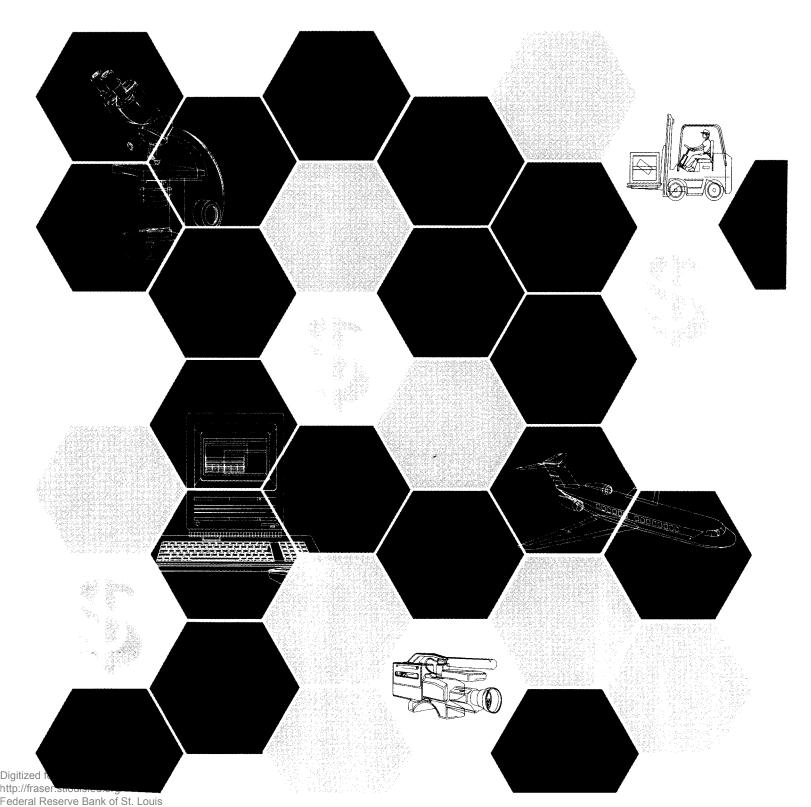




U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics September 1994





# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Robert B. Reich, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

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# September 1994 Vol. 41 No. 9

# **Calendar of Features**

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

# Household data

Annual averages	Jan.
Union affiliation	Jan.
Earnings by detailed occupation	Jan.
Employee absences	Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series	Jan.
Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, and data, weekly earnings data. Establishment data National annual averages:	Jan., Apr., July, Oct.
Industry divisions (preliminary)	Jan.
muusuy uvisions (prenimitary)	Uall.
Industry detail	Mar., June
Women employees	Mar., June
National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors	June
Revised historical national data	Bulletin <sup>1</sup>
State and area annual revisions	March
State and area annual averages	Мау
Area definitions	May
State and area labor force data	
Annual revisions Annual averages	March May

<sup>1</sup> A new bulletin is forthcoming.

# **Employment and Earnings**

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

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# Employment and Unemployment Developments, August 1994

Employment continued to rise in August and the unemployment rate was unchanged. Nonfarm payroll employment increased by 179,000, and the unemployment rate held at 6.1 percent.

# Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons, at 8.0 million in August, and the unemployment rate, 6.1 percent, were the same as in the prior month. Both measures had declined from January to May but have shown little change since then. (See table A-3.)

There also was little movement in joblessness among the major labor force groups in August. The unemployment rates for adult men (5.4 percent), adult women (5.4 percent), teenagers (17.5 percent), whites (5.3 percent), blacks (11.5 percent), and Hispanics (10.2 percent) all were essentially unchanged over the month. (See tables A-3 and A-4.) The number of persons who were unemployed because they had lost their last jobs or completed temporary jobs, at 3.8 million in August, has decreased by 629,000 since January, accounting for most of the overall drop in unemployment. (See table A-11.)

# Total employment and the labor force

Total employment showed an increase of 714,000 in August, seasonally adjusted, bringing the increase since January to 1.2 million. Nonfarm payroll employment has increased by 2.1 million over this same period. The employment-to-population ratio increased by 0.3 percentage point in August to 62.5 percent, a return to the May level. (See table A-3.)

The number of persons employed part time for economic reasons, at 4.3 million in August, has fallen by nearly 900,000 since January. Part-time employment for noneconomic (voluntary) reasons has risen over the period to 18.2 million. (See table A-6.) The number of workers holding two or more jobs in August totaled 7.1 million (not seasonally adjusted), or 5.7 percent of all employed persons (table A-35). The majority of these workers hold full-time jobs and moon-light in part-time jobs.

The civilian labor force increased by 732,000 in August, after exhibiting no growth from January to July. With this increase, the proportion of the population in the labor force rose 0.3 percentage point over the month to 66.6 percent. (See table A-3.)

# **Discouraged workers**

The number of discouraged workers-persons who want

jobs but have given up searching because they do not think they could find work---was 489,000 in August (not seasonally adjusted). An additional 1.2 million former jobseekers reported that they would like to have a job and were available to work in August, but were not currently looking for reasons such as family obligations. (See table A-34.)

# Industry payroll employment

Total nonfarm payroll employment continued to rise in August, increasing by 179,000 to a level of 113.8 million, after seasonal adjustment. The number of payroll jobs has expanded by 2.1 million since January, an average gain of 293,000 a month. (See table B-3.)

Manufacturing employment grew by 32,000 in August. Factory jobs have been on the rise since last September, with the gain totaling 143,000. Most of the jobs added over the month were in the durable goods sector. Motor vehicles employment rose by 10,000 and fabricated metals by 9,000 (mostly in auto stampings), reflecting strength in the auto industry and the reopening of plants that were closed for retooling. There also were sizable employment increases in electrical equipment and industrial machinery. Within the nondurable goods sector, gains continued in printing and publishing, and there were small increases in apparel and tobacco products.

Construction employment held about steady in August, following 13 consecutive months of growth during which construction industry payrolls were augmented by more than 300,000 workers. A decline of 9,000 in heavy construction employment in August reversed an identical increase in the prior month.

The services industry continued its pattern of solid job growth, adding 123,000 workers in August. The gains took place largely in business (53,000), health (38,000), and social services (22,000). The increase in business services included an unusually small gain in personnel supply----15,000---compared with a monthly average of 37,000 over the prior year. The large gain in health services payrolls included a rebound in hospital employment. In contrast, there were job losses in hotels and in amusement and recreation services.

Retail trade employment was essentially flat in August, following 2 months of robust growth. Job gains in automobile dealerships and service stations, food stores, and furniture and home furnishings stores were offset by a 29,000 loss in eating and drinking places, which had added 133,000 jobs between May and July.

Wholesale trade employment rose by 18,000 in August.

Real estate added 6,000 jobs, continuing its 2-year uptrend. Within finance, jobs continued to decline in nondepository institutions (primarily in mortgage banking), while growth was sustained in security brokers and other types of investment companies. There was little change over the month in transportation and public utilities and in government. Federal Government employment has held steady in the last 2 months, after declining by 124,000 since its April 1992 peak.

### Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls declined by 0.2 hour in August to 34.5 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek edged up 0.1 hour to 42.0 hours, after falling 0.1 hour in each of the prior 3 months. Factory overtime increased by 0.2 hour over the month to an alltime high of 4.8 hours (also reached in April), as auto manufacturers resumed their heavy production schedules. (See table B-8.) The index of aggregate weekly hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls declined 0.2 percent to 129.1 (1982=100) in August, resulting from the decline in the workweek. The manufacturing index rose 0.6 percent to 105.7, seasonally adjusted. (See table B-9.)

# Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls rose 0.2 percent in August to \$11.13, after seasonal adjustment. Average weekly earnings declined by 0.4 percent to \$383.99, because of the shorter workweek. Over the year, average hourly earnings and average weekly earnings increased by 2.5 and 2.2 percent, respectively. (See tables B-11 and B-15.)

Scheduled Release Dates										
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:										
Reference month Release date Reference month Release date										
September	October 7	December	January 6							
October	November 4	January	February 3							
November	December 2	February	March 10							

# Summary table A. Major labor force status categories, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category			1993			1994							
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
		Labor force status											
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Percent of population Unemployed Not in labor force	193,793 128,334 66.2 119,692 61.8 8,642 65,459	193,971 128,108 66.0 119,568 61.6 8,540 65,863	194,151 128,580 66.2 119,941 61.6 8,639 65,571	194,321 128,662 66.2 120,332 61.9 8,330 65,659	194,472 128,898 66.3 120,661 62.0 8,237 65,574	195,953 130,667 66.7 121,971 62.2 8,696 65,286	196,090 130,776 66.7 122,258 62.3 8,518 65,314	196,213 130,580 66,6 122,037 62.2 8,543 65,633	196,363 130,747 66.6 122,338 62.3 8,408 65,616	196,510 130,774 66.5 122,872 62.5 7,902 65,736	196,693 130,248 66.2 122,430 62.2 7,817 66,445	130,457 66.3	62.5 8,023
	1			l		Unem	ployment	rates			1		
All workers Men, 20 years and over Wormen, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White Black	6.7 6.4 5.7 18.4 5.9 12.5 9.9	6.7 6.3 5.8 17.9 5.8 12.5 10.0	6.7 6.2 5.8 18.9 6.1 11.9 11.4	6.5 5.9 5.7 18.3 5.6 12.5 10.4	6.4 5.8 5.7 17.8 5.6 11.5 10.5	6.7 5.9 6.0 18.4 5.8 13.1 10.6	6.5 6.0 5.7 17.9 5.6 12.9 10.0	6.5 5.8 6.0 17.8 5.7 12.5 10.0	6.4 5.6 19.9 5.6 11.8 10.8	6.0 5.2 5.4 18.3 5.2 11.5 9.5	6.0 5.3 5.4 16.9 5.3 11.2 10.3	6.1 5.6 5.3* 17.7 5.4 11.2 10.1	6.1 5.4 5.4 17.5 5.3 11.5 10.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective

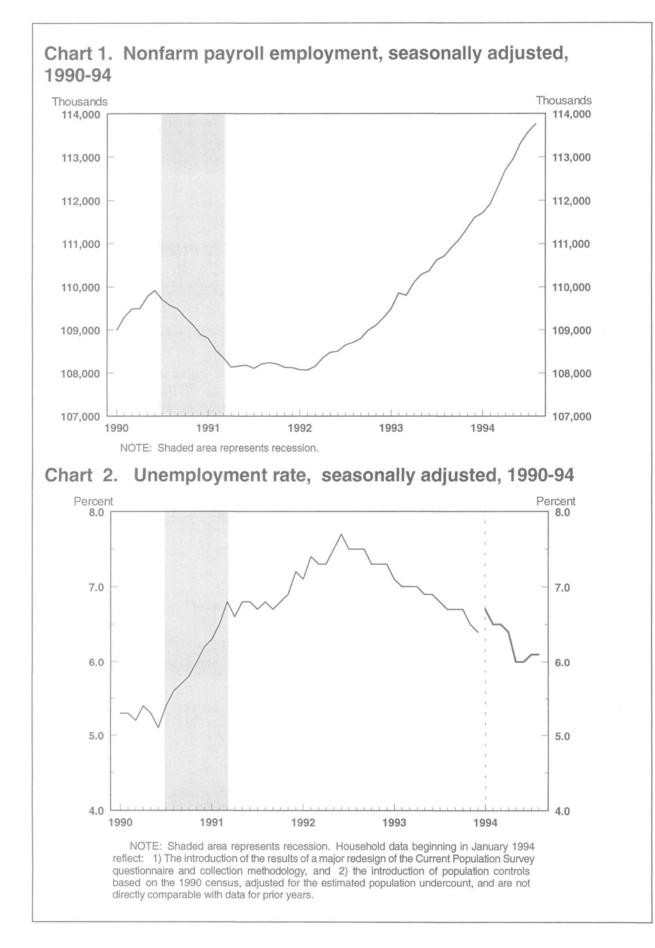
January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

#### Summary table B. Employment, hours, and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry			1993						19	994			
	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>	Aug. <sup>p</sup>
		• •					Employmer	nt					
Total	110,714	110.923	111.112	111,366	111,610	111.711	111,919	112,298	112,699	112,951	113,334	113,585	113.764
Total private		92.036	92,239	92.479	92.692	92.810	93.003	93,357	93,718	93.937	94,316	94,576	94,751
Goods-producing industries		23,206	23,245	23,281	23,298	23,328	23,327	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,576	23,595	23,620
Mining		605	605	604	618	616	612	609	606	603	605	601	600
Construction	4,659	4,667	4,700	4,733	4,738	4,744	4,745	4,806	4.893	4,907	4,927	4.949	4,943
Manufacturing		17,934	17,940	17,944	17,942	17,968	17,970	17,980	18,007	18.009	18.044	18.045	18.077
Service-producing industries	07 507										1	89,990	90,144
		87,717	87,867	88,085	88,312	88,383	88,592	88,903	89,193	89,432 5.843	89,758	5,854	5,858
Transportation and public utilities		5,783	5,798	5,800	5,792	5,793	5,803	5,816	5,759		5,849		6.071
Wholesale trade		5,962	5,965	5,971	5,976	5,990	6,003	6,013	6,028	6,037	6,049	6,053	20.379
Retail trade		19,805	19,822	19,848	19,931	19,924	19,965	20,026	20,137	20,153	20,279	20,379	6,803
Finance, insurance, and real estate		6,735	6,748	6,763	6,769	6,771	6,776	6,781	6,791	6,787	6,798	6,798	
Services		30,545	30,661	30,816	30,926	31,004	31,129	31,326	31,497	31,598	31,765	31,897	32,020
Government	18,822	18,887	18,873	18,887	18,918	18,901	18,916	18,941	18,981	19,014	19,018	19,009	19,013
				L		Over-ti	he-month	l	I	I			.1
		1	r · · · · · · ·			l	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		1		[	T
Total	86	209	189	254	244	101	208	379	401	252	383	251	179
Total private		144	203	240	213	118	193	354	361	219	379	260	175
Goods-producing industries		-1	39	36	17	30	-1	68	111	13	57	19	25
Mining		3	0	-1	14	-2	-4	-3	-3	-3	2	-4	-1
Construction		8	33	33	5	6	1	61	87	14	20	22	-6
Manufacturing		-12	6	4	-2	26	2	10	27	2	35	1	32
Service-producing industries		210	150	218	227	71	209	311	290	239	326	232	154
Transportation and public utilities		-3	15	2	-8	1	10	13	-57	84	6	5	4
Wholesale trade		8	3	6	5	14	13	10	15	9	12	4	18
Retail trade		35	17	26	83	-7	41	61	111	16	126	100	0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		11	13	15	6	2	5	5	10	-4	11	0	5
Services		94	116	155	110	78	125	197	171	101	167	132	123
Government		65	-14	14	31	-17	15	25	40	33	4	-9	4
		L	I				ours of wo	rt-1				1	
		·····	· · · · ·			<b>–</b>		rk.	1		r		1
Total private	34.6	34.4	34.5	34.6	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.7	34.5
Manufacturing		41.5	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.3	42.1	42.2	42.1	42.0	41.9	42.0
Overtime		4.2	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	41.5	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.8
												1	
					Indexes of	of aggrega	te weekly	hours (19	32=100) <sup>1</sup>				
Total private		124.4	125.3	125.8	125.9	127.1	125.6	127.3	128.2	129.1	128.8	129.3	129.1
Manufacturing	102.4	102.5	102.9	103.3	103.3	103.7	102.8	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.1	105.7
		l.,	1	1		Į	Earnings1		1	L	1	ι	L
Average hourly earnings, total private:		·····	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		g	r		<b></b>	<u></u>		1
Current dollars	\$10.86	\$10.88	\$10.92	\$10.94	\$10.96	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.11	\$11.13
Constant (1982) dollars <sup>2</sup>		7.40	7.39	7.39	7.40	7.43	7.42	7.39	7.40	7.42	7.39	7.38	N.A.
Average weekly earnings, total private	375.76	374.27	376.74	378.52	378.12	383.50	378.33	381.29	383.44	385.93	383.37	385.52	\$383.99

Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.
 <sup>2</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.



# A-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1961 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

month	Civilian noninsti- tutional population 118,771 120,153 122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	Number 70,459 70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	Percent of population 59.3 58.8 58.7 58.7 58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6 59.6	Number 65,746 66,702 67,762 69,305 71,088	Percent of population Annu 55.4 55.5 55.4	Agriculture Agriculture al averages 5,200 4,944	Nonagricultural industries 60,546	Number	ployed Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
and month p 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 967 968 970 971 971 973 974 975 976 976 978	tutional population 118,771 120,153 122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	70,459 70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	of population 59.3 58.8 58.7 58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	65,746 66,702 67,762 69,305	of population Annu 55.4 55.5 55.4	al averages	industries		of Iabor	labor
362'         363         364         365         366         367         368         370         371         372'         373'         374         375         376         377         378'	120,153 122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.8 58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	66,702 67,762 69,305	55.4 55.5 55.4	5,200	60,546		L	
362'         363         364         365         366         367         368         370         371         372'         373'         374         375         376         377         378'	120,153 122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.8 58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	66,702 67,762 69,305	55.5 55.4		60,546	A 74 A		
362'         363         364         365         366         367         368         370         371         372'         373'         374         375         376         377         378'	120,153 122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.8 58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	66,702 67,762 69,305	55.5 55.4			4,714	6.7	48,3
163	122,416 124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.7 58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	67,762 69,305	55.4		61,759	3,911	5.5	49,5
164	124,485 126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.7 58.9 59.2 59.6	69,305		4,687	63,076	4,070	5.7	50,5
65	126,513 128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	74,455 75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	58.9 59.2 59.6		55.7	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.2	51,3
66	128,058 129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	75,770 77,347 78,737 80,734	59.2 59.6		56.2	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.5	52,0
667	129,874 132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	77,347 78,737 80,734	59.6	72,895	56.9	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.8	52,2
68 69 71 72' 73' 74 75 76 77 78'	132,028 134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	78,737 80,734		74,372	57.3	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.8	52,
69         70         71         72'         73'         74         75         76         77         78'	134,335 137,085 140,216 144,126	80,734		75,920	57.5	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.6	53,
71 72' 73' 74 75 76 76 77 78'	140,216 144,126		60.1	77,902	58.0	3,606	,74,296	2,832	3.5	53,6
71 72' 73' 74 75 76 77 78'	140,216 144,126	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.9	54,3
72'	144,126	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.9	55,8
773' 774 775 776 777 778'		87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	3,394	78,669	4,882	5.6	57,0
74 75 76 77 78 <sup>1</sup>	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	3,484	81,594	4,365	4.9	57,
75 76 77 78 <sup>1</sup>	150,120	91,949	61.3						5.6	58,
76 77 78 <sup>1</sup>				86,794	57.8	3,515	83,279	5,156		59,
77 78 <sup>1</sup>	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.5	
78'	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.7	59,
	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	3,283	88,734	6,991	7.1	60,
	161,910 164,863	102,251 104,962	63.2 63.7	96,048 98,824	59.3 59.9	3,387 3,347	92,661 95,477	6,202 6,137	6.1 5.8	59, 59,
80 81	167,745 170,130	106,940 108,670	63.8 63.0	99,303	59.2	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.1	60, 61,
82			63.9	100,397	59.0	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.6	62,
B3	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.7	
84	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.6	62,
	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.5	62,
85	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.2	62,
86'	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	3,163	106,434	8,237	7.0	62,
87	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.2	62,
88 89	184,613 186,393	121,669 123,869	65.9 66.5	114,968 117,342	62.3 63.0	3,169 3,199	111,800 114,142	6,701 6,528	5.5 5.3	62, 62,
90	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	62.7	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.5	63,
91	189,765	125,303	66.0	116,877	61.6	3,233	113,644	8,426	6.7	64,
92	191,576	126,982	66.3	117,598	61.4	3,207	114,391	9,384	7.4	64,
93	193,550	128,040	66.2	119,306	61.6	3,074	116,232	8,734	6.8	65,
	I		<u>.</u>	N	fonthly data,	seasonally ad	justed <sup>2</sup>			
93:	100 -00									
ugust	193,793	128,334	66.2	119,692	61.8	3,005	116,687	8,642	6.7	65,
September	193,971	128,108	66.0	119,568	61.6	3,093	116,475	8,540	6.7	65,
October	194,151	128,580	66.2	119,941	61.8	3,021	116,920	8,639	6.7	65,
ovember	194,321 194,472	128,662 128,898	66.2 66.3	120,332 120,661	61.9 62.0	3,114 3,096	117,218 117,565	8,330 8,237	6.5 6.4	65, 65,
							,500			
94: anuary <sup>3</sup>	195,953	130,667	66.7	121,971	62.2	3,331	118,639	8,696	6.7	65,
ebruary	195,955	130,007	66.7	122,258	62.2	3,391	118,867	8,518		65
larch	196,213	130,778	66.6	122,256	62.3		118,611	8,518	6.5	65.
pril	196,363	130,560		122,037		3,426	118,880		6.5	65
lay	196,363	130,747	66.6 66.5	122,338	62.3	3,459	119,437	8,408	6.4	65
une	196,510	130,774			62.5	3,435		7,902	6.0	
uly			66.2 66.2	122,430	62.2 62.2	3,235 3,278	119,195	7,817	6.0	66
ugust	196,859 197,043	130,457 131,189	66.3	122,452			119,173	8,005	6.1	66

' Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

<sup>2</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

<sup>3</sup> Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

#### A-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1983 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

			,		Civilia	n labor force				
Sex, year,	Civilian noninsti-		Percent		E	mployed		Unem	ployed	Not in Iabor
and month	tutional population	Number	of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	force
				,	Annu	al averages				
MEN										
83	82,531	83,047	76.4	56,787	68.8	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.9	19,48
84	83,605	63,835	78.4	59,091	70.7	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.4	19,77
85	84,469	64,411	76.3	59,891	70.9	2,535	57,356	4,521	7.0	20,05
86 <sup>1</sup>	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.9	20,370
87	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.2	20,693
68	87,857	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.5	20,93
89	88,762	67,840	76.4	64,315	72.5	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.2	20,92
90	89,650	68,234	76.1	64,435	71,9	2,507	81,928	3,799	5.6	21,41
91	90,552	68,411	75.5	63,593	70.2	2,552	61,041	4,817	7.0	22,14
92	91,541	69,184	75.6	63,805	89.7	2,534	61,270	5,380	7.8	22,356
93	92,620	69,633	75.2	64,700	69.9	2,438	62,263	4,932	7.1	22,98
-			L	L	Manthhi data	seasonally adju				
F					Monuny data,	seasonany aqui	sted-			
<b>93:</b> August	92,749	60 947	75.0	64 004	70.0	0.050	60 550	4.040	7.1	20.00
Soptombor		69,847	75.3	64,904	70.0	2,352	62,552	4,943	7.1	22,90
September	92,843	69,580	74.9	64,756	89.7	2,455	62,301	4,824	8.9	23,26
October	92,941	69,820	75.1	64,971	69.9	2,376	62,595	4,849	6.9	23,12
lovember	93,033 93,116	69,730 69,813	75.0 75.0	65,144 65,259	70.0 70.1	2,481 2,461	62,663 62,798	4,586 4,554	6.6 6.5	23,30 23,30
94:										
anuary 3	93,909	70,744	75.3	65,963	70.2	2,545	63,419	4,781	6.8	23,16
ebruary	93,982	70,644	75.2	65,921	70.1	2,566	63,356	4,723	6.7	23,33
March	94,042	70,529	75.0	65,940	70.1	2,601	63,339	4,589	6.5	23,51
\pril	94,119	70,821	75.0	66,036	70.2	2,565	63,471	4,585	8.5	23,497
Aay	94,196	70,584	74.9	66,301	70.4	2,592	63,709	4,283	6.1	23,612
	94,294									23,96
lune		70,328	74.6	66,135	70.1	2,469	63,666	4,193	8.0	
luly Nugust	94,377 94,469	70,513 70,833	74.7 75.0	66,036 66,452	70.0 70.3	2,463 2,585	63,573 63,866	4,478 4,381	6.3 6.2	23,864 23,636
ŗ			I							
WOMEN				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Annu	al averages				
83	91,684	48,503	52.9	44,047	48.0	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,181
84	92,778	49,709	53.6	45,915	49.5	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,068
85	93,736	51,050	54.5	47,259	50.4	644	46,615	3,791	7.4	42,686
861	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,376
87	95,853	53,658	58.0	50,334	52.5	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,195
88	96,756	54,742	56.6	51,696	53.4	676	51,020	3,046	5.6	42,014
89	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	687	52,341	3,003	5.4	41,60
90	98,399	56,554	57.5	53,479	54.3	679	52,800	3,075	5.4	41,84
91	99,214	56,893	57.3	53,264	53.7	682	52,602	3,609	6.3	42,32
92	100,035	57,798	57.8	53,793	53.8	873	53,121	4,005	6.9	42,23
93	100,930	58,407	57.9	54,606	54.1	636	53,970	3,801	6.5	42,522
					Monthly data,	seasonally adju	sted <sup>2</sup>			
193:										
August	101,044	58,487	57.9	54,788	54.2	653	54,135	3,699	6.3	42,55
September	101,128	58,528	57.9	54,612	54.2	638	54,174	3,716	6.3	42,600
October	101,210	58,760	57.9	54,970	54.2 54.3	645	54,325	3,790	6.4	42,000
November	101,288	58,932	58.2	55,168	54.5	633	54,555	3,744	6.4	42,350
December	101,255	59,085	58.3	55,402	54.7	635	54,767	3,683	6.2	42,35
					J.,		04,101	0,000	0.2	+6,61
94: January <sup>3</sup>	102,044	59,923	58.7	56 007	54.9	707	55 004	2010		40.40
				56,007		787	55,221	3,916	6.5	42,12
-ebruary	102,107	60,132	58.9	56,336	55.2	825	55,511	3,795	6.3	41,97
	102,171	60,051	58.8	56,097	54.9	825	55,272	3,954	6.6	42,11
March	102,244	80,125	58.8	56,302	55.1	893	55,409	3,823	6.4	42,11
\pril										
pril Nay	102,314	60,190	56.8	56,571	55.3	844	55,728	3,619	6.0	
April May lune	102,399	59,919	58.5	56,295	55.0	766	55,526	3,625	6.0	42,48
										42,12 42,48 42,53 42,53

<sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

<sup>3</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 <sup>3</sup> Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier

years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

# A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		<del></del>	1993	ŕ	1				19	994	,	1	<del></del>
sex, and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population1		193,971											
Civilian labor force					1								
Percent of population			66.2		66.3	66.7	66.7	66.6	66.6		66.2	66.3	
Employed					120,661						122,430 62.2	122,452	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	61.8 8,642	61.6 8,540	61.8 8,639		62.0 8,237	62.2 8,696	62.3 8,518	62.2 8,543	62.3 8,408	62.5 7,902		8,005	
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5		6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4		6.0	· ·	1 .
Men, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>				93,033				94,042				94,377	94,46
Civilian labor force	69,847	69,580	69,820		69,813		70,644	70,529	70,621	70,584	70,328	70,513	
Percent of population		1	75.1	75.0	75.0	75.3	75.2	75.0	75.0	74.9	74.6 66,135	74.7 66,036	75. 66.45
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		64,756 69.7	64,971 69.9	65,144 70.0	65,259 70.1	65, <b>96</b> 3 70.2	65,921 70.1	65,940 70.1	66,036 70.2	66,301 70.4	70.1	70.0	70.
Agriculture		2,455			2,461	2,545	2,566	2,601	2,565	2.592	2,469	2,463	_
Nonagricultural industries			62,595	· ·						63,709	63,666		-
Unemployed		4,824	4,849		4,554	4,781	4,723	4,589	4,585	4,283	4,193	4,478	4,38
Unemployment rate		4,624	4,649			4,781	4,723	4,569	4,060	4,203	4,153	6.3	4,50
Not in labor force		1		(						23,612	23,965	23,864	
Men, 20 years and over													0-0-
Civilian noninstitutional population'					86,373	86,778	86,820	86,901	86,946	87,000		87,123	
Civilian labor force		66,038	66,306		66,321	66,806	66,764	66,723	66,701	66,692	66,409	66,596	
Percent of population		76.7	77.0	{	76.8	77.0	76.9	76.8	76.7	76.7	76.2	76.4	76.
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		61,901 71.9	62,172 72.2		62,444 72.3	62,842 72.4	62,778	62,857 72.3	62,958 72.4	63,192 72.6	62,916 72.2	62,889 72.2	63,210 72.
Agriculture		2,264			2,300	2,352	72.3 2,339	2,358	2,376	2,412	2,307	2,285	2,39
Nonagricultural industries	59,813		2,223 59,949		60,144			2,350	60,582			60,605	
Unemployed	4,215	4,137	4,134	3,883	3.877	3,964	3,986	3,866	3,743	3,500	3,493	3,706	
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.6	5,4
Not in labor force	19,781	20,037	19,850		20,052				20,246		20,686	20,528	
Women, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population'	101,044	101,128	101.210	101,288	101,356	102,044	102.107	102,171	102,244	102,314	102,399	102,482	102,57
Civilian labor force						59,923	60,132		60,125	60,190	59,919	59,943	
Percent of population		57.9	58.1	58.2	58.3	58.7	58.9	58.8	58.8	58.8	58.5	58.5	58.0
Employed		54,812	54,970	55,188	55,402	56,007	56,336	56,097	56,302	56,571	56,295	56,416	56,714
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		54.2	54.3	54.5	54.7	54.9	55.2	54.9	55.1	55.3	55.0	55.0	
Agriculture	653	638	645	633	635	787	825	825	893	844	766	815	1
Nonagricultural industries				· ·			55,511	55,272	55,409	55,728	55,528	55,600	
Unemployed		3,716			3,683	3,916			3,823	3,619	3,625	3,528	3,642
Unemployment rate		6.3	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0
Not in labor force	42,557	42,600	42,450	42,356	42,271	42,121	41,976	42,119	42,119	42,124	42,480	42,539	42,210
Women, 20 years and over	0.00	04					05.000	05 00-	05 000	05 000	05 10-	05 100	05.5
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>						95,109		95,225	95,282	95,329	95,407	95,469	
Civilian labor force Percent of population			55,462 58.6	55,621 58.7					56,410 59.2				
Employed		58.4 52,072	58.6		58.9 52,631	59.3 53,014	59.5 53,403	59.3 53,121	59.2 53,265	59.3 53,521	58.9 53,181	59.0 53,394	59.4 53,71
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		52,072	52,243		55.5	55,014	53,403	55.8	55,205	55,521	55.7	55.9	56.
Agriculture		596	601	597	599	744	766	773	837	787	726	781	81
Nonagricultural industries									52,428	52,734	52,455		
Unemployed		3,179	3,219		3,152	3,354	3,208	3,366	3,145	3,027	3,033	2,972	3,06
Unemployment rate		5.8	5.8		5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.
Not in labor force	39,241	39,324	39,194	39,088	38,981	38,742	38,548	38,738	38,872	38,781	39,193	39,103	38,77
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	10.001	10.000	10.000	10.00-	10.000	14 000		44.00-	44.400			14.00-	14.05
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>		13,321	13,339		13,335			14,087	14,135		14,191	14,267	
Civilian labor force		6,819	6,812		6,794	7,493	7,401	7,370	7,636	7,534	7,625	7,495	
Percent of population		5 5 9 5	51.1	5 5 5 94	50.9 5 586	53.3 6 115	52.4	52.3	54.0	53.1	53.7 6 333	52.5	
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		5,595 42.0	5,526 41.4	5,594 41.8	5,586 41.9	6,115 43.5	6,076 43.1	6,059 43.0	6,116 43.3	6,159 43.4	6,333 44.6	6,168 43.2	
Agriculture		233	197	183	41.9	43.5	43.1	43.0	43.3	43.4	44.0	43.2	
Nonagricultural industries		5,362	5,329	1	5,389			5,764	5,870		6,130	5,956	
Unemployed		1,224	1,286		1,208	1,378		1,311	1,520		1,292	1,327	1,32
Unemployee		17.9	18.9		17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8			16.9	17.7	1 .
Not in labor force		6,502	1	1	6,541	6,573		6,717	6,499		6,566	1	4
					-,	-,0		-,		,		,	

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. 2

<sup>2</sup> Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-3 through A-12 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent

seasonal adjustment of the various series. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

# A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and			1993						19	94			
Hispanic origin	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	164,074	164,190	164,309	164,421	164,516	165,014	165,096	165,168	165,259	165,351	165,472	165,576	165,69
Civilian labor force	109,646	109,492	110,009	109,804	110,016	110,802	110,934	110,633	110,673	110,797	110,358	110,768	111,24
Percent of population	66.8	66.7	67.0	66.8	66.9	67.1	67.2	67.0	67.0	67.0	66.7	66.9	67.
Employed		103.094	103.273	103.662	103.807	104.355	104.669	104.314	104,450	105,038	104,555	104,831	105,40
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>				63.0		63.2		63.2	63.2		63.2	63.3	
Unemployed	6,467								6,222		5,804	5,936	5,84
Unemployment rate	5.9			5.6	5.6				5.6		5.3	5.4	5.
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	57,196	57,097	57,390	57,123	57,280	57,457	57,333	57,258	57,175	57,113	57,002	57,254	57,36
Percent of population	77.5		77.7	77.2	77.4	77.6		77.2	77.1	77.0	76.8	77.1	77
Employed								54,283		54,466		54,466	54.67
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			73.3	73.4	73.3	73.5		73.2	73.2	73.4	73.2	73.3	
Unemployed					2,997	3,019		2,975	2,878		2,648	2,788	1
Unemployment rate				5.0	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.0		4.6	4.9	
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	46,586	46,544	46,710	46.768	46,872	47,025	47,281	47,085	46.951	47,222	46,938	47,183	47,45
Percent of population			58.5	58.6	58.7	59.0	59.3	59.0	58.8	59.1	58.7	59.0	
Employed			44,223							45,110	44,686	44,949	45.22
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			55.4	55.6			56.4	56.0	56.0	56.5	55.9	56.2	
Unemployed			2,487	2,376				2,360	2,196		2,252	2,234	
Unemployment rate			5.3	5.1	4.9	5.1	4.8	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.7	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	5,864	5,851	5,909	5,913	5,864	6,321	6,319	6,290	6,546	6,463	6,418	6,330	
Percent of population	55.3	55.1	55.6	55.6	55.1	56.5	56.4	56.1	58.3	57.5	57.0	56.1	56
Employed		4,939	4,906	4,991	4,970	5,286	5,323	5,306	5,398	5,462	5,515	5,416	5,49
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	46.5	46.5	46.2	46.9	46.7	47.3	47.5	47.3	48.0	48.6	49.0	48.0	48.
Unemployed	934	912	1,003	922	894	1,034	996	984	1,148	1,000	904	914	93
Unemployment rate	15.9	15.6	17.0	15.6	15.2	16.4	15.8	15.6	17.5	15.5	14.1	14.4	14.
Men	17.7	16.8	17.9	17.7	16.9	18.5	16.7	16.7	19.0	17.3	14.7	16.1	15.
Women	14.0			13.3	13.4	14.0	14.7	14.6	16.0	13.5	13.5	12.6	13.
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	22,375							22,774	22,799		22,855	22,883	
Civilian labor force	13,969				14,011	14,368		14,573	14,523		14,502	14,351	14,40
Percent of population				62.5	62.3	63.2	1	64.0	63.7	63.5	63.5	62.7	62.
Employed					12,397	12,482			12,813				
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>				54.7	55.1	54.9		56.0	56.2	56.2	56.3	55.7	
Unemployed		1 .		1,760				1,824	1,710		1,628		
Unemployment rate	12.5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5	11.8	11.5	11.2	11.2	11.
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force			6,482	6,529				6,633	6,622	6,715	6,581	6,537	
Percent of population		1							72.5		71.8	(	
Employed									5,962				
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	63.7							1	65.2		64.9	1	
Unemployed			1										1
Unemployment rate	12.0	12.1	11.0	12.3	10.5	12.3	12.1	10.2	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.5	10
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force				6,766					7,065				
Percent of population		1	1		60.3		1	62.2					
Constant	5,947	6,001	6,059		6,143								
Employed													
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		53.4	53.9	54.2	54.5	53.6	54.4						1
	53.0											1	66

See footnotes at end of table.

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			1993						19	94			
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	773	759	732	762	741	889	796	823	837	792	882	876	842
Percent of population	36.8	35.9	34.5	35.9	35.2	40.5	36.3	37.5	38.1	36.0	40.0	39.2	38.1
Employed	514	484	463	461	467	607	515	543	534	476	551	542	532
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	24.5	22.9	21.8	21.7	22.2	27.7	23.5	24.7	24.3	21.6	25.0	24.3	24.1
Unemployed	259	275	269	301	274	281	281	280	303	316	331	333	310
Unemployment rate	33.5	36.2	36.7	39.5	37.0	31.7	35.3	34.0	36.2	39.9	37.6		36.8
Men	34.9	39.7	40.6	39.2	38.8	38.1	40.1	37.5	40.8	42.8	40.0	43.0	42.3
Women	32.0	32.3	32.8	39.7	35.2	25.5	30.5	30.2	31.3	36.5	34.9	32.3	30.4
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	15,824	15,871	15,917	15,967	16,014	17,849	17.896	17,942	17,993	18,041	18,092	18,143	18,193
Civilian labor force	10,331	10,433				11,746	11,835	11,871	11,880	11,929	11,850	11,949	11,958
Percent of population	65.3	65.7	66.5	66.2	66.3	65.8	66.1	66.2	66.0	66.1	65.5	65.9	65.7
Employed	9,311	9,394	9,384	9,476	9,513	10,495	10,650	10,680	10,595	10,801	10,634	10,736	10,734
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	58.8	59.2	59.0	59.3	59.4	58.8	59.5	59.5	58.9	59.9	58.8	59.2	59.0
Unemployed	1,020	1,039	1,202	1,099	1,112	1,251	1,185	1,190	1,285	1,127	1,217	1,212	1,224
Unemployment rate	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0	10.8	9.5	10.3	10.1	10.2

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. <sup>2</sup> Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data

for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and* Effective Lance of the termination of termination Earnings.

# A-5. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex,			1993						19	94			
and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	98,716	98,690	98,945	99,373	99,595	97,940	98,574	98,488	99,307	99,763	99,286	99,684	100,270
Men, 16 years and over	57,742	57,833	57,876	58,115	58,265	57,714	57,971	58,395	58,558	58,707	58,688	58,744	59,065
Men, 20 years and over	56,711	56,718	56,770	57,032	57,156	56,657	56,942	57,380	57,569	57,619	57,457	57,538	57,805
Women, 16 years and over	40,920	40,953	41,085	41,284	41,386	40,291	40,601	40,083	40,647	41,025	40,653	40,946	41,287
Women, 20 years and over	40,204	40,066	40,334	40,511	40,632	39,496	39,816	39,312	39,871	40,297	39,854	40,266	40,564
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		1,906	1,841	1,830	1,807	1,787	1,817	1,795	1,868	1,847	1,975	1,880	1,901
Part-time workers	21.073	20.867	20.997	20,961	21,060	23,932	23,641	23,539	22,966	23,132	23,138	22.858	22,902
Men, 16 years and over		7.009	7,156	7.069	7.035	8,214	7,928	7,536	7,413	7,530	7,436	7.291	7.367
Men, 20 years and over		5,236	5,392	5,283	5,268	6,148	5.839	5,500	5,400	5,560	5,469	5,372	
Women, 16 years and over	13,898		13,886	13,900	14.056	15,720	15,724	16.004	15,566	15,577	15.661	15,495	
Women, 20 years and over			11,909	11,916	12,039	13,523	13,574	13,802	13.391	13,283	13,357	13,157	13,150
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,883	3,710		3,762	3,753	4,260	4,228	4,237	4,175	4,288	4,312	4,329	4,372
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	7,109	6.964	7,044	6,707	6.760	7,160	7.008	6.956	6.833	6.319	6,414	6,561	6.462
Men, 16 years and over		4,138	4,193	3,978	3,963	4,205	4.070	3,803	3,910	3,617	3.642	3.854	3,752
Men, 20 years and over	3,949	3.851	3.868	3,581	3,651	3,767	3.677	3.526	3,499	3.230	3.228	3,423	3.340
Women, 16 years and over	2.804	2.841	2.809	2.786	2,787	2.966	2,950	3,091	2,895	2,701	2,768	2.728	
Women, 20 years and over	2,561	2,613	2,500	2,700	2,767	2,500	2,330	2.835	2,567	2,451	2.475	2,424	2.469
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	599	500	_,	584	2,500 541	644	621	595	767	638	711	714	653
Looking for part-time work	1,547	1,557	1.623	1.565	1,489	1.581	1,488	1,595	1,589	1,520	1,426	1,466	1.566
Men, 16 years and over	648	671	652	616	606	681	645	701	627	651	600	614	645
Men, 20 years and over		292	270	259	254	276	280	314	232	257	270	297	301
Women, 16 years and over		292 881	1.016	259 957	254 868	890	855	891	232 956	860	835	840	
Women, 20 years and over		567	651	643	575	580	502	552	595	530	563	547	586
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years				663	660	500 726	502 706	552 728	762	734	503	621	680
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES'						720		720				•=•	
									•				
Full-time workers		6.6		6.3	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.2	
Men, 16 years and over		6.7	6.8	6.4	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.1	6.3	5.8	5.8	6.2	
Men, 20 years and over		6.4	6.4	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.3		
Women, 16 years and over		6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.9	6.8	7.2	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.2	
Women, 20 years and over		6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.0	20.8	24.1	24.2	23.0	26.5	25.5	24.9	29.1	25.7	26.5	27.5	25.6
Part-time workers		6.9	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.2	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.2	5.8	6.0	
Men, 16 years and over		8.7	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.5	8.5	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.8	
Men, 20 years and over			4.8	4.7	4.6	4.3		5.4	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.2	
Women, 16 years and over		6.0	6.8	6.4	5.8	5.4		5.3	5.8	5.2	5.1	5.1	
Women, 20 years and over		4.5	5.2	5.1	4.6	4.1	3.6	3.8	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.0	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	. 14.6	15.8	16.0	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.3	14.7	15.4	14.6	12.1	12.5	13.5

' These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

# A-6. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Catazza			1993						19	94			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	Juły	Aug.
MARITAL STATUS													
Total	119.692	119,568	119.941	120.332	120.661	121,971	122.258	122.037	122.338	122.872	122.430	122,452	123,166
Married men, spouse present													
Married women, spouse present				30,872	31,051	31,579	1 1	<i>i</i> '			· ·	( ·	31,567
Women who maintain families	6,840		· ·	· ·						7,094	6,978		
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty	32,476	32,538	32,635	32,739	32,764	33,008	33,122	33,152	33,415	34,103	33,901	33,859	33.931
Technical, sales, and administrative								-					
support	. 36,902	36,832	36,965	36,974	37,243	37,411	37,191	37,060	36,796	36,624	36,811	37,194	37,358
Service occupations	. 16,470	16,547	16,599	16,688	16,734	16,796	17,087	17,111	17,107	16,958	17,006	16,899	16,794
Precision production, craft, and repair			13,430	13,597	13,445	13,494	13,644	13,551	13,232		13,305	13,330	13,468
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		16,968	16,996	16,958	17,209	17,685	17,645	17,581	17,888	17,947	17,934	17,762	17,964
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,262	3,319	3,287	3,389	3,325	3,598	3,693	3,651	3,677	3,609	3,419	3,487	3,660
CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:	1												
Wage and salary workers	1,566	1.667	1.657	1,719	1,724	1,641	1,677	1,719	1.693	1,757	1,629	1.637	1.737
Self-employed workers			1,274	1,311	1,269	1,590	1,633	1.661	1,710	1,654	1,582	1,606	1.667
Unpaid family workers			97	89	92	78	55	41	43	40	46	50	47
Nonagricultural industries:													
Wage and salary workers	107.370	107.331	107.727	107.975	108.247	109.526	109.547	109.365	109.749	110.243	110.052	110,082	110,393
Private industries			89,251	89,482	89,744	91,364	91,395				91,729		
Private households		1.123	1.179	1,103	1.104	928	1.074	1.035	1.043	997	964	934	843
Other industries	87,715	87,701	88,072	88,379	88,640	90,436	90,321	89,849	90,313	90,773	90,765	90,891	91,362
Government	18,527	18,507	18,476		18,503	18,163	18,152	18,481	18,393	18,473	18,322	18,256	18,188
Self-employed workers	9,026	8,949	8,961	9,011	9,053	8,990	9,312	9,146	8,982	9,138	8,946	8,970	9,055
Unpaid family workers	. 245	250	229	223	217	142	143	117	131	121	154	138	141
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME'													
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,469	6,394	6.202	6,126	6.217	5,167	4,643	4,992	4,757	4,878	4,785	4,425	4,284
Slack work or business conditions			3,072		3,099	2,561	2,301	2,538	2,363	2,571	2,535	2,430	
Could only find part-time work			2,872	2,810	2,828	2,171	2.028	2,138	2,101	2.026	1,981	1,664	1,569
Part time for noneconomic reasons						17,744	17,674	17,519	17,072	17,346	17,339	18,059	18,171
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,216	6,173	5,957	5,904	5,934	4,842	4,384	4,762	4,613	4,688	4,590	4,224	4,092
Slack work or business conditions			2,927	2,905	2,922	2,439	2,169	2,411	2,241	2,449	2,430	2,315	2,271
Could only find part-time work			2,773	2,719	2,739	2,075	1,944	2,089	2,078	1,993	1,935	1,627	1,539
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14.814	14.757	14,788	14,858	14,909	17,056	17.081	16.893	16,463	16,721	16,842	17,443	17,559

'Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad weather.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### A-7. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Age and sex			1993						19	94			
Age and sex	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	119,692	119,568	119,941	120,332	120,661	121,971	122,258	122,037	122,338	122,872	122,430	122,452	123,166
16 to 24 years	17,688	17,679	17,648	17,663	17,709	18.637	18,898	18,723	18,798	19,006	19,193	18,776	18,916
16 to 19 years		5,595	5,526	5,594	5.586	6,115	6.076		6,116	6,159	6.333	6,168	6,239
16 to 17 years	2,185	2,193	2,162	2,194	2,240	2.435	2,351	2,363	2,408	2.510	2.530	2,499	2,593
18 to 19 years	3,410			3,406	3.350		3,706	3,674	3,704	3.661	3.765	3,673	3,653
20 to 24 years	12,086		12,122	12,069	12,123	12,522	12.822	12,664	12,683	12,847	12,860	12,608	12,679
5 years and over	102,006			102.665				103,352			103,299	103,706	104.187
25 to 54 years	87,204	87,275		87.968	88,197	88,308	88,582		88,709		88,497	88.901	89.334
55 years and over	14,830			14,806	14,831				14,709		14,784	14,730	14,916
Men, 16 years and over	64,904	64,756	64,971	65,144	65,259	65,963	65,921	65,940	66,036	66,301	66,135	66,036	66,452
6 to 24 years	9,245	9,182	9,179	9,171	9,165	9,711	9,939	9,754	9,808	9,940	9,992	9,803	9,961
16 to 19 years		2,855	2,799	2,829	2,815	3,121	3,143	3,083	3,078	3,109	3,219	3,147	3,236
16 to 17 years		1,120	1,106	1,133	1,152	1,220	1,205	1,197	1,242	1,262	1,251	1,291	1,295
18 to 19 years	1,743	1,745		1,705	1.670		1,925	1.876	1.842	1.845	1,944	1.866	1.924
20 to 24 years	6,347	6.327	6,380	6.342	6.350	6,590	6,795	6.671	6,730	6.831	6,772	6,657	6,72
5 years and over	55,667	55,581	55,823	55,970	56,089	56,244	56,035	56,203	56,182	56,387	56,174	56,232	56,432
25 to 54 years	47,366	47,386		47,791	47,860	47,944	47,943		48,117	48,191	48.046	48,064	48.16
55 years and over	8,288	8,199		8,241	8,253		8,115		8,070	8,126	8,116	8,102	8,25
Women, 16 years and over	54,788	54,812	54,970	55,188	55,402	56,007	56,336	56,097	56,302	56,571	56,295	56,416	56,714
6 to 24 years	8,443	8,497	8,469	8,492	8.544	8,926	8,959	8,970	8,991	9.066	9,201	8,973	8,958
16 to 19 years		2,740	2,727	2,765	2,771	2,994	2,933	2,976	3.038	3.050	3,114	3,021	3,003
16 to 17 years	1,055	1,073	1,056	1.061	1,088	1,215	1.147	1.167	1,166	1.248	1.278	1,208	1,299
18 to 19 years		1,667	1,674	1,701	1,680	1,771	1,781	1,799	1.862	1,816	1.821	1.807	1,729
20 to 24 years		5,757	5,742	5,727	5.773	5,932	6,026		5,953	6.016	6.088	5,952	5,955
5 years and over			46,487	46,695	46.887	47,069	47,367	47,149	47,269		47,125	47,473	
25 to 54 years	39,838		39,983	40,177	40,337	40,364	40,640		40,591	40,724	40,451	40,837	41,17
55 years and over		6,413	6,469		6,578		6,747	6,578	6,639	6,813	6,668	6,628	

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

#### A-8. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

#### (In thousands)

A	}		1993						19	94			
Age and sex	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	. 8,642	8,540	8,639	8,330	8,237	8,696	8,518	8,543	8,408	7,902	7,817	8,005	8,023
16 to 24 years	2,695	2,574	2,616	2,568	2,480	2,922	2,753	2,855	2,921	2,709	2,620	2,707	2,753
16 to 19 years	1,262	1,224	1,286	1,249	1,208	1,378	1,325	1,311	1,520	1,375	1,292	1,327	1,320
16 to 17 years	. 547	519	566	566	527	654	656	586	765	648	638	649	648
18 to 19 years		694	724	687	689	700	668	725	764	738	669	670	668
20 to 24 years		1,350	1,330	1,319	1,272	1,544	1,428	1,543	1,400	1,333	1,328	1,380	1,432
25 years and over		5,978	6.016	5.747	5,750	5,857	5,738	5,680	5,469	5,182	5,205	5,296	5,269
25 to 54 years	. 5,270	5,273	5,369	5,124	5,106	5,107	5,075	4,993	4,793	4,517	4,581	4,666	4,582
55 years and over		721	699	649	657	723	670	700	644	641	601	644	668
Men, 16 years and over	. 4,943	4,824	4,849	4,586	4,554	4,781	4,723	4,589	4,585	4,283	4,193	4,478	4,381
16 to 24 years	1,567	1,463	1,475	1,438	1,389	1,670	1,530	1,559	1,627	1,538	1,431	1,558	1,552
16 to 19 years	728	687	715	703	677	816	737	723	843	783	700	771	741
16 to 17 years	. 314	286	312	314	286	384	338	341	421	377	355	341	344
18 to 19 years	. 409	389	404	388	390	418	397	386	427	418	363	424	392
20 to 24 years		776	760	735	712	854	793	835	784	754	730	787	811
25 years and over		3,360	3,365	3,141	3,171	3,194	3,169	3.010	2,954	2,729	2.754	2,919	2.833
25 to 54 years		2,911	2,961	2,755	2,774	2,787	2,782	2,625	2,557	2,350	2,410	2,524	2,440
55 years and over		462	417	391	411	408	401	385	373	368	340	395	373
Women, 16 years and over	. 3,699	3,716	3,790	3,744	3,683	3,916	3,795	3,954	3,823	3,619	3,625	3,528	3,642
16 to 24 years	1,128	1,111	1,141	1,130	1,091	1,252	1,223	1,296	1,294	1,171	1,189	1,149	1,200
16 to 19 years		537	571	546	531	562	588	588	678	592	591	555	579
16 to 17 years		233	254	252	241	271	318	245	344	271	283	308	304
18 to 19 years		305	320	299	299	283	272	339	337	320	306	247	276
20 to 24 years		574	570	584	560	690		708	617	579	598	593	621
25 years and over		2.618	2,651	2.606	2.579	2.664	2,568	2.670	2,515	2,453	2,451	2.377	2,436
25 to 54 years		2,362	2.408	2.369	2.332	2,320	2.293	2,369	2,236	2,167	2,172	2,142	2,142
55 years and over		259	282	258	246	315	269	316	272	274	261	250	294

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

# A-9. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Age and sex			1993						19	94			
	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1
16 to 24 years	13.2	12.7	12.9	12.7	12.3	13.6	12.7	13.2	13.4	12.5	12.0	12.6	12.7
16 to 19 years	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8	19.9	18.3	16.9	17.7	17.5
16 to 17 years	20.0	19.1	20.7	20.5	19.0	21.2	21.8	19.9	24.1	20.5	20.1	20.6	20.0
18 to 19 years	17.2	16.9	17.7	16.8	17.1	16.1	15.3	16.5	17.1	16.8	15.1	15.4	15.5
20 to 24 years	10.6	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.5	11.0	10.0	10.9	9.9	9.4	9.4	9,9	10.2
25 years and over	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.8
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.0	4.9
55 years and over	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.3
Men, 16 years and over	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.3	6.2
16 to 24 years	14.5	13.7	13.8	13.6	13.2	14.7	13.3	13.8	14.2	13.4	12.5	13.7	13.5
16 to 19 years	20.1	19.4	20.3	19.9	19.4	20.7	19.0	19.0	21.5	20.1	17.9	19.7	18.6
16 to 17 years	21.7	20.3	22.0	21.7	19.9	23.9	21.9	22.2	25.3	23.0	22.1	20.9	21.0
18 to 19 years	19.0	18.2	19.2	18.5	18.9	18.1	17.1	17.1	18.8	18.5	15.7	18.5	16.9
20 to 24 years	11.7	10.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	11.5	10.5	11.1	10.4	9.9	9.7	10.6	10.8
25 years and over	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.8
25 to 54 years	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.8	5.0	4.8
55 years and over	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.3
Women, 16 years and over	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0
16 to 24 years	11.8	11.6	11.9	11.7	11.3	12.3	12.0	12.6	12.6	11.4	11.4	11.3	11.8
16 to 19 years	16.5	16.4	17.3	16.5	16.1	15.8	16.7	16.5	18.2	16.3	16.0	15.5	16.2
16 to 17 years	18.1	17.8	19.4	19.2	18.1	18.2	21.7	17.4	22.8	17.8	18.1	20.3	19.0
18 to 19 years	15.1	15.5	16.0	14.9	15.1	13.8	13.2	15.8	15.3	15.0	14.4	12.0	13.8
20 to 24 years	9.4	9.1	9.0	9.3	8.8	10.4	9.5	10.6	9.4	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.4
25 years and over	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.1	4.9	4,9	4.8	4.9
25 to 54 years	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9
55 years and over	3.5	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.6	4.5	3.8	4.6	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6	4.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

#### A-10. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

Catagory			1993			[			19	94			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Au
CHARACTERISTIC													
otal		6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.1	6
Men, 20 years and over	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.6	5
Women, 20 years and over	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8	19.9	18.3	16.9	17.7	17
White		5.8	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.4	
Black and other		11.4	10.9	11.3	10.7	11.6	11.3	11.3	10.8	10.4	10.2	10.4	10
Black		12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5	11.8	11.5	11.2	11.2	1
Hispanic origin		10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0	10.8	9.5	10.3	10.1	10
Married men, spouse present	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.7	
Married women, spouse present	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.0	ł .
Women who maintain families	9.0	9.0	9.3	9.0	10.2	9.4	9.7	9.6	9.1	8.9	8.7	7.8	
OCCUPATION1													
Managerial and professional specialty		2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.6	
Technical, sales, and administrative support		5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.2	4.7	
Precision production, craft, and repair	7.5	7.6	7.9	6.7	7.4	7.0	6.8	7.2	6.5	6.5	6.1	5.7	1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		10.1	9.8	9.2	9.1	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.8	8.8	8.4	9.6	1
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.5	7.7	8.1	7.8	8.7	8.4	8.8	10.3	8.2	7.3	6.9	9.7	
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers		6.9	6.9	6.7	6.6	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.2	6.2	6.4	
Goods-producing industries	8.9	8.8	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.9	
Mining	7.2	7.5	6.5	7.2	6.9	5.1	4.0	5.5	6.8	7.6	6.2	6.1	
Construction	14.7	14.1	13.7	12.2	12.7	13.9	13.3	13.5	12.6	11.6	11.8	10.9	1
Manufacturing	7.3	7.2	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.8	
Durable goods	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.5	6.3	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.7	
Nondurable goods		7.2	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.3	5.8	5.6	5.9	1
Service-producing industries		6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.2	
Transportation and public utilities		5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.2	4.7	5.6	4.6	4.7	5.3	
Wholesale and retail trade		7.5	7.9	7.7	7.4	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.5	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		4.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	2.9	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.7	
Services		5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.6	6.3	6.5	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.9	
Government workers		2.8	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.8	3.2	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.9	3.4	1.
Agricultural wage and salary workers	12.1	10.4	11.8	10.3	11.3	13.6	14.3	13.8	10.7	8.3	8.4	12.6	1

<sup>1</sup> Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

			1993						19	94			
Reasons for unemployment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED	,												
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff		4,699	4,779 1,216	4,444 963		4,442 1,196		4,037 983	3,790 947	3,531 785		3,904 1,053	3,813
Not on temporary layoff	2 674	3,587		3,481		3,246					2,753		
Job leavers	882	926		960	932	762	888	873				755	
Reentrants		2.075				2,831	2,898	3.054				2,781	2,779
New entrants				833	797		641	643				587	650
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		55.0	55.2	53.4	54.2	51.1	48.6	46.9	44.4	45.4	47.5	48.6	47.7
On temporary layoff		13.0	14.0	11.6	12.9	13.8	12.9	11.4	11.1	10.1	11.8	13.1	12.8
Not on temporary layoff	42.4	42.0	41.1	41.8	41.3	- 1	35.7	35.5	33.3	35.3	35.7	35.5	34.9
Job leavers				11.5	11.4		10.3	10.1	9.7	10.2	10.2	9.4	9.4
Reentrants	24.0			25.0	24.6		33.7	35.5				34.7	34.8
New entrants	9.6	9.9	9.7	10.0	9.7	7.5	7.4	7.5	8.1	7.8	6.0	7.3	8.1
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		3.7 .7	3.7 .7	3.5 .7	3.4 .7	3.4 .6	3.2 .7	3.1 .7	2.9 .6	2.7 .6	2.8 .6	3.0 .6	2.9 .6
Reentrants		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1
New entrants	.6	.7	.7	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings.* 

#### A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration			1993						19	94			
Duration	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	3,046	3,052	3,156	2,946	3,063	3,349	2,574	2,758	2,863	2,631	2,850	2,871	2,618
5 to 14 weeks	2,608	2,457	2,491	2,401	2,247	2,336	2,727	2,549	2,434	2,437	2,483	2,361	2,632
15 weeks and over	3,000	3,047	3,030	2,971	2,864	3,027	3,103	3,110	2,951	2,801	2,683	2,855	2,793
15 to 26 weeks	1,259	1,297	1,284	1,216	1,150	1,314	1,359	1,264	1,168	1,093	1,151	1,269	1,219
27 weeks and over	1,741	1,750	1,746	1,755	1,714	1,713	1,744	1,847	1,782	1,708	1,532	1,586	1,575
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.9	18.2	18.3	18.7	19.2	19.1	19.6	18.3	19.2	19.2
Median duration, in weeks	8.4	8. <del>9</del>	8.3	8.5	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.2	8.9	9.3	9.0
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	35.2	35.7	36.4	35.4	37.5	38.4	30.6	32.8	34.7	33.4	35.6	35.5	32.5
5 to 14 weeks	30.1	28.7	28.7	28.9	27.5	26.8	32.5	30.3	29.5	31.0	31.0	29.2	32.7
15 weeks and over	34.7	35.6	34.9	35.7	35.0	34.7	36.9	37.0	35.8	35.6	33.5	35.3	34.7
15 to 26 weeks	14.5	15.2	14.8	14.6	14.1	15.1	16.2	15.0	14.2	13.9	14.4	15.7	15.2
27 weeks and over	20.1	20.5	20.1	21.1	21.0	19.7	20.8	21.9	21.6	21.7	19.1	19.6	19.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

# A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1994				
					Civ	vilian labor ford	e			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	
· go, co, and acc	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
TOTAL	-						· · ·			
5 years and over	197,043	132,361	67.2	124,493	63.2	3,780	120,713	7,868	5.9	64,68
16 to 19 years	. 14,251	8,600	60.3	7,355	51.6	368	6,988	1,244	14.5	5,65
16 to 17 years		3,798	52.3	3,178	43.8	185	2,993	619	16.3	3,45
18 to 19 years	6,995	4,802	68.7	4,177	59.7	183	3,995	625	13.0	2,19
0 to 24 years		14,670	80.0	13,263	72.3	384	12,879	1,407	9.6	3,66
5 to 54 years		93,637	83.1	89,104	79.0	2,229	86,875	4,534	4.8	19,08
25 to 34 years		34,254	83.2	32,311	78.4	813	31,498	1,943	5.7	6,93 3,25
25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years	19,184	15,930 18,324	83.0 83.3	14,914 17,397	77.7 79.0	357 456	14,556 16,942	1,016 927	6.4 5.1	3,20
35 to 44 years	41,649	35,060	84.2	33.452	80.3	832	32,620	1,608	4.6	6,58
35 to 39 years		18,340	83.7	17,423	79.5	451	16,972	917	5.0	3,57
40 to 44 years		16,720	84.7	16,029	81.2	381	15,648	691	4.1	3,01
45 to 54 years	29,877	24,323	81.4	23,340	78.1	583	22,757	983	4.0	5,55
45 to 49 years	16,755	14,080	84.0	13,517	80.7	287	13,229	563	4.0	2,67
50 to 54 years		10,243	78.1	9,823	74.9	296	9,527	420	4.1	2,87
5 to 64 years		11,587	56.2	11,085	53.8	427	10,658	502	4.3	9,03
55 to 59 years		7,194	66.9	6,872	63.9	229 198	6,643	322 179	4.5 4.1	3,55 5,47
60 to 64 years 5 years and over	9,869 31,115	4,392 3,867	44.5 12.4	4,213 3,685	42.7 11.8	372	4,015 3,313	182	4.1	27,24
65 to 69 years		2,161	22.1	2,056	21.1	163	1,893	102	4.9	7,59
70 to 74 years		1,004	11.7	974	11.4	108	865	31	3.1	7,55
75 years and over		702	5.5	656	5.1	101	555	46	6.6	12,09
Men										
years and over		71,748	75.9	67,717	71.7	2,836	64,881	4,031	5.6	22,72
6 to 19 years		4,572	63.3	3.876	53.7	302	3,574	696	15.2	2.64
16 to 17 years		1,988	53.3	1,658	44,4	147	1,511	330	16.6	1,74
18 to 19 years		2,584	74.1	2,218	63.6	155	2,063	366	14.2	90
20 to 24 years		7,892	87.0	7,146	78.8	320	6,827	746	9.4	1,17
25 to 54 years	55,405	50,706	91.5	48,481	87.5	1,630	46,851	2,225	4.4	4,69
25 to 34 years		18,757	92.4	17,801	87.7	614	17,188	956	5.1	1,54
25 to 29 years		8,605	91.4	8,127	86.3	267	7,860	478	5.6	81
30 to 34 years		10,152	93.2	9,674	88.8	347	9,327	478	4.7 4.1	73 1,54
35 to 44 years		18,960 9,976	92.5 92.4	18,186 9,526	88.7 88.2	594 319	17,592 9,206	774 450	4.1	82
40 to 44 years		8,985	92.6	8,661	89.2	275	8,386	324	3.6	72
45 to 54 years		12,988	89.0	12,494	85.6	421	12,072	495	3.8	1,60
45 to 49 years		7,489	91.1	7,190	87.5	211	6,979	300	4.0	72
50 to 54 years		5,499	86.2	5,304	83.2	211	5,093	195	3.5	87
55 to 64 years		6,368	65.0	6,107	62.4	303	5,804	261	4.1	3,42
55 to 59 years		3,905	75.7	3,748	72.7	155	3,593	157	4.0	1,25
60 to 64 years		2,463	53.1	2,359	50.9 16.2	148 282	2,211 1,825	104 103	4.2 4.7	2,17 10,77
65 years and over 65 to 69 years		2,210 1,181	17.0 26.7	2,107 1,122	25.4	122	999	59	5.0	3,23
70 to 74 years		587	15.6	574	15.3	85	490	12	2.1	3,16
75 years and over		443	9.2	411	8.5	74	336	32	7.2	4,36
Women										
years and over		60,614	59.1	56,776	55.4	944	55,832	3,838	6.3	41,96
16 to 19 years		4,028	57.3	3,480	49.5	66	3,414	548	13.6	3,00
16 to 17 years		1,810	51.3	1,521	43.1	38	1,482	289	16.0	1,71
18 to 19 years		2,218 6,778	63.3 73.1	1,959 6,117	55.9 66.0	28 65	1,931 6,052	259 661	11.7 9.7	1,28 2,49
20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years		42,932	74.9	40,623	70.9	599	40,024	2,309	9.7 5.4	14,38
25 to 34 years		15,497	74.2	14,510	69.5	199	14,311	987	6.4	5,3
25 to 29 years		7,324	75.0	6,786	69.5	90	6,696	538	7.3	2,4
30 to 34 years	11,120	8,172	73.5	7,723	69.5	109	7,614	449	5.5	2,9
35 to 44 years		16,100	76.2	15,266	72.2	238	15,028	834	5.2	5,0
35 to 39 years	] 11,111	8,365	75.3	7,898	71.1	132	7,766	467	5.6	2,7
40 to 44 years		7,736	77.1	7,369	73.5	106	7,262	367	4.7	2,2
45 to 54 years		11,335	74.2	10,847	71.0	162	10,685	488	4.3	3,9
45 to 49 years		6,590	77.2	6,327 4,520	74.1 67.0	77 85	6,250 4,434	263 225	4.0 4.7	1,9
50 to 54 years 5 to 64 years		4,744 5,219	48.2	4,520	67.0 46.0	124	4,434 4,854	225	4.7 4.6	2,0
55 to 59 years		3,290	58.8	3,124	55.8	74	3,050	166	5.0	2,3
60 to 64 years		1,929	36.9	1,854	35.4	50	1,804	75	3.9	3,3
65 years and over		1,657	9.1	1,578	8.7	91	1,488	79	4.8	16,4
65 to 69 years	5,339	980	18.4	934	17.5	41	894	46	4.7	4,3
70 to 74 years		417	8.7	399	8.3	24	376	18	4.4	4,3
75 years and over		259	3.2	245	3.1	27	218	14	5.6	7,7

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# A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1994				
					Civ	vilian labor for	ce			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
WHITE										
6 years and over	165,696	112,152	67.7	106,443	64.2	3,488	102,955	5,709	5.1	53,544
16 to 19 years		7,259	64.3	6,398	56.6	355	6,043	862	11.9	4,03
16 to 17 years		3,216	56.2	2,762	48,2	179	2,583	454	14.1	2,51
18 to 19 years		4,043	72.6	3,635	65.3	176	3,460	408	10.1	1,524
20 to 24 years		12,102	82.6	11,190	76.4	337	10,853	912	7.5	2,54
25 to 54 years		79,018	84.1	75,628	80.4	2,016	73,612	3,391 1,387	4.3 4.9	14,99 5,32
25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years		28,489 13,190	84.3 84.4	27,101 12,468	80.2 79.7	724 322	26,377 12,146	722	4.9	2,44
30 to 34 years	18,178	15,299	84.2	14,633	80.5	403	14,231	665	4.3	2,87
35 to 44 years		29,501	85.1	28,314	81.7	751	27,563	1,187	4.0	5,16
35 to 39 years		15,394	84.8	14,719	81.1	409	14,310	675	4.4	2,759
40 to 44 years	16,509	14,107	85.4	13,595	82.3	342	13,253	512	3.6	2,402
45 to 54 years		21,029	82.3	20,212	79.1	540	19,672	817	3.9	4,508
45 to 49 years		12,119	84.9	11,655	81.7	259	11,396	464	3.8	2,153
50 to 54 years		8,910	79.1	8,557	76.0	281 417	8,276 9,444	352 391	4.0 3.8	2,355 7,676
55 to 64 years		10,252 6,340	57.2 68.1	9,861 6,086	55.0 65.4	417 223	9,444 5,863	254	3.8 4.0	2,968
60 to 64 years		3,911	45.4	3,775	43.8	193	3,581	137	3.5	4,708
65 years and over		3,521	12.7	3,367	12.1	364	3,003	154	4.4	24,291
65 to 69 years		1,965	22.9	1,884	21.9	162	1,722	81	4.1	6,634
70 to 74 years		922	12.1	893	11.7	101	792	30	3.2	6,703
75 years and over	11,588	634	5.5	590	5.1	101	489	44	6.9	10,954
Men										
6 years and over	80,132	61,518	76.8	58,617	73.2	2,590	56,027	2,901	4.7	18,614
16 to 19 years		3,860	67.0	3,393	58.9	294	3,099	467	12.1	1,906
16 to 17 years		1,683	57.1	1,444	49.0	144	1,300	239	14.2	1,264
18 to 19 years		2,177	77.2	1,949	69.1	150	1,799	228	10.5	642
20 to 24 years		6,581	89.8	6,072	82.9	282 1,447	5,791	509 1,630	7.7 3.8	744 3,445
25 to 54 years		43,327 15,790	92.6 93.5	41,697 15,099	89.1 89.4	537	40,250 14,562	691	4.4	1,098
25 to 29 years	1 .	7,222	92.6	6,867	88.0	234	6,633	355	4.9	579
30 to 34 years		8,568	94.3	8,232	90.6	303	7,929	336	3.9	520
35 to 44 years		16,181	93.6	15,648	90.5	527	15,121	534	3.3	1,106
35 to 39 years	9,067	8,513	93.9	8,205	90.5	285	7,920	308	3.6	554
40 to 44 years		7,668	93.3	7,442	90.5	241	7,201	226	2.9	552
45 to 54 years		11,355	90.2	10,950	86.9	383	10,567	405	3.6	1,240 551
45 to 49 years		6,517 4,839	92.2 87.5	6,269 4,681	88.7 84.7	185 198	6,084 4,483	248 157	3.8 3.3	690
50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years		5,706	66.2	5,494	63.7	295	5,200	212	3.7	2,915
55 to 59 years		3,490	77.3	3,363	74.5	151	3,212	127	3.6	1,025
60 to 64 years		2,216	54.0	2,131	51.9	144	1,988	85	3.8	1,889
65 years and over	11,649	2,044	17.5	1,961	16.8	273	1,688	83	4.0	9,600
65 to 69 years		1,091	27.8	1,050	26.7	122	928	41	3.8	2,833
70 to 74 years 75 years and over		545 408	16.3 9.3	533 378	16.0 8.6	77 74	456 304	11 30	2.1 7.4	2,793 3,979
Women	4,007	400	0.0		0.0	, ,				-,
	85,563	50,634	59.2	47,825	55.9	898	46,928	2,809	5.5	34,929
16 years and over 16 to 19 years		3,399	61.5	3,004	54.3	61	2,944	395	11.6	2,129
16 to 17 years		1,533	55.1	1,318	47.4	35	1,283	215	14.0	1,247
18 to 19 years	2,748	1,866	67.9	1,686	61.4	26	1,660	180	9.6	88
20 to 24 years	7,325	5,521	75.4	5,118	69.9	55	5,062	403	7.3	1,804
25 to 54 years		35,692	75.6	33,931	71.8	569	33,362	1,761	4.9	11,54
25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years		12,698 5,968	75.0 76.2	12,002 5,601	70.9 71.5	187 88	11,815 5,513	696 367	5.5 6.2	4,22
30 to 34 years		6,730	74.0	6,401	70.4	99	6,302	329	4.9	2,36
35 to 44 years		13,319	76.7	12,666	72.9	224	12,442	653	4.9	4,05
35 to 39 years		6,881	75.7	6,514	71.7	124	6,390	367	5.3	2,20
40 to 44 years	8,288	6,439	77.7	6,153	74.2	101	6,052	286	4,4	1,85
45 to 54 years	12,942	9,674	74.7	9,263	71.6	157	9,105	411	4.3	3,26
45 to 49 years		5,603	77.8	5,386	74.8	74	5,312	216	3.9	1,60
50 to 54 years		4,071	71.0	3,876	67.6 46.9	84 122	3,793	195 179	4.8 3.9	1,66 4,76
55 to 64 years		4,546 2,850	48.8 59.5	4,366 2,723	46.9 56.8	72	4,244 2,651	1/9	4.5	1,94
55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years		1,695	37.6	1,643	36.4	50	1,594	52	3.1	2,81
65 years and over		1,477	9.1	1,406	8.7	91	1,315	71	4.8	14,68
65 to 69 years		874	18.7	835	17.9	41	794	40	4.5	3,80
70 to 74 years		377	8.8	359	8.4	24	336	18	4.8	3,91
	7,201	225	3.1	212	2.9	27	185	14	6.0	6,97

# A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1994				
					Civ	vilian labor for	e			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Empl	loyed		Unemj	ployed	
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
BLACK										
6 years and over	22,917	14,648	63.9	13,004	56.7	173	12,831	1,644	11.2	8,269
16 to 19 years		995	45.0	696	31.5	6	690	299	30.0	1,217
16 to 17 years		449	38.5	314	26.9	-	314	136	30.2	717
18 to 19 years		546	52.2	382	36.6	6	376	163	29.9	500
20 to 24 years		1,859	71.0	1,464	55.9	28	1,436	395	21.2	760
25 to 54 years		10,571	78.2	9,721	72.0	129	9,591	851	8.0 10.0	2,939 1,114
25 to 34 years		4,240 1,998	79.2 78.4	3,818 1,764	71.3 69.2	44 15	3,774 1,749	422 234	10.0	552
30 to 34 years		2,243	80.0	2,054	73.2	29	2,025	188	8.4	562
35 to 44 years		3,989	78.9	3,666	72.5	49	3,617	324	8.1	1,067
35 to 39 years	2,721	2,115	77.7	1,928	70.9	21	1,907	187	8.8	606
40 to 44 years		1,875	80.3	1,738	74.4	28	1,710	137	7.3	461
45 to 54 years		2,341 1,411	75.5 79.2	2,237 1,351	72.2 75.8	37 23	2,200 1,329	104 60	4.5 4.3	758 371
50 to 54 years		930	79.2	1,351 886	75.8 67.2	23 14	1,329 872	60 44	4.3 4.8	371
55 to 64 years		971	47.4	893	43.6	5	887	78	8.1	1,077
55 to 59 years		623	56.2	578	52.2	4	575	44	7.1	486
60 to 64 years		348	37.1	314	33.4	2	312	34	9.8	591
55 years and over		252	10.0	230	9.1	3	227	22	8.7	2,276
65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years		151 62	17.1 8.6	132 61	14.9 8.5	1	131 60	19 1	12.9 ( <sup>1</sup> )	733 655
75 years and over		39	4.2	38	4.1	2	36	1	ĕ	888
Men						_			()	
	10.070						0.150			0.400
years and over		7,147 537	69.6	6,307 353	61.4 32.6	154 4	6,153 349	841 184	11.8 34.2	3,129 548
16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years		240	49.5 40.6	158	26.6	- 4	349 158	83	34.4	352
18 to 19 years		297	60.3	196	39.7	4	192	101	34.1	196
20 to 24 years	1,210	910	75.2	724	59.8	22	702	186	20.4	301
25 to 54 years		5,130	84.0	4,702	77.0	120	4,582	428	8.3	974
25 to 34 years		2,060	86.1	1,882	78.6	44	1,838	178	8.6 9.9	334 162
25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years		959 1,101	85.5 86.5	865 1,018	77.1	15 29	850 988	95 83	9.9 7.6	172
35 to 44 years		1,959	84.8	1,765	76.4	43	1,722	194	9.9	352
35 to 39 years		1,023	82.4	913	73.5	21	892	111	10.8	219
40 to 44 years		935	87.6	852	79.8	22	830	83	8.9	133
45 to 54 years		1,111	79.4	1,055	75.4	33	1,022	56	5.1	288
45 to 49 years		673 437	83.1 74.3	637 417	78.7 70.8	21 43	617 405	36 20	5.3 4.6	137
50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years	1	466	52.3	417	49.1	45	403	29	6.1	424
55 to 59 years		301	60.5	288	58.0	3	285	13	4.3	196
60 to 64 years		165	42.0	149	38.0	2	147	16	9.5	228
65 years and over		105	10.6	91 49	9.2	3	87 48	14 13	13.7	882 316
65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years		61 29	16.3 9.6	49 28	12.9 9.2	1	27	1	() ()	277
75 years and over		14	4.7	14	4.6	2	12	-	ĕ	290
Women										
years and over		7,501	59.3	6,697	53.0	19	6,678	804	10.7	5,140
16 to 19 years		458	40.6	343	30.4	2	341	115	25.1	670
16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years		209 249	36.4 45.0	156 187	27.2 33.7	- 2	156 185	53 62	25.3 25.0	365 305
20 to 24 years		949	67.4	740	52.6	6	734	209	23.0	459
25 to 54 years		5,441	73.5	5,019	67.8	9	5,009	422	7.8	1,965
25 to 34 years	2,960	2,180	73.6	1,936	65.4	-	1,936	244	11.2	78
25 to 29 years		1,038	72.7	899	63.0	-	899	139	13.4	39
30 to 34 years		1,142	74.5	1,037	67.7	-	1,037	105	9.2	39
35 to 44 years		2,031	74.0 73.8	1,901 1,015	69.2 68.7	6	1,895 1,015	130 76	6.4 7.0	71
40 to 44 years		939	74.1	885	69.9	5	880	54	5.8	32
45 to 54 years		1,231	72.4	1,182	69.5	4	1,179	48	3.9	47
45 to 49 years	972	738	75.9	714	73.4	2	712	24	3.3	23
50 to 54 years		493	67.7	468	64.3	2	467	24	4.9	23
55 to 64 years		505	43.7	456	39.3	1	454	50	9.9	65
55 to 59 years		322	52.6 33.6	291 165	47.5 30.2	-'	290 165	31	9.7 10.1	29
60 to 64 years 65 years and over		147	9.5	139	9.0	-	139	7	5.1	1,39
65 to 69 years		90	17.7	83	16.4	-	83	7	7.4	41
70 to 74 years	410	33	7.9	33	7.9	-	33	-	C)	37
75 years and over		25	3.9	24	3.8		24	1	(')	59

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years.

For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### A-14. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and	To	otal	Men, 20 y ov		Women, 20 ov	-	Both sexes yea	
race	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population		197,043	86,002	87,248	94,490	95,544	13,301	14,251
Civilian labor force		132,361	66,521	67,176	55,075	56,586	7,875	8,600
Percent of population		67.2	77.3	77.0	58.3	59.2	59.2	60.3
Employed		124,493	62,650	63,841	51,664	53,296	6,687	7,355
Agriculture		3,780	2.324	2,534	659	879	312	368
Nonagricultural industries		120,713	60,326	61,307	51,005	52,418	6,376	6,988
Unemployed		7,868	3,871	3,335	3,411	3,289	1,188	1,244
Unemployment rate		5.9	5.8	5.0	6.2	5.8	15.1	14.5
Not in labor force		64,682	19,480	20,073	39,415	38,958	5,426	5,652
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population		165,696	73,785	74,366	79,693	80,035	10,596	11,294
Civilian labor force		112,152	57,438	57,658	46,396	47,235	6,682	7,259
Percent of population		67.7	77.8	77.5	58.2	59.0	63.1	64.3
Employed		106,443	54,524	55,224	43,867	44,821	5,814	6,398
Agriculture		3,488	2,148	2,296	641	837	288	355
Nonagricultural industries		102,955	52,376	52,928	43,226	43,984	5,526	6,043
Unemployed		5,709	2,915	2,434	2,529	2,414	868	862
Unemployment rate		5.1	5.1	4.2	5.5	5.1	13.0	11.9
Not in labor force		53,544	16,346	16,709	33,297	32,800	3,913	4,034
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population		22,917	9,054	9,191	11,221	11,513	2,100	2,212
Civilian labor force		14,648	6,603	6,610	6,674	7,043	924	995
Percent of population		63.9	72.9	71.9	59.5	61.2	44.0	45.0
Employed	12,467	13,004	5,850	5,954	5,948	6,354	669	696
Agriculture		173	119	150	11	17	13	6
Nonagricultural industries		12,831	5,731	5,804	5,937	6,337	656	690
Unemployed	1,734	1,644	753	657	726	689	255	299
Unemployment rate		11.2	11.4	9.9	10.9	9.8	27.6	30.0
Not in labor force		8,269	2,451	2,581	4,547	4,471	1,176	1,217

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

# A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1994				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Totai	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
otal, 16 to 24 years	6,074	3,442	56.7	3,046	1,278	1,768	396	145	251	11.5
16 to 19 years	3,516	1,763	50.1	1,494	451	1,043	269	68	200	15.2
20 to 24 years	2,558	1,679	65.6	1,552	826	725	127	77	51	7.6
High school	2,257	1.010	44.8	806	185	621	204	49	155	20.2
College		2,432	63.7	2,240	1,093	1,147	192	95	96	7.9
Full-time students	2,985	1,756	58.8	1,603	704	899	152	70	82	8.7
Part-time students	832	676	81.2	637	388	248	39	25	14	5.8
Men, 16 to 24 years	2,941	1,663	56.5	1,447	653	794	216	82	134	13.0
16 to 19 years		862	49.7	710	232	478	152	45	106	17.6
20 to 24 years		801	66.4	737	421	316	64	36	28	8.0
High school		568	46.3	446	102	344	122	32	90	21.4
College Full-time students		1,095 809	63.9 59.2	1,000 735	551 355	449 381	94 73	50 35	45 38	9.1
Part-time students	346	286	82.5	265	196	69	21	14	7	7.4
		200	52.0					••		
Women, 16 to 24 years	3,133	1,779	56.8	1,599	625	974	180	63	117	10.1
16 to 19 years		901	50.6	784	220	565	117	23	94	13.0
20 to 24 years	1,351	878	65.0	815	405	410	63	40	23	7.2
High school	1,029	442	43.0	360	83	277	83	17	65	18.7
College		1,337	63.5	1,240	542	698	97	46	51	7.3
Full-time students		947	58.5	868	350	518	79	35	44	8.4
Part-time students	485	390	80.3	372	192	180	18	11	7	4.6
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years	4,694	2,857	60.9	2,588	1,108	1,480	269	84	184	9.4
16 to 19 years	2,768	1,498	54.1	1,297	399	897	201	45	156	13.4
20 to 24 years	1,926	1,359	70.6	1,291	709	582	67	39	28	5.0
Men	2,278	1,378	60.5	1,230	579	650	148	47	100	10.7
Women		1,479	61.2	1,359	529	830	121	37	84	8.2
tinh ochool	1 704	000	10.4	601	450	533	146	26	120	17.5
High school College		838 2,019	48.4 68.1	691 1,897	158 950	533 946	146 122	20 58	64	6.0
Full-time students		1,476	63.5	1,377	631	746	99	43	55	6.7
Part-time students	639	543	85.0	520	320	200	23	15	9	4.3
Black										
Fotal, 16 to 24 years	920	395	43.0	309	107	202	86	49	37	21.9
16 to 19 years		193	35.1	144	34	110	49	21	28	25.3
20 to 24 years		202	54.7	165	73	92	38	28	9	18.5
Men	404	172	42.6	129	34	95	43	25	18	24.8
Women	1	224	42.0	180	73	107	43	25	19	19.6
High school	393	119	30.2	76	13	63	43	21	22	36.2
High school		276	30.2 52.5	233	94	140	43	21	15	15.7
Full-time students		197	47.5	163	57	107	34	20	14	17.1
Part-time students		79	71.3	70	37	33	10	8	1	12.1
Hispanic origin	1									
Fotal, 16 to 24 years	718	331	46.1	250	113	137	81	33	48	24.4
16 to 19 years		181	37.6	123	46	76	58	19	39	32.1
20 to 24 years		150	63.2	127	67	61	23	14	9	15.3
Men		191	49.7	134	59	74	57	26	31	29.9
Women	. 335	140	41.9	117	54	63	24	7	17	17.0
High school		151	37.9	100	36	64	51	15	35	33.5
College	. 320	180	56.2	150	77	73	30	18	13	16.9
Full-time students		110	48.6	86	33	53	25	16	9	22.4
Part-time students	. 93	70	74.8	64	44	20	6	2	4	(°)

See footnotes at end of table.

