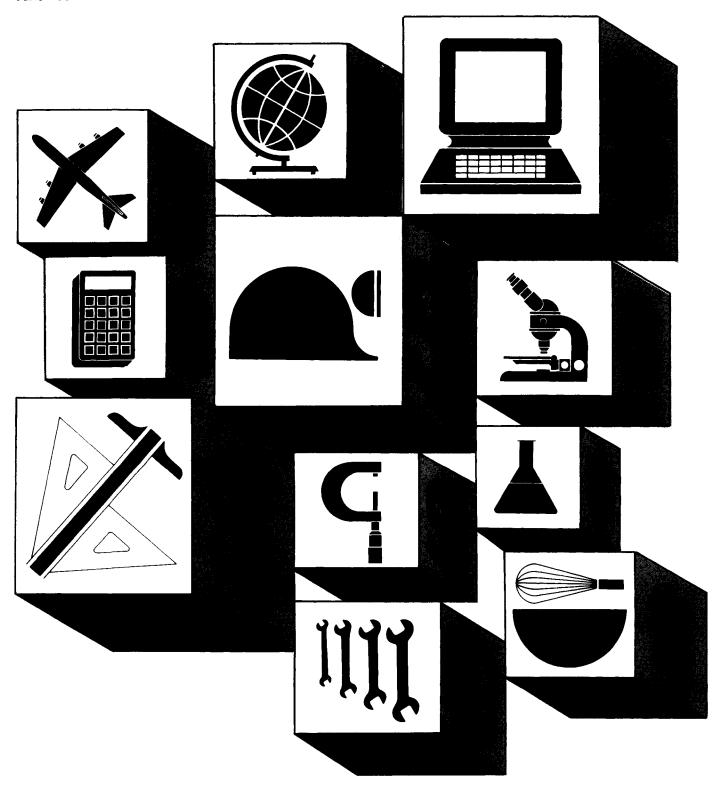




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

In this issue: Establishment data adjusted to new benchmarks

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics June 1991





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Lynn Martin, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan.

Union affiliation Jan.

Earnings by detailed occupation Jan.

Employee absences Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin,
Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty area data

Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and

new seasonal adjustment factors

June

Revised historical national data

Supplement¹

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

A supplement is forthcoming.

Employment and Earnings

Vol. 38 No. 6 June 1991

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

Editors' Note

Beginning with this issue, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of business establishments have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) and updated seasonal adjustment factors which incorporate the experience through March 1991. As a result, unadjusted series beginning April 1989 and seasonally adjusted series beginning January 1986 are not comparable with those previously published.

The article beginning on page 6 discusses the effects of the revisions and provides new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate establishment-based estimates for May-October 1991. Revised current data appear in tables B-1 through B-7 and C-1 through C-7. Revised historical data will be published in a forthcoming supplement to *Employment and Earnings*.

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, May 1991

Nonfarm payroll employment held steady in May, after declining markedly during the first 4 months of this year. Changes in the civilian worker unemployment rate in April and May were generally offsetting. The rate rose by three-tenths of a point in May to 6.9 percent, following a roughly similar decline in April.

Unemployment

Both the number of unemployed persons and the civilian worker unemployment rate rose in May (after seasonal adjustment), following declines of similar magnitudes in April. The number of unemployed persons rose by 370,000 in May to a level of 8.6 million, and the civilian worker unemployment rate rose from 6.6 to 6.9 percent. Both measures, however, were about the same in May as they were in March. The May jobless rate was 1.4 percentage points higher than it was at the start of the current recession in July 1990. (See table A-33.)

Although unemployment rates for all major worker groups rose in May, the increases generally offset April declines. Thus, the rates for adult women (5.8 percent), adult men (6.5 percent), teenagers (19.1 percent), whites (6.1 percent), and Hispanics (9.7 percent) were about the same as they had been in March. The jobless rate for blacks, however, at 13.0 percent in May, has edged upward steadily during the last 3 months. Unemployment rates for all major worker groups are substantially higher than they were in mid-1990. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The number of workers unemployed for less than 5 weeks rose by 370,000 in May, following a large decline in April. Long-term unemployment held steady in both April and May. At 12.9 and 6.5 weeks, respectively, both the average and median durations of unemployment returned to their March levels, after rising in April. (See table A-40.)

The number of workers employed part time for economic reasons decreased by 230,000 in May. At 5.9 million, this group (often referred to as the partially unemployed) remains about 900,000 higher than it was at the start of the current recession. (See table A-35.)

Civilian employment and the labor force

Movements in civilian employment and in the labor force were also offsetting in April and May. At 116.6

million, seasonally adjusted, total civilian employment fell by 810,000 in May, following a gain of 640,000 in April. The bulk of these changes have occurred among the selfemployed. (See tables A-33 and A-35.)

Since July of last year, total employment has fallen by 1.3 million. The employment-population ratio—the proportion of the working-age population with jobs—dropped half a percentage point in May, more than offsetting an increase in April. At 61.5 percent, the ratio is nearly 1-1/2 percentage points lower than its peak in the middle of last year. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force declined by 440,000 in May to 125.2 million, following an increase of similar magnitude in April. The labor force participation rate—the proportion of working-age persons either employed or actively seeking employment—was 66.1 percent in May, down 0.4 percentage point from a year earlier. The largest decline in labor force participation over the year has occurred among teenagers, whose rate has dropped 2.4 percentage points, but there were also small declines among adult men and women. (See table A-33.)

Industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment held steady in May at 108.8 million. This followed a drop of 180,000 (as revised) in April and declines averaging 240,000 in the first quarter. Small employment improvements in May were widespread, as the index of diffusion was up to 50.8 percent. This was the first time in a year that as many industries added jobs as lost them. (See tables B-4 and B-7.)

Employment in the goods-producing sector, which had experienced declines each month for over a year, was little changed in May, as manufacturing and construction firmed up. Manufacturing payrolls were buoyed for the second consecutive month by returns of laid-off auto workers. Other manufacturing industries, most notably industrial machinery and instruments, continued to lose jobs. Nevertheless, about as many manufacturing industries gained employees as lost them, the best showing since early 1989.

Construction employment was unchanged in May; the industry had lost about a tenth of its jobs during the prior year. Continued reductions in nonresidential general contractors were offset by the first gains in special trades in

over a year. In mining, 6,000 jobs were lost, half in oil and gas extraction.

In the service-producing sector, there was renewed job growth in May, after substantial losses in the prior 3 months. Improvement was largely concentrated in the services industry, which showed its first gain since January. Employment in business services was up 15,000, and health services continued its steady employment gains, adding 30,000 workers. A small employment increase also occurred in transportation. Real estate employment was unchanged in May, a positive sign in an industry that has had steady losses for a year. Retail trade employment was little changed in May following eight consecutive declines that averaged 50,000 a month. A similar occurrence was evident in wholesale trade.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.3 hour in May to 34.3 hours, seasonally adjusted, following

decreases in the prior 2 months. Both the manufacturing workweek and factory overtime edged up a tenth of an hour, to 40.4 and 3.4 hours, respectively. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of private production or nonsupervisory workers increased by 0.9 percent to 121.1 (1982 = 100) in May, seasonally adjusted. The index for manufacturing increased by 0.4 percent to 101.1. Over the year, the index for manufacturing was down by 6.3 percent. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers increased by 0.4 percent to \$10.32, seasonally adjusted, in May. Average weekly earnings increased by 1.3 percent to \$353.98. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings edged up by 1 cent and average weekly earnings were up by \$1.37. Over the year, average hourly earnings increased by 3.4 percent and average weekly earnings by 2.8 percent. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

Scheduled Release Dates									
Employment and unemployment data are sheduled for initial release on the following dates:									
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date						
June	July 5	September	October 4						
July	August 2	October	November 1						
August	September 6	November	December 6						

BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1990 Benchmarks

Anderia D. Thomas

With the release of data for May 1991, the Bureau of Labor Statistics introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly sample survey of nonfarm establishments. Each year, the sample estimates are adjusted to new benchmarks, which are comprehensive universe counts of employment based primarily on unemployment insurance reports filed by all employers with State employment security agencies.

All unadjusted data from April 1989 forward have been revised to incorporate the March 1990 benchmarks. As is the usual practice with the introduction of new benchmarks, the Bureau has also revised all seasonally adjusted series for the previous 5-year period and has introduced new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to adjust data in the months ahead. As part of an ongoing effort to increase data availability for the service-producing sector, also effective with the release of May data is the publication of employment, hours, and earnings data for 10 additional services-sector industries. The publication of these data does not affect totals and subtotals for industry divisions or groups. Some characteristics of these 10 industries are shown in text table A.

Effect of the current benchmark adjustment

The March 1990 benchmark level for total nonfarm employment was 109,114,000. This was 229,000 or 0.2 percent below the corresponding sample-based estimate. (See table 1.) The magnitude of this year's benchmark revision is about the same as the average benchmark revisions over the past 10 years. (See table 2.) Benchmark revisions were downward in all major industry divisions except manufacturing, services, and government.

In the goods-producing sector there was an overall downward revision of only 13,000 or 0.1 percent. This was a result of offsetting errors among the sector's three major component divisions: Mining, construction, and manufacturing.

Mining and construction both were revised downward. Mining showed a substantial overestimation, as had been

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the case for the last several years, while the revision in construction was relatively small. The tendency in recent years of overestimating in manufacturing was reversed in 1990, as there was an overall upward revision of 0.3 percent. This was the smallest benchmark revision in manufacturing since 1982. Within manufacturing, a downward revision of 6,000 in durable goods was more than offset by an upward revision of 57,000 in nondurable goods. Only 7 of the 20 2-digit manufacturing industries were revised downward.

The service-producing sector had a considerably greater revision than the goods-producing sector; as a whole, it was revised downward by 216,000, or 0.3 percent. The largest downward revision occurred in wholesale trade (159,000). This was unusually large compared to earlier years. Over four-fifths of the revision in wholesale trade was in durable goods (-137,000), and of this, the largest declines occurred in electrical goods (45,000) and machinery, equipment, and supplies (59,000).

Services and retail trade, the two largest major divisions, both had relatively small benchmark errors. Retail trade

Text table A. Selected characteristics of 10 additional industries in the service-producing sector, March 1990

Industry	1987 SIC code	Benchmark employment (thousands)	Number of reporting units
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	187.9	858
	4724	149.7	718
	7371	151.1	301
Physical fitness facilities Membership sports and recreation clubs	7991	129.2	220
	7997	230.1	1,284
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	268.1	726
facilities	8052	196.9	635
	835	457.5	1,317
	8711	608.3	1,636
	8712	128.8	484

Table 1. Differences between nonfarm employment benchmarks and estimates by industry, March 1990 (Numbers in thousands)

Industry	Ponohmark	Estimata	Difference			
Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Amount	Percent		
Total	109,114	109,343	-229	-0.2		
Total private	90,546	90,807	-261	3		
Goods-producing	24,717	24,730	- 13	1		
Mining ¹	692 382	715 396	- 23 - 14	-3.3 -3.7		
Construction ¹	4,865 1,262	4,906 1,268	– 41 – 6	8 5		
Manufacturing	19,160	19,109	51	.3		
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods	11,216 737 518 555 758 275 1,428 2,118 1,693 2,018 833 1,014 377	11,222 734 518 552 755 270 1,415 2,124 1,712 2,021 824 1,006 386 7,887	-6 3 0 3 5 13 -6 -19 -3 9 8 -9	1		
Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	1,608 48 698 1,054 695 1,575 1,088 154 888 136	7,587 1,590 46 707 1,038 694 1,580 1,081 156 866 130	18 2 - 9 16 1 - 5 7 - 2 22 6	.,7 1.1 4.2 -1.3 1.5 .1 3 .6 -1.3 2.5 4.4		
Service-producing	84,397	84,613	-216	3		
Transportation and public utilities	5,735 3,474 2,261	5,750 3,544 2,206	15 70 55	3 -2.0 2.4		
Wholesale trade	6,167 3,628 2,539	6,326 3,765 2,561	-159 -137 - 22	-2.6 -3.8 9		
Retail trade ¹	19,302 2,439 3,169 2,062 6,423	19,361 2,404 3,234 2,098 6,415	- 59 35 - 65 - 36 8	3 1.4 -2.1 -1.8 .1		
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance Insurance Real estate	6,681 3,285 2,108 1,288	6,774 3,326 2,133 1,315	- 93 - 41 - 25 - 27	-1.4 -1.3 -1.2 -2.1		
Services ¹	27,944 5,126 7,716	27,866 4,960 7,930	78 166 –214	.3 3.2 –2.8		
Government Federal State Local	18,568 3,082 4,386 11,100	18,536 3,082 4,364 11,090	32 0 22 10	.2 0 .5 .1		

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

Table 2. Percent differences between nonfarm employment benchmarks and estimates by industry division, March 1983-90

Industry division	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total	(1)	-0.4	(1)	-0.5	(1)	-0.3	(¹)	-0.2
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government	-5.4 .5 -1.2 .2 .9 (1) 1 7	-1.6 3.1 9 .2 1.3 .4 .4	-3.1 1.4 5 -1.0 3 .5 .1	-1.2 6 -1.1 3 9 1 .3	-3.2 -1.5 5 (¹) .9 5 .1	-1.7 -2.2 7 6 1 .5	-3.7 -1.5 -1.0 -1.7 .6 -1.1 .8	-3.3 8 .3 3 9 -1.4 .3

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

was overestimated by 0.3 percent, while services was underestimated by the same percentage.

Government and transportation and public utilities each had small revisions within their normal historical range. Finance, insurance, and real estate showed a record large revision for the second year in a row; employment estimates were overstated by 1.4 percent.

Revised estimates were computed each month from April 1990 forward (the post-benchmark period), based on the new benchmark levels. Table 3 shows the extent of the revisions for 1990 and 1991 in both level and change, through a comparison of seasonally adjusted monthly data as previously published and as revised. These revisions reflect the recomputation of both the bias adjustment and the seasonal adjustment factors.

Monthly estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are published in considerable industry detail. Table 4 indicates the size of revisions for the 261 published 3-digit industries. Within this group, more than one-fourth had revisions under 1 percent, and two-thirds had revisions under 3 percent. As has generally been the case, the smallest industries in employment size tended to have the largest percentage revisions.

Effect of revisions on other series

Small revisions, due to the routine benchmarking process, can occur in the series on women workers and production and nonsupervisory workers. Although there are no benchmark employment levels for these series, they are revised by computing ratios of employment for the particular series to all employees prior to revision and then applying the ratios to the revised all-employee figures. Revisions at the basic cell level are added to produce the summary level revisions.

Average weekly hours and average hourly earnings are estimated directly from reported figures at the estimating cell level and are not benchmarked. However, the broader industry groups of the hours and earnings series require a weighting mechanism to yield meaningful averages. The production or nonsupervisory worker employment esti-

mates for the basic cells are used as weights for the hours and earnings estimates for broader industry groupings. Adjustments of the all-employee estimates to new benchmarks may alter the weights, which, in turn, may change the estimates for hours and earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers at higher levels of aggregation.

Generally, new employment benchmarks have little impact on hours and earnings estimates for major groupings. To influence the hours and earnings estimates of a broader group, employment revisions have to be relatively large and must affect industries which have substantially different hours or earnings averages than the other industries in their group. Occasionally, corrections of errors in the reported payroll data for individual establishments may also change the averages of selected industries.

Benchmark adjustment procedure

The annual benchmark adjustment procedure serves both as a measure of the quality of the sample estimates and as a base for producing more accurate future monthly measures of current industry employment levels from the sample. The benchmark levels are derived primarily from summations of the employment figures on the mandatory unemployment insurance (UI) contribution reports filed with the State employment security agencies by all employers covered by the UI laws. The figures compiled from these reports are adjusted where necessary to reflect discrepancies in industry coding between the establishments in the survey and the corresponding establishments in the population. The final benchmark levels are determined by adding to the adjusted UI-based figures estimates of employment in those industries that are not fully covered by UI laws. For the private sector, these are primarily in transportation and services.

Normally, new benchmarks are determined for March of each year for the most detailed industrial classification levels and size groups at which estimates are made, amounting to 1,700 estimating cells. The time required to complete the benchmark process—from the full collection

Table 3. Differences in seasonally adjusted levels and over-the-month changes, total nonfarm employment, January 1990-February 1991

Year		Levels		Over-the-month changes			
and month	As previously published	As revised	Difference	As previously published	As revised	Difference	
1990:							
January	109,654	109,416	-238	271	227	-44	
February	109,958	109,792	-166	304	376	72	
March	110,122	109,933	-189	164	141	-23	
April	110,177	109,934	-243	55	1	- 54	
May	110,617	110,304	-313	440	370	– 70	
June	110,829	110,435	-394	212	131	-81	
July	110,740	110,269	-471	-89	-166	-77	
August	110,613	110,160	- 453	-127	-109	18	
September	110,612	110,113	-499	_1 _1	-47	-46	
October	110,432	109,982	-450	-180	-131	49	
November	110,165	109,761	-404	-267	-221	46	
December	110,004	109,621	-383	-161	-140	21	
1991:							
January	109,813	109,418	-395	-191	-203	-12	
February	109,527	109,160	-367	-286	-258	28	

of the UI population data to publication of the revised industry estimates—is about 15 months. Revised employment estimates for the period between the prior and the current benchmark are derived by spreading the difference between the March benchmark levels and the March sample-based estimates over the prior 11 months, adding eleven-twelfths of the difference to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so forth. Revised estimates for the post-benchmark period are derived by extrapolating the new benchmark levels, using the existing monthly sample links and revised bias adjustment factors.

Why estimates differ from benchmarks

Differences between population benchmarks and sample-based estimates result from both sampling and nonsampling error. Sampling error occurs any time a sample is used to make inferences about a population. As with any sample-based estimates, a certain amount of error is to be expected in the estimation of employment, hours, and earnings from the establishment survey. A complete monthly count of all establishments would provide the most accurate levels of employment by detailed industry. However, given the more than 6 million employers in the population, the collection of such monthly figures would be prohibitively expensive and too time consuming to compile. The current sample of over 350,000 establishments provides preliminary estimates within a month following the reference period. Additionally, sources of nonsampling error can be more easily controlled in a sample.

Both the benchmark levels and the sample-based estimates are subject to several sources of nonsampling error. Major sources of these nonsampling errors are: (1)

an inability to measure employment in new firms from the time of their inception, due to the time lag between the creation of new firms and their inclusion in the sample; (2) procedures for handling changes in industrial classification; (3) the quality of the various source data used to derive the benchmark; (4) an inability to cover completely all firms in the target population; and (5) other errors in coverage, response, processing, and collection.

Bias adjustment factors. In order to compensate for the inability of the survey to capture the entry of new firms, the Bureau calculates monthly bias adjustment factors that are applied to current monthly sample estimates. To do so, each year, 3- to 5-year averages of the relative differences between the March benchmark levels and sample-based estimates are computed for most 3-digit industries. These are average annual bias adjustment factors and are updated to reflect current rates of employment change for the most recent quarter for the same industries. The updated factors are applied to the sample-based estimates for each estimating cell level in the industry. Finally, the estimates for the cells are aggregated to produce the monthly published estimates.

Changes in industrial classification. Establishments are classified by industry according to major product or activity. Differences in the classification of establishments between the population and the sample can be an important source of nonsampling error. As part of a continuing quality maintenance program, approximately one-third of all employers are requested to refile industry classification information each year. This information can result in changes in industry classification. In addition, industry codes of establishments in the sample are reviewed each

Table 4. Distribution of published 3-digit SIC industries by size of industry and percent difference between employment benchmarks and estimates, March 1990

Danasat	Total	Size of industry (number of employees)							
Percent difference	number of industries	Under 50,000	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 199,999	200,000 and over				
Total	261	36	47	70	108				
0-0.9	74 98 43 46	6 11 11 8	14 12 11 10	19 29 6 16	35 46 15 12				

year and are reconciled to the corresponding codes of the establishment in the population file. Since these changes are introduced once a year, at the time of the revision to new benchmarks, they contribute to benchmark adjustment. At the more detailed industry levels, changes in classification can be an important cause of benchmark adjustments. As the estimates are aggregated to higher level industry groupings, these classification changes cancel out, so that the net difference is zero for total nonfarm employment.

Benchmark source material. The principal source of benchmark data for private industries is the "ES-202 report," which contains employment data reported to State employment security agencies by employers covered by State UI laws. UI coverage is now extended to approximately 98 percent of employees in the total nonfarm sector and 99 percent of those in the private nonfarm sector. Employment counts for the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government are derived from official summaries prepared by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM). These summaries are complete counts of Federal workers and are not usually subject to revision.1 The official OPM summaries do not provide detail on Federal employment by industry, such as hospitals, on a current monthly basis. These are estimated by BLS from a sample of Federal establishments.

BLS uses several sources to obtain employment counts for the remaining industries partially covered or exempt from mandatory UI coverage. Data on employees covered under Social Security laws, published by the Bureau of the Census in County Business Patterns, are used to augment UI data for nonoffice insurance sales workers and to derive benchmark figures for religious organizations, private schools, and hospitals. Benchmarks for State and local government hospitals and educational institutions are

based on the Annual Survey of Governments conducted by the Bureau of the Census. Benchmark data for employees of church-sponsored schools are obtained through State agency surveys. Data for interstate railroads are obtained from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Seasonal adjustment procedure

BLS uses the X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average) seasonal adjustment procedure, developed by Statistics Canada,² to seasonally adjust establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The ARIMA option is used to project the unadjusted data forward for 1 year prior to seasonally adjusting the series. The use of ARIMA projections lessens the need for revisions of historical data in future seasonal adjustments. ARIMA projections are not used in series where the projections do not meet test requirements.³

The Bureau computes and publishes projected seasonal adjustment factors twice a year for use in seasonally adjusting establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. Factors for the 6-month period May through October 1991 are published in this issue. Additionally, all published seasonally adjusted series have been revised for the most recent 5 years (1986-91) for the incorporation of new seasonal factors.

A moving-holiday extension of X-11 ARIMA is used to seasonally adjust the average weekly hours series and manufacturing overtime hours series, to account for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period.⁴

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the unadjusted component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for employment series are then obtained by aggregating seasonally adjusted components directly, while hours and earnings series represent weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted component series. The seasonal adjustment factors that will be used for the period May through October 1991 for all published series are shown in tables 7 through 12. Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a small number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These series are identified in tables 8, 10, and 12. They are used, however, in aggregating to broader seasonally adjusted levels.

¹ Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Security Agency, and those of the Department of Defense paid from nonappropriated funds are not included in the OPM summaries of these series and thus are not counted.

² A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

³ The affected series are identified in tables 7 through 12.

⁴ A more detailed description of this adjustment appears in the January 1990 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Publication of revised data

Data for detailed industry categories of employment, hours, and earnings will be presented in a forthcoming supplement to *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1909-90, (BLS Bulletin 2370), issued in March 1991. The supplement will contain all of the historical data revised as a result of this benchmark and updated seasonal adjustment factors, that is, unadjusted data for April 1989 through February 1991 and seasonally adjusted data for

January 1986 through February 1991.

Employment, hours, and earnings data for the 10 new services sector industries (text table A) will be published from the date of inception of each series.

Employment estimates are published monthly in Employment and Earnings for most of the significant nonfarm industries. Those industries for which monthly data are not published are either too small or are not represented by a sufficient sample. Table 6 contains historical benchmark figures for these industries.

Table 5. Differences between hours and earnings benchmarks and estimates, selected industries, March 1990

	A	verage weekly h	nours	Average hourly earnings				
Industry	Previous estimate	Revised estimate	Difference	Previous estimate	Revised estimate	Difference		
Total private	34.3	34.3	0.0	\$ 9.93	\$ 9.92	\$-0.01		
Mining	43.0	43.1	.1	13.57	13.61	.04		
Construction	37.9	37.9	0	13.63	13.69	.06		
Manufacturing	40.7	40.7	0	10.75	10.74	01		
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products	41.4 40.2 39.0 41.5 42.7 41.5 42.1 41.0 42.3 41.2 39.4 39.8 40.1 38.8 39.8	41.4 40.2 39.0 41.5 42.7 41.5 42.1 41.0 42.3 41.2 39.4 39.8 40.0 38.8 39.8 36.2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11.25 9.05 8.43 11.03 12.71 10.75 11.64 10.17 14.02 11.19 8.59 10.04 9.61 16.46 7.94 6.53	11.25 9.04 8.43 10.98 12.73 10.76 11.64 10.17 14.02 11.18 8.59 10.02 9.59 16.25 7.94	0 01 0 05 .02 .01 0 0 01 0 02 02 02		
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	42.9 38.1 42.5 44.2 41.3 37.3	42.9 38.1 42.5 44.2 41.3 37.3	0 0 0	12.11 11.17 13.34 16.11 9.68 6.87	12.11 11.16 13.35 16.11 9.66 6.85	02 02 02		
Transportation and public utilities	38.7	38.7	0	12.83	12.84	.01		
Wholesale trade	37.9	37.9	0	10.66	10.65	01		
Retail trade	28.5	28.4	1	6.74	6,72	02		
Finance, insurance, and real estate	35.6	35.6	0	9.84	9.83	01		
Services	32.4	32.4	0	9.76	9.73	03		

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90

Industry	1987 SIC Code	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total		88,232	92,587	96,042	98,150	100,427	103,834	107,026	109,114
Total private		72,043	76,371	79,446	81,204	83,173	86,180	89,015	90,546
Goods-producing		22,370	24,017	24,469	24,192	24,037	24,565	24,815	24,717
Mining		945	952	933	832	696	711	678	692
Lead and zinc ores		4.0	4.0	3.3	2.9	2.4	2.0	2.3	2.6
Gold and silver ores Other metal ores and mining services		8.6 14.0	10.5 13.3	9.8 11.4	10.4 9.1	12.1	16.2	19.5	21.0
Bituminous coal and lignite-surface		(')	(')	(')	(')	8.3 (¹)	8.6 59.7	10.2 57.3	10.1 56.7
Bituminous coal-underground		6	6	6	- 6 l	- ŏ	81.2	78.4	79.8
Anthracite mining and coal mining services		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	10.9	9.5	9.4
Natural gas liquids		6.7	6.6	6.6	6.1	5.7	5.0	4.7	4.5
Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals Dimension stone and other nonmetallic minerals		8.1 9.2	8.4 9.9	8.6 9.5	8.4 10.0	7.9 10.8	8.3 11.1	8.3 10.0	8.5 10.7
Construction		3,469	3,914	4,241	4,415	4,531	4,686	4,741	4,865
Bridge, tunnel, and elevated highway	1	(')	(')	(¹)	()	(¹)	43.9	43.8	45.5
Water, sewer, and utility lines		()	(<u>)</u>	()	(')	(t)	199.1	203.6	207.2
Heavy construction, nec		()	()	()	()	()	235.2	246.1	250.2
Masonry and other stonework		()	0	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (²)	(¹) (¹)	155.5 250.3	151.7 257.6	155.2 263.7
Terrazzo, tile, marble, and mosaic work		8	8	- 6 I	8	- 6 I	34.8	36.2	39.3
Carpentry work		6	(1)	(i)	(1)	(')	132.6	149.5	153.8
Floor laying and floor work, nec		(<u>)</u>	()	()	()	(¹)	45.9	47.8	49.3
Concrete work		(')	(')	(')	(¹) 16.2	(')	177.6 17.6	190.9	197.1 19.0
Water well drilling Miscellaneous special trade contractors		14.6 314.2	15.7 353.1	16.1 393.0	416.4	16.8 429.6	462.5	18.8 472.2	502.5
Structural steel erection		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	73.3	75.0	74.2
Glass and glazing work		()	(9)	(')	Ö	(†)	40.0	39.4	40.0
Excavation work		()	()	<u>()</u>	()	()	109.7	104.9	108.6
Wrecking, demolition, and other special trade contractors		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	239.5	252.9	279.7
Manufacturing		17,956	19,151	19,295	18,945	18,810	19,168	19,396	19,160
Durable goods		10,394	11,321	11,535	11,251	11,076	11,270	11,448	11,216
Lumber and wood products: Special product sawmills, nec	2429	3.6	4.1	3.1	2.7	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.1
Structural wood members, nec	2439	14.0	19.0	19.1	22.6	26.3	26.5	27.8	27.5
Nailed wood boxes and shook		5.3	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.8	5.5	4.9	4.4
Wood pallets and skids		21.6	25.8	26.9	26.3	27.5	29.9	31.8	32.4
Wood containers, nec Prefabricated wood buildings		8.8 15.8	8.7 19.0	8.3 18.6	8.2 19.7	8.0 22.0	7.5 22.5	7.9 21.8	8.2 18.6
Wood preserving		11.8	12.3	13.0	12.5	12.6	12.7	12.8	12.6
Reconstituted wood products	2493	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	15.8	17.1	18.1
Wood products, nec	2499	55.3	58.1	55.5	56.2	58.0	62.3	59.1	56.5
Furniture and fixtures: Wood television and radio cabinets, and household									
furniture, nec	2517,9	11.1	13.4	13.9	14.0	13.8	12.7	14.3	13.6
Wood office furniture	2521	23.9	28.4	32.0	31.4	32.2	35.4	35.5	35.1
Office furniture, except wood	2522	(¹) 28.3	(¹) 33.9	(¹) 36.7	(¹) 38.8	(¹) 39.8	35.7 43.3	36.6 43.2	34.9 42.6
Wood partitions and fixtures Partitions and fixtures, except wood	2541	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(¹)	34.1	35.5	35.6
Drapery hardware and blinds and shades	2591	16.9	20.4	20.5	22.3	`ź1.7	22.1	22.0	22.4
Furniture and fixtures, nec	2599	O	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	12.7	14.0	15.1
Stone, clay, and glass products:									4= 4
Brick and structural clay tile	3251	13.9 7.0	16.7 8.1	16.5 7.4	17.1 7.0	17.3 6.4	17.3 7.5	16.7 7.7	15.8 7.0
Clay retractories Ceramic tile and structural clay products, nec	3253 9	11.3	12.4	12.4	12.3			13.5	13.3
Vitreous plumbing fixtures	3261	8.8	10.0	9.5	10.3			9.5	9.1
Vitreous and semivitreous table and kitchenware	3262,3	7.7	7.4	6.7	7.1	7.1	5.8	5.8	5.6
Porcelain electrical supplies	3264	11.1	11.4	12.2	10.7	10.7	11.3	11.7	11.3
Pottery products, nec	13269	10.5	11.8	10.7	10.3 5.3	10.7 5.5		13.2	
	3274	F 21						K '9	
Lime	3274	5.3 11.2	5.7 13.5	5.4 14.3	14.2	13.8		5.2 14.2	1
Gypsum products Cut stone and stone products	3274 3275 328	5.3 11.2 10.7					14.4	F	13.5 15.1
Gypsum products Cut stone and stone products Minerals, ground or treated	3274 3275 328 3295	11.2 10.7 12.8	13.5 11.2 13.4	14.3 12.0 13.5	14.2 12.4 12.5	13.8 12.6 12.0	14.4 13.2 12.2	14.2 13.9 12.8	13.5 15.1 13.0
Gypsum products Cut stone and stone products	3274 3275 328 3295 3297	11.2 10.7	13.5 11.2	14.3 12.0 13.5 8.2	14.2 12.4 12.5	13.8 12.6	14.4 13.2 12.2 7.8	14.2 13.9 12.8 8.4	13.5 15.1 13.0

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Durable goods-Continued Primary metal industries: Electrometallurgical products Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel investment foundries Primary copper Primary nonferrous metals, nec	3315 3316 3324	8.2 16.7	10.0		**				
Electrometallurgical products Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel investment foundries Primary copper Primary nonferrous metals, nec	3315 3316 3324		40.0	1	1				
Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel investment foundries Primary copper Primary nonferrous metals, nec	3315 3316 3324		400		;]			
Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel investment foundries Primary copper Primary nonferrous metals, nec	3316 3324	16.7	10.2	9.6	9.0	7.6	7.9	6.1	6.1
Steel investment foundries Primary copper Primary nonferrous metals, nec	3324		18.6	18.6	18.7	19.0	19.2	19.5	18.5
Primary copperPrimary nonferrous metals, nec		13.5	15.4	15.8	15.6	15.6	16.6	19.0	17.6
Primary nonferrous metals, nec		10.9	11.6	13.3	13.1	13.6	14.6	15.1	15.8
		10.6	9.2	7.0	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.5
		13.8	15.0	15.3	13.1	12.3	12.5	14.3	14.5
Secondary nonferrous metals		18.0 28.2	19.6 30.8	19.7 33.0	18.1 32.6	16.9 33.6	17.9 33.4	18.5 31.7	18.9 30.1
Aluminum extruded products		19.7	20.4	19.8	19.5	18.6	18.0	18.5	18.2
Aluminum die-castings		(')	(1)	(')	(13.5)	(¹)	23.9	29.3	27.8
Nonferrous die-castings, except aluminum		8	8	8	8	- 6 I	13.6	13.0	13.0
Copper founderies		(b)	6	8	- 8 I	6	11.0	11.4	10.8
Nonferrous foundries, nec		(i)	6 l	6	- 6 I	(i)	8.7	9.2	9.0
Miscellaneous primary metal products		21.6	24.5	25.4	24.9	24.9	26.7	27.8	27.3
Metal heat treating		11.3	12.7	14,1	13.8	14.0	14.8	15.8	15.4
Primary metal products, nec		10.3	11.8	11.3	11.1	10.9	11.9	12.0	11.9
Fabricated metal products:		ŀ							
Metal barrels, drums, and pails	3412	11.9	11.4	11.8	11.1	10.5	10.4	10.3	9.7
Cutlery		13.2	13.0	12.7	12.1	11.1	11.0	11.4	12.1
Metal sanitary ware		8.7	9.8	10.6	11.2	10.8	13.2	13.6	13.5
Prefabricated metal buildings		20.6	22.7	24.9	24.8	23.8	24.9	25.8	25.5
Miscellaneous metal work		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	17.4	15.5	14.8
Nonferrous forgings, crowns, and closures	3463,6	10.6	10.5	10.9	11,1	10.9	12.7	12.7	12.1
Small arms, small arms ammunition, and other ordnance	0400 40	25.0	24.0	20.0	20.7	20.0			
and accessories, nec		35.8	34.6	36.6	32.7	33.0	33.7	31.7	30.4
Industrial valves		()	(')	<u> </u>	()	(2)	25.4	27.0	27.9
Fluid power valves and hose fittings		(¹) 4.9		(')	(')	(¹) 5.9	26.5	29.4	28.6 6.0
Steel springs, except wire		11.9	5.6 13.7	6.6 14.7	5.9	13.2	6.3	6.2	
Fabricated pipe and fittings		21.7	22.9	22.5	13.5 21.2	19.0	13.5 23.5	13.7 24.3	13.1 24.2
Metal foil and leaf, and fabricated metal products, nec		39.5	44.6	45.5	45.2	43.6	48.9	55.0	5 5.7
Industrial machinery and equipment:									
Lawn and garden equipment	3524	21.7	24.0	25.1	25.9	27.3	30.9	28.8	30.7
Elevators and moving stairways	3534	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.1	11.9	12.8	11.8	11.5
Hoists, cranes, and monorails		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	8.5	8.2	8.4
Industrial patterns		8.0	8.3	8.0	9.1	8.6	9.8	9.0	9.0
Welding apparatus		(<u>)</u>	()	()	<u>()</u>	<u>()</u>	17.1	19.2	19.0
Rolling mill and metalworking machinery, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	9.9	12.5	12.7
Woodworking machinery		8.8	9.8	10.2	9.2	10.3	11.1	10.6	9.8
Paper industries machinery		15.4	15.7	16.9	16.5	15.9	17.6	18.5	19.7
Special industry machinery, nec		48.5	54.2	60.5	56.6	53.8	60.4	64.2	62.5
Packaging machinery		(¹) 16.1	(')	(')	(') 17.9	(')	19.7	21.3	21.8
Industrial furnaces and ovens		(')	17.4 (¹)	18.4 (¹)	(')	17.6 (')	17.1 36.8	18.4 40.1	18. 6 40.0
Computer storage devices		8 [8 1	- 8	8	8	29.6	36.7	35.7
Computer storage devices		8 1	8	-8-1	8	8	59.6	62.0	58.5
Automatic vending machines		8.7	9.1	9.0	`′8.5	7.8	8.8	8.0	7.5
Commercial laundry equipment	l	4.4	4.8	4.8	5.6	6.0	6.2	5.7	5.8
Measuring and dispensing pumps, and service industry	[[1	1				l		
machinery, nec		35.0	35.1	36.3	36.1	36.9	40.8	43.2	43.2
Fluid power cylinders and actuators Fluid power pumps and motors		()	0	()	(')	()	19.4 30.2	19.3 31.3	19.4 29.5
Electronic and other electrical equipment:		į		1	ļ				
Carbon and graphite products	3624	10.6	11.3	11.5	10.2	9.9	10.2	11.3	11.0
Electrical industrial apparatus, nec		10.5	11.5	11.1	11.1	10.5	9.9	9.1	9.1
Household cooking equipment		23.9	28.7	22.9	21.6	21.9	21.6	21.6	20.6
Household vacuum cleaners and appliances, nec		25.0	27.7	27.5	26.3	26.7	25.5	25.7	25.0
Commercial lighting fixtures	3646	15.4	17.4	19.2	19.9	19.6	20.6	21.7	23.0
Vehicular lighting equipment		13.4	15.6	15.6	17.1	18.1	17.9	19.8	18.5
Lighting equipment, nec		9.1	9.4	8.4	9.3	9.9	10.4	11.3	10.6
Prerecorded records and tapes	3652	19.2	18.5	17.7	17.4	20.6	21.6	21.6	21.0
Radio and television communications equipment	3663	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	114.7	107.3	113.0

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Durable goods—Continued					-				
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued	1 1							1	
Communications equipment, nec	3669	(')	(')	(1)	(1)	(1)	22.6	23.1	24.3
Printed circuit boards		Ö	(')	(')	(')	(i)	80.0	103.2	102.2
Electronic capacitors		25.2	33.4	30.1	25.2	24.6	24.2	26.4	22.1
Electronic resistors	3676	11.5	12.2	12.3	11.8	11.2	13.3	12.6	12.6
Electronic coils and transformers		21.6	26.5	24.1	21.4	21.8	23.3	21.7	19.2
Electronic connectors	3678	8.9	10.8	12.0	11.9	12.9	14.5	15.0	15.6
Primary batteries, dry and wet		13.7	13.8	14.3	13.4	12.3	13.4	11.2	10.7
Magnetic and optical recording media, and electrical	1						1	1	
equipment and supplies, nec	3695,9	()	(')	(')	(1)	(')	59.0	58.7	56.6
Transportation equipment:									
Motor homes		9.8	15.0	15.7	16.3	17.6	19.3	22.7	18.1
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	375	14.5	16.4	13.5	12.4	11.9	12.5	13.8	13.2
Space propulsion units and parts, and space vehicle	}-		1	1		1			
equipment, nec	3764,9	30.1	33.9	37.4	47.8	49.0	57.1	58.2	54.0
Tanks and tank components		18.5	18.4	20.0	20.0	19.5	15.6	16.2	15.1
Transportation equipment, nec	3799	8.8	10.8	12.2	11.2	13.0	14.2	14.6	14.0
Instruments and related products:	Í								
Laboratory apparatus and furniture		(')	(')	(1)	(')	(1)	9.2	8.0	8.9
Fluid meters and counting devices		14.3	14.5	15.0	14.2	11.7	11.7	11.4	12.2
Analytical instruments		()	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	25.9	29.6	30.6
Optical instruments and lenses		(¹)	(')	(1)	(1)	(')	17.9	19.5	20.3
Measuring and controlling devices, nec	3829	()	(1)	(')	(')	(')	45.8	46.1	45.4
Dental equipment and supplies	3843	14.2	14.0	14.1	14.3	13.6	14.0	12.9	13.0
X-ray apparatus and tubes		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	10.3	10.9	10.4
Electromedical equipment	3845	(1)	(f)	(1)	Ö	(1)	21.5	27.3	28.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries:			[
Silverware and plated ware	3914	9.8	10.1	9.0	8.2	7.4	7.7	7.5	6.8
Jewelers' materials and lapidary work	3915	7.6	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.3	7.1
Pens and mechanical pencils		9.1	9.3	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.8	9.7	9.2
Lead pencils and art goods		7.4	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.7	7.2	7.5	7.3
Marking devices, carbon paper, and inked ribbons		15.1	15.8	16.2	17.0	16.8	18.2	18.6	17.8
Fasteners, buttons, needles, and pins		(¹)	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	12.9	12.6	12.2
Brooms and brushes		13.6	14.2	13.5	13.2	12.4	13.5	13.3	13.6
Burial caskets	1	10.2	9.9	9.8	9.5	9.6	9.3	9.3	9.0
Hard surface floor coverings and manufacturing industries, nec	1 - 1	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(1)	61.2	61.5	59.7
Nondurable goods		7,562	7,830	7,760	7,694	7,734	7,898	7,948	7,944
Food and kindred products:	1		}				1		
Creamery butter	2021	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.1
Dry, condensed, and evaporated products	2023	15.4	16.0	15.0	15.1	15.6	15.4	15.8	15.8
Ice cream and frozen desserts		17.8	18.2	18.6	20.5	21.1	21.3	21.4	21.1
Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, and soups	2034	15.5	15.0	15.4	15.6	15.7	15.3	15.1	17.9
Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings		18.8	18.7	18.7	19.4	19.7	20.8	20.8	19.4
Frozen specialties, nec	2038	()	(')	(¹)	(')	(¹)	41.0	41.6	42.6
Cereal breakfast foods	2043	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.8	19.0	19.2	20.2	19.9
Rice milling	2044	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.6
Prepared flour mixes and doughs	2045	7.3	6.9	7.1	7 .7	9.1	9.5	9.0	9.5
Wet corn milling	2046	10.3	10.3	10.1	9.0	8.7	9.1	9.2	9.1
Dog and cat food		(¹)	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	12.6	15.2	16.0
Chocolate and cocoa products and chewing gum		19.2	20.5	19.5	19.1	19.5	21.3	21.8	20.4
Salted and roasted nuts and seeds		(¹)	(1)	(1)	(¹)	(')	7.3	6.3	7.1
Cottonseed, soybean, and vegetable oil mills		19.0	15.4	15.9	15.6	14.5	13.0	12.7	13.0
Animal and marine fats and oils	2077	9.3	9.2	8.7	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.2
Edible fats and oils, nec	2079	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.0	11.1	11.3	10.3	10.1
		14.9	13.8	14.4	15.0	15.0	15.7	16.2	16.0
		14.6	14.3	13.4	12.3	11.8	11.0	9.8	8.5
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits	2085		14.3		16.1	16.1	17.1	17.6	18.0
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits	2085	I I	16.0				,		9.4
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec	. 2085 . 2083,7	15.5	16.2 13.4	16.6			11//	0 0	
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec Canned and cured fish and seafoods	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091	15.5 14.5	13.4	9.4	10.2	9.9	11.4	9.9	
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092	15.5 14.5 34.6	13.4 33.8	9.4 33.1	10.2 35.6	9.9 35.8	38.8	41.7	42.7
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092 . 2095	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4	13.4 33.8 12.1	9.4 33.1 12.3	10.2 35.6 12.3	9.9 35.8 12.4	38.8 12.4	41.7 11.7	42.7 11.9
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092 . 2095 . 2096	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4 (¹)	13.4 33.8 12.1 (')	9.4 33.1 12.3 (¹)	10.2 35.6 12.3 (¹)	9.9 35.8 12.4 (¹)	38.8 12.4 32.1	41.7 11.7 33.4	42.7 11.9 34.5
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec Canned and cured fish and seafoods Fresh or frozen packaged fish Roasted coffee Potato chips and similar snacks Manufactured ice	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092 . 2095 . 2096 . 2097	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4 (¹) 4.8	13.4 33.8 12.1 (') 5.0	9.4 33.1 12.3 (') 5.0	10.2 35.6 12.3 (¹) 5.7	9.9 35.8 12.4 (¹) 5.2	38.8 12.4 32.1 5.1	41.7 11.7 33.4 5.1	42.7 11.9 34.5 5.2
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec Canned and cured fish and seafoods Fresh or frozen packaged fish Roasted coffee Potato chips and similar snacks Manufactured ice Macaroni and spaghetti	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092 . 2095 . 2096 . 2097	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4 (¹) 4.8 8.2	13.4 33.8 12.1 (') 5.0 8.0	9.4 33.1 12.3 (¹) 5.0 8.2	10.2 35.6 12.3 (¹) 5.7 8.3	9.9 35.8 12.4 (¹) 5.2 8.7	38.8 12.4 32.1	41.7 11.7 33.4	
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec Canned and cured fish and seafoods Fresh or frozen packaged fish Roasted coffee Potato chips and similar snacks Manufactured ice Macaroni and spaghetti Food preparations, nec	. 2085 . 2083,7 . 2091 . 2092 . 2095 . 2096 . 2097	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4 (¹) 4.8	13.4 33.8 12.1 (') 5.0	9.4 33.1 12.3 (') 5.0	10.2 35.6 12.3 (¹) 5.7	9.9 35.8 12.4 (¹) 5.2	38.8 12.4 32.1 5.1 8.8	41.7 11.7 33.4 5.1 8.0	42.7 11.9 34.5 5.2 8.7
Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits Distilled and blended liquors Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec Canned and cured fish and seafoods Fresh or frozen packaged fish Roasted coffee Potato chips and similar snacks Manufactured ice Macaroni and spaghetti	.2085 .2083,7 .2091 .2092 .2095 .2096 .2097 .2098 .2099	15.5 14.5 34.6 12.4 (¹) 4.8 8.2	13.4 33.8 12.1 (') 5.0 8.0	9.4 33.1 12.3 (¹) 5.0 8.2	10.2 35.6 12.3 (¹) 5.7 8.3	9.9 35.8 12.4 (¹) 5.2 8.7	38.8 12.4 32.1 5.1 8.8	41.7 11.7 33.4 5.1 8.0	42.7 11.9 34.5 5.2 8.7

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Nondurable goods-Continued									
Textile mill products:	2050.0	45	415		415	45	24.0	40.0	00.5
Lace and warp knit fabric mills, and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec		(') 14.1	(') 18.7	(') 14.2	(') 14.2	(') 13.7	21.9 13.9	19.9 12.9	20.5 13.0
Thread mills		9.2	9.2	7.5	6.8	7.7	7.5	6.9	7.3
Coated fabrics, not rubberized		9.7	10.8	11.0	10.1	9.4	10.4	9.4	9.7
Tire cord and fabrics		7.1	6.9	6.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	6.3	6.3
Cordage and twine		8,1	8.2	8.1	7.5	7.6	8.4	7.8	7.4
Nonwoven fabrics and other textile goods, nec	2297,9	(')	(')	(')	()	(')	28.6	29.0	28.6
Apparel and other textile products:									
Men's and boys' underwear and nightwear	2322	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	26.5	21.9	25.0
Men's and boys' neckwear		6.8	7.2	6.9	7.3	7.8	8.2	7.8	7.0
Men's and boys' clothing, nec		48.7	53.7	52.3	49.6	48.3	53.4	54.0	54.9 16.3
Hats, caps, and millinery		14.7 33.0	16.2	16.4 35.0	15.6 34.4	14.5 33.9	14.7 36.1	15.1 35.6	34.1
Girls' and children's outerwear, nec		33.0	36.2	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.3	1.7
Fur goodsFabric dress and work gloves		8.7	2.3 8.7	9.4	8.6	7.2	7.3	6.7	6.9
Robes and dressing gowns		8.5	8.4	8.0	7.7	7.2	7.2	7.5	6.0
Waterproof outerwear		9.5	8.0	8.0	6.8	6.2	6.2	6.5	5.7
Leather and sheep-lined clothing		3.8	3.8	3.1	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.6	3.8
Apparel belts		10.3	10.7	9.5	8.8	10.6	10.4	10.7	10.0
Apparel and accessories, nec		5.8	6.3	6.7	6.7	7.4	7.7	9.6	12.4
Textile bags		7.9	8.1	8.0	7.6	7.7	9.0	8.9	9.2
Canvas and related products		15.0	16.5	16.9	16.4	17.3	18.2	17.7	17.8
Pleating and stitching		14.4	14.8	13.5	14.3	14.9	15.0	15.2	14.6
Other fabricated textile products		26.8	29.3	30.0	31.3	33.5	34.8	35.7	36.7
Paper and allied products:									
Pulp mills	261	(b)	(')	c)	O	()	14.5	16.4	13.8
Setup paperboard boxes		10.3	10.5	10.4	10.1	`´9.2	9.1	8.7	8.2
Fiber cans, drums, and similar products		17.2	17.3	16.6	15.8	15.4	16.3	16.7	16.7
Paper, coated and laminated, packaging		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	17.5	19.9	21.4
Bags: uncoated paper and multiwall		l ö l	- 6 I	<u>6</u>	- 6 l	- 6 l	19.2	21.3	21.0
Die-cut paper and board		15.5	17.9	18.4	15.7	16.1	17.6	18.2	17.7
Sanitary paper products		27.7	28.5	30.1	31.4	30.6	30.8	31.6	32.2
Stationery and converted paper products, nec	2678,9	(')	(1)	(')	(¹)	(')	48.9	45.1	43.8
Printing and publishing:		11			_	. 1			
Commercial printing, gravure		12.8	13.5	15.0	14.9	15.9	13.9	15.5	17.5
Greeting cards		23.4	23.3	24.0	22.3	23.4	23.4	23.4	24.1
Blankbooks and looseleaf binders		39.4 23.9	40.8 26.4	43.1 27.9	44.3 27.4	44.7 27.4	46.9	47.0	44.6 27.7
Bookbinding and related work Typesetting		28.2	30.6	32.8	33.1	33.8	28.1 35.6	27.8 34.5	32.7
Platemaking services		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	25.8	29.8	31.4
Chemicals and allied products:									
Alkalies and chlorine	2812	17.6	15.6	15.3	12.4	10.8	10.4	10.7	12.3
Industrial gases	l l	23.6	23.1	23.2	23.5	21.3	21.2	22.0	23.7
Inorganic pigments		9.7	9.8	10.3	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.3	10.4
Synthetic rubber	2822	13.4	13.2	13.4	13.3	13.3	15.3	15.3	15.4
Cellulosic synthetic fibers		15.7	19.1	18.0	16.3	13.6	13.0	13.8	14.4
Medicinals and botanicals		18.3	18.4	17.8	18.2	17.2	18.4	17.7	17.9
Diagnostic and other biological products		23.3	22.3	22.3	23.2	26.2	20.6	21.1	21.1
Gum and wood chemicals	I	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	5.0	4.9	4.3
Nitrogenous fertilizers		13.0	12.8	12.7	11.7	10.5	9.7	10.1	10.1
Phosphatic fertilizers		13.6	13.2	13.6	11.9	10.7	10.9	11.5	10.8
Fertilizers, mixing only	j j	13.1	13.0	12.9	11.8	11.5	11.0	10.3	10.4
Agricultural chemicals, nec		23.1	22.7	22.5	21.2	19.4	22.0	21.3	25.4
Adhesives and sealants	1	19.7	21.3	22.2	22.3	22.2	24.2	23.9	24.7
Explosives		15.6	15.2	16.3	16.9	16.7	15.9	15.2	15.0
Printing ink Other chemical preparations		11.6 41.5	11.9 41.5	12.0 44.0	11.7 42.2	13.1 42.0	13.8 46.3	14.9 45.6	15.4 44.3
Detroloum and and and and are									
Petroleum and coal products: Asphalt paving mixtures and blocks	2051	9.2		9.9	40.4	40.0	40-	40.0	
Asphalt felts and coatings		14.1	9.4 15.3	9.9 ₁ 14.1	10.4 14.0	10.6 13.7	10.7	10.3	11.0
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products		11.1	11.1	11.4	11.6	12.0	14.0 12.2	13.7 11.7	13.4 12.6
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products:									
Gaskets, packing and sealing devices	3053	23.5	26.7	27.7	28.6	28.1	21.6	22.0	240
Mechanical rubber goods		(')	(¹)	(')	(')	∠8.1 (¹)	31.6 50.1	33.9 50.6	34.9 47.0
Fabricated rubber products, nec		8	8	8	8	8	54.2	61.2	47.0 57.8
			- 1/		Ω				i
Unsupported plastics film and sheet	13081	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	52.4	53.4	54.7

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Nondurable goods-Continued			-						
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products-Continued					İ		l	ļ	
Unsupported plastics profile shapes	. 3082	()	()	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	28.5	29.5	28.0
Laminated plastics plate and sheet	. 3083	(')	()	()	<u>(</u>)	()	20.0	21.5	20.2
Plastics pipe			()	()	()	()	14.7	15.5	16.2
Plastics bottles		()	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(') (')	(¹) (¹)	28.4 50.2	29.9 51.4	30.5 52.1
Custom compound purchased resins		8	8	8	8	8	27.1	25.1	25.4
Plastics plumbing fixtures and plastic products, nec		Ö	Ö	(f)	Ö	(')	376.4	398.6	401.1
Leather and leather products:									
Footwear cut stock		9.4	9.4	6.9	6.3	5.8	6.6	6.4	6.3
House slippers		7.6 20.3	7.0	5.9	5.1	3.9	4.6	4.8	4.2
Footwear, except rubber, nec Leather gloves and mittens		3.4	18.7 3.4	15.1 3.3	14.0 3.2	12.1 3.1	12.8 2.9	11.1 2.7	10.3 2.5
Women's handbags and purses		14.6	14.2	11.7	10.4	8.5	8.4	6.9	6.0
Personal leather goods, nec		10.8	11.0	9.6	9.2	8.3	9.0	8.8	9.1
Leather goods, nec	. 319	8.3	8.2	8.1	7.9	8.4	8.9	9.0	10.2
Service-producing		65,862	68,570	71,573	73,958	76,390	79,269	82,211	84,397
Transportation and public utilities		4,923	5,063	5,15 5	5,200	5,274	5,439	5,549	5,735
Transportation: Other railroads and switching and terminal services	4013	27.9	27.4	36.3	36.1	37.1	38.4	38.7	38.8
Bus charter service, and bus terminal and service facilities		18.6	20.7	22.0	21.0	21.4	25.2	27.0	27.8
General warehousing and storage	. 4225	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	61.7	63.5	64.8
Warehousing and storage, nec	. 4221,2,6	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	47.4	48.5	49.4
Trucking terminal facilities		5.8	5.9	5.6	5.2	5.2	4.5	3.7	4.0
Deep sea and Great Lakes freight transportation		(1)	(')	(')	(')	()	32.1	30.9	31.8
Water transportation of passengers Marine cargo handling		()	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	()	(¹) (¹)	12.3 55.8	12.3 58.7	14.6 54.4
Marinas		8	6	8	8	- 6 l	16.0	16.6	17.4
Towing, tugboat, and water transportation services, nec	. 4492,9	(5)	(f)	(')	Ö	(6)	35.7	33.4	36.2
Air transportation, scheduled	. 4512	()	(¹)	(¹)	()	(')	456.7	458.2	506.9
Air courier services		()	()	()	()	()	68.4	82.8	91.9
Air transportation, nonscheduled Tour operators		(')	(¹) (²)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	18.2 20.8	23.1 22.4	26.0 23.2
Passenger transport arrangement, nec		8	8	8	- 8	- 8	16.9	15.6	15.0
Rental of railroad cars		7.4	`′6.9	`′7.0	6.4	`´6.6	6.1	6.0	5.7
Miscellaneous transportation services	. 478	11.7	13.0	15.0	13.6	15.2	16.6	18.4	20.4
Communications and public utilities:	1	41)	45	45	415	415	24.0	27.0	22.2
Radiotelephone communications	. 4812	(')	(¹) 938.9	(') 902.0	(¹) 880.0	(¹) 871.8	21.3 875.0	27.6 873.6	36.9 872.6
Telephone communications, except radio Telegraph and other communications	4813	1,000.0 (')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	17.5	14.1	12.0
Communications services, nec	. 489	6	- 6	- ij	\sim	(י)	25.5	23.8	25.3
Water supply	. 494	20.8	`ź1.1	21.8	22.3	22.8	23.9	24.7	25.2
Steam and air-conditioning supply, and irrigation systems	. 496,7	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.9	3.8	4.6
Wholesale trade		5,173	5,465	5,673	5,715	5,784	5,948	6,195	6,167
Tires and tubes		31.4	32.5	31.1	30.1	29.3	29.5	30.2	30.6
Motor vehicle parts, used			(')	()	()	(')	36.3 33.0	37.8 36.2	39.6 39.0
Brick, stone, and related materials Roofing, siding, and insulation	5032	(1)	(¹)	(¹) (¹)	(') (')	(¹) (¹)	25.0	26.6	27.4
Photographic equipment and supplies	5043	6	Ö	6	Ö	(')	26.6	31.6	31.3
Office equipment	. 5044	(')	(')	(')	(')	(1)	193.7	199.7	201.1
Commercial equipment, nec	5046	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	49.1	50.6	52.0
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	()	(')	(1)	(')	(1)	112.0	123.7	129.6
Ophthalmic goods	5048	()	(¹)	()	(')	(1)	20.9 39.2	21.8 39.9	20.5 35.9
Professional equipment, nec		(')	()	(')	()	(') (')	50.8	52.6	52.6
Refrigeration equipment and supplies	5078	8	Ö	8	(')	8	14.6	14.9	13.5
Service establishment equipment	5087	63.4	67.1	71.0	73.2	76.0	82.1	85.9	82.1
Transportation equipment and supplies	5088	30.1	31.2		32.7	33.6		39.1	39.2
Sporting and recreational goods	5091	(')	(¹)	()	(')	()	40.2	43.4	42.8
Toys and hobby goods and supplies	5092	(')	(¹)	(')	(¹) 42.0	(1)	21.9	22.9 48.0	24.2
Jewelry and precious stones	5094	35.9 59.0	38.0 60.5		42.9 60.0	43.8 63.9	46.0 71.1	76.9	48.8 67.9
Wildesale trade durable goods, liet		35.0	00.0	02.0	00.0		, , , , ,	, 5.5	05

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC Code	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Wholesale trade-Continued									
Printing and writing paper	. 5111	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	24.6	24.9	25.7
Stationery and office supplies		l ö l	6 1	Ö	Ö	(')	107.4	114.9	127.8
Industry and personal service paper		ि हें	- 6 l	Ö		6	83.9	87.1	87.3
Piece goods and notions		8	- 6 I	- 6 I	6	6	52.6	54.7	52.1
		8	- 8				40.0		44.0
Men's and boys' clothing				()	()			43.8	
Women's and children's clothing		(')	()	()	()	()	78.2	83.9	85.9
Footwear		(')	(')	. (')	(')	(')	19.2	19.8	21.4
Packaged frozen foods		24.3	25.8	27.0	27.6	28.6	30.3	32.3	33.9
Dairy products, except dried or canned		40.7	41.4	43.7	44.1	47.3	47.0	47.6	49.6
Poultry and poultry products	. 5144	27.8	24.8	24.0	23.3	23.6	22.4	21.3	20.4
Confectionery		37.0	40.1	40.5	41.8	44.1	45.7	46.6	48.2
Fish and seafoods		24.3	25.7	27.1	27.9	29.1	30.8	31.7	31.4
Groceries and related products, nec		153.7	163.8	174.1	184.4	193.0	206.3	221.3	225.8
Farm-product raw materials		139.0	137.0	133.8	127.5	124.4	125.0	124.5	118.1
			- 1						65.5
Grain and field beans		(')	(')	()	()	(')	66.9	67.3	
Livestock		()	()	()	()	()	36.5	36.2	35.3
Farm-product raw materials, nec	. 5159	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(')	()	21.6	21.0	17.3
Plastics materials and basic shapes	. 5162	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	22.2	23.2	24.9
Chemicals and allied products, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	102.3	104.6	111.4
Books, periodicals, and newspapers	. 5192	(')	(1)	(1)	(')	(')	62.1	65.1	69.8
Flowers and florists' supplies		l Ö l	(')	Ö	(5)	(')	41.6	45.1	49.7
Tobacco and tobacco products		38.3	40.1	39.1	40.5	40.1	42.3	45.6	46.1
Paints, varnishes, and supplies		25.4	26.9	27.8	28.0	29.6	30.4	30.5	30.1
Wholesale trade nondurable goods, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	117.8	128.6	127.5
Retail trade		14,954	15,872	16,762	17,307	17,882	18,529	19,115	19,302
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	. 523	58.8	63.2	66.1	67.2	66.9	71.3	72.6	71.0
Retail nurseries and garden stores		53.3	56.6	64.2	68.5	71.0	76.8	79.0	79.1
Mobile home dealers		24.0	28.3	29.1	27.5	27.3	27.7	27.9	26.1
								J	
Fruit and vegetable markets		20.0	21.0	21.2	21.6	21.9	22.4	22.6	21.4
Candy, nut, and confectionery stores		25.3	27.6	29.6	31.5	30.4	30.7	32.5	30.4
Miscellaneous food stores		34.5	37.8	39.5	38.9	39.0	40.5	43.5	42.1
Used car dealers	. 552	41.8	47.5	51.1	52.5	55.4	59.9	62.6	61.4
Boat dealers	. 555	23.0	25.2	27.2	30.2	33.7	38.2	40.5	37.0
Recreational vehicle dealers	. 556	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	19.6	21.3	21.4
Motorcycle dealers		26.1	27.7	29.8	29.0	27.0	25.9	25.0	24.2
Women's accessory and specialty stores		27.7	29.5	32.7	36.2	40.7	45.4	46.0	51.6
Children's and infants' wear stores		32.3	32.6	33.8	35.0	35.9	36.9	35.4	33.6
		t			54.5				
Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores		45.6	49.3	51.5		57.0	63.0	67.7	72.2
Floor covering stores		52.3	59.6	64.3	68.3	72.5	77.6	80.1	79.4
Drapery, upholstery, and miscellaneous home furnishings		68.7	77.2	82.3	86.8	89.6	95.8	100.5	100.2
Computer and software stores	. 5734	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	60.2	69.5	74.2
Musical instrument stores	5736	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	25.6	26.4	26.9
Used merchandise stores	. 593	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(1)	54.8	60.6	66.4
Hobby, toy, and game shops	. 5945	44.1	52.2	56.5	63.8	69.9	82.3	87.6	90.9
Camera, luggage, and leather goods stores		39.7	39.7	39.9	40.4	42.2	43.0	44.0	41.0
Direct selling establishments		52.5	52.3	56.2	61.5	59.4	60.5	57.5	53.5
Florists, tobacco stores, and newsstands		()	()	(')	()	()	143.6	149.9	148.5
Optical goods stores Miscellaneous retail stores, nec		(¹) (¹)	(')	(')	(')	(')	50.1 173.5	54.6 192.8	60.1 198.1
•		E 261]	[6.600	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		5,361	5,588	5,825	6,140	6,443	6,594	6,639	6,681
Central reserve depositories		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	27.9	29.0	26.7
National and commercial banks, nec		794.7	803.2	827.8	850.5	849.1	879.6	878.4	898.9
Foreign banks and branches and agencies	. 608	(1)	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	25.8	27.2	28.1
Functions closely related to banking	. 609	(1)	(')	(')	(1)	(')	47.2	51.4	57.9
Federal and federally sponsored credit agencies	611	(1)	(')	(')	(1)	(')	11.0	10.3	11.1
Short-term business credit		(')	(5)	_ (i)	Ö	Ö	34.3	40.2	44.1
Miscellaneous business credit institutions		8	Ö	6	- 6 I	6	30.8	33.4	35.2
Investment advice	i	8	6	8	()	6	44.0	45.3	48.7
Security and commodity services, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	24.8	24.9	26.6
Holding offices		67.6	74.8	80.8	91.1	104.4	103.7	105.1	110.4
Bank holding companies		()	(')	()	()	(')	26.9	26.5	28.0
	. 6719	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	76.8	78.6	82.4
Holding companies, nec		38.7	34.4	40.4	55.2	55.5	57.8	77.0	64.6
	. 673				,	,			41.4
Holding companies, nec			31.5	36.31	39.11	39.2	42.3	39.5	
Holding companies, nec	672,9	27.5	31.5	36.3	39.1	39.2	42.3 52.6	39.5	
Holding companies, nec	. 672,9 . 6321	27.5 (¹)	(¹)	()	(¹)	(¹)	52.6	53.9	55.2
Holding companies, nec	. 672,9 . 6321 . 6324	27.5 (¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	52.6 161.5	53.9 172.0	55.2 181.9
Holding companies, nec Trusts Investment offices and miscellaneous investing Accident and health insurance Hospital and medical service plans Pension, health, and welfare funds	. 672,9 . 6321 . 6324 . 637	27.5 (') (') 25.2	(¹) (¹) 24.6	(¹) (¹) 26.8	(¹) (¹) 27.8	(¹) (¹) 33.5	52.6 161.5 36.0	53.9 172.0 36.3	55.2 181.9 37.5
Holding companies, nec	. 672,9 . 6321 . 6324 . 637 . 635,9	27.5 (¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	52.6 161.5	53.9 172.0	55.2 181.9

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

lodustry	1987	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Industry	SIC Code	1903	1904	1900	1900	1907	1908	1989	1990
Services	.	19,262	20,365	21,561	22,650	23,754	25,105	26,702	27,944
Agricultural services:	074		24.0	22.0		400.4	407.0		400.5
Veterinary services	.1074	77.2 35.4	81.9	87.0 39.7	94.1	100.4	107.6	114.2	122.5
Animal services, except veterinary Landscape and horticultural services		131.4	38.2 154.2	181.0	41.4 199.2	42.2 220.4	44.3 241.0	41.6	41.9 274.0
Landscape and nonacultural services	.1078	131.4	154.2	101.0	199.2	220.4	241.0	249.2	2/4.0
Hotels and other lodging places:	1			İ			i	[
Camps and recreational vehicle parks	703	15.2	16.8	18.3	18.0	19.2	20.0	21.6	23.3
Rooming and boarding houses, and membership-basis	1							- 110	
organization hotels	702,4	14.6	15.3	15.3	15.5	16.2	16.7	17.9	17.9
Personal services:		22.0		24.0		40.0	40.5		
Barber shops		23.8	23.4	21.2	20.1	19.3	18.5 7.0	17.9	17.7 6.9
Shoe repair shops and shoeshine parlors Tax return preparation services		()	()	()	()	(b)	83.9	7.0 88.2	91.8
Miscellaneous personal services, nec		- 8	8	8	8	8	79.5	91.4	101.8
misconariodas personar services, nee		· '/	`'	` '	''	` '	70.0	01.4	101.0
Business services:	1	ł		İ	!	1			
Outdoor, radio, television, and other advertising, nec	7312,3,9	41.8	46.2	48.1	51.9	55.1	63.2	63.1	68.7
Adjustment and collection services	. 7322	0	()	()	()	()	55.7	62.6	67.5
Credit reporting services		(<u>0</u>	()	Q	()	()	35.5	37.1	39.6
Direct mail advertising services		()	()	(<u>)</u>	0	()	88.4	86.9	89.8
Photocopying and duplicating services		0	Ö	9	()	()	38.7	45.0	48.9
Commercial photography		(<u>)</u>	<u>()</u>	<u> </u>	(<u>)</u>	<u>()</u>	16.3	17.6	18.0
Commercial art and graphic design		()	()	()	_ <u>0</u>	- <u>2</u>	40.7	45.3	48.6 29.5
Secretarial and court reporting Disinfecting and pest control services		-81	8	8	()	()	22.8 64.3	26.3 67.0	69.0
Building maintenance services, nec		8	8	8	8	8	692.9	723.0	740.7
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		- 6 l	8	- 8	8	- ö	173.2	187.1	204.8
Medical equipment rental	7352	(i)	Ö	- 6 L	- ö	- ö l	19.7	20.7	24.1
Heavy construction equipment rental		ČÓ I	(i)	(5)	Ö	(')	39.5	44.1	47.7
Equipment rental and leasing, nec	. 7359	(')	()	(')	(')	(')	114.0	122.3	133.0
Computer integrated systems design		()	()	0	()	()	90.6	97.6	98.6
Information retrieval services		(<u>)</u>	()	0	()	()	37.6	44.9	47.5
Computer facilities management		Q	(2)	(2)	()	(2)	26.0	25.8	25.6
Computer rental and leasing	. 7377	g	g l	(2)	()	()	10.3	11.7	10.7
Computer maintenance and repair	. 7378	C)	()	()	()	()	30.6	33.1	39.2 88.5
Computer related services, nec		()	()	()	()	()	69.8 36.5	78.1 39.3	41.6
News syndicates		7.7	8.2	8.3	8.5	9.0	10.1	10.5	10.3
Business services, nec		349.1	394.0	434.4	457.3	475.6	551.5	610.8	672.3
Auto repair, services, and parking:									
Passenger car rental	. 7514		_ (<u>)</u>	(<u>)</u>	()	()	88.6	95.0	98.7
Passenger car leasing	. 7515	(2)	0	() ()	Q	0	11.8	11.8	11.4 64.9
Truck and utility trailer rental		(') 39.9	41.9	43.8	(¹) 46.9	48.6	58.0 53.7	62.6 54.8	57.3
Auto exhaust system repair shops		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	20.3	20.2	22.2
Automotive and tire repair shops		8	6	- 8 I	- 8 I	- 6 l	167.6	175.4	185.1
Automotive glass replacement shops	. 7536	Ö	- ŏ l	_ (č) _ [- Ö l	- Ö 1	14.7	17.6	19.8
Automotive transmission repair shops	. 7537	(')	(')	(i)	(')	(1)	22.8	23.5	23.6
General automotive repair shops		149.3	166.7	179.2	183.9	186.6	197.2	208.0	221.7
Automotive repair shops, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')[49.6	52.5	54.7
Automotive services, except repair		65.2	76.4	88.0	97.6	115.5	134.1	151.6	161.7
Carwashes		$\{ g \}$	()	- <u>0</u>	(<u>)</u>	_ (<u>)</u>	88.6	98.4	103.3
Automotive services, nec		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	45.5	53.2	58.4
Reupholstery and furniture repair		21.9 167.9	23.2 184.5	23.3 191.8	22.9 192.5	23.4 189.8	23.5 211.6	23.9 230.7	24.5 248.5
Motion pictures:	700	40.7	44.0	44.0	404	40.0		400	440
Motion picture distribution and services	782 784	10.7 (')	11.8 (¹)	11.2 (¹)	12.1 (¹)	13.0 (')	17.8 101.7	12.2 117.2	14.0 133.7
Amusement and recreational services:									
Dance studios, schools, and halls	791	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(¹)	19.8	21.4	22.2
Producers, orchestras, and entertainers	792	91.3	92.4	98.4	102.1	107.1	116.2	125.6	138.1
Bowling centers	793	()	(')	(')	(')	(')	100.2	100.9	100.6
Commercial sports	794	65.2	69.3	68.6	74.0	73.0	74.9	85.8	92.1
Public golf courses	7992	0	<u> </u>	()	g l	(')	27.2	29.9	34.3
Coin-operated amusement devices		l (t)	()	(<u>)</u>	Ó	()	24.9	25.9	27.3
Amusement parks		(t)	ტ ტ	(†) (†)	00	(f) (f)	67.8 158.5	74.6 176.2	80.7 185.0
Amusement and recreation, nec.		''	O		()	•	(50.5)	170.2	165.0
	lance and the second								

Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1983-90—Continued

Services-Continued Health services: Offices and clinics of osteopathic physicians 803 27.5 28.7 29.4 30.7 32.3 33.3 34 34 34 34.7 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 34 35 35	134.7 22.5 110.9 227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Offices and clinics of osteopathic physicians 803 27.5 28.7 29.4 30.7 32.3 33.3 34 Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists 8041,2 (')	134.7 22.5 110.9 227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists 8041,2 (') (') (') (') (') (') 20.0 21 Offices and clinics of podiatrists 8043 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 20.0 21 Offices and clinics of health practitioners, nec. 8049 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 198.6 218 Specialty outpatient clinics, nec. 8093 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 198.6 218 Specialty outpatient clinics, nec. 8093 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 136.9 149 Kidney dialysis centers and health and allied services, nec 8092,9 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 61.7 69 Schools and educational services, nec. 829 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 82.0 90 Social services; nec 829 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 158.5 168 Membership organizations: 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865.9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: Surveying services 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (')	134.7 22.5 110.9 227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Offices and clinics of podiatrists 8043 (') (') (') (') (') 20.0 21 Offices and clinics of health practitioners, nec. 8049 (') (') (') (') (') (') 78.7 94 Health and allied services, nec 809 (') (') (') (') (') (') 198.6 218 Specialty outpatient clinics, nec. 8093 (') (') (') (') (') (') 136.9 149 Kidney dialysis centers and health and allied services, nec 8092,9 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 61.7 69 Educational services: Libraries 823 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 82.0 90 Social services: Social services: 829 (') (') (') (') (') (') 158.5 168 Membership organizations: 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865.9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: Surveying services 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	22.5 110.9 227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Offices and clinics of health practitioners, nec. 8049 (') (') (') (') (') (1) 78.7 94 Health and allied services, nec 809 (') (') (') (') (') (') 198.6 218 Specialty outpatient clinics, nec. 8093 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 136.9 149 Kidney dialysis centers and health and allied services, nec 8092,9 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 61.7 69 Educational services: Libraries 823 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 14.4 13 Schools and educational services, nec 829 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 82.0 90 Social services; Social services, nec 839 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 158.5 168 Membership organizations: Professional organizations 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: Surveying services 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	110.9 227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Health and allied services, nec	227.9 156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Specialty outpatient clinics, nec.	156.0 71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Kidney dialysis centers and health and allied services, nec 8092,9 (¹) <td< td=""><td>71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6</td></td<>	71.9 14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Educational services: Libraries	14.2 100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Libraries	100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Schools and educational services, nec. 829 (¹)<	100.3 175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Social services: 839 (') <td>175.1 50.9 1,119.6</td>	175.1 50.9 1,119.6
Social services, nec 839 (') (') (') (') (') (') 158.5 168 Membership organizations: 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	50.9 1,119.6
Membership organizations: 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Professional organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	50.9 1,119.6
Professional organizations 862 36.6 37.7 39.6 41.8 43.7 46.8 48 Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	1,119.6
Religious organizations 866 880.6 855.6 843.9 823.9 851.0 965.5 1,012 Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	1,119.6
Political and membership organizations, nec 865,9 64.5 67.3 71.7 87.9 90.2 100.3 104 Engineering and management services: 8713 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 49.1 50	
Engineering and management services: Surveying services	
Surveying services	97.1
Commercial nonphysical research 8732 (') (') (') (') 88 6 94	
Testing laboratories	
Management services	
Management consulting services	
Public relations services	1
Facilities support services 8744 (') (') (') (') 45.9 54.	
Business consulting, nec	72.4
Government	18,568
Federal:	
Small arms ammunition and ordnance	
Other manufacturing 30.3 31.5 31.7 31.9 31.5 31.5 24.	
Trade	
Finance 20.7 20.6 20.6 22.2 24.5 25.4 23.	
Other services	
All other Federal Government, except Postal Service	1,602.2
State:	
State government, except education 2,197.7 2,217.4 2,263.2 2,300.9 2,341.0 2,418.9 2,479.	
Construction 248.1 237.4 228.3 207.6 189.1 169.3 145.	
Transportation and public utilities	48.6
Services	
Social services	1
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services	121.5
Local:	4740-
Local government, except education	
Services	
Social services	
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services	223.3
Nonclassifiable establishments	163.9

¹ Not available

N.e.c. is an abbreviation for "not elsewhere classified" and designates broad categories of industries which cannot be more specifically identified.

NOTE: This table includes data for totals and some industry divisions which are published regularly.

