.7	139.6	139.4	139.4	138.4	138.6
Mississippi	39.8	40.0	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.4	39.6	39.3	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.1	39.3
Missouri	146.6	147.0	146.5	146.3	146.1	147.8	147.2	147.0	147.4	147.3	147.7	147.1	147.2
Montana	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.7	15.7	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.9
Nebraska	51.4	51.4	51.3	51.4	51.3	51.5	51.4	51.6	51.8	51.9	52.0	51.9	52.1
Nevada	33.2	33.6	34.1	34.3	34.3	34.2	34.5	34.5	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.4	34.6
New Hampshire	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.4	29.5	29.5	29.4	29.5	29.2	29.4	29.2
New Jersey	231.3	231.6	231.9	231.5	231.9	231.0	230.7	231.4	231.8	231.1	231.1	231.3	231.8
New Mexico	29.2	29.2	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.3	29.5	29.8	30.3	30.5	30.7	30.8	30.9
New York	737.7	737.3	738.5	737.9	739.7	739.3	738.8	738.8	738.2	737.3	737.3	735.5	734.2
North Carolina	139.6	140.3	141.9	142.0	142.6	143.3	143.6	144.0	144.0	144.2	144.4	144.8	145.0
North Dakota	13.7	13.8	13.9	14.0	13.9	14.0	14.0	13.9	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1
Ohio	268.8	270.1	270.3	270.0	270.3	271.0	270.9	271.0	271.4	271.6	271.3	271.2	271.5
Oklahoma	63.9	64.1	64.1	64.0	63.9	64.3	64.2	64.3	64.1	64.2	64.5	64.4	64.2
Oregon	88.5	89.0	89.1	89.1	88.8	89.0	89.4	88.6	88.7	88.7	89.1	88.5	88.7
Pennsylvania	308.0	308.6	310.3	310.7	310.6	310.3	310.5	311.2	310.8	311.3	311.7	312.6	312.0
Rhode Island	25.7	25.4	25.8	25.7	25.7	25.5	25.6	25.4	25.1	25.2	25.2	25.5	25.6
South Carolina	67.8	68.0	68.3	68.5	68.9	68.7	68.8	68.9	69.1	69.2	69.0	68.7	68.7
South Dakota	18.1	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.3	18.4	18.5	18.5
Tennessee	107.5	107.9	107.5	108.1	108.4	108.7	109.0	109.0	109.1	109.2	109.2	109.3	109.5
Texas	437.0	437.9	441.1	441.0	441.0	443.0	443.7	444.7	445.7	446.6	447.6	445.7	445.1
Utah	45.6	46.1	46.0	45.9	46.0	46.1	46.2	46.3	46.4	46.9	47.5	47.6	47.8
Vermont	12.1	12.2	12.1	12.2	12.1	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.3
Virginia	163.3	164.4	164.0	164.5	164.5	164.4	164.4	164.5	165.6	165.7	166.4	166.1	165.8
Washington	126.2	125.9	125.6	125.4	125.3	124.6	124.4	123.9	123.5	123.4	123.2	122.7	122.7
West Virginia	25.4	25.5	25.7	25.8	25.7	25.8	25.9	26.0	26.1	26.0	25.9	26.1	26.2
Wisconsin	133.4	133.6	134.2	134.2	133.9	134.3	134.6	134.7	134.8	135.2	135.6	135.9	136.3
Wyoming	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
	Services												
Alabama	369.3	371.5	372.3	372.7	374.4	374.1	375.1	376.3	376.4	376.7	377.3	376.5	377.1
Alaska	56.7	57.1	57.3	57.5	57.8	58.2	58.7	59.2	59.4	59.3	59.4	59.0	59.4
Arizona	467.7	470.7	472.8	473.5	477.8	481.9	485.3	485.4	488.5	489.5	493.8	495.6	500.0
Arkansas	223.6	225.5	227.6	227.3	227.6	229.7	230.4	231.8	233.0	233.1	232.5	233.3	234.1
California	3,504.6	3,525.2	3,530.9	3,542.2	3,549.9	3,555.0	3,564.1	3,575.8	3,577.9	3,588.2	3,594.0	3,595.3	3,623.3
Colorado	489.7	492.7	496.5	501.1	504.5	508.7	508.5	508.8	509.0	509.0	513.0	517.8	518.9
Connecticut	441.0	443.3	448.1	448.1	449.8	450.5	452.4	453.5	456.2	456.0	456.4	452.7	453.4
Delaware	89.3	89.5	90.4	90.4	91.2	92.0	92.4	92.3	91.3	92.3	92.3	91.6	92.8
District of Columbia	257.5	257.4	258.2	258.8	260.4	259.9	261.0	261.7	262.6	261.2	261.5	260.1	258.2
Florida	1,871.3	1,880.8	1,900.1	1,911.7	1,923.4	1,936.7	1,943.7	1,954.0	1,960.1	1,967.4	1,975.0	1,987.4	1,995.4
Georgia	756.2	762.0	764.6	768.2	773.2	779.6	785.6	792.1	797.2	809.0	814.2	814.6	817.9
Hawaii	162.4	163.1	163.4	163.5	163.6	163.9	163.3	164.0	164.9	164.8	165.0	165.1	165.6
Idaho	100.3	100.6	101.4	102.0	102.7	103.6	104.3	104.4	104.8	104.8	105.7	107.4	106.7
Illinois	1,488.4	1,494.4	1,500.5	1,503.5	1,512.9	1,526.2	1,526.4	1,530.4	1,534.8	1,537.4	1,539.6	1,544.2	1,548.4
Indiana	603.3	607.7	607.9	609.1	609.3	612.5	610.9	612.3	618.2	618.8	621.7	617.7	621.8
Iowa	321.4	322.9	324.0	325.1	327.8	329.7	329.9	329.4	330.1	330.8	331.7	332.7	333.3
Kansas	271.1	272.9	274.2	274.6	276.5	278.1	279.0	279.9	282.0	282.4	282.9	282.1	282.8
Kentucky	370.2	373.0	374.9	377.5	378.6	381.6	382.0	384.4	381.9	381.8	381.9	380.3	383.1
Louisiana	432.8	436.5	435.1	438.8	442.1	448.4	449.4	452.1	456.5	461.2	463.2	466.4	467.1
Maine	138.7	139.8	139.9	140.7	140.5	141.9	142.6	142.7	142.9	143.2	143.6	146.1	146.9
Maryland	654.5	661.0	664.5	666.7	670.7	672.6	671.7	674.1	673.9	673.7	673.6	676.1	674.7
Massachusetts	959.5	964.7	967.1	966.8	969.4	976.9	981.8	987.1	989.3	992.3	996.0	987.7	994.0
Michigan	1,055.0	1,059.1	1,062.0	1,065.4	1,069.8	1,078.8	1,083.1	1,086.1	1,089.3	1,090.9	1,095.1	1,098.0	1,103.4
Minnesota	627.3	630.1	631.3	633.2	636.2	638.4	639.1	640.3	643.3	645.3	646.6	644.9	649.7
Mississippi	214.3	217.1	219.1	222.0	225.2	227.2	225.0	222.4	221.2	220.2	221.8	216.3	217.7
Missouri	653.9	656.7	656.4	657.7	663.7	669.7	670.5	672.3	675.8	677.1	679.2	674.0	680.3
Montana	89.8	90.4	90.7	91.1	91.3	92.7	92.7	93.1	93.4	93.5	93.6	94.2	94.5
Nebraska	197.9	198.6	200.1	200.5	202.1	202.0	203.5	203.5	203.9	204.3	205.3	207.2	208.8
Nevada	318.2	319.7	322.1	323.9	327.5	328.1	332.8	334.9	335.5	336.3	337.5	337.5	340.1
New Hampshire	141.9	142.3	143.1	143.3	144.2	146.2	146.4	146.0	146.4	147.1	146.9	146.0	146.6
New Jersey	1,018.7	1,027.7	1,037.7	1,038.2	1,041.4	1,043.2	1,047.1	1,049.3	1,049.1	1,049.6	1,052.5	1,053.5	1,057.1
New Mexico	172.3	173.1	174.1	174.7	175.4	176.8	177.3	179.5	181.7	182.5	182.7	184.0	184.1
New York	2,434.4	2,443.9	2,446.7	2,451.6	2,458.1	2,467.5	2,470.4	2,473.7	2,476.8	2,478.7	2,482.5	2,487.0	2,495.1
North Carolina	703.5	711.8	722.9	723.3	727.6	728.7	730.2	733.1	735.8	737.8	739.3	740.3	738.5
North Dakota	78.9	79.2	79.7	80.0	80.2	81.0	81.0	81.4	82.0	82.5	83.1	82.7	83.3
Ohio	1,314.2	1,321.8	1,323.6	1,325.7	1,327.3	1,328.8	1,330.6	1,332.6	1,339.2	1,342.6	1,347.4	1,348.8	1,354.9
Oklahoma	309.7	310.9	313.3	314.3	316.3	317.3	318.4	319.6	324.6	327.2	329.9	327.3	327.0
Oregon	337.3	339.1	340.7	342.3	345.0	347.9	349.8	351.2	353.6	354.5	356.5	354.7	355.3
Pennsylvania	1,538.0	1,548.2	1,555.7	1,557.0	1,561.6	1,566.8	1,570.3	1,570.8	1,573.6	1,575.4	1,573.7	1,573.0	1,581.0
Rhode Island	136.4	137.0	136.5	136.1	137.5	137.2	137.9	137.1	136.4	136.5	136.6	136.5	136.2
South Carolina	337.4	339.6	341.6	342.2	344.7	347.2	348.2	348.8	346.9	349.3	349.9	348.2	349.8
South Dakota	85.2	85.5	86.0	86.1	86.7	87.1	87.2	87.7	88.1	88.5	88.9	89.3	89.8
Tennessee	587.3	593.3	598.2	599.8	603.6	605.7	604.6	607.7	609.6	611.5	613.8	615.8	619.0
Texas	1,956.0	1,968.5	1,987.3	1,985.4	1,995.8	2,022.6	2,033.0	2,030.6	2,029.4	2,031.5	2,039.5	2,033.4	2,047.9
Utah	218.0	219.8	221.3	222.6	224.2	226.1	226.3	230.0	229.9	231.3	232.6	233.8	235.0
Vermont	75.5	76.5	76.7	76.9	76.8	76.5	76.6	76.5	77.5	77.1	77.5	76.1	76.5
Virginia	809.0	814.4	820.1	821.4	826.8	830.0	835.8	838.1	845.4	850.1	851.8	855.6	856.3
Washington	588.0	590.1	591.9	592.4	594.9	598.9	602.4	604.9	610.1	613.4	615.7	613.3	615.8
West Virginia	170.7	171.7	172.7	173.4	173.8	174.4	175.0	175.5	177.2	177.1	177.8	177.3	178.1
Wisconsin	606.2	607.8	611.1	610.1	611.9	617.8	622.9	623.1	622.5	623.4	625.4	626.3	626.7
Wyoming	44.5	44.7	44.8	45.0	45.1	45.2	45.2	45.2	45.7	45.6	45.8	46.1	46.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^o
	Government												
Alabama	343.3	343.4	345.1	343.9	348.6	340.6	341.7	346.6	344.4	357.7	343.6	343.7	344.4
Alaska	74.3	74.2	74.1	74.1	73.8	73.7	74.1	74.0	73.3	73.5	73.1	73.8	73.7
Arizona	287.2	285.6	287.3	288.3	273.0	270.0	284.7	294.5	286.2	288.7	287.8	289.7	293.8
Arkansas	170.6	170.9	171.4	171.9	172.8	174.0	175.3	172.0	173.1	173.4	173.6	173.9	174.6
California	2,085.8	2,085.7	2,088.0	2,091.6	2,093.2	2,091.3	2,097.2	2,098.3	2,104.5	2,103.8	2,103.5	2,102.5	2,098.8
Colorado	297.8	297.7	299.6	298.3	297.7	300.9	302.0	301.3	300.9	300.4	301.8	300.6	301.6
Connecticut	212.9	213.8	215.1	215.7	216.8	219.1	220.4	221.5	219.3	219.5	219.6	215.9	215.7
Delaware	50.2	50.0	50.3	50.6	50.4	50.6	51.1	50.9	50.8	50.8	50.9	50.8	51.2
District of Columbia	275.6	275.0	274.4	272.8	270.9	268.7	266.3	266.5	265.7	264.6	263.9	260.8	261.9
Florida	899.7	901.5	903.3	901.2	902.9	899.9	892.0	909.9	909.4	950.5	913.3	910.9	921.8
Georgia	559.7	559.7	563.8	561.6	562.8	562.5	562.5	562.2	570.6	571.7	571.3	569.6	572.5
Hawaii	111.9	111.9	112.0	110.3	113.2	112.0	112.1	112.3	112.4	112.3	112.3	111.4	112.0
Idaho	91.9	92.2	92.6	92.7	92.5	92.9	92.7	93.3	94.0	94.1	94.9	97.6	94.8
Illinois	777.9	781.3	778.5	780.3	779.2	786.1	790.9	787.6	787.4	787.8	785.8	779.3	785.5
Indiana	397.0	398.8	396.2	394.4	386.5	383.5	381.0	389.7	388.1	389.5	390.0	390.4	393.5
Iowa	223.8	224.5	224.5	225.4	229.0	224.8	225.8	226.6	227.2	229.9	228.0	226.7	226.2
Kansas	231.8	231.7	228.9	232.6	233.4	225.8	233.1	234.2	236.2	245.4	236.8	237.3	237.5
Kentucky	278.0	279.4	279.6	279.5	279.2	278.5	278.8	286.1	284.6	285.6	285.4	285.0	286.8
Louisiana	345.9	348.6	347.7	347.2	347.7	348.8	348.6	351.0	355.4	356.1	356.7	358.0	357.6
Maine	94.6	94.6	94.4	94.9	94.9	93.0	92.4	92.5	92.7	92.6	92.8	91.6	92.4
Maryland	417.8	419.4	419.4	418.3	418.6	419.3	419.3	422.1	422.4	423.2	423.2	422.8	422.6
Massachusetts	389.9	388.8	388.8	388.3	389.7	388.1	389.6	395.8	396.4	397.0	396.6	396.0	394.4
Michigan	636.1	638.2	637.0	637.7	634.4	636.9	637.7	640.1	639.4	645.6	641.7	638.5	643.3
Minnesota	353.0	353.8	356.0	356.8	361.5	360.0	360.7	358.7	361.2	361.5	361.4	363.6	364.1
Mississippi	212.9	213.2	213.6	213.8	214.9	219.7	222.4	218.7	219.7	220.0	220.1	220.3	221.3
Missouri	381.6	381.4	383.8	383.4	384.5	385.3	382.9	387.0	387.7	390.4	390.0	388.2	394.2
Montana	74.9	74.8	75.2	75.2	74.9	74.7	77.8	77.0	76.7	78.5	76.0	76.7	77.0
Nebraska	150.9	150.7	150.4	151.6	150.7	150.4	151.2	151.1	151.1	155.5	151.0	150.7	150.9
Nevada	90.6	91.0	91.4	91.5	90.0	92.8	93.1	94.6	93.5	95.0	94.3	94.4	94.9
New Hampshire	75.4	75.3	75.7	75.4	75.6	78.3	78.1	77.7	77.6	77.5	77.2	77.3	77.5
New Jersey	563.7	565.2	566.7	567.4	569.6	569.2	569.7	570.1	571.1	569.8	570.1	569.9	571.1
New Mexico	161.5	161.8	161.3	161.8	164.4	163.6	162.8	163.0	163.9	166.4	165.2	165.1	163.7
New York	1,426.8	1,426.4	1,426.2	1,426.0	1,421.9	1,426.3	1,424.0	1,415.4	1,412.6	1,415.7	1,408.7	1,406.8	1,405.2
North Carolina	530.2	532.8	535.1	537.3	539.0	536.9	545.5	547.0	550.3	551.7	551.5	551.7	552.5
North Dakota	67.1	67.0	67.0	67.0	66.7	67.3	67.7	68.0	67.3	67.2	67.1	66.9	67.0
Ohio	736.0	736.4	739.1	737.6	740.7	736.4	739.7	748.4	743.4	742.4	743.8	740.9	741.3
Oklahoma	268.3	269.2	269.4	269.5	271.1	271.9	271.9	271.4	270.9	271.4	272.2	268.8	268.8
Oregon	232.8	232.1	232.4	233.3	231.7	233.5	234.9	235.7	236.7	239.1	237.8	237.8	238.3
Pennsylvania	710.2	712.4	712.9	712.4	716.1	712.8	713.4	722.4	719.3	719.6	720.6	721.6	718.0
Rhode Island	61.8	61.6	61.4	61.1	61.1	61.8	61.7	61.5	61.7	62.4	61.7	61.9	62.0
South Carolina	294.6	294.1	294.7	295.5	296.8	297.7	297.4	297.4	296.4	310.1	295.0	295.4	295.3
South Dakota	67.5	67.4	67.3	67.3	67.9	67.6	66.8	67.6	67.1	68.1	67.2	67.3	67.5
Tennessee	366.8	368.4	369.3	370.7	365.4	365.9	365.7	369.1	369.6	389.8	371.6	369.6	371.9
Texas	1,393.3	1,397.7	1,404.0	1,407.7	1,413.6	1,423.9	1,434.7	1,431.0	1,431.4	1,434.6	1,436.9	1,436.1	1,437.7
Utah	160.6	160.7	161.0	160.8	161.2	161.3	160.5	161.8	162.1	161.8	161.9	162.0	162.2
Vermont	44.4	44.5	44.5	44.8	44.8	44.8	44.7	45.0	44.9	45.3	45.6	45.3	45.2
Virginia	600.0	602.5	603.3	603.0	604.4	603.2	603.5	602.4	603.7	604.7	602.5	601.3	604.1
Washington	436.4	433.5	435.5	436.0	438.0	434.4	436.9	438.1	443.7	443.8	443.9	443.9	444.3
West Virginia	133.3	134.1	133.9	145.8	134.7	132.7	136.7	135.2	134.7	146.8	135.6	135.2	134.9
Wisconsin	363.3	365.8	364.7	365.8	364.9	368.3	364.7	363.1	363.7	366.8	363.9	367.5	364.7
Wyoming	57.7	57.6	57.8	57.8	57.6	58.8	59.4	58.1	58.0	58.5	57.8	58.1	57.8

¹ Includes mining, not shown separately.
² Mining is combined with construction.
^o = preliminary.

NOTE: All data have been adjusted to March 1994 benchmarks and incorporate updated seasonal adjustment factors.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-8. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

Industry	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.6	34.4	34.6	34.9	34.6	34.6	34.8	34.5	34.5
Mining	44.4	45.0	44.5	44.8	45.4	44.7	45.0	44.8	45.0	44.7	45.0	45.0	44.6
Construction	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Manufacturing	42.1	42.2	42.1	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.1	42.1	42.2	42.2	42.1	41.9
<i>Overtime hours</i>	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.7
Durable goods	43.0	43.0	42.9	42.8	42.6	42.8	42.8	42.9	43.0	43.0	43.1	43.0	42.7
<i>Overtime hours</i>	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.1
Lumber and wood products	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.2	40.9	41.4	41.1	41.3	41.4	40.7	40.7
Furniture and fixtures	40.6	40.3	40.3	40.8	40.5	40.4	40.7	40.8	40.7	40.4	40.8	40.6	39.8
Stone, clay, and glass products	43.6	43.4	43.7	43.6	43.5	43.4	43.6	43.5	43.4	43.5	43.7	43.0	43.3
Primary metal industries	44.6	44.9	44.8	44.3	44.4	44.7	44.9	44.9	45.1	45.1	44.9	44.9	44.5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products ..	44.7	45.1	45.1	44.4	44.8	45.0	45.3	45.4	45.5	45.5	45.8	45.4	45.0
Fabricated metal products	42.8	43.0	42.8	42.6	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.8	43.1	43.1	43.3	43.1	42.8
Industrial machinery and equipment	43.9	43.9	43.8	43.8	43.6	43.4	43.7	43.7	43.8	43.7	44.1	44.1	43.7
Electronic and other electrical equipment ..	42.4	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.2	42.3	42.0	42.3	42.1	42.0	42.2	41.7	41.5
Transportation equipment	44.5	44.6	44.3	44.0	43.3	44.4	44.2	44.2	44.8	44.7	44.5	44.9	44.7
Motor vehicles and equipment	46.5	46.1	45.8	45.2	44.1	45.9	45.8	45.6	46.7	46.4	46.2	46.3	46.1
Instruments and related products	41.7	41.6	41.9	41.6	42.1	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.7	41.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.2	40.3	39.9	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.8	40.1	40.3	39.9
Nondurable goods	41.0	41.1	41.0	41.0	41.1	40.9	41.0	41.1	41.0	41.1	41.0	41.1	40.8
<i>Overtime hours</i>	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2
Food and kindred products	41.2	41.2	41.1	41.3	41.7	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.5	41.6	41.6	41.3	41.2
Tobacco products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Textile mill products	42.2	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.9	41.5	41.6	41.8	42.0	41.7
Apparel and other textile products	37.6	38.0	37.8	37.8	37.6	37.7	37.6	37.7	37.6	37.7	37.4	37.8	37.5
Paper and allied products	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.3	44.1	43.9	44.1	43.9	44.0	44.0	43.9	43.6
Printing and publishing	38.4	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.6	38.5	38.7	38.7	38.7	38.7	38.4	38.5	38.3
Chemicals and allied products	43.3	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.5	43.2	43.1	43.5	43.4	43.2	43.3	43.5	43.3
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	42.6	42.4	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.4	42.3	42.3	42.4	42.1	42.2	41.9
Leather and leather products	38.6	39.0	38.4	38.3	37.9	38.6	38.8	39.1	38.6	38.4	37.8	38.4	38.4
Transportation and public utilities	39.8	40.2	40.0	39.9	39.9	39.6	39.9	40.1	39.8	39.5	39.9	39.7	39.8
Wholesale trade	38.3	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.3	38.1	38.2	38.6	38.3	38.2	38.5	38.2	38.2
Retail trade	28.9	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	28.9	28.8	29.2	28.9	28.9	29.0	28.7	28.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Services	32.4	32.5	32.8	32.4	32.5	32.2	32.5	32.8	32.4	32.4	32.8	32.4	32.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

Industry	1994										1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	127.3	128.2	129.1	128.8	129.3	128.9	129.7	131.1	130.7	131.0	132.3	131.4	131.7
Goods-producing	106.7	107.3	107.4	107.5	107.6	107.8	108.3	108.5	109.2	109.7	110.4	109.7	109.8
Mining	54.5	54.9	54.2	55.1	55.7	55.2	55.7	55.3	55.2	54.7	55.5	55.3	54.8
Construction	131.0	132.7	134.8	134.0	135.2	134.2	136.0	134.7	137.1	138.9	140.9	136.1	139.9
Manufacturing	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.2	105.7	105.8	106.4	106.9	107.2	107.6	107.6	107.0
Durable goods	103.3	104.0	103.8	104.0	103.7	104.7	104.9	105.6	106.5	106.7	107.4	107.6	107.1
Lumber and wood products	130.4	131.3	131.6	131.7	131.3	132.0	131.0	133.3	133.4	134.3	135.1	132.3	131.9
Furniture and fixtures	124.8	123.5	124.2	126.0	125.7	125.1	126.0	126.3	127.0	126.1	127.6	127.6	124.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	106.5	107.3	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.6	107.8	108.1	108.6	109.1	110.4	108.9	110.2
Primary metal industries	88.1	88.5	88.5	88.3	88.9	89.6	90.7	91.6	92.5	92.8	92.4	92.9	92.3
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	71.6	70.8	70.8	70.5	71.6	71.5	72.4	72.9	73.5	73.1	73.2	72.9	72.3
Fabricated metal products	106.7	107.8	107.6	107.9	108.0	109.1	109.6	110.0	111.5	112.2	113.7	113.9	113.3
Industrial machinery and equipment	96.1	96.9	96.9	97.5	97.2	97.3	98.4	98.8	99.3	99.3	100.7	101.1	100.6
Electronic and other electrical equipment	103.2	104.6	103.8	104.3	104.2	105.5	105.3	106.0	106.3	107.2	107.8	107.2	106.6
Transportation equipment	114.8	115.3	114.6	114.5	111.9	116.3	116.2	117.2	119.3	119.3	118.8	121.1	121.0
Motor vehicles and equipment	150.3	149.5	147.9	147.7	143.7	153.5	154.1	155.4	159.8	159.2	160.3	162.2	162.6
Instruments and related products	75.6	75.2	75.4	74.3	75.1	74.2	74.0	73.8	73.8	74.2	74.0	73.8	73.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	100.8	101.9	101.0	101.4	102.8	102.1	101.0	102.0	102.1	101.5	103.0	103.2	101.8
Nondurable goods	107.1	107.4	107.0	107.1	107.2	107.0	107.0	107.5	107.5	107.7	107.7	107.7	106.8
Food and kindred products	114.1	113.6	113.2	113.5	114.7	113.6	113.3	113.4	114.6	114.8	115.8	114.7	114.7
Tobacco products	58.3	62.0	60.3	58.7	55.7	60.0	59.9	60.0	57.0	60.5	55.9	57.5	54.1
Textile mill products	100.6	99.8	99.2	99.4	98.3	98.3	97.8	99.1	98.5	98.5	98.8	99.1	97.9
Apparel and other textile products	88.4	89.3	88.9	88.8	88.0	88.5	88.3	88.6	87.5	87.5	86.7	86.8	85.0
Paper and allied products	111.2	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.9	111.4	110.4	111.4	111.3	111.3	111.8	111.1	110.5
Printing and publishing	124.1	125.5	125.1	125.7	125.3	125.3	125.8	126.1	125.9	126.4	125.3	125.9	125.7
Chemicals and allied products	101.4	101.3	101.6	101.6	101.9	100.6	100.9	102.0	101.8	101.5	101.9	102.2	101.7
Petroleum and coal products	80.4	82.1	78.7	80.1	80.5	81.0	84.0	82.4	81.1	81.8	80.6	81.1	78.8
Rubber and misc. plastics products	138.3	138.3	138.4	138.6	139.2	139.5	140.8	141.0	141.8	143.1	143.6	144.3	142.3
Leather and leather products	54.6	55.7	53.7	53.5	52.4	54.0	53.6	53.5	52.8	53.1	52.3	52.5	51.9
Service-producing	136.6	137.6	138.8	138.4	139.0	138.3	139.4	141.2	140.3	140.5	142.1	141.1	141.6
Transportation and public utilities	118.6	118.4	119.8	119.6	119.6	118.8	119.8	120.5	119.9	119.6	120.8	120.3	121.1
Wholesale trade	113.9	114.5	114.8	114.9	114.6	114.7	115.2	116.6	115.9	116.1	117.5	117.1	117.3
Retail trade	125.4	126.4	126.6	127.3	128.0	127.6	127.5	129.7	129.1	129.5	130.3	129.3	129.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	121.5	122.0	123.6	121.8	122.4	120.4	120.9	123.8	121.4	121.3	123.7	121.0	121.7
Services	160.8	162.5	164.6	163.5	164.6	163.8	165.9	167.9	166.7	167.2	169.4	168.4	169.1

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
ALL-EMPLOYEE HOURS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-10. Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Millions of hours (annual rate) ¹			Percent change		
	Jan. 1995 ^r	Feb. 1995 ^r	Mar. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1994 to Mar. 1995 ^p	Jan. 1995 to Feb. 1995 ^r	Feb. 1995 to Mar. 1995 ^p
Total	214,784	213,833	213,882	2.6	-0.4	.0
Private sector	176,461	175,364	175,758	3.1	-.6	.2
Mining	1,396	1,381	1,378	-2.4	-1.1	-.3
Construction	10,406	10,072	10,320	6.4	-3.2	2.5
Manufacturing	39,792	39,802	39,635	1.4	.0	-.4
Durable goods	23,089	23,094	23,013	2.3	.0	-.4
Nondurable goods	16,703	16,707	16,822	.0	.0	-.5
Transportation and public utilities	12,287	12,246	12,316	2.0	-.3	.6
Wholesale trade	12,332	12,286	12,300	2.7	-.4	.1
Retail trade	31,335	31,117	31,103	3.3	-.7	.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,810	12,575	12,588	.0	-1.8	.1
Services	56,103	55,886	56,120	5.0	-.4	.4
Government	38,323	38,469	38,123	.3	.4	-.9

¹ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

^p = preliminary.

^r = revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees—production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2414, chapter 10, "Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors".

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202—606-5606).

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EARNINGS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-11. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

Industry	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P	Mar. ^P	
	Average hourly earnings													
Total private (in current dollars)	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.11	\$11.13	\$11.17	\$11.25	\$11.23	\$11.25	\$11.31	\$11.30	\$11.33	
Mining	14.77	14.87	14.83	14.73	14.80	14.82	14.94	15.06	15.05	15.10	15.07	15.15	15.32	
Construction	14.47	14.52	14.60	14.67	14.75	14.72	14.82	14.91	14.82	14.77	14.68	14.92	14.83	
Manufacturing	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.03	12.05	12.08	12.12	12.14	12.17	12.19	12.22	12.25	12.28	
Excluding overtime²	11.37	11.33	11.37	11.40	11.42	11.43	11.46	11.51	11.52	11.52	11.55	11.61	11.64	
Transportation and public utilities	13.79	13.77	13.80	13.78	13.84	13.87	13.89	14.03	14.09	14.04	14.08	13.97	14.04	
Wholesale trade	11.88	11.95	11.98	11.99	12.02	12.01	12.04	12.19	12.11	12.15	12.24	12.19	12.20	
Retail trade	7.43	7.45	7.47	7.47	7.48	7.50	7.52	7.56	7.56	7.60	7.59	7.61	7.61	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11.69	11.77	11.83	11.74	11.80	11.80	11.89	12.06	11.98	11.99	12.11	12.06	12.14	
Services	10.95	10.99	11.04	11.03	11.06	11.08	11.12	11.22	11.17	11.22	11.31	11.29	11.30	
Total private (in constant dollars) ³	7.40	7.40	7.42	7.39	7.38	7.37	7.38	7.42	7.39	7.39	7.41	7.38	(⁴)	
	Average weekly earnings													
Total private:														
In current dollars	381.29	383.44	385.93	383.37	384.41	382.87	386.48	392.63	388.56	389.25	393.59	389.85	390.89	
In constant (1982) dollars ³	255.90	256.83	258.15	255.58	255.25	253.39	255.27	258.99	255.80	255.75	257.75	254.64	(⁴)	

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

³ The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

⁴ Not available.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Total		110,509	111,394	113,507	114,127	114,806	-	-	-	-	-
Total private		91,306	92,062	94,419	94,664	95,255	74,190	74,919	76,921	77,123	77,677
Mining		597	596	585	577	579	420	420	422	416	418
Metal mining	10	49.1	49.3	51.8	51.9	52.3	39.3	39.6	42.2	42.4	-
Iron ores	101	9.9	9.9	11.0	10.9	-	8.1	8.1	9.2	9.1	-
Copper ores	102	15.0	15.0	15.8	15.9	-	12.5	12.4	13.1	13.2	-
Coal mining	12	114.4	114.1	111.8	110.3	110.4	91.5	91.5	90.4	88.8	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	107.2	107.0	104.3	103.1	-	85.6	85.7	84.2	82.9	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	341.1	337.5	326.9	320.0	318.1	220.4	217.5	219.4	214.8	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	163.9	163.5	154.0	151.7	-	79.8	79.0	81.3	80.9	-
Oil and gas field services	138	172.4	169.2	166.3	162.0	-	137.4	135.3	134.9	131.1	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	92.5	95.3	94.0	94.4	98.2	68.5	71.1	69.8	70.4	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	35.3	36.2	36.4	36.2	-	26.9	27.8	27.6	27.5	-
Sand and gravel	144	27.9	29.5	28.1	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	12.8	12.8	13.1	13.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,271	4,413	4,636	4,561	4,687	3,197	3,332	3,507	3,429	3,548
General building contractors	15	1,052.9	1,077.1	1,139.0	1,116.6	1,129.0	725.4	746.5	795.3	774.3	-
Residential building construction	152	533.0	543.3	561.5	554.5	-	354.0	362.0	374.6	369.2	-
Operative builders	153	28.2	28.5	29.5	29.3	-	11.6	12.0	12.2	12.0	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	491.7	505.3	548.0	532.8	-	359.8	372.5	408.5	393.1	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	588.0	618.6	602.4	597.2	635.0	473.9	502.9	483.7	480.2	-
Highway and street construction	161	148.7	163.5	154.8	152.8	-	111.6	125.4	115.0	112.8	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	439.3	455.1	447.6	444.4	-	362.3	377.5	368.7	367.4	-
Special trade contractors	17	2,630.3	2,717.6	2,894.6	2,846.7	2,923.4	1,997.7	2,082.4	2,227.8	2,174.5	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	630.4	631.2	677.8	671.7	-	454.9	455.6	494.8	488.2	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	145.3	150.6	163.9	162.4	-	115.7	121.0	133.1	130.9	-
Electrical work	173	521.3	525.4	576.7	570.9	-	401.0	404.2	449.1	443.9	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	366.5	383.4	425.6	405.9	-	306.8	324.5	361.9	341.1	-
Carpentry and floor work	175	202.2	208.6	229.1	231.7	-	151.3	156.9	170.4	171.6	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	174.9	191.8	195.5	186.3	-	133.0	150.0	150.7	140.6	-
Manufacturing		17,830	17,861	18,129	18,147	18,162	12,221	12,265	12,522	12,544	12,565
Durable goods		10,119	10,149	10,375	10,398	10,421	6,829	6,864	7,093	7,122	7,152
Lumber and wood products	24	706.5	708.1	732.5	729.8	728.7	581.6	583.1	602.1	599.5	599.1
Logging	241	76.2	73.6	74.9	74.1	-	61.6	59.4	60.5	59.7	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	181.8	182.2	183.0	182.1	-	157.6	158.1	158.0	157.5	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	144.5	144.8	144.2	143.2	-	125.2	125.3	124.3	123.5	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	35.3	35.4	36.7	36.7	-	30.8	31.1	32.0	32.1	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	253.5	254.1	264.7	264.6	-	203.2	203.4	212.1	211.4	-
Millwork	2431	103.8	103.1	109.5	109.4	-	80.9	80.0	85.5	84.7	-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	70.2	70.6	74.2	74.6	-	56.1	56.5	59.2	59.8	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	24.1	24.2	25.1	25.0	-	20.7	20.8	21.7	21.6	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	28.3	28.3	28.2	28.1	-	25.3	25.2	25.0	25.0	-
Wood containers	244	45.4	46.2	47.7	47.4	-	38.5	39.3	40.3	40.2	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	66.8	68.2	76.0	74.6	-	53.1	54.3	61.1	59.8	-
Mobile homes	2451	52.1	52.9	59.8	58.7	-	43.5	44.2	50.1	49.0	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	82.8	83.8	86.2	87.0	-	67.6	68.6	70.1	70.9	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	488.2	490.9	500.4	500.4	500.0	386.4	389.0	396.7	397.2	396.5
Household furniture	251	279.7	281.9	283.6	283.6	-	234.4	236.6	236.9	237.3	-
Wood household furniture	2511	121.8	123.0	123.0	123.1	-	104.6	105.7	105.1	105.5	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	93.0	93.4	92.7	92.9	-	78.3	78.8	77.7	77.8	-
Metal household furniture	2514	22.2	22.7	24.1	24.0	-	18.2	18.7	19.9	20.0	-
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	29.7	30.0	31.2	31.4	-	22.7	22.9	24.0	24.2	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures—Continued											
Office furniture	252	61.5	61.3	63.4	62.8	-	45.1	44.9	46.6	46.5	-
Public building and related furniture	253	37.3	37.6	38.2	38.3	-	29.3	29.6	30.5	30.6	-
Partitions and fixtures	254	74.5	75.0	79.2	80.1	-	54.2	54.5	58.2	58.9	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	35.2	35.1	36.0	35.6	-	23.4	23.4	24.5	23.9	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	500.9	509.7	518.3	520.0	528.5	383.9	392.3	398.5	399.6	407.9
Flat glass	321	14.4	14.4	14.9	15.0	-	11.1	11.1	11.7	11.7	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	75.7	75.5	72.2	73.2	-	63.4	63.3	60.2	61.0	-
Glass containers	3221	34.1	33.8	29.7	30.0	-	30.5	30.2	26.5	26.8	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	41.6	41.7	42.5	43.2	-	32.9	33.1	33.7	34.2	-
Products of purchased glass	323	58.7	59.1	61.6	61.8	-	44.5	44.7	46.6	47.1	-
Cement, hydraulic	324	17.6	17.7	17.6	17.6	-	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.3	-
Structural clay products	325	31.4	31.7	32.4	32.4	-	24.1	24.5	24.9	24.7	-
Pottery and related products	326	39.6	39.8	41.6	41.9	-	31.5	31.6	33.5	33.8	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	177.0	183.7	187.4	186.5	-	131.7	138.2	140.7	139.6	-
Concrete block and brick	3271	15.3	15.8	16.3	16.2	-	9.5	9.9	10.2	10.1	-
Concrete products, nec	3272	60.8	62.3	64.2	64.7	-	44.6	46.0	47.4	47.9	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	84.1	88.8	89.7	88.3	-	64.3	68.9	69.5	68.1	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	73.8	74.8	77.8	78.3	-	55.3	56.3	58.4	58.9	-
Abrasive products	3291	19.4	19.6	20.1	20.0	-	14.6	14.9	14.8	14.8	-
Asbestos products	3292	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	-	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	-
Mineral wool	3296	21.8	21.9	23.2	23.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	33	677.4	677.6	701.9	701.8	702.2	519.4	519.9	543.6	544.9	545.6
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	235.3	233.6	234.4	234.1	233.8	179.3	177.6	178.6	178.7	178.1
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	170.8	169.1	169.3	168.8	-	131.2	129.5	129.7	129.6	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	25.7	25.6	25.7	25.8	-	18.6	18.8	19.1	19.2	-
Iron and steel foundries	332	120.8	121.4	129.7	129.3	-	97.4	98.1	105.7	105.8	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	76.3	76.5	81.7	81.4	-	62.2	62.6	67.3	67.1	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	-	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5	-
Steel foundries, nec	3325	25.1	25.3	27.2	27.4	-	20.1	20.2	22.1	22.5	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	39.7	39.6	39.7	39.9	-	29.7	29.7	30.1	30.2	-
Primary aluminum	3334	22.5	22.5	22.2	22.4	-	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.6	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	160.0	160.5	167.0	166.8	-	118.1	118.7	125.7	125.9	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	21.5	21.6	22.4	22.5	-	16.5	16.6	17.5	17.6	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	23.5	23.4	22.6	22.5	-	16.3	16.2	16.2	16.2	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	68.9	69.5	74.3	74.2	-	50.8	51.3	55.4	55.6	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)	336	80.1	80.8	88.0	88.4	-	64.8	65.4	71.8	72.3	-
Aluminum foundries	3365	22.6	22.9	25.0	25.3	-	18.3	18.5	20.5	20.8	-
Fabricated metal products	34	1,337.1	1,342.7	1,401.1	1,406.0	1,410.0	991.9	997.8	1,051.7	1,055.8	1,059.7
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	40.1	40.2	39.6	40.1	-	34.3	34.4	33.7	34.2	-
Metal cans	3411	32.4	32.4	31.9	32.3	-	28.1	28.1	27.6	28.0	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	125.2	125.7	131.0	131.0	-	93.9	94.3	99.1	99.1	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423,5	43.1	43.1	44.9	45.1	-	33.0	32.9	34.6	34.7	-
Hardware, nec	3429	70.4	70.8	73.6	73.5	-	52.9	53.3	55.9	55.9	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	57.3	57.5	60.7	61.2	-	41.0	41.2	44.2	44.1	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	24.9	25.1	25.5	25.8	-	18.8	18.9	19.2	19.4	-
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	18.8	18.9	21.8	21.5	-	11.9	12.0	14.8	14.3	-
Fabricated structural metal products	344	390.9	392.6	410.9	412.4	-	278.6	280.6	298.1	299.7	-
Fabricated structural metal	3441	66.1	66.0	69.2	69.5	-	47.0	47.2	50.5	50.6	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	70.8	71.7	74.3	74.6	-	51.4	52.2	54.5	55.0	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	94.8	95.7	96.3	97.0	-	65.2	66.2	68.4	69.2	-
Sheet metal work	3444	97.7	98.2	104.2	104.5	-	73.4	73.9	79.3	79.5	-
Architectural metal work	3446	25.3	25.3	26.9	26.7	-	17.9	17.8	18.9	19.0	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	92.5	93.0	98.0	98.5	-	71.6	72.1	77.2	77.6	-
Screw machine products	3451	47.2	47.5	51.0	51.7	-	38.4	38.6	41.8	42.5	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	45.3	45.5	47.0	46.8	-	33.2	33.5	35.4	35.1	-
Metal forgings and stampings	346	224.4	225.0	238.8	239.0	-	179.4	179.7	191.5	192.0	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	29.2	29.3	30.7	30.8	-	22.5	22.6	23.9	24.1	-
Automotive stampings	3465	103.3	104.1	110.4	110.1	-	87.5	88.1	93.0	92.7	-
Metal stampings, nec	3469	81.0	80.6	86.3	86.6	-	61.6	61.2	66.2	66.7	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued											
Metal services, nec	347	117.6	118.0	122.8	123.4	-	91.8	92.5	96.3	96.8	-
Plating and polishing	3471	73.5	73.6	76.0	76.4	-	57.1	57.5	59.5	59.9	-
Metal coating and allied services	3479	44.1	44.4	46.8	47.0	-	34.7	35.0	36.8	36.9	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	55.3	55.4	52.9	52.9	-	30.9	31.0	29.5	29.4	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	32.5	32.4	30.2	30.2	-	15.8	15.6	13.9	13.8	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	233.8	235.3	246.4	247.5	-	170.4	172.0	182.1	182.9	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	24.5	24.5	25.6	25.7	-	18.1	18.1	19.2	19.3	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	53.6	54.2	56.4	57.0	-	40.7	41.2	43.5	43.6	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	1,927.4	1,932.8	1,976.5	1,985.1	1,993.1	1,189.7	1,195.6	1,240.1	1,248.2	1,255.2
Engines and turbines	351	88.9	89.1	88.1	88.3	-	55.9	56.2	56.3	56.5	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	28.3	28.3	27.1	27.1	-	16.6	16.6	15.8	15.9	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	60.6	60.8	61.0	61.2	-	39.3	39.6	40.5	40.6	-
Farm and garden machinery	352	103.2	104.4	106.0	107.0	-	76.5	77.5	78.6	79.4	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	75.7	76.6	78.0	78.4	-	54.4	55.2	56.5	56.8	-
Construction and related machinery	353	211.2	211.5	210.9	212.4	-	131.6	132.0	136.2	137.6	-
Construction machinery	3531	78.9	79.8	75.9	76.7	-	50.4	51.1	51.1	51.9	-
Mining machinery	3532	14.6	14.3	15.6	15.8	-	8.5	8.2	9.3	9.4	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	38.1	38.0	35.0	35.1	-	25.3	25.0	23.5	23.5	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	36.5	36.2	39.3	39.5	-	20.4	20.5	22.7	23.0	-
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	26.9	27.1	29.6	29.9	-	17.7	18.0	20.2	20.4	-
Metalworking machinery	354	311.7	312.6	326.6	328.2	-	220.2	221.1	231.5	233.2	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	36.3	36.9	38.9	39.2	-	22.2	22.6	23.9	24.1	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	15.5	15.5	16.4	16.7	-	9.7	9.8	10.5	10.7	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	147.4	147.5	153.4	154.4	-	112.7	112.7	116.7	117.7	-
Machine tool accessories	3545	48.8	49.2	51.7	52.0	-	33.8	34.2	36.2	36.7	-
Power driven handtools	3546	24.0	24.0	24.0	23.7	-	16.5	16.5	16.4	16.2	-
Special industry machinery	355	149.2	149.8	158.3	159.4	-	86.0	86.9	92.0	92.8	-
Textile machinery	3552	15.6	15.7	15.5	15.5	-	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.4	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	20.5	20.4	21.1	21.2	-	10.7	10.9	11.2	11.3	-
Food products machinery	3556	22.8	22.9	24.0	24.2	-	13.8	13.9	14.9	15.0	-
General industrial machinery	356	236.1	236.7	245.5	247.0	-	149.9	150.8	157.7	158.8	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.1	-	16.5	16.6	16.8	17.0	-
Ball and roller bearings	3562	36.4	36.4	37.0	37.0	-	28.8	28.8	29.3	29.4	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	25.9	26.1	26.6	26.7	-	14.0	14.3	15.1	15.2	-
Blowers and fans	3564	32.5	32.5	34.5	34.6	-	22.0	22.1	23.4	23.4	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	15.4	15.3	15.7	15.8	-	10.8	10.7	11.0	11.0	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	19.3	19.5	20.4	20.5	-	12.9	13.0	13.8	13.9	-
Computer and office equipment	357	342.9	342.6	328.2	326.6	-	119.1	119.2	113.2	112.4	-
Electronic computers	3571	200.5	199.6	185.1	184.6	-	55.2	55.4	52.4	52.3	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575,8,9	51.5	52.0	53.5	53.4	-	22.2	21.8	19.2	19.2	-
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	183.4	184.5	195.9	197.7	-	129.1	130.0	139.3	141.0	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	125.4	126.2	134.0	135.6	-	92.5	93.1	100.1	101.6	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	300.8	301.6	317.0	318.5	-	221.4	221.9	235.3	236.5	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	21.3	21.3	22.7	22.8	-	17.5	17.5	18.4	18.5	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	236.9	237.6	249.7	250.9	-	179.0	179.3	190.1	191.1	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	1,524.6	1,530.2	1,586.8	1,590.0	1,590.8	976.5	981.8	1,029.4	1,033.6	1,032.8
Electric distribution equipment	361	80.8	81.2	80.7	80.2	-	56.6	57.0	56.9	56.8	-
Transformers, except electronic	3612	41.0	41.2	40.3	40.4	-	29.7	30.0	29.8	30.0	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	39.8	40.0	40.4	39.8	-	26.9	27.0	27.1	26.8	-
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	156.7	157.1	162.2	163.1	-	109.4	110.0	115.1	116.1	-
Motors and generators	3621	77.3	77.8	81.1	81.7	-	59.8	60.4	63.6	64.5	-
Relays and industrial controls	3625	60.2	60.1	61.1	61.4	-	35.8	35.7	36.7	36.9	-
Household appliances	363	119.8	121.2	126.3	126.0	-	97.1	98.0	104.1	103.9	-
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	28.1	28.6	30.6	30.6	-	24.4	24.9	27.1	27.0	-
Household laundry equipment	3633	16.8	16.9	18.4	18.5	-	13.7	13.8	16.0	16.0	-
Electric housewares and fans	3634	26.9	27.4	28.7	28.6	-	21.0	21.6	22.3	22.2	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	174.7	174.9	183.3	184.8	-	126.4	126.3	132.7	133.9	-
Electric lamps	3641	21.7	21.8	23.4	23.8	-	17.1	17.2	17.7	18.2	-
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	62.8	62.8	65.9	66.4	-	42.1	42.1	44.5	44.7	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	19.3	19.6	20.1	20.1	-	14.2	14.4	15.0	15.1	-
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	19.2	18.7	19.6	19.9	-	14.6	14.0	14.9	15.2	-
Household audio and video equipment	365	83.1	83.1	88.2	88.6	-	54.7	54.6	59.9	59.9	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	59.0	59.0	61.3	61.3	-	37.1	36.9	39.5	39.3	-
Communications equipment	366	232.7	233.3	237.7	238.2	-	119.4	119.9	120.4	120.1	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	106.4	106.5	107.1	107.2	-	58.5	58.8	58.0	58.2	-
Electronic components and accessories	367	523.8	525.8	553.7	555.6	-	305.3	308.0	330.6	333.0	-
Electron tubes	3671	24.5	24.6	24.9	24.8	-	16.6	16.5	16.4	16.4	-
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	216.2	216.6	231.2	231.6	-	91.6	92.9	102.8	103.7	-
Electronic components, nec	3679	126.2	126.3	129.8	130.5	-	81.7	82.4	86.5	87.2	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	153.0	153.6	154.7	153.5	-	107.6	108.0	109.7	109.9	-
Storage batteries	3691	26.1	26.2	26.5	26.3	-	20.1	20.3	20.6	20.7	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	67.8	68.4	69.4	68.6	-	52.6	53.0	53.9	53.8	-
Transportation equipment	37	1,720.8	1,721.6	1,740.2	1,746.4	1,748.5	1,112.5	1,114.8	1,150.9	1,162.5	1,169.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	863.4	866.4	912.9	922.5	927.2	664.0	666.6	709.7	723.0	729.9
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	331.7	331.2	345.9	351.7	-	236.6	235.8	253.5	262.8	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	35.7	36.3	38.3	38.7	-	28.5	29.0	31.0	31.2	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	446.1	448.6	476.7	479.3	-	358.7	361.0	383.1	385.9	-
Truck trailers	3715	32.0	31.9	32.9	33.7	-	26.0	26.2	26.8	27.8	-
Aircraft and parts	372	495.1	491.4	459.1	456.4	454.2	228.5	226.4	211.7	210.2	-
Aircraft	3721	278.2	275.1	256.7	255.2	-	111.7	110.3	101.4	100.2	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	99.1	99.2	91.3	90.2	-	48.9	48.6	45.5	45.0	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	117.8	117.1	111.1	111.0	-	67.9	67.5	64.8	65.0	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	155.4	157.1	162.5	162.3	-	120.2	121.8	126.2	126.0	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	109.0	109.0	107.5	106.9	-	81.8	81.8	80.4	79.1	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	46.4	48.1	55.0	55.4	-	38.4	40.0	45.8	46.9	-
Railroad equipment	374	30.6	30.9	33.8	33.8	-	22.9	22.9	25.7	25.5	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	112.3	110.9	104.2	102.9	-	32.2	31.5	30.1	29.6	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	79.7	78.3	74.1	73.4	-	20.9	20.1	19.6	19.4	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	46.7	48.0	49.4	50.0	-	31.9	33.2	35.1	35.6	-
Travel trailers and campers	3792	20.3	20.8	22.8	23.1	-	16.7	17.2	19.1	19.2	-
Instruments and related products	38	866.7	863.0	840.8	840.2	839.5	424.6	424.4	413.5	413.6	415.7
Search and navigation equipment	381	190.2	187.9	169.9	169.0	-	59.4	58.8	51.1	50.8	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	275.9	276.1	279.5	279.9	-	140.5	141.4	143.3	143.8	-
Environmental controls	3822	42.3	42.5	44.3	44.3	-	27.7	27.8	29.3	29.2	-
Process control instruments	3823	58.6	58.6	58.9	58.9	-	27.6	27.7	28.5	28.8	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	70.4	70.4	69.4	69.4	-	33.1	33.5	31.7	31.6	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	267.2	266.8	261.6	262.2	-	154.6	154.6	150.7	150.9	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	111.1	110.5	107.5	107.6	-	67.0	66.6	64.9	64.6	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	94.7	95.3	93.6	94.1	-	59.8	60.2	59.1	59.7	-
Ophthalmic goods	385	38.4	38.3	36.9	36.6	-	25.8	25.8	23.8	23.5	-
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	86.7	85.8	84.4	84.1	-	37.6	37.2	37.7	37.7	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	8.3	8.1	8.5	8.4	-	6.7	6.6	6.9	6.9	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	368.9	372.3	376.7	378.0	380.0	262.2	265.3	266.1	267.2	269.7
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	49.7	50.4	50.3	50.1	-	34.8	35.4	34.7	34.4	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	37.2	37.6	37.6	37.4	-	25.8	26.3	25.7	25.5	-
Musical instruments	393	13.3	13.5	14.1	14.2	-	10.8	10.9	11.3	11.4	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	108.3	108.8	111.1	111.8	-	76.8	77.4	79.1	79.2	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942.4	41.6	41.4	41.5	41.8	-	28.1	27.8	27.5	27.7	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	66.7	67.4	69.6	70.0	-	48.7	49.6	51.6	51.5	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.1	-	21.7	21.8	21.6	21.7	-
Costume jewelry and notions	396	28.2	28.6	28.2	28.0	-	21.3	21.7	19.9	19.7	-
Costume jewelry	3961	17.2	17.6	17.0	16.9	-	12.8	13.1	11.8	11.6	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	137.2	138.9	140.9	141.8	-	96.8	98.1	99.5	100.8	-
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	57.6	58.0	59.7	59.7	-	38.6	38.9	40.0	40.0	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Nondurable goods		7,711	7,712	7,754	7,749	7,741	5,392	5,401	5,429	5,422	5,413
Food and kindred products	20	1,621.8	1,618.5	1,633.2	1,628.8	1,627.6	1,180.8	1,179.9	1,193.4	1,188.1	1,186.4
Meat products	201	440.9	439.2	451.4	453.1	-	374.6	375.7	383.7	383.9	-
Meat packing plants	2011	135.3	134.9	136.6	137.7	-	114.3	114.2	115.3	115.5	-
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	88.1	88.3	90.8	90.0	-	68.0	68.3	69.9	69.6	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	217.5	216.0	224.0	225.4	-	192.3	193.2	198.5	198.8	-
Dairy products	202	149.3	150.7	149.1	149.6	-	94.0	95.5	95.0	95.5	-
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	39.6	39.9	39.7	39.6	-	32.1	32.4	32.1	32.0	-
Fluid milk	2026	68.9	69.0	67.6	67.9	-	36.1	36.4	36.3	36.6	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	213.7	214.7	217.3	215.1	-	174.0	174.8	177.5	175.5	-
Canned specialties	2032	22.0	21.7	21.7	20.8	-	18.1	17.8	18.0	17.1	-
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	62.6	62.8	62.7	63.1	-	49.3	49.4	49.3	50.0	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	42.5	43.3	43.6	42.7	-	36.4	37.1	37.4	36.5	-
Grain mill products	204	126.7	125.8	124.4	124.8	-	91.2	90.5	88.7	88.8	-
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	19.5	19.6	19.0	18.6	-	13.3	13.4	12.7	12.4	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	41.6	41.2	41.5	41.6	-	26.5	26.3	26.3	26.0	-
Bakery products	205	208.5	209.4	210.6	209.6	-	135.6	136.2	139.4	138.3	-
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	148.3	149.0	149.0	148.8	-	88.9	89.3	90.7	90.2	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	2052,3	60.2	60.4	61.6	60.8	-	46.7	46.9	48.7	48.1	-
Sugar and confectionery products	206	102.5	99.6	104.4	99.9	-	79.5	76.6	81.1	77.2	-
Raw cane sugar	2061	7.5	7.6	7.8	7.9	-	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.9	-
Cane sugar refining	2062	4.9	4.8	4.4	4.5	-	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	-
Beet sugar	2063	10.1	8.7	11.4	9.2	-	8.7	7.4	10.0	7.9	-
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	53.3	52.3	53.8	52.2	-	42.5	41.4	42.6	41.4	-
Fats and oils	207	30.4	30.5	31.2	31.3	-	21.1	21.2	21.3	21.5	-
Beverages	208	173.7	174.1	173.6	174.1	-	81.1	81.8	81.6	81.7	-
Malt beverages	2082	37.3	37.5	36.8	36.7	-	23.8	24.2	24.5	24.3	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	93.5	94.1	95.1	95.0	-	36.0	36.1	36.7	36.8	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	176.1	174.5	171.2	171.3	-	129.7	127.6	125.1	125.7	-
Tobacco products	21	41.0	39.5	40.4	38.6	35.0	31.0	29.7	31.5	29.6	26.6
Cigarettes	211	27.8	27.6	26.2	26.1	-	21.0	21.0	20.0	19.8	-
Textile mill products	22	669.1	669.3	666.8	667.2	664.3	568.9	569.2	565.1	564.3	561.7
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	83.7	83.4	83.2	82.4	-	74.4	74.2	73.6	72.7	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	70.0	70.2	70.0	70.2	-	59.1	59.2	59.3	59.3	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	17.4	17.5	17.0	17.1	-	14.8	14.9	14.4	14.5	-
Narrow fabric mills	224	21.8	21.7	22.9	22.8	-	18.2	18.1	19.2	19.0	-
Knitting mills	225	195.5	195.4	191.2	191.7	-	168.6	168.5	164.5	164.6	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	26.3	25.8	23.6	23.5	-	23.0	22.5	20.4	20.3	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	39.4	39.6	40.6	40.5	-	35.1	35.4	36.0	35.7	-
Knit outerwear mills	2253	56.9	56.9	53.2	53.6	-	48.8	48.9	45.5	45.8	-
Knit underwear mills	2254	24.6	24.7	24.1	23.9	-	21.4	21.5	21.3	21.1	-
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	26.6	26.6	26.8	27.2	-	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.9	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	71.3	71.3	71.8	72.9	-	58.5	58.6	58.6	59.6	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	32.7	32.6	32.2	33.2	-	27.2	27.2	26.3	27.4	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	24.4	24.4	24.9	24.9	-	19.5	19.5	20.0	19.9	-
Carpets and rugs	227	61.7	62.0	65.7	65.4	-	49.5	49.8	52.2	52.2	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	96.1	96.0	94.0	93.7	-	85.8	85.7	84.0	83.0	-
Yarn spinning mills	2281	74.5	74.4	72.0	72.1	-	67.3	67.2	65.3	64.7	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.2	-	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.1	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	51.6	51.8	51.0	51.0	-	40.0	40.2	39.3	39.4	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	950.4	953.1	929.9	929.9	925.5	795.8	799.8	777.0	777.1	771.2
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	41.1	41.1	38.4	37.7	-	34.3	34.3	31.7	31.1	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	265.2	264.4	259.4	257.9	-	228.5	228.4	223.3	222.2	-
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	60.9	60.9	59.2	58.7	-	52.4	52.3	50.9	50.5	-
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	79.2	78.6	79.3	78.5	-	68.7	68.2	68.6	68.3	-
Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	41.5	41.2	39.9	39.9	-	36.2	36.1	35.0	34.9	-
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	281.2	284.2	267.6	269.7	-	235.1	237.8	221.8	224.0	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	30.2	30.4	28.2	27.5	-	24.6	24.7	22.7	21.8	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	48.3	49.9	43.3	43.4	-	38.6	40.3	34.3	34.6	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	28.3	28.4	26.1	26.2	-	22.9	22.8	20.6	20.8	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	174.4	175.5	170.0	172.6	-	149.0	150.0	144.2	146.8	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ³	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ³
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued											
Women's and children's undergarments	234	52.1	52.6	53.2	53.0	-	43.2	43.5	44.5	44.2	-
Women's and children's underwear	2341	40.1	40.6	40.6	40.3	-	34.6	34.9	35.5	35.2	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	12.0	12.0	12.6	12.7	-	8.6	8.6	9.0	9.0	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	236	46.1	44.5	44.4	44.3	-	38.9	37.7	37.6	37.7	-
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses	2361	19.8	18.3	18.7	18.7	-	16.7	15.4	15.9	15.9	-
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	39.8	40.2	37.8	38.1	-	32.2	32.7	30.5	30.7	-
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	204.2	205.2	208.7	208.8	-	166.2	167.6	170.7	170.5	-
Curtains and draperies	2391	21.4	21.6	21.7	21.5	-	17.0	17.3	17.3	17.1	-
House furnishings, nec	2392	51.5	51.1	51.5	51.2	-	43.6	43.3	44.0	43.5	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	52.9	53.6	54.9	55.7	-	42.8	43.5	44.8	45.5	-
Paper and allied products	26	681.3	679.9	682.3	680.4	679.4	514.2	513.7	517.3	515.8	516.3
Paper mills	262	168.0	167.6	163.8	162.6	-	128.7	128.4	126.4	125.3	-
Paperboard mills	263	50.2	50.2	49.7	49.6	-	38.7	38.8	38.4	38.2	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	211.1	210.6	216.5	215.4	-	164.5	164.4	169.4	168.5	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	124.8	124.6	129.5	129.1	-	94.1	94.2	98.0	97.7	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	16.3	16.3	15.8	15.8	-	14.4	14.3	13.9	13.9	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	48.0	48.1	48.8	48.7	-	38.9	39.0	39.8	39.7	-
Misc. converted paper products	267	239.0	238.6	239.4	240.1	-	172.4	172.2	173.2	174.0	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	45.8	45.7	46.0	46.0	-	21.8	21.7	21.9	21.9	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	37.5	37.1	38.7	38.8	-	28.0	27.6	28.8	28.9	-
Envelopes	2677	23.9	23.8	23.6	23.7	-	18.7	18.7	18.5	18.6	-
Printing and publishing	27	1,516.4	1,519.3	1,544.7	1,545.3	1,549.7	834.5	838.0	845.4	845.7	850.7
Newspapers	271	449.8	449.7	456.3	456.6	-	155.4	155.6	157.7	157.8	-
Periodicals	272	127.9	128.0	130.4	130.8	-	43.9	43.8	42.7	42.7	-
Books	273	124.3	124.7	127.6	128.0	-	67.9	68.5	68.9	69.6	-
Book publishing	2731	84.5	85.2	86.9	86.7	-	35.6	36.2	36.3	36.6	-
Book printing	2732	39.8	39.5	40.7	41.3	-	32.3	32.3	32.6	33.0	-
Miscellaneous publishing	274	80.6	80.5	78.4	78.5	-	38.5	38.9	37.6	37.4	-
Commercial printing	275	539.9	543.5	557.4	557.8	-	390.1	392.8	401.8	402.1	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	351.8	353.9	361.4	361.2	-	252.7	254.5	258.9	259.0	-
Commercial printing, nec	2759	168.6	170.0	175.9	176.3	-	121.6	122.4	126.5	126.7	-
Manifold business forms	276	46.5	46.3	45.1	44.6	-	33.0	32.9	31.9	31.7	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	66.2	66.5	69.1	68.5	-	50.7	50.9	53.0	52.3	-
Printing trade services	279	54.7	54.5	54.7	54.5	-	39.6	39.6	39.1	39.2	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,057.5	1,054.6	1,042.7	1,042.9	1,043.5	572.9	572.3	572.4	573.0	573.5
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	130.5	130.3	129.0	128.7	-	57.0	56.8	56.5	56.3	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	84.1	83.9	82.6	82.0	-	37.8	37.6	36.8	36.7	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	160.8	160.7	155.1	154.6	-	107.3	107.3	104.3	104.3	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	79.0	78.9	78.3	78.3	-	50.4	50.2	50.2	50.4	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	54.1	53.8	50.0	49.4	-	37.8	38.2	36.3	36.1	-
Drugs	283	266.1	264.8	262.8	264.4	-	121.0	120.7	122.9	124.4	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	218.0	216.8	214.5	215.9	-	101.8	101.3	104.8	106.2	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	151.6	151.3	150.3	150.1	-	93.8	93.5	92.3	91.6	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	43.1	42.1	41.6	41.3	-	25.3	24.4	23.7	23.3	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	43.0	43.4	44.6	44.7	-	25.0	25.4	26.1	26.0	-
Toilet preparations	2844	65.5	65.8	64.1	64.1	-	43.5	43.7	42.5	42.3	-
Paints and allied products	285	57.2	57.4	58.3	58.0	-	29.9	30.1	30.3	30.3	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	145.7	144.5	141.9	141.7	-	79.2	78.8	79.6	79.6	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	25.9	25.7	25.9	25.8	-	14.8	14.7	14.9	14.8	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	117.0	116.1	113.4	113.4	-	62.4	62.1	62.8	63.0	-
Agricultural chemicals	287	55.7	56.1	55.3	55.5	-	32.4	32.6	32.3	32.8	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	89.9	89.5	90.0	89.9	-	52.3	52.5	54.2	53.7	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	143.3	144.0	142.1	142.1	143.5	91.4	92.5	90.6	90.9	91.2
Petroleum refining	291	108.7	108.3	107.1	106.7	-	69.3	69.3	68.1	67.8	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	22.3	23.4	22.4	22.9	-	15.8	16.8	15.9	16.5	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	915.0	919.4	959.6	962.2	960.8	710.3	714.4	747.6	750.0	748.2
Tires and inner tubes	301	80.2	80.3	80.8	81.3	-	58.4	58.6	58.0	58.4	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	10.6	10.8	10.7	10.7	-	8.6	8.8	8.2	8.3	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	305	61.9	62.2	65.4	66.1	-	47.2	47.5	50.5	51.0	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	24.3	24.5	25.6	25.8	-	19.1	19.3	20.2	20.3	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	103.9	104.1	106.9	107.4	-	79.0	79.5	82.6	83.3	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	658.4	662.0	695.8	696.7	-	517.1	520.0	548.3	549.0	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products	31	114.9	114.4	112.7	111.6	111.2	91.7	91.3	89.1	87.8	87.6
Leather tanning and finishing	311	15.1	15.0	14.7	14.7	-	12.5	12.4	12.3	12.2	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	61.4	60.9	58.1	57.3	-	50.7	50.2	47.4	46.7	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	29.8	29.5	28.2	27.1	-	23.2	23.1	22.0	21.1	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	20.9	20.6	19.2	19.2	-	18.1	17.7	16.0	15.9	-
Luggage	316	10.2	10.2	11.1	11.0	-	7.6	7.6	8.5	8.4	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	12.0	11.9	12.2	12.0	-	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.0	-
Transportation and public utilities		5,733	5,758	5,846	5,853	5,880	4,790	4,812	4,885	4,888	4,914
Transportation		3,564	3,591	3,692	3,693	3,716	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation	40	242.2	243.9	241.3	242.4	242.4	-	-	-	-	-
Class I railroads ²	4011	210.6	211.9	210.3	211.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	390.8	394.7	408.5	411.5	413.3	358.4	363.1	376.2	379.0	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	173.1	174.4	179.8	180.6	-	156.7	158.6	163.2	163.8	-
Taxicabs	412	30.3	30.5	31.3	31.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	24.0	23.5	22.0	22.7	-	21.5	21.0	19.9	20.7	-
School buses	415	136.6	138.5	148.5	149.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,664.3	1,677.8	1,752.7	1,749.4	1,761.6	1,439.2	1,450.3	1,516.5	1,512.3	-
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	1,532.6	1,545.5	1,612.9	1,610.2	-	1,328.7	1,339.4	1,399.5	1,396.1	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	127.4	128.0	134.8	134.1	-	106.7	107.0	112.5	111.6	-
Water transportation	44	158.6	162.4	161.1	160.4	161.3	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation of freight, nec	444	12.2	12.3	11.6	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation services	449	102.2	105.5	108.1	107.8	-	90.8	93.8	95.1	95.4	-
Transportation by air	45	732.5	732.5	733.2	734.2	739.1	-	-	-	-	-
Air transportation, scheduled	451	603.6	603.3	600.0	600.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air transportation, scheduled	4512	489.2	488.7	472.3	472.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Airports, flying fields, and services	458	98.1	97.9	100.8	100.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	17.5	17.5	17.0	16.8	16.8	13.5	13.5	13.4	13.3	-
Transportation services	47	358.1	361.8	377.7	378.6	381.0	281.5	285.4	300.2	301.1	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	189.1	192.1	195.7	197.0	-	149.9	152.7	157.2	158.8	-
Travel agencies	4724	154.5	156.4	160.4	161.3	-	121.8	123.3	128.3	129.4	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	136.7	136.7	147.4	147.4	-	105.2	105.6	114.9	114.4	-
Communications and public utilities		2,169	2,167	2,154	2,160	2,164	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	48	1,243.8	1,243.5	1,251.2	1,261.5	1,266.0	950.5	950.6	965.6	971.1	-
Telephone communications	481	852.5	850.2	849.7	858.2	-	629.7	628.3	634.8	638.5	-
Telephone communications, except radio	4813	785.0	781.2	770.1	777.3	-	579.1	576.5	576.3	578.4	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	229.8	230.4	236.8	237.9	-	192.3	192.7	198.1	199.3	-
Radio broadcasting stations	4832	111.9	112.2	113.5	113.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Television broadcasting stations	4833	117.9	118.2	123.3	124.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	137.2	138.6	143.2	144.2	-	115.3	116.4	121.0	121.7	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	924.7	923.0	903.2	898.9	897.8	730.1	728.3	711.6	706.8	-
Electric services	491	419.5	418.3	407.2	406.2	-	326.1	325.3	318.9	316.4	-
Gas production and distribution	492	159.7	159.3	156.1	153.9	-	124.0	123.7	120.8	119.2	-
Combination utility services	493	184.1	183.7	175.0	174.6	-	143.2	142.7	133.4	133.4	-
Sanitary services	495	131.3	131.4	134.6	133.8	-	113.3	112.9	114.8	114.1	-
Wholesale trade		5,945	5,973	6,107	6,123	6,145	4,784	4,809	4,930	4,943	4,963
Durable goods	50	3,407	3,420	3,499	3,509	3,526	2,716	2,728	2,801	2,811	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	455.3	458.2	480.7	480.9	-	366.9	369.9	388.2	389.0	-
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	5012	114.5	115.1	122.3	122.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts	5013	270.6	272.7	284.3	283.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	145.2	145.3	155.1	154.9	-	114.0	114.9	124.2	124.3	-
Furniture	5021	66.3	67.1	71.3	71.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home furnishings	5023	78.9	78.2	83.8	83.7	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued											
Lumber and other construction materials	503	218.1	221.0	234.9	235.9	-	176.7	179.6	192.9	193.5	-
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	117.4	118.2	125.6	126.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction materials, nec	5039	35.0	35.6	38.3	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional and commercial equipment	504	739.7	739.7	733.1	735.7	-	596.8	594.6	587.6	589.5	-
Office equipment	5044	185.9	186.2	186.8	187.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computers, peripherals and software	5045	256.6	256.1	241.7	243.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	165.1	165.5	170.2	169.8	-	136.1	135.9	139.4	139.1	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	134.0	135.0	139.5	140.4	-	107.5	108.5	111.7	112.5	-
Electrical goods	506	442.4	442.7	454.9	456.2	-	344.9	345.4	357.3	358.3	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	194.6	194.9	201.5	202.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets	5064	47.2	46.9	47.3	47.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic parts and equipment	5065	200.6	200.9	206.1	206.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	270.5	272.1	280.2	280.8	-	217.0	218.3	226.7	227.3	-
Hardware	5072	94.6	95.2	97.9	97.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies	5074	108.0	108.7	111.5	111.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	708.5	710.2	708.3	709.8	-	556.7	558.6	560.3	562.1	-
Construction and mining machinery	5082	72.4	72.1	73.4	73.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm and garden machinery	5083	108.3	110.1	107.6	107.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	287.4	287.5	288.2	289.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial supplies	5085	133.8	134.1	133.2	133.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	292.8	295.8	312.0	314.7	-	235.7	238.1	252.1	254.9	-
Scrap and waste materials	5093	107.5	107.9	117.8	119.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	2,538	2,553	2,608	2,614	2,619	2,068	2,081	2,129	2,132	-
Paper and paper products	511	252.7	254.5	268.7	270.7	-	207.3	208.9	220.7	222.7	-
Stationery and office supplies	5112	140.7	142.1	149.2	151.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	199.6	199.1	199.3	199.5	-	164.4	163.9	163.7	163.6	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	200.2	201.6	204.8	206.0	-	157.0	158.4	160.0	161.9	-
Groceries and related products	514	848.6	850.6	871.0	870.2	-	710.2	710.5	729.3	727.1	-
Groceries, general line	5141	275.8	276.0	283.5	283.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meats and meat products	5147	60.1	60.4	62.4	61.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fresh fruits and vegetables	5148	91.1	90.3	90.2	90.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm-product raw materials	515	109.4	110.5	110.9	109.3	-	88.4	89.4	90.3	88.7	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	136.2	136.1	134.6	134.0	-	102.0	102.2	102.1	101.3	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	167.1	168.4	174.8	174.6	-	134.9	136.0	142.3	142.0	-
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals	5171	68.4	68.8	71.6	71.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum products, nec	5172	98.7	99.6	103.2	102.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	147.1	148.2	153.8	153.1	-	119.4	120.0	124.8	124.0	-
Beer and ale	5181	96.1	96.8	100.4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wine and distilled beverages	5182	51.0	51.4	53.4	53.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	476.6	484.4	490.4	496.6	-	384.0	392.0	396.0	400.9	-
Farm supplies	5191	153.2	159.5	155.9	157.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		19,454	19,591	20,422	20,303	20,361	17,066	17,191	17,917	17,781	17,836
Building materials and garden supplies	52	767.5	790.9	825.0	824.3	841.8	629.2	651.7	683.6	681.9	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	455.3	465.6	495.2	493.2	-	380.6	390.1	419.0	416.3	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	523	65.0	66.0	67.1	67.4	-	50.2	50.9	52.5	52.3	-
Hardware stores	525	151.0	152.0	157.7	156.8	-	123.5	124.6	130.0	128.6	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	67.6	77.9	70.8	72.3	-	52.4	62.8	55.0	56.8	-
General merchandise stores	53	2,362.0	2,344.4	2,587.9	2,464.0	2,440.5	2,203.0	2,186.0	2,420.8	2,296.9	-
Department stores	531	2,038.1	2,024.6	2,258.3	2,150.9	-	1,915.7	1,902.3	2,129.1	2,021.1	-
Variety stores	533	139.3	137.2	134.8	131.1	-	123.7	121.8	119.3	115.9	-
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	539	184.6	182.6	194.8	182.0	-	163.6	161.9	172.4	159.9	-
Food stores	54	3,186.9	3,189.9	3,273.4	3,257.9	3,255.0	2,899.0	2,900.2	2,976.0	2,959.4	-
Grocery stores	541	2,842.2	2,841.4	2,897.9	2,885.9	-	2,601.9	2,600.8	2,655.1	2,641.9	-
Meat and fish markets	542	47.6	48.7	54.4	54.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dairy products stores	545	15.1	15.1	17.4	14.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	546	170.0	171.4	178.9	179.6	-	151.1	151.7	157.6	158.1	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	2,070.8	2,091.4	2,183.5	2,191.2	2,207.7	1,719.9	1,738.3	1,810.7	1,819.1	-
New and used car dealers	551	946.4	955.8	998.4	1,001.2	-	788.6	797.1	830.8	834.0	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Automotive dealers and service stations—Continued											
Auto and home supply stores	553	346.8	350.0	371.7	371.4	-	274.2	277.5	293.5	293.7	-
Gasoline service stations	554	618.6	620.2	626.5	627.0	-	531.4	532.5	538.5	539.6	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	5.8	5.7	4.7	4.7	-	4.9	4.8	3.9	3.9	-
Apparel and accessory stores											
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	1,112.1	1,120.9	1,155.1	1,109.5	1,105.0	903.9	908.4	943.1	899.5	-
Women's clothing stores	562	84.4	84.3	87.4	84.2	-	67.3	67.0	70.7	68.2	-
Family clothing stores	565	345.8	350.8	354.3	342.4	-	276.4	281.0	286.3	274.8	-
Shoe stores	566	308.3	311.1	330.3	309.6	-	263.1	263.7	281.5	261.1	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	206.5	207.0	213.0	207.3	-	160.9	161.1	167.5	162.3	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	859.0	859.7	953.6	946.1	951.4	697.8	697.4	771.3	762.2	-
Furniture stores	5712	470.5	473.7	514.8	511.4	-	382.8	385.1	417.1	413.5	-
Household appliance stores	572	284.5	286.2	310.0	308.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	71.4	71.5	72.8	72.0	-	57.7	57.8	59.0	58.2	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores	5731	317.1	314.5	366.0	362.7	-	257.3	254.5	295.2	290.5	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	136.3	134.2	156.3	154.8	-	111.8	109.6	128.3	126.5	-
Eating and drinking places	58	67.9	67.2	79.0	76.9	-	54.1	53.4	59.9	56.9	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	6,645.1	6,761.6	6,895.3	6,979.9	7,067.0	5,979.6	6,094.1	6,190.7	6,263.9	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	2,450.7	2,431.9	2,548.3	2,529.8	2,492.2	2,033.2	2,015.3	2,121.0	2,098.5	-
Liquor stores	592	589.7	587.4	596.9	595.1	-	491.4	489.2	498.3	495.6	-
Used merchandise stores	593	111.8	111.7	114.8	113.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	88.2	89.5	94.1	95.0	-	73.1	74.3	78.6	79.3	-
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	866.7	862.3	932.2	899.4	-	720.7	716.4	778.7	743.6	-
Book stores	5942	175.3	175.0	188.2	180.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stationery stores	5943	107.8	103.9	109.4	109.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jewelry stores	5944	74.7	74.5	76.5	77.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5947	138.6	136.4	147.5	143.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	5949	179.1	180.7	189.8	183.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonstore retailers	596	58.2	58.3	59.6	56.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Catalog and mail-order houses	5961	261.6	263.0	273.9	271.6	-	220.5	221.9	232.2	230.7	-
Merchandising machine operators	5962	142.4	143.2	153.9	150.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel dealers	598	71.6	71.7	72.1	72.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail stores, nec	599	103.9	102.7	103.5	103.4	-	86.2	85.1	85.6	85.4	-
Florists, tobacco stores, and newsstands	5992,3,4	428.8	415.3	432.9	451.6	-	351.1	338.4	354.0	371.1	-
Optical goods stores	5995	154.3	139.0	143.0	162.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	61.1	60.9	62.0	62.8	-	48.1	48.5	50.4	50.9	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		213.4	215.4	227.9	226.2	-	170.7	171.9	181.3	179.2	-
Finance		6,717	6,739	6,721	6,718	6,749	4,882	4,903	4,884	4,883	4,910
Depository institutions	60	3,245	3,249	3,229	3,228	3,235	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial banks	602	2,042.4	2,037.6	2,025.8	2,019.9	2,023.4	1,473.1	1,468.8	1,455.0	1,450.6	-
State commercial banks	6022	1,482.4	1,478.6	1,492.7	1,489.6	-	1,053.1	1,050.0	1,057.3	1,055.0	-
National and commercial banks, nec	6021,9	612.9	613.0	625.3	623.7	-	438.8	439.1	448.7	447.3	-
Savings institutions	603	869.5	865.6	867.4	865.9	-	614.3	610.9	608.6	607.7	-
Federal savings institutions	6035	287.7	285.5	255.9	253.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Savings institutions, except federal	6036	154.8	152.7	138.5	136.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit unions	606	132.9	132.8	117.4	116.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepository institutions	61	145.5	146.1	149.6	149.8	-	115.8	116.1	118.9	119.0	-
Personal credit institutions	614	484.7	487.5	455.7	453.6	455.5	363.2	365.4	330.4	328.7	-
Business credit institutions	615	131.6	131.7	139.6	141.0	-	96.4	96.1	102.4	103.5	-
Mortgage bankers and brokers	616	81.7	80.4	80.4	80.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers	62	252.2	256.1	214.2	210.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security brokers and dealers	621	489.4	493.7	510.3	512.1	512.8	-	-	-	-	-
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges	622,3	374.9	378.0	390.3	391.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity services	628	24.5	24.8	28.9	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Holding and other investment offices	67	90.0	90.9	91.1	91.7	-	58.8	59.5	60.0	60.0	-
Holding offices	671	228.5	230.6	237.2	241.9	243.6	-	-	-	-	-
		103.2	103.2	105.0	106.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Insurance	63,64	2,183	2,186	2,164	2,162	2,170	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	1,523.4	1,524.3	1,493.2	1,491.0	1,495.4	1,070.5	1,073.1	1,066.0	1,066.3	-
Life insurance	631	553.2	551.0	535.9	535.0	-	359.0	358.9	357.7	358.1	-
Medical service and health insurance	632	283.9	284.3	291.6	292.0	-	231.0	231.0	235.9	237.0	-
Hospital and medical service plans	6324	222.4	222.8	230.2	231.4	-	185.2	185.3	190.2	191.6	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	534.8	535.5	529.4	529.4	-	354.4	355.5	360.9	361.3	-
Title insurance	636	91.1	92.8	74.0	72.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	659.3	661.4	670.6	671.3	674.1	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate	65	1,289	1,304	1,328	1,328	1,344	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate operators and lessors	651	541.8	551.3	565.1	562.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers	653	608.6	613.1	627.7	631.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subdividers and developers	655	101.8	103.7	104.9	104.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		30,759	31,131	31,973	32,382	32,692	26,830	27,187	27,854	28,239	28,523
Agricultural services	07	443.7	472.4	467.0	465.1	494.7	362.1	387.4	380.2	379.0	-
Veterinary services	074	145.0	146.6	150.2	150.2	-	120.7	122.3	125.9	125.7	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	256.4	283.0	272.3	271.9	-	206.9	230.5	218.2	218.6	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,517.7	1,543.4	1,509.1	1,515.0	1,536.4	-	-	-	-	-
Hotels and motels	701	1,476.4	1,500.2	1,466.4	1,469.1	-	1,295.0	1,318.1	1,283.5	1,287.0	-
Personal services	72	1,199.0	1,194.7	1,184.1	1,207.6	1,195.3	-	-	-	-	-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	422.5	425.6	435.2	432.4	-	373.2	376.4	384.5	382.1	-
Photographic studios, portrait	722	73.9	74.4	71.9	72.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops	723	380.5	384.3	381.7	381.6	-	341.4	344.3	342.6	342.0	-
Funeral service and crematories	726	88.6	88.6	89.6	89.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	215.1	203.1	188.7	214.2	-	192.9	181.6	165.4	189.8	-
Business services	73	5,997.0	6,125.7	6,625.2	6,679.1	6,752.0	5,318.3	5,447.5	5,878.7	5,925.9	-
Advertising	731	233.3	233.9	250.8	252.8	-	170.6	171.1	182.2	183.8	-
Advertising agencies	7311	157.0	157.4	168.7	170.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection	732	115.4	115.2	114.3	115.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services	733	268.4	271.7	306.6	304.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	60.6	61.2	67.4	68.0	-	49.1	49.7	55.4	56.2	-
Services to buildings	734	838.2	849.6	882.8	884.9	-	751.3	762.0	791.1	792.1	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	75.0	77.5	79.2	79.9	-	58.7	60.7	62.5	63.2	-
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	763.2	772.1	803.6	805.0	-	692.6	701.3	728.6	728.9	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	735	216.8	219.2	243.4	245.3	-	172.0	174.8	194.3	195.8	-
Medical equipment rental	7352	35.1	35.9	39.7	40.8	-	28.1	28.9	31.6	32.1	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	38.3	38.6	44.1	45.3	-	31.9	32.4	37.1	38.1	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	7359	143.4	144.7	159.6	159.2	-	112.0	113.5	125.6	125.6	-
Personnel supply services	736	2,035.5	2,138.4	2,393.8	2,415.0	2,448.7	-	-	-	-	-
Employment agencies	7361	285.4	298.7	335.1	343.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Help supply services	7363	1,750.1	1,839.7	2,058.7	2,071.2	-	1,694.2	1,785.9	1,994.9	2,006.2	-
Computer and data processing services	737	952.1	960.4	1,055.2	1,071.0	-	774.1	781.7	850.6	862.7	-
Computer programming services	7371	198.2	200.4	223.3	226.4	-	167.6	169.3	186.8	189.5	-
Prepackaged software	7372	152.2	152.0	163.3	165.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	117.1	118.7	129.2	130.6	-	87.1	88.9	97.4	98.7	-
Data processing and preparation	7374	223.4	224.8	247.1	252.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information retrieval services	7375	52.4	53.9	62.3	63.0	-	40.4	41.7	48.3	48.3	-
Computer maintenance and repair	7378	43.0	43.3	42.8	43.1	-	35.6	35.8	36.1	36.2	-
Miscellaneous business services	738	1,337.3	1,337.3	1,378.3	1,390.2	-	1,171.8	1,172.3	1,204.8	1,217.7	-
Detective and armored car services	7381	497.1	496.1	508.4	512.2	-	464.4	463.7	472.0	475.7	-
Security systems services	7382	41.4	41.5	43.6	43.9	-	35.4	35.7	37.0	37.3	-
Photofinishing laboratories	7384	70.9	70.1	67.4	66.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	994.9	1,011.9	1,087.4	1,098.5	1,109.8	815.9	832.3	896.7	906.5	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	181.9	184.7	199.3	199.0	-	147.0	149.3	163.0	163.0	-
Passenger car rental	7514	112.4	114.6	124.2	124.6	-	91.8	93.8	102.9	103.3	-
Automobile parking	752	60.3	60.6	64.7	63.9	-	53.7	54.2	57.9	57.4	-
Automotive repair shops	753	561.6	570.3	617.4	622.0	-	452.3	461.0	499.7	503.0	-
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	194.3	197.9	214.7	215.8	-	159.0	162.4	177.5	178.1	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	238.3	241.3	260.0	262.2	-	192.5	195.5	210.1	211.5	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Services—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking—Continued											
Automotive services, except repair	754	191.1	196.3	206.0	213.6	-	162.9	167.8	176.1	183.1	-
Carwashes	7542	112.5	116.5	116.1	123.1	-	98.9	102.8	102.0	108.8	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	370.0	371.2	386.6	390.3	391.9	298.5	299.5	313.1	317.2	-
Electrical repair shops	762	112.6	112.8	119.6	119.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	440.7	448.8	544.8	561.8	572.6	364.3	373.5	452.1	467.5	-
Motion picture production and services	781	176.1	181.2	261.6	280.6	-	141.9	147.7	215.5	233.0	-
Motion picture theaters	783	108.3	109.6	116.0	113.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Video tape rental	784	140.5	142.3	150.1	150.9	-	115.5	117.8	123.2	124.2	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,128.9	1,179.4	1,103.4	1,142.5	1,203.9	976.4	1,023.9	950.4	986.5	-
Bowling centers	793	92.2	92.7	89.9	90.3	-	82.0	82.7	80.5	81.1	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	777.3	819.1	770.6	794.7	-	675.5	714.7	662.9	685.1	-
Physical fitness facilities	7991	133.3	133.0	134.3	137.0	-	119.6	119.6	118.9	121.9	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	232.1	244.8	237.3	241.9	-	197.1	208.6	201.2	205.2	-
Health services	80	8,899.1	8,941.2	9,139.4	9,165.0	9,210.3	7,884.1	7,922.4	8,084.9	8,106.7	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	1,534.3	1,541.5	1,582.6	1,588.0	-	1,253.2	1,260.4	1,289.4	1,292.7	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	576.6	580.0	604.1	607.6	-	505.3	507.6	527.8	531.5	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	374.6	378.9	404.3	408.6	-	308.8	312.7	333.9	336.9	-
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists	8041,2	161.6	164.0	172.3	173.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,608.0	1,614.9	1,651.2	1,656.3	-	1,448.4	1,454.6	1,486.4	1,491.8	-
Skilled nursing care facilities	8051	1,152.2	1,157.6	1,185.0	1,188.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	226.0	226.7	231.1	231.8	-	202.7	203.6	207.3	208.1	-
Nursing and personal care, nec	8059	229.8	230.6	235.1	236.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	3,781.8	3,786.9	3,790.0	3,787.9	3,796.8	3,460.2	3,464.0	3,463.2	3,462.0	-
General medical and surgical hospitals	8062	3,483.7	3,488.2	3,495.7	3,494.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	8063	93.7	94.0	91.9	91.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	8069	204.4	204.7	202.4	202.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and dental laboratories	807	195.7	197.9	207.0	208.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home health care services	808	501.8	512.2	560.9	567.2	-	464.6	475.4	518.6	523.8	-
Legal services	81	932.7	934.0	945.2	946.0	948.6	748.1	748.4	755.2	755.9	-
Educational services	82	1,818.6	1,836.0	1,732.1	1,889.6	1,905.5	-	-	-	-	-
Elementary and secondary schools	821	509.0	510.9	519.1	527.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colleges and universities	822	1,103.8	1,116.3	1,005.3	1,145.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vocational schools	824	76.3	76.8	76.8	80.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	83	2,174.8	2,198.3	2,321.7	2,339.8	2,359.9	1,880.9	1,902.8	2,009.8	2,026.6	-
Individual and family services	832	573.5	579.1	594.8	601.5	-	497.4	502.5	515.7	522.0	-
Job training and related services	833	280.3	282.5	304.3	305.1	-	235.0	237.3	257.8	258.7	-
Child day care services	835	529.2	537.1	571.0	578.1	-	467.3	474.7	503.3	509.7	-
Residential care	836	595.7	599.7	643.3	645.9	-	519.1	522.6	559.6	562.1	-
Social services, nec	839	196.1	199.9	208.3	209.2	-	162.1	165.7	173.4	174.1	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	84	70.5	72.9	72.8	73.8	76.0	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations	86	2,021.9	2,034.0	2,026.1	2,040.4	2,048.4	-	-	-	-	-
Business associations	861	104.6	105.9	102.2	102.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional organizations	862	54.2	54.6	54.8	55.0	-	38.4	38.6	38.9	39.0	-
Labor organizations	863	133.9	136.2	125.8	126.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Civic and social associations	864	432.4	436.3	439.1	451.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and management services	87	2,575.9	2,593.2	2,653.0	2,692.4	2,711.2	1,971.7	1,989.3	2,031.6	2,065.1	-
Engineering and architectural services	871	761.2	766.8	804.2	804.5	-	624.0	629.9	660.9	660.1	-
Engineering services	8711	595.8	599.5	627.9	627.6	-	493.2	497.0	521.1	520.2	-
Architectural services	8712	115.6	116.9	123.0	124.2	-	89.6	91.1	95.8	96.6	-
Surveying services	8713	49.8	50.4	53.3	52.7	-	41.2	41.8	44.0	43.3	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	541.3	547.4	541.6	561.4	-	398.9	404.7	395.6	413.3	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987 SIC Code	All employees					Production workers ¹				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management services—Continued											
Research and testing services	873	569.8	573.2	576.2	580.2	-	431.8	435.2	440.9	444.3	-
Commercial physical research	8731	238.6	238.8	234.9	233.4	-	172.9	173.4	172.8	171.0	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	106.8	110.3	116.5	119.8	-	83.5	86.8	92.3	96.0	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	144.5	144.3	142.1	144.8	-	111.9	111.6	109.6	111.5	-
Management and public relations	874	703.6	705.8	731.0	746.3	-	517.0	519.5	534.2	547.4	-
Management services	8741	262.3	263.5	274.1	282.1	-	184.4	186.4	192.2	198.2	-
Management consulting services	8742	231.2	231.8	244.6	248.2	-	170.9	171.2	183.4	186.9	-
Public relations services	8743	33.3	33.4	33.2	33.5	-	23.6	23.6	22.6	22.6	-
Services, nec	89	39.6	39.8	40.8	40.9	41.2	31.4	31.6	32.1	32.4	-
Government											
Federal Government ⁴		19,203	19,332	19,088	19,463	19,551	-	-	-	-	-
Executive, by agency ⁴		2,883	2,878	2,820	2,822	2,815	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Defense		2,818.7	2,813.2	2,757.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postal Service ⁵		836.6	832.4	797.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other executive agencies		804.4	803.7	834.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legislative		1,177.7	1,177.1	1,126.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial		36.7	36.8	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals		27.6	27.6	27.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		80.7	80.0	71.6	71.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	45.6	45.0	38.8	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal Service		29.8	29.8	26.7	26.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		382.9	381.9	370.1	369.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	231.7	230.9	224.8	224.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
State government		4,606	4,643	4,530	4,696	4,726	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	409.4	409.4	400.7	398.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	82	1,954.3	1,984.6	1,841.7	2,005.8	2,034.3	-	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1,758.9	1,764.6	1,796.9	1,801.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
State government, except education		2,651.4	2,658.3	2,687.9	2,690.2	2,691.5	-	-	-	-	-
Local government		11,714	11,811	11,738	11,945	12,010	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities		454.7	455.4	451.5	450.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	685.8	686.9	693.3	694.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	82	6,711.5	6,781.8	6,714.1	6,908.7	6,952.1	-	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		3,498.4	3,520.5	3,510.0	3,518.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local government, except education		5,002.9	5,029.4	5,024.0	5,036.2	5,057.8	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

³ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

⁴ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

the National Security Agency.

⁵ Includes rural mail carriers.

- Data not available.

⁶ = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
WOMEN EMPLOYEES
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-13. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Dec. 1993	Jan. 1994	Nov. 1994	Dec. 1994	Jan. 1995
Total	54,694	53,544	56,206	56,353	55,199
Total private	44,183	43,236	45,399	45,650	44,702
Goods-producing	6,480	6,412	6,620	6,595	6,537
Mining	88	86	84	83	82
Construction	523	513	562	557	551
Manufacturing	5,869	5,813	5,974	5,955	5,904
Durable goods	2,687	2,673	2,762	2,763	2,746
Lumber and wood products	117	116	125	125	124
Furniture and fixtures	149	149	157	157	156
Stone, clay, and glass products	102	101	104	103	102
Primary metal industries	92	92	99	98	98
Fabricated metal products	295	294	309	310	308
Industrial machinery and equipment	412	413	425	425	425
Electronic and other electrical equipment	645	641	664	668	665
Transportation equipment	350	348	357	359	354
Instruments and related products	357	355	348	347	345
Miscellaneous manufacturing	168	164	176	171	168
Nondurable goods	3,182	3,140	3,212	3,192	3,158
Food and kindred products	534	517	551	537	528
Tobacco products	15	14	13	13	13
Textile mill products	318	316	319	316	313
Apparel and other textile products	738	725	729	719	708
Paper and allied products	166	165	165	164	162
Printing and publishing	677	673	690	694	690
Chemicals and allied products	338	333	331	332	330
Petroleum and coal products	24	24	25	25	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	308	308	326	327	327
Leather and leather products	65	65	64	64	62
Service-producing	48,214	47,132	49,586	49,758	48,662
Transportation and public utilities	1,714	1,692	1,743	1,752	1,731
Wholesale trade	1,836	1,818	1,891	1,894	1,875
Retail trade	10,938	10,345	11,118	11,359	10,779
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,283	4,259	4,266	4,276	4,250
Services	18,932	18,710	19,761	19,774	19,530
Government	10,511	10,308	10,807	10,703	10,497
Federal	1,214	1,196	1,185	1,205	1,179
State	2,305	2,229	2,365	2,346	2,281
Local	6,992	6,883	7,257	7,152	7,037

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Alabama	1,720.1	1,758.2	1,764.0	10.4	10.5	10.6	76.6	80.9	81.5
Birmingham	421.3	431.3	433.1	3.0	3.2	3.2	21.2	21.0	21.5
Huntsville	161.5	161.3	161.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	5.6	5.6	5.6
Mobile	197.7	205.5	206.8	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	13.8	15.4	15.6
Montgomery	144.2	146.7	147.3	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	6.9	7.4	7.4
Tuscaloosa	70.4	70.7	71.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	4.1	4.2	4.1
Alaska	246.7	245.2	251.3	10.5	9.5	9.4	9.6	9.8	9.8
Anchorage	116.0	117.1	118.0	3.5	2.9	3.0	5.2	5.4	5.5
Arizona	1,648.4	1,724.5	1,752.4	11.5	12.5	12.6	99.3	112.8	112.7
Phoenix-Mesa	1,110.8	1,170.9	1,189.0	4.4	5.0	5.1	68.5	78.2	78.8
Tucson	289.5	299.0	303.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	17.8	18.6	18.3
Arkansas	999.8	1,045.5	1,054.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	36.8	41.2	41.4
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	118.4	126.2	127.8	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	4.5	5.2	5.1
Fort Smith	86.3	89.7	89.7	.9	.9	.9	3.1	3.5	3.4
Little Rock-North Little Rock	271.8	283.6	284.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	11.0	12.4	12.4
Pine Bluff	34.3	35.0	35.1	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	.6	.7	.6
California	11,983.9	12,032.4	12,147.4	32.8	30.0	30.2	430.6	427.8	461.0
Bakersfield	167.7	167.3	167.8	11.0	10.8	10.7	8.7	7.6	7.7
Fresno	250.4	252.0	253.7	.6	.6	.6	12.5	11.7	12.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach	3,672.8	3,685.9	3,722.9	7.1	6.2	6.2	99.5	100.6	108.1
Modesto	117.7	118.5	118.7	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	6.3	5.9	6.2
Oakland	868.1	860.0	870.5	2.8	2.6	2.8	38.0	33.4	36.9
Orange County	1,111.3	1,118.9	1,124.8	.9	.9	1.0	44.6	43.5	45.8
Riverside-San Bernardino	738.0	749.9	752.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	35.4	36.3	37.4
Sacramento	557.5	561.8	564.9	.5	.5	.5	23.0	22.6	23.8
Salinas	106.7	104.0	105.2	.2	.2	.2	3.5	3.8	3.9
San Diego	944.4	942.0	947.9	.4	.4	.4	38.5	38.4	41.1
San Francisco	893.2	895.1	896.7	.6	.6	.6	25.4	25.0	25.7
San Jose	789.3	780.5	785.4	.1	.1	.1	24.3	24.4	25.7
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	142.5	142.3	143.3	.9	.9	1.0	4.8	4.6	4.8
Santa Rosa	143.2	145.4	147.8	.5	.5	.5	6.3	7.1	7.5
Stockton-Lodi	151.8	152.3	153.6	.1	.1	.1	5.4	4.8	5.4
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	138.0	137.9	139.4	.4	.4	.5	7.9	7.2	7.5
Ventura	228.2	228.2	229.5	2.0	1.8	1.9	9.1	8.7	9.1
Colorado	1,704.8	1,771.2	1,780.9	15.7	15.4	15.1	85.0	93.3	91.6
Boulder-Longmont	136.9	144.0	145.2	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	5.1	5.8	5.5
Denver	915.1	947.7	950.9	8.4	8.2	7.9	46.7	49.1	48.5
Connecticut	1,503.4	1,524.0	1,520.8	.6	.5	.5	40.2	46.9	44.6
Bridgeport	171.7	176.6	174.9	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	4.0	4.3	4.1
Danbury	80.4	83.0	82.8	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	2.5	2.9	2.8
Hartford	574.3	583.6	580.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	15.4	17.8	18.3
New Haven-Meriden	232.7	236.4	238.5	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	6.8	6.5	6.2
New London-Norwich	123.1	126.7	126.7	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	3.2	3.4	3.2
Stamford-Norwalk	179.8	183.3	182.2	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	4.0	4.2	4.1
Waterbury	77.8	81.1	80.5	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	2.2	2.7	2.6
Delaware	341.5	351.3	351.7	.1	.1	.1	14.3	16.2	15.6
Dover	45.8	47.9	47.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	1.8	2.2	2.0
Wilmington-Newark	268.4	277.3	277.0	.2	.2	.2	10.8	12.1	11.6
District of Columbia	651.8	641.1	642.5	.1	.1	.1	8.0	9.4	9.0
Washington: PMSA	2,312.1	2,356.1	2,358.7	.7	.7	.7	99.9	109.3	107.4
Florida	5,724.1	5,901.9	5,968.5	6.7	7.2	7.2	285.4	305.4	304.5
Daytona Beach	141.4	144.5	149.1	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	7.1	7.4	7.4
Fort Lauderdale	555.8	576.6	581.7	.2	.2	.2	31.2	32.1	32.7
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	139.0	143.9	144.6	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	11.1	11.3	11.1
Gainesville	104.0	107.8	110.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	3.5	4.5	4.5
Jacksonville	447.6	462.5	467.3	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	22.9	24.3	24.1
Lakeland-Winter Haven	156.7	163.8	165.3	3.4	3.6	3.7	7.6	8.3	8.2
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	168.1	171.5	173.5	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	8.5	8.6	8.6
Miami	905.6	917.6	924.9	.4	.4	.5	35.4	34.4	34.4
Orlando	669.3	709.6	715.1	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	34.6	38.6	39.0
Pensacola	138.6	141.8	143.6	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	8.8	9.5	9.5
Sarasota-Bradenton	198.9	213.1	213.9	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	9.6	10.1	9.8
Tallahassee	136.5	139.1	141.4	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	4.6	5.1	5.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	940.5	974.9	983.5	.4	.5	.5	42.2	45.9	45.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	387.4	397.9	404.3	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	20.7	22.9	23.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry--Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Alabama	379.1	388.2	387.3	84.7	85.5	85.6	379.7	398.2	397.1
Birmingham	51.7	53.0	52.9	29.8	29.6	29.6	101.2	107.0	106.5
Huntsville	36.3	37.7	37.7	3.2	3.1	3.1	30.5	30.9	30.7
Mobile	27.4	27.1	26.9	11.5	11.9	11.9	51.0	54.9	55.0
Montgomery	17.7	17.6	17.7	6.0	6.1	6.0	32.9	34.5	34.5
Tuscaloosa	10.2	10.5	10.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	15.3	16.1	16.0
Alaska	16.5	11.9	16.6	21.4	22.0	22.1	48.0	51.0	50.4
Anchorage	1.7	1.7	1.8	11.9	12.2	12.2	27.1	28.0	27.8
Arizona	185.8	197.0	197.4	81.5	88.1	89.4	398.7	421.5	424.5
Phoenix-Mesa	144.1	152.2	152.9	57.3	61.5	62.5	267.0	283.5	285.3
Tucson	25.2	27.4	27.2	12.7	13.7	13.9	66.1	69.5	70.6
Arkansas	246.2	260.8	261.0	56.8	60.2	60.6	221.2	235.8	236.4
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	33.1	34.8	34.9	8.0	8.6	8.6	31.1	34.1	34.3
Fort Smith	25.7	27.5	27.5	5.3	6.1	6.1	17.5	17.9	17.6
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.7	36.3	36.1	17.3	17.9	18.3	63.2	66.0	65.4
Pine Bluff	7.2	7.6	7.5	2.0	1.9	1.9	7.2	7.2	7.2
California	1,748.6	1,749.2	1,760.0	607.8	602.7	604.5	2,775.4	2,806.0	2,796.6
Bakersfield	9.8	9.5	9.5	8.5	8.2	8.3	40.4	40.3	39.9
Fresno	27.9	28.3	28.3	12.1	12.4	12.3	61.5	63.0	62.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach	638.1	631.1	635.5	198.7	197.4	198.1	802.9	813.6	810.4
Modesto	22.1	22.3	22.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	29.8	30.5	30.2
Oakland	100.2	102.2	102.9	57.0	55.5	55.2	202.0	203.7	202.1
Orange County	204.2	206.0	206.9	37.9	39.7	39.9	275.8	283.0	281.8
Riverside-San Bernardino	84.8	86.6	86.7	37.6	38.1	38.1	194.8	197.9	197.0
Sacramento	35.5	36.8	36.5	24.0	24.7	24.7	123.8	126.3	125.3
Salinas	8.7	8.1	8.2	4.8	4.4	4.6	28.0	28.3	28.3
San Diego	114.3	110.5	110.6	36.1	35.5	35.6	222.9	225.1	224.4
San Francisco	73.1	73.4	73.2	75.1	73.2	73.3	189.2	192.0	190.7
San Jose	226.2	223.0	223.2	23.5	23.0	23.0	157.0	157.3	157.7
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	17.6	16.9	16.7	4.9	4.8	4.8	33.3	34.3	34.4
Santa Rosa	20.1	20.3	20.4	5.7	5.6	5.6	36.8	38.0	38.0
Stockton-Lodi	20.4	20.8	21.3	9.8	10.5	10.3	37.6	38.5	38.4
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	13.3	14.0	14.1	5.9	5.5	5.4	35.4	36.8	36.7
Ventura	29.5	28.1	28.1	10.8	11.0	11.2	54.4	55.9	56.0
Colorado	186.4	193.7	193.9	107.0	106.4	106.7	410.9	441.7	439.1
Boulder-Longmont	29.0	30.2	30.3	3.8	4.0	4.1	28.3	31.2	30.8
Denver	88.1	89.9	90.2	74.6	73.6	73.6	221.0	237.1	235.7
Connecticut	285.2	283.3	281.7	69.3	70.6	70.4	321.8	330.4	324.0
Bridgeport	42.3	41.7	41.7	7.0	7.1	7.0	37.8	40.0	39.4
Danbury	20.2	19.7	19.7	2.8	2.9	2.8	20.2	21.0	20.7
Hartford	94.9	93.6	92.2	23.7	24.7	24.9	118.1	123.4	120.4
New Haven-Meriden	40.3	40.7	40.8	16.1	16.4	16.3	47.0	48.2	47.5
New London-Norwich	28.0	28.1	28.1	5.6	5.8	5.8	24.5	27.1	26.3
Stamford-Norwalk	28.9	28.8	28.8	8.6	8.5	8.5	42.6	43.3	42.2
Waterbury	18.0	18.4	18.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	15.6	16.2	15.9
Delaware	63.3	62.6	62.5	15.1	15.3	15.7	73.3	76.7	75.2
Dover	6.0	6.3	6.2	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.7	12.5	12.2
Wilmington-Newark	48.6	46.7	46.5	13.1	13.9	14.0	54.7	57.2	55.8
District of Columbia	13.3	13.0	13.2	20.8	20.0	20.0	50.6	51.7	51.8
Washington PMSA	92.5	93.6	94.1	106.6	107.5	107.2	432.7	453.2	447.9
Florida	483.8	486.3	487.6	291.6	297.3	298.3	1,492.5	1,534.4	1,550.5
Daytona Beach	13.0	13.8	13.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	40.6	41.5	43.0
Fort Lauderdale	41.0	41.3	41.6	26.4	27.4	27.6	158.4	163.4	164.4
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.2	39.1	40.6	40.7
Gainesville	5.4	5.8	5.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	21.9	22.8	23.3
Jacksonville	34.0	34.8	35.1	32.9	31.6	31.8	111.7	113.9	114.8
Lakeland-Winter Haven	19.9	20.5	20.5	8.1	8.6	8.7	43.1	44.2	44.5
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	28.8	28.9	29.3	4.8	4.6	4.6	38.7	40.6	41.1
Miami	79.9	79.5	80.4	73.9	75.9	76.0	237.8	238.9	240.4
Orlando	50.9	52.2	52.1	37.6	38.7	38.9	165.2	174.0	174.6
Pensacola	11.6	11.2	11.3	6.2	6.2	6.2	32.8	33.9	34.1
Sarasota-Bradenton	18.6	19.5	19.6	5.0	5.1	5.1	52.8	55.4	55.5
Tallahassee	4.6	5.0	5.0	3.3	3.3	3.3	29.0	29.5	29.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	86.9	87.2	87.1	42.2	43.1	43.1	239.3	244.8	247.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	31.1	31.2	31.3	14.7	15.0	14.8	105.9	109.3	111.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Alabama	76.1	77.0	76.9	367.3	373.5	376.8	346.2	344.4	348.2
Birmingham	30.3	30.5	30.6	116.4	118.9	120.1	67.7	68.1	68.7
Huntsville	4.6	4.6	4.6	41.4	39.8	39.7	39.9	39.6	40.0
Mobile	8.7	8.9	9.0	51.7	53.1	53.8	33.6	34.2	34.6
Montgomery	8.5	8.5	8.4	35.3	36.0	36.3	36.9	36.6	37.0
Tuscaloosa	2.1	2.2	2.2	11.7	11.5	11.8	22.2	21.4	22.2
Alaska	11.5	11.6	11.6	54.4	56.1	57.0	74.8	73.3	74.4
Anchorage	7.2	7.2	7.2	30.2	31.0	31.6	29.2	28.7	28.9
Arizona	108.7	112.2	111.0	465.7	492.1	499.5	297.2	288.3	305.3
Phoenix-Mesa	88.2	92.0	91.4	323.6	343.5	348.6	157.7	155.0	164.4
Tucson	12.6	12.1	12.0	85.2	89.3	90.7	67.3	65.7	68.3
Arkansas	41.0	42.0	42.0	219.9	227.7	230.8	174.5	174.4	178.8
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	4.0	4.2	4.3	21.7	23.5	23.7	16.0	15.8	16.9
Fort Smith	2.8	2.9	2.9	21.6	21.5	21.7	9.4	9.4	9.6
Little Rock-North Little Rock	16.8	17.0	17.2	74.9	78.2	78.8	54.9	55.8	56.2
Pine Bluff	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.7	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.3
California	798.5	770.8	772.8	3,482.2	3,545.0	3,601.6	2,108.0	2,100.9	2,120.7
Bakersfield	5.9	5.7	5.8	37.2	38.2	38.4	46.2	47.0	47.5
Fresno	13.8	13.3	13.3	61.2	61.4	62.4	60.8	61.3	62.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach	245.7	238.4	239.0	1,144.3	1,163.7	1,188.1	536.5	534.9	537.5
Modesto	5.0	4.7	4.7	27.7	27.6	28.0	21.5	22.2	21.9
Oakland	58.5	54.6	54.4	239.0	238.9	242.5	170.6	169.1	173.7
Orange County	95.6	91.1	91.1	321.1	326.7	328.8	131.2	128.0	129.5
Riverside-San Bernardino	32.5	31.5	31.5	192.5	196.5	197.9	159.3	161.8	162.6
Sacramento	42.4	41.1	41.5	145.7	148.6	149.5	162.6	161.4	163.1
Salinas	6.7	6.6	6.7	28.4	27.6	28.1	26.4	25.0	25.2
San Diego	62.2	58.8	58.7	288.3	290.2	292.7	181.7	183.1	184.4
San Francisco	100.6	99.8	99.5	301.7	306.1	308.4	127.5	125.0	125.3
San Jose	31.0	28.9	28.9	238.2	234.9	237.9	89.0	88.9	88.9
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	7.7	7.4	7.4	43.4	42.9	43.4	29.9	30.5	30.8
Santa Rosa	10.7	10.7	10.8	37.5	38.5	39.3	25.6	24.7	25.7
Stockton-Lodi	9.0	8.3	8.5	35.4	35.4	35.8	34.1	33.9	33.8
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	5.7	5.3	5.3	34.4	35.2	35.9	35.0	33.5	34.0
Ventura	12.9	12.0	11.9	66.4	68.1	68.6	43.1	42.6	42.7
Colorado	110.1	110.8	110.2	487.4	514.7	517.9	302.3	295.2	306.4
Boulder-Longmont	5.4	5.2	5.2	39.4	42.8	43.1	25.9	24.8	26.2
Denver	72.5	72.7	72.5	263.7	279.8	280.9	140.1	137.3	141.6
Connecticut	136.2	133.8	133.3	434.0	445.2	448.4	216.1	213.3	217.9
Bridgeport	10.8	10.3	10.3	50.8	53.0	52.8	19.0	20.2	19.6
Danbury	3.7	4.2	4.1	21.2	22.1	22.3	9.8	10.2	10.4
Hartford	77.1	74.6	74.6	152.1	155.8	158.8	93.0	93.7	95.2
New Haven-Meriden	14.2	14.1	13.9	77.7	80.8	83.5	30.6	29.7	30.3
New London-Norwich	3.5	3.5	3.5	31.7	30.2	30.7	26.6	28.6	29.1
Stamford-Norwalk	20.5	21.4	21.2	58.8	60.3	60.4	16.4	16.8	17.0
Waterbury	4.2	4.2	4.1	22.1	23.5	23.5	12.5	12.8	12.7
Delaware	37.9	40.1	40.3	87.1	90.1	91.1	50.4	50.2	51.2
Dover	1.4	1.4	1.4	10.2	10.2	10.4	13.1	13.6	13.5
Wilmington-Newark	33.4	35.9	36.2	71.5	75.3	76.1	36.1	36.0	36.6
District of Columbia	31.0	30.8	31.0	255.5	256.5	258.3	272.5	259.6	259.1
Washington PMSA	139.7	136.3	136.2	812.4	839.4	843.4	627.6	616.1	621.8
Florida	372.1	379.2	380.5	1,879.3	1,977.5	2,005.4	912.7	914.6	934.5
Daytona Beach	6.2	6.5	6.5	45.1	48.4	50.7	25.7	23.2	24.0
Fort Lauderdale	40.9	40.5	40.8	179.7	192.1	193.6	78.0	79.6	80.8
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	8.2	8.3	8.3	46.7	48.7	49.2	22.5	23.0	23.3
Gainesville	4.5	4.6	4.5	28.7	30.7	31.0	38.1	37.5	39.3
Jacksonville	47.8	49.4	49.5	133.8	142.5	145.4	64.1	65.6	66.2
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.5	7.6	7.7	42.9	45.4	46.1	24.2	25.6	25.9
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	5.6	5.8	5.8	56.6	58.3	59.0	25.1	24.7	25.1
Miami	66.5	66.5	66.6	280.0	288.4	291.4	131.7	133.6	135.2
Orlando	40.6	43.0	43.0	259.8	282.6	285.7	80.2	80.1	81.4
Pensacola	5.3	5.5	5.5	43.8	46.5	47.3	29.9	28.7	29.4
Sarasota-Bradenton	10.7	11.1	11.0	77.3	86.9	87.7	24.8	24.9	25.1
Tallahassee	5.3	5.2	5.2	33.0	34.6	34.9	56.5	56.2	57.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	65.7	66.3	66.7	335.4	359.3	362.6	128.4	127.8	130.5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	26.5	27.1	27.3	139.3	143.2	145.7	49.2	49.2	50.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Georgia	3,174.1	3,323.9	3,340.7	7.5	7.6	7.6	129.6	145.0	143.7
Albany	53.5	55.6	55.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.8	2.9	3.0
Athens	63.5	66.7	67.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.0	2.3	2.1
Atlanta	1,682.7	1,771.0	1,784.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	69.3	80.1	79.8
Augusta-Aiken	188.0	192.3	192.5	.5	.5	.5	11.0	11.3	11.1
Columbus	102.2	106.9	106.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.1	4.4	4.3
Macon	133.2	138.4	139.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	4.4	5.2	5.2
Savannah	120.1	125.3	124.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	6.4	7.0	6.9
Hawaii	535.7	534.3	537.4	(?)	(?)	(?)	29.3	27.6	27.1
Honolulu	412.3	408.9	412.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	22.4	20.9	20.5
Idaho	440.2	476.0	467.9	2.0	2.6	2.6	23.4	29.5	27.7
Boise City	164.2	173.4	174.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	10.9	12.5	12.7
Illinois	5,299.9	5,428.9	5,448.4	15.1	13.9	13.8	172.6	186.5	181.6
Bloomington-Normal	72.2	71.4	74.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.0	2.0	2.0
Champaign-Urbana	92.0	90.8	93.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.3	2.5	2.5
Chicago	3,692.9	3,792.7	3,803.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	120.7	130.3	127.1
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	164.3	166.4	166.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	7.3	7.4	7.3
Decatur	53.9	51.7	52.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.8	3.1	3.2
Kankakee	39.6	40.6	40.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.8	1.9	1.8
Peoria-Pekin	153.9	150.5	150.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.9	6.4	6.3
Rockford	155.2	161.5	160.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.7	5.2	5.1
Springfield	106.1	107.0	106.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.2	3.8	3.6
Indiana	2,640.8	2,717.6	2,735.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	107.3	119.8	118.5
Bloomington	61.2	63.3	64.3	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.4	2.7	2.6
Elkhart-Goshen	108.3	116.6	117.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.2	4.0	3.8
Evansville-Henderson	142.9	144.5	143.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	7.6	8.8	8.2
Fort Wayne	243.5	253.4	253.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	9.7	10.5	10.4
Gary	243.5	247.9	247.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	13.7	16.8	16.1
Indianapolis	750.8	773.8	776.4	.6	.8	.8	35.4	39.0	38.0
Kokomo	49.0	50.0	50.4	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.1	1.4	1.4
Lafayette	84.5	86.7	89.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.7	3.0	2.9
Muncie	58.7	60.8	61.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.9	2.4	2.4
South Bend	123.2	124.6	125.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.7	6.1	5.7
Terre Haute	66.9	69.4	68.6	.4	.4	.3	2.6	2.7	2.5
Iowa	1,269.0	1,313.2	1,316.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	39.4	47.2	46.0
Cedar Rapids	98.9	105.3	105.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.2	5.3	5.3
Des Moines	243.9	254.3	255.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	8.3	9.1	8.8
Dubuque	47.3	50.0	49.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.3	1.8	1.9
Iowa City	59.5	61.6	60.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.8	2.0	2.0
Sioux City	59.7	62.2	62.4	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.0	2.5	2.4
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	64.9	65.8	67.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.9	2.3	2.3
Kansas	1,133.7	1,169.7	1,180.7	8.1	8.2	8.2	40.8	45.1	45.8
Lawrence	41.1	41.5	42.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.5	1.5	1.5
Topeka	94.8	95.6	96.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.2	3.3	3.4
Wichita	246.5	251.4	253.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	10.7	11.2	11.3
Kentucky	1,542.1	1,589.1	1,598.6	27.5	27.9	27.2	64.0	66.5	64.4
Lexington	237.5	241.6	247.6	.2	.2	.2	10.1	10.4	10.5
Louisville	498.9	515.2	515.6	.6	.6	.6	23.6	26.1	24.6
Owensboro	39.7	42.0	42.2	.4	.4	.4	2.5	2.9	2.9
Louisiana	1,681.3	1,769.3	1,775.7	45.4	49.6	49.3	101.0	107.2	106.3
Alexandria	49.5	51.6	51.8	.1	.1	.1	2.9	3.0	2.9
Baton Rouge	257.9	264.1	269.3	.8	.9	.9	30.4	30.5	30.9
Houma	60.8	63.5	63.7	5.4	5.6	5.7	3.0	2.7	2.8
Lafayette	137.7	142.3	143.3	11.0	11.6	11.6	6.7	7.6	7.7
Lake Charles	75.3	77.9	77.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.3	8.1	8.0
Monroe	61.8	63.2	63.8	.2	.3	.3	2.7	3.0	2.9
New Orleans	577.5	592.6	590.9	13.6	13.3	13.1	26.8	27.3	27.3
Shreveport-Bossier City	152.9	160.0	159.8	2.8	3.0	2.9	7.5	8.1	8.1
Maine	508.1	519.2	520.1	.1	.1	.1	16.6	18.3	17.3
Lewiston-Auburn	39.5	40.7	40.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.3	1.5	1.5
Portland	123.6	127.8	127.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.5	4.8	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Georgia	566.8	585.5	586.0	207.5	207.7	207.4	783.2	830.2	834.5
Albany	7.9	7.8	7.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	12.7	13.5	13.4
Athens	10.9	11.7	11.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	15.4	16.1	16.0
Atlanta	201.7	209.9	211.0	143.1	142.0	141.9	447.0	475.7	478.0
Augusta-Aiken	43.9	44.8	44.8	5.5	5.8	5.9	39.2	40.7	40.5
Columbus	20.6	20.8	20.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	22.7	24.3	24.2
Macon	19.0	19.7	19.7	5.5	5.3	5.2	30.5	32.8	33.1
Savannah	17.2	17.2	17.0	9.6	9.8	9.8	29.3	31.2	31.0
Hawaii	17.9	16.9	17.0	41.9	41.6	41.6	131.4	135.3	134.3
Honolulu	13.4	13.0	13.0	34.2	33.7	33.7	98.7	101.3	100.8
Idaho	69.2	74.3	73.5	20.9	22.7	22.5	110.5	121.5	116.9
Boise City	29.2	31.2	31.2	8.1	8.2	8.3	39.3	42.1	41.7
Illinois	940.2	950.2	951.7	311.7	317.8	317.4	1,234.4	1,283.9	1,273.6
Bloomington-Normal	7.9	8.8	8.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	16.4	16.7	16.5
Champaign-Urbana	10.9	11.4	11.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	19.3	19.7	19.6
Chicago	640.5	648.3	650.0	225.4	228.8	228.4	861.5	890.0	884.0
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	28.7	29.7	29.9	8.5	8.7	8.7	46.7	47.6	47.7
Decatur	12.9	10.0	10.0	5.1	5.0	5.1	12.1	12.5	12.4
Kankakee	6.8	6.8	6.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.4	11.0	10.8
Peoria-Pekin	31.4	24.9	25.1	8.6	8.8	8.8	37.3	38.6	38.0
Rockford	48.2	51.4	51.5	7.4	8.1	8.1	33.7	34.7	34.0
Springfield	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.1	5.0	5.1	22.2	23.3	23.0
Indiana	648.9	674.6	676.6	133.9	134.2	134.4	613.9	655.9	652.2
Bloomington	8.9	9.5	9.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	14.4	15.9	16.1
Elkhart-Goshen	56.4	60.0	60.4	3.3	3.8	3.8	19.2	21.4	21.4
Evansville-Henderson	31.9	31.1	31.3	7.0	7.0	7.0	36.3	37.7	37.0
Fort Wayne	69.2	72.1	72.7	12.8	12.9	12.9	56.0	61.1	59.8
Gary	52.0	52.7	52.4	15.8	15.8	15.7	58.7	59.4	59.2
Indianapolis	121.0	123.7	124.4	45.2	46.3	46.0	191.9	207.8	205.3
Kokomo	19.8	20.5	20.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	10.5	10.8	10.8
Lafayette	19.1	20.1	20.4	2.0	2.1	2.1	16.9	17.8	17.6
Muncie	10.9	11.1	11.2	5.0	5.3	5.4	12.5	13.8	13.4
South Bend	21.7	22.9	23.0	5.7	5.8	5.9	30.4	32.1	31.5
Terre Haute	12.7	13.2	13.1	2.9	3.0	2.9	18.7	20.0	19.5
Iowa	238.3	247.3	248.7	57.1	58.7	58.8	314.4	326.0	323.9
Cedar Rapids	20.8	21.5	21.4	6.5	7.1	7.2	22.6	24.3	24.0
Des Moines	25.6	25.4	25.8	11.8	12.2	12.2	64.4	69.3	68.5
Dubuque	12.3	13.2	13.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.1	12.1	11.9
Iowa City	4.3	4.5	4.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.4	12.0	12.2
Sioux City	12.1	12.4	12.4	3.6	3.8	3.8	14.9	15.8	15.7
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	14.0	13.6	14.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	15.7	16.2	16.1
Kansas	184.9	191.5	192.7	66.4	69.5	69.8	273.8	283.8	284.6
Lawrence	4.6	5.1	5.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	9.9	10.5	10.6
Topeka	9.9	10.2	10.0	6.6	6.8	6.8	20.6	21.0	20.8
Wichita	56.5	57.4	57.5	11.3	11.4	11.3	57.0	57.8	58.3
Kentucky	296.6	309.5	310.1	85.0	88.0	88.6	362.8	378.2	377.0
Lexington	39.5	41.8	41.9	9.6	10.2	10.2	53.3	56.8	56.5
Louisville	88.9	92.1	91.9	33.7	36.1	36.3	119.4	124.5	124.8
Owensboro	6.3	6.6	6.6	2.1	2.2	2.2	10.1	10.7	10.7
Louisiana	182.2	190.0	189.6	108.6	114.9	113.8	387.1	408.8	410.0
Alexandria	3.3	3.5	3.6	2.5	2.7	2.6	10.9	11.6	11.5
Baton Rouge	22.5	23.3	23.5	12.3	12.4	12.3	56.4	60.0	59.8
Houma	5.0	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.5	6.5	15.2	16.6	16.4
Lafayette	15.0	16.3	16.3	8.5	8.9	8.8	35.2	36.0	35.9
Lake Charles	11.0	11.1	11.1	4.7	4.9	4.6	16.5	17.0	16.9
Monroe	8.1	7.9	7.9	3.7	3.9	3.9	15.0	15.9	16.0
New Orleans	47.6	48.7	48.6	43.4	43.5	42.5	141.5	148.2	147.6
Shreveport-Bossier City	19.5	19.5	19.6	8.0	8.1	8.0	36.2	37.3	37.0
Maine	90.0	92.5	91.4	21.9	22.0	22.0	123.7	129.4	127.4
Lewiston-Auburn	8.3	8.8	8.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.8	10.3	10.2
Portland	13.1	13.3	13.8	6.0	5.7	5.7	36.2	39.9	38.7