# A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	L				August	1994				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED							-			1
Total, 16 to 24 years	26,516	19,828	74.8	17,573	12,181	5,392	2,255	1,751	504	11.4
16 to 19 years	. 10,735	6,837	63.7	5,861	2,681	3,180	976	605	371	14.3
20 to 24 years	. 15,781	12,991	82.3	11,712	9,500	2,212	1,279	1,146	133	9.8
Less than a high school diploma	8,974	5,180	57.7	4,179	2,045	2,134	1,001	681	320	19.3
High school graduates, no college	8,545	6,845	80,1	6,100	4,665	1,436	745	633	112	10.9
Less than a bachelor's degree	6,987	5,994	85.8	5,631	4,028	1,603	362	296	67	6.0
College graduates	2,011	1,809	90.0	1,663	1,443	220	146	141	5	8.1
Men, 16 to 24 years	13,349	10,801	80.9	9,575	7,280	2,296	1,226	989	236	11.3
16 to 19 years		3,710	67.6	3,166	1,676	1,490	544	363	181	14.7
20 to 24 years		7,091	90.2	6,409	5,604	806	681	626	55	9.6
										1
Less than a high school diploma		3,153	66.2	2,554	1,469	1,085	599	453	146	19.0
High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree		3,918 2,921	88.2 90.0	3,520 2,760	2,945 2,201	574 559	399 161	348 126	51 35	10.2
College graduates		808	90.1	741	664	77	67	62	5	8.3
							1			
Women, 16 to 24 years		<del>9</del> ,027	68.6	7,997	4,901	3,096	1,029	761	268	11.4
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		3,126 5,900	59.6 74.5	2,695 5,302	1,005 3,896	1,690 1,406	431 598	242 520	190 78	13.8
		0,000	1	0,002	0,000	.,		020		{
Less than a high school diploma		2,027	48.2	1,624	576	1,048	402	228	174	19.8
High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree		2,927	71.3	2,580	1,719 1,828	861	346	285	62	11.8
College graduates		3,072 1,001	82.1 89.8	2,871 921	1,828	1,044 143	201 80	169 79	32	6.5
White		.,								
		10 50 4			10.500	4 407	1.505		371	9.1
otal, 16 to 24 years 16 to 19 years		16,504 5,761	77.7 67.6	14,999 5,101	10,503 2,390	4,497 2,711	1,505 660	1,134 387	273	11.5
20 to 24 years		10,743	84.4	9,898	8,112	1,786	844	747	97	7.9
Men		9,064 7,441	83.8 71.3	8,236 6,764	6,328 4,175	1,908 2,589	828 677	658 476	169 201	9.1
1										1
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college		4,199 5,666	60.9 82.9	3,544 5,197	1,749 4,006	1,795 1,191	655 469	418 391	237 78	15.6
Less than a bachelor's degree		5,000	87.5	4,794	3,481	1,312	247	197	50	4.9
College graduates		1,598	90.8	1,465	1,266	199	134	128	5	8.4
Black							{			
otal, 16 to 24 years	3,911	2,458	62.9	1,851	1,184	668	607	519	88	24.7
16 to 19 years	1,662	802	48.3	552	185	367	250	189	61	31.2
20 to 24 years	2,249	1,656	73.7	1,299	999	301	357	330	27	21.6
Men	1,891	1,275	67.4	948	653	296	327	282	45	25.6
Women		1,183	58.6	903	531	372	280	238	42	23.7
Loop then a black asked d'als as	1	~~~								1
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college		730 920	46.4 68.7	452 689	174 498	278 191	278 230	222 204	55 26	38.1
Less than a bachelor's degree		682	80.0	588	498	184	230 93	204 87	20	13.7
College graduates		127	87.2	121	107	14	6	6	-	4.4
Hispanic origin										}
otal, 16 to 24 years	3,601	2,396	66.5	2,075	1,564	511	321	245	76	13.4
16 to 19 years		711	53.5	588	325	263	123	73	50	17.3
20 to 24 years		1,685	74.1	1,487	1,239	248	198	172	26	11.8
Men	1.907	1,525	80.0	1,347	1,074	273	178	143	35	11.7
Women		871	51.4	728	490	238	143	102	41	16.4
Less than a high school diploma	1,811	1,002	55.3	841	621	220	161	116	45	16.1
High school graduates, no college		780	74.7	680	531	149	100	80	21	12.9
Less than a bachelor's degree	. 678	563	83.0	508	368	140	55	45	10	9.8
College graduates	. 67	50	()	46	44	1	4	4	-	(')

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

# A-16. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race

(In thousands)

						ust 1994				
	ļ			Emp	loyed <sup>1</sup>				Unem	ployed
	L	Fuil-tir	ne workers			Part-time	workers		1	
Age, sex, and race		A	t work			At w	ork <sup>2</sup>		Looking	Looking
	Total	35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons	Not at work	for full-time work	for part-time work
TOTAL										
Total, 16 years and over	103,064	85,310	9,738	8,016	21,429	3,234	15,695	2,500	6,392	1,476
6 to 19 years	3,132	2,550	457	125	4,223	470	3,531	223	673	572
16 to 17 years		623	157	22	2,377	132	2,112	132	229	390
18 to 19 years		1,927	300	103	1,847	338	1,418	91	444	181
0 years and over		82,760	9,281	7,890	17,206	2,764	12,165	2,278	5,719	905
20 to 24 years		8,841	1,015	470	2,937	667	2,067	203	1,223	184
25 years and over		73,919	8,266	7,420	14,269	2,096	10,098	2,075	4,497	721
25 to 54 years	78,873	65,304	7,134	6,435	10,231	1,872	6,826	1,533	4,001	533
55 years and over	10,732	8,615	1,132	985	4,038	224	3,272	542	496	188
Men, 16 years and over		52,229	5,012	3,627	6,848	1,427	4,955	467	3,461	570
5 to 19 years		1,535	294	78	1,969	239	1,641	88	408	288
) years and over		50,694	4,718	3,550	4,880	1,188	3,313	379	3,053	282
20 to 24 years		5,326	475	224	1,121	291	778	52	663	83
25 years and over		45,368	4,243	3,326	3,759	896	2,535	327	2,390	199 119
25 to 54 years		39,960	3,592	2,853	2,076	789	1,130	157	2,105	
55 years and over	6,531	5,408	650	473	1,683	107	1,406	169	284	80
Women, 16 years and over		33,080	4,726	4,388	14,581	1,807	10,741	2,033	2,931	906
5 to 19 years		1,014	163	48	2,255	231	1,889	135	265	284
) years and over		32,066	4,563	4,341	12,326	1,576	8,851	1,899	2,667	623
20 to 24 years		3,515	540	246	1,816	376	1,289	151	560	101
25 years and over	36,669	28,551	4,023	4,094	10,510	1,200	7,562	1,748	2,107	522
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	32,468	25,344 3,207	3,542 482	3,582 512	8,155 2,356	1,083	5,696 1,866	1,375 373	1,895 212	413 108
White										
Men, 16 years and over	52,809	45,192	4,405	3,212	5,808	1,098	4,295	415	2,491	409
6 to 19 years		1,373	283	64	1,673	161	1,431	81	258	209
0 years and over		43,819	4,122	3,147	4,135	937	2,864	334	2,233	200
20 to 24 years		4,582	411	195	885	211	631	43	448	61
25 years and over		39,237	3,712	2,953	3,250	726	2,233	291	1,785	139
25 to 54 years		34,358	3,106	2,534	1,698	636	927	135	1,550	81
55 years and over	5,903	4,879	606	418	1,552	90	1,306	156	236	59
Women, 16 years and over	35,052	27,283	4,061	3,708	12,773	1,367	9,587	1,820	2,064	744
6 to 19 years	1,070	878	148	43	1,935	182	1,637	116	174	220
0 years and over	33,983	26,405	3,913	3,665	10,838	1,185	7,950	1,704	1,890	524
20 to 24 years		2,980	475	180	1,484	286	1,084	114	339	64
25 years and over		23,425	3,438	3,485	9,355	899	6,866	1,590	1,551	460
25 to 54 years 55 years and over		20,662 2,763	2,998 440	3,053 432	7,218 2,137	803 96	5,166 1,701	1,250 340	1,397 154	363 96
Black					2,		.,,			
Men, 16 years and over	5,561	4,868	402	291	746	243	463	40	733	108
6 to 19 years		102	5	5	241	66	172	3	132	52
0 years and over		4,767	397	286	505	177	291	37	601	56
20 to 24 years		512	41	21	150	56	85	9	175	11
25 years and over		4,255	355	265	354	120	206	28	427	44
25 to 54 years 55 years and over		3,885 370	320 36	221 44	276 78	114	144 62	18 10	397	31
		1								
Women, 16 years and over		4,320	521	513	1,344	368	813	163	695	109
6 to 19 years		92	10	4	236	40	183	12	78	37
0 years and over		4,228	511	508	1,107	328	629	150	616	72
20 to 24 years		389	55	53	243	83	132	28	184	25
25 years and over		3,839 3,521	456 424	455 390	865 684	245 227	497 359	123 97	433 383	47
25 to 54 years	1 .	3,521	424	390 64	181	18	138	25	49	8
55 years and over	414	1 310	32	04	101	1 10	130	20	47	, o

<sup>1</sup> Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are also classified according to their usual status.

working part time. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

<sup>2</sup> Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for

# A-17. Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	Тс	ital		M	en		[	Wo	men	
Occupation	16 y and	ears over	-	vears over		ears over	, .	vears over		vears over
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
Total	121,002	124,493	66,172	67,717	62,650	63,841	54,830	56,776	51,664	53,296
Managerial and professional specialty	32,023	33,505	16,646	17,529	16,527	17,424	15,378	15,976	15,243	15,827
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15,349	16,520	8,854	9,564	8,821	9,526	6,495	6,957	6,457	6,919
Officials and administrators, public administration	704	673	405	409	405	407	299	265	299	263
Other executive, administrative, and managerial	10,737	11,501	6,583	7,091	6,552	7,057	4,154	4,410	4,119	4,380
Management-related occupations	3,908	4,345	1,866	2,064	1,864	2,062	2,042	2,281	2,038	2,275
Professional specialty		16,984	7,792	7,965	7,706	7,897	8,882	9,020	8,787	8,908
Engineers		1,874	1,536	1,696	1,533	1,695	149	178	149	178
Mathematical and computer scientists		1,177	711	738	708	734	363	440	363	439
Natural scientists		578	373	390	372	390	150	187	149	186
Health diagnosing occupations		955	712	742	712	740	201	213	201	213
Health assessment and treating occupations		2,648	398 366	345 396	395 364	344 393	2,304 293	2,303 325	2,305 292	2,300 325
Teachers, college and university Teachers, except college and university		721 3,797	1,016	916	364 994	393 901	293 3,019	2,881	292	2,841
Lawyers and judges	4,035	3,797 879	601	622	601	622	195	2,001	2,963	2,641
Other professional specialty occupations	4,285	4,355	2,077	2,121	2,028	2,079	2,208	2,234	2,149	2,167
Technical, sales, and administrative support	36,989	37,433	13,503	13,305	12,879	12,559	23,486	24,128	21,999	22,458
Technicians and related support	3,943	3,834	1,970	1,779	1,944	1,753	1,973	2,055	1,941	2,030
Health technologists and technicians	1,555	1,614	302	258	295	256	1,254	1,356	1,243	1,343
Engineering and science technicians		1,148	911	904	898	885	241	244	225	241
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science	1,236	1,073	757	617	752	612	479	456	473	446
Sales occupations		14,872	7,548	7,565	7,127	7,093	6,873	7,307	5,932	6,238
Supervisors and proprietors		4,532	2,662	2,800	2,645	2,791	1,433	1,732	1,407	1,712
Sales representatives, finance and business services		2,354	1,435	1,460	1,425	1,449	952	893	933	879
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1,515	1,483	1,228	1,144	1,225	1,133	287	340	285	336
Sales workers, retail and personal services Sales-related occupations	6,301 121	6,415 88	2,177 45	2,139 21	1,788 45	1,701 19	4,124 76	4,276 66	3,234 74	3,247 64
Administrative support, including clerical	18,625	18,727	45 3,985	3,961	3,807	3,713	14,640	14,766	14,126	14,190
Supervisors	744	740	295	297	295	294	449	442	449	441
Computer equipment operators		534	261	232	249	218	350	302	345	294
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists		4,363	95	105	89	95	4,166	4,258	4,083	4,124
Financial records processing		2,325	252	206	249	198	2,078	2,119	2,047	2,092
Mail and message distributing		954	544	607	521	568	384	347	364	337
Other administrative support, including clerical		9,811	2,537	2,513	2,405	2,339	7,213	7,298	6,838	6,901
Service occupations		17,013	6,663	6,951	5,645	5,857	10,035	10,061	8,795	8,725
Private household		802	45	33	36	24	978	769	802	646
Protective service		2,312	1,667	1,853	1,626	1,779	403	458	349	355
Service, except private household and protective		13,899	4,951	5,065	3,984	4,054	8,654	8,833	7,643	7,724
Food service Health service	.,	5,924 2.092	2,424 258	2,505 247	1,740 235	1,780 229	3,383 2.020	3,419 1.846	2,689 1,932	2,648 1,784
Cleaning and building service		2,092	1,720	1.700	235	229 1,546	2,020	1,398	1,932	1,784
Personal service	2,587	2,785	549	614	440	499	2,037	2,171	1,879	1,957
Precision production, craft, and repair	14,133	13,886	12,940	12,636	12,596	12,243	1,193	1,249	1,140	1,216
Mechanics and repairers		4,530	4,506	4,334	4,379	4,223	181	196	179	189
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair	1	5,316 4,040	5,407 3,027	5,191 3,112	5,235 2,982	4,976 3,044	121 891	125 928	104 857	117 910
	,									
Dperators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	17,367 7,569	18,437 7,939	13,239	13,919	12,208	12,772 4,673	4,128	4,518	3,938 2,780	4,298
Transportation and material moving occupations		7,939 5,148	4,697 4,693	4,870 4,696	4,508	4,673	2,872 418	3,069 452	401	2,993
Motor vehicle operators		3,814	3,511	3,428	3,431	3,351	358	386	346	375
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,242	1,334	1,182	1,268	1,161	1,253	60	66	55	66
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		5,350	3,849	4,353	3,108	3,496	838	997	757	864
Construction laborers	725	905	703	874	629	756	22	31	19	24
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,963	4,445	3,147	3,479	2,479	2,740	816	966	738	840
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,791	4,220	3,182	3,377	2,795	2,985	610	843	549	772
Farm operators and managers	1,208	1,521	1,010	1,110	996	1,071	198	410	199	402
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	2,583	2,699	2,172	2,267	1,799	1,914	411	432	350	370

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

#### A-18. Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	Тс	otal	Me	en	Won	nen
Occupation and race	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		124,493 100.0	66,172 100.0	67,717 100.0	54,830 100.0	56,776 100.0
Aanagerial and professional specialty	26.5	26.9	25.2	25.9	28.0	28.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.3	13.4	14.1	11.8	12.3
Professional specialty		13.6	11.8	11.8	16.2	15.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support		30.1	20.4	19.6	42.8	42.5
Technicians and related support		3.1	3.0	2.6	3.6	3.6
Sales occupations		11.9 15.0	11.4 6.0	11.2 5.8	12.5 26.7	12.9 26.0
Administrative support, including clerical		13.7	10.1	10.3	18.3	17.7
Private household		.6	.1	(')	1.8	1.4
Protective service		1.9	2.5	2.7	.7	
Service, except private household and protective		11.2	7.5	7.5	15.8	15.6
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.2	19.6	18.7	2.2	2.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1	14.8	20.0	20.6	7.5	8.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.4	7.1	7.2	5.2	5.4
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.1	7.1	6.9	.8	ع. 1.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing		4.3 3.4	5.8 4.8	6.4 5.0	1.5 1.1	1.5
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		106,443 100.0	57,581 100.0	58,617 100.0	46,624 100.0	47,825 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty		27.9	26.1	27.0	29.1	29.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	1	13.8	14.1	14.8	12.4	12.7
Professional specialty		14.1	12.1 20.7	12.2 19.8	16.7 43.7	16.4 43.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support		30.4 3.1	3.0	2.6	3.6	43 3.7
Sales occupations	1	12.5	12.0	11.8	13.0	13.4
Administrative support, including clerical		14.8	5.7	5.4	27.1	26.3
Service occupations		12.5	9.0	9.2	17.0	16.6
Private household	8	.6	.1	.1	1.7	1.3
Protective service		1.8	2.4	2.6	.7	
Service, except private household and protective		10.1	6.6	6.5	14.6	14.6
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.6	20.2 19.0	19.4 19.5	2.1 6.8	2.* 7.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		14.0 5.9	6.8	6.7	4.7	4.8
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.0	6.8	6.7	.7	3.F 3.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	·	4.1	5.4	6.1	1.4	1.6
Farming, forestry, and fishing		3.6	5.0	5.2	1.2	1.6
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		13,004 100.0	6,205 100.0	6,307 100.0	6,263 100.0	6,697 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty		18.9	14.0	15.7	20.5	21.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	1	9.0	7.5	9.0	8.0	8.9
Professional specialty		10.0 27 B	6.4 17.4	6.7 17.2	12.5 37.0	13.0 37.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support		27.8 2.6	17.4 2.3	17.2	37.0	37.8
Sales occupations		7.9	2.3 6.5	6.2	8.9	9.5
Administrative support, including clerical		17.3	8.7	8.9	25.0	25.2
Service occupations		22.3	18.5	19.0	27.7	25.4
Private household		.9	.1	(')	2.3	1.3
Protective service		2.9	4.1	4.4	1.1	1.4
Service, except private household and protective		18.5	14.2	14.6	24.3	22.
Precision production, craft, and repair		8.1	15.4	14.0	2.4	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		20.9	31.1	30.5	11.9	11.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		9.6 5.5	10.2	11.0 10.1	8.6 1.1	8. 1.
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		5.5	10.5	9.4	2.2	2.
		0.0		· · · ·		

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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#### A-19. Employed persons by industry and occupation

#### (In thousands)

							August	1994					
		Manage profess spec	sional		ical, sa ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators fabricator and labore	S,	
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Techni- cians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service <sup>1</sup>	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,780	90	89	33	18	145	-	14	41	2	55	18	3,275
Mining	672	105	80	14	15	67	-	5	219	19	124	22	1
Construction	8,255	1,138	136	80	72	488	-	44	4,544	95	616	1,009	33
	20,302	2,586	1,762	599	701	2,099	-	345	3,786	6,432	745	1,131	116
Durable goods		1,558	1,188	404	320	1,129	-	162	2,606	3,468	401	556	106
Nondurable goods	8,404	1,029	574	195	381	970	-	183	1,180	2,964	344	574	10
Transportation and public								[			_		
utilities	8,728	1,066	486	293	270	2,318	-	234	1,345	129	1,985	590	13
Wholesale and retail trade	25,897	2,249	512	188	10,649	2,306	~	5,016	1,411	385	1,044	2,028	111
Wholesale trade		530	92	42	1,921	750	-	27	300	160	486	425	69
	21,096	1,719	420	147	8,728	1,556	-	4,988	1,111	225	558	1,602	41
Finance, insurance, and													
real estate	8,344	2,216	288	160	2,017	3,054	-	309	156	16	18	17	93
Services	42,614	5,708	12,690	2,262	1,097	6,809	802	8,703	2,181	832	493	497	540
Private households	978	2	8	2	3	11	802	76	-	-	3	18	53
Other service industries	41,636	5,706	12,682	2,260	1,094	6,798	-	8,627	2,182	832	490	479	487
Professional services		3,581	11,231	1,977	188	4,926	-	4,934	489	220	258	75	142
Public administration	5,901	1,363	940	206	33	1,440	-	1,542	202	30	68	37	39

' Includes protective service, not shown separately. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

# A-20. Employed persons in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					Aug	just 1994						
		Agriculture		Nonagricultural industries								
Age and sex		Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers			Ι						
	Wage and			Total	Pi	rivate industri	ies		Self-	Unpaid		
	salary workers				Total	Private household workers	Other private industries	Government	employed workers	family workers		
Total, 16 years and over	. 1,943	1.779	58	111.431	93,717	966	92,750	17,715	9,146	135		
16 to 19 years		107	18	6,806	6,357	159	6,198	448	164	18		
16 to 17 years		69	10	2,904	2,718	111	2,606	186	82	7		
18 to 19 years		38	7	3,902	3.640	48	3,592	262	81	11		
20 to 24 years	311	60	13	12,544	11,473	104	11,369	1.071	323	12		
25 to 34 years		245	3	29,689	25,910	142	25,768	3,780	1,785	23		
35 to 44 years		387	6	29,812	24.272	210	24,062	5,540	2,782	27		
45 to 54 years		369	3	20,588	15,917	154	15,763	4,671	2,143	26		
55 to 64 years		312	6	9,351	7,547	113	7,433	1,805	1,284	22		
65 years and over	64	298	10	2,641	2,242	84	2,157	400	665	7		
Men, 16 years and over	. 1,496	1,305	35	59,183	50,921	104	50,817	8,262	5,652	46		
16 to 19 years		96	16	3,496	3,284	32	3,251	212	62	-		
16 to 17 years		60	9	1,479	1,389	26	1,363	90	26	6		
18 to 19 years		36	7	2,017	1,895	7	1,888	122	36	-		
20 to 24 years		55	8	6,633	6,139	16	6,122	494	187	7		
25 to 34 years		171	_	16,142	14,366	22	14,344	1,776	1.044	1		
35 to 44 years		278	-	15,864	13.336		13,330	2,528	1,723	5		
45 to 54 years		257	-	10,718	8,533	11	8,522	2,185	1,353	1		
55 to 64 years		217	3	4,948	4,119	12	4,107	829	843	13		
65 years and over		231	6	1,382	1,144	4	1,140	237	440	4		
Women, 16 years and over		474	23	52,249	42.796	862	41.933	9.453	3,493	90		
16 to 19 years		11	2	3,310	3.074	127	2,947	236	102	2		
16 to 17 years		9		1,424	1,329	86	1,243	96	56	2		
18 to 19 years		2	-	1,885	1,745	41	1,704	140	45	-		
20 to 24 years	1	5	5	5,911	5,334	87	5,247	577	136	5		
25 to 34 years		74	3	13,547	11,543	120	11,423	2,004	741	22		
35 to 44 years	-	110	4	13,948	10.936	204	10,732	3,012	1.058	22		
45 to 54 years		112	3	9,870	7,384	143	7,241	2,486	790	25		
55 to 64 years		95	3	4,403	3,428	102	3,326	975	441	9		
65 years and over		68	4	1,260	1,097	80	1,017	163	225	3		

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

#### A-21. Persons at work in agriculture and nonagriculture industries by hours of work

	August 1994									
Hours of work		Thousands of p	ersons	Percent distribution						
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries 100.0				
Total, 16 years and over	113,977	3,559	110,418	100.0	100.0					
1 to 34 hours	27,673	1,085	26,588	24.3	30.5	24.1				
1 to 4 hours	1,441	94	1,347	1.3	2.7	1.2				
5 to 14 hours	3,930	227	3,703	3.4	6.4	3.4				
15 to 29 hours	13,795	520	13,275	12.1	14.6	12.0				
30 to 34 hours	8,507	244	8,263	7.5	6.8	7.5				
35 hours and over	86,304	2,474	83,830	75.7	69.5	75.9				
35 to 39 hours	8,378	167	8,211	7.4	4.7	7.4				
40 hours	41,361	754	40.607	36.3	21.2	36.8				
41 hours and over	36,565	1,553	35,012	32.1	43.7	31.7				
41 to 48 hours		261	13,281	11.9	7.3	12.0				
49 to 59 hours	13,092	488	12,605	11.5	13.7	11.4				
60 hours and over	9,932	805	9,126	8.7	22.6	8.3				
Average hours, total at work	39.7	42.8	39.6	-	-	-				
Average hours, persons who usually work full time	43.3	50.1	43.1	-	- (	-				

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of

*Employment and Earnings.* Detail on persons at work in tables A-21 through A-25 may not sum to the totals shown because of minor editing problems associated with the redesign survey.

# A-22. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

	August 1994									
Reason for working loss than 25 hours		All industries	;	Nona	Nonagricultural industries					
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time				
Total, 16 years and over	27,673	9,738	17,935	26,588	9,422	17,166				
Economic reasons	4,417	1,419	2.999	4,207	1,351	2,855				
Slack work or business conditions	2,288	1,055	1,233	2,155	1,009	1,146				
Could only find part-time work	1,729	-	1,729	1,680	~	1,680				
Seasonal work	137	101	36	113	85	29				
Job started or ended during week	263	263		258	258	-				
Noneconomic reasons	23,256	8,320	14.937	22.382	8.071	14,311				
Child-care problems	757	50	707	744	48	695				
Other family or personal obligations	4,510	606	3,904	4,314	574	3,740				
Health or medical limitations	572	-	572	546	-	546				
In school or training	4,659	69	4,590	4,535	68	4,468				
Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	1,737	-	1,737	1,577	-	1,577				
Vacation or personal day	4,999	4,999		4,897	4,897	-				
Holiday, legal or religious	84	84	- 1	82	82	-				
Weather-related curtailment	231	231	-	189	189	1 -				
All other reasons	5,707	`,280	3,428	5,498	2,213	3,285				
Average hours:										
Economic reasons	22.8	24.1	22.2	23.0	24.3	22.3				
Other reasons	21.5	24.1	20.0	21.6	24.1	20.2				

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

# A-23. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

	l			Augu	August 1994									
			Worked 1 t			Avera	age hours							
Industry and class of worker	Total	Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons		Worked	Total	Persons who						
	at work			Usually work full time	Usually work part time	35 hours or more	at work	usually work full time						
Total 16 years and over	110,418	26,588	4,207	8,071	14,311	83,830	39.6	43.1						
Wage and salary workers	101,916	23,794	3,735	7,445	12,614	78,122	39.5	42.8						
Mining	615	50	5	36	9	565	46.9	47.4						
Construction	6,376	1,158	317	501	339	5,218	41.0	42.6						
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	18,732 10,926 7,806	2,301 1,255 1,046	349 177 172	1,330 809 521	622 269 353	16,431 9,672 6,759	42.6 43.0 42.1	43.5 43.6 43.3						
Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,808 22,624 7,258	1,139 7,401 1,354	155 1,236 114	561 1,124 541	424 5,042 699	6,669 15,223 5,904	42.3 37.8 39.8	44.0 43.8 42.1						
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	33,055 898 32,156 5,449	9,549 542 9,007 842	1,507 116 1,391 53	2,787 42 2,745 566	5,256 384 4,871 224	23,506 356 23,149 4,607	37.7 29.2 37.9 40.7	41.8 44.5 41.8 41.7						
Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	8,366 135	2,717 77	462 9	609 17	1,646 50	5,649 59	40.1 35.4	46.8 43.3						

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

# A-24. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by age, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

		August 1994									
			Worked 1 1	o 34 hours	Worked 35 hours	Average hours					
Industry and class of worker	Total at		For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons		Total	Persons who				
	work			Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time			
TOTAL											
Total, 16 years and over	110,418	26,588	4,207	8,071	14,311	83,830	39.6	43.1			
16 to 19 years		4,076	563	263	3,250	2,582	29.4	40.1			
16 to 17 years		2,180	163	86	1,931	671	24.8	39.0			
18 to 19 years		1,896	400	177	1,319	1,911	32.7	40.4			
20 years and over		22,512	3,644	7,808	11,061	81,248	40.2	43.2			
20 to 24 years		3,498	750	811	1,938	8,712	37.5	41.6			
25 years and over		19,013	2,894	6,997	9,122	72,535	40.6	43.4			
25 to 54 years		14,826	2,519	6,105	6,203	64,199	41.3	43.5			
55 years and over		4,187	376	892	2,919	8,336	36.3	42.4			
Men, 16 years and over	60,905	10,322	1,942	4,012	4,369	50,583	42.5	44.7			
16 to 19 years	3,424	1,922	307	153	1,463	1,502	30.9	40.4			
16 to 17 years	1,446	1,079	84	53	942	368	25.7	39.0			
18 to 19 years	1,978	844	223	100	521	1,134	34.8	40.8			
20 years and over	57,481	8,399	1,635	3,859	2,906	49,081	43.2	44.8			
20 to 24 years		1,401	302	373	726	5,152	39.8	42.9			
25 years and over		6,998	1,333	3,486	2,179	43,930	43.6	45.0			
25 to 54 years	43,901	5,100	1,131	3,000	969	38,800	44.4	45.2			
55 years and over		1,898	202	485	1,210	5,130	39.0	43.8			
Women, 16 years and over	49,513	16,266	2,265	4,059	9,942	33,247	36.0	40.8			
16 to 19 years	3,234	2,154	256	111	1,787	1,080	27.7	39.7			
16 to 17 years	1,405	1,102	79	33	989	303	24.0	39.1			
18 to 19 years	1,829	1,052	177	78	798	777	30.5	39.8			
20 years and over	46,279	14,112	2,009	3,949	8,155	32,166	36.6	40.8			
20 to 24 years	5,658	2,097	448	437	1,212	3,561	34.8	39.8			
25 years and over	40,621	12,015	1,561	3,511	6,943	28,605	36.8	40.9			
25 to 54 years	35,125	9,726	1,388	3,104	5,234	25,399	37.4	41.0			
55 years and over	5,495	2,289	173	407	1,709	3,206	33.0	40.3			
Race											
White, 16 years and over		22,933	3,293	7,027	12,614	71,067	39.7	43.3			
Men		8,844	1,576	3,498	3,770	43,655	42.8	44.9			
Women	41,502	14,090	1,717	3,529	8,844	27,412	35.8	40.8			
Black, 16 years and over		2,663	706	769	1,188	9,173	38.4	41.3			
Men Women		1,024 1,639	259 447	344 425	421 767	4,810 4,363	40.2 36.7	42.5 40.1			
Marital status											
Men, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	37,048	4,831	828	2,526	1,477	32,217	43.9	45.2			
Widowed, divorced, or separated		1,140	252	520	368	5,758	43.0	44.8			
Single (never married)	16,959	4,350	861	966	2,523	12,609	39.1	43.2			
Women, 16 years and over:							<b></b>				
Married, spouse present		8,498	926	2,200	5,372	17,701	35.8	40.4			
Widowed, divorced, or separated		2,728	464	891	1,373	7,287	37.9	41.5			
Single (never married)	13,299	5,041	875	969	3,197	8,258	35.0	40.8			

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

# A-25. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

	August 1994									
			Worked 1 t	o 34 hours		Average hours				
Occupation and sex	Total	at	For al economic reasons		economic sons	Worked	Total at work	Persons who usually work full time		
	work			Usually work full time	Usually work part time	35 hours or more				
Total, 16 years and over'	110,008	26,472	4,157	8,021	14,294	83,536	39.6	43.1		
Managerial and professional specialty	29,173	5,563	564	2,608	2,391	23,610	42.0	44.3		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15,506	2,205	204	1,152	848	13,301	44.0	45.6		
Professional specialty	13,666	3,358	359	1,455	1,543	10,309	39.8	42.8		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	34,722	9,566	1,223	2,525	5,817	25,157	37.9	42.2		
Technicians and related support	3,559	744	83	313	349	2,815	39.9	42.1		
Sales occupations	13,952	4,102	662	778	2,662	9,849	39.4	45.1		
Administrative support, including clerical	· · ·	4,719	479	i,434	2,806	12,492	36.4	40.0		
Service occupations	15,653	6,216	1,118	951	4,147	9,437	35.0	41.9		
Private household	744	457	95	42	320	287	29.3	44.1		
Protective service	2,112	366	38	144	184	1,745	42.5	44.8		
Service, except private household and protective	12,797	5,392	985	765	3,643	7,405	34.1	41.1		
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,099	1,897	459	922	516	11,203	42.0	43.2		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,361	3,231	793	1,015	1,423	14,129	41.1	43.5		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,499	1,058	261	476	321	6,441	41.4	42.6		
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,796 5,065	671 1,502	182 350	202 337	287 815	4,126 3,562	44.5 37.3	47.0 41.3		
Men, 16 years and over'	60,397	10,149	1,908	3,968	4,275	50,247	42.6	44.7		
Managerial and professional specialty	16.043	2,186	254	1,254	679	13,857	45.0	46.3		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9,012	951	98	570	283	8,061	46.4	47.4		
Professional specialty	7,030	1,235	156	683	396	5,795	43.1	44.9		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	12,575	2,140	323	772	1,046	10,435	42.7	45.2		
Technicians and related support	1,683	220	12	158	51	1,463	42.7	43.5		
Sales occupations	7,145	1,221	203	368	650	5,924	44.3	47.3		
Administrative support, including clerical	3,747	699	108	246	345	3,048	39.6	42.0		
Service occupations	6,604	1,942	371	364	1,207	4,661	38.2	43.2		
Private household	32	18	10	-	8	13	(2)	(²)		
Protective service	1,723	249	18	106	125	1,474	43.9	45.8		
Service, except private household and protective	4,849	1,675	343	258	1,074	3,174	36.2	42.1		
Precision production, craft, and repair	11,951	1,663	416	836	411	10,289	42.2	43.3		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,224	2,218	544	742	932	11,006	42.1	44.2		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,640	512	121	272 182	119 200	4,128 3,903	42.8 45.2	43.7 47.1		
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,433 4,150	530 1,176	148 275	287	613	2,975	45.2 37.9	41.4		
Women, 16 years and over'	49,611	16,322	2,249	4,053	10,020	33,289	36.0	40.8		
Managerial and professional specialty		3,377	310	1,354	1,713	9,753	38.5	41.5		
Executive, administrative, and managerial		1,254	106	582	566	5,240	40.7	42.8		
Professional specialty	6,636	2,123	204	772	1,147	4,513	36.3	40.1		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	22,147 1.876	7,425	901	1,753	4,772 298	14,722	35.3 37.3	40.2 40.7		
Technicians and related support	6,807	524 2,881	71 459	155 410	298	1,352 3,926	37.3	40.7		
Administrative support, including clerical	13,464	4,020	370	1,188	2,462	9,444	34.3	39.4		
Service occupations	9,049	4,020	747	587	2,939	4,776	32.7	40.7		
Private household	712	439	85	42	312	273	29.3	44.5		
Protective service	389	118	21	38	59	272	36.3	40.1		
Service, except private household and protective	7,948	3,717	641	507	2,568	4,231	32.8	40.4		
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,148	234	44	85	105	914	39.9	42.2		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	4,137	1,013	249	274	491	3,124	38.0	41.1		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,859	546	140	203	202	2,313	39.2	40.8		
Transportation and material moving occupations		141	34	20	87	223	36.2	45.1		
						. – (		•		

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<sup>1</sup> Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.
 <sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
 NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and

earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings.* 

# A-26. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		M	en			Wor	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		•	loyment tes	Thousa pers			loyment les
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
Total, 16 years and over	4,554	4,031	6.4	5.6	3,916	3,838	6.7	6.3
Aarried, spouse present	1,689	1,365	4.0	3.2	1,562	1.513	4.9	4.6
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	667	580	8.3	7.0	911	797	7.6	6.6
Single (never married)	2,198	2,086	10.9	10.1	1,442	1,528	9.5	9.5
White, 16 years and over	3,422	2,901	5.6	4.7	2,889	2,809	5.8	5.5
farried, spouse present	1,386	1,042	3.7	2.8	1,332	1,296	4.7	4.5
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	517	459	7,7	6.6	648	589	6.8	6.1
ingle (never married)	1,519	1,400	9.2	8.3	909	924	7.7	7.5
Black, 16 years and over	892	841	12.6	11.8	842	804	11.9	10.7
Aarried, spouse present	193	193	6.2	5.9	149	122	6.4	4.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	121	90	10.6	8.7	221	177	11.0	8.7
Single (never married)	578	557	20.4	19.6	472	504	17.0	17.0
Total, 25 years and over	3,107	2,589	5.3	4.4	2,780	2,629	5.7	5.3
Aarried, spouse present	1,587	1,290	3.9	3.1	1,408	1,341	4.7	4.4
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	640	546	8.1	6.8	815	745	7.0	6.4
Single (never married)	879	753	8.7	7.6	557	542	7.8	7.3
White, 25 years and over	2,384	1,925	4.7	3.8	2,094	2,011	5.1	4.8
Married, spouse present	1,299	986	3.6	2.7	1,194	1,156	4.5	4.3
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	493	431	7.6	6.5	586	553	6.3	6.0
Single (never married)	593	508	7.3	6.4	315	302	6.0	5.6
Black, 25 years and over	555	471	9.7	8.3	550	480	9.4	7.9
Aarried, spouse present	181	181	5.9	5.7	138	103	6.1	4.3
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	118	85	10.5	8.4	192	165	9.8	8.4
Single (never married)	255	205	16.6	13.4	221	211	13.4	12.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-27. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers				Unemploy	ment rates		
Occupation	То	tal	Тс	otal	м	en	Woi	men
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
Total, 16 years and over'	8,470	7,868	6.5	5.9	6.4	5.6	6.7	6.3
Managerial and professional specialty	1.039	987	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	3.6	3.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial	545	410	3.4	2.4	2.8	2.0	4.2	3.0
Professional specialty	493	577	2.9	3.3	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,150	2,009	5.5	5.1	5.1	4.5	5.7	5.4
Technicians and related support	172	133	4.2	3.4	4.5	3.4	3.9	3.3
Sales occupations	910	891	5.9	5.7	4.8	4.3	7.1	7.0
Administrative support, including clerical	1,068	984	5.4	5.0	6.1	5.2	5.2	4.9
Service occupations	1,307	1,480	7.3	8.0	7.1	7.7	7.4	8.2
Private household	74	97	6.7	10.7	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	6.5	10.5
Protective service	114	96	5.2	4.0	4.3	4.0	8.6	3.9
Service, except private household and protective	1,119	1,288	7.6	8.5	7.9	9.0	7.4	8.2
Precision production, craft, and repair	946	761	6.3	5.2	6.2	5.2	7.0	5.5
Mechanics and repairers	258	196	5.2	4.1	5.2	4.0	6.4	6.3
Construction trades	465	367	7.8	6.5	7.8	6.5	7.3	4.9
Other precision production, craft, and repair	222	198	5.4	4.7	4.9	4.4	7.0	5.5
Dperators, fabricators, and laborers	1,815	1,620	9.5	8.1	9.0	7.5	10.9 <sup>;</sup>	9.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	773	624	9.3	7.3	8.1	6.0	11.0	9.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	395	288	7.2	5.3	6.9	4.8	9.7	10.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	648	708	12.1	11.7	12.4	11.8	10.8	11.4
Construction laborers	140	161	16.1	15.1	16.4	14.9	(°)	(²)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	508	547	11.4	11.0	11.5	10.9	10.9	11.1
arming, forestry, and fishing	247	314	6.1	6.9	6.1	6.8	6.0	7.3
lo previous work experience	938	659	-	- 1	-	-	-	- 1
16 to 19 years	600	450	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
20 to 24 years	184	120	-	-	-	-	-	i -
25 years and over	153	89	-	-	-	- 1	-	i –

<sup>1</sup> Includes a small number of persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces. <sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-28. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers	ands of ions			Unemploy	ment rates	\$	
Industry	То	tal	Тс	otal	м	en	Wo	men
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
Total, 16 years and over	8,470	7,868	6.5	5.9	6.4	5.6	6.7	6.3
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6,383	5,894	6.6	5.9	6.7	5.7	6.5	6.2
Mining	52	37	7.4	5.3	7.1	6.1	8.8	1.0
Construction	716	528	11.5	8.1	11.7	8.4	9.2	5.2
Manufacturing	1,465	1.090	7.1	5.2	6.2	4.6	8.8	6.5
Durable goods	846	667	7.1	5.5	6.6	5.1	8.4	6.4
Lumber and wood products	43	73	6.5	9.5	6.0	8.7	9.5	14.3
Furniture and fixtures	32	53	4.9	7.6	4.6	6.9	5.7	9.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	52	25	4.9 9.0	4.6	10.0	5.8	5.1	1.1
							2.7	4.3
Primary metal industries		31	4.1	3.9	4.3	3.8		10.5
Fabricated metal products		82	7.1	6.0	6.1	4.5	10.3	
Machinery and computing equipment	160	110	6.7	4.3	5.9	4.5	9.8	3.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	118	82	6.3	4.3	5.0	3.9	7.9	4.9
Transportation equipment	206	125	8.9	5.5	8.7	5.7	9.5	4.7
Automobiles	63	39	5.1	3.1	5.5	3.3	4.1	2.6
Other transportation equipment	143	86	13.0	8.2	12.2	8.3	15.6	7.7
Professional and photographic equipment		42	6.7	6.0	5.2	3.7	8.6	9.4
Other durable goods industries	62	44	11.0	6.9	12.8	5.0	8.4	9.3
Nondurable goods	620	423	7.0	4.9	5.6	3.8	9.1	6.5
Food and kindred products	144	97	7.4	5.0	6.7	4.6	8.8	5.7
Textile mill products	51	61	7.4	9.2	6.5	3.9	8.4	14.1
Apparel and other textile products	127	81	12.1	8.0	10.9	6.9	12.5	8.4
Paper and allied products	41	20	5.1	2.5	3.6	1.9	9.2	4.2
Printing and publishing	115	73	6.5	4.3	5.6	4.0	7.6	4.7
Chemicals and allied products	63	40	4.8	3.2	3.2	3.4	7.9	2.8
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	48	33	5.3	3.6	4.6	2.2	6.9	6.1
Other nondurable goods industries	31	19	8.0	5.4	7.0	5.0	12.1	6.5
Transportation and public utilities	347	326	5.1	4.6	5.3	4.6	4.6	4.8
Transportation	238	229	5.9	5.3	6.0	5.1	5.5	6.1
Communications and other public utilities	109	97	3.9	3.5	4.0	3.5	3.8	3.4
Wholesale and retail trade	1,813	1,846	7.3	7.2	6.7	6.7	7.9	7.7
Wholesale trade	300	251	6.5	5.4	5.3	5.4	9.5	5.4
Retail trade	1,514	1,595	7.5	7.6	7.2	7.2	7.7	8.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	298	280	4.0	3.6	3.7	2.7	4.2	4.2
Service industries	1,691	1,786	5.7	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.4	5.9
Professional services	722	740	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.4	4.1	4.3
Other service industries	969	1,046	7.9	8.2	7.8	7.4	8.0	9.1
Agricultural wage and salary workers	211	213	10.7	9.9	10.5	10.1	11.4	9.2
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	938	1,103	3.1	3.7	2.6	3.2	3.8	4.3
No previous work experience	938	659	-	-	- 1	-	-	-

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## Table A-29. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	To 16 y and	ears	Me 20 ye and e	ears	Won 20 y and	ears	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed	8,470	7,868	3,871	3,335	3,411	3,289	1,188	1,244	6,311			
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		3,565	2,669	1,959	1,690	1,437	223	168	3,487	2,698	901	647
On temporary layoff	1,029	891	607	431	393	408	28	52	834	692	162	155
Not on temporary layoff		2,674	2,062	1,528	1,297	1,029	194	116	2,653	2,005		
Permanent job losers	Ċ	1,973	()	1,125	C)	776	()	71	(')	1,499		349
Persons who completed temporary jobs		701	Ö	403	Ö	253	Ö l	45	(')	507	C	143
Job leavers	910	799	349	371	416	319	144	110	728		147	111
Reentrants	2,130	2,845	732	935	1,139	1,395	258	516	1,557	1,960		710
New entrants	848	659	120	70	165	139	563	450	539	400	233	175
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		45.3	68.9	58.8	49.6	43.7	18.7	13.5	55.2	47.2	52.0	39.4
On temporary layoff		11.3	15.7	12.9	11.5	12.4	2.4	4.2	13.2	12.1	9.3	9.4
Not on temporary lavoff		34.0	53.3	45.8	38.0	31.3	16.3	9.3	42.0	35.1	42.6	29.9
Job leavers	10.7	10.2	9.0	11.1	12.2	9.7	12.1	8.8	11.5	11.4	8.5	6.8
Reentrants	25.1	36.2	18.9	28.0	33.4	42.4	21.7	41.5	24.7	34.3	26.1	
New entrants	10.0	8.4	3.1	2.1	4.8	4.2	47.4	36.2	8.5	7.0	13.4	10.7
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.5	2.7	4.0	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.8	2.0	3.2	2.4	6.3	4.4
Job leavers		.6	.5	.6	.8	.6	1.8	1.3	.7	.6	1.0	
Reentrants	1.6		1.1	1.4	2.1	2.5	3.3	6.0		1.7	3.2	4.6
New entrants	} _	.5	.2	.1	.3	2	7.1	5.2	.5		1.6	1.2

1 Not available.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

## A-30. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

#### (Percent distribution)

	-			August 1994			
	Total une	employed		Duratio	on of unempl	oyment	
Reason, sex, and age	The seconds			E 40 14	15	weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	7,868	100.0	32.2	35.6	32.3	12.3	20.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,565	100.0	34.0	33.3	32.8	12.8	20.0
On temporary layoff	891	100.0	49.1	42.3	8.6	5.6	3.0
Not on temporary layoff		100.0	28.9	30.3	40.8	15.2	25.6
Permanent job losers		100.0	25.1	28.8	46.1	17.2	28.9
Persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	39.6	34.6	25.8	9,5	16.3
Job leavers		100.0	44.0	30.0	26.0	9.2	16.8
Reentrants		100.0	29.0	36.3	34.7	12.7	22.0
New entrants		100.0	21.8	51.3	26.8	11.6	15.2
Men, 20 years and over	3,335	100.0	30.4	30.0	39.6	12.1	27.5
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,959	100.0	32.8	30.1	37.1	12.0	25.1
On temporary layoff		100.0	54.0	36.1	9.9	6.3	3.7
Not on temporary layoff		100.0	26.8	28.4	44.8	13.6	31.2
Permanent job losers		100.0	24.0	26.5	49.5	15.1	34.4
Persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	34.5	33.8	31.7	9.5	22.2
Job leavers		100.0	39.7	26.0	34.3	9.0	25.3
Reentrants		100.0	21.9	32.0	46.1	13.0	33.1
New entrants	70	100.0	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 20 years and over	3,289	100.0	33.3	35.7	31.0	13.8	17.2
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,437	100.0	32.3	38.1	29.6	14.8	14.7
On temporary layoff	408	100.0	40.8	51.0	8.1	5.5	2.7
Not on temporary layoff	1,029	100.0	29.0	32.9	38.1	18.6	19.5
Permanent job losers		100.0	25.9	30.2	43.9	21.0	22.9
Persons who completed temporary jobs	253	100.0	38.6	41.2	20.2	11.2	9.0
Job leavers	319	100.0	44.1	32.1	23.7	12.3	11.4
Reentrants	1,395	100.0	33.0	34.4	32.7	12.9	19.8
New entrants	139	100.0	22.9	31.9	45.3	15.3	30.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,244	100.0	33.8	50.2	16.0	8.7	7.3
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	61.9	29.6	8.5	4.2	4.3
On temporary layoff		100.0	()	(')	(')	(')	(')
Not on temporary layoff		100.0	56.7	31.8	11.6	5.4	6.2
Permanent job losers	71	100.0	(')	(')	(')	(')	()
Persons who completed temporary jobs	45	100.0	Ö	(')	( <sup>†</sup> )	()	()
Job leavers	110	100.0	57.8	37.7	4.5	.7	-
Reentrants	516	100.0	31.1	49.3	19.6	11.6	8.0
New entrants	450	100.0	20.5	61.9	17.6	9.1	8.4

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

#### A-31. Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent d	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution				
	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994			
Total, 16 years and over	8,470	7,868	100.0	100.0	6,997	6,392	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	2,958	2,531	34.9	32.2	2,209	1,874	31.6	29.3			
5 to 14 weeks	2,760	2,798	32.6	35.6	2,229	2,250	31.9	35.2			
5 to 10 weeks	2,069	1,955	24.4	24.8	1.657	1,540	23.7	24.1			
11 to 14 weeks	691	843	8.2	10.7	572	711	8.2	11.1			
15 weeks and over	2,753	2,539	32.5	32.3	2,559	2,268	36.6	35.5			
15 to 26 weeks	997	966	11.8	12.3	924	832	13.2	13.0			
27 weeks and over	1,755	1,573	20.7	20.0	1,636	1,435	23.4	22.5			
27 to 51 weeks	807	596	9.5	7.6	758	542	10.8	8.5			
52 weeks and over	948	977	11.2	12.4	878	894	12.5	14.0			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.0	18.8	-	-	19.7	20.5	-	-			
Median duration, in weeks	8.2	8.9	-	-	9.2	9.7	~	-			

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-32. Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

				Augus	t 1994			
			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Sex, age, race, and marital status		Less	5 to 14	15	weeks and c	over	Average	Median
	Total	than 5 weeks	weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	duration
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	7,868	2,531	2,798	2,539	966	1,573	18.8	8.9
16 to 19 years	1,244	421	624	199	109	91	10.9	7.5
20 to 24 years	1,407	505	529	372	164	208	15.1	7.9
25 to 34 years	1,943	657	596	689	286	403	19.3	8.9
35 to 44 years	1,608	515	520	573	182	391	21.3	9.4
45 to 54 years	983	247	324	412	135	277	23.9	11.1
55 to 64 years	502	129	151	222	66	156	27.8	12.3
65 years and over	182	57	54	71	24	47	22.2	8.8
Men, 16 years and over	4,031	1,211	1,383	1,437	460	977	21.4	9.7
16 to 19 years	696	197	383	116	56	61	11.5	8.0
20 to 24 years	746	256	261	228	98	130	15.9	8.5
25 to 34 years	956	304	287	365	119	246	22.8	9.7
35 to 44 years	774	248	211	315	74	241	25.0	11.1
45 to 54 years	495	106	148	240	66	174	29.4	13.9
55 to 64 years	261	66	64	131	31	100	33.4	14.9
65 years and over	103	33	29	41	17	24	20.6	9.3
Women, 16 years and over	3,838	1,321	1,415	1,102	506	596	16.1	8.1
16 to 19 years	548	224	241	83	53	30	10.2	6.7
20 to 24 years	661	249	268	144	67	78	14.3	7.1
25 to 34 years	987	354	309	324	167	157	15.9	8.0
35 to 44 years	834	267	309	258	108	150	18.0	8.7
45 to 54 years	488	140	176	172	69	103	18.4	9,4
55 to 64 years	241	63	87	91	35	56	21.8	9.7
65 years and over	79	24	25	30	7	23	()	(')
	73	24	20	00			()	
Race						,		
White, 16 years and over	5,709	1,919	2,015	1,775	659	1,116	18.4	8.5
Men	2,901	906	970	1,025	303	722	21.6	9.4
Women	2,809	1,013	1,045	750	356	394	15.2	7.6
Black, 16 years and over	1,644	445	579	620	248	372	20.8	10.5
Men	841 804	221 224	293 286	327 293	126 122	201 171	22.2 19.4	11.2 10.0
	004	224	200	230	122		10.4	10.0
Marital status								
Men, 16 years and over: Married, spouse present	1.365	406	395	563	171	393	24.5	11.3
Married, spouse present	580	184	173	223	69	154	24.5	9.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated Single (never married)	2,086	621	815	650	220	430	19.2	9.0
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	1,513	519	572	422	187	235	15.5	7.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	797	264	276	257	104	153	17.4	8.6
Single (never married)	1.528	538	567	423	216	207	16.0	8.2
oligie (lieter liidilied)	1,020	000			2.0	1		

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings.* 

#### A-33. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

				Augus	st 1994			
			Thousands	of persons			We Average (mean) duration 18.7 17.8 17.8 17.8 18.7 22.9 12.2 8.0 18.9 23.2 24.4 21.3 26.3 18.4 19.7 16.6 23.3	eks
Occupation and industry		Less		15	weeks and o	over	Average	Median
	Total	than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		duration
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	987 2,009 1,480 761 1,620 314	315 665 501 286 478 137	344 683 534 226 548 113	328 662 445 248 595 65	127 297 169 100 164 22	201 364 276 148 431 43	17.8 17.8 18.7 22.9	9.0 8.8 8.3 8.7 9.9 5.6
INDUSTRY'								
Agriculture Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Public administration	213 543 1,099 676 423 375 1,862 292 2,276 187	110 185 322 186 136 81 637 109 730 78	79 186 341 209 132 119 638 85 880 35	24 172 436 281 156 175 587 98 666 74	11 68 142 85 57 49 233 31 291 22	13 104 294 195 99 126 354 66 375 52	18.9 23.2 24.4 21.3 26.3 18.4 19.7 16.6	4.4 9.0 11.1 11.8 9.9 12.9 8.5 8.5 8.5 7.3
No previous work experience	659	144	338	177	77	100	17.6	9.3

1 Includes wage and salary workers only.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings.* 

# A-34. Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	August 1994											
Category			Age		Se							
	Total	16 to 24 years	25 to 54 years	55 years and over	Men	Women						
Total not in the labor force	64,682	9,321	19,082	36,280	22,721	41,961						
Do not want a job now'	58,529	7,451	15,867	35,211	20,462	38,067						
Want a job'	6,153	1,869	3,215	1,069	2,259	3,894						
Did not search for work in previous year	3,649	1,005	1,828	816	1,250	2,400						
Searched for work in previous year <sup>2</sup>	2,504	864	1,387	252	1,010	1,494						
Not available to work now	777	294	439	44	239	538						
Available to work now Reason not currently looking:	1,726	570	948	208	770	956						
Discouragement over job prospects <sup>3</sup>	489	165	276	48	270	219						
Reasons other than discouragement	1,237	405	672	160	500	737						
Family responsibilities	243	42	182	19	36	207						
In school or training	127	78	48	-	67	59						
III health or disability	141	20	90	32	57	85						
Other <sup>4</sup>	726	265	353	109	340	386						

<sup>1</sup> Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job.

<sup>2</sup> Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job.

<sup>3</sup> Includes believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

<sup>4</sup> Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as child care and and transportation problems, as well as a small number for which reason for non participation was not ascertained.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### A-35. Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

			Augus	t 1994		
Characteristic	Both	sexes	M	en	Wo	men
	Number	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Number	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Number	Rate <sup>1</sup>
AGE						
Total, 16 years and over <sup>2</sup>	7,079	5.7	3.949	5.8	3,130	5.5
6 to 19 years	499	6.8	227	5.9	272	7.8
0 years and over	6,580	5.6	3,722	5.8	2,858	5.4
20 to 24 years	869	6.6	424	5.9	445	7.3
25 years and over	5,711	5.5	3,298	5.8	2,413	5.1
25 to 54 years	5,113	5.7	2,935	6.1	2,177	5.4
55 years and over	598	4.0	362	4.4	236	3.6
55 to 64 years	516	4.7	311	5.1	205	4.1
65 years and over	83	2.2	52	2.5	31	1.9
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN						
Vhite	6,289	5.9	3,508	6.0	2.781	5.8
Black	560	4.3	316	5.0	244	3.6
lispanic origin	377	3.5	231	3.5	146	3.4
MARITAL STATUS						
Aarried, spouse present	3.858	5.3	2.445	5.9	1.412	4.6
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	1,079	5.7	410	5.3	669	6.0
Single (never married)	2,142	6.5	1,093	5.9	1,049	7.2
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS						
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	3,899	-	2,411	_	1,488	_
nmary and secondary jobs both part time	1,416	-	454	-	963	-
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	260	-	204	-	56	-
lours vary on primary or secondary job	1,465	-	867	-	598	-

<sup>1</sup> Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified group.

group. <sup>2</sup> Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary jobs(s), not shown separately. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-36. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status			То	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	loyed				
and age	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Num	ber	Perce labor	ent of force			
			1993	1994	1993	1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994	Aug. 1993	Aug. 1994			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS													
Total, 40 years and over 40 to 54 years	7,213 6,370	7,456 6,532	6,397 5,955	6,554 6,020	6,151 5,729	6,283 5,765	246 226	271 255	3.8 3.8	4.1 4.2			
40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years	2,225 2,958	1,834 3,204	2,080 2,762	1,684 2,980	1,998 2,659	1,598 2,842	83 103	86 138	4.0 3.7	5.1 4.6			
50 to 54 years 55 years and over	1,187 843	1,494 924	1,113 442	1,356 534	1,073 422	1,325 518	40 20	31 16	3.6 4.5	2.3 3.0			
NONVETERANS													
Total, 40 to 54 years 40 to 44 years	15,495 6,818	16,271 7,533	14,096 6,373	14,619 6,982	13,422 6,096	14,132 6,777	675 277	487 206	4.8 4.3	3.3 2.9			
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years	4,626 4,051	4,784 3,954	4,165 3,558	4,287 3,350	3,937 3,389	4,133 3,223	228 170	154 127	5.5 4.8	3.6 3.8			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For

additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

## B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1943 to date

(In thousands)

		1		Goods	-producing		1			Ser	vice-produc	ducing				
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc-	Manufac-	Total	Transpor- tation and	Whole- sale	Retail	Finance, insurance, and	Services	G	iovernmer	nt	
				g	tion	turing	1010	public utilities	trade	trade	real estate		Federal	State	Local	
							Anr	nual average	es							
943		36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,828	5,154	1,481	4,130	2,905	(1)	(')	
944		35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,851	5,208	1,461	4,145	2,928	(')	(')	
945 946		34,431 36,056	17,507	836 862	1,147 1,683	15,524 14,703	22,869 24,404	3,906 4,061	1,955 2,298	5,359 6,077	1,481	4,222 4,697	2,808 2,254	(') (')	(') (')	
947		38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,230	6,477	1,728	5,025	1,892	Ö	l ö	
948 949		39,216 37,897	18,774 17,565	994 930	2,198 2,194	15,582 14,441	26,092 26,189	4,189 4,001	2,612 2,610	6,659 6,654	1,800 1,828	5,181 5,239	1,863 1,908	(†) (†)	(') (')	
950										ĺ	(				()	
951		39,170 41,430	18,506 19,959	901 929	2,364 2,637	15,241 16,393	26,691	4,034 4,226	2,643 2,735	6,743 7,007	1,888	5,356 5,547	1,928	(1) (1)	8	
52	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,821	7,184	2,035	5,699	2,420	(')	Ö	
		43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,862	7,385	2,111	5,835	2,305	()	()	
954		42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,875	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	( <sup>1</sup> ) 1,168	( <sup>1</sup> ) 3,558	
955 956		43,727 45,091	20,513 21,104	792 822	2,839 3,039	16,882 17,243	30,128 31,264	4,141 4,244	2,934 3,027	7,601 7,831	2,298 2,389	6,240 6,497	2,187 2,209	1,250	3,819	
957		45,239	20,967	828	2,962	17,176	31,889	4,241	3,037	7,848	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,07	
58	51,322	43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,989	7,761	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4,230	
959²	53,270	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,092	8,035	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,366	
960 961		45,836 45,404	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,153	8,238	2,628 2,688	7,378	2,270 2,279	1,536 1,607	4,547 4,708	
962		45,404	19,857 20,451	672 650	2,859 2,948	16,326 16,853	34,142 35,098	3,903 3,906	3,142 3,207	8,195 8,359	2,000	7,619 7,982	2,279	1,668	4,881	
963		47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,258	8,520	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,12	
964	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,856	5,392	
965		50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,477	9,239	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,700	
966		53,116 54,413	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,608	9,637	3,058	9,498 10,045	2,564	2,141 2,302	6,080 6,371	
967 968		56,058	23,308 23,737	613 606	3,248 3,350	19,447 19,781	42,495 44,158	4,268 4,318	3,700 3,791	9,906 10,308	3,185 3,337	10,045	2,719 2,737	2,302	6,660	
969		58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,919	10,785	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,904	
<b>9</b> 70		58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	4,006	11,034	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,158	
971		58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,276	4,476	4,014	11,338	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,437	
972 973	73,675 76,790	60,341 63,058	23,668 24,893	628 642	3,889 4,097	19,151 20,154	50,007 51,897	4,541 4,656	4,127 4,291	11,822 12,315	3,908 4,046	12,276 12,857	2,684 2,663	2,859 2,923	7,790	
974		64,095	24,893	697	4,097	20,154	53,471	4,050	4,291	12,539	4,048	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,407	
975		62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,430	12,630	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,758	
976		64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,562	13,193	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,865	
977 978		67,344 71,026	24,346	813	3,851	19,682 20,505	58,125	4,713	4,723	13,792	4,467 4,724	15,302 16,252	2,727 2,753	3,377 3,474	9,023 9,440	
978 979		73,876	25,585 26,461	851 958	4,229 4,463	20,505	61,113 63,363	4,923 5,136	4,985 5 221	14,556 14,972	4,724	17,112	2,753	3,541	9,633	
980	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,292	15,018	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,76	
981	91,152	75,121	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,655	5,165	5,375	15,171	5,298	18,615	2,772	3,640	9,61	
982		73,707	23,812	1,128	3,904	18,780	65,732	5,081	5,295	15,158	5,340	19,021	2,739	3,640	9,458	
983 984		74,282	23,330 24,718	952 966	3,946 4,380	18,432 19,372	66,821 69,690	4,952 5,156	5,283 5,568	15,587 16,512	5,466 5,684	19,664 20,746	2,774 2,807	3,662 3,734	9,434 9,482	
985		80,992	24,710	927	4,668	19,248	72,544	5,233	5,727	17,315	5,948	21,927	2,875	3,832	9,68	
986		82,651	24,533	777	4,810	18,947	74,811	5,247	5,761	17,880	6,273	22,957	2,899	3,893	9,90	
987		84,948	24,674	717	4,958	18,999	77,284	5,362	5,848	18,422	6,533	24,110	2,943	3,967	10,10	
988 989		87,824 90,117	25,125 25,254	713 692	5,098 5,171	19,314 19,391	80,086 82,642	5,514 5,625	6,030 6,187	19,023 19,475	6,630 6,668	25,504 26,907	2,971 2,988	4,076 4,182	10,33	
990		91,115	24,905	709	5,120	19,076	84,514	5,793	6,173	19,601	6,709	27,934	3,085	4,305	10,91	
990 991		89,854	23,745	689	4,650	18,406	84,511	5,762	6,081	19,284	6,646	28,336	2,966	4,355	11,08	
992	108,604	89,959	23,231	635	4,492	18,104	85,373	5,721	5,997	19,356	6,602	29,052	2,969	4,408	11,26	
993	110,525	91,708	23,256	611	4,642	18,003	87,269	5,787	5,958	19,717	6,712	30,278	2,915	4,484	11,417	
				·····		м	onthly dat	a, seasonal	y adjusted	l 						
993: August	110,714	91,892	23,207	602	4,659	17,946	87,507	5,786	5,954	19,770	6,724	30,451	2,906	4,487	11,42	
September		92,036	23,206	605	4,667	17,934	87,717	5,783	5,962	19,805	6,735	30,545	2,902	4,518	11,46	
October	111,112	92,239	23,245	605	4,700	17,940	87,867	5,798	5,965	19,822	6,748	30,661	2,901	4,504	11,46	
November December		92,479	23,281	604 618	4,733	17,944	88,085	5,800	5,971 5,976	19,848	6,763	30,816	2,900	4,505	11,48	
December 994:	111,610	92,692	23,298	610	4,738	17,942	88,312	5,792	5,976	19,931	6,769	30,920	2,915	4,511	11,49	
January	111,711	92,810	23,328	616	4,744	17,968	88,383	5,793	5,990	19,924	6,771	31,004	2,893	4,492	11,51	
February	111,919	93,003	23,327	612	4,745	17,970	88,592	5,803	6,003	19,965	6,776	31,129	2,892	4,511	11,51	
March		93,357	23,395	609	4,806	17,980	88,903	5,816	6,013	20,026	6,781	31,326	2,884	4,520	11,53	
April		93,718	23,506	606 603	4,893	18,007	89,193	5,759	6,028	20,137	6,791	31,497	2,882	4,534 4,533	11,56	
May June		93,937 94,316	23,519 23,576	603	4,907	18,009 18,044	89,432 89,758	5,843 5,849	6,037 6,049	20,153	6,787	31,598	2,870 2,859	4,533	11,61 11,62	
July <sup>p</sup>		94,576	23,595	601	4,949	18,045	89,990	5,854	6,053	20,379	6,798	31,897	2,860	4,549	11,60	
									6,071							

Not available.
 <sup>2</sup> Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

month.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1993) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1990) are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

# B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

Year and month	Mookle								
	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
		I	I	Ai	nnual averag	les		J	<u> </u>
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.2
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.8
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.5
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.7
987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
989	34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.0
991	34.3	10.32	353.98	44.4	14.19	630.04	38.1	14.00	533.40
992	34.4	10.57	363.61	43.9	14.54	638.31	38.0	14.15	537.70
993	34.5	10.83	373.64	44.3	14.60	646.78	38.4	14.37	551.8
-		L	· /	Monthly data	, not seasor	ally adjusted	1	L	L
993:				-		· · ·	-		
August	35.1	\$10.78	\$378.38	44.9	\$14.44	\$648.36	39.6	\$14.45	\$572.22
September	34.5	10.91	376.40	44.5	14.54	647.03	38.3	14.52	556.12
October	34.6	10.94	378.52	45.5	14.47	658.39	39.3	14.55	571.82
November	34.5	10.96	378.12	44.7	14.43	645.02	38.6	14.47	558.54
December	34.7	10.97	380.66	44.6	14.67	654.28	38.3	14.46	553.82
994:		1							
January	34.3	11.06	379.36	44.1	15.06	664.15	37.0	14.41	533.17
February	34.0	11.06	376.04	43.7	14.92	652.00	36.1	14.45	521.65
March	34.4	11.04	379.78	44.0	14.84	652.96	38.1	14.44	550.16
April	34.5	11.07	381.92	44.5	14.96	665.72	38.3	14.49	554.9
May	34.8	11.09	385.93	44.4	14.83	658.45	39.7	14.59	579.2
June	34.8	11.03	383.84	44.8	14.73	659.90	39.6	14.57	576.9
July <sup>e</sup>	34.9	11.04	385.30	44.9	14.70	660.03	39.8	14.72	585.8
August <sup>e</sup>	35.1	11.04	387.50	45.6	14.66	668.50	39.8	14.77	587.8

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

# B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Trans	portation and utilities	l public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekl earning
		ł		L	Annual	averages	L /		4	J.r
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.5
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.0
66	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
67	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.6
68	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.9
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.0	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
70	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.8
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.4
72	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
73	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.4	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.5
74	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.3	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.9
75	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.1
76	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	1	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.2
						6.45				209.1
77	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	
78	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.1
79	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
80	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.8
81	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.6
82	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.4
83	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.7
84	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.8
85	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.3
86	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.7
87	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.3
88	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.2
89	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.8
90	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.97	504.53	38.1	10.79	411. <b>1</b>
91	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.7	13.22	511.61	38.1	11.15	424.8
92	41.0	11.46	10.95	469.86	38.9	13.45	523.21	38.2	11.39	435.1
93	41.4	11.74	11.18	486.04	39.6	13.63	539.75	38.2	11.73	448.0
		L	<u> </u>	Monthl	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted			
93:										<b>•</b> • <b>-</b> • •
August	41.5	\$11.70	\$11.13	\$485.55	40.3	\$13.62	\$548.89	38.4	\$11.75	\$451.2
September	41.5	11.85	11.24	491.78	39.8	13.67	544.07	38.1	11.80	449.5
October	41.8	11.80	11.19	493.24	39.9	13.66	545.03	38.3	11.81	452.3
lovember	42.0	11.87	11.26	498.54	39.7	13.69	543.49	38.2	11.80	450.7
December 94:	42.4	12.00	11.36	508.80	39.8	13.74	546.85	38.3	11.85	453.8
anuary	41.5	11.96	11.38	496.34	39.6	13.83	547.67	38.2	11.95	456.4
ebruary	40.9	12.00	11.42	490.80	39.0	13.85	545.69	37.9	11.93	450.4
	40.9	12.00	11.42	490.80 502.38	39.4 39.5	13.85	545.69	37.9	11.87	452.1
larch	41.9	12.01	11.36	502.38	39.5	13.80	545.10 549.82	38.3	11.87	452.2
pril	42.0	-					I I			
1ay		12.01	11.39	504.42	40.0	13.76	550.40	38.6	11.98	462.4
une	42.2	12.03	11.39	507.67	40.1	13.72	550.17	38.5	11.94	459.6
uly <sup>e</sup>	41.5	12.05	11.42	500.08	40.3	13.82	556.95	38.4	11.99	460.4
\ugust <sup>₽</sup>	42.1	12.03	11.36	506.46	40.4	13.86	559.94	38.3	11.96	458.0

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

# B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insural nd real estat			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33. <del>9</del>	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
1985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
1988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
1989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
1990	28.8	6.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
1991	28.6	6.94	198.48	35.7	10.39	370.92	32.4	10.23	331.45
1992	28.8	7.12	205.06	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.54	342.55
1993	28.8	7.29	209.95	35.8	11.35	406.33	32.5	10.79	350.68
		.I	<u> </u>	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	1	L	L
1993:	. –	Ţ						<u> </u>	[
August	29.7	\$7.24	\$215.03	36.4	\$11.39	\$414.60	33.1	\$10.66	\$352.85
September	28.8	7.32	210.82	35.6	11.41	406.20	32.3	10.83	349.81
October	28.8	7.36	211.97	35.7	11.52	411.26	32.4	10.87	352.19
November	28.6	7.36	210.50	35.7	11.57	413.05	32.4	10.93	354.13
December	29.3	7.36	215.65	35.7	11.65	415.91	32.4	10.98	355.75
1994:									
January	28.2	7.45	210.09	36.4	11.79	429.16	32.5	11.06	359.45
February	28.1	7.45	209.35	35.8	11.77	421.37	32.2	11.05	355.81
March	28.5	7.45	212.33	35.6	11.75	418.30	32.3	11.02	355.95
April	28.7	7.47	214.39	35.7	11.81	421.62	32.4	11.01	356.72
May	28.9	7.47	215.88	36.1	11.84	427.42	32.7	11.03	360.68
June	29.3	7.45	218.29	35.5	11.67	414.29	32.5	10.92	354.90
July <sup>o</sup>	29.7	7.44	220.97	35.7	11.71	418.05	32.8	10.92	358.18
August <sup>e</sup>	29.8	7.42	221.12	35.6	11.74	417.94	32.8	10.92	358.18

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and

manufacturing; construction workers in ronstruction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

# B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry		1	1993						19	94	·····		, <u> </u>
	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug. <sup>p</sup>
Total	110,714	110,923	111,112	111,366	111,610	111,711	111,919	112,298	112,699	112,951	113,334	113,585	113,764
Total private	91,892	92,036	92,239	92,479	92,692	92,810	93,003	93,357	93,718	93,937	94,316	94,576	94,751
Goods-producing	23,207	23,206	23,245	23,281	23,298	23,328	23,327	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,576	23,595	23,620
Mining'	602	605	605	604	618	616	612	609	606	603	605	601	600
Metal mining	47	50	50	50	51	50	50	50	50	50	50	51	5:
Oil and gas extraction		357	356	355	351	349	346	344	342	338	339	335	334
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	100	100	101	101	101	102	101	100	100	101	101	101	101
Construction	4,659	4,667	4,700	4,733	4,738	4,744	4,745	4,806	4,893	4,907	4,927	4,949	4,943
General building contractors	1,106	1,107	1,120	1,133	1,138	1,139	1,134	1,152	1,163	1,161	1,165	1,164	1,166
Heavy construction, except building	711	711	709	712	710	713	709	710	725	723	725	734	72
Special trade contractors	2,842	2,849	2,871	2,888	2,890	2,892	2,902	2,944	3,005	3,023	3,037	3,051	3,052
Manufacturing	17,946	17,934	17,940	17,944	17, <del>9</del> 42	17,968	17,970	17,980	18,007	18,009	18,044	18,045	18,077
Durable goods		10,123	10,135	10,142	10,153	10,182	10,182	10,190	10,216		10,253		
Lumber and wood products		705	709	712	716	723	723	723	726	726	730	732	732
Furniture and fixtures		484	485	487	489	492	492	493	493	495	496	500	498
Stone, clay, and glass products	515	516	517	517	518	521	521	523	529	528	529	530	530
Primary metal industries	675	675	675	678	678	679	680	680	678	679	684	686	686
Blast furnaces and basic steel	236	237	007	000	007		000	005		000	224	234	232
products Fabricated metal products	1,327	1,328	237 1,332	238 1,335	237 1,338	238 1,345	236 1,345	235 1,348	231 1,353	230 1,357	234 1,365	1,369	1,378
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,912	1,913	1,914	1,916	1,918	1,922	1,925	1,927	1,938	1,940	1,947	1,941	1,950
Electronic and other electrical	1,012	1,010	1,014	1,010	1,010	1,522	1,020	1,02,	1,000	1,040	1,047	1,041	1,000
equipment	1,515	1,516	1,518	1,521	1,524	1,524	1,528	1,535	1,542	1,540	1,550	1,550	1,557
Transportation equipment		1,730	1,731	1,725	1,724	1,730	1,726	1,723	1,719	1,718	1,724	1,713	1,721
Motor vehicles and equipment	829	832	840	843	853	874	868	867	870	868	876	874	884
Aircraft and parts		528	522	515	507	502	496	491	486	484	480	475	473
Instruments and related products		882	880	877	873	871	868	864	861	858	853	850	848
Miscellaneous manufacturing	374	374	374	374	375	375	374	374	377	376	375	379	378
Nondurable goods		7,811	7,805	7,802	7,789	7,786	7,788	7,790	7,791	7,792	7,791	7,795	7,799
Food and kindred products	1,678	1,671	1,678	1,675	1,671	1,667	1,672	1,670	1,667	1,665	1,666	1,669	1,667
Tobacco products	42	42	42	42	42	41	40	41	41	40	39	38	40
Textile mill products		672 977	672 970	671 966	671 959	672	673	674	673	671	671	672	671 957
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products		687	970 686	900 685	959 685	956 686	954 685	956 684	955 684	958 684	957 683	954 684	
Printing and publishing	1,516	1,515	1,514	1,515	1,514	1,517	1,518	1,521	1,523	1,524	1,528	1,531	1,535
Chemicals and allied products	1,077	1,076	1,073	1,071	1,070	1,065	1,062	1,059	1,057	1,056	1.054	1,054	1.053
Petroleum and coal products	150	150	150	151	149	148	148	147	148	148	147	147	146
Rubber and misc. plastics products	905	905	903	909	911	917	920	922	927	931	932	933	934
Leather and leather products	117	116	117	117	117	117	116	116	116	115	114	113	112
Service-producing	87,507	87,717	87,867	88,085	88,312	88,383	88,592	88,903	89,193	89,432	89,758	89,990	90,144
Transportation and public utilities	5,786	5,783	5,798	5,800		5,793	5,803	5,816	5,759	5,843	5,849	5,854	5,858
Transportation Railroad transportation	3,589	3,590	3,606	3,613		3,611	3,622	3,638	3,582	3,664	3,677	3,688	3,692
Local and interurban passenger	246	249	246	247	248	247	248	248	246	243	246	247	246
transit	379	371	373	374	376	377	380	382	386	383	389	393	393
Trucking and warehousing		1,695	1,712	1,715	1,704	1,705	1,711	1,721	1,665	1,753	1,764	1,769	1,772
Water transportation	164	165	166	166	165	165	166	168	166	169	166	169	168
Transportation by air	733	736	734	735	741	739	739	739	738	733	729	725	725
Pipelines, except natural gas	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17
Transportation services	356	356	357	358	359	360	360	362	363	365	365	368	37
Communications and public utilities	2,197	2,193	2,192	2,187	2,181	2,182	2,181	2,178	2,177	2,179	2,172	2,166	
Communications	1,255	1,252	1,252	1,250	1,246	1,249	1,249	1,248	1,250	1,254	1,253	1,249	1,250
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	942	941	940	937	935	933	932	930	927	925	919	917	910

# B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(in thousands)

Industry				·									
	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	Juły⁵	Aug.⁰
Wholesale trade	5,954	5.962	5.965	5,971	5,976	5.990	6.003	6.013	6,028	6.037	6.049	6.053	6.07
Durable goods	3,406	3.411	3,410	3.413	3,419	3,424	3,430	3,434	3,445	3,449	3,457	3,460	3.467
Nondurable goods		2,551	2,555	2,558	2,557	2,566	2,573	2,579	2,583	2,588	2,592	2,593	
Retail trade	19,770	19,805	19,822	19,848	19,931	19,924	19,965	20,026	20,137	20,153	20,279	20,379	20,37
Building materials and garden supplies	786	790	794	798	803	808	812	818	829	833	838	842	84
General merchandise stores	2,452	2.455	2.454	2,451	2,446	2,421	2,433	2,432	2,442	2,438	2,443	2,456	2,46
Food stores	3,218	3,216	3,220	3,210	3,214	3,215	3,223	3,232	3,229	3,240	3,234	3,246	
Automotive dealers and service	-,	- ,	-,==-	-,_ · ·	-,_ · ·	-,	-,	-,	-,	- ,	- ,	- /-	
stations	2,029	2,039	2,048	2,060	2,074	2,084	2,101	2,117	2,132	2,139	2,143	2,143	2,15
Apparel and accessory stores	1,152	1,153	1,148	1,144	1,154	1,146	1,148	1,154	1,146	1,144	1,145	1,148	1,14
Furniture and home furnishings stores	832	839	844	849	852	855	862	866	876	879	885	897	90
Eating and drinking places	6,843	6,854	6,850	6,869	6,917	6,928	6,915	6,928	6,995	6,993	7,084	7,126	7,09
Miscellaneous retail establishments	2,458	2,459	2,464	2,467	2,471	2,467	2,471	2,479	2,488	2,487	2,507	2,521	2,51
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,724	6.735	6.748	6.763	6.769	6.771	6.776	6.781	6.791	6.787	6,798	6,798	6,80
Finance		3.230	3.240	3,245	3,250	3,252	3,254	3.256	3,259	3.257	3.263	3,261	3,26
Depository institutions	2,076	2,072	2,072	2,068	2,064	2,057	2,050	2,044	2,042	2,039	2,041	2,042	2,04
Nondepository institutions	452	457	463	467	472	477	483	486	487	486	484	480	47
Security and commodity brokers	472	475	479	483	486	489	492	496	499	501	505	506	
Holding and other investment offices .	225	226	226	227	228	229	229	230	231	231	233	233	23
Insurance	2,185	2,187	2,187	2,192	2,190	2,187	2,186	2,185	2,189	2,185	2,184	2,182	2.18
Insurance carriers	1,521	1,524	1,525	1,530	1,527	1,525	1,525	1,524	1,527	1,522	1,521	1,517	1,51
Insurance agents, brokers, and	,-	.,	,	.,		.,				.,			
service	664	663	662	662	663	662	661	661	662	663	663	665	66
Real estate	1,314	1,318	1,321	1,326	1,329	1,332	1,336	1,340	1,343	1,345	1,351	1,355	1,36
Services'	30,451	30,545	30,661	30,816	30,926	31,004	31,129	31,326	31,497	31,598	31,765	31,897	32,02
Agricultural services	516	522	526	533	538	539	530	528	537	548	551	554	55
Hotels and other lodging places	1,590	1,596	1,602	1,599	1,599	1,602	1,599	1,608	1,608	1,609	1,626	1,625	1,61
Personal services		1,131	1,134	1,137	1,140	1,149	1,143	1,138	1,137	1,129	1,133	1,135	1,13
Business services	5,838	5,877	5,950	6,016	• 6,062	6,092	6,161	6,244	6,318	6,341	6,416	6,486	6,53
Personnel supply services	1,961	1,984	2,033	2,066	2,103	2,130	2,173	2,230	2,282	2,286	2,334	2,376	
Auto repair, services, and parking	955	962	965	975	986	992	1,002	1,017	1,026	1,029	1,041	1,046	
Miscellaneous repair services		364	366	368	370	373	375	375	377	379	380	381	38
Motion pictures	416	421	423	425	432	435	443	450	465	472	474	482	
Amusement and recreation services		1,255	1,249	1,250	1,254	1,251	1,252	1,271	1,275	1,282	1,287	1,276	1,26
Health services	8,802	8,830	8,852	8,873	8,890	8,909	8,922	8,959	8,985	8,998	9,025	9,041	9,07
Hospitals	3,790	3,791	3,790	3,789	3,787	3,788	3,787	3,791	3,794	3,794	3,787	3,786	
Legal services		934	934	935	934	937	939	940	941	942	938	941	94
Educational services	1,693	1,697	1,696	1,707	1,708	1,710	1,720	1,730	1,733	1,744	1,741	1,744	1,73
Social services	2,124	2,117	2,121	2,139	2,154	2,162	2,175	2,190	2,205	2,224	2,242	2,258	2,28
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	76	77	77	77	77	77	78	78	79	79	79	80	80
Membership organizations	2,036	2.035	2,036	2,040	2,040	2,042	2,041	2,044	2,047	2.051	2,055	2,054	2,05
Engineering and management services	2,543	2,553	2,556	2,567	2,567	2,560	2,575	2,580	2,590	2,597	2,603	2,619	2,628
Government	18.822	18.887	18,873	18,887	18,918	18,901	18,916	18,941	18,981	19,014	19,018	19,009	19,01
Federal	2,906	2,902	2,901	2,900		2,893	2,892	2,884	2,882	2,870	2,859	2,860	
State		4,518	4,504	4,505	4,511	4,492	4,511	4,520	4,534	4,533	4,539	4,549	
Education		1,856	1,840	1,841	1,841	1,824	1,838	1,846	1,850	1,849	1,850	1,866	
Other State government		2,662	2,664	2,664	2,670	2,668	2,673	2,674	2,684	2,684	2,689	2,683	
Local		11,467	11,468	11,482	11,492	11,516	11,513	11,537	11,565	11,611	11,620	11,600	
Education		6,383	6,378	6,382	6,390	6,404	6,392	6,410	6,436	6,445	6,461	6,477	6,48
Other local government		5,084	5,090	5,100	5,102	5,112	5,121	5,127	5,129	5,166	5,159	5,123	

<sup>1</sup> Includes other industries, not shown separately.