Table 7. Seasonal adjustment factors for employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry

	··	· ···	19	91		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total¹						
Mining ²	99.9	100.7	101.3	101.6	101.3	101.2
Oil and gas extraction	99.1	100.2	101.1	101.1	100.6	100.5
Construction	100.7	104.0	105.9	106.6	105.3	104.6
General building contractors	99.7	103.4	105.2	105.9	104.1	103.4
Manufacturing ¹						
Durable goods	00.7	400.0	400.0	400.5	400.4	400.0
Lumber and wood products ²	99.7 99.5	102.0 99.9	102.2 98.0	102.5 99.7	102.4 100.5	100.9 100.9
Stone, clay, and glass products	100.8	102.0	101.5	101.8	101.7	101.4
Primary metal industries	99.9	100.6	99.2	100.1	100.3	100.1
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	99.7	100.5	100.5	100.4	100.0	99.5
Fabricated metal products	99.9	100.5	99.2	99.8	100.6	100.7
Industrial machinery and equipment ²	100.1	100.4	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.8
Electronic and other electrical equipment	99.6	100.3	99.6	100.1	100.2	100.5
Transportation equipment	100.5 101.2	100.9 101.8	99.3 98.4	99.4 99.1	100.6 101.5	100.6 101.3
Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products	99.9	100.4	100.0	100.2	99.9	99.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.8	100.4	97.9	100.2	101.6	102.2
Nondurable goods ¹						
Food and kindred products ²	97.4	100.0	102.3	104.8	105.0	102.9
Tobacco products	92.1	93.1	93.4	100.2	104.8	105.4
Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products	99.8 100.2	100.6 100.9	98.7 97.1	100.5 100.1	100.7 100.6	100.5 100.9
Paper and allied products	99.6	100.9	100.6	100.1	100.8	100.5
Printing and publishing	99.9	100.2	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.9
Chemicals and allied products	99.9	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.1	99.8
Petroleum and coal products	100.4	102.0	102.3	102.3	101.4	101.1
Rubber and misc. plastics products	100.0	100.7	99.1	100.0	100.4	100.7
Leather and leather products	100.4	101.7	95.6	101.6	101.5	101.4
Transportation and public utilities' Transportation	100.1	100.7	99.5	99.5	101.3	101.4
Communications and public utilities	99.9	100.7	100.9	100.9	100.1	100.0
Wholesale trade						
Durable goods	100.0	100.6	100.6	100.5	100.0	100.0
Nondurable goods	99.9	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7
Retail trade	99.9	100.8	100.5	100.7	100.2	100.0
General merchandise stores	97.1	97.8	97.8	98.2	98.5	100.7
Food stores	99.4	100.3	100.4	100.1	99.7	100.3
Automotive dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places	100.2 101.5	100.9 103.2	101.3 102.5	101.3 102.9	100.9 102.0	100.4 99.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate						
Finance	99.8	100.6	100.9	100.8	99.9	99.6
Insurance	100.0	100.4	100.6	100.4	99.8	99.7
Real estate ²	100.4	103.1	103.9	104.0	101.7	99.9
Services	100.3	100.9	100.8	100.6	100.3	100.3
Business services	99.8 99.9	100.7 100.5	100.6 100.4	101.1 100.3	101.5 100.0	101.3 99.9
Government ¹						
Federal	100.3	101.0	101.3	100.8	99.8	99.5
	101.4	97.2	94.7	94.6	98.5	102.4
State	101.4	97.2	37.7	34.0	90.0	102.4

¹ Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.
² No ARIMA models were identified to extend the

unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 8. Seasonal adjustment factors for women employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry

midded y						
			19	91		
Industry					ļ	
	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total¹						
Mining	100.1	101.8	102.0	101.4	100.2	99.7
Construction	100.1	101.4	102.1	102.2	101.5	101.4
Manufacturing¹						
Durable goods ¹						
Lumber and wood products	100.4	102.2	101.6	101.7	101.2	100.3
Furniture and fixtures	99.8	99.7	97.9	99.3	100.2	101.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	99.7	101.3	100.2	101.1	101.0	101.2
Primary metal industries	100.0	101.1	99.0	100.4	100.3	100.2
Fabricated metal products	100.1	100.5	99.0	100.0	100.5	100.7
Industrial machinery and equipment	100.1	100.6	99.9	99.7	99.4	99.8
Electronic and other electrical equipment	99.6	100.3	99.3	100.1	100.4	100.6
Transportation equipment	100.1	100.7	99.6	99.5	100.4	100.3
Instruments and related products	99.8	100.4	99.7	100.3	100.1	100.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.7	100.6	97.2	101.2	102.3	103.3
Nondurable goods ¹						
Food and kindred products ²	95.8	99.0	103.0	107.3	108.0	104.7
Tobacco products	89.7	90.0	89.6	100.6	108.1	108.9
Textile mill products	99.8	100.6	98.9	100.6	100.9	100.6
Apparel and other textile products	100.3	100.8	96.6	100.0	100.5	100.9
Paper and allied products	99.5	101.3	101.1	101.6	100.5	100.6
Printing and publishing	100.1	100.3	99.8	99.7	99.4	99.7
Chemicals and allied products	99.7	101.2	101.0	101.0	100.5	99.7
Petroleum and coal products	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	100.2	100.7	98.5	99.8	100.5	101.0
Leather and leather products	100.0	101.5	95.9	101.8	102.2	102.1
Transportation and public utilities	100.2	100.6	99.0	98.8	100.6	100.7
Wholesale trade	99.7	100.4	100.1	100.1	100.3	100.7
Retail trade	99.6	100.6	100.1	100.4	100.2	100.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	99.9	100.7	100.9	100.8	99.9	99.7
Services ²	100.2	100.4	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.2
Government ¹						
Federal	00.7	100.0	104.0	104.0	100.0	100.0
	99.7	100.8	101.8	101.0	100.3	100.2 102.4
State	101.5 103.7	96.8	93.9 88.8	93.8 87.6	98.3 97.9	102.4
LUCAI	103.7	101.2	00.0	07.0	97.9	102.3

¹ Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.
² No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

³ Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

Table 9. Seasonal adjustment factors for production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by industry

			19	91		
Industry						
	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total private ²						
Mining	100.0	100.9	101.3	102.0	101.7	101.3
Construction	100.8	104.8	107.1	108.2	106.7	105.7
Manufacturing ²						
Durable goods ²						
Lumber and wood products ³	99.7	102.2	102.5	102.9	102.7	101.0
Furniture and fixtures	99.3	99.7	97.6	99.8	100.6	101.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	100.9	102.3	101.7	102.2	102.1	101.8
Primary metal industries	99.9	100.7	98.8	100.0	100.5	100.2
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	99.7	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.1	99.3
Fabricated metal products	99.9	100.6	98.8	99.8	100.8	101.0
Industrial machinery and equipment	100.3	100.5	99.4	99.2	99.6	99.7
Electronic and other electrical equipment	99.6	100.2	99.0	99.9	100.3	100.6
Transportation equipment	101.0	101.3	98.5	98.7	100.9	100.9
Motor vehicles and equipment	101.7	102.2	97.7	98.5	101.9	101.8
Instruments and related products ³	99.5	100.2	99.6	100.3	100.6	100.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.6	100.6	97.4	101.1	102.2	102.7
Nondurable goods ²						
Food and kindred products	96.6	99.7	102.7	106.2	106.5	103.9
Tobacco products	89.4	90.7	90.5	99.9	106.2	106.9
Textile mill products	99.9	100.6	98.6	100.6	100.8	100.4
Apparel and other textile products	100.2	101.0	96.6	100.1	100.7	101.1
Paper and allied products	99.4	101.1	100.8	100.9	100.3	100.3
Printing and publishing	100.1	100.1	99.4	99.6	99.3	99.7
Chemicals and allied products	99.9	100.9	100.6	100.9	100.3	99.8
Petroleum and coal products	100.7	102.6	102.8	103.0	102.1	101.9
Rubber and misc. plastics products	100.0	100.7	98.7	100.0	100.5	100.9
Leather and leather products	100.4	101.9	95.6	101.8	101.7	101.5
Transportation and public utilities	100.0	100.7	99.9	100.1	101.0	101.1
Wholesale trade	100.0	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.3	100.4
Retail trade ³	99.9	100.9	100.6	100.8	100.2	100.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	99.9	101.2	101.7	101.7	100.2	99.7
Services	100.4	101.0	100.8	100.6	100.3	100.3

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by

aggregation of the component series.

3 No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 10. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by industry

	1991								
Industry									
	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.			
Total private ²									
Mining	98.7	100.1	99.4	100.0	101.5	101.1			
Construction	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)			
Manufacturing ²									
Durable goods ²									
Lumber and wood products	100.5	101.3	99.4	101.0	101.1	100.9			
Furniture and fixtures	98.7	99.7	98.6	100.9	102.0	101.1			
Stone, clay, and glass products	100.6	101.1	100.3	101.4	101.5	101.4			
Primary metal industries ⁴	99.9	100.5	99.4	99.1	100.7	99.9			
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	100.0	100.8	100.1	99.1	100.6	99.6			
Fabricated metal products	99.9	100.6	98.3	99.5	100.8	100.4			
Industrial machinery and equipment	99.7	100.2	99.0	98.9	100.4	99.9			
Electronic and other electrical equipment	99.3	100.2	98.3	99.2	100.8	100.5			
Transportation equipment	100.8	100.8	98.6	98.5	101.2	100.6			
Motor vehicles and equipment	101.4	101.3	97.8	98.2	102.4	101.7			
Instruments and related products	99.2	100.1	98.7	99.3	100.0	100.0			
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.7	100.1	98.1	99.9	100.3	101.3			
Nondurable goods ²									
Food and kindred products	99.7	100.2	100.1	101.5	101.9	100.8			
Tobacco products	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)			
Textile mill products ⁵	99.7	101.0	99.0	100.9	101.3	100.8			
Apparel and other textile products	99.9	100.9	99.4	100.4	100.6	100.6			
Paper and allied products	99.6	99.9	99.4	99.6	100.9	100.5			
Printing and publishing4	99.0	99.0	99.3	100.4	101.4	100.2			
Chemicals and allied products	99.7	100.1	99.2	98.9	100.1	99.8			
Petroleum and coal products ⁴	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)			
Rubber and misc. plastics products	100.1	100.6	98.6	99.5	100.7	100.4			
Leather and leather products	100.1	101.8	99.9	101.3	100.4	100.3			
Transportation and public utilities4 5	99.6	100.6	101.2	100.6	100.4	100.5			
Wholesale trade	99.8	100.3	100.6	100.0	100.4	100.3			
Retail trade ^{4 5}	99.5	101.1	103.0	102.3	100.1	100.0			
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)			
Services ⁴	99.4	100.3	101.3	100.9	99.9	99.9			

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and sources.

consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and

⁴ No moving-holiday adjustment was done for September because there was no evidence of significant effects associated with the relative timing of Labor Day and the reference period of the payroll survey.

survey.

⁵ No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 11. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly overtime hours of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

	1991								
Industry group	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.			
Manufacturing¹									
Durable goods	97.7 93.9	101.3 99.3	94.7 99.5	100.5 106.5	110.6 112.8	104.6 106.1			

¹ Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

No moving-holiday adjustment was done for September because there was no evidence of

significant effects associated with the relative timing of Labor Day and the reference period of the payroll survey.

Table 12. Seasonal adjustment factors for average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonfarm payrolls by industry

	1991								
Industry division	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.			
Total private ²									
Mining	99.8	99.6	99.7	99.2	100.1	99.3			
Construction	99.7	99.3	99.7	99.7	100.8	100.8			
Manufacturing	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.3	100.2	99.9			
Excluding overtime	100.2	100.0	100.0	99.2	99.7	99.7			
Transportation and public utilities	99.5	99.5	99.9	99.7	100.4	100.3			
Wholesale trade ³	99.9	99.6	100.0	99.3	100.1	99.8			
Retail trade	99.9	99.6	99.3	99.0	100.3	100.2			
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³	100.1	99.2	99.6	99.0	99.8	100.0			
Services ³	99.7	99.0	98.8	98.5	100.1	100.4			

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.
³ No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1958 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor	torce				
Year	Noninsti-		Barrant			Emp	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	n		Percent	labor force
monu	рориваюн	Number	population	Total	Armed	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	lorce
						Annual ave	rages		•		
1958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,088
1959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,960
1960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,617
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,312
19621	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,539
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,583
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,394
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
1966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,288
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,527
1968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,291
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,602
1970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,315
1971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,834
1972'	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,091
	148,870		61.3	86,838		85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365		1 .
1973¹		91,203	1		1,774					4.8	57,667
1974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,171
1975	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,377
1976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,991
1977	160,689	100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,025
1978¹ 1979	163,541 166,460	103,882	63.5 64.0	97,679 100,421	1,631 1,597	96,048 98,824	3,387 3,347	92,661 95,477	6,202 6,137	6.0 5.8	59,659 59,900
1000	460.040	100 544	64.4	100.007	1.004	00.000	0.004	05.000	7.007	7.0	00.000
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,806
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,460
1982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,665
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,839
1985	179,912	117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,744
1986¹	182,293	119,540	65.6	111,303	1,706	109,597	3,163	106,434	8,237	6.9	62,752
1987	184,490	121,602	65.9	114,177	1,737	112,440	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.1	62,888
1988	186,322	123,378	66.2	116,677	1,709	114,968	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.4	62,944
1989	188,081	125,557	66.8	119,030	1,688	117,342	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.2	62,523
1990	189,686	126,424	66.6	119,550	1,637	117,914	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.4	63,262
			1		Monthly d	ata, seaso	nally adjusted	12		1	
1990:] .								
May	189,467	126,578	66.8	119,916	1,639	118,277	3,286	114,991	6,662	5.3	62.889
June	189,607	126,427	66.7	119,867	1,630	118,237	3,279	114,958	6,560	5.2	63,180
July	189,763	126,336	66.6	119,509	1,627	117,882	3,108	114,774	6,827	5.4	63,427
August	189,901	126,345	66.5	119,330	1,640	117,690	3,152	114,538	7,015	5.6	63,556
September	190,002	126,571	66.6	119,484	1,601	117,883	3,194	114,689	7,013	5.6	63,431
October	190,095	126,445	66.5	119,303	1,570	117,733	3,175	114,558	7,142	5.6	63,650
November	190,312	126,338	66.4	119,001	1,615	117,733	3,185	114,201	7,142	5.8	63,974
December	190,483	126,791	66.6	119,191	1,617	117,574	3,253	114,321	7,600	6.0	63,692
1991:											
January	190,592	126,253	66.2	118,537	1,615	116,922	3,163	113,759	7,715	6.1	64,339
February	190,717	126,253	66.4	118,520	1,602	116,922	3,103				
March	190,703	126,786	66.5	118,214		116,916	3,222	113,696	8,158	6.4	64,039
April	190,703	120,766	66.6	118,854	1,460	117,398		113,656	8,572	6.8	63,917
May	190,980	126,690	66.3	118,049	1,456		3,156	114,243	8,274	6.5	63,708
·*·ay	100,000	120,030	55.5	110,049	1,458	116,591	3,272	113,319	8,640	6.8	64,291

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.
² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1980 to date

						Labor					
Sex, year,	Noninsti-			·		Empl	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent of	labo forc
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
						Annual aver	ages			, -	
MEN	00.077	00.000		50.005	4 470	57.400	0.700	64.477	4.007		4=0
80	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,9
81	82,023	63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,5
82	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
83	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
34	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
15	86,025	65,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
961	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,3
37	88,476	67,764	76.8	63,684	1,577	62,107	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.1	20,6
38	89,404	68,474	76.6	84,820	1,547	63,273	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.3	20,9
9	90,283	69,380	76.8	65,835	1,520	64,315	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.1	20,9
0	91,122	69,705	76.5	65,906	1,472	64,435	2,507	61,928	3,799	5.4	21,4
		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Monthly	data seasor	nally adjusted ²		L		l
ŀ		T		· ·	lucially	data, scusor	lully adjusted			<u> </u>	
10:	01.014	80.700	70.0	00.001	1 470	64 500	0.500	60.007	2 000	, ,	
ay	91,014	69,729	76.6	66,061	1,472	64,589	2,562	62,027	3,668	5.3	21,
ine	91,087	69,609	76.4	65,964	1,465	64,499	2,571	61,928	3,645	5.2	21,
ly	91,168	69,523	76.3	65,728	1,462	64,266	2,478	61,788	3,795	5.5	21,
gust	91,240	69,552	76.2	65,663	1,475	64,186	2,477	61,711	3,889	5.6	21,
ptember	91,271	69,814	76.5	65,853	1,441	64,412	2,512	61,900	3,961	5.7	21.
tober	91,299	69,804	76.5	65,822	1,414	64,408	2,504	61,904	3,982	5.7	21,
wember	91,440	69,899	76.4	65,790	1,453	64,337	2,518	61,819	4,109	5.9	21,
ecember	91,537	70,058	76.5	65,781	1,454	64,327	2,572	61,755	4,277	6.1	21,
)1:	91,590	69,543	75.9	65,251	1 452	63,798	2.466	61 221	4 202	6.0	22,0
anuary	91,590 91,650	69,749	76.1	65,043	1,453 1,439	63,604	2,466 2,520	61,331 61,084	4,292 4,706	6.2 6.7	21,9
ebruary											
arch	91,587	69,808	76.2	64,646	1,314	63,532	2,456	61,076	4,962	7.1	21,7
pril ay	91,652 91,720	69,655 69,704	76.2 76.0	65,112 64,746	1,310 1,303	63,802 63,443	2,504 2,596	61,298 60,847	4,743 4,957	6.8 7.1	21,
		1			·	-		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
WOMEN		Ι				Annual aver	ayes		T		Ι
80	86,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42,8
31	89,751	46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42,
2	90,867	47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42.
3	91,827	48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	660	43,367	4,457	9.2	43.
4	92,924	49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43.
	92,924 93,886		53.7 54.5	47,409	150	45,915	644	45,262 46,615		7.4	42,
5		51,200							3,791		42,
6¹	94,944	52,568	55.4	48,861	155	48,706	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	
7	96 ,013	53,818	56.1	50,494	160	50,334	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,
69	96,918 97,798	54,904 56,198	56.6 57.5	51,858 53,195	162 168	51,696 53,027	676 687	51,020 52,341	3,046 3,003	5.5 5.3	42, 41,
0	98,564	56,719	57.5 57.5	53,644	165	53,479	679	52,800	3,075	5.4	41,
	86,304	50,719	57.5	33,644				52,800	3,075	5.4	41,
		Τ		Ī .	Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²		T		
)O:	00 450	Ec 040	677	50 0EF	167	53,688	724	52,964	2.994	5.3	41.0
ay	98,453	56,849	57.7	53,855	167						
ne	98,520	56,818	57.7	53,903	165	53,738	708	53,030	2,915	5.1	41,
ily	98,595	56,813	57.6	53,781	165	53,616	630	52,986	3,032	5.3	41,
ugust	98,661	56,793	57.6	53,667	165	53,502	675	52,827	3,126	5.5	41,
eptember	98,731	56,757	57.5	53,631	160	53,471	682	52,789	3,126	5.5	41,
ctober	98,796	56,641	57.3	53,481	156	53,325	671	52,654	3,160	5.6	42,
ovember	98,872	56,439	57.1	53,211	162	53,049	667	52,382	3,228	5.7	42,
ecember	98,946	56,733	57.3	53,410	163	53,247	681	52,566	3,323	5.9	42,
0 1:	** ***							Fa	0 :==		_ ا
anuary	99,002	56,710	57.3	53,287	162	53,125	697	52,428	3,423	6.0	42,
ebruary	99,087	56,929	57.5	53,477	163	53,314	703	52,611	3,452	6.1	42,
larch	99,116	56,978	57.5	53,368	146	53,222	642	52,580	3,610	6.3	42,
pril	99,184	57,273	57.7	53,742	146	53,596	651	52,945	3,531	6.2	41,
	99,260	56,986	57.4	53,303	155	53,148	676	52,473	3,663	6.5	42,

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1958 to date

Year	Civilian		Civilian la	abor force		Un	employment rat	es
and mo n th	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Women
				Annual	averages			
1958	113,727	67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
959	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
960¹	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
9621	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
65	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
66	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
67	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
968	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
	104,000	00,754	30.1	77,302	2,002	3.5	2.0	7.7
070	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
9731	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
	•	,						
974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
978¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
)79	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
981			63.9			7.6	7.4	7.9
	170,130	108,670		100,397	8,273			
982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	8,312	7.2	7.0	7.4
9861	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1
987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	7,425	6.2	6.2	6.2
988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	6,701	5.5	5.5	5.6
989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	6,528	5.3	5.2	5.4
990	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	6,874	5.5	5.6	5.4
			M	lonthly data, se	asonally adjusted	<u> </u>		
990:					1 . 1	_	_	
May	187,828	124,939	66.5	118,277	6,662	5.3	5.4	5.3
June	187,977	124,797	66.4	118,237	6,560	5.3	5.3	5.1
July	188,136	124,709	66.3	117,882	6,827	5.5	5.6	5.4
August	188,261	124,705	66.2	117,690	7,015	5.6	5.7	5.5
September	188,401	124,970	66.3	117,883	7,087	5.7	5.8	5.5
October	188,525	124,875	66.2	117,733	7,142	5.7	5.8	5.6
November	188,697	124,723	66.1	117,386	7,337	5.9	6.0	5.7
December	188,866	125,174	66.3	117,574	7,600	6.1	6.2	5.9
91:								
January	188,977	124,638	66.0	116,922	7,715	6.2	6.3	6.1
ebruary	189,115	125,076	66.1	116,918	8,158	6.5	6.9	6.1
March	189,243	125,326	66.2	116,754	8,572	6.8	7.2	6.4
April	189,380	125,672	66.4	117,398	8,274	6.6	6.9	6.2
May	189,522	125,232	66.1	116,591	8,640	6.9	7.2	6.5
		120,202		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,040	0.5	1.6	0.3

^{&#}x27; Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			May	1991					
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	се	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Unemp	oloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
TOTAL											
10 years and ayer	189,522	104 057	65.9	116 604	9 222	6.6	64 665	26,206	8,627	0.057	25.074
16 years and over	13,432	124,857 6,713	50.0	116,624 5,396	8,233 1,318	19.6	64,665 6,719	20,206 424	5,666	3,857 52	25,974 576
16 to 17 years	6,592	2,481	37.6	1,976	505	20.4	4,110	107	3,810	19	175
18 to 19 years		4,232	61.9	3,420	612	19.2	2,606	317	1,856	34	402
20 to 24 years		13,536	75.9	12,017	1,519	11.2	4,304	1,528	1,784	114	878
25 to 54 years	106,925	89,355	63.6	84,559	4,796	5.4	17,570	11,650	1,145	1,587	3,187
25 to 34 years		35,440	83.5	33,137	2,304	6.5	6,991	4,726	750	358	1,156
25 to 29 years		17,026	83.7 83.4	15,845	1,181	6.9 6.1	3,320 3,670	2,186	457 293	134 224	543 613
30 to 34 years		18,414 32,908	85.2	17,292 31,303	1,123 1,605	4.9	5,700	2,540 3,875	310	587	927
35 to 39 years		17,217	84.8	16,279	938	5.4	3,085	2,139	161	293	492
40 to 44 years		15,691	85.7	15,024	667	4.3	2,615	1,736	149	295	435
45 to 54 years	25,886	21,007	81.2	20,119	888	4.2	4,879	3,049	85	641	1,104
45 to 49 years	14,157	11,789	83.3	11,290	499	4.2	2,368	1,517	58	295	498
50 to 54 years		9,218	78.6	8,829	389	4.2	2,511	1,532	27	346	606
55 to 64 years		11,673	55.1	11,195	477	4.1	9,504	4,274	12	880	4,337
55 to 59 years	10,547	6,955	65.9	6,656	299	4.3	3,592	1,858	10	474	1,250
60 to 64 years		4,718 3,580	44.4 11.9	4,539 3,458	178 123	3.8 3.4	5,912 26,568	2,416 8,330	3 19	406 1,224	3,087 16,995
65 years and over65 to 69 years	1	2,199	21.7	2,122	77	3.5	7,939	2,533	13	298	5,098
70 to 74 years		851	10.5	821	30	3.6	7,264	2,288	2	268	4,706
75 years and over	11,895	530	4.5	515	15	2.8	11,365	3,509	4	658	7,193
Men											
	90,417	68,183	75.4	63,499	4,684	6.9	22,234	658	4,302	2,083	15,190
6 years and over 16 to 19 years	1 -'	3,534	52.1	2,778	755	21.4	3,248	36	2,888	33	291
16 to 17 years	3,383	1,319	39.0	1,047	272	20.6	2,064	6	1,940	14	104
18 to 19 years	3,398	2,214	65.2	1,731	483	21.8	1,184	29	948	19	188
20 to 24 years	8,707	7,145	82.1	6,359	786	11.0	1,562	34	936	73	518
25 to 54 years		48,734	93.1	45,980	2,754	5.7	3,592	327.	471	1,031	1,763
25 to 34 years	20,875	19,573	93.8	18,279	1,294	6.6	1,302	112	330	248	612
25 to 29 years		9,340	93.6	8,687	652	7.0	635	57	206	88	284
30 to 34 years		10,233	93.9	9,591	642	6.3	667	55 91	124 111	160 382	328 515
35 to 44 years	18,898 9,971	17,800 9,403	94.2 94.3	16,873 8,862	926 542	5.2 5.8	1,098 567	44	56	194	274
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		8,396	94.1	8,012	385	4.6	531	48	55	188	241
45 to 54 years		11,361	90.5	10,828	533	4.7	1,192	123	31	401	637
45 to 49 years	6,880	6,312	91.7	6,018	294	4.7	568	64	22	199	282
50 to 54 years	5,673	5,050	89.0	4,811	239	4.7	624	60	8	202	354
55 to 64 years		6,703	66.8	6,383	321	4.8	3,325	61	1	493	2,770
55 to 59 years	5,033	3,948	78.4	3,734	214	5.4	1,086	32	1	269	784
60 to 84 years		2,756	55.2 16.4	2,649 1,999	107	3.9 3.3	2,239 10,507	30 200	- 6	224 453	1,985 9,848
65 years and over65 to 69 years		2,067 1,256	27.4	1,217	38	3.3	3,330	44	4	131	3,151
70 to 74 years		489	13.8	471	18	3.7	3,058	70	2	127	2,860
75 years and over		322	7.3	310	12	3.7	4,119	86	-	196	3,837
Women											
16 years and over	99,105	56,674	57.2	53,125	3,548	6.3	42,431	25,548	4,325	1,774	10,784
16 to 19 years		3,179	47.8	2,617	562	17.7	3,471	388	2,778	20	285
16 to 17 years	3,208	1,162	36.2	929	233	20.1	2,046	101	1,869	5	71
18 to 19 years		2,017	58.6	1,688	329	16.3	1,424	288	908	15	214
20 to 24 years		6,391	70.0	5,659	733	11.5	2,742	1,494	847	41	360
25 to 34 years		40,621	74.4 73.6	38,578 14,858	2,043 1,009	5.0 6.4	13,978 5,689	11,323 4,613	674 421	556. 111	1,424 544
25 to 34 years		15,867 7,686	74.1	7,158	528	6.9	2,685	2,129	252	46	259
30 to 34 years		8,181	73.1	7,700	481	5.9	3,004	2,485	169	64	286
35 to 44 years		15,108	76.7	14,430	679	4.5	4,601	3,784	200	206	412
35 to 39 years		7,813	75.6	7,417	396	5.1	2,518	2,096	105	99	218
40 to 44 years		7,295	77.8	7,012	282	3.9	2,084	1,686	94	107	194
45 to 54 years	13,333	9,645	72.3	9,291	355	3.7	3,687	2,926	54	240	467
45 to 49 years	7,277	5,477	75.3	5,272	205	3.7	1,800	1,453	35	96	215
50 to 54 years		4,168	68.8	4,018	150	3.6	1,887	1,473	19	144	252
55 to 64 years		4,970	44.6	4,813	157	3.2	6,179	4,213	12	387	1,568
55 to 59 years		3,008 1,962	54.5 34.8	2,923 1,890	85 72	2.8 3.7	2,506 3,673	1,826 2,386	9 3	205 182	466 1,102
60 to 84 years65 years and over		1,962	8.6	1,890	54	3.7	16,061	8,130	14	770	7,147
65 to 69 years		943	17.0	904	39	4.1	4,610	2,489	9	167	1,945
70 to 74 years		362	7.9	349	12	3.4	4,206	2,218		141	1,846

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					May	1991					
			Civil	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	rce	
	Civilian				Unemp	ployed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											-
6 years and over	161,357	107,285	66.5	101,018	6,266	5.8	54,072	22,366	6,258	2,891	22,557
16 to 19 years		5,825	54.3	4,774	1,051	18.0	4,897	302	4,115	40	440
16 to 17 years		2,198	41.9	1,774	424	19.3	3,052	77	2,841	12	122
18 to 19 years	5,473	3,627	66.3	3,000	627	17.3	1,846	225	1,275	28	318
20 to 24 years		11,461	78.1	10,385	1,076	9.4	3,222	1,189	1,346	75	612
25 to 54 years		76,550	84.5 84.6	72,915 28,302	3,635 1,732	4.7 5.8	14,006 5,447	9,644 3,817	774 509	1,144 260	2,444 861
25 to 34 years		30,034 14,398	85.1	13,504	894	6.2	2,516	1,712	308	98	398
30 to 34 years		15,636	84.2	14,798	838	5.4	2,930	2,104	201	161	464
35 to 44 years		28,290	86.1	27,101	1,189	4.2	4,574	3,256	205	425	688
35 to 39 years		14,705	85.6	14,058	647	4.4	2,464	1,786	95	214	369
40 to 44 years		13,585	86.6	13,043	542	4.0	2,110	1,470	110	212	319
45 to 54 years		18,226	82.1	17,512	714	3.9	3,985	2,571	60	459	895
45 to 49 years		10,226	84.1	9,841	384	3.8	1,934	1,279	41	227	386
50 to 54 years		8,001	79.6 55.7	7,671	330	4.1	2,051	1,292	19 8	232	509
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years		10,257 6,110	55.7 67.2	9,846 5,856	411 254	4.0 4.2	8,144 2,980	3,690 1,587	8	649 323	3,797 1,062
60 to 64 years		4,147	44.5	3,990	157	3.8	2,960 5,164	2,103	_	323	2,734
65 years and over		3,192	11.8	3,099	93	2.9	23,803	7,541	15	983	15,265
65 to 69 years		1,939	21.6	1,884	55	2.8	7,017	2,235	9	244	4,528
70 to 74 years	7,289	775	10.6	752	23	3.0	6,514	2,080	3	209	4,222
75 years and over	10,750	478	4.4	463	15	3.2	10,272	3,226	3	529	6,514
Men											,
B years and over	77,600	59,270	76.4	55,654	3,616	6.1	18,329	447	3,136	1,594	13,153
16 to 19 years		3,064	56.6	2,470	593	19.4	2,353	20	2,109	28	197
16 to 17 years		1,174	43.6	947	227	19.3	1,516	4	1,444	8	61
16 to 19 years		1,890	69.3	1,523	367	19.4	837	16	665	19	136
20 to 24 years		6,110	84.7	5,543	567	9.3	1,106	9	718	43	336
25 to 54 years		42,283 16,791	94.2 95.0	40,151 15,764	2,132 1,027	5.0 6.1	2,612 892	211 64	306 226	774 175	1,321 427
25 to 34 years		7,966	94.8	7,435	531	6.7	433	29	145	63	197
30 to 34 years		8,825	95.1	8,329	496	5.6	459	35	81	112	230
35 to 44 years		15,528	95.2	14,840	688	4.4	791	61	60	292	379
35 to 39 years		8,139	95.1	7,755	385	4.7	417	33	27	150	207
40 to 44 years		7,389	95.2	7,086	303	4.1	374	28	33	142	172
45 to 54 years		9,964	91.5	9,546	418	4.2	928	86	20	307	515
45 to 49 years		5,547	92.8	5,332	215	3.9	433	43	13 7	158	219
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		4,417 5,944	89.9 67.7	4,214 5,670	203 274	4.6 4.6	495 2,831	43 42	1	149 372	296 2,417
55 to 59 years		3,491	79.8	3,312	179	5.1	882	24	1	198	659
60 to 64 years		2,453	55.7	2,358	95	3.9	1,949	18	- '	174	1,757
55 years and over		1,869	16.5	1,819	50	2.7	9,427	166	2	377	8,882
65 to 69 years	4,090	1,129	27.6	1,103	26	2.3	2,961	35	-	108	2,617
70 to 74 years		446	13.9	435	12	2.6	2,755	58	2	106	2,589
75 years and over	4,005	293	7.3	281	12	4.1	3,711	73	-	162	3,476
Women											
years and over		48,014	57.3	45,364	2,650	5.5	35,743	21,918	3,122	1,297	9,405
16 to 19 years		2,761	52.1	2,303	458	16.6	2,544	282	2,006	13	243
16 to 17 years		1,024	40.0	827	198	19.3	1,535	73	1,397	4	61
18 to 19 years		1,737 5,351	63.3 71.7	1,476	261 509	15.0	1,008	209	609	8	182
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years		34,266	71.7 75.0	4,842 32,764	1,502	9.5 4.4	2,116 11,394	1,180 9,433	628 468	31 370	276 1,123
25 to 34 years		13,243	74.4	12,538	705	5.3	4,554	3,753	283	85	434
25 to 29 years		6,432	75.5	6,068	363	5.6	2,083	1,684	163	36	201
30 to 34 years		6,811	73.4	6,469	342	5.0	2,471	2,069	120	49	234
35 to 44 years		12,761	77.1	12,261	501	3.9	3,783	3,196	145	133	309
35 to 39 years		6,566	76.2	6,303	262	4.0	2,047	1,753	68	64	162
40 to 44 years		6,196	78.1	5,958	238	3.8	1,736	1,442	77	70	147
45 to 49 years		8,262	73.0 75.7	7,966	297	3.6	3,057	2,485	40	152	380
45 to 49 years		4,679 3,583	75.7 69.7	4,510 3,456	169 127	3.6 3.6	1,501	1,236	28 12	69 83	167
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		4,313	44.8	3,456 4,176	137	3.6	1,556 5,313	1,249 3,648	7	83 277	213 1,380
55 to 59 years		2,618	55.5	2,543	75	2.9	2,098	1,563	7	125	403
60 to 64 years		1,695	34.5	1,632	62	3.7	3,215	2,085	_ ′	153	977
65 years and over	15,698	1,323	8.4	1,280	43	3.3	14,376	7,375	12	606	6,382
65 to 69 years	4,865	809	16.6	781	28	3.5	4,056	2,200	9	136	1,711
70 to 74 years	4,088	329	8.0	317	12	3.6	3,759	2,022	1	103	1,633
75 years and over	6,745	185	2.7	182	3	1.6	6,560	3,153	2	367	3,038

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

		r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		May						
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	rce	
	Civilian			T	Unem	ploved					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK	_										
0	04 500	40.004		44.000	4.000	40.7	0.475	0.000	4.074		
6 years and over	21,569 2,130	13,394 694	62.1 32.6	11,698 458	1,696 236	12.7 34.0	8,175 1,436	2,938 110	1,671 1,202	880 9	2,68
16 to 17 years	1,031	215	20.8	148	67	31.2	816	25	741	3	4
18 to 19 years	1,098	479	43.6	310	169	35.2	619	85	461	6	6
20 to 24 years	2,442	1,666	68.2	1,262	404	24.3	776	288	245	35	20
25 to 54 years	12,286	9,644	78.5	8,664	980	10.2	2,642	1,441	219	398	58
25 to 34 years	5,337	4,202	78.7	3,700	502	11.9	1,135	674	150	80	23
25 to 29 years	2,642	2,046	77.5	1,796	250	12.2	595	368	85	31	11
30 to 34 years	2,696	2,156	80.0	1,903	252	11.7	540	305	65	49	12
35 to 44 years	4,259	3,426	80.4	3,085	341	10.0	833	418	63	152	20
35 to 39 years	2,341	1,881	80.3	1,640	240 101	12.8	461 373	242	42 20	77	10
40 to 44 years	1,918 2,689	1,546 2,016	80.6 75.0	1,445	137	6.5 6.8	673	177 349	20 6	75 166	10
45 to 49 years	1,428	1,119	78.4	1,029	90	8.0	309	163	5	63	':
50 to 54 years	1,261	897	71.1	651	47	5.2	364	166	ĭ	103	-
55 to 64 years	2,155	1,079	50.1	1,029	50	4.7	1,076	444	i	216	4
55 to 59 years	1,119	639	57.2	606	34	5.3	479	197	- '	142	1.
60 to 64 years	1,037	440	42.4	423	17	3.8	597	247	1	74	2
5 years and over	2,556	311	12.2	286	25	8.1	2,245	655	5	222	1,3
65 to 69 years	917	214	23.3	195	19	8.8	703	239	4	46	4
70 to 74 years	679	56	8.2	49	6	()	623	172		54	3:
75 years and over	960	41	4.3	41	<u> </u>	(1)	919	243	2	122	5!
Men											
Byears and over	9,693	6,642	68.5	5,729	913	13.8	3,051	176	785	441	1,64
16 to 19 years	1,069	373	34.8	231	142	38.0	697	15	592	2	6
16 to 17 years	516	107	20.7	73	34	31.8	409	2	364	3	4
18 to 19 years	553	268	48.0	158	108	40.5	288	13	228	-	1 .5
20 to 24 years	1,111	816	73.4	619	197	24.2	295	19	106	26	14
25 to 54 years	5,502	4,735	86.1	4,214	521	11.0	767 308	99 46	84 53	227 58	35
25 to 34 years	2,409 1,195	2,101 1,050	87.2 87.9	1,868 949	233 101	11.1 9.6	145	26	27	23	'è
30 to 34 years	1,215	1,051	86.5	920	131	12.5	163	20	26	36	}
35 to 44 years	1,905	1,648	86.5	1,452	197	11.9	256	26	29	87	1
35 to 39 years	1,048	926	68.4	797	129	13.9	122	8	17	43	'(
40 to 44 years	856	722	64.3	654	68	9.4	134	18	12	44	(
45 to 54 years	1,188	986	82.9	894	92	9.3	203	26	2	82	,
45 to 49 years	633	533	84.2	467	68	12.4	100	15	2	37	
50 to 54 years	555	452	81.5	427	25	5.6	103	12	-	45	
55 to 64 years	975	563	57.7	526	36	6.5	412	18	-	114	2
55 to 59 years	508 467	340 222	67.0	313 213	27 10	7.9 4.3	168 245	8 10	_	66 48	1:
60 to 64 years 55 years and over	1,035	156	47.6 15.0	138	17	11.1	879	26	- 4	73	+
65 to 69 years	384	101	26.2	89	12	11.5	283	8	4	21	2
70 to 74 years	293	31	10.7	26	'6	(')	262	9	- '	19	2
75 years and over	357	23	6.5	23	-	ŏ	334	9	-	33	2
Women											
years and over	11,876	6,752	56.9	5,970	782	11.6	5,124	2,761	886	439	1,0
16 to 19 years	1,060	321	30.3	227	94	29.3	739	95	610	7	
16 to 17 years	515	108	21.0	75	33	30.7	407	23	377	1	
18 to 19 years	545	214	39.2	152	61	28.7	332	71	233	6	
20 to 24 years	1,331	850	63.9	643	207	24.4	481	270	139	9	
25 to 54 years	6,763	4,909	72.4	4,450	459	9.4	1,674	1,342	135 97	172	2
25 to 34 years	2,928 1,447	2,101 996	71.8 68.9	1,831 848	270 149	12.8 14.9	827 450	627 342	58	22	
25 to 29 years	1,461	1,105	74.6	984	121	11.0	376	285	39	13	i i
35 to 44 years	2,355	1,778	75.5	1,633	145	8.1	577	392	34	65	
35 to 39 years	1,293	954	73.8	843	111	11.7	339	234	25	34	
40 to 44 years	1,062	623	77.6	790	33	4.0	238	158	9	31	
45 to 54 years	1,501	1,030	68.7	986	45	4.4	470	323	4	85	
45 to 49 years	795	586	73.7	562	24	4.1	209	146	3	27	:
50 to 54 years	706	445	63.0	424	21	4.8	261	175	1	58	
55 to 64 years	1,180	516	43.7	502	14	2.7	664	426	1	102	1
55 to 59 years	611	299	49.0	292	7	2.3	312	189	-	76	
60 to 64 years	569	217	38.2	210	7	3.2	352	237	1	26	۔ ا
65 years and over	1,521	155	10.2	147	8	5.1	1,366	629	2	149	5
65 to 69 years	533	113	21.2	106	7	6.5	420	231	-	25	1 1
70 to 74 years	386	24	6.3	24	1	(2)	362	163		35	1 1
75 years and over	603	18	3.0	18	-	(')	565	235	2	89	2

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

					May 1991			_	
				(Civilian labor force)		-	
Age and sex	Civilian				Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in
Ago and sox	noninsti- tutional population	Totai	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
TOTAL									
16 years and ayer	28,165	17,572	62.4	15,606	257	15.349	1,966	11.2	10,593
16 years and over	2,709	888	32.8	622	11	611	266	30.0	1,821
16 to 17 years	1,342	283	21.1	202	6	197	81	28.7	1,059
18 to 19 years	1,367	605	44.2	420	5	415	185	30.6	763
20 to 24 years	3,157	2,075	65.7	1,632	25	1,607	443	21.3	1,082
25 to 54 years	16,369	12,805	78.2	11,644	173	11,470	1,162	9.1	3,564
25 to 34 years	6,951	5,407	77.8	4,835	86	4,749	572	10.6	1,544
25 to 29 years	3,432	2,628	76.6	2,341	37	2,304	287	10.9	804
30 to 34 years	3,519	2,779	79.0	2,493	49	2,444	285	10.3	740
35 to 44 years	5,744	4,618	80.4	4,202	49	4,153	416	9.0	1,125
35 to 39 years	3,133	2,512	80.2	2,221	32	2,189	291	11.6	621
40 to 44 years	2,611	2,106	80.7	1,981	17	1,964	125	6.0	504
45 to 54 years	3,674	2,780	75.7	2,607	39	2,568	173	6.2	894
45 to 49 years	1,997	1,563	78.3	1,449	26	1,423	115	7.3	434
50 to 54 years	1,677	1,217	72.6	1,158	13	1,145	59	4.8	460
55 to 64 years	2,776	1,416	51.0	1,350	24	1,326	66	4.7	1,360
55 to 59 years	1,458	846	58.0	801	15	786	45	5.3	612
60 to 64 years	1,318	570	43.3	549	9	540	21	3.7	748
65 years and over	3,154	388	12.3 22.0	359	24 12	335 225	29	7.5 8.7	2,766
65 to 69 years	1,183	260		238			23		923
70 to 74 years	826	76 52	9.2 4.5	69 52	1 10	68 42	1 '	9.1	750
75 years and over	1,145	32	4.5	32	10	42	_	(')	1,093
Men									
6 years and over	12,817	8,913	69.5	7,845	218	7,627	1,068	12.0	3,904
16 to 19 years	1,364	470	34.5	308	10	298	162	34.5	894
16 to 17 years	693	146	21.0	100	5	96	46	31.2	548
18 to 19 years	671	324	48.3	208	5	203	117	35.9	347
20 to 24 years	1,491	1,035	69.4	815	21	795	220	21.2	456
25 to 54 years	7,431	6,451	86.8	5,829	146	5,683	621	9.6	980
25 to 34 years	3,192	2,782	87.2	2,514	77	2,437	268	9.6	410
25 to 29 years	1,575	1,374	87.2	1,252	34	1,218	122	8.8	202
30 to 34 years	1,617	1,408	87.1	1,262	43	1,219	146	10.4	208
35 to 44 years	2,579	2,271	88.1	2,033	40	1,993	238	10.5	307
35 to 39 years	1,414	1,264	89.4	1,107	26	1,081	157	12.4	150
40 to 44 years	1,164	1,007	86 .5	926	14 29	912	81	8.1	157
45 to 49 years	1,661 900	1,397 765	84 .1 85.0	1,282 686	20	1,253 666	115 79	8.3 10.4	263 135
50 to 54 years	761	632	83.1	596	9	587	36	5.7	129
55 to 64 years	1,253	759	60.6	712	17	695	47	6.2	494
55 to 59 years	660	456	69.1	421	10	411	35	7.7	204
60 to 64 years	593	303	51.1	291	7	284	12	3.9	290
65 years and over	1,278	198	15.5	180	24	156	18	9.2	1,080
65 to 69 years	495	126	25.5	115	13	102	12	9.4	369
70 to 74 years	346	43	12.4	36	1	35	6	(¹)	303
75 years and over	436	29	6.6	29	10	19	-	ĕ	408
Women									
6 years and over	15,348	8,659	56.4	7,761	39	7,722	898	10.4	6,688
16 to 19 years	1,345	418	31.1	314	1	313	104	24.9	927
16 to 17 years	649	138	21.2	102	1	101	36	25.9	511
18 to 19 years	696	280	40.3	212	-	212	68	24.4	416
20 to 24 years	1,666	1,040	62.4	817	5	812	223	21.5	626
25 to 54 years	8,938	6,354	71.1	5,814	27	5,787	540	8.5	2,583
25 to 34 years	3,759	2,624	69.8	2,320	9	2,311	304	11.6	1,135
25 to 29 years	1,857	1,254	67.5	1,089	3	1,086	165	13.2	603
30 to 34 years	1,902	1,370	72.0	1,231	6	1,225	139	10.2	532
35 to 44 years	3,165	2,347	74.1	2,169	9	2,160	178	7.6	818
35 to 39 years	1,719	1,248	72.6	1,114	6	1,109	134	10.7	471
40 to 44 years	1,446	1,099	76.0	1,055	3	1,052	44	4.0	348
45 to 54 years	2,014	1,383	68.7	1,325	9	1,316	58	4.2	631
45 to 49 years	1,097	798	72.7	763	6	757	35	4.4	299
50 to 54 years	917	585	63.8	562	3	559	23	3.9	332
55 to 64 years	1,523	657	43.1	637	7	630	20	3.0	866
55 to 59 years	798 725	390	48.8	379	4	375	10	2.6	408
60 to 64 years	725 1 976	267	36.9	258	3	255	9	3.6	458
65 to 69 years	1,876 688	190	10.1 19.5	179	-	179	11	5.8	1,686
65 to 69 years	688 480	134	19.5 6.9	123	-	123	11	8.0	554
70 to 74 years75 years and over	708	33 23	3.2	33 23	-	33 23	1	()	447 685
, 3413 4114 5151	700	20	٥.٤	ا دع	-	ا	_	1 0	000

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	Тс	otal	Men, 20 y ov		Women, 20 ov		Both sexes	•
race	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	187,828	189,522	82,581	83,636	91,414	92,454	13,832	13,432
Civilian labor force	124,640	124,857	64,278	64,650	53,103	53,494	7,258	6,713
Percent of population	66.4	65.9	77.8	77.3	58.1	57.9	52.5	50.0
Employed		116,624	61,417	60,721	50,742	50,508	6,118	5,396
Agriculture		3,431	2,481	2,475	713	679	258	277
Nonagricultural industries		113,194	58,936	58,246	50,029	49,830	5,860	5,118
Unemployed		8,233	2,861	3,929	2,362	2,986	1,141	1,318
Unemployment rate		6.6	4.5	6.1	4.4	5.6	15.7	19.6
Not in labor force		64,665	18,303	18,986	38,311	38,960	6,574	6,719
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	160,271	161.357	71,384	72,183	77,740	78,452	11,148	10,722
Civilian labor force	107,075	107,285	55,902	56,207	44,894	45,253	6,278	5,825
Percent of population		66.5	78.3	77.9	57.7	57.7	56.3	54.3
Employed		101,018	53,739	53,184	43,208	43,061	5,403	4.774
Agriculture		3,174	2,308	2,267	674	640	254	267
Nonagricultural industries		97,844	51,431	50,917	42,534	42,421	5,149	4,507
Unemployed		6,266	2,163	3,023	1,686	2,192	875	1,051
Unemployment rate		5.8	3.9	5.4	3.8	4.8	13.9	18.0
Not in labor force		54,072	15,482	15,976	32,845	33,199	4,870	4,897
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	21,261	21,569	8,487	8,624	10,624	10,815	2,150	2,130
Civilian labor force		13,394	6,255	6,269	6,459	6,431	784	694
Percent of population	63.5	62.1	73.7	72.7	60.8	59.5	36.5	32.6
Employed		11,698	5,672	5,497	5,874	5,743	547	458
Agriculture		192	121	159	23	23	2	10
Nonagricultural industries		11,507	5,551	5,339	5,851	5,720	545	448
Unemployed		1,696	584	772	585	688	237	236
Unemployment rate		12.7	9.3	12.3	9.1	10.7	30.2	34.0
Not in labor force		8,175	2,232	2,354	4,165	4,385	1,366	1,436

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 1	1991				
					Civ	rilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Deployed Looking for part-time work 655 545 109 486 168 128 41 333 296 38 261 72 60 112 321 250 71 225 96 68 29 526 452 74 266 260 403 123 94 28 100 80 20 46 54 69 30 19 11	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	14,123	6,587	46.6	5,587	996	4,591	1,000	346	655	15.2
16 to 19 years	9,945	4,233	42.6	3,485	299	3,186	748	202	1	17.7
20 to 24 years	4,178	2,354	56.3	2,102	697	1,405	252	143	109	10.7
High school	8,399	3,388	40.3	2,753	157	2,596	636	149	486	18.8
College		3,199	55.9	2,834	839	1,995	364	196	168	11.4
Full-time students	4,885	2,438	49.9	2,141	412	1,729	297	169		12.2
Part-time students	839	761	90.7	693	427	266	68	27	41	8.9
Men, 16 to 24 years	7.093	3,242	45.7	2,715	550	2,165	527	194	333	16.3
16 to 19 years	5,074	2,168	42.7	1,747	173	1,575	420	125		19.4
20 to 24 years	2,018	1,075	53.3	968	378	590	107	69	38	10.0
High school	4,381	1,802	41.1	1,451	99	1,352	351	90	261	19.5
College	2,712	1,440	53.1	1,264	452	812	176	104		12.2
Full-time students	2,350	1,113	47.4	960	261	699	153	92		13.7
Part-time students	362	327	90.4	304	191	113	24	12	12	7.2
Women, 16 to 24 years	7,030	3,344	47.6	2,872	446	2,426	473	152	201	14.1
16 to 19 years	4,870	2,065	42.4	1,738	127	1,611	328	78		15.9
20 to 24 years		1,279	59.2	1,134	319	815	145	74		11.4
High school	4,019	1,586	39.5	1,302	59	1,243	285	60	225	17.9
College		1,758	58.4	1,570	387	1,183	188	92		10.7
Full-time students		1,325	52.3	1,181	151	1,030	144	77		10.9
Part-time students	477	433	90.9	389	236	153	44	15	29	10.1
White			_							
Total, 16 to 24 years	11,278 7,860	5,725 3,688	50.8 46.9	4,937 3.086	893 260	4,044 2,826	787 602	262 150		13.8 16.3
20 to 24 years		2,037	59.6	1,851	633	1,218	186	112		9.1
Men	5,709	2,850	49.9	2,431	500	1,931	419	154	266	14.7
Women	5,568	2,874	51.6	2,506	393	2,114	368	108		12.8
High school	6,553	2,947	45.0	2,442	138	2,303	505	102	403	17.1
College	4,725	2,778	58.8	2,496	755	1,741	282	159		10.2
Full-time students Part-time students	4,020 705	2,126 651	52.9 92.4	1,893 603	375 380	1,518 223	234 48	140 20	_	11.0 7.4
Black	, , ,	03.	02.4		300	220	70	20	20	'
	0.070	045	20.7	400		250	470	70	100	
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,072 1,608	615 409	29.7 25.4	439 282	80 31	359 251	176 127	76 47		28.7 31.0
20 to 24 years	464	206	44.4	157	49	107	49	29	1	24.0
Men	981	272	27.8	190	38	153	82	36		30.1
Women	1,091	342	31.4	248	42	206	94	41	54	27.5
High school	1,430	327	22.9	215	14	201	112	42		34.1
College	642	268	44.8	223	66	157	65	34		22.5
Full-time students Part-time students	539 103	201 87	37.3 83.7	155 68	30 36	125 32	46 19	27 7		22.9
Hispanic origin								,		
• •	1 251	475	38.0	205		200		OF.	65	400
Total, 16 to 24 years	1,251 948	475 284	29.9	385 215	91 16	293 200	90 69	25 17	1	19.0
20 to 24 years	303	191	63.2	170	76	94	22	9	1	11.4
Men	614	249	40.5	200	50	150	49	12	37	19.7
Women	637	226	35.5	185	42	143	41	14		18.3
High school	864	250	29.0	180	25	156	70	17	54	28.0
College	387	225	58.0	204	67	138	20	9	1	9.0
Full-time students	293 95	137	46.7	126	17 50	110	11	5		7.8
i ai culte students	95	88	92.6	78	50	28	10	4	6	10.9

HOUSEHOLD DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 1	991				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unem	oloyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work 240 91 149 69 94 68 9 90 53 36 22 26 40 1 151 38 113 47 67 28 8 8 114 58 72 58 6 6 19 25 10 21 10 3 3 20 9 11 1 4 4 1 1 16 14 4 1 1	Percen of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	17,149	13,662	79.7	11,826	9,765	2,061	1,836	1,596	240	13.4
16 to 19 years	3,487 13,662	2,480 11,182	71.1 81.8	1,911 9,916	1,290 8,474	620 1,441	570 1,266	479 1,117		23.0
Land then division of black colored		0.500	200	4.055	4.544			500		
Less than 4 years of high school4 years of high school	4,175 8,037	2,532 6,750	60.6 84.0	1,955 5,913	1,514 4,978	441 935	577 837	508 743		12.4
1 to 3 years of college	3,442	2,977	86.5	2,629	2,086	543	348	280		11.7
4 years of college or more	1,495	1,403	93.8	1,329	1,187	142	74	65	9	5.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	8,395	7,436	88.6	6,422	5,533	889	1,014	924	90	13.€
16 to 19 years	1,707	1,366	80.0	1,031	746	285	335	282		24.5
20 to 24 years	6,689	6,070	90.8	5,391	4,787	604	679	643	36	11.2
Less than 4 years of high school		1,727	79.5	1,370	1,131	239	357	335		20.7
4 years of high school	4,028	3,896	91.8	3,240	2,857	382	456	430		12.3
1 to 3 years of college4 years of college or more	1,552 842	1,407 606	90.6 94.3	1,236 577	1,023 522	213 55	171 29	131 28		12.2
Women, 18 to 24 years	8,754	6,226	71.1	5,404	4,232	1,172	822	671	151	13.2
18 to 19 years	1,780 6,974	1,114 5,112	62.6 73.3	879 4,525	544 3,688	335 837	235 587	197 475	38	21.1
•										
Less than 4 years of high school4 years of high school	2,002 4,009	805 3,054	40.2 76.2	586 2,673	383 2,121	203 553	219 381	172 314		27.3 12.5
1 to 3 years of college	1,890	1,571	83.1	1,394	1,063	330	177	149		11.3
4 years of college or more	853	797	93.4	752	665	87	45	37	1	5.8
White						1				
Total, 16 to 24 years	14,128	11,561	81.8	10,221	8,488	1,734	1,340	1,145	1	11.6 21.0
18 to 19 years	2,863 11,266	2,137 9,424	74.7 83.7	1,688 8,534	1,145 7,343	543 1,191	450 890	367 778		9.4
Men	6,924	6,323	91.3	5,583	4,844	739	740	670		11.7
Women	7,205	5,239	72.7	4,839	3,644	995	600	476	124	11.4
Less than 4 years of high school		2,156	65.0	1,724	1,350	374	433	375		20.1
4 years of high school 1 to 3 years of college	6,530 2,947	5,579 2,569	85.4 87.2	5,004 2,299	4,265 1,808	738 491	575 270	503 212		10.3
4 years of college or more	1,334	1,257	94.2	1,195	1,065	130	62	56	1	4.9
Black	:									
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,745	69.8	1,281	1,007	275	464	420		26.6
16 to 19 years	522 1,978	285 1,460	54.7 73.8	176 1,105	116 891	60 215	109 355	102 319		38.2 24.3
Men	1,200	916	76.4	659	536	123	257	238	19	28.0
Women	1,300	829	63.8	622	471	151	207	183	25	25.0
Less than 4 years of high school		317	44.3	176	122	54	141	130		44.4
4 years of high school		1,013	78.5	770	597	173	243	222		23.9
1 to 3 years of college		317 98	81.1 94.8	250 85	207 80	43 5	68 13	58 10		21.3 13.2
4 years of college or more	104	30	54.0	65	00		13	10		10.2
Hispanic origin				4.0==			222			
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,606 349	72.6 69.1	1,377 280	1,177 186	200 75	229 89	209 80		14,2 25.5
16 to 19 years		1,256	73.6	1,117	991	125	140	128	-	11.1
Men	1,152 1,059	1,039 566	90.2 53.5	912 465	810 367	102 98	127 101	124 85	1	12.3 17.9
Less than 4 years of high school		800	65.1	674	575	99	126	112	14	15.7
4 years of high school	739	602	81.4	523	472	51	79	75	4	13.2
1 to 3 years of college		172	84.9	151	104	47	22	20		12.5
4 years of coilege or more	41	31	(²)	29	26	3	2	1	1	(2)

 ¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.
 ² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
 NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninst popu					Civilian la	bor force				
Veteran status			Total		Empl	oyed	Unemployed				
and age	May 1990			May		May	May	Number		Percent of labor force	
			1990	1991	1990	1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS											
Total, 35 years and over	7,623 6,523 1,446 3,326 1,751 1,100	7,777 6,497 1,183 3,185 2,129 1,280	6,930 6,164 1,338 3,199 1,626 767	7,039 6,145 1,101 3,017 2,026 895	6,696 5,947 1,290 3,091 1,567 749	6,738 5,865 1,022 2,903 1,940 874	234 217 49 109 59	301 280 79 115 86 21	3.4 3.5 3.6 3.4 3.6 2.3	4.3 4.6 7.2 3.8 4.3 2.4	
NONVETERANS											
Total, 35 to 49 years	17,137 7,882 5,039 4,215	18,198 8,281 5,728 4,189	16,015 7,497 4,688 3,830	16,995 7,834 5,365 3,795	15,438 7,242 4,524 3,671	16,119 7,411 5,098 3,610	577 255 163 159	876 424 266 185	3.6 3.4 3.5 4.1	5.2 5.4 5.0 4.9	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 35 to 49 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

(In thousands)

				М	ay 1991			
			Empl	oyed			Unem	ployed
Sau and and		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules	Part time,for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	96,277	94,334	1,943	20,348	16,727	3,620	6,809	1,424
6 to 19 years	1,590	1,506	84	3,806	3,429	377	681	637
16 to 17 years	128	124	4	1,848	1,786	62	132	374
8 to 19 years	1,461	1,382	80	1,958	1,643	315	549	263
years and over	94,687	92,827	1,860	16,542	13,299	3,243	6,128	787
20 to 24 years	9,171	8,920	252	2,846	2,146	700	1,260	258
25 years and over	85,516	83,908	1,608	13,696	11,153	2,543	4,867	529
25 to 54 years	74,718	73,324	1,394	9,840	7,699	2,141	4,404	392
55 years and over	10,797	10,584	213	3,856	3,454	402	463	137
Men, 16 years and over	56,819	55,628	1,191	6,680	5,053	1,626	4,115	569
to 19 years	919	878	41	1,859	1,653	207	406	349
years and over	55,900	54,749	1,151	4,820	3,401	1,420	3,709	220
0 to 24 years	5,164	5,012	152	1,194	835	360	712	74
25 years and over	50,736	49,738	998	3,626	2,566	1,060	2,997	146
25 to 54 years	43,947	43,075	872	2,033	1,143	890	2,684	70
55 years and over	6,78 9	6,663	126	1,593	1,423	170	313	76
Women, 16 years and over	39,458	38,706	752	13,668	11,674	1,994	2,693	855
to 19 years	671	628	43	1,946	1,776	171	275	288
years and over	38,787	38,078	709	11,722	9,898	1,824	2,419	567
0 to 24 years	4,007	3,908	99	1,652	1,311	341	548	184
5 years and over	34,780	34,170	610	10,070	8,587	1,483	1,871	383
25 to 54 years	30,771	30,249	522	7,807	6,556	1,251	1,720	322
55 years and over	4,008	3,921	87	2,263	2,031	232	150	61
White								
Men, 16 years and over	49,882 815	48,857 776	1,024 39	5,772 1,656	4,476 1,477	1,296 178	3,167 300	449 293
s to 19 years	49,067	48,082	985	4,117	2,999	1,118	2,867	156
years and over	4,529	4,397	133	1,014	726	288	523	43
20 to 24 years	44,538	43,685	853	3,103	2,273	830	2,344	113
25 years and over25 to 54 years	38,509	37,765	743	1,642	964	679	2,078	54
55 years and over	6,029	5,920	109	1,460	1,309	151	265	5
Women, 16 years and over	33,168	32,568	600	12,196	10,562	1,634	1,948	70
to 19 years	590	552	38	1,713	1,557	156	217	24
years and over	32,578	32,016	562	10,483	9,005	1,478	1,731	46
90 to 24 years	3,447	3,364	83	1,395	1,132	263	366	140
25 years and over	29,131	28,652	480	9,088	7,873	1,215	1,365	310
25 to 54 years	25,690	25,276	414	7,074	6,042	1,032	1,240	26
55 years and over	3,442	3,376	66	2,014	1,831	183	125	5
Black								
Men, 16 years and over	5,064	4,940	123	665	387	278	816	9:
to 19 years	83	82	2	148	124	24	94	4
years and over	4,980	4,859	122	517	263	254	721	5
0 to 24 years	490	474	17	128	62	66	179	11
5 years and over	4,490	4,385	105	389	202	188	542	3
25 to 54 years55 years and over	3,930 560	3,838 547	92 13	284 105	108 94	176 11	5 05 37	11
			131	1,102	805	296	662	12
Women, 16 years and over	4,868 63	4,738 58	5	1,102	151	12	54	4
years and over	4,805	4,680	125	938	654	284	607	8
20 to 24 years	449	437	12	194	123	70	169	3
25 years and over	4,356	4,243	113	744	530	214	439	4
25 to 54 years	3,923	3,830	93	528	352	176	423	3
55 years and over	433	413	20	217	179	38	16] (

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 199	1				
		Civilia	n labor force	e			ivot	in labor f	orce	
Family relationship				Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
Total, 16 years and over ¹	99,404	66.2	92,819	6,585	6.6	50,684	21,242	7,821	2,754	18,867
Husbands	39.835	77.5	38,245	1,591	4.0	11,539	240	162	979	10,159
With employed wife	26,700	92.0	25,747	953	3.6	2,314	111	71	345	1,786
With unemployed wife	1,090	90.7	933	157	14.4	112	- '	7	33	73
With wife not in labor force	12,045	56.9	11,564	481	4.0	9,113	129	84	601	8,299
Wives	30,216	58.8	29,013	1,202	4.0	21,158	16,204	342	491	4,122
With employed husband	26,680	69.8	25,747	933	3.5	11,564	10,148	262	188	968
With unemployed husband	1,110	69.8	953	157	14.2	481	407	20	24	29
With husband not in labor force	2,425	21.0	2,314	112	4.6	9,113	5,649	60	280	3,125
Relatives in married-couple families	12,529	61.9	10,802	1,727	13.8	7,711	701	5,050	370	1,590
16 to 19 years	4,295	50.3	3,545	750	17.5	4,243	73	3,840	31	300
20 to 24 years	4,630	73.7	4,050	580	12.5	1,649	155	1,069	49	377
25 years and over	3,604	66.5	3,207	397	11.0	1,819	473	141	290	913
Women who maintain families	6,969	61.2	6,350	619	8.9	4,424	2,908	199	343	974
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,628	58.5	4,595	1,034	18.4	3,990	818	1,714	361	1,096
16 to 19 years	1,349	44.9	947	402	29.8	1,653	114	1,356	14	168
20 to 24 years	1,523	71.1	1,235	288	18.9	618	153	250	28	186
25 years and over	2,757	61.6	2,413	344	12.5	1,719	551	108	319	742
Men who maintain families	2,300	76.2	2,131	168	7.3	719	33	41	101	543
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,928	62.8	1,683	245	12.7	1,143	338	313	109	383
16 to 19 years	287	51.2	232	55	19.0	273	9	223	2	40
20 to 24 years	501	79.4	451	51	10.1	130	31	60	5	35
25 years and over	1,139	60.6	1,000	139	12.2	740	298	30	102	308

^{&#}x27; Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		Unempi rat	oyment es	Thousa pers		Unemploymen rates	
	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
Total, 16 years and over	3,473	4,684	5.1	6.9	2,890	3,548	5.1	6.3
farried, spouse present	1,282	1,743	3.0	4.1	1,014	1,302	3.2	4.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	450	646	6.1	8.5	615	705	5.4	6.3
ingle (never marned)	1,741	2,295	9.4	12.4	1,261	1,541	9.0	10.8
White, 16 years and over	2,626	3,616	4.4	6.1	2,099	2,650	4.4	5.5
Married, spouse present	1,035	1,460	2.8	3.9	841	1,095	3.0	3.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	357	476	5.8	7.6	417	524	4.6	5.8
ingle (never married)	1,234	1,680	8.0	10.9	840	1,031	7.6	9.2
Black, 16 years and over	722	913	10.8	13.8	684	782	10.0	11.6
Married, spouse present	191	219	5.9	7.1	125	155	5.1	6.5
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	. 78	159	7.9	14.3	170	151	8.6	8.1
Single (never married)	452	535	18.6	22.1	389	475	16.2	18.9
Total, 25 years and over	2,226	3,143	3.9	5.5	1,802	2,253	3.9	4.8
Married, spouse present	1,221	1,652	3.0	4.1	878	1,126	3.0	3.8
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	423	609	5.9	8.3	563	630	5.2	5.8
Single (hever married)	581	882	6.3	9.2	361	497	5.5	7.2
White, 25 years and over	1,721	2,456	3.5	4.9	1,304	1,683	3.3	4.2
Married, spouse present	989	1,381	2.7	3.8	720	944	2.8	3.€
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	334	442	5.6	7.3	380	465	4.4	5.3
Single (never married)	397	634	5.2	8.1	204	273	4.1	5.3
Black, 25 years and over	416	575	7.7	10.5	425	481	7.6	8.6
Married, spouse present	181	212	5.8	7.1	117	133	5.2	.5.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	76	155	7.8	14.3	156	137	8.1	7.5
Single (never married)	158	207	11.9	15.3	152	211	10.7	14.1

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			•	Jnemploy	ment rate	s	
Occupation	То	tal	То	tal	M	en	Wo	men
	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
Total, 16 years and over	6,363	8,233	5.1	6.6	5.1	6.9	5.1	6.3
Anagerial and professional specialty	589	892	1.9	2.8	1.8	2.9	2.0	2.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial	294	511	2.0	3.3	1.7	3.2	2.3	3.5
Professional specialty	295	380	1.8	2.3	1.9	2.7	1.8	2.0
echnical, sales, and administrative support	1,444	1,977	3.7	5.2	3.4	5.1	3.9	5.3
Technicians and related support	113	152	2.8	4.0	2.5	4.5	3.1	3.5
Sales occupations	629	826	4.2	5.6	3.3	4.2	5.1	7.1
Administrative support, including clerical	702	998	3.6	5.1	4.0	7.1	3.5	4.6
Service occupations	1,125	1,263	6.7	7.4	6.7	8.1	6.8	7.0
Private household	53	67	6.7	8.4	(')	(')	6.5	8.2
Protective service	90	129	4.4	5.9	3.8	5.9	7.9	5.7
Service, except private household and protective	982	1,066	7.1	7.6	7.7	8.9	6.7	6.9
recision production, craft, and repair	735	1,073	5.1	7.6	5.1	7.5	4.9	7.9
Mechanics and repairers	142	231	3.1	5.1	3.0	5.1	5.2	4.6
Construction trades	433	569	7.6	10.1	7.6	10.3	6.7	3.0
Other precision production, craft, and repair	160	273	3.9	6.7	3.7	6.0	4.7	9.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,530	1,856	8.0	9.8	7.8	9.2	8.5	11.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	592	834	6.9	9.9	6.0	8.7	8.2	11.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	269	368	5.3	7.0	5.4	6.7	4.3	9.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	669	654	12.2	12.4	12.3	12.5	11.7	11.8
Construction laborers	175	178	17.6	20.4	17.2	20.4	(')	(1)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	493	477	11.0	10.8	10.9	10.6	11.2	11.7
arming, forestry, and fishing	168	229	4.4	5.8	3.9	5.3	6.6	8.5
lo previous work experience	753	902	_	-	_	_	_	_
16 to 19 years	506	579	_	_	_	_	_	-
20 to 24 years	157	198	_	_	_	_	_	-
25 years and over	90	125	_	_	_	_	_	_

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thouse pers			ι	Jnemploy	ment rates	s	
Industry	То	tal	To	otai	М	en	Wo	men
	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
Total, 16 years and over	6,363	8,233	5.1	6.6	5.1	6.9	5.1	6.3
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	4,907	6,399	5.3	6.9	5.4	7.3	5.1	6.4
Mining	28	49	3.7	6.3	3.7	7.5	3.6	1.4
Construction	658	810	10.3	13.4	10.6	13.8	6.7	8.2
Manufacturing	1,137	1,519	5.3	7.2	4.6	6.4	6.6	8.7
Durable goods	663	905	5.3	7.3	4.9	7.0	6.3	8.1
Lumber and wood products		75	8.4	10.2	8.2	10.3	9.9	9.7
Furniture and fixtures	38	51	5.5	8.5	4.6	7.6	7.3	10.8
Stone, clay, and glass products		51	6.2	8.9	7.1	9.2	3.6	7.8
Primary metal industries	51	53	5.3	6.5	5.0	6.1	7.4	9.0
Fabricated metal products	1 1	126	6.7	10.0	5.7	8.7	10.1	15.0
Machinery, except electrical		150	3.9	6.1	3.6	5.8	5.2	7.0
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	101	134	4.9	6.7	4.9	7.3	4.7	5.8
Transportation equipment		171	5.0	6.7	5.0	5.9	4.8	9.4
Automobiles	75	96	6.0	7.9	5.6	7.2	7.5	10.6
Other transportation equipment	56	75	4.0	5.6	4.5	4.8	2.2	8.3
Professional and photographic equipment		33	2.8	4.2	1.6	3.7	4.4	4.8
Other durable goods industries		61	8.4	10.6	4.3	10.3	13.4	10.2
Nondurable goods		614	5.3	6.9	4.2	5.3	6.9	9.
	142	186	7.3	9.7	5.5	7.1	10.8	14.6
Food and kindred products Textile mill products		47	4.0	6.7	3.8	4.2	4.3	9.9
Apparel and other textile products	108	93	9.5	8.8	8.6	6.3	9.7	9.5
	24	36	3.3	4.6	2.5	4.8	5.5	4.2
Paper and allied products		81	3.6	4.5	2.9	4.3	4.5	4.8
Printing and publishing	37	66	2.6	4.5	2.9	3.7	4.0	6.7
Chemicals and allied products	42	64	5.3	7.8	5.8	6.6	4.3	10.
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Other nondurable goods industries		41	6.6	9.6	6.8	5.7	6.8	19.5
Transportation and public utilities	210	351	3.2	5.3	3.3	5.9	3.1	3.9
Transportation	165	275	4.5	7.3	4.2	7.8	5.2	5.7
Communications and other public utilities	45	75	1.6	2.7	1.8	3.0	1.3	2.2
Wholesale and retail trade	1,414	1,754	6.1	7.5	5.7	7.0	6.4	8.0
Wholesale trade	221	282	4.8	6.2	5.0	5.9	4.5	6.9
Retail trade	1,194	1,472	6.4	7.8	6.0	7.4	6.7	8.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	188	309	2.5	4.3	2.2	4.3	2.7	4.3
Service industries	1,272	1,608	4.8	5.9	5.3	7.0	4.5	5.2
Professional services	507	614	3.4	3.9	3.7	4.9	3.2	3.6
Other service industries	765	994	6.7	8.5	6.5	8.5	6.9	8.5
Agricultural wage and salary workers		180	6.5	9.1	5.5	7.9	9.4	13.
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers		751	2.0	2.6	1.9	2.6	2.0	2.5
No previous work experience	753	902	-	-	-	-	-	-

A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To unemp		Me 20 y and	ears	Word 20 yeard	ears	Both s 16 to yea	ວ 19	Wi	nite	Bla	ack
,	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED			- "									
Total unemployed	6,363	8,233	2,861	3,929	2,362	2,986	1,141	1,318	4,724	6,266	1,406	1,696
Job losers	2,936	4,298	1,816	2,721	925	1,358	195	219	2,256	3,338	585	826
On layoff	822	1,124	532	703	252	364	38	57	675	964	130	141
Other job losers	2,114	3,174	1,285	2,018	673	994	157	162	1,581	2,374	455	684
Job leavers	887	921	372	382	384	366	130	174	677	733	170	161
Reentrants	1,845	2,217	591	738	902	1,056	351	424	1,333	1,645	437	499
New entrants	695	796	81	88	150	206	464	501	459	550	213	210
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION		:										
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	46.1	52.2	63.5	69.3	39.2	45.5	17.1	16.6	47.7	53.3	41.6	48.7
On layoff	12.9	13.7	18.6	17.9	10.7	12.2	3.4	4.3	14.3	15.4	9.3	8.3
Other job losers	33.2	38.6	44.9	51.4	28.5	33.3	13.7	12.3	33.5	37.9	32.4	40.4
Job leavers	13.9	11.2	13.0	9.7	16.3	12.2	11.4	13.2	14.3	11.7	12.1	9.5
Reentrants	29.0	26.9	20.7	18.8	38.2	35.4	30.8	32.2	28.2	26.3	31.1	29.4
New entrants	10.9	9.7	2.8	2.2	6.4	6.9	40.7	38.0	9.7	8.8	15.2	12.4
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers	2.4	3.4	2.8	4.2	1.7	2.5	2.7	3.3	2.1	3.1	4.3	6.2
Job leavers	.7	.7	.6	.6	.7	.7	1.8	2.6	.6	.7	1.3	1.2
Reentrants	1.5	1.8	.9	1.1	1.7	2.0	4.8	6.3	1.2	1.5	3.2	3.7
New entrants	.6	.6	1 .1	.1	.3	.4	6.4	7.5	.4	.5	1.6	1.6

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				May 1991			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	5 weeks and o	/er
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	8,233	100.0	42.4	29.0	28.6	16.0	12.6
Job losers	4,298	100.0	31.2	31.5	37.3	21.5	15.8
On layoff	1,124	100.0	44.3	29.6	26.1	19.4	6.7
Other job losers	3,174	100.0	26.5	32.2	41.3	22.3	19.0
Job leavers	921	100.0	47.7	31.3	21.0	9.8	11.2
Reentrants	2,217	100.0	57.0	23.2	19.7	10.6	9.1
New entrants	796	100.0	56.5	28.7	14.8	8.4	6.3
Men, 20 years and over	3,929	100.0	34.1	28.9	37.0	19.9	17.1
ob losers	2,721	100.0	29.7	29.7	40.6	22.6	18.0
On layoff	703	100.0	43.5	28.7	27.8	22.0	5.9
Other job losers	2,018	100.0	24.9	30.1	45.0	22.8	22.2
lob leavers	382	100.0	41.3	33.7	25.0	9.1	15.9
Reentrants	738	100.0	44.8	23.8	31.4	17.1	14.3
New entrants	88	100.0	47.4	27.6	25.0	5.4	19.6
Women, 20 years and over	2,986	100.0	45.4	30.4	24.2	14.2	10.0
lob losers	1,358	100.0	31.2	35.1	33.8	21.0	12.8
On layoff	364	100.0	41.4	34.0	24.7	15.6	9.0
Other job losers	994	100.0	27.4	35.5	37.1	23.0	14.2
lob leavers	366	100.0	50.4	31.4	18.2	10.6	7.6
Reentrants	1.056	100.0	60.4	23.4	16.2	8.2	8.0
lew entrants	206	100.0	53.9	32.9	13.2	6.4	6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,318	100.0	60.6	26.1	13.3	8.6	4.6
Job losers	219	100.0	49.4	32.3	18.3	11.3	7.0
On layoff	57	100.0	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	(')
Other job losers	162	100.0	41.0	38.9	20.0	11.2	8.8
lob leavers	174	100.0	56.1	25.6	18.3	10.0	8.3
Reentrants	424	100.0	70.0	21.9	8.2	5.3	2.8
New entrants	501	100.0	59.2	27.2	13.6	9.8	3.8

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		Full-time workers					
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution			
, ,	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991		
Total, 16 years and over	6,363	8,233	100.0	100.0	5,157	6,809	100.0	100.0		
Less than 5 weeks	2,956	3,493	46.5	42.4	2,219	2,650	43.0	38.9		
5 to 14 weeks	1,921	2,388	30.2	29.0	1,606	1,987	31.2	29.2		
5 to 10 weeks	1,484	1,667	23.3	20.2	1,238	1,346	24.0	19.8		
11 to 14 weeks	438	721	6.9	8.8	368	641	7.1	9.4		
15 weeks and over	1,485	2,352	23.3	28.6	1,332	2,171	25.8	31.9		
15 to 26 weeks	849	1,318	13.3	16.0	746	1,208	14.5	17.7		
27 weeks and over	636	1,034	10.0	12.6	586	964	11.4	14.2		
27 to 51 weeks	267	556	4.2	6.8	245	532	4.7	7.8		
52 weeks and over	369	478	5.8	5.8	341	432	6.6	6.3		
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	12.1	13.4	-	-	13.1	14.6	-	_		
Median duration, in weeks	5.3	6.6	- 1	-	6.1	7.7	-	-		

