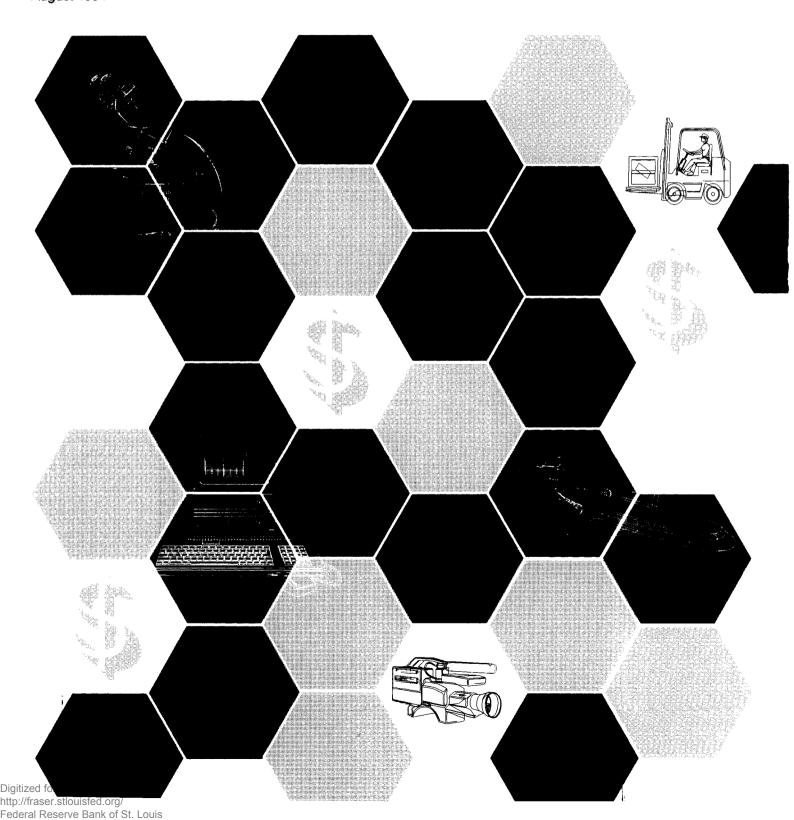




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics August 1994





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Robert B. Reich, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

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August 1994 Vol. 41 No. 8

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in Employment and Earnings, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan. Union affiliation Jan. Earnings by detailed occupation Jan. Employee absences Jan. Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan. Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, and weekly earnings data. Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary) Jan.

Industry detail Mar., June

Mar., June Women employees

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors

June

March

Bulletin¹

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Revised historical national data

State and area annual revisions

Annual revisions March Annual averages May

¹ A new bulletin is forthcoming.

Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, July 1994

Job growth continued in July and unemployment was little changed. The number of nonfarm payroll jobs rose by 259,000 over the month, with gains concentrated in services and retail trade. The unemployment rate was 6.1 percent; it had been 6.0 percent in the prior 2 months.

Unemployment

Both the number of unemployed persons, 8.0 million, and the unemployment rate, 6.1 percent, were about unchanged in July, after seasonal adjustment. The jobless rate had declined by 0.7 percentage point from January to May and has been relatively flat for the past 2 months. (See table A-3.)

The only major worker group that showed a significant change in joblessness in July was adult men, whose unemployment rate increased by 0.3 percentage point to 5.6 percent, the same rate as in April. Rates for adult women (5.3 percent), teenagers (17.7 percent), whites (5.4 percent), blacks (11.2 percent), and Hispanics (10.1 percent) showed little or no change over the month. (See tables A-3 and A-4.)

The number of persons who were unemployed because they had lost their last jobs or completed temporary jobs increased by 240,000 in July, to 3.9 million. Due to declines earlier in the year, however, that level is still down by about half a million since January. The number of unemployed new entrants to the labor force increased by 125,000 in July, after declining by a similar magnitude in June. (See table A-11.)

Total employment and the labor force

Total employment was about unchanged in July at 122.5 million, after seasonal adjustment. The employment-to-population ratio has hovered around 62.2 percent for most of 1994. (See table A-3.)

The number of persons employed part time for economic reasons fell by 360,000 in July to 4.4 million, after seasonal adjustment, while those working part time for noneconomic reasons increased to 18.1 million. (See table A-6.) The number of workers holding two or more jobs in July totaled 7.2 million (not seasonally adjusted), or 5.8 percent of all employed persons (table A-35).

The civilian labor force was about unchanged in July and has shown no net growth thus far this year. As a result, the proportion of the population in the labor force has declined by 0.4 percentage point since January. (See table A-3.)

Discouraged workers

The number of discouraged workers—persons who want jobs but have given up searching because they do not think they could find work—was 542,000 in July (not seasonally adjusted). An additional 1.3 million former jobseekers reported that they would like to have a job and were available to work in July, but were not currently looking for reasons such as family obligations. (See table A-34.)

Industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment continued to show strength in July, rising by 259,000 on a seasonally adjusted basis. This followed an even larger increase in June. (See table B-3.) So far this year, employment has grown by 2.0 million, a monthly average gain of 279,000.

Employment in the services industries rose by 138,000. About half of this advance took place in business services, with almost two-thirds in personnel supply firms. Health and social services accounted for much of the remaining increase. Weakness in two seasonal industries—amusement and recreation, and hotels—occurred because a late survey week in June picked up some of the job growth normally recorded in July.

Retail trade employment increased by 75,000 in July, with eating and drinking establishments, furniture stores, and food stores accounting for the bulk of the expansion. The transportation and public utilities industry added 14,000 jobs, all in the transportation component. Wholesale trade had a smaller employment increase than it has had in recent months. Employment in finance, insurance, and real estate was flat over the month, as continued job losses in nondepository institutions (primarily among mortgage bankers) offset additional gains in real estate.

Construction employment was up by 25,000 in July (seasonally adjusted), its average increase for the past year. Hiring has slowed, however, compared with the rapid pace in March and April. Mining resumed its pattern of small monthly employment losses.

The number of factory jobs edged up by 6,000 in July, but employment growth was held down as the number of workers on strike (and therefore not on payrolls) rose by 12,000. Among the nondurable goods industries, food processing, printing and publishing, and rubber and plastics had job gains that were partially offset by losses in apparel. Within

durables, declines took place in transportation equipment, particularly aircraft and parts, and industrial machinery (due to strikes). There were continued job gains in the furniture industry.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged in July at 34.6 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek fell by 0.1 hour for the third consecutive month to 41.9 hours, which was still half an hour higher than a year earlier. Factory overtime was unchanged over the month at 4.6 hours. (See table B-8.)

As a result of the employment increase, the index of aggregate hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls rose 0.4 percent to 129.2 (1982=100) in July. The manufacturing index edged down 0.3 percent to 105.0. (See table B-9.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Both average hourly and weekly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls rose 0.4 percent in July, after seasonal adjustment, to \$11.12 and \$384.75, respectively. Over the year, average hourly earnings increased by 2.8 percent and average weekly earnings by 3.1 percent. (See tables B-11 and B-15.)

	Scheduled R	elease Dates	
Employment and une following dates:	mployment data are	scheduled for initial re	elease on the
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date
August	September 2	November	December 2
September	October 7	December	January 6
October	November 4	January	February 3

Summary table A. Major labor force status categories, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

0-1			19	93			1994						
Category	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
		Labor force status											
Civilian noninstitutional population	193,633 128,102 66.2 119,370 61.6 8,732 85,531	193,793 128,334 66.2 119,692 61.8 8,642 65,459	128,108 66.0	66.2 119,941 61.8	194,321 128,662 66.2 120,332 61.9 8,330 65,659	194,472 128,898 66.3 120,661 62.0 8,237 65,574	195,953 130,667 66.7 121,971 62.2 8,696 65,286	196,090 130,776 66.7 122,258 62.3 6,516 65,314	196,213 130,580 66.6 122,037 62.2 8,543 65,633		196,510 130,774 66.5 122,872 62.5 7,902 65,738	196,693 130,248 66.2 122,430 62.2 7,817 66,445	196,859 130,457 66.3 122,452 62.2 8,005 66,403
						Unem	ployment	rates					
All workers Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White Black Hispanic origin	6.8 6.5 5.8 18.4 6.0 12.8 10.8	6.7 6.4 5.7 18.4 5.9 12.5 9.9	6.7 6.3 5.8 17.9 5.8 12.5 10.0	6.7 6.2 5.8 18.9 6.1 11.9	6.5 5.9 5.7 18.3 5.6 12.5 10.4	8.4 5.8 5.7 17.8 5.6 11.5	6.7 5.9 6.0 18.4 5.8 13.1 10.6	6.5 6.0 5.7 17.9 5.8 12.9 10.0	8.5 5.8 6.0 17.8 5.7 12.5 10.0	8.4 5.6 5.6 19.9 5.6 11.8 10.6	6.0 5.2 5.4 18.3 5.2 11.5 9.5	6.0 5.3 5.4 16.9 5.3 11.2	6.1 5.6 5.3 17.7 5.4 11.2 10.1

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective

January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Summary table B. Employment, hours, and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

t-do-			19	993						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Julye
							Employme	nt					
Total	110,628	110,714	110,923	111,112	111,366	111,610	111,711	111,919	112,298	112,699	112,951	113.307	113,566
												,	
Total private	91,802	91,892	92,036	92,239	92,479	92,692	92,810	93,003	93,357	93,718	93,937	94,290	94,551
Goods-producing industries	23,232	23,207	23,206	23,245	23,281	23,298	23,328	23,327	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,564	23,592
Mining	606	602	605	605	604	618	616	612	609	606	603	605	602
Construction	4,653	4,659	4,667	4,700	4,733	4,738	4,744	4,745	4,806	4,893	4,907	4,923	4,948
Manufacturing	17,973	17,946	17,934	17,940	17,944	17,942	17,968	17,970	17,980	18,007	18,009	18,036	18,042
Service-producing industries	87,396	87,507	87,717	87,667	88,085	88,312	88,383	88,592	88,903	89,193	89,432	89,743	89,974
Transportation and public utilities	5,800	5,788	5,783	5,798	5,800	5,792	5,793	5,803	5,816	5,759	5,843	5,846	5,860
Wholesale trade	5,962	5,954	5,962	5,965	5,971	5,976	5,990	8,003	6,013	6,028	6,037	6,046	6,051
Retail trade	19,735	19,770	19,805	19,822	19,848	19,931	19,924	19,965	20,028	20,137	20,153	20,271	20,348
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,718	8,724	8,735	6,748	8,763	6,769	6,771	8,776	6,781	6,791	6,787	6.800	6,801
Services	30,355	30,451	30,545	30,661	30,816	30,926	31,004	31,129	31,328	31,497	31,598	31,763	31,901
Government	18,626	18,622	18,887	18,873	18,887	18,918	18,901	18,916	18,941	18,981	19,014	19,017	19,015
		L	L	l		Over-ti	he-month	change				1	
Total	256	86	209	189	254	244	101	208	379	401	252	356	259
Total private	234	90	144	203	240	213	118	193	354	361	219	353	261
Goods-producing industries	7	-25	_1	39	38	17	30	-1	88	111	13	45	26
Mining	-2	-4	3	0	-1	14	-2	[-4	-3	[-3	-3	2	-3
Construction	21	6	8	33	33	5	6	1	61	87	14	16	25
Manufacturing	-12	-27	-12	6	4	-2	28	2	10	27	2	27	6
Service-producing industries	249	111	210	150	218	227	71	209	311	290	239	311	231
Transportation and public utilities	11	-14	~3	15	2	-8	1	10	13	-57	84	3	14
Wholesale trade	13	-8	8	3	6	5	14	13	10	15	9	9	5
Retail trade	40	35	35	17	26	63	-7	41	61	111	16	118	75
Finance, insurance, and real estate	14	6	11	13	15	6	2	5	5	10	-4	13	1 1
Services	149	96	94	116	155	110	76	125	197	171	101	185	138
Government	22	-4	65	-14	14	31	-17	15	25	40	33	3	-2
						Н	ours of wo	rk¹		L			
Total private	34.5	34.8	34.4	34.5	34.6	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.6
Manufacturing	41.4	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.3	42.1	42.2	42.1	42.0	41.9
Overtime	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6
Overwise	4,1	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.0	4.7	4.0	4.0
		,			Indexes	of aggrega	te weekly	hours (198	32=100)1		 -	,	
Total private	124.6	125.1	124.4	125.3	125.8	125.9	127.1	125.6	127.3	126.2	129.1	128.7	129.2
Manufacturing	102.3	102.4	102.5	102.9	103.3	103.3	103.7	102.8	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.0
							Earnings ¹	····				•	
1												_	
										ĺ	Ì		l
Current dollars	\$10.82	\$10.86	\$10.86	\$10.92	\$10.94	\$10.96	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.12
Average hourly earnings, total private: Current dollars	\$10.82 7.38	\$10.86 7.39	\$10.86 7.40	\$10.92 7.39	\$10.94 7.39	\$10.96 7.40	\$11.02 7.43	\$11.03 7.42	\$11.02 7.39	\$11.05 7.40	\$11.09 7.42	\$11.08 7.39	\$11.12 N.A.

Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.
 The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.

N.A. = not available.

Chart 1. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted, 1990-94

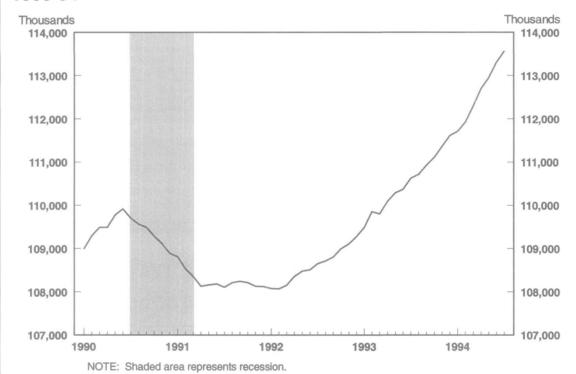


Chart 2. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, 1990-94



NOTE: Shaded area represents recession. Household data beginning in January 1994 reflect: 1) The introduction of the results of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey questionnaire and collection methodology, and 2) the introduction of population controls based on the 1990 census, adjusted for the estimated population undercount, and are not directly comparable with data for prior years.

A-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1961 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

					Civiliar	labor force				
Year	Civilian				Er	nployed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	noninsti- tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
					Annu	al averages				
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	55.4	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.7	48,31
9621	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	55.5	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.5	49,53
963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	55.4	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.7	50,58
964	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	55.7	4,523	64,782	3,788	5.2	51,39
965	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	56.2	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.5	52,05
966	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	58.9	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.8	52,28
967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	57.3	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.8	52,52
968	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	57.5	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.6	53,29
969	134,335	60,734	60.1	77,902	56.0	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.5	53,60
970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.9	54,31
971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.9	55,83
972¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.6	57,09
973¹		89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.9	57,66
974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.6	58,17
975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.5	59,37
976	156,150	96 ,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.7	59,99
977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	3,283	88,734	6,991	7.1	60,02
978¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	59.3	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.1	59,65
979	164,863	104,962	63.7	9 8,824	59.9	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,90
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.1	60,80
981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	59.0	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.6	61,48
982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.7	62,06
983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.6	62,66
984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.5	62,83
985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.2	62,74
986¹	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	3,163	106,434	8,237	7.0	62,75
987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.2	62,88
988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.5	62,94
989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.3	62,52
990	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	62.7	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.5	63,26
991	189,765	125,303	66.0	116,877	61.6	3,233	113,644	8,426	6.7	64,46
992	191,576	126,982	66.3	117,598	61.4	3,207	114,391	9,364	7.4	64,59
993	193,550	128,040	66.2	119,306	61.6	3,074	116,232	8,734	6.8	65,50
				N	lonthly data,	seasonally ad	justeď²			
993:										
July	193,633	128,102	66.2	119,370	61.6	3,043	116,327	8,732	6.8	65,53
August	193,793	128,334	86.2	119,692	61.8	3,005	116,687	8,642	6.7	65,45
September	193,971	128,108	66.0	119,568	61.6	3,093	116,475	8,540	6.7	65,86
October	194,151	128,580	66.2	119,941	61.8	3,021	116,920	8,639	6.7	65,57
November	194,321	128,662	66.2	120,332	61.9	3,114	117,218	8,330	6.5	65,65
December	194,472	128,898	66.3	120,661	62.0	3,096	117,565	8,237	6.4	65,57
994:										
January ³	195,953	130,667	66.7	121,971	62.2	3,331	118,639	8,696	6.7	65,28
February	196,090	130,776	66.7	122,258	62.3	3,391	118,667	8,518	6.5	65,31
March	196,213	130,580	66.6	122,037	62.2	3,426	118,611	8,543	6.5	65,63
April	196,363	130,747	66.6	122,338	62.3	3,459	118,880	8,408	6.4	65,61
May	196,510	130,774	66.5	122,872	62.5	3,435	119,437	7,902	6.0	65,73
June	196,693	130,248	66.2	122,430	62.2	3,235	119,195	7,817	6.0	66,44
July	196,859	130,457	66.3	122,452	62.2	3,278	119,173	8,005	6.1	66,40

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

³ Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of

HOUSEHOLD DATA **HISTORICAL**

A-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1983 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

ı					Civilia.	n labor force				
	Civilian				E	mployed		Unem	ployed	Not in
Sex, year, and month	noninsti- tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
					Annu	al averages				
MEN										
63	82,531	63,047	76.4	56,787	68.8	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.9	19,48
84	83,605	63,835	76.4	59,091	70.7	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.4	19,77
35	84,469	64,411	76.3	59,891	70.9	2,535	57,356	4,521	7.0	20,05
36¹	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	2,511	56,381	4,530	6.9	20,37
37	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.2	20,69
8	87,657	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	2,493	60,760	3,655	5.5	20,93
99	88,762	67,840	76.4	84,315	72.5	2,513	61,602	3,525	5.2	20,92
0	89,650	66,234	76.1	64,435	71.9	2,507	61,928	3,799	5.6	21,41
)1	90,552	66,411	75.5	63,593	70.2	2,552	61,041	4,817	7.0	22,14
92	91,541	69,184	75.6	63,605	69.7	2,534	61,270	5,380	7.8	22,35
33	92,620	69,633	75.2	64,700	69.9	2,438	62,263	4,932	7.1	22,98
į				L	Monthly data,	seasonally adju	sted ²	L		,
) 										
uly	92,669	69,730	75.2	64,728	69.8	2,391	62,337	5,002	7.2	22,93
ugust	92,749	69,647	75.3	64,904	70.0	2,352	62,552	4,943	7.1	22,90
eptember	92,843	69,580	74.9	64,756	69.7	2,455	62,301	4,824	6.9	23,26
ctober	92,941	69,620	75.1	64,971	69.9	2,376	62,595	4,649	6.9	23,12
overnber	93,033	69,730	75.0	65,144	70.0	2,481	62,663	4,586	6.6	23,30
ecember	93,116	69,813	75.0	65,259	70.1	2,481	62,798	4,554	6.5	23,30
Ma:								<u> </u>		
anuary ³	93,909	70,744	75.3	65,963	70.2	2,545	63,419	4,781	6.6	23,16
ebruary	93,982	70,644	75.2	65,921	70.1	2,566	63,356	4,723	6.7	23,33
arch	94,042	70,529	75.0	65,940	70.1	2,601	63,339	4,589	6.5	23,51
prii	94,119	70,621	75.0	66,036	70.2	2,565	63,471	4,585	6.5	23,49
ay	94,196	70,584	74.9	66,301	70.4	2,592	63,709	4,263	6.1	23,61
ine	94,294	70,328	74.6	66,135	70.1	2,469	63,666	4,193	6.0	23,96
ıly	94,377	70,513	74.7	66,036	70.0	2,463	63,573	4,478	6.3	23,86
			*	L	Annu	al averages		L		-
WOMEN	04.004	40 500	500	44.047	40.0	200	40.007	4.457		40.40
33	91,684	48,503	52.9	44,047	48.0	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,18
	92,776	49,709	53.6	45,915	49.5	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,06
15 16¹	93,736	51,050	54.5	47,259	50.4	644	48,615	3,791	7.4	42,66
	94,769	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,37
17 18	95,853	53,658	58.0 58.6	50,334	52.5 53.4	666	49,668	3,324	6.2 5.6	42,19
-	96,756	54,742	57.4	51,696 53,037		676 687	51,020 53,341	3,046 3,003	5. 6 5.4	42,01 41,60
9	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	967	52,341	3,003	5.4	41,00
0	98,399	58,554	57.5	53,479	54.3	879	52,800	3,075	5.4	41,84
1	99,214	56,893	57.3	53,284	53.7	682	52,602	3,609	8.3	42,32
2 3	100,035 100,930	57,798 58,407	57.6 57.9	53,793 54,606	53.8 54.1	673 636	53,121 53,970	4,005 3,801	6.9 6.5	42,23 42,52
						seasonally adju	L			
P3:			T		Moliumy Gata,	seasonany auju	8100			
ra: uly	100,965	58,372	57.8	54,642	54.1	652	53,990	3,730	6.4	42,59
ugust	100,965	56,372 58,487	57.8 57.9	54,042 54,768	54.1 54.2	653	53,990 54,135	3,730	6.4 6.3	42,58
eptember	101,128	58,528	57.9	54,766 54,612	54.2	638	54,135 54,174	3,716	6.3	42,55
ctober	101,210	58,760	58.1	54,970	54.2 54.3	645	54,325	3,790	6.4	42,45
ovember	101,210	58,932	58.2	55,188	54.5	633	54,555	3,744	6.4	42,45
ecember	101,356	59,065	58.3	55,402	54.7	635	54,767	3,683	6.4 6.2	42,35
14:										
inuary³	102,044	59,923	58.7	58,007	54.9	787	55,221	3,916	6.5	42,12
sbruary	102,107	60,132	56.9	56,336	55.2	825	55,511	3,795	6.3	41,97
arch	102,171	60,051	58.6	56,097	54.9	825	55,272	3,954	6.8	42,11
pril	102,244	60,125	58.8	56,302	55.1	893	55,409	3,623	6.4	42,11
lary	102,314	60,190	58.6	58,571	55.3	644	55,728	3,619	6.0	42,12
ine	102,399	59,919	58.5	56,295	55.0	766	55,528	3,625	6.0	42,48
ıly	102,482	59,943	58.5	58,416	55.0	815	55,800	3,528	5.9	42,53

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

2 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

3 Data, beginning in 1994, are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier

years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	93			1994						
sex, and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	193.633	193.793	193.971	194.151	194.321	194 472	195.953	196.090	196.213	196.363	196.510	196,693	196.859
Civilian labor force										130,747		130,248	
Percent of population	66.2	66.2	66.0	66.2	66.2	66.3	66.7	66.7	66.6		66.5		66.3
Employed	119,370	119,692	119,568	119,941	120,332	120,661	121,971	122,258	122,037	122,338	122,872	122,430	122,452
Employment-population ratio ²	61.6	61.8	61.6	61.8	61.9	62.0	62.2	62.3	62.2	62.3	62.5	62.2	62.2
Unemployed	8,732				8,330		8,696	8,518	8,543		7,902		8,005
Unemployment rate	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.1
Men, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population'	92,669				93,033			93,982	94,042				94,377
Civilian labor force	69,730		69,580		69,730		70,744	70,644	70,529		70,584		70,513
Percent of population	75.2	75.3	74.9	75.1	75.0	75.0	75.3	75.2	75.0		74.9		74.7
Employed	64,728				65,144	65,259		65,921	65,940			66,135	66,036
Employment-population ratio ²	69.8 2,391	70.0 2,352	69.7 2,455	69.9 2,376	70.0 2,481	70.1 2,461	70.2	70.1 2,566	70.1 2,601	70.2 2.565	70.4 2,592	70.1	70.0
Agriculture Nonagricultural industries	62,337	62,552	62,301	62,595		62,798	2,545 63,419	63,356	63,339		63,709	2,469 63,666	2,463 63,573
Unemployed	5,002	4,943	4,824	4,849	4,586	4,554	4,781	4,723	4,589	4,585			
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.5		4,283 6.1	4,193 6.0	4,478 6.3
Not in labor force	22,939	22,902			23,303						23,612		23,864
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	85,950	86,002	86,075	66,156	86,245	86,373	86,778	86,820	86,901	86.946	87,000	87,095	87,123
Civilian labor force	66,140	66,221	66,038	66,306		66,321	66,806	66,764	66,723	66,701	66,692		66,596
Percent of population	77.0	77.0	76.7	77.0	76.8	76.8	77.0	76.9	76.8	76.7	76.7	76.2	76.4
Employed	61,869	62,006	61,901	62,172	62,315	62,444	62,642	62,778	62,857	62,958	63,192	62,916	62,889
Employment-population ratio ²	72.0	72.1	71.9	72.2	72.3	72.3	72.4	72.3	72.3	72.4	72.6	72.2	72.2
Agriculture	2,235	2,193	2,264	2,223	2,334	2,300	2,352	2,339	2,358	2,376	2,412	2,307	2,285
Nonagricultural industries	59,634	59,813	59,637	59,949	,	60,144	60,490	60,439		60,582	60,780	60,609	60,605
Unemployed	4,271	4,215	4,137	4,134	3,883	3,877	3,964	3,986	3,866	3,743	3,500		3,706
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.2	,	5.6
Not in labor force	19,810	19,781	20,037	19,850	20,047	20,052	19,972	20,056	20,178	20,246	20,308	20,686	20,528
Women, 16 years and over						1				!		1	
	100,965	101,044	101,128	101,210	101,288	101,356	102,044	102,107	102,171	102,244	102,314	102,399	102,482
Civilian labor force	58,372	58,487	58,528	58,760	58,932	59,085	59,923	60,132	60,051	60,125	60,190	59,919	59,943
Percent of population	57.8	57.9	57.9	58.1	58.2	58.3	58.7	58.9	58.8	58.8	58.8	58.5	58.5
Employed	54,642		54,812	54,970	55,188	55,402	56,007	56,336	56,097	56,302		56,295	56,418
Employment-population ratio ²	54.1	54.2	54.2	54.3	54.5	54.7	54.9	55.2	54.9	55.1	55.3	55.0	55.0
Agriculture	652	653	638	645	633	635	787	825	825	893	844	766	815
Nonagricultural industries	53,990		54,174	54,325		54,767	55,221	55,511	55,272				
Unemployed	3,730	3,699	3,716	3,790	3,744	3,683	3,916	3,795	3,954	3,823	3,619	3,625	3,528
Unemployment rate Not in labor force	6.4 42.593	6.3 42,557	6.3 42,600	6.4 42,450	6.4 42,356	6.2 42,271	6.5 42,121	6.3 41,976	6.6 42,119	6.4 42,119	6.0 42,124	6.0 42,480	5.9 42,539
	42,555	42,557	42,000	42,400	42,330	42,211	42,121	41,570	42,115	42,110	42,124	42,400	42,008
Women, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	94,425	04 400	04 575	04 656	04 700	04 764	05 100	05 150	05 225	05 202	05 220	05 407	05 460
Civilian labor force	55,100	94,490 55,249	94,575	94,656	94,709	94,764	95,109 56,368	95,159	95,225	95,282	95,329	95,407	95,469 56,387
Percent of population	58.4	55,249	55,251 58.4	55,462 58.6	55,621 58.7	55,783 58.9	59.3	56,611 59.5	56,487 59.3	56,410 59.2	56,548 59.3	56,214 58.9	59.0 59.0
Employed	51,901	52,084	52.072	52,243	52,423	52,631	53,014	53,403	53,121	53,265	53,521	53,181	53,394
Employment-population ratio ²	55.0	55.1	55.1	55.2	55.4	55.5	55.7	58.1	55.8	55.9	58.1	55.7	55.9
Agriculture	616	614	596	601	597	599	744	766	773	837	787	726	781
Nonagricultural industries	51,285		51,476	51,642	51,826	52,032	52,270		52,348			, ,	52,613
Unemployed	3,199	3,165	3,179	3,219	3,198	3,152	3,354	3,208	3,366	3,145	3,027	3,033	2,972
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	6,0	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3
Not in labor force	39,325	39,241	39,324	39,194	39,088	38,981	38,742	38,548	38,738	38,872	38,781	39,193	39,103
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			!										
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	13,258	13,301	13,321	13,339	13,367	13,335	14,066	14,111	14,087	14,135		14,191	14,267
Civilian labor force	6,862	6,864	6,819	6,812	6,843	6,794	7,493	7,401	7,370		7,534	7,625	7,495
Percent of population	51.8	51.6	51.2	51.1	51.2	50.9	53.3	52.4	52.3	54.0	53.1	53.7	52.5
	5,600	5,602	5,595	5,526	5,594	5,586	6,115	6,076	6,059	6,116	6,159	6,333	6,168
Employed		42.1	42.0	41.4	41.8	41.9	43.5	43.1	43.0	43.3	43.4	44.6	43.2
Employment-population ratio ²	42.2				اممد		~~~!	~~~	^^-	~ ~ ~ - '		1 0001	
Employment-population ratio ²	192	198	233	197	183	197	236	287	295	245	236	203	
Employment-population ratio ² Agriculture Nonagricultural industries	192 5,408	198 5,404	233 5,362	5,329	5,411	5,389	5,879	5,790	5,764	5,870	5,923	6,130	5,956
Employment-population ratio ²	192	198	233		3								212 5,956 1,327 17.7

seasonal adjustment of the various series. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
 NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-3 through A-12 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	93			1994						
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹			164,190 109,492										
Percent of population		66.8		67.0	66.8			67.2	67.0			66.7	66.9
													1
Employed			103,094										
Employment-population ratio ²		62.9		62.9	83.0		63.2	63.4	63.2				
Unemployed				6,736 6.1	6,142 5.6			6,264 5.6	6,319 5.7				
Men, 20 years and over		}											
Civilian labor force	57,136	57,196	57,097	57,390	57,123	57,280	57,457	57,333	57,258	57.175	57,113	57,002	57,25
Percent of population		,	1 .	77.7	77.2		77.6		77.2	77.1	77.0	76.8	
				1									1
Employed											54,466		
Employment-population ratio ²		1		73.3	73.4		73.5	73.3	73.2	•	73.4	73.2	1
Unemployed	3,296	3,210	3,149	3,246	2,844	2,997	3,019	2,989	2,975	2,878	2,647	2,648	2,78
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.0	4.6	4.6	4.9
Women, 20 years and over			ļ										
Civilian labor force				46,710	46,768		47,025		47,085		47,222		
Percent of population	. 58.3	58.5	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.7	59.0	59.3	59.0	58.8	59.1	58.7	59.0
Employed	44,093	44,263	44,207	44,223	44,392	44,554	44,631	45,002	44,724	44,755	45,110	44,686	44,949
Employment-population ratio ²		55.5		55.4	55.6		56.0		56.0				
Unemployed				2,487	2,376								-
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.0				4.9	5.1	4.8	5.0		4.5		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	5,811	5,864	5,851	5,909	5,913	5,864	6,321	6,319	6,290	6,546	6,463	6,418	6,330
Percent of population	54.9	55.3	55.1	55.6	55.6	55.1	56.5	56.4	56.1	58.3	57.5	57.0	56.1
Employed		4,930	4,939	4,906	4,991	4,970	5,286	5,323	5,306	5,398	5,462	5,515	5,416
Employment-population ratio ²		46.5		46.2	46.9		47.3		47.3				
Unemployed		934		1,003	922		1,034	996	984		ì		
				, ,									_
Unemployment rate			1	17.0	15.6			15.8	15.6	1			
Women		1	ı	17.9 16.0	17.7 13.3				16.7 14.6			14.7 13.5	
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	22,346	22,375	22,408	22,442	22,475	22,504	22,723	22,751	22,774	22,799	22,824	22,855	22.883
Civilian labor force						14,011	14,368		14,573			14,502	
Percent of population		62.4		62.1	62.5		63.2	63.7	64.0	1	63.5	1	
Employed					12,297	12,397	12,482		12,749				
Employment-population ratio ²		-		54.8	54.7		54.9		56.0				
Unemployed		(*			1,760			1,863		1,710			
Unemployment rate	12.8	12.5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5	11.8	11.5	11.2	11.2
Men, 20 years and over		(,						
Civilian labor force	6,509	6,552	6,507	6,482	6,529	6,469	6,563	6,697	6,633	6,622	6,715	6,581	6,537
Percent of population					71.8			73.4	72,7	72.5			
Employed			1	5,770	l.	l e	5,753	5,884	5,953		6,048	5,944	1
Employment-population ratio ²				63.6							66.1	64.9	
Unemployed		788			1							637	1
Unemployment rate				11.0			•	1	10.2	10.0		9.7	1
			}										
Women, 20 years and over			1		6,766	6,801	6,917	6,993	7,117	7,065	6,990	7,038	6,939
Women, 20 years and over Civillan labor force	6,605	6,644	6,686	6,731	0,700	0,00							
Civillan labor force													
Civillan labor force	58.9	59.2	59.5	59.8	60.1	60.3	60.5	61.1	62.2	61.6	60.9	61.3	60.4
Civillan labor force	58.9 5,879	59.2 5,947	59.5 6,001	59.8 6,059	60.1 6,111	60.3 6,143	60.5 6,121	61.1 6,224	62.2 6,253	61.6 6,317	60.9 6,300	61.3 6,379	60.4 6,343
Civillan labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio ²	58.9 5,879 52.5	59.2 5,947 53.0	59.5 6,001 53.4	59.8 6,059 53.9	60.1 6,111 54.2	60.3 6,143 54.5	60.5 6,121 53.6	61.1 6,224 54.4	62.2 6,253 54.6	61.6 6,317 55.1	60.9 6,300 54.9	61.3 6,379 55.5	60.4 6,343 55.2
Civillan labor force	58.9 5,879 52.5 726	59.2 5,947 53.0 697	59.5 6,001 53.4 685	59.8 6,059 53.9 672	60.1 6,111 54.2 655	60.3 6,143 54.5 658	60.5 6,121 53.6 796	61.1 6,224 54.4 769	62.2 6,253 54.6 865	61.6 6,317 55.1	60.9 6,300 54.9 690	61.3 6,379 55.5 659	60.4 6,343 55.2 596

See footnotes at end of table.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	93						1994			
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years				·									
Civilian labor force	806	773	759	732	762	741	889	796	823	837	792	882	876
Percent of population	38.5	36.8	35.9	34.5	35.9	35.2	40.5	36.3	37.5	38.1	36.0	40.0	39.2
Employed	513	514	484	463	461	467	607	515	543	534	476	551	542
Employment-population ratio ²	24.5	24.5	22.9	21.8	21.7	22.2	27.7	23.5	24.7	24.3	21.6	25.0	24.3
Unemployed	293	259	275	269	301	274	281	281	280	303	316	331	333
Unemployment rate	36.4	33.5	36.2	36.7	39.5	37.0	31.7	35.3	34.0	36.2	39.9	37.6	38.1
Men	37.9	34.9	39.7	40.6	39.2	38.8	38.1	40.1	37.5	40.8	42.8	40.0	43.0
Women	34.7	32.0	32.3	32.8	39.7	35.2	25.5	30.5	30.2	31.3	36.5	34.9	32.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN						İ							
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,777	15,824	15,871	15,917	15,967	16,014	17,849	17,896	17,942	17,993	18,041	18,092	18,143
Civilian labor force	10,375	10,331	10,433	10,586	10,575	10,625	11,746	11,835	11,871	11,880	11,929	11,850	11,949
Percent of population	65.8	65.3	65.7	66.5	66.2	66.3	65.8	66.1	66.2	66.0	66.1	65.5	
Employed	9,250	9,311	9,394	9,384	9,476	9,513	10,495	10,650	10,680	10,595	10,801	10,634	10,73€
Employment-population ratio ²	58.6	58.8	59.2	59.0	59.3	59.4	58.8	59.5	59.5		59.9	58.8	,
Unemployed	1,125	1,020	1,039	1,202	1,099	1,112		1,185	1,190		1,127	1,217	1,212
Unemployment rate	10.8	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0		9.5	10.3	,

for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and* Earnings.

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-5. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex,	L		19	93						1994			
and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers		98,716	98,690	98,945	99,373	99,595	97,940	98,574	98,488	99,307	99,763	99,286	99,684
Men, 16 years and over	57,599	57,742	57,833	57,876	58,115	58,265	57,714	57,971	58,395	58,558	58,707	58,688	58,744
Men, 20 years and over	56,624	56,711	56,718	56,770	57,032	57,156	56,657	56,942	57,380	57,569	57,619	57,457	57,538
Women, 16 years and over	40,632	40,920	40,953	41,085	41,284	41,386	40,291	40,601	40,083	40,647	41,025	40,653	40,946
Women, 20 years and over	. 39,954	40,204	40,066	40,334	40,511	40,632	39,496	39,816	39,312	39,871	40,297	39,854	40,266
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,781	1,601	1,906	1,841	1,830	1,807	1,787	1,817	1,795	1,868	1,847	1,975	1,880
Part-time workers	21,092	21,073	20,867	20,997	20,961	21,060	23,932	23,641	23,539	22,966	23,132	23,138	22,856
Men, 16 years and over	7,091	7,139	7,009	7,156	7,069	7,035	8,214	7,928	7,536	7,413	7,530	7,436	7,291
Men, 20 years and over	5,251	5,315	5,236	5,392	5,283	5,268	6,148	5,839	5,500	5,400	5,560	5,469	5,372
Women, 16 years and over	13,954	13,898	13,897	13,886	13,900	14,056	15,720	15,724	16,004	15,566	15,577	15,661	15,495
Women, 20 years and over	11,912	11,875	11,921	11,909	11,916	12,039	13,523	13,574	13,802	13,391	13,283	13,357	13,157
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,929	3,883	3,710	3,696	3,762	3,753	4,260	4,228	4,237	4,175	4,288	4,312	4,329
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	7.231	7.109	6.964	7.044	6.707	6,760	7,160	7.008	6.956	6.833	6.319	6,414	6,561
Men, 16 years and over		4,275	4,138	4,193	3.978	3,963	4,205	4,070	3,803	3,910	3,617	3,642	3,854
Men, 20 years and over		3,949	3,851	3,868	3,581	3,651	3,767	3,677	3,526	3,499	3,230	3,228	3,423
Women, 16 years and over	2.892	2,804	2,841	2,809	2,786	2,787	2,966	2,950	3,091	2,895	2,701	2,768	2,728
Women, 20 years and over	2,595	2,561	2,613	2,590	2,542	2,568	2,749	2,710	2,835	2,567	2,451	2,475	2,424
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		599	500	586	584	541	644	821	595	767	638	711	714
Looking for part-time work	1,522	1,547	1,557	1,623	1,565	1,489	1,581	1,488	1,595	1,589	1,520	1,426	1,466
Men, 16 years and over	614	648	671	652	616	606	681	645	701	627	651	600	614
Men, 20 years and over		274	292	270	259	254	276	280	314	232	257	270	297
Women, 16 years and over		900	881	1,016	957	868	890	855	891	956	860	835	840
Women, 20 years and over	621	608	567	651	643	575	580	502	552	595	530	563	547
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		665	698	702	663	660	726	706	728	762	734	593	621
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES'													
Full-time workers	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.2
Men, 16 years and over	7.0	8.9	6.7	6.8	6.4	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.1	6.3	5.8	5.8	6.2
Men, 20 years and over	6.6	6.5	6.4	8.4	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.6
Women, 16 years and over		6.4	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.9	6.8	7.2	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.2
Women, 20 years and over		6.0	6.1	8.0	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.9	25.0	20.8	24.1	24.2	23.0	26.5	25.5	24.9	29.1	25.7	26.5	27.5
Part-time workers	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.2	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.2	5.8	6.0
Men, 16 years and over		8.3	8.7	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.5	8.5	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.8
Men, 20 years and over		4.9	5.3	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.6	5.4	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.2
Women, 18 years and over		6.1	6.0	6.8	6.4	5.8	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.8	5.2	5.1	5.1
Women, 20 years and over		4.9	4.5	5.2	5.1	4.6	4.1	3.6	3.8	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	. 14.2	14.6	15.8	18.0	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.3	14.7	15.4	14.6	12.1	12.5

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication prior to 1994.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-6. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0.4			19	93						1994			
Category	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
MARITAL STATUS													
Total	119.370	119,692	119.568	119.941	120.332	120.661	121.971	122,258	122.037	122,338	122,872	122,430	122,452
Married men, spouse present	40,877		40,826				41,483			*		41,287	41,224
Married women, spouse present	30,322				30,872		31,579	31,709			31,324		
Women who maintain families	6,806	6,840	6,833	6,784	6,704	6,693		7,133	7,369	7,191	7,094	6,978	
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative	32,370	32,476	32,538	32,635	32,739	32,764	33,008	33,122	33,152	33,415	34,103	33,901	33,859
support	37,171	36,902	36,832	36,965	36,974	37,243	37,411	37,191	37,060	36,796	36,624	36,811	37,194
Service occupations	16,466	16,470	16,547	16,599	16,688	16,734	16,796	17,087	17,111	17,107	16,958	17,006	16,899
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,280	13,726	13,487	13,430	13,597	13,445	13,494	13,644	13,551	13,232	13,584	13,305	13,330
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,859	16,892	16,968	16,996	16,958	17,209	17,685	17,645	17,581	17,888	17,947	17,934	17,762
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,286	3,262	3,319	3,287	3,389	3,325	3,598	3,693	3,651	3,677	3,609	3,419	3,487
CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,626	1,566	1.667	1,657	1,719	1,724	1,641	1,677	1,719	1,693	1,757	1,629	1,637
Self-employed workers	1,323	1,312	1,319	1,274	1,311	1,269	1.590	1,633	1,861	1,710	1.654	1,582	1,606
Unpaid family workers	93	110	90	97	89	92	78	55	41	43	40	46	50
Nonagricultural industries:					-								-
Wage and salary workers	107.057	107.370	107.331	107,727	107,975	108,247	109,526	109.547	109.365	109.749	110.243	110.052	110.082
Private industries	88.622	88.843	88,824		89,482	89.744		91,395			91,770	91,729	91.825
Private households	1.081	1,128	1,123	1,179	1,103	1.104	928	1.074	1,035	1,043	997	964	934
Other industries	87,541	87,715	87.701	88.072	88.379	88,640	90,436	90.321	89.849	90,313	90.773	90.765	
Government			18,507	18,476	18,493	18,503	18,163	18,152	18,481	18.393	18,473	18,322	18,256
Self-employed workers	9.093	9,026	8,949	8,961	9.011	9,053	8,990	9.312	9,148	8,982	9,138	8.946	8,970
Unpaid family workers	203	245	250	229	223	217	142	143	117	131	121	154	138
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6.451	6,469	6,394	6.202	6,126	6,217	5,167	4,643	4,992	4,757	4.878	4,785	4.425
Slack work or business conditions	3,099	3,202	3,167	3,072	3,037	3,099	2.561	2,301	2,538	2,363	2,571	2,535	2.430
Could only find part-time work	2,986	2,935	2,937	2,872	2,810	2.828	2,171	2,028	2,138	2,101	2.026	1,981	1,664
Part time for noneconomic reasons	15,121	15,216	15,182		15,290	15,373	17,744	17,674	17,519		17,346	17,339	18,059
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,213	6,216	6,173	5,957	5,904	5,934	4,842	4,384	4,762	4,613	4,688	4,590	4,224
Stack work or business conditions	2,920		3,006	2,927	2,905	2,922	2,439	2,169	2,411	2,241	2,449	2,430	2,315
Could only find part-time work	2,931	2,856	2,879	2,773	2,719	2,739	2,075	1,944	2,089	2,078	1,993	1,935	1,627
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,707	14,814	14,757	14,788	14,858	14,909	17,056	17,081	16,893	16,463	16,721	16,842	17,443

¹Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad weather.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-7. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Ass and ass.			19	93						1994			
Age and sex	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	119,370	119,692	119,568	119,941	120,332	120,661	121,971	122,258	122,037	122,338	122,872	122,430	122,452
16 to 24 years	17,752	17,688	17,679	17,648	17,663	17,709	18,637	18,898	18,723	18,798	19,006	19,193	18,776
16 to 19 years	5,600	5,602	5,595	5,526	5,594	5,586	6,115	6,076	6,059	6,116	6,159	6,333	6,168
16 to 17 years	2,153	2,185	2,193	2,162	2,194	2,240	2,435	2,351	2,363	2,408	2,510	2,530	2,499
18 to 19 years	3,425	3,410	3,412	3,375	3,406	3,350	3,657	3,706	3,674	3,704	3,661	3,765	3,673
20 to 24 years	12,152	12,086	12,084	12,122	12,069	12,123	12,522	12,822	12,664	12,683	12,847	12,860	12,608
25 years and over	101,608	102,006	101,899	102,310	102,665	102,976	103,312	103,402	103,352	103,451	103,951	103,299	103,706
25 to 54 years	86,947	87,204	87,275	87,479	87,968	88,197	88,308	88,582	88,750	88,709	88,915	88,497	88,901
55 years and over	14,587	14,830	14,612	14,787	14,806	14,831	15,036	14,862	14,614	14,709	14,939	14,784	14,730
Men, 16 years and over	64,728	64,904	64,756	64,971	85,144	65,259	65,963	65,921	65,940	66,036	66,301	66,135	66,036
16 to 24 years	9,199	9,245	9,182	9,179	9,171	9,165	9,711	9,939	9,754	9,808	9,940	9,992	9,803
16 to 19 years	2,859	2,898	2,855	2,799	2,829	2,815	3,121	3,143	3,083	3,078	3,109	3,219	3,147
18 to 17 years	1,112	1,130	1,120	1,106	1,133	1,152	1,220	1,205	1,197	1,242	1,262	1,251	1,291
18 to 19 years	1,729	1,743	1,745	1,701	1,705	1,670	1,886	1,925	1,876	1,842	1,845	1,944	1,866
20 to 24 years		6.347	6.327	6,380	6,342	6,350	6,590	6,795	6,671	6,730	6,831	6,772	6,657
25 years and over	55,538	55,667	55,581	55,823	55,970	56,089	56,244	56,035	56,203	56,182	56,387	56,174	56,232
25 to 54 years	47,321	47,366	47,386	47,496	47,791	47,860	47,944	47,943	48,173	48,117	48,191	48,046	48,064
55 years and over	8,187	8,288	8,199	8,318	8,241	8,253	8,333	8,115	8,036	8,070	8,126	8,116	8,102
Women, 18 years and over	54,642	54,788	54,812	54,970	55,188	55,402	56,007	56,336	56,097	56,302	56,571	56,295	56,416
16 to 24 years	8,553	8,443	8,497	8,469	8,492	8,544	8,926	8,959	8,970	8,991	9,066	9,201	8,973
16 to 19 years	2,741	2,704	2,740	2,727	2,765	2,771	2,994	2,933	2,976	3,038	3,050	3,114	3,021
16 to 17 years		1,055	1,073	1,056	1,061	1,088	1,215	1,147	1,167	1,166	1,248	1,278	1,208
18 to 19 years	1,696	1,667	1,667	1,674	1,701	1,680	1,771	1,781	1,799	1,862	1,816	1,821	1,807
20 to 24 years		5,739	5,757	5,742	5,727	5,773	5,932	6,026	5,993	5,953	6,016	6,088	5,952
25 years and over	46,070	46,339	46,318	46,487	46,695	46,887	47,069	47,367	47,149	47,269	47,564	47,125	47,473
25 to 54 years	39,626		39,889	39,983	40,177	40,337	40,364	40,640	40,578	40,591	40,724	40,451	40,837
55 years and over	6,400	6,542	6,413	6,469	8,565		6.703	6.747			6.813	6,668	6,628

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-8. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Ann and any			19	93						1994			
Age and sex	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	8,732	8,642	8,540	8,639	8,330	8,237	8,696	8,518	8,543	8,408	7,902	7,817	8,00
16 to 24 years	2,683	2,695	2,574	2,616	2,568	2,480	2,922	2,753	2,855	2,921	2,709	2,620	2,70
16 to 19 years	1,262	1,262	1,224	1,286	1,249	1,208	1,378	1,325	1,311	1,520	1,375	1,292	1,32
16 to 17 years	551	547	519	566	566	527	654	656	586	765	648	638	64
18 to 19 years	707	706	694	724	687	689	700	668	725	764	738	669	67
20 to 24 years	1,421	1,433	1,350	1,330	1,319	1,272	1,544	1,428	1,543	1,400	1,333	1,328	1,38
25 years and over	6,040	5,942	5,978	6,016	5,747	5,750	5,857	5,738	5,680	5,469	5,182	5,205	5,29
25 to 54 years	5,395	5,270	5,273	5,369	5,124	5,106	5,107	5,075	4,993	4,793	4,517	4,581	4,66
55 years and over	651	662	721	699	649	657	723	670	700	644	641	601	64
Men, 16 years and over	5,002	4,943	4,824	4,849	4,586	4,554	4,781	4,723	4,589	4,585	4,283	4,193	4,47
16 to 24 years	1,535	1,567	1,463	1,475	1,438	1,389	1,670	1,530	1,559	1,627	1,538	1,431	1,55
16 to 19 years	731	728	687	715	703	677	816	737	723	843	783	700	77
16 to 17 years	321	314	286	312	314	286	384	338	341	421	377	355	34
18 to 19 years	409	409	389	404	388	390	418	397	386	427	418	383	42
20 to 24 years	804	839	776	760	735	712	854	793	835	784	754	730	78
25 years and over	3,458	3,374	3,360	3,365	3,141	3,171	3,194	3,169	3,010	2.954	2.729	2,754	2.91
25 to 54 years	3,039	2,948	2,911	2,961	2,755	2,774	2,787	2,782	2,625	2,557	2,350	2,410	2.52
55 years and over	410	425	462	417	391	411	408	401	385	373	368	340	39
Women, 16 years and over	3,730	3,699	3,716	3,790	3,744	3,683	3,916	3,795	3,954	3,823	3,619	3,825	3,52
16 to 24 years	1,148	1,128	1,111	1,141	1,130	1,091	1,252	1,223	1,296	1,294	1,171	1,189	1,14
16 to 19 years	531	534	537	571	546	531	562	588	588	678	592	591	55
16 to 17 years	230	233	233	254	252	241	271	318	245	344	271	283	30
18 to 19 years	298	297	305	320	299	299	283	272	339	337	320	306	24
20 to 24 years	617	594	574	570	584	560	690	635	708	617	579	598	59
25 years and over	2,582	2,568	2,618	2,651	2,606	2,579	2,664	2,568	2,670		2,453	2,451	2.37
25 to 54 years	2,356	2,322	2,362	2,408	2,369	2,332	2,320	2,293	2,369	2,236	2,167	2,172	2.14
55 years and over	241	237	259	282	258	246	315	269	316	272	274	261	25

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-9. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

And and any			19	93						1994			
Age and sex	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.1
16 to 24 years	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.9	12.7	12.3	13.6	12.7	13.2	13.4	12.5	12.0	12.6
16 to 19 years	18.4	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8	19.9	18.3	16.9	17.7
16 to 17 years	20.4	20.0	19.1	20.7	20.5	19.0	21.2	21.8	19.9	24.1	20.5	20.1	20.6
18 to 19 years	17.1	17.2	16.9	17.7	16.8	17.1	16.1	15.3	16.5	17.1	16.8	15.1	15.4
20 to 24 years	10.5	10.6	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.5	11.0	10.0	10.9	9.9	9.4	9.4	9.9
25 years and over	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.8	4.9
25 to 54 years	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.0
55 years and over	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.2
Men, 16 years and over	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.3
16 to 24 years	14.3	14.5	13.7	13.8	13.6	13.2	14.7	13.3	13.8	14.2	13.4	12.5	13.7
16 to 19 years	20.4	20.1	19.4	20.3	19.9	19.4	20.7	19.0	19.0	21.5	20.1	17.9	19.7
16 to 17 years	22.4	21.7	20.3	22.0	21.7	19.9	23.9	21.9	22.2	25.3	23.0	22.1	20.9
18 to 19 years	19.1	19.0	18.2	19.2	18.5	18.9	18.1	17.1	17.1	18.8	18.5	15.7	18.5
20 to 24 years	11.3	11.7	10.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	11.5	10.5	11.1	10.4	9.9	9.7	10.6
25 years and over	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.7	4.9
25 to 54 years	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.8	5.0
55 years and over	4.8	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.6
Women, 16 years and over	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.9
16 to 24 years	11.8	11.8	11.6	11.9	11.7	11.3	12.3	12.0	12.6	12.6	11.4	11.4	11.3
16 to 19 years	16.2	16.5	16.4	17.3	16.5	16.1	15.8	16.7	16.5	18.2	16.3	16.0	15.5
16 to 17 years	18.1	18.1	17.8	19.4	19.2	18.1	18.2	21.7	17.4	22.8	17.8	18.1	20.3
18 to 19 years	14.9	15.1	15.5	16.0	14.9	15.1	13.8	13.2	15.8	15.3	15.0	14.4	12.0
20 to 24 years	9.6	9.4	9.1	9.0	9.3	8.8	10.4	9.5	10.6	9.4	8.8	8.9	9.1
25 years and over	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.8
25 to 54 years	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0
55 years and over	3.6	3.5	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.6	4.5	3.8	4.6	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-10. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

0-1			19	93						1994			
Category	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
CHARACTERISTIC									:				
Fotal	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.1
Men, 20 years and over	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.6
Women, 20 years and over	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.4	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8	19.9	18.3	16.9	17.7
White	6.0	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.4
Black and other	11.6	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.3	10.7	11.6	11.3	11.3	10.8	10.4	10.2	10.4
Black	12.8	12,5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5	11.8	11.5	11.2	11.3
Hispanic origin	10.8	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0	10.8	9.5	10.3	10.
Married men, spouse present	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.1
Married women, spouse present	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.0
Women who maintain families	9.6	9.0	9.0	9.3	9.0	10.2	9.4	9.7	9.6	9.1	8.9	8.7	7.8
OCCUPATION'													
Managerial and professional specialty	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support		5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.2	4.
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.6	7.5	7.6	7.9	6.7	7.4	7.0	6.8	7.2	6.5	6.5	6.1	5.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		10.4	10.1	9.8	9.2	9.1	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.8	8.8	8.4	9.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	8.1	7.5	7.7	8.1	7.8	8.7	8.4	8.8	10.3	8.2	7.3	6.9	9.
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.6	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.2	6.2	6.4
Goods-producing industries		8.9	8.8	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.
Mining	5.9	7.2	7.5	6.5	7.2	6.9	5.1	4.0	5.5	6.8	7.6	6.2	6.
Construction	15.7	14.7	14.1	13.7	12.2	12.7	13.9	13.3	13.5	12.6	11.6	11.8	10.
Manufacturing	7.3	7.3	7.2	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.8
Durable goods	7.0	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.5	6.3	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.
Nondurable goods		7.4	7.2	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.3	5.8	5.6	5.9
Service-producing industries	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.
Transportation and public utilities		5.4	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.2	4.7	5.6	4.6	4.7	5.
Wholesale and retail trade	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.9	7.7	7.4	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.
Finance, insurance, and real estate		4.2	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	2.9	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.
Services	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.6	6.3	6.5	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.9
Government workers	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.8	3.2	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.9	3.4 12.0
Agricultural wage and salary workers	11.5	12.1	10.4	11.8	10.3	11.3	13.6	14.3	13.8	10.7	8.3	8.4	12.

¹ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

0			19	93						1994			
Reasons for unemployment	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,183	1,190	3,587 926 2,075	1,216 3,563 957	963 3,481 960 2,084	3,382 932 2,018	4,442 1,196 3,246 762 2,831 651	1,109 3,075 888	983	947 2,843 825 3,235	785 2,746 796	911 2,753 782	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	55.5 13.5	100.0 56.2 13.7 42.4 10.2 24.0 9.6	100.0 55.0 13.0 42.0 10.8 24.3 9.9	100.0 55.2 14.0 41.1 11.1 24.1 9.7	53.4	54.2 12.9 41.3 11.4 24.6	100.0 51.1 13.8 37.4 8.8 32.6 7.5	46.6 12.9	100.0 46.9 11.4 35.5 10.1 35.5 7.5	44.4 11.1 33.3 9.7	45.4 10.1 35.3 10.2	47.5 11.8	
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.8 .7 1.7 .7	3.8 .7 1.6 .6	3.7 .7 1.6 .7	3.7 .7 1.6 .7	3.5 .7 1.6 .6	3.4 .7 1.6 .6	3.4 .6 2.2 .5	3.2 .7 2.2 .5	3.1 .7 2.3 .5	2.9 .6 2.5 .5	2.7 .6 2.2 .5	2.8 .6 2.1 .4	3.0 .6 2.1 .4

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

D. martina			19	93						1994			
Duration	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	3,223	3,046	3,052	3,156	2,946	3,063	3,349	2,574	2,758	2,863	2,631	2,850	2,871
5 to 14 weeks	2,543	2,608	2,457	2,491	2,401	2,247	2,336	2,727	2,549	2,434	2,437	2,483	2,361
15 weeks and over	3,007	3,000	3,047	3,030	2,971	2,864	3,027	3,103	3,110	2,951	2,801	2,683	2,855
15 to 26 weeks	1,258	1,259	1,297	1,284	1,216	1,150	1,314	1,359	1,264	1,168	1,093	1,151	1,269
27 weeks and over	1,749	1,741	1,750	1,746	1,755	1,714	1,713	1,744	1,847	1,782	1,708	1,532	1,586
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.9	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.9	18.2	18.3	18.7	19.2	19.1	19.6	18.3	19.2
Median duration, in weeks	8.3	8.4	8.9	8.3	8.5	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.2	8.9	9.3
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										}			
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	36.7	35.2	35.7	36.4	35.4	37.5	38.4	30.6	32.8	34.7	33.4	35.6	35.5
5 to 14 weeks	29.0	30.1	28.7	28.7	28.9	27.5	26.8	32.5	30.3	29.5	31.0	31.0	29.2
15 weeks and over	34.3	34.7	35.6	34.9	35.7	35.0	34.7	36.9	37.0	35.8	35.6	33.5	35.3
15 to 26 weeks	14.3	14.5	15.2	14.8	14.6	14.1	15.1	16.2	15.0	14.2	13.9	14.4	15.7
27 weeks and over	19.9	20.1	20.5	20.1	21.1	21.0	19.7	20.8	21.9	21.6	21.7	19.1	19.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

l	<u></u>		<u> </u>		July 1	994				
					Ch	rilian labor for	X			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
TOTAL				 						
6 years and over	196,859	132,783	87.5	124.503	63.2	3,732	120,770	8,281	6.2	64,076
16 to 19 years	14,267	9,325	65.4	7,698	54.0	375	7,323	1,628	17.5	4,941
16 to 17 years	7,255	4,138	57.0	3,300	45.5	214	3,086	838	20.3	3,117
18 to 19 years	7,012	5,187	74.0	4,398	62.7	161	4,237	789	15.2	1,825
20 to 24 years	18,312 112,592	14,807 93,379	80.9 82.9	13,370 88,807	73.0 78.9	357 2,189	13,013 86,618	1,436 4,572	9.7 4.9	3,505 19,212
25 to 34 years	41,266	34,151	62.8	32,189	78.0	823	31,346	1.983	5.8	7,115
25 to 29 years	19,201	15,911	82.9	14,631	77.2	371	14,460	1,079	6.8	3,290
30 to 34 years	22,065	18,241	82.7	17,337	78.6	452	16,886	903	5.0	3,825
35 to 44 years	41,565	35,124	64.5	33,540	80.7	772	32,768	1,583	4.5	8,442
35 to 39 years	21,880 19,685	18,415 16,709	84.2 84.9	17,577 15,963	80.3 81.1	438 333	17,138 15,630	838 745	4.6 4.5	3,465 2,976
45 to 54 years	29,780	24,104	81.0	23,099	77.6	595	22,504	1,006	4.2	5,656
45 to 49 years	16,713	13,954	83.5	13,367	80.0	285	13,082	587	4.2	2,76
50 to 54 years	13,047	10,150	77.8	9,732	74.6	310	9,422	419	4.1	2,89
55 to 64 years		11,494	55.7	11,026	53.5	422	10,607	465	4.0	9,13
55 to 59 years	10,753 9,874	7,159 4,335	66.6 43.9	6,857 4,172	63.8 42.2	220 202	8,637 3,970	302 164	4.2 3.8	3,599 5,539
60 to 64 years		3,778	12.2	3,599	11.6	389	3,210	179	3.6 4.7	27,28
65 to 69 years	9,804	2,111	21.5	1,992	20.3	181	1,811	118	5.6	7,69
70 to 74 years	8,496	990	11.7	953	11.2	105	848	37	3.8	7,50
75 years and over	12,762	678	5.3	853	5.1	103	551	24	3.6	12,08
Men					{				}	
years and over	94,377	72,058	76.4	67,649	71.7	2,796	64,851	4,409	6,1	22,31
16 to 19 years	7,254	4,920	67.6	4,014	55.3	312	3,701	906	18.4	2,33
16 to 17 years	3,725	2,191	58.6	1,753	47.1	188	1,585	438	20.0	1,53
16 to 19 years	3,529	2,729	77.3	2,281	64.1	145	2,116	468	17.1	80
20 to 24 years	9,038	7,916	87.6	7,146	79.1	288	6,858	770	9.7 4.7	1,12 4,59
25 to 54 years	55,318 20,341	50,723 18,770	91.7 92.3	48,362 17,715	87.4 87.1	1,603 625	46,759 17.090	2,381 1,055	5.6	1,57
25 to 29 years	9,437	8,675	91.9	8,109	85.9	288	7,621	566	6.5	76:
30 to 34 years	10,904	10,095	92.6	9,606	88.1	337	9,269	489	4.6	80
35 to 44 years	20,458	19,020	93.0	18,249	89.2	547	17,702	771	4.1	1,43
35 to 39 years	10,775	10,012	92.9	9,615	89.2 89.2	307	9,307	397 373	4.0	76: 67:
40 to 44 years45 to 54 years	9,683 14,516	9,007 12,933	93.0 89.1	8,634 12,398	85.4	240 430	8,394 11,968	535	4.1 4.1	1.58
45 to 49 years	6,176	7,438	91.0	7,135	87.3	206	6,928	303	4.1	73
50 to 54 years	6,342	5,496	86.7	5,263	83.0	224	5,040	232	4.2	84
55 to 64 years	9,814	6,337	64.6	6,076	61.9	296	5,780	261	4.1	3,47
55 to 59 years	5,160 4,654	3,904 2,433	75.7 52.3	3,743 2,333	72.5 50.1	147 149	3,596 2,185	161 99	4.1 4.1	1,250 2,22
85 years and over	12,953	2,162	16.7	2,052	15.8	300	1,752	110	5.1	10.79
85 to 89 years	4,456	1,155	25.9	1,085	24.3	135	949	70	6.1	3,30
70 to 74 years	3,714	588	15.8	563	15.2	80	482	25	4.3	3,12
75 years and over	4,762	420	8.8	405	8.5	64	321	15	3.5	4,36
Women		}			}					
8 years and over	102,482	60,725	59.3	56,854	55.5	935	55,919	3,872	6.4	41,757
16 to 19 years	7,013 3,530	4,406	62.6 55.2	3,684	52.5 43.8	63 46	3,621	721 400	16.4 20.5	2,60
16 to 17 years	3,483	1,947 2,459	70.6	1,547 2,137	61.4	17	1,501 2,120	322	13.1	1,58 1,02
20 to 24 years	9,274	6,891	74.3	6,225	67.1	70	6,155	666	9.7	2,38
25 to 54 years	57,273	42,656	74.5	40,446	70.6	587	39,859	2,211	5.2	14,61
25 to 34 years	20,925	15,381	73.5	14,454	69.1	198	14,258	927	6.0	5,54
25 to 29 years	9,764	7,236	74.1	6,722	68.6	83	6,639	513	7.1	2,52
30 to 34 years	11,161 21,107	8,148 16,104	73.0 76.3	7,732 15,291	69.3 72.4	114 224	7,617 15,067	414 613	5.1 5.0	3,01: 5,00:
35 to 39 years	11,105	8,403	75.7	7,962	71.7	131	7,631	441	5.2	2,70
40 to 44 years	10,002	7,701	77.0	7,329	73,3	94	7,236	372	4.8	2,30
45 to 54 years	15,242	11,171	73.3	10,700	70.2	165	10,536	471	4.2	4,07
45 to 49 years	8,537	6,516	76.3	6,232	73.0	79	6,154	264	4.4	2,02
50 to 54 years	6,705	4,655 5 157	69.4	4,468	86.6	86 136	4,382	167	4.0	2,05
55 to 64 years	10,813 5,593	5,157 3,254	47.7 58.2	4,952 3,114	45.8 55.7	126 73	4,826 3,041	204 140	4.0 4.3	5,65 2,33
60 to 64 years		1,903	36.4	1,839	35.2	53	1,785	64	3.4	3,318
65 years and over	16,109	1,616	8.9	1,547	8.5	89	1,457	69	4.3	16,49
65 to 69 years	5,346	958	17.9	908	17,0	46	862	48	5.0	4,39
70 to 74 years	4,762	402	8.4	390	8.2	24	366	12	3.0	4,38
75 years and over	7,981	258	3.2	249	3.1	19	230	9	3.6	7,72

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 1					
					Civ	ilian labor for	Ce Ce			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
WHITE										
8 years and over	165,576	112,514	88.0	106,447	64.3	3,473	102,973	6,067	5.4	53,06
16 to 19 years	11,285	7,759	68.8	8,657	59.0	358	6,298	1,102	14.2	3,52
16 to 17 years	5,717	3,423	59.9	2,835	49.6	205	2,630	588	17.2	2,29
18 to 19 years	5,569	4,336	77.9	3,822	68.8	153	3,669	514	11.9	1,23
20 to 24 years	14,878 93,904	12,289 78,920	83.7 84.0	11,272	78.8 80.4	326 2.006	10,946	1,017 3,432	8.3	2,38
25 to 54 years	33.854	28,513	84.2	75,488 27,059	79.9	2,000 758	73,482 26,300	1,454	4.3 5.1	14,98 5,34
25 to 29 years	15,665	13,241	84.5	12,472	79.8	354	12,118	769	5.8	2,42
30 to 34 years	18,189	15,272	84.0	14,586	80.2	404	14,182	685	4.5	2,91
35 to 44 years	34,608	29,558	85.4	28,396	82.0	690	27,706	1,162	3.9	5,05
35 to 39 years	18,140	15,437	85.1	14,836	81.8	394	14,442	602	3.9	2,70
40 to 44 years	18,469	14,120	65.7	13,560	82.3	296	13,264	560	4.0	2,34
45 to 54 years	25,442	20,849	81.9	20,033	78.7	558	19,475	818	3.9	4,59
45 to 49 years	14,225	12,032	84.8	11,547	81.2	266 202	11,281	485 331	4.0	2,19
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years	11,217 17,925	8,817 10,145	78.8 56.6	8,486 9,768	75.7 54.5	292 408	8,194 9,358	379	3.8 3.7	2,40 7,78
55 to 59 years	9,303	6,312	87.8	8,065	65.2	212	5,853	247	3.9	2,99
60 to 64 years	8,622	3.833	44.5	3,701	42.9	196	3,505	132	3.4	4,78
65 years and over	27,784	3,401	12.2	3,265	11.8	375	2,890	136	4.0	24,38
65 to 69 years	6,607	1,896	22.0	1,608	21.0	180	1,629	88	4.6	6,71
70 to 74 years	7,614	908	11.9	881	11.6	98	783	26	2.9	6,70
75 years and over	11,563	598	5.2	576	5.0	97	479	22	3.7	10,96
Men										
B years and over	80,070	61,762	77.1	58,538	73.1	2,584	55,954	3,224	5.2	18,30
16 to 19 years	5,783	4,096	71.1	3,473	60.3	298	3,175	623	15.2	1,88
16 to 17 years	2,942	1,822	61.9	1,509	51.3	159	1,350	313	17.2	1,12
16 to 19 years	2,821	2,274	80.6	1,964	69.6 82.8	139	1,825	310 552	13.6	54
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years	7,339 46,717	6,625 43,403	90.3 92.9	6,074 41,630	89.1	269 1,449	5,805 40,181	1,774	8.3 4.1	71 3,31
25 to 34 years	16,909	15,858	93.8	15,076	89.2	571	14,506	782	4.9	1,05
25 to 29 years	7,615	7,331	93.6	6,916	88.5	272	6,646	412	5.6	48
30 to 34 years	9,094	8,528	93.6	8,158	89.7	298	7,860	370	4.3	58
35 to 44 years	17,260	16,229	94.0	15,665	90.6	479	15,186	564	3.5	1,03
35 to 39 years	9,060	6,525	94.1	6,246	91.0	270	7,976	277	3.2	53
40 to 44 years	6,200	7,704	94.0	7,417	90.5	209	7,208	287	3.7	49
45 to 54 years	12,548	11,316	90.2	10,889	86.6	400	10,469	428	3.8	1,23
45 to 49 years	7,043 5,505	6,492 4,624	92.2 67.6	6,250 4,639	88.7 84.3	189 210	6,060	243 185	3.7 3.8	55° 68°
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years	6,619	5,666	65.7	5,464	83.4	283	4,429 5.161	202	3.6	2.95
55 to 59 years	4,513	3,483	77.2	3,360	74.4	141	3,219	123	3.5	1,03
60 to 64 years	4,106	2,183	53.2	2,105	51.3	142	1,962	79	3.6	1,92
65 years and over	11,633	1,972	17.0	1,898	16.3	285	1,612	74	3.8	9,86
65 to 69 years	3,925	1,052	26.8	1,007	25.6	134	673	46	4.4	2,87
70 to 74 years	3,332	545	16.4	531	15.9	74	457	14	2.6	2,78
75 years and over	4,375	374	6.6	381	6.2	78	283	14	3.6	4,00
Women							,			
years and over	85,505	50,751	59.4	47,909	56.0	889	47,020	2,843	5.6	34,75
16 to 19 years	5,522 2,775	3,663	66.3 57.7	3,164	67.7 47.8	60	3,124 1,280	479 275	13.1	1,85
16 to 17 years	2,775 2,748	1,801 2,062	75.0	1,326 1,858	67.6	46 14	1,280 1,844	2/5 204	17.2 9.9	1,17 68
20 to 24 years	7,339	5,664	77.2	5,198	70.6	56	5,140	466	6.2	1,67
25 to 54 years	47,167	35,516	75.3	33,858	71.6	557	33,301	1,659	4.7	11,67
25 to 34 years	16,945	12,654	74.7	11,982	70.7	188	11,795	672	5.3	4,29
25 to 29 years	7,850	5,910	75.3	5,554	70.6	62	5,472	356	6.0	1,93
30 to 34 years	9,095	6,744	74.1	6,428	70.7	106	6,322	316	4.7	2,35
35 to 44 years	17,349	13,329	76.6	12,731	73.4	211	12,520	598	4.5	4,02
35 to 39 years	9,080	6,913	76.1	6,586	72.6	124	6,464	325	4.7	2,18
40 to 44 years	6,269	6,416	77.6 73.9	6,143 9.145	74.3 70.9	67 160	6,057	273 389	4.3 4.1	1,85
45 to 54 years	12,894 7,161	9,533 5,540	77.1	9,145 5,297	73.8	159 76	8,986 5,221	389 242	4.1 4.4	3,36 1, 6 4
50 to 54 years	5,713	3,993	69.9	3,847	67.3	62	3,765	146	3.7	1,71
55 to 64 years	9,306	4,478	46.1	4,301	46.2	125	4,178	177	3.9	4,82
55 to 59 years	4,790	2,829	59.1	2,705	58.5	72	2,633	124	4.4	1,96
60 to 64 years	4,516	1,649	36.5	1,598	35.3	53	1,543	53	3.2	2,86
85 years and over	16,151	1,430	8.9	1,367	6.5	89	1,276	62	4.4	14,72
65 to 69 years	4,681	844	18.0	602	17.1	46	756	42	5.0	3,83
	4 202	000	اعما	054	ا مما		200	40	22 i	3,91
70 to 74 years	4,282 7,168	363 223	8.5 3.1	351 215	8.2 3.0	24 19	326 196	12 8	3.3 3.7	6,96

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 1	994				
					Civ	rilian labor for	Э			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-			-1	Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
BLACK										
3 years and over	22,883	14,811	64.7	13,072	57.1	164	12,908	1,739	11.7	8,07
16 to 19 years	2,233	1,204	53.9	769	34.5	15	755	434	36.1	1,02
16 to 17 years	1,158 1,075	554 650	47.8 60.5	364 406	31.4 37.8	7 8	357 398	190 244	34.4 37.5	60 42
20 to 24 years	2,593	1,869	72.1	1,539	59.4	27	1,512	330	17.6	72
5 to 54 years	13,488	10,478	77.7	9,593	71.1	107	9,486	883	8.4	3,0
25 to 34 years	5,358	4,127	77.0	3,710	69.2	28	3,683	417	10.1	1,2
25 to 29 years	2,557	1,959	76.6	1,708	68.8	1	1,707	251	12.8	50
30 to 34 years	2,801 5,044	2,168 4,036	77.4 80.0	2,002 3,715	71.5 73.6	28 51	1,976 3,683	166 321	7.7 8.0	60 1,00
35 to 39 years	2,718	2,181	80.3	2.001	73.6	25	1,976	181	8.3	50
40 to 44 years	2,327	1,855	79.7	1,714	73.7	26	1,687	141	7.6	4
45 to 54 years	3,085	2,313	75.0	2,169	70.3	26	2,141	144	6.2	77
45 to 49 years	1,773	1,372	77.4	1,293	72.9	15	1,276	79	5.8	40
50 to 54 years	1,312	941	71.7	875	66.7	13	862	65	7.0	3
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years	2,045 1,106	971 615	47.5 55.7	916 581	44.8 52.6	9 5	907 576	54 34	5.6 5.6	1,07
80 to 64 years	940	355	37.8	335	35.7	5	330	20	5.7	58
65 years and over	2,525	292	11.6	254	10.0	6	247	38	13.1	2,23
85 to 69 years	934	176	18.8	151	16.2	1	150	25	14.2	75
70 to 74 years	673	68	10.1	57	8.5	5	52	11	<u>0</u>	60
75 years and over	916	48	5.2	46	5.0	-	46	2	(t)	87
Mén										
years and over	10,260	7,266	70.8	8,353	81.9	138	8,215	913	12.6	2,99
16 to 19 years	1,107	640	57.8	399	38.1	11	388	241	37.6 38.8	46
16 to 17 years	586 521	291 349	49.7 67.0	185 215	31.5 41.2	4	178 210	107 134	38.5	29 17
20 to 24 years	1,184	912	77.1	750	63.4	15	735	162	17.8	27
25 to 54 years	6,094	5,121	84.0	4,678	76.8	96	4,582	443	8.6	97
25 to 34 years	2,397	2,020	84.3	1,615	75.7	28	1,767	205	10.1	37
25 to 29 years	1,126	926	82.5	809	71.9	1	808	119	12.9	19
30 to 34 years	1,271	1,091 1,9 84	85.9 88.1	1,006	79.1 79.2	26 44	979 1,782	85 158	7.8 8.0	18
35 to 44 years	2,305 1,241	1,060	85.4	1,826 977	78.7	24	953	83	7.8	18
40 to 44 years	1,064	925	86.9	849	79.8	20	829	78	8.2	18
45 to 54 years	1,393	1,117	80.2	1,037	74.5	24	1,013	80	7.1	27
45 to 49 years	806	654	81.2	808	75.4	13	595	46	7.1	15
50 to 54 years	567 889	463	76.8	429	73.1	44 9	416	34	7.3 7.8	12
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years	495	463 303	52.1 61.3	427 279	46.1 56.3	5	418 274	36 25	7.6 8.1	42 19
60 to 64 years	394	160	40.6	149	37.7	5	144	12	7.3	2
65 years and over	986	129	13.1	97	9.9	8	91	31	24.4	85
85 to 69 years	421	74	17.7	55	13.1	1	54	19	ტ	34
70 to 74 years	261 264	35 20	12.4	24	8.5	5	19 19	11	g l	24 26
75 years and over	204	20	6.9	18	6.4	-	19	1	C)	20
Women										
8 years and over	12,623 1,125	7,546 563	59.8 50.1	6,719 370	53.2 32.9	27 3	8,693 367	828 193	10.9 34.3	5,07
16 to 19 years	572	263	45.9	179	31.3	_ 3	179	84	31.9	30
18 to 19 years	553	301	54.3	191	34.5	3	188	110	38.5	25
20 to 24 years	1,409	957	67.9	769	58.0	12	777	168	17.5	45
25 to 54 years	7,393	5,355	72.4	4,915	66,5	11	4,904	440	8.2	2,03
25 to 34 years	2,961	2,108	71.2	1,895	64.0	-	1,895	212	10.1	85
25 to 29 years	1,431 1,530	1,031 1,077	72.0 70.4	899 996	62.8 65.1	-	899 996	132 81	12.8 7.5	40 45
30 to 34 years	2,739	2,052	74.9	1,888	88.9	- 8	1,881	163	8.0	86
35 to 39 years	1,477	1,121	75.9	1,023	69.3	1	1,022	98	8.7	35
40 to 44 years	1,263	930	73.7	865	68.5	8	858	65	7.0	33
45 to 54 years	1,692	1,196	70.7	1,132	68.9	4	1,128	65	5.4	49
45 to 49 years	967	718	74.2	685	70.9	2	683	33	4.6	24
50 to 54 years	725	478	65.9	446	61.5	2	445	32	6.7	24
55 to 64 years	1,156	507	43.9	489	42.3	-	469	18	3.6	6-
55 to 59 years	611 546	312 1 95	51.1 35.8	302 187	49.5 34.2	-	302 167	10 8	3.1 4.3	35
65 years and over	1,539	163	10.6	158	10.2	_	156	7	4.3 4.2	1,37
65 to 69 years	513	102	19.8	96	18.8	_	96	6	5.7	41
70 to 74 years	391	33	8.4	33	8.4	-	33	-	l e	35
75 years and over	634	29	4.5	28	4.3	_	28	1	l ö l	60

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years.