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from

March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

# B-4. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

June         Juty         Aug.         Sept.         Oct.         Nov.         Dec.         Jan.         Feb.         Mar.         Apr.         May         June           Total         53,402         53,522         53,675         53,645         53,646         53,946         53,946         54,997         54,246         54,477         54,653         54,047         54,653         54,047         54,653         54,047         54,653         54,047         54,653         54,047         54,653         54,047         54,056         64,82         6,490         6,475         6,482         6,490         6,515         6,515         6,515         6,515         6,515         520         521         523         524         525         526         526         526         526         5,807	Inductor				1993						19	94		-
Total private       43,224       43,318       43,424       43,525       43,616       43,713       43,720       43,828       43,859       44,160       44,420       44,420         Goods-producing       6,516       6,526       5,28       522       526       526       528       5,816       5,801       5,809       5,801       5,806       5,801       5,806       5,801       5	Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
Goods-producing         6,510         6,610         6,485         6,485         6,482         6,480         6,475         6,482         6,490         6,506         6,515         6,515           Mining         88         58         524         526         528         528         529         529         529         529         529         529         529         529         529         529         529         530         510         151         151         151         151         151         151	Total	53,402	53,522	53,572	53,665	53,747	53,843	53,969	53,981	54,097	54,246	54,477	54,653	54,808
Mining         B8         B8 <th< td=""><td>Total private</td><td>43,224</td><td>43,318</td><td>43,363</td><td>43,442</td><td>43,525</td><td>43,616</td><td>43,713</td><td>43,730</td><td>43,828</td><td>43,959</td><td>44,160</td><td>44,280</td><td>44,464</td></th<>	Total private	43,224	43,318	43,363	43,442	43,525	43,616	43,713	43,730	43,828	43,959	44,160	44,280	44,464
Construction       518       519       520       523       524       525       526       528       532       539       549         Manufacturing       5,912       5,903       5,868       5,876       5,876       5,866       5,866       5,866       5,866       5,866       5,868       5,871       5,888       5,870       5,866       5,866       5,866       5,862       5,868       5,871       5,886       5,871       5,866       5,866       5,862       5,868       5,871       5,886       5,871       5,886       5,871       5,886       5,871       5,866       5,866       5,862       5,866       5,862       5,866       5,866       5,866       5,861 <td>Goods-producing</td> <td>6,518</td> <td>6,510</td> <td>6,496</td> <td>6,485</td> <td>6,485</td> <td>6,482</td> <td>6,480</td> <td>6,475</td> <td>6,482</td> <td>6,490</td> <td>6,506</td> <td>6,515</td> <td>6,530</td>	Goods-producing	6,518	6,510	6,496	6,485	6,485	6,482	6,480	6,475	6,482	6,490	6,506	6,515	6,530
Manufacturing         5,912         5,903         5,886         5,876         5,876         5,876         5,866         5,862         5,868         5,871         5,881         5,870         5,868         5,871         5,881         5,870         5,868         5,871         5,881         5,870         5,868         5,871         5,881         5,870         5,871         5,881         5,871         5,881         5,870         5,712           Lumber and wood products         113         114         113         113         114         114         113         113         114         113         114         113         114         11	Mining	88	88	88	88	88	88	89	87	86	87	86	86	86
Durable goods         2.697         2.687         2.680         2.681         2.681         2.681         2.681         2.681         2.682         2.682         2.681         2.681         2.681         2.681         2.682         2.682         2.681         2.691         2.700         2.705         150         150         150         150         150         150         150         150         150         150         153         153         153         2.66         2.661         2.661         2.661         2.661         2.661	Construction	518	519	520	521	523	524	525	526	528	532	539	539	543
Lumber and wood products       113       113       114       114       114       116       117       118       117       119       110       103       113       114       113       113       113       113       113       113       113       113       113       113       113 <td< td=""><td>Manufacturing</td><td>5,912</td><td>5,903</td><td>5,888</td><td>5,876</td><td>5,874</td><td>5,870</td><td>5,866</td><td>5,862</td><td>5,868</td><td>5,871</td><td>5,881</td><td>5,890</td><td>5,901</td></td<>	Manufacturing	5,912	5,903	5,888	5,876	5,874	5,870	5,866	5,862	5,868	5,871	5,881	5,890	5,901
Furniture and fixtures       147       147       147       147       147       147       147       148       149       149       140       150       1	Durable goods	2,697	2,688	2,682	2,680	2,681	2,681	2,683	2,685	2,688	2,691	2,700	2,705	2,713
Store, clay, and glass products       103       104       103       113       141       141       141       141       141       141       141       141       141       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131       131	Lumber and wood products	113	113	114	114	115	116	117	117	118	117	119	119	120
Primary metal industries         91         91         91         91         92         92         92         93         93         94         93         95         95           Fabricated metal products         293         292         292         292         292         294         296         296         297         298         299         293         104         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         413         414         416         446         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         644         643         642         644         644         644         643         642         644         644         643         642         644         643         642         644         643         642         644         643         642         644         643         642         644         643         642         644         643         642         644	Furniture and fixtures	147	147	147	147	147	148	149	149	150	150	150	151	152
Fabricated metal products         293         292         292         292         293         294         296         296         297         298         299         333           Industrial machinery and equipment         417         415         413         414         416         446         645         649         649         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         642         643         643         643         643         643         643 <t< td=""><td>Stone, clay, and glass products</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>102</td><td>102</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>103</td><td>104</td><td>103</td><td>102</td></t<>	Stone, clay, and glass products	103	103	103	103	103	102	102	103	103	103	104	103	102
Industrial machinery and equipment       417       415       413       413       413       413       414       416       418       420       42         Electronic and other electrical equipment       641       640       632       640       644	Primary metal industries	91	91	91	91	92	92	92	93	93	94	93	95	95
Electronic and other electrical equipment         641         640         643         643         642         643         644         645         649         649         643           Transportation equipment         354         352         351         349         348         347         348         348         349         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         348         349         349         348         349         349         348         349         349         348         349         349         348         349         349         348         349	Fabricated metal products	293	292	292	292	293	294	294	296	296	297	298	299	301
Transportation equipment       364       352       351       349       348       347       348       348       349       349       349       348       348       348       348       349       349       348       348       348       347       348       348       349       349       349       348       352       352       352       352       352       352       352       352       355       354       354       353       352       352       352       352       352       352       355       354       354       354       354       355       354       354       354       354       352       352       352       352       352       355       354       354       354       354       354       354       354       354       354       355       354       355       354       355       354       355       355       354       355       354       355       354       355       354       351       345       351       345       351       354       351       354       351       354       351       354       351       354       351       351       351       351       351 <td< td=""><td>Industrial machinery and equipment</td><td>417</td><td>415</td><td>413</td><td>414</td><td>413</td><td>413</td><td>413</td><td>413</td><td>414</td><td>416</td><td>418</td><td>420</td><td>424</td></td<>	Industrial machinery and equipment	417	415	413	414	413	413	413	413	414	416	418	420	424
Instruments and related products       366       364       362       360       359       358       356       355       354       353       352       352       352         Miscellaneous manufacturing       172       171       170       170       170       169       169       167       167       167       167       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       169       169       169       169       167       167       169       169       169       169       169       169       167       167       169 </td <td>Electronic and other electrical equipment</td> <td>641</td> <td>640</td> <td>639</td> <td>640</td> <td>641</td> <td>642</td> <td>643</td> <td>642</td> <td>644</td> <td>645</td> <td>649</td> <td>649</td> <td>652</td>	Electronic and other electrical equipment	641	640	639	640	641	642	643	642	644	645	649	649	652
Miscellaneous manufacturing       172       171       170       170       170       170       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       167       169       169       167       163       13 </td <td>Transportation equipment</td> <td>354</td> <td>352</td> <td>351</td> <td>349</td> <td>348</td> <td>347</td> <td>348</td> <td>348</td> <td>349</td> <td>349</td> <td>348</td> <td>348</td> <td>349</td>	Transportation equipment	354	352	351	349	348	347	348	348	349	349	348	348	349
Nondurable goods       3,215       3,215       3,206       3,196       3,193       3,189       3,183       3,177       3,180       3,181 <td>Instruments and related products</td> <td>366</td> <td>364</td> <td>362</td> <td>360</td> <td>359</td> <td>358</td> <td>356</td> <td>355</td> <td>354</td> <td>353</td> <td>352</td> <td>352</td> <td>350</td>	Instruments and related products	366	364	362	360	359	358	356	355	354	353	352	352	350
Food and kindred products       540       540       542       536       542       540       538       541       543       541 <t< td=""><td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td><td>172</td><td>171</td><td>170</td><td>170</td><td>170</td><td>169</td><td>169</td><td>169</td><td>167</td><td>167</td><td>169</td><td>169</td><td>168</td></t<>	Miscellaneous manufacturing	172	171	170	170	170	169	169	169	167	167	169	169	168
Tobacco products       15       14       14       14       14       14       14       14       137       137       137		3,215	3,215	3,206	3,196	3,193	3,189	3,183	3,177	3,180	3,180	3,181	3,185	3,188
Textile mill products       322       322       322       320       320       318       318       319       319       319       318       317       317         Apparel and other textile products       766       763       757       754       747       743       733       733       732       732       733       733       732       732       733       733       733       733       733       733       732       733		540	540	542	536	542	542	540	538	541	543	541	541	542
Apparel and other textile products       766       763       757       754       747       743       737       733       732       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       732       733       732       733       732       733       732       732       733       732       733       732       733       732       732       733       732				13		14		14			13	13		12
Paper and allied products       168       168       168       167       166       167       167       166       165       165       165       164       166         Printing and publishing       670       671       673       672       672       673       673       674       676       677       678       668         Chemicals and allied products       338       339       337       337       336       337       335       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       334       332       332       334       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       332       334						320	318	318						317
Printing and publishing       670       671       673       672       672       672       673       673       674       676       677       678       686         Chemicals and allied products       338       339       337       337       336       337       335       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       331       334       332       332       332		766	763	757	754	747	743	737	733					732
Chemicals and allied products       338       339       337       337       337       336       337       335       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332       332       334       332			168	168		166	167				165			165
Petroleum and coal products       24							672							682
Bubber and misc. plastics products       307       309       307       307       306       308       308       310       312       312       312       315       316       316       316       312         Leather and leather products       65       65       65       65       65       65       65       65       65       65       65       66       67       61       67       64														333
Leather and leather products       65       65       65       65       65       65       665       665       665       665       665       664       64       64       64       64       64         Service-producing       46,884       47,012       47,076       47,180       47,262       47,361       47,489       47,506       47,615       47,756       47,971       48,138       48,27         Transportation and public utilities       1,697       1,698       1,697       1,696       1,701       1,705       1,701       1,698       1,700       1,698       1,709       1,698       1,809       1,809       1,809       1,809       1,809       1,809       1,806       1,805       1,805       1,805       1,805       1,805       1,805       1,806       1,8773       18,843       18,910       18,933       18,997       19,088       19,215       19,280														24
Service-producing       46,884       47,012       47,076       47,180       47,262       47,361       47,489       47,506       47,615       47,756       47,971       48,138       48,27         Transportation and public utilities       1,697       1,698       1,697       1,696       1,701       1,705       1,701       1,697       1,698       1,709       1,709       1,709       1,709       1,709       1,698       1,709       1,709       1,709       1,698       1,709       1,709       1,698       1,709       1,699       1,709       1,709       1,709       1,698       1,709			309	307	307	306	308	308	310		312	315	316	317
Transportation and public utilities       1,697       1,698       1,697       1,696       1,701       1,705       1,701       1,697       1,698       1,709	Leather and leather products	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	64	64	64	64
Wholesale trade       1,815       1,817       1,817       1,818       1,822       1,824       1,825       1,831       1,834       1,839       1,846       1,850       1,850         Retail trade       10,425       10,443       10,453       10,473       10,476       10,484       10,512       10,513       10,533       10,554       10,601       10,635       10,665         Finance, insurance, and real estate       4,246       4,255       4,259       4,264       4,268       4,278       4,285       4,281       4,284       4,288       4,293       4,291       4,265         Services       18,523       18,595       18,646       18,706       18,773       18,843       18,910       18,933       18,997       19,088       19,215       19,280       19,383         Government       10,178       10,204       10,209       10,223       10,222       10,227       10,256       10,251       10,269       10,317       10,317       10,373       10,373       10,373       10,345       1,404       1,410       1,205       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,198       1,119       1,119       1,119       1,119       1,119       1,119	Service-producing	46,884	47,012	47,076	47,180	47,262	47,361	47,489	47,506	47,615	47,756	47,971	48,138	48,278
Retail trade       10,425       10,443       10,453       10,473       10,476       10,484       10,512       10,513       10,533       10,554       10,601       10,635       10,635       10,645         Finance, insurance, and real estate       4,246       4,255       4,259       4,264       4,268       4,278       4,285       4,281       4,284       4,288       4,293       4,291       4,255         Services       18,523       18,595       18,646       18,706       18,773       18,843       18,910       18,933       18,997       19,088       19,215       19,280       19,385         Government       10,178       10,204       10,209       10,223       10,222       10,225       10,256       10,251       10,269       10,287       10,317       10,373       10,373       10,343         Federal       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,198       1,118         State       2,235       2,246       2,248       2,257       2,255       2,255       2,259       2,267       2,277       2,277       2,277	Transportation and public utilities	1,697	1,698	1,697	1,696	1,701	1,705	1,701	1,697	1,698	1,700	1,699	1,709	1,708
Finance, insurance, and real estate       4,246       4,255       4,259       4,264       4,264       4,278       4,285       4,281       4,284       4,288       4,293       4,291       4,291         Services       18,523       18,595       18,646       18,706       18,773       18,843       18,910       18,933       18,997       19,088       19,215       19,280       19,38         Government       10,178       10,204       10,209       10,223       10,222       10,227       10,256       10,269       10,287       10,317       10,317       10,373       10,373         Federal       1,208       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,203       1,2	Wholesale trade	1,815	1,817	1,812	1,818	1,822	1,824	1,825	1,831	1,834	1,839	1,846	1,850	1,852
Services       18,523       18,595       18,646       18,706       18,773       18,843       18,910       18,933       18,997       19,088       19,215       19,280       19,380         Government       10,178       10,204       10,209       10,223       10,222       10,225       10,256       10,251       10,269       10,287       10,317       10,317       10,373       10,373         Federal       1,208       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,205       1,204       1,210       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,203       1,198       1,198       1,198         State       2,235       2,246       2,248       2,257       2,255       2,259       2,246       2,259       2,267       2,277       2,277       2,277	Retail trade	10,425	10,443	10,453	10,473	10,476	10,484	10,512	10,513	10,533	10,554	10,601	10,635	10,691
Government         10,178         10,204         10,209         10,223         10,222         10,227         10,256         10,251         10,269         10,287         10,317         10,373         10,	Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,246	4,255	4,259	4,264	4,268	4,278	4,285	4,281	4,284	4,288	4,293	4,291	4,299
Federal         1,208         1,205         1,207         1,206         1,205         1,201         1,203         1,205         1,203         <	Services	18,523	18,595	18,646	18,706	18,773	18,843	18,910	18,933	18,997	19,088	19,215	19,280	19,384
Federal         1,208         1,205         1,207         1,206         1,205         1,201         1,203         1,205         1,203         <	Government	10,178	10,204	10,209	10,223	10,222	10,227	10,256	10,251	10,269	10,287	10,317	10.373	10,344
State														
														2,258
	Local	6.735	6.753	6.754	6,760	6.762	6.768	6,787	6.802	6.805	6.817	6.841	6,898	

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced,

all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry.			1993						19	94			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	Julyº	Aug.°
Total private	74,801	74,941	75,119	75,323	75,496	75,588	75,783	76,129	76,487	76,690	77,028	77,199	77,350
Goods-producing	16,258	16,275	16,311	16,356	16,385	16,408	16,430	16,507	16,615	16,615	16,674	16,688	16,711
Mining	428	430	429	426	438	433	432	430	428	427	431	430	428
Construction	3,583	3,590	3,621	3,645	3,655	3,655	3,657	3,719	3,796	3,796	3,814	3,832	3,819
Manufacturing	12,247	12,255	12,261	12,285	12,292	12,320	12,341	12,358	12,391	12,392	12,429	12,426	12,464
Durable goods	6,776	6,792	6,806	6,822	6,843	6,869	6,881	6,892	6,924	6,930	6,966 603	6,966 604	6,997 604
Lumber and wood products	577	580	584	588	591	597	597	597	600	601			
Furniture and fixtures	382	384	384	386	388	389	389	391	390	392	393 409	394 410	395 409
Stone, clay, and glass products	397	398	399	399	400	402	402	404	409 520	408 521	409 526	528	409 528
Primary metal industries	514	515	516	518	518	519	521	521		175	520 177	526 178	176
Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products	181 980	181	181 984	181 989	181	181	180	179	175		1,020	1,022	1.030
		982			993	998	1,000	1,004	1,009	1,012	1,020		1,030
Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,158 965	1,162 969	1,165 972	1,169 974	1,174 979	1,179 976	1,185 980	1,187 982	1,197 991	1,200 990	998	1,208 995	1,003
Transportation equipment	1,103	1,103	1,104	1,104	1,106	1,117	1,116	1,115	1,117	1,118	1,124	1,117	1,003
Motor vehicles and equipment	635	637	642	645	653	670	669	667	672	669	677	675	684
Instruments and related products	433	431	430	428	426	425	425	424	423	421	418	417	415
Miscellaneous manufacturing	267	268	268	267	268	267	266	267	268	267	268	271	270
Nondurable goods	5,471	5,463	5,455	5,463	5,449	5,451	5,460	5,466	5,467	5,462	5,463	5,460	5,467
Food and kindred products		1,223	1,227	1,227	1,224	1,221	1,226	1,229	1,224	1,222	1,219	1,222	1,222
Tobacco products		31	31	32	31	31	30	31	31	31	30	29	31
Textile mill products		572	571	571	570	572	573	574	572	571	571	570	570
Apparel and other textile products		818	813	810	803	800	799	801	801	801	800	797	800
Paper and allied products		518	517	517	517	518	518	517	518	518	518	518	518
Printing and publishing		837	835	835	833	835	836	837	838	835	839	840	843
Chemicals and allied products	571	573	574	577	577	575	575	573	574	573	574	573	572
Petroleum and coal products		98	97	98	96	96	95	95	96	96	96	96	95
Rubber and misc. plastics products		700	697	703	705	710	715	717	720	724	725	726	
Leather and leather products	94	93	93	93	93	93	93	92	93	91	91	89	90
Service-producing	58,543	58,666	58,808	58,967	59,111	59,180	59,353	59,622	59,872	60,075	60,354	60,511	60,639
Transportation and public utilities	4,841	4,837	4,857	4,856	4,841	4,845	4,855	4,870	4,816	4,897	4,899	4,896	4,898
Wholesale trade	4,801	4,809	4,813	4,817	4,824	4,832	4,842	4,853	4,864	4,867	4,883	4,881	4,899
Retail trade	17,418	17,442	17,450	17,460	17,512	17,527	17,565	17,632	17,714	17,737	17,836	17,924	17,912
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,886	4,899	4,910	4,927	4,932	4,932	4,936	4,943	4,949	4,945	4,955	4,951	4,959
Services	26,597	26,679	26,778	26,907	27,002	27,044	27,155	27,324	27,529	27,629	27,781	27,859	27,971

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing;

construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA DIFFUSION INDEXES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-6. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private n	onfarm pay	rolis, 356 in	dustries <sup>1</sup>				
Over 1-month span:												
1990	58.8	57.3	50.8	47.9	49.7	51.8	43.8	46.2	42.7	41.6	41.3	41.3
1991		39.6	38.5	38.2	48.5	45.4	48.3	52.0	48.9	46.8	46.5	46.1
1992		46.1						46.5	53.4	56.9	52.5	57.3
			48.3	57.7	53.1	50.4	52.8					
1993		61.7	49.0	56.0	57.0	51.1	58.8	50.0	56.7	57.4	61.0	57.4
1994	56.6	58.3	62.9	62.5	56.3	63.2	P 58.8	₽ 57.0				
ver 3-month span:												
1990	59.0	59.1	52.5	48.9	49.0	47.3	45.9	40.6	38.3	36.2	35.7	35.4
1991		32.0	31.6	38.2	39.3	44.2	49.4	50.7	50.8	44.9	43.7	40.9
1992		42.3		56.2			50.4	49.9	51.7	56.2	58.6	59.8
			51.0		57.6	54.1						
1993		61.4	59.7	55.8	54.9	57.7	54.6	55.9	55.8	62.4	61.5	60.8
1994	62.1	64.5	65.2	65.0	65.4	۹ 64.3	<sup>р</sup> 64.9					
ver 6-month span:												
1990	57.2	54.9	55.8	50.4	46.8	44.0	41.3	38.9	35.8	33.6	32.0	30.2
1991		32.4	31.2	33.7	39.2	44.7	46.5	45.6	47.8	44.5	41.4	39.9
1992		46.3	47.2	52.0		56.6	52.8		55.8	56.3	64.2	62.2
					54.2			53.1				
1993		60.8	59.0	59.8	54.4	54.5	57.9	58.8	59.7	60.8	62.8	63.6
1994	67.0	65.9	68.8	₽ 65.2	<sup>p</sup> 66.4			1	(			
ver 12-month span:				i							:	
1990	55.5	52.7	51.7	48.5	45.4	42.6	39.3	36.1	35.8	33.0	33.0	30.6
1991		31.0	31.7	31.9	31.7	33.8	35.8	37.5	40.0	45.2	45.6	45.4
1992		42.3	42.7	44.1	48.0	52.5	55.8	60.7	59.7	60.4	60.1	60.7
1993		61.1	60.7	62.2	63.2	62.1	62.4	60.8	63.5	62.8	63.1	63.5
1994	<sup>p</sup> 64.7	₽ 65.9										
			····		Мапиfa	cturing payr	olls, 139 inc	Justries <sup>1</sup>				
Over 1-month span:	{	1										
1990		47.5	43.9	46.8	40.3	46.8	38.8	42.4	35.6	38.5	29.1	34.2
1991		35.6	31.3	37.4	45.7	43.5	46.4	49.3	42.8	47.8	41.4	39.6
1992		40.6	45.0	57.9	47.8	50.0	53.2	41.7	49.3	47.8	52.5	51.8
1993		57.6	47.8	41.7	46.0	40.3	49.3	42.8	46.8	50.0	55.4	51.1
1994	54.3	53.6	51.1	56.1	50.0	58.6	₽ 52.5	₽ 55.0				
ver 3-month span:												
1990	44.6	45.3	45.0	38.8	41.7	38.8	38.1	28.8	30.9	23.0	23.0	21.6
1991		21.9	20.5	32.7	36.3	39.6	47.1	46.0	48.2	39.9	36.7	33.5
								40.0	40.2	50.0	51.1	55.0
1992		36.3	45.3	50.7	55.4	53.6	47.1					
1993		58.3	51.4	40.6	37.1	43.5	40.3	41.0	43.2	52.9	54.7	56.1
1994	56.1	57.6	56.5	53.2	57.2	₽ 55.4	₽ <b>59.7</b>	}				
ver 6-month span:												
1990	43.5	39.9	42.8	41.0	36.3	34.2	29.1	25.2	22.3	21.2	18.0	16.9
		20.9				39.2	42.1	40.3	40.3	37.1	32.4	32.7
1991			21.2	26.3	34.9							
1992		37.1	41.0	48.6	52.2	54.7	46.4	49.3	50.4	48.9	57.9	56.8
1993	54.0	51.8	48.6	47.1	37.1	34.2	39.6	45.7	47.8	50.4	54.3	55.8
1994		56.1	59.4	₽ 52.9	₽ 57.2							
	(						ļ					
over 12-month span:					00.4	26.3	23.7	20.5	19.4	16.5	16.2	15.8
	37.8	35.3	33.5	33.1								
1990		35.3	33.5	33.1	28.1							
1990 1991	16.5	16.2	17.3	18.0	20.9	24.1	26.3	30.6	32.7	38.1	38.8	37.4
1991 1992	) 16.5 42.4	16.2 36.7	17.3 36.3	18.0 36.0	20.9 39.6	24.1 45.7	26.3 50.0	30.6 55.8	32.7 57.9	38.1 55.4	38.8 52.9	37.4 52.9
1990 1991	16.5   42.4   50.0	16.2	17.3	18.0	20.9	24.1	26.3	30.6	32.7	38.1	38.8	15.0 37.4 52.9 51.4

<sup>1</sup> Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span. P = preliminary.

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1993) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1990) are subject to revision.

 $^{\rm p}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

## B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

State	July	Aug.	<b>A</b> . 1		·								
		- 3	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
							Total						
	1,711.8	1,715.7	1,718.0	1,722.3	1,721.6	1,722.2	1,722.7	1,726.4	1,730.2	1,734.7	1,732.5	1,742.0	1,727
laska	253.3	253.7	254.1	254.3	254.1	255.4	255.0	258.2	258.3	256.7	256.0	257.3	257
rizona	1,580.0	1,582.7	1,589.0	1,587.5	1,591.6	1,593.7	1,597.7	1,604.6	1,615.6	1,623.9	1,626.8	1,638.4	1,64
rkansas	993.4	995.0	993.8	995.9	997.7	996.1	1,000.3	1.003.0	1.005.8	1,006.4	1,012.2	1,016.1	1,02
alifornia	12,012.0	11,990.4	11,969.8	11,953.1	11,943.7	11,940.3	11,947.6	11,957.5	11,955.2	11,955.2	11,953.2	11,946.4	11,96
olorado	1,676.5	1,678.2	1,678.0	1,680.9	1,683.6	1,690.5	1,692.5	1,700.2	1,701.6	1,706.3	1,707.1	1,712.8	1,72
onnecticut	1,528.6	1,525.4	1,528.7	1,528.5	1,525.1	1,522.6	1,532.2	1,530.4	1,525.8	1,530.2	1,533.6	1,530.7	1,53
elaware	349.1	348.8	350.6	349.6	350.3	350.8	350.0	349.6	350.6	354.5	356.9	358.9	35
District of Columbia	671.0	667.4	667.4	670.0	668.1	667.0	665.8	665.0	664.2	663.5	663.4	661.3	66
lorida	5.582.2	5,597.7	5,612.1	5,628.6	5,644.9	5,668.3	5,657.8	5,685.3	5,701.5	5,730.5	5,738.9	5,760.3	5,77
ieorgia	3,117.2	3,126.5	3,138.8	3,155.5	3,163.3	3,170.9	3,176.8	3,201.2	3,214.0	3,224.1	3,233.4	3,248.5	3,24
lawaii	541.2	539.1	538.3	539.6	537.3	536.5	534.0	533,4	533.0	533.3	530.0	532.1	53
Jaho	438.4	439.5	440.9	445.1	447.5	448,4	451.2	453.1	456.6	458.9	460.3	461.4	464
linois	5.325.7	5,329.7	5.335.7	5.354.2	5.359.3	5.374.0	5,352.0	5.372.9	5.375.2	5,376.8	5,397.8	5,408.4	5,40
ndiana	2,581.6	2,584.0	2,589.4	2.599.1	2.609.0	2,612.2	2,613.5	2.616.0	2,634.2	2.635.9	2.634.5	2,633.0	2.63
owa	1,277.1	1,282.0	1,285.2	1,287.1	1,291.5	1,293.4	1,293.1	1,293.8	1,297.7	1,303.3	1,307.8	1,315.3	1,31
ansas	1,140.8	1,135.5	1,145.0	1,146.6	1,146.2	1,149.7	1,150.5	1,150.6	1,153.1	1,147,1	1,156.0	1,165.9	1,15
entucky	1,535.6	1,535.9	1,538.5	1,540.0	1,542.3	1,539.6	1,529.2	1,539.2	1,547.2	1,550.5	1.552.8	1,559.9	1,56
ouisiana	1,643.2	1,645.3	1,644.2	1,644.4	1,645.8	1,647.9	1,642.1	1,651.9	1,663.5	1,673.8	1,680.1	1,684.0	1.68
Aaine	519.1	520.3	519.8	521.9	522.2	521.6	517.7	520.9	520.8	524.0	527.7	527.2	52
laryland	2,101.4	2,102.5	2,108.5	2,109.1	2,108.6	2,111.0	2,111.4	2,102.8	2,106.3	2,115.6	2,116.6	2,115.9	2,112
lassachusetts	2.857.2	2.860.3	2,866.2	2,869.8	2,870.2	2.868.4	2,891.7	2,892.4	2,897.7	2,917.2	2,922.2	2,927.0	2.93
fichigan	3,983,4	3,977.5	3,991.7	3.991.1	4.007.6	4.014.7	4.028.4	4.044.0	4,067.2	4.076.6	4.084.1	4.101.7	4,10
linnesota	2,240.1	2,239.9	2,243.5	2,256.0	2,266.3	2,272.7	2.283.3	2,288.7	2,293.0	2.298.8	2.296.3	2.301.5	2,30
lississippi	1.001.1	1,009.2	1,005.0	1,008.7	1,010.1	1,009.9	1,013.6	1,016.4	1,023.0	1,025.0	1.030.4	1.035.9	1.03
lissouri		2,408.2	2,416.3	2,419.3	2.422.4	2,430.9	2.421.8	2,430.9	2,436.8	2,456.3	2,463.8	2.471.8	2,46
Iontana		330.1	329.6	330.2	329.7	331.0	331.2	332.0	332.3	331.4	333.5	334.2	33
lebraska		768.3	768.1	768.4	767.7	768.9	770.2	766.9	767.0	769.2	772.4	774.0	78
levada		674.9	679.1	683.7	688.6	696.5	697.9	702.9	706.1	709.5	711.1	709.8	71
lew Hampshire		503.1	501.4	504.4	504.0	504.6	508.8	512.5	514.3	514.0	512.2	513.3	518
	3,492.8	3,496.7		3,510.0				3,510.6	3,519.0	3,539.5	3,546.7	3,552.3	3,56
lew Jersey		3,490.7	3,502.1		3,512.1	3,516.9	3,521.3		3,519.0	3,539.5			
lew Mexico lew York		626.9 7,743.5	628.6 7,737.9	630.3 7,748.4	630.8 7,759.7	631.4 7,764.7	638.8 7,775.7	639.8 7,779.1	641.8 7,793.5	649.7 7,796.4	651.6 7,812.4	656.1 7,812.7	65 7.84
Iorth Carolina		3.270.8	3,270.7	3.279.0	3.287.0	3,294.4	3,293.5	3,295.9	3,317.3	3,319.3	3,328.6	3.335.7	3,33
lorth Dakota		286.0	287.2	286.9	287.1	3,294.4	287.4	288.8	291.1	291.2	291.2	290.9	29
Dhio		4,907.9	4,912.1	4,920.6	4,917.5	4,923.9	4,929.7	4,940.7	4,942.1	4,940.5	4,950.5	4,953.5	4,95
Oklahoma		1,246.8		1,240.6	1,241.6	1,241.3	4,929.7	1.247.6	1,247.9	1,256.1	1,259.4	1,264.6	1,26
Dregon		1.313.5	1,241.6 1.319.9	1,240.6	1.327.7	1.329.3	1.331.2	1.332.4	1,247.9	1,338.6	1,239.4	1.347.7	1.35
Pennsylvania	5,112.5	5,108.3	5,115.0	5,119.9	5,126.6	5,138.4	5,109.8	5,114.6	5,134.5	5,149.2	5,171.3	5.183.8	5.17
Rhode Island	431.5	431.8	431.8	431.6	431.6	432.0	430.7	430.6	430.5	432.3	434.4	438.4	43
South Carolina		1,579.2	1,578.8	1,579.3	1,581.6	1,583.8	1,589.8	1,593.1	1,591.7	1,591.8	1,593.7	1,595.6	1,59
South Dakota	314.1	316.4	316.8	318.0	318.5	318.6	323.2	324.4	325.5	326.4	327.4	330.1	33
ennessee		2.336.8	2.342.1	2.353.4	2.358.0	2.365.5	2.362.1	2.370.6	2.372.1	2,377.3	2,387.6	2,393.0	2.39
Texas		7.532.8	7,550.3	7,561.9	7.578.1	7,594.4	7,569.3	7.601.9	7.622.9	7,660.2	7,675.6	7,705.5	7,73
Jtah	806.4	809.6	813.3	818.6	825.0	831.7	839.9	842.9	847.1	848.7	850.5	854.5	85
/ermont	1	256.0	256.8	257.9	257.8	256.8	256.4	258.4	258.9	260.4	258.8	259.1	25
/irginia		2.932.0	2,938.4	2,945.1	2,952.9	2,960.2	2,959.4	2,968.1	2,988.2	2,995.7	3.001.8	3,004.3	3.01
Vashington		2,932.0	2,936.4	2,945.1	2,952.9	2,960.2	2,959.4	2,900.1	2,900.2	2,995.7	2,281.1	2,293.2	2.29
	644.3	2,254.2	2,200.5	2,264.2	2,208.2	2,269.1 666.9	663.2	665.1	665.6	667.7	677.4	671.0	67
Vest Virginia					2,429.4		2,429.3	2,431.0	2,441.8	2.443.6	2,445.8	2.459.1	2.45
Visconsin Vyoming	2,410.7	2,413.6 208.4	2,416.8 210.9	2,423.4 211.1	2,429.4	2,431.4 212.3	2,429.3	2,431.0	2,441.8	2,443.0	2,445.6	2,459.1	2,45

# B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(In thousands)

State			199	3						1994			
State	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
			<b>1</b>	· · · · · · ·		c	Construction	<u>ון אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין א</u> ון אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אי					
labama	79.6	79.0	78.7	79.3	78.4	78.6	78.9	78.2	78.4	79.4	79.9	80.5	7
Naska	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.8	11.7	11.9	12.4	13.1	13.0	12.9	13.0	12.5	1:
Arizona	89.5	90.3	91.2	92.7	94.0	95.4	98.1	101.0	101.9	103.2	102.8	103.5	10
Arkansas	37.5	37.3	37.0	37.3	37.2	37.1	37.8	38.5	39.4	38.8	39.6	40.2	40
California	447.8	447.8	446.0	447.0	446.9	447.1	446.4	450.3	451.6	452.4	451.9	452.2	45
Colorado	84.9	85.2	85.2	85.4		86.7	87.0	85.0	84.3	83.6	83.4	84.6	
Connecticut	46.3	45.9	45.9		85.3		47.9		47.9	46.9	46.2	45.9	4
				45.7	46.3	47.3		49.1			46.2		1
Delaware	18.3	18.3	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.3	17.9	17.4	17.3	17.7		19.1	
District of Columbia	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	8.4	8.3	8.5	8.8	
lorida	286.9	288.2	289.2	291.1	292.1	294.2	295.1	295.2	296.5	300.1	300.5	300.1	30
Georgia	128.9	130.6	132.1	131.5	131.7	133.0	135.7	132.8	136.2	138.1	138.0	138.5	13
lawaii²	32.2	32.0	31.8	32.0	31.7	31.0	30.7	30.3	29.7	30.0	29.3	28.9	29
daho	25.1	25.3	25.7	25.5	25.8	25.7	27.3	27.2	28.0	27.7	28.5	29.0	2
llinois	198.1	198.1	198.6	200.8	200.0	201.7	196.2	197.1	201.1	199.1	202.3	202.8	20
ndiana	119.1	118.7	118.5	119.7	120.4	119.7	116.8	118.2	122.3	121.6	123.6	121.9	12
owa	48.3	48.8	49.2	49.6	51.1	50.5	49.4	49.3	50.4	50.7	51.2	50.3	4
Kansas	48.2	49.0	48.9	49.3	49.2	48.9	48.5	47.0	47.9	48.5	49.4	50.7	53
Centucky	71.0	70.7	71.0	70.9	70.9	70.5	66.3	67.2	69.1	70.2	70.9	69.3	70
ouisiana	96.6	96.2	97.4	98.6	98.5	98.1	96.9	98.7	101.4	102.6	103.9	105.6	104
Maine	20.8	20.5	20.4	21.1	21.4	21.7	21.5	21.6	21.5	21.5	22.1	21.5	2
Maryland	120.3	120.0	119.7	120.4	121.0	121.6	118.9	117.8	117.3	118.0	118.0	119.2	120
Massachusetts	82.4	83.2	83.9	84.8	84.6	85.2	86.0	85.2	84.3	88.5	89.0	88.3	88
Michigan	135.9	134.3	134.6	134.2	134.6	133.9	132.7	134.2	138.2	137.0	136.8	138.8	142
Minnesota	79.0	78.5	78.7	80.5		81.8	82.2	82.4	82.6	82.1	81.9	81.3	80
	38.9	39.9	41.0		81.3	41.7		39.8	40.7	41.5	42.5	41.9	41
Aississippi				42.1	41.6		41.1			102.9	104.8	105.5	106
Missouri	95.4	95.8	96.8	97.9	98.4	99.7	99.4	100.9	101.0		1		14
Montana	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.2	14.6	14.4	14.1	14.0	14.3	14.5	
Nebraska	32.4	32.4	32.1	32.5	32.5	32.6	32.5	31.0	31.8	32.3	33.2	33.4	32
Nevada	47.5	47.7	47.8	47.6	47.2	47.1	48.1	48.0	48.8	48.7	48.4	48.4	49
	16.9	16.8	17.0	17.0	17.2	17.6	18.1	18.3	18.3	18.0 120.6	17.6 121.8	17.1 122.3	16 120
New Jersey	113.3	113.7	114.0	116.0	116.4	118.2	116.4	114.5	116.3	120.0	121.0	122.3	12.
New Mexico	36.1	36.4	36.8	37.3	37.6	38.2	38.4	37.8	38.3	39.0	39.6	40.7	41
New York	239.0	238.7	239.4	240.6	240.0	240.3	244.0	242.4	244.1	245.8	244.9	248.0	250
North Carolina	155.0	155.9	156.0	156.2	156.5	157.4	159.0	158.1	160.6	161.5	163.0	164.1	163
North Dakota	11.6	11.6	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.2	12.4	12.5	13.3	13.5	12.9	13.0	10
Ohio	184.4	184.4	184.8	184.7	185.1	185.5	183.1	184.1	182.9	182.8	183.5	183.5	18
Oklahoma	42.3	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.4	42.3	43.6	42.5	41.9	43.1	43.8	45.4	46
Dregon	54.9	55.6	56.1	55.8	57.1	56.1	57.9	56.6	57.9	57.6	59.2	60.6	6
<sup>o</sup> ennsylvania	197.1	197.0	197.7	198.6	198.8	200.3	194.7	194.8	194.7	200.9	202.1	203.3	203
Rhode Island	12.4	12.2	12.2	12.0	11.8	11.2	10.7	10.4	10.3	10.6	11.6	12.5	1. 8.
South Carolina	83.2	82.5	82.3	81.9	82.0	81.8	81.9	81.4	81.9	83.0	82.5	81.6	8.
South Dakota	13.2	13.0	12.9	13.2	13.1	13.2	13.1	13.3	13.8	13.9	14.0	13.7	1:
Fennessee	95.0	94.9	95.9	97.3	97.6	98.2	97.1	96.1	95.9	95.7	96.8	96.9	9
exas	353.3	352.5	352.4	354.7	355.3	356.5	358.5	361.1	364.8	366.0	365.9	370.5	37
Jtah	38.8	39.3	39.9	40.6	41.9	43.1	43.6	44.5	45.3	46.1	46.8	48.0	4
/ermont	12.0	11.8	11.8	11.4	11.3	11.1	10.9	11.0	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.2	1
/irginia	153.2	154.0	154.7	155.4	155.8	156.5	156.6	156.0	158.2	159.1	159.5	159.4	15
Vashington	118.4	119.0	120.1	120.9	121.3	120.9	122.0	121.8	123.0	121.9	123.9	125.9	12
Vest Virginia	31.9	32.7	32.9	33.7	34.3	33.9	31.8	32.2	32.9	33.8	34.2	34.6	3
Visconsin	94.0	94.6	95.5	95.5	95.9	95.2	92.4	91.0	93.9	96.8	98.4	100.6	10
Vyoming	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.5	12.7	12.8	13.1	12.4	1

## B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted---Continued

(In thousands)

State	_		199	93		ļ				1994			
State	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July <sup>p</sup>
						N	lanufacturin	g					
labama	380.5	383.8	383.4	382.6	382.2	381.8	380.7	381.6	382.9	383.1	384.0	384.4	381
laska	17.4	16.9	17.2	17.3	16.5	16.5	15.4	18.4	17.5	16.0	14.5	16.1	16
rizona	174.1	174.0	174.0	174.1	174.4	174.7	176.2	176.4	176.4	177.9	178.3	181.2	18
rkansas	243.3	243.3	244.1	244.9	245.5	245.6	247.3	247.0	246.9	248.3	249.0	250.7	25
alifornia	1,803.1	1,796.2	1,786.6	1,778.7	1,773.4	1,766.1	1,766.2	1,761.1	1,761.1	1,760.8	1,754.8	1,752.3	1,75
olorado	188.1	188.4	187.9	188.1	187.7	188.8	188.7	188.9	188.8	190.3	191.0	191.0	19
onnecticut	293.3	291.6	291.9	290.9	289.0	287.9	287.2	285.1	285.9	284.7	286.2	285.5	284
elaware	65.4	65.0	64.7	64.8	64.4	64.2	64.4	63.6	63.7	63.7	63.4	63.3	6
District of Columbia	13.8	13.9	13.8	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.1	14.0	14
lorida	484.7	484.3	483.8	483.5	482.6	482.7	480.7	480.6	481.4	482.8	482.8	483.2	483
Seorgia	555.8	556.1	556.6	556.3	558.0	558.8	559.7	565.6	565.7	566.4	567.3	568.7	565
lawaii	19.2	19.1	19.0	18.8	18.8	18.7	17.8	18.0	18.1	17.9	17.8	17.7	17
daho	69.4	69.6	69.4	70.0	70.6	70.8	71.1	71.4	72.7	72.8	72.2	72.7	72
linois	935.1	935.0	934.8	936.5	937.1	940.2	942.1	941.3	941.5	940.0	939.0	939.0	929
ndiana	637.6	638.3	638.5	638.7	640.6	642.0	644.1	647.8	647.2	649.7	650.0	649.5	65
owa	234.4	236.2	236.8	237.1	238.0	238.4	240.4	241.1	242.1	242.4	243.5	244.5	245
ansas	182.4	182.2	182.0	181.5	181.2	181.2	181.9	182.0	182.2	182.1	182.6	182.3	180
(entucky	292.3	293.0	293.0	292.7	293.3	292.8	293.3	293.2	294.1	295.2	296.1	297.6	299
ouisiana	185.7	186.5	186.3	186.7	186.5	186.7	186.3	186.4	187.2	187.8	186.7	186.0	185
laine	91.0	91.1	90.9	91.6	91.8	91.8	91.2	92.4	92.7	92.5	92.8	92.7	92
laryland	178.5	178.4	178.2	178.1	177.9	177.7	177.8	177.5	177.0	177.3	177.2	176.4	176
assachusetts	453.1	451.3	450.3	449.8	447.6	446.1	445.7	445.5	445.5	446.8	447.3	448.1	450
lichigan	896.7	894.2	894.3	897.1	906.5	911.4	931.2	929.8	934.2	935.6	930.5	940.7	940
linnesota	405.2	403.5	404.4	405.7	407.0	408.3	410.6	410.5	410.2	410.5	411.4	413.7	414
Aississippi	253.4	253.8	253.5	254.6	255.4	255.5	256.3	257.1	258.0	256.7	257.8	259.0	260
Aissouri	410.4	410.5	410.6	412.1	412.8	412.8	411.4	412.1	412.4	412.3	410.4	409.8	407
Iontana	23.1	23.0	23.0	23.1	22.7	22.7	22.9	23.0	23.0	22.6	22.6	22.6	23
lebraska	103.0	103.3	104.0	104.0	104.1	104.0	103.9	104.2	104.0	104.1	104.0	104.5	10
levada	29.9	30.2	30.5	30.4	30.4	30.5	30.6	30.8	31.0	31.6	31.8	31.8	32
lew Hampshire	97.7	96.9	96.6	96.7	97.1	97.1	97.1	97.9	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.3	99
New Jersey	516.2	515.0	515.1	513.9	512.9	512.6	514.9	511.0	509.7	510.4	509.7	507.8	507
lew Mexico	42.2	42.8	43.3	43.4	43.5	43.4	43.4	43.6	43.4	44.0	43.8	44.2	44
lew York	982.8	978.9	975.9	973.7	972.5	971.4	965.5	965.0	961.8	960.0	958.3	954.9	953
Iorth Carolina	849.6	846.3	847.1	847.5	849.1	847.9	847.7	847.6	851.9	851.1	850.4	850.0	853
orth Dakota	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.5	19.6	19.7	19.8	20.1	20.5	20.9	20.9	21.1	20
Dhio	1,048.5	1,046.9	1,046.7	1,044.6	1,046.0	1,047.4	1,050.3	1,052.9	1,053.0	1,052.5	1,052.6	1,054.6	1,057
Oklahoma	168.5	168.3	168.3	169.1	169.4	169.7	170.1	168.5	169.1	169.2	169.4	170.2	170
Dregon	209.5	209.6	211.3	212.9	212.5	214.1	214.8	216.1	216.5	216.6	215.8	218.0	218
Pennsylvania	940.5	936.3	936.1	935.0	934.8	935.7	936.1	935.4	936.8	934.3	936.0	936.9	937
Rhode Island	86.5	87.1	86.6	86.7	86.3	86.4	86.7	86.7	86.5	86.5	86.3	86.4	83
South Carolina	374.4	374.4	373.9	372.2	371.5	371.8	371.7	374.4	372.3	371.7	370.8	371.2	372
outh Dakota	39.7	40.3	40.2	40.7	41.2	41.3	41.8	41.9	42.4	42.4	42.5	43.2	4
ennessee	529.4	530.5	530.8	531.5	532.9	534.4	534.8	537.6	537.5	539.0	537.9	540.6	54
Texas	988.3	987.5	992.6	994.0	995.3	997.0	994.5	995.8	997.6	1,000.1	1,000.5	1,000.6	99
Jtah	108.3	108.5	109.2	109.9	110.8	111.6	114.2	114.2	115.0	115.2	115.4	115.0	11
/ermont	43.4	43.2	43.3	43.3	43.3	43.6	43.2	43.2	43.1	42.8	42.7	42.8	4:
/irginia	406.5	405.6	405.2	405.9	406.5	405.2	406.4	403.3	401.9	399.6	401.6	400.7	40
Washington	340.1	338.5	338.6	338.5	337.0	335.2	335.6	333.9	333.8	332.5	331.8	332.6	33
West Virginia	82.7	82.7	82.7	82.5	82.8	82.6	81.5	81.3	81.3	81.4	81.4	81.1	8
Wisconsin	559.5	559.7	559.1	561.1	562.3	563.2	566.0	566.5	567.9	568.2	568.5	572.9	57
Wyoming	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	

# B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(In thousands)

State			19	93						1994			
State	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
						Transporta	tion and pu	blic utilities					
Alabama	85.1	85.0	85.2	85.3	85.5	85.2	85.0	84.9	85.1	85.2	85.0	85.1	84.
Naska	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.1	23.4	23.1	23.
nizona	77.7	77.2	77.9	77.5	76.9	76.6	78.6	78.6	78.5	78.7	79.3	79.4	79.
vrkansas	57.2	57.2	57.2	56.9	56.8	57.1	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.1	56.8	57.0	57.
California	602.2	600.8	600.6	600.1	597.5	597.9	600.1	599.3	598.9	591.8	594.3	593.7	594.
Colorado	104.4	104.8	104.5	104.0	104.7	104.9	104.2	105.1	105.0	103.1	103.5	103.2	102.
Connecticut	69.5	69.7	69.5	69.4	69.3	69.3	69.2	69.3	68.4	69.5	68.9	68.9	69
Delaware	14.8	14.6	14.9	15.0	15.1	14.9	14.8	15.1	14.9	15.0	15.2	15.2	15.
District of Columbia	21.3	21.2	21.1	21.1	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.2	21.2	21.
lorida	285.9	284.9	285.2	285.7	287.0	289.9	283.7	285.0	286.4	286.4	288.1	286.9	285
Seorgia	201.7	202.0	203.6	203.1	203.4	202.9	203.6	205.4	206.2	203.5	207.7	208.1	208.
1awaii	41.3	41.0	40.9	40.6	40.1	39.8	39.9	39.8	40.1	40.3	40.1	39.8	39.
Jaho	20.7	20.7	20.8	21.1	21.4	21.4	21.1	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.4	21.4	21
linois	309.2	309.6	312.0	311.2	312.2	313.8	312.1	313.2	312.6	306.1	311.3	312.5	312
ndiana	133.1	133.7	133.9	134.7	135.0	135.0	135.3	135.3	135.7	132.9	135.8	136.2	135
owa	57.0	57.0	57.2	57.0	56.9	56.9	56.8	56.9	57.2	57.3	57.4	57.7	57
(ansas	66.6	66.8	67.0	67.1	67.3	67.7	68.0	68.3	68.1	68.2	68.7	69.1	69.
Centucky	82.3	81.8	82.4	82.4	82.6	82.5	81.8	82.9	82.9	83.1	83.7	84.2	84.
ouisiana	105.4	105.5	105.1	105.8	105.7	106.3	105.7	106.1	106.6	106.6	107.2	107.3	107
laine	22.0	22.1	22.1	21.6	21.8	21.9	21.4	21.5	21.3	20.9	21.0	21.5	21
Maryland	98.5	98.3	98.6	98.3	97.9	98.1	98.9	97.7	97.3	97.0	97.6	97.1	96.
Aassachusetts	124.4	124.4	125.0	125.8	124.9	125.3	126.7	127.3	127.9	127.0	127.5	127.4	127
lichigan	156.1	155.4	155.6	156.1	156.3	156.4	158.8	158.8	159.1	154.1	160.5	160.0	158
linnesota	109.3	108.8	106.6	109.0	109.9	110.1	110.0	110.2	109.9	108.5	109.3	109.4	109
Aississippi	46.1	45.8	45.8	46.0	45.3	45.2	44.6	44.7	44.9	43.7	45.2	46.2	46
Aissouri	153.1	153.3	155.1	154.5	154.5	154.7	154.5	154.6	154.8	151.7	155.0	154.7	154
Iontana	20.2	20.1	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.0	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.4	20.4	20
lebraska	47.1	46.9	47.1	47.0	47.2	47.4	47.2	47.4	47.8	47.0	47.2	47.2	47
Nevada	35.1	35.3	35.6	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.0	36.0	36.3	36.4	36.5	36.7	36
New Hampshire	18.1	18.0	18.0	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.2	18.3	18
New Jersey	236.0	236.0	235.2	234.4	235.1	235.1	237.7	238.0	238.7	236.9	238.7	238.5	238.
lew Mexico	29.1	29.0	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	29.4	29.7	29.9	30.0	30.1	29.5	29
lew York	400.7	399.9	399.1	400.4	401.4	402.4	404.2	406.0	406.4	402.7	405.8	405.2	399
lorth Carolina	157.1	156.9	156.5	156.6	156.8	156.7	155.8	156.3	157.1	155.7	155.7	156.3	157
lorth Dakota	18.1	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.3	18.1	18
Dhio	214.4	214.1	213.1	213.2	212.9	212.7	212.5	212.5	212.0	203.8	212.5	212.5	212
Oklahoma	72.0	71.8	71.6	71.2	70.9	70.9	71.3	71.6	71.8	71.8	72.0	72.0	71
)regon	66.0	65.8	65.9	66.0	66.2	66.4	66.0	66.1	66.4	65.0	66.2	66.6	67
ennsylvania	264.8	263.7	266.3	267.1	267.2	268.9	269.2	268.6	269.4	262.8	271.5	272.1	270
Rhode Island	14.2	14.0	14.5	14.3	14.5	14.7	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.5	14
South Carolina	66.0	66.1	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.7	66.2	66.8	67.0	66.5	67.7	67.3	67
outh Dakota	14.8	14.9	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.1	15.0	15.3	15
ennessee	126.8	127.4	127.8	128.7	128.3	128.1	127.1	128.5	128.9	124.1	129.7	129.5	130
exas	436.0	436.5	438.7	439.4	441.6	443.3	443.5	445.0	444.9	444.5	445.6	446.6	445
Jtah	46.1	46.4	47.2	47.4	47.7	48.1	49.2	49.3	49.8	48.2	48.5	48.7	49
ermont	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.0	11.0	10.9	10.9	11.0	10.9	11.0	10.9	10.9	11
irginia	149.6	149.8	150.1	150.7	151.4	151.5	150.9	151.4	152.8	151.3	153.3	151.9	152
Vashington	114.5	114.3	115.5	114.6	114.3	115.4	115.1	114.6	117.0	115.2	117.3	118.2	119
Vest Virginia	38.7	38.8	38.8	38.7	38.6	39.0	39.2	39.7	39.3	39.0	39.2	39.3	39
Visconsin	113.3	112.9	113.6	113.8	113.9	114.4	114.0	114.2	114.4	111.2	110.8	113.6	113
Vyoming	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.6	14.5	14.4	14.4	14

## B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted--Continued

(In thousands)

State			19	93						1994			
State	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
						Wholes	ale and ret	ail trade					
labama		376.9	377.8	379.3	380.0	381.5	380.6	382.3	383.7	384.7	384.4	385.9	385
laska		49.5	49.6	49.4	50.2	50.4	49.9	49.7	50.6	51.3	51.1	51.2	5
rizona		387.4	389.0	389.8	390.1	389.9	389.3	390.2	394.4	397.8	398.4	401.4	40
rkansas		221.1	221.1	221.4	222.2	221.7	221.2	222.2	223.6	223.6	224.5	224.6	22
alifornia	2,787.5	2,780.1	2,775.9	2,768.8	2,765.4	2,765.3	2,769.4	2,768.3	2,768.6	2,768.4	2,765.2	2,760.8	2,76
olorado	405.6	406.3	406.8	408.2	409.9	411.3	413.1	415.9	417.7	420.3	421.0	424.9	42
Connecticut		328.2	326.5	327.0	324.9	322.6	328.1	328.2	325.1	326.6	327.1	325.7	32
Delaware		76.2	76.3	76.0	76.0	76.2	76.7	76.3	76.7	77.8	79.1	79.6	7
District of Columbia		52.7	52.7	52.6	52.2	51.9	52.1	51.8	52.1	51.6	52.0	52.8	5
lorida		1,457.6	1,462.4	1,464.8	1,468.3	1,472.8	1,463.8	1,477.3	1,479.2	1,484.9	1,487.0	1,491.6	1,49
Seorgia	778.5	780.8	782.7	784.6	786.5	787.2	787.2	794.2	795.7	796.9	797.3	800.6	79
ławaii		132.7	132.6	132.6	132.3	132.2	131.7	130.7	130.4	130.3	129.4	129.1	129
daho		109.8	110.4	112.2	112.9	112.8	113.2	113.7	114.6	115.9	116.0	116.3	116
llinois		1,245.7	1,246.3	1,250.8	1,253.2	1,254.5	1,251.9	1,264.6	1,263.6	1,271.1	1,273.7	1,278.7	1,276
ndiana		605.9	605.6	613.7	618.3	618.8	614.3	615.4	615.7	616.3	615.9	614.7	61
owa		321.2	321.4	322.3	322.4	322.8	321.7	322.3	321.5	323.9	324.8	326.0	320
(ansas		275.0	276.0	276.1	276.7	277.0	276.2	277.2	278.3	277.1	278.2	278.9	27
Centucky		361.7	361.5	361.4	361.2	360.6	359.5	363.5	364.9	365.5	367.0	368.6	370
ouisiana		382.3	382.0	380.4	381.3	382.4	379.7	382.6	386.8	388.2	389.5	390.8	39
laine		130.5	131.3	131.3	130.9	130.1	129.7	129.6	129.4	132.1	133.3	134.3	13
Maryland	500.9	499.9	498.9	498.3	497.8	497.9	500.8	499.2	500.3	502.2	503.0	504.7	503
lassachusetts	649.2	650.1	648.9	649.7	650.5	648.1	656.2	655.3	659.9	663.9	668.7	670.6	673
lichigan	937.2	936.4	936.2	936.6	939.9	941.6	937.7	945.8	952.0	957.5	960.0	965.4	96
linnesota	534.5	535.0	535.4	538.3	540.9	540.8	544.7	548.0	549.0	551.5	548.3	548.9	549
Aississippi	209.7	210.1	210.7	211.1	211.4	211.5	211.9	212.8	215.0	216.6	217.1	217.7	21
Aissouri	570.9	572.9	574.1	574.2	574.3	575.1	572.5	574.9	575.3	581.5	582.4	581.4	579
Iontana	88.1	88.4	88.3	88.4	88.4	88.6	89.0	89.2	89.0	88.8	89.0	89.8	90
lebraska	194.9	195.6	193.7	193.8	194.1	194.0	194.3	194.2	193.5	193.6	193.4	194.3	19
levada	133.0	134.1	135.0	135.4	136.0	136.9	137.0	137.9	138.4	139.3	140.1	140.7	140
lew Hampshire	129.6	128.7	129.1	129.2	129.0	129.3	129.9	130.2	130.9	131.9	130.8	131.9	131
lew Jersey	815.6	814.8	815.9	818.5	818.0	819.4	823.4	819.0	822.3	827.5	828.8	831.3	835
lew Mexico	147.4	148.1	147.8	148.3	148.3	148.3	150.4	150.7	151.2	153.4	153.7	154.0	15
lew York		1,554.3	1,551.6	1,551.7	1,553.1	1,555.7	1,567.2	1,566.4	1,571.2	1,570.5	1,572.4	1,574.2	1,58
North Carolina		737.1	736.8	737.6	737.8	740.6	736.3	738.8	743.1	743.6	745.2	745.0	745
orth Dakota	74.9	75.0	75.1	75.3	75.2	75.3	74.9	75.2	75.6	75.4	75.1	75.2	75
Ohio		1,174.4	1,174.8	1,174.8	1,174.8	1,175.3	1,178.0	1,180.6	1,181.7	1,182.3	1,185.4	1,183.5	1,18
Oklahoma		289.6	289.6	289.9	289.9	289.5	290.8	292.5	291.4	293.2	292.7	294.6	296
Dregon		327.9	329.2	330.0	330.4	330.8	330.4	330.7	331.9	334.6	335.0	335.5	33!
ennsylvania		1,149.6	1,148.0	1,148.8	1,150.3	1,153.2	1,146.3	1,149.4	1,155.7	1,157.6	1,160.4	1,166.3	1,163
Rhode Island South Carolina		94.6 352.8	95.8 352.7	95.1 353.9	94.9 355.3	95.1 356.4	94.3 357.1	94.6 358.8	94.4 358.1	94.6 357.9	95.2 358.3	96.1 358.2	95 358
							İ						
South Dakota		81.4 535.5	81.6 537.5	81.3 541.0	81.3 541.7	81.2 543.7	82.4 542.3	82.8 545.5	82.6 546.1	83.0 550.5	83.3 552.0	83.6 552.7	83 559
exas		1,817.4	1.822.5	1,827.1	1,833.0	1,844.9	1,834.7	1,842.6	1,848.6	1,855.5	1,862.5	1,867.6	1,87
Itah		192.9	193.6	194.8	196.2	1,844.9	198.2	198.5	199.9	199.5	199.9	200.7	202
/ermont		60.5	60.6	60.5	60.1	60.6	60.9	61.1	61.4	61.5	61.3	61.8	202 6'
/irginia		651.3	651.4	652.6	653.0	655.0	658.9	663.1	668.7	672.7	675.4	675.6	67
Vashington		545.5	547.6	549.4	549.4	550.7	549.1	552.4	551.9	551.0	551.5	554.5	55
Vest Virginia		149.7	149.8	150.5	151.3	152.3	152.1	152.3	152.4	153.6	154.1	154.3	15
Visconsin	1 1	553.7	554.1	556.2	558.9	558.7	554.2	556.6	557.2	558.1	559.5	559.9	56
Vyoming		48.3	48.4	48.2	48.2	48.4	48.5	48.6	48.3	48.3	48.0	48.8	4

# B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(in thousands)

State			19	93						1994			
51210	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
						Transporta	tion and pu	blic utilities					
labama		85.0	85.2	85.3	85.5	85.2	85.0	84.9	85.1	85.2	85.0	85.1	84
laska		22.9	22.9	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.1	23.4	23.1	23
rizona		77.2	77.9	77.5	76.9	76.6	78.6	78.6	78.5	78.7	79.3	79.4	79
Arkansas	57.2	57.2	57.2	56.9	56.8	57.1	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.1	56.8	57.0	51
California		600.8	600.6	600.1	597.5	597.9	600.1	599.3	598.9	591.8	594.3	593.7	594
Colorado		104.8	104.5	104.0	104.7	104.9	104.2	105.1	105.0	103.1	103.5	103.2	10
Connecticut	69.5	69.7	69.5	69.4	69.3	69.3	69.2	69.3	68.4	69.5	68.9	68.9	6
Delaware	14.8	14.6	14.9	15.0	15.1	14.9	14.8	15.1	14.9	15.0	15.2	15.2	1
District of Columbia		21.2	21.1	21.1	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.2	21.2	2
lorida		284.9	285.2	285.7	287.0	289.9	283.7	285.0	286.4	286.4	288.1	286.9	28
Seorgia	201.7	202.0	203.6	203.1	203.4	202.9	203.6	205.4	206.2	203.5	207.7	208.1	20
lawaii		41.0	40.9	40.6	40.1	39.8	39.9	39.8	40.1	40.3	40.1	39.8	39
daho		20.7	20.8	21.1	21.4	21.4	21.1	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.4	21.4	2.
llinois		309.6	312.0	311.2	312.2	313.8	312.1	313.2	312.6	306.1	311.3	312.5	31
ndiana		133.7	133.9	134.7	135.0	135.0	135.3	135.3	135.7	132.9	135.8	136.2	13
owa		57.0	57.2	57.0	56.9	56.9	56.8	56.9	57.2	57.3	57.4	57.7	5
(ansas		66.8	67.0	67.1	67.3	67.7	68.0	68.3	68.1	68.2	68.7	69.1	6
Centucky		81.8	82.4	82.4	82.6	82.5	81.8	82.9	82.9	83.1	83.7	84.2	84
ouisiana		105.5	105.1	105.8	105.7	106.3	105.7	106.1	106.6	106.6	107.2	107.3	10
Maine		22.1	22.1	21.6	21.8	21.9	21.4	21.5	21.3	20.9	21.0	21.5	2
Maryland	98.5	98.3	98.6	98.3	97.9	98.1	98.9	97.7	97.3	97.0	97.6	97.1	96
Massachusetts		124.4	125.0	125.8	124.9	125.3	126.7	127.3	127.9	127.0	127.5	127.4	127
Michigan		155.4	155.6	156.1	156.3	156.4	158.8	158.8	159.1	154.1	160.5	160.0	158
Minnesota		108.8	106.6	109.0	109.9	110.1	110.0	110.2	109.9	108.5	109.3	109.4	109
Mississippi		45.8	45.8	46.0	45.3	45.2	44.6	44.7	44.9	43.7	45.2	46.2	46
Missouri		153.3	155.1	154.5	154.5	154.7	154.5	154.6	154.8	151.7	155.0	154.7	154
Montana		20.1	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.0	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.4	20.4	20
Nebraska		46.9	47.1	47.0	47.2	47,4	47.2	47.4	47.8	47.0	47.2	47.2	4
Nevada		35.3	35.6	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.0	36.0	36.3	36.4	36.5	36.7	36
New Hampshire		18.0	18.0	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.2	18.3	18
New Jersey	236.0	236.0	235.2	234.4	235.1	235.1	237.7	238.0	238.7	236.9	238.7	238.5	238
New Mexico		29.0	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	29.4	29.7	29.9	30.0	30.1	29.5	29
New York		399.9	399.1	400.4	401.4	402.4	404.2	406.0	406.4	402.7	405.8	405.2	39
North Carolina		156.9	156.5	156.6	156.8	156.7	155.8	156.3	157.1	155.7	155.7	156.3	15
North Dakota		18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.3	18.1	11
Ohio		214.1	213.1	213.2	212.9	212.7	212.5	212.5	212.0	203.8 71.8	212.5 72.0	212.5 72.0	21: 7
Oklahoma		71.8 65.8	71.6	71.2 66.0	70.9	70.9 66.4	71.3 66.0	71.6 66.1	71.8 66.4	65.0	66.2	66.6	6
Dregon Pennsylvania		263.7	65.9 266.3	267.1	66.2 267.2	268.9	269.2	268.6	269.4	262.8	271.5	272.1	270
Rhode Island		203.7	200.3	14.3	207.2	200.9	209.2	200.0	209.4	14.5	14.6	14.5	14
South Carolina		66.1	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.7	66.2	66.8	67.0	66.5	67.7	67.3	6
South Dakota	14.8	14.9	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.1	15.0	15.3	1
Fennessee		14.9	14.7	128.7	128.3	128.1	14.9	128.5	128.9	124.1	129.7	129.5	13
Fexas		436.5	438.7	439.4	441.6	443.3	443.5	445.0	444.9	444.5	445.6	446.6	44
Jtah		436.5	438.7	439.4	441.0	443.3	443.5	445.0	49.8	444.5	445.0	440.0	4
/ermont		40.4	47.2	47.4	47.7	48.1	49.2	49.3	10.9	11.0	10.9	10.9	1
/irginia		149.8	150.1	150.7	151.4	151.5	150.9	151.4	152.8	151.3	153.3	151.9	15
Washington		114.3	115.5	114.6	114.3	115.4	115.1	114.6	117.0	115.2	117.3	118.2	11
West Virginia		38.8	38.8	38.7	38.6	39.0	39.2	39.7	39.3	39.0	39.2	39.3	3
Wisconsin		112.9	113.6	113.8	113.9	114.4	114.0	114.2	114.4	111.2	110.8	113.6	11
Wyoming		14.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.6	14.5	14.4	14.4	1

## B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted--Continued

(In thousands)

State			199	3						1994			
State	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
				<b>-</b>	F	inance, ins	urance, and	d real estate	e	ł.			
labama	75.5	75.8	75.8	76.0	76,1	76.5	76.9	77.1	77.2	77.3	77.0	77.0	76
laska	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.4	11.4	11
rizona	99.9	100.2	100.5	100.8	101.1	101.3	101.3	101.1	101.3	101.5	101.7	102.5	103
vrkansas	40.4	40.5	40.7	40.8	40.9	41.0	40.9	41.2	41.4	41.2	41.4	41.4	41
alifornia	787.6	786.4	785.1	783.2	782.2	780.7	782.4	780.9	780.5	778.5	774.8	770.4	769
olorado	106.6	106.9	107.2	107.7	108.2	108.7	108.4	108.6	108.8	109.5	109.1	109.4	109
Connecticut	139.0	138.7	138.9	139.1	138.7	138.3	138.4	137.8	136.8	138.1	137.3	136.8	135
elaware	35.1	35.2	35.4	35.5	35.8	35.9	36.0	36.2	36.4	36.7	36.7	36.9	3
District of Columbia	31.2	31.2	30.7	30.6	30.3	30.0	30.0	29.6	29.3	29.5	29.9	30.1	30
lorida	356.4	358.1	358.4	359.9	361.0	361.7	362.8	363.5	364.5	364.2	365.2	365.7	366
Seorgia	167.2	167.0	167.1	167.4	167.2	167.6	166.6	167.1	167.5	167.4	167.8	167.7	16
ławaii	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.6	39.4	39,4	39.6	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.6	39.6	39
daho	22.7	22.7	23.0	23.1	23.3	23.3	23.4	23.4	23.8	24.1	24.0	24.2	24
linois	383.2	383.9	384.4	384.8	385.5	386.0	385.4	385.5	384.9	385.3	386.3	386.7	38
ndiana	128.4	128.5	128.7	129.0	129.3	129.5	129.4	129.4	129.6	129.8	129.9	129.8	130
owa	74.2	74.3	74.6	74.8	75.0	75.5	75.2	75.1	75.4	75.7	75.9	75.9	70
Kansas	58.4	58.6	58.5	58.4	58.6	58.6	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.8	59.0	59.4	5
(entucky	63.0	63.0	62.7	63.0	63.4	63.2	63.0	62.8	62.9	62.9	62.5	62.5	6
ouisiana	78.1	78.0	77.9	78.1	77.9	77.9	77.8	77.8	78.1	78.6	78.7	79.1	79
Maine	25.7	25.9	25.8	25.9	26.1	26.0	25.9	25.9	26.0	26.1	25.9	25.8	2
Maryland	129.5	129.5	129.8	129.9	130.0	130.0	130.6	130.4	130.1	130.2	129.6	129.1	128
	000 5									202.3	202.2	202.3	202
Assachusetts	200.5	200.4	200.3	200.6	200.5	200.6	201.4	201.4	201.6		202.2	196.4	196
Aichigan	193.4	193.4	193.1	189.5	193.3	193.5	192.5	192.6	193.6	194.8			138
	135.6	136.2	136.9	137.7	138.4	139.1	139.3	139.7	140.0	139.6	139.3	138.8	38
	38.7	38.8	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.7	39.2	39.4	39.5 143.0	39.1 143,2	39.1 143.1	143
Aissouri	141.4 15.0	141.6	141.9 15.0	142.3	142.3	143.1	141.2	141.3	141.9	143.0	143.2	143.1	140
Aontana	50.5	14.8		15.0	14.9 50.7	15.0	15.1	15.1 50.8	15.2 50.6	50.7	50.5	50.6	50
Nebraska	50.5 31.0	50.5 31.3	50.6 31.5	50.5		50.6 31.9	50.5			32.1	32.1	32.1	32
Nevada	30.0	29.9	29.8	31.7 29.9	31.8 29.9	29.9	32.1 30.1	32.1 30.1	32.1 30.1	29.8	29.8	29.5	29
New Hampshire	227.7	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.9	230.5	231.1	230.9	231.0	29.0	232.3	232
Jaw Mavies	27.7	07.7	07.0	07.0	07.7	07.0	00.1	20.0	28.2	22.0	29.0	29.0	29
lew Mexico	727.8	27.7 726.7	27.8 728.4	27.8 729.2	27.7 728.7	27.8 728.7	28.1 727.4	28.2 728.6	28.3 729.5	28.9 730.3	730.9	733.7	734
North Carolina	138.7	139.0	139.9	141.0	141,1	141.7	141.9	142.2	142.9	143.8	144.7	145.3	145
	13.5	135.0	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.9	13
North Dakota	259.4	259.2	259.2	259.3	259.6	260.1	260.5	260.4	260.6	260.9	260.9	260.7	260
Dhio Dklahoma	259.4 61.6	259.2	259.2	259.3	259.6	61.1	61.2	61.3	200.0	61.8	61.9	62.0	62
	92.1	92.5	93.0	93.5	93.8	93.9	94.4	94.7	95.4	95.9	96.5	96.5	96
Dregon	303.5	303.7	304.1	304.0	304.7	304.6	303.1	304.3	304.5	305.9	307.2	307.2	308
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	25.4	25.3	25.4	25.3	25.3	25.2	25.3	25.4	25.2	25.4	25.2	25.0	2
South Carolina	65.9	66.1	66.1	66.2	66.3	66.3	66.2	66.5	66.3	66.3	66.4	66.4	6
outh Dakota	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.0	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	14
outh Dakota	104.3	104.2	104.2	104.9	105.1	105,4	105.2	105.3	105.3	105.6	105.8	105.9	10
	428.6	429.5	430,5	431.8	433.8	435.5	434.2	434.4	436.9	438.6	438.8	438.9	439
exas	428.6	429.5	430.5	431.8	433.8	435.5	434.2	434.4	436.9	438.0	438.8	438.9	43
Jtah	39.8 12.1	40.4	12.1	41.6	41.6	42.5	44.2	44.6	45.0	45.9	46.2	46.0	40
/ermont	12.1	157.9	158.3	159.2	160.1	160.8	160.0	160.9	161.2	162.2	162.9	163.5	16
/irginia		157.9	158.3	159.2		160.8		122.9	122.3	122.1	121.8	121.8	12
Vashington	121.3	5			122.3		123.2				25.0	25.3	2
Vest Virginia	25.1	25.1	25.2	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.0	25.0	25.1	25.0		132.9	13
Visconsin	130.6	130.9	131.4	132.0	132.4	132.7	132.6	132.4	132.7	132.6	132.9		13
Vyoming	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.8	

# B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(In thousands)

State						1							
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July <sup>p</sup>
							Services						
labama	364.7	364.4	365.1	366.6	365.4	365.1	365.3	368.5	368.8	370.1	368.4	369.7	369
laska	57.2	57.0	57.1	56.7	57.0	57.2	57.5	57.8	57.8	57.6	58.4	58.6	58
rizona	450.2	451.5	454.2	454.7	455.5	456.6	455.9	458.8	463.8	466.6	466.9	469.6	471
Arkansas	220.2	220.6	221.3	222.2	222.2	220.9	223.9	224.8	225.1	225.5	226.7	227.8	229
alifornia	3,473.0	3.466.6	3,466,1	3.465.4	3.465.3	3.469.6	3.469.6	3,480.2	3,478.8	3.487.0	3.490.8	3,493,4	3,500
olorado	471.4	472.4	473.0	474.1	474.2	475.7	477.7	482.4	482.8	483.7	485.5	485.9	488
onnecticut		445.5	447.8	447.8	447.3	447.6	453.2	450.8	451.9	453.0	456.8	457.4	461
elaware		90.3	90.7	90.6	91.0	91.3	90,7	91.4	92.1	94.1	93.9	94.7	94
District of Columbia	254.1	254.1	254.5	258.4	256.6	256.8	255.4	256.5	256.4	256.1	256.5	255.0	256
londa	1.825.8	1,835.1	1,842.4	1,850.5	1,858.5	1,866.7	1,869,8	1,879.3	1,889.5	1,898.9	1,907.2	1,917.7	1,923
eorgia	732.7	737.0	742.5	750.7	753.6	757.1	758.2	767.9	774.3	782.9	786.6	795.3	800
lawaii	164.6	163.8	163.3	164.2	163.5	163.4	163.9	163.2	163.2	163.3	163.6	164.0	164
daho	97.8	98.4	98.9	99.7	99.7	100.1	100.9	101.8	101.5	101.8	102.6	102.6	103
linois		1,485.2	1,485.9	1,483.7	1,484.6	1,489.2	1,479.7	1,481.2	1,481.9	1,487.7	1,490.3	1,495.6	1,508
ndiana		560.8	560.1	561.2	563.1	564.0	569.2	568.6	582.1	583.4	578.1	577.3	576
owa	318.6	320.0	319.6	319.8	320.8	321.5	322.8	323.3	323.7	325.0	325.7	327.4	329
(ansas	270.3	271.1	272.0	273.2	273.4	274.9	276.8	276.4	277.0	277.7	278.0	279.3	280
Centucky	362.5	363.8	365.1	366.1	366.4	366.5	364.6	365.6	367.9	368.0	367.5	370.2	372
ouisiana	408.6	410.2	410.4	408.9	409.9	411.1	410.3	415.3	418.0	421.3	424.5	425.5	427
Aaine	133.3	134.1	135.2	136.3	136.5	136.7	135.8	136.4	136.6	137.6	138.7	138.4	137
laryland	659.3	658.0	660.9	665.4	664.7	665.2	664.2	662.7	663.3	669.9	671.2	670.3	671
Aassachusetts	958.0	960.6	966.6	968.2	972.1	974.0	987.5	987.6	990.8	997.3	997.5	1.001.7	1.010
lichigan	1.020.9	1,023.3	1.026.0	1.027.1	1,027.0	1,027.5	1,029.8	1.036.3	1,040.0	1.050.2	1.054.5	1.059.3	1.064
linnesota	616.2	618.0	619.1	621.3	623.4	626.6	629.3	631.0	633.3	636.4	636.4	640.2	641
Mississippi	199.3	200.6	199.3	199.5	200.8	200.0	204.3	207.1	207.1	209.5	211.1	215.9	215
dissouri		652.3	654.3	654.3	655.1	658.7	657.5	660.3	664.5	675.2	677.2	684.8	686
Nontana	89.2	89.4	89.1	88.9	89.0	89.4	89.6	89.9	90.6	90.0	90.7	91.0	90
Vebraska	188.3	188.2	189.2	189.1	188.5	188.3	189.1	188.8	188.2	190.6	190.6	193.4	194
Vevada	292.4	294.6	297.2	301.1	305.5	311.7	312.2	315.5	315.7	316.8	317.1	317.1	316
New Hampshire	138.7	139.0	138.6	138.7	138.5	138.2	140.1	140.9	141.6	142.9	143.0	143.5	144
New Jersey	1,019.4	1,021.9	1,024.0	1,026.8	1,028.2	1,030.1	1,031.2	1,033.8	1,036.7	1,046.2	1,047.9	1,051.7	1,056
New Mexico	168.2	168.0	168.1	169.0	168.8	168.9	172.6	173.1	173.3	175.5	176.3	175.9	176
lew York	2,413.3	2,416.7	2,418.7	2,427.3	2,435.9	2,440.9	2,444.6	2,449.8	2,458.0	2,464.3	2,473.1	2,477.5	2,487
orth Carolina	693.0	694.9	697.0	700.2	703.2	707.5	709.5	711.9	717.9	719.2	723.3	727.6	724
North Dakota		77.1	77.4	77.9	78.2	77.9	77.8	77.9	79.1	79.1	79.8	79.6	79
Dhio		1.277.5	1,281.4	1,285.5	1,286.5	1,289.1	1,292.9	1.296.0	1,296.9	1,299.4	1,300.0	1.297.3	1.300
Oklahoma	307.1	306.7	305.6	304.8	304.3	304.4	307.0	307.0	307.3	310.6	312.7	314.5	317
Dregon	327.7	328.5	330.6	331.0	333.1	333.3	332.2	332.9	334.1	334.1	335.1	336.0	337
Pennsylvania		1.528.3	1.532.4	1.536.0	1.539.0	1.540.5	1.530.1	1.533.3	1.541.7	1.553.1	1.560.4	1,558.9	1.561
Rhode Island	137.1	136.9	136.8	137.1	137.3	136.8	137.4	136.8	138.1	138.6	139.4	141.9	14
South Carolina		336.8	337.5	339.0	340.2	341.3	345.3	344.6	344.4	344.4	345.9	347.9	348
outh Dakota	79.8	79.8	79.3	80.8	80.9	81.0	83.3	83.6	83.9	84.0	84.5	85.3	84
ennessee		577.0	578.9	581.8	583.1	585.9	585.7	587.5	587.7	591.4	594.2	593.7	594
exas		1,948.7	1,950.9	1,953.1	1,954.4	1,954.8	1,948.9	1,966.8	1,976.3	1,998.3	2,004.0	2,025.8	2,034
Jtah	213.0	213.4	213.9	215.6	217.3	218.9	221.2	221.9	222.7	223.7	223.5	225.3	226
/ermont		74.2	74.6	75.2	75.7	74.2	74.2	75.3	75.8	77.5	75.3	75.2	7
/irginia		802.1	806.5	809.4	813.2	817.2	816,7	822.9	829.5	834.0	834.0	837.6	84
Vashington		583.6	585.2	586.0	587.3	589.3	588.3	589.2	593.6	594.2	596.7	599.7	59
Vest Virginia		167.4	168.0	169.5	169.4	170.0	170.1	170.9	171.2	172.3	174.0	173.6	174
Wisconsin		598.8	600.4	601.3	602.0	602.4	604.9	607.9	610.3	611.7	611.5	614.4	61
Wyoming		42.9	43.1	43.1	43.2	43.5	43.8	43.8	43.7	44.0	43.5	43.7	4

## B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(in thousands)

State			19	93		[				1994			
Slate	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July
							Governmen	-					
abama	338.8	340.0	341.2	342.4	343.1	343.0	344.3	343.5	343.9	345.0	343.8	349.1	33
aska	73.8	74.4	74.2	74.8	74.5	75.1	75.8	74. <del>9</del>	74.9	74.6	74.4	74.6	7:
rizona	289.7	289.9	290.1	285.8	287.6	287.1	286.3	286.5	287.3	286.3	287.4	288.6	29
rkansas	171.0	171.4	168.8	168.8	169.3	169.1	169.4	169.4	169.4	169.4	170.7	171.0	17
alifornia	2,076.5	2,078.1	2,075.2	2,075.6	2,078.6	2,079.4	2,079.8	2,084.1	2,083.0	2,084.0	2,089.4	2,091.8	2,10
olorado	299.7	298.4	297.5	297.6	297.9	298.8	297.9	298.7	298.8	300.6	298.5	298.6	30
onnecticut	205.3	204.8	207.3	207.7	208.7	208.8	207.3	209.0	208.8	210.5	210.2	209.6	21
elaware	48.9	49.1	50.3	49.4	49.6	49.9	49.4	49.5	49.4	49.4	50.2	50.0	5
istrict of Columbia	289.3	285.6	286.0	284.9	285.7	284.8	285.1	284.0	283.0	282.8	281.1	279.3	27
orida	883.7	883.4	884.6	887.0	889.3	894.1	895.8	898.3	897.9	907.1	901.9	908.9	90
eorgia	544.9	545.4	546.6	554.3	555.4	556.8	558.3	560.6	560.8	561.3	561.2	562.2	56
awaii	110.8	111.1	111.3	111.8	111.5	112.0	110.4	111.9	112.0	111.9	110.2	113.0	11
aho	90.6	90.8	90.6	91.3	91.6	92.2	92.2	92.5	92.8	93.1	93.3	92.9	9
inois	761.0	758.2	759.6	772.2	772.6	773.2	768.1	773.5	773.4	771.7	779.3	777.6	77 39
diana	391.1	391.6	397.6	395.7	396.0	396.9	398.2	395.1	395.4	396.0	395.2	397.4	
wa	221.4	222.4	224.3	224.5	225.2	225.7	224.7	223.6	225.3	226.1	227.1	231.3	22 23
ansas	231.3	223.9	231.8	232.1	231.1	232.7	232.0	232.4	232.4	226.2	231.4	237.5	23
entucky	276.1	275.1	276.1	276.5	277.7	276.7	272.8	275.2	277.1	277.3	276.6	278.9 343.4	2/
ouisiana	340.6 95.9	340.8	339.6	340.2	340.2	339.6	340.2	339.4	340.2	343.2	343.6 93.8	92.9	34
aine aryland	413.3	95 <i>.</i> 9 417.3	93.9 421.3	94.0 417.6	93.6 418.1	93.3 419.4	92.1 419.1	93.4 416.4	93.2 419.8	93.2 419.9	418.9	418.0	9 41
assachusetts	388.4	389.1	390.0	389.7	388.8	387.8	387.0	388.8	386.5	390.2	388.9	387.5	38
	634.1	633.4	642.9	641.7	641.2	641.6	637.0	637.9		638.7	637.4	632.3	62
ichigan innesota	352.7	353.4	355.4	356.2	357.9	358.5	359.6	359.5	641.4 360.8	362.6	362.3	361.6	36
ississippi	209.9	214.9	210.6	211.2	211.4	211.8	211.5	210.5	212.6	212.3	212.4	211.0	21
issouri	377.7	377.4	379.1	379.6	380.7	382.5	381.0	382.5	382.7	385.4	386.5	388.2	38
ontana	73.5	74.7	74.2	74.6	74.5	75.0	74.4	74.6	74.6	75.0	75.6	75.1	7
ebraska	149.1	150.0	150.0	150.1	149.2	150.5	151.1	149.1	149.7	149.5	152.1	149.3	15
evada	88.1	89.1	88.9	89.2	89.3	90.0	89.4	90.0	91.1	91.8	92.2	90.2	9
ew Hampshire	72.6	73.3	71.8	74.5	73.9	74.1	75.1	76.6	76.7	75.0	74.2	74.2	7
ew Jersey	562.8	564.4	566.4	568.3	569.2	569.2	565.2	561.1	562.5	565.0	566.9	566.6	56
ew Mexico	158.1	159.0	159.9	159.7	160.1	160.0	160.4	160.2	160.6	162.1	162.5	166.0	16
ew York	1,430.4	1,423.2	1,419.7	1,420,4	1,423.0	1,420.2	1,417.5	1,415.6	1,417.2	1,417.6	1,421.8	1,413.8	1,42
orth Carolina	530.2	537.3	533.9	536.5	539.1	539.2	539.9	537.6	540.4	541.0	542.9	544.0	54
orth Dakota	67.2	67.3	67.8	66.6	66.4	66.8	66.6	67.0	66.7	66.5	66.6	66.3	e
hio	730.2	737.5	738.3	744.5	738.5	739.5	738.0	739.9	740.6	744.5	741.4	747.4	73
klahoma	270.8	270.8	267.6	266.9	268.3	268.6	269.6	269.2	269.9	271.4	271.9	270.3	26
regon	232.2	231.9	232.1	232.2	232.9	233.0	233.9	233.7	232.7	233.1	234.4	232.9	23
ennsylvania	709.2	708.3	709.1	709.3	710.5	713.8	710.0	708.3	711.2	714.2	713.3	718.9	71
hode Island	61.3	61.5	60.3	60.9	61.3	62.4	61.7	62.0	61.4	61.9	61.9	61.8	e
outh Carolina	298.6	298.7	298.1	297.8	297.9	297.7	299.6	298.8	300.0	300.3	300.4	301.2	30
outh Dakota	65.4	66.4	67.6	66.8	66.8	66.7	67.4	67.4	67.3	67.5	67.7	68.5	e
ennessee	361.8	362.9	362.5	363.5	364.6	365.1	365.1	365.2	365.9	366.2	366.4	368.9	36
exas	1,382.5	1,393.2	1,395.5	1,394.3	1,397.3	1,395.4	1,389.6	1,393.4	1,390.7	1,394.9	1,398.0	1,394.8	1,41
ah	159.1	159.9	160.0	160.3	161.0	162.0	161.1	161.6	161.2	162.0	162.1	162.7	16
ermont	42.5	42.4	42.9	43.7	43.5	43.5	43.4	44.1	44.4	44.1	44.9	44.7	4
rginia	600.6	600.0	600.9	601.1	602.0	601.5	597.5	598.1	602.4	603.3	602.1	603.5	60
ashington	429.8	428.7	434.5	429.6	433.3	431.5	433.5	436.9	432.7	435.1	434.6	437.0	43
est Virginia	125.9	132.4	135.0	134.9	135.1	135.5	134.8	135.0	134.6	133.6	140.5	133.9	13
lisconsin	359.8	360.7	360.4	361.2	361.7	362.4	363.0	360.2	363.1	362.8	362.0	362.6	35
yoming	57.0	55.6	57.2	57.7	57.6	57.8	58.0	57.8	57.2	57.3	57.6	57.5	

Includes mining, not shown separately.
 Mining is combined with construction.