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

Total the sweeks weeks unemployed group		Per	eks	We		ersons	ands of p	Thouse			
Total 16 years and over	Unemployed 15 weeks and over	than	less		(mean)	weeks and			than	Total	
15 to 19 years	May May 1990 199					 	May 1991				
20 to 24 years	23.3 28.6			6.6		1,034	1,318	2,388	3,493	8,233	Total, 16 years and over
25 to 34 years	9.1 13.3	60.6	65.6	3.7	7.6	61	114	344	799	1,318	16 to 19 years
1,605 503 495 314 293 17.0 9.6 35.1 31.4 33.4 50.54 years 888 253 262 189 184 18.9 11.4 32.9 28.5 33.55 to 64 years 477 123 137 101 116 20.5 13.1 33.4 25.8 35.55 years and over 123 42 41 13 28 18.4 9.0 37.8 34.0 30.0	16.7 16.0	55.4	55.7	4.1	8.8	96	148	434	841	1,519	20 to 24 years
45 to 54 years 688 253 262 189 184 18.9 11.4 32.9 28.5 33.5 55 to 64 years 477 123 137 101 116 20.5 13.1 33.4 25.8 35.5 55 years and over 4684 1,780 1,339 845 720 15.3 8.1 41.6 38.0 26.6 16 to 19 years 755 442 201 65 47 8.5 3.8 61.6 58.6 11.2 20.0 26.5 47 8.5 3.8 61.6 58.6 11.2 20.0 26.5 47 8.5 3.8 61.6 58.6 61.1 20.0 24.9 48.6 28.8 19.4 15.8 9.2 36.2 36.0 26.0 26.1 43.1 18.8 11.7 28.4 26.2 37.7 48.8 22.6 14.7 32.3 22.1 42.0 29.7 37.2 36.0 26.0 26.1 29.7	24.1 30.3	40.4	43.1	7.2	13.4	257	440	675	932	2,304	25 to 34 years
15 to 54 years	33.7 37.8	31.4	35.1	9.6	17.0	293	314	495	503	1,605	35 to 44 years
55 to 64 years 477 123 137 101 116 20.5 13.1 33.4 25.8 35.8 85 years and over 4,684 1,780 1,339 84.5 720 15.3 8.1 41.6 30.0 30. Men, 16 years and over 4,684 1,780 1,339 84.5 720 15.3 8.1 41.6 38.0 30. 20 to 24 years 766 389 246 94 57 10.0 4.6 53.4 49.5 20.2 25 to 34 years 9.6 288 194 15.8 9.2 36.2 36.0 26.2 35.0 25 to 34 years 9.6 243 286 204 193 18.6 11.7 28.4 26.2 37.7 55 to 64 years 533 149 149 11 124 20.9 12.2 30.1 27.9 37.5 55 to 64 years 321 71 88 74 88 22.6 14.7 32.3 22.1 42.2 37.9 31.6 11.7 28.4 26.2 37.9 26.2 10.0 16.0	33.2 42.0	28.5	32.9	11.4	18.9	184		262			
85 years and over	35.8 45.4										
16 to 19 years 755 442 201 65 47 8.5 3.8 61.6 58.6 11. 20 to 24 years 766 389 246 94 57 10.0 4.6 53.4 49.5 20.0 22 years 1,294 466 346 288 194 11.8 9.2 36.2 36.0 26. 26.0 26.2 193 18.6 11.7 28.4 26.2 37. 45 to 54 years 533 149 111 124 20.9 12.2 30.1 27.9 37. 55 to 64 years 321 71 88 74 88 22.6 14.7 32.3 22.1 42. 42 20.1 16 (¹)	30.5 32.9						1				
16 to 19 years	26.7 33.4	38.0	41.6	8.1	15.3	720	845	1,339	1,780	4,684	Men, 16 years and over
25 to 34 years	11.5 14.8	58.6	61.6	3.8	8.5	47	65	201	442	755	16 to 19 years
25 to 34 years	20.0 19.2	49.5	53.4	4.6	10.0	57	94	246	389	786	
926 243 286 204 193 18.6 11.7 28.4 26.2 37. 15 to 54 years	26.4 37.3	1	l 1		15.8	194	288	- 1	- 1		
15 to 54 years	37.6 42.9									, ,	
55 to 64 years 321 71 88 74 88 22.6 14.7 32.3 22.1 42.5 55 years and over 68 20 22 10 16 (')<	37.4 44.1										
65 years and over 68 20 22 10 16 (')											
16 to 19 years 562 357 143 49 14 6.5 3.5 70.1 63.4 6.20 to 24 years 733 452 188 54 39 7.6 3.6 58.2 61.7 13.2 25 to 34 years 1,009 466 329 152 62 10.2 5.3 50.7 46.1 21.2 35 to 44 years 679 261 209 110 99 14.9 7.5 43.0 38.4 29.4 45 to 54 years 355 104 113 78 60 15.9 10.2 37.0 29.5 27.2 55 to 64 years 157 52 49 27 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24.2 45 ty ears and over 54 21 19 3 11 (')	(') (')										•
16 to 19 years 562 357 143 49 14 6.5 3.5 70.1 63.4 6.20 to 24 years 733 452 188 54 39 7.6 3.6 58.2 61.7 13.3 1.009 466 329 152 62 10.2 5.3 50.7 46.1 21 21 35 to 44 years 679 261 209 110 99 14.9 7.5 43.0 38.4 29 45 to 54 years 355 104 113 78 60 15.9 10.2 37.0 29.5 27. 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 24. 27 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 24. 27 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 25. 25.2 35.2 36.3 29.5 27. 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 24. 21 19 3 11 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (19.2 22.2	48.3	52.3	5.0	10.9	314	473	1.049	1.713	3.548	Women 16 years and over
20 to 24 years	6.3 11.2	1		1							
25 to 34 years	13.0 12.7			1 1	1						
35 to 44 years 679 261 209 110 99 14.9 7.5 43.0 38.4 29. 45 to 54 years 355 104 113 78 60 15.9 10.2 37.0 29.5 27. 55 to 64 years 157 52 49 27 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 55 years and over 54 21 19 3 11 (¹) (²) (²) (²) (²	21.5 21.2						1				
45 to 54 years											-
55 to 64 years 157 52 49 27 29 16.2 9.7 35.2 33.3 24. 55 years and over 54 21 19 3 11 (¹) (¹											-
65 years and over 54 21 19 3 11 (¹)											
White, 16 years and over 6,266 2,685 1,788 992 802 13.4 6.4 46.6 42.9 23 Men 3,616 1,404 992 647 573 15.4 7.8 42.1 38.8 26 Women 2,650 1,281 796 345 229 10.6 4.9 52.2 48.3 18 Black, 16 years and over 1,696 702 513 286 195 13.6 7.1 46.4 41.4 24 Men 913 317 304 172 121 14.9 8.7 40.6 34.7 26 Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21 Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32 Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33 Single (never married) 2,295 1,0	24.9 35.4										
Men 3,616 1,404 992 647 573 15.4 7.8 42.1 38.8 26. Women 2,650 1,281 796 345 229 10.6 4.9 52.2 48.3 18. Black, 16 years and over 1,696 702 513 286 195 13.6 7.1 46.4 41.4 24. Men 913 317 304 172 121 14.9 8.7 40.6 34.7 26. Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21. Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20.	(') (')	()	()	()	(1)	11	3	19	21	54	65 years and over
Women 2,650 1,281 796 345 229 10.6 4.9 52.2 48.3 18. Black, 16 years and over 1,696 702 513 286 195 13.6 7.1 46.4 41.4 24. Men 913 317 304 172 121 14.9 8.7 40.6 34.7 26. Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21. Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20.	23.1 28.6										
Men 913 317 304 172 121 14.9 8.7 40.6 34.7 26. Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21. Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20. Women, 16 years and over:	26.8 33.7 18.5 21.6										
Men 913 317 304 172 121 14.9 8.7 40.6 34.7 26. Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21. Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20. Women, 16 years and over:	24.1 28.4	414	464	71	136	195	286	513	702	1 696	Black 16 years and over
Women 782 385 209 114 74 12.1 4.7 52.5 49.2 21. Men, 16 years and over: 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20. Women, 16 years and over:	26.5 32.0			1 1						,	
Married, spouse present 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20.	21.6 24.1			1 1	ı						
Warried, spouse present 1,743 510 529 389 315 17.1 10.8 35.3 29.3 32. Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33. Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20. Women, 16 years and over:									ļ		Men. 16 years and over:
Widowed, divorced, or separated 646 213 170 139 124 18.6 10.3 31.8 33.0 33.0 Single (never married) 2,295 1,057 640 317 281 13.0 5.6 48.8 46.1 20. Women, 16 years and over:	32.5 40.4	29.3	35.3	10.8	17.1	315	389	529	510	1,743	
Single (never married)	33.1 40.7										
	20.9 26.1	1 1									
											Women, 16 years and over:
	24.9 23.9	41.9	47.8	6.3	11.9	145	166	444	546	1,302	Married, spouse present
	23.1 29.2										
	12.8 17.5	: I		1			i :				

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Perc		unempl roup	oyed
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed veeks over
				May 199)1			May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty	892 1,977 1,263 1,073 1,856 229	278 869 638 380 684 100	287 559 360 319 537 73	166 299 142 215 380 31	161 250 122 159 255 25	16.7 12.9 11.2 14.2 15.3 15.4	10.2 6.2 4.5 8.5 8.6 5.7	35.3 44.5 52.4 39.7 42.7 48.2	31.2 44.0 50.5 35.4 36.9 43.7	29.0 25.3 16.4 29.8 27.3 23.8	36.7 27.8 20.9 34.9 34.2 24.5
Agriculture		82 311 482 285 197 146 829 922 75	57 207 523 292 231 87 504 631 57	22 170 314 208 106 94 247 326 23	19 143 212 128 84 62 182 287 27	14.7 15.1 15.2 15.9 14.2 15.3 11.9 13.7	5.5 8.8 9.5 10.1 8.7 10.2 5.4 6.4 6.6	50.0 37.4 36.7 36.3 37.2 40.9 49.1 48.3 45.4	45.6 37.4 31.5 31.3 31.8 37.6 47.0 42.5 41.2	29.0 31.4 29.4 33.9 23.0 19.3 22.0 22.4 17.7	22.8 37.7 34.4 36.8 30.9 40.2 24.3 28.4 27.5
No previous work experience	902	520	244	79	59	9.1	3.9	63.9	57.6	11.0	15.3

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					May 1991				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	8,233	6,954	23.1	8.4	74.3	40.7	22.5	5.2	1.74
16 to 19 years		1,236	13.4	4.2	79.6	26.7	18.6	2.8	1.45
20 to 24 years		1,324	21.9	6.8	76.6	41.0	20.6	3.9	1.71
25 to 34 years		1,919	28.8	9.2	72.2	45.3	23.0	5.3	1.84
35 to 44 years		1,262	22.9	10.2	74.1	43.4	27.9	8.3	1.87
45 to 54 years		710	27.3	10.3	71.9	45.0	23.3	5.6	1.83
55 to 64 years		398	22.9	12.5	68.0	43.5	21.5	6.6	1.75
65 years and over		105	21.8	14.7	61.0	42.7	16.6	4.7	1.62
OO years and over	123	105	21.6	14.7	01.0	42.7	10.0	4.7	1.02
Men, 16 years and over	4,684	3,866	24.8	8.4	75.9	39.7	26.0	5.8	1.81
16 to 19 years	755	713	14.7	4.1	80.8	29.9	23.1	1.6	1.54
20 to 24 years		668	24.2	8.3	77.7	39.3	24.7	4.3	1.79
25 to 34 years		1.036	30.8	9.1	75.2	46.8	26.9	5.5	1.94
35 to 44 years		711	25.5	9.6	76.0	38.8	29.8	10.4	1.90
45 to 54 years		412	27.8	10.6	73.6	42.1	24.9	7.0	1.86
55 to 64 years		266	25.3	9.6	69.2	37.3	26.5	7.2	1.75
65 years and over		60	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	()	(0)
Women, 16 years and over	3,548	3,089	20.9	8.5	72.2	41.9	18.0	4.5	1.66
16 to 19 years		522	11.8	4.2	78.0	22.4	12.5	4.5	1.33
20 to 24 years		655	19.6	5.3	75.5	42.7	16.3	3.5	1.63
25 to 34 years		884	26.4	9.3	68.7	43.6	18.3	5.0	1.71
35 to 44 years		552	19.6	11.0	71.7	49.3	25.5	5.6	1.83
45 to 54 years	1	299	26. 6	10.0	69.6	49.0	21.1	3.7	1.80
55 to 64 years		132	18.2	18.3	65.5	55.9	11.6	5.5	1.75
65 years and over		45	(')	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(0)
White, 16 years and over	6,266	5,162	22.3	8.8	75.2	42.4	22.5	5.9	1.77
Men		2,909	24.5	8.4	76.8	41.8	25.2	6.7	1.63
Women		2,253	19.5	9.2	73.2	43.1	18.9	4.7	1.69
Black, 16 years and over	1,696	1,544	25.7	7.0	71.8	34.9	22.2	3.3	1.65
Men	913	817	26.4	8.1	73.7	32.3	28.5	2.9	1.72
Women		727	24.8	5.7	69.7	37.8	15.1	3.8	1.57

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					May 1991						
	Thousands	of persons		Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers							
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number o methods used		
Total, 16 years and over	8,233	6,954	23.1	8.4	74.3	40.7	22.5	5.2	1.74		
Job losers1	4,298	3,143	29.0	10.9	73.8	46.5	27.0	6.0	1.93		
Job leavers	921	883	23.2	7.1	76.9	38.0	20.0	3.2	1.68		
Reentrants	2,217	2,135	18.9	7.4	71.8	37.0	17.0	5.6	1.58		
New entrants	796	794	10.8	3.0	79.8	30.2	22.3	3.3	1.49		
Men, 16 years and over	4,684	3,866	24.8	8.4	75.9	39.7	26.0	5.8	1.81		
Job losers ¹	2,865	2,107	30.2	9.9	74.3	44.6	30.0	6.5	1.96		
Job leavers		476	23.2	6.5	77.8	33.9	23.9	2.2	1.68		
Reentrants	940	899	19.9	8.0	75.7	34.1	19.4	7.4	1.64		
New entrants	384	384	8.8	3.0	82.8	33.6	22.5	2.5	1.53		
Women, 16 years and over	3,548	3,089	20.9	8.5	72.2	41.9	18.0	4.5	1.66		
Job losers1	1,434	1,036	26.6	12.9	72.8	50.5	20.7	5.1	1.89		
Job leavers	425	407	23.1	7.7	75.9	42.9	15.5	4.5	1.70		
Reentrants	1,278	1,235	18.1	6.9	68.9	39.2	15.3	4.3	1.53		
New entrants	412	410	12.7	2.9	77.0	27.0	22.2	4.1	1.46		

Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.
NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

Ĺ	To	otal	Me	en	Wor	nen
Industry and age	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	M ay 1991	May 1990	May 1991
All industries	118,277	116,624	64,624	63.499	53,653	53,125
16 to 19 years	6,118	5,396	3,206	2,778	2,911	2,617
16 to 17 years	2,257	1,976	1,195	1,047	1,062	929
18 to 19 years	3,861	3,420	2.011	1,731	1.850	1.688
20 to 24 years	12,531	12,017	6.635	6,359	5.896	5,659
25 to 54 years	84,628	84,559	46,240	45,980	38,388	38,578
25 to 34 years	34,118	33,137	18,868	18,279	15,250	14,858
35 to 44 years	30,698	31,303	16,631	16,873	14,067	14,430
45 to 54 years	19,813	20,119	10,742	10,828	9,071	9,291
55 to 64 years	11,471	11,195	6,488	6,383	4,983	4,813
55 to 59 years	6,759	6,656	3,806	3,734	2,954	2,923
60 to 64 years	4,712	4,539	2.683	2.649	2.029	1,890
65 years and over	3,529	3,458	2,054	1,999	1,475	1,459
Agriculture	3,452	3,431	2,675	2,706	777	725
16 to 19 years	258	277	194	231	64	46
16 to 17 years	114	124	84	108	30	16
18 to 19 years	144	153	110	123	34	30
20 to 24 years	356	368	302	299	54	68
25 to 54 years	2,056	2,086	1,551	1,614	506.	472
25 to 34 years	870	844	677	680	193	164
35 to 44 years	706	745	515	553	191	192
45 to 54 years	480	497	359	380	121	117
55 to 64 years	446	437	340	331	105	10€
55 to 59 years	229	208	168	150	61	59
60 to 64 years	217	228	173	181	44	47
65 years and over	336	263	288	231	48	32
Nonagricultural industries	114,825	113,194	61,948	60,793	52,876	52,401
16 to 19 years	5,860	5,118	3,012	2,547	2,847	2,571
16 to 17 years	2,143	1,852	1,111	939	1,032	913
18 to 19 years	3,717	3,266	1,902	1,608	1,815	1,658
20 to 24 years	12,175	11,650	6,333	6,059	5,842	5,591
25 to 54 years	82,572	82,472	44,689	44,367	37,882	38,106
25 to 34 years	33,248	32,292	18,191	17,599	15,057	14,694
35 to 44 years	29,992	30,558	16,116	16,320	13,876	14,238
45 to 54 years	19,332	19,622	10,383	10,448	8,950	9,174
55 to 64 years	11,026	10,759	6,148	6,052	4,878	4,707
55 to 59 years	6,531	6,448	3,638	3,584	2,893	2,864
60 to 64 years	4,495	4,311	2,510	2,468	1,985	1,843
65 years and over	3,193	3,194	1,766	1.768	1,427	1,426

A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	tal		Me	∍n		Women			
Occupation	1 .	ears over	16 y and	ears over		ears over		ears over	20 y and	ears over
	M ay 1990	May 1991	M ay 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
Total	. 118,277	116,624	64,624	63,499	61,417	60,721	53,653	53,125	50,742	50,508
Managerial and professional specialty			16,569	16,529	16,464	16,455		14,433		14,320
Executive, administrative, and managerial			8,828	8,836	8,786	8,806		6,014	5,866	5,965
Officials and administrators, public administration		566 10,384	366 6,493	302 6,582	366 6,461	302 6,557	230 3,684	264 3,802	230 3,658	264 3,766
Management-related occupations			1,968	1,952	1,959	1,947	1,991	1,948	1,978	1,93
Professional specialty			7,741	7,694	7,677	7,649	8,068	8,419	8,016	8,35
Engineers	. 1,803	1,865	1,666	1,726	1,666	1,726	137	139	137	13
Mathematical and computer scientists		952	528	605	528	605	272	347	271	34
Natural scientists		408	291	294	291	294	103	114	103	114
Health diagnosing occupations Health assessment and treating occupations			735 314	664 282	734 313	664 282	133 2,011	143 2,023	133 2,007	144 2,019
Teachers, college and university			499	422	497	423	2,011	2,023	2,007	2,01
Teachers, except college and university		I	1,133	1,086	1,120	1,080		3,166	2,994	3,13
Lawyers and judges			589	634	589	634	147	164	147	16
Other professional specialty occupations	3,959	4,022	1,985	1,980	1,939	1,941	1,974	2,042	1,947	2,02
Technical, sales, and administrative support		36,052	13,062	12,656	12,421	12,032	24,079	23,396	22,488	22,00
Technicians and related support		3,684 1,386	2,001 213	1,852 227	1,973 210	1,833 223	1,909 1,105	1,832 1,159	1,888 1,094	1,82
Engineering and science technicians			968	938	951	928	271	241	265	23
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		1,119	821	687	812	682	533	432	529	43
Sales occupations		13,921	7,279	7,164	6,895	6,769	7,076	6,756	6,038	5,89
Supervisors and proprietors		3,774	2,558	2,487	2,538	2,473	1,332	1,287	1,302	1,26
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1 '		1,385	1,394	1,374	1,369	1,034	954	1,009	940
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail		1,578	1,248	1,206 2,048	1,242	1,196	379	372	370	369
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1 '	6,144 76	2,062 26	2,046	1,714 26	1,703 27	4,269 61	4,096 47	3,302 56	3,274 46
Administrative support, including clerical	1		3,782	3,640	3,554	3,429		14,808	14,562	14,279
Supervisors			329	292	327	292	467	474	465	473
Computer equipment operators		713	310	265	299	251	569	449	553	435
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists			62	48	56	46	4,554	4,364	4,412	4,276
Financial records processing		2,397	215	233	209	221	2,270	2,164	2,232	2,13
Mail and message distributing Other administrative support, including clerical		895 9,265	589 2,276	586 2,216	559 2,104	543 2,077	332 6,902	309 7,049	317 6,584	293 6,667
Service occupations		15,698	6,257	6,326	5,370	5,581	9,355	9,373	8,388	8,449
Private household	.,	735	14	38	12	34	728	697	651	600
Protective service		2,069	1,677	1,749	1,640	1,725	270	320	251	296
Service, except private household and protective		12,894	4,566	4,539	3,719	3,822		8,355		7,553
Health service		5,224 2,112	2,154 224	2,048 233	1,512 210	1,521 211	3,115 1.832	3,176 1,877	2,527 1,762	2,640 1,789
Cleaning and building service		3,029	1,705	1,763	1,560	1,644	1,327	1,267	1,276	1,212
Personal service	,	2,529	483	493	437	447	2,083	2,036	1,920	1,91
Precision production, craft, and repair		13,115	12,556	12,008	12,278		1,082	1,107	1,063	1,093
Mechanics and repairers		4,281	4,304	4,132	4,199	4,082	161	150	160	148
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair		5,052 3,782	5,165 3,086	4,931 2,946	5,061 3,017	4,822 2,905	93 829	121 836	91 812	120 825
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		17,094	13,091	12,870	12,062	12,045	4,574	4,224	4,380	4,097
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8,004	7,604	4,725	4,605	4,551	4,485	3,278	2,999	3,191	2,936
Manufacturing industries		6,281	3,852	3,784	3,713	3,703	2,668	2,497	2,611	2,45
Durable goods		3,453	2,525	2,466	2,436	2,418	1,100	987	1,075	970
Nondurable goods Nonmanufacturing industries		2,828 1,323	1,327 874	1,318 821	1,277 838	1,285 782	1,568 611	1,510 502	1,536 580	1,481
Transportation and material moving occupations		4,868	4,390	4,416	4,272	4,326	455	451	438	485 449
Motor vehicle operators		3,653	3,179	3,246	3,095	3,171	419	407	403	405
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,247	1,215	1,210	1,171	1,177	1,155	36	44	35	44
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,622	3,976	3,848	3,240	3,233	840	774	750	712
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		692 3,930	807 3,169	681 3,166	732 2,508	632 2,602	15 826	11 763	14 737	1° 702
Farming, forestry, and fishing]	3,703	3,089	3,110	2,823	2,799	590	593	540	549
Farm operators and managers		1,265	1,172	1,054	1,167	1,044	201	211	201	209
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations		2,437	1,917	2,056	1,656	1,755	389	382	339	339

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	Т	otal	Me	en	Won	nen
Occupation and race	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991
TOTAL		·				
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		116,624 100.0	64,624 100.0	63,499 100.0	53,653 100.0	53,125 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	25.8	26.5	25.6	26.0	26.0	27,2
Executive, administrative, and managerial	12.5	12.7	13.7	13.9	11.0	11.3
Professional specialty		13.8	12.0	12.1	15.0	15.
echnical, sales, and administrative support	_	30.9 3.2	20.2 3.1	19.9 2.9	44.9 3.6	44. 3.
Technicians and related support		11.9	11.3	11.3	13.2	3. 12.
Administrative support, including clerical		15.8	5.9	5.7	28.1	27.
Service occupations	13.2	13.5	9.7	10.0	17.4	17.
Private household	1	.6	-	.1	1.4	1.
Protective service	1.6	1.8	2.6	2.8	.5	
Service, except private household and protective		11.1	7.1	7.1	15.6	15. 2.
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.2 14.7	19.4 20.3	18.9 20.3	2.0 8.5	2. 8.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.5	7.3	7.3	6.1	5.
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.2	6.8	7.0	.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.0	6.2	6.1	1.6	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.1	3.2	4.8	4.9	1.1	1.
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		101,018 100.0	56,574 100.0	55,654 100.0	45,776 100.0	45,36 100.
Managerial and professional specialty	26.9	27.6	26.8	27.1	27.1	28.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.4	14.4	14.7	11.6	11.
Professional specialty		14.2	12.3	12.4	15.5	16.
echnical, sales, and administrative support	1	31.2	20.5	20.1 2.9	45.7 3.5	44. 3.
Technicians and related support		3.1 12.5	3.1 11.9	11.9	13.8	13.
Administrative support, including clerical	1	15.6	5.5	5.3	28.4	28.
Service occupations		12.2	8.7	8.9	16.0	16.
Private household		.5	-	-	1.1	1.
Protective service		1.7	2.4	2.6	.5	
Service, except private household and protective		10.0	6.3 19.9	6.3 19.4	14.5 2.0	14. 2.
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.6 14.0	19.1	19.4	8.0	7.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.1	7.0	6.9	5.6	5.
Transportation and material moving occupations	1 2 2	4.0	6.4	6.6	.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.9	5.8	5.9	1.5	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.3	3.3	5.0	5.1	1.2	1.
Black		i				
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		11,698 100.0	5,957 100.0	5,729 100.0	6,136 100.0	5,970 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty		17.1	13.2	14.3	17.4	19.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		7.2	6.9	7.1	6.3	7.
Professional specialty		9.9 28.2	6.4 16.1	7.2 17.2	11.1 40.8	12. 38.
Technical, sales, and administrative support		20.2	2.1	2.3	3.7	30.
Sales occupations	1	7.4	5.5	6.0	9.1	8.
Administrative support, including clerical	1	18.1	8.5	8.9	28.0	26.
Service occupations	22.8	23.1	17.9	18.5	27.5	27
Private household		1.6		.3	3.4	2
Protective service		2.9	4.8	4.6	.9	1.
Service, except private household and protective		18.6	13.1	13.6	23.2 2.3	23 1
Precision production, craft, and repair		8.8 20.8	16.6 32.9	16.1 29.9	11.7	12
Operators, rapricators, and laborers		9.7	10.8	10.3	9.1	9.
Transportation and material moving occupations		6.1	11.7	11.7	.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1	5.0	10.4	7.9	1.7	2.
Farming, forestry, and fishing		2.1	3.1	3.9	.3	

A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(in thousands)

					May 1991				
		_	Nonagricultura	al industries	3			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0 11	المتعددا	Wage and		
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	employed family		Self- employed workers	Unpaid family worker
Total, 16 years and over	104,214	939	18,029	85,246	8,749	231	1,803	1,491	137
6 to 19 years	5,070	146	273	4,650	44	5	206	49	23
16 to 17 years	1,813	93	56	1,663	34	4	83	28	12
18 to 19 years	3,256	52	217	2,987	9	1	122	20	10
0 to 24 years	11,348	111	984	10,253	282	19	308	52	8
25 to 34 years	30,323	141	4,335	25,848	1,937	32	5 5 3	276	15
95 to 44 years	27,801	160	5,790	21,851	2,688	69	358	357	29
5 to 54 years	17,554	122	4,070	13,361	2,016	52	190	285	23
55 to 64 years	9,574	162	2.108	7,304	1,154	30	133	280	23
55 to 59 years	5.777	76	1,286	4,415	653	18	65	129	15
60 to 64 years	3,797	86	822	2,889	502	12	69	152	8
5 years and over	2,544	98	468	1,978	627	23	55	192	16
Men, 16 years and over	55,083	138	8,183	46,762	5,673	37	1,416	1,253	37
6 to 19 years	2,519	44	115	2,359	24	4	170	47	14
16 to 17 years	919	32	22	864	17	4	75	26	7
18 to 19 years	1,600	12	93	1,495	8	1	95	20	7
0 to 24 years	5,863	21	443	5,400	185	11	249	44	7
5 to 34 years	16,362	22	2,020	14,320	1,232	5	431	247	2
5 to 44 years	14,606	19	2,534	12,053	1,710	4	265	288	_
5 to 54 years	9,151	12	1,815	7,325	1,291	5	151	227	2
5 to 64 years	5,262	16	1,041	4,205	788	3	100	225	6
55 to 59 years	3,160	7	623	2,530	423	1	43	105	2
60 to 64 years	2,101	9	418	1,674	365	2	57	120	3
55 years and over	1,320	3	216	1,101	443	5	50	175	6
Women, 16 years and over	49,131	802	9,846	38,484	3,076	194	387	238	100
6 to 19 years	2,551	101	158	2,291	19	1	36	2	9
16 to 17 years	895	61	34	800	18	1	8	2	5
18 to 19 years	1,656	40	124	1,492	2 [-	27	- [3
0 to 24 years	5,485	91	542	4,853	97	8	59	8	1
5 to 34 years	13,962	118	2,315	11,528	706	26	122	29	13
5 to 44 years	13,195	141	3,256	9,798	978	65	94	69	29
5 to 54 years	8,402	110	2,255	6,037	725	47	38	58	21
5 to 64 years	4,313	146	1,067	3,100	367	28	33	55	17
55 to 59 years	2,617	69	663	1,885	230	17	22	24	13
60 to 64 years	1,696	77	404	1,215	136	11	11	31	5
55 years and over	1,224	95	252	877	184	18	5	17	10

A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

			<u>.</u>				May 1	991					
		profes	gerial and Technical, sales, and essional administrative support			rvice pations			Operators, fabricators, and laborers				
Agriculture	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,431	99	63	35	34	104	•	12	39	12	67	26	2,939
Mining	749	125	56	48	4	83	-	18	245	29	111	30	-
Construction	7,277	982	106	60	83	400	-	27	4,236	114	479	768	22
Manufacturing		2,529	1,721	721	695	2,304	-	368	3,685	6,281	768	1,117	91
Durable goods		1,456	1,163	489	272	1,311	_	194	2,493	3,453	388	558	76
Nondurable goods	8,426	1,074	558	232	424	993	-	174	1,192	2,828	379	558	15
Transportation and public			<u> </u>									1	
utilities	8,140	886	488	305	358	2,123	-	282	1,253	115	1,862	449	18
Wholesale and retail trade	23,655	2,073	467	115	9,911	2,298	-	4,317	1,446	267	980	1.734	47
Wholesale trade	4,623	512	93	30	1,909	741	-	42	299	133	491	362	11
Retail trade	19,032	1,561	374	85	8,002	1,557	_	4,275	1,148	134	489	1,372	36
Finance, insurance, and		,			`	·		· ·	,			-,	
real estate	7,754	2,038	244	114	1,822	2,944	-	287	170	15	9	30	79
	39,749	4,945	12,130	2,105	987	6,665	735	8,234	1,812	737	533	425	440
Private households	947	-	4	. 6	-	7	735	83	13	4	6	14	76
Other service industries	38,802	4,945	12,125	2,099	988	8,659	_	8,152	1,798	734	527	411	365
Professional services	26,023	2,725	10,792	1,712	133	4,917	_	4,655	398	189	335	69	98
Public administration	5,591	1,173	837	181	26	1,526	-	1,417	229	35	59	41	67

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	Al indus		Nonagricultural industries								
			Tot	tal	Wage and salary workers¹						
Reason not working and sex	May	May			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid absences				
	1990	1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991	May 1990	May 1991			
Total, 16 years and over	4,465	4,437	4,414	4,354	2,149	2,089	1,777	1,750			
acation	1,903	1,971	1,887	1,953	1,294	1,320	389	425			
ness	1,346	1,201	1,320	1,167	582	466	650	629			
ad weather	74	90	60	76	(1)	(ት)	(2)	(*)			
ndustrial dispute	30	16	30	16	(*)	(1)	(²)	(²)			
Il other reasons	1,132	1,158	1,116	1,142	273	302	737	696			
Men, 16 years and over	2,229	2,204	2,174	2,147	1,130	1,078	791	762			
acation	1,012	1,013	1,001	996	714	711	177	177			
lness	654	609	639	590	290	257	305	297			
All other reasons ³	562	581	533	562	126	110	310	288			
Women, 16 years and over	2,257	2,233	2,240	2,207	1,017	1,010	985	988			
acation	891	958	886	957	579	609	212	247			
Iness	691	592	681	577	291	209	346	332			
All other reasons ³	675	683	673	672	148	192	427	408			

Excludes private household workers.
Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			May	1991				
Hours of work	_	Thousands of po	ersons	Percent distribution				
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultura industries		
Total, 16 years and over	112,188	3,348	108,840	100.0	100.0	100.0		
1 to 34 hours	26,191	899	25,292	23.3	26.8	23.2		
1 to 4 hours	710	42	668	.6	1.3	.6		
5 to 14 hours	4,564	203	4,361	4.1	6.1	4.0		
15 to 29 hours	13,213	429	12,783	11.8	12.8	11.7		
30 to 34 hours	7,704	225	7,480	6.9	6.7	6.9		
35 hours and over	85,997	2.450	83,547	76.7	73.2	76.8		
35 to 39 hours	7,806	132	7,675	7.0	3.9	7.1		
40 hours	45,113	676	44,437	40.2	20.2	40.8		
41 hours and over	33,078	1,642	31,435	29.5	49.0	28.9		
41 to 48 hours	11,428	250	11,178	10.2	7.5	10.3		
49 to 59 hours	12,146	410	11,736	10.8	12.2	10.8		
60 hours and over	9,504	982	8,521	8.5	29.3	7.8		
Average hours, total at work	39.5	45.5	39.3	_	_	_		
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.9	52.9	43.6	_	J _	_		

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			May	1991		
		All industries	3	Nonagricultural industries		
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	26,191	6,966	19,225	25,292	6,739	18,554
conomic reasons	5,564	1,943	3,620	5,360	1,888	3,472
Slack work	2,859	1,620	1,239	2,748	1,576	1,172
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	33	33	-	33	33	-
New job started during week	216	216	_	204	204	-
Job terminated during week	75	75	-	75	75	_
Could find only part-time work	2,382	-	2,382	2,300	-	2,300
Other reasons	20,628	5,023	15,605	19,932	4,851	15,081
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	12,983	-	12,983	12,556	-	12,556
Vacation	1,657	1,657	-	1,651	1,651	_
Illness	1,392	1,226	166	1,369	1,212	157
Bad weather	409	409	-	305	305	-
Industrial dispute	9	9	-	9	9	-
Legal or religious holiday	51	51	-	51	51	-
Full time for this job	1,675	_	1,675	1,642	_	1,642
All other reasons	2,451	1,670	781	2,349	1,622	727
verage hours:			1			
Economic reasons	22.6	24.7	21.4	22.7	24.8	21.6
Other reasons	21.1	25.9	19.6	21.2	26.0	19.6
Vorked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasons	1,918	893	1,025	1,867	871	996
Other reasons	5,787	2,656	3,131	5,612	2,582	3,030

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural Industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

·					May 199	1			
	Total	On part time			On full-time	e schedule	s	Average	Average
industry	at for work economic reasons		On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	108,840	5,360	15,081	88,398	56,963	11,178	20,257	39.3	43.6
Wage and salary workers	100,345	4,665	13,532	82,148	54,191	10,517	17,439	39.2	43.3
Mining	683	10	16	658	356	88	214	48.3	47.3
Construction	5,573	464	191	4,919	3,292	599	1,028	40.8	43.3
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,076 11,126 7,949	642 288 354	562 228 333	17,872 10,810 7,282	11,622 6,892 4,730	2,807 1,661 1,146	3,443 2,057 1,386	42.0 42.4 41.4	43.3 43.3 43.2
Transportation and public utilities	7,421 21,088 6,881	218 1,442 146	417 4,892 645	8,786 14,754 6,090	4,304 8,734 4,212	909 2,048 716	1,573 3,973 1,162	42.3 37.2 39.9	44.2 44.3 42.3
Service industries	34,233 914 33,320 5,390	1,684 156 1,527 60	6,552 414 6,139 257	25,997 343 25,654 5,073	17,874 228 17,646 3,797	2,818 35 2,783 533	5,306 81 5,225 742	37.4 26.0 37.7 40.9	42.9 43.5 42.6 42.2
Self-employed workers	8,264 231	890 5	1,449 101	6,125 125	2,702 70	646 15	2,778 40	40.6 35.4	48.3 46.9

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

				May	1991			
Constant and an aid the later of	Teach	On part	0-	On	full-time sche	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	. 108,840	5,360	15,081	88,398	56,963	31,435	39.3	43.6
16 to 19 years	. 4,989	427	3,167	1,394	1,100	294	23.5	40.0
16 to 17 years		57	1,631	104	86	18	15.9	33.8
18 to 19 years		370	1,537	1,290	1,015	276	27.7	40.5
20 years and over		4,933	11,914	87,004	55,862	31,142	40.0	43.7
20 to 24 years	. 11,247	931	1,958	8,358	5,988	2,371	36.8	42.1
25 years and over	. 92,604	4,002	9,956	78,645	49,874	28,771	40.4	43.9
25 to 44 years	. 60,603	2,717	5,444	52,442	32,685	19,757	41.0	44.0
45 to 64 years	. 29,015	1,144	3,024	24,847	16,247	8,600	40.4	43.6
65 years and over	. 2,986	142	1,489	1,355	940	415	28.9	42.7
Men, 16 years and over		2,640	4,327	51,679	29,664	22,015	42.2	45.2
16 to 19 years		219	1,488	789	588	201	24.8	41.4
16 to 17 years	1	26	820	66	52	13	16.7	()
18 to 19 years		192	668	723	536	188	29.4	41.8
20 years and over		2,421	2,839	50,890	29,077	21,814	43.0	45.2
20 to 24 years		490	751	4,632	3,076	1,556	38.6	43.1
25 years and over		1,931	2,087	46,259	26,001	20,258	43.5	45.4
25 to 44 years		1,362	750	30,726	16,722	14,004	44.2	45.7
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 '	501 68	595 742	14,685 848	8,735 545	5,950 304	43.3 31.1	44.9 43.9
05 years and over	1						31.1	43.5
Women, 16 years and over		2,720 209	10,755 1,680	36,719 605	27,298 513	9,421 93	35.9 22.2	41.5 38.3
16 to 17 years		31	811	38	33	5	15.1	1 .
18 to 19 years		178	869	567	479	88	26.1	(¹) 38.9
20 years and over		2,512	9,075	36,113	26,786	9,328	36.6	41.6
20 to 24 years		441	1,207	3,727	2,912	815	34.8	41.0
25 years and over		2,071	7,868	32,387	23,874	8,513	36.8	41.6
25 to 44 years		1,356	4,692	21,717	15,964	5,753	37.2	41.6
45 to 64 years	1 '	642	2,429	10,163	7,514	2,649	37.2	41.7
65 years and over		74	747	507	396	111	26.1	40.7
RACE								
	04.445	4 200	40.550	70 174	47.707	00.464	00.4	40.0
White, 16 years and over		4,393 2,181	13,550	76,171	47,707	28,464	39.4	43.9 45.4
Women		2,181	3,824 9,726	45,284 30,887	25,180 22,527	20,104 8,360	42.4 35.7	45.4
Black, 16 years and over	. 11,034	792	1,076	9,166	7 150	2,014	38.3	41.7
Men		369	332	4,651	7,152 3,382	1,270	40.1	43.0
Women	-,	423	745	4,514	3,770	744	36.5	40.4
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	. 37,381	1,160	1,448	34,773	19,116	15,658	43.9	45.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated		366	278	5,672	3,293	2,378	42.8	45.2
Single (never married)		1,114	2,601	11,234	7,256	3,978	37.6	43.6
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	. 28,064	1,294	6,418	20,352	15,452	4,900	35.6	41.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	9,990	599	1,224	8,167	5,776	2,391	38.5	42.4
Single (never married)	12,140	827	3,112	8,200	6,070	2,130	34.3	41.5

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

					May 1991				
			0-	(On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over'	108,597	5,317	15,042	88,239	56,738	11,180	20,320	39.3	43.7
Managerial and professional specialty	14,374 15,492	565 184 381 1,348	2,727 695 2,032 6,252	26,574 13,495 13,079 27,095	14,857 6,995 7,862 18,557	3,449 1,769 1,680 3,184	8,269 4,732 3,536 5,354	42.3 44.3 40.5 37.9	45.1 45.8 44.3 42.8
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	3,537 13,414	66 712 569	401 2,744 3,107	3,069 9,958 14,067	2,115 5,199 11,242	410 1,261 1,513	544 3,499 1,311	40.0 39.3 36.5	42.7 45.8 40.6
Private household Protective service	15,101 723	1,437 115 61	4,248 333 186	9,416 275 1,736	6,741 194 1,002	991 29 262	1,684 51 473	34.0 25.8 42.6	42.6 42.6 45.9
Service, except private household and protective	12,395 12,591	1,261 866 1,101	3,729 398 1,417	7,405 11,328 13,826	5,545 7,318 9,266	700 1,631 1,925	1,160 2,379 2,635	33.1 41.4 40.1	41.8 43.6 43.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,289 4,636	455 246 400	275 365 777	6,559 4,025 3,242	4,801 2,115 2,350	936 558 431	822 1,352 461	40.4 43.5 36.1	42.3 46.8 42.0
Men, 16 years and over ¹	58,274	2,594	4,231	51,449	29,403	6,980	15,065	42.3	45.2
Managerial and professional specialty		249 108	710 220	15,077 8,240	7,147 3,597	1,984 1,085	5,946 3,558	45.3 46.5	47.0 47.6
Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support	12,245	141 341 28	490 1,180 79	6,836 10,723 1,674	3,549 5,718 1,083	899 1,443 227	2,388 3,562 365	44.0 42.6 42.3	46.2 45.7 43.7
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations	6,967 3,497	214 99 462	721 380 1,105	6,032 3,017 4,566	2,487 2,149 3,067	825 391 554	2,720 477 945	44.3 39.2 37.6	48.0 42.2 43.8
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	38 1,673	9 45 408	11 116 978	18 1,513 3,035	14 841 2,213	2 231 322	3 441 501	(²) 43.9 35.3	(²) 46.4 42.5
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11,535 12,325	794 749 212	269 967 93	10,473 10,609 4,119	6,717 6,754 2,863	1,488 1,511 634	2,267 2,344 621	41.7 41.0 41.7	43.7 44.2 43.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,213	209 328	234 640	3,770 2,720	1,955 1,936	518 358	1,297 426	44.3 36.4	47.0 42.3
Women, 16 years and over ¹	'	2,723	10,810	36,790	27,335	4,200	5,255	35.9	41.5
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	5,805	316 76 240	2,017 475 1,542	11,497 5,255 6,243	7,710 3,397 4,313	1,465 683 782	2,322 1,174 1,148	38.8 41.0 37.3	42.6 43.1 42.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	22,450 1,755 6,447	1,007 38 498	5,072 322 2,023	16,372 1,395 3,926	12,838 1,033 2,712	1,741 183 435	1,792 179 778	35.4 37.6 33.8	40.8 41.6 42.4
Administrative support, including clerical	8,968 685	470 975 106	2,727 3,143 322	11,050 4,849 257	9,093 3,673 180	1,122 437 28	835 739 49	35.8 31.5 25.6	40.2 41.4 42.6
Protective service	7,973 1,056	17 853 72	71 2,751 129	4,369 855	161 3,332 601	31 378 143	659 111	35.3 31.9 38.1	42.2 41.3 41.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,865 422	353 243 37	450 182 131	3,217 2,440 255	2,512 1,938 159	414 302 40	291 200 56	37.4 38.4 35.4	41.1 40.9 44.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	732	73	137	522	415	72	35	34.7	40.6

¹ Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Complement status and				19	90						1991		
Employment status and sex	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹										190,717			
Labor force1	126,578	126,427	126,336	126,345	126,571	126,445	126,338	126,791	126,253	126,678	126,786	127,128	126,690
Percent of population ²	66.8	66.7	66.6	66.5	66.6	66.5	66.4	66.6	66.2		66.5	66.6	66.3
	119,916	119,867				119,303			118,537	118,520	116,214	118,854	118,049
Employment-population ratio ³		63.2	63.0	62.8	62.9	62.8	62.5	62.6	62.2		62.0	62.3	61.8
Resident Armed Forces		1,630	1,627	1,640	1,601	1,570	1,615	1,617	1,615	1,602	1,460	1,456	1,45€
Civilian employed			117,882	117,690	117,883	117,733				116,918	116,754	117,398	116,591
Agriculture		3,279	3,108	3,152	3,194	3,175	3,185	3,253	3,163		3,098	3,156	3,272
Nonagricultural industries		114,958	114,774	114,538	114,689	114,558	114,201	114,321	113,759	113,696	113,656	114,243	113,319
Unemployed	6,662	6,560	6,827	7,015	7,087	7,142	7,337	7,600	7,715	8,158	8,572	8,274	8,640
Unemployment rate ⁴	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.5	6.8
Not in labor force	62,889	63,180	63,427	63,556	63,431	63,650	63,974	63,692	64,339	64,039	63,917	63,708	64,291
Men													
Noninstitutional population ¹	91,014	91,087	91,168	91,240	91,271	91,299	91,440	91,537	91,590	91,650	91,587	91,652	91,720
Labor force		69,609	69,523	69,552	69,814	69,804	69,899	70,058	69,543		69,808	69,855	69,704
Percent of population ²		76.4	76.3	76.2	76.5	76.5	76.4	76.5	75.9		76.2	76.2	76.0
Total employed ¹		65,964	65,728	65,663	65,853	65,822		65,781	65,251			65,112	64.746
Employment-population ratio ³		72.4	72.1	72.0	72.2	72.1	71.9	71.9	71.2		70.8	71.0	70.6
Resident Armed Forces		1.465	1,462	1,475	1,441	1,414	1,453	1.454	1.453			1.310	1.303
Civilian employed		64,499	64,266	64,188	64,412	64,408	64,337	64,327	63,798		63,532	63,802	63,443
Unemployed		3,645	3,795	3,889	3,961	3,982	4,109	4,277	4,292		4.962	4,743	4,957
Unemployment rate ⁴	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.2		7.1	6.8	7,337
Not in labor force	21,285	21,478	21,645	21,688	21,457	21,495		21,479	22,047		21,779	21,797	22.017
Women			ŕ	,	,	,		, .	,	,	,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
No alta alla alta and anno de Alta al	00.450	00 500	00 505	00 004	00 704						00.440		
Noninstitutional population ¹	98,453	98,520	98,595	98,661	98,731	98,796							99,260
Labor force ¹		56,818	56,813	56,793	56,757	56,641	56,439		56,710		56,978	57,273	56,986
Percent of population ²		57.7	57.6	57.6	57.5	57.3	57.1	57.3	57.3		57.5	57.7	57.4
Total employed ¹	53,855	53,903	53,781	53,667	53,631	53,481	53,211	53,410	53,287	53,477	53,368	53,742	53,303
Employment-population ratio ³		54.7	54.5	54.4	54.3	54.1	53.8	54.0	53.8	54.0	53.8	54.2	53.7
Resident Armed Forces	167	165	165	165	160	156	162	163	162	163	146	146	155
Civilian employed		53,738	53,616	53,502	53,471	53,325			53,125		53,222	53,596	53,148
Unemployed		2,915	3,032	3,126	3,126	3,160	3,228	3,323	3,423	3,452	3,610	3,531	3,683
Unemployment rate ⁴	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.5
Not in labor force	41,604	41,702	41,782	41,868	41,974	42,155	42,433	42,213	42,292	42,138	42,138	41,911	42,274

¹ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	90			_			1991		
sex, and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	187,828	187,977	188,136	188,261	188,401	188,525	188,697	188,866	188,977	189,115	189,243	189,380	189,522
Civilian labor force	124,939	124,797	124,709	124,705	124,970	124,875	124,723	125,174	124,638	125,076	125,326	125,672	125,232
Percent of population	66.5	66.4	66.3	66.2	66.3	66.2	66.1	66.3	66.0	66.1	66.2	66.4	66.1
Employed			117,882		117,883			-		116,918			
Employment-population ratio ²	63.0	62.9	62.7	62.5	62.6	62.4	62.2	62.3	61.9	61.8	61.7	62.0	
Unemployed Unemployment rate	6,662 5.3	6,560 5.3	6,827 5.5	7,015 5.6	7,087 5.7	7,142 5.7	7,337 5.9	7,600 6.1	7,715 6.2	8,158 6.5	8,572 6.8	8,274 6.6	-
, ,	5.5	5.5	5.5	3.0	5.7	5.7	5.9	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.8
Men, 16 years and over	00.540	00.000	89.706	00.706	00.000	00.005	00 007	90.083	90,137	00 044	00 070	00.040	00 447
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	89,542 68.257	89,622 68,144	68,061	89,765 68,077	89,830 68,373	89,885 68,390	89,987 68,446	,	68,090	90,211 68,310	90,273 68,494	90,342 68,545	
Percent of population	76.2	76.0	75.9	75.8	76.1	76.1	76.1	76.2	75.5	75.7	75.9	75.9	
Employed	64,589		64,266	64,188	64,412	64,408	64,337	64,327	63,798				
Employment-population ratio ²	72.1	72.0	71.6	71.5	71.7	71.7	71.5	71.4	70.8	70.5	70.4	70.6	
Agriculture	2,562	2,571	2,478	2,477	2,512	2,504	2,518	2,572	2,466	2,520	2,456	2,504	
Nonagricultural industries	62,027	61,928	61,788	61,711	61,900	61,904	61,819	61,755		61,084	61,076		
Unemployed	3,668	3,645	3,795	3,889	3,961	3,982	4,109	4,277	4,292	4,706	4,962	4,743	
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.9	7.2	6.9	
Not in labor force	21,285	21,478	21,645	21,688	21,457	21,495	21,541	21,479	22,047	21,901	21,779		
Men, 20 years and over				'									
Civilian noninstitutional population	82,581	82,676	82,790	82,862	82.940	83,013	83,092	83,208	83,271	83,392	83,466	83,567	83,636
Civilian labor force	64,313	64,342	64,331	64,419	64,572	64,594	64,682	64,803		64,577	64,735		1 '
Percent of population	77.9	77.8	77.7	77.7	77.9	77.8	77.8	77.9	77.3	77.4	77.6	77.7	77.4
Employed	61,276	61,294	61,162		61,248	61,245	61,217	61,188			60,551	60,905	1
Employment-population ratio ²	74.2	74.1	73.9	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.7	73.5	72.9	72.6	72.5	72.9	
Agriculture	2,374	2,369	2,279	2,266	2,299	2,283	2,307	2,365	2,289	2,315	2,255	2,328	2,368
Nonagricultural industries	58,902	58,925	58,883	58,908	58,949	58,962	58,910	58,823	58,445	58,217	58,296	58,577	58,188
Unemployed	3,037	3,048	3,169	3,245	3,324	3,349	3,465	3,615	3,611	4,044	4,184	4,052	4,184
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.5
Not in labor force	18,268	18,334	18,459	18,443	18,368	18,419	18,410	18,405	18,926	18,815	18,731	18,610	18,895
Women, 16 years and over	00 206	00 255	98,430	98,496	98,571	98,640	98,710	98,783	98.840	98,904	98,970	99,038	99,105
Civilian noninstitutional population	98,286	98,355	1 '		1 .			56,570	56,548		56,832		56,831
Civilian labor force Percent of population	56,682 57.7	56,653 57.6	56,648 57.6	56,628 57.5	56,597 57.4	56,485 57.3	56,277 57.0	57.3	57.2	56,766 57.4	57.4	57,127 57.7	1 ′
Employed	53,688	53,738	53,616		l .	53,325			53,125		53,222	53,596	
Employment-population ratio ²	54.6	54.6	54.5	54.3	54.2	54.1	53.7	53.9	53.7	53.9	53.8	54.1	53.6
Agriculture	724	708	630			671	667	681	697	703	642	651	676
Nonagricultural industries	52,964	53,030			52,789		52,382		52,428	52,611	52,580		
Unemployed	2,994	2,915	3,032	3,126	3,126	3,160	3,228	3,323	3,423	3,452	3,610	3,531	3,683
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.2	6.5
Not in labor force	41,604	41,702		41,868	41,974	42,155	42,433	42,213	42,292	42,138	42,138	41,911	42,274
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population	91,414	91,495	91,581	91,688	91,765	91,857	91,963	92,042	92,139	92,198	92,273	92,358	92,454
Civilian labor force	53,075		53,155	,			52,896	53,182	53,097	53,284	53,359	53,634	
Percent of population	58.1	58.0			57.9	57.7	57.5	57.8	57.6		57.8	58.1	57.8
Employed	50,613	50,675	50,637	50,649	50,504	50,423	50,196	50,389	50,300	50,404	50,323	50,695	50,363
Employment-population ratio ²	55.4	55.4	55.3	55.2	55.0	54.9	54.6	54.7	54.6	54.7	54.5	54.9	54.5
Agriculture	664	661	586	634	633	628	627	647	664	675	607	623	633
Nonagricultural industries	49,949	50,014	50,051	50,015	49,871	49,795	49,569	49,742	49,636	49,728	49,716	50,072	49,731
Unemployed	2,462	2,432	2,518	2,606	2,625		2,700			2,881	3,035		
Unemployment rate	4.6				E .	4.9	5.1	5.3	1		5.7	5.5	
Not in labor force	38,339	38,388	38,426	38,433	38,636	38,810	39,067	38,860	39,042	38,914	38,914	38,724	38,974
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian noninstitutional population	13,832	13,806	13,764	13,711	13,696	13,655	13,642	13,616	13,567	13,525	13,504	13,455	13,432
Civilian labor force	7,551	7,348			7,269	7,234	7,145		7,196		7,232		
Percent of population	54.6		1 '		53.1	53.0	52.4	52.8	53.0		53.6		
Employed	6,388				6,131	6,065	5,973	5,997	5,889		5,879	1	1
Employment-population ratio ²	46.2				44.8	44.4	43.8	44.0	43.4		43.5		
Agriculture	248		1			264	251	241	211	232	235	E .	1
Nonagricultural industries	6,140		1	1		5,801	5,722	I	1			E .	
			1 '					1	1	1	1		
	1,163	1,080	1,140	1,164	1,138	1,169	1,172	1,192	1,307	1,233	1,353	1,283	1,338
Unemployed	1,163 15.4					1,169 16.2					1,353		

population.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	90						1991		****
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	May	Jur.e	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population' Civilian labor force													
Percent of population	66.9	66.8	66.8	66.7	66.9	66.7	66.6	66.8	66.4	66.7	66.7	66.8	66.6
Employed	102,293	102,332	102,189	101,996	102,192	102,017	101,648	101,843	101,104	101,141	100,870	101,455	100,944
Employment-population ratio ²			63.7	63.5		63.5		63.3	62.8	62.8		62.9	62.6
Unemployed	4,930	4,852	5,007	5,170	5,199	5,260	5,400	5,674	5,858	6,291	6,617	6,223	6,547
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.2	5.8	6.1
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	55.872	55,890	55,909	56.040	56,119	56.123	56,174	56,307	55,836	56,000	56,151	56,310	56,210
Percent of population	,	,	78.2	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	77.6	77.8	77.9	78.1	77.9
Employed			53,566		53,675		l .	53,497	l .		52,828	53,179	1
Employment-population ratio ²			74.9	74.9	74.9	74.8		74.4	73.7	73.3	73.3	73.7	73.5
Unemployed			2,343	2,439		2,508	2,610	2,810	2,826	3,198	3,323	3,131	3,185
Unemployment rate			4.2	4.4	4.4	4.5		5.0		5.7	5.9	5.6	5.7
Women, 20 years and over												•	
Civilian labor force	44,861	44,982	45,039	45,060	44,984	44,918	44,711	44,995	44,888	45,211	45,186	45,304	45,242
Percent of population		57.8	57.8	57.8	57.7	57.6		57.6	57.4	57.8	57.7	57.8	57.7
Employed			43,229		1	43,032		43,001	42,841	43,019		43,169	42,932
Employment-population ratio ²			55.5	55.4	55.3	55.1	54.8	55.0		55.0		55.1	54.7
Unemployed			1,810	1,866		1,886	1	1,994	2,047	2,192		2,136	2,310
Unemployment rate			4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2		4.4	4.6	1 '	,	4.7	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		į		!						1			
Civilian labor force	6,490	6,312	6,248	6,066	6,288	6,236	6,163	6,215	6,238	6,222	6,151	6,064	6,039
Percent of population		56.8	56.4	54.9	57.1	56.9	56.3	57.0	57.4	57.5	57.1	56.4	56.3
Employed	5,614	5,521	5,394	5,201	5,416	5,370	5,316	5,345	5,253	5,321	5,150	5,108	4,987
Employment-population ratio ²	50.4	49.7	48.7	47.1	49.2	49.0	48.6	49.0	48.3	49.2	47.8	47.5	46.5
Unemployed	876	791	854	865	872	866	847	870	985	901	1,001	956	1,052
Unemployment rate	13.5	12.5	13.7	14.3	13.9	13.9	13.7	14.0	15.8	14.5	16.3	15.8	17.4
Men	14.1	13.4	14.9	15.4	15.0	14.7	14.9	14.9	15.8	15.4	18.6	16.9	19.3
Women	12.9	11.6	12.4	13.1	12.6	13.0	12.5	13.0	15.8	13.4	13.7	14.7	15.4
BLACK									}				
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹			21,318	21,337	21,361	21,383	21,417	21,448	21,470	21,493	21,516	21,541	21,569
Civilian labor force			13,406	13,401	13,476	13,493	13,550	13,486	13,501	13,421	13,610	13,670	
Percent of population			62.9	62.8	63.1	63.1	63.3	62.9	62.9	62.4	63.3	63.5	62.5
Employed			11,884	11,838	11,869	11,913	11,897	11,836	11,866	11,839	11,934	11,948	11,727
Employment-population ratio ²			55.7	55.5	55.6	55.7	55.5	55.2	55.3	55.1	55.5	55.5	54.4
Unemployed			1,522	1,563		1,580		1,650		1,582	1,675	1,722	1,745
Unemployment rate	10.6	10.7	11.4	11.7	11.9	11.7	12.2	12.2	12.1	11.8	12.3	12.6	13.0
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,247	6,298	6,292	6,260	6,324	6,339	6,348	6,359	6,313	6,366	6,395	6,416	6,265
Percent of population			73.9	73.4	74.1	74.1	74.3	74.1	73.5	73.9	74.1	74.2	72.6
Employed	5,653		5,618	5,594	5,597	5,635	5,638	5,664	5,602	5,649		5,647	5,475
Employment-population ratio ²			65.9	65.6		65.9	66.0	66.0		65.6	65.7	65.3	
Unemployed			674	666	727	704	710	695	712		723	769	790
Unemployment rate	9.5	9.7	10.7	10.6	11.5	11.1	11.2	10.9	11.3	11.3	11.3	12.0	12.6
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,486	6,377	6,336	6,358	6,362	6,345	6,365	6,339	6,374	6,286	6,388	6,476	6,459
Percent of population		59.9	59.5	59.6	59.5	59.3	59.4	59.0	59.3	58.4	59.2	60.0	59.7
Employed		5,797	5,738	5,733	5,716	5,728	5,717	5,668	5,738	5,694	5,755	5,812	5,755
Employment-population ratio ²	55.4		53.9	53.7	53.5	53.5	53.3	52.8	53.4	52.9	53.4	53.8	53.2
Unemployed	598	580	598	625	646	617	648	671	636	593	633	664	705
Unemployment rate	9.2	9.1	9.4	9.8	10.2	9.7	10.2	10.6	10.0	9.4	9.9	10.3	10.9
• •	L												

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	90						1991		
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										į			
Civilian labor force	837	813	778	783	790	809	837	788	814	769	826	779	747
Percent of population	38.9	37.9	36.3	36.6	37.0	38.0	38.9	36.9	38.4	36.4	39.2	37.1	35.1
Employed	587	559	528	511	556	550	542	504	526	497	507	490	497
Employment-population ratio ²	27.3	26.0	24.6	23.9	26.0	25.8	25.2	23.6	24.8	23.5	24.1	23.3	23.3
Unemployed	250	254	250	272	234	259	295	284	288	272	319	289	250
Unemployment rate	29.9	31.2	32.1	34.7	29.6	32.0	35.2	36.0	35.4	35.4	38.6	37.1	33.5
Men	31.6	35.2	33.1	36.7	31.4	31.3	33.2	36.4	34.6	35.5	38.4	38.4	36.7
Women	28.1	27.1	31.1	32.7	27.6	32.7	37.5	35.6	36.1	35.2	38.9	35.7	30.1
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	14,238	14,277	14,317	14,356	14,396	14,435	14,474	14,514	14,553	14,593	14,632	14,672	14,711
Civilian labor force	9,627	9,618	9,638	9,665	9,632	9,580	9,500	9,569	9,675	9,578	9,696	9,739	9,695
Percent of population	67.6	67.4	67.3	67.3	66.9		65.6	65.9	66.5	65.6	66.3	66.4	65.9
Employed	8,883	8,919	8,875	8,904	8,809	8,793	8,683	8,676	8,779	8,664	8,700	8,859	8,756
Employment-population ratio ²	62.4	62.5	62.0		61.2	60.9	60.0		60.3	59.4	59.5	60.4	59.5
Unemployed	744	699	763	761	823		817	893	896	914	997	880	939
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.3	7.9	7.9	8.5		8.6	9.3	9.3	9.5	10.3	9.0	9.7
								"		1.5			

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0.4				19	90	_					1991		
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	118,277	118,237	117,882	117,690	117,883	117,733	117,386	117,574	116,922	116,918	116,754	117,398	116,591
Married men, spouse present			40,601	40,661		40,833		40,728					
Married women, spouse present Women who maintain families		29,828 6,432	29,862 6,376	29,869 6,372		29,789 6,354		29,776 6,367	29,599 6,386	,			
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty	30,490	30,735	30,758	30,913	30,572	30,714	30,732	30,777	30,699	31,093	30,764	30,990	30,908
Technical, sales, and administrative						00.447			00.000	00.400	00.005	00 545	00.000
support Service occupations	37,335 15,693	36,678 15,894	36,499 15,917	36,009 15,847		36,447 15,880	36,380 15,861	36,242 15,904	36,360 15,746		1 '	36,515 15,882	
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,707	13,595	13,697	13,586	'	13,547	13,428	13,524		13,333			, ,
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,762		17,698	17,852		17,858	17,752	17,695		16,997	17,051		1 '
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,423	3,513	3,384	3,448		3,376	3,360	3,436	3,437	3,499	3,387	3,464	
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER											-	ļ	
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,693	1,685	1,665	1,705	1.752	1,714	1,681	1,671	1,603	1,629	1,556	1,660	1.703
Self-employed workers		1,479	1,382	1,364	, ,	1,350	1,386	1,473	1,396	1,448	, ,	1,450	
Unpaid family workers	104	107	100	97	108	99	116	102	157	168	134	95	
Nonagricultural industries:	1												
Wage and salary workers	106,176	105,893	105,783	105,627	105,686	105,384	105,267	105,095	104,698	104,569	104,455	104,697	104,613
Government		17,832	17,785	17,798		17,694	17,633	17,640		17,792			
Private industries	88,126		87,998	87,829	88,089	87,690	87,634	87,455			86,626		
Private households		1,039	1,003	1,021		1,017	992	1,013	967	953			
Other industries			86,995	86,808	,	86,673	86,642	86,442		85,824	,		
Self-employed workers		8,756	8,725	8,646		8,859	8,800	8,896	8,738	8,876		9,209	
Unpaid family workers	244	239	258	236	238	250	255	238	232	239	224	213	206
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:	İ												
Part time for economic reasons	4.859	5.022	5,001	5,092	5.301	5,409	5,438	5,581	5,510	6.062	6,163	6,162	5,932
Slack work		2,501	2,570	2,491	2,658	2,663	2,786	2,928		3,252	, ,	3,383	
Could only find part-time work	2,095	2,207	2,120	2,153	2,408	2,344	2,340	2,302	2,214	2,401	2,494	2,462	2,556
Voluntary part time	15,557	15,190	15,263	15,317	15,250	15,129	15,048	15,081	14,833	14,971	14,819	15,027	14,876
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	4,689	4,745	4,780	4,830	5,051	5,135	5,163	5,262	5,178	5,803	5.889	5,956	5,702
Slack work	2,306	2,297	2,399	2,290	,	2.467	2,625	2,742	2,692	3,067	3,107	3,181	
Could only find part-time work		2,136	2,102	2,084		2,281	2,262	2,218	2,133		2,404	2,403	
Voluntary part time	15,002	14,668	14,853	14,861	14,823	14,715	14,658	14,650	14,461	14,528	14,452	14,641	14,377

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Say and an				19	90						1991		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	118,277	118,237	117,882	117,690	117,883	117,733	117,386	117,574	116,922	116,918	116,754	117,398	116,591
16 to 24 years	19,061	18,934	18,732	18,439	18,684	18,577	18,518	18,572	18,442	18,274	18,186	18,192	17,822
16 to 19 years	6,388	6,268	6,083	5,867	6,131	6,065	5,973	5,997	5,889	5,982	5,879	5,798	5,672
16 to 17 years		2,316	2,215	2,158	2,246	2,212	2,225	2,224	2,215	2,360	2,177	2,146	2,102
18 to 19 years		3.946	3.888	3,729	3.856	3,857	3,739	3,774	3,704	3,631	3,695	3,643	3,549
20 to 24 years		12,666	12,649	12,572	12,553	12,512	12,545	12,575	12,554	12,292	12,306	12,394	12,151
25 years and over	99,172	99,336	99.247	99.320	99.212	99,160	98,847	98,937	98,463	98,605	98.529	99,150	98,727
25 to 54 years			84,336	84,328	84,322	84,325	84,075	84,070	83,717	83,866	83,821	84,342	84,165
55 years and over						14,851	14,812	14,901	14,628		14,720		14,583
Men, 16 years and over	64,589	64,499	64,266	64,188	64,412	64,408	64,337	64,327	63,798	63,604	63,532	63,802	63,443
18 to 24 years	9,969	9.866	9,778	9,613	9,760	9,712	9,695	9,758	9,594	9,483	9,392	9,371	9,264
16 to 19 years	3.313	3.205	3,104	3.014	3.164	3,163	3,120	3,139	3.063	3,071	2,981	2,897	2,887
16 to 17 years		1,184	1,136	1.089	1.170	1.163	1,179	1,172	1.205	1.215	1,092	1.075	1,080
18 to 19 years			1,992	1,919	1.976	1,995	1,950	1.966	1.886	1.857	1,895	1.810	1.782
20 to 24 years		6,661	6.674	6,599	6.596	6.549	6.575	6,619	6,530	6.412	6,412	6,474	6.377
25 years and over		54,634	54,508		54,670	54,687	54,637	54,546	54,190	54,084	54,113	54,433	54,154
25 to 54 years								46,035	45.819			45,962	45,828
55 years and over	8,489		8,498		8,573				8,318			8,415	
Women, 16 years and over	53,688	53,738	53,616	53,502	53,471	53,325	53,049	53,247	53,125	53,314	53,222	53,596	53,148
16 to 24 years	9,092	9,068	8,954	8,826	8,924	8,865	8,823	8,814	8,848	8,791	8,793	8,821	8,559
16 to 19 years		3,063	2,979	2,853	2,967	2,902	2,853	2,858	2,825	2,911	2,899	2,901	2,785
16 to 17 years			1,079	1,069	1,076	1,049	1,046	1,052	1,010	1,145	1,085	1,071	1,022
18 to 19 years	1,930		1,896	1,810	1,880	1,862		1,808	1,818		1,800	1,833	1,767
20 to 24 years			5,975	5,973	5,957	5,963	5,970	5,956	6,023	5,881	5,895	5,920	5,774
25 years and over		44,702	44,739	44,716	44,542	44,473	44,210	44,391	44,273		44,416	44,717	44,573
25 to 54 years					38,169	38,106		38,035	37,898			38,380	38,337
55 years and over	6,443		6,408		6,419	6,359		6,348	6,310		6,367	6,363	

A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Sau and an				19	90						1991		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	6,662	6,560	6,827	7,015	7,087	7,142	7,337	7,600	7,715	8,158	8,572	8,274	8,640
16 to 24 years	2,358	2,238	2,308	2,382	2,426	2,463	2,428	2,463	2,617	2,682	2,770	2,680	2,864
16 to 19 years	1,163	1,080	1,140	1,164	1,138	1,169	1,172	1,192	1,307	1,233	1,353	1,283	1,339
16 to 17 years	575	460	474	501	506	508	507	524	541	480	576	578	539
18 to 19 years	614	626	661	651	654	657	662	665	745	741	785	709	826
20 to 24 years	1,195	1,158	1,168	1,218	1,288	1,294	1,256	1,271	1,310	1,449	1,417	1,397	1,525
25 years and over	4,263	4,301	4,470	4,610	4,652	4,630	4,910	5,160	5,162	5,501	5,811	5,678	5,715
25 to 54 years	3,814	3.825	3,986	4,039	4,136	4,105	4,403	4,664	4,618	4,940	5,205	5,117	5,134
55 years and over	474	448	493	528	514	536	513	501	510	582	638	588	624
Men, 16 years and over	3,668	3,645	3,795	3,889	3,961	3,982	4,109	4,277	4,292	4,706	4,962	4,743	4,957
16 to 24 years	1,277	1,255	1,266	1,268	1,319	1,325	1,335	1,363	1,461	1,520	1,638	1,566	1,577
16 to 19 years	631	597	626	644	637	633	644	662	681	662	778	691	773
16 to 17 years	303	239	259	284	273	263	280	295	278	287	364	304	291
18 to 19 years		353	366	357	375	368	367	366	381	375	421	389	495
20 to 24 years	646	658	640	624	682	692	691	701	780	858	860	875	804
25 years and over	2,352	2,360	2,499	2,595	2,616	2,630	2.764	2.937	2,897	3,201	3,344	3,246	3,328
25 to 54 years	2,079	2,036	2,195	2,230	2,284	2,299	2,448	2,625	2,535	2,847	2,951	2,888	2,953
55 years and over	300	281	320	333	337	344	335	316	319	367	399	390	410
Women, 16 years and over	2,994	2,915	3,032	3,126	3,126	3,160	3,228	3,323	3,423	3,452	3,610	3,531	3,683
16 to 24 years	1,081	983	1,042	1,114	1,107	1,138	1,093	1,100	1,156	1,162	1,132	1,113	1,287
16 to 19 years	532	483	514	520	501	536	528	530	626	571	575	592	566
16 to 17 years		221	215	217	233	245	227	229	263	193	212	274	248
18 to 19 years	273	273	295	294	279	289	295	299	364	366	364	320	331
20 to 24 years		500	528	594	606	602	565	570	530	591	557	521	721
25 years and over		1.941	1.971	2.015	2.036	2.000	2.146	2,223	2.265	2,300	2,467	2,432	2.389
25 to 54 years		1,789	1,791	1.809	1,852	1,806	1,955	2,039	2,083	2,092	2,254	2,229	2,182
55 years and over	174	167	173	195	177	192	178	185	191	214	239	198	214

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

One and are				19	90						1991		
Sex and age	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 18 years and over	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.9
18 to 24 years	11.0	10.6	11.0	11.4	11.5	11.7	11.6	11.7	12.4	12.8	13.2	12.8	13.8
18 to 19 years	15.4	14.7	15.8	16.6	15.7	16.2	16.4	16.6	18.2	17.1	18.7	18.1	19.1
18 to 17 years	19.4	16.8	17.6	18.8	18.4	18.7	18.6	19.1	19.6	16.9	20.9	21.2	20.4
18 to 19 years	13.3	13.7	14.5	14.9	14.5	14.6	15.0	15.0	16.7	16.9	17.5	16.3	18.9
20 to 24 years	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.8	9.3	9.4	9.1	9.2	9.5	10.5	10.3	10.1	11.2
25 years and over	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.5
25 to 54 years	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.6	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.6	5.8	5.7	5.7
55 years and over	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.2	3.8	4.1
Men, 16 years and over	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.9	7.2	6.9	7.2
16 to 24 years	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.7	11.9	12.0	12.1	12.3	13.2	13.8	14.9	14.3	14.5
16 to 19 years	16.0	15.7	16.8	17.6	16.8	16.7	17.1	17.4	18.2	17.7	20.7	19.3	21.1
18 to 17 years	19.8	16.8	18.6	20.7	18.9	18.4	19.2	20.1	18.7	19.1	25.0	22.0	21.2
18 to 19 years	14.2	14.9	15.5	15.7	16.0	15.6	15.8	15.7	16.8	16.8	18.2	17.7	21.7
20 to 24 years	8.8	9.0	8.8	8.6	9.4	9.6	9.5	9.6	10.7	11.8	11.8	11.9	11.2
25 years and over	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.1	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.8
25 to 54 years	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.9	6.1	5.9	6.1
55 years and over	3.4	3.2	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.7	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.7
Women, 16 years and over	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.2	6.5
16 to 24 years	10.6	9.8	10.4	11,2	11.0	11.4	11.0	11,1	11.6	11.7	11.4	11.2	13.1
16 to 19 years	14.7	13.6	14.7	15.4	14.4	15.6	15.6	15.6	18.1	16.4	16.6	16.9	16.9
16 to 17 years	19.0	16.3	16.6	16.9	17.8	18.9	17.8	17.9	20.7	14.4	16.3	20.4	19.5
18 to 19 years	12.4	12.4	13.5	14.0	12.9	13.4	14.2	14.2	16.7	17.1	16.8	14.9	15.8
20 to 24 years	8.4	7.7	8.1	9.0	9.2	9.2	8.6	8.7	8.1	9.1	8.6	8.1	11.1
25 years and over	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.3	5.2	5.1
25 to 54 years	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.4
55 years and over	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

				19	90						1991		
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)		5.3	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.9
Men, 20 years and over		4.7	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.5
Women, 20 years and over	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	15.4	14.7	15.8	16.6	15.7	16.2	16.4	16.6	18.2	17.1	18.7	18.1	19.1
White	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.2	5.8	6.1
Black and other	9.5	9.6	10.3	10.4	10.8	10.6	11.0	11.1	10.7	10.7	11.1	11.2	11.5
Black	10.6	10.7	11.4	11.7	11.9	11.7	12.2	12.2	12.1	11.8	12.3	12.6	13.0
Hispanic origin	7.7	7.3	7.9	7.9	8.5	8.2	8.6	9.3	9.3	9.5	10.3	9.0	9.7
Married men, spouse present	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.4
Married women, spouse present	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.8	4.5	4.6
Women who maintain families	7.5	8.0	8.3	8.4	8.7	8.5	8.7	8.7	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.9	9.1
Full-time workers	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.5
Part-time workers	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.7	7.2	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.7	7.6	9.1	8.1	9.0
Unemployed 15 weeks and over		1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
Labor force time lost ²	6.0	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.5	7.7	7.6	7.7
OCCUPATION ³						1							
Managerial and professional specialty	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.6	3.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.5	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.3
Precision production, craft, and repair		5.2	5.7	6.2	6.5	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.6	7.6	7.8	8.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		8.1	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.9	9.4	9.6	10.0	11.6	11.2	10.8	10.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	5.3	6.2	6.8	6.3	6.2	5.5	6.2	6.9	7.6	7.9	9.1	6.5	7.1
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers		5.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.0	7.2
Goods-producing industries		6.2	6.7	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.9	8.1	8.2	9.1	9.0	9.2	9.0
Mining		4.0	4.5	4.7	3.8	4.1	4.7	5.8	7.5	6.0	7.1	7.5	6.4
Construction	1	9.8	10.5	11.2	12.0	13.0	13.3	14.0	14.5	15.5	14.1	15.0	14.7
Manufacturing		5.2	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.5	6.5	6.4	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.4
Durable goods		5.2	5.7	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.9	6.6	6.8	8.1	8.2	8.3	7.7
Nondurable goods		5.3	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.4	5.9	6.5	6.8	6.6	7.0
Service-producing industries		5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.4	6.0	6.4
Transportation and public utilities		3.2	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.4	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.5
Wholesale and retail trade		6.3	6.1	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.6	7.0	7.4	7.9	7.3	7.7
Finance and service industries	4.4 2.5	4.5 2.9	4.5 2.8	4.7 2.8	4.7 2.8	4.5 2.8	4.7 2.8	4.8	4.9 3.0	5.0 3.2	5.6 3.7	5.2 3.2	5.7 3.2
Agricultural wage and salary workers		9.8	10.1	9.5	9.3	8.5	9.8	12.3	11.9	11.5	13.8	9.9	11.2
Ayroutural mayo airo salary morkols	".'	3.5	''.'	3.5	9.3	0.5	3.0	12.3	''.'		10.0	0.5	' ' ' '

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

³ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

				19	90						1991		
Weeks of unemployment	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,078	3,100	3,142	3,275	3,087	3,139	3,277	3,280	3,410	3,473	3,515	3,287	3,654
5 to 14 weeks	2,194	2,085	2,166	2,077	2,452	2,391	2,334	2,518	2,490	2,736	2,904	2,745	2,717
15 weeks and over	1,404	1,436	1,508	1,568	1,605	1,591	1,727	1,739	1,829	1,975	2,184	2,229	2,234
15 to 26 weeks	776	777	807	822	861	893	938	940	981	1,053	1,236	1,226	1,206
27 weeks and over	628	659	701	746	744	698	789	799	848	921	947	1,003	1,028
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	11.6	12.0	12.1	12.3	12.4	12.0	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.8	13.0	13.7	12.9
Median duration, in weeks	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.6	7.0	6.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	46.1	46.8	46.1	47.3	43.2	44.1	44.7	43.5	44.1	42.4	40.9	39.8	42.5
5 to 14 weeks	32.9	31.5	31.8	30.0	34.3	33.6	31.8	33.4	32.2	33.4	33.8	33.2	31.6
15 weeks and over	21.0	21.7	22.1	22.7	22.5	22.3	23.5	23.1	23.7	24.1	25.4	27.0	26.0
15 to 26 weeks	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.9	12.1	12.5	12.8	12.5	12.7	12.9	14.4	14.8	14.0
27 weeks and over	9.4	10.0	10.3	10.8	10.4	9.8	10.8	10.6	11.0	11.3	11.0	12.1	11.9

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

				19	90						1991		
Reasons for unemployment	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers		3,203	3,145	3,388	3,519	3,563	3,756	3,797	4,068	4,515	4,703	4,528	4,657
On layoff	. 980	947	977	993	1,111	1,056	1,136	1,150	1,131	1,485	1,430	1,370	1,343
Other job losers		2,256	2,168	2,395	2,408	2,507	2,620	2,647	2,938	3,031	3,273	3,158	3,314
Job leavers	1,017	999	1,020	989	954	981	996	1,024	899	989	1,080	987	1,053
Reentrants	1,828	1,839	1,920	1,872	1,952	1,911	1,926	2,128	2,044	1.994	2,090	2.053	2,202
New entrants	677	549	677	669	663	684	655	662	672	633	699	741	779
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	47.4	48.6	46.5	49.0	49.6	49.9	51.2	49.9	53.0	55.5	54.9	54.5	53.6
On layoff	14.6	14.4	14.4	14.4	15.7	14.8	15.5	15.1	14.7	18.3	16.7	16.5	15.5
Other job losers	32.8	34.2	32.1	34.6	34.0	35.1	35.7	34.8	38.2	37.3	38.2	38.0	38.1
Job leavers		15.2	15.1	14.3	13.5	13.7	13.6	13.5	11.7	12.2	12.6	11.9	12.1
Reentrants	27.3	27.9	28.4	27.1	27.5	26.8	26.3	28.0	26.6	24.5	24.4	24.7	25.3
New entrants	10.1	8.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.6	8.9	8.7	8.7	7.8	8.2	8.9	9.0
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	,												
Job losers	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.7
Job leavers		.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.9	.8	.8
Reentrants	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8
New entrants		.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6

B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1940 to date

(In thousands)

			L	Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing	,		
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc-	Manufac-	Total	Transpor- tation and	Whole- sale	Retail	Finance, insurance, and	Services	C	Sovernmer	nt
					tion	turing		public utilities	trade	trade	real estate		Federal	State	Lo
			,				Anr	ual average	es						
40	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,841	4,909	1,485	3,665	996	(¹)	ď
41	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,966	5,244	1,525	3,905	1,340	(')	(1
42	40,106	34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636	3,460	1,912	5,206	1,509	4,066	2,213	(1)	(
43 44 <i></i>	42,434	36,356 35,822	20,114 19,328	925 892	1,587 1,108	17,602 17,328	22,320 22,536	3,647 3,829	1,828 1,851	5,154 5,208	1,481 1,461	4,130 4,145	2,905 2,928	(f) (f)	(
45		34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,955	5,359	1,481	4,222	2,808	8	Ò
46	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,298	6,077	1,675	4,697	2,254	· (¹)	- (
17		38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,478	6,477	1,728	5,025	1,892	()	(
18 19	44,866 43,754	39,216 37,897	18,774 17,565	994 930	2,198 2,194	15,582 14,441	26,092 26,189	4,189 4,001	2,612 2,610	6,659 6,654	1,800 1,828	5,181 5,239	1,863 1,908	(¹)	(
50		39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,643	6,743	1,688	5,356	1,928	(¹)	(
51 50		41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,735	7,007	1,956	5,547	2,302	()	9
52 53	48,793	42,185 43,556	20,198 21,074	898 866	2,668 2,659	16,632 17,549	28,595 29,128	4,248 4,290	2,821 2,862	7,184 7,385	2,035 2,111	5,699 5,835	2,420 2,305	(†) (†)	8
54	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,875	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	Ö	ĺ
55		43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,934	7,601	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,
56 57		45,091 45,239	21,104 20,964	822 828	3,039 2,962	17,243 17,174	31,266 31,889	4,244 4,241	3,027 3,037	7,831 7,848	2,389 2,438	6,497 6,708	2,209 2,217	1,250 1,328	3,
57 58		43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,989	7,761	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4
59 ²	53,268	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,092	8,035	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4
30 31 <i>.</i>	54,189 53,999	45,836 45,404	20,434 19,857	712 672	2,926 2,859	16,796 16,326	33,755 34,142	4,004 3,903	3,153 3,142	8,238 8,195	2,628 2,688	7,378 7,619	2,270 2,279	1,536 1,607	4,
;2		46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,207	8,359	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4
3	56,653	47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,258	8,520	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,
4	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,856	5
5 6	60,765	50,689 53,116	21,926 23,158	632 627	3,232 3,317	18,062	38,839 40,743	4,036 4,158	3,477 3,608	9,239 9,637	2,977 3,058	9,036 9,498	2,378 2,564	1,996 2,141	5
67	65,803	54,413	23,136	613	3,248	19,214 19,447	42,495	4,156	3,700	9,906	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,141	6
8	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,791	10,308	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6
39	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,919	10,785	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6
70 71	70,880	58,325 58,331	23,578 22,935	623 609	3,588 3,704	19,367 18,623	47,302 48,278	4,515 4,476	4,006 4,014	11,034 11,338	3,645 3,772	11,548 11,797	2,731 2,696	2,664 2,747	7
'2	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,127	11,822	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7
3 ,	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,291	12,315	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8
74 75		64,095 62,259	24,794 22,600	697 752	4,020 3,525	20,077 18,323	53,471 54,345	4,725 4,542	4,447 4,430	12,539 12,630	4,148 4,165	13,441	2,724 2,748	3,039 3,179	8
76	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,562	13,193	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8
77	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,723	13,792	4,467	15,302	2,727	3,377	9
78	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,985	14,556	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9
79	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,221	14,972	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9
80 81		74,166 75,126	25,658 25,497	1,027 1,139	4,346 4,188	20,285 20,170	64,748 65,659	5,146 5,165	5,292 5,376	15,018 15,172	5,160 5,298	17,890 18,619	2,866 2,772	3,610 3,640	9
32		73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,296	15,161	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9
	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,286	15,595	5,468	19,694	2,774	3,662	9
14		78,472	24,727	966	4,383	19,378	69,769	5,159	5,574	16,526	5,689	20,797	2,807	3,734	9
35 36 <i></i>	97,519 99,525	81,125 82,832	24,859 24,558	927 777	4,673 4,816	19,260 18,965	72,660 74,967	5,238 5,255	5,736 5,774	17,336 17,909	5,955 6,283	21,999	2,875 2,899	3,832 3,893	9
37	102,200	85,190	24,708	717	4,967	19,024	77,492	5,372	5,865	18,462	6,547	24,235	2,943	3,967	10
38 39	105,536	88,150	25,173	713	5,110	19,350	80,363	5,527	6,055	19,077	6,649	25,669	2,971	4,076	10
	l	90,550	25,322	693	5,187	19,442	83,007	5,644	6,221	19,549	6,695	27,120	2,988	4,182	10
90	109,971	91,649	24,958	711	5,136	19,111	85,014	5,826	6,205	19,683	6,739	28,240	3,085	4,303	10
10:		r			T	M	onthly data	a, seasonal	ly adjusted	l	1				
lay		91,764	25,141	713	5,203	19,225	85,163	5,820	6,212	19,701	6,739	28,151	3,347	4,287	10
.ne		91,858	25,093	718	5,182	19,193	85,342	5,831	6,220	19,714	6,746	28,254	3,337	4,311	10
ıly ugust		91,839 91,839	25,027 24,937	717 713	5,145 5,111	19,165 19,113	85,242 85,223	5,832 5,839	6,215 6,211	19,710 19,714	6,745 6,750	28,310 28,388	3,162 3,038	4,311 4,318	10
eptember		91,785	24,842	711	5,088	19,043	65,271	5,854	6,204	19,698	6,750	28,437	2,994	4,318	11
ctober	109,982	91,638	24,705	710	5,022	18,973	85,277	5,855	6,190	19,663	6,746	26,479	2,980	4,339	11
ovember		91,406	24,481	712	4,962	18,807	85,280	5,852	6,180	19,628	6,740	28,525	2,964	4,345	11
ecember 11:		91,268	24,375	715	4,911	18,749	85,246	5,867	6,166	19,579	6,733	26,548	2,948	4,347	11
anuary		91,053	24,181	713	4,797	18,671	85,237	5,866	6,138	19,542	6,736	28,590	2,952	4,352	11
ebruary larch		90,771 90,495	24,039 23,877	715 714	4,792 4,720	18,532 18,443	85,121 85,025	5,834 5,824	6,119 6,105	19,464 19,378	6,732 6,735	28,583 28,576	2,951 2,951	4,354 4,359	11,
pril ^p		90,302	23,793	711	4,683	18,399	84,929	5,815	6,082	19,378	6,718	28,569	2,951	4,359	11,
ayº		90,351	23,812	705	4,696	18,411	84,969	5,822	6,079	19,312	6,714	28,612	2,947	4,355	11

¹ Not available.