For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-14. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and	Total		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	
race	July	July	July	July	July	July	July	July
	1993	1994	1993	1994	1993	1994	1993	1994
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Agriculture Nonagricultural industries Unemployed	193,633	196,859	85,950	87,123	94,425	95,469	13,258	14,287
	130,324	132,783	66,663	67,138	55,010	56,320	8,852	9,325
	67.3	67.5	77.6	77.1	58.3	59.0	65.3	85.4
	121,323	124,503	62,624	63,636	51,610	53,169	7,089	7,698
	3,464	3,732	2,440	2,486	686	872	338	375
	117,859	120,770	60,184	81,150	50,924	52,297	6,751	7,323
	9,002	8,281	4,039	3,503	3,400	3,150	1,563	1,628
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.2	8.1	5.2	6.2	5.6	18.1	17.5
	63,309	64,078	19,287	19,985	39,415	39,150	4,607	4,941
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Agriculture Nonagricultural industries Unemployed Unemployment rate Not in labor force	163,971	165,576	73,742	74,308	79,652	79,983	10,577	11,285
	111,139	112,514	57,545	57,667	46,364	47,088	7,230	7,759
	67.8	68.0	78.0	77.6	58.2	58.9	68.4	68.8
	104,472	106,447	54,468	55,065	43,872	44,725	6,133	6,857
	3,206	3,473	2,232	2,266	656	829	317	358
	101,267	102,973	52,235	52,779	43,216	43,696	5,816	6,298
	6,667	6,067	3,077	2,601	2,492	2,363	1,098	1,102
	6.0	5.4	5.3	4.5	5.4	5.0	15.2	14.2
	52,832	53,062	16,197	16,641	33,288	32,895	3,347	3,526
Black	00.040	00.000	0.040	0.450	14 000	44 400	0.005	0.000
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Agriculture Nonagricultural industries Unemployed Unemployent rate Not in labor force	22,346	22,883	9,043	9,153	11,208	11,498	2,095	2,233
	14,371	14,811	6,592	6,625	6,653	6,982	1,125	1,204
	64.3	64.7	72.9	72.4	59,4	60.7	53.7	53.9
	12,448	13,072	5,635	5,953	5,880	6,349	733	769
	185	164	154	127	18	23	12	15
	12,263	12,908	5,681	5,827	5,861	6,326	721	755
	1,923	1,739	757	672	773	633	392	434
	13.4	11.7	11.5	10.1	11.6	9.1	34.9	36.1
	7,975	8,072	2,451	2,527	4,555	4,515	970	1,029

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 1	994				
					Civ	rilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	5,302	3,082	58.1	2,709	1,060	1,649	373	183	190	12.1
16 to 19 years	2,783 2,520	1,380 1,702	49.6 67.5	1,146 1,562	336 724	810 838	234 139	10 9 73	124 66	16.9 8.2
High school	1,784	728	40.8	565	131	434	163	69	94	22.4
College	3,519	2,353	66.9	2,144	929	1,215	209	113	96	8.8
Full-time students Part-time students	2,369 1,149	1,425 928	60.2 60.8	1,286 859	517 412	768 447	140 70	75 39	65 31	9.8
Men, 16 to 24 years	2,522	1,463	58.0	1,262	578	684	201	108	93	13.7
16 to 19 years		662	50.6	561	203	356	121	60	60	17.7
20 to 24 years	1,174	781	66.6	701	375	326	80	48	33	10.3
High school		420	45.5	323	92	231	96	41	55	22.9
College	1,601 1,129	1,044 664	65.2 58.8	939 592	486 293	453 299	105 72	67 48	38 24	10.1
Part-time students	472	379	80.4	346	192	154	33	19	14	8.7
Women, 16 to 24 years	2,780	1,619	58.2	1,447	482	964	172	75	97	10.6
16 to 19 years		698 920	48.7 68.4	585 861	133 349	452 512	113 59	49 26	84 33	16.2 6.4
High school	862	309	35.8	241	39	202	87	28	39	21.6
College	1,918	1,310	68.3	1,205	443	762	104	47	58	8.0
Full-time students Part-time students	1,240 877	781 549	61.3 81.0	693 512	224 219	469 293	68 37	27 20	41 17	8.6 6.7
White									}	
Total, 16 to 24 years	4,064	2,536	62.4	2,297	918	1,378	240	121	119	9.8
16 to 19 years	2,115 1,949	1,127 1,409	53.3 72.3	978 1,319	286 631	690 688	149 90	71 50	79 40	13.3
-		,			540	540	400	74	-	40.
Women	1,926 2,138	1,192 1,344	81.9 62.9	1,065 1,232	518 400	546 632	128 112	71 50	58 62	10.7
High school	1,305	563	43.1	450	100	350	113	47	86	20.0
College	2,759	1,973	71.5	1,846	818	1,029	127	74	53	6.4
Full-time students Part-time students	1,832 927	1,195 778	65.2 84.0	1,114 732	448 370	666 363	81 48	40 34	41 12	6.6 5.6
Black										
Total, 18 to 24 years	832	390	46.9	279	95	185	111	57	54	28.4
16 to 19 years	501 331	199 191	39.7 57.7	126 153	32 63	94 90	73 38	38 19	35 19	38.6 20.0
	000		1	107	35	0.1	63	32	30	33.2
Men	382 450	190 200	49.7 44.5	127 152	59	91 93	46	32 24	24	23.6
High school	385	142	37.0	90	23	67	52	23	29	36.6
College	447	248	55.4	189	71	118	59	34	25	23.7
Full-time students Part-time students	309 139	144 104	46.6 74.9	104 85	45 26	56 59	40 19	29 5	12 14	28.0 17.9
Hispanic origin		}		}					}	
Total, 18 to 24 years	688	346	50.3	278	104	174	68	40	28	19.6
16 to 19 years	421 287	154 193	38.5 72.1	111 167	44 61	68 106	42 26	27 13	15 12	27.5 13.5
Men	313	168	53.7	131	54	77	37	23	15	22.3
Women	375	178	47.5	148	51	97	31	17	13	17.1
High school	327 361	99 248	30.1 68.7	70 208	31 73	39 135	29 39	19 21	9	28.9 15.9
Full-time students	223	137	61.5	102	38	66	35	21	14.	25.8
Part-time students	138	111	60.3	106	38	86	4	1	4	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

•					July 1	1994				
					Civ	rilian labor i	force			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	27,277	21,050	77.2	18,359	12,637	5,719	2,691	2,156	535	12.8
16 to 19 years	11,484 15,792	7,945 13,105	69.2 83.0	8,551 11,808	3,007 9,630	3,544 2,175	1,394 1,297	950 1,206	91	17.5 9.9
Less than a high school diploma	9,316	5,743	61.6	4,458	2,209	2,248	1,285	930	355	22.4
High school graduates, no college	8,737	7,101	81.3	6,241	4,610	1,828	859	747	113	12.1
Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	7,176 2,048	6,330 1,877	88.2 91.7	5,930	4,296 1,521	1,634 210	400 147	338 142	62 5	8.3 7.8
College graduates	2,040	1,077	81.7	1,730	1,321	210	147	142		/.0
Men, 16 to 24 years	13,770	11,372	82.6	9,897	7,448	2,446	1,475	1,212	263	13.0
16 to 19 years	5,906	4,238	71.8	3,452	1,848	1,604	785	553	232	18.5
20 to 24 years	7,864	7,134	90.7	6,445	5,600	842	690	659	31	9.7
Less than a high school diploma	5,032	3,439	68.3	2,682	1,550	1,132	756	588	169	22.0
High school graduates, no college	4,464	4,010	69.8	3,537	2,897	637	472	410	62	11.8
Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	3,359 914	3,084 840	91.8 91.9	2,907 770	2,299 702	608 69	178 69	147 67	30 2	5.6 8.2
College graduates	914	040	91.9	,,,,	702	09	09	07	_	0.2
Women, 18 to 24 years	13,507	9,678	71.7	8,462	5,189	3,274	1,216	944	272	12.8
16 to 19 years	5,578 7,928	3,708 5,971	68.5 75.3	3,099 5,363	1,159 4,030	1,940 1,333	609 607	397 547	212 60	16.4 10.2
Less than a high school diploma	4,284	2,304	53.8	1,776	659	1,117	528	342	186	22.9
High school graduates, no college	4,272	3,091	72.3	2,704	1,714	990	387	337	50	12.5
Less than a bachelor's degree	3,816	3,246	85.0	3,023	1,997	1,026	223	191	32	6.9
College graduates	1,134	1,038	91.5	960	819	141	78	75	3	7.5
White									}	
Total, 16 to 24 years	21,899	17,512	80.0	15,632	10,784	4,848	1,880	1,475	405	10.7
16 to 19 years	9,170 12,729	6,632 10,880	72.3 85.5	5,679 9,953	2,624 8,160	3,054 1,793	953 927	617 856	338 69	14.4 8.5
20 10 24 7040	12,725	10,000	00.0	0,000		1,700	52 ,			5.5
Men	11,176	9,529	85.3	8,482	6,428	2,055	1,047	842	205	11.0
Women	10,723	7,983	74.4	7,150	4,358	2,792	633	633	200	10.4
Less than a high school diploma	7,258	4,733	65.2	3,854	1,903	1,951	880	815	265	18.6
High school graduates, no college	6,964	5,827	83.7	5,232	3,908	1,324	595	504	91	10.2
Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	5,884 1,792	5,294 1,657	90.0 92.5	5,012 1,534	3,825 1,348	1,387 166	282 123	237 119	45 4	5.3 7.4
Black		:								
Total, 16 to 24 years	3,994	2,683	67.2	2,029	1,370	656	653	577	76	24.3
16 to 19 years	1,732	1,005	58.0	643	284	359	362	297	65	36.0
20 to 24 years	2,261	1,678	74.2	1,386	1,086	297	292	261	11	17.4
Men	1,909	1,363	71.4	1,023	726	293	340	311	29	24.9
Women	2,084	1,320	63.3	1,006	643	363	313	266	47	23.7
Less than a high school diploma	1,550	770	49.7	447	213	234	324	271	52	42.0
High school graduates, no college	1,388	1,008	72.6	776	537	236	232	217	15	23.0
Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates	912 144	770 135	84.4 93.8	880 127	507 113	173 14	90 6	82 8	9	11.7 5.6
Hispanic origin										
• •	3,638	2526	69.4	2,080	1,508	572	446	360	86	17.6
Total, 16 to 24 years	1,408	2,526 834	59.4 59.3	622	311	311	212	147	65	25.4
20 to 24 years	2,230	1,892	75.8	1,458	1,197	261	234	212	22	13.8
Men	1,954	1,594	81.6	1,314	1,042	272	280	223	57	17.6
Women	1,884	932	55.3	767	1,042 466	300	185	138	29	17.8
Less than a high school diploma	1,899	1,154	60.6	888	625	263	266	206	80	23.0
High school graduates, no college	1,042	806	77.3	688	523	165	118	99	19	14.7
Less than a bachelor's degree	632	518	82.0	457	320	138	61	54	7	11.8
College graduates	64	48	(ጎ)	47	40	6	1	1	1	(1)
							1			

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not

presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-16. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race

(in thousands)

						y 1994 			lle	nlound
		Full-tin	ne workers	⊢m¢	oloyed ¹	Part-time	workers	. "	Unem	ployed
Age, sex, and race			work			At w			1	
Age, sex, and race	Total	35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL										
Total, 16 years and over	102,522	85,406	8,607	8,509	21,977	3,705	15,947	2,325	6,952	1,329
6 to 19 years	3,343	2,762	438	143	4,355	736	3,349	270	1,059	568
16 to 17 years	919	728	143	48	2,380	308	1,901	171	442	396
18 to 19 years	2,424	2,034	295	95	1,974	428	1,448	98	618	172
0 years and over	99,179	82,644	8,169	8,366	17,622	2,969	12,596	2,055	5,892	761
20 to 24 years	10,354	9,022	885	448	3,013	759	2,103	152	1,280	157
25 years and over	88,826	73,623	7,284	7,918	14,609	2,211	10,495	1,903	4,813	604
25 to 54 years	78,224	65,169	8,307	6,748	10,583	1,956	7,271	1,356	4,140	432
55 years and over	10,601	8,454	977	1,170	4,026	255	3,224	547	473	172
Men, 16 years and over	60,683	52,249	4,546	3,888	6,963	1,667	4,844	452	3,869	540
6 to 19 years	2,051	1,680	286	84	1,962	371	1,489	103	813	293
0 years and over	58,631	50,569	4,256	3,804	5,001	1,296	3,356	349	3,255	247
20 to 24 years	5,974	5,267	481	226	1,166	338	784	46	706	64
25 years and over	52,657	45,302	3,777	3,578	3,833	959	2,572	303	2,549	183
25 to 54 years	46,178	39,970	3,201	3,007	2,184	843	1,210	131	2,263	98
55 years and over	6,479	5,332	576	571	1,649	116	1,362	172	285	86
Women, 16 years and over	41,840	33,157	4,061	4,621	15,014	2,038	11,103	1,873	3,083	789
8 to 19 years	1.292	1,082	151	59	2,393	365	1,861	167	446	275
0 years and over	40,548	32,075	3,911	4,562	12,621	1,673	9,243	1,706	2,637	513
20 to 24 years	4,379	3,755	403	221	1,845	421	1,319	105	573	93
25 years and over	38,169	28,320	3.508	4.341	10,776	1,252	7,923	1,601	2.064	420
25 to 54 years	32,046	25,199	3,106	3,741	8,399	1,113	8,061	1,225	1,877	334
55 years and over	4,122	3,122	401	599	2,377	139	1,863	375	187	88
White			<u> </u>			}				
Men, 16 years and over	52,852	45,337	3,919	3,396	5,888	1,311	4,197	378	2,841	383
6 to 19 years	1,812	1,493	244	74	1,861	299	1,278	85	405	218
0 years and over	50,840	43,644	3,874	3,322	4,225	1,012	2,920	294	2,437	184
20 to 24 years	5,133	4,539	399	195	941	270	637	34	508	43
25 years and over	45,707	39,305	3,275	3,127	3,284	742	2,263	260	1,929	121
25 to 54 years	39,869	34,504	2,746	2,818	1,761	844	1,021	97	1,709	64
55 years and over	5,839	4,601	529	509	1,523	98	1,262	163	219	57
Women, 16 years and over	34.616	27,290	3,421	3,907	13,291	1,814	9.963	1,714	2,222	621
6 to 19 years	1,100	924	124	52	2,084	304	1,632	148	283	196
0 years and over	33,517	26,366	3,297	3,854	11,207	1,310	8,331	1,566	1,939	424
20 to 24 years	3,658	3,172	320	166	1,540	328	1,121	92	400	66
25 years and over	29,860	23,194	2,977	3,688	9,667	982	7,210	1,474	1,539	359
25 to 54 years	26,312	20,541	2,610	3,162	7,546	878	5,547	1,121	1,376	263
55 years and over	3,548	2,653	368	527	2,121	104	1,664	354	163	78
Black										
Men, 18 years and over	5,598	4,775	467	356	751	251	452	47	800	113
18 to 19 years	170	125	40	5	229	50	166	11	193	47
0 years and over	5,428	4,650	427	351	522	201	285	36	607	65
20 to 24 years	591	514	55	23	156	60) 86 j	9	150	12
25 years and over	4,838	4,136	372	326	366	141	198	27	457	54
25 to 54 years55 years and over	4,390 448	3,775 362	331 41	284 44	288 79	134 7	134 85	20 7	413 44	30 24
		{	j			205	1			
Women, 18 years and over	5,465 145	4,417 118	494 21	554 8	1,255 225	335 45	805 169	115 11	707 141	119 52
to years and over	5,319	4,299	472	548	1,030	290	636	105	566	87
20 to 24 years	557	450	83	44	232	81	139	11	149	18
25 years and over	4,762	3,849	409	504	798	208	496	94	418	49
25 to 54 years	4,338	3,512	383	443	577	177	321	79	402	38

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are also classified according to their usual reference week. Persons absent from work are also classified according to treat usual status.

2 Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for

working part time.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-17. Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	To	tal 		M	en		Women			
Occupation		over ears		ears over		over	16 years and over			over
	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
Total	121,323	124,503	66,313	67,849	62,624	63,636	55,010	56,854	51,610	53,169
Managerial and professional specialty	31,962	33,476	16,793	17,439	16,662	17,302	15,169	16,037	14,981	15,855
Executive, administrative, and managerial		16,501	8,984	9,500	8,954	9,451	6,450	7,000	6,402	6,953
Officials and administrators, public administration		651	383	371	383	370	281	280	279	278
Other executive, administrative, and managerial		11,524	6,614	7,081	6,586	7,036	4,043	4,443	3,999	4,401
Management-related occupations		4,322	1,987	2,047	1,985	2,045	2,126	2,275	2,123	2,272
Professional specialty		16,975 1,883	7,809	7,938	7,708	7,851	8,719	9,037	8,580	8,902
Mathematical and computer scientists		1,182	1,567 747	1,716 763	1,563 740	1,714 761	161 328	167 419	161 328	167 418
Natural scientists		583	373	396	371	396	179	186	177	184
Health diagnosing occupations		947	726	746	726	743	168	201	169	201
Health assessment and treating occupations		2,683	359	318	357	317	2,334	2,365	2,333	2,363
Teachers, college and university		706	397	401	391	401	236	305	234	304
Teachers, except college and university		3,738	938	895	916	874	2,821	2,843	2,766	2,795
Lawyers and judges	830	852	605	606	605	606	225	246	225	246
Other professional specialty occupations	4,363	4,402	2,097	2,097	2,038	2,038	2,266	2,305	2,187	2,223
Technical, sales, and administrative support		37,491	13,688	13,406	13,022	12,711	23,758	24,085	22,207	22,327
Technicians and related support		3,927	2,061	1,901	2,030	1,869	2,099	2,028	2,057	1,997
Health technologists and technicians		1,631	262 888	294 962	259 878	293 936	1,248	1,337 254	1,228 227	1,319 251
Engineering and science technicians Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		1,216 1,081	912	645	893	641	241 610	436	602	427
Sales occupations		14,921	7,707	7.527	7,273	7.084	7.018	7,394	6.056	6.255
Supervisors and proprietors		4,469	2,595	2,805	2,572	2,795	1,456	1,664	1,427	1,847
Sales representatives, finance and business services		2,362	1,435	1,418	1,428	1,402	954	945	942	934
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	. 1,552	1,508	1,246	1,120	1,236	1,111	306	388	296	379
Sales workers, retail and personal services	6,630	6,497	2,395	2,166	2,001	1,762	4,234	4,330	3,330	3,231
Sales-related occupations	104	85	36	18	36	16	68	67	61	64
Administrative support, including clerical		18,643	3,920	3,978	3,719	3,758	14,641	14,665	14,094	14,074
Supervisors		737	287	277	287	274	451	460	449	458
Computer equipment operators	. 612	540	238	228	229	211	375	312	365	297
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists		4,319 2,357	85 252	106 235	55 244	97 223	4,183 2,078	4,213	4,043	4,096 2,097
Mail and message distributing	2,330	934	566	572	544	542	387	2,122	2,050 378	352
Other administrative support, including clerical	9,680	9,756	2,513	2,580	2,360	2,410	7,168	7,196	6,809	6,775
Service occupations	16,986	17,440	6,857	7,052	5,759	5,884	10,129	10,388	8,791	8,950
Private household		878	40	38	31	25	960	841	764	683
Protective service		2,314	1,782	1,882	1,724	1,787	420	432	343	342
Service, except private household and protective		14,248	5,034	5,132	4,004	4,073	8,749	9,116	7,684	7,925
Food service		6,061	2,516	2,550	1,785	1,795	3,499	3,511	2,788	2,703
Health service	2,103 2,953	2,176 3,178	273 1,704	267 1,728	256 1,550	245 1,551	1,831	1,910	1,743 1,180	1,823 1,370
Personal service		2,833	541	588	414	482	1,249 2,171	1,449 2,245	1,973	2,029
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,686	13,730	12,470	12,502	12,163	12,170	1,216	1,228	1,170	1,193
Mechanics and repairers	4,484	4,537	4,306	4,327	4,205	4,213	178	210	173	206
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair		5,273 3,920	5,231 2,933	5,1 64 3,011	5,065 2,894	5,011 2,946	122 917	109 909	115 882	96 891
				ł						
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		18,182	13,190 4,605	13,900 4,797	12,148	12,660	4,086	4,282	3,881 2,685	4,084
Transportation and material moving occupations		7,734 5,169	4,549	4,767	4,440 4,430	4,612 4,653	2,771 446	2,937 402	435	2,856 396
Motor vehicle operators	3,752	3,838	3,375	3,476	3,260	3,384	377	362	366	356
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,243	1,331	1,174	1,291	1,151	1,269	69	40	69	40
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		5,279	4,036	4,336	3,278	3,395	869	943	760	831
Construction laborers	. 759	849	730	817	652	683	29	32	26	31
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	. 4,145	4,430	3,306	3,519	2,626	2,732	840	912	734	801
Farming, forestry, and fishing		4,184	3,315	3,351	2,870	2,908	652	833	580	761
Farm operators and managers		1,498	1,031	1,095	1,021	1,063	197	402	195	384
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	. 2,740	2,687	2,285	2,256	1,849	1,844	455	430	384	377

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-18. Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	otal	M	en	Women		
Occupation and race	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	
TOTAL							
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		124,503 100.0	66,313 100.0	67,649 100.0	55,010 100.0	56,854 100.0	
Managerial and professional specialty	26.3	26.9	25.3	25.8	27.6	28.2	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	12.7	13.3	13.5	14.0	11.7	12.3	
Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support		13.6 30.1	11.8 20.6	11.7 19.8	15.9 43.2	15.9 42.4	
Technicians and related support	1	3.2	3.1	2.8	3.8	3.6	
Sales occupations		12.0	11.6	11.1	12.8	13.0	
Administrative support, including clerical		15.0	5.9	5.9	26.6	25.8	
Service occupations		14.0	10.3	10.4	18.4	18.3	
Private household		.7	.1 2.7	.1	1.7	1.5	
Protective service		1.9	2.7 7.6	2.8 7.6	.8 15.9	3. 16.0	
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.0	18.8	18.5	2.2	2.2	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		14.6	19.9	20.5	7.4	7.5	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.2	6.9	7.1	5.0	5.2	
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.2	6.9	7.0	.8	.7	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.2	6.1	6.4	1.6	1.7	
farming, forestry, and fishing	3.3	3.4	5.0	5.0	1.2	1.5	
White	((}					
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		106,447 100.0	57,653 100.0	58,538 100.0	46,819 100.0	47,909 100.0	
fanagerial and professional specialty	27.3	27.9	26.3	26.8	28.5	29.	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.8	14.2	14.7	12.2	12.7	
Professional specialty		14.1	12.1	12.2	16.2	16.4	
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	_	30.5	20.8	20.0	44.1	43.3	
Technicians and related support		3.1	3.1	2.8	3.6	3.5	
Sales occupations		12.6 14.8	12.2 5.5	11.7 5.5	13.2 27.1	13.0 26.1	
Service occupations		12.8	9.2	9.2	17.2	17.1	
Private household		.7	-	.1	1.6	1.4	
Protective service	1.7	1.8	2.5	2.6	.7	.:	
Service, except private household and protective		10.3	6.7	6.6	14.9	14.9	
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.4	19.6	19.1	2.1	2.	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		13.9	18.8 6.6	19.6 6.6	6.8 4.5	6.9 4.6	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations		4.1	6.6	6.8	.8	-7.0	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.0	5.6	6.0	1.6	1.0	
Farming, forestry, and fishing		3.6	5.2	5.2	1.3	1.6	
Błack							
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		13,072 100.0	6,228 100.0	6,353 100.0	6,220 100.0	6,719 100.0	
Managerial and professional specialty		18.6	14.6	15.3	21.0	21.8	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		9.0	7.9	6.9	8.3	9.2	
Professional specialty		9.6	6.6 18.5	6.4 17.8	12.6	12.6 37.9	
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support		28.0 2.8	18.5 2.5	17.6 2.1	37.4 4.0	37.8	
Sales occupations	8.0	8.1	6.5	6.9	9.5	9.1	
Administrative support, including clerical		17.2	9.5	8.7	24.0	25.2	
Service occupations	1	23.2	19.1	19.9	27.5	26.3	
Private household	1	1.0	.2	(')	2.5	2.0	
Protective service		2.8	4.7	4.7	1.2	9.	
Service, except private household and protective		19.4	14.2	15.2	23.8	23.4	
Precision production, craft, and repair		8.2 20.0	12.8 31.2	14.5 29.4	2.6 11.1	2.4 11.1	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		8.5	10.3	29.4 9.6	8.3	7.0	
Transportation and material moving occupations		5.4	9.6	9.9	1.0	1.2	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		6.1	11.3	9.9	1.8	2.4	
	2.1	1.9	3.8	3.3	.4	.5	

Less than 0.05 percent. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

A-19. Employed persons by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							July 1	994					
	Managerial profession specialt		sional administrativ			tive	Service occupations		Preci-				
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,732	92	78	37	22	160	_	14	45	3	29	27	3,224
Mining	676	119	82	24	9	67	-	4	209	16	120	24	3
Construction	8,067	1,143	129	78	60	476	-	44	4,473	98	592	934	39
Manufacturing		2,571	1,823	625	756	2,079	-	317	3,743	6,282	756	1,143	91
Durable goods	11,788	1,534	1,185	411	336	1,120	-	150	2,595	3,391	419	572	75
Nondurable goods	8,398	1,037	638	215	420	959	-	167	1,148	2,891	337	571	16
Transportation and public								ĺ			ļ		ĺ
utilities	8,835	1,081	496	337	280	2,333	-	242	1,356	119	2,029	550	12
Wholesale and retail trade	26,081	2,242	510	173	10,678	2,384	-	5,162	1,398	347	1,037	2,025	124
Wholesale trade	4,815	531	104	38	1,856	792	-	40	301	140	510	429	75
Retail trade	21,265	1,711	407	135	8,822	1,592	-	5,123	1,097	208	526	1,596	49
Finance, insurance, and					1			-	-				ĺ
real estate	8,276	2,222	263	164	2,057	2,977	-	295	165	13	13	17	91
	42,804	5,678	12,692	2,277	1,024	6,754	878	8,949	2,125	819	520	524	565
Private households	1,068	1	7	2	3	6	878	74	13	-	6	13	65
Other service industries		5,677	12,686	2,275	1,021	6,748	_	8,874	2,112	819	514	510	499
Professional services	28,111	3,557	11,177	2,000	172	4,907	_	5,104	459	208	265	103	158
Public administration	5,845	1,352	901	212	36	1,412	-	1,535	216	37	73	35	36

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-20. Employed persons in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					Ju	ıly 1994				
	i	Agriculture								
Ann and any					Wag	e and salary	workers			
Age and sex	Wage and	Self-	Unpaid		P	rivate industri	es		Self-	Unpaid
	salary workers	employed workers	family workers	Total	Total	Private household workers	Other private industries	Government	employed workers	family workers
Total, 16 years and over	1,899	1,770	64	111,575	93,811	1,059	92,753	17,763	9,051	145
16 to 19 years	249	99	27	7,140	6,594	201	6.392	546	159	23
16 to 17 years	135	65	14	2,995	2,749	125	2,623	247	82	ε
18 to 19 years		35	13	4,145	3,845	76	3,769	300	77	15
20 to 24 years	305	44	9	12,680	11,553	99	11,454	1,127	309	23
25 to 34 years	548	271	4	29,585	25,836	161	25,675	3,749	1,737	24
35 to 44 years	399	362	10	30,019	24,479	223	24,257	5,540	2,728	21
45 to 54 years	229	365	_	20,320	15,732	165	15,567	4,589	2,160	24
55 to 84 years		316	7	9,288	7,445	120	7,325	1,844	1,294	25
65 years and over	69	314	7	2,541	2,173	90	2,083	368	664	- 2
Men, 16 years and over	1,467	1,288	42	59,256	50,938	133	50,805	8,318	5,542	53
16 to 19 years		78	24	3,628	3,352	39	3,313	276	62	-
16 to 17 years	109	47	11	1,554	1,426	28	1,397	128	29) 3
18 to 19 years	101	31	12	2.074	1,926	11	1,915	148	33	_
20 to 24 years	240	39	9	6,639	6,089	13	6,076	550	203	16
25 to 34 years		186	1	16,054	14,258	33	14,226	1,795	1,032	
35 to 44 years		269	۱ –	16,024	13,527	17	13,510	2,497	1,673	6
45 to 54 years	T	258	_	10,629	8,490	15	8,475	2,139	1,339	l - `
55 to 64 years	78	213	4	4,959	4,106	10	4,096	853	808	14
65 years and over	1	245	4	1,324	1,116	6	1,110	208	426	
Women, 16 years and over	431	482	21	52,319	42,873	926	41,948	9,446	3,509	91
16 to 19 years	39	21	3	3,512	3,242	162	3,080	270	97	12
16 to 17 years	26	18	_	1,441	1,323	97	1,226	118	54	(
18 to 19 years	13	4	_	2.071	1,919	65	1.854	152	44	
20 to 24 years		5	_	6,042	5,464	86	5,378	577	107	
25 to 34 years	110	85	3	13,531	11,577	128	11,450	1.954	705	20
35 to 44 years	121	93	10	13.996	10.952	205	10,746	3,044	1.055	16
45 to 54 years	57	107	_'`	9,691	7,242	150	7,092	2,449	821	2
55 to 64 years	21	102	2	4,329	3,339	110	3,229	991	486	1
65 years and over	18	69	2	1,218	1,057	84	973	160	238	

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

A-21. Persons at work in agriculture and nonagriculture industries by hours of work

	July 1994										
Hours of work	•	Thousands of p	ersons	Percent distribution							
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries					
Total, 16 years and over	113,669	3,520	110,149	100.0	100.0	100.0					
1 to 34 hours	27,282	1,077	26,202	24.0	30.6	23.8					
1 to 4 hours	1,325	82	1,244	1.2	2.3	1.1					
5 to 14 hours	3,976	219	3,757	3.5	6.2	3.4					
15 to 29 hours	13,691	562	13,129	12.0	16.0	11.9					
30 to 34 hours	8,290	215	8,075	7.3	6.1	7.3					
35 hours and over	86,387	2,443	83,944	76.0	69.4	76.2					
35 to 39 hours	8,504	214	8,290	7.5	6.1	7.5					
40 hours	41,631	727	40,903	36.6	20.7	37.1					
41 hours and over	36,252	1,502	34,750	31.9	42.7	31.5					
41 to 48 hours	13,646	270	13,376	12.0	7.7	12.1					
49 to 59 hours	12,856	387	12,469	11.3	11.0	11.3					
60 hours and over	9,751	845	8,905	8.6	24.0	8.1					
Average hours, total at work	39.7	43.0	39.6	_	_	_					
Average hours, persons who usually work full time	43.5	50.5	43.3	-	-	_					

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of

Employment and Earnings. Detail on persons at work in tables A-21 through A-25 may not sum to the totals shown because of minor editing problems associated with the redesigned survey.

A-22. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

			July	1994		
Occasion della desa New OF house		All industries	.	Nona	gricultural ind Usually work full time 8,304 1,319 1,027 69 222 6,985 56 526 38 67 283 2,087	ustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	work	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	27,282	8,607	18,672	26,202	8,304	17,898
Economic reasons	4,841	1,411	3,430	4,617	1,319	3,298
Slack work or business conditions	2,408	1.087	1,322	2,299	1.027	1,272
Could only find part-time work	2,014	_	2.014	1,962	1 -	1,962
Seasonal work	187	92	94	133	69	64
Job started or ended during week	232	232	-	222	222	-
Noneconomic reasons	22,438	7,196	15,242	21.585	6,985	14,600
Child-care problems	791	55	738	772	56	717
Other family or personal obligations	4,845	553	4,292	4,647	526	4,121
Health or medical limitations	603	-	603	564	-	564
In school or training	4,120	39	4,082	3,992	38	3,955
Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	1,689		1,689	1,523	-	1,523
Vacation or personal day	4,027	4,6 7	-	3,948	3,948	-
Holiday, legal or religious	70		 -	67	67	-
Weather-related curtailment	329	32	-	283	263	-
All other reasons	5, 96 5	2,123	3,841	5,808	2,087	3,721
Average hours:						
Economic reasons	22.6	24.8	21.7	22.6	24.8	21.7
Other reasons	21.4	24.0	20.2	21.6	24.0	20.4

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-23. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				July	1994			
			Worked 1 t	o 34 hours			Avera	age hours
Industry and class of worker	Total at		_	For noneconomic reasons		Worked		
	work	Total	For economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	35 hours or more	Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
Total 16 years and over	110,149	26,202	4,617	6,985	14,600	83,944	39.6	43.3
Wage and salary workers	101,686	23,471	4,170	6,495	12,803	78,215	39.5	42.9
Mining	610	41	4	27	11	569	47.1	47.7
Construction	6,220	1,014	338	406	270	5,207	41.4	42.9
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	18,193 10,526 7,668	2,143 1,143 1,000	396 202 194	1,184 706 479	563 235 328	16,050 9,383 6,667	42.6 43.0 42.1	43.5 43.6 43.3
Transportation and public utilities	7,852 22,888 7,210	1,086 7,434 1,327	147 1,508 113	488 1,013 496	451 4,913 717	6,766 15,453 5,883	42.7 37.6 39.7	44.4 43.6 42.1
Service industries	33,221 986 32,235 5,491	9,641 585 9,056 785	1,610 140 1,470 54	2,368 39 2,328 512	5,659 406 5,254 219	23,580 401 23,179 4,706	37.6 28.7 37.9 40.8	42.2 43.2 42.1 41.8
Self-employed workers	8,318 145	2,653 81	440 7	484 6	1,729 68	5,665 64	40.3 33.9	47.6 45.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-24. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by age, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49	Worked 35 hours or more kt 2	Total at work	
Industry and class of worker Total at work Total at work Total at work Total Processors Total economic reasons Usually work full time Usually work Usually w	Worked 35 hours or more kt 2	at work 39.6 29.8	
Total economic reasons	00 83,944 86 2,787 42 744 44 2,042 14 81,157 76 8,922	at work 39.6 29.8	usually work full time
Total, 16 years and over	86 2,787 42 744 44 2,042 14 81,157 76 8,922	29.8	43.3
16 to 19 years 6,921 4,134 747 300 3,0 16 to 17 years 2,874 2,130 314 74 1,7 18 to 19 years 4,047 2,004 433 227 1,3 20 years and over 103,228 22,071 3,869 6,685 11,5 20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 years and over 50,512	86 2,787 42 744 44 2,042 14 81,157 76 8,922	29.8	43.3
16 to 17 years 2,874 2,130 314 74 1,7 18 to 19 years 4,047 2,004 433 227 1,3 20 years and over 103,228 22,071 3,869 6,685 11,5 20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,889 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512	42 744 44 2,042 14 81,157 76 8,922	1	
18 to 19 years 4,047 2,004 433 227 1,3 20 years and over 103,228 22,071 3,669 6,685 11,5 20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 19 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 2,9 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years	44 2,042 14 81,157 76 8,922	25.5	40.2
20 years and over 103,228 22,071 3,869 6,685 11,5 20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over <t< td=""><td>14 81,157 76 8,922</td><td></td><td>39.3</td></t<>	14 81,157 76 8,922		39.3
20 to 24 years 12,432 3,510 860 672 1,9 25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397	76 8,922	32.8	40.5
25 years and over 90,796 18,561 3,010 6,013 9,5 25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394<		40.2	43.4
25 to 54 years 78,610 14,531 2,618 5,249 6,6 55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,485 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394		37.3	41.7
55 years and over 12,186 4,030 392 764 2,8 Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003	1 '	40.6	43.6
Men, 16 years and over 60,633 10,051 2,224 3,526 4,2 16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119		41.2	43.7
16 to 19 years 3,523 1,893 368 191 1,3 16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045	75 8,158	36.6	42.9
16 to 17 years 1,479 1,055 181 58 8 18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,485 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 1	98 50,582	42.5	44.8
18 to 19 years 2,044 838 187 133 5 20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929	34 1,631	31.5	40.5
20 years and over 57,110 8,158 1,856 3,335 2,9 20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	16 425	28.8	39.6
20 to 24 years 6,597 1,465 431 321 7 25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	18 1,206	34.9	40.8
25 years and over 50,512 6,694 1,426 3,014 2,2 25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	64 48,951	43.2	44.9
25 to 54 years 43,680 4,900 1,228 2,590 1,0 55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	10 5,132	39.2	42.4
55 years and over 6,832 1,793 198 424 1,1 Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	53 43,819	43.7	45.2
Women, 16 years and over 49,516 16,154 2,393 3,459 10,3 16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5		44.4	45.3
16 to 19 years 3,397 2,241 380 109 1,7 16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	72 5,039	39.5	44.3
16 to 17 years 1,394 1,075 134 18 9 18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5		36.0	41.0
18 to 19 years 2,003 1,166 246 93 8 20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5		28.0	39.7
20 years and over 46,119 13,913 2,013 3,350 8,5 20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	25 320	24.0	38.8
20 to 24 years 5,835 2,045 429 351 1,2 25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	27 836	30.8	40.0
25 years and over 40,284 11,867 1,584 2,999 7,2 25 to 54 years 34,929 9,630 1,390 2,659 5,5	1 7	36.6	41.1
25 to 54 years		35.2	40.7
		36.8	41.1
		37.3 32.9	41.2 40.7
Race			1
White, 16 years and over	93 71,238	39.7	43.5
Men 52,284 8,518 1,758 3,058 3,7		42.8	45.1
Women	1	35.8	41.1
Black, 16 years and over	06 9,146	38.2	41.3
	18 4,716 88 4,430	39.8 36.7	42.3 40.3
	30 4,400	30.7	40.0
Marital status			
Men, 16 years and over:	97 99 499	44.4	45 5
Married, spouse present 36,730 4,532 817 2,188 1,5 Widowed, divorced, or separated 6,833 1,098 283 468 3		44.1	45.5 45.0
Widowed, divorced, or separated 6,833 1,098 283 468 3 Single (never married) 17,070 4,421 1,124 870 2,4		43.2 38.7	45.0 42.9
Women, 16 years and over:			
Married, spouse present 25,828 8,415 861 1,658 5,6	96 17,412	35.6	40.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated		38.0	41.7
Single (never married) 13,664 5,075 1,035 796 3,2		35.1	41.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-25. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

	July 1994							
Occupation and sex	Total at work	Worked 1 to 34 hours				Average hours		
		Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons		Worked 35 hours	Total	Persons who
				Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time
Total, 16 years and over¹	109,734	26,080	4,550	6,938	14,588	83,654	39.6	43.3
Managerial and professional specialty	29,084	5,396	534	2,200	2,662	23,688	42.1	44.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial		2,038	158	1,072	808	13,473	44.2	45.8
Professional specialty		3,358	376	1,129	1,853	10,215	39.7	43.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support		9,322	1,264	2,084	5,974	25,601	38.0	42.4
Technicians and related support		691	78	214	399	3,001	40.3	42.9
Sales occupations		4,106	691	639	2,777	9,972	39.2	45.0
Administrative support, including clerical		4,524 6,496	495 1,436	1,231 892	2,798	12,629 9,609	36.5 34.7	40.3 41.6
Service occupations		494	1,436	34	4,164 338	327	34.7 26.2	42.2
Protective service		364	60	140	163	1,778	42.0	44.0
Service, except private household and protective		5,639	1,254	718	3,663	7,504	33.9	41.0
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,764	472	829	483	11,045	42.2	43.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		3,082	843	933	1,306	13,712	41.1	43.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1	1,024	293	450	281	5,988	41.3	42.4
Transportation and material moving occupations		726	172	237	317	4,047	44.3	46.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1,331	378	246	708	3,677	37.8	41.8
Men, 16 years and over ¹	60,118	9,654	2,166	3,474	4,210	50,265	42.6	44.8
Managerial and professional specialty	15,987	2,087	242	1,074	771	13,900	45.0	46.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial		912	98	550	264	8,055	46.4	47.4
Professional specialty		1,175	144	524	506	5,845	43.3	45.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support		2,008	315	626	1,067	10,753	42.7	45.2
Technicians and related support		204	24	109	71	1,595	43.1	44.2
Sales occupations		1,147	195	283	669	6,034	44.2	47.2
Administrative support, including clerical	3,782	657	96	234	327	3,124	39.6	41.9
Service occupations	6,667	2,043	583	356	1,101	4,623	37.7	42.5
Private household	33	15	6	- 1	9	16	(1)	(f)
Protective service	1,761	279	46	121	112	1,483	42.8	44.4
Service, except private household and protective		1,749	531	236	980	3,123	36.0	41.7
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,567	441	759	367	10,149	42.5	43.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		2,148	586	658	904	10,839	42.1	44.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		533	155	253	125	3,871	42.5	43.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	1 7	562	120	212	230	3,881	45.1	46.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	'	1,053	312	192	549	3,087	38.3	42.2
Women, 16 years and over ¹	49,616	16,226	2,384	3,464	10,378	33,390	35.9	41.0
Managerial and professional specialty		3,309	292	1,126	1,891	9,788	38.5	42.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6,544	1,126	60	522	544	5,419	41.3	43.4
Professional specialty		2,183	232	604	1,347	4,369	35.8	40.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support		7,313	949	1,458	4,906	14,848	35.3	40.5
Technicians and related support		488	54	105	328	1,406	37.7	41.3
Sales occupations		2,959	496	356	2,107	3,938	34.1	41.8
Administrative support, including clerical		3,867	399	997	2,471	9,504	35.7	39.8
Service occupations	9,438	4,452	853	536	3,063	4,986 309	32.5 28.0	40.7 42.0
Protective service		479 85	116	34 20	329 51	295	38.6	42.0 42.1
Service, except private household and protective		3,889	723	483	2,683	4,382	32.7	40.5
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,114	217	32	69	116	896	32.7 39.7	40.5 42.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		934	257	275	402	2,872	37.9	40.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,609	492	138	197	157	2,117	39.2	40.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	330	164	53	25	86	166	33.2	42.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		276	66	53	159	590	35.6	40.1
riginators, equipment elegators, nelpers, and laborers	000	210	00	33	108	350	33.0	40.1

¹ Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and

A-26. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		M	en			Wor	men	
Marital status, race, and age	Thouse		•	loyment tes	Thouse pers		•	loyment tes
	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
Total, 16 years and over	4,907	4,409	6.9	6.1	4,094	3,872	6.9	6.4
Married, spouse present	1,757	1,431	4.1	3.3	1,542	1,376	4.9	4.3
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	691	601	8.8	7.4	866	786	7.3	6.6
Single (never married)	2,459	2,377	11.9	11.2	1,686	1,710	10.6	10.4
White, 16 years and over	3,705	3,224	6.0	5.2	2,961	2,843	5.9	5.6
Married, spouse present	1,477	1,132	3.9	3.0	1,307	1,188	4.7	4.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	550	431	8.4	6.4	616	579	6.5	6.1
Single (never married)	1,678	1,661	10.0	9.6	1,038	1,076	8.4	8.4
Black, 16 years and over	957	913	13.3	12.6	965	826	13.4	10.9
Married, spouse present	187	179	5.9	5.5	156	111	6.8	4.6
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	115	140	10.9	12.4	225	171	11.3	8.4
Single (never married)	655	594	21.9	20.5	584	543	20.1	17.7
Total, 25 years and over	3,251	2,732	5.5	4.6	2,711	2,484	5.6	5.0
Married, spouse present	1,648	1,335	4.0	3.2	1,358	1,208	4.6	4.0
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	663	578	8.7	7.3	792	727	6.9	6.3
Single (never married)	939	819	9.2	8.2	562	549	7.8	7.5
White, 25 years and over	2,537	2,050	5.0	4.0	2,025	1,898	5.0	4.6
Married, spouse present	1,382	1,058	3.8	2.9	1,158	1,033	4.4	3.8
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	525	412	8.3	6.3	570	526	6.2	5.7
ingle (never married)	630	580	7.7	7.2	297	338	5.7	6.3
Black, 25 years and over	564	510	9.9	8.9	572	465	9.9	7.7
Married, spouse present	178	171	5.8	5.5	129	105	6.0	4.5
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	112	139	10.9	12.5	197	168	10.2	8.5
Single (never married)	274	200	17.1	13.5	246	192	14.7	11.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-27. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thouse pers				Unemploy	ment rates	ı	
Occupation	То	tal	To	otal	М	en	Wo	men
	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
Total, 16 years and over*	9,002	8,281	6.9	6.2	6.9	6.1	6.9	6.4
Managerial and professional specialty	945	965	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.5	3.1	3.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	483	377	3.0	2.2	2.8	1.9	3.4	2.6
Professional specialty	462	588	2.7	3.3	2.6	3.2	2.8	3.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,142	1,902	5.4	4.8	5.0	4.0	5.7	5.3
Technicians and related support	182	102	4.2	2.5	4.8	2.3	3.6	2.7
Sales occupations	885	874	5.7	5.5	4.5	4.0	6.9	7.1
Administrative support, including clerical	1,075	925	5.5	4.7	5.9	5.0	5.3	4.7
Service occupations	1,393	1,587	7.6	8.3	7.1	9.3	7.9	7.7
Private household	53	101	5.1	10.3	O	Ô	4.5	10.5
Protective service	84	113	3.7	4.7	3.0	4.7	6.4	4.3
Service, except private household and protective	1,255	1,373	8.3	8.8	8.4	10.9	8.3	7.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,119	739	7.6	5.1	7.6	4.9	7.2	6.9
Mechanics and repairers	276	165	5.8	3.5	5.9	3.3	3.6	6.9
Construction trades	571	385	9.6	6.8	9.7	6.8	7.2	6.9
Other precision production, craft, and repair	272	189	6.6	4.6	6.2	3.9	7.9	6.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,838	1,817	9.6	9.1	9.0	8.7	11.6	10.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	738	720	9.1	8.5	7.6	7.6	11.5	10.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	363	373	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.7	8.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	737	724	13.1	12.1	12.8	12.1	14.4	11.9
Construction laborers	169	160	18.2	15.9	18.0	16.2	(*)	(1)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	568	564	12.0	11.3	11.5	11.1	14.1	12.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	271	347	6.4	7.7	6.1	7.4	7.8	8.8
No previous work experience	1,243	876	_	-	_	-	-	-
16 to 19 years	840	639	_	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 years	236	137	_	-	-	-	-	-
25 years and over	167	99	-	-	-	} -	l –	-

¹ Includes a small number of persons whose last job was in the Armed

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

A-28. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers				Unemploy	ment rates		
Industry	To	tal	To	otal	М	en	Wo	men
	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
Total, 16 years and over	9,002	8,281	6.9	6.2	6.9	6.1	6.9	6.4
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6,582	6,170	6.8	6.2	6.9	6.2	6.7	6.2
Mining	42	41	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.3	4.9
Construction	818	585	13.2	9.1	13.3	9.5	12.2	4.8
Manufacturing	1,479	1,171	7.1	5.6	6.4	4.9	8.7	7.1
Durable goods	797	663	6.7	5.5	6.6	5.2	7.2	6.3
Lumber and wood products	59	53	8.2	7.2	7.5	8.0	12.2	1.9
Furniture and fixtures	53	47	8.3	7.1	10.4	6.3	3.3	8.7
Stone, clay, and glass products	29	46	5.3	8.1	5.9	9.2	2.8	3.8
Primary metal industries	44	26	5.6	3.2	5.7	3.1	4.9	3.9
Fabricated metal products	63	88	5.0	6.4	4.8	5.5	5.8	9.3
	143	94				3.5	5.4	1
Machinery and computing equipment			6.0	3.8	6.2			4.8
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	141	79	7.0	4.2	4.9	2.8	10.2	6.0
Transportation equipment	190	167	8.2	7.4	8.2	7.3	8.2	7.9
Automobiles	77	93	6.5	7.6	6.5	7.8	6.5	7.0
Other transportation equipment	112	74	10.0	7.2	10.0	6.7	10.0	9.3
Professional and photographic equipment	33	27	5.0	3.9	4.9	2.7	5.2	5.6
Other durable goods industries	42	35	7.9	5.9	8.9	5.0	6.8	8.8
Nondurable goods	682	508	7.7	5.8	6.1	4.5	9.9	7.7
Food and kindred products	190	98	9.2	5.0	7.9	4.9	11.8	5.3
Textile mill products	38	45	6.2	7.2	5.9	7.0	6.6	7.3
Apparel and other textile products	151	124	13.6	12.0	9.8	8.8	14.9	13.1
Paper and allied products	36	40	4.5	4.9	3.5	4.9	7.3	5.0
Printing and publishing	90	111	5.1	6.1	3.1	5.2	7.3	7.3
Chemicals and allied products	85	44	6.6	3.4	6.7	2.4	6.3	5.3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	69	31	7.9	3.8	6.5	2.2	10.7	6.7
Other nondurable goods industries	23	14	6.3	4.1	6.1	3.1	8.0	6.6
Transportation and public utilities	324	368	4.7	5.1	5.1	5.6	3.7	3.7
Transportation	226	272	5.6	6.3	5.7	6.8	5.2	4.7
Communications and other public utilities	98	96	3.4	3.3	4.0	3.5	2.5	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	1,901	1,951	7.5	7.5	6.9	7.2	8.2	7.9
Wholesale trade	269	259	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.3	7.5	5.9
Retail trade	1,631	1,692	7.8	7.9	7.3	7.8	8.3	8.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	282	274	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.9	3.8
Service industries	1,737	1,780	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.6
Professional services	760	759	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.6	4.1
Other service industries	977	1,021	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.3	8.2	8.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	212	232	10.1	10.9	10.0	11.0	10.4	10.4
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	964	1,004	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.7
No previous work experience	1,243	876	_	_	_	_	_ '	_

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A-29. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	To 16 y and	ears	Me 20 y and	ears	Wor 20 y and	ears	Both s 16 to yea	19	Wł	nite	Bla	ack
	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED			:									
Total unemployed	9,002	8,281	4,039	3,503	3,400	3,150	1,563		6,667		1,923	
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4,652	3,701	2,801	2,091	1,657	1,441	194	169			920	
On temporary layoff	1,071	950	612	475	422	418	37	57		757	192	146
Not on temporary layoff	3,581	2,751	2,189		1,235	1,023	157		2,677	2,134		464
Permanent job losers	()	2,016	<u>Q</u>	1,200	()	740	g	76		1,591	()	308
Persons who completed temporary jobs	(¹) 969	735 797	(¹)	416	(')	283	(')	36		543		157
Job leavers			408	382	410	292 1,268	150 416	123 697	746 1.606			107 750
Reentrants	2,217 1,164	2,907 876	723 107	942 87	1,078 254	1,266	803	639				
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	,,											
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	51.7	44.7	69.4	59.7	48.7	45.7	12.4	10.4	53.1	47.6	47.9	35.1
On temporary layoff		11.5	15.2	13.6	12.4	13.3	2.4	3.5		12.5		
Not on temporary layoff	39.8	33.2	54.2	46.1	36.3	32.5	10.0	6.9		35.2	37.9	
Job leavers	10.8	9.6	10.1	10.9	12.1	9.3	9.6	7.5		10.8		
Reentrants	24.6	35.1	17.9	26.9	31.7	40.2	26.6	42.8		32.7	25.8	
New entrants	12.9	10.6	2.6	2.5	7.5	4.7	51.4	39.3	11.6	8.8	16.7	15.7
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.6	2.8	4.2	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.8	3.2	2.6	6.4	4.1
Job leavers	.7	.6	.6	.6	.7	.5	1.7	1.3	.7	.6	1.3	.7
Reentrants	1.7	2.2	1.1	1.4	2.0	2.3	4.8	7.5	1.4	1.8	3.4	5.1
New entrants	.9	.7	.2	.1	.5	.3	9.3	6.9	.7	.5	2.2	1.8

¹ Not available.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of ${\it Employment\ and\ Earnings}.$

A-30. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				July 1994			
	Total une	employed		Durati	on of unempl	oyment	
Reason, sex, and age	Thousands		Less than	5 to 14	15	weeks and o	over
	of persons	Percent	5 weeks	weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	8,281	100.0	37.5	30.0	32.5	13.1	19.5
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,701	100.0	38.7	26.7	34.7	13.7	20.9
On temporary layoff	950	100.0	63.1	29.0	7.8	4.4	3.5
Not on temporary layoff	2,751	100.0	30.2	25.8	43.9	16.9	27.0
Permanent job losers	2,016	100.0	26.6	24.4	49.0	19.1	30.0
Persons who completed temporary jobs	735	100.0	40.2	29.9	29.9	11.1	18.8
Job leavers	797	100.0	48.6	25.8	25.6	12.0 -	13.6
Reentrants	2,907	100.0	33.2	31.7	35.1	13.7	21.4
New entrants	2,507 876	100.0	36.6	42.4	21.0	9.0	12.0
New entrains	0/6	100.0	36.6	42.4	21.0	9.0	12.0
Men, 20 years and over	3,503	100.0	33.2	26.4	40.4	13.8	26.6
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2,091	100.0	36.6	24.2	39.1	14.3	24.8
On temporary layoff	475	100.0	64.0	25.9	10.0	6.3	3.7
Not on temporary layoff	1.616	100.0	26.6	23.7	47.7	16.6	31.0
Permanent job losers	1.200	100.0	25.6	21.5	52.9	18.6	34.3
Persons who completed temporary jobs	416	100.0	37.1	30.2	32.7	11.1	21.6
Job leavers	382	100.0	40.9	25.6	33.5	14.1	19.4
Reentrants	942	100.0	23.6	29.4	47.0	13.6	33.4
New entrants	87	100.0	22.3	48.4	29.3	3.3	26.0
Women, 20 years and over	3,150	100.0	38.0	30.2	31.8	14.1	17.7
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,441	100.0	38.1	31.0	30.9	13.8	17.1
On temporary layoff	418	100.0	57.1	36.5	6.4	2.8	3.6
Not on temporary layoff	1,023	100.0	30.4	28.7	40.9	18.3	22.6
Permanent job losers	740	100.0	24.6	29.2	46.2	20.8	25.4
Persons who completed temporary jobs	283	100.0	45.6	27.4	27.0	11.7	15.3
Job leavers	292	100.0	47.7	28.0	24.3	13.0	11.3
Reentrants	1,268	100.0	37.3	28.8	33.9	14.6	19.3
New entrants	149	100.0	22.9	39.6	37.5	15.5	22.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,628	100.0	45.7	37.4	16.9	9.4	7.6
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	169	100.0	68.4	19.9	11.7	5.8	5.9
On temporary layoff	57	100.0	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(')
Not on temporary layoff	112	100.0	52.1	30.3	17.6	8.7	8.9
Permanent job losers	76	100.0	60.5	23.5	16.0	9.6	6.5
Persons who completed temporary jobs	36	100.0	()	(¹)	(')	(t)	l (t)
Job leavers	123	100.0	75.1	20.9	4.0	3.3	-
Reentrants	697	100.0	38.6	40.1	21.3	12.3	9.0
New entrants	639	100.0	41.7	42.2	16.0	8.2	7.8

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current"

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of ${\it Employment\ and\ Earnings.}$

A-31. Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	istribution
,,	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994
Total, 16 years and over	9,002	8,281	100.0	100.0	7,602	6,952	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	3,474	3,104	38.6	37.5	2,722	2,473	35.8	35.6
5 to 14 weeks	2,671	2,484	29.7	30.0	2,233	2,047	29.4	29.4
5 to 10 weeks	2,023	1,833	22.5	22.1	1,660	1,494	21.8	21.5
11 to 14 weeks	648	651	7.2	7.9	573	553	7.5	8.0
15 weeks and over	2,858	2,692	31.7	32.5	2,647	2,432	34.8	35.0
15 to 26 weeks	1,072	1,081	11.9	13.1	986	938	13.0	13.5
27 weeks and over	1,785	1,611	19.8	19.5	1,661	1,494	21.8	21.5
27 to 51 weeks	814	621	9.0	7.5	759	558	10.0	8.0
52 weeks and over	971	990	10.8	12.0	902	936	11.9	13.5
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.0	16.1	_	-	18.3	19.5	-	_
Median duration, in weeks	7.3	8.1	-	-	8.3	8.8	- i	-

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-32. Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

				July	1994			
•			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Sex, age, race, and marital status		Less	5 to 14	15	weeks and o	wer	Average	Median
	Total	than 5 weeks	weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	duration
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	8,281	3,104	2,484	2,692	1,081	1,611	18.1	8.1
16 to 19 years		743	609	276	152	123	10.3	5.5
20 to 24 years		572	518	346	172	174	13.7	7.4
25 to 34 years		704	559	720	291	428	19.4	8.8
35 to 44 years		551	416	617	224	393	21.5	9.4
45 to 54 years		310	228	468	154	314	26.0	12.3
55 to 64 years		167	117	182	60	121	22.7	9.9
35 years and over	1	57	38	84	28	57	25.8	10.5
Men, 16 years and over	4,409	1,564	1,259	1,586	571	1,015	20.7	9.0
6 to 19 years	906	399	335	172	87	85	11.1	6.0
20 to 24 years	770	306	271	194	92	102	13.9	8.0
25 to 34 years		332	298	425	144	281	23.1	9.9
85 to 44 years		262	166	343	106	238	25.5	11.6
5 to 54 years	1	153	111	271	85	186	29.8	15.0
55 to 84 years		79	63	118	37	81	26.8	12.7
5 years and over		32	15	63	20	43	32.7	19.1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,,,			1	5	
Women, 16 years and over		1,540	1,225	1,106	511	596	15.2	7.2
6 to 19 years		344	273	104	65	39	9.2	5.0
20 to 24 years	666	267	247	153	80	73	13.4	6.9
25 to 34 years	927	371	261	295	148	147	15.1	7.3
35 to 44 years	813	289	250	274	118	156	17.7	8.4
15 to 54 years	471	157	117	197	69	128	21.7	10.1
55 to 64 years	204	88	54	63	23	40	17.5	6.7
35 years and over		25	23	21	7	14	(')	(')
•				_		1	.,	''
Race					}			1
White, 16 years and over	6,067	2,433	1,759	1,875	751	1,124	17.3	7.6
Vien	3,224	1,244	877	1,104	394	709	20.0	8.4
Nomen	2,843	1,190	882	771	357	414	14.4	6.7
St. 1 40						l		
Black, 16 years and over		486	581	672	262	411	21.4	9.7
Wen		222	295	396	148	248	24.2	11.3
Women	826	264	286	276	114	162	18.2	8.5
Marital status						}	i	
Men, 16 years and over:			İ			}		
Married, spouse present		470	336	625	222	403	23.7	11.2
Nidowed, divorced, or separated		188	134	279	90	189	27.0	12.4
Single (never married)	2,377	905	790	683	259	423	17.3	7.8
Women, 16 years and over:								l
Married, spouse present	1,376	577	407	392	152	239	15.4	6.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated		277	226	283	146	137	17.1	8.1
Single (never married)		686	592	432	212	220	14.1	7.0

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current"

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-33. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

				July	1994			
			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Occupation and industry		Less	F 4= 44	15	weeks and	over	Average	\$ 4 - ali-
	Total	than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	Median duration
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	965	288	307	370	143	227	21.3	10.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,902	713	544	644	294	350	17.5	8.8
Service occupations	1,587	675	483	430	170	260	15.6	6.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	739	281	188	270	115	156	19.7	9.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,817	689	480	648	223	425	20.4	8.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	347	129	103	115	43	72	16.7	6.2
INDUSTRY ¹								
Agriculture	232	92	68	72	32	40	15.4	5.5
Construction	597	234	191	172	77	95	15.7	7.9
Manufacturing	1,179	409	303	467	199	268	21.5	10.0
Durable goods	671	227	151	293	120	173	23.5	11.1
Nondurable goods	508	182	151	174	80	95	18.9	9.1
Transportation and public utilities	420	151	63	206	59	147	29.8	13.3
Wholesale and retail trade	1,968	814	566	588	257	331	16.3	7.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	283	61	99	124	53	71	22.0	10.9
Services	2,221	858	713	651	274	376	15.8	7.7
Public administration	147	39	32	76	11	64	30.5	17.1
No previous work experience	876	320	371	184	79	105	14.1	6.9

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-34. Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	July 1994											
Category			Age		Sex							
	Total	16 to 24 years	25 to 54 years	55 years and over	Men	Women						
otal not in the labor force	64,076	8,447	19,212	36,417	22,319	41,757						
Do not want a job now¹	58,050	6,437	16,216	35,397	20,125	37,925						
Want a job now	6,026	2,010	2,996	1,020	2,194	3,832						
Did not search for work in previous year	3,482	1,075	1,650	758	1,110	2,372						
Searched for work in previous year ²	2,544	935	1,346	262	1,084	1,460						
Not available to work now	699	238	410	52	228	471						
Available to work now	1,844	697	936	210	856	988						
Reason not currently looking:			1	l								
Discouragement over job prospects ³	542	187	294	61	324	218						
Reasons other than discouragement	1,302	511	643	149	532	771						
Family responsibilities	246	51	170	24	48	198						
In school or training	174	132	42	-	97	77						
III health or disability	140	15	86	39	51	88						
Other ⁴	743	313	344	85	337	406						

¹ Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job.

discrimination.

² Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job.

the end of that job.

3 Includes believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of

Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as child care and and transportation problems, as well as a small number for which reason for non participation was not ascertained.

A-35. Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

			July 1	1994		
Characteristic	Both	sexes	Me	en	Wor	nen
	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate¹
AGE						
Total, 16 years and over ²	7,172	5.8	3,853	5.7	3,319	5.8
16 to 19 years	532	6.9	249	6.2	283	7.7
20 years and over	6,640	5.7	3,604	5.7	3,036	5.7
20 to 24 years	946	7.1	419	5.9	527	8.5
25 years and over	5,694	5.5	3,186	5.6	2,508	5.3
25 to 54 years	5,103	5.7	2,812	5.8	2,291	5.7
55 years and over	590	4.0	373	4.6	217	3.3
55 to 64 years	501	4.5	313	5.1	188	3.8
65 years and over	89	2.5	60	2.9	29	1.9
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN		5.0	0.000			
White	6,307	5.9	3,389	5.8	2,918	6.1
Black	644 291	4.9 2.7	338 180	5.3 2.7	306 111	4.6 2.6
Hispanic origin	291	2.7	180	2.7	'''	2.0
MARITAL STATUS			}			
Married, spouse present	3,923	5.4	2,422	5.9	1,501	4.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1.063	5.7	374	4.9	689	6.2
Single (never married)	2.186	6.5	1,057	5.6	1,129	7.6
	_,,,,	"				
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS						
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,023	_	2,419	_	1,604	_
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,529	-	497	_	1,032	_
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	284	ļ <u>-</u>	204	_	60	_
lours vary on primary or secondary job	1.302	_	720	_	582	_

¹ Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified group.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-36. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status				tal	Empl	oyed	Unemployed						
and age	July 1993	July 1994	July	July	July	July	Number		Percent of labor force				
	į		1993	1994	1993	1994	July 1993	July 1994	July 1993	July 1994			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS													
Total, 40 years and over	7,194 6.360	7,403 6,506	6,385 5.928	6,508 6,016	6,081	6,240	304	268	4.8 4.7	4.1			
40 to 54 years	2,257	1,854	2,116	1,711	5,650 2,012	5,756 1,612	279 105	260 99	4.7 5.0	4.3 5.8			
45 to 49 years	2,943	3,183	2,748	2,960	2,612	2,837	137	123	5.0	4.2			
50 to 54 years55 years and over	1,160 834	1,468 898	1,064 458	1,346 492	1,027 431	1,308 484	37 25	38 8	3.5 5.5	2.8 1.6			
NONVETERANS					1								
Fotal, 40 to 54 years	15,480	16,230	14,057	14,606	13,382	14.027	676	580	4.8	4.0			
40 to 44 years	6,769	7,503	6,321	6,985	6,024	6,738	297	247	4.7	3.5			
45 to 49 years	4,596	4,772	4,146	4,272	3,959	4,104	187	169	4.5	3.9			
50 to 54 years	4,095	3,955	3,590	3,346	3,398	3,184	192	164	5.3	4.9			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For

additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

group.

² Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary jobs(s), not shown separately.

B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1943 to date

(In thousands)

					Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
	Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and reat estate	Services	Federal	Governmen State	Loc
			L	<u> </u>	l	.L	L	Anr	rual average	 98			L			
943		42,434	36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,828	5,154	1,481	4,130	2,905	(¹)	(')
		41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,851	5,208	1,481	4,145	2,928	ŏ	8
	•••••	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,869	3,906	1,955	5,359	1,481	4,222	2,808	l ö	l č
		41,652	36,058	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,298	6,077	1,675	4,697	2,254	Ö	č
		43,857	36,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,478	6,477	1,728	5,025	1,892	Ö	ċ
		44,866	39,218	18,774	994	2,198	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,612	6,659	1,800	5,181	1,863	(i)	ľĊ
		43,754	37,697	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,610	6,654	1,828	5,239	1,908	Ö	Ċ
950 .		45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,643	6,743	1,888	5,358	1,926	(t)	c
		47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,735	7,007	1,956	5,547	2,302	(i)	l (1
		48,793	42,185	20,196	896	2,866	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,621	7,184	2,035	5,699	2,420	(1)	(
953 .		50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,859	17,549	29,126	4,290	2,862	7,385	2,111	5,635	2,305	(1)	(
954 .		48,990	42,236	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,675	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	(¹)	(
		50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,934	7,601	2,298	8,240	2,187	1,168	3,
		52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,264	4,244	3,027	7,831	2,369	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,
	•••••	52,855	45,239	20,967	828	2,962	17,176	31,869	4,241	3,037	7,848	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,0
	•••••	51,322	43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,969	7,761	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4,
H284	***************************************	53,270	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,092	6,035	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,
		54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,153	8,238	2,628	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,
		53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,142	8,195	2,688	7,619	2,279	1,607	4,
	•••••	55,549	48,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,207	8,359	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,
		58,653	47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,258	6,520	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,
	•••••	58,263	48,686	21,005	834	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,858	5,
		60,763	50,689 53,116	21,928	632	3,232 3,317	18,062	36,839	4,036 4,158	3,477 3,608	9,239 9,637	2,977 3,058	9,036	2,378 2,564	1,996	5, 6,
		63,901 65,803	54,413	23,158	627 613	3,248	19,214 19,447	40,743 42,495	4,156	3,700	9,906	3,056	9,498	2,304	2,141	
		67,697	56,058	23,308 23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,158	4,200	3,700	10,308	3,165	10,587	2,719	2,302 2,442	6, 6,
		70,364	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,187	48,023	4,442	3,919	10,785	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,
070		70.000	E0 00E	00 570	600	0.500	10.207	47 200	4 5 4 5	4 000	44.004	0.045	11 540	0.704	0.004	,
		70,880 71,211	58,325 58,331	23,578 22,935	623 609	3,588 3,704	19,367 18,623	47,302 48,276	4,515 4,476	4,006 4,014	11,034 11,338	3,645 3,772	11,548 11,797	2,731 2,696	2,864 2,747	7, 7,
	•••••	73,675	60,341	23,686	828	3,689	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,127	11,822	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7.
973 .		76,790	63,056	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,291	12,315	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8,
974 .		78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,447	12,539	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,
		76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,430	12,630	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,
		79,362	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,562	13,193	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,
		82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,723	13,792	4,467	15,302	2,727	3,377	9,
		66,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,985	14,558	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,
9/9 .	••••••	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,221	14,972	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,
		90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,148	5,292	15,018	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,
		91,152	75,121	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,655	5,165	5,375	15,171	5,298	18,615	2,772	3,640	9,
		89,544	73,707	23,812	1,128	3,904	18,780	65,732	5,061	5,295	15,158	5,340	19,021	2,739	3,640	9,
		90,152	74,282 78,384	23,330	952	3,946 4,380	18,432	68,821	4,952 5,158	5,263	15,587	5,466 5,684	19,664 20,748	2,774	3,662	9,
		94,408	60,992	24,718 24,842	966 927	4,668	19,372 19,248	69,690 72,544	5,158	5,568 5,727	16,512 17,315	5,684	20,748	2,807 2,875	3,734 3,832	9,
		99,344	82,651	24,533	777	4,810	18,947	74,811	5,233	5,727	17,860	6,273	22,957	2,899	3,893	9,
		101,958	84,948	24,674	717	4,958	18,999	77,284	5,362	5,848	18,422	6,533	24,110	2,943	3,967	10,
	······	105,210	67,624	25,125	713	5,098	19,314	80,086	5,514	6,030	19,023	6,630	25,504	2,971	4,076	10,
		107,895	90,117	25,254	692	5,171	19,391	82,642	5,625	6,187	19,475	6,668	26,907	2,988	4,182	10,
990		109,419	91,115	24,905	709	5,120	19,076	84,514	5,793	6,173	19,601	6,709	27,934	3,085	4,305	10,
		108,256	89,854	23,745	689	4,650	18,406	84,511	5,762	6,081	19,264	6,646	28,338	2,966	4,355	11,
		108,604	89,959	23,231	635	4,492	18,104	85,373	5,721	5,997	19,356	6,602	29,052	2,969	4,408	11,
993 .		110,525	91,708	23,256	611	4,642	18,003	87,269	5,787	5,958	19,717	6,712	30,278	2,915	4,484	11,
			L	L	l	L	L			h	L	l	L		l	L
93:			1		1	T	M	oniniy dat	a, seasonal	y adjusted		1			r	Т
		110,372	91,568	23,225	608	4,832	17,985	87,147	5,789	5,949	19,695	6,704	30,206	2,908	4,476	11,
		110,628	91,602	23,232	606	4,653	17,973	87,396	5,800	5,962	19,735	6,718	30,355	2,903	4,488	11,
	ıst	110,714	91,892	23,207	602	4,659	17,948	87,507	5,786	5,954	19,770	6,724	30,451	2,906	4,487	11,
Septe	ember	110,923	92,036	23,206	605	4,667	17,934	87,717	5,783	5,962	19,805	6,735	30,545	2,902	4,518	11,
	ber	111,112	92,239	23,245	605	4,700	17,940	87,887	5,798	5,985	19,822	6,748	30,661	2,901	4,504	11,
	ember	111,366	92,479	23,281	604	4,733	17,944	88,085	5,600	5,971	19,848	6,783	30,816	2,900	4,505	11,
Dece 994:	mber	111,610	92,692	23,298	618	4,738	17,942	88,312	5,792	5,976	19,931	6,769	30,926	2,915	4,511	11,
		111,711	92,810	23,328	616	4,744	17,968	88,383	5,793	5,990	19,924	6,771	31,004	2,893	4,492	11,
Febr	uary	111,919	93,003	23,327	612	4,745	17,970	88,592	5,803	6,003	19,965	6,776	31,129	2,892	4,511	11,
		112,298	93,357	23,395	609	4,806	17,980	88,903	5,816	6,013	20,026	6,781	31,328	2,884	4,520	11,
			93,718	23,506	806	4,893	18,007	89,193	5,759	6,026	20,137	6,791	31,497	2,882	4,534	11,
May		112,951	93,937 94,290	23,519	603 605	4,907 4,923	18,009 18,036	89,432	5,843 5,846	6,037	20,153	6,787	31,598 31,763	2,870	4,533	11,
	Ρ	113,307		23,564				89,743		6,046	20,271	6,800		2,857	4,536	11,

¹ Not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1993) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1990) are subject to revision.

² Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

	•	Total private			Mining			Construction)
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
		·	<u> </u>	A	nnual averag	es		,	
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.8	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.86	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	-34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464,46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.8	8.98	312,50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
989	34.6	9.68	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.01
991	34.3	10.32	353.98	44.4	14.19	630.04	38.1	14.00	533.40
992	34.4	10.57	363.61	43.9	14.54	638.31	38.0	14,15	537.70
993	34.5	10.83	373.64	44.3	14.60	646.78	38.4	14.37	551.81
	·		·	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	 j	·	L
993:								[·	
July	34.8	\$10.75	\$374.10	44.1	\$14.49	\$639.01	39.5	\$14.37	\$567.62
August	35.1	10.78	378.38	44.9	14.44	648.36	39.6	14.45	572.22
September	34.5	10.91	376.40	44.5	14.54	647.03	38.3	14.52	556.12
October	34.6	10.94	378.52	45.5	14.47	658.39	39.3	14.55	571.82
November	34.5	10.96	378.12	44.7	14.43	645.02	38.6	14.47	558.54
December	34.7	10.97	380.66	44.6	14.67	654.28	38.3	14.46	553.82
994:)		1			1	İ
January	34.3	11.06	379.36	44.1	15.06	664.15	37.0	14.41	533.17
February	34.0	11.06	376.04	43.7	14.92	652.00	36.1	14.45	521.65
March	34.4	11.04	379.78	44.0	14.84	652.96	38.1	14.44	550.16
April	34.5	11.07	381.92	44.5	14.96	665.72	38.3	14.49	554.97
May	34.8	11.09	385.93	44.4	14.83	658.45	39.7	14.59	579.22
June ^o	34.8	11.03	383.84	44.9	14.71	660.48	39.6	14.57	576.97

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Trans	ortation and utilities	l public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly
					Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.81	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.08
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.66
68	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.90
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	138.86
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.42
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69
)73	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.48	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.54
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	178.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.94
75	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.19
078	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.27
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
978	40.4	8.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
079	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.88
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.68
82	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.46
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.79
84	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.88
85	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.36
86	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.84	38.3	9.34	357.72
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.38
986	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.24
989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.82
90	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.97	504.53	38.1	10.79	411.10
91	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.7	13.22	511.61	38.1	11.15	424.82
92	41.0	11.46	10.95	469.86	38.9	13.45	523.21	38.2	11.39	435.10
993	41.4	11.74	11.18	486.04	39.6	13.63	539.75	38.2	11.73	448.09
				Monthl	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted			
93:						1	1			
July	41.0	\$11.72	\$11.18	\$480.52	40.0	\$13.63	\$545.20	38.3	\$11.73	\$449.26
August	41.5	11.70	11.13	485.55	40.3	13.62	548.89	38.4	11.75	451.20
September	41.5	11.85	11.24	491.78	39.8	13.67	544.07	38.1	11.80	449.58
October	41.8	11.80	11.19	493.24	39.9	13.66	545.03	38.3	11.81	452.32
November	42.0	11.87	11.26	498.54	39.7	13.69	543.49	38.2	11.80	450.76
December	42.4	12.00	11.36	508.80	39.8	13.74	546.85	38.3	11.85	453.86
January	41.5	11.96	11.38	496.34	39.6	13.83	547.67	38.2	11.95	456.49
ebruary	40.9	12.00	11.42	490.80	39.4	13.85	545.69	37.9	11.93	452.15
March	41.9	11.99	11.38	502.38	39.5	13.80	545.10	38.1	11.87	452.25
April	42.0	12.01	11.39	504.42	39.9	13.78	549.82	38.3	11.99	459.22
/lay	42.0	12.01	11.39	504.42	40.0	13.76	550.40	38.6	11.98	462.43
June ^p	42.2	12.02	11.39	507.24	40.2	13.73	551.95	38.5	11.94	459.69

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insura nd real esta		i	Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
966	35.9	1.91	66.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	60.38
968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	38.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.96	33.9	3.27	110.85
973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
974	32.7	3.14	102.66	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
979	30.8	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
961	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	8.31	229.05	32.8	8.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	8.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
986	29.2	6.03	176.06	38.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
987	29.2	8.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
988	29.1	6.31	163.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
990	28.8	8.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
991	28.6	6.94	198.48	35.7	10.39	370.92	32.4	10.23	331.45
992	28.8	7.12	205.06	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.54	342.55
993	28.8	7.29	209.95	35.8	11.35	406.33	32.5	10.79	350.68
ŀ		L		Monthly data	ı, not seasor	ally adjusted	j	l	
1993:					T			<u> </u>	
July	29.6	\$7.24	\$214.30	35.6	\$11.27	\$401.21	32.8	\$10.62	\$348.34
August	29.7	7.24	215.03	36.4	11.39	414.60	33.1	10.66	352.85
September	28.8	7.32	210.82	35.6	11.41	406.20	32.3	10.83	349.81
October	28.8	7.36	211.97	35.7	11.52	411.28	32.4	10.87	352.19
November	28.6	7.36	210.50	35.7	11.57	413.05	32.4	10.93	354.13
December	29.3	7.36	215.85	35.7	11.65	415.91	32.4	10.98	355.75
994:		I			44			1	
January	28.2	7.45	210.09	36.4	11.79	429.16	32.5	11.06	359.45
February	28.1	7.45	209.35	35.8	11.77	421.37	32.2	11.05	355.81
March	28.5	7.45	212.33	35.6	11.75	418.30	32.3	11.02	355.95
April	28.7	7.47	214.39	35.7	11.81	421.62	32.4	11.01	356.72
May	28.9	7.47	215.88	36.1	11.84	427.42	32.7	11.03	360.68
June [®]	29.2	7.45	217.54	35.5	11.66	414.64	32.5	10.92	354.90
July	29.7	7.48	221.56	35.7	11.71	418.05	32.8	10.91	357.85

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

(in triousands)			19	93						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total	110,628	110,714	110,923	111,112	111,366	111,610	111,711	111,919	112,298	112,699	112,951	113,307	113,566
Total private	91,802	91,892	92,036	92,239	92,479	92,692	92,810	93,003	93,357	93,718	93,937	94,290	94,551
Goods-producing	23,232	23,207	23,206	23,245	23,281	23,298	23,328	23,327	23,395	23,506	23,519	23,564	23,592
Mining ¹		602	605	605	604	618	616		609	606	603	605	602
Metal mining		47	50	50	50	51	50	50	50	50	50	50	51
Oil and gas extraction Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		357 100	357 100	356 101	355 101	351 101	349 102	346 101	344 100	342 100	338 101	339 101	336 101
Construction		4,659	4,667	4,700	4,733	4,738	4,744	4,745	4,806	4,893	4,907	4,923	4,948
General building contractors		1,106	1,107	1,120	1,133	1,138	1,139		1,152	1,163	1,161	1,163	1,165
Heavy construction, except building	713	711	711	709	712	710	713	709	710	725	723	725	734
Special trade contractors	2,830	2,842	2,849	2,871	2,888	2,890	2,892	2,902	2,944	3,005	3,023	3,035	3,049
Manufacturing	17,973	17,946	17,934	17,940	17,944	17,942	17,968	17,970	17,980	18,007	18,009	18,036	18,042
Durable goods		10,121	10,123	10,135		10,153	10,182					10,249	10,244
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures		701 484	705 484	709 485	712 487	716 489	723 492	723 492	723 493	726 493	726 495	730 496	731 502
Stone, clay, and glass products		515	516	517	517	518	521	521	523	529	528	529	530
Primary metal industries	676	675	675	675	678	678	679	680	680	678	679	680	681
Blast furnaces and basic steel													
products		236	237	237	238	237	238	236	235	231	230	230	230
Fabricated metal products	1,328	1,327	1,328	1,332	1,335	1,338	1,345	1,345	1,348	1,353	1,357	1,365	1,365
Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical	1,916	1,912	1,913	1,914	1,916	1,918	1,922	1,925	1,927	1,938	1,940	1,947	1,942
_equipment		1,515	1,516	1,518	1,521	1,524	1,524	1,528	1,535	1,542	1,540	1,550	1,547
Transportation equipment		1,732	1,730	1,731	1,725	1,724	1,730	1,726	1,723	1,719	1,718	1,724	1,712
Motor vehicles and equipment		829	832	840	843	853	874	868	867	870	868	876	875
Aircraft and parts Instruments and related products		530 886	528 882	522 880	515 877	507 873	502 871	496 868	491 864	486 861	484 858	480 853	474 856
Miscellaneous manufacturing	376	374	374	374	374	375	375	374	374	377	376	375	378
Nondurable goods	7,838	7,825	7,811	7,805	7,802	7,789	7,786	7,788	7,790	7,791	7,792	7,787	7,798
Food and kindred products		1,678	1,671	1,678	1,675	1,671	1,667	1,672	1,670	1,667	1,665	1,664	1,671
Tobacco products	43	42	42	42	42	42	41	40	41	41	40	39	38
Textile mill products	675	672	672	672	671	671	672	673	674	673	671	672	673
Apparel and other textile products		980	977	970	966	959	956	954	956	955	958	956	951
Paper and allied products		688	687	686	685	685	686	685	684	684	684	683	683
Printing and publishing		1,516	1,515	1,514	1,515	1,514	1,517	1,518		1,523	1,524	1,526	1,531
Chemicals and allied products		1,077	1,076	1,073	1,071	1,070	1,065	1,062	1,059	1,057	1,056	1,054	1,054
Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products		150 905	150 905	150 903	151 909	149 911	148 917	148 920	147 922	148 927	148 931	147 932	147 937
Leather and leather products		117	116	117	117	117	117	116	116	116	115	114	113
Service-producing	87,396	87,507	87,717	87,867	88,085	88,312	88,383	88,592	88,903	89,193	89,432	89,743	89,974
Transportation and public utilities					5,800	5,792	5,793	5,803			5,843	5,846	
Transportation						3,611	3,611	3,622			3,664	3,674	
Railroad transportation	252	246	249	246	247	248	247	248	248	248	243	246	247
Local and interurban passenger	200	970	074	970	074	970	077	200	200	996	200	000	200
transit Trucking and warehousing		379 1,693	371 1,695	373 1,712	374 1,715	376 1,704	377 1,705	380 1,711	382 1,721	386 1,665	383 1,753	388 1,761	392 1,767
Water transportation		1,093	1,695	1,712	1,715	1,704	1,705	166		1,065	1,753	1,761	1,767
Transportation by air		733	736	734	735	741	739	739	739	738	733	730	728
Pipelines, except natural gas	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Transportation services	356		356	357	358	359	360	360	362	363	365	365	368
Communications and public utilities	2,200	2,197	2,193	2,192	2,187	2,181	2,182	2,181	2,178	2,177	2,179	2,172	2,171
Communications	1,256	1,255	1,252	1,252	1,250	1,246	1,249	1,249	1,248	1,250	1,254	1,253	1,250
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	944	942	941	940	937	935	933	932	930	927	925	919	921
	L	L		l			<u> </u>	L	L		l	L	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA **EMPLOYMENT** SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

landore to .			19	93						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Wholesale trade	5,962	5,954	5,962	5,965	5,971	5,976	5,990	6,003	6,013	6,028	6,037	6,046	6,05
Durable goods	3,412	3,406	3,411	3,410	3,413	3,419	3,424	3,430	3,434	3,445	3,449	3,454	3,45
Nondurable goods	2,550	2,548	2,551	2,555	2,558	2,557	2,566	2,573	2,579	2,583	2,588	2,592	2,59
Retail trade	19,735	19,770	19,805	19,822	19,848	19,931	19,924	19,965	20,026	20,137	20,153	20,271	20,34
Building materials and garden supplies	782	786	790	794	798	803	808	812	818	829	833	839	8.
General merchandise stores	2,457	2,452	2,455	2,454	2,451	2,446	2,421	2,433	2,432	2,442	2,438	2,444	2,4
Food stores	3,213	3,218	3,216	3,220	3,210	3,214	3,215	3,223	3,232	3,229	3,240	3,230	3,2
Automotive dealers and service													
stations	2,020	2,029	2,039	2,048	2,060	2,074	2,084	2,101	2,117	2,132	2,139	2,145	2,1
Apparel and accessory stores	1,149	1,152	1,153	1,148	1,144	1,154	1,146	1,148	1,154	1,146	1,144	1,145	1,1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	829	832	839	844	849	852	855	862	866	876	879	887	8
Eating and drinking places	6,825	6,843	6,854	6,850	6,869	6,917	6,928	6,915	6,928	6,995	6,993	7,076	7,1
Miscellaneous retail establishments	2,460	2,458	2,459	2,464	2,467	2,471	2,467	2,471	2,479	2,488	2,487	2,505	2,5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,718	6,724	6,735	6,748	6,763	6,769	6,771	6,776	6,781	6,791	6,787	6,800	6,8
Finance	3,222	3,225	3,230	3,240	3,245	3,250	3,252	3,254	3,256	3,259	3,257	3,262	3,2
Depository institutions	2,082	2,076	2,072	2,072	2,068	2,064	2,057	2,050	2,044	2,042	2,039	2,037	2,0
Nondepository institutions	449	452	457	463	467	472	477	483	486	487	486	486	4
Security and commodity brokers	468	472	475	479	483	486	489	492	496	499	501	505	5
Holding and other investment offices.	223	225	226	226	227	228	229	229	230	231	231	234	2
Insurance	2,183	2,185	2,187	2,187	2,192	2,190	2,187	2,186	2,185	2,189	2,185	2,186	2,1
Insurance carriers	1,521	1,521	1,524	1,525	1,530	1,527	1,525	1,525	1,524	1,527	1,522	1,523	1,5
Insurance agents, brokers, and													_
service	662	664	663	662	662	663	662	661	661	662	663	663	6
Real estate	1,313	1,314	1,318	1,321	1,326	1,329	1,332	1,336	1,340	1,343	1,345	1,352	1,3
Services ¹		30,451	30,545	30,661	30,816	30,926	31,004	31,129	31,326	31,497	31,598	31,763	31,9
Agricultural services	512	516	522	526	533	538	539	530	528	537	548	552	5
Hotels and other lodging places	1,594	1,590	1,596	1,602	1,599	1,599	1,602	1,599	1,808	1,608	1,609	1,625	1,6
Personal services	1,138	1,136	1,131	1,134	1,137	1,140	1,149	1,143	1,138	1,137	1,129	1,129	1,1
Business services	5,799	5,838	5,877	5,950	6,016	6,062	6,092	6,161	6,244	6,318	6,341	6,418	6,4
Personnel supply services	1,937	1,961	1,984	2,033	2,066	2,103	2,130	2,173	2,230	2,282	2,286	2,338	2,3
Auto repair, services, and parking	947	955	962	965	975	986	992	1,002	1,017	1,026	1,029	1,040	1,0
Miscellaneous repair services	362	363	364	366 423	368	370	373	375	375	377	379 472	380	3
Motion pictures	413	416	421		425	432	435	443	450	465		479	
Amusement and recreation services	1,254 8,782	1,258 8,802	1,255 8,830	1,249 8,852	1,250 8,873	1,254 8,890	1,251 8,909	1,252 8,922	1,271 8.959	1,275 8,985	1,282 8,998	1,290 9,022	1,2 9.0
Health services	3,790	3,790	3,791	3,790	3,789	3,787	3,788	3,787	3,791	3,794	3,794	3,788	3,7
Legal services	929	930	934	934	935	934	937	939	940	941	942	939	9,7
Educational services	1,690	1,693	1,697	1,696	1,707	1,708	1,710	1,720	1,730	1,733	1,744	1,738	1,7
Social services	2,109	2,124	2,117	2,121	2,139	2,154	2,162	2,175	2,190	2,205	2,224	2,241	2,2
Museums and botanical and zoological	2,103	2,127	2,117	2,121	2,108	2,134	2,102	2,175	2,100	2,200	2,227	2,241	2,2
gardens	76	76	77	77	77	77	77	78	78	79	79	79	
Membership organizations	2.035	2,036	2.035	2,036	2.040	2,040	2,042	2.041	2.044	2.047	2.051	2,054	2,0
Engineering and management services	2,540	2,543	2,553	2,556	2,567	2,567	2,560	2,575	2,580	2,590	2,597	2,603	2,6
Government	18,826	18,822	18,887	18,873	18,887	18,918	18,901	18,916	18,941	18,981	19,014	19.017	19.0
Federal		2,906	2,902	2,901	2,900	2,915	2.893	2.892	2.884	2,882	2.870	2.857	2.8
State	4,488	4,487	4.518	4.504	4,505	4,511	4,492	4,511	4.520	4,534	4,533	4.536	4.5
Education		1,831	1,856	1,840	1,841	1,841	1,824	1,838	1,846	1,850	1,849	1,847	1,8
Other State government	2,657	2,656	2,662	2,664	2,664	2,670	2,668	2,673	2,674	2,664	2,684	2,689	2,6
Local		11,429	11,467	11,468	11,482	11,492	11,516	11,513	11,537	11,565	11,611	11,624	11,6
Education		6,374	6,383	6,378	6,382	6,390	6,404	6,392	6,410	6,436	6,445	6,460	6,4
Other local government	5,068	5,055	5,084	5,090	5,100	5,102	5,112	5,121	5,127	5,129	5,166	5,164	5,1