 $^{\rm p}~=$  preliminary. NOTE: All State data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

			1993						19	94		·	
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	Juiy⁰	Aug. <sup>p</sup>
Total private	34.6	34.4	34.5	34.6	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.7	34.5
Mining	44.5	44.2	45.1	44.3	44.1	44.2	44.1	44.4	45.0	44.5	44.8	45.4	45.2
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	ീ	്	(²)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing Overtime hours	41.5 4.1	41.5 4.2	41.6 4.3	41.7 4.4	41.7 4.4	41.7 4.5	41.3 4.5	42.1 4.7	42.2 4.8	42.1 4.7	42.0 4.7	41.9 4.6	42.0 4.8
	[												
Durable goods	42.2	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.7	42.2	43.0	43.0	42.9	42.8	42.6	42.9
Overtime hours	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.2
Lumber and wood products	40.8	41.0	41.2	41.4	41.2	41.7	40.6	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.4
Furniture and fixtures	40.4	40.0	40.4	40.7	40.2	40.2	39.0	40.6	40.3	40.3	40.8	40.4	40.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.8	42.7	42.8	43.3	43.1	43.3	42.3	43.6	43.4	43.7	43.6	43.6	43.6
Primary metal industries	43.6	43.6	43.8	44.1	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.6	44.9	44.8	44.3	44.3	44.8
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.9	44.1	43.8	44.0	44.2	43.9	44.3	44.7	45.1	45.1	44.4	44.5	45.2
Fabricated metal products	42.1	42.2	42.3	42.5	42.5	42.6	42.3	42.8	43.0	42.8	42.6	42.7	42.9
Industrial machinery and equipment	43.0	43.0	43.2	43.2	43.3	43.4	43.1	43.9	43.9	43.8	43.8	43.6	43.4
Electronic and other electrical equipment	42.0	42.0	42.1	42.0	41.9	42.1	41.7	42.4	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.1	42.2
Transportation equipment	43.2	43.6	43.5	43.8	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.5	44.6	44.3	44.0	43.2	44.6
Motor vehicles and equipment	44.4	45.1	45.1	45.9	46.1	46.2	46.3	46.5	46.1	45.8	45.2	44.0	46.1
Instruments and related products	41.0	41.1	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.4	41.0	41.7	41.6	41.9	41.6	42.1	42.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.8	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.9	40.1	38.9	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.2	40.3	40.1
Nondurable goods	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.1	41.0	41.1	41.0	41.0	41.1	40.9
Overtime hours	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2
Food and kindred products		40.6	40.9	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.8	41.2	41.2	41.1	41.3	41.7	41.4
Tobacco products	(*)	(2)	(²)	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products	41.4	41.5	41.5	41.8	41.8	41.5	40.4	42.2	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.6	41.4
Apparel and other textile products		37.0	36.9	37.1	37.1	36.9	35.8	37.6	38.0	37.8	37.8	37.5	37.6
Paper and allied products	43.6	43.8	43.8	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.2	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.3	44.0
Printing and publishing	38.2	38.3	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.3	38.0	38.4	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.7	38.6
Chemicals and allied products	43.2	42.9	43.2	43.0	43.1	43.2	42.8	43.3	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.5	43.2
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(2)	(?)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.8	41.7	41.8	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.6	42.6	42.4	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2
Leather and leather products	38.4	38.7	38.7	38.5	38.5	38.6	37.7	38.6	39.0	38.4	38.3	37.8	38.1
Transportation and public utilities	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.7	39.7	40.1	39.7	39.8	40.2	40.0	39.9	39.9	39.8
Wholesale trade	38.3	37.9	38.2	38.2	38.1	38.5	38.1	38.3	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.3	38.1
Retail trade	28.9	28.6	28.9	28.8	28.8	29.0	28.6	28.9	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(*)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.6	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.8	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.8	32.4	32.5	32.3

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

#### B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

Industry.			1993						19	94			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July⁰	Aug. <sup>°</sup>
Total private	125.1	124.4	125.3	125.8	125.9	127.1	125.6	127.3	128.2	129.1	128.8	129.3	129.1
Goods-producing	103.8	103.8	104.3	104.9	105.1	105.3	103.9	106.7	107.3	107.4	107.5	107.7	107.9
Mining	54.3	54.2	55.2	53.8	55.1	54.6	54.3	54.5	54.9	54.2	55.1	55.7	55.2
Construction	125.9	125.2	126.3	128.8	128.8	128.5	124.5	131.0	132.7	134.8	134.0	135.7	134.6
Manufacturing	102.4	102.5	102.9	103.3	103.3	103.7	102.8	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.1	105.7
Durable goods	99.8	100.2	100.6	101.2	101.6	102.3	101.4	103.3	104.0	103.8	104.0	103.6	104.8
Lumber and wood products	124.5	125.7	127.2	128.7	128.7	131.6	128.2	130.4	131.3	131.6	131.7	131.3	132.2
Furniture and fixtures	121.3	120.7	121.9	123.5	122.6	122.9	119.2	124.8	123.5	124.2	126.0	125.1	125.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	102.7	102.7	103.2	104.4	104.2	105.2	102.8	106.5	107.3	107.8	107.8	108.1	107.8
Primary metal industries	84.9	85.1	85.7	86.6	86.8	87.0	87.3	88.1	88.5	88.5	88.3	88.7	89.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	71.1	71.5	71.1	71.6	71.7	71.3	71.6	71.6	70.8	70.8	70.5	71.1	71.4
Fabricated metal products	102.5	102.9	103.4	104.4	104.8	105.6	105.1	106.7	107.8	107.6	107.9	108.4	109.7
Industrial machinery and equipment	91.8	92.1	92.8	93.1	93.7	94.4	94.2	96.1	96.9	96.9	97.5	97.1	97.3
Electronic and other electrical equipment	100.4	100.8	101.4	101.4	101.6	101.8	101.2	103.2	104.6	103.8	104.3	103.8	104.9
Transportation equipment	110.3	111.3	111.2	111.9	112.9	113.8	113.7	114.8	115.3	114.6	114.5	111.7	116.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	136.0	138.6	139.7	142.9	145.2	149.4	149.4	150.3	149.5	147.9	147.7	143.3	152.2
Instruments and related products	75.9	75.7	75.6	75.0	75.0	75.2	74.5	75.6	75.2	75.4	74.3	75.1	74.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	100.0	100.4	100.1	100.0	100.6	100.8	97.4	100.8	101.9	101.0	101.4	102.8	101.9
Nondurable goods	106.0	105.7	105.9	106.0	105.8	105.7	104.7	107.1	107.4	107.0	107.1	107.2	106.9
Food and kindred products	112.5	111.9	113.1	112.5	112.3	112.0	112.7	114.1	113.6	113.2	113.5	114.8	114.0
Tobacco products	57.0	57.1	57.4	59.6	56.8	57.1	54.2	58.3	62.0	60.3	58.7	55.7	59.6
Textile mill products	98.2	98.6	98.5	99.2	99.0	98.6	96.2	100.6	99.8	99.2	99.4	98.5	98.0
Apparel and other textile products	89.6	88.8	88.1	88.2	87.4	86.6	84.0	88.4	89.3	88.9	88.8	87.7	88.3
Paper and allied products	110.3	110.6	110.4	110.2	110.2	110.4	109.1	111.2	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.9	111.1
Printing and publishing	123.6	123.7	123.8	123.8	123.2	123.5	122.6	124.1	125.5	125.1	125.7	125.5	125.6
Chemicals and allied products	100.8	100.4	101.3	101.4	101.6	101.5	100.6	101.4	101.3	101.6	101.6	101.9	101.0
Petroleum and coal products	82.9	81.6	83.7	80.9	79.9	81.8	79.7	80.4	82.1	78.7	80.1	80.5	80.0
Rubber and misc. plastics products	132.7	132.2	132.0	133.7	134.1	134.7	134.7	138.3	138.3	138.4	138.6	138.8	138.8
Leather and leather products	55.5	55.3	55.3	55.0	55.0	55.2	53.9	54.6	55.7	53.7	53.5	51.7	52.7
Service-producing	134.7	133.7	134.8	135.2	135.2	136.9	135.3	136.6	137.6	138.8	138.4	139.0	138.6
Transportation and public utilities	117.9	117.5	118.3	117.9	117.6	118.9	117.9	118.6	118.4	119.8	119.6	119.5	119.3
Wholesale trade	112.7	111.7	112.7	112.8	112.6	114.0	113.1	113.9	114.5	114.8	114.9	114.6	114.4
Retail trade	123.9	122.8	124.1	123.7	124.1	125.1	123.6	125.4	126.4	126.6	127.3	127.9	127.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	121.8	120.8	121.4	121.8	121.3	124.3	121.7	121.5	122.0	123.6	121.8	122.4	120.9
Services	157.5	156.6	157.6	158.9	158.9	161.2	159.3	160.8	162.5	164.6	163.5	164.5	164.1

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.  $^{P}$  = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

## **ESTABLISHMENT DATA ALL-EMPLOYEE HOURS** SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-10. Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Millions	of hours (annual ra	ate) <sup>1</sup>		Percent change	
Industry	June 1994 <sup>r</sup>	July 1994'	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1993 to Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	June 1994 to July 1994 <sup>r</sup>	July 1994 to Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Total	210,029	210,138	210,280	2.3	.1	.1
Private sector	172,194	172,710	172,716	2.9	.3	.0
Mining	1,403	1,415	1,412	1.2	.9	2
Construction	9,915	10,037	9,973	6.4	1.2	-,6
Manufacturing	39,194	39,147	39,283	1.7	1	.3
Durable goods	22,570	22,502	22,670	2.8	3	.7
Nondurable goods	16,625	16,645	16,612	.3	.1	2
Transportation and public utilities	12,161	12,142	12,150	1.2	2	.1
Wholesale trade	12,079	12,055	12,028	1.4	2	2
Retail trade	30,581	30,732	30,732	3.4	.5	.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,609	12,667	12,568	9	.5	8
Services	54,252	54,516	54,572	4.5	.5	.1
Government	37,835	37,428	37,563	3	-1.1	.4

<sup>1</sup> Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52. <sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

r = revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers-and are based largely on establishment data. See BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS Bulletin 2414, chapter 10, "Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors". SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202-606-5606).

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#### B-11. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolis by major industry, seasonally adjusted

la duata -			1993						19	94			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July⁰	Aug. <sup>p</sup>
						Average	e hourly e	arnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$10.86	\$10.88	\$10.92	\$10.94	\$10.96	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.11	\$11.13
Mining	14.57	14.55	14.62	14.51	14.68	14.88	14.81	14.77	14.87	14.83	14.73	14.77	14.79
Construction	14.41	14.41	14.43	14.46	14.41	14.43	14.54	14.47	14.52	14.60	14.67	14.75	14.73
Manufacturing	11.77	11.82	11.84	11.87	11.93	11.95	12.01	12.00	12.00		12.03	12.06	12.10
Excluding overtime <sup>2</sup>		11.25	11.25	11.28	11.32	11.34	11.40	11.37	11.33	11.37	11.40	11.42	11.44
Transportation and public utilities	13.63	13.63	13.66	13.70	13.73	13.80	13.82	13.79	13.77	13.80	13.78	13.82	13.87
Wholesale trade	11.80	11.79	11.84	11.80		11.92	11.88	11.88	11.95	11.98	11.99	12.01	12.01
Retail trade	7.31	7.30	7.35	7.35	7.37	7.41	7.42	7.43	7.45	7.47	7.47	7.48	7.49
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11.46	11.44	11.56	11.58	11.61	11.73	11.67	11.69	11.77	11.83	11.74	11.79	11.81
Services	10.81	10.82	10.87	10.88	10.89	10.97	10.96	10.95	10.99	11.04	11.03	11.06	11.08
Total private (in constant dollars) <sup>3</sup>	7.39	7.40	7.39	7.39	7.40	7.43	7.42	7.39	7.40	7.42	7.39	7.38	(⁴)
						Average	weekly	earnings					
<b>*</b> - 4 - 1 4 4													
Total private:	075 70	074 07		070 50	070 40					005 00	000.07	005 50	
In current dollars	375.76		376.74		378.12	383.50		381.29	383.44	385.93	383.37	385.52	383.99
In constant (1982) dollars <sup>3</sup>	255.62	254.43	255.07	255.76	255.14	258.60	254.60	255.73	256.83	258.15	255.58	255.99	(*)

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half. <sup>3</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

# B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(in thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°
Total		110,431	110,493	114,366	113,417	113,557	_	_	-	-	-
Total private		92,602	92,847	95,274	95,429	95,737	75,451	75,686	77,884	77,990	78,26
Mining		617	613	610	612	610	437	434	434	436	43
Metal mining		50.6	46.9	51.2	51.6	51.9	40.6	37.6	41.7	41.8	-
Iron ores Copper ores		9.1 15.1	6.1 15.1	10.9 15.3	11.0 15.4	-	7.3 12.5	4.8 12.4	9.1 12.7	9.2 12.8	-
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		103.8		115.1 107.9	115.0 107.6	114.1 -	83.0 77.0	78.8 72.5	92.8 86.9	92.9 86.9	-
Oil and gas extraction		357.8		338.4	339.6	338.6	234.0	238.1	219.3	221.3	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas		172.7	171.9	163.7	163.7	-	85.4	85.0	80.5	81.0	-
Oil and gas field services		180.0	184.5	169.9	171.1	-	145.0	149.4	136.0	137.5	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone		104.9		105.1 40.5	105.3 40.5	105.5	79.8 31.2	79.8 31.2	79.8 31.6	80.0 31.7	-
Sand and gravel		39.6		40.5		<b>S</b>	- 31.2	- 31.2	- 31.0	-	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals		13.0			13.0		-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,942	4,990	5,139	5,258	5,293	3,853	3,898	4,012	4,123	4,15
General building contractors	15	1,169.8	1,172.0	1,202.0	1,226.8	1,235.6	838.6	840.3	858.4	882.1	-
Residential building construction		587.9		609.4	619.4	-	406.7	403.1	419.7	430.2	-
Operative builders Nonresidential building construction		28.4 553.5		1			12.4 419.5	12.5 424.7	13.3 425.4	13.6 438.3	
Heavy construction, except building	16	770.9	778.4	778.5	793.9	794.3	650.0	657.8	659.6	673.0	-
Highway and street construction	161	268.6 502.3			276.2 517.7	-	228.7 421.3	231.7 426.1	226.3 433.3	233.9 439.1	
Special trade contractors		3,001.4			1						
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		652.4		· ·			479.8	486.4	499.0	515.0	-
Painting and paper hanging		176.7		1	1		148.7	154.2	159.7	165.4	-
Electrical work		537.8	543.3	561.2	581.0	-	419.3	424.3	437.0	456.6	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		430.2	1 .			1	371.0	380.3	408.2		-
Carpentry and floor work		197.5					148.4	153.9		1	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	1/6	219.3	222.8	226.4	233.7	-	177.8	181.6	ļ		
Manufacturing		17,956		18,144						1	
Durable goods		10,105									
Lumber and wood products	24	713.2		1					613.9		
Logging		83.3		1		1	68.1 158.1	68.7 158.4	63.4 162.2	1	
Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general		146.4		1	1	L	126.9				
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		34.2				1	29.6				
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		253.3		270.3	271.6	-	203.8	205.7	218.2	219.1	-
Millwork		103.8					81.2				
Wood kitchen cabinets		69.0	1				54.8		4		
Hardwood veneer and plywood		23.5					20.1 25.9				
Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers		46.2					25.9			1	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		65.6		1	1	1	51.4	1			
Mobile homes	2451	49.0	50.4	56.0	56.8	-	40.6	42.0	47.1	47.6	i -
Miscellaneous wood products		82.2					67.1	Į			}
Furniture and fixtures Household furniture		477.2		1	1		375.1	1	394.9 235.9	1	1
Wood household furniture		118.0					101.0				
Upholstered household furniture		89.4		1			74.6				
Metal household furniture		19.1				t	15.2		1	1	1
Mattresses and bedsprings		28.7					21.8				

## B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>°</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>9</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures—Continued			ĺ								
Office furniture		60.7	61.2	62.3	63.0	-	43.6	44.3	45.3	45.8	-
Public building and related furniture		36.1	37.7	39.5	37.4	-	28.5	30.0	31.4	29.3	
Partitions and fixtures		76.9	77.5	78.9	79.8	-	56.2	57.0	58.0	58.8	1
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	. 259	35.3	35.5	35.8	36.0	-	23.6	23.6	24.3	24.4	-
Stone, clay, and glass products		523.9	526.8	539.8	538.8	542.7	404.2	407.5	419.3	418.0	420
Flat glass		14.5	14.5	14.6	14.4	-	11.3	11.1	11.4	11.1	- 1
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		77.1	77.2	75.7	74.8	-	64.7	64.8	63.0	61.6	
Glass containers		35.5	35.5	33.3	32.5	-	31.8	31.8	30.0	29.0	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.6	41.7	42.4	42.3	-	32.9	33.0	33.0		
Products of purchased glass		58.0	59.6	60.2	58.9	-	43.5	45.2	45.6	44.0	-
Cement, hydraulic Structural clay products		18.5 32.5	18.2 32.9	18.4 32.7	18.3	-	14.3 25.2	14.0 25.4	14.1 25.5	14.1 25.8	_
Pottery and related products		32.5	32.9	40.5	32.9 40.4	-	25.2 30.5	30.6	32.3	32.4	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		196.6	197.6	208.1	209.8	-	150.0	151.1	160.0	161.6	
Concrete block and brick		17.0	17.0	18.0	18.1	_	11.0	11.0	11.7	11.9	1
Concrete products, nec		64.1	64.4	67.2	67.9	_	47.9	48.3	50.4	51.0	1
Ready-mixed concrete		98.6	99.2	105.6	106.5	-	77.7	78.4	84.3	84.9	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		74.3	74.1	76.0	76.1	_	55.1	55.4	57.7	58.1	_
Abrasive products		19.7	19.4	20.0	19.8	-	14.5	14.5	15.5	15.4	- 1
Asbestos products		3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	-	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	- 1
Mineral wool		22.2	22.3	22.6	22.6	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Primary metal industries	33	671.5	676.5	687.6	681.5	687.8	509.5	515.0	528.5	522.6	52
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		238.1	238.1	234.3	234.8	233.4	181.5	181.5	177.7	178.3	17
Blast furnaces and steel mills		173.8	173.8	169.6	170.0	-	133.5	133.6	129.4	129.9	
Steel pipe and tubes		25.6	25.7	25.8	25.8	-	18.6	18.7	19.2	19.1	i -
Iron and steel foundries		115.0	118.0	125.3	121.5	- 1	90.8	93.8	101.7	98.0	i -
Gray and ductile iron foundries		72.4	75.1	78.7	75.0	_	57.5	60.2	64.5	61.1	- 1
Malleable iron foundries		5.2	5.4	5.8	5.8	-	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	-
Steel foundries, nec	3325	24.0	24.1	26.0	26.0	-	18.7	19.0	21.0	20.9	j –
Primary nonferrous metals	. 333	41.8	41.6	39.6	39.6	-	31.6	31.5	29.7	29.9	- 1
Primary aluminum	. 3334	23.8	23.6	22.4	22.3	-	18.5	18.4	17.5	17.4	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	. 335	159.8	160.2	163.4	161.9	-	115.6	116.6	121.5	119.9	-
Copper rolling and drawing		21.8	21.6	22.2	22.2	- {	16.5	16.5	17.1	17.0	- 1
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		23.9	24.1	23.1	22.8	-	15.8	15.8	16.1	16.0	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		67.8	68.1	71.1	70.3	- 1	49.3	49.9	52.8	51.6	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		75.9	77.3	83.0	81.6	-	60.6	61.8	67.2	65.8	-
Aluminum foundries	. 3365	21.1	21.9	23.8	23.2	-	16.7	17.4	19.3	18.8	-
Fabricated metal products		1,317.9	1,328.6			1,379.2	969.1	981.1	1,025.8		
Metal cans and shipping containers		41.9	42.0	41.0	41.4	-	36.3	36.3	35.1	35.3	
Metal cans		34.0	34.0	33.2	33.5	-	29.9	29.8	28.8	29.0	
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		122.6	122.7	128.6	126.8	-	91.0	91.2	97.0		
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		41.3	41.9	43.8	42.6	-	30.8	31.5	33.7	32.7	
Hardware, nec	. 3429	69.4	69.0	72.7	72.2	-	52.1	51.7	55.1	54.4	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		55.8	56.1	58.9	58.6	- (	39.3	40.1	42.4	42.2	
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim Heating equipment, except electric		24.2 18.8	23.7 19.4	25.1 20.1	24.7 20.7	_	17.9 11.9	17.6 12.8	18.9 13.2	18.6 13.7	-
Fabricated structural metal products		395.4	396.6	404.1	407.2	_	280.7	282.6	292.0	294.9	
Fabricated structural metal		67.0	67.7	67.8	68.3	_	47.4	48.1	48.9	49.6	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		72.4	72.7	75.5	76.8	-	52.8	53.4	55.9	57.1	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		96.7	96.4	95.0	94.2	-	65.4	65.4	66.3	65.7	.
Sheet metal work		97.8	98.1	101.4	103.0	_	73.6	74.0	76.9	78.2	
Architectural metal work		25.7	25.5	26.4	26.5	_	18.0	17.9	18.7	18.8	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		90.8	90.9	95.4	94.3	-	69.6	69.8	73.9		
Screw machine products		45.2	45.3	48.8	48.1	-	36.8	36.9	39.4	38.9	.
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	. 3452	45.6	45.6	46.6	46.2	-	32.8	32.9	34.5	34.3	- 1
Metal forgings and stampings		210.2	216.7	230.0	219.4	-	165.8	172.2	184.1	173.3	
Iron and steel forgings		28.4	28.1	29.7	28.9	-	21.6	21.3	22.8	22.3	1 -
Automotive stampings	. 3465	93.3	98.4	106.0	97.9	-	77.8	83.0	89.4		
Metal stampings, nec			79.1	83.3	81.6		58.3	59.9	64.0	62.2	J.

# B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es	·		Produ	ction wo	rkers'	•
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued											1
Metal services, nec	347	114.7	115.9	120.2	118.7	-	88.9	90.2	94.4	92.8	-
Plating and polishing		71.4	72.6	74.7	73.3	-	55.2	56.4	58.2	57.0	-
Metal coating and allied services	3479	43.3	43.3	45.5	45.4	-	33.7	33.8	36.2	35.8	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	58.5	57.3	54.6	54.0	-	33.0	31.9	30.2	29.7	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	34.6	34.2	31.4	31.0	-	16.9	16.6	14.6	14.1	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	228.0	230.4	239.4	237.2	-	164.5	166.8	176.7	174.0	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	24.2	24.6	24.6	24.3	- 1	17.9	18.3	18.3	17.8	- 1
Misc. fabricated wire products		52.7	54.0	55.2	55.1	-	39.9	41.0	42.5	42.3	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	1,909.7	1,902.0	1,957.2	1,935.2	1,940.4	1,152.0	1,147.2	1,213.4	1,198.1	1,204
Engines and turbines		86.7	86.4	89.5	86.9	-	53.8	53.6	56.3	55.8	. –
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	27.8	27.8	27.7	27.9	-	16.1	16.1	16.1	16.3	- 1
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	58.9	58.6	61.8	59.0	-	37.7	37.5	40.2	39.5	
Farm and garden machinery	352	92.5	94.7	104.7	101.3	-	65.5	67.7	77.3	74.1	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	72.4	72.1	77.1	76.6	-	50.8	50.5	55.4	55.1	
Construction and related machinery	353	209.9	209.1	213.4	206.2	-	127.6	127.1	133.8	129.4	-
Construction machinery	3531	78.6	77.7	80.3	72.3	-	47.9	47.0	52.0	47.3	-
Mining machinery		14.4	14.7	14.7	14.6	-	8.2	8.6	8.5	8.5	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	38.2	38.2	37.4	37.1	- 1	25.1	24.8	24.8	24.5	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	35.8	35.7	37.4	37.9	-	19.8	20.0	20.8	20.9	-
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	26.1	26.2	27.8	28.1	-	17.1	17.3	18.6	18.8	-
Metalworking machinery	354	306.3	305.6	317.0	315.8	-	214.0	213.5	223.6	222.3	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	36.5	36.4	37.5	37.6	-	22.1	21.8	23.1	23.1	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		15.2	15.4	15.8	15.9	-	9.4	9.6	10.0	10.1	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		143.2	143.0	149.3	147.9	-	108.7	108.7	113.5	112.3	-
Machine tool accessories		48.4	48.2	49.9		-	33.3	33.1	34.7	34.6	-
Power driven handtools		23.6		23.6		-	15.9	16.0	16.1	15.9	-
Special industry machinery		148.0	148.3	151.5	151.9	-	84.0	84.2	87.8	87.8	-
Textile machinery		15.5	15.6	15.2	15.0	-	10.3	10.4	10.0	9.8	-
Printing trades machinery		21.0	20.8	20.4	20.4	-	10.9	10.7	10.8	10.8	-
Food products machinery		22.7	22.6	23.4	23.6	-	13.5	13.4	14.4	14.5	-
General industrial machinery		234.9	234.6	238.7	239.1	-	148.5	147.9	152.4	152.0	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		30.5	30.5	29.9	30.1	-	16.9	16.8	16.7	16.7	-
Ball and roller bearings		36.8	36.7	36.6		-	29.1	28.9	29.0	28.8	-
Air and gas compressors		24.6		26.6		-	13.0	12.2	14.6	14.7	-
Blowers and fans		32.5	32.6	32.9	33.2	-	21.8	22.0	22.3	22.4	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		15.6		15.2	15.2	-	11.0	11.0	10.6	10.5	- 1
Power transmission equipment, nec		18.6	19.0	19.8	19.5	1	12.4	12.6	13.3	12.9	- 1
Computer and office equipment		358.6	353.8	343.3	340.7	-	118.3	116.3	119.0	118.8	-
Electronic computers	35/1	212.6	208.7	198.7	196.4	-	54.8	53.8	56.8	56.3	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	2575.9.0	53.3	52.4	52.8	53.0	-	22.5	21.7	20.7	20.4	_
Refrigeration and service machinery		176.6		192.4	187.0		123.8	120.8	136.7	131.6	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		119.9		131.7	127.7	_	87.9	85.1	98.3		
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		296.2		306.7	306.3	1	216.5	216.1	226.5	1	1
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		20.2		21.8		_	16.2	16.4	17.9		
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		233.7				-	176.0	175.2		182.5	
Electronic and other electrical equipment		1,510.4	1,514.8	1,556.5	1,543.9	1,556.9	960.6	963.0	1,002.8	987.2	1,00
Electric distribution equipment		80.4		81.3			55.5				
Transformers, except electronic		40.4				- 1	28.6				
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		40.0				- 1	26.9	26.9			
Electrical industrial apparatus		153.6					107.1	106.1			
Motors and generators		75.2			1		58.0				1
Relays and industrial controls		59.6					35.8	35.8		1	- 1
Household appliances		117.4					93.9				-
Household refrigerators and freezers		29.9		1			26.1	24.8			
Household laundry equipment		15.8		18.0			12.4	12.6		15.2	- 1
Electric housewares and fans		26.7					20.5				

# B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987		All	employe	es		Production workers'				
	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°
Durable goods—Continued	-										
Electronic and other electrical equipment-Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	. 364	169.4	170.4	178.1	174.6	-	121.9	122.6	128.9	124.6	-
Electric lamps		21.4	21.4	21.8	21.1	_	16.9	16.8	17.1	15.3	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		61.2	60.9	63.0	62.8	-	40.6	40.5	42.3	41.9	- 1
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	. 3644	18.9	18.9	19.8		-	13.6	13.6	14.8	14.5	- 1
Residential lighting fixtures	. 3645	18.2	18.8	19.2	18.4	_	13.6	14.0	14.3	13.8	-
Household audio and video equipment	365	81.7	82.9	85.1	86.1	-	53.7	54.6	56.6	57.2	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	59.2	60.0	60.3	61.0	-	37.4	38.0	38.4	38.8	-
Communications equipment		235.6	235.0	234.3	234.2	-	119.7	119.2	119.4	118.7	- 1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	.3661	108.8	108.0	106.2	106.8	-	59.5	59.0	58.1	57.9	-
Electronic components and accessories	. 367	523.5	523.1	535.7	536.0	-	305.3	304.5	315.0	313.4	-
Electron tubes	. 3671	24.3	24.4	24.9	24.0		16.3	16.3	16.6	15.6	-
Semiconductors and related devices		214.2	214.2	222.4	224.2	-	90.6	89.9	96.5	96.4	-
Electronic components, nec		126.3	125.4	127.4	126.7	_ ]	82.3	81.5	83.4	82.6	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		148.8	151.8	154.5	149.9	- 1	103.5	106.0	108.9	104.1	- 1
Storage batteries		25.3	25.8	26.0	24.9	_ ]	19.4	19.9	20.2	19.0	-
Engine electrical equipment		64.5	65.9	69.5	66.3	-	49.8	50.9	54.0	50.6	-
Transportation equipment	. 37	1,721.5	1,721.9	1,729.6	1,698.8	1,711.0	1,091.6	1,092.0	1,131.1	1,103.6	1,116
Motor vehicles and equipment		814.5	823.1	885.0	863.4	876.7	622.6	628.4	684.8		676
Motor vehicles and car bodies		307.5	312.2	337.1	322.7	-	220.7	222.0	243.0	230.8	-
Truck and bus bodies		36.5	35.9	38.2	38.2	-	29.2	28.5	30.8	30.7	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		421.5	426.4	459.1	453.0	-	333.5	339.1	370.0	363.5	-
Truck trailers		30.4	30.2	31.2	30.3	-	24.6	24.2	25.3		-
Aircraft and parts		535.0	527.8	478.7	473.3	470.8	247.7	242.6	220.3	216.2	_
Aircraft		299.2	297.3	269.4	267.2	-	121.7	119.9	107.6	106.1	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		107.5	104.9	96.0	94.5	-	51.9	50.9	47.0	45.7	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		128.3	125.6	113.3	111.6	- 1	74.1	71.8	65.7	64.4	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		156.5	156.2	159.4	160.7	_	121.5	121.4	123.6	123.9	-
Ship building and repairing		110.0	110.5	107.7	108.7	-	83.6	83.9	80.1	80.1	_
Boat building and repairing		46.5	45.7	51.7	52.0	-	37.9	37.5	43.5	43.8	-
Railroad equipment	374	29.1	30.0	31.9	32.0	-	21.6	22.1	23.7	23.7	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		122.5	121.1	107.8	106.3	_	34.2	33.8	30.7	30.1	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles		88.2	87.2	75.9	75.2	- 1	22.6	22.4	19.4	19.1	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		46.3	46.2	48.9	46.9	-	30.9	30.8	34.6	32.7	-
Travel trailers and campers		18.9	18.9	21.4	21.4	-	15.4	15.3	17.7	17.7	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	888.4	887.5	855.7	849.8	849.2	432.7	433.0	419.3	415.0	414
Search and navigation equipment	. 381	201.7	201.5	180.5	177.4	-	63.5	63.4	54.6	53.5	-
Measuring and controlling devices		280.0	279.4	276.2	276.1	-	143.6	143.2	141.6	140.9	-
Environmental controls		42.3	42.6	43.0	43.0	-	28.1	28.0	28.2	28.1	-
Process control instruments		59.0	59.1	58.8	58.4	-	27.6	28.0	28.2	27.8	-
Instruments to measure electricity	. 3825	71.8	71.6	69.3	69.3	-	34.2	34.1	32.5	32.1	-
Medical instruments and supplies	. 384	268.7	269.2	266.7	265.1	-	154.0	154.9	154.2	152.4	-
Surgical and medical instruments		110.3	111.7	109.8	109.6	-	64.9	66.4	66.5	66.0	-
Surgical appliances and supplies		96.3	95.6	95.8	94.6	-	61.6	60.9	60.7	59.6	-
Ophthalmic goods	. 385	38.9	39.0	38.5	37.9	-	26.4	26.4	25.2	24.7	-
Photographic equipment and supplies		90.7	89.9	85.3	85.0	-	38.5	38.3	36.8	36.8	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		8.4	8.5	8.5	8.3	-	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	370.9	375.7	376.9	374.8	379.6	264.3	268.9	268.4	266.5	271
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		49.1	50.7	50.4		-	34.5		35.2		-
Jewelry, precious metal		36.4	37.4	37.8		-	25.4	26.4	26.3		
Musical instruments		12.5	13.2	13.6		-	10.1	10.7	11.0		
Toys and sporting goods		108.3	107.6		109.2	-	77.3				
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		42.1	43.4	41.6		-	29.0				
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		66.2	64.2	67.5		-	48.3		49.7		
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		33.5	33.4	32.0		-	22.8		21.7		
Costume jewelry and notions		28.6	30.0	28.8	28.3	-	20.9		21.4	•	
Costume jewelry		17.4	18.7	17.6	17.2	-	12.3		12.9	12.2	-
h dia callana any ang dia chunca	399	138.9	140.8	143.0	143.6	-	98.7	100.9	101.7	102.4	- 1
Miscellaneous manufactures Signs and advertising specialties		57.0					38.9	39.2	39.2	39.8	

## B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987	All employees					Production workers'				
	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>₽</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994
londurable goods		7,851	7,935	7,829	7,810	7,908	5,483	5,571	5,489	5,468	5,5
Food and kindred products		1,710.9	1,763.4		1,705.8	1,752.4	1,254.7	1,308.7	1,216.7	1,254.8	1,303
Meat products		440.7	444.4	445.1	446.0	-	375.3	378.6	378.5	379.3	-
Meat packing plants		135.4	136.5	133.4	133.2	-	114.2	115.4	113.0		-
Sausages and other prepared meats		89.1	90.0	90.9	90.9	-	68.1	69.1 194.1	69.5 196.0	69.8 196.8	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing		216.2	217.9 156.6	220.8 154.5	221.9 154.8	-	193.0 100.6	194.1 99.7	98.7	99.4	
Dairy products Cheese, natural and processed		41.6	41.2	40.9	40.9	_	33.6	33.2	33.3	33.4	
Fluid milk		70.4	70.1	68.8	68.5	_	37.1	37.0	36.4	36.6	Ι.
Preserved fruits and vegetables		274.6	316.3	243.5	280.7	_	231.9	273.8	201.3	237.2	ί.
Canned specialties		23.4	25.1	21.9	22.7	_	18.6	21.1	18.4	18.8	.
Canned fruits and vegetables		104.6	135.7	75.9	111.8	-	90.1	120.5	61.5	96.2	ļ .
Frozen fruits and vegetables		53.0	58.4	52.6	53.9	-	46.2	52.2	46.1	47.5	·
Grain mill products	204	125.7	128.5	125.2	124.3	-	89.4	92.2	89.2	88.1	·
Flour and other grain mill products		19.8	20.6	19.5	19.5	-	13.3	14.0	13.2	13.2	·
Prepared feeds, nec		41.8	41.6	41.5	41.2	-	26.6	26.5	26.1	25.8	- ·
Bakery products		209.6	211.2	211.7	210.4	-	135.1	136.8	138.9	137.6	- ·
Bread, cake, and related products Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread		150.3 59.3	150.2 61.0	151.1 60.6	150.0 60.4	-	90.1 45.0	90.0 46.8	91.3 47.6	90.6 47.0	
Sugar and confectionery products		95.8	101.9	94.9	94.0	•	73.2	78.8	72.2	71.6	Ι.
Raw cane sugar		4.7	5.8	6.1	5.0	1 1	3.8	4.6	4.8	3.8	
Cane sugar refining		5.0	5.0	4.7	4.6	-	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.3	į.
Beet sugar		7.9	8.5	7.7	8.3	_	6.7	7.3	6.3	6.9	ĺ .
Candy and other confectionery products		49.8	53.8	49.6		-	39.0	42.8	38.6	38.7	
Fats and oils	207	31.6	31.7	31.1	31.3	_	20.8	21.0	20.6	20.8	· ·
Beverages		181.9	181.5	180.0	180.4	_	82.7	83.2	85.4	85.8	· ·
Malt beverages		40.5	40.2	37.9	37.8	-	25.0	24.7	25.0	25.1	· ·
Bottled and canned soft drinks Misc. food and kindred products		96.8	96.9 191.3	98.4 180.4	98.9 183.9	1	36.7 145.7	36.9 144.6	38.7 131.9	39.2 135.0	
Tobacco products		39.5	42.1	36.0	35.4	40.2	28.5	31.3	27.0		
Cigarettes	211	29.8	29.2	26.9	26.8	-	22.3	21.9	20.8	20.9	
Textile mill products		671.3	675.7	676.2	667.8	674.8	570.6	574.4	575.1	566.3	
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		83.3	83.5		83.1	-	73.6	73.8	74.6	73.2	
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		69.5	70.1	70.3	69.1	-	58.5	59.0	59.6	58.6	
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		17.2	17.3		17.6		14.6		15.2	15.0 18.4	1
Narrow fabric mills Knitting mills		21.2	21.9 203.6		22.0 194.2		17.8 175.8	18.4 175.9	18.9 170.7	167.6	1
Women's hosiery, except socks		203.1	203.0	ſ			24.6	24.5	21.8	21.6	
Hosiery, nec		39.3	39.3	r			35.3	35.3	35.8	35.5	
Knit outerwear mills		60.5	60.8		1		52.8	52.7	49.5	49.2	
Knit underwear mills		25.9		24.7	23.2		22.3	22.8	21.6	20.2	
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	27.7	27.1	27.7	27.3	-	23.3	22.9	23.5		
Textile finishing, except wool	226	70.9					58.1	58.3			
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	32.2		33.5			26.8	27.0	27.9		
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	24.2					19.2				
Carpets and rugs		59.1					47.4 86.1	47.9 86.7	50.5 85.3		
Yarn and thread mills Yarn spinning mills		96.4					68.1	68.4			
Throwing and winding mills	2282	14.0	1	1	4	1	12.2		12.4		
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	50.6	1	1			38.7		40.9		
Apparel and other textile products		965.9	1	966.3			1		807.6		
Men's and boys' suits and coats		41.2					33.7			1	
Men's and boys' furnishings		268.6					230.7 52.6	1			
Men's and boys' shirts Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		62.1					70.6				
Men's and boys' work clothing		41.2					35.8				
Women's and misses' outerwear		292.1					243.4				1
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		31.6					25.7		(		
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		49.2					39.2			35.1	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		36.2					30.3				
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	175.1	178.9	177.8	173.2	2 -	148.2	151.5	150.4	146.0	1

# B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987		All employees					Production workers <sup>1</sup>					
	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>9</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994		
Nondurable goods—Continued													
Apparel and other textile products—Continued													
Women's and children's undergarments	234	53.5	53.5	53.3	52.6	-	44.1	44.0	44.2	43.7	-		
Women's and children's underwear		41.8	41.8	41.1	40.6	-	35.8	35.8	35.5	35.1	-		
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		11.7	11.7	12.2	12.0	-	8.3	8.2	8.7	8.6	-		
Girls' and children's outerwear		48.5	48.7	45.7	45.7	-	41.2	41.3	38.7	38.7	-		
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		20.5	20.4	18.7	19.0	-	17.5	17.3	15.8	16.0	-		
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	41.4	42.3	40.6	39.2	-	33.3	34.5	32.9	31.6	-		
Misc. fabricated textile products		199.4	201.9	209.3	204.1	-	162.3	164.7	170.7	165.7	-		
Curtains and draperies	2391	21.1	21.3	22.0	21.2	-	16.7	17.0	17.5	17.0	-		
House furnishings, nec		49.9	50.3	50.9	49.9	-	42.5	42.8	43.1	42.4	-		
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	49.6	50.5	54.9	53.0	-	39.8	40.8	44.5	42.7	-		
Paper and allied products		693.4	692.5	689.0	688.1	688.3	524.7	523.2	523.2	521.6	522		
Paper mills		172.9	171.5	168.8	168.8	-	132.2	130.8	130.1	129.4	-		
Paperboard mills		51.8	51.4	50.6	50.2	-	39.7	39.4	38.9	38.8	-		
Paperboard containers and boxes		211.4	212.6	213.4	212.7	-	165.5	166.6	166.7	166.2	-		
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		122.4	122.7	125.9	126.0	-	92.6	92.8	95.0	95.1	-		
Sanitary food containers		17.1	17.0	16.7	16.8	-	15.1	15.0	14.8	14.8	-		
Folding paperboard boxes		48.8	49.0	48.3	47.6		39.4	39.7	39.2	38.7	-		
Misc. converted paper products		243.8	243.8	243.2	243.4	-	176.8	176.4	177.5	177.2	-		
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		46.7	46.5	46.3	46.5	-	22.8	22.7	22.6	22.6	-		
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		37.4 23.7	37.6 23.6	38.3 23.6	38.1 23.3	-	28.1 18.2	28.1 18.2	28.9 18.3	28.6 18.0	-		
	2077	23.1	23.0	23.0	23.3	-	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.0	-		
Printing and publishing Newspapers		1,511.5	1,512.6 452.8		1,527.9 452.7	1,531.6	834.2	835.5 157.9	839.3	837.1 155.0	840		
Periodicals		452.1 127.4	452.6	453.6 129.0	129.7		157.0 43.7	43.6	155.8 42.6	42.4	_		
Books		120.4	119.2			-	65.3	43.0 64.1	67.4	66.5	_		
Book publishing		83.5	82.1	124.8	124.6 86.0	1		33.9	36.5	35.5	_		
		36.9	37.1	86.5 38.3	38.6	-	35.3 30.0	30.2	30.5	35.5	-		
Book printing Miscellaneous publishing		79.7	79.7	79.3	79.5		38.1	37.9	37.9	37.7	_		
Commercial printing		533.9	535.1	546.0	545.7	-	387.4	388.3	395.0	394.5	_		
Commercial printing, lithographic		347.9	348.3	355.3	355.1		251.3	251.3	255.5	254.7			
Commercial printing, nec		166.5	166.8	171.0	170.6	-	120.3	120.7	123.5	123.5	_		
Manifold business forms		46.4	46.3	45.3	44.7	_	32.6	32.8	32.1	31.7	_		
Blankbooks and bookbinding		68.2	68.3	68.8	69.6	_	52.0	52.2	53.0	53.8	_		
Printing trade services		56.3	56.1	54.6	54.5	-	41.1	40.9	39.6	39.4	-		
Chemicals and allied products		1,086.5	1,084.5	1,061.3	1,059.0	1,059.9	574.0	576.1	578.1	575.3	578		
Industrial inorganic chemicals		135.9	135.2	130.9	131.0	_	58.3	58.4	55.5	55.8	_		
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		87.9	87.3	84.2	84.3	-	39.3	39.3	36.1	36.4	-		
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	166.4	166.4	160.4	159.5	-	104.6	105.8	107.1	105.6	-		
Plastics materials and resins	2821	81.2	81.0	80.0	80.2	-	50.6	50.7	51.4	51.2	-		
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	57.1	57.1	52.9	52.0	-	34.9	35.9	37.6	36.5	-		
Drugs	283	267.2	266.8	266.3	265.8	-	117.3	117.4	123.0	122.3	-		
Pharmaceutical preparations		218.3	218.4	218.0	217.3	-	97.3	97.5	102.9	102.6	-		
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		158.0	158.4	154.2	154.3	-	97.5	98.4	96.2	96.3	-		
Soap and other detergents		44.7	44.7	42.6	42.4	- )	26.8	27.3	24.8	24.6	-		
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		43.9	43.6	44.4	44.6	-	25.6	25.5	26.3	26.6	-		
Toilet preparations		69.4	70.1	67.2	67.3	-	45.1	45.6	45.1	45.1	-		
Paints and allied products		59.2	59.0	58.7	58.9	-	31.3	31.2	31.0	31.0	-		
Industrial organic chemicals		152.1	151.3	143.8	144.3	-	79.3	79.5	79.2	79.6	-		
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		26.3	26.2	26.1	25.8	-	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.8	-		
Industrial organic chemicals, nec Agricultural chemicals		123.0 56.1	122.3	115.0	115.8	-	62.2	62.5	62.2	62.8	-		
Miscellaneous chemical products		91.6	55.9 91.5	56.6 90.4	55.7 89.5	-	32.0 53.7	31.9 53.5	32.6 53.5	31.9 52.8	-		
·								ļ			~		
Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining		154.2 113.0	153.8 112.7	150.2 109.0	150.6 109.2	150.0 -	101.3 72.6	101.0 72.3	98.3 70.0	98.7 70.2	9		
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		28.6	28.6		28.9	-	22.2	22.2	21.9	22.0	-		
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	903.0	<b>908</b> .0	940.7	929.5	937.3	697.3	702.7	731.9	721.3	72		
Tires and inner tubes		81.2	81.5	80.7	78.7	-	60.0	59.9	58.4	56.8	-		
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	11.2	10.6	11.5	9.8	-	9.2	8.7	9.5	8.0	-		
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	305	60.4	60.3	63.6	63.7	-	44.9	45.1	48.6	48.8	-		
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		23.6	23.6	25.1	25.1	-	18.1	18.2	19.7	19.7	-		
Fabricated rubber products, nec		101.9	102.8	105.7	104.2	-	76.8	77.9	81.2	79.8	-		
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	200	648.3	652.8	679.2	673.1	_	506.4	511.1	534.2	527.9			

(In thousands)

	1987		Ail	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products	31	114.4	119.1	115.5	110.1	114.4	91.5	95.0	91.9	86.9	91. <sup>-</sup>
Leather tanning and finishing		14.9	15.5			-	12.2	12.8	12.4	11.2	-
Footwear, except rubber		60.7	64.0		57.9	-	50.0	52.6	50.0	47.2	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	30.1	31.4				23.8	24.4	22.4	22.7	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		21.1	21.8	20.7	18.4		18.0	18.8	17.5	15.2	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		10.5	10.6 12.6		10.2 12.3		7.9 8.1	7.7 8.9	7.9 8.6	7.7 8.4	-
Transportation and public utilities		5,797	5,780	5,883			4,851	4,835	4,933	4,896	4,893
Transportation		3,580	3,565	3,698	3,667	3,666	-	-	-	-	_
Railroad transportation		255.2			250.8	249.2	-	-	-	-	-
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>	4011	222.2	217.0	215.9	217.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	321.8	316.5	386.7	331.6	328.3	291.0	285.7	355.4	300.3	-
Local and suburban transportation		171.5	170.7	178.7	177.8	-	155.8	155.2	162.4	161.3	-
Taxicabs		29.2				-	-	-	- '	- 1	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation		21.9				-	19.4	19.5	21.1	20.3	-
School buses	415	70.9	66.8	125.2	73.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,708.8	1,713.2	1,774.2	1,788.2	1,792.8	1,482.1	1,485.3	1,541.8	1,555.0	-
Trucking and courier services, except air		1,580.7				- I	1,375.7	1,378.0	1,430.4	1,442.2	-
Public warehousing and storage		124.0				_	102.8	103.5	107.3	108.7	-
Water transportation	44	175.2	170.2	171.7	177.4	174.3	-	-	_	_	_
Water transportation of freight, nec		13.1	12.7	1		-	_	_	-	_	-
Water transportation services		113.0			117.1	-	100.0	95.5	99.4	104.6	-
Transportation by siz	45	740.1	744.4	700.0	700 7	701.0					
Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled		743.1	741.1 609.9	732.2	732.7 602.2	731.9	-	-		_	_
Air transportation, scheduled		502.3	501.8			-	_	_	_	_	_
Airports, flying fields, and services		100.5					_	_	-	_	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	18.7	18.5	18.0	17.8	17.8	14.5	14.4	14.0	13.9	
T	47	050.0	050.4	000 0	000 5	074.0	070.4	070.0		000.0	
Transportation services		356.8	356.4 185.3			371.3	279.1 145.2	279.3 144.9	289.9 155.3	290.9 155.6	-
Passenger transportation arrangement Travel agencies		150.0				-	145.2	116.6	125.2		-
Freight transportation arrangement		137.3			ł	-	106.0	105.9	107.3		-
•							_		_	_	
Communications and public utilities	•••••	2,217	2,215	2,185	2,183	2,182	_	-	-	-	-
Communications		1,260.7	1,260.7			1,255.4	981.8		965.9	962.9	-
Telephone communications		871.4					660.8			637.7	-
Telephone communications, except radio		809.6		787.7			615.2	613.3	585.8	582.7	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	230.3		1			192.9	192.6	193.5	1	-
Radio broadcasting stations	4832	114.1					- 1	-	-	) -	- (
Television broadcasting stations Cable and other pay television services		116.2					113.6	113.9	- 117.5	- 117.9	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	956.4		1			755.7	755.0	733.2		-
Electric services		433.1		1	1		339.8 128.3		326.6 125.6		- 1
Combination utility services		192.3		1			146.3		1		1 -
Sanitary services		135.8	1			1	116.5			1	-
Wholesale trade		6,004	5,984	6,091	6,095	6,103	4,847	4,832	4,922	4,925	4,92
Durable goods		3,434	3,419	3,478	3,481	3,481	2,745	2,734	2,784	2,789	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	454.8					367.3				1
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		112.8					- 1	-	- 1	-	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts	5013	271.1					-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	137.7					109.7	110.2	116.4	117.5	-
		63.1			68.2	- 1	-	-	-	-	· -
Furniture											

(in thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	·
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued		j	1			]					
Lumber and other construction materials	503	221.1	222.2	233.0	235.9	-	180.2	181.4	191.4	194.1	-
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	115.0	115.8	122.8	123.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction materials, nec	5039	34.9	35.2	37.6	38.3	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Professional and commercial equipment	504	757.7	744.9	739.5	735.3	-	613.7	603.6	592.1	588.8	-
Office equipment	5044	185.6	183.8	186.6	185.2	- 1	i -	-	-	-	-
Computers, peripherals and software		278.7	267.6	251.5	248.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	159.1	159.2	167.3	168.0	-	130.6	131.0	136.9	137.2	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		132.5	132.6	137.3	137.3	-	105.7	105.7	110.5	110.8	-
Electrical goods		445.9			446.7	-	347.1	346.7	349.5	349.8	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment		193.7			196.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets		49.1			47.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic parts and equipment		203.1			203.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		268.5	ſ	276.8	278.7	-	215.2	215.4	223.5	225.2	-
Hardware		93.4		96.5	96.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		107.7	)	110.4		-			-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		725.6		721.3	721.5		572.9	569.8	571.3	572.1	-
Construction and mining machinery		73.4	1	73.8	74.1	-		-	-	-	-
Farm and garden machinery		114.0		115.1	114.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment		291.0		289.2			-	-	-	-	-
Industrial supplies		137.8		136.1	136.4	-	000.1	200.04	-	246.7	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		289.9		306.2	304.9	-	233.1	232.4	248.3	246.7	-
Scrap and waste materials	5093	106.4	106.9	113.1	112.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	2,570	2,565	2.613	2,614	2,622	2,102	2,098	2,138	2,136	_
Paper and paper products		245.6		2,013		2,022	199.5	2,030	212.0	212.7	_
Stationery and office supplies	5112	134.5		142.9		_	155.5	200.0	-		_
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		199.7		198.7	199.6	_	165.4	164.8	162.9	163.5	_
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		205.9		201.9		_	162.3	162.6	158.6	159.3	_
Groceries and related products		857.0		879.2	879.2	-	723.8	722.3	737.4	737.6	_
Groceries, general line		276.1		281.2		_	-	-	-	-	_
Meats and meat products		59.9		60.9		-	_	_	_	_	_
Fresh fruits and vegetables		100.0		102.6		_	-		-	-	-
Farm-product raw materials		110.8		111.2		- 1	89.7	92.6	90.3	89.6	-
Chemicals and allied products		141.1	140.3		1	-	106.3	105.9	104.1	103.3	_
Petroleum and petroleum products		165.6		172.3		-	132.6	132.9	139.5	139.7	-
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		67.9		70.5	1	-	_	-	- [	-	-
Petroleum products, nec		97.7		101.8	101.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	151.4	151.4	154.0	155.3	-	123.9	123.8	125.3	126.6	-
Beer and ale	5181	99.3	99.1	101.7	102.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wine and distilled beverages		52.1	52.3	52.3	52.7	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		492.4	486.1	500.2	497.9	-	398.5	392.7	407.6	404.1	-
Farm supplies	5191	161.0	157.9	166.5	164.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		19,864	19,954	20,487	20,522	20,571	17,510	17,596	18,032	18,049	18,09
Building materials and garden supplies	52	810.8	805.5	876.9	872.9	865.4	674.9	668.5	734.3	730.4	_
Lumber and other building materials		473.1	472.7	515.3			400.7	399.3		443.2	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		66.4	66.0				52.0	51.5			_
Hardware stores		156.9		161.0		_	129.0	128.5	133.3	132.7	_
Retail nurseries and garden stores		86.7	82.5	99.3		-	71.2	67.1	82.5	74.6	-
General merchandise stores		2,407.3	2,416.5	2,388.9	2,406.6	2,422.9	2,245.7	2,254.9		2,245.0	-
Department stores			2,079.6			-	1,945.2				-
Variety stores		151.6		135.4	134.3	-	136.5	135.8	120.0		-
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	539	187.1	185.5	187.3	186.0	-	164.0	162.8	165.5	164.1	-
Food stores		3,233.3	3,227.8	3,259.4	3,265.4	3,267.3	2,947.4	2,943.3	2,965.6	2,970.4	-
Grocery stores	541	2,887.7		2,887.7		-		2,643.0			-
Meat and fish markets		47.6	1 1	51.1	51.6	-	-	-		-	-
Dairy products stores		16.9			19.0	-	-	-	_	- 1	-
Retail bakeries		165.1	164.6		1		147.3	147.3	156.2	155.3	-
					{		1				
Automotive dealers and service stations			2,058.7			2,191.2					-
New and used car dealers	551	917.2	922.8	976.3	983.5	-	764.8	770.2	814.8	820.7	-

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	rkers <sup>1</sup>	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>e</sup>
Retail trade—Continued											
Automotive dealers and service stations—Continued											
Auto and home supply stores	553	347.6	350.3	366.4	370.7	-	276.1	278.0		297.0	-
Gasoline service stations		625.8		637.7	636.1	-	539.9	540.4	549.8	549.2	- 1
Automotive dealers, nec	559	6.8	6.5	5.5	5.4	-	5.8	5.5	4.7	4.6	-
Apparel and accessory stores		1,139.7	r -		1,139.3	1,142.6	937.8	947.2	926.2	929.6	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores		85.2		84.7	83.2	-	68.6	68.3	68.1	66.8	-
Women's clothing stores		358.9	1	351.1	349.6	-	292.4	290.7	282.9	281.6	-
Family clothing stores Shoe stores		313.6 211.4		320.1 209.1	322.8 210.9	-	269.6 166.4	274.2 171.5	273.8 162.7	274.7 165.9	
	1							i i			
Furniture and home furnishings stores		821.2	1	878.2	889.3	898.9	665.9	669.1	711.2	720.5	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		448.5		487.7	491.9	-	364.1	364.7	395.9		-
Furniture stores		269.1		293.7	296.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household appliance stores		74.1		71.7	72.2	-	60.2	60.2	58.0		-
Radio, television, and computer stores		298.6		318.8	325.2	-	241.6		257.3	262.8 115.8	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores Record and prerecorded tape stores		124.7 66.2		136.2 67.9	140.6 68.6	-	102.0 52.7	104.6 53.1	111.7 53.3		-
Eating and drinking places	58	6,985.6	7,044.3	7,310.4	7,297.2	7,302.8	6,329.7	6,386.8	6,608.2	6,591.7	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	2,416.6	2.424.7	2,474.1	2 475 5	2,479.9	2 001 4	2 010 1	2,051.7	2 046 0	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores		588.5		589.2	588.3	-	492.0	491.0	491.5	490.1	_
Liquor stores		114.9		114.5	115.7	_	-		-	-	-
Used merchandise stores		86.0	-	91.4	92.2	1	71.5	72.5	76.1	76.7	- 1
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		846.4		875.2	881.3		699.4	707.8	726.5	729.4	-
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		162.6		180.2	179.3		-	-	-	-	-
Book stores		94.3		99.2	98.3		-	-	-	-	-
Stationery stores		69.0	70.6	72.0	72.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jewelry stores	5944	131.2	131.8	134.1	134.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5947	202.6	201.5	199.8	204.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		58.9				-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonstore retailers		273.2		264.8		-	231.1	231.8	222.3	219.9	-
Catalog and mail-order houses		153.7				-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Merchandising machine operators		70.0		72.1	71.8	-	-		-	- 70 5	- 1
Fuel dealers		95.5					79.2	78.8	80.2		-
Retail stores, nec		412.1		441.4 141.6		1	334.6	335.6	362.3	- 357.7	_
Florists, tobacco stores, and newsstands Optical goods stores		61.0		62.6		1	47.8	48.3	50.3		_
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec		219.3		237.2			176.2	175.9			_
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>3</sup>		6,800		6,867		6,875	4,959		5,014		5,02
Finance		3,244	1	3,282			-	-	_	-	-
Dependence institutions	60	2,098.4	2,091.1	2 055 0	2.058.2	2,054.9	1 5 2 2 3	1 516 1	1,483.7	1 488 1	-
Depository institutions Commercial banks		1,515.3		1,498.4	1 1		1,083.7			1,400.1	-
State commercial banks		622.8					447.9				1
National and commercial banks, nec		892.5				1	635.8	1	1		-
Savings institutions		314.6					-	-	-	-	- 1
Federal savings institutions		167.8	165.6	149.7	148.1	-	-	- 1	-	-	- 1
Savings institutions, except federal	6036	146.8	144.5	131.1	129.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit unions	606	144.5	144.6	147.8	148.0	-	115.1	115.2	117.4	117.6	-
Nondepository institutions		449.1	451.9	484.9		ł		1			
Personal credit institutions	614	128.0				1	95.1	94.7		97.9	- 1
Business credit institutions	1	81.1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage bankers and brokers	616	221.8	224.6	252.6	246.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers	62	472.9					-	-	- 1	-	-
Security brokers and dealers	621	361.1	362.6	388.3	391.8	4 -	- 1	-	-	-	-
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and				1		1		1	1	1	1
exchanges		23.3				1					-
Security and commodity services	628	88.5	88.9	93.5	92.8	-	57.5	58.0	62.0	61.5	-
Holding and other investment offices	67	224.0				1		-	-	-	-
Holding offices		104.5	5 104.4	104.1	104.2		-				

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	es	<del></del>		Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>₽</sup>
inance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Insurance	63,64	2,193	2,191	2,192	2,192	2,185	-	-	-	-	
Insurance carriers		1,527.7	1,525.2				1,055.3				-
Life insurance		564.9			548.2	1	356.3	357.3	360.2		-
Medical service and health insurance		280.6			287.2		228.9	228.5	233.0	233.1	-
Hospital and medical service plans Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		219.2			225.2 540.1	-	183.3 357.7	183.0 356.8	187.1 362.1	186.8 362.7	-
Title insurance		76.8	543.3 78.7	539.5 89.4	87.1	-	- 357.7	- 300.0	- 302.1	-	-
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	665.3	665.6	666.1	667.8	667.5	_	_	-	-	
Real estate	65	1,363	1,363	1,393	1,406	1,411	-	_	_	_	_
Real estate operators and lessors		581.5		587.5	593.2	- 1,411	_	_	_	_	_
Real estate agents and managers		629.5			656.7		_	_	_	-	-
Subdividers and developers		118.5			121.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		30,622	30,658	32,053	32,183	32,235	26,764	26,781	28,031	28,138	28,16
Agricultural services	07	570.7	563.4	619.8	616.7	607.7	480.4	474.1	525.6	523.2	_
Veterinary services		149.9			154.2	1	125.0	125.6	127.3	128.8	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	375.7	368.1	421.2	416.1	- '	318.5	311.4	360.6	356.3	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,709.2	1,707.4	1,712.2	1,743.7	1,735.8	_	-	-	_	-
Hotels and motels	701	1,629.3	1,626.1	1,634.9	1,652.4	-	1,442.9	1,440.2	1,447.0	1,465.8	-
Personal services	72	1,098.7	1,095.8	1,105.7	1,096.3	1,093.1	-	-	-	-	-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		425.9			434.2	J	377.8	378.3	385.6	384.5	-
Photographic studios, portrait		72.2	74.0	76.8	75.4		-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops		384.5	382.7	382.1	381.7	-	343.1	341.6	341.8	340.9	-
Funeral service and crematories Miscellaneous personal services		87.9 109.1	87.2 106.6	89.4 104.0	89.5 97.6		- 91.0	- 89.2	- 86.1	- 80.4	-
Business services	73	5,826.0	5,909.0	6,461.1	6,518.9	6,617.0	5,168.9	5,253.6	5,758.9	5,812.2	_
Advertising	731	229.8	230.0	239.6	242.1	-	168.1	168.5	175.9	176.9	-
Advertising agencies		154.7	155.6	160.4	162.8	-	-	~	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection		116.1	115.7	115.4	115.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services		248.7	251.4	278.9	280.6		-	- 47.4		-	-
Photocopying and duplicating services Services to buildings		56.8 833.7	57.4 835.4	62.8 881.9	63.6 885.1	-	46.5 747.9	47.1 750.8	51.1 792.4	51.9 795.7	-
Disinfecting and pest control services		79.0	79.3	83.0	83.1	_	62.6	62.8	65.8	66.2	_
Building maintenance services, nec		754.7	756.1	798.9	802.0	-	685.3	688.0	726.6	729.5	_
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		219.6	218.6	240.8	243.2	i –	176.1	175.9	193.8	195.8	-
Medical equipment rental		32.5			37.4	-	25.5	25.6	29.3	29.6	-
Heavy construction equipment rental		39.8	39.6		43.5	-	33.7	33.7	36.3	37.2	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec		147.3	1		162.3	0 465 4	116.9	116.6	128.2		-
Personnel supply services Employment agencies		1,945.6	2,021.9			2,465.4	_	_	-	-	_
Help supply services			1,754.1			_	1.639.2	1,702.6	1.973.8	2.006.9	-
Computer and data processing services		907.2	911.6		989.5	- 1	735.7	739.8	793.4	802.4	-
Computer programming services	7371	189.5	189.9	205.7	207.4	-	156.3	158.0	173.4	174.3	-
Prepackaged software		146.5		152.7	155.2		-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design		111.8					84.0	83.9	90.6	91.7	-
Data processing and preparation Information retrieval services		212.5			230.5 57.3		- 39.0	38.6	- 42.7	- 43.6	-
Computer maintenance and repair		49.3					39.0	34.2	35.4	43.0 35.5	_
Miscellaneous business services		1,325.3		1			1,162.7	1		-	-
Detective and armored car services		484.5			505.0		452.3	454.1	470.2		-
Security systems services		42.0			42.3		35.7	35.2	35.7	36.3	-
Photofinishing laboratories		72.6	72.5	71.7	70.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking		955.4	960.9				787.8	791.7	1		-
Automotive rentals, without drivers		173.7		195.8	197.7		140.3		160.1	1	
Passenger car rental Automobile parking		106.7	1	121.8 62.7	123.3 61.9	1	86.1 53.3	87.5 53.5	)	1	
Automotive repair shops		543.4		593.1	596.5	1	441.7	444.4	1	1	1
Automotive repair shops		186.8					153.7	153.9	168.8	1	
						1					1

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	'kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug 1994
Services—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking-Continued		{									1
Automotive services, except repair	754	178.2	178.0	198.3	198.9	-	152.5	152.1	169.3	169.9	i –
Carwashes		102.0	100.9	115.5	114.4		89.6	88.2	101.6	100.5	-
	70	0000	007.5	000 7	000 4	007.0	000.0	000.0	200.0	210.2	
Miscellaneous repair services Electrical repair shops		366.9	367.5 111.9	382.7 117.3	386.4 118.6	387.2	299.0	298.9	309.9	312.3	-
	/02	111.0	111.9	117.3	110.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	78	418.7	426.8	478.0	488.6	506.9	349.0	355.7	397.7	407.2	-
Motion picture production and services	781	147.6	155.7	194.9	201.2		118.6	126.5	159.4	165.4	-
Motion picture theaters	783	121.9	119.8	123.6	125.7	-	-	-	-	-	! -
Video tape rental	784	134.0	136.0	143.6	145.6	-	110.3	111.3	118.2	119.6	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,445.8	1,449.0	1,455.7	1,472.1	1,457.7	1,281.4	1,278.9	1,290.2	1,304.2	_
Bowling centers		72.8	75.7	74.3	71.7		63.7	66.5	65.3	62.9	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		1,084.6				_	971.9	967.5	959.6	991.3	-
Physical fitness facilities		127.3	127.3	129.0			113.5	113.4	115.7	115.1	
Membership sports and recreation clubs		368.4	366.1	372.3		_	328.5	325.5	331.1	343.2	-
Health services			8,823.5			· ·	7,824.4	7,827.4		8,035.2	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		1,521.3				-	1,243.8	1,246.2		1,282.9	•
Offices and clinics of dentists		562.6		592.0		-	492.7	493.8	518.2		
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		359.2	360.7	390.6		-	296.4	297.6	322.6	321.0	[ -
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists		157.4	157.6	167.3		-	-	-	-	-	·
Nursing and personal care facilities		1,584.6		1,637.1	1,643.2	-	1,430.6	1,435.0	1,476.0	1,481.1	] ·
Skilled nursing care facilities	. 8051	1,133.7	1,137.5	1,173.2	1,177.8	-	-	-	-	-	· ·
Intermediate care facilities		223.3	223.6	230.4	230.3	-	201.0	201.0	206.8	206.4	-
Nursing and personal care, nec	8059	227.6	228.3	233.5	235.1	-	-	-	-	-	.
Hospitals	. 806	3,808.2	3,798.5	3,798.3	3,805.2	3,799.1	3,492.0	3,480.8	3,476.1	3,477.9	-
General medical and surgical hospitals	. 8062	3,504.7	3,497.4	3,498.8	3,505.7	-	-	-	-	-	.
Psychiatric hospitals	. 8063	96.6	95.2	95.0	94.4		-	-	-	-	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	8069	206.9	205.9	204.5	205.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and dental laboratories	. 807	192.3	192.8	202.5	204.5	-	-	-	-	-	[ -
Home health care services	. 808	466.5	470.0	534.2	537.2	-	433.0	436.0	493.7	496.2	-
Legal services	. 81	945.7	938.4	955.2	958.2	952.6	763.9	756.4	767.6	770.1	-
Educational services	82	1,466.1	1,447.5	1,581.0	1,513.4	1,484.9	_	-	_	-	_
Elementary and secondary schools		451.8	447.2	492.7		-	_	_	-	-	] _
Colleges and universities		805.8	793.1	878.5		-	-	-	-	-	¦ .
Vocational schools		71.8	72.0				-	-	-	-	-
	00	0.004 5	0.000.7	0.040.4	0.044.0	0.049.5	1.818.1	1 014 1	1,940.2	1.947.7	
Social services		2,094.5		2,240.1 586.9		2,248.5	500.3	1,814.1 496.2	509.4		
Individual and family services Job training and related services		306.6					260.6		264.1	278.1	
Child day care services		442.7	445.6				389.5	390.4	464.7	434.6	
Residential care		577.0					504.8	508.5	539.8	545.5	
Social services, nec		192.9	1	195.5			162.9	163.8	162.2	173.3	. ]
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	1	82.4	81.7			85.8	-	-	-	-	.
Membership organizations		2 009 6	2,067.8	2,086.1	2,118.1	2,085.4	_	-	_	_	
Business associations		106.1	109.8						-		
Professional organizations		53.1			1		37.7	37.3	39.3	38.7	
Labor organizations		136.7					- 37.7	- 37.3	- 39.3		
Civic and social associations		501.7					-	-	-	-	
<b>_</b>				0.010-	0.000 -	0.005 0	1 050 5			0.000.0	
Engineering and management services	. 87	2,553.8	( -			2,635.9	1,958.0 636.5				
Engineering and architectural services		772.8					504.2	1	1		
Engineering services							89.3				
Architectural services		114.4	1		1			1			
Surveying services		51.5				1	43.0				
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	070	500.0	499.1	515.2	518.8	-	363.0	360.5	376.4	378.2	

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>°</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994⁰
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management servicesContinued											
Research and testing services	873	582.8	580.8	585.0	588.8	_	440.9	439.7	448.0	451.7	- 1
Commercial physical research		244.4	243.8	240.2		-	174.0		175.8	177.0	-
Commercial nonphysical research		106.2	105.2	114.8	114.2	_	84.6	83.5	91.1	90.9	-
Noncommercial research organizations		148.9	148.2	147.8	150.9		115.6	115.3	114.9		-
Management and public relations		698.2	699.0		-	-	517.6	515.1	530.7	534.4	-
Management services		263.3	264.2	265.5	263.6		189.5	189.9	189.5	187.8	_
Management consulting services		227.6		236.0		_	163.5	165.8	176.2	178.4	_
Public relations services		32.1	31.9			-	23.2	22.7	23.3	23.2	-
Services, nec	89	41.0	40.8	40.7	40.9	40.9	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.7	-
Government		17,829	17,646	19,092	17,988	17,820	-	-	-	-	
Federal Government <sup>4</sup>		2,928	2,923	2,885	2,883	2,877	-	-	-	-	
Executive, by agency⁴		2,860.4	2,856.4	2,819.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Defense		870.4	865.0	835.8	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	-
Postal Service <sup>5</sup>		783.2	785.9	810.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other executive agencies		1,206.8	1,205.5	1,172.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legislative		39.8	38.7	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial		27.8	27.7	27.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		86.7	86.1	77.7	76.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ship building and repairing	. 3731	49.5	49.3	43.2	42.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal											
Service		31.2		2 <del>9</del> .2	29.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		394.8	395.9	382.7	383.9	-	-	- (	-	-	-
Hospitals	. 806	234.5	233.7	228.9	229.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
State government		4,256	4,241	4,398	4,312	4,301	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals		416.2		407.8		-	-	-	-	-	-
Education		1,542.9	1,543.8	1,674.4	1,573.2	1,574.7	-	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1 795 4	1,779.8	1 814 6	1 821 7	_	_	_	_	_	_
State government, except education			2,696.8			2,726.2	-	-	-	-	-
Local government		10,645	10,482	11,809	10,793	10,642	-	-	-	_	-
Transportation and public utilities		457.3					_	-	-	-	-
Hospitals		682.5		690.4		-	-	-	-	_	-
Education			5,190.9			5,285.5	-	-	-		_
General administration, including executive, legislative,		·		-							
and judicial functions			3,737.3				-	-	-	-	-
Local government, except education		0,372.0	5,290.6	5,308.6	0,430.6	0,300.7	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, <sup>2</sup> Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.
 <sup>4</sup> Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

the National Security Agency.

Includes rural mail carriers. Data not available.