NOTE: Effective with the release of May 1991 data, BLS has revised establishment survey data to reflect new benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors. Because of these revisions, unadjusted data (beginning April 1989) and seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1986) differ from those previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

² Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

P = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es	Production workers¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p
Total		109,774	110,721	108,147	108,576	109,195	-	-	-	-	-
Total private		91,138	91,826	89,373	89,815	90,395	73,799	74,428	72,079	72,523	73,069
Mining		702	712	699	704	704	502	511	498	502	500
Metal mining		57.9	59.0	58.9	59.5	-	46.0	46.9	46.1	46.6	_
Iron ores		8.8 14.9	9.1 15.0	8.8 15.5	9.0 15.7	-	7.3 12.1	7.5 12.2	6.6 12.7	6.8 12.9	-
Coal mining	12	147.7 138.2	149.6 140.0	142.3	142.0	-	119.6	121.5		114.4	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	ľ			132.8	132.5	-	111.8	113.7	107.3	106.8	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	385.3		395.6	394.6	393.7	252.0	255.5	260.6		-
Crude petroleum and natural gas Oil and gas field services		191.6 189.3		189.1 202.0	188.6 201.5	-	92.5 156.1	92.8 159.3	93.0 164.3		-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	111.3	113.7	102.6	107.5	_	84.5	86.6	76.1	80.9	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	41.2	1	37.7	40.1	-	32.1	32.8	28.2	30.5	-
Sand and gravel Chemical and fertilizer minerals		33.8 16.6	1	29.8 16.4	32.0 16.4	1	-	-	-	-	_
Construction		5,049	5,238	4,366	4,547	4,729	3,899	4,082	3,264	3,431	3,610
General building contractors	15	1,280.5	1,321.0	1,121.4	1,140.4	1,171.3	916.9	955.8	782.1	799.5	_
Residential building construction	152	641.4	1 '		561.8	.,	445.5		372.0		_
Operative builders	153	39.6	39.8	32.1	31.9	-	17.2	17.2	12.0	11.7	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	599.5	617.9	536.8	546.7	-	454.2	472.5	398.1	407.3	-
Heavy construction, except building		746.2			683.3	-	620.9	671.4	497.3	562.6	-
Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway		223.2 523.0				l .	182.8 438.1	220.9 450.5	133.5 363.8	169.2 393.4	_
Special trade contractors	17	3,021.8	3,120.5	2,627.2	2,723.6	_	2,360.9	2,454.4	1,984.4	2,069.3	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		648.5		599.2			474.6	478.5	429.6		-
Painting and paper hanging		169.0		1			139.2		115.7	120.8	-
Electrical work		538.0			512.8		414.6		390.0	1	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		480.2	1	1	I		410.8		328.8	340.1	-
Carpentry and floor work		202.4		158.4 177.7	166.4 188.5	N .	153.8 163.3	155.0 169.6	113.3 136.0	121.6 145.8	-
Manufacturing		19,164	19,178	18,316	18,313	18,359	13,023	13,030	12,319	12,330	12,377
Durable goods		11,207	11,215	10,534	10,541	10,566	7,450	7,455	6,914	6,933	6,962
Lumber and wood products	24	740.6	748.3	675.6	682.5	695.3	609.7				568.9
Logging	241	80.6				-	65.6				-
Sawmills and planing mills		200.7	1			1	175.0	1	I .		
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		162.1 35.6				1	141.2 31.2				1
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		267.4				1	215.6				_
Millwork		108.0				1	84.9		1	1	-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	73.4	E .		1	1	58.2	1			
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	24.1				-	20.8				
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	33.9		1	1	1	30.4	1	1		
Wood containers		45.0			1	1	38.1	1	1		
Wood buildings and mobile homes		59.9		1		1	44.8 32.7				
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		40.7 87.0				1	70.6		1	l .	,
Furniture and fixtures	25	514.8	512.4	479.2	479.9	480.5	408.1	405.1	375.0	276.4	377.0
Household furniture	251	297.0	294.2	275.6	276.2	-	249.0	1			1
Wood household furniture		129.9					112.1				1
Upholstered household furniture		98.0					81.9				
Metal household furniture		26.4					21.3		I	1	1
Mattresses and bedsprings	12515	29.2	29.2	27.7	27.9	1 -	22.4	22.3	20.9	21.3	-

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Production workers'								
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Мау 1991 ^р
Durable goods—Continued)				
Furniture and fixtures—Continued											
Office furniture		68.4	68.3	64.4	63.8	-	50.7	50.9	47.4	1	-
Public building and related furniture		33.5	33.6	29.5		-	26.1	26.2	22.7	23.2	-
Partitions and fixtures		78.5	79.0	75.9		-	56.6	56.5	54.3	54.8	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	37.4	37.3	33.8	33.7	-	25.7	25.5	22.2	22.3	_
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	560.8	566.7	509.0	518.8	524.1	435.9	440.7	389.8	399.2	403.
Fiat glass	321	16.2	16.5	14.7	14.9	i -	12.7	13.0	11.4	11.7	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		83.1	83.1	79.9	1	-	71.6	71.4	68.6	68.1	-
Glass containers		39.7	40.2	38.2	1	-	35.8	36.2	34.5	34.1	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	. 3229	43.4	42.9	41.7	41.5	-	35.8	35.2	34.1	34.0	-
Products of purchased glass	. 323	60.3	60.6	53.7	54.6	-	46.0	46.3	40.0	41.1	-
Cement, hydraulic		18.0	1	17.9		-	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.7	-
Structural clay products		36.5	36.6	32.0	1	-	28.3	28.2	24.2	24.7	-
Pottery and related products		39.2	38.9	35.7	35.9	-	30.9	30.5	28.0	28.1	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		209.6	214.5	183.8		-	159.8	164.4	137.0		-
Concrete block and brick		20.4	20.7	17.5	1	-	13.3	13.6	10.9		-
Concrete products, nec		72.7	73.1	64.8	65.9	-	54.7	55.0	47.9	49.2	-
Ready-mixed concrete	. 3273	97.5	101.8	84.0	90.8	-	77.1	81.2	64.7	70.9	_
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		82.4	82.4	76.9	76.7	-	61.1	61.0	56.4	56.2	-
Abrasive products	. 3291	21.7	21.7	20.4	20.2	-	15.2	15.3	14.8	14.6	-
Asbestos products	. 3292	6.6	6.6	6.0	5.8	-	4.9	5.0	4.5	4.4	_
Mineral woof	3296	24.2	24.2	21.9	22.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	33	758.1	758.4	723.7	722.0	723.1	576.7	576.6	545.6	544.2	545.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		274.9	275.1	261.2	261.9	263.1	211.3	211.5	198.8		200.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		206.9	207.1	196.0	1		160.5	160.8	150.4		
Steel pipe and tubes		25.4	25.5	24.5	1	_	19.1	19.0	18.1	17.6	_
Iron and steel foundries		132.5	132.8	127.2	125.9	_	105.6	105.4	100.8	99.5	_
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	81.7	81.3	76.7	75.9	_	66.6	66.1	61.8	61.1	_
Malleable iron foundries		9.0	8.9	8.6		_	6.9	6.8	6.5	5.6	_
Steel foundries, nec		26.4	27.2	26.1	26.3	_ :	20.5	21.1	20.2	20.5	_
Primary nonferrous metals		45.9	45.9	45.8	1	_ '	34.1	33.6	34.2	34.3	_
Primary aluminum		25.9	25.9	25.8	25.9	_	19.9	19.5	20.2	,	_
Noriferrous rolling and drawing		173.2	173.4	166.7	166.4	_	124.3	125.2	118.8		_
Copper rolling and drawing		23.2	22.8	21.8	21.8	_	17.6	17.4	16.7	16.7	_
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		28.4	28.6	28.4	28.2	_	19.0	19.3	18.9	18.7	_
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		73.4	73.8	70.4	70.2	_	53.6	54.3	50.8		_
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		85.4	85.3	80.3	79.7	_	67.7	67.5	62.5	1	_
Aluminum foundries		24.7	24.5	23.7	23.6	_	19.6	19.4	18.5	18.4	_
February matel and divise	0.4	4 400 0	4 404 7	4 050 5	4.050.0	4.050.4	4 050 0	40545	0040	2014	
Fabricated metal products Metal cans and shipping containers	. 34	1,430.8 51.0	1,431.7 51.1	1,350.5 48.7		l '			984.8		988.
Metal cans Metal cans		41.2	41.2	39.9	48.7 40.0		43.6	43.7 35.7	42.0	42.1	_
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		132.6	132.6	123.7	122.3	_	35.7 97.2	97.2	34.9	35.0 89.2	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		45.0	45.0	42.6	41.9	_	33.0	32.9	90.4 30.9	30.3	-
		75.6	75.7	69.7		_					-
Hardware, nec		59.8	59.5		69.1	_	56.1	56.3	51.7	51.1	_
Plumbing and heating, except electric		26.7	26.5	24.3		. –	42.6	42.5	39.2		-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim				18.3	•	_	19.5	19.6	18.2	18.3	
Heating equipment, except electricFabricated structural metal products		19.4	19.3				12.8	12.6	11.4	11.4	-
Fabricated structural metal		423.7	426.3 78.8	403.0		-	299.8	302.2	281.5		-
		77.8		74.4	73.2	-	55.7	56.4	52.8	51.9	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		75.2	76.5	68.4	70.3	-	54.1	55.3	47.8	49.5	_
Sheet metal work		105.9	105.8	105.1	104.7	-	71.1	70.9	70.2	69.6	_
		94.6	94.4	90.1	91.5	-	71.0	71.0	67.4	68.3	_
Architectural metal work		29.3	29.4	26.8	26.3	-	20.6	20.8	18.5	18.2	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		97.4	97.0	91.8	91.4	-	74.7	74.1	69.8	69.3	-
Screw machine products		46.6	46.5	43.8	43.6	-	37.8	37.6	35.5	35.1	_
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		50.8	50.5	48.0	47.8	-	36.9	36.5	34.3	34.2	_
Metal forgings and stampings	. 346	228.9	228.7	209.5	212.6	- (181.5	181.5	163.2	166.5	_
Iron and steel forgings		33.2	33.1	32.5	32.7	-	25.5	25.4	24.8	24.9	-
Automotive stampings		104.0	104.4	87.9	91.6	-	86.8	87.4	71.5	75.4	-
Metal stampings, nec	13469	79.8	79.3	77.8	77.3	_	60.4	59.9	58.5	58.1	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Production workers¹								
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued	1	ł	ļ					'			
Metal services, nec	. 347	121.2	121.5	116.2	115.0	-	94.9	95.1	90.0	88.8	-
Plating and polishing		76.4	76.8	72.7	71.9	-	60.2	60.5	56.4	55.6	-
Metal coating and allied services		44.8	44.7	43.5	43.1	-	34.7	34.6	33.6	33.2	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		77.3	76.0		71.2	-	47.5	47.2	45.2	44.9	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		46.9	45.8	43.7	42.8	-	26.0	25.5	24.8	24.5	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products		238.9	239.0	229.7	228.5	-	171.8	171.0	163.5	162.1	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		29.1	28.9	28.0		-	18.7	18.5	19.3	19.2	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	54.1	54.3	50.8	50.8	-	40.9	41.1	37.8	37.7	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	. 35	2,108.2	2,109.1	2,028.3	2,011.6	1,999.6	1,272.5	1,272.5	1,212.9	1,201.0	1,189.
Engines and turbines	351	87.8	89.9	88.3	86.6	-	57.0	58.0	56.6	55.4) -
Turbines and turbine generator sets	. 3511	25.7	26.2	28.3	28.4	-	14.7	15.1	16.6	16.6	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		62.1	63.7	60.0		-	42.3	42.9	40.0		
Farm and garden machinery		111.1	109.7	104.9	102.8	-	82.8	81.9	77.1	75.0	I .
Farm machinery and equipment		79.6	79.1	76.3	75.1	-	57.3	57.2	54.8	53.9	· -
Construction and related machinery		229.1	229.0		220.4	-	141.4	141.1	134.2	132.9	-
Construction machinery		88.0	88.1	79.4	79.3	-	55.4	55.0	47.7	47.4	-
Mining machinery		18.0	18.2		17.0	-	11.2	11.3	10.5	10.1	-
Oil and gas field machinery		41.3	41.2	46.2	46.2	-	24.6	24.8	29.1	29.1	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		33.8	33.7	33.2		-	18.8	18.7	18.6	18.4	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		28.0	27.8	26.3	26.0	- 1	19.0	18.9	17.4	17.1	-
Metalworking machinery		332.4	332.0	318.8	316.1	-	237.8	237.2	226.4	224.5	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		47.2	47.1	44.1	43.8	-	30.6	30.4	27.9	27.6	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		18.2	18.1	17.0		-	11.5	11.3	10.5	10.4	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		148.3	148.5	144.7	143.7	-	114.7	114.9	111.4	110.6	
Machine tool accessories		56.6	56.2	52.8	1	-	39.8	39.5	37.0	36.6	-
Power driven handtools		21.4	21.3	20.2	19.7	-	14.9	14.8	13.7	13.4	-
Special industry machinery		159.9	160.3		149.8	-	94.9	95.0	87.9	87.0	
Textile machinery		18.4	18.2		16.8	_	12.2	12.0	11.2	11.3 13.0	ı
Printing trades machinery		25.6 23.6	25.6 23.8		24.5 21.6	_	14.3 14.2	14.3 14.3	12.8 12.8	12.6	1
Food products machinery		248.7	248.2				159.7	159.0	154.8	153.3	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		31.7	31.5		31.0	1 1	18.2	17.9	17.7	17.5	i _
Ball and roller bearings	3562	43.0		42.4	42.2		33.5	33.6	32.8	32.6	
Air and gas compressors	3563	25.7	26.0		25.8	· _ ˈ	14.6	14.8	14.2	14.0	1
Blowers and fans		32.1	32.3	1	31.4	_	21.7	21.8	21.1	21.1	l -
Speed changers, drives, and gears		16.3	1		15.8	-	11.5	11.5	11.2	11.0	_
Power transmission equipment, nec		19.8	19.4		18.8	-	13.6	13.1	12.4	12.3	-
Computer and office equipment		439.1	438.8		424.0	-	136.3	136.8	138.0	137.8	-
Electronic computers		281.2			267.4	-	71.3	71.3	70.2	69.9	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and				İ	ŀ						
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	65.1	65.1	64.6	64.7	-	20.5	20.5	24.7	25.2	· -
Refrigeration and service machinery		181.0		167.6	165.2	-	128.1	128.9	115.9	113.6	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		124.6	126.0		113.1	-	91.4	92.3	83.7	81.4	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		319.1	318.8		304.0		234.5	234.6	222.0	221.5	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		22.8	22.8 247.4	20.7 238.8	20.9	_	18.6 187.6		16.9 178.5	17.0 178.1	
Scales, balances, and industrial macrimery, flec		247.0	247.4	200.0	20,.,		107.0	,07.0	170.5	170.1	
Electronic and other electrical equipment		1,685.9		1 '	1 '	1,588.2	1,066.6	,	997.9	999.0	
Electric distribution equipment		98.2				-	68.7	68.1	63.4	63.6	I
Transformers, except electronic		49.8					35.2			33.3 30.3	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		48.4		1			33.5	1	30.1	1	1
Electrical industrial apparatus		170.5				1	119.8		112.3	111.9 60.5	
Motors and generators		84.4	1	1	1	1	66.0	65.4 40.0	60.7 38.4	38.3	
Relays and industrial controls		66.1					40.1 103.7	102.3		93.1	
Household appliances		128.0			L .		24.4		20.6	1	
Household refrigerators and freezers		28.9 21.4			1	1	17.3				•
Household laundry equipment		32.2					24.8	1			
Electric housewares and fans	3034	32.2	32.1	30.4	1 30.7	-	24.0	24./	23.0	20.3	ı -

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

			Production workers'								
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ⁵
Durable goods—Continued											
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued											İ
Electric lighting and winng equipment		191.5		180.4	178.4	-	138.7	138.0	128.6	128.1	-
Electric lamps	. 3641	24.8	24.7	23.2	23.1	-	21.1	20.9	19.5	19.5	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		73.5	73.4	69.9	69.5	-	47.8	47.7	45.5	45.4	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	. 3644	17.8	18.0	15.9	15.6	- !	13.2	13.4	11.4	11.2	-
Residential lighting fixtures	. 3645	23.9	23.5	21.9	21.7	-	17.7	17.2	16.1	16.0	-
Household audio and video equipment		82.9	82.7	76.7	76.1	-	58.0	57.8	51.2	50.7	-
Household audio and video equipment	. 3651	61.7	61.5	57.7	57.1	-	41.4	41.3	36.8	36.2	l –
Communications equipment	. 366	265.5	264.8	251.1	249.4	-	134.1	134.0	125.7	125.6	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	. 3661	129.1	128.3	122.9	122.5	-	71.3	70.7	65.1	65.3	-
Electronic components and accessories	. 367	582.9	583.6	558.3	555.3	-	328.7	328.4	318.8	317.3	-
Electron tubes		32.2	32.1	29.3	29.0	_	21.0	20.9	19.2	19.2	-
Semiconductors and related devices	. 3674	238.1	239.0	230.1	229.8	_	92.2	92.1	92.5	92.5	-
Electronic components, nec		142.4	142,2	134.9	133.6	_	89.7	89.4	86.3	85.6	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		166.4	166.0	157.5	160.4	_	114.9	114.5	106.1	108.7	-
Storage batteries		29.7	29.9	29.3	29.3	_	22.8	23.1	22.0	22.1	-
Engine electrical equipment		69.9	70.0	62.4	65.6	- 1	52.9	52.8	46.2	49.0	-
Transportation equipment	. 37	2,021.0	2,020.7	1,833.3	1,848.4	1,869.2	1,250.5	1,253.1	1,117.1	1,135.0	1,156
Motor vehicles and equipment		837.7	838.5	732.0	756.8	784.2	642.3	643.7	548.2	572.4	599
Motor vehicles and car bodies		349.2	1	293.3	305.3		257.1	257.5	209.2	220.4	_
Truck and bus bodies		40.6		35.2	38.5		31.8	32.0	26.6	29.4	l –
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	401.4	402.4	364.4	372.8	_	317.5	318.0	283.0	292.1	-
Truck trailers		26.8	27.2	23.4	22.8	_	21.1	21.5	17.9	17.4	
Aircraft and parts		713.9	711.4	663.3	657.6		343.9	343.2	322.9	319.7	_
Aircraft		383.0	381.9	347.0	344.7	_	164.7	163.8	149.1	148.1	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts		151.8	151.1	146.9	144.9		76.9	77.0	75.9	74.7	_
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		179.1	178.4	169.4	168.0		102.3	102.4	97.9	96.9	l _
Ship and boat building and repairing		188.7	190.8	177.4	175.4	_	141.9	144.5	135.6	134.2	_
Ship building and repairing	3731	125.8	128.2	129.0	127.1	_	90.1	92.8	95.9	94.6	_
Boat building and repairing		62.9	62.6	48.4	48.3	_	51.8	51.7	39.7	39.6	_
Railroad equipment		33.0	33.1	31.7	30.9	- 1	24.4	24.5	23.0	22.3	_
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		188.3	187.3	176.2	173.6	_	58.2	57.1	53.4	51.0	_
Guided missiles and space vehicles		134.7	134.2	127.0	125.3	_	37.6	36.6	36.1	34.6	_
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		46.1	46.3	40.1	41.6		29.9	30.3	25.2	26.6	_
Travel trailers and campers		17.1	17.3	13.8	14.9	-	13.1	13.4	10.4	11.5	_
Instruments and related products	. 38	1,010.4	1,007.9	976.6	974.2	969.9	502.7	500.6	480.2	477.7	475
Search and navigation equipment		287.4	286.2	266.9	264.7	-	96.3	94.8	84.2	83.2	_
Measuring and controlling devices		326.2	325.0	311.9	310.2	_	182.0	182.0	171.5	169.5	_
Environmental controls		49.5	49.3	45.9	45.1	_	33.3	33.4	30.8	30.1	_
Process control instruments		67.2	67.7	65.8	65.1	_	35.0	35.2	33.7	33.0	_
Instruments to measure electricity		92.9	92.3	87.2	87.3	_	46.8	46.6	44.6	44.6	_
Medical instruments and supplies		243.3	243.7	248.8	250.0	_	143.0	143.7	145.0	145.4	_
Surgical and medical instruments	. 3841	98.3	98.6	102.0	103.0	- 1	56.5	56.9	60.3	61.2	_
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	92.8	93.0	95.6	95.6	_	58.1	58.5	61.1	61.0	_
Ophthalmic goods		43.3	42.3	39.6	39.8	_	30.0	29.0	27.7	27.8	_
Photographic equipment and supplies		99.5	100.1	99.5	99.7	_	43.3	43.0	44.1	44.2	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		10.7	10.6	9.9	9.8	-	8.1	8.1	7.7	7.6	l .
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	375.9	377.3	363.8	362.9	362.4	273.3	273.4	260.7	260.5	259
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		52.1	52.1	50.7	50.8	-	36.5	36.6	35.7	36.0	-
Jewelry, precious metal		38.0	38.0	37.0	37.1	_	26.3	26.5	26.0	26.2	_
Musical instruments		12.7	12.7	12.3	12.3	_	10.4	10.4	10.1	10.0	_
Toys and sporting goods		103.4	104,1	102.1	101.8	_	75.4	75.3	74.1	74.1	_
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		41.8	42.2	42.5	42.6	-	29.4	29.3	29.9	30.1	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		61.6	61.9	59.6	59.2	-	46.0	46.0		44.0	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		34.3	34.3	32.5	32.3	_	24.1	24.0	22.6	22.5	_
Costume jewelry and notions		33.6	34.1	31.4	31.1	_	26.1	26.3	22.6	22.4	_
Costume jewelry		20.8	21.3	19.9	19.6	_	16.1	16.3	13.9	13.7	_
Miscellaneous manufactures		139.8	140.0	134.8	134.6	_	100.8	100.8	95.6	95.5	_
Signs and advertising specialties		57.3	56.9	53.5	52.9	_]	39.9	39.6		36.2	
	. 3000	37.0	30.3	55.5	او.ع	- 1	55.5	35.0	30.7	30.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolis by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es	Production workers¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p
londurable goods		7,957	7,963	7,782	7,772	7,793	5,573	5,575	5,405		5,41
Food and kindred products		1,614.5 417.8	1,625.4 420.9	1,619.9 433.0	1,616.9 431.2	1,635.2	1,149.8 354.4	1,158.8 357.5	1,159.7 369.9	1,155.4 368.7	1,168
Meat products		136.8	137.0	142.6	142.3	_	114.9	115.2	121.5	121.3	
Sausages and other prepared meats		85.7	86.8	87.3	87.1	-	63.5	64.5	65.8	65.7	_
Poultry slaughtering and processing		195.3	197.1	203.1	201.8	-	176.0	177.8	182.6	181.7	_
Dairy products	. 202	154.5	155.6	151.1	152.7	-	94.7	95.7	92.6	93.8	-
Cheese, natural and processed	. 2022	40.6	41.0	39.7	40.0	-	31.2	31.6	30.8	30.9	_
Fluid milk		73.8	73.9	72.6	,	1	36.8	36.8	36.0	36.2	
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	219.4	221.6	212.4	213.8	-	179.0	180.5	173.1	174.2	-
Canned specialties	2032	22.0 69.4	21.8 71.8	20.3 66.8	20.4 68.1	-	16.7 57.4	16.6	16.2	16.4 55.6	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables		47.7	47.4	43.9	43.6	-	41.3	59.1 41.1	54.8 37.5	37.4	ľ
Grain mill products		126.7	125.5	126.7	126.0		87.7	87.1	88.9	87.7	_
Flour and other grain mill products		21.3	21.1	21.7	21.6	_	14.0	13.8	14.2	14.0	_
Prepared feeds, nec		44.4	44.3	44.4	43.9	-	27.8	27.8	28.3	27.8	-
Bakery products		210.6	210.9	207.9	207.6	-	131.4	131.7	129.6	129.9	_
Bread, cake, and related products	. 2051	154.1	154.3	150.0	149.6	-	87.7	88.0	85.3	85.5	_
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,		1									
except bread	2052,3	56.5	56.6	57.9	58.0	1 1	43.7	43.7	44.3	44.4	-
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	91.6	92.6	100.4	96.3		70.0	71.3	77.8	73.3	
Raw cane sugar	2061	6.8	6.5	7.7	6.5	-	4.8	.4.7	5.8	4.6	1
Cane sugar refining		5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	-	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	1
Beet sugar Candy and other confectionery products		7.4 44.2	7.3 45.2	8.4 51.6	7.6 49.5	_	5.9 35.5	5.8 36.4	6.9 41.7	6.0 39.2	
Fats and oils		31.7	31.1	30.8	30.8		23.1	22.4	21.7	21.6	l .
Beverages		184.4	185.6	180.6	1		77.3	77.4	75.5	75.6	
Malt beverages	2082	39.8	39.1	38.4	38.3	_	24.0	23.5	22.9	22.7	_
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	102.4	104.0	100.5	100.8	_	33.3	34.1	32.5	33.0	_
Misc. food and kindred products		177.8	181.6	177.0	177.2	-	132.2	135.2	130.6	130.6	-
Tobacco products		45.3 34.7	45.3 34.7	46.5 35.0	44.8 34.8	44.2 -	32.8 26.1	32.6 25.8	34.0 26.1	32.5 26.0	31 -
Textile mill products	22	697.5	693.1	657.6	659.2	661.5	599.7	594.8	562.5	564.3	566
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		92.4	91.4	88.1	88.2	-	83.3	82.3	78.6	78.8	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		77.1	76.3	71.6	72.7	-	68.0	67.1	62.8	63.8	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		17.4	17.5	16.9	17.1	-	13.9	14.0	13.8	14.0	
Narrow fabric mills	224	24.2	24.1	24.0	24.0	-	20.3	20.2	20.4	20.3 170.8	
Knitting mills Women's hosiery, except socks	225	208.2 32.6	208.0 32.4	196.3 31.6	196.1 31.6	-	181.6 29.1	181.1 28.9	170.8 28.3	28.4	1
Hosiery, nec		39.5	39.1	37.9	37.4	-	35.4	34.9	33.6	33.2	
Knit outerwear mills		58.7	59.1	52.7	53.0	-	51.5	51.9	46.1	46.4	•
Knit underwear mills		29.9	29.8	28.5			25.5	25.4	24.6	24.5	
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	26.7	26.8	25.4	25.6	-	23.1	23.1	21.7	22.0	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	61.8	61.6	60.2			50.1	49.8	48.8	48.9	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	24.9	24.8	24.6			19.9	19.8	19.8	19.8	1
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	23.9	24.0			1 1	19.2	19.2		19.0	1
Carpets and rugs		62.1	1	58.2			50.9 91.8	50.5 90.7	47.4 81.6	1	
Yarn and thread mills Yarn spinning mills	228	102.5 80.7	101.5 79.9	92.0 71.9			72.5	71.7	64.0		1
Throwing and winding mills		14.5		13.5	l .		12.8	12.6	11.8	1 .	1
Miscellaneous textile goods		51.8	51.0	50.3	I .		39.8	39.1	38.3	1	1
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,054.8	1,050.5	1,009.0	1,008.1	1,013.2	884.8	880.9	843.5		
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	50.6		48.8	1	-	42.5	42.1	41.1	39.7	
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	282.6		267.1	266.6	-	243.0	240.0	228.5		
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	68.1		61.5		-	57.6	57.3	52.5	1	1
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		83.4	81.8	82.9		-	72.7	70.8	71.5		1
Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	44.3		42.3	41.9	1	38.4	38.2	36.7	36.2	1
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	330.9		327.6			276.4	275.3 32.2	273.8 31.3		1
		39.4 69.5		38.2 66.6	1		32.3 57.5	57.7	54.4		1
	6000	1 05.0	05.5	1 00.0	1 00.3		57.5	37.7	J-4.4		
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	33.9	35.2	33.8	36.1	-	27.9	29.2	27.8	30.6	_

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es		Production workers¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Ma 199	
iondurable goods—Continued												
Apparel and other textile products—Continued	1	1										
Women's and children's undergarments		62.7	62.6	60.9	60.3	-	51.9	51.7	49.6	49.0		
Women's and children's underwear	2341	50.7	50.3	49.6	49.0	-	43.8	43.4	42.1	41.5	-	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	12.0	12.3	11.3	11.3	-	8.1	8.3	7.5	7.5		
Girls' and children's outerwear		56.3	57.4	52.4	53.2	-	47.0	48.4	44.4	45.1		
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		22.7	23.4	21.4	21.6	-	19.5	20.3	19.1	19.2		
Misc. apparel and accessories		45.6		42.5	42.7	-	37.6	36.9	35.0	35.2		
Misc. fabricated textile products		207.9	208.0	192.9	194.8	-	171.4	171.6	157.2	158.9	l .	
Curtains and draperies		24.1	24.0	21.2	21.3	-	19.9	19.9	17.3	17.3		
House furnishings, nec Automotive and apparel trimmings		55.5 49.9	55.2 50.3	52.8 44.3	53.4 45.3	-	46.0 41.3	46.0 41.5	43.6 35.6	44.2 36.7		
Automotive and apparer triminings	2390	49.9	30.3	44.3	45.5	-	41.3	41.5	33.0	30.7		
Paper and allied products		696.2	696.6	688.7	686.8	685.4	521.1	521.4	516.5	515.2	5	
Paper mills		178.2	1 .	176.7	176.4	-	134.6	134.6	133.8	133.5]	
Paperboard mills		51.6		50.7	50.3	-	39.4	39.5	39.3	39.0	1	
Paperboard containers and boxes		209.6		206.8	205.9	-	161.3	161.3	159.7	159.1	}	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		118.2	117.9	117.4	116.7	-	88.5	88.4	87.9	87.4	1	
Sanitary food containers		16.1	16.2	16.3	16.2	-	13.6	13.7	13.8	13.7	l	
Folding paperboard boxes		50.0	50.0	49.8	49.7	-	40.0	40.0	40.2	40.2		
Misc. converted paper products		243.0		240.6	240.4	-	175.0	175.2	173.1	173.0	İ	
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		45.2	45.4	45.6	45.4	-	21.8	21.9	22.0	21.9		
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		34.5 27.1	34.4 27.0	35.3 26.2	35.3 26.1	_	25.6 20.9	25.5 20.9	26.3 20.3	26.3 20.2		
·				20.2	20.1		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.2		
Printing and publishing		1,575.9	1 '	1,547.7	1,544.6	1,540.4	877.0	876.2	852.9	850.4	8	
Newspapers		474.0	475.6	464.9	463.3	-	164.7	166.1	161.7	160.8	l	
Periodicals		128.9	129.1	127.5	127.1	- 1	47.2	47.4	46.0	45.8		
Books		124.2		122.6	122.3	-	68.9	67.5	66.4	66.4		
Book publishing		87.5	1	86.1	85.9	-	38.9	37.8	36.9	36.9		
Book printing		36.7	36.4	36.5	36.4	-	30.0	29.7	29.5	29.5	1	
Miscellaneous publishing		82.6		82.5	83.0	-	42.5	41.6	41.0	41.1		
Commercial printing		555.4	554.7	544.0	542.9	-	403.9	403.9	393.0	392.1	ł	
Commercial printing, lithographic		367.5	367.2	360.8	360.2	-	267.1	267.5	260.2	259.9		
Commercial printing, nec		170.3		166.2	166.1	- [122.9	122.3	119.2	119.0		
Manifold business forms		50.6		48.9	48.7	-	35.0	34.8	34.1	34.0		
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		72.2 63.8	72.3 63.9	68.8 62.4	68.6 62.6	-	55.6 47.0	55.9 46.7	52.2 45.2	51.7 45.2		
•												
Chemicals and allied products		1,089.0		1,087.6		1,083.5	602.2	603.9	589.6	588.5	5	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		142.2	142.0	139.2	139.6	-	72.0	71.7	69.6			
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		95.6	95.7	93.1	93.4	-	50.1	50.3	47.9	48.1		
Plastics materials and synthetics		180.6	1 1	178.5	178.4	-	117.4	118.1	112.1	111.7		
Plastics materials and resins		86.4	86.6	86.2	86.1	-	51.0	51.4	51.2	50.9		
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		64.7	64.8	62.0	62.1	-	45.6	45.8	41.0	41.0		
Drugs		235.9	236.1	243.9	243.9	-	104.0	104.2	107.4	107.4	1	
Pharmaceutical preparations		196.4	196.3	201.4	201.1	-	87.5	87.6	90.8	90.7	l	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		158.5	159.8	156.8	155.4	-	97.6	98.7	96.4	95.2		
Soap and other detergents		41.8		43.9	43.9	-	26.6	26.9	28.4	28.3		
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		45.5	45.6	46.0	45.8	-	24.5	24.9	25.0	24.6		
Toilet preparations Paints and allied products		71.2	72.1	66.9	65.7	-	46.5	46.9	43.0	42.3		
Industrial organic chemicals		61.3	61.9 154.3	59.8	59.5	-	30.8	31.3	30.0	30.0		
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		153.8 27.4	27.5	153.7 28.5	153.6	_	86.1	85.7	81.5	81.4		
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		122.1	122.5	121.0	28.5 120.9	_	16.5 66.6	16.5 66.2	16.4 62.2	16.4 62.1		
Agricultural chemicals		57.2	57.0	57.0	57.6	_	35.6	35.3	34.6	35.0		
Miscellaneous chemical products		99.5	99.5	98.7	98.1	_	58.7	58.9	58.0	57.7		
Potroloum and anal products	200	455.0	45			450-					١.	
Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining		155.3 116.5	157.5 116.7	154.8 118.7	157.5 119.5	158.5	101.6 74.6	103.7 74,8	99.0 74.9	101.6 75.5	1	
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		26.2	28.0	23.3	25.3	-	19.9	21.6	16.9	18.9		
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	893.3	892.1	849.9	848.8	851.5	692.3	691.2	649.6	648.8	6	
Tires and inner tubes		86.4	84.1	86.2	83.4	351.5	63.6	61.9	62.7	60.2	"	
Rubber and plastics footwear		11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	_	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	1	
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		61.0	60.3	57.5	57.5	_	44.2	43.4	41.4	41.5		
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		25.1	24.2	23.1	23.0	_	18.8	17.9	17.3	17.3		
Fabricated rubber products, nec		104.8	105.2	96.4	96.0	_	78.6	79.1	71.6	71.4		
rabilicated lubber products, fiec												

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	'kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products	31	135.5	135.3	120.3	119.0	119.6	111.7	111.6	97.6	96.8	97.
Leather tanning and finishing		15.2	15.3	13.5	13.7	-	12.6	12.7	11.1	11.3	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	75.5	75.4	67.3	66.7	-	64,2	64.2	56.6	56.3	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	33.7	33.3	29.5	29.1	-	27.5	27.1	23.8	23.6	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	27.2	27.4	24.9	24.6	-	24.0	24.2	21.4	21.2	-
Luggage		10.9	10.7	9.6	9.0	-	7.8	7.6	6.3	5.8	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	14.9	14.9	12.7	12.8	-	11.6	11.5	9.4	9.7	-
Transportation and public utilities		5,763	5,821	5,764	5,781	5,824	4,781	4,830	4,771	4,788	4,82
Transportation		3,498	3,549	3,503	3,520	3,560	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation	40	281.0	284.5	267.9	269.1	_	-	-	_	_	-
Class I railroads ²		241.7	244.8	229.8	230.5	-	_	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	343.4	353.6	370.6	371.7	_	311.9	322.8	340.4	341.3	_
Local and suburban transportation	411	136.5	1	142.1	143.3	_	122.6		129.0	130.1	_
Taxicabs	412	32.9		32.0	31.8	_	.22.0	120.0	.20.0		_
Intercity and rural bus transportation		24.6		23.7	23.4	_ '	20.1		21.0	20.8	-
School buses		121.3		143.0	142.2	_	-	-	-	-	_
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,605.0	1,625.4	1,588.9	1,595.4	_	1.396.6	1,416.9	1.375.4	1,381.2	_
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	1,486.9	1 *	1,470.7		_	1,298.5				_
Public warehousing and storage		114.1	113.0	114.2	113.1	-	94.6		93.8	93.1	-
Water transportation	44	171.6	174.9	161.3	168.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water transportation of freight, nec	444	14.8		15.3	15.0	-	_ '	-	_	_	-
Water transportation services		109.9	ľ	98.7	103.3	-	97.5	97.4	86.2	90.9	-
Transportation by air	45	732.9	744.0	745.3	746.3	_	_ '		_	_	_
Air transportation, scheduled		607.5	617.3	618.4	618.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Airports, flying fields, and services		99.1	99.5	99.3	100.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.4	-	13.1	13.3	13.4	13.5	-
Transportation services	47	346.0	348.2	350.6		-	-	- 1	-	_	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	190.0		189.2		-	150.9	1	147.8	147.1	-
Travel agencies	4724	151.0	152.1	151.3	151.2	-	118.7	120.4	117.6	116.7	-
Freight transportation arrangement		129.4	129.5	134.3	134.0	-	104.7	104.7	105.6	106.4	-
Communications and public utilities		2,265	2,272	2,261	2,261	2,264	-	-	-	-	-
Communications		1,310.3	1,313.3	1,297.2	1,296.9	-	978.2	980.4	972.1	971.3	-
Telephone communications	481	909.9				-	655.2		647.3	648.1	
Radio and television broadcasting	483	235.4	235.6	233.3	232.8	-	194.5	194.6	192.8	191.9	-
Radio broadcasting stations	4832	120.0	119.9	117.8	117.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Television broadcasting stations	4833	115.4		115.5		-	-	_	-	-	_
Cable and other pay television services	484	127.7	128.0	131.9	131.5	-	105.6	105.9	110.8	110.3	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	954.4	i .	1		-	755.7	759.7	760.5		
Electric services	491	456.0	1 -	1	1	-	351.9	352.9	350.2	350.5	1
Gas production and distribution	492	162.9			1	-	127.2				-
Combination utility services	493	191.5			1	-	154.9	1	153.0	152.7	-
Sanitary services	495	114.2	115.9	123.3	124.1	-	98.6	99.9	105.8	106.7	-
Wholesale trade		6,187	6,211	6,063	6,062	6,076	4,969	4,988	4,855	4,854	4,87
Durable goods		3,629		, ,		3,527	2,892		2,802	2,794	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	459.5		1	451.1	-	371.1	371.5	361.8	362.4	_
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	5012	120.9		1			-	_	_	-	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts	5013	268.5								-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	152.1				1	122.5	l .	114.4	113.4	-
Furniture		70.9		1			-	-	-	-	-
Home furnishings		81.2				1	-		<u>-</u>		-
Lumber and other construction materials		230.5		1		-	187.9		177.4	178.6	-
Lumber, plywood, and millwork Construction materials, nec		120.5					-	-	-	-	-
	15000	42.7	43.1	41.4	41.7	_	l <u>-</u>	-		l <u>-</u>	1

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued		}			1		i	1		1	
Professional and commercial equipment		775.8	1		1	-	625.6	623.1	615.6	612.1	-
Computers, peripherals and software		305.1		1		-		-		-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		142.0			134.2	l.	112.8	112.8	106.7	105.4	-
Electrical goods		495.7 203.4					377.3	377.0	370.9	368.9	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment Electrical appliances, television and radio sets		62.3	i	1	1	_		<u> </u>	_	_	_
Electronic parts and equipment		230.0						_	[_	_
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		281.5			f	_	226.7	227.0	214.9	213.0	_
Hardware		97.0	,		1	_		_	_	-	_
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		117.9		1		-	-	! -	-		_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	799.1	802.9	780.8	780.4	-	635.5	638.6	618.7	618.3	-
Construction and mining machinery	5082	85.6			79.7	-	-	-	-] -
Farm and garden machinery		119.0		1	117.0	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Industrial machinery and equipment		327.9	L .	1		-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial supplies		144.6	I	1	144.0	-	-	-			-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		292.6	II .	1			232.9	232.8	221.1	221.5	-
Scrap and waste materials	5093	107.9	108.3	105.0	105.2	-	-	_	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	2,558	2,575	2,527	2,537	2,549	2,077	2,093	2,053	2,060	-
Paper and paper products		240.8			II.	-	193.1	193.7	191.2		-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		186.7				-	156.3	157.2	158.1	157.6	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		203.0				1	157.8		158.3		-
Groceries and related products		841.1				1	704.0		688.6	(-
Groceries, general line		268.6			271.2	ľ	-	-	-	-	-
Meats and meat products		100.0] -	_	-	-] -
Fresh fruits and vegetables		136.7		1	II.] _	97.9	98.3	98.4	99.0	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		196.8	II .	1		_	156.0		153.8	153.2	
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		81.9	1			ł	- 130.0	130.7	-	- 130.2	
Petroleum products, nec		114.9			II.	1	l <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		147.9	1	1	1	1	121.2	123.0	123.2	123.2	١ -
Beer and ale		93.6	95.2	94.8	95.5	-	_	-	-	-	
Wine and distilled beverages	5182	54.3	54.7	55.7	55.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		484.9			488.7	-	392.4	397.0	386.7	396.1	-
Farm supplies	5191	162.1	163.0	157.4	164.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
letail trade		19,457	19,687	18,990	19,093	19,293	17,209	17,430	16,738	16,841	17,0
Building materials and garden supplies	52	785.9	803.9	726.5	750.4	_	652.3	668.8	596.1	618.9	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	435.5		l .	1	-	366.7	374.2	331.6	338.6	_
Hardware stores	525	160.6	163.5	157.2	160.1	_	132.4	134.9	128.4	131.2	-
General merchandise stores	53	2 444 9	2 453 8	2,295.7	2.283.9	2,289.0	2,280.5	2 295 0	2,152.1	2,142.0	_
Department stores			2.073.1				1,943.0			1.822.5	_
Variety stores		166.7				_	151.6	151.7	142.6	142.6	-
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	539	211.7	213.7	202.4	200.0	-	185.9	188.7	179.4	176.9	-
Food stores	54	3,186.4	3.207.2	3,200.0	3.191.8	3.203.1	2 926 7	2 945 1	2 937 2	2 927 7	_
Grocery stores		1 '	2,872.2		2,855.5	-		2,650.8			_
Meat and fish markets	542	51.5			49.3	_	_	_			_
Dairy products stores		23.4	23.8	23.1	23.9	_ `	_ '	-	-	- 1	-
Retail bakeries	546	163.9	163.1	165.2	164.4	-	146.3	145.2	146.7	146.0	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	2,072.7	2,089.1	2,011.1	2.019.5	2,034.4	1,727.5	1,742.8	1,667.6	1,675.3	_
New and used car dealers		930.2			892.4	_,054.4	771.5	771.7	737.3	738.6	
Auto and home supply stores		338.0		1	337.0	_	270.8	272.8	264.8	267.9	_
Gasoline service stations		646.2			632.4	-	558.8	566.0	544.3	543.8	ا -
Automotive dealers, nec		9.5)	10.3	-	7.8	8.1	8.3	8.3	-
/\domouve dealors, rice	1	1	1,166.8	1,096.8	1,093.6		000 5	074.0	000.4	900 4	
	56				, , ,,, 4 3 b		980.5	974.8	902.4	899.1	
Apparel and accessory stores		1,173.4								1 1	
Apparel and accessory stores Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	99.2	98.6	89.1	88.2	-	79.0	78.7	71.3	70.4	-
Apparel and accessory stores	561 562		98.6 406.9	89.1 376.6	88.2	-				1 1	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Ali	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Ma 199
etail trade—Continued											
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	820.3	822.7	797.7	795.1	-	669.9	670.0	646.8	645.6	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	. 571	460.4	462.9	449.7	450.2	-	374.1	375.7	361.5	362.9	١.
Furniture stores	5712	282.1	282.3	276.0	275.8	1	-	-	_	_	
Household appliance stores		82.4	81.2	73.4	72.2	_	67.6	66.7	59.7	58.7	١.
Radio, television, and computer stores		277.5	278.6	274.6		-	228.2	227.6	225.6	224.0	
Radio, television, and electronic stores		113.6		116.3	115.2	1	94.9	94.9	97.4	96.7	İ.
Record and prerecorded tape stores		62.9	64.2	59.4	58.9	-	53.1	53.0	49.4	48.8	
Eating and drinking places	58	6,506.9	6,648.5	6,416.3	6,528.3	6,659.8	5,905.2	6,038.7	5,799.0	5,910.5	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	2,466.2	2,495.0	2,445.9	2,430.6	-	2,066.5	2,094.9	2,036.8	2,021.9	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	620.6	623.2	628.9	626.3	-	521.9	525.1	528.4	525.4	
Liquor stores		118.7	119.0	118.7	119.0	_	_	_	_	_	·
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		841.1	847.8	836.2	829.3		698.6	704.9	690.4	683.1	
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		152.7	154.5	151.3	150.0	_	_	_	_	_	
Book stores		90.7	91.5	91.6	ı	_	_	_ '	_	_	
Stationery stores		79.1	78.2	77.0	75.6	-	_		_		
					ı	[-	-	_	_	1
Jewelry stores		144.6		143.7	141.8	1	1	-	-	-	1
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	594/	179.4	185.8	175.2	177.3	-	-	-	-	-	
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	5949	64.8	64.1	67.6	67.0	-			-		
Nonstore retailers		289.1	289.3		255.3	-	254.8	256.0	229.7	223.6	ļ
Catalog and mail-order houses	5961	154.3	153.2	134.8	130.2	- 1	-	-	-	-	1
Merchandising machine operators	5962	82.2	83.1	77.8	77.0	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fuel dealers	598	107.6	106.5	109.0	105.7	- !	89.5	88.3	90.5	87.5	
Retail stores, nec	599	421.3	440.7	422.2	426.5	-	349.0	366.5	343.6	348.0	
nance, insurance, and real estate³		6,703	6,737	6,685	6,689	6,712	4,865	4,892	4,818	4,830	4
Finance		3,287	3,291	3,284	3,281	3,283	-	-	-	-	
Depository institutions	60	2,267.0	2,270.9	2,260.1	2,256.6	i -	1.644.5	1,647.7	1,632.9	1,632.4	
Commercial banks		1,564.8				_		1,116.7			1
State commercial banks	6022	667.2				l _	_	_	-	-	1
Savings institutions	603	455.0			436.8	1		_	_	_	1
Federal savings institutions		238.3		1		1		_	_		l
		216.7	215.2		4		_	_	_	_	1
Savings institutions, except federal Credit unions		133.3		1	137.5	Į.	106.8	107.2	109.1	109.8	l
	1	133.3	133.9	130.7	137.5	-	100.0	107.2	109.1	i	
Nondepository institutions	61	373.9	372.4	371.1	371.8	-	270.2	269.6	270.1	271.2	1
Personal credit institutions	614	126.1	125.6	127.0	126.9	-	93.7	93.4	95.8	95.7	1
Business credit institutions	615	79.4	79.4	81.6	80.7	-		-	-	_	1
Mortgage bankers and brokers		157.3	156.3	152.1	153.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Security and commodity brokers	62	426.2	427.2				-	-	-	-	
Security brokers and dealers	621	325.0	325.0	319.7	319.6	-	-	-	-	-	
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and	1				1		1				1
exchanges	622,3	25.1	25.2			-	-	-	-	-	}
Security and commodity services	628	76.1	77.0	78.9	79.3	-	47.7	47.8	48.9	49.6	
Holding and other investment offices	67	219.8	220.9	230.9	230.9	-	-	-	- -	-	
Insurance	63,64	2,108	2,114	2,138	2,131	2,133	-	-	-	-	
Insurance carriers	63	1,444.4			1 '	1	969.5		988.7	988.2	
Life insurance		533.6	535.6	543.6	537.5	-	326.3	327.2	329.2	327.3	
Medical service and health insurance	632	239.0	240.4	253.1	253.3	·\	193.9	195.2	206.1	206.9	Ì
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		555.4	1				359.3	359.6	367.9	367.8	1
Title insurance		63.5				1	-	-	-	-	
		663.1	664.8	667.5	666.1	-	-	-	_	-	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	1				1		1		t .	1
Real estate	65	1,308			1,277	1,296	_	-	-	-	1
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	65	1,308 556.1	1 .				-	-	-	-	
Real estate	65 651		563.6	546.1	552.9	·-	1	- - -	- - -	- - -	

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al.	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°
Services		28,113	28,242	28,490	28,626	28,698	24,551	24,665	24,816	24,947	24,99
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,616.3	1,649.4	1,555.2	1,573.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hotels and motels		1,572.3		1,513.7		-	1,393.1	1,418.0	1,332.5	1,347.6	-
Personal services	72	1,163.2	1.094.9	1,169.4	1,166.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	429.2				_	381.7	386.7	378.9	379.0	_
Photographic studios, portrait	722	61.1	63.2	63.2	63.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops		371.4		379.4		-	331.4	333.3	340.9	340.5	-
Funeral service and crematories		82.6	1	1		-	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	/29	194.4	116.4	189.5	186.6	-	174.8	101.8	169.9	167.9	-
Business services		5,158.1		5,180.1		5,261.6	4,534.0		4,523.4	4,549.2	-
Advertising		237.2	1	233.6	_	-	171.6	170.9	165.7	163.6	-
Advertising agencies		168.6	1	1		-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection	732	106.8		110.4		-	-	-	- '	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services	/33	236.1	1	1	252.2	-	707.5	7400	700.0	700.4	-
Services to buildings	/34	813.1				-	737.5	i	709.8	709.4	_
Personnel supply services	7361	1,516.3	1 '	1,447.6	1 '	-	-	_	-	-	-
Employment agencies Help supply services		258.5 1,257.8				_	1,215.0	i e	1,149.8	1.163.1	_
Computer and data processing services		774.5	1 '			-	602.2		1 '	642.0	_
Computer programming services		151.1	1	162.1	163.0	_	120.1	120.8			_
Prepackaged software		109.7			1	_	-	120.0	- 120.0	- 120.0	_
Data processing and preparation		201.2	1	207.3	1	-	_	-	_	_	-
Miscellaneous business services	738	1,263.8	1 270 5	1,331.7	1,333.2	_	1,120.1	1,124.6	1.175.5	1,176.4	_
Detective and armored car services		452.9		481.9	1 '	_	425.3		452.4	451.8	_
Photofinishing laboratories		77.9				-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	922.5	930.1	914.4	910.1	_	763.2	769.4	751.5	748.8	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers		176.3		181.1	178.7	_		-	-	- 10.0	_
Automotive repair shops		528.7	533.6			-	433.4	437.4	425.6	424.9	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	388.8	392.9	380.9	379.2	_	318.8	321.6	309.7	308.4	_
Electrical repair shops	762	113.3	114.6	119.4	119.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	403.5	409.2	400.1	398.0	_	340.7	345.8	330.5	328.5	_
Motion picture production and services		143.2		152.7	149.6	-	116.5	118.3	120.5	118.1	-
Motion picture theaters	783	111.3	113.0	107.9	110.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services		1,076.6	1,119.7	1,053.0	1,081.2	-	944.9	986.1	918.0	944.7	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services		708.9		679.7	700.1	-	621.4	666.4	590.8	609.9	-
Physical fitness facilities		127.9		129.9	1	-	114.7	114.3	115.2	115.0	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	252.7	280.0	233.8	258.1	-	221.5	248.1	202.2	225.2	-
Health services						8,171.9					-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors					1,413.6			1,108.3			-
Offices and clinics of dentists		510.3			1	-		450.7			-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		272.7	276.1	291.1	294.6	-	226.6	229.6	240.6		· -
Nursing and personal care facilities		1,400.3 966.4		1,475.7		-	1,265.4	1,273.2	1,331.8	1,336.7	-
Intermediate care facilities		197.7	199.0	1,007.5 213.7		_	178.4	179.3	192.2	192.5	_
Nursing and personal care, nec		236.2		254.5	1		170.4	175.5	192.2	192.5	_
Hospitals		3,513.4	1		3,620.3	_ :	3.214.0	3.219.8	3.312.0	3,319.5	_
General medical and surgical hospitals		3,236.9		-,	3,329.3	_	-	-,		-,0.0	_
Psychiatric hospitals	8063	104.1	104.6			- '	_]	_ '	-	_ '	_
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		172.4	173.5	184.5	1	-	_	-	-	-	_
Medical and dental laboratories Home health care services		166.7	169.5	180.9		-	_ 256.0	262.0	206.1	- 200 F	. -
	1	276.9		320.2	323.6	•	256.0	262.9	296.1	299.5	_
Legal services	81	905.6	909.7	921.9	920.1	-	748.0	751.9	753.9	751.6	
Educational services		1,737.5				-	-	_	_	-	_
Elementary and secondary schools		467.7	468.4	473.0		-	-	- 1	-	- 1	-
Colleges and universities		1,063.0		1,083.9		-	-	-	-	-	-
Vocational schools	824	91.9	91.1	89.1	88.3	- 1	-	-	-	-	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Services—Continued											
Social services	83	1,797.1	1,811.5	1,922.2	1,932.0		_	-	_	_	-
Individual and family services	832	458.5	461.4	483.7	485.2		_	_	_		_
Job training and related services		246.0	247.3	242.9	242.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Child day care services		463.5	467.5	506.9	512.9	_ '	410.4	413.6	447.6	453.1	_
Residential care		454.5	460.3	507.3	510.1	- !	-	-	-	-	-
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens	84	65.6	68.9	63.6	66.4	-	-	-	_	-	-
Membership organizations	86	1,922.1	1,934.8	1,934.3	1,935.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Business associations	861	105.7	106.5	105.7	104.3	_		_	_	_	-
Labor organizations	863	136.6	138.8	137.3	137.3		_	_	_	_	_
Civic and social associations		408.8	417.0	417.1	418.5	- :	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and management services	87	2,518.5	2,498.8	2,496.5	2,479.3	_	1,921.8	1,901.4	1,902.2	1,888.6	_
Engineering and architectural services	871	790.3	793.2	764.4	761.3	_	648.4	651.0	626.1	624.1	
Engineering services	9711	610.0	613.2	594.0	591.4	_	504.4	507.3	491.1	489.6	
Architectural services		129.1	128.7	123.5	123.2		101.8	101.4	97.3	96.9	
		560.9	531.2	553.2	545.4					1	I
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping						1	425.3	397.0	418.4	411.0	-
Research and testing services		548.3	552.6	550.5	548.2		396.5	400.2	398.6	397.4	-
Commercial physical research		230.9	231.2	232.8	232.4		-	-	-	-	-
Noncommercial research organizations		144.7 619.0	144.7 621.8	147.1 628.4	147.0 624.4	-	451.6	- 453.2	- 459.1	456.1	-
Services, nec		38.6	38.3	37.4	37.4	_	31.1	30.9	29.4	29.4	_
	00							.00.0		20.4	
Government		18,636	18,895	18,774	18,761	18,800	_	-	-	-	-
Federal Government ⁴		3,149	3,354	2,939	2,947	2,956	-	-	-	-	-
Executive, by agency ⁴		3,088.6	3,293.3	2,877.1	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Department of Defense		957.5	958.1	912.2		_	_	_	_	_	l _
Postal Service ⁵		819.4		808.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	· -
Other executive agencies		1.311.7	1,515.5		-	_	_	_	_	_	١ _
Legislative		37.5	38.1	37.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	l _
Judicial		22.5	22.6	24.4	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
Federal Government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		117.6	117.2	111.5	111.3	_	_	_	_	_	١ _
Ship building and repaining	3731	69.2	68.8	64.6	63.9	_	_	_	-	_ '	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal											
Service		36.5	35.5	35.8	36.2	_	_	- 1	_	_	_
Services		397.7	401.5	395.7	397.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hospitals	806	233.1	233.1	237.2	238.0	-	-	-		-	-
State government		4,388	4,346	4,472	4,461	4,416	_	_	_	_	_
Hospitals	806	428.2	428.8	430.6	428.9		_	- 1	_	_	-
Education		1,837.7		1,874.4	1,869.9	_		_	_	_	-
General administration, including executive, legislative,		',,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,	.,	.,						,
and judicial functions		1,631.2	1,642.4	1,670.4	1,666.0	-		-	-	_	-
Local government		11,099	11,195	11,363	11,353	11,428	-	_	_	_	-
Transportation and public utilities		455.8	457.2	455.9	456.6	_	_ '	-	_ [_	~
Hospitals	806	645.9	645.2	672.5	673.5	-	_	_	_	_	-
			6,366.4		6,508.7	-	-	_	- '	_	-
Education											
General administration, including executive, legislative,			·								

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

5 Includes rural mail carriers.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

⁴ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

Data not available.

p = preliminary.

B-3. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1990	Jan. 1991	Feb. 1991	Mar. 1991
Total	51,540	51,841	52,014	52,067	52,187
Total private	41,773	41,967	42,114	41,970	42,038
ioods-producing	6,946	6,941	6,739	6,696	6,662
Mining	94	94	96	97	97
Construction	540	542	535	528	528
Manufacturing	6,312	6,305	6,108	6,071	6,03
Durable goods	2.996	2,993	2.864	2.836	2,81
Lumber and wood products	117	118	112	108	108
Furniture and fixtures	161	161	152	148	144
Stone, clay, and glass products		109	105	104	10
Primary metal industries	109	103	100	99	9
		318	307	300	29
Fabricated metal products					
Industrial machinery and equipment		460	444	441	43
Electronic and other electrical equipment		723	688	683	67
Transportation equipment	409	408	384	377	37
Instruments and related products		419	406	405	40
Miscellaneous manufacturing	175	176	168	169	16
Nondurable goods	3,316	3,312	3,244	3,235	3,22
Food and kindred products	518	515	520	519	51
Tobacco products	17	16	18	17	1
Textile mill products	340	339	325	322	32
Apparel and other textile products	840	835	796	800	79
Paper and allied products		171	170	169	16
Printing and publishing		692	690	686	68
Chemicals and allied products	325	327	327	329	32
		25	26	26	2
Petroleum and coal products				1	_
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	310 80	312 79	301 72	297 71	29 7
,		-		·	
ervice-producing	44,594	44,900	45,275	45,371	45,52
Transportation and public utilities	1,681	1,686	1,739	1,724	1,72
Wholesale trade	1,889	1,893	1,870	1,862	1,86
Retail trade	10,191	10,220	10,281	10,064	10,06
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,219	4,230	4,250	4,248	4,25
Services	16,847	16,997	17,235	17,376	17,47
Government	0.767	0.074	. 0.000	10.007	40.44
Government	9,767	9,874	9,900	10,097	10,14
Federal	1,180	1,225	1,213	1,215	1,21
State	2,165	2,182	2,160	2,230	2,24
Local	6,422	6,467	6,527	6,652	6,69

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article

in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

				19	90						1991		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.p	May
Total	110,304	110,435	110,269	110,160	110,113	109,982	109,761	109,621	109,418	109,160	108,902	108,722	108,781
Total private	91,764	91,858	91,839	91,839	91,785	91,638	91,406	91,268	91,053	90,771	90,495	90,302	90,351
Goods-producing	25,141	25,093	25,027	24,937	24,842	24,705	24,481	24,375	24,181	24,039	23,877	23,793	23,812
		740			l								1
Mining Oil and gas extraction	713 394	718 397	717 397	713 395	711 396	710 397	712 398	715 399	713 399	715 401	714 402	711	705 397
Oil and gas extraction	394	397	397	395	390	397	390	399	399	401	402	400	397
Construction	5,203	5,182	5,145	5,111	5,088	5,022	4,962	4,911	4,797	4,792	4,720	4,683	4,696
General building contractors	1,325	1,322	1,309	1,297	1,294	1,272	1,251	1,237	1,221	1,210	1,196	1,184	1,175
Manufacturing	19,225	19,193	19,165	19,113	19,043	18,973	18,807	18,749	18,671	18,532	18,443	18,399	18,411
Durable coods	44 040	11 190	11 160	11111	11.040	11 000	10.067	10.000	10.770	10.650	10.504	10 560	10 566
Lumber and wood products	11,212 750	11,189 746	11,160 744	11,111 740	11,049 733	11,000 730	10,867	10,828 714	10,770 706	10,652 696	10,584 692	10,562 694	10,566 697
Furniture and fixtures		514	511	511	508	505	496	493	490	482	479	481	483
Stone, clay, and glass products	I .	560	556	555	552	549	543	539	532	527	520	521	520
Primary metal industries		759	762	757	754	753	747	742	740	726	724	723	724
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		276	276	276	275	276	274	273	271	264	262	263	264
Fabricated metal products	1,433	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,421	1,415	1,402	1,395	1,389	1,365	1,356	1,353	1,355
Industrial machinery and equipment	2,106	2,102	2,098	2,091	2,079	2,074	2,063	2,054	2,048	2,036	2,024	2,008	1,998
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,689	1,682	1,675	1,665	1,657	1,647	1,636	1,628	1,621	1,611	1,599	1,597	1,595
Transportation equipment	2,011	2,013	2,002	1,987	1,971	1,957	1,897	1,902	1,888	1,859	1,846	1,845	1,860
Motor vehicles and equipment		832	826	817	810	805	758	770	763	746	738	753	775
Instruments and related products	1,009	1,007 376	1,004 378	999 376	998 376	995 375	991	989 372	985 371	982 368	978 366	976 364	971 363
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3/8	3/6	3/6	3/6	3/6	3/5	3/3	3/2	3/1	300	300	364	363
Nondurable goods	8,013	8,004	8,005	8,002	7,994	7,973	7,940	7,921	7,901	7,880	7,859	7,837	7,845
Food and kindred products	1,668	1,662	1,665	1,668	1,670	1,672	1,669	1,672	1,673	1,679	1,679	1,672	1,679
Tobacco products		49	49	50	49	49	49	49	49	49	48	48	48
Textile mill products		693	692	690	685	678	677	671	667	661	660	661	663
Apparel and other textile products		1,045	1,041	1,039	1,039	1,032	1,023	1,017	1,012	1,010	1,009	1,006	1,011
Paper and allied products		700	701	701	700	699	697	695	696	694	693	691	688
Printing and publishing		1,577	1,577	1,577	1,575	1,573	1,568	1,565	1,560	1,553	1,548	1,543	1,542
Chemicals and allied products		1,093	1,095	1,094	1,096	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,094	1,093	1,091	1,089	1,085
Petroleum and coal products	157 892	157 894	158 895	158 894	158 892	158 889	159 877	159 873	158 868	158 861	158 852	159 849	158 852
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products		134	132	131	130	128	126	125	124	122	121	119	119
Service-producing	85,163	85,342	85,242	85,223	85,271	85,277	85,280	85,246	85,237	85,121	85,025	84,929	84,969
Transportation and public utilities	E 000	E 001	E 022	5,839	E 0E4	C 055	E 0E2	5,867	5,866	5,834	5,824	5,815	5,822
Transportation and public utilities	5,820 3,546	5,831 3,558	5,832 3,560	3,567	5,854 3,581	5,855 3,582	5,852 3,582	3,595	3,591	3,562	3,549	3,545	3,556
Communications and public utilities	2,274	2,273	2,272	2,272	2,273	2,273	2,270	2,272	2,275	2,272	2,275	2,270	2,266
•			[1									1
Wholesale trade	6,212	6,220	6,215	6,211	6,204	6,190	6,180	6,166	6,138	6,119	6,105	6,082	6,079
Durable goods	3,635	3,639	3,636	3,630	3,624	3,613	3,604	3,596	3,576	3,562	3,550	3,532	3,527
Nondurable goods	2,577	2,581	2,579	2,581	2,580	2,577	2,576	2,570	2,562	2,557	2,555	2,550	2,552
Retail trade	19,701	19,714	19,710	19,714	19,698	19,663	19,628	19,579	19,542	19,464	19,378	19,325	19,312
General merchandise stores		2,530	2,526	2,520	2,511	2,491	2,470	2,444	2,431	2,415	2,396	2,372	2,357
Food stores	3,227	3,234	3,234	3,234	3,239	3,238	3,243	3,242	3,243	3,237	3,245	3,227	3,222
Automotive dealers and service stations	2,085	2,085	2,086	2,084	2,082	2,075	2,070	2,067	2,053	2,042	2,036	2,030	2,030
Eating and drinking places	6,547	6,559	6,559	6,578	6,577	6,586	6,596	6,601	6,608	6,582	6,561	6,561	6,561
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,739	6,746	6.745	6,750	6,750	6,746	6,740	6,733	6,736	6,732	6,735	6,718	6,714
Finance	3,299	3,304	3,303	3,307	3,306	3,305	3,301	3,296	3,296	3,295	3,297	3,294	3,290
Insurance	2,114	2,118	2,121	2,123	2,126	2,127	2,128	2,128	2,136	2,137	2,140	2,133	2,133
Real estate	1,326	1,324	1,321	1,320	1,318	1,314	1,311	1,309	1,304	1,300	1,298	1,291	1,291
Services	28,151	28,254	28,310	28,388	28,437	28,479	28,525	28,548	28,590	28,583	28,576	28,569	28,612
Business services	5,237	5,256	5,260	5,269	5,291	5,295	5,287	5,275	5,271	5,256	5,254	5,258	5,272
Health services	7,794	7,830	7,860	7,899	7,929	7,965	7,997	8,032	8,061	8,089	8,114	8,149	8,180
	1	18,577	18,430	18,321	18,328	18,344	18,355	18,353	18,365	18,389	18,407	18,420	18,430
Government	18,540	10,577	10,430										
Government	18,540	3,337	3,162	3,038	2,994	2,980	2,964	2,948	2,952	2,951	2,951	2,953	2,947

 $^{^{\}rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and

updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

B-5. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	90						1991	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total	51,871	51,954	52,162	52,281	52,347	52,371	52,380	52,372	52,349	52,319	52,355	52,264	52,207
Total private	42,276	42,301	42,378	42,454	42,510	42,578	42,594	42,579	42,540	42,500	42,527	42,415	42,344
Goods-producing	7,003	6,991	6,982	6,972	6,964	6,949	6,930	6,894	6,844	6,826	6,802	6,762	6,723
Mining	95	95	96	96	96	96	97	95	96	97	97	98	98
Construction	556	555	556	555	555	555	555	553	551	550	548	544	542
Manufacturing	6,352	6,341	6,330	6,321	6,313	6,298	6,278	6,246	6,197	6,179	6,157	6,120	6,083
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products	120 161: 111 103: 319 460 726 409 420 177 3,346 544 177 340 834 173 692 328	2,997 120 160 110 103 319 458 723 409 419 176 3,344 544 166 339 832 173 693 328 (')	2,992 120 161 110 103 318 457 721 408 418 176 3,338 544 177 337 827 173 693 329 (')	2,987 120 161 109 104 318 456 718 409 417 175 3,334 541 166 337 825 173 694 329 (')	2,984 120 159 109 104 319 455 716 409 416 177 3,329 541 173 366 819 173 694 330 (¹)	2,965 119 160 109 103 318 453 710 406 413 174 3,333 542 177 821 174 694 330 (¹)	2,950 118 159 109 102 316 450 705 404 412 175 3,328 543 177 334 822 173 693 331 (¹)	2,936 117 157 109 102 315 449 701 401 174 3,310 543 166 330 814 172 693 331 (¹)	2,904 116 154 108 102 311 446 696 389 409 173 3,293 540 16 330 807 172 692 330 (')	2,892 115 153 107 1011 310 444 692 389 408 173 3,287 542 177 328 803 171 692 331 (')	2,879 114 152 106 101 308 444 688 386 407 173 3,278 542 166 327 800 172 690 330 (¹)	2,853 111 149 106 99 303 441 686 379 407 172 3,267 544 16 686 324 798 171 686 331 (¹)	2,828 109 148 104 99 300 439 678 375 405 171 3,255 543 166 322 796 171 684 330 (')
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	313 80	314 80	314 79	315 78	315 78	315 77	313 76	310 75	306 74	304 73	302 73	299 71	295 71
Service-producing	44,868	44,963	45,180	45,309	45,383	45,422	45,450	45,478	45,505	45,493	45,553	45,502	45,484
Transportation and public utilities	1,691	1,691	1,705	1,713	1,714	1,721	1,727	1,731	1,736	1,739	1,745	1,731	1,732
Wholesale trade	1,903	1,902	1,903	1,907	1,907	1,905	1,905	1,903	1,898	1,892	1,883	1,878	1,870
Retail trade	10,475	10,468	10,467	10,476	10,470	10,473	10,464	10,446	10,432	10,388	10,411	10,348	10,308
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,245	4,252	4,256	4,250	4,266	4,277	4,276	4,273	4,270	4,262	4,271	4,271	4,272
Services	16,959	16,997	17,065	17,136	17,189	17,253	17,292	17,332	17,360	17,393	17,415	17,425	17,439
Government	9,595 1,236 2,118 6,241	9,653 1,268 2,121 6,264	9,784 1,362 2,129 6,293	9,827 1,358 2,146 6,323	9,837 1,324 2,143 6,370	9,793 1,264 2,148 6,381	9,786 1,237 2,156 6,393	9,793 1,231 2,161 6,401	9,809 1,225 2,167 6,417	9,819 1,220 2,169 6,430	9,828 1,222 2,173 6,433	9,849 1,226 2,174 6,449	9,863 1,227 2,176 6,460

¹ This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Indian.				19	90						1991		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May⁵
Total private	74,364	74,447	74,401	74,407	74,348	74,209	73,984	73,841	73,666	73,378	73,172	72,973	73,005
Goods-producing	17,628	17,591	17,538	17,453	17,368	17,252	17,048	16,958	16,787	16,658	16,534	16,472	16,501
Mining	511	516	516	510	511	512	512	513	511	512	511	509	500
Construction	4,049	4,029	3,994	3,962	3,937	3,876	3,821	3,773	3,672	3,658	3,599	3,559	3,581
Manufacturing	13,068	13,046	13,028	12,981	12,920	12,864	12,715	12,672	12,604	12,488	12,424	12,404	12,420
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products	7,449 618 408 436 577 212 1,056 1,269 1,067 1,241 634 503 274 5,619 1,199 36 596 879 524	7,434 614 407 435 577 212 1,054 1,265 1,064 1,246 637 500 272 5,612 1,194 36 594 877 525	7,417 611 404 432 580 212 1,059 1,242 632 497 274 5,611 1,197 36 593 873 526	7,375 608 403 430 575 211 1,052 1,257 1,052 1,230 622 494 273 5,606 1,201 37 592 870	7,322 604 401 429 572 211 1,046 1,246 1,043 1,217 616 491 273 5,598 1,203 37 588 870 525	7,287 600 397 426 571 211 1,041 1,038 1,211 613 488 271 5,577 1,204 36 580 864 525	7,172 590 389 421 566 210 1,030 1,235 1,028 1,158 570 486 269 5,543 1,202 36 580 854	7,148 585 386 419 562 209 1,024 1,228 1,168 582 486 268 5,524 1,206 36 574 850 521	7,098 578 384 411 559 207 1,018 1,223 1,014 1,158 577 486 267 5,506 1,208 366 571 844 522	7,000 569 377 406 548 201 1,215 1,007 1,135 561 484 265 5,488 1,213 36 565 843 522	6,956 564 375 400 546 199 990 1,209 1,000 1,125 553 485 262 5,468 1,213 355 564 842 521	6,949 566 377 401 544 200 988 1,199 1,001 1,129 567 482 262 5,455 1,206 35 565 842 519	6,959 571 380 400 546 201 990 1,186 1,002 1,145 590 478 261 5,461 1,210 355 567 846 518
Printing and publishing	876 604 103 691 111	876 604 103 693 110	877 604 103 693 109	876 601 103 693 107	873 601 103 691 107	871 600 104 688 105	867 598 104 677 103	864 596 103 672 102	860 594 102 668 101	855 592 102 660 100	851 591 102 651 98	848 591 103 649 97	844 588 102 654 97
Service-producing	56,736	56,856	56,863	56,954	56,980	56,957	56,936	56,883	56,879	56,720	56,638	56,501	56,504
Transportation and public utilities	4,832	4,843	4,840	4,832	4,850	4,852	4,854	4,868	4,869	4,840	4,834	4,822	4,829
Wholesale trade	4,989	5,003	4,994	4,990	4,983	4,968	4,959	4,946	4,924	4,904	4,894	4,873	4,871
Retail trade	17,450	17,465	17,458	17,463	17,445	17,409	17,370	17,321	17,277	17,202	17,132	17,080	17,048
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,896	4,879	4,868	4,899	4,891	4,886	4,876	4,863	4,869	4,863	4,862	4,854	4,859
Services	24,569	24,666	24,703	24,770	24,811	24,842	24,877	24,885	24,940	24,911	24,916	24,872	24,897

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

p = preliminary.