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Georgia	169.7	174.5	174.5	747.0	801.6	808.9	562.8	571.8	578.1
Albany	2.0	1.9	2.0	12.7	13.9	14.1	12.4	12.5	12.5
Athens	2.1	2.0	2.0	11.2	12.1	12.1	20.3	20.8	22.3
Atlanta	114.0	117.8	117.7	463.4	497.9	505.2	242.7	246.0	249.0
Augusta-Aiken	6.5	6.5	6.5	41.5	42.8	43.1	39.9	39.9	40.1
Columbus	7.3	7.1	7.1	23.9	26.2	26.6	20.1	20.6	20.6
Macon	7.9	8.0	8.1	29.1	31.2	31.5	35.7	35.1	35.1
Savannah	4.3	4.1	4.0	33.3	35.1	35.2	20.0	20.9	21.0
Hawaii	38.7	37.8	37.6	162.4	164.8	165.4	114.1	110.3	114.4
Honolulu	32.1	31.1	30.9	118.9	120.2	121.0	92.6	88.7	92.7
Idaho	23.5	24.5	24.2	98.4	105.3	104.8	92.3	95.6	95.7
Boise City	11.1	11.7	11.8	38.0	40.1	40.4	27.6	27.6	28.5
Illinois	389.3	393.3	394.1	1,451.9	1,511.8	1,520.5	784.7	771.5	795.7
Bloomington-Normal	12.5	13.4	13.5	15.8	15.7	15.9	14.7	11.9	14.6
Champaign-Urbana	3.4	3.5	3.5	19.6	20.2	20.2	34.0	30.9	34.0
Chicago	304.7	309.6	310.0	1,072.1	1,124.2	1,131.1	466.2	459.7	470.7
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	7.8	7.9	7.9	39.8	40.4	40.4	25.5	24.7	25.0
Decatur	2.4	2.3	2.3	12.7	13.2	13.4	5.9	5.6	5.8
Kankakee	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.3	10.6	10.6	6.8	6.8	6.9
Peoria-Pekin	8.2	8.5	8.4	45.3	46.1	46.4	17.2	17.2	17.6
Rockford	6.8	7.0	6.9	38.6	39.5	39.6	15.8	15.6	15.7
Springfield	8.3	8.4	8.4	28.6	28.8	28.8	33.3	33.2	33.4
Indiana	129.6	126.8	127.4	594.3	609.9	618.1	406.5	390.0	402.0
Bloomington	2.1	1.8	1.9	11.6	12.0	12.2	20.2	19.6	20.2
Elkhart-Goshen	2.9	2.9	2.8	16.6	17.7	17.9	6.7	6.8	6.9
Evansville-Henderson	6.0	6.3	6.3	38.5	38.0	38.5	14.0	14.1	14.2
Fort Wayne	13.1	13.2	13.2	57.1	57.5	58.1	25.6	26.1	26.7
Gary	9.1	9.4	9.3	59.0	58.8	59.1	35.2	35.0	35.8
Indianapolis	56.4	55.5	55.9	188.3	191.0	193.2	112.0	109.7	112.8
Kokomo	1.4	1.5	1.4	8.3	7.8	8.1	6.6	6.8	7.0
Lafayette	3.5	3.9	3.9	15.6	17.3	18.8	24.7	22.5	23.3
Muncie	1.8	1.8	1.8	13.3	14.2	14.3	13.3	12.6	13.0
South Bend	6.4	5.7	5.7	40.5	39.8	40.9	12.8	12.2	12.5
Terre Haute	2.3	2.2	2.2	15.4	15.9	16.0	11.9	12.0	12.1
Iowa	75.0	77.5	77.4	317.6	328.2	331.3	225.4	226.4	228.7
Cedar Rapids	5.4	5.6	5.6	28.4	30.6	30.9	11.0	10.9	11.3
Des Moines	35.0	36.5	36.4	66.0	69.0	69.7	32.8	32.8	33.6
Dubuque	1.6	1.7	1.6	15.5	15.6	15.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Iowa City	1.7	1.7	1.8	12.5	12.0	12.3	26.1	27.8	25.9
Sioux City	2.6	2.7	2.7	17.7	18.3	18.5	6.8	6.7	6.9
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	2.8	2.9	2.8	16.0	16.6	16.7	12.6	12.2	13.1
Kansas	58.1	58.1	57.9	266.5	278.4	280.8	235.1	235.1	240.9
Lawrence	1.7	1.8	1.8	9.0	8.7	9.1	13.3	12.8	13.3
Topeka	6.3	6.4	6.4	24.4	24.6	24.7	23.6	23.5	23.9
Wichita	11.2	11.1	11.1	65.5	68.0	68.5	32.9	33.0	33.9
Kentucky	62.5	63.2	63.1	362.3	373.8	378.1	281.4	282.0	290.1
Lexington	9.5	9.6	9.6	60.9	62.5	63.4	54.4	50.1	55.3
Louisville	27.8	28.6	28.4	136.6	138.7	140.3	68.3	68.5	68.7
Owensboro	1.9	1.8	1.8	10.2	11.2	11.4	8.2	8.2	6.2
Louisiana	78.8	80.6	80.7	430.3	462.7	466.6	347.9	355.5	359.4
Alexandria	2.1	2.1	2.1	14.3	15.1	15.4	13.4	13.5	13.6
Baton Rouge	15.0	15.3	15.4	63.8	68.6	69.6	56.7	53.1	56.9
Houma	2.3	2.2	2.2	11.5	11.7	11.8	12.4	12.7	12.6
Lafayette	5.6	5.6	5.6	33.5	34.1	34.7	22.2	22.2	22.7
Lake Charles	2.5	2.6	2.6	18.8	20.2	20.3	12.1	12.6	12.9
Monroe	4.2	4.4	4.5	15.5	15.8	15.8	12.4	12.0	12.5
New Orleans	29.6	29.7	29.7	171.6	180.1	180.5	103.4	101.8	101.6
Shreveport-Bossier City	6.7	6.5	6.5	41.2	46.0	46.1	31.0	31.5	31.6
Maine	25.9	26.6	26.4	132.4	138.8	140.3	97.5	91.5	95.2
Lewiston-Auburn	1.8	1.9	1.9	11.9	11.9	12.1	4.8	4.7	4.8
Portland	12.2	12.4	12.2	34.1	35.3	35.5	17.5	16.4	17.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Maryland	2,071.0	2,115.9	2,115.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	109.5	117.5	114.0
Baltimore PMSA	1,077.2	1,095.3	1,093.3	.1	.1	.1	51.9	56.6	54.5
Baltimore City	403.6	401.4	403.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	11.1	12.0	11.5
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	764.0	781.7	783.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	47.1	50.1	49.3
Massachusetts	2,821.4	2,894.0	2,904.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	70.2	82.0	78.3
Barnstable-Yarmouth	44.6	46.8	46.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.7	2.0	1.9
Boston	1,725.3	1,782.9	1,763.9	.4	.4	.4	41.0	46.6	44.8
Brockton	82.1	86.0	86.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.3	2.7	2.6
Fitchburg-Leominster	47.2	48.8	48.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.0	1.2	1.1
Lawrence	132.6	136.7	136.3	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.0	4.4	4.3
Lowell	101.2	101.7	101.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.3	3.2	3.3
New Bedford	60.4	61.7	61.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.5	1.7	1.7
Pittsfield	38.4	39.6	39.5	.1	.1	.1	1.0	1.1	1.1
Springfield	233.6	235.8	237.6	.1	.1	.1	5.4	6.1	5.8
Worcester	206.6	213.7	214.2	.2	.2	.2	5.0	5.7	5.6
Michigan	4,024.6	4,156.9	4,179.6	8.1	8.1	8.1	114.3	135.0	130.3
Ann Arbor	246.9	247.9	253.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	6.1	6.4	6.4
Benton Harbor	66.8	69.1	69.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.5	1.6	1.5
Detroit	1,907.0	1,974.2	1,983.5	.7	.6	.6	50.0	59.3	58.0
Flint	168.3	179.3	179.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.2	4.7	4.5
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland ..	475.9	493.4	494.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	17.4	19.4	19.3
Jackson	55.4	56.9	57.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.4	1.5	1.5
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	196.1	200.6	201.3	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.7	6.1	5.9
Lansing-East Lansing	216.1	213.0	219.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.3	5.5	5.3
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	163.1	169.8	169.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	6.2	6.5	5.8
Minnesota	2,239.3	2,303.0	2,311.3	6.5	7.2	7.1	62.7	66.1	64.1
Duluth-Superior	99.9	103.6	103.4	4.9	5.0	4.9	2.6	3.2	3.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,460.3	1,506.4	1,513.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	41.3	46.2	45.0
Rochester	67.2	66.6	66.4	(?)	(?)	(?)	1.7	1.7	1.7
St. Cloud	77.0	79.0	79.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.6	3.1	3.0
Mississippi	1,026.6	1,049.1	1,053.8	5.1	5.0	4.7	39.3	45.0	45.5
Jackson	200.7	207.3	209.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	8.7	10.4	10.3
Missouri	2,390.0	2,464.1	2,495.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	95.2	103.8	104.7
Kansas City	814.4	846.8	852.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	32.8	39.7	40.3
St. Louis	1,188.5	1,211.8	1,222.4	(?)	(?)	(?)	53.6	56.1	55.1
Springfield	142.0	146.5	149.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.9	6.7	6.7
Montana	322.4	338.8	339.3	4.9	5.2	5.1	10.6	13.0	12.2
Nebraska	772.0	793.8	800.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	27.2	28.7	28.7
Lincoln	129.7	131.7	133.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.7	4.1	4.3
Omaha	350.8	365.3	366.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	13.2	15.6	15.5
Nevada	704.8	751.8	756.3	12.0	12.7	12.7	49.0	53.6	54.3
Las Vegas	487.7	524.2	526.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	37.9	41.7	42.2
Reno	151.4	158.9	160.5	.7	.7	.7	7.6	8.5	8.6
New Hampshire	504.1	523.4	525.1	.4	.3	.3	14.3	18.4	17.9
Manchester	85.6	88.2	87.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.8	3.6	3.5
Nashua	80.0	82.7	82.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.0	2.5	2.6
Portsmouth-Rochester	101.6	103.8	105.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.1	2.4	2.4
New Jersey	3,429.2	3,520.8	3,525.0	1.6	1.9	1.8	98.8	114.7	110.0
Atlantic-Cape May	156.6	160.2	159.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	4.8	5.4	4.9
Bergen-Passaic	592.0	610.1	609.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	17.2	19.5	18.1
Camden	427.2	440.3	440.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	15.1	18.1	17.5
Jersey City	229.4	237.6	238.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.6	4.2	3.9
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon ..	541.7	556.2	558.6	.5	.5	.5	14.4	16.9	15.9
Monmouth-Ocean	321.8	332.9	333.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	12.6	15.2	14.1
Newark	888.8	906.9	905.8	.5	.6	.5	24.7	28.2	25.9
Trenton	193.0	195.8	196.3	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.5	3.9	3.6
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ..	54.9	56.1	56.5	.3	.3	.3	1.5	1.6	1.4
New Mexico	638.1	666.7	672.4	15.8	16.0	15.8	37.4	42.4	42.8
Albuquerque	295.9	313.6	317.1	(?)	(?)	(?)	19.4	23.5	23.4
Las Cruces	46.3	47.5	46.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	2.6	3.1	3.1
Santa Fe	66.7	69.1	70.3	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.3	3.9	4.0
New York	7,639.1	7,688.2	7,713.1	4.0	4.6	4.5	203.9	230.0	224.2
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	420.0	427.0	427.8	.3	.3	.3	11.4	13.2	12.4
Binghamton	111.1	111.3	111.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	3.2	3.8	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Maryland	176.8	177.5	176.9	100.1	103.1	103.3	487.7	506.8	501.0
Baltimore PMSA	105.8	105.6	105.0	53.5	54.3	54.4	247.4	256.3	252.5
Baltimore City	36.4	35.8	35.9	20.5	20.3	20.4	64.7	65.3	64.5
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	34.5	35.6	35.4	33.2	34.2	34.2	182.5	189.0	186.9
Massachusetts	445.9	448.9	446.2	124.3	125.6	125.2	636.6	665.4	660.2
Barnstable-Yarmouth	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.8	14.1	15.3	15.0
Boston	224.8	222.1	221.4	78.9	78.1	78.0	374.9	388.4	385.4
Brockton	10.8	11.2	11.2	4.9	5.1	5.0	26.3	28.4	28.1
Fitchburg-Leominster	13.4	13.7	13.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.1	11.3	11.2
Lawrence	34.6	34.9	34.8	4.2	4.6	4.6	32.4	33.5	32.9
Lowell	28.6	28.0	27.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	21.1	21.7	21.8
New Bedford	15.4	14.9	14.8	2.4	2.5	2.5	14.4	14.8	14.8
Pittsfield	7.5	7.3	7.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	9.3	9.8	9.7
Springfield	39.4	40.4	40.5	8.7	9.1	9.1	53.1	53.8	53.5
Worcester	39.4	40.7	40.4	10.0	9.9	9.6	45.9	47.5	47.1
Michigan	929.0	971.6	973.4	157.6	162.0	161.8	930.7	969.9	963.7
Ann Arbor	51.4	52.4	53.7	6.2	6.6	6.8	47.7	48.6	48.7
Benton Harbor	20.0	21.1	20.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	14.1	14.7	14.6
Detroit	430.6	445.7	446.8	85.7	87.5	88.0	450.4	467.8	465.6
Flint	46.0	48.9	48.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	40.2	42.8	42.5
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland ..	139.3	146.8	147.0	16.6	16.7	16.7	113.6	117.5	116.7
Jackson	12.5	13.0	13.1	3.5	3.5	3.5	13.4	13.8	13.7
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	49.1	50.3	50.7	6.2	6.4	6.3	41.8	43.3	42.8
Lansing-East Lansing	29.2	30.9	30.7	5.9	5.8	5.8	46.4	47.9	47.5
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	40.6	41.6	41.3	6.7	7.1	7.0	40.3	42.9	42.4
Minnesota	404.4	416.0	417.0	111.3	115.8	115.1	536.5	558.4	555.9
Duluth-Superior	7.9	8.2	8.3	6.0	5.9	5.5	25.6	26.9	26.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul	265.1	272.9	273.1	79.6	83.7	83.7	345.2	358.3	358.2
Rochester	10.5	9.9	9.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	13.7	14.3	14.1
St. Cloud	13.8	14.8	14.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	23.2	24.2	23.8
Mississippi	257.3	257.4	257.8	46.6	47.4	47.4	211.3	218.3	216.4
Jackson	21.7	22.7	22.9	12.8	13.4	13.5	47.7	48.9	48.3
Missouri	408.3	420.5	421.7	152.4	156.1	156.1	559.3	591.9	593.2
Kansas City	105.8	108.7	108.7	65.2	67.0	66.8	198.4	206.5	206.7
St. Louis	194.3	196.5	197.7	76.5	76.8	77.3	279.8	289.8	289.7
Springfield	21.3	22.6	22.5	8.4	8.9	9.0	40.0	43.1	43.5
Montana	22.2	23.5	23.4	20.0	20.4	20.6	86.4	92.2	91.6
Nebraska	107.0	111.7	112.0	47.3	49.3	49.0	191.5	199.4	200.6
Lincoln	15.9	16.9	16.9	7.4	7.7	7.6	27.9	28.3	28.4
Omaha	36.6	38.0	38.1	24.8	25.7	25.4	86.1	89.0	89.4
Nevada	31.3	34.6	34.8	36.3	38.8	38.7	136.8	148.9	148.2
Las Vegas	16.7	18.7	18.8	24.0	25.9	25.9	95.9	104.5	104.1
Reno	11.2	12.1	12.1	12.3	10.9	10.9	33.9	36.2	35.9
New Hampshire	99.4	101.1	100.6	18.4	18.9	19.0	126.6	134.6	133.1
Manchester	11.5	11.7	12.1	5.3	5.5	5.3	20.9	22.2	22.0
Nashua	27.4	26.7	26.6	2.3	2.5	2.5	19.6	21.5	21.1
Portsmouth-Rochester	18.2	19.4	19.1	3.4	3.4	3.5	24.3	25.4	25.4
New Jersey	502.1	500.4	500.6	237.6	243.8	244.6	794.6	836.7	827.3
Atlantic-Cape May	6.7	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.2	28.3	29.7	29.2
Bergen-Passaic	109.9	108.2	108.5	28.3	28.5	28.8	166.9	175.5	172.8
Camden	56.6	57.4	57.4	19.9	20.8	20.8	113.9	121.0	120.0
Jersey City	30.7	30.3	30.7	29.3	30.0	30.4	55.8	59.3	58.8
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon ..	94.6	92.7	92.5	44.6	44.8	44.9	127.1	134.6	132.9
Monmouth-Ocean	20.6	20.6	20.7	17.8	18.4	18.4	85.6	90.7	89.5
Newark	140.9	143.3	143.4	78.2	79.8	80.5	173.2	181.2	178.6
Trenton	24.0	24.8	24.7	6.8	7.0	6.9	30.0	30.5	30.4
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ..	13.3	12.8	13.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	10.1	10.7	10.6
New Mexico	43.1	45.5	45.4	29.6	30.6	30.9	149.1	158.5	158.2
Albuquerque	27.0	28.7	28.8	13.1	13.8	14.0	71.0	76.1	75.9
Las Cruces	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.8	9.9	10.3	10.4
Santa Fe	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	13.9	14.6	14.5
New York	946.0	932.4	937.9	397.3	390.3	389.6	1,517.6	1,564.7	1,549.7
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	42.7	42.1	41.9	16.1	16.3	16.2	85.0	89.1	88.4
Binghamton	25.2	24.7	24.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	24.0	24.5	24.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Maryland	134.1	131.3	131.1	640.6	661.0	662.3	421.2	417.7	425.6
Baltimore PMSA	74.7	73.3	73.2	338.4	342.7	345.2	205.4	206.4	208.4
Baltimore City	38.5	37.3	37.4	141.7	141.3	143.3	90.7	89.4	90.0
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	51.1	49.7	49.7	244.1	253.0	254.0	171.5	170.1	174.3
Massachusetts	206.3	209.6	209.0	942.5	968.9	984.1	394.5	394.3	399.7
Barnstable-Yarmouth	3.0	2.9	2.9	14.3	14.8	15.0	6.9	6.9	6.9
Boston	148.8	150.8	150.5	640.5	661.8	667.0	216.2	214.7	216.4
Brockton	3.2	3.2	3.2	19.8	20.3	20.9	15.0	15.1	15.1
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.2	11.9	11.8	7.0	7.1	7.3
Lawrence	4.9	5.0	5.0	34.9	37.1	37.0	17.6	17.2	17.7
Lowell	3.5	3.7	3.7	25.5	26.1	26.0	13.6	13.3	13.8
New Bedford	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.9	15.8	15.9	9.8	10.0	10.0
Pittsfield	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.7	13.3	13.3	4.8	5.0	5.0
Springfield	14.4	13.8	13.8	68.6	69.7	71.0	43.9	42.8	43.8
Worcester	16.3	17.4	17.4	58.1	59.9	61.2	31.9	32.4	32.5
Michigan	195.4	194.2	192.9	1,034.6	1,078.2	1,088.0	655.0	637.9	661.3
Ann Arbor	9.4	9.6	9.5	55.0	55.7	56.4	71.1	68.4	71.9
Benton Harbor	2.7	2.7	2.7	16.8	17.3	17.6	8.9	8.8	8.9
Detroit	109.5	108.9	108.5	545.0	573.1	579.4	235.1	231.5	236.7
Flint	6.1	6.3	6.2	42.1	46.3	46.9	24.7	24.9	25.3
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland ..	19.7	20.2	20.2	117.0	120.4	121.6	52.2	52.4	53.5
Jackson	1.8	1.9	1.9	12.5	13.0	13.0	10.2	10.1	10.3
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	10.3	10.6	10.6	47.9	49.4	49.5	35.2	34.5	35.5
Lansing-East Lansing	12.1	12.6	12.4	48.9	49.6	49.7	68.3	60.7	68.1
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.4	6.3	6.3	40.5	43.0	43.4	22.4	22.5	23.1
Minnesota	139.2	137.6	137.8	616.3	633.9	640.0	362.4	368.0	374.3
Duluth-Superior	3.4	3.5	3.5	27.5	28.9	28.9	22.0	22.0	22.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul	110.7	108.5	109.0	410.5	421.7	425.8	207.6	214.8	218.8
Rochester	2.0	1.8	1.8	29.7	29.4	29.4	7.5	7.4	7.4
St. Cloud	2.5	2.4	2.4	19.2	18.8	19.3	13.0	12.9	13.0
Mississippi	39.6	38.8	39.0	211.4	214.4	217.9	216.0	222.8	225.1
Jackson	14.9	14.8	14.8	50.9	51.6	53.2	43.4	44.9	45.5
Missouri	144.1	145.3	145.4	637.7	655.0	667.3	388.6	387.0	402.5
Kansas City	63.2	63.3	63.4	221.5	231.3	232.9	127.5	130.3	134.1
St. Louis	75.4	76.4	76.5	355.4	363.5	369.8	153.5	152.7	156.3
Springfield	6.2	6.5	6.5	41.8	42.4	43.1	18.4	16.3	17.9
Montana	15.2	15.7	15.7	87.0	92.3	92.8	76.1	76.5	77.9
Nebraska	51.1	51.7	51.9	195.6	203.3	205.7	151.1	148.4	150.9
Lincoln	8.6	8.7	8.7	31.6	32.1	32.5	33.6	33.9	34.7
Omaha	31.7	32.0	32.0	107.8	117.2	118.1	50.6	47.8	48.2
Nevada	33.1	34.4	34.5	314.5	335.8	336.8	91.8	93.0	96.5
Las Vegas	24.8	25.8	25.9	231.5	249.2	248.6	55.4	56.9	58.6
Reno	7.4	7.6	7.8	59.4	82.6	83.1	20.7	20.3	21.6
New Hampshire	29.3	29.1	29.0	138.5	144.2	144.8	77.2	76.6	80.4
Manchester	8.3	8.1	8.0	28.7	26.7	26.4	10.1	10.4	10.4
Nashua	3.1	3.0	2.9	18.0	18.9	19.4	7.6	7.6	7.6
Portsmouth-Rochester	6.4	6.1	6.1	24.4	26.6	26.3	22.8	20.5	22.7
New Jersey	229.4	229.9	229.7	998.0	1,027.5	1,035.9	567.1	565.9	575.1
Atlantic-Cape May	5.8	5.8	5.8	75.5	77.0	76.9	28.3	28.1	28.5
Bergen-Passaic	35.3	35.3	35.3	163.6	172.2	173.5	70.8	70.9	72.1
Camden	23.3	22.1	21.9	121.9	125.0	125.8	76.5	75.9	76.8
Jersey City	20.5	22.2	22.3	49.5	50.0	50.8	40.0	41.6	41.6
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon ..	43.7	43.2	43.1	139.1	147.5	150.1	77.7	76.0	78.7
Monmouth-Ocean	18.5	18.1	18.1	104.6	107.1	108.7	62.1	62.8	63.5
Newark	67.5	67.0	67.1	262.8	267.2	268.6	141.0	139.6	141.2
Trenton	10.6	10.6	10.6	64.4	65.4	65.8	53.7	53.6	54.3
Vineland-Milville-Bridgeton	3.7	3.9	3.9	11.1	11.4	11.3	12.6	13.1	13.2
New Mexico	28.9	30.4	30.5	170.1	181.2	182.3	164.1	162.1	166.5
Albuquerque	15.8	16.6	16.6	89.8	96.5	97.1	59.8	58.4	61.3
Las Cruces	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.5	9.7	9.8	18.4	18.5	17.3
Santa Fe	2.8	2.9	2.9	18.9	19.8	20.3	24.6	24.5	25.2
New York	731.1	728.1	726.9	2,401.5	2,439.7	2,465.2	1,437.6	1,398.4	1,415.0
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	26.3	26.4	26.3	126.0	127.8	129.2	112.2	111.8	113.1
Binghamton	3.9	3.8	3.8	28.3	28.5	28.9	21.8	21.4	22.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
New York—Continued									
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	521.1	521.3	523.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.7	16.0	15.4
Dutchess County	100.2	101.9	102.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.3	4.0	3.9
Elmira	39.8	40.9	41.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.9	1.2	1.1
Glens Falls	46.6	47.3	47.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.7	1.7	1.7
Nassau-Suffolk	1,035.1	1,056.9	1,055.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	34.0	40.0	39.4
New York PMSA	3,734.3	3,745.7	3,750.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	96.5	104.3	102.7
New York City	3,258.5	3,260.9	3,266.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	79.9	84.8	83.7
Newburgh	111.1	114.1	114.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.0	3.8	3.6
Rochester	507.5	507.3	507.7	.7	.8	.7	12.9	13.7	12.9
Rockland County	95.6	98.3	97.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.6	2.8	2.7
Syracuse	323.3	326.2	327.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.6	11.6	11.0
Utica-Rome	123.5	124.9	125.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2	2.7	2.5
Westchester County	362.2	367.9	367.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.8	15.4	15.0
North Carolina	3,266.1	3,383.7	3,391.3	3.4	3.6	3.6	154.3	165.9	165.1
Asheville	96.5	97.8	97.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.8	4.9	4.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	665.4	695.0	696.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	32.9	37.4	37.3
Greensboro--Winston-Salem--High Point	572.5	599.9	599.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	24.2	26.7	26.6
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	530.3	546.0	549.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	23.6	27.4	27.4
North Dakota	283.7	293.3	294.6	3.4	3.4	3.3	9.2	10.5	10.1
Bismarck	43.7	45.4	45.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	2.1	2.0
Fargo-Moorhead	83.2	86.8	87.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	4.0	3.9
Grand Forks	45.5	47.1	47.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.5	1.8	1.7
Ohio	4,933.8	5,045.4	5,064.0	13.8	13.7	13.6	168.2	186.9	183.5
Akron	295.6	302.6	305.6	.4	.4	.4	9.4	10.2	10.3
Canton-Massillon	165.4	170.1	170.8	.6	.7	.7	6.1	7.5	7.3
Cincinnati	764.3	780.2	783.7	.6	.7	.7	32.2	36.2	35.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,049.1	1,069.7	1,075.6	.9	1.2	1.2	33.9	37.3	37.1
Columbus	735.0	748.3	750.2	.6	.6	.6	25.7	27.7	27.2
Dayton-Springfield	446.8	454.8	456.3	.6	.6	.5	14.3	15.1	14.9
Hamilton-Middletown	101.4	105.1	106.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.7	5.4	5.2
Lima	72.9	76.0	75.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.7	3.2	3.1
Mansfield	76.2	78.3	79.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	2.1	2.2
Steubenville-Weirton	48.8	50.1	50.5	.6	.5	.4	1.6	1.8	1.7
Toledo	295.9	306.2	306.9	.2	.2	.2	10.6	12.4	12.1
Youngstown-Warren	228.6	234.6	235.4	.7	.6	.6	6.9	8.3	7.9
Oklahoma	1,250.4	1,284.7	1,289.7	35.1	35.0	34.2	43.3	47.3	47.0
Enid	22.9	23.3	23.6	.9	1.1	1.1	1.0	.9	.8
Lawton	37.2	37.1	37.2	.1	.1	.1	1.3	1.8	1.7
Oklahoma City	450.6	456.7	458.9	7.8	8.0	8.0	15.8	17.2	17.2
Tulsa	334.7	343.4	344.7	9.5	8.3	8.2	12.2	13.5	13.6
Oregon	1,316.6	1,370.1	1,376.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	53.3	60.7	60.9
Eugene-Springfield	122.7	125.6	126.9	.1	.2	.2	4.8	5.3	5.3
Medford-Ashland	59.1	61.5	61.9	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.4	2.5
Portland-Vancouver	779.0	810.6	812.7	.8	.8	.8	34.6	39.7	39.5
Salem	118.8	118.7	120.1	.2	.2	.2	5.1	5.5	5.5
Pennsylvania	5,054.1	5,141.2	5,155.0	19.7	19.5	18.9	166.8	184.3	178.4
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	248.8	257.0	256.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.3	9.6	9.0
Altoona	54.3	57.5	57.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	2.4	2.3
Erie	121.0	123.0	124.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.3	4.1	4.1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	318.7	327.6	326.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.3	12.6	11.8
Johnstown	82.6	84.7	84.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.3	4.0	3.9
Lancaster	191.3	196.6	197.0	.3	.4	.4	10.0	10.7	10.4
Philadelphia PMSA	2,119.9	2,151.4	2,162.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	66.9	74.2	71.8
Philadelphia City	684.6	681.8	688.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.2	10.3	10.2
Pittsburgh	1,014.8	1,023.0	1,023.3	3.9	3.7	3.6	41.0	41.1	39.2
Reading	149.9	153.7	152.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5.2	6.0	5.7
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton	259.5	264.0	264.9	.5	.6	.5	7.0	8.1	7.6
Sharon	42.9	43.3	43.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	1.1	1.0
State College	61.6	59.6	62.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.6	2.2	2.1
Williamsport	50.4	51.5	51.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.7	1.9	1.8
York	152.6	157.9	157.9	.5	.5	.5	6.2	7.8	7.3

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
New York—Continued									
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	88.8	89.0	88.7	25.5	25.1	25.0	125.7	128.0	127.1
Dutchess County	16.7	15.7	15.6	3.8	3.9	3.9	19.5	20.6	20.3
Elmira	8.8	9.1	9.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.8	10.4	10.2
Glens Falls	9.6	8.9	8.9	1.3	1.3	1.4	10.3	10.8	10.7
Nassau-Suffolk	117.2	114.3	114.0	47.3	47.5	47.3	261.9	274.5	269.0
New York PMSA	331.6	324.8	330.5	227.7	223.6	223.4	632.4	644.8	639.1
New York City	274.2	268.1	273.6	200.7	197.0	196.8	527.3	535.7	531.4
Newburgh	12.4	12.3	12.3	6.6	7.0	7.0	28.2	29.9	29.5
Rochester	127.9	125.6	125.5	16.5	16.2	16.2	105.8	109.0	107.2
Rockland County	13.4	13.3	13.2	5.8	5.9	5.9	20.9	22.3	22.0
Syracuse	48.2	48.1	48.2	19.3	18.3	18.3	73.7	78.2	76.9
Utica-Rome	21.0	20.3	20.4	4.1	4.2	4.2	24.4	27.5	27.5
Westchester County	42.0	41.6	41.9	20.4	19.9	19.9	80.2	82.8	81.7
North Carolina	849.9	866.0	866.4	158.8	158.4	158.3	730.9	767.8	764.7
Asheville	20.6	20.1	20.1	4.9	4.9	4.9	22.6	23.1	22.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	148.3	151.2	151.4	52.0	52.4	52.3	158.4	166.2	166.0
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	167.5	171.8	172.2	30.4	31.3	31.3	128.6	134.4	133.9
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	81.4	81.0	81.2	23.9	23.5	23.7	108.0	114.4	113.6
North Dakota	20.1	21.6	21.5	18.2	18.9	19.1	73.0	76.1	75.7
Bismarck	2.2	2.3	2.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	10.9	11.4	11.3
Fargo-Moorhead	6.2	6.7	6.7	4.8	5.2	5.4	24.0	25.4	25.4
Grand Forks	3.3	3.4	3.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	12.3	12.9	12.8
Ohio	1,053.1	1,085.8	1,088.0	214.8	221.1	222.2	1,182.3	1,213.6	1,206.1
Akron	63.6	64.5	64.4	14.6	14.4	14.4	70.8	75.1	74.7
Canton-Massillon	44.2	46.6	46.8	5.6	5.5	5.6	40.6	41.8	41.5
Cincinnati	139.0	140.9	141.2	40.8	42.6	42.7	196.9	201.6	200.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	218.9	222.5	226.2	42.1	44.7	44.7	244.0	250.4	248.5
Columbus	91.6	91.8	91.6	31.7	32.8	33.3	191.5	196.8	195.7
Dayton-Springfield	95.2	98.6	98.3	18.1	18.7	18.8	102.7	107.7	107.1
Hamilton-Middletown	20.1	20.7	20.6	3.7	4.1	4.2	26.5	27.9	28.0
Lima	20.5	20.6	20.5	2.7	2.9	2.9	16.8	17.5	17.2
Mansfield	22.2	22.8	22.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	17.1	18.2	18.1
Steubenville-Weirton	14.6	14.6	14.6	2.9	3.0	3.0	10.0	10.7	10.7
Toledo	56.4	59.7	59.5	14.0	14.3	14.4	72.8	75.9	75.1
Youngstown-Warren	55.1	56.6	56.4	8.6	8.8	9.1	59.1	60.9	60.7
Oklahoma	169.4	173.1	173.2	71.8	73.1	73.1	290.0	301.9	301.1
Enid	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	6.3	6.6	6.6
Lawton	4.0	3.9	3.9	1.7	1.9	1.9	8.4	8.6	8.5
Oklahoma City	50.3	52.1	52.4	21.8	21.6	21.2	107.0	110.8	110.2
Tulsa	54.6	54.5	54.3	26.6	27.4	27.6	77.9	81.1	81.1
Oregon	211.1	218.9	219.4	67.2	69.1	68.8	328.1	345.3	344.0
Eugene-Springfield	18.7	19.2	19.2	4.6	4.7	4.7	30.7	31.3	31.2
Medford-Ashland	8.7	9.2	9.2	2.9	2.9	3.0	17.1	18.3	18.0
Portland-Vancouver	125.4	129.7	130.4	44.6	46.6	46.4	195.8	205.3	203.8
Salem	15.3	15.3	15.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	25.6	26.6	26.6
Pennsylvania	930.1	942.8	939.4	268.4	270.1	270.4	1,126.1	1,164.7	1,147.2
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	59.8	60.7	59.9	13.1	13.0	12.9	51.3	54.8	53.9
Altoona	9.4	10.3	10.4	4.9	4.8	4.8	14.5	15.6	15.5
Erie	34.6	34.7	34.8	4.1	4.0	4.1	26.2	27.9	27.7
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	46.4	47.3	47.0	21.7	22.5	22.3	68.8	72.6	71.8
Johnstown	12.6	12.8	12.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	19.0	20.2	19.8
Lancaster	55.0	56.1	55.7	7.1	7.4	7.3	46.0	48.7	47.8
Philadelphia PMSA	310.4	312.1	311.4	103.4	104.4	104.0	465.2	483.1	477.6
Philadelphia City	64.0	63.4	62.9	37.6	37.1	37.3	112.1	114.9	114.6
Pittsburgh	130.8	132.1	131.5	64.6	64.2	64.4	245.3	252.2	250.1
Reading	43.5	43.8	43.4	6.4	6.1	6.2	34.8	36.4	35.8
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	57.8	57.8	57.9	14.8	15.0	15.0	63.9	65.1	64.6
Sharon	9.9	10.4	10.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.6	11.0	10.8
State College	8.3	8.6	8.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	11.6	12.1	12.1
Williamsport	13.2	14.0	13.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	11.8	12.0	12.0
York	46.4	47.6	47.7	8.6	8.9	8.9	37.1	38.2	37.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
New York—Continued									
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	28.7	28.5	28.5	148.7	147.5	149.4	89.1	87.2	89.5
Dutchess County	4.4	4.3	4.3	29.9	30.8	31.8	22.7	22.6	22.9
Elmira	1.4	1.3	1.3	10.2	10.2	10.3	7.3	7.1	7.3
Glens Falls	1.7	1.9	1.9	12.1	12.6	12.9	9.9	9.9	10.3
Nassau-Suffolk	81.5	81.1	81.2	313.8	322.3	323.8	179.3	177.2	180.3
New York PMSA	507.5	508.9	508.4	1,283.3	1,308.2	1,316.8	655.4	631.0	629.7
New York City	474.8	476.6	476.1	1,127.6	1,150.0	1,158.0	573.6	548.5	546.9
Newburgh	5.9	5.2	5.2	28.8	29.5	29.6	26.2	26.4	27.0
Rochester	24.1	23.4	23.2	140.8	141.3	142.7	79.0	77.4	79.3
Rockland County	5.3	5.3	5.3	27.6	28.5	28.5	20.0	20.2	20.2
Syracuse	19.2	19.3	19.2	91.8	90.3	92.5	60.5	60.4	61.3
Utica-Rome	7.9	8.2	8.2	31.8	31.9	32.8	32.0	30.1	30.3
Westchester County	26.5	26.0	25.9	122.7	124.1	124.7	57.6	58.2	58.3
North Carolina	137.8	143.4	143.8	689.0	721.1	727.4	542.0	557.5	562.0
Asheville	3.0	3.2	3.2	26.3	26.9	27.3	14.3	14.7	14.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	43.1	44.7	44.7	152.0	159.8	161.0	78.7	83.3	83.7
Greensboro--Winston-Salem--High Point	28.4	29.3	29.1	130.6	139.2	139.0	62.8	67.2	67.2
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	25.3	26.0	26.0	152.9	156.4	158.3	115.2	117.3	118.9
North Dakota	13.6	13.9	14.0	77.8	81.7	82.4	68.4	67.2	68.5
Bismarck	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.7	14.4	14.5	9.8	9.8	9.8
Fargo-Moorhead	5.2	5.4	5.5	24.5	25.4	25.7	14.8	14.7	14.9
Grand Forks	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.4	12.1	12.3	13.1	12.8	13.2
Ohio	265.8	268.2	268.8	1,285.5	1,313.7	1,326.4	750.3	742.4	755.4
Akron	12.1	12.2	12.1	78.5	80.6	81.5	46.2	45.2	47.8
Canton-Massillon	6.7	6.5	6.5	42.6	43.0	43.5	19.0	18.5	18.9
Cincinnati	47.4	48.8	48.9	205.4	208.2	210.1	102.0	101.2	103.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	67.3	68.6	68.7	299.2	303.9	306.7	142.8	141.1	142.5
Columbus	61.7	62.6	62.4	198.0	202.2	204.0	134.2	133.8	135.4
Dayton-Springfield	17.5	17.0	16.9	123.8	124.0	125.1	74.6	73.1	74.7
Hamilton-Middletown	4.4	4.3	4.3	22.7	24.0	24.0	19.3	18.7	19.7
Lima	2.0	2.0	2.0	18.2	19.8	20.0	10.0	10.0	10.1
Mansfield	3.1	3.1	3.1	17.9	18.2	18.5	10.1	10.0	10.3
Steubenville-Weirton	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.6	11.9	12.1	5.9	6.0	6.4
Toledo	11.5	11.5	11.5	83.5	85.8	86.3	46.9	46.4	47.8
Youngstown-Warren	9.6	9.5	9.4	58.3	59.0	59.2	30.3	30.9	32.1
Oklahoma	63.3	63.9	63.7	304.4	320.4	323.4	273.1	270.0	274.0
Enid .....	.9	1.1	1.1	6.0	5.7	6.0	4.1	4.0	4.1
Lawton	1.7	1.7	1.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	12.3	11.3	11.6
Oklahoma City	26.1	26.1	25.9	118.7	120.1	122.4	103.1	100.8	101.6
Tulsa	19.4	19.3	19.4	93.7	97.7	98.4	40.8	41.6	42.1
Oregon	87.4	87.9	88.1	331.4	348.3	351.4	236.7	238.5	242.6
Eugene-Springfield	6.1	6.4	6.5	33.0	34.3	34.8	24.7	24.2	25.0
Medford-Ashland	2.9	2.9	2.9	15.0	15.5	15.7	10.1	10.2	10.5
Portland-Vancouver	61.5	61.9	62.4	207.1	216.0	217.5	109.2	110.6	111.9
Salem	6.7	6.9	7.0	26.9	27.2	27.9	33.6	33.5	34.0
Pennsylvania	304.8	310.1	309.2	1,518.3	1,536.8	1,562.0	719.9	712.9	729.5
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	13.7	14.1	14.2	73.8	74.9	76.6	28.8	29.9	30.2
Altoona	1.7	1.8	1.8	14.1	14.5	14.9	7.9	8.1	8.2
Erie	5.7	5.7	5.7	32.3	32.9	33.5	14.8	13.7	14.8
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	22.7	22.6	22.5	77.6	80.3	81.2	70.2	69.7	70.3
Johnstown	4.2	4.3	4.3	24.5	25.0	25.0	13.1	13.5	13.5
Lancaster	9.0	9.0	9.1	45.4	46.7	47.4	18.5	17.6	18.9
Philadelphia PMSA	157.0	155.2	154.4	712.7	716.9	733.3	304.3	305.5	309.6
Philadelphia City	58.2	57.2	57.0	271.1	267.6	275.6	131.4	131.3	131.1
Pittsburgh	60.8	63.1	63.3	343.1	346.4	346.3	125.3	120.2	124.9
Reading	9.0	9.1	9.1	33.1	34.5	34.3	17.9	17.8	18.2
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton	12.5	14.0	13.9	68.6	70.2	71.2	34.4	33.2	34.2
Sharon	1.5	1.5	1.5	12.5	11.8	12.6	5.5	5.6	5.6
State College	2.0	1.9	2.0	11.4	11.2	11.1	24.7	21.6	24.9
Williamsport	2.3	2.3	2.3	13.1	12.8	13.4	6.5	6.6	6.7
York	5.0	5.0	5.1	33.4	35.0	35.6	15.4	14.9	15.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Rhode Island	421.6	428.3	427.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	10.0	11.9	11.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	474.0	477.5	475.1	.1	.2	.1	11.2	12.0	10.6
South Carolina	1,570.4	1,595.2	1,602.4	1.8	1.9	1.9	82.1	83.0	81.7
Charleston-North Charleston	205.8	204.0	204.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.3	11.8	11.9
Columbia	252.0	255.0	256.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.2	12.3	12.2
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	420.6	433.1	435.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	25.9	27.5	27.3
South Dakota	318.6	333.7	335.0	2.2	2.2	2.3	10.7	12.3	11.8
Rapid City	41.4	44.4	44.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2	2.4	2.3
Sioux Falls	89.3	93.1	93.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	4.1	4.0
Tennessee	2,346.9	2,425.4	2,437.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	90.6	97.4	97.3
Chattanooga	210.5	214.0	214.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.4	7.9	8.0
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	184.2	184.6	184.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.8	8.5	8.1
Knoxville	291.9	300.0	300.3	.5	.5	.5	12.9	14.1	13.8
Memphis	495.7	505.7	508.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	17.8	18.8	18.9
Nashville	549.5	577.1	581.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.6	25.7	25.8
Texas	7,541.7	7,815.3	7,859.4	163.5	157.6	156.6	358.0	392.7	393.3
Abilene	49.9	51.0	51.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.9	2.1	2.1
Amarillo	84.5	87.2	87.8	.8	.8	.8	3.8	4.2	4.1
Austin-San Marcos	468.8	494.4	500.0	1.0	.9	.9	19.2	23.5	23.7
Beaumont-Port Arthur	148.4	148.3	148.3	.9	.8	.9	13.3	11.6	11.6
Brazoria	71.4	70.7	70.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	10.5	9.8	9.4
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	88.4	90.9	91.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.6	2.6	2.7
Bryan-College Station	62.9	61.3	65.4	.7	.6	.6	2.4	2.6	2.7
Corpus Christi	139.7	146.0	146.3	2.7	2.7	2.7	9.8	11.0	11.4
Dallas	1,485.9	1,543.1	1,553.2	15.5	13.8	13.8	53.9	58.6	59.4
El Paso	224.5	233.3	233.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.7	9.6	9.7
Ft. Worth-Arlington	614.2	628.2	635.0	4.5	4.4	4.4	22.9	25.2	25.5
Galveston-Texas City	83.1	82.4	83.2	.6	.6	.6	4.6	4.3	4.4
Houston	1,672.2	1,719.2	1,727.2	66.5	64.9	65.1	110.6	114.4	116.7
Killeen-Temple	84.5	88.2	88.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.5	4.0	4.1
Laredo	54.4	56.9	56.1	2.6	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.0	1.9
Longview-Marshall	78.8	82.1	82.2	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.5	3.5
Lubbock	101.7	103.3	104.3	.2	.2	.2	3.4	3.9	3.7
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	117.2	119.5	120.1	.9	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.2	5.3
Odessa-Midland	92.4	94.3	94.7	12.9	12.9	12.9	4.4	4.6	4.5
San Angelo	38.8	40.4	40.2	.6	.7	.6	1.4	1.7	1.6
San Antonio	580.4	593.6	600.3	1.8	1.9	1.9	26.9	28.7	29.1
Sherman-Denison	38.0	39.3	39.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.5	1.5	1.5
Texarkana	46.9	48.4	48.5	.1	.1	.1	2.0	2.1	2.1
Tyler	66.9	69.7	70.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.1	2.1
Victoria	32.6	32.5	32.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.7
Waco	87.1	90.4	91.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.6	3.9	4.0
Wichita Falls	53.7	54.7	54.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.9	2.1	2.1
Utah	829.3	872.5	878.7	8.2	8.2	8.1	40.1	46.2	46.6
Provo-Orem	112.6	119.7	120.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5.6	6.5	6.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden	559.7	591.5	594.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	26.9	32.5	32.6
Vermont	260.6	263.7	267.4	.4	.3	.4	9.2	10.2	10.0
Barre-Montpelier	28.9	29.9	29.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.8	1.2	1.1
Burlington	88.4	90.4	91.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.5	4.2	4.2
Virginia	2,912.2	3,019.4	3,021.3	12.4	11.4	11.2	147.3	160.4	158.3
Bristol	34.4	35.8	35.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.1	1.2	1.2
Charlottesville	71.8	74.2	75.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	4.2	4.0
Danville	43.5	43.5	43.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	2.0	2.0
Lynchburg	92.9	95.7	96.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.5	5.2	5.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	594.2	616.2	618.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	31.3	33.8	33.7
Northern Virginia	865.1	909.3	908.9	.5	.5	.5	43.9	49.5	48.2
Richmond-Petersburg	476.7	498.8	500.2	.7	.7	.7	26.1	27.4	27.3
Roanoke	129.8	137.3	136.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.7	7.2	7.1
Washington	2,243.6	2,308.4	2,319.2	3.1	3.3	3.3	111.5	115.0	114.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,136.3	1,156.4	1,161.6	.6	.7	.7	54.4	55.9	55.7
Spokane	169.0	172.2	173.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.0	9.1	9.0
Tacoma	204.5	216.4	217.3	.2	.2	.1	11.1	10.2	10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Rhode Island	86.8	86.6	85.9	14.3	14.2	14.4	89.6	94.7	93.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	108.5	109.7	108.8	16.6	16.4	16.5	105.6	104.7	103.6
South Carolina	375.9	375.0	374.7	67.6	69.8	70.8	349.3	361.4	361.5
Charleston-North Charleston	20.5	20.0	19.9	10.7	11.0	11.0	49.7	50.4	50.4
Columbia	26.5	27.0	27.1	11.5	12.0	12.0	56.1	57.0	56.9
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	126.5	124.6	125.3	17.6	17.7	18.1	97.9	102.6	102.7
South Dakota	41.6	45.3	45.7	14.9	15.9	16.0	80.1	84.9	84.8
Rapid City	4.3	4.7	4.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	12.1	13.1	13.4
Sioux Falls	11.8	12.2	12.2	5.8	6.1	6.2	24.0	25.1	25.0
Tennessee	531.6	539.7	537.5	128.7	134.9	135.3	538.5	569.6	569.7
Chattanooga	45.4	44.9	45.0	7.6	7.8	7.8	50.3	52.6	52.4
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	52.9	52.8	53.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	41.2	41.4	41.6
Knoxville	50.1	51.2	51.4	11.6	12.1	12.1	73.7	75.8	75.7
Memphis	64.5	64.1	64.5	50.1	51.8	51.9	127.1	131.4	131.3
Nashville	96.9	101.2	100.9	31.8	33.7	33.9	131.2	140.5	140.2
Texas	990.4	1,014.9	1,019.5	447.4	467.5	468.7	1,811.9	1,889.1	1,886.7
Abilene	3.6	3.5	3.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	13.0	13.4	13.4
Amarillo	9.1	9.5	9.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	23.2	24.3	24.4
Austin-San Marcos	61.4	64.6	64.9	14.6	15.0	15.1	96.6	103.6	104.3
Beaumont-Port Arthur	24.2	24.3	24.4	8.9	9.3	9.3	33.3	34.3	34.1
Brazoria	16.8	16.6	16.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	13.2	13.7	13.6
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	13.0	13.3	13.4	4.0	3.9	4.0	23.1	23.6	23.6
Bryan-College Station	3.9	3.9	3.8	1.4	1.3	1.3	13.7	13.4	13.9
Corpus Christi	13.6	13.7	13.6	6.5	6.7	6.6	33.3	35.0	35.0
Dallas	222.8	227.7	228.1	92.3	99.6	99.8	372.7	394.2	394.9
El Paso	45.8	47.5	47.5	11.7	12.2	12.2	54.4	56.7	56.0
Ft. Worth-Arlington	100.6	100.4	103.0	57.2	59.1	59.6	156.6	160.9	161.2
Galveston-Texas City	8.2	7.8	8.0	5.2	4.8	5.0	17.3	17.6	17.7
Houston	179.2	183.8	184.5	115.7	117.6	118.7	390.7	409.5	407.5
Killeen-Temple	9.4	9.8	9.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	19.3	20.5	20.5
Laredo	1.6	1.7	1.6	8.7	9.3	9.0	16.4	16.9	16.5
Longview-Marshall	16.7	17.6	17.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	19.4	20.6	20.5
Lubbock	7.6	7.9	7.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	28.6	29.7	29.8
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	13.1	13.1	13.2	4.0	4.0	4.1	34.8	35.9	35.9
Odessa-Midland	6.4	6.4	6.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	24.0	25.1	25.2
San Angelo	5.0	5.3	5.4	2.6	2.4	2.4	9.3	9.6	9.6
San Antonio	47.1	48.8	49.0	27.2	28.0	28.3	142.6	147.4	146.7
Sherman-Denison	9.9	10.2	10.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	8.0	9.0	8.9
Texarkana	5.5	5.8	5.7	2.0	2.2	2.2	11.5	12.6	12.6
Tyler	12.1	12.3	12.9	3.0	3.3	3.3	17.0	17.4	17.3
Victoria	3.1	3.2	3.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.4	9.0	8.9
Waco	16.0	16.6	16.8	3.4	3.6	3.6	19.8	20.9	21.0
Wichita Falls	7.6	7.7	7.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	12.4	12.9	12.8
Utah	112.6	118.8	119.0	48.3	50.6	50.9	195.0	208.5	208.3
Provo-Orem	15.0	16.9	17.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	24.3	26.2	26.2
Salt Lake City-Ogden	71.1	75.1	75.2	38.2	38.7	38.8	134.8	143.9	143.7
Vermont	43.1	43.8	43.9	11.2	11.4	11.4	60.5	63.2	62.6
Barre-Montpelier	3.4	3.3	3.5	.9	.9	.9	6.3	6.8	6.6
Burlington	15.8	16.1	16.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	21.0	21.4	21.2
Virginia	402.0	403.5	403.5	148.7	154.3	154.9	643.2	686.1	676.9
Bristol	9.9	10.5	10.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	9.0	9.3	9.0
Charlottesville	7.5	7.9	8.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	14.0	14.6	14.7
Danville	16.1	15.5	15.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	8.7	8.8	8.7
Lynchburg	26.4	26.5	26.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	19.6	21.2	21.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	65.4	66.5	66.6	28.9	29.9	30.1	138.5	146.2	144.9
Northern Virginia	39.9	39.6	39.8	51.6	52.7	52.8	191.8	207.6	204.1
Richmond-Petersburg	60.6	61.5	61.5	24.5	25.3	25.5	109.6	120.4	119.2
Roanoke	18.8	19.7	19.6	8.5	9.0	9.0	33.9	36.1	35.9
Washington	329.6	336.1	336.5	111.9	116.5	116.9	540.8	568.0	564.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	194.5	193.3	193.4	67.5	69.4	69.5	268.4	281.1	279.6
Spokane	20.3	20.8	21.1	8.2	8.4	8.5	43.3	44.6	44.5
Tacoma	20.8	22.7	23.2	9.5	9.9	9.9	52.1	56.0	55.3

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Rhode Island	25.4	25.3	25.3	132.8	133.1	134.4	62.6	62.3	62.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	27.4	27.8	27.7	139.9	142.5	143.6	64.7	64.2	64.2
South Carolina	66.4	67.7	67.9	328.8	340.1	343.0	298.5	296.3	300.9
Charleston-North Charleston	8.2	8.4	8.4	51.4	52.0	52.2	54.0	50.4	50.9
Columbia	18.8	19.2	19.1	56.0	57.2	57.8	70.9	70.3	71.6
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	14.6	15.2	15.3	83.5	89.8	90.9	54.6	55.7	56.2
South Dakota	17.9	18.3	18.4	82.7	87.1	87.6	68.5	67.7	68.4
Rapid City	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.8	12.9	13.0	7.5	7.5	7.7
Sioux Falls	8.9	9.2	9.3	25.5	26.9	27.1	9.5	9.5	9.5
Tennessee	106.3	108.3	108.5	576.1	600.5	607.7	370.7	370.3	376.4
Chattanooga	13.8	14.1	14.1	50.7	52.2	52.3	35.3	34.5	34.8
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.4	5.6	5.6	39.8	39.8	40.1	30.0	29.3	29.3
Knoxville	11.1	11.8	11.8	77.2	77.6	77.6	54.8	56.9	57.3
Memphis	26.3	26.3	26.3	130.9	135.6	136.0	79.0	77.7	79.3
Nashville	32.4	33.6	33.7	159.2	166.1	169.0	75.4	76.3	77.6
Texas	433.2	443.0	443.3	1,923.3	2,013.1	2,031.5	1,414.0	1,437.4	1,459.8
Abilene	1.9	1.9	1.9	16.1	16.7	16.9	9.7	9.7	9.7
Amarillo	4.3	4.3	4.4	20.3	20.8	21.0	17.4	17.7	17.9
Austin-San Marcos	26.6	28.2	28.3	123.3	129.6	130.7	126.1	129.0	132.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	4.5	4.6	4.6	39.1	38.7	38.6	24.2	24.7	24.8
Brazoria	1.8	1.9	1.9	12.0	12.0	12.3	13.3	13.1	13.4
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	3.5	3.5	3.5	21.2	22.2	22.5	21.0	21.8	21.8
Bryan-College Station	2.4	2.5	2.5	12.3	13.0	13.2	26.1	24.0	27.4
Corpus Christi	6.1	6.2	6.2	37.0	39.3	39.2	30.7	31.4	31.6
Dallas	129.6	132.4	132.2	412.1	426.6	433.2	187.0	190.2	191.8
El Paso	8.3	8.6	8.6	45.7	48.9	49.1	49.9	49.8	50.7
Ft. Worth-Arlington	29.2	30.1	30.1	156.5	162.1	163.6	86.7	86.0	87.6
Galveston-Texas City	5.3	5.3	5.3	16.7	16.7	16.7	25.2	25.3	25.5
Houston	98.7	98.7	99.0	472.4	488.9	492.6	238.4	241.4	243.1
Killeen-Temple	3.5	3.7	3.7	21.0	22.0	22.1	25.1	25.4	25.6
Laredo	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.1	9.7	9.7	12.1	12.7	12.9
Longview-Marshall	2.8	2.9	2.8	18.2	18.7	19.1	11.4	11.5	11.5
Lubbock	4.5	4.7	4.7	28.0	28.5	28.8	23.9	22.8	23.6
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	4.2	4.3	4.3	22.3	23.0	23.3	32.8	33.0	33.0
Odessa-Midland	3.6	3.6	3.6	19.7	20.4	20.5	17.2	17.0	17.4
San Angelo	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.3	10.5	10.5	8.0	8.6	8.5
San Antonio	40.9	41.9	42.3	164.0	168.2	172.8	129.9	128.7	130.2
Sherman-Denison	2.1	2.0	2.0	9.8	9.7	9.7	5.1	5.2	5.2
Texarkana	1.8	1.8	1.8	12.5	12.8	12.7	11.5	11.0	11.3
Tyler	3.2	3.3	3.3	17.8	18.9	19.0	10.6	11.1	11.2
Victoria	1.6	1.7	1.7	7.8	7.9	8.0	6.1	6.3	6.3
Waco	5.2	5.4	5.4	24.0	25.0	25.3	15.1	15.0	15.0
Wichita Falls	2.1	2.2	2.2	14.4	14.4	14.4	11.1	11.4	11.6
Utah	45.4	47.2	47.4	216.1	230.5	233.6	163.6	162.5	164.8
Provo-Orem	3.3	3.3	3.3	45.6	47.1	47.9	16.8	17.6	17.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden	37.5	37.9	37.9	141.3	153.3	154.5	106.8	106.9	108.4
Vermont	12.0	12.1	12.2	78.2	77.5	80.1	46.0	45.2	46.8
Barre-Montpelier	2.5	2.6	2.6	7.9	8.2	8.2	7.1	6.9	7.0
Burlington	4.5	4.6	4.6	24.5	25.3	25.7	15.0	14.8	15.5
Virginia	161.4	164.2	164.3	791.6	836.2	841.1	605.6	603.3	611.1
Bristol	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.6	6.8	6.9	5.5	5.6	5.6
Charlottesville	3.8	3.8	3.8	16.6	18.1	18.3	23.9	23.3	24.7
Danville	1.3	1.4	1.4	8.1	8.6	8.7	6.1	5.9	6.0
Lynchburg	4.0	4.3	4.3	22.6	22.6	23.3	12.3	12.4	12.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	27.3	27.7	28.0	163.2	174.0	175.6	139.6	138.1	139.1
Northern Virginia	56.4	55.8	55.6	305.1	326.1	328.6	175.9	177.5	179.3
Richmond-Petersburg	40.9	43.6	44.0	112.7	118.9	119.5	101.6	101.0	102.5
Roanoke	8.5	8.9	8.9	36.5	39.2	39.1	16.9	17.2	17.1
Washington	125.0	121.5	121.8	578.7	604.1	609.6	443.0	443.9	451.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	77.5	73.7	73.7	301.1	311.7	313.8	172.3	170.6	175.2
Spokane	9.9	10.0	10.1	48.5	49.5	50.2	29.8	29.8	30.5
Tacoma	8.0	11.4	11.3	56.5	58.1	59.0	46.3	47.9	48.3

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
West Virginia	645.8	671.5	672.4	27.2	27.2	27.0	27.6	30.8	30.2
Charleston	118.0	121.5	121.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	5.7	5.7	5.4
Huntington-Ashland	112.8	115.9	116.2	1.8	1.7	1.7	6.1	5.7	5.4
Parkersburg-Marietta	63.4	65.8	65.4	.4	.4	.4	3.1	3.7	3.5
Wheeling	59.0	60.9	61.0	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7
Wisconsin	2,397.9	2,473.6	2,478.6	1.7	2.1	2.1	79.0	87.3	83.4
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	172.5	179.9	179.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.9	8.6	8.0
Eau Claire	62.1	62.4	63.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.6	2.1	2.0
Green Bay	116.7	120.7	120.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.8	5.4	5.3
Janesville-Beloit	61.8	65.0	65.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	2.4	2.4
Kenosha	45.8	46.9	46.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.7	1.7	1.6
La Crosse	63.2	63.8	64.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	2.1	2.0
Madison	241.6	246.6	250.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.4	10.2	10.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha	771.0	789.2	789.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	24.6	26.8	26.2
Racine	75.1	75.8	76.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	2.4	2.3
Sheboygan	54.5	55.7	55.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	2.1	2.0
Wausau	56.3	58.1	58.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	2.2	2.2
Wyoming	204.9	211.0	210.5	17.3	17.4	17.0	10.2	11.6	11.3
Casper	27.9	28.7	28.5	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.3
Puerto Rico	875.3	890.1	893.0	.9	1.0	1.0	46.3	47.1	47.7
Caguas	56.9	58.7	58.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	1.8	1.8
Mayaguez	65.6	66.6	67.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.3	3.6	3.3
Ponce	69.1	70.2	70.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	4.4	4.3
San Juan-Bayamon	549.7	55.9	558.5	.5	.5	.5	33.7	32.5	33.2
Virgin Islands	45.0	42.5	42.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	1.6	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
West Virginia	80.6	82.3	82.5	38.7	40.4	40.6	146.7	156.4	155.9
Charleston	10.2	9.9	10.0	9.0	9.4	9.4	29.5	30.9	30.7
Huntington-Ashland	17.4	17.9	18.0	6.6	6.9	7.0	28.1	29.7	29.6
Parkersburg-Marietta	12.5	13.0	12.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	15.8	16.6	16.4
Wheeling	6.5	6.3	6.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	14.7	15.6	15.4
Wisconsin	564.2	588.2	588.3	112.6	115.7	115.9	542.4	568.6	563.9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	56.2	58.7	58.6	6.8	6.8	6.9	36.0	37.8	37.5
Eau Claire	10.2	9.9	9.9	3.4	3.3	3.2	17.0	17.2	17.3
Green Bay	25.5	25.9	25.8	8.3	8.1	8.0	27.8	29.3	29.0
Janesville-Beloit	18.2	19.9	19.8	2.4	2.4	2.5	14.4	15.1	14.9
Kenosha	10.4	10.5	10.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	12.1	12.7	12.5
La Crosse	11.9	12.3	12.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	17.2	17.1	17.2
Madison	27.0	28.3	28.5	8.0	7.5	7.5	52.6	54.8	55.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha	169.0	176.3	176.8	38.0	38.4	38.6	167.6	171.6	169.6
Racine	24.1	24.7	24.9	2.6	2.4	2.5	15.9	16.3	16.1
Sheboygan	23.0	24.3	24.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.5	9.5	9.3
Wausau	15.3	15.9	15.9	3.5	3.3	3.3	13.4	14.2	14.0
Wyoming	9.6	10.2	10.1	13.7	13.9	14.0	46.5	48.9	48.5
Casper	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.0	8.2	8.1
Puerto Rico	150.2	150.6	153.0	23.0	23.1	23.0	169.3	178.5	173.7
Caguas	14.3	14.3	14.4	.6	.6	.6	12.3	13.6	13.3
Mayaguez	18.7	19.0	19.8	.7	.8	.7	10.3	10.6	10.3
Ponce	12.2	11.2	11.4	2.0	1.9	1.8	12.5	13.1	12.6
San Juan-Bayamon	68.5	69.4	70.1	18.2	18.0	17.4	112.3	117.0	114.3
Virgin Islands	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	11.0	10.4	10.3