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P = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are unprovided for the survey of the introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-13. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	May 1993	June 1993	Apr. 1994	May 1994	June 1994
Total	53,584	53,647	54,564	54,903	55,065
Total private	43,146	43,441	43,967	44,253	44,688
aoods-producing	6,517	6,554	6,459	6,495	6,569
Mining	88	89	86	86	87
Construction	518	526	531	540	552
Manufacturing	5,911	5,939	5,842	5,869	5,930
Durable goods	2,705	2,710	2,692	2.704	2,729
Lumber and wood products	113	115	118	119	122
Furniture and fixtures	147	148	150	152	153
Stone, clay, and glass products	102	148	102	103	104
Primary metal industries	92	92	93	95	96
			297	299	303
Fabricated metal products	293	295			
Industrial machinery and equipment	421	420	419	422	427
Electronic and other electrical equipment	642	643	647	648	654
Transportation equipment	356	355	347	348	350
Instruments and related products	368	367	352	351	351
Miscellaneous manufacturing	171	172	168	168	169
Nondurable goods	3,206	3,229	3,150	3,165	3,201
Food and kindred products	522	535	516	521	537
Tobacco products	13	13	12	11	11
Textile mill products	324	325	318	318	319
Apparel and other textile products	773	772	732	736	739
Paper and allied products	168	170	163	164	168
Printing and publishing	672	671	679	680	682
Chemicals and allied products	338	342	330	332	336
Petroleum and coal products	24	25	24	24	25
Rubber and misc. plastics products	308	310	314	316	32
Leather and leather products	65	65	64	64	65
ervice-producing	47,067	47,093	48,105	48,408	48,496
Transportation and public utilities	1,699	1,705	1,694	1,712	1,717
Wholesale trade	1,817	1,821	1,835	1,846	1,858
Retail trade	10,398	10,505	10,442	10,614	10,777
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,237	4,273	4,284	4,287	4,325
Services	18,478	18,583	19,253	19,299	19,442
Government	10,438	10,206	10,597	10,650	10,37
Federal	1,212	1,219	1,198	1,198	1,203
State	2,273	2,167	2,339	2,313	2,190
			7,060	7,139	6.98
Local	6,953	6,820	7,060	7,139	6,

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining	i	C	Construction	ו
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994°
labama	1,710,7	1,742.4	1,726.2	10.8	10.3	10.3	81.1	81.5	81
Birmingham		427.2	425.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	21.2	22.3	22
Huntsville	161.9	160.2	156.5	(')	(')	(')	6.2	5.8	
Mobile	196.5	202.1	201.0	Ö	()	(')	14.2	14.1	1-
Montgomery		145.3	145.6	Ö	()	(1)	7.1	6.9	
Tuscaloosa		69.3	69.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	4.1	4.2	
laska	270.8	269.0	275.6	10.4	10.0	10.2	14.3	14.5	1
Anchorage	120.7	123.3	124.2	3.3	3.1	3.1	7.5	7.6	
rizona		1,616.1	1,603.8	12.6	12.2	12.3	91.3	104.4	10
Phoenix-Mesa Tucson		1,089.4 277.8	1,081.8 275.8	4.6 2.3	4.5 2.1	4.5 2.1	61.9 16.0	71.3 18.6	7
rkansas	985.9	1,022.6	1,013.3	3.7	3.5	3.6	39.7	41.8	4
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers		121.7	121.5	(')	(')	(')	4.5	4.8	
Fort Smith		88.8	88.7	.8	.9	1.0	3.1	3.3	
Little Rock-North Little Rock		278.3	276.6	(')	(')	()	12.5	12.8	1
Pine Bluff		34.9	34.4	ŏ	ö	ĕ	1.1	1.0	
alifornia	11,973.8	11.998.7	11,929.3	34.9	32.2	32.1	460.2	459.4	46
Bakersfield		174.8	169.4	11.3	10.5	10.3	8.8	8.5	
Fresno	. 255.6	256.6	258.3	.6	.6	.6	13.2	13.5	1
Los Angeles-Long Beach		3,677.7	3,648.4	7.5	6.8	6.9	99.7	98.9	9
Modesto	125.3	121.6	128.2	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	6.9	7.0	
Oakland	862.4	861.0	855.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	41.1	40.5	4
Orange County	1,117.9	1,122.9	1,113.6	.9	.9	.9	45.1	45.0	4
Riverside-San Bernardino		741.4	732.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	40.2	39.7	4
Sacramento	552.6	562.1	560.2	.5	.5	.5	27.1	28.2	2
Salinas		107.2	107.8	.3	.3	.3	3.7	3.4	
San Diego		936.8	929.4	.5	.5	.5	41.0	39.7	4
San Francisco		903.7	901.5	.7	.6	.6	26.3	26.1	2
San Jose		785.5	784.5	.2	.2	.2	26.9	27.2	2
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		142.5	140.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.0	
Santa Rosa		147.0	144.0	.6	.7	.7	7.9	8.4	1
Stockton-Lodi		154.7	160.4	.1	.1	.1	6.5	6.2	(
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa Ventura		141.1 226.4	141.3 224.9	.4 2.2	.5 2.2	.5 2.1	9.1 9.3	9.2 9.8	1
Colorado	1,672.8	1,723.3	1,718.3	16.0	15.2	15.3	90.9	89.6	9
Bouider-Longmont		138.2	137.4	(')	(1)	(')	5.6	5.6	, i
Denver		929.5	926.0	8.6	8.0	8.0	49.3	44.7	46
Connecticut		1,545.9	1,530.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	50.8	48.4	5
Bridgeport	175.2	174.8	172.1	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	5.4	5.0	
Danbury		84.4	84.3	0 1	()	()	3.0	3.0	
Hartford	578.0	592.9	587.6	(')	(')	(')	20.0	21.7	2
New Haven-Meriden		233.2	231.6	(')	(')	(')	8.3	8.5	
Stamford-Norwalk		185.9	185.4	(')	C	(')	5.1	5.1	
Waterbury	80.4	80.6	79.8	(²)	(2)	(²)	2.7	2.9	:
Delaware		364.7	360.4	.1	.1	.1	19.2	19.9	2
Wilmington-Newark	270.8	276.4	273.3	.2	.2	.2	14.9	14.7	13
District of Columbia Washington PMSA		665.0 2,350.3	677.5 2,341.8	.1 .8	.1 .9	.1 .9	8.5 105.7	8.9 108.5	109
lorida		5,756.2	5,680.7	6.0	6.2	6.3	287.1	300.4	30
Daytona Beach		140.6	138.9	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2) 0.3	7.4	7.3	30
Fort Lauderdale		563.2	554.1	.2	.2	.2	31.8	31.6	3
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		136.2	133.4	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	11.0	11.7	1
Gainesville		101.1	100.8	(2)	(2)	(²)	3.6	3.4	
Jacksonville	440.0	452.2	449.2	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	23.3	24.8	2
Lakeland-Winter Haven		156.1	153.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	7.0	7.3	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		169.8	168.3	(²)	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	8.1	8.4	
Miami		924.7	916.7	.4	.4	.4	38.2	40.2	4
Orlando		683.7	677.8	(2)	(²)	(2)	33.3	36.1	Э
Pensacola		139.1	136.9	(2)	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	8.3	9.6	
Sarasota-Bradenton		214.0	210.0	(2)	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	9.5	9.6	
Tallahassee		133.7	133.6	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	5.1	5.4	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		922.2	910.6	.4	.5	.5	40.7	40.9	4
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	356.0	371.1	364.0	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	21.1	20.9	2

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	lanufacturine	9		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Nabama	379.2	386.4	380.5	85.6	85.5	85.3	376.8	386.2	385
Birmingham	50.9	52.4	52.1	30.0	29.5	29.7	101.6	103.7	103
								i i	
Huntsville	36.3	37.6	33.8	3.2	3.3	3.3	30.4	31.1	31
Mobile	28.3	28.1	27.9	11.4	11.1	11.0	49.8	53.0	53
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	17.4 10.4	17.8 10.8	17.8 11.0	6.0 2.3	6.2 2.2	6.0 2.2	32.3 15.0	33.1 15.3	33 15
					ĺ				54
Anchorage	26.7 2.4	19.4 2.0	25.5 2.3	24.8 13.2	24.7 13.0	25.1 13.3	52.0 26.7	53.7 28.2	28
Irizona	174.0	181.3	181.9	77.8	79.8	79.7	379.7	397.4	394
Phoenix-Mesa	133.8	137.8	137.9	54.4	56.2	56.4	252.9	267.4	265
Tucson	24.0	27.1	27.5	11.5	11.5	11.4	62.7	65.1	64
rkansas	244.9	252.7	252.9	57.3	57.1	57.3	221.7	226.7	227
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	32.4	33.8	33.8	8.0	8.2	8.3	29.4	32.2	32
Fort Smith	26.2	27.6	28.0	5.0	5.4	5.5	17.7	17.6	17
			1					65.6	65
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.3	34.1	34.4	17.2	17.6	17.7	63.1		00
Pine Bluff	7.2	7.5	7.6	2.0	1.9	2.0	7.2	7.2	
alifornia	1,813.1	1,750.9	1,765.5	605.5	594.4	597.6	2,786.6	2,760.0	2,759 40
Bakersfield	10.2	10.2	10.3	8.5	8.3	8.3	40.9	40.9	
Fresno	31.2	29.9	31.5	13.0	12.7	12.8	63.1	62.1	6
Los Angeles-Long Beach	658.1	640.9	632.4	198.3	195.4	196.0	819.1	804.6	80
Modesto	28.0	21.8	30.2	5.7	5.6	5.8	30.9	31.5	3
Oakland	102.7	99.6	100.1	55.9	53.6	53.4	203.2	201.8	202
Orange County	210.2	206.5	206.1	37.3	38.3	38.7	275.8	272.0	27
Riverside-San Bernardino	85.8	85.3	85.6	36,8	37.1	37.0	192.9	195.0	194
Sacramento	37.2	36.9	37.6	24.3	24.1	24.2	125.8	126.4	12
Salinas	9.7	9.6	9.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	28.5	28.1	2
San Diego			109.5		35.5	35.8	220.9	215.3	214
	115.8	109.2		35.7					18
San Francisco	74.1	74.5	73.6	76.8	73.7	74.1	189.8	187.7	
San Jose	232.1	225.0	226.4	23.2	22.5	22.5	156.1	152.6	152
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	18.5	17.7	17.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	34.3	34.7	34
Santa Rosa	20.1	20.3	20.4	5.8	5.7	5.7	36.4	36.4	36
Stockton-Lodi	27.3	21.8	28.5	10.4	10.0	10.9	38.4	38.0	38
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	14.6 30.4	14.1 29.9	14.3 29.6	5.9 10.1	5.9 10.5	6.2 10.5	36.0 53.5	34.6 53.8	34 54
colorado	188.9	191.2	191.8	104.6	103.2	102.8	407.9	426.3	429
Bouider-Longmont Denver	29.7 90.5	30.2 89.6	30.7 90.0	3.4 74.3	3.5 72.7	3.5 72.3	28.7 221.6	29.5 230.2	29 231
	289.2	286.5	280.8	68.0	69.7	68.0	329.2	328.6	32
Connecticut								37.6	36
Bridgeport	43.5	42.7	41.4	7.1	7.0	6.9	37.8	20.9	20
Danbury	20.7	20.8	20.3	2.6	2.8	2.7	21.1	_	
Hartford	95.8	95.7	93.9	23.5	24.8	24.0	118.6	122.6	12
New Haven-Meriden	41.6	40.9	40.1	16.3	15.8	15.8	49.5	48.0	4
Stamford-Norwalk	30.0 16.6	28.7 17.7	28.4 16.7	8.2 3.3	8.7 3.4	8.7 3.4	43.3 15.8	42.2 15.9	4 1
	65.5	63.6	60.8	14.6	15.4	15.1	78.3	81.6	8
Delaware Wilmington-Newark	50.3	48.7	45.4	12.9	13.2	13.2	54.5	55.6	5
District of Columbia	13.8	14.1	14.0	21.6	21.5	21.3	52.9	53.4	50
Washington PMSA	92.1	95.3	95.4	105.3	105.1	105.7	439.6	442.6	44
łorida	480.8	482.5	480.0	285.9	286.9	285.7	1,433.8	1,484.4	1,47
Daytona Beach	12.7	13.4	13.4	3.9	3.7	3.7	39.0	39.5	3
Fort Lauderdale	40.3	40.5	40.3	25.6	26.4	26.3	151.8	159.1	15
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.9	34.8	37.8	3
Gainesville	5.2	5.2	5.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	20.0	20.7	2
Jacksonville	34.9	34.6	34.5	32.4	32.9	32.6	113.8	115.0	11
Lakeland-Winter Haven	18.7	19.6	19.7	7.7	8.0	7.9	41.4	43.4	4
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	28.6	28.7	28.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	36.8	38.8	3
			81.4		73.4	4.7 73.2	232.2	239.7	23
Miami	81.5	82.4		72.8			1	1	
Orlando	51.7	52.3	52.0	37.4	37.7	37.6	161.0	165.4	16
Pensacola	11.2	11.3	11.3	6.1	5.9	5.9	33.4	34.8	3
Sarasota-Bradenton	17.7	18.8	18.7	5.3	5.1	5.1	48.9	50.3	4
T-8.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	3.2	3.1	3.1	28.6	29.4	2
Tailahassee									
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	87.0	87.8	87.7	41.4	42.6	42.5	225.6	231.9	22

# B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and and		ance, insurar nd real estat	- ,		Services			Government	1
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994°
Nabama		77.5	77.7	364.2	369.0	369.2	336.7	346.0	336.
Birmingham		31.4	31.5	115.4	118.0	117.8	65.5	67.0	65.
Huntsville		4.5	4.6	42.2	39.7	40.0	39.0	38.2	37.
Mobile		8.4	8.5	52.3	54.2	54.3	32.1	33.2	32.
Montgomery		8.4	8.4	35.2	35.7	36.0	37.0	37.2	37.
Tuscaloosa	2.3	2.3	2.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	20.4	21.1	20.
Naska		11.6	11.7	60.8	61.6	62.3	70.3	73.5	70.
Anchorage	7.0	7.1	7.0	32.3	33.2	33.2	28.3	29.1	28.
rizona		102.7	103.1	446.9	469.3	468.1	257.0	269.0	259.
Phoenix-Mesa		82.3	82.5	305.3	323.1	321.1	144.5	146.8	142.
Tucson	12.3	12.4	12.6	81.6	82.9	83.2	53.3	58.1	55.
Arkansas		41.7	41.8	222.6	230.8	231.5	155.3	168.3	156.
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers		4.3	4.4	21.2	22.2	21.9	14.6	16.2	15
Fort Smith		2.9	2.9	23.4	22.0	22.6	8.1	9.1	7.
Little Rock-North Little Rock		16.6	16.6	75.8	77.2	77.0	51.0	54.4	52
Pine Bluff	1.3	1.4	1.3	7.9	8.1	8.2	7.3	7.8	7.
California		772.4	770.5	3,479.1	3,500.4	3,507.7	2,005.3	2,129.0	2,030.
Bakersfield		5.9	5.9	39.4	41.4	41.2	42.8	49.1	44
Fresho		14.2	14.1	64.5	62.3	64.2	55.7	61.3	59.
Los Angeles-Long Beach		241.5	241.0	1,137.1	1,151.0	1,150.9	520.7	538.6	518
Modesto	5.0	4.7	4.7	27.9	28.4	28.5	20.9	22.6	20.
Oakland		57.6	57.7	235.4	236.5	236.8	162.5	168.4	161
Orange County		89.5	89.1	335.7	339.0	340.0	120.8	131.7	122
Riverside-San Bernardino		31.3	31.2	185.9	193.6	192.4	149.9	158.1	150
Sacramento		40.9	40.9	141.4	141.9	141.9	155.3	163.2	159
Salinas		6.4	6.4	28.1	27.9	28.2	27.3	26.3	26
San Diego		58.9	58.8	294.3	292.1	295.0	172.0	185.6	175
San Francisco		100.5	100.5	309.6	310.8	312.9	126.6	129.8	125
San Jose		30.5	30.5	234.9	238.6	236.6	86.7	88.9	87
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		7.1	7.0	42.9	42.4	42.3	27.2	30.0	27
Santa Rosa		10.1	10.1	38.7	40.1	39.8	21.1	25.3	22.
Stockton-Lodi		8.4	8.4	35.4	35.8	35.9	32.2	34,4	32
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		5.3	5.3	36.5	37.2	37.4	35.1	34.3	32
Ventura		12.2	12.3	63.9	64.4	64.0	43.3	43.6	42.
Colorado		109.9	110.5	476.7	489.3	493.4	280.5	298.6	283
Boulder-Longmont		5.1	5.1	38.5	39.7	39.8	22.4	24.6	23
Denver		73.2	73.6	262.0	270.8	272.7	132.2	140.3	132
Connecticut	140.7	138.1	137.6	447.4	461.5	464.5	196.8	212.1	202
Bridgeport	10.9	11.0	11.0	51.8	52.3	52.5	18.7	19.2	18
Danbury		4.0	4.0	22.2	22.3	22.8	9.9	10.6	10
Hartford		77.2	77.1	154.7	163.9	163.6	84.8	87.0	84
New Haven-Meriden		14.6	14.7	76.1	74.2	73.3	30.9	31.2	30
Stamford-Norwalk		20.3	20.2	63.8	63.5	64.3	16.5	17.4	16
Waterbury	4.3	4.3	4.2	25.0	23.5	24.0	12.7	12.9	12
elaware		37.2	37.5	91.1	96.3	95.7	47.6	50.6	49
Wilmington-Newark	30.6	32.0	32.2	72.8	76.2	75.9	34.6	35.8	35.
District of Columbia		30.4	30.8 133.0	252.8 816.4	254.5 834.4	255.4 833.1	303.6	282.1 630.6	293 623
Washington PMSA		132.9			034.4		639.5		023
lorida		366.4	367.5	1,812.7	1,919.6	1,910.4	831.1	909.8	854
Daytona Beach		6.2	6.2	42.6	44.9	44.9	22.9	25.6	23
Fort Lauderdale		40.8	41.0	174.9	184.9	183.8	70.9	79.7	73 20
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		8.3	8.3	41.7	44.7	44.0	20.0	22.1	20
Gainesville		4.5	4.5	28.3 130.8	29.8 136.2	29.8 135.4	35.9 60.0	35.6 63.9	61
Jacksonville Lakeland-Winter Haven		44.4 7.6	44.7 7.6	39.2	41.8	41.8	22.2	25.8	23
									23
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		5.8	5.9	56.6	58.1	57.8	23.1	25.2	
Miami		63.8	64.1	275.3	289.5	289.0	123.0	135.3	130
Orlando		40.0	40.4	253.8	271.1	272.6	71.3	80.6	7:
Pensacola		5.3	5.3	43.3	44.0	43.9	27.1	27.9	26
Sarasota-Bradenton		10.5	10.4	91.5	94.8	94.2	22.1	24.8	22
Tallahassee		5.3	5.4	31.5	32.0	32.1	51.6	53.7	5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		66.5	66.5	310.2	328.0	327.7	112.8	124.0	114
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	25.4	25.1	25.4	127.3	133.5	132.7	43.8	48.9	4

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		c	Construction	I
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	3,112.1	3,257.8	3,239.8	7.5	7.4	7.4	133.3	140.3	138
Albany	51.5	53.5	50.0	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	2.7	2.6	2
Athens	59.9	62.9	60.2	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.0	1.9	1.
Atlanta	1,642.9	1,728.4	1,728.3	1.5	1.3	) í 1.3	71.2	79.6	79.
Augusta-Aiken	186.7	190.7	188.2	.5	.5	.5	11.4	11.0	11
Columbus	101.2	102.9	102.0	(')	(')	(')	4.2	4.3	4
Macon	131.7	135.8	133.4	1.1	· · · · 1.1	1.1	4.2	4.7	4
Savannah	119.5	121.8	121.2	()	()	e "''	6.0	5.8	6
ławali	539.6	534.3	529.5	Ċ	(')	(')	32.7	29.1	29
Honolulu	413.1	410.4	404.6	(')	(')	(')	24.2	21.7	21.
daho	441.3	465.8	464.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	27.5	30.1	31
Boise City	160.0	170.2	168.3	(')	(')	(')	11.2	12.2	12.
Ilinois	5,333.2	5,442.1	5,410.4	14.5	15.8	15.8	212.6	212.1	216.
Bloomington-Normal	66.3	69.3	68.9	(')	(')	(')	2.3	2.4	2.
Champaign-Urbana	89.0	89.2	88.6	- ĕ	ö	ĕ	3.1	3.0	3.
Chicago	3,732.7	3,798.1	3,796.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	144.4	146.0	149
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	166.2	172.9	3,796.0		(') 2.2	(') 2.2	8.4	8.3	8.
				(')			3.1	2.9	2.
Decatur	54.3	55.0	53.4	()	(') (')	()			2
Kankakee	39.1	39.8	.39.8	()	(')	()	2.0	2.1	2
Peoria-Pekin	151.4	155.3	147.7	(')	(')	( <u>)</u>	7.8	7.9	
Rocklord Springfield	155.7 105.6	160.7 109.1	161.4 108.4	(') (')	(') (')	() ()	6.5 4.8	6.1 4.7	6. 4.
							Ì	107.7	400
ndiana	2,570.7	2,645.1	2,624.6	6.8	6.4	6.4	127.8	127.7	132
Bloomington	56.6	56.0	56.0	()	(')	()	2.9	2.8	3.
Elkhart-Goshen	107.8	112.4	111.6	(')	(')	(')	3.9	3.7	3.
Evansville-Henderson	140.5	141.3	140.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	8.9	8.7	9.
Fort Wayne	241.5	250.3	249.8	(')	(')	(')	12.6	11.9	12.
Gary	242.2	244.2	240.9	(')	(')	()	14.5	14.1	14.
Indianapolis	730.2	744.5	745.4	.8	.5	.5	38.2	38.2	39.
Kokomo	49.2	50.0	49.6	(')	()	(') [	1.4	1.3	1.
Lafayette	81.9	81.9	83.2	Ö	(')	(')	3.3	3.3	3.
Muncie	55.2	57.4	56.7	ë l	- ĕ -	Č	2.9	2.3	2.
South Bend	118.9	124.0	122.6	ĕ	ĕ	Ö	6.7	6.8	7.
Terre Haute	63.1	63.2	62.6	.4	.4	.4	3.8	3.4	3.
lowa	1,267.8	1,328.4	1,302.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	54.7	55.2	56.
Cedar Rapids	98.6	102.4	100.9	C)	()	()	5.3	5.7	5.
Des Moines	242.2	252.8	251.7	()	(')	()	10.3	11.2	11.
Dubuque	47.6	48.8	48.5	Ö	Ö	()	1.9	1.6	1.
lowa Čity	57.6	61.9	59.6	0 1	- ĕ - I	Ö	2.2	2.2	2.
Sioux City	59.6	60.7	59.9	ĕ	- ĕ -	Č)	2.7	2.7	2
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	63.6	65.3	64.5	ĕ	ĕ	ĕ	2.6	2.6	2.
Kansas	1,128.9	1,171.0	1,147,1	9.0	8.8	8.8	51.3	53.6	55.
Lawrence	37.6	38.4	37.7	(')	(')	(')	1.7	1.8	1.
Topeka	94.0	97.4	95.7	l ĕ l	- ĕ -	ĕ	4.0	4.1	4
Wichita	248.7	250.6	247.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.9	12.4	12.
Kentucky	1,530.1	1,565.7	1,559.1	27.4	28.8	28.6	74.6	71.6	74.
Lexington	234.7	238.1	239.5	.2	.2	.2	12.5	12.1	12.
Louisville	497.0	509.1	510.7	.6	.6	.6	24.9	25.0	25
Owensboro	38.8	39.7	39.6	.6	.5	.5	2.5	2.4	2
Louisiana	1,640.9	1,684.1	1.681.3	45.8	46.3	46.4	96.6	105.6	104
Alexandria	49.5	50.8	50.5	-0.0	-0.0	.2	3.3	3.5	3
Baton Rouge		259.4	260.9	.9	.9	.9	30.9	31.3	31
		61.6	61.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	3.2	3.2	3
Houma		137.9	138.4	11.2	11.2	11.2	6.8	7.2	7
Lafayette			74.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	6.9	6.9	7
Lake Charles	72.5	73.9							3
Monroe	61.6	62.4	62.7	.3	.3	.3	3.1	3.0	
New Orleans	569.6 154.1	572.5 159.5	574.9 159.9	14.2	13.9 3.0	13.9 3.0	25.4 8.0	25.0 8.4	24 8
Maine Lewiston-Auburn	526.2 38.5	534.4 40.7	529.4 39.7	(²)	.1 (²)	(²)	23.5 1.7	23.1 1.7	23
Portland	126.7	126.8	126.1	(2)	é	(°)	5.6	5.6	5
	1 120.7	1 120.0	120.1	1 10		1 17	U 0.0	0.0	

# B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	lanufacturing	)		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	iil trade
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994
ieorgia	554.8	569.2	564.0	201.6	207.8	208.4	779.4	798.9	79
Albany	7.5	7.5	6.2	2.8	3.2	3.2	12.8	13.2	11
Athens	10.8	11.1	10.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	14.9	14.2	14
Atlanta	194.9				140.8	141.2	439.5	454.1	454
Augusta Aikon		200.1	198.5	138.9					45
Augusta-Aiken	44.9	44.0	44.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	39.7	39.9	
Columbus	20.7	20.4	20.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	22.9	23.1	2
Macon	18.8	18.5	18.3	5.2	5.4	5.3	31.1	31.1	3
Savannah	18.2	17.3	16.7	9.3	9.5	9.6	30.3	29.9	3
awaii	19.7	17.9	17.7	41.2	39.8	39.8	135.0	129.5	13
Honolulu	14.2	13.3	13.2	34.0	32.4	32.5	101.4	97.5	9
aho	70.9	73.6	74.0	20.9	21.3	21.5	111.3	116.8	11
Boise City	28.8	32.1	31.5	8.0	7.8	7.8	38.5	39.8	4
inois	936.0	942.4	929.9	308.2	312.5	311.5	1,250.3	1,282.0	1,28
Bloomington-Normal	7.3	8.1	8.2	2.6	2.9	2.9	15.6	15.7	1,20
Champaign-Urbana	10.2	10.2	10.1	2.0	2.6	2.5	18.8	19.5	1
Chicago	639.8	640.9	638.7			227.2	874.5	897.5	90
				224.3	227.4				
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	28.5	29.1	29.1	8.0	8.3	8.3	46.9	48.8	4
Decatur	12.7	13.1	11.3	5.2	5.1	5.1	12.3	12.4	1
Kankakee	6.8	6.8	6.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.9	9.9	
Peoria-Pekin	31.3	31.6	24.2	7.9	8.1	8.1	35.9	37.2	3
Rockford	47.6	50.4	50.8	6.5	6.7	6.8	33.4	34.2	3
Springfield	4.0	4.2	4.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	21.8	23.1	2
liana	639.5	655.4	653.4	133.8	137.2	136.4	609.3	620.1	61
lloomington	8.7	9.2	9.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	12.9	13.3	1
Ikhart-Goshen	55.8	58.0	57.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	19.8	20.3	2
vansville-Henderson	32.6	32.8	32.8	6.9	6.7	6.7	34.5	34,6	3
ort Wayne	69.0	70.4	70.8	15.2	15.5	15.6	54.7	58.1	5
iary	52.9	53.5	53.8	16.8	16.6	16.6	58.1	57.7	ŝ
ndianapolis	124.2	126.3	126.4	43.0	42.2	42.3	189.5	199.0	20
cokomo	20.1	20.7	20.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	10.4	9.9	20
afayette	19.0	19.6	19.7	2.3	2.3	2.3	16.4	16.5	1
Auncie	10.7	11.2	11.2	4.5		4.6		12.5	1
South Bend	21.7				5.2		12.1		
erre Haute	13.1	22.1 13.0	22.1 13.0	5.4 2.7	5.5 2.6	5.6 2.7	30.3 18.9	32.2 17.8	3
wa	235.6	246.3	246.3	57.4	58.2	57.9	323.4	329.6	32
Cedar Rapids	235.0					57.9			
		21.3	21.4	6.0	6.0		23.2	23.2	2
Des Moines	23.2	25.9	26.2	11.9	12.0	12.0	64.2	64.7	e
Dubuque	12.7	13.2	13.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.3	11.4	1
pwa City	4.3	4.5	4.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.1	11.3	1
ioux City Vaterloo-Cedar Falls	11.9 14.3	12.2 14.3	12.2 14,4	3.4 1.9	3.5 2.0	3.5 2.0	15.1 16.0	15.5 16.1	1
	14.5	14.5	14.4	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.0	10.1	1
nsas	183.7	183.7	181.4	66.6	69.2	69.1	275.0	280.3	27
awrence	4.6	4.5	4.5	1.1	1.3	1.3	9.5	9.6	
opeka Vichita	9.4 58.3	9.8 55.9	9.6 56.1	6.6 11.5	7.0 11.4	7.0 11.4	20.8 57.0	21.0 58.4	1
exington	293.1 37.9	298.7 39.1	299.9	82.5	84.5	84.9	361.9	369.4	37
ouisville	37.9 86.5	39.1 89.2	39.2 89.8	8.9 32.5	8.9 34.1	8.9 34.0	54.0	54.5	5
Dwensboro	6.2	6.3	6.3	2.1	34.1 2.0	2.0	119.9 9.8	123.4 10.5	12
uisiana	185.5	186.4	105.6	105.8	107.6	108.2	200.0	201 0	~
lexandria	3.5	3.4	185.6 3.4	2.5	107.6 2.6	2.6	382.8	391.2 11.0	39
aton Rouge	23.4	23.0	23.1	11.8	11.9	11.9	56.1	57.2	
ouma	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	14.8	15.2	1
afayette	15.5	16.1	15.9	8.0	8.1	8.2	34.7	35.2	3
ake Charles	10.9	11.1	11.2	4.6	4.3	4.2	16.4	16.2	
Nonroe	8.0	8.1	8.0	3.3	4.3	4.2 3.4	14.8	15.3	
lew Orleans	47.0	48.7	48.8	43.2	42.7	42.8	14.8	140.8	14
Shreveport-Bossier City	19.8	20.7	20.4	43.2 8.5	42.7 8.1	42.6	36.5	36.9	:
sino	00.0							400 -	,
ewiston-Auburn	89.8 8.2	93.0 8.6	90.8 8.2	22.6 1.4	21.8 1.5	22.0 1.5	138.3 10.1	136.7 10.5	14
ortland	13.3	13.8	13.8	6.0	5.9	6.1	37.7	37.9	;
		.0.0		0.0	0.0	0.1	01.1	01.0	

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	1	ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	168.2	168.0	168.0	736.9	800.1	805.3	530.4	566.1	549.
Albany		2.0	1.9	12.3	12.5	12.2	11.4	12.5	11.6
Athens	. 2.0	2.0	2.0	11.3	11.4	11.4	17.2	20.6	<ol> <li>18.2</li> </ol>
Atlanta	. 111.7	111.1	111.1	453.9	499.1	506.0	231.3	242.3	235.7
Augusta-Aiken		6.9	6.9	42.2	43.1	43.1	36.0	39.8	37.0
Columbus	. 7.3	7.4	7.5	22.7	24.4	24.4	19.9	19.9	19.3
Масоп	. 8.2	8.2	8.1	28.7	30.8	30.0	34.4	36.0	35.1
Savannah	. 4.5	4.2	4.2	32.4	34.7	34.8	18.8	20.4	19.6
Hawaii		39.6	39.6	165.4	163.7	165.2	106.2	114.7	107.0
Honolulu	. 32.5	32.3	32.3	121.5	120.4	121.1	85.3	92.8	85.3
Idaho Boise City		24.4 11.5	24.5 11.7	99.9 37.3	103.3 38.3	104.3 38.0	85.4 25.5	93.9 28.5	88.5 26.6
Ilinois	. 386.4	389.4	390.3	1,499.5	1,515.0	1,526.5	725.7	772.9	736.8
Bloomington-Normal		12.4	12.6	16.5	17.0	16.9	9.9	10.8	10.1
Champaign-Urbana		3.3	3.4	20.0	20.2	20.4	30.9	30.4	29.6
Chicago		304.1	305.2	1,089.0	1,114.3	1,121.4	455.0	465.7	451.3
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	. 7.5	7.9	7.8	43.2	43.6	43.9	23.7	26.9	24.2
Decatur	. 2.4	2.4	2.4	12.9	13.3	13.7	5.7	5.8	5.6
Kankakee	. 1.8	1.7	1.8	10.3	10.6	10.7	6.4	6.8	6.5
Peoria-Pekin	. 8.5	8.3	8.4	44.7	45.5	45.9	15.3	16.7	15.8
Rockford		7.0 8.1	7.1 8.1	40.0 30.1	40.5 31.0	41.0 31.0	14.7 32.0	15.8 33.0	15.1 32.2
		1			1				
Indiana		132.0	132.3	561.0	580.8	577.7	361.8	385.5	366.
Bloomington		2.3	2.3	11.9	11.9	11.9	16.4 5.8	14.7 6.8	14.4
Elkhart-Goshen		3.0	3.1	16.7 37.4	17.6 36.8	17.3 36.7	12.8	14.4	13.7
Evansville-Henderson		5.8	5.8 13.5	53.7	56.3	56.4	22.9	24.7	23.4
Fort Wayne		13.4	9.6	59.1	58.1	58.1	31.3	34.6	31.9
Gary		9.6 56.5	9.0 56.5	176.0	178.6	178.9	103.0	103.2	100.2
Indianapolis			1.4	8.4	8.2	8.2	6.2	7.2	6.8
Kokomo		1.4 3.8	3.9	18.0	6.2 17.3	18.0	19.4	19.1	19.3
Lafayette		3.0 1.8	3.9 1.8	13.7	13.9	14.1	9.9	10.5	10.0
South Bend		6.3	6.3	36.3	37.9	37.2	12.1	13.2	12.5
Terre Haute		2.5	2.4	13.2	13.7	13.8	8.6	9.8	8.8
lowa	. 75.2	76.7	77.0	314.0	326.4	324.8	205.3	233.7	209.4
Cedar Rapids	. 5.5	5.6	5.7	27.3	28.8	28.3	10.5	11.8	10.7
Des Moines	34.8	35.9	36.1	66.5	69.0	69.2	31.3	34.1	31.7
Dubuque	1.7	1.6	1.6	14.9	14.9	15.0	3.2	4.2	3.6
Iowa City		1.7	1.7	11.4	13.1	12.5	25.2	27.3	25.0
Sioux City		2.7 2.7	2.7 2.7	17.5 15.9	17.0 16.4	16.9 16.2	6.3 10.0	7.1	6.4 10.4
								224.0	212
Kansas		59.9	59.6 1.8	271.3 8.9	280.7 8.5	280.9 8.5	213.1 10.0	234.8 10.9	213. 10.
Lawrence Topeka		1.8 6.3	6.3	8.9 24.7	8.5 25.2	25.0	22.2	24.0	22.0
Wichita		11.0	11.0	67.4	66.9	67.0	28.9	33.0	29.3
Kentucky		62.9	63.0	364.0	373.9	374.0	262.9	275.9	263.
Lexington	9.5	9.1	9.1	60.8	62.9	62.3	50.9	51.3	52.
Louisville Owensboro		29.2 1.6	29.5 1.6	137.2 9.2	140.4 9.8	139.8 9.7	66.6 6.7	67.2 6.6	67. 6.
			1						
Louisiana		79.2 2.2	79.4 2.2	406.9 14.3	425.1 14.5	425.8 14.5	339.2 12.5	342.7 13.4	339. 13.
Baton Rouge		14.7	14.7	63.7	64.6	65.0	55.6	55.8	56.
Houma		2.2	2.2	11.7	12.0	12.1	11.4	12.5	11.
Lafayette		5.7	5.6	32.5	32.8	32.9	22.0	21.6	22.
Lake Charles		2.6	2.6	16.6	18.3	18.2	12.9	13.1	13.
Monroe		4.3	4.4	15.8	16.2	16.1	11.9	11.8	12.
New Orleans	1	30.3	30.3	167.5	168.6	170.0	102.0	102.5	103.
Shreveport-Bossier City		6.8	6.7	41.0	44.5	45.4	30.5	31.1	30.
Maine	26.0	26.2	26.3	140.9	139.9	143.6	84.9	93.6	82.
Lewiston-Auburn		2.0	2.0	11.2	11.8	11.8	4.0	4.6	4
	12.3	12.1	12.2	37.0	35.2	35.4	14.8	16.3	14.

# B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	ו
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Aaryland	2,111,4	2,139.4	2,122.8	1.2	1.1	1.2	126.2	123.6	126.
Baltimore PMSA	1,104:1	1,107.1	1,104.5	.2	.2	.2	59.7	58.8	60.
Baltimore City	421.7	416.3	418.7	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	13.1	12.8	13.
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	763.1	786.6	776.6	(2)	(2)	Ö	52.7	53.1	53.
·····						[			
Aassachusetts	2,845.5	2,960.0	2,926.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	89.2	92.1	94.
Boston	1,729.6	1,799.9	1,781.6	.5	.4	.5	50.0	49.8	51
Brockton	80.6	83.7	82.3	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(2)	2.6	2.5	2.
Fitchburg-Leominster		50.1	48.5	(²)	(2)	(2)	1.3	1.2	1.
Lawrence		136.6	134.6	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(?)	4.8	4.8	4
Lowell		103.5	101.6	( <u>)</u>	(')	(1)	4.2	4.4	4
New Bedford		62.2	60.7	(²)	(²)	(2)	2.0	1.9	2
Pittsfield	41.3	42.0	41.9	.1	.1	.1	1.5	1.3	1
Springfield	234.7 203.1	240.5 211.3	236.3 206.6	.2 .2	.1 .2	.1 .3	6.9 6.2	7.1 6.7	7
	200.1	211.5	200.0	. ב	.2	.5	0.2	0.7	Ŭ
lichigan		4,127.5	4,072.8	9.5	9.3	9.2	148.9	147.5	155
Ann Arbor		247.0	242.6	(')	()	(')	7.0	7.0	7
Benton Harbor	67.2	68.4	68.7	(')	(')	(')	2.0	2.0	2
Detroit	1,862.2	1,945.6	1,916.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	62.4	62.4	66
Flint	161.3	167.9	163.9	(')	(')	(')	5.6	5.3	6
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	458.7	481.9	475.4	(')	(1)	()	20.8	21.4	22
Jackson		56.9	56.2	(')	(')	(')	1.7	1.8	1
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	191.0	196.9	194.4	(')	(1)	(')	7.1	7.2	7
Lansing-East Lansing		213.9	209.6	()	()	()	6.9	6.7	7
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	164.5	169.9	169.2	(')	(')	(')	8.1	8.1	8
linnesota	2,239.9	2,330.2	2,303.1	8.2	8.1	8.1	90.2	89.9	91
Duluth-Superior	102.1	102.3	102.3	5.0	5.4	5.4	4.1	4.2	4
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,451.8	1,499.1	1,487.7	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	54.0	52.5	54
Rochester	69.9	70.7	69.9	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.5	2.5	2
St. Cloud	74.6	77.9	76.3	Ö	()	()	3.8	3.9	4.
Aississippi	989.6	1,033.7	1,025.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	39.8	43.0	42.
Jackson		203.1	202.7	(²)	(²)	(2)	8.4	43.0 8.4	
fissouri	2,398.5	2,485.2	2,466.2	4.5	4.3	4.2	101.8	109.8	112
Kansas City	809.9	832.8	824.1	( <sup>1</sup> )	()	()	35.2	39.6	40
St. Louis	1,184.0	1,220.6	1,216.4	() ()	C)	()	56.2	64.5	65
Springfield	136.4	143.5	143.9	(')	(')	(')	6.3	6.3	6
lontana	329.1	340.7	334.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	16.1	15.9	16
lebraska	762.4	781.5	777.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	35.1	35.7	35
Lincoln	127.0	130.7	128.5	(')	(')	(')	5.8	6.0	6
Omaha	347.2	353.0	350.5	(')	(')	(')	17.0	16.9	16
levada	668.3	712.3	709.3	12.9	13.0	13.2	48.6	50.0	50
Las Vegas	449.7	485.3	483.3	1.8	1.9	1.8	37.4	37.6	37
Reno	150.5	157.4	156.1	.7	.7	.7	8.1	8.9	8
lew Hampshire	500.4	518.1	513.6	.5	.5	.5	19.0	18.2	19
Manchester	84.7	87.0	86.5	(')		(')	3.7	3.3	3
Nashua	78.6	80.7	79.3	Ö	()	- B	2.2	2.1	2
Portsmouth-Rochester		105.0	104.3	- ĕ	Ö	- ĕ	2.9	2.6	2
			0 505 7						
ew Jersey		3,605.1	3,585.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	119.9	126.9	130
Atlantic-Cape May		181.9 618.2	186.8 611.0	()	()	() ()	5.9 21.3	6.2 22.0	5
Bergen–Passaic Camden		618.2 443.4	435.7	( <sup>1</sup> )	() ()	() ()	21.3	22.0 19.7	23 20
Jersey City		237.5	235.4	0	Ö	0	4.5	5.1	5
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		563.1	554.8	.6	.5	.5	17.6	17.7	18
Monmouth-Ocean		355.1	355.3	(')	(1)	(')	14.8	16.7	17
Newark	909.1	928.4	923.8	.7	.8	.8	30.0	31.4	3
Trenton	192.8	197.1	196.7	(')	()	(')	4.2	4.4	4
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	55.3	57.2	56.6	.3	.3	.3	1.7	1.9	1
ew Mexico	624.1	658.1	655.9	16.1	16.8	16.9	37.5	41.9	42
Albuquerque		303.4	304.8	(')	(')	(')	18.2	20.9	21
Las Cruces	43.4	46.4	44.7	Ċ	Č	- ĕ	2.6	2.7	2
Santa Fe	69.0	69.6	69.6	či –	Ö	Ö	3.6	3.5	3
ew York	7,741,9	7,910.6	7,832.1	5.5	5.7	5.7	257.6	263.6	269
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	425.7	433.4	427.2	.5	.6	.6	16.7	16.5	17
	112.5	111.7	109.0	(')	(')	(')	4.6	4.4	4

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and see	M	lanufacturing			sportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	i trade
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
aryland	178.8	177.3	176.7	98.0	97.4	95.8	508.0	512.4	511
Baltimore PMSA	107.7	106.2	105.6	52.5	52.2	50,7	253.5	254.3	254
Baltimore City	37.7	37.8	37.1	21.3	20.1	19.9	67.8	67.5	67
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	33.8	34.1	34.5	31.3	31.9	31.9	186.2	191.2	190
assachusetts	445.9	451.2	443.7	121.7	129.2	125.0	651.0	679.5	675
						80.9	373.1	391.1	386
Boston	223.2	223.9	221.3	78.7	82.1				26
Brockton	10.6	11.1	10.7	4.3	4.7	4.5	26.2	26.9	
Fitchburg-Leominster	14.2	15.0	14.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	10.9	10.8	10
Lawrence	34.5	34.7	34.4	3.8	4.1	3.8	33.0	34.3	34
Lowell	31.4	30.8	30.7	5.0	5.3	5.1	20.8	21.1	20
New Bedford	14.9	16.0	15.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	14.9	15.1	14
Pittsfield	7.8	7.4	7.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	9.9	10.1	10
Springfield	40.5	40.1	39.8	8.1	8.4	7.9	53.6	54.1	53
Vorcester	38.9	39.6	38.9	9.5	10.1	9.7	45.8	47.3	4
chigan	885.1	947.0	928.3	158.2	162.1	161.0	944.2	974.6	97
Ann Arbor	51.5	54.5	53.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	47.4	48.4	4
Benton Harbor	20.2	20.6	20.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	14.8	15.1	1
Detroit	399.6	435.2	424.2	85.1	86.7	86.6	450.1	456.6	45
lint	44.8	47.5	45.9	4.6	4.2	4.2	39.8	40.0	4
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	132.4	141.3	140.4	17.0	17.4	17.3	113.4	115.5	11
Jackson	12.0	12.8	12.7	3.6	3.7	3.6	13.6	13.7	1
(alamazoo-Battle Creek	49.0	50.3	50.1	6.3	6.3	6.4	42.4	43.4	4
ansing-East Lansing	28.2	29.7	28.8	6.4	6.4	6.4	46.8	47.8	4
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	40.5	41.6	42.0	6.6	6.5	6.4	41.9	43.4	4
nnesota	410.9	416.4	420.0	108.3	110.1	108.7	539,4	555.5	55
Duluth-Superior	8,4	8.4	8.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	26.4	26.4	2
Ainneapolis-St. Paul	268.3	269.5	270.6	76.1	77.5	77.1	343.8	353.4	35
Rochester	12.1	11.2	11.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.1	15.0	1
St. Cloud	13.9	14.5	14.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	23.4	23.8	2
ssiesippi	251.7	260.4	258.5 22.0	46.3 13.0	46.4 15.3	46.3 15.2	210.3 47.4	218.7 49.1	21 4
Jackson	21.7	21.9							
issouri	411.3	412.3	408.4	153.1	155.6	154.3	576.0	586.7	58
(ansas City	106.3	106.8	104.3	63.9	65.3	64.2	199.1	203.0	20
St. Louis	198.0 20.9	195.4 21.5	194.3 21.5	76.3 8.2	80.8 8.2	80.3 8.4	285.0 39.3	289.8 40.9	28 4
ontana	23.5	22.8	22.8	20.3	20.6	20.6	90.6	91.6	9
ebraska	102.0	105,1	104.5	47.0	47.5	47.6	194.8	194.9	19
incoln	14.9	16.2	16.0	7.6	7.4	7.4	26.7	27.3	2
Dmaha	34.7	34.3	34.3	24.0	24.7	24.5	88.3	89.3	8
wada	30.0	31.9	32.1	35.3	36.8	36.9	133.3	140.7	14
as Vegas	16.2	16.8	17.0	23.0	24.1	24.2	92.0	97.2	9
Reno	10.5	11.3	11.3	10.3	10.8	10.8	33.7	35.6	3
w Hampshire	95.0	99.1	97.0	17.6	18.5	17.8	132.3	133.5	10
Manchester	11.0	11.4	11.2	5.3	5.8	6.0	21.0	21.6	2
Nashua Portsmouth-Rochester	26.4 16.6	26.6 17.5	26.0 16.9	2.1 3.6	2.0 3.8	2.0 3.9	19.9 27.0	19.8 27.6	2
ew Jersey	514.2	512.7	505.3	233.3	240.9	235.9	824.0	843.2	84
Atlantic-Cape May	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.5	43.5	41.7	
Bergen-Passaic	114.1	113.1	110.1	27.6	28.9	28.0	168.9	173.3	17
	57.4	57.0	56.6	19.3	20.9	28.0	113.1	117.0	11
Camden	33.1		34.3	28.4	21.0 29.7	28.4	53.8	54.9	
ersey City		35.1	92.0	43.5	29.7 45.2	20.4 44,2	127.1	131.4	14
And desex-Somerset-Hunterdon	96.6	95.6 20.9						96.6	
Ionmouth-Ocean	21.3	20.8	20.8	18.2	18.6	18.2	94.4		10
lewark	141.3	142.2	139.6	76.5	78.1	78.0	178.4	182.1	18
renton /inełand-Miltville-Bridgeton	24.1 14.1	22.1 14.3	22.4 14.4	6.8 2.0	6.5 2.2	6.5 2.0	30.7 10.5	31.8 10.7	
w Mexico	42.2	44.2	44.6	28.4	28.9	28.9	148.9	155.8	1
Albuquerque	42.2 26.3	44.2 27.7	27.8	12.4	12.9	12.9	70.1	73.5	
as Cruces	20.3	27.7	27.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.7	10.1	
Santa Fe	2.3	2.4	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	14.6	14.8	
ew York	979.8	964.0	954.9	397.1	410.9	396.0	1,559,1	1,597.8	1,5
	44.5	43.7	43.7	16.1	16.2	15.7	85.0	87.2	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		-0.1							

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and sure		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		Government			
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	
laryland	131.0	130.2	130.4	668.8	679.0	681.0	399.4	418.4	400	
Baltimore PMSA	74.4	73.3	73.6	350.9	353.0	354.9	205.2	209.1	204	
Baltimore City	38.8	37.8	38.0	150.9	149.8	151.5	92.1	90.5	91	
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	47.7	37.8 47.8	47.7	254.8	258.4	258.1	156.6	170.1	159	
lassachusetts	202.1	204.0	204.2	962.1	1,008.7	1,015.3	372.2	394.1	366	
Boston	145.9	149.0	149.8	649.4	681.7	682.6	208.8	221.9	208	
Brockton	3.3	3.4	3.5	19.5	20.2	20.0	14.1	14.9	14	
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.7	12.6	12.4	6.3	6.7	6	
Lawrence	4.9	4.9	4.9	34.8	36.7	36.9	15.7	17.1	15	
Lowell	3.5	3.5	3.5	23.7	24.9	25.2	12.4	13.5	11	
New Bedford	2.0	2.0	2.0	15.0	15.3	15.5	9.0	9.6	9	
Pittsfield	1.9	1.8	2.0	14.1	14.9	15.3	4.8	5.2	4	
Springfield	14.1	13.8	13.7	70.1	72.4	73.0	41.2	44.5	41	
Norcester	15.2	15.7	15.5	57.8	60.3	59.6	29.5	31.4	29	
ichigan	195.7	198.4	199.0	1,028.0	1,067.8	1,071.4	583.9	620.9	576	
Ann Arbor	9.6	9.6	9.6	56.3	57.3	57.4	61.7	64.6	61	
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.6	2.6	16.0	16.7	16.7	8.7	8.6	8	
Detroit	109.4	110.4	110.1	540.3	560.6	559.4	214.3	232.7	21:	
Flint	6.3	6.4	6.5	40.4	42.0	41.6	19.7	22.4	19	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	19.3	19.4	19.6	111.6	116.1	116.0	44.2	50.8	4	
Jackson	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.5	13.0	12.9	9.4	10.0	9	
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	10.2	10.5	10.6	46.1	47.3	47.3	29.9	32.0	29	
Lansing-East Lansing	12.4	12.5	12.6	48.2	49.5	49.3	59.1	61.3	5	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.3	6.4	6.3	40.8	41.8	42.0	20.3	22.3	21	
innesota	137.0	139.9	139.9	619.8	644.0	645.1	326.1	366.3	33	
Duluth-Superior	3.5	3.5	3.5	27.8	27.4	27.8	20.5	21.0	2	
Minneapolis-St. Paul	108.6	110.9	111.0	409.7	424.4	426.0	190.8	210.4	196	
Rochester	1.9	1.9	1.9	30.9	30.7	30.8	6.4	7.4		
St. Cloud	2.4	2.4	2.4	18.2	18.7	18.6	10.1	11.8	10	
ississippi	39.1	39.5	39.2	201.7	215.7	217.7	195.6	204.9	199	
Jackson	14.6	14.6	14.5	50.4	52.1	52.6	38.6	41.3	40	
issouri	143.0	144.5	145.1	656.0	691.3	693.7	352.8	380.7	363	
Kansas City	62.6	63.6	63.7	222.1	227.9	228.0	120.7	126.6	12	
St. Louis Springfield	74.9 6.2	74.1 6.4	75.5 6.5	356.9 40.2	371.7 42.8	374.1 43.2	136.7 15.3	144.3 17.4	13	
ontana	15.2	15.3	15.4	91.6	92.5	93.2	66.0	76.2	67	
ebraska Lincoln	50.8 8.7	51.0 8.6	50.8 8.6	188.0 30.4	194.4 30.8	194.5 30.5	143.1 32.9	151.4 34.4	14	
Omaha	30.1	29.9	30.0	104.8	106.7	106.5	48.3	51.2	4	
evada	31.2	32.3	32.2	294.6	318.7	319.0	82.4	88.9	8	
as Vegas	22.8	23.6	23.6	207.2	230.7	230.4	49.3	53.4	5	
Reno	7.2	7.4	7.4	61.5	62.3	62.4	18.5	20.4	1	
w Hampshire	30.5	29.7	29.5	141.8	145.1	148.0	63.7	73.5	e	
Manchester	7.7	6.8	6.8	26.8	27.8	28.4	9.2	10.3		
Nashua	3.3	3.1	3.1	18.7	20.0	19.8	6.0	7.1		
Portsmouth-Rochester	6.8	6.6	6.5	24.7	26.3	26.8	19.3	20.6	1	
w Jersey	230.9	234.6	235.8	1,040.3	1,070.4	1,077.0	553.0	574.5	55	
Atlantic-Cape May	6.0	5.7	5.8	86.1	85.0	87.6	27.7	28.5	2	
Bergen-Passaic	36.3	38.3	38.5	167.8	170.5	169.9	67.8	72.1	7	
Camden	23.0	22.6	22.6	125.8	128.0	127.5	72.2	78.1	7	
ersey City	18.9	19.9	20.7	50.0	53.0	52.4	41.7	39.8	3	
liddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	43.5	44.6	44.0	142.4	150.1	152.2	74.1	78.0	7	
Ionmouth-Ocean	19.3	19.0	19.0	113.6	118.2	119.3	62.5	65.2	e	
lewark	69.3	69.4	70.1	273.7	282.3	283.8	139.2	142.1	13	
renton ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	10.8 3.5	10.6 3.4	10.6 3.4	64.4 11.2	67.2 11.4	67.6 11.3	51.8 12.0	54.5 13.0		
						]	)			
w Mexico	28.1	29.3	29.5	171.4	178.9	179.9	151.5	162.3	15	
lbuquerque	15.4	16.2	16.4	89.6	93.1	93.7	58.0	59.1	Ę	
as Cruces	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.4	9.8	9.9	16.0	18.0	1	
Santa Fe	2.8	3.0	3.0	20.3	20.3	20.4	24.4	24.7	2	
w York	735.5	740.3	741.7	2,414.7	2,494.8	2,487.7	1,392.8	1,433.6	1,3	
Ibany-Schenectady-Troy	27.6	27.3	27.4	127.1	129.0	128.2	108.3	112.8	10	
Binghamton	4.2	4.2	4.2	28.1	28.2	28.3	19.0	21.3		

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		L L	Construction	1
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
lew York-Continued					·				
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	528.4	538.6	532.7	()	(')	() ()	21.2	20.9	21.
Dutchess County	101.1	101.7	100.2	()	(')	(')	4.2	4.0 1.3	4. 1.
Elmira	39.8 51.7	41.1 52.3	40.2 53.4	(')	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.4 2.3	2.1	2.
Nassau-Suffolk	1,056.2	1,077.1	1,059.2	() ()	(')	Ċ	42.1	41.8	42.
New York PMSA	3,757.5	3,816.1	3,795.3	ĕ	ĕ	Ö	108.3	109.9	112.
New York City	3,265.2	3,319.8	3,304.0	<b>`</b> 0.3	0.3	<b>`</b> 0.3	86.9	89.2	91.
Newburgh	115.1	117.0	115.9	(')	(')	(')	3.9	4.0	4.
Rochester	513.6	525.1	514.3	.9	.8	.8	17.8	17.6	18.
Rockland County	98.2	98.8	98.4	(')	(')	(')	3.2	3.1	3.
Syracuse	329.1	332.1	328.9	(')	(1)	(')	15.7	15.6	15.
Utica-Rome Westchester County	124.6 375.1	128.1 378.8	126.8 374.2	(*) (*)	(') (')	() ()	3.8 16.6	3.6 16.2	3. 16.
Westchester County	3/5.1	570.0	514.2	0		()	10.0	10.2	10.
lorth Carolina	3,227.8	3,353.3	3,303.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	158.8	166.4	167.
Asheville	98.8	101.0	98.4	(')	(')	(')	4.8	5.1	5.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	648.3	669.3	660.4	(1)	(')	(')	33.1	33.4	33.
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	564.8	581.4	572.6	(')	(')	(')	24.7	24.2	24.
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	511.5	528.6	521.8	(')	(')	(')	24.8	23.8	24.
lorth Dakota	286.5	294.0	291.3	4.0	3.8	3.8	14.1	15.0	15.
Bismarck	43.9	45.0	44.7	(')	(')	(')	2.5	2.5	2.
Fargo-Moorhead	83.6	85.6	84.3	()	(')	(1)	5.4	5.8	6.
Grand Forks	45.2	46.6	46.2	(')	(')	· (')	2.3	2.6	2.
Dhio	4,904.6	5,001.5	4,953.0	14.7	14.4	14.5	202.0	192.9	200.
Akron	289.9	297.8	297.0	.4	.4	.4	11.2	11.1	11.
Canton-Massillon	168.9	172.9	172.5	.7	.7	.7	7.8	8.1	8.
Cincinnati	768.5	786.0	781.6	.6	.7	.7	35.2	34.5	34.
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,052.4	1,070.3	1,061.4	.9	.9	.9	41.1	40.0	41.
Columbus	723.2	735.8	728.7	.7	.6	.7	29.3	27.5	28.
Dayton-Springfield	438.9 284.0	447.9 295.3	441.9 292.1	.6 .2	.6 .2	.6 .2	16.0 12.4	15.3 10.3	15. 10.
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	2284.0	295.5	235.2	.6	ے. 6.	ے. 6.	9.4	9.2	9.
						05.5	10.0		47
Dklahoma	1,241.4	1,272.0	1,261.7	35.8	35.6	35.5	43.9	46.6 .8	47.
Enid	22.9 36.0	23.4 38.6	22.8 37.4	.9 .1	1.0	1.0 .1	.7 1.4	.0 1.5	1.
Oklahoma City	439.2	458.2	448.0	8.1	8.2	8.4	15.6	16.0	16.
Tulsa	332.4	335.1	332.6	9.6	9.4	9.4	12.7	13.2	13.
	4 000 0	4 000 4	1010.4			1.0	58.3	61.0	64.
Dregon	1,309.9 118.3	1,363.1 125.1	1,349.4 121.3	1.8 .2	1.7 .2	1.8 .2	58.3	61.9 6.0	6.
Medford-Ashland	56.9	60.1	58.3	.1	.1	.1	2.5	2.4	2
Portland-Vancouver	770.3	795.1	790.1	1.0	.8	.9	36.7	38.2	40.
Salem	114.9	119.1	118.7	.2	.2	.2	5.2	5.1	5
Pennsylvania	5,100.0	5,217.2	5,162.0	22.0	20.4	20.2	212.5	212.8	218
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	250.5	256.3	253.4	(')	(')	(')	10.2	10.2	10
Altoona	56.2	57.7	57.9	ö	l ö	(')	2.6	2.6	2
Erie	124.1	126.0	126.3	(')	(')	(')	4.8	4.4	4
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	322.6	326.1	324.7	(')	(')	()	13.8	13.6	13.
Johnstown	83.2	85.5	83.9	(')	(')	(')	6.2	5.4	5.
Lancaster	196.1	199.6 2.160.2	197.7	.4	.4	.4	11.8	11.0	11 86
Philadelphia PMSA Philadelphia City	2,120.4 684.0	2,160.2	2,135.1 685.4			(') (')	79.8	84.4 10.7	11
Philadelphia City	1,030.3	1,053.2	1,040.4	(') 4.3		3.4	51.0		50
Reading	151.8	157.8	154.2	(')	()	(')	7.0	6.4	6
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	263.6	267.0	265.3	.7	.6	.7	10.0		10
Sharon	42.0	44.2	43.8	()	()	()	1.4	1.4	1
State College	60.2	60.8	60.3		(1)	()	3.2	2.7	3
Williamsport York	50.2 153.6	51.1 156.6	50.5 154.9	(') .5	( <sup>1</sup> ) .5	(') .5	2.1	2.2	
Rhode Island	427.1	442.4	432.9	.2	.2	.2	13.3	13.3	13

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ň	Manufacturin	9		nsportation a bublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	
New York-Continued										
Buffalo-Niagra Falls		90.4	90.2	25.6	26.2	25.1	130.6	133.2	132.	
Dutchess County		14.6	14.6	3.8	3.8	3.8	20.9	21.3	21.	
Elmira		8.5	8.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	10.2	10.4	10.	
Glens Falls		9.8	9.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	12.7	13.0	13.	
Nassau-Suffolk	121.3	117.9	117.1	46.2	49.8	45.9	273.9	278.3	277.	
New York PMSA		348.4	344.6	226.5	230.9	224.3	637.1	648.4	642	
New York City		289.7	286.2	200.5	203.9	198.8	530.0	539.9	535	
Newburgh		13.4	13.4	6.2	6.4	6.2	29.3	30.0	29	
Rochester		126.0	125.5	16.1	16.5	15.9	111.6	113.4	112	
Rockland County		12.7	12.6	5.4	5.7	5.4	21.1	21.7	21	
Syracuse		49.7	49.7	20.2	19.6	19.5 (	76.7	78.1	78	
Utica-Rome		21.2	20.9	4.2	4.1	4.0	26.1	25.9	26	
Westchester County	44.4	44.1	43.7	19.8	20.5	19.4	81.9	82.7	81.	
North Carolina		851.6	850.0	156.9	156.8	157.3	737.6	746.5	747.	
Asheville	21.4	21.4	21.2	4.9	5.0	5.0	23.1	23.1	22	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		148.9	148.4	52.1	52.7	52.9	155.8	158.8	158	
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point		168.8	169.5	29.8	30.1	30.2	127.4	127.9	127	
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill		79.1	79.2	24.1	23.9	23.8	104.0	105.7	105	
lorth Dakota		21.1	20.9	18.1	18.2	18.2	75.7	76.1	75	
Bismarck		2.6	2.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	11.3	11.4	11	
Fargo-Moorhead Grand Forks		6.6 3.0	6.6 3.0	4.7 2.2	4.6 2.3	4.6 2.3	24.2 12.4	24.5 12.4	24 12	
Dhio		1,059.9	1,055.0	216.3	213.8	214.3	1,182.6	1,193.9	1,193	
Akron		62.5	62.2	14.1	14.0	14.0	70.8	71.4	71	
Canton-Massillon		45.7	45.8	6.0	6.0	6.1	41.7	42.2	42	
Cincinnati		142.5	142.4	40.0	40.3	40.4	196.1	199.5	199	
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria		218.3	218.2	43.4	42.7	42.6	246.3	245.7	245	
Columbus		93.0	92.7	31.2	31.3	31.4	187.4	187.6	187	
Dayton-Springfield		94.6	93.5	18.0	17.6	17.9	102.2	104.4	104	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		58.0 56.6	57.9 56.7	13.6 8.6	13.1 8.7	13.1 8.6	72.5 60.2	72.5 61.5	72 61	
				ļ				200.0	200	
Dklahoma		170.6	171.0	72.6	72.4	72.3	292.3	298.0	298	
Enid		1.7	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.0	6.6	6.7	6	
Lawton		3.8	3.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.5	8.7	8	
Oklahoma City Tulsa		50.0 54.1	50.5 53.8	21.8 26.7	22.0 26.7	21.7 26.5	106.2 77.8	108.7 76.2	109 76	
)regon		220.9	224.5	65.7	67.0	67.4	332.3	336.3	338	
Dregon		220.9 18.9	224.5	65.7 4.6	67.0 4.8	67.4 4.9	332.3	336.3	29	
Medford-Ashland		9.0	9.0	2.9	3.1	3.0	16.3	17.3	17	
Portland-Vancouver		129.1	130.4	43.7	43.5	43.4	194.4	197.1	198	
Salem		16.9	19.4	3.3	3.6	3.5	26.1	26.0	26	
ennsylvania		941.5	937.4	259.1	273.2	264.6	1,152.0	1,173.0	1,164	
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		61.7	61.5	12.9	12.4	12.3	52.1	52.2	52	
Altoona		10.1	10.1	5.1	5.3	5.3	14.9	15.1	15	
Erie		35.0	35.2	4.5	4.5	4.6	27.8	28.0	27	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		47.8	48.1	20.7	20.8	20.8	69.1	68.7	68	
Johnstown		12,9	13.0	4.4	5.1	4.3	20.0	20.0	19	
Lancaster		55.9	55.7	6.8	7.0	6.6	49.1	49.6	50	
Philadelphia PMSA		310.1	307.1	100.5	104.2	100.9	463.4	475.2	468	
Philadelphia City		65.0	64.2	37.6	38.4	38.4	116.8	118.9	118	
Pittsburgh	132.1	131.4	132.1	63.7	63.7	62.6	252.2	256.1	255	
Reading		44.0	43.2	6.2	6.7	6.3	35.3	36.3	36	
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton		58.8	57.8	14.8	15.8	15.2	63.7	65.6	65	
Sharon		10.4	10.4	1.8	1.9	1.9	10.9	11.0	11	
State College		8.9	8.8	1.8	1.9	1.7	11.7	11.4	11	
Williamsport		13.3	13.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.7	12.1	11	
York		47.0	45.8	8.3	8.7	8.2	37.7	37.2	37	
hode Island		86.7	80.6	14.2	14.9	14.5	95.6	97.4	9	
			102.3	16.4	17.5	16.7	108.2	110.1	108	

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insuran d real estat			Services		Government			
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994	
lew York-Continued								· · · · ·		
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	28.9	28.7	28.5	149.2	151.8	150.8	83.6	87.4	8	
Dutchess County	4.5	4.5	4.6	30.3	31.1	31.4	20.9	22.3	20	
Elmira	1.4	1.5	1.5	10.4	10.8	10.6	6.6	7.3		
Giens Fails	1.7	1.7	1.7	15.5	14.4	15.8	8.5	9.9		
Nassau-Suffolk					330.1	331.9	163.6	178.3	16	
Now York DMCA	80.9	80.9	80.8	328.2					65	
New York PMSA	508.2	516.2	517.1	1,265.9	1,310.4	1,298.6	661.6	651.8		
New York City	474.3	483.5	484.4	1,101.9	1,145.6	1,132.3	581.0	567.7	57	
Newburgh	6.3	6.2	6.4 (	30.9	30.1	30.8	25.4	27.0	2	
Rochester	24.4	24.8	24.7	141.3	147.5	146.5	70.7	78.5	e	
Rockland County	5.3	5.2	5.3	30.0	29.4	30.8	20.0	21.0	1	
Syracuse	19.9	19.8	19.8	89.1	89.7	89.4	57.1	59.7	5	
Jtica-Rome	8.1	8.2	8.2	31.1	33.5	33.5	30.5	31.7	3	
Vestchester County	27.5	26.5	26.4	128.1	129.9	129.7	56.8	58.9	ļ	
orth Carolina	140.2	146.3	146.9	701.3	733.4	733.1	483.9	548.9	49	
sheville	3.1	3.2	3.1	28.2	28.0	28.1	13.3	15.2		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	41.3	43.2	43.3	149.0	153.4	153.2	70.4	78.9		
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	28.2	28.5	28.6	132.0	136.1	135.2	54.5	65.8	:	
aleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	28.2	26.5	25.0	152.0	156.6	157.7	101.7	114.4	1	
orth Dakota	13.7	14.0	14.0	77.4	80.2	80.1	63.8	65.6		
								9.6		
Bismarck	1.9	2.1	2.0	13.2	13.4	13.4	9.2			
argo-Moorhead	5.3 1.6	5.4 1.6	5.4 1.6	23.9 12.9	24.3 13.3	24.3 13.3	13.7 11.0	14.4 11.4		
									~	
io	262.7	263.3	264.2	1,293.8	1,318.1	1,316.5	685.8	745.2	6	
kron	12.1	12.6	12.5	80.3	85.3	85.6	39.2	40.5	:	
Canton-Massillon	6.7	6.7	6.7	42.9	44.3	43.9	18.1	19.2		
Sincinnati	46.1	47.0	47.2	211.3	218.1	218.5	95.4	103.4		
Veveland-Lorain-Elyria	66.2	67.3	67.9	301.3	310.6	310.7	133.2	144.8	1	
Columbus	61.1	59.4	59.5	197.2	199.7	200.9	124.4	136.7	1	
Dayton-Springfield	17.4	17.4	17.6	121.0	124.1	122.8	69.7	73.9		
Foledo	11.2	11.4	11.4	83.3	84.8	84.9	39.5	45.0		
oungstown-Warren	10.5	10.1	10.1	59.0	60.3	60.3	25.6	29.9		
lahoma	62.3	62.6	62.9	309.4	318.6	319.7	256.5	267.6	2	
Enid	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.0	6.0	6.1	3.9	4.0		
awion	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.6	8.3	8.1	11.2	12.7		
Oklahoma City	26.5	26.0	26.2	120.1	124.6	123.2	92.4	102.7		
ulsa	17.9	18.1	18.1	93.9	97.0	96.9	39.1	40.4		
	00.4	00.0	07.0	207.0	337.0	337.8	214.7	241.5	2	
egon	93.4 6.9	96.8	97.9 7,4	327.9 30.8	337.0	337.8	214.7	241.5	2	
Eugene-Springfield		7.4		1						
Medford-Ashland	2.9	2.8	2.9	14.5	15.0	14.8	8.9	10.4		
Portland-Vancouver	64.4 6.8	64.9 6.8	65.4 6.8	202.1 26.3	211.0 27.1	210.8 27.1	102.3 30.2	110.5 33.4	1	
	207.6	210.7	212.2	1 5 2 9 9	1 566 7	1 564 1	678.0	718.9	6	
nnsylvania	307.6	310.7	312.2	1,528.8	1,566.7 76.9	1,564.1 76.7	25.2	28.4		
lientown-Bethiehem-Easton	14.0	14.5	14.6	75.1						
Altoona	1.8	2.0	2.0	14.4	14.5	14.6	7.6	8.1		
	5.7	5.9	5.9	33.6	34.0	34.5	13.2	14.2		
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	22.8	23.5	23.5	80.6	80.8	81.1	67.7	70.9		
lohnstown	4.3	4.4	4.3	23.5	24.1	23.9	12.5	13.6		
ancaster	9.3	9.2	9.2	46.3	48.6	48.2	16.1	17.9		
hiladelphia PMSA	157.5	154.4	153.6	710.5	723.5	722.9	296.0	308.4	2	
hiladelphia City	58.4	57.2	57.3	260.6	264.3	262.8	134.8	131.6	1	
Pittsburgh	61.0	62.2	62.6	350.5	359.7	359.8	115.5	126.0	1	
Reading	8.9	9.4	9.6	35.3	36.5	35.7	16.3	18.5		
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	12.1	11.7	11.8	69.7	70.5	70.7	33.3	34.0		
Sharon	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.7	12.3	12.2	4.9	5.6		
State College	2.1	2.2	2.2	12.0	12.1	12.1	21.0	21.6		
Nilliamsport	2.3	2.2	2.2	12.5	12.8	12.9	6.1	6.7		
/ork	5.1	5.2	5.2	33.4	34.8	35.0	14.2	15.2		
node Island	25.6	25.2	25.3	136.7	141.9	140.9	58.1	62.8		
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	25.0	25.2	25.5	142.0	146.5	145.7	59.6	64.9		
1 104105-F all FINCI-1101 WICK	21.1	21.0	21.0	142.0	1 140.0	(HJ.)	55.0	00		

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry--Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	ו
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
South Carolina	1,566.6	1,607.6	1,585.3	1.8	1.8	1.7	83.9	82.0	82.
Charleston-North Charleston	204.1	205.3	202.3	(')	(')	(')	12.1	11.7	11.
Columbia		250.5	248.2	(Ý)	- ĕ - I	ö	12.3	12.3	12.
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson		424.7	416.7	ĕ	Ö	Ö	24.9	26.2	26.
South Dakota		338.3	332.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	15.4	15.5	15.
Rapid City Sioux Falls		46.0 92.3	45.4 90.9	(') (')	(') (')	(') (')	3.0 4.9	3.0 5.0	3. 5.
ennessee		2,400.3	2.386.2		4.9	4.9	99.2	100.4	100.
Chattanooga		2,400.3	2,366.2	4.7 (')	(1) 4.9	(1)	7.7	8.0	8.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		183.0	181.9	ĕ	ö	Ö	8.4	8.6	8.
Knoxville		299.8	298.3	.6	.6	.6	15.5	15.7	16.
Memphis		493.4	492.4	(')	(1)	(')	18.6	19.1	19.
Nashville		558.9	557.2	ĕ	Ö	ĕ	23.1	24.8	25.
exas		7,717.8	7,708.2	167.3	160.7	160.8	359.8	375.3	378.
Abilene		49.9	49.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.0	2.
Amarillo		86.0	85.9	.8	.7	.7	3.4	4.1	4.
Austin-San Marcos		469.5	466.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	17.9	21.1	21.
Beaumont-Port Arthur		151.5	151.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	12.9	13.6	13.
Brazoria		72.0	71.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	9.6	10.3	10.
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito		90.7	89.0	(')	(')	(')	2.6	2.8	2.
Bryan-College Station		58.9	60.2	.7	.7	.7	2.2	2.4	2.
Corpus Christi		142.8	142.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	12.6	12.8	12.
Dallas		1,547.6	1,544.6	16.9	17.1	17.0	55.7	62.1	62.
El Paso		228.1	227.9	(')	(')	(1)	8.4	9.2	9.
Ft. Worth-Arlington		633.0	629.7	4.5	4.6	4.6	25.1	27.6	28.
Galveston-Texas City		85.6	85.5	.7	.7	8.	4.7	4.8	4.
Houston		1,696.8	1,689.4	65.7	66.3	65.7	107.5	115.5	114.
Killeen-Temple		87.2	86.8	(')	(')	(')	3.5	4.4	4.
Laredo		55.6	55.8	2.2	2.5	2.6	1.9	2.0	2. 3.
Longview-Marshall		80.8 104.1	80.5	3.5 .2	3.5	3.5 .1	3.3 3.8	3.6	3. 4.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		118.7	104.0 115.6	.2	1.0	1.0	5.0	4.4 5.1	-4. 5.
Odessa-Midland		91.6	91.6	13.0	12.4	12.4	4.5	4.5	4.
San Angelo		39.4	39.7	.6	.5	.6	1.5	1.6	1
San Antonio		588.6	584.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	25.8	26.9	27
Sherman-Denison		37.0	37.0	()	(')	(')	1.5	1.5	1.
Texarkana		47.8	47.4	il		.1	2.1	2.5	2
Tyler		68.3	68.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.3	2.3	2
Victoria		33.1	32.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.2	2
Waco		87.3	87.5	(')	(1)	()	3.7	4.1	4
Wichita Falls		54.1	53.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.
tah		861.3	853.6	8.4	8.1	8.2	43.0	50.4	52.
Provo-Orem		115.8	114.4	(')	(')	(')	6.2	7.7	7.
Salt Lake City-Ogden		583.5	580.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	28.7	33.0	34.
ermont		258.1	254.8	.6	.7	.7	13.2	11.8	12.
Barre-Montpelier		29.5	28.2	()	()	(1)	1.5	1.3	1.
Burlington	87.0	89.7	89.0	(')	(1)	(')	4.5	4.6	4.
irginia		3,032.5	3,012.9	13.0	11.8	11.8	159.5	162.9	166.
Bristol		35.0	34.6	(')	(1)	(')	1.1	1.3	1
Charlottesville		72.7	73.4	(')	(')	(')	4.2	4.0	4
Danville		44.3	43.1	(')	()	()	2.0	2.2	2
Lynchburg		95.6	94.6	()	())	(')	4.9	5.1	5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		625.2	620.4	(')	(')	(')	32.8	33.0	33
Northern Virginia		908.7 492.6	903.2	.5	.6	.6	46.3	50.8	52
Richmond-Petersburg Roanoke		492.6	489.1 135.2	.7 (')	.7 (')	.7 (')	27.7 7.3	28.3 7.5	28 7
ashington		2,314.7	2,284.7	3.4	3.5	3.6	123.7	128.1	100
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett		1,167.0	2,284.7 1,158.1	3.4 .6	3.5 .6	3.6 .6	60.5	61.7	132. 63.
lest Virginia		675.4	680.5	24.2	28.9	29.0	34.5	36.3	38
Charleston		121.7	122.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	7.3	7.4	7
Huntington-Ashland		110.0	109.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	5.5	4.9	5
Parkersburg-Marietta Wheeling		64.9	65.3 63.2	.4 1.4	.4	.4 2.1	3.5 2.2	3.3	3 2
		61.7			1.9			2.7	

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

State and ever	N	lanufacturing			nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and retai	il trade
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994°
outh Carolina	372.1	372.2	370.1	66.1	67.7	67.8	358.5	365.0	364
Charleston-North Charleston	20.6	19.7	19.6	10.4	10.3	10.2	51.4	51.7	51
Columbia	26.3	26.7	26.6	11.4	11.2	11.3	54.6	55.5	55
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	124.7	124.2	123.4	17.0	17.5	17.5	96.1	97.9	97
outh Dakota	39.7	43.7	44.4	14.7	15.2	15.3	83.3	85.3	85
Rapid City Sioux Falls	4.5 11.2	4.5 11.8	4.6 11.9	1.9 5.6	2.0 5.6	2.0 5.6	13.5 24.3	14.0 24.5	14 24
	11.2	11.0	11.5	5.0	5.0	5.0			
ennessee	527.4	542.5	538.5	126.9	129.9	130.1	537.0	555.1	558
	45.0	45.6	45.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	51.0	52.5	52
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	54.4	53.3	53.2	7.5	8.0	8.0	41.0	41.1	41 73
Knoxville	50.3	50.8	50.8	11.3	11.2	11.1	74.5	72.5 128.0	128
Memphis Nashville	65.3 93.3	66.1 96.6	65.9 96.6	48.8 32.3	50.1 32.6	49.9 32.7	125.6 128.3	133.1	133
2xas	990.9	10026	1 001 5	438.5	447.5	448.0	1,812.6	1,871.7	1,874
Abilene	4.0	1,003.6 3.8	1,001.5 3.8	438.5	2.6	2.7	13.1	12.9	13
Amarillo	9.2	9.4	9.5	5.4	5.9	5.8	23.2	23.9	23
Austin-San Marcos	59.5	62.1	62.3	14.6	14.8	14.8	92.6	98.5	99
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.3	25.3	25.1	9.5	9.4	9.4	33.7	34.6	34
Brazoria	17.3	17.1	17.1	2.7	2.7	2.6	13.4	14.1	1-
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	13.1	13.7	13.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	23.1	24.2	2
Bryan-College Station	3.8	3.9	3.9	1.4	1.5	1.5	12.4	12.6	1:
Corpus Christi	13.6	13.6	13.7	6.7	6.5	6.3	31.9	33.6	3
Dallas	222.6	223.2	223.1	88.4	94.4	94.8	370.6	390.8	39
El Paso	45.6	46.5	46.1	11.5	11.6	11.6	54.4	55.1	5
t. Worth-Arlington	101.8	101.6	101.1	56.9	57.8	57.6	156.8	159.7	16
Salveston-Texas City	8.4	8.3	8.2	5.1	5.1	5.3	18.2	18.6	1
louston	179.5	179.1	178.5	113.9	115.0	115.2	392.0 19.0	395.8 19.7	39 1:
Killeen-Temple	9.3	9.5	9.5 1.9	2.9 8.3	2.7 8.8	2.7 8.8	16.0	17.0	1
Laredo Longview-Marshall	1.7 17.1	1.9 17.2	17.2	3.8	3.7	3.7	20.3	19.9	2
Lubbock	7.1	7.7	7.7	5.3	5.2	5.3	28.2	28.9	2
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	13.1	13.8	13.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	32.6	35.1	3
Odessa-Midland	6.6	6.4	6.5	4.3	4.3	4.3	23.4	24.1	2
San Angelo	4.9	4.9	5.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	9.3	9.6	
San Antonio	46.9	48.0	48.2	26.6	27.4	27.6	143.6	147.4	14
Sherman-Denison	9.9	9.9	9.9	1.4	1.6	1.6	7.8	7.8	1
Texarkana	5.9	5.5	5.5	2.2	2.0	2.0	11.7	11.8	1
Tyler	11.9	11.7	11.8	3.1	3.1	3.1	17.0	17.6	1
Victoria	3.3	3.3	3.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	8.1	8.8	
Waco	15.6 7.8	16.4 8.0	16.4 8.0	3.4 2.6	3.5 2.6	3.5 2.6	19.5 12.6	19.8 12.7	2
				1				}	
tah Provo-Orem	110.6 13.9	115.4 15.5	115.5 15.4	47.5 2.1	48.8 2.2	49.2 2.2	192.7 23.3	202.0 25.6	20 2
Salt Lake City-Ogden	70.8	72.9	73.3	37.3	39.3	39.4	133.5	139.3	14
ermont	43.2	43.4	43.2	11.2	11.2	11.0	61.0	61.8	6
Barre-Montpelier	3.4	3.7	3.5	.8	.8	.8	6.0	6.4	
Burlington	15.8	16.2	16.1	3.9	3.8	3.9	21.4	20.2	2
irginia	404.1	404.1	402.2	150.3	152.4	153.4	655.2	679.6	67
Bristol	10.1	10.2	10.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	9.1	9.5	
Charlottesville	7.5	7.8	7.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	14.1	14.8	1
Danville	15.8	15.4	15.3 26.6	1.1 3.3	1.1 3.4	1.2 3.4	9.0 19.7	9.4 20.3	2
Lynchburg Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	26.4 68.5	26.6 66.1	26.6 65.7	3.3 29.7	3.4 30.4	30.7	144.0	146.2	14
Northern Virginia	39.4	39.5	39.4	52.9	52.0	52.4	194.2	203.7	20
Richmond-Petersburg	61.3	60.0	59.8	24.2	24.8	24.9	108.0	113.0	11
Roanoke	18.7	19.1	19.3	8.6	8.7	8.7	34.4	35.5	3
ashington	341.9	334.1	334.3	115.7	118.8	120.4	551.4	559.8	55
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	205.1	194.3	195.0	70.0	71.5	72.8	273.1	280.3	28
Vest Virginia	83.3	81.8	81.6	39.1	39.6	40.0	150.1	155.3	15
Charleston	10.1	10.0	10.0	8.9	9.2	9.3	29.8	30.7	3
Huntington-Ashland	17.8	17.1	16.7	6.7	6.6	6.6	28.6	29.0	2
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.0	12.9	12.9	2.6	2.5	2.6	16.1	16.7	1
Wheeling	6.5	6.0	6.2	3.5	3.7	4.4	15.2	15.4	1 1

# B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

0		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994º	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
South Carolina	67.2	67.4	67.5	339.2	352.4	351.4	277.8	299.1	279
Charleston-North Charleston	8.2	8.1	8.2	50.9	52.7	52.4	50.5	51.1	48
Columbia	18.6	18.3	18.3	55.3	56.9	56.7	66.9	69.6	67
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson		14.8	14.8	84.9	89.7	88.5	49.0	54.4	48
South Dakota	18.0	18.4	18.5	85.5	87.6	87.0	62.5	70.2	63
Rapid City Sioux Falls	1.6	1.5 9.5	1.6 9.5	13.1	13.2 25.7	13.2 25.3	6.5 8.4	7.8 10.2	6 8
		9.5	9.5	25.1	25.7	25.3	0.4	10.2	0
ennessee		106.7	106.6	580.8	601.4	600.2	343.0	359.4	346
Chattanooga		14.0	13.9	51.2	52.4	52.3	31.9	32.3	32
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		5.1	5.2	39.9	38.3	38.3	24.4	28.6	26
Knoxville		10.6	10.7	83.4	82.8	82.8	52.9	55.6	53
Memphis Nashville		25.7	25.9	129.9	131.7	131.3	74.7 67.5	72.7	72
		31.1	31.0	163.0	167.9	167.6	67.5	72.8	
exas Abilene	431.1	441.1	441.7	1,952.5	2,033.9	2,042.9	1,330.5 9.2	1,384.0 9.7	1,360 9
Amarillo		1.9 4.1	1.9 4.1	15.4 20.5	15.7 21.1	15.6 21.2	9.2 15.8	9.7 16.8	16
Austin-San Marcos		26.9	27.0	121.5	124.2	124.9	110.7	120.9	116
Beaumont-Port Arthur	4.6				40.0	40.6	21.8	22.8	22
Brazoria	4.0	4.8	4.8	39.1					12
Brazoria		1.8	1.9	11.7	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.6	
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito		3.8	3.7	21.1	22.6	22.4	18.4	19.7	16
Bryan-College Station		2.5	2.5	12.3	13.1	13.1	23.3	22.2	23
Corpus Christi		6.1	6.1	36.0 [	37.2	37.4	29.9	30.3	30
Dallas		132.4	132.6	417.0	440.7	441.7	175.8	186.9	181
El Paso		8.5	8.5	48.4	50.1	50.4	47.0	47.1	46
Ft. Worth-Arlington	28.4	29.1	29.2	158.5	167.7	168.0	79.9	84.9	80
Galveston-Texas City	5.6	5.7	5.7	17.1	17.6	17.7	24.4	24.8	24
Houston		98.5	98.7	485.2	496.4	497.8	218.9	230.2	22
Killeen-Temple		3.7	3.7	20.9	21.6	21.7	23.9	25.6	25
Laredo		2.0	2.1	8.9	9.4	9.4	11.4	12.0	12
Longview-Marshall		2.7	2.8	17.8	19.0	19.1	10.4	11.2	10
Lubbock		4.7	4.7	29.2	28.9	29.3	23.6	24.2	23
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		4.3	4.3	21.1	22.8	22.2	30.0	32.7	30
Odessa-Midland		3.6	3.6	19.8	20.3	20.2	15.5	16.0	15
San Angelo		1.7	1.7	10.7	11.1	11.2	7.4	7.2	7
San Antonio		41.8	42.2	166.7	170.4	170.1	118.4	124.9	119
Sherman-Denison		2.1	2.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	4.6	4.9	4
Texarkana	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.8	12.8	12.9	11.1	11.2	10
Tyler		3.3	3.3	18.2	18.3	18.5	9.7	10.6	10
Victoria		1.6	1.6	8.2	8.4	8.4	5.7	6.0	ę
Waco		5.3	5.3	22.8	23.9	24.0	13.9	14.3	14
Wichita Falls	2.2	2.2	2.2	14.0	14.4	14.3	10.6	11.0	10
tah		46.4	47.2	213.8	225.5	227.0	149.9	164.7	152
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Ogden		3.4 37.7	3.4 38.0	41.8 142.5	44.5 150.7	44.7 151.3	15.1 99.2	16.9 107.5	15 100
/ermont	12.3	12.1	12.2	74.9	72.9	76.6	36.7	44.2	37
Barre-Montpelier		2.5	2.5	7.5	7.5	7.6	6.0	7.3	6
Burlington		4.4	4.5	24.8	26.6	26.4	12.1	13.9	12
lirginia	159.2	165.6	166.4	806.9	851.8	849.2	576.4	604.3	584
Bristol		1.1	1,1	5.9	5,7	5.7	5.1	5.8	
Charlottesville	4.0	4.2	4.2	17.2	17.3	17.6	21.2	22.2	22
Danville		1.4	1.4	7.8	8.5	8.3	5.0	6.3	
Lynchburg		4.5	4.5	21.1	23.2	22.4	11.8	12.5	1:
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	27.8	29.4	29.6	169.9	176.9	176.8	137.9	143.2	13
Northern Virginia		55.8	56.2	310.9	328.2	328.3	173.4	178.1	17
Richmond-Petersburg	40,1	42.7	42.8	115.3	120.5	120.3	96.6	102.6	9
Roanoke		8.9	9.0	35.6	39.0	38.5	16.2	17.4	1
Vashington Seattle-Bellevue-Everett		122.3 74.8	122.8 75.0	581.8 301.8	602.8 311.3	600.5 309.1	407.9 157.8	445.3 172.5	410 159
Vest Virginia		25.5	25.4	168.2	175.2	174.3	127.6	132.8	13
Charleston		6.4	6.4	34.3	33.6	33.9	22.2	22.7	2
Huntington-Ashland		3.7	3.6	27.1	27.6	27.5	18.6	19.3	14
Parkersburg-Marietta		2.3	2.3	15.4	16.2	16.2	10.3	10.6	1
Wheeling	3.0	3.0	3.1	18.5	18.9	19.0	10.0	10.1	1

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	ı
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
		-					100.0	407.0	100
Wisconsin	2,419.8	2,493.0	2,469.1	2.7	2.6	2.7	102.2	107.6	109.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	174.4	179.3	178.7	()	()	() (	10.4	10.1	10.
Eau Claire	61.3	62.4	62.1	()	()	()	2.6	2.7	2.
Green Bay	116.2	124.0	123.2	()	(')	()	6.2	6.8	6.
Janesville-Beloit	62.7	64.9	63.7	0	(')	(')	2.5	3.1	3.
Kenosha	44.0	45.4	43.3	()	(')	()	1.9	1.9	2.
La Crosse	60.3	63.7	62.6	() ()	(')	()	2.3	2.3	2.
Madison	240.8	247.4	246.0	(')	(')	( <sup>1</sup> )	10.7]	11.4	11.
Milwaukee-Waukesha	770.8	788.8	777.3	() ()	(')	(')	29.6	31.8	32.
Racine	76.0	79.7	78.7		(')	(')	2.9	3.4	3.
Sheboygan	54.8	57.7	57.2	(')	(1)	(')	2.3	2.9	2.
Wausau	57.1	58.1	58.0	(')	(')	(')	2.2	2.2	2.
Nyoming	214.1	223.6	216.9	18.1	18.1	18.3	14.3	14.2	14.
Casper	28.7	29.7	28.8	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.
Puerto Rico	857,1	863.1	858.6	.9	.9	.9	46.9	43.3	43.
Caguas	54.4	56.0	55.9	ല	(')	()	1.7	1.6	1.
Mayaguez	64.1	64.2	62.9	Ö	Ö	Ö	3.2	2.9	2.
Ponce	69.4	69.5	69.7	Ö	ĕ	Ö	4.8	4.1	4.
San Juan-Bayamon	532.7	537.5	533.3	.5	.5	.5	33.8	32.1	32.
Virgin Islands	50.7	45.2	46.1	(')	(')	(')	6.5	2.4	2.

# B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	lanufacturing	)		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994₽	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	
Visconsin	568.7	578.1	579.9	111.7	115.1	112.1	560.6	569.3	569.3	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	56.9	58.4	59.1	6.9	7.0	7.1	36.7	36.7	36.	
Eau Claire	10.4	10.4	10.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	16.8	17.1	17.	
Green Bay	25.7	25.8	26.4	8.4	9.0	8.9	27.8	29.4	29.	
Janesville-Beloit	18.7	18.6	18.5	2.3	2.6	2.5	14.9	15.0	15.	
Kenosha	9.3	9.9	9.3	1.5	1.8	1.7	12.7	13.1	13	
La Crosse	10.3	11.6	11.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	16.6	16.8	16	
Madison	27.3	28.2	28.2	7.9	8.0	7.7	52.4	53.8	54	
Milwaukee-Waukesha	167.6	170.3	166.6	36.3	37.0	36.0	171.4	172.5	172	
Racine	22.7	24.6	24.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	16.8	16.8	16	
Sheboygan	23.1	24.1	24.2	1.8	1.8	1.7	10.0	10.1	9	
Wausau	16.2	16.1	16.3	3.7	3.9	3.9	13.6	13.9	13.	
yoming	9.6	9.9	10.0	14.7	14.6	14.5	51.1	51.3	52.	
Casper	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.3	8.4	8.	
ierto Rico	148.6	149.0	147.1	21.0	21.3	20.9	163.1	167.9	164.	
Caguas	14.3	13.8	13.9	.5	.5	.6	11.6	12.5	12	
Mayaguez	19.2	19.2	18.6	.5	.5	.5	10.3	10.4	10.	
Ponce	12.1	11.5	11.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	12.0	11.9	11.	
San Juan-Bayamon	67.3	66.8	65.3	16.0	15.5	15.1	109.0	111.6	109.	
rgin Islands	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	10.6	10.7	10.	

## B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

State and area		ance, insurar nd real estat	ce, insurance, real estate		Services			Government		
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994¤	
Wisconsin	132.0	134.2	134.7	606.1	623.0	625.3	335.7	363.0	335.3	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	8.9	8.9	9.0	37.2	38.6	38.6	17.4	19.6	18.0	
Eau Claire	2.2	2.2	2.1	15.1	15.8	15.8	10.9	11.0	10.5	
Green Bay	7.6	8.1	8.2	29.1	32.0	32.2	11.4	13.0	11.	
Janesville-Beloit	1.9	2.0	2.0	15.0	15.5	15.1	7.3	8.2	7.4	
Kenosha	1.6	1.3	1.3	10.7	10.5	10.8	6.3	6.9	5.3	
La Crosse	2.2	2.4	2.4	18.0	18.9	18.9	8.2	8.9	8.	
Madison	21.2	20.9	21.0	56.8	59.2	59.1	64.6	65.8	64.	
Milwaukee-Waukesha	53.1	54.3	54.7	230.8	234.2	235.6	82.1	88.7	79.	
Racine	2.4	2.4	2.4	19.7	20.6	20.2	9.0	9.3	8.9	
Sheboygan	2.1	2.0	2.0	10.4	10.6	10.5	5.2	6.1	5.	
Wausau	4.4	4.4	4.5	10.8	10.8	10.9	6.1	6.8	6.	
Wyoming	7.9	7.9	7.9	48.6	48.5	49.1	49.8	59.1	50.4	
Casper	1.2	1.2	1.2	7.6	7.6	7.6	4.6	5.6	4.6	
Puerto Rico	39.0	40.2	40.3	144.6	150.6	151.5	293.0	289.9	289.0	
Caguas	1.3	1.5	1.4	9.1	9.4	9.5	15.9	16.7	16.	
Mayaguez	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.0	9.4	9.3	20.4	20.3	20.	
Ponce	1.9	1.9	2.0	13.0	13.8	14.1	23.9	24.4	24.	
San Juan-Bayamon	30.9	31.8	31.7	98.2	102.7	102.0	177.0	176.5	176.	
Virgin Islands	2.2	2.1	2.1	10.9	10.6	10.5	15.0	13.9	14.	