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from

March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

B-4. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

to the state of				19	93						1994		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total	53,388	53,402	53,522	53,572	53,665	53,747	53,843	53,969	53,981	54,097	54,246	54,477	54,653
Total private	43,172	43,224	43,318	43,363	43,442	43,525	43,616	43,713	43,730	43,828	43,959	44,160	44,280
Goods-producing	6,536	6,518	6,510	6,496	6,485	6,485	6,482	6,480	6,475	6,482	6,490	6,506	6,515
Mining	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	89	87	86	87	86	86
Construction	517	518	519	520	521	523	524	525	526	528	532	539	539
Manufacturing	5,931	5,912	5,903	5,888	5,876	5,874	5,870	5,866	5,862	5,868	5,871	5,881	5,890
Durable goods		2,697	2,688	2,682	2,680	2,681	2,681	2,683	2,685	2,688	2,691	2,700	2,705
Lumber and wood products	113	113	113	114	114	115	116	117	117	118	117	119	119
Furniture and fixtures	147	147	147	147	147	147	148	149	149	150	150	150	151
Stone, clay, and glass products		103	103	103	103	103	102	102	103	103	103	104	103
Primary metal industries	92	91	91	91	91	92	92	92	93	93	94	93	95
Fabricated metal products		293	292	292	292	293	294	294	296	296	297	298	299
Industrial machinery and equipment		417	415	413	414	413	413	413	413	414	416	418	420
Electronic and other electrical equipment		641	640	639	640	641	642	643	642	644	645	649	649
Transportation equipment		354	352	351	349	348	347	348	348	349	349	348	348
Instruments and related products		366	364	362	360	359	358	356	355	354	353	352	352
Miscellaneous manufacturing	171	172	171	170	170	170	169	169	169	167	167	169	169
Nondurable goods		3,215	3,215	3,206	3,196	3,193	3,189	3,183	3,177	3,180	3,180	3,181	3,185
Food and kindred products		540	540	542	536	542	542	540	538	541	543	541	541
Tobacco products	14	15	14	13	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13
Textile mill products	323	322	322	320	320	320	318	318	319	319	319	318	317
Apparel and other textile products	771	766	763	757	754	747	743	737	733	732	732	732	733
Paper and allied products	169	168	168	168	167	166	167	167	167	166	165	165	164
Printing and publishing	671	670	671	673	672	672	672	673	673	674	676	677	678
Chemicals and allied products	339	338	339	337	337	337	336	337	335	334	332	332	334
Petroleum and coal products		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	25
Rubber and misc. plastics products		307	309	307	307	306	308	308	310	312	312	315	316
Leather and leather products		65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	64	64	64
Service-producing	46,802	46,884	47,012	47,076	47,180	47,262	47,361	47,489	47,506	47,615	47,756	47,971	48,138
Transportation and public utilities	1,696	1,697	1,698	1,697	1,696	1,701	1,705	1,701	1,697	1,698	1,700	1,699	1,709
Wholesale trade	1,821	1,815	1,817	1,812	1,818	1,822	1,824	1,825	1,831	1,834	1,839	1,846	1,850
Retail trade	10,417	10,425	10,443	10,453	10,473	10,476	10,484	10,512	10,513	10,533	10,554	10,601	10,635
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,240	4,246	4,255	4,259	4,264	4,268	4,278	4,285	4,281	4,284	4,288	4,293	4,291
Services	18,462	18,523	18,595	18,646	18,706	18,773	18,843	18,910	18,933	18,997	19,088	19,215	19,280
^	40.455	40.4-0	40.004	40.000	40.000	40,000	40.00-	40.050	40.054	40.000	40.00=	40.04-	40.07
Government			10,204	10,209	10,223	10,222	10,227	10,256	10,251	10,269	10,287	10,317	10,373
Federal		1,208	1,205	1,207	1,206	1,205	1,204	1,210	1,203	1,205	1,203	1,203	1,198
State		2,235	2,246	2,248	2,257	2,255	2,255	2,259	2,246	2,259	2,267	2,273	2,277
Local	6.716	6,735	6,753	6,754	6,760	6,762	6,768	6.787	6.802	6.805	6,817	6,841	6.898

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced,

all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-5. Production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

lando seba o			19	93						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total private	74,710	74,801	74,941	75,119	75,323	75,496	75,588	75,783	76,129	76,487	76,690	77,013	77,162
Goods-producing	16,273	16,258	16,275	16,311	16,356	16,385	16,408	16,430	16,507	16,615	16,615	16,668	16,69
Mining	430	428	430	429	426	438	433	432	430	428	427	430	430
Construction	3,582	3,583	3,590	3,821	3,645	3,655	3,655	3,657	3,719	3,796	3,796	3,814	3,830
Manufacturing	12,261	12,247	12,255	12,261	12,285	12,292	12,320	12,341	12,358	12,391	12,392	12,424	12,43
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	6,784 574 383	6,776 577 382	6,792 580 384	6,806 584 384	6,822 588 386	6,843 591 388	6,869 597 389	6,881 597 389	6,892 597 391	6,924 600 390	6,930 601 392	6,964 603 393	6,969 603 393
Stone, clay, and glass products	514 181	397 514 181 980	398 515 181 982	399 516 181 984	399 518 181 989	400 518 181 993	402 519 181 998	402 521 180 1,000	404 521 179 1,004	409 520 175 1,009	408 521 175 1,012	410 521 173 1,019	410 523 173 1,019
Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	1,162 968 1,104	1,158 965 1,103 635	1,162 969 1,103 637	1,165 972 1,104 642	1,169 974 1,104 645	1,174 979 1,106 653	1,179 976 1,117 670	1,185 980 1,116 669	1,187 982 1,115 667	1,197 991 1,117 672	1,200 990 1,118 669	1,208 998 1,126 678	1,210 993 1,120 680
Instruments and related products	434 269	433 267	431 268	430 268	428 267	426 268	425 267	425 266	424 267	423 268	421 267	419 267	42 27
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	825	5,471 1,227 31 571 821 519 838	5,463 1,223 31 572 818 518 837	5,455 1,227 31 571 813 517 835	5,463 1,227 32 571 810 517 835	5,449 1,224 31 570 803 517 833	5,451 1,221 31 572 800 518 835	5,460 1,226 30 573 799 518 836	5,466 1,229 31 574 801 517 837	5,467 1,224 31 572 801 518 838	5,462 1,222 31 571 801 518 835	5,460 1,218 30 571 800 518 839	5,46 1,22 2 57 79 51 84
Chemicals and allied products	572 98 702 94	571 98 701 94	573 98 700 93	574 97 697 93	577 98 703 93	577 96 705 93	575 96 710 93	575 95 715 93	573 95 717 92	574 96 720 93	573 96 724 91	573 95 725 91	57 9 73 9
Service-producing	58,437	58,543	58,666	58,808	58,967	59,111	59,180	59,353	59,622	59,872	60,075	60,345	60,47
Transportation and public utilities	4,851	4,841	4,837	4,857	4,856	4,841	4,845	4,855	4,870	4,816	4,897	4,893	4,89
Wholesale trade	4,806	4,801	4,809	4,813	4,817	4,824	4,832	4,842	4,853	4,864	4,867	4,880	4,87
Retail trade	17,385	17,418	17,442	17,450	17,460	17,512	17,527	17,565	17,632	17,714	17,737	17,835	17,88
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,880	4,886	4,899	4,910	4,927	4,932	4,932	4,936	4,943	4,949	4,945	4,957	4,95
Services	26,515	26,597	26,679	26,778	26,907	27,002	27,044	27,155	27,324	27,529	27,629	27,780	27,85

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

B-6. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private n	onfarm pay	rolls, 358 in	dustries ¹				7
Over 1-month span:												ĺ
1990	58.8	57.3	50.8	47.9	49.7	51.8	43.8	46.2	42.7	41.6	41.3	41.3
1991	39.6	39.6	38.5	38.2	48.5	45.4	48.3	52.0	48.9	46.8	46.5	46.1
1992	42.1	46.1	48.3	57.7	53.1	50.4	52.8	46.5	53.4	56.9	52.5	57.3
1993	57.9	81.7	49.0	56.0	57.0	51.1	56.8	50.0	58.7	57.4	61.0	57.4
1994	56.6	58.3	62.9	62.5	56.3	P 62.2	P 58.6				1	
over 3-month span:		!							1			
1990	59.0	59.1	52.5	48.9	49.0	47.3	45.9	40.6	38.3	36.2	35.7	35.4
1991	34.3	32.0	31.6	38.2	39.3	44.2	49.4	50.7	50.8	44.9	43.7	40.9
1992	39.7	42.3	51.0	58.2	57.6	54.1	50.4	49.9	51.7	56.2	58.6	59.8
1993	64.0	81.4	59.7	55.8	54.9	57.7	54.6	55.9	55.8	62.4	81.5	60.8
1994	62.1	64.5	65.2	65.0	P 85.4	P 64.0	34.0	30.8	33.6	02.4	01.5	00.0
ver 6-month span:								:				
1990	57.2	54.9	55.8	50.4	46.6	44.0	41.3	36.9	35.8	33.6	32.0	30.2
1991	30.2	32.4	31.2	33.7	39.2	44.7	46.5	45.8	47.6	44.5	41.4	39.9
1992	43.5	46.3	47.2	52.0	54.2	58.6	52.8	53.1	55.6	56.3	64.2	62.2
1993	81.4	60.6	59.0	59.8	54.4	54.5	57.9	58.6	59.7	60.8	82.8	63.0
1994	67.0	65.9	^p 68.5	P 66.3								
ver 12-month span:						_						
1990	55.5	52.7	51.7	46.5	45.4	42.6	39.3	36.1	35.6	33.0	33.0	30.8
1991	31.0	31.0	31.7	31.9	31.7	33.6	35.6	37.5	40.0	45.2	45.8	45.4
1992	47.2	42.3	42.7	44.1	48.0	52.5	55.6	60.7	59.7	60.4	60.1	60.7
1993	60.0	81.1	60.7	62.2	63.2	62.1	62.4	60.8	63.5	62.6	63.1	P 63.6
1994	P 64.0											1
					Manufac	turing payr	olls, 139 inc	lustries ¹				
	ļ					, and pay						
Over 1-month span:		!										
1990	48.9	47.5	43.9	46.6	40.3	46.6	38.6	42.4	35.6	38.5	29.1	34.2
1991	32.7	35.6	31.3	37.4	45.7	43.5	46.4	49.3	42.8	47.8	41.4	39.8
1992	38.1	40.6	45.0	57.9	47.6	50.0	53.2	41.7	49.3	47.6	52.5	51.6
			470									51.1
1993	' 52.5 i	57.6 i	47.8	41.7	46.0	40.3	49.3	42.6	46.6	50.0	55.4	
1993 1994	52.5 54.3	57.6 53.6	47.8 51.1	41.7 56.1	46.0 50.0	40.3 P 59.0	49.3 P 51.4	42.6	46.6	50.0	55.4	J
1994								42.6	46.6	50.0	55.4	01.1
1994	54.3		51.1	56.1	50.0	P 59.0	₽ 51.4	42.6 28.8	į	50.0 23.0		
1994	54.3 44.6	53.6 45.3	51.1 45.0	56.1 38.8	50.0 41.7	P 59.0 38.8	P 51.4 38.1	28.8	30.9	23.0	23.0	21.6
1994	54.3 44.6 24.5	53.6 45.3 21.9	51.1 45.0 20.5	56.1 38.8 32.7	50.0 41.7 36.3	P 59.0 38.8 39.8	9 51.4 38.1 47.1	28.8 46.0	30.9 48.2	23.0 39.9	23.0 36.7	21.6 33.5
ver 3-month span: 1990	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3	51.1 45.0 20.5 45.3	38.8 32.7 50.7	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8	9 51.4 38.1 47.1 47.1	28.8 46.0 47.1	30.9 48.2 42.4	23.0 39.9 50.0	23.0 36.7 51.1	21.0 33.5 55.0
1994	54.3 44.6 24.5	53.6 45.3 21.9	51.1 45.0 20.5	56.1 38.8 32.7	50.0 41.7 36.3	P 59.0 38.8 39.8	9 51.4 38.1 47.1	28.8 46.0	30.9 48.2	23.0 39.9	23.0 36.7	21.0 33.5 55.0
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3	51.1 45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5	9 51.4 38.1 47.1 47.1	28.8 46.0 47.1	30.9 48.2 42.4	23.0 39.9 50.0	23.0 36.7 51.1	21.6 33.5 55.0
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.8	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.6 53.2	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 9 56.8	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.8	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	56.1 38.8 32.7 50.7 40.6 53.2	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9	98.8 39.8 53.6 43.5 9 56.8	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.8	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	56.1 38.8 32.7 50.7 40.6 53.2	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 9 56.8	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.8	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	56.1 38.8 32.7 50.7 40.6 53.2	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9	98.8 39.8 53.6 43.5 9 56.8	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7	21.0 33.9 55.0 56.1
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.6 39.9 20.9 37.1	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 \$ 57.9	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 9 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.7 56.8
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.6	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5	56.1 38.8 32.7 50.7 40.6 53.2 41.0 26.3	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9 36.3 34.9	38.8 39.8 53.6 43.5 P 56.8	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.7 56.8
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.6 39.9 20.9 37.1 51.8	51.1 45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 48.6	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 \$ 57.9	9 59.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 9 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7	38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9	21.0 33.9 55.0 56.1 16.1 32.1 56.1
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0 58.3	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.8 39.9 20.9 37.1 51.8 56.1	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 48.6 P 60.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1 P 55.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 \$ 57.9 36.3 34.9 52.2 37.1	38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7 34.2	98.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4 39.8	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3 45.7	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4 47.8	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9 50.4	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9 54.3	21.0 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.1 56.6
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0 58.3	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 58.3 57.8 39.9 20.9 37.1 51.8 56.1	51.1 45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 48.6 P 60.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1 P 55.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 9 57.9 36.3 34.9 52.2 37.1	959.0 38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 956.8 34.2 39.2 54.7 34.2	951.4 38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4 39.8	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3 45.7	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4 47.8	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9 50.4	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9 54.3	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.7 56.6 55.6
1994	44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0 58.3	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.8 39.9 20.9 37.1 51.8 56.1	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 48.6 60.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1 P 55.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 57.9 36.3 34.9 52.2 37.1	98.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7 34.2	9 51.4 38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4 39.8	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3 45.7	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4 47.8	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9 50.4	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9 54.3	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.7 56.5 55.8
1994	54.3 44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0 58.3	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.8 39.9 20.9 37.1 56.1 35.3 16.2 36.7	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 9 60.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1 P 55.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 57.9 36.3 34.9 52.2 37.1 28.1 20.9 39.6	38.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7 34.2 26.3 24.1 45.7	951.4 38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4 39.8	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3 45.7 20.5 30.8 55.8	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4 47.8	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9 50.4	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9 54.3	21.0 33.3 55.0 56.0 16.1 32.1 55.0 15.1 37.1 52.1
1994	44.8 24.5 30.9 60.1 56.1 43.5 15.8 34.2 54.0 58.3	53.6 45.3 21.9 36.3 56.3 57.8 39.9 20.9 37.1 51.8 56.1	45.0 20.5 45.3 51.4 56.5 42.8 21.2 41.0 48.6 60.4	38.8 32.7 50.7 40.8 53.2 41.0 26.3 48.6 47.1 P 55.8	50.0 41.7 36.3 55.4 37.1 57.9 36.3 34.9 52.2 37.1	98.8 39.8 53.8 43.5 56.8 34.2 39.2 54.7 34.2	9 51.4 38.1 47.1 47.1 40.3 29.1 42.1 46.4 39.8	28.8 46.0 47.1 41.0 25.2 40.3 49.3 45.7	30.9 48.2 42.4 43.2 22.3 40.3 50.4 47.8	23.0 39.9 50.0 52.9 21.2 37.1 48.9 50.4	23.0 36.7 51.1 54.7 18.0 32.4 57.9 54.3	21.6 33.5 55.0 56.1 16.6 32.7 56.8 55.6

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1993) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1990) are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

State				1993						19	994		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
							Total ¹						
labama	1,714.0	1,711.8	1,715.7	1,718.0	1,722.3	1,721.6	1,722.2	1,722.7	1,726.4	1,730.2	1,734.7	1,732.5	1,74
laska	251.5	253.3	253.7	254.1	254.3	254.1	255.4	255.0	258.2	258.3	256.7	256.0	25
rizona	1,577.4	1,580.0	1,582.7	1,589.0	1,587.5	1,591.6	1,593.7	1,597.7	1,604.6	1,615.6	1,623.9	1,626.8	1,63
vrkansas	988.7	993.4	995.0	993.6	995.9	997.7	996.1	1,000.3	1,003.0	1,005.8	1,006.4	1,012.2	1,01
alifornia)	12,010.3	12,012.0	11,990.4	11,969.6	11,953.1	11,943.7	11,940.3	11,947.6	11,957.5	11,955.2	11,955.2	11,953.2	11,93
colorado	1,663.7	1,676.5	1,678.2	1,676.0	1,680.9	1,683.6	1,690.5	1,692.5	1,700.2	1,701.6	1,706.3	1,707.1	1,71
connecticut	1,525.2	1,528.6	1,525.4	1,526.7	1,528.5	1,525.1	1,522.6	1,532.2	1,530.4	1,525.8	1,530.2	1,533.6	1,53
Selaware	347.2	349.1	348.8	350.6	349.6	350.3	350.8	350.0	349.6	350.6	354.5	356.9	35
District of Columbia	666.9	671.0	667.4	667.4	670.0	668.1	667.0	665.8	665.0	664.2	663.5	663.4	66
iorida	5,562.3	5,582.2	5,597.7	5,612.1	5,628.6	5,644.9	5,668.3	5,657.8	5,685.3	5,701.5	5,730.5	5,738.9	5,75
ieorgia	3,087.4	3,117.2	3,126.5	3,138.8	3,155.5	3,163.3	3,170.9	3,176.8	3,201.2	3,214.0	3,224.1	3,233.4	3,24
lawali	541.8	541.2	539.1	536.3	539.6	537.3	536.5	534.0	533.4	533.0	533.3	530.0	53 46
taho	434.7	438.4	439.5	440.9	445.1	447.5	448.4	451.2	453.1	456.6	458.9	460.3	
linois	5,303.3	5,325.7	5,329.7	5,335.7	5,354.2	5,359.3	5,374.0	5,352.0	5,372.9	5,375.2	5,376.8	5,397.8	5,39
ndiana	2,581.1	2,581.6	2,584.0	2,589.4	2,599.1	2,609.0	2,612.2	2,613.5	2,616.0	2,634.2	2,635.9	2,634.5	2,63
owa	1,279.3	1,277.1	1,282.0	1,285.2	1,287.1	1,291.5	1,293.4	1,293.1	1,293.8	1,297.7	1,303.3 1,147.1	1,307.8	1,31
(ansas	1,136.6	1,140.8	1,135.5	1,145.0	1,146.6	1,146.2	1,149.7	1,150.5	1,150.6	1,153.1		1,156.0	1,16
Centucky	1,536.3 1,637.8	1,535.6	1,535.9	1,538.5	1,540.0	1,542.3	1,539.6	1,529.2	1,539.2	1,547.2	1,550.5	1,552.8 1.680.1	1,55 1,66
ouisiana		1,643.2 519.1	1,645.3 520.3	1,644.2 519.8	1,644.4	1,645.8 522.2	1,847.9	1,842.1	1,651.9 520.9	1,663.5 520.8	1,673.8 524.0	527.7	52
laine laryland	518.9 2,098.2	2,101.4	2,102.5	2,108.5	521.9 2,109.1	2,108.6	521.6 2,111.0	517.7 2,111.4	2,102.8	2,106.3	2,115.6	2,116.6	2,11
lassachusetts	2,834.6	2,857.2	2,860.3	2,866.2	2,669.8	2,870.2	2,868.4	2,891.7	2,892.4	2,897.7	2,917.2	2,922.2	2,92
lichigan	3.969.0	3,983.4	3,977.5	3,991.7	3,991.1	4,007.6	4,014.7	4,028.4	4,044.0	4,067.2	4,076.6	4,084.1	4.09
linnesota	2,237.4	2,240.1	2,239.9	2,243.5	2,258.0	2,266.3	2,272.7	2.283.3	2,288.7	2,293.0	2,298.8	2.296.3	2.30
lississippi	997.9	1,001.1	1,009.2	1.005.0	1,008.7	1,010.1	1,009.9	1,013.6	1.016.4	1,023.0	1.025.0	1.030.4	1.03
lissouri	2,399.3	2,401.8	2,408.2	2,418.3	2,419.3	2,422.4	2,430.9	2,421.8	2,430.9	2,436.8	2,456.3	2,463.8	2,46
fontana	326.0	328.9	330.1	329.6	330.2	329.7	331.0	331.2	332.0	332.3	331.4	333.5	33
lebraska	761.3	766.7	768.3	766.1	768.4	787.7	768.9	770.2	766.9	767.0	769.2	772.4	77
levada	666.2	669.6	674.9	879.1	683.7	688.6	696.5	697.9	702.9	706.1	709.5	711.1	70
lew Hampshire	501.4	504.1	503.1	501.4	504.4	504.0	504.6	508.8	512.5	514.3	514.0	512.2	51
lew Jersey	3,492.3	3,492.8	3,496.7	3,502.1	3,510.0	3,512.1	3,516.9	3,521.3	3,510.6	3,519.0	3,539.5	3,546.7	3,55
lew Mexico	625.5	624.7	626.9	628.6	630.3	630.8	631.4	638.8	639.8	641.8	649.7	651.6	65
lew York	7,733.0	7,752.9	7,743.5	7,737.9	7,748.4	7,759.7	7,784.7	7,775.7	7,779.1	7,793.5	7,796.4	7,812.4	7,80
lorth Carolina	3,243.9	3,262.9	3,270.8	3,270.7	3,279.0	3,287.0	3,294.4	3,293.5	3,295.9	3,317.3	3,319.3	3,328.6	3,32
lorth Dakota	264.1	285.7	286.0	287.2	286.9	287.1	287.6	287.4	288.8	291.1	291.2	291.2	29
Ohio	4,905.8	4,902.9	4,907.9	4,912.1	4,920.8	4,917.5	4,923.9	4,929.7	4,940.7	4,942.1	4,940.5	4,950.5	4,95
Oklahoma	1,243.9	1,248.5	1,246.8	1,241.6	1,240.6	1,241.8	1,241.3	1,249.0	1,247.6	1,247.9	1,256.1	1,259.4	1,26
regon	1,309.1	1,313.6	1,313.5	1,319.9	1,323.1	1,327.7	1,329.3	1,331.2	1,332.4	1,336.5	1,338.6	1,343.9	1,34
ennsylvania	5,107.9	5,112.5	5,108.3	5,115.0	5,119.9	5,126.6	5,138.4	5,109.8	5,114.6	5,134.5	5,149.2	5,171.3	5,18
Rhode Island	430.0 1,571.3	431.5 1,578.4	431.8 1,579.2	431.8 1,578.6	431.6 1,579.3	431.6 1,581.6	432.0 1,583.8	430.7 1,589.8	430.6 1,593.1	430.5 1,591.7	432.3 1,591.8	434.4 1,593.7	43 1,59
					-	•				·			
iouth Dakota	313.8	314.1	316.4	316.8	318.0	318.5	318.6	323.2	324.4	325.5	326.4	327.4	32
ennessee	2,323.1	2,331.5	2,336.8	2,342.1	2,353.4	2,358.0	2,365.5	2,362.1	2,370.6	2,372.1	2,377.3	2,387.6	2,39
exas	7,453.9 801.7	7,510.5 806.4	7,532.8 809.6	7,550.3 813.3	7,581.9 818.8	7,578.1 825.0	7,594.4 831.7	7,569.3 839.9	7,601.9 842.9	7,622.9 847.1	7,660.2 848.7	7,675.6 850.5	7,70 85
tah /ermont	257.3	256.3	256.0	256.8	257.9	257.8	256.8	256.4	258.4	258.9	260.4	258.8	25
irginia	2.913.1	2.930.8	2.932.0	2,938.4	2.945.1	2.952.9	2.960.2	2.959.4	2.968.1	2.988.2	2.995.7	3.001.8	3.00
Vashington	2,251.0	2,254.6	2,254.2	2,266.5	2,264.2	2,268.2	2,269.1	2,270.1	2,275.1	2,300.2	2,275.4	2,281.1	2.29
Vest Virginia	648.7	644.3	651.9	655.7	657.8	659.5	666.9	663.2	665.1	665.6	667.7	877.4	67
Visconsin	2.401.4	2,410.7	2,413.6	2,416.8	2,423.4	2,429,4	2.431.4	2,429.3	2,431.0	2.441.8	2,443.6	2,445.8	2.46
Vyoming	210.0	209.8	208.4	210.9	211.1	211.2	212.3	213.3	213.3	212.0	212.0	211.9	2,40

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(in thousands)

Crete				1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
							Construction	n					
labama	78.2	79.6	79.0	78.7	79.3	78.4	78.6	78.9	78.2	78.4	79.4	79.9	8
laska	11.2	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.8	11.7	11.9	12.4	13.1	13.0	12.9	13.0	1.
rizona	88.2	89.5	90.3	91.2	92.7	94.0	95.4	98.1	101.0	101.9	103.2	102.8	10
rkansas	37.7	37.5	37.3	37.0	37.3	37.2	37.1	37.8	38.5	39.4	38.8	39.6	4
alifornia	446.4	447.8	447.8	446.0	447.0	446.9	447.1	446.4	450.3	451.6	452.4	451.9	45
olorado	85.5	84.9	85.2	85.2	85.4	85.3	86.7	87.0	85.0	84.3	83.6	83.4	8
onnecticut	46.4	46.3	45.9	45.9	45.7	46.3	47.3	47.9	49.1	47.9	46.9	46.2	4
elaware	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.3	17.9	17.4	17.3	17.7	18.3	1
Natrict of Columbia	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	8.4	8.3	8.5	
lorida	285.2	286.9	288.2	289.2	291.1	292.1	294.2	295.1	295.2	296.5	300.1	300.5	29
eorgia	126.8	128.9	130.6	132,1	131.5	131.7	133.0	135.7	132.8	136.2	138.1	138.0	13
awaii²	32.4	32.2	32.0	31.8	32.0	31.7	31.0	30.7	30.3	29.7	30.0	29.3	2
laho	24.7	25.1	25.3	25.7	25.5	25.8	25.7	27.3	27.2	28.0	27.7	28.5	2
linois	199.5	198.1	198.1	198.6	200.8	200.0	201.7	196.2	197.1	201.1	199.1	202.3	20
ndiana	119.7	119.1	118.7	118.5	119.7	120.4	119.7	116.8	118.2	122.3	121.8	123.6	12
>wa	46.5	48.3	48.8	49.2	49.6	51.1	50.5	49.4	49.3	50.4	50.7	51.2	5
ansas	45.8	48.2	49.0	48.9	49.3	49.2	48.9	48.5	47.0	47.9	48.5	49.4	5
entucky	70.3	71.0	70.7	71.0	70.9	70.9	70.5	66.3	87.2	69.1	70.2	70.9	6
ouisiana	96.8	96.6	96.2	97.4	98.6	98.5	98.1	96.9	98.7	101.4	102.6	103.9	10
laine	20.4	20.8	20.5	20.4	21.1	21.4	21.7	21.5	21.6	21.5	21.5	22.1	2
laryland	119.2	120.3	120.0	119.7	120.4	121.0	121.6	118.9	117.8	117.3	118.0	118.0	119
lassachusetts	77.6	82.4	83.2	83.9	84.8	84.6	85.2	86.0	85.2	84.3	88.5	89.0	8
lichigan	131.3	135.9	134.3	134.6	134.2	134.6	133.9	132.7	134.2	138.2	137.0	136.8	13
linnesota	77.8	79.0	78.5	78.7	80.5	81.3	81.8	82.2	82.4	82.6	82.1	81.9	8
lississippi	38.9	38.9	39.9	41.0	42.1	41.6	41.7	41.1	39.8	40.7	41.5	42.5	4.
lissouri	95.7	95.4	95.8	96.8	97.9	98.4	99.7	99.4	100.9	101.0	102.9	104.8	10
fontana	13.7	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.2	14.8	14.4	14.1	14.0	14.3	1.
lebraska	31.5	32.4	32.4	32.1	32.5	32.5	32.6	32.5	31.0	31.8	32.3	33.2	3:
levada	48.3	47.5	47.7	47.8	47.8	47.2	47.1	48.1	48.0	48.8	48.7	48.4	4
lew Hampshire	16.8	16.9	16.8	17.0	17.0	17.2	17.6	18.1	18.3	18.3	18.0	17.6	1
lew Jersey	113.0	113.3	113.7	114.0	118.0	116.4	118.2	118.4	114.5	116.3	120.8	121.8	12
lew Mexico	35.4	38.1	36.4	36.8	37.3	37.6	38.2	38.4	37.8	38.3	39.0	39.6	4
lew York	239.5	239.0	238.7	239.4	240.6	240.0	240.3	244.0	242.4	244.1	245.8	244.9	24
lorth Carolina	153.1	155.0	155.9	156.0	156.2	156.5	157.4	159.0	156.1	160.6	161.5	163.0	16
lorth Dakota	11.7	11.6	11.6	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.2	12.4	12.5	13.3	13.5	12.9	1
Phio	184.8	184.4	184.4	184.8	184.7	185.1	185.5	183.1	184.1	182.9	182.8	183.5	18
klahoma	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.4	42.3	43.6	42.5	41.9	43.1	43.8	4
regon	52.9	54.9	55.6	56.1	55.8	57.1	56.1	57.9	56.6	57.9	57.8	59.2	8
ennsylvania	194.2	197.1	197.0	197.7	198.6	198.8	200.3	194.7	194.8	194.7	200.9	202.1	20
hode Islandouth Carolina	12.5 81.8	12.4 83.2	12.2 82.5	12.2 82.3	12.0 61.9	11.8 82.0	11.2 81.8	10.7 81.9	10.4 81.4	10.3 81.9	10.8 83.0	11.6 82.5	1
											Ì		_
outh Dakota	13.3	13.2	13.0	12.9	13.2	13.1	13.2	13.1	13.3	13.8	13.9	14.0	1
9nnessee	94.7	95.0	94.9	95.9	97.3	97.6	98.2	97.1	96.1	95.9	95.7	96.8	9
6x88	350.4	353.3	352.5	352.4	354.7	355.3	356.5	358.5	381.1	364.8	366.0	365.9	36
tah	38.5	38.8	39.3	39.9	40.8	41.9	43.1	43.6	44.5	45.3	48.1	46.8	4
ermont	11.4	12.0	11.8	11.8	11.4	11.3	11.1	10.9	11.0	10.8	10.8	11.0	1
irginia	151.6	153.2	154.0	154.7	155.4	155.8	156.5	156.6	156.0	158.2	159.1	159.5	15
/ashington	116.7	118.4	119.0	120.1	120.9	121.3	120.9	122.0	121.8	123.0	121.9	123.9	12
Vest Virginia	31.2	31.9	32.7	32.9	33.7	34.3	33.9	31.8	32.2	32.9	33.8	34.2	3
Visconsin	91.7	94.0	94.6	95.5	95.5	95.9	95.2	92.4	91.0	93.9	96.8	98.4	10
/yoming	12.3	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.5	12.7	12.8	13.1	1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(in thousands)

			1993			-			18	94		
June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
					N	lanufacturir	ng					
384.1	380.5	383.8	383.4	382.6	382.2	381.8	380.7	381.6	382.9	383.1	384.0	384.
16.5	17.4	16.9	17.2	17.3	16.5	16.5						15.
174.2	174.1		174.0	174.1	174.4							180.
242.4	243.3	243.3	244.1	244.9	245.5			247.0	246.9		249.0	250.
												1,752.
												191.
												285.
												63.
												14.
												482.
551.3	555.8	556.1	556.6	556.3	558.0	558.8	559.7	565.6	565.7	566.4	567.3	568.
19.2	19.2	19.1	19.0	18.8	18.8	18.7	17.8	18.0	18.1	17.9	17.8	17.7
												72.0
												938.
												649.
												244.
												182.
												297.
												185.
												92.
179.2	178.5	178.4	178.2	176.1	1//.9	177.7	1//.8	177.5	1//.0	1//.3	1//.2	176.
454.9	453.1	451.3	450.3	449.8	447.6	446.1	445.7	445.5	445.5	446.8	447.3	447.
												940.
												413.
												259.
												409.
												22.
												104.
												31.
												98.
516.3	516.2	515.0	515.1	513.9	512.9	512.6	514.9	511.0	509.7	510.4	509.7	509.
42.7	42.2	42.8	43.3	43.4	43.5	43.4	43.4	43.6	43.4	44.0	43.8	43.
												954.
												849.
												21.0 1.054.
												170.
												218.
												936.
												86.
375.1	374.4	374.4	373.9	372.2	371.5	371.8	371.7	374.4	372.3	371.7	370.8	371.
20.7	20.7	40.9	40.0	40.7	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	42.4	49.4	42.5	43.
												43. 540.
												1,000.
												115.
												42.
												400.
												332.
												81.
												573.
9.4	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.
	384.1 16.5 174.2 242.4 1,808.1 188.6 283.4 65.2 13.8 483.8 551.3 19.2 69.2 928.9 928.9 182.7 292.0 183.7 292.0 183.7 292.0 183.7 292.0 183.7 292.0 183.7 179.2 454.9 189.5 411.8 22.9 102.8 22.9 102.8 23.9 102.7 103.8 24.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 103.8 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	384.1 380.5 1 17.4 174.1 242.4 243.3 1.806.1 1.803.1 188.6 293.4 293.3 65.2 65.4 13.8 483.8 484.7 551.3 555.8 19.2 69.2 69.2 69.2 69.2 69.2 69.2 69.2 6	384.1 380.5 383.8 16.5 17.4 16.9 174.2 174.1 174.0 242.4 243.3 1.906.1 188.6 188.1 188.4 293.4 293.3 291.6 65.2 65.4 65.0 13.8 13.8 13.9 483.8 484.7 484.3 551.3 555.8 556.1 19.2 19.2 69.2 69.4 69.6 92.8 935.1 935.0 638.3 235.9 234.4 236.2 182.7 182.4 182.2 292.0 293.1 183.7 186.7 90.9 91.0 179.2 178.5 178	384.1 380.5 17.4 16.9 17.2 174.2 174.1 174.0 174	384.1 380.5 383.8 383.4 382.6 16.5 17.4 16.9 17.2 17.3 174.2 174.1 174.0 174.0 174.1 242.4 243.3 243.3 244.1 244.9 1,806.1 1,803.1 1,796.2 1,786.6 1,776.7 188.6 188.1 188.4 187.9 168.1 2893.4 293.3 291.6 291.9 290.9 65.2 65.4 65.0 64.7 64.8 13.8 13.8 13.9 13.8 13.9 483.8 484.7 484.3 483.8 483.5 551.3 555.8 556.1 556.6 556.3 19.2 19.2 19.1 19.0 18.8 69.2 69.4 69.6 69.4 70.0 928.9 935.1 935.0 934.8 936.5 638.3 637.6 638.3 638.5 638.7 235.9 234.4 236.2 236.8 237.1 182.7 182.4 182.2 182.0 161.5 292.0 292.3 293.0 293.0 292.7 183.7 185.7 186.5 186.3 186.7 90.9 91.0 91.1 90.9 91.6 179.2 178.5 178.4 178.2 176.1 454.9 453.1 451.3 450.3 449.8 895.7 896.7 894.2 894.3 897.1 454.9 435.1 451.3 450.3 449.8 895.7 896.7 894.2 894.3 897.1 102.6 103.0 103.3 104.0 104.0 22.9 23.1 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.1 102.6 103.0 103.3 104.0 104.0 29.2 29.9 30.2 30.5 30.4 96.6 97.7 96.9 96.6 96.7 516.3 516.2 515.0 515.1 513.9 42.7 42.2 42.8 43.3 43.4 976.4 982.8 978.9 975.9 973.7 847.3 849.6 846.3 847.1 847.5 19.4 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 10.45.9 1,045.5 1,046.9 1,046.7 1,044.8 167.5 168.5 168.3 168.3 169.1 20.9 20.9 50.9 60.6 96.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.8 531.5 525.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.8 531.5 525.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.8 531.5 525.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.8 531.5 525.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.5 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.8 531.5 528.7 529.7 559.5 559.7 559.1 527.5 529.7 559.5 559.7 528.7 529.7 559.5 559.7 529.5 559.7 559.1 521.7 527.7 527.7 527.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.5 529.5 559.7 559.1 521.7 527.7 527.7 527.5 529.4 50.5 50.5 529.5 559.7 559.1 521.7 527.		June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	384.1 380.5 383.8 383.4 382.6 382.2 381.8 380.7 16.5 17.4 16.9 17.2 17.3 16.5 16.5 15.4 174.2 174.1 174.0 174.0 174.0 174.4 174.4 174.7 176.2 242.4 243.3 243.3 244.1 244.9 245.5 245.6 247.3 1.808.1 1.803.1 1.796.2 1.796.6 1.778.7 1.773.4 1.796.1 1.796.2 1.886 188.1 188.4 187.9 186.1 187.7 188.8 188.7 283.4 283.3 291.6 291.9 290.9 289.0 287.9 287.2 65.2 65.4 65.0 64.7 64.8 64.4 64.2 64.4 13.8 13.8 13.9 13.8 13.9 13.9 13.9 14.0 14.1 483.8 444.7 444.3 443.8 443.5 442.6 442.7 440.3 443.8 444.7 444.3 443.8 443.5 442.6 442.7 440.3 450.8	June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb.			

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State				1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арг.	May	June
1,50						Transporta	ition and pu	ublic utilities			·		
labama	84.9	85.1	85.0	85.2	85.3	85.5	85.2	85.0	84.9	85.1	85.2	85.0	8
laska	. 22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.1	23.4	2
rizona	78.0	77.7	77.2	77.9	77.5	76.9	76.6	78.6	78.6	78.5	78.7	79.3	7
rkansas		57.2	57.2	57.2	56.9	56.8	57.1	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.1	56.8	5
alifornia		602.2	600.8	600.6	600.1	597.5	597.9	600.1	599.3	598.9	591.8	594.3	59
olorado		104.4	104.8	104.5	104.0	104.7	104.9	104.2	105.1	105.0	103.1	103.5	10
onnecticut		69.5	69.7	69.5	69.4	69.3	69.3	69.2	69.3	68.4	69.5	68.9	6
Oelaware		14.8	14.6	14.9	15.0	15.1	14.9	14.8	15.1	14.9	15.0	15.2	1
District of Columbia		21.3	21.2	21.1	21.1	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.2	2
lorida		285.9	284.9	285.2	285.7	287.0	289.9	283.7	285.0	286.4	286.4	288.1	28
ieorgia		201.7	202.0	203.6	203.1	203.4	202.9	203.6	205.4	206.2	203.5	207.7	20
lawaii	41.2	41.3	41.0	40.9	40.6	40.1	39.8	39.9	39.8	40.1	40.3	40.1	3:
Jaho	20.8	20.7	20.7	20.8	21.1	21.4	21.4	21.1	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.4	2
linois	310.1	309.2	309.6	312.0	311.2	312.2	313.8	312.1	313.2	312.6	306.1	311.3	31
ndiana	132.8	133.1	133.7	133.9	134.7	135.0	135.0	135.3	135.3	135.7	132.9	135.8	13
	56.7	57.0	57.0	57.2	57.0	56.9	56.9	56.8	56.9	57.2	57.3	57.4	5
ansas	65.7	66.6	66.8	67.0	67.1	67.3	67.7	88.0	68.3	68.1	68.2	68.7	6
Centucky		82.3	81.8	82.4	82.4	82.6	82.5	81.8	82.9	82.9	83.1	83.7	8
ouisiana		105.4	105.5	105.1	105.8	105.7	106.3	105.7	106.1	106.8	106.6	107.2	10
faine	22.1	22.0	22.1	22.1	21.6	21.8	21.9	21.4	21.5	21.3	20.9	21.0	2
laryland		98.5	98.3	98.6	98.3	97.9	98.1	98.9	97.7	97.3	97.0	97.6	9
lassachusetts	123.0	124.4	124.4	125.0	125.8	124.9	125.3	126.7	127.3	127.9	127.0	127.5	12
lichigan		156.1	155.4	155.6	156.1	156.3	156.4	158.8	158.8	159.1	154.1	160.5	16
finnesota		109.3	108.8	106.6	109.0	109.9	110.1	110.0	110.2	109.9	108.5	109.3	10
(ississippi		46.1	45.8	45.8	46.0	45.3	45.2	44.6	44.7	44.9	43.7	45.2	4
Aissouri		153.1	153.3	155.1	154.5	154.5	154.7	154.5	154.6	154.8	151.7	155.0	15
fontana		20.2	20.1	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.0	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.4	2
lebraska		47.1	46.9	47.1	47.0	47.2	47.4	47.2	47.4	47.8	47.0	47.2	4
levada		35.1	35.3	35.6	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.0	36.0	36.3	36.4	36.5	3
lew Hampshire		16.1	18.0	16.0	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.2	1
lew Jersey	236.4	236.0	236.0	235.2	234.4	235.1	235.1	237.7	238.0	238.7	236.9	238.7	23
lew Mexico		29.1	29.0	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	29.4	29.7	29.9	30.0	30.1	2
lew York		400.7	399.9	399.1	400.4	401.4	402.4	404.2	406.0	406.4	402.7	405.8	40
lorth Carolina		157.1	156.9	156.5	156.6	156.8	156.7	155.8	156.3	157.1	155.7	155.7	15
lorth Dakota		16.1	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.3	_1
Ohio		214.4	214.1	213.1	213.2	212.9	212.7	212.5	212.5	212.0	203.8	212.5	21
Xiahoma		72.0	71.8	71.6	71.2	70.9	70.9	71.3	71.6	71.8	71.8	72.0	7
Dregon		66.0	65.8	65.9	66.0	66.2	66.4	66.0	68.1	66.4	65.0	66.2	6
Pennsylvania		264.8	263.7	266.3	267.1	287.2	266.9	269.2	268.6	269.4	262.8	271.5	27
Rhode Island		14.2 66.0	14.0 68.1	14.5 66.4	14.3 66.5	14.5 66.6	14.7 66.7	14.5 66.2	14.6 66.8	14.5 67.0	14.5 66.5	14.6 67.7	1
		14.0	140							14.9		- 1	1
outh Dakota		14.8	14.9	14.7 127.8	14.6	14.6 128.3	14.6 128.1	14.9 127.1	14.9 128.5	128.9	15.1 124.1	15.0	12
ennessee		126.8 436.0	127.4 436.5	438.7	126.7 439.4	441.6	443.3	443.5	445.0	444.9	444.5	129.7 445.6	44
exas			436.5	436.7	439.4	47.7	48.1	49.2	49.3	49.8	444.5		44
Itah Kormoot		46.1				11.0	10.9	10.9	11.0	10.9		48.5	1
ermont		11.2	11.1	11.0	11.0						11.0	10.9	15
Irginia		149.6	149.8	150.1	150.7	151.4	151.5	150.9	151.4	152.8	151.3	153.3	
Vashington		114.5	114.3	115.5	114.6	114.3	115.4	115.1	114.6	117.0	115.2	117.3	11
Vest Virginia		38.7	38.8	38.6	38.7	38.6	39.0	39.2	39.7	39.3	39.0	39.2	3
Visconsin		113.3	112.9	113.6	113.8	113.9	114.4	114.0	114.2	114.4	111.2	110.8	11
Wyoming	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.6	14.5	14.4	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State				1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
						Wholes	sale and ret	ail trade					
Nabama	375.4	376.8	376.9	377.8	379.3	380.0	381.5	380.6	382.3	383.7	384.7	384.4	385
laska	48.2	49.1	49.5	49.6	49.4	50.2	50.4	49.9	49.7	50.6	51.3	51.1	5
rizona	385.5	386.3	387.4	389.0	389.8	390.1	389.9	389.3	390.2	394.4	397.8	398.4	40
vrkansas	218.9	220.2	221.1	221.1	221.4	222.2	221.7	221.2	222.2	223.6	223.6	224.5	22
alifornia	2,789.2	2,767.5	2,780.1	2,775.9	2,768.8	2,765.4	2,765.3	2,769.4	2,768.3	2,768.6	2,768.4	2,765.2	2,75
colorado	402.6	405.6	406.3	406.8	408.2	409.9	411.3	413.1	415.9	417.7	420.3	421.0	42
connecticut	329.9	329.8	328.2	326.5	327.0	324.9	322.6	328.1	328.2	325.1	326.6	327.1	32
Delaware	75.5	76.2	76.2	76.3	76.0	76.0	76.2	76.7	76.3	76.7	77.8	79.1	7
District of Columbia	52.3	52.7	52.7	52.7	52.6	52.2	51.9	52.1	51.8	52.1	51.6	52.0	5
lorida	1,450.4	1,452.8	1,457.6	1,462.4	1,464.8	1,468.3	1,472.8	1,463.8	1,477.3	1,479.2	1,484.9	1,487.0	1,49
Georgia	768.0	778.5	780.8	782.7	784.6	786.5	767.2	787.2	794.2	795.7	796.9	797.3	80
lawaii	133.6	133.8	132.7	132.6	132.6	132.3	132.2	131.7	130.7	130.4	130.3	129.4	12
iaho	108.9	109.9	109.8	110.4	112.2	112.9	112.8	113.2	113.7	114.6	115.9	116.0	11
linois	1,242.7	1,243.7	1,245.7	1,246.3	1,250.8	1,253.2	1,254.5	1,251.9	1,264.6	1,263.6	1,271.1	1,273.7	1,27
ndiana	605.8	605.8	605.9	605.6	613.7	818.3	818.8	614.3	615.4	615.7	816.3	615.9	81
owa	321.0	321.1	321.2	321.4	322.3	322.4	322.8	321.7	322.3	321.5	323.9	324.8	32
Cansas	273.3	274.7	275.0	276.0	278.1	278.7	277.0	276.2	277.2	278.3	277.1	278.2	27
Centucky	360.5	361.0	361.7	361.5	361.4	381.2	360.8	359.5	363.5	364.9	365.5	367.0	36
ouisiana	380.7	382.4	382.3	382.0	380.4	381.3	382.4	379.7	382.6	386.8	388.2	389.5	39
Azine	130.0	130.2	130.5	131.3	131.3	130.9	130.1	129.7	129.6	129.4	132.1	133.3	13
Maryland	500.6	500.9	499.9	498.9	498.3	497.8	497.9	500.8	499.2	500.3	502.2	503.0	50:
lassachusetts	643.7	649.2	650.1	648.9	649.7	650.5	648.1	656.2	655.3	659.9	663.9	668.7	87
flichigan	931.8	937.2	936.4	936.2	936.6	939.9	941.6	937.7	945.8	952.0	957.5	960.0	96
Minnesota	537.1	534.5	535.0	535.4	538.3	540.9	540.8	544.7	548.0	549.0	551.5	548.3	54
/lississippi	209.5	209.7	210.1	210.7	211.1	211.4	211.5	211.9	212.8	215.0	216.6	217.1	21
Aissouri	570.2	570.9	572.9	574.1	574.2	574.3	575.1	572.5	574.9	575.3	581.5	582.4	58
Montana	87.3	88.1	88.4	88.3	88.4	88.4	88.6	89.0	89.2	89.0	88.8	89.0	8
Vebraska	192.7	194.9	195.6	193.7	193.8	194.1	194.0	194.3	194.2	193.5	193.6	193.4	19
Vevada	132.4	133.0	134.1	135.0	135.4	136.0	136.9	137.0	137.9	138.4	139.3	140.1	14
New Hampshire	129.1	129.8	128.7	129.1	129.2	129.0	129.3	129.9	130.2	130.9	131.9	130.8	13
New Jersey	817.3	815.6	814.8	815.9	818.5	818.0	819.4	823.4	819.0	822.3	827.5	828.8	83
New Mexico	146.8	147.4	148.1	147.8	148.3	148.3	148.3	150.4	150.7	151.2	153.4	153.7	15
lew York	1,557.2	1,553.8	1,554.3	1,551.6	1,551.7	1,553.1	1,555.7	1,567.2	1,566.4	1,571.2	1,570.5	1,572.4	1,57
lorth Carolina	731.0	735.8	737.1	736.8	737.6	737.8	740.6	736.3	736.8	743.1	743.6	745.2	74
North Dakota	74.7	74.9	75.0	75.1	75.3	75.2	75.3	74.9	75.2	75.6	75.4	75.1	7
Ohio	1,171.5	1,174.2	1,174.4	1,174.8	1,174.8	1,174.8	1,175.3	1,178.0	1,180.8	1,181.7	1,182.3	1,185.4	1,18
Oklahoma	287.7	290.4	289.6	289.6	289.9	289.9	289.5	290.8	292.5	291.4	293.2	292.7	29
Oregon	326.8	329.5	327.9	329.2	330.0	330.4	330.8	330.4	330.7	331.9	334.6	335.0	33
Pennsylvania	1,147.8	1,150.7	1,149.6	1,148.0	1,148.8	1,150.3	1,153.2	1,146.3	1,149.4	1,155.7	1,157.6	1,160.4	1,16
Rhode Island	93.2 349.3	94.4 352.5	94.6 352.8	95.8 352.7	95.1 353.9	94.9 355.3	95.1 356.4	94.3 357.1	94.8 358.8	94.4 358.1	94.6 357.9	95.2 358.3	9 35
								1			1		
South Dakota	80.3 532.6	80.8 534.8	81.4 535.5	81.6 537.5	81.3	81.3 541.7	81.2 543.7	82.4 542.3	82.8 545.5	82.6 546.1	83.0 550.5	83.3 552.0	8 55
ennessee	1,801.5	1,810.1	1.817.4	1,822.5	541.0 1,827.1	1.833.0	1,844.9	1,834.7	1,842.6	1,848.6	1,855.5	1,862.5	00 1.8€
tah	191.6	192.4	192.9	1,022.5	1,027.1	1,633.0	1,044.9	1,634.7	198.5	199.9	199.5	199.9	20
/ermont	60.2	60.5	60.5	60.6	60.5	60.1	60.8	60.9	81.1	61.4	61.5	61.3	6
/irginia	648.3	651.7	651.3	651.4	652.6	653.0	655.0	658.9	663.1	668.7	672.7	675.4	67
Vashington	544.4	546.4	545.5	547.6	549.4	549.4	550.7	549.1	552.4	551.9	551.0	551.5	55
West Virginia	148.2	149.0	149.7	149.8	150.5	151.3	152.3	152.1	152.3	152.4	153.6	154.1	15
Visconsin	552.6	552.8	553.7	554.1	556.2	558.9	558.7	554.2	556.6	557.2	558.1	559.5	56
Nyoming	48.2	46.1	48.3	48.4	48.2	48.2	48.4	48.5	48.6	48.3	48.3	48.0	4

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(in thousands)

State				1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
					ſ	Finance, ins	surance, and	d real estate)				
labama	75.6	75.5	75.8	75.8	76.0	76.1	76.5	76.9	77.1	77.2	77.3	77.0	77
laska	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.4	11
rizona	99.8	99.9	100.2	100.5	100.8	101.1	101.3	101.3	101.1	101.3	101.5	101.7	10:
rkansas	39.9	40.4	40.5	40.7	40.8	40.9	41.0	40.9	41.2	41.4	41.2	41.4	4
alifornia	788.0	787.6	786.4	785.1	783.2	782.2	780.7	782.4	780.9	780.5	778.5	774.8	77
olorado	105.4	106.6	106.9	107.2	107.7	108.2	108.7	108.4	108.6	108.8	109.5	109.1	10
onnecticut	139.5	139.0	138.7	138.9	139.1	138.7	138.3	138.4	137.8	136.8	138.1	137.3	13
elaware	34.5	35.1	35.2	35.4	35.5	35.8	35.9	36.0	36.2	36.4	36.7	36.7	3
Nistrict of Columbia	31.7	31.2	31.2	30.7	30.6	30.3	30.0	30.0	29.6	29.3	29.5	29.9	3
lorida	355.0	356.4	358.1	358.4	359.9	361.0	361.7	362.8	363.5	364.5	364.2	365.2	36
eorgia	165.4	167.2	187.0	167.1	167.4	167.2	167.6	166.6	167.1	167.5	187.4	187.8	16
awaii	38.9	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.6	39.4	39.4	39.6	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.6	3
laho	22.6	22.7	22.7	23.0	23.1	23.3	23.3	23.4	23.4	23.8	24.1	24.0	2
inois	380.6	383.2	383.9	384.4	384.8	385.5	386.0	385.4	385.5	384.9	385.3	386.3	38
ndiana	128.5	128.4	128.5	128.7	129.0	129.3	129.5	129.4	129.4	129.6	129.8	129.9	12
	73.9	74.2	74.3	74.6	74.8	75.0	75.5	75.2	75.1	75.4	75.7	75.9	7
ansas	57.7	58.4	58.6	58.5	58.4	58.6	58.6	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.8	59.0	5
entucky	63.0	63.0	63.0	62.7	63.0	63.4	63.2	63.0	62.8	62.9	62.9	62.5	6
ouisiana	77.5	78.1	78.0	77.9	78.1	77.9	77.9	77.8	77.8	78.1	78.6	78.7	7
taine	25.7	25.7	25.9	25.8	25.9	26.1	26.0	25.9	25.9	26.0	26.1	25.9	2
laryland	128.7	129.5	129.5	129.8	129.9	130.0	130.0	130.6	130.4	130.1	130.2	129.6	12
lassachusetts	199.0	200.5	200.4	200.3	200.6	200.5	200.6	201.4	201.4	201.6	202.3	202.2	20
(lichigan	192.5	193.4	193.4	193.1	189.5	193.3	193.5	192.5	192.6	193.6	194.8	195.5	19
linnesota	135.7	135.6	136.2	136.9	137.7	138.4	139.1	139.3	139.7	140.0	139.6	139.3	13
lississippi	38.8	38.7	38.8	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.7	39.2	39.4	39.5	39.1	3:
lissouri	140.8	141.4	141.6	141.9	142.3	142.3	143.1	141.2	141.3	141.9	143.0	143.2	14
fontana	14.8	15.0	14.8	15.0	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.1	15.2	18
lebraska	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.5	50.7	50.6	50.5	50.8	50.6	50.7	50.5	5
evada	30.8	31.0	31.3	31.5	31.7	31.8	31.9	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.1	3
lew Hampshire	29.7	30.0	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.9	30.1	30.1	30.1	29.8	29.8	2
lew Jersey	228.0	227.7	229.1	229.7	230.3	230.7	230.6	230.5	231.1	230.9	231.0	231.1	23
ew Mexico	27.6	27.7	27.7	27.8	27.8	27.7	27.8	28.1	28.2	28.3	28.9	29.0	2
lew York	728.4	727.8	726.7	728.4	729.2	728.7	728.7	727.4	728.6	729.5	730.3	730.9	73
lorth Carolina	137.8	138.7	139.0	139.9	141.0	141.1	141.7	141.9	142.2	142.9	143.8	144.7	14
lorth Dakota	13.5	13.5	13.6	13.8	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.8	1:
)hio	259.4	259.4	259.2	259.2	259.3	259.6	260.1	260.5	260.4	260.6	260.9	260.9	26
klahoma	61.6	61.6	61.6	61.5	61.3	61.3	61.1	61.2	61.3	61.6	61.8	61.9	6
regon	91.0	92.1	92.5	93.0	93.5	93.8	93.9	94.4	94.7	95.4	95.9	96.5	9
ennsylvania	302.8	303.5	303.7	304.1	304.0	304.7	304.6	303.1	304.3	304.5	305.9	307.2	30
thode Island	25.3 66.0	25.4 65.9	25.3 66.1	25.4 66.1	25.3 66.2	25.3 68.3	25.2 66.3	25.3 66.2	25.4 66.5	25.2 66.3	25.4 66.3	25.2 66.4	2 6
				ľ									
outh Dakota	17.7	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.0	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	. 1
ennessee	103.8	104.3	104.2	104.2	104.9	105.1	105.4	105.2	105.3	105.3	105.6	105.6	10
exas	425.7	428.6	429.5	430.5	431.8	433.8	435.5	434.2	434.4	436.9	438.6	438.8	43
tah	39.6	39.8	40.4	41.0	41.6	41.6	42.5	44.2	44.6	45.0	45.9	46.2	4
ermont	12.1	12.1	12.1	12,1	12.2	12.2	12.3	12.2	12.1	12.0	12.0	12.0	. 1
irginia	155.8	157.1	157.9	158.3	159.2	160.1	160.8	160.0	160.9	161.2	162.2	162.9	16
/ashington	120.8	121.3	121.3	121.7	121.9	122.3	122.7	123.2	122.9	122.3	122.1	121.8	12
Vest Virginia	25.0	25.1	25.1	25.2	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.0	25.0	25.1	25.0	25.0	2
/isconsin	130.1	130.6	130.9	131.4	132.0	132.4	132.7	132.6	132.4	132.7	132.6	132.9	13
/yoming	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

State			_	1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
							Services						
labama	363.0	364.7	364.4	365.1	366.6	365.4	365.1	365.3	368.5	368.8	370.1	368.4	37
laska	57.3	57.2	57.0	57.1	56.7	57.0	57.2	57.5	57.8	57.8	57.6	58.4	5
rizona	449.8	450.2	451.5	454.2	454.7	455.5	456.6	455.9	458.8	463.8	466.6	466.9	46
rkansas	219.8	220.2	220.6	221.3	222.2	222.2	220.9	223.9	224.8	225.1	225.5	226.7	22
alifornia	3,467.0	3,473.0	3,466.6	3,466.1	3,465.4	3,465.3	3,469.6	3,469.6	3,480.2	3,478.8	3,467.0	3,490.8	3,48
olorado	466.4	471.4	472.4	473.0	474.1	474.2	475.7	477.7	482.4	482.8	483.7	485.5	48
onnecticut	442.4	444.4	445.5	447.8	447.8	447.3	447.6	453.2	450.8	451.9	453.0	456.8	45
elaware	89.1	90.3	90.3	90.7	90.6	91.0	91.3	90.7	91.4	92.1	94.1	93.9	9
istrict of Columbia	251.4	254.1	254.1	254.5	258.4	256.6	256.8	255.4	256.5	256.4	256.1	256.5	25
lorida	1.814.8	1.825.8	1,835.1	1.842.4	1.850.5	1,858.5	1,866.7	1.869.8	1,879.3	1.889.5	1,898.9	1.907.2	1.91
eorgia	722.4	732.7	737.0	742.5	750.7	753.6	757.1	758.2	767.9	774.3	782.9	786.6	79
awaii	164.4	164.6	163.8	163.3	164.2	163.5	163.4	163.9	163.2	163.2	163.3	163.6	16
laho	96.9	97.8	98.4	98.9	99.7	99.7	100.1	100.9	101.8	101.5	101.8	102.6	10
inois	1,461.0	1,481.3	1,485.2	1,485.9	1,483.7	1,484.6	1,489.2	1,479.7	1,481.2	1,481.9	1,467.7	1,490.3	1,49
diana	557.1	560.0	560.8	560.1	561.2	563.1	564.0	569.2	568.6	582.1	583.4	576.1	57
wa	318.5	318.6	320.0	319.6	319.8	320.8	321.5	322.8	323.3	323.7	325.0	325.7	32
ansas	269.4	270.3	271.1	272.0	273.2	273.4	274.9	276.8	276.4	277.0	277.7	278.0	27
entucky	363.3	362.5	363.8	365.1	366.1	366.4	366.5	364.6	365.6	367.9	368.0	367.5	36
ouisiana	407.0	408.6	410.2	410.4	408.9	409.9	411.1	410.3	415.3	418.0	421.3	424.5	42
laine	134.6	133.3	134.1	135.2	136.3	136.5	136.7	135.8	136.4	136.6	137.6	138.7	13
laryland	654.2	659.3	658.0	660.9	665.4	664.7	665.2	664.2	662.7	663.3	669.9	671.2	67
assachusetts	947.4	958.0	960.6	966.6	968.2	972.1	974.0	987.5	987.6	990.8	997.3	997.5	1,00
lichigan	1,012.7	1,020.9	1,023.3	1,026.0	1,027.1	1,027.0	1,027.5	1,029.8	1,036.3	1,040.0	1,050.2	1,054.5	1,0
linnesota	613.6	616.2	618.0	619.1	621.3	623.4	626.6	629.3	631.0	633.3	636.4	636.4	64
lississippi	195.7	199.3	200.6	199.3	199.5	200.8	200.0	204.3	207.1	207.1	209.5	211.1	21
lissouri	645.2	648.5	652.3	654.3	654.3	655.1	658.7	657.5	660.3	664.5	675.2	677.2	67
fontana	87.0	89.2	89.4	69.1	88.9	89.0	89.4	89.6	89.9	90.6	90.0	90.7	9
lebraska	188.4	188.3	188.2	189.2	189.1	188.5	188.3	169.1	188.8	188.2	190.6	190.6	19
levada	289.4	292.4	294.6	297.2	301.1	305.5	311.7	312.2	315.5	315.7	316.8	317.1	31
lew Hampshire	136.9	138.7	139.0	138.6	138.7	138.5	138.2	140.1	140.9	141.6	142.9	143.0	14
lew Jersey	1,014.6	1,019.4	1,021.9	1,024.0	1,026.8	1,028.2	1,030.1	1,031.2	1,033.8	1,036.7	1,046.2	1,047.9	1,05
lew Mexico	167.7	168.2	168.0	168.1	169.0	168.8	168.9	172.6	173.1	173.3	175.5	176.3	17
lew York	2,405.4	2,413.3	2,416.7	2,418.7	2,427.3	2,435.9	2,440.9	2,444.6	2,449.8	2,458.0	2,464.3	2,473.1	2,47
lorth Carolina	689.5	693.0	694.9	697.0	700.2	703.2	707.5	709.5	711.9	717.9	719.2	723.3	72
lorth Dakota	76.6	77.0	77.1	77.4	77.9	78.2	77.9	77.8	77.9	79.1	79.1	79.8	7
Ohio	1,278.2	1,277.6	1,277.5	1,281.4	1,285.5	1,286.5	1,289.1	1,292.9	1,296.0	1,296.9	1,299.4	1,300.0	1,29
>klahoma	304.5	307.1	306.7	305.6	304.6	304.3	304.4	307.0	307.0	307.3	310.6	312.7	31
regon	327.1	327.7	328.5	330.6	331.0	333.1	333.3	332.2	332.9	334.1	334.1	335.1	33
Pennsylvania	1,523.9	1,525.0	1,528.3	1,532.4	1,536.0	1,539.0	1,540.5	1,530.1	1,533.3	1,541.7	1,553.1	1,560.4	1,55
Rhode Island	135.3	137.1	136.9	136.8	137.1	137.3	136.8	137.4	136.8	138.1	138.6	139.4	14
outh Carolina	332.0	336.0	336.8	337.5	339.0	340.2	341.3	345.3	344.6	344.4	344.4	345.9	34
outh Dakota	79.9	79.8	79.8	79.3	80.6	80.9	81.0	83.3	83.6	83.9	84.0	84.5	8
ennessee	572.2	575.0	577.0	578.9	581.8	583.1	585.9	585.7	587.5	587.7	591.4	594.2	59
exas	1,920.2	1,944.4	1,948.7	1,950.9	1,953.1	1,954.4	1,954.8	1,948.9	1,966.8	1,976.3	1,998.3	2,004.0	2,02
Itah	210.7	213.0	213.4	213.9	215.6	217.3	218.9	221.2	221.9	222.7	223.7	223.5	22
/ermont	73.9	74.0	74.2	74.6	75.2	75.7	74.2	74.2	75.3	75.8	77.5	75.3	7
/irginia	793.7	799.5	802.1	806.5	809.4	813.2	817.2	816.7	822.9	829.5	834.0	834.0	83
Vashington	580.5	580.8	583.6	585.2	586.0	587.3	589.3	588.3	589.2	593.6	594.2	596.7	60
Vest Virginia	165.9	166.8	167.4	168.0	169.5	169.4	170.0	170.1	170.9	171.2	172.3	174.0	17
Visconsin	593.5	598.4	598.8	600.4	801.3	602.0	602.4	604.9	607.9	610.3	611.7	611.5	61
Vyoming	42.9	42.9	42.9	43.1	43.1	43.2	43.5	43.8	43.8	43.7	44.0	43.5	- 4

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

Chaha				1993						19	94		
State	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
							Governmen	ıt					
labama	342.0	338.8	340.0	341.2	342.4	343.1	343.0	344.3	343.5	343.9	345.0	343.8	350
laska	74.4	73.8	74.4	74.2	74.8	74.5	75.1	75.8	74.9	74.9	74.8	74.4	74
rizona	289.4	289.7	289.9	290.1	285.8	287.6	287,1	286.3	286.5	287.3	286.3	287.4	292
rkansas	169.7	171.0	171.4	168.8	168.8	169.3	169.1	169.4	169.4	169.4	169.4	170.7	171
alifornia	2,076.8	2,076.5	2,078.1	2,075.2	2,075.6	2,078.6	2,079.4	2,079.8	2,084.1	2,083.0	2,084.0	2,089.4	2,088
olorado	295.6	299.7	298.4	297.5	297.6	297.9	298.8	297.9	298.7	298.8	300.6	298.5	297
connecticut	203.9	205.3	204.8	207.3	207.7	208.7	208.8	207.3	209.0	208.8	210.5	210.2	209
elaware	49.7	48.9	49.1	50.3	49.4	49.6	49.9	49.4	49.5	49.4	49.4	50.2	49
District of Columbia	287.7	289.3	285.8	286.0	284.9	285.7	284.8	285.1	284.0	283.0	282.6	281.1	278
lorida	880.2	883.7	883.4	884.6	887.0	889.3	894.1	895.8	898.3	897.9	907.1	901.9	908
ieorgia	544.1	544.9	545.4	546.6	554.3	555.4	556.8	558.3	560.6	560.8	561.3	561.2	562
awaii	112.1	110.8	111.1	111.3	111.8	111.5	112.0	110.4	111.9	112.0	111.9	110.2	113
laho	89.4	90.6	90.8	90.6	91.3	91.6	92.2	92.2	92.5	92.8	93.1	93.3	93
linois	766.6	761.0	758.2	759.6	772.2	772.6	773.2	768.1	773.5	773.4	771.7	779.3	769
ndiana	392.4	391,1	391.6	397.6	395.7	396.0	396.9	398.2	395.1	395.4	396.0	395.2	399
owa	222.7	221.4	222.4	224.3	224.5	225.2	225.7	224.7	223.6	225.3	226.1	227.1	231
ansas	233.0	231.3	223.9	231.8	232.1	231.1	232.7	232.0	232.4	232.4	226.2	231.4	237
Centucky	277.0	276.1	275.1	276.1	276.5	277.7	276.7	272.8	275.2	277.1	277.3	276.6	277
ouisiana	341.2	340.6	340.8	339.6	340.2	340.2	339.6	340.2	339.4	340.2	343.2	343.6	342
faine	95.1	95.9	95.9	93.9	94.0	93.6	93.3	92.1	93.4	93.2	93.2	93.8	93
faryland	417.0	413.3	417.3	421.3	417.6	418.1	419.4	419.1	416.4	419.8	419.9	418.9	418.
lassachusetts	387.8	388.4	369.1	390.0	389.7	388.8	387.8	387.0	388.8	386.5	390.2	388.9	388
lichigan	639.5	634.1	633.4	642.9	641.7	641.2	641.6	637.0	637.9	641.4	638.7	637.4	628
finnesota	352.3	352.7	353.4	355.4	356.2	357.9	358.5	359.6	359.5	360.8	362.6	362.3	381
lississippi	209.2	209.9	214.9	210.6	211.2	211.4	211.8	211.5	210.5	212.6	212.3	212.4	210
lissouri	378.4	377.7	377.4	379.1	379.6	380.7	382.5	381.0	382.5	382.7	385.4	386.5	386
fontana	74.4	73.5	74.7	74.2	74.6	74.5	75.0	74.4	74.6	74.6	75.0	75.6	75
lebraska	147.1	149.1	150.0	150.0	150.1	149.2	150.5	151.1	149.1	149.7	149.5	152.1	148
levada	90.9	88.1	69.1	88.9	89.2	89.3	90.0	69.4	90.0	91.1	91.8	92.2	90
lew Hampshire	73.7	72.6	73.3	71.8	74.5	73.9	74.1	75.1	76.6	76.7	75.0	74.2	74
lew Jersey	564.8	562.8	564.4	566.4	568.3	569.2	569.2	565.2	561.1	562.5	565.0	566.9	568
lew Mexico	160.4	158.1	159.0	159.9	159.7	160.1	160.0	160.4	160.2	160.6	162.1	162.5	165
lew York	1,418.4	1,430.4	1,423.2	1,419.7	1,420.4	1,423.0	1,420.2	1,417.5	1,415.6	1,417.2	1,417.6	1,421.8	1,413
lorth Carolina	524.1	530.2	537.3	533.9	536.5	539.1	539.2	539.9	537.6	540.4	541.0	542.9	540
lorth Dakota	66.4	67.2	67.3	67.8	66.6	66.4	66.8	66.6	67.0	66.7	66.5	66.6	66
Ohio	736.8	730.2	737.5	738.3	744.5	738.5 268.3	739.5 268.6	738.0	739.9	740.6 269.9	744.5	741.4	746
XIahoma	272.5	270.8	270.8	267.6	266.9			269.6	269.2		271.4	271.9	271
Oregon	233.5 709.3	232.2 70 9 .2	231.9 708.3	232.1 709.1	232.2 709.3	232.9 710.5	233.0	233.9	233.7 708.3	232.7 711.2	233.1 714.2	234.4	231 724
Pennsylvania							713.8	710.0				713.3	
thode Island outh Carolina	61.2 298.5	61.3 298.6	61.5 298.7	60.3 298.1	60.9 297.8	61.3 297.9	62.4 297.7	61.7 299.6	62.0 298.8	61.4 300.0	61.9 300.3	61.9 300.4	61 303
	65.6	65.4	66.4	67.6	66.8	66.8	66.7	87.4	67.4	67.3	67.5	67.7	68
outh Dakota	361.0	361.8	362.9	362.5	363.5	364.6	365.1	67.4 365.1	365.2	365.9	366.2	366.4	388
exas	1,365.9	1,382.5	1,393.2	1,395.5	1,394.3	1,397.3	1,395.4	1,389.6	1,393.4	1,390.7	1,394.9	1,398.0	1.394
tah	159.1	1,362.5	1,383.2	160.0	160.3	161.0	162.0	161.1	161.6	1,390.7	162.0	162.1	1,394
ermont	44.2	42.5	42.4	42.9	43.7	43.5	43.5	43.4	44.1	44.4	44.1	44.9	44
	596.0	600.6	600.0	600.9	601.1	602.0	601.5	597.5	596.1	602.4	603.3	602.1	604
/irginia	430.2	429.8	428.7	434.5	429.6	433.3	431.5	433.5	436.9	432.7	435.1	434.6	436
Vashington Vest Virginia	131.9	429.8 125.9	132.4	135.0	134.9	433.3 135.1	431.5 135.5	433.5 134.8	135.0	134.6	133.6	140.5	133
vest virginiaVisconsin	360.6	125.9 359.6	360.7	360.4	361.2	361.7	362.4	363.0	360.2	363.1	362.8	362.0	363
Vyoming	57.3	57.0	55.6	57.2	57.7	57.6	57.8	58.0	57.8	57.2	57.3	57.6	57
. Louis R	31.3	57.0	55.6	91.2	57.7	57.0	97.0	56.0	97.0	91.2	اد. بن	97.10	91

Includes mining, not shown separately.
 Mining is combined with construction.

 $^{\rm P}={\rm pre-liminary}.$ NOTE: All State data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

			19	93						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total private	34.5	34.6	34.4	34.5	34.6	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.6
Mining	44.6	44.5	44.2	45.1	44.3	44.1	44.2	44.1	44.4	45.0	44.5	44.9	44.8
Construction	(°)	(1)	(1)	(*)	(*)	(1)	(1)	(*)	(²)	(1)	(*)	6	(1)
Manufacturing Overtime hours	41.4 4.1	41.5 4.1	41.5 4.2	41.6 4.3	41.7 4.4	41.7 4.4	41.7 4.5	41.3 4.5	42.1 4.7	42.2 4.8	42.1 4.7	42.0 4.6	41.9 4.6
Durable goods	42.0	42.2	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.7	42.2	43.0	43.0	42.9	42.8	42.6
Overtime hours	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9
Lumber and wood products	40.7	40.8	41.0	41.2	41.4	41.2	41.7	40.6	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.3	41.0
Furniture and fixtures	40.0	40.4	40.0	40.4	40.7	40.2	40.2	39.0	40.6	40.3	40.3	40.8	40.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.6	42.8	42.7	42.8	43.3	43.1	43.3	42.3	43.6	43.4	43.7	43.6	43.5
Primary metal industries	43.5	43.6	43.6	43.8	44.1	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.6	44.9	44.8	44.3	44.2
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	44.2	43.9	44.1	43.8	44.0	44.2	43.9	44.3	44.7	45.1	45.1	44.4	44.0
Fabricated metal products	42.0	42.1	42.2	42.3	42.5	42.5	42.6	42.3	42.8	43.0	42.8	42.6	42.6
Industrial machinery and equipment	43.1	43.0	43.0	43.2	43.2	43.3	43.4	43.1	43.9	43.9	43.8	43.7	43.6
Electronic and other electrical equipment	41.8	42.0	42.0	42.1	42.0	41.9	42.1	41.7	42.4	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.1
Transportation equipment	42.6	43.2	43.6	43.5	43.8	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.5	44.6	44.3	43.9	43.2
Motor vehicles and equipment	43.4	44.4	45.1	45.1	45.9	46.1	46.2	46.3	46.5	46.1	45.8	45.2	44.1
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	41.3 39.7	41.0 39.8	41.1 39.8	41.1 39.7	41.0 39.8	41.2 39.9	41.4 40.1	41.0 38.9	41.7 40.1	41.6 40.4	41.9 40.2	41.7 40.2	42.1 40.0
Nondurable goods	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.1	41.0	41.1	41.0	41.0	41.0
Overtime hours	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3
Food and kindred products	40.7	40.7	40.6	40.9	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.8	41.2	41.2	41.1	41.3	41.5
Tobacco products	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(4)		(*)	(1)	(1)	(*)		
Textile mill products	41.3	41.4	41.5	41.5	41.8	41.8	41.5	40.4	42.2	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.7
Apparel and other textile products	37.2	37.2	37.0	36.9	37.1	37.1	36.9	35.8	37.6	38.0	37.8	37.8	37.4
Paper and allied products	43.5	43.6	43.8	43.8	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.2	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.3
Printing and publishing	38.4	38.2	38.3	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.3	38.0	38.4	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8
Chemicals and allied products	43.4	43.2	42.9	43.2	43.0	43.1	43.2	42.8	43.3	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.5
Petroleum and coal products	(1)	(*)	(එ	(ግ	(1)	(1)	0		(²)	(1)	(1)		
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.7	41.8	41.7	41.8	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.6	42.6	42.4	42.2	42.3	42.1
Leather and leather products	38.2	38.4	38.7	38.7	38.5	38.5	38.6	37.7	38.6	39.0	38.4	38.1	37.4
Transportation and public utilities	39.6	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.7	39.7	40.1	39.7	39.8	40.2	40.0	40.0	39.9
Wholesale trade	38.2	38.3	37.9	38.2	38.2	38.1	38.5	38.1	38.3	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.3
Retail trade	28.9	28.9	28.6	28.9	28.8	28.8	29.0	28.6	28.9	29.0	29.0	28.9	29.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(1)	(*)	ტ	(*)	n	(*)	(ጎ	(1)	(1)	n	n	6	(1)
Services	32.5	32.6	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.8	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.8	32.4	32.5

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. $\ ^{\text{p}}\ =\ \text{preliminary}.$

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

la di sala		*	19	93		.				1994			·
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^a
Total private	124.6	125.1	124.4	125.3	125.8	125.9	127.1	125.6	127.3	128.2	129.1	128.7	129.2
Goods-producing	103.8	103.8	103.8	104.3	104.9	105.1	105.3	103.9	106.7	107.3	107.4	107.5	107.6
Mining	54.7	54.3	54.2	55.2	53.8	55.1	54.6	54.3	54.5	54.9	54.2	55.1	55.0
Construction	125.9	125.9	125.2	126.3	128.8	128.8	128.5	124.5	131.0	132.7	134.8	134.0	135.7
Manufacturing	102.3	102.4	102.5	102.9	103.3	103.3	103.7	102.8	104.9	105.4	105.1	105.3	105.0
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicale and allied products	99.5 123.5 120.4 102.2 84.8 71.9 102.1 92.4 100.2 108.9 132.3 76.6 100.5 106.1 112.1 58.3 98.5 90.1	99.8 124.5 121.3 102.7 84.9 71.1 102.5 91.8 100.4 110.3 136.0 75.9 100.0 106.0 112.5 57.0 98.2 89.6 110.3 123.6 110.3	100.2 125.7 120.7 102.7 85.1 71.5 102.9 92.1 100.8 111.3 138.6 75.7 100.4 105.7 111.9 57.1 98.6 88.8 110.6 123.7	100.6 127.2 121.9 103.2 85.7 71.1 103.4 92.8 101.4 111.2 139.7 75.6 100.1 105.9 113.1 57.4 98.5 88.1 110.4 123.8	101.2 128.7 123.5 104.4 86.6 71.6 104.4 93.1 101.4 111.9 142.9 75.0 100.0 106.0 112.5 59.6 99.2 88.2 110.2 123.8	101.6 128.7 122.6 104.2 86.8 71.7 104.8 93.7 101.6 112.9 145.2 75.0 100.6 105.8 112.3 56.8 112.3 56.8 110.2 123.2	102.3 131.6 122.9 105.2 87.0 71.3 105.6 94.4 101.6 113.8 149.4 75.2 100.8 105.7 112.0 57.1 12.0 57.1 12.0 58.6 86.6 110.4 123.5	101.4 128.2 119.2 102.8 87.3 71.6 105.1 94.2 101.2 113.7 149.4 74.5 97.4 104.7 112.7 54.2 84.0 109.1 122.6	103.3 130.4 124.8 106.5 88.1 71.6 106.7 96.1 103.2 114.8 150.3 75.6 100.8 107.1 114.1 58.3 100.8 88.4 111.2 124.1	104.0 131.3 123.5 107.3 88.5 70.8 107.8 96.9 104.6 115.3 149.5 75.2 101.9 107.4 113.6 62.0 99.8 89.3 111.1 125.5	103.8 131.6 124.2 107.8 88.5 70.8 107.6 96.9 103.8 114.6 147.9 75.4 101.0 107.0 113.2 60.3 99.2 88.9 111.1 125.1	103.9 131.7 126.0 108.1 87.5 68.9 107.8 97.4 104.3 114.4 147.9 74.7 101.0 107.1 113.4 58.8 111.1 125.7	103.5 130.7 126.7 107.8 87.5 68.3 107.8 97.3 103.6 112.0 144.7 75.8 101.6 107.1 114.4 55.6 98.9 87.3 111.9 125.8
Chemicals and allied products	101.4 82.4 132.6 55.2	100.8 82.9 132.7 55.5	100.4 81.6 132.2 55.3	101.3 83.7 132.0 55.3	101.4 80.9 133.7 55.0	101.6 79.9 134.1 55.0	101.5 81.8 134.7 55.2	100.6 79.7 134.7 53.9	101.4 80.4 138.3 54.6	101.3 82.1 138.3 55.7	101.6 78.7 138.4 53.7	101.4 79.1 138.9 53.3	101.9 79.9 139.4 51.7
Service-producing	134.0	134.7	133.7	134.8	135.2	135.2	136.9	135.3	136.6	137.6	138.8	138.3	138.9
Transportation and public utilities	117.5	117.9	117.5	118.3	117.9	117.6	118.9	117.9	118.6	118.4	119.8	119.7	119.6
Wholesale trade	112.5	112.7	111.7	112.7	112.8	112.8	114.0	113.1	113.9	114.5	114.8	114.9	114.5
Retail trade	123.6	123.9	122.8	124.1	123.7	124.1	125.1	123.6	125.4	126.4	126.6	126.8	127.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	120.3	121.8	120.8	121.4	121.8	121.3	124.3	121.7	121.5	122.0	123.6	121.9	122.6
Services	156.6	157.5	156.6	157.6	158.9	158.9	181.2	159.3	160.8	162.5	164.6	163.5	164.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

B-10. Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Millions	s of hours (annual i	rate) ¹		Percent change	
Industry	May 1994'	June 1994 ^r	July 1994 ^p	July 1993 to July 1994 ^p	May 1994 to June 1994 ^r	June 1994 to July 1994 ^p
Total	210,471	209,831	210,051	2.5	3	.1
Private sector	172,451	171,998	172,612	3.2	3	.4
Mining	1,393	1,407	1,398	2	1.0	7
Construction	9,977	9,907	10,035	7.2	7	1.3
Manufacturing	39,148	39,169	39,110	1.3	.1	2
Durable goods	22,537	22,551	22,475	2.0	.1	3
Nondurable goods	16,610	16,618	16,635	.3	.0	.1
Transportation and public utilities	12,186	12,175	12,169	1.8	1	.0
Wholesale trade	12,086	12,073	12,051	1.8	1	2
Retail trade	30,391	30,463	30,682	3.5	.2	.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,843	12,611	12,660	1.3	-1.8	.4
Services	54,428	54,193	54,507	5.1	4	.6
Government	38,021	37,833	37,440	7	5	-1.0

¹ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers-and are based largely on establishment data. See BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS Bulletin 2414, chapter 10, "Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors". SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202-606-5606).

r = revised.