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
West Virginia	25.1	25.9	25.9	167.8	174.5	175.8	132.1	134.0	134.5
Charleston	6.4	6.5	6.4	34.0	35.1	35.5	21.6	22.3	22.7
Huntington-Ashland	3.7	3.8	3.8	28.3	29.2	29.7	20.8	21.0	21.0
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.4	2.5	2.4	16.0	16.5	16.5	10.5	10.5	10.7
Wheeling	2.9	3.0	3.0	19.1	20.0	20.3	9.4	9.4	9.3
Wisconsin	132.3	135.2	135.1	594.5	613.8	616.7	371.2	362.7	373.1
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	8.8	9.1	9.2	37.1	39.1	39.2	19.7	19.7	19.9
Eau Claire	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.4	16.4	16.6	12.3	11.3	12.2
Green Bay	7.5	8.6	8.7	30.0	30.6	30.3	12.8	13.0	13.3
Janesville-Beloit	1.9	2.0	2.0	14.7	15.1	15.3	8.1	8.0	8.2
Kenosha	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.3	11.4	11.5	7.0	7.2	7.2
La Crosse	2.4	2.8	2.8	17.5	17.5	18.0	9.6	9.2	9.3
Madison	20.6	20.5	20.5	56.5	57.2	58.2	68.4	68.2	70.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha	54.1	57.0	57.1	227.1	229.8	231.0	90.7	89.3	89.8
Racine	2.3	2.1	2.1	18.7	18.6	18.9	9.3	9.3	9.4
Sheboygan	2.3	2.2	2.2	10.1	9.8	9.8	5.8	6.0	5.9
Wausau	4.4	4.5	4.5	10.8	11.2	11.1	7.0	6.9	7.1
Wyoming	7.8	7.8	7.9	41.2	42.6	42.7	58.6	58.6	59.0
Casper	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.0	7.4	7.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Puerto Rico	41.1	40.6	41.0	155.7	158.3	161.6	288.8	290.9	292.0
Caguas	1.6	1.6	1.5	10.3	10.6	10.4	15.9	16.2	16.3
Mayaguez	1.6	1.5	1.5	11.0	11.2	11.2	20.0	19.9	20.2
Ponce	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.4	14.0	14.2	23.2	23.6	24.0
San Juan-Bayamon	32.8	32.7	32.9	106.9	108.0	110.5	176.8	179.5	179.6
Virgin Islands	2.2	1.9	1.9	10.7	10.4	10.5	13.5	12.9	13.2

¹ Combined with construction.
² Not available.
^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1994 benchmarks.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^o	Mar. 1995 ^o	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^o	Mar. 1995 ^o
Total private		34.0	34.4	34.4	34.2	34.2	-	-	-	-	-
Mining		43.7	44.0	44.9	44.5	44.1	-	-	-	-	-
Metal mining	10	43.1	43.2	43.7	43.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron ores	101	44.4	45.1	42.0	42.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copper ores	102	43.6	44.4	45.8	44.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coal mining	12	45.3	45.8	46.7	46.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	45.5	46.0	46.9	46.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.6	43.2	44.4	44.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	42.8	41.4	43.2	41.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services	138	44.1	44.3	45.1	45.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	42.5	44.9	44.8	43.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	41.1	45.3	45.8	43.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		36.1	38.1	37.6	36.8	38.1	-	-	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	35.9	37.6	37.7	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residential building construction	152	35.5	37.0	35.9	35.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operative builders	153	37.5	38.0	37.6	37.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	36.4	38.2	39.3	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	38.5	41.0	40.6	39.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway and street construction	161	36.1	40.0	39.3	36.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	39.2	41.3	41.0	39.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special trade contractors	17	35.6	37.6	37.0	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	37.8	39.0	39.1	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	34.8	36.4	35.5	35.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical work	173	38.1	39.3	39.3	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	32.7	35.1	34.2	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carpentry and floor work	175	33.7	35.3	35.0	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	30.1	34.4	32.3	29.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing		40.9	41.9	42.0	41.7	41.7	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5
Durable goods		41.8	42.8	42.9	42.6	42.6	4.5	4.8	5.0	4.9	4.9
Lumber and wood products	24	39.8	41.0	40.7	40.0	40.4	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.9	-
Logging	241	39.0	40.8	39.6	38.9	-	4.4	5.9	5.3	5.4	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	41.5	42.8	42.3	41.4	-	4.7	5.1	4.9	4.7	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	42.0	43.3	42.6	42.1	-	5.0	5.5	5.3	5.1	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	40.0	41.1	41.0	39.3	-	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.0	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	39.4	40.2	40.4	39.9	-	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.4	-
Millwork	2431	38.7	39.2	39.6	38.6	-	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3	-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	38.5	39.9	39.3	40.1	-	2.7	3.3	2.8	3.5	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	40.3	41.5	42.6	42.2	-	3.9	4.3	5.1	4.9	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	43.6	43.5	45.1	43.0	-	5.3	5.0	6.0	6.0	-
Wood containers	244	38.2	39.6	39.1	38.7	-	3.1	3.7	3.4	3.3	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	37.9	39.9	40.3	38.8	-	2.7	3.1	3.2	2.9	-
Mobile homes	2451	38.5	40.5	40.6	39.1	-	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.0	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	39.9	40.9	40.4	39.7	-	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.1	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	38.1	40.3	40.5	39.6	39.5	2.6	3.0	3.4	2.9	-
Household furniture	251	37.1	39.8	40.1	39.0	-	2.3	2.8	3.1	2.6	-
Wood household furniture	2511	37.7	40.4	40.2	38.9	-	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.4	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	35.9	38.9	39.3	38.8	-	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.1	-
Metal household furniture	2514	37.6	40.8	43.6	41.3	-	2.9	4.4	6.4	5.3	-
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	37.9	39.2	39.7	38.8	-	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.0	-
Office furniture	252	39.7	41.3	41.4	40.4	-	2.8	3.2	3.6	2.9	-
Public building and related furniture	253	39.7	40.9	43.1	41.8	-	3.3	3.3	4.6	4.1	-
Partitions and fixtures	254	40.0	41.3	41.2	41.1	-	3.5	3.9	4.0	3.9	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	38.1	39.8	38.7	38.2	-	1.9	2.5	2.4	2.0	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Total private		\$11.06	\$11.04	\$11.35	\$11.34	\$11.35	\$376.04	\$379.78	\$390.44	\$387.83	\$388.17
Mining		14.92	14.84	15.25	15.27	15.41	652.00	652.96	684.73	679.52	679.58
Metal mining	10	15.79	15.81	16.70	16.66	-	680.55	682.99	729.79	718.05	-
Iron ores	101	17.35	17.25	18.61	18.35	-	770.34	777.98	781.62	779.88	-
Copper ores	102	14.12	14.13	14.70	14.66	-	615.63	627.37	673.26	656.77	-
Coal mining	12	17.61	17.64	18.51	18.40	-	797.73	807.91	864.42	846.40	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	17.78	17.81	18.74	18.61	-	808.99	819.26	878.91	856.06	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	14.24	14.09	14.27	14.35	-	620.86	608.69	633.59	635.71	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	17.60	17.70	18.70	19.01	-	753.28	732.78	807.84	796.52	-
Oil and gas field services	138	12.29	12.04	11.69	11.68	-	541.99	533.37	527.22	534.94	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	12.83	12.86	13.05	13.14	-	545.28	577.41	584.64	574.22	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	11.97	12.20	12.24	12.22	-	491.97	552.66	560.59	534.01	-
Construction		14.45	14.44	14.65	14.80	14.79	521.65	550.16	550.84	544.64	563.50
General building contractors	15	13.85	13.83	14.12	14.16	-	497.22	520.01	532.32	525.34	-
Residential building construction	152	12.78	12.79	13.06	13.21	-	453.69	473.23	468.85	474.24	-
Operative builders	153	13.85	13.63	13.72	13.98	-	519.38	517.94	515.87	521.45	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	14.88	14.82	15.01	15.01	-	541.63	566.12	589.89	573.38	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	13.91	13.91	13.78	14.11	-	535.54	570.31	559.47	553.11	-
Highway and street construction	161	13.29	13.22	13.11	13.74	-	479.77	528.80	515.22	507.01	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	14.09	14.13	13.99	14.22	-	552.33	583.57	573.59	567.38	-
Special trade contractors	17	14.81	14.80	15.04	15.19	-	527.24	556.48	556.48	549.88	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	15.16	15.18	15.41	15.48	-	573.05	592.02	602.53	599.08	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	13.77	13.74	13.62	13.88	-	479.20	500.14	483.51	492.74	-
Electrical work	173	15.83	15.85	16.30	16.29	-	603.12	622.91	640.59	633.68	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	14.75	14.83	15.00	15.13	-	482.33	520.53	513.00	499.29	-
Carpentry and floor work	175	14.53	14.54	14.55	14.55	-	489.66	513.26	509.25	504.89	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	12.91	13.02	12.77	13.15	-	388.59	447.89	412.47	393.19	-
Manufacturing		12.00	11.99	12.24	12.25	12.28	490.80	502.38	514.08	510.83	512.08
Durable goods		12.61	12.59	12.81	12.84	12.86	527.10	538.85	549.55	546.98	547.84
Lumber and wood products	24	9.70	9.69	9.94	9.93	9.94	386.06	397.29	404.56	397.20	401.58
Logging	241	11.20	11.20	11.33	11.43	-	436.80	456.96	448.67	444.63	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	9.97	9.94	10.15	10.15	-	413.76	425.43	429.35	420.21	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	10.34	10.31	10.54	10.54	-	434.28	446.42	449.00	443.73	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	8.46	8.47	8.67	8.64	-	338.40	348.12	355.47	339.55	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	9.72	9.73	10.01	9.97	-	382.97	391.15	404.40	397.80	-
Millwork	2431	9.89	9.81	10.13	10.09	-	382.74	384.55	401.15	389.47	-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	9.10	9.27	9.39	9.46	-	350.35	369.87	369.03	379.35	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	8.57	8.56	8.77	8.73	-	345.37	355.24	373.60	368.41	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	11.65	11.65	12.11	11.98	-	507.94	506.78	546.16	515.14	-
Wood containers	244	7.27	7.27	7.57	7.60	-	277.71	287.89	295.99	294.12	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	9.46	9.57	9.87	9.79	-	358.53	381.84	397.76	379.85	-
Mobile homes	2451	9.51	9.57	9.95	9.88	-	366.14	387.59	403.97	386.31	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	9.15	9.08	9.40	9.44	-	365.09	371.37	379.76	374.77	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	9.41	9.39	9.68	9.68	9.68	358.52	378.42	392.04	383.33	382.36
Household furniture	251	8.87	8.88	9.19	9.19	-	329.08	353.42	368.52	358.41	-
Wood household furniture	2511	8.38	8.36	8.66	8.70	-	315.93	337.74	348.13	338.43	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	9.64	9.65	9.98	9.98	-	346.08	375.39	392.21	387.22	-
Metal household furniture	2514	8.43	8.60	8.90	8.74	-	316.97	350.88	388.04	360.96	-
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	9.27	9.21	9.58	9.51	-	351.33	361.03	380.33	368.99	-
Office furniture	252	10.12	10.23	10.37	10.34	-	401.76	422.50	429.32	417.74	-
Public building and related furniture	253	9.73	9.65	10.03	10.06	-	386.28	394.69	432.29	420.51	-
Partitions and fixtures	254	10.68	10.56	10.84	10.80	-	427.20	436.13	446.61	443.88	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	9.74	9.62	9.73	9.78	-	371.09	382.88	376.55	373.60	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	41.1	42.8	42.3	41.8	42.6	4.6	5.2	5.0	4.7	-
Flat glass	321	46.0	47.6	46.0	46.9	-	7.9	8.7	7.7	8.1	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	42.7	42.8	43.4	43.3	-	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.3	-
Glass containers	3221	43.8	43.4	43.7	43.6	-	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.4	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	41.7	42.3	43.1	43.1	-	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.5	-
Products of purchased glass	323	42.1	43.6	43.2	42.2	-	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.0	-
Cement, hydraulic	324	45.0	44.8	44.9	45.2	-	6.7	5.6	6.0	6.1	-
Structural clay products	325	41.2	41.6	42.1	41.9	-	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	-
Pottery and related products	326	40.8	41.5	41.5	41.6	-	3.8	4.2	4.5	4.5	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	38.8	42.7	41.0	40.1	-	4.7	6.3	5.5	5.0	-
Concrete block and brick	3271	40.6	44.3	42.8	41.8	-	4.3	6.3	5.7	5.0	-
Concrete products, nec	3272	40.0	43.1	42.2	41.1	-	4.3	5.4	5.2	5.0	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	36.0	41.2	38.8	37.7	-	4.0	6.3	5.0	4.3	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	42.2	43.1	42.9	42.8	-	4.5	5.0	4.6	4.8	-
Abrasive products	3291	42.4	44.0	42.8	42.8	-	3.8	4.7	4.1	4.2	-
Asbestos products	3292	39.9	40.9	40.2	40.8	-	3.5	3.4	.9	2.6	-
Primary metal industries	33	43.9	44.5	44.9	44.6	44.5	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.5	-
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	43.8	44.3	45.5	44.9	44.7	5.8	5.9	6.8	6.7	-
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	44.0	44.6	45.9	44.9	-	6.0	6.1	7.1	6.9	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	43.9	43.5	44.9	45.3	-	4.9	5.1	6.1	6.6	-
Iron and steel foundries	332	45.5	45.9	45.8	45.5	-	7.4	7.3	7.8	7.5	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	46.1	46.4	46.3	45.4	-	8.2	8.0	8.7	8.0	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	47.4	48.1	48.8	49.9	-	10.6	10.2	9.3	9.8	-
Steel foundries, nec	3325	44.3	44.6	45.6	45.7	-	5.9	6.0	6.5	6.6	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	42.3	43.2	43.6	43.1	-	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.5	-
Primary aluminum	3334	42.0	42.7	42.8	41.7	-	4.4	4.7	5.1	4.9	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	44.1	44.9	44.9	44.6	-	6.7	6.8	7.0	6.7	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	44.0	44.8	45.2	44.9	-	7.3	7.6	8.2	7.8	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	45.7	47.1	47.4	47.3	-	7.2	8.0	8.1	7.9	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	43.4	44.6	44.1	43.8	-	6.2	6.5	6.1	6.0	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)	336	42.3	43.0	43.2	42.7	-	4.8	5.1	5.3	4.8	-
Aluminum foundries	3365	41.3	42.8	42.8	42.2	-	4.9	5.4	4.9	4.4	-
Fabricated metal products	34	41.9	42.5	43.1	42.7	42.5	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.0	-
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	43.1	43.2	43.1	42.3	-	5.3	5.6	6.0	5.5	-
Metal cans	3411	42.6	42.8	43.1	42.3	-	5.0	5.3	5.8	5.3	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	41.3	42.4	43.2	42.6	-	4.0	4.1	4.6	4.3	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423,5	40.9	41.8	43.2	42.5	-	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.4	-
Hardware, nec	3429	41.3	42.4	43.0	42.5	-	4.0	4.0	4.7	4.3	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	41.0	41.4	42.1	41.4	-	3.8	3.8	4.8	4.1	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	42.1	42.0	42.7	41.9	-	4.5	4.4	5.7	5.2	-
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	40.5	40.5	41.9	40.2	-	3.2	3.2	4.0	2.7	-
Fabricated structural metal products	344	40.4	41.1	42.0	41.3	-	3.7	3.9	4.5	4.2	-
Fabricated structural metal	3441	41.2	41.8	42.8	41.5	-	4.5	4.7	5.3	4.4	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	37.8	38.8	40.5	39.3	-	2.2	2.1	3.4	2.6	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	42.7	42.8	43.7	43.5	-	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.6	-
Sheet metal work	3444	39.6	40.8	41.3	40.7	-	3.2	3.4	4.0	3.8	-
Architectural metal work	3446	40.2	40.1	41.8	40.4	-	3.3	3.7	4.2	3.9	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	42.6	43.1	44.5	44.2	-	5.4	5.8	6.3	6.2	-
Screw machine products	3451	42.1	42.9	43.7	43.7	-	4.9	5.3	5.9	6.0	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	43.1	43.4	45.4	44.8	-	5.9	6.3	6.8	6.5	-
Metal forgings and stampings	346	44.7	45.1	45.5	45.2	-	6.2	6.3	6.8	6.6	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	44.3	44.0	45.7	44.3	-	6.4	5.8	6.9	5.8	-
Automotive stampings	3465	46.4	46.7	46.9	47.1	-	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.9	-
Metal stampings, nec	3469	42.2	43.2	43.1	42.8	-	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.9	-
Metal services, nec	347	40.6	41.4	41.4	41.5	-	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.7	-
Plating and polishing	3471	40.1	41.0	41.1	41.3	-	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.6	-
Metal coating and allied services	3479	41.3	41.9	42.0	41.7	-	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.8	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	41.7	41.9	43.4	42.8	-	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	41.0	40.8	43.8	42.7	-	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.4	-
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	42.4	42.9	42.9	42.6	-	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.7	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	42.3	42.2	42.5	42.7	-	4.5	4.6	5.1	5.0	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	41.4	42.1	42.0	41.3	-	3.2	3.4	4.0	3.4	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	\$11.96	\$11.93	\$12.17	\$12.22	\$12.21	\$491.56	\$510.60	\$514.79	\$510.80	\$520.15
Flat glass	321	18.04	18.10	18.18	18.22	-	829.84	861.56	836.28	854.52	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	13.51	13.42	13.91	13.88	-	576.88	574.38	603.69	601.00	-
Glass containers	3221	13.78	13.74	14.43	14.38	-	603.56	596.32	630.59	626.97	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	13.24	13.12	13.50	13.49	-	552.11	554.98	581.85	581.42	-
Products of purchased glass	323	10.63	10.54	10.94	11.00	-	447.52	459.54	472.61	464.20	-
Cement, hydraulic	324	15.65	15.43	16.26	16.20	-	704.25	691.26	730.07	732.24	-
Structural clay products	325	10.59	10.56	10.77	10.67	-	436.31	439.30	453.42	447.07	-
Pottery and related products	326	10.29	10.45	10.69	10.65	-	419.83	433.68	443.64	443.04	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	11.14	11.28	11.41	11.50	-	432.23	481.66	467.81	461.15	-
Concrete block and brick	3271	10.37	10.59	10.70	10.77	-	421.02	469.14	457.96	450.19	-
Concrete products, nec	3272	10.19	10.18	10.37	10.33	-	407.60	438.76	437.61	424.56	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	11.67	11.92	12.01	12.27	-	420.12	491.10	465.99	462.58	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	12.46	12.31	12.48	12.48	-	525.81	530.56	535.39	534.14	-
Abrasive products	3291	10.99	10.91	11.03	11.09	-	465.98	480.04	472.08	474.65	-
Asbestos products	3292	14.67	14.48	15.16	15.09	-	585.33	592.23	609.43	615.67	-
Primary metal industries	33	14.24	14.20	14.52	14.41	14.42	625.14	631.90	651.95	642.69	641.69
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	16.57	16.63	17.31	17.08	17.09	725.77	736.71	787.61	766.89	763.92
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	17.80	17.87	18.68	18.38	-	783.20	797.00	857.41	825.26	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	12.91	12.95	13.44	13.53	-	566.75	563.33	603.46	612.91	-
Iron and steel foundries	332	13.16	13.15	13.46	13.34	-	598.78	603.59	616.47	606.97	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	13.91	13.98	14.24	14.06	-	641.25	648.67	659.31	638.32	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	15.28	14.69	15.42	15.48	-	724.27	706.59	752.50	772.45	-
Steel foundries, nec	3325	11.77	11.85	12.13	12.07	-	521.41	528.51	553.13	551.60	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	15.29	15.27	15.53	15.69	-	646.77	659.66	677.11	676.24	-
Primary aluminum	3334	15.33	15.26	15.42	15.68	-	643.86	651.60	659.98	653.86	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	13.50	13.38	13.53	13.49	-	595.35	600.76	607.50	601.65	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	13.08	13.12	13.54	13.57	-	575.52	587.78	612.01	609.29	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	15.94	15.76	15.68	15.57	-	728.46	742.30	743.23	736.46	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	13.64	13.39	13.57	13.51	-	591.98	597.19	598.44	591.74	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)	336	11.41	11.29	11.41	11.34	-	482.64	485.47	492.91	484.22	-
Aluminum foundries	3365	10.83	10.67	10.68	10.63	-	447.28	456.68	457.10	448.59	-
Fabricated metal products	34	11.89	11.89	12.04	12.04	12.07	498.19	505.33	518.92	514.11	512.98
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	15.32	15.32	15.42	15.47	-	660.29	661.82	664.60	654.38	-
Metal cans	3411	16.42	16.43	16.44	16.52	-	699.49	703.20	708.56	698.80	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	11.87	11.86	12.13	12.12	-	490.23	502.86	524.02	516.31	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423,5	11.11	11.14	11.22	11.20	-	454.40	465.65	484.70	476.00	-
Hardware, nec	3429	11.88	11.84	12.23	12.22	-	490.64	502.02	525.89	519.35	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	10.45	10.47	10.72	10.63	-	428.45	433.46	451.31	440.08	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	9.80	9.78	10.29	10.09	-	412.58	410.76	439.38	422.77	-
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	10.78	10.88	10.85	10.89	-	436.59	440.64	454.62	437.78	-
Fabricated structural metal products	344	10.94	10.93	11.16	11.18	-	441.98	449.22	468.72	461.73	-
Fabricated structural metal	3441	10.91	10.96	11.09	11.04	-	449.49	458.13	474.65	458.16	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	9.20	9.06	9.48	9.49	-	347.76	351.53	383.94	372.96	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	12.39	12.45	12.54	12.61	-	529.05	532.86	548.00	548.54	-
Sheet metal work	3444	11.16	11.13	11.41	11.40	-	441.94	454.10	471.23	463.98	-
Architectural metal work	3446	9.80	9.89	10.26	10.23	-	393.96	396.59	428.87	413.29	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	11.73	11.82	11.88	11.95	-	499.70	509.44	528.66	528.19	-
Screw machine products	3451	10.95	10.99	11.19	11.22	-	461.00	471.47	489.00	490.31	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	12.61	12.76	12.67	12.81	-	543.49	553.78	575.22	573.89	-
Metal forgings and stampings	346	14.44	14.43	14.41	14.37	-	645.47	650.79	655.66	649.52	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	14.07	13.95	13.97	13.85	-	623.30	613.80	638.43	613.56	-
Automotive stampings	3465	16.59	16.63	16.44	16.35	-	769.78	776.62	771.04	770.09	-
Metal stampings, nec	3469	11.21	11.20	11.42	11.41	-	473.06	483.84	492.20	488.35	-
Metal services, nec	347	9.79	9.81	9.96	10.01	-	397.47	406.13	412.34	415.42	-
Plating and polishing	3471	9.84	9.88	9.91	9.96	-	394.58	405.08	407.30	411.35	-
Metal coating and allied services	3479	9.70	9.71	10.05	10.08	-	400.61	406.85	422.10	420.34	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	13.74	13.70	13.88	13.73	-	572.96	574.03	602.39	587.64	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	13.89	13.89	14.29	14.21	-	569.49	566.71	625.90	606.77	-
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	11.03	11.07	11.28	11.28	-	467.67	474.90	483.91	480.53	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	11.27	11.43	11.68	11.58	-	476.72	482.35	496.40	494.47	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	9.72	9.81	10.06	9.96	-	402.41	413.00	422.52	411.35	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	43.0	43.9	44.2	44.0	43.8	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.6	-
Engines and turbines	351	44.7	45.1	45.9	46.0	-	5.6	5.8	5.3	5.0	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	43.2	43.1	40.1	40.7	-	5.3	5.5	2.6	2.6	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	45.4	45.9	48.2	48.1	-	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.0	-
Farm and garden machinery	352	43.3	44.2	43.0	43.3	-	5.3	5.6	4.7	4.6	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	44.0	44.5	42.6	43.1	-	5.7	5.8	4.5	4.6	-
Construction and related machinery	353	43.6	44.3	44.7	44.2	-	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.7	-
Construction machinery	3531	44.4	44.9	44.9	44.3	-	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	-
Mining machinery	3532	42.6	42.4	46.4	44.9	-	4.8	4.3	7.2	6.1	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	46.3	47.2	45.2	46.0	-	6.8	6.7	5.7	5.7	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	42.7	43.0	44.1	43.2	-	5.1	5.5	6.4	6.0	-
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	40.7	41.7	43.3	43.1	-	3.9	4.5	4.7	4.9	-
Metalworking machinery	354	43.7	44.4	45.2	45.0	-	6.0	6.3	6.9	6.9	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	43.9	44.7	45.9	45.9	-	5.5	6.1	7.2	7.1	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	44.4	45.0	47.7	48.2	-	6.3	6.0	8.1	8.3	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	44.2	45.0	45.7	45.2	-	6.8	7.1	7.7	7.6	-
Machine tool accessories	3545	42.5	43.5	44.9	44.8	-	4.7	5.0	5.9	5.9	-
Power driven handtools	3546	41.3	42.0	42.1	41.5	-	3.9	4.1	3.7	3.4	-
Special industry machinery	355	43.3	44.2	44.5	44.1	-	5.4	6.0	6.2	6.0	-
Textile machinery	3552	40.4	42.3	42.7	42.2	-	3.8	4.4	4.3	4.5	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	43.0	44.5	43.7	42.6	-	6.3	7.1	6.3	5.2	-
Food products machinery	3556	43.4	43.9	44.2	43.8	-	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.9	-
General industrial machinery	356	42.7	43.7	44.4	43.7	-	4.7	5.1	5.6	5.3	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	43.0	43.9	44.7	43.7	-	5.0	5.6	5.4	5.2	-
Ball and roller bearings	3562	44.0	44.9	46.2	45.1	-	6.1	6.4	7.5	7.0	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	43.9	45.2	45.7	46.1	-	5.5	6.0	5.5	5.9	-
Blowers and fans	3564	39.7	41.1	42.5	41.6	-	2.7	3.1	4.0	3.3	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	43.0	43.0	44.8	45.0	-	5.6	6.0	6.8	6.9	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	43.2	45.2	44.2	44.0	-	4.9	6.0	5.4	5.6	-
Computer and office equipment	357	42.2	42.8	42.7	43.2	-	3.0	3.6	3.0	3.5	-
Electronic computers	3571	43.1	43.2	43.5	44.8	-	3.1	3.5	3.1	3.7	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575,8,9	40.6	42.7	40.7	40.3	-	2.6	3.8	3.2	3.2	-
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	42.1	43.8	43.0	42.8	-	4.7	5.0	5.0	4.8	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	42.6	44.6	43.1	43.3	-	5.3	5.7	5.1	5.1	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	42.6	43.3	43.9	43.8	-	5.1	5.4	6.2	6.1	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	42.7	43.7	46.3	45.9	-	5.5	6.1	7.6	7.0	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	42.6	43.4	43.7	43.6	-	5.1	5.4	6.2	6.1	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	41.5	42.3	42.2	41.5	41.5	3.8	4.2	4.2	3.9	-
Electric distribution equipment	361	41.7	42.4	41.6	41.4	-	3.8	3.9	3.5	3.3	-
Transformers, except electronic	3612	42.0	43.0	41.1	41.0	-	4.3	4.2	2.9	2.7	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	41.4	41.7	42.2	41.9	-	3.3	3.5	4.1	3.9	-
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	41.9	42.6	43.3	42.2	-	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.0	-
Motors and generators	3621	42.5	42.6	44.4	43.1	-	4.8	4.5	5.1	4.4	-
Relays and industrial controls	3625	40.7	42.0	41.6	40.5	-	3.1	3.9	3.8	3.4	-
Household appliances	363	40.5	41.4	41.8	40.2	-	2.9	3.4	3.3	2.6	-
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	41.9	43.1	43.3	40.5	-	3.8	4.3	3.5	1.8	-
Household laundry equipment	3633	43.4	41.9	40.4	38.6	-	2.3	3.6	4.2	2.7	-
Electric housewares and fans	3634	38.5	40.4	40.8	39.5	-	2.1	2.5	2.3	1.8	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	41.2	42.6	42.6	42.1	-	3.7	4.1	4.2	4.0	-
Electric lamps	3641	45.3	48.0	45.6	44.9	-	5.7	6.6	5.0	4.7	-
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	40.0	42.0	41.4	40.8	-	3.1	3.8	3.8	3.5	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	43.5	43.1	42.9	44.0	-	3.5	3.1	3.2	4.0	-
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	36.1	38.3	40.9	39.5	-	1.8	2.2	3.0	2.1	-
Household audio and video equipment	365	40.0	41.0	41.3	40.4	-	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.6	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	40.5	41.1	40.5	39.2	-	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.6	-
Communications equipment	366	41.8	42.7	42.8	41.8	-	3.7	4.2	3.5	2.9	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	43.4	44.0	45.3	43.3	-	4.4	4.7	3.9	3.0	-
Electronic components and accessories	367	41.4	42.1	41.3	41.0	-	3.9	4.3	4.4	4.4	-
Electron tubes	3671	43.1	43.1	42.4	40.8	-	5.5	5.2	4.5	4.0	-
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	42.3	42.3	39.8	39.9	-	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.8	-
Electronic components, nec	3679	40.0	41.0	41.1	41.3	-	3.1	3.6	4.0	4.1	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	42.4	42.8	43.7	42.9	-	4.8	4.7	5.4	4.8	-
Storage batteries	3691	44.9	44.0	43.9	41.7	-	6.8	5.9	6.0	5.0	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	42.3	43.1	44.7	44.3	-	4.9	5.0	5.9	5.5	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	\$12.95	\$12.94	\$13.14	\$13.14	\$13.15	\$556.85	\$568.07	\$580.79	\$578.16	\$575.97
Engines and turbines	351	16.39	16.47	15.79	15.62	-	732.63	742.80	724.76	718.52	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	17.05	17.03	17.28	17.02	-	736.56	733.99	692.93	692.71	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	16.13	16.25	15.31	15.16	-	732.30	745.88	737.94	729.20	-
Farm and garden machinery	352	12.50	12.43	12.68	12.65	-	541.25	549.41	545.24	547.75	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	13.45	13.43	13.67	13.65	-	591.80	597.64	582.34	588.32	-
Construction and related machinery	353	13.11	13.05	12.77	12.76	-	571.60	578.12	570.82	563.99	-
Construction machinery	3531	14.75	14.56	13.37	13.44	-	654.90	653.74	600.31	595.39	-
Mining machinery	3532	13.37	13.22	14.26	14.13	-	569.56	560.53	661.66	634.44	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	11.91	11.94	11.88	12.02	-	551.43	563.57	536.98	552.92	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	11.91	12.11	12.53	12.38	-	508.56	520.73	552.57	534.82	-
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	11.16	11.19	11.60	11.50	-	454.21	466.62	502.28	495.65	-
Metalworking machinery	354	13.61	13.59	13.95	13.93	-	594.76	603.40	630.54	626.85	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	13.86	13.86	14.37	14.21	-	608.45	619.54	659.58	652.24	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	13.90	13.74	14.16	14.28	-	617.16	618.30	675.43	688.30	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	14.17	14.16	14.49	14.50	-	626.31	637.20	662.19	655.40	-
Machine tool accessories	3545	11.98	11.97	12.29	12.25	-	509.15	520.70	551.82	548.80	-
Power driven handtools	3546	11.12	11.13	11.39	11.48	-	459.26	467.46	479.52	476.42	-
Special industry machinery	355	13.36	13.43	13.52	13.54	-	578.49	593.61	601.64	597.11	-
Textile machinery	3552	11.57	11.49	11.73	11.73	-	467.43	486.03	500.87	495.01	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	15.35	15.55	15.46	15.20	-	660.05	691.98	675.60	647.52	-
Food products machinery	3556	12.92	12.98	13.09	13.28	-	560.73	569.82	578.58	581.66	-
General industrial machinery	356	12.63	12.69	12.86	12.84	-	539.30	554.55	570.98	561.11	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	13.62	13.76	13.72	13.78	-	585.66	604.06	613.28	602.19	-
Ball and roller bearings	3562	13.74	13.75	14.22	14.11	-	604.56	617.38	656.96	636.36	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	12.88	12.95	13.27	13.27	-	565.43	585.34	606.44	611.75	-
Blowers and fans	3564	10.48	10.55	10.61	10.57	-	416.06	433.61	450.93	439.71	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	13.50	13.74	13.83	13.87	-	580.50	590.82	619.58	624.15	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	12.73	12.73	12.65	12.50	-	549.94	575.40	559.13	550.00	-
Computer and office equipment	357	12.79	12.88	13.40	13.52	-	539.74	551.26	572.18	584.06	-
Electronic computers	3571	13.92	13.96	14.60	14.81	-	599.95	603.07	635.10	663.49	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575,8,9	12.56	12.87	13.10	13.25	-	509.94	549.55	533.17	533.98	-
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	11.54	11.44	11.87	11.85	-	485.83	501.07	510.41	507.18	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	11.75	11.63	12.10	12.10	-	500.55	518.70	521.51	523.93	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	12.36	12.33	12.68	12.74	-	526.54	533.89	556.65	558.01	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	13.61	13.47	14.13	14.07	-	581.15	588.64	654.22	645.81	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	12.02	12.02	12.35	12.43	-	512.05	521.67	539.70	541.95	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	11.45	11.46	11.60	11.54	11.57	475.18	484.76	489.52	478.91	480.16
Electric distribution equipment	361	11.19	11.12	11.37	11.32	-	466.62	471.49	472.99	468.65	-
Transformers, except electronic	3612	10.78	10.61	10.61	10.60	-	452.76	456.23	436.07	434.60	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	11.65	11.71	12.19	12.12	-	482.31	488.31	514.42	507.83	-
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	10.81	10.90	10.92	10.94	-	452.94	464.34	472.84	461.67	-
Motors and generators	3621	10.08	10.14	10.27	10.27	-	428.40	431.96	455.99	442.64	-
Relays and industrial controls	3625	12.18	12.36	12.35	12.45	-	495.73	519.12	513.76	504.23	-
Household appliances	363	10.84	10.76	11.28	11.26	-	439.02	445.46	471.50	452.65	-
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	12.15	12.07	12.28	12.10	-	509.09	520.22	531.72	490.05	-
Household laundry equipment	3633	13.60	13.28	13.87	13.88	-	590.24	556.43	560.35	535.77	-
Electric housewares and fans	3634	8.37	8.41	8.88	8.87	-	322.25	339.76	362.30	350.37	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	11.20	11.24	11.41	11.35	-	461.44	478.82	486.07	477.84	-
Electric lamps	3641	12.02	12.06	11.90	11.76	-	544.51	578.88	542.64	528.02	-
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	10.94	10.99	11.30	11.23	-	437.60	461.58	467.82	458.18	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	10.43	10.39	10.59	10.64	-	453.71	447.81	454.31	468.16	-
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	8.22	8.33	8.47	8.40	-	296.74	319.04	346.42	331.80	-
Household audio and video equipment	365	11.33	11.33	11.15	11.01	-	453.20	464.53	460.50	444.80	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	11.81	11.81	11.56	11.42	-	478.31	485.39	468.18	447.66	-
Communications equipment	366	12.17	12.25	11.97	12.03	-	508.71	523.08	512.32	502.85	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	13.47	13.60	13.15	13.27	-	584.60	598.40	595.70	574.59	-
Electronic components and accessories	367	11.27	11.34	11.42	11.29	-	466.58	477.41	471.65	462.89	-
Electron tubes	3671	13.27	13.13	13.50	13.51	-	571.94	565.90	572.40	551.21	-
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	14.35	14.54	14.46	14.16	-	607.01	615.04	575.51	564.98	-
Electronic components, nec	3679	9.54	9.63	9.77	9.61	-	381.60	394.83	401.55	396.89	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	12.82	12.64	13.27	13.19	-	543.57	540.99	579.90	565.85	-
Storage batteries	3691	14.23	13.91	14.44	14.22	-	638.93	612.04	633.92	592.97	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	13.34	13.08	13.99	13.96	-	564.28	563.75	625.35	618.43	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	43.6	44.5	44.2	44.5	44.8	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.4	-
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	45.7	46.4	45.6	45.9	46.2	7.2	7.6	7.3	7.7	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	46.6	47.3	45.5	46.9	-	8.3	8.8	7.4	8.8	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	41.7	43.3	44.2	45.8	-	4.7	5.1	5.4	6.9	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	45.7	46.5	46.1	45.7	-	7.0	7.3	7.7	7.4	-
Truck trailers	3715	42.5	43.3	44.0	43.1	-	4.4	5.1	5.3	5.3	-
Aircraft and parts	372	41.3	42.1	42.4	42.7	-	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.8	-
Aircraft	3721	40.1	41.2	41.3	41.2	-	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.8	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	42.4	43.7	43.6	44.6	-	4.5	5.2	5.3	6.0	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	42.4	42.4	43.2	43.8	-	4.3	4.4	5.1	5.6	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	39.1	41.4	41.3	41.4	-	2.9	3.6	3.4	3.8	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	39.2	41.7	42.0	42.3	-	3.0	3.7	3.5	4.1	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	39.0	40.8	40.1	39.9	-	2.7	3.4	3.1	3.2	-
Railroad equipment	374	42.7	43.1	45.6	45.4	-	3.6	4.1	5.5	5.6	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	41.6	42.1	43.2	42.8	-	3.3	3.3	4.1	3.8	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	41.4	42.2	44.1	43.3	-	3.3	3.1	4.6	4.0	-
Misc. transportation equipment	379	40.1	40.2	39.2	38.8	-	3.4	3.5	3.4	2.8	-
Travel trailers and campers	3792	38.0	39.0	38.1	37.8	-	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.0	-
Instruments and related products	38	41.0	41.7	41.9	41.5	41.7	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.5	-
Search and navigation equipment	381	41.4	41.7	42.4	41.3	-	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	41.9	42.5	42.2	42.2	-	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.3	-
Environmental controls	3822	42.3	43.5	42.7	42.0	-	3.6	4.2	4.0	3.6	-
Process control instruments	3823	42.1	43.1	42.4	42.4	-	2.6	3.2	2.9	3.2	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	41.4	41.9	42.0	42.3	-	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.8	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	40.3	41.2	41.7	41.2	-	3.0	3.3	3.7	3.6	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	41.0	41.3	42.3	41.7	-	3.4	3.4	4.0	4.1	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	39.1	40.9	41.0	40.4	-	2.5	2.9	3.5	3.3	-
Ophthalmic goods	385	38.4	39.4	38.5	38.1	-	2.4	2.3	1.6	1.7	-
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	42.7	43.0	42.8	42.8	-	3.8	4.2	5.4	5.9	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	37.8	39.7	40.1	39.6	-	2.1	2.7	2.0	2.0	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	38.5	40.1	39.7	39.8	39.9	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.7	-
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	36.7	39.3	37.4	37.8	-	1.4	2.5	1.7	1.7	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	36.5	38.8	36.8	37.2	-	1.4	2.5	1.5	1.4	-
Musical instruments	393	39.4	41.0	41.9	41.3	-	2.3	2.9	3.0	2.9	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	38.9	40.1	40.1	40.5	-	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.2	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	37.0	38.8	38.6	38.8	-	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.3	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	40.0	40.8	40.9	41.3	-	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.8	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	39.8	41.0	41.5	41.0	-	2.4	2.6	3.1	2.8	-
Costume jewelry and notions	396	38.4	40.5	37.7	38.1	-	2.8	3.2	2.5	1.6	-
Costume jewelry	3961	38.4	40.5	36.6	36.6	-	3.2	3.2	2.3	.6	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	38.4	40.0	40.1	39.9	-	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.8	-
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	39.0	39.9	41.2	40.7	-	2.8	2.8	3.7	3.4	-
Nondurable goods		39.7	40.7	40.7	40.5	40.5	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.9
Food and kindred products	20	40.1	40.6	41.1	40.6	40.6	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.3	-
Meat products	201	39.1	40.0	41.3	39.8	-	3.5	3.9	4.7	3.8	-
Meat packing plants	2011	40.8	42.6	44.6	41.7	-	3.9	5.2	6.3	4.6	-
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	41.4	42.3	41.3	40.5	-	5.2	5.4	5.0	4.5	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	37.3	37.7	39.4	38.5	-	2.7	2.7	3.8	3.1	-
Dairy products	202	41.5	41.9	42.5	42.3	-	4.3	4.6	4.7	5.0	-
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	39.9	40.9	41.3	40.8	-	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.5	-
Fluid milk	2026	42.1	42.0	42.9	42.6	-	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.6	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	39.4	39.5	40.4	39.8	-	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.2	-
Canned specialties	2032	40.7	39.4	43.2	39.5	-	3.0	3.1	7.0	1.9	-
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	38.1	39.0	38.8	39.3	-	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.7	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	39.2	40.0	40.3	39.3	-	3.8	4.2	3.4	3.3	-
Grain mill products	204	44.4	44.8	45.6	45.1	-	6.9	6.9	7.5	7.0	-
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	44.6	46.5	44.3	44.0	-	6.0	6.9	6.4	5.5	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	43.0	43.4	45.4	44.5	-	6.5	6.3	7.2	6.8	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	\$16.35	\$16.36	\$16.61	\$16.72	\$16.74	\$712.86	\$728.02	\$734.16	\$744.04	\$749.95
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	16.78	16.80	17.10	17.26	17.30	766.85	779.52	779.76	792.23	799.26
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	20.44	20.55	20.63	20.87	-	952.50	972.02	938.67	978.80	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	14.49	14.29	14.44	14.66	-	604.23	618.76	638.25	671.43	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	15.21	15.18	15.74	15.67	-	695.10	705.87	725.61	716.12	-
Truck trailers	3715	9.82	10.02	10.09	10.26	-	417.35	433.87	443.96	442.21	-
Aircraft and parts	372	17.70	17.83	18.17	18.20	-	731.01	750.64	770.41	777.14	-
Aircraft	3721	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	\$16.96	\$17.18	\$17.24	\$17.47	-	\$719.10	\$750.77	\$751.66	\$779.16	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	15.95	16.05	16.18	16.30	-	676.28	680.52	698.98	713.94	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	12.55	12.49	12.64	12.64	-	490.71	517.09	522.03	523.30	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	13.83	13.81	14.22	14.18	-	542.14	575.88	597.24	599.81	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	9.80	9.73	9.74	9.89	-	382.20	396.98	390.57	394.61	-
Railroad equipment	374	15.44	15.62	15.29	15.34	-	659.29	673.22	697.22	696.44	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	17.35	17.29	17.60	17.45	-	721.76	727.91	760.32	746.86	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. transportation equipment	379	\$10.89	\$10.92	\$11.21	\$11.23	-	\$436.69	\$438.98	\$439.43	\$435.72	-
Travel trailers and campers	3792	10.61	10.74	10.90	11.06	-	403.18	418.86	415.29	418.07	-
Instruments and related products	38	12.43	12.41	12.54	12.64	12.68	509.63	517.50	525.43	524.56	528.76
Search and navigation equipment	381	16.54	16.62	16.30	16.46	-	684.76	693.05	691.12	679.80	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	12.23	12.20	12.32	12.38	-	512.44	518.50	519.90	522.44	-
Environmental controls	3822	11.15	11.18	10.88	10.97	-	471.65	486.33	464.58	460.74	-
Process control instruments	3823	11.71	11.67	11.90	11.88	-	492.99	502.98	504.56	503.71	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	13.31	13.20	13.88	13.85	-	551.03	553.08	582.96	585.86	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	11.04	11.07	11.41	11.55	-	444.91	456.08	475.80	475.86	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	10.89	10.84	11.17	11.33	-	446.49	447.69	472.49	472.46	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	10.32	10.42	10.75	10.86	-	403.51	426.18	440.75	438.74	-
Ophthalmic goods	385	9.22	9.19	9.47	9.61	-	354.05	362.09	364.60	366.14	-
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	14.80	14.79	15.11	15.14	-	631.96	635.97	646.71	647.99	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	8.56	8.59	8.82	8.87	-	323.57	341.02	353.68	351.25	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	9.56	9.55	9.96	9.92	9.88	368.06	382.96	395.41	394.82	394.21
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	9.71	9.71	10.11	10.05	-	356.36	381.60	378.11	379.89	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	9.59	9.61	9.99	9.94	-	350.04	372.87	367.63	369.77	-
Musical instruments	393	9.68	9.70	9.68	9.78	-	381.39	397.70	405.59	403.91	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	8.88	8.95	9.32	9.30	-	349.32	358.90	373.73	376.65	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942.4	8.80	8.83	9.30	9.19	-	325.60	342.60	358.98	356.57	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	9.07	9.01	9.33	9.36	-	362.80	367.61	381.60	386.57	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	10.50	10.46	11.09	11.06	-	417.90	428.86	460.24	453.46	-
Costume jewelry and notions	396	8.09	8.18	8.67	8.60	-	310.66	331.29	326.86	327.66	-
Costume jewelry	3961	6.88	6.94	7.52	7.39	-	264.19	281.07	275.23	270.47	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	10.07	10.04	10.45	10.39	-	386.69	401.60	419.05	414.56	-
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	10.21	10.14	10.88	10.83	-	398.19	404.59	448.26	440.78	-
Nondurable goods		11.18	11.18	11.45	11.44	11.49	443.85	455.03	466.02	463.32	465.35
Food and kindred products	20	10.57	10.62	10.87	10.85	10.88	423.86	431.17	446.76	440.51	441.73
Meat products	201	8.54	8.63	8.88	8.85	-	333.91	345.20	366.74	352.23	-
Meat packing plants	2011	9.16	9.32	9.58	9.51	-	373.73	397.03	427.27	396.57	-
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	9.93	9.99	10.22	10.25	-	411.10	422.58	422.09	415.13	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	7.59	7.62	7.93	7.92	-	283.11	287.27	312.44	304.92	-
Dairy products	202	11.88	11.88	12.27	12.31	-	493.02	497.77	521.48	520.71	-
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	10.59	10.63	11.00	11.17	-	422.54	434.77	454.30	455.74	-
Fluid milk	2026	12.51	12.50	12.84	12.84	-	526.67	525.00	550.84	546.98	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	10.34	10.32	10.56	10.54	-	407.40	407.64	426.62	419.49	-
Canned specialties	2032	13.25	13.07	14.00	13.59	-	539.28	514.96	604.80	536.81	-
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	11.01	11.02	11.12	11.17	-	419.48	429.78	431.46	438.98	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	9.35	9.44	9.69	9.82	-	366.52	377.60	390.51	385.93	-
Grain mill products	204	12.71	12.79	13.46	13.35	-	564.32	572.99	613.78	602.09	-
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	10.81	10.93	11.23	11.25	-	482.13	508.25	497.49	495.00	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	10.40	10.35	10.70	10.84	-	447.20	449.19	485.78	482.38	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Bakery products	205	38.9	39.9	39.2	39.0	-	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.9	-
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	38.6	39.4	38.7	39.0	-	4.0	4.3	4.0	4.1	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	2052,3	39.5	40.7	40.0	39.1	-	4.3	4.3	4.2	3.6	-
Sugar and confectionery products	206	39.7	40.1	40.7	40.2	-	3.3	3.4	4.0	3.5	-
Raw cane sugar	2061	53.9	51.2	51.3	55.7	-	12.3	10.2	11.0	13.2	-
Cane sugar refining	2062	42.0	44.0	44.1	45.3	-	4.8	5.2	5.4	5.2	-
Beet sugar	2063	40.9	41.0	40.4	41.2	-	3.9	4.1	3.3	2.6	-
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	37.7	37.9	39.2	37.9	-	2.2	2.3	3.5	2.6	-
Fats and oils	207	42.6	43.1	44.4	43.3	-	5.6	5.6	6.4	6.0	-
Beverages	208	40.2	41.2	41.2	41.3	-	4.5	5.2	4.4	4.6	-
Malt beverages	2082	42.3	42.3	44.5	45.4	-	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.2	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	39.8	41.5	40.4	40.2	-	3.8	5.3	3.5	4.0	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	40.9	40.3	38.8	40.6	-	4.9	4.2	3.9	4.8	-
Tobacco products	21	35.4	37.8	39.1	38.5	38.5	2.2	2.6	3.5	4.0	-
Cigarettes	211	36.5	38.2	39.7	39.4	-	2.5	2.9	4.7	5.3	-
Textile mill products	22	39.6	41.7	41.5	41.2	41.2	3.9	4.5	4.6	4.5	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	40.9	42.3	42.5	41.9	-	5.1	5.7	6.0	5.8	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	40.1	41.9	41.9	41.6	-	3.7	4.4	4.5	4.5	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	43.9	44.9	42.6	42.7	-	6.4	6.9	5.9	5.7	-
Narrow fabric mills	224	37.6	39.9	39.2	39.4	-	2.2	2.6	3.2	3.1	-
Knitting mills	225	36.5	39.5	40.3	39.9	-	2.6	2.9	3.6	3.5	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	34.6	37.0	40.5	39.6	-	1.8	1.7	3.7	3.4	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	34.9	38.0	39.4	37.7	-	2.4	3.1	3.2	2.6	-
Knit outerwear mills	2253	35.7	39.3	39.4	39.9	-	2.5	2.4	2.8	3.2	-
Knit underwear mills	2254	36.9	39.7	40.0	38.2	-	1.9	1.8	2.8	2.4	-
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	39.4	42.1	41.3	42.6	-	3.7	4.7	4.7	5.1	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	42.1	44.1	42.2	41.7	-	5.3	6.3	5.1	4.9	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	43.5	45.2	41.8	41.5	-	6.0	7.0	4.8	4.5	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	40.6	42.7	42.4	41.7	-	4.4	5.2	5.4	5.4	-
Carpets and rugs	227	42.1	43.3	42.8	43.4	-	5.3	5.7	5.5	5.2	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	39.6	41.5	41.3	41.2	-	3.7	4.4	4.5	4.5	-
Yarn spinning mills	2281	39.9	42.1	41.4	41.4	-	3.8	4.6	4.7	4.7	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	37.4	38.2	39.5	39.0	-	2.9	2.9	3.6	3.1	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	42.4	43.5	42.6	42.2	-	4.7	5.2	4.8	4.8	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	35.4	37.4	37.2	37.3	37.3	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.9	-
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	32.6	35.9	35.0	35.6	-	.9	1.3	1.1	1.3	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	34.9	37.4	37.0	37.2	-	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	-
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	33.8	36.4	36.7	36.4	-	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	-
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	34.6	37.0	36.9	37.1	-	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.6	-
Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	34.2	37.1	37.3	37.2	-	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	-
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	34.8	36.6	36.2	36.5	-	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	33.4	35.7	35.8	36.1	-	.8	1.2	1.1	1.1	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	34.9	37.1	35.8	36.2	-	2.1	2.6	2.0	2.0	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	34.1	35.4	35.5	35.3	-	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	35.1	36.8	36.5	36.8	-	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.9	-
Women's and children's undergarments	234	36.4	37.6	37.7	37.4	-	1.4	1.9	2.0	1.5	-
Women's and children's underwear	2341	35.4	37.3	37.7	37.5	-	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.5	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	40.6	38.8	37.9	37.1	-	2.6	3.1	2.7	1.5	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	236	34.9	36.4	38.6	37.7	-	1.4	1.8	2.6	2.5	-
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses	2361	35.3	35.6	38.0	37.4	-	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.7	-
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	35.0	37.7	37.3	36.6	-	1.3	2.0	1.5	1.6	-
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	37.4	39.2	38.6	38.7	-	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.6	-
Curtains and draperies	2391	35.9	39.3	36.8	37.5	-	1.6	2.8	1.2	1.8	-
House furnishings, nec	2392	35.0	38.4	38.6	38.1	-	1.5	2.5	3.0	2.4	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	39.5	39.5	38.8	39.7	-	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.9	-
Paper and allied products	26	42.7	43.6	44.0	43.3	43.1	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.0	-
Paper mills	262	45.1	45.3	45.9	45.5	-	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	-
Paperboard mills	263	45.5	45.9	46.1	46.6	-	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.7	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Bakery products	205	\$11.76	\$11.65	\$11.76	\$11.76	-	\$457.46	\$464.84	\$460.99	\$458.64	-
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	11.60	11.57	11.69	11.71	-	447.76	455.86	452.40	456.69	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	2052,3	12.06	11.80	11.88	11.85	-	476.37	480.26	475.20	463.34	-
Sugar and confectionery products	206	11.37	11.61	11.62	11.62	-	451.39	465.56	472.93	467.12	-
Raw cane sugar	2061	11.54	11.43	11.90	11.76	-	622.01	585.22	610.47	655.03	-
Cane sugar refining	2062	15.72	15.66	15.49	16.07	-	660.24	689.04	683.11	727.97	-
Beet sugar	2063	12.05	12.63	12.20	12.73	-	492.85	517.83	492.88	524.48	-
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	10.28	10.60	10.59	10.46	-	387.56	401.74	415.13	396.43	-
Fats and oils	207	11.12	11.08	11.54	11.42	-	473.71	477.55	512.38	494.49	-
Beverages	208	14.84	14.83	15.14	15.25	-	596.57	611.00	623.77	629.83	-
Malt beverages	2082	20.18	20.20	20.57	20.74	-	853.61	854.46	915.37	941.60	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	12.32	12.37	12.10	12.21	-	490.34	513.36	488.84	490.84	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	9.47	9.63	9.86	9.69	-	387.32	388.09	382.57	393.41	-
Tobacco products	21	17.94	18.40	18.29	19.26	\$19.78	635.08	695.52	715.14	741.51	\$761.53
Cigarettes	211	22.15	22.55	23.96	24.32	-	808.48	861.41	951.21	958.21	-
Textile mill products	22	9.04	9.03	9.36	9.31	9.30	357.98	376.55	388.44	383.57	383.16
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	9.35	9.33	9.80	9.81	-	382.42	394.66	416.50	411.04	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	9.85	9.91	10.24	10.28	-	394.99	415.23	429.06	427.65	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	9.59	9.67	9.76	9.70	-	421.00	434.18	415.78	414.19	-
Narrow fabric mills	224	8.26	8.23	8.67	8.61	-	310.58	328.38	339.86	339.23	-
Knitting mills	225	8.27	8.29	8.67	8.58	-	301.86	327.46	349.40	342.34	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	7.75	7.78	7.99	8.06	-	268.15	287.86	323.60	319.18	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	7.97	8.00	8.26	8.28	-	278.15	304.00	325.44	312.16	-
Knit outerwear mills	2253	7.84	7.82	8.25	8.05	-	279.89	307.33	325.05	321.20	-
Knit underwear mills	2254	8.26	8.24	8.66	8.64	-	304.79	327.13	346.40	330.05	-
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	9.30	9.43	9.63	9.44	-	366.42	397.00	397.72	402.14	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	9.20	9.21	9.44	9.45	-	387.32	406.16	398.37	394.07	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	8.94	8.97	9.12	9.13	-	388.89	405.44	381.22	378.90	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	9.68	9.66	10.01	10.02	-	393.01	412.48	424.42	417.83	-
Carpets and rugs	227	9.08	9.05	9.25	9.12	-	382.27	391.87	395.90	395.81	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	8.76	8.76	9.03	9.02	-	346.90	363.54	372.94	371.62	-
Yarn spinning mills	2281	8.71	8.73	9.01	9.01	-	347.53	367.53	373.01	373.01	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	9.20	9.06	9.41	9.25	-	344.08	346.09	371.70	360.75	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	10.48	10.39	10.77	10.72	-	444.35	451.97	458.80	452.38	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	7.22	7.25	7.53	7.48	7.50	255.59	271.15	280.12	279.00	279.75
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	7.79	7.91	8.12	7.94	-	253.95	283.97	284.20	282.66	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	6.86	6.88	7.20	7.13	-	239.41	257.31	266.40	265.24	-
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	6.79	6.82	7.16	7.08	-	229.50	248.25	262.77	257.71	-
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	6.77	6.78	7.08	6.98	-	234.24	250.86	261.25	258.96	-
Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	6.54	6.60	6.94	6.86	-	223.67	244.86	258.86	255.19	-
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	6.80	6.87	7.15	7.12	-	236.64	251.44	258.83	259.88	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	6.37	6.35	6.58	6.59	-	212.76	226.70	235.56	237.90	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	7.49	7.49	7.73	7.69	-	261.40	277.88	276.73	278.38	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	7.33	7.55	7.48	7.61	-	249.95	267.27	265.54	268.63	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	6.62	6.69	7.06	7.00	-	232.36	246.19	257.69	257.60	-
Women's and children's undergarments	234	6.84	6.88	7.14	7.03	-	248.98	258.69	269.18	262.92	-
Women's and children's underwear	2341	6.70	6.70	6.92	6.79	-	237.18	249.91	260.88	254.63	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	7.32	7.59	8.01	7.96	-	297.19	294.49	303.58	295.32	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	236	6.46	6.53	6.84	6.77	-	225.45	237.69	264.02	255.23	-
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses	2361	6.35	6.49	6.64	6.61	-	224.16	231.04	252.32	247.21	-
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	6.99	7.01	7.11	7.15	-	244.65	264.28	265.20	261.69	-
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	8.36	8.32	8.60	8.58	-	312.66	326.14	331.96	332.05	-
Curtains and draperies	2391	7.25	7.29	7.31	7.40	-	260.28	286.50	269.01	277.50	-
House furnishings, nec	2392	7.36	7.47	7.98	7.87	-	257.60	286.85	308.03	299.85	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	10.67	10.56	10.88	10.82	-	421.47	417.12	422.14	429.55	-
Paper and allied products	26	13.60	13.61	14.00	14.01	14.04	580.72	593.40	616.00	606.63	605.12
Paper mills	262	16.84	16.86	17.39	17.43	-	759.48	763.76	798.20	793.07	-
Paperboard mills	263	16.94	16.98	17.53	17.70	-	770.77	779.38	808.13	824.82	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	41.6	43.2	43.6	42.3	-	4.4	5.0	5.5	4.4	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	42.3	43.8	44.4	42.7	-	4.7	5.3	6.1	4.6	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	39.9	42.1	41.6	41.3	-	3.7	4.2	4.5	4.2	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	41.3	43.0	43.1	42.6	-	4.6	5.0	5.1	4.7	-
Misc. converted paper products	267	41.4	41.9	42.4	41.9	-	4.1	4.2	4.9	4.3	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	41.7	42.0	42.8	42.1	-	3.5	3.7	4.2	3.7	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	41.3	41.3	42.4	41.4	-	4.3	4.3	5.6	4.5	-
Envelopes	2677	40.7	41.7	42.2	41.7	-	3.6	3.6	4.2	3.9	-
Printing and publishing	27	37.7	38.5	38.1	38.2	38.3	2.9	3.3	3.0	3.0	-
Newspapers	271	32.6	32.8	32.4	32.9	-	1.2	1.2	.9	1.1	-
Periodicals	272	37.1	37.0	36.9	37.2	-	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.7	-
Books	273	38.9	40.6	39.6	39.8	-	3.0	3.9	3.3	3.4	-
Book publishing	2731	39.1	40.2	38.9	39.8	-	2.7	3.5	2.7	2.9	-
Book printing	2732	38.7	41.0	40.3	39.9	-	3.3	4.4	4.0	4.0	-
Miscellaneous publishing	274	36.4	37.1	36.9	36.8	-	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.2	-
Commercial printing	275	39.3	40.3	39.6	39.7	-	3.8	4.3	3.8	3.8	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	39.2	40.0	39.4	39.7	-	3.7	4.2	3.7	3.8	-
Commercial printing, nec	2759	39.4	40.7	39.9	39.9	-	3.7	4.4	3.7	3.7	-
Manifold business forms	276	40.7	40.8	43.0	41.8	-	3.6	3.7	4.8	3.9	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	37.8	39.3	39.0	38.6	-	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.2	-
Printing trade services	279	38.9	39.7	39.2	38.9	-	3.7	4.3	3.5	3.6	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	42.6	43.3	43.3	43.2	43.3	4.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	44.1	44.8	44.7	44.5	-	5.1	5.6	5.3	5.8	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	43.8	44.5	44.2	43.7	-	5.1	5.6	5.4	5.7	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	43.9	43.9	44.1	44.2	-	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.3	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	45.1	45.0	45.2	45.2	-	6.8	6.8	6.5	6.9	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	43.1	43.4	43.3	43.4	-	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.7	-
Drugs	283	40.3	41.5	42.2	41.7	-	3.5	4.2	4.6	4.3	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	40.0	41.2	41.7	41.4	-	3.5	4.2	4.4	3.9	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	40.9	41.7	40.6	40.9	-	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.1	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	42.7	42.5	41.9	41.7	-	4.5	4.1	3.7	3.5	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	40.1	40.8	39.9	39.9	-	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	-
Toilet preparations	2844	40.3	41.7	40.2	41.0	-	2.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	-
Paints and allied products	285	41.6	42.5	42.1	42.9	-	3.5	4.2	3.9	4.0	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	44.9	45.2	45.4	45.6	-	6.0	6.4	6.0	6.3	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	45.3	46.1	46.6	46.8	-	8.1	8.9	7.9	7.7	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	44.8	45.0	45.2	45.4	-	5.5	5.8	5.6	6.0	-
Agricultural chemicals	287	45.2	45.7	45.1	44.5	-	6.1	6.6	6.1	6.1	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	42.4	43.3	44.0	43.5	-	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.6	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	43.7	44.6	43.9	44.5	44.2	5.8	6.7	5.8	6.2	-
Petroleum refining	291	44.4	45.2	44.4	45.1	-	6.0	6.8	5.5	6.1	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	40.9	43.2	42.5	43.1	-	5.4	7.1	7.2	7.2	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	41.3	42.4	42.1	41.9	41.7	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.4	-
Tires and inner tubes	301	43.7	44.9	45.0	46.8	-	6.4	7.0	5.1	6.7	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	40.5	40.5	39.8	40.2	-	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.7	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	305	41.7	42.5	43.6	42.7	-	4.8	5.0	5.4	5.1	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	43.3	44.0	45.5	44.3	-	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.3	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	41.0	42.2	42.1	41.9	-	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.4	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	41.1	42.1	41.7	41.4	-	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.1	-
Leather and leather products	31	37.2	38.2	37.8	37.9	38.0	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.2	-
Leather tanning and finishing	311	44.6	46.0	43.4	44.9	-	7.0	7.7	6.0	7.0	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	35.8	36.5	37.2	36.5	-	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.3	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	34.1	35.9	36.9	36.3	-	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.0	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	37.7	37.3	38.9	36.8	-	1.1	.9	1.9	1.5	-
Luggage	316	35.9	38.4	35.9	36.5	-	1.6	2.1	1.6	1.7	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	34.9	37.3	37.3	38.3	-	.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	-
Transportation and public utilities		39.4	39.5	39.4	39.3	39.4	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads ²	4011	47.3	45.9	46.7	46.9	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	\$11.47	\$11.58	\$11.91	\$11.85	-	\$477.15	\$500.26	\$519.28	\$501.26	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	11.47	11.57	11.98	11.86	-	485.18	506.77	531.91	506.42	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	11.35	11.38	11.76	11.82	-	452.87	479.10	489.22	488.17	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	12.08	12.30	12.48	12.44	-	498.90	528.90	537.89	529.94	-
Misc. converted paper products	267	11.88	11.86	12.27	12.22	-	491.83	496.93	520.25	512.02	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	13.90	13.81	14.27	14.29	-	579.63	580.02	610.76	601.61	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	11.04	11.04	11.54	11.38	-	455.95	455.95	489.30	471.13	-
Envelopes	2677	11.05	11.13	11.30	11.34	-	449.74	464.12	476.86	472.88	-
Printing and publishing	27	12.04	12.10	12.23	12.23	\$12.27	453.91	465.85	465.96	467.19	\$469.94
Newspapers	271	11.96	11.96	12.18	12.14	-	389.90	392.29	394.63	399.41	-
Periodicals	272	13.66	13.64	13.50	13.53	-	506.79	504.68	498.15	503.32	-
Books	273	11.04	11.12	11.51	11.45	-	429.46	451.47	455.80	455.71	-
Book publishing	2731	10.64	10.72	11.05	11.04	-	416.02	430.94	429.85	439.39	-
Book printing	2732	11.48	11.56	12.00	11.91	-	444.28	473.96	483.60	475.21	-
Miscellaneous publishing	274	11.21	11.28	11.79	11.72	-	408.04	418.49	435.05	431.30	-
Commercial printing	275	12.20	12.30	12.33	12.35	-	479.46	495.69	488.27	490.30	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	12.32	12.46	12.47	12.48	-	482.94	498.40	491.32	495.46	-
Commercial printing, nec	2759	11.78	11.82	11.93	11.96	-	464.13	481.07	476.01	477.20	-
Manifold business forms	276	12.73	12.85	13.19	13.23	-	518.11	524.28	567.17	553.01	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	9.61	9.52	9.71	9.65	-	363.26	374.14	378.69	372.49	-
Printing trade services	279	14.77	14.89	14.77	14.92	-	574.55	591.13	578.98	580.39	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	15.04	15.03	15.43	15.46	15.61	640.70	650.80	668.12	667.87	675.91
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	16.67	16.79	17.03	17.18	-	735.15	752.19	761.24	764.51	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	17.14	17.26	17.39	17.59	-	750.73	768.07	768.64	768.68	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	15.32	15.30	15.99	15.98	-	672.55	671.67	705.16	706.32	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	16.90	16.93	17.64	17.71	-	762.19	761.85	797.33	800.49	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	13.81	13.55	13.90	13.77	-	586.59	588.07	601.87	587.62	-
Drugs	283	14.80	14.77	15.04	15.20	-	596.44	612.96	634.69	633.84	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	14.82	14.77	15.07	15.20	-	592.80	608.52	628.42	629.28	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	12.65	12.66	12.84	12.67	-	517.39	527.32	521.30	518.20	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	16.29	16.40	15.71	15.90	-	695.58	697.00	658.25	663.03	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	11.52	11.66	11.75	11.64	-	461.95	475.73	468.83	464.44	-
Toilet preparations	2844	11.04	11.09	11.83	11.48	-	444.91	462.45	475.57	470.68	-
Paints and allied products	285	12.91	12.88	13.07	13.09	-	537.06	547.40	550.25	561.56	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	17.91	17.94	18.47	18.57	-	804.16	810.89	838.54	846.79	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	17.68	17.64	18.23	18.12	-	800.90	813.20	849.52	848.02	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	18.09	18.13	18.85	18.79	-	810.43	815.85	842.98	853.07	-
Agricultural chemicals	287	15.07	14.90	15.54	15.42	-	681.16	680.93	700.65	688.19	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	13.87	13.90	14.18	14.20	-	588.09	601.87	623.92	617.70	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	19.26	19.36	19.23	19.60	19.73	841.66	863.46	844.20	872.20	872.07
Petroleum refining	291	21.04	21.24	21.05	21.55	-	934.18	960.05	934.62	971.91	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	13.47	13.61	13.36	13.63	-	550.92	587.95	567.80	587.45	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	10.71	10.68	10.82	10.77	10.81	442.32	452.83	455.52	451.26	450.78
Tires and inner tubes	301	17.98	17.95	17.33	17.07	-	785.73	805.96	779.85	798.88	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	7.88	7.87	8.11	8.11	-	319.14	318.74	322.78	326.02	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	305	10.82	10.85	11.16	11.01	-	451.19	461.13	486.58	470.13	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	11.25	11.15	11.33	11.23	-	487.13	490.60	515.52	497.49	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	10.18	10.18	10.32	10.34	-	417.38	429.60	434.47	433.25	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	9.96	9.91	10.16	10.10	-	409.36	417.21	423.67	418.14	-
Leather and leather products	31	7.92	7.97	8.11	8.12	8.12	294.62	304.45	306.56	307.75	308.56
Leather tanning and finishing	311	10.42	10.55	10.83	11.03	-	464.73	485.30	470.02	495.25	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	7.40	7.43	7.59	7.56	-	264.92	271.20	282.35	275.94	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	7.93	7.93	8.29	8.19	-	270.41	284.69	305.90	297.30	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	6.90	6.92	6.75	6.90	-	260.13	258.12	262.58	253.92	-
Luggage	316	7.91	7.97	7.91	7.91	-	283.97	306.05	283.97	288.72	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	7.15	7.26	7.38	7.46	-	249.54	270.80	275.27	285.72	-
Transportation and public utilities		13.85	13.80	14.11	14.04	14.04	545.69	545.10	555.93	551.77	553.18
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads ³	4011	16.93	16.50	17.21	17.25	-	800.79	757.35	803.71	809.03	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.6	34.0	32.6	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	37.9	37.6	37.4	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	40.2	38.3	38.4	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	37.7	38.6	38.0	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	37.6	38.5	38.0	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	38.7	39.1	38.5	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	35.9	36.3	36.9	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	42.7	42.7	44.1	43.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation services	47	36.9	37.3	38.1	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	35.7	36.3	37.5	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel agencies	4724	35.7	36.3	37.8	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	38.3	38.2	38.7	38.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	48	39.2	39.1	40.2	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Telephone communications	481	40.8	40.7	41.8	40.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Telephone communications, except radio	4813	40.9	40.7	41.7	40.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	34.5	34.4	35.6	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	38.5	38.5	39.2	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	43.0	42.2	42.0	42.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric services	491	43.2	42.1	41.8	41.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gas production and distribution	492	43.2	42.3	43.0	43.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Combination utility services	493	43.6	42.3	41.7	42.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary services	495	42.2	42.6	42.3	41.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade		37.9	38.1	38.2	38.0	38.0	-	-	-	-	-
Durable goods	50	38.5	38.8	38.9	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	37.9	38.3	38.0	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	36.6	37.1	37.5	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other construction materials	503	38.5	39.3	39.1	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional and commercial equipment	504	39.1	39.0	39.4	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	38.3	38.4	38.8	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	40.5	40.8	41.1	40.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods	506	38.2	38.4	38.9	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	38.2	38.5	38.9	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	39.1	39.3	39.4	39.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	37.1	37.7	37.8	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	37.0	37.2	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paper and paper products	511	36.1	36.2	37.0	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	37.1	36.5	37.2	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	35.7	36.4	37.3	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Groceries and related products	514	38.0	38.2	38.0	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm-product raw materials	515	33.8	34.5	33.9	33.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	39.5	39.7	39.4	39.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	37.9	37.3	38.1	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	36.4	36.7	36.5	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	36.4	36.7	36.2	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		28.1	28.5	28.2	28.1	28.2	-	-	-	-	-
Building materials and garden supplies	52	35.4	35.9	35.5	35.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	37.0	37.8	37.2	36.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	523	35.5	35.7	36.4	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware stores	525	31.6	31.9	31.9	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	32.5	32.8	30.8	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
General merchandise stores	53	27.7	28.7	27.8	27.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department stores	531	27.7	28.8	27.8	27.7	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Mar. 1995 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	\$10.14	\$10.03	\$10.30	\$10.31	-	\$340.70	\$341.02	\$335.78	\$343.32	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	10.82	10.69	10.93	11.04	-	410.08	401.94	408.78	418.42	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	13.18	12.90	12.14	12.28	-	529.84	494.07	466.18	472.78	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	12.53	12.58	12.66	12.70	-	472.38	485.59	481.08	483.87	-
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	12.73	12.79	12.85	12.89	-	478.65	492.42	488.30	489.82	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	10.00	10.00	10.34	10.36	-	387.00	391.00	398.09	404.04	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	18.34	18.23	18.60	18.90	-	658.41	661.75	686.34	706.86	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	20.00	19.81	20.27	20.34	-	854.00	845.89	893.91	880.72	-
Transportation services	47	11.38	11.38	12.23	12.32	-	419.92	424.47	465.96	458.30	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	10.53	10.54	11.72	11.96	-	375.92	382.60	439.50	431.76	-
Travel agencies	4724	10.54	10.59	11.89	12.17	-	376.28	384.42	449.44	441.77	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	12.65	12.67	13.24	13.10	-	484.50	483.99	512.39	503.04	-
Communications	48	15.09	15.06	15.54	15.35	-	591.53	588.85	624.71	600.19	-
Telephone communications	481	15.83	15.81	16.16	15.99	-	645.86	643.47	675.49	649.19	-
Telephone communications, except radio	4813	16.11	16.12	16.58	16.37	-	658.90	656.08	691.39	664.62	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	14.52	14.46	15.37	15.07	-	500.94	497.42	547.17	521.42	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	11.57	11.56	12.11	11.99	-	445.45	445.06	474.71	464.01	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	17.29	17.20	17.56	17.56	-	743.47	725.84	737.52	737.52	-
Electric services	491	17.99	17.96	18.27	18.15	-	777.17	756.12	763.69	756.86	-
Gas production and distribution	492	16.91	16.59	17.14	17.08	-	730.51	701.76	737.02	734.44	-
Combination utility services	493	20.53	20.64	21.03	21.19	-	895.11	873.07	876.95	898.46	-
Sanitary services	495	12.09	12.08	12.65	12.70	-	510.20	514.61	535.10	529.59	-
Wholesale trade		11.93	11.87	12.26	12.24	\$12.19	452.15	452.25	468.33	465.12	\$463.22
Durable goods	50	12.30	12.24	12.66	12.60	-	473.55	474.91	492.47	487.62	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	10.80	10.84	11.08	11.01	-	409.32	415.17	421.04	417.28	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	10.85	10.73	11.07	11.26	-	397.11	398.08	415.13	421.12	-
Lumber and other construction materials	503	11.29	11.26	11.66	11.66	-	434.67	442.52	455.91	454.74	-
Professional and commercial equipment	504	14.80	14.74	15.12	14.93	-	578.68	574.86	595.73	582.27	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	13.06	13.00	13.43	13.17	-	500.20	499.20	521.08	501.78	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	12.26	12.18	12.51	12.55	-	496.53	496.94	514.16	512.04	-
Electrical goods	506	12.79	12.68	13.29	13.29	-	488.58	486.91	516.98	511.67	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	11.60	11.54	11.97	12.00	-	443.12	444.29	465.63	463.20	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	12.17	12.15	12.84	12.78	-	475.85	477.50	505.90	500.98	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	9.73	9.71	10.06	10.06	-	360.98	366.07	380.27	381.27	-
Nondurable goods	51	11.42	11.37	11.71	11.73	-	422.54	422.96	436.78	436.36	-
Paper and paper products	511	11.85	11.77	12.15	12.18	-	427.79	426.07	449.55	442.13	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	13.71	13.64	14.53	14.70	-	508.64	497.86	540.52	551.25	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	11.14	11.03	11.66	11.68	-	397.70	401.49	434.92	438.00	-
Groceries and related products	514	11.68	11.73	11.99	12.03	-	443.84	448.09	455.62	455.94	-
Farm-product raw materials	515	8.60	8.55	8.78	8.88	-	290.68	294.98	297.64	301.03	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	13.09	13.07	13.25	13.31	-	517.06	518.88	522.05	523.08	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	10.81	10.74	10.97	11.03	-	409.70	400.60	417.96	415.83	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	12.92	12.97	12.96	12.84	-	470.29	476.00	473.04	468.66	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	9.71	9.54	9.80	9.77	-	353.44	350.12	354.76	353.67	-
Retail trade		7.45	7.45	7.64	7.64	7.63	209.35	212.33	215.45	214.68	215.17
Building materials and garden supplies	52	8.79	8.79	8.99	9.00	-	311.17	315.56	319.15	315.90	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	9.06	9.09	9.27	9.29	-	335.22	343.60	344.84	340.01	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	523	9.43	9.46	9.58	9.60	-	334.77	337.72	348.71	339.84	-
Hardware stores	525	7.61	7.58	7.64	7.71	-	240.48	241.80	243.72	242.87	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	7.82	7.70	8.19	8.12	-	254.15	252.56	252.25	258.22	-
General merchandise stores	53	7.46	7.47	7.45	7.50	-	206.64	214.39	207.11	207.75	-
Department stores	531	7.43	7.43	7.45	7.49	-	205.81	213.98	207.11	207.47	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Retail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued											
Variety stores	533	27.1	27.7	26.8	26.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	27.8	28.5	28.1	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food stores											
Food stores	54	29.1	29.2	29.0	29.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grocery stores	541	29.2	29.4	29.2	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	546	28.2	28.5	27.4	28.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations											
New and used car dealers	55	35.3	35.8	35.5	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto and home supply stores	551	36.8	37.1	36.9	36.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gasoline service stations	553	36.7	37.4	37.1	36.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers, nec	554	32.6	33.0	32.7	32.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	34.1	34.2	34.6	34.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores											
Men's and boys' clothing stores	56	24.8	25.8	24.9	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women's clothing stores	561	27.9	28.4	29.2	28.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family clothing stores	562	22.2	23.5	22.1	22.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores	565	25.5	26.8	25.4	25.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores	566	25.6	26.5	25.9	25.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores											
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	32.5	32.8	32.6	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household appliance stores	571	32.4	33.1	32.8	32.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	572	33.1	33.4	34.5	34.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores	573	32.6	32.3	31.9	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5731	32.3	32.0	31.5	31.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	28.2	28.3	25.8	25.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places ^d											
Eating and drinking places ^d	58	24.6	25.0	24.5	24.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments											
Drug stores and proprietary stores	59	29.3	29.2	29.3	29.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Used merchandise stores	591	27.4	27.6	28.4	28.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	593	31.7	32.0	31.5	30.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonstore retailers	594	27.2	27.4	27.3	27.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel dealers	596	33.6	33.9	33.4	32.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail stores, nec	598	40.6	38.5	39.4	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Optical goods stores	599	31.8	30.4	30.5	32.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5995	33.0	32.9	33.1	32.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	30.5	31.1	30.9	30.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate^b											
Depository institutions											
Commercial banks	60	34.9	34.9	38.3	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
State commercial banks	602	34.7	34.7	36.3	35.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
National and commercial banks, nec	6022	35.3	35.2	36.5	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit unions	6021,9	34.4	34.3	36.2	35.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit unions	606	35.5	35.5	36.3	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepository institutions											
Personal credit institutions	61	37.6	37.4	38.1	37.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal credit institutions	614	37.8	37.3	37.8	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers:											
Security and commodity services	628	36.4	36.4	37.4	36.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers											
Life insurance	63	38.0	37.9	38.1	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical service and health insurance	631	37.6	37.5	37.8	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospital and medical service plans	632	38.8	38.6	38.2	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	6324	38.8	38.4	37.8	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	37.6	37.6	38.1	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services											
Agricultural services	07	32.2	32.3	32.5	32.3	32.3	-	-	-	-	-
Veterinary services	074	31.5	32.8	32.0	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	28.0	28.4	28.6	28.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	33.3	35.0	33.8	33.7	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Retail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued											
Variety stores	533	\$6.94	\$6.99	\$7.08	\$7.25	-	\$188.07	\$193.62	\$189.74	\$192.13	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	8.27	8.27	7.74	7.71	-	229.91	235.70	217.49	219.74	-
Food stores	54	7.90	7.91	8.07	8.10	-	229.89	230.97	234.03	235.71	-
Grocery stores	541	7.98	8.00	8.16	8.19	-	233.02	235.20	238.27	239.15	-
Retail bakeries	546	6.98	6.95	7.18	7.20	-	196.84	198.08	196.73	201.60	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	9.83	9.93	10.13	10.13	-	347.00	355.49	359.62	357.59	-
New and used car dealers	551	12.17	12.38	12.54	12.52	-	447.86	459.30	462.73	458.23	-
Auto and home supply stores	553	8.40	8.41	8.58	8.58	-	308.28	314.53	318.32	316.60	-
Gasoline service stations	554	6.78	6.71	6.89	6.89	-	221.03	221.43	225.30	223.93	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	10.69	10.66	11.53	11.53	-	364.53	364.57	398.94	396.63	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	7.17	7.13	7.42	7.44	-	177.82	183.95	184.76	186.00	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	8.43	8.38	8.91	8.83	-	235.20	237.99	260.17	250.77	-
Women's clothing stores	562	6.80	6.76	6.96	6.99	-	150.96	158.86	153.82	156.58	-
Family clothing stores	565	6.97	6.97	7.37	7.37	-	177.74	186.80	187.20	190.15	-
Shoe stores	566	7.39	7.36	7.45	7.51	-	189.18	195.04	192.96	190.75	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	9.66	9.67	10.08	10.03	-	313.95	317.18	328.61	323.97	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	9.48	9.52	9.87	9.75	-	307.15	315.11	323.74	318.83	-
Household appliance stores	572	9.84	9.66	10.03	9.93	-	325.70	322.64	346.04	341.59	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	9.87	9.88	10.41	10.47	-	321.76	319.12	332.08	329.81	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores	5731	9.86	9.91	10.28	10.37	-	318.48	317.12	323.82	321.47	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	6.02	6.04	6.12	6.25	-	169.76	170.93	157.90	158.13	-
Eating and drinking places ^d	58	5.42	5.41	5.52	5.52	-	133.33	135.25	135.24	134.69	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	8.16	8.15	8.39	8.37	-	239.09	237.98	245.83	246.92	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	8.29	8.32	8.60	8.64	-	227.15	229.63	244.24	243.65	-
Used merchandise stores	593	6.84	6.79	7.10	7.19	-	216.83	217.28	223.65	221.45	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	7.54	7.54	7.82	7.73	-	205.09	206.60	213.49	209.48	-
Nonstore retailers	596	8.77	8.75	8.86	8.88	-	294.67	296.63	295.92	292.15	-
Fuel dealers	598	11.75	11.48	11.70	11.87	-	477.05	441.98	460.98	474.80	-
Retail stores, nec	599	8.20	8.29	8.54	8.37	-	259.12	252.02	260.47	271.19	-
Optical goods stores	5995	10.36	10.38	10.84	10.86	-	341.88	341.50	358.80	354.04	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	8.63	8.62	8.88	8.77	-	263.22	268.08	274.39	270.99	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate^e		11.77	11.75	12.17	12.17	\$12.19	421.37	418.30	441.77	434.47	\$433.96
Depository institutions	60	9.37	9.32	9.61	9.63	-	327.01	325.27	348.84	340.90	-
Commercial banks	602	8.99	8.89	9.19	9.21	-	311.95	308.48	333.60	324.19	-
State commercial banks	6022	8.74	8.69	9.04	9.05	-	308.52	305.89	329.96	319.47	-
National and commercial banks, nec	6021,9	9.18	9.04	9.31	9.32	-	315.79	310.07	337.02	328.06	-
Credit unions	606	9.29	9.27	9.58	9.53	-	329.80	329.09	347.75	341.17	-
Nondepository institutions	61	12.48	12.34	12.33	12.15	-	469.25	461.52	469.77	453.20	-
Personal credit institutions	614	9.86	9.94	10.20	10.09	-	372.71	370.76	385.56	381.40	-
Security and commodity brokers: Security and commodity services	628	16.01	15.79	17.13	17.31	-	582.76	574.76	640.66	637.01	-
Insurance carriers	63	13.67	13.81	14.46	14.56	-	519.46	523.40	550.93	550.37	-
Life insurance	631	13.18	13.54	13.85	14.02	-	495.57	507.75	523.53	527.15	-
Medical service and health insurance	632	12.98	13.09	13.89	13.93	-	503.62	505.27	530.60	536.31	-
Hospital and medical service plans	6324	13.25	13.39	14.23	14.27	-	514.10	514.18	537.89	546.54	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	14.46	14.53	15.20	15.34	-	543.70	546.33	579.12	578.32	-
Services		11.05	11.02	11.41	11.39	11.37	355.81	355.95	370.83	367.90	367.25
Agricultural services	07	8.76	8.54	8.91	8.86	-	275.94	280.11	285.12	281.75	-
Veterinary services	074	8.33	8.29	8.58	8.62	-	233.24	235.44	245.39	243.95	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	9.07	8.72	9.18	9.05	-	302.03	305.20	310.28	304.99	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Services—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels and motels ¹	701	30.5	30.6	30.0	30.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	32.9	33.4	33.3	33.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops ¹	723	27.7	28.4	28.0	28.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	28.6	25.0	21.4	28.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business services	73	32.7	33.0	33.2	32.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advertising	731	36.6	36.7	36.9	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:											
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	37.7	37.4	37.0	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services to buildings	734	28.4	28.3	28.7	28.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	36.9	36.9	37.7	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	27.7	27.6	27.9	28.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	735	38.4	38.7	38.6	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical equipment rental	7352	38.7	38.2	38.5	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	38.5	39.5	38.6	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	7359	38.3	38.6	38.6	38.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personnel supply services:											
Help supply services	7363	31.1	31.7	31.8	31.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer and data processing services	737	37.7	37.6	38.5	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer programming services	7371	38.1	38.1	38.2	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	38.2	37.9	38.9	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information retrieval services	7375	36.1	36.5	37.1	36.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer maintenance and repair	7378	39.1	38.6	39.6	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous business services	738	33.0	33.3	33.3	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detective and armored car services	7381	33.7	34.1	33.6	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security systems services	7382	35.7	35.5	36.5	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	35.9	36.2	35.7	35.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	36.8	36.8	36.2	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passenger car rental	7514	36.0	36.0	35.8	36.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile parking	752	34.3	34.2	33.4	32.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive repair shops	753	38.0	38.2	37.9	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	37.1	37.6	37.0	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	38.0	37.7	37.5	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive services, except repair	754	29.7	30.9	29.8	30.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carwashes	7542	26.9	28.9	26.5	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.7	38.3	38.2	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	28.6	28.4	30.0	29.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion picture production and services	781	38.9	38.8	38.1	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Video tape rental	784	22.8	22.4	22.9	22.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	25.9	26.1	25.9	26.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bowling centers	793	24.6	25.0	24.9	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	25.2	25.6	25.3	25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical fitness facilities	7991	18.1	18.4	18.9	18.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	27.5	28.1	27.3	27.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	80	32.6	32.7	33.0	32.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	32.3	32.3	32.7	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	27.9	28.2	28.2	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	29.7	29.7	30.2	30.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	31.8	31.7	32.9	31.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	31.0	31.0	32.2	31.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	34.6	34.7	34.6	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home health care services	808	27.7	27.9	29.1	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	34.7	34.7	35.4	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Services—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels and motels ¹	701	\$7.71	\$7.69	\$7.93	\$7.92	-	\$235.16	\$235.31	\$237.90	\$239.98	-
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	7.25	7.26	7.43	7.41	-	238.53	242.48	247.42	246.01	-
Beauty shops ⁴	723	7.91	8.00	8.18	8.22	-	219.11	227.20	229.04	230.16	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	6.47	6.81	6.63	6.20	-	185.04	170.25	141.88	177.94	-
Business services	73	10.39	10.33	10.65	10.67	-	339.75	340.89	353.58	351.04	-
Advertising	731	15.34	15.44	15.88	15.65	-	561.44	566.65	585.97	566.53	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:											
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	9.75	9.86	10.10	10.06	-	367.58	368.76	373.70	376.24	-
Services to buildings	734	7.38	7.39	7.43	7.39	-	209.59	209.14	213.24	213.57	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	9.53	9.54	9.58	9.44	-	351.66	352.03	361.17	354.94	-
Building maintenance services, nec	7349	7.13	7.14	7.18	7.16	-	197.50	197.06	200.32	201.20	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	735	10.77	10.85	10.98	11.01	-	413.57	419.90	423.83	424.99	-
Medical equipment rental	7352	10.45	10.57	10.44	10.44	-	404.42	403.77	401.94	408.20	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	14.02	14.13	14.28	14.30	-	539.77	558.14	551.21	553.41	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	7359	9.92	9.95	10.14	10.15	-	379.94	384.07	391.40	389.76	-
Personnel supply services:											
Help supply services	7363	8.43	8.45	8.79	8.87	-	262.17	267.87	279.52	280.29	-
Computer and data processing services	737	16.97	16.79	17.34	17.42	-	639.77	631.30	667.59	656.73	-
Computer programming services	7371	19.73	19.53	20.15	20.52	-	751.71	744.09	769.73	783.86	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	17.74	17.61	18.68	18.70	-	677.67	667.42	726.65	701.25	-
Information retrieval services	7375	14.30	14.09	14.83	14.41	-	516.23	514.29	550.19	518.76	-
Computer maintenance and repair	7378	13.79	13.76	14.41	14.42	-	539.19	531.14	570.64	571.03	-
Miscellaneous business services	738	8.80	8.80	9.02	9.03	-	290.40	293.04	300.37	297.99	-
Detective and armored car services	7381	6.89	6.90	7.02	6.98	-	232.19	235.29	235.87	232.43	-
Security systems services	7382	10.89	10.64	10.90	10.92	-	388.77	377.72	397.85	395.30	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	9.51	9.49	9.88	9.83	-	341.41	343.54	352.72	350.93	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	9.34	9.32	9.59	9.63	-	343.71	342.98	347.16	348.61	-
Passenger car rental	7514	8.44	8.41	8.51	8.58	-	303.84	302.76	304.66	308.88	-
Automobile parking	752	6.81	6.85	7.36	7.39	-	233.58	234.27	245.82	242.39	-
Automotive repair shops	753	10.52	10.55	10.94	10.92	-	399.76	403.01	414.63	411.68	-
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	11.16	11.26	11.50	11.43	-	414.04	423.38	425.50	424.05	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	10.47	10.45	11.04	11.05	-	397.86	393.97	414.00	409.96	-
Automotive services, except repair	754	7.12	6.99	7.30	7.17	-	211.46	215.99	217.54	220.12	-
Carwashes	7542	6.22	6.09	6.37	6.18	-	167.32	176.00	168.81	176.13	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	11.23	11.26	11.48	11.61	-	423.37	431.26	438.54	442.34	-
Motion pictures	78	13.67	13.81	14.31	14.90	-	390.96	392.20	429.30	445.51	-
Motion picture production and services	781	20.34	20.34	19.63	19.88	-	791.23	789.19	747.90	759.42	-
Video tape rental	784	5.66	5.69	5.76	5.72	-	129.05	127.46	131.90	126.41	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	8.86	8.81	9.36	9.34	-	229.47	229.94	242.42	243.77	-
Bowling centers	793	6.59	6.59	6.67	6.68	-	162.11	164.75	166.08	165.00	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	8.32	8.29	8.51	8.55	-	209.66	212.22	215.30	218.88	-
Physical fitness facilities	7991	7.96	7.95	8.03	8.12	-	144.08	146.28	151.77	151.84	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	8.39	8.34	8.67	8.66	-	230.73	234.35	236.69	239.02	-
Health services	80	12.01	12.00	12.35	12.36	-	391.53	392.40	407.55	404.17	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	12.16	12.13	12.42	12.40	-	392.77	391.80	406.13	400.52	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	11.75	11.83	12.22	12.24	-	327.83	333.61	344.60	340.27	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	10.63	10.69	11.06	11.07	-	315.71	317.49	334.01	332.10	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	8.39	8.36	8.66	8.69	-	266.80	265.01	284.91	277.21	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	7.77	7.76	8.11	8.14	-	240.87	240.56	261.14	254.78	-
Hospitals	806	13.69	13.68	14.20	14.16	-	473.67	474.70	491.32	491.35	-
Home health care services	808	10.59	10.60	10.82	10.87	-	293.34	295.74	314.86	310.88	-
Legal services	81	15.48	15.41	16.18	15.98	-	537.16	534.73	572.77	552.91	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average weekly hours					Average overtime hours				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Mar. 1995 ^a
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	30.9	30.9	31.5	31.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Individual and family services	832	31.7	31.8	32.3	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Job training and related services	833	30.4	30.5	31.2	30.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Child day care services	835	29.3	29.2	29.3	29.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residential care	836	31.6	31.6	32.7	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services, nec	839	31.8	31.7	31.6	31.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations:											
Professional organizations	862	35.3	35.3	35.1	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and management services	87	37.3	37.4	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and architectural services	871	38.9	38.8	38.8	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering services	8711	39.0	39.0	39.0	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Architectural services	8712	38.6	38.1	38.5	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surveying services	8713	37.2	38.3	37.3	36.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	38.1	38.7	37.4	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research and testing services	873	36.6	36.5	36.2	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial physical research	8731	39.0	38.8	39.3	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	30.5	30.3	28.5	28.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	36.2	36.4	36.6	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management and public relations	874	35.6	35.4	36.2	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management services	8741	34.6	34.6	35.2	35.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management consulting services	8742	36.1	35.9	36.3	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public relations services	8743	31.9	31.7	34.0	32.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services, nec	89	41.2	40.5	38.3	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
		Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	\$8.04	\$8.01	\$8.33	\$8.27	-	\$248.44	\$247.51	\$262.40	\$257.20	-
Individual and family services	832	8.59	8.54	8.89	8.76	-	272.30	271.57	287.15	275.94	-
Job training and related services	833	7.94	7.88	8.28	8.19	-	241.38	240.34	258.34	252.25	-
Child day care services	835	6.79	6.78	7.03	7.01	-	198.95	197.98	205.98	208.20	-
Residential care	836	8.23	8.22	8.49	8.49	-	260.07	259.75	277.62	269.98	-
Social services, nec	839	9.23	9.20	9.74	9.66	-	293.51	291.64	307.78	305.26	-
Membership organizations:											
Professional organizations	862	15.39	15.32	15.90	15.83	-	543.27	540.80	558.09	549.30	-
Engineering and management services											
Engineering and management services	87	15.26	15.18	15.70	15.60	-	569.20	567.73	585.61	580.32	-
Engineering and architectural services	871	16.49	16.51	16.99	17.02	-	641.46	640.59	659.21	655.27	-
Engineering services	8711	17.13	17.17	17.67	17.70	-	668.07	669.63	689.13	684.99	-
Architectural services	8712	15.05	15.04	15.45	15.44	-	580.93	573.02	594.83	588.26	-
Surveying services	8713	11.76	11.72	12.02	12.07	-	437.47	448.88	448.35	444.18	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	12.92	12.91	13.83	13.54	-	492.25	499.62	517.24	517.23	-
Research and testing services	873	16.65	16.41	16.60	16.59	-	609.39	598.97	600.92	593.92	-
Commercial physical research	8731	18.80	18.52	18.69	18.78	-	733.20	718.58	734.52	723.03	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	12.45	12.17	12.52	12.11	-	379.73	368.75	356.82	347.56	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	18.37	18.22	18.42	18.61	-	664.99	663.21	674.17	677.40	-
Management and public relations	874	14.39	14.28	14.69	14.63	-	512.28	505.51	531.78	528.14	-
Management services	8741	12.96	12.82	13.43	13.33	-	448.42	443.57	472.74	473.22	-
Management consulting services	8742	16.85	16.69	17.10	17.07	-	608.29	599.17	620.73	616.23	-
Public relations services	8743	13.51	13.67	13.76	13.90	-	430.97	433.34	467.84	455.92	-
Services, nec	89	13.80	13.97	15.11	15.21	-	568.56	565.79	578.71	571.90	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² See table B-15a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