Combined with construction.
 Not available.
 P == preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

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#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>°</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994
Total private		34.8	35.1	34.8	34.9	35.1	-	-	-	-	
lining		44.1	44.9	44.8	44.9	45.6	-	-	-	_	.
Metal mining	10	43.0	42.6	43.7	44.2	_	_		_	_	
Iron ores		43.0	42.0	43.7	44.2	-	-	-	-		_
Copper ores		45.3	44.1	46.0	45.9	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Coal mining	12	42.6	44.7	44.9	42.6	_	_	_	-	_	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		42.5	44.8	45.0	42.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.7	44.4	43.9	44.8	-	_	-	-	-	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas		42.3	42.8	42.0	42.2	_	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services		44.4	45.3	45.2	46.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	47.3	47.7	48.0	48.1	_	-			-	
Crushed and broken stone		47.3	47.7	40.0	40.1	_	-	_	-	-	-
onstruction		39.5	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.8	-	-	-	-	·
General building contractors		38.2	38.5	38.5	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residential building construction		37.6	37.9	37.9	37.8	-	-	-	- 1	-	- 1
Operative builders		38.6	38.9	38.9	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	38.8	39.1	39.0	39.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Heavy construction, except building	16	43.5	44.0	43.7	43.8	-	-	- 1	-	-	
Highway and street construction		45.8	46.8	45.7	46.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	42.2	42.6	42.7	42.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special trade contractors		38.9	38.8	38.9	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		40.1	39.8	40.2	40.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Painting and paper hanging Electrical work		37.4 40.1	37.6 40.1	37.5 39.8	37.7 40.1	-	-	-	-	1 ]	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		36.2	36.1	36.4	36.5	_	_	_	_	] _	-
Carpentry and floor work		36.3	36.8	36.2	36.2	-	-	-	-	1 -	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	36.2	36.6	35.8	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
lanufacturing		41.0	41.5	42.2	41.5	42.1	4.0	4.3	4.7	4.6	4
Durable goods		41.6	42.1	43.0	42.1	42.8	4.0	4.4	5.1	4.7	5
Lumber and wood products	24	40.6	41.2	41.6	41.0	41.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	-
Logging	241	40.9	41.3	40.8	40.1	~	5.6	6.1	6.2	6.5	-
Sawmills and planing mills		41.6	42.3	43.0	41.7	-	4.7	5.0	5.2	5,1	· ·
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.9 40.3	42.6 40.9	43.7 40.7	42.5 39.2	2	5.0 3.4	5.4	5.6 3.6	5.5 3.5	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills Millwork, plywood, and structural members		40.3	40.3	41.3	40.9	-	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.4	
Millwork		39.9	40.2	40.5	40.2	_	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.2	
Wood kitchen cabinets		40.1	41.0	41.3	41.2	-	3.4	4.2	4.9	4.9	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		39.5	41.2	41.8	40.7	-	3.6	4.5	4.1	4.1	
Softwood veneer and plywood		38.6	42.8	42.8	41.1	-	4.4	5.0	5.6	5.8	1
Wood containers		39.2	39.1 41.4	40.2 41.8	39.4 42.3	-	3.4 4.2	3.2	3.8	3.5	
Mobile homes		41.7	41.4	41.8	42.5	_	4.2	4.5	4.7	5.1	
Miscellaneous wood products		39.7	40.4	40.9	40.0	-	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.5	
Furniture and fixtures		39.7	40.7	40.7	40.1	40.6	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	
Household furniture		38.3	39.5	39.5	38.7	-	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.5	
Wood household furniture		38.8	39.9	39.6	39.5	-	2.2	2.7	2.6	2.4	
Upholstered household furniture		37.0	38.5	38.5	37.3	-	1.3	2.1	2.0	1.7	
Metal household furniture		39.2	41.0	41.8	39.1	-	2.2	3.2	4.5	3.5	
Mattresses and bedsprings		39.7	40.7	40.0	39.1		3.7	3.8	3.4	3.9	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		42.2	42.5 43.3	42.3 44.2	41.9	-	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	1
				44.2	42.3	_	4.4	5.2	5.0		1
Partitions and fixtures	254	41.9	42.3	4/ 1							

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

	1987		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly (	earnings	·
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Total private		\$10.75	\$10.78	\$11.03	\$11.04	\$11.04	\$374.10	\$378.38	\$383.84	\$385.30	\$387.5
Mining		14.49	14.44	14.73	14.70	14.66	639.01	648.36	659.90	660.03	668.50
Metal mining	10	15.10	15 10	15.00	16.00	-	649.30	644.54	693.08	708.53	_
Metal mining Iron ores		15.10 16.61	15.13 15.80	15.86 17.13	16.03 17.37	-	694.30	652.54	758.86	781.65	_
Copper ores		14.04	14.04	14.08	14.33	-	636.01	619.16	647.68	657.75	-
Coal mining		17.20	17.12	17.64	17.54	_	732.72	765.26	792.04	747.20	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		17.38	17.33	17.85	17.73	-	738.65	776.38	803.25	753.53	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	14.08	14.03	13.93	13.92	-	615.30	622.93	611.53	623.62	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas		17.10	17.06	17.80	17.96	-	723.33	730.17	747.60	757.91	-
Oil and gas field services		12.28	12.31	11.76	11.72	-	545.23	557.64	531.55	542.64	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	12.76	12.81	13.06	13.14	-	603.55	611.04	626.88	632.03	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	12.17	12.25	12.58	12.61	-	595.11	603.93	620.19	620.41	-
Construction		14.37	14.45	14.57	14.72	14.77	567.62	572.22	576.97	585.86	587.85
General building contractors	15	13.53	13.62	13.71	13.81	-	516.85	524.37	527.84	531.69	-
Residential building construction		12.50	12.57	12.53	12.54	- }	470.00	476.40	474.89	474.01	-
Operative builders		13.19	13.38	13.35	13.33	-	509.13	520.48	519.32	514.54	~
Nonresidential building construction	154	14.50	14.59	14.86	15.03	-	562.60	570.47	579.54	589.18	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	14.12	14.27	14.40	14.56	-	614.22	627.88	629.28	637.73	~
Highway and street construction		14.33	14.40	14.50	14.83	-	656.31	673.92	662.65	685.15	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	14.00	14.20	14.34	14.41	-	590.80	604.92	612.32	612.43	-
Special trade contractors		14.74	14.79	14.91	15.08	-	573.39	573.85	580.00	589.63	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		15.12	15.13	15.18	15.35	-	606.31	602.17	610.24	621.68	-
Painting and paper hanging		13.32	13.63	13.98	13.86	-	498.17	512.49	524.25	522.52	-
Electrical work		15.97	15.98	16.17	16.39	-	640.40 531.78	640.80 536.09	643.57 547.46	657.24 555.90	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work		14.69 14.50	14.85 14.62	15.04 14.82	15.23 14.87	-	526.35	538.09	536.48	538.29	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		12.81	12.95	12.97	13.28	-	463.72	473.97	464.33	484.72	-
Manufacturing	}	11.72	11.70	12.03	12.05	12.03	480.52	485.55	507.67	500.08	506.46
Durable goods		12.28	12.29	12.63	12.63	12.65	510.85	517.41	543.09	531.72	541.42
Lumber and wood products	24	9.65	9.67	9.83	9.87	9.88	391.79	398.40	408.93	404.67	412.98
Logging		11.42	11.46	11.42	11.53	9.00 ~	467.08	473.30	465.94	462.35	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	9.79	9.78	10.05	10.12	-	407.26	413.69	432.15	422.00	- 1
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	10.15	10.15	10.38	10,44	-	425.29	432.39	453.61	443.70	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		8.25	8.24	8.67	8.76	-	332.48	337.02	352.87	343.39	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		9.69	9.71	9.87	9.84	-	387.60	399.08	407.63	402.46	1 -
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets		9.91 8.99	9.91 9.08	10.11 9.31	9.95 9.40	-	395.41 360.50	398.38 372.28	409.46 384.50	399.99 387.28	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	(	8.40	8.45	8.60	9.40 8.66	_	331.80	348.14	359.48	352.46	
Softwood veneer and plywood		11.76	11.59	11.81	11.86		453.94	496.05	505.40	487.45	_
Wood containers		7.02	7.06	7.33	7.39	-	275.18	276.05	294.67	291.17	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	9.29	9.42	9.81	9.73	-	387.39	389.99	410.06	411.58	-
Mobile homes	2451	9.35	9.46	9.86	9.76	-	394.57	393.54	415.11	415.78	-
Miscellaneous wood products		9.09	9.10	9.19	9.29	-	360.87	367.64	375.87	371.60	-
Furniture and fixtures		9.29	9.33	9.49	9.57	9.59	368.81	379.73	386.24	383.76	389.3
Household furniture		8.70	8.78	8.97	9.03	-	333.21	346.81	354.32	349.46	-
Wood household furniture		8.14	8.21	8.42	8.50	-	315.83	327.58	333.43	335.75	-
Upholstered household furniture		9.32	9.50	9.77	9.74	-	344.84	365.75	376.15	363.30	-
Metal household furniture	1	8.81	8.94	8.65 9.44	8.87 9.66	-	345.35	366.54	361.57	346.82	-
Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture		9.38 10.13	9.28 10.10	9.44 10.23	10.39	-	372.39 427.49	377.70 429.25	377.60 432.73	435.34	] -
Public building and related furniture		9.45	9.47	9.66	9.42	_	427.49 392.18	429.25	432.73	398.47	-
Partitions and fixtures		10.60		10.70		-	444.14	451.34	420.97	466.99	1 _
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		9.49		9.67			387.19	392.06	400.34	390.57	1

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	he hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Au 199
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	42.9	43.4	44.2	43.9	44.2	5.5	5.9	6.3	6.1	
Flat glass		43.7	46.8	48.5	46.8	_	4.9	9.1	9.9	7.2	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		42.4	42.7	42.8	43.4	_	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.6	1
Glass containers		43.5	43.7	43.5	44.2	_	5.8	6.2	5.8	5.8	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.3	41.7	42.2	42.6	-	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	
Products of purchased glass		40.7	42.1	43.8	41.2	-	3.0	4.0	4.4	3.4	1
Cement, hydraulic		42.3	41.8	42.8	42.5	_	4.4	3.8	3.9	4.1	
Structural clay products		41.3	41.3	42.0	41.8	-	3.9	3.8	4.7	4.8	
Pottery and related products		40.5	41.6	40.7	40.7	_ [	3.2	4.0	4.0	4.3	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		44.8	45.3	46.3	46.2	_	7.9	8.3	8.6	8.7	ł
Concrete block and brick		45.9	46.3	47.6	47.2	-	8.0	8.4	9.1	8.8	
Concrete products, nec		43.7	43.8	44.6	45.2	_	6.2	6.4	6.9	7.3	
Ready-mixed concrete		45.0	45.8	47.0	46.5	-	8.7	9.3	9.6	9.5	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		42.7	42.6	43.1	42.8	_	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.1	1
Abrasive products		41.6	41.9	43.5	42.2	-	3.7	3.6	4.6	3.9	ł
Asbestos products		42.4	41.4	41.3	41.8	-	4.9	6.3	4.3	5.1	
Primary metal industries	33	43.5	43.4	44.7	44.3	44.6	5.6	5.7	6,6	6.5	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		44.7	44.0	44.8	45.0	45.3	6.1	5.8	6.5	6.8	]
Blast furnaces and steel mills		45.1	44.3	45.0	45.3		6.4	6.0	6.7	7.0	
Steel pipe and tubes		43.5	42.8	44.4	43.6	_	5.4	4.9	5.5	5.5	
Iron and steel foundries		43.3	44.0	46.0	44.5	-	5.3	6.0	7.8	7.2	
Gray and ductile iron foundries		43.9	44.8	46.6	45.1	_	5.6	6.8	8.8	8.3	1
Malleable iron foundries		41.9	41.7	46.7	44.7	_	8.2	6.2	8.7	6.7	
Steel foundries, nec		41.3	42.4	44.9	42.3	_	4.3	4.6	6.0	5.5	1
Primary nonferrous metals		42.5	42.1	43.1	43.2	_	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.2	
Primary aluminum		41.7	41.6	42.4	42.2	_	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.0	1
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		44.2	43.8	45.0	44.6	_	6.6	6.5	7.1	7.2	1
Copper rolling and drawing		44.3	43.7	43.5	46.4	-	7.7	6.7	7.0	9.2	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		45.4	44.8	45.7	46.3	-	7.8	7.5	7.2	7.3	1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	43.7	43.3	44.7	43.1	_	6.2	6.2	6.8	6.2	
		40.1	40.8	43.2	42.2	_	3.2	3.9	5.3	4.7	
Aluminum foundries	3365	40.1	41.4	43.0	41.5	-	3.4	4.4	5.6	4.6	
Fabricated metal products	34	41.4	42.1	42.9	42.1	42.9	4.0	4.4	5.1	4.7	
Metal cans and shipping containers		44.8	44.3	44.9	44.6	-	6.5	6.4	6.9	7.3	1
Metal cans		44.5	44.0	44.6	44.1	_	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.9	
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	40.1	41.6	42.8	41.7	-	3.2	3.6	4.6	3.9	
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423,5	39.3	41.3	42.3	42.0	_	2.9	3.4	4.4	3.6	
Hardware, nec		40.3	41.4	43.0	41.1	-	3.3	3.5	4.7	4.0	1
Plumbing and heating, except electric		40.5	41.9	41.9	41.3	-	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.3	1
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		39.6	40.6	41.7	41.6	-	2.3	2.6	4.3	4.4	
Heating equipment, except electric		40.6	42.1	42.0	40.8	-	3.1	4.4	4.0	3.1	
Fabricated structural metal products		41.5	41.9	42.2	42.2	-	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	ļ
Fabricated structural metal	. 3441	43.0	42.9	42.6	43.1	-	5.3	5.1	5.6	5.9	{
Metal doors, sash, and trim	. 3442	40.0	40.6	41.7	40.8	-	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.2	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	. 3443	41.6	42.7	42.6	42.5	-	4.4	5.0	4.9	5.0	
Sheet metal work	. 3444	40.9	41.1	41.6	41.9	-	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.7	
Architectural metal work	. 3446	41.5	41.8	41.1	42.0	-	3.9	4.3	4.3	4.7	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	. 345	41.4	41.9	43.2	42.1	- '	4.1	4.6	5.6	5.0	
Screw machine products		41.2	41.8	43.2	42.0	-	3.9	4.3	5.3	4.7	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	. 3452	41.5	42.1	43.1	42.2	-	4.3	4.9	5.9	5.3	
Metal forgings and stampings		41.3	43.1	44.6	42.4	-	3.7	4.8	6.3	4.9	
Iron and steel forgings		39.6	41.9	42.9	42.8	- 1	3.6	4.4	5.7	5.8	1
Automotive stampings		41.9	44.1	46.4	42.5	- 1	3.7	5.3	7.7	4.7	
Metal stampings, nec		41.0	42.2	42.7	42.1	-	3.5	4.0	4.6	4.6	
Metal services, nec		40.7	40.8	41.9	41.0	-	3.8	3.7	4.7	4.2	
Plating and polishing		40.2	40.3	41.6	40.6	-	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.7	
Metal coating and allied services		41.6	41.5	42.4	41.7	-	4.5	4.2	5.6	4.9	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		41.1	42.0	41.9	40.9	-	3.3	3.5	4.3	4.2	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		41.0	42.1	40.4	39.9	- 1	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.1	1
Misc. fabricated metal products		41.8	42.2	42.8	42.0	-	3.8	4.0	4.5	4.4	
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		41.7	42.8	43.3	42.8	-	3.7	4.3	4.6		
Misc. fabricated wire products	. 3496	41.2	41.6	42.4	41.4	- 1	3.8	3.6	4.0	3.9	1

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	e hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly (	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											]
Stone, clay, and glass products		\$11.90	\$11.89	\$12.13	\$12.16	\$12.18	\$510.51	\$516.03		\$533.82	\$538.3
Flat glass		17.54	17.60	18.38	18.04	-	766.50	823.68	891.43	844.27	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		13.35	13.39	13.71	13.68	-	566.04	571.75	586.79	593.71	-
Glass containers		13.81	13.88	14.25	14.17	-	600.74	606.56	619.88	626.31	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec		12.89	12.90	13.20	13.23		532.36	537.93	557.04	563.60 432.60	-
Products of purchased glass Cement, hydraulic		10.25	10.21	10.66	10.50		417.18 632.81	429.84 620.31	466.91 651.42	432.60 653.65	_
Structural clay products		10.30	14.84 10.35	15.22 10.78	15.38 10.88	_	425.39	427.46	452.76	454.78	_
Pottery and related products		10.30	10.33	10.75	10.50		412.29	424.74	429.39	427.35	_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		11.46	11.51	11.71	11.79		513.41	521.40	542.17	544.70	_
Concrete block and brick		10.76	10.87	11.19	11.11	-	493.88	503.28	532.64	524.39	-
Concrete products, nec		10.31	10.32	10.43	10.43	_	450.55	452.02	465.18	471.44	- 1
Ready-mixed concrete		12.10	12.16	12.41	12.57	-	544.50	556.93	583.27	584.51	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		12.52	12.38	12.40	12.49	-	534.60	527.39	534.44	534.57	-
Abrasive products		10.74	10.57	10.75	10.70	-	446.78	442.88	467.63	451.54	-
Asbestos products	3292	13.75	13.80	14.75	15.01	-	583.00	571.32	609.18	627.42	-
Primary metal industries		14.06	14.00	14.29	14.39	14.33	611.61	607.60	638.76	637.48	639.1
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	16.49	16.40	16.80	16.94	16.96	737.10	721.60	752.64	762.30	768.2
Blast furnaces and steel mills		17.65	17.56	18.10	18.27	- 1	796.02	777.91	814.50	827.63	-
Steel pipe and tubes		12.74	12.64	13.18	13.04	-	554.19	540.99	585.19	568.54	-
Iron and steel foundries		12.38	12.41	13.31	13.28	- 1	536.05	546.04	612.26	590.96	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries		12.89	12.95	14.19	14.16	- 1	565.87	580.16	661.25	638.62	-
Malleable iron foundries		14.17	12.88	15.19	14.69	-	593.72	537.10	709.37	656.64	-
Steel foundries, nec		11.52	11.58	11.82	12.02	-	475.78	490.99	530.72	508.45	-
Primary nonferrous metals		15.27	15.33	15.39	15.50	-	648.98	645.39	663.31	669.60	-
Primary aluminum		15.39	15.55	15.50	15.58	-	641.76	646.88	657.20 602.55	657.48	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		13.19	13.21	13.39	13.45	-	583.00	578.60 559.80	572.90	599.87 623.15	-
Copper rolling and drawing Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		12.90 15.68	12.81 15.61	13.17 15.70	13.43 15.58	-	571.47 711.87	699.33	717.49	721.35	_
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		13.27	13.28	13.49	13.55	_	579.90	575.02	603.00	584.01	_
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		11.09	11.11	11.34	11.28	_	444.71	453.29	489.89	476.02	_
Aluminum foundries		10.69	10.68	10.73	10.44	-	428.67	442.15	461.39	433.26	-
Fabricated metal products	. 34	11.65	11.67	11.90	11.88	11.94	482.31	491.31	510.51	500.15	512.2
Metal cans and shipping containers		15.42	15.21	15.38	15.56	-	690.82	673.80	690.56	693.98	-
Metal cans	3411	16.52	16.27	16.46	16.63	-	735.14	715.88	734.12	733.38	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	11.57	11.49	11.92	11.81	-	463.96	477.98	510.18	492.48	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		11.03	10.92	11.19	11.00	-	433.48	451.00	473.34	462.00	-
Hardware, nec		11.55	11.42	11.92	11.85	-	465.47	472.79	512.56	487.04	~
Plumbing and heating, except electric		10.45	10.58	10.55	10.64	-	423.23	443.30	442.05	439.43	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		9.82	9.93	9.77	9.85	-	388.87	403.16	407.41	409.76	-
Heating equipment, except electric		10.50	10.82	10.90	10.82	-	426.30	455.52	457.80	441.46	-
Fabricated structural metal products		10.96	10.92	10.96	11.01	-	454.84	457.55	462.51	464.62	-
Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim		10.80 9.36	10.78 9.29	10.98	11.15	-	464.40	462.46 377.17	467.75 388.23	480.57 382.70	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		12.30	9.29 12.40	9.31 12.34	9.38 12.30	_	374.40 512.51	529.48	525.68	382.70 522.75	-
Sheet metal work		11.27	11.13	11.21	11.29	-	460.94	457.44	466.34	473.05	
Architectural metal work		10.05	10.07	10.11	10.05	_	417.08	420.93	415.52	422.10	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		11.41	11.48	11.76	11.75	~	472.37	481.01	508.03	494.68	-
Screw machine products		10.73	10.74	11.00	11.07	_	442.08	448.93	475.20	464.94	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		12.17	12.30	12.62	12.51	_	505.06	517.83	543.92	527.92	-
Metal forgings and stampings		13.79	13.92	14.46	14.37	-	569.53	599.95	644.92	609.29	-
Iron and steel forgings		13.45	13.53	13.79	13.89	-	532.62	566.91	591.59	594.49	-
Automotive stampings		15.83	15.95	16.73	16.86	- 1	663.28	703.40	776.27	716.55	-
Metal stampings, nec		11.12	11.09	11.22	11.27	-	455.92	468.00	479.09	474.47	-
Metal services, nec		9.67	9.63	9.84	9.85	-	393.57	392.90	412.30	403.85	-
Plating and polishing		9.70	9.67	9.86	9.83	- '	389.94	389.70	410.18	399.10	-
Metal coating and allied services		9.61	9.57	9.82	9.88	- '	399.78	397.16	416.37	412.00	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		13.47	13.52	13.81	14.02	-	553.62	567.84	578.64	573.42	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		13.64	13.79	14.34	14.65	1	559.24	580.56	579.34	584.54	-
Misc. fabricated metal products		10.88	10.87	11.07	11.17	-	454.78	458.71	473.80	469.14	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		11.37	11.29	11.30	11.44	-	474.13	483.21 406.02	489.29	489.63 411.52	-
Misc. fabricated wire products		9.71	9.76	9.75	9.94	- 1	400.05		413.40		

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>®</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug 1994
Durable goods—Continued											1
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	42.6	42.6	43.8	43.1	43.1	4.5	4.6	5.3	5.2	-
Engines and turbines	351	45.1	43.5	45.2	44.4	-	4.3	4.9	5.9	5.4	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		43.8	43.0	42.3	42.5	_	3.9	5.2	4.6	3.6	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	45.6	43.7	46.3	45.2	-	4.5	4.8	6.4	6.2	•
Farm and garden machinery		42.1	42.8	43.3	42.6	-	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.4	•
Farm machinery and equipment		42.3	42.9	43.4	42.7	-	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.6	· ·
Construction and related machinery		44.2	43.8	44.0	43.5	-	5.2	5.0	5.7	5.5	
Construction machinery		44.8	43.7	43.1	42.3	-	4.7	4.4	5.9	5.2	
Mining machinery		40.5	40.7	43.5	44.1	-	3.8	4.0	5.1	4.8	
Oil and gas field machinery		46.5	47.1	46.3	46.0	-	6.7	6.5	6.0	6.7	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		44.1	43.6	43.9	44.0	-	6.2	5.8 3.9	5.9 5.0	5.9 5.2	
Industrial trucks and tractors		40.5 43.1	41.2 43.0	42.6 44.1	42.4 43.8	-	3.8 5.2	5.2	6.0	6.0	
Metalworking machinery Machine tools, metal cutting types		43.1	43.0	44.1	43.6	_	4.3	4.4	5.9	6.1	
Machine tools, metal forming types		43.3	42.2	45.3	44.1	_	5.0	4.2	6.0	5.7	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		43.8	43.6	44.3	44.2	_	6.1	6.2	6.6	6.6	
Machine tool accessories		42.3	42.1	43.3	43.0	_	3.7	3.6	4.7	4.7	1
Power driven handtools		43.3	43.1	43.2	43.1	-	4.7	4.5	5.1	4.9	1
Special industry machinery		41.7	42.4	43.5	42.5	-	4.5	4.8	5.3	5.0	
Textile machinery		40.5	41.6	42.0	40.6	-	3.7	4.4	4.2	3.5	
Printing trades machinery		41.7	40.7	42.8	41.9	-	4.2	4.1	5.5	5.0	1
Food products machinery		41.4	43.0	44.0	43.0	-	4.4	5.2	5.5	5.5	
General industrial machinery		42.6	42.4	43.9	43.4	-	4.4	4.5	5.3	5.4	
Pumps and pumping equipment		43.0	43.3	44.0	43.2	-	4.8	4.6	4.9	5.0	
Ball and roller bearings	. 3562	42.7	42.5	45.4	44.0	-	5.3	5.3	7.6	6.5	
Air and gas compressors	. 3563	41.8	42.5	45.1	44.3	-	3.8	4.0	5.3	5.0	
Blowers and fans		42.1	41.9	42.9	42.9	-	4.1	4.6	4.1	4.9	1
Speed changers, drives, and gears	. 3566	43.3	42.3	43.3	42.3	-	5.3	5.3	6.5	6.3	
Power transmission equipment, nec		42.5	42.4	44.2	43.6	-	3.8	4.1	5.4	5.3	
Computer and office equipment		41.7	42.3	43.2	41.7	-	3.1	3.3	3.7	3.4	1
Electronic computers	. 3571	42.3	42.4	44.4	42.2	-	3.1	3.4	3.9	3.3	
Computer terminals, calculators, and	0575 0 0			40.0							
office machines, nec		42.4	41.5	43.0	40.9	-	3.4	3.6	3.8 5.8	4.1 5.7	Į.
Refrigeration and service machinery		42.0 42.6	41.5 41.5	44.3 45.5	43.9 45.3	-	4.5 5.0	4.8 5.1	5.8 6.4	6.4	
Refrigeration and heating equipment Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		42.0	41.5	45.5	43.3	_	4.3	4.6	5.2	5.1	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		41.8	42.1	43.1	40.5	-	3.8	4.5	6.0	5.8	1
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		41.9	42.1	43.1	40.0	_	4.4	4.7	5.2	5.1	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	41.1	41.7	42.3	41.4	41.9	3.5	3.8	4.3	4.1	
Electric distribution equipment		41.4	41.3	42.5	41.8	-	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.3	
Transformers, except electronic	. 3612	41.5	41.3	42.3	41.2	-	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.8	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	. 3613	41.2	41.4	42.8	42.4	-	3.8	3.7	4.4	4.9	
Electrical industrial apparatus	. 362	41.8	41.8	43.7	43.0	-	3.5	3.1	5.0	4.8	
Motors and generators		41.7	41.6	44.7	43.3	-	3.5	3.0	5.7	5.2	
Relays and industrial controls		41.7	41.8	42.0	42.4	-	3.1	2.9	3.8	4.1	
Household appliances		40.4	40.5	41.0	41.2	-	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.4	
Household refrigerators and freezers	. 3632	43.3	41.6	41.8	44.9	-	3.5	2.6	2.7	4.9	
Household laundry equipment	. 3633	35.8	39.3	40.8 41.0	38.6	-	2.0 3.2	2.4 3.9	3.5 2.5	2.6	
Electric housewares and fans Electric lighting and wiring equipment		41.1 41.1	41.1 41.3	41.0	40.8	-	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.7	
Electric lamps	2641	41.1	41.3	42.5	41.2		3.7	4.3	5.7	4.6	
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	39.9	40.0	41.4	41.1	_	2.9	3.0	3.8	4.1	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		41.1	41.0	43.0	42.1	- 1	2.9	2.8	3.5	3.2	
Residential lighting fixtures		38.2	40.1	39.3	37.5	- 1	2.2	3.2	2.3	1.9	
Household audio and video equipment		40.4	42.2	41.8	40.0	- 1	3.5	4.7	4.9	4.1	
Household audio and video equipment		39.8	41.3	41.7	39.0	- 1	2.8	3.8	4.5	3.1	
Communications equipment		42.5	43.4	42.7	41.9	-	3.4	3.5	4.0	3.7	1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		43.6	44.6	44.5	43.8	- 1	3.5	3.2	4.5	4.1	1
Electronic components and accessories		40.4	41.2	41.9	41.0	-	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.3	
Electron tubes		41.0	42.0	42.7	41.4	-	4.5	4.2	5.2	4.9	
Semiconductors and related devices		41.7	42.1	42.1	41.4	-	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.7	1
Electronic components, nec		39.1	40.1	41.0	40.6	-	2.8	3.1	3.9	3.9	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	. 369	41.7	42.5	42.9	41.7	-	3.7	4.6	4.8	4.0	1
Storage batteries		43.3	43.8	43.5	42.9	- 1	4.2	5.1	5.5	5.6	
Engine electrical equipment	. 3694	41.9	43.0	43.8	41.5	-	3.7	4.9	5.3	3.3	1

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	e hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994 <sup>,</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment		\$12.76	\$12.74	\$12.94	\$12.95	\$12.93	\$543.58	\$542.72	\$566.77	\$558.15	\$557.2
Engines and turbines		16.09	16.05	16.20	16.20	-	725.66	698.18	732.24	719.28	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		16.51	16.75	16.94	17.06	-	723.14	720.25	716.56	725.05	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		15.92	15.75	15.93	15.87	-	725.95	688.28	737.56	717.32	-
Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment		12.08 12.79	12.11 12.97	12.37 13.41	12.73 13.59	-	508.57 541.02	518.31 556.41	535.62 581.99	542.30 580.29	-
Construction and related machinery	3523	13.01	12.97	12.96	12.78	_	575.04	565.46	570.24	555.93	-
Construction machinery	3531	14.60	14.31	14.26	13.91	-	654.08	625.35	614.61	588.39	_
Mining machinery		13.03	13.21	13.58	13.51	-	527.72	537.65	590.73	595.79	_
Oil and gas field machinery		11.86	11.99	11.87	11.85	-	551.49	564.73	549.58	545.10	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		11.95	11.92	12.14	12.20	-	527.00	519.71	532.95	536.80	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		11.20	11.21	11.33	11.29	-	453.60	461.85	482.66	478.70	-
Metalworking machinery		13.33	13.28	13.55	13.62	-	574.52	571.04	597.56	596.56	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		13.58	13.54	13.87	13.98	-	577.15	572.74	621.38	620.71	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		13.56	13.39	13.80	13.66	-	587.15	565.06	625.14 623.30	602.41 627.20	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures Machine tool accessories		13.95 11.66	13.89 11.66	14.07 11.96	14.19 11.89	-	611.01 493.22	605.60 490.89	517.87	511.27	-
Power driven handtools		11.05	10.94	11.23	11.24	-	493.22	490.89	485.14	484.44	_
Special industry machinery		13.21	13.11	13.44	13.44	_	550.86	555.86	584.64	571.20	_
Textile machinery		11.30	11.30	11.49	11.56	-	457.65	470.08	482.58	469.34	_
Printing trades machinery		14.71	14.71	15.59	15.48	-	613.41	598.70	667.25	648.61	-
Food products machinery		12.90	12.80	13.07	13.11	-	534.06	550.40	575.08	563.73	-
General industrial machinery		12.39	12.45	12.70	12.73	-	527.81	527.88	557.53	552.48	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		13.11	13.36	13.54	13.61	-	563.73	578.49	595.76	587.95	-
Ball and roller bearings		13.50	13.65	14.23	14.33	-	576.45	580.13	646.04	630.52	-
Air and gas compressors		12.47	12.39	12.81	12.99	-	521.25	526.58	577.73	575.46	-
Blowers and fans Speed changers, drives, and gears		10.52 13.34	10.51 13.36	10.53 13.65	10.60 13.41	-	442.89 577.62	440.37 565.13	451.74 591.05	454.74 567.24	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		12.33	12.31	12.64	12.59	_	524.03	521.94	558.69	548.92	-
Computer and office equipment		12.64	12.75	13.11	13.12	-	527.09	539.33	566.35	547.10	~
Electronic computers		13.79	14.13	14.20	14.38	_	583.32	599.11	630.48	606.84	~
Computer terminals, calculators, and	1										
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	12.61	12.43	12.97	12.64	-	534.66	515.85	557.71	516.98	-
Refrigeration and service machinery		11.57	11.53	11.60	11.44	-	485.94	478.50	513.88	502.22	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		11.77	11.70	11.75	11.56	-	501.40	485.55	534.63	523.67	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		12.15	12.16	12.35	12.39	-	507.87	511.94	532.29	524.10	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3592 3596,9	13.01 11.85	13.05 11.85	13.59 12.00	13.23 12.10	-	533.41 496.52	549.41 498.89	589.81 517.20	535.82 513.04	-
Electronic and other electrical any inment	06	11.00	11.00	11 54	11 50	11 50	460.70	460.54	400.14	479.41	405.0
Electronic and other electrical equipment Electric distribution equipment		11.26 11.03	11.26 11.16	11.54 11.26	11.58 11.32	11.59 ~	462.79 456.64	469.54 460.91	488.14 478.55	479.41	485.6
Transformers, except electronic		10.46	10.64	10.81	10.83	-	434.09	439.43	457.26	446.20	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		11.64	11.71	11.76	11.83	-	479.57	484.79	503.33	501.59	_
Electrical industrial apparatus		10.69	10.76	10.84	11.03	-	446.84	449.77	473.71	474.29	-
Motors and generators		9.92	9.93	10.12	10.24	-	413.66	413.09	452.36	443.39	-
Relays and industrial controls		12.02	12.17	12.34	12.67	~	501.23	508.71	518.28	537.21	-
Household appliances		10.50	10.44	10.78	11.03	-	424.20	422.82	441.98	454.44	-
Household refrigerators and freezers		11.58	11.42	11.47	11.64	~	501.41	475.07	479.45	522.64	-
Household laundry equipment Electric housewares and fans		12.43 8.25	12.66 8.28	13.45 8.43	13.69 8.71	-	444.99 339.08	497.54 340.31	548.76 345.63	528.43 353.63	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		11.01	10.97	11.31	11.26	_	452.51	453.06	480.68	463.91	_
Electric lamps		11.41	11.72	11.75		_ (	488.35	508.65	544.03	510.27	_
Current-carrying wiring devices		10.90	10.88	11.22	11.37	- (	434.91	435.20	464.51	467.31	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	10.59	10.56	10.47	10.47	- (	435.25	432.96	450.21	440.79	-
Residential lighting fixtures		8.55	8.30	8.41	8.31	-	326.61	332.83	330.51	311.63	-
Household audio and video equipment		10.86	10.93	11.76	11.37	-	438.74	461.25	491.57	454.80	-
Household audio and video equipment		11.10	11.30	12.35	11.67	-	441.78	466.69	515.00	455.13	-
Communications equipment		11.68	11.61	12.38	12.38	-	496.40	503.87	528.63	518.72	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus Electronic components and accessories		12.57 11.33	12.43 11.27	13.91 11.35	13.92 11.48	-	548.05 457.73	554.38 464.32	619.00 475.57	609.70 470.68	
Electronic components and accessories		13.05	13.08	13.29	11.48	_	457.73 535.05	464.32 549.36	475.57 567.48	470.68 570.91	
Semiconductors and related devices		14.76	14.59	14.39	14.67	_	615.49	614.24	605.82	607.34	_
Electronic components, nec		9.48	9.50		9.69	_	370.67	380.95	398.93	393.41	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		12.42	12.59	12.85	12.76	-	517.91	535.08	551.27	532.09	-
Storage batteries	3691	13.37	13.72	13.96	14.28	-	578.92	600.94	607.26	612.61	-
Engine electrical equipment		13.00	13.23	13,42	13.32	-	544.70	568.89	587.80	552.78	

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	41.8	42.8	44.4	42.4	44.2	3.7	4.7	6.3	4.8	-
Motor vehicles and equipment		42.5	44.1	46.1	43.1	45.8	3.9	5.7	7.8	5.4	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies		42.0	43.7	46.3	45.1	_	3.4	5.6	8.5	6.3	-
Truck and bus bodies		44.3	44.0	44.4	43.0	-	4.4	4.6	6.2	5.6	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		42.6	44.5	46.4	41.9	-	4.2	6.1	7.8	4.8	-
Truck trailers		42.6	43.3	43.3	43.5	-	4.5	4.2	5.3	5.6	- 1
Aircraft and parts	372	41.4	41.5	42.2	41.4	-	3.8	4.0	4.6	4.6	.
Aircraft		41.0	40.5	41.1	39.7	-	3.7	3.7	4.1	4.1	
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	43.6	43.5	43.5	44.0	-	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.5	1 .
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		40.7	41.8	43.1	42.5	-	3.3	3.8	5.0	4.7	
Ship and boat building and repairing		39.8	39.7	40.9	41.3	-	2.6	2.5	3.2	3.4	·
Ship building and repairing	3731	40.2	40.0	41.4	42.4	-	2.5	2.3	3.1	3.3	
Boat building and repairing		38.8	39.2	39.9	39.4	- 1	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.6	
Railroad equipment		40.6	42.3	46.2	44.5	-	2.6	3.6	6.0	4.5	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		42.0	41.2	41.7	42.5	-	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.2	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.9	42.0	42.0	43.1	-	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.1	1
Misc. transportation equipment		40.4	40.1	39.3	39.5	-	3.4	2.9	2.9	2.9	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	40.4	39.3	38.5	39.5	-	3.0	2.1	2.4	2.9	
Instruments and related products	38	40.6	40.7	41.7	41.4	41.9	2.6	2.7	3.2	3.2	
Search and navigation equipment		40.4	40.1	41.2	40.9	-	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	
Measuring and controlling devices		40.5	40.9	42.3	42.1	-	2.3	2.6	3.2	3.1	
Environmental controls	3822	39.5	39.8	42.6	42.5	-	2.7	2.8	4.0	3.8	
Process control instruments		40.4	41.4	42.4	42.7	-	2.2	2.2	2.9	2.9	
Instruments to measure electricity		40.8	41.3	42.0	41.0	-	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.0	į.
Medical instruments and supplies		40.6	40.7	41.2	40.9	-	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.2	
Surgical and medical instruments		41.2	41.3	41.7	40.6	-	2.8	2.9	3.5	3.0	
Surgical appliances and supplies		39.9	39.9	40.5	40.9	- 1	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.4	
Ophthalmic goods		39.8	40.2	39.7	38.7	-	2.1	3.0	2.5	1.9	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		42.4 38.2	41.0 43.4	43.8 42.2	43.3 41.2	-	4.5 2.2	4.2 3.5	5.4 3.8	5.4 3.7	
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		38.9	39.8	40.1	39.5	40.1	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.8 1.8	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		36.3	37.8	38.2	37.6	-	1.0	1.8	2.0		
Jewelry, precious metal		35.7	37.2	37.5	37.1	-	1.0	1.6	1.9 2.9	1.9 2.4	
Musical instruments		38.5	39.3 39.9	40.8	37.3	-	1.7 2.7	1.7 3.0	2.9	3.1	
Toys and sporting goods		39.3	39.9 38.5	40.6	39.9	-	2.7	3.0 2.1	2.0	2.3	1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		37.7	38.5 40.9	38.7	37.9	-	3.2	3.7	2.0	3.5	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		40.3	40.9	41.6	41.0	_	3.2 2.9	2.9	3.5	2.6	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies Costume jewelry and notions		41.0 37.8	40.4 40.2	41.2 39.3	40.7 38.6	-	2.9	3.5	2.3	2.0	
Costume jewelry and hotions		36.8	39.5	38.7	38.3	-	2.0	3.4	2.1	1.8	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.4	40.1	40.1	40.0	-	2.9	3.3	3.0	3.1	
Signs and advertising specialties		39.8	40.3	41.1	41.5	-	2.9	3.3	3.8	3.6	
iondurable goods		40.3	40.7	41.1	40.8	41.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.3	
Food and kindred products		40.6	41.2	41.1	41.6	41.9	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.4	
Meat products		40.3	40.5	41.5	41.4	-	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.8	1
Meat packing plants		40.9	41.6	42.7	43.3	-	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.6	1
Sausages and other prepared meats		42.7	42.4	43.8	43.2	-	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.9	[
Poultry slaughtering and processing		39.1	39.2	39.9	39.7	-	3.6	3.5	3.8	4.0	
Dairy products		42.2	41.7	42.2	42.6	-	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.2	1
Cheese, natural and processed Fluid milk		40.2 42.6	40.4 42.1	40.1 42.4	41.5 42.7	-	3.2 4.7	3.5 4.5	3.9 4.7	4.3 5.1	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		39.1	41.0	39.8	41.0	-	5.0	6.2	4.4	5.9	1
Canned specialties		42.7	44.8	42.4	42.7	-	5.7	6.5	4.7	4.7	
Canned fruits and vegetables		39.9	41.9	40.2	41.7	-	5.7	7.2	5.0	7.0	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		36.9	39.8	39.3	40.8	-	4.8	5.4	4.0	5.2	
Grain mill products		44.5	44.7	43.9	45.2	_	6.6	6.8	6.3	7.3	
					, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,			1
Flour and other grain mill products		47.0	47.3	44.8	45.0	-	6.8	7.3	5.8	6.4	

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>9</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$15.53	\$15.67	\$16.43	\$16.42	\$16.48	\$649.15	\$670.68	\$729.49	\$696.21	\$728.42
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	15.66	15.89	16.91	16.92	16.97	665.55	700.75	779.55	729.25	777.23
Motor vehicles and car bodies		19.11	19.23	20.73	20.90	-	802.62	840.35	959.80	942.59	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	13.16	13.60	14.30	14.68	-	582.99	598.40	634.92	631.24	- 1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	14.32	14.60	15.34	15.19	~ 1	610.03	649.70	711.78	636.46	-
Truck trailers		9.71	9.72	9,99	9.89	~	413.65	420.88	432.57	430.22	-
Aircraft and parts	372	17.19	17.22	17.94	18.01	-	711.67	714.63	757.07	745.61	-
Aircraft		( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	_	-	_	-	_	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		\$16.60	\$16.53	\$17.21	\$17.42	-	\$723.76	\$719.06	\$748.64	\$766.48	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		15.67	15.78	16.13	16.29	-	637.77	659.60	695.20	692.33	- 1
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	12.39	12.43	12.43	12.53	-	493.12	493.47	508.39	517.49	_
Ship building and repairing	3731	13.43	13.54	13.80	13.86	_	539.89	541.60	571.32	587.66	-
Boat building and repairing		10.00	9.89	9.82	9.93	-	388.00	387.69	391.82	391.24	-
Railroad equipment		14.86	14.86	15.64	15.23	_	603.32	628.58	722.57	677.74	- 1
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		16.80	16.86	17.26	17.56	_	705.60	694.63	719.74	746.30	_
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		( <sup>2</sup> )		( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	_		034.03	/13./4	740.00	_
			( <sup>2</sup> )		\$10.58	_	- \$450.86	\$449.12	\$426.41	\$417.91	
Misc. transportation equipment Travel trailers and campers		\$11.16 10.93	\$11.20 11.02	\$10.85 10.75	\$10.56 10.67	-	\$450.86 441.57	433.09	413.88	421.47	-
Instruments and related products	38	12.24	12.24	12.42	12.46	12.42	496.94	498.17	517.91	515.84	520.40
Search and navigation equipment	381	16.10	16.22	16.73	16.81	- 1	650.44	650.42	689.28	687.53	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	12.08	12.16	12.20	12.18	- 1	489.24	497.34	516.06	512.78	-
Environmental controls	3822	10.86	10.72	10.90	10.67	- 1	428.97	426.66	464.34	453.48	-
Process control instruments	3823	11.63	11.81	11.77	11.77	-	469.85	488.93	499.05	502.58	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	13.21	13.35	13.47	13.52	-	538.97	551.36	565.74	554.32	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.86	10.87	11.07	11.16	-	440.92	442.41	456.08	456.44	-
Surgical and medical instruments		10.77	10.70	10.77	10.81	-	443.72	441.91	449.11	438.89	_
Surgical appliances and supplies		10.20	10.20	10.44	10.59	-	406.98	406.98	422.82	433.13	_
Ophthalmic goods		8.76	8.87	9.32	9.38	-	348.65	356.57	370.00	363.01	_
Photographic equipment and supplies		14.82	14.71	15.18	15.15	-	628.37	603.11	664.88	656.00	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		8.32	8.17	8.44	8.65	-	317.82	354.58	356.17	356.38	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	9.39	<del>9</del> .32	9.59	9.58	9.60	365.27	370.94	384.56	378.41	384.96
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	9.57	9.59	9.94	9.85	-	347.39	362.50	379.71	370.36	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	9.45	9.43	9.89	9.78	-	337.37	350.80	370.88	362.84	-
Musical instruments	393	9.38	9.23	9.60	9.49	-	361.13	362.74	391.68	353.98	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	8.87	8.71	8.93	9.03	-	348.59	347.53	362.56	360.30	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		8.44	8.47	8.84	8.83	-	318.19	326,10	342.11	334.66	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		9.11	8.87	8.97	9.13	-	367.13	362.78	373.15	374.33	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		10.36	10.35	10.81	10.73	_	424.76	418.14	445.37	436.71	-
Costume jewelry and notions		8.36	8.16	8.24	8.27	-	316.01	328.03	323.83	319.22	-
Costume jewelry		7.60	7.24	7.08	7.13	_	279.68	285.98	274.00	273.08	-
Miscellaneous manufactures		9.71	9.72	10.01	9.94	_	382.57	389.77	401.40	397.60	-
Signs and advertising specialties		9.88	9.99	10.20	10.05	-	393.22	402.60	419.22	417.08	-
Nondurable goods		11.01	10.96	11.22	11.29	11.21	443.70	446.07	461.14	460.63	460.73
Food and kindred products	1	10.49	10.43	10.66	10.70	10.61	425.89	429.72	438.13	445.12	444.56
Meat products		8.53	8.52	8.65	8.77	-	343.76	345.06	358.98	363.08	-
Meat packing plants		9.31	9.35	9.33	9.50	-	380.78	388.96	398.39	411.35	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		9.98	9.88	10.09	10.13	-	426.15	418.91	441.94	437.62	- 1
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	7.48	7.47	7.68	7.78	-	292.47	292.82	306.43	308.87	-
Dairy products	202	11.61	11.67	11.93	11.96	-	489.94	486.64	503.45	509.50	-
Cheese, natural and processed		10.34	10.50	10.63	10.69	- (	415.67	424.20	426.26	443.64	-
Fluid milk	2026	12.39	12.37	12.67	12.73	- 1	527.81	520.78	537.21	543.57	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	10.13	9.99	10.18	10.17	-	396.08	409.59	405.16	416.97	-
Canned specialties	2032	13.22	12.86	13.54	13.46	-	564.49	576.13	574.10	574.74	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		10.48	10.37	10.55	10.53	-	418.15	434.50	424.11	439.10	- 1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		9.14	8.75	9.08	8.96	-	337.27	348.25	356.84	365.57	-
Grain mill products		12.79	12.63	13.07	13.21	-	569.16	564.56	573.77	597.09	-
Flour and other grain mill products		10.65	10.51	10.96	10.92	-	500.55	497.12	491.01	491.40	_
Prepared feeds, nec		10.16	10.14	10.56	10.52	_	440.94	436.02	459.36	471.87	-
	1-0-0	1 .0.10	10.14	10.00	10.00	-	440.04	400.02		471.07	1 -

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>o</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Au 199
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products-Continued											
Bakery products	205	39.5	40.0	39.8	39.1	-	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.6	.
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	39.5	39.4	39.4	38.9	_	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.6	.
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	2051	39.5	33.4	33.4	30.9		4.0	4.5	4.7	4.0	1
except bread	2052.2	39.5	41.3	40.6	39.5	_	4.3	5.3	4.0	4.7	
Sugar and confectionery products		39.5	40.6				4.3 3.7	4.3	3.3	3.4	
		1 1		40.2	40.5	-				4.9	
Raw cane sugar		45.2	45.7	44.1	45.8	-	5.7	6.4	4.3		
Cane sugar refining		46.5	45.8	46.7	45.7	-	8.4	10.1	6.3	6.5	
Beet sugar		40.5	39.3	40.3	41.7	-	4.6	5.0	4.2	2.6	
Candy and other confectionery products		39.1	39.5	38.7	39.3	-	3.0	3.4	2.7	3.1	
Fats and oils		43.6	43.8	44.2	43.9	-	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.7	1
Beverages		42.6	41.8	43.4	43.8	-	6.0	5.7	6.7	6.9	1
Mait beverages		42.9	42.5	45.7	47.4	-	7.5	7.4	8.5	9.6	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		43.5	43.0	43.7	43.3	-	6.3	5.9	7.3	6.8	
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	39.7	41.2	39.4	41.4	-	4.9	5.5	4.2	5.9	
Tobacco products	. 21	36.0	37.4	40.2	37.9	39.1	2.3	1.9	3.2	3.5	
Cigarettes	. 211	35.4	37.2	40.8	38.4	-	2.3	1.7	3.5	3.9	
Textile mill products	. 22	40.9	41.8	42.4	41.2	41.8	4.2	4.7	5.1	4.5	
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		40.2	42.4	42.8	41.7	_	5.0	6.1	6.3	5.6	ł
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		41.1	42.0	42.0	40.4		3.9	4.5	4.8	4.1	
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		44.1	43.5	43.7	43.3		6.3	5.7	6.5	5.7	
Narrow fabric mills		40.4	40.0	40.9	39.2	_	2.9	3.0	3.4	2.9	
Knitting mills		39.7	40.1	41.3	40.3	_	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.5	
Women's hosiery, except socks			37.1		39.5		1.7	1.9	4.1	3.0	
		36.0		42.0		1				3.9	
Hosiery, nec		39.4	39.6	40.4	40.2	-	3.5	3.4	3.8	F	l .
Knit outerwear mills		40.4	40.6	40.6	39.4	-	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	
Knit underwear mills		40.1	39.9	40.2	39.9	-	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.3	
Weft knit fabric mills		40.2	40.2	42.3	41.9	-	4.2	3.8	5.4	4.7	l l
Textile finishing, except wool		42.2	43.5	44.2	43.2	-	5.2	6.0	6.5	5.7	
Finishing plants, cotton		43.2	44.3	44.9	43.9	-	5.8	6.4	6.7	5.8	
Finishing plants, synthetics		39.6	42.5	42.5	41.8	- 1	4.2	5.7	5.5	5.2	
Carpets and rugs		43.4	44.1	43.2	41.6	-	5.9	6.5	6.3	5.0	
Yarn and thread mills		40.1	41.4	42.3	41.1	-	4.1	4.4	5.0	4.6	[
Yarn spinning mills	2281	40.6	41.7	42.7	41.4	-	4.1	4.5	5.1	4.8	ŀ
Throwing and winding mills	. 2282	36.0	38.6	39.3	38.5	-	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.3	
Miscellaneous textile goods	. 229	42.6	43.4	43.7	42.1	-	4.4	5.0	5.6	4.7	
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	37.0	37.4	38.0	37.3	37.8	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.0	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.5	36.1	37.1	37.3	-	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	
Men's and boys' furnishings		36.9	37.3	38.1	37.7	-	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.0	1
Men's and boys' shirts		35.5	36.1	37.2	37.3	-	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.3	1
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		37.5	37.0	37.7	37.5	-	1.9	1.7	1.6	2.2	
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.2	37.5	38.1	37.7	-	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	1
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	36.3	36.4	36.4	35.9	-	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	ł
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		36.0	35.9	36.6	37.0	-	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.1	ł
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	. 2335	35.8	37.0	37.5	36.5	-	2.1	2.4	2.8	2.7	1
Women's and misses' suits and coats	. 2337	37.1	36.8	35.8	35.8	-	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	36.3	36.3	36.2	35.6	-	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	
Women's and children's undergarments		37.0	38.3	38.6	37.6	-	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.3	1
Women's and children's underwear		37.3	38.5	38.5	37.6	-	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.2	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		35.5	37.6	38.8	37.6	- 1	1.8	1.5	2.7	2.5	
Girls' and children's outerwear		37.1	36.7	38.2	38.4	- 1	1.6	1.6	2.5	2.5	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		36.9	36.2	37.2	37.6	-	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.3	1
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	37.2	37.2	37.6	36.4	-	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.3	1
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	37.9	39.5	40.3	38.6	-	2.3	3.2	3.6	2.6	
Curtains and draperies	2391	36.3	38.8	39.8	37.2	_	1.6	2.5	2.7	1.5	
House furnishings, nec		36.3	39.9	39.0	38.2	_	2.0	3.4	2.6	2.8	1
Automotive and apparel trimmings		38.3	40.1	41.3	38.1	-	2.0	3.4	4.4	2.0	
	1	42.0	40.4	44.0	42.0	42.0	= 4	= *	5.5	5.8	
Paper and allied products Paper mills	. 262	43.2 44.9	43.4 44.6	44.0 45.3	43.9 45.9	43.8	5.4 6.2	5.4 6.0	5.5	5.8 6.3	
Paperboard mills		44.6	44.8	45.1	46.2	1	6.7	6.7	6.8	7.4	1

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products-Continued											
Bakery products	205	\$11.76	\$11.72	\$11.78	\$11.90	-	\$464.52	\$468.80	\$468.84	\$465.29	-
Bread, cake, and related products		11.75	11.60	11.74	11.80	_	464.13	457.04	462.56	459.02	í –
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,											
except bread	2052.3	11.78	11.95	11.86	12.08	_	465.31	493.54	481.52	477.16	-
Sugar and confectionery products		11.64	11.50	11.82	11.79	-	464.44	466.90	475.16	477.50	-
Raw cane sugar		10.37	10.66	11.29	10.71	-	468.72	487.16	497.89	490.52	-
Cane sugar refining		16.11	16.41	15.70	15.94	-	749.12	751.58	733.19	728.46	-
Beet sugar		13.00	13.16	13.40	13.20	-	526.50	517.19	540.02	550.44	-
Candy and other confectionery products		10.66	10.38	10.80	10.77	-	416.81	410.01	417.96	423.26	-
Fats and oils		11.15	11.12	11.31	11.52	-	486.14	487.06	499,90	505.73	-
Beverages		14.69	14.60	14.93	15.08	-	625.79	610.28	647.96	660.50	-
Malt beverages		20.03	19.97	20.36	20.42	-	859.29	848.73	930.45	967.91	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks		12.13	12.01	12.26	12.26	-	527.66	516.43	535.76	530.86	-
Misc. food and kindred products		9.37	9.45	9.65	9.48	-	371.99	389.34	380.21	392.47	-
<b>-</b> .											
Tobacco products Cigarettes		18.39 21.18	17.22 21.16	20.48 23.66	20.38 23.13	\$18.57 -	662.04 749.77	644.03 787.15	823.30 965.33	772.40 888.19	\$726
	211	21.10	21.10	23.00	23.13	-	/43.//	/0/.15	303.00	000.15	-
Textile mill products	22	8.87	8.91	9.12	9.12	9.14	362.78	372.44	386.69	375.74	382.
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	9.30	9.32	9.54	9.60	-	373.86	395.17	408.31	400.32	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	9.70	9.77	10.06	10.07	-	398.67	410.34	422.52	406.83	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	9.40	9.37	9.63	9.64	-	414.54	407.60	420.83	417.41	-
Narrow fabric mills		8.24	8.26	8.28	8.41	~	332.90	330.40	338.65	329.67	-
Knitting mills	225	8.09	8.13	8.33	8.30	-	321.17	326.01	344.03	334.49	~
Women's hosiery, except socks		7.53	7.55	7.87	7.82	~	271.08	280.11	330.54	308.89	-
Hosiery, nec		7.79	7.82	8.05	8.08	-	306.93	309.67	325.22	324.82	-
Knit outerwear mills		7.71	7.79	7.80	7.80	~	311.48	316.27	316.68	307.32	
Knit underwear mills	2254	8.14	8.22	8.33	8.35	-	326.41	327.98	334.87	333.17	-
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	9.16	9.09	9.45	9.30	-	368.23	365.42	399.74	389.67	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	9.12	9.16	9.39	9.37		384.86	398.46	415.04	404.78	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	9.10	9.03	9.15	9.09	~	393.12	400.03	410.84	399.05	-
Finishing plants, synthetics		9.53	9.74	9.96	9.93	-	377.39	413.95	423.30	415.07	-
Carpets and rugs		8.98	8.99	9.17	9.07	-	389.73	396.46	396.14	377.31	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	8.59	8.60	8.85	8.91	-	344.46	356.04	374.36	366.20	-
Yarn spinning mills	2281	8.54	8.56	8.81	8.87	-	346.72	356.95	376.19	367.22	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	9.06	8.91	9.33	9.52	-	326.16	343.93	366.67	366.52	-
Miscellaneous textile goods		10.41	10.41	10.40	10.44	-	443.47	451.79	454.48	439.52	-
Apparel and other taxtile meduate	00	7.01	7.07	7 00	7.00	7.05	259.37	264.42	278.54	272.29	277.
Apparel and other textile products	20	7.01	7.07	7.33	7.30 8.09	7.35	239.37 284.70	275.08	293.83	301.76	211.
Men's and boys' suits and coats		7.80	7.62	7.92 6.95			284.70	275.08	293.83	263.15	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	6.67	6.67		6.98			239.70	255.94	256.62	_
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	6.65	6.64	6.88	6.88	-	236.08 245.25	239.70	255.94	250.02	
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks Men's and boys' work clothing		6.54 6.48	6.50	6.82 6.64	6.91 6.76		245.25	240.30	252.98	254.85	
Women's and misses' outerwear		6.68	6.41 6.76	6.91	6.97	-	241.00	240.36	252.58	250.22	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		6.09	6.21	6.44	6.37	_	242.48	222.94	231.52	235.69	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		7.37	7.38	7.44	7.55		263.85	273.06	279.00	275.58	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		7.01	7.15	7.44	7.43	_	260.07	263.12	266.35	265.99	-
Women's and misses' suits and coals		6.53	6.60	6.76	6.84	-	237.04	239.58	244.71	243.50	
Women's and children's undergarments		6.78	6.82	6.95	7.00		250.86	261.21	268.27	263.20	_
Women's and children's undergaments		6.58	6.65	6.74	6.81	-	245.43	256.03	259.49	256.06	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		7.69	7.57	7.79	7.77	- 1	273.00	284.63	302.25	292.15	
Girls' and children's outerwear		6.37	6.40	6.54	6.59		236.33	234.88	249.83	253.06	_
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		6.28	6.41	6.43	6.45		231.73	232.04	239.20	242.52	-
Misc. apparel and accessories		6.78	6.90	6.89	6.84		252.22	256.68	259.06	248.98	-
Misc. fabricated textile products		8.03	8.14	8.52	8.26		304.34	321.53	343.36	318.84	-
Curtains and draperies		7.25	7.14	7.31	7.33	1	263.18	277.03	290.94	272.68	_
House furnishings, nec		7.26	7.34	7.56	7.59		267.89	292.87	290.30	289.94	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings		9.79	10.15	11.14	10.31		374.96	407.02	460.08	392.81	-
		10.15	10.10	10.00		10.00	500 77	501.50	601 00	607.50	60.
Paper and allied products Paper mills	26	13.49	13.40 16.66	13.68 16.96	13.84 17.13	1	582.77	581.56 743.04	601.92 768.29	607.58 786.27	604
Paperboard mills		16.80	16.68	17.05			749.28	747.26	768.96	799.26	-
		1 .0.00			1	J		i			1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued										ļ	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	43.1	43.5	44.4	43.7	-	5.3	5.5	5.9	5.9	1 -
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		43.6	44.6	45.1	44.2	-	5.7	6.3	6.4	6.5	- 1
Sanitary food containers	2656	43.6	42.8	44.7	43.7	-	5.5	4.7	6.1	5.6	-
Folding paperboard boxes		43.0	42.7	44.0	43.9	-	5.2	4.8	5.6	6.0	- 1
Misc. converted paper products		41.7	42.0	42.3	42.2	-	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		41.7	42.7	42.6	43.1	-	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.6	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated		41.8	42.3	42.1	42.3	-	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.5	
Envelopes	2677	40.6	41.4	41.6	41.3	-	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.9	-
Printing and publishing	27	38.1	38.4	38.4	38.4	38.8	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.2	-
Newspapers	271	32.8	32.8	33.2	32.8	-	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	-
Periodicals	272	37.4	37.5	37.2	36.3	-	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.4	-
Books		40.0	39.9	40.5	40.1	-	3.5	3.8	2.9	3.5	-
Book publishing		39.4	38.9	40.1	39.0	-	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.0	-
Book printing		40.7	41.0	41.1	41.3	-	5.0	5.6	3.5	5.2	-
Miscellaneous publishing		37.0	37.4	36.8	36.9	-	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.2	-
Commercial printing		39.6	40.0	39.8	40.0	-	3.6	4.0	3.8	4.1	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		39.5	39.9	39.5	39.8	-	3.4	4.0	3.6	3.9	-
Commercial printing, nec		39.5	39.6	40.1	40.0	-	3.5	3.5	3.9	4.0	-
Manifold business forms	1	41.7	41.5	41.2 39.7	41.6 39.7	-	4.4 2.0	4.2 2.6	4.0 2.2	4.4 2.6	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		38.5 39.1	39.4 39.7	39.7 39.3	39.7 39.7	-	2.0 4.1	4.2	4.0	4.3	
Chamiests and allied another	00	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.4	40.0	4.0	4.0	5.1	5.0	
Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals		43.0 43.6	42.9 43.0	43.3 44.5	43.1 44.2	42.9	4.8 5.3	4.8 4.9	5.5	5.0	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		43.6	43.0	44.5	44.2	-	5.8	4. <del>5</del> 5.1	5.3	5.6	
Plastics materials and synthetics		43.9	43.7	44.5	44.1	-	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.4	1.
Plastics materials and synthetics		44.5	44.3	45.4	45.0	_	6.5	6.3	7.2	6.9	1 .
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		43.3	43.1	43.7	43.3	_	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.0	-
Drugs		41.2	41.3	41.0	41.0	_	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7	
Pharmaceutical preparations		40.9	41.1	40.6	40.7	-	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	- 1
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		42.2	41.7	41.3	41.2	-	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.5	-
Soap and other detergents		43.4	42.3	42.8	42.0	-	4.6	4.9	4.6	4.1	.
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		41.2	41.3	40.9	40.4	-	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.8	-
Toilet preparations		42.1	41.5	40.8	41.3	-	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.9	-
Paints and allied products		42.9	43.0	44.4	43.3	-	4.8	4.6	5.5	4.9	•
Industrial organic chemicals	. 286	45.0	45.0	45.3	45.3		6.0	6.0	6.3	6.2	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		43.6	44.3	46.0	45.6	-	7.0	7.6	8.0	8.2	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	. 2869	45.3	45.1	45.1	45.3	-	5.8	5.6	5.9	5.7	· ·
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		44.0 42.8	44.5 42.8	45.1 43.5	45.2 43.3	-	5.2 4.8	5.7 4.7	6.0 5.0	5.9 5.4	
·				1			-				
Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining		44.0 43.6	44.1 43.4	44.0 43.2	43.8 43.2	43.9	6.0 5.0	6.0 4.9	6.2 5.1	6.2 5.1	·
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		46.3	47.0	47.3	46.4	_	9.9	10.3	10.4	10.0	.
Rubber and misc. plastics products	. 30	41.1	41.7	42.5	41.6	42.1	4.1	4.4	4.9	4.6	Ι.
Tires and inner tubes		42.9	43.8	44.9	43.9	-	6.4	6.9	6.7	6.3	.
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	42.6	42.5	41.3	39.4	-	4.7	3.7	2.6	1.6	1.
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		40.8	41.6	42.0	41.4	-	3.8	4.1	4.7	5.0	.
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		41.8	42.5	43.5	43.4	- 1	4.6	4.7	5.2	6.1	
Fabricated rubber products, nec	. 306	40.1	40.9	42.1	41.0	-	3.3	3.6	4.3	4.0	
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	. 308	41.1	41.5	42.3	41.5	-	4.0	4.2	4.8	4.6	· ·
Leather and leather products	. 31	38.2	38.4	38.9	37.8	38.1	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	1 .
Leather tanning and finishing	. 311	40.8	40.9	43.7	42.7	-	4.8	4.9	6.0	5.4	
Footwear, except rubber	. 314	37.9	38.2	38.3	37.0	-	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.7	
Men's footwear, except athletic		36.7	37.8	37.3	35.5	- 1	1.6	2.1	1.7	1.5	
Women's footwear, except athletic		39.6	38.0	38.9	38.7	-	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Luggage		38.6	39.2 38.2	37.8 37.4	38.1 37.7		2.2 .9	2.9	2.2 2.2	3.4	
Handbags and personal leather goods		36.8				1		2.0	2.2	'.'	
ransportation and public utilities		40.0	40.3	40.1	40.3	40.4	-	-	-	-	
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads <sup>3</sup>	. 4011	46.6	47.1	46.4	45.9	-	-	1	-	-	

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	ĺ	Average	e hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly (	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products-Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	\$11.42	\$11.38	\$11.70	\$11.83	- )	\$492.20	\$495.03	\$519.48	\$516.97	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		11.53	11.48	11.76	11.92	-	502.71	512.01	530.38	526.86	-
Sanitary food containers		11.25	11.30	11.48	11.41	-	490.50	483.64	513.16	498.62	-
Folding paperboard boxes		11.94	11.92	12.32	12.45	-	513.42	508.98	542.08	546.56	-
Misc. converted paper products		11.79	11.76	11.93	12.04	-	491.64	493.92	504.64	508.09	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		13.50	13.39	13.81	14.01	-	562.95	571.75	588.31	603.83	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		11.35 10.87	11.17 10.89	11.24 11.15	11.43 11.24	-	474.43 441.32	472.49 450.85	473.20 463.84	483.49 464.21	-
Printing and publishing	27	11.91	11.96	12.08	12.13	\$12.16	453.77	459.26	463.87	465.79	\$471.8 <sup>-</sup>
Newspapers	271	11.83	11.79	12.08	12.13	\$12.10 -	388.02	386.71	399.40	396.55	-
Periodicals		13.28	13.45	13.48	13.46	_	496.67	504.38	501.46	488.60	-
Books		11.05	11.10	11.15	11.21	_	442.00	442.89	451.58	449.52	-
Book publishing		10.70	10.67	10.64	10.66	_	421.58	415.06	426.66	415.74	-
Book printing		11.44	11.57	11.75	11.79	~	465.61	474.37	482.93	486.93	-
Miscellaneous publishing		11.12	11.35	11.70	11.77	-	411.44	424.49	430.56	434.31	-
Commercial printing		12.05	12.15	12.22	12.32	- (	477.18	486.00	486.36	492.80	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		12.16	12.28	12.35	12.42	- (	480.32	489.97	487.83	494.32	-
Commercial printing, nec		11.64	11.67	11.75	11.91	-	459.78	462.13	471.18	476.40	-
Manifold business forms		12.61	12.59	12.94	13.07	-	525.84	522.49	533.13	543.71	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	9.24	9.34	9.56	9.52	-	355.74	368.00	379.53	377.94	-
Printing trade services	279	14.78	14.64	14.81	14.74	-	577.90	581.21	582.03	585.18	-
Chemicals and allied products		14.82	14.76	15.13	15.21	15.15	637.26	633.20	655.13	655.55	649.94
Industrial inorganic chemicals		16.39	16.44	16.74	16.86	-	714.60	706.92	744.93	745.21	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	16.79	16.94	17.10	17.25	-	730.37	721.64	743.85	746.93	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		15.24	15.14	15.58	15.57	-	669.04	661.62	693.31	686.64 769.05	-
Plastics materials and resins		16.45	16.36	17.23	17.09	-	732.03	724.75	782.24 596.94	769.05 595.81	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		13.89	13.83	13.66 14.78	13.76	-	601.44 606.88	596.07 597.61	605.98	611.31	-
Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations		14.73 14.82	14.47 14.52	14.76	14.91 14.86	-	606.14	596.77	598.85	604.80	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		12.24	12.27	14.75	12.59	_	516.53	511.66	525.34	518.71	_
Soap and other detergents	2841	15.85	15.79	16.31	16.16	_	687.89	667.92	698.07	678.72	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		11.65	11.72	11.74	11.83	_	479.98	484.04	480.17	477.93	-
Toilet preparations		10.35	10.42	11.23	11.05	-	435.74	432.43	458.18	456.37	-
Paints and allied products		12.67	12.54	13.03	13.03	-	543.54	539.22	578.53	564.20	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	17.69	17.81	18.19	18.19	-	796.05	801.45	824.01	824.01	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	17.34	17.55	17.58	17.96	-	756.02	777.47	808.68	818.98	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	17.90	17.99	18.47	18.37	-	810.87	811.35	833.00	832.16	-
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		15.18 13.60	15.22 13.48	15.08 13.87	15.47 14.24	-	667.92 582.08	677.29 576.94	680.11 603.35	699.24 616.59	-
·										000 57	000.07
Petroleum and coal products		18.43	18.36	18.92 21.02	18.94 20.98	18.89 -	810.92 888.57	809.68 879.72	832.48 908.06	829.57 906.34	829.27
Petroleum refining Asphalt paving and roofing materials		20.38 13.86	20.27 14.08	14.24	14.36	-	641.72	661.76	673.55	666.30	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	10.58	10.53	10.72	10.74	10.61	434.84	439.10	455.60	446.78	446.68
Tires and inner tubes	301	17.53	17.43		17.92	-	752.04	763.43	809.10	786.69	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		7.59	7.58		7.51	-	323.33	322.15	316.77	295.89	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	305	10.61	10.51	10.93	11.14	-	432.89	437.22	459.06	461.20	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	10.88	10.73	11.17	11.47	-	454.78	456.03	485.90	<b>497.8</b> 0	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		10.01	10.03				401.40	410.23	427.74	419.43	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	9.86	9.80	9.99	10.01	-	405.25	406.70	422.58	415.42	-
Leather and leather products	31	7.56	7.63	.94	7.96		288.79	292.99	308.87	300.89	302.51
Leather tanning and finishing	311	9.90			10.78	-	403.92	409.00	468.03	460.31	-
Footwear, except rubber		7.15	7.22	7.45			270.99	275.80	285.34	277.50	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		7.71	7.74	8.00		- '	282.96	292.57	298.40	282.94	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		6.60	6.70			-	261.36	254.60	272.30	273.61 303.28	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		7.54	7.81 6.89	7.96 7.17	7.96 7.19		291.04 253.55	306.15 263.20	300.89 268.16	271.06	-
ransportation and public utilities		13.63	13.62	13.72	13.82	13.86	545.20	548.89	550.17	556.95	559.94
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads <sup>3</sup>	4011	17.01	16.94	16.41	16.79	-	792.67	797.87	761,42	770.66	-

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>₽</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Transportation and public utilities—Continued	-										
Local and interurban passenger transit		34.9	35.4	34.2	35.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transportation	. 411	38.1	38.3	38.5	38.1	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation		40.2	39.2	37.1	38.5	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	39.0	39.7	39.9	39.6	-	_	-	-	-	- 1
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	39.0	39.6	39.8	39.6	-	_	- 1	-	-	-
Public warehousing and storage	. 422	39.6	40.3	39.9	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	. 449	35.7	36.4	36.2	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	
Pipelines, except natural gas	. 46	41.4	42.8	43.8	43.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation services	. 47	37.0	38.0	37.2	37.1	-	_	- 1	_	- 1	-
Passenger transportation arrangement		36.1	37.0	35.8	35.6	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Travel agencies		36.1	37.0	35.8	35.6	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Freight transportation arrangement		37.6	39.1	39.0	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	49	39.9	40.1	39.5	40.0	_		_	_	_	_
Telephone communications		39.9 41.7	40.1	39.5 41.2	40.0	-	-	-	-	_	
Telephone communications, except radio		41.7	41.8	41.4	42.0	-		-	_	-	-
Radio and television broadcasting		34.6	35.1	34.6	34.6		_	-	_	_	- 1
Cable and other pay television services		39.3	39.3	38.9	39.2	- 1	_	- 1	-	-	- 1
											1
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 49	42.5	42.3	42.4	42.3	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Electric services		42.3	42.3	42.8	42.4	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Gas production and distribution		42.3	42.7	42.3	42.1	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Combination utility services Sanitary services		43.3 43.0	42.1 42.9	42.1 42.3	42.6 42.5	-	-	-	-	_	-
Salitary services	495	43.0	42.5	42.0	42.0	-	-	_	_	-	
Wholesale trade	]	38.3	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.3	-	-	-	-	-
Durable goods		38.9	39.1	39.1	39.0	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		38.8	38.7	38.5	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings		37.1	37.7	36.8	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Lumber and other construction materials		40.3	40.4	40.4	40.4	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Professional and commercial equipment		39.1	39.4	39.3	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and hospital equipment		38.2	38.5	38.2	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.5	40.8	41.1 38.7	40.7 38.6	-	-	1 -	-	_	-
Electrical goods Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.2 38.8	38.6 39.2	30.7	38.9	_	_	_	_	1 -	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.6	39.2	39.6	39.6	-	_	1 _		_	_
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		37.2	37.5	37.9	37.7	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	37.6	37.5	37.7	37.7	_	_	_	_	_	
Paper and paper products		36.2	36.6	36.0	36.7		_	_			
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.2	37.4	37.2	37.3	_	-	-	-	- 1	- 1
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.4	36.9	36.7	36.4	-	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	-
Groceries and related products	. 514	38.6	38.3	38.8	38.9	-	-	-		-	-
Farm-product raw materials		35.8	35.3	36.1	35.1	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products		39.9	40.3	39.8	39.5	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		37.8	37.8	37.8	37.9	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		37.7	37.4	37.0	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		36.5	36.6	37.3	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Retail trade		29.6	29.7	29.3	29.7	29.8	-	-	-	-	-
Building materials and garden supplies	52	37.2	37.2	37.0	37.1	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	39.1	39.1	39.0	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	. 523	36.5	37.0	36.6	36.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware stores	525	33.1	33.1	32.7	32.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	34.5	33.8	34.1	33.9	-	-	-	+	-	-
General merchandise stores		29.6	29.7	30.1	30.4	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Department stores		29.7	29.7	30.2	30.4	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
		1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

July 1993 \$10.04 10.58 12.77 12.32 12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95 12.11	10.63 12.84 12.36 12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	June 1994 \$10.14 10.67 12.90 12.50 12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	July 1994 <sup>p</sup> \$10.26 10.76 12.80 12.46 12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30 18.14	Aug. 1994° 	July 1993 \$350.40 403.10 513.35 480.48 487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78 455.09	Aug. 1993 \$356.83 407.13 503.33 490.69 496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 666.26 663.78 499.82	June 1994 \$346.79 410.80 478.59 498.75 504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44 514.50	July 1994 <sup>p</sup> \$359.10 409.96 492.80 493.42 500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88 677.88	Aug 1994 
10.58 12.77 12.32 12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	10.63 12.84 12.36 12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	10.67 12.90 12.50 12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14	10.76 12.80 12.46 12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		403.10 513.35 480.48 487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	407.13 503.33 490.69 496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	410.80 478.59 504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	409.96 492.80 493.42 500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	
10.58 12.77 12.32 12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	10.63 12.84 12.36 12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	10.67 12.90 12.50 12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14	10.76 12.80 12.46 12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		403.10 513.35 480.48 487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	407.13 503.33 490.69 496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	410.80 478.59 504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	409.96 492.80 493.42 500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	
12.77 12.32 12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	12.84 12.36 12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	12.90 12.50 12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.76 12.66 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	12.80 12.46 12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		513.35 480.48 487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	503.33 490.69 496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	478.59 498.75 504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	492.80 493.42 500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 6064.00 661.28 677.88	
12.32 12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58	12.36 12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	12.50 12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	12.46 12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		480.48 487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	490.69 496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	498.75 504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	493.42 500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	
12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58	12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
12.49 10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58 14.30 11.58	12.54 9.91 16.64 19.43 11.09 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	12.67 10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	12.63 10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		487.11 400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	496.58 399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	504.27 405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	500.15 407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
10.12 16.64 19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	9.91 16.64 19.43 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	10.16 17.21 20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	10.19 17.75 19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		400.75 594.05 793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	399.37 605.70 831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	405.38 623.00 879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	407.60 635.45 857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	19.43 11.09 10.28 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	19.43 11.09 10.28 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	857.39 434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
19.16 11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	19.43 11.09 10.28 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	20.08 11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	19.62 11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		793.22 409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	831.60 421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	879.50 427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
11.07 10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.72 17.36	11.09 10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	11.49 10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	11.72 10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		409.59 366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	421.42 380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	427.43 384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	434.81 390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
10.15 10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	10.28 10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	10.73 10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	10.98 11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30	-	366.42 363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	380.36 379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	384.13 385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	390.89 392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
10.07 12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	10.25 12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	10.76 12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	11.03 12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		363.53 465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	379.25 478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	385.21 493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	392.67 501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
12.37 14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	12.24 14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	12.66 15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	12.88 15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30		465.11 592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	478.58 599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	493.74 599.22 652.20 669.44	501.03 606.40 661.28 677.88	-
14.86 15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	14.96 15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	15.17 15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	15.16 15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30	- - - -	592.91 647.18 655.42 494.78	599.90 656.26 663.78 499.82	599.22 652.20 669.44	606.40 661.28 677.88	-
15.52 15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	15.70 15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	15.83 16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	15.82 16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30	- - -	647.18 655.42 494.78	656.26 663.78 499.82	652.20 669.44	661.28 677.88	- - -
15.68 14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	15.88 14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	16.17 14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	16.14 14.75 11.80 17.30	- - -	655.42 494.78	663.78 499.82	669.44	677.88	-
14.30 11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	14.24 11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	14.87 11.66 17.14 17.88	14.75 11.80 17.30	-	494.78	499.82			-
11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	11.66 17.14 17.88	11.80 17.30	-			514.50	C40.00	
11.58 16.72 17.36 16.10 19.95	11.50 16.64 17.33 16.19 19.73	11.66 17.14 17.88	11.80 17.30	-		451 95		510.35	-
17.36 16.10 19.95	17.33 16.19 19.73	17.88		_		401.00	453.57	462.56	-
17.36 16.10 19.95	17.33 16.19 19.73	17.88			710.60	703.87	726.74	731.79	_
16.10 19.95	16.19 19.73			_	734.33	733.06	765.26	769.14	_
19.95	19.73	16.49	16.61	-	681.03	691.31	697.53	699.28	-
		20.56	20.59	_	863.84	830.63	865.58	877.13	_
1	12.03	12.24	12.30	-	520.73	516.09	517.75	522.75	-
11.73	11.75	11.94	11.99	\$11.96	449.26	451.20	459.69	460.42	\$458.
12.07	12.10	12.32	12.36	_	469.52	473.11	481.71	482.04	_
10.61	10.60	10.81	10.87	-	411.67	410.22	416.19	420.67	_
10.67		10.99	10.96	-	395.86	404.52	404.43	405.52	-
11.15		11.43	11.51	-	449.35	450.86	461.77	465.00	-
14.61	14.65	14.83	14.86	-	571.25	577.21	582.82	576.57	-
13.13		13.17	13.15	-	501.57	512.05	<b>5</b> 03.09	499.70	-
12.04	12.07	12.15	12.32	-	487.62	492.46	499.37	501.42	-
12.51	12.57	12.79	12.84	-	477.88	485.20	494.97	495.62	-
11.30	11.40	11.75	11.80	-	438.44	446.88	460.60	459.02	-
11.88		12.32	12.40	-	470.45	473.62	487.87	491.04	-
9.49	9.48	9.75	9.72	-	353.03	355.50	369.53	366.44	-
11.26	,	11.42	11.50	-	423.38	422.63	430.53	433.55	-
11.88		11.89	12.05	-	430.06	435.91	428.04	442.24	-
13.35	( )	14.00	14.30	-	496.62	501.91	520.80	533.39	-
10.98		11.13	11.14	- 1	399.67	400.00	408.47	405.50	-
11.49		11.72	11.73	-	443.51	440.83	454.74	456.30	-
8.36		8.65 13.12	8.66	-	299.29 527.88	295.81 532.36	312.27 522.18	303.97 522.59	
			13.23						_
									- 1
		9.52	9.59	-	345.29	348.07	355.10	354.83	-
	7.24	7.45	7.44	7.42	214.30	215.03	218.29	220.97	221.
7.24	964	9 7F	0 70		320 66	321 44	323 75	325 74	_
				1					-
8.62	000								
8.62 8.95				1					
8.62 8.95 9.19	9.28	7.51		-	261.86	243.95 256.88	263.93	264.08	-
8.62 8.95 9.19 7.38	9.28 7.37	7.51 7.74	7.79	-		216.81	226.05	227 00	
8.62 8.95 9.19 7.38 7.59	9.28 7.37 7.60	7.74	7.79	i	21/ 00		220.03	221.09	-
	13.11 9.46 7.24 8.62	7.24 7.24 8.62 8.64 8.95 8.98 9.19 9.28	13.11         12.92         13.16           9.46         9.51         9.52           7.24         7.24         7.45           8.62         8.64         8.75           8.95         8.98         9.05           9.19         9.28         9.43	13.11         12.92         13.16         13.18           9.46         9.51         9.52         9.59           7.24         7.24         7.45         7.44           8.62         8.64         8.75         8.78           8.95         8.98         9.05         9.07           9.19         9.28         9.43         9.46           7.38         7.37         7.51         7.51	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	_
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994º
Retail trade—Continued	1										
General merchandise stores—Continued		ţ						2			
Variety stores	. 533	28.2	28.5	28.2	28.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	. 539	29.7	30.2	30.3	30.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food stores		30.8	30.5	30.2	30.8	-	-	-	-	_	-
Grocery stores	. 541	31.0	30.6	30.4	30.9	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1
Retail bakeries	. 546	28.9	29.5	28.5	29.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	. 55	36.5	36.6	36.0	36.2	_	-	- 1	-	-	_
New and used car dealers		37.6	37.7	37.3	37.1	- 1	-	- 1	- 1	-	- 1
Auto and home supply stores		38.7	38.6	38.2	38.5	-	_	-	-	-	- 1
Gasoline service stations		33.8	34.1	33.0	33.5	-	_	_	-	- 1	- 1
Automotive dealers, nec		33.6	34.0	34.5	35.2	-	-		-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.0	27.3	26.7	26.9	_	-	_	_	_	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores		29.4	29.6	29.4	29.3		_		_		_
Women's clothing stores		29.4	23.0	29.4	23.3	_	_		_		_
Family clothing stores		28.1	24.3	28.0	24.3		_		-		_
Shoe stores		27.7	28.2	26.5	27.2	-	_	- 1	_	-	-
Europiume and have furnishings atoms		00.0	00 F	20.0	00 F						1
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.3	33.5 33.6	33.3 33.5	33.5 33.6	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Furniture and home furnishings stores Household appliance stores		33.3 34.6	33.0	33.5	35.0	-	-	-			
Radio, television, and computer stores		34.6	33.0	34.5	35.0	-	-		_	<u> </u>	
Radio, television, and electronic stores		32.9	33.0	32.6	32.9	_	-		_		1 -
Record and prerecorded tape stores		29.2	29.8	27.7	28.4	-	_	-	-		_
Eating and drinking places <sup>4</sup>	58	26.0	26.4	25.5	26.2	_	_	-	-	-	
			00.0	00.1	00.4						
Miscellaneous retail establishments		30.3	30.3	30.1	30.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		28.4	28.6 32.7	28.4	28.8 32.3	-	-	-	_	-	-
Used merchandise stores		32.5		32.1		-	-	-	-		-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Nonstore retailers		29.3 33.9	29.3 34.0	28.8 34.5	29.6 34.3		-	-			
Fuel dealers		37.3	37.3	37.1	37.6	_	_	_	_	_	- 1
Retail stores, nec		31.6	31.2	31.2	31.0	_	-		_	-	-
Optical goods stores		33.1	33.6	32.5	33.1	_	_	1	_	_	- 1
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec		32.8	32.2	31.9	31.9	_	-	-	_	-	- 1
		02.0	52.2	01.5	01.5	_					
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>		35.6	36.4	35.5	35.7	35.6	-	-	-	-	
Depository institutions	60	35.2	36.1	35.1	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Commercial banks		35.1	36.0	35.0	35.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
State commercial banks		35.7	36.5	35.4	35.7	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
National and commercial banks, nec Credit unions		34.6 35.6	35.7 36.1	34.6 35.8	34.8 35.8	-	-	-		1 -	-
		33.0	00.1	00.0	00.0						
Nondepository institutions		37.2	38.4	37.2 38.0	37.3 37.9	-	-		-	-	-
Personal credit institutions	014	36.8	38.4	38.0	37.9	] -	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers:					1						1
Security and commodity services	628	35.6	35.9	36.6	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance carriers		37.7	38.2	37.4	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life insurance		37.4	37.8	37.4	37.5		-	1 -	-	-	-
Medical service and health insurance		38.3	38.6	37.3	37.5	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Hospital and medical service plans Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		38.3	38.4 37.8	37.0	37.2 37.9	-	-	-			_
Services		37.4	33.1	32.5	32.8	32.8	_		-		-
						02.0					
Agricultural services		35.2	34.8	35.8	35.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veterinary services		29.9	29.8	29.3	29.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Landscape and horticultural services		37.5	36.9	38.2	37.8	-	- 1	-	-	-	1 -