B-11. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

1-4			19	93						1994			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
						Average	hourly e	arnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$10.82	\$10.86	\$10.88	\$10.92	\$10.94	\$10.96	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.02	\$11.05	\$11.09	\$11.08	\$11.1
Mining	14.56	14.57	14.55	14.62	14.51	14.68	14.88	14.81	14.77	14.87	14.83	14.71	14.7
Construction	14.40	14.41	14.41	14.43	14.46	14.41	14.43	14.54	14.47	14.52	14.60	14.67	14.7
Manufacturing	11.73	11.77	11.82	11.84	11.87	11.93	11.95	12.01	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.02	12.0
Excluding overtime ²	11.18	11.21	11.25	11.25	11.28	11.32	11.34	11.40	11.37	11.33	11.37	11.40	11.4
Transportation and public utilities	13.63	13.83	13.63	13.66	13.70	13.73	13.80	13.82	13.79	13.77	13.80	13.79	13.8
Wholesale trade	11.75	11.80		11.84	11.80	11.82	11.92	11.88	11.88	11.95	11.98	11.99	12.0
Retail trade	7.28	7.31	7.30	7.35	7.35	7.37	7.41	7.42	7.43	7.45	7.47	7.47	7.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11.35	11.46	11.44	11.56	11.58	11.61	11.73	11.67	11.69	11.77	11.83		11.7
Services	10.76	10.81	10.82	10.87	10.88	10.89	10.97	10.96	10.95	10.99	11.04	11.03	11.0
Total private (in constant dollars) ³	7.38	7.39	7.40	7.39	7.39	7.40	7.43	7.42	7.39	7.40	7.42	7.39	(*)
						Average	weekly	earnings					
Total private: In current dollars In constant (1982) dollars ³	373.29 254.46	375.76 255.62	374.27 254.43	376.74 255.07	378.52 255.76						385.93 258.15		384.7

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1990 forward are subject to revision.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

⁴ Not available.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°
Total		111,346	110,431	113,511	114,340	113,399	-	-	-	-	-
Total private		92,473	92,602	94,109	95,249	95,403	75,331	75,451	76,827	77,869	77,951
Mining		614	617	602	609	612	433	437	427	433	436
AAAAA aat ta							44.0	40.0	40.0	٠	
Metal mining		51.0		50.0	51.1	51.5	41.0		40.6	41.4 9.0	[
Copper ores		9.2 15.4	I	10.5 15.0	10.9 15.3		7.4 12.7	7.3 12.5	8.7 12.4	12.7	=
Coal mining	12	109.2	103.8	113.5	115.0	114.2	86.4	83.0	91.6	93.0	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		101.6		106.5	107.8		80.1	77.0	85.8	87.1	_
Oil and gas extraction	13	349.0	357.8	334.5	338.3	340.5	226.5	234.0	216.1	218.6	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	173.2		162.7	164.1	-	85.9	85.4	79.4	80.4	_
Oil and gas field services	138	171.0				-	137.0	145.0	133.8	135.4	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	104.4	104.9	103.5	104.9	105.4	79.5	79.8	78.5	79.8	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	39.2	39.6	39.8	40.4	-	30.8	31.2	31.1	31.6	_
Sand and gravel	144	34.2	34.5	33.2	33.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	13.1	13.0	12.8	12.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,831	4,942	4,960	5,136	5,257	3,747	3,853	3,849	4,012	4,121
General building contractors	15	1,145.7	1,169.8	1,157.6	1,200.6	1,227.5	816.0	838.6	816.9	857.6	_
Residential building construction	152	580.2	587.9	585.8	608.5	· _	399.3	406.7	397.5	419.4	-
Operative builders		28.0	28.4	29.9	30.5	-	12.1	12.4	12.9	13.3	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	537.5	553.5	541.9	561.6	-	404.6	419.5	406.5	424.9	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	762.9	770.9	756.0	779.0	794.0	642.3	650.0	638.1	661.0	_
Highway and street construction	161	261.0	268.6	251.0	267.4	-	221.6	228.7	210.8	227.6	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	501.9	502.3	505.0	511.6	-	420.7	421.3	427.3	433.4	-
Special trade contractors	17	2,922.5	3.001.4	3,046.7	3,156.5	3,235.4	2,289.0	2,364.6	2,393.7	2.493.3	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	634.6				_	463.1	479.8	481.8	499.9	_
Painting and paper hanging		172.7	176.7	177.2	190.9	-	144.5	148.7	147.6	159.0	_
Electrical work		521.2				-	403.0		423.0	438.2	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		415.9			472.9	-	357.7	371.0	386.2	409.4	-
Carpentry and floor work		190.7	197.5	225.7	234.9	-	141.4	148.4	172.0	181.1	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		211.7	ĺ		226.4	-	170.5		178.1	183.3	-
Manufacturing		18,082	17,956	17,975	18,136	18,024	12,346	12,230	12,370	12,501	12,397
Durable goods		10,206	10,105	10,226	10,312	10,211	6,842	6,747	6,945	7,015	6,925
Lumber and wood products	24	708.8	713.2	724.5	741.7	745.0	584.0	587.6	599.2	614.2	615.9
Logging	241	80.4			77.4	-	65.2	68.1	60.3	63.6	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	182.7					158.8		159.5		-
Sawmills and planing mills, general		146.0	,		,	-	126.7				-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		34.7 251.9	34.2 253.3		36.0 270.5	-	30.4 202.5	29.6 203.8	31.3 212.8	31.7 218.3	-
Millwork		103.0				-	80.6		84.1	87.0	_
Wood kitchen cabinets		69.0			74.5	_ '	54.8	54.8	59.0	60.0	_
Hardwood veneer and plywood		23.9				_	20.5		21.0	21.0	_
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	28.3				-	25.6		25.5	25.9	-
Wood containers		48.1	46.2			j -	39.1	39.1	40.1	40.9	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes		64.7	65.6			-	50.7	51.4	57.3	59.0	-
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		48.1 83.0	49.0 82.2			<u>-</u>	39.8 67.7	40.6 87.1	46.2 69.2	47.2 70.2	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	407 5	477.0	400.0	400 0	400.0	205 4	075 4	204 4	205 4	200 0
Household furniture		487.5 278.1	477.2 268.2	1	1	492.6	385.1 232.2	375.1 223.2	391.4 236.3	395.4 236.5	388.6
Wood household furniture		123.2				-	105.8		105.3	106.1	
		91.3			92.6	1	76.1	74.6	78.4	78.0	_
Upholstered household furniture	12012										
Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture		21.6			21.9		17.4		18.8	18.0	-

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Ali	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures—Continued											
Office furniture		60.5	60.7	61.5	62.3	-	43.6	43.6	45.1	45.4	
Public building and related furniture		37.8	36.1	38.4	39.4	-	30.3	28.5	30.4	31.3	
Partitions and fixtures		75.7	76.9	76.6	79.0	-	55.4	56.2	55.8	57.9	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	35.4	35.3	35.2	35.8	- i	23.6	23.6	23.8	24.3	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	525.2	523.9	532.3	540.2	539.1	405.8	404.2	412.0	419.7	417
Flat glass	321	14.4	14.5	14.3	14.6	-	11.3	11.3	11.1	11.4	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	. 322	77.2	77.1	76.5	75.9	- !	65.0	64.7	63.4	63.4	-
Glass containers	. 3221	35.6	35.5	33.7	33.3	- '	31.9	31.8	30.1	30.0	l
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.6	41.6	42.8	42.6	-	33.1	32.9	33.3	33.4	-
Products of purchased glass		59.5	58.0	59.4	60.1	- 1	45.0	43.5	44.8	45.4	-
Cement, hydraulic		18.4	18.5		18.4	-	14.2	14.3	13.5	14.1	-
Structural clay products		32.7	32.5	32.4	32.7	-	25.4	25.2	25.2	25.5	-
Pottery and related products		39.4	39.0		40.6		30.8	30.5	31.9	32.3	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	195.5	196.6		208.1	-	149.1	150.0	155.6	159.9	I
Concrete block and brick	32/1	17.0 64.1	17.0 64.1	17.5 65.6	18.0 67.2	-	10.9 47.8	11.0 47.9	11.3 48.8	11.7 50.4	-
Poods mixed concrete	2272	97.5	98.6		105.6	1 1			82.0	84.2	
Ready-mixed concrete Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	32/3	74.6	98.6 74.3	75.3	76.2	1	77.0 55.2	77.7 55.1	56.9	57.9	_
Abrasive products	3201	19.7	19.7	19.7	20.0	-	14.5	14.5	15.1	15.5	
Asbestos products	3202	3.0	3.0		2.9	-	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	
Mineral wool		22.3	22.2	22.2	22.6	1 1	-	-	-		_
Drivens metal industries	22	680.5	671.5	678.4	683.9	676.0	E10.7	509.5	E01 0	523.8	E47
Primary metal industries	33	239.0	238.1	229.6	230.4	676.8 230.2	518.7 182.5	181.5	521.3 174.0	173.4	517 173
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	174.3	173.8	166.9	167.7	230.2	133.8	133.5	127.4	127.4	''-
Steel pipe and tubes		25.7	25.6	25.4	25.7	_	19.1	18.6	18.9	19.2	_
Iron and steel foundries		119.3	115.0		125.5		95.3	90.8	100.2	101.7	_
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	75.8	72.4	77.9	78.8	_	61.1	57.5	63.9	64.5	l _
Malleable iron foundries	. 3322	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.8	_	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	_
Steel foundries, nec		24.5	24.0	25.7	26.1	-	19.2	18.7	20.6	21.0	-
Primary nonferrous metals	. 333	41.9	41.8	39.7	39.6	-	31.8	31.6	29.9	29.7	_
Primary aluminum	3334	24.0	23.8	22.5	22.4	-	18.8	18.5	17.7	17.5	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	. 335	160.6	159.8	162.5	163.3	-	116.3	115.6	120.9	121.3	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	21.7	21.8	21.8	22.2	-	16.5	16.5	16.8	17.1	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	24.3	23.9		23.1	-	16.1	15.8	16.3	16.1	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		68.4	67.8	1	71.1	-	49.8	49.3	52.6	52.7	
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		78.5	75.9		83.1	-	63.0	60.6	65.9	67.0	
Aluminum foundries	3365	22.1	21.1	23.1	23.8	-	17.7	16.7	18.8	19.3	-
Fabricated metal products	34	1,335.8	1,317.9		1,371.7	1,354.1	985.6	969.1	1,010.7	1,025.6	
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	42.5	41.9	40.3	40.9	-	36.6	36.3	34.4	35.0	, -
Metal cans		34.4	34.0		33.1	- '	30.1	29.9	28.2	28.7	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		124.1	122.6		128.5	-	92.4	91.0	95.4	96.9	1
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		42.0	41.3	43.5	43.8		31.5	30.8	33.4	33.7	
Hardware, nec		70.4 55.9	69.4 55.8		72.6 58.9		52.9 39.6	52.1 39.3	53.9 42.2	55.0 42.5	1
Plumbing and heating, except electric		24.4	24.2		25.1		18.2	17.9	19.0		1
Heating equipment, except electric		18.5	18.8		20.1	_ '	11.9	11.9	12.9		
Fabricated structural metal products		394.1	395.4		403.7	_	279.6	280.7	285.6		
Fabricated structural metal		67.3	67.0		67.7	_ :	47.8	47.4	47.8	48.8	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		71.3	72.4	1	75.2		51.7	52.8	54.3	55.7	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		98.0	96.7		94.9		66.5	65.4	66.0	66.3	-
Sheet metal work		96.7	97.8	99.3	101.5	-	72.6	73.6	74.9	76.9	-
Architectural metal work		25.3	25.7	25.6	26.4	۱ - ۱	17.8	18.0	18.1	18.7	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		91.9	90.8	94.4	95.4	-	70.4	69.6	73.3		
Screw machine products		45.9	45.2		48.8		37.2	36.8	39.3		
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		46.0			46.6		33.2	32.8	34.0		
Metal forgings and stampings		219.8	210.2	1	229.9		175.1	165.8	182.6	184.2	
Iron and steel forgings		28.8			29.7		22.0	21.6	22.9		
Automotive stampings		100.5					85.0	77.8	89.4	89.4	
Metal stampings, nec	3469	79.3	77.4	81.8	83.4	-	59.9	58.3	62.5	64.0	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1987		All	employe	908			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued]					
Metal services, nec		117.2	1	118.3	120.2	-	91.4	88.9	92.4		-
Plating and polishing		73.2	71.4	73.5	74.7	-	57.0	55.2	57.1	58.2	-
Metal coating and allied services		44.0	1		45.5	Ł	34.4	33.7	35.3		-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		59.4		54.7	54.6	i	33.5	33.0	30.3		-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		35.2		31.8	31.4	-	17.2	16.9	14.9	9	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products		230.9		•	1	l	167.0	164.5	174.5		_
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		24.9		24.7	24.6	-	18.3	17.9	18.3	18.3	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3490	53.3	52.7	55.0	55.3	-	40.4	39.9	42.0	42.4	_
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	1,927.2	1,909.7	1,946.3	1,957.1	1,936.0	1,167.3	1,152.0	1,206.4	1,214.1	1,200.
Engines and turbines	351	86.8	86.7	89.1	89.5	-	53.7	53.8	56.3	56.3	· -
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	28.0	27.8	27.9	27.7	-	16.2	16.1	16.4	16.1	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	58.8	58.9	61.2	61.8	-	37.5	37.7	39.9	40.2	-
Farm and garden machinery		98.4	92.5	105.3	105.2	-	71.4	65.5	78.5		-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	73.1	72.4	76.8	77.1	-	51.5	50.8	55.6	55.4	-
Construction and related machinery	353	209.8		213.9	213.4	-	127.7	127.6	134.0		-
Construction machinery		78.6			80.3	-	47.8	47.9	52.8	52.0	-
Mining machinery		15.1	14.4	14.5	14.7	-	8.9	8.2	8.4	8.5	-
Oil and gas field machinery		37.8	38.2	37.2	37.4	-	24.6	25.1	24.7	24.8	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		35.5	35.8	37.1	37.4	-	19.9	19.8	20.7	20.8	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		26.0		27.6	27.8	-	17.1	17.1	18.4	18.6	-
Metalworking machinery		307.2		314.8	316.9	-	215.1	214.0		223.2	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	36.7	36.5	37.2	37.6	1	22.1	22.1	23.0	23.1	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	15.4	15.2	15.6	1	-	9.6	9.4	9.8	10.0	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		144.2	143.2	148.1	149.1	-	110.0	108.7	112.7	113.3	_
Machine tool accessories Power driven handtools		48.6	48.4	49.6	49.9	-	33.6	33.3	34.4		-
Special industry machinery		23.3 148.9	23.6 148.0	23.6 150.7	23.5	-	15.6 84.8	15.9 84.0	16.0 87.5		-
Textile machinery		15.6	15.5	15.5	151.4 15.2	[10.3	10.3	10.1	10.0	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	21.2	21.0	20.3	20.4		11.1	10.3	10.1	10.8	<u>-</u>
Food products machinery	3556	23.0	22.7	23.4	23.4	-	13.6	13.5	14.3	14.3	
General industrial machinery	356	236.1	234.9	236.8	238.7	-	149.9	148.5	150.9	152.3	
Pumps and pumping equipment		30.8	30.5	29.7	29.9	l - '	17.0	16.9	16.4	16.6	_
Ball and roller bearings		37.2	36.8	36.4	36.6		29.4	29.1	28.9	29.0	_
Air and gas compressors	3563	24.6	24.6	26.3	26.6		13.3	13.0	14.4	14.6	_
Blowers and fans	3564	32.4	32.5	32.6	32.9		21.8	21.8	22.1	22.3	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		15.6	15.6	15.1	15.2	-	11.1	11.0	10.5	10.6	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	19.0	18.6	19.6	19.9	-	12.6	12.4	13.1	13.3	-
Computer and office equipment	357	361.8		341.5	343.0	-	120.1	118.3	117.7	119.7	-
Electronic computers	3571	215.7	212.6	198.5	198.8	-	55.6	54.8	56.2	57.0	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and	1	1]]
office machines, nec	3575,8,9		53.3	52.4	52.6	-	23.1	22.5	20.6	21.3	-
Refrigeration and service machinery		180.0		189.8	192.3	-	126.9	123.8	134.6		-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	123.7	119.9	129.8	131.8	-	91.5	87.9	96.6		-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	298.2 20.5		304.4 21.6	306.7	-	217.7	216.5	224.9	226.4 17.8	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		235.3		239.5		-	16.5 176.8	16.2 176.0	18.0 181.3	182.7	_
Coulde, buildings, and indomina macrimory, more										102	1
Electronic and other electrical equipment		1,521.1		1,538.9		1,540.4	973.5	960.6	990.3	1,002.6	985.
Electric distribution equipment		81.2		81.1	81.3	-	56.6	55.5	56.8		-
Transformers, except electronic		40.8				-	29.3	28.6	29.7	29.7	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		40.4			40.2	1	27.3		27.1		-
Electrical industrial apparatus		154.7				-	108.3	107.1	111.8		-
Motors and generators		76.3		78.7	79.5	ı	59.1	58.0	61.4		-
Relays and industrial controls		59.6				-	35.8	35.8	36.2		-
Household appliances		118.6			126.7	-	95.0	93.9	101.7		-
Household refrigerators and freezers		29.4			1	-	25.4	26.1	27.0		-
Household laundry equipment		15.3					11.8		14.6		_
Electric housewares and fans	3034	27.5	26.7	27.9	28.8	-	21.5	20.5	21.6	22.6	ı -

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	Jul 1994
urable goods—Continued											
Electronic and other electrical equipment-Continued		ļ									
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	. 364	170.5	169.4	174.8	178.3	_	123.5	121.9	126.4	129.2	-
Electric lamps	. 3641	21.7	21.4	21.7	21.8	_	17.5	16.9	17.0	17.1	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		61.5	61.2	62.7	63.3	-	41.1	40.6	42.0	42.5	.
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	. 3644	18.9	18.9	19.6	19.8	_	13.5	13.6	14.5	14.8	.
Residential lighting fixtures	. 3645	18.6	18.2	18.9	19.2	-	14.0	13.6	14.1	14.3	
Household audio and video equipment	. 365	81.5	81.7	83.2	85.2	-	53.8	53.7	54.9	56.7	
Household audio and video equipment		58.4	59.2	58.9	60.4	-	36.9	37.4	37.0	38.5	l
Communications equipment	. 366	237.0	235.6	233.5	234.0	-	121.9	119.7	119.6		
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	. 3661	110.2	108.8	106.2	105.8	-	61.3	59.5	58.3	58.0	
Electronic components and accessories		527.0	523.5	529.5	535.6	-	309.8	305.3	311.2	314.8	
Electron tubes		25.2	24.3	24.8	24.9	-	17.0	16.3	16.7	16.6	ļ
Semiconductors and related devices		212.4	214.2	218.4	222.2	-	90.1	90.6	94.6	96.4	
Electronic components, nec		127.6	126.3	127.3	127.4	-	83.4	82.3	83.4	83.4	İ
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		150.6	148.8	153.3	154.6	-	104.6	103.5	107.9	109.0	1
Storage batteries		25.5	25.3	25.6	26.1	-	19.6	19.4	19.9		
Engine electrical equipment	. 3694	64.7	64.5	69.0	69.5	-	49.8	49.8	53.5	54.0	
Fransportation equipment	. 37	1,747.8	1,721.5	1,724.9	1,729.4	1,697.9	1,114.3	1,091.6	1,126.7	1,132.3	1,1
Motor vehicles and equipment		829.7	814.5	878.1	885.1	864.8	639.0	622.6	679.3	685.7	6
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	313.9	307.5	335.5	337.3	-	228.2	220.7	241.9	243.8	
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	36.3	36.5	37.3	38.2	-	28.9	29.2	30.0	30.8	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		430.8	421.5	453.9	459.0	_	343.0	333.5	365.7	370.1	
Truck trailers	. 3715	29.8	30.4	32.6	31.2	_	24.0	24.6	26.7	25.3	
Aircraft and parts		542.3	535.0	482.5	478.3	472.6	252.3	247.7	222.5	219.9	1
Aircraft		301.4	299.2	271.2	269.3	_	122.6	121.7	108.6	107.5	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		110.0	107.5	97.1	95.9	-	54.0	51.9	47.7	47.0	
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		130.9	128.3	114.2	113.1	_	75.7	74.1	66.2	65.4	
Ship and boat building and repairing		158.4	156.5	158.8	159.4	_	122.9	121.5	124.0	124.3	
Ship building and repairing		111.0	110.0	107.7	107.8	_	84.1	83.6	81.0		
Boat building and repairing	. 3732	47.4	46.5	51.1	51.8	_	38.8	37.9	43.0	43.4	
Railroad equipment		30.1	29.1	31.2	32.0	_	22.2	21.6	23.2	23.7	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		124.5	122.5	108.7	107.8	-	35.0	34.2	31.3	30.7	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		89.6	88.2	76.6	75.9	-	23.2	22.6	20.0	19.4	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		45.3	46.3	48.4	48.9	-	30.0	30.9	33.8	34.7	
Travel trailers and campers		18.2	18.9	21.2	21.4	-	14.7	15.4	17.6	17.8	
nstruments and related products	38	894.6	888.4	855.9	855.6	855.6	437.8	432.7	419.9	419.7	4
Search and navigation equipment	381	204.4	201.7	181.8	180.4	-	64.2	63.5	55.2	54.6	١,
Measuring and controlling devices		282.6	280.0	275.7	276.1	_	146.1	143.6	141.3	141.6	
Environmental controls		42.7	42.3	42.4	43.0	_	28.4	28.1	27.8	28.1	
Process control instruments		60.0	59.0	58.6	58.8	_	28.8	27.6	27.8	28.2	l
Instruments to measure electricity		72.6	71.8	70.2	69.3	_	35.0	34.2	33.2	32.5	
Medical instruments and supplies		269.6	268.7	266.3	266.7	_	155.7	154.0	154.1	154.2	
Surgical and medical instruments		110.6	110.3	109.9	109.8	_	65.9	64.9	66.7	66.4	
Surgical appliances and supplies		96.9	96.3	95.4	95.8	_	62.3	61.6	60.2	60.8	
Ophthaimic goods		38.9	38.9	38.4	38.7	_	26.3	26.4	25.7	25.6	l
Photographic equipment and supplies		90.6		85.5	85.2	_	38.7	38.5	36.9		
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		8.5	8.4	8.2	8.5	-	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.9	
Aiscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	377.2	370.9	375.3	377.0	373.7	270.3	264.3	267.0	267.8	2
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		50.5	49.1	50.3	50.4	-	35.6	34.5	35.1	35.1	
Jewelry, precious metal		37.4	36.4	37.7	37.8	_	26.2	25.4	26.2		
Musical instruments		13.5	12.5	13.5	13.7	_	11.1	10.1	10.9		Ł
Toys and sporting goods		110.0	108.3	109.5	108.9	_	79.1	77.3	78.0		
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		42.4	42.1	41.7	41.4	_	29.5	29.0	27.8		ĺ
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	. 3949	67.6	66.2	67.8	67.5	-	49.6	48.3	50.2		
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	. 395	33.9	33.5	31.5	32.0	_	22.9	22.8	21.3		l
Costume jewelry and notions	. 396	30.1	28.6	28.6	28.6	_	22.4	20.9	21.3		l
OUSIUITE IEWEILA STICTIONICIES											
		18.7	17.4	17.4	17.4	_	13.6	12.31	12.8	12.9	I
Costume jewelry Miscellaneous manufactures	. 3961	18.7 139.2	17.4 138.9	17.4 141.9	17.4 143.4	-	13.6 99.2	12.3 98.7	12.8 100.4	12.9 101.5	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Industry	1987	L	All	employe	968		Production workers ¹				
	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
londurable goods		7,876	7,851	7,749	7,824	7,813	5,504	5,483	5,425	5,486	5,4
Food and kindred products		1,673.2			1,663.9	1,707.8	1,218.0 375.1		1,184.1		1,256
Meat products		441.6 137.3	440.7 135.4	439.2 133.1	444.7 133.3	- -	3/5.1 115.1	375.3 114.2	374.6 112.7	378.1 113.0	_
Sausages and other prepared meats		88.9	89.1	88.5	90.8	_	67.7	68.1	68.6	69.4	
Poultry slaughtering and processing		215.4	216.2	217.6	220.6	_	192.3	193.0	193.3	195.7	_
Dairy products		157.7	158.0	151.7	154.4	-	100.2	100.6	96.5	98.6	-
Cheese, natural and processed		41.3	41.6	40.0	40.8	-	33.3	33.6	32.6	33.3	-
Fluid milk		70.3	70.4	68.6	68.8	-	36.8	37.1	36.2	36.4	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		238.9 22.0	274.6 23.4	224.5 21.4	242.3 21.8	-	197.9 18.0	231.9 18.6	183.9 17.5	200.5 18.3	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		71.8	104.6			_	58.1	90.1	55.2	61.3	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		52.1	53.0	45.8		_	45.7	46.2	39.6	46.2	
Grain mill products		127.6	125.7	125.2	125.3	_	90.6	89.4	89.1	89.3	١.
Flour and other grain mill products		19.7	19.8	19.5		-	13.2	13.3	13.2	13.2	
Prepared feeds, nec		42.0	41.8	41.4	41.5	-	26.7	26.6	25.9	26.2	.
Bakery products		209.5	209.6	209.5	211.3	-	134.8	135.1	136.6	138.7	'
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	150.5	150.3	150.3	150.7	-	90.1	90.1	90.5	91.1	٠
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	0050.0	500	50.0	50.0			44.7	45.0	40.4	47.0	
except bread		59.0 96.6	59.3 95.8	59.2 93.4	60.6 94.9	<u>-</u>	44.7 74.6	45.0 73.2	46.1 71.4	47.6 72.2	'
Raw cane sugar		5.5	4.7	6.2	6.1	-	4.6	3.8	4.9	4.8	
Cane sugar refining		4.9	5.0	4.7	4.7	_	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.3	
Beet sugar		8.0	7.9	7.8	7.6	_	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.3	
Candy and other confectionery products		50.3	49.8	48.1	49.7	-	39.7	39.0	37.7	38.6	
Fats and oils		31.6	31.6	31.3	31.1	-	21.0	20.8	20.8	20.6	١.
Beverages		181.7	181.9	177.4	179.9	-	83.0	82.7	84.5	85.4	
Malt beverages		40.5	40.5	37.8	37.9	-	25.0	25.0	24.8	25.0	l ⋅
Bottled and canned soft drinks		96.3 188.0	96.8 193.0	96.4 174.5		- -	36.6 140.8	36.7 145.7	38.0 126.7	38.7 132.0	:
Tobacco products		40.2 30.1	39.5 29.8	37.0 27.5		35.1 -	29.3 22.6	28.5 22.3	27.8 21.4	27.1 20.9	2
Textile mill products	22	680.2	671.3	671.5	676.4	668.6	578.9	570.6	571.4	575.4	56
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	85.2	83.3	83.5	83.8	-	75.6	73.6	74.4	74.6	
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		70.3	69.5	70.0	70.4	-	59.4	58.5	59.1	59.7	.
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		17.5	17.2	17.7	17.8	-	14.7	14.6	15.1	15.1	١ ٠
Narrow fabric mills		22.1	21.2	22.2	22.3	-	18.6		18.7	18.8	٠
Knitting mills		205.3 28.7	203.1 28.0	195.6 25.1	197.7 25.0	_	177.8 25.3	175.8 24.6	168.9 22.0	170.7 21.8	1 :
Hosiery, nec		39.1	39.3	40.0		_	35.2	35.3	35.7	35.8	
Knit outerwear mills		60.6	60.5	56.5	57.5	_	52.6	52.8	48.5	49.5	
Knit underwear mills		26.5	25.9	24.8		-	22.8	22.3	21.7	21.6	.
Weft knit fabric mills		28.5	27.7	27.2	_	-	24.1	23.3	23.0	23.5	
Textile finishing, except wool		71.9	70.9	71.6		-	58.9	58.1	58.8	59.5	١ .
Finishing plants, cottonFinishing plants, synthetics		32.5 24.7	32.2 24.2	33.3 24.0		-	27.0 19.7	26.8 19.2	27.8 19.0	28.0 19.3	
Carpets and rugs		58.8	59.1	63.3		_	47.1	47.4	50.8	50.8	
Yarn and thread mills		97.5	96.4	95.4		_	87.3	86.1	85.0	85.3	
Yam spinning mills		76.4	75.7	73.8		-	69.0		66.6	66.8	.
Throwing and winding mills	2282	14.3	14.0	14.4	14.4	-	12.4	12.2	12.3	12.4	.
Miscellaneous textile goods		51.6	50.6	52.2	52.5	-	39.5	38.7	40.6	40.9	
Apparel and other textile products	23	999.0	965.9	960.4	965.7	932.8	836.9	806.4	804.6	807.5	77
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	42.4	41.2	41.0		-	35.2	33.7	34.3	34.2	١,
Men's and boys' furnishings		277.7	268.6			-	239.4	230.7	228.3	230.3	١ .
Men's and boys' shirts Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		66.7 82.6	62.1 80.6	60.9 79.1	61.5 79.7	<u>-</u>	57.4 72.1	52.6 70.6	52.3 68.7	52.9 69.3	
Men's and boys' work clothing		41.9	41.2	41.2	41.9	-	36.4	35.8	35.9	36.5	
Women's and misses' outerwear		306.6	292.1	289.8	287.2		256.3	243.4	241.8	238.3	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	32.9	31.6	30.4	30.4	_	26.9	25.7	24.7	24.5	.
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	52.8	49.2	49.2	48.2	_	42.5	39.2	39.6	38.4	.
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	37.0	36.2	31.2	31.7	-	31.0		25.3	25.7	.
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	183.9	175.1	179.0	176.9	_	155.9	148.2	152.2	149.7	١.

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987		Ali	employe	es		Production workers¹				
	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued											
Women's and children's undergarments		54.2		52.4	53.3	- 1	44.7	44.1	43.5	44.1	_
Women's and children's underwear		42.3	41.8	40.5	41.1	-	36.2	35.8	35.0	35.5	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		11.9	1	11.9	12.2	-	8.5	8.3	8.5	8.6	l
Girls' and children's outerwear		49.6 20.7	48.5 20.5	44.2 18.0	45.7 18.6	<u>-</u>	42.0 17.7	41.2 17.5	37.4 15.3	38.8 15.8	-
Misc. apparel and accessories		42.9		41.0	40.9		34.9	33.3	33.6	33.2	
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	204.2		206.2	209.6	_	166.8	162.3	168.0	170.8	
Curtains and draperies	2391	21.5		21.7	22.1	_	17.2	16.7	17.1	17.5	_
House furnishings, nec		50.4	i	50.6	50.9	-	42.8	42.5	42.9	43.0	_
Automotive and apparel trimmings		51.9	49.6	53.9	54.9	-	42.2	39.8	43.6	44.5	-
Paper and allied products	26	696.6	693.4	681.2	688.7	687.2	526.0	524.7	515.8	522.7	521
Paper mills	262	173.5	172.9	166.7	168.8	-	132.7	132.2	128.4	130.2	-
Paperboard mills		52.2	-	49.7	50.6	-	40.1	39.7	38.3	38.9	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	213.5		211.6	213.3	-	166.8	165.5	165.0	166.8	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	123.7	122.4	125.1	125.9	- '	93.4	92.6	94.3	95.0	-
Sanitary food containers		17.2		16.5	16.7	-	15.1	15.1	14.5	14.8	-
Folding paperboard boxes		49.4 243.8		47.9 240.2	48.2	-	39.8 175.9	39.4 176.8	39.0	39.3 176.9	-
Misc. converted paper products Paper, coated and laminated, nec		46.7		46.0	243.0 46.3	-	22.7	22.8	174.0 22.1	22.5	<u>-</u>
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated		37.7		37.9	38.2	-	28.2	28.1	28.3	28.8	
Envelopes		23.7		23.7	23.5	-	18.3	18.2	18.5	18.3	l
Printing and publishing	27	1,513.4	1,511.5	1,524.0	1,526.3	1,528.2	837.7	834.2	835.8	838.5	836
Newspapers	271	452.4	452.1	450.2	453.6	- 1	157.9	157.0	155.0	155.6	-
Periodicals		127.7	127.4	128.1	128.9	-	44.6	43.7	42.4	42.5	-
Books		120.4	120.4	124.9	124.6	-	66.0	65.3	67.7	67.5	-
Book publishing		83.6		86.2	86.5	-	36.0	35.3	36.4	36.6	-
Book printing		36.8		38.7	38.1	-	30.0	30.0	31.3	30.9	\ -
Miscellaneous publishing		79.6		81.1	79.5	-	38.2	38.1	38.5	38.1	-
Commercial printing		534.4		546.4	545.1	-	387.6	387.4	393.3	394.3	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		348.3 166.9	-	354.3 172.3	354.5 171.0	_	251.7 120.4	251.3 120.3	254.1 123.3	254.9 123.5	-
Manifold business forms		46.4		45.2	45.2	-	32.4	32.6	32.2	32.1	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding		69.1	68.2	67.6	68.6	1 1	52.6	52.0	52.0	53.0	
Printing trade services		56.6		54.3	54.6	-	41.3	41.1	39.6	39.5	
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,087.7	1,086.5	1,053.4	1,061.4	1,059.3	573.7	574.0	573.4	577.6	575
Industrial inorganic chemicals		135.9		130.4	131.0	-	58.5	58.3	55.3	55.4	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		87.9	1	84.0	84.2	-	39.4	39.3	35.9	36.1	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		167.1	166.4	159.2	160.9	-	104.6	104.6	106.5	107.6	l
Plastics materials and resins		81.5		78.8	80.2	-	50.6	50.6	50.2	51.5	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		57.5 267.0		52.9	53.4 266.2		35.0	34.9	38.0	37.9	I
Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations	203	218.3		263.8 216.4	217.9	-	117.2 97.4	117.3 97.3	121.6 101.9	122.1 102.0	_
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		157.6		151.6	153.8		96.9	97.5	94.0	95.8	1
Soap and other detergents	2841	44.7		42.0			27.1	26.8	24.2	24.8	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		43.7	L	43.8			25.2	25.6	25.8	26.2	1
Toilet preparations		69.2	69.4	65.8	66.9	-	44.6	45.1	44.0	44.8	-
Paints and allied products	285	58.8	59.2	57.8	58.6	-	30.9	31.3	30.4	31.0	-
Industrial organic chemicals		152.3		144.0	143.8		78.8	79.3	79.4	79.4	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		26.3		25.8	26.0	- 1	15.0	15.0	14.7	14.9	
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		123.1		115.5	115.1	-	61.7	62.2	62.7	62.5	
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products	287	56.9 92.1		56.9 89.7	56.7 90.4	-	32.6 54.2	32.0 53.7	33.3 52.9	32.7 53.6	
Petroleum and coal products		154.3	ļ	148.5	150.0		101.7	101.3	97.1	98.2	94
Petroleum refining		112.9	1	108.5	108.8	150.7	72.8	72.6	69.8	69.9	1
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		28.9		27.7	28.8		22.4	22.2	20.9	21.9	1
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	912.8	903.0	931.3	940.8	933.0	706.2	697.3	723.9	731.9	72
Tires and inner tubes	301	81.9		82.2	80.7	-	60.7	60.0	59.7	58.4	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	11.8	1	11.3	11.5		9.6	9.2	9.4	9.5	I .
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		60.4		63.0		1	45.0	44.9	48.0		1
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		23.9		24.9	25.1	-	18.4	18.1	19.5		-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		103.8		104.7	105.7	-	78.4	76.8	80.2		-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	654.9	648.3	670.1	679.3	_	512.5	506.4	526.6	534.3	1 -

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987	All employees					Production workers ¹				
	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products		118.7	114.4	114.5	115.1	110.4	95.3	91.5			87.
Leather tanning and finishing	311	15.4	14.9	15.1	15.0	-	12.7	12.2			-
Footwear, except rubber		63.0	60.7	60.6	60.5	-	52.1	50.0	49.9		-
Men's footwear, except athletic		30.7	30.1	28.7	28.4	-	24.2	23.8	22.3		-
Women's footwear, except athletic Luggage		21.7	21.1 10.5	20.6 10.2	20.6 10.5		18.5 8.2	18.0 7.9		17.5 7.9	
Handbags and personal leather goods		12.4	11.7	12.2	12.5		8.9	8.1	8.3		
Transportation and public utilities	•••	5,824	5,797	5,844	5,880	5,855	4,879	4,851	4,897	4,927	4,89
Transportation		3,607	3,580	3,670	3,695	3,668	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation	40	252.9	255.2	245.6	248.5	250.8	_	_ :	_	_	
Class I railroads ²		220.2	222.2	213.4	215.9	250.0	_		-	l -	
Class Flairoads				210.4	210.0	_	_			_	_
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	374.8	321.8	398.8	386.1	330.7	343.6	291.0	367.0	354.6	_
Local and suburban transportation	411	172.1	171.5		178.6		156.6	155.8	160.0		_
Taxicabs	412	29.4	29.2		29.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation		22.5		23.1	23.4	- i	20.0	19.4	20.8	21.1	-
School buses	415	120.2	70.9	139.5	124.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,690.2	1,708.8	1,739.4	1,771.3	1,786.6	1,465.5	1 482 1	1,510.4	1,538.1	_
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	1,562.4			1,637.8	- 1,700.0	1,359.1	1,375.7			_
Public warehousing and storage		123.7	124.0		128.9	-	102.8	102.8		.,	-
Water transportation	44	172.7	175.2	170.6	172.1	177.1	-	-	_	_	-
Water transportation of freight, nec		13.5	13.1	12.1	11.9		-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation services	449	110.8	113.0	111.7	111.9	-	98.2	100.0	99.9	100.0	-
Transportation by air	45	740.1	743.1	732.0	732.5	736.3	-	-	_	-	_
Air transportation, scheduled	451	608.5	610.4	602.6	602.6	-	_		-	_	_
Air transportation, scheduled	4512	500.5	502.3	486.7	487.1	-	-	-	-	-	_
Airports, flying fields, and services		99.6	100.5	97.4	97.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	18.7	18.7	17.6	18.0	18.1	14.5	14.5	13.6	14.0	-
Transportation services	47	357.8	356.8	365.7	366.7	368.8	281.4	279.1	289.4	289.5	_
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	185.8	185.7	195.2	194.5	-	146.0	145.2	155.9	155.1	-
Travel agencies	4724	149.9	150.0	158.4	157.9	-	116.6	116.1	125.5	125.0	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	138.2	137.3	137.7	138.8	-	107.1	106.0	106.7	107.1	-
Communications and public utilities		2,217	2,217	2,174	2,185	2,187	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	48	1,262.4	1,260.7	1,251.4	1,257.2	1,254.8	983.1	981.8	958.7	963.9	_
Telephone communications		873.3			860.9		662.0				_
Telephone communications, except radio	4813	812.2	809.6		787.6		617.0	615.2	581.9		_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	229.6	230.3	230.5	232.0	-	192.0	192.9	192.8	193.9	-
Radio broadcasting stations	4832	114.2	114.1	112.1	113.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Television broadcasting stations Cable and other pay television services		115.4 135.3	116.2 134.7	118.4 138.9			 114,4	- 113.6	- 117.0	- 117.5	-
• •											
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		954.2	956.4 433.1		928.1	932.6	752.1	755.7	727.0		-
Electric services		433.2 163.1	433.1 163.7	418.0 159.2	I	_	338.2 128.0	1			-
Combination utility services		191.8		1	182.8		145.6		140.4		
Sanitary services		134.9	135.8	l	I		115.7	116.5	1	1	_
Wholesale trade		5,991	6,004	6,043	6,088	6,093	4,835	4,847	4,872	4,919	4,92
Durable goods		3,427	3,434	3,452			2,736	2,745	2,757	2,781	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		451.4	454.8				363.4		l	380.8	-
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		112.2					-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts		268.5		277.3	280.7	-	- '			<u>-</u> -	-
Furniture and home furnishings		136.9		1	I		108.8	109.7	115.6	116.6	-
Furniture		63.0 73.9		67.3 78.9			_	_	-	-	-
									i -	_	

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Wholesale trade—Continued Durable goods—Continued Durable goods—Continued Durable goods—Continued Social 138,8 189,0 189,4 189,4 189,4 189,4 189,4 189,4 189,4 189,5 1		1987		Ali	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Durable goods—Continued Lumber and other construction materials 503 218.8 221.1 229.4 232.2 - 178.1 180.2 187.9 Lumber, plywood, and milwork 5031 131.8 115.0 121.4 122.6 - - -	Industry										June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Lumber And other construction materials 503 218, 221.1 229.4 232.2 - 178.1 180.2 187.9												
Lumber, plywood, and millwork]			40=0		l
Construction materials, nec	er and other construction materials	503						l	180.2	187.9	190.9	-
Professional and commercial equipment							i	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	_
Office equipment							ĺ	6145	613.7	500.7	593.2	-
Computers, peripherals and software								l	013.7	380.7	393.2	-
Medical and hospital equipment 5047 156,91 157,2 167,4 - 108,4 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,6 130,7 108,8 130,6 130,7 108,8 130,6 130,7 130,7 130,8 130,6 130,7 130,7 130,8 130,6 130,7 130,7 130,8	nouters peripherals and software	5045					í	-	_	_	_	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	ical and hospital equipment	5047	1	1		1	1	128.8	130.6	136.2	137.3	_
Electrical goods	s and minerals, except petroleum	505			1	1					109.9	-
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets 5064 49.2 49.1 47.3 47.0			446.4	445.9	443.2	444.6	-	347.2	347.1	345.3	347.2	-
Electronic parts and equipment	trical apparatus and equipment	5063	193.7	193.7	195.0	195.8	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Hardware pumbing, and heating equipment							-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware								-		-	-	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies 5074 107.1 107.7 109.5 110.5 - - - - - 568. 78.6 72.6 71.6 72.0 5 - 57.4 572.9 565.9 Construction and mining machinery 5082 72.8 73.4 72.9 73.6 - 57.4 572.9 565.9 Construction and mining machinery 5082 72.8 73.4 72.9 73.6 - - - - - -							1			221.0	223.4	i -
Machinery, equipment, and supplies 508 726.1 726.6 770.6 770.6 - 573.4 572.9 565.9				1				i	-	-	-	-
Construction and mining machinery			1						- 570 0	- E6E 0	- 570 8	-
Farm and garden machinery	etaiction and mining machines	5082					1	-	5/2.9	905.9	570.6	_
Industrial supplies	n and darden machinery	5083		ł	1	1	Į.] [_	_	i -
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	strial machinery and equipment	5084					1	_	_ :	_	_	_
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods 509 289,8 289,9 302,9 306,1 - 232,8 233,1 244,5 Scrap and waste materials 5093 105,8 106,4 111,1 113,0 - - - - - - - - -							_		_	_	_	_
Nondurable goods							_	232.8	233.1	244.5	248.3	_
Paper and paper products			105.8	106.4			-	-		-	-	-
Paper and paper products	able seeds	E-1	2564	2.570	2 504	0.640	2616	0.000	2 100	0 4 4 5	0.120	
Stationery and office supplies 5112 133.6 134.5 142.9 143.6 - - - - -							1 *		,		2,138 212.1	<u>-</u>
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries			1			1	1				212.1	-
Apparei, piece goods, and notions								1		161.9	162.6	_
Groceries and related products			1	1		1					158.5	_
Meats and meat products	ries and related products	514	852.6	857.0	865.6	879.8	-	718.8	723.8	722.8	737.9	-
Fresh fruits and vegetables	ceries, general line	5141	274.5	276.1	277.4	280.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Farm-product raw materials			60.0	59.9	60.3	60.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products						,		-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum and petroleum products											90.4	-
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals			_				ŀ				104.0	-
Petroleum products, nec			1		,			1			139.3	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages							1	_	_	_	_	-
Beer and ale								122 0	123.0	1227	125.6	_
Wine and distilled beverages 5182 Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods 5182 51.7 52.1 51.4 502.4 499.5 - 399.7 398.5 408.6 5191 163.2 161.0 170.1 166.2										_	-	_
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods 519 Farm supplies 493.8 5191 492.4 161.0 170.1 166.2							ł	_	_ '	_	_	_
Farm supplies 5191 163.2 161.0 170.1 166.2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							-	399.7	398.5	408.6	407.1	_
Building materials and garden supplies 52 813.3 810.8 862.6 877.3 872.9 678.3 674.9 720.7 Lumber and other building materials 521 465.2 473.1 500.3 515.6 - 394.1 400.7 424.2 Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores 523 66.3 66.4 88.1 68.6 - 51.4 52.0 52.8 Hardware stores 525 157.5 156.9 159.2 160.6 - 129.6 129.0 131.5 Retail nurseries and garden stores 526 97.1 86.7 103.9 100.0 - 81.6 71.2 87.5 General merchandise stores 531 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 7.1			163.2	161.0	170.1	166.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials 521 465.2 473.1 500.3 515.6 - 394.1 400.7 424.2 Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores 523 68.4 88.1 68.6 - 51.4 52.0 52.8 Hardware stores 525 157.5 156.9 159.2 160.6 - 129.6 129.0 131.5 Retail nurseries and garden stores 526 97.1 86.7 103.9 100.0 - 81.6 71.2 87.5 General merchandise stores 53 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 2,204.1 Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1	ade		19,888	19,864	20,189	20,481	20,487	17,541	17,510	17,755	16,031	18,01
Lumber and other building materials 521 465.2 473.1 500.3 515.6 - 394.1 400.7 424.2 Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores 523 68.6 68.6 - 51.4 52.0 52.8 Hardware stores 525 157.5 156.9 159.2 160.6 - 129.6 129.0 131.5 Retail nurseries and garden stores 526 97.1 86.7 103.9 100.0 - 81.6 71.2 87.5 General merchandise stores 53 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 2,204.1 Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1	materials and garden supplies	52	813.3	810.8	862.6	877.3	872.9	678.3	674.9	720.7	735.0	_
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores 523 66.3 66.4 88.1 68.6 - 51.4 52.0 52.8 Hardware stores 525 157.5 156.9 159.2 160.6 - 129.6 129.0 131.5 Retail nurseries and garden stores 526 97.1 86.7 103.9 100.0 - 81.6 71.2 87.5 General merchandise stores 53 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 2,204.1 Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541	er and other building materials	521										
Hardware stores 525 157.5 156.9 159.2 160.6 - 129.6 129.0 131.5 Retail nurseries and garden stores 526 97.1 86.7 103.9 100.0 - 81.6 71.2 87.5 General merchandise stores 53 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 2,204.1 Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 54	glass, and wallpaper stores	523					-				53.2	-
General merchandise stores 53 2,396.9 2,407.3 2,362.4 2,390.6 2,402.6 2,238.7 2,245.7 2,204.1 Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1 -	vare stores	525	II .				-				1	-
Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1 -	nurseries and garden stores	526	97.1	86.7	103.9	100.0	-	81.6	71.2	87.5	83.4	-
Department stores 531 2,055.8 2,068.6 2,042.8 2,069.0 - 1,935.8 1,945.2 1,921.3 Variety stores 533 153.4 151.6 134.8 135.5 - 137.9 136.5 119.6 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1 -	I merchandise stores	53	2,396.9	2,407.3	2,362.4	2,390.6	2,402.6	2,238.7	2,245.7	2,204.1	2,230.0	_
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 187.7 187.1 184.8 186.1 - 165.0 164.0 163.2 Food stores 54 3,236.3 3,233.3 3,223.8 3,255.9 3,260.0 2,951.4 2,947.4 2,932.1 Grocery stores 541 2,889.1 2,887.7 2,862.3 2,884.3 - 2,650.6 2,648.3 2,620.7 Meat and fish markets 542 47.2 47.6 50.4 51.1 - - - - - -	tment stores	531					-					-
Food stores			1			1	-					-
Grocery stores	llaneous general merchandise stores	539	187.7	187.1	184.8	186.1	-	165.0	164.0	163.2	164.4	-
Grocery stores	tores	54	3,236.3	3,233.3	3,223.8	3,255.9	3,260.0	2,951.4	2,947.4	2,932.1	2,961.1	_
Meat and fish markets												-
							-	-	-	-	-	-
Daily products district information in the product of the product	products stores		16.6	16.9	17.3	18.3	-	-	_	_	-	-
Retail bakeries			167.6	165.1	173.5	176.3	-	149.3	147.3	153.7	155.8	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	stive dealers and senice stations	55	2 024 4	2040 0	2 141 0	2 166 6	2 181 7	1 601 1	1 707 2	1 794 7	1,807.4	_
New and used car dealers							2,101./					-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Automotive dealers and service stations—Continued											
Auto and home supply stores		344.5				-	273.0		289.0	293.6	l -
Gasoline service stations		620.5			637.9		534.7	539.9	543.4	550.1	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	6.9	6.8	5.6	5.5	-	5.8	5.8	4.7	4.7	-
Apparel and accessory stores		1,137.8	, ,	,			936.0	937.8	913.8	925.9	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	86.4	85.2	84.7	85.0		69.8	68.6	67.6	68.3	-
Women's clothing stores	562	360.1	358.9		1	1	293.8	1	284.2	283.5	-
Family clothing stores		310.9 210.7	313.6 211.4			1	267.2 165.4	269.6 166.4	265.1 160.8	272.7 163.0	-
	1										
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	816.7	821.2		I		662.4		705.7	713.0	t
Furniture and home furnishings stores		445.8	448.5				361.7		391.9	395.8	-
Furniture stores		267.2	269.1	291.4	293.8		-			-	-
Household appliance stores		73.8	74.1	71.1	71.5	ŀ	60.0		57.4	58.0	
Radio, television, and computer stores		297.1	298.6				240.7		256.4	259.2	I
Radio, television, and electronic stores Record and prerecorded tape stores		123.3 65.7	124.7 66.2	136.3 67.7	137.9 68.4		101.0 52.7	102.0 52.7	111.1 53.5	113.3 53.7	_
·	ĺ			ĺ	ĺ	i I				33.7	-
Eating and drinking places	58	7,028.5	6,985.6	7,139.8	7,302.5	7,277.6	6,372.9	6,329.7	6,450.6	6,607.5	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	2,425.1	2,416.6	2,464.5	2,472.4	2,466.0	2,010.6	2,001.4	2,043.7	2,051.0	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	590.3	588.5	586.5	587.7		493.5	492.0	489.2	490.1	-
Liquor stores		113.3	114.9	113.0			-	-	-	-	-
Used merchandise stores		85.6	86.0	1			70.5	71.5	75.9	76.0	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		845.1	846.4				698.7	699.4	721.2	727.8	-
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		159.4	162.6			l .	-	-	-	-	-
Book stores		95.6	94.3			i	-	-	-	-	-
Stationery stores		69.8	69.0			-	-	-	-	-	-
Jewelry stores		133.0	131.2				-	-	-	-	-
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5947	199.5	202.6				-	-	-	-	-
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods Nonstore retailers	5949	61.0	58.9		I			2011	201.0	200.4	-
Catalog and mail-order houses		277.1 156.6	273.2 153.7	263.3 142.2		-	235.2	231.1	221.9	223.4	[<u> </u>
Merchandising machine operators		71.5	70.0		72.4	1	_	-	[_	-
Fuel dealers		96.1	95.5			_	79.8	79.2	60.8	80.3	_
Retail stores, nec		417.6		443.3		_	340.9		363.3	360.9	_
Florists, tobacco stores, and newsstands		136.1	131.8			-	_	-	-	_	_
Optical goods stores		61.1	61.0	61.8	62.3	-	48.1	47.8	49.4	50.1	_
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	220.4	219.3	227.9	235.7	-	178.3	176.2	181.9	190.8	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,769	6,800	6,790	6,867	6,886	4,923	4,959	4,945	5,016	5,03
Finance	[3,229	3,244	3,253	3,280	3,283	_	-	-	i –	-
Depository institutions	60	2,093.8	2,098.4	2.035.3	2,051.2	2,055.0	1.516.4	1,522.3	1.466.3	1.481.4	۱ ـ
Commercial banks	602			1,482.6				1,083.7			l –
State commercial banks	6022	620.0					444.5				
National and commercial banks, nec		890.0	892.5	867.2	873.5	-	633.5	835.8	612.0	618.0	-
Savings institutions		316.3				-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal savings institutions		169.0		149.2		-	-	-	-	-	-
Savings institutions, except federal Credit unions		147.3	146.8 144.5	1	I		- 114.6	- 115.1	- 116.3	117.5	-
Nondepository institutions Personal credit institutions	01 614	445.0 127.3		485.9			335.6	339.7	360.3	359.9	-
Business credit institutions		81.4		131.4 79.5	I	_	94.7	95.1	95.2	97.2	-
Mortgage bankers and brokers		218.3					_	-	_	-	-
Security and commodity brokers	62	467.4	472.9	500.4	507.7	510.5	_	_	_	_	_
Security brokers and dealers		356.2		383.0	I		-	l -	_	! _	_
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and	1					1				1	
exchanges	622,3	23.2	23.3	25.6	26.5	_	-	-	_	-	-
Security and commodity services		88.0	1		I		56.8	57.5	60.3	61.4	-
Holding and other investment offices		223.1	224.0				-	-	-	_	-
Holding offices	1074	104.1	104.5	103.3	104.5		1				1

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	98			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Insurance	63,64	2,188	2,193	2,185	2,193	2,194	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers		1,522.6		1,522.0	1,527.5	1,526.5	1,046.6	• • • •			-
Life insurance		564.9	564.9	548.6	549.1	-	352.8		358.1	360.4	-
Medical service and health insurance		278.9	280.6	285.9	287.4	-	227.9		231.5	233.5	-
Hospital and medical service plans Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		217.9 545.5	219.2 546.1	224.5 534.7	225.6 539.5	-	182.3 356.3	183.3 357.7	185.9 357.2	187.4 362.4	-
Title insurance		74.5	76.8	91.9	90.4	_	- -	357.7	357.2	- 302.4	-
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	665.5	665.3	663.0	665.9	667.3	_	_	_	_	_
Real estate	1	1.352	1,363	1,352	1,394						
Real estate operators and lessors		576.9	581.5		587.5	1,409	_	-		-	-
Real estate agents and managers		622.0	629.5		649.3	_	_		_	_	_
Subdividers and developers		119.2	118.5	118.6	121.6	_	-	-	-	-	-
Services		30,476	30,622	31,706	32,052	32,189	26,627	26,764	2 7,712	28,030	28,12
Agricultural services	07	574.0	570.7	598.0	621.2	618.2	483.6	480.4	505.7	526.7	_
Veterinary services		148.7	149.9	149.0	153.1	-	124.2	125.0	124.3		-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	380.7	375.7	404.3	421.9	-	323.0	318.5	344.8	361.0	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,677,4	1.709.2	1,616,9	1.711.4	1,741.2	_	_	l <u>-</u>	_	_
Hotels and motels		1,609.5				-	1,424.4	1,442.9	1,377.3	1,444.6	-
Personal services	72	1,108.7	1.098.7	1,109.1	1,101.8	1,092.7	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		427.4	425.9	432.2	436.6		379.9	377.8	382.2	386.8	-
Photographic studios, portrait		72.2	72.2	77.0	77.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops		385.5	384.5	382.8	381.4	-	344.7	343.1	343.0	340.9	-
Funeral service and crematories Miscellaneous personal services		87.6 116.5		88.9 109.9	89.2 99.2		- 97.4	91.0	92.1	82.2	_
Business services		E 701 0	5 000 N	6 041 0			E 400 4	E 460 0	E 047 A	5 764 E	
Advertising		5,781.9 229.1	5,826.0 229.8	6,341.2 236.4	6,462.7 239.9	6,523.8	5,126.4 167.3	5,168.9 168.1	5,647.4 172.7	5,761.5 176.1]
Advertising agencies		153.7	154.7	158.4	160.6	_	107.5	'	''-	- 170.1	-
Credit reporting and collection		115.5	116.1	115.5		_	_	-	-	_	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services		246.4	248.7	277.6	278.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Photocopying and duplicating services		56.5	56.8	62.4	62.7	-	46.2	46.5			-
Services to buildings		836.4	833.7	887.4	883.7	-	751.3	747.9	778.6	793.9	-
Disinfecting and pest control services Building maintenance services, nec		79.1 757.3	79.0 754.7	81.5 785.9	83.1 800.6	-	62.4 688.9	62.6 685.3	64.2 714.4	65.9 728.0	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		217.5	219.6	i	239.8	_	174.6	176.1	186.9	192.9	_
Medical equipment rental		32.1	32.5	36.1	36.9	_	25.2	25.5		29.3	ł
Heavy construction equipment rental		39.0	39.8	41.5	42.6	_	32.9	33.7	35.1	36.0	1
Equipment rental and leasing, nec		146.4	147.3		160.3	-	116.5	116.9	123.7	127.6	-
Personnel supply services		1,910.3			2,356.8	2,394.9	-	-	-	-	-
Employment agencies		248.1	255.6			-	4 644 0	4 600 0	4 046 0	1 070 0	-
Help supply services Computer and data processing services		1,662.2 898.2			2,034.3 979.2	_	727.4	735.7	784.9	1,978.0 793.5	
Computer programming services		187.4	189.5			_	154.4	156.3			
Prepackaged software		144.0				_	-	-			_
Computer integrated systems design		110.7	111.8	118.5		_	83.1	84.0	88.6	90.4	-
Data processing and preparation		210.9	212.5	227.3	228.1	-	-	-	-	-	i -
Information retrieval services		49.0		55.2	56.3	-	39.4	39.0	42.2	42.7	-
Computer maintenance and repair		41.8	41.4	42.2	43.1	-	34.9	34.7	35.0	J	J
Miscellaneous business services Detective and armored car services		1,328.5 483.5	1,325.3 484.5		1,369.5 502.3	-	1,165.7 450.8	1,162.7 452.3	1,189.4 469.6		
Security systems services		403.5	404.5	41.2	41.7	-	450.8 35.6	452.3 35.7	35.3		-
Photofinishing laboratories		72.4	72.6	71.2	71.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	949.1	955.4	1,031.8	1,049.5	1,055.6	780.3	787.8	849.6	865.5	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	172.6	173.7	189.6	194.8	-	138.7	140.3	154.0	1	-
Passenger car rental		105.7	106.7	117.1	121.0	-	85.2	86.1	96.4	1	-
Automobile parking		61.0	60.1	61.3	62.7	-	54.2	1	ı		-
Automotive repair shops		537.2	543.4	584.8	593.4	-	434.5	441.7	473.7	480.4	-
Automotive and tire repair shops		185.4	186.8	202.7	205.4	-	151.2	153.7	166.9		
General automotive redair shods	/538	225.7	229.5	245.7	249.6	-	184.0	187.6	199.0	202.2	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	10 8			Produ	ction wo	kers¹	•
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	Jul 199
ervices—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking—Continued											
Automotive services, except repair	754	178.3	178.2	196.1	198.6	_	152.9	152.5	167.3	169.7	-
Carwashes		103.6	102.0	114.2	115.8	-	90.9	89.6	100.3	102.0	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	364.4	366.9	378.0	382.4	385.2	296.1	299.0	305.6	309.6	١.
Electrical repair shops		110.4	111.6		117.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	70	414.7	418.7	468.3	483.6	494.0	343.0	349.0	389.1	402.5	
Motion picture production and services		145.8	147.6	196.3	200.8		115.6		160.9	164.1	1
						_	115.0	110.0	100.9	104.1	
Motion picture theaters		120.3 133.1	121.9 134.0	114.3 141.9	123.7 143.1	_	109.0	110.3	116.8	117.9	1
Video tape rental	704	155.1	134.0	141.5	143.1	_	103.0	110.5	110.0	117.9	
Amusement and recreation services		1,408.7	1,445.8			1,480.0		,		,	
Bowling centers		75.2	72.8	82.3	73.5	_	66.1	63.7	73.1	64.6	
Misc. amusement and recreation services		1,044.2		947.1		-	934.3		837.9		
Physical fitness facilities		126.3	127.3	129.6	129.5	-	112.7	113.5	116.8		
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	355.5	368.4	316.4	371.9	-	316.0	328.5	278.3	330.9	
lealth services	80	8,781.3	8,814.6	8,988.8	9,049.0	9,076.0	7,798.9	7,824.4	7,963.4	8,020.5	
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		1.514.9	1,521.3	1.552.3	1.562.6		1.240.8	1,243.8	1.268.6	1.277.5	
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	560.1	562.6		592.3	_	489.9	492.7	512.7	518.5	
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		354.7	359.2	386.3	391.7		292.3		319.0		
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists		154.7	157.4	166.6	167.7	_			-	-	
Nursing and personal care facilities		1.579.0			1.634.9	_	1,425.7	1,430.6	1,459.7	1,474.2	
Skilled nursing care facilities		1,129.3				_	1,720.7	1,400.0	1,400.7	1,777.2	
Intermediate care facilities		223.4	223.3		230.1	_	201.4	201.0	204.5	206.7	
Nursing and personal care, nec		226.3	227.6	231.8		_	201.4	201.0	204.5	200.7	
Hospitals		3.801.8			3,799.5	3,806.5	3,488.1	3,492.0	3,460.0	3,477.5	
General medical and surgical hospitals		3,498.8		-,	, ,	3,000.3	3,400.1	0,48E.U	3,400.0	3,477.3	1
Psychiatric hospitals		97.8		94.5	95.0	_					
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		205.2	206.9		205.0	<u>-</u>			_	_	ĺ
Medical and dental laboratories		190.0				_	_		_	_	
Home health care services		460.9			1	_	427.4	433.0	489.5	493.0	
Legal services	. 81	944.7	945.7	935.9	955.8	958.7	763.5	763.9	749.9	768.2	
	00	4 500 0	4 400 4	4 774 0	4 570 4	4 500 7					
Educational services		1,526.6		1,771.8		1,509.7	-	-	-	-	
Elementary and secondary schools		479.7	451.8	513.3	494.7	-	-	- 1	-	_	
Colleges and universities		841.6	805.8	•	875.3	-	-	-	-	-	
Vocational schools	824	74.1	71.8	77.2	75.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Social services		2,075.4	-,	_,_		2,245.0					
Individual and family services		562.8	575.3	585.0	587.5	-	488.1	500.3	507.9	509.9	
Job training and related services		287.9					243.3			257.5	
Child day care services		464.8		555.6	529.2	-	410.5		491.2		
Residential care		574.0	577.0	609.8	620.7	-	502.5		531.2	540.7	
Social services, nec	839	185.9	192.9	201.2	196.1	-	150.0	162.9	165.3	161.9	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	84	81.4	82.4	81.9	85.5	86.7	-	-	-	-	
Membership organizations	86	2,067.1			2,085.0	1 '	-	-	-		
Business associations		105.4	106.1	105.7	107.2		-		-	-	l
Professional organizations		53.5		54.8	55.3		38.2	37.7	38.9	39.3	l
Labor organizations		141.8 465.7	136.7 501.7	137.1 444.8	136.8 476.7	_	-	_	_	-	
	1	100.7	301.7	 .0	7/0./	_	_	_	_	_	
Engineering and management services	87	2,544.8	,			2,624.4	1,950.2				
Engineering and architectural services		770.2		781.8		-	633.6			657.9	l
Engineering services		605.2				-	501.9		508.1	517.7	
Architectural services		114.6		117.7	120.7	-	89.7		91.5		1
Surveying services		50.4		52.7	54.9		42.0		44.1	46.1	1
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	1079	500.6	500.0	519.6	516.8	_	365.4	363.0	379.6	377.5	1

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	968			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management services—Continued										ŀ	
Research and testing services		579.1	582.8	576.4	584.6	-	436.4	440.9	439.8	447.7	-
Commercial physical research	. 8731	242.9	244.4	237.7	240.1	-	171.2	174.0	173.2	175.9	_
Commercial nonphysical research	. 8732	106.9	106.2	112.6	114.5	-	85.0	84.6	89.4	90.6	_
Noncommercial research organizations		147.0	148.9	145.1	147.9	_	114.2	115.6	112.5	115,1	_
Management and public relations		694.9	698.2	714.5	714.5	_	514.8	517.6	527.8	529.2	_
Management services		262.9	263.3	264.6	264.6	-	189.5	189.5	188.4	188.8	-
Management consulting services		226.1	227.6		234.7	-	162.0	163.5	173.8	175.2	_
Public relations services		32.5		33.2		-	23.5	23.2	23.2	23.3	-
Services, nec	. 89	41.4	41.0	39.9	40.7	40.9	32.6	32.4	31.7	32.4	_
Government		18,873	17,829	19,402	19,091	17,996	- ,	-	-	-	-
Federal Government'		2,933	2,928	2,873	2,883	2,879	-	-	-	-	-
Executive, by agency ⁴		2,865.8		2,808.1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Defense		876.6			1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postal Service ⁵		779.9				-	-	-	-	-	-
Other executive agencies	.	1,209.3	1,206.8	1,170.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legislative	.	39.8	39.8	36.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	•	27.8	27.8	27.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities	•	87.9	86.7	78.4		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ship building and repairing	. 3731	50.3	49.5	43.9	43.2	i - i	i - i	- '	-	- 1	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal											
Service		31.3				-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		393.5				-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	. 806	233.2	234.5	229.8	228.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
State government		4,339	, ,			.,	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals		415.1	416.2				-	-	-	-	-
Education	. 82	1,649.3	1,542.9	1,913.5	1,671.5	1,558.1	-	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative,]						J	
and judicial functions				1,785.9		-	-	-	-	-	-
State government, except education	1	2,689.8	2,712.6	2,684.4	2,723.7	2,749.1	-	-	-	-	-
Local government		11,601	10,645	11,931	11,813	10,810	_	_	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities		456.1	457.3	453.8	458.6	-	-	-	_	-	-
Hospitals		679.1	682.5	686.0	691.1	-	_	_	-	- '	-
Education		6,389.9	5,272.8	6,806.3	6,498.7	5,370.1	_	_	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative,		'			'	'					I
and judicial functions		3,665.3	3,773.9	3,600.9	3,731.7	_	-	_	-	_	_
Local government, except education	1	E 044 4	E 070 0	5,124.3	60440	E 440.4		1	l	I	1

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

³ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

Data not available.
 P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels.
 When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

³ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.
4 Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

the National Security Agency.

⁵ Includes rural mail carriers.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-13. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Apr. 1993	May 1993	Mar. 1994	Apr. 1994	May 1994
Total	53,311	53,584	54,188	54,564	54,903
Total private	42,883	43,146	43,601	43,967	44,253
Goods-producing	6,500	6,517	6,433	6,459	6,495
Mining	88	88	86	86	86
Construction	509	518	518	531	540
Manufacturing	5,903	5,911	5,829	5,842	5,869
Durable goods	2,707	2,705	2,684	2.692	2,704
Lumber and wood products	113	113	116	118	119
Furniture and fixtures	146	147	150	150	152
Stone, clay, and glass products	102	102	102	102	103
Primary metal industries	92	92	93	93	95
	293	293	296	297	299
Fabricated metal products					
Industrial machinery and equipment	421	421	417	419	422
Electronic and other electrical equipment	642	842	644	847	648
Transportation equipment	358	356	347	347	348
Instruments and related products	371	368	354	352	351
Miscellaneous manufacturing	171	171	166	168	168
Nondurable goods	3,196	3,206	3,145	3,150	3,165
Food and kindred products	518	522	516	516	521
Tobacco products	13	13	12	12	11
Textile mill products	323	324	317	318	318
Apparel and other textile products	772	773	731	732	736
Paper and allied products	167	168	163	163	164
Printing and publishing	672	672	677	679	680
Chemicals and allied products	336	338	330	330	332
Petroleum and coal products	24	24	24	24	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	307	308	312	314	316
Leather and leather products	65	65	64	64	64
Service-producing	46,811	47,067	47,755	48,105	48,408
Transportation and public utilities	1,689	1,699	1,697	1,694	1,712
Wholesale trade	1,806	1,817	1,828	1,835	1,846
Retail trade	10,244	10,398	10,280	10,442	10,614
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,225	4,237	4,275	4,284	4,287
Services	18,419	18,478	19,088	19,253	19,299
Government	10,428	10,438	10,587	10,597	10,650
Federal	1,210	1,212	1,198	1,198	1,198
State	2,300	2,273	2,333	2,339	2,313
Local	6,918	6,953	7,056	7,060	7,139

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Alabama	. 1,718.5	1,737.0	1,744.2	10.8	10.0	10.3	80.0	80.0	81.
Birmingham		425.0	427.6	3.0	2.9	2.9	21.0	21.7	22.
Huntsville		161.2	160.5	ക്	(¹)	(¹)	6.0	5.8	5.
Mobile	. 197.1	201.0	202.3	l Ö l	Ö	Ö	14.2	13.9	14.
Montgomery	. 143.0	145.3	145.5	(6)	Ö	(†)	6.8	6.8	6.
Tuscaloosa	. 67.6	70.4	69.2	2.6	2.4	2.6	3.9	4.1	4.
Naska		258.3	267.9	10.4	9.7	10.0	13.2	12.9	14.
Anchorage	. 120.5	120.5	123.5	3.3	3.1	3.1	7.0	6.6	7.
\rizona		1,634.0	1,616.9	12.5	12.0	12.1	89.1	102.1	103.
Phoenix-Mesa		1,097.9 284.0	1,087.5 279.5	4.5 2.3	4.3 2.1	4.4 2.1	60.3 15.5	69.8 18.1	70. 18.
strange	996.9	1,018.0	1,022.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	39.4	39.8	41.
Arkaness		121.3	121.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.4	4.7	41.
Fort Smith		88.1	88.5	8. ``	`′ .9	1.0	3.0	3.2	3.
Little Rock-North Little Rock		277.7	278.4	(1)	()	(¹)	12.3	12.4	12.
Pine Bluff		34.9	34.9	6	Ö	Ö	1.1	1.0	1.
California	. 12,060.6	11,966.7	11,991.3	34.7	32.1	32.2	453.5	451.4	458.
Bakersfield		172.2	174.7	11.3	10.4	10.4	8.7	8.3	8.
Fresno		255.8	255.6	6	.6	.6	12.9	13.2	13.
Los Angeles-Long Beach		3,682.2	3,675.9	7.5	6.8	6.8	99.3	99.2	98.
Modesto		121.5	121.9	(9)	(9	(2)	6.9	7.3	7.:
Oakland		881.5	859.3	3.1	3.1	3.0	40.4	39.8	40.4
Orange County		1,117.7	1,122.1	.9	.9	.9	45.2	44.2	44.
Riverside-San Bernardino		744.9	742.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	39.5	39.0	39.0
Sacramento		557.7	581.6	.5	.5	.5	25.6	27.3	28.3
San Diego		108.7	107.0	.3 .5	.3 .5	.3	3.6	3.2	3.2
San Francisco		931.4 902.4	934.2 903.1	.5	.5 .6	.5 .6	40.7 26.1	39.2 25.6	39.6 25.9
San Jose		784.0	784.9	.2	.0	.2	26.5	26.4	27.1
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		142.3	142.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.0	4.8	4.9
Santa Rosa		146.7	147.8	.6	.6	.7	7.6	8.0	8.8
Stockton-Lodi		154.6	154.7	i .i	.1	.1	6.2	6.0	6.3
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		140.0	141.6	.4	.5	.5	8.9	8.9	9.2
Ventura		226.0	226.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	9.2	9.4	9.8
Colorado	1,677.8	1,702.0	1,721.7	15.9	15.0	15.1	89.0	84.5	89.7
Boulder-Longmont	. 134.5	138.2	138.3	(t)	(1)	(¹)	5.3	5.3	5.6
Denver	. 915.4	923.9	929.6	8.5	8.0	8.0	48.2	43.0	44.8
Connecticut		1,538.4	1,545.8	1.0	.9	1.0	49.1	46.8	48.4
Bridgeport		173.9	174.8	(^a)	(P)	(2)	5.1	4.9	5.0
Danbury		83.3	84.7	()	O	()	2.8	3.0	3.0
Hartford		590.2	591.6	0	<u>()</u>	<u>O</u>	19.6	21.1	21.2
New Haven-Meriden		233.3	233.5	(2)	Ø	(1)	7.7	8.3	8.
Stamford-Norwalk		184.2 79.8	186.3 80.3	ტ 	(¹) (²)	(¹) (*)	5.1 2.7	4.8 2.7	5. ⁻ 2.9
Delaware	. 354.3	358.3	364.4	.1	.1	.1	19.1	18.8	19.9
Witmington-Newark		274.8	275.7	.2 	.2	.2	14.6	14.1	14.7
District of Columbia	670.9	662.9	666.1	.1	.1	.1	8.4	8.6	8.8
Washington PMSA	. 2,337.1	2,335.0	2,347.8	.8	.8	.9	104.5	105.5	107.7
Florida		5,765.2	5,754.9	6.0	6.2	6.2	286.5	299.3	299.4
Daytona Beach		140.2	140.3	(2)	(2)	(*)	7.4	7.2	7.3
Fort Lauderdale		562.0	561.6	.2	.2	.2	31.2	31.7	31.5
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		137.2	137.0	(2)	9	<u>@</u>	11.1	11.9	11.4
Gainesville		103.0	101.2	(2)	9	<u>(</u> 2)	3.7	3.4	3.
Jacksonville		449.9	451.0	(9)	(9)	(4)	23.2	24.8	24.0
Lakeland-Winter Haven		156.9	156.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	7.1	7.2	7.3
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		170.2	170.1	(2)		ማ	8.1	8.3	8.4
Miami		925.6	923.7	a .4	a .4	.4 /a	37.7 33.2	40.0	39.0
Orlando		677.9	683.0	0	9	<u>@</u>	8.6	35.8 9.6	35.0
Pensacola		138.9	139.1	(2)	(2)	<u>(</u>)	9.5	9.6	9.6 9.7
		214.5	213.4	(2)	(2)	<u>(</u> 2)	9.5 5.0		
Tallahassee		135.9	133.5	(*)	(2)	(?)		5.2	5.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		924.5 375.4	921.8 371.4	(3)	.5 (²)	.5 (²)	40.9 20.8	40.9	40.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	. 364.7							21.0	20.

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	N	lanufacturing			nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Nabama	386.9	383.9	386.6	85.5	84.9	85.5	377.8	383.0	385.
Birmingham	51.2	52.2	52.5	29.9	29.3	29.5	101.9	103.3	103.
Huntsville	38.2	37.3	37.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	30.4	30.9	31.
Mobile	28.0	28.1	28.2	11.5	10.9	11.1	50.2	52.1	52.
Montgomery	17.7	17.9	17.8	6.1	8.0	8.2	32.4	32.8	33.
Tuscaloosa	10.5	10.8	10.8	2.3	2.2	2.2	14.9	15.0	15.
Vlaska	19.8	15.0	18.8	24.4	23.8	24.8	50.9	51.5	53.
Anchorage	2.0	1.8	2.0	12.8	12.5	13.1	26.7	27.5	28.
\rtzona	174.2	177.9	180.2	78.4	78.8	79.8	381.5	397.2	396
Phoenix-Mesa	133.9	135.1	138.7	55.2	55.8	56.3	253.8	267.8	267
Tucson	24.1	26.7	27.1	11.4	11.2	11.4	63.2	65.0	64
irkensas	244.7	249.4	252.8	56.8	56.5	57.1	221.8	225.3	226
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	32.1	33.4	33.8	7.9	8.2	8.2	29.8	32.1	32
Fort Smith	26.3	27.1	27.5	5.0	5.3	5.4	17.5	17.8	17
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.5	33.7	34.0	17.4	17.6	17.8	63.4	65.3	65
Pine Bluff	7.2	7.4	7.8	2.1	1.9	1.9	7.2	7.3	7
california	1,804.6	1,748.4	1,751.4	803.2	592.3	593.8	2,788.2	2,744.4	2,759
Bakersfield	10.2	10.1	10.1	8.8	8.2	8.3	40.6	40.8	41
Fresno	29.0	29.3	29.9	12.8	12.7	12.7	63.4	81.9	62
Los Angeles-Long Beach	664.4	642.8	641.1	196.1	195.3	194.7	820.0	8.008	803
Modesto	22.5	21.8	21.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	30.8	31.3	31
Oakland	103.5	99.5	99.5	55.9	53.6	53.8	203.1	201.3	201
Orange County	210.8	205.4	206.9	37.0	38.2	36.4	276.3	270.5	272
Riverside-San Bernardino	86.4	85.0	85.1	38.7	37.1	37.1	193.8	194.8	195
Sacramento	35.5	38.5	38.8	24.3	24.2	24.0	125.2	124.5	125.
Salinas	9.1	9.8	9.8	5.2	5.1	5.1	28.3	28.0	28.
San Diego	118.4	109.4	109.3	35.5	35.7	35.4	221.8	214.7	215.
San Francisco	74.9	74.2	74.3	78.3	73.9	74.0	189.8	186.8	187.
San Jose	230.5	224.1	224.8	23.2	22.5	22.8	155.5	153.1	153.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	18.7	17.8	17.8	4.8	4.5	4.8	34.3	34.7	34.
Santa Rosa	20.0	20.3	20.3	5.8	5.7	5.7	36.0	38.4	38.
Stockton-Lodi	22.1	21.8	21.8	9.8	9.8	10.0	37.9	37.8	37.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	14.2	13.8	14.2	5.7	5.9	8.0	35.8	34.4	34.
Ventura	31.0	29.7	29.9	10.2	10.4	10.8	54.2	53.3	53.
Colorado	188.8	189.7	191.2	104.0	103.1	103.4	404.8	417.2	425
Boulder-Longmont	29.7	30.0	30.2	3.4	3.5	3.8	28.5	29.1	29
Deriver	91.0	89.1	89.7	73.7	72.8	72.8	221.1	228.7	230
Connecticut	295.3	285.1	286.2	70.2	89.2	69.8	333.3	325.7	326.
Bridgeport	44.2	42.4	42.7	7.3	7.0	8.9	36.7	37.4	37.
Danbury	21.1	20.7	20.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	21.1	20.5	21.
Hartford	98.9	95.5	95.4	24.7	24.8	24.7	120.3	121.4	122
New Haven-Meriden	42.0	40.7	40.9	18.3	15.7	15.8	49.9	47.7	48.
Stamford-Norwalk	30.4 17.8	28.7 17.8	28.8 17.7	8.4 3.4	8.7 3.4	8.8 3.4	43.2 18.1	41.7 15.8	42. 15.
Delaware	65.7	63.4	63.4	15.0	15.3	15.4	78.1	78.7	81
Wilmington-Newark	50.8	48.8	48.6	13.1	13.3	13.3	54.7	55.1	55.
District of Columbia	14.0	14.1	14.1	21.7	21.3	21.4	53.0	52.3	52.
Washington PMSA	92.8	94.9	95.2	105.7	104.3	105.8	440.9	436.7	440
Florida	485.0	482.8	481.4	286.9	288.1	287.3	1,447.0	1,490.9	1,484
Daytona Beach	12.9	13.3	13.4	3.9	3.7	3.7	36.7	39.8	39
Fort Lauderdale	40.1	40.5	40.3	25.6	26.8	26.4	154.2	159.6	159.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.8	5.5	5.8	5.8	5.9	8.0	35.3	38.4	38.
Gainesville	5.3	5.2	5.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	20.0	20.7	20
Jacksonville	34.6	34.3	34.7	32.6	32.8	33.0	114.0	114.9	115
Lakeland-Winter Haven	19.2	20.1	19.7	7.9	7.9	8.1	42.0	43.9	43
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	28.7	28.8	28.7	4.9	4.7	4.7	37.1	39.0	39
Miami	82.2	82.5	82.5	72.1	73.8	73.4	234.3	239.6	239
Orlando	52.1	52.3	52.3	37.5	37.6	37.8	160.5	164.7	165
Pensacola	11.3	11.2	11.4	6.1	5.9	5.9	33.2	34.8	34
Sarasota-Bradenton	17.7	18.8	18.7	5.3	5.2	5.1	49.2	50.9	50
Taliahassee	4.8	4.6	4.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	26.2	29.6	29
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Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	87.1	87.8	87.5	41.8	42.8	42.7	228.9	233.1	232

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chate and area		ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Jabama	76.1	76.8	77.6	363.3	369.1	369.8	338.3	349.3	347.
Birmingham	30.4	31.1	31.5	115.1	116.7	118.2	66.1	67.8	66.
Huntsville	4.6	4.5	4.5	42.2	39.9	39.7	38.5	39.5	38.
Mobile	8.3	8.4	8.4	51.9	53.9	54.2	33.0	33.7	33.
Montgomery	8.3	8.4	8.4	35.0	36.0	35.6	36.7	37.4	37.
Tuscaloosa	2.2	2.3	2.3	10.8	11.0	11.0	20.4	22.6	20.
laska	11.3	11.4	11.6	60.5	58.8	61.7	73.5	75.2	73.
Anchorage	8.9	7.0	7.0	32.7	32.2	33.3	29.1	29.8	29
rizona	100.0	101.7	102.8	449.4	467.1	469.1	269.8	297.2	272
Phoenix-Mesa	80.1 12.3	81.3 12.4	82.2 12.4	308.3 82.2	321.8 83.1	323.1 82.7	149.7 58.1	162.4 65.4	147 80
	40.4			223.0	228.1	230.7	167.2		
rkensas	40.4	41.3 4.3	41.8 4.3	21.5	220.1	230.7	15.4	174.1 16.5	168 16
Fort Smith	2.8	2.6	2.9	23.5	21.6	22.0	9.2	9.6	8
Little Rock-North Little Rock	16.3	16.6	16.7	76.6	76.6	77.2	53.2	55.5	54
Pine Bluff	1.4	1.3	1.3	7.8	8.0	6.1	7.8	8.0	7
ealifornia	790.0	775.1	773,4	3,472.2	3,494.3	3,496.6	2,114.2	2,128.7	2,126
Bakersfield	6.0	5.9	5.9	39.2	41.0	41.2	48.0	47.5	49
Fresno	14.2	14.0	14.2	61.6	61.9	62.6	57.7	62.2	59
Los Angeles-Long Beach	250.0	242.3	242.1	1,137.4	1,157.8	1,150.5	540.9	537.2	538
Modesto	4.9	4.7	4.7	27.9	28.1	28.5	22.0	22.7	22
Oakland	58.7	58.1	58.0	235.9	236.1	235.6	171.8	170.0	167
Orange County	92.7	69.7	89.5	332.6	336.3	338.5	130.3	132.5	131
Riverside-San Bernardino	32.0	31.6	31.8	186.9	194.9	193.6	156.9	161.4	158
Sacramento	40.7	41,1	40.9	141.2	141.0	142.4	159.9	162.6	163
Salines	6.4	6.4	6.4	27.6	27.6	27.8	27.5	26.3	26
San Diego	81.3	59.2	59.0	292.3	288.3	269.4	163.1	184.4	165
San Francisco	101.1	100.6	100.5	307.5	310.7	310.8	131.1	130.0	129
San Jose	31.0	30.6	30.3	237.3	237.9	238.3	88.8	89.2	88
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	7.4	7.0	7.1	43.0	42.7	42.5	30.2	30.0	30
Santa Rosa	10.0	9.9	10.1	38.6	39.6	39.9	25.4	26.2	26
Stockton-Lodi	8.8	6.5	6.4	35.5	35.6	35.4	34.6	35.0	34
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	5.5	5.3	5.4	36.5	37.1	37.2	35.9	34.1	34
Ventura	12.3	12.3	12.3	64.3	65.0	64.4	43.9	43.8	43
olorado	106.3	108.5	110.0	472.0	477.7	488.9	297.0	306.3	297
Boulder-Longmont	5.0	5.1	5.1	38.5	38.9	39.7	24.1	26.3	24
Denver	70.9	72.7	73.2	260.7	267.6	270.9	141.3	142.0	140
onnecticut	140.9	137.3	138.1	446.6	458.2	462.1	206.7	215.2	211
Bridgeport	10.8	10.9	11.0	51.4	52.3	52.5	19.2	19.0	19
Danbury	3.9	3.9	4.0	21.5	22.0	22.5	10.1	10.5	10
Hartford	80.4	77.1	77.7	154.6	162.3	163.1	88.2	88.0	87
New Haven-Meriden	15.0	14.5	14.7	76.6	74.6	74.2	31.2	31.8	31
Stamford-Norwalk	20.0	20.1	20.3	62.5	62.6	63.6	17.1	17.4	17
Waterbury	4.4	4.2	4.3	24.6	23.1	23.3	12.5	13.0	12
elaware	35.0	36.8	37.2	91.2	94.3	96.2	50.1	51.1	50
Wilmington-Newark	30.1	31.5	31.9	72.7	75.3	76.1	35.6	36.7	35
letrict of Columbia	31.9	29.9	30.4	252.1	256.6	256.9	269.7	279.8	281 630
Washington PMSA	132.7	131.5	133.2	815.3	830.9	835.0	644.6	630.4	630
orida	357.0	365.2	366.4	1,822.1	1,914.8	1,920.5	881.3	916.1	909
Daytona Beach	6.2	6.1	6.2	42.5	44.9	45.0	24.9	25.4	25
Fort Lauderdale	40.3	40.9	40.6	175.9	183.2	164.2	76.2	79.3	79
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	8.1	8.3	8.3	42.4	44.9	44.9	21.7	22.2	22
Gainesville	4.4	4.4	4.5	26.4	29.7	29.9	34.7	37.7	35
Jacksonville	44.4	44.1	4.4	130.4	133.2	134.7	61.9	65.4	63
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.5	7.6	7.6	39.2	42.2	42.0	24.7	25.4	25
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	5.2	5.7	8	57.3	56.5	58.1	24.9	25.3	2
Miami	63.1	63.8	6.7	275.3	289.5	269.2	127.8	136.0	13
Orlando	38.3	39.6	39.9	254.7	266.3	270.1	77.9	81.2	86
Pensacola	5.2	5.2	5.3	43.0	44.2	44.1	29.0	27.9	2
Sarasota-Bradenton	10.4	10.6	10.5	91.9	94.5	94.7	23.9	24.8	2
Tallahassee	5.2	5.3	5.3	31.9	31.9	31.9	52.2	55.9	5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	62.7	66.1	66.7	311.3	327.9	327.5	121.5	125.8	12
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	25.5	25.1	25.0	128.9	135.3	134.3	46.9	49.1	4

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	construction	•
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Georgia	3,107.5	3,234.8	3,256.6	7.5	7.5	7.5	129.3	137.3	140.
Albany	51.8	52.8	53.4	(1)	(2)	(*)	2.6	2.5	2.
Athens	61.7	62.3	62.7	(၅	e e	(1)	2.0	1.8	1.5
Atlanta	1,637.4	1,711.3	1,726.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	68.9	78.4	79.
Augusta-Aiken	188.6	191.0	191.0	.5	.5	.5	11.2	11.0	11.
Columbus		102.7	103.2	(ጎ)	(1)	(1)	4.1	4.2	4.
Macon		135.8	136.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	4.3	4.5	4.
Savannah	118.9	120.9	121.9	ტ	(t)	(1)	5.9	5.5	5.
lawaii	543.4	532.6	533.8	ტ	o l	ø	32.6	29.3	29.
Honolulu	418.6	409.4	410.0	(f)	(1)	(1)	24.2	22.0	21.
daho	441.1	460.0	466.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	26.1	26.3	29.
Boise City	160.2	168.0	170.1	ტ	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	11.8	12.
llinols	5,351.5	5,414.8	5,429.5	14.3	15.8	15.8	211.9	204.2	212.
Bloomington-Normal	67.3	69.6	69.5	(9)	(1)	(1)	2.3	2.3	2.
Champaign-Urbana		92.1	90.3	16	Ö	Ö	3.0	2.7	3.
Chicago	i .	3,772.3	3,795.7	2.1	`` 2.2	`´ 2.2	142.2	141.8	146.
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island		170.6	172.1	(ŋ ¯ ˈ]	(¹)	(¹)	8.2	8.0	8.
Decatur		54.9	55.4	ા છે 1	Ö	Ö	3.1	2.8	2.
Kankakee	39.3	39.3	39.5	lől	- ŏ	Ö	1.9	2.0	2.
Peoria-Pekin		155.1	155.3	löl	ŏ l	Ö	8.0	7.5	7.
Rockford	155.8	158.6	159.4	Ö	- ŏ l	Ö	6.2	5.9	6.
Springfield	106.8	108.3	109.6	Ö	Ö	Ö	4.6	4.3	4.
ndiana	2.597.4	2,649.5	2.644.2	6.7	8.1	8.2	125.0	124.0	128.
Bloomington	57.0	55.5	56.0	(b) [[(1)	(¹)	2.8	2.6	2.
Elkhart-Goshen	109.0	111.0	112.9	löl	- ŏ	Ö	3.7	3.6	3.
Evansville-Henderson	141.5	142.3	141.9	`´ 1.4	1.4	` 1.4	8.9	8.5	8.
Fort Wayne		249.8	249.9	(0)	(1)	(¹)	12.2	11.2	11.
Gary	246.8	244.8	245.9	8	- ŏ	Ö	14.8	14.5	14.
Indianapolis	731.4	746.4	746.8	8. ``	.4	`´ .5	37.3	37.9	38.
Kokomo		50.0	49.7	(0)	(9 🗀	(¹)	1.4	1.3	1.
Lafayette	79.7	83.7	82.5	6	(i)	Ö	3.2	3.1	3.
Muncie	56.0	59.3	56.4	Ö	(i)	Ö	2.5	2.1	2.
South Bend	120.5	124.6	126.7	ા છે 1	(6)	Ö	6.7	6.4	6.
Тепе Haute	64.4	63.9	62.2	.4	.4	.4	3.9	3.1	3.
owa	1,298.3	1,321.1	1,327.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	53.8	52.5	55.
Cedar Rapids	100.2	103.3	103.8	l (b l	(1)	(')	5.3	5.5	5.
Des Moines	249.4	251.6	252.3	(6)	Ö	Ö	10.4	10.9	11.
Dubuque	46.3	49.4	49.6	(5)	Ö	Ö	2.0	1.5	1.
lowa City	59.8	62.7	62.0	(1)	(1)	(¹)	2.2	2.1	2.
Sioux City		60.7	60.8	ტ	(1)	(¹)	2.8	2.5	2.
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	64.2	87.0	65.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.6	2.4	2.
Kansas	1,148.3	1,164.8	1,170.7	9.1	8.7	8.8	49.3	50.5	53.
Lawrence	38.6	40.8	38.3	ტ	(1)	(ዓ	1.7	1.6	1.
Topeka	95.6	95.9	97.3	ტ	(t)	ტ	4.0	3.7	4.
Wichita	254.2	250.4	250.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.6	11.8	12.
Kentucky	1,542.2	1,558.9	1,564.3	27.9	28.5	28.7	72.6	70.9	72.
Lexington		238.4	237.8	.2	.2	.2	12.2	11.6	12.
Louisville		506.8	509.3	.6	.6	.6	24.6	24.5	25.0
Owensboro	37.7	39.8	39.7	.5	.5	.5	2.4	2.3	2.4
Louislana	1,648.2	1,678.8	1,682.5	45.9	46.0	48.1	98.5	104.7	105.
Alexandria	49.7	50.8	50.9	.1	.2	.2	3.2	3.4	3.
Baton Rouge		258.3	259.3	.9	.9	.9	30.9	31.3	31.
Houma		81.3	61.0	5.1	5.0	5.0	3.0	3.1	3.
Lafayette	135.6	136.4	137.9	11.1	11.3	11.3	8.8	7.0	7.
Lake Charles		73.5	73.9	1.5	1.4	1.3	6.9	6.9	6.
Monroe	61.5	63.0	62.3	.3	.3	.3	3.0	3.0	3.
New Orleans		573.2	572.4	14.4	13.9	13.8	25.5	24.9	25.
Shreveport-Bossier City	154.8	156.1	159.5	3.1	3.0	3.0	8.9	8.5	8.
Maine	530.9	526.0	534.4	.1	.1	.1	22.7	22.2	23.
	39.5	40.4	40.6	(9)	a	!	1.7	1.6	1.
Lewiston-Auburn	56.5	70.7	70.0	%	8	(f)	••• 1	1.0	•••

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and ever		lanufacturin ₍			nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Georgia	554.8	566.4	569.0	201.2	206.9	207.9	772.3	795.0	798.
Albany	7.5	7.3	7.5	2.7	3.2	3.2	12.8	13.2	13.
Athens	10.8	10.9	11.0	1.7	1.6	1.7	14.6	14.4	14.2
Atlanta	195.5	198.9	200.2	138.8	141.0	141.0	437.9	450.2	452.
Augusta-Aiken	44.9	43.9	43.9	5.4	5.4	5.5	39.8	39.8	40.0
Columbus	20.8	20.7	20.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	22.5	22.8	23.0
Macon	18.8	18.7	18.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	30.7	30.9	31.2
Savannah	18.0	17.5	17.3	9.2	9.4	9.5	29.3	29.6	30.0
lawaii	19.4	17.7	17.9	41.4	39.9	39.7	133.9	128.8	129.
Honolulu	14.2	13.3	13.3	34.1	32.6	32.4	100.8	97.1	97.:
daho	69.9	71.3	73.5 31.9	20.8	21.2 7.7	21.2 7.7	110.1 38.3	115.8 39.4	117.1 39.8
Boise City	28.7	31.5		7.8	7.7	7.7	36.3		38.0
Minois	934.9 7.2	938.3 8.1	942.0 8.1	310.4	311.3 2.9	311.6 2.9	1,250.6 15.6	1,270.0 15.9	1,281.2 15.7
Bloomington-Normal	10.2		10.2	2.8 2.5	2.6	2.8	18.9		19.5
Chicago	640.1	10.2 639.2	641.4	223.3	2.6	2.8	873.7	19.5 889.0	897.7
Chicago	28.7	28.8	29.0	8.0	8.3	8.3	47.1		48.9
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island Decatur	13.4	13.2	13.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	12.2	48.5	48.8 12.4
Kankakee	6.9	8.8	6.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.9	12.3	9.9
Peoria-Pekin	31.3	31.8	31.6	7.9	8.1	8.1	38.1	9.9 36.8	37.2
Rockford	47.6	50.0	50.3	6.6	6.7	6.7	33.5	33.8	34.0
Springfield	4.1	4.2	4.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	21.8	22.9	23.2
ndiana	644.5	650.3	655.7	134.2	136.1	137.5	612.4	617.9	619.0
Bloomington	8.7	9.3	9.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	12.8	13.4	13.2
Elkhart-Goshen	56.2	57.5	56.2	3.1	3.0	3.1	19.9	19.9	20.2
Evansville-Henderson	32.4	32.4	32.6	7.0	8.7	8.7	34.7	35.1	34.7
Fort Wayne	69.2	69.5	70.0	15.4	15.4	15.2	55.2	58.1	58.3
Gary	52.8	52.8	53.4	17.1	16.7	17.0	58.8	57.6	57.8
Indianapolis	123.2	125.1	125.9	43.0	41.8	42.3	189.1	198.9	200.4
Kokomo	20.1	20.8	20.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	10.3	9.8	9.6
Lafayette	19.0	19.2	19.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	16.3	16.7	16.6
Muncie	11.1	11.2	11.2	4.4	5.2	5.2	12.3	12.5	12.5
South Bend	21.6	21.8	22.1	5.3	5.4	5.5	30.4	31.8	32.2
Terre Haute	13.1	12.8	13.0	2.7	2.7	2.6	18.8	17.8	17.8
owa	238.4	242.8	246.2	57.5	57.6	58.0	325.9	327.1	329.8
Cedar Rapids	20.8	21.1	21.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	23.1	23.0	23.3
Des Moines	25.4	25.7	26.0	12.0	11.8	11.8	65.1	64.5	64.4
Dubuque	12.9	13.0	13.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.3	11.3	11.5
lowa City	4.3	4.4	4.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.3	11.4
Sioux City	11.9	12.2	12.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	15.2	15.4	15.5
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	14.2	14.3	14.3	1.9	2.0	2.0	15.9	16.1	16.0
Kensas	163.6	182.4	163.6	66.6	88.6	69.0	275.8	278.4	279.8
Lawrence	4.6	4.4	4.5	1.1	1.2	1.2	9.5	9.7	9.6
Topeka	9.5 58.8	9.7 55.7	9.8 55.9	6.6 11.6	6.9 11.4	6.9 11.5	20.6 57.8	20.9 58.2	21.0 58.5
Centucky	293.2	295.7	298.8	82.8	83.6	84.5	361.3	365.8	369.9
Lexington	38.0	39.3	39.0	9.0	8.7	8.9	54.2	54.3	54.4
Louisville Owensboro	86.4 6.2	86.9 6.2	89.2 6.3	32.6 2.1	33.9 2.0	33.8 2.0	119.5 9.8	122.6 10.3	123.2 10.5
Alexandria	185.1	185.6	186.3	105.3	106.9	107.6	384.4	388.0	391.2
Alexandria	3.5	3.5	3.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	11.0	11.1	11.0
Baton Rouge	23.8 5.2	22.9 5.5	23.1 5.5	11.9 5.8	11.8 5.8	11.8	56.2	57.1 15.2	57.2
Houma				8.0	8.0	5.9 8.1	14.9 34.8	15.3 35.0	15.2 35.2
	15.7 10.9	16.0	16.1					35.0	16.2
Lake Charles		11.1	11.1	4.5	4.4	4.3	16.3	16.3 15.3	
Monroe	8.1	8.2	8.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	14.9	15.3	15.3
New Orleans	47.5 18.9	48.3 20.6	48.5 20.7	42.6 8.3	42.7 8.1	42.8 8.1	140.7 36.4	139.8 36.8	140.7 37.0
	I								
	امیر		00.0	00.4	اممما	امده	404.4	101.0	400
Maine	91.6 6.5	91.6 8.5	93.0 8.6	22.4 1.4	20.9 1.4	21.8 1.5	134.4 10.0	131.6 10.3	136.7 10.4

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		•	Government	
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
ieorgia	165.8	187.5	168.4	728.7	787.4	799.2	547.9	566.8	565.
Albany	2.0	2.1	2.0	12.2	12.2	12.4	12.0	12.3	12.
Athens	2.0	2.0	2.0	11.2	11.3	11.3	19.4	20.3	20.
Atlanta	110.1	110.5	111.2	447.3	487.3	498.7	237.4	243.8	242.
Augusta-Aiken	6.4	8.8	8.9	42.0	43.3	43.2	36.6	40.3	39.
Columbus	7.0	7.4	7.5	22.2	24.3	24.5	20.6	20.0	20.
Macon	7.8	8.2	8.2	29.0	30.9	31.0	35.2	36.2	36.
Savannah	4.5	4.2	4.2	32.3	34.5	34.7	19.7	20.2	20.
Honolulu	39.0 32.1	39.4 32.1	39.6 32.4	163.8 121.0	163.4 120.1	163.6 120.2	113.3 92.2	114.1 92.2	114 92
daho	22.8	24.1	24.3	98.4	101.7	103.4	90.7	95.3	94.
Boise City	10.7	11.4	11.6	37.4	37.7	38.6	26.6	28.5	28.
llinois	383.6	386.3	367.6	1,482.9	1,494.6	1,514.1	762.9	794.1	765.
Bloomington-Normal	12.2	12.2	12.4	16.5	16.6	17.2	10.7	11.6	10.
Champaign-Urbana	3.2	3.2	3.3	19.9	20.3	20.2	31.6	33.6	31.
Chicago	300.0	301.5	303.8	1,080.7	1,102.2	1,109.6	466.3	471.5	467
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	7.5	7.7	7.9	43.1	42.8	43.6	25.6	26.5	26
Decatur	2.3	2.3	2.4	13.0	13.2	13.6	5.6	6.0	5
Kankakee	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.3	10.2	10.5	6.7	6.6	6
Peoria-Pekin	6.4	6.3	8.3	44.4	44.9	45.5	16.6	17.9	16
Rockford	6.9	6.8	7.0	40.0	39.6	40.6	15.0	15.6	14
Springfield	7.9	8.0	6.2	30.4	30.5	31.3	33.0	33.3	33
ndiana	130.5	130.3	131.5	561.1	582.7	578.6	383.0	402.1	387
Bloomington	2.1	2.2	2,2	12,1	11.9	11.9	16.9	14.4	14
Elkhart-Goshen	2.9	2.9	3.0	16.9	17.2	17.8	6.3	6.9	6
Evansville-Henderson	5.9	5.7	5.6	37.1	37.3	37.2	14.1	15.2	14
Fort Wayne	13.3	13.2	13.3	54.6	56.7	56.8	24.8	25.7	24
Gary	9.4	9.5	9.6	59.6	58.3	58.8	34.3	35.4	34
Indianapolis	55.6	55.9	58.4	177.4	177.4	179.0	104.8	109.0	103
Kokomo	1.4	1.3	1.4	8.4	6.2	8.0	8.6	7.3	7
Lafayette	3.5	3.6	3.9	16.5	17.3	17.2	18.9	21.3	19
Muncie	1.8	1.6	1.6	13.6	13.1	13.3	10.3	13.4	10
South Bend Terre Haute	6.5 2.4	6.3 2.4	6.3 2.4	37.0 13.5	39.5 14.3	40.2 12.9	13.0 9.8	13.4 10.4	13 9
owa	74.8	75.7	76.5	318.4	329.3	326.1	227.2	233.8	233
Cedar Rapids	74.6 5.4	5.5	76.5 5.6	28.0	29.6	29.4	11.6	12.6	12
Des Moines	34.5	35.4	38.0	68.6	69.3	68.8	33.2	34.0	34
Dubuque	1.7	1.6	1.6	14.6	16.0	15.6	3.7	4.1	4
lowa City	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.7	13.1	13.0	26.8	26.3	27
Sioux City	2.7	2.7	2.7	17.5	17.4	17.0	7.0	7.1	7
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	2.9	2.7	2.7	16.2	16.3	16.4	10.5	13.2	11
Censes	58.6	59.0	59.9	271.8	278.8	281.2	233.5	238.2	235
Lawrence	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.9	8.8	8.5	11.0	13.3	10
Topeka	6.3	6.3	6.3	24.9	25.0	25.2	23.7	23.4	24
Wichita	11.2	10.9	11.0	68.0	66.9	66.9	32.6	33.9	33
(entucky	63.4	62.7	63.2	367.0	371.2	372.3	274.0	280.5	274
Lexington	9.5	9.3	9.2	61.3	62.5	62.8	50.1	52.5	51
Louisville Owensboro	28.5 1.7	26.9 1.6	29.0 1.6	138.8 9.3	139.4 9.8	141.2 9.8	67.5 5.7	68.0 7.1	67 6
oulsiana	78.2	78.8	79.4	408.3	424 5	424.4	342.5	343.9	241
Alexandria	2.2	2.2	2.2	14.3	424.5 14.4	14.6	12.9	13.3	341 13
Baton Rouge	14.7	14.7	14.7	63.6	64.1	64.6	54.7	55.5	55
Houma	2.3	2.2	2.2	11.6	11.6	12.0	11.9	12.6	12
Lafayette	5.6	5.6	5.7	32.1	33.4	32.8	21.5	22.1	21
Lake Charles	2.7	2.6	2.6	16.8	18.3	16.2	13.0	12.5	13
Monroe	4.5	4.3	4.3	16.0	16.2	16.2	11.5	12.3	11
New Orleans	29.8	30.0	30.2	168.5	170.4	168.7	101.0	103.2	102
Shreveport-Bossier City	6.8	6.8	6.8	41.5	43.0	44.4	30.9	31.3	31
faine	26.0	26.1	26.2	137.9	137,3	139.8	95.8	96.2	93
Lewiston-Auburn	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.5	11.8	11.8	4.5	4.8	4
	12.3	12.1	12.1	36.0	34.6	35.2	16.2	17.4	16

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		c	construction	ו
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Marviand	2,126.8	2,126.7	2,140,3	1.2	1.1	1,1	124.0	119.7	123.
Baltimore PMSA	1,106.2	1,100.2	1,103.0	.2	.2	'. <u>'</u> .2	58.4	56.5	58.
Baltimore City	417.2	415.5	416.3			(2)	12.5	12.3	12.
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	774.5	780.8	788.1	<u> </u>	<u></u>	ලි	52.4	51.2	52.
Massachusetts	2,877.3	2,931.5	2,960.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	82.8	88.8	92.
Boston	1,745.3	1,785.5	1,799.4	.4	.4	4	46.6	48.5	49.
Brockton	82.6	83.2	83.8	_ 0	<u>ش</u> ا	<u>@</u>	2.6	2.4	2.
Fitchburg-Leominster	49.5	49.7	50.0	<u> </u>	9	<u>@</u>	1.3	1.1	1.
Lawrence	134.6	135.1	136.4	(2)	0	<u>(2)</u>	4.5	4.7	4.
Lowell	103.1	102.2	103.4	(<u>)</u>	Ø \	0	4.2	4.2	4.
New Bedford	61.3	61.7	62.1	ტ	(*)	ሮ 1	1.9	1.8	1.
Pittsfield	41.4	40.5	41.8	-!!	- !!	:]]	1.6	1.1	1.3
Springfield	238.1 207.6	240.3 210.8	240.8 211.1	.1 .2	.1 .2	.1 .2	6.8 6.0	6.6 6.6	7. 6.
Mishless	4 005 1	4 100 0	4 104 1		9.1		120.0	120.4	140
Michigan	4,005.1 243.0	4,109.9 247.2	4,124.1	9.4		9.3	139.9 6.7	139.4	148. 7.
Benton Harbor	67.3	247.2 6 9.1	246.8 88.4	00	9	2	1.9	6.8 1.9	2.
Detroit	1,887.6	1,930.3	1,945.2	(¹) e.	(¹) 1.0	(¹)	59.2	60.1	62.
Flint	165.0	168.0	167.8	(h)	(b) 1.0	ტ ".	5.2	4.7	5.
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	485.9						19.9	20.4	21.
Jackson	485.9 55.5	480.3 56.7	481.0 56.9	8	8		1.6	1.7	1.0
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	193.4	196.9	196.7	8 1	8	- 8	6.8	6.8	7.
Lansing-East Lansing	211.7	219.1	213.9	8 1	- 8	8 1	6.5	6.4	8.
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	165.8	168.0	168.8	8	8	8	7.9	7.6	8.
Minnesota	2,268.4	2,313.3	2,331.0	8.2	7.7	8.0	86.2	83.8	89.6
Duluth-Superior	101.9	102.0	102.5	5.1	5.2	5.3	3.7	3.7	4.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,464.2	1,487.4	1,495.1	(2)	(2)	0	52.6	49.8	52.6
Rochester	70.5	70,1	70.8	ŏ	Ö	- ŏ	2.6	2.3	2.5
St. Cloud	75.7	60.0	78.1	ŏ	Ö	_ ŏ [3.7	3.6	4.0
Mississippi	1,002.8 196.9	1,029.9 201.3	1,032.1 201.6	5.2 (²)	5.2 (°)	5.1 (²)	40.6 8.3	42.3 8.2	43.2 8.3
								ļ	
Missouri	2,413.0	2,479.3	2,477.7	4.5	4.3	4.3	100.0	104.8	110.4
Kansas City	818.0	827.9	830.5	(<u>(</u>)	Ö,	0	35.3	37.6	39.2
St. Louis	1,195.1 137.5	1,213.1 143.8	1,223.9 143.8	 	8	_ ტ	55.4 8.1	62.2 6.0	64.8 6.3
Montana	334.4	334.3	339.5	5.7	5.6	5.6	15.5	14.5	15.1
Nebraska	772.3	779.1	778.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	34.9	34.3	35.
Lincoln	129.2	131.5	130.1				5.6	5.9	5.9
Omaha	350.7	350.3	353.2	()	0 0	0 0	17.0	18.7	17.
Nevada	872.1	713.5	712.1	12.7	12.7	13.0	48.1	49.4	49.
Las Vegas	453.7	489.3	485.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	37.4	37.4	37.
Reno	150.9	156.5	157.2	.7	.7	.7	7.9	8.7	8.6
New Hampshire	508.8	511.4	518.7	.5	.5	.5	18.0	17.6	18.
Manchester	85.0	86.6	87.1	l O l	(0)	0	3.2	3.1	3.
Nashua	80.4	80.1	79.9	Q		<u> </u>	2.2	2.1	2.
Portsmouth-Rochester	103.8	104.9	105.1	(9)	(1)	(9)	2.8	2.5	2.0
New Jersey	3,545.5	3,553.2	3,608.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	117,8	122.6	126.9
Atlantic-Cape May	179.5	171.7	182.2	O	_ <u>()</u>	0	5.9	6.0	6.
Bergen-Passaic	613.1	611.6	619.0	g l	_ <u>0</u>	Ö	20.7	21.0	21.9
Carnden	434.1	437.8	442.2	ģ	ģ	_ g	18.1	18.6	19.
Jersey City	230.8	235.2	237.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.4	5.1	5.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	550.4 345.4	556.9	563.0	.6 (¹)	.5 (¹)	.5	17.0	17.0	17. 18.
Monmouth-Ocean	915.1	341.8 920.1	354.1 927.9	.7	.7	(¹) _R	14.7 29.4	15.7 30.3	30.
Trenton	196.9	196.6	196.1	ტ "	ტ "	ტ .შ	4.1	4.4	4.
Vineland-Millvitte-Bridgeton	56.0	56.5	57.1	.3	Υ' .з	Υ' .з	1.7	1.8	1.9
New Mexico	627.6	855.8	657.2	15.7	18.5	18.7	36.7	40.2	41.
Albuquerque	289.7	300.9	303.2	()	(1)	(1)	18.0	20.1	20.
Las Cruces	46.0	47.4	46.0	Ö	Ö l	Ö	2.7	2.7	2.
Santa Fe	68.2	68.0	69.6	Ö	- ĕ	б	3.5	3.4	3.4
	1				1	1	ŀ		
New York	7,827.4	7,851.6	7,903.3	5.3	5.4	5.6	253.5	250.2	260.
New York Albany-Schenectady-Troy	7,827.4 430.0	7,851.6 431.7	7,903.3 432.9	5.3 .5	5.4 .5	5.6 .6	253.5 15.9	250.2 15.2	260. 16.

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

•	N	fanufacturing	,		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	Jun 1994
daryland	180.3	176.4	177.7	99.4	97.2	97.4	510.1	503.6	51
Baltimore PMSA	108.2	105.7	106.3	53.9	51.6	51.7	255.7	251.2	25
Baltimore City	37.9	37.5	37.7	21.3	20.1	20.1	68.8	66.2	6
Suburban Maryland-D.C	34.0	34.0	34.2	31.2	31.5	31.9	166.7	167.7	19
lassachusetts	458.0	447.3	450.8	125.4	127.9	129.0	656.0	666.6	67
Boston	227.5	222.6	223.9	80.1	61.4	82.1	378.4	386.5	39
Brockton	11.0	10.9	11.2	4.6	4.5	4.7	26.3	26.4	2
Fitchburg-Leominster	14.7	14.8	15.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.3	10.6	1
Lawrence	35.5	34.4	34.6	4.1	4.0	4.1	33.3	33.7	3
Lowell	31.8	30.7	30.9	5.3	5.0	5.1	20.7	20.7	3
New Bedford	15.6	16.0	15.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	15.0	14.8	1
Pittsfield	7.8	7.3	7.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.8	9.9	1
Springfield	41.4 40.0	39.7 39.2	40.1 39.6	8.7 9.6	8.3 10.0	8.4 10.1	54.2 46.9	53.9 46.8	5
					404.0	400.4		200.4	
Ichigan	903.3 54.2	933.3 54.1	946.9 54.5	158.7 5.5	161.3 5.4	162.4 5.4	944.6 47.5	963.4 46.3	97
Benton Harbor	20.2	20.4	20.6	2.8	2.8	2.9	14.7	14.9	1
Detroit	408.3	429.3	435.1	84.9	67.2	87.0	450.9	453.6	4
Flint	45.6	46.9	47.4	4.7	4.2	4.3	39.9	39.7	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	135.2	138.6	141.0	17.0	17.1	17.4	113.9	115.0	1
Jackson	12.2	12.6	12.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	13.4	13.5	}
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	49.7	49.9	50.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	42.5	43.6	
Lansing-East Lansing	28.5 41.2	29.5 40.6	29.7 41.5	6.4 6.6	6.3 6.5	6.4 6.5	47.3 41.5	47.5 42.1	
nnesota	408.3 6.2	408.6 8.3	416.2 8.3	109.6 6.4	110.2 6.0	110.3 6.1	544.1 26.3	549.3 26.0	5
Vinneapolis-St. Paul	266.8	266.4	269.7	77.8	77.7	77.5	344.5	348.8	3
Rochester	12.0	11.0	11.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.2	15.0	_
St. Cloud	13.9	14.2	14.5	2.7	2.8	2.8	23.4	23.9	
salssippi	256.2	257.2	260.7	46.3	45.0	45.7	211.1	216.4	2
Jackson	21.7	21.9	21.9	12.8	14.4	15.0	47.4	48.8	
lesouri	414.5	411.0	412.3	153.6	155.6	155.3	575.5	583.3	5
Kansas City	106.1	108.0	106.7	64.6	65.1	65.0	199.4	201.8	2
St. Louis	200.9 21.0	193.6 21.3	195.8 21.5	76.6 8.1	80.2 8.3	80.9 6.1	266.5 39.1	284.9 40.7	2
ontana	23 .2	22.0	22.6	20.6	20.5	20.6	89.8	88.9	
ebraska	103.3	103.7	104.9	47.4	47.4	47.2	194.2	193.9	1
Lincoln	15.4	15.9	16.1	7.7	7.3	7.3	26.6	27.5	
Omeha	34.8	34.1	34.1	24.1	24.5	24.5	88.6	88.1	
evada	29.6	31.8	31.9	35.0	36.5	36.7	133.2	139.4	1
as Vegas	16.1	16.7	16.8	22.6	23.9	24.1	91.8	96.8	
Reno	10.3	11.4	11.3	10.2	10.7	10.8	33.6	35.1	
w Hampshire	97.4 11.3	98.1	99.2	18.4 5.3	18.2 5.6	18.6 5.9	131.6 21.5	129.4 21.4	1
Nashua	26.8	11.4 26.5	11.5 26.6	2.1	1.9	2.0	20.0	19.5	
Portsmouth-Rochester	17.8	17.5	17.5	3.3	3.8	3.6	26.9	26.2	
w Jersey	521.2	509.6	514.4	236.8	239.2	241.3	629.1	824.2	ε
Atlantic-Cape May	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6	40.5	35.9	
Bergen-Passaic	116.8	112.2	113.7	28.6	29.0	28.8	171.3	171.4	1
Camden	57.7	56.9	57.0	20.7	20.5	21.0	114.0	115.7	1
lersey City	34.4	34.3	35.1	28.9	29.2	29.7	54.5	54.5	
Aiddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	97.5	95.3	95.5 20.8	44.7	44.6	45.3	129.8	129.8	1
Nonmouth-Ocean	21.4 143.5	20.8 141.8	20.8 142.4	18.6 77.6	18.2 78.0	18.6 78.7	93.9 179.6	91.9 179.1	1
renton	24.1	22.0	22.0	6.9	8.5	6.6	31.1	31.7	'
/ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	13.8	13.9	14.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	10.5	10.7	
w Mexico	42.5	43.8	43.9	28.3	30.1	28.9	146.7	154.0	
Albuquerque	26.3	27.2	27.8	12.4	12.9	12.9	69.9	72.5	
Las Cruces	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.5	1.7	1.5	9.6	10.1	
Santa Fe	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	14.5	14.3	
W York	990.4 44.9	958.8 43.8	963.6 43.7	407.2 16.4	406.6 16.1	410.5 18.2	1,576.4 85.9	1,573.9 88.4	1,5
Binghamton									
	27.5	24.6	24.4	4.8	4.2	4.2	24.9	24.7	I

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Out of the		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		•	Government	
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994
arviand	130.3	129.4	130.0	663.7	672.4	680.9	417.6	426.9	418
Baltimore PMSA	74.1	72.3	72.7	347.4	350.9	352.9	208.3	211.6	207
Baltimore City	38.6	37.6	37.6	147.5	151.4	150.3	90.6	90.4	90
Suburban Maryland-D.C	47.7	47.3	47.5	253.4	257.2	261.2	169.1	171.9	170
assachusetts	201.2	202.1	204.6	956.6	1,000.5	1,009.2	396.0	397.1	393
Boston	144.4	148.4	149.5	648.3	676.2	681.1	219.6	219.5	221
Brockton	3.4	3.4	3.4	19.7	20.6	20.2	15.0	15.0	14
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.7	1.7	1.6	11.9	12.5	12.5	6.7	6.8	
Lawrence	5.0	4.9	4.9	34.9	36.1	36.7	17.3	17.3	17
Lowell	3.4	3.4	3.5	23.8	24.5	25.0	13.9	13.7	13
New Bedford	2.0	2.0	2.0	15.0	15.1	15.3	9.4	9.7	
Pittsfield	1.9	1.6	1.6	13.8	14.1	14.6	5.2	5.0	
Springfield	14.2	13.7	13.6	69.2	72.6	72.5	43.5	45.2	4
Worcester	15.2	15.6	15.7	57.5	60.5	60.3	32.2	31.7	3
ichigan	194.9	195.5	196.6	1,026.4	1,057.7	1.065.5	627.6	650,1	61
Ann Arbor	9.5	9.5	9.6	55.9	56.9	57.3	63.7	66.4	6
Benton Harbor	2.5	2.6	2.6	16.1	17.1	16.7	9.0	9.3	
Detroit	108.6	108.9	110.5	541.9	554.4	560.9	232.9	235.9	23
7int	6.3	6.3	6.4	40.6	41.8	41.9	22.4	24.3	2
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	19.4	19.2	19.4	110.9	117.3	116.2	49.6	52.5	
lackson	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.6	12.8	13.0	10.2	10.3	1
(alamazoo-Battle Creek	10.2	10.4	10.5	46.1	46.9	47.3	31.6	33.1	
.ansing-East Lansing	12.5	12.4	12.5	46.4	49.3	49.5	62.1	67.6	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.3	6.3	6.4	40.6	41.6	41.0	21.5	23.2	
nnesota	136.9	139.2	139.8	617.4	640.2	648.2	357.7	374.3	36
Oututh-Superior	3.5	3.5	3.5	27.4	27.5	27.6	21.3	21.8	, ~
/inneapolis-St. Paul	107.9	110.4	110.7	409.4	421.2	423.8	204.7	212.6	20
lochester	1.9	1.9	1.9	30.6	30.4	30.7	7.2	7.5	
St. Cloud	2.4	2.4	2.4	18.1	19.7	18.7	11.5	13.4	1
				400.0		245.0		245.4	
ackson	39.1 14.6	39.0 14.4	39.5 14.6	199.8 50.2	209.4 51.1	215.3 52.0	204.5 41.4	215.4 42.0	20
issouri	142.3	143.2	144.9	651.7	681.7	685.6	370.9	395.4	37
Kansas City	62.3	62.6	63.6	220.6	224.9	227.3	127.5	127.7	12
St. Louis	74.6	73.0	74.1	355.8	366.6	372.1	145.3	152.6	1.
Springfield	6.1	6.3	6.4	40.1	42.7	42.8	17.0	16.5	
ontena	15.1	15.2	15.3	69.6	90.0	92.3	74.9	77.6	:
ebraska	51.0	50.4	51.1	189.5	191.5	192.5	150.5	156.4	15
incoln	8.6	8.5	8.7	31.0	30.8	30.8	34.1	35.6	
Omaha	30.3	29.7	30.0	105.6	105.3	107.1	50.3	51.9	
wada	31.0	32.1	32.1	293.0	317.4	318.9	89.5	94.2	
as Vegas	22.7	23.5	23.6	206.9	230.8	230.8	54.2	58.4	
leno	7.2	7.4	7.3	61.1	61.4	62.4	19.7	21.1	
w Hampshire	30.2	29.7	29.7	139.3	141.9	145.0	73.4	76.0	
Aanchester	7.8	7.0	6.8	26.1	27.8	27.8	9.8	10.3	
lashua	3.2	3.2	3.2	19.0	19.8	19.0	7.1	7.1	
ortsmouth-Rochester	6.8	6.6	6.6	24.3	25.6	26.4	22.1	22.5	
w larneu	230.4	231.1	235.1	1,033.3	1,053.7	1,069.9	572.9	570.9	5
w Jerseytiantic-Cape May	6.0	5.5	235.1 5.7	83.7	81.2	84.9	28.8	28.6	3
lergen-Passaic	36.2	37.7	38.0	167.7	169.4	170.4	72.0	70.9	
engeri-rassacc	23.0	22.4	22.4	123.6	126.0	127.6	77.0	77.7	
ersey City	19.0	19.7	19.9	50.2	52.8	52.6	39.4	39.6	
liddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	42.9	43.7	44.8	141.0	147.8	150.0	77.1	78.2	
Ionmouth-Ocean		18.6	18.8	112.0	113.5	117.7	65.7	63.1	
ewark	69.5	68.7	69.4	273.6	280.0	282.5	141.2	141.5	1
renton	10.9	10.5	10.7	65.2	67.4	66.3	54.6	54.1	
ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	3.5	3.3	3.4	11.2	11.3	11.3	12.9	13.0	
w Mexico	27.9	28.9	29.3	170.5	176.3	179.0	157.3	166.2	1
Nbuquerque	15.5	16.1	16.4	69.2	92.1	93.0	58.4	60.0	
as Cruces	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.4	10.0	10.0	18.5	18.6	
Panta Fe	2.7	3.0	3.0	19.7	19.7	20.4	24.8	24.4	
nw York	734.6	730.2	739.6	2,423.9	2,480.5	2,493.6	1,433.6	1,446.0	1,4
	27.5	26.9	27.4	127.2	129.6	129.1	111.6	113.3	1,1
Albany-Schenectady-Troy									

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B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	Ma y 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
lew York-Continued		-			-		-		
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	535.1	536.2	538.6	O	(9)	O	20.6	19.9	20
Dutchess County	103.9	101.0	101.3	()	()	O I	4.3	3.8	4.
Elmira	40.2	40.6	41.1	(2)	()	()	1.3	1.2	1
Giens Falls	50.8	49.2	52.0	👲	()	Q	2.2	1.9	2
Nassau-Suffolk	1,078.2	1,064.2	1,075.1	00	_ <u>0</u>	(<u>)</u>	42.2	40.3	41
New York PMSA	3,790.3	3,796.4	3,812.2	(") [(')	(¹)	107.5	105.5	108
New York City	3,292.1	3,306.2 115.0	3,316.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	86.4 3.7	85.3	87 4
Newburgh	115.7 522.9	523.2	116.9 524.3	(¹) •.	(¹) .8.	(¹) .8	17.4	3.8 16.4	17
Rockland County	99.4	98.1	96.8	(1)	()	(t)	3.1	3.0	3
Syracuse	334.1	329.6	332.0	8	- 8 I	- б	15.2	14.9	15
Utica-Rome	125.5	127.0	127.9	&	- ŏ	Ö	3.6	3.2	
Westchester County	379.7	373.7	378.7	, (6)		ö	16.5	15.8	16
orth Carolina	3,271.3	3,331.4	3,343.7	3.5	3.4	3.4	157.0	163.2	164
Asheville	99.3	99.4	101.1	O D	<u> </u>	O D	4.7	5.1	5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	655.6	666.0	666.4	0	<u>()</u>	<u>0</u>	32.9	33.1	33
Greensboro—Winston-SalemHigh Point	572.7 519.1	579.1 525.9	580.7 527.8	(0)	(1)	(f) (f)	24.5 24.3	24.0 23.6	24 23
orth Dakota	287.3	294.1	293.5	3.9	3.7	3.7	13.5	13.7	15
Bismarck	43.8	44.2	45.1	(')	(1)	ტ	2.3	2.4	2
Fargo-Moorhead	84.2	86.2	86.2	(6	- ŏ i	- ŏ	5.0	5.2	5
Grand Forks	44.5	47.3	45.7	ŏ	Ŏ	Ö	2.2	2.3	2
hio	4,958.6	4,976.7	4,999.9	14.3	14.2	14.4	195.1	184.1	192
Akron	290.6	303.3	297.5	.4	.4	.4	11.0	10.9	11
Canton-Massillon	168.7	171.6	173.0	.7	.7	.7	7.6	7.9	
Cincinnati	772.5	781.4	784.6	.6	.7	.7	34.4	33.7	34
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,062.0	1,059.6	1,069.8	.8	.9	.9	39.6	38.2	40
Columbus	732.8	731.7	735.6	.7 .7	.6	.6	28.1	26.6	27 15
Dayton-Springfield	442.4 292.9	447.6 296.1	447.7 295.2	.2	.6 .2	6 .2	15.4 12.4	14.8 10.0	10
Youngstown-Warren	230.5	235.9	237.8	.7	.7	.6	8.8	8.7	
klahoma	1,250.1	1,266.6	1,269.3	35.6	35.0	35.4	44.0	43.8	45
Enid	23.1	23.0	23.1	.9	1.0	1.0	.7	.7	
Lawton	37.3	38.6	39.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	1.5	1
Oklahoma City	449.6	456.9	457.7	8.0	7.9	8.1	15.4	15.3	16
Tulsa	333.7	335.3	336.2	9.6	9.3	9.4	12.8	12.8	12
regon	1,326.3 122.3	1,345.7 123.9	1,362.6 125.0	1.8 .2	1.7 .2	1.7 .2	54.6 4.8	58.6 5.6	6.
Medford-Ashland	58.7	59.4	60.0	.1	.1	.1	2.4	2.3	3
Portland-Vancouver	774.4	787.2	794.6	9.	.8	.8	34.3	36.3	38
Salem	116.3	116.9	119.2	.2	.2	.2	5.0	5.0	Ĩ.
ennsylvania	5,146.9	5,197.2	5,222.7	22.0	20.3	20.4	205.3	204.6	212
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	255.0	256.1	256.6	(9)	O	- 0 1	10.1	9.9	10
Altoona	57.3	57.1	57.6	Q I	_ (<u>)</u>	<u> ()</u>	2.7	2.5	2
Erie	125.7	125.7	125.8	0	<u>()</u>	g	4.5	4.1	4
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	323.9	324.9	326.1	g	()	- <u>0</u>	13.1	13.1	13
Johnstown	84.7 196.4	85.1 198.2	85.5 199.0	(1) ,4	(¹) .4	(1)	5.8 11.4	5.2 10.8	11
Philadelphia PMSA	2,146.1	2,151.1	2,161.4	0 .7	(h) -7		78.4	81.0	84
Philadelphia City	684.2	689.6	686.6	8	- 8	8	10.7	10.9	10
Pittsburgh	1,038.1	1,045.4	1,052.6	4.3	3.5	3.5	49.1	49.3	50
Reading	154.1	156.1	157.6	() (')	(1)	(1)	6.5	6.3	Ğ
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	264.9	266.3	267.2	.7	.6	`´ .6	9.7	9.6	9
Sharon	42.3	44.1	44.1	()	(¹)	(1)	1.4	1.3	•
State College	59.8	63.6	60.6	ტ	(t)	()	3.0	2.6	
Williamsport	50.6	51.4	51.2	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.1	2.1	:
York	154.7	156.2	156.5	.5	.5	.5	7.5	7.8	6
hode Island	435.8	436.8	442.8	.2	.2	.2	13.3	11.7	10
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	483.8	485.1	491.3	.2	.2	.2	14.8	12.7	14

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area		Aanufacturing)		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994
lew York-Continued									
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	90.2	89.5	90.3	26.5	25.7	26.1	131.3	133.2	133.
Dutchess County	16.8	14.6	14.6	3.8	3.8	3.6	21.1	20.9	21.
Elmira	8.3	8.3	8.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	9.9	10.2	10.
Glens Falls	9.5	9.8	9.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	12.0	11.7	12.
Nassau-Suffolk	122.3	117.4	117.8	49.6	49.3	49.6	276.0	272.5	278.
New York PMSA	354.8	346.1	348.4	232.1	229.2	230.2	647.4	641.0	647.
New York City	294.6	287.5	289.6	205.1	202.1	203.2	538.3	534.6	539.
Newburgh	13.2	13.2	13.3	6.5	6.3	6.4	29.7	29.4	29.
Rochester	130.9	125.7	126.1	16.9	16.3	16.4	112.1	112.2	113
Rockland County	13.5	12.7	12.7	5.8	5.7	5.7	21.6	21.4	21.
Syracuse	50.6	49.2	49.8	20.2	19.6	19.6	77.4	77.3	78.
Utica-Rome	21.4	21.0	21.2	4.3	4.1	4.1	26.2	25.5	25
Westchester County	44.7	43.8	44.1	20.5	20.7	20.5	83.4	81.0	82
iorth Carolina	650.2	647.0	851.2	157.9	155.5	156.5	735.6	743.1	745
Asheville	21.1	21.2	21.4	4.9	4.9	5.0	22.9	22.9	23
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	147.6	147.7	148.5	51.9	52.4	52.4	155.9	156.5	159
Greensboro—Winston-Salem—High Point	168.7	168.2	168.3	29.7	29.6	30.1	127.1	128.4	127
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	79.4	78.5	78.9	24.2	23.8	23.9	104.2	105.8	106
iorth Dakota	19.3	20.6	21.0	18.0	18.2	18.1	75.8	75.9	76
Bismarck	2.4	2.4	2.6	3.3	3.3	3.4	11,2	11.2	11
Fargo-Moorhead	6.2	6.4	6.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	24.4	24.5	24
Grand Forks	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	12.4	12.5	12
Ohio	1,054.2	1,051.5	1,059.6	216.3	212.5	213.8	1,164.2	1,185.5	1,193
Akron	62.6	61.9	62.2	14.1	14.1	14.0	70,8	71.1	71
Canton-Massillon	44.5	44.8	45.8	5.9	6.0	6.0	41.7	41.9	42
Cincinnati	143.2	141.9	142.1	40.2	40.1	40.3	196.2	197.9	199
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	219.9	216.8	218.7	43.6	42.6	42.8	247.0	242.8	245
Columbus	92.0	92.6	92.9	31.1	31.2	31.2	188.2	186.9	167
Dayton-Springfield	94.1	93.8	94.8	17.9	17.4	17.6	101.8	104.1	104
Toledo	55.5	56.9	56.0	13.9	13.0	13.1	72.2	72.2	72
Youngstown-Warren	54.2	56.0	56.7	8.6	8.6	8.7	60.0	60.9	61
Okiahoma	168.3	169.2	171.1	72.5	72.1	72.2	291.5	294.2	296
Enid	1.5	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.1	6.7	6.8	8
Lawton	3.7	3.8	3.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	8.8	8.7	9
Oklahoma City	48.5	49.8	50.1	22.0	22.0	22.0	106.6	107.7	106
Tulsa	54.4	54.6	54.4	26.8	26.9	26.4	77.1	75.9	77
Dregon	212.6	212.6	221.1	68.3	66.1	67.0	329.2	331.9	336
Eugene-Springfield	18.3	18.6	16.9	4.7	4.7	4.6	30.6	29.9	31
Medford-Ashland	8.7	6.8	9.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	16.5	17.2	17
Portland-Vancouver	125.0	126.0	128.9	44.1	43.2	43.5	193.0	194.7	197
Salem	15.5	14.7	17.0	3.4	3.5	3.6	25.6	25.6	26
ennsytvania	946.8	934.0	941.5	269.9	273.1	271.8	1,155.9	1,161.6	1.17
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	61.8	61.4	61.8	13.4	12.5	12.5	52.7	52.5	5
Altoona	10.0	10.0	10,1	5.0	5.1	5.1	14.9	15.0	1
Erie	35.5	34.6	35.0	4.4	4.4	4.5	26.2	27.5	27
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	47.8	47.5	47.9	20.8	20.7	20.6	89.4	68.5	60
Johnstown	12.4	12.6	12.8	5.0	5.1	5.0	20.0	20.2	20
Lancaster	56.0	55.1	55.8	7.0	6.9	7.0	48.9	49.5	49
Philadelphia PMSA	315.7	308.5	309.8	103.6	103.6	104.2	474.2	472.1	47
Philadelphia City	66.1	64.6	65.1	37.7	38.6	38.4	117.8	118.5	119
Pittsburgh	132.0	127.4	131.7	65.0	64.1	63.6	251.0	253.5	25
Reading	43.2	43.3	44.0	6.6	6.7	6.7	35.5	35.6	30
Scranton-Wilkes-BarreHazelton	59.1	59.6	58.9	15.7	15.8	15.8	64.1	65.0	6
Sharon	9.7	10.1	10.4	1.9	1.8	1.9	10.8	10.7	10
State College	8.5	8.9	8.6	1.9	1.8	1.9	11.6	11.4	1
Williamsport	13.8	13.3	13.3	1.9	1.6	1.9	11.8	12.1	1:
York	47.0	46.9	47.0	8.6	6.7	6.7	37.7	37.1	37
hode Island	88.9	86.0	86.6	14.6	14.6	15.1	95.0	95.4	9
	0								

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Charle and sees		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		(Government	
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994
New York-Continued									
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	29.0	28.8	28.7	149.9	151.3	151.9	87.7	88.1	87.
Dutchess County	4.5	4.4	4.5	30.5	31.5	31.0	22.9	21.9	22.
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.5	10.7	10.8	10.8	7.2	7.3	7.
Glens Falls	1.7	1.7	1.7	14.2	13.0	14.3	9.8	9.8	9
Nassau-Suffolk	81.4	79.9	80.8	328.3	326.9	328.8	178.4	177.9	178
New York PMSA	507.2	509.3	515.3	1,283.1	1,304.0	1,308.0	658.3	661.4	654
New York City	473.2	478.8	482.8	1,119.9	1,141.3	1,142.9	574.3	578.2	570
Newburgh	8.2	8.1	8.2	29.8	29.7	30.2	26.7	28.6	26
Rochester	24.4	24.2	24.8	142.2	148.7	148.9	78.2	78.9 20.8	78
Rockland County	5.3 20.0	5.1 19.6	5.2 19.8	29.0 91.5	29.2 90.1	29.4 89.7	21.2 59.3	59.1	21 59
Utica-Rome	8.1	8.1	8.2	30.8	33.3	33.3	31.2	31.8	31
Westchester County	27.5	26.3	26.5	128.5	128.0	130.1	58.7	58.2	59
iorth Carolina	139.3	144.4	148.1	696.9	724.0	731.8	530.9	550.8	544
Asheville	3.1	3.1	3.2	27.9	26.8	28.1	14.7	15.4	15
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	41.1	42.8	43.1	149.6	152.0	154.0	76.6	79.5	76
Greensboro—Winston-Salem—High Point	28.1	26.5	28.4	132.1	134.7	136.4	62.5	65.5	65
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	24.5	25.0	25.1	152.1	154.8	156.4	110.4	114.4	113
iorth Dakota	13.6	13.8	13.9	77.2	79.7	80.0	66.0	88.5	65
Bismarck	1.9	2.0	2.1	13.4	13.3	13.4	9.3	9.6	9
Fargo-Moorhead	5.2	5.4	5.4	23.9	24.0	24.1	14.8	16.0	15
Grand Forks	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.9	12.6	12.7	11.4	12.8	11
hio	262.1	260.9	263.3	1,297.0	1,307.6	1,318.5	735.4	762.2	743
Akron	12.0	12.6	12.6	80.1	84.1	85.1	39.6	48.2	40
Canton-Massillon	6.7	6.6	6.7	42.6	43.7	44.3	18.8	20.2	19
Cincinnati	48.0	46.5	47.0	211.5	214.9	217.5	100.4	105.7	103
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	65.8	66.5	67.4	301.3	308.9	310.6	144.0	142.9	143
Columbus	80.9	59.4	59.6	197.1	198.1	199.7	134.7	136.3	136
Dayton-Springfield	17.4 11.2	17.2	17.4 : 11.4	121.3 83.7	124.3 84.1	124.2 84.7	73.8 43.8	75.4 48.4	73 45
Toledo	10.4	11.3 10.1	10.1	58.5	59.8	80.4	29.3	31.1	30
Kiahoma	62.3	61.8	62.2	309.0	313.6	317.9	266.9	276.9	266
Enid	1.1	1.0	1.1	6.1	5.9	6.0	4.0	4.1	3
Lawton	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.7	6.3	8.3	12.4	12.8	12
Oklahoma City	26.4	26.1	26.0	120.2	122.0	123.7	102.5	106.1	102
Tulsa	18.0	18.0	18.1	93.9	96.6	97.2	41.1	41.2	40
Pregon	91.6 6.7	96.0	96.6 7.4	328.3	336.4	337.3 31.6	241.7 26.1	242.4 25.9	240 25
Eugene-Springfield Medford-Ashland	2.8	7.3 2.8	2.8	30.9 14.8	31.7 14.8	15.1	10.5	10.4	10
Portland-Vancouver	63.6	64.4	64.9	203.0	211.2	211.0	110.5	110.6	110
Salem	6.7	6.6	6.8	26.3	27.4	27.1	33.4	33.7	3:
ennsylvania	308.2	307.5	310.5	1,531.5	1,569.6	1,567.4	709.3	726.1	72
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	13.9	14.2	14.4	75.2	77.1	76.8	27.9	26.5	2
Altoona	1.8	2.0	2.0	14,7	14.3	14.5	8.2	8.2	1
Erie	5.7	5.8	5.9	33.5	34.1	34.0	13.9	15.2	1.
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	22.7	23.1	23.5	80.3	80.7	81.0	69.8	71.3	7:
Johnstown	4.3	4.1	4.4	23.6	24.0	24.1	13.6	13.7	13
Lancaster	9.2 157.7	9.1 153.9	9.2 154.3	45.9 710.6	48.4 723.3	48.0	17.6 305.9	18.0 ¹ 308.7	18 308
Philadelphia City	58.1	57.0	154.3 57.1	261.1	268.7	724.5 264.5	132.7	131.3	13
Pittsburgh	61.0	61.4	62.2	351.1	359.0	358.6	124.6	127.2	120
Reading	8.8	9.3	9.5	35.7	35.9	36.4	17.8	18.8	18
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	12.0	11.6	11.7	69.9	71.4	70.7	33.7	34.7	94
Sharon	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.8	13.0	12.3	5.1	5.6	Ĭ
State College	2.0	2.1	2.2	11.9	11.7	12.1	20.9	25.1	2
Williamsport	2.3	2.2	2.2	12.5	13.4	12.8	6.4	6.5	
York	5.1	5.2	5.2	33.2	34.9	34.8	14.9	15.1	19
hode latand	25.4	25.1	25.3	136.1	140.8	142.2	62.3	63.0	6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	27.2	26.9	27.1	141.4	146.2	146.7	64.4	65.1	6

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
outh Carolina	1,590.9	1,605.7	1,609.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	83.4	81.9	82
Charleston-North Charleston	209.3	206.3	205.8	(9)	(¹)	()	12.2	11.6	11
Columbia	248.7	250.5	250.6	6	(i)	Ö	12.3	12.3	12
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	418.8	425.2	426.2	(9)	Ö	Ö	24.4	25.8	26
outh Dakota	327.3	330.3	336.9	2.6	2.3	2.4	15.1	14.3	15
Rapid City	44.5 90.0	43.8 90.2	46.1 92.0	0 0	(¹) (¹)	(1)	3.0 4.9	2.9 4.7	3
SIOUX Fails	30.0	50.2	82.0		()		4.5	 ./	
ennessee	2,335.5 209.4	2,396.3 211.4	2,399.7 212.2	4.8	4.9	4.9 (¹)	97.7 7.5	98.3 7.7	100
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	185.4	184.1	184.4	8	()	- 8 1	8.8	8.6	ì
Knoxville	299.4	299.3	300.0	.6	.6	.6	14.4	15.6	15
Memphis	487.0	494.8	493.9	(1)	ტ .	0.0	18.4	18.7	19
Nashville	543.1	558.6	561.1	[ŏ]	б	- ŏ	22.8	24.3	2
exas	7,495.7	7,692.1	7,719.2	166.0	160.3	160.4	357.6	365.5	374
Abilene	49.7	50.5	49.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.9	٠.;
Amarillo	82.9	86.2	85.8	.8	.7	.7	3.3	4.0	
Austin-San Marcos	449.3	470.3	471.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	17.6	20.2	2
Beaumont-Port Arthur	146.2	152.4	151.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	13.0	13.6	1
Brazoria	70.3	72.6	72.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	9.6	10.7	1
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	86.2	91.3	91.5	(0) _]	(')	(1)	2.7	2.8	
Bryan-College Station	57.0	63.4	58.9	.7	.7	.7	2.3	2.3	
Corpus Christi	139.9	143.9	143.4	2.7	2.7	2.8	12.7	12.4	1
Oallas	1,477.6	1,530.6	1,546.0	17.0	16.9	17.1	53.9	59.7	6
El Paso	224.0	229.5	229.9	(') 45	()	()	8.4	9.0	
Ft. Worth-Arlington	616.2	627.7	631.7	4.5	4.5	4.6	24.3	26.9	2
Salveston-Texas City	84.6 1,668.0	85.7 1,690,2	85.7	65.3	.7 86.1	.7 66.6	4.7 108.4	4.9	
-louston	83.3	85.6	1,702.3 87.0	(1)	(¹)	(1)	3.4	110.7 3.9	11
aredo	52.6	55.7	55.7	2.3	2.5	2.5	1.8	2.0	
Longview-Marshail	78.6	81.0	80.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.5	
Lubbock	102.4	104.9	103.7	.2	.1	.1	3.7	4.2	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	111.5	120.0	119,7	.9	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.2	
Odessa-Midland	91.0	91.7	91.6	12.9	12.3	12.5	4.5	4.3	
San Angelo	38.7	39.8	39.6	.6)	.5	.5	1.4	1.5	
San Antonio	574.2	588.9	588.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	25.7	26.5	2
Sherman-Denison	36.7	37.5	37.2	(1)	(f)	(1)	1.5	1.5	
Texarkana	48.4	47.8	47.7	.1	.1		1.9	2.3	
Tyler	67.0	68.4	68.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.3	2.3	
Victoria	32.4 84.3	33.3	33.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.1 3.7	2.1	
WacoWichita Falls	53.2	87.5 54.1	86.9 54.1	(¹) 1.4	(¹) 1.4	(¹)	1.8	3.9 1.8	
	0145	051.4	000.0				41.0	46.0	
Provo-Orem	814.5 106.2	851.4 113.1	862.3 115.5	8.3 (¹)	8.1 (¹)	8.2 (¹)	41.3 6.0	46.9 7.1	4
Salt Lake City-Ogden	550.5	577.6	583.3	3.2	3.0	3.1	27.2	31.0	3
nome	256.9	256.1	258.2	.6	.7	.7	12.6	10.9	1
Barre-Montpelier	29.2	29.0	29.5	(1)	ტ "	ტ "	1.5	1.2	
Burlington	88.7	89.4	90.0	&	- 8	- Ж	4.4	4.3	
irginia	2.946.2	3,011.3	3,031.8	12.9	11.8	11.8	156.6	159.8	16
Bristol	34,2	34.8	35.1	(3)2.3	(1)	(1)	1.1	1.3	10
Charlottesville	71.2	71.7	72.8	ŏ	- ö	(i)	4.0	4.0	
Danville	43.2	44.0	44.4	Ö	- (ř)	(6)	2.0	2.1	
ynchburg	92.9	95.6	95.8	(')	(t)	(f)	4.7	5.0	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	616.2	618.6	625.4	(1)	(¹)	(1)	33.0	32.6	. 3
iorthern Virginia	871.5	899.6	909.1	.5	.6	.6	45.0	49.7	5
Richmond-Petersburg	478.5 130.4	491.6 134.6	493.6 136.3	.7 (t)	(')	(¹) .7	28.1 7.0	28.3 7.2	. 2
		ļ							
ashington Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	2,277.5 1,1 53 .1	2,290.6 1,152.7	2,313.7 1,160.1	3.3 .6	3.5 .6	3.5 .6	120.0 58.2	124.1 59.0	12 5
est Virginia	653.9	687.6	876.0	25.1	29.0	29.4	32.4	35.6	3
Charleston	119.9	121.7	122.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	7.1	7.0	_
Huntington-Ashland	110.2	111.1	110.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	5.0	5.0	
Parkersburg-Marietta	63.4	65.2	65.0	.4	.4	.4	3.6	3.4	

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	٨	lanufacturing	ו		esportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994
outh Carolina	376.7	370.6	372.3	66.8	67.8	66.0	358.4	361.5	364
Charleston-North Charleston	20.8	19.5	19.7	10.6	10.0	10.3	51.4	51.1	5.
Columbia	26.3	26.6	26.7	11.2	11.2	11.2	54.9	55.0	50
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	125.9	124.7	125.1	17.0	17.4	17.4	96.2	97.6	97
outh Dakota	39.6	42.5	43.6	14.7	15.0	15.0	83.5	83.7	84
Rapid CitySioux Falls	4.5 11.1	4.4 11.5	4.5 11.8	1.9 5.6	1.9 5.5	2.0 5.6	13.3 24.3	13.0 24.1	14 24
onnessee	532.0	538.8	542.8	126.9	129.3	129.8	535.3	550.8	555
Chattanooga	45.0	45.4	45.4	7.3	7.3	7.4	50.8	52.2	52
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	54.2	53.1	53.3	7.5	8.0	8.0	40.6	41.2	4
Knoxville	50.7	50.6	50.8	11.3	11.2	11.2	74.3	72.4	7.
Memphis	65.2	65.9	66.0	48.9	49.7	50.1	125.8	127.4	12
Nastrville	94.3	95.9	96.2	32.3	32.3	32.6	128.1	132.0	132
DX28	990.7	998.0	1,003.6	440.3	444.7	447.1	1,809.2	1,659.3	1,87
Abilene	4.1	3.8	3.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	13.0	12.9	1
Amarillo	9.1	9.4	9.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	23.1	24.1	2
Austin-San Marcos	59.6	61.2	61.9	14.6	14.7	14.8	92.0	97.6	٤
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.5	25.1	25.2	9.5	9.4	9.4	33.8	34.5	3
Brazoria	17.3	17.1	17.1	2.6	2.6	2.7	13.2	14.0	1
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	12.9	13.7	13.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	23.0	24.1	
lryan-College Station	3.9	4.0	3.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	12.4	12.9	
Corpus Christi	13.6 222.5	13.6 222.3	13.6 223.5	6.7	6.6 92.1	6.4 94.3	32.0 371.1	34.1	31
allas	45.7	46.6	46.5	88.1 11.5	11.4	11.5	54.3	385.5 55.2	3
t. Worth-Arlington	102.2	101.1	101.6	56.8	57.3	57.7	157.0	159.0	1
alveston-Texas City	8.4	8.3	8.3	5.0	5.2	5.1	18.2	18.4	•
ouston	179.0	178.1	179.2	114.7	114.8	114.8	392.6	394.8	3
illeen-Temple	9.2	9.2	9.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	18.6	19.7	•
aredo	1,7	1.9	1.9	8.4	8.8	6.8	16.2	17.0	
ongview-Marshall	17.0	17.1	17.0	3.8	3.7	3.7	19.8	19.9	
ubbock	7.1	7.5	7.6	5.3	5.3	5.2	26.2	29.1	
IcAllen-Edinburg-Mission	13.0	13.6	13.8	3.7	4.0	3.9	33.0	35.7	
dessa-Midiand	6.6	6.4	6.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	23.0	23.6	
an Angelo	4.9	5.0	5.0	2.9	2.6	2.8	9.3	9.5	
an Antonio	46.7	47.6	47.9	28.5	27.1	27.7	143.1	145.8	1
therman-Denison	9.9	9.9	9.9	1.4	1.5	1.6	7.9	7.7	
exarkana	6.1	5.5	5.5	2.2	2.0	2.0	11.8	11.8	
yler	11.9	11.6	11.8	3.2	3.1	3.1	16.8	17.6	
ictoria	3.3	3.2	3.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	8.5	6.8	
VacoVichita Falls	15.4 7.7	16.2 7.9	16.4 8.0	3.4 2.6	3.5 2.6	3.5 2.6	19.3 12.6	19.6 12.6	
ah	110.3	115.2	116.1	47.1	48.1	48.7	192.1	199.2	2
rovo-Orem	14.3	15.3	15.6	2.1	2.2	2.2	23.0	24.8	
alt Lake City-Ogden	70.4	72.4	73.0	36.9	39.0	39.1	131.8	137.1	1
rmont	44.1	42.6	43.3	11.5	11.0	11.2	60.6	60.7	
Barre-Montpelier	3.6	3.6	3.7	.8	.6	.6	5.9	6.2	
Burlington	16.3	15.9	16.2	3.9	3.7	3.8	21.4	20.0	
ginia	406.7	402.7	404.0	150.1	152.2	152.3	653.2	673.9	6
ristol	10.0	10.1	10.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	8.6	9.3	
Charlottesville	7.6	7.8	7.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	14.3	14.6	
ynchburg	15.8 26.9	15.3 26.4	15.4 26.6	1.1 3.3	1.2 3.4	1.2 3.5	6.9 19.7	9.3 20.2	:
orfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	68.6	68.8	68.3	29.1	30.3	30.3	143.6	143.8	1.
orthern Virginia	39.5	39.5	39.5	52.6	51.9	52.0	193.9	201.9	2
ichmond-Petersburg	61.9	60.7	59.9	24.0	25.1	25.1	108.6	112.7	1
oanoke	16.6	19.2	19.1	8.7	6.7	8.7	34.5	35.1	į.
sshington	342.8	331.8	334.4	115.2	116.8	116.3	551.2	549.9	5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	205.2	193.8	193.9	69.5	70.7	71.2	272.1	276.5	2
est Virginia	83.7	81.3	61.9	38.9	39.4	39.7	149.3	154.7	15
Charleston	10.3	9.9	10.0	6.8	9.0	9.2	29.6	30.4	
TINISTINY—ASSISSON	18.0	17.1	17.1	6.7	6.6	6.6	28.2	29.0	- 2
Parkersburg-Marietta	12.6	12.6	13.0	2.6	2.5	2.5	15.9	16.5	•

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar nd real estat	,		Services		(Government	
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
outh Carolina	67.0	66.6	67.4	339.2	349.7	351.7	297.6	306.1	301
Charleston-North Charleston	8.2	8.1	8.1	51.1	52.6	52.4	55.0	53.4	52
Columbia	18.6	18.1	18.3	56.0	56.8	57.0	69.4	70.5	69.
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	14.5	14.6	14.7	86.3	89.3	89.8	54.5	55.8	55.
outh Dakota	17.8	18.2	18.5	85.7	84.9	87.0	68.3	69.4	70.
Rapid CitySioux Falls	1.6 9.0	1.5 9.4	1.5 9.5	12.8 25.4	12.5 25.3	13.2 25.7	7.4 9.7	7.6 9.7	7. 10.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	104.9	106.0	106.9	579.6	597.9	600.8	354.3	370.3	359
onnessee	13.4	13.9	14.0	51.4	52.2	52.4	34.0	370.3	32
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.5	5.0	5.1	40.1	39.2	39.0	28.7	29.0	29
Knoxville	10.4	10.5	10.6	82.4	82.2	83.2	55.3	56.2	55
Memphis	25.2	25.6	25.7	129.9	130.8	131.3	73.8	76.7	73
Nashvitle	31.1	30.8	30.9	182.9	166.8	168.2	71.8	76.5	75
DX86	428.9	438.4	441.3	1,950.9	2,004.0	2,037.8	1,352.1	1,421.9	1,383
Abilene	1.8	1.9	1.9	15.4	18.2	15.7	9.5	9.9	9
Amarillo	4.2	4.1	4.1	20.6	20.5	21.1	16.3	17.7	18
Austin-San Marcos	25.7	26.6	26.9	121.2	122.9	124.2	117.8	125.9	123
Beaumont-Port Arthur	4.8	4.7	4.8	38.7	39.7	39.9	22.1	24.4	2
Brazoria	1.9 3.5	1.8 3.7	1.8 3.7	11.8 20.6	12.2 22.0	12.3 22.4	12.9 19.7	13.2	1; 20
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	2.1	2.4	2.5	12.3	13.2	13.2	21.9	21.2 26.5	2
Corpus Christi	6.1	6.1	6.1	38.0	37.5	38.0	30.1	30.9	3
Oallas	126.8	129.7	131.8	416.8	433.3	440.5	181.4	191.1	18
I Paso	8.4	8.5	8.5	48.3	49.5	50.1	47.4	49.1	4
t. Worth-Arlington	28.4	28.8	29.0	158.7	164.3	166.8	84.3	66.0	8
alveston-Texas City	5,6	5.7	5.7	17.1	17.4	17.6	24.9	25.1	2
louston	97.6	97.7	98.6	483.8	493.5	498.7	226.4	234.5	23
(illeen-Temple	3.6	3.8	3.7	20.8	21.3	21.5	24.8	25.2	2
.aredo	2.0	2.0	2.0	8.9	9.4	9.4	11.3	12.1	1
.ongview-Marshall	2.7	2.7	2.7	17.8	19.1	19.3	10.8	11.5	1
John Edich of Mission	4.8	4.7	4.7	29.2	28.6 22.8	28.8 22.7	24.1	25.4	3
AcAllen-Edinburg-Mission	4.0 3.7	4.2 3.6	4.3 3.6	21.1 20.0	20.1	20.1	30.7 16.0	33.5 16.9	1
San Angelo	1.7	1.6	1.7	10.6	10.9	11.1	7.3	8.0	
San Antonio	39.7	41.4	41.7	166.5	169.4	170.5	124.2	129.3	12
Sherman-Denison	2.1	2.1	2.1	9.1	9.7	9.2	4.8	5.1	_
Texarkana	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.8	12.7	12.8	11.8	11.5	1
'yler	3.2	3.3	3.3	17.9	18.2	18.2	10.4	10.7	1
/ictoria	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.1	8.4	8.4	6.0	6.5	
Vaco	5.2 2.2	5.2 2.2	5.3 2.2	23.3 14.0	23.9 14.4	23.8 14.4	14.0 10.9	15.0 11.2	1
					i				
ah Provo-Orem	41.1 2.9	48.2 3.4	48.7 3.4	212.2 41.3	220.8 43.3	225.4 44.4	162.1 18.6	187.1 17.0	16
Salt Lake City-Ogden	33.7	37.3	37.4	141.8	148.9	150.4	105.5	108.9	10
rmont	12.2	12.0	12.1	71.4	71.7	73.1	43.9	46.3	4
Barre-Montpelier	2.5	2.5	2.5	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.4	7.2	
Burlington	4.4	4.4	4.5	24.3	26.4	26.6	14.0	14.7	1
rginie	158.1	163.1	164.5	809.7	839.8	852.2	598.9	608.0	60
3ristol	1.2	1.1	1.1	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.7	5.7	_
Charlottesville	4.0	4.2	4.2	17.2	17.2	17.4	21.5	21.5	2
Danville	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.0	8.4	6.5	6.0	6.3	
ynchburg	4.1 27.7	4.4	4.4 29.5	21.9 170.8	23.7 173.4	23.4 178.5	12.3 143.4	12.5 143.1	1
Vorfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	53.5	28.8 55.2	55.9	308.9	324.1	326.4	177.4	176.7	14 17
Iorthern Virginia	40.0	42.2	42.6	115.8	118.9	120.7	99.4	103.0	10
Roanoke	8.9	8.8	8.9	35.5	38.1	39.3	17.0	17.5	1
ashington	121.7	121.4	122.3	585.8	598.5	603.1	437.5	444.6	44
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	75.0	74.2	74.2	303.8	306.4	310.5	168.9	171.5	17
est Virginia	25.3	25.1	25.3	187.4	175.7	178.0	131.8	146.8	13
		25	6.4	33.8	33.6	33.8	22.1	23.6	2
	6.6	6.5							
Charleston		3.8 2.3	3.8 2.3	27.3 15.4	27.4 16.1	27.5 16.3	19.4	20.8 11.2	1

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		(Construction	1
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Wisconsin	2,438.0 175.8	2,458.0 175.9	2,497.0 179.5	2.6	2.4	2.6	99.6 10.0	101.1 9.2	107.5
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	60.7	63.1	62.4	0 0	ტ ტ	8	2.4	2.4	10.1 2.7
Green Bay	117.0	122.8	124.4	6	ö	Ö	6.0	6.3	6.8
Janesville-Beloit	63.5	64.4	64.7	(6)	(i)	Ö	2.4	2.8	3.0
Kenosha	44.8	45.8	45.5	O	(1)	(1)	1.9	1.9	1.9
La Crosse	62.0	64.2	63.7	0	(t)	()	2.3	2.1	2.3
Madison	240.6	247.4	246.8	O I	<u>(†)</u>	()	10.3	10.8	11.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha	778.8	779.3	791.4	g l	(t)	(t)	29.0	30.4	31.8
Racine	77.5 55.4	78.4 55.9	79.6 57.8	g i	<u>(</u>)	(f)	3.0	3.1	3.3
Sheboygan	57.1	55.9 57.8	57.6 58.1	00	\mathbb{R}	ტ ტ	2.0 2.1	2.7 2.1	2.9 2.2
Wausau	57.1	57.6	56.1		(7)	()	2.1	2.1	2.2
Wyoming	220.9	214.8	223.7	17.8	17.4	17.9	14.0	13.7	14.9
Casper	29.4	29.1	29.7	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.6
Puerto Rico	858.1	865.0	864.2	1.0	.9	.9	47.0	43.0	43.2
Caguas	54.6	56.3	56.2	O	(1)	(1)	1.7	1.6	1.8
Mayaguez	64.9	64.1	64.1	(0)	(1)	(f)	3.4	2.8	2.7
Ponce	69.0	69.6	69.7	(6) _{	(f) _	(1)	4.4	3.9	4.1
San Juan-Bayamon	534.0	538.5	537.5	.5	.5	.5	34.1	31.5	32.3
Virgin Islands	49.8	45.3	44.9	(t)	(f)	(t)	6.5	2.4	2.4

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		/lanufacturing	9		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade		
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Wisconsin	562.9	564.7	578.3	115.6	111.8	115.6	561.5	560.6	569.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	56.2	56.7	58.5	6.9	6.8	7.0	36.7	36.6	36
Eau Claire	10.3	10.1	10.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	16.9	17.3	17.
Green Bay	24.9	25.3	26.0	8.5	8.8	8.9	28.1	29.1	29
Janesville-Beloit	18.6	18.5	18.5	2.4	2.6	2.5	15.0	14.9	15
Kenosha	10.0	9.9	10.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	12.6	12.9	13
La Crosse	11.3	11.2	11.4	2.9	2.7	2.8	16.7	16.9	16
Madison	27.0	27.3	27.9	8.1	8.0	8.0	52.4	53.5	53
Milwaukee-Waukesha	167.1	168.1	170.3	37.6	36.0	37.3	171.6	170.4	172
Racine	23.6	24.4	24.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	17.0	16.7	16
Sheboygan	22.9	23.5	24.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	10.1	10.0	10
Wausau	16.1	15.9	16.1	3.7	3.9	3.9	13.6	13.7	13
yoming	9.4	9.5	9.7	14.7	14.4	14.5	50.7	48.2	51
Casper	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.3	8.3	8
uerto Rico	150.6	148.7	149.3	20.6	21.0	21.4	164.8	167.7	167
Caguas	14.5	13.8	13.7	.5	.6	.5 }	11.7	12.4	12
Mayaguez	19.9	19.0	19.2	.5	.5	.5	10.3	10.5	10
Ponce	12.2	11.9	11.6	1.7	1.8	2.1	12.0	11.8	11
San Juan-Bayamon	67.4	67.0	66.8	15.9	14.7	14.9	110.0	111.4	111
Irgin Islands	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6	10.8	10.9	10

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Charles and array		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services		Government		
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Wisconsin	131.5	132.9	134.5	604.1	812.7	825.1	360.2	371.8	363.9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	8.9	8.8	8.9	37.0	37.8	38.5	19.8	19.9	19.8
Eau Claire	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.1	15.7	15.8	10.5	12.2	10.9
Green Bay	7.5	8.0	8.0	29.3	32.4	32.1	12.8	12.8	13.2
Janesville-Beloit	1.8	1.9	2.0	15.3	15.3	15.5	8.0	8.4	8.3
Kenosha	1.8	1.3	1.3	10.5	10.9	10.5	6.7	7.0	6.1
La Crosse	2.2	2.3	2.4	18.0	18.9	18.9	8.8	10.0	9.0
Madison	21.0	20.8	20.9	56.8	59.0	59.7	65.1	68.2	65.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha	52.7	53.9	54.4	229.3	231.5	235.7	91.3	68.6	89.4
Racine	2.5	2.4	2.4	19.5	20.2	20.5	9.3	9.1	9.
Sheboygan	2.1	2.0	2.0	10.6	10.0	10.8	5.9	5.9	6.0
Wausau	4.4	4.4	4.4	10.7	10.7	10.8	6.7	7.1	6.8
Wyoming	7.8	7.7	7.8	47.8	43.7	48.5	58.7	60.0	59.0
Casper	1.2	1.1	1.2	7.5	7.3	7.6	5.6	5.7	5.6
Puerto Rico	39.2	40.1	40.2	146.2	153.9	150.1	286.9	289.7	291.4
Caguas	1.3	1.5	1.5	8.9	9.8	9.8	16.0	16.6	16.
Mayaguez	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.3	9.5	9.4	20.0	20.3	20.4
Ponce	1.9	1.9	1.9	13.0	14.2	13.8	23.8	24.1	24.
San Juan-Bayamon	31.1	31.7	31.8	99.6	105.1	101.9	175.4	176.6	177.8
Virgin lelands	2.2	2.1	2.1	11.0	10.7	10.6	13.7	13.6	13.0

Combined with construction.
 Not available.
 p = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Averaç	je wee kly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Total private		34.6	34.8	34.8	34.8	34.9	-	-	-	-	-
Mining		44.2	44.1	44.4	44.9	44.3	_	_	_	-	-
Metal mining	10	43.2	43.0	43.0	43.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iron ores		41.8	41.8	44.5	44.2	_	_	[_	1 -	[
Copper ores		47.1	45.3	44.1	46.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coal mining	12	43.7	42.6	45.8	44.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		43.6	42.5	45.9	44.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.3	43.7	43.0	44.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	41.9	42.3	42,2	42.2	_	_	_	_	-	-
Oil and gas field services		44.1	44.4	43.6	45.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	47.3	47.3	47.7	48.0	_	_		_	_	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	49.1	48.9	49.7	49.3	_	_	-	_	-	i -
A. A. allan			00.5								
Construction	"	39.3	39.5	39.7	39.6	39.8	-	-	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	38.0	38.2	38.6	38.5	-	-	-	_	-	-
Residential building construction		37.4	37.6	37.9	37.9	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Operative builders		38.5	38.6	38.8	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	38.6	38.8	39.2	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	43.2	43.5	44.0	43.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway and street construction		45.0	45.8	45.4	45.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	42.2	42.2	43.2	42.7	-	_	-	-	i -	-
Special trade contractors	17	38.6	38.9	38.9	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	[171	39.8	40.1	39.6	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	37.7	37.4	37.7	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical work	173	39.6	40.1	39.7	39.9	-	_	-	-	-	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	1/4	36.1 36.4	36.2 36.3	36.4 36.0	36.5 36.2	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		35.6	38.2	36.5	36.0	_	_	-	_	_	_
Manufacturing	_]	41.4	41.0	42.0	42.2	41.5	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.7	4.5
•											ļ
Durable goods		42.1	41.6	42.9	43.0	42.1	4.3	4.0	5.0	5.1	4.7
Lumber and wood products Logging		40.8 41.1	40.6 40.9	41.7	41.6	40.9	4.0	4.1 5.6	4.6 6.5	4.7 5.9	-
Sawmills and planing mills		42.2	40.9 41.6	40.7 42.8	40.7 43.0	_	5.5 4.8	4.7	5.1	5.9	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general		42.6	41.9	43.3	43.6		5.1	5.0	5.5	5.7	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		41.0	40.3	40.9	40.7	_	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.6	_
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	40.1	40.0	41.5	41.3	_	3.4	3.6	4.3	4.4	-
Millwork	2431	39.3	39.9	40.5	40.4	-	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.4	-
Wood kitchen cabinets		39.9	40.1	41.5	41.4	- '	3.2	3.4	5.0	4.9	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		41.2	39 .5	41.8	41.8	-	4.4	3.6	4.3	4.1	-
Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers		41.0 39.7	38.6 39.2	44.7 40.6	42.8 40.4	<u>-</u>	4.3 3.5	4.4 3.4	5.4 4.0	5.6 3.8	I -
Wood buildings and mobile homes		40.6	41.7	41.4	41.8	_	3.5	4.2	4.3	4.7	-
Mobile homes		40.9	42.2	41.7	42.1		3.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	_
Miscellaneous wood products		40.3	39.7	41.0	41.1	_	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	39.7	39.7	39.9	40.7	40.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.4	_
Household furniture		38.5	38.3	38.9	39.5	-	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.6	-
Wood household furniture	2511	38.8	38.8	39.7	39.7	<u>-</u>	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.5	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	37.1	37.0	36.6	38.5	-	1.5	1.3	1.6	2.0	-
Metal household furniture		41.8	39.2	42.8	41.9	–	4.1	2.2	5.4	4.5	-
Mattresses and bedsprings		39.6	39.7	38.9	40.0	-	3.2	3.7	2.9	3.5	-
Office furniture		41.7	42.2	40.8	42.4	-	3.6	4.5	3.0	4.1	-
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures		41.5	41.5	42.1	44.5	-	4.1	4.4	4.3	5.7	-
rajuuons and iixiures	204	41.1	41.9	41.8	42.1	-	4.0	4.8	4.5	5.1	, -
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	250	41.7	40.8	40.9	41.5	_	3.3	3.0	3.0	3.5	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Total private		\$10.76	\$10.75	\$11.09	\$11.03	\$11.04	\$372.30	\$374.10	\$385.93	\$383.84	\$385.3
Mining		14.59	14.49	14.83	14.71	14.72	644.88	639.01	658.45	660.48	652.10
Metal mining	10	15.28	15.10	16.04	15.88	_]	660.10	649.30	689.72	692.37	_
Iron ores		17.93	16.61	17.29	17.13	_	749.47	694.30	769.41	757.15	_
Copper ores		13.91	14.04	14.25	14.08	-	655.16	636.01	628.43	647.68	_
Coal mining	12	17.15	17.20	17.62	17.64	-	749.46	732.72	807.00	788.51	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		17.33	17.38	17.81	17.85	-	759.05	738.65	817.48	797.90	-
Oil and gas extraction		14.22	14.08	14.08	13.90	-	615.73	615.30	605.44	614.38	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	17.25	17.10	17.87	17.73	-	722.78	723.33	754.11	748.21	-
Oil and gas field services	138	12.34	12.28	11.84	11.75	-	544.19	545.23	516.22	533.45	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	12.66	12.76	13.01	13.04	-	598.82	603.55	620.58	625.92	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	12.10	12.17	12.56	12.58	-	594.11	595.11	624.23	620.19	-
Construction		14.24	14.37	14.59	14.57	14.76	559.63	567.62	579.22	576.97	587.45
General building contractors	15	13.45	13.53	13.82	13.71	_	511.10	516.85	533.45	527.84	_
Residential building construction		12.43	12.50	12.67	12.52	-	464.88	470.00	480.19	474.51	_
Operative builders	153	13.55	13.19	13.37	13.33	_	521.68	509.13	518.76	517.20	- ا
Nonresidential building construction	154	14.43	14.50	14.93	14.87	-	557.00	562.60	585.26	581.42	-
Heavy construction, except building		14.04	14.12	14.38	14.41	-	606.53	614.22	632.72	629.72	-
Highway and street construction		14.09	14.33	14.32	14.50	-	634.05	656.31	650.13	661.20	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	14.01	14.00	14.41	14.35	-	591.22	590.80	622.51	612.75	-
Special trade contractors		14.59	14.74	14.91	14.91	-	563.17	573.39	580.00	580.00	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		14.96	15.12	15.23	15.20	-	595.41	606.31	603.11	609.52	-
Painting and paper hanging		13.29	13.32	13.84	13.93	-	501.03	498.17	521.77	522.38	-
Electrical work		15.88 14.64	15.97 14.69	16.13 14.99	16.19 15.03	-	628.85 528.50	640.40 531.78	640.36 545.64	645.98 548.60	<u> </u>
Carpentry and floor work		14.20	14.50	14.66	14.85	_	516.88	526.35	527.76	537.57	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		12.53	12.81	13.05	12.96	_	446.07	463.72	476.33	466.56	-
		11.71	11.72	12.01	12.02	12.03		480.52		507.24	499.25
Manufacturing									504.42		
Durable goods		12.31	12.28	12.62	12.63	12.60	518.25	510.85	541.40	543.09	530.46
Lumber and wood products	24	9.56	9.65	9.79	9.82	9.85	390.05	391.79	408.24	408.51	402.87
Logging		11.30	11.42	11.44	11.36	-	464.43	467.08	465.61	462.35	-
Sawmills and planing mills		9.73	9.79	10.01	10.05	-	410.61	407.26	428.43	432.15	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		10.10 8.16	10.15 8.25	10.38 8.53	10.38 8.67	-	430.26 334.56	425.29 332.48	449.45 348.88	452.57 352.87	_
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		9.59	9.69	9.84	9.87	_	384.56	387.60	408.36	407.63	-
	2431	9.83	9.91	10.09		_	386.32	395.41	408.65	408.85	_
Wood kitchen cabinets		8.93	8.99	9.27	9.30	_	356.31	360.50	384.71	385.02	l <u>-</u>
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	8.31	8.40	8.52	8.57	_	342.37	331.80	356.14	358.23	_
Softwood veneer and plywood		11.54	11.76	11.71	11.81	-	473.14	453.94	523.44	505.47	-
Wood containers		6.96	7.02	7.29	7.28	-	276.31	275.18	295.97	294.11	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes		9.31	9.29	9.80	9.82	- '	377.99	387.39	405.72	410.48	-
Mobile homes		9.35	9.35	9.85	9.87	-	382.42	394.57	410.75	415.53	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	9.00	9.09	9.14	9.21	-	3 6 2.70	360.87	374.74	378.53	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	9.23	9.29	9.45	9.48	9.56	366.43	368.81	377.06	385.84	385.2
Household furniture		8.67	8.70	8.96	8.96	-	333.80	333.21	348.54	353.92	-
Wood household furniture		8.07	8.14	8.42	8.42	-	313.12	315.83	334.27	334.27	-
Upholstered household furniture		9.39	9.32	9.76	9.77	-	348.37	344.84	357.22	376.15	-
	Z314	8.78	8.81	8.72	8.61 9.39	-	367.00 368.68	345.35 372.39	373.22 366.44	360.76 375.60	-
Metal household furniture											
Metal household furniture	2515	9.31	9.38	9.42		1				1	-
Metal household furniture	2515 252	10.03	10.13	10.22	10.21	-	418.25	427.49	416.98	432.90	-
Metal household furniture	2515 252 253	1 1	1	1		1				1	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 32	43.2	42.9	44.1	44.2	43.8	5.5	5.5	6.1	6.2	-
Flat glass	. 321	46.1	43.7	48.3	48.4	-	8.1	4.9	9.2	10.0	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		42.2	42.4	42.6	42.9	-	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.6	-
Glass containers		43.4	43.5	43.3	43.8	-	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.9	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec Products of purchased glass		41.1 41.6	41.3 40.7	42.0 43.5	42.2 44.3	-	3.4	3.3 3.0	3.4	3.5	-
Cement, hydraulic		42.1	40.7 42.3	43.5	44.3] -	3.4 4.0	4.4	4.4 4.6	3.8	_
Structural clay products		41.9	41.3	43.0	41.9	<u>-</u>	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.7	[
Pottery and related products		41.1	40.5	41.0	40.7		3.4	3.2	4.0	4.0	_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		44.9	44.8	46.3	46.3	_	7.8	7.9	8.4	8.6	_
Concrete block and brick		46.1	45.9	47.9	47.5		8.3	8.0	8.8	9.1	-
Concrete products, nec		43.8	43.7	44.4	44.5	_ 1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.9	l -
Ready-mixed concrete		45.2	45.0	47.0	47.0	_	8.7	8.7	9.7	9.6	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		42.8	42.7	42.9	43.1	_	4.6	5.1	5.0	5.1	
Abrasive products		43.0	41.6	43.4	43.5	_	3.9	3.7	4.1	4.6	
Asbestos products		42.6	42.4	41.5	41.3	-	5.8	4.9	4.9	4.3	
Primary metal industries		43.8	43.5	44.8	44.7	44.2	5.7	5.6	6.6	6.7	.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	. 331	44.5	44.7	44.9	44.8	44.5	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.6	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		44.8	45.1	45.1	45.0	-	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.8	
Steel pipe and tubes		44.0	43.5	43.7	44.2	-	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.7	
Iron and steel foundries		44.6	43.3	46.1	46.0	-	6.3	5.3	8.0	7.9	1 .
Gray and ductile iron foundries		45.2	43.9	46.8	46.6	-	6.9	5.6	9.2	8.9	
Malleable iron foundries		45.3	41.9	47.2	46.7	-	10.5	8.2	9.1	8.7	
Steel foundries, nec		43.4	41.3	44.5	44.9	-	4.5	4.3	5.6	6.0	
Primary nonferrous metals		43.0	42.5	42.7	43.1	-	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.3	
Primary aluminum		42.4	41.7	42.1	42.4	-	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.9	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		43.8	44.2	45.2	44.9	-	6.4	6.6	7.0	7.1	'
Copper rolling and drawing	. 3351	42.5	44.3	45.0	43.5	[-	6.4	7.7	8.0	7.0	1 '
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		45.2	45.4	45.7	45.6	-	7.7	7.8	7.0	7.2	.
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		43.0	43.7	44.7	44.7	-	5.7	6.2	6.5	6.8	'
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		41.2	40.1 40.1	43.2 42.7	43.3 42.7	_	3.7 3.3	3.2 3.4	5.3 5.0	5.3 5.5	:
Fabricated metal products	34	42.2	41.4	42.8	42.9	42.0	4.3	4.0	4.9	5.1	
Metal cans and shipping containers		44.9	44.8	44.5	45.1	-	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.9	:
Metal cans		44.9	44.5	44.0	44.8	_	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.4	Ι.
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		41.9	40.1	42.1	42.7		3.8	3.2	4.0	4.6	:
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		41.8	39.3	41.7	42.3	_	3.4	2.9	3.7	4.4	;
Hardware, nec		41.6	40.3	42.0	42.7	_	3.9	3.3	4.2	4.8	Ι.
Plumbing and heating, except electric		41.6	40.5	41.2	41.8	_	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.2	
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		40.3	39.6	41.3	41.6		2.4	2.3	4.1	4.2] .
Heating equipment, except electric		40.9	40.6	40.9	41.9	-	2.8	3.1	3.1	4.1	.
Fabricated structural metal products		41.5	41.5	41.9	42.3	-	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.8	
Fabricated structural metal		41.5	43.0	42.6	42.6	-	4.3	5.3	5.2	5.6	
Metal doors, sash, and trim	. 3442	40.8	40.0	40.7	41.7	-	3.7	3.7	3.6	4.3	.
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		42.4	41.6	42.4	42.6	-	4.6	4.4	4.9	4.9	1 .
Sheet metal work	3444	40.9	40.9	41.4	41.9	-	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.4	'
Architectural metal work		40.7	41.5	41.5	41.1	-	3.4	3.9	3.8	4.2	'
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.4	41.4	43.2	43.2	-	4.7	4.1	5.7	5.6	'
Screw machine products		42.1	41.2	42.9	43.3	-	4.4	3.9	5.4	5.3	1
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		42.7	41.5	43.6	43.2	-	5.0	4.3	6.0	5.9	1
Metal forgings and stampings		43.4	41.3	45.4	44.6	-	5.0	3.7	6.5	6.3	1
Iron and steel forgings		42.4	39.6	42.8	42.6	-	4.3	3.6	5.2	5.5	1
Automotive stampings		44.6	41.9	47.5	46.3	-	6.0	3.7	7.9	7.7	1
Metal stampings, nec		41.7	41.0 40.7	43.2	42.7	-	3.7	3.5	4.8	4.6	
Metal services, nec		41.2		41.8	41.9		4.0	3.8	4.7	4.7	
Plating and polishing		40.7	40.2	41.6	41.6	-	3.7	3.3	4.4 5.1	4.2	1
Metal coating and allied services Ordnance and accessories, nec		42.1	41.6	42.0	42.4	_	4.6	4.5		5.6	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		41.7	41.1 41.0	42.0	41.9		3.6	3.3	4.0	4.3	
Misc. fabricated metal products		40.6	41.0	41.0	40.5	-	2.9	2.9	2.6 4.6	2.9 4.5	1
wise, iaulicated lifetat pioducts		42.2		42.7	42.8		3.8	3.8			Ι ΄
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	41.9	41.7	42.4	43.3	-	3.5	3.7 !	4.3	4.6	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolis by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°
Ourable goods—Continued											_
Stone, clay, and glass products		\$11.83	\$11.90	\$12.09	\$12.14	\$12.14	\$511.06	\$510.51	\$533.17	\$536.59	\$531.7
Flat glass		17.49	17.54	18.21	18.44	-	806.29	766.50	879.54	892.50	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		13.35	13.35	13.67	13.71	- 1	563.37	566.04	582.34	588.16	-
Glass containers		13.78	13.81	14.17	14.25	-	598.05	600.74	813.56	624.15	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec		12.92	12.89	13.20	13.20	- 1	531.01	532.36	554.40	557.04	-
Products of purchased glass		10.30	10.25	10.69	10.65	-	430.54	417.18	465.02	471.80	-
Cement, hydraulic		14.89	14.96	15.38	15.24	- ,	626.87	632.81	670.57	650.75	-
Structural clay products		10.36	10.30	10.64	10.78	-	434.08	425.39	447.94	451.68	-
Pottery and related products		10.09	10.18	10.50	10.56	-	414.70	412.29	430.50	429.79	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		11.36	11.46	11.61	11.72	-	510.08	513.41	537.54	542.64	·
Concrete block and brick		10.70	10.76	11.05	11.19	-	493.27	493.88	529.30	531.53	-
Concrete products, nec		10.13	10.31	10.30	10.43	-	443.69	450.55	457.32	464.14	-
Ready-mixed concrete		12.05	12.10	12.31	12.42	-	544.66	544.50	578.57	583.74	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		12.34	12.52	12.43	12.39	- 1	528.15	534.60	533.25	534.01	l .
Abhastas products		10.73	10.74	10.79	10.72	-	461.39	446.78	468.29	466.32	-
Asbestos products	3292	13.37	13.75	14.81	14.65 	-	569.56	583.00	614.62	605.05	-
Primary metal industries	33	14.01	14.06	14.23	14.29	14.32	613.64	611.61	637.50	638.78	832.9
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		16.50	16.49	16.75	16.84	16.75	734.25	737.10	752.08	754.43	745.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		17.66	17.65	18.02	18.12	~	791.17	796.02	812.70	815.40	-
Steel pipe and tubes		12.74	12.74	13.18	13.16	-	560.56	554.19	575.97	561.67	-
Iron and steel foundries		12.47	12.38	13.14	13.35	-	558.66	536.05	605.75	614.10	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries		13.06	12.89	13.96	14.26	-	590.31	585.87	653.33	664.52	-
Malleable iron foundries		13.99	14.17	15.07	15.09	-	633.75	593.72	711.30	704.70	-
Steel foundries, nec		11.51	11.52	11.85	11.82	-	499.53	475.78	527.33	530.72	-
Primary nonferrous metals	333	15.16	15.27	15.39	15.40	-	651.88	648.98	657.15	663.74	-
Primary aluminum		15.41	15.39	15.39	15.50	-	653.38	641.76	647.92	657.20	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		13.15	13.19	13.34	13.40	-	575.97	583.00	602.97	601.66	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	12.91	12.90	13.32	13.17	-	548.68	571.47	599.40	572.90	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		15.60	15.68	15.62	15.69	-	705.12	711.87	713.83	715.48	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		13.07	13.27	13.43	13.51	-	562.01	579.90	600.32	603.90	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		11.11 10.65	11.09 10.69	11.40 10.63	11.32 10.64	_	457.73 431.33	444.71 428.87	492.48 453.90	490.16 454.33	-
Fabricated metal products		11.69	11.65	11.90	11.90	11.90	493.32	482.31	509.32	510.51	499.
Metal cans and shipping containers		15.22	15.42	15.40	15.34	-	683.38	690.82	685.30	691.83	-
Metal cans		16.23	16.52	16.56	16.41	-	728.73	735.14	728.64	735.17	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		11.64	11.57	11.87	12.00	-	487.72	463.96	499.73	512.40	1 -
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		10.98	11.03	11.07	11.21	-	458.96	433.48	461.62	474.18	-
Hardware, nec		11.70	11.55	11.88	12.05	-	486.72	465.47	498.96	514.54	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		10.45	10.45	10.44	10.56	-	434.72	423.23	430.13	441.41	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		9.77	9.82	9.83	9.78	-	393.73	388.87	405.98	406.85	-
Heating equipment, except electric		10.61	10.50	10.67	10.93	-	433.95	426.30	436.40	457.97	-
Fabricated structural metal products		10.90	10.96	10.95	10.94	-	452.35	454.84	458.81	462.76	-
Fabricated structural metal		10.74	10.80	10.97	10.97	-	445.71	464.40	467.32	467.32	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	9.23	9.36	9.27	9.30	-	376.58	374.40	377.29	387.81	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	12.33	12.32 11.27	12.36	12.32	- 1	522.79	512.51	524.06	524.83	-
Sheet metal work	3444	11.11		11.23	11.20	-	454.40	460.94	464.92	469.28	-
Architectural metal work		10.14	10.05	10.10	10.12	-	412.70	417.08	419.15	415.93	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		11.46 10.65	11.41 10.73	11.75	11.76	-	485.90 448.37	472.37 442.08	507.60 470.61	508.03 476.73	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		12.35	12.17	10.97 12.63	11.01 12.62	-	527.35	505.06	550.67	545.18	-
Metal forgings and stampings		14.02	13.79	14.39	14.43	_	608.47	569.53	653.31	643.58	_
Iron and steel forgings		13.52	13.45	13.81	13.75		573.25	532.62	591.07	588.50	1 [
Automotive stampings	3465	16.09	15.83	16.50	16.71	_	717.61	663.28	783.75	773.67	
Metal stampings, nec		11.07	11.12	11.23	11.20		461.62	455.92	485.14	478.24	
Metal services, nec		9.67	9.67	9.84	9.84	_	398.40	393.57	411.31	412.30	
Plating and polishing		9.70	9.70	9.92	9.86	I	394.79	389.94	412.67	410.18	۔ ا
Metal coating and allied services		9.62	9.61	9.70	9.80	r .	405.00	399.78	407.40	415.52	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		13.30	13.47	13.72	13.81		554.61	553.62	576.24	578.64	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		13.44	13.64	14.09	14.32	I .	545.66	559.24	577.69	579.96	-
Misc. fabricated metal products	340	10.83	10.88	11.09	11.06	-	457.03	454.78	473.54	473.37	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		11.21	11.37	11.42	11.31	_ [469.70	474.13	484.21	489.72	-
Misc. fabricated wire products		9.69	9.71	9.81	9.74		405.04	400.05	417.91	412.98	
WISC. INDICATED WIF DIOUUUS	J450	y.oy	9./1	9.01	9.74		4UJ,U4	400.00	417.81	414.50	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	42.9	42.6	43.7	43.7	43.1	4.6	4.5	5.3	5.3	-
Engines and turbines		44.2	45.1	44.6	45.2	-	5.1	4.3	5.8	5.8	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		44.3	43.8	42.8	42.3	-	5.4	3.9	4.7	4.5	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		44.1 42.5	45.6 42.1	45.4 44.2	46.3 43.1		5.0 3.6	4.5 4.1	6.2 5.5	6.4	
Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment		43.5	42.3	43.7	43.4	_ [4.3	4.5	5.5	4.9	_
Construction and related machinery		43.8	44.2	44.0	43.8	_	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.7	_
Construction machinery		44.3	44.8	44.0	43.1	_	4.6	4.7	5.9	6.0	_
Mining machinery		40.0	40.5	43.3	43.0	-	3.5	3.8	4.4	5.1	-
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	46.8	46.5	46.6	46.0	-	6.6	6.7	6.1	5.8	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		43.2	44.1	43.4	44.0	-	5.5	6.2	5.4	6.0	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		40.8	40.5	41.9	42.3	-	3.5	3.8	4.6	4.9	-
Metalworking machinery		43.3	43.1	43.9	44.1	-	5.2	5.2	5.9	6.0	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.7	42.5	44.8	44.9	-	4.3	4.3	6.0	6.0	-
Machine tools, metal forming types Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		43.2 43.9	43.3 43.8	44.9 44.2	45.1 44.3	<u>-</u>	4.7 6.1	5.0 6.1	6.0 6.5	6.0 6.6	[
Machine tool accessories		43.9	42.3	43.1	43.4	_	3.8	3.7	4.8	4.7	_
Power driven handtools		42.2	43.3	41.9	43.0	_	3.9	4.7	3.7	5.0	-
Special industry machinery	1	42.6	41.7	43.6	43.5	_	4.8	4.5	5.3	5.3	-
Textile machinery		41.8	40.5	41.6	41.9	-	4.2	3.7	3.9	4.0	i -
Printing trades machinery	3555	41.7	41.7	43.2	42.8	-	4.6	4.2	5.4	5.5	-
Food products machinery		42.4	41.4	43.3	43.8	-	4.6	4.4	5.2	5.5	~
General industrial machinery		42.6	42.6	43.8	43.9	-	4.6	4.4	5.3	5.3	~
Pumps and pumping equipment		42.6	43.0	44.4	44.0	- 1	4.3	4.8	5.4	5.0	~
Ball and roller bearings		42.7	42.7	45.0	45.4	-	5.6	5.3	7.0	7.5	-
Air and gas compressors Blowers and fans		43.9 41.3	41.8 42.1	45.5 42.1	45.3 42.7	<u>-</u>	4.7 3.8	3.8 4.1	6.0 3.6	5.4 4.0	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		43.3	43.3	43.5	43.3	_	6.0	5.3	6.7	6.5	[
Power transmission equipment, nec		42.3	42.5	43.7	44.2	_	3.7	3.8	5.3	5.4	_
Computer and office equipment		41.9	41.7	43.0	43.2	_	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.6	_
Electronic computers		41.8	42.3	43.2	44.3	_	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.9	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575.8.9	42.0	42.4	42.3	42.8	_	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.7	_
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	43.3	42.0	43.9	44.3	_	4.7	4.5	5.4	5.8	· -
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	44.2	42.6	44.9	45.4	-	5.2	5.0	6.0	6.5	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		42.4	41.8	43.1	43.0	-	4.6	4.3	5.2	5.2	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3592 3596 9	43.6 42.4	41.0 41.9	43.3 43.1	43.5 43.0	_	5.1 4.7	3.8 4.4	6.2 5.2	6.1 5.2	-
											_
Electronic and other electrical equipment		41.5	41.1	42.1	42.3	41.4	3.7	3.5	4.1	4.3	-
Electric distribution equipment		42.0	41.4	42.0	42.5	-	4.1	3.8	3.9	4.2	-
Transformers, except electronic Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		42.0 41.9	41.5 41.2	41.8 42.2	42.4 42.7	_	4.2 3.9	3.9 3.8	3.5 4.2	4.0	_
Electrical industrial apparatus		42.3	41.8	42.8	43.8		3.6	3.5	4.4	5.1	_
Motors and generators		42.5	41.7	43.4	44.9	- '	3.8	3.5	4.8	5.8	_
Relays and industrial controls		41.5	41.7	41.2	42.0	-	3.0	3.1	3.3	4.0	_
Household appliances		40.2	40.4	41.0	41.0	-	2.5	2.9	2.8	3.0	_
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.6	43.3	41.2	41.8	-	2.4	3.5	2.4	2.7	-
Household laundry equipment		39.7	35.8	41.2	40.8	-	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.6	-
Electric housewares and fans		40.7	41.1	41.9	40.9	- '	2.8	3.2	3.0	2.4	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		41.2 43.7	41.1 42.8	42.4 47.3	42.4 46.4	-	3.4 3.9	3.5 3.7	4.2 5.9	4.3 5.7	-
Electric lamps Current-carrying wiring devices		40.0	39.9	41.3	41.6	_	2.8	2.9	3.7	3.9	_
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		41.7	41.1	43.6	42.8		2.8	2.9	3.7	3.5	_
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	38.4	38.2	38.5	39.0	_	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.2	_
Household audio and video equipment		40.8	40.4	41.2	41.7	-	3.7	3.5	4.5	4.8	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	40.5	39.8	41.4	41.6	-	3.3	2.8	4.1	4.4	-
Communications equipment	366	42.2	42.5	42.3	42.6	-	3.3	3.4	3.5	4.0	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		43.1	43.6	43.7	44.4	~	3.3	3.5	4.2	4.6	-
Electronic components and accessories		41.4	40.4	41.7	41.8	-	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.3	-
Electron tubes		40.9	41.0	41.6	42.7	-	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.2	-
Semiconductors and related devices		42.4	41.7	42.1	42.1	-	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.6	-
Electronic components, nec		40.1 42.0	39.1 41.7	40.7 43.2	41.0 42.9	-	3.2 4.3	2.8 3.7	3.6 5.0	3.6 4.7	-
Storage batteries		42.0 42.2	43.3	43.2 43.8	43.6	_	3.8	4.2	5.0 5.7	5.5	-
g			70.0	70.0	,		,	, 7.E	J.,	, ,,,,,	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment		\$12.67	\$12.76	\$12.94	\$12.93	\$12.94	\$543.54	\$543.58	\$565.48	\$565.04	\$557.7°
Engines and turbines		16.11	16.09	16.37	16.20	-	712.06	725.66	730.10	732.24	\ -
Turbines and turbine generator sets		16.59 15.90	16.51 15.92	16.96 16.14	16.93 15.93	_	734.94 701.19	723.14 725.95	725.89 732.76	716.14 737.56	_
Farm and garden machinery		11.86	12.08	12.28	12.35		504.05	508.57	542.78	532.29	_
Farm machinery and equipment		12.85	12.79	13.41	13.42	_	558.98	541.02	586.02	582.43	-
Construction and related machinery		12.87	13.01	13.02	12.95	-	563.71	575.04	572.88	567.21	-
Construction machinery		14.43	14.60	14.42	14.26	-	639.25	654.08	634.48	614.61	-
Mining machinery		12.93	13.03	13.35	13.60	-	517.20	527.72	578.06	584.80	-
Oil and gas field machinery Conveyors and conveying equipment		11.66 11.85	11.86 11.95	11.86 12.09	11.80 12.13	_	545.69 511.92	551.49 527.00	552.88 524.71	542.80 533.72	<u>-</u>
Industrial trucks and tractors		11.03	11.20	11.29	11.33	_	453.29	453.60	473.05	479.26	-
Metalworking machinery		13.29	13.33	13.58	13.56	_	575.46	574.52	596.16	598.00	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	13.57	13.58	13.91	13.85	_	579.44	577.15	623.17	621.87	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		13.40	13.56	13.87	13.83	-	578.88	587.15	622.76	623.73	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		13.86	13.95	14.08	14.08	-	608.45	611.01	622.34	623.74	-
Machine tool accessories		11.75	11.66	11.97	11.96	-	495.85	493.22	515.91	519.06	-
Power driven handtools Special industry machinery		11.02 13.12	11.05 13.21	11.22 13.41	11.23 13.44	- -	465.04 558.91	478.47 550.86	470.12 584.68	482.89 584.64	<u>-</u>
Textile machinery		11.25	11.30	11.53	11.54	_	470.25	457.65	479.65	483.53	-
Printing trades machinery		14.69	14.71	15.42	15.60	-	612.57	613.41	666.14	667.68	-
Food products machinery	3556	12.93	12.90	12.98	13.06	-	548.23	534.06	562.03	572.03	\
General industrial machinery		12.39	12.39	12.69	12.70	-	527.81	527.81	555.82	557.53	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		13.02	13.11	13.63	13.54	-	554.65	563.73	605.17	595.76	-
Ball and roller bearings		13.64	13.50	14.10	14.22	-	582.43	576.45	634.50	645.59	-
Air and gas compressors		12.33 10.55	12.47 10.52	12.92 10.48	12.80 10.54	- -	541.29 435.72	521.25 442.89	587.86 441.21	579.84 450.06	-
Blowers and fans Speed changers, drives, and gears		13.28	13.34	13.57	13.65	_	575.02	577.62	590.30	591.05	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		12.18	12.33	12.69	12.66	_	515.21	524.03	554.55	559.57	_
Computer and office equipment		12.41	12.64	13.05	13.06	_	519.98	527.09	561.15	564.19	-
Electronic computers		13.41	13.79	14.16	14.18	-	560.54	583.32	611.71	628.17	_
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575,8,9	12.60	12.61	12.97	12.85	_	529.20	534.66	548.63	549.98	_
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	11.53	11.57	11.57	11.61	-	499.25	485.94	507.92	514.32	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		11.66	11.77	11.75	11.76	-	515.37	501.40	527.58	533.90	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		12.16	12.15	12.36	12.34	-	515.58	507.87	532.72	530.62	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		13.37 11.83	13.01 11.85	13.42 12.04	13.59 11.99	-	582.93 501.59	533.41 496.52	581.09 518.92	591.17 515.57	-
•											
Electronic and other electrical equipment		11.25	11.26	11.49	11.54	11.61	466.88	462.79	483.73	488.14	480.65
Electric distribution equipment		10.92 10.30	11.03 10.46	11.30 10.73	11.28 10.81	_	458.64 432.60	456.64 434.09	474.60 448.51	479.40 458.34	_
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		11.59	11.64	11.92	11.79		485.62	479.57	503.02	503.43	l <u> </u>
Electrical industrial apparatus		10.65	10.69	10.83	10.85	_	450.50	446.84	463.52	475.23	_
Motors and generators		9.94	9.92	10.12	10.13	_	422.45	413.66	439.21	454.84	_
Relays and industrial controls		11.91	12.02	12.26	12.36		494.27	501.23	505.11	519.12	-
Household appliances		10.29	10.50	10.73	10.78	-	413.66	424.20	439.93	441.98	-
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	11.28 12.54	11.58 12.43	11.84 13.24	11.47 13.46	_	457.97 497.84	501.41 444.99	487.81 545.49	479.45 549.17	_
Electric housewares and fans		8.15	8.25	8.33	8.46	I .	331.71	339.08	349.03	346.01	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		11.10	11.01	11.31	11.30		457.32	452.51	479.54	479.12	-
Electric lamps		11.44	11.41	11.83	11.74		499.93	488.35	559.56	544.74	_
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	10.83	10.90	11.17	11.20	1	433.20	434.91	461.32	465.92	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		10.53	10.59	10.50	10.48	-	439.10	435.25	457.80	448.54	-
Residential lighting fixtures Household audio and video equipment		8.48 10.96	8.55 10.86	8.43 11.73	8.41 11.73	-	325.63	326.61 438.74	324.56 483.28	327.99 489.14	-
Household audio and video equipment		11.29	11.10	12.32	12.31	_	447.17 457.25	441.78	510.05	512.10	<u>-</u>
Communications equipment		11.68	11.68	12.26	12.42	_	492.90	496.40	518.60	529.09	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		12.56	12.57	13.62	13.92	_	541.34	548.05	595.19	618.05	_
Electronic components and accessories	367	11.33	11.33	11.27	11.37	-	469.06	457.73	469.96	475.27	-
Electron tubes		13.14	13.05	13.27	13.24	-	537.43	535.05	552.03	565.35	-
Semiconductors and related devices		14.77	14.76	14.14	14.39	- 1	626.25	615.49	595.29	605.82	-
Electronic components, nec		9.53	9.48	9.64	9.75	-	382.15	370.67	392.35	399.75	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		12.49 13.53	12.42 13.37	12.79 13.94	12.80 13.94		524.58 570.97	517.91 578.92	552.53 610.57	549.12 607.78	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		43.0	41.8	44.6	44.3	42.4	5.1	3.7	6.3	6.3	-
Motor vehicles and equipment		44.7	42.5	46.5	48.1	43.2	6.3	3.9	7.9	7.7	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	44.2	42.0	46.9	46.2	-	6.4	3.4	8.8	8.4	_
Truck and bus bodies		44.8	44.3	45.2	44.9	-	5.4	4.4	6.3	6.2	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	45.3	42.6	48.8	46.4	-	8.7	4.2	7.9	7.8	_
Truck trailers	3715	43.1	42.6	42.8	43.3	-	4.8	4.5	4.5	5.3	-
Aircraft and parts	372	41.3	41.4	41.8	42.2	-	3.7	3.8	4.3	4.6	_
Aircraft	3721	40.8	41.0	41.0	41.1	-	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.1	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.5	43.8	42.6	43.5	-	4.2	4.9	4.7	5.2	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	41.3	40.7	42.5	43.1	-	3.5	3.3	4.7	5.0	_
Ship and boat building and repairing		39.6	39.8	41.8	40.9	-	2.7	2.6	3.5	3.2	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	39.9	40.2	42.1	41.4	-	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.2	_
Boat building and repairing	3732	39.0	38.8	41.2	40.0	-	3.1	2.8	3.9	3.3	-
Railroad equipment		43.0	40.6	44.0	46.2	-	4.1	2.6	4.3	6.0	_
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	41.0	42.0	41.8	41.7	-	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3	_
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	41.3	42.9	42.2	42.0	_	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.3	-
Misc. transportation equipment		40.0	40.4	40.0	39.3	_	3.2	3.4	3.0	2.8	_
Travel trailers and campers		39.1	40.4	38.2	38.6	-	2.7	3.0	2.1	2.4	-
Instruments and related products	38	41.3	40.6	41.6	41.8	41.4	2.7	2.6	3.0	3.2	_
Search and navigation equipment	381	40.7	40.4	41.0	41.6	-	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	41.4	40.5	42.2	42.4	-	2.5	2.3	3.0	3.2	-
Environmental controls	3822	41.1	39.5	42.4	42.6	-	3.0	2.7	3.5	4.0	-
Process control instruments	3823	40.9	40.4	42.4	42.5	-	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.9	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	41.8	40.8	42.2	42.0	-	2.2	1.8	2.4	2.6	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	41.1	40.6	41.2	41.1	-	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.2	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	42.1	41.2	41.7	41.6	-	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.5	-
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.1	39.9	40.4	40.4	-	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	l -
Ophthalmic goods		40.0	39.8	39.3	39.6	_	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.4	l -
Photographic equipment and supplies		42.8	42.4	43.2	43.8	_	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.3	l –
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		41.8	38.2	41.9	42.0	-	2.5	2.2	3.0	3.8	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		39.5	38.9	40.0	40.1	39.2	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.8	-
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	38.1	36.3	38.5	38.2	-	1.7	1.0	2.1	2.0	\ -
Jewelry, precious metal		37.6	35.7	38.1	37.6	-	1.5	1.0	2.2	1.9	-
Musical instruments	393	39.0	38.5	40.8	40.7	-	1.6	1.7	2.9	2.8	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	39.7	39.3	40.4	40.6	-	2.5	2.7	3.1	2.9	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	38.1	37.7	38.4	38.6	-	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.9	i -
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		40.6	40.3	41.5	41.6	-	3.0	3.2	3.9	3.4	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	40.3	41.0	41.0	41.2	_	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.2	-
Costume jewelry and notions		39.8	37.8	39.1	39.4	-	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.3	-
Costume jewelry	3961	38.4	36.8	38.3	38.9	-	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.2	-
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	39.7	39.4	40.1	40.2	-	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	-
Signs and advertising specialties		39.8	39.8	41.1	41.0	-	2.9	2.9	3.5	3.7	-
londurable goods		40.6	40.3	40.8	41.1	40.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.
Food and kindred products		40.5	40.6	40.8	41.1	41.4	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.7	_
Meat products		40.3	40.3	40.7	41.5	-	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.6	-
Meat packing plants		41.5	40.9	42.7	42.8	-	4.9	4.7	5.2	5.1	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		42.5	42.7	43.2	44.1	-	5.6	5.8	5.8	6.1	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing		38.8	39.1	38.7	39.8	-	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.7	-
Dairy products		42.1	42.2	41.4	42.2	-	4.8	4.8	4.4	5.0	-
Cheese, natural and processed		40.2	40.2	38.5	40.1	-	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.9	1 -
Fluid milk		42.5	42.6	41.9	42.3	-	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.7	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		38.9	39.1	40.3	39.8	-	4.2	5.0	4.1	4.4	-
Canned specialties		43.3	42.7	41.2	42.7	-	5.8	5.7	4.2	4.2	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		39.3	39.9	40.3	40.1	-	3.7	5.7	4.1	4.9	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables		37.8	36.9	39.9	39.3	-	4.0	4.8	4.0	4.0	1 -
Grain mill products	204	44.4	44.5	43.1	43.8	-	6.6	6.6	5.7	6.2	-
		46.1	47.0	44.9	44.9	_	6.3	6.8	5.6	5.8	I -
Flour and other grain mill products	207	70.1									

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$15.77	\$15.53	\$16.41	\$16.43	\$16.25	\$678.11	\$649.15	\$731.89	\$727.85	
Motor vehicles and equipment		16.10	15.66	16.91	16.91	16.64	719.67	665.55	786.32	779.55	718.85
Motor vehicles and car bodies		19.53	19.11	20.78	20.72	-	863.23	802.62	974.58	957.26	-
Truck and bus bodies		13.84	13.16	14.23	14.22	-	620.03	582.99	643.20	638.48	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		14.73	14.32	15.25	15.35	-	867.27	610.03	713.70	712.24	-
Truck trailers		9.76	9.71	9.97	10.00	-	420.66	413.65	426.72	433.00	-
Aircraft and parts		17.10	17.19	17.90	17.95	-	706.23	711.67	748.22	757.49	-
Aircraft		(1)	(*)	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		\$16.52	\$16.60	\$17.32	\$17.20	-	\$702.10	\$723.76	\$737.83	\$748.20	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		15.74	15.67	16.06	16.12	-	650.06	637.77	682.55	694.77	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		12.30	12.39	12.41	12.43	-	487.08	493.12	518.74	508.39	-
Ship building and repairing		13.39	13.43	13.77	13.79	-	534.26	539.89	579.72	570.91	-
Boat building and repairing		9.88	10.00	9.78	9.80	-	385.32	388.00	402.94	392.00	-
Railroad equipment		15.03	14.86	15.58	15.65	-	646.29	603.32	665.52	723.03	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		16.60	16.80	17.26	17.26	-	680.60	705.60	721.47	719.74	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3/61	(1)	(1)	(f) \$10.84	(*)	-	6440.00	6450.00		6406 44	-
Misc. transportation equipment		\$11.17	\$11.16	\$10.84	\$10.85	-	\$446.80	\$450.86	\$433.60	\$426.41	-
Travel trailers and campers	3/92	10.81	10.93	10.53	10.72	-	422.67	441.57	402.25	413.79	-
Instruments and related products	38	12.18	12.24	12.37	12.42	12.50	503.03	496.94	514.59	519.16	517.50
Search and navigation equipment	381	16.09	16.10	16.71	16.74	_	654.86	650.44	685.11	696.38	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	12.01	12.08	12.21	12.20	_	497.21	489.24	515.26	517.28	_
Environmental controls		10.75	10.86	10.93	10.92	_	441.83	428.97	463.43	465.19	_
Process control instruments		11.65	11.63	11.76	11.76	_	476.49	469.85	498.62	499.80	-
Instruments to measure electricity		12.95	13.21	13.36	13.42	_	541.31	538.97	563.79	563.64	-
Medical instruments and supplies		10.84	10.86	11.01	11.06	_	445.52	440.92	453.61	454.57	-
Surgical and medical instruments		10.74	10.77	10.72	10.75	_	452.15	443.72	447.02	447.20	_
Surgical appliances and supplies		10.12	10.20	10.40	10.43	-	405.81	406.98	420.16	421.37	_
Ophthalmic goods		8.72	8.76	9.28	9.30	_	348.80	348.65	364.70	368.28	\ <u>-</u>
Photographic equipment and supplies		14.71	14.82	14.85	15,19	_	629.59	628.37	641.52	665.32	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		8.21	8.32	8.45	8.46	-	343.18	317.82	354.06	355.32	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	9.36	9.39	9.59	9.58	9.57	369.72	365.27	383.60	364.16	375.14
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		9.65	9.57	9.85	9.91	_	367.67	347.39	379.23	378.56	_
Jewelry, precious metal		9.54	9.45	9.78	9.64	_	358.70	337.37	372.62	369.98	_
Musical instruments		8.95	9.38	9.64	9.60	_	349.05	361.13	393.31	390.72	-
Toys and sporting goods		8.80	8.87	8.94	8.94	_	349.36	348.59	361.18	362.96	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		8.46	8.44	8.83	8.85	_	322.33	318.19	339.07	341.61	<u>-</u>
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		8.99	9.11	9.00		_	364.99	367.13	373.50	373.57	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		10.40	10.36	10.72	10.81	-	419.12	424.76	439.52	445.37	-
Costume jewelry and notions		8.06	8.36	8.29	8.28	_	320.79	316.01	324.14	326.23	_
Costume jewelry		7.20	7.60	7.14	7.13	_	276.48	279.68	273.46	277.36	l <u>-</u>
Miscellaneous manufactures		9.80	9.71	10.03	9.97	_	389.06	382.57	402.20	400.79	_ ا
Signs and advertising specialties	1 -	9.97	9.88	10.16		-	396.81	393.22	417.58	414.92	-
Nondurable goods		10.95	11.01	11.20	11.22	11.29	444.57	443.70	456.96	461.14	459.50
Food and kindred products	20	10.47	10.49	10.66	10.66	10.69	424.04	425.89	434.93	438.13	442.57
Meat products		8.47	8.53	8.66		_	341.34	343.76	352.48	359.39	-
Meat packing plants	2011	9.22	9.31	9.39	9.33	-	382.63	380.78	400.95	399.32	l -
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	9.92	9.98	10.05	10.07	-	421.60	426.15	434.18	444.09	-
Poultry slaughtening and processing	2015	7.44	7.48	7.65	7.69	-	288.67	292.47	296.06	306.06	-
Dairy products	202	11.61	11.61	11.92		-	488.78	489.94	493.49	503.45	-
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	10.45	10.34	10.56		-	420.09	415.67	406.56	427.47	i -
Fluid milk		12.39	12.39	12.62		- '	526.58	527.81	528.78	535.52	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		10.10	10.13	10.23		-	392.89	396.08	412.27	404.77	-
Canned specialties		13.26	13.22	13.50		-	574.16	564.49	556.20	577.73	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		10.66	10.48	10.70		-	418.94	418.15	431.21	421.85	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables		9.00	9.14	9.28	9.09	-	340.20	337.27	370.27	357.24	-
		1 40 74	12.79	12.02	13.08	_	565.66	569.16	557.28	572.90	I -
Grain mill products	204	12.74	12.79	12.93	13.00	-	303.00		337.20	3/2.80	
	204	10.68	10.65	10.82		<u> </u>	492.35	500.55	485.82	489.86	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	Ì	Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	Ma y 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	Ju 199
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued	i	ì l									1
Bakery products	205	39.9	39.5	40.1	39.8	_	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.5	.
Bread, cake, and related products		39.6	39.5	39.7	39.4	_ :	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,		1			ļ .						
except bread	2052,3	40.4	39.5	40.8	40.5	-	4.6	4.3	3.8	4.1	
Sugar and confectionery products		39.6	39.9	39.0	40.2	-	3.1	3.7	2.7	3.3	1
Raw cane sugar	2061	42.6	45.2	47.9	44.1	-	4.5	5.7	4.2	4.3	
Cane sugar refining	2062	42.7	46.5	44.6	46.7	-	5.7	8.4	4.9	6.3	1
Beet sugar	2063	38.8	40.5	41.0	40.4	-	4.1	4.6	3.2	4.3	
Candy and other confectionery products		38.6	39.1	36.7	38.8	-	2.5	3.0	2.0	2.7	
Fats and oils		43.3	43.6	43.0	44.2	-	5.5	6.0	5.3	5.8	
Beverages	208	42.0	42.6	43.1	43.5	-	5.4	6.0	6.3	6.7	
Malt beverages	2082	42.9	42.9	45.4	45.7	-	7.5	7.5	8.5	8.5	1
Bottled and canned soft drinks		42.0	43.5	43.2	44.0	-	5.3	6.3	6.6	7.2	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	39.0	39.7	39.1	39.5	-	4.2	4.9	3.8	4.3	
Tobacco products	21	38.6	36.0	38.8	40.3	37.8	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.2	1
Cigarettes		38.0	35.4	39.2	40.9	-	2.2	2.3	3.0	3.5	
-					ļ						
Textile mill products	22	41.8	40.9	41.8	42.4	41.3	4.5	4.2	4.8	5.1	1
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		41.3	40.2	42.4	42.9	-	5.3	5.0	5.6	6.3	1
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	42.0	41.1	42.0	42.0	- 1	4.3	3.9	4.5	4.8	1
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		44.5	44.1	44.8	43.9	-	6.6	6.3	7.0	6.7	1
Narrow fabric mills		40.7	40.4	40.7	40.9	-	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.4	1
Knitting mills		40.4	39.7	39.7	41.1	-	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.8)
Women's hosiery, except socks		38.4	36.0	37.7	41.3	-	2.2	1.7	2.6	3.9	1
Hosiery, nec		39.2	39.4	39.1	40.4	-	3.3	3.5	3.6	4.0	1
Knit outerwear mills		40.2	40.4	38.7	40.6	-	2.9	3.1	2.7	3.1	1
Knit underwear mills		40.5	40.1	39.1	40.2	-	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.9	1
Weft knit fabric mills		41.3	40.2	42.4	42.2	-	4.8	4.2	5.5	5.4	ļ
Textile finishing, except wool		43.7	42.2	44.3	44.2	-	6.0	5.2	6.4	6.5	1
Finishing plants, cotton		43.3	43.2	45.0	44.8	-	5.9	5.8	6.4	6.7	1
Finishing plants, synthetics		43.1	39.6	42.4	42.6	-	5.5	4.2	5.4	5.6	1
Carpets and rugs		44.2	43.4	42.6	43.1	-	5.6	5.9	5.7	6.3	1
Yarn and thread mills		41.5	40.1	42.0	42.3	-	4.6	4.1	4.9	4.9	1
Yarn spinning mills	2281	41.9	40.6	42.4	42.8	-	4.7	4.1	5.1	5.1	1
Throwing and winding mills		38.0	36.0	39.1	39.2	-	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.5	j
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	43.4	42.6	43.5	43.8	-	4.7	4.4	5.3	5.7	
Apparel and other textile products	23	37.4	37.0	37.7	38.0	37.2	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.2	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.8	36.5	36.7	37.1		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.4	36.9	37.8	38.2	_	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	1
Men's and boys' shirts		36.4	35.5	36.6	37.2	-	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.6	1
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		37.5	37.5	37.1	37.8	-	2.0	1.9	1.4	1.7	
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.4	37.2	37.8	38.2	-	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.7	İ
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	36.2	36.3	36.4	36.3	-	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	36.0	36.0	35.8	36.7	-	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.5	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	36.1	35.8	37.7	37.0	-	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.7	
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	36.3	37.1	36.3	35.9	-	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	36.2	36.3	36.1	36.2	-	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	
Women's and children's undergarments		38.2	37.0	38.0	38.6	- '	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.6	
Women's and children's underwear		38.7	37.3	37.7	38.5	-	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.5	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	35.9	35.5	39.1	38.9		1.5	1.8	2.2	2.9	
Girls' and children's outerwear		37.5	37.1	37.5	38.2	-	2.0	1.6	1.9	2.6	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		37.1	36.9	37.0	37.1	-	1.9	1.5	2.0	2.4	
Misc. apparel and accessories		37.3	37.2	37.9	37.5	 -	1.7	1.2	2.1	1.7	
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.9	37.9	39.5	40.3	-	2.7	2.3	3.1	3.6	1
Curtains and draperies		37.1	36.3	39.3	39.7	-	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.7	
House furnishings, nec		37.2	36.9	37.4	38.3	-	1.8	2.0	1.7	2.6	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	40.3	38.3	40.3	41.3	-	3.3	2.2	3.7	4.3	
Paper and allied products	26	43.6	43.2	43.8	44.0	43.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.5	1
Paper mills	262	45.7	43.2 44.9	45.4	45.2		6.1	6.2	6.0	5.7	
Paperboard mills		44.9	44.6	45.4	44.9	1 _	6.4	6.7	6.9	6.8	1

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolis by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
ondurable goods—Continued		1									
Food and kindred products-Continued									j l		1
Bakery products	205	\$11.72	\$11.76	\$11.64	\$11.76		\$467.63	\$464.52	\$466.76	\$468.05	-
Bread, cake, and related products		11.69	11.75	11.64	11.74	_	462.92	464.13	462.11	462.56	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	2052,3	11.77	11.78	11.63	11.79	_	475.51	465.31	474.50	477.50	_
Sugar and confectionery products		11.52	11.64	11.79	11.82	_	456.19	464,44	459.81	475.16	_
Raw cane sugar		10.87	10.37	11.12	11.25	_	463.06	468.72	532.65	496.13	_ ا
Cane sugar refining		15.69	16.11	15.49	15.70	-	669.96	749.12	690.85	733.19	-
Beet sugar		12.86	13.00	13.16	13.42	_	498.97	526.50	539.56	542.17	- ا
Candy and other confectionery products		10.60	10.66	10.76	10.80	-	409.16	416.81	394.89	419.04	-
Fats and oils		11.09	11.15	11.17	11.34	-	480.20	486.14	480.31	501.23	-
Beverages		14.53	14.69	14.95	14.91	_	610.26	625.79	644.35	648.59	-
Malt beverages		19.82	20.03	20.52	20.36	_	850.28	859.29	931.61	930.45	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		11.91	12.13	12.36	12.23	_	500.22	527.66	533.95	538.12	-
Misc. food and kindred products		9.49	9.37	9.67	9.65	-	370.11	371.99	378.10	381.18	-
Tobacco products	21	18.00	18.39	19.98	20.30	\$20.24	694.80	662.04	775.22	818.09	\$76
Cigarettes		20.89	21.18	23.17	23.41	-	793.82	749.77	908.26	957.47	-
Fextile mill products	. 22	8.86	8.87	9.07	9.12	9.11	370.35	362.78	379.13	386.69	376
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	9.25	9.30	9.38	9.52	- 1	382.03	373.66	397.71	408.41	
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	9.63	9.70	10.04	10.05	-	404.46	398.67	421.68	422.10	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		9.46	9.40	9.60	9.67	- 1	420.97	414.54	430.08	424.51	
Narrow fabric mills		8.12	8.24	8.29	8.27	-	330.48	332.90	337.40	338.24	-
Knitting mills	. 225	8.12	8.09	8.31	8.34	-	328.05	321.17	329.91	342.77	.
Women's hosiery, except socks		7.56	7.53	7.77	7.91	-	290.30	271.08	292.93	326.68	.
Hosiery, nec	2252	7.75	7.79	8.05	8.05	-	303.80	306.93	314.76	325.22	Ι.
Knit outerwear mills	2253	7.77	7.71	7.76	7.79	-	312.35	311.48	300.31	316.27	
Knit underwear mills	. 2254	8.15	8.14	8.29	8.33	-	330.08	326.41	324.14	334.87	.
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	9.19	9.16	9.34	9.45	-	379.55	368.23	396.02	398.79	
Textile finishing, except wool		9.15	9.12	9.26	9.38	-	399.86	384.86	410.22	414.60	-
Finishing plants, cotton		9.05	9.10	8.94	9.14	-	391.87	393.12	402.30	409.47	.
Finishing plants, synthetics		9.65	9.53	9.84	9.95	-	415.92	377.39	417.22	423.87	•
Carpets and rugs		8.84	8.98	9.09	9.18	-	390.73	389.73	387.23	395.66	
Yarn and thread mills		8.62	8.59	8.86	8.85	-	357.73	344.46	372.12	374.36	
Yarn spinning mills		8.58	8.54	8.81	8.81	-	359.50	346.72	373.54	377.07	1.
Throwing and winding mills		8.95	9.06	9.29	9.28	-	340.10	326.16	363.24	363.78	.
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	10.37	10.41	10.32	10.40	-	450.06	443.47	448.92	455.52	
Apparel and other textile products	23	7.07	7.01	7.28	7.33	7.31	264.42	259.37	274.46	278.54	27
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	7.69	7.80	7.88	7.92	-	282.99	284.70	289.20	293.83	
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	6.68	6.67	6.92	6.98	_	249.83	246.12	261.58	266.64	
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	6.67	6.65	6.90	6.96	-	242.79	236.08	252.54	258.91	
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		6.52	6.54	6.76	6.83	-	244.50	245.25	250.80	258.17	
Men's and boys' work clothing		6.42	6.48	6.62	6.63	-	240.11	241.06	250.24	253.27	
Women's and misses' outerwear		6.68	6.68	6.90	6.91	-	241.82	242.48	251.16	250.83	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		6.16	6.09	6.37	6.42	-	221.76	219.24	228.05	235.61	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	. 2335	7.24		7.44	7.51	-	261.36	263.85	280.49	277.87	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		7.04	7.01	7.38	7.45		255.55	260.07	267.89	267.46	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		6.54	6.53	6.75	6.75	-	236.75	237.04	243.68	244.35	
Women's and children's undergarments		6.84	6.78	6.92	6.97	-	261.29	250.86	262.96	269.04	'
Women's and children's underwear		6.63	6.58	6.73	6.76		256.58	245.43	253.72 299.51	260.26	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		7.81 6.40	7.69 6.37	7.66 6.54	7.81 6.57	-	280.38 240.00	273.00 236.33	245.25	303.81 250.97	
						-					
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		6.32 6.84	6.28 6.78	6.40 6.93	6.47 6.88	-	234.47 255.13	231.73 252.22	236.80 262.65	240.04 258.00	'
Misc. apparel and accessories		8.25	8.03	8.40	8.52	_ '	320.93	304.34	331.80	343.36	'
Curtains and draperies		7.16	7.25	7.27	7.32	_	265.64	263.18	285.71	290.60	'
House furnishings, nec		7.16	7.25 7.26	7.46		l	268.96	267.89	279.00	289.93	:
Automotive and apparel trimmings		10.55	9.79	10.86	11.09	_	425.17	374.96	437.66	458.02	
•						10.00					601
Paper and allied products Paper mills		13.38 16.48	13.49 16.74	13.70 16.96	13.68 16.95		583.37 753.14	582.77 751.63	600.06 769.98	601.92 766.14	609
Paperboard mills		16.61	16.80	17.13			745.79	749.28	777.70	770.48	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Nondurable goods—Continued					}	_					
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes		43.3	43.1	44.0	44.4	-	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.8	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	. 2653	44.0	43.6	44.5	45.2	-	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.4	-
Sanitary food containers	. 2656	43.4	43.6	44.7	45.0	-	5.0	5.5	5.3	6.2	-
Folding paperboard boxes		42.7	43.0	44.1	44.0	-	4.7	5.2	5.7	5.5	-
Misc. converted paper products	. 267	42.1	41.7	42.0	42.5	-	4.3	4.6	4.4	4.6	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	. 2672	42.4	41.7	42.2	42.6	-	3.9	3.6	3.9	4.1	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	. 2673	42.2	41.8	41.4	42.1	-	5.0	5.3	4.6	5.2	-
Envelopes	. 2677	40.5	40.6	41.8	41.6	-	3.0	3.4	3.6	3.3	-
Printing and publishing	. 27	38.0	38.1	38.4	38.4	38.5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	_
Newspapers		33.2	32.8	33.1	33.2	_	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	۱ ـ
Periodicals		37.2	37.4	37.3	37.3	_	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.7	_ ا
Books		40.3	40.0	41.4	40.4	_	3.0	3.5	3.9	2.9	i _
Book publishing		39.5	39.4	40.8	40.1	_	2.1	2.3	3.1	2.4	
Book printing		41.2	40.7	42.0	40.8	_	4.0	5.0	4.7	3.5	-
Miscellaneous publishing	274	36.5	37.0	37.2	36.9		1.6	1.8	2.5	2.1	_
		39.4	39.6	39.7	39.8			3.6	3.9	3.8	-
Commercial printing						-	3.3				-
Commercial printing, lithographic		39.3	39.5	39.4	39.6	-	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.6	-
Commercial printing, nec		39.3	39.5	40.2	39.9	-	3.3	3.5	3.9	3.8	-
Manifold business forms		41.1	41.7	40.7	41.1	-	3.4	4.4	3.4	4.0	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		38.7 39.1	38.5 39.1	39.5 39.4	39.6 39.3	- -	1.8 3.9	2.0 4.1	2.3 4.1	2.1 4.0	-
•					"		0.0			"	
Chemicals and allied products		43.1	43.0	43.2	43.3	43.1	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals	. 201	43.8	43.8	44.2	44.4	-	4.7	5.3	5.4	5.4	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		43.4	43.5	43.4	43.5	-	5.0	5.8	5.2	5.2	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		44.1	43.9	44.1	44.5	-	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.5	-
Plastics materials and resins		44.5	44.5	45.3	45.4	-	6.2	6.5	7.0	7.2	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		43.8	43.3	43.2	43.7	-	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.8	-
Drugs		40.8	41.2	40.9	41.1	-	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9	-
Pharmaceutical preparations		40.6	40.9	40.5	40.8	-	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.7	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.9	42.2	41.1	41.4	-	3.5	3.7	3.2	3.5	-
Soap and other detergents		42.4	43.4	41.8	42.8	-	4.1	4.6	3.8	4.7	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		41.5	41.2	40.7	41.0	-	4.2	4.1	3.3	3.8	-
Toilet preparations		41.8	42.1	41.0	40.9	-	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.8	-
Paints and allied products		43.1	42.9	43.8	44.4	-	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.5	-
Industrial organic chemicals		45.8	45.0	46.0	45.2	-	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.3	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	. 2865	44.9	43.6	45.2	46.0	-	6.2	7.0	8.0	8.1	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		46.0	45.3	46.2	45.0	ł -	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.9	l -
Agricultural chemicals		44.3	44.0	45.3	45.1	-	5.2	5.2	5.9	5.9	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	. 289	43.2	42.8	43.1	43.5	-	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	-
Petroleum and coal products		44.1	44.0	43.8	43.9	43.5	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.2	-
Petroleum refining Asphalt paving and roofing materials		43.5	43.6 46.3	43.0	43.1	-	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.1	-
Asphalt paving and rooming materials	. 295	47.0	40.3	46.9	47.3	-	10.1	9.9	9.9	10.4	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	. 30	42.0	41.1	42.3	42.6	41.5	4.4	4.1	4.6	4.9	-
Tires and inner tubes		43.8	42.9	43.7	44.9	-	6.1	6.4	5.6	6.7	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		42.0	42.6	40.3	41.3	-	3.4	4.7	1.7	2.6	_
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		42.0	40.8	42.5	42.0	<u>-</u>	4.2	3.8	5.0	4.7	1 -
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		43.8	41.8	43.8	43.4	l <u>-</u>	5.0	4.6	5.4	5.2	Ι.
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.7	40.1	42.0	42.0	l <u>-</u>	3.8	3.3	4.2	4.3	١.
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec		41.8	41.1	42.1	42.5	-	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.8	-
Leather and leather and to-	24]	00.0	00.4	00.7	07.4					
Leather and leather products Leather tanning and finishing		38.5 41.6	38.2 40.8	38.4 43.5	38.7 43.7	37.4	2.1 4.7	2.2 4.8	2.3 5.7	2.5 6.0	:
Footwear, except rubber		38.3	37.9	37.6	37.9	-	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.7	1 -
Men's footwear, except athletic		38.3	36.7	37.0	37.9	l -	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.6	"
Women's footwear, except athletic						-			1		-
LuggageLuggage		37.9 40.5	39.6 38.6	37.9 37.8	38.4 37.8	-	1.5 2.6	1.9 2.2	1.2 2.1	1.6	-
Handbags and personal leather goods		36.1	36.8	37.6	37.3	-	.6	.9	1.7	2.2	-
ransportation and public utilities	1	39.7	40.0	40.0	40.2	40.3	-	_	_	-	_
Railroad transportation:			i							İ	
Class I railroads ³	1			1	1		1	1	i	i	1

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued								-			
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes		\$11.30	\$11.42	\$11.70	\$11.69	-	\$489.29	\$492.20	\$514.80	\$519.04	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	11.36	11.53	11.67	11.75	-	499.84	502.71	519.32	531.10	-
Sanitary food containers		11.29	11.25	11.52	11.44	-	489.99	490.50	514.94	514.80	-
Folding paperboard boxes		11.81	11.94	12.48	12.31	-	504.29	513.42	5 5 0.37	541.64	-
Misc. converted paper products		11.78	11.79	11.94	11.93	-	495.94	491.64	501.48	507.03	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		13.40	13.50	13.81	13.85	-	568.16	562.95	582.78	590.01	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		11.18 10.96	11.35 10.87	11.14 11.08	11.26 11.14	-	471.80 443.88	474.43 441.32	461.20 463.14	474.05 463.42	_
Printing and publishing	27	11.83	11.91	12.05	12.07	\$12.11	449.54	453.77	462.72	463.49	\$466.24
Newspapers	271	11.79	11.83	12.00	12.02	-	391.43	388.02	397.20	399.06	-
Periodicals		13.22	13.28	13.48	13.57	_	491.78	496.67	502.80	506.16	_
Books		10.87	11.05	11.11	11.15	_	438.06	442.00	459.95	450.46	_
Book publishing		10.54	10.70	10.58	10.64	_	416.33	421.58	431.66	426.66	۱ _
Book printing		11.25	11,44	11.70	11.75	_	463.50	465.61	491.40	479.40	_
Miscellaneous publishing		11.10	11.12	11.42	11.66	-	405.15	411.44	424.82	430.25	ا ـ
Commercial printing		11.96	12.05	12.20	12.21	_	471.22	477.18	484.34	485.96	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		12.06	12.16	12.32	12.35	_	473.96	480.32	485.41	489.06	-
Commercial printing, nec		11.60	11.64	11.74	11.72	_	455.88	459.78	471.95	467.63	-
Manifold business forms		12.52	12.61	12.81	12.92	_	514.57	525.84	521.37	531.01	l -
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	9.20	9.24	9.58	9.50	-	356.04	355.74	378.41	376.20	- 1
Printing trade services		14.64	14.78	14.86	14.82	-	572.42	577.90	585.48	582.43	-
Chemicals and allied products		14.75	14.82	15.10	15.13	15.17	635.73	637.26	652.32	655.13	653.83
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	16.13	16.39	16.69	16.79	-	706.49	714.60	737.70	745.48	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	16.55	16.79	17.04	17.10	-	718.27	730.37	739.54	743.85	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		15.19	15.24	15.51	15.56	-	669.88	669.04	683.99	692.42	-
Plastics materials and resins		16.39	16.45	17.18	17.21	-	729.36	732.03	778.25	781.33	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		13.95	13.89	13.69	13.64	-	611.01	601.44	591.41	596.07	-
Drugs		14.72	14.73	14.76	14.77	-	600.58	606.88	603.68	607.05	-
Pharmaceutical preparations		14.77	14.82	14.71	14.73	-	599.66	606.14	595.76	600.98	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		12.31	12.24	12.66	12.73	-	515.79	516.53	520.33	527.02	-
Soap and other detergents		15.72	15.85	16.33	16.35	-	666.53	687.89	682.59	699.78	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		11.71	11.65	11.70	11.75	-	485.97	479.98	476.19	481.75	-
Toilet preparations		10.54 12.63	10.35	11.15	11.21	-	440.57	435.74	457.15	458.49	-
Paints and allied products		17.63	12.67 17.69	13.05 18.14	13.03 18.20	-	544.35 807.45	543.54 796.05	571.59 834.44	578.53 822.64	-
Industrial organic chemicals Cyclic crudes and intermediates		17.21	17.34	17.72	17.58	-	772.73	756.03	800.94	808.68	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		17.86	17.90	18.36	18.48	_	821.56	810.87	848.23	831.60	_
Agricultural chemicals		14.86	15.18	14.81	15.08		658.30	667.92	670.89	680.11	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		13.37	13.60	13.90	13.87	-	577.58	582.08	599.09	603.35	-
Petroleum and coal products		18.47	18.43	18.81	18.92	18.94	814.53	810.92	823.86	830.59	823.89
Petroleum refining		20.50	20.38	20.86	21.03	-	891.75	888.57	896.98	906.39	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	13.75	13.86	14.09	14.26	-	646.25	641.72	660.82	674.50	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	10.54	10.58	10.69	10.72	10.77	442.68	434.84	452.19	456.67	446.96
Tires and inner tubes		17.50	17.53	17.72		-	766.50	752.04	774.36	809.10	_
Rubber and plastics footwear		7.65	7.59	7.82	7.67	- '	321.30	323.33	315.15	316.77	_
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		10.54	10.61	10.92	10.91	-	442.88	432.89	464.10	458.22	-
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		10.82	10.88	11.15	11.14	-	473.92	454.78	488.37	483.48	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		9.97	10.01	10.24		-	415.75	401.40	430.08	426.72	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec		9.82	9.86	9.96	10.00	-	410.48	405.25	419.32	425.00	-
Leather and leather products	31	7.57	7.56	7.94	7.95	7.93	291.45	288.79	304.90	307.67	296.56
Leather tanning and finishing		9.97	9.90	10.57	10.70	-	414.75	403.92	459.80	467.59	-
Footwear, except rubber		7.14	7.15	7.43	7.45	-	273.46	270.99	279.37	282.36	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		7.65	7.71	7.97	8.01	-	293.00	282.96	295.69	296.37	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		6.60	6.60	6.97	6.99	-	250.14	261.36	264.16	268.42	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		7.83 6.77	7.54 6.89	8.11 7.24	7.95 7.19		317.12 244.40	291.04 253.55	306.56 272.22	300.51 268.19	-
ransportation and public utilities		13.57	13.63	13.76	1	13.83	538.73	545.20	550.40	551.95	557.35
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Railroad transportation:		1						1	ŀ		1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	_
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
ransportation and public utilities—Continued			1								
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	34.2	34.9	34.8	34.1	_	_	_	_	-	-
Local and suburban transportation		38.7	38.1	38.2	38.3	-	-	_	_	_	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	38.9	40.2	38.4	37.3	. .	_	_	_	-	_
	1		i		}						
Trucking and warehousing	42	39.0	39.0	39.6	39.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and courier services, except air		38.9	39.0	39.6	39.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	39.7	39.6	39.8	39.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	36.1	35.7	36.3	36.0	-	_	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas		41.3	41.4	43.9	43.8	_	_	_	_	_	
						ļ		}			
Transportation services	47	36.8	37.0	37.7	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	36.1	36.1	36.3	35.7	-	-	-	-	i -	-
Travel agencies		36.2	36.1	36.3	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	37.1	37.6	39.4	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	48	39.7	39.9	39.4	39.7	_	_] _	_	_	_
Telephone communications		41.3	41.7	40.9	41.3	-	-	l -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	:
Telephone communications, except radio		41.5	41.8	40.7	41.5	_	-	1 -	_	_	1
Radio and television broadcasting		34.6	34.6	35.0	35.1	_	_	_	_	_	
Cable and other pay television services	484	39.1	39.3	38.8	38.9	_	_	_	_	l <u>-</u>	١.
								[ļ
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	42.5	42.5	42.2	42.5	-	-	-	_	· -	} .
Electric services	491	42.4	42.3	42.2	42.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Gas production and distribution		42.0	42.3	42.7	42.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Combination utility services		43.3	43.3	41.7	42.1	-	-	-	-	-	
Sanitary services	495	43.0	43.0	42.5	42.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vholesale trade		38.3	38.3	38.6	38.5	38.4	_	-	-	-	-
Durable goods	50	38.9	38.9	39.2	39.1		_	_	_	_	1 _
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		38.7	38.8	38.5	38.5	_	l <u>-</u>	i _	_	i _	١.
Furniture and home furnishings		37.0	37.1	37.1	36.8	-	_	-	_	l _	
Lumber and other construction materials		40.2	40.3	40.4	40.4	_	_	_	_	-	
Professional and commercial equipment	504	38.9	39.1	39.5	39.2	_	-	-	_	_	.
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	38.2	38.2	38.7	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	40.5	40.5	41.2	41.2	-	-	-	_	-	.
Electrical goods	506	38.2	38.2	38.8	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	38.8	38.8	39.1	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.5	39.6	39.8	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	37.4	37.2	38.0	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	•
Nondurable goods	51	37.5	37.6	37.7	37.7	_	_	_	_	_	.
Paper and paper products		36.4	36.2	36.4	35.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	36.9	37.2	37.4	37.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	36.7	36.4	36.3	36.5	-	i -	-	-	} -	{ -
Groceries and related products		38.6	38.6	38.6	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm-product raw materials		35.4	35.8	36.4	35.9	-	_	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products		39.8 37.5	39.9 37.8	40.0 38.1	39.9	-	_	-	-	·	1
Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		37.3	37.7	36.9	37.8 36.9		_	_	_	_	1
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		36.7	36.5	37.6	37.3	_	-] [_	_) :
										,	1
etali trade		29.0	29.6	28.9	29.2	29.7	-	-	-	-	•
Building materials and garden supplies		36.9	37.2	36.8	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	39.0	39.1	38.6	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	.
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		36.8	36.5	36.3	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	•
Hardware stores		32.7	33.1	32.2	32.7	-	-	-	-	-	1
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	33.9	34.5	35.0	34.1	-	-	-	-	-	'
General merchandise stores	53	29.3	29.6	29.4	30.2	_	_	} _	_	-	.
	531	29.4	29.7	29.5	30.3	_	I	I	I	1	1

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	ernings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	\$9.98	\$10.04	\$9.99	\$10.18	-	\$341.32	\$350.40	\$347.65	\$347.14	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	10.61	10.58	10.68	10.71	-	410.61	403.10	407.98	410.19	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	12.78	12.77	12.77	12.99	-	497.14	513.35	490.37	484.53	-
Trucking and warehousing	12	12.33	12.32	12.59	12.49	_	480.87	480.48	498.56	498.35	_
Trucking and courier services, except air		12.50	12.49	12.77	12.67	_	486.25	487.11	505.69	505.53	_
Public warehousing and storage		10.07	10.12	10.14	10.12	_	399.78	400.75	403.57	403.79	_
			l			i					
Water transportation: Water transportation services	449	16.68	16.64	17.68	17.21	_	602.15	594.05	641.78	619.56	_
] .0.00	10.04								
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	19.36	19.16	20.37	20.09	-	799.57	793.22	894.24	879.94	-
Transportation services		11.05	11.07	11.59	11.47	-	406.64	409.59	436.94	426.68	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	10.09	10.15	10.84	10.65	-	364.25	366.42	393.49	360.21	-
Travel agencies		10.00	10.07	10.89	10.67	- '	362.00	363.53	395.31	381.99	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	12.43	12.37	12.77	12.71	-	461.15	465.11	503.14	494.42	-
Communications	48	14.86	14.86	15.07	15.18	-	589.94	592.91	593.76	602.65	-
Telephone communications	481	15.52	15.52	15.78	15.81	- '	640.98	647.18	645.40	652.95	-
Telephone communications, except radio		15.70	15.68	16.12	16.15	-	651.55	655.42	656.08	670.23	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	14.36	14.30	14.53	14.97	-	496.86	494.78	508.55	525.45	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	11.58	11.58	11.62	11.67	-	452.78	455.09	450.86	453.96	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	16.58	16.72	17.28	17.13	_	704.65	710.60	729.22	728.03	_
Electric services	491	17.14	17.36	18.12	17.85	- '	726.74	734.33	764.66	765.77	\
Gas production and distribution	492	16.13	16.10	16.71	16.50	-	677.46	681.03	713.52	696.30	-
Combination utility services	493	19.84	19.95	20.61	20.56	-	859.07	863.84	859.44	865.58	-
Sanitary services	495	11.98	12.11	12.20	12.24	-	515.14	520.73	518.50	520.20	-
Wholesale trade		11.66	11.73	11.98	11.94	\$11.99	446.58	449.26	462.43	459.69	\$460.4
Durable goods	50	11.98	12.07	12.37	12.33	_	466.02	469.52	484.90	482.10	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		10.48	10.61	10.87	10.84	-	405.58	411.67	418.50	417.34	-
Furniture and home furnishings		10.64	10.67	10.94	11.01	-	393.68	395.86	405.87	405.17	-
Lumber and other construction materials		11.12	11.15	11.44	11.43	-	447.02	449.35	462.18	461.77	i –
Professional and commercial equipment	504	14.44	14.61	14.88	14.83	-	561.72	571.25	587.76	581.34	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	13.14	13.13	13.03	13.19	-	501.95	501.57	504.26	502.54	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	12.01	12.04	12.31	12.17	-	486.41	487.62	507.17	501.40	-
Electrical goods		12.39	12.51	12.87	12.76	-	473.30	477.86	499.36	493.81	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		11.24	11.30	11.74	11.77	-	436.11	438.44	459.03	460.21	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		11.85	11.88	12.35	12.33	-	468.08	470.45	491.53 370.12	488.27	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	9.36	9.49	9.74	9.76	-	350.06	353.03	3/0.12	370.88	-
Nondurable goods		11.22	11.26	11.46	11.41	-	420.75	423.38	432.04	430.16	-
Paper and paper products		11.85	11.88	12.00	11.84	-	431.34	430.06	436.80	425.06	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		13.42	13.35	13.99	13.98	-	495.20	496.62 399.67	523.23	521.45	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	514	10.89 11.46	10.98 11.49	11.32 11.78	11.14 11.70	_	399.66 442.36	443.51	410.92 454.71	406.61 455.13	_
Farm-product raw materials		8.37	8.36	8.70	8.66		296.30	299.29	316.68	310.89	<u>-</u>
Chemicals and allied products		13.14	13.23	13.31	13.14	_	522.97	527.88	532.40	524.29	l -
Petroleum and petroleum products		10.46	10.53	10.71	10.74	-	392.25	398.03	408.05	405.97	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		13.04	13.11	13.16	13.20		485.09	494.25	485.60	487.08	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		9.41	9.46	9.53	9.52		345.35	345.29	358.33	355.10	-
Retail trade		7.26	7.24	7.47	7.45	7.46	210.54	214.30	215.88	217.54	221.50
	ļ			0.70			046.07	000.00	000.07	204 20	
Building materials and garden supplies		8.59	8.62	8.76			316.97	320.66	322.37	324.63	-
Lumber and other building materials		8.95 9.23	8.95 9.19	9.08	9.05 9.44	1	349.05 339.66	349.95 335.44	350.49 344.12	352.95 346.45] [
Daint alone and wellnesser ateres	1023	7.39	9.19 7.38	9.48 7.57	7.50		241.65	244.28	243.75	245.25	<u>-</u>
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	1525			/ 7/	. /.DU	, -	441.00	444.60	. Z4J./J	と 4じ.とじ	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores Hardware stores Retail nurseries and garden stores		7.45	7.59	7.63			252.56	261.86	267.05	263.59	_
Hardware stores	526	, ,				-			ſ		-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994
Retail trade—Continued					i						
General merchandise stores—Continued				*	ł					İ	1
Variety stores	533	27.8	28.2	28.1	28.6	-	_	-	-	-	1 -
Misc. general merchandise stores		29.3	29.7	29.7	30.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
.	l				Ì			1			l
Food stores		30.3	30.8	29.5	30.2	-	-	-	-	_	-
Grocery stores		30.5	31.0	29.6	30.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	546	28.7	28.9	28.7	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36,3	36.5	35.9	36.0	۱ _	_	ا _	i _	_ ا	١.
New and used car dealers		37.6	37.6	37.3	37.3	_	_	_	_	_	l .
Auto and home supply stores		38.6	38.7	37.7	38.1	l <u>-</u>		-		_	١.
Gasoline service stations		33.5	33.8	33.0	33.0	l <u>-</u>	_	_	_	l -	Ι.
Automotive dealers, nec		33.4	33.6	34.0	34.3	_	-	l -	-	-	.
Apparel and accessory stores		26.5	27.0	26.2	26.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	29.3	29.4	29.4	29.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women's clothing stores	562	24.0	24.4	24.0	24.4	-	-	-	i -	-	
Family clothing stores		27.8	28.1	27.3	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	•
Shoe stores	566	26.7	27.7	26.4	26.5	-	-	-	-	-	1 .
Erweitung and haven fremishings stores	57	22.2	20.0	22.0	22.0				1		
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.2	33.3	32.9	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	'
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.4	33.3	33.1	33.5	-	-	-	-	-	'
Household appliance stores		33.9	34.6	34.5	34.4	-	-	-	-	-	'
Radio, television, and computer stores		32.7	32.9 32.7	32.3	32.7	-	-	_	-	-	'
Record and prerecorded tape stores		32.5 28.7	32.7 29.2	32.2 26.9	32.6 27.7	_	_	-	-	-	
•		20.7		20.0		_	_	_	_	_	
Eating and drinking places ⁴	56	25.3	26.0	25.4	25.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	29.8	30.3	29.7	30.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		28.3	28.4	27.8	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Used merchandise stores		32.5	32.5	32.1	32.1	! -	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		28.3	29.3	28.1	28.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Nonstore retailers		33.8	33.9	34.0	34.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Fuel dealers		36.9	37.3	37.4	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Retail stores, nec		31.2	31.6	31.8	31.2	-	-		-	-	
Optical goods stores		32.7	33.1	32.8	32.4	-	-	- '	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec	5999	32.3	32.8	31.7	31.9	-	-	-	-	-	
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		35.6	35.6	36.1	35.5	35.7	_	-	-	-	-
Depository institutions	60	35.0	35.2	35.6	35.1	_ '	_	_	_	1 _	
Commercial banks		34.6	35.1	35.5	34.9	[.		-		1 -	
State commercial banks		35.6	35.7	36.0	35.4	-	_	_	_	_	
National and commercial banks, nec		34.2	34.6	35.1	34.6	l <u>-</u> .	_		_	_	.
Credit unions		35.8	35.6	36.1	35.8	-	_	_	-	-	-
About Action and the second and the second											
Nondepository institutions Personal credit institutions	61	37.5	37.2	38.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal credit insultutions	014	37.6	36.8	38.8	38.0	-	-	-	-	_	-
Security and commodity brokers:		i	'								
Security and commodity services	628	35.6	35.6	37.4	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Innuana conto	00		67 -							Į.	
Insurance carriers		37.7	37.7	38.1	37.4	-	-	i - I	-	-	-
Life insurance		37.3	37.4	37.8	37.3	-	_	-	-	_	-
Medical service and health insurance		38.3	38.3	37.8 27.5	37.3	_	_	-	-	-	-
Hospital and medical service plans Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		38.2 37.4	38.3 37.4	37.5 38.0	37.0 37.5	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	
ervices		32.6	32.8	32.7	37.5	32.8	_		_	-	•
	····	32.0	32.0	32.7	32.3	32.0	_	-	_	-	-
Agricultural services		35.5	35.2	35.6	35.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veterinary services	074	29.6	29.9	28.9	29.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	38.0	37.5	38.2	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolis by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly (earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
tetall trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued	1				ļ						
Variety stores		\$6.45	\$6.47	\$7.07	\$7.10	-	\$179.31	\$182.45		\$203.06	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	\539	7.91	7.89	8.22	8.21	-	231.76	234.33	244.13	247.94	-
Food stores	54	7.79	7.74	7.92	7.89	_	236.04	238.39	233.64	238.28	_
Grocery stores		7.88	7.82	8.02	7.98	_	240.34	242.42	237.39	242.59	_
Retail bakeries		6.86	6.88	7.01	7.04	-	196.88	198.83	201.19	200.64	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	9.67	9.75	10.10	10.10	_	351.02	355.88	362,59	363.60	_
New and used car dealers	1	12.09	12.27	12.71	12.74	_	454.58	461.35	474.08	475.20	_
Auto and home supply stores		8.32	8.29	8.38	8.40	_	321.15	320.82	315.93	320.04	
Gasoline service stations		6.65	6.68	6.78	6.75	_	222.78	225.78	223.74	222.75	_
Automotive dealers, nec		10.52	10.79	11.00	10.89	_	351.37	362.54	374.00	373.53	_
7,4.0.11.04.10 4.04.10.10, 1.00		10.02		11.00	10.00		001.01	002.04	0750	0.0.00	
Apparel and accessory stores		7.01	6.96	7.17	7.15	-	185.77	187.92	187.85	190.19	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores		8.51	8.43	8.46	8.59	-	249.34	247.64	248.72	253.41	-
Women's clothing stores		6.68	6.65	6.82	6.75	-	160.32	162.26	163.68	164.70	-
Family clothing stores		6.85	8.78	6.97	7.02	-	190.43	190.52	190.28	195.16	-
Shoe stores	566	7.17	7.08	7.43	7.37	-	191.44	196.12	196,15	195,31	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	9.38	9.46	9.76	9.78	_	311.42	315.02	321.10	325.67	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores		9.21	9.26	9.56	9.58	_	307.61	308.36	316.44	320.93	_
Household appliance stores		9.81	9.91	9.85	9.88	_	332.56	342.89	339.63	339.87	_
Radio, television, and computer stores		9.53	9.63	10.07	10.05	_	311.63	316.83	325.26	328.64	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores		9.42	9.58	10.01	10.05	_	306.15	313.27	322.32	327.63	_
Record and prerecorded tape stores		5.86	6.06	6.04	6.03	-	168.18	176.95	162.48	167.03	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	58	5.33	5.31	5.44	5.44	-	134.85	138.06	138.18	138.18	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	7.89	7.89	8.14	8.12	_	235.12	239.07	241.76	244.41	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores		8.02	8.06	8.36	8.33	_	226.97	228.90	232.41	237.41	_
Used merchandise stores		6.77	6.70	6.87	6.87	_	220.03	217.75	220.53	220.53	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		7.21	7.17	7.57	7.49	_	204.04	210.08	212.72	216.46	-
Nonstore retailers		8.67	8.73	8.82	8.94	_	293.05	295.95	299.88	307.54	_
Fuel dealers	. 598	10.90	10.93	11.17	11.09	-	402.21	407.69	417.76	412.55	-
Retail stores, nec	599	8.15	8.19	8.27	8.29	-	254.28	258.80	262.99	258.65	_
Optical goods stores	. 5995	9.81	9.92	10.50	10.56	-	320.79	328.35	344.40	342.14	_
Miscellaneous retail stores, nec		8.54	8.52	8.67	8.54	-	275.84	279.46	274.84	272.43	_
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		11.23	11.27	11.84	11.68	\$11.71	399.79	401.21	427.42	414.64	\$4 18.
Danas idana i in adda di ana		000	0.00	0.40			040.05	040.04	004.04	005.70	
Depository institutions		9.03 8.60	9.06 8.62	9.40 8.97	9.28 8.86	-	316.05 299.28	318.91 302.56	334.64 318.44	325.73 309.21	-
State commercial banks		8.44	8.47	8.77	8.69		300.46	302.38	315.72	307.63	_
National and commercial banks, nec		8,72	8.72	9.12	8.99		298.22	302.36	320.11	311.05	_
Credit unions	1 '	8.97	9.04	9.12	9.24	-	321.13	321.82	337.17	330.79	-
Manadan - 190 - 190 Martin		40.00	10.10	40.54	40.07		450.05	40400	470.40	450.44	
Nondepository institutions Personal credit institutions		12.22 9.87	12.48 9.91	12.51 10.10	1	-	458.25 371.11	464.26 364.69	479.13 391.88	456.44 378.48	-
Security and commodity brokers:											
Security and commodity services	. 628	15.75	15.97	16.11	15.80	-	560.70	568.53	602.51	576.70	-
Insurance carriers		13.07	13.08	13.94	13.94	-	492.74	493.12	531.11	521.36	-
Life insurance	631	12.12	12.00	13.26		-	452.08	448.80	501.23	494.23	-
Medical service and health insurance		12.50	12.68	13.46		-	478.75	485.64	508.79	504.30	-
Hospital and medical service plans		12.79	12.93	13.81	13.86	-	488.58	495.22	517.88	512.82	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	14.07	14.14	14.77	14.71	-	526.22	528.84	561.26	551.63	-
ervices		10.66	10.62	11.03	10.92	10.91	347.52	348.34	360.66	354.90	357.8
Agricultural services	. 07	8.31	8.33	8.43	8.34	-	295.01	293.22	300.11	297.74	_
				8.35	8.26	-	239.17	241.59	241.32		i _
Veterinary services	0/4	8.08	8.08	0.33	0.20	-	238.17	241.38	241.32	242.02	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	!	Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Services—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:										ĺ	
Hotels and motels4	701	31.2	31.7	31.4	31.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal services:								<u> </u>			
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	34.0	33.7	34.2	34.0	_	_		_	_] _
Beauty shops4		28.7	28.4	28.7	28.7	-	-	_	_	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	25.5	25.3	27.0	26.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business services	73	33.1	33.0	33.3	33.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Advertising		36.8	36.8	37.4	36.7	_	_	-	_	_	_
Malling, reproduction, and stenographic services:	1					i	1			i	
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	37.3	37.2	38.1	38.2	_	-	-	-	_	_
Services to buildings	734	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disinfecting and pest control services	7342	38.4	38.3	38.6	37.6	-	_	- 1	-	-	-
Building maintenance services, nec		27.9	27.9	27.9	27.8	_	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	735	40.1	39.5	39.5	39.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical equipment rental	7352	38.7	38.2	38.2	38.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction equipment rental		40.4	40.4	40.3	41.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	7359	40.4	39.6	39.6	39.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personnel supply services:											
Help supply services	7363	31.5	31.2	31.8	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer and data processing services		37.8	37.9	38.2	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer programming services	7371	37.8	37.9	38.0	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	37.8	37.7	39.4	37.9	-	-	-	_	-	-
Information retrieval services		37.8	37.9	36.9	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer maintenance and repair		39.1	39.5 33.4	39.7	39.9	-	-	1 -	-	-	-
Miscellaneous business services Detective and armored car services		33.4 33.7	33.4	33.8 34.5	33.6 34.1] [-	-	-	-	_
Security systems services		36.1	36.2	35.4	35.7	-	-	-	- -		-
A. A. and the second and the			27.0	00.0			1			ļ	
Auto repair, services, and parking	754	36.6	37.0	36.6	36.7	-	-	· -	_	-	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	7514	37.6 36.5	37.9 37.0	37.2 36.7	37.0 36.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile parking		33.6	34.1	35.0	34.1	<u>-</u>	_	_		-	_
Automotive repair shops		36.4	38.6	36.4	36.6	-	_	_	_	_	1]
Automotive and tire repair shops		37.3	37.1	37.9	37.9	-	_	_	_	_	_
General automotive repair shops	7538	36.4	38.8	37.9	38.1	l _	_	l _	_	_	_
Automotive services, except repair		31.9	32.6	31.3	32.1	_	_	_	l <u>-</u>	_	_
Carwashes		30.0	31.2	29.2	30.0	-	-] -	-	-	_
Miscellaneous repair services	76	38.2	38.6	38.3	38.4	_	-	_	_	-	-
Motion pictures	78	28.3	29.0	28.5	29.1	_	ļ <u>_</u>	l _	_	_	_
Motion picture production and services		36.4	37.6	38.7	39.2	_	_	-	_	-	_
Video tape rental		22.9	24.0	22.9	21.8	-	-	-	-	-] -
Amusement and recreation services	79	28.1	29.6	26.3	27.3	l <u>-</u>	l _	l <u> </u>	_	_	_
Bowling centers	793	23.9	24.7	24.0	23.8	l <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services		26.3	30.3	26.0	27.5	l -	1 _	_	-	-	1 -
Physical fitness facilities		19.0	18.3	18.6	18.6	l -	_	-	-	-	_
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	29.4	30.5	29.3	29.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	80	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.7	-	_	-	-	_	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	32.1	32.1	32.4	32.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	_	28.2	28.2	26.4	28.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		29.7	29.6	30.2	29.6	-	-	i -	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	32.2	32.6	32.3	32.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	31.6	32.0	31.7	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	34.6	34.7	34.6	34.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home health care services	808	27.8	27.6	28.5	26.2	_	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	34.6	34.7	35.2	34.7	-	_	-	_	-	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994
ervices—Continued											
Hotels and other lodging places:											1
Hotels and motels4	701	\$7.49	\$7.38	\$7.68	\$7.63	-	\$233.69	\$233.95	\$241.15	\$236.53	-
Personal services:							[
	721	7.23	7.25	7.32	7.30		245.82	244 22	250.34	248.20	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services Beauty shops ⁴	721	7.23	7.25	8.11	8.24	-	245.62	244.33 222.94	232.76	236.49	
Miscellaneous personal services	729	7.67	7.68	7.96		-	195.59	194.30	214.92	206.19	-
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		40.00		40.05	40.07		000 00	000.00	04400		
Business services		10.09	10.11	10.35		-	333.98	333.63	344.66	339.94	-
Advertising	/31	14.81	14.84	15.70	15.46	-	545.01	546.11	587.18	567.38	_
Malling, reproduction, and stenographic services:	7004	0.50	0.54	0.04	0.05		050.50	05400	070.74	200.00	
Photocopying and duplicating services		9.56	9.54	9.94		-	356.59	354.89	378.71	380.09	_
Services to buildings		7.44 9.62	7.53 9.99	7.44 9.73		-	214.27 369.41	216.86 382.62	214.27 375.58	213.82 363.97	-
Disinfecting and pest control services Building maintenance services, nec	7342	7.17	7.22			<u> </u>		201.44	199.76		-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	7348	10.50	10.60	7.16 10.73		-	200.04 421.05	418.70	423.84	199.80 426.78	_
		10.55	10.67	10.73	10.75	_	408.29	407.59	397.66	398.59	_
Medical equipment rental Heavy construction equipment rental		14.19				l		581.3 6			-
		9.45	14.39	14.16 9.81	14.16 9.83	-	573.28 381.78	374.62	570.65 388.48	584.81	-
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	/359	9.40	9.46	9.01	9.03	-	301.76	3/4.02	300.40	388.29	-
Personnel supply services:	7000	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	1	000.40	057.74	007.44	000 00	
Help supply services	/303	8.26 16.38	8.26 16.32	8.41	8.39 16.86	-	260.19	257.71 618.53	267.44 652.07	266.80 632.25	-
Computer and data processing services	/3/			17.07		-	619.16				_
Computer programming services		18.85	18.70	19.68		-	712.53	708.73	755.44	730.42	-
Computer integrated systems design		17.05	17.08	17.90	-	-	644.49	643.92	705.26	676.52	-
Information retrieval services		14.57	14.62	14.46		-	550.75	554.10	533.57	525.98	-
Computer maintenance and repair		13.68	13.90	13.66		-	534.89	549.05	550.24	550.22	-
Miscellaneous business services		8.63	8.70	8.82		-	288.24	290.58	298.12	297.36	_
Detective and armored car services		6.75 11.00	6.80 10.79	6.94 10.74		_	227.48 397.10	229.16 390.60	239.43 380.20	238.02 386.99	_
Security systems services	/302	11.00	10.79	10.74	10.64	-	387.10	390.00	360.20	300.88	_
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	9.28	9.26	9.56	9.54	-	339.65	342.62	349.90	350.12	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	\751	9.27	9.25	9.44	9.34	-	348.55	350.58	351.17	345.58	-
Passenger car rental	7514	8.30	8.26	8.52	8.43	-	302.95	305.62	312.68	308.54	-
Automobile parking	752	6.85	6.88	6.97	6.92	\ -	230.16	234.61	243.95	235.97	-
Automotive repair shops	753	10.22	10.21	10.58	10.60	-	392.45	394.11	406.27	409.16	-
Automotive and tire repair shops		10.78	10.79	11.12	11.14	-	402.09	400.31	421.45	422.21	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	10.30	10.22	10.61	10.66	-	395.52	396.54	402.12	406.15	-
Automotive services, except repair	754	6.98	6.90	7.08	7.06	-	222.66	224.94	221.60	226.63	-
Carwashes	7542	6.14	6.04	6.21	6.13	-	184.20	188.45	181.33	183.90	i -
Miscellaneous repair services	76	11.02	11.07	11.27	11.28	-	420.96	427.30	431.84	433.15	_
Motion pictures	78	11.50	11.19	14.32	13.19	l _	325.45	324.51	408.12	383.83	_
Motion picture production and services	781	18.02	17.87	20.69		_	691.97	671.91	800.70	745.98	l _
Video tape rental		5.57	5.52	5.72			127.55	132.48	130.99	124.91	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	7.90	7.62	8.63	8.24	_	221.99	225.55	226.97	224.95	_
Bowling centers	793	6.76	6.72	6.79		_	161.56	165.96	162.96	163.51	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services		7.30	7.07	8.00	1 2 2 2	_	206.59	214.22	208.00	209.63	_
Physical fitness facilities		7.84	7.84	7.91		_	148.96	143.47	147.13	148.99	_
Membership sports and recreation clubs		7.67	7.55	8.13			225.50	230.28	238.21	229.10	-
Health services	80	11.72	11.77	12.02	12.03	_	384.42	387.23	394.26	393.38	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		11.84	11.85	12.25		-	380.06	380.39	396.90	391.87	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	11.38	11.39	11.93		-	320.92	321.20	338.81	334.73	i -
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		10.33	10.34	10.74		-	306.80	306.06	324.35	316.72	_
Nursing and personal care facilities		8.13	8.18	8.41		-	261.79	266.67	271.64	271.77	-
Intermediate care facilities		7.54	7.64	7.76		-	236.26	244.48	245.99	245.39	-
Hospitals		13.38	13.46	13.69		-	462.95	467.06	473.67	475.06	-
Home health care services		10.34	10.45	10.59		-	287.45	290.51	301.82	299.20	-
Legal services	91	15.15	15.16	15.70	15.58	_	524.19	526.05	552.64	540.63	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	l	Averag	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994°	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994°	July 1994
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	31.1	31.1	31.3	30.9	_	_	_	-	_	_
Individual and family services		31.8	31.9	32.0	31.6	_	_	_	-	-	_
Job training and related services		30.5	29.7	31.0	30.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
Child day care services	. 835	29.6	29.9	29.7	29.4	l <u>-</u>	_	l _	_	l _	
Residential care	836	31.8	32.2	32.1	32.0	l <u>-</u>		_	_	_	-
Social services, nec		30.8	30.8	32.0	30.3	-	-	-	-	-] -
Membership organizations:											
Professional organizations	862	34.5	34.7	35.5	34.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and management services	87	37.0	37.0	37.3	37.0	_	_	_	_	_	
Engineering and architectural services	. 871	39.1	39.1	39.5	39.1	-	-	_	-	_	
Engineering services	. 8711	39.4	39.3	39.7	39.3	_	-	-	-	_	.
Architectural services	. 8712	37.7	37.9	38.3	38.2	-	-	_	_	-	1 -
Surveying services		38.1	38.9	39.1	39.3	l -	_	_	_	-] .
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	. 872	35.8	35.7	36.8	36.1	l –	_	_	_	_	١.
Research and testing services	. 873	36.5	36.7	36.5	36.0	-	_	_	_	-	
Commercial physical research	. 8731	39.1	39.1	38.7	38.6	_	_	_	_	-	.
Commercial nonphysical research	. 8732	29.7	30.4	29.9	28.6	-	_	_	_	i -) .
Noncommercial research organizations		36.2	36.3	36.9	36.2	_	_		_	_	1 .
Management and public relations		35.7	35.6	35.7	35.8	-	-	_	-	_	.
Management services		34.7	34.6	34.5	35.0	_	l -	_	_	-	.
Management consulting services	8742	36.5	36.4	35.9	35.7	-	_	_	_	-	.
Management consulting services Public relations services	8743	31.6	32.5	32.3	31.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Services, nec	89	36.7	36.7	40.9	39.4	_	_	_	_	_	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	amings		<u></u>	Average	weekly e	amings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	\$7.80	\$7.80	\$8.06	\$8.05	-	\$242.58	\$242.58	\$252.28	\$248.75	-
Individual and family services	832	8.38	8.38	8.62	8.60	-	266.48	267.32	275.84	271.76	-
Job training and related services	833	7.50	7,51	7.92	7.87	-	228.75	223.05	245.52	242.40	_
Child day care services	835	6.56	6.52	6.81	6.75	_	194.18	194.95	202.26	198.45	-
Residential care	836	7.99	8.02	8.24	8.26	-	254.08	258.24	264.50	264.32	_
Social services, nec		8.92	8.63	9.34	9.45	-	274.74	265.80	298.88	286.34	-
Membership organizations:				l							
Professional organizations	862	14.80	15.06	15.49	15.35	-	510.80	522.58	549.90	535.72	-
Engineering and management services		14.84	14.88	15.45	15.17	-	549.08	550.58	576.29	561.29	_
Engineering and architectural services	871	16.01	16.04	16.60	16.35	-	625.99	627.16	655.70	639.29	-
Engineering services	8711	16.60	16.67	17.25	17.03	-	654.04	655.13	684.83	669.28	-
Architectural services	8712	14.81	14.75	15.28	14.84	-	558.34	559.03	585.22	566.89	-
Surveying services	8713	11.20	11.24	11.73	11.68	_	426.72	437.24	458.64	459.02	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	13.08	13.09	13.53	13.21	_	467.55	467.31	497.90	476.88	_
Research and testing services	873	15.88	15.89	16.51	16.26	-	579.62	583.16	602.62	585.36	-
Commercial physical research	8731	17.92	17.89	18.73	18.43	-	700.67	699.50	724.65	711.40	-
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	12.29	12.26	12.39	12.07	_	365.01	372.70	370.46	345.20	_
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	17.30	17.37	18.06	17.79	-	626.26	630.53	666.41	644.00	_
Management and public relations		13.63	13.70	14.41	14.05	-	486.59	467.72	514.44	502.99	-
Management services	8741	12.44	12.42	13.14	12.89	-	431.67	429.73	453.33	451.15	_
Management consulting services	8742	16.22	16.26	16.73	16.34	-	592.03	591.86	600.61	583.34	_
Public relations services	8743	13.76	13.84	13.85	13.48	-	434.82	449.80	447.36	423.27	-
Services, nec	89	15.62	15.60	14.59	14.49	_	573.25	572.52	596.73	570.91	_

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

2 See table B-15a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

3 Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

^{\$50,000,000} or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

Data not available.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table B-15a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

B-15a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (S	SIC 3721)		Guided mi	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (SIC 3761)
Series	May 1993	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	May 1993	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$18.29	\$18.21	\$19.33	\$19.46	\$17.20	\$17.17	\$18.03	\$18.03
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	18.97	18.84	19.37	19.50	17.26	17.23	18.11	18.11

p = preliminary.

B-16. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolis

industry	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ⁹	July 1994 ^p
Manufacturing	\$11.16	\$11.18	\$11.39	\$11.39	\$11.41
Durable goods	11.71	11.72	11.93	11.92	11.94
Lumber and wood products	9.11	9.18	9.28	9.30	(1)
Furniture and fixtures	8.91	8.95	9.11	9.10	() () () () ()
Stone, clay, and glass products	11.11	11.18	11.31	11.34	(1)
Primary metal industries	13.16	13.21	13.26	13.30	Ô
Fabricated metal products	11.13	11.11	11.25	11.23) O
Industrial machinery and equipment	12.03	12.12	12.20	12.19	(1)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	10.77	10.79	10.96	10.98	(*)
Transportation equipment	14.90	14.87	15.32	15.34	ტ ტ ტ
Instruments and related products	11.79	11.86	11.93	11.96	(*)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	9.07	9.10	9.26	9.26	(1)
Nondurable goods	10.45	10.50	10.67	10.66	\$10.72
Food and kindred products	9.91	9.90	10.11	10.08	(1)
Tobacco products	17.47	17.83	19.27	19.53	Ô
Textile mill products	8.41	8.44	8.58	8.60	() ()
Apparel and other textile products	6.90	6.86	7.0 9	7.13	Ö
Paper and allied products	12.64	12.70	12.91	12.88	Ô
Printing and publishing	11.43	11.47	11.58	11.61	Ô
Chemicals and allied products	13.99	14.03	14.29	14.29	ტ ტ ტ
Petroleum and coal products	17.26	17.25	17.59	17.67	(i)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	10.02	10.08	10.14	10.14	l (i)
Leather and leather products	7.37	7.35	7.72	7.70	(r)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

² Not available.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-17. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p	June 1993	July 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	July 1994 ^p
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$10.76 7.34	\$10.75 7.33	\$11.09 7.42	\$11.03 7.35	\$11.04 (*)	\$372.30 254.13	\$374.10 255.18	\$385.93 258.15	\$383.84 255.72	\$385.30 (°)
Mining:										
Current dollars	14.59	14.49	14.83	14.71	\$14.72	644.88	639.01	658.45	660.48	\$652.10
Constant (1982) dollars	9.96	9.88	9.92	9.80	(1)	440.19	435.89	440.43	440.03	r
Construction:										
Current dollars	14.24	14.37	14.59	14.57	\$14.76	559.63	567.62	579.22	576.97	\$587.45
Constant (1982) dollars	9.72	9.80	9.76	9.71	(n)	382.00	387.19	387.44	384.39	(1)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	11.71	11.72	12.01	12.02	\$12.03	484.79	480.52	504.42	507.24	\$499.25
Constant (1982) dollars	7.99	7.99	8.03	8.01	(1)	330.91	327.78	337.40	337.93	(ጎ
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	13.57	13.63	13.76	13.73	\$13.83	538.73	545.20	550.40	551.95	\$557.35
Constant (1982) dollars	9.26	9.30	9.20	9.15	(n)	367.73	371.90	368.16	367.72	(1)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	11.66	11.73	11.98	11.94	\$11.99	446.58	449.26	462.43	459.69	\$460.42
Constant (1982) dollars	7.96	8.00	8.01	7.95	(1)	304.83	306.45	309.32	306.26	(1)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	7.26	7.24	7.47	7.45	\$7.46	210.54	214.30	215.88	217.54	\$221.56
Constant (1982) dollars	4.96	4.94	5.00	4.96	(1)	143.71	146.18	144.40	144.93	(ጎ
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	11.23	11.27	11.84	11.68	\$11.71	399.79	401.21	427.42	414.64	\$418.05
Constant (1982) dollars	7.67	7.69	7.92	7.78	(1)	272.89	273.68	285.90	276.24	(*)
Services:										
Current dollars	10.66	10.62	11.03	10.92	\$10.91	347.52	348.34	360.68	354.90	\$357.85
Constant (1982) dollars	7.28	7.24	7.38	7.28	(1)	237.22	237.61	241.26	236,44	(1)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Not available.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1993 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1993 forward are subject to revision.

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	amings	Avers	ige weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Alabama	41.3	41.5	42.2	\$10.28	\$10.83	\$10.72	\$424.56	\$441.15	\$452.3
Birmingham	41.5	42.4	42.2	11.13	11.47	11.52	481.90	486.33	486.1
Mobile	43.1	41.0	41.7	12.51	13.01	13.13	539.18	533.41	547.5
Maska	42.0	40.0	40.8	11.36	10.44	11.90	477.12	507.55	400.4
Alaska		40.8			12.44			507.55	483.1
Arizona	40.5	42.1	41.8	11.04	11.06	10.92	447.12	465.63	456.4
Arkansas	41.5	41.9	42.8	9.32	9.66	9.74	366.78	404.75	414.9
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	42.0	42.1	42.6	9.21	9.56	9.53	386.82	402.48	405.9
Fort Smith	40.7	42.0	42.5	9.52	9.83	9.75	387.48	412.86	414.3
Little Rock-North Little Rock	41.8	43.8	43.7	10.07	10.27	10.28	420.93	449.83	449.2
Pine Bluff	45.4	40.3	42.8	10.56	11.02	10.89	480.33	444.11	463.9
California	40.7	41.2	41.5	12.37	12.48	12.50	503.48	514.18	518.7
Bakersfield	39.4	39.8	39.9	12.93	12.34	12.54	509.44	491.13	500.3
Fresno	41.0	41.5	41.5	10.30	10.74	10.82	422.30	445.71	449.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach	41.5	41.9	42.1	11.55	11.89	11.64	479.33	489.81	490.0
Modesto	40.5	40.3	41.1	12.18	12.14	12.40	492.48	489.24	509.6
Oakland	41.0	42.0	42.4	14.49	15.65	15.54	594.09	657.30	658.9
Orange County	40.3	40.4	41.4	12.28	12.34	12.33	494.88	498.54	510.4
Riverside-San Bernardino	40.9	41.8	41.5	11.33	11.37	11.40	463.40	472.99	473.1
Sacramento	39.9	40.4	40.9	13.04	13.13	13.19	520.30	530.45	539.4
Salinas	40.0	39.7	39.7	12.77	12.72	12.63	510.80	504.98	501.4
San Diego	40.1	40.0	40.2	12.53	12.45	12.54	502.45	498.00	504.1
San Francisco	40.8	39.9	40.0	13.55	13.82	13.77	552.64	551.42	550.8
San Jose	41.9	41.7	44.2	14.89	14.84	14.33	623.89	618.83	833.3
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	42.0	40.8	41.2	12.61	12.67	12.45	538.02	516.94	512.9
Santa Rosa	39.4	39.2	39.3	13.29	13.84	13.78	523.63	534.89	541.5
Stockton-Lodi	41.7	41.0	41.6	12.39	12.36	12.28	516.66	506.76	510.8
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	39.0	39.0	39.4	14.38	14.89	14.59	560.82	572.91	574.8
Ventura	40.7	41.2	41.0	11.67	11.69	11.80	474.97	481.63	483.8
colorado	41.3	41.4	41.3	12.02	12.35	12.39	496.43	511.29	511.7
Denver	41.5	41.4	41.2	12.91	12.64	12.70	535.77	523.30	523.2
Connecticut	42.2	42.9	43.1	12.91	13.45	13.49	544.80	577.01	581.4
Bridgeport	41.3	42.0	42.5	13.41	13.90	13.82	553.83	583.80	587.3
Danbury	41.8	43.8	42.9	12.70	12.67	13.00	530.86	554.95	557.7
Hartford	42.5	42.5	43.8	13.91	14.25	14.04	591.18	605.63	814.9
New Haven-Meriden	41.3	42.8	42.5	12.59	12.59	12.81	519.97	538.85	544.4
Stamford-Norwalk	43.0	42.3	42.2	13.10	12.64	12.75	563.30	543.13	538.0
Waterbury	44.0	43.6	44.8	11.56	12.06	12.05	509.52	525.82	537.4
Oelaware	41.5 42.3	44.2 44.8	43.8 45.1	13.21 15.44	14.10 16.85	14.09 16.58	548.22 653.11	623.22 754.88	617.1 747.7
District of Columbia: Washington PMSA	40.0	40.0	39.8	13.13	10.06	1240	525.20	534.40	536.9
					13.36	13.49			1
Florida	40.8	41.2	41.4	9.69	10.00	9.99	395.35	412.00	413.5
Georgia	41.9	42.3	42.8	10.03	10.22	10.25	420.28	432.31	436.6
Atlanta	41.4 47.8	41.7 48.4	41.8 47.1	11.07 13.35	11.47 13.14	11.49 13.44	458.30 638.13	478.30 609.70	480.2 633.0
lawaii	41.1	37.8	38.1	12.06	12.44	12.27	495.87	467.74	467.4
Honolulu	40.1	38.0	38.1	12.52	12.66	12.69	502.05	481.84	483.4
daho	40.2	41.0	40.3	11.78	12.04	11.75	473.56	493.64	473.5
linois	41.4	41.8	42.0	12.02	12.25	12.28	497.63	512.05	515.7
Bloomington-Normal	40.8	42.8	42.9	15.60	16.20	16.20	636.48	693.36	694.9
Champaign-Urbana	40.8	39.6	40.3	10.44	10.57	10.46	425.95	418.57	421.5
Chicago	41.6	41.9	41.9	12.11	12.21	12.23	503.78	511.60	512.4
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	41.9	41.2	41.4	13.90	13.95	13.98	582.41	574.74	578.7
Decatur	42.1	44.1	43.9	15.12	15.19	15.22	636.55	669.88	668.
Kankakee	40.9	41.8	41.8	12.56	13.14	13.03	513.70	549.25	544.6
Peoria-Pekin	43.6	41.4	41.8	14.82	15.29	15.46	646.15	633.01	643.1
Rockford	40.8 39.8	42.2 40.1	41.9 40.1	12.78 11.71	13.53 11.77	13.55 11.79	520.81 466.06	570.97 471.98	567. 472.
ndiana	42.9	43.2	43.3	13.13	13.63	13.49	563.28	588.82	584.1
Bloomington	40.0	39.6	39.1	11.90	12.27	12.17	476.00	485.89	475.6
Elkhart-Goshen	39.7	40.8	41.1	10.83	11.04	11.09	422.01	448.22	455.6
Evansville-Henderson	42.3 42.8	43.4 42.5	44.5 41.7	13.13 12.78	13.45 13.81	13.03	555.40 546.98	583.73 578.43	579.8 569.2

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area iliana-Continued iary dianapolis dokomo afayette tuncie outh Bend erre Haute va ledar Rapids les Moines tubuque ioux City nass opeka	44.1 42.6 43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6	May 1994 44.2 44.0 48.0 41.0 45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3 39.3	June 1994P 44.7 43.9 48.1 42.4 45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	June 1993 \$17.65 14.60 18.54 13.32 14.19 11.60 13.24	May 1994 \$17.66 14.65 19.18 14.26 14.79 12.56 13.19	June 1994P \$17.81 14.55 19.08 13.72 14.78 12.47 12.90	June 1993 \$785.43 635.10 817.61 567.43 617.27 486.16 569.32	\$780.57 644.60 920.64 584.66 689.99 528.78 572.45	June 1994 ^p \$796.11 638.75 917.75 581.73 676.92
iary dianapolis olokomo afayette	43.5 44.1 42.6 43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	44.0 48.0 41.0 45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	43.9 48.1 42.4 45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	14.60 18.54 13.32 14.19 11.60 13.24	14.65 19.18 14.26 14.79 12.56 13.19	14.55 19.08 13.72 14.78 12.47 12.90	635,10 817,61 567,43 617,27 486,16	644.60 920.64 584.66 669.99 528.78	638.75 917.75 581.73
ndianapolis okomo afayette luncie outh Bend erre Haute ve ledar Rapids leds Moines luncie luncie outh City nass	43.5 44.1 42.6 43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	44.0 48.0 41.0 45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	43.9 48.1 42.4 45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	14.60 18.54 13.32 14.19 11.60 13.24	14.65 19.18 14.26 14.79 12.56 13.19	14.55 19.08 13.72 14.78 12.47 12.90	635,10 817,61 567,43 617,27 486,16	644.60 920.64 584.66 669.99 528.78	638.75 917.75 581.73
okomo afayette duncie outh Bend erre Haute va ledar Rapids les Moines lioux City nass opeka	44.1 42.6 43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	48.0 41.0 45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	48.1 42.4 45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	18.54 13.32 14.19 11.60 13.24	19.18 14.26 14.79 12.56 13.19	19.08 13.72 14.78 12.47 12.90	817.61 567.43 617.27 486.16	920.64 584.66 669.99 528.78	917.75 581.73
afayette luncie outh Bend erre Haute va dedar Rapids les Moines lubuque loux City nass opeka	42.6 43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.8 39.6	41.0 45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	42.4 45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	13.32 14.19 11.60 13.24	14.26 14.79 12.56 13.19	13.72 14.78 12.47 12.90	567.43 617.27 486.16	584.66 669.99 528.78	581.73
va eder Rapids essembly construction of the second construction of the seco	43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	14.19 11.60 13.24 12.14	14.79 12.56 13.19	14.78 12.47 12.90	617.27 486.16	669.99 528.78	
va eder Rapids essembly construction of the second construction of the seco	43.5 41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	45.3 42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	45.8 41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	14.19 11.60 13.24 12.14	14.79 12.56 13.19	14.78 12.47 12.90	617.27 486.16	669.99 528.78	
va edar Rapids esse with the second esse with the s	41.2 43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	42.1 43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	41.7 45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	11.60 13.24 12.14	12.56 13.19	12.47 12.90	486.16	528.78	
rere Haute re cedar Rapids les Moines liubuque lioux City ness opeka	43.0 41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	43.4 42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	45.0 42.7 41.3 42.0	13.24 12.14	13.19	12.90			520.00
wa	41.7 41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	42.0 41.5 39.1 41.3	42.7 41.3 42.0	12.14			308.32	372.43	580.5
edar Rapids les Moines libutuque lioux City neas opeka	41.3 39.6 40.6 39.6	41.5 39.1 41.3	41.3 42.0		12.43	19 46			360.5
les Moines urbuque ioux City ness opeka	39.6 40.6 39.6	39.1 41.3	42.0	14.93		12.40	506.24	522.06	532.0
neas opeka	40.6 39.6	41.3			15.11	15.30	616.61	627.07	631.8
nsas opeka	39.6			12.99	13.02	12.58	514.40	509.08	528.3
nsas opeka	39.6		44.1	12.67	13.09	13.02	516.94	540.62	574.1
opeka	41.6		39.7	9.83	10.04	10.15	389.27	394.57	402.9
opeka		41.6	41.8	11.91	12.10	12.09	495.48	503.36	505.3
	42.9	42.0	41.7	13.64	13.90	14.17	593.74	583.80	590.8
		40.7	40.7	13.75	13.76	13.94	561.00	580.03	567.3
	1								
ntucky		41.9	42.1	11.46	11.98	11.93	460.69	501.96	502.2
exington		42.2	43.6	12.29	12.88	12.90	505.12	543.54	562.4
ouisville	41.4	42.7	42.3	12.97	13.94	13.67	536.96	595.24	586.7
ulsiana	42.7	43.7	43.9	12.62	13.08	13.06	538.87	571.60	573.3
aton Rouge		43.5	43.0	14.67	15.61	15.34	649.68	679.04	659.6
lew Orleans	41.6	43.7	44.9	13,17	13,26	13.38	547.67	579.46	600.7
hreveport-Bossier City	41.0	44.4	43.9	12.69	13.61	13.44	520.29	604.28	590.0
ine	40.9	40.6	40.2	11.58	11.76	11.96	473.62	477.48	480.7
ewiston-Auburn	40.8	39.6	39.4	9.77			398.62	388.85	399.9
					9.77	10.15			
ortland	38.9	38.6	39.6	11.00	10.75	10.80	427.90	414.95	419.7
attimore PMSA	41.0 41.5	41.8 42.2	41.7 42.1	12.77 13.36	13.04 13.67	13.04 13.65	523.57 554.44	545.07 576.87	543.7 574.6
seachusetts	41.1	41.7	41.6	12.33	12.56	12.55	506.76	523.75	524.5
oston	40.6	40.6	41.0	12.93	13.15	13.18	527.54	536.52	540.3
									539.3
pringfield	42.9 41.1	42.7 41.3	42.6 41.4	12.88 11.41	12.66 11.69	12.66 11.68	543.97 468.95	540.58 462.80	483.5
ablaca.	40.0	44.8	44.5	15.41	10 17	10 15	005.74	704.40	740 6
chigan			44.5		16.17	16.15	665.71	724.42	718.6
nn Arbor		45.9	45.3	16.17	16.71	16.66	698.54	766.99	754.7
Detroit		46.9	48.1	16.45	17.31	17.30	738.60	611.84	797.5
lint		46.0	47.5	19.66	21.89	21.85	642.91	1050.72	1037.8
Frand Rapids-Muskegon-Hoiland	42.4	42.4	42.7	12.88	13.12	13.21	545.26	556.29	564.0
ackson	42.2	43.5	42.6	10.72	11.39	11.83	452.38	495.48	497.7
alamazoo-Battle Creek	43.2	44.7	44.6	14.92	14.99	15,11	644.54	670.05	673.9
ansing-East Lansing	40.9	45.9	45.6	16.64	17.97	18.00	680.58	824.82	824.4
aginaw-Bay City-Midland		46.6	46.4	17.55	16.12	18.14	772.20	844.39	841.7
nnesota	40.6	40.9	41.2	12.19	12.54	12.51	494.91	512.69	515.4
Oututh-Superior		39.0	39.1	11.82	12.12	12.06	457.83	472.68	472.3
/inneapolis-St. Paul		40.6	41.0	13.02	13.12	13.17	531.22	535.30	539.9
it. Cloud		39.4	40.0	10.72	11.48	11.12	422.37	452.31	444.8
esissippi	41.1	41.6	42.1	9.14	9.39	9.40	375.65	390.82	395.7
ackson	40.6	41.1	41.3	9.86	10.13	10.10	400.32	416.34	417.1
ssouri	41.6	42.3	42.5	11.53	11,66	11.49	479.65	493.22	468.3
(ansas City	41.9	43.1	43.2	13.38	13.95	13.64	559.76	601.25	589.2
t. Louis		43.5	42.6	13.61	13.56	13.49	577.06	589.86	574.6
pringfield	41.5	40.8	41.7	10.00	10.10	10.07	415.00	412.08	419.9
ontena	38.2	39.6	39.7	12.30	12.41	12.39	469.86	491.44	491.8
braska	41.6	42.1	42.9	10.38	10.91	10.98	431.61	459.31	470.1
incoln	41.4	42.2	42.6	11.83	12.60	12.58	489.76	540.16	535.8
Omaha		41.4	41.5	10.83	11.88	11.65	444.03	482.72	483.4
vada	43.0	41.4	42.3	11.71	11.67	11.49	503.53	483.14	486.0
as Vegas		40.0	41.2	13.14	12.82	13.12	547.94	504.60	540.5

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourty ea	mings	Avera	ge weekly e	amings
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
law Hernschles	42.1	42.0	41.7	\$11.54	\$11.54	\$ 11.57	\$485.83	\$484.68	\$482.47
New Hampshire									
Manchester	40.3	42.2	42.9	11.39	11.65	11.68	459.02	491.63	500.2
Nashua	41.4	40.8	40.5	13.91	14.11	14.34	575.87	575.69	580.77
Portsmouth-Rochester	42.8	40.8	39.6	10.91	11.15	11.24	466.95	454.92	445.10
lew Jersey	41.6	41.9	42.2	12.97	13.30	13.26	539.55	557.27	559.57
lew Mexico	40.6	40.6	41.4	9.62	9.93	9.96	390.57	403.16	412.34
Albuquerque	41.2	40.2	41.2	10.55	10.56	10,44	434.66	424.51	430.1
lew York	40.4	41.1	41.2	11.94	12.14	12.13	482.38	498.95	499.7
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.2	41.1	40.8	13.25	13.52	13.51	532.65	555.67	551.2
Binghamton	40.8	41.9	45.2	9.76	9.80	9.78	398.21	410.62	442.00
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	43.8	43.8	43.5	14.79	15.37	15.25	647.80	673.21	663.3
Dutchess County	40.7	39.6	40.1	11.14	10.46	10.38	453.40	414.22	416.2
Elmira	43.2	43.8	42.5	11.25	11.20	11.25	486.00	490.56	478.1
Nassau-Suffolk	40.3	40.8	40.4	11.29	11.38	11.39	454.99	464.30	460.10
New York PMSA	37.8	38.5	38.6	10.75	10.94	11.03	406.35	421.19	425.7
New York City	37.4	38.0	38.1	10.44	10.64	10.72	390.46	404.32	408.4
			42.5	1 1		10.72	435.25	447.02	456.8
Newburgh	41.1	41.2		10.59	10.85				
Rochester	42.0	43.0	43.0	13.85	13.80	13.78	581.70	593.40	592.5
Rockland County	42.1	43.8	44.2	14.20	13.97	13.96	597.82	611.89	817.0
Syracuse	42.0	43.2	44.1	13.22	13.05	12.97	555.24	563.76	571.9
Utica-Rome	41.1	42.2	41.6	11,11	10.83	10.86	456.62	457.03	451.7
Westchester County	40.1	41.6	42.5	12.11	12.26	12.47	485.61	510.02	529.9
iorth Carolina	40.8	41.1	41.8	9.77	10.13	10.20	398.62	416.34	426.3
	39.9	41.7	41.6	9.69	10.00	10.20	386.63	417.00	418.4
Asheville									
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	41.5	41.6	41.8	10.36	10.71	10.76	429.94	445.54	449.7
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	39.9	40.5	41.0	10.40	10.65	10.66	414.96	431.33	437.0
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	41.5	41.7	41.6	10.34	10.91	10.98	429.11	454.95	456.77
North Dakota	40.7	43.1	43.2	9.77	10.19	10.26	397.64	439.19	443.2
Fargo-Moorhead	39.8	41.3	44.5	9.18	9.89	9.66	365.36	408.46	429.8
Ohlo	43.1	44.0	43.8	14.05	14.37	14.45	605.56	632.28	632.9
Akron	42.7	43.7	43.6	12.47	12.46	12.51	532.47	544.50	545.4
Canton-Massilion	41.6	41.8	41.7	12.28	12.53	12.56	510.85	523.75	523.7
Cincinnati	42.1	42.9	43.7	12.86	13.07	13.20	541.41	560.70	576.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	43.1	44.1	43.9	13.99	14.15	14.19	802.97	624.02	622.9
Columbus	41.7	42.1	42.2	13.02	13.31	13.32	542.93	560.35	562.1
Dayton-Springfield	44.2	45.5	45.9	15.50	15.71	15.83	685.10	714.81	726.6
Toledo	44.9	44.8	44.0	15.54	15.70	15. 6 0	897.75	703.36	686.4
Youngstown-Warren	43.6	45.3	45.1	16.07	16.43	16.97	700.65	744.28	765.3
Oklahoma	41.7	43.3	43.2	11.38	11.66	11.53	474.55	504.88	498.1
Oklahoma City	43.9	44.0	43.4	12.12	13.40	13.04	532.07	589.60	565.9
Tuisa	40.6	42.2	42.6	12.11	12.11	11.96	491.67	511.04	511.8
Oregon	39.0	40.8	40.6	12.16	12.29	12.20	474.24	501.43	495.3
Eugene-Springfield	36.2	39.7	41.4	12.38	12.40	12.47	472.92	492.28	516.2
Medford-Ashland	40.4	41.4	41.2	11.60	11.82	11.71	468.64	489.35	482.4
Portland-Vancouver	40.0 37.1	40.6 39.0	40.8 37.9	12.33 10.86	12.64 10.62	12. 73 10.30	493.20 395.49	513.18 414.18	519.3 390.3
Pennsylvania	41.2	41.7	41.9	12.05	12.37	12.39	496.46	515.83	519.1
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	39.7	40.2	40.2	11.42	11.95	11.91	453.37	480.39	478.7
Altoona	40.6	41.0	42.2	10.12	10.75	10.77	410.87	440.75	454.4
Erie	43.4	44.4	43.9	12.77	13.04	13.01	554.22	578.98	571.1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	40.5	39.8	40.5	11.40	11.69	11.70	461.70	465.26	473.8
Johnstown	40.5	40.3	40.2	9.08	9.23	9.28	367.74	371.97	373.0
Lancaster	40.9	41.1	41.1	11.93	12.33	12.30	467.94	506.76	505.5
	41.0				13.80				
Philadelphia PMSA		41.7	41.8	13.38		13.61	548.58	567.12	568.9
Pittsburgh	42.3	42.8	43.7	13.12	13.18	13.31	554.98	561.47	581.6
Reading	41.7	42.5	42.4	12.46	12.91	12.92	519.58	548.68	547.8
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	39.6	39.7	40.0	10.47	10.72	10.85	414.61	425.58	434.0
Sharon	42.6	44.1	44.8	12.11	12.48	12.50	515.89	550.37	560.0
			40.7	10.44	10.47	10.57	407.18	430.32	430.2
	300								
State College	39.0	41.1	1						1
	39.0 40.2 42.5	41.1 41.0 42.7	43.1 42.6	10.16 12.31	10.47 10.63 12.55	10.76 12.62	408.43 523.18	435.83 535.89	463.7 537.6

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	mings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p
Rhode Island	40.4	40.6	41.6	\$10.07	\$10.36	\$10.35	\$406.63	\$422.69	\$430.56
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	40.3	40.1	40.5	10.12	10.56	10.61	407.84	423.48	429.71
South Carolina	41.4	41.5	41.8	9.80	9.98	10.01	405.72	414.17	416.42
South Dakota	42.0	43.0	42.4	8.72	9.12	8.98	366.24	392.16	380.75
Rapid City	41.2	42.4	41.2	6.95	9.38	9.55	368.74	397.71	393.48
Sioux Falls	41.8	42.6	41.6	8.94	9.87	9.93	373.69	420,46	413.09
Fennessee	41.0	40.9	41.2	10.26	10.48	10.47	420.66	427.81	431.36
Chattanooga	40.8	42.0	42.0	9.79	10.02	10.01	399.43	420.84	420.42
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	39.3	37.6	37.9	10.52	10.52	10.78	413.44	395.55	408.56
Knoxville	39.9 41.2	39.6 41.7	39.7 41.4	10.24 10.40	10.24 10.76	10.15 10.90	408.58 428.48	405.50 448.69	402.96 451.26
Nashville	40.9	40.6	41.3	11.26	11.25	11.38	460.53	456.75	469.99
Texas	42.8	43.2	43.4	11.02	11.06	11.09	471.66	477.79	481.31
Dallas	43.1	43.2	43.5	10.82	10.80	10.79	466.34	466.58	489.37
Ft. Worth-Arlington	42.4 45.0	43.0 45.0	42.9 44.5	12.37 13.54	12.51	12.52 13.42	524.49 609.30	537.93 603.00	537.11
Houston	45.0 42.5	42.3	44.5 42.4	8.42	13.40 8.94	8.98	357.85	378.16	597.19 379.90
Jtah	39.7	40.2	40.6	10.95	11.25	11.17	434.72	452.25	453.50
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.8	40.9	41.0	11.21	11.35	11.40	457.37	464.22	487.40
/ermont	41.7	40.2	40.2	11.64	11.53	11.51	485.39	463.51	462.70
Burlington	40.0	42.1	40.9	12.01	11.63	11.55	480.40	469.62	472.40
/irginia	41.2	41.8	42.0	10.79	11.20	11.20	444.55	466.16	470.40
Bristol	41.5	42.5	45.0	9.64	10.15	10.53	400.06	431.38	473.85
Charlottesville	37.5	38.5	37.9	9.71	9.97	9.99	364.13	363.85	378.62
Darville	41.7	43.4	44.8	10.77	10.88	11.26	449.11	472.19	504.45
Lynchburg	43.5	44.4	42.6 41.8	10.73	10.82	10.85	466.76	460.41	482.21
Northern Virginia	42.0 42.6	41.8 42.8	43.7	12.08 13.78	12.00 14.44	11.84 14.53	507.36 587.03	499.20 618.03	494.91 634.96
Roanoke	40.8	41.1	42.1	12.21	12.37	12.22	498.17	508.41	514.48
Washington	40.5	41.1	40.6	13.92	14.05	14.13	563.76	577.48	573.68
West Virglnia	41.1	41.3	41.4	12.32	12.60	12.65	506.35	520.38	523.71
Charleston	44.5	48.1	50.3	15.81	15.58	15.40	703.55	749.40	774.62
Huntington-Ashland	41.0	43.7	43.0	14.32	14.26	14.52	587.12	823.16	624.36
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.7	40.4	42.2	15.18	14.83	15.26	633.01	599.13	643.97
Wheeling	41.8	40.0	41.4	13.90	14.27	15.01	578.24	570.80	621.41
Wisconsin	41.7	42.5	42.5	12.15	12.40	12.27	506.66	527.00	521.48
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	43.3	44.7	43.4	13.09	13.53	13.46	566.80	604.79	584.16
Eau Claire	40.2	44.5	43.9	12.15	13.18	13.08	488.43	586.51	574.21
Green Bay	42.5	41.7	42.6	12.88	13.15	13.04	547.40	548.36	555.50
Janesville-Beloit	44.9	45.1	45.0	15.82	16.73	16.83	710.32	754.52	757.35
Kenosha	39.8 40.4	39.3 42.4	39.7 42.3	12.85 10.22	13.83	13.58 10.30	511.43	535.66 439.69	539.13 435.69
La Crosse	40.4	42.4 41.0	42.3	11.18	10.37 11.78	11.51	412.89 456.44	439.69	435.66
Milwaukee-Waukesha	41.0	42.1	41.8	13.01	13.35	13.38	533.41	562.04	559.28
Racine	39.7	40.9	41.1	12.22	12.67	12.79	485.13	518.20	525.87
Sheboygan	40.7	43.0	41.8	12.08	12.42	12.19	491.66	534.06	509.54
Wausau	41.7	42.8	43.4	11.82	11.68	11.74	492.89	499.90	509.52
Wyoming	37.9	40.3	41.4	11.75	12.19	11.72	445.33	491.26	485.21
Puerto Rico	39.4	40.0	40.0	7.00	7.28	7.25	275.80	291.20	290.00
		ı	I	i	ı		835.53	1	640.34

¹ Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

	Γ		10	93						1994			
Census region and division			T .							1	····	1	ī
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July
NORTHEAST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	39,582	39,584	39,589	39,596	39,599	39,601	39,696	39,697	39,695	39,700	39,704	39,715	39,720
Civilian labor force		25,622	25,525	25,562	25,527	25,469		25,379		25,410			25,708
Employed		23,786	23,726	23,754	23,772	23,734	23,765		23,794	23,637	23,652		24,008
Unemployed		1,836	1,800	1,807	1,755	1,735	1,700		1,828	1,773	1,598		
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.2	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.3	6.4	6.6
New England													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		10,217		10,218	10,219	10,221	10,221	10,219	10,216	10,216			10,216
Civilian labor force		7,065	7,065	7,055	6,979	6,963	6,977	7,031	7,000	6,909	6,879	6,911	7,004
Employed		6,610	6,608	6,599	6,547	6,541	6,518	6,588	6,592	6,519	6,473		6,571
Unemployed		455	457	457	432	423	459	444	407	390	406		433
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.1	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.6	5.9	5.8	6.2
Middle Atlantic				:									
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	29,341	29,345	29,351	29,358	29,363	29,366				29,484	29,488		
Civilian labor force		18,557	18,460	18,506	18,548	16,506	18,488		18,623	18,500	18,371	18,578	
Employed		17,176	17,118	17,155	17,225	17,193	17,247	17,089	17,202	17,117	17,179	17,339	17,437
Unemployed		1,381	1,342	1,351	1,323	1,313		1,258	1,421	1,383	1,191	1,239	1,266
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.1	6.7	6.9	7.6	7.5	6.5	6.7	6.8
SOUTH													
Of all	00.077	00 750	00.000	00.044	00.000		20.400		00.070	00.04=	00.400	00 500	00 500
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	66,677	66,750	66,832	66,911	66,989	67,057	68,136			68,347	68,420		
Civilian labor force	44,120	44,288	44,224	44,400	44,577	44,587	44,907	44,682		44,983	45,136		
Employed		41,417	41,540	41,547	41,790	41,907	42,067		41,854	42,238	42,459		
Unemployed		2,871	2,684	2,853	2,787	2,660	2,840	2,842	2,834	2,745	2,677	2,646	
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.5	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.9
South Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	34,987	35,033	35,082	35,128	35,171	35,212	35,251	35,288	35,322	35,360	35,399	35,445	35,487
Civilian labor force	22,904	22,960	22,936	23,032	23,081	23,132	23,225	23,281	23,197	23,239	23,298	23,295	23,233
Employed	21,445	21,505	21,619	21,608	21,740	21,783	21,750		21,777	21,847	21,937	22,013	
Unemployed	1,459	1,455	1,317	1,425	1,341	1,350	1,475	1,379	1,420	1,391	1,361	1,283	
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.3	5.7	6.2	5.8	5.8	6.3	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.5	5.6
East South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	11,949	11,962	11,976	11,990	12,002	12,015	12,027	12,038	12,047	12,059	12,069	12,083	
Civilian labor force	7,518	7,516	7,509	7,475	7,495	7,522	7,656	7,599	7,597	7,718	7,819	7,670	
Employed	7,038	7,047	7,041	7,024	7,055	7,111	7,178	7,109	7,190	7,294	7,423	7,246	
Unemployed	480	470	468	451	440	411	478	490	407	423	395	424	427
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.2	6.4	5.4	5.5	5.1	5.5	5.6
West South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	20,694	20,720	20,750	20,779	20,806	20,832	20,858	20,881	20,903	20,927	20,951	20,978	
Civilian labor force	13,698	13,813	13,779	13,892	14,001	13,912		14,002	13,894	14,027	14,019	13,969	14,165
Employed	12,747	12,866	12,660	12,915	12,995	13,013		13,029	12,887	13,097	13,099	13,030	13,224
Unemployed	952	947	899	977	1,006	899	888	973	1,007	930	921	939	941
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.9	6.5	7.0	7.2	6.5	6.3	6.9	7.2	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.6

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted '-- Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and			19	93						1994			
division	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау.	June	July
MIDWEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	46,191	46,219	46,253	46,287	46,317	46,346	46,038	46,054	46,069	46,093	46,116	46,145	46,170
Civilian labor force	31,491	31,518	31,384	31,500	31,614	31,696	31,710	31,931	31,768	31,764	31,886	31,705	31,590
Employed	29,631	29,749	29,524	29,632	29,792	29,880	29,819	30,188	29,929	30,100	30,371	30,273	29,90
Unemployed	1,860	1,769	1,860	1,868	1,822	1,815	1,891	1,743	1,838	1,664	1,514	1,432	1,68
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.5	5.8	5.2	4.7	4.5	5.
East North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		32,472	32,495	32,516		32,553	32,570	32,582	32,591	32,608		32,643	
Civilian labor force		21,957	21,770	21,857	21,988	22,118	22,129	22,330	22,236	22,182		22,049	21,96
Employed		20,621	20,355	20,464	20,621	20,770	20,711	20,995	20,886	20,940			20,64
Unemployed	1,393	1,336	1,416	1,393	1,367	1,349	1,418	1,335	1,350	1,243		1,076	
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.1	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.0	6.1	5.6	5.4	4.9	6.0
West North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	13,412	13,422	13,433	13,442	13,452	13,459	13,468	13,473	13,476	13,485			13,510
Civilian labor force	9,546	9,561	9,614	9,643	9,626	9,577	9,581	9,601	9,532	9,582	9,698	9,656	9,63
Employed	9,079	9,128	9,170	9,168	9,171	9,111	9,108	9,193	9,044	9,161	9,380	9,300	9,25
Unemployed	467	433	444	475	455	466	473	408	488	421	319	356	37
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.3	5.1	4.4	3.3	3.7	3.9
WEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		41,240	41,297	41,357	41,415			42,133	42,175		42,271	42,327	42,38
Civilian labor force		27,719	27,801	27,914	27,936	28,037	28,589	28,600	28,515		28,458	28,071	28,27
Employed			25,582	25,723	25,848	25,997	26,302	26,433	26,456				26,18
Unemployed		2,193	2,219		2,088	2,041	2,287	2,167	2,059	2,193	2,068	2,071	2,08
Unemployment rate	8.3	7.9	8.0	7.8	7.5	7.3	8.0	7.6	7.2	7.7	7.3	7.4	7.4
Mountain													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,936	10,962	10,991	11,019	11,045	11,071	11,096	11,123	11,146	11,170	11,195	11,222	11,25
Civilian labor force		7.416	7.386	7,432	7,472	7,487	7,622	7,794	7,802	7,800	7,767	7.637	7.69
Employed			6,956	7,009	7,055	7,107	7,232	7,394	7,408	7,392		7,229	7,290
Unemployed		428	429	424	417	380	390	400	395	408	419	407	40
Unemployment rate			5.8	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.
Pacific													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	30,820	30,849	30,880	30,909	30,937	30,963	30,987	31,010	31,029	31,052			
Civilian labor force		20,304	20,415	20,482	20,464	20,550	20,967	20,806	20,713	20,611	20,691	20,434	20,57
Employed			18,626	18,714	18,793	18,889		19,038	19,049				18,89
Unemployed			1,790	1,767	1,871	1,661	1,897	1,767	1,664	1,785		1,664	1,67
Unemployment rate			8.8	8.6	8.2	8.1	9.0	8.5	8.0	8.7	8.0	8.1	8.

¹ These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

2 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effortive, January 1904" in the February 1994 issue Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

State		-	T	1993		1	T			18	994		
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Alabama													
Civilian labor force	1,993.0	1,998.0	1.993.4	1,993.0	1,997.2	1,999.2	1,995.1	2,010.1	1,987.0	1,979,6	1,974.0	2,008.8	2,007.
Employed	1,840.9							1.846.9			1,859.5	1,891.1	1.889.
	,	1,840.2	1,840.3	1,840.7	1,845.0	1,847.1	1,847.4		1,848.8	1,851.4			
Unemployed	152.1	157.8	153.1	152.4	152.2	152.1	147.7	163.2	138.2	128.2	114.5	117.7	117.
Unemployment rate	7.6	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	8.1	7.0	6.5	5.8	5.9	5.
Alaska													
Civilian labor force	200.4	200 5	2000	200 5	000.7	2000	2000	2000	044.0	000.7	200.0	309.5	310.0
	299.1	298.5	298.6	300.5	300.7	302.3	302.0	308.0	311.3	309.7	309.3		
Employed	276.1	276.1	276.8	278.1	278.1	279.6	279.3	281.5	285.7	284.2	283.5	283.8	285.
Unemployed	23.0	22.4	21.8	22.4	22.5	22.7	22.7	26.5	25.6	25.6	25.8	25.7	24.
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.6	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.3	7.8
Arizona													
Divilian labor force	1,831.5	1,835.8	1,841.5	1,848.2	1,851.5	1,852.7	1,858.4	1,929.4	1,963.6	1,996.2	2,006.9	2,003.8	1,986.
Employed		1,727.6	1,732.5	1,738.0	1,739.5	1,740.9	1,746.2	1,833.9	1,861.4	1,886.7	1,894.1	1,885.4	1,860.
Unemployed	109.6	108.2	109.0	110.2	112.0	111.8	112.2	95.5	102.2	109.5	112.8	118.5	125.
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.
Arkansas									*				
									4				
ivilian labor force	1,162.3	1,163.7	1,164.9	1,165.7	1,166.8	1,168.0	1,166.5	1,200.3	1,199.2	1,199.3	1,208.8	1,207.9	1,203.
Employed	1,090.7	1,092.8	1,093.7	1,094.6	1,095.9	1,097.5	1,097.6	1,133.2	1,136.5	1,139.3	1,146.8	1,141.4	1,134.
Unemployed	71.6	70.9	71.2	71.1	70.9	70.5	69.0	67.2	62.7	60.0	61.9	66.5	69.
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.5	5.
California ¹													
	15,184.4	45 000 0	45 450 0	45 040 7	45.044.0	45 000 0	15.215.8	45.005.0	45 500 0	15,547.2	15,559.5	15.513.2	15,199.
ivilian labor force		15,296.9	15,153.9	15,218.7	15,314.8	15,209.0		15,625.6	15,596.9				
Employed		13,829.4	13,771.4	13,808.6	13,836.5	13,860.6	13,884.0	14,040.7	14,189.6	14,205.0	14,066.5	14,224.9	13,931.
Unemployed		1,467.5	1,382.5	1,410.1	1,478.3	1,348.4	1,331.8	1,584.9	1,407.2	1,342.2	1,493.0	1,288.3	1,268.
Unemployment rate	9.2	9.6	9.1	9.3	9.7	8.9	8.8	10.1	9.0	8.6	9.6	8.3	8.3
Colorado													
Civilian labor force	1,898.8	1.909.9	1,913.4	1,913.8	1,929.1	1,943.7	1,954.3	1,968.0	1,968.4	1,958.3	1,958.6	1.969.3	1.962.0
Employed	1,801.2	1,813.9	1,817.2	1,817.9	1,832.1	1,846.7	1,858.1	1,855.2	1,858.1	1,856.2	1.853.3	1,866.2	1,867.8
Unemployed	97.6	96.1	96.2	96.0	97.0	97.0	96.2	112.8	110.3	102.0	105.3	103.1	94.2
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.4	5.2	4.8
	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	4.5	5.7	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.2	7.
Connecticut] [
Civilian labor force	1,790.2	1,788.4	1,787.3	1,784.4	1,785.6	1,782.4	1,779.2	1,796.6	1,820.8	1,806.0	1,787.9	1,767.6	1,760.
Employed	1,678.1	1,678.6	1,676.9	1,674.6	1,676.5	1,675.6	1,674.4	1,716.2	1,729.3	1,712.7	1,698.1	1,675.4	1,671.
Unemployed	112.1	109.8	110.4	109.8	109.1	106.8	104.8	80.4	91.5	93.3	89.8	92.2	89.
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9	4.5	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.2	5.
Delaware													
N. diam takan tahun	07.5	075		070.5	070.5	0706	077.5	07:5	070.5		000.0	007.5	
ivilian labor force	374.2	375.1	375.3	376.6	376.6	376.9	377.8	371.3	379.6	382.4	382.2	387.5	387.
Employed	354.7	354.7	354.5	355.2	355.2	354.9	355.1	351.7	360.5	362.5	361.0	367.2	369.
Unemployed	19.5	20.4	20.8	21.4	21.4	22.0	22.7	19.5	19.0	19.9	21.2	20.3	18.
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.
District of Columbia													
Civilian labor force	303.8	306.1	305.9	309.2	308.8	308.5	309.8	315.7	298.4	299.6	303.1	300.4	302
Employed	277.9	279.9	279.6	283.6	283.0	282.9	284.3	281.4	270.5	270.4	280.7	277.7	278
Unemployed	25.9	26.2	26.4	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.4	34.3	27.9	29.2	22.4	22.6	24
Unemployment rate	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.2	10.9	9.3	9.8	7.4	7.5	8
Florida ¹													
ivilian labor force	6,697.4	6,616.3	6,533.6	6,599.3	6,574.7	6,689.1	6,741.5	6,798.4	6,692.1	6,761.6	6,759.3	6,779.4	6,743
Employed	6,227.7	6,155.3	6,073.1	6,163.5	6,120.0	6,244.6	6,277.3	6,286.1	6,308.7	6,266.0	6,257.3	6,313.1	6,328
Unemployed	469.7	461.0	460.5	435.8	454.7	444.5	464.2	512.3	383.4	495.6	502.0	466.3	415

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State		···		1993						19	94		_
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Georgia													
Civilian labor force	3,459.5	3,475.1	3,488.2	3,503.2	3,518.9	3,526.2	3,531.5	3,583.8	3,604.0	3,593.3	3,582.2	3,562.5	3,615
Employed	3,261.2	3,275.6	3,288.4	3,302.0	3,316.0	3,325.2	3,332.1	3,325.3	3,374.5	3,373.4	3,382.1	3,373.8	3,424
Unemployed	198.3	199.5	199.7	201.2	202.9	201.0	199.4	258.5	229.6	219.9	200.1	188.8	191
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	201.0 5.7	5.6	7.2	6.4	6.1	5.6	5.3	5
orompoyment rate	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.0	3.7	3.0	۲.۶	0.4	0.1	3.0	5.0	
Hawaii													
ivilian labor force	582.9	583.1	582.7	582.1	583.4	583.3	583.3	605.3	597.7	593.7	601.6	599.5	593
Employed	558.3	558.7	558.6	559.0	560.3	559.6	559.4	577.3	569.0	562.5	568.1	567.4	561
Unemployed	24.6	24.4	24.1	23.1	23.1	23.7	24.0	28.0	28.7	31.2	33.5	32.0	31
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.
Idaho													
Civilian labor force	545.4	547.8	548.3	550.0	551.3	551.8	553.7	580.3	591.5	595.7	596.7	594.4	593.
Employed	511.2	514.9	515.5	517.1	518.3	520.0	521.2	551.3	560.4	564.6	569.0	566.2	562
Unemployed	34.2	32.9	32.8	32.9	33.1	31.8	32.4	29.0	31.1	31.1	27.7	28.2	30
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.0	5.3	5.2	4.6	4.7	5
Illinois¹													
civilian labor force	6.012.4	- 6,006.2	6,012.5	5,964.0	5,963.5	5,998.8	6,032.9	5.998.6	6.016.6	6,029.7	6.075.7	6.058.6	6,036
Employed	5,542.3	5,564.1	5,554.2	5,480.3	5,518.1	5,640.0	5,675.2	5,600.1	5,633.5	5,667.2	5,740.2	5,709.5	5,745
Unemployed	470.1	442.1	458.3	483.7	445.4	358.8	357.7	398.5	383.1	362.5	335.5	349.1	290
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.4	7.6	8.1	7.5	6.0	5.9	6.6	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.8	4
Indiana													
ivilian labor force	2,929.7	2,948.5	2,955.3	0.064.0	2,978.6	2,991.6	3,001.9	2,992.6	3,013.3	3,007.1	2.998.0	3.018.7	3,002
Employed	2,772.7	2,797.6	2,805.8	2,961.8 2,812.4	2,827.1	2,840.6	2,849.4	2,824.8	2.861.2	2.853.1	2,950.0	2,874.4	2,862
Unemployed	157.0	151.0	149.5	149.4	151.5	151.1	152.5	167.8	152.1	154.0	147.5	144.3	140.
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.6	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.
lowa		•••	•		-		• • •						
	1 561 0	1 560.0	1 550 7	1 500 0	1 560 0	1 550 0	1 55 4 0	1 550 1	4 E6E 0	1 541 6	1 504 5	1,549.5	1,558
Employed	1,561.2 1,499.2	1,560.0 1,491.8	1,559.7 1,498.3	1,560.2 1,499.6	1,560.2	1,558.2 1,500.4	1,554.8 1,498.0	1,552.1 1,479.8	1,565.9 1,500.9	1,541.6 1,485.9	1,524.5 1,470.0	1,493.9	1,504
Unemployed	62.0	68.2	61.4	80.7	1,501.5 58.7	57.8	1,496.0 56.8	72.3	65.0	55.6	54.5	55.5	1,504
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.7	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.6	3
Kansas		1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0		U	,,,	*:-	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	1 000 4	1 000 1	4 040 0	4.040.5	4 004 5	4 000 0	4 004 0	4 005 0	1 007 7	1 006 0	4 047 0	10567	1 247
Civilian labor force	1,320.4 1,252.8	1,320.1 1,252.4	1,318.0 1,250.9	1,319.5 1,252.6	1,321.5 1,254.1	1,320.8 1,253.9	1,321.8 1,255.8	1,335.8 1,249.3	1,327.7 1,255.4	1,336.9 1,259.3	1,347.8 1,267.4	1,356.7 1,290.9	1,347 1,282
Unemployed	67.6	67.7	67.0	66.9	67.4	66.8	66.0	86.4	72.2	77.6	80.4	65.9	65
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	6.5	5.4	5.8	6.0	4.9	4
Kentucky	5	0	0	5	U.		5.0	0.0		5.5	•		1
•	4 707 0	4 700 0	4 707 0	4 700 0	4 700 0	4 700 5	4 705 0	4 000 0	40440	4 004 5	4 700 4	4 004 0	4 700
Civilian labor force	1,797.8	1,798.6	1,797.2	1,792.8	1,789.3	1,788.5	1,785.8	1,809.2	1,814.8	1,801.5	1,792.1	1,804.2	1,792
Employed	1,685.2	1,688.0	1,686.4	1,684.9	1,682.3	1,682.2	1,682.5	1,728.0	1,715.2	1,714.8	1,704.0	1,718.4 85.8	1,706 86
Unemployment rate	112.6 6.3	110.6 6.2	110.9 6.2	107.9 6.0	107.0 6.0	106.3 5.9	103.3 5.8	81.3 4.5	99.6 5.5	86.8 4.8	88.1 4.9	4.8	80
Louisiana	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	5.5	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	4.5	4.0	,
				!									
Civilian labor force	1,871.0	1,867.2	1,869.9	1,868.3	1,871.4	1,879.7	1,876.8	1,924.4 1,761.3	1,925.0	1,892.5	1,917.8	1,937.0	1,917
Unemployed	1,736.6 134.4	1,734.7 132.6	1,736.4	1,734.5 133.8	1,731.2 140.2	1,734.3 145.3	1,735.9 140.9	1,761.3	1,775.7 149.3	1,738.6 153.9	1,757.2 160.6	1,783.1 153.9	1,771 145
Unemployed	7.2	7.1	133.5 7.1	7.2	7.5	7.7	7.5	8.5	7.8	8.1	8.4	7.9	7
Maine		'''	'.'	7 - 10-	,.5	,.,	,.5	5.5			.,,		
Civilian labor force	631.4	628.1	629.4	627.8	627.6	626.5	624.4	628.0	632.5	625.1	619.6	611.9	611
Employed	580.4 51.0	578.0	577.1	575.2	575.9	575.1	574.7	568.6	585.5 47.0	582.2 42.9	579.8 39.8	576.6 35.2	573 38
Unemployment rate	8.1	50.1 8.0	52.3 8.3	52.6 8.4	51.6 8.2	51.4 8.2	49.7 8.0	59.4 9.5	7.4	42.9 6.9	6.4	35.2 5.8	6
Unemployment rate	0.1	I 0.U	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	J 0.U	9.0	7.4	l 0.9	0.4	J 5.0	, ,

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State				1993						19	94		
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Maryland													
ivilian labor force	2.666.4	2,669.1	2,671.9	2,674,4	2,680.8	2,680.4	2,682.8	2,689.9	2,698.7	2,661.7	2,645.0	2,658.8	2.664
Employed	2,499.4	2,502.0	2,504.7	2,509.6	2,517.2	2,518.4	2,521.1	2,523.7	2,535.7	2,511.0	2,502.7	2,514.8	2,525
Unemployed	167.0							166.2			142.3	144.0	139
		167.0	167.2	164.8	163.6	161.9	161.7		163.0	150.7			
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.4	
Massachusetts ¹													
ivilian labor force	3,158.8	3,148.2	3,170.4	3,185.0	3,191,2	3,175.4	3,161.7	3,172.0	3,130.2	3,141.6	3,127.3	3,155.5	3,15
Employed	2,957.9	2,944.2	2,952.5	2,962.7	2,976.3	2,971.7	2,965.8	2,943.8	2,930.4	2,956.6	2,937.1	2,972.5	2,96
Unemployed	200.9								199.9	185.0	190.2	183.0	18
Unemployment rate	6.4	204.0 6.5	217.9 6.9	222.3 7.0	214.9 6.7	203.7 6.4	195.9 6.2	228.2 7.2	6.4	5.9	6.1	5.8	10
onemployment rate	0.4	0.5	0.8	7.0	0.7	0.4	0.2	1.2	0.4	. 5.9	0.1	5.0	
Michigan¹													
ivilian labor force	4,749.4	4,743.6	4,728.9	4,717.0	4,736,6	4.713.9	4,748.2	4,803.2	4,796.0	4,752.8	4,817.9	4,769.1	4,73
Employed	4,406.6	4,402.7	4,412.9	4,396.4	4,409.5	4,383.2	4,399.3	4,440.6	4,416.3	4,445.0	4,541.5	4,498.7	4,48
Unemployed	342.8	340.9	316.0	320.6	327.1	330.7	348.9	362.6	379.8	307.7	276.4	270.5	25
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.2	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.9	6.5	5.7	5.7	
Minnesota													
ivilian labor force	2,463.6	2,465.5	2,469.5	2,475.1	2,475.9	2,483.4	2,487.0	2,539.6	2,582.2	2,545.2	2,562.9	2,594.2	2,55
Employed	2,335.8	2,340.5	2,343.8	2,349.8	2,350.6	2,361.6	2,367.1	2,426.3	2,475.0	2,436.3	2,455.3	2,504.0	2,45
Unemployed	127.7	125.0	125.6	125.3	125.3	121.8	119.8	113.3	107.3	108.9	107.6	90.3	9
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.5	
Mississippi													
ivilian labor force	1,213.9	1,209.1	10117	1 040 4	1 000 5	1,221.6	1,221.9	1,226.5	1,216.3	1.215.2	1,229.2	1,240.0	1.24
Employed	1,213.9		1,214.7	1,219.4	1,222.5				1,131.3	1,213.2	1,140.0	1,150.0	1,16
		1,137.5	1,141.1	1,143.4	1,145.9	1,146.2	1,147.6	1,141.8					
Unemployed	75.5	71.6	73.6	76.0	76.7	75.4	74.3	84.7	85.0	84.2	89.2	90.0	8
Unemployment rate	6.2	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.3	'
Missouri													
Civilian labor force	2,647.6	2,646.6	2,646.9	2,651.6	2,657.3	2,658.4	2,660.8	2,667.4	2,637.8	2,643.8	2,646.8	2,643.9	2,65
Employed	2,476.7	2,474.9	2,474.4	2,478.3	2,483.3	2,485.2	2,488.1	2,523.8	2,495.1	2,488.8	2,515.3	2,511.0	2,53
Unemployed	170.8	171.7	172.5	173.3	173.9	173.1	172.7	143.5	142.7	155.0	131.6	132.9	12
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.4	5.4	5.9	5.0	5.0	
Montana													
ivilian labor force	427.4	429.0	429.0	428.1	430.0	425.2	430.1	434.8	433.9	437.2	440.5	438.5	43
Employed	401.3	402.5	403.1	402.8	404.5	399.8	404.8	410.4	410.6	414.8	417.3	418.0	41
Unemployed	26.1	26.4	25.8	25.3	25.5	25.3	25.3	24.4	23.2	22.3	23.2	20.5	1
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.3	4.7	
Nebraska													
ivilian labor force	851.1	852.2	855.1	856.5	859.8	860.6	862.1	890.7	899.2	892.2	881.7	883.6	87
						840.5				863.9	855.3	856.1	84
Employed	829.0	831.0	834.1	835.9	839.0		841.6	868.5	873.7				
Unemployed	22.2	21.3	21.0	20.5	20.8	20.1	20.4	22.3	25.5	28.3	26.4 3.0	27.6 3.1	2
Unemployment rate	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.0	3.1	
Nevada													
ivilian labor force	746.6	748.9	750.9	751.6	757.2	760.2	764.7	768.1	779.4	780.2	779.2	772.2	77
Employed	691.5	693.7	695.5	695.8	701.4	704.8	709.0	729.4	741.4	741.1	738.0	730.5	73
Unemployed	55.1	55.3	55.4	55.8	55.9	55.3	55.7	38.8	38.0	39.1	41.2	41.7	4
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	
New Hampshire													
ivilian labor force	618.9	619.4	620.7	622.3	623.2	622.7	621.5	627.0	618.2	625.7	623.5	617.0	62
Employed	578.9	579.8	581.1	582.0	583.2	583.8	583.8	596.8	585.0	596.9	594.6	587.4	59
Unemployed	40.0	39.6	39.5	40.3	40.0	38.8	37.7	30.2	33.2	28.8	28.9	29.5	2
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.1	4.8	5.4	4.6	4.6	4.8	1

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State			, —	1993						19	94		
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
New Jersey ¹													
Divilian labor force	4,019.7	3,984.4	4,007.8	3,988.3	3,992.3	4.042.7	4.018.9	4,065.7	4,029.6	4,022.9	3,967.1	3,928.2	4,007
Employed	3,737.5	3,704.7	3,725.9	3,683.3	3,723.3	3,786.1	3,736.6	3,787.7	3,735.0	3,703.8	3,680.7	3,655.9	3,723
Unemployed	282.2	279.7	281.9	305.0	269.0	256.6	282.3	278.0	294.7	319.1	286.5	272.2	283
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.6	6.7	6.3	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.9	7.2	6.9	7
New Mexico								i					
Sivilian labor force	758.7	759.3	758.6	760.1	762.2	760.0	761.5	782.5	780.4	775.2	786.9	785.1	779
Employed	699.8	700.3	699.7	701.5	703.8	702.9	704.8	736.7	740.2	734.7	745.9	741.8	741
Unemployed	58.9	59.0	58.8	58.5	58.5	57.1	56.7	45.8	40.2	40.5	41.0	43.2	38
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.4	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.5	5
New York ¹													
ivilian labor force	8,620.1	8,627.6	8,620.2	8,556.8	8,624.7	8,605.8	8,597.0	8,621.7	8,578.2	8,686.4	8,652.3	8,524.5	8,600
Employed	7,960.6	7,975.0	7,949.7	7,928.0	7,954.1	7,954.7	7,943.3	8,007.7	7,906.5	7,986.9	7,946.8	7,970.2	7,999
Unemployed	659.5	652.6	670.5	628.8	670.6	651.1	653.7	614.0	671.7	699.5	705.5	554.4	600
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.3	7.8	7.6	7.6	7.1	7.8	8.1	8.2	6.5	7
North Carolina ¹				1									
Divilian labor force	3,565.4	3,540.9	3,520.6	3,523.8	3,547.6	3,553.6	3,565.2	3,558.5	3,586.8	3,572.5	3,587.4	3,588.8	3,560
Employed	3,374.7	3,375.9	3,359.8	3,371.8	3,384.1	3,409.5	3,417.4	3,417.6	3,401.6	3,416.8	3,448.9	3,443.5	3,429
Unemployed	190.7	165.0	160.8	152.0	163.5	144.1	147.8	140.9	185.2	155.7	138.5	145.3	131
Unemployment rate	5.3	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.1	4.1	4.0	5.2	4.4	3.9	4.0	3
North Dakota													
Divilian labor force	318.8	319.9	320.1	320.9	321.4	321.4	321.7	332.5	332.7	332.3	331.4	334.5	334
Employed	304.6	305.9	306.2	306.9	307.2	307.7	307.7	316.7	317.6	316.4	318.7	322.3	321
Unemployed Unemployment rate	14.1 4.4	13.9 4.4	13.9 4.3	14.0 4.4	14.1 4.4	13.7 4.3	14.0 4.4	15.8 4.7	15.1 4.5	16.0 4.8	12.7 3.8	12.2 3.7	12 3
Ohio¹							i						
Divilian labor force	5,469.5	5,494.4	5,494.6	5,459.5	5,474.7	5,511.9	5,550.6	5,513.2	5,609.5	5,595.4	5,548,1	5.598.2	5,545
Employed	5,137.2	5,125.8	5,184.0	5,071.5	5,117.6	5,153.2	5,202.6	5,178.0	5,315.3	5,266.2	5,197.4	5,234.6	5,239
Unemployed	332.3	368.6	310.6	388.0	357.1	358.7	348.0	335.2	294.2	329.2	350.7	363.6	306
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.7	5.7	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.1	5.2	5.9	6.3	6.5	5
Oklahoma													
Civilian labor force	1,524.0	1,534.0	1,528.0	1,519.5	1,523.5	1,523.8	1,524.7	1,580.6	1,577.0	1,563.0	1,564.7	1,565.5	1,542
Employed	1,430.7	1,440.3	1,434.2	1,426.5	1,429.1	1,430.1	1,432.4	1,478.9	1,467.9	1,458.1	1,461.5	1,469.9	1,451
Unemployed	93.3	93.6	93.8	93.0	94.3	93.7	92.3	101.7	109.1	104.9	103.2	95.5	91
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.1	5
Oregon		!											
Civilian labor force	1,585.5	1,588.6	1,591.0	1,595.1	1,602.6	1,613.4	1,613.8	1,608.6	1,604.8	1,606.2	1,607.4	1,842.4	1,652
Employed	1,469.6	1,472.3	1,476.7	1,483.7	1,493.2	1,504.9	1,505.9	1,493.1	1,490.2	1,507.7	1,512.8	1,547.0	1,555
Unemployed Unemployment rate	115.9 7.3	116.3 7.3	114.3 7.2	111.4 7.0	109.4 6.8	108.6 6.7	106.0 6.7	115.5 7.2	114.6 7.1	100.5 6.3	94.6 5.9	95.3 5.8	96
Pennsylvania ¹	7.0	1.0	,	7.0	0.0	j 0.,	0.,		,.,	0.0	0.0	5.5	
•	5,870.8	5,903.2	5,928.7	5,915.2	5.889.1	5,699.4	5.889.6	5,800.2	5,739.6	5.913.6	5,880.9	5,918.0	5,969
Civilian labor force Employed	5,460.8	5,903.2	5,500.4	5,506.6	5,477.9	5,484.1	5,513.3	5,600.2	5,739.6	5,511.1	5,490.0	5,553.1	5,615
Unemployed	410.0	422.9	428.3	408.6	411.2	415.3	376.5	349.1	292.0	402.5	390.9	364.9	354
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.2	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.4	6.0	5.1	6.8	6.6	6.2	5
Rhode Island													
Civilian labor force	512.7	511.3	511.0	509.7	509.7	510.3	509.8	523.7	514.9	510.3	497.3	498.6	503
Employed	473.0	473.1	472.3	470.5	469.4	469.4	468.6	468.8	475.8	471.7	466.5	467.8	471
Unemployed	39.7	38.2	38.8	39.2	40.3	40.9	41.2	54.9	39.1	38.6	30.8	30.8	32
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.1	10.5	7.6	7.6	6.2	6.2	6

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State	L			1993						19	94	 ,	r
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
South Carolina													
Civilian labor force	1,828.0	1,828.2	1,829.5	1,828.7	1,830.2	1,828.0	1,829.6	1,792.2	1,830.7	1,813.0	1,821.5 1,693.9	1,821.4 1,705.4	1,820.4 1,710.6
Unemployed		1,684.6 143.6	1,686.1 143.5	1,686.2 142.5	1,689.2 141.0	1,687.2 140.8	1,688.8 140.8	1,688.9 103.2	1,712.3 118.5	1,691.9 121.0	1,083.9	1,705.4	109.8
Unemployment rate		7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	5.8	6.5	6.7	7.0	6.4	6.0
South Dakota		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.,	,	,.,	0.0	5.5	0.7			5
Civilian labor force	359.1	359.5	359.9	360.3	360.6	361.3	381.2	362.3	367.8	369.6	369.2	371.2	371.3
Employed	347.0	347.4	347.9	348.2	348.8	349.4	349.1	354.1	357.6	358.5	358.8	360.4	360.0
Unemployed	12.1	12.1	12.0	12.1	11.8	11.9	12.1	8.2	10.3	11.0	10.4	10.7	11.3
Unemployment rate		3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.1
Tennessee													
Civilian labor force		2,507.5	2,508.8	2,510.3	2,516.5	2,516.7	2,515.2	2,596.2	2,597.6	2,611.4	2,641.3	2,643.7	2,623.9
Employed Unemployed		2,363.9	2,366.3	2,370.3	2,378.5	2,380.5	2,382.6 132.6	2,449.7	2,445.7	2,471.6 139.8	2,518.1 123.2	2,526.7 117.1	2,502.9 121.0
Unemployment rate	146.3	143.6 5.7	142.5 5.7	140.0 5.6	138.0 5.5	136.1 5.4	132.6 5.3	148.5 5.6	151.8 5.8	139.8	123.2	4.4	4.6
Texas ¹	3.0	3.7	5.7	3.0	3.3	0.4	5.5	3.0	5.5	5.4		4.4	
Civilian labor force		9,147.7	9,213.6	9,254.2	9,339.4	9,359.1	9,301.4	9,314.7	9,307.3 8,681.5	9,317.2	9,354.3 8,761.4	9,372.4 8,745.3	9,414.5 8,780.6
Employed Unemployed		8,494.9 652.8	8,555.8 657.8	8,629.8 624.4	8,665.2 674.2	8,718.1 641.0	8,690.7 610.7	8,759.8 555.0	645.8	8,623.4 693.8	592.9	627.1	634.0
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.0	6.9	7.4	6.3	6.7	6.7
Utah													
Civilian labor force		914.7	919.1	922.9	927.0	930.5	933.2	963.3	972.8	980.4	979.1	984.7	983.4
Employed		879.8	884.5	888.8	893.7	897.9	901.5	932.7	939.7	946.7	944.5	948.1	950.5
Unemployed Unemployment rate	35.8 3.9	34.9 3.8	34.7 3.8	34.1 3.7	33.2 3.6	32.6 3.5	31.7 3.4	30.5 3.2	33.2 3.4	33.7 3.4	34.6 3.5	36.6 3.7	33.0 3.4
Vermont													
Civilian labor force		315.6	315.5	316.6	317.8	317.9	317.1	306.9	311.4	317.2	315.6	310.4	309.3
Employed		298.9	298.9	299.9	301.1	301.7	301.1	292.2	295.5	301.8	302.9 12.7	296.8 13.6	297.0 12.3
Unemployed Unemployment rate	5.3	16.7 5.3	16.7 5.3	16.7 5.3	16.6 5.2	16.2 5.1	16.0 5.0	14.7 4.8	15.9 5.1	15.4 4.8	4.0	4.4	4.0
Virginia													
Civilian labor force		3,372.3	3,374.6	3,375.2	3,375.4	3,383.8	3,386.5	3,395.7	3,390.0	3,398.3	3,452.3	3,448.7	3,401.4
Employed		3,206.9	3,209.1	3,211.4	3,215.2	3,223.0	3,228.3	3,231.1	3,216.8	3,233.3	3,273.5	3,264.1	3,226.8
Unemployed Unemployment rate		165.4 4.9	165.4 4.9	163.8 4.9	160.2 4.7	160.8 4.8	158.3 4.7	164.6 4.8	173.2 5.1	165.1 4.9	178.8 5.2	184.6 5.4	174.6 5.1
	3.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.0	4.7	4.0	3.1	4.0	J.2	5.4	3.1
Washington											. =		. = . = .
Civilian labor force		2,689.3 2,485.2	2,690.9 2,488.5	2,703.0 2,502.1	2,711.3 2,511.0	2,713.3 2,518.6	2,723.6 2,524.8	2,800.6 2,647.2	2,761.8 2,589.8	2,743.1 2,564.7	2,711.4 2,548.7	2,696.0 2,526.5	2,715.3 2,538.8
Unemployed		2,465.2	2,466.5	200.9	2,511.0	196.7	198.8	153.4	172.0	178.4	162.7	169.5	176.5
Unemployment rate		7.6	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	5.5	6.2	6.5	6.0	6.3	6.5
West Virginia													
Civilian labor force		783.0	791.4 706.9	793.0 709.7	794.6 711.6	798.1 713.8	795.3 714.5	772.6 687.8	773.4 690.8	777.4 698.2	770.9 702.6	776.5 706.6	784.5 709.6
Unemployed		699.1 83.9	706.9 84.5	709.7 83.4	711.6 83.0	713.8 82.5	/14.5 80.8	687.8 84.7	690.8 82.5	79.3	68.3	69.9	75.0
Unemployment rate		10.7	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.2	11.0	10.7	10.2	8.9	9.0	9.6
Wisconsin													
Civilian labor force		2,717.0 2,588.7	2,718.2 2,591.0	2,723.2 2,598.2	2,729.2 2,603.0	2,735.6 2,605.9	2,743.2 2,611.0	2,799.1 2,672.3	2,844.3 2,700.5	2,826.7 2,691.1	2,802.4 2,669.3	2,788.4 2,671.7	2,806.4 2,685.7
Employed Unemployed		128.4	127.2	125.1	126.2	129.7	132.2	126.8	143.7	135.7	133.0	116.7	120.8
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.5	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.2	4.3
Wyoming													
Civilian labor force		239.2	238.6	239.3	240.0	239.9	240.9	252.5	250.7	250.7	249.1	249.7	249.4
Employed	. 225.7	225.9	225.4	226.5	228.9	226.8	227.7	231.9	233.8	234.5	232.5	234.7	234.4
Unemployed		13.3	13.2	12.9	13.2	13.1	13.2	20.5	16.9	16.2	16.6	15.0	15.0

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes And Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly

comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	ο.	10 a-b g-				Unemp			
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	Jun 1994
Vahama	00170	0.004.0	0.000.4	400.5	407.7	404.0	0.4		ء ا
Nabama	2,017.8	2,004.3	2,032.1	168.5	107.7	134.0	8.4	5.4	6.
Birmingham	426.0	428.3	432.3	27.1	17.0	20.4	6.4	4.0	4
Huntsville	162.7	159.6	160.0	11.1	7.1	8.9	6.8	4.5	5
Mobile	245.7	245.1	249.9	22.1	14.0	17.9	9.0	5.7	7
Montgomery	147.4	148.1	149.6	10.2	6.5	8.4	6.9	4.4	5
Tuscaloosa	72.3	73.8	73.6	5.1	3.2	3.9	7.0	4,4	5
laska	307.5	309.5	318.8	22.9	26.6	24.0	7.4	8.6	7
Anchorage	133.8	136.3	139.4	8.2	8.6	8.2	6.1	6.3	5
rizona	1,855.8	1,999.9	2,012.0	117.0	108.9	132.9	6.3	5.4	6
Phoenix-Mesa	1,176.1	1,265.8	1,270.2	60.5	53.7	64.1	5.1	4.2	5
Tucson	332.8	360.0	360.1	14.1	13.1	16.1	4.3	3.6	4
rkansas	1,191.1	1,217.7	1,232.1	74.5	68.3	72.2	6.3	5.6	5
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	123.8	131.6	133.2	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.2	3.0	3
Fort Smith	94.3	94.5	95.3	6.0	5.4	5.5	6.4	5.7	5
Little Rock-North Little Rock	286.0	293.2	296.4	14.1	12.7	13.4	4.9	4.3	4
Pine Bluff	37.9	38.5	39.0	3.5	3.3	3.6	9.2	8.5	9
alifornia ¹	15,262.7	15,446.1	15,278.9	1,441.6	1,251.4	1,322.2	9.4	8.1	e
Bakersfield	274.3	277.4	274.9	41.8	32.7	37.2	15.2	11.8	13
Fresno	414.4	421.0	415.6	59.7	50.2	50.8	14.4	11.9	12
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹	4,434.8	4,443.0	4,442.0	424.6	432.0	448.0	9.6	9.7	10
Modesto									15
	198.2	200.8	198.1	34.7	28.8	30.7	17.5	14.3	
Oakland	1,101.4	1,119.8	1,097.8	78.1	65.3	70.1	7.1	5.8	6
Orange County	1,308.3	1,331.7	1,311.3	92.9	71.2	76.2	7.1	5.4	5
Riverside-San Bernardino	1,242.0	1,271.2	1,256.0	137.2	106.7	116.3	11.0	8.4	9
Sacramento	877.3	696.0	688.7	60.1	46.5	49.6	8.9	6.7	7
Salinas	174.4	177.9	174.4	17.5	15.3	15.3	10.0	8.6	8
San Diego	1,204.8	1,211.2	1,194.6	99.4	81.1	87.8	8.3	6.7	7
San Francisco	887.8	906.8	886.3	58.8	47.3	51.3	6.6	5.2	5
San Jose	832.6	847.8	832.7	60.2	50.8	53.1	7.2	6.0	6
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	193.4	194.6	190.6	14.7	11.9	12.5	7.6	6.1	8
Santa Rosa	217.3	226.2	222.8	15.4	12.8	13.5	7.1	5.7	6
Stockton-Lodi	244.1	245.8	241.1	35.7	26.9	29.7	14.6	10.9	12
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	232.0	233.7	232.4	19.2	15.8	17.0	8.3	6.7	7
Ventura	373.5	379.4	369.3	33.4	24.5	27.0	8.9	6.5	7
olorado	1,924.8	1,955.6	1,988.2	103.0	102.1	99.8	5.4	5.2	5
Boulder-Longmont	149.8	152.7	154.0	7.2	7.0	7.1	4.8	4.6	4
Deriver	985.8	992.2	1,003.9	47.3	46.8	46.9	4.8	4.7	4
onnecticut	1,830.7	1,772.7	1,801.6	119.2	94.0	96.7	6.5	5.3	5
Bridgeport	234.8	224.1	226.9	17.3	13.5	13.8	7.4	6.0	ĕ
Danbury	117.3	114.3	116.9	5.8	4.6	4.7	5.0	4.0	4
Hartford	641.7	626.2	633.9	45.0	35.1	36.1	7.0	5.6	5
New Haven-Meriden	288.4	274.7	276.3	18.6	14.6	15.0	6.5	5.3	5
Stamford-Newark	197.0	190.1	195.0	8.3	6.7	7.0	4.2	3.5	3
Waterbury	123.5	118.0	119.5	9.4	7.7	7.7	7.6	6.5	Ě
elaware	377.4	385.3	391.3	19.5	17.7	18.6	5.2	4.6	4
Wilmington-Newark	278.3	285.5	287.4	15.4	13.6	14.9	5.5	4.8	5
istrict of Columbia	312.7	298.9	311.1	28.9	22.4	27.0	9.2	7.5	۱
Washington	2,578.9	2,563.8	2,600.6	128.0	105.7	117.3	5.0	4.1	4
ilorida¹	6,776.1	6,813.8	6,826.8	518.2	458.7	464.8	7.6	6.7	
Daytona Beach	188.9	188.5	188.5	13.7	12.3	11.7	7.2	6.5	6
Fort Lauderdale	711.2	713.7	715.3	52.9	47.7	46.7	7.4	6.7	è
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	161.3	166.7	165.6	10.8	9.3	9.2	6.7	5.6	
Gainesville	97.6	98.8	97.8	4.8	3.9	3.9	4.9	3.9	2
Jacksonville	494.7	488.9	492.4	31.4	26.7	26.8	6.3	5.5] [
Lakeland-Winter Haven	195.4	197.1	197.5	21.7	15.4	18.0	11.1	7.8	Š
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	210.2	209.6	209.7	17.2	15.5	15.0	8.2	7.4	7
Miami	1,039.0)	ı	86.4	87.1	86.1	8.2 8.3	6.3	٤
Orlando		1,054.4	1,057.6		ı				
	739.3	745.1	752.7	49.7	44.9	44.7	6.7 5.7	6.0	5
Pensacola	167.7	165.7	166.4	9.6	9.1	8.6	5.7	5.5	5
Sarasota-Bradenton	243.0	243.6	243.3	13.8	11.0	12.0	5.7	4.5	4
Tallahassee	137.8	139.5	139.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	4.9	4.7	1 4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,055.7	1,052.7	1,051.6	76.0	61.7	60.8	7.2	5.9	5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	444.3	448.4	443.0	42.0	38.0	39.1	9.4	8.5	

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	ilian labor fo	roe			Unem	Jioyou		
State and area	CIV	man labor lo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	Jun 1994
Georgia	3,475.8	3,559.4	3,631.7	218.2	175.5	211.0	6.3	4.9	5.
Albany	52.8	52.8	54.1	4.7	3.8	4.6	8.8	7.2	ĕ
Athens								3.8	4
	64.9	64.8	65.7	3.1	2.5	2.8	4.7		
Atlanta	1,774.4	1,831.4	1,872.6	100.1	82.9	99.0	5.6	4.5	5
Augusta-Aiken	205.5	203.7	206.3	15.9	12.1	13.7	7.7	6.0	6
Columbus	110.0	110.4	112.5	7.9	6.0	7.6	7.2	5.5	6
Macon	139.5	141.4	144.0	8.7	7.2	9.1	6.3	5.1	6
Savannah	124.4	125.0	127.4	8.2	7.0	8.2	6.6	5.6	6
awaii	586.6	596.1	597.0	28.0	31.5	35.3	4.8	5.3	5
Honolulu	428.0	434.8	434.1	15.4	18.2	20.1	3.6	4.2	4
laho	558.0	594.4	606.2	31.1	26.6	27.5	5.6	4.5	4
Boise City	174.2	190.9	192.6	8.1	6.5	7.4	4.7	3.4	3
inois¹	6,123.7	6,052.1	6,154.2	514.8	345.5	339.3	8.4	5.7	5
Bloomington-Normal	75.5	76.3	77.2	4.2	2.7	2.5	5.5	3.5	3
Champaign-Urbana	93.6	93.7	93.3	6.0	3.8	3.6	6.4	4.0	3
Chicago	4,044.4	4,006.5	4,074.3	325.8	224.1	218.7	8.1	5.6	
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	188.4	184.5	189.2	12.1	8.5	8.4	6.4	4.6	4
Decatur	61.4	60.0	61.4	6.7	4.6	4.7	10.8	7.7	7
Kankakee	51.4	49.9	51.1	4.8	3.5	3.5	9.3	7.0	
Peoria-Pekin	175.0	172.6	175.7	13.9	8.9	8.8	8.0	5.2	
Rockford	191.8	184.7	187.8	21.2	10.8	10.7	11.1	5.9	6
Springfield	107.3	106.5	109.0	6.7	4.6	4.6	6.3	4.3	2
diana	2,989.0	3,042.5	3,062.5	156.9	144.8	140.8	5.2	4.8	
Bloomington	58.1	64.1	58.9	2.3	2.6	2.2	3.9	4.0	3
Elkhart-Goshen	93.8	94.1	96.3	5.3	3.4	3.4	5.6	3.6	3
								1	
Evansville-Henderson	152.6	153.9	153.8	7.9	7.6	7.2	5.1	4.9	
Fort Wayne	260.0	260.4	263.8	15.6	10.9	11.0	6.0	4.2	4
Gary	299.3	300.0	300.3	19.6	18.4	17.4	6.5	6.1	
Indianapolis	766.9	787.0	794.9	32.0	31.7	31.5	4.2	4.0	4
Kokomo	52.1	52.6	52.4	2.8	2.4	2.4	5.3	4.6	4
Lafayette	83.9	87.4	87.3	3.2	3.6	3.0	3.8	4.1	3
Muncie	63.1	67.0	64.4	3.6	3.5	3.4	5.7	5.2	6
South Bend	129.5	133.7	136.6	6.7	5.5	5.5	5.2	4.1	4
Terre Haute	72.3	72.6	70.5	4.6	4.6	4.3	6.3	6.3	•
owa	1,571.4	1,539.8	1,569.2	60.7	48.9	53.1	3.9	3.2	3
Cedar Rapids	104.5	104.0	105.9	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.1	: ا
Des Moines	250.3	244.2	248.9	8.1	6.2	6.7	3.2	2.5	2
Dubuque	49.8	49.1	50.2	2.0	1.5	1.7	3.9	3.0	3
lowa City	63.8	65.0	65.8	1.8	1.5	1.8	2.9	2.3	
Sioux City						2.0		2.5	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	64.5 67.5	63.0 67.7	64.1 67.2	2.0 3.7	1.6 3.0	3.3	3.1 5.5	4.4	2
ansas	1,348.8		ì	72.2	61.9	70.2	5.4	4.6	
		1,351.5	1,376.8				-	5.0	6
Lawrence	48.0	50.2	48.7	3.0	2.5	3.0	6.1		
Topeka	90.3 274.9	90.9 273.3	93.7 279.3	4.6 16.3	3.7 15.0	4.5 17.1	5.1 5.9	4.1 5.5	
entucky	1.836.3		1,830.3	115.4	83.5	88.5	6.3	4.6	
	'i-i-	1,815.8	1					1	1.
Lexington	238.2	234.7	235.3	10.2	7.9	7.8	4.3	3.4	1
Louisville	515.0	519.8	525.1	25.0	20.4	21.3	4.9	3.9	1 :
Owensboro	45.2	46.4	46.9	3.1	2.1	2.3	6.8	4.5	
Duisiana	1,929.3	1,929.2	1,975.5	159.0	142.7	170.6	8.2	7.4	
Alexandria	56.6	56.9	58.6	4.2	3.7	4.7	7.3	6.6	1 :
Baton Rouge	276.3	274.8	282.7	20.6	19.4	23.6	7.5	7.1	
Houma	78.0	78.9	80.2	5.9	5.1	6.1	7.5	6.5	
Lafayette	157.4	158.3	160.6	12.5	10.8	12.6	8.0	6.8	'
Lake Charles	80.9	80.7	82.8	7.1	6.3	7.3	8.8	7.9	:
Monroe	66.1	66.3	67.7	5.3	4.4	5.6	8.0	6.6	
New Orleans	599.1	591.7	604.8	46.7	40.8	48.9	7.8	6.9	
Shreveport-Bossier City	174.3	175.2	180.9	13.5	12.3	14.6	7.7	7.0	1
aine	647.5	614.3	627.4	50.9	35,9	37.9	7.9	5.8	
Lewiston-Auburn	50.6	49.1	49.8	4.6	3.0	3.3	9.0	6.0	ł
	122.3								1.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civilian labor force			Unemployed						
State and area				Number			Percent of labor force			
	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994	
Raryland	2,697.6 1,228.2	2,648.1 1,196.1	2,695.3 1,215.1	179.6 98.8	140.0 76.2	151.7 82.1	6.7 8.1	5.3 6.4	5.0 6.0	
					474.0	4000		- 4		
Rassachusetts'	3,215.9	3,149.1	3,216.1	205.2	171.6 82.7	192.9 94.0	6.4 5.6	5.4 4.7	6. 5.	
Brockton	1,763.4 123.8	1,750.0 120.1	1,778.8 122.3	99.4 9.7	7.7	8.7	7.8	6.4	7.	
Fitchburg-Leominster	70.1		69.5	4.7	3.9	4.7	6.8	5.7	6.	
Lawrence	191.3	68.4 186.2	189.9	15.9	12.4	14.0	8.3	6.7	7.	
Lowell	156.4	149.5	153.7	11.9	8.8	10.4	7.6	5.9	6.	
New Bedford	83.8	80.8	82.3	7.7	7.2	7.7	9.2	8.9	9.	
Pittsfield	42.7	40.8	42.3	3.2	3.1	3.3	7.5	7.6	7.	
Springfield	288.6	282.5	285.2	20.4	17.8	19.4	7.1	6.3	6.	
Worcester	249.9	244.7	247.7	15.9	12.0	13.7	6.4	4.9	5.	
Nobles 1	40004	47.50	4 000 0	250.7	040.0	070.0		5.0		
lichigan¹	4,822.1	4,745.0	4,808.3	356.7	248.8	270.2	7.4	5.2	5.0 3.1	
Ann Arbor	283.0	278.6	261.2	12.9	8.8	10.0	4.6 7.6	3.2	6.	
Benton Harbor Detroit	84.2	83.2	83.5	6.4	4.7	5.0		5.7	5.	
Flint	2,163.1	2,126.5	2,155.3	169.1	107.4	117.3	7.8	5.0 7.1	7.	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	201.9 527.5	196.4 523.0	198.7 528.1	19.5 32.5	13.9 21.7	15.8 24.4	9.7 6.2	4.1	4.	
Jackson	75.0	_ \	74.9		4.1	4.6	7.8	5.6	6.	
Kalamazoo-Battle-Creek	227.1	73.7 223.8	225.1	5.8 13.4	10.3	10.3	5.9	4.6	4.	
Lansing-East Lansing	237.0	236.5	235.1	12.0	8.7	9.7	5.0	3.7	4.	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	197.5	194.4	197.9	14.2	11.3	12.0	7.2	5.8	6.	
innesota	2,510.3	2,581.5	2,596.9	137.6	78.4	100.7	5 .5	3.0	3.	
Duluth-Superior	117.6	119.0	120.4	9.3	6.2	7.6	7.9	5.2	6.	
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,528.1	1,577.9	1,584.2	74.5	40.1	52.2	4.9	2.5	3.	
Rochester	64.5 86.7	66.8 92.1	67.6 90.3	2.4 4.7	1.7 2.7	2.3 3.5	3.6 5.4	2.6 2.9	3. 3.	
liselssippi	1,238,1	1,236.9	1,268.1	96.5	87.7	102.5	7.8	7.1	8.	
Jackson	213.4	211.0	217.8	12.3	10.6	12.5	5.7	5.0	5.8	
Alissouri	2,691.7	2,649.0	2,698.3	180.3	124.2	130.6	6.7	4.7	4.6	
Kansas City	885.2	889.8	909.1	50.1	37.6	42.1	5.7	4.2	4.0	
St. Louis LMA	1,278.3	1,281.2	1,308.6	91.7	62.0	63.3	7.2	4.8	4.	
Springfield	149.5	152.7	153.2	8.7	5.8	5.2	5.8	3.8	3.	
iontana	435.3	438.8	444.6	27.1	18.9	18.9	6.2	4.3	4.	
lebraska	866.4	887.0	890.2	23.8	24.9	29.1	2.7	2.8	3.	
Lincoln	130.0	134.9	133.6	3.5	4.1	3.9	2.7	3.0	2.	
Omaha	352.6	355.6	361.1	10.9	10.1	12.8	3.1	2.8	3.	
levada	753.0	769.6	781.7	59.3	38.9	48.5	7.9	5.1	6.	
Las Vegas	537.4	561.2	566.3	43.0	29.6	36.8	8.0	5.3	6.	
Reno	162.1	162.1	165.4	11.2	7.1	8.7	6.9	4.4	5.	
lew Hampshire	623.8	615.0	626.3	40.0	28.1	29.2	6.4	4.6	4.	
Manchester	97.4	95.6	97.2	6.2	4.3	4.9	6.3	4.5	5.	
Nashua	98.2	93.8	94.1	6.9	4.6	4.9	7.0	5.0	5.	
Portsmouth-Rochester	121.5	119.1	120.1	6.2	4.7	4.9	5.1	4.0	4.	
iew Jersey¹	4,081.4	3,916.8	4,071.6	287.3	278.1	289.4	7.0	7.1	7.	
Atlantic-Cape May	176,2	162.7	174.7	15.1	15.8	15.3	8.6	9.7	8.	
Bergen-Passaic	667.3	639.2	664.7	49.2	47.8	50.3	7.4	7.5	7	
Jersey City	278.9	274.0	282.8	26.7	27.0	28.1	9.6	9.9	9.	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	590.7	570.9	592.8	34.6	31.3	32.9	5.9	5.5	5.	
Monmouth-Ocean	506.7	480.3	509.4	30.5	30.1	31.7	6.0	6.3	6.	
Newark	1,010.0	971.8	1,006.0	75.5	70.9	73.4	7.5	7.3	7.	
Trenton	172.4	165.3	169.2	9.7	9.5	10.1	5.6	5.8	6	
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	64.5	61.7	63.8	6.9	6.8	6.8	10.6	11.0	10	
lew Mexico	772.3	783.3	793.7	69.5	42.4	49.5	9.0	5.4	6.	
Albuquerque	333.4	339.3	345.9	26.3	13.6	15.8	7.9	4.0	4.	
Las Cruces	63.1	64.3	63.3	6.8	4.6	4.8	10.7	7.2	7.	
Santa Fe	74.9	75.5	77.8	3.3	2.4	3.2	4.4	3.2	4.	

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civ	Civilian labor force			Unemployed						
					Number			Percent of labor force			
	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	Jun 1994		
lew York ¹	8,766.5	8,528.8	8,748.2	678.6	549.1	623.7	7.7	6.4	7.		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		451.4	465.2	22.6	19.5	24.1	4.9	4.3	5.		
Binghamton		125.1	129.2	9.0	7.6	9.6	6.8	6.0	7.		
Buffalo-Niagara Falls		569.4	589.7	40.5	31.7	38.9	6.9	5.6	6.		
Dutchess County		113.9	118.4	13.5	6.9	9.0	10.8	6.1	7.		
Elmira		42.4	44.1	2.7	2.2	2.6	6.3	5.2	6		
Glens Falls		60.8	66.2	4.3	3.8	4.2	6.7	6.2	6		
Nassau-Suffolk			1,386.4	99.3	68.4	88.9	7.1	5.1	6		
New York		1,328.3			299.8	312.2	8.9	7.8	8		
		3,861.1	3,892.5	348.3		276.0	9.4	8.4	8		
New York City'		3,244.0	3,248.0	307.8	272.0			5.4	6		
Newburgh		165.8	174.5	12.4	8.9	10.9	7.1		5		
Rochester		566.6	587.2	30.4	26.1	33.2	5.3	4.6			
Syracuse		360.5	374.0	25.9	18.7	23.1	6.9	5.2	6		
Utica-Rome	145.0	141.4	147.2	9.5	7.1	8.6	6.6	5.0	5		
orth Carolina ¹		3,574.2	3,613.6	208.9	143.3	150.6 3.9	5.8 4.8	4.0 3.5	4.		
AshevilleCharlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		105.9	108.5	5.2	3.7		4.6 5.6	3.6	3		
		679.4	686.7	38.2	24.3	26.0		3.6	3		
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill		603.8 538.1	608.7 542.9	30.2 22.9	20.0 14.9	21.2 16.1	5.0 4.1	3.3 2.8	3		
orth Dakota		336.0	346.1	16.0	10.8	14.3	4.8	3.2	4		
Bismarck		48.3	50.4	2.3	1.7	2.0	4.7	3.5	1 4		
Fargo-Moorhead		91.6	93.5	3.0	1.7	2.0	3.4	2.0			
Grand Forks		67.9	67.6	2.8	2.0	2.7	4.4	2.9	4		
hio¹	5,527.9	5,594.4	5,604.3	331.4	347.0	304.7	6.0	6.2	5		
Akron		359.9	354.3	19.0	21.2	18.0	5.5	5.9	5		
Canton-Massillon		203.3	203.9	12.7	14.0	12.0	6.4	6.9	5		
Cincinnati		814.7	817.7	45.2	42.8	38.8	5.6	5.2	4		
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria		1.093.4	1,099.5	68.9	70.9	61.9	6.3	6.5	5		
Columbus		763.4	767.1	35.2	36.2	31.9	4.6	4.7	4		
Dayton-Springfield		472.4	472.0	23.8	26.1	22.7	5.1	5.5	4		
Toledo		312.1	311.2	18.5	19.9	17.7	6.0	6.4	5		
Youngstown-Warren		288.7	289.2	21.0	22.1	18.8	7.5	7.6	6		
klahoma	1,536.4	1,563.3	1,554.5	93.8	97.8	91.9	6.1	6.3	5		
Enid	27.8	27.8	27.7	1.3	1.4	1.2	4.7	5.2	4		
Lawton	43.1	43.9	43.9	2.7	2.7	2.4	6.2	6.2	5		
Oklahoma City		500.1	499.9	24.4	25.4	23.3	4.9	5.1	4		
Tulsa	382.8	378.0	378.2	25.6	24.1	23.5	6.7	6.4	•		
regonEugene-Springfield		1,628.9 155.8	1,681.2 157.5	117.0 11.7	86.8 8.3	97.6 9.2	7.2 7.7	5.3 5.3	5		
Medford-Ashland		80.4	81.7	7.0	5.4	6.2	8.9	6.7	1		
Portland-Vancouver		929.4	949.1	57.4	40.2	45.1	6.2	4.3	2		
Salem		155.0	164.1	11.2	8.2	9.4	7.1	5.3	-		
ennsylvania¹	5,925.8	5.896.6	6.021.4	403.0	376.7	346.8	6.8	6.4	١,		
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		274.7	279.4	19.2	18.1	16.6	7.0	6.6	6		
Altoona		63.8	64.9	4.4	4.6	3.9	6.9	7.2	1		
Erie		140.0	142.4	9.8	9.5	8.7	7.0	6.8	6		
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		329.1	339.0	16.5	15.4	14.0	5.0	4.7	2		
Johnstown	107.5	106.6	108.4	10.7	9.5	8.6	10.0	8.9	1 :		
Lancaster		228.8	237.5	11.5	10.0	9.9	4.9	4.4	2		
Philadelphia		2,429.8	2,484.1	162.5	151.8	144.5	6.6	6.2			
Pittsburgh		1,161.0	1,183.5	76.8	74.3	68.8	6.6	6.4			
Reading		178.6	183.3	10.5	9.8	8.7	5.9	5.5	1 .		
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton		345.0	350.5	26.6	25.6	24.1	7.7	7.4	(
Sharon		54.6	55.5	5.2	3.8	3.5	9.7	6.9	(
State College		64.2	64.5	3.5	3.1	3.0	5.6	4.8	1 .		
Williamsport	57.4	57.5	58.0	4.5	4.3 9.4	3.6 9.0	7.9 5.7	7.4 5.0	!		
York	188.6	187.3	192.6	10.8	-		5.7				
hode Island Providence-Fall River-Warwick		495.4 571.2	504.2 581.2	36.8 45.5	29.5 36.3	29.7 37.6	7.2 7.7	5.9 6.3			
								İ			
outh Carolina		1,828.4 244.8	1,856.1 248.9	150.6 18.5	112.7 14.9	118.0 16.2	8.1 7.3	6.2 6.1			
Columbia		250.6	254.0	16.8	11.2	11.6	6,6	4.5			
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson		464.9	472.1	27.7	21.4	22.5	6.0	4.6			
outh Dakota	369.8	375.3	382.0	13.2	10.4	12.4	3.6	2.8	;		
Rapid City	43.2	42.4	44.2	1.6	1.3	1.4	3.8	3.0	1		
Sioux Falls	81.5	85.2	86.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.1	1		

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed						
				Number			Percent of labor force			
	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994 ^p	June 1993	May 1994	June 1994	
ennessee	2,535.3	2,611.3	2,656.3	161.5	107.4	136.3	6.4	4.1	5.1	
Chattanooga	217.5	222.0	226.4	12.9	9.1	11.2	5.9	4.1	5.0	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	225.4	223.4	227.0	14.6	10.4	13.4	6.5	4.6	5.9	
Knoxville	326.6	334.7	341.4	16.8	11.1	13.8	5.1	3.3	4.0	
Memphis	489.5 562.2	502.9 587.9	509.7 598.7	30.3 26.6	21.8 16.7	26.5 22.1	6.2 4.7	4.3 2.8	5.2 3.7	
exas ¹	9,210.9	9,332.0	9,544.2	689.5	590.4	683.3	7.5	6.3	7.1	
Abilene	57.8	58.1	58.4	3.8	3.1	3.6	6.3	5.3	6.	
Amarillo	104.3	107.0	108.4	5.6	4.4	5.1	5.4	4.1	4.	
Austin-San Marcos	546.4	568.0	578.9	22.9	20.7	22.6	4.2	3.6	3.	
Beaumont-Port Arthur	186.3	186.9	191.2	22.3	18.3	21.3	12.0	9.8	11.	
Brazoria	106.0	107.5	109.4	9.0	7.4	8.6	8.5	6.9	7.	
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	117.7 63.7	122.1 70.1	126.3 66.8	15.3 2.3	13.7 2.3	16.4 2.5	13.0 3.5	11.2 3.3	13. 3.	
Corpus Christi	171.3	175.2	179.0	16.2	15.8	18.6	9.5	9.0	10.	
Dallas	1,628.6	1,670.1	1,720.5	104.4	88.7	101.5	6.4	5.3	5.	
El Paso	276.9	280.6	287.6	30.1	27.5	31.7	10.9	9.8	11.	
Fort Worth-Arlington	795.5	802.1	819.9	51.3	44.4	49.7	6.4	5.5	6.	
Galveston-Texas City	126.8	127.4	130.8	11.5	10.2	12.2	9.0	8.0	9.	
Houston	1,942.1	1,943.6	1,991.8	151.5	127.4	145.5	7.8	6.6	7.	
Killeen-Temple	104.3	106.1	109.2	6.2	5.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	5	
Laredo	63.7	66.5	66.0	6.5	5.7	6.7	10.3	8.5	9	
Longview-Marshall	98.8	100.6	102.7	9.7	8.2	9.6	9.8	8.2	9	
LubbockMcAllen-Edinburg-Mission	118.1 169.7	118.9 182.8	120.8 184.1	6.7 28.9	5.1 26.0	6.7 31.6	5.7 17.0	4.3 14.2	5. 17.	
Odessa-Midland	118.1	117.4	119.5	10.3	9.0	10.3	8.7	7.7	8	
San Angelo	49.1	49.9	50.7	2.8	2.5	2.8	5.7	5.0) š	
San Antonio	685.8	692.5	705.7	41.9	32.3	39.5	6.1	4.7	5	
Sherman-Denison	45.9	46.1	46.2	3.6	2.9	3.2	7.9	6.3	6	
Texarkana	57.3	57.5	58.5	4.7	5.3	6.0	8.3	9.3	10	
Tyler	81.6	81.5	83.8	6.2	4.5	5.6	7.6	5.6	6.	
Victoria	41.5	42.7	43.3	2.6	2.6	3.1	6.3	6.0	7.	
Waco	95.1 62.5	96.8 62.7	97.8 84.3	6.3 4.0	4.9 3.3	5.6 4.2	6.7 6.4	5.1 5.3	5. 6.	
tah	920.8	973.4	995.1	40.2	32.9	37.1	4.4	3.4	3.	
Provo-Orem	132.0	137.4	141.2	5.3	4.1	4.7	4.0	3.0	3.	
Salt Lake City-Odgen	594.4	629.3	641.6	24.6	19.9	22.6	4.1	3.2	3.	
ermont	321.7 93.8	308.1 90.5	313.7 92.0	16.9 3.8	13.3 2.7	12.4 2.7	5.2 4.0	4.3 3.0	4. 2.	
irginia	3,435.2	3,460.8	3,465.5	183.5	180.3	190.4	5.3	5.2	5.	
Charlottesville	71.0	70.4	70.9	2.7	2.5	3.1	3.8	3.5	4.	
Danville	58.7	60.3	60.3	4.4	5.7	5.9	7.5	9.5	9.	
Lynchburg	106.3	106.3	107.5	5.2	5.5	5.6	4.9	5.0	5 6	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	705.5 498.3	722.0 504.4	726.3 502.5	40.7 26.3	42.9 25.5	48.0 25.8	5.8 5.3	5.9 5.0	5	
Roanoke	129.2	130.8	131.2	6.4	5.8	6.1	5.0	4.5	4	
/ashington Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	2,697.8 1,180.2	2,696.0 1,196.3	2,725.2 1,188.6	191.0 73.9	159.3 63.7	163.6 66.9	7.1 6.3	5.9 5.3	6 5	
/est Virginia	795.9	782.1	793.6	85.8	69.8	73.9	10.8	8.9	9	
Charleston	126.9	124.6	128.8	10.0	8.2	9.1	7.8	6.6	7	
Huntington-Ashland	133.9	131.1	132.6	13.2	10.5	11.5	9.9	8.0	8	
Parkersburg-Marietta Wheeling	74.5 72.0	74.5 71.8	75.7 72.2	6.2 6.3	5.1 6.0	5.2 5.3	8.3 8.7	6.8 8.3	7	
ilsconsin	2,780.4	2,782.2	2,874.2	143.5	115.9	134.8	5.2	4.2	4	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	207.6	207.6	215.8	9.4	7.6	9.1	4.5	3.7	4	
Eau Claire	73.1	74.1	75.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	6.2	4.2	4	
Green Bay	117.9	123.1	126.6	5.7	4.6	5.4	4.8	3.7	4	
Janesville-Beloit	76.7	75.7	77.7	5.6	3.3	4.0	7.2	4.3	5	
Kenosha	70.5	71.7	72.8	3.8	3.3	3.8	5.3	4.5	5	
La Crosse	66.7	68.5	69.2 245.7	3.0	2.2	2.6 5.7	4.5	3.3 2.0	3	
Madison	235.9 769.3	242.8 769.5	245.7 797.8	5.7 39.4	4.9 32.5	5.7 39.9	2.4 5.1	4.2	5	
Racine	92.2	92.4	797.8 95.8	6.2	4.6	5.6	6.7	5.0	5	
Sheboygan	58.9	59.3	62.1	2.3	1.8	2.2	3.9	3.1	3	
Wausau	67.6	67.9	69.9	3.7	3.4	4.0	5.5	5.0	5	
yoming	244.1	247.3	254.8	11.6	13.9	13.5	4.7	5.6	5	

 $^{^1}$ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data. $^{\rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the

CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, classified by such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households located in 729 sample areas. These areas are chosen to represent all counties and independent cities in the U.S., with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires and telephone interviews by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of over 390,000 establishments employing over 47 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data complement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications are much more reliably derived from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of variations in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two data series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the reference week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the reference week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, vacation, bad weather, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period are not.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours worked for all workers whereas the payroll survey measures hours for private production and nonsupervisory workers paid for by employers. In the household survey, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours at work. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures the earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the various earnings series available from the household and establishment surveys, see *BLS Measures of Compensation*, BLS Bulletin 2239 (1986).

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job during the reference week, were currently available for a job, and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, exclude, in addition to otherwise ineligible persons who do not file claims for benefits, persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and selfemployed and unpaid family workers).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey. For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the National Agricultural Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and data collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufacturers and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units; the industrial classification of establishments; and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP) differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and most of government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit agencies.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, some employees, such as those working in parochial schools and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance, whereas they are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data ("A" tables, monthly; "D" tables, quarterly)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population and related data are compiled by BLS using data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). This monthly survey of households is conducted for BLS by the Bureau of the Census through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the "reference week." Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week, referred to as the "survey week."

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. Some 2,600 of these households are contacted but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey that ranges between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not eligible for enumeration. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job

training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. For purposes of occupation and industry classification, multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) Job losers, comprised of (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) permanent job losers, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) Persons who completed temporary jobs, who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) Reentrants are persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; (5) New entrants are persons who never worked. Each of these five categories of the unemployed can be expressed as a proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers. (For statistical presentation purposes, "job losers"

and "persons who completed temporary jobs" are combined into a single category until seasonal adjustments can be developed for the separate categories.)

Jobseekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week are classified as jobseekers. Jobseekers do not include persons classified as on temporary layoff, who although often looking for work, are not required to do so to be classified as unemployed. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work. Only active methods-which have the potential to result in a job offer without further action on the part of the jobseeker—qualify as job search. Examples include going to an employer directly or to a public or private employment agency, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other active method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point. Passive methods, which do not qualify as job search, include reading (as opposed to answering or placing) "help wanted" ads and taking a job training course.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4-week period prior to the survey week. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify.

Persons classified as not in the labor force who are in the sample for either their fourth or eighth month are asked additional questions relating to job history and workseeking intentions. These latter data are available on a quarterly basis.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class of worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Multiple jobholders. These are employed persons who, during the reference week, had either two or more jobs as a wage and salary worker, were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job, or worked as an unpaid family worker and also held a wage and salary job. A person employed only in private households (cleaner, gardener, babysitter, etc.) who worked for two or more employers during the reference week is not counted as a multiple jobholder, since working for several employers is considered an inherent characteristic of private household work. Also excluded are self-employed persons with multiple businesses and persons with multiple jobs as unpaid family workers.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the published figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job. Unpublished data are available for the hours worked in each job and for usual hours.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: Illness or other medical limitations, child-care problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work. The full-time labor force includes all employed persons who usually work full time and unemployed persons who are either looking for full-time work or are on layoff from full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of employed persons who usually work part time and unemployed persons who are seeking or are on layoff from part-time jobs. Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans. These are persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Published data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are persons who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (e.g., annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding self-employed persons who respond that their businesses were incorporated) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings. These figures indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls. Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status. These are the terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

Household. A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit and have no other usual address. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Changes in concepts and methods

While current survey concepts and methods are very similar to those introduced at the inception of the survey in 1940, a number of changes have been made over the years to improve the accuracy and usefulness of the data. Some of the most important changes include:

- In 1945, the questionnaire was radically changed with the introduction of four basic employment questions. Prior to that time, the survey did not contain specific question wording, but rather relied on a complicated scheme of activity prioritization.
- In 1953, the current 4-8-4 rotation system was adopted, whereby households are interviewed for 4 consecutive months, leave the sample for 8 months, and then return to the sample for the same 4 months of the following year. Before this system was introduced, households were interviewed for 6 consecutive months and then replaced. The new system provided some year-to-year overlap in the sample, thereby improving measurement over time.
- In 1955, the survey reference week was changed to the calendar week including the 12th day of the month, for greater consistency with the reference period used for other labor-related statistics. Previously, the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month had been used as the reference week.
- In 1957, the employment definition was modified slightly as a result of a comprehensive interagency review of labor force concepts and methods. Two relatively small groups of persons classified as employed, under "with a job but not at work," were assigned to different classifications. Persons on layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the layoff date, and persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new wage and salary job within 30 days of interview, were, for the most part, reassigned to the unemployed classification. The only exception was the small subgroup in school during the

reference week but waiting to start new jobs, which was transferred to not in the labor force.

- In 1967, more substantive changes were made as a result of the recommendations of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics (the Gordon Committee). The principal improvements were as follows:
- a) A 4-week job-search period and specific questions on jobseeking activity were introduced. Previously, the questionnaire was ambiguous as to the time period for jobseeking and there were no specific questions concerning job-search methods.
- b) An availability test was introduced whereby a person must be currently available for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, there was no such requirement. This revision to the concept mainly affected students, who, for example, may begin to look for summer jobs in the spring although they will not be available until June or July. Such persons, until 1967, had been classified as unemployed but since have been assigned to the "not in the labor force" category.
- c) Persons "with a job but not at work" because of strikes, bad weather, etc., who volunteered that they were looking for work, were shifted from unemployed status to employed.
- d) The lower age limit for official statistics on employment, unemployment, and other labor force concepts was raised from 14 to 16 years. Historical data for most major series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the new minimum age limit.
- e) New questions were added to obtain additional information on persons not in the labor force, including those referred to as "discouraged workers," defined as persons who indicate that they want a job but are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or none for which they would qualify.
- f) New "probing" questions were added to the questionnaire in order to increase the reliability of information on hours of work, duration of unemployment, and self-employment.
- In 1994, major changes to the Current Population Survey (CPS) were introduced, which included a complete redesign of the questionnaire and the use of computer-assisted interviewing for the entire survey. In addition, there were revisions to some of the labor force concepts and definitions, including the implementation of some changes recommended in 1979 by the National Commission on Employment and Unemployment Statistics (NCEUS, also known as the Levitan Commission.) Some of the major changes to the survey were:

- a) The introduction of a redesigned and automated questionnaire. The CPS questionnaire was totally redesigned in order to obtain more accurate, comprehensive, and relevant information, and to take advantage of state-of-theart computer interviewing techniques.
- b) The addition of two, more objective, criteria to the definition of discouraged workers. Prior to 1994, to be classified as a discouraged worker, a person must have wanted a job and be reported as not currently looking because of a belief that no jobs were available or that there were none for which he or she would qualify. Beginning in 1994, persons classified as discouraged must also have looked for a job within the past year (or since their last job, if they worked during the year), and must have been available for work during the reference week (a direct question on availability was added in 1994; prior to 1994, availability had been inferred from responses to other questions.) These changes were made because the NCEUS and others felt that the previous definition of discouraged workers was too subjective, relying mainly on an individual's stated desire for a job and not on prior testing of the labor market.
- c) Similarly, the identification of persons employed part time for economic reasons (working less than 35 hours in the reference week because of poor business conditions or because of an inability to find full-time work) was tightened by adding two new criteria for persons who usually work part time: They must want and be available for full-time work. Previously, such information was inferred. (Persons who usually work full time but worked part time for an economic reason during the reference week are assumed to meet these criteria.)
- d) Specific questions were added about the expectation of recall for persons who indicate that they are on layoff. To be classified as "on temporary layoff," persons must expect to be recalled to their jobs. Previously, the questionnaire did not include explicit questions about the expectation of recall.
- e) Persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new job within 30 days must have looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to the survey in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, such persons did not have to meet the job-search requirement in order to be included among the unemployed.

For additional information on changes in CPS concepts and methods, see Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463, October 1976 and "Overhauling the Current Population Survey—Why is it Necessary to Change?," "Redesigning the Questionnaire," and "Evaluating Changes in the Estimates," Monthly Labor Review, September 1993, and "Revisions in the Current Population

Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the refinements in concepts, definitions, and methods made over the years, other changes have also affected the comparability of the labor force data.

- Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.
- Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.
- Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.
- Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.
- In March 1973, a subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.
- Beginning in January 1974, the method used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an "inflation-deflation" approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of this publication.
- Effective in July 1975, as a result of the large inflow of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and

black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—(30,000 men and 46,000 women.) The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, with all of the changes being confined to the "other" component of the population.

- Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.
- Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment method was changed. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of this publication. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in the total population and in the estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 (de-

scribed above), and data users should consider them when comparing estimates from different periods.

- Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was updated to incorporate data from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.
- Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first-and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.
- Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and Hispanic employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.
- Beginning in January 1994, population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were based on

information obtained from the 1990 census (adjusted for the undercount as measured by the Census Bureau's Post Enumeration Survey). This change resulted in substantial increases in total population and in all major labor force categories. Under the new population controls, the civilian noninstitutional population increased by about 1.3 million, with much of the increase occurring among Hispanics. Estimates of employment were raised by about 950,000, and unemployment by approximately 200,000. In addition, the overall unemployment rate rose by about 0.1 percentage point, largely reflecting the increase in the Hispanic share of the population, which has a higher-than-average incidence of unemployment. For further information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Additionally, for the period January through May 1994, the composite estimation procedure was suspended due to technical and logistical reasons.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and was so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The

most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "whole-sale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) systems, respectively.) There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The most notable changes in industry classification were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are changed occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates. When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's), which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989. A redesigned CPS sample based on the 1990 decennial census has been selected for use during the 1990's. Households from this new sample will be phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period. For further information, see "Redesign of the

Sample for the Current Population Survey" in the May 1994 issue of this publication.

The 1980 census-based sample design includes about 72,000 housing units per month located in 729 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States, for the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been maintained through periodic additions and deletions in the State samples. The criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment rate, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

Nationally, a 1.8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. This means that a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate is significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

In 11 States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—the most populous States at the time of the 1980 decennial census, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates. In the other 39 States and the District of Columbia, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the annual unemployment rate estimate. In New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area, a 9-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates.

In the first stage of sampling, the 729 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 72,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 housing units, 4 to 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 113,000 persons 16 years of age and older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,137 counties and independent cities, is divided into 1,973 sample units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties

normally are combined, except where the geographic area of the sample county is very large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is to have the PSU sufficiently compact so that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 1,973 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. There are 314 PSU's in strata by themselves that are self-representing, and generally these are the most populated PSU's in each State. The remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth; proportions of blacks and of Hispanics (in certain States); and population distribution by occupation, industry, age, and sex. The PSU's, randomly selected from these strata, are non-self-representing, because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1980 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on the reliability requirements for estimates for each State. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum of the State. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 with a State sampling ratio of 1 in 2,500, the within-PSU sampling ratio that results is 1 in 250, thereby achieving the desired ratio of 1 in 2,500 for the stratum.

Within each designated PSU, several steps are involved in selecting the housing units to be enumerated. First, the 1980 census enumeration districts (ED's), which are administrative units and contain on the average about 300 housing units, are ordered so that the sample would reflect the demographic and residential characteristics of the PSU. Within each ED, the housing units are sorted geographically and are grouped into clusters of approximately four housing units. Next, a systematic sample of these clusters of housing units is selected.

The identification of the sample housing units within an ED is made wherever possible from the list of ED addresses compiled during the 1980 census. The address lists are used in about three-fourths of the ED's, primarily in urban areas. Area sampling is applied in the remaining ED's, mostly in

rural areas. In ED's where address lists are used, automated methods are used to form clusters of geographically contiguous housing units. An effort is made to have all small, multi-unit addresses (two to four housing units) included in the same cluster. The methods use the within-PSU sampling ratio to identify appropriate clusters for the sample. Supplemental samples are also prepared to account for addresses in isolated geographic areas and to account for housing units not found on the address lists, including housing units newly constructed in the PSU since the census date. The addresses of these units are obtained mainly from records of building permits.

In those ED's where area sampling methods are used, mainly rural areas, the ED's are subdivided into small land "chunks" with well-defined boundaries and having, in general, an expected "size" of about 8 to 12 housing units or other living quarters. For each subdivided ED, one chunk (or more) is designated for the sample. When a selected chunk contains about four households, for example, all units are included in the sample. When the size of the chunk is several times four units, an interviewer does not conduct interviews at all housing units in the chunk but uses a systematic sampling pattern to obtain approximately four households. The remaining housing units in the chunk are then available for further samples. Area ED's also make use of building permit lists to identify newly constructed housing units.

Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. For each sample, eight representative subsamples or rotation groups are identified. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In any 1 month, one-eighth of the rotation groups are in their first month of enumeration, another eighth is in their second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample segments are common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year for the same month. This procedure provides a substantial amount of month-to-month and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus providing better estimates of change and reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1980 census-based sample appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1984 issue of this publication.

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

Time period	Number of sample areas	Househok	Households visited but not eligible	
	arcas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	² 333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec.1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988	729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	729	53,200	2,600	11,500
Nov. 1989 to present 3	729	57,400	2,600	11,800

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

³ The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. Exceptions include sample persons in New York and California, where households in New York City and Los Angeles are selected with higher probability. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is carried out when areas selected for the sample are found to contain many more households than expected. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimation. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSU's rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's that are not self-representing and for those States that have a

substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1980 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and 2) the race distribution of all PSU's (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSU's.)

- b. Second-stage ratio estimation. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:
 - 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older
 - 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories
 - 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," appearing in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

3. Composite estimation procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS being generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals of time.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided indicate primarily the magnitude of the sampling error. They also incorporate the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not account for any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., the inability to obtain information about all persons in the sample; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collecting and processing the data; errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966*, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. The CPS covers about 94 percent of the decennial census population. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races than for whites. Ratio adjustment to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey, by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Since it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect contributions from sampling errors and some kinds of nonsampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1993 as well as the use of new population controls based on the 1990 census. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors obtained must be further adjusted to reflect the CPS sample size in effect at that time. For years prior to 1956, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.5; for the years 1956 through 1966, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.22.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. These tables are briefly summarized here; details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, since the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating

Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Category	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	275 295 146	204 224 160
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	179 194 103	152 164 118
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force	204 209 90	155 160 105
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	89 87 58	88 86 75
Black, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	127 129 66	94 98 75
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	72 76 45	63 67 53
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	90 89 43	68 68 50
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	36 31 28	38 32 33
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	121 123 58	85 100 68

standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These tables provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive month-to-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

Illustration. Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approxi-

Table 1-C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	r	
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over Men, 16 years and over Men, 20 years and over Women, 16 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White workers Black workers Hispanic-origin workers Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present Women who maintain families	0.11 .16 .15 .16 .16 .76 .12 .47 .53 .16 .19	0.13 .19 .18 .19 .19 1.00 .14 .55 .63 .19 .22
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.23 .19	.27 .23
support	.48 .31	.57 .37
including clerical Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	.25 1.27 .72	.30 1.51 .86
service Precision production, craft, and	.36	.43
repair	.36	.43
and inspectors	.52	.62
moving	.57	.68
helpers, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	.74 .73	.88 .87
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wag and salary workers Goods-producing industries Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Service-producing industries Transportation, communications, and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance and services Government workers Agricultural wage and salary	.13 .28 1.57 .73 .29 .38 .45 .15 .43 .27 .19	.16 .33 1.87 .87 .34 .45 .53 .18 .51 .33 .23
workers	1.19	1.42

mate standard error of 204,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "total, women 20 years and over: Civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,674,000 to 54,326,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and

1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this monthto-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment, total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 252,000, and the standard error corresponding 120,000,000 is given as 223,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$223,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000-116,150,000}{120,000,000-100,000,000}\right) (252,000-223,000) \stackrel{\bullet}{=} 229,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be approximately the interval from 734,000 to 1,466,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from 1 month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of part-time employment, by contrast, have low correlation, because these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in this table should be selected from the rows labeled "most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

Table 1-D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

(in thousands)

					Charact	eristic				
Estimated	Agricultural employment		Uı	Unemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				
monthly level									Hispanio	origin
Total or white Black	Black	Total or Black Hispanic Total origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force			
50	12	12	11	12	12	11	11	12	13	13
100	17	17	16	17	18	16	16	17	18	18
500	39	37	36	36	39	36	36	37	41	41
1,000	58	51	51	51	55	51	51	51	57	57
2,000	90	71	71	69	77	72	72	71	78	78
4,000	147		100	89	105	101	101	96	103	103
6,000	202		122	98		123	122	111	116	116
8,000	256		140	99		141	140	121	122	122
10,000	310		155	92		156	156	127	122	122
15,000			187			188	187	125	89	89
20,000			213			214	212	98		
30,000						253	249			1
40,000						281	275			
50,000					1	301	293			
60,000					{	316	304			
70,000]	324	308			
80,000					1 1	328	307			
100,000						321	287			
120,000						294	238			
140,000			1		1 1	238			1	
160,000			į							ı
180,000]					1		

Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels (In thousands)

			Characteristic							
Agricultural employment			Unemployment			Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				
monthly level				***					Hispanic	origin
Total or white Black	Black	Total or Black white	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force		
50	13 18 40 55 73 88 86 65	11 16 35 49 67	14 19 42 60 84 115 138 155 168 190 200	14 19 43 59 78 96 97 81	15 21 46 65 89 118	9 13 29 42 59 82 100 115 128 154 174 206 228 244 254 260 262 252 223 164	9 13 29 42 59 82 100 115 128 154 174 206 228 244 254 260 262 252 223 164	10 14 30 42 58 78 90 96 99 90 43	11 16 34 48 65 86 96 100 98 60	9 13 29 40 55 72 82 86 86 62

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated monthly level, x, can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

Illustration. Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force (x = 6,000,000). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("unemployment, total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

$$a = -0.000015942$$
 $b = 2576.83$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000015942)(6,000,000)^2 + (2576.83)(6,000,000)} = 122,000$$

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is x = 6,100,000. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("unemployment, total or white, total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000083130)(6,100,000)^2 + (3652.76)(6,100,000)} = 139,000$$

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from -22,000 to 422,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error, $s_{v,p}$, of an estimated per-

centage or rate, p, can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y}} p_{(100-P)}$$

Illustration. For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter b = 2204.62 from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2204.62}{5,600,000}} (32) (100 - 32)^{\circ} = 0.9 \text{ percent}$$

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get p = 33 percent and y = 5,650,000. Next, obtain the parameter b = 2344.57 from table 1-G ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total or white, women, low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2344.57}{5,650,000}}$$
 (33) (100 – 33) = 1.0 percent

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation. If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "women, most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("women, low correlation" or "both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors to be applied only to standard errors for monthly levels. Follow these three basic steps:

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	а	b
Labor force and not-in-labor- force data other than agri- cultural employment and unemployment:		
Total ¹	-0.000015693 000029081 000026234 000155877	2601.35 2408.58 2204.62 2217.37
White ¹ Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000017747 000032645 000029869 000185057	2600.88 2410.86 2201.86 2221.96
Black Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000112595 000271289 000164088 001181647	2735.54 2553.88 2298.23 2570.17
Hispanic origin	000190760	3394.71
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16- to 19-year-olds	.000005264	722.21
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white	.000694096 .000761532	2656.52 2461.77
to 19 years	000022089	2250.29
Black	000121207	2749.05
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women	.010960039	2522.57
19 years	.014443239	1483.55
Unemployment:		
Total or white	000015942 000190601 000094114	2576.83 2744.70 3116.52

Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.

Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.

Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H. Illustration. Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black, total"). Use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

$$a = -0.000112595 \qquad b = 2735.54$$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,600,000)^2 + (2735.54)(11,600,000)} \stackrel{\circ}{=} 129,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 112,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000. The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000112595)(11,400,000)^2 + (2735.54)(11,400,000) \stackrel{.}{=} 129,000}$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table 1-H (column labeled "change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 108,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from 1 quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

abor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total or white: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics High correlation characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Women: Most characteristics	-0.00001107800008243000014344 000020055000014922000051814 000018844000053069000169260 000088926001732525 000210520002587620 000140581	1743.77 1363.60 2222.55 1674.07 1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12 1986.81 5079.90
Most characteristics High correlation characteristics¹ Low correlation characteristics¹ Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Women: Most characteristics	00008243 000014344 000020055 000014922 000051814 000018844 000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	1363.60 2222.55 1674.07 1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Most characteristics High correlation characteristics¹ Low correlation characteristics¹ Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Women: Most characteristics	00008243 000014344 000020055 000014922 000051814 000018844 000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	1363.60 2222.55 1674.07 1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000014344 000020055000014922000051814 000018844000053069000169260 000088926001732525 000210520002587620 000140581	2222.55 1674.07 1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000020055000014922000051814 000018844000053069000169260 000088926001732525 000210520002587620 000140581	1674.07 1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Women: Most characteristics	00014922 000051814 000018844 000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	00014922 000051814 000018844 000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	1307.96 2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000051814 000018844000053069000169260 000088926001732525 000210520002587620 000140581	2325.37 1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12 1986.81
Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000018844 000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620	1472.65 2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12
Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620	2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12 1986.81
Low correlation characteristics Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000053069 000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620	2344.57 2280.05 1871.20 5676.12 1986.81
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000169260 000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	2280.05 1871.20 5676.12 1986.81
Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000088926 001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	1871.20 5676.12 1986.81
Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	5676.12 1986.81
Low correlation characteristics Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	001732525 000210520 002587620 000140581	5676.12 1986.81
Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	000210520 002587620 000140581	1986.81
Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	002587620 000140581	
Low correlation characteristics Women: Most characteristics	002587620 000140581	
Women: Most characteristics	000140581	5079.90
Most characteristics	i i	
	i i	1001 10
Low correlation characteristics	002078112	1621.48 4723.08
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	001176111	2729.02
Hispanic origin:	000445004	0417.70
Total	000145304	2417.72
Civilian labor force and not in labor force	000095111	1682.24 7511.81
Low correlation characteristics	002425480 000227656	2045.54
Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over;	000227030	2040.04
and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000366130	3150.64
Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	000315338	2239.22
gricultural employment:		
Total or white:		
Total of white:	000351254	3344.45
Men	000597224	3450.08
Women or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.000115653	2062.60
Diagle		
Black: Total or women	000109948	2493.69
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	017161885	5121.00
Hispanic origin:		
Total or women	.002654758	4043.98
Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.002647371	3510.08
Self-employed	000218152	1822.59
	.0002.0702	1022.00
nemployment: ²		
Total or white:	000000400	0050 70
Total, men, women	000083130 00063570	3652.76 4463.07
Black:	000370015	2000 20
Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000372215 .000043286	3800.30 2691.66
	.5555 10256	2001.00
Hispanic origin:	000000757	4404.00
Total, men, women	000233757 000921018	4404.26 6132.68

¹ High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, service workers, and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

² High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

	Factor						
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages		
Agricultural employment:					. , .		
Total or men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	0.92 .82 .78 .80	0.70 .84 .88 .80	0.79 .57 .49 .59	0.70 .70 .70 .70		
Unemployment:					1		
Total Part time	1.40 1.40	.74 .67	.88 .88	.46 .42	.65 .54		
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:							
Total or white Black Hispanic origin Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	.87 .87 .87 .79 .82	.85 .84 .80 .88 .90	.65 .65 .65 .54 .51	.70 .70 .70 .70 .70		

Establishment Data ("B" tables)

COLLECTION

BLS cooperates with State employment security agencies in the Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey to collect data each month on employment, hours, and earnings from a sample of nonfarm establishments (including government). In March 1993, this sample included over 390,000 reporting units. From these data, a large number of employment, hours, and earnings series in considerable industry and geographic detail are prepared and published each month. Historical statistics can be found in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, and Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas. These data are also available in machine-readable format.

Each month, the State agencies collect data on employment, payrolls, and paid hours from a sample of establishments. Data are collected by mail from most respondents; phone collection is used to obtain higher response rates from selected respondents through computer-assisted interviews, touch-tone self-response, and voice recognition technology.

The respondents extract the requested data from their payroll records, which must be maintained for a variety of tax and accounting purposes. All firms with 250 employees or more are asked to participate in the survey, as well as a sample of smaller firms.

A "shuttle" schedule (BLS form 790 series) is used for mail respondents. It is submitted each month by the respondents, edited by the State agency, and returned to the respondent for use again the following month.

The technical characteristics of the shuttle schedule are particularly important in maintaining continuity and consistency in reporting from month to month. The shuttle design automatically exhibits the trends of the reported data covered by the schedule during the year; therefore, the relationship of the current data to the data for the previous months is shown. The schedule also has operational advantages. For example, accuracy and economy are achieved by entering the identification codes and the address of the reporter only once a year.

All schedules are edited by the State agencies each month to make sure that the data are correctly reported and that they are consistent with the data reported by the establishment in earlier months and with the data reported by other establishments in the industry. The State agencies forward the data, either on the schedules themselves or in machine-readable form, to BLS-Washington. They also use the information provided on the forms to develop State and area estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. At BLS, the data are edited again by computer to detect processing and reporting errors which may have been missed in the initial State editing; the edited data are used to prepare national estimates.

It should be noted that for employment, the sum of the State figures will differ from the official U.S. national totals because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification and differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), Office of Management and Budget.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-6). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are

calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment [65-(100-65) = 30]. However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers. This category includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers. This group includes the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees. These are employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll. This refers to the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. Employee benefits (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours. These are the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours. These are hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Because overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated

portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings. These earnings are in constant dollars and are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). The reference year for these series is 1982.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These

annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,703 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

Benchmarks

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 99 percent of in-scope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 1 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate, for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the 11 months following the March benchmark are also recalculated each year. These post-benchmark estimates reflect the application of sample-based monthly changes to new benchmark levels for March, and the recomputation of bias adjustment factors for each month. Bias factors are updated to take into account the most recent experience of the estimates generated by the monthly sample versus the full universe counts derived from the UI.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and all data series for the previous 5 years are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 390,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,703 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit SIC level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Sub-industry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly between establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the basic cell level, as part of the standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a portion of employment growth each month of the year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial under estimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment

Table 2-A. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample es- tablishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker pay- roll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual avo	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

earnings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly

survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year. The undercount errors were measured as the difference between sample-based estimate results and benchmark levels.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and the bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements were strongly correlated with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated the sample data on employment growth over the most recent two quarters, and a regression-derived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This change in methodology provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model. The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983, for the production of national estimates.

The current model still has limitations in its ability to react to changing economic conditions or changing error structure relationships between the sample-based estimates and the UI universe counts. A principal limitation is the inability to incorporate UI universe counts as they become available on an ongoing basis, with a 6- to 9-month lag from the reference period. Thus, the current quarterly outputs from the model are subject to intervention analysis, and adjustments can be made to its results, prior to the establishment of final bias levels for a quarter. Review is done primarily in terms of detection of outlier (i.e., abnormally high or low) values, and by comparison of CES sample and bias trends with the most recent quarterly observations of UI universe counts. The BLS currently has under study improved bias models using a Kalman filter technique, which would allow a more formal, structured incorporation of each quarter's UI universe counts in the bias modeling process.

Although the primary function of bias adjustment is to account for employment resulting from new business formations, it also adjusts for other elements of nonsampling error in the survey, because the primary input to the modeling procedure is total estimation error. Significant among these nonsampling error sources is a business death bias. When a sampled firm closes down, most often it simply does not respond to the survey that month, rather than reporting zero employment. Followup with nonrespondents may reveal an out-of-business firm, but this information is often received too late to incorporate into monthly estimates, and the firm is simply treated as a nonrespondent for that month.

Because the bias adjustments incorporated into the estimates represent a composite of a birth bias, death bias, and a number of other differences between the sample-based estimates and the population counts, the monthly bias adjustment levels have no specific economic meaning in and of themselves.

Table 2-B summarizes bias adjustments for the 1983-93 period. The table displays the average monthly "bias added"

and the average monthly "bias required" with the benchmark revisions for each year. Bias added shows the average amount of bias which was added each month over the course of an interbenchmark period. For example, the bias added for 1993 is listed as 83,000; this represents the average of bias adjustments made each month over the period April 1992 through March 1993. Bias required is computed retrospectively, after the March benchmark for a given year is known. Bias required figures are calculated by taking the difference between a March estimate derived purely from the sample (i.e., a series calculated without bias adjustment) and the March benchmark. Dividing this figure by 12 gives the average monthly bias required figure. The bias required is thus defined as the amount of bias adjustment which would have achieved a zero benchmark error. The difference between the total bias required and the total bias added is then, by definition, approximately the benchmark revision amount, for any given year. Also provided in the table for illustration, are the March-to-March changes. As discussed above, the over-the-year changes indicate correlation with the bias added and bias required figures.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period, and data in considerably more detail with an additional one-month lag.

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is a form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because variance on a population total estimate is a function of percentage universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the establishment survey design, large establishments fall into a certainty strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample

design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to have a sample design for these industries with a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-C shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling error. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2-D through 2-G.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total

survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. While the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it actually represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from zero to 0.6 percent. Table 2-D shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

Estimated standard errors for employment, hours, and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. Like the employment estimates, the hours and earnings estimates are also subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Estimates of the sampling error for employment, hour, and earnings were computed using the method of random groups and are expressed as relative stan-

Table 2-B. March employment benchmarks and bias adjustments for total private industries, March 1983-93

Year	Bench	nmark	Average n	nonthly bias	Over-the-year employment
real	Employment ¹	Revision ²	Added ³	Required ⁴	change ⁵
1983	72,043	-78	102	96	-1,327
1984	76,371 79,446	341 -131	140 152	169 141	4,328 3.075
1986	81,204	-400	149	116	1,758
1987	83,173	21	98	99	1,969
1988	86,180	-310	114	88	3,007
1989	89,015	-93	131	123	2,835
1990	90,546	-261	85	63	1,531
1991	88,790	-583	61	12	-1,756
1992	88,347	-130	33	22	-443
1993	89,790	288	83	107	1,443

¹ Universe counts for March of each year used to make annual benchmark adjustments to the employment estimates. About 99 percent of the benchmark employment is from unemployment insurance administrative records, and the remaining 1 percent is from alternate sources. Data represent benchmark levels as originally computed.

course of an inter-benchmark period, i.e., from April of the prior year through March of the given year.

² Difference between the final March sample-based estimate and the benchmark level for total private employment.

³ The average amount of bias adjustment each month over the

⁴ The difference between the March benchmark and the March estimate derived solely from the sample without bias adjustment, converted to a monthly amount by dividing by 12.

March-to-March changes in the benchmark employment level. NOTE: Data in this table exclude government employment because there is no bias adjustment for this sector.

dard errors (standard error divided by the estimate). Relative standard errors for individual industries with the specified number of employees are presented in table 2-E and for major industries in table 2-F. Multiplying the relative standard error by its estimated value gives the estimate of the standard error. The errors presented here are based on averages observed from sample data over the March 1992 through March 1993 period.

Standard errors for differences between industries and times. The standard error of a difference is required to test for significant differences between estimates from two different industries. Since the estimates for the two industries are independent, the standard error of a difference is the square root of the sum of the estimated variance of each estimate, S_1^2 and S_2^2 .

s difference =
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2}$$

The CES sample overlaps almost entirely from month to month, so monthly estimates are not independent. The covariance between these estimates must be accounted for when testing the significance of the change in estimates over time. The standard error of the change can be estimated as follows.

s change =
$$\sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2 - 2\rho s_1 s_2}$$

If $s_1 = s_2$, then:

s change =
$$\sqrt{2 s_1^2 (1-\rho)}$$

Conservative estimates of ρ after one month are 0.8 for employment, 0.6 for average weekly hours, and 0.8 for average hourly earnings.

If the bias is small, then the standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals or range of values that include the true population value. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that

every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

Revisions between preliminary and final data. First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised sample-based estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-G presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates.

Table 2-C. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1993

		Sample coverage ¹					
			Empl	oyees			
Industry	Bench- marks (thous- ands)	Number of establish- ments	Number (thous- ands)	Percent of bench- marks			
Total	108,935	325,021	43,564	40			
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government: Federal State Local	603 4,177 17,974 5,720 5,903 19,133 6,633 29,647 2,926 4,581	3,883 26,404 59,002 ² 17,567 26,367 65,892 24,346 77,599 (3) 5,977	258 851 9,160 2,528 1,154 4,843 2,175 7,771 2,926 3,911 7,987	43 20 51 44 20 25 33 26			
State	4,581 11,638	5,977 17,984	3,911 7,987				

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³ Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,342 reports covering about 60 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions (Numbers in thousands)

	March benchma		10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
Industry	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute	
Total	263	0.2	-0.1	0.2	
Total private	288	.3	1	.3	
Goods-producing	287	1.3	4	.7	
Mining Metal mining Coal mining Oil and gas extraction Nonmetaillic minerals, except fuels	13 0 4 8 1	2.2 0 3.4 2.4 1.0	-1.8 -2.7 -1.2 -2.1 -1.1	2.1 3.2 2.0 2.6 1.5	
Construction General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	68 42 1 26	1.6 4.1 .2 1.0	4 1 5 5	1.5 2.2 1.8 1.9	
Manufacturing	206	1.1	4	.7	
Durable goods	128	1.3	4	.7	
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Aircraft and parts Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products	18 6 4 3 0 22 20 7 24 13 2 12 13 78	2.6 1.2 .8 .4 0 1.7 1.0 .5 1.4 1.6 .4 1.3 3.5	6 1 3 7 3 7 9 .5 1.0 .5 3 5	1.4 .9 1.0 1.0 1.3 .8 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.8 1.4	
Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	-4 9 7 9 9 5 -4 19 2	-9.5 1.3 .7 1.3 .6 .5 -2.7 2.1 1.7	-1.7 3 9 1 3 2 3 3	4.0 .8 1.3 .6 .9 .8 1.7 1.6 3.3	
Service-producing industries	-24	(²)	(2)	.3	
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Railroad transportation Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services Communications and public utilities Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	58 56 0 7 37 0 3 1 9 2 4	1.0 1.6 0 1.8 2.3 0 .4 5.3 2.5 .1	4 6 1 1.0 4 -2.8 -1.3 1 -1.6 1	.7 1.3 1.4 1.6 1.6 5.0 2.1 3.7 2.6 .7 1.1	
Wholesale trade	-152 -75 -77	-2.6 -2.2 -3.1	7 9 3	1.2 1.3 1.1	
Retail trade	-40 -13 92	2 -1.8 3.8	.2 .6 1.3	.6 1.6 2.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1993) and historical benchmark revisions—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

Industry		ch 1993 ark revision	10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
Housily	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute	
Retail trade—Continued					
Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and home furnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail establishments	1 -24 -1 -20 -48 -28	(2) -1.2 1 -2.5 7 -1.2	9 8 1.2 4 .6 2	1.0 1.2 1.6 1.5 1.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers Holding and other investment offices Insurance Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	100 10 -24 34 4 -4 64 50 14	1.5 .3 -1.2 7.8 .9 -1.8 2.9 3.3 2.1 2.0	3 7 -1.3 .7 1 5 .2 .5 3	.8 .8 1.3 1.4 .9 4.8 1.0 1.5 1.8	
Services Agricultural services Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Personnel supple services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Museums and botanical and zoological gardens Membership organizations Engineering and management services Services, nec	35 4 14 56 8 -61 11 7 -11 60 -107 -32 -5 -71 2 0 73 5	.1 .9 .9 4.7 .1 -3.5 1.2 2.0 -2.7 5.3 -1.2 8 5 -4.0 .1 0 3.6 .2 -2.4	.1 2.6 .2 .1 .4 1.5 2 5 .9 .1 7 4 (2) 1.0 -1.1 1.4 2.3 .8 5	.5 2.6 1.4 2.3 1.4 4.1 .9 3.8 2.2 2.9 1.0 .7 1.4 2.9 1.9 3.4 3.0 1.5 1.8	
Government Federal State Education Other State government Local Education Other local government	-25 0 18 5 13 -43 -7 -36	1 0 .4 .3 .5 4 1	(2) 0 .4 .7 .2 1 1	.3 0 .7 1.3 .6 .3 .4	

¹ Data relate to the 1984-93 benchmarks, as originally published, unless otherwise noted.

² Less than 0.05 percent. ³ Data relate to 1989-93.

Table 2-E. Relative standard errors 1 for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings

(In percent)

Size of employment estimate	Employment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
50,000	1.3	2.0	2.9
100,000	1.0	1.5	2.4
200,000	.8	1.1	1.9
500,000	.6	.8	1.4
1,000,000	.4	.6	1.1
2,000,000	.3	.5	.9

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Table 2-F. Relative standard errors¹ for estimates of employment, hours, and earnings by industry division (In percent)

Industry	Employ- ment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total private	0.1	0.4	0.3
Mining	.4	.7	1.0
Construction	.4	.2	.3
Manufacturing	.1	.2	.4
Durable goods	.2	.2	.5
Nondurable goods	.1	.3	.4
Transportation and			
public utilities	.2	1.5	1.7
Wholesale trade	.2	.4	.3
Retail trade	.1	.3	.3
Finance, insurance, and			
real estate	.3	.5	.4
Services	.2	.7	.4

¹Relative errors were estimated with sample data from March 1992-March 1993.

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and

1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total private nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

(Tables B-7, B-14, and B-18)

As explained earlier, State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS, however, BLS uses the full CES sample to produce monthly national employment estimates, while each State agency uses its portion of the sample to independently develop a State employment estimate.

The CES area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue.

Caution in aggregating State data. The national estimation procedures used by BLS are designed to produce accurate national data by detailed industry; correspondingly the State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate data for each individual State. State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals nor vice versa. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause distortions at an aggregate level. This has been a particular problem at turning points in the U.S. economy, when the majority of the individual State errors tend to be in the same direction. Due to these statistical limitations, the Bureau does not compile or publish a "sum-of-States" employment series. Additionally, BLS cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure, particularly at turning points.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Doot mann aguaragray	Mean percent revision		
Industry	Root-mean-squareerror of monthly level ¹	Actual	Absolute	
Total	71,500	0	0.1	
Total private	54,300	o	0	
oods-producing industries	17,200	0	.1	
Mining	2,400	0	.3	
Metal mining ²	600	ŏ	.5 .7	
Coal mining ²	1,000	-0.2	.6	
Oil and gas extraction	2,300	.1	.4	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ²	400	o	.3	
Construction	9,900	.1	.2	
General building contractors	4,400	Ö	.3	
Heavy construction, except building ²	4,000	.i	.4	
Special trade contractors ²	6,400	.1	.2	
Manufacturing	11,600	0	0	
Durable goods	8,500	0	.1	
Lumber and wood products	1,400	0	.2	
Furniture and fixtures	1,300	ŏ	.2	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,300	ō l	.2	
Primary metal industries	1,800	1	.2 .2 .2 .5	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,400	1	.5	
Fabricated metal products	2,200	o	.1	
Industrial machinery and equipment	2,600	0	.1	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	3,100	0	.1	
Transportation equipment	4,400	0	.2	
Motor vehicles and equipment	3,600	.1	.4	
Aircraft and parts ²	2,300	1	.2	
Instruments and related products	1,700	0	.2	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,600	0	.3	
Nondurable goods	6,600	0	.1	
Food and kindred products	3,900	0	.2	
Tobacco products	500	.1	.8	
Textile mill products	1,800	Ö	.2	
Apparel and other textile products	2,800	0	.2	
Paper and allied products	1,500	0	.2	
Printing and publishing	1,900	0	.1	
Chemicals and allied products	1,700	0	.1	
Petroleum and coal products	700	1	.3	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	1,700 800	0 1	.2 .5	
ervice-producing industries	64,700	0	.1	
	İ			
Transportation and public utilities	9,300 7,100	0	.1 .2	
Railroad transportation ²	2,100	ŏ	. 6	
Local and interurban passenger transit ²	3,200	ŏ	.7	
Trucking and warehousing ²	15,300	1	.; .3	
Water transportation ²	2,200	.2	1.0	
Water transportation ²	13,300	3	.5	
Pipelines, except natural gas ²	200	4	.7	
Transportation services ²	1,200	1	.3	
Communications and public utilities	4,500	1	.2	
Communications ²	4,200	1	.2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services ²	1,900	0	.2	
Wholesale trade	6,500	o	.1	
Durable goods	3,800	Ō	.1	
Nondurable goods	4,300	Ö	.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates—Continued

	5 .	Mean percent revision		
Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level ¹	Actual	Absolute	
Retail trade	29.000	.1	.1	
Building materials and garden supplies ²	2500	:	.1	
General merchandise stores	13,300	0 .1	.4	
Food stores	6.200	0	.2	
Automotive dealers and service stations	3,100	0	.1	
Apparel and accessory stores ²	12,200	1		
Furniture and home furnishings stores ²	3,900	: <u>-</u> -:	.3 .3	
Furniture and home furnishings stores ²	11,300	0	.1	
Miscellaneous retail establishments ²	7,600	.2	.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,400	0	.1	
Finance Depository institutions ² Nondepository institutions ²	4,500	0	.1	
Depository institutions ²	9,200	1	.2	
Nondepository institutions ²	1,500	.1	.3	
Security and commodity brokers ²	1,000	.1	.2	
Holding and other investment offices ²	1,700	0	.6	
Insurance Insurance carriers ² Insurance carriers Insurance carriers Insurance carriers Insurance Insuran	3,000	0	.1	
Insurance carriers ²	2,800	0	.1	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service ²	1,000	0	.1	
Real estate	3,100	.1	.2	
Services	30,800	0	.1	
Agricultural services ²	6,100	1	.6	
Hotels and other lodging places ²	7,200	.1	.3	
Personal services ²	11,000	1	.6	
Business services	14,300	.1	.2	
Personnel supply services ²	12,400	.2	.5	
Auto repair, services, and parking ²	12,700	2	.4	
Miscellaneous repair services ²	2,800	2	.4	
Motion pictures ²	6,200	1	1.0	
Amusement and recreation services ²	13,900	.4	.9	
Health services	7,100	0	.1	
Hospitals ²	26,400	1	.2	
Legal services ²	12,400	2	.3	
Educational services ²	24,500	1	.7	
Social services ¹	28,100	1	.5	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens ² .	900	2	1.0	
Membership organizations ²	25,400	2	.4	
Engineering and management services ³ Services, nec ²	4,100	0	.1	
	1,400	.1	.3	
Government	44,200	0	.2	
Federal	15,800	.1	.4	
State	17,500	o o	.3	
Education ²	11,700	.1	.5 .2 .2 .3	
Other State government ²	8,200	.1	.2	
Local	26,600	0	.2	
Education ² ²	19,800	.1		
Other local government ²	20,400	0	.2	

¹ The root-mean-square error is the square root of the mean squared error. The mean squared error is the square of the difference between the final and preliminary estimates averaged across a series of monthly observations.

² Data based on differences from January 1990 through December

<sup>1993.

&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data based on differences from August 1990 through December 1993.

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1989 through December 1993, unless otherwise noted.

Regional, State, and Area Labor Force Data ("C" tables)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act.

Annual average data for the States and over 260 areas shown in table C-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 6,500 areas, including nearly 2,400 LMA's, counties, and cities with a population of 25,000 or more. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. At the sub-LMA level, (county and city), estimates are prepared using disaggregation techniques based on decennial and annual population estimates and current unemployment insurance data. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for 11 large States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the

Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, models based on a "signal-plus-noise" approach are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These are the "non-direct-use" States. The model of the signal is a time series model of the true labor force which consists of three components: A variable coefficient regression, a flexible trend, and a flexible seasonal component. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. The noise component of the models explicitly accounts for autocorrelation in the CPS sampling error and changes in the average magnitude of the error. In addition, the models can identify and remove the effects of outliers in the historical CPS series. While all the State models have important components in common, they differ somewhat from one another to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for the employment-to-population ratio and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The employment-to-population ratio, rather than the employment level, and the unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, are estimated primarily because these ratios are usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment-to-population ratio models use the relationship between the State's monthly employment from the CES and the CPS. The models also include trend and seasonal components to account for movements in the CPS not captured by the CES series. The seasonal component accounts for the seasonality in the CPS not explained by the CES while the trend component adjusts for long-run systematic differences between the two series.

The unemployment rate models use the relationship between the State's monthly unemployment insurance claims data and the CPS unemployment rate, along with trend and seasonal components.

In both the employment-to-population ratio and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The regression portion of the model includes a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data

relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, levels are calculated for the employment, unemployment, and labor force levels.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required; the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for the nearly 2,400 LMA's, are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1990 decennial census.

These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components.

The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue, *Employment and Earnings* publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure.

Since the early 1980's, BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust national establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program had been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors had been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau modified this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data are made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied at component levels. For employment series, these are generally the 2-digit SIC levels. Seasonally adjusted totals are arithmetic aggregations for employment series and weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted data for hours and earnings series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

TABLE KEY: A: Monthly household data; B: Monthly national and State and area establishment data; C: Monthly regional, State, and area labor force data; D: Quarterly, household data only, in the January, April, July, and October issues. Annual averages: Household data in the January issue; national establishment data in the January, March, and June issues; State and area establishment and labor force data in the May issue. For additional information see the listing on the inside front cover of this publication.

	Monthly		Quarterly averges		
Topic	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Annual averages
Absences from work	_				47-48
Aggregate weekly hours (Index)	B-9 A-1-3,6,10	A-14,19-20, 28,33	D-1,4,8	D-11-14	A-1-2; 1-2,5- 6,12-13,15, 17-18,28,34
At work Class of worker Diffusion index	A-6 A-6 B-6	A-21-25 A-20	D-4 D-4	D-13-14	19-23 12-13,15-16
Discouraged workers Earnings, hourly	B-11	A-34 B-2,15-18			37 B-2,15-17; 53; 2
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failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990. Effective with the computation of factors for the November 1993-April 1994 period, an extension of the moving-holiday adjustment was introduced to adjust for the effects of elections on local government employment.

Revised seasonally adjusted national establishment-based series based on the experience through March 1994, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1994, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Factors for the November 1994-April 1995 period will appear in the December issue.

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of

seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia (tables C-1 and C-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation as a whole differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

Beginning in 1993, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment data by major industry for all States and the District of Columbia (table B-7). Seasonal adjustment factors are applied directly to the employment estimates at the division level (component series for manufacturing and trade) and then aggregated to the State totals. The recomputation of seasonal factors and historical revisions are made coincident with the annual benchmark adjustments. State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate (unadjusted and seasonally adjusted) data for each individual State. BLS independently develops a national employment series; State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals. Because each Sate series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause significant distortions at an aggregate level. Due to these statistical limitations, BLS does not compile a "sum-of-States" employment series, and cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure.

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