⁴ Money payments only; tips, not included.

⁵ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

- Data not available.

² = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table B-15a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

B-15a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

Series	Aircraft (SIC 3721)				Guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761)			
	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$18.95	\$19.17	\$19.93	\$19.86	\$18.13	\$18.10	\$18.37	\$18.12
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	18.98	19.22	20.01	19.94	18.26	18.24	18.40	18.16

^a = preliminary.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-16. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime,¹ of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²
Manufacturing	\$11.42	\$11.38	\$11.60	\$11.63	\$11.66
Durable goods	11.97	11.92	12.11	12.14	12.16
Lumber and wood products	9.28	9.23	9.48	9.47	(?)
Furniture and fixtures	9.10	9.05	9.29	9.33	(?)
Stone, clay, and glass products	11.33	11.24	11.50	11.56	(?)
Primary metal industries	13.31	13.26	13.52	13.43	(?)
Fabricated metal products	11.28	11.27	11.36	11.38	(?)
Industrial machinery and equipment	12.22	12.19	12.35	12.36	(?)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	10.94	10.92	11.04	11.01	(?)
Transportation equipment	15.34	15.31	15.55	15.60	(?)
Instruments and related products	12.01	11.97	12.06	12.13	(?)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	9.25	9.20	9.61	9.60	(?)
Nondurable goods	10.69	10.65	10.90	10.91	\$10.95
Food and kindred products	10.04	10.08	10.28	10.31	(?)
Tobacco products	17.39	17.78	17.50	18.30	(?)
Textile mill products	8.61	8.56	8.86	8.83	(?)
Apparel and other textile products	7.06	7.06	7.34	7.30	(?)
Paper and allied products	12.87	12.86	13.17	13.25	(?)
Printing and publishing	11.60	11.60	11.77	11.77	(?)
Chemicals and allied products	14.27	14.21	14.60	14.62	(?)
Petroleum and coal products	18.07	18.01	18.05	18.33	(?)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	10.18	10.12	10.27	10.23	(?)
Leather and leather products	7.69	7.73	7.88	7.90	(?)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

² Not available.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-17. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

Industry	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²	Feb. 1994	Mar. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ²	Mar. 1995 ²
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$11.06	\$11.04	\$11.35	\$11.34	\$11.35	\$376.04	\$379.78	\$390.44	\$387.83	\$388.17
Constant (1982) dollars	7.44	7.41	7.44	7.41	(³)	253.06	254.89	256.03	253.48	(³)
Mining:										
Current dollars	14.92	14.84	15.25	15.27	\$15.41	652.00	652.96	684.73	679.52	\$679.58
Constant (1982) dollars	10.04	9.96	10.00	9.98	(³)	438.76	438.23	449.00	444.13	(³)
Construction:										
Current dollars	14.45	14.44	14.65	14.80	\$14.79	521.65	550.16	550.84	544.64	\$563.50
Constant (1982) dollars	9.72	9.69	9.61	9.67	(³)	351.04	369.23	361.21	355.97	(³)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	12.00	11.99	12.24	12.25	\$12.28	490.80	502.38	514.08	510.83	\$512.08
Constant (1982) dollars	8.08	8.05	8.03	8.01	(³)	330.28	337.17	337.10	333.88	(³)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	13.85	13.80	14.11	14.04	\$14.04	545.69	545.10	555.93	551.77	\$553.18
Constant (1982) dollars	9.32	9.26	9.25	9.18	(³)	367.22	365.84	364.54	360.63	(³)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	11.93	11.87	12.26	12.24	\$12.19	452.15	452.25	468.33	465.12	\$463.22
Constant (1982) dollars	8.03	7.97	8.04	8.00	(³)	304.27	303.52	307.10	304.00	(³)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	7.45	7.45	7.64	7.64	\$7.63	209.35	212.33	215.45	214.68	\$215.17
Constant (1982) dollars	5.01	5.00	5.01	4.99	(³)	140.88	142.50	141.28	140.31	(³)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	11.77	11.75	12.17	12.17	\$12.19	421.37	418.30	441.77	434.47	\$433.96
Constant (1982) dollars	7.92	7.89	7.98	7.95	(³)	283.56	280.74	289.69	283.97	(³)
Services:										
Current dollars	11.05	11.02	11.41	11.39	\$11.37	355.81	355.95	370.83	367.90	\$367.25
Constant (1982) dollars	7.44	7.40	7.48	7.44	(³)	239.44	238.89	243.17	240.46	(³)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Not available.

³ = preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

State and area	Average weekly hours			Average hourly earnings			Average weekly earnings		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Alabama	40.8	42.1	41.5	\$10.69	\$11.06	\$11.04	\$436.15	\$465.63	\$458.16
Birmingham	41.4	43.0	42.0	11.51	11.94	11.73	476.51	513.42	492.66
Mobile	41.2	41.9	45.3	12.85	13.46	13.47	529.42	563.97	610.19
Alaska	63.2	35.2	59.1	9.03	11.45	9.34	570.70	403.04	551.99
Arizona	41.5	42.8	42.6	11.18	11.33	11.19	463.97	484.92	476.69
Arkansas	38.3	41.8	41.1	9.61	9.86	9.79	368.06	412.15	402.37
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	39.2	41.0	41.0	9.41	9.56	9.69	368.87	391.96	397.29
Fort Smith	38.6	39.9	39.9	9.86	9.75	9.64	380.60	389.03	384.64
Little Rock-North Little Rock	35.6	42.1	42.0	10.54	10.50	10.52	375.22	442.05	441.84
Pine Bluff	39.8	41.0	41.8	10.75	11.42	11.15	427.85	468.22	466.07
California	41.1	40.8	41.2	12.39	12.47	12.46	509.23	508.78	513.35
Bakersfield	40.6	40.1	40.5	12.63	13.03	13.14	512.78	522.50	532.17
Fresno	40.3	41.1	40.9	10.50	10.75	10.74	423.15	441.83	439.27
Los Angeles-Long Beach	41.9	42.0	42.1	11.65	11.87	11.73	488.14	498.54	493.83
Modesto	39.7	39.5	39.7	12.07	12.61	12.75	479.18	498.10	506.18
Oakland	40.7	41.9	43.0	14.93	15.36	15.77	607.65	643.58	678.11
Orange County	40.5	41.2	41.5	12.57	12.48	12.50	509.09	514.18	518.75
Riverside-San Bernardino	40.9	40.1	40.4	11.31	11.01	11.25	462.58	441.50	454.50
Sacramento	39.7	39.6	40.2	12.97	13.19	13.21	514.91	522.32	531.04
Salinas	39.6	37.5	38.1	12.82	13.14	13.21	507.67	492.75	503.30
San Diego	39.7	39.6	39.9	12.19	12.51	12.44	483.94	495.40	496.36
San Francisco	38.8	39.7	38.6	13.70	14.03	14.06	531.56	556.99	542.72
San Jose	41.5	41.7	42.1	14.86	15.24	15.39	616.69	635.51	647.92
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	39.6	39.8	41.5	13.13	13.10	12.86	519.95	521.38	533.69
Santa Rosa	39.5	39.1	40.3	13.87	13.92	13.98	547.87	544.27	563.39
Stockton-Lodi	41.5	41.4	40.9	12.47	12.44	12.37	517.51	515.02	505.93
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	40.3	39.5	39.6	14.28	14.76	14.98	575.48	583.02	593.21
Ventura	41.6	40.0	41.2	11.84	12.31	12.33	492.54	492.40	508.00
Colorado	40.9	41.2	41.1	12.15	12.34	12.40	496.94	508.41	509.64
Denver	41.6	41.3	40.7	12.51	12.56	12.54	520.42	518.73	510.38
Connecticut	39.7	42.6	42.9	13.46	13.70	13.62	534.36	583.62	584.30
Bridgeport	37.3	43.1	42.8	13.63	14.15	14.09	508.40	609.87	603.05
Danbury	40.0	41.8	41.8	13.35	13.27	13.40	534.00	554.69	560.12
Hartford	40.8	42.6	43.1	14.11	14.13	14.00	575.69	601.94	603.40
New Haven-Meriden	37.8	41.2	41.1	12.95	12.85	12.77	489.51	529.42	524.85
New London-Norwich	39.7	42.5	42.2	14.23	14.09	14.20	564.93	598.83	599.24
Stamford-Norwalk	41.6	41.7	41.7	12.82	13.55	13.32	533.31	565.04	555.44
Waterbury	40.9	43.0	43.5	12.08	12.33	12.39	494.07	530.19	538.97
Delaware	41.1	42.7	42.6	13.81	14.04	14.05	567.59	599.51	598.53
Wilmington-Newark	43.8	44.6	45.3	16.12	16.66	15.87	706.06	743.04	718.91
District of Columbia:									
Washington PMSA	37.6	39.8	39.2	13.45	13.75	13.64	505.72	547.25	534.69
Florida	41.2	41.6	41.2	9.93	10.01	10.02	409.12	416.42	412.82
Georgia	41.8	42.8	42.3	10.26	10.49	10.55	428.87	448.97	446.27
Atlanta	41.6	43.0	42.4	11.32	11.55	11.63	470.91	496.65	493.11
Savannah	45.4	47.9	45.6	13.14	13.36	13.84	596.56	639.94	631.10
Hawaii	38.7	36.3	36.6	12.07	12.53	12.56	467.11	454.84	459.70
Honolulu	37.6	36.8	37.4	12.45	12.89	13.02	468.12	474.35	486.95
Idaho	39.6	40.0	39.1	11.89	11.84	11.77	470.84	473.60	460.21
Illinois	41.6	42.0	41.9	12.15	12.44	12.44	505.44	522.48	521.24
Bloomington-Normal	41.8	43.4	43.5	16.05	17.74	17.67	670.89	769.92	768.65
Champaign-Urbana	40.3	41.8	41.8	10.49	10.75	10.58	422.75	449.35	442.24
Chicago	41.7	42.5	42.2	12.10	12.37	12.37	504.57	525.73	522.01
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	41.8	41.8	41.7	13.92	14.14	14.12	581.86	591.05	588.80
Decatur	43.5	42.1	42.5	15.24	14.77	14.73	662.94	621.82	626.03
Kankakee	42.0	41.6	41.9	13.05	13.53	13.59	548.10	562.85	569.42
Peoria-Pekin	41.7	41.5	41.2	15.06	14.98	15.01	628.00	621.67	618.41
Rockford	41.5	43.9	43.5	13.05	14.13	14.06	541.58	620.31	611.61
Springfield	39.5	40.5	41.1	11.60	11.58	11.60	458.20	468.99	476.76
Indiana	42.9	43.2	42.6	13.38	13.77	13.67	574.00	594.86	582.34
Bloomington	45.9	43.4	39.9	13.21	12.29	11.87	606.34	533.39	473.61
Ekhart-Goshen	40.4	40.8	40.1	11.10	11.53	11.50	448.44	470.42	461.15
Evansville-Henderson	42.7	42.7	43.4	13.53	13.59	13.75	577.73	580.29	596.75
Fort Wayne	43.6	43.2	43.2	13.53	13.88	14.28	589.91	599.62	616.90

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area	Average weekly hours			Average hourly earnings			Average weekly earnings		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^p
Indiana—Continued									
Gary	43.4	40.6	40.9	\$17.63	\$18.33	\$17.92	\$765.14	\$744.20	\$732.93
Indianapolis	42.3	43.5	43.6	14.82	15.16	14.99	626.89	659.46	653.56
Kokomo	46.8	46.5	45.4	18.42	19.30	19.28	862.06	897.45	875.31
Lafayette	40.2	44.3	43.4	14.04	14.38	14.16	564.41	637.03	614.54
Muncie	45.0	45.8	45.5	14.76	14.75	14.95	664.20	675.55	680.23
South Bend	42.4	42.5	42.2	11.60	13.04	12.79	491.84	554.20	539.74
Terre Haute	43.5	43.8	42.8	13.36	14.06	13.41	581.16	615.83	573.95
Iowa									
.....	41.6	42.2	42.3	12.58	12.61	12.54	523.33	532.14	530.44
Cedar Rapids	41.9	42.7	40.9	15.02	15.19	15.25	629.34	648.61	623.73
Des Moines	42.2	40.3	42.3	13.19	12.81	13.04	556.62	516.24	551.59
Dubuque	39.8	41.6	42.0	12.91	12.97	13.03	513.82	539.55	547.26
Sioux City	40.0	42.3	40.9	10.30	10.39	10.35	412.00	439.50	423.32
Kansas									
.....	41.5	41.2	41.0	12.06	12.37	12.38	500.49	509.64	507.58
Topeka	42.6	41.3	40.7	13.58	14.59	14.48	578.51	602.57	589.34
Wichita	40.2	41.2	41.0	13.67	13.98	14.21	549.53	575.98	582.61
Kentucky									
.....	39.8	41.5	41.1	11.86	12.00	12.12	472.03	498.00	498.13
Lexington	41.0	42.7	42.4	12.69	13.17	13.15	520.29	562.36	557.56
Louisville	42.5	42.3	42.3	13.92	13.94	14.22	591.60	589.66	601.51
Louisiana									
.....	42.2	43.4	42.6	13.19	13.34	13.30	556.62	578.96	566.58
Baton Rouge	43.9	45.6	43.3	15.74	16.14	15.88	690.99	735.98	687.60
New Orleans	42.7	43.8	43.8	13.32	14.14	13.98	568.76	619.33	612.32
Shreveport-Bossier City	42.0	42.3	41.8	14.34	13.99	13.91	602.28	591.78	581.44
Maine									
.....	40.8	39.4	39.8	11.77	12.04	12.27	480.22	474.38	488.35
Lewiston-Auburn	40.5	39.0	38.5	9.89	9.76	9.91	400.55	380.64	381.54
Portland	39.1	37.6	38.5	10.55	10.85	10.85	412.51	407.96	417.73
Maryland									
.....	38.6	41.4	41.3	13.09	13.48	13.39	505.27	558.07	553.01
Baltimore PMSA	38.4	41.8	42.2	13.78	14.00	13.89	529.15	585.20	586.16
Massachusetts									
.....	40.8	41.5	41.7	12.54	12.68	12.66	511.63	526.22	527.92
Boston	40.7	41.0	41.2	13.33	13.47	13.44	542.53	552.27	553.73
Springfield	41.2	41.5	41.6	12.27	12.24	12.34	505.52	507.96	513.34
Worcester	40.4	41.9	41.7	11.94	12.20	12.25	482.38	511.18	510.83
Michigan									
.....	44.3	45.5	45.0	15.94	16.21	16.25	706.14	737.55	731.25
Ann Arbor	44.9	45.5	45.4	16.17	16.48	16.68	726.03	749.84	757.27
Detroit	46.2	46.7	46.4	17.13	17.36	17.38	791.41	810.71	806.43
Flint	46.0	48.5	48.4	21.35	22.11	21.89	982.10	1072.33	1059.48
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	42.9	42.9	42.3	13.19	13.55	13.53	565.85	581.29	572.32
Jackson	43.7	45.3	44.3	11.45	12.02	12.04	500.36	544.51	533.37
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	44.0	44.7	44.6	14.94	15.00	14.88	657.36	670.50	663.65
Lansing-East Lansing	42.5	45.7	45.0	17.16	17.49	17.58	729.30	799.29	791.10
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.8	48.2	47.3	18.27	18.39	18.47	800.23	886.40	873.63
Minnesota									
.....	41.6	41.6	41.8	12.49	12.81	12.82	519.58	532.90	535.88
Duluth-Superior	39.9	41.9	41.9	12.03	11.56	11.82	480.00	484.36	495.26
Minneapolis-St. Paul	41.6	41.6	41.8	13.23	13.69	13.72	550.37	569.50	573.50
St. Cloud	40.7	41.0	40.8	11.33	12.35	12.29	461.13	506.35	501.43
Mississippi									
.....	39.1	41.6	41.2	9.39	9.55	9.58	367.15	397.28	394.70
Jackson	40.3	39.9	40.4	10.30	10.24	10.29	415.09	408.58	415.72
Missouri									
.....	41.4	41.5	41.4	11.79	11.88	11.90	488.11	493.02	492.66
Kansas City	42.6	43.0	42.5	13.84	14.07	14.08	589.58	605.01	598.40
St. Louis	43.3	42.9	42.8	13.91	13.95	13.93	602.30	598.46	596.20
Springfield	39.4	40.8	40.5	9.96	10.27	10.15	392.42	419.02	411.08
Montana									
.....	39.7	39.2	39.1	12.31	12.75	12.54	488.71	499.80	490.31
Nebraska									
.....	41.4	42.5	40.9	10.61	11.16	11.16	439.25	474.30	456.44
Lincoln	43.1	42.1	42.4	12.47	12.66	12.65	537.46	532.99	536.36
Omaha	42.4	42.9	41.2	11.21	11.80	11.76	475.30	506.22	484.51
Nevada									
.....	40.9	40.9	41.8	11.77	12.27	12.24	481.39	501.84	511.63
Las Vegas	38.6	39.3	41.6	13.04	13.90	13.79	503.34	546.27	573.66
New Hampshire									
.....	42.2	42.0	41.9	11.71	11.89	11.69	494.16	499.38	489.81
Manchester	42.3	41.7	42.3	11.59	11.52	12.12	490.26	480.38	512.68
Nashua	40.7	42.3	41.5	15.82	14.62	14.29	643.87	618.43	593.04
Portsmouth-Rochester	42.7	38.0	38.5	11.15	11.70	11.56	476.11	444.60	445.06

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area	Average weekly hours			Average hourly earnings			Average weekly earnings		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
New Jersey	38.1	42.0	41.9	\$13.46	\$13.58	\$13.57	\$512.83	\$570.36	\$568.58
New Mexico	40.2	40.1	40.2	10.11	10.89	10.84	406.42	436.69	435.77
Albuquerque	40.5	41.0	39.6	10.41	11.12	10.99	421.61	455.92	435.20
New York	40.5	41.2	41.0	12.02	12.52	12.43	486.81	515.82	509.63
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.6	40.6	40.0	13.63	14.00	14.04	553.38	568.40	561.60
Binghamton	41.9	41.7	41.6	9.71	10.37	10.32	406.85	432.43	429.31
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	43.7	44.3	43.4	14.93	15.90	15.69	652.44	704.37	680.95
Dutchess County	39.5	39.7	40.2	11.71	11.63	11.64	462.55	461.71	467.93
Elmira	42.4	42.8	42.9	11.02	11.49	11.40	467.25	491.77	489.06
Nassau-Suffolk	37.7	39.5	39.6	11.29	11.45	11.50	425.63	452.28	455.40
New York PMSA	37.1	38.5	38.5	10.98	11.29	11.26	407.36	434.67	433.51
New York City	36.6	37.9	37.9	10.73	10.97	10.93	392.72	415.76	414.25
Newburgh	41.5	41.0	41.3	10.26	11.15	10.95	425.79	457.15	452.24
Rochester	42.7	42.6	43.2	13.72	14.18	14.33	585.84	604.07	619.06
Rockland County	44.4	43.4	42.5	13.66	14.44	14.38	606.50	626.70	611.15
Syracuse	43.6	43.3	43.1	12.84	13.44	13.39	559.82	581.95	577.11
Utica-Rome	42.2	41.2	41.1	10.84	11.25	11.15	457.45	463.50	458.27
Westchester County	38.8	41.6	42.0	11.96	12.66	12.88	464.05	526.66	540.96
North Carolina	38.2	41.3	40.6	10.09	10.42	10.43	385.44	430.35	423.46
Asheville	40.7	41.4	40.3	9.97	10.04	9.97	405.78	415.66	401.79
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	39.1	40.9	40.3	10.64	11.02	11.00	416.02	450.72	443.30
Greensboro--Winston-Salem--High Point	36.9	40.9	40.1	10.71	10.86	10.85	395.20	444.17	435.09
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	38.5	41.5	41.0	10.73	11.10	11.13	413.11	460.65	456.33
North Dakota	41.1	42.0	41.4	10.12	10.58	10.53	415.93	444.36	435.94
Fargo-Moorhead	40.8	41.7	40.9	9.55	10.27	9.99	389.64	428.26	408.59
Ohio	43.9	43.9	43.8	14.43	14.30	14.36	633.48	627.77	628.97
Akron	43.8	43.6	43.1	12.71	11.91	11.86	556.70	519.28	511.17
Canton-Massillon	41.9	41.9	42.1	12.78	12.73	12.74	535.48	533.39	536.35
Cincinnati	42.8	43.7	44.0	13.17	13.39	13.56	563.68	585.14	596.64
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	44.0	43.7	43.9	14.16	13.86	14.02	623.04	605.68	615.48
Columbus	41.9	42.8	42.7	13.27	13.16	13.23	556.01	563.25	564.92
Dayton-Springfield	45.0	46.0	46.0	15.78	15.92	15.91	710.10	732.32	731.86
Hamilton-Middletown	44.0	44.9	45.6	15.73	15.82	16.03	692.12	710.32	730.97
Lima	44.0	44.9	44.9	15.51	15.42	15.38	682.44	692.36	690.56
Mansfield	44.5	44.5	44.1	15.08	14.42	14.50	671.06	641.69	639.45
Steubenville-Weirton	41.8	44.4	44.7	15.98	16.73	16.38	667.96	742.81	732.19
Toledo	45.9	45.4	44.9	15.82	15.80	15.77	726.14	717.32	708.07
Youngstown-Warren	44.6	45.0	45.0	16.71	15.67	15.76	745.27	705.15	709.20
Oklahoma	42.9	41.9	41.4	11.36	11.32	11.30	487.34	474.31	467.82
Oklahoma City	43.6	42.9	42.0	12.14	12.43	12.37	529.30	533.25	519.54
Tulsa	41.8	42.0	41.6	11.91	11.92	11.80	497.84	500.64	490.88
Oregon	39.5	38.9	39.2	12.14	12.44	12.61	479.53	483.92	494.31
Eugene-Springfield	40.5	40.3	40.8	12.23	12.46	12.48	495.32	502.14	509.18
Medford-Ashland	41.1	41.9	40.4	11.49	11.63	11.70	472.24	487.30	472.68
Portland-Vancouver	40.2	40.6	39.8	12.25	12.72	12.74	492.45	516.43	507.05
Salem	38.2	38.4	38.1	10.63	11.03	11.19	406.07	423.55	426.34
Pennsylvania	40.1	41.7	41.4	12.44	12.70	12.71	498.84	529.59	526.19
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	36.7	40.3	40.3	12.07	12.21	12.20	442.97	492.06	491.66
Altoona	41.4	40.9	39.8	10.66	10.80	10.84	441.32	441.72	431.43
Erie	44.1	44.5	43.2	13.04	13.06	12.96	575.06	581.17	559.87
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	39.1	40.7	40.2	11.73	12.08	12.14	458.64	491.66	488.03
Johnstown	39.8	40.5	40.5	9.26	9.55	9.43	368.55	386.78	381.92
Lancaster	38.1	40.8	40.7	12.37	12.71	12.63	471.30	518.57	514.04
Philadelphia PMSA	37.8	41.4	41.2	13.61	13.68	13.76	514.46	566.35	566.91
Pittsburgh	42.5	43.1	43.6	13.59	13.87	13.85	577.58	597.80	603.86
Reading	39.9	42.5	41.6	13.08	13.23	13.21	521.89	562.28	549.54
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton	39.6	39.7	39.7	10.99	11.16	11.19	435.20	443.05	444.24
Sharon	44.9	44.6	44.1	12.89	12.91	12.80	578.76	575.79	564.48
State College	40.9	41.3	42.2	10.39	10.96	10.84	424.95	452.65	457.45
Williamsport	40.6	42.5	40.4	10.62	11.02	10.99	431.17	468.35	444.00
York	40.0	43.3	42.5	12.50	12.58	12.71	500.00	544.71	540.18

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area	Average weekly hours			Average hourly earnings			Average weekly earnings		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹
Rhode Island	36.7	40.0	40.4	\$10.22	\$10.39	\$10.38	\$375.07	\$415.60	\$419.35
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	36.2	39.8	40.1	10.32	10.62	10.64	373.58	422.68	426.66
South Carolina	41.3	42.1	41.8	9.90	10.12	10.13	408.87	426.05	423.43
South Dakota	41.4	41.6	42.4	9.17	9.50	9.45	379.64	395.20	400.68
Rapid City	41.6	41.4	40.5	8.77	9.56	9.24	364.83	395.78	374.22
Sioux Falls	41.0	40.8	42.8	9.68	9.86	9.87	396.88	402.29	422.44
Tennessee	40.2	40.9	40.9	10.39	10.53	10.56	417.68	430.68	431.90
Chattanooga	42.2	39.6	39.7	9.96	10.71	10.56	420.31	424.12	419.23
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	39.4	40.2	39.8	10.32	10.53	10.72	406.61	423.31	426.66
Knoxville	39.9	39.3	38.8	10.35	10.85	10.72	412.97	426.41	415.94
Memphis	39.6	40.2	40.1	10.74	11.19	11.10	425.30	449.84	445.11
Nashville	39.3	41.2	41.0	11.29	11.53	11.52	443.70	475.04	472.32
Texas	42.2	43.0	42.8	11.08	11.24	11.23	467.58	483.32	480.64
Dallas	40.9	43.3	43.4	11.01	10.97	10.96	450.31	475.00	475.66
Ft. Worth-Arlington	41.7	42.6	42.1	12.70	12.33	12.60	529.59	525.26	530.46
Houston	43.6	44.5	44.8	13.54	13.83	13.67	590.34	615.44	612.42
San Antonio	41.2	41.2	41.1	8.71	9.02	9.11	358.85	371.62	374.42
Utah	40.3	40.4	39.4	10.99	11.60	11.52	442.90	468.64	453.89
Salt Lake City-Ogden	41.0	41.3	40.6	10.99	11.87	11.76	450.59	490.23	477.46
Vermont	41.5	39.9	39.7	11.64	11.52	11.60	483.06	459.65	460.52
Burlington	42.9	35.3	34.2	11.36	10.91	10.99	487.34	385.12	375.86
Virginia	38.4	41.9	41.3	11.15	11.47	11.56	428.16	480.59	477.43
Bristol	41.9	42.8	41.6	10.07	10.11	10.09	421.93	432.71	419.74
Charlottesville	35.4	40.1	39.0	9.73	10.23	10.29	344.44	410.22	401.31
Danville	40.6	42.6	43.0	10.94	11.35	11.37	444.16	483.51	488.91
Lynchburg	38.9	40.8	39.1	10.92	11.13	10.98	424.79	454.10	429.32
Northern Virginia	38.8	41.0	41.4	12.02	12.67	12.46	466.38	519.47	515.84
Richmond-Petersburg	40.1	43.7	43.3	14.05	14.57	14.88	563.41	636.71	644.30
Roanoke	39.7	41.8	41.7	12.55	12.54	12.56	498.24	524.17	523.75
Washington	40.6	40.4	40.2	14.29	14.71	14.75	580.17	594.28	592.95
West Virginia	40.2	42.0	41.5	12.66	12.68	12.63	508.93	532.56	524.15
Charleston	47.6	45.8	46.2	14.53	14.46	14.21	691.63	662.27	656.50
Huntington-Ashland	42.8	42.6	43.0	15.02	14.55	14.42	642.86	619.83	620.06
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.5	46.4	45.0	15.17	15.81	15.70	629.56	733.58	706.50
Wheeling	40.2	41.1	39.0	14.19	14.79	15.06	570.44	607.87	587.34
Wisconsin	42.3	42.6	42.4	12.33	12.65	12.70	521.56	538.89	538.48
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	44.7	44.4	44.1	13.40	13.84	13.79	598.98	614.50	608.14
Eau Claire	45.4	45.3	46.3	12.82	12.75	13.20	582.03	577.58	611.16
Green Bay	41.8	43.1	43.7	12.99	13.98	13.65	542.98	602.54	596.51
Janesville-Beloit	44.4	46.4	47.6	16.31	16.55	17.00	724.16	767.92	809.20
Kenosha	39.4	41.0	40.3	12.63	13.12	13.21	497.62	537.92	532.36
La Crosse	41.7	40.8	39.3	10.29	10.15	10.34	429.09	414.12	406.36
Madison	41.0	40.9	41.4	11.63	11.87	12.07	476.83	485.48	499.70
Milwaukee-Waukesha	42.3	43.0	42.7	13.29	13.70	13.79	562.17	589.10	588.83
Racine	40.7	40.1	39.7	12.39	12.94	12.69	504.27	518.89	503.79
Sheboygan	42.7	43.8	43.3	12.25	12.53	12.53	523.08	548.81	542.55
Wausau	42.3	43.0	41.5	11.69	11.95	11.76	494.49	513.85	488.04
Wyoming	39.4	38.6	38.4	11.65	11.81	12.02	459.01	455.87	461.57
Puerto Rico	39.8	39.1	40.4	7.20	7.41	7.38	286.56	289.73	298.15
Virgin Islands	41.8	43.1	42.9	14.96	15.45	15.57	625.33	665.90	667.95