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly (	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994°
letail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued									1		
Variety stores	533	\$6.47	\$6.50	\$7.10	\$7.19	- 1	\$182.45	\$185.25	\$200.22	\$206.35	-
Misc. general merchandise stores		7.89	7.99	8.21	8.09	-	234.33	241.30	248.76	249.17	-
Food stores	54	7.74	7.72	7.89	7.86	_	238.39	235.46	238.28	242.09	_
Grocery stores		7.82	7.81	7.98	7.96		238.39	238.99	242.59	245.96	_
Retail bakeries		6.88	6.81	7.98	7.00		198.83	200.90	200.36	203.00	_
Tetali Dakenes	340	0.00	0.01	7.03	7.00	-	190.00	200.50	200.00	200.00	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	9.75	9.76	10.09	10.17	-	355.88	357.22	363.24	368.15	-
New and used car dealers		12.27	12.28	12.73	12.93	-	461.35	462.96	474.83	479.70	-
Auto and home supply stores	553	8.29	8.32	8.41	8.44	-	320.82	321.15	321.26	324.94	-
Gasoline service stations	554	6.68	6.69	6.76	6.76	-	225.78	228.13	223.08	226.46	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	10.79	10.94	10.90	11.12	-	362.54	371.96	376.05	391.42	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	6.96	6.90	7.14	7.10		187.92	188.37	190.64	190.99	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores		8.43	8.22	8.56	8.47	_	247.84	243.31	251.66	248.17	_
Women's clothing stores		6.65	6.63	6.74	6.72	_	162.26	162.44	164.46	163.30	-
Family clothing stores		6.78	6.70	6.99	6.93	-	190.52	189.61	195.72	195.43	-
Shoe stores		7.08	6.98	7.36	7.29	_	196.12	196.84	195.04	198.29	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		9.46	9.49	9.76	9.79	-	315.02	317.92	325.01	327.97	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		9.26	9.32	9.56	9.57	-	308.36	313.15	320.26	321.55	-
Household appliance stores		9.91	9.97	9.86	9.90	-	342.89	343.97	340.17	346.50	-
Radio, television, and computer stores		9.63	9.63	10.04	10.09	-	316.83	317.79	327.30	331.96	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores		9.58	9.65	10.00	10.07	-	313.27	311.70	325.00	330.30	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	6.06	5.88	6.04	5.96	-	176.95	175.22	167.31	169.26	-
Eating and drinking places <sup>4</sup>	58	5.31	5.33	5.44	5.42	-	138.06	140.71	138.72	142.00	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	7.89	7.92	8.12	8.14	-	239.07	239.98	244.41	247.46	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	8.06	8.09	8.34	8.40	-	228.90	231.37	236.86	241.92	-
Used merchandise stores	593	6.70	6.67	6.85	6.90	-	217.75	218.11	219.89	222.87	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	7.17	7.26	7.49	7.47	-	210.08	212.72	215.71	221.11	-
Nonstore retailers	596	8.73	8.70	8.95	9.02	-	295.95	295.80	308.78	309.39	-
Fuel dealers		10.93	10.94	11.09	11.18	-	407.69	408.06	411.44	420.37	-
Retail stores, nec		8.19	8.22	8.29	8.36	1	258.80	256.46	258.65	259.16	-
Optical goods stores		9.92	9.94	10.56	10.60		328.35	333.98	343.20	350.86	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	8.52	8.58	8.55	8.60	-	279.46	276.28	272.75	274.34	-
nance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>		11.27	11.39	11.67	11.71	\$11.74	401.21	414.60	414.29	418.05	\$417.
Depository institutions	60	9.06	9.09	9.29	9.35	_	318.91	328.15	326.08	330.06	_
Commercial banks		8.62	8.65	8.87	8.94	-	302.56	311.40	310.45	314.69	-
State commercial banks		8.47	8.52	8.69	8.76	_	302.38	310.98	307.63	312.73	-
National and commercial banks, nec		8.72	8.74	9.00	9.07	-	301.71	312.02	311.40	315.64	-
Credit unions	606	9.04	9.08	9.25	9.28	-	321.82	327.79	331.15	332.22	-
Nondepository institutions	61	12.48	12.70	12.27	12.38	-	464.26	487.68	456.44	461.77	_
Personal credit institutions		9.91	10.24	10.00		J	364.69	393.22	380.00	378.62	-
Security and commodity brokers:					1						
Security and commodity brokers.	628	15.97	16.14	15.76	15.94	-	568.53	579.43	576.82	585.00	-
Insurance carriers	63	13.08	13.28	13.94	13.94	-	493.12	507.30	521.36	525.54	_
Life insurance		12.00	12.47	13.94			493.12	471.37	495.55	495.00	_
Medical service and health insurance		12.68	12.75	13.52			485.64	492.15	504.30	504.75	-
Hospital and medical service plans		12.93	13.03	13.86			495.22	500.35	512.82	513.73	_
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		14.14	14.16	14.71	1		528.84	535.25	551.63	560.16	-
ervices		10.62	10.66	10.92	10.92	10.92	348.34	352.85	354.90	358.18	358.
Agricultural services	07	8.33	8.37	8.34	8.38	_	293.22	291.28	298.57	297.49	_
Veterinary services		8.08	8.13	8.27			293.22	242.27	298.57	248.00	[ ]
Landscape and horticultural services		8.46	8.51	8.39			317.25	314.02	320.50	318.65	-
-une no		0.40	0.01	5.55	0.10	1	1				1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	
industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>°</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug 1994
ervices—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:								1			
Hotels and motels4	. 701	31.7	32.6	30.9	31.6	-	-	-	-	-	·
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	33.7	33.9	33.9	33.8	-	-	_	_	1_	
Beauty shops <sup>4</sup>	723	28.4	28.9	28,7	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Miscellaneous personal services		25.3	25.3	26.0	25.2	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Business services	73	33.0	33.3	33.1	32.9	_	-	_	_	-	_
Advertising		36.8	37.2	36.8	36.8	_	-	- 1	- 1	-	_
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:											
Photocopying and duplicating services		37.2	37.0	38.3	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services to buildings	. 734	28.8	29.2	28.7	28.4	- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-
Disinfecting and pest control services		38.3	39.1	37.7	37.8	-	- 1	-	-	- 1	-
Building maintenance services, nec		27.9	28.3	27.9	27.6	- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		39.5	40.0	39.6	39.3	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Medical equipment rental		38.2	38.1	38.3	37.6	-	- 1	-	-	-	- 1
Heavy construction equipment rental		40.4	40.9	41.2	41.2	] -	- 1	- 1	- 1	-	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	. 7359	39.6	40.2	39.4	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	
Personnel supply services: Help supply services	7060	21.0	21.5	01.0	01 5		1				i _
Computer and data processing services		31.2 37.9	31.5 38.4	31.8 37.5	31.5 37.5	-	-	-	_	_	1 ]
Computer programming services		37.9	38.2	37.5	37.3	-	_	_	_	_	
Computer integrated systems design		37.7	38.3	37.8	37.5		_	_	_	_	_
Information retrieval services		37.9	38.3	35.9	35.6	-	_	-	-	_	! _
Computer maintenance and repair		39.5	39.5	39.9	39.9	] _	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous business services		33.4	33.8	33.6	33.5	- 1	-	-	-	-	- 1
Detective and armored car services		33.7	34.1	34.2	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Security systems services	. 7382	36.2	36.6	35.7	35.7	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	37.0	37.0	36.8	36.9	<u> </u>	_	_	- 1	-	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers		37.9	38.1	37.0	37.4	- 1	-	-	- 1	-	-
Passenger car rental		37.0	37.2	36.6	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Automobile parking		34.1	33.8	34.2	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Automotive repair shops	. 753	38.6	38.5	38.6	38.6	-	-	- 1	-	-	- 1
Automotive and tire repair shops		37.1	37.1	38.0	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
General automotive repair shops		38.8	38.6	38.2	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Automotive services, except repair		32.6	32.9	32.1	32.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Carwashes	. 7542	31.2	31.4	30.1	30.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services	. 76	38.6	38.5	38.4	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	. 78	29.0	28.9	29.0	30.3	- 1	-	- 1	- 1	-	-
Motion picture production and services	. 781	37.6	38.0	39.2	38.9	- 1	-	-	-	-	
Video tape rental	. 784	24.0	23.8	21.9	23.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	29.6	29.5	27.3	28.8	-	- 1	- 1	_	- 1	-
Bowling centers		24.7	24.8	24.0	24.5	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		30.3	30.0	27.4	29.4	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Physical fitness facilities		18.3	18.7	18.5	18.7	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Membership sports and recreation clubs	. 7997	30.5	30.1	29.5	30.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	. 80	32.9	33.0	32.8	32.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		32.1	32.6	32.2	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of dentists		28.2	28.4	28.3	27.9	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		29.6	30.0	29.7	29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		32.6	32.7	32.2	32.7	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Intermediate care facilities		32.0	32.1	31.6	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals Home health care services		34.7 27.8	34.7 28.2	34.6 28.2	34.8 28.1	_	]			_	
		27.0			20.1	_	_	_	-	-	
Legal services	. 81	34.7	35.4	34.7	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	

# B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	Aug. 1994 <sup>,</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug 1994
ervices—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:			[								
Hotels and motels <sup>4</sup>	. 701	\$7.38	\$7.36	\$7.64	\$7.58	-	\$233.95	\$239.94	\$236.08	\$239.53	-
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	7.25	7.22	7.31	7.36	_	244.33	244.76	247.81	248.77	_
Beauty shops <sup>4</sup>		7.85	7.88	8.23	8.18	-	222.94	227.73	236.20	233.95	-
Miscellaneous personal services		7.68	7.74	7.96	8.06	-	194.30	195.82	206.96	203.11	-
Business services	73	10.11	10.15	10.27	10.34	-	333.63	338.00	339.94	340.19	_
Advertising		14.84	15.30	15.49	15.45	-	546.11	569.16	570.03	568.56	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:		11.04	10.00	10.10	10.10		0.0.0				
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	9.54	9.63	9.96	10.00	-	354.89	356.31	381.47	379.00	-
Services to buildings		7.53	7.47	7.44	7.52	-	216.86	218.12	213.53	213.57	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	. 7342	9.99	9.91	9.67	9.84	-	382.62	387.48	364.56	371.95	-
Building maintenance services, nec	. 7349	7.22	7.16	7.17	7.23	-	201.44	202.63	200.04	199.55	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	. 735	10.60	10.69	10.77	10.75	-	418.70	427.60	426.49	422.48	-
Medical equipment rental		10.67	10.82	10.37	10.49	-	407.59	412.24	397.17	394.42	-
Heavy construction equipment rental		14.39	14.34	14.15	14.17	-	581.36	586.51	582.98	583.80	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	. 7359	9.46	9.59	9.86	9.77	-	374.62	385.52	388.48	382.01	-
Personnel supply services:	70.00	0.00		<b>A</b> 40	0.45		057.74	050.05	007.10	000 10	
Help supply services		8.26	8.23	8.40	8.45	-	257.71	259.25	267.12	266.18 635.25	-
Computer and data processing services		16.32	16.58	16.84	16.94	-	618.53	636.67	631.50	733.69	-
Computer programming services		18.70	19.03	19.52	19.67	-	708.73 643.92	726.95 661.44	732.00 672.08	683.25	-
Computer integrated systems design Information retrieval services		17.08 14.62	17.27 14.65	17.78 14.57	18.22 14.76	-	554.10	561.10	523.06	525.46	_
Computer maintenance and repair		13.90	13.67	13.75	13.93	-	549.05	539.97	548.63	555.81	_
Miscellaneous business services		8.70	8.72	8.85	8.96	_	290.58	294.74	297.36	300.16	_
Detective and armored car services		6.80	6.78	6.98	7.04	-	229.16	231.20	238.72	239.36	-
Security systems services	1	10.79	11.00	10.84	11.00	-	390.60	402.60	386.99	392.70	-
Auto ropair, convision, and parking	75	9.26	9,29	9.54	9.55		342.62	343.73	351.07	352.40	
Auto repair, services, and parking		9.20	9.29	9.54 9.34	9.55	-	342.62	343.73	345.58	348.57	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers Passenger car rental		8.25	8.36	9.34 8.43	9.32 8.41	_	305.62	310.99	308.54	311.17	_
Automobile parking		6.88	6.93	6.97	7.03	-	234.61	234.23	238.37	243.24	-
Automotive repair shops		10.21	10.27	10.60	10.62	-	394.11	395.40	409.16	409.93	-
Automotive and tire repair shops		10.79	10.79	11.13	11.15	-	400.31	400.31	422.94	422.59	-
General automotive repair shops		10.22	10.26	10.68	10.67	-	396.54	396.04	407.98	405.46	-
Automotive services, except repair		6.90	6.87	7.06	7.05	-	224.94	226.02	226.63	228.42	-
Carwashes	. 7542	6.04	5.99	6.12	6.21	-	188.45	188.09	184.21	190.03	-
Miscellaneous repair services	. 76	11.07	11.11	11.26	11.27	-	427.30	427.74	432.38	435.02	
Motion pictures	. 78	11.19	11.71	13.06	12.77	-	324.51	338.42	378.74	386.93	-
Motion picture production and services	. 781	17.87	18.28	18.96	19.01	-	671.91	694.64	743.23	739.49	-
Video tape rental	. 784	5.52	5.57	5.73	5.66	-	132.48	132.57	125.49	131.31	-
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	7.62	7.69	8.24	7.90	-	225.55	226.86	224.95	227.52	-
Bowling centers	. 793	6.72	6.68	6.85	6.85	-	165.98	165.66	164.40	167.83	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		7.07	7.11	7.63	7.33	-	214.22	213.30	209.06	215.50	) -
Physical fitness facilities		7.84	7.85	7.99	7.91	-	143.47	146.80	147.82	147.92	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	. 7997	7.55	7.56	7.76	7.72	-	230.28	227.56	228.92	233.14	-
Health services		11.77	11.76	12.03	12.12	-	387.23	388.08	394.58	398.75	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		11.85	11.89	12.18	12.25	-	380.39	387.61	392.20	395.68	-
Offices and clinics of dentists		11.39	11.46	11.89	11.96		321.20	325.46	336.49	333.68	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		10.34	10.38	10.70	10.67	-	306.06	311.40	317.79	317.97	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		8.18	8.15	8.44	8.49		266.67	266.51	271.77	277.62	-
Intermediate care facilities		7.64	7.59	7.78	7.81	1	244.48	243.64	245.85	252.26	-
Hospitals Home health care services		13.46	13.43 10.40	13.74 10.61	13.87 10.71		467.06 290.51	466.02 293.28	475.40 299.20	482.68 300.95	_
											Į
Legal services	81	15.16	15.28	15.59	15.61	~	526.05	540.91	540.97	540.11	-

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolis by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug 1994
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	31.1	31.4	31.0	31.2	-	-	- 1	1 -	-	-
Individual and family services	. 832	31.9	32.1	31.6	31.7	-	-	- 1	-	-	- 1
Job training and related services		29.7	30.0	30.8	30.4	-	-	-	- 1	-	- 1
Child day care services		29.9	30.3	29.3	29.7	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	-
Residential care		32.2	32.3	31.9	32.3	-	- 1	-	-	- 1	-
Social services, nec	. 839	30.8	30.9	30.4	30.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations:						!				1	
Professional organizations	. 862	34.7	35.7	35.0	34.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Engineering and management services		37.0	37.4	37.0	37.0	-	-	_	-	_	- 1
Engineering and architectural services	. 871	39.1	39.4	39.2	39.1	-	-	- 1	-	- 1	-
Engineering services	. 8711	39.3	39.6	39.3	39.2	_	-	-	-	-	- 1
Architectural services	. 8712	37.9	38.4	38.4	38.7	-	- 1	-	-	-	- 1
Surveying services		38.9	39.1	39.2	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	. 872	35.7	36.3	36.0	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research and testing services	. 873	36.7	37.1	36.1	36.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Commercial physical research		39.1	39.5	38.6	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial nonphysical research		30.4	30.6	28.7	28.8	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Noncommercial research organizations	. 8733	36.3	36.6	36.3	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management and public relations	. 874	35.6	36.0	35.9	35.6	_	-	-	-	- 1	-
Management services	. 8741	34.6	34.6	35.0	34.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
Management consulting services	. 8742	36.4	37.1	35.8	35.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public relations services	. 8743	32.5	34.2	31.6	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services, nec	. 89	36.7	37.2	39.4	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	\$7.80	\$7.83	\$8.05	\$8.06	-	\$242.58	\$245.86	\$249.55	\$251.47	-
Individual and family services		8.38	8.38	8.61	8.60	-	267.32	269.00	272.08	272.62	-
Job training and related services		7.51	7.60	7.82	7.80	-	223.05	228.00	240.86	237.12	-
Child day care services		6.52	6.52	6.75	6.68	_	194.95	197.56	197.78	198.40	-
Residential care		8.02	8.05	8.26	8.32	_	258.24	260.02	263.49	268.74	-
Social services, nec		8.63	8.84	9.44	9.30	-	265.80	273.16	286.98	286.44	-
Membership organizations:											
Professional organizations	862	15.06	15.13	15.36	15.52	-	522.58	540.14	537.60	541.65	
Engineering and management services	87	14.88	15.10	15.17	15.26	-	550.56	564.74	561.29	564.62	-
Engineering and architectural services		16.04	16.19	16.34	16.37	-	627.16	637.89	640.53	640.07	-
Engineering services		16.67	16.81	17.03	17.07	-	655.13	665.68	669.28	669.14	-
Architectural services		14.75	14.88	14.81	14.79	-	559.03	571.39	568.70	572.37	-
Surveying services	8713	11.24	11.43	11.68	11.62	-	437.24	446.91	457.86	448.53	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		13.09	13.34	13.21	13.42	-	467.31	484.24	475.56	487.15	-
Research and testing services		15.89	16.04	16.22	16.30	-	583.16	595.08	585.54	590.06	
Commercial physical research	8731	17.89	18.03	18.42	18.50	-	699.50	712.19	711.01	715.95	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	12.26	12.57	12.00	11.91	-	372.70	384.64	344.40	343.01	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	17.37	17.50	17.76	17.79	-	630.53	640.50	644.69	647.56	-
Management and public relations		13.70	14.03	14.07	14.19	-	487.72	505.08	505.11	505.16	-
Management services		12.42	12.72	12.89	13.02	-	429.73	440.11	451.15	450.49	-
Management consulting services		16.26	16.44	16.34	16.38	-	591.86	609.92	584.97	583.13	-
Public relations services	8743	13.84	13.89	13.52	13.47	-	449.80	475.04	427.23	428.35	-
Services, nec	89	15.60	15.72	14.47	14.55	-	572.52	584.78	570.12	568.91	-

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> See table B-15a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. <sup>3</sup> Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50 000 000 or more.

\$50,000,000 or more.

4 Money payments only; tips, not included. 5

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

- Data not available.

p

 <sup>p</sup> = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

# A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table B-15a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

B-15a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (	SIC 3721)		Guided m	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (	SIC 3761)
Series	June 1993	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994⁰	June 1993	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>°</sup>
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$18.21	\$18.38	\$19.44	\$19.41	\$17.17	\$17.40	\$18.03	\$18.41
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	18.84	19.02	19.48	19.53	17.23	17.42	18.11	18.54

f = preliminary.

# B-16. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime,' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Manufacturing	\$11.18	\$11.13	\$11.39	\$11.42	\$11.36
Durable goods	11.72	11.69	11.93	11.96	11.92
Lumber and wood products	9.18	9.18	9.31	9.33	( <sup>2</sup> )
Furniture and fixtures	8.95	8.95	9.10	9.17	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	11.18	11.13	11.33	11.36	( <sup>2</sup> )
Primary metal industries	13.21	13.14	13.31	13.40	( <sup>2</sup> )
Fabricated metal products	11.11	11.09	11.23	11.25	( <sup>2</sup> )
Industrial machinery and equipment	12.12	12.08	12.19	12.21	(2)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	10.79	10.77	10.97	11.04	(²) (²) (²)
Transportation equipment	14.87	14.85	15.34	15.54	(²)
Instruments and related products	11.86	11.84	11.96	12.00	(2)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	9.10	8.99	9.27	9.26	(²)
Nondurable goods	10.50	10.42	10.66	10.72	\$10.62
Food and kindred products	9.90	9.81	10.08	10.04	( <sup>2</sup> )
Tobacco products	17.83	16.80	19.70	19.49	(²)
Textile mill products	8.44	8.44	8.60	8.65	(2)
Apparel and other textile products	6.86	6.89	7.12	7.11	Č) C)
Paper and allied products	12.70	12.61	12.87	12.98	( <sup>2</sup> )
Printing and publishing	11.47	11.49	11.62	11.64	(²) (²) (²)
Chemicals and allied products	14.03	13.97	14.29	14.37	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	17.25	17.19	17.67	17.69	(²) (²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	10.08	10.00	10.14	10.18	(2)
Leather and leather products	7.35	7.39	7.69	7.72	(2)

<sup>1</sup> Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

<sup>2</sup> Not available.
 <sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-17. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	Aug. 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	Aug. 1994°
Total private:				-						
Current dollars	\$10.75	\$10.78	\$11.03	\$11.04	\$11.04	\$374.10	\$378.38	\$383.84	\$385.30	\$387.50
Constant (1982) dollars	7.33	7.33	7.35	7.34	(²)	255.18	257.40	255.72	256.01	(²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	14.49	14.44	14.73	14.70	\$14.66	639.01	648.36	659.90	660.03	\$668.50
Constant (1982) dollars	9.88	9.82	9.81	9.77	(2)	435.89	441.06	439.64	438.56	( <sup>2</sup> )
Construction:										
Current dollars	14.37	14.45	14.57	14.72	\$14.77	567.62	572.22	576.97	585.86	\$587.85
Constant (1982) dollars	9.80	9.83	9.71	9.78	(²)	387.19	389.27	384.39	389.28	(²)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	11.72	11.70	12.03	12.05	\$12.03	480.52	485.55	507.67	500.08	\$506.46
Constant (1982) dollars	7.99	7.96	8.01	8.01	(²)	327.78	330.31	338.22	332.28	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	13.63	13.62	13.72	13.82	\$13.86	545.20	548.89	550.17	556.95	\$559.94
Constant (1982) dollars	9.30	9.27	9.14	9.18	(²)	371.90	373.39	366.54	370.07	(²)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	11.73	11.75	11.94	11.99	\$11.96	449.26	451.20	459.69	460.42	\$458.07
Constant (1982) dollars	8.00	7.99	7.95	7.97	(²)	306.45	306.94	306.26	305.93	(2)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	7.24	7.24	7.45	7.44	\$7.42	214.30	215.03	218.29	220.97	\$221.12
Constant (1982) dollars	4.94	4.93	4.96	4.94	(²)	146.18	146.28	145.43	146.82	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	11.27	11.39	11.67	11.71	\$11.74	401.21	414.60	414.29	418.05	\$417.94
Constant (1982) dollars	7.69	7.75	7.77	7.78	C)	273.68	282.04	276.01	277.77	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	10.62	10.66	10.92	10.92	\$10.92	348.34	352.85	354.90	358.18	\$358.18
Constant (1982) dollars	7.24	7.25	7.28	7.26	(²)	237.61	240.03	236.44	237.99	( <sup>2</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> Not available.

P == preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

# B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ige weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994
labama	40.7	42.2	41.4	\$10.37	\$10.70	\$10.70	\$422.06	\$451.54	\$442.9
Birmingham		42.3	41.3	11.20	11.57	11.67	459.20	489.41	481.9
Mobile		41.9	41.8	12.68	13.08	13.37	541.44	548.05	558.8
laska	48.7	40.3	58.3	10.24	11.89	10.30	498.69	479.17	600.4
rizona		41.8	41.8	11.19	10.92	10.93	453.20	456.46	456.8
rkansas		42.4	42.3	9.41	9.73	9.73	391.46	412.55	411.5
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers		42.6	41.7	9.24	9.52	9.53	388.08	405.55	397.4
Fort Smith		42.5	41.7	9.53	9.75	9.68	399.31	414.38	403.6
Little Rock-North Little Rock		42.9	42.4	10.15	10.42	10.49	428.33	447.02	444.7
Pine Bluff	45.2	43.1	42.3	10.92	10.96	11.11	493.58	472.38	469.9
alifornia	40.7	41.4	41.3	12.42	12.50	12.57	505.49	517.50	519.1
Bakersfield		39.8	40.3	12.67	12.64	12.54	513.14	503.07	505.3
Fresno		40.9	41.8	10.28	10.84	10.86	416.34	443.36	453.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach		42.0	41.9	11.54	11.63	11.73	478.91	488.46	491.4
Modesto		40.5	41.7	12.03	12.26	11.93	494.43	496.53	497.4
Oakland		42.3	42.2	14.55	15.50	15.63	606.74	655.65	659.5
Orange County		41.2	40.9	12.25	12.33	12.24	494.90	508.00	500.6
Riverside-San Bernardino		41.6	41.7	11.44	11.40	11.52	470.18	474.24	480.3
Sacramento		40.5	40.9	13.09	13.24	13.41	526.22	536.22	548.4
Salinas		39.7	41.2	12.73	12.74	12.74	499.02	505.78	524.8
San Diego		40.4	39.9	12.54	12.51	12.53	499.09	505.40	499.9
San Francisco		40.2	40.8	13.61	13.93	13.91	544.40	559.99	567.5
San Jose		41.1	41.2	14.75	15.29	15.38	615.08	628.42	633.6
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		42.7	41.8	12.86	12.27	12.57	536.26	523.93	525.4
Santa Rosa		39.4	39.4	13.33	13.80	13.82	522.54	543.72	544.5
Stockton-Lodi		41.5	41.5	12.16	12.35	12.08	497.34	512.53	501.3
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		39.4	40.1	14.32	14.75	15.04	582.82	581.15	603.1
Ventura		41.1	40.9	11.62	11.72	11.85	469.45	481.69	484.6
olorado	41.2	41.2	40,8	12.08	12.38	12.43	497.70	510.06	507.1
Denver		41.2	40.9	12.91	12.70	12.65	542.22	523.24	517.3
onnecticut		43.1	42.3	13.10	13.48	13.65	552.82	580.99	577.4
Bridgeport		42.5	42.0	13.63	13.82	14.10	558.83	587.35	592.2
Danbury		43.0	42.5	12.54	13.00	13.26	549.25	559.00	563.5
Hartford		43.7	43.3	14.18	14.07	14.14	602.65	614.86	612.2
New Haven-Meriden		42.5	42.3	12.74	12.83	12.87	522.34	545.28	544.4
Stamford-Norwalk		42.3	41.6	12.91	12.96	13.09	553.84	548.21	544.5
Waterbury	42.9	44.6	42.9	11.81	12.04	12.51	506.65	536.98	536.6
elaware Wilmington-Newark		43.8 45.1	42.6 43.9	13.06 15.34	14.08 16.58	13.89 15.89	526.32 641.21	616.70 747.76	591.7 697.5
istrict of Columbia:									
Washington PMSA		39.8	42.4	12.97	13.41	13.20	518.80	533.72	559.6
lorida	40.6	41.3	40.8	9.78	9.98	10.08	397.07	412.17	411.2
eorgia		42.6	42.4	10.13	10.25	10.32	422.42	436.65	437.5
Atlanta Savannah		42.0	42.2 50.0	11.12 13.11	11.48 13.41	11.42 13.52	463.70 582.08	482.16 631.61	481.9
		47.1	50.0	10.11	10.41	10.02	502.00	001.01	
awaii		37.8 37.7	38.7 37.7	11.95 12.61	12.24 12.59	12.09 12.60	470.83 482.96	462.67 474.64	467.8
laho	41.2	39.3	39.8	11.80	11.86	11.74	486.16	466.10	467.2
inois	41.5	42.0	41.8	12.02	12.28	12.27	499.25	515 76	6100
inois Bloomington-Normal		42.0	41.8	12.03 15.70	12.28	12.27 16.64	499.25 649.98	515.76 722.89	512.8
Champaign-Urbana		40.3	43.2	10.34	10.56	10.55	432.21	427.58	423.0
Chicago		40.3	40.1	12.14	12.25	12.24	503.81	514.50	512.8
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island		41.4	41.2	14.03	13.96	14.02	587.86	577.94	577.6
Decatur		43.8	42.6	15.19	15.26	14.43	644.06	668.39	614.
Kankakee		42.1	41.7	12.79	13.02	13.11	525.67	548.14	546.
Peoria-Pekin	41.6	41.3	41.1	14.87	15.39	14.90	618.59	635.61	612.3
Rockford		42.6	41.8	12.70	13.59	13.65	515.62	578.93	570.
Springfield		40.5	40.0	11.76	11.83	11.85	471.58	479.12	474.
diane	41.6	43.4	42.4	13.09	13.56	13.61	544.54	588.50	577.
		39.2	41.4	12.35	12.15	12.42	577.98	476.28	514.
	46.8	39.2	1 71.7						
Bloomington		41.3	40.2	10.93	11.10	11.07	431.74	458.43	445.
idiana Bloomington Elkhart-Goshen Evansville-Henderson	39.5								445. 604.

# B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averaç	je hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Indiana-Continued									
Gary	. 44.5	44.6	44.1	\$17.24	\$17.83	\$17.59	\$767.18	\$795.22	\$775.72
Indianapolis	41.1	44.1	44.2	14.15	14.63	14.84	581.57	645.18	655.93
Kokomo	43.5	48.2	44.9	18.16	19.08	19.61	789.96	919.66	880.49
Lafayette	43.9	42.5	41.8	13.81	14.27	13.89	606.26	606.48	580.60
Muncie		45.8	45.9	13.84	14.67	14.61	602.04	671.89	670.60
South Bend		41.4	40.9	11.90	12.47	12.39	498.61	516.26	506.75
Terre Haute	40.4			13.49		13.22	545.00	579.31	561.85
Tene Haule	40.4	44.7	42.5	13.49	12.96	13.22	545.00	578.31	001.05
lowa	41.0	42.7	41.8	12.18	12.44	12.39	499.38	531.19	517.90
Cedar Rapids	42.3	41.3	42.4	15.08	15.26	15.46	637.88	630.24	655.50
Des Moines	37.9	41.8	40.2	12.86	12.70	12.66	487.39	530.86	508.93
Dubuque		44.0	42.4	12.86	13.04	13.21	529.83	573.76	560.10
Sioux City		40.2	41.8	9.78	10.14	10.35	387.29	407.63	432.63
Kansas		41.9	41.3	11.85	12.08	12.01	491.78 590.39	506.15 594.72	496.01 594.72
Topeka	43.0	42.0	41.1	13.73	14,16	14.47			
Wichita	. 40.9	40.6	40.7	13.55	13.94	14.01	554.20	565.96	570.21
Kentucky	. 39.8	42.1	41.4	11.45	11.98	12.03	455.71	504.36	498.04
Lexington		43.9	42.0	12.19	12.98	12.90	501.01	569.82	541.80
Louisville	40.1	42.3	42.2	12.93	13.88	13.92	518.49	587.12	587.42
I autologia					10.00		500.00	570 70	560.00
Louisiana		43.7	42.8	12.70	13.06	13.14	528.32	570.72	562.39
Baton Rouge	43.0	42.8	43.7	14.72	15.33	15.45	632.95	656.12	675.17
New Orleans	41.5	44.4	43.6	13.13	13.40	13.47	544.90	594.96	587.29
Shreveport-Bossier City	. 40.5	43.5	43.2	13.19	13.65	13.48	534.20	593.78	582.34
Maine	40.5	40.1	39.4	11.71	11.96	12.12	474.26	479.60	477.53
Lewiston-Auburn		39.3	37.6	9.55	10.11	10.22	393.46	397.32	384.27
Portland	38.3	39.3	39.2	10.68	10.61	10.60	409.04	421.22	415.52
	30.3	39.7	39.2	10.00	10.01	10.00	405.04	421.22	410.02
Maryland Baltimore PMSA		41.8 42.3	41.6 42.0	12.75 13.36	12.99 13.61	13.02 13.73	521.48 551.77	542.98 575.70	541.63 576.66
Maanaakusatta	41.0	41.8	41.7	12.37	12.54	12.66	507.17	524.17	527.92
Massachusetts						13.31	528.21	541.70	543.05
Boston		41.1	40.8	13.01	13.18				536.78
Springfield		42.7	42.4	12.71	12.58	12.66	545.26	537.17	
Worcester	. 41.1	41.5	41.1	11.44	11.65	11.67	470.18	483.48	479.64
Michigan	41.7	44.6	42.9	15.11	16.15	16.07	630.09	720.29	689.40
Ann Arbor		45.2	42.5	15.57	16.67	16.85	649.27	753.48	716.12
Detroit		46.0	44.4	16.20	17.22	17.55	686.88	792.12	779.22
Flint	1	48.5	47.7	19.81	22.11	22.18	841.92	1072.33	1057.99
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland		42.6	42.3	12.58	13.21	12.84	533.39	562.75	543.13
		42.6	43.2	10.75	11.63	11.31	447.20	495.44	488.59
Jackson								675.69	631.06
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek		44.6	42.9	14.80	15.15	14.71	640.84		
Lansing-East Lansing		45.8	41.4	16.77	18.01	17.26	645.64	824.86	714.56
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	. 43.1	46.5	42.3	17.14	18.10	17.12	738.73	841.65	724.18
Minnesota	40.8	41.0	41.0	12.18	12.51	12.55	496.94	512.91	514.55
Duluth-Superior		40.0	40.2	11.44	11.83	11.93	443.87	473.20	479.59
Minneapolis-St. Paul		41.4	41.4	12.99	13.16	13.15	529.99	544.82	544.41
St. Cloud		40.2	40.4	10.84	11.20	11.46	435.77	450.24	462.98
									007.50
Mississippi		42.1 41.1	41.4 42.2	9.19 9.96	9.39 10.12	9.36 10.07	374.03 398.40	395.32 415.93	387.50 424.95
Jackson	. 40.0	41.1	42.2	5.50	10.12	10.07	330.40	415.55	424.00
Missouri	. 41.0	42.5	41.9	11.59	11.52	11.61	475.19	489.60	486.46
Kansas City	. 41.0	43.1	41.9	13.33	13.63	13.43	546.53	587.45	562.72
St. Louis	. 42.0	42.4	42.0	13.78	13.48	13.33	578.76	571.55	559.86
Springfield	. 41.2	41.3	40.7	10.02	10.07	10.11	412.82	415.89	411.48
Montana	. 37.8	39.9	39.0	12.43	12.38	12.56	469.85	493.96	489.84
Nebraska	41.2	43.2	42.3	10.45	10.91	11.12	430.54	471.31	470.38
Lincoln		40.2	43.5	12.01	12.59	12.98	498.42	535.08	564.63
Uncoin		42.5	43.5	11.04	11.65	11.85	490.42	483.48	489.41
	1 44 4	42.2	40.0	11.50	11.51	12.01	476.10	485.72	480.40
Nevada Las Vegas		42.2	38.6	12.81	13.13	12.99	509.84	533.08	501.41

# B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area	July								
	1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
lew Hampshire	. 41.5	41 7	41.1	e11.60	£11.60	¢1167	\$485.14	\$483.72	\$475.53
		41.7	41.1	\$11.69	\$11.60	\$11.57		500.12	505.87
Manchester		42.6	43.2	11.98	11.74	11.71	498.37		
Nashua		40.5	41.2	14.09	14.31	13.82	566.42	579.56	569.38
Portsmouth-Rochester	39.0	39.6	35.2	11.14	11.24	11.29	434.46	445.10	397.41
lew Jersey	41.2	42.3	41.7	13.03	13.25	13.35	536.84	560.48	556.70
lew Mexico		41.1	41.2	9.81	9.98	10.13	401.23	410.18	417.36
Albuquerque	41.8	41.0	40.9	10.43	10.44	10.55	435.97	428.04	431.50
lew York		41.3	40.2	11.98	12.16	12.21	476.80	502.21	490.84
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	41.0	40.6	41.2	13.38	13.53	13.77	548.58	549.32	567.32
Binghamton	40.7	45.6	42.1	9.94	9.70	10.23	404.56	442.32	430.68
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	43.0	43.5	41.8	14.84	15.23	15.00	638.12	662.51	627.00
Dutchess County		40.0	38.5	11.39	10.24	10.42	462.43	409.60	401.17
Elmira		42.8	42.9	11.21	11.24	11.11	482.03	481.07	476.62
Nassau-Suffolk		42.8	39.8			11.31	402.03	459.49	450.14
				11.21	11.43				
New York PMSA		38.7	37.8	10.75	11.00	11.04	398.83	425.70	417.3
New York City		38.1	37.2	10.44	10.69	10.74	383.15	407.29	399.53
Newburgh		42.8	40.9	10.33	10.72	10.89	388.41	458.82	445.40
Rochester		43.4	42.5	13.97	13.94	14.01	574.17	605.00	595.43
Rockland County	43.7	44.2	42.8	14.23	13.91	14.02	621.85	614.82	600.00
Syracuse	40.3	44.0	42.5	13.08	13.00	12.97	527.12	572.00	551.23
Utica-Rome		41.7	41.3	11.12	10.87	11.21	455.92	453.28	462.9
Westchester County		42.5	42.0	12.02	12.49	12.36	466.38	530.83	519.1
orth Carolina	40.1	41.7	41.2	9.78	10.17	10.24	392.18	424.09	421.8
Asheville		41.9	42.4	9,77	10.08	10.11	388.85	422.35	428.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		41.9	41.0	10.41	10.82	10.87	420.56	453.36	445.6
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point		41.9	41.0	10.41	10.68	10.82	408.07	437.88	433.8
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill		41.8	40.1	10.39	10.88	10.94	403.07	458.13	455.10
lorth Dakota		43.3	44.5	10.06	10.28	10.12	409.44	445.12	450.34
Fargo-Moorhead	39.0	44.0	43.6	9.02	9.70	9.77	351.78	426.80	425.97
Dhio		43.8	43.0	13.87	14.41	14.21	586.70	631.16	611.03
Akron		43.8	43.5	12.38	12.54	12.52	518.72	549.25	544.62
Canton-Massillon		42.2	41.8	12.36	12.58	12.55	500.58	530.88	524.59
Cincinnati	41.4	43.7	43.1	12.65	13.16	13.09	523.71	575.09	564.18
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	42.5	43.9	42.9	13.81	14.18	14.05	586.93	622.50	602.75
Columbus	. 41.9	42.2	41.6	12.93	13.37	13.34	541.77	564.21	554.94
Dayton-Springfield		45.8	43.2	15.13	15.85	15.25	649.08	725.93	658.80
Toledo		44.2	44.2	14.73	15.57	15.67	630.44	688.19	692.6
Youngstown-Warren		45.1	43.7	15.94	16.99	16.96	674.26	766.25	741.15
oklahoma	41.3	43.1	41.7	11.21	11.53	11.33	462.97	496.94	472.46
Oklahoma City		43.4	41.8	11.85	13.07	12.49	527.33	567.24	522.08
Tulsa		42.7	42.1	12.30	12.06	12.20	495.69	514.96	513.62
Dregon	38.2	40.5	39.5	12.35	12.19	12.22	471,77	493.70	482.69
Eugene-Springfield		40.1	38.7	12.58	12.44	12.58	470.49	498.84	486.85
Medford-Ashland		41.4	40.4	11.82	11.63	11.62	478.71	481.48	469.45
Portland-Vancouver		41.0	40.0	12.58	12.68	12.83	496.91	519.88	513.20
Salem		38.0	40.1	10.91	10.30	9.92	390.58	391.40	397.79
ennsylvania	41.1	41.9	41.6	12.10	12.41	12.49	497.31	519.98	519.58
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		40.3	40.2	11.49	11.90	12.13	464.20	479.57	487.63
Altoona		42.2	41.1	9.99	10.75	10.39	399.60	453.65	427.03
Erie		44.3	43.7	12.71	13.06	13.07	543.99	578.56	571.10
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		40.6	40.2	11.47	11.73	11.88	459.95	476.24	477.58
Johnstown		39.9	40.2	9.01	9.30	9.17	361.30	371.07	371.3
Lancaster		40.9	40.5				486.77	504.30	505.9
				11.96	12.33	12.37			
Philadelphia PMSA		41.9	41.3	13.43	13.58	13.71	545.26	569.00	566.2
Pittsburgh		42.7	41.7	13.30	13.25	13.27	557.27	565.78	553.3
	41.8	42.4	42.2	12.50	12.93	13.06	522.50	548.23	551.1
Reading			1 44 0	1010	10.85	10.88	417.35	435.09	446.0
		40.1	41.0	10.46	10.00 1	10.00	417.00	433.03	440.0
Reading ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton Sharon	39.9 41.9	40.1 44.9	41.0	11.93	12.56	12.41	499.87	563.94	
Reading ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton Sharon	39.9 41.9	44.9	44.2	11.93	12.56	12.41	499.87		548.5
Reading ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	39.9 41.9 38.6			1				563.94	548.5 424.1 460.7

#### B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>
Rhode Island	40.0	41.6	41.4	\$10.34	\$10.25	\$10.40	\$413.60	\$426.40	\$430.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	39.1	40.6	40.5	10.21	10.53	10.59	399.21	427.52	428.9
South Carolina	41.1	41.7	41.3	9.84	10.01	10.02	404.42	417.42	413.8
South Dakota	41.6	41.8	42.0	8.85	<del>9</del> .00	9.31	368.16	376.20	391.0
Rapid City	41.1	40.9	40.7	9.18	9.53	9.54	377.30	389.78	388.2
Sioux Falls	40.0	41.6	41.6	9.05	9.90	9.96	362.00	411.84	414.3
ennessee	40.7	41.2	40.7	10.42	10.47	10.48	424.09	431.36	426.5
Chattanooga	39.5	41.8	41.9	9.79	9.96	10.06	386.71	416.33	421.5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	38.4	37.6	37.1	10.66	10.13	10.07	409.34	380.89	373.6
Knoxville	39.7	40.1	39.2	10.22	10.35	10.46	405.73	415.04	410.0
Memphis	41.4	41.4	41.6	10.56	10.84	11.06	437.18	448.78	460.1
Nashville	40.8	40.9	40.1	11.59	11.38	11.24	472.87	465.44	450.7
lexas	42.6	43.4	43.0	11.04	11.13	11.15	470.30	483.04	479.4
Dallas	42.8	43.6	42.7	10.81	10.89	11.06	462.67	474.80	472.2
Ft. Worth-Arlington	43.0	42.8	42.6	12.46	12.56	12.56	535.78	537.57	535.0
Houston	44.7	44.6	44.4	13.61	13.57	13.52	608.37	605.22	600.2
San Antonio	42.5	42.2	42.6	8.56	9.02	8.97	363.80	380.64	382.1
Mah		40.0		10.00	44.00	44.00	407.00	454.70	464.0
Jtah Salt Lake City-Ogden	39.8 41.0	40.6 41.2	40.5 41.3	10.98 11.30	11.20 11.41	11.39 11.54	437.00 463.30	454.72 470.09	461.3
/							407.05	457 70	400 7
/ermont	39.8 40.4	39.8 40.9	40.1 41.0	11.75 11.71	11.50 11.59	11.49 11.43	467.65 473.08	457.70 474.03	460.7 468.6
/irginia	41.2	42.1	42.0	10.82	11.19	11.24	445.78	471.10	472.0
Bristol	40.0	45.0	43.9	9.72	10.52	10.33	388.80	473.40	453.4
Charlottesville	40.0	37.5	37.0	10.18	10.01	10.20	407.20	375.38	377.4
Danville	42.5	44.8	46.5	10.90	11.24	11.89	463.25	503.55	552.8
Lynchburg	43.3	42.9	42.7	10.85	10.86	10.78	469.81	465.89	460.3
Northern Virginia	40.6	41.7	41.4	12.05	11.89	11.97	489.23	495.81	495.5
Richmond-Petersburg	42.2	43.5	42.5	13.73	14.55	14.45	579.41	632.93	614.1
Roanoke	41.8	42.1	42.3	12.36	12.21	12.32	516.65	514.04	521.1
Washington	39.9	40.5	40.5	13.98	14.12	14.34	557.80	571.86	580.7
Nest Virginia	40.5	41.1	40.5	12.32	12.57	12.44	498.96	516.63	503.8
Charleston	42.9	48.0	46.6	15.77	14.52	15.03	676.53	696.96	700.4
Huntington-Ashland	41.6	42.6	40.7	14.32	14.93	15.20	595.71	636.02	618.6
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.4	42.4	41.0	14.72	15.22	14.56	609.41	645.33	596.9
Wheeling	41.2	40.7	38.0	14.08	15.05	14.48	580.10	612.54	550.2
Visconsin	41.2	42.5	42.5	12.04	12.28	12.21	496.05	521.90	518.9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	43.2	43.6	44.5	13.17	13.41	13.59	568.94	584.68	604.7
Eau Claire	38.8	44. <del>9</del>	44.4	12.10	12.87	12.33	469.48	577.86	547.4
Green Bay	40.9	42.5	41.9	13.11	13.06	12.90	536.20	555.05	540.5
Janesville-Beloit	39.7	45.5	42.5	15.11	16.69	17.11	599.87	759.40	727.1
Kenosha	38.9	40.7	39.7	11.97	13.51	12.74	465.63	549.86	505.7
La Crosse	41.2	42.6	42.7	10.58	10.14	10.06	435.90	431.96	429.5
Madison	40.1	41.2	41.1	10.99	11.52	11.62	440.70	474.62	477.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha	41.3	41.7	41.3	13.18	13.36	13.38	544.33	557.11	552.5
Racine	39.7	41.1	40.6	11.90	12.72	13.18	472.43	522.79	535.1
Sheboygan	40.5 42.8	41.8 43.2	42.9 43.4	11.87 11.61	12.27 11.74	12.15 11.62	480.74 496.91	512.89 507.17	521.2 504.3
Wyoming	39.1	41.0	39.0	11.60	11.71	12.27	453.56	480.11	478.5
Puerto Rico	39.5	40.2	39.9	7.01	7.23	7.27	276.90	290.65	290.0
Virgin Islands	43.0	42.1	42.6	15.11	15.21	15.11	649.73	640.34	643.6

 $^{\rm P}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

### C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and			1993						19	94			
division	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.
NORTHEAST													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	39,584	39,589	39.596	39.599	39.601	39.696	39.697	39.695	39.700	39.704	39.715	39.720	39.73
Civilian labor force	,	25,525	25,562	25,527	25,469	25,464	25,379	,	,	25,250	25,488	25,708	25,54
Employed		23,726	23,754	23,772	23,734	23,765	23,677	23,794		23,652	23,848	24,008	23,90
Unemployed		1,800	1,807	1,755	1,735	1,700	1,702	1,828		1,598	1,640	1,699	1,64
Unemployment rate		7.1	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.
New England													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>		10,218	10,218	10,219	10,221	10,221	10,219	10,216				10,216	
Civilian labor force	7,065	7,065	7,055	6,979	6,963	6,977	7,031	7,000	6,909	6,879	6,911	7,004	6,94
Employed		6,608	6,599	6,547	6,541	6,518	6,588	6,592	6,519	6,473	6,509	6,571	6,51
Unemployed	455	457	457	432	423	459	444	407	390	406	402	433	43
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.1	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.6	5.9	5.8	6.2	6.
Middle Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>		29,351	29,358	29,363	29,366	29,475	29,478	29,479		29,488	29,498	,	
Civilian labor force		18,460	18,506	18,548	18,506	18,488	18,347	18,623	18,500		18,578	18,703	18,599
Employed		17,118	17,155	17,225	17,193	17,247	17,089	17,202	17,117	17,179	17,339	17,437	17,386
Unemployed		1,342	1,351	1,323	1,313	1,241	1,258	1,421	1,383	1,191	1,239	1,266	1,213
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.1	6.7	6.9	7.6	7.5	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.
SOUTH								ļ					
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>		66,832	66,911	66,989	67,057	68,136	68,206		68,347	68,420		/	68,674
Civilian labor force	1 7 1	44,224	44,400	44,577	44,567	44,907	44,882	44,688	44,983	45,136	44,935	45,094	45,254
Employed		41,540	41,547	41,790	41,907	42,067	42,040	41,854	42,238	42,459	42,289	42,434	42,64
Unemployed		2,684	2,853	2,787	2,660	2,840	2,842	2,834	2,745	2,677	2,646	2,660	2,609
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.8
South Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	35,033	35,082	35,128	35,171	35,212	35,251	35,288	35,322	35,360	35,399	35,445	35,487	35,532
Civilian labor force		22,936	23,032	23,081	23,132	23,225	23,281	23,197	23,239	23,298	23,295	23,233	23,353
Employed	21,505	21,619	21,608	21,740	21,783	21,750	21,902	21,777	21,847	21,937	22,013	21,941	22,138
Unemployed	1,455	1,317	1,425	1,341	1,350	1,475	1,379	1,420	1,391	1,361	1,283	1,291	1,21
Unemployment rate	6.3	5.7	6.2	5.8	5.8	6.3	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.5	5.6	5.2
East South Central								1					
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>		11,976	11,990	12,002	12,015	12,027	12,038	12,047	12,059	12,069	12,083	12,095	12,108
Civilian labor force		7,509	7,475	7,495	7,522	7,656	7,599	7,597	7,718	7,819	7,670	7,696	7,741
Employed		7,041	7,024	7,055	7,111	7,178	7,109	7,190	7,294	7,423	7,246	7,269	7,296
Unemployed		468	451	440	411	478	490	407	423	395	424	427	445
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.2	6.4	5.4	5.5	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.8
West South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	20,720	20,750	20,779	20,806	20,832	20,858	20,881	20,903	20,927	20,951	20,978		
Civilian labor force		13,779	13,892	14,001	13,912	14,027	14,002	13,894	14,027	14,019	13,969	14,165	
Employed	12,866	12,880	12,915	12,995	13,013	13,139	13,029	12,887	13,097	13,099	13,030		
	947	899	977	1.006	899	888	973	1,007	930	921	939	941	948
Unemployed Unemployment rate		6.5	7.0	7.2	6.5	6.3	6.9	7.2	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.6	

#### C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted '-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and			1993						19	94			
division	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	,Aug.
MIDWEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	46,219	46,253	46,287	46,317	46,346	46,038	46,054	46,069	46,093	46,116	46,145	46,170	46,20
Civilian labor force	31,518	31,384	31,500	31,614	31,696	31,710		31,768	31,764	31,886	31,705		
Employed	29,749	29,524	29,632	29,792	29,880	29,819		29,929	30,100	30,371	30,273		
Unemployed	1,769	1,860	1,868	1,822	1,815	1,891	1,743	1,838	1,664	1,514	1,432	· ·	1,60
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.5	5.8	5.2	4.7	4.5	5.3	5.
East North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	32,472		32,516	32,535	<b>32,55</b> 3	32,570		32,591	32,608	32,622	32,643		
Civilian labor force	21,957	21,770	21,857	21,988	22,118	22,129	22,330	22,236	22,182	22,187	22,049		
Employed	20,621	20,355	20,464	20,621	20,770	20,711	20,995	20,886	20,940	20,992	20,973		
Unemployed Unemployment rate	1,336 6.1	1,416 6.5	1,393 6.4	1,367 6.2	1,349 6.1	1,418 6.4	1,335 6.0	1,350 6.1	1,243 5.6	1,195 5.4	1,076 4.9	1,311 6.0	1,20 5.
	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	5.0	5.4	4.9	0.0	5.
West North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	13,422	13,433	13,442	13,452	13,459	13,468	13,473	13,478	13,485	13,493	13,502	13,510	13,52
Civilian labor force	9,561	9,614	9,643	9,626	9,577	9,581	9,601	9,532	9,582	9,698	9,656	9,630	9,77
Employed	9,128	9,170	9,168	9,171	9,111	9,108	9,193	9,044	9,161	9,380	9,300	9,254	9,37:
Unemployed		444	475	455	466	473	408	488	421	319	356	377	398
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.3	5.1	4.4	3.3	3.7	3.9	4.1
WEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	41,240		41,357	41,415	<b>41,46</b> 9	42,083		42,175	42,222	42,271	42,327	42,381	42,436
Civilian labor force		27,801	27,914	27,936	28,037	28,589	28,600	28,515	28,411	28,458	28,071	28,271	28,703
Employed	25,527	25,582	25,723	25,848	25,997	26,302		26,456	26,218	26,390	26,000	26,187	26,54
Unemployed	2,193 7.9	2,219 8.0	2,191 7.8	2,088 7.5	2,041 7.3	2,287 8.0	2,167 7.6	2,059 7.2	2,193	2,068	2,071 7,4	2,084 7.4	2,150 7.5
Unemployment rate	7.9	0.0	7.0	7.5	7.3	6.0	7.0	1.2	7.7	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.3
Mountain													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	10,962	10,991	11,019	11,045	11,071	11,096	11,123	11,146	11,170	11,195	11,222	11,251	11,27
Civilian labor force	7,416	7,386	7,432	7,472	7,487	7,622	7,794	7,802	7,800	7,767	7,637	7,699	7,932
Employed	6,988	6,956	7,009	7,055	7,107	7,232	7,394	7,408	7,392	7,348	7,229	7,290	7,476
Unemployed	428	429	424	417	380	390	400	395	408	419	407	409	450
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.8
Pacific													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>2</sup>	30,849			30,937	30,963	30,987	31,010		31,052				
Civilian labor force	20,304	20,415	20,482	20,464	20,550	20,967			20,611	20,691	20,434	20,572	
Employed	18,539	18,626	18,714	18,793	18,889	19,070	19,038	19,049	18,826	19,042	18,770	18,897	19,070
Unemployed	1,765	1,790	1,767	1,671	1,661	1,897	1,767	1,664	1,785	1,649	1,664	1,675	1,70
Unemployment rate	8.7	8.8	8.6	8.2	8.1	9.0	8.5	8.0	8.7	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.2

<sup>1</sup> These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the Inese estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.
 <sup>2</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maint Middle Atlantic.

Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and

Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and acting years. Ear additional information see "Bavisions in the for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

# C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

#### (Numbers in thousands)

State			19	993	1		ļ	,		1994	<del></del>	r	r
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
Alabama													
Civilian labor force	1,998.0	1.993.4	1,993.0	1,997.2	1,999.2	1,995.1	2,010.1	1,987.0	1,979.6	1.974.0	2,008.8	2.007.7	2,002.
Employed		1,840.3	1,840.7	1,845.0	1,833.2	1,847.4	1,846.9	1,848.8	1,851.4	1,859.5	1.891.1	1,889.1	1.883.
Unemployed		1,840.3	1,040.7	1,043.0	152.1	147.7	163.2	138.2	128.2	114.5	117.7	118.6	118.
Unemployment rate	. 7.9	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	8.1	7.0	6.5	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.
Alaska													*
Civilian labor force	. 298.5	298.6	300.5	300.7	302.3	302.0	308.0	011.0	309.7	309.3	309.5	309.9	308.
Employed		296.8	278.1					311.3		283.5	283.8	285.9	283.
				278.1	279.6	279.3	281.5	285.7	284.2				200.
Unemployed		21.8	22.4	22.5	22.7	22.7	26.5	25.6	25.6	25.8	25.7	24.1	
Unemployment rate	. 7.5	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.6	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.3	7.8	8.
Arizona													
Sivilian labor force	. 1,835.8	1,841.5	1,848.2	1,851.5	1,852.7	1,858.4	1,929.4	1,963.6	1,996.2	2,006.9	2,003.8	1,986.6	1,975.
Employed		1,732.5	1,738.0	1,739.5	1,740.9	1,746.2	1,833.9	1,861.4	1,886.7	1,894.1	1,885.4	1,860.4	1,860.9
Unemployed	. 108.2	109.0	110.2	112.0	111.8	112.2	95.5	102.2	109.5	112.8	118.5	126.2	114.
Unemployment rate		5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.4	5.
Arkansas													
Civilian labor force	1.163.7	1.164.9	1,165.7	1,166.8	1.168.0	1.166.5	1.200.3	1,199.2	1,199.3	1,208.8	1,207.9	1,203.8	1,208.0
Employed		1,093.7	1,094.6	1,095.9	1.097.5	1,097.6	1,133.2	1,136.5	1,139.3	1,146.8	1,141.4	1,134.2	1,139.
Unemployed	. 70.9	71.2											68.
Unemployment rate	. 70.9	6.1	71.1 6.1	70.9 6.1	70.5 6.0	69.0 5.9	67.2 5.6	62.7 5.2	60.0 5.0	61.9 5.1	66.5 5.5	69.6 5.8	5.
California <sup>1</sup>		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
Civilian labor force	. 15,296.9	45 450 0	45 040 7	15 011 0		15 015 0		15 500 0		15 550 5	15 540.0	15 400 0	15 000
Employed		15,153.9	15,218.7 13,808.6	15,314.8 13,836.5	15,209.0 13,860.6	15,215.8	15,625.6	15,596.9	15,547.2	15,559.5	15,513.2	15,199.8	15,333. 13,950.
		13,771.4				13,884.0	14,040.7			14,066.5		13,931.2	
Unemployed Unemployment rate		1,382.5 9.1	1,410.1 9.3	1,478.3 9.7	1,348.4 8.9	1,331.8 8.8	1,584.9 10.1	1,407.2 9.0	1,342.2 8.6	1,493.0 9.6	1,288.3 8.3	1,268.6 8.3	1,383.4 9.0
Colorado			0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	10.1	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Civilian labor force	. 1.909.9	1,913.4	1,913.8	1,929.1	1,943.7	1,954.3	1.968.0	1,968.4	1,958.3	1,958.6	1,969.3	1,963.1	1,991.5
Employed		1,817.2	1,817.9	1,832.1	1,846.7	1,858.1	1,855.2	1.858.1	1,856.2	1,853.3	1,866.2	1,868.3	1.899.
Unemployed		96.2	96.0	97.0	97.0	96.2	112.8	110.3	102.0	105.3	103.1	94.8	92.
Unemployment rate		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	90.2 4.9	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.4	5.2	4.8	4.
Connecticut													1
Civilian labor force	. 1,788.4	1,787.3	1,784.4	1,785.6	1,782.4	1,779.2	1,796.6	1,820.8	1,806.0	1,787.9	1,767.6	1,763.2	1,765.
Employed		1,676.9	1,674.6	1,676.5	1,675.6	1,674.4	1,716.2	1,729.3	1,712.7	1,698.1	1,675.4	1,671.5	1,677.
Unemployed		110.4	109.8	109.1	106.8	104.8	80.4	91.5	93.3	89.8	92.2	91.7	88.
Unemployment rate		6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9	4.5	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.
Delaware													
		0			0-0-0						0		
Civilian labor force		375.3	376.6	376.6	376.9	377.8	371.3	379.6	382.4	382.2	387.5	387.9	387.
Employed		354.5	355.2	355.2	354.9	355.1	351.7	360.5	362.5	361.0	367.2	369.4	369.
Unemployed Unemployment rate		20.8 5.5	21.4 5.7	21.4 5.7	22.0 5.8	22.7 6.0	19.5 5.3	19.0 5.0	19.9 5.2	21.2 5.5	20.3 5.2	18.5	18. 4.
	. 5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.0	6.0	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.8	4.
District of Columbia													
Civilian labor force		305.9	309.2	308.8	308.5	309.8	315.7	298.4	299.6	303.1	300.4	302.4	306.
Employed		279.6	283.6	283.0	282.9	284.3	281.4	270.5	270.4	280.7	277.7	278.2	280. 25.
Unemployed Unemployment rate		26.4 8.6	25.6 8.3	25.7 8.3	25.7 8.3	25.4 8.2	34.3 10.9	27.9 9.3	29.2 9.8	22.4 7.4	22.6 7.5	24.2 8.0	25.
Florida <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force	. 6,616.3	6,533.6	6,599.3	6,574.7	6,689.1	6,741.5	6.798.4	6,692.1	6.761.6	6,759.3	6,779.4	6,743.7	6,708.
Employed		6,073.1	6,163.5	6,120.0	6,244.6	6,277.3	6,286.1	6,308.7	6,266.0	6,257.3	6,313.1	6,328.0	6,295.
Unemployed		460.5	435.8	454.7	444.5	464.2	512.3	383.4	495.6	502.0	466.3	415.6	413.
Unemployed													

#### STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	ļ,		19	<del></del>	,					1994			
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July <sup>p</sup>
Georgia													
Sivilian labor force	3,475.1	3,488.2	3.503.2	3.518.9	3,526.2	3,531.5	3,583.8	3.604.0	3.593.3	3.582.2	3,562.5	3,616.4	3,615
Employed		3,288.4	3,302.0	3.316.0	3,325.2	3,332.1	3,325.3	3,374.5	3,373.4	3,382.1	3,373.8	3.424.6	3,410
													205
Unemployed	199.5	199.7	201.2	202.9	201.0	199.4	258.5	229.6	219.9	200.1	188.8	191.8	
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	7.2	6.4	6.1	5.6	5.3	5.3	5
Hawaii													
ivilian labor force	583.1	582.7	582.1	583.4	583.3	583.3	605.3	597.7	593.7	601.6	599.5	593.7	592
Employed		558.6	559.0	560.3	559.6	559.4	577.3	569.0	562.5	568.1	567.4	561.8	557
Unemployed		24.1	23.1	23.1	23.7	24.0	28.0	28.7	31.2	33.5	32.0	31.9	34
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.4	5
idaho													
ivilian labor force	547.8	548.3	550.0	551.3	551.8	553.7	580.3	591.5	595.7	596.7	594.4	593.0	591
Employed		546.3	550.0	518.3	520.0	521.2	551.3	591.5 560.4	564.6	569.0	566.2	562.8	562
Unemployed										27.7	28.2	30.2	29
		32.8	32.9	33.1	31.8	32.4	29.0	31.1	31.1				
Unemployment rate	. 6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	5. <del>9</del>	5.0	5.3	5.2	4.6	4.7	5.1	4
Illinois <sup>1</sup>													
Vivilian labor force	6,006.2	6,012.5	5.964.0	5,963.5	5,998.8	6.032.9	5,998.6	6.016.6	6.029.7	6.075.7	6,058.6	6,036.0	5,975
Employed		5,554.2	5,480.3	5,518.1	5,640.0	5,675.2	5,600.1	5,633.5	5,667.2	5,740.2	5,709.5	5,745.2	5,601
Unemployed		458.3				357.7	398.5	383.1	362.5	335.5	349.1	290.8	374
			483.7	445.4	358.8						5.8		
Unemployment rate	. 7.4	7.6	8.1	7.5	6.0	5.9	6.6	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.8	4.8	
Indiana													
Civilian labor force	2.948.5	2,955.3	2,961.8	2,978.6	2,991.6	3.001.9	2,992.6	3,013.3	3,007.1	2,998.0	3,018.7	3,003.4	2,971
Employed		2,805.8	2,812.4	2,827.1	2,840.6	2,849.4	2,824.8	2,861.2	2,853.1	2,850.4	2,874.4	2,862.4	2,817
													154
Unemployed		149.5	149.4	151.5	151.1	152.5	167.8	152.1	154.0	147.5	144.3	141.0	
Unemployment rate	. 5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.6	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.7	5
lowa													
Civilian labor force	1,560.0	1,559.7	1,560.2	1,560.2	1,558.2	1,554.8	1,552.1	1,565.9	1,541.6	1,524.5	1,549.5	1,559.0	1,557
Employed	1,491.8	1,498.3	1,499.6	1,501.5	1,500.4	1,498.0	1,479.8	1,500.9	1,485.9	1,470.0	1,493.9	1,504.6	1,511
Unemployed		61.4	60.7	58.7	57.8	56.8	72.3	65.0	55.6	54.5	55.5	54.4	45
Unemployment rate		3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.7	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	2
Kansas													
~ ~ ~ ~ ~									4 000 0	4 0 4 7 0	4 959 7	4 0 4 0 0	
Civilian labor force		1,318.0	1,319.5	1,321.5	1,320.8	1,321.8	1,335.8	1,327.7	1,336.9	1,347.8	1,356.7	1,348.3	1,344
Employed		1,250.9	1,252.6	1,254.1	1,253.9	1,255.8	1,249.3	1,255.4	1,259.3	1,267.4	1,290.9	1,282.4	1,274
Unemployed		67.0	66.9	67.4	66.8	66.0	86.4	72.2	77.6	80.4	65.9	65.9	70
Unemployment rate	. 5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	6.5	5.4	5.8	6.0	4.9	4.9	
Kentucky													
Civilian labor force	1,798.6	1,797.2	1,792.8	1,789.3	1,788.5	1,785.8	1,809.2	1,814.8	1,801.5	1,792.1	1.804.2	1,794.4	1,81
Employed		1.686.4	1,684.9	1,682.3	1,682.2	1.682.5	1,728.0	1,715.2	1,714.8	1,704.0	1,718.4	1,706.5	1,71
				107.0	106.3		81.3	99.6	86.8	88.1	85.8	87.9	9
Unemployed		110.9	107.9	6.0		103.3 5.8		5.5	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.9	
Unemployment rate	. 6.2	6.2	6.0	0.0	5.9	5.6	4.5	5.5	4.0	4.9	4.0	4.9	
Louisiana							1						
ivilian labor force		1,869.9	1,868.3	1,871.4	1,879.7	1,876.8	1,924.4	1,925.0	1,892.5	1,917.8	1,937.0	1,918.1	1,94
Employed		1,736.4	1,734.5	1,731.2	1,734.3	1,735.9	1,761.3	1,775.7	1,738.6	1,757.2	1,783.1	1,771.8	1,79
Unemployed	. 132.6	133.5	133.8	140.2	145.3	140.9	163.2	149.3	153.9	160.6	153.9	146.4	15
Unemployment rate	. 7.1	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.7	7.5	8.5	7.8	8.1	8.4	7.9	7.6	
Maine													
vilian labor force		629.4	627.8	627.6	626.5	624.4	628.0	632.5	625.1	619.6	611.9	611.8	61
Employed	. 578.0	577.1	575.2	575.9	575.1	574.7	568.6	585.5	582.2	579.8	576.6	573.5	57
Unemployed	. 50.1	52.3	52.6	51.6	51.4	49.7	59.4	47.0	42.9	39.8	35.2	38.4	4
	. 8.0				8.2	8.0	9.5			6.4	5.8	6.3	

### C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

#### (Numbers in thousands)

State			19	93			L			1994			
·····	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
Maryland											]		
ivilian labor force	2.669.1	2.671.9	2.674.4	2,680.8	2,680.4	2,682.8	2,689.9	2.698.7	2.661.7	2.645.0	2,658.8	2,663.8	2,671
Employed		2,504.7	2,509.6	2,517.2	2,518.4	2,521.1	2,523.7	2,535.7	2,511.0	2,502.7	2,514.8	2,525.1	2,525
Unemployed		167.2	164.8	163.6	161.9	161.7	166.2	163.0	150.7	142.3	144.0	138.7	14
Unemployment rate	6.3								5.7		5.4	5.2	
chemployment rate	. 0.3	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.4	5,4	5.2	
Massachusetts <sup>1</sup>													
ivilian labor force	3,148.2	3,170.4	3,185.0	3,191.2	3,175.4	3,161.7	3,172.0	3,130.2	3,141.6	3,127.3	3,155.5	3,158.3	3,21
Employed		2,952.5	2,962.7	2,976.3	2,971.7	2,965.8	2,943.8	2,930.4	2,956.6	2,937.1	2.972.5	2.969.2	3,02
Unemployed		217.9	222.3	214.9	203.7	195.9	228.2	199.9	185.0	190.2	183.0	189.1	19
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.9	7.0	6.7	6.4	6.2	7.2	6.4	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.0	
		0.0		0.1	0.4	0.2		0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0		
Michigan <sup>1</sup>													
ivilian labor force		4,728.9	4,717.0	4,736.6	4,713.9	4,748.2	4,803.2	4,796.0	4,752.8	4,817.9	4,769.1	4,735.6	4,74
Employed		4,412.9	4,396.4	4,409.5	4,383.2	4,399.3	4,440.6	4,416.3	4,445.0	4,541.5	4,498.7	4,480.0	4,46
Unemployed		316.0	320.6	327.1	330.7	348.9	362.6	379.8	307.7	276.4	270.5	255.6	28
Unemployment rate	. 7.2	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.9	6.5	5.7	5.7	5.4	
Minnesota													
ivilian labor force	2.465.5	2,469.5	2,475.1	2,475.9	2,483.4	2,487.0	2,539.6	2,582.2	2,545.2	2,562.9	2,594.2	2,550.9	2,51
Employed		2.343.8	2.349.8	2,350.6	2,361.6	2.367.1	2.426.3	2,475.0	2.436.3	2,455.3	2.504.0	2,459.2	2,42
Unemployed		125.6	125.3	125.3	121.8	119.8	113.3	107.3	108.9	107.6	90.3	91.7	-, 8
Unemployment rate		5.1	5,1	5.1	4.9	4.8	4,5	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.5	3.6	
Mississippi			-/1										
Sivilian labor force		1,214.7	1,219.4	1,222.5	1,221.6	1,221.9	1,226.5	1,216.3	1,215.2	1,229.2	1,240.0	1,244.3	1,24
Employed	1,137.5	1,141.1	1,143.4	1,145.9	1,146.2	1,147.6	1,141.8	1,131.3	1,130.9	1,140.0	1,150.0	1,162.8	1,16
Unemployed		73.6	76.0	76.7	75.4	74.3	84.7	85.0	84.2	89.2	90.0	81.5	83
Unemployment rate	. 5.9	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.3	6.6	e
Missouri													
Civilian labor force		2,646.9	2,651.6	2,657.3	2,658.4	2,660.8	2,667.4	2,637.8	2,643.8	2,646.8	2,643.9	2,658.2	2,660
Employed		2,474.4	2,478.3	2,483.3	2,485.2	2,488.1	2,523.8	2,495.1	2,488.8	2,515.3	2,511.0	2,536.7	2,54
Unemployed		172.5	173.3	173.9	173.1	172.7	143.5	142.7	155.0	131.6	132.9	121.5	11
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.4	5.4	5.9	5.0	5.0	4.6	· ·
Montana					1			:					
ivilian labor force	429.0	429.0	428.1	430.0	425.2	430.1	434.8	433.9	437.2	440.5	438.5	437.1	43
Employed		403.1	402.8	404.5	399.8	404.8	410.4	410.6	414.8	417.3	418.0	419.1	41
Unemployed		25.8	25.3	25.5	25.3	25.3	24.4	23.2	22.3	23.2	20.5	18.0	1
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.3	4.7	4.1	
Nebraska													
ivilian labor force	852.2	855.1	856.5	859.8	860.6	862.1	890.7	899.2	892.2	881.7	883.6	876.1	87
Employed		834.1	835.9	839.0	840.5	841.6	868.5	873.7	863.9	855.3	856.1	848.8	85
Unemployed		21.0	20.5	20.8	20.1	20.4	22.3	25.5	28.3	26.4	27.6	27.3	2
Unemployment rate		2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	
Nevada													
Divilian labor force	748.9	750.9	751.6	757.2	760.2	764.7	768.1	779.4	780.2	779.2	772.2	775.7	77
Employed		695.5	695.8	701.4	700.2	709.0	729.4	741.4	760.2	738.0	730.5	731.0	73
Unemployed		55.4	55.8	55.9	55.3	55.7	38.8	38.0	39.1	41.2	41.7	44.7	4
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.8	
New Hampshire													
ivilian labor force	619.4	620.7	622.3	623.2	622.7	621.5	627.0	618.2	625.7	623.5	617.0	621.8	62
Employed		581.1	582.0	583.2	583.8	583.8	596.8	585.0	596.9	594.6	587.4	592.5	59
Unemployed		39.5	40.3	40.0	38.8	37.7	30.2	33.2	28.8	28.9	29.5	29.3	3
	6.4	6.4											

#### STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State			19				L			1994			
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Julyp
New Jersey <sup>1</sup>													
Vivilian labor force	3,984.4	4,007.8	3,988.3	3,992.3	4,042.7	4,018.9	4,065.7	4,029.6	4,022.9	3,967.1	3,928.2	4,007.6	4,060
Employed	3,704.7	3,725.9	3,683.3	3,723.3	3,786.1	3,736.6	3,787.7	3,735.0	3,703.8	3,680.7	3,655.9	3,723.8	3,799
Unemployed	279.7	281.9	305.0	269.0	256.6	282.3	278.0	294.7	319.1	286.5	272.2	283.8	26
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.0	7.6	6.7	6.3	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.9	7.2	6.9	7.1	e
New Mexico						I							
ivilian labor force	759.3	758.6	760.1	762.2	760.0	761.5	782.5	780.4	775.2	786.9	785.1	781.1	780
Employed	700.3	699.7	701.5	702.2	702.9	704.8	736.7	740.2	734.7	745.9	741.8	741.7	739
Unemployed	59.0	58.8	58.5	58.5	57.1	56.7	45.8	40.2	40.5	41.0	43.2	39.4	40
											43.2	5.0	
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.4	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.0	
New York <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force	8,627.6	8,620.2	8,556.8	8,624.7	8,605.8	8,597.0	8,621.7	8,578.2	8,686.4	8,652.3	8,524.5	8,600.6	8,730
Employed	7,975.0	7,949.7	7,928.0	7,954.1	7,954.7	7,943.3	8,007.7	7,906.5	7,986.9	7,946.8	7,970.2	7,999.8	8,110
Unemployed	652.6	670.5	628.8	670.6	651.1	653.7	614.0	671.7	699.5	705.5	554.4	600.8	620
Unemployment rate	7.6	7.8	7.3	7.8	7.6	7.6	7.1	7.8	8.1	8.2	6.5	7.0	
North Carolina <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force	3,540.9	3,520.6	3,523.8	3,547.6	3,553.6	3,565.2	3,558.5	3,586.8	3,572.5	3,587.4	3,588.8	3,560.3	3.567
	3,375.9	3,359.8	3,371.8	3,384.1	3,409.5	3,417.4	3,417.6	3,401.6	3,416.8	3,448.9	3,443.5	3,429.3	3.40
Employed													166
Unemployed	165.0	160.8	152.0	163.5 4.6	144.1	147.8	140.9 4.0	185.2 5.2	155.7 4.4	138.5 3.9	145.3 4.0	131.1 3.7	104
Onemployment rate	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	5.2	4.4	3.9	4.0	3.1	
North Dakota													
Civilian labor force	319.9	320.1	320.9	321.4	321.4	321.7	332.5	332.7	332.3	331.4	334.5	334.1	33
Employed	305.9	306.2	306.9	307.2	307.7	307.7	316.7	317.6	316.4	318.7	322.3	321.4	32
Unemployed	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	13.7	14.0	15.8	15.1	16.0	12.7	12.2	12.7	12
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3
Ohio <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force	5,494.4	5,494.6	5,459.5	5,474.7	5,511.9	5,550.6	5,513.2	5,609.5	5,595.4	5,548.1	5,598.2	5,545.7	5,47
Employed	5,125.8	5,184.0	5,071.5	5,117.6	5,153.2	5,202.6	5,178.0	5,315.3	5,266.2	5,197.4	5,234.6	5,239.6	5,15
Unemployed		310.6	388.0	357.1	358.7	348.0	335.2	294.2	329.2	350.7	363.6	306.1	31
Unemployment rate	6.7	5.7	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.1	5.2	5.9	6.3	6.5	5.5	
Oklahoma													
Civilian labor force	1,534.0	1,528.0	1,519.5	1,523.5	1,523.8	1,524.7	1,580.6	1.577.0	1,563.0	1,564.7	1,565.5	1,544,3	1,54
Employed		1,434.2	1,426.5	1,429.1	1,430.1	1,432.4	1,478.9	1,467.9	1,458.1	1,461.5	1,469.9	1,451.7	1,45
Unemployed	93.6	93.8	93.0	94.3	93.7	92.3	101.7	109.1	104.9	103.2	95.5	92.6	90
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.1	6.0	
Oregon													
Civilian labor force	1,588.6	1,591.0	1,595.1	1,602.6	1,613.4	1,613.8	1,608.6	1,604.8	1,608.2	1,607.4	1,642.4	1,652.3	1.67
	1,566.6		1,483.7	1,493.2	1,504.9	1,505.9	1,493.1	1,490.2	1,608.2	1,512.8	1,547.0	1,555.5	1,57
Employed		1,476.7						1,490.2	1,507.7	94.6	95.3	96.8	9
Unemployed Unemployment rate	116.3 7.3	114.3 7.2	111.4 7.0	109.4 6.8	108.6 6.7	108.0 6.7	115.5 7.2	7.1	6.3	94.0 5.9	95.3 5.8	5.9	
Unemployment rate	1.3	1.2	7.0	0.0	6.7	0.7	1.2	7.1	0.3	5.5	5.0	5.9	
Pennsylvania'													
Civilian labor force	5,903.2	5,928.7	5,915.2	5,889.1	5,899.4	5,889.8	5,800.2	5,739.6	5,913.6	5,880.9	5,918.0	5,969.5	5,91
Employed		5,500.4	5,506.6	5,477.9	5,484.1	5,513.3	5,451.2	5,447.7	5,511.1	5,490.0	5,553.1	5,615.3	5,52
Unemployed	422.9	428.3 7.2	408.6 6.9	411.2	415.3 7.0	376.5 6.4	349.1 6.0	292.0 5.1	402.5 6.8	390.9 6.6	364.9 6.2	354.2 5.9	38
Unemployment rate	1.2	1.2	0.9	7.0	7.0	0.4	0.0	5.1	0.5	0.0	0.2	5.8	
Civilian labor force	511.3	511.0	509.7	509.7	510.3	509.8	523.7	514.9	510.3	497.3	498.6	503.8	50
Employed		472.3	470.5	469.4	469.4	468.6	468.8	475.8	471.7	466.5	467.8	471.0	46
Unemployed		38.8	39.2	40.3	40.9	41.2	54.9	39.1	38.6	30.8	30.8	32.8	3
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.1	10.5	7.6	7.6	6.2	6.2	6.5	1

See footnotes at end of table.

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#### C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		r	19	93						1994	r	r	1
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July <sup>p</sup>
South Carolina													
vilian labor force		1,829.5	1,828.7	1,830.2	1,828.0	1,829.6	1,792.2	1,830.7	1,813.0	1,821.5	1,821.4	1,820.1	1,826
Employed		1,686.1	1,686.2	1,689.2	1,687.2	1,688.8	1,688.9	1,712.3	1,691.9	1,693.9	1,705.4	1,710.3	1,715
Unemployed Unemployment rate		143.5 7.8	142.5 7.8	141.0 7.7	140.8 7.7	140.8 7.7	103.2 5.8	118.5 6.5	121.0 6.7	127.7 7.0	116.0 6.4	109.8 6.0	110
South Dakota		7.0	7.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	5.0	0.0	0.7	7.0	0.4	0.0	
	050.5	050.0	000.0								074.0	071.0	070
vilian labor force Employed		359.9 347.9	360.3 348.2	360.6 348.8	361.3 349.4	361.2 349.1	362.3 354.1	367.8 357.6	369.6 358.5	369.2 358.8	371.2 360.4	371.6 360.2	372 361
Unemployed		12.0	12.1	11.8	11.9	12.1	8.2	10.3	11.0	10,4	10.7	11.4	10
Unemployment rate		3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.1	:
Tennessee													
vilian labor force Employed		2,508.8 2,366.3	2,510.3	2,516.5 2,378.5	2,516.7 2,380.5	2,515.2 2,382.6	2,596.2 2,449.7	2,597.6 2,445.7	2,611.4	2,641.3 2,518.1	2,643.7 2,526.7	2,624.4 2,503.1	2,627 2,507
Unemployed		2,300.3	2,370.3 140.0	2,378.5	2,380.5	2,362.6	2,449.7	2,445.7	2,471.6 139.8	123.2	2,526.7	2,503.1	2,50
Unemployment rate	. 5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.8	5.4	4.7	4.4	4.6	
Texas'													
vilian labor force Employed		9,213.6 8,555.8	9,254.2 8,629.8	9,339.4 8.665.2	9,359.1 8,718.1	9,301.4 8,690.7	9,314.7	9,307.3	9,317.2 8,623.4	9,354.3 8,761.4	9,372.4 8,745.3	9,414.5 8,780.6	9,500 8,853
Unemployed		657.8	624.4	674.2	641.0	610.7	8,759.8 555.0	8,661.5 645.8	693.8	592.9	627.1	634.0	646
Unemployment rate		7.1	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.0	6.9	7.4	6.3	6.7	6.7	
Utah													
vilian labor force Employed		919.1 884.5	922.9 888.8	927.0 893.7	930.5 897.9	933.2 901.5	963.3 932.7	972.8 939.7	980.4	979.1 944.5	984.7 948.1	983.3 950.2	986 949
Unemployed		884.5 34.7	34.1	893.7 33.2	32.6	901.5 31.7	932.7 30.5	939.7 33.2	946.7 33.7	944.5 34.6	948.1 36.6	950.2 33.1	948
Unemployment rate		3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	30.0	3.4	3
Vermont													
vilian labor force Employed		315.5 298.9	316.6 299.9	317.8 301.1	317.9 301.7	317.1 301.1	306.9 292.2	311.4 295.5	317.2 301.8	315.6 302.9	310.4 296.8	309.4 297.0	309 296
Unemployed		16.7	16.7	16.6	16.2	16.0	14.7	15.9	15.4	12.7	13.6	12.3	13
Unemployment rate		5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.0	4.4	4.0	4
Virginia													
vilian labor force Employed		3,374.6 3,209.1	3,375.2 3,211.4	3,375.4 3,215.2	3,383.8 3,223.0	3,386.5 3,228.3	3,395.7 3,231.1	3,390.0 3,216.8	3,398.3 3,233.3	3,452.3 3,273.5	3,448.7 3,264.1	3,402.9 3,227.0	3,40 3,22
Unemployed		165.4	163.8	160.2	160.8	158.3	164.6	173.2	165.1	178.8	184.6	175.9	17
Unemployment rate		4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.2	
Washington													
vilian labor force Employed		2,690.9 2,488.5	2,703.0 2,502.1	2,711.3 2,511.0	2,713.3 2,516.6	2,723.6 2,524.8	2,800.6 2,647.2	2,761.8 2.589.8	2,743.1 2,564.7	2,711.4 2,548.7	2,696.0 2.526.5	2,716.7 2,539.3	2,69 2,53
Unemployed		202.4	200.9	200.3	196.7	198.8	153.4	172.0	178.4	162.7	169.5	177.4	16
Unemployment rate		7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	5.5	6.2	6.5	6.0	6.3	6.5	
West Virginia													
vilian labor force Employed		791.4 706.9	793.0 709.7	794.6 711.6	796.1 713.6	795.3 714.5	772.6 687.8	773.4 690.8	777.4 698.2	770.9 702.6	776.5 706.6	784.3 709.2	78 71
Unemployed		84.5	83.4	83.0	82.5	80.8	84.7	82.5	79.3	68.3	69.9	75.1	6
Unemployment rate	10.7	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.2	11.0	10.7	10.2	8.9	9.0	9.6	
Wisconsin													
vilian labor force Employed		2,718.2 2,591.0	2,723.2 2,598.2	2,729.2 2,603.0	2,735.6 2,605.9	2,743.2 2,611.0	2,799.1 2,672.3	2,844.3	2,826.7 2,691.1	2,802.4 2,669.3	2,788.4	2,804.6 2,683.7	2,80 2,67
Employed Unemployed		2,591.0	2,598.2	2,603.0	2,605.9	2,611.0	2,672.3	2,700.5 143.7	2,691.1	2,669.3	2,671.7 116.7	2,683.7	2,67
Unemployment rate	. 4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.5	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.2	4.3	12
Wyoming													
vilian labor force		238.6	239.3	240.0	239.9	240.9	252.5	250.7	250.7	249.1	249.7	249.4	24
Employed		225.4 13.2	226.5 12.9	226.9 13.2	226.8 13.1	227.7 13.2	231.9 20.5	233.8 16.9	234.5 16.2	232.5 16.6	234.7 15.0	234.4 15.0	23

<sup>1</sup> Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes And Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.  $^{p}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	0					Unemp	Joyeu		
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	<b></b>
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994
ebama	2,007.6	2,032.7	2,013.6	164.6	135.4	125.2	8.2	6.7	6.:
Birmingham	423.9	432.6	429.6	24.8	20.6	18.0	5.8	4.8	4.
Huntsville	162.4	160.1	159.1	11.9	9.0	10.0	7.3	5.6	6.
Mobile	243.7	250.1	247.1	20.2	18.3	16.0	8.3	7.3	6.
Montgomery	148.5	149.7	149.5	10.6	8.5	7.8	7.1	5.7	5.
Tuscaloosa	72.1	73.7	73.4	4.6	4.0	3.6	6.4	5.4	4.
aska Anchorage	313.7 135.4	318.7	323.6 139.3	19.5 7.2	24.0	21.6	6.2 5.3	7.5 5.9	6. 5.
		138.4			8.2	7.7			1
rizona	1,860.3	2,012.5	2,000.7	122.2	133.5	130.5	6.6	6.6	6.
Phoenix-Mesa	1,179.6	1,274.5	1,264.9	62.6	65.0	61.1	5.3	5.1	4.
Tucson	330.7	358.8	357.0	14.9	16.3	15.9	4.5	4.5	4.
rkansas	1,185.2	1,232.4	1,228.9	72.4	72.5	70.5	6.1	5.9	5.
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	123.4	133.3	134.1	3.5	4.1	4.2	2.9	3.0	3.
Fort Smith	94.0	95.7	95.9	5.8	5.5	5.0	6.2	5.7	5.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	283.6 37.3	296.5 39.1	295.9 38.5	13.6 3.3	13.6 3.6	12.8 3.4	4.8 9.0	4.6 9.2	4. 8.
alifornia '	15,533.2	15,278.9	15,554.1	1,538.2	1,322.2	1,443.3	9.9	8.7	9.
Bakersfield	277.9	273.6	279.6	41.6	37.0	38.7	15.0	13.5	13.
Fresno	428.9	413.1	428.2	62.8	50.5	56.1	14.6	12.2	13.
Los Angeles-Long Beach1	4,478.1	4,442.0	4,447.0	424.8	448.0	446.0	9.5	10.1	10.
Modesto	206.2	198.7	210.9	32.2	30.6	30.6	15.6	15.4	14.
Oakland	1,119.7	1,100.9	1,126.7	86.8	70.3	81.8	7.7	6.4	7.
Orange County	1,333.8	1,313.6	1,338.2	105.1	76.4	88.6	7.9	5.8	6.
Riverside-San Bernardino	1,264.6	1,254.7	1,279.1	159.5	116.1	139.2	12.6	9.2	10. 7.
Sacramento	696.0 179.4	689.9 172.3	706.8 177.5	65.1 18.5	49.6 15.2	55.7 16.7	9.4 10.3	7.2 8.8	9.
San Diego	1.227.9	1,199.1	1,226.3	111.4	88.3	101.8	9.1	7.4	8.
San Francisco	913.1	888.0	912.9	65.7	51.5	59.4	7.2	5.8	6.
San Jose	851.9	833.9	855.7	66.3	53.5	60.5	7.8	6.4	7.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	194.6	189.7	192.9	15.9	12.5	14.6	8.2	6.6	7.
Santa Rosa	218.8	221.8	223.9	16.5	13.9	15.3	7.6	6.2	6.
Stockton-Lodi	249.8	240.2	250.8	33.9	29.5	30.1	13.6	12.3	12.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa Ventura	238.9 379.9	231.2 368.7	238.9 376.9	21.1 40.7	16.9 27.0	19.4 35.1	8.8 10.7	7.3 7.3	8. 9.
olorado	1,938.5	1,989.2	2.017.7	94.2	100.4	89.5	4.9	5.0	4.
Boulder-Longmont	150.3	153.8	155.5	7.0	7.1	6.5	4.7	4.6	4.
Denver	991.8	1,002.9	1,012.2	44.2	47.0	41.8	4.5	4.7	4.
onnecticut	1,851.6	1,803.9	1,827.2	122.5	98.9	101.6	6.6	5.5	5.
Bridgeport	237.3	227.3	229.2	17.9	14.1	14.7	7.5	6.2	6.
Danbury	120.1	116.7	119.0	6.0	4.8	4.9	5.0	4.1	4.
Hartford	645.0	635.4 279.7	642.8 282.0	46.0	36.8	37.2	7.1 6.6	5.8 5.6	5. 5.
New Haven-Meriden Stamford-Newark	291.9 200.7	278.7 194.6	282.0 197.8	19.2 8.5	15.7 7.2	16.1 7.5	4.2	3.7	3.
Waterbury	124.9	120.1	122.2	9.9	7.8	8.5	7.9	6.5	6.
elaware	379.9	391.4	393.4	20.7	18.6	18.7	5.4	4.8	4.
Wilmington-Newark	281.1	287.0	290.2	16.6	14.6	16.9	5.9	5.1	5.
istrict of Columbia Washington	318.3 2,619.3	311.2 2,599.3	317.8 2,633.1	27.6 119.0	27.1 118.0	26.4 109.2	8.7 4.5	8.7 4.5	8. 4.
lorida <sup>1</sup>	6,733.7	6,826.8	6,822.8	510.5	464.8	461.7	7.6	6.8	6
Daytona Beach	188.1	188.9	190.1	13.0	11.9	11.7	6.9	6.3	6
Fort Lauderdale	706.8	716.9	716.5	50.6	46.9	45.1	7.2	6.5	6.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	159.0	164.7	163.4	10.4	9.2	8.8	6.5	5.6	5.
Gainesville	98.9	97.7	98.6	4.4	3.9	3.6	4.5	4.0	3.
Jacksonville	495.4	493.2	495.7	29.7	26.5	25.3 20.3	6.0 11.5	5.4 9.0	5.
Lakeland-Winter Haven Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	191.9 208.4	196.7 209.4	196.4 210.2	22.1 16.7	17.7 15.0	20.3	8.0	7.2	6
Meloourne-Thusville-Parm Bay	1.039.9	1,058.8	1,060.0	84.6	87.0	83.0	8.0	8.2	7.
Orlando	734.8	752.6	756.9	47.4	44.5	44.6	6.4	5.9	5
Pensacola	166.7	166.1	166.4	9.1	8.5	8.5	5.5	5.1	5
Sarasota-Bradenton	241.1	243.3	240.9	13.8	11.8	11.3	5.7	4.8	4
Tallahassee	137.6	139.3	140.5	6.2	6.4	6.6	4.5	4.6	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,042.2	1,051.4	1,049.4	73.4	60.7	59.5	7.0	5.8	5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	439.7	442.8	440.3	43.9	39.5	39.9	10.0	8.9	9

### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

1	Civilian Jahos (area			Unemployed						
State and area	Civilian labor force			Number			Percent of labor force			
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994₽	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994	
Seorgia	3,511.2	3,632.8	3,649.8	213.0	211.7	215.6	6.1	5.8	5.	
Albany							8.5	8.5	17.	
	52.9	54.2	57.2	4.5	4.6	10.1			4.	
Athens	63.4	65.8	64.2	2.7	2.8	3.1	4.2	4.3	1	
Atlanta	1,794.5	1,874.0	1,881.0	97.1	99.2	92.6	5.4	5.3	4.	
Augusta-Aiken	206.3	206.1	206.2	15.4	13.6	12.8	7.5	6.6	6.	
Columbus	111.3	112.3	111.8	7.9	7.6	7.1	7.1	6.8	6.	
Macon	140.4	143.8	146.8	8.5	9.1	13.2	6.1	6.3	9.	
Savannah	125.9	127.4	127.1	8.0	8.2	7.5	6.3	6.4	5.	
lawaii Honolulu	589.9 428.0	597.1 434.3	598.5 432.3	25.4 13.9	35.3 20.1	35.8 20.3	4.3 3.3	5.9 4.6	6. 4.	
daho	560.7	605.6	604.6	30.5	27.0	26.7	5.4	4.5	4.	
Boise City	174.9	191.7	189.7	8.0	7.4	6.9	4.6	3.8	3.	
linois'	6,110.0	6,154.2	6,076.5	423.6	339.3	349.5	6.9	5.5	5.	
Bloomington-Normal	74.7	77.0	76.1	3.3	2.5	2.8	4.4	3.2	3.	
Champaign-Urbana	93.9	92.4	91.0	5.3	3.6	3.7	5.6	3.9	4.	
Chicago	4,035.8	4,077.6	4,025.1	264.9	219.0	225.7	6.6	5.4	5.	
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	187.3	189.2	188.2	10.6	8.4	7.9	5.6	4.5	4	
Decatur	60.9	60.6	60.4	5.4	4.6	4.9	8.8	7.7	8	
Kankakee	50.7	50.8	50.5	3.9	3.4	3.6	7.7	6.8	7.	
Peoria-Pekin	173.4	175.0	173.1	11.3	8.7	9.0	6.5	5.0	5.	
Rockford	190.3	188.4	186.9	17.4	10.6	10.5	9.1	5.6	5.	
Springfield	106.5	108.3	106.9	5.7	4.6	4.9	5.4	4.2	4.	
ndiana	3,019.8	3,063.1	3,041.3	152.7	141.2	154.9	5.1	4.6	5.	
Bloomington	58.8	58.9	58.8	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	3.8	3.	
Elkhart-Goshen	92.8	96.3	94.9	3.8	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.5	3.	
Evansville-Henderson	153.5	153.8	153.3	7.3	7.3	7.9	4.7	4.7	5.	
Fort Wayne	258.1	263.8	263.5	12.4	11.0	11.8	4.8	4.2	4.	
Gary	298.7	300.5	293.2	17.7	17.6	17.0	5.9	5.9	5.	
Indianapolis	779.9	794.9	792.4	32.4	31.6	34.7	4.2	4.0	4.	
Kokomo	55.0	52.5	56.3	4.9	2.4	6.4	9.0	4.6	11.	
Lafayette	87.4	87.5	87.9	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.6	3.4	3.	
Muncie	63.6	64.3	64.7	3.8	3.4	3.7	5.9	5.2	5.	
South Bend Terre Haute	129.8 72.5	136.7 70.5	132.6 70.9	6.2 4.4	5.5 4.4	6.4 4.2	4.8 6.0	4.0 6.2	4. 5.	
owa	1,578.0	1,569.6	1,578.6	62.0	53.3	42.2	3.9	3.4	2.	
Cedar Rapids	104.1	1,569.6	105.9	3.0	3.3	42.2	2.8	3.4	2.	
Des Moines	251.1	249.9	254.5				2.0 4.9	2.7	2.	
Dubuque	49.8	49.6	50.3	12.4 1.7	6.7 1.7	5.3 1.2	3.4	3.4	2.	
Iowa City	62.9	65.8	65.2	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.8	2.7	2	
Sioux City	64.5	64.0	64.8	1.0	2.0	1.4	2.0	3.1	2	
Waterloo-Cedar Fails	67.5	67.2	67.8	3.3	3.3	2.5	4.9	4.9	3.	
ansas	1,339.5	1,377.2	1,364.3	62.6	70.5	64.5	4.7	5.1	4	
Lawrence	47.1	48.9	48.3	2.3	3.0	2.5	4.9	6.2	5.	
Topeka	90.8	93.9	93.5	4.5	4.5	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.	
Wichita	273.1	278.9	276.9	14.3	17.2	15.0	5.2	6.2	5.	
entucky	1,829.2	1,832.5	1,841.5	107.4	90.2	91.1	5.9	4.9	4	
Lexington	238.4	235.8	238.0	9.0	8.0	7.7	3.8	3.4	3.	
Louisville	515.7	525.3	531.1	24.6	21.6	24.0	4.8	4.1	4.	
Owensboro	46.2	46.9	46.8	3.0	2.4	2.3	6.5	5.1	4.	
ouisiana Alexandria	1,921.8 56.7	1,976.6 58.4	2,002.1 59.2	144.8 4.2	171.1 4.7	161.8 4.8	7.5 7.4	8.7 8.0	8. 8.	
Baton Rouge	277.6	282.5	287.8	19.4	23.6	22.5	7.4	8.4	7	
Houma	77.8	80.6	81.0	5.2	6.0	5.5	6.6	7.5	6.	
Lafayette	157.5	160.5	162.7	11.2	12.7	12.1	7.1	7.9	7	
Lake Charles	80.4	82.6	84.1	6.2	7.3	6.9	7.7	8.8	8	
Monroe	66.1	67.7	68.3	4.5	5.7	5.0	6.9	8.4	7	
New Orleans	599.1	606.2	616.1	43.0	49.3	46.3	7.2	8.1	7	
Shreveport-Bossier City	173.6	181.2	184.2	12.4	49.3 14.7	14.1	7.2	8.1	7	
laine	646.3	627.7	635.7	41.6	38.2	34.3	6.4	6.1	5	
Lewiston-Auburn	49.6	49.8	50.3	4.0	3.3	3.3	8.0	6.7	6	
Portland	122.5	119.1	121.2	5.9	5.4	4.5	4.9	4.6	3	

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					Unemployed						
State and area	Civi	ilian labor foi	rce	Number			Percent of labor force				
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994º	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994		
formation	0 70 / 7	0 00 1 7	0.705.0	105.0	151.1	144.0	<b>6</b> 4	5.6			
Aaryland Baltimore		2,694.7 1,219.0	2,735.8 1,236.3	165.9 91.3	151.4 82.4	144.0 77.9	6.1 7.4	5.6 6.8	5. 6.		
		0.040.4	0.054.7	000.0	100.0	100.0	6.6	6.0	6.		
Massachusetts' Boston		3,216.1 1,778.5	3,254.7 1,801.6	209.6 100.8	192.9 94.0	196.8 95.7	6.6 5.8	5.3	5.		
Brockton		122.1	123.3	9.6	8.7	9.0	8.0	7.1	7.		
Fitchburg-Leominster		69.6	69.3	5.0	4.7	5.1	7.3	6.7	7.		
Lawrence		190.0	191.4	15.5	14.0	13.9	8.2	7.4	7		
Lowell		153.7	155.1	11.8	10.4	10.7	7.7	6.8	6		
New Bedford		82.3	83.1	8.9	7.7	8.7	10.7	9.4	10.		
Pittsfield		42.4	43.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	7.6	7.8	7.		
Springfield		285.1	286.6	20.5	19.5	19.4	7.2	6.8	6.		
Worcester		247.8	247.9	16.0	13.7	13.5	6.5	5.5	5.		
lichigan <sup>1</sup>	4,833.6	4,808.3	4,833.7	376.6	270.2	315.9	7.8	5.6	6.		
Ann Arbor		281.3	281.1	14.3	10.0	12.9	5.1	3.5	4.		
Benton Harbor		83.4	84.3	6.5	5.0	5.2	7.6	6.0	6.		
Detroit		2,154.0	2.169.6	182.1	117.4	148.5	8.4	5.4	6.		
Flint		198.7	198.9	21.5	15.8	18.4	10.7	7.9	9.		
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland		528.6	529.3	33.9	24.3	27.4	6.4	4.6	5.		
Jackson		74.9	74.9	5.9	4.7	4.8	7.9	6.2	6.		
Kalamazoo-Battle-Creek		225.1	225.5	13.9	10.3	12.1	6.1	4.6	5.		
Lansing-East Lansing		235.2	232.5	12.7	10.0	10.1	5.4	4.2	4.		
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland		198.2	198.7	15.0	12.0	12.3	7.5	6.1	6.		
finnesota	2,505.9	2,597.6	2,556.2	120.5	101.7	80.7	4.8	3.9	3.		
Duluth-Superior		120.0	119.1	7.7	7.7	6.0	6.5	6.5	5.		
Minneapolis-St.Paul		1.587.4	1,575.0	66.9	53.5	42.7	4,4	3.4	2.		
Rochester		67.2	66.3	2.0	2.3	1.7	3.1	3.4	2.		
St. Cloud		90.1	88.6	4.0	3.5	3.0	4.7	3.9	3.		
<b>Jississippi</b> Jackson		1,269.0 219.4	1,263.5 219.9	78.8 10.4	102.7 12.5	88.0 10.8	6.4 4.9	8.1 5.7	7.		
								1	{		
Nissouri		2,702.6	2,714.9	179.8	131.3	124.4	6.7	4.9	4.		
Kansas City		912.2	919.5	48.2	42.5	42.3	5.4	4.7	4.		
St. Louis LMA		1,307.9	1,320.6	87.3	63.9	61.2	6.7	4.9	4.		
Springfield	151.1	153.5	156.8	7.8	5.2	4.6	5.2	3.4	2.		
Nontana	439.3	445.1	449.3	24.7	19.0	17.8	5.6	4.3	4		
Vebraska	874.4	891.5	895.0	23.6	29.1	25.6	2.7	3.3	2.		
Lincoln		133.8	133.6	3.4	4.0	3.9	2.6	3.0	2.		
Omaha	356.9	360.1	361.4	10.9	12.8	10.6	3.1	3.5	2.		
levada		782.3	786.5	57.2	49.1	47.3	7.6	6.3	6		
Las Vegas		566.6	568.4	42.6	37.3	35.9 8.5	7.9 6.4	6.6 5.3	6 5		
Reno	163.5	165.6	165.8	10.5	8.8	0.5	0.4	0.0			
lew Hampshire	625.6	626.6	632.9	37.0	29.2	27.5	5.9	4.7	4		
Manchester	95.7	97.0	97.6	5.2	4.9	4.6	5.5	5.1	4		
Nashua Portsmouth-Rochester		95.2 119.8	94.6 121.7	6.0 7.2	5.0 4.9	4.5 4.9	6.3 6.0	5.2 4.1	4		
Ponshioun-nochester	115.4		121.7	1.2	4.0		0.0				
lew Jersey <sup>1</sup>		4,071.6	4,112.7	293.4	289.4	275.8	7.3 8.3	7.1 8.8	6		
Atlantic-Cape May		174.3 663.6	181.0 666.0	14.8 49.4	15.3 50.1	13.9 47.4	8.3 7.6	7.6	7		
Bergen-Passaic Jersey City		283.4	284.6	49.4 27.0	28.0	26.1	9.7	9.9	9		
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		592.9	595.8	37.0	33.0	32.7	6.3	5.6	5		
Monmouth-Ocean		509.0	518.5	32.1	31.7	29.9	6.4	6.2	5		
Newark		1,006.5	1,016.8	76.6	73.6	69.5	7.7	7.3	6		
Trenton		169.9	173.1	9.9	10.1	9.8	5.9	5.9	5		
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton		63.8	64.0	6.9	6.8	6.4	10.9	10.6	10		
New Mexico		794.8	788.1	62.6	50.0	44.3	8.2	6.3	5		
Albuquerque		346.3	347.9	23.6	15.8	15.2	7.1	4.6	4		
Las Cruces		63.8	61.2	6.7	5.0	4.3	11.0	7.8	7		
	75.9	77.8	77.7	3.1	3.2	2.7	4.1	4.1	3		

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civ	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
State and area				Number			Percent of labor force			
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994 <sup>p</sup>	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994	
lew York'		8,748.2	8,863.2	653.4	623.7	615.8	7.4	7.1	6.	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		465.2	471.4	20.2	24.1	23.3	4.4	5.2	4.9	
Binghamton		129.2	128.6	7.7	9.6	8.4	6.0	7.4	6.	
Buffalo-Niagara Falls		589.7	598.9	42.9	38.9	37.6	7.3	6.6	6.	
Dutchess County		118.4	119.4	11.1	9.0	7.8	9.2	7.6	6.	
Elmira		44.1	44.0	2.3	2.6	2.3	5.3	6.0	5.	
Glens Fails		66.2	69.2	3.7	4.2	3.9	5.6	6.4	5.	
Nassau-Suffolk		1,386.4	1,398.9	87.5	88.9	84.0	6.4	6.4	6.	
New York		3,892.5	3,956.7	354.7	312.2	326.9	8.9	8.0	8.	
New York City <sup>1</sup>		3,248.0	3,302.0	317.7	276.0	292.0	9.5	8.5	8.	
Newburgh		174.8	176.7	10.7	11.2	10.0	6.2	6.4	5.	
Rochester		587.2	591.1	32.5	33.2	31.8	5.6	5.7	5.4	
Syracuse		374.0	378.4	22.0	23.1	20.7	5.9	6.2	5.	
Utica-Rome	144.0	147.2	149.5	8.3	8.6	8.0	5.8	5.9	5.	
orth Carolina <sup>1</sup> Asheville		3,613.6 108.4	3,643.7 107.4	176.4 4.3	150.6	175.9 4.3	4.9 3.9	4.2 3.6	4.0	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		687.2	692.2	4.3 32.6	3.9 26.1	4.3 29.3	3.9 4.7	3.8	4.	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		609.1	610.4	25.3	26.1	29.3	4.7 4.1	3.5	3.9	
Raleigh-Durham-Chapet Hill		543.3	547.6	25.3 19.6	16.0	23.9 19.3	4.1 3.5	2.9	3. 3.	
orth Dakota		346.2	346.6	13.7	14.3	12.3	4.1	4.1	3.	
Bismarck		50.3	50.7	1.8	2.0	1.7	3.8	4.0	3.	
Fargo-Moorhead		92.9	92.5	2.9	2.7	2.1	3.2	2.9	2.	
Grand Forks		68.6	68.6	2.5	2.7	2.3	3.8	3.9	3.	
hio' Akron		5,604.3	5,594.5	368.6	304.7	319.6	6.6	5.4	5. 5.	
Canton-Massillon		354.3 203.5	354.3 203.1	20.6 13.7	18.1 12.0	18.1	5.9 6.7	5.1 5.9	5.	
Cincinnati		819.1	818.1	45.9	39.1	11.6 39.3	5.6	4.8	4.1	
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria		1,100.0	1.095.7	76.8	62.8	63.7	6.9	5.7	5.	
Columbus		766.5	761.4	38.6	31.8	31.3	5.0	4.2	4.	
Dayton-Springfield		471.8	468.1	26.0	22.7	23.7	5.5	4.8	5.	
Toledo		311.2	308.7	21.9	17.7	17.9	7.1	5.7	5.0	
Youngstown-Warren		288.0	298.6	23.3	18.7	30.3	8.1	6.5	10.	
kiahoma		1,556.4	1,554.8	88.4	93.0	84.5	5.7	6.0	5.	
Enid		27.8	28.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	3.9	4.4	4.	
Lawton		43.7	43.7	2.3	2.4	2.5	5.4	5.6	5.	
Oklahoma City Tulsa		500.9 378.9	499.7 382.3	25.1 22.3	23.8 23.8	21.5 20.7	5.0 5.7	4.8 6.3	4. 5.	
Pregon	1,615.5	1,681.4	1,700.2	112.3	97.8	86.6	7.0	5.8	5.	
Eugene-Springfield		157.0	158.2	11.0	9.3	8.3	7.4	5.9	5.	
Medford-Ashland		81.7	82.5	7.0	6.4	5.7	8.9	7.8	6.	
Portland-Vancouver		951.5	968.3	55.4	44.7	40.6	6.0	4.7	4.	
Salem		163.7	165.1	10.6	9.5	8.0	6.8	5.8	4.9	
ennsylvania <sup>1</sup>		6,021.4	6,000.0	437.6	346.8	400.8	7.3	5.8	6.	
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		279.1	279.3	21.4	16.6	19.7	7.7	6.0	7.	
Altoona		65.1	65.5	4.7	3.9	4.3	7.4	6.0	6.	
Erie		142.6	143.7	10.6	8.7	9.7	7.5	6.1	6.	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	100 4	338.9 108.4	336.8	17.0	13.8	15.8	5.0	4.1	4.	
Lancaster		238.2	107.7 235.2	11.5 11.8	8.6 9.9	10.0	10.6	7.9 4.2	9.	
Philadelphia		2,482.0	2,480.6	176.1	144.6	161.4	7.1	5.8	6.	
Pittsburgh		1,183.9	1,179.8	83.7	68.7	78.6	7.1	5.8	6.	
Reading		183.6	180.5	11.3	8.7	9.5	6.3	4.7	5.	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton		350.3	352.5	29.1	24.1	28.8	8.3	6.9	8.	
Sharon		55.6	55.4	5.3	3.4	3.8	9.7	6.2	6.	
State College		64.5	64.4	3.9	3.0	3.3	6.0	4.7	5.	
Williamsport York		57.9 192.7	58.3 191.7	4.9 11.0	3.6 9.0	4.7 9.7	8.5 5.8	6.2 4.7	8. 5.	
			1					}		
hode Island Providence-Fall River-Warwick		504.2 580.9	506.4 581.5	35.1 45.4	29.9 37.7	31.4 40.0	6.8 7.7	5.9 6.5	6. 6.	
outh Carolina	1,864.9	1.855.9	1,863.5	148.9	118.1	116.3	8.0	6.4	6.	
Charleston-North Charleston		248.5	250.4	17.7	16.2	15.6	7.0	6.5	6	
Columbia		254.0	258.0	15.8	11.6	11.0	6.2	4.6	4	
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson		471.1	476.2	29.4	22.5	22.9	6.3	4.8	4.	
outh Dakota		382.3	383.7	11.5	12.5	10.4	3.1	3.3	2	
Rapid City		44.2	44.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	3.0	3.2	3	
Sioux Falls		86.1	87.5	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.4	2	

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area					Unemployed						
	Civi	lian labor foi	ce	Number			Percent of labor force				
	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994°	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994"	July 1993	June 1994	July 1994		
ennessee		2,656.8	2,664.5	149.4	136.6	125.0	5.9	5.1	4.1		
Chattanooga		226.6	227.3	11.1	11.3	9.7	5.1	5.0	4.3		
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		225.9	225.6	13.3	13.5	11.2	6.0	6.0	4.9		
Knoxville		341.6	342.3	14.5	13.8	12.2	4.4	4.0	3.6		
Memphis Nashville		509.9 597.6	511.9 600.2	25.9 24.0	26.5 22.2	22.6 18.5	5.3 4.3	5.2 3.7	4.4 3.1		
						ľ					
exas' Abilene		9,544.2	9,623.1	664.3	683.3	657.0	7.2 6.3	7.2 6.2	6.8 5.8		
Amarillo		58.5 108.8	59.0 110.1	3.7 5.4	3.6 5.1	3.4 4.9	5.1	4.7	4.4		
Austin-San Marcos		577.4	582.8	22.3	22.5	22.5	4.1	3.9	3.9		
Beaumont-Port Arthur		191.5	193.0	20.9	21.3	20.2	11.2	11.1	10.		
Brazoria		109.2	110.5	8.8	8.6	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.		
Brownsville-Hartingen-San Benito		125.6	123.8	14.3	16.3	15.0	12.2	13.0	12.		
Bryan-College Station		66.9	69.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.7	3.		
Corpus Christi		178.4	180.2	15.1	18.7	17.5	8.8	10.5	9.		
Dallas	1,642.2	1,723.9	1,741.2	99.2	101.7	98.0	6.0	5.9	5.		
El Paso		286.1	288.8	28.7	31.6	30.1	10.3	11.1	10.		
Fort Worth-Arlington	803.7	822.3	831.5	54.3	49.7	48.6	6.8	6.0	5.		
Galveston-Texas City		130.8	132.3	10.8	12.2	11.5	8.5	9.3	8.		
Houston		1,987.3	2,005.1	145.5	145.4	138.6	7.4	7.3	6.		
Killeen-Temple		109.7	110.9	6.1	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.		
Laredo		67.9	68.6	6.5	6.6	6.5	10.2	9.7	9.		
Longview-Marshall		102.6	103.4	9.0	9.7	9.1	9.0	9.4	8.		
Lubbock		121.2	123.4	6.3	6.7	6.4	5.2	5.5	5.		
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		183.1	176.4	28.8	31.5	30.5	17.3	17.2	17.		
Odessa-Midland		119.7	120.9	9.5	10.3	9.6	8.0	8.6	8. E		
San Angelo		50.5	51.5	2.7	2.8 39.6	2.7 40.4	5.4 5.8	5.6 5.6	5. 5.		
San Antonio Sherman-Denison		706.7 46.1	714.7 46.8	40.1 4.0	39.0	3.1	8.5	6.9	6.		
Texarkana		58.6	46.6 58.6	4.0	5.2 5.9	5.6	8.4	10.1	9.		
Tyler		83.7	83.9	5.8	5.6	4.9	7.1	6.7	5.		
Victoria		43.4	43.3	2.4	3.0	2.8	5.8	7.0	6.		
Waco		98.2	100.0	5.9	5.6	5.6	6.2	5.7	5.		
Wichita Falls		64.3	65.1	3.6	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.		
tah		995.0	998.0	33.9	37.2	36.2	3.7	3.7	3.		
Provo-Orem		143.5 640.2	144.4 642.0	4.7 20.6	4.8 22.6	5.0 22.3	3.5 3.4	3.3 3.5	3. 3.		
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ermont Burlington		313.8 91.8	310.9 90.8	14.3 3.3	12.5 2.7	11.1 2.4	4.5 3.6	4.0 2.9	3.0 2.1		
irginia		3,467.1	3,475.6	169.7	191.7	176.1	4.9	5.5	5.		
Charlottesville		70.9	72.4	2.6	3.1	2.6	3.7	4.4	3.		
Danville		60.4	59.4	4.6	5.9	5.3	7.8	9.8	8.		
Lynchburg		107.3	107.4	4.7	5.6	5.0	4.5	5.3	4.		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		727.1	726.9	37.3	46.3	41.4	5.3	6.4 5.2	5.		
Richmond-Petersburg		501.9 131.3	503.4 131.5	23.4 6.1	25.9 6.1	24.0 5.3	4.7 4.7	5.2 4.6	4.		
Vashington		2,726.7	2,730.2	190.8	164.5	150.1	7.0	6.0	5.		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,197.7	1,188.1	1,195.2	73.8	67.0	59.9	6.2	5.6	5.		
/est Virginia		793.4	802.9	83.4	74.1	68.4	10.5	9.3	8		
Charleston		127.5	129.8	9.8	9.0	7.8	7.7	7.1	6.		
Huntington-Ashland	_	132.1	131.8	12.0	11.5	10.7	9.0	8.7	8.		
Parkersburg-Marietta		75.4 72.1	76.3 73.9	6.1 6.1	5.2 5.2	4.9 4.6	8.2 8.4	6.9 7.3	6		
Visconsin		2.872.3	2,870.6	128.8	135.0	125.3	4.6	4,7	4		
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		215.4	216.7	7.7	9.1	7.6	3.7	4.2	3		
Eau Claire		75.2	75.4	3.8	3.6	3.2	5.1	4.8	4		
Green Bay	118.7	126.2	126.7	4.9	5.4	4.7	4.1	4.3	3		
Janesville-Beloit		77.9	78.9	5.3	4.0	5.2	6.9	5.1	6		
Kenosha		72.6	71.7	4.3	3.8	4.3	6.0	5.2	6		
La Crosse		69.1	69.1	3.2	2.6	2.8	4.8	3.8	4		
Madison		246.1	247.9	5.1	5.7	5.2	2.1	2.3	2		
Milwaukee-Waukesha		794.8	789.7	36.6	39.9	35.8	4.7	5.0	4		
Racine		95.9	96.0	6.2 2.4	5.6	5.7	6.7	5.8	5		
Sheboygan		62.1 69.9	62.6 70.1	2.4 3.1	2.2 4.0	2.3 3.4	4.1 4.6	3.6 5.8	4		
Yyoming		254.7	255.5	12.2	13.5	12.2	5.0	5.3	4		
Casper		31.1	30.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	6.8	6.3	6		

<sup>1</sup> Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

= preliminary.
 NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the

CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

# Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

# Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, classified by such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households located in 729 sample areas. These areas are chosen to represent all counties and independent cities in the U.S., with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires and telephone interviews by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of over 390,000 establishments employing over 47 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

# RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data complement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications are much more reliably derived from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of variations in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two data series are as follows.

#### Employment

*Coverage*. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the reference week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

*Multiple jobholding.* The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the reference week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, vacation, bad weather, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period are not.

#### Hours of work

The household survey measures hours worked for all workers whereas the payroll survey measures hours for private production and nonsupervisory workers paid for by employers. In the household survey, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours at work. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

### Earnings

The household survey measures the earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the various earnings series available from the household and establishment surveys, see *BLS Measures of Compensation*, BLS Bulletin 2239 (1986).

## COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job during the reference week, were currently available for a job, and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, exclude, in addition to otherwise ineligible persons who do not file claims for benefits, persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and selfemployed and unpaid family workers).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey. For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the National Agricultural Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and data collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

# COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufacturers and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units; the industrial classification of establishments; and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP) differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and most of government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit agencies.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, some employees, such as those working in parochial schools and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance, whereas they are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data ("A" tables, monthly; "D" tables, quarterly)

## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population and related data are compiled by BLS using data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). This monthly survey of households is conducted for BLS by the Bureau of the Census through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the "reference week." Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week, referred to as the "survey week."

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. Some 2,600 of these households are contacted but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey that ranges between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not eligible for enumeration. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

## **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

*Civilian noninstitutional population.* Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

*Employed persons.* All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job

training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. For purposes of occupation and industry classification, multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) Job losers, comprised of (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) permanent job losers, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) Persons who completed temporary jobs, who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) Reentrants are persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; (5) New entrants are persons who never worked. Each of these five categories of the unemployed can be expressed as a proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers. (For statistical presentation purposes, "job losers"

and "persons who completed temporary jobs" are combined into a single category until seasonal adjustments can be developed for the separate categories.)

Jobseekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week are classified as jobseekers. Jobseekers do not include persons classified as on temporary layoff, who although often looking for work, are not required to do so to be classified as unemployed. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work. Only active methods-which have the potential to result in a job offer without further action on the part of the jobseeker-qualify as job search. Examples include going to an employer directly or to a public or private employment agency, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other active method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point. Passive methods, which do not qualify as job search, include reading (as opposed to answering or placing) "help wanted" ads and taking a job training course.

*Labor force*. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

*Participation rate.* This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

*Employment-population ratio.* This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4-week period prior to the survey week. This group includes *discouraged workers*, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify.

Persons classified as not in the labor force who are in the sample for either their fourth or eighth month are asked additional questions relating to job history and workseeking intentions. These latter data are available on a quarterly basis. Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class of worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Multiple jobholders. These are employed persons who, during the reference week, had either two or more jobs as a wage and salary worker, were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job, or worked as an unpaid family worker and also held a wage and salary job. A person employed only in private households (cleaner, gardener, babysitter, etc.) who worked for two or more employers during the reference week is not counted as a multiple jobholder, since working for several employers is considered an inherent characteristic of private household work. Also excluded are self-employed persons with multiple businesses and persons with multiple jobs as unpaid family workers.

*Hours of work.* These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the published figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job. Unpublished data are available for the hours worked in each job and for usual hours.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

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At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: Illness or other medical limitations, child-care problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work. The full-time labor force includes all employed persons who usually work full time and unemployed persons who are either looking for full-time work or are on layoff from full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of employed persons who usually work part time and unemployed persons who are seeking or are on layoff from part-time jobs. Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

*Hispanic origin.* This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

*Vietnam-era veterans*. These are persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Published data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are persons who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (e.g., annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding self-employed persons who respond that their businesses were incorporated) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

*Median earnings*. These figures indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls. Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status. These are the terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

*Household*. A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit and have no other usual address. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. A *householder* is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

## HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

#### Changes in concepts and methods

While current survey concepts and methods are very similar to those introduced at the inception of the survey in 1940, a number of changes have been made over the years to improve the accuracy and usefulness of the data. Some of the most important changes include:

• In 1945, the questionnaire was radically changed with the introduction of four basic employment questions. Prior to that time, the survey did not contain specific question wording, but rather relied on a complicated scheme of activity prioritization.

• In 1953, the current 4-8-4 rotation system was adopted, whereby households are interviewed for 4 consecutive months, leave the sample for 8 months, and then return to the sample for the same 4 months of the following year. Before this system was introduced, households were interviewed for 6 consecutive months and then replaced. The new system provided some year-to-year overlap in the sample, thereby improving measurement over time.

• In 1955, the survey reference week was changed to the calendar week including the 12th day of the month, for greater consistency with the reference period used for other labor-related statistics. Previously, the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month had been used as the reference week.

• In 1957, the employment definition was modified slightly as a result of a comprehensive interagency review of labor force concepts and methods. Two relatively small groups of persons classified as employed, under "with a job but not at work," were assigned to different classifications. Persons on layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the layoff date, and persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new wage and salary job within 30 days of interview, were, for the most part, reassigned to the unemployed classification. The only exception was the small subgroup in school during the

reference week but waiting to start new jobs, which was transferred to not in the labor force.

• In 1967, more substantive changes were made as a result of the recommendations of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics (the Gordon Committee). The principal improvements were as follows:

a) A 4-week job-search period and specific questions on jobseeking activity were introduced. Previously, the questionnaire was ambiguous as to the time period for jobseeking and there were no specific questions concerning job-search methods.

b) An availability test was introduced whereby a person must be currently available for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, there was no such requirement. This revision to the concept mainly affected students, who, for example, may begin to look for summer jobs in the spring although they will not be available until June or July. Such persons, until 1967, had been classified as unemployed but since have been assigned to the "not in the labor force" category.

c) Persons "with a job but not at work" because of strikes, bad weather, etc., who volunteered that they were looking for work, were shifted from unemployed status to employed.

d) The lower age limit for official statistics on employment, unemployment, and other labor force concepts was raised from 14 to 16 years. Historical data for most major series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the new minimum age limit.

e) New questions were added to obtain additional information on persons not in the labor force, including those referred to as "discouraged workers," defined as persons who indicate that they want a job but are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or none for which they would qualify.

f) New "probing" questions were added to the questionnaire in order to increase the reliability of information on hours of work, duration of unemployment, and self-employment.

• In 1994, major changes to the Current Population Survey (CPS) were introduced, which included a complete redesign of the questionnaire and the use of computer-assisted interviewing for the entire survey. In addition, there were revisions to some of the labor force concepts and definitions, including the implementation of some changes recommended in 1979 by the National Commission on Employment and Unemployment Statistics (NCEUS, also known as the Levitan Commission.) Some of the major changes to the survey were: a) The introduction of a redesigned and automated questionnaire. The CPS questionnaire was totally redesigned in order to obtain more accurate, comprehensive, and relevant information, and to take advantage of state-of-theart computer interviewing techniques.

b) The addition of two, more objective, criteria to the definition of discouraged workers. Prior to 1994, to be classified as a discouraged worker, a person must have wanted a job and be reported as not currently looking because of a belief that no jobs were available or that there were none for which he or she would qualify. Beginning in 1994, persons classified as discouraged must also have looked for a job within the past year (or since their last job, if they worked during the year), and must have been available for work during the reference week (a direct question on availability was added in 1994; prior to 1994, availability had been inferred from responses to other questions.) These changes were made because the NCEUS and others felt that the previous definition of discouraged workers was too subjective, relying mainly on an individual's stated desire for a job and not on prior testing of the labor market.

c) Similarly, the identification of persons employed part time for economic reasons (working less than 35 hours in the reference week because of poor business conditions or because of an inability to find full-time work) was tightened by adding two new criteria for persons who usually work part time: They must want and be available for full-time work. Previously, such information was inferred. (Persons who usually work full time but worked part time for an economic reason during the reference week are assumed to meet these criteria.)

d) Specific questions were added about the expectation of recall for persons who indicate that they are on layoff. To be classified as "on temporary layoff," persons must expect to be recalled to their jobs. Previously, the questionnaire did not include explicit questions about the expectation of recall.

e) Persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new job within 30 days must have looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to the survey in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, such persons did not have to meet the job-search requirement in order to be included among the unemployed.

For additional information on changes in CPS concepts and methods, see *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Report 463, October 1976 and "Overhauling the Current Population Survey—Why is it Necessary to Change?," "Redesigning the Questionnaire," and "Evaluating Changes in the Estimates," *Monthly Labor Review*, September 1993, and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

## Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the refinements in concepts, definitions, and methods made over the years, other changes have also affected the comparability of the labor force data.

• Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.

• Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.

• Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

• Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.

• In March 1973, a subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

• Beginning in January 1974, the method used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an "inflation-deflation" approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of this publication.

• Effective in July 1975, as a result of the large inflow of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and

black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—(30,000 men and 46,000 women.) The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, with all of the changes being confined to the "other" component of the population.

• Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of this publication.

• Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

• Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of this publication.

• Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment method was changed. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of this publication. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in the total population and in the estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 (described above), and data users should consider them when comparing estimates from different periods.

• Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was updated to incorporate data from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

• Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first-and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

• Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and Hispanic employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

• Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.

• Beginning in January 1994, population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were based on information obtained from the 1990 census (adjusted for the undercount as measured by the Census Bureau's Post Enumeration Survey). This change resulted in substantial increases in total population and in all major labor force categories. Under the new population controls, the civilian noninstitutional population increased by about 1.3 million, with much of the increase occurring among Hispanics. Estimates of employment were raised by about 950,000, and unemployment by approximately 200,000. In addition, the overall unemployment rate rose by about 0.1 percentage point, largely reflecting the increase in the Hispanic share of the population, which has a higher-than-average incidence of unemployment. For further information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Additionally, for the period January through May 1994, the composite estimation procedure was suspended due to technical and logistical reasons.

### Changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and was so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) systems, respectively.) There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The most notable changes in industry classification were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

#### Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are changed occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates. When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's), which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989. A redesigned CPS sample based on the 1990 decennial census has been selected for use during the 1990's. Households from this new sample will be phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period. For further information, see "Redesign of the

Sample for the Current Population Survey" in the May 1994 issue of this publication.

The 1980 census-based sample design includes about 72,000 housing units per month located in 729 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States, for the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been maintained through periodic additions and deletions in the State samples. The criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment rate, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

Nationally, a 1.8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. This means that a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate is significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

In 11 States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—the most populous States at the time of the 1980 decennial census, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates. In the other 39 States and the District of Columbia, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the annual unemployment rate estimate. In New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area, a 9-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates.

In the first stage of sampling, the 729 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 72,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 housing units, 4 to 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 113,000 persons 16 years of age and older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,137 counties and independent cities, is divided into 1,973 sample units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties normally are combined, except where the geographic area of the sample county is very large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is to have the PSU sufficiently compact so that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 1,973 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. There are 314 PSU's in strata by themselves that are self-representing, and generally these are the most populated PSU's in each State. The remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth; proportions of blacks and of Hispanics (in certain States); and population distribution by occupation, industry, age, and sex. The PSU's, randomly selected from these strata, are non-self-representing, because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1980 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on the reliability requirements for estimates for each State. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum of the State. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 with a State sampling ratio of 1 in 2,500, the within-PSU sampling ratio that results is 1 in 250, thereby achieving the desired ratio of 1 in 2,500 for the stratum.

Within each designated PSU, several steps are involved in selecting the housing units to be enumerated. First, the 1980 census enumeration districts (ED's), which are administrative units and contain on the average about 300 housing units, are ordered so that the sample would reflect the demographic and residential characteristics of the PSU. Within each ED, the housing units are sorted geographically and are grouped into clusters of approximately four housing units. Next, a systematic sample of these clusters of housing units is selected.

The identification of the sample housing units within an ED is made wherever possible from the list of ED addresses compiled during the 1980 census. The address lists are used in about three-fourths of the ED's, primarily in urban areas. Area sampling is applied in the remaining ED's, mostly in

rural areas. In ED's where address lists are used, automated methods are used to form clusters of geographically contiguous housing units. An effort is made to have all small, multi-unit addresses (two to four housing units) included in the same cluster. The methods use the within-PSU sampling ratio to identify appropriate clusters for the sample. Supplemental samples are also prepared to account for addresses in isolated geographic areas and to account for housing units not found on the address lists, including housing units newly constructed in the PSU since the census date. The addresses of these units are obtained mainly from records of building permits.

In those ED's where area sampling methods are used, mainly rural areas, the ED's are subdivided into small land "chunks" with well-defined boundaries and having, in general, an expected "size" of about 8 to 12 housing units or other living quarters. For each subdivided ED, one chunk (or more) is designated for the sample. When a selected chunk contains about four households, for example, all units are included in the sample. When the size of the chunk is several times four units, an interviewer does not conduct interviews at all housing units in the chunk but uses a systematic sampling pattern to obtain approximately four households. The remaining housing units in the chunk are then available for further samples. Area ED's also make use of building permit lists to identify newly constructed housing units. Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. For each sample, eight representative subsamples or rotation groups are identified. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In any 1 month, one-eighth of the rotation groups are in their first month of enumeration, another eighth is in their second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample segments are common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year for the same month. This procedure provides a substantial amount of month-to-month and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus providing better estimates of change and reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the *Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey*, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1980 census-based sample appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1984 issue of this publication.

Time period	Number of sample	Househol	Households visited	
	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	- but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	<sup>1</sup> 330	33,500	1,500	6,000
lan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	<sup>2</sup> 333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
lan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
an. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
an. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
an. 1985 to Mar. 1988	729	57,000	2,500	11,000
pr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	729	53,200	2,600	11,500
Nov. 1989 to present <sup>3</sup>	729	57,400	2,600	11,800

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

<sup>2</sup> Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

<sup>3</sup> The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. Exceptions include sample persons in New York and California, where households in New York City and Los Angeles are selected with higher probability. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is carried out when areas selected for the sample are found to contain many more households than expected. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:

a. First-stage ratio estimation. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSU's rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's that are not self-representing and for those States that have a

substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1980 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and 2) the race distribution of all PSU's (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSU's.)

b. Second-stage ratio estimation. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:

1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older

2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories

3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," appearing in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

3. Composite estimation procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS being generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals of time.

#### **Rounding of estimates**

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

#### **Reliability of the estimates**

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided indicate primarily the magnitude of the sampling error. They also incorporate the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not account for any systematic biases in the data.

*Nonsampling error.* The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-tomonth change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., the inability to obtain information about all persons in the sample; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collecting and processing the data; errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966*, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. The CPS covers about 94 percent of the decennial census population. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races than for whites. Ratio adjustment to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey, by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.

2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Since it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect contributions from sampling errors and some kinds of nonsampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1993 as well as the use of new population controls based on the 1990 census. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors obtained must be further adjusted to reflect the CPS sample size in effect at that time. For years prior to 1956, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.5; for the years 1956 through 1966, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.22.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. These tables are briefly summarized here; details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, since the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating

### Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Category	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	275 295 146	204 224 160
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	179 194 103	152 164 118
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	204 209 90	155 160 105
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	89 87 58	88 86 75
Black, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	127 129 66	94 98 75
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	72 76 45	63 67 53
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	90 89 43	68 68 50
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	36 31 28	38 32 33
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	121 123 58	85 100 68

standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These tables provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive month-to-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

*Illustration.* Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approxi-

Table 1-C.	Standard errors for unemployment rates by	
major cha	racteristics	

	······	
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over Men, 16 years and over Women, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White workers Black workers Hispanic-origin workers Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present Women who maintain families	0.11 .16 .15 .16 .76 .12 .47 .53 .16 .19 .54	0.13 .19 .19 1.00 .14 .55 .63 .19 .22 .65
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty Technicians and related	.23 .19	.27 .23
support Sales Administrative support,	.48 .31	.57 .37
including clerical Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	.25 1.27 .72	.30 1.51 .86
service Precision production, craft, and	.36	.43
repair	.36	.43
and inspectors Transportation and material	.52	.62
moving Handlers, equipment cleaners,	.57	.68
helpers, and laborers	.74 .73	.88 .87
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wag and salary workers	.13 .28 1.57 .73 .29 .38 .45 .15 .15 .43 .27 .19 .21	.16 .33 1.87 .87 .34 .45 .53 .18 .51 .33 .23 .25

mate standard error of 204,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "total, women 20 years and over: Civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,674,000 to 54,326,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and 1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this monthto-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment, total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 252,000, and the standard error corresponding to 120,000,000 is given as 223,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$223,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000 - 116,150,000}{120,000,000 - 100,000,000}\right)(252,000 - 223,000) \doteq 229,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true monthto-month change would be approximately the interval from 734,000 to 1,466,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from 1 month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of part-time employment, by contrast, have low correlation, because these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in this table should be selected from the rows labeled "most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

#### Table 1-D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

(In thousands)

					Charact	teristic				
Estimated		cultural syment	Ur	nemploymer	nt			data other th nent and une	an agricultural mployment	×
monthly level									Hispanic	origin
	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force
50	12	12	11	12	12	11	11	12	13	13
100	17	17	16	17	18	16	16	17	18	18
500	39	37	36	36	39	36	36	37	41	41
1,000	58	51	51	51	55	51	51	51	57	57
2,000	90	71	71	69	77	72	72	71	78	78
4,000	147		100	89	105	101	101	96	103	103
6,000	202		122	98		123	122	111	116	116
8,000	256		140	99		141	140	121	122	122
10,000	310		155	92		156	156	127	122	122
15,000			187			188	187	125	89	89
20,000			213			214	212	98		
30,000						253	249			
40,000						281	275			
50,000			1 1			301	293			
60,000						316	304			
70,000						324	308			
80,000						328	307	1		
100,000					]	321	287			
120,000						294	238	4		
140,000						238		1		
160,000								1		
180,000					1		1	]		

#### Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

(In thousands)

					Charact	eristic				
Estimated	Agricultural employment Unemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment							
monthly level									Hispanic	origin
	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force
50	13	11	14	14	15	9	9	10	11	9
100	18	16	19	19	21	13	13	14	16	13
500	40	35	42	43	46	29	29	30	34	29
1,000	55	49	60	59	65	42	42	42	48	40
2,000	73	67	84	78	89	59	59	58	65	55
4,000	88	1	115	96	118	82	82	78	86	72
5,000	86		138	97		100	100	90	96	82
8,000	65		155	81		115	115	96	100	86
10,000			168	1		128	128	99	98	86
15,000		}	190			154	154	90	60	62
20,000			200			174	174	43		
30,000						206	206		{	
40,000						228	228			
50,000						244	244	i i		
50,000						254	254			
70,000						260	260			
30,000						262	262			
100,000						252	252			
120,000						223	223			
140,000						164	164			
160,000			1				1	ļ	]	
180,000								{	}	

150

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error,  $s_x$ , of an estimated monthly level, x, can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

*Illustration.* Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force (x = 6,000,000). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("unemployment, total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

a = -0.000015942 b = 2576.83=  $\sqrt{(-0.000015942)(6,000,000)^2 + (2576.83)(6,000,000)} = 122,000}$ 

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is x = 6,100,000. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("unemployment, total or white, total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

 $s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000083130)(6,100,000)^2 + (3652.76)(6,100,000) = 139,000)}$ 

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from -22,000 to 422,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, or the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error,  $s_{v,p}$ , of an estimated percentage or rate, p, can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y}} P(100-P)$$

*Illustration.* For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter b = 2204.62 from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2204.62}{5,600,000}}$$
 (32) (100 - 32) = 0.9 percent

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get p = 33 percent and y = 5,650,000. Next, obtain the parameter b = 2344.57 from table 1-G ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total or white, women, low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2344.57}{5,650,000}}$$
 (33) (100 - 33) = 1.0 percent

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation. If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "women, most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("women, low correlation" or "both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors to be applied only to standard errors for monthly levels. Follow these three basic steps:

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors
for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	а	b
Labor force and not-in-labor- force data other than agri- cultural employment and unemployment:		
Total <sup>1</sup> Men <sup>1</sup> Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.000015693 000029081 000026234 000155877	2601.35 2408.58 2204.62 2217.37
White 1 Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000017747 000032645 000029869 000185057	2600.88 2410.86 2201.86 2221.96
Black Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000112595 000271289 000164088 001181647	2735.54 2553.88 2298.23 2570.17
Hispanic origin	000190760	3394.71
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16- to 19-year-olds	.000005264	722.21
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white Men Women or both sexes, 16	.000694096 .000761532	2656.52 2461.77
to 19 years	000022089	2250.29
Black	000121207	2749.05
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women	.010960039	2522.57
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.014443239	1483.55
Unemployment:		
Total or white Black Hispanic origin	000015942 000190601 000094114	2576.83 2744.70 3116.52

1 Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.

Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.

Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H. *Illustration.* Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black, total"). Use the formula for  $s_x$  to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

a = -0.000112595 b=2735.54

 $x_{x} = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,600,000)^{2} + (2735.54)(11,600,000)} = 129,000$ 

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 112,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000. The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for  $s_x$  to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

 $s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,400,000)^2 + (2735.54)(11,400,000)} = 129,000$ 

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table 1-H (column labeled "change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 108,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from 1 quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

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#### Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

Characteristic	а	b
abor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total or white:		
Most characteristics	-0.000011078	1743.77
High correlation characteristics <sup>1</sup>	000008243	1363.60
Low correlation characteristics <sup>1</sup>	000014344	2222.55
Men:		
Most characteristics	000020055	1674.07
High correlation characteristics	000014922	1307.96
Low correlation characteristics	000051814	2325.37
Women:	000010011	4 470 05
Most characteristics	000018844	1472.65
	000053069	2344.57
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	~.000169260	2280.05
Black:	00000000	
Most characteristics	000088926	1871.20
Low correlation characteristics	001732525	5676.12
Men:	000010500	1000.01
Most characteristics	000210520 002587620	1986.81 5079.90
		0079.90
Women: Most characteristics	000140581	1621.48
Low correlation characteristics	002078112	4723.08
		2729.02
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	001176111	2729.02
Hispanic origin: Total	000145304	2417.72
Civilian labor force and not in labor force	000095111	1682.24
Low correlation characteristics	002425480	7511.81
Men, civilian labor force and not in labor force	000227656	2045.54
Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over;		
and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000366130	3150.64
Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	000315338	2239.22
gricultural employment:		
Total or white:		
Total	000351254	3344.45
Men	000597224	3450.08
Women or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.000115653	2062.60
Black		
Total or women	000109948	2493.69
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	017161885	5121.00
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women	.002654758	4043.98
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.002647371	3510.08
California	000010150	4000 50
Self-employed	000218152	1822.59
Inemployment: <sup>2</sup>		
Total or white:		
Total, men, women	000083130	3652.76
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	000063570	4463.07
Black:		
Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000372215	3800.30
High correlation characteristics	.000043286	2691.66
Hispanic origin:		
	000233757	4404.26
Total, men, women	000233737	

<sup>1</sup> High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, service workers, and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

<sup>2</sup> High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

# Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

	Factor						
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages		
Agricultural employment:							
Total or men	1.30	0.92	0.70	0.79	0.70		
Women	1.30	.82	.84	.57	.70		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.40	.78 .80	.88 .80	.49 .59	.70		
	1.40	.00	.00	.55	.70		
Unemployment:		2					
Total	1.40	.74	.88	.46	.65		
Part time	1.40	.67	.88	.42	.54		
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:							
Total or white	1.30	.87	.85	.65	.70		
Black	1.30	.87	.84	.65	.70		
Hispanic origin	1.30	.87	.80	.65	.70		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.30	.79	.88	.54	.70		
Part time	1.40	.82	.90	.51	.60		

### Establishment Data ("B" tables)

#### COLLECTION

BLS cooperates with State employment security agencies in the Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey to collect data each month on employment, hours, and earnings from a sample of nonfarm establishments (including government). In March 1993, this sample included over 390,000 reporting units. From these data, a large number of employment, hours, and earnings series in considerable industry and geographic detail are prepared and published each month. Historical statistics can be found in *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States,* and *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas.* These data are also available in machine-readable format.

Each month, the State agencies collect data on employment, payrolls, and paid hours from a sample of establishments. Data are collected by mail from most respondents; phone collection is used to obtain higher response rates from selected respondents through computer-assisted interviews, touch-tone self-response, and voice recognition technology.

The respondents extract the requested data from their payroll records, which must be maintained for a variety of tax and accounting purposes. All firms with 250 employees or more are asked to participate in the survey, as well as a sample of smaller firms.

A "shuttle" schedule (BLS form 790 series) is used for mail respondents. It is submitted each month by the respondents, edited by the State agency, and returned to the respondent for use again the following month.

The technical characteristics of the shuttle schedule are particularly important in maintaining continuity and consistency in reporting from month to month. The shuttle design automatically exhibits the trends of the reported data covered by the schedule during the year; therefore, the relationship of the current data to the data for the previous months is shown. The schedule also has operational advantages. For example, accuracy and economy are achieved by entering the identification codes and the address of the reporter only once a year.

All schedules are edited by the State agencies each month to make sure that the data are correctly reported and that they are consistent with the data reported by the establishment in earlier months and with the data reported by other establishments in the industry. The State agencies forward the data, either on the schedules themselves or in machine-readable form, to BLS-Washington. They also use the information provided on the forms to develop State and area estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. At BLS, the data are edited again by computer to detect processing and reporting errors which may have been missed in the initial State editing; the edited data are used to prepare national estimates. It should be noted that for employment, the sum of the State figures will differ from the official U.S. national totals because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification and differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments.

#### CONCEPTS

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the *1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual* (SIC), Office of Management and Budget.

#### **Industry employment**

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick lease (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiay, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-6). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment [65-(100-65) = 30]. However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

#### Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

*Production and related workers.* This category includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

*Construction workers.* This group includes the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades. *Nonsupervisory employees.* These are employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

*Payroll.* This refers to the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. Employee benefits (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

*Hours.* These are the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours. These are hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates. Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Because overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated

portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

*Railroad hours and earnings.* The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

*Real earnings*. These earnings are in constant dollars and are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). The reference year for these series is 1982.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,703 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

#### **Benchmarks**

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 99 percent of in-scope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 1 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate, for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the 11 months following the March benchmark are also recalculated each year. These post-benchmark estimates reflect the application of sample-based monthly changes to new benchmark levels for March, and the recomputation of bias adjustment factors for each month. Bias factors are updated to take into account the most recent experience of the estimates generated by the monthly sample versus the full universe counts derived from the UI.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and all data series for the previous 5 years are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

#### Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 390,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,703 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit SIC level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Sub-industry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly between establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the basic cell level, as part of the standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a portion of employment growth each month of the year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial under estimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample es- tablishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory work- ers, women employees	All-employee estimate for current month multi- plied by (1) ratio of production or nonsuper- visory workers to all employees in sample estab- lishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. <sup>2</sup>	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker esti- mates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours di- vided by number of production or nonsuper- visory workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervi- sory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production worker employ- ment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker pay- roll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual ave	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (produc- tion worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for pro- duction workers divided by annual sum of employ- ment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of pro- duction or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

<sup>1</sup> The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample. earnings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

<sup>2</sup> The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly

survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year. The undercount errors were measured as the difference between sample-based estimate results and benchmark levels.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and the bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements were strongly correlated with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated the sample data on employment growth over the most recent two quarters, and a regression-derived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This change in methodology provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model. The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983, for the production of national estimates.

The current model still has limitations in its ability to react to changing economic conditions or changing error structure relationships between the sample-based estimates and the UI universe counts. A principal limitation is the inability to incorporate UI universe counts as they become available on an ongoing basis, with a 6- to 9-month lag from the reference period. Thus, the current quarterly outputs from the model are subject to intervention analysis, and adjustments can be made to its results, prior to the establishment of final bias levels for a quarter. Review is done primarily in terms of detection of outlier (i.e., abnormally high or low) values, and by comparison of CES sample and bias trends with the most recent quarterly observations of UI universe counts. The BLS currently has under study improved bias models using a Kalman filter technique, which would allow a more formal, structured incorporation of each quarter's UI universe counts in the bias modeling process.

Although the primary function of bias adjustment is to account for employment resulting from new business formations, it also adjusts for other elements of nonsampling error in the survey, because the primary input to the modeling procedure is total estimation error. Significant among these nonsampling error sources is a business death bias. When a sampled firm closes down, most often it simply does not respond to the survey that month, rather than reporting zero employment. Followup with nonrespondents may reveal an out-of-business firm, but this information is often received too late to incorporate into monthly estimates, and the firm is simply treated as a nonrespondent for that month.

Because the bias adjustments incorporated into the estimates represent a composite of a birth bias, death bias, and a number of other differences between the sample-based estimates and the population counts, the monthly bias adjustment levels have no specific economic meaning in and of themselves.

Table 2-B summarizes bias adjustments for the 1983-93 period. The table displays the average monthly "bias added"

and the average monthly "bias required" with the benchmark revisions for each year. Bias added shows the average amount of bias which was added each month over the course of an interbenchmark period. For example, the bias added for 1993 is listed as 83,000; this represents the average of bias adjustments made each month over the period April 1992 through March 1993. Bias required is computed retrospectively, after the March benchmark for a given year is known. Bias required figures are calculated by taking the difference between a March estimate derived purely from the sample (i.e., a series calculated without bias adjustment) and the March benchmark. Dividing this figure by 12 gives the average monthly bias required figure. The bias required is thus defined as the amount of bias adjustment which would have achieved a zero benchmark error. The difference between the total bias required and the total bias added is then, by definition, approximately the benchmark revision amount, for any given year. Also provided in the table for illustration, are the March-to-March changes. As discussed above, the over-the-year changes indicate correlation with the bias added and bias required figures.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period, and data in considerably more detail with an additional one-month lag.

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is a form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because variance on a population total estimate is a function of percentage universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the establishment survey design, large establishments fall into a certainty strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to have a sample design for these industries with a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

#### Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-C shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

#### Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling error. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2-D through 2-G.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total

survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. While the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it actually represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from zero to 0.6 percent. Table 2-D shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

Estimated standard errors for employment, hours, and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. Like the employment estimates, the hours and earnings estimates are also subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Estimates of the sampling error for employment, hour, and earnings were computed using the method of random groups and are expressed as relative stan-

Year	Benchmark		Average monthly bias		Over-the-year employment
ieai	Employment <sup>1</sup>	Revision <sup>2</sup>	Added <sup>3</sup>	Required <sup>4</sup>	change <sup>5</sup>
983	72,043	-78	102	96	-1,327
984	76,371	341	140	169	4,328
985	79,446	-131	152	141	3,075
986	81,204	-400	149	116	1,758
987	83,173	21	98	99	1,969
988	86,180	-310	114	88	3.007
989	89,015	-93	131	123	2,835
990	90,546	-261	85	63	1,531
991	88,790	-583	61	12	-1,756
992	88,347	-130	33	22	-443
993	89,790	288	83	107	1,443

<sup>1</sup> Universe counts for March of each year used to make annual benchmark adjustments to the employment estimates. About 99 percent of the benchmark employment is from unemployment insurance administrative records, and the remaining 1 percent is from alternate sources. Data represent benchmark levels as originally computed.

<sup>2</sup> Difference between the final March sample-based estimate and the benchmark level for total private employment.

<sup>3</sup> The average amount of bias adjustment each month over the

course of an inter-benchmark period, i.e., from April of the prior year through March of the given year.

<sup>4</sup> The difference between the March benchmark and the March estimate derived solely from the sample without bias adjustment, converted to a monthly amount by dividing by 12.

<sup>5</sup> March-to-March changes in the benchmark employment level.

NOTE: Data in this table exclude government employment because there is no bias adjustment for this sector.

dard errors (standard error divided by the estimate). Relative standard errors for individual industries with the specified number of employees are presented in table 2-E and for major industries in table 2-F. Multiplying the relative standard error by its estimated value gives the estimate of the standard error. The errors presented here are based on averages observed from sample data over the March 1992 through March 1993 period.

Standard errors for differences between industries and times. The standard error of a difference is required to test for significant differences between estimates from two different industries. Since the estimates for the two industries are independent, the standard error of a difference is the square root of the sum of the estimated variance of each estimate,  $S_1^2$  and  $S_2^2$ .

s difference = 
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2}$$

The CES sample overlaps almost entirely from month to month, so monthly estimates are not independent. The covariance between these estimates must be accounted for when testing the significance of the change in estimates over time. The standard error of the change can be estimated as follows.

s change = 
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2} - 2\rho s_1 s_2$$
  
If  $s_1 = s_2$ , then:  
s change =  $\sqrt{2 s_1^2 (1-\rho)}$ 

Conservative estimates of p after one month are 0.8 for employment, 0.6 for average weekly hours, and 0.8 for average hourly earnings.

If the bias is small, then the standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals or range of values that include the true population value. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

*Revisions between preliminary and final data.* First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised sample-based estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-G presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates.

 Table 2-C.
 Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage

 of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1993

		Sa	imple cover	e coverage <sup>1</sup>		
	Bench-		Empl	oyees		
Industry	marks (thous- ands)	Number of establish- ments	Number (thous- ands)	Percent of bench- marks		
Total	108,935	325,021	43,564	40		
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities	603 4,177 17,974 5,720	3,883 26,404 59,002 <sup>2</sup> 17,567	258 851 9,160 2,528	43 20 51 44		
Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance,	5,903 19,133	26,367 65,892	1,154 4,843	20 25		
and real estate Services	6,633 29,647	24,346 77,599	2,175 7,771	33 26		
Federal State Local	2,926 4,581 11,638	(3) 5,977 17,984	2,926 3,911 7,987	100 85 69		

<sup>1</sup> Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

<sup>2</sup> The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

<sup>3</sup> Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,342 reports covering about 60 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

#### Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions

(Numbers in thousands)

	March 1993 benchmark revision		10-year average mean percent revision <sup>1</sup>	
Industry	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute
Total	263	0.2	-0.1	0.2
Total private	288	.3	1	.3
Goods-producing	287	1.3	4	.7
Mining	13	2.2	-1.8	2.1
Metal mining	0 4	0	-2.7	3.2
Coal mining Oil and gas extraction	4 8	3.4 2.4	-1.2 -2.1	2.0 2.6
Nonmetaillic minerals, except fuels	1	1.0	-1.1	1.5
Construction	68	1.6	4	1.5
General building contractors	42	4.1	1	2.2
Heavy construction, except building	1 26	.2	5 5	1.8 1.9
Manufacturing	206	1.1	4	.7
Durable goods	128	1.3	4	.7
Lumber and wood products	18	2.6	6	1.4
Furniture and fixtures	6	1.2	1	.9
Stone, clay, and glass products	4	.8	3	1.0
Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products	3 0	.4	7 3	1.0 1.3
Fabricated metal products	22	1.7	3	.8
Industrial machinery and equipment	20	1.0	7	1.1
Electronic and other electrical equipment	7 24	.5 1.4	9 .5	1.1 1.0
Transportation equipment	13	1.4	.5 1.0	1.0
Aircraft and parts	2	.4	.5	1.4
Instruments and related products	12 13	1.3 3.5	3 5	1.8 1.4
Nondurable goods	78	1.0	4	.8
Food and kindred products	24	1.5	6	1.1
Tobacco products	-4	-9.5	-1.7	4.0
Textile mill products	9	1.3	3	.8
Apparel and other textile products	7 9	.7 1.3	9 1	1.3 .6
Printing and publishing	9	.6	3	.0
Chemicals and allied products	5	.5	2	.8
Petroleum and coal products	-4	-2.7	3	1.7
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	19 2	2.1 1.7	3 -1.7	1.6 3.3
ervice-producing industries	-24	(2)	(2)	.3
Transportation and public utilities	58	1.0	4	.7
	56	1.6	6	1.3
Railroad transportation	0 7	0	1 1.0	1.4 1.6
Trucking and warehousing	37	2.3	4	1.6
Water transportation	0	0	-2.8	5.0
	3 1	.4 5.3	-1.3	2.1 3.7
Pipelines, except natural gas	9	2.5	1 -1.6	2.6
Communications and public utilities	2	.1	1	.7
Communications	4 -2	.3 2	2 1	1.1 .7
Wholesale trade	-152	-2.6	7	1.2
Durable goods	-75	-2.2	9	1.3
Nondurable goods	-77	-3.1	3	1.1
Retail trade	-40	2	.2	.6
Building materials and garden supplies	-13 92	-1.8 3.8	.6 1.3	1.6 2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

#### Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry		ch 1993 ark revision	10-year average mean percent revision <sup>1</sup>	
mausu y	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute
Retail trade—Continued				
Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and home furnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail establishments	1 -24 -1 -20 -48 -28	( <sup>2</sup> ) -1.2 1 -2.5 7 -1.2	9 8 1.2 4 .6 2	1.0 1.2 1.6 1.5 1.2 .8
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers Holding and other investment offices Insurance Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	100 10 -24 34 4 -4 64 50 14 26	1.5 .3 -1.2 7.8 .9 -1.8 2.9 3.3 2.1 2.0	3 7 -1.3 .7 1 5 .2 .5 3 2	.8 .8 1.3 1.4 .9 4.8 1.0 1.5 1.8 1.4
Services Agricultural services Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Personnel supple services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Engineering and management services <sup>3</sup>	35 4 14 56 8 -61 11 7 -11 60 -107 -32 -5 -71 2 0 73 5 -1	.1 .9 .9 4.7 .1 -3.5 1.2 2.0 -2.7 5.3 -1.2 8 5 -4.0 .1 0 3.6 .2 -2.4	.1 2.6 .2 .1 .4 1.5 2 5 .9 .1 7 4 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1.0 -1.1 1.4 2.3 .8 5	.5 2.6 1.4 2.3 1.4 4.1 .9 3.8 2.2 2.9 1.0 .7 1.4 2.9 1.9 3.4 3.0 1.5 1.8
Government	-25 0 18 5 13 -43 -7 -36	1 0 .4 .3 .5 4 1 7	( <sup>2</sup> ) 0 .4 .7 .2 1 1 2	.3 0 .7 1.3 .6 .3 .4 .3

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to the 1984-93 benchmarks, as originally published, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2</sup>Less than 0.05 percent. <sup>3</sup>Data relate to 1989-93.

### Table 2-E. Relative standard errors<sup>1</sup> for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings

#### (In percent)

Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
1.3	2.0	2.9
1.0	1.5	2.4
.8	1.1	1.9
.6	.8	1.4
.4	.6	1.1
.3	.5	.9
	1.3 1.0 .8 .6 .4	Employment         weekly hours           1.3         2.0           1.0         1.5           .8         1.1           .6         .8           .4         .6

<sup>1</sup>Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Table 2-F. Relative standard errors<sup>1</sup> for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings by industry division

(In percent)

Industry	Employ- ment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total private	0.1	0.4	0.3
Mining	.4	.7	1.0
Construction	.4	.2	.3
Manufacturing	.1	.2	.4
Durable goods	.2	.2	.5
Nondurable goods	.1	.3	.4
Transportation and	]		
public utilities	.2	1.5	1.7
Wholesale trade	.2	.4	.3
Retail trade	.1	.3	.3
Finance, insurance, and			
real estate	.3	.5	.4
Services	.2	.7	.4

<sup>1</sup>Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total private nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

#### (Tables B-7, B-14, and B-18)

As explained earlier, State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS, however, BLS uses the full CES sample to produce monthly national employment estimates, while each State agency uses its portion of the sample to independently develop a State employment estimate.

The CES area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue.

Caution in aggregating State data. The national estimation procedures used by BLS are designed to produce accurate national data by detailed industry; correspondingly the State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate data for each individual State. State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals nor vice versa. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause distortions at an aggregate level. This has been a particular problem at turning points in the U.S. economy, when the majority of the individual State errors tend to be in the same direction. Due to these statistical limitations, the Bureau does not compile or publish a "sum-of-States" employment series. Additionally, BLS cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure, particularly at turning points.

#### Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-squareerror	Mean percent revision		
Industry	of monthly level <sup>1</sup>	Actual	Absolute	
Total	71,500	0	0.1	
Total private	54,300	0	0	
Soods-producing industries	17,200	o	.1	
Mining	2,400	0	.3	
Metal mining <sup>2</sup>	600	ŏ	.0 .7	
Coal mining <sup>2</sup>	1,000	-0.2	.6	
Oil and gas extraction	2,300	.1	.4	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels <sup>2</sup>	400	0	.3	
Construction	9,900	.1	.2	
General building contractors	4,400	0	.3	
Heavy construction, except building <sup>2</sup>	4,000	.1	.4	
Special trade contractors <sup>2</sup>	6,400	.1	.2	
Manufacturing	11,600	0	0	
Durable goods	8,500	0	.1	
Lumber and wood products	1,400	0	.2	
Furniture and fixtures	1,300	0	.2 .2 .2	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,300	0	.2	
Primary metal industries	1,800	1	.2	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,400	1	.5 .1	
Industrial machinery and equipment	2,200 2,600	0	.1	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	3,100	ŏ	.1	
Transportation equipment	4,400	Õ	.2	
Motor vehicles and equipment	3,600	.1	.4	
Aircraft and parts <sup>2</sup>	2,300	1	.2	
Instruments and related products	1,700	0	.2	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,600	0	.3	
Nondurable goods	6,600	0	.1	
Food and kindred products	3,900	0	.2	
Tobacco products	500	.1	.8	
Textile mill products	1,800	0	.2	
Apparel and other textile products	2,800	0	.2 .2 .2	
Paper and allied productsPaper and publishing	1,500	0	.2 .1	
Chemicals and allied products	1,700	0	.1	
Petroleum and coal products	700	1	.3	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	1,700	0	.2	
Leather and leather products	800	1	.5	
ervice-producing industries	64,700	0	.1	
Transportation and public utilities	9,300	0	.1	
Transportation Railroad transportation <sup>2</sup>	7,100 2,100	0	.2 .6	
Local and interurban passenger transit <sup>2</sup>	3,200	0	.6 .7	
Trucking and warehousing <sup>2</sup>	15,300	1	.3	
Water transportation <sup>2</sup>	2,200	.2	1.0	
Iransportation by air	13,300	3	.5	
Pipelines, except natural gas <sup>2</sup>	200	4	.7	
Transportation services <sup>2</sup>	1,200	1	.3	
Communications and public utilities Communications <sup>2</sup>	4,500 4,200	1 1	.2 .2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services <sup>2</sup>	1,900	1	.2 .2	
	6 500	0	4	
Wholesale trade Durable goods	6,500 3,800	0	.1 .1	
Nondurable goods	4,300	0	.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

#### Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates-Continued

	Deat	Mean percent revision		
Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level <sup>1</sup>	Actual	Absolute	
Deteiltende	20.000		4	
Retail trade Building materials and garden supplies <sup>2</sup>	29,000 2,500	.1	.1 .2	
General merchandise stores	13,300	.1	.2 .4	
Food stores	6,200	0	.4	
Automotive dealers and service stations	3,100	0	.2	
Apparel and accessory stores <sup>2</sup>	12.200	1	.5	
Furniture and home furnishings stores <sup>2</sup>	3.900	.1	.3	
Eating and drinking places	11,300	0	.1	
Miscellaneous retail establishments <sup>2</sup>	7.600	.2	.1	
	1,000	ے،	2.	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,400	0	.1	
Finance	4,500	0	.1	
Depository institutions <sup>2</sup>	9,200	1	.2	
Nondepository institutions <sup>2</sup>	1,500	.1	.3	
Security and commodity brokers <sup>2</sup>	1,000	.1	.2	
Holding and other investment offices <sup>2</sup>	1,700	0	.6	
	3,000	0	.1	
	2,800	0	.1	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service <sup>2</sup>	1,000	0	.1	
Real estate	3,100	.1	.2	
Services	30,800	0	.1	
Agricultural services <sup>2</sup>	6,100	1	.6	
Hotels and other lodging places <sup>2</sup>	7,200	.1	.3	
Personal services <sup>2</sup>	11,000	1	.6	
Business services	14,300	.1	.2	
Personnel supply services <sup>2</sup>	12,400	.2	.5	
Auto repair, services, and parking <sup>2</sup>	12,700	2	.4	
Miscellaneous repair services <sup>2</sup>	2,800	2	.4	
Motion pictures <sup>2</sup>	6,200	1	1.0	
Amusement and recreation services <sup>2</sup>	13,900	.4	.9	
Health services	7,100	0	.1	
Hospitals <sup>2</sup> Legal services <sup>2</sup>	26,400 12.400	1 2	.2 .3	
Legal services <sup>2</sup>	24,500	2	.3 .7	
Social services <sup>1</sup>	24,500	1	.7 .5	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens <sup>2</sup>	900	2	.5 1.0	
Museums and bolanical and 2000gical galdens <sup>2</sup> .	25,400	2	.4	
Engineering and management services <sup>3</sup>	4,100	0	.1	
Services, nec <sup>2</sup>	1,400	.1	.1	
	44,200	0	.2	
Federal	15,800	.1	.4	
State	17,500	0	.3	
Education <sup>2</sup> Other State government <sup>2</sup>	8,200	.1	.5 .2	
	26,600	0	.2	
Education <sup>2</sup>	19,800	.1	.2 .3	
Other local government <sup>2</sup>	20,400	0	.2	

<sup>1</sup> The root-mean-square error is the square root of the mean squared error. The mean squared error is the square of the difference between the final and preliminary estimates averaged across a series of monthly observations. <sup>2</sup> Data based on differences from January 1990 through December

1993. <sup>3</sup> Data based on differences from August 1990 through December

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1989 through December 1993, unless otherwise noted.

## Regional, State, and Area Labor Force Data ("C" tables)

#### FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act.

Annual average data for the States and over 260 areas shown in table C-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 6,500 areas, including nearly 2,400 LMA's, counties, and cities with a population of 25,000 or more. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. At the sub-LMA level, (county and city), estimates are prepared using disaggregation techniques based on decennial and annual population estimates and current unemployment insurance data. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, *Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics*.

#### **Estimates for States**

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for 11 large States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, models based on a "signal-plus-noise" approach are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These are the "non-direct-use" States. The model of the signal is a time series model of the true labor force which consists of three components: A variable coefficient regression, a flexible trend, and a flexible seasonal component. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. The noise component of the models explicitly accounts for autocorrelation in the CPS sampling error and changes in the average magnitude of the error. In addition, the models can identify and remove the effects of outliers in the historical CPS series. While all the State models have important components in common, they differ somewhat from one another to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for the employment-to-population ratio and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The employment-to-population ratio, rather than the employment level, and the unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, are estimated primarily because these ratios are usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment-to-population ratio models use the relationship between the State's monthly employment from the CES and the CPS. The models also include trend and seasonal components to account for movements in the CPS not captured by the CES series. The seasonal component accounts for the seasonality in the CPS not explained by the CES while the trend component adjusts for long-run systematic differences between the two series.

The unemployment rate models use the relationship between the State's monthly unemployment insurance claims data and the CPS unemployment rate, along with trend and seasonal components.

In both the employment-to-population ratio and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The regression portion of the model includes a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, levels are calculated for the employment, unemployment, and labor force levels.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required; the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

#### Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for the nearly 2,400 LMA's, are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-ofwork" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1990 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

*Preliminary estimate—unemployment.* In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

### **Seasonal Adjustment**

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components. The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue, *Employment and Earnings* publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure.

Since the early 1980's, BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust national establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program had been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors had been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau modified this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data are made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied at component levels. For employment series, these are generally the 2-digit SIC levels. Seasonally adjusted totals are arithmetic aggregations for employment series and weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted data for hours and earnings series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990. Effective with the computation of factors for the November 1993-April 1994 period, an extension of the moving-holiday adjustment was introduced to adjust for the effects of elections on local government employment.

Revised seasonally adjusted national establishmentbased series based on the experience through March 1994, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1994, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Factors for the November 1994-April 1995 period will appear in the December issue.

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of

seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia (tables C-1 and C-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation as a whole differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

Beginning in 1993, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment data by major industry for all States and the District of Columbia (table B-7). Seasonal adjustment factors are applied directly to the employment estimates at the division level (component series for manufacturing and trade) and then aggregated to the State totals. The recomputation of seasonal factors and historical revisions are made coincident with the annual benchmark adjustments. State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate (unadjusted and seasonally adjusted) data for each individual State. BLS independently develops a national employment series; State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals. Because each Sate series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause significant distortions at an aggregate level. Due to these statistical limitations, BLS does not compile a "sum-of-States" employment series, and cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure.

### INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

TABLE KEY: A: Monthly household data; B: Monthly national and State and area estabiishment data; C: Monthly regional, State, and area labor force data; D: Quarterly, household data only, in the January, April, July, and October issues. Annual averages: Household data in the January issue; national establishment data in the January, March, and June issues; State and area establishment and labor force data in the May issue. For additional information see the listing on the inside front cover of this publication.

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