B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private n	onfarm pay	rolls, 356 ir	ndustries1				
Over 1-month span:												
	64.5	50.0	-0.7	500	50.7	50.0	500	54.6	49.2	56.6	50.6	E0.4
1989		59.0	58.7	53.9	52.7	53.8	52.9				59.6	52.1
1990		58.1	52.2	48.7	52.8	48.3	46.6	47.8	45.1	41.4	40.3	42.0
1991	38.5	36.9	38.6	P 37.5	P 50.8							
Over 3-month span:		}										
1989	67.6	65.2	61.1	56.2	54.5	53.9	54.9	52.5	55.9	56.0	55.8	59.1
1990		59.0	54.4	50.7	48.7	49.4	45.6	43.7	40.0	37.4	35.8	35.1
			₽ 29.6	P 37.2	40.7	45.4	75.0	40.7	40.0	37.4	33.0	33.1
1991	31.6	30.8	29.6	7 37.2	1		;					
Over 6-month span:					1							
1989	67.7	65.0	63.3	59.0	56.5	53.4	54.5	55.9	53.8	58.1	57.9	59.1
1990		55.2	55.2	51.8	47.6	44.9	42.7	38.6	37.2	34.8	30.9	28.8
1991		P 30.2										
O		1										
Over 12-month span:	0-0	05.0			24.5	50.0		50.7				
1989		65.2	62.2	61.5	61.5	59.6	57.6	56.7	55.8	56.0	55.5	55.6
1990		54.5	51.4	48.3	46.6	43.5	40.3	35.8	34.1	P 30.2	P 31.0	
1991												L,
		г	,	,	Manufac	turing payr	olls, 139 inc	dustries1			r 	
Over 1-month span:			Į	:	,							
1989	58.6	50.7	48.9	47.5	47.1	44.2	44.2	45.7	38.8	48.2	48.6	45.3
1990	46.0	51.1	41.4	47.8	41.7	39.6	43.2	40.3	38.8	34.5	27.3	33.8
1991	31.7	28.4	29.9	P 38.1	P 50.7							
Over 3-month span:		}		}					1		,	
1989	56.5	54.3	49.3	43.5	42.8	42.1	40.3	36.3	39.9	41.0	41.0	41.7
					38.1	37.4	35.6					
1990 1991		43.2 16.5	45.0 P 18.7	38.1 P 33.1	38.1	37.4	35.6	31.3	27.0	23.0	21.6	18.3
Over 6 month annu												
Over 6-month span:	57.0	54.0	40.0	45.0	1 44 7	20.4	004	20.4	05.0	20.0	20.6	20.0
1989		51.8	48.6	45.0	41.7	38.1	38.1	38.1	35.6	38.8	39.6	39.6
1990		36.7	37.1	40.3	32.4	30.6	24.1	20.5	21.2	17.3	16.2	11.9
1991	P 10.4	P 17.6										
Over 12-month span:					,							
1989	53.6	56.1	51.8	46.4	44.6	41.7	38.1	35.3	34.9	36.3	32.4	32.7
1990		33.5	31.3	29.5	25.2	20.9	19.8	14.0	12.9	P 9.7	p 10.4	32.7
		33.5	31.3	29.5	25.2	20.9	19.6	14.0	12.9	9.7	- 10.4	
1991	··· I	1	I	1	1		1	1	ı)	ı	1

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

⁰ = preliminary.

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

 $^{^{\}circ}$ = preliminary. NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	1
State and area	Apr. 1990	Ma r. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Alabama	1,635.2	1,632.8	1,639.5	12.8	12.5	12.8	83.0	79.1	79.2
Birmingham	418.9	421.4	422.6	5.8	5.5	5.5	23.5	22.7	22.8
Huntsville	135.7	133.7	135.5	(1)	(1)	(¹)	5.5	5.1	4.9
Mobile	175.3	179.3	180.4	(') {	(1)	(¹)	11.2	10.8	10.9
Montgomery	134.9 67.2	135.8 66.6	135.6 (67.4	(¹) 3.3	(¹) 3.3	(¹) 3.4	7.4 4.3	7.4 3.9	7.4 3.9
Alaska	232.7	230.0	237.0	10.7	11.6	11.7	9.3	8.3	9.1
Arizona	1,494.9	1,527.2	1,526.0	12.2	12.8	12.8	80.9	77.0	77.2
Phoenix	965.8	1,003.6	1,001.7	.8	.7	.7	54.0	49.6	49.7
Tucson	255.1	262.3	262.9	2.1	2.3	2.3	14.5	14.8	15.0
Arkenses	918.0	937.6	946.4	4.1	3.8	3.9	35.4	35.7	37.3
Fayetteville-Springdale	55.9	56.6	56.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.8	1.7	1.8
Fort Smith	80.4	79.4	79.8	9 .9	.9	.9	2.6	2.7	2.8
Little Rock-North Little Rock	250.6 35,3	254.9 34.1	255.7 34.5	(1)	()	(¹)	10.4 2.5	10.6 1.1	10.7 1.1
California	12,842.7	12,824.2	12,832.7	38.7	37.9	38.0	666.7	609.9	616.0
Anaheim-Santa Ana	1,218.5	1,205.7	1,206.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	70.8	58.8	59.9
Bakersfield	171.7	174.7	175.0	14.2	14.3	14.4	11.2	11.2	11.2
Fresno	228.2	238.0	240.6	.6	.6	.6	14.0	13.8	14.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach	4,299.2	4,275.3	4,266.0	8.2	8.2	8.2	160.0	154.4	153.2
Modesto	118.1	118.3	119.6	(*)	(2)	(2)	9.1	8.2	8.5
Oakland	694.5	905.7	907.5	3.4	2.9	2.9	50.5	47.1	47.9
Oxnard-Ventura	236.3	233.7	234.8	2.2	2.1	2.1	17.6	16.3	16.7
Riverside-San Bernardino	733.7	757.0	757.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	67.0	59.2	80.1
Sacramento	626.8 112.9	626.2 113.7	626.2 114.2	.3	.5 .3	.5 .3	40.6 4.5	33.2 4.5	34.7 4.4
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	994.7	990.4	992.2	.7	.3 .7	.7	62.5	57.4	57.5
San Francisco	970.7	976.5	978.7	.6	.6	.6	36.1	36.4	36.5
San Jose	833.9	826.7	824.5	.2	.3	.3	33.8	32.3	32.5
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	152.7	152.0	151.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	7.5	7.0	7.3
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	142.0	148.6	148.6	.5	.5	.5	10.6	9.7	9.9
Stockton	154.2	154.1	154.9	.1	.1	.1	9.5	8.5	9.0
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	139.4	140.5	142.1	.6	.4	.4	11.3	10.9	11.3
Colorado	1,503.8	1,538.5	1,540.3	19.2	19.5	19.7	57.3	80.1	62.9
Boulder-Longmont	116.7	117.7	118.0	(0, 1	(1)	(1)	3.5	3.4	3.5
Denver	829.9	844.6	649.4	10.8	11.3	11.3	30.6	32.1	33.7
Connecticut	1,635.5	1,604.6	1,606.6	1.0	.7	.8	61.5	48.5	52.0
Bridgeport-Milford	192.6	187.0	186.7	(2)	(²)	O O	6.8	6.1	6.2
Hartford	477.0	464.0	461.8	()	(1)	(1)	16.7	12.3	13.0
New Britain	64.8	61.8	61.8	(2)	(2)	(²)	4.4	3.2	3.6
New Haven-Meriden	259.0 119.1	250.4 118.1	253.8 118.0	0	(¹) (¹)	(¹)	10.6 4.0	7.5 3.7	8.2 3.8
Waterbury	63.7	81.0	81.1	%	Ö	(r)	3.3	2.7	2.9
Delaware	346.9	341.6	336.6	.1	.1	.1	20.3	16.2	18.9
Wilmington	299.4	296.7	292.2	.2	.2	.2	17.8	15.6	16.3
District of Columbia	684.7 2,232.3	685.9 2,213.4	683.6 2,212.1	.1 1.3	.1 1.1	.1 1.2	14.4 138.5	13.9 117.3	13.6 118.6
Floride	5,414.2	5,424.6	5,402.7	8.9	8.1	8.0	327.4	276.0	269.8
Daytona Beach	127.5	129.9	128.5	(*)	(²)	(2)	7.9	7.4	7.4
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	515.3	516.7	515.7	.3	.2	.2	33.1	26.5	28.2
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	129.6	136.4	135.5	(2)	(1)	(2)	12.9	12.2	12.0
Gainesville	101.9	102.1	101.9	(1)	(7)	(4)	4.4	4.0 23.0	3.9 22.6
Jacksonville Lakeland-Winter Haven	423.7 155.5	424.5 159.4	424.7 158.1	4.1	3.8	.6 3.7	27.0 8.4	8.2	6.1
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	166.8	164.3	163.8	(2)	(3.6	(2)	6.8	7.9	7.5
Miami-Hialeah	883.7	877.3	870.2	9.	.8	.8	38.4	35.9	35.7
Orlando	587.1	569.6	567.8	(2)	(²) .ŭ	(?)	37.5	33.0	32.4
Pensacola	130.6	130.4	131.4	.4	`′ .4	.4	8.0	7.3	7.6
	118.6	122.1	121.0	(2)	g	(2)	9.4	8.9	8.6
Salasuu									
Sarasota	128.3	127.9	127.7	(4)	(*)	(1)	5.8	5.4	5.4
	128.3 884.8	127.9 893.5	127.7 892.6	(²) .5	(²) .5	(²) .5	5.8 49.6	5.4 44.8	43.6

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and annual	٨	lanufacturing	3		nsportation a aublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Alabama	386.2	376.2	377.7	82.5	84.2	84.3	350.7	348.6	351.2
Birmingham	58.1	55.8	56.4	32.5	32.4	32.1	98.8	98.0	98.5
Huntsville	33.0	31.3	32.9	3.2	3.2	3.2	24.9	24.8	24.8
Mobile	27.2	27.9	27.8	9.8	10.5	10.6	46.2	46.1	46.2
Montgomery	17.4	17.2	17.3	5.6	5.7	5.7	30.2	30.1	29.9
Tuscaloosa	10.3	10.2	10.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	13.6	14.1	14.2
Alaska	17.2	15.0	17.3	19.2	19.4	19.9	44.3	44.1	45.5
Arizone	183.7	181.7	181.4	81.9	81.9	81.8	368.0	379.4	378.8
Phoenix	137.5	135.5	135.3	58.0	58.0	58.0	246.4	255.8	254.9
Tucson	26.0	25.9	25.8	9.2	9.4	9.4	59.6	60.7	60.8
Arkenses	230.8	231.7	232.6	55.2	56.3	56.3	204.2	207.2	210.7
Fayetteville-Springdale	14.0	14.1	14.1	5.0	4.8	4.8	12.1	12.3	12.4
Fort Smith	25.8	24.5	24.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	16.5	16.2	16.3
Little Rock-North Little Rock	32.8	32.7	32.9	16.5	16.3	16.3	60.4	60.6	61.0
Pine Bluff	6.3	6.3	6.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	7.3	7.3	7.4
California	2,128.2	2,051.0	2,044.6	623.9	625.3	625.0	2,995.1	2,978.7	2,975.5
Anaheim-Santa Ana	252.6	248.7	247.1	37.7	37.8	37.6	300.9	298.6	297.4
Bakersfield	10.7	10.9	10.8	8.1	8.3	8.3	39.7	· 40.7	40.6
Fresno	26.0	25.3	26.3	12.3	12.8	12.9	57.2	59.4	59.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach	871.3	826.3	821.7	221.3	221.1	221.1	964.7	954.4	952.8
Modesto	24.0	23.4	23.8	4.9	5.2	5.3	30.4	30.6	30.5
Oakland	112.5	112.1	112.6	60.0	62.0	62.0	216.2	220.0	219.4
Oxnard-Ventura	33.4	31.8	31.9	12.1	12.2	11.6	57.5	57.5	57.7
Riverside-San Bernardino	88.7	89.0	88.6	35.0	35.8	35.8	181.5	187.6	187.8
Sacramento	44.7	44.4	44.8	28.2	28.5	28.6	143.0	144.3	143.4
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	10.3	9.9	10.2	4.7	4.8	4.8	29.9	30.1	30.3
San Diego	137.2	133.0	132.3	36.8	36.8	36.8	236.2	233.6	234.3
San Francisco San Jose	79.5 263.7	78.7 258.2	78.4 256.7	78.1 22.6	77.7 22.9	77.5	211.7 169.0	209.8	209.5
Santa Barbara-Santa Mana-Lompoc	203.7	21.7	21.2	5.5	5.5	23.1 5.5	34.1	166.6 34.1	166.1 34.0
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	21.3	21.7	21.7	6.6	6.8	6.8	36.1	39.2	39.2
Stockton	23.6	23.4	23.2	8.5	8.6	8.6	35.6	35.4	35.7
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	12.4	12.3	12.3	5.1	5.1	5.2	34.1	35.0	35.4
Colorado	192.1	191.1	190.2	95.7	96.5	96.9	364.0	369.7	370.1
Boulder-Longmont	30.1	29.9	30.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	24.6	24.7	24.7
Denver	94.5	93.0	92.8	69.2	69.9	69.7	201.3	204.6	205.0
Connecticut	347.0	330.9	329.7	73.1	73.1	73.5	359.7	353.3	352.5
Bridgeport-Milford	51.1	47.1	46.8	8.1	8.3	8.3	42.7	42.5	42.3
Hartford	84.1	82.1	81.6	19.2	18.9	19.0	102.6	97.0	95.9
New Britain	19.1	17.9	17.5	3.3	3.3	3.3	13.2	13.2	13.2
New Haven-Meriden	45.1	42.2	42.3	17.3	16.9	16.8	55.3	53.1	52.8
Stamford	19.6 21.0	18.8 18.4	18.7 18.1	6.1 3.4	6.3 3.4	6.4 3.4	26.8 17.4	27.2 17.1	27.1 17.1
Delaware	70.0	71.3	65.7	15.0	45.0	45.5	74.0	70.0	70.0
Wilmington	72.2 62.5	61.7	56.1	15.3 16.8	15.3 17.0	15.5 17.0	60.3	72.9 59.8	73.0 59.9
District of Columbia	15.7	15.5	15.4	24.1	23.5	23.5	62.3	60.0	60.8
Washington MSA	87.6	84.9	84.3	107.1	107.1	107.7	430.3	424.1	426.0
Florida	524.7	504.1	501.1	275.7	269.1	269.0	1,458.7	1,465.2	1,456.4
Daytona Beach	12.0	12.5	12.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	37.7	38.3	37.3
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	43.5	42.9	42.6	23.3	23.1	23.2	151.2	153.1	152.3
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.8	38.7	42.7	42.5
Gainesville	5.5 36.2	5.5 35.1	5.4 35.4	2.0 28.8	2.0 29.1	1.9	21.5	21.2	21.4
Lakeland-Winter Haven	21.7	22.2	21.8	7.5	7.5	29.3 7.5	110.8 43.3	115.2 45.0	114.9 44.7
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	31.0	29.7	29.8	4.5	4.6	4.6	38.9	38.8	38.6
Miami-Hialeah	89.2	87.7	87.1	71.9	66.3	66.1	237.0	235.5	232.3
Orlando	54.4	52.0	52.0	29.1	29.1	29.0	147.3	148.0	146.9
Pensacola	11.9	11.4	11.4	6.6	6.4	6.4	32.4	32.5	33.0
Sarasota	8.6	8.7	8.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	35.3	36.0	35.1
	47	431	491	30.1	34 1 1	(2.1	265	27 /	
Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	4.7 92.3	4.3 89.9	4.2 89.7	3.1 41.5	3.1 41.1	3.1 41.1	26.5 243.1	27.4 248.0	27.3 248.2

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Out and are	-	ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
liabama	73.2	73.4	73.4	316.4	325.0	326.4	330.4	333.8	334.
Birmingham		30.7	30.3	104.1	108.8	109.1	65.8	67.5	67.5
Huntsville	. 3.9	3.9	3.9	32.8	33.2	33.6	32.4	32.2	32.
Mobile	. 8.1	8.0	8.0	42.2	44.3	45.0	30.6	31.7	31.9
Montgomery	. 8.2	8.4	8.4	31.1	31.4	31.4	35.0	35.6	35.
Tuscaloosa	. 2.1	2.2	2.2	10.5	9.9	10.1	21.0	20.9	21.
\laska	. 10.1	10.2	10.3	49.4	50.0	50.8	72.5	71.4	72.
Arizona		95.3	95.3	406.8	420.6	421.1	266.8	278.5	277.
Phoenix	. 74.9	76.1	76.0	277.7	284.6	284.7	136.5	143.1	142.
Tucson	. 12.3	11.6	11.7	73.9	77.6	77.8	57.5	60.0	60.
krkansas		38.2	38.5	188.8	198.9	201.7	161.4	165.8	165.
Fayetteville-Springdale	. 1.7	1.7	1.7	9.6	9.8	9.8	11.7	12.4	12.
Fort Smith		2.7	2.6	18.8	19.0	19.2	8.4	8.7	8.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	. 15.5	15.6	15.5	65.8	67.7	68.4	49.2	51.4	50.
Pine Bluff	. 1.2	1,2	1.2	7.4	7.2	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.
Celifornia		844.3	843.2	3,449.5	3,547.8	3,556.8	2,098.0	2,129.3	2,133.
Anaheim-Santa Ana		103.6	103.6	324.4	326.7	328.5	128.8	130.3	131.
Bakersfield		6.7	6.7	36.1	36.7	36.9	44.9	45.9	46
Fresno		13.8	13.7	52.7	56.2	56.1	52.4	56.1	57.
Los Angeles-Long Beach		292.5	291.3	1,236.9	1,274.0	1,273.7	544.5	544.4	544.
Modesto		4.7	4.8	24.5	25.1	25.4	20.3	21.1	21.
Oakland		57.4	57.4	224.0	232.0	232.9	170.0	172.2	172.
Oxnard-Ventura		12.0	12.0	58.8	57.2	58.0	44.0	44.6	44.
Riverside-San Bernardino		33.6	33.6	177.7	193.5	193.2	150.3	156.9	157.
Sacramento		41.8 6.5	42.2 6.5	142.4 28.9	145.1 28.8	144.6 28.9	186.9 28.1	188.4 28.8	189. 28.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey San Diego		67.0	66.7	273.8	279.6	281.0	179.5	182.3	182
San Francisco		108.8	108.6	316.1	322.8	325.2	140.0	141.7	142.
San Jose	1 . 1	32.2	32.2	222.2	223.1	222.6	89.7	91.1	91.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		8.6	8.6	43.2	44.1	44.2	30.3	29.8	29.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		8.9	8.9	33.8	36.5	36.6	24.6	25.3	25.
Stockton		9.6	9.6	33.4	33.8	34.0	33.9	34.7	34.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		5.3	5.3	32.6	33.8	34.5	38.3	37.7	37.
colorado	96.2	97.5	97.4	397.5	415.3	413.8	281.8	288.8	289.
Boulder-Longmont	. 4.2	4.2	4.2	28.3	28.9	29.0	23.7	24.3	24.
Denver	. 64.0	64.7	64.8	228.9	234.4	236.9	130.6	134.6	135.
Connecticut	. 151.0	148.3	147.8	428.3	435.5	436.1	213.9	214.3	214.
Bridgeport-Milford		11.3	11.3	52.0	51.9	52.1	20.3	19.8	1 9 .
Hartford		73.5	72.9	116.1	115.5	114.8	63.8	64.7	64.
New Britain		2.8	2.8	14.9	14.4	14.4	7.0	7.0	7.
New Haven-Meriden		16.2	16.1	81.6	82.8	85.6	32.3	31.7	32.
Stamford		14.1 4.4	14.0 4.4	37.9 21.1	37.5 21.9	37.6 22.2	10.7 12.8	10.5 13.1	10. 13.
Dolaware	31.4	32.3	32.2	84.3	84.0	83.8	49.3	47.5	47.
Wilmington		29.2	29.1	74.9	75.1	75.5	38.9	38.1	38.
District of Columbia	. 33.7	33.0	32.7	259.5	263.2	262.7	274.9	276.7	275.
Washington MSA	. 130.4	128.2	127.7	753.9	758.9	758.4	583.2	591.8	588.
lorida		364.9	363.7	1,594.2	1,658.5	1,856.7	853.7	878.7	878.
Daytona Beach		5.6	5.7	37.8	39.2	38.8	22.0	22.6	22.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		39.8	39.5	154.8	158.9	157.3	68.9	72.2	72.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		9.1	9.0	37.0	39.4	39.1	20.1	21.2	21. 38.
Gainesville		4.5	4.6 41.5	25.6	26.2	26.2 115.5	38.2 65.1	38.6 64.8	64 64
Jacksonville		41.5 8.9	8.8	113.4 38.1	115.2 39.6	39.4	23.3	24.2	24
Lakeland-Winter Haven		5.5	5.5	53.3	54.0	54.0	23.3	23.8	24
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		70.3	69.9	251.6	257.4	254.9	123.8	123.4	123
Miami-Hialeah Orlando		70.3 31.9	31.7	199.8	208.1	208.2	66.0	67.4	67
		5.7	5.8	34.4	35.0	35.2	31.3	31.7	31
Pensacola		5.7 8.2	8.3	39.6	42.3	42.6	13.6	14.3	14
	0.4 i	0.2		39.0	42.3	42.0	13.0	14.3	
Sarasota		E 0	= ^	076	20.0	20.2	ו בפתו	E2 0	L 20
Sarasota Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	5.3	5.3 64.3	5.3 63.9	27.6 276.2	28.2 287.0	28.2 287.6	53.0 116.9	53.9 117.9	53 118

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	:	Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991
orgia	2,979.5	2,946.7	2,954.5	8.7	8.5	8.6	145.8	132.8	13
Albany	50.3	51.0	51.0	(2)	(²)	(²)	2.3	3.0	
Athens	68.9	67.2	67.3	.1	.1	.1	2.5	2.6	
Atlanta	1,471.2	1,460.8	1,465.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	67.2	59.6	6
Augusta		181.2	181.8	.5	.6	.6	17.3	18.4	1
Columbus		96.4	96.5	.1	.1	.1	5.2	5.5	
Macon-Warner Robins		128.3	127.9	.2	.1	.1	5.6	4.7	
Savannah		114.1	114.6	(2)	(²)	(²)	8.9	11.4	1
waii	526.0	535.3	534.9	(2)	(²)	(²)	31.0	32.5	3
Honolulu	409.0	414.4	414.0	(²)	(2)	(2)	23.5	24.1	2
aho	1	390.4	393.6	3.8	3.4	3.4	17.0	17.8	1
Boise City	104.4	107.6	107.9	(1)	(3)	(1)	5.6	4.8	
nois		5,236.1	5,267.4	19.4	19.2	19.5	210.0	199.1	20
Aurora-Elgin		148.0	149.6	(2)	()	0	8.6	7.6	
Bloomington-Normal		66.4	66.5	(1)	()	(2)	1.7	1.5	
hampaign-Urbana-Rantoul		92.4	92.8	(')	(1)	(1)	2.5	2.3	
hicago		3,175.2	3,193.6	2.3	2.0	2.1	127.6	118.2	1:
avenport-Rock Island-Moline		161.1	162.6	(')	(')	(¹)	5.3	4.9	
ecatur		53.8	53.8	(')	(¹)	(1)	2.9	2.9	
liet		104.5	105.6	(1)	(1)	0	7.7	7.1	
ankakee	35.8	36.2	36.0	(')	(t) i	(1)	1.6	1.7	
ike County	219.8	216.1	220.3	Ö	Ö	(i)	12.1	10.8	
oria		148.4	148.4	Ö	(i)	Ö	6.7	7.1	
ockford		132.7	136.4	Ö	(i)	(i)	5.8	5.6	
oringfield		105.3	105.6	Ö	Ö	ö	3.4	3.3	
iana	2,517.9	2,485.3	2,503.8	8.0	7.2	7.3	114.7	107.1	1
nderson	51.0	49.6	50.3	(r)	(¹)	(b)	1.3	1.2	
oomington		56.1	57.1	(')	Ö	(i)	2.3	2.2	
khart-Goshen		98.9	100.9	Ö	Ö	- Ö	3.3	3.0	
ansville		134.8	136.2	2.1	1.8	1.7	7.2	5.7	
rt Wayne		199.0	202.8	.(¹)	(')	(t)	9.6	9.1	
ary-Hammond	I	243.9	246.2	l ö	- 6 l	(i)	14.4	14.5	
dianapolis		668.6	674.8	8. ``	8. ``	.8	36.9	35.1	:
okomo		45.0	45.6	(')	(1)	(')	1.4	1.1	
lfayette-West Lafayette	I	70.3	71.0	8	- 6 1	6 1	2.7	2.6	
uncie	1	53.9	54.4	8	8		2.2	2.0	
						(1)	5.8		
outh Bend-Mishawakare Haute		119.8 58.3	120.2 59.1	(¹) .5	(¹) .5	(¹) .5	2.4	6.5 2.1	
a	1,221.5	1,221.3	1,236.7	2.1	1.9	2.0	42.4	37.3	
edar Rapids		94.0	94.4	(')	(¹)	(¹)	42.4	4.5	
s Moines		233.6	233.5	6 1	- 6 l	8	9.1	8.8	
ibuque		45.6	45.9	8	- 8	8	1.5	1.6	
va City		45.6 56.1	56.5				1.6	1.5	
oux City				(1)	(0)	0 0	2.2	2.3	
aterioo-Cedar Falls		55.5 71.2	56.3 72.0	(¹) (¹)	-8	8	2.3	2.3	
9å5	1,087.1	1,091.3	1,099.6	9.8	10.3	10.2	40.5	39.6	
wrence		37.3	38.6	(1)	(¹)	(')	1.7	1.5	
peka		89.5	90.8	8 1	6 1	6 1	3.6	3.1	
ichita		245.8	246.3	1.8	2.0	2.0	9.2	9.7	•
itucky	1,462.2	1,476.7	1,484.1	35.7	35.2	34.8	64.8	64.3	4
xington-Fayette		197.6	199.8	.3	.2	.2	10.4	9.8	
uisville		481.6	485.8	.6	.6	.6	22.7	22.2	
vensboro		36.0	36.1	.5	.5	.3	2.1	2.0	
isiana		1,615.3	1,622.2	55.0	55.8	55.8	89.8	94.2	,
exandria		46.5	46.8	.1	.1	.1	2.9	3.3	
iton Rouge		239.8	239.9	.8	.9	.9	26.5	27.1	
ouma-Thibodaux	57.3	58.8	59.3	5.5	5.7	5.7	1.8	2.2	
fayette		99.6	100.5	12.2	12.8	12.7	3.9	4.6	
ke Charles		68.3	69.2	1,3	1.4	1.3	6.1	7.1	
onroe		58.5	58.4	.4	4	.3	2.6	2.7	
ew Orleans		543.2	542.8	13.7	14.3	14.3	23.3	24.0	
nreveport		131.4	133.3	3.0	3.2	3.1	5.8	6.1	•

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		lanufacturing)		rsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991
ieorgia	562.9	536.2	537.4	195.5	190.6	191.4	737.8	725.9	728
Albany	8.1	8.2	8.2	2.8	2.9	2.8	12.1	12.0	11
Athens	15.3	14.8	14.7	2.0	1.9	1.9	15.4	14.8	14
Atlanta	175.2	165.6	167.6	126.8	123.2	123.4	399.5	392.5	394
Augusta	41.0	41.1	40.9	4.8	4.6	4.6	38.8	37.5	38
Columbus	21.0	20.3	20.4	3.3	3.1	3.1	20.6	19.0	18
Macon-Warner Robins	18.7	18.7	18.4	5.0	5.2	5.2	28.7	28.7	28
Savannah	17.3	16.9	16.8	9.2	9.5	9.4	26.8	26.3	26
lawsii	20.9 15.9	20.1 15.0	20.3 15.2	41.6	42.5 34.4	42.4	133.9	135.1 101.8	134 101
Honokulu	1	15.0		33.8	34.4	34.5	101.2		
taho	60.3 15.6	61.6 16.1	81.5 16.0	19.4 5.7	19.6 5.9	19.8 5.9	95.3 26.3	97.5 27.1	98 27
linois	983,4	971.2	973.1	308.8	308.3	308.6	1,246,7	1,245.9	1,252
Aurora-Elgin	38.5	38.0	38.2	3.7	3.7	3.7	39.3	40.1	40
	7.8	7.6	7.5		3.0				
Bloomington-Normal				3.1		3.0	14.9	14.8	14
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	9.8	9.9	9.8	2.4	2.3	2.3	19.3	18.7	19
Chicago	560.9	555.1	554.8	207.3	208.5	208.7	750.9	753.5	75
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	32.2	31.3	31.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	45.9	46.8	4
Decatur	14.6	14.5	14.5	4.2	4.4	4.4	11.5	11.5	1
Joliet	19.7	19.3	19.2	8.5	8.5	8.6	24.1	24.3	2
Kankakee	5.7	5.8	5.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	8.7	8.7	
Lake County	47.5	48.5	47.8	5.9	5.8	5.8	58.2	57.8	5
Peoria	34.2	33.0	33.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	34.7	34.4	3
Rockford	48.5	44.1	47.2	5.0	4.9	5.0	29.7	29.3	2
Springfield	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	22.9	22.7	2
diana	637.3	609.5	615.7	130.7	131.9	132.8	596.9	586.1	58
Anderson	16.8	15.4	15.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	12.1	11.7	1
3loomington	9.4	9.0	9.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	12.7	12.4	1
Elkhart-Goshen	51.9	48.7	49.8	3.3	3.3	3.3	19.2	18.0	1
Evansville	31.0	30.2	30.7	7.0	6.9	6.9	34.9	35.3	3
Fort Wayne	50.9	47.7	50.6	13.8	13.7	13.9	51.2	49.9	5
Gary-Hammond	56.2	54.6	54.7	16.6	16.5	16.5	59.1	57.7	5
Indianapolis	110.2	106.5	107.7	43.0	43.0	43.6	170.1	170.6	17
Kokomo	19.0	17.3	17.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	10.4	9.8	1
Lafayette-West Lafayette	13.7	13.6	13.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.5	14.0	1
Muncie	11.2	10.2	10.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	12.8	12.6	1
South Bend-Mishawaka	21.9	21.0	21.0	5.7	5.6	5.6	30.5	30.6	3
Terre Haute	10.7	10.6	10.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	15.8	15.8	1
	234.6	230.4	230.7	55.6	55.2	55.0	306.0	302.8	30
Cedar Rapids	21.8	21.3	21.3	6.2	6.0	6.0	21.9	22.3	2
Des Moines	26.4	26.2	25.9	12.6	12.1	12.1	59.1	58.6	5
Dubuque	12.4	12.3	12.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	10.5	10.3	1
lowa City	4.6	4.4	4.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	10.7	10.9	1
Sioux City	10.8	10.7	10.8	3.1	3.2	3.2	14.2	13.9	1
Waterloo-Cedar Fails	16.1	16.5	16.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	16.8	16.7	1
ansas	185.9	184.8	184.0	66.3	67.4	67.3	265.5	263.6	26
Lawrence	4.7	4.6	4.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.2	7.9	
Topeka	9.6 63.9	9.7 64.0	9.8 64.0	7.2 11.7	6.7 11.4	6.7 11.3	20.2 55.7	18.8 57.3	1 5
entucky	285.4	280.1	279.9	78.9	80.2	80.8	344.5	349.5	35
Lexington-Fayette	33.2	32.4	32.2	9.0	9.0	9.1	44.6	44.1	4
Louisville	88.9	86.5	87.9	30.6	30.6	30.9	116.4	121.3	12
Owensboro	6.5	6.3	6.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	9.4	9.1	'*
pulsiana	180.6	182.4	184.4	110.0	110.4	110.4	366.4	374.1	37
Alexandria	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	10.3	10.3	1
Baton Rouge	22.3	23.3	23.2	11,1	11.5	11.3	52.5	54.1	5
Houma-Thibodaux	5.4	5.6	5.7	6.5	6.6	6.7	14.3	14.6	1
Lafayette	8.7	9.3	9.4	6.8	7.2	7.2	24.9	25.7	2
Lake Charles	12.0	11.3	11.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	15.7	15.4	1
	7.7	7.8	7.8	3.3	3.0	3.0	15.0	14.6	1
Monroe									
New Orleans	43.9	45.3	45.1	44.0	44.2	44.2	131.3	132.3	13
Shreveport	17.4	15.5	17.4	8.1	8,1	8.2	31.8	32.1	

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chair and access		nce, insurar id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
eorgia	161.6	162.2	162.1	633.6	647.9	651.8	533.6	542.8	542.
Albany	2.2	2.2	2.2	9.0	9.0	9.1	13.8	13.7	13.
Athens	2.2	2.1	2.1	10.9	10.6	10.9	20.5	20.4	20.
Atlanta	107.3	108.1	107.9	372.1	381.2	381.5	221.9	229.5	229.
Augusta	6.1	8.0	5.9	38.8	36.4	38.8	36.3	36.7	36.
Columbus	6.2	6.3	6.3	19.3	20.4	20.4	20.9	21.7	21.
Macon-Warner Robins	7.6	8.2	8.2	27.0	27.1	27.2	35.6	35.5	35.
Savannah	4.8	5.1	5.1	27.0	28.1	28.4	17.2	16.9	16.
awali	36.4	37.7	37.8	153.4	157.1	157.5	108.8	110.3	109.
Honolulu	29.3	30.1	30.3	114.2	117.1	117.1	91.1	91.9	91.
taho	19.6 8.0	20.0 8.3	19.9 8.1	80.5 23.6	84.2 24.5	84.7 24.6	82.9 19.6	86.3 20.9	86. 21.
linois	375.1	373.0	372.8	1,335.0	1,347.0	1,359.4	777.3	772.4	772.
Aurora-Elgin	8.3	8.3	8.4	34.0	33.7	34.2	16.7	16.6	16.
Bloomington-Normal	11.1	11.3	11.3	14.2	14.5	14.5	13.1	13.7	13.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	3.2	3.3	3.3	18.1	18.6	18.6	36.5	37.3	37.
	267.3	265.5	265.8	891.5	893.0	901.4	380.9	37.3	379
Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	7.6	7.8	7.8	36.7	36.8	37.1	26.7	26.2	26
				1					
Decatur	2.3	2.3	2.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	5.8	5.9	6
Joliet	3.6	3.7	3.7	24.0	23.8	24.1	17.8	17.8	18
Kankakee	1.9	1.8	1.8	9.1	9.5	9.4	6.6	6.6	6
Lake County	13.3	13.4	13.4	51.4	47.9	51.2	31.4	31.9	31
Peoria	7.6	7.7	7.6	41.3	41.9	41.9	17.3	17.2	17
RockfordSpringfield	5.6 8.0	5.5 8.2	5.5 8.1	30.6 27.1	30.9 27.0	30.8 26.9	12.7 34.5	12.4 34.9	12 34
idiana	121.5	123.0	123.4	525.5	535.0	537.2	383.4	385.5	385
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.2	11.6	11.6	6.7	6.9	. 6
Bloomington	2.0	1.9	1.9	9.9	10.5	10.7	18.2	18.4	18
Elkhart-Goshen	2.9	2.6	2.6	16.1	16.9	17.4	6.2	6.8	6
	5.3				35.5				14
Evansville		5.4	5.5 12.9	34.1	45.8	35.9 46.2	13.2 19.4	13.9	19
Fort Wayne	12.7 8.3	12.9 8.4	8.4	44.3	58.4	58.9	33.9	19.9 33.7	33
Gary-Hammond				56.9					
Indianapolis	49.3	51.3	51.6	156.2	160.3	161.7	98.8	101.0	100
Kokomo	1.4	1.3	1.3	7.4	7.6	7.6	6.0	6.6	6
Lafayette-West Lafayette	3.0	3.0	3.0	13.0	12.9	13.0	22.2	22.2	22
Muncie	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.7	12.0	12.2	12.4	12.6	12
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	6.2 2.1	6.3 2.1	6.4 2.1	36.4 12.6	37.6 12.7	37.5 12.6	11.9 11.6	12.2 11.8	12 12
wa	68.9	70.5	70.3	288.1	295.8	299.4	223.8	227.4	227
Cedar Rapids	4.9	4.9	4.9	23.5	23.1	23.4	10.7	11.9	11
Des Moines	31.4	32.5	32.2	59.9	62.1	62.2	32.1	33.3	33
Dubuque	1.5	1.6	1.6	13.7	14.0	13.9	3.6	4.1	4
owa City	1.4	1.4	1.5	10.1	10.0	10.1	26.8	26.5	2€
Sioux City	2.5	2.6	2.6	15.6	16.4	16.6	6.9	6.4	Ē
Naterloo-Cedar Falls	3.0	3.2	3.3	16.7	17.0	17.1	13.7	13.8	13
ansas	58.1	58.3	58.6	240.8	245.9	247.6	220.2	221.4	225
Lawrence	1.6	1.5	1.6	7.8	8.1	8.5	12.5	12.7	13
Topeka	6.5	6.3	6.4	22.8	22.6	22.7	22.3	22.3	22
Wichita	11.1	11.5	11.6	58.2	59.9	60.0	29.2	30.0	30
entucky	61.2	61.1	61.5	326.3	335.8	338.2	265.4	270.5	271
Lexington-Fayette	9.4	9.6	9.6	49.6	49.2	49.8	44.3	43.3	43
_ouisville	27.6 1.5	27.9 1.5	28.0 1.5	123.5 8.5	126.9 8.5	128.1 8.5	64.9 5.5	65.6 5.8	65 5
buislana	78.4	79.0	79.2	369.8	381.6	381.3	330.9	337.8	338
Alexandria	2.1	2.0	2.0	12.1	12.3	12.3	12.7	13.0	
									13
Baton Rouge	13.0	13.0	13.0	53.2	54.8	54.7	56.0	55.1	55
Houma-Thibodaux	2.1	2.1	2.1	10.6	11.0	11.0	11.1	11.0	11
Lafayette	3.3	3.3	3.4	22.1	22.6	23.2	13.5	14.1	14
Lake Charles	2.7	2.6	2.6	14.2	14.9	14.9	10.9	11.2	11
Monroe	4.2	4.4	4.4	13.3	13.5	13.5	12.8	12.1	12
	31.8	31.5	31.5	153.3	160.8	160.8	89.2	90.8	91
New Orleans	31.0 [01.0	6.5		33.1	.00.0	UU	00.0	

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1990	Ma r. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Maine	530.6	507.2	505.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	27.5	21.8	22.7
Lewiston-Auburn	39.7	37.7	38.1	(2)	(²)	(²)	1.8	1.6	1.7
Portiand	129.3	122.8	122.5	(2)	(²)	(²)	6.5	4.6	5.0
Maryland	2,174.6	2,151.6	2,160.7	2.1	2.0	2.2	161.0	150.6	154.1
Baltimore MSA Baltimore City	1,159.2 474.2	1,141.3 465.1	1,146.9 466.6	.5 (¹)	.5 (¹)	.5 (¹)	75.5 18.7	69.9 17.1	72.0 17.5
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	773.2	775.4	773.7	%	i ii	Ö	68.9	- 63.4	64.7
Massachusetts	2,990.9	2,839.6	2,842.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	99.6	70.8	74.2
Boston	1,686.5	1,603.0	1,602.8	.6	.5	.5	51.2	39.3	40.6
BrocktonFall River	71.0 52.6	67.3 50.7	67.3 50.7	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	2.3 1.8	1.9 1.3	2.0 1.4
Fitchburg-Leominster		36.3	36.4	(2)	(2)	(²)	1.5	1.0	1.1
Lawrence-Haverhill	155.8	147.4	147.4	(2)	(²)	(²)	5.6	4.1	4.4
Lowell	100.5	95.7	95.9	(')	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	2.9	3.1
New Bedford	63.9 41.9	61.8 40.2	62.2 40.3	(2)	(²) .1	(²) .1	2.3 2.1	1.6 1.4	1.8 1.5
Springfield		227.9	227.3	1	.1		7.5	6.0	6.5
Worcester	195.0	181.2	181.0	.2	.2	.2	6.3	4.8	4.8
Michigan		3,821.5	3,843.0	9.9	9.3	9.6	131.8	111.1	119.7
Ann Arbor	181.5	181.9	178.8	()	(1)	(1)	4.5	3.7	3.8
Battle Creek	60.3 67.4	60.2 65.4	60.1 66.3	(1)	(·)	(4)	2.0 1.9	1.8 1.8	2.1 1.9
Benton Harbor Detroit		1,870.1	1,878.3	1.0	1.0	1.2	60.0	51.7	56.0
Flint		164.7	169.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	4.5	4.3	4.5
Grand Rapids	356.9	353.5	356.4	()	()	(¹)	16.8	13.8	14.6
Jackson		53.3	53.6	(<u>)</u>	(¹)	(1)	2.0	1.7	1.8
Kalamazoo Lansing-East Lansing		114.8 217.4	114.9 218.5	(t) (t)	(t) (t)	(1)	3.8 6.3	3.5 5.3	3.6 5.7
Muskegon		58.2	58.6	Ö	$\ddot{\Theta}$	6	2.6	2.1	2.3
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland		160.8	162.6	Ö	(†)	Ö	7.3	6.7	6.9
Minnesota	2,109.7	2,088.7	2,110.0	7.8	7.6	8.2	73.2	60.9	67.3
Duluth	96.6	97.5	97.7	5.3	5.3	5.4	3.1	2.9	2.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul		1,347.4 66.5	1,358.6 66.5	(²) (¹)	(²) (¹)	(²) (¹)	47.4 2.0	39.8 1.9	43.1 2.0
St. Cloud	78.4	77.9	79.1	Ö	(1)	Ö	3.4	2.3	2.9
Miasissippi Jackson		933.5 185.2	939.8 186.6	6.0 .5	6.0 .5	5.9 .5	36.2 7.2	33.6 6.8	34.0 6.9
Missouri	2,345.6	2,309.2	2,322.1	5.2	4.8	4.9	97.2	91.7	96.3
Kansas City		784.0	783.9	()	()	(9)	31.8	31.7	32.8
St. Louis		1,168.4	1,172.9	()	(')		55.7	49.9	51.3
Springfield	121.5	122.6	122.6	(1)	(†)	(¹)	4.9	4.6	4.7
Montana	294.2	292.8	295.7	6.0	5.8	5.9	9.4	8.1	9.4
Nebraska	726.1	752.2	760.3	1.6	1.7	1.9	26.3	27.5	30.0
Uncoln Omaha		124.7 339.7	124.9 343.2	(1)	(t) (t)	(0)	4.3 12.2	3.9 12.4	4.2 13.4
N	044.0		633.3			14.2	47.0	45.1	45.6
Nevada		629.8 385.7	386.9	14.6	14.2 .3	.3	34.7	33.2	33.2
Reno	142.8	143.3	144.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.3	6.9	7.2
New Hampshire		483.3	481.0	.4	.3	.3	22.1	14.9	15.9
Manchester	82.0	78.1	78.0	ტ	(¹)	()	3.5	2.0	2.0
Nashua		83.9 107.8	84.3 107.5	(1)	(¹)	(f) (f)	3.1 3.7	1.8 2.7	1.8 3.2
New Jersey	3,647.5	3,571.4	3,577.9	2.4	2.2	2.2	147.8	125.4	129.9
Atlantic City		162.1	165.7	(1)	(1)	(¹)	8.9	6.4	6.5
Bergen-Passaic		633.0 444.2	631.4 442.0	(†)	(f)	ტ ტ	27.3 23.3	21.9 21.6	22.6 21.9
Camden		238.5	238.8		(9)	8	6.4	5.5	5.3
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	. 545.2	541.8	543.9	6	.5	.6	21.5	20.4	21.0
Monmouth-Ocean		321.7	324.0	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	16.7	13.2	13.9
Newark Trenton		925.8 196.0	924.9 195.6	8. (¹)	.7 (¹)	.6 (')	34.4 4.5	31.2 4.1	31.9 4.2

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

O	M	lanufacturinç	'		nsportation a ublic utilities	nd	Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Maine	101.1	95,4	94.5	21.8	21.4	21.5	130.2	122.2	121
Lewiston-Auburn	9.0	7.9	8.2	1.4	1.3	1.3	10.1	9.8	9
Portland	16.5	16.2	15.9	6.3	6.7	7.0	37.1	35.4	35
- Orderio	,0.0	10.2	,0.0	0.0	0.7	,	١١	00.1	
Maryland	206.8	198.7	199.1	101.5	101.6	101.8	526.9	517.5	522
Baltimore MSA	130.8	125.1	124.9	56.2	55.5	55.8	268.4	263.0	264
Baltimore City	44.7	43.5	43.7	28.3	27.9	28.3	87.9	85.2	85
Suburban Maryland-D.C	37.0	35.8	35.5	32.2	33.9	33.9	195.6	196.2	19€
	1					1			
lassachusetts	525.2	494.0	490.4	130.6	123.0	122.5	692.3	649.7	65
Boston	243.9	227.9	226.7	75.3	72.3	72.5	368.9 22.5	346.5 21.5	340 21
Fall River	9.3 13.5	8.3 13.3	8.2 13.3	4.7 2.0	4.4 1.9	4.3 1.9	13.7	12.9	1:
Fitchburg-Leominster	11.3	10.7	10.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	10.1	9.0	'
Lawrence-Haverhill	44.6	42.3	42.1	6.4	6.0	6.0	35.5	33.8	3
Lowell	31.3	29.7	29.5	5.1	5.1	5.0	22.1	20.8	2
New Bedford	16.0	15.2	15.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	16.0	15.8	1
Pittsfield	9.6	8.8	8.9	1.3	1.2	1.3	9.6	9.3	•
Springfield	46.2	44.2	43.9	10.2	9.7	9.8	53.8	51.3	5
Worcester	40.4	37.8	37.6	9.3	8.5	8.5	47.7	42.7	4
lichigan	951.9	865.7	872.0	155.3	150.0	151.0	930.9	908.4	91
Ann Arbor	39.3	36.8	34.3	5.1	5.3	5.4	32.0	31.3	3
Battle Creek	16.4	15.3	15.2	1.7	1.5	1.5	12.6	12.7	1
Benton Harbor	22.1	20.7	20.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	14.0	13.1	1
Detroit	447.4	408.3	411.3	89.1	86.4	87.6	469.8	453.3	45
Flint	53.1	43.8	46.3	4.2	4.4	4.3	43.2	42.6	4
Grand Rapids	101.6	98.5	99.4	12.2	11.8	11.8	94.7	94.6	9
Jackson	13.2	12.0	12.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	13.1	13.1	1
Kalamazoo	29.3	28.1	28.0	3.3	3.4	3.4	26.1	25.8	2
Lansing-East Lansing	32.2	30.9	30.9	5.6	5.7	5.8	47.3	46.5	4
Muskegon	16.6	16.2	16.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	13.9	13.9	1
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.6	41.3	41.6	6.3	6.3	6.3	39.2	40.2	4
linnesota	393.3	383.3	385.5	107.7	106.7	107.6	510.8	499.3	50
Duluth	8.4	8.6	8.9	5.7	5.8	5.8	24.0	23.7	2
Minneapolis-St. Paul	260.0	250.5	252.7	76.1	74.8	75.2	326.4	317.7	31
Rochester	11.9 14.4	11.8 14.5	11.8 14.6	1.9 4.0	1.9 3.9	1.9 3.9	13.1 22.5	13.2 23.0	1 2
fississippi	245.0	238.4	240.9	45.1	45.2	45.3	197.3	199.0	20
Jackson	21.8	19.9	20.7	12.9	13.0	12.9	43.7	43.8	4
lissouri	441.7	416.9	414.9	153.0	152.7	152.7	556.4	544.6	54
Kansas City	110.0	107.9	105.6	63.0	63.4	63.5	198.4	196.4	19
St. Louis	225.4	210.5	210.5	78.2	77.7	77.5	279.6	276.2	27
Springfield	21.6	21.2	21.1	7.5	7.3	7.4	33.8	34.6	3
iontana	21.2	20.5	20.6	19.9	20.1	20.0	76.5	76.7	7
ebraska	96.7	100.6	100.8	45.6	45.5	45.6	185.2	188.3	19
Lincoln	14.8	15.1	15.0	6.8	6.9	6.9	26.3	26.6	2
Omaha	36.1	38.6	38.9	23.5	23.5	23.3	81.0	83.0	8
levada	26.0	26.8	26.6	32.1	33.4	33.7	121.4	127.4	12
Las Vegas	10.7	10.6	10.5	19.2	20.2	20.5	74.2	77.9	7
Reno	8.7	8.8	8.8	9.8	9.8	9.9	32.4	33.5	3
ew Hampshire	107.0	99.9	99.4	17.6	16.8	16.8	126.5	117.8	11
Manchester	11.5	10.8	10.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	21.3	20.3	2
Nashua	30.9	29.2	29.0	2.4	2.1	2.1	21.6	19.5	1
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	20.8	19.8	19.9	3.0	2.8	2.8	27.3	26.4	2
ew Jersey	601.7	565.2	562.2	236.7	234.4	235.1	859.5	843.0	84
Atlantic City	7.8	7.0	6.9	7.1	6.9	7.1	34.2	32.4	3
Bergen-Passaic	136.3	128.2	127.6	30.9	29.6	29.2	183.2	180.2	17
Camden	67.8	63.9	63.5	19.1	19.2	19.2	119.1	118.7	11
Jersey City	38.7	35.1	35.4	31.0	28.6	28.4	62.3	61.0	6
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	108.4	103.9	103.1	42.4	42.1	42.7	132.6	129.3	12
Monmouth-Ocean	26.1	23.8	23.5	14.8	15.4	15.6	86.4	86.8	8
Newark	156.8	151.4	150.8	77.2	76.4	76.9	185.5	182.4	18
TrentonVineland-Millville-Bridgeton	27.3	25.2	25.0	7.2	7.1	7.3	31.0	30.8	3
	15.2	14.7	15.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	11.1	10.7	1

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

•		nce, insuran nd real estat			Services		(Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
daine	25.0	24.8	24.7	125.7	125.0	125.1	99.2	96.5	95
Lewiston-Auburn	2.3	2.1	2.1	10.6	10.6	10.7	4.5	4.4	4
Portland	12.0	12.4	12.3	34.0	31.2	31.2	16.9	16.3	15
laryland	131.3 76.3	130.7 75.3	130.3 75.3	619.6 329.1	623.2 333.0	625.3 333.6	425.4 222.4	427.3 219.0	425 220
Baltimore City	45.4	44.3	44.4	155.5	155.3	155.4	93.7	91.8	91
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	46.1	45.7	45.6	234.0	234.8	234.0	159.4	165.6	163
lassachusetta	214.8	206.6	208.4	922.9	901.6	905.9	404.1	390.7	388
Boston	147.9	139.3	139.7	594.9	580.5	581.6	203.8	196.7	194
Brockton	3.3	3.1	3.1	16.3	16.5	16.6	12.6	11.6	1
Fall River	3.5	3.2	3.2	11.0	11.1	11.1	7.1	7.0	•
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.4 6.0	1.4 5.7	1.4 5.7	8.8 36.0	8.4 35.1	8.3 35.2	5.0 21.7	4.5 20.4	2
Lowell	3.5	3.2	3.2	21.1	20.5	20.7	13.7	13.5	13
New Bedford	2.4	2.4	2.4	14.5	14.8	14.9	9.9	9.4	
Pittsfield	1.9	1.8	1.8	12.3	12.7	12.7	5.0	4.9	
Springfield	15.5	14.8	14.6	62.7	63.7	63.5	38.8	38.1	3
Norcester	14.1	13.9	13.9	52.2	49.5	49.9	24.8	23.8	2
ichigan	169.1	191.3	191.6	932.0	935.2	945.0	643.7	650.4	64
Ann Arbor	4.8	4.6	4.6	39.2	40.7	40.7	56.7	59.5	5
Battle Creek	3.3	3.5	3.5	12.6	13.3	13.2	11.7	12.1	1
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.6	2.6	15.1	15.4	16.0	9.1	9.1	00
Detroit	111.7 6.4	114.0 6.6	113.6	515.3	515.1	518.6	238.4	240.4	23
Flint	15.9	16.2	6.7 16.3	37.1 81.1	38.6 82.5	39.1 83.5	23.5 34.5	24.4 36.0	2 3
Jackson	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.5	10.7	10.9	10.2	10.2	1
Kalamazoo	5.3	5.6	5.7	28.5	29.0	29.1	19.2	19.5	i
ansing-East Lansing	12.7	13.1	13.2	44.0	43.8	44.5	69.7	72.1	7
Muskegon	1.5	1.5	1.5	12.5	12.6	12.8	9.7	9.7	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	5.9	6.5	6.5	38.5	38.5	38.7	21.5	21.4	2
linnesota	123.3	124.3	125.2	546.5	558.6	562.8	347.1	348.0	34
Duluth	3.2	3.3	3.3	24.2	25.2	25.0	22.7	22.7	2
Minneapolis-St. Paul	96.1	96.8	97.5	365.5	375.1 28.8	377.8 28.8	189.0 7.0	192.2	19
Rochester St. Cloud	1.8 2.4	1.8 2.5	1.8 2.5	27.2 17.9	18.5	18.5	13.8	7.1 13.2	1
lississippi Jackson	38.7 14.3	38.9 14.2	38.9 14.2	160.5 43.3	164.1 44.2	165.7 44.7	207.0 42.4	208.4 42.7	200 42
lissouri	137.8	138.5	138.4	575.1	579.8	585.4	379.2	380.2	380
Kansas City	59.3 76.6	59.4 75.9	59.4 75.8	196.4 320.1	199.4 329.6	200.6 331.9	122.5 147.9	125.8 148.6	12 14
St. Louis	5.3	5.3	5.3	32.6	33.5	33.5	15.8	16.1	1
ontana	13.3	13.4	13.4	74.1	76.1	76.3	73.8	72.1	7
ebraska	48.1	49.5	49.5	176.7	189.2	191.4	145.9	149.9	15
Lincoln	8.4	8.6	8.6	28.1	29.4	29.7	32.5	34.2	3
Omaha	28.8	29.3	29.1	97.3	103.7	105.3	47.8	49.2	4
evada	27.9	28.7	26.7	267.0	271.3	273.3	75.9	82.9	8
Las Vegas	18.1 7.1	18.9 7.3	18.9 7.3	172.7 57.5	181.4 55.8	182.0 56.5	38.8 18.5	43.2 19.7	4
	i								
Washester	31.8 8.4	30.5 8.3	30.6 8.3	124.9 23.8	126.3 23.2	125.1 23.3	75.4 8.8	76.8 8.9	7
Manchester	3.5	3.4	8.3 3.4	23.8 19.6	20.2	20.8	7.9	7.7	
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	7.2	7.0	7.0	22.2	22.0	22.1	26.7	27.1	2
ew Jersey	240.5	234.1	234.3	981.0	988.3	996.7	577.9	578.8	57
Atlantic City	6.7	8.4	6.4	79.9	75.4	77.9	27.4	27.6	2
Bergen-Passaic	38.1	36.0	35.9	163.7	166.3	167.1	71.1	70.8	7
Camden	24.6	24.3	24.3	117.1	117.8	117.9	77.3	78.7	7
Jersey City	16.4	16.1	16.3	49.9	50.8	51.1	41.2	41.4	4
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	42.1	41.9	42.2	120.6	124.9	126.0	77.0	78.8	7
Monmouth-Ocean	19.6	18.7	18.6	99.1	98.0	100.3	68.0	65.8	12
Newark	76.1	73.4	73.9	266.4	272.6	272.0	138.9	137.7 56.5	13 5
Trenton	11.1	11.2	11.2	60.6	61.1	61.3	57.0 12.7	56.5 12.0	1
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	4.3	4.4	4.4	10.8	11.2	11.3	14./	12.9	

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		(Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
	5747	577.4	570.0	45.4	45.0	45.0	00.7	20.0	
ew Mexico		577.4	579.0	15.4	15.8	15.8	28.7	28.2	29
Albuquerque	1	245.0	246.5	()	()	()	13.0	11.8	12
Las Cruces		44.7	45.0	(2)	<u>()</u>	(')	2.2	2.1	
Santa Fe	. 59.7	60.6	60.9	(')	(1)	(¹)	3.1	2.8	2
ew York	8,193.5	8,024.1	8,050.5	5.4	4.6	5.1	308.3	261.1	271
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	. 432.1	430.5	431.5	.4	.2	.3	18.7	15.8	16
Binghamton		115.8	115.9	(¹)	(')	(1)	4.5	3.8	4
Buffalo		456.7	458.0	Ö	(i)	Ö	17.0	15.9	17
Elmira		39.7	39.6	l (i)	(5)	(i)	1.5	1.3	
Giens Falls		44.6	45.0	Ö	- 65	Ö	2.2	1.8	:
Nassau-Suffolk		1,096.1	1,101.5	8	- 6 l	6	54.1	47.4	49
New York PMSA		4,016.7	4,018.6	8	- 6 I	8	142.3	121.7	12
New York City		3,503.9	3,502.6	.3	.2	.2	113.4	98.6	9(
Niagara Falls		83.0	84.0	()	()	(¹)	3.5	3.2	
Orange County		103.2	103.8	(1)	()	(')	4.4	3.5	
Poughkeepsie		118.8	119.4	(') _	(')	(¹)	6.1	4.8	
Rochester		483.2	487.4	.7	.6	.7	17.8	16.6	1
Rockland County	. 101.4	99.4	99.3	(')	(1)	(¹)	4.4	3.6	
Syracuse	. 314.9	308.8	312.9	l (1)	(¹)	(¹)	14.4	11.7	1
Jtica-Rome	127.4	123.8	124.4	(i)	- Ö 1	(i)	3.7	2.9	
Westchester County		394.5	397.6	ŏ	- iii	Ö	22.7	18.0	1
auth Caralina	3,122.6	2 000 4	0.106.0	5.3		- 4	100.4	455.5	4-
orth Carolina		3,092.1	3,106.3		5.1	5.1	163.4	155.5	15
		86.9	87.6	(1)	()	(2)	4.5	4.4	_
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		627.4	629.4	(')	(!)	()	36.5	36.7	3
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		491.1	491.2	(1)	()	(1)	25.1	23.0	2
Raleigh-Durham	432.2	431.8	433.6	(')	(1)	(¹)	22.1	21.4	2
orth Dakota	264.1	265.9	268.3	4.1	4.3	4.4	8.7	7.5	
Bismarck		40.2	40.9	(¹)	(¹)		1.9	1.5	
Fargo-Moorhead		78.2	79.2	6	- 6 l	6	3.2	2.7	:
Grand Forks	_	31.9	32.2	8	8	- 8 -	1.0	.8	
hio		4,844.7	4,890.2	17.4	16.7	16.8	188.4	176.8	19
Akron		285.0	288.0	.6	.6	.6	10.2	8.9	1
Canton		163.2	165.1	.8	.8	.8	7.7	6.5	
Cincinnati	737.7	744.4	751.2	.4	.3	.4}	33.2	30.9	3
Dieveland	940.9	936.6	944.6	.8	.8	.8	32.6	30.6	3
Columbus		722.6	728.2	le.	.9	.9	28.2	26.5	2
Dayton-Springfield	450.5	446.0	449.8	.4	.4	.4	15.8	14.0	1
Toledo		280.4	285.9	.2	.2	.2	11.9	10.0	1
oungstown-Warren		194.5	196.3	.4	.3	.3	7.7	6.6	
1-1									
dahoma		1,194.7 21.4	1,195.0 21.7	43.2 .9	43.9 .9	43.6 .8	36.8 .6	34.6 .6	3
awton		34.9	35.0	.2	.3	.3	.9	1.0	
Oklahoma City		428.6 318.5	428.6 318.8	10.4 11.9	9.6 12.0	9.5 12.0	11.6 11.3	11.3 11.4	1
	!	0.0.0	0,0.0	, , , ,	, 2.0	,2.0	, ,,,	,,,	
regon		1,245.0	1,250.0	1.5	1.6	1.6	51.1	49.4	5
Eugene-Springfield	118.4	116.3	116.1	.2	.2	.2	3.8	3.5	
Medford	53.7	52.3	53.2	.1	.1	.1	1.9	1.7	
Portland	631.7	639.3	641.4	.5	.5	.5	29.6	27.2	2
Salem	106.2	107.7	108.2	.1	.1	.1	4.4	4.1	
nnsylvania	5,165.9	5,122.5	5,140.4	27.5	25.9	26.3	220.2	203.5	21
Nientown-Bethiehem		287.1	288.4	.6	.5	.5	12.9	11.5	1
kitoona		53.4	53.9	(')			2.4	2.1	
Beaver County		49.8		끊	(1)	(')			
			50.1	()	()	()	2.3	2.1	
rie		119.5	119.8	(1)	(')	(')	3.6	3.2	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Cartisle		310.9	311.9	.4	.5	.4	14.0	13.0	1
ohnstown		82.2	82.3	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.8	
ancaster		190.5	191.7	.4	.4	.4	12.3	11.3	1
Philadelphia PMSA	2,216.2	2,197.2	2,207.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	99.2	90.5	9
Tilladelprila Tillori									
Philadelphia City		735.5	737.2	(')	(')	(')	14.9	13.4	1

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		lanufacturing			nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991
au Maulaa	42.5	40.0	42.5	29.1	29.0	28.7	104.7	105 5	10
Albumana		42.8					134.7	135.5	130
Albuquerque	21.2	20.6	20.6	12.7	12.8	12.8	60.5	59.7	60
as Cruces	3.5 1.9	3.5 1.9	3.5 1.9	1.6 1.0	1.6 1.0	1.6 1.0	9.0 11.6	9.0 11.6	1
CATION 1 O	1.5		1.0		1.0	1.0	11.0	11.0	
ow York	1,134.9	1,079.4	1,080.3	425.4	425.8	427.4	1,666.4	1,615.3	1,61
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	46.0	45.9	46.1	17.0	16.8	17.0	90.3	90.6	9
Binghamton	34.1	32.8	32.6	4.3	4.1	4.2	24.8	24.8	2
luffalo	75.1	71.9	72.1	22.8	23.1	23.4	113.6	113.6	11
lmira	9.0	8.2	8.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	10.3	9.8	
Glens Falls	10.3	9.7	9.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	10.3	9.9	1
Nassau-Suffolk	152.4	139.7	139.2	50.1	50.7	50.5	285.1	276.3	27
lew York PMSA	411.8	391.8	392.1	251.5	248.1	249.0	722.0	696.5	69
lew York City	337.7	323.2	321.7	224.9	221.0	221.8	606.1	582.9	51
iagara Falls	23.6	21.6	21.9	4.0	3.8	4.0	20.3	20.6	
range County	14.1	12.9	12.9	6.4	6.3	6.6	28.3	27.1	
oughkeepsie	29.8	29.6	29.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	22.0	21.2	
ochester	132.3	131.1	130.8	15.2	15.3	15.3	103.2	101.0	1
ockland County	15.3	14.6	14.6	5.2	5.1	5.2	22.1	22.1	
yracuse	52.3	48.0	49.4	19.4	19.3	19.0	74.9	76.1	
tica-Rome	24.0	21.9	21.7	4.4	4.4	4.4	27.2	27.0	
/estchester County	56.8	51.6	53.7	20.8	21.3	21.4	89.5	87.1	
									_
rth Carolina	865.2	829.6	829.2	150.6	151.7	153.2	711.1	701.3	7
sheville	20.2	20.1	19.9	4.2	4.1	4.0	21.4	21.2	i
harlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	154.0	146.7	147.7	51.0	51.3	51.2	153.1	151.2	1
reensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	150.8	144.4	144.2	26.3	25.6	25.3	113.3	112.2	1
aleigh-Durham	63.2	63.1	63.1	21.2	21.5	21.5	89.5	89.2	
-th Balanta	16.7	47.0	17.6	.70	170	17.0	60.0	70.1	
rth Dakota		17.8	17.6	17.0	17.0	17.0	69.3		
ismarck	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.8	2.9	10.2	10.3	
argo-Moorhead	5.5 1.6	5.6 1.7	5.5 1.8	4.7 1.7	4.7 1.7	4.8 1.7	22.1 9.1	22.5 9.1	
				· ·					
lo	1,111.7	1,069.9	1,075.2	217.1	217.6	219.3	1,157.7	1,152.1	1,1
kron	66.3	66.3	66.3	13.7	13.7	13.8	68.5	67.5	
anton	43.8	43.2	43.1	5.4	5.5	5.7	40.8	40.4	
Cincinnati	146.9	146.0	144.8	40.6	41.6	41.9	187.6	186.9	1
Develand	206.8	201.7	202.6	42.6	41.7	42.5	223.8	223.8	2
Columbus	104.5	103.6	103.5	30.7	30.3	30.5	180.3	180.7	1
Payton-Springfield	102.7	96.9	97.4	18.1	18.4	18.5	101.1	100.9	1
oledo	59.7	50.1	53.1	14.5	14.4	14.5	71.2	69.8	
oungstown-Warren	49.2	47.0	47.6	7.3	7.0	7.0	52.9	52.2	
lahoma	166.8	167.2	166.7	67.1	67.5	67.0	275.3	273.4	2
nid	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.0	2.1	6.1	6.0	
awton	3.4	3.5	3.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.7	8.8	
Oklahoma City	49.3	48.4	47.8	21.2	21.0	20.9	102.6	100.7	1
ulsa	55.9	56.5	56.3	25.2	25.9	25.7	73.5	73.1	
	215.2	204.8	204.2	63.3	63.6	63.8	306.6	310.5	з
egon	20.6		18.3			- 1	30.3	29.3	
tugene-Springfield		18.4		4.4	4.4	4.3		15.8	
ledford	8.9	7.2	7.4	2.9	2.7	2.9	15.4		
ortland	102.5 14.0	102.6 14.0	102.2 13.9	37.1 2.9	37.6 2.9	37.8 2.9	161.2 23.4	163.3 23.6	1
alem	14.0	14.0	13.9	2.5	2.0	2.3	20.4	20.0	
nnsylvania	1,016.9	974.7	972.2	264.7	267.5	268.2	1,167.0	1,165.4	1,1
llentown-Bethlehem	74.1	73.8	73.8	14.7	14.5	14.6	62.6	63.7	
Itoona	10.8	10.6	10.6	4.7	4.8	4.7	14.1	14.0	
eaver County	9.3	9.0	8.9	5.3	4.9	4.9	11.4	11.6	
rie	36.2	35.7	35.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	25.6	25.3	ļ
	49.5	46.9	46.6	19.7	20.7	20.5	69.4	67.7	
larrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle			14.6		5.4	5.4	17.8	17.7	
ohnstown	14.2	14.3		5.6					
ancaster	57.7	55.4	55.3	7.7	7.6	7.7	48.5	46.2	1
Philadelphia PMSA	350.1	333.6	332.8	99.7	98.8	100.0	504.7	499.0	4
Philadelphia City	82.6	77.8	77.5	40.0	39.3	39.8	136.9	129.4	1
	118.3	115.4	115.5	53.4	54.4	54.2	222.6	220.0	2

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry--Continued

(In thousands)

Shaha and area		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		1	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Ma r. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
New Mexico	26.1	25.8	25.8	145.0	147.9	148.3	153.2	152.4	152.
	14.1	13.9	13.8	74.5	75.8	76.4	50.5	50.4	50.3
Albuquerque									
Las Cruces	1.6 2.3	1.6 2.3	1.6 2.3	7.8 15.8	8.1 16.3	8.2 16.5	18.8 24.0	18.8 24.7	18.6 24.4
New York	778.5	755.9	755.7	2,382.2	2,408.0	2,421.0	1,492.3	1,474.0	1,471.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	24.8	25.2	25.3	117.2	120.7	120.8	117.7	115.2	115.0
Binghamton	4.1	4.0	4.0	24.7	24.8	24.9	21.9	21.6	21.4
Buffalo	27.5	27.2	27.7	126.1	128.0	128.0	77.1	77.1	75.9
Elmira	1.4	1.5	1.4	10.5	10.3	10.4	7.5	7.2	7.0
Glens Falls	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.4	10.6	10.6	9.7	9.6	9.5
Nassau-Suffolk	80.9	81.0	81.2	309.7	313.4	317.5	190.2	187.5	187.9
New York PMSA	554.6	534.5	532.1	1,322.9	1,335.3	1,337.6	696.6	688.9	690.1
New York City	518.6	498.8	496.4	1,163.1	1,174.1	1,175.2	612.1	605.1	607.0
Niagara Falls	1.9	2.0	2.0	18.3	18.6	18.8	13.1	13.2	12.9
Orange County	4.9	5.0	5.0	24.0	24.5	24.5	24.6	24.0	23.9
Poughkeepsie	4.8	4.7	4.7	29.3	30.1	30.7	25.6	24.8	24.5
Rochester	23.2	22.6	22.8	124.3	126.9	129.0	70.1	69.1	69.8
Rockland County	5.3	5.3	5.3	27.2	27.4	27.6	22.0	21.3	21.1
Syracuse	20.3	20.7	21.0	79.2	79.4	80.7	54.4	53.7	53.9
Utica-Rome	7.4	7.5	7.6	28.6	28.9	29.2	32.1	31.3	30.9
Westchester County	29.8	29.6	29.6	127.4	128.6	129.5	58.4	58.3	57.8
North Carolina	133.3	133.8	134.2	591.9	602.9	608.8	501.8	512.2	512.5
Asheville	3.0	2.8	2.8	20.9	21.1	21.7	13.1	13.2	13.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	38.0	37.7	37.8	122.3	128.2	128.9	71.8	75.6	75.5
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	24.3	23.7	23.9	101.8	105.2	105.6	56.9	57.0	56.9
Raleigh-Durham	24.1	23.9	24.0	115.3	116.4	117.5	96.8	96.3	96.5
							{		
North Dakota	12.4	12.5	12.5	68.3	70.1	70.3	67.6	66.6	66.7
Bismarck	1.5	1.5	1.5	12.4	12.8	12.9	8.9	9.1	9.2
Fargo-Moorhead	4.6 1.1	4.7 1.1	4.7 1.1	21.8 7.1	22.5 7.4	22.7 7.5	15.3 10.0	15.5 10.1	15.4 9.9
Grand 1 GRS	""			•••		7.5	10.0	10.1	3.0
Ohio	252.6	254.6	254.8	1,178.9	1,208.7	1,227.1	736.1	748.3	742.9
Akron	10.8	10.6	10.7	67.8	69.6	71.4	46.6	47.8	47.3
Canton	6.8	6.6	6.6	39.4	40.4	41.3	19.6	19.7	19.5
Cincinnati	43.4	44.0	44.2	190.0	196.2	200.2	95.6	98.4	97.8
Cleveland	57.4	58.0	57.8	256.4	259.2	262.1	120.6	120.9	120.4
Columbus	60.3	60.8	60.8	180.3	186.8	189.8	131.4	133.0	132.6
Dayton-Springfield	17.2	17.5	17.7	117.3	119.7	120.5	77.9	78.2	77.8
Toledo	12.1	11.9	12.0	75.7	77.9	78.7	45.8	46.0	45.6
Youngstown-Warren	8.3	8.3	8.3	47.4	47.7	48.4	24.5	25.4	24.5
A.L	50.								
Oklahoma Enid	59.4 .9	57.9 .9	57.6 .9	271.5 5.2	279.9 5.4	279.8 5.5	266.4 4.1	270.3 4.1	269.8 4.1
	1.8								
Lawton		1.6	1.6	6.1	6.3	6.2	12.0	11.7	11.8
Oklahoma City	24.6 17.4	24.6 17.5	24.3 17.6	107.1 82.0	108.6 83.3	108.3 83.5	104.3 38.7	104.4 38.8	104.5 38.8
	ĺ			32.0				55.5	
Oregon	78.3	80.8	81.4	295.6	302.8	304.3	227.2	231.5	231.4
Eugene-Springfield	5.6	5.8	5.8	28.6	29.1	29.1	24.9	25.6	25.4
Medford	2.6	2.5	2.5	12.4	12.7	12.8	9.5	9.6	9.6
Portland	50.8	52.0	52.2	164.7	168.8	169.5	85.3	87.3	87.1
Salem	5.8	6.0	6.0	23.3	24.1	24.4	32.3	32.9	32.9
Pennsylvania	298.4	298.6	299.6	1,443.7	1,467.9	1,476.9	727.5	719.0	717.6
Allentown-Bethlehem	14.6	14.7	14.8	75.0	76.2	77.0	32.2	32.2	31.9
Altona	2.1	2.1	2.1	11.9	12.3	12.5	7.6	7.5	7.5
Beaver County	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.3	12.6	12.8	8.2	8.0	8.0
Erie	5.4	5.5	5.6	30.0	30.9	31.0	14.2	14.5	14.5
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	20.8	21.6	21.9	70.1	70.9	72.2	69.2	69.6	69.1
	4.6	4.6	4.6		21.9		13.2		13.0
Johnstown				21.0		21.1		13.0	
Lancaster	7.6	7.9	7.9	42.4	43.7	44.1	17.6	18.0	17.8
Philadelphia PMSA	161.8	160.2	160.0	689.9	708.2	712.4	309.7	305.9	306.6
Philadelphia City	65.3	63.3	63.3	266.3	272.1	273.7	144.3	140.2	140.8
Pittsburgh	55.0	55.5	55.5	309.4	312.6	313.4	108.4	108.7	108.4

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		(Construction	n
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
ennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	154.2	151.3	152.0	0	(¹)	(¹)	7.2	6.8	7
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	308.2	304.9	305.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	13.2	11.1	12
Sharon	43.9	43.8	43.9	0 1	(1)	(1)	1.4	1.3	1
State College	62.2	61.4	62.2	.4	.4	.4	2.6	2.0] :
Williamsport	51.2	50.6	50.8	l o l	(b)	(')	2.6	2.6	
York	180.4	180.4	180.4	.5	.5	.5	9.9	9.3	
hode Island	450.6	436.2	436.6	.1	.1	.2	18.3	13.9	1
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	128.0	121.3	120.6	.2	.1	.2	4.5	3.0	
Providence	320.3	311.0	312.0	.1	.1	.1	13.6	10.6	1
outh Carolina	1,547.1	1,546.7	1,559.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	100.8	96.5	9
Charleston	207.8	213.1	214.7	l (t)	(¹)	(¹)	16.1	16.0	1
Columbia	247.1	251.6	252.1	Ö	Ö.	(i)	14.4	13.8	1
Greenville-Spartanburg	335.9	337.1	338.9	Ö	(')	Ö	25.5	24.9	2
outh Dakota	284.7	289.6	293.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	10.7	10.4	1
Rapid City	37.4	37.6	38.3	.2	.2	.2	2.1	2.3	
Sioux Falis	74.3	76.0	77.4	(1)	(¹)	(')	3.5	3.3	
ennessee	2,191.9	2,168.7	2,175.1	6.3	5.9	6.1	91.0	82.8	8
Chattanooga	202.5	199.8	200.5	.6	.6	.6	7.1	7.0	·
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	172.1	170.5	171,1	(1)	(¹)	(')	6.8	6.3	
Knoxville	267.2	260.5	262.9	1.4	`´ 1.4	1.4	13.3	11.8	1
Memphis	475.2	478.3	480.0	(')	(¹)	(¹)	19.9	19.4	1
Nashville	500.6	501.8	502.3	Ö	(1)	Ö	24.2	23.4	2
exas	7,018.3	7,098.2	7,114.5	176.9	182.6	183.0	326.3	338.0	33
Abilene	48.8	48.5	48.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	
Amarillo	79.0	77.5	77.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	3.0	2.8	
Austin :	377.4	383.4	383.9	.7	.7	.7	11.3	12.3	1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	141.2	147.9	147.9	1.7	1.8	1.9	11.3	13.3	1
Brazoria	65.7	67.3	67.4	1.9	2.0	2.0	8.6	8.6	-
Brownsville-Harlingen	75.0	77.3	77.6	(1)	(¹)	(1)	2.3	2.4	
Bryan-College Station	55.3	55.8	56.1	.6	.5	.5	1.9	1.8	
Corpus Christi	135.5	137.9	137.6	4.0	4.1	4.1	12.8	11.3	1
Dallas	1,369.0	1,373.3	1,372.6	17.8	17.9	17.9	45.4	46.7	\ 4
El Paso	206.7	209.8	210.7	(¹)	(')	(1)	7.8	8.1	Ì
Ft. Worth-Arlington	585.2	586.2	585.0	4.3	4.7	4.6	21.9	21.8	2
Galveston-Texas City	75.9	76.3	76.4	.6	.7	.7	4.6	4.1	İ
Houston	1,581.2	1,623.3	1,625.8	66.9	72.7	72.2	108.9	108.5	10
Killeen-Temple	74.2	72.7	73.6	(')	(¹)	(')	2.4	2.3	
Laredo	44.2	45.0	45.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.3	
ongview-Marshall	69.6	68.9	69.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.5	
Lubbock	98.0	98.6	99.1	.3	.2	.2	3.1	3.2	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	102.9	103.4	103.5	.8	.9	.9	4.6	4.6	i
Midland	44.4	44.9	45.0	9.0	9.0	8.8	1.3	1.4	}
Odessa	43.3	44.2	44.2	5.1	5.1	5.3	2.1	2.2	
San Angelo	36.4	36.6	36.6	.5	.5	.5	1.1	1.2	
San Antonio	523.0	517.9	519.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	21.0	22.0	4
Sherman-Denison	38.2	37.9	37.8	(1)	(1)	(¹)	1.4	1.5	ĺ
Texarkana	47.3	45.9	46.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	1.3	
Tyler	62.0	62.4	62.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	İ
Victoria	28.1	28.8	29.1	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7	l
Waco	82.1	82.7	82.6	(1)	(')	(')	3.2	3.0	l
Wichita Falls	49.7	50.1	50.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	t

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Sun and ann	N	lanufacturing	9		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
ennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	46.5	43.5	43.7	6.6	6.8	6.7	33.8	33.6	33
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	70.5	67.7	67.3	16.7	16.9	16.9	72.7	72.5	72
Sharon	11.1	11.4	11.1	2.2	2.0	2.1	10.9	10.7	10
State College	8.8	8.6	8.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	11.5	12.3	12
Williamsport	15.4	15.1	15.2	1.7	1.7	1.8	11.6	11.3	11
York	57.6	55.9	55.5	8.0	7.9	8.0	45.2	46.5	46
hode Island	99.5	93.7	92.1	15.7	15.0	15.1	96.6	92.7	9:
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	45.8	43.6	43.0	3.8	3.4	3.4	32.5	30.6	30
Providence	63.0	59.6	59.1	11.8	11.4	11.6	64.9	61.6	6
outh Carolina	384,7	365.8	366.8	66.9	65.9	66.3	346.2	341.7	348
Charleston	21.4	20.8	21.0	11.1	10.8	11.0	51.6	52.8	50
Columbia	28.0	27.8	27.6	11.3	11.4	11.4	54.6	55.4	55
Greenville-Spartanburg	99.5	95.1	95.3	14.5	14.6	14.7	77.5	78.8	79
outh Dakota	33.6	33.7	34.1	13.0	13.8	13.8	74.3	76.4	7
Rapid City	4.0	3.7	3.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.5	10.7	14
Sioux Fails	9.0	9.2	9.4	4.8	5.0	5.0	20.6	21.1	2
ennessee	523.0	509.7	506.0	115.2	116.4	116.5	512.3	506.9	51
Chattanooga	47.2	44.7	44.4	9.2	9.1	9.3	47.8	47.8	4
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	54.3	51.4	51.3	6.0	6.3	6.3	39.8	38.9	3
Knoxville	49.5	47.8	46.9	11.3	11.3	11.3	70.7	68.3	6
Memphis	62.7	60.7	61.0	46.7	47.9	48.0	124.2	124.4	12
Nashville	89.7	87.0	86.3	27.0	27.0	26.9	122.1	122.9	123
DX86	986.0	977.1	974.1	419.6	426.3	428.2	1,693.5	1,697.5	1,70
Abilene	5.0	4.5	4.5	2.8	2.7	2.7	12.5	12.6	1:
Amarillo	8.8	8.9	8.8	5.5	5.6	5.6	22.8	21.8	2
Austin	47.6	48.8	48.6	11.6	12.0	11.8	76.8	75.4	7
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.0	25.9	25.8	9.6	9.6	9.6	32.3	33.2	3
Brazona	16.5	16.7	16.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	12.3	12.8	12
Brownsville-Harlingen	11.3	11.6	11.8	3.1	3.4	3.4	20.3	20.4	20
Bryan-College Station	3.6	3.3	3.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	11.2	11.0	1
Corpus Christi	12.0	12.3	12.3	6.6	6.5	6.5	31.7	32.3	3:
Dallas	221.3	215.9	214.6	82.4	82.5	82.9	348.2	351.9	35
El Paso	40.7	41.2	41.0	10.8	10.7	10.8	51.4	52.7	5
Ft. Worth-Arlington	119.4	109.7	108.1	54.1	56.2	56.5	149.4	149.6	14
Galveston-Texas City	8.9	8.8	8.7	5.1	5.1	5.2	15.1	15.3	1
Houston	172.4	176.6	176.6	107.6	112.5	113.3	369.3	369.1	37
Killeen-Temple	8.6	8.8	8.8	2.7	2.4	2.4	16.7	15.5	1
Laredo	1.7	1.5	1.6	6.1	6.3	6.2	13.9	13.9	1
Longview-Marshall	16.5	16.1	16.1	3.4	3.5	3.6	16.8	16.9	1
Lubbock	7.0	7.1	7.1	5.6	5.6	5.5	27.9	28.6	2
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	13.4	13.3	12.9	2.9	3.2	3.2	31.6	32.1	3
Midland	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	10.4	10.6	14
Odessa	4.3	4.3	4.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.3	12.7	1
San Angelo	5.1	5.1	5.0	2.6	2.7	2.6	8.9	8.6	
San Antonio	46.2	43.1	43.1	21.7	21.9	22.0	128.8	128.5	12
Sherman-Denison	11.2	10.6	10.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	7.8	7.9	
Fexarkana	7.1	6.9	6.5	2.2	2.4	2.4	11.0	10.8	1
[yler	11.0	10.9	10.6	2.7	2.9	2.9	16.0	16.0	19
/ictoria	3.0	3.1	3.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.5	7.4	
Naco	15.8	16.1	16.0	3.4	3.4	3.5	18.9	19.3	1
Wichita Falls	8.4	0.6	8.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	11.3	11.5	1

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Ohan and ann		ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued							·		
Reading	8.2	8.3	8.3	33.6	33.7	34.1	18.3	18.6	18.5
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	13.6	13.5	13.5	77.5	79.8	79.8	43.4	42.8	42.8
Sharon	1.3	1.3	1.4	11.5	11.5	11.6	5.5	5.6	5.9
State College	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.0	10.9	11.1	24.3	23.6	24.0
Williamsport	2.3	2.3	2.3	10.7	10.5	10.5	6.9	7.1	6.
York	5.2	5.3	5.2	34.6	35.7	35.9	19.4	19.3	19.
Phode Island	27.0	26.6	26.4	129.4	129.2	130.2	64.0	65.0	64.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.7	3.6	3.5	26.0	25.3	25.2	11.5	11.7	11.
Providence	22.3	22.2	22.1	97.6	98.0	99.0	47.0	47.5	47.0
South Carolina	66.1	65.0	65.3	294.4	308.0	312.3	285.9	301.8	301.
Charleston	7.8	7.8	8.0	45.2	48.3	49.1	54.6	56.6	56.
Columbia	17.7	17.7	17.9	52.1	54.9	55.4	69.0	70.6	70.
Greenville-Spartanburg	11.9	11.9	12.0	64.3	67.0	67.7	42.7	44.8	44.9
South Dakota	16.2	16.5	16.5	70.2	72.0	72.8	64.2	64.3	64.
Rapid City	1.5	1.4	1.5	9.8	9.9	10.0	7.4	7.5	7.
Sioux Falls	8.1	8.2	8.2	20.3	21.5	21.5	8.0	7.7	8.0
Ferinessee	102.5	101.2	101.4	484.7	489.5	492.1	356.9	356.3	358.
Chattanooga	12.9	13.4	13.5	42.7	42.2	42.4	35.0	35.0	35.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bnstol	5.2	5.1	5.1	34.7	36.1	36.4	25.3	26.4	26.4
Knoxville	10.1	10.3	10.3	58.1	57.4	59.8	52.8	52.2	52.0
Memphis	25.0	25.2	25.2	118.9	121.7	121.8	77.8	79.0	79.
Nashville	31.0	30.4	30.5	136.0	140.8	141.1	70.6	70.3	70.6
Texas	431.6	428.3	428.8	1,700.4	1,730.5	1,732.4	1,284.0	1,317.9	1,320.
Abilene	1.9 4.3	1.9	2.0	14.4	14.7	14.7	9.3	9.2	9.3
Amarillo	23.6	4.3 23.4	4.3 23.4	17.8 95.2	17.8 98.6	17.8 98.9	15.6 110.6	15.2 112.2	15.2 112.2
Austin	5.3	23.4 5.4	5.4 5.4	34.2	36.9	36.8	21.8	21.8	21.8
Beaumont-Port Arthur	1.8	1.8	1.8	9.7	9.9	10.0	12.1	12.5	12.5
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.5	3.8	3.7	16.9	17.7	17.7	17.6	18.0	17.
Bryan-College Station	1.8	1.8	1.8	10.4	10.9	11.1	24.5	25.2	25.2
Corpus Christi	6.3	6.3	6.3	31.9	33.7	33.5	30.2	31.4	31.4
Dallas	126.7	123.3	123.5	365.8	371.2	371.1	161.4	163.9	164.0
El Paso	8.4	8.3	8.3	43.3	43.8	44.3	44.3	45.0	45.2
Ft. Worth-Arlington	27.5	27.1	27.1	133.1	138.4	137.9	75.5	78.7	78.9
Galveston-Texas City	5.0	5.0	5.0	14.5	14,6	14.6	22.1	22.7	22.
Houston	101.6	103.4	103.2	445.2	466.3	466.9	209.3	214.2	214.0
Killeen-Temple	3.3	3.3	3.4	17.7	17.5	17.7	22.8	22.9	23.0
Laredo	1.8	1.8	1.8	7.8	8.2	8.2	9.8	10.2	10.2
Longview-Marshall	2.6	2.6	2.6	14.0	14.0	14.1	9.1	8.9	9.0
Lubbock	5.5	5.5	5.7	25.5	25.0	24.8	23.1	23.4	23.4
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	4.1	4.0	4.0	18.0	18.4	18.7	27.5	26.9	27.0
Midland	2.4	2.4	2.4	9.5	9.8	9.9	7.2	7.1	7.3
Odessa	1.5	1.3	1.3	7.9	8.4	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.
San Angelo	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.0	9.1	9.2	7.6	7.8	7.
San Antonio	40.1	38.0	38.0	141.3	140.4	141.4	122.1	122.2	122.
Sherman-Denison	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.7	9.7	9.7	4.6	4.5	4.
Texarkana	1.8	1.7	1.7	10.8	11.2	11.2	12.9	11.5	12.
Tyler	3.5	3.5	3.5	15.6	15.9	16.1	9.8	9.8	9.
Victoria	1.6	1.6	1.6	6.1	6.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5.
Waco	5.2	5.2	5.1	22.3	22.3	22.2	13.3	13.4	13.
Wichita Falls	2.1	2.1	2.1	12.4	12.7	12.7	9.7	9.9	9.