¹ = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1994 benchmarks.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
REGIONS AND DIVISIONS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted¹

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and division	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
NORTHEAST														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	39,546	39,548	39,549	39,550	39,553	39,560	39,565	39,574	39,580	39,580	39,572	39,571	39,566	
Civilian labor force	25,485	25,344	25,203	25,405	25,528	25,410	25,335	25,313	25,250	25,356	25,290	25,400	25,458	
Employed	23,686	23,607	23,601	23,762	23,859	23,786	23,771	23,743	23,707	23,897	23,756	23,900	23,927	
Unemployed	1,799	1,737	1,603	1,644	1,669	1,624	1,564	1,570	1,543	1,459	1,534	1,500	1,531	
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.9	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.1	5.8	6.1	5.9	6.0	
New England														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,229	10,230	10,232	10,231	10,233	10,236	10,237	10,240	10,242	10,241	10,239	10,241	10,240	
Civilian labor force	7,003	6,944	6,921	6,935	7,002	6,959	6,951	6,945	6,988	7,000	7,050	7,069	6,999	
Employed	6,591	6,546	6,508	6,527	6,573	6,535	6,573	6,543	6,589	6,623	6,651	6,661	6,621	
Unemployed	413	398	413	409	429	424	378	402	398	377	400	408	378	
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.7	6.0	5.9	6.1	6.1	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.4	
Middle Atlantic														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	29,317	29,318	29,317	29,319	29,320	29,324	29,328	29,334	29,338	29,339	29,333	29,330	29,326	
Civilian labor force	18,482	18,400	18,282	18,470	18,526	18,452	18,384	18,369	18,263	18,357	18,239	18,331	18,458	
Employed	17,095	17,061	17,093	17,235	17,286	17,252	17,198	17,201	17,118	17,275	17,105	17,239	17,306	
Unemployed	1,386	1,339	1,190	1,235	1,240	1,200	1,186	1,168	1,145	1,082	1,135	1,092	1,152	
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.3	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.3	5.9	6.2	6.0	6.2	
SOUTH														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	68,321	68,405	68,480	68,563	68,648	68,736	68,830	68,923	69,011	69,092	69,160	69,233	69,302	
Civilian labor force	44,758	45,007	45,182	45,029	45,208	45,332	45,535	45,714	45,976	45,847	45,868	45,640	45,883	
Employed	41,959	42,268	42,485	42,368	42,556	42,726	42,930	43,105	43,428	43,368	43,424	43,427	43,593	
Unemployed	2,799	2,739	2,697	2,661	2,652	2,606	2,605	2,609	2,548	2,479	2,445	2,213	2,290	
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	4.8	5.0	
South Atlantic														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	35,353	35,397	35,436	35,478	35,524	35,570	35,616	35,665	35,712	35,754	35,789	35,827	35,862	
Civilian labor force	23,231	23,278	23,329	23,346	23,334	23,424	23,610	23,640	23,827	23,680	23,629	23,449	23,721	
Employed	21,843	21,896	21,966	22,045	22,041	22,187	22,296	22,363	22,541	22,455	22,443	22,400	22,665	
Unemployed	1,389	1,382	1,363	1,301	1,293	1,237	1,314	1,277	1,287	1,225	1,186	1,048	1,056	
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.5	4.5	
East South Central														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	12,065	12,078	12,089	12,103	12,115	12,129	12,145	12,159	12,173	12,185	12,196	12,206	12,217	
Civilian labor force	7,622	7,703	7,815	7,698	7,726	7,772	7,809	7,946	7,913	8,071	8,014	7,947	7,863	
Employed	7,201	7,277	7,410	7,273	7,298	7,334	7,396	7,502	7,505	7,665	7,546	7,555	7,459	
Unemployed	422	426	405	425	428	439	413	444	408	406	467	392	403	
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.0	5.8	4.9	5.1	
West South Central														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	20,903	20,930	20,955	20,982	21,009	21,037	21,069	21,099	21,126	21,153	21,175	21,200	21,223	
Civilian labor force	13,904	14,026	14,038	13,985	14,149	14,136	14,116	14,128	14,236	14,096	14,226	14,245	14,299	
Employed	12,916	13,095	13,109	13,050	13,217	13,206	13,238	13,239	13,382	13,247	13,434	13,472	13,469	
Unemployed	988	931	930	935	931	931	878	888	854	849	792	773	831	
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.6	5.4	5.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
REGIONS AND DIVISIONS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted¹—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and division	1994											1995		
	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
MIDWEST														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	46,095	46,116	46,135	46,157	46,182	46,211	46,239	46,267	46,291	46,314	46,324	46,341	46,355	
Civilian labor force	31,774	31,800	31,906	31,738	31,612	31,754	31,916	32,100	32,188	32,176	32,225	32,280	32,230	
Employed	29,955	30,127	30,346	30,261	29,988	30,147	30,345	30,515	30,693	30,715	30,829	30,880	30,764	
Unemployed	1,819	1,673	1,559	1,477	1,623	1,607	1,571	1,584	1,495	1,461	1,396	1,400	1,467	
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.3	4.9	4.7	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.6	
East North Central														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	32,553	32,567	32,578	32,593	32,609	32,627	32,646	32,665	32,681	32,696	32,702	32,712	32,721	
Civilian labor force	22,180	22,140	22,157	22,031	21,906	21,953	22,131	22,276	22,302	22,240	22,256	22,312	22,364	
Employed	20,845	20,888	20,935	20,929	20,667	20,747	20,972	21,090	21,218	21,229	21,244	21,319	21,281	
Unemployed	1,336	1,253	1,223	1,102	1,239	1,205	1,159	1,186	1,084	1,011	1,012	993	1,084	
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.0	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.8	
West North Central														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	13,542	13,549	13,557	13,564	13,573	13,584	13,593	13,602	13,610	13,618	13,622	13,629	13,634	
Civilian labor force	9,594	9,660	9,748	9,708	9,705	9,801	9,785	9,823	9,885	9,936	9,969	9,968	9,866	
Employed	9,111	9,240	9,412	9,332	9,321	9,400	9,373	9,425	9,475	9,486	9,586	9,561	9,483	
Unemployed	484	420	337	375	384	401	412	398	411	450	383	407	383	
Unemployment rate	5.0	4.4	3.5	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.5	3.8	4.1	3.9	
WEST														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	42,201	42,250	42,297	42,345	42,395	42,449	42,502	42,559	42,610	42,660	42,697	42,741	42,784	
Civilian labor force	28,457	28,403	28,451	28,164	28,347	28,690	28,585	28,644	28,597	28,522	28,453	28,684	28,611	
Employed	26,390	26,217	26,379	26,091	26,284	26,537	26,586	26,717	26,690	26,649	26,552	26,836	26,825	
Unemployed	2,067	2,186	2,071	2,072	2,064	2,153	1,999	1,928	1,907	1,873	1,901	1,847	1,787	
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.7	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.4	6.2	
Mountain														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	11,138	11,166	11,194	11,222	11,251	11,279	11,309	11,339	11,368	11,396	11,421	11,448	11,475	
Civilian labor force	7,749	7,743	7,749	7,659	7,710	7,906	7,860	7,883	7,905	7,894	7,835	7,986	7,978	
Employed	7,350	7,335	7,333	7,250	7,298	7,457	7,429	7,461	7,495	7,510	7,476	7,640	7,606	
Unemployed	399	408	417	409	412	449	430	422	410	383	359	345	371	
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.7	
Pacific														
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	31,063	31,084	31,103	31,123	31,144	31,170	31,193	31,220	31,242	31,264	31,277	31,293	31,309	
Civilian labor force	20,709	20,660	20,701	20,505	20,637	20,784	20,726	20,761	20,692	20,628	20,613	20,639	20,664	
Employed	19,040	18,882	19,047	18,842	18,986	19,080	19,156	19,255	19,195	19,139	19,076	19,196	19,218	
Unemployed	1,669	1,778	1,655	1,663	1,651	1,704	1,569	1,506	1,497	1,490	1,537	1,443	1,446	
Unemployment rate	8.1	8.6	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.2	7.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.0	7.0	

¹ These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of

Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

**STATE LABOR FORCE DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
Alabama													
Civilian labor force	2,013.9	2,015.5	2,018.6	2,022.6	2,032.1	2,031.5	2,036.3	2,040.6	2,045.2	2,054.8	2,048.8	2,061.8	2,062.2
Employed	1,878.8	1,887.4	1,894.2	1,899.3	1,910.7	1,911.4	1,916.3	1,925.0	1,927.8	1,943.3	1,941.8	1,946.7	1,942.4
Unemployed	135.1	128.1	124.4	123.3	121.4	120.1	120.0	115.6	117.4	111.5	107.0	115.1	119.8
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.6	5.8
Alaska													
Civilian labor force	304.1	303.7	304.8	305.1	304.4	305.1	305.4	305.0	305.8	305.5	307.4	311.1	305.3
Employed	279.8	279.5	280.2	280.6	281.0	281.0	281.8	281.9	282.4	281.9	282.9	287.5	283.1
Unemployed	24.4	24.2	24.6	24.5	23.3	24.1	23.6	23.1	23.4	23.6	24.5	23.6	22.2
Unemployment rate	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.7	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	8.0	7.6	7.3
Arizona													
Civilian labor force	1,954.8	1,965.7	1,975.7	1,978.4	1,979.3	1,988.3	2,005.0	2,010.6	2,014.7	2,018.2	2,023.4	2,030.4	2,043.2
Employed	1,836.6	1,846.1	1,853.0	1,852.2	1,849.3	1,857.3	1,872.2	1,878.2	1,884.1	1,891.2	1,898.5	1,923.0	1,950.3
Unemployed	118.2	119.6	122.7	126.1	130.0	131.0	132.8	132.4	130.6	127.0	124.9	107.4	92.9
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.2	5.3	4.5
Arkansas													
Civilian labor force	1,182.7	1,190.6	1,196.9	1,202.4	1,208.4	1,212.7	1,216.0	1,218.3	1,221.9	1,224.6	1,227.2	1,224.5	1,226.7
Employed	1,117.5	1,124.3	1,130.9	1,135.7	1,141.5	1,146.5	1,151.1	1,155.6	1,159.1	1,162.3	1,165.1	1,158.5	1,158.9
Unemployed	65.3	66.3	65.9	66.7	66.8	66.1	64.9	62.6	62.8	62.2	62.1	66.0	67.8
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.5
California¹													
Civilian labor force	15,564.0	15,512.2	15,503.5	15,517.3	15,268.5	15,331.0	15,409.4	15,455.5	15,586.4	15,489.4	15,431.6	15,371.0	15,331.6
Employed	14,159.4	14,152.5	14,065.0	14,199.4	13,974.6	13,989.1	14,071.3	14,175.1	14,365.8	14,275.1	14,246.5	14,109.7	14,209.3
Unemployed	1,404.6	1,359.7	1,438.5	1,317.9	1,293.9	1,341.9	1,338.1	1,280.4	1,220.6	1,214.3	1,185.1	1,261.3	1,122.3
Unemployment rate	9.0	8.8	9.3	8.5	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.3	7.8	7.8	7.7	8.2	7.3
Colorado													
Civilian labor force	1,952.3	1,957.3	1,967.2	1,976.5	1,985.4	2,001.6	2,017.8	2,025.7	2,036.3	2,041.3	2,046.0	2,070.9	2,074.6
Employed	1,861.7	1,868.9	1,878.6	1,889.6	1,900.8	1,918.0	1,933.9	1,944.3	1,957.4	1,964.4	1,973.1	1,995.0	2,010.6
Unemployed	90.6	88.5	88.6	86.9	84.5	83.6	83.9	81.4	78.8	76.9	72.9	76.0	64.0
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.1
Connecticut													
Civilian labor force	1,739.3	1,734.5	1,730.6	1,726.3	1,723.1	1,720.2	1,721.2	1,721.4	1,719.6	1,718.6	1,716.1	1,753.9	1,756.9
Employed	1,638.5	1,634.4	1,635.1	1,631.1	1,628.6	1,627.3	1,626.9	1,625.8	1,624.8	1,624.6	1,623.3	1,661.7	1,662.4
Unemployed	100.7	100.1	95.5	95.3	94.5	92.9	94.3	95.6	94.8	94.0	92.8	92.2	94.5
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.4
Delaware													
Civilian labor force	382.5	383.8	383.9	384.3	384.8	385.0	384.7	384.0	384.4	385.0	384.9	381.7	383.9
Employed	361.5	362.9	363.7	364.6	366.0	366.2	367.0	366.4	366.9	367.4	367.7	365.8	369.9
Unemployed	20.9	20.9	20.2	19.7	18.8	18.7	17.7	17.7	17.5	17.7	17.2	15.9	14.0
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.2	3.7
District of Columbia													
Civilian labor force	311.7	313.0	315.1	314.6	315.1	317.0	314.6	314.0	315.1	317.6	313.8	308.8	311.6
Employed	285.7	286.9	290.0	289.0	288.7	290.0	288.6	288.4	289.7	291.4	287.6	284.9	287.7
Unemployed	25.9	26.2	25.1	25.6	26.4	27.0	26.1	25.6	25.4	26.1	26.2	23.9	23.9
Unemployment rate	8.3	8.4	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.3	7.8	7.7
Florida¹													
Civilian labor force	6,708.8	6,788.9	6,793.1	6,810.8	6,794.3	6,776.2	6,779.3	6,872.7	6,881.5	6,947.6	6,935.4	6,859.7	6,762.1
Employed	6,313.9	6,303.7	6,303.0	6,344.5	6,365.4	6,350.9	6,390.9	6,426.6	6,433.9	6,480.1	6,492.0	6,459.9	6,461.1
Unemployed	394.9	485.2	490.1	466.3	428.9	425.3	388.4	446.1	447.6	467.5	443.4	399.8	301.0
Unemployment rate	5.9	7.1	7.2	6.8	6.3	6.3	5.7	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.4	5.8	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE LABOR FORCE DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
Georgia													
Civilian labor force	3,527.4	3,531.6	3,544.0	3,551.8	3,563.1	3,575.1	3,576.3	3,586.1	3,597.4	3,608.3	3,608.6	3,611.1	3,618.2
Employed	3,340.2	3,349.5	3,360.0	3,365.6	3,377.7	3,378.8	3,392.0	3,402.2	3,413.0	3,428.9	3,431.6	3,451.2	3,455.5
Unemployed	187.2	182.0	184.0	186.2	185.4	196.4	184.3	183.9	184.3	179.4	177.1	159.9	162.7
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.4	4.5
Hawaii													
Civilian labor force	581.8	581.4	583.4	583.3	582.3	583.8	583.5	584.0	584.3	583.8	582.7	582.0	577.0
Employed	550.5	549.0	549.5	548.4	547.1	545.7	545.4	546.5	546.9	547.6	547.6	549.3	548.3
Unemployed	31.2	32.4	34.0	34.9	35.3	38.1	38.1	37.5	37.4	36.2	35.1	32.7	28.7
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.0
Idaho													
Civilian labor force	584.5	586.1	587.1	589.2	590.5	591.6	591.1	594.4	596.4	598.3	600.0	599.8	598.3
Employed	552.4	554.6	556.5	557.8	558.7	559.4	559.8	560.6	561.0	562.4	563.0	567.6	563.9
Unemployed	32.1	31.5	30.6	31.4	31.9	32.3	31.3	33.8	35.4	35.9	37.1	32.2	34.4
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.2	5.4	5.8
Illinois¹													
Civilian labor force	6,009.4	6,014.7	6,042.2	6,023.7	6,011.4	5,973.1	5,978.5	5,958.9	6,016.1	5,991.4	5,969.0	6,015.2	6,111.3
Employed	5,630.9	5,651.7	5,699.0	5,676.9	5,705.2	5,633.0	5,644.5	5,629.9	5,661.0	5,684.1	5,687.9	5,697.3	5,789.9
Unemployed	378.5	363.0	343.2	346.8	306.2	340.1	334.0	329.0	355.1	307.3	281.1	317.9	321.4
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.1	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.9	5.1	4.7	5.3	5.3
Indiana													
Civilian labor force	3,013.7	3,018.4	3,025.4	3,041.9	3,039.7	3,037.1	3,044.8	3,081.1	3,102.6	3,128.2	3,149.6	3,171.1	3,141.2
Employed	2,859.2	2,865.9	2,874.4	2,891.5	2,890.0	2,880.0	2,891.2	2,928.9	2,951.9	2,982.9	3,008.0	3,042.8	3,014.7
Unemployed	154.5	152.5	151.0	150.5	149.8	157.1	153.6	152.2	150.8	145.3	141.6	128.2	126.4
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.0	4.0
Iowa													
Civilian labor force	1,572.5	1,566.7	1,559.1	1,567.5	1,571.4	1,569.6	1,567.5	1,569.9	1,562.8	1,562.0	1,555.8	1,573.2	1,558.1
Employed	1,510.6	1,507.1	1,502.4	1,509.7	1,513.6	1,513.2	1,510.0	1,511.8	1,506.0	1,505.6	1,499.8	1,521.1	1,506.1
Unemployed	61.9	59.6	56.7	57.8	57.8	56.4	57.5	58.1	56.8	56.4	56.1	52.1	52.0
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.3
Kansas													
Civilian labor force	1,326.3	1,328.3	1,327.7	1,328.1	1,330.2	1,327.7	1,332.6	1,334.0	1,335.8	1,338.4	1,336.9	1,356.8	1,358.6
Employed	1,257.1	1,258.3	1,257.1	1,258.9	1,260.1	1,257.2	1,261.7	1,263.4	1,265.5	1,268.8	1,267.1	1,293.8	1,298.2
Unemployed	69.3	70.0	70.6	69.2	70.0	70.5	70.9	70.6	70.3	69.7	69.9	63.0	60.4
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.6	4.4
Kentucky													
Civilian labor force	1,804.4	1,806.5	1,807.3	1,815.5	1,817.7	1,829.2	1,833.4	1,838.5	1,844.6	1,846.7	1,853.5	1,872.3	1,887.6
Employed	1,699.9	1,706.5	1,708.6	1,717.6	1,719.7	1,729.4	1,737.6	1,742.6	1,749.4	1,754.5	1,762.3	1,782.2	1,800.5
Unemployed	104.6	100.0	98.7	97.9	98.0	99.8	95.8	95.9	95.1	92.2	91.2	90.0	87.1
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.6
Louisiana													
Civilian labor force	1,922.0	1,920.6	1,923.4	1,930.9	1,929.9	1,941.6	1,952.3	1,955.8	1,958.5	1,961.7	1,959.2	1,978.9	1,979.6
Employed	1,769.1	1,765.7	1,767.9	1,774.9	1,773.8	1,785.3	1,794.8	1,798.3	1,798.7	1,803.3	1,803.8	1,846.1	1,845.0
Unemployed	153.0	154.9	155.5	156.0	156.2	156.3	157.5	157.5	159.8	158.4	155.4	132.8	134.6
Unemployment rate	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.1	7.9	6.7	6.8
Maine													
Civilian labor force	618.7	616.8	614.6	609.6	610.1	609.9	609.2	608.7	609.1	608.8	609.2	619.7	623.0
Employed	570.4	569.4	568.2	567.1	566.3	565.6	564.7	564.3	564.8	566.1	567.1	584.9	588.9
Unemployed	48.4	47.4	46.4	42.5	43.8	44.3	44.5	44.4	44.4	42.8	42.1	34.8	34.1
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.0	6.9	5.6	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE LABOR FORCE DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^P
Maryland													
Civilian labor force	2,671.1	2,675.0	2,676.0	2,684.6	2,690.8	2,694.2	2,696.5	2,703.9	2,709.0	2,711.2	2,712.7	2,708.2	2,700.1
Employed	2,525.2	2,533.1	2,540.2	2,545.9	2,554.1	2,558.0	2,561.5	2,569.4	2,577.0	2,581.1	2,582.8	2,576.3	2,572.7
Unemployed	145.9	141.9	135.9	138.7	136.7	136.3	135.0	134.6	131.9	130.1	129.9	132.0	127.4
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.7
Massachusetts¹													
Civilian labor force	3,151.1	3,164.0	3,151.6	3,169.5	3,170.6	3,204.7	3,184.3	3,194.9	3,201.0	3,180.8	3,193.6	3,221.1	3,202.3
Employed	2,952.3	2,974.1	2,960.8	2,984.4	2,981.7	3,014.0	2,997.5	3,018.8	2,997.5	3,005.4	3,014.1	3,027.5	3,030.2
Unemployed	198.8	189.9	190.8	185.1	188.9	190.7	186.8	176.1	203.5	175.4	179.5	193.6	172.1
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.0	6.1	5.8	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.4	5.5	5.6	6.0	5.4
Michigan¹													
Civilian labor force	4,781.9	4,747.5	4,801.1	4,748.6	4,724.4	4,726.6	4,715.8	4,772.1	4,779.2	4,741.6	4,719.6	4,721.2	4,720.2
Employed	4,411.3	4,435.7	4,516.6	4,470.7	4,459.4	4,451.7	4,431.6	4,512.7	4,535.3	4,516.7	4,503.8	4,462.7	4,457.0
Unemployed	370.6	311.8	284.5	277.9	265.0	274.9	284.2	259.4	243.9	224.9	215.8	258.6	263.3
Unemployment rate	7.8	6.6	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.8	6.0	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.6	5.5	5.6
Minnesota													
Civilian labor force	2,534.7	2,529.2	2,541.1	2,566.7	2,559.4	2,558.9	2,576.5	2,584.4	2,596.5	2,600.9	2,613.6	2,637.4	2,643.2
Employed	2,424.6	2,423.7	2,437.9	2,463.8	2,457.1	2,457.4	2,475.1	2,482.6	2,494.8	2,504.7	2,516.9	2,545.4	2,553.2
Unemployed	110.2	105.5	103.2	102.9	102.3	101.5	101.3	101.7	101.7	96.3	96.7	92.0	90.0
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.4
Mississippi													
Civilian labor force	1,236.6	1,239.9	1,247.0	1,252.1	1,257.8	1,261.4	1,264.1	1,261.3	1,266.6	1,266.3	1,269.3	1,266.8	1,253.8
Employed	1,155.1	1,159.0	1,164.5	1,169.8	1,174.8	1,178.8	1,181.8	1,180.8	1,181.4	1,178.1	1,183.2	1,192.7	1,190.8
Unemployed	81.5	80.9	82.5	82.4	83.1	82.7	82.3	80.5	85.2	88.3	86.1	74.1	63.0
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.7	7.0	6.8	5.8	5.0
Missouri													
Civilian labor force	2,667.7	2,672.9	2,677.3	2,680.0	2,686.1	2,692.0	2,699.4	2,709.1	2,721.1	2,728.0	2,736.5	2,768.5	2,779.9
Employed	2,519.7	2,530.6	2,541.2	2,547.7	2,559.6	2,567.9	2,575.7	2,586.8	2,599.1	2,607.5	2,614.7	2,652.6	2,659.0
Unemployed	148.0	142.3	136.1	132.3	126.5	124.1	123.7	122.2	122.0	120.5	121.9	115.9	120.9
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.3
Montana													
Civilian labor force	431.8	433.1	434.7	435.4	435.6	437.8	439.7	439.7	440.9	442.9	442.2	441.5	442.5
Employed	408.8	410.8	412.8	413.9	414.5	416.3	418.0	417.7	419.0	421.1	419.9	419.8	417.9
Unemployed	22.9	22.3	21.9	21.5	21.1	21.4	21.7	22.0	21.8	21.8	22.3	21.7	24.6
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.6
Nebraska													
Civilian labor force	875.1	874.1	873.6	874.9	875.3	875.7	875.6	877.7	878.3	880.9	879.6	876.0	881.2
Employed	850.0	849.2	849.3	850.2	850.0	850.7	850.6	851.9	852.4	855.5	853.4	855.9	861.8
Unemployed	25.1	24.9	24.3	24.7	25.4	25.0	25.0	25.8	25.9	25.4	26.2	20.1	19.4
Unemployment rate	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.3	2.2
Nevada													
Civilian labor force	767.5	769.1	772.1	774.3	777.2	780.3	784.4	786.8	789.0	791.4	792.7	789.3	789.1
Employed	717.8	720.9	724.2	726.7	729.6	733.1	736.7	739.4	741.4	743.8	745.9	743.9	743.2
Unemployed	49.7	48.2	47.9	47.6	47.6	47.1	47.7	47.5	47.6	47.6	46.8	45.4	45.9
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.8
New Hampshire													
Civilian labor force	623.3	625.3	626.1	625.4	628.4	629.8	629.8	630.1	630.9	632.8	630.8	637.7	641.3
Employed	590.9	594.3	596.0	595.7	599.1	601.1	602.1	603.1	604.4	606.8	604.6	611.6	615.4
Unemployed	32.5	31.0	30.2	29.7	29.2	28.7	27.7	27.1	26.6	26.0	26.1	26.1	25.8
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE LABOR FORCE DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	1994											1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^o
New Jersey¹													
Civilian labor force	3,973.0	3,964.4	3,946.4	3,904.3	3,972.6	4,007.4	4,032.4	4,041.9	4,039.7	4,008.6	3,999.2	4,009.0	4,005.7
Employed	3,686.2	3,658.7	3,663.6	3,634.2	3,695.0	3,745.0	3,781.1	3,774.1	3,769.1	3,748.1	3,750.1	3,719.7	3,761.9
Unemployed	286.8	305.7	282.8	270.1	277.6	262.4	251.3	267.8	270.6	260.5	249.1	289.3	243.9
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.7	7.2	6.9	7.0	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.2	7.2	6.1
New Mexico													
Civilian labor force	763.8	764.0	764.3	765.9	766.8	769.5	770.4	773.5	777.0	779.3	782.0	791.1	790.0
Employed	712.4	713.5	715.2	717.0	719.9	722.9	724.5	727.7	731.1	733.6	736.1	744.3	744.6
Unemployed	51.4	50.5	49.1	48.9	46.9	46.6	45.9	45.8	45.9	45.7	45.9	46.8	45.4
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.7
New York¹													
Civilian labor force	8,555.2	8,622.3	8,589.4	8,494.3	8,564.2	8,642.7	8,580.0	8,550.6	8,559.3	8,540.6	8,565.3	8,438.1	8,521.5
Employed	7,891.7	7,941.2	7,916.9	7,939.0	7,962.8	8,038.7	7,993.2	8,012.1	8,007.5	8,004.8	8,079.9	7,933.7	7,998.1
Unemployed	663.5	681.1	672.5	555.3	601.4	604.0	586.8	538.5	551.8	535.8	485.4	504.4	523.5
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.9	7.8	6.5	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.3	6.4	6.3	5.7	6.0	6.1
North Carolina¹													
Civilian labor force	3,591.4	3,576.0	3,591.5	3,589.0	3,577.7	3,584.7	3,625.7	3,646.1	3,635.4	3,655.1	3,680.9	3,655.0	3,646.2
Employed	3,407.0	3,419.9	3,444.7	3,438.8	3,438.9	3,421.2	3,446.5	3,468.7	3,464.5	3,505.6	3,555.7	3,515.4	3,477.7
Unemployed	184.4	156.1	146.8	149.2	138.8	163.5	179.2	177.4	170.9	149.5	125.2	139.5	168.5
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.1	3.4	3.8	4.6
North Dakota													
Civilian labor force	337.5	337.2	336.6	336.8	337.1	337.5	337.4	336.9	336.7	335.8	336.6	334.7	332.3
Employed	323.4	323.5	323.8	323.9	324.0	324.3	324.6	324.4	324.3	324.5	324.1	322.4	320.9
Unemployed	14.1	13.7	12.8	12.8	13.2	13.2	12.8	12.5	12.4	11.3	12.4	12.3	11.3
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.4
Ohio¹													
Civilian labor force	5,592.6	5,566.9	5,527.6	5,573.4	5,531.9	5,480.5	5,472.0	5,515.6	5,544.6	5,570.0	5,572.2	5,494.5	5,567.7
Employed	5,291.8	5,234.4	5,184.0	5,216.0	5,220.9	5,168.2	5,176.7	5,220.2	5,268.8	5,304.6	5,321.8	5,274.3	5,343.9
Unemployed	300.8	332.5	343.6	357.4	311.0	312.3	295.3	295.4	275.8	265.4	250.4	220.3	223.9
Unemployment rate	5.4	6.0	6.2	6.4	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.0	4.0
Oklahoma													
Civilian labor force	1,534.8	1,535.1	1,537.7	1,540.3	1,538.2	1,544.6	1,542.4	1,543.1	1,546.0	1,548.2	1,545.9	1,548.1	1,550.3
Employed	1,442.4	1,443.6	1,445.7	1,448.6	1,448.0	1,455.5	1,453.2	1,454.8	1,457.1	1,460.1	1,459.8	1,468.7	1,471.7
Unemployed	92.4	91.5	92.0	91.7	90.1	89.1	89.2	88.2	88.9	88.1	86.1	79.3	78.6
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1
Oregon													
Civilian labor force	1,623.9	1,631.9	1,634.3	1,643.3	1,648.5	1,653.5	1,656.6	1,655.9	1,652.2	1,649.8	1,642.1	1,655.2	1,660.7
Employed	1,527.1	1,537.8	1,543.4	1,552.5	1,558.9	1,567.0	1,570.0	1,570.7	1,567.6	1,566.4	1,560.8	1,571.5	1,577.8
Unemployed	96.7	94.1	90.9	90.8	89.7	86.5	86.6	85.2	84.5	83.3	81.3	83.6	82.8
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.0
Pennsylvania¹													
Civilian labor force	5,764.4	5,894.8	5,864.3	5,883.5	5,933.2	5,876.2	5,839.2	5,791.4	5,769.5	5,713.5	5,792.0	5,792.3	5,803.7
Employed	5,457.7	5,495.5	5,480.3	5,519.4	5,577.2	5,502.3	5,477.4	5,411.9	5,424.2	5,365.1	5,444.6	5,451.5	5,478.8
Unemployed	306.7	399.3	384.0	364.1	356.0	373.9	361.8	379.5	345.3	348.4	347.4	340.8	324.9
Unemployment rate	5.3	6.8	6.5	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.2	6.6	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.6
Rhode Island													
Civilian labor force	510.9	510.1	507.0	506.1	506.7	505.9	506.0	503.8	502.4	501.2	499.1	504.4	501.5
Employed	473.2	472.6	471.8	470.3	470.7	469.5	469.6	468.1	467.4	467.1	466.2	471.2	471.1
Unemployed	37.7	37.5	35.2	35.9	36.0	36.5	36.4	35.8	35.0	34.1	32.8	33.2	30.3
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.3	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	1994												1995	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^a	
South Carolina														
Civilian labor force	1,824.1	1,822.6	1,823.3	1,824.4	1,827.2	1,827.8	1,829.7	1,832.3	1,835.3	1,835.5	1,832.7	1,836.3	1,843.6	
Employed	1,696.5	1,698.1	1,702.1	1,706.5	1,712.8	1,715.6	1,719.0	1,723.0	1,727.2	1,731.1	1,732.5	1,737.7	1,750.2	
Unemployed	127.6	124.4	121.2	117.9	114.4	112.2	110.7	109.3	108.1	104.4	100.2	98.6	93.5	
Unemployment rate	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.1	
South Dakota														
Civilian labor force	369.6	370.7	371.8	372.7	374.2	375.2	375.7	376.4	377.3	378.0	378.2	380.0	379.4	
Employed	357.0	358.3	359.7	360.7	362.2	363.3	364.0	364.5	365.4	366.3	366.5	367.7	368.4	
Unemployed	12.6	12.4	12.0	12.0	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.9	11.8	11.7	11.7	12.3	11.1	
Unemployment rate	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9	
Tennessee														
Civilian labor force	2,602.9	2,621.3	2,637.0	2,650.9	2,669.5	2,685.3	2,690.8	2,696.8	2,704.9	2,721.0	2,706.7	2,648.9	2,651.1	
Employed	2,465.8	2,486.9	2,506.0	2,520.9	2,539.2	2,554.9	2,563.2	2,575.1	2,585.4	2,604.7	2,598.2	2,542.1	2,542.8	
Unemployed	137.1	134.4	131.0	130.0	130.2	130.4	127.6	121.7	119.5	116.3	108.5	106.8	108.3	
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.1	
Texas¹														
Civilian labor force	9,319.1	9,313.0	9,359.7	9,374.8	9,406.0	9,473.4	9,406.9	9,340.1	9,398.0	9,474.1	9,437.3	9,463.5	9,511.6	
Employed	8,673.8	8,629.0	8,753.7	8,748.3	8,782.5	8,841.6	8,792.9	8,754.1	8,836.4	8,936.6	8,868.6	8,918.9	9,030.3	
Unemployed	645.3	684.0	606.0	626.5	623.5	631.8	614.0	586.0	561.6	537.5	568.7	544.6	481.2	
Unemployment rate	6.9	7.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.8	5.1	
Utah														
Civilian labor force	955.4	960.5	965.1	969.2	973.0	977.2	981.1	984.6	987.1	990.0	993.5	984.8	990.4	
Employed	921.6	925.9	929.9	933.3	936.7	940.2	943.9	947.3	950.0	952.6	956.4	949.0	952.2	
Unemployed	33.8	34.6	35.2	35.9	36.3	37.0	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.4	37.1	35.8	38.2	
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.9	
Vermont														
Civilian labor force	320.4	322.5	320.6	320.4	319.5	319.2	319.2	319.7	319.8	319.8	319.6	322.8	322.7	
Employed	304.8	307.2	305.5	305.3	304.6	304.4	304.1	304.9	305.2	305.5	305.5	309.1	309.0	
Unemployed	15.6	15.3	15.1	15.1	14.9	14.8	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.3	14.0	13.7	13.8	
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	
Virginia														
Civilian labor force	3,387.4	3,400.0	3,414.3	3,413.3	3,415.3	3,421.8	3,434.0	3,438.6	3,443.5	3,450.3	3,456.4	3,516.6	3,513.7	
Employed	3,221.6	3,234.3	3,248.5	3,246.1	3,246.6	3,251.0	3,263.4	3,270.6	3,276.5	3,286.0	3,292.1	3,355.6	3,368.6	
Unemployed	165.8	165.7	165.9	167.2	168.6	170.8	170.6	168.1	166.9	164.3	164.4	161.0	145.2	
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.1	
Washington														
Civilian labor force	2,716.1	2,708.6	2,701.2	2,696.5	2,698.7	2,696.2	2,703.8	2,705.3	2,709.3	2,715.7	2,718.7	2,754.8	2,756.0	
Employed	2,529.9	2,526.1	2,520.3	2,516.8	2,523.5	2,525.9	2,535.0	2,538.7	2,544.0	2,551.0	2,556.3	2,599.9	2,594.7	
Unemployed	186.3	182.5	180.9	179.7	175.2	170.3	168.8	166.6	165.3	164.7	162.4	154.9	161.3	
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.6	5.9	
West Virginia														
Civilian labor force	786.8	786.7	785.6	792.5	785.3	781.8	785.2	783.3	786.1	795.4	789.8	790.7	795.0	
Employed	708.3	712.0	714.2	722.5	715.7	713.9	718.1	719.0	720.6	730.3	724.3	728.7	730.2	
Unemployed	78.6	74.7	71.3	70.0	69.6	67.9	67.1	64.3	65.4	65.1	65.6	62.1	64.8	
Unemployment rate	10.0	9.5	9.1	8.8	8.9	8.7	8.5	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	7.8	8.2	
Wisconsin														
Civilian labor force	2,789.2	2,791.1	2,789.1	2,790.0	2,794.6	2,801.0	2,800.3	2,803.9	2,801.7	2,802.2	2,799.9	2,812.3	2,810.5	
Employed	2,649.9	2,657.4	2,657.7	2,660.6	2,664.7	2,669.1	2,669.2	2,672.9	2,671.0	2,672.0	2,668.6	2,701.5	2,708.0	
Unemployed	139.3	133.8	131.3	129.4	129.9	131.9	131.0	131.0	130.8	130.2	131.3	110.8	102.5	
Unemployment rate	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	3.9	3.6	
Wyoming														
Civilian labor force	246.5	247.2	247.4	248.1	249.1	249.7	250.3	250.3	250.8	251.3	252.1	253.0	253.5	
Employed	232.6	233.5	234.2	235.0	235.9	236.7	237.6	237.9	238.2	238.9	239.6	242.0	242.8	
Unemployed	13.9	13.7	13.2	13.1	13.2	13.0	12.7	12.4	12.6	12.4	12.5	11.0	10.7	
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.3	4.2	

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

^a = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available.

**STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^P
Alabama	2,004.5	2,047.8	2,052.7	142.6	119.7	127.0	7.1	5.8	6.2
Birmingham	427.8	439.4	440.3	21.1	18.1	19.5	4.9	4.1	4.4
Huntsville	162.2	161.1	161.0	10.4	7.8	7.9	6.4	4.8	4.9
Mobile	243.8	253.8	255.0	17.7	16.1	16.6	7.3	6.3	6.5
Montgomery	148.0	151.9	151.9	7.9	7.8	8.1	5.3	5.1	5.3
Tuscaloosa	74.5	75.3	76.1	4.0	3.6	4.0	5.4	4.8	5.3
Alaska	299.3	303.3	300.2	29.3	28.4	26.7	9.8	9.4	8.9
Anchorage	134.5	137.6	134.4	9.6	9.3	8.4	7.1	6.8	6.2
Arizona	1,936.2	2,008.5	2,024.6	113.5	108.6	88.0	5.9	5.4	4.3
Phoenix-Mesa	1,243.6	1,284.1	1,295.0	59.8	54.2	42.3	4.8	4.2	3.3
Tucson	340.7	363.0	366.5	14.3	14.4	11.7	4.2	4.0	3.2
Arkansas	1,163.0	1,192.0	1,206.8	69.4	70.6	71.9	6.0	5.9	6.0
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	123.9	130.5	132.9	3.5	3.7	3.8	2.8	2.9	2.8
Fort Smith	90.5	93.4	93.5	5.6	6.0	5.6	6.2	6.4	6.0
Little Rock-North Little Rock	278.7	286.9	289.1	12.5	11.6	11.7	4.5	4.0	4.0
Pine Bluff	36.6	37.1	37.6	3.1	3.2	3.4	8.4	8.7	8.9
California¹	15,571.6	15,274.2	15,344.9	1,526.6	1,324.7	1,247.4	9.8	8.7	8.1
Bakersfield	272.9	259.6	259.7	45.7	38.0	39.2	16.7	14.7	15.1
Fresno	422.6	407.3	407.9	72.6	63.0	65.3	17.2	15.5	16.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹	4,355.9	4,329.0	4,375.0	423.2	386.0	346.0	9.7	8.9	7.9
Modesto	196.3	190.6	191.3	36.6	30.3	31.7	18.7	15.9	16.6
Oakland	1,146.4	1,118.1	1,127.5	80.1	69.0	65.5	7.0	6.2	5.8
Orange County	1,354.2	1,327.6	1,330.3	90.2	72.0	67.9	6.7	5.4	5.1
Riverside-San Bernardino	1,290.3	1,272.7	1,269.5	137.1	112.4	106.1	10.6	8.8	8.4
Sacramento	737.9	704.0	704.4	61.9	53.5	49.6	8.4	7.6	7.0
Salinas	178.6	174.9	176.2	34.1	31.1	29.6	19.1	17.8	16.8
San Diego	1,254.1	1,219.8	1,224.4	99.7	82.8	78.8	7.9	6.8	6.4
San Francisco	927.2	902.3	900.0	58.3	48.8	46.9	6.3	5.4	5.2
San Jose	875.6	840.0	843.1	63.0	49.5	47.0	7.2	5.9	5.6
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	197.6	195.7	195.2	18.1	16.3	15.0	9.1	8.3	7.7
Santa Rosa	226.7	226.8	227.6	16.4	16.5	14.4	7.3	7.3	6.3
Stockton-Lodi	241.9	235.7	238.7	38.0	31.9	32.1	15.7	13.5	13.4
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	234.3	231.9	232.7	20.0	19.5	17.7	8.5	8.4	7.6
Ventura	390.3	379.5	378.0	34.2	31.3	25.4	8.8	8.2	6.7
Colorado	1,922.4	2,047.8	2,044.6	108.1	91.4	81.7	5.6	4.5	4.0
Boulder-Longmont	149.4	161.2	161.6	7.0	6.5	5.8	4.7	4.0	3.6
Denver	982.1	1,039.0	1,034.4	51.0	41.8	37.5	5.2	4.0	3.6
Connecticut	1,709.7	1,726.3	1,727.4	106.2	99.5	99.9	6.2	5.8	5.8
Bridgeport	218.8	222.3	220.8	15.4	14.1	14.3	7.0	6.3	6.5
Danbury	109.1	110.8	110.9	5.4	4.7	4.6	4.9	4.2	4.2
Hartford	602.4	605.9	604.4	39.8	37.8	37.9	6.6	6.2	6.3
New Haven-Meriden	269.8	269.7	273.3	16.2	15.0	14.8	6.0	5.6	5.4
New London-Norwich	146.4	148.6	149.6	8.8	8.2	8.4	6.0	5.5	5.6
Stamford-Newark	182.4	184.3	184.0	7.4	7.6	7.5	4.1	4.1	4.1
Waterbury	114.1	116.9	116.7	8.9	7.9	8.2	7.8	6.8	7.0
Delaware	380.7	380.8	382.2	24.0	18.7	17.1	6.3	4.9	4.5
Dover	68.2	68.0	67.9	5.2	3.6	3.5	7.6	5.3	5.1
Wilmington-Newark	287.8	287.2	288.6	18.0	13.5	13.1	6.3	4.7	4.5
District of Columbia	307.5	305.0	307.5	27.1	25.4	25.0	8.8	8.3	8.1
Washington	2,538.9	2,601.3	2,599.1	115.2	109.7	103.5	4.5	4.2	4.0
Florida¹	6,641.2	6,777.8	6,698.8	383.4	432.0	286.9	5.8	6.4	4.3
Daytona Beach	185.4	188.1	189.2	10.2	11.5	7.1	5.5	6.1	3.8
Fort Lauderdale	692.2	711.6	701.7	39.9	46.8	30.9	5.8	6.6	4.4
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	164.3	168.2	165.9	7.5	8.8	5.4	4.5	5.2	3.3
Gainesville	98.0	100.6	101.9	3.3	4.0	2.9	3.4	3.9	2.8
Jacksonville	477.8	487.1	485.2	23.0	25.6	18.8	4.8	5.3	3.9
Lakeland-Winter Haven	196.4	200.9	198.2	13.4	13.3	9.5	6.8	6.6	4.8
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	203.1	204.8	201.5	13.5	15.0	9.3	6.6	7.3	4.6
Miami	1,014.4	1,023.8	1,001.8	66.2	81.7	52.2	6.7	8.0	5.2
Orlando	722.0	754.7	745.9	37.6	42.4	28.0	5.2	5.6	3.8
Pensacola	162.5	163.5	163.0	7.6	8.5	6.0	4.7	5.2	3.7
Sarasota-Bradenton	221.3	232.2	230.5	9.7	10.2	7.5	4.4	4.4	3.3
Tallahassee	136.9	137.9	139.1	5.3	5.8	4.7	3.9	4.2	3.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,055.7	1,078.2	1,067.2	54.2	60.1	39.2	5.1	5.6	3.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	446.4	453.1	447.3	30.5	33.7	21.9	6.8	7.4	4.9

See footnotes at end of table.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Georgia	3,510.3	3,576.4	3,600.2	190.4	152.8	165.4	5.4	4.3	4.6
Albany	53.2	53.5	53.8	4.1	3.0	3.2	7.8	5.5	5.9
Athens	65.7	67.1	68.5	2.8	2.1	2.4	4.2	3.1	3.5
Atlanta	1,818.4	1,867.2	1,882.6	87.7	72.3	78.1	4.8	3.9	4.2
Augusta-Aiken	201.6	200.3	201.3	13.8	10.5	10.9	6.9	5.2	5.4
Columbus	111.1	113.4	113.6	7.2	5.5	6.4	6.5	4.9	5.7
Macon	139.4	141.7	142.2	7.5	6.5	6.6	5.4	4.6	4.6
Savannah	125.4	126.8	126.9	7.7	6.0	6.5	6.1	4.7	5.1
Hawaii	582.4	582.7	577.7	31.9	32.8	29.4	5.5	5.6	5.1
Honolulu	425.3	422.8	421.5	18.6	18.3	16.7	4.4	4.3	4.0
Idaho	577.2	582.8	591.0	39.5	40.5	41.9	6.8	6.8	7.1
Boise City	190.0	197.2	197.4	9.3	9.9	10.0	4.9	5.0	5.1
Illinois ¹	5,962.2	5,953.9	6,080.1	413.5	345.1	358.9	6.9	5.8	5.9
Bloomington-Normal	78.0	76.8	80.1	3.3	3.0	3.2	4.2	3.9	4.0
Champaign-Urbana	93.0	90.3	94.1	4.5	3.5	3.7	4.8	3.9	3.9
Chicago	3,935.6	3,939.2	4,007.3	258.5	213.7	223.9	6.6	5.4	5.6
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	182.5	179.1	180.8	10.9	9.4	9.8	6.0	5.3	5.4
Decatur	59.2	58.6	60.1	5.3	4.5	4.8	9.0	7.7	8.0
Kankakee	50.4	50.8	51.2	4.3	4.0	4.1	8.5	7.8	8.1
Peoria-Pekin	172.0	172.1	174.8	10.8	8.9	9.4	6.3	5.2	5.4
Rockford	183.4	182.5	184.3	15.5	10.0	10.2	8.4	5.5	5.5
Springfield	104.5	103.6	105.2	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.5
Indiana	2,975.1	3,119.0	3,102.6	171.2	142.7	142.8	5.8	4.6	4.6
Bloomington	61.9	64.7	64.8	3.4	2.4	2.2	5.6	3.7	3.4
Elkhart-Goshen	90.7	90.1	96.2	4.0	3.8	3.4	4.4	3.8	3.5
Evansville-Henderson	152.3	157.0	155.3	8.8	8.5	8.2	5.8	5.4	5.3
Fort Wayne	252.0	265.1	263.5	12.9	10.4	10.6	5.1	3.9	4.0
Gary	294.4	303.3	299.7	20.7	17.6	17.6	7.0	5.8	5.9
Indianapolis	781.3	818.1	813.0	35.5	30.7	30.6	4.5	3.7	3.8
Kokomo	50.8	52.6	52.5	2.6	2.2	2.3	5.1	4.2	4.4
Lafayette	85.9	90.3	91.8	3.8	3.0	3.0	4.4	3.3	3.3
Muncie	64.8	68.7	68.7	4.0	3.5	3.5	6.2	5.1	5.0
South Bend	131.1	134.2	133.9	6.9	5.6	5.7	5.2	4.2	4.2
Terre Haute	74.3	77.6	76.3	5.6	4.4	4.5	7.6	5.7	5.9
Iowa	1,561.0	1,560.7	1,545.0	73.4	63.9	61.7	4.7	4.1	4.0
Cedar Rapids	105.1	106.8	106.1	4.2	3.4	3.2	4.0	3.2	3.0
Des Moines	248.3	248.4	246.4	8.6	7.4	7.4	3.5	3.0	3.0
Dubuque	50.3	50.7	50.0	2.7	2.1	2.0	5.4	4.2	4.0
Iowa City	64.6	64.4	63.0	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.7	2.6	2.4
Sioux City	64.1	64.4	64.1	2.2	2.1	1.9	3.5	3.2	2.9
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	69.2	67.7	67.8	4.0	4.0	3.4	5.8	6.0	5.0
Kansas	1,312.4	1,342.1	1,344.3	73.4	71.6	64.3	5.6	5.3	4.8
Lawrence	49.4	50.1	50.7	2.6	2.6	2.2	5.2	5.2	4.4
Topeka	88.2	89.8	89.4	4.4	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.3	4.9
Wichita	265.8	269.0	269.7	17.5	15.2	14.1	6.6	5.6	5.2
Kentucky	1,776.8	1,841.4	1,856.8	123.1	102.9	102.4	6.9	5.6	5.5
Lexington	229.1	238.4	243.4	11.9	9.0	8.4	5.2	3.8	3.4
Louisville	509.4	529.1	530.2	31.3	22.1	21.8	6.2	4.2	4.1
Owensboro	45.7	49.6	50.2	2.7	2.8	2.7	5.9	5.5	5.5
Louisiana	1,891.7	1,943.8	1,949.6	154.7	153.1	136.2	8.2	7.9	7.0
Alexandria	54.9	57.0	57.5	4.2	4.2	3.9	7.7	7.4	6.8
Baton Rouge	270.5	276.9	282.4	19.7	19.1	17.2	7.3	6.9	6.1
Houma	77.0	79.7	79.8	5.7	5.6	5.1	7.5	7.0	6.4
Lafayette	154.7	158.9	160.2	11.9	12.1	10.9	7.7	7.6	6.8
Lake Charles	81.1	84.3	84.1	6.5	6.9	6.0	8.0	8.2	7.1
Monroe	64.7	65.8	66.5	5.0	4.7	4.4	7.7	7.2	6.6
New Orleans	590.0	603.9	604.0	42.2	41.5	37.3	7.1	6.9	6.2
Shreveport-Bossier City	169.8	176.7	176.3	14.1	14.5	12.5	8.3	8.2	7.1
Maine	609.8	611.4	613.5	58.9	44.1	44.7	9.7	7.2	7.3
Lewiston-Auburn	49.4	50.2	50.4	4.7	3.4	3.5	9.5	6.8	7.0
Portland	116.5	119.3	119.4	7.9	5.4	5.3	6.8	4.5	4.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
Maryland	2,640.4	2,677.8	2,669.1	155.1	134.9	136.3	5.9	5.0	5.1
Baltimore	1,196.4	1,207.0	1,201.3	80.6	68.1	68.6	6.7	5.6	5.7
Massachusetts ¹	3,133.4	3,187.1	3,183.3	223.9	210.5	196.4	7.1	6.6	6.2
Barnstable-Yarmouth	63.7	65.3	64.7	7.7	6.9	6.2	12.1	10.5	9.6
Boston	1,730.5	1,762.7	1,761.1	102.7	98.6	92.2	5.9	5.6	5.2
Brockton	121.4	125.8	126.0	9.8	8.9	8.4	8.1	7.1	6.6
Fitchburg-Leominster	67.2	69.1	69.2	5.1	5.0	4.5	7.6	7.2	6.6
Lawrence	187.4	191.7	190.5	15.3	13.1	12.4	8.1	6.8	6.5
Lowell	152.2	151.8	151.3	11.2	10.2	9.4	7.3	6.7	6.2
New Bedford	84.7	85.7	85.3	11.0	10.4	9.8	13.0	12.2	11.5
Pittsfield	40.0	40.6	40.6	4.0	3.6	3.4	9.9	9.0	8.3
Springfield	282.6	283.6	285.0	22.4	20.5	19.3	7.9	7.2	6.8
Worcester	246.3	253.0	253.6	15.8	14.6	14.0	6.4	5.8	5.5
Michigan ¹	4,731.3	4,695.0	4,668.5	400.1	294.2	291.6	8.5	6.3	6.2
Ann Arbor	277.3	271.1	272.0	15.6	11.4	10.5	5.6	4.2	3.9
Benton Harbor	82.0	81.2	80.4	7.3	5.2	5.3	8.9	6.4	6.6
Detroit	2,126.1	2,119.0	2,100.0	168.8	122.5	114.3	7.9	5.8	5.4
Flint	201.3	203.4	202.0	21.4	14.3	14.6	10.7	7.0	7.2
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	522.9	522.1	518.8	35.6	25.4	25.5	6.8	4.9	4.9
Jackson	73.5	72.2	71.6	6.6	4.4	4.6	9.0	6.1	6.4
Kalamazoo-Battle-Creek	224.9	222.4	221.3	16.2	12.3	12.9	7.2	5.5	5.8
Lansing-East Lansing	234.9	226.6	229.0	14.4	10.4	10.6	6.1	4.6	4.6
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	192.4	192.4	190.6	17.5	13.1	14.1	9.1	6.8	7.4
Minnesota	2,518.1	2,619.7	2,626.7	127.8	114.6	107.4	5.1	4.4	4.1
Duluth-Superior	119.0	123.6	123.3	9.5	7.8	7.6	8.0	6.3	6.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,551.9	1,622.0	1,629.3	60.7	53.1	50.0	3.9	3.3	3.1
Rochester	64.3	64.6	64.2	2.7	2.4	2.1	4.2	3.7	3.3
St. Cloud	89.0	92.8	93.0	5.0	5.4	5.0	5.6	5.8	5.4
Mississippi	1,236.8	1,254.8	1,253.5	86.2	77.4	67.4	7.0	6.2	5.4
Jackson	208.1	215.7	217.1	9.5	8.3	7.1	4.6	3.8	3.3
Missouri	2,633.3	2,742.3	2,745.3	158.6	135.8	131.3	6.0	5.0	4.8
Kansas City	875.2	920.0	919.8	44.7	41.0	37.8	5.1	4.5	4.1
St. Louis LMA	1,258.4	1,297.5	1,305.9	69.8	61.6	60.1	5.5	4.7	4.6
Springfield	151.5	159.3	161.4	7.2	6.2	6.2	4.7	3.9	3.9
Montana	428.3	435.3	439.1	28.7	26.5	30.4	6.7	6.1	6.9
Nebraska	866.6	863.6	872.8	27.3	25.2	21.6	3.2	2.9	2.5
Lincoln	131.5	130.2	131.9	3.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	2.7	2.3
Omaha	356.4	359.4	361.0	12.1	10.5	9.2	3.4	2.9	2.5
Nevada	766.1	784.2	787.8	51.4	49.6	47.6	6.7	6.3	6.0
Las Vegas	563.5	580.8	582.7	36.9	34.9	33.5	6.5	6.0	5.7
Reno	159.6	162.0	162.5	10.2	10.6	9.4	6.4	6.6	5.8
New Hampshire	616.3	636.4	634.2	35.7	30.6	29.1	5.8	4.8	4.6
Manchester	97.6	98.8	98.2	5.4	4.5	4.7	5.5	4.6	4.8
Nashua	97.2	98.5	98.2	5.8	5.0	4.8	6.0	5.1	4.9
Portsmouth-Rochester	118.8	120.3	120.8	6.3	5.4	5.2	5.3	4.5	4.3
New Jersey ¹	3,942.1	3,992.0	3,975.2	304.0	298.0	261.4	7.7	7.5	6.6
Atlantic-Cape May	158.4	161.7	159.1	19.6	21.0	18.3	12.4	13.0	11.5
Bergen-Passaic	644.3	654.4	650.3	51.7	49.8	43.8	8.0	7.6	6.7
Jersey City	276.7	285.1	282.8	27.6	29.1	24.9	10.0	10.2	8.8
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	577.5	585.5	586.1	34.3	32.6	28.5	5.9	5.6	4.9
Monmouth-Ocean	474.3	482.9	481.2	36.0	34.4	30.4	7.6	7.1	6.3
Newark	976.5	982.6	976.0	75.7	72.3	62.8	7.8	7.4	6.4
Trenton	168.0	169.5	168.9	10.3	10.8	9.1	6.1	6.4	5.4
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	63.2	64.3	63.8	7.8	8.0	6.8	12.4	12.4	10.7
New Mexico	751.2	784.5	784.4	49.7	50.6	43.7	6.6	6.4	5.6
Albuquerque	321.4	341.6	341.5	16.8	13.7	12.4	5.1	4.0	3.6
Las Cruces	61.1	63.5	62.4	5.5	5.8	4.7	9.0	9.1	7.5
Santa Fe	71.7	74.7	74.3	2.7	3.2	2.6	3.8	4.3	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
New York	8,525.2	8,395.7	8,492.8	721.8	564.0	584.0	8.5	6.7	6.9
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	455.8	455.8	459.6	28.1	24.5	22.5	6.2	5.4	4.9
Binghamton	129.8	126.3	128.0	11.0	8.4	7.9	8.4	6.6	6.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	580.5	565.5	572.7	46.1	36.6	34.0	7.9	6.5	5.9
Dutchess County	118.3	115.7	117.5	10.3	6.7	6.4	8.7	5.8	5.4
Elmira	43.3	43.4	43.8	3.1	2.4	2.3	7.2	5.6	5.2
Glens Falls	61.3	60.6	61.7	6.3	5.4	5.1	10.2	9.0	8.3
Nassau-Suffolk	1,351.3	1,336.9	1,351.5	96.2	74.8	69.6	7.1	5.6	5.1
New York	3,770.8	3,719.0	3,761.2	355.2	269.0	311.0	9.4	7.2	8.3
New York City	3,146.3	3,099.0	3,136.0	315.8	238.0	282.0	10.0	7.7	9.0
Newburgh	166.7	167.8	168.5	11.7	9.9	9.1	7.0	5.9	5.4
Rochester	571.7	561.9	565.6	36.6	31.6	28.9	6.4	5.6	5.1
Syracuse	368.3	361.3	366.7	28.2	22.6	21.0	7.7	6.2	5.7
Utica-Rome	144.3	143.7	145.5	11.6	10.2	9.2	8.0	7.1	6.3
North Carolina	3,553.6	3,598.4	3,608.2	196.3	153.6	180.1	5.5	4.3	5.0
Asheville	104.4	104.5	104.7	5.3	4.6	5.3	5.1	4.4	5.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	683.9	702.0	703.2	32.5	23.8	26.9	4.8	3.4	3.8
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	602.4	620.2	619.9	28.0	20.1	24.2	4.7	3.2	3.9
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	545.3	553.9	556.5	20.8	15.4	18.5	3.8	2.8	3.3
North Dakota	328.7	321.9	323.0	15.9	14.8	12.9	4.9	4.6	4.0
Bismarck	48.5	47.7	47.4	2.4	2.4	2.0	4.9	5.0	4.2
Fargo-Moorhead	90.4	91.2	91.8	3.6	3.0	2.9	4.0	3.3	3.2
Grand Forks	65.5	66.1	66.5	2.5	2.3	2.1	3.8	3.6	3.1
Ohio	5,538.7	5,447.8	5,514.7	348.5	279.7	269.9	6.3	5.1	4.9
Akron	354.5	349.3	353.0	21.0	17.0	15.5	5.9	4.9	4.4
Canton-Massillon	197.7	194.8	197.2	13.5	10.5	10.7	6.8	5.4	5.4
Cincinnati	796.4	789.9	800.1	43.7	34.6	34.9	5.5	4.4	4.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,086.6	1,066.0	1,071.1	69.2	60.2	49.0	6.4	5.6	4.6
Columbus	769.1	751.6	762.1	34.8	27.1	28.1	4.5	3.6	3.7
Dayton-Springfield	472.1	461.7	468.1	24.1	19.8	20.4	5.1	4.3	4.3
Hamilton-Middletown	160.3	159.4	162.1	9.9	7.2	7.5	6.1	4.5	4.6
Lima	76.1	74.8	75.7	5.9	3.9	4.2	7.8	5.3	5.6
Mansfield	86.4	84.6	86.3	6.4	4.9	5.2	7.4	5.8	6.0
Steubenville-Weirton	57.8	57.6	57.8	4.8	4.0	3.8	8.3	7.0	6.5
Toledo	312.6	309.6	311.7	19.7	15.5	14.0	6.3	5.0	4.5
Youngstown-Warren	282.1	277.1	278.4	21.5	17.2	15.9	7.6	6.2	5.7
Oklahoma	1,520.6	1,532.4	1,536.1	101.7	90.1	87.9	6.7	5.9	5.7
Enid	27.3	27.4	27.5	1.2	1.3	1.2	4.6	4.6	4.4
Lawton	42.1	41.8	42.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	6.8	6.2	6.2
Oklahoma City	492.5	496.1	497.9	26.0	23.7	22.9	5.3	4.8	4.6
Tulsa	379.4	381.5	382.8	25.7	19.9	19.9	6.8	5.2	5.2
Oregon	1,598.4	1,619.8	1,635.2	112.0	95.7	98.1	7.0	5.9	6.0
Eugene-Springfield	152.3	151.3	154.9	10.6	9.0	9.3	7.0	6.0	6.0
Medford-Ashland	79.8	80.9	82.6	6.6	6.5	6.5	8.3	8.0	7.9
Portland-Vancouver	918.3	955.4	945.5	50.8	40.1	43.5	5.5	4.2	4.6
Salem	152.6	147.3	154.8	10.7	9.4	9.6	7.0	6.4	6.2
Pennsylvania	5,714.4	5,721.8	5,749.1	350.7	369.2	366.7	6.1	6.5	6.4
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	265.0	267.2	268.7	17.6	17.4	17.7	6.6	6.5	6.6
Altoona	60.3	62.9	63.3	4.2	4.7	4.5	6.9	7.5	7.1
Erie	134.6	134.3	136.1	9.1	9.4	9.2	6.7	7.0	6.8
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	323.4	327.5	327.9	14.0	15.6	15.9	4.3	4.8	4.8
Johnstown	103.4	103.4	103.2	10.0	9.7	9.5	9.6	9.4	9.2
Lancaster	220.0	223.9	224.3	9.9	10.7	10.2	4.5	4.8	4.6
Philadelphia	2,398.2	2,395.3	2,410.9	136.3	142.8	139.8	5.7	6.0	5.8
Pittsburgh	1,120.2	1,111.9	1,114.5	69.4	74.3	73.8	6.2	6.7	6.6
Reading	170.3	172.1	171.4	9.2	9.7	9.6	5.4	5.6	5.6
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	333.0	332.9	333.7	24.8	25.3	24.0	7.5	7.6	7.2
Sharon	52.9	51.6	52.5	3.8	3.2	3.3	7.3	6.2	6.2
State College	61.1	59.9	61.6	2.5	2.7	2.7	4.1	4.5	4.4
Williamsport	56.2	56.7	57.5	4.3	4.7	5.0	7.6	8.3	8.7
York	183.5	187.9	188.6	9.2	9.4	9.2	5.0	5.0	4.9
Rhode Island	511.7	504.4	502.2	44.7	37.4	37.2	8.7	7.4	7.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	582.0	582.1	578.8	51.9	46.5	45.6	8.9	8.0	7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ^a
South Carolina	1,807.4	1,799.6	1,826.9	138.7	103.4	104.6	7.7	5.7	5.7
Charleston-North Charleston	243.2	236.2	239.4	16.5	13.3	13.7	6.8	5.6	5.7
Columbia	250.3	248.6	252.9	13.1	9.7	9.7	5.2	3.9	3.9
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	458.1	462.4	470.5	25.4	19.0	19.7	5.5	4.1	4.2
South Dakota	360.0	370.0	369.9	14.6	14.2	13.1	4.1	3.8	3.5
Rapid City	40.7	43.1	43.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	4.5	3.9	3.6
Sioux Falls	85.2	88.2	87.6	2.8	2.9	2.6	3.3	3.3	2.9
Tennessee	2,562.0	2,600.3	2,610.0	141.0	118.3	111.9	5.5	4.5	4.3
Chattanooga	216.9	219.0	219.2	10.4	9.2	8.8	4.8	4.2	4.0
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	219.7	218.1	218.8	13.4	10.8	10.2	6.1	4.9	4.7
Knoxville	322.4	328.1	328.5	17.0	14.3	13.5	5.3	4.4	4.1
Memphis	490.4	497.9	500.4	24.6	21.8	19.8	5.0	4.4	4.0
Nashville	561.7	586.8	591.9	20.8	17.4	16.0	3.7	3.0	2.7
Texas¹	9,234.4	9,408.4	9,423.5	701.9	607.6	539.1	7.6	6.5	5.7
Abilene	58.1	58.9	58.8	3.9	3.4	3.1	6.7	5.8	5.2
Amarillo	105.2	108.2	108.7	5.3	4.5	4.3	5.1	4.2	4.0
Austin-San Marcos	566.4	596.3	601.6	22.8	21.1	18.2	4.0	3.5	3.0
Beaumont-Port Arthur	183.1	181.7	179.6	19.8	17.7	15.2	10.8	9.7	8.5
Brazoria	106.0	105.9	105.2	8.2	8.0	7.3	7.7	7.5	7.0
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	121.1	121.6	121.0	17.1	14.7	13.1	14.1	12.1	10.9
Bryan-College Station	69.0	68.1	71.9	2.3	2.6	2.2	3.4	3.9	3.1
Corpus Christi	170.1	176.5	176.3	17.0	15.8	14.5	10.0	8.9	8.2
Dallas	1,631.5	1,678.1	1,687.0	101.6	85.2	78.2	6.2	5.1	4.6
El Paso	279.7	284.2	282.9	34.3	27.5	25.5	12.3	9.7	9.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	787.8	800.5	803.5	52.4	46.7	38.5	6.7	5.8	4.8
Galveston-Texas City	123.2	121.4	121.5	11.3	9.7	8.6	9.1	8.0	7.1
Houston	1,930.0	1,967.5	1,967.3	141.4	119.4	107.3	7.3	6.1	5.5
Killeen-Temple	103.8	107.3	107.3	6.8	5.7	5.1	6.5	5.3	4.7
Laredo	66.4	70.2	69.7	8.0	8.4	8.4	12.0	11.9	12.0
Longview-Marshall	99.2	100.6	100.6	10.0	7.7	7.1	10.1	7.6	7.1
Lubbock	115.4	116.6	117.8	6.0	5.1	4.8	5.2	4.4	4.1
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	185.4	183.4	177.8	41.8	37.3	29.3	22.6	20.3	16.5
Odessa-Midland	118.2	119.4	119.4	9.4	7.9	7.2	8.0	6.6	6.0
San Angelo	49.1	50.2	50.1	3.0	2.3	2.1	6.1	4.5	4.2
San Antonio	685.8	699.4	704.6	37.9	33.6	30.4	5.5	4.8	4.3
Sherman-Denison	46.6	47.5	47.2	3.5	2.8	2.5	7.4	6.0	5.3
Texarkana	56.3	56.5	56.6	5.7	4.6	4.2	10.1	8.1	7.4
Tyler	81.0	83.5	84.1	5.5	4.6	4.2	6.8	5.6	4.9
Victoria	42.0	41.7	41.5	2.8	2.8	2.5	6.7	6.6	6.0
Waco	95.9	99.2	99.8	5.2	4.9	4.3	5.5	4.9	4.3
Wichita Falls	62.5	63.5	63.5	3.9	3.4	3.1	6.3	5.3	4.9
Utah	940.2	973.7	974.8	35.3	36.1	39.8	3.8	3.7	4.1
Provo-Orem	139.1	142.1	143.3	4.4	4.4	4.9	3.2	3.1	3.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden	607.3	628.7	628.2	20.7	21.3	23.4	3.4	3.4	3.7
Vermont	319.7	320.0	321.6	18.9	17.2	16.7	5.9	5.4	5.2
Burlington	92.4	92.9	93.7	4.2	3.6	3.5	4.6	3.8	3.7
Virginia	3,360.0	3,484.2	3,482.4	180.3	178.9	157.6	5.4	5.1	4.5
Charlottesville	70.4	72.5	73.8	3.0	2.6	2.1	4.3	3.6	2.8
Danville	57.7	58.7	58.4	3.9	4.5	4.2	6.8	7.7	7.2
Lynchburg	104.9	108.0	109.2	5.4	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.6	4.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	697.8	722.3	720.6	41.8	41.3	34.8	6.0	5.7	4.8
Richmond-Petersburg	490.4	512.9	513.5	23.3	22.6	19.7	4.8	4.4	3.8
Roanoke	126.4	133.2	132.9	5.6	5.2	4.7	4.4	3.9	3.5
Washington	2,709.7	2,754.3	2,750.8	222.1	189.6	197.6	8.2	6.9	7.2
Spokane	190.5	194.4	195.2	13.4	12.2	12.8	7.1	6.3	6.6
Tacoma	303.1	312.4	312.3	24.1	19.6	20.8	8.0	6.3	6.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,211.6	1,223.9	1,217.1	83.6	66.2	68.5	6.9	5.4	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹	Feb. 1994	Jan. 1995	Feb. 1995 ¹
West Virginia	778.3	783.3	786.5	87.2	69.9	73.6	11.2	8.9	9.4
Charleston	123.7	124.6	125.2	10.0	8.2	8.7	8.1	6.6	6.9
Huntington-Ashland	133.7	134.7	135.8	12.6	10.3	10.6	9.4	7.7	7.8
Parkersburg-Marietta	74.7	74.6	75.3	6.8	5.5	6.2	9.1	7.3	8.3
Wheeling	71.4	69.9	70.5	7.8	5.3	5.5	10.9	7.6	7.8
Wisconsin	2,750.5	2,759.6	2,770.8	162.2	125.6	125.1	5.9	4.6	4.5
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	205.4	210.2	210.1	10.1	7.7	7.8	4.9	3.7	3.7
Eau Claire	74.9	73.4	74.5	5.1	4.0	3.8	6.8	5.4	5.1
Green Bay	118.5	120.2	120.2	6.3	4.9	4.9	5.3	4.1	4.1
Janesville-Beloit	74.1	75.8	75.9	4.8	3.2	3.1	6.5	4.3	4.0
Kenosha	72.9	73.2	73.2	4.2	3.1	3.0	5.8	4.2	4.1
La Crosse	68.4	68.4	69.1	3.5	3.1	3.2	5.2	4.5	4.6
Madison	238.5	240.3	244.6	6.9	5.5	5.4	2.9	2.3	2.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha	766.2	770.9	773.0	36.7	28.3	28.3	4.8	3.7	3.7
Racine	90.6	89.0	89.6	6.5	4.6	4.6	7.2	5.2	5.1
Sheboygan	58.2	58.5	58.4	2.3	1.8	1.9	3.9	3.0	3.2
Wausau	67.4	67.9	68.3	4.9	4.0	4.4	7.3	5.9	6.4
Wyoming	242.6	248.0	249.6	17.3	14.3	14.2	7.1	5.8	5.7
Casper	31.6	31.9	32.0	2.6	1.9	1.9	8.3	6.0	6.0

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

² = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	190,888	191,310	191,786	192,319	192,796	193,288	193,799	194,315	196,085	196,522	197,050	197,600	197,882
Civilian labor force	126,301	127,074	127,334	127,230	127,355	127,890	128,181	128,713	130,711	130,675	131,050	131,696	132,318
Percent of population	66.2	66.4	66.4	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.7	66.5	66.5	66.6	66.9
Employed	117,101	117,567	117,761	117,951	118,394	118,984	119,543	120,311	122,090	122,580	123,207	124,371	125,012
Employment-population ratio ²	61.3	61.5	61.4	61.3	61.4	61.6	61.7	61.9	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.9	63.2
Unemployed	9,200	9,507	9,573	9,279	8,961	8,906	8,638	8,402	8,621	8,095	7,843	7,325	7,306
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.5
Men, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	91,165	91,393	91,652	91,952	92,214	92,482	92,754	93,030	93,978	94,203	94,474	94,764	94,815
Civilian labor force	68,769	69,287	69,347	69,334	69,371	69,633	69,719	69,788	70,652	70,564	70,729	71,227	71,569
Percent of population	75.4	75.8	75.7	75.4	75.2	75.3	75.2	75.0	75.2	74.9	74.9	75.2	75.5
Employed	63,457	63,802	63,893	64,042	64,307	64,582	64,796	65,125	65,905	66,170	66,455	67,262	67,635
Employment-population ratio ²	69.6	69.8	69.7	69.6	69.7	69.8	69.9	70.0	70.1	70.2	70.3	71.0	71.3
Agriculture	2,484	2,527	2,567	2,548	2,497	2,435	2,399	2,439	2,549	2,545	2,533	2,597	2,708
Nonagricultural industries	60,973	61,275	61,326	61,494	61,810	62,146	62,397	62,685	63,356	63,625	63,922	64,665	64,927
Unemployed	5,312	5,485	5,454	5,292	5,064	5,052	4,923	4,663	4,747	4,394	4,274	3,965	3,934
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.7	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.5
Not in labor force	22,396	22,106	22,305	22,618	22,843	22,849	23,035	23,242	23,326	23,639	23,745	23,537	23,246
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	84,535	84,756	85,010	85,262	85,554	85,806	86,009	86,258	86,833	87,014	87,231	87,528	87,574
Civilian labor force	65,252	65,773	65,775	65,753	65,792	66,041	66,133	66,275	66,767	66,665	66,824	67,324	67,578
Percent of population	77.2	77.6	77.4	77.1	76.9	77.0	76.9	76.8	76.9	76.6	76.6	76.9	77.2
Employed	60,696	61,058	61,109	61,195	61,464	61,756	61,925	62,310	62,796	63,027	63,288	64,051	64,358
Employment-population ratio ²	71.8	72.0	71.9	71.8	71.8	72.0	72.0	72.2	72.3	72.4	72.6	73.2	73.5
Agriculture	2,328	2,365	2,379	2,341	2,295	2,246	2,231	2,286	2,345	2,360	2,328	2,372	2,474
Nonagricultural industries	58,368	58,693	58,731	58,854	59,170	59,510	59,695	60,025	60,452	60,667	60,960	61,679	61,885
Unemployed	4,556	4,715	4,666	4,558	4,328	4,285	4,208	3,965	3,971	3,638	3,536	3,273	3,219
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.8
Not in labor force	19,283	18,983	19,235	19,509	19,762	19,765	19,876	19,983	20,066	20,349	20,407	20,205	19,996
Women, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	99,723	99,917	100,135	100,367	100,582	100,807	101,045	101,285	102,107	102,319	102,576	102,837	103,067
Civilian labor force	57,532	57,787	57,988	57,896	57,984	58,257	58,462	58,926	60,059	60,111	60,321	60,470	60,749
Percent of population	57.7	57.8	57.9	57.7	57.6	57.8	57.9	58.2	58.8	58.7	58.8	58.8	58.9
Employed	53,644	53,765	53,868	53,909	54,087	54,402	54,747	55,187	56,186	56,410	56,752	57,109	57,377
Employment-population ratio ²	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.7	53.8	54.0	54.2	54.5	55.0	55.1	55.3	55.5	55.7
Agriculture	703	693	655	646	635	623	648	638	815	837	860	912	935
Nonagricultural industries	52,941	53,073	53,214	53,263	53,452	53,779	54,100	54,549	55,370	55,573	55,892	56,197	56,442
Unemployed	3,888	4,022	4,119	3,987	3,897	3,854	3,715	3,739	3,874	3,701	3,569	3,360	3,372
Unemployment rate	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.6
Not in labor force	42,191	42,130	42,147	42,471	42,598	42,550	42,583	42,359	42,048	42,208	42,255	42,367	42,317
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	93,196	93,405	93,633	93,860	94,081	94,264	94,497	94,710	95,164	95,339	95,557	95,808	96,006
Civilian labor force	54,301	54,578	54,778	54,727	54,772	54,987	55,200	55,622	56,492	56,465	56,771	56,887	57,030
Percent of population	58.3	58.4	58.5	58.5	58.2	58.3	58.4	58.7	59.4	59.2	59.4	59.4	59.4
Employed	50,985	51,168	51,266	51,315	51,468	51,728	52,019	52,432	53,199	53,376	53,769	54,085	54,237
Employment-population ratio ²	54.7	54.8	54.8	54.7	54.7	54.9	55.0	55.4	55.9	56.0	56.3	56.5	56.5
Agriculture	659	649	606	601	595	592	609	599	765	787	817	865	896
Nonagricultural industries	50,326	50,519	50,660	50,714	50,873	51,136	51,410	51,833	52,434	52,589	52,952	53,220	53,341
Unemployed	3,316	3,410	3,512	3,412	3,304	3,259	3,181	3,190	3,293	3,089	3,002	2,801	2,793
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.9
Not in labor force	38,895	38,827	38,855	39,133	39,309	39,277	39,297	39,088	38,672	38,874	38,786	38,921	38,976
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	13,157	13,149	13,144	13,196	13,160	13,218	13,293	13,347	14,088	14,169	14,262	14,264	14,302
Civilian labor force	6,747	6,723	6,781	6,749	6,791	6,862	6,848	6,816	7,452	7,545	7,455	7,486	7,711
Percent of population	51.3	51.1	51.6	51.1	51.6	51.9	51.5	51.1	52.9	53.2	52.3	52.5	53.9
Employed	5,420	5,341	5,386	5,441	5,462	5,500	5,599	5,569	6,095	6,177	6,150	6,235	6,417
Employment-population ratio ²	41.2	40.6	41.0	41.2	41.5	41.6	42.1	41.7	43.3	43.6	43.1	43.7	44.9
Agriculture	200	206	237	252	243	220	208	192	254	235	248	272	273
Nonagricultural industries	5,220	5,135	5,149	5,189	5,219	5,280	5,391	5,376	5,840	5,942	5,902	5,964	6,144
Unemployed	1,327	1,382	1,395	1,309	1,329	1,362	1,249	1,248	1,357	1,368	1,304	1,250	1,294
Unemployment rate	19.7	20.6	20.6	19.4	19.6	19.8	18.2	18.3	18.2	18.1	17.5	16.7	16.8
Not in labor force	6,410	6,426	6,363	6,447	6,369	6,356	6,445	6,531	6,636	6,624	6,808	6,779	6,591

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables D-1 through D-10 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Data, beginning

with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	162,223	162,486	162,788	163,135	163,438	163,751	164,078	164,415	165,093	165,361	165,701	166,067	166,442
Civilian labor force	108,149	108,565	108,706	108,689	108,816	109,133	109,510	109,943	110,735	110,720	111,159	111,636	111,902
Percent of population	66.7	66.8	66.8	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.9	67.1	67.0	67.1	67.2	67.2	67.2
Employed	101,185	101,450	101,515	101,761	102,119	102,508	103,036	103,581	104,431	104,752	105,382	106,201	106,556
Employment-population ratio ²	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.5	62.6	62.8	63.0	63.3	63.3	63.6	64.0	64.0
Unemployed	6,964	7,116	7,191	6,927	6,697	6,625	6,474	6,362	6,305	5,968	5,777	5,434	5,346
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.8
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	56,540	56,900	56,912	56,895	56,960	57,059	57,143	57,264	57,271	57,169	57,397	57,726	57,852
Percent of population	77.7	78.0	77.8	77.6	77.5	77.5	77.4	77.4	77.3	77.0	77.2	77.4	77.5
Employed	53,003	53,247	53,320	53,400	53,625	53,798	53,925	54,235	54,300	54,422	54,742	55,229	55,415
Employment-population ratio ²	72.8	73.0	72.9	72.8	73.0	73.1	73.1	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.6	74.1	74.2
Unemployed	3,537	3,653	3,592	3,495	3,335	3,261	3,218	3,029	2,971	2,747	2,655	2,497	2,437
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.3	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	45,832	45,950	46,041	46,063	46,083	46,264	46,525	46,783	47,131	47,109	47,456	47,562	47,487
Percent of population	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.0	58.1	58.4	58.6	59.1	59.0	59.3	59.3	59.1
Employed	43,399	43,492	43,445	43,565	43,673	43,863	44,188	44,390	44,798	44,896	45,260	45,526	45,505
Employment-population ratio ²	55.0	55.0	54.9	54.9	55.0	55.1	55.4	55.6	56.1	56.2	56.5	56.8	56.6
Unemployed	2,433	2,458	2,597	2,498	2,409	2,400	2,338	2,394	2,332	2,213	2,196	2,035	1,982
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	5,776	5,715	5,753	5,731	5,773	5,810	5,842	5,895	6,334	6,442	6,307	6,348	6,562
Percent of population	54.8	54.5	54.9	54.5	54.8	55.0	55.1	55.4	56.6	57.3	55.8	56.1	57.8
Employed	4,782	4,711	4,750	4,796	4,820	4,846	4,924	4,956	5,332	5,434	5,380	5,446	5,636
Employment-population ratio ²	45.3	44.9	45.3	45.6	45.8	45.9	46.5	46.6	47.6	48.3	47.6	48.1	49.6
Unemployed	994	1,005	1,002	935	953	963	918	940	1,002	1,008	926	902	927
Unemployment rate	17.2	17.6	17.4	16.3	16.5	16.6	15.7	15.9	15.8	15.7	14.7	14.2	14.1
Men	18.9	18.9	18.9	16.9	17.6	18.1	17.4	17.5	17.2	16.8	15.9	15.2	15.3
Women	15.4	16.1	15.8	15.6	15.3	15.0	13.9	14.3	14.3	14.4	13.4	13.1	12.9
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	21,828	21,909	21,997	22,096	22,186	22,281	22,376	22,474	22,749	22,826	22,918	23,022	23,116
Civilian labor force	13,737	13,873	14,017	13,931	13,898	13,911	13,947	14,004	14,470	14,499	14,429	14,589	14,794
Percent of population	62.9	63.3	63.7	63.0	62.6	62.4	62.3	62.3	63.6	63.5	63.0	63.4	64.0
Employed	11,834	11,894	12,034	11,963	12,004	12,060	12,187	12,329	12,629	12,808	12,830	13,065	13,308
Employment-population ratio ²	54.2	54.3	54.7	54.1	54.1	54.1	54.5	54.9	55.5	56.1	56.0	56.8	57.6
Unemployed	1,903	1,979	1,983	1,968	1,894	1,851	1,760	1,676	1,841	1,692	1,599	1,524	1,486
Unemployment rate	13.9	14.3	14.1	14.1	13.6	13.3	12.6	12.0	12.7	11.7	11.1	10.4	10.0
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,434	6,475	6,494	6,485	6,503	6,465	6,523	6,493	6,617	6,647	6,589	6,710	6,812
Percent of population	73.2	73.3	73.2	72.7	72.5	71.7	72.1	71.4	72.6	72.6	71.8	72.7	73.7
Employed	5,565	5,609	5,614	5,619	5,676	5,657	5,741	5,761	5,857	5,964	5,922	6,106	6,247
Employment-population ratio ²	63.3	63.5	63.2	63.0	63.3	62.8	63.4	63.4	64.2	65.2	64.5	66.1	67.6
Unemployed	869	866	880	866	826	808	782	733	760	683	667	604	565
Unemployment rate	13.5	13.4	13.6	13.3	12.7	12.5	12.0	11.3	11.5	10.3	10.1	9.0	8.3
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,516	6,627	6,720	6,657	6,607	6,651	6,645	6,766	7,002	7,015	6,989	7,016	7,142
Percent of population	59.5	60.2	60.8	60.0	59.3	59.5	59.2	60.1	61.2	61.1	60.7	60.7	61.4
Employed	5,773	5,826	5,945	5,877	5,856	5,943	5,942	6,104	6,211	6,312	6,356	6,398	6,508
Employment-population ratio ²	52.7	53.0	53.8	53.0	52.6	53.2	53.0	54.2	54.3	55.0	55.2	55.3	56.0
Unemployed	743	801	775	781	751	708	703	662	791	703	633	618	635
Unemployment rate	11.4	12.1	11.5	11.7	11.4	10.6	10.6	9.8	11.3	10.0	9.1	8.8	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
BLACK—Continued													
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	787	771	803	789	788	795	779	745	851	838	850	864	840
Percent of population	37.9	37.2	38.8	38.0	37.8	38.1	37.0	35.2	38.8	38.1	38.3	38.8	37.4
Employed	496	459	475	467	472	460	504	464	560	532	551	561	553
Employment-population ratio ²	23.9	22.1	22.9	22.5	22.6	22.0	23.9	21.9	25.5	24.1	24.8	25.2	24.7
Unemployed	291	313	328	322	316	335	276	281	291	306	299	303	286
Unemployment rate	36.9	40.5	40.8	40.8	40.1	42.1	35.4	37.8	34.2	36.6	35.2	35.1	34.1
Men	38.1	44.1	43.5	42.7	41.1	42.1	37.5	39.5	39.3	40.0	37.5	34.1	35.0
Women	35.6	36.8	37.9	38.6	39.0	42.2	33.0	36.0	29.0	32.8	32.7	36.2	33.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,066	15,184	15,303	15,421	15,542	15,682	15,824	15,966	17,895	18,042	18,193	18,338	18,413
Civilian labor force	10,021	10,105	10,184	10,219	10,270	10,255	10,380	10,595	11,765	11,895	11,985	12,257	12,018
Percent of population	66.5	66.6	66.5	66.3	66.1	65.4	65.6	66.4	65.7	65.9	65.9	66.8	65.3
Employed	8,902	8,959	8,988	9,035	9,110	9,200	9,318	9,458	10,557	10,673	10,784	11,138	10,886
Employment-population ratio ²	59.1	59.0	58.7	58.6	58.6	58.7	58.9	59.2	59.0	59.2	59.3	60.7	59.1
Unemployed	1,119	1,146	1,196	1,184	1,160	1,054	1,061	1,138	1,207	1,222	1,201	1,118	1,132
Unemployment rate	11.2	11.3	11.7	11.6	11.3	10.3	10.2	10.7	10.3	10.3	10.0	9.1	9.4

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-3. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex, and age	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	96,624	97,105	97,077	97,273	97,718	98,131	98,588	99,304	98,352	99,391	100,241	101,052	101,385
Men, 16 years and over	56,662	57,015	56,859	57,056	57,323	57,444	57,725	58,085	58,006	58,577	59,012	59,737	60,000
Men, 20 years and over	55,592	56,014	55,895	56,006	56,286	56,446	56,684	56,986	56,938	57,477	57,842	58,566	58,787
Women, 16 years and over	40,033	40,062	40,149	40,283	40,444	40,657	40,835	41,252	40,360	40,801	41,279	41,311	41,331
Women, 20 years and over	39,295	39,372	39,420	39,556	39,732	39,907	40,075	40,492	39,591	40,021	40,535	40,563	40,608
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,737	1,719	1,763	1,711	1,701	1,777	1,829	1,826	1,823	1,893	1,864	1,923	1,989
Part-time workers	20,429	20,435	20,794	20,625	20,628	20,823	21,011	21,006	23,622	23,132	23,010	23,395	23,539
Men, 16 years and over	6,820	6,737	7,051	7,015	6,976	7,080	7,080	7,087	7,853	7,527	7,462	7,629	7,551
Men, 20 years and over	5,104	5,029	5,260	5,174	5,177	5,295	5,267	5,314	5,791	5,499	5,465	5,578	5,508
Women, 16 years and over	13,608	13,683	13,730	13,631	13,653	13,723	13,916	13,947	15,773	15,622	15,510	15,797	15,979
Women, 20 years and over	11,702	11,798	11,813	11,771	11,761	11,822	11,903	11,955	13,570	13,358	13,259	13,526	13,572
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,623	3,608	3,721	3,680	3,690	3,706	3,841	3,737	4,261	4,275	4,286	4,291	4,459
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	7,624	7,659	7,904	7,610	7,337	7,271	7,101	6,837	7,054	6,576	6,385	5,944	5,800
Men, 16 years and over	4,793	4,786	4,879	4,555	4,479	4,342	4,255	4,045	4,036	3,796	3,697	3,444	3,180
Men, 20 years and over	4,291	4,436	4,385	4,261	4,064	4,002	3,938	3,700	3,665	3,373	3,270	3,037	2,954
Women, 16 years and over	2,957	3,035	3,194	3,003	2,929	2,906	2,846	2,794	2,992	2,804	2,731	2,550	2,466
Women, 20 years and over	2,728	2,764	2,898	2,778	2,682	2,649	2,590	2,567	2,751	2,524	2,464	2,280	2,239
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	605	659	621	572	591	620	574	570	638	679	651	628	607
Looking for part-time work	1,576	1,631	1,683	1,671	1,627	1,621	1,542	1,559	1,560	1,503	1,469	1,400	1,499
Men, 16 years and over	663	659	705	697	666	686	644	625	663	628	614	587	582
Men, 20 years and over	271	267	290	290	269	274	273	261	286	260	274	255	246
Women, 16 years and over	920	959	980	973	962	926	896	947	881	876	856	829	894
Women, 20 years and over	586	638	620	645	620	601	599	623	555	558	542	516	566
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	718	726	773	736	737	746	670	675	718	685	653	629	688
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES¹													
Full-time workers	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.7	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.4
Men, 16 years and over	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.5	6.5	6.1	5.9	5.5	5.0
Men, 20 years and over	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.1	6.0	5.5	5.4	4.9	4.8
Women, 16 years and over	6.9	7.0	7.4	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.9	6.4	6.2	5.8	5.6
Women, 20 years and over	6.5	6.6	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.5	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.8	27.7	26.0	25.0	25.8	25.9	23.9	23.8	25.9	26.4	25.9	24.6	23.4
Part-time workers	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.2	6.8	6.9	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.6	6.0
Men, 16 years and over	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.1	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.1	7.2
Men, 20 years and over	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.4	4.3
Women, 16 years and over	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.1	6.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.3
Women, 20 years and over	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.7	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.5	16.8	17.2	16.7	16.6	16.8	14.9	15.3	14.4	13.8	13.2	12.8	13.4

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication prior to 1994.

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with

data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-4. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Category	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
MARITAL STATUS													
Total	117,101	117,567	117,761	117,951	118,394	118,984	119,543	120,311	122,090	122,580	123,207	124,371	125,012
Married men, spouse present	40,072	40,290	40,313	40,536	40,792	40,983	40,832	40,870	41,355	41,333	41,442	41,550	41,974
Married women, spouse present	29,910	30,175	30,244	30,219	30,428	30,309	30,456	30,855	31,447	31,316	31,653	31,754	31,911
Women who maintain families	8,576	8,555	8,585	8,615	8,671	8,833	8,826	8,727	7,077	7,055	7,006	7,104	7,112
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty	30,974	31,040	31,132	31,461	31,963	31,979	32,461	32,713	33,139	33,798	34,037	34,411	34,725
Technical, sales, and administrative support	36,789	36,942	36,836	36,683	36,524	36,711	36,968	37,061	37,117	36,933	37,416	37,744	37,292
Service occupations	16,080	16,038	16,157	16,115	16,400	16,523	16,494	16,674	16,982	16,961	16,846	16,886	17,000
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,956	13,072	13,234	13,219	13,004	13,281	13,498	13,491	13,543	13,388	13,438	13,586	13,777
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,920	16,949	16,982	16,977	17,153	17,048	16,906	17,054	17,624	17,870	17,946	18,069	18,275
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,423	3,403	3,488	3,503	3,374	3,319	3,289	3,334	3,609	3,579	3,603	3,740	3,858
CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,681	1,718	1,706	1,668	1,620	1,612	1,620	1,700	1,687	1,702	1,703	1,756	1,941
Self-employed workers	1,416	1,389	1,403	1,388	1,382	1,345	1,318	1,285	1,624	1,643	1,634	1,681	1,674
Unpaid family workers	96	112	110	130	127	107	98	93	55	45	54	47	40
Nonagricultural industries:													
Wage and salary workers	105,102	105,547	105,678	105,829	106,172	106,624	107,253	107,983	109,474	110,069	110,674	111,805	112,366
Private industries	87,321	87,615	87,304	87,571	87,687	88,073	88,763	89,492	91,204	91,731	92,403	93,506	93,871
Private households	1,078	1,114	1,159	1,104	1,095	1,087	1,111	1,129	997	982	908	986	1,063
Other industries	86,243	86,501	86,145	86,466	86,592	86,986	87,652	88,364	90,208	90,748	91,495	92,520	92,808
Government	17,782	17,932	18,374	18,259	18,485	18,551	18,490	18,491	18,270	18,338	18,271	18,299	18,495
Self-employed workers	8,620	8,528	8,648	8,683	8,896	9,084	9,023	9,008	9,105	9,008	8,991	8,917	8,936
Unpaid family workers	228	251	235	212	224	193	233	223	134	137	135	124	114
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME¹													
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,527	6,300	6,273	6,447	6,322	6,443	6,438	6,182	4,914	4,779	4,383	4,415	4,561
Slack work or business conditions	3,258	3,231	3,205	3,172	3,101	3,236	3,156	3,069	2,465	2,462	2,410	2,391	2,403
Could only find part-time work	2,930	2,793	2,795	2,978	2,905	2,931	2,953	2,837	2,093	1,984	1,671	1,754	1,806
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,624	14,827	14,908	14,816	14,843	15,006	15,173	15,288	17,590	17,437	17,829	17,659	17,869
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,235	6,020	6,027	6,187	6,081	6,200	6,201	5,932	4,644	4,559	4,200	4,242	4,321
Slack work or business conditions	3,073	3,018	3,049	2,996	2,938	3,066	2,992	2,918	2,337	2,344	2,293	2,270	2,267
Could only find part-time work	2,850	2,719	2,721	2,903	2,842	2,846	2,889	2,744	2,027	1,944	1,630	1,712	1,759
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,173	14,421	14,465	14,392	14,408	14,599	14,759	14,852	16,996	16,790	17,201	17,003	17,226

¹Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad

weather.

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-5. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Age and sex	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
Total, 16 years and over	117,101	117,567	117,761	117,951	118,394	118,984	119,543	120,311	122,090	122,580	123,207	124,371	125,012
16 to 24 years	17,563	17,491	17,561	17,595	17,629	17,669	17,706	17,673	18,761	18,935	18,888	19,104	19,154
16 to 19 years	5,420	5,341	5,386	5,441	5,462	5,500	5,599	5,569	6,095	6,177	6,150	6,235	6,417
16 to 17 years	2,037	2,037	2,074	2,050	2,079	2,111	2,177	2,199	2,405	2,482	2,543	2,608	2,553
18 to 19 years	3,392	3,294	3,322	3,386	3,372	3,384	3,416	3,377	3,679	3,695	3,621	3,611	3,844
20 to 24 years	12,143	12,150	12,175	12,155	12,167	12,169	12,107	12,105	12,666	12,758	12,738	12,869	12,737
25 years and over	99,547	100,062	100,200	100,364	100,770	101,301	101,838	102,650	103,343	103,617	104,328	105,268	105,877
25 to 54 years	84,789	85,322	85,541	85,734	86,093	86,556	87,142	87,881	88,469	88,770	89,439	90,252	90,715
55 years and over	14,761	14,701	14,653	14,666	14,702	14,698	14,676	14,808	14,838	14,829	14,892	15,071	15,098
Men, 16 years and over	63,457	63,802	63,893	64,042	64,307	64,582	64,796	65,125	65,905	66,170	66,455	67,262	67,635
16 to 24 years	9,047	9,082	9,183	9,242	9,243	9,157	9,209	9,172	9,789	9,900	9,932	10,092	10,103
16 to 19 years	2,761	2,744	2,784	2,847	2,843	2,826	2,871	2,814	3,108	3,143	3,167	3,211	3,277
16 to 17 years	1,028	1,037	1,068	1,076	1,085	1,087	1,121	1,130	1,214	1,258	1,310	1,370	1,295
18 to 19 years	1,746	1,700	1,718	1,769	1,751	1,736	1,739	1,692	1,889	1,881	1,869	1,833	1,966
20 to 24 years	6,286	6,338	6,399	6,395	6,400	6,331	6,338	6,357	6,681	6,757	6,765	6,881	6,826
25 years and over	54,411	54,705	54,715	54,806	55,067	55,410	55,595	55,961	56,121	56,257	56,522	57,181	57,554
25 to 54 years	46,041	46,305	46,451	46,553	46,761	47,113	47,358	47,716	47,962	48,103	48,281	48,816	49,145
55 years and over	8,382	8,372	8,262	8,277	8,320	8,268	8,225	8,271	8,164	8,133	8,230	8,390	8,397
Women, 16 years and over	53,644	53,765	53,868	53,909	54,087	54,402	54,747	55,187	56,186	56,410	56,752	57,109	57,377
16 to 24 years	8,516	8,409	8,378	8,353	8,386	8,512	8,498	8,502	8,972	9,035	8,956	9,012	9,051
16 to 19 years	2,659	2,597	2,603	2,594	2,619	2,674	2,728	2,754	2,986	3,034	2,983	3,024	3,140
16 to 17 years	1,009	1,000	1,007	974	994	1,025	1,056	1,068	1,191	1,223	1,233	1,239	1,259
18 to 19 years	1,646	1,594	1,604	1,617	1,621	1,648	1,677	1,685	1,790	1,814	1,752	1,778	1,879
20 to 24 years	5,857	5,812	5,776	5,759	5,767	5,838	5,769	5,747	5,985	6,001	5,973	5,988	5,911
25 years and over	45,136	45,357	45,486	45,557	45,703	45,892	46,242	46,690	47,222	47,361	47,806	48,087	48,323
25 to 54 years	38,748	39,016	39,090	39,181	39,333	39,443	39,784	40,166	40,506	40,666	41,158	41,436	41,571
55 years and over	6,379	6,330	6,391	6,390	6,382	6,430	6,452	6,537	6,674	6,695	6,662	6,682	6,701

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see

"Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-6. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Age and sex	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
Total, 16 years and over	9,200	9,507	9,573	9,279	8,961	8,906	8,638	8,402	8,621	8,095	7,843	7,325	7,306
16 to 24 years	2,859	2,919	2,977	2,833	2,828	2,827	2,651	2,555	2,839	2,741	2,671	2,509	2,507
16 to 19 years	1,327	1,382	1,395	1,309	1,329	1,362	1,249	1,248	1,357	1,368	1,304	1,250	1,294
16 to 17 years	580	642	630	599	623	605	539	553	638	674	623	561	648
18 to 19 years	738	751	758	714	697	767	702	700	704	709	677	691	633
20 to 24 years	1,532	1,537	1,582	1,524	1,499	1,465	1,401	1,307	1,482	1,373	1,367	1,259	1,213
25 years and over	6,352	6,586	6,600	6,431	6,145	6,073	5,987	5,838	5,727	5,340	5,186	4,878	4,742
25 to 54 years	5,663	5,784	5,823	5,745	5,465	5,397	5,313	5,200	5,040	4,690	4,565	4,287	4,183
55 years and over	684	767	786	717	670	648	678	668	692	640	625	588	565
Men, 16 years and over	5,312	5,485	5,454	5,292	5,064	5,052	4,923	4,663	4,747	4,394	4,274	3,965	3,934
16 to 24 years	1,659	1,659	1,655	1,608	1,578	1,605	1,522	1,434	1,603	1,521	1,498	1,396	1,369
16 to 19 years	756	770	788	733	736	767	715	698	776	756	737	691	714
16 to 17 years	324	358	350	332	347	350	307	304	360	376	335	298	349
18 to 19 years	428	423	432	402	384	427	402	394	402	400	397	393	353
20 to 24 years	903	889	867	875	842	838	806	736	827	765	761	705	654
25 years and over	3,671	3,820	3,792	3,678	3,501	3,437	3,397	3,226	3,102	2,859	2,786	2,620	2,524
25 to 54 years	3,234	3,313	3,332	3,252	3,090	3,028	2,966	2,830	2,732	2,473	2,418	2,270	2,225
55 years and over	435	486	466	441	409	394	432	406	398	371	363	336	325
Women, 16 years and over	3,888	4,022	4,119	3,987	3,897	3,854	3,715	3,739	3,874	3,701	3,569	3,360	3,372
16 to 24 years	1,201	1,260	1,321	1,225	1,250	1,222	1,129	1,121	1,236	1,219	1,173	1,113	1,138
16 to 19 years	572	612	607	575	593	595	534	549	581	612	567	559	579
16 to 17 years	256	284	280	268	276	255	232	249	278	299	289	264	299
18 to 19 years	311	328	326	312	312	340	300	306	302	309	280	298	280
20 to 24 years	629	649	714	649	658	627	595	571	655	608	606	554	559
25 years and over	2,681	2,766	2,808	2,753	2,644	2,635	2,589	2,612	2,624	2,482	2,400	2,259	2,219
25 to 54 years	2,429	2,471	2,491	2,493	2,375	2,369	2,347	2,370	2,308	2,217	2,147	2,018	1,958
55 years and over	248	281	319	277	262	254	246	262	294	270	262	252	239

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see

"Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-7. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Age and sex	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
Total, 16 years and over	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.5
16 to 24 years	14.0	14.3	14.5	13.9	13.8	13.8	13.0	12.6	13.1	12.6	12.4	11.6	11.6
16 to 19 years	19.7	20.8	20.6	19.4	19.8	19.8	18.2	18.3	18.2	18.1	17.5	16.7	16.8
16 to 17 years	22.2	24.0	23.3	22.6	23.1	22.3	19.8	20.1	21.0	21.4	19.7	17.7	20.2
18 to 19 years	17.9	18.6	18.6	17.4	17.1	18.5	17.1	17.2	16.1	16.1	15.8	16.1	14.1
20 to 24 years	11.2	11.2	11.5	11.1	11.0	10.7	10.4	9.7	10.5	9.7	9.7	8.9	8.7
25 years and over	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.3
25 to 54 years	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.4
55 years and over	4.4	5.0	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.6
Men, 16 years and over	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.7	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.5
16 to 24 years	15.5	15.4	15.3	14.8	14.6	14.9	14.2	13.5	14.1	13.3	13.1	12.2	11.9
16 to 19 years	21.5	21.9	22.1	20.5	20.6	21.3	19.9	19.9	20.0	19.4	18.9	17.7	17.9
16 to 17 years	23.9	25.7	24.7	23.6	24.2	24.4	21.5	21.2	22.9	23.0	20.3	17.9	21.2
18 to 19 years	19.7	19.9	20.1	18.5	18.0	19.7	18.8	18.9	17.6	17.5	17.5	17.6	15.2
20 to 24 years	12.6	12.3	11.9	12.0	11.6	11.7	11.3	10.4	11.0	10.2	10.1	9.3	8.7
25 years and over	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.2	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.2
25 to 54 years	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4	4.9	4.8	4.4	4.3
55 years and over	4.9	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.5	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.7
Women, 16 years and over	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.6
16 to 24 years	12.4	13.0	13.6	12.6	13.0	12.6	11.7	11.6	12.1	11.9	11.6	11.0	11.2
16 to 19 years	17.7	18.1	18.9	18.2	18.5	18.2	16.4	16.6	16.3	16.8	16.0	15.6	15.6
16 to 17 years	20.2	22.1	21.8	21.6	21.7	19.9	18.0	18.9	18.9	19.6	19.0	17.6	19.2
18 to 19 years	15.9	17.1	16.9	16.2	16.2	17.1	15.2	15.4	14.4	14.6	13.8	14.4	13.0
20 to 24 years	9.7	10.0	11.0	10.1	10.2	9.7	9.3	9.0	9.9	9.2	9.2	8.5	8.6
25 years and over	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.4
25 to 54 years	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.6	4.5
55 years and over	3.7	4.3	4.6	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.4

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see

"Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-8. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

Category	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.5
Men, 20 years and over	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.8
Women, 20 years and over	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.7	20.6	20.6	19.4	19.6	19.8	18.2	18.3	18.2	18.1	17.5	16.7	16.8
White	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.8
Black and other	12.4	12.8	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.1	11.5	11.0	11.4	10.6	10.4	9.8	9.3
Black	13.9	14.3	14.1	14.1	13.6	13.3	12.6	12.0	12.7	11.7	11.1	10.4	10.0
Hispanic origin	11.2	11.3	11.7	11.6	11.3	10.3	10.2	10.7	10.3	10.3	10.0	9.1	9.4
Married men, spouse present	4.9	5.0	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.2
Married women, spouse present	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.7
Women who maintain families	9.4	10.0	10.1	10.0	9.8	9.7	9.2	9.5	9.4	8.9	8.6	8.8	8.2
OCCUPATION¹													
Managerial and professional specialty	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.8	4.5	4.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.3	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.1	8.3	7.9	7.3	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	11.2	11.2	11.1	10.6	10.1	9.9	10.2	9.4	9.5	9.1	8.9	8.3	7.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.0	7.8	8.2	9.1	7.7	8.7	7.9	7.7
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.4	6.2	5.8	5.6
Goods-producing industries	9.6	9.8	9.8	9.5	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.1	7.6	7.0	6.6	6.3	6.0
Mining	7.7	8.1	8.8	6.9	6.8	8.5	6.9	6.9	5.5	6.2	5.4	4.3	5.4
Construction	17.5	16.8	16.5	15.5	14.8	15.0	14.9	12.9	13.3	11.9	10.8	10.7	11.0
Manufacturing	7.5	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.3	7.2	7.3	6.7	6.1	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.5
Durable goods	7.6	7.8	8.2	8.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	6.6	5.5	5.3	5.3	4.6	4.1
Nondurable goods	7.3	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.5	7.2	7.5	6.9	6.9	6.0	5.5	5.7	5.1
Service-producing industries	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.4
Transportation and public utilities	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.7	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.6
Wholesale and retail trade	8.4	8.4	8.7	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.5	7.7	8.0	7.4	7.3	7.0	6.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.9	3.3	3.2
Services	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.2
Government workers	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.0	2.9
Agricultural wage and salary workers	11.0	12.7	13.2	12.7	12.2	11.5	11.3	11.1	13.1	9.4	11.4	10.6	10.1

¹ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal component, which is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components, cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-9. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	5,203	5,425	5,350	5,211	4,863	4,820	4,812	4,555	4,209	3,751	3,714	3,483	3,450
On temporary layoff	1,267	1,253	1,268	1,190	1,083	1,114	1,162	1,080	1,084	907	956	886	1,039
Not on temporary layoff	3,936	4,172	4,082	4,021	3,780	3,705	3,650	3,475	3,125	2,844	2,759	2,597	2,411
Job leavers	936	999	1,019	947	972	963	908	950	831	798	810	723	760
Reentrants	2,214	2,182	2,284	2,232	2,212	2,208	2,091	2,062	2,916	2,937	2,715	2,575	2,464
New entrants	824	904	954	879	924	901	849	823	637	596	605	582	595
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	56.7	57.1	55.7	56.2	54.2	54.2	55.6	54.3	49.0	46.4	47.4	47.3	47.5
On temporary layoff	13.8	13.2	13.2	12.8	12.1	12.5	13.4	12.9	12.6	11.2	12.2	12.0	14.3
Not on temporary layoff	42.9	43.9	42.5	43.4	42.1	41.7	42.2	41.4	36.4	35.2	35.2	35.3	33.2
Job leavers	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.2	10.8	10.8	10.5	11.3	9.7	9.9	10.3	9.8	10.5
Reentrants	24.1	22.9	23.8	24.1	24.7	24.8	24.1	24.6	33.9	36.3	34.6	35.0	33.9
New entrants	9.0	9.5	9.9	9.5	10.3	10.1	9.8	9.8	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.9	8.2
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6
Job leavers .....	.7	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7	.7	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6
Reentrants	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
New entrants .....	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see

"Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-10. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	1992				1993				1994				1995
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	3,252	3,335	3,337	3,139	3,214	3,261	3,107	3,055	2,915	2,726	2,699	2,540	2,687
5 to 14 weeks	2,799	2,735	2,787	2,693	2,558	2,607	2,536	2,380	2,532	2,465	2,410	2,189	2,202
15 weeks and over	3,142	3,382	3,500	3,438	3,192	3,019	3,018	2,955	3,056	2,855	2,788	2,684	2,317
15 to 26 weeks	1,446	1,414	1,424	1,440	1,310	1,279	1,271	1,217	1,297	1,197	1,215	1,206	1,014
27 weeks and over	1,696	1,968	2,077	1,997	1,882	1,740	1,747	1,738	1,759	1,658	1,573	1,477	1,302
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	16.7	18.0	18.3	18.7	18.1	17.8	18.2	18.5	18.8	19.0	18.9	18.4	17.1
Median duration, in weeks	8.2	8.8	8.9	9.2	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.8	9.2	9.3	9.3	7.9
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	35.4	35.3	34.7	33.9	35.9	36.7	35.9	36.4	34.3	33.9	34.2	34.3	37.3
5 to 14 weeks	30.5	28.9	29.0	29.1	28.5	29.3	29.3	28.4	29.8	30.6	30.5	29.5	30.6
15 weeks and over	34.2	35.8	36.4	37.1	35.6	34.0	34.8	35.2	35.9	35.5	35.3	36.2	32.2
15 to 26 weeks	15.7	15.0	14.8	15.5	14.6	14.4	14.7	14.5	15.3	14.9	15.4	16.3	14.1
27 weeks and over	18.5	20.8	21.6	21.5	21.0	19.6	20.2	20.7	20.7	20.6	19.9	19.9	18.1

NOTE: Data, beginning with 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see

"Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-11. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	196,085	197,882	165,093	166,442	22,749	23,116	17,895	18,413
Civilian labor force	129,625	131,050	109,957	111,004	14,269	14,567	11,733	11,983
Percent of population	66.1	66.2	66.6	66.7	62.7	63.0	65.6	65.1
Employed	120,416	123,294	103,037	105,156	12,402	13,074	10,436	10,766
Agriculture	2,964	3,208	2,787	2,991	92	98	477	535
Nonagricultural industries	117,450	120,086	100,248	102,165	12,310	12,976	9,957	10,232
Unemployed	9,209	7,755	6,920	5,848	1,867	1,494	1,298	1,217
Unemployment rate	7.1	5.9	6.3	5.3	13.1	10.3	11.1	10.2
Not in labor force	66,460	66,832	55,136	55,438	8,481	8,549	6,162	6,430
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	93,978	94,815	79,808	80,476	10,195	10,349	8,998	9,226
Civilian labor force	69,986	70,750	60,088	60,660	6,939	7,100	7,103	7,218
Percent of population	74.5	74.6	75.3	75.4	68.1	68.6	78.9	78.2
Employed	64,645	66,352	55,977	57,235	5,957	6,356	6,314	6,503
Agriculture	2,249	2,387	2,098	2,193	80	90	432	485
Nonagricultural industries	62,395	63,965	53,879	55,042	5,877	6,266	5,882	6,018
Unemployed	5,341	4,398	4,111	3,425	982	744	789	715
Unemployment rate	7.6	6.2	6.8	5.6	14.2	10.5	11.1	9.9
Not in labor force	23,992	24,066	19,720	19,816	3,255	3,249	1,895	2,008
Men, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	86,833	87,574	74,097	74,679	9,117	9,247	8,076	8,282
Civilian labor force	66,469	67,139	57,054	57,535	6,570	6,741	6,658	6,785
Percent of population	76.5	76.7	77.0	77.0	72.1	72.9	80.1	81.9
Employed	61,881	63,431	53,521	54,639	5,737	6,124	5,932	6,186
Agriculture	2,110	2,227	1,962	2,040	77	88	409	460
Nonagricultural industries	59,771	61,204	51,559	52,600	5,659	6,036	5,573	5,726
Unemployed	4,589	3,707	3,533	2,896	833	616	676	599
Unemployment rate	6.9	5.5	6.2	5.0	12.7	9.1	10.1	8.8
Not in labor force	20,364	20,435	17,043	17,143	2,547	2,506	1,419	1,497
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	102,107	103,067	85,285	85,966	12,555	12,767	8,898	9,187
Civilian labor force	59,639	60,300	49,869	50,345	7,329	7,467	4,630	4,766
Percent of population	58.4	58.5	58.5	58.6	58.4	58.5	52.0	51.9
Employed	55,771	56,942	47,059	47,921	6,445	6,718	4,122	4,263
Agriculture	715	821	689	798	12	8	45	49
Nonagricultural industries	55,055	56,121	46,369	47,123	6,433	6,710	4,075	4,214
Unemployed	3,868	3,358	2,809	2,423	885	750	509	502
Unemployment rate	6.5	5.6	5.6	4.8	12.1	10.0	11.0	10.5
Not in labor force	42,468	42,766	35,416	35,621	5,225	5,300	4,268	4,421
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	95,164	96,006	79,797	80,400	11,437	11,625	8,017	8,287
Civilian labor force	56,366	56,873	47,082	47,423	6,952	7,095	4,345	4,410
Percent of population	59.2	59.2	59.0	59.0	60.8	61.0	54.2	53.2
Employed	53,029	54,046	44,681	45,384	6,173	6,466	3,908	3,997
Agriculture	679	794	654	772	12	8	43	50
Nonagricultural industries	52,349	53,252	44,026	44,612	6,161	6,458	3,864	3,947
Unemployed	3,336	2,827	2,400	2,040	780	628	437	413
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.0	5.1	4.3	11.2	8.9	10.1	9.4
Not in labor force	38,799	39,133	32,715	32,977	4,485	4,530	3,671	3,878
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population	14,088	14,302	11,199	11,363	2,195	2,244	1,803	1,843
Civilian labor force	6,790	7,038	5,821	6,046	746	732	730	789
Percent of population	48.2	49.2	52.0	53.2	34.0	32.6	40.5	42.8
Employed	5,506	5,817	4,834	5,133	492	483	545	584
Agriculture	175	186	171	180	2	2	25	25
Nonagricultural industries	5,331	5,630	4,663	4,953	490	481	520	558
Unemployed	1,284	1,221	987	913	254	249	185	205
Unemployment rate	18.9	17.4	17.0	15.1	34.0	34.0	25.3	26.0
Not in labor force	7,298	7,264	5,378	5,317	1,449	1,512	1,072	1,054

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-12. Employment status of the Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Total Hispanic origin ¹		Mexican origin		Puerto Rican origin		Cuban origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	17,895	18,413	10,854	11,394	1,852	1,921	987	1,011
Civilian labor force	11,733	11,983	7,312	7,528	1,007	1,095	578	596
Percent of population	65.6	65.1	67.4	66.1	54.4	57.0	58.6	59.0
Employed	10,436	10,766	6,479	6,696	892	962	535	560
Agriculture	477	535	440	477	2	8	7	4
Nonagricultural industries	9,957	10,232	6,038	6,219	889	954	528	556
Unemployed	1,298	1,217	833	832	115	133	43	36
Unemployment rate	11.1	10.2	11.4	11.1	11.4	12.2	7.4	6.1
Not in labor force	6,162	6,430	3,542	3,866	845	826	409	414
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	8,998	9,226	5,657	5,943	822	852	474	482
Civilian labor force	7,103	7,218	4,606	4,740	555	586	321	342
Percent of population	78.9	78.2	81.4	79.8	67.5	68.7	67.8	71.0
Employed	6,314	6,503	4,092	4,233	485	517	298	318
Agriculture	432	485	395	434	2	7	7	4
Nonagricultural industries	5,882	6,018	3,697	3,800	482	510	291	314
Unemployed	789	715	514	507	70	69	24	23
Unemployment rate	11.1	9.9	11.1	10.7	12.7	11.8	7.3	6.9
Not in labor force	1,895	2,008	1,052	1,202	267	266	153	140
Men, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	8,076	8,282	5,062	5,300	699	749	444	456
Civilian labor force	6,658	6,785	4,290	4,440	510	546	310	326
Percent of population	82.4	81.9	84.8	83.8	73.0	73.0	69.9	71.5
Employed	5,982	6,186	3,852	4,017	455	493	289	305
Agriculture	409	460	373	409	2	7	7	3
Nonagricultural industries	5,573	5,726	3,479	3,608	453	486	283	302
Unemployed	676	599	438	424	55	53	21	20
Unemployment rate	10.1	8.8	10.2	9.5	10.7	9.8	6.7	6.3
Not in labor force	1,419	1,497	772	860	189	203	134	130
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	8,898	9,187	5,197	5,451	1,030	1,069	513	529
Civilian labor force	4,630	4,766	2,706	2,787	452	509	256	255
Percent of population	52.0	51.9	52.1	51.1	43.9	47.7	50.0	48.1
Employed	4,122	4,263	2,387	2,463	407	445	237	242
Agriculture	45	49	45	43	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries	4,075	4,214	2,341	2,419	407	444	237	242
Unemployed	509	502	319	324	45	64	19	13
Unemployment rate	11.0	10.5	11.8	11.6	9.9	12.7	7.6	5.1
Not in labor force	4,268	4,421	2,490	2,664	578	560	256	275
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	8,017	8,287	4,628	4,888	933	957	492	495
Civilian labor force	4,345	4,410	2,528	2,542	426	480	253	248
Percent of population	54.2	53.2	54.6	52.0	45.7	50.1	51.4	50.1
Employed	3,908	3,997	2,257	2,284	390	427	234	235
Agriculture	43	50	43	43	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries	3,864	3,947	2,213	2,241	390	427	234	235
Unemployed	437	413	271	258	35	52	19	13
Unemployment rate	10.1	9.4	10.7	10.2	8.3	10.9	7.3	5.3
Not in labor force	3,671	3,878	2,100	2,345	507	477	239	247
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,803	1,843	1,164	1,206	220	216	51	60
Civilian labor force	730	789	494	545	71	69	15	23
Percent of population	40.5	42.8	42.4	45.2	32.2	32.1	(²)	37.5
Employed	545	584	370	395	46	41	11	20
Agriculture	25	25	24	24	-	-	-	1
Nonagricultural industries	520	558	346	371	46	41	11	19
Unemployed	185	205	124	150	25	28	4	3
Unemployment rate	25.3	26.0	25.1	27.5	35.1	40.1	(²)	(²)
Not in labor force	1,072	1,054	670	661	150	146	36	38

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

² Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-13. Employed white, black, and Hispanic-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
SEX								
Total (all civilian workers)	120,416	123,294	103,037	105,156	12,402	13,074	10,436	10,766
Men	64,645	66,352	55,977	57,235	5,957	6,356	6,314	6,503
Women	55,771	56,942	47,059	47,921	6,445	6,718	4,122	4,263
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	33,244	34,825	29,530	30,963	2,266	2,469	1,451	1,530
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15,644	16,819	14,005	15,132	1,024	1,145	744	819
Professional specialty	17,600	18,006	15,525	15,831	1,243	1,324	707	711
Technical, sales, and administrative support	37,059	37,230	32,085	32,076	3,541	3,758	2,570	2,646
Technicians and related support	3,889	3,866	3,302	3,269	407	412	173	241
Sales occupations	14,506	14,862	12,954	13,162	1,023	1,157	959	975
Administrative support, including clerical	18,664	18,503	15,829	15,645	2,112	2,189	1,438	1,430
Service occupations	16,863	16,886	13,141	13,063	2,924	2,962	2,127	2,136
Private household	817	848	640	656	147	156	217	228
Protective service	2,220	2,204	1,720	1,698	444	441	184	159
Service, except private household and protective	13,826	13,835	10,781	10,709	2,334	2,364	1,727	1,748
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,079	13,313	11,536	11,819	1,057	996	1,372	1,441
Mechanics and repairers	4,388	4,346	3,909	3,901	336	324	374	386
Construction trades	4,611	4,925	4,118	4,428	362	351	542	587
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,079	4,041	3,509	3,491	360	320	456	468
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,114	17,769	13,887	14,243	2,496	2,749	2,387	2,443
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,476	7,824	6,013	6,214	1,046	1,213	1,132	1,170
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,011	5,079	4,122	4,152	730	762	464	465
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,628	4,866	3,752	3,877	720	774	790	808
Construction laborers	576	660	456	528	100	96	130	176
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,052	4,206	3,296	3,350	620	678	660	632
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,055	3,270	2,855	2,992	117	140	528	571
CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	1,421	1,633	1,280	1,454	75	85	398	481
Self-employed workers	1,495	1,540	1,460	1,503	16	13	79	74
Unpaid family workers	48	35	47	35	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:								
Wage and salary workers	108,372	111,188	92,014	94,003	11,835	12,542	9,449	9,775
Government	18,387	18,819	14,774	14,858	2,846	3,024	1,174	1,278
Private industries	89,984	92,567	77,240	79,145	8,989	9,518	8,275	8,497
Private households	931	993	720	751	179	197	237	250
Other industries	89,054	91,574	78,520	78,395	8,810	9,320	8,038	8,247
Self-employed workers	8,945	8,786	8,122	8,059	472	433	497	450
Unpaid family workers	134	114	112	103	3	1	12	6
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS								
Full-time workers	96,486	99,446	82,176	84,381	10,212	10,916	8,481	8,932
Part-time workers	23,930	23,848	20,860	20,775	2,190	2,158	1,955	1,834

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-14. Employed Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Total Hispanic origin ¹		Mexican origin		Puerto Rican origin		Cuban origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
SEX								
Total (all civilian workers)	10,436	10,766	6,479	6,696	892	962	535	560
Men	6,314	6,503	4,092	4,233	485	517	298	318
Women	4,122	4,263	2,387	2,463	407	445	237	242
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	1,451	1,530	778	849	172	193	113	125
Executive, administrative, and managerial	744	819	408	464	87	80	69	62
Professional specialty	707	711	370	386	85	113	45	63
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,570	2,646	1,464	1,437	267	292	185	232
Technicians and related support	173	241	86	120	24	25	10	30
Sales occupations	959	975	552	526	78	86	77	91
Administrative support, including clerical	1,438	1,430	846	792	165	181	98	111
Service occupations	2,127	2,136	1,245	1,320	186	160	90	74
Private household	217	228	121	128	5	4	4	6
Protective service	184	159	89	95	31	27	20	8
Service, except private household and protective	1,727	1,748	1,035	1,096	150	129	66	60
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,372	1,441	908	941	102	109	50	50
Mechanics and repairers	374	386	226	223	45	29	26	29
Construction trades	542	587	373	396	30	36	13	9
Other precision production, craft, and repair	456	468	309	322	27	44	11	12
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,387	2,443	1,589	1,660	160	192	89	68
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1,132	1,170	751	789	74	88	27	37
Transportation and material moving occupations	464	465	269	302	42	41	45	14
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	790	808	569	568	44	63	16	17
Construction laborers	130	176	102	132	6	5	-	1
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	660	632	557	436	312	57	24	16
Farming, forestry, and fishing	528	571	474	489	5	15	8	10
CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	398	461	377	417	1	6	-	-
Self-employed workers	79	74	62	60	1	2	7	4
Unpaid family workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:								
Wage and salary workers	9,449	9,775	5,753	5,956	846	911	480	527
Government	1,174	1,278	721	776	162	174	40	58
Private industries	8,275	8,497	5,032	5,180	684	737	440	470
Private households	237	250	135	143	5	6	4	6
Other industries	8,038	8,247	4,897	5,037	680	731	436	464
Self-employed workers	497	450	275	259	43	43	48	28
Unpaid family workers	12	6	10	5	-	-	-	-
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS								
Full-time workers	8,481	8,932	5,262	5,557	724	792	450	490
Part-time workers	1,955	1,834	1,217	1,138	167	170	85	70

¹Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other

Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-15. Employed persons by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