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(in thousands)

1990 1991 1991 1990 1991 1990 1991 1990 1991 1990 1991 1991 1990 1991			Total			Mining			Construction	ו
Provide	State and area									Apr. 1991 ^p
Provo-Orome	Illah	715 6	727 5	744.2	9.2	9.7	0.7	25.0	25.0	27.
Vermont										3.
Vermont										19.
Barre-Montpelier	Sait Lake City-Ogden	400.3	499.9	505.0	2.7	3.0	3.0	18.0	10.5	19.
Burlington	Vermont	255.2	251.4	247.0	.5	.5	.5	13.4	12.2	12
Virginia	Barre-Montpelier	33.6	33.9	33.4		(')	(¹)	1.8	1.9	2
Bristol 34.3 34.6 34.9 () () () () 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.3 1	Burlington	79.8	78.1	78.4	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	4.2	3.5	3.
Bristol	/irginia	2889.6	2.837.9	2.858.7	15.6	147	14.8	184.7	156.7	161
Charlottesville		_,	_,	_,						101
Danville				-						3.
Lynchburg										2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News										
Northern Virginia										3
Richmond-Petersburg										31.
Roanoke 126.7 125.6 126.4 (¹) (¹) (¹) 7.8 6.9		_								41
Washington 2,127.1 2,167.9 2,182.8 3.7 3.5 3.6 113.7 113.8 1 Seattle 1,095.8 1,114.2 1,121.4 6 7 7 59.5 57.8 West Virginia 625.6 623.6 628.9 35.1 34.5 34.4 26.0 25.4 Charleston 110.7 112.5 113.1 2.0 2.3 2.2 4.6 4.6 Huntington-Ashland 111.3 112.5 113.1 2.0 2.3 2.2 4.6 4.6 Huntington-Ashland 61.5 61.5 62.2 .5 .5 .5 2.8 2.6 Parkersburg-Marietta 61.5 61.5 62.2 .5 .5 .5 2.8 2.6 Wheeling 59.9 59.5 60.1 2.3 2.0 2.0 1.7 1.6 Wisconsin 2263.1 2253.2 2275.0 2.2 1.6 2.1 77.2 7.6 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>29.</td></tr<>										29.
Seattle	Roanoke	126.7	125.6	126.4	(')	(¹)	(')	7.8	6.9	7.
Seattle	Washington	2,127.1	2,167.9	2,182.8	3.7	3.5	3.6	113.7	113.8	117
Charleston 110,7 112,5 113,1 2,0 2,3 2,2 4,6 4,6 Huntington-Ashland 111,3 112,4 112,5 1,5 1,6 1,6 50,0 52 Parkersburg-Marietta 61,5 61,5 62,2 5,5 5,5 2,8 2,6 Wheeling 59,9 59,5 60,1 2,3 2,0 2,0 1,7 1,6 Wisconsin 2,263,1 2,253,2 2,275,0 2,2 1,6 2,1 77,2 69,5 Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah 159,1 160,7 161,9 (') (') (') 7,2 7,6 Eau Claire 59,0 58,0 58,8 (') (') (') 1,9 1,7 Green Bay 104,2 106,2 106,9 (') (') (') (') (') (') 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,1 1,1 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0		1,095.8	1,114.2	1,121.4	.6		.7	59.5		60.
Charleston 110,7 112,5 113,1 2.0 2.3 2.2 4.6 4.6 Huntington-Ashland 111,3 112,4 112,5 1,5 1,6 1,6 50 5,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 2,2 1,6 2,1 7,7,2 69,5 60,5 4,6	West Virginia	625.6	623.6	628.9	35.1	34.5	34.4	26.0	25.4	27.
Huntington-Ashland										5.
Parkersburg-Marietta 61.5 61.5 62.2 .5 .5 .5 2.8 2.6 Wheeling 59.9 59.5 60.1 2.3 2.0 2.0 1.7 1.6 Wisconsin 2,263.1 2,253.2 2,275.0 2.2 1.6 2.1 77.2 69.5 Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah 159.1 160.7 161.9 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 7.2 7.6 Eau Claire 59.0 58.0 58.8 (¹) <										5.
Wheeling 59.9 59.5 60.1 2.3 2.0 2.0 1.7 1.6 Wisconsin 2,263.1 2,253.2 2,275.0 2.2 1.6 2.1 77.2 69.5 Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah 159.1 160.7 161.9 (') (') (') 7.2 7.6 Eau Claire 59.0 58.0 58.8 (') (') (') (') 4.9 1.7 Green Bay 104.2 106.2 106.9 (') (') (') (') 4.9 4.										
Wisconsin 2,263.1 2,253.2 2,275.0 2.2 1.6 2.1 77.2 69.5 Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah 159.1 160.7 161.9 (') (') (') 7.2 7.6 Eau Claire 59.0 58.0 58.8 (') (') (') 1.9 1.7 Green Bay 104.2 106.2 106.9 (') (') (') 4.5 4.9 Janesville-Beloit 60.4 57.0 58.0 (') (') (') (') 1.5 1.4 Kenosha 40.1 41.5 42.6 (') (') (') 1.5 1.6 La Crosse 53.6 53.0 53.3 (') (') (') 1.5 1.6 La Crosse 53.6 53.0 53.3 (') (') (') (') (') (') 1.5 1.6 Mailwauke 751.5 750.4 752.7 (') (') (') (') <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2. 1.</td>										2. 1.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah										
Eau Claire 59.0 58.0 58.8 (') <				, ,						74
Green Bay 104.2 106.2 106.9 (') (') (') (') 4.5 4.9 Janesville-Beloit 60.4 57.0 58.0 (') (7.
Janesville-Beloit 60.4 57.0 58.0 (') (') (') 1.5 1.4	Eau Claire	59.0						1.9	1.7	2.
Kenosha 40.1 41.5 42.6 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (') (1) (1) 1.5 1.6 La Crosse 53.6 53.0 53.3 (') (') (') (1) (1) (1) 1.5 1.2 Madison 218.6 223.2 224.9 (') (') (') (1) 8.1 7.1 Miwaukee 751.5 750.4 752.7 (') (') (') (2) 223.6 Racine 76.4 76.3 76.3 (') (') (') (') (2) 24 1.9 Sheboygan 51.3 51.2 51.6 (') (') (') (') (') (') 1.1 1.7 1.1 Wausau 51.9 52.5 53.0 (') (') (') (') (') (') (') 1.8 2.	Green Bay	104.2	106.2	106.9	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	4.5	4.9	5.
La Crosse 53.6 53.0 53.3 (¹)	Janesville-Beloit	60.4	57.0	58.0	(')	(¹)	(')	1.5	1.4	1.
Madison 218.6 223.2 224.9 (') <	Kenosha	40.1	41.5	42.6	l (i) l	(')	(')	1.5	1.6	1.
Madison 218.6 223.2 224.9 (¹) <	La Crosse	53.6	53.0	53.3	(6)	ė i	Ö	1.5	1.2	1.
Milwaukee 751.5 750.4 752.7 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (²) 25.2 23.6 Racine 76.4 76.3 76.3 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) (²) (²) (²) (²) (¹) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²) (²)		218.6	223.2	224.9				8.1	7.1	7.
Racine 76.4 76.3 76.3 (°)		751.5	750.4							24.
Sheboygan 51.3 51.2 51.6 (¹) (²)										2.
Wausau 51.9 52.5 53.0 (i) (i) (i) (i) 1.8 2.2 Wyoming 194.3 193.8 196.9 17.6 17.5 17.9 10.4 9.4 Casper 28.4 28.6 29.1 2.3 2.4 2.5 1.8 1.7 Puerto Rico 839.6 832.1 832.5 1.0 .9 .9 44.3 46.4 Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (') (') (') (') 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (') (') (') 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (') (') (') (') (')										1.
Casper 28.4 28.6 29.1 2.3 2.4 2.5 1.8 1.7 Puerto Rico 839.6 832.1 832.5 1.0 .9 .9 44.3 46.4 Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) <										2.
Casper 28.4 28.6 29.1 2.3 2.4 2.5 1.8 1.7 Puerto Rico 839.6 832.1 832.5 1.0 .9 .9 44.3 46.4 Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) <						``				
Puerto Rico 839.6 832.1 832.5 1.0 .9 .9 44.3 46.4 Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 4.6 4.0										10. 1.
Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) (¹) (¹) 4.6 4.0	·				2.3	2.4		1.0	•/	١.
Caguas 53.8 53.6 54.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) 1.4 1.4 Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) (¹) (¹) 4.6 4.0	Puerto Rico	839.6	832.1	832.5	1.0	.9	.9	44.3	46.4	47.
Mayaguez 57.6 57.1 58.0 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 2.2 2.1 Ponce 56.1 54.8 54.9 (¹) (¹) (¹) (¹) 4.6 4.0		53.8	53.6	54.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	1.4	1.
Ponce							ö			2
							ö			4
										33
Virgin Islands	Virgin lalanda	,,,	40.0	40.4	"	45	715		, ,	4

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	fanufacturing			nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and allea	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Utah	105.2	108.1	107.9	41.9	42.3	42.5	168.1	172.0	173.5
Provo-Orem	13.9	14.1	14.1	2.6	2.4	2.3	20.8	22.5	22.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden	68.3	69.8	69.9	32.3	33.0	33.2	118.6	118.3	119.4
Vermont	46.4	43.6	43.9	10.9	10.6	10.6	58.3	57.5	56.8
Barre-Montpelier	4.5	4.2	4.4	.9	.9	.9	7.4	6.9	6.9
Burlington	15.8	15.0	15.0	3.6	3.2	3.3	19.0	19.0	18.6
/irginia	426.5	406.6	409.4	147.1	147.7	148.5	647.1	636.1	638.7
Bristol	10.8	10.6	10.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	8.8	8.7	8.7
Charlottesville	9.0	8.3	8.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	15.0	14.7	14.7
Darwille	16.3	14.1	13.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	8.6	8.7	8.8
Lynchburg	23.8	23.0	23.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	16.6	16.1	16.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	65.6	64.3	65.2	27.3	27.5	28.0	142.3	135.6	137.1
Northern Virginia	34.9	33.6	33.2	50.7	49.8	50.3	172.5	168.0	169.0
Richmond-Petersburg	64.6	63.8	63.8	23.6	23.8	23.7	107.3	106.5	106.
Roanoke	20.0	18.5	19.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	34.0	34.1	34.0
Washington	367.6	360.1	363.8	110.9	114.2	114.5	510.8	514.9	517.
Seattle	221.9	219.6	219.4	67.7	68.0	68.2	257.8	261.5	263.
West Virginia	88.2	83.4	83.4	37.6	37.3	37.1	143.8	142.2	143.
Charleston	10.9	10.7	10.7	9.1	9.1	9.1	28.6	29.2	29.0
Huntington-Ashland	20.0	19.8	19.3	8.5	8.2	8.2	27.8	28.0	28.
Parkersburg-Marietta	14.4	13.8	14.0	2.5	2.4	2.4	14.6	14.9	15.
Wheeling	7.4	7.1	7.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	15.9	15.9	16.
Wisconsin	554.4	540.6	542.3	104.8	106.4	107.4	528.1	523.7	529.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	53.4	52.0	52.2	6.2	6.4	6.5	33.6	34.0	34.
Eau Claire	11.2	10.9	10.8	3.1	3.1	3.0	15.7	15.1	15.3
Green Bay	22.6	22.6	22.6	7.5	7.5	7.6	27.1	27.1	27.
Janesville-Beloit	19.1	16.0	16.2	2.5	2.2	2.2	14.2	14.2	14.0
Kenosha	9.9	9.3	9.9	1.4	1.4	1.3	10.7	11.3	11.0
La Crosse	10.6	10.7	10.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	14.1	14.4	14.
Madison	25.1	26.2	26.1	7.9	8.7	8.7	48.5	49.6	49.
Milwaukee	175.2	171.3	170.0	36.6	37.3	37.3	170.2	169.1	170.
Racine	26.7	25.7	25.0	2.3	2.3	2.2	17.1	17.7	17.
Sheboygan	21.5	21.7	21.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	9.6	9.6	9.
Wausau	14.9	14.5	14.7	3.1	3.2	3.2	12.5	12.3	12.
Wyoming	9.1	9.3	9.3	14.3	14.2	14.3	42.6	43.1	43.
Casper	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	7.7	7.7	7.
Puerto Rico	157.7	151.7	151.0	21.3	20.1	19.6	154.0	151.9	152.
Caguas	15.5	15.3	15.5	.5	.6	.6	11.2	10.8	10.
Mayaguez	19.7	17.7	18.3	.5	.6	.5	8.3	8.7	- 8.
Ponce	11.0	10.1	10.1	1.6	1.4	1.3	8.7	8.4	8.6
San Juan	65.6	64.3	64.0	16.9	16.8	16.4	105.2	104.5	104.0
Virgin islands	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.3	9.4	9.5	9.

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Construction of the Constr		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Utah	33.9	34.9	34.8	178.4	190.2	192.0	154.0	155.5	157.
Provo-Orem	2.2	2.3	2.3	35.6	38.3	38.7	14.9	15.2	15.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden	27.7	28.7	29.1	120.1	127.1	128.3	100.6	101.5	102.
Vermont	12.7	11.4	11.4	66.2	69.7	65.8	46.8	45.9	45.
Barre-Montpelier	2.9	2.6	2.6	8.2	8.9	8.4	7.9	8.5	8.
Burlington	4.2	3.9	3.8	20.0	20.5	20.7	13.0	13.0	13.
Virginia	153.9	150.1	150.2	729.8	737.5	746.2	584.9	588.5	589.
Bristol	1.2	1.1	1.1	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	6.0	6.
Charlottesville	3.8	3.5	3.5	14.1	14.7	15.1	24.4	23.9	25.
Danville	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.0	7.1	7.1	5.7	5.7	5.
Lynchburg	3.4	3.4	3.4	17.3	17.3	17.2	10.0	10.0	10.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	26.6	25.8	25.7	148.3	149.8	152.5	137.6	137.8	137.
Northern Virginia	50.6	49.5	49.4	260.0	260.7	261.8	148.9	149.8	149.
Richmond-Petersburg	39.8	39.9	39.9	109.0	112.9	113.9	98.1	98.7	99.
Roanoke	8.6	8.6	8.6	32.2	33.3	33.4	15.9	16.0	15.
Vashington	115.5	117.9	118.1	504.2	528.2	530.2	400.7	415.3	417
Seattle	73.1	75.0	74.9	268.9	279.4	281.0	146.3	152.2	153
West Virginia	24.5	24.6	24.5	144.0	150.2	151.6	126.4	126.0	126
Charleston	6.5	6.6	6.5	28.8	30.2	30.3	20.2	19.8	19.
Huntington-Ashland	3.9	3.9	4.0	24.9	26.2	26.3	19.7	19.5	19.
Parkersburg-Manetta	2.2	2.3	2.3	14.7	15.2	15.3	9.8	9.8	9.
Wheeling	3.0	3.1	3.1	17.1	17.3	17.3	9.2	9.2	9.
Misconsin	119.0	120.9	121.7	524.6	537.0	541.0	352.7	353.5	356.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	7.6	8.0	8.1	32.5	34.1	34.3	18.6	18.6	18.
Eau Claire	1.8	1.8	1.8	13.4	13.4	13.8	11.9	11.9	12.
Green Bay	5.5	6.4	6.4	25.1	25.2	25.4	11.8	12.4	12.
Janesville-Beloit	1.7	1.6	1.7	13.9	14.2	14.5	7.5	7.4	7.
Kenosha	1.3	1.3	1.4	8.8	9.9	9.9	6.5	6.6	6.
La Crosse	1.7	1.6	1.6	14.9	15.0	15.0	8.4	7.8	7.
Madison	18.9	19.5	19.6	48.6	50.1	50.1	61.6	61.9	63.
Milwaukee	50.4	50.5	50.7	206.7	210.4	211.6	87.1	88.3	88.
Racine	2.2	2.3	2.3	17.2	17.7	18.1	8.5	8.6	8.
Sheboygan	2.3	2.2	2.2	9.1	9.3	9.3	5.4	5.6	5
Wausau	3.6	4.0	3.9	9.4	9.9	9.9	6.6	6.6	6.
Vyoming	7.1	7.0	7.0	36.2	36.3	36.8	57.0	57.0	57
Casper	1.4	1.4	1.4	6.7	6.6	6.8	5.2	5.4	5
Puerto Rico	36.8	36.4	36.4	134.1	135.1	135.7	290.4	289.6	289
Caguas	1.3	1.3	1.3	7.7	7.8	7.8	16.2	16.4	16.
Mayaguez	1.4	1.5	1.5	6.9	7.8	8.0	18.6	18.7	18.
Ponce	1.8	1.8	1.7	11.1	11.7	11.6	17.3	17.5	17.
San Juan	29.0	29.0	29.0	95.4	94.6	95.6	174.2	172.0	171.
irgin Islands	2.1	2.1	2.1	9.1	9.2	9.0	13.7	13.5	13

Combined with construction.
 Not available.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1990 benchmarks.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

V	·	Total private	l 		Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
989	34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
990	34.5	10.02	345.69	44.1	13.69	603.73	38.2	13.78	526.40
		1	l i	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	j		I
1990:		00.00	0040.00	40.0	040.00	250- 50	00.0	246.75	050555
May	34.4	\$9.96	\$342.62	43.2	\$13.60	\$587.52	38.3	\$13.73	\$525.86
June	34.8	9.97	346.96	44.4	13.70	608.28	39.1	13.68	534.89
July	34.9	9.99	348.65	43.6	13.74	599.06	38.4	13.76	528.38
August	34.8	9.98	347.30	44.0	13.66	601.04	39.0	13.79	537.81
September	34.8	10.15	353.22	45.1	13.86	625.09	39.1	13.97	546.23
October	34.3	10.14	347.80	44.6	13.73	612.36	38.0	13.97	530.86
November	34.3	10.16	348.49	45.0	13.82	621.90	38.2	13.87	529.83
December	34.7	10.19	353.59	45.5	13.88	631.54	38.3	13.92	533.14
991:									
January	33.7	10.22	344.41	44.4	14.20	630.48	36.2	14.02	507.52
February	33.9	10.23	346.80	44.4	14.10	626.04	37.0	13.93	515.41
March	34.0	10.24	348.16	44.0	14.09	619.96	37.2	13.93	518.20
April ^p	34.1	10.29	350.89	43.8	14.09	617.14	37.8	13.99	528.82
May ^p	34.2	10.30	352.26	43.9	13.99	614.16	38.3	13.97	535.05

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transp	oortation and utilities	l public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
					Annual	averages				
1964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41,1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.36
1965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.27
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.08
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.85
1968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.89
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.74
1970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.91
1971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.68
1972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.42
1973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.74
l974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	170.11
1975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.42
1976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.15
1977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	208.76
1978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	227.87
1979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.65
1980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	267.13
1981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.75
1982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.23
1983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.25
1984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.78
1985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.08
1986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.57
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.30
988	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.24
1989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.82
1990	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.96	504.14	38.1	10.79	411.10
				Monthi	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted			
1990:										
May	40.9	\$10.80	\$10.35	\$441.72	39.0	\$12.83	\$500.37	38.0	\$10.72	\$407.36
June	41.1	10.84	10.36	445.52	39.4	12.87	507.08	38.2	10.75	410.65
July	40.5	10.87	10.40	440.24	39.5	13.00	513.50	38.3	10.81	414.02
August	40.8	10.81	10.33	441.05	39.3	12.97	509.72	38.1	10.76	409.96
September	41.3	10.93	10.41	451.41	39.2	13.08	512.74	38.3	10.93	418.62
October	40.9	10.94	10.46	447.45	38.7	13.08	506.20	38.1	10.86	413.77
November	40.8	10.96	10.48	447.17	38.8	13.09	507.89	38.0	10.93	415.34
December	41.3	11.05	10.57	456.37	39.1	13.14	513.77	38.4	11.04	423.94
1991:			1				1			
January	40.2	11.05	10.62	444.21	38.2	13.18	503.48	37.7	11.04	416.21
February	39.9	11.02	10.61	439.70	38.3	13.17	504.41	37.7	11.08	417.72
March	40.1	11.06	10.64	443.51	38.3	13.15	503.65	37.9	11.06	419.17
April ^p	40.1	11.10	10.68	445.11	38.5	13.20	508.20	37.9	11.12	421.45
Mav ^o	40.3	11.15	10.72	449.35	38.7	13.17	509.68	38.0	11.13	422.94

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai ind real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.81	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.77	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.05
965	36.6	1.82	66.65	37.2	2.39	88.85	35.9	2.05	73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.50	37.3	2.47	92.21	35.5	2.17	76.92
967	35.3	2.01	70.86	37.1	2.58	95.70	35.1	2.29	80.30
968	34.7	2.16	74.93	37.0	2.75	101.70	34.7	2.42	84.08
969	34.2	2.30	78.67	37.1	2.93	108.56	34.7	2.61	90.62
970	33.8	2.44	82.31	36.7	3.07	112.79	34.4	2.81	96.52
971	33.7	2.60	87.51	36.6	3.22	118.02	33.9	3.04	103.04
972	33.4	2.75	92.03	36.6	3.36	122.94	33.9	3.27	110.62
973	33.1	2.91	96.45	36.6	3.53	129.34	33.8	3.47	117.49
974	32.7	3.14	102.55	36.5	3.77	137.68	33.6	3.75	126.22
975	32.4	3.36	108.63	36.5	4.06	147.89	33.5	4.02	134.73
976	32.1	3.57	114.56	36.4	4.27	155.51	33.3	4.31	143.53
977	31.6	3.85	121.54	36.4	4.54	165.42	33.0	4.65	153.59
978	31.0	4.20	130.14	36.4	4.89	178.03	32.8	4.99	163.89
979	30.6	4.53	138.83	36.2	5.27	190.92	32.7	5.36	175.36
980	30.2	4.88	147.24	36.2	5.79	209.68	32.6	5.85	190.98
981	30.1	5.25	157.99	36.3	6.31	228.73	32.6	6.41	209.16
982	29.9	5.48	163.83	36.2	6.78	245.68	32.6	6.92	225.87
983	29.8	5.74	171.13	36.2	7.29	263.68	32.7	7.31	239.04
984	29.8	5.85	174.47	36.5	7.63	278.04	32.6	7.59	247.25
985	29.4	5.94	174.81	36.4	7.94	289.20	32.5	7.90	256.49
986	29.2	6.03	175.80	36.4	8.36	304.49	32.5	8.18	265.93
987	29.2	6.12	178.80	36.3	8.73	316.37	32.5	8.49	276.03
988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
990	28.8	6.76	194.69	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.6	9.83	320.46
				Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	d		
990:									
May	28.7	\$6.73	\$193.15	35.6	\$9.89	\$352.08	32.3	\$9.75	\$314.93
June	29.2	6.74	196.81	35.8	9.89	354.06	32.6	9.73	317.20
July	29.7	6.73	199.88	36.2	9.99	361.64	32.9	9.76	321.10
August	29.4	6.73	197.86	35.7	9.94	354.86	32.8	9.75	319.80
September	28.9	6.83	197.39	36.1	10.10	364.61	32.7	9.95	325.37
October	28.4	6.83	193.97	35.5	10.08	357.84	32.4	9.96	322.70
November	28.4	6.86	194.82	35.6	10.12	360.27	32.4	10.02	324.65
December	29.2	6.84	199.73	36.2	10.24	370.69	32.7	10.11	330.60
991:		İ						1	1
January	27.6	6.90	190.44	35.7	10.24	365.57	32.1	10.12	324.85
February	28.0	6.89	192.92	35.8	10.30	368.74	32.3	10.14	327.52
March	28.1	6.91	194.17	35.6	10.33	367.75	32.3	10.16	328.17
April ^p	28.3	6.98	197.53	35.6	10.37	369.17	32.3	10.19	329.14
May ^p	28.6	6.98	199.63	35.6	10.38	369.53	32.3	10.18	328.81

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks. Thus, data beginning in April 1989 may differ slightly from those previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
Total private		34.3	34.4	34.0	34.1	34.2	-	-	_	_	
Mining		43.1	43.2	44.0	43.8	43.9	_	_	-	_	_
Metal mining	10	43.4	42.2	42.6	42.5				_		
iron ores		42.7	42.2	44.4	45.0		_	_	_	_	-
Copper ores		47.6	44.5	45.7	45.6	-	-	_	-	-	-
Coal mining	12	43.3	43.7	44.6	43.8	_	_		_	_	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		43.3	43.7	44.6	43.7	_	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	42.5	42.3	44.4	44.0	_	_	_	_	\ _	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	42.6	41.3	41.3	41.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Oil and gas field services	138	42.4	42.9	46.1	45.4	-	-		-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	44.8	45.8	42.9	44.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	45.3	46.8	42.7	44.0	-	-	-	-	_	-
Construction		37.3	38.3	37.2	37.8	38.3	-	_	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	37.0	37.8	37.0	37.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Residential building construction		36.6	37.1	35.6	36.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Operative builders		37.4	37.6	36.1	36.6	_ '	_	-	-	_	_
Nonresidential building construction		37.4	38.4	38.4	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	40.7	41.7	39.7	41.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Highway and street construction		41.2	42.2	39.0	40.0	_	_	_	_	-	_
Heavy construction, except highway		40.4	41.5	40.0	41.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special trade contractors	17	36.5	37.5	36.6	37.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.4	38.7	37.7	38.4	_	_	_	-	_	_
Painting and paper hanging		34.6	36.0	35.4	36.0	-	_	-	_	-	_
Electrical work		38.1	39.1	38.9	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		34.5	35.2	34.4	35.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carpentry and floor work		34.9	35.5	34.9	34.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	33.2	34.3	31.7	32.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing		39.8	40.9	40.1	40.1	40.3	2.9	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.
Durable goods		40.3	41.5	40.5	40.6	40.7	2.8	3.8	3.1	3.1	3.
Lumber and wood products	24	40.1	40.6	38.9	39.5	39.6	3.3	3.7	2.8	3.0	-
Logaina	241	41.8	41.9	39.8	39.3	-	5.1	5.5	4.4	4.0	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	41.2	41.7	40.1	40.5	-	4.2	4.5	3.7	3.8	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.8	42.1	40.7	41.0	-	4.6 2.5	4.9 3.0	4.1 2.1	4.2	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		38.6 39.8	40.0 39.9	37.5 38.1	38.7 39.4	<u>-</u>	2.8	3.0	2.1	2.7	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork	2431	38.8	39.3	36.6	38.8	-	1.8	2.3	1.3	2.1	_
Wood kitchen cabinets		39.4	39.0	38.2	38.7	_	2.7	3.0	1.9	2.7	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		40.6	41.3	40.3	40.3	_	3.4	3.9	3.3	3.4	_
Softwood veneer and plywood		43.9	42.8	41.4	42.1	_	5.2	4.8	3.7	4.0	-
Wood containers	244	38.6	39.3	39.5	38.9	-	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.5	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	37.8	38.9	35.4	36.9	-	1.4	2.0	1.1	1.6	-
Mobile homes	2451	37.9	38.7	35.2	37.0	-	1.5	1.8	.9	1.6	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	39.4	40.4	39.1	39.2	-	2.8	3.1	2.4	2.4	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	38.0	38.8	37.9	38.4	38.5	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.9	-
Household furniture	251	37.7	38.2	37.5	38.1	-	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.9	-
Wood household furniture		38.3	39.2	37.8	38.5	_	2.0	2.4	1.9	2.2	-
Upholstered household furniture		36.4	36.0	35.8	36.8	-	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	-
Metal household furniture		39.0	40.7	41.4	40.8	-	2.1	3.4	3.2	3.2	-
Mattresses and bedsprings		39.0	39.2	38.8	38.9	1 -	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.0	-
Office furniture	252	37.5	39.4	35.6	36.2	1	1.8	2.3	.9	1.2	-
Public building and related furniture		38.8	40.0	40.0	41.3	-	2.0	3.3	2.2	3.2	
Partitions and fixtures		39.3	40.0	40.3	40.3	-	2.0	2.7	2.3 1.9	1.8	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	37.6	39.3	38.4	38.2	-	1.6	2.5	1.9	1.6	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Total private		\$9.96	\$9.96	\$10.24	\$10.29	\$10.30	\$341.63	\$342.62	\$348.16	\$350.89	\$352.20
Mining		13.70	13.60	14.09	14.09	13.99	590.47	587.52	619.96	617.14	614.16
Metal mining	10	13.88	13.92	14.93	14.91	_	602.39	587.42	636.02	633.68	_
Iron ores		14,11	14.03	15.99		-	602.50	594.87	709.96	712.80	l -
Copper ores		12.03	12.06	13.25	13.50	-	572.63	536.67	605.53	615.60	-
Coal mining	12	16.62	16.54	16.92	16.85	-	719.65	722.80	754.63	738.03	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	16.75	16.69	17.09	17.02	-	725.28	729.35	762.21	743.77	-
Oil and gas extraction		13.04	12.89	13.39	13.48	-	554.20	545.25	594.52	593.12	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas		16.34	16.09	16.66	16.74	-	696.08	664.52	688.06	696.38	-
Oil and gas field services	138	11.00	11.02	11.68	11.74	-	466.40	472.76	538.45	533.00	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	11.49	11.46	11.60	11.72	. –	514.75	524.87	497.64	516.85	-
Crushed and broken stone		10.86	11.05	11.00	11.12		491.96	517.14	469.70	489.28	-
Construction		13.63	13.73	13.93	13.99	13.97	508.40	525.86	518.20	528.82	535.05
General building contractors	15	12.91	12.99	13.26	13.29	_	477.67	491.02	490.62	495.72	_
Residential building construction		12.20	12.21	12.31	12.24	_	446.52	452.99	438.24	440.64	_
Operative builders		12.65	12.65	13.76	13.72	-	473.11	475.64	496.74	502.15	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	13.59	13.74	14.08	14.19	-	508.27	527.62	540.67	547.73	-
Heavy construction, except building		13.13	13.38	13.35	13.66	-	534.39	557.95	530.00	560.06	_
Highway and street construction		12.67	13.17	12.47	13.01	- ,	522.00	555.77	486.33	520.40	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	13.32	13.49	13.66	13.92	-	538.13	559.84	546.40	576.29	-
Special trade contractors		14.07	14.13	14.35	14.36	-	513.56	529.88	525.21	532.76	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		14.30	14.38	14.77	14.83	-	534.82	556.51	556.83	569.47	-
Painting and paper hanging		12.91	13.02	12.99	12.98	-	446.69	468.72	459.85	467.28	-
Electrical work		14.87 14.41	15.02 14.45	15.38 14.23	15.37 14.24	-	566.55 497.15	587.28 508.64	598.28	596.36	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work		14.41	14.45	14.23	14.28	_	497.15	502.68	489.51 496.63	501.25 492.66	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		12.17	12.13	12.18	12.33	_	404.04	416.06	386.11	400.73	_
•											
Manufacturing		10.74	10.80	11.06	11.10	11.15	427.45	441.72	443.51	445.11	449.35
Durable goods		11.22	11.33	11.60	11.64	11.72	452.17	470.20	469.80	472.58	477.00
Lumber and wood products		9.08	9.10	9.10	9.18	9.24		369.46	353.99	362.61	365.90
Logging		11.34	11.31	10.90	10.95	-	474.01	473.89	433.82	430.34	-
Sawmills and planing mills		9.26	9.25	9.30	9.32	-	381.51	385.73	372.93	377.46	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		9.63 7.49	9.62 7.52	9.62 7.74	9.65 7.76	-	402.53 289.11	405.00	391.53	395.65	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2420	9.03	9.03	9.13	9.28	-	359.39	300.80 360.30	290.25 347.85	300.31 365.63	- -
Millwork		9.24	9.26	9.42	9.62		358.51	363.92	344.77	373.26	_
Wood kitchen cabinets		8.49	8.57	8.58	8.73	_	334.51	334.23	327.76	337.85	_
Hardwood veneer and plywood		7.59	7.63	7.85	7.88	_	308.15	315.12	316.36	317.56	_
Softwood veneer and plywood		10.46	10.33	10.23	10.38	_	459.19	442.12	423.52	437.00	_
Wood containers	. 244	6.64	6.67	6.60	6.67	-	256.30	262.13	260.70	259.46	_
Wood buildings and mobile homes	. 245	8.51	8.63	8.78	8.85	-	321.68	335.71	310.81	326.57	-
Mobile homes	. 2451	8.63	8.74	8.86	8.95	-	327.08	338.24	311.87	331.15	_
Miscellaneous wood products	. 249	8.18	8.24	8.44	8.53	-	322.29	332.90	330.00	334.38	-
Furniture and fixtures		8.42	8.46	8.67	8.70	8.67	319.96	328.25	328.59	334.08	333.80
Household furniture		7.79	7.81	8.07	8.11	-	293.68	298.34	302.63	308.99	-
Wood household furniture		7.30	7.35	7.60	7.66	-	279.59	288.12	287.28	294.91	_
Upholstered household furniture		8.51	8.52	8.80	8.86	-	309.76	306.72	315.04	326.05	-
Metal household furniture		7.80	7.86	8.05	8.15	-	304.20	319.90	333.27	332.52	_
Mattresses and bedsprings		8.18	8.20	8.38	8.27	-	319.02	321.44	325.14	321.70	-
Office furniture		9.58	9.56	9.45	9.54	-	359.25	376.66	336.42	345.35	-
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures		8.88 9.72	9.03 9.75	9.39 9.95	9.31	-	344.54	361.20	375.60	384.50	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		8.77	9.75 8.85	9.95	9.91 9.21	-	382.00	390.00	400.99	399.37	-
THIS CONTINUE AND INTUITE AND INTUITES	.1200	0.77	0.00	3.21	3.21	-	329.75	347.81	353.66	351.82	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products		41.7	42.4	40.7	41.2	41.8	4.6	5.0	3.8	4.2	-
Flat glass		45.0	45.4	40.9	42.3	-	5.3	6.9	2.8	4.2	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		42.2	41.8	42.0	42.1	-	5.0	4.4	4.4	4.5	-
Glass containers		42.6	42.2	42.6	43.3	-	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.6	٠
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.8	41.4	41.4	40.9	-	4.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	ì ·
Products of purchased glass		39.6	40.7 41.6	39.9	40.4	-	2.4	3.2	2.2	2.6	
Cement, hydraulic		42.8 40.6	41.6	42.7 40.2	42.6 39.9	-	4.9 3.3	3.9 3.8	4.6 2.5	4.6 2.4	
Pottery and related products		38.9	39.6	39.3	39.4	_	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.4	1
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		42.8	44.0	40.4	41.7	-	5.8	6.7	4.6	5.2	ŀ
Concrete block and brick		44.8	46.0	40.6	42.5	_	7.1	7.8	4.6	5.4]
Concrete products, nec		42.1	43.2	41.4	41.5		4.9	5.9	4.3	4.7	١.
Ready-mixed concrete		42.2	43.8	38.7	41.0	_	5.9	7.0	4.4	5.3	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	41.6	41.9	40.8	40.8	-	4.3	4.6	4.0	4.3	
Abrasive products		41.1	42.2	40.0	39.9	-	2.4	3.0	2.5	2.5	
Asbestos products	3292	37.5	42.0	38.1	40.3	-	1.8	6.0	3.5	3.9	
Primary metal industries		41.6	43.0	41.4	41.3	41.4	4.2	5.1	4.0	4.0	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		42.8	43.6	41.5	41.2	41.1	5.1	5.7	4.1	4.1	i
Blast furnaces and steel mills		42.9	43.6	41.5	41.2	-	5.3	5.7	4.3	4.2	
Steel pipe and tubes		42.1	44.6	41.7	41.6	-	4.2	6.5	3.9	4.7	1
Iron and steel foundries		40.7	43.1	40.5	40.7	-	3.4	5.1	3.5	3.6	}
Gray and ductile iron foundries		41.0	43.3	40.0	40.2	-	3.7	5.4	3.2	3.5	
Malleable iron foundries		40.9 40.0	43.5	40.3	41.5	-	3.7 2.9	6.0 4.3	3.9 4.0	4.1 3.7	
Steel foundries, nec		44.3	42.2 43.7	41.5 43.7	41.3 43.6	- '	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.9	į
Primary nonferrous metals		43.9	43.7	43.6	43.5		5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2	l
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		41.4	42.9	42.1	41.9	-	4.5	5.7	4.9	4.9	}
Copper rolling and drawing		41.9	43.3	41.1	41.0	_	4.6	5.9	4.6	4.7	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		42.7	43.5	45.5	44.3	\ <u>-</u>	7.9	7.5	7.9	7.1	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		40.8	42.5	41.1	40.5	_	3.6	5.0	3.9	3.6	
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		38.7	40.5	40.2	39.9	_	1.6	3.1	2.7	2.6	1
Aluminum foundries		39.6	40.7	40.7	39.9	-	1.9	2.9	3.4	2.7	
Fabricated metal products	34	40.0	41.6	40.4	40.6	40.7	2.6	3.8	3.0	3.0	
Metal cans and shipping containers		43.3	44.7	43.0	43.4	-	4.9	6.0	4.9	5.3	
Metal cans		43.5	44.7	43.4	43.8	-	5.0	5.9	4.9	5.3	
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		39.8	41.1	39.4	39.8	-	2.0	3.1	2.0	2.1	ĺ
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		39.5	40.7	39.3	39.3	-	1.6	2.8	2.2	2.1	
Hardware, nec		39.3	41.0 40.5	38.7 39.2	39.6 39.8	-	1.9 2.1	3.2 3.1	1.6 2.3	1.8 2.9	İ
Plumbing and heating, except electric		39.3 39.4	40.5	40.0	39.9	_	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.0	1
Heating equipment, except electric		37.9	39.0	36.7	37.7	-	1.4	1.9	1.2	1.2	
Fabricated structural metal products		39.8	41.1	39.9	40.0	-	2.6	3.4	2.7	2.7	1
Fabricated structural metal		41.0	42.0	40.8	41.0	-	3.0	4.0	3.1	3.3	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		38.5	40.0	37.4	38.4	-	1.7	2.3	1.0	1.5	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		40.5	42.3	41.8	41.4	-	3.1	4.3	3.8	3.5	
Sheet metal work	3444	39.3	40.4	39.9	39.4	-	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.7	
Architectural metal work		38.4	39.1	38.7	38.5	-	2.8	3.2	2.1	2.0	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		40.5	42.4	40.3	40.4	-	3.1	4.8	3.3	3.1	
Screw machine products		39.7	40.6	40.2	39.9	-	2.5	3.5	2.6	2.6	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		41.4	44.2	40.5	40.9	-	3.7	6.1	4.0	3.6	ì
Metal forgings and stampings		39.7	42.6	40.8	41.5	-	2.3	4.3	2.8 3.5	3.1	1
Iron and steel forgings		41.0 39.6	43.0 43.9	42.2 40.1	41.6	-	2.8	4.5 4.8	2.4	3.3	1
Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec	3469	39.5	40.8	40.1	40.8	-	2.3	3.6	2.4	2.9	
Metal services, nec	347	39.5	40.8	40.5	40.5	-	2.9	3.8	3.5	3.5	
Plating and polishing		39.4	40.4	39.5	39.9	-	2.4	3.2	2.7	2.8	1
Metal coating and allied services		40.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	_	3.8	4.8	4.9	4.7	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		40.8	41.2	41.3	41.3	-	2.7	3.3	4.3	3.3	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		40.0	40.2	40.8	41.2	-	2.1	2.7	3.3	3.1	1
Misc. fabricated metal products		39.7	41.4	40.7	40.6	<u>-</u>	2.3	3.4	3.1	2.8	1
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		42.4	42.6	41.6	40.8	-	2.2	3.2	3.5	2.8	1
Misc. fabricated wire products		39.1	40.4	39.8	40.4	-	2.1	3.3	2.7	2.9	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
urable goods—Continued							_				
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	\$11.14	\$11.11	\$11.20		\$11.34	\$464.54	\$471.06		\$465.97	\$474.0
Flat glass		15.77	15.47	15.16	15.35	-	709.65	702.34	620.04	649.31	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		12.47	12.45	12.62	12.88	-	526.23	520.41	530.04	542.25	-
Glass containers		13.29	13.22	13.27	13.70	-	566.15	557.88	565.30	593.21	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec		11.63 9.73	11.64	11.94 9.78	12.00 9.85	-	486.13 385.31	481.90 400.08	494.32 390.22	490.80 397.94	-
Products of purchased glass		14.36	9.83 13.72	14.08	14.14	_	614.61	570.75	601.22	602.36	-
Cement, hydraulic		9.51	9.51	9.72	9.76	_	386.11	393.71	390.74	389.42	_
Pottery and related products		9.58	9.63	9.71	9.79		372.66	381.35	381.60	385.73	_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		10.71	10.77	10.71	10.88	[_	458.39	473.88	432.68	453.70	_
Concrete block and brick		9.50	9.68	9.97	10.12	_	425.60	445.28	404.78	430.10	_
Concrete products, nec		9.60	9.74	9.75	9.82	-	404.16	420.77	403.65	407.53	_
Ready-mixed concrete		11.64	11.63	11.53	11.73	-	491.21	509.39	446.21	480.93	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	11.69	11.58	11.59	11.59	-	486.30	485.20	472.87	472.87	-
Abrasive products	3291	10.33	10.35	10.09	10.11	-	424.56	436.77	403.60	403.39	-
Asbestos products	3292	10.75	11.38	11.21	11.22	-	403.13	477.96	427.10	452.17	-
Primary metal industries		12.88	12.84	13.17	13.22	13.26	535.81	552.12	545.24	545.99	548.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		14.84	14.70	15.18	15.27	15.26	635.15	640.92	629.97	629.12	627.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		15.66	15.49	16.04	16.11	-	671.81	675.36	665.66	663.73	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	11.50	11.70	12.07	12.19	ŀ	484.15	521.82	503.32	507.10	-
Iron and steel foundries		11.49	11.56	11.66	11.63	-	467.64	498.24	472.23	473.34	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	1	12.02	12.09	12.12	12.25	-	492.82	523.50	484.80	492.45	-
Malleable iron foundries		12.58	12.39	12.70	11.48	-	514.52	538.97 457.45	511.81	476.42	-
Steel foundries, nec Primary nonferrous metals		10.70	10.84 14.16	11.08	10.96 14.62	_	428.00 633.49	618.79	459.82 635.84	452.65	-
Primary aluminum		14.30	14.16	14.55 14.82	14.78	<u>-</u>	648.40	633.05	646.15	637.43 642.93	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		12.21	12.24	12.60	12.62	_	505.49	525.10	530.46	528.78	_
Copper rolling and drawing		11.39	11.62	11.75	11.85	_	477.24	503.15	482.93	485.85	_
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		15.49	15.18	15.56	15.36	_	661.42	660.33	707.98	680.45	_
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		11.97	12.04	12.20	12.34	-	488.38	511.70	501.42	499.77	_
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		9.96	10.18	10.46	10.51	_	385.45	412.29	420.49	419.35	_
Aluminum foundries		9.55	9.77	10.19	10.21	-	378.18	397.64	414.73	407.38	-
Fabricated metal products	34	10.66	10.80	11.08	11.11	11.17	426.40	449.28	447.63	451.07	454.
Metal cans and shipping containers		14.41	14.36	14.69	14.68	_	623.95	641.89	631.67	637.11	_
Metal cans		15.31	15.21	15.53	15.49		665.99	679.89	674.00	678.46	_
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		10.74	10.86	10.90	10.95	-	427.45	446.35	429.46	435.81	_
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423,5	9.88	9.98	10.11	10.14	-	390.26	406.19	397.32	398.50	-
Hardware, nec	3429	11.10	11.25	11.12	11.17	-	436.23	461.25	430.34	442.33	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	9.49	9.66	9.90	10.02	-	372.96	391.23	388.08	398.80	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		9.04	9.19	9.44	9.57	-	356.18	367.60	377.60	381.84	-
Heating equipment, except electric		9.39	9.56	9.87	9.84	-	355.88	372.84	362.23	370.97	-
Fabricated structural metal products		9.98	10.07	10.46	10.43	-	397.20	413.88	417.35	417.20	-
Fabricated structural metal		10.22	10.31	10.44	10.38	-	419.02	433.02	425.95	425.58	-
Metal doors, sash, and trimFabricated plate work (boiler shops)		8.41	8.46	8.67	8.65	-	323.79	338.40	324.26	332.16	-
Sheet metal work		10.82 10.26	10.93 10.36	11.25 10.90	11.27 10.93	-	438.21 403.22	462.34 418.54	470.25 434.91	466.58 430.64	-
Architectural metal work		9.67	9.71	10.38	10.93	_	371.33	379.66	401.71	395.40	_
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	1	10.45	10.68	10.95	10.27	_	423.23	452.83	441.29	442.78	_
Screw machine products		9.88	10.03	10.16	10.22	_	392.24	407.22	408.43	407.78	_
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		11.00	11.30	11.76	11.70	_	455.40	499.46	476.28	478.53	_
Metal forgings and stampings		12.53	12.71	12.87	12.99	_	497.44	541.45	525.10	539.09	_
Iron and steel forgings		12.81	12.94	13.00	12.98	-	525.21	556.42	548.60	539.97	_
Automotive stampings	3465	14.26	14.33	14.67	14.77	-	564.70	629.09	588.27	617.39	_
Metal stampings, nec	3469	9.96	10.08	10.44	10.53	-	393.42	411.26	422.82	429.62	-
Metal services, nec		8.82	8.93	9.25	9.27	_	351.04	364.34	371.85	375.44	-
Plating and polishing		8.73	8.84	9.12	9.16	-	343.96	357.14	360.24	365.48	-
Metal coating and allied services		8.97	9.08	9.47	9.45	-	363.29	376.82	393.01	392.18	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		11.87	11.80	12.30	12.18	-	484.30	486.16	507.99	503.03	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		11.64	11.51	12.04	11.99	-	465.60	462.70	491.23	493.99	-
Misc. fabricated metal products		9.85	10.05	10.43	10.43	-	391.05	416.07	424.50	423.46	-
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		9.86	10.29	10.62	10.73	-	418.06	438.35	441.79	437.78	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	8.62	8.77	9.03	9.07	_	337.04	354.31	359.39	366.43	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	40.6	42.0	41.5	41.2	41.2	2.8	3.9	3.6	3.3	-
Engines and turbines		40.9	42.2	41.8	41.2	-	2.4	3.4	3.7	3.9	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		41.9	43.2	44.6	43.3	- ,	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.4	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		40.5	41.9	40.7	40.3	- '	1.6	2.8	3.1	3.2	-
Farm and garden machinery		40.5	41.8	40.5	41.1	-	2.8	3.7	3.0	2.9	-
Farm machinery and equipment		40.6	41.6	40.3	40.6	-	2.9	3.9	3.3	3.2	-
Construction and related machinery		40.6	42.3	42.5	41.9	-	2.9	3.8	3.5	3.0	-
Construction machinery		40.8 40.8	42.0 41.8	42.0 40.0	42.0	_	2.9 3.5	3.5	2.1 2.7	1.7	-
Mining machinery Oil and gas field machinery		42.3	41.8 45.2	47.0	40.1 45.0	_	4.3	4.3 5.3	6.0	5.8	[
Conveyors and conveying equipment		39.9	42.0	42.1	42.2	_ [2.7	4.4	4.5	4.1	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		38.6	39.9	38.9	37.5		1.4	1.9	1.9	1.5	_
Metalworking machinery		40.9	42.4	42.1	41.7	_	3.5	4.5	4.2	3.9	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		39.7	41.3	42.0	41.6	_	2.8	3.7	4.2	3.7	1 -
Machine tools, metal forming types		41.0	42.7	42.0	41.0	_	3.4	4.7	3.4	3.0	_
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		41.5	43.2	42.8	42.3	_	4.2	5.3	5.2	4.9	1 -
Machine tool accessories		40.5	41.6	40.7	40.5	_	2.7	3.3	2.8	2.6] _
Power driven handtools		40.3	41.4	40.9	41.1	_	1.7	3.4	2.3	2.3	_
Special industry machinery	1 - 1	40.5	42.2	41.6	41.3	_	2.9	4.2	3.7	3.6	_
Textile machinery		41.6	42.4	41.3	41.1	_	2.7	3.8	2.9	2.7	_
Printing trades machinery		37.1	39.5	38.2	38.3		2.6	4.1	3.7	3.6	-
Food products machinery		40.6	41.6	42.2	41.6	_	3.0	3.9	4.1	3.8	-
General industrial machinery		39.9	41.9	41.3	40.8	_	2.4	4.0	3.5	3.2	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		38.8	40.6	41.2	40.4	_	1.8	3.4	3.6	2.8	-
Ball and roller bearings		40.3	43.1	40.9	40.5	_	2.7	5.2	3.3	3.0	-
Air and gas compressors		42.2	43.9	44.6	43.2	_	3.3	4.5	5.4	4.8	-
Blowers and fans		38.3	40.0	39.7	39.6	-	1.4	2.8	2.5	2.5	} _
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	40.5	41.8	41.5	41.5	_	3.3	5.1	4.6	4.4	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	39.6	42.2	41.0	40.4	-	2.8	4.2	3.2	3.2	-
Computer and office equipment	357	41.9	41.8	41.0	40.4	-	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.2	-
Electronic computers	3571	41.5	41.5	40.2	39.8	-	3.0	2.9	3.1	2.4	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and										1	1
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	38.6	39.4	41.7	40.8	-	1.8	2.6	3.6	2.2	-
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	39.1	40.3	39.7	40.1	-	1.5	2.6	2.2	2.4	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		39.2	40.5	39.7	40.4	-	1.6	2.8	2.3	2.4	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	l -	40.9	42.3	42.1	41.7	-	3.3	4.4	4.5	4.1	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		38.9	42.0	40.7	40.6	-	2.2	4.5	3.1	3.0	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	41.1	42.2	42.2	41.8	-	3.5	4.5	4.7	4.3	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment		39.6	40.6	40.1	40.2	40.3	2.2	2.9	2.9	2.8	-
Electric distribution equipment		39.6	41.2	40.8	40.9	-	1.7	2.4	2.4	2.7	-
Transformers, except electronic		40.7	41.6	40.6	41.3	-	2.3	2.9	2.7	3.3	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		38.4	40.7	41.0	40.6	-	1.1	1.8	2.2	2.1	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		39.9	41.4	41.8	41.5	-	2.2	3.1	2.9 3.0	2.7 2.9	-
Motors and generators		39.6	41.3	41.4	41.1	_	2.3 1.6	3.4 2.6	2.7	2.5	
Relays and industrial controls		39.3 38.5	41.0 39.3	42.0 39.2	41.9 39.3	_	1.6	2.4	2.7	2.3	1]
Household appliances Household refrigerators and freezers		37.9	37.5	38.8	39.2		2.3	2.9	1.6	2.3	1 -
Household laundry equipment		39.1	41.3	39.9	40.1	1 - [1.0	2.2	1.5	1.9	
Electric housewares and fans		38.5	40.0	38.8	38.5	_	1.3	2.0	1.8	1.8	1]
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		38.3	40.4	39.7	39.1	_	1.8	3.0	2.4	2.1	_
Electric lamps		39.0	40.8	41.5	40.8	_	2.1	3.2	3.3	3.0	1 -
Current-carrying wiring devices		38.6	40.5	39.4	38.9	_	2.0	3.1	2.4	2.3	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		37.7	41.0	41.1	40.9	_ ا	.9	2.2	2.1	1.8	
Residential lighting fixtures		37.2	38.1	37.7	36.3	_	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.0	١.
Household audio and video equipment		38.2	40.2	36.0	38.6	 	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.6	١ .
Household audio and video equipment		37.3	41.0	35.5	38.8	_	1.7	2.5	1.7	1.8	
Communications equipment		41.5	42.0	41.6	41.5	_	1.9	2.5	3.8	3.5	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		43.5	43.9	42.7	42.4	-	2.0	2.7	5.0	4.6	-
Electronic components and accessories		40.0	40.1	40.3	40.0	_	2.8	3.3	3.5	3.0	-
Electron tubes		40.5	39.8	41.4	41.5	_	2.0	3.9	3.6	3.6	-
Semiconductors and related devices		41.0	40.6	41.1	40.7	-	4.0	4.1	4.8	4.0	-
Electronic components, nec		39.6	39.4	39.8	39.8	<u> </u>	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.5	-
After electrical professional condition	369	39.2	41.0	39.3	40.2	-	2.0	3.2	2.3	2.4	-
MISC. Electrical equipment and supplies											1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies Storage batteries		37.5	39.4	38.5	39.8	-	.8	1.9	1.8	2.1	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment		\$11.56 14.21	\$11.70	\$12.13 15.09	\$12.11 15.08	\$12.13	\$469.34 581.19	\$491.40 605.57	\$503.40 630.76	\$498.93 621.30	\$499.70
Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets		14.60	14.35 14.45	15.33	15.06	_	611.74	624.24	683.72	662.06	_
Internal combustion engines, nec		14.07	14.32	14.98	14.99	-	569.84	600.01	609.69	604.10	_
Farm and garden machinery		10.66	10.80	11.24	11.22	-	431.73	451.44	455.22	461.14	-
Farm machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery		11.75 11.76	11.94 11.80	12.39 12.39	12.21 12.43	-	477.05 477.46	496.70 499.14	499.32 526.58	495.73 520.82	_
Construction and related machinery		13.25	13.29	14.46	14.47		540.60	558.18	607.32	607.74	_
Mining machinery		11.69	11.81	12.06	12.17	-	476.95	493.66	482.40	488.02	_
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	11.10	11.08	11.39	11.42	-	469.53	500.82	535.33	513.90	_
Conveyors and conveying equipment		10.40	10.56	11.13	11.04	-	414.96	443.52	468.57	465.89	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		10.27 12.06	10.33 12.20	10.53 12.59	10.59 12.57	-	396.42 493.25	412.17 517.28	409.62 530.04	397.13 524.17	_
Metalworking machinery Machine tools, metal cutting types		12.00	12.13	12.62	12.65	_	476.80	500.97	530.04	526.24	
Machine tools, metal forming types		12.11	12.33	12.40	12.41	-	496.51	526.49	520.80	508.81	_
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	12.72	12.83	13.19	13.15	-	527.88	554.26	564.53	556.25	_
Machine tool accessories		10.74	10.79	11.21	11.17	-	434.97	448.86	456.25	452.39	-
Power driven handtools		9.73	9.93 11.89	10.39	10.31	-	392.12	411.10 501.76	424.95 510.85	423.74	-
Special industry machinery Textile machinery		11.75 9.98	10.11	12.28 10.38	12.33 10.35	_	475.88 415.17	428.66	428.69	509.23 425.39	_
Printing trades machinery		13.67	13.92	14.15	14.22	_	507.16	549.84	540.53	544.63	_
Food products machinery		11.63	11.76	12.11	12.16	_	472.18	489.22	511.04	505.86	-
General industrial machinery		11.07	11.33	11.57	11.61	-	441.69	474.73	477.84	473.69	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		11.41	11.71	12.19	12.21	-	442.71	475.43	502.23	493.28	-
Ball and roller bearingsAir and gas compressors	3562	11.61 11.49	12.18 11.55	12.21 12.02	12.19 11.97	-	467.88 484.88	524.96 507.05	499.39 536.09	493.70 517.10	_
Blowers and fans		9.75	9.96	10.12	10.15	_	373.43	398.40	401.76	401.94	_
Speed changers, drives, and gears		11.40	11.74	12.17	12.20	- :	461.70	490.73	505.06	506.30	_
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	10.74	10.95	11.10	11.30	_	425.30	462.09	455.10	456.52	_
Computer and office equipment		11.36	11.41	12.30	12.10	-	475.98	476.94	504.30	488.84	-
Electronic computers	3571	11.95	11.86	12.72	12.43	- '	495.93	492.19	511.34	494.71	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and office machines, nec	3575 8 0	10.77	10.98	12.22	12.27	_	415.72	432.61	509.57	500.62	_
Refrigeration and service machinery		10.74	10.90	11.07	11.02	_	419.93	439.27	439.48	441.90	_
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.85	11.09	11.21	11.10	_	425.32	449.15	445.04	448.44	_
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		11.41	11.54	11.79	11.79	-	466.67	488.14	496.36	491.64	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		12.60	12.76	12.21	12.22	-	490.14	535.92	496.95	496.13	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	11.10	11.20	11.54	11.55	-	456.21	472.64	486.99	482.79	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment		10.17	10.21	10.55	10.63	10.68	402.73	414.53	423.06	427.33	430.40
Electric distribution equipment Transformers, except electronic		9.95 9.75	10.05 9.81	10.55 10.19	10.57 10.31	-	394.02 396.83	414.06 408.10	430.44 413.71	432.31 425.80	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		10.18	10.31	10.19	10.85		390.91	419.62	448.54	440.51	_
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.94	9.97	10.20	10.17	_	396.61	412.76	426.36	422.06	-
Motors and generators	3621	9.94	9.96	9.84	9.83	-	393.62	411.35	407.38	404.01	-
Relays and industrial controls		9.95	10.00	10.77	10.71		391.04	410.00	452.34	448.75	-
Household appliances Household refrigerators and freezers		10.22 11.45	10.29 11.49	10.37 11.67	10.35 11.63	-	393.47 433.96	404.40 430.88	406.50 452.80	406.76 455.90	-
Household laundry equipment		11.43	12.33	12.39	12.36	_	464.90	509.23	494.36	495.64	_
Electric housewares and fans		7.58	7.58	7.72	7.60	' -	291.83	303.20	299.54	292.60	_
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		10.04	10.17	10.24	10.38	-	384.53	410.87	406.53	405.86	_
Electric lamps	3641	11.45	11.46	11.66	11.60	-	446.55	467.57	483.89	473.28	-
Current-carrying wiring devices Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		9.74 9.39	9.92 9.56	10.19 9.65	10.31 9.67	-	375.96 354.00	401.76 391.96	401.49 396.62	401.06 395.50	-
Residential lighting fixtures		7.58	7.60	7.73	7.84	_	281.98	289.56	291.42	284.59	_
Household audio and video equipment		9.37	9.55	10.00	10.63	_	357.93	383.91	360.00	410.32	_
Household audio and video equipment		9.73	9.87	10.26	11.06	-	362.93	404.67	364.23	429.13	-
Communications equipment		10.85	10.84	11.53	11.47	-	450.28	455.28	479.65	476.01	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		11.23	11.28	12.32	12.11	-	488.51	495.19	526.06	513.46	-
Electronic components and accessories	3671	9.88 11.94	9.85 12.05	10.30 11.98	10.32 12.07	-	395.20 483.57	394.99 479.59	415.09 495.97	412.80 500.91	_
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	11.99	11.93	12.46	12.47	_	491.59	484.36	512.11	500.91	_
Electronic components, nec		9.34	9.25	9.50	9.53	_	369.86	364.45	378.10	379.29	_
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	11.02	11.12	11.30	11.58	-	431.98	455.92	444.09	465.52	-
Storage batteries		11.82	11.90	12.41	12.52	-	443.25	468.86	477.79	498.30	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	11.77	12.01	11.78	12.12	-	464.92	502.02	452.35	486.01	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1996	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Durable goods—Continued								-			
Transportation equipment	. 37	40.8	42.8	41.0	41.2	41.4	2.9	4.6	3.0	3.1	-
Motor vehicles and equipment		40.9	43.8	40.5	41.3	41.8	2.6	5.2	2.5	2.8	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	41.1	44.0	41.2	41.3	_	2.5	5.3	3.1	2.9	-
Truck and bus bodies		39.9	41.7	41.0	41.7	-	2.2	3.8	2.8	3.2	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	. 3714	41.1	44.4	40.1	41.3	-	2.8	5.6	2.1	2.7	-
Truck trailers	. 3715	38.9	40.3	39.7	40.5	-	2.0	2.6	2.1	2.2	-
Aircraft and parts		41.4	42.4	41.9	414	-	3.8	4.5	3.9	3.7	-
Aircraft	. 3721	41.8	42.2	41.6	41.1	-	4.2	4.4	4.0	3.8	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		40.9	42.6	42.2	42.1	-	3.3	4.9	4.2	4.0	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	. 3728	41.2	42.6	42.2	41.4	-	3.6	4.3	3.6	3.3	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		39.5	40.3	40.5	40.3	-	2.4	3.1	2.7	2.6	-
Ship building and repairing	. 3731	39.8	41.1	41.6	41.1	- 1	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.7	-
Boat building and repairing	. 3732	38.9	39.1	37.9	38.4	-	2.3	2.9	2.0	2.4	_
Railroad equipment	. 374	39.7	41.6	41.3	41.0	_	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.0	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	. 376	41.4	42.4	42.5	41.3	-	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.2	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	. 3761	41.2	42.4	42.8	41.2	-	3.5	3.9	4.0	3.4	-
Misc. transportation equipment		39.1	40.3	38.8	39.7	-	1.8	2.9	1.9	2.6	-
Travel trailers and campers		37.7	38.7	37.6	39.7	-	1.1	2.2	1.1	2.6	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	40.3	40.8	40.9	40.8	40.5	2.1	2.6	3.0	2.6	_
Search and navigation equipment	. 381	40.2	40.3	40.5	40.3	-	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.0	-
Measuring and controlling devices	. 382	40.7	41.1	40.9	40.9	-	2.1	2.6	2.5	2.2	-
Environmental controls	. 3822	39.4	40.7	39.4	39.0	!	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.6	-
Process control instruments		41.3	42.4	· 41.9	41.2	-	3.0	3.7	3.1	2.6	-
Instruments to measure electricity	. 3825	40.7	40.2	40.6	40.5	-	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	-
Medical instruments and supplies	. 384	40.2	40.7	40.9	40.6	-	2.1	2.8	3.7	3.1	-
Surgical and medical instruments	. 3841	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.6	-	2.3	2.7	4.1	3.4	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	39.5	40.5	40.7	40.3	-	1.7	2.6	3.2	2.9	-
Ophthalmic goods		38.7	39.9	39.9	39.9	-	1.8	2.6	2.1	2.2	-
Photographic equipment and supplies		41.3	42.2	43.0	42.5	-	2.6	3.7	4.5	4.1	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	. 387	36.3	38.6	38.4	39.6	-	1.1	2.0	1.0	1.8	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		38.2	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.4	1.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	-
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	37.5	37.7	38.1	37.9	-	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.8	-
Jewelry, precious metal		37.2	37.1	37.7	37.7	-	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.9	i -
Musical instruments		37.8	39.9	38.9	38.6	-	1.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	-
Toys and sporting goods		38.4	39.6	39.8	39.8	-	1.8	2.6	2.8	2.8	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	. 3942,4	36.9	38.6	39.5	39.6	-	1.2	1.9	2.8	2.5	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	. 3949	39.4	40.2	40.0	39.9	-	2.1	3.0	2.8	3.0	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		39.2	39.7	40.7	40.4	-	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.0	-
Costume jewelry and notions		37.9	40.5	39.3	39.6	-	1.9	3.0	2.1	2.3	-
Costume jewelry		37.6	41.6	39.5	39.4	-	2.2	3.7	2.6	2.5] -
Miscellaneous manufactures		38.1	39.3	39.0	39.0] -	1.8	2.5	2.3	2.3	-
Signs and advertising specialties	. 3993	39.4	39.8	39.2	39.1	-	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.5	-
Nondurable goods		39.2	40.0	39.6	39.5	39.7	2.9	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.
Food and kindred products	. 20	39.8	40.7	39.9	39.8	40.3	3.7	4.2	3.7	3.8	-
Meat products	201	38.9	40.4	38.7	38.7	-	3.2	4.2	3.2	3.2	-
Meat packing plants		40.6	41.8	39.8	39.0	-	4.0	5.2	3.9	3.5	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		40.5	40.8	41.2	40.4	-	4.4	4.8	4.4	4.1	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing		37.2	39.3	37.1	37.8	-	2.3	3.3	2.3	2.6	-
Dairy products		41.4	41.2	40.9	40.9	-	4.5	4.8	4.2	4.3	-
Cheese, natural and processed		39.9	39.6	39.2	39.5	-	3.7	4.1	3.3	3.7	-
Fluid milk		42.3	41.6	41.2	41.2	-	5.2	4.9	4.5	4.4	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		39.4	40.2	39.8	40.0	-	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.4	-
Canned specialties		40.5	41.9	41.7	41.6	-	2.3	3.3	5.5	4.5	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		38.5	40.8	39.5	40.3	_	2.7	3.4	2.8	3.7	1 -
Frozen fruits and vegetables		38.2	38.8	38.9	39.1	-	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.7	-
Grain mill products	204	42.3	43.6	44.0	43.8	-	4.6	5.2	6.1	6.0	-
Flour and other grain mill products	. 2041	44.8	47.2	47.5	46.7	-	4.6	5.6	6.9	6.6	-
Prepared feeds, nec	120AB	40.9	41.5	42.4	42.3	l –	4.3	4.6	5.4	5.3	I -

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Durable goods—Continued										, and the second	
Transportation equipment		\$13.89	\$14.13	\$14.43	\$14.52	\$14.77	\$566.71	\$604.76	\$591.63	\$598.22	\$611.4
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	14.39	14.73	14.87	14.99	15.38	588.55	645.17	602.24	619.09	642.88
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	16.84	17.20	18.13	17.98	-	692.12	756.80	746.96	742.57	-
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	12.37	12.57	11.97	12.76	-	493.56	524.17	490.77	532.09	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		13.13	13.49	13.20	13.50	_	539.64	598.96	529.32	557.55	-
Truck trailers		9.46	9.55	9.74	9.83	_	367.99	384.87	386.68	398.12	-
Aircraft and parts		14.58	14.68	15.26	15.36	_	603.61	622.43	639.39	635.90	l <u>-</u>
Aircraft		(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	_	_	_	-	-	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts	. –	\$14.51	\$14.63	\$15.15	\$15.11	_	\$593.46	\$623.24	\$639.33	\$636.13	l -
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		13.13	13.26	13.79	13.87		540.96	564.88	581.94	574.22	l <u>-</u>
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.60	10.83	11.31	11.33	_	418.70	436.45	458.06	456.60	_
Ship building and repairing		11.65	11.87	12.04	12.11	_	463.67	487.86	500.86	497.72	_
Boat building and repairing		8.72	8.87	9.40	9.35	·_	339.21	346.82	356.26	359.04	_ ا
Railroad equipment		13.16	13.34	13.85	13.65	_	522.45	554.94	572.01	559.65	_
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		14.12	14.23	14.68	14.65	_	584.57	603.35	623.90	605.05	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles		(2)	(2)	(²)	(²)	_	304.37	003.33	023.80	005.05	_
Miss transportation agricance	270				\$10.99		E 400 70	\$438.87	\$429.13	640000	
Misc. transportation equipment Travel trailers and campers		\$10.76 9.52	\$10.89 9.52	\$11.06 9.40	9.75	-	\$420.72 358.90	368.42	353.44	\$436.30 387.08	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	11.19	11.21	11.69	11.66	\$11.68	450.96	457.37	478.12	475.73	\$473.0
Search and navigation equipment	. 381	14.52	14.59	15.14	15.12	-	583.70	587.98	613.17	609.34	_
Measuring and controlling devices		10.59	10.59	11.10	11.13	_	431.01	435.25	453.99	455.22	l <u>-</u>
Environmental controls		9.25	9.28	9.76	9.81	_	364.45	377.70	384.54	362.59	l <u>-</u>
Process control instruments		10.24	10.26	10.85	10.94	_	422.91	435.02	454.62	450.73	-
Instruments to measure electricity		10.74	10.72	11.29	11.34	_	437.12	430.94	458.37	459.27	_
Medical instruments and supplies		9.65	9.70	10.30	10.24	_	387.93	394.79	421.27	415.74	-
Surgical and medical instruments		9.65	9.73	10.37	10.24	_	390.83	394.07	421.02	418.59	-
Surgical appliances and supplies		9.36	9.49	10.01	10.00	_	369.72	384.35	407.41	403.00	_
Ophthalmic goods		8.06	8.14	8.45	8.43		311.92	324.79	337.16	336.36	-
		14.05			1	-					-
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		7.67	14.09 7.74	14.45 7.93	14.40 7.98	-	580.27 278.42	594.60 298.76	621.35 304.51	612.00 316.01	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	8.56	8.59	8.76	8.78	8.82	326.99	337.59	344.27	344.18	347.51
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		9.21	9.19	9.25	9.31	_	345.38	346.46	352.43	352.85	_
Jewelry, precious metal		9.16	9.14	9.20	9.27	_	340.75	339.09	346.84	349.48	_
Musical instruments		8.50	8.53	8.94	8.99	_	321.30	340.35	347.77	347.01	l –
Toys and sporting goods		7.86	7.88	8.20	8.13	_	301.82	312.05	326.36	323.57	l _
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		7.77	7.83	8.10	7.97	_	286.71	302.24	319.95	315.61	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		7.91	7.91	8.27	8.24	_	311.65	317.98	330.80	328.78	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		8.80	8.82	9.08	9.21		344.96	350.15	369.56	372.08	-
Costume jewelry and notions		7.50	7.50	7.51	7.51	_	284.25	303.75	295.14	297.40	-
Costume jewelry		6.67	6.75	6.58	6.58	_	250.79		259.91		
Miscellaneous manufactures		9.08	9.16	9.21	9.26			280.80		259.25	
Signs and advertising specialties		9.73	9.78	9.90	10.03	-	345.95 383.36	359.99 389.24	359.19 388.08	361.14 392.17	-
Nondurable goods		10.08	10.08	10.35	10.38	10.40	395.14	403.20	409.86	410.01	412.88
Food and kindred products	20	9.59	9.61	9.80	9.83	9.88	381.68	391.13	391.02	391.23	398.16
Meat products	. 201	7.92	7.95	7.99	8.00	-	308.09	321.18	309.21	309.60	! -
Meat packing plants		8.63	8.78	8.74	8.81	-	350.38	367.00	347.85	343.59	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		9.42	9.44	9.38	9.38	-	381.51	385.15	386.46	378.95	-
Poultry slaughtening and processing		6.82	6.82	6.90	6.92	-	253.70	268.03	255.99	261.58	-
Dairy products		10.43	10.53	10.70	10.70	-	431.80	433.84	437.63	437.63	-
Cheese, natural and processedFluid milk		9.63 10.97	9.80 10.99	9.71 11.25	9.77 11.19	-	384.24 464.03	388.08 457.18	380.63 463.50	385.92 461.03	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		8.97	9.03	9.44	9.41	-	353.42	363.01	375.71	376.40	{
Canned specialties		10.77	11.14	12.37	12.18	_	436.19				1 -
Canned fruits and vegetables	2002	9.26	9.22	9.73	9.68			466.77	515.83 384.34	506.69	, -
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2033	1 1				-	356.51	376.18		390.10	_
		8.13	8.16	8.53	8.56	-	310.57	316.61	331.82	334.70	_
Grain mill products		11.24	11.38	11.64	11.72	-	475.45	496.17	512.16	513.34	-
Flour and other grain mill products		10.31	10.40	10.67	10.68	-	461.89	490.88	506.83	498.76	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	9.05	9.07	9.36	9.43	- 1	370.15	376.41	396.86	398.89	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1987 SIC										
	Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Bakery products	. 205	39.4	39.6	38.9	38.6	-	3.7	3.9	3.4	3.6	-
Bread, cake, and related products	. 2051	39.9	39.6	38.7	38.8	- 1	4.4	4.4	3.7	4.1	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	1	38.5	39.6	39.1	38.2	_	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.8	_
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	39.3	40.1	39.6	38.8	_	2.4	2.9	3.0	2.4	_
Raw cane sugar		39.6	39.4	49.3	43.6	_	2.6	2.9	10.5	4.7	١ . ـ
Cane sugar refining	2062	46.9	46.6	46.2	45.4	_	8.6	7.6	8.5	7.2	١ _
Beet sugar	2063	38.4	38.2	38.9	36.7	_	3.3	2.2	2.1	1.6	-
Candy and other confectionery products		38.1	39.0	37.4	37.0	-	1.6	2.1	1.7	1.5	-
Fats and oils		43.4	43.7	44.0	44.1	_	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	1 -
Beverages		41.2	41.6	41.6	41.4		4.7	4.8	4.5	4.8	١ ـ
Malt beverages		43.4	42.8	44.1	42.8	_	8.3	6.9	6.8	6.9	1 -
Bottled and canned soft drinks		40.3	41.8	41.0	41.4	_	3.5	4.8	4.0	4.6	۱ -
Misc. food and kindred products		38.8	40.2	39.1	39.1	-	4.1	4.8	4.1	4.1	-
Tobacco products	21	38.1	39.1	38.2	37.7	38.2	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	-
Cigarettes	. 211	38.3	39.3	38.4	37.3	-	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	-
Textile mill products	. 22	39.0	40.1	39.2	39.6	40.1	2.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	. 221	39.1	39.9	39.3	39.5	-	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	. 222	39.9	41.0	39.2	39.5	_	2.8	3.9	3.1	3.2	
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	. 223	37.6	41.1	39.8	40.3	l <u>-</u>	.8	3.7	3.2	3.8	-
Narrow fabric mills	. 224	40.1	40.5	39.8	40.2	-	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.0	
Knitting mills	. 225	37.3	39.1	37.7	38.1	_ :	2.1	2.9	2.4	2.6	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	. 2251	37.0	38.3	38.0	37.5	i -	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	
Hosiery, nec	. 2252	35.1	37.8	37.6	36.4	_	1.1	2.1	1.7	1.5	
Knit outerwear mills		37.4	39.1	36.3	37.7	-	2.5	3.4	2.2	2.8	
Knit underwear mills		37.0	38.6	35.7	36.7	- ;	.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	
Weft knit fabric mills		39.3	40.4	40.0	40.5	_	3.2	3.9	3.6	4.1	
Textile finishing, except wool	. 226	40.4	41.7	42.4	42.7	-	3.2	4.5	5.7	5.8	-
Finishing plants, cotton	. 2261	40.4	40.9	41.5	41.8	-	3.1	3.7	5.4	5.2	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	. 2262	40.4	42.2	43.7	43.9	-	3.2	5.0	6.5	6.9	-
Carpets and rugs	. 227	41.3	41.3	41.3	41.5	-	2.9	4.0	3.9	3.8	-
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	38.7	39.9	38.2	39.0	_	2.5	3.6	2.9	3.2	-
Yarn spinning mills	. 2281	39.1	40.3	38.8	39.6	-	2.7	3.8	3.1	3.4	-
Throwing and winding mills	. 2282	37.8	37.1	33.6	34.1	-	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.6	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	40.3	40.7	40.9	40.6	-	3.2	3.5	2.9	2.9	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	35.2	36.5	36.4	36.3	36.7	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	-
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	34.1	35.2	36.0	35.9	-	.6	.7	1.0	.8	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	34.9	36.4	36.0	36.0	-	.8	1.2	1.5	1.3	
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	35.1	36.2	36.3	35.7	-	.6	1.1	1.5	1.1	-
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	33.2	35.4	35.8	35.6	-	.6	1.2	1.5	1.4	-
Men's and boys' work clothing	2326	35.1	36.8	34.9	35.9	-	.8	1.0	1.2	1.0	
Women's and misses' outerwear		33.8	34.8	35.6	35.5	-	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.4	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	33.9	35.6	35.7	35.8	-	.7	1.0	1.1	.8	•
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	32.1	33.6	34.7	34.3	-	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.5	
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	33.8	35.3	34.6	34.3	-	.7	1.3	1.0	1.0	1 .
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	34.3	35.0	36.1	36.0	-	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.6	
Women's and children's undergarments	234	36.4	37.6	37.9	37.4	-	.8	1.2	1.8	1.3	-
Women's and children's underwear		36.8	38.0	38.0	37.5	-	.8	1.2	1.8	1.3	'
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		34.2	35.3	37.1	36.7	-	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.6	
Girls' and children's outerwear		35.0	36.7	36.1	36.3	-	.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		34.3	35.5	34.6	34.9	-	.9	1.5	1.5	1.3	
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	36.5	37.3	36.3	36.8	-	1.1	1.7	1.3	1.5	1
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	37.4	38.8	37.7	37.9	-	1.5	2.6	1.9	2.2	1 .
Curtains and draperies	2391	36.2	36.9	35.7	37.1	-	1.3	1.6	1.1	1.9	1
House furnishings, necAutomotive and apparel trimmings	2392	36.8 38.9	37.8 40.3	36.7 39.3	36.3 39.6	_	1.0 2.2	2.1 3.6	1.5 2.2	1.6 2.5	
Paper and allied products	26 262	42.5 45.8	43.2 45.3	42.8 45.2	42.7 44.8	42.9	4.3 6.0	4.6 5.2	4.3 5.3	4.4 5.3	
Paperboard mills	263	45.3	45.5	44.9	44.7	-	7.9	7.7	6.4	6.5	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May .1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Bakery products		\$10.73	\$10.81	\$11.08	\$11.21	-	\$422.76		\$431.01	\$432.71	-,
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	10.78	10.90	11.07	11.11	-	430.12	431.64	428.41	431.07	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	2050.0	10.61	10.60	4444	44.44		400 40	420.95	404.40	405.06	
except bread Sugar and confectionery products	2052,3	10.61	10.63 10.48	11.11 10.66	11.41 10.78	-	408.49 408.33	420.95	434.40 422.14	435.86 418.26	_
Raw cane sugar	2061	10.08	10.48	10.67	9.77	_	399.17	401.09	526.03	425.97	1 -
Cane sugar refining		14.02	14.01	14.65	14.53	_	657.54	652.87	676.83	659.66	-
Beet sugar		11.50	11.48	10.63	11.95	_	441.60	438.54	413.51	438.57	
Candy and other confectionery products		9.23	9.29	9.73	9.83	-	351.66	362.31	363.90	363.71	_
Fats and oils		10.00	10.06	10.25	10.21	-	434.00	439.62	451.00	450.26	_
Beverages	208	13.62	13.44	13.71;	13.71	-	561.14	559.10	570.34	567.59	-
Malt beverages	2082	19.05	18.63	18.73	18.95	-	826.77	797.36	825.99	811.06	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks		10.63	10.80	11.18	11.16	-	428.39	451.44	458.38	462.02	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	8.98	8.94	9.05	9.11	-	348.42	359.39	353.86	356.20	-
Tobacco products	21	16.98	17.03	17.35	17.56	\$17.83	646.94	665.87	662.77	662.01	\$681.
Cigarettes		19.13	19.29	20.22	20.00	-	732.68	758.10	776.45	746.00	–
Textile mill products	22	7.92	7.98	8.16	8.20	8.21	308.88	320.00	319.87	324.72	329.2
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		8.17	8.23	8.42	8.48	-	319.45	328.38	330.91	334.96	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		8.56	8.60	8.75	8.76	_	341.54	352.60	343.00	346.02	_
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		8.42	8.67	8.68	8.68	_	316.59	356.34	345.46	349.80	-
Narrow fabric mills		7.33	7.31	7.68	7.79	-	293.93	296.06	305.66	313.16	_
Knitting mills	225	7.30	7.36	7.49	7.53	-	272.29	287.78	282.37	286.89	_
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	6.74	6.86	7.04	7.05	-	249.38	262.74	267.52	264.38	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	6.98	7.01	7.16	7.18	-	245.00	264.98	269.22	261.35	-
Knit outerwear mills		7.18	7.25	7.36	7.43	-	268.53	283.48	267.17	280.11	-
Knit underwear mills		7.36	7.37	7.41	7.43	-	272.32	284.48	264.54	272.68	-
Weft knit fabric mills		8.06	8.09	8.27	8.30	-	316.76	326.84	330.80	336.15	-
Textile finishing, except wool		8.27	8.38	8.67	8.74	-	334.11	349.45	367.61	373.20	-
Finishing plants, cotton		8.18	8.32	8.56	8.70	-	330.47	340.29	355.24	363.66	-
Finishing plants, synthetics Carpets and rugs		8.62 8.18	8.70 8.18	9.05 8.32	9.11 8.28	-	348.25 337.83	367.14 337.83	395.49 343.62	399.93 343.62	_
Yarn and thread mills		7.57	7.66	7.85	7.86	-	292.96	305.63	299.87	306.54	<u> </u>
Yarn spinning mills		7.57	7.66	7.86	7.87	_	295.99	308.70	304.97	311.65	l -
Throwing and winding mills		7.82	7.84	8.02	7.96	_	295.60	290.86	269.47	271.44	_
Miscellaneous textile goods		9.00	9.18	9.30	9.39	_	362.70	373.63	380.37	381.23	-
Apparel and other textile products	22	6.55	6.58	6.63	6.72	6.74	230.56	240.17	241.33	243.94	247.3
Men's and boys' suits and coats		7.33	7.33	7.36	7.43	-	249.95	258.02	264.96	266.74	247.3
Men's and boys' furnishings		6.10	6.07	6.15	6.24	_	212.89	220.95	221.40	224.64	1 -
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	6.03	5.95	6.08	6.17	_ [211.65	215.39	220.70	220.27	_
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		6.01	5.96	5.99	6.15	_	199.53	210.98	214.44	218.94	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		5.90	5.93	5.98	6.07	- '	207.09	218.22	208.70	217.91	-
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	6.18	6.20	6.34	6.40	-	208.88	215.76	225.70	227.20	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		5.52	5.52	5.74	5.81	-	187.13	196.51	204.92	208.00	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		6.52	6.54	6.74	6.73	-	209.29	219.74	233.88	230.84	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats	_	6.71	6.82	6.84	7.10	-	226.80	240.75	236.66	243.53	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		6.11	6.11	6.25	6.28	-	209.57	213.85	225.63	226.08	-
Women's and children's undergarments Women's and children's underwear		6.19	6.20	6.39	6.46	-	225.32	233.12	242.18	241.60	_
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		6.05 7.00	6.06 6.97	6.26	6.32 7.23	- -	222.64	230.28	237.88	237.00	_
Girls' and children's outerwear		5.84	5.89	7.15 6.09	6.20	_	239.40 204.40	246.04 216.16	265.27 219.85	265.34 225.06	<u>-</u>
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		5.78	5.77	5.95	6.09	_	198.25	204.84	205.87	212.54	_
Misc. apparel and accessories	1	6.40	6.43	6.49	6.57	-	233.60	239.84	235.59	241.78	-
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	7.82	7.94	7.82	7.96	_	292.47	308.07	294.81	301.68	_
Curtains and draperies	2391	6.47	6.60	6.75	6.74	_	234.21	243.54	240.98	250.05	_
House furnishings, nec		6.55	6.61	6.84	6.87	-	241.04	249.86	251.03	249.38	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings		11.22	11.49	10.61	10.91	-	436.46	463.05	416.97	432.04	-
Paper and allied products	26	12.25	12.25	12.56	12.56	12.66	520.63	529.20	537.57	536.31	543.1
Paper mills		15.07	15.00	15.33	15.34	-	690.21	679.50	692.92	687.23	-
Paperboard mills		15.18	15.31	15.49	15.51	- 1	687.65	696.61	695.50	693.30	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Ma 199
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued		}									
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	40.7	42.6	41.7	42.1	-	3.1	4.4	3.7	4.0	.
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	41.1	43.3	41.8	42.3	_	3.5	5.0	3.9	4.5	
Sanitary food containers		41.2	44.7	43.2	44.3	-	2.5	4.5	4.3	4.7	
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	40.2	41.6	41.8	41.5	-	2.8	4.2	3.8	3.7	1
Misc. converted paper products		40.8	41.6	41.4	41.1	-	3.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	1
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		42.3	43.0	42.2	41.8	-	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.2	
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated		40.9	41.4	41.0	40.0	-	4.4	4.5	4.2	3.7	1
Envelopes	2677	40.6	40.9	40.6	40.3	-	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.5	
Printing and publishing	27	37.4	37.6	37.7	37.4	37.1	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.5	
Newspapers		32.7	33.1	32.6	32.4	-	1.2	1.4	.9	.9	}
Periodicals		37.5	37.4	37.2	37.6	_	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.7	1
Books		37.9	38.6	40.0	39.1	_	2.6	3.0	3.4	2.8	1
Book publishing		38.5	39.5	40.1	39.2	_ '	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.3	
Book printing		37.1	37.5	39.8	39.0	_	2.8	3.4	4.3	3.4	
Miscellaneous publishing		36.4	36.7	36.7	36.4	_	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.8	İ
Commercial printing		38.9	39.0	39.2	38.8	_ '	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.0	Ì
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	38.6	38.6	39.1	38.5		3.2	3.3	3.3	2.9	
Commercial printing, nec	2759	39.2	39.7	39.3	39.5	_	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.2	l
Manifold business forms		40.5	40.7	41.2	40.7	l <u>-</u> i	2.2	2.7	3.4	2.9	1
Blankbooks and bookbinding		36.8	37.3	38.2	37.2	_	2.2	2.4	2.4	1.9	ļ
Printing trade services		38.8	39.2	39.1	38.9	_	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.8	l
Chamicala and allied products	20	42.6	42.4	42.7	42.5	42.4	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.3	
Chemicals and allied products		43.1	42.4	43.7	43.2	42.4	4.7	4.2 4.5	4.7	4.5	İ
Industrial inorganic chemicals		1 1	42.1	43.7	43.2	_		4.5		4.5	ĺ
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.9			l .		4.6 5.2		4.7	4.4	ł
Plastics materials and synthetics		43.3 44.7	42.3 43.5	42.0 42.5	42.1 43.0		5.2 5.8	4.9 5.4	4.4	4.6	
Plastics materials and resins Organic fibers, noncellulosic		41.9	41.3	41.4	41.3	-	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.5	
		41.4	41.2	43.0	42.6		3.4	3.3	4.4	4.2	
Drugs		41.4	41.1	43.1	42.6		3.4	3.1	4.4	4.1	
Pharmaceutical preparations		39.7	40.8	40.6	40.2	_	2.2	2.7	2,7	2.8	
Soap and other detergents		40.9	42.2	41.7	41.6		2.7	4.3	4.3	4.5	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842.2	40.4	41.6	41.2	40.9	_	2.4	2.9	3.0	3.2	
Toilet preparations		38.7	39.5	39.6	38.9	-	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.5	
Paints and allied products		41.2	42.6	41.3	41.1		3.1	4.2	3.1	2.8	
Industrial organic chemicals		45.6	44.8	45.0	45.4	-	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.8	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		44.3	43.6	44.4	45.6	_	5.5	4.8	4.6	5.3	
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		46.0	45.2	45.3	45.5	_	6.0	5.6	5.5	6.0	
Agricultural chemicals		45.2	44.5	44.6	44.9	_	6.0	5.9	5.4	6.4	ł
Miscellaneous chemical products		42.5	42.3	42.1	41.6	_	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.6	[
Detrolous and analysis to			44.4	40.0		440	5.0				
Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining		44.5 45.0	44.1 43.9	43.9 44.6	44.4	44.0	5.9 5.6	6.2 5.9	5.9 6.3	6.4 6.6	
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		44.4	46.5	42.1	44.3	-	7.3	8.5	5.0	6.8	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	40.1	41.4	40.5	40.6	40.8	2.7	3.7	3.1	3.2	
Tires and inner tubes	301	41.3	43.5	41.5	41.7	-	3.5	5.1	3.3	4.0	
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	38.7	41.0	43.6	41.6	. –	1.5	2.2	3.7	2.8	
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		41.2	43.0	41.0	40.7	·_	2.6	3.8	2.8	2.7	
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	41.8	43.2	41.6	41.6	_	3.0	4.2	2.9	2.5	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		39.2	41.3	39.8	39.9	l <u>-</u>	1.9	3.3	2.2	2.3	
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	40.0	41.0	40.4	40.6	-	2.7	3.7	3.2	3.3	
	ļ	00.4	27.5	06.7	067	07.0		1		1.5	
Leather and leather products		36.4 40.7	37.5 41.3	36.7 41.7	36.7	37.0	1.3 3.1	1.6 3.5	1.4 3.8	1.5 4.6	1
Leather tanning and finishing					42.5	I -	3.1	1.2		.9	1
Footwear, except rubber		35.9 35.7	36.8 36.6	35.2 35.8	35.1 35.8	<u>-</u>	.5 .5	1.0	.9 1.1	.9	1
Men's footwear, except athletic					1	-	1	1.3	.6	.9	1
Women's footwear, except athletic		35.8	36.8	34.1	33.9	l	.9 1.4	2.1	.6 2.2	2.4	1
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		37.4 34.7	39.5 36.6	41.3 36.8	41.4 35.9] [1.7	1.9	.5	.7	
ansportation and public utilities		39.0	39.0	38.3	38.5	36.7	-	-	_	-	
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads ³		45.9	45.2	45.5	46.0	l	_	_	_	_	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	,
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991°	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	May 1991 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	\$10.22	\$10.34	\$10.62	\$10.64	_	\$415.95	\$440.48	\$442.85	\$447.94	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		10.35	10.50	10.66	10.73	_	425.39	454.65	445.59	453.88	_
Sanitary food containers		9.97	10.05	10.28	10.18	_	410.76	449.24	444.10	450.97	_
Folding paperboard boxes		10.50	10.62	10.99	10.94	_	422.10	441.79	459.38	454.01	_
Misc. converted paper products	267	10.67	10.74	11.05	11.06	_	435.34	446.78	457.47	454.57	_
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		12.02	12.04	12.49	12.54	_	508.45	517.72	527.08	524.17	_
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated		10.22	10.00	10.54	10.47	_	418.00	414.00	432.14	418.80	_
Envelopes		9.86	10.00	10.31	10.32	_	400.32	409.00	418.59	415.90	_
Printing and publishing	27	11.12	11.17	11.36	11.35	\$11.40	415.89	419.99	428.27	424.49	\$422.9
Newspapers	271	11.16	11.17	11.33	11.36	\$11.40 -	364.93	369.73	369.36	368.06	D422.3
Periodicals		1	11.93			_				453.08	-
		11.95		11.97	12.05		448.13	446.18	445.28		-
Books		9.82	9.93	10.02	10.03	-	372.18	383.30	400.80	392.17	i -
Book publishing		9.56	9.63	9.77	9.76	-	368.06	380.39	391.78	382.59	-
Book printing		10.17	10.34	10.34	10.37	-	377.31	387.75	411.53	404.43	-
Miscellaneous publishing		10.12	10.12	10.53	10.42	- 1	368.37	371.40	386.45	379.29	-
Commercial printing		11.35	11.43	11.66	11.60	-	441.52	445.77	457.07	450.08	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		11.48	11.56	11.75	11.70	-	443.13	446.22	459.43	450.45	-
Commercial printing, nec	. 2759	11.03	11.12	11.40	11.33	-	432.38	441.46	448.02	447.54	-
Manifold business forms		11.49	11.57	12.03	11.98	_	465.35	470.90	495.64	487.59	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	1	8.80	8.77	9.02	9.04	-	323.84	327.12	344.56	336.29	-
Printing trade services		13.80	13.73	13.77	13.79	-	535.44	538.22	538.41	536.43	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	13.55	13.47	13.85	13.97	14.03	577.23	571.13	591.40	593.73	594.87
Industrial inorganic chemicals		14.62	14.66	14.92	15.00	-	630.12	624.52	652.00	648.00	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		14.70	14.71	15.25	15.35	_	630.63	619.29	667.95	663.12	_
		1 1	13.88	14.50		_					_
Plastics materials and synthetics		14.13			14.58		611.83	587.12	609.00	613.82	
Plastics materials and resins		14.89	14.74	15.11	15.16	-	665.58	641.19	642.18	651.88	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		13.65	13.27	13.92	14.08	-	571.94	548.05	576.29	581.50	-
Drugs		12.78	12.90	13.38	13.45	- 1	529.09	531.48	575.34	572.97	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	1	12.76	12.92	13.39	13.50	-	528.26	531.01	577.11	575.10	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		11.50	11.58	12.00	12.07	-	456.55	472.46	487.20	485.21	-
Soap and other detergents		15.19	15.49	15.40	15.45	-	621.27	653.68	642.18	642.72	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	. 2842,3	10.26	10.25	10.43	10.56	-	414.50	426.40	429.72	431.90	-
Toilet preparations	. 2844	9.95	9.93	10.59	10.58	-	385.07	392.24	419.36	411.56	-
Paints and allied products	. 285	11.94	12.06	12.48	12.41	-	491.93	513.76	515.42	510.05	i –
Industrial organic chemicals	. 286	16.20	15.87	16.15	16.44	-	738.72	710.98	726.75	746.38	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		15.87	15.82	15.82	16.12	-	703.04	689.75	702.41	735.07	_
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		16.47	16.06	16.42	16.69	_	757.62	725.91	743.83	759.40	_
Agricultural chemicals		13.50	13.45	13.73	13.87	_	610.20	598.53	612.36	622.76	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		12.20	12.28	12.39	12.55	-	518.50	519.44	521.62	522.08	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	16.31	16.13	17.06	17.00	16.66	725.80	711.33	748.93	754.80	733.04
Petroleum refining		17.75	17.61	18.54	18.53	-	798.75	773.08	826.88	828.29	7.55.04
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		12.28	12.64	12.26	12.57	-	545.23	587.76	516.15	556.85	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	. 30	9.64	9.72	10.01	10.03	10.05	386.56	402.41	405.41	407.22	410.04
Tires and inner tubes		15.07	15.31	15.78	15.88	-	622.39	665.99	654.87	662.20	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		6.64	6.59	6.69	6.80	_	256.97	270.19	291.68	282.88	_
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		9.57	9.65	9.87	9.98	_	394.28	414.95	404.67	406.19	_
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		9.86	9.92	10.05	10.21	_	412.15	428.54	418.08	424.74	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		9.21	9.31	9.52	9.54	_	361.03	384.50	378.90		
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	. 308	9.05	9.12	9.37	9.40	-	362.00	373.92	378.55	380.65 381.64	· -
Leather and leather products	21	6.00	601	7.44	7.4-	7.40	050.05		000.04	000 11	0040
Leather and leather products		6.93	6.91	7.11	7.17	7.16	252.25	259.13	260.94	263.14	264.92
Leather tarning and finishing		9.00	8.96	9.25	9.52	-	366.30	370.05	385.73	404.60	-
Footwear, except rubber		6.61	6.60	6.79	6.80	-	237.30	242.88	239.01	238.68	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		7.09	7.09	7.34	7.28	-	253.11	259.49	262.77	260.62	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		6.14	6.14	6.28	6.36	-	219.81	225.95	214.15	215.60	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		7.06	7.03	6.87	7.10	-	264.04	277.69	283.73	293.94	-
•		6.10	6.18	6.19	6.20	-	211.67	226.19	227.79	222.58	-
ansportation and public utilities		12.96	12.83	13.15	13.20	13.17	505.44	500.37	503.65	508.20	509.68
Railroad transportation:	401:	10.00	40.05	45.5	45.55	1			70.		
Class I railroads ³	.!4011	16.22	16.06	15.48	15.60	- 1	744.50	725.91	704.34	717.60	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	32.9	33.8	32.6	32.4	_	_	_	l -	-	_
Local and suburban transportation		38.7	38.2	37.6	37.4	_	_			_	l -
Intercity and rural bus transportation		39.5	39.0	37.3	38.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
·										-	
Trucking and warehousing		38.1	38.6	37.4	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and courier services, except air		38.0	38.5	37.3	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	38.9	39.0	38.9	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	41.8	41.0	41.9	41.5	-	-	_	-	_	-
Transportation services:								İ			
Passanas transportation assessment	470	050	05.6	05.5	05.0	1				1	
Passenger transportation arrangement		35.9	35.6	35.5	35.8] -	-	-	_	_	-
Travel agencies		35.8	35.5	35.8	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freight transportation arrangement	4/3	37.7	37.4	37.6	36.8	-	-	-	-	-	_
Communications	48	39.3	39.1	38.8	38.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Telephone communications		40.8	40.6	40.3	40.4	_	_	_	_	_	l _
Radio and television broadcasting		35.1	34.5	34.2	34.1	_	_	_	_	l _	l _
Cable and other pay television services		38.2	38.2	38.1	38.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
• •]	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.7	41.7	41.3	41.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric services		41.9	41.8	41.1	42.1	-	-	-	_	-	_
Gas production and distribution		41.9	41.7	41.8	41.9	_	-	_	_	-	-
Combination utility services		41.8	41.7	41.4	41.5	_	_	_	_	_	-
Sanitary services		41.3	42.1	41.5	41.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade		38.1	38.0	37.9	37.9	38.0	_	_	_	_	-
Durable goods		38.5	38.5	38.4	38.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		37.9	38.0	37.6	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings		37.0	37.0	36.3	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other construction materials		39.5	39.8	39.0	39.7	-	_	-) -	-	-
Professional and commercial equipment		38.8	38.7	39.1	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		39.7	40.0	39.5	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods		38.5	38.4	38.5	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.5	38.4	38.3	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	39.0	38.8	38.8	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	36.8	37.1	37.3	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	37.4	37.4	37.1	37.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Paper and paper products		37.4	37.6	36.9	36.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.3	37.1	36.6	36.9	l _	_	_	_	_	l _
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.2	36.3	36.7	36.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Groceries and related products		37.9	37.8	37.7	37.9		_	_	_	_	<u> </u>
Chemicals and allied products		39.9	40.0	39.7	39.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Petroleum and petroleum products		38.5	37.9	37.6	37.6	_	_	۱ ـ	_	l _	l _
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		36.5	36.4	36.2	36.4	1 _	_	_ ا	_	_	_
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	37.0	37.0	36.5	37.0	_	_	_	-	-	_
Retail trade		28.9	28.7	28.1	28.3	28.6	_	_	_	_	_
Building materials and garden supplies	52	36.1	36.2	35.2	35.8	-	-	-·	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	37.8	37.9	36.9	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware stores	525	32.1	32.0	31.8	32.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
General merchandise stores	53	28.0	28.2	27.5	28.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
		27.8	28.1	27.5	28.0			l -	l -	1 -	1 -
Department stores		1		l .		1 -	_	-	1 -		"
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores		29.0 28.6	28.3 28.4	28.0 28.5	28.2 28.8	-		-	-	-	-
•	I										1
Food stores		30.1	29.7	28.8	29.0	-	-	-	-		-
Grocery stores		30.2	29.8	28.9	29.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	1546	29.8	28.8	28.5	28.2	I -		I	I -	I -	I -

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	\$9.11	\$9.02	\$9.30	\$9.36	-	\$299.72	\$304.88	\$303.18	\$303.26	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	10.01	9.95	9.98	10.13	-	387.39	380.09	375.25	378.86	
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	11.53	11.34	12.59	12.46	-	455.44	442.26	469.61	480.96	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	11.73	11.75	11.78	11.80	_	446.91	453.55	440.57	444.86	_
Trucking and courier services, except air		11.89	11.90	11.93	11.95	_	451.82	458.15	444.99	450.52	_
Public warehousing and storage		9.58	9.54	9.77	9.78	_	372.66	372.06	380.05	380.44	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	17.27	17.06	17.69	17.89	-	721.89	699.46	741.21	742.44	-
Transportation services:											
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	9.13	9.12	9.33	9.47	_	327.77	324.67	331.22	339.03	_
Travel agencies		9.20	9.12	9.49	9.58	_	329.36	323.76	339.74	346.80	_
Freight transportation arrangement		12.22	12.11	12.49	12.51	-	460.69	452.91	469.62	460.37	-
Communications	48	13.34	13.38	13.77	13.88	_	524.26	523.16	534.28	539.93	_
Telephone communications		13.96	14.01	14.42	14.48	_	569.57	568.81	581.13	584.99	-
Radio and television broadcasting		12.49	12.50	13.13	13.44	_	438.40	431.25	449.05	458.30	-
Cable and other pay television services		10.43	10.47	10.63	10.69	_	398.43	399.95	405.00	410.50	_
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	15.11	14.95	15.73	15.68	_	630.09	623.42	649.65	653.86	_
Electric services		15.84	15.70	16.36		_	663.70	656.26	672.40	688.34	-
Gas production and distribution		14.09	13.78	14.68		_	590.37	582.97	613.62	616.35	-
Combination utility services		16.93	16.76	18.45	18.21	_	707.67	698.89	763.83	755.72	-
Sanitary services		11.55	11.44	11.69	11.70	_	477.02	481.62	485.14	486.72	_
Wholesale trade		10.77	10.72	11.06	11.12	\$ 11.13	410.34	407.36	419.17	421.45	\$422.9
Durable goods	50	11.11	11.05	11.43	11.50	_	427.74	425.43	438.91	441.60	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		9.96	9.89	10.15		_	377.48	375.82	381.64	384.38	_
Furniture and home furnishings		10.16	10.10	10.32	10.27	_	375.92	373.70	374.62	373.83	_
Lumber and other construction materials		10.44	10.38	10.69	10.73	_	412.38	413.12	416.91	425.98	_
Professional and commercial equipment		12.99	13.03	13.62		1	504.01	504.26	532.54	535.26	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		11.27	11.17	11.58	11.63	_	447.42	446.80	457.41	460.55	_
Electrical goods		11.36	11.23	11.55	11.67	_	437.36	431.23	444.68	446.96	_
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		10.51	10.49	10.69	10.76	-	404.64	402.82	409.43	414.26	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		11.15	11.04	11.36	11.39	_	434.85	428.35	440.77	443.07	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		8.74	8.73	8.94	8.97	-	321.63	323.88	333.46	331.89	-
Nondurable goods	51	10.27	10.24	10.55	10.59	_	384.10	382.98	391.41	395.01	_
Paper and paper products		10.95	10.86	11.00		_	409.53	408.34	405.90	408.85	_
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		11.80	11.73	12.48	12.45	_	440.14	435.18	456.77	459.41	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	10.18	10.10	10.29	10.35	_	368.52	366.63	377.64	376.74	-
Groceries and related products	514	10.44	10.43	10.72	10.77	_	395.68	394.25	404.14	408.18	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	12.61	12.44	12.49	12.55	-	503.14	497.60	495.85	495.73	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	10.25	10.19	10.25	10.28	-	394.63	386.20	385.40	386.53	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		11.99	12.00	12.50	12.66		437.64	436.80	452.50	460.82	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	8.50	8.51	8.89	8.91		314.50	314.87	324.49	329.67	-
Retail trade		6.74	6.73	6.91	6.98	6.98	194.79	193.15	194.17	197.53	199.63
Building materials and garden supplies		7.94	7.92	8.08	8.07	- ,	286.63	286.70	284.42	288.91	-
Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores		8.30 6.70	8.28 6.69	8.41 6.95	8.44 6.99	-	313.74 215.07	313.81 214.08	310.33 221.01	317.34 223.68	_
General merchandise stores		6.84	6.83	6.98	7.05	-	191.52	192.61	191.95	198.11	-
Department stores		7.01	6.98	7.12	7.17	-	194.88	196.14	195.09	200.76	-
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores		5.47 6.27	5.47 6.31	5.68 6.69	5.78 6.84	-	158.63 179.32	154.80 179.20	159.04 190.67	163.00 196.99	_
-											
Food stores		7.34 7.43	7.35 7.43	7.52 7.61	7.60 7.68	-	220.93 224.39	218.30 221.41	216.58 219.93	220.40 223.49	_
Retail bakeries		6.33	6.33	6.44	6.51	_	188.63	182.30	183.54	183.58	_
		5.55	0.00	U.77	5.51		.55.50	.52.50		. 55.55	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Retail trade—Continued	-										
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36.2	35.9	35.7	35.8	-	_	_	-	_	-
New and used car dealers	551	37.2	37.1	37.0	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Auto and home supply stores	553	38.3	37.8	37.5	37.9	_	_	-	-	-	_
Gasoline service stations	554	33.8	33.6	33.2	33.0	-	_	_	-	-	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	36.2	34.8	34.5	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.4	26.8	26.4	26.6	_	_	-	_	-	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	28.6	28.1	27.5	27.8	- :	_	_	-	-	-
Women's clothing stores	562	24.3	24.0	23.6	24.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family clothing stores	565	27.9	27.2	26.9	27.4	-	_	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores	566	31.1	30.0	30.2	30.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	32.8	32.8	32.4	32.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.4	33.3	32.9	32.8	_	_	_	_	_	-
Household appliance stores		33.4	33.4	32.5	32.8	_	-	_	-	-	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	31.8	31.7	31.5	31.5	-	-	-	-	_	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores	5731	31.8	31.5	31.2	30.9	-	-	_	_	-	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	25.8	26.1	25.1	25.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	58	25.4	25.2	24.6	24.6	_	-	_	-	-	-
Minnellanger witeil autoblishments	50	20.5	20.6	20.0	20.2						
Miscellaneous retail establishments		29.5	29.6	29.0	29.2	_	-	_	_	_	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		27.2 28.1	27.1 27.9	27.4	27.3 27.4	_	-	_	-	_	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Nonstore retailers	506	32.1	32.9	27.1 32.9	33.1	_	-	_	_	_	1 -
Fuel dealers		37.6	36.9	37.9	37.6	_	-	-	i -	_	1 -
Retail stores, nec		31.8	32.8	30.7	30.8	_	-	_	-	_	_
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		36.1	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.6	-	_	_	_	_
·	1									Ì	
Depository institutions		36.0	35.2	35.2	35.2	_	-		-	-	-
Commercial banks		35.9	35.1	34.9	35.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit unions	606	35.9	35.4	35.6	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepository institutions	61	38.5	37.5	37.6	37.7	_	-	_	_	-	-
Personal credit institutions	614	38.5	37.9	37.4	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers:									ŀ		
Security and commodity services	628	38.0	37.4	37.3	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	37.6	37.2	37.5	37.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Life insurance		37.4	36.9	37.0	36.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Medical service and health insurance		38.1	38.0	38.5	38.2	l _	_	_	_	1 -	1 -
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		37.2	37.0	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		32.6	32.3	32.3	32.3	32.3	_	_	_	_	_
	1				İ						
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels ⁴	. 701	31.2	30.8	29.9	30.1	-	-	-	_	-	-
Personal services:					•						
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	34.2	34.5	33.6	34.2	_	_	_	l _	_	_
Beauty shops ⁴		29.8	29.4	29.7	29.7	_	_		_	_	_
Miscellaneous personal services		28.8	25.6	27.9	29.1	_	_	_	-	-	-
Post and a second										-	
Business services	. 73	33.0	33.1	33.1	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advertising		37.5 28.8	36.9 28.9	36.1 28.3	36.2 28.4	_	_	_	-	_	_
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				20.3							
Personnel supply services: Help supply services	7262	30.1	30.8	21.0	30.7				1		
		30.1	38.0	31.0 37.9	37.8	-	-	-	-	_	_
Computer and data processing services Computer programming services		38.9	38.3	37.9	38.5	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		-
Miscellaneous business services		34.3	34.3	34.0	34.0	[-	I -] _	-	1 -
Detective and armored car services		34.1	34.0	34.0	33.7	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
Detective and annioned car services	. 7301	34.1	34.0	34.0	33.7	1 -	1 -	-	1 -	1	1 -

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Automotive dealers and service stations	. 55	\$8.94	\$8.88	\$8.96	\$9.07	-	\$323.63	\$318.79	\$319.87	\$324.71	-
New and used car dealers		11.11	11.00	11.01	11.16	-	413.29	408.10	407.37	414.04	
Auto and home supply stores	. 553	7.76	7.76	7.96	8.00	_	297.21	293.33	298.50	303.20	-
Gasoline service stations		6.19	6.22	6.31	6.41	-	209.22	208.99	209.49	211.53	-
Automotive dealers, nec		10.95	10.78	10.33	10.52	-	396.39	375.14	356.39	371.36	-
Apparel and accessory stores	. 56	6.22	6.24	6.51	6.60	-	170.43	167.23	171.86	175.56	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores		7.64	7.70	7.81	8.09	-	218.50	216.37	214.78	224.90	-
Women's clothing stores	. 562	5.97	5.95	6.29	6.36	-	145.07	142.80	148.44	152.64	-
Family clothing stores	. 565	6.10	6.11	6.41	6.49	-	170.19	166.19	172.43	177.83	-
Shoe stores	. 566	6.14	6.18	6.46	6.56	-	190.95	185.40	195.09	197.46	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	. 57	8.53	8.51	8.83	8.92	_	279.78	279.13	286.09	288.12	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores		8.40	8.37	8.60	8.68	_	280.56	278.72	282.94	284.70	_
Household appliance stores	572	8.62	8.69	9.22	9.30	_	287.91	290.25	299.65	305.04	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	. 573	8.72	8.69	9.10	9.23	_	277.30	275.47	286.65	290.75	! -
Radio, television, and electronic stores		8.53	8.66	9.10	9.19	_	271.25	272.79	283.92	283.97	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores		5.13	5.15	5.59	5.71	-	132.35	134.42	140.31	144.46	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	. 58	4.93	4.96	5.08	5.17	-	125.22	124.99	124.97	127.18	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	7.09	7.09	7.40	7.43	_	209.16	209.86	214.60	216.96] _
Drug stores and proprietary stores		6.70	6.72	7.09	7.17	_	182.24	182.11	194.27	195.74	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		6.64	6.65	6.97	7.00	_	186.58	185.54	188.89	191.80	_
Nonstore retailers		7.97	8.00	8.20	8.25	_	255.84	263.20	269.78	273.08	_
Fuel dealers		9.81	9.70	10.13	10.08	_	368.86	357.93	383.93	379.01	1 [
Retail stores, nec		7.33	7.26	7.54	7.60	_	233.09	238.13	231.48	234.08	_
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		9.96	9.89	10.33	10.37	\$10.38	359.56	352.08	367.75	369.17	\$369.
Depository institutions	60	8.43	8.40	8.73	8.74	_	303.48	295.68	307.30	307.65	_
Commercial banks		8.11	8.09	8.41	8.40		291.15	283.96	293.51	294.00	
Credit unions		8.14	8.07	8.41	8.40	_	292.23	285.68	299.40	297.36	_
Nondepository institutions	64	10.33	10.26	10.69	10.83	_	397.71	384.75	401.94	408.29	_
Personal credit institutions		9.22	9.11	9.71	9.73	-	354.97	345.27	363.15	366.82	-
Security and commodity brokers:	600	12.01	10.04	14.00	12.00		404.00	480.22	522.95	523.23	
Security and commodity services	. 026	13.01	12.84	14.02	13.99	-	494.38	400.22	522.95	523.23	-
Insurance carriers		11.17	11.09	11.59	11.69	-	419.99	412.55	434.63	434.87	-
Life insurance		10.36	10.35	10.66	10.85	-	387.46	381.92	394.42	396.03	-
Medical service and health insurance Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		10.81 11.94	10.64 11.91	11.08 12.50	11.03 12.58	-	411.86 444.17	404.32 440.67	426.58 466.25	421.35 467.98	_
Services		9.79	9.75	10.16	10.19	10.18	319.15	314.93	328.17	329.14	328.8
Hatala and albertadelas atanas											
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels'	. 701	6.97	6.99	7.18	7.24	-	217.46	215.29	214.68	217.92	_
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	. 721	6.80	6.81	6.94	7.02	_	232.56	234.95	233.18	240.08	i -
Beauty shops4		7.13	7.16	7.21	7.28	_	212.47	210.50	214.14	216.22	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	6.79	7.24	6.80	6.95	-	195.55	185.34	189.72	202.25	-
Business services	. 73	9.52	9.46	9.71	9.74	_	314.16	313.13	321.40	321.42	_
Advertising		13.75	13.39	13.70	13.65	_	515.63	494.09	494.57	494.13	l _
Services to buildings		7.18	7.22	7.24	7.20	-	206.78	208.66	204.89	204.48	-
Personnel supply services:											
Help supply services	. 7363	8.05	8.08	8.35	8.36	_	242.31	248.86	258.85	256.65	l _
Computer and data processing services		15.10	15.01	15.42	15.45	_	582.86	570.38	584.42	584.01	l _
Computer programming services		17.57	17.65	17.74	17.55	_	683.47	676.00	682.99	675.68	l _
Miscellaneous business services		7.93	7.95	8.07	8.16	_	272.00	272.69	274.38	277.44	<u>-</u>
Detective and armored car services		6.20	6.20	6.27	6.36		211.42	210.80	213.18	214.33	I _

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991
Services—Continued									******		
Auto repair, services, and parking		36.5	36.6	36.1	36.0	-	- :	-	-	_	-
Automotive repair shops	753	38.1	38.2	37.9	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.5	38.1	37.7	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	78	27.6	26.1	27.8	27.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Motion picture production and services	781	36.2	34.3	36.8	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	27.2	26.4	26.0	26.1	-	_	_	_	_	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	26.9	25.6	24.7	25.0	-	-	-	-	_	_
Physical fitness facilities		18.4	18.5	17.7	17.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	29.5	29.3	28.1	28.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	80	32.5	32.2	32.4	32.4		_	-	_	_	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	31.7	31.4	31.8	32.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	28.6	28.2	28.2	28.3	_	-	_	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	804	29.8	29.5	29.4	29.3	_	_	_	_	_	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	32.2	31.6	31.8	31.8	_	-	_	-	-	-
Intermediate care facilities	8052	31.0	30.6	31.0	30.9	_	_	_	_	-	-
Hospitals	806	34.1	34.0	34.0	34.2	-	_	-	_	_	-
Home health care services	808	25.5	25.0	25.8	25.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	35.3	34.5	34.8	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services:											
Child day care services	835	29.5	29.7	29.7	29.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and management services		38.0	37.0	37.6	37.7	_	-	_	_	-	-
Engineering and architectural services		39.0	38.9	38.7	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering services	8711	39.3	39.3	39.0	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Architectural services		38.1	37.4	37.8	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		40.5	36.9	40.1	40.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research and testing services		36.3	36.0	36.1	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management and public relations	874	35.7	35.3	35.0	34.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services, nec	89	38.0	37.1	35.4	35.2	_	_	-	_	-	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991°	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Services—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	\$8.74	\$8.76	\$8.95	\$8.99	_	\$319.01	\$320.62	\$323.10	\$323.64	_
Automotive repair shops	753	9.66	9.67	9.78	9.81	-	368.05	369.39	370.66	370.82	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	10.32	10.28	10.57	10.59	_	387.00	391.67	398.49	400.30	-
Motion pictures	78	10.47	10.42	11.80	11.76	_	288.97	271.96	328.04	321.05	_
Motion picture production and services	781	16.33	16.12	18.20	18.02	-	591.15	552.92	669.76	655.93	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	8.29	8.26	8.63	8.66	_	225.49	218.06	224.38	226.03	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services		7.53	7.47	7.64	7.62	_	202.56	191.23	188.71	190.50	-
Physical fitness facilities	7991	8.01	7.82	7.81	7.85	_	147.38	144.67	138.24	136.59	_
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	7.44	7.31	7.79	7.72	-	219.48	214.18	218.90	219.25	-
Health services	80	10.29	10.32	10.75	10.83	_	334.43	332.30	348.30	350.89	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	10.45	10.44	11.04	11.16	-	331.27	327.82	351.07	357.12	_
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	10.07	10.08	10.50	10.55	_	288.00	284.26	296.10	298.57	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		8.96	8.87	9.37	9.36	_	267.01	261.67	275.48	274.25	i -
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	7.17	7.21	7.46	7.52	_	230.87	227.84	237.23	239.14	-
Intermediate care facilities	. 8052	6.50	6.49	6.81	6.92	_	201.50	198.59	211.11	213.83	-
Hospitals	806	11.66	11.69	12.18	12.27	_	397.61	397.46	414.12	419.63	_
Home health care services	808	8.59	8.61	9.11	9.14	-	219.05	215.25	235.04	236.73	-
Legal services	81	14.19	13.99	14.49	14.47	-	500.91	482.66	504.25	502.11	-
Social services:											
Child day care services	835	6.05	5.98	6.22	6.28	-	178.48	177.61	184.73	185.89	-
Engineering and management services	87	13.50	13.45	13.96	13.95	-	513.00	497.65	524.90	525.92	_
Engineering and architectural services	871	14.77	14.64	15.42	15.38	-	576.03	569.50	596.75	596.74	-
Engineering services	. 8711	15.31	15.14	15.96	15.91	-	601.68	595.00	622.44	622.08	_
Architectural services		13.72	13.69	14.38	14.43	_	522.73	512.01	543.56	545.45	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	. 872	12.00	12.05	12.27	12.23	_	486.00	444.65	492.03	496.54	_
Research and testing services	. 873	14.05	13.86	14.67	14.81	_	510.02	498.96	529.59	534.64	_
Management and public relations		12.64	12.48	12.90	12.82	-	451.25	440.54	451.50	447.42	-
Services, nec	89	13.71	13.55	14.38	14.79	_	520.98	502.71	509.05	520.61	_

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of

^{\$50,000,000} or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.
 Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

Data not available.

⁼ preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (SIC 3721)	•	Guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761							
Series	Mar. 1990	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	Mar. 1990	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°				
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$ 15.47	\$15.50	\$16.29	\$16.47	\$14.56	\$14.54	\$15.04	\$14.98				
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	16.17	16.22	16.75	16.93	15.04	15.03	15.38	15.32				

p = preliminary.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Manufacturing	\$10.37	\$10.35	\$10.64	\$10.68	\$10.72
Durable goods	10.84	10.84	11.17	11.22	11.28
Lumber and wood products	8.72	8.70	8.78	8.84	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	8.22	8.22	8.48	8.49	(2)
Stone, clay, and glass products	10.56	10.49	10.70	10.76	(1) (2) (3) (3) (4) (5)
Primary metal industries	12.27	12.11	12.56	12.61	(²)
Fabricated metal products	10.33	10.33	10.68	10.72	(²)
Industrial machinery and equipment	11.17	11.19	11.62	11.64	(²)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	9.89	9.85	10.18	10.28	(2)
Transportation equipment	13.41	13.42	13.92	14.00	(²)
Instruments and related products	10.91	10.86	11.28	11.30	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	8.37	8.33	8.51	8.52	(2)
Nondurable goods	9.72	9.67	9.95	9.98	\$9.98
Food and kindred products	9.17	9.14	9.37	9.39	(²)
Tobacco products	16.60	16.68	16.99	17.19	(²)
Textile mill products	7.66	7.64	7.84	7.86	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	6.45	6.45	6.49	6.58	(²)
Paper and allied products	11.66	11.63	11.96	11.95	(²)
Printing and publishing	10.75	10.78	10.97	10.99	(°) (°) (°)
Chemicals and allied products	12.91	12.83	13.19	13.30	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	15.30 •	15.07	16.00	15.85	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	9.32	9.30	9.65	9.65	(²)
Leather and leather products	6.80	6.77	6.98	7.03	(²)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

² Not available.

P = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	May 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	May 1991 ^p
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$9.96 7.58	\$9.96 7.57	\$10.24 7.46	\$10.29 7.48	\$10.30 (²)	\$341.63 259.99	\$342.62 260.35	\$348.16 253.58	\$350.89 255.01	\$352.26 (²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	13.70	13.60	14.09	14.09	\$13.99	590.47	587.52	619.96	617.14	\$614.16
Constant (1982) dollars	10.43	10.33	10.26	10.24	(²)	449.37	446.44	451.54	448.50	(2)
Construction:										
Current dollars	13.63	13.73	13.93	13.99	\$13.97	508.40	525.86	518.20	528.82	\$535.05
Constant (1982) dollars	10.37	10.43	10.15	10.17	(²)	386.91	399.59	377.42	384.32	(²)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	10.74	10.80	11.06	11.10	\$11.15	427.45	441.72	443.51	445.11	\$449.35
Constant (1982) dollars	8.17	8.21	8.06	8.07	(²)	325.30	335.65	323.02	323.48	(2)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	12.96	12.83	13.15	13.20	\$13.17	505.44	500.37	503.65	508.20	\$509.68
Constant (1982) dollars	9.86	9.75	9.58	9.59	(²)	384.66	380.22	366.82	369.33	(²)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	10.77	10.72	11.06	11.12	\$11.13	410.34	407.36	419.17	421.45	\$422.94
Constant (1982) dollars	8.20	8.15	8.06	8.08	(²)	312.28	309.54	305.29	306.29	(2)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	6.74	6.73	6.91	6.98	\$6.98	194.79	193.15	194.17	197.53	\$199.63
Constant (1982) dollars	5.13	5.11	5.03	5.07	(²)	148.24	146.77	141.42	143.55	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:]
Current dollars	9.96	9.89	10.33	10.37	\$10.38	359.56	352.08	367.75	369.17	\$369.53
Constant (1982) dollars	7.58	7.52	7.52	7.54	(²)	273.64	267.54	267.84	268.29	(2)
Services:										
Current dollars	9.79	9.75	10.16	10.19	\$10.18	319.15	314.93	328.17	329.14	\$328.81
Constant (1982) dollars	7.45	7.41	7.40	7.41	(²)	242.88	239.31	239.02	239.20	(²)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Not available.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

la dunda.				19	90						1991		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May
Total private	34.5	34.6	34.5	34.5	34.6	34.2	34.4	34.6	34.1	34.3	34.2	34.0	34.3
Mining	43.5	44.4	43.7	43.9	44.7	44.0	44.9	44.8	44.4	44.9	44.6	44.2	44.5
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.7	40.6	40.7	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.4
Overtime hours	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4
Durable goods	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	41.3	41.1	41.2	40.8	40.7	40.6	40.7	40.7
Overtime hours	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3
Lumber and wood products	40.4	40.3	40.2	40.5	40.7	39.8	39.5	40.0	39.4	39.3	39.2	39.3	39.4
Furniture and fixtures	39.2	39.3	39.7	39.4	39.2	38.6	38.5	38.8	38.5	37.5	38.2	38.9	39.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.1	42.3	41.7	42.3	42.2	41.2	41.8	42.0	41.0	41.7	41.3	41.2	41.6
Primary metal industries	43.0	43.0	43.2	42.9	43.0	42.9	42.7	42.3	42.0	41.5	41.4	41.5	41.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.6	43.5	44.1	43.6	43.7	43.7	43.6	43.2	42.6	41.5	41.8	41.4	41.1
Fabricated metal products	41.7	41.6	41.7	41.6	41.6	41.2	40.8	41.1	40.6	40.7	40.6	40.7	40.7
Industrial machinery and equipment	42.1	42.0	42.0	42.1	42.1	42.1	41.8	42.1	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.3	41.3
Electronic and other electrical equipment	40.9	41.0	40.7	40.6	41.1	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.3	40.5	40.2	40.6	40.6
Transportation equipment	42.5	42.6	42.8	42.6	42.8	42.5	41.1	41.5	41.5	41.0	40.8	41.0	41.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.3	43.1	42.6	41.0	41.5	41.4	40.9	40.5	41.3	41.2
Instruments and related products	41.1	41.2	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.0	41.0	41.2	40.8	41.0	40.9	40.8	40.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.4	39.3	39.5	39.9	39.9	39.8	39.6	39.3	39.0	39.3	39.3	39.3	39.5
Nondurable goods	40.1	40.2	40,1	40.1	40.2	40.0	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.9	39.8	39.9
Overtime hours	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5
Food and kindred products	40.8	40.9	40.5	41.0	41.2	40.6	40.7	40.9	40.7	40.6	40.6	40.4	40.4
Tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)
Textile mill products	40.2	40.4	40.2	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.2	39.4	39.6	40.2
Apparel and other textile products	36.5	36.7	36.6	36.6	36.6	36.4	36.3	36.6	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.4	36.7
Paper and allied products	43.3	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.2	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.0	43.0	43.2	43.0	43.1
Printing and publishing	37.9	38.0	38.0	38.2	38.0	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.7	37.6	37.6	37.5	37.5
Chemicals and allied products	42.6	42.6	42.4	42.3	42.7	42.6	42.6	42.9	42.6	42.4	42.7	42.4	42.5
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	´(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.4	41.6	41.4	41.3	41.4	41.1	40.8	41.0	40.8	40.6	40.6	40.7	40.8
Leather and leather products	37.4	37.4	37.4.	37.6	37.5	37.1	36.8	37.3	36.9	37.2	37.1	37.1	37.0
Transportation and public utilities	39.2	39.2	39.1	39.0	39.1	38.5	38.7	39.0	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.5	38.9
Wholesale trade	38.0	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.2	37.9	38.0	38.3	37.9	37.9	38.1	37.9	38.1
Retail trade	28.8	28.9	28.9	28.7	28.9	28.4	28.7	28.7	28.3	28.6	28.6	28.4	28.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.8	32.3	32.5	32.8	32.2	32.5	32.4	32.2	32.5

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA **HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

Indian.				19	90						1991		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May⁵
Total private	124.0	124.3	124.0	123.9	124.4	122.6	122.9	123.3	121.3	121.5	120.9	120.0	121.1
Goods-producing	111.0	111.1	110.2	109.9	109.6	107.7	106.8	106.7	104.4	104.0	102.7	102.5	103.0
Mining	63.7	65.3	64.5	64.0	64.9	64.4	65.3	65.3	64.9	65.4	65.0	64.2	63.5
Construction	140.4	140.8	137.1	137.4	137.2	130.9	132.9	132.6	125.0	126.9	123.2	122.4	124.2
Manufacturing	107.9	107.7	107.4	107.1	106.6	105.6	104.0	103.9	102.7	101.6	100.9	100.7	101.1
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	107.3 132.1 126.0 111.0 94.3 82.8 109.4 98.5 108.2 122.1 131.9 88.4 101.6 108.7 110.3 69.5 99.6 94.2 110.9 128.4	107.0 130.9 125.7 111.3 94.0 82.0 109.0 98.0 107.9 122.6 134.7 88.1 100.9 108.8 109.8 68.6 99.2 94.2 111.4 128.4 104.9	106.8 130.0 125.8 109.5 95.0 83.9 109.2 97.8 107.1 122.5 134.5 87.3 101.9 108.4 109.5 98.8 93.5 111.6 128.6 104.6	106.1 129.6 124.2 109.7 93.5 82.4 108.6 106.1 121.0 132.5 87.0 102.0 108.5 110.7 72.4 98.1 93.5 111.3 128.8 104.1	105.3 129.4 123.2 109.2 93.0 82.7 107.6 96.7 105.7 119.7 130.4 86.5 102.0 108.4 111.4 72.2 97.5 93.2 110.8 128.0 104.6	104.2 126.3 120.8 106.4 92.6 83.3 106.6 104.7 118.3 128.4 85.5 101.3 107.6 110.0 95.9 92.3 111.1 127.4 104.4	102.1 123.6 118.0 106.4 91.4 83.1 104.4 95.2 103.7 111.8 110.3 85.2 100.2 106.7 110.3 70.7 95.0 91.0 110.5 126.4 104.1	102.0 123.5 117.4 106.2 90.3 81.8 104.6 95.3 103.1 112.5 115.8 85.4 99.4 106.7 111.2 70.9 94.2 91.3 110.2 126.0 104.2	100.4 120.5 115.9 102.1 89.0 79.1 103.2 93.8 101.5 111.2 114.8 84.8 98.0 105.9 110.8 71.8 93.7 89.9 109.9 125.1 103.4	98.8 118.6 111.7 102.4 86.6 74.7 100.8 93.0 101.1 108.0 108.7 84.8 98.0 105.5 111.0 70.7 92.3 90.3 109.9 124.4 102.8	97.8 117.0 112.6 99.9 85.7 74.7 99.9 92.5 99.7 106.3 108.1 84.8 96.9 105.2 111.0 67.2 92.3 90.5 109.5 109.5	98.0 117.7 115.3 99.9 85.6 74.3 99.9 91.3 100.7 107.2 113.0 84.1 96.9 104.6 109.8 66.2 93.0 90.0 108.8 122.7 102.4	98.2 119.0 116.5 100.6 85.7 74.1 100.1 90.3 100.8 108.9 117.3 83.4 97.0 105.1 110.2 66.0 94.7 91.1 108.1 108.2 117.3
Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	86.9 129.5 63.8	90.1 130.2 63.2	86.7 129.9 62.6	86.3 129.6 61.5	87.7 129.2 61.3	86.0 128.0 60.0	90.3 125.1 58.5	85.6 124.8 58.3	84.5 123.4 57.4	85.9 121.6 57.0	86.3 119.7 55.9	86.9 119.6 55.3	85.9 120.8 55.1
Service-producing	129.8	130.3	130.3	130.1	131.0	129.3	130.1	130.7	128.9	129.4	129.0	127.9	129.2
Transportation and public utilities	115.6	116.1	115.5	115.3	116.0	114.3	115.2	116.1	115.3	114.3	114.1	113.6	114.9
Wholesale trade	116.5	116.8	116.6	116.5	116.7	115.7	115.8	115.8	114.7	114.2	114.3	113.2	113.8
Retail trade	123.7	124.2	124.1	123.3	124.1	121.7	122.7	122.3	120.3	121.1	120.6	119.4	120.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	121.0	120.6	120.7	120.8	122.3	119.4	120.2	121.6	120.4	120.2	119.9	118.3	120.1
Services	144.9	145.5	145.7	146.1	147.3	146.1	146.7	148.1	145.8	146.9	146.5	145.4	146.9

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-7. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

la di cana	···			19	90					_	1991		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May
						Average	hourly e	arnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$9.98	\$10.02	\$10.05	\$10.07	\$10.10	\$10.10	\$10.13	\$10.17	\$10.18	\$10.20	\$10.24	\$10.28	\$10.32
Mining	13.63	13.75	13.78	13.76	13.85	13.83	13.88	13.89	14.04	13.99	14.03	14.02	14,02
Construction	13.77	13.78	13.81	13.83	13.86	13.86	13.85	13.87	13.95		13.97	14.05	
Manufacturing	10.80	10.84	10.87	10.89	10.91	10.96	10.96	10.99	11.02		11.05	11.11	11.15
Excluding overtime ²	10.33	10.36	10.39	10.41	10.44	10.50	10.50		10.58		10.61	10.64	10.70
Transportation and public utilities	12.90	12.94	13.01	13.00	13.03	13.05	13.07	13.11	13.15		13.16	13.20	13.24
Wholesale trade	10.73	10.79	10.82	10.83	10.92	10.88	10.93	11.00	11.00		11.07	11.08	11.14
Retail trade	6.74 9.88	6.77	6.78	6.80	6.81	6.82	6.83	6.84	6.86		6.90	6.97	6.99 10.37
Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	9.78	9.97 9.83	10.03 9.88	10.04 9.90	10.12 9.94	10.09 9.92	10.12 9.98	10.22 10.03	10.17 10.03	10.22 10.07	10.32 10.13	10.29 10.16	
	00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.00	10.00	10.00	10.07	10.10	70.10	10.2.
Total private (in constant dollars)3	7.58	7.57	7.57	7.51	7.48	7.43	7.43	7.44	7.42	7.43	7.46	7.47	(*)
						Average	weekly	earnings					
Total private: In current dollars	344.31	346.69	346.73	347.42	349.46	345.42	348.47	351.88	347.14	349.86	350.21	349.52	353.98
In constant (1982) dollars ³	261.44	261.85	261.09		258.67	254.17	255.66		253.02		255.07	253.83	(*)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1990 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

Not available.

^p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourty ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Alabama	40.3	40.2	40.2	\$9.32	\$9.62	\$9.65	\$375.60	\$386.72	\$387.93
Birmingham	40.2	41.1	40.8	9.62	10.03	10.15	386.72	412.23	414.12
Mobile	41.1	41.9	41.3	11.15	11.40	11.38	458.27	477.66	469.99
								.,	
Alaska	47.5	46.3	51.0	12.87	11.42	11.42	601.83	528.75	582.42
Arizona	40.3	40.5	40.2	10.07	10.49	10.44	405.82	424.85	419.69
Arkansas	39.7	40.3	40.3	8.46	8.71	8.75	335.86	351.01	352.63
Fayetteville-Springdale	38.8	38.6	41.3	7.61	7.83	7.64	295.27	302.24	315.53
Fort Smith	38.1	40.6	39.9	9.04	8.95	8.82	344.42	363.37	351.92
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.3	41.0	41.1	9.00	9.44	9.80	362.70	387.04	402.78
Pine Bluff	41.6	41.5	41.5	10.87	10.31	10.38	452.19	427.87	430.77
California	39.5	40.5	40.2	11.36	11.73	11.77	448.72	475.07	473.15
Anaheim-Santa Ana	40.4	40.1	39.7	11.35	12.00	11.98	458.54	481.20	475.61
Bakersfield	40.2	39.5	40.0	12.42	12.31	12.36	499.28	486.25	494.40
Fresno	39.4	39.5	39.1	9.46	9.96	9.96	372.72	393.42	389.44
Los Angeles-Long Beach	39.2	41.3	41.0	10.77	11.12	11.16	422.18	459.26	457.56
Modesto	39.4	39.0	39.1	10.41	11.05	11.14	410.15	430.95	435.57
Oakland	40.3	40.3	40.0	13.36	13.49	13.61	538.41	543.65	544.40
Oxnard-Ventura	40.3	40.2	40.3	10.79	11.28	11.16	434.84	453.46	449.75
Riverside-San Bernardino	39.3	39.5	39.9	10.31	10.60	10.66	405.18	418.70	425.33
Sacramento	39.5	37.9	38.0	11.70	12.22	12.31	462.15	463.14	467.78
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	38.2	38.6	40.0	11.02	11.61	11.55	420.96	448.15	462.00
San Diego	39.3	40.7	39.8	11.42	11.78	11.91	448.81	479.45	474.02
San Francisco	39.9	39.7	39.8	12.67	12.97	12.95	505.53	514.91	515.41
San Jose	40.5	40.6	40.4	13.59	14.11	14.21	550.40	572.87	574.08
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	40.4	41.6	41.6	11.62	12.32	12.71	469.45	512.51	528.74
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	38.5	37.9	38.0	11.25	11.66	11.79	433.13	441.91	448.02
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa	39.8 39.7	41.1 41.5	41.2 38.5	11.04 13.33	11.39 13.60	11.43 13.30	439.39 529.20	468.13 564.40	470.92 512.05
Colomdo	40.9	40.6	40.1	10,71	11.53	11.56	438.04	468.12	463.56
Denver	40.5	41.3	40.6	12.11	12.54	12.58	490.46	517.90	510.75
Connecticut	40.8	41.8	41.4	11.46	11.83	11.82	467.57	494,49	489.35
Bridgeport-Milford	39.6	41.9	41.7	12.14	12.58	12.62	480.74	527.10	526.25
Hartford	41.4	41.7	41.1	12.34	12.58	12.51	510.88	524.59	514.16
New Britain	39.7	40.6	41.0	12.09	12.35	12.28	479.97	501.41	503.48
New Haven-Meriden	39.4	39.8	39.9	10.80	11.14	11.17	425.52	443.37	445,68
Stamford	40.5	40.9	40.7	11.81	12.12	12.40	478.31	495.71	504.68
Waterbury	40.2	41.6	41.6	10.23	10.91	10.87	411.25	453.86	452.19
Delaware	40.3	39.1	40.4	13.22	12.13	11.09	532.77	474.28	448.04
Wilmington	41.3	39.5	40.3	15.86	14.32	13.36	655.02	565.64	538.41
District of Columbia: Washington MSA	38.2	38.5	38.6	12.45	13.03	12.96	475.59	501.66	500.26
·	39.8	40.3				9.19	355.81	371.16	368.52
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	39.5	40.3	40.1 40.0	8.94 9.04	9.21 9.43	9.19	355.61	371.16	373.60
Jacksonville	40.0	40.1	40.0	9.04	9.43	9.54	373.60	391.00	390.19
Miami-Hialeah	37.9	39.3	39.2	7.51	7.56	7.52	284.63	297.11	294.78
Orlando	40.2	41.4	40.8	10.14	10.44	10.44	407.63	432.22	425.95
Pensacola	44.3	43.2	43.0	11.38	11.57	11.54	504.13	499.82	496.22
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	39.6	39.5	39.6	9.13	9.54	9.51	361.55	376.83	376.60
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	38.9	41.8	39.5	9.52	10.10	9.88	370.33	422.18	390.26
Georgia	39.7	40.3	40.3	9.18	9.35	9.50	364.45	376.81	382.85
Atlanta	39.9	40.6	41.0	10.61	10.85	11.12	423.34	440.51	455.92
Savannah	46.6	45.0	45.4	11.56	11.85	11.80	538.70	533.25	535.72
	1			ا ۔۔۔ ا				1	
Hawaii	39.0	38.6	37.4	10.88	11.53	11.55	424.32	445.06	431.97
Hawaii	39.0 39.1	38.6 38.6	37.4 37.4	10.88	11.53 12.11	11.55 12.02	424.32 435.18	445.06 467.45	431.97 449.55

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area nois	40.5 40.5 40.1 46.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	Mar. 1991 40.6 39.8 40.1 41.7 40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8 38.7	Apr. 1991P 40.5 39.8 40.0 40.4 40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.7 40.6 41.7	Apr. 1990 \$11.34 10.85 12.22 9.67 11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	\$11.56 11.40 13.56 10.17 11.30 13.91 15.01 15.01 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	Apr. 1991P \$11.58 11.38 13.55 10.19 11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65 11.36	Apr. 1990 \$454.73 444.85 496.13 391.64 449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90 382.50	Mar. 1991 \$469.34 453.72 543.76 424.09 455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48 434.99	Apr. 1991 ^p \$468.91 452.92 542.04 411.61 457.65 567.42 498.53 476.32 586.83 508.52
uurora-Elgin Illoomington-Normal Ichampalgn-Urbana-Rantoul Ichicago Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Ollet Cankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Ropringfield Islana Underson Rickhart-Goshen Venswille Fort Wayne Bary-Hammond	41.0 40.6 40.5 40.5 40.1 48.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	39.8 40.1 41.7 40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	39.8 40.0 40.4 40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	10.85 12.22 9.67 11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	11.40 13.56 10.17 11.30 13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	11.38 13.55 10.19 11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	444.85 496.13 391.64 449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	453.72 543.76 424.09 455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	452.92 542.00 411.60 457.63 578.5 631.5 631.5 476.3 586.83 508.53
uurora-Elgin Illoomington-Normal Ichampalgn-Urbana-Rantoul Ichicago Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Ollet Cankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Ropringfield Islana Underson Rickhart-Goshen Venswille Fort Wayne Bary-Hammond	41.0 40.6 40.5 40.5 40.1 48.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	39.8 40.1 41.7 40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	39.8 40.0 40.4 40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	10.85 12.22 9.67 11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	11.40 13.56 10.17 11.30 13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	11.38 13.55 10.19 11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	444.85 496.13 391.64 449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	453.72 543.76 424.09 455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	452.92 542.00 411.60 457.63 578.5 631.5 631.5 476.3 586.83 508.53
Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Cleit Cankakee Aske County Peoria Blockford Springfield diana Inderson Elikhart-Goshen Elikhart-Goshen Evensville Fort Wayne Sary-Hammond	40.6 40.5 40.5 40.1 46.1 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	40.1 41.7 40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7	40.0 40.4 40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2	12.22 9.67 11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	13.56 10.17 11.30 13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	13.55 10.19 11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	496.13 391.64 449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	543.76 424.09 455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	542.00 411.60 457.69 578.5 631.5 567.42 498.50 476.3 586.89 508.50
hampaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Ollet Cankakee Ake County Peoria Cockford Springfield diana Choderson Cloomington Elkhart-Goehen Evansville Oart Wayne Gary-Hammond	40.5 40.5 40.1 46.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	41.7 40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.4 40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	9.67 11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	10.17 11.30 13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	10.19 11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	391.64 449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	424.09 455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	411.60 457.63 578.5 631.5- 567.42 498.50 476.3 586.89 508.53
Chicago Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Oliet Cankakee Lake County Peoria Ockford Opringfield diana Islana Inderson Stormington Elkhart-Goshen Vensville Out Wayne Gary-Hammond	40.5 40.1 46.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	40.3 40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.5 41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	11.10 13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	11.30 13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	11.30 13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	449.55 535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	455.39 566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	457.65 578.5 631.5 567.42 498.56 476.3 586.85
Devenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Oliet Cankakee Ake County Peoria Bockford Springfield diana Inderson Sloomington Elikhart-Goshen Venswille Ort Wayne Sary-Hammond	40.1 46.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 37.6 37.6 39.9	40.7 43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	41.5 42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	13.35 14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	13.91 15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	13.94 14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	535.34 676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	566.14 645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	578.5 631.5 567.4 498.5 476.3 586.8 508.5
Decatur Ollet	48.1 41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	43.0 41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	42.3 42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	14.67 12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	15.01 13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	14.93 13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	676.29 530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	645.43 551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	631.54 567.42 498.54 476.3 586.89 508.53
oliet cankakee ake County Peoria Rockford Springfield diana Inderson Sloomington Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Out Wayne Gary-Hammond	41.0 41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	41.1 39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	42.0 40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	12.94 11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	13.43 12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	13.51 12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	530.54 493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	551.97 487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	567.42 498.56 476.3 586.89 508.53
(ankakee ake County -eoria	41.4 39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	39.7 40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.8 40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	11.93 11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	12.29 11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	12.22 11.85 14.49 12.65	493.90 458.85 561.25 481.90	487.91 484.74 589.12 494.48	498.56 476.3 586.89 508.53
ake County Peoria Rockford Springfield diana Anderson Bloomington Elkhart-Goshen Error Wayne Gary-Hammond	39.9 40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	40.7 41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.2 40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	11.50 13.79 12.20 10.20	11.91 14.23 12.09 11.24	11.85 14.49 12.65	458.85 561.25 481.90	484.74 589.12 494.48	476.3 586.89 508.53
Peoria Ockford Springfield diana Anderson Bloomington Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Ord Wayne Gary-Hammond	40.7 39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	41.4 40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.5 40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	13.79 12.20 10.20 11.89	14.23 12.09 11.24	14.49 12.65	561.25 481.90	589.12 494.48	586.85 508.5
Rockford diana underson Stoomington Elkhart-Goshen vensville ort Wayne sary-Hammond	39.5 37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	40.9 38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	40.2 41.2 40.6 41.7	12.20 10.20 11.89	12.09 11.24	12.65	481.90	494.48	508.5
Rockford diana underson Stoomington Elkhart-Goshen vensville ort Wayne sary-Hammond	37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	41.2 40.6 41.7	10.20 11.89	11.24				
diana Inderson Bloomington Elkhart-Goshen Evansville ort Wayne Gary-Hammond	37.5 39.9 38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	38.7 39.4 34.1 38.8	41.2 40.6 41.7	10.20 11.89	11.24				
Anderson Stoomington Stown	38.6 37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	34.1 38.8	41.7		12.15				
Bloomington Elkhart-Goshen	37.6 38.7 40.7 39.5	38.8			12.10	12.23	474.41	478.71	496.5
likhari-Goshen vansville ort Wayne Bary-Hammond	38.7 40.7 39.5			15.18	15.24	15.77	585.95	519.68	657.6
likhari-Goshen vansville ort Wayne Bary-Hammond	40.7 39.5	39.7	38.9	10.25	11,11	11.17	385.40	431.07	434.5
vansville	40.7 39.5	50.7	40.9	9.72	10.05	10.29	376.16	388.94	420.8
Fort Wayne	39.5	40.1	40.6	11.81	12.41	12.36	480.67	497.64	501.8
Sary-Hammond		39.7	41.7	12.00	12.43	12.77	474.00	493.47	532.5
	36.6	41.4	41.0	16.19	16.71	16.59	592.55	691.79	680.1
	40.3	40.9	41.3	12.11	12.63	12.91	486.03	516.57	533.1
(okomo		25.1	31.3	16.50	16.47	16.24	625.35	413.40	508.3
		40.5							
afayette-West Lafayette			45.6	11.62	12.61	12.79	452.71 540.60	516.61	563.2
Auncie		42.8	45.2	12.72	12.82	13.15		548.70	594.3
outh Bend-Mishawaka	39.0 42.7	41.7 42.9	42.0 42.8	10.90 9.98	11.29 11.55	11.26 11.52	425.10 426.15	470.79 495.50	472.9
W2	39.4	20.4	40.0	44.40	11.60	11 55	407.04	457.04	405
		39.4	40.3	11.10	11.60	11.55	437.34	457.04	465.4
Cedar Rapids	37.4	38.7	38.9	13.18	13.85	13.80	492.93	536.00	538.8
Des Moines	38.8	41.4	41.9	12.22	12.59	12.53	474.14	521.23	525.0
Dubuque		40.2 37.7	42.0 37.3	12.05 8.79	12.57 8.94	12.36 8.93	460.31 348.08	505.31 337.04	519.1 333.0
·									
M988	39.8	40.2	39.9	10.89	11.06	11.04	433.42	444.61	440.5
opekaVichita	40.8 40.6	40.3 40.4	38.9 40.7	12.05 12.09	12.10 12.57	12.03 12.55	491.64 490.85	487.63 507.83	467.9 510.7
ntucky		39.6	39.4	10.68	10.92	11.04	420.79	432.43	434.9
exington-Fayette		40.8	41.5	11.14	11.78	11.76	448.94	479.81	468.0
ouisville	41.0	41.8	41.7	12.15	12.46	12.71	498.15	520.83	530.0
ulslana		41.9	42.0	11.85	11.62	11.83	498.52	486.88	496.8
Baton Rouge		44.5	44.9	13.59	13.85	13.67	583.01	616.33	613.7
lew Orleans	42.0	40.7	41.0	11.24	11.27	11.21	472.08	458.69	459.6
Shreveport	39.0	39.5	39.7	11.91	11.34	13.04	464,49	447.93	517.6
line	39.6	40.1	39.5	10.62	11.02	10.97	420.55	441.90	433.3
.ewiston-Auburn	36.3	39.8	38.5	9.16	9.43	9.40	332.51	375.31	361.9
Portland	36.7	37.0	37.0	10.50	10.48	10.52	406.35	387.76	389.2
ryland	39.8	40.3	40.2	11.69	11.80	11.78	485.26	475.54	473.5
Saltimore MSA	39.6	40.7	40.8	12.09	12.22	12.23	476.76	497.35	498.8
ssachusetts	40.5	40.9	40.5	11.33	11.70	11.63	458.87	478.53	471.0
loston	40.4	40.4	40.0	11.82	12.46	12.45	477.53	503.36	498.0
pringfield	40.8	40.4	40.0	10.81	11.11	11.18	441.05	448.84	447.2
Vorcester	40.7	42.3	42.2	11.05	11.21	11.10	449.74	474.16	468.4
chigan	40.5	40.3	40.7	13.68	14.10	14.17	554.04	568.23	576.7
nn Arbor	42.1	41.8	41.8	14.50	15.37	15.60	610.45	642.47	652.0
lattle Creek	41.7	41.9	40.5	14.64	14.83	15.18	610.49	621.36	614.7
Detroit	41.0	40.5	41.3	14.82	15.04	15.24	607.62	809.12	629.4
lint	41.2	39.5	39.7	17.01	18.44	18.42	700.81	728.38	731.2
irand Rapids	39.6	39.1	39.6	11.69	11.99	12.22	462.92	468.81	483.9
ackson	39.5	39.4	40.2	10.35	10.64	10.74	408.82	419.22	431.7
alamazoo	40.5	41.6	40.9	13.77	14.30	14.29	557.68	594.88	584.4
ansing-East Lansing	37.3	42.5	41.0	14.85	17.07	16.70	553.90	725.47	684.7
luskegon	39.5	40.4	40.1	12.19	12.26	12.19	481.50	495.30	488.8
aginaw-Bay City-Midland	42.8	39.8	40.7	15.62	16.21	16.42	668.54	645.16	668.2

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnings	Avera	ge weekly e	rnings
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991°	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Minnesota	20.4	00.0	40.0			444.50		2450.00	
	39.4	39.8	40.0	\$11.23	\$11.44	\$11.53	\$442.46	\$453.02	\$461.20
Duluth	40.1	41.0	41.5	11.81	11.38	10.81	473.58	466.58	448.62
Minneapolis-St. Paul	39.5	40.0	40.4	11.76	12.08	12.20	464.52	483.20	492.88
St. Cloud	40.0	38.4	39.3	9.91	10.12	10.15	396.40	388.61	398.90
Mississippi	38.1	38.5	39.1	8.30	8.55	8.66	316.23	329.18	338.61
Jackson	39.9	39.9	39.9	9.04	9.63	9.48	360.70	384.24	378.25
Missouri	39.9	39.6	39.8	10.78	10.70	10.68	429.32	423.72	425.06
								485.96	
Kansas City	39.7	40.7	41.1	11.60	11.94	11.79	460.52		484.57
St Louis	41.3	41.1	40.7	12.83	12.93	12.87	529.88	531.42	523.81
Springfield	38.7	38.1	37.9	9.21	9.58	9.58	356.43	364.24	363.06
Montana	38.6	38.5	39.3	11.53	11.37	11.27	445.06	437.75	442.91
Nebraska	39.5	39.9	39.2	9.53	9.78	9.83	378.44	390.22	385.34
Lincoln	39.5	39.2	39.1	10.87	10.88	10.95	429.37	425.71	428.15
	40.3	40.6	39.7	10.08	10.74	10.82	406.22	436.04	420.15
Omaha	40.3	40.0	38./	10.08	10.74	10.02	400.22	430.04	421.01
Nevada	40.3	40.1	40.4	11.08	10.83	11.07	445.72	434.28	447.23
Las Vegas	42.4	40.5	39.2	13.01	12.27	12.93	551.62	496.94	506.86
New Hampshire	40.4	40.4	40.6	10.83	10.70	10.67	437.53	432.28	433.20
Manchester	41.5	41.7	40.9	10.46	10.72	10.70	434.09	447.02	437.63
Nashua	40.2 40.5	40.3 40.9	40.8 40.5	13.63 10.07	12.91 10.24	12.69 10.56	547.93 407.64	520.27 418.82	517.75 427.68
New Jersey	40.4	41.2	40.9	11.69	12.10	12.11	472.28	498.52	495.30
·		'		1					
New Mexico Albuquerque	39.7 39.1	40.3 40.6	39.8 40.2	9.04 9.00	9.27 9.61	9.48 9.62	358.89 351.90	373.58 390.17	376.51 386.72
New York	38.8	39.5	39.4	11.06	11.24	11.37	429.13	443.98	447.98
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.0	40.8	40.8	11.83	11.85	11.64	473.20	481.11	483.07
Binghamton	39.7	38.8	38.9	9.59	9.92	9.96	380.72	384.90	387.44
Buffalo	40.8	40.6	40.8	13.60	13.39	13.40	554.88	543.63	546.72
Elmira	38.9	41.7	40.4	9.60	10.31	10.42	373.44	429.93	420.97
		39.8	39.4			12.03	459.39	475.99	473.98
Nassau-Suffolk	38.8			11.64	12.02				
New York PMSA	38.4	37.7	37.4	10.28	10.30	10.44	374.19	388.31	390.46
New York City	36.1	37.5	37.2	10.11	10.23	10.26	364.97	383.63	381.67
Niagara Falls	39.9	40.5	39.5	14.30	13.86	14.18	570.57	561.33	559.32
Orange County	38.9	39.6	39.5	9.17	9.62	9.80	358.71	380.95	387.10
Poughkeepsie	39.7	40.2	39.8	10.95	10.98	11.06	434.72	441.40	440.98
Rochester	41.0	41.6	42.0	12.64	13.11	13.26	526.44	545.38	556.92
Rockland County	37.2	39.5	38.6	8.99	9.81	10.43	334.43	387.50	402.60
Syracuse	40.0	40.3	40.0	12.02	12.34	12.51	480.80	497.30	500.40
	39.7	39.5	39.6	10.32	10.52	10.67	409.70	415.54	424.67
Utica-Rome Westchester County	38.8	38.5	38.7	12.13	11.17	11.96	470.64	430.05	462.85
		20.0	20.0	0.00	0.00		207.65	250.01	257.11
North Carolina	38.9	38.9	39.2	8.68	9.08	9.11	337.65	353.21	357.11
Asheville	40.6	40.2	40.3	8.66	9.00	8.99	351.60	361.80	362.30
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	38.7	36.2	38.6	9.28	9.73	9.70	359.14	371.69	374.42
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	37.3	36.8	38.7	9.32	9.79	9.74	347.64	379.85	376.94
Raleigh-Durham	41.1	41.6	41.2	9.64	10.34	10.33	404.42	430.14	425.60
North Dakota	39.5	39.0	39.7	8.92	6.97	9.02	352.34 329.35	349.83	358.09
Fargo-Moorhead	37.9	37.7	37.2	8.69	8.78	8.99	020.00	331.01	334.43
Ohlo	41.5	41.5	41.5	12.46	12.88	12.92	517.09	534.52	536.18
Akron	41.3	41.5	41.8	11.61	11.80	11.91	479.49	489.70	495.46
Canton	41.9	41.8	41.5	11.32	11.25	11.27	474.31	470.25	467.71
Cincinnati	41.8	42.0	41.7	11.74	12.29	12.24	490.73	516.18	510.41
	41.6	41.3	41.4	11.99	12.23	12.36	498.78	505.10	511.70
Cleveland			42.2	12.26	12.85	12.93	501.43	537.13	545.65
Columbus	An a								
Columbus	40.9	41.8						1	
Columbus Dayton-Springfield	41.1	41.0	41.4	13.12	13.46	13.66	539.23	551.86	565.52
Columbus								1	

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avers	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	mings	Avera	ge weekly e	ernings
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p
Milahama	40.0	40.4	39.9	\$11.04	\$10.96	8 44.01	\$441.60	\$442.78	\$439.3
Oklahoma		-				\$11.01		1 '	1 *
Oklahoma City	40.6 41.1	40.7 41.4	40.8 40.6	13.48 11.36	12.22 11.58	12.0 9 11.75	547.29 468.90	497.35 479.41	493.2° 477.0°
			20.4		44.45	44.44	445.44	440.55	447.0
Pregon	40.1	39.0	39.1	11.10	11.45	11.44	445.11	446.55	447.3
Eugene-Springfield	40.5	37.8	38.8	11.01	11.14	11.30	445.91	421.09	438.4
Medford	40.3	37.7	38.2	11.08	11.28	11.48	446.52	425.26	438.5
Portland	40.0 37.7	40.4 36.6	39.7 37.0	11.23 9.89	11.65 10.08	11.59 10.20	449.20 372.85	470.66 368.93	460.1 377.4
			20.0		44.00				
Allester Bathlebar	39.8	40.1	39.9	10.89	11.28	11.31	433.42	452.33	451.2
Allentown-Bethlehem	38.4	39.5	39.7	10.85	11.42	11.46	416.64	451.09	454.9
Altoona	37.8	39.4	39.3	9.39	9.28	9.24	353.06	365.63	363.1
Beaver County	42.1	43.3	42.9	10.82	11.34	11.44	455.52	491.02	490.7
Erie	41.6	41.9	41.4	11.31	11.84	11.85	470.50	496.10	490.5
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	40.2	38.3	38.1	10.98	11.28	11.25	441.40	431.26	428.8
Johnstown	37.5	39.1	38.7	8.41	8.71	8.76	315.38	340.56	339.7
Lancaster	39.2	39.0	39.0	10.78	11.24	11.31	422.58	438.36	441.0
Philadelphia PMSA	39.4	39.9	39.8	11.87	12.29	12.34	467.68	490.37	488.6
Pittsburgh	41.1	41.0	41.2	11.39	11,61	11.66	468.13	478.01	480.3
Reading	39.5	40.4	40.4	11.25	11.60	11.94	444.38	478.72	482.3
	36.2	39.3	38.8	9.54	9.69	9.97	364.43	368.68	384.8
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre									
Sharon	40.5	41.8	40.2	11.74	12.18	12.23	475.47	506.89	491.6
State College	40.5	39.2	39.1	9.59	9.85	9.88	368.40	386.12	386.3
Williamsport	37.5	40.8	40.0	9.44	10.91	10.82	354.00	442.95	432.8
York	40.5	41.0	40.3	10.40	11.10	11.12	421.20	455.10	448.1
hode Island	39.2	39.7	39.5	9.37	9.77	9.73	367.30	387.87	384.3
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	38.9	39.4	38.4	8.80	9.08	9.07	342.32	357.75	348.2
Providence	39.0	39.3	39.2	8.90	9.90	9.89	347.10	389.07	387.8
outh Carolina	40.8	40.7	40.6	8.78	9.06	9.07	355.66	368.74	368.2
	40.8	40.2	40.3		9.38				
Charleston				9.14		9.40	372.91	.377.08	378.8
Columbia	41.5 40.5	40.8 40.3	40.8 40.2	9.02 8.71	9.26 9.02	9.31 9.08	374.33 352.76	377.81 363.51	379.8 365.0
			40.0						
outh Dakota	38.6	40.1	40.2	8.46	8.85	8.63	328.25	354.89	354.9
Rapid City	39.5	39.5	41.8	9.71	9.00	9.49	383.55	355.50	394.7
Sioux Falls	41.9	41.7	39.5	8.57	9.22	9.12	359.06	384.47	380.2
Minessee	37.3	39.1	39.0	9.56	9.80	9.76	356.59	363.18	380.6
Chattanooga	39.0	40.7	40.9	8.68	8.88	9.03	338.52	360.80	369.3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	39.8	40.8	40.3	9.36	10.41	10.52	372.53	422.65	423.9
Knoxville	37.0	39.1	39.4	8.97	9,94	10.01	331.89	388.65	394.3
Memphis	39.2	40.7	40.5	9.43	10.33	10.25	369.66	420.43	415.1
Nashville	37.2	40.6	40.4	11.32	11.08	11.18	421.10	449.85	451.6
PX28	40.7	41.6	41.7	10.42	10.79	10.70	424.09	440 00	449.5
						10.78		448.88	
Dallas	40.6	41.4	41.1	10.16	10.52	10.57	412.50	435.53	434.4
Ft. Worth-Arlington	40.5	40.4	40.5	11.22	11.42	11.40	454.41	461.37	461.7
Houston	43.0 41.2	45.2 39.5	45.1 40.5	12.09 7.58	12.63 8.15	12.60 8.18	519.87 312.30	570.88 321.93	568.2 330.4
							312.30	321.50	330
ahSalt Lake City-Ogden	39.2 39.7	39.8 39.7	39.4 39.2	10.29 10.22	10.57 10.70	10.59 10.74	403.37 405.73	418.57 424.79	417.2
	38.7	38.7	38.2	10.22	10.70	10.74	405.73	424.78	421.0
ermont	39.6	40.8	40.8	10.42	10.99	10.98	412.83	448.39	445.
Burlington	39.4	39.4	40.1	11.08	11.41	11.31	436.55	449.55	453.5
rginie	39.8	39.4	39.7	9.93	10.28	10.40	393.23	405.03	412.8
Bristol	38.3	41.2	40.8	8.25	8.67	8.53	315.98	357.20	348.0
Charlottesville	42.3	38.7	39.2	8.78	8.99	8.97	371.39	347.91	351.6
Danvilte	39.6	40.6	40.2	9.58	10.22	10.18	379.37	414.93	409.2
ynchburg	39.8	40.5	39.6	9.60	9.90	9.90	382.06	400.95	392.0
Northern Virginia	38.8	38.8	39.3	11.07	11.75	11.78	429.52	455.90	462.1
		41.2	41.1	12.87	13.41	13.48	538.66	552.49	554.0
	41/								
Richmond-Petersburg	41.7 39.0								
	41.7 39.0	41.0	41.0	11.47	12.46	12.08	447.33	510.66	495.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ımings	Average weekly earnings			
State and area	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	
West Virginia	40.0	40.4	40.5	\$11.67	\$ 11.48	\$11.75	\$466.80	\$463.79	\$475.88	
Charleston	42.2	44.0	44.0	13.24	13.66	14.16	558.73	601.04	623.04	
Huntington-Ashland	39.4	39.1	37.7	13.33	13.28	13.90	525.20	519.25	524.03	
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.2	40.3	41.0	13.45	13.69	13.77	554.14	551.71	564.57	
Wheeling	41.6	42.7	46.9	13.83	13.76	14.42	575.33	587.55	676.30	
Wisconsin	40.1	40.8	40.7	11.00	11.38	11.39	441.10	464.30	463.57	
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.1	42.4	42.2	11.83	12.30	12.22	498.04	521.52	515.68	
Eau Claire	43.6	43.7	44.0	11.54	12.65	12.49	503.14	552.81	549.56	
Green Bay	41.1	41.9	41.7	12.22	12.47	12.40	502.24	522.49	517.08	
Janesville-Beloit	34.4	43.4	44.8	12.84	13.65	14.15	441.70	592.41	633.92	
Kenosha	39.4	39.2	39.4	11.51	11.16	11.71	453.49	438.28	461.37	
La Crosse	38.7	42.3	41.8	9.79	9.97	10.13	378.87	421.73	423.43	
Madison	40.3	41.1	41.0	10.49	10.72	10.69	422.75	440.59	438.29	
Milwaukee	39.9	40.8	40.8	11.66	12.15	12.22	465.23	495.72	498.58	
Racine	37.9	39.5	39.1	11.16	11.96	11.65	422.96	472.42	455.52	
Sheboygan	41.2	39.6	40.4	10.88	10.99	11.21	448.26	435.20	452.88	
Wausau	43.1	41.8	42.2	11.10	11.11	11.13	478.41	464.40	469.69	
Wyoming	40.5	37.8	37.7	11.47	10.95	11.00	464.54	413.91	414.70	
Puerto Rico	37.5	39.7	39.3	5.88	6.30	6.35	219.75	250.11	249.56	
Virgin Islands	42.1	40.9	41.7	11.71	12.36	12.37	492.99	505.52	515.83	

Not available.
P = preliminary.
NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1990 benchmarks.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate)¹	Percent change					
Industry	Mar. 1991'	Apr. 1991'	May 1991°	May 1990 to May 1991 ^p	Mar. 1991 to Apr. 1991'	Apr. 1991 to May 1991 ^p			
Total	200,396	199,463	200,433	-1.7	-0.5	0.5			
Private sector	163,371	162,470	163,592	-2.0	6	.7			
Mining	1,656	1,634	1,631	1.2	-1.3	2			
Construction	9,232	9,223	9,306	-9.7	1	.9			
Manufacturing	38,795	38,710	38,763	-5.2	2	.1			
Durable goods	22,403	22,392	22,401	-7.1	.0	.0			
Nondurable goods	16,392	16,318	16,363	-2.4	5	.3			
Transportation and public utilities	11,690	11,642	11,777	7	4	1.2			
Wholesale trade	12,095	11,986	12,044	-1.9	9	.5			
Retail trade	28,819	28,539	28,821	-2.3	-1.0	1.0			
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,468	12,436	12,429	4	3	1			
Services	48,616	48,299	48,820	1.6	7	1.1			
Government	37,025	36,993	36,842	2	1	4			
				1	I	1			

¹ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

preliminary.
revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers-and are based largely on establishment data. See BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS Bulletin 2285, chapter 10, Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

PRODUCTIVITY DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

	Annual average				Quarterly index								
Item	1989 1990		19	1988 1989					1990				199
	1909	1990	111	IV	1	II	Ш	IV	1	11	111	IV	ľ
Business sector													
Output per hour of all persons	112.6	111.9	113.6	113.1	113.0	113.0	112.6	111.9	111.7	111.9	112.1	111.8	111
Output	135.8	136.1	133.8	134.5	135.6	135.9	136.1	135.5	136.0	136.4	136.5	135.4	133
Hours	120.5	121.6	117.8	118.8	120.0	120.2	120.9	121.0	121.7	121.9	121.8	121.1	119
Compensation per hour	132.9	137.7	129.7	130.8	131.8	132.7	133.1	133.8	135.3	137.0	138.6	139.8	141
Real compensation per hour	103.4	101.7	105.1	104.8	104.4	103.5	103.0	102.5	101.8	102.2	101.7	100.8	100
Unit labor costs	117.9	123.1	114.2	115.6	116.7	117.4	118.2	119.5	121.1	122.5	123.6	125.0	126
Unit nonlabor payments	133.1	136.8	128.8	130.2	130.9	133.3	133.9	134.5	135.5	137.0	137.8	136.7	139
Implicit price deflator	122.8	127.5	118.9	120.3	121.2	122.5	123.3	124.3	125.8	127.2	128.2	128.8	130
Nonfarm business sector													
Output per hour of all persons	111.7	110.8	112.8	112.9	112.1	112.0	111.7	111.0	110.7	110.7	110.9	110.7	110
Output	136.7	136.9	134.8	136.0	136.4	136.8	137.1	136.3	136.8	137.2	137.4	136.1	134
Hours	122.3	123.6	119.5	120.5	121.7	122.2	122.7	122.8	123.7	123.9	123.9	123.0	121
Compensation per hour	131.9	136.6	128.8	130.0	131.0	131.6	132.1	132.9	134.2	135.8	137.4	138.7	140
Real compensation per hour	102.7	100.8	104.3	104.2	103.8	102.7	102.3	101.9	101.0	101.3	100.8	100.0	100
Unit labor costs	118.1	123.3	114.2	115.2	116.9	117.5	118.3	119.7	121.3	122.7	123.9	125.3	126
Unit nonlabor payments	133.8	137.3	128.8	132.1	131.0	134.0	134.8	135.4	135.7	137.5	136.3	137.7	139
Implicit price deflator	123.0	127.7	118.8	120.5	121.4	122.7	123.5	124.7	125.8	127.3	128.4	129.2	130
Manufacturing					:								
Output per hour of all persons	133.3	136.8	133.4	133.3	133.3	133.7	132.9	133.5	135.1	136.1	137.9	137.5	137
Output		147.0	146.1	147.1	147.1	147.1	146.0	145.3	145.9	147.5	146.8	145.7	141
Hours	109.8	107.4	109.5	110.3	110.4	110.0	109.9	108.8	108.0	108.3	107.9	106.0	103
Compensation per hour		132.0	123.6	125.0	126.7	127.1	128.2	128.9	129.7	131.2	132.5	134.0	135
Real compensation per hour Unit labor costs	99.4 95.8	97.4 96.5	100.1 92.6	100.2 93.8	100.3 95.1	99.1 95.0	99.2 96.4	98.8 96.6	97.6 96.0	97.8 96.4	97.2 96.1	96.7 97.5	96 98
Durable goods				İ									
Output per hour of all persons	145.5	150.3	143.8	144.4	144.4	146.2	145.7	145.5	147.2	149.6	152.3	151.2	150
Output per riour or air persons	-	161.4	159.6	161.7	161.7	162.2	161.0	159.1	159.7	162.6	164.3	159.1	153
Hours		107.4	111.0	112.0	112.0	110.9	110.5	109.3	108.5	108.7	107.9	105.2	101
Compensation per hour		130.4	121.7	123.4	125.3	125.7	127.0	127.6	128.1	129.5	131.0	132.6	133
Real compensation per hour		96.3	98.6	98.9	99.2	98.1	98.3	97.8	96.4	96.6	96.1	95.6	95
Unit labor costs		86.8	84.7	85.5	86.8	86.0	87.2	87.7	87.0	86.5	86.0	87.7	88
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	116.9	118.9	119.3	118.2	118.0	116.9	115.6	117.3	118.8	118.1	118.7	119.4	119
Output	l	127.7	128.1	127.6	127.6	127.1	126.1	126.9	127.6	127.4	128.0	127.8	125
Hours		107.4	107.4	107.9	108.1	108.7	109.0	108.1	107.4	107.9	107.9	107.0	105
Compensation per hour	129.6	134.6	126.3	127.4	128.5	129.1	130.0	131.1	132.2	134.0	135.1	136.7	138
Real compensation per hour		99.4	102.3	102.1	101.8	100.7	100.6	100.5	99.6	99.9	99.1	98.6	98
Unit labor costs	110.8	113.3	105.9	107.8	108.9	110.5	112.4	111.7	111.3	113.5	113.8	114.5	115
Nonfinancial corporations ¹			!										
Output per all-employee hour		114.1	115.4	115.5	114.7	114.8	115.4	114.2	113.7	114.2	113.9	114.0	113
Output	140.4	140.6	137.8	139.3	139.5	140.3	141.5	140.4	140.5	141.4	141.1	139.6	137
Hours		123.3	119.4	120.6	121.7	122.2	122.7	123.0	123.5	123.8	123.9	122.5	120
Compensation per hour	129.3	133.6	125.9	126.9	128.3	128.8	129.3	130.0	130.9	133.0	134.4	135.7	137
Real compensation per hour		98.6	102.0	101.7	101.6	100.5	100.1	99.6	98.5	99.2	98.6	97.9	98
Total unit costs	1	116.3	107.8	108.5	110.1	110.9	111.5	113.2	114.3	115.4	117.1	118.6	120
Unit labor costs	112.5	117.1	109.2	109.9	111.9	112.2	112.1	113.9	115.1	116.5	118.0	119.0	120
Unit nonlabor costs	1	114.3	104.1	105.0	105.4	107.5	109.8	111.5	112.4	112.6	114.8	117.3	120
Unit profits	153.4	139.5	168.4	175.2	158.4	158.4	154.4	142.5	142.9	149.1	138.6	127.5	127
Implicit price deflator	114.0	117.8	111.6	112.7	113.1	113.9	114.2	115.0	116.1	117.5	118.5	119.1	120

¹ Measures of productivity, output, unit costs, unit profits and implicit prices were revised in the nonfinancial corporate sector.

' =revised. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

Percent change from											
		Previou	s quarter				Same	e quarter	, previou:	s year	
IV 1989	I 1990	II 1990	III 1990	IV 1990	l 1991'	IV 1989	l 1990	II 1990	III 1990	IV 1990	1991′
	-0.9	0.6	0.9	-1.2	0.1	-1.1	-1.2	-1.0	-0.4	-0.1	0.1
	1		1	ı	I .	1				1	-1.6
								1 2			-1.7
					I .					1	4.3
									f -		-1.0
								1			4.2
											2.6
3.5	4.6	4.6	3.2	2.0	4.7	3.4	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.6	3.6
	-1.3	.3	.6	7	.3	-1.6	-1.3	-1.1	7	3	.1
						.3		.3		1	-1.7
					-4.9	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.0	.1	-1.8
					4.0	2.2	2.4	3.2	4.0	4.4	4.4
1.6	-3.2	1.0	-2.0	-2.9	.5	-2.2	-2.6	-1.3	-1.5	-1.8	9
5.0	5.3	4.7	4.1	4.7	3.7	3.9	3.7	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.3
1.7	1.0	5.2	2.6	-1.7	6.3	2.5	3.6	2.6	2.6	1.7	3.0
3.9	3.8	4.8	3.6	2.5	4.6	3.4	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.9
1.8	4.9	3.1	5.4	-1.3	-1.2	.1	1.4	1.8	3.8	3.0	1.5
2.0	1.8	4.3	3.5	-8.1	-10.9	-1.2	8	.2	1.9	.3	-3.0
3.7	-2.9	1.2	-1.7	-6.9	-9.9	-1.3	-2.1	-1.5	-1.8	-2.6	-4.4
2.4	2.3	4.7	4.0	4.7	3.5	3.1	2.4	3.2	3.3	3.9	4.3
1.6	-4.8	.8	-2.7	-2.1	0.	-1.4	-2.7	-1.3	-2.1	-2.2	-1.0
	-2.5	1.6	-1.3	6.1	4.8	3.0	1.0	1.4	4	.9	2.7
5	4.8	6.6	7.5	-2.9	-1.3	.8	2.0	2.3	4.5	3.9	2.4
4.7	1.6	7.3	4.3	-12.1	-13.6	-1.6	-1.2	.3	2.0	.0	-4.0
	-3.1	.7	-3.0	-9.5	-12.4	-2.3	-3.1	-2.0	-2.4	-3.8	-6.2
	1.5	4.4	4.6	5.0	3.7	3.4	2.2	3.0	3.1	3.9	4.4
	-5.5	.5	-2.1	-1.8	.2	-1.1	-2.8	-1.5	-2.3	-2.2	8
	-3.1	-2.0	-2.7	8.1	5.1	2.6	.2	.7	-1.4	.0	2.0
5.9	5.2	-2.4	2.2	2.3	2	8	.6	1.0	2.7	1.8	.4
	2.3	6	2.1	9	-6.4	6	.0	.2	1.6	.7	-1.5
	-2.7	1.8	.0	-3.1	-6.2	.2	7	8	-1.1	-1.0	-1.9
	3.6	5.4	3.3	4.9	3.9	2.9	2.9	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.4
	-3.5	1.4	-3.3	-1.9	.3	-1.6	-2.2	8	-1.5	-1.9	9
	-1.5	8.0	1.1	2.6	4.2	3.7	2.2	2.7	1.2	2.5	3.9
	-1.5	1.6	-1.0	.4	4	-1.1	8	6	-1.3	1	.2
l l	1				1	1			l -		-2.1
			1		1			1.3	1.0	4	-2.3
1	ŀ		1		1	1		3.2		4.4	4.7
1	1 .		1	-2.9	.3	-2.0	-3.0	-1.3	-1.5	~1.7	6
	4.0	3.7	6.3	5.0	6.4	4.3	3.9	4.0	5.1	4.7	5.3
	4.3	4.9	5.5	3.4	4.3	3.6	2.9	3.8	5.3	4.5	4.5
	3.3	.5	8.3	9.1	12.0	6.2	6.6	4.7	4.6	5.2	7.4
27.5	1.1	18.6	-25.3	-28.4	5	-18.7	-9.8	-5.9	-10.2	-10.5	-10.9
	1989 -2.3 -1.8 -4.6 -1.7 -2.5 -2.1 -5 -2.1 -5 -2.3 -1.6 -5.0 -3.7 -4.1 -1.6 -6 -5 -4.7 -4.1 -1.8 -2.1 -2.4 -1.6 -6 -5 -2.5 -2.3 -1.6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -5 -4.7 -4.1 -1.8 -2.1 -2.4 -1.6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6	1989 1990	IV 1990 19	1989 1990	Previous quarter IV 1989 1990 1900	1V 1 1989 1990	1V	Previous quarter Same IV I 1990 1990 1990 1990 1991 1990 1990 1990 1991 1990	Previous quarter Same quarter IV I 1999 1990 1990 1990 1990 1991 1990	Previous quarter Previous quarter, previous Previous quarter P	Previous quarter Same quarter, previous year IV I II II IV I IV I I

¹ Measures of productivity, output, unit costs, unit profits and implicit prices were revised in the nonfinancial corporate sector.

' =revised. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

				Unemployed							
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number		Percent of labor force				
	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr 1991		
Nebema	1,894.7	1,905.2	1,889.2	116.6	141.8	137.7	6.2	7.4	7.		
Birmingham	440.2	441.8	437.6	22.3	25.7	24.8	5.1	5.8	5.		
Huntsville	133.8	134.6	132.8	5.9	9.0	7.3	4.4	6.7	5.		
Mobile	210.4	212.8	212.3	14.1	15.0	14.9	6.7	7.1	7.		
Montgomery	138.1	138.6	136.6	8.0	9.2	8.6	5.8	6.6	6.		
Tuscaloosa	74.2	73.6	73.4	3.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	5.4	5.		
laska	252.8	252.3	257.1	20.1	21.2	18.0	8.0	8.4	7.		
rizona	1,727.9	1,707.2	1,718.4	91.8	82.5	76.8	5.3	4.8	4.		
Phoenix	1,074.8	1,059.7	1,067.1	46.8	44.6	41.2	4.4	4.2	3.		
Tucson	315.1	314.4	317.9	13.1	10.8	9.9	4.2	3.4	3.		
rkenses	1,132.7	1,109.2	1,115.4	71.1	88.8	83.3	6.3	6.0	7.		
Fayetteville-Springdale	64.2	62.8	62.9	2.0	2.3	2.2	3.1	3.7	3.		
Fort Smith	92.3	90.5	90.0	5.5	8.1	7.2	6.0	9.0	8.		
Little Rock-North Little Rock	267.2	282.9	263.8	14.4	16.7	16.5	5.4	6.3	6.		
Pine Bluff	38.4	36.8	37.2	2.9	4.0	3.9	7.4	11.0	10.		
alifornia¹	14,600.1	14,570.8	14,664.3	768.9	1,126.5	1,083.9	5.3	7.7	7		
Anaheim-Santa Ana	1,362.8	1,342.3	1,357.3	41.0	64.8	62.6	3.0	4.8	4		
Bakersfield	230.4	231.1	235.3	23.7	34.0	29.9	10.3	14.7	12		
Fresno	312.5	313.3	328.2	33.8	49.3	43.4	10.8	15.8	13		
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹	4,403.0	4,459.0	4,416.0	239.0	307.0	320.0	5.4	6.9	7		
Modesto	159.5	160.8	164.7	19.1	27.2	26.0	12.0	18.9	15		
Oakland	1,088.6	1,079.3	1,090.7	42.5	60.9	58.2	3.9	5.6	5		
Oxnard-Ventura	378.5	363.5	367.7	16.1	25.3	22.4	4.3	7.0	6		
Riverside-San Bernardino	1,061.0	1,093.2	1,102.8	60.1	99.8	97.9	5.7	9.1	8		
Sacramento	737.0	728.0	735.6	32.7	54.0	49.7	4.4	7.4	6		
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	159.2	159.8	162.5	14.2	23.2	18.8	8.9	14.6	11		
San Diego	1,174.1	1,155.0	1,167.8	48.3	73.0	70.8	3.9	6.3	е		
San Francisco	871.8	858.7	868.7	26.9	38.6	37.2	3.1	4.5	4		
San Jose	812.0	792.1	797.3	30.4	48.3	43.9	3.7	5.8	5		
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	182.9	177.2	179.8	7.6	12.3	10.5	4.2	8.9	5		
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	206.4	213.4	214.9	8.6	14.2	13.0	4.1	6.7	6		
Stockton	195.1 198.1	194.8 197.3	198.3 201.6	18.8 9.9	27.0	25.2 14.3	9.6 5.0	13.9 7.7	12 7		
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	190.1	[187.3	201.0	5.5	15.2	14.3	5.0	/./	′		
colorado	1,737.7	1,768.5	1,771.2	94.5	114.0	95.2	5.4	6.4	5		
Boulder-Longmont	137.2	138.4	138.8	5.2	8.4	5.3	3.8	4.8	3.		
Denver	878.5	898.9	898.8	41.5	52.6	42.0	4.7	5.8	4		
onnecticut	1,793.2	1,766,6	1,755.6	93.1	100.1	91.8	5.2	5.7	5		
Bridgeport-Milford	232.3	228.2	226.0	14.9	15.2	13.9	8.4	8.6	6		
Hartford	435.5	429.4	424.2	19.8	22.2	20.2	4.6	5.2	4		
New Britain	75.3	73.7	72.9	4.7	5.5	5.1	8.2	7.4	6		
New Haven-Meriden	291.3	264.7	286.1	14.3	15.1	14.2	4.9	5.3	5		
Stamford	113.5	113.4	112.7	4.1	4.3	4.0	3.6	3.8	3		
Waterbury	103.7	101.5	100.5	8.3	8.8	8.1	8.0	8.6	8		
Delaware	359.6 313.3	365.6 317.1	363.3 318.5	15.5 13.4	25.2 20.6	26.7 25.4	4.3 4.3	6.9 6.5	7 8		
Wilmington											
Natrict of Columbia	296.6 2,193.8	285.2 2,166.3	283.7 2,190.2	18.7 60.3	19.8 92.9	19.7 88.1	8.3 2.7	8.9 4.2	7		
Porida1	8,297,4	6,410.2	6,330.8	347.2	444.1	415.7	5.5	6.9	۱ و		
Daytona Beach	160.8	164.7	161.9	8.5	11.0	10.1	5.3	6.7	è		
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		661.3	651.9	33.5	47.6	44.0	5.2	7.2	ě		
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		161.1	158.8	6.0	9.3	8.7	4.0	5.7	}		
Gainesville		108.1	107.3	3.9	4.7	4.3	3.6	4.3	4		
Jacksonville	451.3	453.6	450.9	22.9	29.4	27.5	5.1	6.5	e		
Lakeland-Winter Haven		180.4	178.3	18.0	15.0	14.9	9.9	8.3	6		
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	195.1	194.4	191.4	10.6	13.9	12.8	5.4	7.1	6		
Miami-Hialeah		953.2	934.8	58.7	81.1	75.9	6.9	8.5	6		
Orlando		834.1	828.9	31.1	40.3	37.5	4.9	6.3	•		
Pensacola	147.1	147.1	147.1	7.9	9.1	8.4	5.3	6.2	3		
Sarasota		128.1	127.2	5.1	5.9	6.2	4.1	4.6	2		
Tallahassee		136.0	135.4	5.1	5.7	5.2	3.7	4.2	3		
		, ,,,,,,,,	,								
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,006.0	1,027.4	1,014.9	47.8	63.9	59.6	4.7	6.2	1 .		

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce	·			ployed			
State and area		10001101		Number			Percent of labor force			
	Apr. 1990	Mar . 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Ap 1991	
alproei	3,154.7	3,177.8	3,155.6	142.2	180.3	165.4	4.5	5.7	5.	
Albany	53.4	54.2	54.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	5.8	5.6	5	
Athens	76.5	75.4	75.2	2.8	3.3	3.2	3.7	4.4	4	
Atlanta	1,490.4	1,505.7	1,494.6	63.9	81.7	75.7	4.3	5.4	5	
Augusta	195.6	196.5	197.3	7.1	9.5	9.2	3.6	4.8	4	
Columbus	99.6	99.5	98.9	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.5	5	
Macon-Warner Robins	132.8	133.8	132.7	5.1	5.9	5.7	3.9	4.4	4	
Savannah	113.4	117.3	117.1	4.7	5.2	5.2	4.1	4.4	4	
awaii	538.3	554.4	551.9	13.8	14.3	12.9	2.6	2.6	2	
Honolulu	391.9	402.0	399.5	8.7	9.3	8.0	2.2	2.3	2	
iaho	495.9 117.0	496.8 119.8	495.6 117.7	32.3 4.5	37.7 5.4	33.0 4.8	6.5 3.8	7.6 4.5	64	
finois ¹	6,038.8	6,040.6	6,017.0	376.4	427.8	388.7	6.2	7.1	6	
Aurora-Elgin	190.4	192.3	191.9	10.9	14.6	13.0	5.7	7.6	6	
Bloomington-Normal	75.2	76.1	75.8	3.1	3.6	3.1	4.2	4.7	4	
	93.2	94.1	93.7	3.1	4.1	3.1	3.6	4.4	3	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		_			217.5		8.0		E	
Chicago	3,297.0	3,299.4	3,291.2	198.5		206.8		6.6		
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	180.5	182.9	182.4	10.6	13.4	11.1	5.9	7.3		
Decatur	59.8	60.3	59.9	4.3	4.7	4.5	7.1	7.8	7	
Joliet	208.8	209.5	208.5	14.0	16.7	14.8	8.7 7.5	8.0	7	
Kankakee	47.6	48.1	47.6	3.6	4.0	3.5	7.5	8.4	7	
Lake County	309.4	307.7	309.4	11.7	15.1	13.6	3.8	4.9	4	
Peona	165.7	165.5	164.8	10.0	11.3	10.5	6.0	8.8	6	
RockfordSpringfield	156.2 114.4	156.3 114.3	155.0 113.7	9.8 5.0	15.5 5.4	10.7 4.6	6.1 4.4	9.9 4.7	6	
diana	2,839.0	2,818.7	2,835.7	149.1	206.4	166.8	5.3	7.3	5	
Anderson	59.8	60.1	59.4	3.3	8.4	4.3	5.6	10.7	7	
Bloomington	62.0	60.0	61.3	2.6	2.2	1.8	4.3	3.6	2	
Elkhart-Goshen	93.8	91.5	92.1	4.1	7.5	5.5	4.4	8.2	ε	
Evansville	145.1	141.5	143.9	8.2	8.8	8.1	5.6	6.2		
Fort Wayne	203.7	199.8	204.7	10.2	15.8	14.7	5.0	7.9	7	
Gary-Hammond	264.7	257.5	261.3	18.2	18.2	17.2	6.1	7.1	ė	
Indianapolis	667.3	682.8	685.9	25.7	39.0	28.1	3.9	5.7	4	
Kokomo	47.9	48.7	48.5	2.6	6.8	5.5	5.5	13.9	11	
Lafsyette-West Lafayette	69.9	67.1	68.2	2.1	2.1	1.8	3.0	3.1	2	
Muncie	61.2	61.3	60.3	3.2	5.9	3.7	5.3	9.7	6	
South Bend-Mishawaka	130.8	129.3	129.9	7.2	8.0	6.7	5.5	6.2		
Terre Haute	61.8	60.4	61.5	3.0	3.8	3.3	4.9	6.3	5	
wa	1,501.1	1,505.0	1,525.4	62.3	84.0	72.0	4.1	5.6	4	
Cedar Rapids	96.6	98.6	98.9	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.8	6.2	5	
Des Moines	234.5	240.7	241.5	7.4	10.0	9.0	3.2	4.1	3	
Dubuque	44.8	48.1	45.8	2.8	3.3	2.4	6.1	7.2	5	
lowa City	62.7	62.9	63.3	.9	1.3	1.1	1.5	2.1	1	
Sioux City	60.7 73.3	61.4 75.2	62.5 76.2	2.4 3.5	3.1 4.8	2.9 4.5	4.0 4.7	5.0 6.3	5	
ansas	1,290.6	1,315.8	1,314.4	53.4	64.5	61.2	4.1	4.9	4	
Lawrence	44.4	45.4	46.2	1.4	1.8	1.8	3.1	3.9	4	
Topeka	92.3 254.9	92.3 263.7	92.1 261.8	3.8 11.0	4.7 12.3	4.3 11.9	4.1 4.3	5.1 4.7	4	
entucky	1,766.5	1,762.8	1,776.2	109.8	132.7	129.4	6.2	7.5	,	
Lexington-Fayette	201.4	193.3	196.8	8.0	8.1	7.8	4.0	4.2	2	
Louisville	517.9	518.1	520.5	26.5	32.0	27.9	5.1	6.2	5	
Owensboro	45.3	43.9	44.1	2.8	3.2	2.8	6.3	7.2	•	
ouisiana	1,856.8	1,901.4	1,915.6	103.1 3.2	118.2 3.4	121.3	5.6 5.6	6.2	6	
Baton Rouge	56.9 268.0	57.4	58.4	1	, ,	3.7	5.6	6.0	9	
	69.1	273.8	276.7	13.0	13.8	15.4	4.9	5.0	5	
Houma-ThibodauxLafayette	102.7	70.3	71.0	3.7	3.8	4.0	5.4	5.3	5	
Lake Charles	77.5	107.0 79.3	108.1 81.0	4.3 4.1	4.9 4.6	5.0	4.1 5.3	4.6	4	
Monroe	68.8	68.5	68.9	3.3	3.9	5.4 4.1		5.8		
New Orleans	571.5						4.8	5.7	5	
Shreveport	151.9	583.1 155.3	586.3 155.4	29.4 8.7	29.8 12.6	31.8 10.1	5.1 5.7	5.1 8.1	:	
aine	626.1	637.2	638.0	29.9	57.0	53.9	4.8	8.9	(
Lewiston-Auburn	42.7	43.4	43.2	2.5	5.0	4.5	5.9	11.6	10	
	132.7	131.3	130.7	3.9	8.5		3.0			

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<u> </u>	lian labor de				Unemp	you			
State and area	Civ	ilian labor for	rce		Number		Percent of labor force			
	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991	
Sandan d	0.500.4	0.540.4	0.504.4		1407	444.7	0.0		_ ا	
Baltimore	2,520.4 1,210.2	2,512.1 1,205.9	2,534.4 1,215.4	90.3 47.2	149.7 81.5	141.7 74.8	3.6 3.9	6.0 8.8	5.6 6.2	
		0.400.4		4-0.4	2024	252.0		400		
Assachusetts ¹	3,160.4 1,565.2	3,136.1 1,540.0	3,111.4 1,531.6	173.1 72.1	322.1 132.5	259.6 109.5	5.5 4.6	10.3 8.6	8. 7.	
Brockton	99.8	99.6	98.3	6.6	12.2	9.9	6.6	12.2	10.	
Fall River	76.8	78.9	77.0	7.3	12.8	10.4	9.5	16.3	13.	
Fitchburg-Leominster	48.2	48.0	45.3	3.5	6.2	5.0	7.4	13.5	11.	
Lawrence-Haverhill	186.9	185.5	183.6	12.9	20.7	17.2	6.9	11.2	9.	
Lowell	152.8	148.1	147.8	9.7	15.5	13.0	6.4	10.4	6.	
New Bedford	85.6	88.8	86.5	7.5	14.5	10.6	8.8	16.3	12.	
Pittsfield	41.3	42.1	41.5	2.5	5.3	4.2	6.0	12.7	10.	
Springfield	255.6 220.0	259.3 214.8	258.4 212.1	13.4 12.5	26.2 23.6	21.4 19.1	5.3 5.7	10.1 11.0	8. 9.	
170,000			İ						İ	
Acc Adver	4,447.4	4,621.2	4,499.0	311.0	508.2	434.3	7.0	11.0	9. 6.	
Ann Arbor Battle Creek	160.8 63.1	188.1 65.9	162.5 63.8	6.1 4.9	10.9 6.6	10.1 5.6	3.8 7.7	6.5 9.9	8.	
Benton Harbor	75.8	78.2	77.1	4.9 5.2	8.0	7.3	7.7 6.8	10.2	9.	
Detroit	2,091.8	2,149.1	2,088.6	143.6	230.1	199.6	6.9	10.7	9.	
Flint	178.7	193.5	187.7	14.4	33.3	26.6	8.1	17.2	14.	
Grand Rapids	367.8	381.7	374.2	20.4	31.3	27.3	5.5	8.2	7.	
Jackson	83.7	65.4	64.4	4.9	6.9	6.8	7.7	10.6	10.	
Kalamazoo	118.0	121.1	118.6	6.0	7.9	7.4	5.1	6.5	6.	
Lansing-East Lansing	235.2	243.8	237.9	12.0	17.6	14.7	5.1	7.2	6.	
Muskegon	68.7	69.7	87.7	6.2	9.6	8.2	9.3	13.7	12.	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	179.7	190.8	185.4	12.5	21.9	17.8	6.9	11.5	9.	
linnesota	2,337.3	2,436.6	2,429.0	129.4	137.7	122.5	5.5	5.7	5.	
Duluth	111.3	115.5	113.7	8.0	8.2	7.5	7.2	7.1	8.	
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,376.5	1,418.3	1,412.3	63.8	68.6	63.1	4.6	4.8	4.	
Rochester	62.8	66.7	66.0	2.3	2.0	1.9	3.6	3.1	2.	
St. Cloud	99.1	104.8	104.1	6.7	7.5	6.2	6.8	7.2	6.	
diselselppi	1,171.9 200.7	1,189.9 200.5	1,194.9 202.9	76.9 9.1	104.2 12.4	94.1 11.7	6.6 4.6	8.8 6.2	7. 5.	
#ton a cost	2,645.9	2,691.1	2,715.6	124.6	180.1	163.9	4.7	6.7	6.	
Alssouri	2,645.9 849.2	872.5	874.8	36.2	48.9	49.0	4.7	5.6	5.	
St. Louis LMA	1,275.0	1,285.9	1,291.0	65.3	88.5	80.2	5.1	6.9	6.	
Springfield	130.6	133.2	134.4	4.6	6.7	6.1	3.5	5.1	4.	
opingiou									İ	
Montana	405.2	406.0	406.5	21.4	35.8	27.4	5.3	8.8	6.	
lebraska	836.1	857.8	862.2	17.5	23.7	20.5	2.1	2.8	2.	
Lincoln	130.0	134.2	133.2	2.2	2.9	2.6	1.7	2.1	1.	
Omaha	337.3	352.6	353.5	8.4	11.3	10.1	2.5	3.2	2.	
levada	614.9	645.1	639.1	29.2	39.8	37.9	4.8	6.2	5.	
Las Vegas	376.4	403.0	398.7	17.8	25.2	24.6	4.7	6.3	6.	
Reno	134.2	137.8	136.3	6.2	8.2	7.4	4.6	6.0	5.	
lew Hampshire	622.7	634.1	633.0	34.1	46.7	45.2	5.5	7.4	7.	
Manchester	88.1	88.9	88.9	4.6	6.3	6.0	5.2	7.1	6	
Nashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	99.8 138.0	98.7 142.5	99.4 142.5	5.7 5.1	6.5 8.4	6.5 7.6	5.7 3.7	6.6 5.9	6 5	
terr terrend	0.070 /	4 000 0	0.000.0	1707	200.0	240.0	4.4	7.0	_	
New Jersey ¹	3,976.4 180.4	4,003.9 177.8	3,992.3 179.3	176.7 9.6	280.3 17.9	243.3 14.6	4.4 5.3	7.0 10.1	8	
Atlantic City	696.5	693.3	689.6	29.1	44.7	39.8	4.2	6.4	5	
Jersey City	271.2	270.7	269.0	19.1	26.4	23.7	7.0	9.7	ě	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		587.2	587.7	19.0	30.7	26.5	3.3	5.2	4	
Monmouth-Ocean	1	480.1	479.9	20.3	34.1	28.5	4.2	7.1	5	
Newark		948.5	942.5	45.1	67.7	59.5	4.8	7.1	6	
Trenton	173.5	175.3	174.1	6.0	10.5	8.9	3.5	6.0	5	
	59.8	61.9	61.7	4.3	7.2	6.1	7.2	11.6	9	
Vineland-Millville-Bndgeton		1								
New Mexico		702.6	702.1	45.8	52.7	53.7	6.5	7.5		
New Mexico	699.9 264.5 58.7	702.6 263.0 59.3	702.1 263.4 59.2	45.8 13.9 4.2	52.7 15.2 5.3	53.7 15.2 4.9	6.5 5.2 7.2	7.5 5.8 8.9	7 5 8	

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	.			Unemployed							
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	rce		Number		Percent of labor force				
	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Ap: 1991		
No. 44	0.504.0	0.554.0	0.504.0	4400	أممه	605.0	4.0		,		
lew York¹	8,581.3	8,551.8	8,594.2	410.9	610.8	625.9	4.8	7.1	7.		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	437.5	433.3	439.5	15.4	25.7	25.4	3.5	5.9	5.		
Binghamton	122.4	118.8	120.4	5.3	7.7	7.7	4.4	8.5	8.		
Buffalo	459.7	454.9	460.5	22.0	33.0	31.6	4.8	7.3	6.		
Elmira	44.4	42.1	42.4	1.9	3.2	2.9	4.3	7.5	6		
Giens Falls	52.1	51.3	52.0	3.1	5.6	5.2	6.0	10.9	10		
Nassau-Sutfolk	1,399.0	1,352.7	1,380.0	49.2	74.1	76.4	3.5	5.5	5		
New York	3,939.4	4,011.2	3,975.8	214.9	305.9	329.3	5.5	7.6	8		
New York City¹	3,272.0	3,362.0	3,314.0	194.0	272.0	296.0	5.9	8.1	8		
Orange County	135.6	130.8	133.1	6.1	9.3	8.9	4.5	7.1	6		
Poughkeepsie	128.8	126.0	128.1	3.5	6.8	6.7	2.7	5.4	5		
Rochester	507.0	495.9	506.0	18.7	25.9	25.4	3.7	5.2	5		
Syracuse	323.1	319.1	324.5 135.4	12.8	24.0	21.6	4.0	7.5	6		
Utica-Rome	136.9	133.1	135.4	6.3	10.2	10.1	4.6	7.7	7		
rth Carolina¹	3,366.7 90.4	3,385.0 91,1	3,383.2 91.4	120.1 2.7	191.4 4.4	189.9 4.1	3.6 3.0	5.7 4.8	5		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	637.5	643.1	646.4	18.9	30.9	31.1	3.0	4.8	4		
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	516.3	514,1	512.6	17.0	25.3	24.8	3.3	4.9	. 4		
Raleigh-Durham	415.9	415.2	417.4	9.0	13.1	13.5	2.2	3.1	3		
orth Dekota	324.4	319.0	323.3	13.0	13.8	12.0	4.0	4.3	3		
Bismarck	47.0	47.1	47.5	1.7	2.0	1.7	3.7	4.3	3		
Fargo-Moorhead	87.8	89.3	90.2	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.7	3.5	3		
Grand Forks	35.9	35.8	36.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	3.8	3.4	2		
nio¹	5,373.0	5,417.4	5,473.0	301.7	413.9	386.0	5.6	7.6	١,		
Akron	328.4	333.1	337.6	17.2	23.4	22.1	5.2	7.0	e		
Canton	192.4	192.5	195.0	12.6	16.0	15.4	6.6	8.3	7		
Cincinnati	776.7	785.8	796.0	31.4	40.7	40.7	4.0	5.2	5		
Cleveland	941.1	944.4	954.9	44.9	57.1	55.6	4.8	6.0	Š		
Columbus	728.8	736.7	744.9	31.2	38.4	38.6	4.3	5.2	4		
Dayton-Springfield	471.8	475.2	478.5	24.3	34.7	31.9	5.1	7.3	6		
Toledo	311.5	315.2	318.3	20.3	36.8	32.6	8.5	11.7	10		
Youngstown-Warren	219.9	220.8	221.6	15.2	20.6	18.3	6.9	9.3	8		
dahoma	1,536.1	1,523.7	1,517.7	81.8	102.5	93.9	5.3	6.7	e		
Enid	27.4	27.1	26.9	1.2	1.5	1.3	4.3	5.7	5		
Lawton	48.1	47.4	47.5	2.9	3.1	3.1	6.1	6.6	6		
Oklahoma City	498.9	489.9	486.5	22.1	27.9	25.0	4.4	5.7	5		
Tulsa	345.1	342.0	341.2	19.2	23.3	21.4	5.6	6.8	6		
regon	1,459.5	1,473.5	1,508.5	74.8	92.9	88.5	5.1	6.3	5		
Eugene-Springfield	147.3	147.3	149.5	7.7	10.4	9.6	5.3	7.0	6		
Medford	70.9	71.4	73.2	4.4	6.4	5.8	6.3	9.0	7		
Portland	670.9	685.7	701.1	25.4	30.6	30.1	3.8	4.5	4		
Salem	135.3	136.8	140.1	7.1	8.0	7.9	5.3	5.9	. 5		
nnsylvania¹	5,877.9	5,797.2	5,911.0	315.5	438.0	403.9	5.4	7.6	e		
Allentown-Bethlehem	334.2	332.9	338.7	18.5	25.1	23.2	5.5	7.5	∤ €		
Altoona	81.7	60.8	61.8	4.6	6.3	5.6	7.5	10.3	9		
Beaver County	60.0	59.2	59.6	4.8	6.5	5.4	8.0	10.9	9		
Erie	132.9	132.8	135.1	7.3	10.2	9.4	5.5	7.7	9		
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	328.7	323.8	331.1	13.0	19.3	18.3	4.0	6.0	5		
Johnstown	96.5	97.3	97.5	7.5	10.8	9.0	7.8	11.1	5		
Lancaster	227.6	222.2	227.8	8.4	13.2	11.7	3.7	5.9	5		
Philadelphia	2,432.4	2,414.6	2,456.2	108.1	161.3	151.8	4.4	8.7			
Pittsburgh	986.3	971.7	988.6	48.6	64.0	57.6	4.9	6.6	5		
Reading	175.8	172.1	176.4	9.4	13.4	12.7	5.3	7.8]		
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	364.6	359.9	385.6	24.6	32.9	30.3	6.7	9.2			
	52.1	51.7	52.5	3.2	4.3	4.0	6.2	8.3	7		
State College	68.4 60.1	66.5 59.2	68.8 60.1	3.2 4.4	4.2 5.7	4.1 5.1	4.7	6.3			
/ork	221.8	220.4	224.4	10.9	15.2	14.0	7.3 4.9	9.6 6.9	6		
ode island	518.9	520.6	512.7	37.6	44.2	41.9	72	9.5	١.		
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	166.2	164.2	160.8	12.7	16.1	14.5	7.2 7. 6	8.5 9.8	9		
Providence	342.4	345.2	340.6	23.7	27.9	26.7	6.9	8.1	7		
euth Carolina	1,709.5	1,721.0	1,748.7	66.3	106.9	100.0	3.9	6.2			
Charleston	234.0	239.0	244.9	6.5	10.3	10.0	2.8	4.3			
Columbia	240.3	242.5	246.8	7.1	9.9	9.6	3.0	4.1	3		
Greenville-Spartanburg	339.3	341.0	346.6	11.2	18.9	17.7	3.3	5.5	5		
outh Dakota	360.8	356.4	360.5	13.0	15.5	12.3	3.6	4.4	:		
Rapid City	39.8	39.3	39.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	4.0	4.3	٠ ا		
Sioux Falls	75.8	75.9	75.7	2.2	2.7	2.0	2.9	3.5	1 :		

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	lian labor fo	rce	0						
State and area	0.00				Number		·	Percent of labor force		
	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1991 ^p	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr 1991	
ennessee	2.381.5	2,388.4	2,407,2	115.9	159.6	136.6	4.9	6.7	5.	
Chattanooga	210.9	211.5	213.1	8.9	12.9	11.7	4.2	6.1	5.5	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	218.2	219.1	219.7	9.1	12.6	10.1	4.2	5.8	4.0	
Knoxville	287.3	261.5	284.3	14.9	17.6	13.7	5.2	6.2	4.0	
Memphis	471.0	472.2	479.6	20.1	24.0	22.5	4.3	5.1	4.	
Nashville	526.1	531.6	537.4	19.7	25.3	22.9	3.7	4.8	4.3	
1		0.507.0	ا مدمد		5100					
PX88 ¹	8,386.2	8,527.9	8,619.0	499.2	549.9	594.2	6.0	6.4	6.	
Abilene	51.0	50.7	51.2	2.8	2.8	3.2	5.5	5.8	6.	
Amarillo	96.7	94.9	96.3	4.7	4.7	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.	
Austin	433.5	442.5	445.9	18.9	20.1	21.2	4.4	4.5	4.	
Beaumont-Port Arthur	163.7	169.0	171.6	12.0	10.7	12.3	7.3	6.3	7.	
Brazoria	88.2	87.9	89.2	4.4	4.6	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.	
Brownsville-Harlingen	104.4	108.5	110.1	11.5	13.9	14.8	11.0	12.8	13.	
Bryan-College Station	62.6	63.1	64.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	3.3	3.2	3.	
Corpus Christi	162.9	187.4	169.8	10.1	11.7	13.3	6.2	7.0	7.	
Dallas	1,422.9	1,442.6	1,457.9	69.5	80.4	90.8	4.9	5.6	6.	
El Paso	248.0	253.7	257.7	25.4	27.3	29.0	10.2	10.8	11.	
Fort Worth-Arlington	725.8	740.1	747.3	34.6	46.2	51.8	4.6	6.2	6.	
Galveston-Texas City	108.8	109.3	110.7	7.6	7.5	8.0	7.0	6.8	7.	
Houston	1,700.9	1,748.7	1,767.3	82.7	91.4	100.0	4.9	5.2	5.	
Killeen-Temple	96.5	95.4	96.9	6.5	6.4	7.0	6.8	6.8	7	
Laredo	53.1	54.2	53.8	5.9	6.7	5.9	11.2	12.3	11	
Longview-Marshall	79.5	79.1	80.2	5.2	6.1	6.7	6.5	7.7	8	
Lubbock	113.8	118.0	117.4	4.8	5.9	6.5	4.2	5.1	5	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	167.9	167.5	166.0	32.5	33.7	31.1	19.4	20.1	18	
Midland	47.7	48.0	48.4	2.5	2.4	2.7	5.2	4.9	5.	
Odessa	50.8	51.9	53.2	3.2	3.1	3.7	6.3	5.9	7.	
San Angelo	44.2	43.3	43.9	2.6	2.1	2.4	5.8	4.8	5.	
San Antonio	607.3	602.2	610.0	42.3	38.9	42.2	7.0	6.5	6.	
Sherman-Denison	47.3	47.5	48.1	2.4	3.1	3.4	5.1	6.5	7.	
Texarkana	56.7	56.4	56.8	3.3	4.2	4.4	5.9	7.5	7.	
Tyler	73.5	74.5	74.8	4.2	4.6	5.3	5.7	6.5	7.	
Victoria	35.4	36.3	36.8	1.6	1.6	1.9	4.6	4.5	5.	
Waco	92.0	92.8	94.7	4.7	5.2	6.5	5.1	5.6	6.	
Wichita Falls	54.1	55.4	56.2	2.9	3.7	4.0	5.4	6,6	7.	
eh	779.6	797.6	806.0	38.9	37.7	37.1	5.0	4.7	4.	
Provo-OremSalt Lake City-Odgen	114.8 500.9	119.9 515.0	120.4 519.1	4.4 23.4	5.1 22.5	4.6 21.9	3.8 4.7	4.3 4.4	3.	
ermont	307.7	307.6	301.3	13.6	22.2	22.2	4.5	7.2	7	
Burlington	78.1	76.8	76.3	2.1	3.6	3.3	2.7	4.7	4	
rginia	3,163.3	3,231.8	3,232.8	115.1	201.7	174.3	3.6	6.2	5	
Charlottesville	72.1	72.7	73.9	1.6	3.5	2.9	2.3	4.8	3.	
Danville	52.1	53.2	53.1	3.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	12.0	11	
Lynchburg	74.7	74.4	74.6	3.4	3.7	3.6	4.5	5.0	4	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	616.4	621.0	623.9	26.3	39.7	34.3	4.3	6.4	5	
Richmond-Petersburg	455.3	467.3	468.5	15.2	24.6	22.0	3.3	5.3	4	
Roanoke	121.4	124.9	124.5	2.9	6.4	5.2	2.4	5.1	4	
ashington	2,507.5 1,127.9	2,488.5 1,119.4	2,499.6 1,123.5	117.7 38.2	175.6 58.8	157.2 54.9	4.7 3.4	7.1 5.3	6	
•	., ,		· ·							
est Virginia	758.6	770.4	776.0	54.0	79.7	75.3	7.1	10.3	9	
Charleston	118.0	119.1	120.3	6.5	9.0	8.8	5.5	7.6	7	
Huntington-Ashland	131.5	135.2	138.1	8.3	13.0	13.2	6.3	9.7	9	
Parkersburg-Marietta Wheeling	71.8 71.4	73.0 71.7	73.3 72.0	4.2 4.4	6.4 6.4	5.6 5.6	5.9 6.2	8.7 9.0	7	
-	2,546,8	2 525 0	2:544.5	1160	170.0	1477	46	6.7	١.	
Appleton Ochkoch Nacoch	2,546.8 171.1	2,535.9 170.9	2,544.5 172.7	116.0 7.4	170.9 10.1	147.7 10.2	4.6 4.3	6.7 5.9] 5	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	72.0	72.1	70.7	3.5	E .	4.0	4.3	9.2	5	
Eau Claire	109.6	109.6	110.5	3.5 4.4	6.6 5.8	5.5	4.9	5.3	5	
Green Bay	_	74.1	73.9	3.6	9.5	8.0	4.0	12.8	10	
Janesville-Beloit	52.0	53.0	53.7	3.6		3.9	6.8	8.6	7	
Kenosha	53.0	53.0 51.8	53.7 51.9	1.9	4.5 2.6	2.3	3.6	5.1	4	
La Crosse	223.8		224.8	1.9 5.9	7.4	6.5	2.6	3.3	2	
Madison		223.7	743.0	29.0		37.4		5.4	5	
Milwaukee	753.8	742.9	1	5.0	39.8 6.8	6.0	3.8 5.6	7.7		
Racine	90.0 57.3	89.1 56.9	88.4 57.3	2.5	3.9	3.6	4.4	6.9		
Sheboygan	62.6	62.9	63.4	3.0	4.1	3.8	4.4	6.5	5	
			l		1	٠.,		١	,	
yoming	245.5	241.8	243.2	13.6	14.6	12.8	5.6	6.1		

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1990 have been benchmarked to 1990 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the

¹¹ States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1991 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

Explanatory Notes

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 350,000 establishments employing over 41 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by

employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLs establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data (A tables)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, BLS Bulletin 2307.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 16 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,600 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise

operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific

efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zero-hours-

worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full- and parttime groupings based primarily on their usual status. In this context, full-time workers are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, part-time workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force which are based on the type of job—full or part time—that persons—whether working or unemployed—report that they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that: (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian non-institutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The

count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Division's (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. These definitions differ from those used in the 1980 decennial census. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and

Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and civilian employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data have been revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appears in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisions of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census, which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced, in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 cenus information, providing an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design and increase the reliability for State estimates. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of *Employment and Earnings*, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.) A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	Households visited bu	
Time period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	2333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988	729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	729	53,200	2,600	11,500
Nov. 1989 to present ³	729	57,400	2,600	11,800

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

³ The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Residence categories of non-MSA areas are "urban" and "rural." The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for eight age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 38 and 24 agesex groups respectively; the other races category has 4 agesex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national agesex-race-origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985 and August 1989. The nature and effect of the 1985 changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population using the two most recent July 1 estimates, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 957 of that series. A description of the age

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood

estimates methodology is available in Report 1010 of that series.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflationdeflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex, and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls.

For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the post-censal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of Employment and Earnings.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within

sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated

standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-tomonth change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-tomonth change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(in thousands)

	Standard	error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (consecutive months only
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	275	212
Employed	293	224
Unemployed	136	140
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	173	151
Employed	186	163
Unemployed	93	95
Women, 20 years and over:		ļ .
Civilian labor force	211	155
Employed	212	160
Unemployed	83	87
Both sexes 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	88	94
Employed	92	102
Unemployed	59	66
Black, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	94	73
Employed	104	79
Unemployed	68	71
Men, 20 years and over:		ļ
Civilian labor force	59	51
Employed	64	57
Unemployed	44	47
Women, 20 years and over:		i
Civilian labor force	76	50
Employed	76	54
Unemployed	45	48
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	-00	10
Civilian labor force	36	40
Employed	33 30	38
	.7(1)	33

change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 174,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,826,000 to 12,174,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	l error of		Standard	error of—
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.11	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over		.15	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.32	0.36
Women, 20 years and over		.17	Machine operators, assemblers, and		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		.81	inspectors	.49	.55
White workers		.12	Transportation and material moving	.59	.66
Black workers	.51	.54	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		
Married men, spouse present	.15	.17	laborers	.72	.82
Married women, spouse present		.21	Farming, forestry, and fishing	.68	.76
Full-time workers		.12		1	1
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry		
Unemployed 15 weeks and over		.07	•		
			Nonagricultural private wage and salary		
			workers	.12	.13
Occupation		i	Mining	1.63	1.86
			Construction	.65	.75
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.22	.24	Manufacturing	.26	.29
Professional specialty	.19	.21	Durable goods	.33	.37
Technicians and related support	.47	.52	Nondurable goods	.42	47
Sales		.33	Transportation, communications, and		
Administrative support, including clerical	l .	.26	public utilities	.42	.48
Private household	1.18	1.33	Wholesale and retail trade	.27	.30
Protective service	.76	.85	Finance and services	.20	.22
Service, except private household and			Government workers	.23	.25
protective	.39	.43	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.16	1.32

lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 129,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base.

The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 2.9 percent of a total of 112,440,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 2.9 percent with a base of 112,440,000 is obtained from table H (0.08 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 2.9 percent is then approximately $0.08 \times 1.26 = 0.10$ percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(in thousands)

					Characteristic	o ¹					
		Unemp	loyment	Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment							
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only		
50	202 - - - - - -	11 16 36 51 72 101 123 141 156 188 213 - - -	12 17 38 53 73 97 110 116 - - - - -	12 17 37 52 74 104 126 145 161 193 219 259 286 306 319 326 327	12 17 37 51 70 92 104 109 108 74 - - -	12 17 36 50 68 86 92 88 72 - - -	12 16 32 35 - - - - - - -	11 15 34 49 68 95 115 132 145 172 191 215 225 222 206 172 107	10 14 31 43 58 73 76 69 47 - - -		
100,000		- - -	- - -	314 274 195	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		

¹ When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

of the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

				Charac	cteristic ¹						
Estimated monthly level		Unemplo	pyment		Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultura employment						
	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ²	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years			
50	13	14	13	14	9	9	14	14			
100	18	20	19	20	12	12	20	19			
500		45	41	38	27	27	43	37			
1,000	56	63	57	41	39	38	59	39			
2,000	78	89	76	-	55	52	80	-			
4,000		124	95	-	77	68	100	-			
6,000	129	150	99	_	93	78	104	-			
8,000	144	-	89	-	107	82	94	-			
10,000	157	-	58	-	119	81	65	-			
15,000	177	-	-	-	143	59	-	-			
20,000	184	-	-	-	163	-	-	-			
30,000	-	-	-	-	192	-	-	-			
40,000	-	-	-	-	213	-	-	-			
50,000	-	-	-	_	228	_	-	_			
60,000	_	\ - \	-	-	238	_	-	_			
70,000	_	-	_	-	244	-	-	-			
80,000	_	-	-	-	245	_	_	_			
100,000	-	\ - \	-	-	237	-	_	_			
120,000	-	-	-	-	212	-	_	_			
140,000	~	-	-	-	160	-	-	-			

¹ See footnote 1, table D

the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.2 percent, based on a total of 119,865,000 in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 7.0 percent, based on a total of 117,834,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First, the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.6 percent with a base of 118,850,000, is obtained from table F (0.11 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.11 \times 1.40 = 0.15$ percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the correlation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are 0.30 for persons (total, white, and black) and 0.35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are 0.45 and 0.55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000 year-to-year change is:

$$\sqrt{(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2 -2(0.30)}$$
 (216,000) (221,000),

or about 259,000.

² Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons reentering

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)									
	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.28	3.20	4.98	6.85	8.13	9.09	9.82	10.36	10.75	11.12
100	1.61	2.26	3.52	4.84	5.75	6.43	6.94	7.33	7.60	7.87
ioo	.72	1.01	1.58	2.16	2.57	2.88	3.11	3.28	3.40	3.52
,000	.51	.72	1.11	1.53	1.82	2.03	2.20	2.32	2.40	2.49
,000	.36	.51	.79	1.08	1.29	1.44	1.55	1.64	1.70	1.76
,000	.25	.36	.56	.77	.91	1.02	1.10	1.16	1.20	1.24
,000	.21	.29	.45	.62	.74	.83	.90	.95	.98	1.02
0,000	.16	.23	.35	.48	.58	.64	.69	.73	.76	.79
0,000	.11	.16	.25	.34	.41	.45	.49	.52	.54	.56
0,000	.07	.09	.14	.20	.24	.26	.28	.30	.31	.32
00,000	.05	.07	.11	.15	.18	.20	.22	.23	.24	.25
20,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.23
40,000	.04	.06	.09	.13	.15	.17	.19	.20	.21	.21

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
(in thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50	
50	2.53	3.57	5.60	7.83	9.47	10.79	11.91	12.87	13.71	15.67	
100	1.79	2.52	3.96	5.53	6.69	7.63	8.42	9.10	9.69	11.08	
500	.80	1.13	1.77	2.47	2.99	3.41	3.76	4.06	4.33	4.94	
1,000	.57	.80	1.25	1.75	2.11	2.41	2.65	2.87	3.05	3.48	
2,000	.40	.56	.88	1.23	1.49	1.70	1.87	2.02	2.15	2.44	
4,000	.28	.40	.63	.87	1.05	1.20	1.32	1.42	1.51	1.70	
6,000	.23	.33	.51	.71	.86	.97	1.07	1.15	1.22	1.37	
10,000	.18	.25	.39	.55	.66	.75	.82	.88	.93	1.03	
20,000	.13	.18	.28	.38	.46	.51	.56	.60	.62	-	
60,000	.07	.10	.16	.21	.24	.27	.28	_	-	-	
100,000	.06	.08	.12	.15	.17	.18	-	_	_	_	
20,000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	-	-	_	_	_	
140,000	.05	.07	.10	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	
			}		1	1]			

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages (in thousands)	Percentage of monthly level									
	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50
50	2.34	3.29	5.12	7.05	8.39	9.40	10.18	10.77	11.21	11.75
100	1.65	2.33	3.62	4.99	5.94	6.65	7.20	7.62	7.93	8.31
500	.74	1.04	1.62	2.23	2.65	2.97	3.22	3.41	3.55	3.72
I,000	.52	.74	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.10	2.28	2.41	2.51	2.63
² ,000	.37	.52	.81	1.12	1.33	1.49	1.61	1.70	1.77	1.86
,000	.26	.37	.57	.79	.94	1.05	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31
,000	.21	.30	.47	.64	.77	.86	.93	.98	1.02	1.07
0,000	.17	.23	.36	.50	.59	.66	.72	.76	.79	.83
0,000	.12	.16	.26	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	.56	.59
0,000	.08	.12	.18	.25	.30	.33	.36	.38	.40	.42
0,000	.07	.10	.15	.20	.24	.27	.29	.31	.32	.34
0,000	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.25	.27	.28	.29
00,000	.05	.07	.11	.16	.19	.21	.23	.24	.25	.26
20,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24
40,000	.04	.06	.10	.13	.16	.18	.19	.20	.21	.22
60,000	.04	.06	.09	.12	.15	.17	.18	.19	.20	.21

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fac	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment: Total or full-time labor force Part-time labor force	1.26 1.26	1.05 1.50	Unemployment: Part-time labor force, duration of unemployment, left last job,			
Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total	1.00	.74	reentering labor force	1.01	1.21	
Men only	.93	84	Total	.97	1.08	
Women only	.86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.97	1.21	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.00	1.18	Black:			
Part-time labor force	1.00	1.18	Total	1.04	1.13	
			Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.04	1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with tables D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, and change in yearly averages

			Factor	•	
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30	0.89 .83 .74	0.80 .80 .80	0.72 .58 .46	0.70 .70 .70
employment and unemployment:					
Total or white	1.30	.88 .82 .74	.88 .88 .88	.67 .57 .46	.70 .70 .60
Jnemployment:					
Total	1.40 1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly levels, to be used with CPS earnings data (In thousands)

					Characteristic	;	,		
		Total			М	en		Women	
Estimated quarterly level	Part-time	Total or full-	time workers	Dort time	Total	or full-time w	Total, full-time, or part-time workers		
	workers	Total or white	Black	Part-time workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
50	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
75 . <i>.</i>	13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
100	15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15
I50	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19
200	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21
250	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
300	26	30	30	26	30	30	29	26	26
5 00	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33
'50	42	47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41
1,000	48	54	53	48	54	54	5 0	48	46
I,500	59	66	63	59	66	66	59	59	56
2,000	68	76	72	68	76	76	65	68	63
?,500	76	85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
3,000	83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
5,000	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
7,500	130	145	107	127	140	138	64	127	88
0,000	149	165	102	144	157	155	_	145	-
5,000	180	198	102	187	183	179	_	173	-
20,000	205	224	-	192	199	193	-	195	_
25,000	226	244	-	207	209	199	-	211	_
80,000	224	261	-	219	212	198	-	224	
10,000	273	286	-	233	201	174	-	242	_
50,000	296	301	_	_	160	100	_	249	-
75,000	331	304	-	-	160	-	-	-	_
100,000	343	255	-	-	-	-	l –	-	-

Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

CCLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, and Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas, and their supplements.

Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of non-farm establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or non-supervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the

industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-7). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (three-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 three-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment (65–(100–65)=30). However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, Group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component

industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on

monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and non-production workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to most employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the

sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or non-supervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings for aggregation into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or

a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonfarm industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1989 levels. Benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, womer		
employees	 All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees.² 	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates or estimates of women employees, for component cells
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisor worker employment, of the average weekly hours fo component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	. Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, o the average weekly overtime hours for component cells
Average hourly earnings	. Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	. Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	. Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	. Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employ ment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	. Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annua aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	. Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonfarm payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1990 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Normally, data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a larger percent of total employment is

Table M. Comparison of nonfarm employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1990

(Numbers in thousands)

in alcorder.	Benchmark	Cation at a	Difference		
Industry		Estimate	Level	Percent	
Total	109,114	109,343	-229	-0.2	
Mining	692	715	-23	-3.3	
Construction		4,906	-41	8	
Manufacturing	19,160	19,109	51	.3	
Transportation and					
public utilities	5,735	5,750	-15	3	
Wholesale trade	6,167	6,326	-159	-2.6	
Retail trade	19,302	19,361	-59	3	
Finance, insurance,					
and real estate	6,681	6,774	-9 3	-1.4	
Services	27,944	27,866	78	.3	
Government	18,568	18,536	32	.2	

included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS establishment survey program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat late date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the latest benchmarks and the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a link relative technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and

Table N. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1990

		Sample coverage ¹				
Industry	Benchmarks	Number of	Employees			
	(thousands)	establish- ments	Number (thousands)	Percent of benchmarks		
Total	109,114	289,390	40,714	37		
Mining	692	3,314	279	40		
Construction	4,865	26,593	963	20		
Manufacturing	19,160	52,304	9,236	48		
Transportation and						
public utilities	5,735	214,686	²2,370	41		
Wholesale trade	6,167	25,029	1,153	19		
Retail trade	19,302	57,331	4,214	22		
Finance, insurance,						
and real estate	6,681	21,395	2,110	32		
Services	27,944	66,947	6,506	23		
Government:						
Federal	3,082	(3)	3,082	100		
State	4,386	5,175	3,498	80		
Local	11,100	16,616	7,303	66		

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Since not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In percent)

	Average benchmark	Relative error ²		
Industry	revision in employment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total	0.2	-	-	
Total private	.3	0.1	0.2	
Mining	2.6	1.0	1.3	
Construction	1.3	.2	.5	
Manufacturing	.7	.1	.2	
Durable goods	.6	.1	.3	
Nondurable goods	.9	.1	.2	
Transportation and public utilities.	.6	.7	.6	
Wholesale trade	1.5	.2	.4	
Retail trade	.5	.2	.4	
Finance, insurance, and				
real estate		.2	.4	
Services		.4	.6	
Government ³	.3	-	-	

¹ The average percent revision in employment for the 1986–90 benchmarks.

response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes

in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

$$RMSE = \sqrt{ (standard deviation)^2 + (bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root-mean- square	Relative error ² (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	error of employment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
50,000 100,000 200,000 500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	3,900 5,600 14,000 15,000	2.2 1.3 1.1 .9 .8	4.0 2.3 2.0 1.6 1.2	

¹ Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³ Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 6,000 reports covering about 58 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

³ Data for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Defini-

tions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLs for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-s	quare error of—		Root-mean-square error of-		
Industry	Monthly Month-to-month level change		Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	
Total	77.500	78,300	Nondurable goods—Continued			
	,000	. 5,555	Printing and publishing	2.000	1,900	
Total private	60,600	58,900	Chemicals and allied products	2,600	2,800	
	00,000		Petroleum and coal products	1,200	1,100	
loods-producing industries	20,700	20.900	Rubber and misc. plastics	-,	,,,,,,	
3			products	1,600	1.600	
Mining	3,400	3,000	Leather and leather products	1,300	1,200	
Oil and gas extraction	2.800	2,500	Todalior and loadior products	.,,,,,	,	
on and gab oxidation	2,000	2,000	Service-producing industries	70,600	69,600	
Construction	12.800	13,600	li corrido producing incustrico i i i i i i i i i	. 5,555) 55,555	
General building contractors	5,300	5,500	Transportation and public utilities	12.800	11,600	
Contrar Samoning Contractors :	0,000	0,000	Transportation	10,500	9,000	
Manufacturing	14,100	14,400	Communications and public utilities	5,000	4,500	
	,,,,,,	1 1,100		-,	1,200	
Durable goods	12,200	11,600	Wholesale trade	7,200	6,200	
Lumber and wood products	2,100	1,900	Durable goods	5,000	4,200	
Furniture and fixtures	1.500	1,400	Nondurable goods	4,500	3,900	
Stone, clay, and glass products .	1,400	1,400		•	-,	
Primary metal industries	3,800	3,300	Retail trade	34,300	28,600	
Blast furnaces and basic	-,	, , , , , ,	General merchandise stores	20,700	18,500	
steel products	2.600	2.300	Food stores	6,300	5,500	
Fabricated metal products	2,200	2,100	Automotive dealers and	• • •	,	
Industrial machinery	-,	_, -,	service stations	4,200	5,000	
and equipment	3,900	3,300	Eating and drinking places	8,200	6,400	
Electronic and other	-,			·	,	
electrical equipment	4,100	3,800	Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,500	6,400	
Transportation equipment	6,800	6,600	Finance	4,300	3,900	
Motor vehicles and equipment.	5,700	6,100	Insurance	3,600	3,100	
Instruments and related products	2,000	2,100	Real estate	4,000	3,600	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,700	1,600		,		
3	•		Services	31,300	32,800	
Nondurable goods	7,500	7,600	Business services	12,100	11,800	
Food and kindred products	5,100	4,600	Health services	8,200	7,900	
Tobacco products	1,000	900				
Textile mill products	1,900	1,700	Government	54,200	48,000	
Apparel and other textile		1	Federal	17,500	14,000	
products	3.300	3,300	State	20,700	17,200	
Paper and allied products	1,700	1.500	Local	36,300	36,800	

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1985 through December 1990. Data used in the computations for several industries are not strictly comparable due to changes in the industrial classification system.

Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment and household survey labor input data and from measures of compensation and output supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments (table C-9) refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers. For productivity and cost measures (tables C-10, 11), hours of all persons include hours of employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers. Labor input is measured by hours at the work site.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons (productivity) measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per hour at work.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, capital consump-

tion allowances, interest, rental income of persons, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross product originating in the sector and dividing by output. In these tables, *unit nonlabor costs* contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less general government, households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. All measures are seasonally adjusted.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202-523-9261).

State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership, Act, the Economic Dislocation and Worker Adjustment Assistance Act, and the Urban Development Action Grant program.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table

D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, "Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics."

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for the 11 largest States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, regression models (sets of equations) are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These, then, are the "non-direct-use" States. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. When the estimation procedures were introduced in 1989, over 10 years of data were used to develop the equations for each State. While all the State models have important variables in common, they differ somewhat from one another so as to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for employment and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, is modeled, primarily because the rate is usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment models use the CES estimates of nonfarm wage and salary jobs and also include data for employed persons not covered or only partially covered by the CES survey. Typically, these are agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

The unemployment rate models also include different types of data. Data for UI claimants (without earnings due to employment) are used to represent most of the experienced unemployed. The models also include an employment-to-population ratio which reflects both the business cycle and the experienced unemployed not covered by the UI claims data. New entrants and reentrants into the labor force are also reflected in the models. For some States, the models include variables which reflect seasonal factors not reflected in the other data used, such as the large increase in the labor force at the end of the school year.

In both the employment and unemployment rate models,

an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The models are termed "variable coefficient models" because they include a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, the unemployment level and labor force estimates are calculated.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLs to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for all other sub-State areas, more than 2,600 labor market areas (LMA's), are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place-of-residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place-of-work to place-of-residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agriculture, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical

relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970–81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age)

are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure are published in each January issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Since the early 1980's, the BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program has been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors have been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau introduced a modification to this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data will continue to be made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and

multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990.

Revised seasonally adjusted establishment-based series based on the experience through March 1991, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1991, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1991 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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