Age and sex	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
Total, 16 years and over	120,416	123,294	103,037	105,156	12,402	13,074	10,436	10,766
16 to 19 years	5,506	5,817	4,834	5,133	492	483	545	584
16 to 17 years	2,095	2,240	1,864	1,978	176	180	146	160
18 to 19 years	3,411	3,576	2,970	3,155	317	303	399	424
20 to 24 years	12,289	12,355	10,393	10,315	1,351	1,465	1,605	1,550
25 years and over	102,821	105,123	87,809	89,708	10,558	11,126	8,285	8,632
25 to 54 years	87,907	90,150	74,725	76,445	9,380	9,829	7,536	7,858
55 years and over	14,714	14,972	13,085	13,263	1,198	1,297	749	774
Men, 16 years and over	64,645	66,352	55,977	57,235	5,957	6,356	6,314	6,503
16 to 19 years	2,764	2,921	2,456	2,596	220	231	332	317
16 to 17 years	1,028	1,107	928	987	70	90	89	95
18 to 19 years	1,736	1,813	1,528	1,608	150	141	243	222
20 to 24 years	6,407	6,547	5,461	5,506	648	732	994	986
25 years and over	55,474	56,884	48,061	49,133	5,088	5,392	4,988	5,199
25 to 54 years	47,391	48,570	40,772	41,674	4,529	4,763	4,578	4,752
55 years and over	8,083	8,315	7,288	7,459	560	630	410	448
Women, 16 years and over	55,771	56,942	47,059	47,921	6,445	6,718	4,122	4,263
16 to 19 years	2,742	2,896	2,378	2,537	272	251	213	266
16 to 17 years	1,067	1,133	936	991	106	90	57	64
18 to 19 years	1,675	1,763	1,442	1,546	166	161	157	202
20 to 24 years	5,882	5,808	4,933	4,809	703	733	611	564
25 years and over	47,148	48,298	39,749	40,575	5,470	5,734	3,297	3,433
25 to 54 years	40,516	41,581	33,952	34,772	4,832	5,067	2,958	3,107
55 years and over	6,632	6,658	5,797	5,803	638	667	339	326

D-16. Unemployment rates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

Age and sex	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
Total, 16 years and over	7.1	5.9	6.3	5.3	13.1	10.3	11.1	10.2
16 to 19 years	18.9	17.4	17.0	15.1	34.0	34.0	25.3	26.0
16 to 17 years	21.5	20.7	19.9	18.9	35.2	34.6	35.1	36.0
18 to 19 years	17.2	15.1	15.0	12.5	33.3	33.7	20.9	21.4
20 to 24 years	11.3	9.4	9.8	8.2	22.4	17.1	11.8	12.6
25 years and over	5.8	4.8	5.2	4.3	10.4	7.8	9.8	8.4
25 to 54 years	6.0	4.9	5.3	4.4	11.0	8.2	9.9	8.4
55 years and over	4.9	3.9	4.8	3.8	5.5	4.5	9.0	8.4
Men, 16 years and over	7.6	6.2	6.8	5.6	14.2	10.5	11.1	9.9
16 to 19 years	21.4	19.1	19.1	16.9	40.3	35.6	25.4	26.7
16 to 17 years	24.5	22.5	22.9	20.7	40.8	34.0	36.4	36.3
18 to 19 years	19.5	16.9	16.5	14.4	40.1	36.5	20.4	21.6
20 to 24 years	12.8	10.2	11.4	9.2	24.0	17.5	11.4	11.9
25 years and over	6.2	5.0	5.6	4.5	11.0	7.9	9.9	8.2
25 to 54 years	6.3	5.1	5.7	4.6	11.6	8.2	9.8	8.1
55 years and over	5.2	4.1	5.1	4.1	6.0	5.0	11.1	10.0
Women, 16 years and over	6.5	5.6	5.6	4.8	12.1	10.0	11.0	10.5
16 to 19 years	16.2	15.5	14.7	13.1	27.8	32.6	25.1	25.1
16 to 17 years	18.4	18.8	16.7	17.0	30.9	35.1	33.1	35.5
18 to 19 years	14.8	13.2	13.3	10.5	25.7	31.0	21.7	21.1
20 to 24 years	9.7	8.5	8.0	7.0	20.8	16.7	12.6	13.8
25 years and over	5.4	4.5	4.7	4.0	9.8	7.8	9.6	8.6
25 to 54 years	5.6	4.7	4.8	4.0	10.4	8.2	10.0	8.8
55 years and over	4.4	3.6	4.4	3.5	5.0	3.9	6.4	6.2

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-17. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Reasons	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total unemployed	9,209	7,755	6,920	5,848	1,867	1,494	1,298	1,217
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ...	4,887	3,997	3,896	3,154	802	630	719	626
On temporary layoff	1,473	1,411	1,259	1,181	172	142	175	182
Not on temporary layoff	3,414	2,586	2,637	1,973	630	488	544	444
Permanent job losers	2,556	1,830	2,000	1,433	437	313	377	284
Persons who completed temporary jobs	859	756	637	540	193	175	167	160
Job leavers	842	774	679	617	123	121	82	86
Reentrants	2,948	2,491	1,996	1,754	796	608	403	388
New entrants	532	494	349	324	145	136	94	116
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ..	53.1	51.5	56.3	53.9	43.0	42.1	55.4	51.5
On temporary layoff	16.0	18.2	18.2	20.2	9.2	9.5	13.5	15.0
Not on temporary layoff	37.1	33.3	38.1	33.7	33.7	32.6	41.9	36.5
Job leavers	9.1	10.0	9.8	10.5	6.6	8.1	6.3	7.1
Reentrants	32.0	32.1	28.8	30.0	42.7	40.7	31.0	31.9
New entrants	5.8	6.4	5.0	5.5	7.8	9.1	7.2	9.5
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE								
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ..	3.8	3.0	3.5	2.8	5.6	4.3	6.1	5.2
Job leavers .....	.6	.6	.6	.6	.9	.8	.7	.7
Reentrants	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.6	5.6	4.2	3.4	3.2
New entrants .....	.4	.4	.3	.3	1.0	.9	.8	1.0

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

D-18. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	Total		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total, 16 years and over	9,209	7,755	6,920	5,848	1,867	1,494	1,298	1,217
Less than 5 weeks	2,902	2,872	2,281	2,109	497	444	397	381
5 to 14 weeks	2,911	2,517	2,210	1,913	586	458	430	422
15 weeks and over	3,396	2,566	2,429	1,827	784	591	471	414
15 to 26 weeks	1,549	1,200	1,152	868	320	250	232	225
27 weeks and over	1,847	1,367	1,277	959	464	341	238	190
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	19.0	17.2	17.9	16.3	22.3	20.4	18.3	17.2
Median duration, in weeks	9.8	8.7	9.2	8.2	11.6	10.1	10.0	9.4
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	31.5	34.5	33.0	36.1	26.6	29.7	30.6	31.3
5 to 14 weeks	31.6	32.5	31.9	32.7	31.4	30.7	33.2	34.7
15 weeks and over	36.9	33.1	35.1	31.2	42.0	39.6	36.3	34.0
15 to 26 weeks	16.8	15.5	16.7	14.8	17.2	16.8	17.9	18.4
27 weeks and over	20.1	17.6	18.4	16.4	24.8	22.8	18.4	15.6

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

D-19. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)		Median weekly earnings	
	1994	1995	1994	1995
SEX AND AGE				
Total, 16 years and over	84,587	87,336	\$469	\$478
Men, 16 years and over	47,889	50,070	529	535
16 to 24 years	5,138	5,639	291	302
25 years and over	42,752	44,431	578	585
Women, 16 years and over	36,698	37,266	399	406
16 to 24 years	4,100	4,023	274	281
25 years and over	32,597	33,243	420	424
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX				
White	71,247	73,299	485	494
Men	41,055	42,744	555	565
Women	30,193	30,555	408	416
Black	9,728	10,369	367	373
Men	4,839	5,226	401	401
Women	4,889	5,142	337	343
Hispanic origin	7,973	8,305	321	330
Men	5,099	5,339	345	349
Women	2,874	2,966	294	308

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black

population groups. Publication of data on family relationship has been temporarily suspended due to editing and weighting problems associated with the redesigned survey.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-20. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)		Median weekly earnings	
	1 1994	1 1995	1 1994	1 1995
SEX AND AGE				
Total, 16 years and over	20,888	20,945	\$130	\$136
Men, 16 years and over	6,953	6,512	120	124
16 to 24 years	3,586	3,411	97	103
25 years and over	3,367	3,101	170	168
Women, 16 years and over	13,936	14,433	135	141
16 to 24 years	4,279	4,460	97	103
25 years and over	9,656	9,973	159	164
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX				
White	18,016	17,934	131	136
Men	5,893	5,421	119	122
Women	12,123	12,512	137	143
Black	2,059	2,132	126	132
Men	716	766	143	142
Women	1,342	1,366	119	126
Hispanic origin	1,781	1,759	124	135
Men	763	641	120	139
Women	1,019	1,118	127	133

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black

population groups. Publication of data on family relationship has been temporarily suspended due to editing and weighting problems associated with the redesigned survey.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-21. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

Occupation and sex	Number of workers (in thousands)		Median weekly earnings	
	1994	1995	1994	1995
TOTAL				
Managerial and professional specialty	24,671	25,748	\$683	\$694
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11,931	12,723	665	673
Professional specialty	12,740	13,025	698	712
Technical, sales, and administrative support	25,187	25,501	423	425
Technicians and related support	3,236	3,079	548	550
Sales occupations	7,989	8,651	467	459
Administrative support, including clerical	13,962	13,771	391	399
Service occupations	9,063	9,347	286	296
Private household	309	375	174	204
Protective service	1,744	1,897	508	511
Service, except private household and protective	7,010	7,076	266	276
Precision production, craft, and repair	10,580	10,862	501	524
Mechanics and repairers	3,777	3,711	508	535
Construction trades	3,177	3,435	492	514
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,625	3,716	502	529
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14,013	14,650	366	378
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6,856	7,008	355	363
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,979	4,077	454	478
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,179	3,564	307	317
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,073	1,228	283	286
Men				
Managerial and professional specialty	12,565	13,404	803	819
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6,420	6,963	804	829
Professional specialty	6,145	6,441	801	809
Technical, sales, and administrative support	9,478	9,846	556	534
Technicians and related support	1,728	1,594	667	639
Sales occupations	4,579	4,874	577	569
Administrative support, including clerical	3,171	3,378	485	477
Service occupations	4,495	4,559	343	346
Private household	9	8	()	()
Protective service	1,489	1,607	523	512
Service, except private household and protective	2,997	2,944	294	295
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,624	9,864	515	542
Mechanics and repairers	3,647	3,551	512	535
Construction trades	3,124	3,364	493	513
Other precision production, craft, and repair	2,853	2,950	574	584
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	10,767	11,309	399	410
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,362	4,494	407	411
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,759	3,801	462	485
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2,646	3,014	316	332
Farming, forestry, and fishing	961	1,088	287	293
Women				
Managerial and professional specialty	12,106	12,344	591	601
Executive, administrative, and managerial	5,511	5,760	540	551
Professional specialty	6,595	6,584	618	636
Technical, sales, and administrative support	15,709	15,655	376	386
Technicians and related support	1,508	1,485	454	480
Sales occupations	3,410	3,777	344	345
Administrative support, including clerical	10,791	10,393	372	384
Service occupations	4,568	4,789	249	266
Private household	300	367	175	202
Protective service	254	290	426	503
Service, except private household and protective	4,014	4,132	250	265
Precision production, craft, and repair	956	997	344	396
Mechanics and repairers	130	160	427	543
Construction trades	53	71	()	()
Other precision production, craft, and repair	773	766	327	361
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,246	3,341	291	294
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,494	2,514	291	296
Transportation and material moving occupations	219	277	349	362
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	533	550	277	264
Farming, forestry, and fishing	113	140	256	238

Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

D-22. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

Veteran status and age	Civilian noninstitutional population		Civilian labor force							
	| 1994	| 1995	Total		Employed		Unemployed			
			| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995	Number		Percent of labor force	
							| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS										
Total, 40 years and over	7,398	7,540	6,495	6,541	6,190	6,263	305	278	4.7	4.2
40 to 54 years	6,532	6,547	5,998	5,998	5,709	5,739	289	259	4.8	4.3
40 to 44 years	2,007	1,616	1,842	1,485	1,723	1,404	119	81	6.5	5.4
45 to 49 years	3,173	3,240	2,940	2,984	2,829	2,863	111	121	3.8	4.1
50 to 54 years	1,352	1,692	1,216	1,529	1,158	1,472	58	57	4.8	3.7
55 years and over	865	993	497	543	480	524	17	19	3.3	3.6
NONVETERANS										
Total, 40 to 54 years	15,813	16,811	14,253	15,132	13,486	14,505	767	627	5.4	4.1
40 to 44 years	7,249	7,840	6,716	7,266	6,357	6,961	359	305	5.3	4.2
45 to 49 years	4,645	4,991	4,150	4,491	3,927	4,327	224	164	5.4	3.7
50 to 54 years	3,919	3,981	3,386	3,375	3,202	3,217	184	158	5.4	4.7

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces.

D-23. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and age	Veterans						Nonveterans					
	White		Black		Hispanic origin		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995	| 1994	| 1995
Total, 40 to 54 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,742	5,837	645	585	244	257	13,319	14,147	1,655	1,784	1,579	1,562
Civilian labor force	5,318	5,393	556	499	229	236	12,168	12,944	1,337	1,404	1,369	1,358
Employed	5,074	5,179	522	462	216	228	11,597	12,459	1,202	1,306	1,232	1,263
Unemployed	244	213	34	37	13	8	571	486	135	98	137	95
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.0	6.2	7.5	5.8	3.3	4.7	3.8	10.1	7.0	10.0	7.0
40 to 44 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,723	1,401	228	175	99	83	6,134	6,633	778	853	672	678
Civilian labor force	1,602	1,300	195	153	95	75	5,743	6,237	670	708	616	620
Employed	1,503	1,235	179	141	90	69	5,492	6,009	588	650	566	582
Unemployed	99	64	16	12	5	6	251	228	82	58	50	38
Unemployment rate	6.2	5.0	8.3	7.8	5.5	7.5	4.4	3.7	12.2	8.2	8.1	6.1
45 to 49 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,817	2,915	288	264	117	125	3,897	4,145	481	538	496	499
Civilian labor force	2,629	2,707	251	226	109	116	3,550	3,793	361	421	411	424
Employed	2,536	2,610	239	205	102	114	3,378	3,660	328	403	358	397
Unemployed	93	97	13	20	6	2	173	133	33	18	53	27
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.6	5.1	9.1	5.7	1.9	4.9	3.5	9.2	4.2	12.8	6.4
50 to 54 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,202	1,521	129	146	28	48	3,288	3,369	397	393	411	385
Civilian labor force	1,087	1,386	110	121	26	45	2,875	2,915	306	275	342	314
Employed	1,036	1,334	105	116	24	45	2,728	2,790	286	253	307	284
Unemployed	51	51	5	5	2	-	148	125	20	22	35	30
Unemployment rate	4.7	3.7	4.7	4.1	(¹)	(¹)	5.1	4.3	6.6	8.1	10.2	9.4

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Detail for the above race and

Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, classified by such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households located in 729 sample areas. These areas are chosen to represent all counties and independent cities in the U.S., with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires and telephone interviews by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of over 390,000 establishments employing over 47 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data complement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics,

for example, are obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications are much more reliably derived from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of variations in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two data series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the reference week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the reference week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, vacation, bad weather, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period are not.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours worked for all workers whereas the payroll survey measures hours for private production and nonsupervisory workers paid for by employers. In the household survey, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours at work. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures the earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the various earnings series available from the household and establishment surveys, see *BLS Measures of Compensation*, BLS Bulletin 2239 (1986).

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job during the reference week, were currently available for a job, and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, exclude, in addition to otherwise ineligible persons who do not file claims for benefits, persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the National Agricultural Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and data collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufacturers and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units; the industrial classification of establishments; and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census. Data in *County Business Patterns* (CBP) differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and most of government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit agencies.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, some employees, such as those working in parochial schools and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance, whereas they are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data

("A" tables, monthly; "D" tables, quarterly)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population and related data are compiled by BLS using data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). This monthly survey of households is conducted for BLS by the Bureau of the Census through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the "reference week." Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week, referred to as the "survey week."

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. Some 2,600 of these households are contacted but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey that ranges between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not eligible for enumeration. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job

training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. For purposes of occupation and industry classification, multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) *Job losers*, comprised of (a) persons *on temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *Job leavers* are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *Persons who completed temporary jobs*, who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) *Reentrants* are persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; (5) *New entrants* are persons who never worked. Each of these five categories of the unemployed can be expressed as a proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers. (For statistical presentation purposes, "job losers"

and “persons who completed temporary jobs” are combined into a single category until seasonal adjustments can be developed for the separate categories.)

Jobseekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week are classified as jobseekers. Jobseekers do not include persons classified as on temporary layoff, who although often looking for work, are not required to do so to be classified as unemployed. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work. Only active methods—which have the potential to result in a job offer without further action on the part of the jobseeker—qualify as job search. Examples include going to an employer directly or to a public or private employment agency, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other active method. Examples of the “other” category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point. Passive methods, which do not qualify as job search, include reading (as opposed to answering or placing) “help wanted” ads and taking a job training course.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4-week period prior to the survey week. This group includes *discouraged workers*, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify.

Persons classified as not in the labor force who are in the sample for either their fourth or eighth month are asked additional questions relating to job history and workseeking intentions. These latter data are available on a quarterly basis.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class of worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Multiple jobholders. These are employed persons who, during the reference week, had either two or more jobs as a wage and salary worker, were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job, or worked as an unpaid family worker and also held a wage and salary job. A person employed only in private households (cleaner, gardener, babysitter, etc.) who worked for two or more employers during the reference week is not counted as a multiple jobholder, since working for several employers is considered an inherent characteristic of private household work. Also excluded are self-employed persons with multiple businesses and persons with multiple jobs as unpaid family workers.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the published figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job. Unpublished data are available for the hours worked in each job and for usual hours.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: illness or other medical limitations, child-care problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work. The *full-time labor force* includes all employed persons who usually work full time and unemployed persons who are either looking for full-time work or are on layoff from full-time jobs. The *part-time labor force* consists of employed persons who usually work part time and unemployed persons who are seeking or are on layoff from part-time jobs. Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the *full- and part-time labor force*.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans. These are persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Published data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are persons who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (e.g., annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding self-employed persons who respond that their businesses were incorporated) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings. These figures indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls. Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status. These are the terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

Household. A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit and have no other usual address. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. A *householder* is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Changes in concepts and methods

While current survey concepts and methods are very similar to those introduced at the inception of the survey in 1940, a number of changes have been made over the years to improve the accuracy and usefulness of the data. Some of the most important changes include:

- In 1945, the questionnaire was radically changed with the introduction of four basic employment questions. Prior to that time, the survey did not contain specific question wording, but rather relied on a complicated scheme of activity prioritization.

- In 1953, the current 4-8-4 rotation system was adopted, whereby households are interviewed for 4 consecutive months, leave the sample for 8 months, and then return to the sample for the same 4 months of the following year. Before this system was introduced, households were interviewed for 6 consecutive months and then replaced. The new system provided some year-to-year overlap in the sample, thereby improving measurement over time.

- In 1955, the survey reference week was changed to the calendar week including the 12th day of the month, for greater consistency with the reference period used for other labor-related statistics. Previously, the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month had been used as the reference week.

- In 1957, the employment definition was modified slightly as a result of a comprehensive interagency review of labor force concepts and methods. Two relatively small groups of persons classified as employed, under "with a job but not at work," were assigned to different classifications. Persons on layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the layoff date, and persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new wage and salary job within 30 days of interview, were, for the most part, reassigned to the unemployed classification. The only exception was the small subgroup in school during the

reference week but waiting to start new jobs, which was transferred to not in the labor force.

- In 1967, more substantive changes were made as a result of the recommendations of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics (the Gordon Committee). The principal improvements were as follows:

- a) A 4-week job-search period and specific questions on jobseeking activity were introduced. Previously, the questionnaire was ambiguous as to the time period for jobseeking and there were no specific questions concerning job-search methods.

- b) An availability test was introduced whereby a person must be currently available for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, there was no such requirement. This revision to the concept mainly affected students, who, for example, may begin to look for summer jobs in the spring although they will not be available until June or July. Such persons, until 1967, had been classified as unemployed but since have been assigned to the "not in the labor force" category.

- c) Persons "with a job but not at work" because of strikes, bad weather, etc., who volunteered that they were looking for work, were shifted from unemployed status to employed.

- d) The lower age limit for official statistics on employment, unemployment, and other labor force concepts was raised from 14 to 16 years. Historical data for most major series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the new minimum age limit.

- e) New questions were added to obtain additional information on persons not in the labor force, including those referred to as "discouraged workers," defined as persons who indicate that they want a job but are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or none for which they would qualify.

- f) New "probing" questions were added to the questionnaire in order to increase the reliability of information on hours of work, duration of unemployment, and self-employment.

- In 1994, major changes to the Current Population Survey (CPS) were introduced, which included a complete redesign of the questionnaire and the use of computer-assisted interviewing for the entire survey. In addition, there were revisions to some of the labor force concepts and definitions, including the implementation of some changes recommended in 1979 by the National Commission on Employment and Unemployment Statistics (NCEUS, also known as the Levitan Commission.) Some of the major changes to the survey were:

a) The introduction of a redesigned and automated questionnaire. The CPS questionnaire was totally redesigned in order to obtain more accurate, comprehensive, and relevant information, and to take advantage of state-of-the-art computer interviewing techniques.

b) The addition of two, more objective, criteria to the definition of discouraged workers. Prior to 1994, to be classified as a discouraged worker, a person must have wanted a job and be reported as not currently looking because of a belief that no jobs were available or that there were none for which he or she would qualify. Beginning in 1994, persons classified as discouraged must also have looked for a job within the past year (or since their last job, if they worked during the year), and must have been available for work during the reference week (a direct question on availability was added in 1994; prior to 1994, availability had been inferred from responses to other questions.) These changes were made because the NCEUS and others felt that the previous definition of discouraged workers was too subjective, relying mainly on an individual's stated desire for a job and not on prior testing of the labor market.

c) Similarly, the identification of persons employed part time for economic reasons (working less than 35 hours in the reference week because of poor business conditions or because of an inability to find full-time work) was tightened by adding two new criteria for persons who usually work part time: They must want and be available for full-time work. Previously, such information was inferred. (Persons who usually work full time but worked part time for an economic reason during the reference week are assumed to meet these criteria.)

d) Specific questions were added about the expectation of recall for persons who indicate that they are on layoff. To be classified as "on temporary layoff," persons must expect to be recalled to their jobs. Previously, the questionnaire did not include explicit questions about the expectation of recall.

e) Persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new job within 30 days must have looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to the survey in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, such persons did not have to meet the job-search requirement in order to be included among the unemployed.

For additional information on changes in CPS concepts and methods, see *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Report 463, October 1976 and "Overhauling the Current Population Survey—Why is it Necessary to Change?," "Redesigning the Questionnaire," and "Evaluating Changes in the Estimates," *Monthly Labor Review*, September 1993, and "Revisions in the Current Population

Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the refinements in concepts, definitions, and methods made over the years, other changes have also affected the comparability of the labor force data.

- Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.

- Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.

- Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

- Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.

- In March 1973, a subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

- Beginning in January 1974, the method used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an "inflation-deflation" approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of this publication.

- Effective in July 1975, as a result of the large inflow of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and

black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—(30,000 men and 46,000 women.) The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, with all of the changes being confined to the “other” component of the population.

- Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in “Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978” in the February 1978 issue of this publication.

- Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

- Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in “Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979” in the February 1979 issue of this publication.

- Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment method was changed. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in “Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982” in the February 1982 issue of this publication. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in the total population and in the estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 (de-

scribed above), and data users should consider them when comparing estimates from different periods.

- Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was updated to incorporate data from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in “Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983” in the February 1983 issue of this publication. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

- Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first-and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in “Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985” in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

- Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and Hispanic employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in “Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986” in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

- Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.

- Beginning in January 1994, population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were based on

information obtained from the 1990 census (adjusted for the undercount as measured by the Census Bureau's Post Enumeration Survey). This change resulted in substantial increases in total population and in all major labor force categories. Under the new population controls, the civilian noninstitutional population increased by about 1.3 million, with much of the increase occurring among Hispanics. Estimates of employment were raised by about 950,000, and unemployment by approximately 200,000. In addition, the overall unemployment rate rose by about 0.1 percentage point, largely reflecting the increase in the Hispanic share of the population, which has a higher-than-average incidence of unemployment. For further information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Additionally, for the period January through May 1994, the composite estimation procedure was suspended due to technical and logistical reasons.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and was so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The

most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) systems, respectively.) There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The most notable changes in industry classification were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are changed occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates. When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's), which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989. A redesigned CPS sample based on the 1990 decennial census has been selected for use during the 1990's. Households from this new sample will be phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period. For further information, see "Redesign of the

Sample for the Current Population Survey" in the May 1994 issue of this publication.

The 1980 census-based sample design includes about 72,000 housing units per month located in 729 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States, for the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been maintained through periodic additions and deletions in the State samples. The criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment rate, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

Nationally, a 1.8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. This means that a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate is significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

In 11 States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—the most populous States at the time of the 1980 decennial census, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates. In the other 39 States and the District of Columbia, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the annual unemployment rate estimate. In New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area, a 9-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates.

In the first stage of sampling, the 729 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 72,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 housing units, 4 to 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 113,000 persons 16 years of age and older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,137 counties and independent cities, is divided into 1,973 sample units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties

normally are combined, except where the geographic area of the sample county is very large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is to have the PSU sufficiently compact so that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 1,973 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. There are 314 PSU's in strata by themselves that are self-representing, and generally these are the most populated PSU's in each State. The remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth; proportions of blacks and of Hispanics (in certain States); and population distribution by occupation, industry, age, and sex. The PSU's, randomly selected from these strata, are non-self-representing, because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1980 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on the reliability requirements for estimates for each State. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum of the State. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 with a State sampling ratio of 1 in 2,500, the within-PSU sampling ratio that results is 1 in 250, thereby achieving the desired ratio of 1 in 2,500 for the stratum.

Within each designated PSU, several steps are involved in selecting the housing units to be enumerated. First, the 1980 census enumeration districts (ED's), which are administrative units and contain on the average about 300 housing units, are ordered so that the sample would reflect the demographic and residential characteristics of the PSU. Within each ED, the housing units are sorted geographically and are grouped into clusters of approximately four housing units. Next, a systematic sample of these clusters of housing units is selected.

The identification of the sample housing units within an ED is made wherever possible from the list of ED addresses compiled during the 1980 census. The address lists are used in about three-fourths of the ED's, primarily in urban areas. Area sampling is applied in the remaining ED's, mostly in

rural areas. In ED's where address lists are used, automated methods are used to form clusters of geographically contiguous housing units. An effort is made to have all small, multi-unit addresses (two to four housing units) included in the same cluster. The methods use the within-PSU sampling ratio to identify appropriate clusters for the sample. Supplemental samples are also prepared to account for addresses in isolated geographic areas and to account for housing units not found on the address lists, including housing units newly constructed in the PSU since the census date. The addresses of these units are obtained mainly from records of building permits.

In those ED's where area sampling methods are used, mainly rural areas, the ED's are subdivided into small land "chunks" with well-defined boundaries and having, in general, an expected "size" of about 8 to 12 housing units or other living quarters. For each subdivided ED, one chunk (or more) is designated for the sample. When a selected chunk contains about four households, for example, all units are included in the sample. When the size of the chunk is several times four units, an interviewer does not conduct interviews at all housing units in the chunk but uses a systematic sampling pattern to obtain approximately four households. The remaining housing units in the chunk are then available for further samples. Area ED's also make use of building permit lists to identify newly constructed housing units.

Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. For each sample, eight representative subsamples or rotation groups are identified. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In any 1 month, one-eighth of the rotation groups are in their first month of enumeration, another eighth is in their second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample segments are common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year for the same month. This procedure provides a substantial amount of month-to-month and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus providing better estimates of change and reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the *Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey*, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1980 census-based sample appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1984 issue of this publication.

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

Time period	Number of sample areas	Households eligible		Households visited but not eligible
		Interviewed	Not interviewed	
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	1,330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	2,333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988	729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	729	53,200	2,600	11,500
Nov. 1989 to present ³	729	57,400	2,600	11,800

¹ Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

³ The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. Exceptions include sample persons in New York and California, where households in New York City and Los Angeles are selected with higher probability. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is carried out when areas selected for the sample are found to contain many more households than expected. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio estimation.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSU's rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's that are not self-representing and for those States that have a

substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1980 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and 2) the race distribution of all PSU's (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSU's.)

b. *Second-stage ratio estimation.* This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:

- 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older
- 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories
- 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," appearing in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS being generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is

substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals of time.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided indicate primarily the magnitude of the sampling error. They also incorporate the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not account for any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., the inability to obtain information about all persons in the sample; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collecting and processing the data; errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966*, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel

Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. The CPS covers about 94 percent of the decennial census population. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races than for whites. Ratio adjustment to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in *An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey*, by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, *Annals of Economic and Social Measurement*, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in *The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology*, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are

believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Since it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect contributions from sampling errors and some kinds of nonsampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1993 as well as the use of new population controls based on the 1990 census. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors obtained must be further adjusted to reflect the CPS sample size in effect at that time. For years prior to 1956, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.5; for the years 1956 through 1966, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.22.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. These tables are briefly summarized here; details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, since the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating

Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories
(In thousands)

Category	Monthly level	Consecutive-month change
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	275	204
Employed	295	224
Unemployed	146	160
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	179	152
Employed	194	164
Unemployed	103	118
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	204	155
Employed	209	160
Unemployed	90	105
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	89	88
Employed	87	86
Unemployed	58	75
Black, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	127	94
Employed	129	98
Unemployed	66	75
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	72	63
Employed	76	67
Unemployed	45	53
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	90	68
Employed	89	68
Unemployed	43	50
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	36	38
Employed	31	32
Unemployed	28	33
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	121	85
Employed	123	100
Unemployed	58	68

standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These tables provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive month-to-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

Illustration. Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approxi-

Table 1-C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive-month change
Total, 16 years and over	0.11	0.13
Men, 16 years and over .....	.16	.19
Men, 20 years and over .....	.15	.18
Women, 16 years and over .....	.16	.19
Women, 20 years and over .....	.16	.19
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years .....	.76	1.00
White workers .....	.12	.14
Black workers .....	.47	.55
Hispanic-origin workers .....	.53	.63
Married men, spouse present .....	.16	.19
Married women, spouse present .....	.19	.22
Women who maintain families .....	.54	.65
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and managerial .....	.23	.27
Professional specialty .....	.19	.23
Technicians and related support .....	.48	.57
Sales .....	.31	.37
Administrative support, including clerical .....	.25	.30
Private household	1.27	1.51
Protective service .....	.72	.86
Service, except private household and protective service .....	.36	.43
Precision production, craft, and repair .....	.36	.43
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	.52	.62
Transportation and material moving .....	.57	.68
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	.74	.88
Farming, forestry, and fishing .....	.73	.87
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers .....	.13	.16
Goods-producing industries .....	.28	.33
Mining	1.57	1.87
Construction .....	.73	.87
Manufacturing .....	.29	.34
Durable goods .....	.38	.45
Nondurable goods .....	.45	.53
Service-producing industries .....	.15	.18
Transportation, communications, and public utilities .....	.43	.51
Wholesale and retail trade .....	.27	.33
Finance and services .....	.19	.23
Government workers .....	.21	.25
Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.19	1.42

mate standard error of 204,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "total, women 20 years and over: Civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,674,000 to 54,326,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and

1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this month-to-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment, total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 252,000, and the standard error corresponding to 120,000,000 is given as 223,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$223,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000 - 116,150,000}{120,000,000 - 100,000,000} \right) (252,000 - 223,000) = 229,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be approximately the interval from 734,000 to 1,466,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from 1 month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of part-time employment, by contrast, have low correlation, because these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in this table should be selected from the rows labeled "most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

Table 1-D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

(In thousands)

Estimated monthly level	Characteristic									
	Agricultural employment		Unemployment			Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				
	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Hispanic origin	
									Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force
50	12	12	11	12	12	11	11	12	13	13
100	17	17	16	17	18	16	16	17	18	18
500	39	37	36	36	39	36	36	37	41	41
1,000	58	51	51	51	55	51	51	51	57	57
2,000	90	71	71	69	77	72	72	71	78	78
4,000	147		100	89	105	101	101	96	103	103
6,000	202		122	98		123	122	111	116	116
8,000	256		140	99		141	140	121	122	122
10,000	310		155	92		156	156	127	122	122
15,000			187			188	187	125	89	89
20,000			213			214	212	98		
30,000						253	249			
40,000						281	275			
50,000						301	293			
60,000						316	304			
70,000						324	308			
80,000						328	307			
100,000						321	287			
120,000						294	238			
140,000						238				
160,000										
180,000										

Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

(In thousands)

Estimated monthly level	Characteristic									
	Agricultural employment		Unemployment			Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				
	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Hispanic origin	
									Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force
50	13	11	14	14	15	9	9	10	11	9
100	18	16	19	19	21	13	13	14	16	13
500	40	35	42	43	46	29	29	30	34	29
1,000	55	49	60	59	65	42	42	42	48	40
2,000	73	67	84	78	89	59	59	58	65	55
4,000	88		115	96	118	82	82	78	86	72
6,000	86		138	97		100	100	90	96	82
8,000	65		155	81		115	115	96	100	86
10,000			168			128	128	99	98	86
15,000			190			154	154	90	60	62
20,000			200			174	174	43		
30,000						206	206			
40,000						228	228			
50,000						244	244			
60,000						254	254			
70,000						260	260			
80,000						262	262			
100,000						252	252			
120,000						223	223			
140,000						164	164			
160,000										
180,000										

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated monthly level, x , can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

Illustration. Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force ($x = 6,000,000$). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("unemployment, total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

$$a = -0.000015942 \quad b = 2576.83$$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000015942)(6,000,000)^2 + (2576.83)(6,000,000)} = 122,000$$

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is $x = 6,100,000$. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("unemployment, total or white, total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000083130)(6,100,000)^2 + (3652.76)(6,100,000)} = 139,000$$

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from -22,000 to 422,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated per-

centage or rate, p , can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y} P(100-P)}$$

Illustration. For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter $b = 2204.62$ from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2204.62}{5,600,000} (32)(100-32)} = 0.9 \text{ percent}$$

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get $p = 33$ percent and $y = 5,650,000$. Next, obtain the parameter $b = 2344.57$ from table 1-G ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total or white, women, low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2344.57}{5,650,000} (33)(100-33)} = 1.0 \text{ percent}$$

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation. If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "women, most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("women, low correlation" or "both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors to be applied only to standard errors for monthly levels. Follow these three basic steps:

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	a	b
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total ¹	-0.00015693	2601.35
Men ¹	-.000029081	2408.58
Women	-.000026234	2204.62
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-.000155877	2217.37
White ¹	-.000017747	2600.88
Men	-.000032645	2410.86
Women	-.000029869	2291.86
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-.000185057	2221.96
Black	-.000112595	2735.54
Men	-.000271289	2553.88
Women	-.000164088	2298.23
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-.001181647	2570.17
Hispanic origin	-.000190760	3394.71
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16- to 19-year-olds .....	.000005264	722.21
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white .....	.000694096	2656.52
Men .....	.000761532	2461.77
Women or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-.000022089	2250.29
Black	-.000121207	2749.05
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women .....	.010960039	2522.57
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years .....	.014443239	1483.55
Unemployment:		
Total or white	-.000015942	2576.83
Black	-.000190601	2744.70
Hispanic origin	-.000094114	3116.52

¹ Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.

Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.

Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H.

Illustration. Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black, total"). Use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

$$a = -0.000112595 \quad b = 2735.54$$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,600,000)^2 + (2735.54)(11,600,000)} \doteq 129,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 112,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000. The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,400,000)^2 + (2735.54)(11,400,000)} \doteq 129,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table 1-H (column labeled "change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 108,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from 1 quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

Characteristic	a	b
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total or white:		
Most characteristics	-0.000011078	1743.77
High correlation characteristics ¹	-0.00008243	1363.60
Low correlation characteristics ¹	-0.000014344	2222.55
Men:		
Most characteristics	-0.000020055	1674.07
High correlation characteristics	-0.000014922	1307.96
Low correlation characteristics	-0.000051814	2325.37
Women:		
Most characteristics	-0.000018844	1472.65
Low correlation characteristics	-0.000053069	2344.57
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.000169260	2280.05
Black:		
Most characteristics	-0.000088926	1871.20
Low correlation characteristics	-0.001732525	5676.12
Men:		
Most characteristics	-0.000210520	1986.81
Low correlation characteristics	-0.002587620	5079.90
Women:		
Most characteristics	-0.000140581	1621.48
Low correlation characteristics	-0.002078112	4723.08
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.001176111	2729.02
Hispanic origin:		
Total	-0.000145304	2417.72
Civilian labor force and not in labor force	-0.000095111	1682.24
Low correlation characteristics	-0.002425480	7511.81
Men, civilian labor force and not in labor force	-0.000227656	2045.54
Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over; and both sexes, 16 to 19 years		
	-0.000366130	3150.64
Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	-0.000315338	2239.22
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white:		
Total	-0.000351254	3344.45
Men	-0.000597224	3450.08
Women or both sexes, 16 to 19 years .....	.000115653	2062.60
Black:		
Total or women	-0.000109948	2493.69
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.017161885	5121.00
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women .....	.002654758	4043.98
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years .....	.002647371	3510.08
Self-employed	-0.000218152	1822.59
Unemployment:²		
Total or white:		
Total, men, women	-0.000083130	3652.76
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	-0.000063570	4463.07
Black:		
Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.000372215	3800.30
High correlation characteristics .....	.000043286	2691.66
Hispanic origin:		
Total, men, women	-0.000233757	4404.26
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	-0.000921018	6132.68

¹ High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, service workers, and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

² High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

Characteristic	Factor				
	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30	0.92	0.70	0.79	0.70
Women	1.30	.82	.84	.57	.70
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.30	.78	.88	.49	.70
Part time	1.40	.80	.80	.59	.70
Unemployment:					
Total	1.40	.74	.88	.46	.65
Part time	1.40	.67	.88	.42	.54
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:					
Total or white	1.30	.87	.85	.65	.70
Black	1.30	.87	.84	.65	.70
Hispanic origin	1.30	.87	.80	.65	.70
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.30	.79	.88	.54	.70
Part time	1.40	.82	.90	.51	.60

Establishment Data ("B" tables)

COLLECTION

BLS cooperates with State employment security agencies in the Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey to collect data each month on employment, hours, and earnings from a sample of nonfarm establishments (including government). In March 1993, this sample included over 390,000 reporting units. From these data, a large number of employment, hours, and earnings series in considerable industry and geographic detail are prepared and published each month. Historical statistics can be found in *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States*, and *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas*. These data are also available in machine-readable format.

Each month, the State agencies collect data on employment, payrolls, and paid hours from a sample of establishments. Data are collected by mail from most respondents; phone collection is used to obtain higher response rates from selected respondents through computer-assisted interviews, touch-tone self-response, and voice recognition technology.

The respondents extract the requested data from their payroll records, which must be maintained for a variety of tax and accounting purposes. All firms with 250 employees or more are asked to participate in the survey, as well as a sample of smaller firms.

A "shuttle" schedule (BLS form 790 series) is used for mail respondents. It is submitted each month by the respondents, edited by the State agency, and returned to the respondent for use again the following month.

The technical characteristics of the shuttle schedule are particularly important in maintaining continuity and consistency in reporting from month to month. The shuttle design automatically exhibits the trends of the reported data covered by the schedule during the year; therefore, the relationship of the current data to the data for the previous months is shown. The schedule also has operational advantages. For example, accuracy and economy are achieved by entering the identification codes and the address of the reporter only once a year.

All schedules are edited by the State agencies each month to make sure that the data are correctly reported and that they are consistent with the data reported by the establishment in earlier months and with the data reported by other establishments in the industry. The State agencies forward the data, either on the schedules themselves or in machine-readable form, to BLS-Washington. They also use the information provided on the forms to develop State and area estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. At BLS, the data are edited again by computer to detect processing and reporting errors which may have been missed in the initial State editing; the edited data are used to prepare national estimates.

It should be noted that for employment, the sum of the State figures will differ from the official U.S. national totals because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification and differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the *1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual* (SIC), Office of Management and Budget.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-6). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are

calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment [$65 - (100 - 65) = 30$]. However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers. This category includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers. This group includes the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees. These are employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll. This refers to the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. Employee benefits (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours. These are the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours. These are hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Because overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated

portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings. These earnings are in constant dollars and are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). The reference year for these series is 1982.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These

annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,703 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

Benchmarks

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 99 percent of in-scope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 1 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate, for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the 11 months following the March benchmark are also recalculated each year. These post-benchmark estimates reflect the application of sample-based monthly changes to new benchmark levels for March, and the recomputation of bias adjustment factors for each month. Bias factors are updated to take into account the most recent experience of the estimates generated by the monthly sample versus the full universe counts derived from the UI.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and all data series for the previous 5 years are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 390,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,703 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit SIC level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Sub-industry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly between establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the basic cell level, as part of the standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a portion of employment growth each month of the year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial underestimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment

Table 2-A. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
Monthly data		
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. ¹	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours ...	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
Annual average data		
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours ...	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly

earnings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year. The undercount errors were measured as the difference between sample-based estimate results and benchmark levels.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and the bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements were strongly correlated with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated the sample data on employment growth over the most recent two quarters, and a regression-derived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This change in methodology provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model. The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983, for the production of national estimates.

The current model still has limitations in its ability to react to changing economic conditions or changing error structure relationships between the sample-based estimates and the UI universe counts. A principal limitation is the inability to incorporate UI universe counts as they become available on an ongoing basis, with a 6- to 9-month lag from the reference period. Thus, the current quarterly outputs from the model are subject to intervention analysis, and adjustments can be made to its results, prior to the establishment of final bias levels for a quarter. Review is done primarily in terms of detection of outlier (i.e., abnormally high or low) values, and by comparison of CES sample and bias trends with the most recent quarterly observations of UI universe counts. The BLS currently has under study improved bias models using a Kalman filter technique, which would allow a more formal, structured incorporation of each quarter's UI universe counts in the bias modeling process.

Although the primary function of bias adjustment is to account for employment resulting from new business formations, it also adjusts for other elements of nonsampling error in the survey, because the primary input to the modeling procedure is total estimation error. Significant among these nonsampling error sources is a business death bias. When a sampled firm closes down, most often it simply does not respond to the survey that month, rather than reporting zero employment. Followup with nonrespondents may reveal an out-of-business firm, but this information is often received too late to incorporate into monthly estimates, and the firm is simply treated as a nonrespondent for that month.

Because the bias adjustments incorporated into the estimates represent a composite of a birth bias, death bias, and a number of other differences between the sample-based estimates and the population counts, the monthly bias adjustment levels have no specific economic meaning in and of themselves.

Table 2-B summarizes bias adjustments for the 1983-93 period. The table displays the average monthly "bias added"

and the average monthly "bias required" with the benchmark revisions for each year. Bias added shows the average amount of bias which was added each month over the course of an interbenchmark period. For example, the bias added for 1993 is listed as 83,000; this represents the average of bias adjustments made each month over the period April 1992 through March 1993. Bias required is computed retrospectively, after the March benchmark for a given year is known. Bias required figures are calculated by taking the difference between a March estimate derived purely from the sample (i.e., a series calculated without bias adjustment) and the March benchmark. Dividing this figure by 12 gives the average monthly bias required figure. The bias required is thus defined as the amount of bias adjustment which would have achieved a zero benchmark error. The difference between the total bias required and the total bias added is then, by definition, approximately the benchmark revision amount, for any given year. Also provided in the table for illustration, are the March-to-March changes. As discussed above, the over-the-year changes indicate correlation with the bias added and bias required figures.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period, and data in considerably more detail with an additional one-month lag.

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is a form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because variance on a population total estimate is a function of percentage universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the establishment survey design, large establishments fall into a certainty strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample

design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to have a sample design for these industries with a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-C shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling error. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2-D through 2-G.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total

survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. While the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it actually represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from zero to 0.6 percent. Table 2-D shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

Estimated standard errors for employment, hours, and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. Like the employment estimates, the hours and earnings estimates are also subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Estimates of the sampling error for employment, hour, and earnings were computed using the method of random groups and are expressed as relative stan-

Table 2-B. March employment benchmarks and bias adjustments for total private industries, March 1983-93

Year	Benchmark		Average monthly bias		Over-the-year employment change ⁵
	Employment ¹	Revision ²	Added ³	Required ⁴	
1983	72,043	-78	102	96	-1,327
1984	76,371	341	140	169	4,328
1985	79,446	-131	152	141	3,075
1986	81,204	-400	149	116	1,758
1987	83,173	21	98	99	1,969
1988	86,180	-310	114	88	3,007
1989	89,015	-93	131	123	2,835
1990	90,546	-261	85	63	1,531
1991	88,790	-583	61	12	-1,756
1992	88,347	-130	33	22	-443
1993	89,790	288	83	107	1,443

¹ Universe counts for March of each year used to make annual benchmark adjustments to the employment estimates. About 99 percent of the benchmark employment is from unemployment insurance administrative records, and the remaining 1 percent is from alternate sources. Data represent benchmark levels as originally computed.

² Difference between the final March sample-based estimate and the benchmark level for total private employment.

³ The average amount of bias adjustment each month over the

course of an inter-benchmark period, i.e., from April of the prior year through March of the given year.

⁴ The difference between the March benchmark and the March estimate derived solely from the sample without bias adjustment, converted to a monthly amount by dividing by 12.

⁵ March-to-March changes in the benchmark employment level.

NOTE: Data in this table exclude government employment because there is no bias adjustment for this sector.

standard errors (standard error divided by the estimate). Relative standard errors for individual industries with the specified number of employees are presented in table 2-E and for major industries in table 2-F. Multiplying the relative standard error by its estimated value gives the estimate of the standard error. The errors presented here are based on averages observed from sample data over the March 1992 through March 1993 period.

Standard errors for differences between industries and times. The standard error of a difference is required to test for significant differences between estimates from two different industries. Since the estimates for the two industries are independent, the standard error of a difference is the square root of the sum of the estimated variance of each estimate, S_1^2 and S_2^2 .

$$s \text{ difference} = \sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2}$$

The CES sample overlaps almost entirely from month to month, so monthly estimates are not independent. The covariance between these estimates must be accounted for when testing the significance of the change in estimates over time. The standard error of the change can be estimated as follows.

$$s \text{ change} = \sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2 - 2\rho s_1 s_2}$$

If $s_1 = s_2$, then:

$$s \text{ change} = \sqrt{2s_1^2(1-\rho)}$$

Conservative estimates of ρ after one month are 0.8 for employment, 0.6 for average weekly hours, and 0.8 for average hourly earnings.

If the bias is small, then the standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals or range of values that include the true population value. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that

every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

Revisions between preliminary and final data. First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised sample-based estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-G presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates.

Table 2-C. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1993

Industry	Bench- marks (thous- ands)	Sample coverage ¹		
		Number of establish- ments	Employees	
			Number (thous- ands)	Percent of bench- marks
Total	108,935	325,021	43,564	40
Mining	603	3,883	258	43
Construction	4,177	26,404	851	20
Manufacturing	17,974	59,002	9,160	51
Transportation and public utilities	5,720	217,567	2,528	44
Wholesale trade ...	5,903	26,367	1,154	20
Retail trade	19,133	65,892	4,843	25
Finance, insurance, and real estate ..	6,633	24,346	2,175	33
Services	29,647	77,599	7,771	26
Government:				
Federal	2,926	(²)	2,926	100
State	4,581	5,977	3,911	85
Local	11,638	17,984	7,987	69

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³ Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,342 reports covering about 60 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions
(Numbers in thousands)

Industry	March 1993 benchmark revision		10-year average mean percent revision ¹	
	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute
Total	263	0.2	-0.1	0.2
Total private	288	.3	-.1	.3
Goods-producing	287	1.3	-.4	.7
Mining	13	2.2	-1.8	2.1
Metal mining	0	0	-2.7	3.2
Coal mining	4	3.4	-1.2	2.0
Oil and gas extraction	8	2.4	-2.1	2.6
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	1	1.0	-1.1	1.5
Construction	68	1.6	-.4	1.5
General building contractors	42	4.1	-.1	2.2
Heavy construction, except building	1	.2	-5	1.8
Special trade contractors	26	1.0	-5	1.9
Manufacturing	206	1.1	-.4	.7
Durable goods	128	1.3	-.4	.7
Lumber and wood products	18	2.6	-.6	1.4
Furniture and fixtures	6	1.2	-.1	.9
Stone, clay, and glass products	4	.8	-.3	1.0
Primary metal industries	3	.4	-.7	1.0
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	0	0	-.3	1.3
Fabricated metal products	22	1.7	-.3	.8
Industrial machinery and equipment	20	1.0	-.7	1.1
Electronic and other electrical equipment	7	.5	-.9	1.1
Transportation equipment	24	1.4	.5	1.0
Motor vehicles and equipment	13	1.6	1.0	1.2
Aircraft and parts	2	.4	.5	1.4
Instruments and related products	12	1.3	-.3	1.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	13	3.5	-.5	1.4
Nondurable goods	78	1.0	-.4	.8
Food and kindred products	24	1.5	-.6	1.1
Tobacco products	-4	-9.5	-1.7	4.0
Textile mill products	9	1.3	-.3	.8
Apparel and other textile products	7	.7	-.9	1.3
Paper and allied products	9	1.3	-.1	.6
Printing and publishing	9	.6	-.3	.9
Chemicals and allied products	5	.5	-.2	.8
Petroleum and coal products	-4	-2.7	-.3	1.7
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	19	2.1	-.3	1.6
Leather and leather products	2	1.7	-1.7	3.3
Service-producing industries	-24	(²)	(²)	.3
Transportation and public utilities	58	1.0	-.4	.7
Transportation	56	1.6	-.6	1.3
Railroad transportation	0	0	-.1	1.4
Local and interurban passenger transit	7	1.8	1.0	1.6
Trucking and warehousing	37	2.3	-.4	1.6
Water transportation	0	0	-2.8	5.0
Transportation by air	3	.4	-1.3	2.1
Pipelines, except natural gas	1	5.3	-.1	3.7
Transportation services	9	2.5	-1.6	2.6
Communications and public utilities	2	.1	-.1	.7
Communications	4	.3	-.2	1.1
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	-2	-.2	-.1	.7
Wholesale trade	-152	-2.6	-.7	1.2
Durable goods	-75	-2.2	-.9	1.3
Nondurable goods	-77	-3.1	-.3	1.1
Retail trade	-40	-.2	.2	.6
Building materials and garden supplies	-13	-1.8	.6	1.6
General merchandise stores	92	3.8	1.3	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions—Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

Industry	March 1993 benchmark revision		10-year average mean percent revision ¹	
	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute
Retail trade—Continued				
Food stores	1	(2)	-9	1.0
Automotive dealers and service stations	-24	-1.2	-8	1.2
Apparel and accessory stores	-1	-.1	1.2	1.6
Furniture and home furnishings stores	-20	-2.5	-.4	1.5
Eating and drinking places	-48	-.7	.6	1.2
Miscellaneous retail establishments	-28	-1.2	-.2	.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate				
Finance	100	1.5	-.3	.8
Finance	10	.3	-.7	.8
Depository institutions	-24	-1.2	-1.3	1.3
Nondepository institutions	34	7.8	.7	1.4
Security and commodity brokers	4	.9	-.1	.9
Holding and other investment offices	-4	-1.8	-.5	4.8
Insurance	64	2.9	.2	1.0
Insurance carriers	50	3.3	.5	1.5
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	14	2.1	-.3	1.8
Real estate	26	2.0	-.2	1.4
Services				
Services	35	.1	.1	.5
Agricultural services	4	.9	2.6	2.6
Hotels and other lodging places	14	.9	.2	1.4
Personal services	56	4.7	.1	2.3
Business services	8	.1	.4	1.4
Personnel supply services	-61	-3.5	1.5	4.1
Auto repair, services, and parking	11	1.2	-.2	.9
Miscellaneous repair services	7	2.0	-.5	3.8
Motion pictures	-11	-2.7	.9	2.2
Amusement and recreation services	60	5.3	.1	2.9
Health services	-107	-1.2	-.7	1.0
Hospitals	-32	-.8	-.4	.7
Legal services	-5	-.5	(2)	1.4
Educational services	-71	-4.0	1.0	2.9
Social services	2	.1	-1.1	1.9
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	0	0	1.4	3.4
Membership organizations	73	3.6	2.3	3.0
Engineering and management services ³	5	.2	.8	1.5
Services, nec	-1	-2.4	-.5	1.8
Government				
Government	-25	-.1	(2)	.3
Federal	0	0	0	0
State	18	.4	.4	.7
Education	5	.3	.7	1.3
Other State government	13	.5	.2	.6
Local	-43	-.4	-.1	.3
Education	-7	-.1	-.1	.4
Other local government	-36	-.7	-.2	.3

¹ Data relate to the 1984-93 benchmarks, as originally published, unless otherwise noted.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

³ Data relate to 1989-93.

Table 2-E. Relative standard errors¹ for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings

(In percent)

Size of employment estimate	Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
50,000	1.3	2.0	2.9
100,000	1.0	1.5	2.4
200,000 .....	.8	1.1	1.9
500,000 .....	.6	.8	1.4
1,000,000 .....	.4	.6	1.1
2,000,000 .....	.3	.5	.9

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Table 2-F. Relative standard errors¹ for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings by industry division

(In percent)

Industry	Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total private	0.1	0.4	0.3
Mining .....	.4	.7	1.0
Construction .....	.4	.2	.3
Manufacturing .....	.1	.2	.4
Durable goods .....	.2	.2	.5
Nondurable goods .....	.1	.3	.4
Transportation and public utilities .....	.2	1.5	1.7
Wholesale trade .....	.2	.4	.3
Retail trade .....	.1	.3	.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	.3	.5	.4
Services .....	.2	.7	.4

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and

1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total private nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

(Tables B-7, B-14, and B-18)

As explained earlier, State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS, however, BLS uses the full CES sample to produce monthly national employment estimates, while each State agency uses its portion of the sample to independently develop a State employment estimate.

The CES area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue.

Caution in aggregating State data. The national estimation procedures used by BLS are designed to produce accurate national data by detailed industry; correspondingly the State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate data for each individual State. State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals nor vice versa. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause distortions at an aggregate level. This has been a particular problem at turning points in the U.S. economy, when the majority of the individual State errors tend to be in the same direction. Due to these statistical limitations, the Bureau does not compile or publish a "sum-of-States" employment series. Additionally, BLS cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure, particularly at turning points.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level ¹	Mean percent revision	
		Actual	Absolute
Total	71,500	0	0.1
Total private	54,300	0	0
Goods-producing industries	17,200	0	.1
Mining	2,400	0	.3
Metal mining ²	600	0	.7
Coal mining ²	1,000	-0.2	.6
Oil and gas extraction	2,300	.1	.4
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ²	400	0	.3
Construction	9,900	.1	.2
General building contractors	4,400	0	.3
Heavy construction, except building ²	4,000	.1	.4
Special trade contractors ²	6,400	.1	.2
Manufacturing	11,600	0	0
Durable goods	8,500	0	.1
Lumber and wood products	1,400	0	.2
Furniture and fixtures	1,300	0	.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,300	0	.2
Primary metal industries	1,800	-.1	.2
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,400	-.1	.5
Fabricated metal products	2,200	0	.1
Industrial machinery and equipment	2,600	0	.1
Electronic and other electrical equipment	3,100	0	.1
Transportation equipment	4,400	0	.2
Motor vehicles and equipment	3,600	.1	.4
Aircraft and parts ²	2,300	-.1	.2
Instruments and related products	1,700	0	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,600	0	.3
Nondurable goods	6,600	0	.1
Food and kindred products	3,900	0	.2
Tobacco products	500	.1	.8
Textile mill products	1,800	0	.2
Apparel and other textile products	2,800	0	.2
Paper and allied products	1,500	0	.2
Printing and publishing	1,900	0	.1
Chemicals and allied products	1,700	0	.1
Petroleum and coal products	700	-.1	.3
Rubber and misc. plastics products	1,700	0	.2
Leather and leather products	800	-.1	.5
Service-producing industries	64,700	0	.1
Transportation and public utilities	9,300	0	.1
Transportation	7,100	0	.2
Railroad transportation ²	2,100	0	.6
Local and interurban passenger transit ²	3,200	0	.7
Trucking and warehousing ²	15,300	-.1	.3
Water transportation ²	2,200	.2	1.0
Transportation by air ²	13,300	-.3	.5
Pipelines, except natural gas ²	200	-.4	.7
Transportation services ²	1,200	-.1	.3
Communications and public utilities	4,500	-.1	.2
Communications ²	4,200	-.1	.2
Electric, gas, and sanitary services ²	1,900	0	.2
Wholesale trade	6,500	0	.1
Durable goods	3,800	0	.1
Nondurable goods	4,300	0	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates—Continued

Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level ¹	Mean percent revision	
		Actual	Absolute
Retail trade	29,000	.1	.1
Building materials and garden supplies ²	2,500	.1	.2
General merchandise stores	13,300	0	.4
Food stores	6,200	0	.2
Automotive dealers and service stations	3,100	0	.1
Apparel and accessory stores ²	12,200	-.1	.5
Furniture and home furnishings stores ²	3,900	.1	.3
Eating and drinking places	11,300	0	.1
Miscellaneous retail establishments ²	7,600	.2	.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,400	0	.1
Finance	4,500	0	.1
Depository institutions ²	9,200	-.1	.2
Nondepository institutions ²	1,500	.1	.3
Security and commodity brokers ²	1,000	.1	.2
Holding and other investment offices ²	1,700	0	.6
Insurance	3,000	0	.1
Insurance carriers ²	2,800	0	.1
Insurance agents, brokers, and service ²	1,000	0	.1
Real estate	3,100	.1	.2
Services	30,800	0	.1
Agricultural services ²	6,100	-.1	.6
Hotels and other lodging places ²	7,200	.1	.3
Personal services ²	11,000	-.1	.6
Business services	14,300	.1	.2
Personnel supply services ²	12,400	.2	.5
Auto repair, services, and parking ²	12,700	-.2	.4
Miscellaneous repair services ²	2,800	-.2	.4
Motion pictures ²	6,200	-.1	1.0
Amusement and recreation services ²	13,900	.4	.9
Health services	7,100	0	.1
Hospitals ²	26,400	-.1	.2
Legal services ²	12,400	-.2	.3
Educational services ²	24,500	-.1	.7
Social services ¹	28,100	-.1	.5
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens ²	900	-.2	1.0
Membership organizations ²	25,400	-.2	.4
Engineering and management services ³	4,100	0	.1
Services, nec ²	1,400	.1	.3
Government	44,200	0	.2
Federal	15,800	.1	.4
State	17,500	0	.3
Education ²	11,700	.1	.5
Other State government ²	8,200	.1	.2
Local	26,600	0	.2
Education ²	19,800	.1	.3
Other local government ²	20,400	0	.2

¹ The root-mean-square error is the square root of the mean squared error. The mean squared error is the square of the difference between the final and preliminary estimates averaged across a series of monthly observations.

² Data based on differences from January 1990 through December

1993.

³ Data based on differences from August 1990 through December 1993.

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1989 through December 1993, unless otherwise noted.

Regional, State, and Area Labor Force Data ("C" tables)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act.

Annual average data for the States and over 260 areas shown in table C-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 6,500 areas, including nearly 2,400 LMA's, counties, and cities with a population of 25,000 or more. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. At the sub-LMA level, (county and city), estimates are prepared using disaggregation techniques based on decennial and annual population estimates and current unemployment insurance data. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, *Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics*.

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for 11 large States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the

Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, models based on a "signal-plus-noise" approach are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These are the "non-direct-use" States. The model of the signal is a time series model of the true labor force which consists of three components: A variable coefficient regression, a flexible trend, and a flexible seasonal component. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. The noise component of the models explicitly accounts for autocorrelation in the CPS sampling error and changes in the average magnitude of the error. In addition, the models can identify and remove the effects of outliers in the historical CPS series. While all the State models have important components in common, they differ somewhat from one another to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for the employment-to-population ratio and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The employment-to-population ratio, rather than the employment level, and the unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, are estimated primarily because these ratios are usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment-to-population ratio models use the relationship between the State's monthly employment from the CES and the CPS. The models also include trend and seasonal components to account for movements in the CPS not captured by the CES series. The seasonal component accounts for the seasonality in the CPS not explained by the CES while the trend component adjusts for long-run systematic differences between the two series.

The unemployment rate models use the relationship between the State's monthly unemployment insurance claims data and the CPS unemployment rate, along with trend and seasonal components.

In both the employment-to-population ratio and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The regression portion of the model includes a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data

relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, levels are calculated for the employment, unemployment, and labor force levels.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required; the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for the nearly 2,400 LMA's, are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These “place-of-work” estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1990 decennial census.

These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other non-seasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in *Employment and Earnings*.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data, usually for the most recent 5 years, are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970. In 1994, data were revised only for that year because of the major revisions implemented in the Current Population Survey.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight season-

ally adjusted civilian employment components and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components. The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue, *Employment and Earnings* publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure.

Since the early 1980's, BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust national establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program had been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors had been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau modified this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data are made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied at component levels. For employment series, these are generally the 2-digit SIC levels. Seasonally adjusted totals are arithmetic aggregations for employment series and weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted data for hours and earnings series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990. Effective with the computation of factors for the November 1993-April 1994 period, an extension of the moving-holiday adjustment was introduced to adjust for the effects of elections on local government employment.

Revised seasonally adjusted national establishment-based series based on the experience through March 1994, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1994, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Factors for the November 1994-April 1995 period ap-

pear in the December issue.

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia (tables C-1 and C-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation as a whole differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

Beginning in 1993, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment data by major industry for all States and the District of Columbia (table B-7). Seasonal adjustment factors are applied directly to the employment estimates at the division level (component series for manufacturing and trade) and then aggregated to the State totals. The recomputation of seasonal factors and historical revisions are made coincident with the annual benchmark adjustments. State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate (unadjusted and seasonally adjusted) data for each individual State. BLS independently develops a national employment series; State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause significant distortions at an aggregate level. Due to these statistical limitations, BLS does not compile a "sum-of-States" employment series, and cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure.